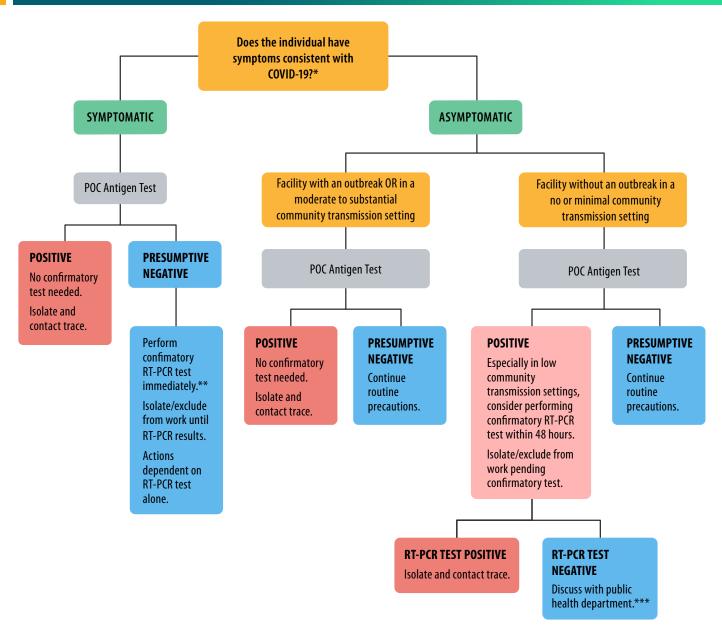
Considerations for interpreting antigen test results in homeless shelters and encampments



This algorithm should be used as a guide, but clinical decisions may deviate from this guide if indicated. Contextual factors including community incidence, characteristics of different antigen testing platforms, as well as availability and turnaround times of RT-PCR, further inform interpretation of antigen test results.

RT-PCR: reverse-transcriptase polymerase chain reaction POC: point-of-care

* Asymptomatic individuals who have recovered from SARS-CoV-2 infection in the past 3 months do not need to be retested. If an individual has recovered from SARS-CoV-2 infection in the past 3 months and develops new symptoms suggestive of COVID-19, alternative diagnoses should be considered prior to retesting for SARS-CoV-2.

- ** Some antigen platforms have higher sensitivity when testing individuals within 5 days of symptom onset. Clinical discretion should be utilized to determine if retesting by RT-PCR is warranted.
- *** In discussion with the local health department, community incidence and time between antigen test and RT-PCR test can be utilized to interpret discordant results and determine isolation precautions.

