















## Information on Federal Programs to Sustain Nutrition for At-risk Individuals

The table below lists and describes Federal nutrition programs and indicates the program recipients by category. To learn more about a program in Table 1, click on the program hyperlink to Table 2 (Programs that Provide Nutrition Needs of At-Risk Individuals and Related Needs) which contains more details about the programs as well as links to program websites or related resources.

Table 1: Federal Nutrition Programs by Recipient Categories

Program	 Older Adults	 Children	 Families	 Individuals w/Disabilities	 Low-Income Adults	 Tribal Nations	 Territories	Description (where applicable, administered or available via State (S), Local (L) or both State and Local (S/L) Governments)
<a href="#">Congregate Nutrition</a>	✓							Provides grants to states, tribes and territories to help support nutrition services for older people throughout the country including the Congregate Nutrition Program and the Home-Delivered Nutrition Program (S/L)
<a href="#">Home Delivered Nutrition</a>	✓							Provision of “health-promoting meals” in group settings (e.g. senior centers). Also offer related services such as nutrition screening, assessment, education, and counseling (S)
<a href="#">Nutrition Services Incentive Program</a>	✓							Provide grants to states, territories, and Tribal organizations to support Congregate and Home-Delivered Nutrition Programs. Grantees may receive their grants as cash, commodities (food), or a combination (S/L)
<a href="#">Nutrition Services to Native Americans</a>						✓		Similar to OAA Title III nutrition programs - Provision of “health-promoting meals” in group settings (e.g. senior centers) and in the homes of homebound elders. This program also provides for other supportive services to elders
<a href="#">Community Service Grants</a>			✓		✓			States receive funds for a network of local entities including local governments, migrant and seasonal farm worker organizations, and Community Action Agencies. (S)
<a href="#">Social Service Grants</a>	✓		✓	✓	✓			Services and eligibility requirements vary by state. Service categories most frequently supported by SSBG include childcare, child welfare, services for persons with disabilities, case management services, and protective services for adults.

Program	 Older Adults	 Children	 Families	 Individuals w/Disabilities	 Low-Income Adults	 Tribal Nations	 Territories	Description (where applicable, administered or available via State (S), Local (L) or both State and Local (S/L) Governments)
<a href="#">Head Start Program</a>		✓	✓					Head Start provides comprehensive services to program participants including nutrition services (L)
<a href="#">Emergency Food and Shelter Program</a>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	Federally funded program to provide funding to supplement and expand the ongoing work of local social service organizations, both non-profit and governmental, to provide shelter, food and supportive services to individuals and families who have economic emergencies (S/L)
<a href="#">FEMA Public Assistance for Food</a>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	Under the President's March 13, 2020 COVID-19 emergency declaration and subsequent major disaster declarations for COVID-19, SLTT government entities and certain private non-profit (PNP) organizations are eligible to apply for assistance under the FEMA Public Assistance (PA) Program. Applicable to eligible PA applicants only and is exclusive to emergency and major disaster declarations for the COVID- 19 pandemic. (S/L)
<a href="#">Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)</a>			✓					SNAP provides nutrition benefits on an EBT card to supplement the food budget of families in need to purchase healthy food and move toward self-sufficiency. (S/L)
<a href="#">The Emergency Food Assistance Program (TEFAP)</a>					✓			Federal program that helps supplement the diets of low-income Americans by providing them with emergency food assistance at no cost. USDA provides 100% American-grown USDA Foods and administrative funds to states to operate TEFAP (S/L)
<a href="#">Commodity Supplemental Food Program (CSFP)</a>	✓					✓		The CSFP is designed to improve the health of eligible persons at least 60 years of age by supplementing their diets with nutritious USDA Foods. USDA distributes both food and administrative funds to participating states and Indian Tribal Organizations to operate CSFP. (S/L)
<a href="#">Women, Infants and Children Program (WIC)</a>			✓					Provides federal grants to states for supplemental foods, health care referrals, and nutrition education for low-income pregnant, breastfeeding, and non-breastfeeding postpartum women, and to infants and children up to age five who are found to be at nutritional risk. (S/L)
<a href="#">National School Lunch Program</a>		✓						Federally assisted meal program operating in public and nonprofit private schools and residential childcare institutions. It provides nutritionally balanced, low-cost or free lunches to children each school day (L)








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<a href="#">School Breakfast Program</a>		✓						Provides reimbursement to states to operate nonprofit breakfast programs in schools and residential childcare institutions. <b>(L)</b>
<a href="#">Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP)</a>	✓	✓	✓	✓				Provides reimbursements for nutritious meals and snacks to eligible children and adults who are enrolled for care at participating childcare centers, day care homes, and adult day care centers. Also provides reimbursements for meals served to children and youth participating in afterschool care programs, children residing in emergency shelters, and adults 60+ or living with a disability and enrolled in day care.
<a href="#">Nutrition Assistance Block Grant Program (NAP)</a>							✓	Provides food assistance in the form of block grants to eligible households in the U.S. Territories of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands
<a href="#">Food Distribution Programs for Indian Reservations (FDPIR)</a>						✓		USDA FDPIR provides USDA Foods to income-eligible households living on Indian reservations and to Native American households residing in designated areas near reservations or in Oklahoma.  ACL funds programs that support American Indians, Alaska Natives and Native Americans in the areas of nutrition, supportive services for older adults, and caregiver services. The nutrition and supportive services grants include congregate and home-delivered meals, and other supportive services.
<a href="#">Congregate Housing Services Program</a>	✓			✓		✓		Program offers grants to States, units of general local government, public housing authorities (PHAs), tribally designated housing entities (TDHES), and local nonprofit housing sponsors to provide meals and other supportive services needed by frail older residents and residents with disabilities in federally subsidized housing. <b>(S/L)</b>
<a href="#">CISA Guidance on Critical / Essential Workforce</a>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	Advisory document that recommends designation “Government, private, and non-governmental organizations’ workers essential for food assistance programs (including school lunch programs)” in the Food and Agriculture sector

Table 2: Programs that Provide Nutrition Needs of At-Risk Individuals and Related Needs

Organization	Program Name	Populations Served	Services Provided	Funding and Operating Mechanisms
ACL	<a href="#">ACL Nutrition Program</a> <i>(see next three rows for additional details)</i>	Older Americans	Through the Older Americans Act (OAA) Nutrition Program, ACL’s Administration on Aging (AoA) provides grants to states, tribes and territories to help support nutrition services for older people throughout the country including the Congregate Nutrition Program and the Home-Delivered Nutrition Program	Families First Act: \$250M emergency funds for OAA nutrition programs <sup>1</sup> <a href="#">Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act</a> : \$480M additional Title III funding (nutrition programs); \$20M additional Title VI funding (services for Native Americans); establishes new waivers that will allow (1) 100% of funds to be transferred between congregate and home-delivered meal programs, (2) individuals who are homebound for social distancing purposes to be eligible for home-delivered meals, regardless of state or local policies, and (3) waiver of dietary guidelines <sup>2</sup>
ACL	Congregate Nutrition Program (Older Americans Act)	Older adults (60+) at risk of losing independence or their ability to remain in the community <sup>2</sup>	Provision of “health-promoting meals” in group settings (e.g. senior centers). Also offer related services such as nutrition screening, assessment, education, and counseling. <sup>3</sup>	Aside from the <a href="#">Families First Coronavirus Response Act</a> and CARES Act funding listed above, ACL administers awards to state, tribes, and territories each fiscal year for a nationwide total of roughly \$510M. Funding is disseminated through a statutory formula based on state/territory’s relative share of 60+ population. States must normally provide matching share of 15% <sup>4</sup> ; however, match for the funding appropriated through the Families First Coronavirus Response Act and CARES Act has been waived.
ACL	Home-Delivered Nutrition Program (Older Americans Act)	Older adults (60+) at risk of losing independence or their ability to remain in the community <sup>2</sup>	Provision of “health-promoting meals” in the homes of homebound older adults. Often provides an informal safety check as well. <sup>2</sup>	Aside from the Families First Coronavirus Response Act and CARES Act funding listed above, ACL administers awards to state, tribes, and territories each fiscal year for a nationwide total of roughly \$510M. Funding is disseminated through a statutory formula based on state/territory’s relative share of 60+ population. States must normally provide matching share of 15% <sup>5</sup> ; however, match for the funding appropriated through the Families First Coronavirus Response Act and CARES Act has been waived.

Organization	Program Name	Populations Served	Services Provided	Funding and Operating Mechanisms
ACL	<a href="#">Nutrition Services Incentive Program of the OAA</a>	States, US territories, and Tribal organizations providing Congregate or Home-Delivered Nutrition Programs <sup>3</sup>	Provide grants to states, territories, and Tribal organizations to support Congregate and Home-Delivered Nutrition Programs. Grantees may receive their grants as cash, commodities (food), or a combination. <sup>1</sup>	ACL administers awards for roughly \$160M in funding each year through this program. No COVID-19 specific funding has been made available for this program.
ACL	Services to Native Americans (Older Americans Act § 613 and § 623) <sup>6</sup>	Native American, Alaskan Native, and Native Hawaiian elders	Similar to OAA Title III nutrition programs - Provision of “health-promoting meals” in group settings (e.g. senior centers) and in the homes of homebound elders. This program also provides for other supportive services to elders.	Aside from the Families First Coronavirus Response Act (\$10 million) and CARES Act (\$20 million) funding mentioned above, ACL administers awards to Tribes each fiscal year for a nationwide total of roughly \$34 million. Funding is disseminated through a statutory formula based on the share of the American Indian, Alaskan Native, and Native Hawaiian population aged 60 and over in a tribal jurisdiction.
ACL	<a href="#">ACL Eldercare Locator</a>	Older Americans	Nationwide service that connects older Americans and their caregivers with trustworthy local support resources for caregivers, support services, housing, health, transportation	This service is administered and funded by the Administration on Aging within the Administration of Community Living. For more information visit: <a href="#">Eldercare Locator website</a> , or use these weblinks: <a href="#">Start an Online Chat</a> Call us <a href="#">1-800-677-1116</a> <a href="#">Email</a>
ACF	Community Services Block Grant (Community Opportunities, Accountability, and Training and Educational Services Human Services Reauthorization Act of 1998, P.L. 105-285) <sup>7</sup>	Individuals and families with low incomes as well as low-income communities <sup>7</sup>	States receive funds according to a statutory formula. In turn, states fund a network of local entities with 90 percent of their CSBG grant award. These local entities include, but are not limited to, local governments, migrant and seasonal farm worker organizations, and Community Action Agencies (CAAs). The local entities provide services and activities addressing employment, education, improved financial management, housing, nutrition, emergency services, and/or healthcare. Services most often provided include employment training and placement, income management, education, emergency services, health, nutrition, transportation, housing assistance, and providing linkages among anti-poverty programs. <sup>7</sup> In FY 2015, the most recent year for which data is available, 7% of CSBG funds were expended for nutrition, approximately \$40.3M. <sup>8</sup>	CARES Act: \$1B in additional funding and expanded eligibility to 200% of poverty. <sup>9</sup>

Organization	Program Name	Populations Served	Services Provided	Funding and Operating Mechanisms
ACF	Social Service Block Grant (Title XX of the Social Security Act, as amended in 1981.)	Households with low income. <sup>10</sup>	<p>Services and eligibility requirements vary by state. Service categories most frequently supported by SSBG include childcare, child welfare, services for persons with disabilities, case management services, and protective services for adults. States and territories must submit a plan specifying how grant funds will be used. An annual post-expenditure report is also required. States may provide services directly, or sub-allocate funds to local qualified providers. States may transfer up to 10% of their TANF funds to SSBG.<sup>10</sup></p> <p>According to the FY 2017 SSBG Report to Congress, a small percentage of SSBG funds were used for home-delivered and congregate meals for vulnerable and elderly adults.<sup>10</sup></p>	
ACF	Head Start (Head Start Act 42 USC 9801 et seq.)	Children from birth to age five who are from families with incomes below the poverty guidelines are eligible for Head Start and Early Head Start services. Children from homeless families, and families receiving public assistance such as TANF or SSI are also eligible. Foster children are eligible regardless of their foster family's income. <a href="#">Sec. 645 of the Head Start Act.</a>	<p>Head Start provides comprehensive services to program participants including nutrition services. According to the Head Start Performance Standards:</p> <p><b>1302.44 Child nutrition.</b></p> <p>A program must design and implement nutrition services that are culturally and developmentally appropriate, meet the nutritional needs of and accommodate the feeding requirements of each child, including children with special dietary needs and children with disabilities. Family style meals are encouraged as described in <a href="#">§1302.31 (e)(2)</a>.</p> <p>The Head Start Performance Standards outline specific nutrition requirements programs must follow regarding how many meals must be provided, ensuring healthy meals and snacks, feeding infants and toddlers according to their developmental readiness and feeding skills, etc.</p>	<p>The Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act included \$750M for Head Start, which includes up to \$500M for <i>summer</i> Head Start programs and the balance to be distributed to Head Start programs to help them respond to coronavirus-related needs of children and families.</p> <p>Jurisdictions must use funds from USDA Food, Nutrition, and Consumer Services child nutrition programs as the primary source of payment for meal services. Early Head Start and Head Start funds may be used to cover those allowable costs not covered by the USDA.</p>
CDC	<a href="#">Interim Guidance for Home Care of People Not Requiring COVID-19 Hospitalization</a>	Home care coordinators	This interim guidance is for staff at local and state health departments, infection prevention and control professionals, and healthcare personnel who are coordinating the home care and isolation <sup>1</sup> of people with confirmed or suspected COVID-19 infection, including persons under investigation (see <a href="#">Criteria to Guide Evaluation of Persons Under Investigation (PUI) for COVID-19</a> ).	

Organization	Program Name	Populations Served	Services Provided	Funding and Operating Mechanisms
FEMA	<a href="#">Emergency Food and Shelter Program (EFSP)</a>	Local non-profit and governmental social service organization	Federally funded program to provide funding to supplement and expand the ongoing work of local social service organizations, both non-profit and governmental, to provide shelter, food and supportive services to individuals and families who have economic emergencies.	Competitive grants to public and private organizations
FEMA	<a href="#">COVID-19 Pandemic: Purchase and Distribution of Food Eligible for Public Assistance</a>	State/Local public and non-profit organizations	Under the President’s March 13, 2020 COVID-19 emergency declaration and subsequent major disaster declarations for COVID-19, SLTT government entities and certain private non-profit (PNP) organizations are eligible to apply for assistance under the FEMA Public Assistance (PA) Program. Applicable to eligible PA applicants only and is exclusive to emergency and major disaster declarations for the COVID- 19 pandemic.	Additional COVID-19 related FEMA procurement guidance: <a href="#">Procurement Under Grants Conducted Under Emergency or Exigent Circumstances for COVID-19 Memo</a> <a href="#">COVID-19 Guidance Fact Sheet: Procurements Under Grants During Periods of Exigent or Emergency Circumstances</a>
USDA	<a href="#">Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)</a>	State and local SNAP managers, retail food providers, and eligible Americans	SNAP provides nutrition benefits on an EBT card to supplement the food budget of families in need to purchase healthy food and move toward self-sufficiency. Benefits are 100 percent Federally funded; and Administrative costs are shared 50/50 with the States operating SNAP. In addition, the <a href="#">SNAP online pilot</a> is currently operational in Alabama, Iowa, Nebraska, New York, Oregon, Washington State, Nebraska, California and Arizona. <a href="#">SNAP Online Purchasing Pilot FAQ</a>	<a href="#">FNS COVID-19 Updates and Waivers</a> <b>Families First Coronavirus Response Act Updates:</b> Section 1101 creates P-SNAP option for States to apply to participate <a href="#">State Guidance on Coronavirus Pandemic EBT (P-EBT)</a> ; Section 2301 waives ABAWD proposed rule; Section 2302 SNAP emergency allotments, (b) webpage updates on SNAP waivers and (c) report to congress. <b>CARES Act Updates:</b> For an additional amount for “Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program”, \$15,810,000,000, to remain available until September30, 2021, to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus, domestically or internationally. <i>Provided,</i> That of the amount provided under this heading in this Act, \$15,510,000,000 shall be placed in a contingency reserve to be allocated as the Secretary deems necessary to support participation should cost or participation exceed budget estimates to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus.



Organization	Program Name	Populations Served	Services Provided	Funding and Operating Mechanisms
USDA	<a href="#">The Emergency Food Assistance Program (TEFAP)</a>	Eligible Americans	The Emergency Food Assistance Program (TEFAP) is a federal program that helps supplement the diets of low-income Americans by providing them with emergency food assistance at no cost. USDA provides 100% American-grown USDA Foods and administrative funds to states to operate TEFAP. <a href="#">TEFAP Fact Sheet</a>	<p><a href="#">FNS COVID-19 Updates and Waivers</a></p> <p><b>Families First Coronavirus Response Act Updates:</b> Title 1, Department of Agriculture:</p> <p>For an additional amount for the “Commodity Assistance Program” for the emergency food assistance program as authorized by section 27(a) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2036(a)) and section 204(a)(1) of the Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 7508(a)(1)), \$400,000,000, to remain available through September 30, 2021. <i>Provided</i>, That of the funds made available, the Secretary may use up to \$100,000,000 for costs associated with the distribution of commodities:</p> <p><b>CARES Act Updates:</b></p> <p>Title 1, Department of Agriculture: For an additional amount for “Commodity Assistance Program”, \$450,000,000, to remain available through September 30, 2021, to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus, domestically or internationally, for the emergency food assistance program as authorized by section 27(a) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2036(a)) and section 204(a)(1) of the Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 7508(a)(1)). <i>Provided</i>, That of the funds made available, the Secretary may use up to \$150,000,000 for costs associated with the distribution of commodities.</p> <p>Total funding available from both: \$600,000,000 for commodity purchases and \$250,000,000 for administrative costs such as distribution costs.</p>



Organization	Program Name	Populations Served	Services Provided	Funding and Operating Mechanisms
USDA	<a href="#">Commodity Supplemental Food Program</a> (CSFP):	Eligible Americans 60 years of age or older	The CSFP is designed to improve the health of eligible persons at least 60 years of age by supplementing their diets with nutritious USDA Foods. USDA distributes both food and administrative funds to participating states and Indian Tribal Organizations to operate CSFP.	<a href="#">FNS COVID-19 Updates and Waivers</a> <b>Families First Coronavirus Response Act Updates:</b> There was no language in the legislation on CSFP. <b>CARES Act Updates:</b> There was no language in the legislation on CSFP.
USDA	<a href="#">Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC)</a> :	State WIC Program Managers, Eligible Americans	The WIC program that provides federal grants to states for supplemental foods, health care referrals, and nutrition education for low-income pregnant, breastfeeding, and non-breastfeeding postpartum women, and to infants and children up to age five who are found to be at nutritional risk.	<a href="#">FNS COVID-19 Updates and Waivers</a> <b>Families First Coronavirus Response Act Updates:</b> Section 2203 waives Physical Presence requirements and Section 2204 provides Administrative Waivers. The bill also provided an additional \$500,000,000 to be available until September 2021. <b>CARES Act Updates:</b> No additional funding was provided for WIC.
USDA	Child Nutrition: <a href="#">National School Lunch Program (NSLP) School Breakfast Program (SBP), Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP)</a>	School Food Directors and Eligible Americans	<a href="#">National School Lunch Program</a> (NSLP) is a federally assisted meal program operating in public and nonprofit private schools and residential childcare institutions. It provides nutritionally balanced, low-cost or free lunches to children each school day. <a href="#">School Breakfast Program</a> (SBP) provides reimbursement to states to operate nonprofit breakfast programs in schools and residential childcare institutions. <a href="#">Child and Adult Care Food Program</a> (CACFP) is a federal program that provides reimbursements for nutritious meals and snacks to eligible children and adults who are enrolled for care at participating childcare centers, day care homes, and adult day care centers. CACFP also provides reimbursements for meals served to children and youth participating in afterschool care programs, children residing in emergency shelters, and adults over the age of 60 or living with a disability and enrolled in day care.	CARES Act: provides an additional \$8.8 billion for child nutrition programs Families First Coronavirus Response Act: Pandemic EBT – supplemental EBT allotments for the value of school meals for each eligible child in the household. <a href="#">State Guidance on Coronavirus Pandemic EBT (P-EBT)</a>

Organization	Program Name	Populations Served	Services Provided	Funding and Operating Mechanisms
USDA	Nutrition Assistance Program (NAP)	US Territory governments of Puerto Rico, American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands	The NAP provides food assistance to eligible households in the U.S. Territories of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands. The NAP funds are provided in the form of an annual block grant. With the authority granted them via the block grants, the U.S. territories establish eligibility and benefit levels for their nutrition assistance programs.	<a href="#">FNS COVID-19 Updates and Waivers</a> <b>Families First Coronavirus Response Act Updates:</b> Section 1102: Provides funding (\$100,000,000) to the US Territories of Puerto Rico, American Samoa and the Commonwealth of the Northern Marianas for nutrition assistance. <b>CARES Act Updates:</b> amount provided under this heading in this Act, \$200,000,000 to remain available through September 30, 2021, shall be available for the Secretary of Agriculture to provide grants to the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Puerto Rico, and American Samoa for nutrition assistance to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus, domestically or internationally.
USDA / ACL	<a href="#">USDA: The Food Distribution Program on Indian Reservations (FDPIR)</a> <a href="#">ACL: OAA Title VI</a>	Tribal Nations and Members	<b>USDA:</b> The (FDPIR) provides USDA Foods to income-eligible households living on Indian reservations and to Native American households residing in designated areas near reservations or in Oklahoma. USDA distributes both food and administrative funds to participating Indian Tribal Organizations and state agencies to operate FDPIR. Note that an individual cannot receive benefits from SNAP and FDPIR at the same time. <b>ACL:</b> Services for Native Americans (OAA Title VI) ACL funds programs that support American Indians, Alaska Natives and Native Americans in the areas of nutrition, supportive services for older adults, and caregiver services. The nutrition and supportive services grants include congregate and home-delivered meals, and other supportive services.	Families First Coronavirus Response Act: ACL - \$10M through Nutrition Services for Native Americans CARES Act: USDA - \$100M for food distribution on Indian reservations: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• \$50M for facility improvements</li> <li>• \$50M for additional food purchases</li> </ul> ACL: \$20M for nutrition services for Native Americans

Organization	Program Name	Populations Served	Services Provided	Funding and Operating Mechanisms
HUD	<a href="#"><u>Congregate Housing Services Program (CHSP)</u></a>	Older Americans, Residents with Disabilities in federal subsidized housing	Program offers grants to States, units of general local government, public housing authorities (PHAs), tribally designated housing entities (TDHES), and local nonprofit housing sponsors to provide meals and other supportive services needed by frail older residents and residents with disabilities in federally subsidized housing. It is a project-based-rather than a tenant-based-program.	Assistance is in the form of grants to provide at least one hot meal per day in a group setting, 7 days per week, plus other supportive services necessary for independent living. Projects may not duplicate services that are already available at affordable rates. HUD administers this program in coordination with the Rural Housing Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture. A State agency or unit of local government may apply on behalf of a nonprofit or for-profit owner of eligible housing. Applicants must have an accessible dining facility, a need for the program, a demonstrated record of satisfactory management in housing or services for elderly or nonelderly persons with disabilities, and a satisfactory record of equal opportunity.
HUD	<a href="#"><u>Food Pantry Finder</u></a>	Low-income populations	Searchable database application that provides local food pantries and their addresses.	
CISA	Critical Workforce Designation	SLTT Jurisdictions	Advisory document that recommends designation “Government, private, and non-governmental organizations’ workers essential for food assistance programs (including school lunch programs)” in the Food and Agriculture sector.	Link to Guidance: <a href="#"><u>CISA Guidance on the Essential Critical Infrastructure Workforce</u></a>
HUD	<a href="#"><u>Congregate Housing Services Program (CHSP)</u></a>	Older Americans, Residents with Disabilities in federal subsidized housing	Program offers grants to States, units of general local government, public housing authorities (PHAs), tribally designated housing entities (TDHES), and local nonprofit housing sponsors to provide meals and other supportive services needed by frail older residents and residents with disabilities in federally subsidized housing. It is a project-based-rather than a tenant-based-program.	Assistance is in the form of grants to provide at least one hot meal per day in a group setting, 7 days per week, plus other supportive services necessary for independent living. Projects may not duplicate services that are already available at affordable rates. HUD administers this program in coordination with the Rural Housing Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture. A State agency or unit of local government may apply on behalf of a nonprofit or for-profit owner of eligible housing. Applicants must have an accessible dining facility, a need for the program, a demonstrated record of satisfactory management in housing or services for elderly or nonelderly persons with disabilities, and a satisfactory record of equal opportunity.
HUD	<a href="#"><u>Food Pantry Finder</u></a>	Low-income populations	Searchable database application that provides local food pantries and their addresses.	

Organization	Program Name	Populations Served	Services Provided	Funding and Operating Mechanisms
CISA	Critical Workforce Designation	SLTT Jurisdictions	Advisory document that recommends designation “Government, private, and non-governmental organizations’ workers essential for food assistance programs (including school lunch programs)” in the Food and Agriculture sector.	Link to Guidance: <a href="#">CISA Guidance on the Essential Critical Infrastructure Workforce</a>

### References:

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