

review thereof by the Congress, may not be held unlawful or set aside by any reviewing court on the ground that such finding and direction or action were not adequate to meet the requirements of subparagraph (A), (E), or (F) of section 706(2) of title 5, United States Code.

“(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, or any terms and conditions governing its purchase of securities of the Corporation, the Association shall, upon written application by the Corporation at least 30 days prior to such investment, make an initial investment in debentures of the Corporation within 60 days after the date of conveyance of rail properties pursuant to section 303(b)(1) of this Act. Such initial investment shall be limited to such amounts as the Association and Finance Committee, acting jointly, determine are necessary for the continued and orderly operations of the Corporation prior to any additional investment.

45 USC 743.

“(5) Not later than 60 days after the date of conveyance pursuant to section 303(b)(1) of this Act, the Association shall select 6 individuals to serve as members of the Board of Directors of the Corporation, subject to the provisions of section 301(d) of this Act.

45 USC 741.

“(d) **TERMS AND CONDITIONS.**—Notwithstanding any other provision of State law, the debentures and the series A preferred stock of the Corporation shall have such terms and conditions, not inconsistent with the final system plan or this title, as may be prescribed by the Association, except as follows:

“(1) The Corporation shall not be required to issue to the Association additional shares of series A preferred stock of the Corporation as a dividend on any such stock.

“(2) The dividends payable on series A preferred stock of the Corporation shall not be cumulative and shall be paid in cash when and to the extent that there is ‘cash available for restricted cash payments’, as that term is defined in the final system plan.

“(3) After the Association calls for redemption of the certificates of value, no shares of series A preferred stock of the Corporation shall be issued in lieu of interest on the debentures of the Corporation and, to the extent such interest is not payable in cash by reason of the absence of sufficient ‘cash available for restricted cash payment’, the Corporation shall deliver to the holders of the debentures contingent interest notes in a face amount equal to such unpaid interest.

“(4) If the Board of Directors of the Association and the Finance Committee, acting jointly, modify the terms or conditions governing the purchase of debentures or series A preferred stock of the Corporation pursuant to subsection (e)(1) of this section, or if the Finance Committee waives compliance with any term, condition, provision, or covenant of such securities pursuant to subsection (e)(2) of this section, the Finance Committee may require the Corporation to issue contingent interest notes in such amount as, in the determination of the Finance Committee, will provide protection for the United States, in the event of bankruptcy, reorganization, or receivership of the Corporation, equal to the protection the United States would have had in the absence of such modification or waiver.

“(5) The contingent interest notes issued pursuant to this section shall bear interest compounded annually at the rate of 8 percent per annum and such notes and the accumulated interest thereon shall be payable only in the event of bankruptcy, reorganization, or receivership of the Corporation occurring prior to the repayment and redemption of all outstanding debentures and accumulated series A preferred stock of the Corporation. The

contingent interest notes and the accumulated interest thereon shall have the same priority in bankruptcy, reorganization, or receivership as the debentures of the Corporation. The other terms and conditions of the contingent interest notes shall be as set forth in an agreement to be entered into between the Association and the Corporation prior to issuance of any debentures.

“(e) MODIFICATIONS, WAIVERS, AND CONVERSIONS.—(1) The Board of Directors of the Association and the Finance Committee, acting jointly, may agree with the Corporation to modify any of the terms and conditions governing the purchase by the Association of securities of the Corporation, upon a finding that such action is necessary or appropriate to achieve the purposes of this Act or the goals of the final system plan.

“(2) The Finance Committee may, in its discretion and upon a finding that such action is necessary or appropriate to achieve the purposes of this Act or the goals of the final system plan, waive compliance with any term, condition, provision, or covenant of the securities of the Corporation held by the Association, including any provision of such securities with respect to redemption of principal or issuance price, payment of interest or dividends, or any term or condition governing the purchase of such securities.

“(3) Notwithstanding any provision of State law, there shall be no conversion of the debentures of the Corporation into series A preferred stock of the Corporation, as provided in the terms and conditions of the debentures and pursuant to the final system plan, unless the Board of Directors of the Association and the Finance Committee jointly determine to effect such conversion.

“(f) APPROPRIATION.—There is authorized to be appropriated to the Association \$2,100,000,000 to be used for the purchase of securities of the Corporation in accordance with this section. All sums received by the Association on account of the holding or disposition of any such securities shall be deposited in the general fund of the Treasury.”

LOANS

45 USC 721.

SEC. 606. Section 211 of such Act (45 U.S.C. 741) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsections:

45 USC 743.

“(g) PRE-CONVEYANCE LOANS TO THE CORPORATION.—During the period between the effective date of the final system plan and the date of the conveyance of rail properties pursuant to section 303(b) of this Act, the Association may make such loans in such amounts to the Corporation as the Association deems essential to provide for the purchase by the Corporation of material, supplies, equipment, and services necessary to permit the orderly and efficient implementation of the final system plan. Notwithstanding any inability of the Association during such period to make the finding required by subsection (e)(3) of this section because of any existing contingencies, the Association may make any such loans to the Corporation, subject to—

“(1) the most favorable terms and conditions for assuring timely repayment and security as may then be reasonably available, and

“(2) the requirement that any loan to the Corporation under this subsection be refinanced immediately out of the proceeds of the first sale by the issuance of debentures under section 216 of this title.

Ante, p. 89.

In order to assure that necessary funds are available to the Corporation for implementation of the final system plan, the Corporation is authorized to accept such loans as may be approved by the Association

under this subsection, and any such acceptance shall be deemed for all purposes to constitute a reasonable and prudent business judgment in compliance with any fiduciary obligations imposed on the Corporation or its directors. For purposes of this subsection, the term 'Corporation' includes a subsidiary of the Corporation.

“(h) **LOANS FOR PAYMENT OF OBLIGATIONS.**—(1) The Association is authorized, subject to the limitations set forth in section 210(b) of this title, to enter into loan agreements, in amounts not to exceed \$230,000,000 in the aggregate, with the Corporation, the National Railroad Passenger Corporation, and any profitable railroad to which rail properties are transferred or conveyed pursuant to section 303(b) (1) of this Act, under which the Corporation, the National Railroad Passenger Corporation, and any profitable railroad entering into such agreement will agree to meet existing or prospective obligations of the railroads in reorganization in the region which the Association, in accordance with procedures established by the Association, determines should be paid by the Corporation, the National Railroad Passenger Corporation, or a profitable railroad, on behalf of the transferors, in order to avoid disruptions in ordinary business relationships. Such obligations shall be limited to amounts claimed by suppliers (including private car lines) of materials or services utilized in current rail operations, claims by shippers arising from current rail services, payments to railroads for settlement of current interline accounts, claims of employees arising under the collective bargaining agreements of the railroads in reorganization in the region and subject to section 3 of the Railway Labor Act, claims of all employees or their personal representatives for personal injuries or death and subject to the provisions of Employers' Liability Acts (45 U.S.C. 51-60), and amounts required for adequate funding of accrued pension benefits existing at the time of a conveyance or discontinuance of service under employee pension benefit plans described in section 505(a) of this Act. The Association shall not make such a loan unless it first finds that the loan is for the purpose of paying obligations with respect to accrued pension plans referred to in the preceding sentence or that the Corporation, the National Railroad Passenger Corporation, or a profitable railroad is entitled to a loan pursuant to subsections (e) and (g) of section 504 of this Act, or unless it first finds that—

“(A) provision for the payment of such obligations was not included in the financial projections of the final system plan;

“(B) such obligations arose from rail operations prior to the date of conveyance of rail properties pursuant to section 303(b) (1) of this Act and are, under other applicable law, the responsibility of a railroad in reorganization in the region;

“(C) the Corporation, the National Railroad Passenger Corporation, or a profitable railroad has advised the Association that the direct payment of such obligations by the Corporation, the National Railroad Passenger Corporation or profitable railroad is necessary to avoid disruptions in ordinary business relationships;

“(D) the transferor is unable to pay such obligations within a reasonable period of time; and

“(E) with respect to loans made to the Corporation, the procedures to be followed by the Corporation, in seeking reimbursement from the railroads in reorganization in the region for obligations paid on their behalf under this subsection, have been jointly agreed to by the Finance Committee and the Corporation.

“(2) The trustees of each railroad in reorganization in the region shall attempt to negotiate agency agreements with the Corporation,

Ante, p. 88.

45 USC 743.

45 USC 153.

45 USC 51 note.

45 USC 775.

Post, p. 113.

45 USC 743.

the National Railroad Passenger Corporation, or a profitable railroad for the processing of all accounts receivable and accounts payable attributable to operations prior to the conveyance of property pursuant to section 303(b)(1) of this Act. If any railroad in reorganization in the region fails to conclude such an agreement within a reasonable time prior to such conveyance, the applicable reorganization courts, after giving all parties an opportunity to be heard, shall prescribe the terms of such an agency arrangement by order, giving due consideration to the need, wherever possible, to make such agreements uniform among the various estates.

“(3) The Association may, not less than 30 days prior to the date of conveyance pursuant to section 303(b)(1) of this Act, petition each district court of the United States having jurisdiction over the reorganization of a railroad in reorganization in the region for an order, which shall be entered prior to such conveyance, and which—

“(A) identifies that cash and other current assets of the estate of such railroad which shall be utilized to satisfy obligations of the estates identified in paragraph (1) of this subsection; and

“(B) provides for the application by the trustees of such railroads and their agents, consistent with the principles of reorganization under section 77 of the Bankruptcy Act (11 U.S.C. 205) and with the agency agreement specified in paragraph (2) of this subsection, of all such current assets, including cash available as of or subsequent to such date of conveyance, to the payment in the postconveyance period of the obligations of the estates identified in paragraph (1) of this subsection.

“(4) (A) Each obligation of a railroad in reorganization in the region which is paid with financial assistance under paragraph (1) of this subsection shall be processed, on behalf of such railroad, by the Corporation, the National Railroad Passenger Corporation, or a profitable railroad, whichever is appropriate. An obligation of a railroad in reorganization in the region shall be paid, on behalf of such railroad, by the Corporation, the National Railroad Passenger Corporation, or a profitable railroad, whichever is appropriate, if—

“(i) such obligation is deemed by the Corporation, the National Railroad Passenger Corporation, or a profitable railroad, whichever is appropriate, to have been, on the date of conveyance of rail properties pursuant to section 303(b)(1) of this Act, the obligation of a railroad in reorganization in the region;

“(ii) such obligation accrues after such date of conveyance but as a result of rail operations conducted prior to such date, and the trustees of such railroad in reorganization acknowledge that it is an obligation of such railroad; or

“(iii) the district court of the United States having jurisdiction over such railroad in reorganization in the region approves such obligation as a valid administrative claim against such railroad; to the extent that payment is required under a loan agreement with the Association under such paragraph (1).

“(B) The Association shall resolve any disputes among the Corporation, the National Railroad Passenger Corporation, and a profitable railroad concerning which of them shall process and pay any particular obligation on behalf of a particular railroad in reorganization.

“(C) The Corporation, the National Railroad Passenger Corporation, or a profitable railroad shall have a direct claim, as a current expense of administration, for reimbursement from the estate of a railroad in reorganization in the region for all obligations of such estate (plus interest thereon) which are paid by the Corporation, the National Railroad Passenger Corporation, or a profitable railroad, as the case

may be. The right of the Corporation or the National Railroad Passenger Corporation to receive reimbursement under this subparagraph from the estate of a railroad in reorganization in the region shall be reduced by the amount, if any, of loans, plus interest forgiven under paragraph (5) of this subsection.

“(5) (A) If, at any time, the Finance Committee of the Association determines that the failure of the Corporation to receive full reimbursement with interest from the estate of a railroad in reorganization in the region for any obligation of such estate paid pursuant to this subsection could adversely affect the fairness and equity of the transfers and conveyances pursuant to section 303(b)(1) of this Act, or that the failure of the National Railroad Passenger Corporation to receive such full reimbursement plus interest for any such obligation would be contrary to the public interest, the Association shall forgive the indebtedness, plus accrued interest, of the Corporation or of the National Railroad Passenger Corporation incurred pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection in the amount recommended by the Finance Committee. The Association shall have a direct claim, as a current expense of administration of the estate of such railroad in reorganization, equal to the amount by which loans of the Corporation or of the National Railroad Passenger Corporation, plus interest, have been forgiven. Such direct claim shall not be subject to any reduction by way of setoff, cross-claim, or counter-claim which the estate of such railroad in reorganization may be entitled to assert against the Corporation, the National Railroad Passenger Corporation, the Association, or the United States.

45 USC 743.

“(B) The direct claim of the Association under this paragraph, and any direct claim authorized under paragraph (4) of this subsection, shall be prior to all other administrative claims of the estate of a railroad in reorganization, except claims arising under trustee's certificates or from default on the payment of such certificates.

“(6) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, the Association shall forgive any loan made to the Corporation or the National Railroad Passenger Corporation pursuant to this subsection, plus accrued interest thereon, on the 3rd anniversary date of any such loan, except that the Association shall not forgive any loan or portion thereof, in accordance with this paragraph, if—

“(A) the Finance Committee makes an affirmative finding, with respect to such loan or portion thereof, that—

“(i) the Corporation has not exercised due diligence in executing the procedures adopted pursuant to paragraph (1)(E) of this subsection, and

“(ii) the failure of the Association to forgive such loan or portion thereof will not adversely affect the ability of the Corporation to become financially self-sustaining;

“(B) the Finance Committee so directs the Association; and

“(C) neither House of the Congress disapproves such affirmative finding and direction, in accordance with the following provisions of this paragraph.

A copy of each such finding, the reasons therefor, and such direction made by the Finance Committee, together with the comments and recommendations thereon of the Board of Directors of the Association, shall be transmitted to the Congress by the Association within 10 days after the date on which the Finance Committee makes such finding and direction, or if not so transmitted, shall be transmitted by the Finance Committee. Each such finding and direction so transmitted shall become effective immediately, and shall remain in effect, unless, within

the first period of 30 calendar days of continuous session of Congress after the date of transmittal of such finding and direction to Congress, either House of Congress disapproves such finding and direction in accordance with the procedures specified in section 1017 of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 (31 U.S.C. 1407). For purposes of this paragraph, continuity of session of Congress is broken only in the circumstances described in section 1011(5) of that Act (31 U.S.C. 1401(5)).

“Corporation.”

“(7) For purposes of this subsection, the term ‘Corporation’ includes a subsidiary of the Corporation.

Ante, pp. 76-80.

“(i) ELECTRIFICATION.—Upon application by the Corporation, the Secretary shall, pursuant to the provisions of and within the obligational limitations contained in sections 511 through 513 of the Railroad Revitalization and Regulatory Reform Act of 1976, guarantee obligations of the Corporation for the purpose of electrifying high-density mainline routes if the Secretary finds that such electrification will return operating and financial benefits to the Corporation and will facilitate compatibility with existing or renewed electrification systems. The aggregate unpaid principal amount of obligations which may be guaranteed by the Secretary under this paragraph shall not exceed \$200,000,000 at any one time.”.

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS TO TITLE II

SEC. 607. (a) Section 201(j) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 711(j)), as redesignated by section 603(a) of this Act, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

“(4) Any reference in this Act to the Secretary of the Treasury is to the Secretary of the Treasury or the person at the time performing the duties of the Office of the Secretary of the Treasury in accordance with law, or the duly authorized representative of either of them. Any reference in this Act to the Chairman of the Commission is to the Chairman of the Commission or the person at the time performing the duties of the Chairman of the Commission in accordance with law, or the duly authorized representative of either of them.”.

(b) Section 202(e) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 712(e)) is amended by inserting after “obligations issued” and before “and loans” in clause (4) thereof the following: “, certificates of value issued, securities purchased.”.

(c) Section 202(f) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 712(f)) is amended by inserting after “section” and before “)” in the first sentence thereof the following: “and receipts and disbursements under section 216 of this title and section 306 of this Act.”.

Ante, p. 89;
Post, p. 104.

(d) Section 203(a) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 713(a)) is amended by striking out the last sentence thereof.

(e) Section 206(d)(3) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 716(d)(3)) is amended by inserting after the first sentence thereof the following three new sentences: “All determinations made by the Association in the correction to the preliminary system plan published on April 11, 1975 (40 Fed. Reg. 16377), shall be treated for all purposes as if they had been made upon adoption and release by the Association of the preliminary system plan. All determinations made by the Commission with respect to such correction shall be treated for all purposes as if they had been made within 90 days after adoption and release by the Association of the preliminary system plan. All determinations made by the Commission with respect to acquisitions by profitable railroads referred to in any supplement to the preliminary system plan pub-

lished under section 207 (b) (2) of this title shall be deemed to be timely if made prior to the adoption of the final system plan under section 207 (c) of this title.”

45 USC 717.

(f) Section 206(c) (1) (B) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 716(c) (1) (B)) is amended by inserting immediately after “paragraph” the following: “and what alternative designations shall be made under this paragraph”.

(g) Section 206(c) (1) (A) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 716(c) (1) (A)) is amended by striking out the semicolon and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “: *Provided*, That the Corporation shall, within 95 days after the effective date of the final system plan, give notice to the Association of which such rail properties, if any, are to be transferred to a subsidiary of the Corporation in the event that the Board of Directors of the Association finds that such transfer would be consistent with the final system plan;”.

(h) Section 206(c) (2) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 716(c) (2)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: “Any rail properties designated to be offered for sale to the Corporation may be sold instead to a subsidiary of the Corporation.”.

(i) Sections 206(d) (1), 209 (c) and (d), 215(d), 304(e), and 501 (1) and (2) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 716(d) (1), 719(c) and (d), 744 (e), and 771 (1) and (2)) are amended by inserting after “Corporation” each time it appears the following: “or any subsidiary thereof”.

45 USC 716, 719, 725, 744, 771.

(j) Section 206(c) (1) (D) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 716(c) (1) (D)) is amended by—

- (1) inserting immediately after “by” the following “(i)”; and
- (2) striking out “; and” at the end thereof and adding the following: “, or (ii) the National Railroad Passenger Corporation to meet the needs of improved rail passenger service over intercity routes, other than properties designated pursuant to subparagraph (C) of this paragraph; and”.

(k) Section 210(c) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 720(c)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: “All guarantees entered into by the Secretary under this section shall constitute general obligations of the United States for the payment of which its full faith and credit are pledged.”.

Guarantees.

(l) Section 209(c) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 719(c)) is amended by striking out “obligations of the Association” each time it appears and inserting in lieu thereof “certificates of value of the Association”.

(m) (1) Subsection (b) of section 214 of such Act (45 U.S.C. 724(b)) is amended by striking out “\$5,000,000” and inserting in lieu thereof “\$7,000,000”.

Appropriation authorization.

(2) Section 214(c) of such Act is amended by striking out the period and inserting in lieu thereof “, and not to exceed \$14,000,000 for the fiscal period which includes the period ending September 30, 1977.”.

(n) Section 214(a) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 724(a)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: “There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary such sums as may be necessary to discharge the obligations of the United States arising under section 303 (c) (5) of this Act.”.

Appropriation authorization.

Post, p. 109.

(o) Paragraph (4) of section 206(d) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 716 (d) (4)) is amended—

- (1) in the first sentence thereof, by striking out “30 days after the effective date of the final system plan” and inserting in lieu thereof “7 days after the date of the enactment of the Railroad Revitalization and Regulatory Reform Act of 1976”; and in the

Ante, p. 31.

second sentence thereof, by striking out "60" and inserting in lieu thereof "95"; and

(2) by inserting immediately after the first sentence thereof the following new sentence: "Any such offer may be modified until the date of acceptance thereof, unless such modification results in an offer for the sale of rail properties at less than the net liquidation value thereof."

(p) Section 206(d) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 716(d)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(6) Notwithstanding any statement to the contrary in the final system plan, a State (or a local or regional transportation authority) shall not be required to deliver to the Corporation a firm commitment to acquire rail properties designated to such State or authority prior to 7 days after the date of enactment of this paragraph."

45 USC 716.

(q) Section 206 of such Act (45 U.S.C. 717(c)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(j) Any rail properties over which rail service was being provided as of the date of enactment of this Act, and which were recommended in the preliminary system plan for transfer to the Corporation, shall be deemed to be designated in the final system plan for transfer to the Corporation under subsection (c)(1)(A) of this section. Any designation in the final system plan, pursuant to subsection (c)(1)(B) of this section, of overhead trackage rights to be acquired by a profitable railroad operating in the region over specified rail properties to be acquired by the Corporation, where such designation does not (1) authorize such profitable railroad to interchange traffic with at least one railroad, or (2) provide for the connection of portions of such profitable railroad's rail properties, and where the transfer of ownership of such rail properties (including trackage rights) to such profitable railroad was recommended in the preliminary system plan, and the Commission has made a determination with respect thereto, in accordance with subsection (d)(3) of this section, shall be deemed to authorize such profitable railroad to interchange traffic with the Corporation and any other profitable railroad connecting with such specified rail properties."

Final system
plan, certified
copy, delivery
date.

(r) Section 209(c) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 719(c)) is amended by adding at the end thereof, without paragraph indentation, the following new sentences: "Notwithstanding any other provisions of this subsection and subsection (d) of this section, the time for the delivery of a certified copy of the final system plan shall be March 12, 1976, and may be extended to a date not more than 30 days thereafter, prescribed in a notice filed by the Association not later than February 10, 1976, with the special court, the Congress, and each court referred to in such subsection (d). Such notice shall contain the certification of the Association that an orderly conveyance of rail properties cannot reasonably be effected before the date for conveyance determined with respect to such notice. The time prescribed in section 303(a) of this Act shall be determined with respect to the date prescribed in such notice."

45 USC 743.

(s) Section 209(c)(1) and (2) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 719(c)(1) and (2)) is amended by striking out "railroad leased" each time it appears therein and inserting in lieu thereof "person leased".

Ante, p. 86.

(t) Section 102(12) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 702(12)), as redesignated by this Act, is amended (1) by inserting immediately before "which are used or useful" the following: "(or a person owned, leased, or otherwise controlled by a railroad)"; and (2) by striking out "phase" and inserting in lieu thereof "phrase".

CAPITALIZATION OF THE CORPORATION

SEC. 608. Section 301(e) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 741(e)) is amended to read as follows:

“(e) INITIAL CAPITALIZATION.—(1) In order to carry out the final system plan, the Corporation is authorized to issue debentures, series A preferred stock, series B preferred stock, common stock, contingent interest notes, and other securities.

“(2) Debentures and series A preferred stock shall be issued initially to the Association. Series B preferred stock and common stock shall be issued initially to the estates of railroads in reorganization in the region, to railroads leased, operated, and controlled by railroads in reorganization in the region, and to other persons leased, operated or controlled by a railroad in reorganization who are transferors of rail properties in exchange for rail properties transferred to the Corporation pursuant to the final system plan. Notwithstanding any other provisions of State or Federal law, the series B preferred stock and common stock shall have terms and conditions not inconsistent with the final system plan. As a condition of its investment in the Corporation, the Association may require that the Corporation adopt limitations consistent with the final system plan on the circumstances under which dividends on the series B preferred stock and common stock are payable so long as any of the debentures or series A preferred stock are outstanding.”.

PROTECTION OF FEDERAL FUNDS

SEC. 609. Title III of such Act, as amended by this Act, is further amended by inserting the following new section:

“PROTECTION OF FEDERAL FUNDS

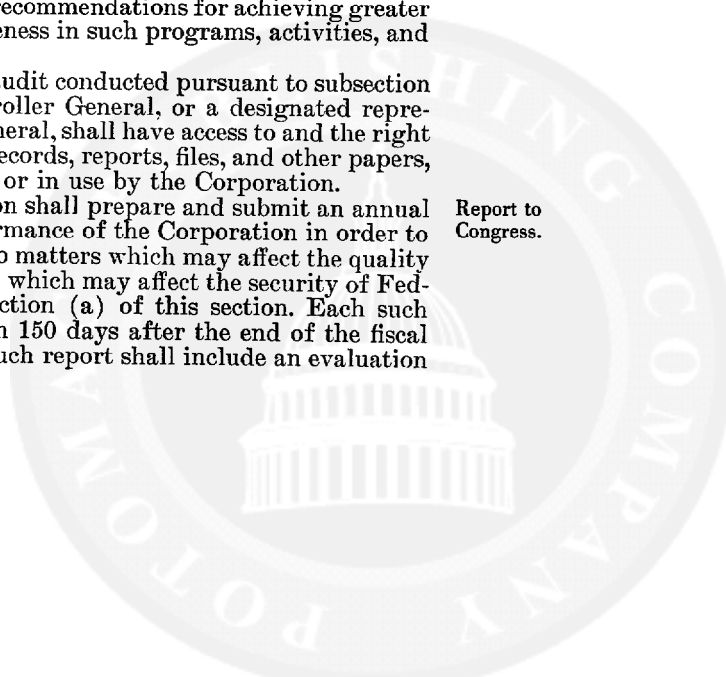
“SEC. 307. (a) AUDIT.—(1) The Comptroller General of the United States is authorized to audit the programs, activities, and financial operations of the Corporation for any period during which (A) Federal funds provided pursuant to this Act are being used to finance any portion of its operations, or (B) Federal funds have been invested therein pursuant to this Act. Any such audit may be conducted under such rules and regulations as the Comptroller General may prescribe. The Comptroller General shall report to the Congress at such times and to such extent as he considers necessary to keep the Congress informed on the security of such Federal funds and guarantees and, to the extent appropriate, make recommendations for achieving greater economy, efficiency, and effectiveness in such programs, activities, and operations.

45 USC 747.

“(2) For the purpose of any audit conducted pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, the Comptroller General, or a designated representative of the Comptroller General, shall have access to and the right to examine all books, accounts, records, reports, files, and other papers, items, or property belonging to or in use by the Corporation.

“(b) REPORT.—The Association shall prepare and submit an annual report to Congress on the performance of the Corporation in order to keep the Congress informed as to matters which may affect the quality of rail services in the region and which may affect the security of Federal funds referred to in subsection (a) of this section. Each such report shall be submitted within 150 days after the end of the fiscal year of the Corporation. Each such report shall include an evaluation of—

Report to Congress.



45 USC 716.

- “(1) the degree to which the goals of section 206 (a) of this Act are being met;
- “(2) the amounts and causes of deviations, if any, from the financial projections of the final system plan;
- “(3) the amount of Federal funds made available to the Corporation and a clear description of the uses of such funds;
- “(4) the projected financial needs of the Corporation;
- “(5) the projected sources from which such financial needs are likely to be met; and
- “(6) the ability of the Corporation to become financially self-sustaining without requiring Federal funds in excess of those authorized by section 216(f) of this Act.”

Ante, p. 89.

CONTINUING REORGANIZATION; SUPPLEMENTAL TRANSACTIONS

SEC. 610. (a) Section 102 of such Act (45 U.S.C. 702), as amended by this Act, is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (16) thereof, by striking out “and”;
- (2) in paragraph (17) thereof, by striking out the period and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon; and
- (3) by adding at the end thereof the following two new paragraphs:

“Subsidiary.”

“(18) ‘subsidiary’ means any corporation 100 percent of whose total combined voting shares are, directly or indirectly, owned or controlled by the Corporation; and

“Supplemental transaction.”

Infra.

45 USC 743.

“(19) ‘supplemental transaction’ means any transaction set forth in a proposal under section 305 of this Act, within 6 years after the date on which the special court orders conveyances of rail properties to the Corporation under section 303 (b) of this Act, under which the Corporation or a subsidiary thereof would (A) acquire rail properties not designated for transfer or conveyance to it under the final system plan, (B) convey rail properties to a profitable railroad, a subsidiary of the Corporation or, other than as designated in the final system plan, to the National Railroad Passenger Corporation or to a State or a local or regional transportation authority, or to any other responsible person for use in providing rail service, or (C) enter into contractual or other arrangements with any person for the joint use of rail properties or the coordination or separation of rail operations or services.”

(b) Title III of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sections:

“CONTINUING REORGANIZATION; SUPPLEMENTAL TRANSACTIONS

45 USC 745.

“SEC. 305. (a) PROPOSALS.—If the Secretary or the Association determines that, as part of continuing reorganization, further restructuring of rail properties in the region through transactions supplemental to the final system plan would promote the establishment and retention of a financially self-sustaining rail service system in the region adequate to meet the needs of the region, the Secretary or the Association, as the case may be, may develop proposals for such supplemental transactions as are necessary or appropriate to implement the needed restructuring. Transfers of rail properties included in proposals developed by the Association shall be limited to (1) rail properties which would have qualified for designation under section 206(c) (1) (A) of this Act but which were not transferred or conveyed under the final system plan, and which the Association finds to be essential to the efficient operations of the Corporation, and (2) transfers, con-

45 USC 716.

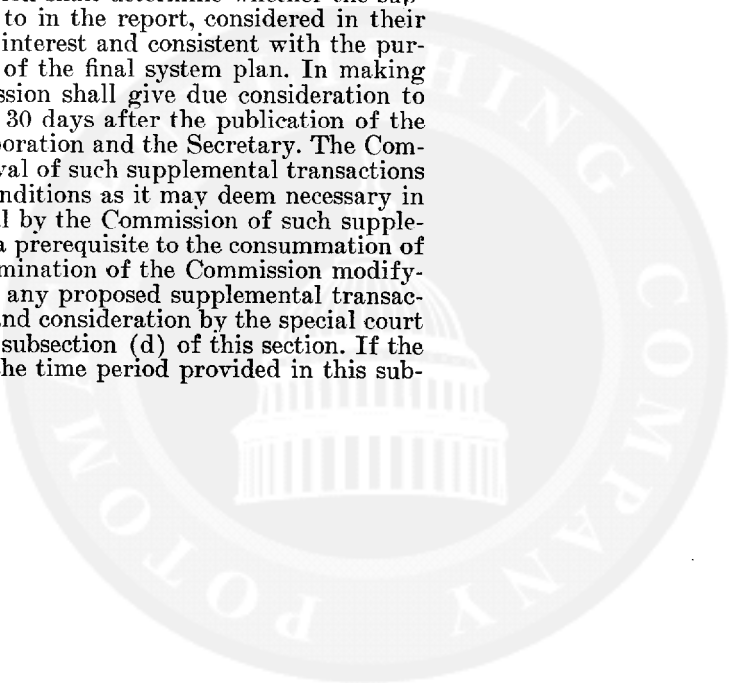
sistent with the final system plan, of rail properties from the Corporation to a subsidiary thereof. Each proposal (other than a proposal developed by the Association) shall be submitted in writing to the Association and shall state and describe any transactions proposed, the rail properties involved, the parties to such transactions, the financial and other terms of such transactions, the purposes of the Act or the goals of the final system plan intended to be effectuated by such transactions, and such other information incidental thereto as the Association may prescribe. Within 10 days after receipt of a proposal developed by the Secretary, and upon the development of a proposal developed by the Association, the Association shall publish a summary of such proposal in the Federal Register, and shall afford interested persons (including the Corporation when property is to be transferred to or from the Corporation) an opportunity to comment thereon.

Publication in
Federal Register.

“(b) EVALUATION BY ASSOCIATION.—The Association shall analyze each proposal containing one or more supplemental transactions, taking into account the comments of interested persons and statements and exhibits submitted at any public hearings which may have been held. The Association shall, within 120 days after the publication of a summary thereof under subsection (a) of this section, publish in the Federal Register a report evaluating such proposal. Such evaluation shall state whether the supplemental transactions contained in such proposal, considered in their entirety, are (1) in the public interest and consistent with the purposes of this Act and the goals of the final system plan, and (2) fair and equitable. If the Corporation opposes, or seeks modification of, any such proposed transfer, its written comments shall be given due consideration by the Association and shall be published as part of the evaluation. Within 30 days after the Association publishes its report, each proposed transferor or transferee shall notify the Association in writing as to whether any proposed supplemental transaction requiring the transfer of any property from or to such transferor or transferee is acceptable to such proposed transferor or transferee. If any such proposed transferor (other than the Corporation) or transferee fails to notify the Association that any proposed supplemental transaction requiring the transfer of any property from such transferor or to such transferee is acceptable to it, no further administrative or judicial proceedings shall be conducted with respect to such proposed supplemental transaction.

Publication in
Federal Register.

“(c) REVIEW BY THE COMMISSION.—Within 90 days after the publication in the Federal Register of each report referred to in subsection (b) of this section, the Commission shall determine whether the supplemental transactions referred to in the report, considered in their entirety, would be in the public interest and consistent with the purposes of this Act and the goals of the final system plan. In making such determination, the Commission shall give due consideration to the views received by it, within 30 days after the publication of the applicable report, from the Corporation and the Secretary. The Commission may condition its approval of such supplemental transactions on such reasonable terms and conditions as it may deem necessary in the public interest. The approval by the Commission of such supplemental transactions shall not be a prerequisite to the consummation of such transactions, but any determination of the Commission modifying, approving, or disapproving any proposed supplemental transactions shall be given due weight and consideration by the special court in the proceedings prescribed in subsection (d) of this section. If the Commission fails to act within the time period provided in this sub-



section, the supplemental transactions involved shall be deemed to have been approved by the Commission. The Commission may prescribe such regulations as may be necessary for the administration of this section.

“(d) SPECIAL COURT PROCEEDINGS.—(1) If the Association has made the determination pursuant to subsection (b) of this section that a proposal for supplemental transactions is in the public interest and consistent with the purposes of this Act and the goals of the final system plan, and is fair and equitable, the Association shall, within 40 days after the date of the Commission’s determination under subsection (c) of this section, or after the expiration of the 90-day period referred to in such subsection (c), whichever is applicable, petition the special court for an order of such court finding that such proposal for supplemental transactions is in the public interest and consistent with the purposes of this Act and the goals of the final system plan, and is fair and equitable, and directing the Corporation to carry out the supplemental transactions specified in such proposal. If the Association has determined, pursuant to subsection (b) of this section that a proposal made by the Secretary is not in the public interest or is not consistent with the purposes of this Act and the goals of the final system plan or is not fair and equitable, the Secretary may, if he determines that such proposal is in the public interest and consistent with the purposes of this Act and the goals of the final system plan and is fair and equitable, petition the special court for an order of such court finding that such proposal for supplemental transactions is in the public interest and consistent with the purposes of this Act and the goals of the final system plan and is fair and equitable, and directing the Corporation to carry out any supplemental transactions specified in such proposal. Such a petition shall be submitted to the special court within 90 days after the date of the Commission’s determination under such subsection (c), or after the expiration of the 90-day period referred to in such subsection (c), whichever is applicable.

“(2) Within 180 days after the filing of a petition under paragraph (1) of this subsection, the special court shall decide, after a hearing, whether the proposed supplemental transactions contained in such petition, considered in their entirety, are in the public interest and consistent with the purposes of this Act and the goals of the final system plan and are fair and equitable. If the special court determines that such proposed supplemental transactions, considered in their entirety, are in the public interest and consistent with the purposes of this Act and the goals of the final system plan and are fair and equitable, it shall, upon making such determination, issue such orders as may be necessary to direct the Corporation to consummate the transactions. If the special court determines that such proposed supplemental transactions, considered in their entirety, are not in the public interest or not consistent with the purposes of this Act and the goals of the final system plan, or are not fair and equitable, it shall file an opinion stating its conclusion and the reasons therefor. In such event the Association (in the case of a proposal developed by the Association) or the Secretary (in the case of a proposal developed by the Secretary) may, within 120 days after the filing of such opinion, certify to the special court that the terms and conditions of the proposal have been modified consistent with the opinion of the court and are acceptable to each proposed transferor (other than the Corporation) or transferee, and may petition the special court for recon-

sideration of the proposal as so modified. Within 90 days after the filing of such petition, the special court shall decide, after a hearing, whether the proposal as modified by the certification is in the public interest and consistent with the purposes of this Act and the goals of the final system plan and is fair and equitable, and shall enter such further orders as are consistent with its determination.

“(3) The Corporation is authorized to petition the special court and to be represented regarding any proposed supplemental transaction, contained in a proposal developed by either the Association or the Secretary, which involves the properties of the Corporation.

“(4) In proceedings under this subsection, the special court is authorized to exercise the powers of a judge of a United States district court with respect to such proceedings and such powers shall include those of a reorganization court.

“(5) Any evaluation by the Association, the Secretary, or the Commission shall not be reviewable in any court except the special court in accordance with the provisions of this section. The supplemental transactions shall not be restrained or enjoined by any court nor shall they be otherwise reviewable by any court other than by the special court to the extent provided in this section.

“(6) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, no findings, determinations, or proceedings shall be required with respect to any proposal for supplemental transactions other than as expressly set forth in this section.

“(7) Any supplemental transaction under this section shall subject the transferor and transferee, in each such supplemental transaction, to the requirements and other provisions of title V of this Act, except that the term ‘effective date of this Act’ contained in such title V shall be applied to such supplemental transaction as if it read ‘effective date of the supplemental transaction’.

45 USC 771.

“(8) A final order or judgment of the special court entering or denying an order pursuant to this subsection shall be reviewable in the same manner as provided in section 209(e)(3) of this Act.

Ante, p. 86.

“(e) DEFINITION.—As used in this section, the term ‘fair and equitable’ means fair and equitable, in accordance with the standards applicable to the approval of a plan of reorganization (or a step in such plan) under section 77 of the Bankruptcy Act (11 U.S.C. 205) to—

“(1) the estates of railroads in reorganization in the region and persons leased, operated, or controlled by such railroads who have conveyed rail properties, under section 303(b)(1) of this title, in exchange for securities of the Corporation, the Association, or profitable railroads and other benefits provided as a consequence of this Act and to any subsequent holders of such securities at the time of the supplemental transaction involved; and

45 USC 743.

“(2) the holders of other securities of the Corporation.

Whenever any property or securities of the Corporation are required to be valued in order to determine whether the terms of a supplemental transaction are fair and equitable, the special court shall give proper recognition to the contributions to the Corporation by all classes of security holders, except that such court shall not assign to the series B preferred stock or the common stock of the Corporation any values added to those securities, by reason of investment by the Association in debentures and series A preferred stock of the Corporation, in excess of any value required by constitutional principles applicable to a reorganization process.

"CERTIFICATES OF VALUE

45 USC 746.

45 USC 743.

Guaranteed
payment.

"SEC. 306. (a) GENERAL.—On the date when the Corporation is required to deposit securities with the special court pursuant to section 303(a)(1) of this title, the Association shall deposit with the special court the certificates of value of the Association required by this section. The Secretary shall guarantee the payment of all certificates of value delivered in accordance with this title. All guarantees entered by the Secretary under this section shall constitute general obligations of the United States of America for the payment or redemption of which its full faith and credit are pledged. Such guarantees shall be valid and incontestable except as to mutual mistake of fact or as to fraud or material misrepresentation by the holder of such certificates or the transferor of rail properties to which certificates of value of any series so guaranteed are issued.

"(b) NUMBER AND DISTRIBUTION.—A separate series of certificates of value shall be issued to each railroad in reorganization in the region and each person leased, operated, or controlled by such a railroad that transfers rail properties to the Corporation or a subsidiary thereof. The number of certificates of value of each series to be deposited pursuant to subsection (a) shall be equal to the number of shares of series B preferred stock of the Corporation which are required to be deposited by the Corporation with the special court, pursuant to section 303(a)(1) of this title in exchange for the rail properties transferred to the Corporation or a subsidiary thereof by such transferor. Certificates of value of the appropriate series shall be distributed by the special court, pursuant to section 303(c)(4) of this title, at the same time to the same transferors, and in the same numbers of units as shares of such series B preferred stock are distributed to such transferor.

"(c) REDEMPTION.—(1) Certificates of value, of any series, shall be redeemed by the Association on December 31, 1987, or on such earlier date as the Board of Directors of the Association and the Finance Committee jointly may determine and specify.

"(2) Each certificate of value of each series shall be redeemable for an amount, payable in cash, equal to its base value on the redemption date, minus—

"(A) the sum of the fair market value of the series B preferred stock applicable to such certificate, the fair market value of the common stock applicable to such certificate, and all cash dividends theretofore paid on any such series B preferred stock and on any such common stock; and

"(B) any sums paid to a transferor of rail properties to whom such series of certificates of value was issued resulting from sales or leases by the Corporation of properties transferred to it by such transferor divided by the number of certificates of value distributed to such transferor.

"(3) The number of shares of series B preferred stock and common stock applicable to each certificate of value of any series, pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection, shall be—

"(A) one share of series B preferred stock (without regard to any stock splits, stock combinations, reclassifications or similar transactions affecting the number of shares of outstanding series B preferred stock following the date of distribution pursuant to section 303(c)(4) of this title); and

"(B) the number of shares of common stock determined by dividing the total number of shares of common stock distributed pursuant to section 303(c)(4) of this Act to the transferor receiv-

ing such series of certificate of value by the total number of certificates of value in the series so distributed to such transferor.

“(4) The base value of each certificate of value of any series shall be the value obtained by (A) taking the net liquidation value, as determined by the special court, to which the transferor to whom such series of certificates of value is issued is entitled by virtue of transfers of rail properties, under section 303 (b) (1) of this title to the Corporation or a subsidiary thereof; (B) subtracting the value of other benefits provided under this Act, as determined by the special court; (C) adding such amount, if any, as the special court may determine shall be required after taking into consideration compensable unconstitutional erosion, if any, in the estate of a railroad in reorganization, or of a railroad leased, operated, or controlled by such a railroad, which the special court finds to have occurred during any bankruptcy proceeding with respect to such railroad; (D) adding interest from the transfer date to the redemption date to be compounded annually at a rate of 8 percent per annum; and (E) dividing the resulting value by the number of certificates of value of such series distributed to such transferor. In determining such base value, the special court shall give due weight and consideration to the finding of the Association as to the net liquidation value to which each transferor is entitled by virtue of conveyances of rail properties under section 303 (b) (1) of this title. For purposes of this paragraph, the term ‘rail properties’ includes all rights with respect to employee benefit plans transferred and assigned to the Corporation pursuant to section 303 (b) (6) of this title. Net liquidation value with respect to such rights shall be determined after taking into account all obligations finally transferred or assigned to the Corporation pursuant to such section.

Base value.

45 USC 743.

“Rail properties.”

Post, p. 110.

Fair market value.

“(5) The fair market value of series B preferred stock and of common stock of the Corporation shall be determined in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Association, on the basis of the average price of each such security in the primary established market in which such securities are traded over a period of 120 consecutive trading days ending not less than 20 nor more than 40 trading days preceding the redemption date, or, in the case of a security for which there is not an established trading market, on the basis of the fair market value thereof as determined by the majority vote of three experts in the valuation of securities, one to be selected by the Association, one to be selected by the directors of the Corporation elected by the holders of the security to be valued, and one to be selected by the two first selected.

“(d) AUTHORIZATION FOR APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary such sums as are necessary to discharge the obligations of the United States arising under this section.”

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS OF THE CORPORATION

SEC. 611. (a) Section 301(c) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 741(c)) is amended by inserting “(1)” immediately before “The members”, by deleting the second sentence of such paragraph (1) and by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

“(2) Notwithstanding any provision of State law, after the date of enactment of this paragraph, the members of the executive committee of the Association (including duly authorized representatives of members who are authorized by this Act to be represented) and the chief executive officer and chief operating officer of the Corporation shall adopt the bylaws of the Corporation and serve as the Board of Direc-

tors of the Corporation until all members of the Board of Directors of the Corporation have been selected in accordance with subsection (d) of this section. The chief executive officer shall serve as chairman of such Board until a chairman thereof is selected pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, after which time such chairman shall serve at the pleasure of such Board.”

(b) Section 301(d) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 741(d)) is amended to read as follows:

“(d) BOARD OF DIRECTORS.—(1) Notwithstanding any provision of State law, the articles of incorporation and bylaws of the Corporation shall provide that the Board of Directors of the Corporation shall consist of 13 members selected in accordance with the articles and bylaws of the Corporation, as follows:

“(A) six individuals selected by the holders of the Corporation’s debentures and series A preferred stock voting as one class, with every \$100 principal amount of debentures, and every \$100 liquidation amount of series A preferred stock each receiving one vote for directors;

“(B) three individuals selected by the holders of the Corporation’s series B preferred stock; and

“(C) two individuals selected by the holders of the Corporation’s common stock.

“(2) The chief executive officer and the chief operating officer of the Corporation shall also serve on the Board, but the chief executive officer and chief operating officer of the Corporation shall not be entitled to vote on the election or removal of either. In the event a vacancy occurs on the Board of Directors due to death, disability or resignation of a director (other than resignations pursuant to this subsection), such vacancy shall be filled only by a vote of the holders of the class of securities that initially elected such director. Two members of the Board selected by the holders of the Corporation’s debentures and series A preferred stock shall resign when the total of the principal amount of the outstanding debentures and the amount of the liquidation amount of the outstanding series A preferred stock, once having exceeded \$1,500,000,000, has been reduced below that amount; two additional members of the Board selected by the holders of the Corporation’s debentures and series A preferred stock of the Corporation shall resign when the total of the principal amount of the outstanding debentures and the amount of the liquidation amount of the outstanding series A preferred stock, once having exceeded \$1,500,000,000, has been reduced below \$750,000,000. The two remaining members of the Board selected by the holders of the Corporation’s debentures and series A preferred stock shall resign when all the debentures and series A preferred stock have been redeemed by the Corporation. As directors resign in accordance with the foregoing provisions, the election of corporate directors to fill the vacancies created by their resignations shall be governed by applicable State law and the articles and bylaws of the Corporation.”

(c) Section 301 of such Act (45 U.S.C. 741) is amended by (1) striking out subsection (f) thereof; (2) redesignating subsection (g) thereof as subsection (h); and (3) inserting therein the following two new subsections:

“(f) OFFICERS.—The officers of the Corporation shall include a chief executive officer and a chief operating officer, who shall be appointed by the Board of Directors and who shall serve at the pleasure of the Board; and such other officers as shall be provided for in the bylaws of the Corporation.

“(g) VOTING TRUSTEES.—For and during the period between the deposit of securities of the Corporation with the special court, in accordance with section 303(a) of this title, and the distribution of such securities, in accordance with section 303(c) of this title, the special court shall, within 30 days after the date of conveyance pursuant to section 303(b)(1) of this Act, appoint one or more voting trustees for each class of securities which is so deposited. Such voting trustees shall, on behalf of the distributees, exercise the rights of the holders of such securities as their interests may appear. Within 30 days after such appointment, such voting trustees shall select members of the Board of Directors of the Corporation on behalf of the holders of the class of securities whose rights they exercise pursuant to this subsection.”

45 USC 743.

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS TO TITLE III

SEC. 612. (a) Section 303(b)(3) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 743(b)(3)) is amended to read as follows:

“(3)(A)(i) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, if an interest in railroad rolling stock is included in the rail properties conveyed pursuant to subsection (b)(1) of this section, and if such conveyance is in accordance with the requirements of clause (ii) of this subparagraph, the conveyance of such properties shall be deemed an assignment. Any such assignment shall relieve the assignor of liability for any breach which occurs after the date of such conveyance, except that such assignor shall remain liable for any breach, event of default, or violation of covenant which occurred (and any charges or obligations which accrued) prior to the date of such conveyance, regardless of whether the assignee thereof assumes such liabilities, charges or obligations. If any such liabilities, charges, or obligations (accrued prior to the date of such conveyance) are paid by or on behalf of any person or entity other than such assignor, such person or entity shall have a claim to direct reimbursement, as a current expense of administration, from such assignor, together with interest on the amount so paid.

Railroad rolling stock, conveyance.

“(ii) A conveyance referred to in clause (i) of this subparagraph may be effected only if—

“(I) the Corporation or a subsidiary thereof, the profitable railroad operating in the region, or the State or responsible person to whom such conveyance is made assumes all of the obligations under any applicable conditional sale agreement, equipment trust agreement, or lease with respect to such rolling stock (including any obligations which accrued prior to the date on which such properties are conveyed), and

“(II) such conveyance is made subject to such obligations. As used in this subparagraph, the term ‘railroad rolling stock’ means assets which could be carried in Interstate Commerce Commission account numbers 52, 53, 54, and 57.

“Railroad rolling stock.”

“(B) Subject to the provisions of this paragraph, the provisions of this Act shall not affect the title and interests of any lessor, equipment trust trustee, or conditional sale vendor under any conditional sale agreement, equipment trust agreement, or lease under section 77(j) of the Bankruptcy Act (11 U.S.C. 205(j)). A profitable railroad operating in the region, the Corporation or a subsidiary thereof, or a State or responsible person, to whom such a conveyance is made as assignee or as lessee, shall assume all liability under such conditional sale agreement, equipment trust agreement, or lease. Such an assignment or conveyance to, and such an assumption of liability by,

such a profitable railroad, Corporation, subsidiary, State, or responsible person shall not be deemed a breach, an event of default, or a violation of any covenant of any such conditional sale agreement, equipment trust agreement, or lease so assigned or conveyed, notwithstanding any provisions of any such agreement or lease.”.

(b) Section 201 of the Government Corporation Control Act (31 U.S.C. 856) is amended by (1) inserting “and” after the comma at the end of subsection (7) thereof; and (2) deleting “, and (9) the Consolidated Rail Corporation to the extent provided in the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973.” and inserting in lieu thereof “.”.

45 USC 701 note.

(c) (1) Section 303(a)(1) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 743(a)(1)) is amended by inserting after “Corporation”, the second time it appears “or any subsidiary thereof”.

(2) Paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 303(b) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 743(b)(1) and (2)) are amended by inserting after “Corporation” each time it appears therein (except the first time) “or any subsidiary thereof”.

(3) Section 303(c)(1) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 743(c)(1)) is amended by inserting after “Corporation” each time it appears “or any subsidiary thereof”.

(4) Paragraph (2)(A) of section 303(c) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 743(c)(2)(A)) is amended by striking “Corporation” the second time it appears and inserting in lieu thereof “Corporation or any subsidiary thereof”.

(d) (1) Section 303(a)(2) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 743(a)(2)) is amended by inserting after “region” the first time it appears “and each State or responsible person (including a government entity)”.

(2) Section 303(b)(1) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 743(b)(1)) is amended (A) by inserting immediately after “region” the first place it appears the following: “, States, and responsible persons”, and (B) by striking out “and the respective profitable railroads operating in the region” and inserting in lieu thereof “, the respective profitable railroads operating in the region, States, and responsible persons”.

(3) Section 303(b)(2) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 743(b)(2)) is amended by striking out “and the respective profitable railroads operating in the region” and inserting in lieu thereof “, the respective profitable railroads operating in the region, States, and responsible persons”.

(4) Paragraph (4) of section 303(b) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 743(b)(4)) is amended by striking “or the profitable railroad” and inserting in lieu thereof “, profitable railroad, State, or responsible person”.

(5) Section 303(c) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 743(c)) is amended by striking “and profitable railroads operating in the region” and inserting in lieu thereof “, profitable railroads operating in the region, States, and responsible persons”.

(6) Paragraph (1)(A)(ii) of section 303(c) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 743(c)(1)(A)(ii)) is amended by inserting “State, or responsible person” after “region,”.

(7) Paragraph (3) of section 303(c) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 743(c)(3)) is amended by inserting “, State, or responsible person” after “region” and by inserting after “railroad” each time it appears therein (except the first time) “, State, or responsible person”.

(8) Paragraph (4) of section 303(c) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 743(c)(4)) is amended by inserting “, States, and responsible persons” after “railroads”.

(e) Section 303(c)(2) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 743(c)(2)) is amended by (1) striking out “shall” in the clause preceding subparagraph (A) thereof and inserting “may” in lieu thereof; (2) striking

out the semicolon at the end of subparagraph (A) thereof and inserting in lieu thereof “, except that at least one share of series B preferred stock and one certificate of value shall be allocated to each such railroad;” and (3) amending subparagraph (C) thereof to read as follows:

“(C) enter a judgment against the Corporation if the judgment would not endanger the viability or solvency of the Corporation.”.

(f) Section 303(c) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 743(c)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

“(5) Whenever the special court orders, pursuant to section 303(b) (1) of this title, the transfer or conveyance to the Corporation or any subsidiary thereof of rail properties designated under section 206(c)(1) (C) or (D) of this Act, to the National Railroad Passenger Corporation, to a profitable railroad, or to a State, or responsible person (including a government entity), the United States shall pay any judgment entered against the Corporation with respect to the conveyance of any such rail properties or against the National Railroad Passenger Corporation, such profitable railroad, State, or responsible person, plus interest thereon at such rate as is constitutionally required. The United States may, in its discretion, represent the Corporation or the National Railroad Passenger Corporation, such profitable railroad, State or responsible person, in any proceedings before the special court that could result in such a judgment against the Corporation under paragraph (2) of this subsection or against the National Railroad Passenger Corporation, such profitable railroad, State or responsible person, under paragraph (3) of this subsection. The Corporation, the National Railroad Passenger Corporation, any profitable railroad, State, or responsible person, which is represented by the United States of America shall cooperate diligently in whatever manner the United States shall reasonably request of it in connection with such proceedings. Neither the Corporation, or its subsidiaries, nor the National Railroad Passenger Corporation, any profitable railroad, State or responsible person, shall be obligated to reimburse the United States for any moneys paid by the United States pursuant to this section.”.

45 USC 716.

(g) Section 303(d) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 743(d)) is amended by (1) striking out “5” and inserting in lieu thereof “20”.

(h) Section 303(c)(4) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 743(c)(4)) is amended by (1) striking out “subsection (b)” and inserting in lieu thereof “subsection (a)” and (2) inserting after “region” the following: “and to persons leased, operated, or controlled by such railroads who so transferred or conveyed rail properties”.

(i) Section 303 of such Act (45 U.S.C. 743) is amended by (1) adding “, certificates of value” after “securities” in subsection (c)(1) (A) (i) thereof, in the preamble of subsection (c)(2) and in subsection (c)(2) thereof, and in subsection (c)(3) thereof; (2) adding “and certificates of value” after “of the Corporation” in subsection (c)(2) (A) thereof and after “Corporation’s securities” in subsection (c)(2) (B) thereof; (3) striking out “obligations of the Association” each place the phrase appears and inserting in lieu thereof “certificates of value issued by the Association”; and (4) striking out “obligations” each place it appears other than as part of such phrase and inserting in lieu thereof “certificates of value”.

(j) (1) Section 301(a) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 741(a)) is amended by inserting immediately after “Corporation” the following: “or such other corporate name as may be duly adopted by the Corporation”.

(2) Section 201(k) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 711(k)), as redesignated by section 603(a) of this Act, is amended (A) by striking out “these provisions” in the third sentence thereof and inserting in lieu thereof “this provision”; (B) by striking out “or the Corporation” each place

it appears in the third and fourth sentences thereof; and (C) by striking out the second sentence thereof.

(3) Section 301(b) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 741(b)) is amended in the third sentence thereof by inserting immediately after "of the Corporation" the following: "or of its principal railroad operating subsidiary".

(k) Section 303(b)(4) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 743(b)(4)) is amended by inserting immediately after "is made assumes" the following: "all future liability under such lease and".

(1) Section 303(b) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 743(b)) is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following two new paragraphs:

"(5) Notwithstanding any covenant, undertaking, condition, or provision of any sort in any lease, agreement, or contract, the conveyance, transfer, assignment, or other disposition of such lease, agreement, or contract or of any interest therein to, or the assumption by, the Corporation or any subsidiary thereof, or a profitable railroad of obligations thereunder, shall not be deemed a breach, an event of default, or a violation of any covenant of such lease, agreement, or contract.

"(6) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Act or any other provision of law, the special court shall include in its order such further directions as may be necessary to assure (A) that the operation and administration of the employee pension benefit plans described in section 505(a) of this Act shall be continued, without termination or interruption, by the Corporation until such time as the Corporation elects to amend or terminate any such plan, in whole or in part; and (B) that appropriate transfers and assignments with respect to all rights and obligations relating to such plans shall be made to the Corporation for such purposes, without prejudice to payment of consideration for whatever rights any railroad in reorganization may have in any residual assets under any such employee pension benefit plan. No court shall enter any judgment against the Corporation with respect to any such rights, except that the special court may enter such a judgment in an order issued by it pursuant to subsection (c) of this section, after taking into consideration the rights and obligations transferred pursuant to this paragraph. All liabilities as an employer shall be imposed solely upon the railroad in reorganization in the event such plan is terminated, in whole or in part, by the Corporation within 1 year after the date of such transfer or assignment (except liabilities as an employer under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 for benefits accruing during such period)."

45 USC 775.

29 USC 1001
note.

(m) Section 301 of such Act (45 U.S.C. 741) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following two new subsections:

"(h) **LIABILITY OF DIRECTORS.**—No director of the Corporation shall be liable, for money damages or otherwise, to any party by reason of the fact that such person is or was a director, if, with respect to the subject matter of the action, suit, or proceeding, such person was fulfilling a duty which he in good faith reasonably believed to be required by law or vested in him in his capacity as a director of the Corporation or as an officer of the United States. The United States shall indemnify such person against all judgments, amounts paid in settlement, and costs and expenses (including fees of accountants, experts, and attorneys), actually and reasonably incurred in connection with any such action, suit, or proceeding in which such person is determined to have met such standard of conduct. This subsection shall not be construed to grant any immunity from any criminal law of the United States.

"(i) **CORPORATE SIMPLIFICATION.**—In the interest of corporate simplification, the Corporation, in implementing the final system plan, shall undertake, as soon as possible and pursuant to financial assistance provided by the Railroad Revitalization and Regulatory Reform

Act of 1976, to acquire all interests in rail lines and related rail properties otherwise conveyed to the Corporation, upon the tender of such interests to it, so as to eliminate any remaining intermediate layers of ownership or interest, such as leaseholds, owned or held by persons who are neither a railroad, a railroad in reorganization, nor controlled by a railroad in reorganization. Any option conditions regarding the purchase price for such interests, in existence since prior to January 2, 1974, shall be deemed to be conclusive of fair and equitable value.”

Ante, p. 31.

(n) Section 303(c)(3) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 743(c)(3)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: “The special court shall also find the amount of the payments, if any, which each profitable railroad has made on behalf of a transferor railroad in reorganization in accordance with section 211(h) of this Act, for which payment the profitable railroad has not been reimbursed, as provided in section 211(h). Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph or of paragraph (4), the special court shall order the return to any such profitable railroad from compensation deposited by such profitable railroad pursuant to section 303(a)(2), of any such amount so found together with interest at the rate provided in section 211(h).”

Ante, p. 92.

(o) Section 303(b)(1) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 743(b)(1)) is amended by striking out “railroad leased” and inserting in lieu thereof “person leased”.

(p) Section 303(b)(1) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 743(b)(1)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: “In any case where the special court orders the trustee or trustees of a railroad in reorganization in the region to execute and deliver deeds or other instruments conveying rail properties to the Corporation or a subsidiary thereof or to a profitable railroad operating in the region or a State or responsible person, those deeds or other instruments may be executed, acknowledged, and delivered on behalf of the trustee or trustees by any person or persons who have been duly authorized to perform such acts on behalf of the trustee or trustees by the district court of the United States or any other court having jurisdiction over the respective railroad in reorganization in the region. Notwithstanding any provision of State or local law, in any case where deeds or other instruments have been executed, acknowledged, or delivered by a representative of the trustee or trustees of a railroad in reorganization in the region in accordance with the previous sentence, such execution, acknowledgment, and delivery, and the deeds or other instruments to which they pertain, shall have the same legal effect as they would have had if the trustee or trustees had themselves executed, acknowledged and delivered such deeds or other instruments.”

(q) (1) Section 303(c)(1)(A)(i) of such Act is amended by inserting after “exchange” the second time it appears the following: “(taking into consideration compensable unconstitutional erosion, if any, which the special court finds to have occurred in the estate of each such railroad, during the bankruptcy proceeding with respect to such railroad)”.

(2) Section 303(c)(1)(A)(ii) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 743(c)(1)(A)(ii)) is amended by inserting immediately after “region,” the following: “in exchange for compensation and other benefits accruing to such transferor as a result of such exchange (taking into consideration compensable unconstitutional erosion, if any, which the special court finds to have occurred in the estate of each such railroad, during the bankruptcy proceeding with respect to such railroad)”.

(3) Section 303(c)(2) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 743(c)(2)) is amended by inserting immediately after “reorganization” the second time it appears the following: “(taking into consideration compensa-

ble unconstitutional erosion, if any, which the special court finds to have occurred in the estate of each such railroad, during the bankruptcy proceeding with respect to such railroad”.

(4) Section 303(c)(3) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 743(c)(3)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: “In making any finding under this paragraph, the special court shall take into consideration compensable unconstitutional erosion, if any, which it finds to have occurred in the estate of a railroad in reorganization in the region, or of a railroad leased, operated, or controlled by such a railroad, during the bankruptcy proceeding with respect to such railroad.”.

DEFINITIONS

SEC. 613. Section 501 of such Act (45 U.S.C. 771) is amended—

(1) in paragraphs (1) and (6) thereof, by inserting immediately after “Corporation” each place it appears the following: “or a subsidiary thereof”;

(2) in paragraph (2) thereof (A) by inserting immediately after “Corporation” the following: “or a subsidiary thereof, to the National Railroad Passenger Corporation,”; and (B) by striking out “except a president,” and inserting in lieu thereof “(except a Class I railroad which is not wholly owned, operated, or leased by a railroad in reorganization but is controlled by a railroad in reorganization), but does not include a president,”;

(3) by amending paragraph (3) thereof to read as follows:

“(3) ‘protected employee’ means any employee of—

“(A) an acquiring or selling railroad who is adversely affected by a transaction;

“(B) the Corporation who, immediately preceding such employment by the Corporation, was employed by a selling railroad and who is adversely affected by the sale of rail properties to the Corporation pursuant to an offer designated under section 206(e)(2) of this Act;

“(C) a railroad in reorganization in the region; and

“(D) a railroad who is adversely affected by a supplemental transaction under section 305 of this Act or by a project recommended under section 206(g) of this Act;

who, in any such case, has not reached age 65 on the effective date of this Act;”

(4) amending paragraph (8) thereof by (A) striking out “this Act or” and inserting in lieu thereof “this Act, including section 305 thereof, or”, and (B) striking out “and” at the end of such paragraph;

(5) striking out the period at the end of paragraph (9) thereof and inserting in lieu thereof “; and”; and

(6) adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

“(10) ‘selling railroad’ means a railroad which sells rail properties pursuant to an offer designated under section 206(c)(2) of this Act.”.

EMPLOYMENT OFFERS

SEC. 614. (a) Section 502(b) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 772(b)) is amended to read as follows:

“(b) MANDATORY OFFER.—The Corporation shall offer employment, to be effective as of the date of a conveyance or discontinuance of serv-

45 USC 716.

Ante, p. 100.

ice under the provisions of this Act, to each employee of a railroad in reorganization in the region who has not already accepted an offer of employment by the Association (where applicable), an acquiring railroad, or the Corporation. Such offers of employment to employees represented by labor organizations shall be confined to their same craft and class. The Corporation shall apply to such employees the protective provisions of this title.”

(b) Section 502(a) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 772(a)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: “As used in this subsection, the term ‘where applicable’ refers to the relation of the Association, as an employer (A) to employees of the Association who, before the date of conveyance, under section 303(b)(1) of this Act, had creditable service under the relevant statute and who were offered and accepted coverage under such statute, and (B) to former employees of railroads in reorganization in the region, after the date of such conveyance.”

45 USC 743.

COLLECTIVE BARGAINING AGREEMENTS

SEC. 615. Section 504 of such Act (45 U.S.C. 774) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following three new subsections:

“(e) LIABILITY FOR EMPLOYEE CLAIMS.—In all cases of claims by employees, arising under the collective bargaining agreements of the railroads in reorganization in the region, and subject to section 3 of the Railway Labor Act (45 U.S.C. 153), the Corporation, the National Railroad Passenger Corporation, or an acquiring carrier, as the case may be, shall assume responsibility for the processing of any such claims, and payment of those which are sustained or settled on or subsequent to the date of conveyance, under section 303(b)(1) of this Act, and shall be entitled to direct reimbursement from the Association pursuant to section 211(h) of this Act. In those cases in which claims for employees were sustained or settled prior to such date of conveyance, it shall be the obligation of the employees to seek satisfaction against the estates of the railroads in reorganization which were their former employers.

Ante, p. 92.

“(f) TRANSFER OF EMPLOYEES TO THE NATIONAL RAILROAD PASSENGER CORPORATION OR ACQUIRING RAILROADS.—Notwithstanding any otherwise applicable provisions of this title, protected employees to whom the Corporation has made offers of employment may be transferred to the National Railroad Passenger Corporation in accordance with the following procedure:

“(1) Not later than 90 days after the date of completion of the transaction required by section 206(c) of this Act, implementing agreement negotiations between representatives of the various crafts or classes of employees associated with the involved properties, the Corporation, and the National Railroad Passenger Corporation shall commence. These negotiations shall—

45 USC 716.

“(A) identify the specific employees of the Corporation to whom the National Railroad Passenger Corporation offers employment;

“(B) the procedure by which those employees of the Corporation may elect to accept employment with the National Railroad Passenger Corporation;

“(C) the procedure for acceptance of such employees into the National Railroad Passenger Corporation’s employment; and

“(D) the procedure for determining the seniority of such employees in their respective crafts or classes on the National

Railroad Passenger Corporation's system which shall, to the extent possible, preserve their prior seniority rights.

45 USC 791. If no agreement regarding the matters referred to in this subsection is reached by the end of 60 days after the date of commencement of negotiations (which shall also be a date which is at least 90 days after the transaction contemplated by section 601(d) of this Act), upon notice of any party, all parties thereto shall within an additional 10 days select a neutral referee. If such parties are unable to agree upon the selection of such a referee, the National Mediation Board shall promptly appoint a referee. Hearings shall commence not later than 30 days after the date of selection or appointment of such referee, and a decision shall be rendered by such referee within 60 days after the date of commencement of the hearings. The referee shall resolve and decide all matters in dispute regarding the negotiation of the implementing agreement or agreements. All parties may participate, but the referee shall have the only vote. The referee's decision shall be final and binding and shall constitute the implementing agreement or agreements between the parties. The salary and expenses of the referee shall be paid pursuant to the provisions of the Railway Labor Act.

45 USC 151. "(2) Prior to implementation of an agreement or agreements pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection, the representatives of the various crafts or classes of employees designated to be transferred to the National Railroad Passenger Corporation shall meet with representatives of the National Railroad Passenger Corporation for the purposes of negotiating agreements regarding rates of pay, rules, and working conditions. If, 60 days after the date of commencement of such negotiations, no agreement has been reached, the bargaining agreement in existence on the rail properties from which the employees are to be transferred and which is applicable to the craft or class of employees being transferred will apply and such implementing agreement will be put into effect.

Post, p. 116. "(3) An employee of the Corporation who is entitled to protection and who is transferred as a result of an acquisition pursuant to this Act shall upon transfer to the National Railroad Passenger Corporation or to an acquiring railroad, carry with him his protected status. The National Railroad Passenger Corporation or an acquiring railroad, as new employers, shall be responsible for payment of protective benefits and shall be entitled to reimbursement pursuant to section 509 of this title.

"(4) The National Railroad Passenger Corporation may prior to completion of any of the agreements referred to in this section, offer employment to any noncontract employee. Noncontract employees accepting employment with the National Railroad Passenger Corporation shall carry with them all rights and benefits accorded to them under this title.

45 USC 743. "(g) ASSUMPTION OF PERSONAL INJURY CLAIMS.—All cases or claims by employees or their personal representatives for personal injuries or death against a railroad in reorganization in the region arising prior to the date of conveyance of rail properties, pursuant to section 303 of this Act, shall be assumed by the Corporation or an acquiring railroad, as the case may be. The Corporation or the acquiring railroad shall process and pay any such claims that are sustained or settled, and shall be entitled to direct reimbursement from the Association pursuant to section 211(h) of this Act."

Ante, p. 92.

EMPLOYEE PROTECTION

SEC. 616. (a) Section 505(a) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 775(a)) is amended by striking out the period at the end thereof and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “, including benefits under any employee pension benefit plan in effect on December 1, 1975, other than a plan maintained primarily for the purpose of providing deferred compensation for a select group of management personnel or other highly compensated employees. For purposes of protecting employee pension benefits under this title, the term ‘protected employee whose employment is governed by a collective-bargaining agreement’ includes any beneficiary of, and any participant in, such plan, including non-contract employees. The protected benefits of such beneficiary or participant, accrued as of the date of conveyance, may be limited to the amount guaranteed under terminated plans pursuant to title IV of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974. Pension benefits shall not be paid to any beneficiary of a terminated plan whose benefits are guaranteed by such Act.”.

29 USC 1301.

(b) Section 505(b)(1) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 775(b)(1)) is amended by striking out “the last 12 months immediately prior to his being adversely affected” and inserting in lieu thereof “the 12 full calendar months immediately preceding February 26, 1975, or in the case of a supplementary transaction, the 12 full calendar months immediately preceding the effective date of such transaction”.

(c) Section 505(b)(3) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 775(b)(3)) is amended by striking out “his being adversely affected” and inserting in lieu thereof “February 26, 1975, or the effective date of the supplementary transaction, as the case may be”.

(d) Section 505(b) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 775) is amended by (1) redesignating paragraph (4) thereof as paragraph (5) thereof and (2) inserting a new paragraph (4) therein as follows:

“(4) If a noncontract employee exercises seniority rights in a craft or class of employees protected under this Act, then, during the period such seniority is exercised, such noncontract employee shall be entitled to the same protection offered under this Act to employees in the craft or class in which such seniority is exercised. However, in computing the monthly displacement allowance, the last 12 months prior to February 26, 1975, during which such noncontract employee performed service under a collective-bargaining agreement, shall be used.”.

Noncontract
employees.

(e) Section 505(f) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 775(f)) is amended to read as follows:

“(f) TERMINATION ALLOWANCE.—The Corporation may terminate the employment of an employee of a railroad in reorganization who has less than 3 years’ service with such railroad, as of the date of enactment of this Act. The Corporation’s right to terminate an employee must be exercised within a period of 1 year from the date of conveyance, pursuant to section 303 of this Act. Upon notification to the employee of the Corporation’s intent to terminate his services, the employee shall have the option of accepting the termination allowance or of accepting a voluntary furlough without pay. If the employee entitled to receive a lump sum separation allowance accepts such an allowance, the amount shall be determined as follows:

45 USC 743.

2 to 3 years’ service.....	180 days’ pay at the rate of the position last held.
1 to 2 years’ service.....	90 days’ pay at the rate of the position last held.
Less than 1 year’s service.....	5 days’ pay at the rate of the position last held for each month of service.”.

(f) Section 505(h) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 775(h)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Provisions of this title shall be applied, upon a conveyance or discontinuance of service, to employees who are otherwise entitled to protective benefits and who were placed in furlough status on or after February 26, 1975."

(g) Section 505 of such Act (45 U.S.C. 775) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(i) **NONCONTRACT EMPLOYEES.**—Compensation, severance, termination, and moving expense benefits for employees not governed by a collective-bargaining agreement shall be consistent with subsections (b), (c), (e), (f), and (g) of this section and shall be in accordance with the following provisions:

"(1) A protected employee, whose employment is not governed by the terms of a collective-bargaining agreement, may be required by the Corporation, upon reasonable notice, to transfer to any position on the Corporation's system. If such transfer requires a change in residence, the employee may either voluntarily suspend his employment at his home location in lieu of protective benefits, or he may sever his employment and receive a benefit computed in accordance with subsection (e) or (f) of this section. These provisions supersede all provisions or conditions in subsection (d) of this section.

"(2) If any dispute arises between the Corporation and a noncontract employee regarding the interpretation or application of any provision of this title, the Corporation shall establish a resolution procedure with arbitration as the final step. Either party may request arbitration, and the cost and expenses of such arbitration shall be shared equally by the parties."

(h) Section 509 of such Act (45 U.S.C. 779) is amended to read as follows:

"PAYMENT OF BENEFITS

"**SEC. 509.** The Corporation, the Association (where applicable), and acquiring railroads, as the case may be, shall be responsible for the actual payment of all allowances, expenses, and costs provided protected employees pursuant to the provisions of this title. The Corporation, the Association (where applicable), and acquiring railroads shall then be reimbursed for the actual amounts paid to, or for the benefit of, protected employees, pursuant to the provisions of this title, other than provisions with respect to employee pension benefits, not to exceed the aggregate sum of \$250,000,000, by the Railroad Retirement Board, upon certification to such Board, by the Corporation, the Association (where applicable), and acquiring railroads, of the amounts paid such employees. Such reimbursement shall be made from a separate account maintained in the Treasury of the United States to be known as the Regional Rail Transportation Protective Account. Neither the Regional Rail Transportation Protective Account nor the Corporation nor an acquiring railroad shall be charged for any amounts of benefits paid to a protected employee under the provisions of the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act or any other income protection law or regulation. There is authorized to be appropriated to the Regional Rail Transportation Protective Account annually such sums as may be required to meet the obligations payable hereunder, not to exceed the aggregate sum of \$250,000,000. There is further authorized to be appropriated to the Railroad Retirement Board annually such sums as may be necessary to provide for additional administrative expenses to be incurred by the Board in the performance of its functions under this section."

Regional Rail
Transportation
Protective
Account.

45 USC 367.
Appropriation
authorization.

DUTIES OF ACQUIRING AND SELLING RAILROADS

SEC. 617. Section 508 of such Act (45 U.S.C. 778) is amended to read as follows:

“DUTIES OF ACQUIRING AND SELLING RAILROADS

“SEC. 508. (a) ACQUIRING RAILROADS.—(1) An acquiring railroad shall offer such employment, subject to such rules and working conditions, and afford such employment protection to employees of a railroad from which it acquires properties or facilities (including operating rights) pursuant to this Act, and shall afford such protection to its own employees who are adversely affected by such acquisition, as shall be agreed upon between such acquiring railroad and the representatives of such employees prior to such acquisition, except that the protection and benefits (except as to rules and working conditions) provided for protected employees in such agreements shall be the same as those specified in section 505 of this title. Unless and until such agreements are reached, the acquiring railroad shall not enter into purchase agreements pursuant to section 206(d)(4) of this Act. For purposes of this subsection, the National Railroad Passenger Corporation shall be deemed to be an acquiring railroad, with respect to employees described in section 501(3) of this title.

45 USC 775.

45 USC 716.

45 USC 771.

“(2) If the National Railroad Passenger Corporation acquires rail properties of a railroad in reorganization in the region, prior to the date of conveyance of rail properties to the Corporation pursuant to section 303(b)(1) of this Act but after the publication of the preliminary system plan, it shall offer such employment and afford such employment protection to employees of a railroad from which it acquires rail properties and shall further protect its own employees who may be adversely affected by such acquisition, as shall be agreed upon between the National Railroad Passenger Corporation and the representatives of such employees prior to such acquisitions. The protection and benefits provided for employees in such agreements shall be the same as those specified in section 505 of this title, and such protection and benefits shall supersede conflicting provisions in any previously applicable job stabilization agreements or agreements implementing such stabilization agreements, and the National Railroad Passenger Corporation shall be reimbursed for expenses incurred as a result of any such acquisition, as provided in section 509 of this title.

45 USC 743.

Ante, p. 116.

“(b) SELLING RAILROADS.—A selling railroad shall offer such employment and shall provide such employment protection to each of its employees who are adversely affected by such sale, pursuant to agreements to be entered into between it and the representatives of such employees prior to said sale: *Provided*, That (1) the protection and benefits provided for protected employees in such agreements shall be the same as those specified in section 505 of this title, and (2) unless and until such agreements are reached, the selling railroad shall not enter into selling agreements pursuant to section 206(d) of this Act.”

EXEMPTIONS

SEC. 618. (a) Section 601(a)(2) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 791(a)(2)) is amended by adding immediately before the period at the end thereof the following: “and with respect to any action taken to formulate or implement any supplemental transaction”.

(b) Section 601(b) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 791(b)) is amended to read as follows:

11 USC 1 note. “(b) **COMMERCE, SECURITIES, AND BANKRUPTCY.**—(1) The provisions of the Interstate Commerce Act (49 U.S.C. 1 et seq.) and the Bankruptcy Act (11 U.S.C. 205 et seq.) are inapplicable (A) to actions taken under this Act to formulate and implement the final system plan where such action was in compliance with the requirements of such plan, and (B) to actions taken under this Act to formulate or implement any supplemental transaction.

“(2) All securities of the Corporation which are issued to the Association as the initial holder, or which are issued in connection with the transfer to the Corporation or a subsidiary thereof of rail properties under this Act, shall be deemed for all purposes to have been issued subject to and authorized pursuant to section 20a of the Interstate Commerce Act (49 U.S.C. 20a).

45 USC 743. “(3) The provisions of section 5 of the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77e), shall not apply to transactions involving the issuance of any security of the Corporation to the Association, transactions involving the issuance of any security of the Corporation that is deposited with the special court pursuant to section 303(a) of this Act, or transactions involving the issuance or distribution of any security of the Corporation, where the terms and conditions of such issuance or distribution are approved by the special court pursuant to section 303(c) of this Act.

“(4) The powers and duties of the Commission under section 77 of the Bankruptcy Act (11 U.S.C. 205), with respect to a railroad in reorganization in the region which conveys all or substantially all of its designated rail properties to the Corporation or a subsidiary thereof, or to profitable railroads in the region, pursuant to the final system plan, and the requirement that plans of reorganization be filed with the Commission, shall cease upon the date of such conveyance. The powers and duties of the Commission under section 77 of the Bankruptcy Act shall also so terminate, as of the date of enactment of this paragraph, with respect to any railroad in reorganization under such section 77 but not subject to this Act which (1) does not operate any line of railroad, and (2) has transferred all or substantially all of its rail properties to a railroad in reorganization in the region which was subject to this Act prior to the date of enactment of this paragraph. Thereafter, such powers and duties of the Commission shall be vested in the district court of the United States which has jurisdiction of the estate of any such railroad in reorganization at the time of such conveyance. Such court shall proceed to reorganize or liquidate such railroad in reorganization pursuant to such section 77 on such terms as the court deems just and reasonable, or pursuant to any other provisions of the Bankruptcy Act, if the court finds that such action would be in the best interests of such estate. This paragraph does not affect any obligation of any carrier by railroad subject to regulation under the Interstate Commerce Act. The powers and duties of the Commission under section 77 of the Bankruptcy Act shall continue in effect only to the extent that the railroad in reorganization continues to operate any line of railroad.”

(c) Section 601(c) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 791(c)) is amended to read as follows:

“(c) **ENVIRONMENT.**—The provisions of section 102(2)(C) of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4332(2)(C)) shall not apply with respect to any action taken under authority of this Act before, and including, the conveyance of rail properties ordered by the special court under section 303(b)(1) of this Act, and shall not apply thereafter to any action taken in compliance with the requirements of the final system plan.”

APPLICATION OF THE NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY ACT

SEC. 619. Nothing in this title shall affect the application of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) to actions of the Commission. 45 USC 791 note.

TITLE VII—NORTHEAST CORRIDOR PROJECT
IMPLEMENTATION

NATIONAL RAILROAD PASSENGER CORPORATION

SEC. 701. (a) GENERAL.—To carry out the purposes of this title, the Rail Passenger Service Act, and the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973, the National Railroad Passenger Corporation is authorized to— 45 USC 851.
45 USC 501 note.
45 USC 701 note.

(1) acquire by purchase, lease, exchange, gift, or otherwise, and to hold, maintain, sell, lease or otherwise dispose of, any real or personal property or interest therein which is necessary or useful in establishing and maintaining improved high-speed rail services, as specified in section 703 of this title;

(2) enter into and implement such contracts and agreements as are necessary or appropriate in the conduct of its functions;

(3) provide for the continuous operation and maintenance of rail freight, intercity rail passenger, and commuter rail passenger service over the properties acquired pursuant to this section: *Provided*, That any provision of rail freight or rail commuter service shall be effectuated by a compensatory contract with the responsible carrier;

(4) improve railroad rights-of-way between Boston, Massachusetts, and Washington, District of Columbia (including at its option, the route through Springfield, Massachusetts, and routes to Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, and Albany, New York, from the Northeast Corridor main line) to enable improved high-speed rail passenger service to be provided between Boston, Massachusetts, and Washington, District of Columbia, and intermediate intercity markets, in accordance with the goals set forth in section 703 of this title;

(5) acquire, construct, improve, and install passenger stations; communications, electric power, and other facilities and equipment; public and private highway and pedestrian crossings; other safety facilities or equipment; and any other facilities or equipment which it determines are necessary to enable improved high-speed rail passenger service to be provided over the railroad rights-of-way to be improved under paragraph (4) of this subsection;

(6) enter into agreements with other railroads, other carriers, and commuter agencies, for the purpose of granting, acquiring, or entering into trackage rights, contract services, and other appropriate arrangements for freight and commuter services over the rights-of-way acquired under this title, with such agreement to be on such terms and conditions as are necessary to reimbursement for costs on an equitable and fair basis, except that cross subsidization among intercity, commuter, or rail freight services is prohibited;

(7) appoint a qualified individual to serve as the General Manager of the Northeast Corridor improvement project; and

(8) enter into agreements with telecommunications common carriers on a basis which is consistent with, and subject to, the

47 USC 609.

Communications Act of 1934, for the purpose of continuing existing, and creating new and improved, rail passenger radio mobile telephone service in the high-speed rail passenger service area specified in section 703(1) of this title.

(b) **TRANSFER OF RAIL PROPERTIES.**—The Corporation, on the date of conveyance pursuant to section 303(b)(1) of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 (45 U.S.C. 743), shall, by purchase or lease, transfer to the National Railroad Passenger Corporation all rail properties designated pursuant to sections 206(c)(1)(C) and 601(d) of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 (45 U.S.C. 716(c)(1)(C) and 791(d)), and it shall, within 180 days after the date of enactment of this title, execute agreements providing for the National Railroad Passenger Corporation to assume (1) all operational responsibility for intercity rail passenger services with respect to such properties, and (2) control and maintenance of the properties transferred. Such parties may agree to retaining or transferring, in whole or in part, operational responsibility for rail freight or commuter rail services in the area specified.

(c) **DEFINITION.**—As used in this title, the term “Northeast Corridor” means the States of Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, and Maryland, and the District of Columbia.

OPERATIONS REVIEW PANEL

45 USC 852.

SEC. 702. (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established an entity which shall be representative of the various users of Northeast Corridor rail transportation facilities, to be known as the Operations Review Panel (hereafter in this section referred to as the “Panel”). The Panel shall have the authority to take such actions as are necessary to resolve differences of opinion concerning operations (among or between the National Railroad Passenger Corporation, other railroads, and State, local, and regional agencies responsible for the provision of commuter rail, rapid rail, or rail freight services), with respect to all matters except those conferred on the Commission in section 402(a) of the Rail Passenger Service Act (45 U.S.C. 562(a)).

(b) **MEMBERSHIP.**—The Panel shall consist of 5 members, as follows:

(1) one member who shall be selected by the chief executive officer of the National Railroad Passenger Corporation;

(2) one member who shall be selected by majority vote of the commuter rail authorities which are subject to the jurisdiction of the Panel;

(3) one member who shall be selected by the chief executive officer of the Corporation; and

(4) two neutral members who shall be selected by the Chairman of the National Mediation Board.

The members shall each serve a term of 4 years from the date of such selection, or until a successor has been selected. If, within 45 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the National Railroad Passenger Corporation, the commuter authorities, or the Corporation fails to select the member who it is authorized to select under this subsection, the Chairman of the National Mediation Board shall, within 30 days after the expiration of such 45-day period, appoint a member on behalf of such party. Any member so appointed shall serve until such time as the party so represented selects a successor.

(c) **DECISIONS AND REVIEW.**—All decisions of the Panel shall be final and binding on the parties. All costs and expenses of the Panel shall be paid by (1) the National Railroad Passenger Corporation, (2) the

commuter rail authorities which are subject to such Panel, and (3) the Corporation, each of which shall pay one-third of such costs and expenses, unless otherwise determined by a majority of the members of such Panel. The Panel may adopt such rules of procedure and may employ such resources as it considers appropriate. It may issue preliminary and final orders, which shall have the force and effect of law, with respect to any difference of opinion concerning any operational matter which is the subject of such an order. No order of the Panel shall be subject to review by any court. Upon petition by any party subject to the Panel, the United States District Court for the District of Columbia shall enforce any final order issued by the Panel.

REQUIRED GOALS

SEC. 703. The Northeast Corridor improvement project shall be implemented by the Secretary in order to achieve the following goals: 45 USC 853.

(1) INTERCITY RAIL PASSENGER SERVICES.—(A) (i) Within 5 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the establishment of regularly scheduled and dependable intercity rail passenger service between Boston, Massachusetts, and New York, New York, operating on a 3-hour-and-40-minute schedule, including appropriate intermediate stops; and regularly scheduled and dependable intercity rail passenger service between New York, New York, and Washington, District of Columbia, operating on a 2-hour-and-40-minute schedule, including appropriate intermediate stops.

(ii) Improvements in facilities in accordance with route criteria approved by the Congress, on routes to Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, and Albany, New York, from the Northeast Corridor main line, and from Springfield, Massachusetts, to Boston, Massachusetts, and New Haven, Connecticut, in order to facilitate compatibility with improved high-speed rail service operated on the Northeast Corridor main line.

(B) The improvement of nonoperational portions of stations (as determined by the Secretary in consultation with the National Railroad Passenger Corporation) used in intercity rail passenger service and of related facilities and fencing. Fifty percent of the cost of such improvements shall be borne by States (or local or regional transportation authorities), except that the Secretary may, in his sole discretion, fund entirely any safety-related improvement.

(C) The improvements required by this section shall be accomplished in a manner which is compatible with the accomplishment in the future of additional improvements in service levels, and which will produce the maximum labor benefit in terms of hiring persons who are presently unemployed.

(D) The submission by the Secretary and the National Railroad Passenger Corporation to the Congress of annual reports on progress achieved and work in progress and planned (including the need for further improvements) with respect to the completion of this program, including an up-to-date accounting of intercity passenger ridership, revenues from such ridership, expenses, and on-time dependability of intercity passenger trains in the Northeast Corridor.

(E) Within 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the submission by the Secretary to the Congress of a report on the financial and operating results of the intercity rail passenger service established under this section, on the rail freight service improved and maintained pursuant to this section, and on the

Report to
Congress.

practicability, considering engineering and financial feasibility and market demand, of the establishment of regularly scheduled and dependable intercity rail passenger service between Boston, Massachusetts, and New York, New York, operating on a 3-hour schedule, including appropriate intermediate stops, and regularly scheduled and dependable intercity rail passenger service between New York, New York, and Washington, District of Columbia, operating on a 2½-hour schedule, including appropriate intermediate stops. Such report shall include a full and complete accounting of the need for improvements in intercity passenger transportation within the Northeast Corridor and a full accounting of the public costs and benefits of improving various modes of transportation to meet those needs. If such report shows (i) that further improvements are needed in intercity passenger transportation in the Northeast Corridor, and (ii) that improvements (in addition to those required by subparagraph (A) (i) of this paragraph) in the rail system in such area would return the most public benefits for the public costs involved, the Secretary shall make appropriate recommendations to the Congress. Within 6 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit an updated comprehensive report on the matters referred to in this subparagraph. Thereafter, if it is practicable, the Secretary shall facilitate the establishment of intercity rail passenger service in the Corridor which achieves the service goals specified in this subparagraph.

(2) RAIL COMMUTER SERVICES, RAIL RAPID TRANSIT, AND LOCAL TRANSPORTATION.—To the extent compatible with the goals contained in paragraph (1) of this section, the facilitation of improvements in and usage of rail commuter services, rail rapid transit, and local public transportation.

(3) RAIL FREIGHT SERVICE.—The maintenance and improvement of rail freight service to all users of rail freight service located on or adjacent to the Northeast Corridor and the maintenance and improvement of all through-freight services which remain in the Northeast Corridor, to the extent compatible with the goals contained in paragraphs (1) and (2) of this section.

(4) PASSENGER RADIO TELEPHONE SERVICE.—To the extent compatible with the goals contained in paragraph (1) of this section, the continuation of and improvement in passenger radio telephone service aboard trains operated in high-speed rail service between Washington, District of Columbia, and Boston, Massachusetts. The President and relevant Federal agencies, including the Federal Communications Commission, shall take such actions as are necessary to achieve this goal, subject to the provisions of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 151 et seq.), including necessary licensing, construction, operation, and maintenance standards for the radio service, as determined by the Federal Communications Commission to be in the public interest, convenience, and necessity.

FUNDING

45 USC 854.

SEC. 704. (a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary—

(1) \$1,600,000,000 to remain available until expended in order to effectuate the goals of section 703(1)(A)(i) of this title and after such goals have been achieved, the goals of section 703(1)(A)(ii);

(2) \$150,000,000 to remain available until expended in order to effectuate the goal of section 703 (1) (B);

(3) for payment to the National Railroad Passenger Corporation—

(A) \$10,000,000 to remain available until expended for nonrecurring costs related to the initial assumption of control and responsibility for maintaining rail operations on the Northeast Corridor;

(B) \$85,182,956 to acquire the properties of the Northeast Corridor;

(C) \$650,000 to remain available until expended, for the development and utilization of mobile radio frequencies for high-speed rail passenger radio telephone service; and

(D) \$20,000,000, to remain available until expended, for acquiring and improving properties designated in accordance with section 206 (c) (1) (D) of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 (45 U.S.C. 716 (c) (1) (D)).

(b) **LIMITATION.**—No funds appropriated under this section or pursuant to section 601 of the Rail Passenger Service Act may be used to subsidize any operating losses of commuter rail or rail freight services.

45 USC 601.

(c) **COORDINATION.**—The Secretary shall take all steps necessary to coordinate all transportation programs related to the Northeast Corridor to assure that all such programs are integrated and consistent with implementation of the Northeast Corridor improvement project under this title, including, if the Secretary finds any significant non-compliance with the implementation of the goals of section 703 of this title, the denial of funding to any noncomplying program until such noncompliance is corrected.

(d) **EMERGENCY MAINTENANCE CONTINUATION.**—After the conveyance of rail properties, pursuant to section 303 (b) of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 (45 U.S.C. 743 (b)) and section 701 (b) of this title, not to exceed \$25,000,000 of the funds appropriated pursuant to Public Law 94-6 (89 Stat. 11) shall remain available to be utilized by the Secretary for the purpose of performing emergency maintenance on the rail properties designated in accordance with section 206 (c) (1) (C) of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 (45 U.S.C. 716 (c) (1) (C)).

CONFORMING AMENDMENTS

SEC. 705. (a) Section 402 (a) of the Rail Passenger Service Act (45 U.S.C. 562 (a)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following three new sentences: “Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, the Corporation may enter into agreements with any other railroads and with any State (or local or regional transportation agency) responsible for providing commuter rail or rail freight services over tracks, rights-of-way, and other facilities acquired by the Corporation pursuant to authority granted by the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 and the Railroad Revitalization and Regulatory Reform Act of 1976. In the event of a failure to agree, the Commission shall order that rail services continue to be provided, and it shall, consistent with equitable and fair compensation principles, decide, within 180 days after the date of submission of a dispute to the Commission, the proper amount of compensation for the provision of such services. The Commission, in making such a determination, shall consider all relevant factors, and shall not permit cross subsidization among intercity, commuter, and rail freight services.”

45 USC 701 note.
Ante, p. 31.

(b) Section 601 (d) (1) of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 (45 U.S.C. 791 (d) (1)) is amended to read as follows:

45 USC 716.

“(d) NORTHEAST CORRIDOR.—(1) Rail properties designated in accordance with section 206(c)(1)(C) of this Act shall be purchased or leased by the National Railroad Passenger Corporation. The Corporation shall negotiate an appropriate sale or lease agreement with the National Railroad Passenger Corporation for the properties designated for transfer pursuant to section 206(c)(1)(C) of this Act (45 U.S.C. 716(c)(1)(C)), which shall take effect on the date of conveyance of such properties to the Corporation.”

(c) Section 403(b) of the Rail Passenger Service Act (45 U.S.C. 563(b)) is amended (1) by inserting “(1)” immediately after “(b)”, and (2) by striking out the second sentence thereof and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “The Corporation shall institute such service under an agreement if the State, regional, or local agency agrees to reimburse the Corporation for 50 percent of total operating losses and associated capital costs of such service if service can be provided with the resources available to the Corporation and if it is consistent with the following requirements:

“(A) The State or agency must make an adequate assurance to the Corporation that it has sufficient resources to meet its share of the costs of such service for the period such service is to be provided under this section.

“(B) The State or agency has conducted a market analysis acceptable to the Corporation to insure that there is adequate demand to warrant such service.

An agreement made pursuant to this section may by mutual agreement be renewed for one or more additional terms of not more than 2 years.

“(2) If more than one application is made for service and all applications are consistent with the requirements of this subsection, but all the services applied for cannot be provided with the available resources of the Corporation, the Board of Directors shall decide in its discretion which application or applications best serve the public interest and can be provided with the available resources of the Corporation, except that a proposal for State support of a service deleted from the basic system shall be given preference.

“(3) The Board of Directors shall establish the basis for determining the total costs and the total revenue of the service provided pursuant to this subsection.”

(d) Section 404(b)(4) of the Rail Passenger Service Act (45 U.S.C. 564(b)) is amended by striking out the first sentence thereof and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “For purposes of paragraph (3) of this subsection, the reasonable portion of such losses to be assumed by the State, regional, or local agency shall be equal to 50 percent of the total operating losses and associated capital costs of such service.”

(e) Section 306 of the Rail Passenger Service Act (45 U.S.C. 546) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

“(i) The provisions of section 361 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 264) shall not apply to railroad conveyances operated in intercity rail passenger service.”

(f) Section 303(a)(5) of the Rail Passenger Service Act (45 U.S.C. 543(a)(5)) is amended by (1) striking out “for each meeting of the board he attends.” and inserting in lieu thereof “per diem when engaged in the actual performance of duties.”, and (2) inserting “, secretarial or professional staff support which is reasonably required” immediately after “necessary travel”.

(g) Section 305(d)(1)(B) of the Rail Passenger Service Act (45 U.S.C. 545(d)(1)(B)) is amended by striking out “for the construction of tracks or other facilities necessary to provide”.

(h) Section 402(d)(1) of the Rail Passenger Service Act (45 U.S.C. 562(d)(1)) is amended by striking out “the construction of tracks or other facilities necessary to provide”.

(i) Section 403(c) of the Rail Passenger Service Act (45 U.S.C. 563(c)) is amended by adding the following sentence at the end thereof: “After January 1, 1977, all route additions shall be in accordance with the Criteria and Procedures for Making Route and Service Decisions approved by the Congress pursuant to section 404(c)(3), and this subsection shall no longer apply to route additions.”.

FACILITIES WITH HISTORICAL OR ARCHITECTURAL SIGNIFICANCE

SEC. 706. Section 4(i) of the Department of Transportation Act (49 U.S.C. 1653) is amended by—

(1) redesignating paragraph (1)(C) thereof and all references thereto as paragraph (1)(D) thereof;

(2) inserting immediately after paragraph (1)(B) thereof the following new subparagraph: “(C) acquiring and utilizing space in suitable buildings of historic or architectural significance, unless the use of such space would not prove feasible and prudent compared with available alternatives;”;

(3) redesignating paragraph (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), and (10) thereof as paragraphs (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), and (11) thereof, respectively;

(4) inserting after paragraph (3) thereof the following new paragraph:

“(4) Acquisitions made for the purpose set forth in paragraph (1)(C) of this subsection shall be made only after consultation with the chairman of the National Endowment for the Arts and the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation.”; and

(5) amending paragraph (9) thereof, as redesignated by this section, to read as follows:

“(9)(A) There is authorized to be appropriated for the purpose set forth—

Appropriation
authorization.

“(i) in paragraphs (1)(A) and (1)(C) of this subsection, not to exceed \$15,000,000;

“(ii) in paragraph (1)(B) of this subsection, not to exceed \$5,000,000; and

“(iii) in paragraph (1)(D) of this subsection, not to exceed \$5,000,000.

“(B) There shall be available to the National Endowment for the Arts, from the sums available under subparagraphs (A)(ii) and (A)(iii) of this paragraph, not to exceed \$2,500,000 for planning pursuant to paragraph (1)(D) of this subsection, and not to exceed \$2,500,000 for interim maintenance pursuant to paragraph (1)(B) of this subsection.

“(C) Sums appropriated for the purposes of this subsection are authorized to remain available until expended.”.

TITLE VIII—LOCAL RAIL SERVICE CONTINUATION

EXTENSION OF SERVICE

SEC. 801. (a) Section 1(18) of the Interstate Commerce Act (49 U.S.C. 1(18)) is amended to read as follows:

“(18)(a) No carrier by railroad subject to this part shall—

“(i) undertake the extension of any of its lines of railroad or the construction of any additional line of railroad;

“(ii) acquire or operate any such extension or any such additional line; or

“(iii) engage in transportation over, or by means of, any such extended or additional line of railroad,

unless such extension or additional line of railroad is described in and covered by a certificate which is issued by the Commission and which declares that the present or future public convenience and necessity require or will be enhanced by the construction and operation of such extended or additional line of railroad. Upon receipt of an application for such a certificate, the Commission shall (A) send a copy of the application to the chief executive officer of each State that would be directly affected by the construction or operation of such extended or additional line, (B) send an accurate and understandable summary of such application to a newspaper of general circulation in such affected area or areas with a request that such information be made available to the general public, (C) cause a copy of such summary to be published in the Federal Register, (D) take such other steps as it deems reasonable and effective to publicize such application, and (E) indicate in such transmissions and publications that each interested person is entitled to recommend to the Commission that it approve, disapprove, or take any other specified action with respect to such application.

Publication in newspaper.

Publication in Federal Register.

Rules and regulations.

“(b) The Commission shall establish, and may from time to time amend, rules and regulations (as to hearings and other matters) to govern applications for, and the issuance of, any certificate required by subdivision (a). An application for such a certificate shall be submitted to the Commission in such form and manner and with such documentation as the Commission shall prescribe. The Commission may—

“(i) issue such a certificate in the form requested by the applicant;

“(ii) issue such a certificate with modifications in such form and subject to such terms and conditions as are necessary in the public interest; or

“(iii) refuse to issue such a certificate.

“(c) Upon petition or upon its own initiative, the Commission may authorize any carrier by railroad subject to this part to extend any of its lines of railroad or to take any other action necessary for the provision of adequate, efficient, and safe facilities for the performance of such carrier's obligations under this part. No authorization shall be made unless the Commission finds that the expense thereof will not impair the ability of such carrier to perform its obligations to the public.

“(d) Carriers by railroad subject to this part may, notwithstanding this paragraph and section 5 of this part, and without the approval of the Commission, enter into contracts, agreements, or other arrangements for the point ownership or joint use of spur, industrial, team, switching, or side tracks. The authority granted to the Commission under this paragraph shall not extend to the construction, acquisition, or operation of spur, industrial, team, switching, or side tracks if such tracks are located or intended to be located entirely within one State, and shall not apply to any street, suburban, or interurban electric railway which is not operated as part of a general system of rail transportation.

“(e) Any construction or operation which is contrary to any provision of this paragraph, of any regulations promulgated under this

paragraph, or of any terms and conditions of an applicable certificate, may be enjoined by an appropriate district court of the United States in a civil action commenced and maintained by the United States, the Commission, or the attorney general or the transportation regulatory body of an affected State or area. Such a court may impose a civil penalty of not to exceed \$5,000 on each person who knowingly authorizes, consents to, or permits any violation of this paragraph or of the conditions of a certificate issued under this paragraph.”

Penalty.

(b) Paragraphs (19), (20), (21), and (22) of section 1 of the Interstate Commerce Act (49 U.S.C. 1(19) through 1(22)) are repealed.

Repeal.

DISCONTINUANCE OR ABANDONMENT

SEC. 802. The Interstate Commerce Act is amended by inserting after section 1 thereof the following new section:

“DISCONTINUANCE AND ABANDONMENT OF RAIL SERVICE

“SEC. 1a. (1) No carrier by railroad subject to this part shall abandon all or any portion of any of its lines of railroad (hereafter in this section referred to as ‘abandonment’) and no such carrier shall discontinue the operation of all rail service over all or any portion of any such line (hereafter referred to as ‘discontinuance’), unless such abandonment or discontinuance is described in and covered by a certificate which is issued by the Commission and which declares that the present or future public convenience and necessity require or permit such abandonment or discontinuance. An application for such a certificate shall be submitted to the Commission, together with a notice of intent to abandon or discontinue, not less than 60 days prior to the proposed effective date of such abandonment or discontinuance, and shall be in accordance with such rules and regulations as to form, manner, content, and documentation as the Commission may from time to time prescribe. Abandonments and discontinuances shall be governed by the provisions of this section or by the provisions of any other applicable Federal statute, notwithstanding any inconsistent or contrary provision in any State law or constitution, or any decision, order, or procedure of any State administrative or judicial body.

49 USC 1a.

“(2) (a) Whenever a carrier submits to the Commission a notice of intent to abandon or discontinue, pursuant to paragraph (1), such carrier shall attach thereto an affidavit certifying that a copy of such notice (i) has been sent by certified mail to the chief executive officer of each State that would be directly affected by such abandonment or discontinuance, (ii) has been posted in each terminal and station on any line of railroad proposed to be so abandoned or discontinued, (iii) has been published for 3 consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in each county in which all or any part of such line of railroad is located, and (iv) has been mailed, to the extent practicable, to all shippers who have made significant use (as determined by the Commission in its discretion) of such line of railroad during the 12 months preceding such submission.

Notice.

Publication in newspapers.

“(b) The notice required under subdivision (a) shall include (i) an accurate and understandable summary of the carrier’s application for a certificate of abandonment or discontinuance, together with the reasons therefor, and (ii) a statement indicating that each interested person is entitled to recommend to the Commission that it approve, disapprove, or take any other specified action with respect to such application.

“(3) During the 60-day period between the submission of a completed application for a certificate of abandonment or discontinuance pursuant to paragraph (1) and the proposed effective date of an abandonment or discontinuance, the Commission shall, upon petition, or may, upon its own initiative, cause an investigation to be conducted to assist it in determining what disposition to make of such application. An order to the Commission to implement the preceding sentence must be issued and served upon any affected carrier not less than 5 days prior to the end of such 60-day period. If no such investigation is ordered, the Commission shall issue such a certificate, in accordance with this section, at the end of such 60-day period. If such an investigation is ordered, the Commission shall order a postponement, in whole or in part, in the proposed effective date of the abandonment or discontinuance. Such postponement shall be for such reasonable period of time as is necessary to complete such investigation. Such an investigation may include, but need not be limited to, public hearings at any location reasonably adjacent to the line of railroad involved in the abandonment or discontinuance application, pursuant to rules and regulations of the Commission. Such a hearing may be held upon the request of any interested party or upon the Commission’s own initiative. The burden of proof as to public convenience and necessity shall be upon the applicant for a certificate of abandonment or discontinuance.

Hearings.

“(4) The Commission shall, upon an order with respect to each application for a certificate of abandonment or discontinuance—

“(a) issue such certificate in the form requested by the applicant if it finds that such abandonment or discontinuance is consistent with the public convenience and necessity. In determining whether the proposed abandonment is consistent with the public convenience and necessity, the Commission shall consider whether there will be a serious adverse impact on rural and community development by such abandonment or discontinuance;

“(b) issue such certificate with modifications in such form and subject to such terms and conditions as are required, in the judgment of the Commission, by the public convenience and necessity; or

“(c) refuse to issue such certificate.

Each such certificate which is issued by the Commission shall contain provisions for the protection of the interests of employees. Such provisions shall be at least as beneficial to such interests as provisions established pursuant to section 5(2)(f) of this Act and pursuant to section 405 of the Rail Passenger Service Act (45 U.S.C. 565). If such a certificate is issued, actual abandonment or discontinuance may take effect, in accordance with such certificate, 120 days after the date of issuance thereof.

49 USC 5.

Transportation system diagram.

“(5) (a) Each carrier by railroad subject to this part shall, within 180 days after the date of promulgation of regulations by the Commission pursuant to this section, prepare, submit to the Commission, and publish, a full and complete diagram of the transportation system operated, directly or indirectly, by such carrier. Each such diagram which shall include a detailed description of each line of railroad which is ‘potentially subject to abandonment’, as such term is defined by the Commission. Such term shall be defined by the Commission by rules and such rules may include standards which vary by region of the Nation and by railroad or group of railroads. Each such diagram shall also identify any line of railroad as to which such carrier plans to submit an application for a certificate of abandonment or discontinuance in accordance with this section. Each such carrier shall sub-

mit to the Commission and publish, in accordance with regulations of the Commission, such amendments to such diagram as are necessary to maintain the accuracy of such diagram.

“(b) The Commission shall not issue a certificate of abandonment or discontinuance with respect to a line of railroad if such abandonment or discontinuance is opposed by—

“(i) a shipper or any other person who has made significant use (as determined by the Commission in its discretion) of such line of railroad during the 12-month period preceding the submission of an applicable application under paragraph (1); or

“(ii) a State, or any political subdivision of a State, if such line of railroad is located, in whole or in part, within such State or political subdivision;

unless such line or railroad has been identified and described in a diagram or in an amended diagram which was submitted to the Commission under subdivision (a) at least 4 months prior to the date of submission of an application for such certificate.

“(6) (a) Whenever the Commission makes a finding, in accordance with this section, that the public convenience and necessity permit the abandonment or discontinuance of a line or railroad, it shall cause such finding to be published in the Federal Register. If, within 30 days of such publication, the Commission further finds that—

“(i) a financially responsible person (including a government entity) has offered financial assistance (in the form of a rail service continuation payment) to enable the rail service involved to be continued; and

“(ii) it is likely that such proffered assistance would—

“(A) cover the difference between the revenues which are attributable to such line of railroad and the avoidable cost of providing rail freight service on such line, together with a reasonable return on the value of such line; or

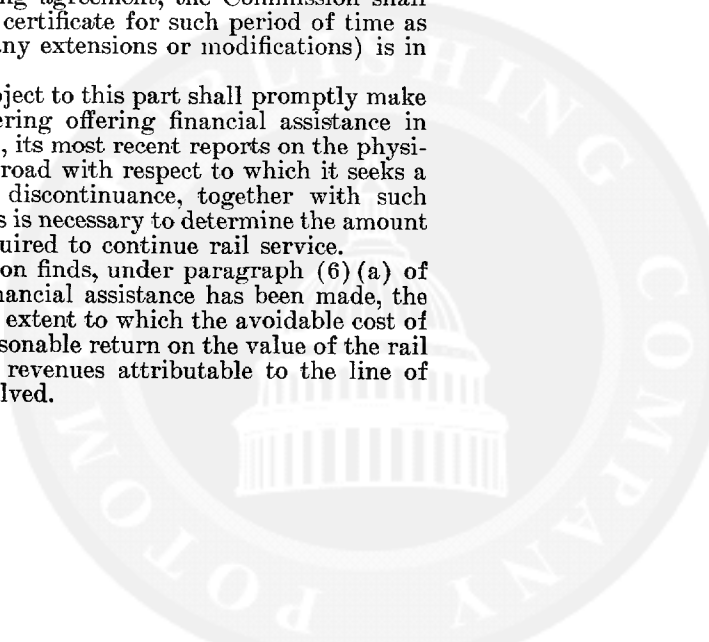
“(B) cover the acquisition cost of all or any portion of such line of railroad;

the Commission shall postpone the issuance of a certificate of abandonment or discontinuance for such reasonable time, not to exceed 6 months, as is necessary to enable such person or entity to enter into a binding agreement, with the carrier seeking such abandonment or discontinuance, to provide such assistance or to purchase such line and to provide for the continued operation of rail services over such line. Upon notification to the Commission of the execution of such an assistance or acquisition and operating agreement, the Commission shall postpone the issuance of such a certificate for such period of time as such an agreement (including any extensions or modifications) is in effect.

“(b) A carrier by railroad subject to this part shall promptly make available, to any party considering offering financial assistance in accordance with subdivision (a), its most recent reports on the physical condition of any line of railroad with respect to which it seeks a certificate of abandonment or discontinuance, together with such traffic, revenue, and other data as is necessary to determine the amount of assistance that would be required to continue rail service.

“(7) Whenever the Commission finds, under paragraph (6) (a) of this section, that an offer of financial assistance has been made, the Commission shall determine the extent to which the avoidable cost of providing rail service plus a reasonable return on the value of the rail properties involved exceed the revenues attributable to the line of railroad or the rail service involved.

Publication in
Federal Register.



“(8) Petitions for abandonment or discontinuance which were filed and pending before the Commission as of the date of enactment of this section or prior to the promulgation by the Commission of regulations required under this section shall be governed by the provisions of section 1 of this Act which were in effect on such date of enactment, except that paragraphs (6) and (7) of this section shall be applicable to such petitions.

Penalty. “(9) Any abandonment or discontinuance which is contrary to any provision of this section, of any regulation promulgated under this section, or of any terms and conditions of an applicable certificate, may be enjoined by an appropriate district court of the United States in a civil action commenced and maintained by the United States, the Commission, or the attorney general or the transportation regulatory body of an affected State or area. Such a court may impose a civil penalty of not to exceed \$5,000 on each person who knowingly authorizes, consents to, or permits any violation of this section or of any regulation under this section.

“(10) As used in this section:

“Avoidable cost.”

“(a) The term ‘avoidable cost’ means all expenses which would be incurred by a carrier in providing a service which would not be incurred, in the case of discontinuance, if such service were discontinued or, in the case of abandonment, if the line over which such service was provided were abandoned. Such expenses shall include but are not limited to all cash inflows which are foregone and all cash outflows which are incurred by such carrier as a result of not discontinuing or not abandoning such service. Such foregone cash inflows and incurred outflows shall include (i) working capital and required capital expenditures, (ii) expenditures to eliminate deferred maintenance, (iii) the current cost of freight cars, locomotives and other equipment, and (iv) the foregone tax benefits from not retiring properties from rail service and other effects of applicable Federal and State income taxes.

“Reasonable return.”

“(b) The term ‘reasonable return’ shall, in the case of a railroad not in reorganization, be the cost of capital to such railroad (as determined by the Commission), and, in the case of a railroad in reorganization, shall be the mean cost of capital of railroads not in reorganization, as determined by the Commission.”

LOCAL RAIL SERVICE ASSISTANCE

SEC. 803. Section 5 of the Department of Transportation Act, as added by section 401 of this Act (49 U.S.C. 1654), is amended by adding at the end thereof the following 10 new subsections:

“(f) The Secretary shall, in accordance with this section, provide financial assistance to States for rail freight assistance programs that are designed to cover—

“(1) the cost of rail service continuation payments;

“(2) the cost of purchasing a line of railroad or other rail properties to maintain existing or provide for future rail service;

“(3) the cost of rehabilitating and improving rail properties on a line of railroad to the extent necessary to permit adequate and efficient rail freight service on such line; and

“(4) the cost of reducing the costs of lost rail service in a manner less expensive than continuing rail service.

Federal share.

“(g) The Federal share of the costs of any rail service assistance program shall be as follows: (1) 100 percent for the period from July 1, 1976 to June 30, 1977; (2) 90 percent for the period from July 1, 1977 to June 30, 1978; (3) 80 percent for the period from

July 1, 1978 to June 30, 1979; and (4) 70 percent for the period from July 1, 1979 to June 30, 1981. For the period from July 1, 1979 to June 30, 1981, the Secretary may make such adjustments in the percentage level of the Federal share as may be necessary and appropriate so as not to exceed the maximum amount of funds authorized under subsection (o) of this section. The Secretary shall, within 1 year after the date of enactment of this subsection, promulgate standards and procedures under which the State share of such cost may be provided through in-kind benefits such as forgiveness of taxes, trackage rights, and facilities which would not otherwise be provided.

Standards and
procedures.

“(h) Each State which is, pursuant to subsection (j) of this section, eligible to receive rail service assistance is entitled to an amount equal to the total amount authorized and appropriated for such purpose, multiplied by a fraction whose numerator is the rail mileage in such State which is eligible for rail service assistance under this section and whose denominator is the rail mileage in all of the States which are eligible for rail service assistance under this section. Notwithstanding the provisions of the preceding sentence, the entitlement of each State shall not be less than 1 percent of the funds appropriated. For purposes of this subsection, rail mileage shall be measured by the Secretary, in consultation with the Interstate Commerce Commission. Any portion of the entitlement of any State which is withheld, in accordance with this section, and any such sums which are not used or committed by a State shall be reallocated immediately, to the extent practicable, among the other States, in accordance with the formula set forth in the first sentence of this subsection.

“(i) Rail service assistance to which a State is entitled under this section may be allocated by such State to meet the cost of establishing and implementing the State rail plan required by subsection (j) of this section or by section 402(c)(1) of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 (45 U.S.C. 762(c)(1)). Such grants shall be made available by the Secretary during the course of the State rail planning process, and shall be distributed by the Secretary as needed by the States. The amount of State rail planning grants to which each State (including each State referred to in subsection (n)(1) of this section) is entitled shall be proportionate to the amount of rail service assistance to which such State is entitled under this Act.

“(j) A State is eligible to receive rail service assistance from the Secretary if— Eligibility.

“(1) such State has established an adequate plan for rail services in such State as part of an overall planning process for all transportation services in such State, including a suitable process for updating, revising, and amending such plan;

“(2) such State plan is administered or coordinated by a designated State agency and provides for the equitable distribution of resources;

“(3) such State agency (A) has authority and administrative jurisdiction to develop, promote, supervise, and support safe, adequate, and efficient rail transportation services, (B) employs or will employ, directly or indirectly, sufficient trained and qualified personnel, (C) maintains or will maintain adequate programs of investigation, research, promotion, and development, with provisions for public participation, and (D) is designated and directed solely, or in cooperation with other State agencies to take all practicable steps to improve transportation safety and to reduce transportation-related energy utilization and pollution;

“(4) such State provides satisfactory assurance that it has or will adopt and maintain adequate procedures for financial control,

accounting, and performance evaluation in order to assure proper use of Federal funds; and

“(5) such State complies with regulations of the Secretary issued under this section and the Secretary determines that such State meets or exceeds the requirements of paragraphs (1) through (4) of this subsection.

“(k) A project is eligible in any year for financial assistance from the applicable rail service assistance program only if—

“(1) (A) the Commission has found that the public convenience and necessity permit the abandonment of, or the discontinuance of rail service on, the line of railroad which is related to such project, or (B) the line of railroad or related project was eligible for assistance under title IV of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973; and

45 USC 761.

“(2) such line, or related projects, has not previously been the subject of Federal rail service assistance under this section for more than 5 fiscal years.

“(1) The Secretary shall pay to each eligible State an amount equal to its entitlement under subsection (h) of this section, to be expended or committed to one or more projects which are eligible, pursuant to subsection (k) of this section.

Recordkeeping.

“(m) (1) Each recipient of financial assistance under subsections (e) through (o) of this section, whether in the form of grants, subgrants, contracts, subcontracts, or other arrangements, shall keep such records as the Secretary shall prescribe including records which fully disclose the amount and disposition by such recipient of the proceeds of such assistance, the total cost of the project or undertaking in connection with which such assistance was given or used, the amount of that portion of the cost of the project which was supplied by other sources, and such other records as will facilitate an effective audit. Such records shall be maintained for 3 years after the completion of such a project or undertaking.

Audit.

“(2) The Secretary and the Comptroller General of the United States, or any of their duly authorized representatives, shall have access, for the purpose of audit and examination, to any books, documents, papers, and records of receipts which, in the opinion of the Secretary or of the Comptroller General may be related or pertinent to the grants, contracts, or other arrangements referred to in paragraph (1) of this subsection.

“(3) The Secretary and the Comptroller General shall regularly conduct, or cause to be conducted—

“(A) a financial audit, in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards; and

“(B) a performance audit of the activities and transactions assisted under this section, in accordance with generally accepted management principles.

Rules and regulations.

Such audits may be conducted by independent certified or licensed public accountants and management consultants approved by the Secretary and the Comptroller General, and they shall be conducted in accordance with such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the Comptroller General.

“State.”

“(n) As used in this section, the term ‘State’ means—

“(1) during the period from the date of enactment of this subsection through the second anniversary of the date on which rail properties are conveyed pursuant to section 303(b)(1) of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 (45 U.S.C. 743(b)(1)), any State in which a carrier by railroad subject to part I of the Interstate Commerce Act maintains any line of railroad,

49 USC 1.

except that the term shall not include the States of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, and Illinois, and the District of Columbia; and

“(2) during the period following the second anniversary of the date on which rail properties are conveyed pursuant to such section 303(b) (1), any State in which a carrier by railroad subject to part I of the Interstate Commerce Act maintains any line of railroad.

45 USC 743.

“(o) There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for the purposes of subsections (f) through (o) of this section not to exceed \$360,000,000, without fiscal year limitation. Of the foregoing sums, not to exceed \$5,000,000 shall be made available for planning grants during each of the 3 fiscal years ending June 30, 1976; September 30, 1977; and September 30, 1978. In addition, any appropriated sums remaining after the repeal of section 402 of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 are authorized to remain available to the Secretary for purposes of subsections (f) through (o) of this section. Such sums as are appropriated are authorized to remain available until expended.”

Appropriation authorization.

45 USC 762.

TERMINATION AND CONTINUATION OF RAIL SERVICES

SEC. 804. Section 304 of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 (45 U.S.C. 744) is amended to read as follows:

“TERMINATION AND CONTINUATION OF RAIL SERVICES

“SEC. 304. (a) DISCONTINUANCE.—(1) Except as provided in subsections (c) and (f) of this section, rail service on rail properties of a railroad in reorganization in the region, or of a person leased, operated, or controlled by such a railroad, which transfers to the Corporation or to profitable railroads operating in the region all or substantially all of its rail properties designated for such conveyance in the final system plan, and rail service on rail properties of a profitable railroad operating in the region which transfers substantially all of its rail properties to the Corporation or to other railroads pursuant to the final system plan, may be discontinued, to the extent such discontinuance is not precluded by the terms of the leases and agreements referred to in section 303(b) (2) of this title, if—

“(A) the final system plan does not designate rail service to be operated over such rail properties;

“(B) not sooner than 30 days following the effective date of the final system plan, the trustee or trustees of the applicable railroad in reorganization or a profitable railroad give notice in writing of intent to discontinue such service on a date certain which is not less than 60 days after the date of such notice or on the date of any conveyance ordered by the special court pursuant to section 303(b) (1) of this title, whichever is later; and

“(C) the notice required by subparagraph (B) of this paragraph is sent by certified mail to the Commission; to the chief executive officer, the transportation agencies, and the government of each political subdivision of each State in which such rail properties are located; and to each shipper who has used such rail service during the previous 12 months.

“(2) (A) If rail properties are not, in accordance with the designations in the final system plan, required to be operated, as a consequence of a recommended arrangement for joint use or operation of

45 USC 716. rail properties (under section 206(g) of this Act) or as part of a coordination project (under sections 206 (c) and (g) of this Act), rail service on such properties may be discontinued, subsequent to the date of conveyance of rail properties pursuant to such section 303(b) (1), if the Commission determines that such rail service on such rail properties is not compensatory and if—

45 USC 743.

“(i) the petitioner and any other railroad involved in such arrangement or coordination project have, prior to filing an application for such discontinuance, entered into a binding agreement (effective on or before the effective date of such discontinuance) to carry out such arrangement or project;

“(ii) such application is filed with the Commission not later than 1 year after the effective date of the final system plan; and

“(iii) such discontinuance is not precluded by the terms of the leases and agreements referred to in such section 303(b) (2).

45 USC 715.

“(B) For purposes of this paragraph, rail service on rail properties is compensatory if the revenue attributable to such properties from such service equals or exceeds the sum of the avoidable costs of providing such service on such properties plus a reasonable return on the value of such rail properties, as determined in accordance with the standards developed pursuant to section 205(d) (6) of this Act.

“(C) The Commission shall make its final determination, with respect to any discontinuance requested under this paragraph, not later than 120 days after the date of filing of an application therefor. The applicant shall have the burden of proving that the service involved is not compensatory. If the Commission fails to make a final determination within such time, the application shall be deemed to be granted.

Rules and regulations.

“(D) The Commission may issue such rules, regulations, and procedures as it deems necessary for the conduct of its functions under this paragraph.

Notice.

“(b) ABANDONMENT.—(1) Except as provided in subsections (c) and (f) of this section, rail properties over which rail service has been discontinued under subsection (a) of this section may not be abandoned sooner than 120 days after the effective date of the discontinuance. Thereafter, except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, such rail properties may be abandoned upon 30 days' notice in writing to any person (including a government entity) required to receive notice under subsection (a) (1) (C) of this section.

“(2) In any case in which rail properties proposed to be abandoned under this section are designated by the final system plan as rail properties which are suitable for use for other public purposes (including roads or highways, other forms of mass transportation, conservation, and recreation), such rail properties shall not be sold, leased, exchanged, or otherwise disposed of during the 240-day period beginning on the date of notice of proposed abandonment under this section unless such rail properties have first been offered, upon reasonable terms, for acquisition for public purposes.

“(3) Rail service may be discontinued, under subsection (a) of this section, and rail properties may be abandoned, under this section, notwithstanding any provision of the Interstate Commerce Act, the constitution or law of any State, or the decision of any court or administrative agency of the United States or of any State.

“(c) CONTINUATION OF RAIL SERVICES.—No rail service may be discontinued and no rail properties may be abandoned, pursuant to this section—

“(1) in the case of service and properties referred to in subsections (a) (1) and (b) (1) of this section, after 2 years from the

effective date of the final system plan or more than 2 years after the date on which the final rail service continuation payment is received, whichever is later; or

“(2) if a financially responsible person (including a government entity) offers—

“(A) to provide a rail service continuation payment which is designed to cover the difference between the revenue attributable to such rail properties and the avoidable costs of providing rail service on such properties, together with a reasonable return on the value of such properties;

“(B) to provide a rail service continuation payment which is payable pursuant to a lease or agreement with a State or with a local or regional transportation authority under which financial support was being provided on January 2, 1974 for the continuation of rail passenger service; or

“(C) to purchase, pursuant to subsection (f) of this section, such rail properties in order to operate rail services thereon.

If a rail service continuation payment is offered, pursuant to paragraph (2)(A) of this subsection, for both freight and passenger service on the same rail properties, the owner of such properties may not be entitled to more than one payment of a reasonable return on the value of such properties.

“(d) RAIL FREIGHT SERVICE.—(1) If a rail service continuation payment is offered, pursuant to subsection (c)(2)(A) of this section, for rail freight service, the person offering such payment shall designate the operator of such service and enter into an operating agreement with such operator. The person offering such payment shall designate as the operator of such service—

“(A) the Corporation, if rail properties of the Corporation connect with the line of railroad involved, unless the Commission determines that such rail service continuation could be performed more efficiently and economically by another railroad;

“(B) any other railroad whose rail properties connect with such line, if the Corporation's rail properties do not so connect or if the Commission makes a determination in accordance with subparagraph (A) of this paragraph; or

“(C) any responsible person (including a government entity) which is willing to operate rail service over such rail properties.

A designated railroad may refuse to enter into such an operating agreement only if the Commission determines, on petition by any affected party, that the agreement would substantially impair such railroad's ability to serve adequately its own patrons or to meet its outstanding common carrier obligations. The designated operator shall, pursuant to each such operating agreement (i) be obligated to operate rail freight service on such rail properties, and (ii) be entitled to receive, from the person offering such payment, the difference between the revenue attributable to such properties and the avoidable costs of providing service on such rail properties, together with a reasonable management fee, as determined by the Office.

“(2) The trustees of a railroad in reorganization shall permit rail service to be continued on any rail properties with respect to which a rail service continuation payment operating agreement has been entered into under this subsection. Such trustees shall receive a reasonable return on the value of such properties, as determined in accordance with the standards developed pursuant to section 205(d)(6) of this Act.

45 USC 743. “(3) If necessary to prevent any disruption or loss of rail service, at any time after the date of conveyance, pursuant to section 303(b) (1) of this title, the Commission—

“(A) shall take such action as may be appropriate under its existing authority (including the enforcement of common carrier requirements applicable to railroads in reorganization in the region) to ensure compliance with obligations imposed under this subsection; and

“(B) shall have authority, in accordance with the provisions of section 1(16)(b) of the Interstate Commerce Act (49 U.S.C. 1(16)(b)), to direct rail service to be provided by any designated railroad or by the trustees of a railroad in reorganization in the region, if a rail service continuation payment has been offered but an applicable operating or lease agreement is not in effect.

45 USC 715. Jurisdiction. For purposes of the preceding sentence, any compensation required as a result of such directed service shall be determined in accordance with the standards developed pursuant to section 205(d)(6) of this Act. The district courts of the United States shall have jurisdiction, upon petition by the Commission or any interested person (including a government entity), to enforce any order of the Commission issued pursuant to the exercise of its authority under this subsection, or to enjoin any designated entity or the trustees of a railroad in reorganization in the region from refusing to comply with the provisions of this subsection.

“(e) RAIL PASSENGER SERVICE.—(1) The Corporation (or a profitable railroad) shall provide rail passenger service for a period of 180 days immediately following the date of conveyance (pursuant to section 303(b)(1) of this title), with respect to any rail properties over which a railroad in reorganization in the region, or a person leased, operated, or controlled by such a railroad, was providing rail passenger service immediately prior to such date of conveyance. Such service shall be provided on such properties regardless of whether or not such properties are designated in the final system plan as rail properties over which rail service is required to be operated, except with respect to properties over which such service is provided by the National Railroad Passenger Corporation.

“(2) If a State (or a local or regional transportation authority) was providing financial assistance to support the operation of rail passenger service, pursuant to a lease or agreement which was in effect immediately prior to the date of conveyance (pursuant to such section 303(b)(1)), the Corporation (or a profitable railroad) shall be bound by the service provisions of such lease or agreement for the duration of the 180-day mandatory operation period specified in paragraph (1) of this subsection. If a State or such an authority was providing financial assistance for the continuation of rail passenger service on rail properties immediately prior to such date of conveyance, it shall provide the same level of financial assistance during such 180-day mandatory operation period. If no such financial assistance was being provided or if no such lease or agreement was in effect immediately prior to such date of conveyance, with respect to any such rail properties, the Corporation (or a profitable railroad) shall provide the same level of rail passenger service, for the duration of such 180-day mandatory operation period, that was provided prior to such date by the applicable railroad. If—

“(A) such financial assistance is not provided;

“(B) a State (or a local or regional transportation authority) has not, by the end of such 180-day mandatory operation period,

offered a rail service continuation payment pursuant to subsection (c) (2) (A) of this section;

“(C) an applicable rail service continuation payment pursuant to such subsection (c) (2) (A) is not paid when it is due; or

“(D) a payment required under a lease or agreement, pursuant to section 303(b) (2) of this title or subsection (c) (2) (B) of this section, is not paid when it is due, 45 USC 743.

the Corporation (or, where applicable, the National Railroad Passenger Corporation, a profitable railroad, or the trustee or trustees of a railroad in reorganization in the region) may (i) discontinue such rail passenger service, and (ii) with respect to rail properties not designated for inclusion in the final system plan, abandon such properties pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) of this section.

“(3) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to affect the obligation of the Corporation (or a profitable railroad), or of the trustees of the railroads in reorganization in the region, to provide rail passenger service pursuant to section 303(b) (2) of this title or subsection (c) (2) (B) of this section.

“(4) If a State (or a local or regional transportation authority)—

“(A) offers a rail service continuation payment, pursuant to subsection (c) (2) (A) of the section and under regulations issued by the Office pursuant to section 205(d) (5) of this Act, for the operation of rail passenger service after the 180-day mandatory operation period, and 45 USC 715.

“(B) provides compensation, pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection, for operations conducted during the 180-day mandatory operation period,

the Corporation (or a profitable railroad) shall continue to provide such service after the end of such period, except as otherwise provided in this subsection.

“(5) (A) The Secretary shall reimburse the Corporation (or a profitable railroad) for any loss which is incurred by it during the 180-day mandatory operation period specified in paragraph (1) of this subsection which is not compensated for by a State (or a local or regional transportation authority). The amount of such reimbursement shall be determined pursuant to section 17(a) (1) of the Urban Mass Transportation Act of 1964 and under regulations issued by the Office pursuant to section 205(d) (5) of this Act.

Post, p. 143.

“(B) The Secretary shall reimburse States, local public bodies, and agencies thereof for additional costs incurred by such States, bodies, and agencies for rail service continuation payments for rail passenger service pursuant to section 17(a) (2) of the Urban Mass Transportation Act of 1964 and under regulations issued by the Office pursuant to section 205(d) (5) of this Act.

“(C) If a dispute arises with respect to the application of any such regulations, the parties to such dispute may submit such dispute to arbitration by a third party. If the parties are unable to agree upon the selection of an arbitrator, the Chairman of the Commission shall serve in that capacity (except as to matters required to be decided by the Commission, pursuant to section 402(a) of the Rail Passenger Service Act (45 U.S.C. 562(a))).

“(6) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, the Corporation is not obligated to provide rail passenger service on rail properties if a State (or a local or regional transportation authority) contracts for such service to be provided on such properties by an operator other than the Corporation, except that the Corporation shall, where appropriate, provide such operator with access to such properties for such purpose.

“(f) **PURCHASE.**—If an offer to purchase is made under subsection (c) (2) (C) of this section, such offer shall be accompanied by an offer of a rail service continuation payment. Such payment shall continue until the purchase transaction is completed, unless a railroad assumes operations over such rail properties of its own account pursuant to an order or authorization of the Commission. Whenever a railroad in reorganization in the region or a profitable railroad gives notice of intent to discontinue service pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, such railroad shall, upon the request of anyone apparently qualified to make an offer to purchase or to provide a rail service continuation payment, promptly make available its most recent reports on the physical condition of such property, together with such traffic and revenue data as would be required under subpart B of part 1121 of chapter X of title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations and such other data as are necessary to ascertain the avoidable costs of providing service over such rail properties.

“(g) **ABANDONMENT BY CORPORATION.**—After the rail system to be operated by the Corporation or a subsidiary thereof under the final system plan has been in operation for 2 years, the Commission may authorize the Corporation or a subsidiary thereof to abandon any rail properties as to which it determines that rail service over such properties is not required by the public convenience and necessity, if the Corporation or a subsidiary thereof can demonstrate that no State (or local or regional transportation authority) is willing to offer a rail service continuation payment pursuant to subsection (c) of this section. The Commission may, at any time after the effective date of the final system plan, authorize additional rail service in the region or authorize the abandonment of rail properties which are not being operated by the Corporation or any subsidiary or affiliate thereof or by any other person. Determinations by the Commission under this subsection shall be made pursuant to applicable provisions of the Interstate Commerce Act.

45 USC 743.

“(h) **INTERIM ABANDONMENT.**—After the date of enactment of this section and prior to the date of conveyance (pursuant to section 303 (b) (1) of this title), no railroad in reorganization in the region may discontinue service or abandon any line of railroad other than in accordance with the provisions of this Act, unless (1) it is authorized to do so by the Association, and (2) no affected State (or local or regional transportation authority) reasonably opposes such action, notwithstanding any provision of any other Federal law, the constitution or law of any State, or the decision or order of, or the pendency of any proceeding before any Federal or State court, agency, or authority.

“(i) **DISPOSITION OF DESIGNATED RAIL PROPERTIES.**—No railroad in reorganization in the region and no person leased, operated or controlled by such a railroad shall sell, transfer, encumber, or otherwise dispose of rail property, or any right or interest therein, designated for transfer to the Corporation or conveyance to a profitable railroad in the final system plan, except pursuant to section 303 (b) of this title. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any such sale, transfer, encumbrance, or other disposition—

“(1) as to which the Association generally or specifically consents in writing;

“(2) which, prior to enactment of the Railroad Revitalization and Regulatory Reform Act of 1976, had been specifically approved by a United States district court having jurisdiction over the reorganization of a railroad in reorganization under section 77 of the Bankruptcy Act (11 U.S.C. 205); or

Ante, p. 31.

“(3) following certification to the special court, pursuant to section 209(c) of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973, of any such rail properties not previously so certified. 45 USC 719.

“(j) EXEMPTION.—(1) No local public body which provides mass transportation services and which is otherwise subject to the Interstate Commerce Act shall, with respect to the provision of such services, be subject to the Interstate Commerce Act or to rules, regulations and orders promulgated under such Act, except that any such local public body shall continue to be subject to applicable Federal laws pertaining to (A) safety, (B) the representation of employees for purposes of collective bargaining, and (C) employment retirement, annuity, and unemployment systems or any other provision pertaining to dealings between employees and employers. 49 USC 1.

“(2) For purposes of this subsection, the term—

“(A) ‘local public body’ has the meaning prescribed for such term in section 12(c)(2) of the Urban Mass Transportation Act (49 U.S.C. 1608(c)(2)) and includes any person or entity which contracts with a local public body to provide transportation services; and “Local public body.”

“(B) ‘mass transportation’ has the meaning prescribed for such term in section 12(c)(5) of the Urban Mass Transportation Act (49 U.S.C. 1608(c)(5)).” “Mass transportation.”

CONTINUATION ASSISTANCE

SEC. 805. (a) Section 402 of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 (45 U.S.C. 762) is amended to read as follows:

“RAIL SERVICE CONTINUATION ASSISTANCE

“SEC. 402. (a) GENERAL.—(1) The Secretary shall provide financial assistance in accordance with this section to assist in the provision of rail service continuation payments, the acquisition or modernization of rail properties, including the preservation of rights-of-way for future rail service, the construction or improvement of facilities necessary to accommodate the transportation of freight previously moved by rail service, and the cost of operating and maintaining rail service facilities such as yards, shops, docks, or other facilities useful in facilitating and maintaining main line or local rail service. The Federal share of the costs of any such assistance shall be as follows: (A) 100 percent for the 12-month period following the date that rail properties are conveyed pursuant to section 303(b)(1) of this Act; and (B) 90 percent for the succeeding 12-month period. 45 USC 743.

“(2) The Secretary shall, within one year after the date of enactment of the Railroad Revitalization and Regulatory Reform Act of 1976, promulgate standards and procedures under which the State share of such cost may be provided through in-kind benefits such as forgiveness of taxes, trackage rights, and facilities which would not otherwise be provided. Standards and procedures. Ante, p. 31.

“(3) The Secretary, in cooperation with the Secretary of Labor, the Association, and the Commission, shall assist States and local or regional transportation authorities in negotiating initial operating or lease agreements and shall report to the Congress not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of the Railroad Revitalization and Regulatory Reform Act of 1976 on the progress of such negotiations. The Secretary may, with the concurrence of a State, enter directly into operating or lease agreements with railroads designated to provide service under section 304(d) of this Act, and with the trustees of rail- Report to Congress. 45 USC 744.

roads in reorganization in the region over whose rail properties such service will be provided, to assure the uninterrupted continuation of rail service after such date of conveyance. Such agreements may be entered into only during the period when the Federal share is 100 percent. Payments shall be made from the funds to which a State would otherwise be entitled under this section.

“(b) ENTITLEMENT.—(1) Each State in the region which is, pursuant to subsection (c) of this section, eligible to receive rail service continuation assistance is entitled to an amount equal to the total amount authorized and appropriated for such purpose multiplied by a fraction whose numerator is the rail mileage in such State which is eligible for rail service continuation assistance under this section and whose denominator is the rail mileage in all of the States in the region which are eligible for rail service continuation assistance under this section. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the entitlement of each State shall not be less than 3 percent of the funds appropriated. Not more than 5 percent of a State’s entitlement may be used for rail planning activities. For purposes of this subsection, rail mileage shall be measured by the Secretary in consultation with the Interstate Commerce Commission. Any portion of the entitlement of any State which is withheld, in accordance with this section, and any such sums which are not used or committed by a State shall be reallocated immediately, to the extent practicable, among the other States in accordance with the formula set forth in this subsection. In addition to amounts provided pursuant to such rail mileage formula, funds shall also be made available to each State for the cost of operating and maintaining rail service facilities such as yards, shops, and docks which are useful in facilitating and maintaining mainline or local rail services and which are contained in each State’s rail plan, except that (A) any such assistance shall extend for a period of only 12 months following the date rail properties are conveyed under section 303(b)(1) of this Act, and (B) no railroad shall be required to operate such facilities. With respect to the limitation on assistance for rail service facilities under the preceding sentence, the Secretary shall, not later than 90 days prior to the end of such 12-month period, submit a report to the Congress in conjunction with a designated State agency, recommending future action with respect to such facilities.

“(2) For a period of not more than 1 year following the date rail properties are conveyed pursuant to section 303(b)(1) of this Act, the Secretary is authorized to provide financial assistance, from the funds to which a State would otherwise be entitled under this section for the continuation of local rail services, to any person determined by the Secretary to be financially responsible who will enter into any operating and lease agreements with railroads designated to provide service under section 304(d) of this Act, regardless of the eligibility of the State, where the applicable rail properties are located, to receive assistance under subsection (c) of this section. In any case in which a State is eligible to receive rail service continuation assistance under subsection (c) of this section, States shall have priority to receive such payments over any other person eligible under this paragraph and no other person eligible under this paragraph shall receive such payments unless his application therefor has been approved by the State agency designated under subsection (c) to administer the State plan.

“(c) ELIGIBILITY.—(1) A State in the region is eligible to receive financial assistance pursuant to subsection (b) of this section if, in any fiscal year—

“(A) the State has established a State plan for rail transportation and local rail services (herein referred to as the ‘State rail

Rail mileage,
measurement.

45 USC 743.

Financial
assistance.

45 USC 744.

plan') which is administered or coordinated by a designated State agency and such plan includes a suitable process for updating, revising, and amending such plan and provides for the equitable distribution of such financial assistance among State, local, and regional transportation authorities;

"(B) the State agency (i) has authority and administrative jurisdiction to develop, promote, supervise, and support safe, adequate, and efficient rail services, (ii) employs or will employ, directly or indirectly, sufficient trained and qualified personnel, and (iii) maintains or will maintain adequate programs of investigation, research, promotion, and development with provision for public participation;

"(C) the State provides satisfactory assurance that such fiscal control and fund accounting procedures will be adopted as may be necessary to assure proper disbursement of, and accounting for, Federal funds paid under this title to the State; and

"(D) the State complies with the regulations of the Secretary issued under this section.

"(2) The rail freight services which are eligible for rail service continuation assistance pursuant to this section are—

"(A) those rail services of railroads in reorganization in the region, or persons leased, operated, or controlled by any such railroad, which the final system plan does not designate to be continued;

"(B) those rail services on rail properties referred to in section 304(a)(2) of this Act;

"(C) those rail services in the region which have been, at any time during the 5-year period prior to the date of enactment of this Act, or which, are subsequent to the date of enactment of this Act, owned, leased, or operated by a State agency or by a local or regional transportation authority, or with respect to which a State, a political subdivision thereof, or a local or regional transportation authority has invested (at any time during the 5-year period prior to the date of enactment of this Act), or invests (subsequent to the date of enactment of this Act), substantial sums for improvement or maintenance of rail service; or

"(D) those rail services in the region with respect to which the Commission authorizes the discontinuance of rail services or the abandonment of rail properties, effective on or after the date of enactment of this Act.

"(3) The rail freight properties which are eligible to be acquired or modernized with financial assistance pursuant to subsection (b) of this section are those rail properties which are used for services eligible for rail service continuation assistance, pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection, including those properties which are identified, in the applicable State rail plan as having potential for future use for rail freight service.

"(4) The facilities which are eligible to be constructed or improved with financial assistance pursuant to subsection (b) of this section are those facilities in the region (including intermodal terminals and highways or bridges) which are needed in order to provide rail freight service which will no longer be available because of the discontinuance of rail freight service under section 304 of this Act or other lawful authority. No funds provided under this paragraph may be used to pay the State share of any highway projects under title 23, United States Code.

"(5) Rail properties are eligible to be acquired with financial assistance pursuant to subsection (b) of this section if (A) they are

45 USC 716. to be used for intercity or commuter rail passenger service, and (B) they pertain to a line in the region (other than rail properties designated in accordance with section 206(c)(1)(C) of this Act) which, if so acquired (i) would enable the National Railroad Passenger Corporation to serve, more efficiently, a route which it operated on November 1, 1975, (ii) would provide intercity rail passenger service designated by the Secretary under title II of the Rail Passenger Service Act, or (iii) would provide such service over a route designated for service pursuant to section 403(c) of the Rail Passenger Service Act (45 U.S.C. 563(c)).

45 USC 521.

“(d) REGULATIONS.—Within 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall issue, and may from time to time amend, regulations with respect to the provision of financial assistance under this title.

“(e) PAYMENT.—The Secretary shall pay to each eligible State in the region an amount equal to its entitlement under subsection (b) of this section.

“(f) RECORDS, AUDIT, AND EXAMINATION.—(1) Each recipient of financial assistance under this section, whether in the form of grants, subgrants, contracts, subcontracts, or other arrangements, shall keep such records as the Secretary shall prescribe, including records which fully disclose the amount and disposition by such recipient of the proceeds of such assistance, the total cost of the project or undertaking in connection with which such assistance was given or used, the amount of that portion of the cost of the project supplied by other sources, and such other records as will facilitate an effective audit. Such records shall be maintained for 3 years after the completion of such a project or undertaking.

“(2) The Secretary and the Comptroller General of the United States, or any of their duly authorized representatives, shall have access for the purpose of audit and examination to any books, documents, papers, and records of such receipts which in the opinion of the Secretary or the Comptroller General may be related or pertinent to the grants, contracts, or other arrangements referred to in such paragraph.

Notice and hearing.

“(g) WITHHOLDING.—If the Secretary, after reasonable notice and an opportunity for a hearing to any State agency, finds that a State is not eligible for financial assistance under subsections (c) and (d) of this section, payment to such State shall not be made until there is no longer any failure to comply.

“(h) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out the purposes of this section an amount not to exceed \$180,000,000 without fiscal year limitation. Such sums as are appropriated shall remain available until expended.

“(i) DEFINITION.—As used in this section, the term ‘rail service continuation assistance’ includes expenditures made by a State (or a local or regional transportation authority), at any time during a 1-year period preceding the date of enactment of this Act, or subsequent to the date of enactment of this Act, for acquisition, rehabilitation, or modernization of rail facilities on which rail freight services would have been curtailed or abandoned but for such expenditures.”

(b) Section 403(a) of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 (45 U.S.C. 763), is amended by striking the colon and the proviso and inserting in lieu thereof a period.

(c) Section 403(b) of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 (45 U.S.C. 763(b)) is amended by striking the last sentence thereof and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, a State may expend sums received by it under paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 402(b) of this title for

acquisition and modernization pursuant to this section, or for any project designated pursuant to a State rail plan.”

REPEAL

SEC. 806. Effective on the date of the second anniversary of the date on which rail properties are conveyed, pursuant to section 303(b)(1) of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 (45 U.S.C. 743), title IV of such Act is repealed.

Effective date.

45 USC
761-763.

RAIL PASSENGER SERVICE

SEC. 807. Section 206(d)(5) of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 (45 U.S.C. 716(d)(5)) is amended to read as follows:

“(5) All properties—

“(A) transferred by the Corporation pursuant to sections 206(c)(1)(C) and 601(d) of this Act;

45 USC 716,
791.

“(B) transferred by the Corporation to any State (or local or regional transportation authority), pursuant to subsection (c)(1)(D) of this section, or

“(C) transferred by the Corporation to any State, local or regional transportation authority, or the National Railroad Passenger Corporation, within 900 days after the date of conveyance, pursuant to section 303(b)(1) of this Act, to meet the needs of commuter or intercity rail passenger service,

45 USC 743.

shall be transferred at a value related to the value received from the Corporation pursuant to the final system plan for the transfer to such Corporation of such properties. The value of any such properties, which are transferred pursuant to subparagraph (B) or (C) of this paragraph, shall be adjusted to reflect the value attributable to any applicable maintenance and improvement provided by the Corporation (to the extent the Corporation has not been released from the obligation to pay for such improvements) and the cost to the Corporation of transferring such properties.”

EMERGENCY OPERATING ASSISTANCE

SEC. 808. The Urban Mass Transportation Act of 1964 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

“EMERGENCY OPERATING ASSISTANCE

“SEC. 17. (a) The Secretary shall provide financial assistance for the purpose of reimbursing— 49 USC 1613.

“(1) the Consolidated Rail Corporation, the National Railroad Passenger Corporation, other railroads, and, if applicable, the trustee or trustees of a railroad in reorganization in the region (as defined in section 102 of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 (45 U.S.C. 702)) for the costs of rail passenger service operations conducted at a loss during the 180-day mandatory operation period, as required under section 304(e) of such Act (45 U.S.C. 744(e)). Such reimbursement shall cover all costs not otherwise paid by a State or a local or regional transportation authority which would have been payable by such State or authority, pursuant to regulations issued by the Office under section 205(d)(5) of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 (45 U.S.C. 715) if such regulations had been in effect on the date of conveyance of rail properties under section 303(b)(1) of such Act; and

“(2) States, local public bodies, and agencies thereof for additional costs incurred by such States, bodies, and agencies with respect to rail passenger service required by section 304(e)(4) of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 (45 U.S.C. 744 (e)(4)).

“(b) Financial assistance under subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to intercity rail passenger service provided pursuant to an agreement with the National Railroad Passenger Corporation which was in effect immediately prior to such date of conveyance.

“(c) Financial assistance provided pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall be subject to such terms, conditions, requirements, and provisions as the Secretary may deem necessary and appropriate with such reasonable exceptions to requirements and provisions otherwise applicable under this Act as the Secretary may deem required by the emergency nature of the assistance authorized by this section. Nothing in this section shall authorize the Secretary to waive the provisions of section 13(c) of this Act.

49 USC 1609.
Federal share.

“(d) The Federal share of the costs of any rail passenger service required by subsections (c) and (e) of section 304 of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 (45 U.S.C. 744 (c) and (e)) shall be as follows:

“(1) 100 percent of the costs eligible under subsections (a)(1) or (a)(2) of this section for the 180-day mandatory operation period required by section 304(e) of such Act;

“(2) 100 percent for the 180-day period following the 180-day mandatory operation period;

“(3) 90 percent for the 12-month period succeeding the period specified in subparagraph (2) of this subsection; and

“(4) 50 percent for the 180-day period succeeding the period specified in subparagraph (3) of this subsection.

No assistance may be provided beyond the time specified in subsection (d)(3) of this section, unless the applicant for such assistance provides satisfactory assurances to the Secretary that the service for which such assistance is sought will be continued after the termination of the assistance authorized by this section.

“(e) The terms and provisions which are applicable to assistance provided pursuant to this section shall be consistent, insofar as is practicable, with the terms and provisions which are applicable to operating assistance under section 5 of this Act.

49 USC 1604.

“(f) To finance assistance under this section, the Secretary may incur obligations on behalf of the United States in the form of grants, contract agreements, or otherwise, in such amounts as are provided in appropriations Acts, in an aggregate amount not to exceed \$125,000,000. There are authorized to be appropriated for liquidation of the obligations incurred under this section not to exceed \$40,000,000 by September 30, 1976, \$95,000,000 by September 30, 1977, and \$125,000,000 by September 30, 1978, such sums to remain available until expended.”.

Appropriation
authorization.

CONVERSION OF ABANDONED RAILROAD RIGHTS-OF-WAY

Report to
President and
Congress.
49 USC 1a note.

SEC. 809. (a) STUDY.—The Secretary shall, within 360 days after the date of enactment of this Act, and in consultation with the Secretary of the Interior, the Office, the Association, the Environmental Protection Agency, any other appropriate Federal agency, any appropriate State and regional transportation agency, any other appropriate State and local governmental entities, and any appropriate private groups and individuals, prepare and submit to the Congress and the President a report on the conversion of railroad rights-of-way. This

report shall evaluate and make suggestions concerning potential alternate uses of, and public policy with respect to the conversion of, railroad rights-of-way on which service has been discontinued or is likely to be discontinued. This report shall include—

(1) an inventory statement developed by the Secretary as to all abandoned railroad rights-of-way and significant segments of such rights-of-way which retain their linear characteristics, including, as to each, identification of the owner of record and an evaluation of its topography, characteristics, condition, approximate value, and alternate use suitability;

(2) an evaluation of the advantages of establishing a rail bank consisting of selected such rights-of-way, as a means of assuring their availability for potential railroad use in the future, a discussion of interim uses for such rights-of-way, the development of conveyancing and leasing forms, conditions, and practices to assure such availability, a projection as to the costs of such a program, and recommendations regarding the administration of such a program;

(3) a survey of existing Federal, State, and local programs utilizing or attempting to utilize abandoned railroad rights-of-way for public purposes, including an assessment of the benefits and costs of each; and

(4) an assessment and evaluation of suggestions for more effective public utilization of abandoned railroad rights-of-way, including recommendations for legislative, administrative, and regulatory action, if any, and proposals as to the optimum level of funding therefor.

(b) **INFORMATION AND FUNDING.**—The Secretary of the Interior, after consultation with the Secretary, shall, in accordance with this subsection, provide financial, educational, and technical assistance to local, State, and Federal governmental entities for programs involving the conversion of abandoned railroad rights-of-way to recreational and conservational uses, in such manner as to coordinate and accelerate such conversion, where appropriate. Such assistance shall include—

(1) encouraging and facilitating exchanges of information dealing with the availability of railroad rights-of-way, the technology involved in converting such properties to such public purposes, and related matters;

(2) making grants, in consultation with the Bureau of Outdoor Recreation of the Department of the Interior, to State and local governmental entities to enable them to plan, acquire, and develop recreational or conservational facilities on abandoned railroad rights-of-way, which grants shall cover not more than 90 percent of the cost of the planning, acquisition, or development activity of the particular project for which funds are sought;

(3) allocating funds to other Federal programs concerned with recreation or conservation in order to enable abandoned railroad rights-of-way, where appropriate, to be included in or made into national parks, national trails, national recreational areas, wildlife refuges, or other national areas dedicated to recreational or conservational uses; and

(4) providing technical assistance to other Federal agencies, States, local agencies, and private groups for the purpose of enhancing conversion projects. To increase the available information and expertise, the Secretary may contract for special studies or projects and may otherwise collect, evaluate, and disseminate information dealing with the utilization of such rights-of-way.

49 USC 1a. (c) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 1a of the Interstate Commerce Act, as inserted by this Act, is amended by redesignating paragraph (10) thereof as paragraph (11), and by inserting immediately after paragraph (9) the following new paragraph:

“(10) In any instance in which the Commission finds that the present or future public convenience and necessity permit abandonment or discontinuance, the Commission shall make a further finding whether such properties are suitable for use for other public purposes, including roads or highways, other forms of mass transportation, conservation, energy production or transmission, or recreation. If the Commission finds that the properties proposed to be abandoned are suitable for other public purposes, it shall order that such rail properties not be sold, leased, exchanged, or otherwise disposed of except in accordance with such reasonable terms and conditions as are prescribed by the Commission, including, but not limited to, a prohibition on any such disposal, for a period not to exceed 180 days after the effective date of the order permitting abandonment unless such properties have first been offered, upon reasonable terms, for acquisition for public purposes.”

49 USC 1a note. (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out the provisions of this section, not to exceed \$6,000,000 for the fiscal year and the transitional fiscal period ending September 30, 1976, not to exceed \$7,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1977, and not to exceed \$7,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1978. Sums appropriated pursuant to this authorization are authorized to remain available until expended. Of the funds appropriated, at least four-fifths are to be made available to the Secretary of the Interior to carry out subsection (b) of this section.

RAIL BANK

49 USC 1653a. SEC. 810. (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall, within 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, and after consultation with the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Commerce, in accordance with this section, establish a rail bank to consist of rail trackage and other rail properties eligible under this subsection, for purposes of preserving existing service in certain areas of the United States in which fossil fuel natural resources or agricultural production is located. The Secretary may include in such rail bank any railroad trackage or other rail properties which are listed for consideration for inclusion in a rail bank under part III, section C, of the final system plan.

(b) POWERS.—(1) The Secretary may acquire, by lease, purchase, or in such other manner as he considers appropriate, rail properties or any interests therein eligible for inclusion in the rail bank established under this section. Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the Secretary may hold rail properties acquired for such rail bank, and may sell, lease, grant rights over, or otherwise dispose of interests or rights in connection with such rail properties.

(2) The Secretary may not dispose of any such rail properties pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection if he determines, after consultation with the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Commerce, that such disposition would adversely affect the availability of such properties for any continued necessary access to, and egress by rail from, facilities in which fossil fuels are being or can be extracted or processed.

(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for purposes of carrying out the

provisions of this section such sums as are necessary, not to exceed \$6,000,000. Sums appropriated pursuant to this section are authorized to remain available until expended.

TITLE IX—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

COMPREHENSIVE STUDY OF RAIL SYSTEM

SEC. 901. The Secretary shall conduct a comprehensive study of the American railway system. Such study shall commence not later than 45 days after the date of enactment of this Act. Such study shall include—

49 USC 1654
note.

(1) a showing of the potential cost savings and of possible improvements in service quality which could result from restructuring the railroads in the United States;

(2) an identification of the potential economies and improvements in performance which could result from the improvement of local and terminal operations;

(3) estimates as to potential savings in the cost of rehabilitating the United States railway system if rehabilitation is limited to those portions of such system which are essential to interstate commerce or national defense;

(4) an assessment of the extent to which common or public ownership of fixed facilities could improve the national rail transportation system;

(5) an assessment of the potential effects of alternative rail corporate structures upon the national rail transportation system;

(6) a listing, in order of descending priority, of the rail properties which should be improved to the extent necessary to permit high-speed rail passenger or freight service over such properties, in terms of the costs and benefits of such improvements and the reasons therefor; and

(7) an estimate of the potential benefits of railroad electrification for high density rail lines in the United States, and an evaluation of the costs and benefits of electrifying rail lines in the United States with a high density of traffic, including—

(A) the capital costs of such electrification and the oil fuel economies which would be derived therefrom, the ability of existing power facilities to supply the additional power required, and the amount of coal or other fossil fuels required to generate the power necessary for railroad electrification; and

(B) the advantages to the environment of electrification of railroads in terms of reduced fuel consumption and air pollution, and the disadvantages to the environment from increased use of fuels such as coal; and

(8) a survey and analysis of the financial and physical condition of the facilities, rolling stock, and equipment of the various railroads in the United States.

Within 540 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit a report to the Congress setting forth the results of the study conducted pursuant to this section.

Report to
Congress.

STUDY OF AID TO RAIL TRANSPORTATION

SEC. 902. (a) STUDY.—Within 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall initiate a comprehensive study and analysis of (1) past and present policies and methods of providing Federal aid for the construction, improvement, operation, and

49 USC 1654
note.

maintenance of rail transportation facilities and services, (2) the relationship of such policies and methods to the policies and methods of providing Federal aid for other modes of transportation, and (3) whether common carriers by railroad have been or are disadvantaged by reason of such policies and methods, and, if such carriers have been or are disadvantaged, the extent of such disadvantage. The Secretary shall examine ways and means by which future policy respecting Federal aid to rail transportation may be so determined and developed as to encourage the establishment and maintenance of an open and competitive market in which rail transportation competes on equal terms with other modes of transportation, and in which market shares are governed by customer preference based upon the service and full economic costs.

(b) COOPERATION.—The Commission and the Secretary of the Army are authorized and directed to cooperate fully with the Secretary in carrying out the purposes of this section, and also to submit such independent and separate reports, comments, and recommendations as they consider appropriate.

(c) INFORMATION.—In carrying out the purposes of this section, the Secretary may require all common carriers by railroad to file such reports containing such information as the Secretary considers necessary. The Secretary shall have the power to require by subpoena the production of such books, papers, tariffs, contracts, agreements, or other documents or data of a common carrier by railroad related to the study and analysis as he considers relevant. The Secretary may treat as confidential and privileged any document, data, or information received for such study and analysis, notwithstanding the provisions of section 552 of title 5, United States Code.

(d) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Within 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall complete the study and analysis authorized and directed by this section, and shall transmit a report to the Congress containing his findings and conclusions, together with his recommendations for a sound and rational policy with respect to Federal aid to rail transportation.

STUDY OF CONGLOMERATES

49 USC 5c note.

SEC. 903. The Commission shall undertake a study of conglomerates and of such other corporate structures as are presently found within the rail transportation industry. The Commission shall determine what effects, if any, such diverse structures have on effective transportation, on intermodal competition, on revenue levels, and on such other aspects of national transportation as the Commission considers to be legitimate subjects of study. The Commission shall prepare a report with appropriate recommendations and shall submit its report to the Congress within 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act.

Report to
Congress.

RAIL ABANDONMENT REPORT

Report to
Congress.
45 USC 745 note.

SEC. 904. The Secretary shall submit to the Congress, within 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, a comprehensive report on the anticipated effect, including the environmental impact, of any abandonments of lines of railroad and any discontinuances of rail service in States outside the region, as defined in section 102 of the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 (45 U.S.C. 702).

NONDISCRIMINATION

45 USC 803.

SEC. 905. (a) GENERAL.—No person in the United States shall on the ground of race, color, national origin, or sex be excluded from

participation in, or denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under, any project, program, or activity funded in whole or in part through financial assistance under this Act.

(b) COMPLIANCE.—(1) Whenever the Secretary determines that any person receiving financial assistance, directly or indirectly, under this Act, or under any provision of law amended by this Act, has failed to comply with subsection (a) of this section, with any Federal civil rights statute, or with any order or regulation issued under such a statute, the Secretary shall notify such person of such determination and shall direct such person to take such action as may be necessary to assure compliance with such subsection.

(2) If, within a reasonable period of time after receiving notification pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection, such person fails or refuses to comply with subsection (a) of this section, the Secretary shall—

(A) direct that no further Federal financial assistance be provided to such person;

(B) refer the matter to the Attorney General with a recommendation that an appropriate civil action be instituted;

(C) exercise the powers and functions provided by title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.); and/or

(D) take such other actions as may be provided by law.

(c) CIVIL ACTION.—Whenever a matter is referred to the Attorney General pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, or whenever the Attorney General has reason to believe that any person is engaged in a pattern or practice in violation of the provisions of this section, the Attorney General may commence a civil action in any appropriate district court of the United States for such relief as may be appropriate, including injunctive relief.

(d) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary may prescribe such regulations and take such actions as are necessary to monitor, enforce, and affirmatively carry out the purposes of this section.

(e) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—Any determinations made or actions taken by the Secretary pursuant to this section shall be subject to judicial review.

(f) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this section, the term “financial assistance” includes obligation guarantees.

MINORITY RESOURCE CENTER

SEC. 906. The Department of Transportation Act (49 U.S.C. 1651 et seq.) is amended (1) by redesignating sections 11 through 15 thereof as sections 12 through 16 thereof, and (2) by inserting a new section 11 as follows:

49 USC 1651
notes, 1658,
1659.

“MINORITY RESOURCE CENTER

“SEC. 11. (a) The Secretary shall, within 180 days after the date of enactment of this section, establish a Minority Resource Center (hereafter in this section referred to as the ‘Center’). Establishment.
49 USC 1657a.

“(b) The Center shall have an Advisory Committee, which shall consist of 5 individuals appointed by the Secretary from lists of 3 qualified individuals recommended by minority-dominated trade associations in the minority business community.

“(c) The Center is authorized to—

“(1) establish and maintain, and disseminate information from, a national information clearinghouse for minority entrepreneurs and businesses, for purposes of furnishing, to such entrepreneurs and businesses, information with respect to business opportunities

involving the maintenance, rehabilitation, restructuring, improvement, and revitalization of the Nation's railroads;

"(2) assist minority entrepreneurs and businesses in obtaining investment capital and debt financing;

"(3) conduct market research, planning, economic and business analyses, and feasibility studies to identify such opportunities;

"(4) design and conduct programs to encourage, promote, and assist minority entrepreneurs and businesses to secure contracts, subcontracts, and projects related to the maintenance, rehabilitation, restructuring, improvement, and revitalization of the Nation's railroads;

"(5) enter into such contracts, cooperative agreements, or other transactions as may be necessary in the conduct of its functions and duties;

"(6) develop support mechanisms, including venture capital, surety and bonding organizations, and management and technical services, which will enable minority entrepreneurs and businesses to take advantage of business opportunities related to the maintenance, rehabilitation, restructuring, improvement, and revitalization of the Nation's railroads; and

"(7) participate in, and cooperate with, all Federal programs and other programs designed to provide financial, management, and other forms of support and assistance to minority entrepreneurs and businesses.

"(d) The United States Railway Association, the Consolidated Rail Corporation, and the Secretary shall provide the Center with such relevant information, including procurement schedules, bids, and specifications with respect to particular maintenance, rehabilitation, restructuring, improvement, and revitalization projects, as may be requested by the Center in connection with the performance of its functions.

"Minority."

"(e) As used in this section, the term 'minority' includes women."

Approved February 5, 1976.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 94-725 accompanying H.R. 10979 (Comm. on Interstate and Foreign Commerce) and Nos. 94-768 and 94-781 (Comm. of Conference).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 94-499 (Comm. on Commerce) and Nos. 94-585 and 94-595 (Comm. of Conference).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD:

Vol. 121 (1975): Dec. 2, 4, considered and passed Senate.

Dec. 17, considered and passed House, amended, in lieu of H.R. 10979.

Dec. 19, Senate and House agreed to conference report.

Vol. 122 (1975): Jan. 20, House vacated certain actions and recommitted the bill to committee of conference.

Jan. 21, Senate vacated certain actions and recommitted the bill to committee of conference.

Jan. 28, House and Senate agreed to conference report.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS:

Vol. 12, No. 6 (1976): Feb. 5, Presidential statement.