

CDC's Laboratory Response Network for CHEMICAL THREATS

The Laboratory Response Network for Chemical Threats (LRN-C) is a national network of CDC and local and state public health laboratories that respond to chemical terrorism and other public health emergencies. During large-scale, national events, state and local LRN-C laboratories assist CDC in testing samples for chemical exposures and serve as front line communication among the CDC and local health officials, hospitals, and poison control centers. They also provide crucial local and state infrastructure that supports other important state and local public health programs.

Mission:

Ensure a local and national asset for laboratory response to a wide range of chemical emergencies and emerging threats.

By the Numbers

54

LRN-C member laboratories located in the U.S., including one U.S. territory

44

laboratories can identify exposures to toxic chemical agents such as cyanide, nerve agents, and toxic metals

10

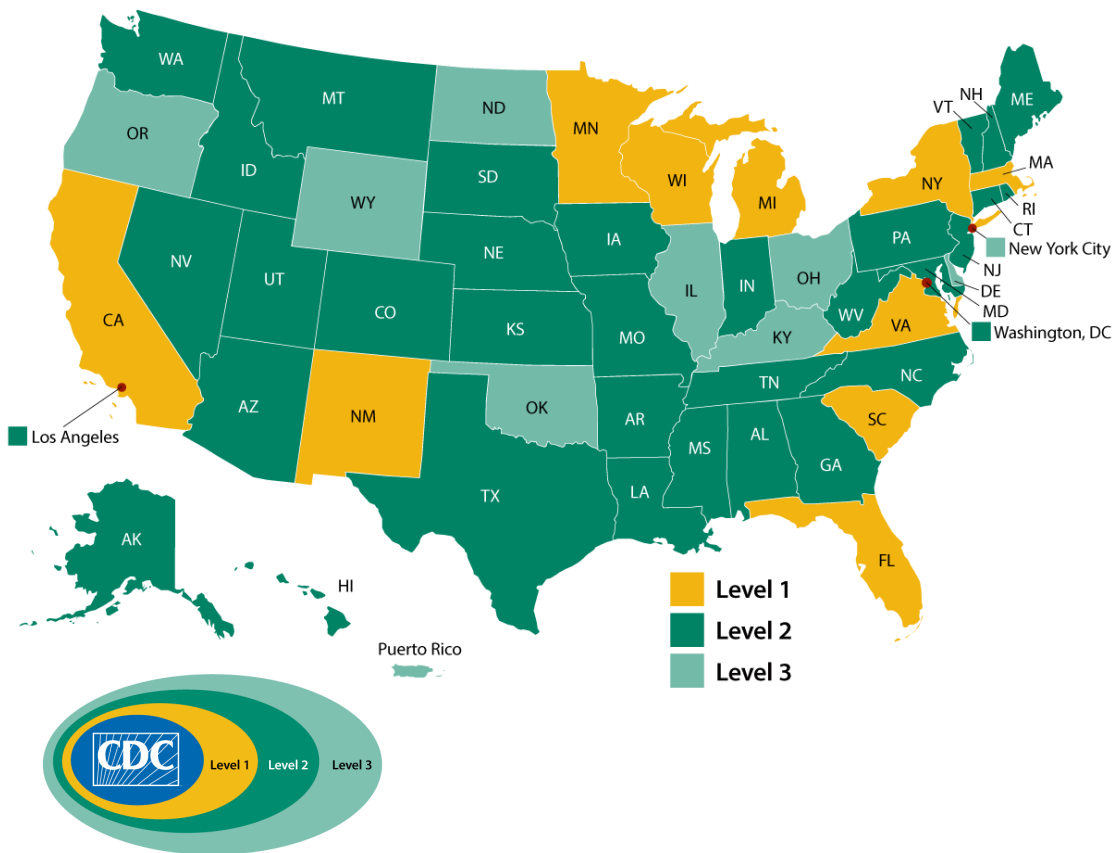
laboratories with high threat testing capabilities for mustard agents, nerve agents, and toxic industrial chemical exposures

8,500

clinical samples can be processed, tested and reported to CDC within a 24 hour period

84%

of Americans live within 100 miles of an LRN-C laboratory



The CDC Surge Capacity Model

Level 1 laboratories provide 24/7 assistance to CDC by testing samples in the event of a large-scale chemical emergency. These laboratories must maintain adequate staffing and equipment to support high volume testing with quick turnaround times. CDC also requires these laboratories maintain testing capabilities for exposures to the following high threat chemical agents: mustard agents, nerve agents, and toxic industrial chemicals. In addition, Level 1 laboratories maintain all Level 2 testing capabilities.

Level 2 Laboratories must maintain testing capabilities for exposures to chemical terrorism agents such as cyanide, toxic metals, and toxic industrial chemicals. Although Level 2 laboratories test a smaller list of chemical threat agents, LRN-C methods are customizable and can be readily adapted to detect broad classifications of new and emerging threat agents.

Level 3 Laboratories ensure local support with sample logistics, as well as training and outreach with local hospitals. All LRN-C laboratories maintain Level 3 capabilities.

Early detection and accurate identification of chemical threat agents are critical for effective treatment and minimizing additional exposures. CDC ensures the testing capabilities of LRN-C laboratories through the services it provides to the network. CDC program services to LRN-C include:

- Hands-on laboratory methods training
- Response materials for sample testing
- Proficiency Testing
- Response readiness drills

LRN-C: A Network with Many Partners

Founding partners: CDC,
FBI, and the Association of
Public Health Laboratories

US Department of Defense

Organization for the
Prohibition of Chemical
Weapons (OPCW)

US Food and Drug
Administration

US Department of Homeland
Security

US Department of State

Private commercial
laboratories

Materials manufacturing
vendors

Integrated Consortium of
Laboratory Networks (ICLN)

HHS Office of the Assistant
Secretary for Preparedness
and Response (Biomedical
Advanced Research and
Development Authority)

