# I've a Research Question: Now What?

STATISTICAL RESOURCES @ OFFICE OF RESEARCH CONSULTING (ORC)

MEI CHANG
CO-DIRECTOR, OFFICE OF RESEARCH CONSULTING
FEBRUARY 11, 2016

# Objectives

Targeted Audiences: Master's and Beginning Doctoral Students

- > Learn basics of how to determine appropriate statistical procedures for data analysis.
- > Become aware of the services provided and resources available at ORC.
- Get your questions answered.

## "Is It a Good Research Question?"

- ☐ Is it answerable?
- ☐ Are my variables measurable?
- Does my research question reflect the research paradigm I am interested in?
  - \* Quantitative
  - \* Qualitative
  - \* Mixed Methods

# Determine Appropriate Statistical Procedures for Data Analysis

HOW DO I GET MY RESEARCH QUESTION(S) ANSWERED?

### Know Your Variables

- ➤ Identify your independent variable (IV) and dependent variable (DV).
- ➤ What are the scale of measurement of my variables?
  - Nominal, Ordinal, Ratio, Interval
  - Continuous variables
  - Dichotomous variables
  - Discrete variables

### Know the Number of Variables You Have

- ➤ How many independent variable(s) and levels of the DV(s)?
  - Single IV (two levels)
  - Multiple IVs (two or more IVs with two or more levels)
- ➤ How many dependent variable(s)?
  - Single DV
  - Multiple DVs

#### Know What You Want the Variables to Tell You

- ➤ Descriptive statistics (what are the characteristics of my data?)
- Inferential statistics (Can my sample results can be inferred or generalized to my population of interest?)

#### Know What You Want To Do with the Variables

#### Compare Group Means of the DV

- One nominal IV and One continuous DV
  - Compare sample mean to population mean Single sample t-test
  - Compare two independent sample means Independent sample t-test
  - Compare dependent sample means Dependent sample t-test
- > Two or more nominal IVs and One continuous DV
  - Compare multiple group means Factorial ANOVA
  - Compare dependent sample means Repeated-measures ANOVA

#### Know What You Want To Do with the Variables

#### **Examine Correlation between Two Variables**

- Correlational analysis Pearson's r (continuous variables/data)
  - -- Spearman's rho (ranked variables/data)

#### **Predict Effects of IV(s) on the DV(s)**

- Simple regression (one DV and one IV/predictor)
- Multiple regression (one DV and two or more IVs/predictors)

# Examples

- 1. Is the mean age of female patients significantly different from males?
- 2. Is the mean age of those who got HIV-AIDS through male-to-male sex significantly different from those who got it through IV-drug use?
- 3. Is the mean age of HIV-AIDS patients is changing with time? vs. Is the mean age patient who were diagnosed between 1980-1989 different from those diagnosed between 1990-99?
- 4. Is the mean age of patients varies between ethnic groups? vs. Is the mean age of White patients different from Blacks and Hispanics?

# Examples

- 5.Do students vary in mean happiness scores based on grade levels (4) and/or ethnicities (3)?
- 6. Is there a difference in students' science achievement based on gender and instructional style?
- 7. After attending counseling, do subjects' levels of anxiety decreases or increase?
- 8. Do college students' grades increase or decrease over their college career?
- 9. Is there a relationship between parenting style and their children's academic achievement?

## Examples

- 10. Is physical fitness predictive of motor skills in young children?
- 11. Are inhibition, working memory, fundamental motor skills predictive of reading achievement of children of low SES backgrounds?

# What Does ORC Do?

SERVICES & RESOURCES @ OFFICE OF RESEARCH CONSULTING (ORC)

### **ORC Mission**

Support the research needs of faculty and graduate students with grants, research, dissertations, classwork, and statistical understanding.

# What Office of Research Consulting Does

- Collaborating on grant applications
- Assisting with data analysis for funded grant projects (contact us for our schedule of fees)
- > Improving statistical understanding of students and faculty,
- ➤ Providing seminars and support on latest developments in data analysis and research methods, and
- >Archiving publicly available national and international data.

## Student FAQ

https://www.coe.unt.edu/office-research-consulting/faq#studentfaq

## **Upcoming Events**

#### **Brown Bag Series**

January 27<sup>th</sup> – <u>I've finished my PhD: now what?</u>

February 24<sup>th</sup> – An Introduction to Using SPSS & Excel in Statistics

March 30<sup>th</sup> – An Introduction to NVivo

April 27<sup>th</sup> – Publishing and Becoming a Productive Scholar

All sessions are held on Wednesday, 11:30 AM – 12:20 PM, at MH209 or 308

## **Upcoming Events**

#### 2016 TARDIS (The Advances Research Designs Symposium)

Topic: Introduction to Bayesian

Date: September 9<sup>th</sup>, 2016

Time: 9:00am-4:00pm

Must register

(<a href="http://www.coe.unt.edu/orc">http://www.coe.unt.edu/orc</a>)

## How To Contact Office of Research Consulting?

http://www.coe.unt.edu/office-research-consulting

Matthews Hall 313

940-565-4414

Coe-orc@unt.edu

## Conferences to Attend

http://sera-edresearch.org/

Student-centered

Methods-focused presentations

Low cost

Held in/close to Texas

## Online Resources

Learn SPSS: <a href="http://www.ats.ucla.edu/stat/spss/default.htm">http://www.ats.ucla.edu/stat/spss/default.htm</a>

Learn R: Online community

Standards for reporting social research:

http://www.aera.net/Portals/38/docs/12ERv35n6 Standard 4Report%20.pdf

Effect size reporting:

http://people.cehd.tamu.edu/~bthompson/eff\_bib.htm

## Video Series

#### Good intro tutorials

➤ Geoff Cumming's video series:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WF010ICQ4YA

WISE applet: <a href="http://wise.cgu.edu/">http://wise.cgu.edu/</a>

Hyperstat: <a href="http://davidmlane.com/hyperstat/">http://davidmlane.com/hyperstat/</a>

## Online Courses

https://www.coursera.org/

https://www.edx.org/

http://ocw.mit.edu/index.htm

http://online.stanford.edu/courses

## Other UNT resources

http://www.unt.edu/rss/