# SOCIAL JUSTICE 101: POWER, OPPRESSION, AND PRIVILEGE

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## OKAY...SO WHAT IS SOCIAL JUSTICE?

- Justice in terms of the distribution of wealth, opportunities, and privileges within a society.
- The ideas of: human rights; dignity; political, economical, social, and other equality; equal distribution of resources; justice; use of policy and laws; removing inequality; societal participation in change; personal responsibility; and creating access to opportunity and chance through action, etc.

### WHY IS SOCIAL JUSTICE IMPORTANT?

### IMPORTANT DEFINITIONS

- Privilege a right or immunity granted as a peculiar benefit, advantage, or favor, such a right or immunity attached specifically to a position or an office.
- Oppression unjust or cruel exercise of authority or power
- Intersectionality The idea that multiple identities *intersect* to create a whole identity that is different from it's individual components.

#### PRIVILEGE

Examples?

Privilege in everyday life....what does it look like?

 Let's talk about privilege and how that shapes our worldviews. How does it allow/disallow us to navigate/negotiate spaces?

### LEVELS OF OPPRESSION

#### Individual

- Attitudes, beliefs, individual behavior, interpersonal interactions, etc.
- Ex: Locking your car door when a person of color walks by
  - Refusing to call someone by their pronouns or name
  - Parents gender policing their children. "Boys don't cry."
  - Acting defensively/aggressively when someone points out racism, homophobia, sexism, transphobia, xenophobia, Islamaphobia, ableism, etc.

#### LEVELS OF OPPRESSION CONT.

#### Institutional

- Housing, employment, education, government laws, legal/criminal justice system
- Ex: Bathroom bills
  - African American and Hispanic/Latinx comprised 58% of all prisoners in 2008, even though they make up approximately only one quarter of the US population
  - People of color are paid less than white people for equivalent jobs and education rates

#### LEVELS OF OPPRESSION CONT.

#### Cultural

- Values, norms, needs, language, logic systems, societal expectations
  - Ex: Myth that those of lower-social economic status are lazy, unmotivated, haven't worked hard enough
    - Myth of gender binary
    - Myth of static and fixed gender roles
    - Cultural and historical narratives that associate white European cultures as "civilization," having more "order and advancement" than cultures comprised of mostly people of color

### INTERSECTIONALITY

Why is it important?

## WHAT DO WE DO WITH THIS INFORMATION?

- Make our spaces more inclusive
- Advocacy
- Activism

#### WHAT IS AN INCLUSIVE SPACE?

• One in which everyone feels safe, supported, included, and encouraged

• Where equitable access, dignity and safety for all individuals is normative and of the utmost importance.

## SO, HOW TO WE CREATE INCLUSIVE SPACES?

- Multiple and intersecting identities are acknowledged and valued.
- Language is inclusive.
- Include as much information as possible about your space's accessibility features
- Acknowledge and own up to our shortcomings
- Hold everyone accountable for advancing the empowerment of all people, and not just people like them.
- Inclusion is about a varied group of people sharing ownership
- Inclusion is not built by "not seeing color" or thinking that "gender doesn't matter"
- Inclusive environments are shaped by empathy and allow us to be frank, honest, and open.

## TO LEAVE YOU WITH SOME QUOTES

"It is not our differences that divide us. It is our inability to recognize, accept, and celebrate those differences." – Audre Lorde

"I am deliberate and afraid of nothing." –Audre Lorde

### THANK YOU!

#### CONTACT INFO

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