

GENERAL GUIDELINES FOR VOICINGS THE BRASS SECTION

Trpt 1 Trpt 2 Trpt 3 Trpt 4 Tbn 1 Tbn 2 Tbn 3 Tbn 4 Pno Bass Drums

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

IN THEIR LOWER RANGE, FOUR TRPTS THEN TWO TRPTS CAN BALANCE WITH FOUR-FIVE TROMBONES IN SLOWER ROOT POSITION BRASS VOICINGS.

WHEN THE TRPT SECTION IS IN A MIDDLE RANGE, AND THE MOVEMENT IS SLOW, THE LOWER TRPTS AND HIGHER TBNS CAN BE VOICED IN CLUSTER.

WHEN THE LEAD TRPT IS AT THE TOP OF THE STAFF (CONCERT) TBNS CAN BE VOICED OPEN (PYRAMID) OR CLOSED

WHEN TRPT LEAD IS HIGHER, THE TWO LEADS (TRPT - TBN) ARE VOICED BETWEEN AN OCTAVE AND 10TH OF EACH OTHER. TBNS ARE GIVEN MID-RANGE VOICINGS UNTIL A SECTION CLOSES, AT WHICH TIME THEY CAN BE GIVEN ROOT POSITION VOICINGS. (LEADS REMAIN 8VE-10TH, THOUGH)

STELLA BY STARLIGHT - MEDIUM UP - BRASS AND RHYTHM

The musical score consists of six staves. The top four staves are labeled 'TEMPO' and 'TBNs'. The bottom two staves are labeled 'TBNs' and 'BASS'. Measure numbers 9 through 16 are indicated below the staff. Chord symbols are placed above the staff at measures 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, and 16. The chords are: F#m7(b9) 87(b9), E7, A7, Ab7sus4, Gm7, Am7, Bbmaj7, Gbmaj7, and Fmaj7. Measure 11 includes a 'TBNs' cue. Measure 13 includes a 'BASS' cue.

COMBINING THE BRASS - CATEGORY 1 - ONE SECTION IN UNISON,
THE OTHER CHORDED. NOTE THAT THIS TECHNIQUE ONLY WORKS
WELL WHEN THERE IS A DIFFERENCE IN LINEAR MOVEMENT BETWEEN
THE TWO SECTIONS. (ALSO WHEN COMBINING BRASS AND SAXES!)

AS THE BRASS COMBINE, RANGE CONSIDERATIONS (PAGE ONE) INFLUENCE THE CHOICE
OF VOICINGS AND COMBINATIONS. NOTE THE RHYTHM SECTION CUES, ESPECIALLY
THOSE FOR THE DRUMMER, WHO APPRECIATES KNOWING WHO IS PLAYING HIS CUES.

4 TRPTS UNISON

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4 TRPTS UNISON

TBNS

3 TBNS

3 TBNS

3 TBNS

2H4

17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24

COMBINING THE BRASS - CATEGORY II: EVERYONE IN UNISON OCTAVES. WE WATCH FOR TWO
IMPORTANT QUALITIES: 1) THE MOVING LINE IS IDIOMATIC TO THE INSTRUMENTS PLAYING, AND --

-- 2) HOWEVER LONG THE SECTION, IT COMES
TO A CLOSE WITH INTEGRATED VOICINGS.

NOTICE ALSO THAT WHILE THE HORN MOVEMENT IS MOVING EASILY, RHYTHM SECTION HAS SLASH NOTATION. WHEN INTEGRATING, IN-THE-STAFF NOTATION IS USED.

25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32

SHORT SECTIONS OF PARALLEL COUPLING (TRPTS AND TBNS PLAY SAME NOTES ONE OCTAVE APART) DO NOT SOUND "OLD" WHEN THE CHORDS ARE EXTENDED AND THE LEAD LINE IS WRITTEN WITH GOOD MOTION. (WE TAKE CARE THAT THE LINES BREATHE.)

NOTE THE F# ON BEAT THREE OF MEASURE 30 FOR THE BASS. THE MEASURE STARTS WITH AN F# CHORD, ORDINARILY CALLING FOR AN F# IN THE BASS ON BEAT ONE. BUT WITH THE TROMBONES DROPPING TO ROOT POSITION ON BEAT THREE, WE WANT THE BASS TO AGREE (TROMBONE F# IS IN BASS RANGE) THEREFORE THE F# INDICATION IN THE BASS PART. NOTES PLAYED BY THE BASSIST ON THE OTHER BEATS ARE LESS IMPORTANT IN THIS INSTANCE.

AS THE FORM DEVELOPS, VOICINGS TYPES WILL MIX, IN THIS WAY RAISING THE CONTOUR LEVEL WHILE LEAVING THE MUSIC PLAYABLE.

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TRPTS TBNS DRUMS

35 36 37 38 39 40

TRPTS TBNS DRUMS

**IMPORTANT FUNCTIONS
ON THIS PAGE INCLUDE:**

**THE RETURN TO UNISON
TRPTS, CHORDED TBNS,
BRINGING REUSE INTO
THE CHART.**

**WRITTEN BASS WHEN THE
SLOWER MOVING TBNS
OCCUPY THE BASS RANGE**

**PHRASING AND
ARTICULATIONS
IN THE BRASS,**

**ARTICULATIONS TBNS CUES
PLACED IN THE DRUM PART**

**ROOT POSITION HORMS FOR
A FEELING OF CLOSURE**