

Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment, 2003

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Preface

Annual data on the labor force, employment, and unemployment in States and substate areas are available from two major sources: the Current Population Survey (CPS) and the Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) program. The CPS is a sample survey of about 60,000 households nationwide conducted for the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) by the Census Bureau. The LAUS program is a Federal-State cooperative endeavor in which State workforce agencies prepare estimates using concepts, definitions, and estimation procedures prescribed by BLS.

This bulletin presents 2003 annual averages from the CPS for census regions and divisions, the 50 States and the District of Columbia, and 50 large metropolitan areas and 17 central cities. Data are provided on the employed and unemployed by selected demographic and economic characteristics.

Tables 1 through 13 present 2003 annual average labor force estimates for census regions and divisions. Similar information for all States and the District of Columbia appears in tables 14 through 26. All of these data reflect Census 2000-based population controls. The LAUS program no longer uses the total CPS estimates for States and the District of Columbia as the official annual average labor force statistics, due to a change in its modeling procedures that was implemented in March 2005.

Tables 27 through 32 display 2003 annual average rates, ratios, and percent distributions from the CPS for 50 large metropolitan areas and 17 central cities. Levels for the various labor force categories are not presented because independent census-based population controls are not available for geographic areas below the State level. The CPS metropolitan area and city estimates differ from the official estimates produced by the individual States through the LAUS program. CPS estimates are provided herein because they are the only current source of

information on demographic and economic characteristics for these areas. Geographic definitions for the metropolitan areas in this publication continue to reflect those issued by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) on June 30, 1993. (See appendix C.)

Official 2003 annual average LAUS estimates for metropolitan areas, however, reflect the geographic designations that were issued by OMB on December 5, 2005. These LAUS estimates first appeared in the May 2004 issue of *Employment and Earnings* and are available (as revised) through the BLS Web site.

The data in this bulletin reflect, for the first time, revisions to the standards for classification of Federal data by race and ethnicity that were issued by OMB on October 30, 1997. Estimates for the white, black or African American, and Asian race groups are based on persons who reported only that one race group. Persons who reported some other race group or two or more races are not included in any of these categories, but are included in the totals. Persons whose ethnicity was identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, were classified by ethnicity as well as by race.

Tables displaying occupation and industry data reflect, for the first time, the coding systems used for those data in Census 2000.

This bulletin was prepared in the BLS Office of Employment and Unemployment Statistics by the Division of Local Area Unemployment Statistics in collaboration with the Division of Data Development and Publications. Editorial assistance was provided by the Data Users and Publication Services Group.

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Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment, 2003

The Current Population Survey (CPS) is the regular monthly survey of about 60,000 households from which the national unemployment rate is derived. (See appendix A for concepts and definitions used in the CPS and appendix B for a description of the estimation procedures.)

The method for determining which annual average estimates of the labor force by demographic characteristics (age, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity) and economic characteristics of the employed and unemployed to publish in this bulletin is explained in appendix B. Table B-1 lists the minimum bases required for publication for various geographic areas.

Estimates for census regions and divisions are shown in section I, data for States are shown in section II, and limited data for metropolitan areas and cities are shown in section III. Estimates of levels are not provided in section

III because population controls needed to make estimates of levels comparable with those in the other sections of this publication are not available.

Because the estimates are based on a survey rather than on a complete census of the population, they are subject to sampling error. Consequently, error ranges have been calculated in the form of 90-percent confidence intervals and displayed for the unemployment rates in the first table of sections I, II, and III. In addition, appendix B provides tables from which the sampling error ranges can be obtained for the data in other tables in sections I and II. Separate error tables are not provided for each population group (such as total, white, black or African American, Asian, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity). Instead, one table is used for all population groups for a given labor force characteristic, because differences in sampling errors are usually minimal.

Section I. Estimates for Census Regions And Divisions

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Northeast Region								
Total	42,264	27,415	64.9	25,815	61.1	1,599	5.8	5.6 - 6.0
Men	20,088	14,421	71.8	13,527	67.3	893	6.2	6.0 - 6.4
Women	22,176	12,994	58.6	12,288	55.4	706	5.4	5.2 - 5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,919	1,242	42.6	1,048	35.9	194	15.6	14.5 - 16.7
White	35,203	23,004	65.3	21,818	62.0	1,186	5.2	5.0 - 5.4
Men	16,879	12,262	72.6	11,583	68.6	679	5.5	5.3 - 5.7
Women	18,323	10,743	58.6	10,235	55.9	507	4.7	4.5 - 4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,327	1,074	46.2	929	39.9	146	13.6	12.5 - 14.7
Black or African American	4,840	2,929	60.5	2,600	53.7	329	11.2	10.5 - 11.9
Men	2,125	1,333	62.7	1,164	54.7	169	12.7	11.7 - 13.7
Women	2,715	1,597	58.8	1,437	52.9	160	10.0	9.2 - 10.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	438	121	27.7	84	19.2	37	30.8	26.9 - 34.7
Asian	1,772	1,198	67.6	1,139	64.2	59	4.9	4.2 - 5.6
Men	857	670	78.2	637	74.3	33	4.9	4.0 - 5.8
Women	915	527	57.6	502	54.8	26	4.9	3.8 - 6.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	3,975	2,568	64.6	2,337	58.8	231	9.0	8.4 - 9.6
Men	1,924	1,420	73.8	1,296	67.3	125	8.8	8.0 - 9.6
Women	2,051	1,148	56.0	1,041	50.8	107	9.3	8.3 - 10.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	362	117	32.2	93	25.7	23	20.1	16.2 - 24.0
Married men, spouse present	11,054	8,423	76.2	8,102	73.3	322	3.8	3.6 - 4.0
Married women, spouse present	10,815	6,658	61.6	6,407	59.2	251	3.8	3.5 - 4.1
Women who maintain families	2,641	1,765	66.8	1,616	61.2	149	8.5	7.8 - 9.2
New England Division								
Total	11,092	7,554	68.1	7,145	64.4	409	5.4	5.2 - 5.6
Men	5,295	3,950	74.6	3,714	70.1	236	6.0	5.6 - 6.4
Women	5,796	3,604	62.2	3,431	59.2	173	4.8	4.5 - 5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	762	372	48.8	316	41.5	56	15.0	13.4 - 16.6
White	10,007	6,833	68.3	6,485	64.8	348	5.1	4.8 - 5.4
Men	4,786	3,587	74.9	3,383	70.7	204	5.7	5.3 - 6.1
Women	5,221	3,247	62.2	3,102	59.4	144	4.4	4.1 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	657	335	51.1	289	44.0	46	13.9	12.3 - 15.5
Black or African American	606	397	65.6	353	58.4	44	11.0	9.5 - 12.5
Men	277	189	68.1	167	60.2	22	11.6	9.4 - 13.8
Women	328	208	63.5	187	56.9	22	10.4	8.4 - 12.4
Asian	332	228	68.6	217	65.5	10	4.6	3.2 - 6.0
Men	158	121	76.1	115	72.5	6	4.7	2.8 - 6.6
Women	173	107	61.8	102	59.0	5	4.5	2.6 - 6.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	642	450	70.0	403	62.7	47	10.5	9.1 - 11.9
Men	310	237	76.5	210	67.7	27	11.5	9.6 - 13.4
Women	332	212	64.0	193	58.1	20	9.3	7.4 - 11.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	67	28	41.9	22	32.4	6	22.5	15.6 - 29.4
Married men, spouse present	2,954	2,310	78.2	2,219	75.1	90	3.9	3.5 - 4.3
Married women, spouse present	2,875	1,860	64.7	1,797	62.5	63	3.4	3.0 - 3.8
Women who maintain families	661	465	70.4	433	65.6	32	6.8	5.7 - 7.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Middle Atlantic Division								
Total	31,173	19,860	63.7	18,671	59.9	1,190	6.0	5.8 - 6.2
Men	14,793	10,471	70.8	9,813	66.3	657	6.3	6.0 - 6.6
Women	16,380	9,390	57.3	8,857	54.1	532	5.7	5.4 - 6.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,157	870	40.4	732	33.9	138	15.9	14.5 - 17.3
White	25,195	16,171	64.2	15,333	60.9	838	5.2	5.0 - 5.4
Men	12,093	8,675	71.7	8,200	67.8	475	5.5	5.2 - 5.8
Women	13,102	7,496	57.2	7,133	54.4	363	4.8	4.5 - 5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,671	739	44.2	640	38.3	99	13.4	12.0 - 14.8
Black or African American	4,235	2,532	59.8	2,247	53.1	285	11.3	10.6 - 12.0
Men	1,848	1,144	61.9	997	53.9	147	12.9	11.8 - 14.0
Women	2,387	1,388	58.2	1,250	52.4	138	9.9	9.0 - 10.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	377	101	26.8	70	18.6	31	30.5	26.1 - 34.9
Asian	1,440	970	67.3	921	64.0	48	5.0	4.2 - 5.8
Men	699	550	78.6	522	74.7	27	5.0	3.9 - 6.1
Women	741	420	56.7	399	53.8	21	5.0	3.8 - 6.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	3,333	2,119	63.6	1,934	58.0	184	8.7	8.0 - 9.4
Men	1,614	1,183	73.3	1,086	67.3	97	8.2	7.3 - 9.1
Women	1,719	936	54.4	848	49.4	87	9.3	8.2 - 10.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	295	88	29.9	71	24.2	17	19.3	14.7 - 23.9
Married men, spouse present	8,101	6,114	75.5	5,882	72.6	231	3.8	3.5 - 4.1
Married women, spouse present	7,940	4,798	60.4	4,609	58.1	189	3.9	3.6 - 4.2
Women who maintain families	1,980	1,300	65.7	1,183	59.7	118	9.1	8.2 - 10.0
Midwest Region								
Total	49,929	34,291	68.7	32,267	64.6	2,024	5.9	5.7 - 6.1
Men	24,115	18,141	75.2	16,965	70.4	1,175	6.5	6.3 - 6.7
Women	25,814	16,150	62.6	15,301	59.3	849	5.3	5.1 - 5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	3,702	1,979	53.5	1,663	44.9	315	15.9	15.0 - 16.8
White	43,545	30,164	69.3	28,614	65.7	1,550	5.1	4.9 - 5.3
Men	21,208	16,132	76.1	15,195	71.6	938	5.8	5.6 - 6.0
Women	22,337	14,032	62.8	13,419	60.1	613	4.4	4.2 - 4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	3,098	1,749	56.5	1,511	48.8	238	13.6	12.7 - 14.5
Black or African American	4,570	2,887	63.2	2,516	55.1	371	12.8	12.1 - 13.5
Men	2,030	1,337	65.9	1,153	56.8	183	13.7	12.7 - 14.7
Women	2,540	1,551	61.0	1,363	53.7	187	12.1	11.2 - 13.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	418	146	34.9	89	21.3	57	38.9	36.5 - 41.3
Asian	1,069	747	69.9	702	65.7	45	6.1	5.1 - 7.1
Men	520	417	80.3	392	75.4	25	6.0	4.7 - 7.3
Women	549	330	60.1	310	56.4	20	6.2	4.7 - 7.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	2,348	1,723	73.4	1,583	67.4	140	8.1	7.3 - 8.9
Men	1,282	1,077	84.1	990	77.2	88	8.2	7.2 - 9.2
Women	1,066	646	60.6	594	55.7	52	8.0	6.8 - 9.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	232	108	46.5	91	39.1	17	16.0	12.2 - 19.8
Married men, spouse present	13,878	10,836	78.1	10,404	75.0	432	4.0	3.8 - 4.2
Married women, spouse present	13,578	8,758	64.5	8,472	62.4	286	3.3	3.1 - 3.5
Women who maintain families	2,823	2,038	72.2	1,864	66.0	174	8.5	7.8 - 9.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
East North Central Division								
Total	34,963	23,553	67.4	22,063	63.1	1,491	6.3	6.1 - 6.5
Men	16,859	12,508	74.2	11,634	69.0	875	7.0	6.7 - 7.3
Women	18,104	11,045	61.0	10,429	57.6	616	5.6	5.3 - 5.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,561	1,313	51.3	1,097	42.8	216	16.5	15.3 - 17.7
White	29,996	20,395	68.0	19,264	64.2	1,130	5.5	5.3 - 5.7
Men	14,603	10,987	75.2	10,295	70.5	693	6.3	6.0 - 6.6
Women	15,394	9,407	61.1	8,970	58.3	438	4.7	4.4 - 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,105	1,147	54.5	990	47.1	157	13.7	12.5 - 14.9
Black or African American	3,797	2,358	62.1	2,059	54.2	299	12.7	11.9 - 13.5
Men	1,676	1,073	64.0	923	55.1	150	14.0	12.8 - 15.2
Women	2,122	1,285	60.6	1,137	53.6	149	11.6	10.6 - 12.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	341	114	33.5	70	20.6	44	38.5	35.3 - 41.7
Asian	741	513	69.2	483	65.1	30	5.9	4.7 - 7.1
Men	366	295	80.4	280	76.4	14	4.9	3.4 - 6.4
Women	375	218	58.3	203	54.1	16	7.2	5.2 - 9.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	1,847	1,340	72.5	1,228	66.5	112	8.3	7.4 - 9.2
Men	1,010	842	83.4	769	76.2	73	8.6	7.5 - 9.7
Women	838	498	59.4	459	54.7	39	7.9	6.5 - 9.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	185	84	45.1	71	38.4	13	15.0	10.6 - 19.4
Married men, spouse present	9,561	7,382	77.2	7,057	73.8	326	4.4	4.1 - 4.7
Married women, spouse present	9,382	5,880	62.7	5,671	60.4	209	3.6	3.3 - 3.9
Women who maintain families	2,085	1,472	70.6	1,348	64.6	124	8.4	7.5 - 9.3
West North Central Division								
Total	14,966	10,737	71.7	10,204	68.2	533	5.0	4.8 - 5.2
Men	7,256	5,633	77.6	5,332	73.5	301	5.3	5.0 - 5.6
Women	7,710	5,105	66.2	4,872	63.2	233	4.6	4.3 - 4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,140	666	58.4	566	49.7	99	14.9	13.6 - 16.2
White	13,549	9,769	72.1	9,349	69.0	420	4.3	4.1 - 4.5
Men	6,605	5,145	77.9	4,900	74.2	245	4.8	4.5 - 5.1
Women	6,944	4,624	66.6	4,449	64.1	175	3.8	3.5 - 4.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	993	602	60.6	521	52.4	81	13.5	12.1 - 14.9
Black or African American	773	529	68.4	457	59.1	72	13.6	11.9 - 15.3
Men	354	264	74.5	231	65.1	33	12.5	10.4 - 14.6
Women	419	265	63.3	226	54.1	39	14.6	12.4 - 16.8
Asian	328	234	71.5	219	66.8	15	6.5	4.7 - 8.3
Men	153	123	79.9	112	73.0	11	8.6	5.9 - 11.3
Women	174	112	64.1	107	61.4	5	4.2	2.1 - 6.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	500	383	76.6	355	71.0	28	7.3	5.9 - 8.7
Men	272	235	86.5	220	80.9	15	6.5	4.7 - 8.3
Women	228	148	64.8	135	59.2	13	8.6	6.2 - 11.0
Married men, spouse present	4,317	3,454	80.0	3,347	77.5	106	3.1	2.8 - 3.4
Married women, spouse present	4,196	2,878	68.6	2,801	66.7	77	2.7	2.4 - 3.0
Women who maintain families	738	566	76.6	516	69.9	50	8.8	7.6 - 10.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
South Region								
Total	78,692	51,228	65.1	48,277	61.3	2,951	5.8	5.7 - 5.9
Men	37,585	27,323	72.7	25,743	68.5	1,580	5.8	5.6 - 6.0
Women	41,107	23,905	58.2	22,534	54.8	1,371	5.7	5.5 - 5.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	5,655	2,336	41.3	1,905	33.7	431	18.4	17.5 - 19.3
White	61,443	39,766	64.7	37,869	61.6	1,897	4.8	4.7 - 4.9
Men	29,847	21,847	73.2	20,785	69.6	1,062	4.9	4.7 - 5.1
Women	31,595	17,918	56.7	17,084	54.1	835	4.7	4.5 - 4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	4,092	1,809	44.2	1,530	37.4	279	15.4	14.4 - 16.4
Black or African American	13,904	9,179	66.0	8,271	59.5	909	9.9	9.5 - 10.3
Men	6,179	4,266	69.0	3,827	61.9	440	10.3	9.8 - 10.8
Women	7,725	4,913	63.6	4,444	57.5	469	9.5	9.0 - 10.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,295	428	33.0	295	22.8	133	31.0	(²) - (²)
Asian	1,829	1,248	68.2	1,185	64.8	63	5.1	4.3 - 5.9
Men	844	664	78.7	629	74.5	35	5.3	4.3 - 6.3
Women	985	584	59.3	556	56.4	28	4.8	3.7 - 5.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	9,845	6,690	68.0	6,214	63.1	476	7.1	6.7 - 7.5
Men	5,054	4,079	80.7	3,807	75.3	272	6.7	6.1 - 7.3
Women	4,791	2,611	54.5	2,407	50.2	204	7.8	7.1 - 8.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	841	327	38.8	262	31.2	64	19.7	17.4 - 22.0
Married men, spouse present	21,575	16,481	76.4	15,943	73.9	538	3.3	3.1 - 3.5
Married women, spouse present	21,301	12,655	59.4	12,205	57.3	451	3.6	3.4 - 3.8
Women who maintain families	5,242	3,588	68.5	3,282	62.6	307	8.5	7.9 - 9.1
South Atlantic Division								
Total	41,345	26,995	65.3	25,586	61.9	1,409	5.2	5.0 - 5.4
Men	19,677	14,242	72.4	13,503	68.6	739	5.2	5.0 - 5.4
Women	21,668	12,753	58.9	12,083	55.8	670	5.3	5.0 - 5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,818	1,174	41.7	979	34.8	195	16.6	15.3 - 17.9
White	31,427	20,281	64.5	19,438	61.9	843	4.2	4.0 - 4.4
Men	15,256	11,056	72.5	10,588	69.4	468	4.2	3.9 - 4.5
Women	16,171	9,225	57.0	8,850	54.7	375	4.1	3.8 - 4.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,941	871	44.9	762	39.2	110	12.6	11.2 - 14.0
Black or African American	8,233	5,532	67.2	5,031	61.1	501	9.1	8.6 - 9.6
Men	3,660	2,586	70.6	2,347	64.1	239	9.2	8.6 - 9.8
Women	4,573	2,947	64.4	2,685	58.7	262	8.9	8.3 - 9.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	757	256	33.9	180	23.8	76	29.6	(²) - (²)
Asian	1,073	754	70.2	722	67.3	32	4.2	3.3 - 5.1
Men	482	384	79.7	371	76.9	13	3.5	2.3 - 4.7
Women	591	369	62.6	351	59.4	18	5.0	3.6 - 6.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	3,887	2,678	68.9	2,499	64.3	179	6.7	6.1 - 7.3
Men	2,040	1,645	80.6	1,547	75.8	98	6.0	5.2 - 6.8
Women	1,846	1,033	56.0	952	51.6	81	7.8	6.7 - 8.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	291	121	41.5	101	34.6	20	16.6	12.5 - 20.7
Married men, spouse present	11,153	8,429	75.6	8,182	73.4	247	2.9	2.7 - 3.1
Married women, spouse present	11,063	6,623	59.9	6,412	58.0	211	3.2	2.9 - 3.5
Women who maintain families	2,732	1,890	69.2	1,728	63.3	162	8.6	7.8 - 9.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
East South Central Division								
Total	13,235	8,325	62.9	7,828	59.1	497	6.0	5.7 - 6.3
Men	6,284	4,404	70.1	4,149	66.0	255	5.8	5.4 - 6.2
Women	6,950	3,922	56.4	3,679	52.9	242	6.2	5.7 - 6.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	984	414	42.1	333	33.9	81	19.5	17.5 - 21.5
White	10,459	6,577	62.9	6,264	59.9	313	4.8	4.5 - 5.1
Men	5,055	3,603	71.3	3,432	67.9	171	4.7	4.3 - 5.1
Women	5,404	2,974	55.0	2,832	52.4	142	4.8	4.3 - 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	712	330	46.3	274	38.5	55	16.8	14.6 - 19.0
Black or African American	2,453	1,534	62.6	1,366	55.7	168	11.0	10.1 - 11.9
Men	1,088	690	63.4	612	56.2	79	11.4	10.2 - 12.6
Women	1,365	844	61.8	754	55.3	90	10.6	9.5 - 11.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	245	73	29.6	50	20.2	23	31.7	(²) - (²)
Asian	141	101	71.6	97	68.6	4	4.2	1.8 - 6.6
Men	65	54	83.6	52	80.5	2	3.7	.6 - 6.8
Women	76	47	61.4	45	58.5	2	4.7	1.1 - 8.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	224	160	71.4	152	68.0	8	4.8	2.7 - 6.9
Men	129	115	89.5	112	86.7	4	3.2	1.2 - 5.2
Women	95	45	47.0	41	42.7	4	9.1	3.9 - 14.3
Married men, spouse present	3,702	2,765	74.7	2,677	72.3	88	3.2	2.8 - 3.6
Married women, spouse present	3,634	2,154	59.3	2,074	57.1	79	3.7	3.2 - 4.2
Women who maintain families	904	602	66.6	543	60.1	59	9.8	8.4 - 11.2
West South Central Division								
Total	24,112	15,908	66.0	14,863	61.6	1,045	6.6	6.3 - 6.9
Men	11,623	8,677	74.7	8,092	69.6	586	6.8	6.4 - 7.2
Women	12,488	7,231	57.9	6,771	54.2	459	6.4	6.0 - 6.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,853	748	40.3	593	32.0	155	20.7	19.0 - 22.4
White	19,556	12,907	66.0	12,167	62.2	741	5.7	5.4 - 6.0
Men	9,536	7,188	75.4	6,765	70.9	424	5.9	5.5 - 6.3
Women	10,020	5,719	57.1	5,402	53.9	317	5.5	5.1 - 5.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,439	608	42.3	494	34.3	114	18.8	17.0 - 20.6
Black or African American	3,218	2,113	65.6	1,873	58.2	239	11.3	10.4 - 12.2
Men	1,431	991	69.2	868	60.7	122	12.4	11.2 - 13.6
Women	1,787	1,122	62.8	1,005	56.2	117	10.4	9.3 - 11.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	293	99	33.7	65	22.2	34	34.1	(²) - (²)
Asian	616	394	64.0	366	59.5	27	6.9	5.3 - 8.5
Men	297	226	76.0	206	69.4	20	8.8	6.6 - 11.0
Women	318	168	52.7	160	50.3	7	4.4	2.4 - 6.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	5,734	3,852	67.2	3,562	62.1	290	7.5	6.9 - 8.1
Men	2,884	2,318	80.4	2,148	74.5	170	7.4	6.6 - 8.2
Women	2,850	1,533	53.8	1,414	49.6	119	7.8	6.8 - 8.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	531	197	37.1	154	29.0	43	21.8	19.5 - 24.1
Married men, spouse present	6,720	5,286	78.7	5,083	75.6	203	3.8	3.4 - 4.2
Married women, spouse present	6,605	3,878	58.7	3,718	56.3	160	4.1	3.7 - 4.5
Women who maintain families	1,606	1,096	68.2	1,011	62.9	85	7.8	6.7 - 8.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
West Region								
Total	49,792	33,245	66.8	31,070	62.4	2,176	6.5	6.3 - 6.7
Men	24,413	18,178	74.5	16,935	69.4	1,243	6.8	6.5 - 7.1
Women	25,380	15,067	59.4	14,135	55.7	932	6.2	5.9 - 6.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	3,781	1,597	42.2	1,289	34.1	308	19.3	18.0 - 20.6
White	40,701	27,333	67.2	25,673	63.1	1,660	6.1	5.9 - 6.3
Men	20,121	15,119	75.1	14,165	70.4	954	6.3	6.0 - 6.6
Women	20,579	12,214	59.4	11,507	55.9	707	5.8	5.5 - 6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,978	1,326	44.5	1,081	36.3	245	18.4	17.0 - 19.8
Black or African American	2,307	1,493	64.7	1,320	57.2	173	11.6	10.5 - 12.7
Men	1,092	759	69.5	663	60.7	96	12.7	11.1 - 14.3
Women	1,214	734	60.5	657	54.1	77	10.5	9.0 - 12.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	226	75	33.1	47	21.0	27	36.6	29.8 - 43.4
Asian	4,524	2,913	64.4	2,716	60.0	197	6.8	6.2 - 7.4
Men	2,104	1,516	72.1	1,406	66.8	110	7.2	6.3 - 8.1
Women	2,421	1,397	57.7	1,309	54.1	88	6.3	5.4 - 7.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	302	91	30.0	78	25.7	13	14.2	9.3 - 19.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	11,314	7,785	68.8	7,196	63.6	588	7.6	7.2 - 8.0
Men	5,804	4,685	80.7	4,362	75.2	322	6.9	6.4 - 7.4
Women	5,510	3,100	56.3	2,834	51.4	266	8.6	7.9 - 9.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,099	407	37.0	320	29.1	87	21.3	18.7 - 23.9
Married men, spouse present	13,431	10,560	78.6	10,107	75.3	453	4.3	4.0 - 4.6
Married women, spouse present	13,252	7,894	59.6	7,535	56.9	360	4.6	4.3 - 4.9
Women who maintain families	2,712	1,905	70.2	1,746	64.4	159	8.3	7.4 - 9.2
Mountain Division								
Total	14,433	9,837	68.2	9,281	64.3	556	5.7	5.4 - 6.0
Men	7,109	5,385	75.7	5,077	71.4	308	5.7	5.4 - 6.0
Women	7,324	4,451	60.8	4,204	57.4	248	5.6	5.2 - 6.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,115	554	49.7	455	40.8	98	17.8	16.4 - 19.2
White	13,060	8,917	68.3	8,442	64.6	475	5.3	5.0 - 5.6
Men	6,457	4,913	76.1	4,647	72.0	266	5.4	5.1 - 5.7
Women	6,603	4,004	60.6	3,795	57.5	209	5.2	4.8 - 5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	967	499	51.7	415	42.9	85	16.9	15.4 - 18.4
Black or African American	414	277	66.9	253	61.1	24	8.6	7.0 - 10.2
Men	207	149	71.7	137	66.3	11	7.6	5.5 - 9.7
Women	207	129	62.1	116	56.0	13	9.9	7.5 - 12.3
Asian	326	227	69.7	217	66.5	11	4.7	3.3 - 6.1
Men	147	115	78.6	110	75.1	5	4.5	2.7 - 6.3
Women	179	112	62.4	106	59.4	5	4.8	2.9 - 6.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	2,868	1,989	69.3	1,836	64.0	153	7.7	7.0 - 8.4
Men	1,480	1,198	80.9	1,114	75.2	84	7.0	6.1 - 7.9
Women	1,388	791	57.0	722	52.0	69	8.8	7.6 - 10.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	290	125	43.3	97	33.3	29	22.9	21.7 - 24.1
Married men, spouse present	4,058	3,182	78.4	3,075	75.8	107	3.3	3.0 - 3.6
Married women, spouse present	3,993	2,399	60.1	2,307	57.8	92	3.8	3.4 - 4.2
Women who maintain families	769	556	72.4	518	67.4	38	6.8	5.7 - 7.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Pacific Division								
Total	35,359	23,409	66.2	21,789	61.6	1,620	6.9	6.7 - 7.1
Men	17,303	12,793	73.9	11,858	68.5	935	7.3	7.0 - 7.6
Women	18,056	10,616	58.8	9,931	55.0	684	6.4	6.0 - 6.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,666	1,043	39.1	833	31.3	210	20.1	18.4 - 21.8
White	27,641	18,416	66.6	17,231	62.3	1,185	6.4	6.1 - 6.7
Men	13,665	10,206	74.7	9,518	69.7	688	6.7	6.3 - 7.1
Women	13,976	8,210	58.7	7,712	55.2	498	6.1	5.7 - 6.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,011	827	41.1	667	33.1	160	19.4	17.5 - 21.3
Black or African American	1,892	1,216	64.3	1,067	56.4	149	12.3	11.0 - 13.6
Men	885	610	69.0	525	59.4	85	13.9	11.9 - 15.9
Women	1,007	605	60.1	541	53.7	64	10.6	8.8 - 12.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	175	58	33.0	35	20.0	23	39.2	30.9 - 47.5
Asian	4,198	2,686	64.0	2,499	59.5	187	6.9	6.2 - 7.6
Men	1,957	1,400	71.6	1,296	66.2	104	7.5	6.5 - 8.5
Women	2,242	1,285	57.3	1,203	53.7	82	6.4	5.4 - 7.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	283	84	29.6	72	25.3	12	14.4	9.0 - 19.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	8,445	5,796	68.6	5,360	63.5	435	7.5	7.0 - 8.0
Men	4,324	3,487	80.6	3,249	75.1	238	6.8	6.1 - 7.5
Women	4,122	2,309	56.0	2,112	51.2	197	8.5	7.6 - 9.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	810	281	34.7	223	27.6	58	20.5	17.0 - 24.0
Married men, spouse present	9,373	7,378	78.7	7,032	75.0	347	4.7	4.3 - 5.1
Married women, spouse present	9,259	5,495	59.3	5,228	56.5	267	4.9	4.5 - 5.3
Women who maintain families	1,943	1,349	69.4	1,228	63.2	121	8.9	7.8 - 10.0

¹ Error ranges are calculated at the 90-percent confidence interval, which means that if repeated samples were drawn from the same population and an error range constructed around each sample estimate, in 9 out of 10 cases the true value based on a census of the population would be contained within these error ranges.

² Error ranges cannot be properly computed when the number of sample cases is very small and/or the unemployment rate is low.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS

publication standards of reliability for the particular area based on the sample in that area. See appendix B. Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 2. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and over by educational attainment, 2003 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and educational attainment	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Northeast Region							
Less than a high school diploma	4,929	1,923	39.0	1,746	35.4	177	9.2
High school graduates, no college	12,556	7,713	61.4	7,306	58.2	407	5.3
Some college or associate degree	7,261	5,291	72.9	5,021	69.1	270	5.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	11,032	8,679	78.7	8,388	76.0	291	3.4
New England Division							
Less than a high school diploma	1,131	443	39.1	406	35.9	37	8.3
High school graduates, no college	3,033	1,965	64.8	1,862	61.4	103	5.3
Some college or associate degree	2,063	1,526	74.0	1,458	70.7	68	4.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	3,218	2,574	80.0	2,490	77.4	84	3.3
Middle Atlantic Division							
Less than a high school diploma	3,797	1,480	39.0	1,340	35.3	140	9.5
High school graduates, no college	9,523	5,748	60.4	5,444	57.2	304	5.3
Some college or associate degree	5,198	3,765	72.4	3,563	68.5	202	5.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	7,814	6,105	78.1	5,899	75.5	206	3.4
Midwest Region							
Less than a high school diploma	5,026	2,066	41.1	1,855	36.9	211	10.2
High school graduates, no college	14,743	9,586	65.0	9,040	61.3	546	5.7
Some college or associate degree	11,082	8,393	75.7	8,007	72.3	386	4.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	10,826	8,661	80.0	8,426	77.8	235	2.7
East North Central Division							
Less than a high school diploma	3,745	1,542	41.2	1,377	36.8	165	10.7
High school graduates, no college	10,752	6,901	64.2	6,478	60.2	423	6.1
Some college or associate degree	7,490	5,613	74.9	5,335	71.2	278	5.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	7,301	5,786	79.2	5,617	76.9	169	2.9
West North Central Division							
Less than a high school diploma	1,281	524	40.9	478	37.3	46	8.8
High school graduates, no college	3,991	2,686	67.3	2,562	64.2	124	4.6
Some college or associate degree	3,592	2,781	77.4	2,672	74.4	108	3.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	3,525	2,875	81.6	2,810	79.7	66	2.3
South Region							
Less than a high school diploma	11,726	5,217	44.5	4,807	41.0	410	7.9
High school graduates, no college	21,271	13,639	64.1	12,944	60.9	695	5.1
Some college or associate degree	16,290	11,828	72.6	11,305	69.4	523	4.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	16,787	13,010	77.5	12,665	75.4	345	2.7
South Atlantic Division							
Less than a high school diploma	5,522	2,427	44.0	2,244	40.6	183	7.5
High school graduates, no college	11,362	7,194	63.3	6,859	60.4	335	4.7
Some college or associate degree	8,581	6,227	72.6	5,973	69.6	254	4.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	9,640	7,408	76.8	7,225	74.9	183	2.5
East South Central Division							
Less than a high school diploma	2,027	723	35.6	661	32.6	62	8.5
High school graduates, no college	3,892	2,490	64.0	2,359	60.6	131	5.3
Some college or associate degree	2,723	1,944	71.4	1,853	68.1	91	4.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	2,453	1,912	78.0	1,875	76.5	37	1.9
West South Central Division							
Less than a high school diploma	4,177	2,067	49.5	1,902	45.5	165	8.0
High school graduates, no college	6,017	3,955	65.7	3,727	61.9	229	5.8
Some college or associate degree	4,986	3,657	73.3	3,478	69.8	179	4.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	4,694	3,690	78.6	3,565	76.0	125	3.4
West Region							
Less than a high school diploma	6,407	3,411	53.2	3,103	48.4	308	9.0
High school graduates, no college	10,788	6,909	64.0	6,494	60.2	415	6.0
Some college or associate degree	12,024	8,473	70.5	8,028	66.8	445	5.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	12,124	9,336	77.0	8,990	74.2	346	3.7

Table 2. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and over by educational attainment, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and educational attainment	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Mountain Division							
Less than a high school diploma	1,582	838	53.0	765	48.3	74	8.8
High school graduates, no college	3,530	2,307	65.3	2,199	62.3	108	4.7
Some college or associate degree	3,511	2,487	70.8	2,380	67.8	107	4.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	3,299	2,554	77.4	2,475	75.0	79	3.1
Pacific Division							
Less than a high school diploma	4,826	2,572	53.3	2,338	48.5	234	9.1
High school graduates, no college	7,258	4,602	63.4	4,295	59.2	307	6.7
Some college or associate degree	8,513	5,986	70.3	5,648	66.3	338	5.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	8,825	6,782	76.9	6,515	73.8	267	3.9

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding.

Table 3. Census regions and divisions: Employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
TOTAL										
Northeast	21,024	18,451	1,779	793	4,792	539	3,977	276	1,332	267
New England	5,647	4,874	545	228	1,498	146	1,258	94	333	77
Middle Atlantic	15,376	13,577	1,234	565	3,294	393	2,720	182	999	190
Midwest	25,950	22,640	2,367	943	6,316	710	5,208	398	1,671	353
East North Central	17,789	15,540	1,586	663	4,274	514	3,485	274	1,237	253
West North Central	8,162	7,101	781	280	2,042	196	1,722	124	434	100
South	40,798	36,077	3,375	1,345	7,479	1,051	5,964	464	2,523	429
South Atlantic	21,663	19,289	1,701	672	3,924	532	3,147	244	1,208	201
East South Central	6,596	5,759	605	232	1,232	154	993	85	421	76
West South Central	12,539	11,029	1,070	441	2,324	365	1,824	135	894	151
West	25,306	22,158	2,295	853	5,764	878	4,502	384	1,814	361
Mountain	7,509	6,566	686	257	1,772	232	1,423	117	445	111
Pacific	17,797	15,592	1,609	596	3,992	646	3,079	267	1,370	250
Men										
Northeast	12,075	10,815	868	391	1,452	247	1,130	75	786	108
New England	3,269	2,887	268	114	445	67	352	26	205	31
Middle Atlantic	8,806	7,928	600	277	1,008	181	778	49	580	77
Midwest	14,951	13,284	1,195	472	2,015	323	1,581	111	1,023	153
East North Central	10,279	9,138	806	335	1,355	231	1,047	77	763	112
West North Central	4,672	4,146	388	137	660	92	534	34	260	41
South	23,172	20,804	1,730	638	2,571	496	1,938	137	1,391	189
South Atlantic	12,157	10,976	861	319	1,346	248	1,027	71	649	90
East South Central	3,747	3,330	311	107	401	72	305	24	222	33
West South Central	7,268	6,498	558	212	824	176	606	41	521	65
West	15,038	13,399	1,218	421	1,896	403	1,393	100	1,078	165
Mountain	4,487	3,999	366	122	590	111	448	31	261	47
Pacific	10,552	9,400	852	300	1,306	292	945	69	817	118

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Census regions and divisions: Employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
Women										
Northeast	8,949	7,636	911	402	3,339	291	2,848	201	547	159
New England	2,378	1,987	277	114	1,053	79	906	68	127	46
Middle Atlantic	6,571	5,649	634	288	2,287	212	1,942	133	419	113
Midwest	11,000	9,356	1,173	471	4,302	387	3,627	288	648	200
East North Central	7,510	6,402	780	328	2,919	283	2,439	197	474	142
West North Central	3,490	2,954	393	143	1,383	104	1,188	90	174	59
South	17,626	15,273	1,645	708	4,908	554	4,026	327	1,131	240
South Atlantic	9,506	8,313	840	353	2,577	284	2,120	173	559	111
East South Central	2,849	2,429	294	126	830	82	688	61	199	43
West South Central	5,271	4,531	511	229	1,500	188	1,218	93	373	86
West	10,268	8,760	1,077	431	3,868	475	3,109	284	736	196
Mountain	3,022	2,567	320	135	1,182	120	975	86	183	65
Pacific	7,246	6,192	757	296	2,686	354	2,134	198	553	132
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years										
Northeast	265	224	36	6	783	50	704	29	88	106
New England	74	60	12	2	242	14	219	9	24	31
Middle Atlantic	191	164	23	4	541	36	485	20	63	75
Midwest	420	343	67	10	1,244	81	1,112	51	153	163
East North Central	275	226	43	6	822	57	731	33	102	114
West North Central	145	117	23	4	422	24	381	18	51	49
South	632	532	89	12	1,273	104	1,123	46	254	176
South Atlantic	329	280	42	7	650	52	579	19	119	76
East South Central	106	87	17	2	227	14	201	11	44	37
West South Central	197	164	30	3	395	37	342	16	92	63
West	426	351	63	12	862	74	753	36	160	148
Mountain	158	132	22	4	297	25	262	11	50	49
Pacific	268	219	41	8	565	49	491	25	110	100

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Census regions and divisions: Employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
White										
Northeast	17,600	15,428	1,507	666	4,218	424	3,545	249	971	215
New England	5,114	4,409	495	210	1,372	125	1,158	88	283	65
Middle Atlantic	12,487	11,018	1,012	456	2,846	298	2,387	161	688	150
Midwest	22,907	19,977	2,096	834	5,706	587	4,757	362	1,262	289
East North Central	15,442	13,489	1,374	579	3,822	418	3,156	248	924	206
West North Central	7,465	6,489	722	255	1,884	169	1,601	114	338	82
South	31,882	28,176	2,646	1,061	5,986	728	4,877	381	1,589	308
South Atlantic	16,358	14,550	1,296	511	3,080	361	2,521	199	708	136
East South Central	5,268	4,592	486	189	996	96	828	72	260	53
West South Central	10,257	9,033	863	360	1,910	271	1,528	111	622	119
West	20,867	18,223	1,934	710	4,806	705	3,783	318	1,366	295
Mountain	6,817	5,962	620	235	1,625	203	1,310	111	378	97
Pacific	14,050	12,261	1,313	475	3,181	502	2,473	206	987	198
Black or African American										
Northeast	2,225	1,957	182	86	375	91	269	15	291	38
New England	284	248	25	10	70	15	51	3	35	9
Middle Atlantic	1,941	1,709	157	76	306	76	218	12	256	29
Midwest	2,124	1,854	193	77	392	91	279	22	323	48
East North Central	1,744	1,521	160	63	315	76	223	17	261	38
West North Central	380	334	33	14	77	15	56	5	62	10
South	7,124	6,313	580	231	1,147	270	817	60	809	100
South Atlantic	4,362	3,892	335	135	670	148	489	33	445	56
East South Central	1,169	1,025	106	38	197	51	135	11	148	21
West South Central	1,593	1,397	139	57	280	71	193	16	216	23
West	1,107	976	90	41	213	42	154	17	151	22
Mountain	218	190	20	8	35	9	24	2	20	4
Pacific	889	786	70	32	178	33	129	16	131	19

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Census regions and divisions: Employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹							Unemployed		
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers			Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²				Not at work
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
Asian										
Northeast	989	891	67	31	150	17	125	8	52	7
New England	182	161	17	4	35	2	30	2	9	2
Middle Atlantic	806	730	50	26	115	14	95	6	43	6
Midwest	582	528	36	18	120	12	101	7	37	9
East North Central	404	364	27	13	79	8	66	4	25	5
West North Central	178	164	10	5	41	3	35	3	12	3
South	1,006	923	63	20	180	23	145	12	53	10
South Atlantic	615	568	37	10	107	14	86	7	26	6
East South Central	76	70	4	2	20	2	16	2	3	1
West South Central	314	284	21	8	53	7	42	3	24	3
West	2,261	2,045	158	58	454	73	352	30	176	21
Mountain	178	163	13	2	39	4	34	1	10	1
Pacific	2,083	1,882	145	56	416	69	318	29	166	20
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity										
Northeast	2,006	1,790	155	61	331	81	236	14	208	23
New England	329	282	35	11	74	19	52	4	42	5
Middle Atlantic	1,677	1,508	120	49	257	62	184	11	166	18
Midwest	1,350	1,199	113	38	234	63	161	9	124	16
East North Central	1,066	950	86	31	162	41	114	7	99	13
West North Central	283	248	27	8	72	22	48	2	24	4
South	5,322	4,769	422	132	892	258	603	31	413	63
South Atlantic	2,178	1,977	158	42	321	107	202	13	160	19
East South Central	130	119	9	2	22	7	14	(³)	7	1
West South Central	3,014	2,673	254	87	548	143	387	18	246	43
West	6,084	5,367	539	178	1,112	297	762	53	506	83
Mountain	1,556	1,377	138	41	280	64	204	12	129	24
Pacific	4,528	3,990	401	137	832	233	558	41	377	59

¹ Employed persons are classified as full- or part-time workers based on their usual weekly hours at all jobs regardless of the number of hours they are at work during the reference week. Persons absent from work are classified according to their usual status.

² Includes some persons at work 35 hours or more classified by their reason for working part time.

³ Less than 500 persons.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet

BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area based on the sample in that area. See appendix B. Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 4. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by occupation, 2003 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Civilian Labor Force													
Total, All occupations	27,305	7,529	19,776	34,166	23,460	10,706	50,991	26,871	8,287	15,833	33,077	9,800	23,277
Management, professional, and related occupations	10,044	2,880	7,163	11,175	7,426	3,748	16,793	9,275	2,557	4,961	11,352	3,266	8,086
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	4,001	1,157	2,844	4,735	3,095	1,640	7,017	3,895	1,073	2,049	4,761	1,430	3,331
Management occupations	2,833	827	2,006	3,503	2,268	1,235	5,080	2,790	808	1,481	3,450	1,055	2,395
Business and financial operations occupations	1,169	330	839	1,232	827	404	1,937	1,104	265	568	1,312	375	936
Professional and related occupations	6,042	1,723	4,319	6,440	4,331	2,108	9,777	5,380	1,484	2,913	6,591	1,836	4,754
Computer and mathematical occupations	693	205	489	709	473	236	1,098	683	115	300	794	225	570
Architecture and engineering occupations	519	193	327	659	477	182	897	474	142	281	770	209	560
Life, physical, and social science occupations	311	107	204	281	182	99	446	259	56	131	380	91	290
Community and social services occupations	463	128	334	534	356	179	751	407	114	230	488	134	354
Legal occupations	348	90	258	317	222	94	500	302	59	139	374	105	269
Education, training, and library occupations	1,640	452	1,189	1,785	1,180	605	2,791	1,441	455	895	1,754	518	1,236
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	651	158	493	551	368	183	869	513	119	237	753	165	588
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	1,417	391	1,026	1,604	1,072	532	2,424	1,300	424	700	1,278	390	888
Service occupations	4,488	1,191	3,297	5,531	3,872	1,660	8,238	4,311	1,294	2,634	5,461	1,700	3,761
Healthcare support occupations	725	191	534	748	514	235	1,020	538	155	327	595	160	435
Protective service occupations	567	132	435	607	457	150	1,070	585	168	317	607	201	406
Food preparation and serving related occupations	1,477	403	1,074	1,973	1,366	607	2,735	1,417	422	896	1,738	594	1,144
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	908	242	665	1,170	839	331	1,964	1,048	319	597	1,342	401	941
Personal care and service occupations	811	223	588	1,032	696	337	1,450	723	230	496	1,178	343	835
Sales and office occupations	7,013	1,882	5,130	8,640	5,912	2,727	13,124	6,938	2,083	4,103	8,711	2,583	6,129
Sales and related occupations	3,068	843	2,225	3,817	2,597	1,221	6,031	3,245	922	1,863	4,006	1,240	2,766
Office and administrative support occupations	3,945	1,039	2,905	4,822	3,316	1,507	7,093	3,693	1,160	2,240	4,705	1,343	3,362
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	2,449	723	1,726	3,471	2,335	1,136	5,833	2,997	900	1,936	3,668	1,167	2,501
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	108	34	74	196	102	94	395	153	77	166	484	93	391
Construction and extraction occupations	1,479	455	1,023	2,011	1,355	657	3,405	1,805	496	1,104	2,017	706	1,311
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	862	234	629	1,263	879	384	2,033	1,040	328	665	1,167	368	799
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	3,309	851	2,457	5,347	3,912	1,435	6,986	3,344	1,449	2,193	3,880	1,083	2,797
Production occupations	1,740	508	1,231	3,048	2,268	780	3,717	1,737	827	1,153	1,972	513	1,459
Transportation and material moving occupations	1,569	343	1,226	2,299	1,644	655	3,269	1,607	622	1,040	1,909	570	1,338

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by occupation, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Employed													
Total, All occupations	25,815	7,145	18,671	32,267	22,063	10,204	48,277	25,586	7,828	14,863	31,070	9,281	21,789
Management, professional, and related occupations	9,692	2,782	6,910	10,875	7,215	3,661	16,321	9,034	2,497	4,790	10,923	3,164	7,760
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	3,855	1,112	2,743	4,603	3,001	1,603	6,822	3,790	1,049	1,984	4,607	1,389	3,218
Management occupations	2,729	794	1,935	3,413	2,204	1,209	4,947	2,715	793	1,440	3,347	1,029	2,318
Business and financial operations occupations	1,126	318	808	1,190	797	394	1,875	1,075	256	544	1,260	360	900
Professional and related occupations	5,837	1,670	4,167	6,272	4,214	2,058	9,499	5,244	1,448	2,806	6,316	1,775	4,541
Computer and mathematical occupations	654	194	460	675	451	224	1,043	658	110	275	743	212	531
Architecture and engineering occupations	494	182	312	637	460	177	862	457	135	269	728	198	529
Life, physical, and social science occupations	301	105	197	274	177	98	430	251	55	124	364	87	277
Community and social services occupations	445	124	321	524	348	176	733	399	111	223	476	130	347
Legal occupations	340	88	252	311	217	94	493	296	59	138	360	104	256
Education, training, and library occupations	1,596	439	1,157	1,735	1,147	588	2,719	1,409	445	865	1,696	503	1,193
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	610	151	459	527	350	176	829	494	114	221	689	157	532
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	1,396	387	1,009	1,589	1,063	526	2,390	1,281	418	690	1,259	383	876
Service occupations	4,180	1,118	3,062	5,117	3,575	1,542	7,658	4,040	1,194	2,423	5,087	1,592	3,496
Healthcare support occupations	690	184	506	707	484	222	954	509	142	303	567	153	413
Protective service occupations	537	125	412	583	437	146	1,032	569	160	302	570	192	379
Food preparation and serving related occupations	1,364	375	989	1,798	1,246	552	2,478	1,297	384	797	1,602	548	1,054
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	826	223	604	1,055	753	302	1,813	976	288	549	1,244	372	872
Personal care and service occupations	763	212	551	974	655	319	1,381	689	220	472	1,104	327	777
Sales and office occupations	6,632	1,789	4,843	8,179	5,576	2,603	12,418	6,602	1,962	3,854	8,193	2,441	5,753
Sales and related occupations	2,887	801	2,087	3,598	2,439	1,159	5,680	3,079	860	1,741	3,766	1,172	2,594
Office and administrative support occupations	3,745	989	2,756	4,582	3,137	1,444	6,738	3,523	1,101	2,113	4,428	1,269	3,158
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	2,265	675	1,590	3,167	2,109	1,058	5,425	2,815	838	1,773	3,323	1,079	2,244
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	104	32	71	181	95	86	362	140	71	151	401	83	318
Construction and extraction occupations	1,345	422	923	1,793	1,190	603	3,127	1,679	455	993	1,837	649	1,188
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	816	221	595	1,193	824	369	1,937	996	312	629	1,085	347	738
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	3,046	780	2,266	4,929	3,588	1,341	6,455	3,096	1,337	2,022	3,542	1,005	2,537
Production occupations	1,606	467	1,139	2,822	2,089	732	3,433	1,606	760	1,068	1,811	481	1,330
Transportation and material moving occupations	1,440	313	1,127	2,107	1,499	609	3,022	1,490	577	955	1,731	524	1,206

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by occupation, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Unemployed													
Total, All occupations	1,489	384	1,105	1,899	1,397	502	2,714	1,285	459	970	2,007	520	1,488
Management, professional, and related occupations	351	98	254	299	212	87	472	241	60	171	428	102	326
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	146	45	101	132	95	37	194	105	24	65	154	41	113
Management occupations	103	32	71	90	64	26	133	76	15	41	103	26	77
Business and financial operations occupations	43	12	30	41	30	11	62	29	9	23	51	15	37
Professional and related occupations	205	53	152	168	117	50	278	136	36	106	275	62	213
Computer and mathematical occupations	39	11	29	34	22	12	55	26	5	25	51	13	39
Architecture and engineering occupations	25	10	15	22	17	5	35	17	7	11	42	11	31
Life, physical, and social science occupations	9	2	7	6	5	1	16	8	1	7	16	3	13
Community and social services occupations	17	4	13	10	7	3	18	8	3	6	12	4	8
Legal occupations	8	2	6	6	5	1	7	6	(²)	1	14	1	13
Education, training, and library occupations	45	13	32	50	33	17	72	32	10	30	58	15	43
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	41	7	34	25	18	7	40	20	4	16	64	8	56
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	21	4	17	15	9	6	34	18	6	10	18	6	12
Service occupations	308	73	235	415	297	118	581	270	100	211	373	108	265
Healthcare support occupations	35	7	28	42	29	12	66	29	12	24	29	7	21
Protective service occupations	30	7	23	24	21	4	38	15	8	15	37	10	27
Food preparation and serving related occupations	113	28	85	175	120	55	257	120	38	99	136	46	91
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	82	20	62	115	86	29	151	71	31	49	98	29	69
Personal care and service occupations	48	11	37	58	41	18	68	34	10	24	74	16	58
Sales and office occupations	381	93	287	461	336	124	706	336	121	249	518	142	376
Sales and related occupations	181	42	138	220	158	62	351	166	62	122	241	68	172
Office and administrative support occupations	200	51	149	241	178	62	355	170	59	127	277	73	204
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	184	48	136	304	226	78	408	182	63	163	345	88	257
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	4	1	3	15	7	8	34	13	6	15	82	10	73
Construction and extraction occupations	134	34	100	219	165	54	278	126	41	112	180	57	123
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	46	13	33	70	54	15	96	44	16	36	82	21	61
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	263	72	191	418	324	94	531	249	112	171	338	78	261
Production occupations	133	42	92	226	179	48	284	131	68	85	161	32	129
Transportation and material moving occupations	129	30	99	191	145	46	247	117	44	85	178	46	132

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by occupation, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Unemployment Rate													
Total, All occupations	5.5	5.1	5.6	5.6	6.0	4.7	5.3	4.8	5.5	6.1	6.1	5.3	6.4
Management, professional, and related occupations	3.5	3.4	3.5	2.7	2.9	2.3	2.8	2.6	2.4	3.4	3.8	3.1	4.0
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	3.7	3.9	3.6	2.8	3.1	2.3	2.8	2.7	2.3	3.2	3.2	2.8	3.4
Management occupations	3.6	3.9	3.5	2.6	2.8	2.1	2.6	2.7	1.9	2.8	3.0	2.5	3.2
Business and financial operations occupations	3.7	3.8	3.6	3.3	3.7	2.7	3.2	2.7	3.4	4.1	3.9	3.9	3.9
Professional and related occupations	3.4	3.1	3.5	2.6	2.7	2.4	2.8	2.5	2.4	3.6	4.2	3.4	4.5
Computer and mathematical occupations	5.7	5.2	5.9	4.7	4.6	5.0	5.1	3.8	4.3	8.3	6.5	5.6	6.8
Architecture and engineering occupations	4.8	5.2	4.5	3.4	3.6	2.7	3.9	3.6	4.7	4.0	5.5	5.3	5.5
Life, physical, and social science occupations	3.0	1.9	3.6	2.2	2.8	1.0	3.6	3.1	2.2	5.1	4.2	3.8	4.3
Community and social services occupations	3.7	3.3	3.9	1.9	2.1	1.5	2.4	2.1	2.6	2.8	2.4	2.9	2.2
Legal occupations	2.2	1.7	2.4	1.8	2.2	.8	1.5	2.0	.7	.7	3.7	1.1	4.7
Education, training, and library occupations	2.7	2.9	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.6	2.2	2.1	3.4	3.3	2.9	3.5
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	6.3	4.5	6.9	4.5	4.9	3.6	4.6	3.9	3.8	6.7	8.5	5.1	9.5
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	1.5	1.0	1.6	.9	.9	1.1	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.3
Service occupations	6.9	6.1	7.1	7.5	7.7	7.1	7.0	6.3	7.7	8.0	6.8	6.4	7.1
Healthcare support occupations	4.8	3.7	5.2	5.6	5.7	5.3	6.4	5.5	8.0	7.3	4.8	4.4	4.9
Protective service occupations	5.3	5.0	5.4	4.0	4.5	2.5	3.6	2.7	4.8	4.6	6.0	4.8	6.7
Food preparation and serving related occupations	7.6	6.9	7.9	8.9	8.8	9.1	9.4	8.5	8.9	11.1	7.8	7.7	7.9
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	9.0	8.2	9.3	9.8	10.2	8.7	7.7	6.8	9.8	8.1	7.3	7.3	7.3
Personal care and service occupations	5.9	5.1	6.3	5.7	5.9	5.2	4.7	4.7	4.5	4.9	6.3	4.8	6.9
Sales and office occupations	5.4	5.0	5.6	5.3	5.7	4.6	5.4	4.8	5.8	6.1	5.9	5.5	6.1
Sales and related occupations	5.9	5.0	6.2	5.8	6.1	5.1	5.8	5.1	6.7	6.6	6.0	5.5	6.2
Office and administrative support occupations	5.1	4.9	5.1	5.0	5.4	4.1	5.0	4.6	5.1	5.6	5.9	5.5	6.1
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	7.5	6.6	7.9	8.8	9.7	6.8	7.0	6.1	6.9	8.4	9.4	7.5	10.3
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	3.8	3.9	3.8	7.7	6.8	8.7	8.5	8.3	7.4	9.2	17.1	10.7	18.6
Construction and extraction occupations	9.1	7.4	9.8	10.9	12.2	8.2	8.2	7.0	8.3	10.1	8.9	8.1	9.4
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	5.3	5.5	5.3	5.5	6.2	4.0	4.7	4.2	4.7	5.4	7.1	5.7	7.7
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	7.9	8.4	7.8	7.8	8.3	6.5	7.6	7.4	7.7	7.8	8.7	7.2	9.3
Production occupations	7.7	8.2	7.4	7.4	7.9	6.1	7.6	7.6	8.2	7.4	8.1	6.2	8.8
Transportation and material moving occupations	8.2	8.7	8.1	8.3	8.8	7.1	7.6	7.3	7.1	8.2	9.3	8.0	9.9

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience.

² Less than 500 persons.

NOTE: Totals for summary groups published include other occupations not shown separately. Items may not compute to displayed rates because of rounding.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
TOTAL													
Total (in thousands)	25,815	7,145	18,671	32,267	22,063	10,204	48,277	25,586	7,828	14,863	31,070	9,281	21,789
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	37.5	38.9	37.0	33.7	32.7	35.9	33.8	35.3	31.9	32.2	35.2	34.1	35.6
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	14.9	15.6	14.7	14.3	13.6	15.7	14.1	14.8	13.4	13.3	14.8	15.0	14.8
Management occupations	10.6	11.1	10.4	10.6	10.0	11.8	10.2	10.6	10.1	9.7	10.8	11.1	10.6
Business and financial operations occupations	4.4	4.4	4.3	3.7	3.6	3.9	3.9	4.2	3.3	3.7	4.1	3.9	4.1
Professional and related occupations	22.6	23.4	22.3	19.4	19.1	20.2	19.7	20.5	18.5	18.9	20.3	19.1	20.8
Computer and mathematical occupations	2.5	2.7	2.5	2.1	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.6	1.4	1.9	2.4	2.3	2.4
Architecture and engineering occupations	1.9	2.6	1.7	2.0	2.1	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.8	2.3	2.1	2.4
Life, physical, and social science occupations	1.2	1.5	1.1	.9	.8	1.0	.9	1.0	.7	.8	1.2	.9	1.3
Community and social services occupations	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.5	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.6
Legal occupations	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.0	1.0	.9	1.0	1.2	.7	.9	1.2	1.1	1.2
Education, training, and library occupations	6.2	6.1	6.2	5.4	5.2	5.8	5.6	5.5	5.7	5.8	5.5	5.4	5.5
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	2.4	2.1	2.5	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.9	1.5	1.5	2.2	1.7	2.4
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	5.4	5.4	5.4	4.9	4.8	5.2	4.9	5.0	5.3	4.6	4.1	4.1	4.0
Service occupations	16.2	15.7	16.4	15.9	16.2	15.1	15.9	15.8	15.3	16.3	16.4	17.1	16.0
Healthcare support occupations	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.0	2.0	1.8	2.0	1.8	1.6	1.9
Protective service occupations	2.1	1.7	2.2	1.8	2.0	1.4	2.1	2.2	2.0	2.0	1.8	2.1	1.7
Food preparation and serving related occupations	5.3	5.2	5.3	5.6	5.6	5.4	5.1	5.1	4.9	5.4	5.2	5.9	4.8
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	3.0	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.7	4.0	4.0	4.0
Personal care and service occupations	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.1	2.9	2.7	2.8	3.2	3.6	3.5	3.6
Sales and office occupations	25.7	25.0	25.9	25.3	25.3	25.5	25.7	25.8	25.1	25.9	26.4	26.3	26.4
Sales and related occupations	11.2	11.2	11.2	11.1	11.1	11.4	11.8	12.0	11.0	11.7	12.1	12.6	11.9
Office and administrative support occupations	14.5	13.8	14.8	14.2	14.2	14.2	14.0	13.8	14.1	14.2	14.3	13.7	14.5
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	8.8	9.4	8.5	9.8	9.6	10.4	11.2	11.0	10.7	11.9	10.7	11.6	10.3
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations .....	.4	.5	.4	.6	.4	.8	.7	.5	.9	1.0	1.3	.9	1.5
Construction and extraction occupations	5.2	5.9	4.9	5.6	5.4	5.9	6.5	6.6	5.8	6.7	5.9	7.0	5.5
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.7	3.7	3.6	4.0	3.9	4.0	4.2	3.5	3.7	3.4
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	11.8	10.9	12.1	15.3	16.3	13.1	13.4	12.1	17.1	13.6	11.4	10.8	11.6
Production occupations	6.2	6.5	6.1	8.7	9.5	7.2	7.1	6.3	9.7	7.2	5.8	5.2	6.1
Transportation and material moving occupations	5.6	4.4	6.0	6.5	6.8	6.0	6.3	5.8	7.4	6.4	5.6	5.6	5.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Men													
Total (in thousands)	13,527	3,714	9,813	16,965	11,634	5,332	25,743	13,503	4,149	8,092	16,935	5,077	11,858
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	35.1	36.6	34.6	31.5	30.5	33.5	31.0	32.4	28.9	29.7	33.1	31.8	33.7
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	16.7	17.4	16.5	15.9	15.0	17.9	15.2	15.9	14.7	14.5	15.5	15.9	15.4
Management occupations	12.6	13.4	12.3	12.9	12.1	14.7	12.1	12.4	12.1	11.5	12.3	12.7	12.1
Business and financial operations occupations	4.2	4.0	4.2	3.0	2.9	3.2	3.2	3.5	2.6	3.0	3.2	3.2	3.3
Professional and related occupations	18.4	19.2	18.1	15.6	15.6	15.6	15.7	16.5	14.2	15.3	17.6	16.0	18.3
Computer and mathematical occupations	3.3	3.6	3.2	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.9	3.4	1.7	2.6	3.3	3.3	3.3
Architecture and engineering occupations	3.3	4.3	2.8	3.1	3.3	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.8	3.0	3.7	3.3	3.8
Life, physical, and social science occupations	1.1	1.4	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.0	1.0	.7	1.0	1.2	1.1	1.2
Community and social services occupations	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.1
Legal occupations	1.5	1.3	1.6	1.0	1.0	1.0	.9	1.0	.7	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.1
Education, training, and library occupations	3.1	3.0	3.1	2.8	2.7	2.9	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.5	2.9	2.7	3.0
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	2.3	2.0	2.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.9	1.6	1.5	2.2	1.4	2.5
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	2.7	2.4	2.9	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.5	2.5	2.8	2.4	2.1	2.2	2.1
Service occupations	13.5	12.6	13.8	12.0	12.5	10.9	12.6	13.0	11.5	12.5	13.8	14.7	13.5
Healthcare support occupations .....	.5	.6	.5	.4	.4	.5	.3	.3	.3	.4	.5	.3	.5
Protective service occupations	3.3	2.9	3.4	2.7	2.9	2.2	3.1	3.2	3.0	2.9	2.8	3.2	2.6
Food preparation and serving related occupations	4.5	4.0	4.7	4.3	4.4	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.4	4.3	4.7	5.1	4.5
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	3.8	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.9	3.2	4.0	4.3	3.8	3.5	4.4	4.4	4.4
Personal care and service occupations	1.3	1.2	1.4	1.0	.9	1.0	1.2	1.2	.9	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.5
Sales and office occupations	18.3	18.0	18.5	16.6	16.4	17.1	17.1	17.5	16.1	17.0	18.4	17.8	18.7
Sales and related occupations	11.2	11.0	11.2	10.7	10.4	11.4	10.8	11.1	9.8	10.8	11.9	11.8	11.9
Office and administrative support occupations	7.2	7.0	7.2	5.9	6.0	5.7	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.6	5.9	6.8
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	16.1	17.4	15.6	17.8	17.2	19.0	20.2	20.0	19.3	20.8	18.6	20.3	17.8
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations .....	.6	.7	.5	.8	.6	1.3	1.1	.8	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.3	2.0
Construction and extraction occupations	9.7	11.0	9.2	10.2	9.9	11.0	11.8	12.1	10.7	11.9	10.6	12.4	9.8
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	5.8	5.7	5.8	6.7	6.7	6.7	7.2	7.1	7.1	7.4	6.2	6.6	6.0
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	17.0	15.5	17.6	22.1	23.3	19.5	19.2	17.2	24.3	19.9	16.1	15.5	16.3
Production occupations	8.0	8.3	7.9	11.8	12.7	9.8	9.1	7.7	12.5	9.7	7.4	6.7	7.7
Transportation and material moving occupations	9.0	7.2	9.7	10.3	10.6	9.7	10.1	9.5	11.8	10.2	8.7	8.7	8.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Women													
Total (in thousands)	12,288	3,431	8,857	15,301	10,429	4,872	22,534	12,083	3,679	6,771	14,135	4,204	9,931
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	40.2	41.5	39.7	36.2	35.1	38.5	37.0	38.6	35.3	35.2	37.6	36.8	37.9
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	13.0	13.6	12.7	12.5	12.1	13.3	12.9	13.6	11.9	12.0	14.0	13.9	14.1
Management occupations	8.4	8.6	8.3	8.0	7.6	8.7	8.2	8.6	7.9	7.6	9.0	9.2	8.9
Business and financial operations occupations	4.6	5.0	4.4	4.5	4.4	4.6	4.7	5.0	4.1	4.5	5.0	4.7	5.2
Professional and related occupations	27.2	27.9	27.0	23.7	23.1	25.2	24.2	25.0	23.4	23.2	23.6	22.9	23.9
Computer and mathematical occupations	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.3	1.2	1.6	1.4	1.7	1.1	1.0	1.3	1.1	1.4
Architecture and engineering occupations .....	.4	.6	.4	.7	.7	.6	.5	.6	.5	.4	.8	.7	.8
Life, physical, and social science occupations	1.2	1.5	1.1	.6	.6	.7	.8	.9	.7	.6	1.2	.8	1.3
Community and social services occupations	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.2	2.2	2.2	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7	2.1	1.9	2.2
Legal occupations	1.1	1.2	1.1	.9	.9	.8	1.1	1.3	.8	.9	1.2	1.2	1.2
Education, training, and library occupations	9.6	9.5	9.6	8.3	7.9	8.9	9.2	8.9	9.2	9.8	8.5	8.7	8.4
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	2.4	2.3	2.5	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.7	2.0	1.3	1.5	2.2	2.0	2.3
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	8.3	8.7	8.2	8.0	7.7	8.5	7.7	7.8	8.2	7.3	6.4	6.5	6.3
Service occupations	19.2	19.0	19.3	20.1	20.3	19.7	19.6	18.9	19.5	20.8	19.4	20.2	19.1
Healthcare support occupations	5.0	4.7	5.2	4.2	4.2	4.0	3.9	3.9	3.5	4.0	3.4	3.2	3.5
Protective service occupations .....	.8	.5	.8	.8	.9	.6	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	.7	.7	.7
Food preparation and serving related occupations	6.2	6.6	6.0	7.0	7.0	6.9	6.5	6.3	6.5	6.7	5.8	6.9	5.3
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	2.5	2.3	2.6	2.8	2.9	2.7	3.5	3.2	3.5	3.9	3.6	3.6	3.6
Personal care and service occupations	4.8	4.9	4.7	5.3	5.2	5.4	4.8	4.4	5.0	5.3	6.0	5.7	6.1
Sales and office occupations	33.8	32.7	34.2	35.0	35.1	34.7	35.6	35.1	35.2	36.6	35.9	36.6	35.6
Sales and related occupations	11.2	11.5	11.1	11.6	11.8	11.3	12.9	13.0	12.3	12.9	12.4	13.6	11.9
Office and administrative support occupations	22.6	21.2	23.1	23.4	23.4	23.5	22.7	22.1	22.9	23.7	23.5	23.0	23.7
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations .....	.7	.8	.7	1.0	1.1	.9	1.0	.9	1.0	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.3
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations .....	.2	.2	.2	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.2	.4	.7	.4	.8
Construction and extraction occupations .....	.3	.3	.2	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.3	.4	.3	.5	.3
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations .....	.3	.3	.3	.3	.4	.2	.4	.3	.4	.5	.3	.3	.3
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	6.1	6.0	6.1	7.7	8.4	6.2	6.7	6.4	8.9	6.1	5.8	5.3	6.0
Production occupations	4.3	4.6	4.1	5.4	5.9	4.3	4.8	4.7	6.6	4.2	3.9	3.3	4.2
Transportation and material moving occupations	1.8	1.3	2.0	2.3	2.5	1.8	1.9	1.8	2.4	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
White													
Total (in thousands)	21,818	6,485	15,333	28,614	19,264	9,349	37,869	19,438	6,264	12,167	25,673	8,442	17,231
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	38.2	39.3	37.7	34.1	33.1	36.2	35.3	37.1	33.9	33.1	35.1	34.6	35.4
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	15.6	16.2	15.3	14.8	14.1	16.3	15.4	16.3	15.1	14.1	15.1	15.3	15.0
Management occupations	11.1	11.6	10.9	11.1	10.5	12.3	11.4	12.0	11.5	10.5	11.2	11.3	11.1
Business and financial operations occupations	4.4	4.5	4.4	3.7	3.6	3.9	4.0	4.3	3.6	3.6	3.9	3.9	3.9
Professional and related occupations	22.6	23.2	22.4	19.3	18.9	19.9	19.9	20.8	18.9	19.0	20.1	19.4	20.4
Computer and mathematical occupations	2.3	2.5	2.3	1.9	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.5	1.3	1.7	2.2	2.3	2.2
Architecture and engineering occupations	2.0	2.6	1.7	2.0	2.1	1.8	1.9	2.0	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.3
Life, physical, and social science occupations	1.1	1.4	1.0	.8	.7	1.0	.9	1.0	.8	.8	1.1	.9	1.2
Community and social services occupations	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.7	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4
Legal occupations	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.3	.8	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.2
Education, training, and library occupations	6.4	6.4	6.4	5.4	5.3	5.7	5.7	5.6	5.7	6.1	5.7	5.5	5.8
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	2.5	2.1	2.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	2.1	1.6	1.5	2.3	1.7	2.6
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	5.4	5.3	5.4	4.9	4.8	5.1	4.8	4.8	5.6	4.4	3.8	4.1	3.7
Service occupations	15.2	15.1	15.2	15.0	15.3	14.4	14.2	13.8	13.5	15.1	16.0	16.6	15.7
Healthcare support occupations	2.0	2.2	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.7
Protective service occupations	2.0	1.7	2.1	1.7	1.9	1.3	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.7	2.0	1.6
Food preparation and serving related occupations	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.5	5.3	4.7	4.5	4.4	5.2	5.0	5.7	4.7
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	3.1	3.0	3.2	3.2	3.3	2.9	3.3	3.3	3.0	3.5	4.1	4.0	4.2
Personal care and service occupations	2.8	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.7	3.1	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.9	3.4	3.3	3.4
Sales and office occupations	25.8	25.2	26.1	25.6	25.4	25.8	26.1	26.3	25.6	26.1	26.0	26.1	25.9
Sales and related occupations	11.5	11.6	11.5	11.4	11.4	11.6	12.3	12.8	11.7	11.9	12.2	12.6	11.9
Office and administrative support occupations	14.3	13.7	14.6	14.1	14.1	14.2	13.8	13.5	13.9	14.2	13.8	13.5	13.9
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	9.3	9.8	9.2	10.3	10.1	10.7	12.2	12.0	11.5	12.8	11.6	12.0	11.3
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations .....	.5	.5	.5	.6	.5	.9	.8	.6	1.0	1.1	1.5	1.0	1.7
Construction and extraction occupations	5.5	6.1	5.3	5.8	5.7	6.1	7.1	7.3	6.2	7.2	6.5	7.2	6.1
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	3.3	3.2	3.4	3.9	4.0	3.7	4.3	4.2	4.4	4.5	3.6	3.8	3.5
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	11.5	10.5	11.9	15.0	16.0	12.9	12.3	10.8	15.4	13.0	11.3	10.6	11.7
Production occupations	6.2	6.2	6.2	8.6	9.3	6.9	6.6	5.6	8.8	7.0	5.7	5.0	6.0
Transportation and material moving occupations	5.3	4.3	5.8	6.4	6.7	6.0	5.7	5.2	6.6	6.0	5.7	5.6	5.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Black or African American													
Total (in thousands)	2,600	353	2,247	2,516	2,059	457	8,271	5,031	1,366	1,873	1,320	253	1,067
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	29.0	27.4	29.2	25.3	25.2	26.0	25.5	27.3	21.2	23.9	31.2	25.3	32.6
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	9.9	7.5	10.2	9.0	9.0	9.2	8.6	9.5	6.5	7.8	12.8	10.8	13.3
Management occupations	6.6	4.8	6.9	5.4	5.2	6.2	5.2	5.7	4.3	4.7	8.9	6.9	9.4
Business and financial operations occupations	3.3	2.7	3.4	3.6	3.7	3.1	3.4	3.8	2.2	3.1	3.9	3.8	3.9
Professional and related occupations	19.1	20.0	19.0	16.3	16.2	16.8	16.9	17.8	14.7	16.1	18.4	14.5	19.3
Computer and mathematical occupations	1.6	2.3	1.5	1.8	1.9	1.1	1.7	2.1	1.2	1.1	1.9	2.9	1.7
Architecture and engineering occupations .....	.8	.7	.8	.8	.9	.7	.7	.8	.8	.5	1.3	1.7	1.2
Life, physical, and social science occupations .....	.6	1.0	.5	.6	.7	.4	.5	.4	.3	.9	.9	.3	1.0
Community and social services occupations	3.9	5.1	3.7	3.0	3.1	2.7	2.2	2.3	1.6	2.6	3.4	.9	4.0
Legal occupations .....	.7	.6	.8	.4	.4	.6	.5	.6	.4	.5	1.2	.4	1.3
Education, training, and library occupations	5.5	3.8	5.8	5.0	5.1	4.6	5.3	5.5	5.2	4.9	3.6	3.2	3.7
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	1.4	1.5	1.4	.9	.8	1.8	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.8	1.2	2.0
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	4.6	5.0	4.6	3.7	3.5	5.0	4.8	5.2	4.1	4.5	4.2	3.8	4.3
Service occupations	24.8	26.6	24.5	24.3	24.0	25.5	23.0	22.6	22.5	24.2	18.7	23.9	17.5
Healthcare support occupations	8.3	9.7	8.1	5.5	5.4	6.0	4.1	4.2	3.0	4.7	3.2	3.6	3.1
Protective service occupations	3.6	2.9	3.7	3.2	3.1	4.0	3.4	3.5	2.9	3.7	4.0	4.0	4.0
Food preparation and serving related occupations	4.0	4.2	4.0	6.2	6.1	6.4	6.5	6.3	6.9	6.5	3.6	5.8	3.0
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	4.5	5.3	4.3	4.5	4.3	5.1	5.6	5.6	6.7	4.8	3.5	5.5	3.1
Personal care and service occupations	4.4	4.5	4.4	4.9	5.1	4.0	3.4	3.1	3.0	4.4	4.5	5.0	4.4
Sales and office occupations	27.0	24.5	27.4	26.1	25.8	27.6	25.3	25.1	23.3	27.3	31.6	32.8	31.4
Sales and related occupations	8.7	6.9	9.0	8.6	8.3	9.8	9.8	9.7	8.2	11.3	12.3	14.4	11.8
Office and administrative support occupations	18.3	17.6	18.4	17.5	17.4	17.8	15.6	15.5	15.1	16.1	19.4	18.4	19.6
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	6.1	6.3	6.1	6.2	6.0	7.2	7.5	7.8	7.3	7.1	6.2	5.5	6.4
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.2	.2	.1	.5	.5	.7	.4	.2	.2	.2
Construction and extraction occupations	3.7	4.5	3.6	3.6	3.3	4.9	4.2	4.4	4.3	3.6	3.2	2.6	3.3
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	2.4	1.8	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.2	2.9	2.9	2.3	3.0	2.8	2.6	2.9
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	13.1	15.2	12.8	18.1	19.1	13.7	18.6	17.1	25.7	17.5	12.3	12.5	12.2
Production occupations	4.9	7.1	4.6	9.4	10.0	6.5	9.3	8.3	14.5	8.2	5.0	4.3	5.1
Transportation and material moving occupations	8.2	8.0	8.2	8.7	9.0	7.2	9.3	8.8	11.1	9.3	7.3	8.2	7.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Asian													
Total (in thousands)	1,139	217	921	702	483	219	1,185	722	97	366	2,716	217	2,499
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	46.8	51.0	45.8	53.6	55.0	50.5	48.4	46.2	55.8	50.8	40.9	40.5	40.9
Management, business, and financial operations occupations ...	15.5	12.7	16.1	13.0	14.2	10.4	13.9	13.2	8.2	16.7	15.1	16.5	15.0
Management occupations	10.1	8.1	10.5	9.1	9.9	7.4	8.9	9.4	7.5	8.2	9.3	12.3	9.0
Business and financial operations occupations	5.4	4.5	5.6	3.8	4.2	3.0	5.0	3.8	.7	8.5	5.8	4.2	6.0
Professional and related occupations	31.3	38.4	29.6	40.6	40.8	40.1	34.5	33.0	47.6	34.1	25.8	23.9	25.9
Computer and mathematical occupations	8.7	10.8	8.3	11.1	11.2	10.9	8.3	7.4	8.8	9.9	4.6	4.7	4.6
Architecture and engineering occupations	3.1	4.0	2.9	5.2	6.3	2.7	4.4	4.1	8.8	3.8	4.1	3.4	4.2
Life, physical, and social science occupations	3.5	5.9	2.9	2.8	3.0	2.3	2.4	3.1	2.1	1.3	2.0	2.1	2.0
Community and social services occupations	1.1	.9	1.1	1.1	.9	1.6	.7	.4	.3	1.4	1.5	1.1	1.6
Legal occupations .....	.7	.3	.7	.4	.5	.3	.4	.5	(¹)	.3	.8	.1	.8
Education, training, and library occupations	3.4	2.9	3.5	6.9	4.9	11.4	4.7	3.6	11.0	5.3	4.1	4.5	4.1
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	2.9	4.2	2.7	1.5	1.2	2.1	2.0	2.6	3.4	.3	2.1	1.4	2.1
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	8.0	9.4	7.6	11.6	12.8	8.9	11.6	11.3	13.2	11.7	6.6	6.6	6.6
Service occupations	15.3	12.8	15.9	14.1	13.0	16.7	17.3	19.1	17.8	13.6	16.4	23.5	15.7
Healthcare support occupations	2.2	2.6	2.1	1.9	1.4	3.0	1.1	1.3	1.5	.4	2.3	1.8	2.4
Protective service occupations .....	.7	1.0	.6	.4	.5	(¹)	.4	.5	(¹)	.4	1.0	.9	1.0
Food preparation and serving related occupations	8.0	5.6	8.6	7.1	6.9	7.8	8.1	9.9	9.8	4.1	6.1	11.1	5.7
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	1.5	1.8	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.5	2.7	3.4	.5	1.9	2.9	2.9	2.9
Personal care and service occupations	2.9	1.7	3.1	3.4	2.9	4.5	5.0	4.0	6.0	6.8	4.1	6.7	3.9
Sales and office occupations	21.1	19.6	21.4	15.2	17.0	11.3	18.2	18.9	15.0	17.6	26.9	22.1	27.3
Sales and related occupations	11.0	7.9	11.7	9.2	10.6	6.2	9.9	10.0	9.3	9.8	12.6	13.3	12.5
Office and administrative support occupations	10.1	11.7	9.7	6.0	6.4	5.1	8.3	8.8	5.7	7.8	14.3	8.8	14.8
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	3.2	3.1	3.3	2.2	2.0	2.5	4.4	4.1	4.3	5.0	4.6	2.5	4.8
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations .....	.1	.4	(¹)	.2	.2	.2	.4	(¹)	.4	1.1	.5	(¹)	.5
Construction and extraction occupations	1.4	1.8	1.2	.9	.9	.8	1.9	2.1	1.5	1.6	1.5	.9	1.5
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	1.8	.9	2.0	1.1	.9	1.5	2.2	2.0	2.4	2.3	2.6	1.6	2.7
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	13.6	13.4	13.6	14.9	13.0	19.0	11.7	11.7	7.1	13.0	11.3	11.4	11.2
Production occupations	8.9	11.6	8.2	11.9	10.0	15.9	9.3	9.5	4.3	10.1	7.9	9.0	7.8
Transportation and material moving occupations	4.7	1.8	5.4	3.0	3.0	3.1	2.5	2.3	2.8	2.9	3.4	2.5	3.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity													
Total (in thousands)	2,337	403	1,934	1,583	1,228	355	6,214	2,499	152	3,562	7,196	1,836	5,360
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Management, professional, and related occupations	18.5	16.9	18.8	14.1	13.3	16.6	17.5	18.8	15.3	16.7	16.4	16.8	16.2
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	7.0	5.4	7.4	5.6	5.3	6.6	7.2	7.9	8.9	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6
Management occupations	5.0	3.2	5.3	3.7	3.4	4.6	5.2	5.3	8.5	5.0	4.7	4.7	4.7
Business and financial operations occupations	2.1	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.5	.4	1.7	1.9	1.9	1.9
Professional and related occupations	11.4	11.6	11.4	8.5	8.1	10.1	10.3	10.9	6.4	10.0	9.8	10.2	9.6
Computer and mathematical occupations .....	.8	.5	.9	1.5	1.3	2.3	1.1	1.4	(¹)	.9	.9	1.0	.8
Architecture and engineering occupations .....	.7	1.2	.6	.6	.6	.4	.8	1.1	1.3	.6	.9	1.1	.9
Life, physical, and social science occupations .....	.5	.8	.4	.2	.1	.4	.4	.4	.6	.5	.6	.4	.6
Community and social services occupations	1.5	2.3	1.3	1.1	1.1	.9	.8	1.0	(¹)	.8	1.1	1.2	1.1
Legal occupations .....	.6	.6	.5	.4	.5	.3	.6	.7	1.0	.5	.5	.5	.4
Education, training, and library occupations	3.9	3.5	3.9	2.2	2.1	2.5	3.1	2.5	1.5	3.6	3.2	3.3	3.1
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	1.4	1.2	1.5	.9	.7	1.4	1.3	1.6	.7	1.1	1.0	.8	1.1
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	2.1	1.5	2.2	1.6	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.3	1.4	2.0	1.6	1.8	1.6
Service occupations	27.3	27.4	27.3	25.0	24.3	27.4	22.8	22.6	23.7	23.0	23.8	24.8	23.4
Healthcare support occupations	3.7	3.3	3.8	1.9	1.7	2.3	1.8	1.5	1.0	2.1	1.8	1.6	1.9
Protective service occupations	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.7	1.0	1.7	1.8	1.4	1.7	1.4	1.9	1.3
Food preparation and serving related occupations	8.9	7.9	9.1	10.7	9.8	13.8	7.8	7.2	11.5	8.1	8.0	9.8	7.4
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	8.6	10.7	8.1	8.7	8.8	8.3	8.5	9.7	6.9	7.8	9.3	8.9	9.5
Personal care and service occupations	4.2	3.7	4.4	2.2	2.2	2.0	3.0	2.4	2.9	3.4	3.2	2.7	3.4
Sales and office occupations	23.2	22.5	23.3	19.2	20.0	16.5	21.5	20.7	9.7	22.6	22.6	22.9	22.5
Sales and related occupations	8.9	8.7	9.0	7.9	8.1	7.0	9.8	9.6	3.7	10.2	9.9	10.3	9.7
Office and administrative support occupations	14.2	13.8	14.3	11.4	11.9	9.6	11.7	11.1	6.0	12.4	12.8	12.5	12.9
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	10.8	10.8	10.8	15.2	15.5	14.5	20.2	22.0	28.4	18.7	17.6	19.5	17.0
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations .....	.5	.3	.6	1.3	.9	2.6	1.9	1.8	5.8	1.7	3.8	2.3	4.3
Construction and extraction occupations	7.3	7.9	7.2	10.5	10.7	9.9	13.9	15.9	16.8	12.5	10.0	13.6	8.8
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	2.9	2.6	2.9	3.5	3.9	2.0	4.4	4.3	5.8	4.5	3.8	3.7	3.9
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	20.3	22.4	19.9	26.5	26.9	25.0	17.9	16.0	22.9	19.1	19.6	16.0	20.8
Production occupations	11.3	15.3	10.4	18.1	18.2	17.8	10.1	8.9	14.4	10.7	10.6	8.2	11.4
Transportation and material moving occupations	9.0	7.0	9.4	8.4	8.7	7.2	7.9	7.1	8.6	8.3	9.0	7.8	9.5

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Totals for summary groups published include other occupations not shown separately. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American,

and Asian) do not sum to totals because data for other race groups are not shown. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 2003 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Civilian Labor Force													
Total	27,305	7,529	19,776	34,166	23,460	10,706	50,991	26,871	8,287	15,833	33,077	9,800	23,277
Mining	(²)	(²)	(²)	75	44	(²)	325	48	49	227	135	94	(²)
Construction	1,800	534	1,266	2,434	1,674	759	4,277	2,342	607	1,328	2,510	889	1,621
Manufacturing	3,211	991	2,220	5,512	4,161	1,350	5,795	2,763	1,302	1,730	3,504	786	2,718
Durable goods	1,914	675	1,238	3,725	2,908	817	3,314	1,520	844	950	2,303	529	1,774
Nonmetallic mineral products	88	(²)	71	163	123	40	197	88	42	67	99	31	67
Primary and fabricated metal products	350	103	247	785	639	146	618	269	167	181	331	77	255
Machinery manufacturing	248	71	177	574	428	146	404	158	104	142	145	32	113
Computer and electronic products	384	180	203	275	169	106	410	210	62	137	678	145	533
Electrical equipment and appliances	114	44	70	192	146	46	195	95	65	(²)	72	(²)	60
Transportation equipment	245	105	140	1,067	900	167	672	285	220	168	423	80	344
Wood products	80	(²)	61	137	101	36	225	91	67	66	120	30	90
Furniture and fixtures	100	23	78	187	147	40	257	138	57	62	131	35	96
Miscellaneous manufacturing	305	113	192	345	255	90	337	185	61	91	305	87	217
Nondurable goods	1,297	315	981	1,786	1,254	533	2,481	1,243	458	781	1,201	257	944
Food manufacturing	245	45	201	516	313	203	603	225	103	275	351	104	247
Beverage and tobacco products	34	(²)	(²)	41	(²)	(²)	108	64	(²)	(²)	64	(²)	52
Textile, apparel, and leather	236	58	178	93	62	(²)	558	394	95	70	240	(²)	221
Paper and printing	276	94	182	417	292	125	486	249	110	128	235	61	174
Petroleum and coal products	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	91	(²)	(²)	76	(²)	(²)	(²)
Chemicals	365	75	290	393	301	92	402	200	61	141	183	32	151
Plastic and rubber products	126	36	90	299	233	65	232	103	63	66	98	(²)	77
Wholesale and retail trade	3,956	1,116	2,840	5,148	3,522	1,626	7,763	4,060	1,245	2,458	5,064	1,517	3,547
Wholesale trade	864	230	634	1,088	749	338	1,629	858	246	525	1,125	300	825
Retail trade	3,092	886	2,206	4,061	2,773	1,288	6,134	3,202	999	1,933	3,939	1,217	2,721
Transportation and utilities	1,365	282	1,083	1,667	1,146	521	2,670	1,342	484	843	1,557	469	1,089
Transportation and warehousing	1,168	232	936	1,393	973	420	2,191	1,097	376	718	1,280	372	909
Utilities	197	50	147	274	172	102	478	245	108	125	277	97	180
Information	789	179	610	798	527	271	1,331	708	200	423	1,019	272	747
Publishing, except Internet	214	55	159	229	159	69	250	136	58	56	193	54	139
Motion picture and sound recording industries	93	(²)	82	65	47	(²)	116	66	(²)	(²)	218	27	191
Broadcasting, except Internet	112	(²)	90	86	57	(²)	190	91	(²)	67	140	35	105
Telecommunications	267	62	205	303	186	117	616	319	73	224	346	118	228
Internet service providers and data processing services	40	(²)	(²)	38	(²)	(²)	76	48	(²)	(²)	57	(²)	(²)
Other information services	63	(²)	41	76	54	(²)	78	47	(²)	(²)	62	(²)	44

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Civilian Labor Force													
Financial activities	2,116	571	1,545	2,229	1,431	797	3,425	1,950	492	983	2,294	704	1,590
Finance and insurance	1,593	432	1,161	1,694	1,080	614	2,278	1,274	359	644	1,479	443	1,035
Finance	1,064	269	795	1,039	665	374	1,470	827	223	420	971	298	673
Insurance	529	163	366	655	415	239	808	447	136	224	508	146	362
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	523	139	384	535	351	183	1,148	676	133	339	816	261	555
Real estate	432	120	312	430	286	144	936	570	109	257	685	217	468
Rental and leasing services	91	(²)	72	105	66	39	211	106	(²)	81	131	43	88
Professional and business services ...	3,012	849	2,164	3,053	2,144	909	5,104	2,910	650	1,545	3,796	1,065	2,731
Professional and technical services	1,882	542	1,340	1,691	1,172	520	2,857	1,673	338	846	2,220	608	1,612
Management, administrative, and waste services	1,131	306	824	1,362	972	389	2,247	1,237	311	699	1,576	457	1,119
Administrative and support services	1,027	274	753	1,266	904	362	2,086	1,153	281	652	1,481	424	1,057
Waste management and remediation services	88	27	61	88	62	(²)	147	78	(²)	42	88	30	58
Education and health services	6,254	1,744	4,510	6,949	4,649	2,300	9,850	5,153	1,664	3,033	6,059	1,749	4,310
Educational services	2,498	709	1,789	2,821	1,866	955	4,171	2,141	686	1,343	2,658	805	1,854
Health care and social assistance ..	3,756	1,035	2,720	4,129	2,783	1,345	5,679	3,012	977	1,690	3,401	944	2,457
Hospitals	1,230	351	879	1,452	950	503	2,022	1,067	378	576	1,040	291	748
Health services, except hospitals ..	1,196	315	881	1,243	882	361	1,917	1,022	317	578	1,286	348	938
Social assistance	1,330	369	961	1,433	952	482	1,740	922	282	535	1,075	304	771
Leisure and hospitality	2,238	617	1,621	2,876	2,004	873	4,373	2,364	656	1,352	3,177	1,115	2,062
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	568	145	424	596	418	178	852	488	140	225	776	246	530
Accommodation and food services	1,670	473	1,197	2,281	1,586	695	3,520	1,876	516	1,128	2,401	869	1,533
Accommodation	240	84	156	267	180	87	578	357	66	155	568	289	279
Food services and drinking places	1,430	389	1,041	2,014	1,406	608	2,943	1,519	450	973	1,834	580	1,253
Other services	1,232	305	928	1,579	1,073	507	2,692	1,409	389	893	1,667	475	1,191
Other services, except private households	1,087	278	809	1,443	981	462	2,380	1,254	350	776	1,425	427	998
Repair and maintenance	323	86	237	505	349	155	851	428	118	306	571	168	402
Personal and laundry services	389	103	286	473	329	144	802	427	120	256	486	146	340
Membership associations and organizations	375	89	286	465	302	163	726	400	112	214	368	112	257
Private households	145	27	118	137	92	45	312	155	39	118	242	49	193
Public administration	1,108	275	833	1,193	801	392	2,529	1,502	377	650	1,556	462	1,094
Agricultural and related industries	196	58	138	650	282	368	842	313	169	359	734	202	532

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Employed													
Total	25,815	7,145	18,671	32,267	22,063	10,204	48,277	25,586	7,828	14,863	31,070	9,281	21,789
Mining	(²)	(²)	(²)	70	40	(²)	304	42	47	215	127	90	(²)
Construction	1,649	496	1,153	2,193	1,490	702	3,971	2,207	558	1,206	2,311	826	1,485
Manufacturing	3,005	920	2,085	5,168	3,889	1,278	5,419	2,568	1,220	1,631	3,259	734	2,525
Durable goods	1,788	625	1,163	3,471	2,703	768	3,093	1,410	796	888	2,138	493	1,645
Nonmetallic mineral products	85	(²)	69	148	112	36	188	83	41	64	95	29	66
Primary and fabricated metal products	328	96	231	738	597	141	583	253	161	169	309	71	238
Machinery manufacturing	232	66	166	542	404	138	379	148	97	133	134	31	103
Computer and electronic products	357	166	191	251	152	99	375	196	55	125	608	131	477
Electrical equipment and appliances	104	40	63	180	138	42	180	87	61	(²)	69	(²)	58
Transportation equipment	228	96	131	995	837	158	632	267	210	155	401	76	325
Wood products	76	(²)	58	126	93	33	205	83	61	61	112	28	83
Furniture and fixtures	93	21	72	172	134	38	235	125	52	58	123	34	89
Miscellaneous manufacturing	287	105	181	319	236	83	315	167	58	90	288	81	206
Nondurable goods	1,217	295	922	1,697	1,187	510	2,326	1,158	424	743	1,121	240	880
Food manufacturing	231	42	189	488	295	193	570	211	95	264	321	97	223
Beverage and tobacco products	33	(²)	(²)	40	(²)	(²)	101	61	(²)	(²)	62	(²)	51
Textile, apparel, and leather	216	52	163	86	57	(²)	505	361	82	62	222	(²)	205
Paper and printing	256	87	169	396	276	120	459	230	106	123	223	58	165
Petroleum and coal products	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	86	(²)	(²)	71	(²)	(²)	(²)
Chemicals	351	72	279	381	292	89	389	193	58	138	176	30	146
Plastic and rubber products	117	34	84	279	217	63	217	96	59	62	88	(²)	70
Wholesale and retail trade	3,725	1,056	2,669	4,862	3,314	1,548	7,327	3,858	1,173	2,296	4,750	1,436	3,314
Wholesale trade	820	219	601	1,040	716	324	1,557	821	238	498	1,058	287	771
Retail trade	2,905	837	2,068	3,822	2,598	1,224	5,769	3,037	935	1,798	3,692	1,149	2,543
Transportation and utilities	1,305	271	1,033	1,598	1,095	503	2,555	1,292	466	797	1,476	452	1,024
Transportation and warehousing	1,113	222	891	1,328	926	402	2,096	1,055	359	682	1,206	357	849
Utilities	192	49	142	270	168	101	459	237	107	115	270	95	175
Information	739	170	568	745	492	254	1,257	669	192	396	936	252	684
Publishing, except Internet	203	52	151	216	151	65	240	131	55	54	183	53	131
Motion picture and sound recording industries	81	(²)	71	56	41	(²)	108	63	(²)	(²)	193	25	168
Broadcasting, except Internet	105	(²)	85	82	55	(²)	185	87	(²)	66	129	34	95
Telecommunications	252	60	192	279	171	108	570	297	69	203	317	106	211
Internet service providers and data processing services	36	(²)	(²)	35	(²)	(²)	72	45	(²)	(²)	54	(²)	(²)
Other information services	60	(²)	40	75	53	(²)	76	45	(²)	(²)	57	(²)	40

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Employed													
Financial activities	2,029	551	1,479	2,160	1,385	774	3,323	1,901	480	942	2,217	682	1,535
Finance and insurance	1,526	417	1,109	1,645	1,050	595	2,216	1,244	353	620	1,430	430	1,001
Finance	1,012	259	753	1,007	645	363	1,433	808	220	404	936	287	649
Insurance	514	158	356	638	405	233	784	435	132	216	494	142	352
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	503	133	370	515	336	179	1,107	657	128	322	786	252	534
Real estate	416	116	300	415	274	141	910	556	107	247	663	212	451
Rental and leasing services	87	(²)	70	99	62	38	197	102	(²)	75	124	40	83
Professional and business services ...	2,782	790	1,992	2,810	1,961	850	4,754	2,741	591	1,422	3,502	989	2,513
Professional and technical services	1,781	516	1,266	1,613	1,112	501	2,737	1,608	325	805	2,091	579	1,512
Management, administrative, and waste services	1,000	274	726	1,198	849	349	2,017	1,134	266	617	1,411	410	1,001
Administrative and support services	903	243	659	1,107	785	322	1,863	1,054	237	571	1,318	378	940
Waste management and remediation services	84	26	58	84	58	(²)	140	73	(²)	40	86	30	56
Education and health services	6,058	1,694	4,365	6,736	4,499	2,236	9,541	5,002	1,615	2,924	5,848	1,695	4,154
Educational services	2,427	687	1,740	2,740	1,808	932	4,054	2,081	669	1,304	2,571	782	1,788
Health care and social assistance ..	3,631	1,007	2,624	3,996	2,691	1,304	5,487	2,920	946	1,620	3,278	913	2,365
Hospitals	1,210	346	864	1,426	931	494	1,987	1,049	371	566	1,016	285	731
Health services, except hospitals ..	1,156	307	850	1,211	859	352	1,857	992	308	557	1,248	340	908
Social assistance	1,265	354	911	1,359	901	457	1,643	879	267	497	1,014	287	727
Leisure and hospitality	2,050	573	1,477	2,624	1,822	801	3,986	2,176	591	1,219	2,935	1,035	1,900
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	519	137	383	551	383	168	795	461	128	206	719	230	489
Accommodation and food services	1,531	436	1,094	2,072	1,439	633	3,191	1,715	463	1,013	2,216	805	1,411
Accommodation	219	77	143	230	152	78	539	333	61	146	535	272	262
Food services and drinking places	1,312	360	952	1,842	1,287	555	2,651	1,382	402	867	1,682	533	1,149
Other services	1,180	291	889	1,500	1,016	484	2,564	1,351	371	841	1,556	451	1,105
Other services, except private households	1,046	268	778	1,377	934	443	2,279	1,207	337	735	1,337	406	930
Repair and maintenance	308	83	225	471	324	147	804	406	112	285	521	159	361
Personal and laundry services	375	98	277	456	318	138	774	411	115	247	465	139	326
Membership associations and organizations	362	86	276	450	292	158	701	389	109	203	351	108	243
Private households	134	24	111	123	82	41	285	144	35	106	219	45	174
Public administration	1,081	269	812	1,169	784	385	2,474	1,481	362	631	1,509	449	1,060
Agricultural and related industries	189	56	133	632	275	358	804	297	163	344	644	190	454

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Unemployed													
Total	1,489	384	1,105	1,899	1,397	502	2,714	1,285	459	970	2,007	520	1,488
Mining	(²)	(²)	(²)	5	4	(²)	21	6	3	13	9	4	(²)
Construction	150	37	113	241	184	57	306	135	48	123	199	63	136
Manufacturing	205	71	135	344	272	72	376	194	82	99	245	52	193
Durable goods	126	50	76	254	205	49	221	110	48	62	165	36	129
Nonmetallic mineral products	3	(²)	1	16	11	4	8	5	1	3	4	2	2
Primary and fabricated metal products	22	7	15	47	42	5	34	16	6	12	22	5	17
Machinery manufacturing	16	5	11	31	24	8	25	10	7	9	12	2	10
Computer and electronic products	27	15	12	23	16	7	34	14	7	13	70	14	56
Electrical equipment and appliances	10	3	7	12	8	5	15	7	4	(²)	3	(²)	2
Transportation equipment	17	8	9	72	63	9	40	18	9	13	22	4	19
Wood products	5	(²)	3	11	9	3	20	9	6	5	8	2	6
Furniture and fixtures	8	2	6	15	13	1	21	13	5	3	8	2	6
Miscellaneous manufacturing	18	8	11	26	19	7	22	18	2	2	17	6	11
Nondurable goods	79	20	59	90	67	23	156	84	34	37	80	16	63
Food manufacturing	15	3	12	28	18	10	34	14	8	12	30	7	23
Beverage and tobacco products	1	(²)	(²)	1	(²)	(²)	8	3	(²)	(²)	1	(²)	1
Textile, apparel, and leather	20	5	15	7	5	(²)	54	33	12	8	18	(²)	16
Paper and printing	20	7	13	21	16	5	28	19	4	5	12	3	9
Petroleum and coal products	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	5	(²)	(²)	4	(²)	(²)	(²)
Chemicals	15	3	12	12	9	4	13	7	3	3	7	2	5
Plastic and rubber products	9	2	6	19	17	3	15	7	4	4	9	(²)	7
Wholesale and retail trade	230	60	171	286	208	78	436	202	73	162	314	81	233
Wholesale trade	44	10	33	47	34	14	71	36	8	27	67	13	54
Retail trade	186	49	137	239	175	64	365	165	65	135	247	68	179
Transportation and utilities	61	11	50	69	51	18	114	50	18	46	81	17	64
Transportation and warehousing	56	10	45	65	47	18	95	42	17	36	74	15	59
Utilities	5	1	4	4	4	(³)	19	8	(³)	10	7	2	5
Information	50	9	42	52	35	17	74	38	8	28	82	20	62
Publishing, except Internet	11	3	8	12	8	4	11	5	3	3	10	2	8
Motion picture and sound recording industries	11	(²)	10	8	6	(²)	8	3	(²)	(²)	25	2	23
Broadcasting, except Internet	6	(²)	5	4	2	(²)	5	4	(²)	(³)	11	1	10
Telecommunications	15	2	13	24	15	9	46	22	3	21	29	12	17
Internet service providers and data processing services	4	(²)	(²)	3	(²)	(²)	3	3	(²)	(²)	3	(²)	(²)
Other information services	2	(²)	2	1	1	(²)	2	1	(²)	(²)	5	(²)	3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Unemployed													
Financial activities	87	21	66	69	46	23	102	49	12	41	78	22	56
Finance and insurance	67	15	52	49	31	19	61	30	7	24	48	14	34
Finance	52	10	42	32	20	12	38	18	3	17	34	11	24
Insurance	15	5	10	17	11	7	24	12	4	8	14	3	11
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	20	6	14	20	15	4	41	19	5	17	30	8	21
Real estate	16	5	11	14	12	3	26	14	2	10	23	5	17
Rental and leasing services	4	(²)	2	5	4	1	15	5	(²)	6	7	3	4
Professional and business services ...	231	59	172	242	183	59	350	169	59	123	294	76	218
Professional and technical services	100	26	74	79	60	19	120	65	14	41	129	29	99
Management, administrative, and waste services	130	32	98	164	123	41	230	103	45	82	165	47	118
Administrative and support services	125	31	94	159	119	40	223	98	44	80	163	47	117
Waste management and remediation services	5	1	3	4	4	(²)	7	5	(²)	1	2	(³)	2
Education and health services	195	50	145	214	150	63	309	151	48	109	211	54	157
Educational services	71	22	49	81	58	23	117	60	17	40	88	23	65
Health care and social assistance ..	125	29	96	133	92	41	192	91	31	70	123	32	92
Hospitals	19	5	15	26	18	8	35	17	7	11	24	6	18
Health services, except hospitals ..	39	8	31	32	23	8	60	30	9	21	38	8	30
Social assistance	66	16	50	75	51	24	97	43	15	38	61	17	44
Leisure and hospitality	188	44	144	253	181	71	387	188	66	133	242	80	162
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	49	8	41	45	35	10	58	27	12	18	56	16	41
Accommodation and food services	139	36	103	208	147	61	330	161	54	115	185	64	121
Accommodation	21	8	14	36	28	9	38	24	5	9	33	17	17
Food services and drinking places	118	29	89	172	119	53	292	137	48	106	152	48	104
Other services	52	13	39	79	56	23	128	58	17	52	111	24	87
Other services, except private households	42	10	31	66	47	19	101	48	13	40	88	20	68
Repair and maintenance	15	3	12	34	26	8	47	21	5	20	50	9	41
Personal and laundry services	14	5	9	17	11	6	29	16	5	9	21	7	14
Membership associations and organizations	13	2	10	15	10	5	26	11	4	11	18	4	14
Private households	11	3	8	13	10	3	27	11	4	12	22	4	19
Public administration	27	6	21	24	17	7	56	21	15	20	47	13	35
Agricultural and related industries	7	2	5	18	7	10	38	16	6	16	90	12	78

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Unemployment Rate													
Total	5.5	5.1	5.6	5.6	6.0	4.7	5.3	4.8	5.5	6.1	6.1	5.3	6.4
Mining	(²)	(²)	(²)	6.6	8.2	(²)	6.5	11.9	5.6	5.5	6.4	4.5	(²)
Construction	8.4	7.0	8.9	9.9	11.0	7.5	7.2	5.8	8.0	9.2	7.9	7.0	8.4
Manufacturing	6.4	7.1	6.1	6.2	6.5	5.3	6.5	7.0	6.3	5.7	7.0	6.7	7.1
Durable goods	6.6	7.5	6.1	6.8	7.1	6.0	6.7	7.3	5.7	6.5	7.2	6.8	7.3
Nonmetallic mineral products	3.2	(²)	1.8	9.5	9.2	10.3	4.3	5.5	2.0	4.2	3.6	6.5	2.3
Primary and fabricated metal products	6.4	6.8	6.2	6.0	6.6	3.5	5.5	5.9	3.9	6.6	6.7	7.1	6.6
Machinery manufacturing	6.5	7.1	6.3	5.5	5.5	5.4	6.1	6.1	6.3	6.1	7.9	5.4	8.7
Computer and electronic products	6.9	8.1	5.9	8.4	9.6	6.5	8.4	6.9	11.9	9.2	10.3	9.6	10.5
Electrical equipment and appliances	9.0	7.9	9.8	6.4	5.3	9.8	7.7	7.9	6.2	(²)	3.6	(²)	4.1
Transportation equipment	7.1	7.9	6.5	6.8	7.0	5.3	6.0	6.4	4.3	7.5	5.3	4.4	5.5
Wood products	5.7	(²)	5.5	8.2	8.5	7.5	8.8	9.6	9.1	7.6	6.9	6.0	7.2
Furniture and fixtures	7.6	7.0	7.8	7.8	9.0	3.4	8.3	9.2	9.2	5.4	6.1	4.4	6.8
Miscellaneous manufacturing	6.0	6.8	5.5	7.6	7.4	8.2	6.6	9.9	3.7	1.9	5.6	6.6	5.2
Nondurable goods	6.1	6.5	6.0	5.0	5.3	4.3	6.3	6.8	7.4	4.8	6.6	6.4	6.7
Food manufacturing	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.4	5.8	4.8	5.6	6.3	7.5	4.2	8.6	6.8	9.4
Beverage and tobacco products	3.5	(²)	(²)	2.6	(²)	(²)	7.0	5.4	(²)	(²)	1.7	(²)	1.9
Textile, apparel, and leather	8.5	9.0	8.3	7.4	8.6	(²)	9.6	8.4	13.0	11.6	7.7	(²)	7.3
Paper and printing	7.2	7.4	7.1	5.0	5.4	4.1	5.7	7.5	3.7	3.9	5.1	4.9	5.2
Petroleum and coal products	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	5.5	(²)	(²)	5.7	(²)	(²)	(²)
Chemicals	4.0	3.7	4.1	3.1	2.8	3.9	3.3	3.7	4.8	2.0	3.8	5.8	3.4
Plastic and rubber products	7.0	6.5	7.2	6.5	7.2	3.8	6.5	6.9	6.7	5.9	9.6	(²)	9.7
Wholesale and retail trade	5.8	5.3	6.0	5.6	5.9	4.8	5.6	5.0	5.8	6.6	6.2	5.4	6.6
Wholesale trade	5.1	4.6	5.3	4.4	4.5	4.1	4.4	4.3	3.2	5.1	6.0	4.3	6.6
Retail trade	6.0	5.5	6.2	5.9	6.3	5.0	5.9	5.2	6.5	7.0	6.3	5.6	6.6
Transportation and utilities	4.4	3.9	4.6	4.2	4.5	3.5	4.3	3.7	3.7	5.5	5.2	3.6	5.9
Transportation and warehousing	4.8	4.4	4.9	4.7	4.9	4.2	4.3	3.8	4.6	5.0	5.8	4.0	6.5
Utilities	2.6	2.1	2.8	1.5	2.2	.4	4.0	3.3	.5	8.2	2.6	2.0	2.9
Information	6.4	4.8	6.8	6.6	6.7	6.3	5.6	5.4	4.2	6.6	8.1	7.3	8.4
Publishing, except Internet	5.0	5.7	4.8	5.3	5.1	5.6	4.2	4.0	4.5	4.5	5.1	3.0	6.0
Motion picture and sound recording industries	12.1	(²)	12.4	12.4	12.7	(²)	6.7	4.9	(²)	(²)	11.3	6.6	12.0
Broadcasting, except Internet	5.7	(²)	5.9	4.5	4.2	(²)	2.6	4.2	(²)	.7	8.1	3.6	9.6
Telecommunications	5.6	3.0	6.3	8.0	8.1	7.7	7.5	6.8	4.8	9.3	8.4	10.3	7.4
Internet service providers and data processing services	9.4	(²)	(²)	8.8	(²)	(²)	4.4	5.8	(²)	(²)	4.5	(²)	(²)
Other information services	3.5	(²)	3.7	1.3	1.3	(²)	2.4	3.1	(²)	(²)	7.7	(²)	7.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Unemployment Rate													
Financial activities	4.1	3.6	4.3	3.1	3.2	2.9	3.0	2.5	2.4	4.2	3.4	3.2	3.5
Finance and insurance	4.2	3.4	4.5	2.9	2.8	3.0	2.7	2.4	1.9	3.8	3.3	3.1	3.3
Finance	4.9	3.6	5.3	3.1	3.0	3.1	2.6	2.2	1.2	3.9	3.5	3.6	3.5
Insurance	2.8	3.0	2.7	2.7	2.5	2.8	2.9	2.7	3.0	3.4	2.7	2.2	2.9
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	3.8	4.5	3.5	3.7	4.4	2.4	3.6	2.8	3.8	5.0	3.6	3.2	3.8
Real estate	3.7	3.9	3.6	3.4	4.0	2.0	2.8	2.5	1.5	4.1	3.3	2.5	3.7
Rental and leasing services	4.3	(²)	3.2	5.1	5.9	3.7	6.9	4.5	(²)	8.0	5.4	6.9	4.6
Professional and business services ...	7.7	6.9	7.9	7.9	8.5	6.5	6.9	5.8	9.1	7.9	7.7	7.1	8.0
Professional and technical services	5.3	4.9	5.5	4.6	5.1	3.6	4.2	3.9	4.0	4.9	5.8	4.8	6.2
Management, administrative, and waste services	11.5	10.5	11.9	12.0	12.6	10.4	10.2	8.3	14.6	11.7	10.5	10.2	10.6
Administrative and support services	12.1	11.2	12.5	12.5	13.1	11.0	10.7	8.5	15.7	12.3	11.0	11.0	11.1
Waste management and remediation services	5.1	4.8	5.2	5.0	6.0	(²)	5.1	6.2	(²)	3.4	1.9	.4	2.7
Education and health services	3.1	2.9	3.2	3.1	3.2	2.8	3.1	2.9	2.9	3.6	3.5	3.1	3.6
Educational services	2.8	3.1	2.7	2.9	3.1	2.4	2.8	2.8	2.5	3.0	3.3	2.8	3.5
Health care and social assistance ..	3.3	2.8	3.5	3.2	3.3	3.0	3.4	3.0	3.2	4.1	3.6	3.3	3.7
Hospitals	1.6	1.3	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.8	2.3	2.1	2.4
Health services, except hospitals ..	3.3	2.7	3.5	2.5	2.7	2.3	3.1	3.0	2.8	3.6	3.0	2.3	3.2
Social assistance	4.9	4.2	5.2	5.2	5.3	5.0	5.6	4.7	5.5	7.1	5.7	5.6	5.7
Leisure and hospitality	8.4	7.2	8.9	8.8	9.0	8.2	8.9	8.0	10.0	9.9	7.6	7.2	7.9
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	8.6	5.6	9.6	7.5	8.3	5.6	6.7	5.5	8.8	8.1	7.3	6.3	7.7
Accommodation and food services	8.3	7.7	8.6	9.1	9.3	8.9	9.4	8.6	10.4	10.2	7.7	7.4	7.9
Accommodation	8.8	8.9	8.7	13.7	15.4	10.1	6.6	6.6	8.1	6.0	5.9	5.7	6.0
Food services and drinking places	8.3	7.4	8.6	8.5	8.5	8.7	9.9	9.0	10.7	10.9	8.3	8.2	8.3
Other services	4.3	4.4	4.2	5.0	5.3	4.4	4.8	4.1	4.5	5.8	6.7	5.0	7.3
Other services, except private households	3.8	3.8	3.9	4.6	4.8	4.1	4.2	3.8	3.8	5.2	6.2	4.8	6.8
Repair and maintenance	4.6	3.5	5.0	6.7	7.4	5.0	5.5	4.9	4.4	6.6	8.8	5.5	10.1
Personal and laundry services	3.6	5.0	3.2	3.7	3.4	4.3	3.6	3.6	3.8	3.4	4.3	4.9	4.0
Membership associations and organizations	3.4	2.6	3.6	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.5	2.7	3.2	5.2	4.8	3.5	5.3
Private households	7.4	11.1	6.5	9.7	10.8	7.6	8.6	7.0	10.5	10.2	9.3	7.3	9.8
Public administration	2.4	2.2	2.5	2.0	2.1	1.9	2.2	1.4	3.9	3.0	3.0	2.8	3.2
Agricultural and related industries	3.5	3.0	3.7	2.8	2.6	2.8	4.5	5.1	3.6	4.3	12.3	5.9	14.7

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience.

² Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS publication standard of reliability for the particular area, based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

³ Less than 500 persons or less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Totals for summary groups published include other industries not shown separately. Items may not compute to displayed rates because of rounding.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
TOTAL													
Total (in thousands)	25,815	7,145	18,671	32,267	22,063	10,204	48,277	25,586	7,828	14,863	31,070	9,281	21,789
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining .....	.1	.1	.1	.2	.2	.3	.6	.2	.6	1.4	.4	1.0	.2
Construction	6.4	6.9	6.2	6.8	6.8	6.9	8.2	8.6	7.1	8.1	7.4	8.9	6.8
Manufacturing	11.6	12.9	11.2	16.0	17.6	12.5	11.2	10.0	15.6	11.0	10.5	7.9	11.6
Durable goods	6.9	8.7	6.2	10.8	12.2	7.5	6.4	5.5	10.2	6.0	6.9	5.3	7.5
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	.3	.2	.4	.5	.5	.4	.4	.3	.5	.4	.3	.3	.3
Primary and fabricated metal products	1.3	1.3	1.2	2.3	2.7	1.4	1.2	1.0	2.1	1.1	1.0	.8	1.1
Machinery manufacturing .....	.9	.9	.9	1.7	1.8	1.4	.8	.6	1.2	.9	.4	.3	.5
Computer and electronic products	1.4	2.3	1.0	.8	.7	1.0	.8	.8	.7	.8	2.0	1.4	2.2
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	.4	.6	.3	.6	.6	.4	.4	.3	.8	.2	.2	.1	.3
Transportation equipment .....	.9	1.4	.7	3.1	3.8	1.5	1.3	1.0	2.7	1.0	1.3	.8	1.5
Wood products .....	.3	.3	.3	.4	.4	.3	.4	.3	.8	.4	.4	.3	.4
Furniture and fixtures .....	.4	.3	.4	.5	.6	.4	.5	.5	.7	.4	.4	.4	.4
Miscellaneous manufacturing	1.1	1.5	1.0	1.0	1.1	.8	.7	.7	.7	.6	.9	.9	.9
Nondurable goods	4.7	4.1	4.9	5.3	5.4	5.0	4.8	4.5	5.4	5.0	3.6	2.6	4.0
Food manufacturing .....	.9	.6	1.0	1.5	1.3	1.9	1.2	.8	1.2	1.8	1.0	1.0	1.0
Beverage and tobacco products .....	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.1	.2
Textile, apparel, and leather .....	.8	.7	.9	.3	.3	.3	1.0	1.4	1.1	.4	.7	.2	.9
Paper and printing	1.0	1.2	.9	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.0	.9	1.4	.8	.7	.6	.8
Petroleum and coal products .....	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2	(¹)	.1	.5	.1	.1	.1
Chemicals	1.4	1.0	1.5	1.2	1.3	.9	.8	.8	.7	.9	.6	.3	.7
Plastic and rubber products .....	.5	.5	.4	.9	1.0	.6	.4	.4	.7	.4	.3	.2	.3
Wholesale and retail trade	14.4	14.8	14.3	15.1	15.0	15.2	15.2	15.1	15.0	15.4	15.3	15.5	15.2
Wholesale trade	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.0	3.4	3.4	3.1	3.5
Retail trade	11.3	11.7	11.1	11.8	11.8	12.0	12.0	11.9	11.9	12.1	11.9	12.4	11.7
Transportation and utilities	5.1	3.8	5.5	5.0	5.0	4.9	5.3	5.1	6.0	5.4	4.8	4.9	4.7
Transportation and warehousing	4.3	3.1	4.8	4.1	4.2	3.9	4.3	4.1	4.6	4.6	3.9	3.8	3.9
Utilities .....	.7	.7	.8	.8	.8	1.0	1.0	.9	1.4	.8	.9	1.0	.8
Information	2.9	2.4	3.0	2.3	2.2	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.7	3.0	2.7	3.1
Publishing, except Internet .....	.8	.7	.8	.7	.7	.6	.5	.5	.7	.4	.6	.6	.6
Motion picture and sound recording industries .....	.3	.1	.4	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.6	.3	.8
Broadcasting, except Internet .....	.4	.3	.5	.3	.2	.3	.4	.3	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4
Telecommunications	1.0	.8	1.0	.9	.8	1.1	1.2	1.2	.9	1.4	1.0	1.1	1.0
Internet service providers and data processing services .....	.1	.1	.2	.1	.1	.1	.2	.2	.1	.1	.2	.2	.2
Other information services .....	.2	.3	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.1	.2	.2	.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
TOTAL													
Financial activities	7.9	7.7	7.9	6.7	6.3	7.6	6.9	7.4	6.1	6.3	7.1	7.3	7.0
Finance and insurance	5.9	5.8	5.9	5.1	4.8	5.8	4.6	4.9	4.5	4.2	4.6	4.6	4.6
Finance	3.9	3.6	4.0	3.1	2.9	3.6	3.0	3.2	2.8	2.7	3.0	3.1	3.0
Insurance	2.0	2.2	1.9	2.0	1.8	2.3	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.6
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.6	1.5	1.8	2.3	2.6	1.6	2.2	2.5	2.7	2.5
Real estate	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.3	1.2	1.4	1.9	2.2	1.4	1.7	2.1	2.3	2.1
Rental and leasing services .....	.3	.2	.4	.3	.3	.4	.4	.4	.3	.5	.4	.4	.4
Professional and business services ...	10.8	11.1	10.7	8.7	8.9	8.3	9.8	10.7	7.5	9.6	11.3	10.7	11.5
Professional and technical services	6.9	7.2	6.8	5.0	5.0	4.9	5.7	6.3	4.1	5.4	6.7	6.2	6.9
Management, administrative, and waste services	3.9	3.8	3.9	3.7	3.8	3.4	4.2	4.4	3.4	4.2	4.5	4.4	4.6
Administrative and support services	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.6	3.2	3.9	4.1	3.0	3.8	4.2	4.1	4.3
Waste management and remediation services .....	.3	.4	.3	.3	.3	.2	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3
Education and health services	23.5	23.7	23.4	20.9	20.4	21.9	19.8	19.5	20.6	19.7	18.8	18.3	19.1
Educational services	9.4	9.6	9.3	8.5	8.2	9.1	8.4	8.1	8.5	8.8	8.3	8.4	8.2
Health care and social assistance ..	14.1	14.1	14.1	12.4	12.2	12.8	11.4	11.4	12.1	10.9	10.5	9.8	10.9
Hospitals	4.7	4.8	4.6	4.4	4.2	4.8	4.1	4.1	4.7	3.8	3.3	3.1	3.4
Health services, except hospitals ..	4.5	4.3	4.6	3.8	3.9	3.5	3.8	3.9	3.9	3.7	4.0	3.7	4.2
Social assistance	4.9	5.0	4.9	4.2	4.1	4.5	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.1	3.3
Leisure and hospitality	7.9	8.0	7.9	8.1	8.3	7.9	8.3	8.5	7.5	8.2	9.4	11.2	8.7
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	2.0	1.9	2.1	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.4	2.3	2.5	2.2
Accommodation and food services	5.9	6.1	5.9	6.4	6.5	6.2	6.6	6.7	5.9	6.8	7.1	8.7	6.5
Accommodation .....	.8	1.1	.8	.7	.7	.8	1.1	1.3	.8	1.0	1.7	2.9	1.2
Food services and drinking places	5.1	5.0	5.1	5.7	5.8	5.4	5.5	5.4	5.1	5.8	5.4	5.7	5.3
Other services	4.6	4.1	4.8	4.6	4.6	4.7	5.3	5.3	4.7	5.7	5.0	4.9	5.1
Other services, except private households	4.1	3.7	4.2	4.3	4.2	4.3	4.7	4.7	4.3	4.9	4.3	4.4	4.3
Repair and maintenance	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.7	1.6	1.4	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.7
Personal and laundry services	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.5	1.5	1.5
Membership associations and organizations	1.4	1.2	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.1	1.2	1.1
Private households .....	.5	.3	.6	.4	.4	.4	.6	.6	.4	.7	.7	.5	.8
Public administration	4.2	3.8	4.3	3.6	3.6	3.8	5.1	5.8	4.6	4.2	4.9	4.8	4.9
Agricultural and related private wage and salary workers .....	.7	.8	.7	2.0	1.2	3.5	1.7	1.2	2.1	2.3	2.1	2.1	2.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Men													
Total (in thousands)	13,527	3,714	9,813	16,965	11,634	5,332	25,743	13,503	4,149	8,092	16,935	5,077	11,858
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining .....	.1	.2	.1	.4	.3	.5	1.0	.3	1.1	2.2	.7	1.5	.3
Construction	11.1	12.4	10.6	11.6	11.4	12.0	14.0	14.7	12.1	13.7	12.3	14.6	11.4
Manufacturing	15.1	17.1	14.4	21.5	23.7	16.8	14.6	12.8	20.7	14.4	13.3	10.4	14.5
Durable goods	9.6	12.0	8.6	15.0	17.1	10.5	8.7	7.4	14.3	8.1	9.2	7.3	10.0
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	.5	.3	.5	.7	.7	.5	.6	.5	.9	.7	.5	.5	.5
Primary and fabricated metal products	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.4	4.0	2.1	1.8	1.4	3.2	1.7	1.6	1.2	1.7
Machinery manufacturing	1.3	1.5	1.3	2.5	2.7	2.1	1.1	.9	1.8	1.2	.6	.4	.7
Computer and electronic products	1.7	2.9	1.3	.9	.8	1.1	1.0	.9	.9	1.1	2.5	1.9	2.7
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	.5	.7	.4	.8	.9	.5	.5	.4	1.1	.3	.3	.1	.4
Transportation equipment	1.3	2.1	1.0	4.4	5.3	2.3	1.8	1.5	3.8	1.4	1.8	1.2	2.1
Wood products .....	.5	.4	.5	.6	.7	.5	.6	.5	1.2	.6	.6	.5	.6
Furniture and fixtures .....	.5	.5	.5	.6	.7	.5	.6	.7	.8	.5	.5	.5	.5
Miscellaneous manufacturing	1.2	1.6	1.0	1.2	1.3	.9	.7	.7	.8	.6	.9	.9	.9
Nondurable goods	5.6	5.1	5.8	6.5	6.6	6.3	5.8	5.3	6.4	6.4	4.1	3.1	4.5
Food manufacturing	1.1	.7	1.3	1.9	1.6	2.5	1.4	1.0	1.2	2.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
Beverage and tobacco products .....	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.1	.3	.3	.3	.2	.3	.2	.3
Textile, apparel, and leather .....	.6	.7	.6	.2	.2	.2	.9	1.3	.8	.3	.6	.2	.8
Paper and printing	1.3	1.7	1.2	1.5	1.6	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.9	1.0	.9	.8	1.0
Petroleum and coal products .....	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.1	.3	(¹)	.1	.7	.2	.1	.2
Chemicals	1.6	1.2	1.7	1.5	1.7	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.4	.6	.4	.7
Plastic and rubber products .....	.6	.6	.6	1.1	1.3	.9	.6	.5	1.0	.6	.3	.2	.4
Wholesale and retail trade	15.4	16.0	15.2	15.6	15.2	16.3	15.4	15.7	14.8	15.3	16.0	15.5	16.3
Wholesale trade	4.2	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.4	4.3	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.4	4.0	4.6
Retail trade	11.3	11.8	11.0	11.3	11.1	11.9	11.1	11.3	10.4	11.1	11.7	11.5	11.7
Transportation and utilities	7.4	5.5	8.2	7.1	7.1	7.2	7.6	7.3	8.6	7.4	6.4	6.7	6.2
Transportation and warehousing	6.3	4.5	7.0	5.9	6.0	5.7	6.2	6.0	6.5	6.4	5.2	5.2	5.2
Utilities	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.5	1.4	1.3	2.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.0
Information	3.1	2.5	3.3	2.4	2.4	2.6	2.8	2.8	2.6	2.8	3.1	2.6	3.3
Publishing, except Internet .....	.8	.7	.8	.7	.7	.6	.5	.5	.6	.3	.5	.5	.5
Motion picture and sound recording industries .....	.4	.2	.5	.2	.2	.1	.3	.3	.2	.3	.8	.4	1.0
Broadcasting, except Internet .....	.5	.4	.5	.3	.3	.3	.5	.4	.5	.6	.5	.4	.5
Telecommunications	1.2	1.0	1.2	1.0	.9	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.0	1.4	1.0	1.2	1.0
Internet service providers and data processing services .....	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2	.2	.2	.1	.2	.2	.2
Other information services .....	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Men													
Financial activities	7.4	6.8	7.6	5.3	4.9	6.0	5.5	6.0	4.7	5.0	5.9	6.1	5.8
Finance and insurance	5.3	5.0	5.4	3.8	3.5	4.3	3.2	3.5	3.0	2.9	3.5	3.4	3.5
Finance	3.7	3.3	3.9	2.3	2.1	2.6	2.1	2.3	1.7	1.9	2.3	2.3	2.3
Insurance	1.5	1.8	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.7	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	2.1	1.8	2.3	1.5	1.4	1.7	2.3	2.5	1.7	2.1	2.4	2.7	2.4
Real estate	1.7	1.5	1.8	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.7	2.0	1.4	1.5	1.9	2.0	1.8
Rental and leasing services .....	.5	.3	.5	.3	.3	.4	.5	.5	.3	.6	.5	.6	.5
Professional and business services ...	11.7	12.1	11.6	9.1	9.4	8.6	10.6	11.7	7.9	10.3	11.9	11.4	12.1
Professional and technical services	7.4	7.8	7.2	5.1	5.2	4.9	5.8	6.5	4.0	5.7	6.9	6.4	7.1
Management, administrative, and waste services	4.4	4.3	4.4	4.0	4.1	3.7	4.8	5.2	3.9	4.6	5.0	4.9	5.1
Administrative and support services	3.8	3.7	3.8	3.6	3.7	3.3	4.3	4.7	3.4	4.2	4.6	4.4	4.7
Waste management and remediation services .....	.5	.6	.5	.4	.4	.4	.5	.5	.5	.4	.4	.5	.4
Education and health services	11.4	11.5	11.4	9.4	9.3	9.7	8.8	8.8	9.2	8.5	9.3	8.8	9.5
Educational services	5.5	5.8	5.4	5.1	5.0	5.4	4.4	4.3	4.7	4.5	5.0	4.8	5.0
Health care and social assistance ..	5.9	5.7	6.0	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.5	4.5	4.0	4.4	4.0	4.5
Hospitals	2.3	2.3	2.3	1.6	1.5	1.8	1.7	1.8	2.0	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.5
Health services, except hospitals ..	1.9	1.7	2.0	1.5	1.6	1.4	1.7	1.7	1.9	1.5	1.9	1.7	2.0
Social assistance	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.2	1.2	1.1	.9	1.0	.7	.9	1.1	1.0	1.1
Leisure and hospitality	7.6	7.0	7.8	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.4	7.5	6.2	7.6	9.0	10.4	8.4
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.8	2.0	1.5	1.6	2.4	2.6	2.3
Accommodation and food services	5.6	5.0	5.8	5.4	5.4	5.3	5.6	5.6	4.8	6.1	6.6	7.8	6.1
Accommodation .....	.8	.8	.7	.4	.4	.5	.8	.9	.4	.8	1.5	2.6	1.0
Food services and drinking places	4.8	4.2	5.0	4.9	5.0	4.7	4.8	4.7	4.3	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.1
Other services	4.0	3.5	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.3	5.0	5.0	4.4	5.2	4.6	4.3	4.7
Other services, except private households	3.9	3.5	4.0	4.2	4.1	4.3	4.9	4.9	4.3	5.1	4.5	4.3	4.5
Repair and maintenance	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.7	2.6	2.4	3.0	2.7	2.6	2.7
Personal and laundry services ....	.9	.7	.9	.7	.7	.7	.9	1.0	.6	.8	.8	.7	.9
Membership associations and organizations	1.1	.8	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.0	1.0	1.0
Private households .....	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1
Public administration	4.5	4.3	4.6	3.6	3.6	3.7	5.1	5.8	4.6	4.2	4.7	4.9	4.6
Agricultural and related private wage and salary workers	1.0	1.1	1.0	2.8	1.6	5.3	2.4	1.6	3.2	3.4	2.8	2.7	2.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Women													
Total (in thousands)	12,288	3,431	8,857	15,301	10,429	4,872	22,534	12,083	3,679	6,771	14,135	4,204	9,931
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.2	(¹)	.1	.6	.1	.3	(¹)
Construction	1.2	1.0	1.2	1.5	1.6	1.3	1.7	1.8	1.5	1.5	1.6	2.0	1.4
Manufacturing	7.8	8.3	7.6	9.9	10.9	7.8	7.4	7.0	9.8	6.8	7.1	4.9	8.1
Durable goods	4.0	5.2	3.6	6.0	6.9	4.3	3.8	3.4	5.5	3.5	4.1	2.9	4.6
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	.2	.1	.2	.2	.3	.2	.1	.1	.1	.2	.1	.1	.1
Primary and fabricated metal products .....	.5	.6	.4	1.1	1.3	.6	.6	.5	.8	.5	.3	.3	.3
Machinery manufacturing .....	.4	.3	.4	.8	.9	.6	.4	.3	.6	.5	.2	.2	.3
Computer and electronic products	1.0	1.7	.7	.7	.6	.8	.6	.6	.5	.5	1.4	.8	1.6
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	.3	.4	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.4	.2	.1	.1	.2
Transportation equipment .....	.4	.6	.3	1.7	2.1	.8	.7	.5	1.5	.6	.7	.4	.8
Wood products .....	.1	.1	.1	.2	.2	.2	.2	.1	.3	.2	.1	.1	.1
Furniture and fixtures .....	.2	.1	.2	.4	.5	.3	.3	.3	.5	.2	.3	.2	.3
Miscellaneous manufacturing	1.0	1.3	.9	.8	.8	.7	.6	.6	.7	.6	.9	.8	1.0
Nondurable goods	3.8	3.1	4.0	3.9	4.0	3.5	3.7	3.6	4.3	3.4	3.0	1.9	3.5
Food manufacturing .....	.6	.5	.7	1.1	1.0	1.2	.9	.6	1.3	1.3	.8	.8	.8
Beverage and tobacco products	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	.2
Textile, apparel, and leather	1.0	.8	1.1	.3	.3	.4	1.2	1.5	1.3	.5	.8	.2	1.1
Paper and printing .....	.6	.7	.6	.9	.9	1.1	.6	.6	.8	.6	.5	.4	.5
Petroleum and coal products	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	(¹)	.1	(¹)	(¹)	.2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Chemicals	1.1	.8	1.2	.8	.9	.5	.4	.5	.4	.4	.5	.2	.7
Plastic and rubber products .....	.3	.4	.3	.6	.7	.3	.3	.2	.5	.2	.2	.2	.2
Wholesale and retail trade	13.3	13.5	13.3	14.5	14.8	13.9	14.9	14.4	15.2	15.7	14.4	15.5	13.9
Wholesale trade	2.1	1.9	2.2	2.1	2.3	1.8	2.0	1.9	1.6	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.3
Retail trade	11.2	11.6	11.1	12.4	12.5	12.1	12.9	12.5	13.6	13.3	12.1	13.4	11.6
Transportation and utilities	2.4	1.9	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.7	2.5	3.0	2.9	2.8	2.7	2.9
Transportation and warehousing	2.1	1.6	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.0	2.4	2.5	2.3	2.2	2.4
Utilities .....	.3	.3	.3	.4	.4	.4	.5	.5	.6	.4	.5	.5	.5
Information	2.6	2.2	2.7	2.2	2.1	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.2	2.5	2.9	2.8	2.9
Publishing, except Internet .....	.8	.7	.8	.7	.7	.7	.5	.5	.8	.4	.7	.7	.7
Motion picture and sound recording industries .....	.2	.1	.3	.2	.1	.2	.1	.1	.1	.2	.4	.2	.6
Broadcasting, except Internet .....	.4	.2	.4	.2	.2	.2	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.4	.3
Telecommunications .....	.8	.7	.8	.8	.7	.9	1.1	1.0	.8	1.3	1.0	1.1	1.0
Internet service providers and data processing services .....	.2	.1	.2	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2	(¹)	.1	.2	.2	.1
Other information services .....	.3	.4	.3	.3	.3	.3	.2	.2	.2	.2	.3	.3	.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Women													
Financial activities	8.4	8.7	8.2	8.3	7.8	9.3	8.5	9.0	7.8	7.9	8.6	8.9	8.5
Finance and insurance	6.6	6.7	6.6	6.6	6.2	7.5	6.2	6.4	6.2	5.7	6.0	6.1	5.9
Finance	4.1	4.0	4.2	4.1	3.8	4.6	4.0	4.1	4.1	3.7	3.8	4.0	3.8
Insurance	2.5	2.7	2.4	2.5	2.3	2.9	2.2	2.3	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.0	2.2
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	1.7	2.0	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.9	2.3	2.6	1.6	2.2	2.6	2.8	2.6
Real estate	1.5	1.7	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.6	2.0	2.3	1.4	1.9	2.4	2.6	2.3
Rental and leasing services .....	.2	.2	.2	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.2	.4	.2	.2	.2
Professional and business services ...	9.7	9.9	9.7	8.2	8.3	8.0	8.9	9.6	7.2	8.7	10.5	9.8	10.8
Professional and technical services	6.4	6.6	6.3	4.8	4.8	4.9	5.5	6.0	4.4	5.1	6.6	6.0	6.8
Management, administrative, and waste services	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.1	3.5	3.6	2.8	3.6	3.9	3.8	4.0
Administrative and support services	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	3.0	3.3	3.5	2.7	3.5	3.8	3.7	3.8
Waste management and remediation services .....	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1
Education and health services	36.7	37.0	36.7	33.6	32.8	35.3	32.3	31.6	33.5	33.0	30.2	29.7	30.4
Educational services	13.7	13.8	13.6	12.2	11.8	13.2	12.9	12.4	12.9	13.9	12.2	12.8	12.0
Health care and social assistance ..	23.1	23.2	23.0	21.4	21.0	22.1	19.4	19.2	20.6	19.1	18.0	16.9	18.4
Hospitals	7.3	7.6	7.3	7.6	7.3	8.2	6.8	6.7	7.9	6.5	5.5	5.2	5.6
Health services, except hospitals ..	7.3	7.1	7.4	6.2	6.4	5.7	6.3	6.3	6.2	6.4	6.6	6.0	6.8
Social assistance	8.4	8.6	8.4	7.6	7.3	8.2	6.2	6.2	6.5	6.3	5.9	5.6	6.0
Leisure and hospitality	8.3	9.1	8.0	9.4	9.6	8.8	9.3	9.6	9.0	8.9	10.0	12.1	9.1
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	2.0	1.9	2.1	1.8	1.9	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.2	2.2	2.3	2.1
Accommodation and food services	6.3	7.3	6.0	7.6	7.8	7.2	7.8	8.0	7.2	7.7	7.8	9.8	6.9
Accommodation .....	.9	1.4	.8	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.7	1.1	1.2	2.0	3.4	1.5
Food services and drinking places	5.4	5.9	5.2	6.6	6.8	6.2	6.3	6.2	6.0	6.5	5.7	6.4	5.4
Other services	5.3	4.6	5.5	5.1	5.1	5.2	5.7	5.6	5.1	6.2	5.5	5.5	5.5
Other services, except private households	4.2	4.0	4.3	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.5	4.5	4.3	4.7	4.1	4.5	3.9
Repair and maintenance .....	.4	.3	.4	.5	.4	.5	.5	.5	.4	.6	.5	.6	.4
Personal and laundry services	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.3	2.1	2.4	2.2	2.5	2.7	2.3	2.5	2.2
Membership associations and organizations	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.8	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.3
Private households	1.0	.6	1.2	.7	.7	.8	1.2	1.1	.8	1.5	1.4	1.0	1.6
Public administration	3.8	3.2	4.1	3.6	3.5	3.8	5.2	5.8	4.7	4.3	5.0	4.7	5.1
Agricultural and related private wage and salary workers .....	.4	.5	.4	1.0	.8	1.6	.8	.7	.9	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
White													
Total (in thousands)	21,818	6,485	15,333	28,614	19,264	9,349	37,869	19,438	6,264	12,167	25,673	8,442	17,231
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining .....	.1	.1	.1	.2	.2	.3	.7	.2	.7	1.6	.5	1.0	.2
Construction	6.9	7.2	6.7	7.2	7.3	7.1	9.2	9.8	7.9	8.9	8.2	9.3	7.7
Manufacturing	12.0	12.7	11.7	16.1	17.9	12.4	11.0	10.0	15.1	10.6	10.2	7.9	11.4
Durable goods	7.3	8.7	6.8	10.8	12.4	7.5	6.5	5.7	9.9	5.8	6.7	5.3	7.3
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	.4	.2	.4	.5	.6	.4	.4	.4	.5	.4	.3	.3	.3
Primary and fabricated metal products	1.4	1.4	1.4	2.4	2.8	1.4	1.3	1.0	2.1	1.2	1.1	.8	1.2
Machinery manufacturing	1.0	.9	1.0	1.8	2.0	1.4	.8	.6	1.3	.9	.4	.3	.5
Computer and electronic products	1.4	2.2	1.1	.7	.7	.9	.8	.8	.7	.8	1.6	1.4	1.7
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	.4	.5	.4	.6	.7	.4	.4	.3	.7	.2	.2	.1	.3
Transportation equipment	1.0	1.4	.8	2.9	3.6	1.5	1.3	1.1	2.6	1.0	1.3	.8	1.5
Wood products .....	.3	.3	.4	.4	.4	.3	.4	.3	.7	.4	.4	.3	.4
Furniture and fixtures .....	.4	.3	.4	.6	.6	.4	.5	.5	.7	.4	.4	.4	.4
Miscellaneous manufacturing	1.1	1.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	.8	.6	.6	.7	.6	.9	.8	.9
Nondurable goods	4.7	4.1	4.9	5.3	5.5	4.9	4.6	4.3	5.2	4.8	3.6	2.6	4.0
Food manufacturing .....	.9	.6	1.1	1.5	1.3	1.9	1.0	.7	.9	1.6	1.0	1.1	1.0
Beverage and tobacco products .....	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2	.2	.2	.1	.2	.1	.3
Textile, apparel, and leather .....	.7	.7	.8	.3	.3	.3	1.0	1.4	.9	.5	.6	.2	.9
Paper and printing	1.1	1.3	1.0	1.3	1.4	1.2	.9	.9	1.5	.7	.7	.6	.8
Petroleum and coal products .....	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2	(¹)	.1	.4	.1	.1	.1
Chemicals	1.3	.9	1.4	1.2	1.3	.9	.8	.8	.8	.9	.5	.3	.7
Plastic and rubber products .....	.5	.5	.5	.9	1.0	.6	.4	.3	.8	.4	.3	.2	.3
Wholesale and retail trade	14.8	15.1	14.7	15.5	15.5	15.4	15.7	15.8	15.3	15.8	15.2	15.4	15.1
Wholesale trade	3.3	3.2	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.6	3.5	3.1	3.7
Retail trade	11.4	11.9	11.3	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.2	11.9	12.1	11.7	12.4	11.4
Transportation and utilities	4.7	3.7	5.1	4.8	4.7	5.0	5.0	4.7	5.6	5.2	4.6	4.8	4.5
Transportation and warehousing	3.9	3.0	4.2	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.7	4.2	4.4	3.7	3.8	3.7
Utilities .....	.8	.7	.8	.9	.8	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.4	.8	.9	1.0	.8
Information	2.8	2.4	3.0	2.3	2.2	2.4	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.9	2.7	3.1
Publishing, except Internet .....	.8	.7	.9	.7	.7	.6	.5	.5	.8	.4	.6	.5	.6
Motion picture and sound recording industries .....	.3	.1	.3	.2	.2	.1	.2	.3	.2	.2	.7	.3	.8
Broadcasting, except Internet .....	.4	.3	.4	.3	.2	.3	.4	.3	.4	.5	.4	.3	.4
Telecommunications .....	.9	.8	.9	.8	.7	1.0	1.1	1.1	.9	1.3	.9	1.2	.8
Internet service providers and data processing services .....	.1	.1	.2	.1	.1	.1	.2	.2	.1	.1	.2	.2	.2
Other information services .....	.2	.3	.2	.2	.3	.2	.2	.2	.2	.1	.2	.2	.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
White													
Financial activities	7.7	7.7	7.6	6.8	6.3	7.7	7.2	7.9	6.6	6.5	7.2	7.4	7.1
Finance and insurance	5.7	5.8	5.7	5.1	4.8	5.9	4.8	5.1	4.8	4.2	4.5	4.7	4.5
Finance	3.7	3.6	3.8	3.1	2.9	3.5	3.0	3.3	2.9	2.7	2.9	3.1	2.8
Insurance	2.0	2.2	1.9	2.0	1.9	2.3	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.7
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.6	1.5	1.8	2.5	2.8	1.8	2.3	2.7	2.8	2.6
Real estate	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.3	1.3	1.4	2.1	2.4	1.5	1.8	2.3	2.3	2.2
Rental and leasing services .....	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.4	.4	.4	.3	.5	.4	.4	.4
Professional and business services ...	10.9	11.2	10.8	8.6	8.8	8.3	10.3	11.2	7.9	9.9	11.4	10.9	11.7
Professional and technical services	7.1	7.4	7.0	5.1	5.1	5.1	6.3	7.0	4.7	5.9	6.8	6.4	7.0
Management, administrative, and waste services	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.6	3.7	3.2	4.0	4.3	3.2	4.0	4.6	4.4	4.7
Administrative and support services	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.4	3.0	3.7	4.0	2.9	3.7	4.3	4.1	4.4
Waste management and remediation services .....	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.2	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3
Education and health services	22.7	23.2	22.5	20.2	19.6	21.5	18.6	18.1	19.8	18.7	18.4	18.2	18.5
Educational services	9.7	9.8	9.7	8.5	8.2	9.0	8.3	7.9	8.4	8.7	8.6	8.5	8.6
Health care and social assistance ..	13.0	13.4	12.8	11.7	11.4	12.5	10.3	10.2	11.4	10.0	9.9	9.7	10.0
Hospitals	4.4	4.5	4.3	4.2	4.0	4.7	3.7	3.6	4.4	3.5	3.0	3.0	3.0
Health services, except hospitals ..	4.4	4.3	4.4	3.7	3.9	3.4	3.9	4.0	4.1	3.6	3.9	3.7	4.0
Social assistance	4.2	4.5	4.1	3.8	3.5	4.4	2.7	2.6	2.8	2.9	3.0	3.0	2.9
Leisure and hospitality	8.0	8.1	8.0	7.9	8.0	7.6	7.8	7.9	7.2	7.9	9.3	10.5	8.6
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	2.1	2.0	2.2	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.7	2.0	1.7	1.3	2.4	2.4	2.4
Accommodation and food services	5.9	6.1	5.8	6.2	6.3	6.0	6.1	5.9	5.5	6.6	6.9	8.1	6.3
Accommodation .....	.8	1.0	.7	.6	.6	.7	.9	1.0	.6	.9	1.6	2.6	1.1
Food services and drinking places	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.5	5.7	5.2	5.2	4.9	4.9	5.8	5.3	5.5	5.2
Other services	4.5	4.1	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	5.3	5.3	4.9	5.6	5.1	5.0	5.2
Other services, except private households	4.0	3.7	4.2	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.7	4.7	4.5	4.9	4.3	4.5	4.2
Repair and maintenance	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.5	2.0	1.7	1.8	1.7
Personal and laundry services	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.2	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.4
Membership associations and organizations	1.4	1.2	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.1	1.2	1.1
Private households .....	.5	.3	.5	.4	.4	.4	.6	.5	.4	.7	.8	.5	.9
Public administration	4.1	3.7	4.3	3.5	3.4	3.7	4.7	5.2	4.1	4.1	4.6	4.6	4.5
Agricultural and related private wage and salary workers .....	.9	.8	.9	2.2	1.4	3.8	1.9	1.3	2.4	2.6	2.4	2.2	2.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Black or African American													
Total (in thousands)	2,600	353	2,247	2,516	2,059	457	8,271	5,031	1,366	1,873	1,320	253	1,067
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.2	.1	.2	.7	(¹)	.2	(¹)
Construction	4.1	5.1	3.9	3.7	3.5	4.4	4.7	5.2	4.1	4.1	3.2	3.0	3.2
Manufacturing	6.5	8.4	6.2	13.6	14.6	8.9	11.6	9.8	17.4	12.0	9.5	8.3	9.7
Durable goods	2.8	4.6	2.5	9.3	10.5	4.1	5.7	4.4	10.8	5.5	5.8	6.9	5.5
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	.1	.2	.1	.2	.1	.2	.3	.1	.7	.5	.1	.2	.1
Primary and fabricated metal products .....	.5	.5	.5	1.5	1.7	.5	1.0	.9	1.8	.9	.5	2.0	.1
Machinery manufacturing .....	.4	.6	.3	.7	.8	.3	.7	.5	1.0	.9	.2	.4	.2
Computer and electronic products .....	.5	1.2	.4	.5	.5	.1	.5	.5	.5	.5	1.4	1.3	1.4
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	.1	.1	.1	.3	.4	(¹)	.4	.3	1.2	.1	.4	(¹)	.4
Transportation equipment .....	.5	1.0	.4	5.0	5.5	2.5	1.4	1.0	3.1	1.4	1.6	1.2	1.8
Wood products	(¹)	.1	(¹)	.2	.1	.2	.5	.3	1.3	.5	.3	.3	.3
Furniture and fixtures	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.2	.3	.1	.3	.3	.5	.1	.5	(¹)	.6
Miscellaneous manufacturing .....	.7	.9	.7	.8	.9	.1	.6	.6	.7	.6	.8	1.6	.6
Nondurable goods	3.7	3.7	3.7	4.3	4.1	4.8	5.8	5.4	6.6	6.5	3.7	1.4	4.2
Food manufacturing .....	.9	1.1	.9	1.7	1.6	1.9	1.8	1.3	2.5	2.5	1.1	.5	1.3
Beverage and tobacco products .....	.1	(¹)	.1	.2	.1	.3	.4	.5	.2	.3	.1	(¹)	.1
Textile, apparel, and leather .....	.5	.9	.4	.1	.1	(¹)	1.3	1.5	2.0	.2	.4	.1	.5
Paper and printing .....	.5	.5	.5	.4	.3	.6	.9	.9	.8	1.2	.5	(¹)	.6
Petroleum and coal products .....	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.3	.2	(¹)	.1	.9	.2	(¹)	.3
Chemicals	1.3	.9	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.1	.7	.7	.4	1.2	1.2	.7	1.3
Plastic and rubber products .....	.4	.3	.4	.6	.6	.6	.4	.5	.7	.3	.1	.1	.1
Wholesale and retail trade	11.2	11.0	11.2	11.7	11.2	14.1	13.2	12.9	13.7	13.9	15.0	17.2	14.5
Wholesale trade	1.9	2.1	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.5	2.0	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.7	3.6	2.5
Retail trade	9.3	9.0	9.3	9.8	9.2	12.6	11.2	10.8	11.7	11.9	12.3	13.6	12.0
Transportation and utilities	8.4	7.1	8.6	7.2	7.4	6.1	7.1	7.0	7.8	6.8	7.8	8.1	7.7
Transportation and warehousing	7.8	6.0	8.1	6.4	6.7	4.9	6.2	6.1	6.5	6.1	6.5	6.9	6.4
Utilities .....	.6	1.2	.5	.8	.7	1.2	.9	.9	1.3	.7	1.3	1.2	1.3
Information	3.2	2.9	3.2	2.6	2.6	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.4	2.9	4.4	4.4	4.4
Publishing, except Internet .....	.4	.8	.3	.4	.4	.6	.4	.5	.4	.2	.2	.4	.2
Motion picture and sound recording industries .....	.6	.3	.6	.1	.1	.3	.2	.1	.2	.3	.6	.3	.7
Broadcasting, except Internet .....	.6	.3	.6	.4	.4	.4	.3	.3	.3	.5	.9	1.3	.8
Telecommunications	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.1	1.8	2.6	2.2	2.6
Internet service providers and data processing services .....	.1	.1	.2	.1	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Other information services .....	.2	.1	.2	.1	.1	(¹)	.2	.2	.2	.1	(¹)	.2	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Black or African American													
Financial activities	8.8	7.4	9.0	6.6	6.3	7.6	5.7	6.1	4.1	5.7	6.6	7.8	6.3
Finance and insurance	6.6	6.1	6.7	5.2	4.9	6.4	4.1	4.2	3.1	4.4	4.7	5.2	4.6
Finance	4.5	3.3	4.7	3.5	3.3	4.4	2.8	2.7	2.4	3.1	3.3	3.3	3.3
Insurance	2.1	2.7	2.0	1.7	1.6	2.1	1.3	1.5	.7	1.3	1.4	1.9	1.2
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	2.2	1.4	2.3	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.6	1.9	1.0	1.3	1.9	2.6	1.7
Real estate	1.7	1.2	1.8	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.5	.9	1.0	1.2	1.9	1.0
Rental and leasing services .....	.5	.2	.6	.2	.3	(¹)	.3	.4	.1	.3	.7	.7	.8
Professional and business services ...	9.5	7.6	9.8	8.8	8.7	9.2	7.8	8.6	5.6	7.2	9.1	7.8	9.4
Professional and technical services	4.2	3.3	4.4	3.3	3.4	2.6	2.8	3.4	1.5	2.2	3.3	2.5	3.5
Management, administrative, and waste services	5.3	4.3	5.5	5.5	5.3	6.6	5.0	5.2	4.1	4.9	5.8	5.3	5.9
Administrative and support services	5.0	3.8	5.2	5.3	5.0	6.6	4.5	4.8	3.5	4.7	5.5	5.1	5.5
Waste management and remediation services .....	.3	.4	.2	.2	.3	(¹)	.4	.5	.5	.3	.3	.1	.4
Education and health services	31.9	33.1	31.7	27.0	27.3	25.8	24.7	24.5	24.1	25.9	23.3	17.0	24.8
Educational services	8.2	7.0	8.4	8.3	8.2	8.7	9.1	9.0	8.6	9.6	6.1	3.7	6.6
Health care and social assistance ..	23.7	26.1	23.3	18.8	19.1	17.1	15.7	15.5	15.5	16.3	17.2	13.2	18.1
Hospitals	7.1	8.5	6.9	5.7	5.6	6.1	5.5	5.6	6.2	4.8	5.7	4.5	6.0
Health services, except hospitals ..	5.4	3.7	5.7	3.8	3.7	4.2	3.6	3.5	3.0	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.2
Social assistance	11.2	13.9	10.8	9.3	9.9	6.8	6.6	6.4	6.3	7.2	7.3	4.5	7.9
Leisure and hospitality	5.7	6.4	5.5	9.1	9.0	9.6	9.4	9.4	8.6	9.9	7.8	15.1	6.0
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1.5	.7	1.6	1.8	1.9	1.5	1.3	1.0	1.4	2.0	2.6	4.2	2.2
Accommodation and food services	4.2	5.7	4.0	7.3	7.1	8.2	8.1	8.4	7.2	8.0	5.2	10.9	3.9
Accommodation	1.1	2.4	.9	1.3	1.2	1.8	1.9	2.1	1.4	1.6	2.0	6.3	1.0
Food services and drinking places	3.1	3.3	3.1	6.0	5.9	6.4	6.2	6.3	5.7	6.4	3.2	4.6	2.8
Other services	4.8	4.6	4.8	4.1	3.8	5.6	4.8	5.0	4.0	4.8	4.7	3.1	5.1
Other services, except private households	3.9	4.2	3.8	3.8	3.5	5.2	4.2	4.4	3.5	4.0	4.3	3.0	4.7
Repair and maintenance .....	.8	.9	.8	.9	.9	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.6	1.0	.9	1.0
Personal and laundry services	1.3	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.5	2.0	1.6	1.8	1.1	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.5
Membership associations and organizations	1.7	2.1	1.6	1.4	1.2	2.0	1.2	1.3	1.2	.9	1.8	.4	2.2
Private households .....	.9	.4	1.0	.2	.2	.4	.6	.6	.5	.8	.3	.1	.4
Public administration	6.0	6.2	5.9	5.6	5.6	5.6	7.4	8.2	7.3	5.5	8.4	7.8	8.6
Agricultural and related private wage and salary workers	(¹)	.2	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.7	.6	.8	.7	.2	.2	.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Asian													
Total (in thousands)	1,139	217	921	702	483	219	1,185	722	97	366	2,716	217	2,499
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.3	(¹)	(¹)	.9	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Construction	1.9	1.0	2.1	.5	.4	.8	1.8	2.2	.8	1.2	2.4	1.5	2.4
Manufacturing	15.1	23.2	13.2	19.8	18.1	23.5	13.8	11.7	20.7	16.1	14.4	11.9	14.6
Durable goods	7.5	17.1	5.2	13.5	13.1	14.2	9.1	7.3	17.1	10.4	10.3	8.6	10.4
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	.2	.5	.1	.2	.3	(¹)	.3	.2	.9	.5	.2	.7	.2
Primary and fabricated metal products .....	.8	1.7	.5	1.3	1.4	1.0	.8	.5	.9	1.5	.6	.1	.6
Machinery manufacturing .....	.6	1.1	.5	1.4	1.2	1.8	.5	(¹)	2.2	.9	.6	.5	.6
Computer and electronic products	3.0	7.6	1.9	3.4	2.2	6.2	3.6	2.7	3.6	5.3	5.6	2.9	5.8
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	.8	2.2	.5	.5	.2	1.2	.8	.8	1.9	.4	.3	.5	.3
Transportation equipment .....	.4	1.2	.2	4.2	5.4	1.6	1.0	1.0	4.0	.3	1.4	1.7	1.4
Wood products	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.2	(¹)	.1	.2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Furniture and fixtures .....	.2	.1	.3	.4	.4	.3	.6	.5	.7	.9	.2	1.2	.1
Miscellaneous manufacturing	1.5	2.7	1.2	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.3	1.5	3.0	.6	1.3	1.1	1.3
Nondurable goods	7.6	6.1	7.9	6.3	5.0	9.3	4.7	4.4	3.6	5.7	4.1	3.3	4.2
Food manufacturing .....	.4	.5	.3	1.0	.6	2.0	1.1	.6	.5	2.2	1.2	1.0	1.2
Beverage and tobacco products .....	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	(¹)	.1
Textile, apparel, and leather	3.3	1.0	3.9	.8	.8	.8	.6	.8	(¹)	.4	1.6	.9	1.7
Paper and printing .....	.7	1.2	.6	1.0	.4	2.3	1.6	1.7	.8	1.6	.6	.5	.6
Petroleum and coal products	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.2	.2	.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Chemicals	2.9	3.0	2.8	1.2	1.4	.8	.8	1.1	1.1	.3	.4	.8	.4
Plastic and rubber products .....	.3	.4	.3	2.0	1.4	3.4	.6	.2	1.0	1.3	.3	.2	.3
Wholesale and retail trade	15.5	13.0	16.1	11.9	13.4	8.7	13.2	12.6	15.5	13.9	16.1	13.7	16.3
Wholesale trade	3.3	2.0	3.5	1.9	1.8	2.1	2.2	2.4	(¹)	2.2	3.3	3.2	3.4
Retail trade	12.3	10.9	12.6	10.0	11.6	6.6	11.1	10.1	15.5	11.8	12.7	10.5	12.9
Transportation and utilities	4.9	1.3	5.8	2.8	3.9	.5	2.3	2.0	1.6	3.2	4.7	3.0	4.9
Transportation and warehousing	4.8	.7	5.7	2.7	3.7	.5	2.2	1.9	1.6	3.1	3.9	2.7	4.0
Utilities .....	.2	.6	.1	.1	.2	(¹)	.1	.1	(¹)	.2	.8	.3	.8
Information	3.2	2.8	3.3	2.5	1.8	3.9	2.3	2.1	1.6	2.9	3.2	2.1	3.3
Publishing, except Internet .....	.9	1.3	.8	.5	.2	1.1	.1	.1	(¹)	.2	.8	1.2	.7
Motion picture and sound recording industries .....	.3	(¹)	.4	.2	.1	.3	.1	.2	(¹)	(¹)	.4	.1	.4
Broadcasting, except Internet .....	.2	.1	.2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.2	.3	(¹)	(¹)	.3	.3	.3
Telecommunications	1.6	1.0	1.8	1.5	1.2	2.0	1.5	1.0	.3	2.7	.9	.2	1.0
Internet service providers and data processing services	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.2	.2	(¹)	.2	.3	.5	(¹)	.3	.1	.3
Other information services .....	.1	.3	.1	.2	.1	.5	.2	.2	.7	(¹)	.5	.1	.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Asian													
Financial activities	9.9	7.5	10.4	4.2	4.1	4.3	4.9	5.0	2.5	5.2	7.3	7.4	7.2
Finance and insurance	8.5	5.7	9.1	3.3	3.1	3.8	4.1	4.4	2.3	4.1	5.4	5.0	5.5
Finance	6.9	4.7	7.4	2.5	2.4	2.7	3.4	3.9	1.0	3.2	3.8	3.6	3.8
Insurance	1.6	1.1	1.7	.8	.7	1.1	.7	.5	1.3	.9	1.6	1.4	1.6
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	1.4	1.8	1.3	.9	1.1	.6	.8	.7	.2	1.1	1.8	2.4	1.8
Real estate	1.1	1.6	1.0	.9	1.1	.5	.8	.7	.2	1.1	1.6	2.4	1.6
Rental and leasing services .....	.3	.2	.3	(¹)	(¹)	.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.2	(¹)	.2
Professional and business services ...	11.6	12.8	11.3	11.4	12.3	9.3	10.6	11.6	4.4	10.3	12.1	8.8	12.4
Professional and technical services	9.3	8.7	9.4	9.0	10.3	6.0	8.2	8.6	4.4	8.6	8.7	6.6	8.9
Management, administrative, and waste services	2.3	4.1	1.9	2.4	2.0	3.4	2.4	3.0	(¹)	1.7	3.4	2.2	3.5
Administrative and support services	2.1	3.1	1.9	2.4	2.0	3.4	2.3	2.9	(¹)	1.7	3.4	2.2	3.5
Waste management and remediation services .....	.2	1.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	(¹)	(¹)	.1	(¹)	.1
Education and health services	19.3	24.3	18.1	27.3	26.1	29.9	24.0	24.0	30.2	22.5	19.5	17.4	19.7
Educational services	5.8	7.7	5.3	10.6	9.1	13.9	8.7	8.1	14.2	8.4	6.6	7.3	6.5
Health care and social assistance ..	13.5	16.5	12.7	16.7	17.0	16.0	15.4	15.9	16.0	14.1	12.9	10.1	13.2
Hospitals	5.3	8.4	4.5	8.0	6.7	11.0	8.3	8.2	7.8	8.8	4.5	4.3	4.5
Health services, except hospitals ..	4.4	4.4	4.4	5.2	6.6	2.1	4.7	4.4	6.5	4.7	4.9	3.8	5.0
Social assistance	3.8	3.7	3.9	3.5	3.8	2.9	2.3	3.3	1.7	.6	3.5	1.9	3.7
Leisure and hospitality	11.3	8.6	12.0	11.5	11.6	11.1	13.4	15.9	11.8	8.9	10.9	28.7	9.4
Arts, entertainment, and recreation .....	.9	1.0	.9	1.3	1.1	1.7	1.4	1.5	1.0	1.4	1.6	4.9	1.3
Accommodation and food services	10.4	7.7	11.1	10.1	10.5	9.4	11.9	14.4	10.8	7.4	9.4	23.7	8.1
Accommodation	1.0	1.8	.8	.9	1.2	.1	2.0	1.7	2.6	2.3	2.5	9.5	1.9
Food services and drinking places	9.4	5.8	10.3	9.3	9.3	9.3	9.9	12.6	8.2	5.1	6.9	14.2	6.2
Other services	5.3	3.4	5.8	5.7	5.4	6.2	9.2	8.5	6.8	11.4	4.3	2.8	4.4
Other services, except private households	4.9	3.1	5.3	5.7	5.4	6.2	8.4	7.2	6.8	11.3	4.0	2.7	4.1
Repair and maintenance .....	.3	.6	.3	1.1	1.1	.9	1.6	1.7	(¹)	1.9	1.4	.8	1.4
Personal and laundry services	3.7	1.9	4.1	4.1	3.8	4.6	5.7	4.6	4.8	8.0	1.9	1.5	1.9
Membership associations and organizations .....	.9	.6	.9	.6	.5	.7	1.1	.9	1.9	1.4	.8	.4	.8
Private households .....	.5	.3	.5	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.8	1.3	(¹)	.1	.3	.1	.3
Public administration	1.9	1.8	1.9	2.3	2.6	1.4	3.8	4.5	4.2	2.5	4.6	2.7	4.8
Agricultural and related private wage and salary workers .....	.1	.4	(¹)	.2	.2	.2	.4	(¹)	(¹)	1.1	.6	.2	.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity													
Total (in thousands)	2,337	403	1,934	1,583	1,228	355	6,214	2,499	152	3,562	7,196	1,836	5,360
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.5	.1	.4	.8	.3	.8	.1
Construction	7.6	8.1	7.5	10.2	10.4	9.8	15.1	16.9	19.4	13.7	10.8	14.5	9.6
Manufacturing	13.5	17.5	12.7	22.5	23.1	20.4	12.2	11.2	17.0	12.7	13.3	9.4	14.7
Durable goods	6.9	11.9	5.8	12.3	13.8	7.2	5.8	5.2	8.7	6.1	7.1	4.8	7.9
Nonmetallic mineral products .....	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.6	.7	.6	.1	.8	.3	.3	.3
Primary and fabricated metal products	1.1	1.9	.9	3.1	3.6	1.3	1.2	1.1	2.4	1.1	1.5	1.0	1.6
Machinery manufacturing .....	.6	1.0	.5	1.1	1.0	1.3	.8	.4	.5	1.1	.5	.3	.5
Computer and electronic products	1.2	2.5	1.0	1.2	1.4	.3	.5	.4	1.5	.5	1.3	.8	1.5
Electrical equipment and appliances .....	.5	.7	.5	.5	.6	.1	.2	.3	1.1	.1	.3	.1	.4
Transportation equipment .....	.5	1.2	.3	2.6	2.8	1.6	.7	.6	.9	.7	1.1	.5	1.3
Wood products .....	.2	.3	.2	.7	.8	.5	.5	.5	.2	.5	.4	.4	.3
Furniture and fixtures .....	.5	.5	.5	.8	.9	.5	.7	.7	1.6	.7	.7	.6	.8
Miscellaneous manufacturing	1.8	3.4	1.5	2.0	2.3	1.1	.7	.7	.3	.7	1.0	.9	1.1
Nondurable goods	6.6	5.6	6.9	10.2	9.3	13.2	6.4	6.0	8.3	6.7	6.2	4.6	6.8
Food manufacturing	1.4	1.8	1.4	5.7	4.3	10.2	3.0	1.8	4.0	3.8	2.2	2.5	2.1
Beverage and tobacco products .....	.1	(¹)	.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.2	.1	.6	.3	.3	.1	.3
Textile, apparel, and leather	1.8	1.2	1.9	.3	.4	.2	1.5	2.4	1.2	.9	1.8	.3	2.3
Paper and printing	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.0	.7	.7	2.5	.6	.8	.9	.7
Petroleum and coal products	(¹)	(¹)	.1	(¹)	.1	(¹)	.2	(¹)	(¹)	.3	.1	.1	(¹)
Chemicals	1.4	.8	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.1	.5	.6	(¹)	.5	.6	.4	.7
Plastic and rubber products .....	.7	.6	.7	1.5	1.7	.8	.3	.3	(¹)	.4	.5	.3	.5
Wholesale and retail trade	15.1	14.9	15.1	13.2	14.0	10.6	14.3	13.8	8.1	15.0	15.6	15.5	15.6
Wholesale trade	3.6	3.0	3.8	3.4	4.0	1.4	3.1	3.8	.7	2.7	3.5	3.5	3.6
Retail trade	11.4	11.9	11.3	9.8	10.0	9.2	11.3	10.0	7.4	12.3	12.0	12.0	12.1
Transportation and utilities	5.7	3.0	6.3	4.0	3.9	4.3	4.6	4.5	3.0	4.7	4.6	3.7	4.9
Transportation and warehousing	5.4	3.0	5.9	3.5	3.5	3.6	4.2	4.1	2.1	4.3	4.0	2.9	4.4
Utilities .....	.4	(¹)	.4	.5	.4	.7	.4	.4	.9	.4	.6	.8	.5
Information	1.6	.7	1.8	1.5	1.2	2.5	1.9	1.7	(¹)	2.0	1.8	1.8	1.8
Publishing, except Internet .....	.5	.1	.5	.4	.3	.6	.2	.2	(¹)	.2	.3	.4	.2
Motion picture and sound recording industries .....	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	.2	.4	.4	(¹)	.4	.4	.2	.4
Broadcasting, except Internet .....	.3	.1	.3	.2	.2	.1	.3	.3	(¹)	.4	.3	.2	.4
Telecommunications .....	.5	.4	.5	.7	.4	1.6	.8	.8	(¹)	.9	.7	.7	.7
Internet service providers and data processing services .....	.2	.1	.2	.1	.1	(¹)	.1	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	(¹)
Other information services .....	.1	(¹)	.2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.2	.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed persons by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity													
Financial activities	6.2	4.9	6.4	4.7	4.7	4.6	5.1	5.8	2.8	4.8	4.7	5.0	4.7
Finance and insurance	3.5	3.3	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.0	3.0	3.3	2.4	2.7	3.0	2.9	3.0
Finance	2.6	2.1	2.6	2.4	2.4	2.2	2.1	2.4	1.5	1.9	2.2	2.0	2.3
Insurance	1.0	1.2	.9	1.2	1.3	.8	.9	.9	.9	.8	.8	.9	.7
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	2.7	1.6	2.9	1.1	1.0	1.6	2.2	2.5	.4	2.0	1.7	2.1	1.6
Real estate	2.3	1.0	2.5	.9	.9	1.0	1.6	1.9	.4	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.4
Rental and leasing services .....	.4	.6	.4	.2	.1	.6	.5	.5	(¹)	.5	.3	.5	.3
Professional and business services ...	11.1	13.8	10.5	10.2	10.3	9.6	9.9	11.9	7.3	8.6	10.0	8.5	10.5
Professional and technical services	4.1	3.8	4.1	2.1	2.0	2.4	3.1	3.7	1.1	2.8	3.0	2.7	3.0
Management, administrative, and waste services	7.0	10.0	6.4	8.1	8.3	7.2	6.8	8.2	6.3	5.8	7.0	5.8	7.4
Administrative and support services	6.5	9.3	5.9	7.9	8.1	6.9	6.4	8.0	6.3	5.4	6.6	5.3	7.0
Waste management and remediation services .....	.5	.7	.5	.2	.2	.3	.4	.2	(¹)	.5	.4	.4	.4
Education and health services	18.5	19.3	18.4	10.7	10.6	11.0	13.6	11.7	10.0	15.1	13.9	14.3	13.8
Educational services	5.7	5.2	5.8	4.0	3.7	4.9	5.5	4.4	2.5	6.3	5.4	6.4	5.1
Health care and social assistance ..	12.9	14.1	12.6	6.7	6.9	6.1	8.2	7.3	7.6	8.8	8.5	7.8	8.7
Hospitals	3.6	4.9	3.3	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.4	2.1	3.8	2.6	2.3	2.1	2.4
Health services, except hospitals ..	4.2	3.0	4.4	1.7	1.7	1.7	3.1	2.9	1.1	3.3	2.8	2.5	2.9
Social assistance	5.1	6.2	4.9	3.0	3.2	2.3	2.7	2.3	2.7	2.9	3.3	3.2	3.4
Leisure and hospitality	12.2	11.1	12.5	14.3	13.0	18.8	11.4	11.6	16.4	11.1	11.9	14.9	10.9
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.9	2.6	1.1	1.5	2.1	1.3
Accommodation and food services	10.5	9.3	10.7	13.1	11.8	17.5	10.0	9.7	13.8	10.0	10.4	12.8	9.6
Accommodation	1.5	1.8	1.4	2.0	1.8	2.6	2.0	2.5	1.3	1.7	2.4	4.4	1.8
Food services and drinking places	9.0	7.5	9.3	11.1	10.0	14.9	8.0	7.1	12.5	8.3	8.0	8.4	7.8
Other services	5.4	3.0	5.8	4.5	4.7	3.7	6.2	6.0	6.7	6.4	6.0	4.8	6.4
Other services, except private households	4.1	2.7	4.3	4.1	4.4	2.9	4.8	4.7	6.2	4.8	4.4	4.0	4.5
Repair and maintenance	1.2	1.0	1.2	2.1	2.4	.9	2.3	2.2	4.1	2.3	2.3	1.8	2.4
Personal and laundry services	2.2	1.2	2.4	1.2	1.1	1.5	1.8	1.8	2.1	1.8	1.4	1.5	1.4
Membership associations and organizations .....	.7	.5	.8	.8	.9	.5	.7	.7	(¹)	.7	.7	.7	.7
Private households	1.3	.3	1.5	.4	.3	.8	1.4	1.3	.5	1.6	1.6	.8	1.9
Public administration	2.7	3.2	2.7	2.8	3.1	1.9	2.8	2.6	2.8	2.9	3.1	4.2	2.8
Agricultural and related private wage and salary workers .....	.4	.4	.4	1.3	.9	2.6	2.2	2.0	6.2	2.2	3.9	2.6	4.3

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Totals for summary groups published include other industries not shown separately. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American,

and Asian) do not sum to totals because data for other race groups are not shown. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race.

Table 8. Census regions and divisions: Employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries							
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers						Self-employed
						Total	Private		Government			
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal	State and local	
TOTAL												
Northeast	25,815	189	94	88	25,626	23,988	20,414	134	3,574	503	3,071	1,617
New England	7,145	56	35	21	7,088	6,570	5,693	24	877	133	744	514
Middle Atlantic	18,671	133	58	67	18,538	17,418	14,722	111	2,697	370	2,327	1,103
Midwest	32,267	632	236	386	31,634	29,774	25,584	123	4,190	549	3,641	1,845
East North Central	22,063	275	113	157	21,788	20,579	17,873	82	2,706	338	2,368	1,197
West North Central	10,204	358	123	229	9,846	9,195	7,710	41	1,484	211	1,273	648
South	48,277	804	473	326	47,473	44,195	36,960	285	7,235	1,472	5,764	3,242
South Atlantic	25,586	297	195	101	25,289	23,694	19,777	144	3,917	939	2,978	1,578
East South Central	7,828	163	88	74	7,665	7,143	5,938	35	1,205	224	981	519
West South Central	14,863	344	190	151	14,519	13,358	11,245	106	2,114	309	1,805	1,146
West	31,070	644	494	148	30,426	27,778	23,192	219	4,587	669	3,918	2,619
Mountain	9,281	190	130	59	9,090	8,400	7,032	45	1,368	241	1,126	684
Pacific	21,789	454	364	89	21,335	19,378	16,159	174	3,219	428	2,791	1,935
Men												
Northeast	13,527	137	72	63	13,391	12,379	10,796	10	1,583	299	1,285	1,006
New England	3,714	40	24	16	3,674	3,360	2,967	3	393	77	316	314
Middle Atlantic	9,813	97	48	48	9,716	9,020	7,829	7	1,191	222	969	692
Midwest	16,965	473	174	292	16,493	15,439	13,691	11	1,748	275	1,473	1,049
East North Central	11,634	191	76	113	11,442	10,749	9,606	9	1,143	174	969	690
West North Central	5,332	281	98	179	5,050	4,691	4,085	2	606	102	504	359
South	25,743	613	374	237	25,130	23,045	20,013	19	3,032	790	2,242	2,074
South Atlantic	13,503	210	142	67	13,293	12,288	10,613	8	1,676	504	1,171	998
East South Central	4,149	131	73	57	4,018	3,690	3,187	4	503	120	383	328
West South Central	8,092	272	159	112	7,819	7,066	6,212	6	854	166	688	749
West	16,935	469	368	99	16,466	14,863	12,879	19	1,984	383	1,601	1,594
Mountain	5,077	139	97	41	4,938	4,535	3,927	4	608	136	472	401
Pacific	11,858	330	271	58	11,528	10,328	8,952	15	1,376	247	1,129	1,192
Women												
Northeast	12,288	52	21	25	12,236	11,609	9,618	124	1,991	204	1,786	611
New England	3,431	17	11	5	3,414	3,210	2,726	21	485	56	428	200
Middle Atlantic	8,857	36	10	20	8,822	8,398	6,892	103	1,506	148	1,358	411
Midwest	15,301	160	62	94	15,141	14,334	11,893	112	2,442	274	2,168	796
East North Central	10,429	83	36	45	10,346	9,830	8,267	73	1,563	165	1,399	507
West North Central	4,872	76	26	49	4,796	4,504	3,625	39	879	109	769	289
South	22,534	191	100	89	22,343	21,150	16,947	266	4,203	682	3,521	1,168
South Atlantic	12,083	87	53	34	11,996	11,406	9,165	136	2,241	435	1,807	580
East South Central	3,679	32	15	16	3,648	3,452	2,750	31	702	104	598	191
West South Central	6,771	71	32	39	6,700	6,292	5,032	99	1,260	143	1,117	397
West	14,135	176	126	48	13,959	12,915	10,312	200	2,603	286	2,317	1,025
Mountain	4,204	52	33	18	4,152	3,864	3,105	41	760	105	654	282
Pacific	9,931	124	92	31	9,807	9,050	7,207	160	1,843	181	1,662	743

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Census regions and divisions: Employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries							
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers						Self-employed
						Total	Private		Government			
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal	State and local	
White												
Northeast	21,818	186	92	87	21,632	20,168	17,195	105	2,973	408	2,566	1,446
New England	6,485	55	33	21	6,431	5,938	5,136	21	803	117	685	488
Middle Atlantic	15,333	132	58	66	15,202	14,230	12,059	84	2,171	291	1,880	958
Midwest	28,614	622	229	382	27,992	26,266	22,648	115	3,617	436	3,181	1,716
East North Central	19,264	270	110	155	18,995	17,887	15,612	76	2,275	246	2,030	1,100
West North Central	9,349	352	119	227	8,997	8,379	7,037	38	1,342	190	1,152	615
South	37,869	730	413	312	37,139	34,372	29,132	220	5,241	1,006	4,235	2,737
South Atlantic	19,438	262	165	96	19,176	17,846	15,146	106	2,699	619	2,080	1,317
East South Central	6,264	152	77	73	6,112	5,652	4,771	27	881	157	724	456
West South Central	12,167	316	170	143	11,851	10,874	9,215	88	1,660	230	1,430	964
West	25,673	604	465	137	25,069	22,806	19,146	198	3,660	482	3,178	2,243
Mountain	8,442	185	127	57	8,257	7,628	6,403	42	1,225	206	1,019	622
Pacific	17,231	419	338	80	16,812	15,177	12,743	156	2,435	276	2,159	1,620
Black or African American												
Northeast	2,600	1	1	(1)	2,600	2,508	2,026	24	482	68	414	91
New England	353	1	1	(1)	353	341	290	1	51	10	41	12
Middle Atlantic	2,247	(1)	(1)	(1)	2,247	2,168	1,736	22	432	58	373	79
Midwest	2,516	3	3	(1)	2,513	2,432	2,000	6	432	90	341	79
East North Central	2,059	3	3	(1)	2,057	1,990	1,638	5	352	76	276	64
West North Central	457	(1)	(1)	(1)	457	442	362	2	80	15	65	15
South	8,271	56	50	6	8,215	7,865	6,144	50	1,722	390	1,332	347
South Atlantic	5,031	32	28	4	4,999	4,805	3,731	28	1,074	269	805	193
East South Central	1,366	11	10	(1)	1,355	1,303	1,009	7	294	59	235	52
West South Central	1,873	13	11	2	1,860	1,758	1,404	15	354	63	292	102
West	1,320	3	3	(1)	1,317	1,239	969	5	270	49	221	75
Mountain	253	1	(1)	(1)	253	240	204	(1)	36	10	26	13
Pacific	1,067	2	2	(1)	1,064	999	765	4	234	39	195	62
Asian												
Northeast	1,139	1	1	(1)	1,138	1,069	984	6	86	22	64	66
New England	217	1	1	(1)	216	208	194	1	14	4	10	9
Middle Atlantic	921	(1)	(1)	(1)	921	861	790	5	72	18	53	57
Midwest	702	1	1	1	700	666	583	(1)	83	14	69	32
East North Central	483	1	(1)	1	482	458	406	(1)	51	13	39	22
West North Central	219	(1)	(1)	(1)	219	208	177	(1)	32	1	30	10
South	1,185	4	3	1	1,181	1,090	953	10	137	47	89	88
South Atlantic	722	(1)	(1)	(1)	722	674	585	9	89	39	50	46
East South Central	97	(1)	(1)	(1)	97	91	76	(1)	15	4	11	5
West South Central	366	4	3	1	362	324	292	(1)	33	4	29	37
West	2,716	16	11	5	2,699	2,492	2,099	7	393	93	299	203
Mountain	217	(1)	(1)	(1)	216	196	171	(1)	25	6	19	20
Pacific	2,499	16	11	5	2,483	2,296	1,928	7	368	87	281	183

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Census regions and divisions: Employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries							
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers						Self-employed
						Total	Private		Government			
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal	State and local	
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity												
Northeast	2,337	9	9	(¹)	2,328	2,222	2,011	30	212	34	177	105
New England	403	2	2	(¹)	401	383	348	1	36	5	31	17
Middle Atlantic	1,934	7	7	(¹)	1,927	1,839	1,663	29	176	30	146	88
Midwest	1,583	20	17	3	1,563	1,516	1,405	7	110	18	92	46
East North Central	1,228	11	9	2	1,217	1,179	1,096	4	83	13	69	37
West North Central	355	9	8	1	346	337	309	3	28	5	23	9
South	6,214	137	128	9	6,077	5,697	5,142	88	555	105	450	372
South Atlantic	2,499	51	50	1	2,449	2,334	2,156	32	178	50	128	114
East South Central	152	9	9	(¹)	143	132	125	1	7	3	4	11
West South Central	3,562	77	68	9	3,486	3,231	2,861	56	370	52	318	247
West	7,196	279	271	8	6,917	6,502	5,760	117	741	98	643	410
Mountain	1,836	47	45	2	1,789	1,684	1,450	15	234	43	191	104
Pacific	5,360	232	225	7	5,128	4,818	4,310	101	508	55	453	306

¹ Less than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is

identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 9. Census regions and divisions: Persons at work by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2003 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and area	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
TOTAL											
Northeast	24,747	1,239	3,142	1,771	18,595	2,134	9,848	2,305	4,308	38.6	42.6
New England	6,822	392	930	579	4,921	520	2,443	730	1,229	38.2	42.7
Middle Atlantic	17,924	847	2,212	1,192	13,673	1,614	7,405	1,575	3,079	38.7	42.6
Midwest	30,926	1,694	4,012	2,356	22,864	2,074	11,591	3,424	5,774	38.8	43.2
East North Central	21,126	1,108	2,729	1,599	15,690	1,407	8,179	2,292	3,813	38.7	43.0
West North Central	9,800	586	1,283	757	7,174	667	3,412	1,133	1,962	39.0	43.5
South	46,467	1,936	4,987	3,206	36,339	2,971	20,418	4,470	8,479	39.6	42.9
South Atlantic	24,670	989	2,580	1,676	19,424	1,524	11,256	2,262	4,381	39.5	42.7
East South Central	7,511	330	847	533	5,801	518	3,190	740	1,353	39.4	42.7
West South Central	14,287	617	1,560	997	11,114	929	5,971	1,468	2,745	39.9	43.2
West	29,833	1,467	3,621	2,359	22,386	1,783	12,645	2,767	5,190	38.8	42.7
Mountain	8,907	464	1,117	697	6,628	549	3,529	894	1,656	38.9	43.0
Pacific	20,927	1,003	2,504	1,661	15,758	1,234	9,117	1,873	3,534	38.7	42.5
Men											
Northeast	13,060	440	1,062	695	10,865	739	5,544	1,429	3,153	41.5	44.1
New England	3,574	144	311	218	2,900	188	1,365	452	895	41.3	44.2
Middle Atlantic	9,487	296	750	477	7,965	552	4,179	977	2,257	41.6	44.0
Midwest	16,383	612	1,448	968	13,355	797	6,278	2,080	4,201	41.8	44.6
East North Central	11,222	401	980	657	9,185	535	4,445	1,404	2,801	41.7	44.4
West North Central	5,161	211	468	311	4,171	261	1,833	676	1,400	42.1	45.1
South	24,968	726	1,948	1,392	20,901	1,160	10,898	2,658	6,186	42.1	44.3
South Atlantic	13,112	365	996	723	11,029	588	5,980	1,326	3,134	41.8	44.0
East South Central	4,018	128	326	220	3,343	182	1,705	441	1,015	42.0	44.2
West South Central	7,838	233	626	449	6,530	389	3,213	891	2,037	42.6	44.9
West	16,414	533	1,376	1,019	13,485	779	7,303	1,700	3,704	41.2	43.7
Mountain	4,924	163	439	302	4,020	237	2,031	553	1,199	41.6	44.2
Pacific	11,490	371	937	718	9,464	541	5,272	1,147	2,505	41.1	43.5
Women											
Northeast	11,686	799	2,080	1,077	7,730	1,394	4,305	876	1,155	35.3	40.7
New England	3,249	248	619	361	2,021	332	1,078	278	333	34.8	40.7
Middle Atlantic	8,437	551	1,461	716	5,709	1,063	3,226	598	822	35.5	40.6
Midwest	14,543	1,082	2,564	1,389	9,509	1,277	5,313	1,345	1,573	35.4	41.1
East North Central	9,903	707	1,749	942	6,506	871	3,735	888	1,012	35.4	41.0
West North Central	4,639	375	815	447	3,003	406	1,579	457	562	35.5	41.4
South	21,499	1,209	3,039	1,813	15,437	1,812	9,520	1,812	2,293	36.7	41.0
South Atlantic	11,557	624	1,584	953	8,395	935	5,276	936	1,248	36.9	41.0
East South Central	3,493	202	520	313	2,458	335	1,486	299	338	36.4	40.7
West South Central	6,449	383	934	547	4,584	541	2,758	577	708	36.6	41.0
West	13,420	934	2,245	1,340	8,902	1,005	5,342	1,068	1,487	35.8	41.2
Mountain	3,983	301	678	396	2,608	312	1,498	341	457	35.7	41.3
Pacific	9,437	633	1,567	944	6,294	693	3,845	727	1,029	35.8	41.1

Table 9. Census regions and divisions: Persons at work by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and area	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years											
Northeast	1,013	273	427	80	233	50	129	25	28	22.6	39.3
New England	306	94	125	24	63	14	35	8	6	21.5	38.0
Middle Atlantic	708	180	303	56	170	36	94	17	22	23.1	39.8
Midwest	1,603	424	682	133	364	86	196	42	41	22.7	38.6
East North Central	1,058	271	463	85	240	54	135	25	25	22.7	38.3
West North Central	545	153	219	49	124	31	61	16	16	22.7	39.1
South	1,847	360	751	179	556	119	336	44	57	25.2	38.8
South Atlantic	953	187	380	93	294	60	183	20	31	25.4	39.1
East South Central	320	65	135	29	91	19	54	8	10	24.6	38.6
West South Central	573	108	236	58	172	39	99	16	17	25.2	38.3
West	1,241	263	488	121	369	77	223	37	33	24.9	38.8
Mountain	441	96	161	46	138	29	78	16	15	25.3	38.9
Pacific	800	167	327	75	231	47	144	21	18	24.8	38.7
White											
Northeast	20,904	1,112	2,725	1,515	15,551	1,732	7,954	2,055	3,810	38.6	42.8
New England	6,188	363	847	525	4,453	475	2,155	679	1,144	38.2	42.8
Middle Atlantic	14,716	749	1,879	990	11,098	1,258	5,798	1,376	2,666	38.7	42.8
Midwest	27,418	1,564	3,601	2,080	20,172	1,825	9,885	3,157	5,306	38.8	43.3
East North Central	18,437	1,016	2,422	1,382	13,616	1,214	6,850	2,095	3,458	38.7	43.2
West North Central	8,981	548	1,179	698	6,556	611	3,035	1,062	1,848	39.0	43.6
South	36,427	1,597	3,928	2,515	28,387	2,319	15,211	3,691	7,166	39.8	43.2
South Atlantic	18,728	804	1,984	1,282	14,657	1,149	8,036	1,839	3,634	39.7	43.1
East South Central	6,003	279	668	430	4,626	414	2,415	622	1,175	39.6	43.1
West South Central	11,695	514	1,276	802	9,103	756	4,760	1,229	2,358	40.0	43.4
West	24,645	1,259	3,001	1,970	18,415	1,508	10,088	2,375	4,444	38.8	42.8
Mountain	8,096	428	1,015	635	6,018	499	3,157	818	1,544	39.0	43.1
Pacific	16,549	831	1,986	1,335	12,397	1,009	6,931	1,557	2,900	38.7	42.6
Black or African American											
Northeast	2,499	79	278	172	1,971	301	1,277	147	245	38.0	40.8
New England	340	13	49	29	250	27	160	28	34	37.4	41.2
Middle Atlantic	2,159	66	229	143	1,721	274	1,116	120	211	38.1	40.7
Midwest	2,417	72	271	199	1,875	182	1,258	166	269	38.4	41.3
East North Central	1,979	55	219	166	1,539	148	1,048	132	212	38.4	41.2
West North Central	438	17	52	33	336	35	210	35	57	38.5	41.9
South	7,980	254	825	547	6,354	541	4,287	586	941	38.8	41.5
South Atlantic	4,863	141	484	323	3,916	322	2,702	337	556	38.8	41.3
East South Central	1,316	43	150	92	1,031	93	703	95	140	38.4	41.1
West South Central	1,800	70	191	131	1,407	126	883	154	245	39.1	42.0
West	1,262	45	144	90	983	76	649	100	158	38.6	41.8
Mountain	243	10	25	17	191	16	120	24	32	39.0	41.8
Pacific	1,019	35	119	73	792	60	530	75	127	38.5	41.7

Table 9. Census regions and divisions: Persons at work by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and area	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Asian											
Northeast	1,100	35	106	63	896	81	527	77	210	40.4	43.3
New England	210	10	21	17	162	12	100	14	37	39.5	42.8
Middle Atlantic	890	25	84	46	734	70	427	64	174	40.6	43.4
Midwest	677	29	77	38	532	34	310	60	128	39.9	43.8
East North Central	465	21	50	27	367	25	200	42	101	40.5	44.4
West North Central	211	9	27	11	165	10	109	19	27	38.5	42.4
South	1,153	38	120	68	927	52	565	93	217	40.2	43.4
South Atlantic	705	22	69	43	571	30	364	48	129	40.1	43.2
East South Central	93	4	16	4	71	4	40	8	18	39.0	43.7
West South Central	355	12	36	21	285	17	161	37	70	40.6	43.8
West	2,628	93	291	180	2,064	117	1,375	171	401	39.2	42.5
Mountain	213	8	28	12	164	10	108	15	32	39.2	43.2
Pacific	2,415	84	263	168	1,899	107	1,268	156	369	39.2	42.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity											
Northeast	2,262	60	252	148	1,801	199	1,188	148	265	38.6	41.3
New England	388	12	55	37	284	31	183	30	41	37.5	40.9
Middle Atlantic	1,874	48	197	112	1,517	169	1,006	118	224	38.8	41.4
Midwest	1,536	46	176	106	1,207	109	773	130	194	38.7	41.6
East North Central	1,191	31	127	77	955	77	639	96	144	38.9	41.5
West North Central	345	14	49	30	252	33	135	35	50	38.0	42.0
South	6,051	168	636	448	4,799	435	3,140	482	742	38.9	41.5
South Atlantic	2,444	54	229	172	1,989	160	1,398	159	271	39.0	41.3
East South Central	150	5	14	11	120	11	74	10	24	39.6	42.4
West South Central	3,457	110	392	265	2,690	264	1,667	313	446	38.7	41.7
West	6,966	219	742	585	5,420	445	3,703	528	743	38.3	41.1
Mountain	1,783	54	189	151	1,389	131	905	143	209	38.6	41.4
Pacific	5,183	165	553	434	4,031	315	2,797	385	534	38.2	40.9

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose

ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 10. Census regions and divisions: Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2003 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons 1	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could only find part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons 2
TOTAL														
Northeast	1,779	177	640	234	79	649	4,373	271	265	189	1,065	1,112	417	1,054
New England	545	54	194	95	23	178	1,356	84	62	57	345	328	121	360
Middle Atlantic	1,234	123	446	139	56	471	3,016	187	204	132	720	784	296	694
Midwest	2,367	328	919	115	85	920	5,695	363	333	135	1,414	1,663	578	1,209
East North Central	1,586	231	590	81	54	629	3,849	264	239	97	956	1,068	383	842
West North Central ...	781	97	329	34	31	291	1,846	100	94	38	458	594	195	366
South	3,375	529	1,092	204	253	1,298	6,753	598	439	201	1,345	1,829	632	1,709
South Atlantic	1,701	248	566	136	126	625	3,545	308	218	100	707	926	379	907
East South Central ...	605	79	197	24	75	228	1,105	72	81	35	232	316	95	273
West South Central ..	1,070	201	328	44	52	444	2,104	219	140	66	406	587	158	529
West	2,295	398	797	175	51	874	5,152	546	322	142	1,153	1,393	320	1,275
Mountain	686	119	244	36	14	273	1,592	130	94	36	381	434	127	391
Pacific	1,609	279	553	139	37	601	3,560	416	228	106	772	959	193	884
Men														
Northeast	868	108	319	98	54	289	1,328	127	113	6	52	463	220	347
New England	268	31	96	41	17	84	406	38	28	2	21	141	62	114
Middle Atlantic	600	77	223	58	37	205	922	89	85	4	32	322	157	233
Midwest	1,195	200	452	41	69	432	1,833	168	142	7	77	753	307	380
East North Central	806	140	294	28	46	298	1,231	120	100	5	47	489	213	257
West North Central ...	388	61	158	13	23	134	602	48	42	2	30	264	93	123
South	1,730	341	545	89	191	565	2,337	299	181	10	85	817	327	617
South Atlantic	861	159	278	58	94	272	1,222	156	86	6	48	408	198	320
East South Central ...	311	50	104	11	50	96	364	36	34	1	13	137	50	93
West South Central ..	558	131	163	20	47	197	750	107	61	2	24	273	79	204
West	1,218	259	428	79	47	405	1,711	261	132	9	84	590	173	461
Mountain	366	79	130	16	12	128	538	64	41	1	23	200	68	140
Pacific	852	180	298	63	34	277	1,173	197	91	8	61	390	105	320
Women														
Northeast	911	69	321	136	25	360	3,045	144	153	183	1,012	649	197	707
New England	277	23	98	55	7	95	950	46	34	55	324	187	59	246
Middle Atlantic	634	45	223	81	19	266	2,094	98	119	128	688	462	139	461
Midwest	1,173	128	467	74	15	489	3,861	195	192	128	1,337	910	271	828
East North Central	780	92	296	53	8	331	2,618	143	139	92	909	579	170	585
West North Central ...	393	36	170	21	8	157	1,244	52	52	36	428	330	102	244
South	1,645	188	547	115	62	733	4,417	299	259	191	1,259	1,012	305	1,092
South Atlantic	840	89	288	78	32	353	2,322	152	133	93	659	518	181	587
East South Central ...	294	29	94	13	25	133	741	36	47	34	219	180	45	180
West South Central ..	511	70	165	24	5	247	1,354	112	79	63	381	314	79	325
West	1,077	139	368	96	5	469	3,441	285	189	133	1,068	803	147	815
Mountain	320	40	114	20	2	144	1,055	66	53	35	357	234	59	251
Pacific	757	99	254	77	3	324	2,387	219	137	98	711	569	88	564

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 10. Census regions and divisions: Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons 1	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could only find part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons 2
White														
Northeast	1,507	152	569	188	69	529	3,846	213	208	173	984	962	389	916
New England	495	48	180	86	21	160	1,240	72	52	54	320	292	118	333
Middle Atlantic	1,012	104	389	103	48	370	2,606	141	156	119	665	670	271	583
Midwest	2,096	292	839	97	75	793	5,149	305	270	121	1,324	1,493	546	1,090
East North Central	1,374	203	531	66	48	526	3,446	216	193	86	890	955	357	749
West North Central ...	722	88	308	31	28	266	1,703	89	77	35	434	538	189	340
South	2,646	413	882	150	207	993	5,394	438	285	166	1,192	1,413	551	1,349
South Atlantic	1,296	194	453	96	99	455	2,774	227	133	79	625	692	328	691
East South Central ...	486	59	161	20	65	181	891	43	52	31	207	253	83	222
West South Central ..	863	161	268	34	43	357	1,729	168	100	57	359	468	140	437
West	1,934	343	678	141	45	726	4,297	441	260	120	1,003	1,107	291	1,075
Mountain	620	107	224	33	13	243	1,458	112	85	33	359	392	122	355
Pacific	1,313	236	454	108	32	483	2,838	329	175	86	644	715	168	721
Black or African American														
Northeast	182	15	46	34	4	83	347	45	45	11	40	94	21	91
New England	25	3	7	5	1	10	65	8	8	1	12	18	1	16
Middle Atlantic	157	12	39	29	4	73	282	37	37	9	28	75	20	75
Midwest	193	25	53	15	6	94	349	44	45	9	51	98	24	78
East North Central	160	20	43	13	5	79	280	38	36	8	41	74	20	64
West North Central ...	33	5	10	2	2	15	69	6	9	1	11	24	4	15
South	580	91	165	45	36	242	1,046	130	131	26	100	305	72	283
South Atlantic	335	44	92	34	21	144	613	69	74	14	54	181	44	176
East South Central ...	106	19	32	4	9	42	179	26	25	4	19	52	11	42
West South Central ..	139	28	41	7	6	56	254	36	31	8	27	71	16	65
West	90	13	24	9	1	43	189	25	17	3	23	60	10	50
Mountain	20	2	6	1	(³)	10	32	6	3	1	3	8	2	9
Pacific	70	11	18	8	1	33	156	19	14	2	20	52	8	41
Asian														
Northeast	67	8	20	9	4	27	137	9	9	4	30	43	5	37
New England	17	2	5	3	1	6	31	1	1	1	9	12	1	6
Middle Atlantic	50	5	15	5	2	21	106	8	8	3	22	31	4	31
Midwest	36	4	14	2	1	16	108	7	4	2	23	42	4	25
East North Central	27	2	9	1	1	13	71	6	3	1	16	21	4	20
West North Central ...	10	1	5	(³)	(³)	3	37	1	2	1	7	21	1	5
South	63	10	22	5	4	21	163	13	11	6	32	57	3	41
South Atlantic	37	5	14	4	3	12	97	7	7	5	21	29	3	25
East South Central ...	4	1	1	(³)	1	2	18	1	2	1	3	6	(³)	6
West South Central ..	21	5	7	1	1	8	48	5	2	(³)	8	22	(³)	10
West	158	23	61	16	2	56	406	50	22	11	84	142	13	86
Mountain	13	3	4	1	(³)	5	36	3	1	1	7	14	1	9
Pacific	145	20	57	16	2	51	370	47	21	10	77	128	12	76

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 10. Census regions and divisions: Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could only find part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity														
Northeast	155	25	37	19	8	66	305	48	33	22	48	76	6	73
New England	35	6	7	5	3	15	68	13	6	5	12	15	(³)	17
Middle Atlantic	120	19	30	14	6	51	237	35	27	18	36	61	6	56
Midwest	113	31	26	4	11	40	216	34	29	8	33	67	9	37
East North Central	86	23	19	4	8	30	150	22	19	6	21	50	5	26
West North Central ...	27	8	7	(³)	2	10	66	12	9	2	11	17	3	11
South	422	135	81	16	42	148	830	186	72	35	120	192	26	200
South Atlantic	158	52	33	9	18	46	297	83	26	8	38	68	10	63
East South Central ...	9	4	1	(³)	2	2	21	4	4	(³)	4	4	1	5
West South Central ..	254	79	47	7	22	99	512	99	43	26	78	120	14	132
West	539	153	123	32	30	200	1,007	203	94	40	160	263	18	229
Mountain	138	41	30	8	6	52	256	41	20	8	47	60	8	73
Pacific	401	112	93	25	23	148	751	161	74	32	113	203	11	156

¹ Includes seasonal work, job started or ended, own illness, child-care problems, other family or personal obligations, labor dispute, in school or training, civic or military duty, and all other reasons.

² Includes seasonal work, health and medical limitations, full-time workweek less than 35 hours, and all other reasons.

³ Less than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 11. Census regions and divisions: Employed persons with a job but not at work by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2003 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Thousands of persons				
	Total	Vacation	Child-care problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
TOTAL					
Northeast	1,069	595	107	217	149
New England	322	176	33	64	49
Middle Atlantic	746	419	75	153	99
Midwest	1,341	720	131	265	225
East North Central	937	505	88	196	147
West North Central	404	214	43	69	78
South	1,810	937	197	384	290
South Atlantic	916	477	96	197	147
East South Central	317	158	32	72	56
West South Central	576	303	70	115	87
West	1,237	663	143	221	210
Mountain	374	210	42	61	62
Pacific	863	453	101	160	149
Men					
Northeast	467	267	17	100	82
New England	141	83	5	26	27
Middle Atlantic	326	184	12	74	55
Midwest	582	326	16	124	117
East North Central	411	233	11	90	77
West North Central	171	92	5	34	40
South	775	402	36	179	158
South Atlantic	391	201	14	98	78
East South Central	131	66	6	29	31
West South Central	253	136	16	53	49
West	521	300	24	93	105
Mountain	153	91	7	26	29
Pacific	368	209	17	66	76
Women					
Northeast	602	328	90	117	66
New England	182	94	28	38	22
Middle Atlantic	420	235	63	79	44
Midwest	758	394	115	141	109
East North Central	526	272	77	106	71
West North Central	233	122	38	35	38
South	1,035	535	162	205	133
South Atlantic	526	276	82	99	69
East South Central	187	92	26	43	25
West South Central	322	167	54	63	39
West	716	363	120	128	105
Mountain	221	118	35	35	33
Pacific	494	244	84	93	72

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 11. Census regions and divisions: Employed persons with a job but not at work by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Thousands of persons				
	Total	Vacation	Child-care problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
White					
Northeast	914	520	89	176	130
New England	298	165	30	58	45
Middle Atlantic	617	354	59	118	85
Midwest	1,196	657	113	224	202
East North Central	828	457	74	165	131
West North Central	368	200	39	58	72
South	1,442	771	152	281	238
South Atlantic	710	379	74	141	115
East South Central	261	135	23	55	48
West South Central	471	257	55	85	74
West	1,028	561	112	177	177
Mountain	346	195	38	56	57
Pacific	682	366	75	121	120
Black or African American					
Northeast	101	46	10	32	13
New England	13	5	1	4	3
Middle Atlantic	88	40	9	28	10
Midwest	99	39	14	33	14
East North Central	80	32	11	26	12
West North Central	19	7	3	7	2
South	290	124	37	87	42
South Atlantic	168	73	18	50	27
East South Central	50	19	9	16	6
West South Central	73	33	10	21	9
West	58	23	7	18	9
Mountain	10	5	2	2	1
Pacific	48	18	5	16	8
Asian					
Northeast	39	23	7	4	4
New England	7	4	1	(³)	1
Middle Atlantic	32	19	6	4	3
Midwest	25	15	3	3	5
East North Central	18	11	2	2	3
West North Central	8	5	1	(³)	2
South	32	18	5	4	5
South Atlantic	17	12	2	1	2
East South Central	3	1	(³)	1	1
West South Central	12	5	2	3	2
West	88	46	15	13	14
Mountain	4	2	1	(³)	1
Pacific	84	43	14	13	14

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 11. Census regions and divisions: Employed persons with a job but not at work by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Thousands of persons				
	Total	Vacation	Child-care problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity					
Northeast	75	39	9	16	12
New England	15	7	3	4	2
Middle Atlantic	60	32	6	13	10
Midwest	48	23	5	11	9
East North Central	37	19	3	9	6
West North Central	10	4	2	2	2
South	163	80	24	32	26
South Atlantic	55	27	9	9	10
East South Central	3	1	1	(³)	1
West South Central	105	52	15	22	16
West	231	112	34	51	33
Mountain	53	28	6	11	8
Pacific	178	84	28	40	25

¹ Includes maternity or paternity leave and other family obligations.

² Includes labor disputes, bad weather, in school or training, civic or military duty, and all other reasons.

³ Less than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Estimates for

the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 12. Census regions and divisions: Unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2003 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Thousands of persons					
	Total unemployed	Job loser and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
TOTAL						
Northeast	1,599	949	234	127	414	110
New England	409	255	63	31	98	25
Middle Atlantic	1,190	694	172	95	316	84
Midwest	2,024	1,151	335	185	563	125
East North Central	1,491	864	253	128	405	94
West North Central	533	287	82	57	158	31
South	2,951	1,528	282	319	866	237
South Atlantic	1,409	719	131	156	411	123
East South Central	497	266	61	55	139	38
West South Central	1,045	544	90	109	317	75
West	2,176	1,195	266	186	626	168
Mountain	556	280	66	69	171	36
Pacific	1,620	915	200	117	456	132
Men						
Northeast	893	583	148	67	189	55
New England	236	164	42	17	42	14
Middle Atlantic	657	419	106	50	148	41
Midwest	1,175	747	241	102	264	62
East North Central	875	563	183	71	193	48
West North Central	301	185	58	31	71	15
South	1,580	930	174	154	377	118
South Atlantic	739	414	74	77	182	65
East South Central	255	158	38	25	52	20
West South Central	586	359	62	52	143	33
West	1,243	754	166	98	307	84
Mountain	308	174	42	37	82	16
Pacific	935	580	124	61	225	68
Women						
Northeast	706	366	86	60	225	55
New England	173	91	21	14	57	11
Middle Atlantic	532	275	66	45	168	44
Midwest	849	404	93	83	299	63
East North Central	616	302	70	56	212	46
West North Central	233	102	24	26	87	17
South	1,371	598	109	165	489	119
South Atlantic	670	304	57	78	229	58
East South Central	242	108	23	30	86	18
West South Central	459	186	28	57	174	43
West	932	441	101	88	319	84
Mountain	248	107	25	32	89	20
Pacific	684	334	76	56	230	64

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. Census regions and divisions: Unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Thousands of persons					
	Total unemployed	Job loser and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years						
Northeast	194	33	15	10	87	64
New England	56	9	3	3	26	18
Middle Atlantic	138	24	11	7	61	46
Midwest	315	45	17	25	150	95
East North Central	216	29	10	16	101	70
West North Central	99	17	7	9	49	25
South	431	67	20	31	178	154
South Atlantic	195	31	9	14	75	75
East South Central	81	11	4	8	33	28
West South Central	155	25	7	9	70	51
West	308	42	16	19	136	110
Mountain	98	15	5	9	47	27
Pacific	210	27	11	11	89	83
White						
Northeast	1,186	744	202	94	279	68
New England	348	220	55	28	81	19
Middle Atlantic	838	524	147	66	198	50
Midwest	1,550	927	294	147	398	79
East North Central	1,130	692	221	101	279	58
West North Central	420	235	72	46	119	21
South	1,897	1,010	204	231	522	134
South Atlantic	843	448	87	109	226	61
East South Central	313	172	45	40	80	21
West South Central	741	391	71	83	216	51
West	1,660	921	222	145	473	121
Mountain	475	242	60	61	144	29
Pacific	1,185	679	162	85	329	92
Black or African American						
Northeast	329	162	26	22	113	31
New England	44	24	5	2	13	5
Middle Atlantic	285	138	21	20	100	26
Midwest	371	178	32	26	136	31
East North Central	299	146	27	18	112	24
West North Central	72	32	5	8	24	8
South	909	445	68	73	303	87
South Atlantic	501	241	41	38	168	55
East South Central	168	86	13	13	52	16
West South Central	239	118	14	21	83	16
West	173	88	12	11	59	15
Mountain	24	12	1	2	6	3
Pacific	149	76	10	9	53	12

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. Census regions and divisions: Unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Thousands of persons					
	Total unemployed	Job loser and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
Asian						
Northeast	59	29	4	9	12	9
New England	10	7	2	(¹)	2	1
Middle Atlantic	48	22	2	9	10	8
Midwest	45	20	4	6	12	7
East North Central	30	12	1	5	7	6
West North Central	15	8	2	1	4	1
South	63	30	5	7	16	10
South Atlantic	32	13	2	5	8	5
East South Central	4	2	1	(¹)	2	(¹)
West South Central	27	15	2	1	7	4
West	197	115	14	14	48	20
Mountain	11	4	(¹)	2	4	(¹)
Pacific	187	111	13	12	43	20
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity						
Northeast	231	135	34	15	62	19
New England	47	27	8	4	12	4
Middle Atlantic	184	108	26	11	50	15
Midwest	140	92	30	6	30	11
East North Central	112	77	26	4	22	9
West North Central	28	15	4	2	8	3
South	476	251	52	44	133	48
South Atlantic	179	98	20	15	48	19
East South Central	8	3	2	1	2	2
West South Central	290	151	31	29	83	28
West	588	325	107	38	172	53
Mountain	153	80	27	17	45	12
Pacific	435	246	80	20	128	42

¹ Less than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons

whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 13. Census regions and divisions: Unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2003 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Average (mean) duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
TOTAL										
Northeast	1,599	439	467	693	287	405	191	214	21.1	11.8
New England	409	123	115	171	71	100	48	52	20.1	10.9
Middle Atlantic	1,190	316	352	522	216	306	143	162	21.4	12.1
Midwest	2,024	645	617	762	318	444	212	231	18.9	9.9
East North Central	1,491	447	452	592	237	355	171	183	19.9	10.5
West North Central	533	198	165	170	81	89	41	48	16.3	8.2
South	2,951	968	874	1,109	493	616	281	335	18.6	9.8
South Atlantic	1,409	447	401	560	248	312	146	166	19.3	10.4
East South Central	497	157	149	191	79	111	48	63	19.7	10.0
West South Central	1,045	363	324	358	166	192	86	106	17.1	9.1
West	2,176	726	646	804	339	465	212	252	18.8	9.6
Mountain	556	205	168	182	81	101	49	52	16.8	8.4
Pacific	1,620	521	478	621	258	363	163	200	19.5	10.0
Men										
Northeast	893	232	257	404	168	236	109	127	21.6	12.6
New England	236	66	66	104	45	60	29	31	20.6	11.9
Middle Atlantic	657	166	191	300	123	176	80	96	22.0	12.8
Midwest	1,175	355	359	461	194	267	124	143	19.7	10.3
East North Central	875	247	269	359	145	213	99	115	20.6	11.1
West North Central	301	108	90	102	49	54	25	29	17.0	8.6
South	1,580	517	461	602	258	344	161	183	19.0	9.9
South Atlantic	739	234	206	298	131	168	80	88	19.6	10.4
East South Central	255	78	74	103	37	66	30	36	21.3	10.4
West South Central	586	205	181	200	90	110	50	60	17.3	9.1
West	1,243	409	364	470	186	283	126	157	19.4	9.7
Mountain	308	115	91	102	46	56	25	31	17.2	8.4
Pacific	935	295	273	367	141	227	101	126	20.2	10.1
Women										
Northeast	706	207	210	289	119	170	82	88	20.4	11.0
New England	173	58	49	67	27	40	19	21	19.5	9.9
Middle Atlantic	532	149	161	222	92	130	63	66	20.6	11.4
Midwest	849	290	258	301	124	177	89	88	17.9	9.3
East North Central	616	200	184	233	92	141	73	69	18.8	9.9
West North Central	233	90	75	68	32	36	16	20	15.3	7.8
South	1,371	451	413	507	236	271	120	152	18.1	9.8
South Atlantic	670	213	195	262	117	145	66	79	19.1	10.4
East South Central	242	80	75	87	43	45	18	27	18.1	9.6
West South Central	459	159	143	158	76	82	36	46	16.8	9.1
West	932	316	282	334	153	181	86	95	17.9	9.4
Mountain	248	90	77	80	36	45	24	21	16.4	8.4
Pacific	684	226	205	254	117	137	62	74	18.5	9.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 13. Census regions and divisions: Unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Average (mean) duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years										
Northeast	194	78	64	52	30	21	9	13	12.8	7.2
New England	56	23	18	15	8	7	2	5	13.9	7.4
Middle Atlantic	138	55	47	36	22	14	6	7	12.3	7.2
Midwest	315	141	103	71	40	31	16	15	11.6	5.8
East North Central	216	93	70	52	31	22	11	11	12.2	6.2
West North Central	99	48	33	18	9	9	4	5	10.3	4.9
South	431	194	131	106	60	46	21	25	12.1	5.8
South Atlantic	195	85	56	54	31	22	10	12	12.7	6.4
East South Central	81	35	26	19	10	10	5	5	12.4	6.0
West South Central	155	73	49	33	19	14	5	8	11.2	5.1
West	308	144	99	65	37	28	17	11	10.4	5.4
Mountain	98	43	36	20	12	8	5	3	10.3	5.9
Pacific	210	101	63	45	25	21	12	8	10.4	5.1
White										
Northeast	1,186	345	348	493	212	281	140	141	19.8	11.1
New England	348	106	100	142	60	82	40	42	19.6	10.6
Middle Atlantic	838	239	248	350	151	199	100	99	19.9	11.3
Midwest	1,550	515	474	561	239	322	163	159	18.1	9.4
East North Central	1,130	355	346	429	177	253	129	123	18.8	9.9
West North Central	420	159	129	132	63	69	34	36	16.1	8.0
South	1,897	687	566	644	296	348	164	184	17.0	8.8
South Atlantic	843	297	243	303	138	165	79	86	17.7	9.3
East South Central	313	112	91	110	48	62	30	32	17.7	8.7
West South Central	741	278	232	231	110	121	55	65	16.0	8.4
West	1,660	587	494	580	259	321	152	170	17.6	9.0
Mountain	475	178	143	154	68	86	41	45	16.8	8.3
Pacific	1,185	409	350	426	191	236	110	125	17.9	9.2
Black or African American										
Northeast	329	76	94	160	61	99	42	57	24.6	13.9
New England	44	11	12	21	8	13	6	7	23.0	13.0
Middle Atlantic	285	64	82	139	53	86	36	50	24.9	14.0
Midwest	371	98	113	160	61	100	38	61	22.3	12.2
East North Central	299	73	91	135	48	87	33	54	23.6	12.9
West North Central	72	25	22	25	12	13	5	8	16.8	9.0
South	909	231	261	416	174	243	104	139	22.2	12.9
South Atlantic	501	129	137	235	98	137	63	73	22.2	13.2
East South Central	168	40	54	74	30	45	15	29	23.6	12.5
West South Central	239	62	70	107	46	62	25	36	21.2	12.5
West	173	43	51	79	33	46	22	25	22.4	13.1
Mountain	24	8	6	9	4	5	4	1	16.4	10.5
Pacific	149	35	44	70	29	41	18	23	23.4	13.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 13. Census regions and divisions: Unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Average (mean) duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
Asian										
Northeast	59	11	18	30	10	20	7	13	27.0	15.1
New England	10	4	2	5	1	4	1	3	27.3	12.4
Middle Atlantic	48	7	16	25	9	16	5	11	26.9	15.6
Midwest	45	14	12	19	7	12	7	5	21.6	11.0
East North Central	30	8	8	14	6	9	6	3	23.2	13.6
West North Central	15	6	5	5	1	3	1	2	18.4	7.2
South	63	21	19	23	11	12	6	6	17.9	8.6
South Atlantic	32	9	10	12	6	6	2	4	19.6	10.1
East South Central	4	3	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	8.7	3.2
West South Central	27	9	8	10	4	6	4	2	17.4	8.5
West	197	47	60	90	25	65	25	40	25.3	12.7
Mountain	11	3	3	5	2	3	2	1	22.0	11.8
Pacific	187	45	57	85	23	62	23	39	25.5	12.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity										
Northeast	231	66	75	91	39	52	24	28	19.5	10.8
New England	47	13	15	19	7	11	5	6	19.9	10.5
Middle Atlantic	184	53	59	72	32	40	19	21	19.3	10.8
Midwest	140	55	44	41	19	22	10	12	14.9	7.6
East North Central	112	43	36	33	14	19	9	10	15.5	7.8
West North Central	28	12	9	7	4	3	1	2	12.6	6.8
South	476	186	148	143	79	64	27	36	14.7	8.1
South Atlantic	179	67	53	59	31	29	11	18	16.3	8.8
East South Central	8	3	3	1	(¹)	1	1	(¹)	9.5	6.1
West South Central	290	116	92	82	48	34	15	19	13.8	7.8
West	588	227	176	186	89	97	49	48	15.7	8.2
Mountain	153	60	48	45	23	23	13	10	14.2	7.6
Pacific	435	167	127	141	66	75	36	38	16.2	8.5

¹ Less than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose

ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Section II. Estimates for States

Chart 1. Unemployment rates by state, 2003 annual averages

(U.S. rate = 6.0 percent)

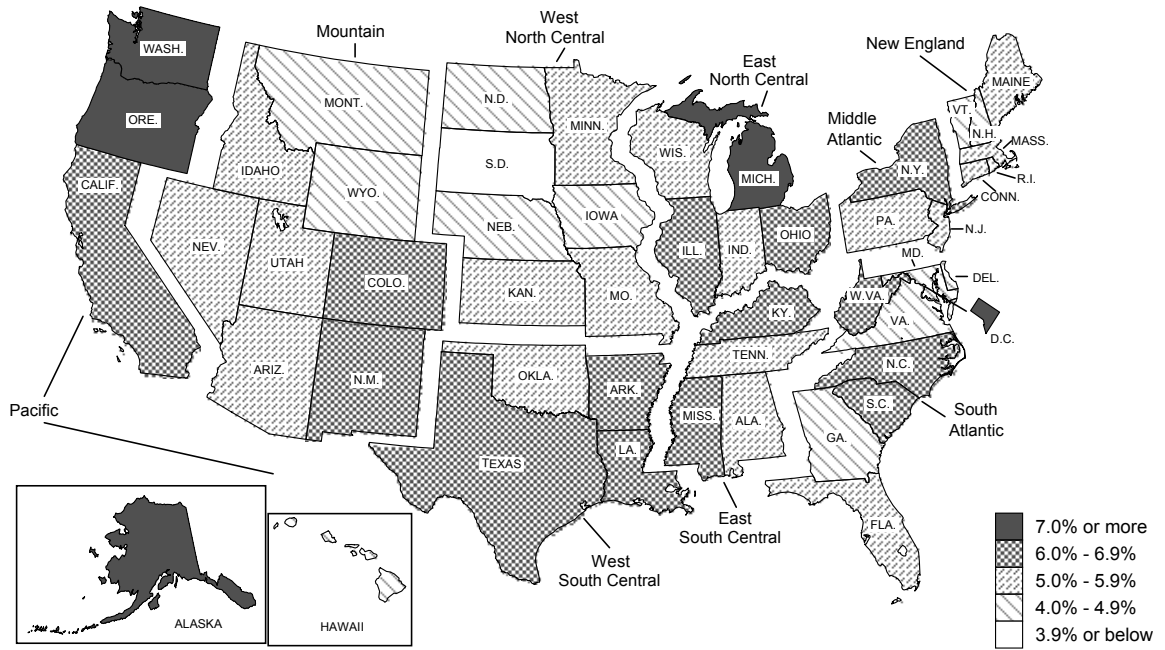


Chart 2. Employment-population ratios by state, 2003 annual averages

(U.S. average = 62.3 percent)

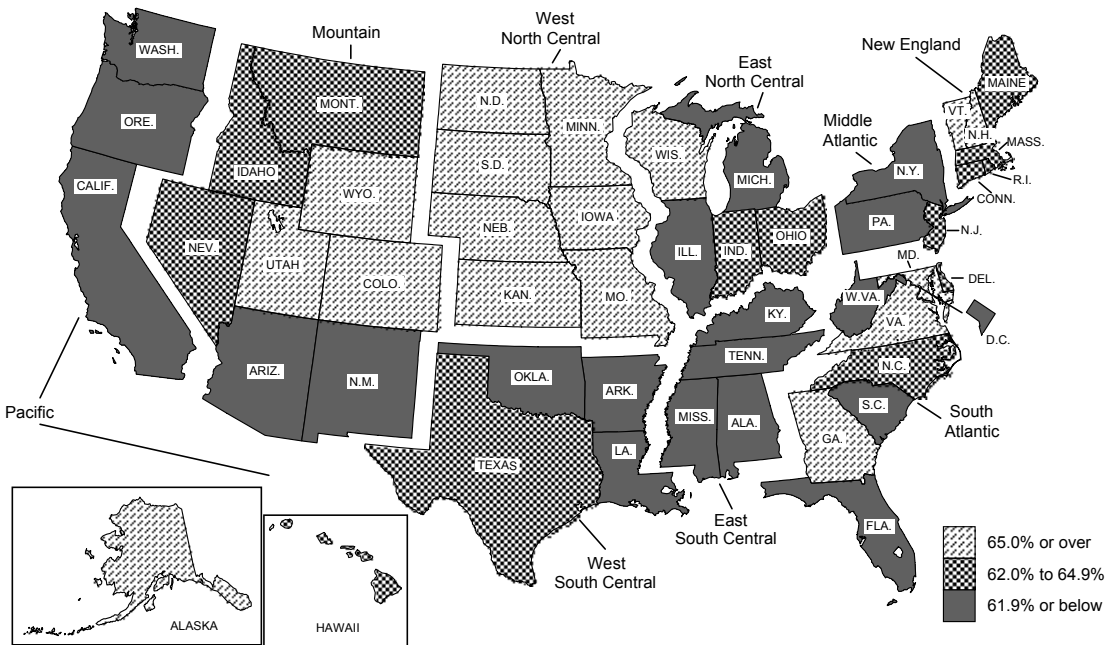


Table 14. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Alabama								
Total	3,442	2,147	62.4	2,023	58.8	125	5.8	5.2 - 6.4
Men	1,623	1,125	69.3	1,064	65.6	60	5.4	4.6 - 6.2
Women	1,819	1,023	56.2	958	52.7	64	6.3	5.4 - 7.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	258	104	40.5	84	32.7	20	19.2	15.2 - 23.2
White	2,499	1,587	63.5	1,523	60.9	64	4.1	3.5 - 4.7
Men	1,210	872	72.1	838	69.3	34	3.9	3.1 - 4.7
Women	1,289	715	55.4	685	53.1	30	4.2	3.3 - 5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	161	73	45.6	63	39.4	10	13.8	9.3 - 18.3
Black or African American	842	499	59.2	442	52.4	57	11.5	9.9 - 13.1
Men	369	219	59.4	195	52.8	24	11.1	9.2 - 13.0
Women	473	280	59.1	247	52.2	33	11.8	10.0 - 13.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	44	35	79.4	33	74.6	2	6.0	1.5 - 10.5
Married men, spouse present	975	733	75.2	714	73.3	19	2.6	1.9 - 3.3
Married women, spouse present	949	562	59.2	541	57.0	21	3.8	2.8 - 4.8
Women who maintain families	237	160	67.6	146	61.8	14	8.5	5.9 - 11.1
Alaska								
Total	459	332	72.3	305	66.5	27	8.0	7.3 - 8.7
Men	231	176	76.4	160	69.3	16	9.3	8.4 - 10.2
Women	228	155	68.3	145	63.8	10	6.6	5.7 - 7.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	43	20	47.3	16	37.1	4	21.7	(²) - (²)
White	343	252	73.6	236	68.9	16	6.4	5.7 - 7.1
Men	175	135	77.5	125	71.7	10	7.5	6.5 - 8.5
Women	168	117	69.6	111	66.1	6	5.1	4.2 - 6.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	28	14	48.0	11	38.9	3	18.9	17.4 - 20.4
Black or African American	14	10	73.9	10	69.5	1	6.0	3.1 - 8.9
Men	8	6	83.8	6	79.6	(³)	5.0	1.6 - 8.4
Women	6	4	62.2	4	57.5	(³)	7.4	2.5 - 12.3
Asian	24	18	76.3	17	71.0	1	6.9	4.4 - 9.4
Men	10	8	82.7	8	76.5	1	7.4	3.9 - 10.9
Women	14	10	71.6	9	66.9	1	6.5	3.4 - 9.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	22	16	75.2	15	70.0	1	6.8	4.5 - 9.1
Men	11	9	79.1	8	75.3	(³)	4.8	2.0 - 7.6
Women	11	8	71.2	7	64.7	1	9.1	5.3 - 12.9
Married men, spouse present	125	101	81.3	96	76.9	5	5.4	4.4 - 6.4
Married women, spouse present	128	92	71.7	88	68.8	4	4.0	3.1 - 4.9
Women who maintain families	24	18	73.1	16	66.9	2	8.6	6.0 - 11.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Arizona								
Total	4,131	2,690	65.1	2,539	61.5	151	5.6	5.0 - 6.2
Men	2,022	1,492	73.8	1,411	69.8	81	5.4	4.6 - 6.2
Women	2,109	1,198	56.8	1,128	53.5	70	5.8	4.9 - 6.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	310	144	46.5	114	36.9	30	20.7	16.6 - 24.8
White	3,770	2,452	65.0	2,321	61.6	131	5.3	4.7 - 5.9
Men	1,849	1,372	74.2	1,301	70.4	71	5.2	4.4 - 6.0
Women	1,920	1,079	56.2	1,020	53.1	60	5.5	4.6 - 6.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	269	128	47.6	104	38.5	25	19.2	15.0 - 23.4
Black or African American	126	81	64.2	73	58.5	7	8.9	5.1 - 12.7
Asian	85	61	71.3	58	68.1	3	4.6	1.3 - 7.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	1,049	708	67.4	654	62.4	53	7.5	5.8 - 9.2
Men	526	435	82.7	407	77.4	28	6.4	4.4 - 8.4
Women	523	272	52.1	247	47.3	25	9.3	6.5 - 12.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	110	50	45.3	38	34.3	12	24.4	(²) - (²)
Married men, spouse present	1,148	883	76.9	860	74.9	23	2.6	1.9 - 3.3
Married women, spouse present	1,132	629	55.6	602	53.2	27	4.2	3.1 - 5.3
Women who maintain families	232	159	68.8	152	65.7	7	4.6	2.3 - 6.9
Arkansas								
Total	2,071	1,265	61.1	1,186	57.3	78	6.2	5.5 - 6.9
Men	991	690	69.7	646	65.2	44	6.4	5.4 - 7.4
Women	1,080	574	53.2	540	50.0	34	5.9	4.9 - 6.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	146	60	40.9	47	32.4	13	20.9	15.8 - 26.0
White	1,695	1,032	60.8	983	58.0	49	4.7	4.0 - 5.4
Men	821	580	70.7	549	66.9	31	5.3	4.3 - 6.3
Women	874	451	51.6	433	49.6	18	4.0	3.0 - 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	108	47	43.3	40	36.9	7	14.8	9.6 - 20.0
Black or African American	298	187	62.7	163	54.5	24	13.0	10.5 - 15.5
Men	132	84	63.9	73	55.1	12	13.8	11.1 - 16.5
Women	166	103	61.7	90	54.1	13	12.4	9.7 - 15.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	68	50	72.9	46	67.0	4	8.0	4.4 - 11.6
Men	40	37	91.5	34	83.7	3	8.6	4.3 - 12.9
Married men, spouse present	586	426	72.7	414	70.7	12	2.8	2.0 - 3.6
Married women, spouse present	586	337	57.5	328	56.0	9	2.7	1.8 - 3.6
Women who maintain families	136	86	63.0	78	57.7	7	8.4	5.3 - 11.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
California								
Total	26,490	17,460	65.9	16,283	61.5	1,177	6.7	6.4 - 7.0
Men	12,967	9,601	74.0	8,929	68.9	672	7.0	6.6 - 7.4
Women	13,524	7,859	58.1	7,354	54.4	505	6.4	6.0 - 6.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,022	746	36.9	604	29.9	143	19.1	17.0 - 21.2
White	20,529	13,633	66.4	12,798	62.3	835	6.1	5.8 - 6.4
Men	10,163	7,604	74.8	7,128	70.1	476	6.3	5.9 - 6.7
Women	10,367	6,029	58.2	5,670	54.7	360	6.0	5.5 - 6.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,521	594	39.0	484	31.8	110	18.5	16.1 - 20.9
Black or African American	1,687	1,077	63.9	949	56.3	128	11.9	10.5 - 13.3
Men	779	536	68.8	463	59.4	73	13.7	11.5 - 15.9
Women	908	541	59.6	486	53.5	55	10.2	8.3 - 12.1
Asian	3,320	2,115	63.7	1,954	58.9	160	7.6	6.7 - 8.5
Men	1,555	1,115	71.7	1,024	65.9	91	8.2	7.0 - 9.4
Women	1,766	999	56.6	930	52.7	69	6.9	5.7 - 8.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	235	67	28.7	59	24.9	9	13.1	7.1 - 19.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	7,846	5,345	68.1	4,949	63.1	396	7.4	6.9 - 7.9
Men	3,991	3,201	80.2	2,985	74.8	215	6.7	6.0 - 7.4
Women	3,855	2,144	55.6	1,964	50.9	180	8.4	7.5 - 9.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	758	258	34.1	207	27.3	51	19.9	16.2 - 23.6
Married men, spouse present	6,962	5,532	79.5	5,284	75.9	248	4.5	4.1 - 4.9
Married women, spouse present	6,856	4,033	58.8	3,824	55.8	209	5.2	4.7 - 5.7
Women who maintain families	1,496	1,025	68.6	941	62.9	84	8.2	6.9 - 9.5
Colorado								
Total	3,440	2,478	72.0	2,328	67.7	150	6.0	5.5 - 6.5
Men	1,705	1,359	79.7	1,273	74.7	85	6.3	5.6 - 7.0
Women	1,735	1,119	64.5	1,055	60.8	64	5.8	5.0 - 6.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	240	123	51.0	100	41.7	22	18.3	15.7 - 20.9
White	3,105	2,239	72.1	2,111	68.0	127	5.7	5.2 - 6.2
Men	1,540	1,226	79.6	1,153	74.8	73	6.0	5.3 - 6.7
Women	1,565	1,013	64.7	959	61.3	54	5.3	4.5 - 6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	206	107	51.9	87	42.5	19	18.2	15.4 - 21.0
Black or African American	130	96	73.4	87	66.6	9	9.3	6.5 - 12.1
Men	66	52	79.6	47	71.8	5	9.7	6.0 - 13.4
Women	64	43	67.1	39	61.3	4	8.8	4.9 - 12.7
Asian	90	61	68.0	58	64.1	3	5.6	2.9 - 8.3
Men	40	33	82.3	32	78.7	1	4.4	1.1 - 7.7
Women	49	28	56.3	26	52.3	2	7.1	2.7 - 11.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	601	428	71.2	390	64.9	38	8.9	7.6 - 10.2
Men	320	260	81.2	240	75.0	20	7.7	6.1 - 9.3
Women	280	168	59.8	149	53.3	18	10.9	8.8 - 13.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	64	28	44.2	21	32.4	8	26.6	(²) - (²)
Married men, spouse present	954	773	81.0	741	77.6	33	4.2	3.4 - 5.0
Married women, spouse present	966	608	62.9	583	60.3	25	4.1	3.2 - 5.0
Women who maintain families	164	126	77.0	115	70.4	11	8.5	6.0 - 11.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Connecticut								
Total	2,680	1,803	67.3	1,704	63.6	99	5.5	5.0 - 6.0
Men	1,275	942	73.9	884	69.3	58	6.1	5.4 - 6.8
Women	1,405	861	61.3	820	58.3	41	4.8	4.2 - 5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	194	90	46.6	76	39.2	14	16.0	13.1 - 18.9
White	2,311	1,550	67.0	1,471	63.7	78	5.0	4.5 - 5.5
Men	1,106	819	74.0	773	69.9	45	5.5	4.8 - 6.2
Women	1,205	731	60.7	698	57.9	33	4.5	3.8 - 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	161	78	48.6	66	41.0	12	15.6	12.5 - 18.7
Black or African American	240	165	68.8	149	62.1	16	9.8	7.8 - 11.8
Men	106	76	71.1	66	61.9	10	12.9	9.7 - 16.1
Women	134	90	67.0	83	62.2	6	7.2	4.9 - 9.5
Asian	82	58	71.5	57	69.8	1	2.4	.7 - 4.1
Men	39	30	78.2	30	77.0	(³)	1.5	(²) - (²)
Women	43	28	65.5	27	63.2	1	3.4	.5 - 6.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	221	157	71.1	141	63.7	16	10.3	8.3 - 12.3
Men	104	79	76.3	70	67.0	10	12.2	9.2 - 15.2
Women	117	78	66.4	71	60.8	7	8.4	5.7 - 11.1
Married men, spouse present	737	572	77.7	551	74.8	21	3.7	3.0 - 4.4
Married women, spouse present	714	446	62.5	432	60.6	14	3.1	2.4 - 3.8
Women who maintain families	167	123	73.8	116	69.4	7	6.0	4.1 - 7.9
Delaware								
Total	625	417	66.7	399	63.8	18	4.4	3.9 - 4.9
Men	297	214	72.2	205	69.1	9	4.2	3.5 - 4.9
Women	329	203	61.9	194	59.0	9	4.5	3.8 - 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	49	23	47.0	20	41.6	3	11.5	8.3 - 14.7
White	494	327	66.1	314	63.6	12	3.8	3.3 - 4.3
Men	239	173	72.3	167	69.8	6	3.5	2.8 - 4.2
Women	255	154	60.3	148	57.9	6	4.0	3.2 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	35	18	50.2	16	45.7	2	8.9	5.6 - 12.2
Black or African American	110	76	68.5	70	63.6	5	7.2	5.7 - 8.7
Men	49	34	70.4	32	64.9	3	7.7	5.4 - 10.0
Women	61	41	67.1	38	62.5	3	6.8	4.8 - 8.8
Asian	12	9	74.8	9	72.6	(³)	3.0	.1 - 5.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	36	27	74.3	25	69.5	2	6.5	4.1 - 8.9
Men	18	15	84.0	15	80.1	1	4.7	2.0 - 7.4
Women	18	12	64.5	11	58.8	1	8.9	4.7 - 13.1
Married men, spouse present	168	123	73.6	120	71.8	3	2.4	1.7 - 3.1
Married women, spouse present	166	102	61.7	99	59.9	3	3.0	2.2 - 3.8
Women who maintain families	44	33	74.2	31	70.2	2	5.5	3.5 - 7.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
District of Columbia								
Total	454	302	66.6	281	61.9	21	7.0	6.3 - 7.7
Men	208	149	71.8	139	66.6	11	7.2	6.3 - 8.1
Women	246	153	62.1	143	58.0	10	6.7	5.8 - 7.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	23	5	22.7	4	16.2	2	28.5	21.4 - 35.6
White	180	140	77.7	135	74.9	5	3.6	2.9 - 4.3
Men	89	74	82.9	71	79.5	3	4.1	3.1 - 5.1
Women	91	66	72.5	64	70.4	2	2.9	2.0 - 3.8
Black or African American	259	152	58.6	136	52.6	16	10.4	9.3 - 11.5
Men	112	71	62.9	63	56.1	8	10.8	9.2 - 12.4
Women	146	81	55.4	73	49.8	8	10.0	8.6 - 11.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	19	4	22.1	3	15.8	1	28.4	19.7 - 37.1
Asian	11	7	69.2	7	67.4	(³)	2.5	(²) - (²)
Women	7	4	67.0	4	64.2	(³)	4.1	(²) - (²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	38	30	79.7	28	73.9	2	7.2	5.1 - 9.3
Men	20	17	88.4	16	81.5	1	7.8	5.0 - 10.6
Women	18	13	70.4	12	65.9	1	6.4	3.4 - 9.4
Married men, spouse present	64	47	73.8	45	70.5	2	4.4	3.1 - 5.7
Married women, spouse present	61	39	63.9	37	61.1	2	4.3	2.8 - 5.8
Women who maintain families	45	28	61.5	25	54.4	3	11.5	8.9 - 14.1
Florida								
Total	13,211	8,164	61.8	7,744	58.6	420	5.1	4.8 - 5.4
Men	6,308	4,348	68.9	4,136	65.6	212	4.9	4.5 - 5.3
Women	6,903	3,816	55.3	3,608	52.3	208	5.5	5.0 - 6.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	872	359	41.2	303	34.7	56	15.7	13.6 - 17.8
White	10,915	6,615	60.6	6,322	57.9	293	4.4	4.1 - 4.7
Men	5,273	3,602	68.3	3,449	65.4	152	4.2	3.8 - 4.6
Women	5,641	3,013	53.4	2,872	50.9	141	4.7	4.2 - 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	655	287	43.8	253	38.6	34	12.0	9.8 - 14.2
Black or African American	1,843	1,234	66.9	1,120	60.8	113	9.2	8.2 - 10.2
Men	833	587	70.4	534	64.0	53	9.1	7.7 - 10.5
Women	1,010	647	64.0	587	58.1	60	9.3	7.9 - 10.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	175	57	32.4	39	22.3	18	31.2	26.5 - 35.9
Asian	270	185	68.6	178	65.7	8	4.2	2.4 - 6.0
Men	120	93	77.5	90	74.8	3	3.4	1.0 - 5.8
Women	150	92	61.5	88	58.4	5	5.0	2.2 - 7.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	2,489	1,594	64.0	1,490	59.9	104	6.5	5.7 - 7.3
Men	1,228	913	74.4	859	70.0	54	5.9	4.9 - 6.9
Women	1,261	681	54.0	631	50.0	50	7.3	6.1 - 8.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	184	72	38.8	61	33.1	11	14.8	9.8 - 19.8
Married men, spouse present	3,527	2,506	71.1	2,438	69.1	68	2.7	2.3 - 3.1
Married women, spouse present	3,475	1,901	54.7	1,832	52.7	70	3.7	3.1 - 4.3
Women who maintain families	823	555	67.4	512	62.2	42	7.6	6.2 - 9.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Georgia								
Total	6,431	4,414	68.6	4,207	65.4	207	4.7	4.2 - 5.2
Men	3,087	2,371	76.8	2,253	73.0	118	5.0	4.3 - 5.7
Women	3,344	2,043	61.1	1,954	58.4	89	4.4	3.7 - 5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	402	155	38.5	130	32.3	25	16.1	11.6 - 20.6
White	4,519	3,053	67.6	2,939	65.1	114	3.7	3.1 - 4.3
Men	2,232	1,717	76.9	1,647	73.8	70	4.1	3.3 - 4.9
Women	2,287	1,336	58.4	1,293	56.5	43	3.3	2.5 - 4.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	263	112	42.3	95	36.1	16	14.7	9.6 - 19.8
Black or African American	1,699	1,211	71.3	1,123	66.1	87	7.2	6.1 - 8.3
Men	754	575	76.2	529	70.2	46	7.9	6.4 - 9.4
Women	944	636	67.3	594	62.9	42	6.6	5.2 - 8.0
Asian	158	115	72.8	111	70.4	4	3.3	.8 - 5.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	347	262	75.3	246	70.9	15	5.8	3.4 - 8.2
Men	208	185	89.0	177	84.8	9	4.7	2.1 - 7.3
Married men, spouse present	1,786	1,430	80.1	1,389	77.8	41	2.8	2.1 - 3.5
Married women, spouse present	1,778	1,091	61.4	1,066	60.0	25	2.3	1.6 - 3.0
Women who maintain families	472	344	72.9	317	67.2	27	7.8	5.5 - 10.1
Hawaii								
Total	944	618	65.5	592	62.7	27	4.3	3.8 - 4.8
Men	453	323	71.2	308	67.9	15	4.6	3.9 - 5.3
Women	491	296	60.3	284	57.9	12	3.9	3.2 - 4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	64	26	40.4	22	34.4	4	14.8	10.7 - 18.9
White	190	125	65.8	120	62.8	6	4.5	3.4 - 5.6
Men	94	67	70.7	64	67.5	3	4.5	2.9 - 6.1
Women	96	59	61.0	56	58.3	3	4.5	2.8 - 6.2
Asian	492	313	63.5	304	61.6	9	3.0	2.4 - 3.6
Men	232	164	70.8	159	68.5	5	3.1	2.3 - 3.9
Women	261	149	57.1	145	55.5	4	2.8	2.0 - 3.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	60	40	66.6	37	61.2	3	8.2	5.7 - 10.7
Men	28	20	73.7	19	67.3	2	8.8	5.2 - 12.4
Women	32	19	60.5	18	55.9	1	7.6	4.1 - 11.1
Married men, spouse present	244	179	73.5	175	71.6	5	2.5	1.8 - 3.2
Married women, spouse present	246	159	64.6	155	63.1	4	2.4	1.6 - 3.2
Women who maintain families	51	31	60.6	29	55.6	3	8.3	5.3 - 11.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Idaho								
Total	1,013	693	68.3	655	64.6	37	5.4	4.8 - 6.0
Men	499	378	75.8	356	71.4	22	5.8	5.0 - 6.6
Women	514	314	61.1	299	58.1	15	4.9	4.0 - 5.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	81	47	57.4	42	51.2	5	10.8	7.8 - 13.8
White	963	655	68.1	621	64.5	35	5.3	4.7 - 5.9
Men	473	357	75.6	337	71.4	20	5.6	4.7 - 6.5
Women	490	298	60.8	283	57.8	15	4.9	4.0 - 5.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	76	44	57.8	39	51.7	5	10.6	7.5 - 13.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	77	57	74.5	52	68.0	5	8.7	6.1 - 11.3
Men	40	36	88.8	33	81.3	3	8.4	5.1 - 11.7
Women	36	21	58.6	19	53.1	2	9.3	4.9 - 13.7
Married men, spouse present	304	233	76.6	223	73.4	10	4.3	3.4 - 5.2
Married women, spouse present	295	181	61.5	176	59.6	6	3.0	2.1 - 3.9
Women who maintain families	51	37	73.4	34	67.9	3	7.6	4.6 - 10.6
Illinois								
Total	9,583	6,330	66.1	5,908	61.6	422	6.7	6.3 - 7.1
Men	4,618	3,379	73.2	3,125	67.7	254	7.5	6.9 - 8.1
Women	4,965	2,951	59.4	2,783	56.0	168	5.7	5.1 - 6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	654	278	42.6	230	35.1	49	17.5	14.8 - 20.2
White	7,827	5,235	66.9	4,935	63.1	300	5.7	5.3 - 6.1
Men	3,821	2,845	74.5	2,651	69.4	194	6.8	6.2 - 7.4
Women	4,006	2,390	59.7	2,284	57.0	106	4.4	3.8 - 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	506	235	46.4	203	40.0	32	13.8	11.0 - 16.6
Black or African American	1,323	800	60.5	695	52.5	105	13.1	11.7 - 14.5
Men	578	357	61.7	304	52.6	52	14.7	12.6 - 16.8
Women	745	443	59.5	391	52.4	53	11.9	10.1 - 13.7
Asian	331	225	67.9	213	64.4	12	5.2	3.4 - 7.0
Men	167	135	80.6	130	77.8	5	3.5	1.6 - 5.4
Women	165	90	55.0	83	50.7	7	7.8	4.5 - 11.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	1,064	763	71.7	693	65.2	70	9.1	7.9 - 10.3
Men	567	470	82.9	423	74.5	47	10.1	8.5 - 11.7
Women	497	293	59.0	271	54.5	22	7.6	5.8 - 9.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	107	42	39.6	34	32.1	8	18.8	11.8 - 25.8
Married men, spouse present	2,562	1,998	78.0	1,893	73.9	106	5.3	4.6 - 6.0
Married women, spouse present	2,523	1,572	62.3	1,514	60.0	58	3.7	3.1 - 4.3
Women who maintain families	582	414	71.2	375	64.5	39	9.5	7.7 - 11.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Indiana								
Total	4,679	3,188	68.1	3,024	64.6	163	5.1	4.6 - 5.6
Men	2,268	1,714	75.6	1,616	71.3	99	5.7	5.0 - 6.4
Women	2,411	1,474	61.1	1,409	58.4	65	4.4	3.7 - 5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	354	171	48.4	148	41.7	23	13.7	10.8 - 16.6
White	4,218	2,878	68.2	2,742	65.0	136	4.7	4.2 - 5.2
Men	2,053	1,559	75.9	1,476	71.9	82	5.3	4.6 - 6.0
Women	2,165	1,319	60.9	1,266	58.5	54	4.1	3.4 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	318	158	49.6	138	43.3	20	12.9	9.9 - 15.9
Black or African American	370	249	67.4	224	60.6	25	10.0	7.9 - 12.1
Men	167	121	72.3	106	63.5	15	12.2	9.1 - 15.3
Women	203	128	63.3	118	58.2	10	8.0	5.4 - 10.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	151	111	73.9	106	70.3	5	4.9	2.6 - 7.2
Men	88	78	88.2	75	85.0	3	3.7	1.3 - 6.1
Married men, spouse present	1,329	1,051	79.1	1,014	76.3	37	3.5	2.8 - 4.2
Married women, spouse present	1,333	857	64.3	833	62.5	24	2.8	2.1 - 3.5
Women who maintain families	256	187	73.0	176	68.9	11	5.6	3.6 - 7.6
Iowa								
Total	2,286	1,612	70.5	1,540	67.4	72	4.5	4.0 - 5.0
Men	1,111	849	76.5	808	72.8	41	4.8	4.1 - 5.5
Women	1,175	763	64.9	732	62.3	31	4.1	3.4 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	180	108	59.9	93	51.9	14	13.4	10.4 - 16.4
White	2,160	1,527	70.7	1,462	67.7	65	4.3	3.8 - 4.8
Men	1,047	802	76.6	765	73.1	37	4.6	3.9 - 5.3
Women	1,113	725	65.1	697	62.6	28	3.9	3.2 - 4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	165	101	61.4	88	53.3	13	13.2	10.1 - 16.3
Asian	43	31	72.1	30	69.8	1	3.1	.5 - 5.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	96	70	72.9	64	67.2	5	7.9	3.7 - 12.1
Men	51	43	84.0	39	77.3	3	7.9	2.5 - 13.3
Married men, spouse present	678	528	77.9	514	75.9	14	2.6	1.9 - 3.3
Married women, spouse present	657	446	67.9	434	66.0	12	2.7	2.0 - 3.4
Women who maintain families	101	78	76.8	71	70.2	7	8.6	5.6 - 11.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Kansas								
Total	2,049	1,434	70.0	1,357	66.2	77	5.4	4.9 - 5.9
Men	996	753	75.6	712	71.4	41	5.5	4.7 - 6.3
Women	1,053	681	64.7	645	61.3	36	5.3	4.5 - 6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	167	89	53.4	74	44.6	15	16.4	13.4 - 19.4
White	1,812	1,281	70.7	1,224	67.6	57	4.4	3.9 - 4.9
Men	882	672	76.2	641	72.7	31	4.6	3.9 - 5.3
Women	930	608	65.4	583	62.7	26	4.2	3.5 - 4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	140	78	55.5	66	47.1	12	15.1	11.9 - 18.3
Black or African American	107	70	65.2	58	54.5	12	16.4	12.3 - 20.5
Men	50	36	72.5	31	61.5	6	15.3	10.0 - 20.6
Women	58	34	58.8	28	48.4	6	17.7	12.1 - 23.3
Asian	57	35	62.2	32	56.2	3	9.6	5.0 - 14.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	107	84	78.9	79	73.6	6	6.8	4.5 - 9.1
Men	62	55	89.0	52	84.1	3	5.5	2.8 - 8.2
Women	45	30	65.3	27	59.3	3	9.2	5.2 - 13.2
Married men, spouse present	583	473	81.1	459	78.6	14	3.0	2.3 - 3.7
Married women, spouse present	585	390	66.6	377	64.4	13	3.4	2.6 - 4.2
Women who maintain families	109	85	77.6	78	71.3	7	8.0	5.5 - 10.5
Kentucky								
Total	3,153	1,956	62.0	1,836	58.2	120	6.2	5.6 - 6.8
Men	1,511	1,041	68.9	973	64.4	68	6.5	5.7 - 7.3
Women	1,642	916	55.7	863	52.6	52	5.7	4.8 - 6.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	249	114	46.0	90	36.0	25	21.7	18.7 - 24.7
White	2,872	1,766	61.5	1,663	57.9	103	5.9	5.3 - 6.5
Men	1,380	946	68.6	886	64.2	61	6.4	5.5 - 7.3
Women	1,492	820	54.9	777	52.1	43	5.2	4.3 - 6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	221	104	47.1	83	37.5	21	20.4	17.2 - 23.6
Black or African American	204	140	68.8	128	62.7	13	8.9	6.2 - 11.6
Men	94	65	68.6	59	62.9	5	8.3	4.9 - 11.7
Women	110	76	69.0	68	62.4	7	9.5	6.2 - 12.8
Asian	40	30	75.2	29	71.9	1	4.4	.3 - 8.5
Married men, spouse present	881	635	72.1	610	69.3	25	3.9	3.0 - 4.8
Married women, spouse present	884	525	59.3	503	56.9	22	4.1	3.1 - 5.1
Women who maintain families	192	116	60.3	106	55.1	10	8.6	5.9 - 11.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Louisiana								
Total	3,348	2,037	60.8	1,904	56.9	134	6.6	5.9 - 7.3
Men	1,571	1,062	67.6	987	62.9	74	7.0	6.0 - 8.0
Women	1,777	975	54.9	916	51.5	59	6.1	5.1 - 7.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	278	94	33.9	73	26.2	21	22.7	18.2 - 27.2
White	2,280	1,392	61.0	1,325	58.1	67	4.8	4.1 - 5.5
Men	1,105	764	69.2	724	65.5	41	5.3	4.3 - 6.3
Women	1,176	627	53.4	601	51.1	26	4.2	3.2 - 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	176	68	38.6	57	32.6	11	15.7	10.6 - 20.8
Black or African American	1,006	608	60.4	542	53.8	66	10.8	9.3 - 12.3
Men	440	280	63.6	247	56.2	33	11.7	9.6 - 13.8
Women	566	327	57.8	295	52.0	33	10.0	8.1 - 11.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	86	64	74.4	62	71.9	2	3.3	.6 - 6.0
Men	46	38	82.9	36	78.7	2	5.0	.8 - 9.2
Married men, spouse present	850	629	74.0	613	72.1	16	2.6	1.8 - 3.4
Married women, spouse present	882	486	55.2	470	53.3	16	3.4	2.3 - 4.5
Women who maintain families	291	187	64.1	172	59.1	15	7.8	5.4 - 10.2
Maine								
Total	1,039	693	66.7	658	63.3	35	5.1	4.6 - 5.6
Men	500	360	72.0	338	67.7	21	5.9	5.2 - 6.6
Women	540	334	61.8	320	59.2	14	4.1	3.5 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	76	41	53.8	35	46.1	6	14.3	11.5 - 17.1
White	1,008	672	66.7	639	63.4	33	4.9	4.4 - 5.4
Men	483	348	72.1	328	67.9	20	5.8	5.1 - 6.5
Women	525	324	61.7	311	59.2	13	4.0	3.4 - 4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	72	39	54.0	34	46.3	6	14.2	11.3 - 17.1
Married men, spouse present	285	208	72.8	200	70.1	8	3.7	3.0 - 4.4
Married women, spouse present	282	181	64.4	176	62.6	5	2.8	2.1 - 3.5
Women who maintain families	50	34	67.5	32	64.2	2	4.9	2.8 - 7.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Maryland								
Total	4,181	2,904	69.5	2,773	66.3	131	4.5	4.0 - 5.0
Men	1,965	1,490	75.9	1,423	72.4	67	4.5	3.9 - 5.1
Women	2,216	1,414	63.8	1,350	60.9	63	4.5	3.8 - 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	296	134	45.2	113	38.3	20	15.3	11.9 - 18.7
White	2,791	1,906	68.3	1,837	65.8	69	3.6	3.1 - 4.1
Men	1,355	1,033	76.3	996	73.5	38	3.6	2.9 - 4.3
Women	1,436	872	60.7	841	58.6	31	3.6	2.9 - 4.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	179	96	53.8	85	47.7	11	11.4	7.8 - 15.0
Black or African American	1,108	788	71.2	736	66.4	53	6.7	5.7 - 7.7
Men	488	358	73.4	332	68.2	25	7.1	5.6 - 8.6
Women	620	431	69.4	403	65.0	27	6.3	5.0 - 7.6
Asian	214	160	74.9	154	71.9	6	4.0	2.3 - 5.7
Men	94	78	82.9	75	79.3	3	4.4	1.8 - 7.0
Women	120	82	68.6	79	66.1	3	3.7	1.3 - 6.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	252	204	80.9	193	76.4	11	5.6	3.8 - 7.4
Men	142	128	90.0	122	86.0	6	4.5	2.4 - 6.6
Women	110	76	69.2	70	64.0	6	7.5	4.1 - 10.9
Married men, spouse present	1,089	878	80.6	857	78.7	20	2.3	1.7 - 2.9
Married women, spouse present	1,073	710	66.2	690	64.3	20	2.8	2.1 - 3.5
Women who maintain families	265	199	75.1	187	70.4	13	6.3	4.3 - 8.3
Massachusetts								
Total	5,028	3,416	67.9	3,217	64.0	198	5.8	5.3 - 6.3
Men	2,390	1,787	74.8	1,672	70.0	114	6.4	5.7 - 7.1
Women	2,639	1,629	61.7	1,545	58.5	84	5.2	4.6 - 5.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	328	150	45.8	126	38.4	24	16.0	13.0 - 19.0
White	4,480	3,065	68.4	2,899	64.7	166	5.4	4.9 - 5.9
Men	2,131	1,608	75.4	1,509	70.8	99	6.1	5.4 - 6.8
Women	2,349	1,458	62.1	1,390	59.2	68	4.6	4.0 - 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	272	134	49.3	116	42.4	19	13.9	10.8 - 17.0
Black or African American	305	191	62.5	168	54.9	23	12.1	9.5 - 14.7
Men	140	92	65.2	82	58.2	10	10.8	7.3 - 14.3
Women	165	99	60.2	86	52.2	13	13.2	9.6 - 16.8
Asian	194	128	65.9	120	62.0	7	5.9	3.6 - 8.2
Men	92	68	73.9	64	69.2	4	6.3	3.1 - 9.5
Women	101	59	58.6	56	55.5	3	5.4	2.2 - 8.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	317	222	69.9	198	62.5	23	10.6	8.3 - 12.9
Men	157	122	77.9	107	68.6	15	11.9	8.7 - 15.1
Women	161	100	62.1	91	56.5	9	8.9	5.8 - 12.0
Married men, spouse present	1,295	1,027	79.3	980	75.7	47	4.6	3.9 - 5.3
Married women, spouse present	1,249	812	65.1	782	62.6	31	3.8	3.0 - 4.6
Women who maintain families	320	215	67.3	198	62.0	17	7.9	5.9 - 9.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Michigan								
Total	7,706	5,042	65.4	4,674	60.7	368	7.3	6.8 - 7.8
Men	3,712	2,680	72.2	2,462	66.3	218	8.1	7.4 - 8.8
Women	3,994	2,362	59.1	2,212	55.4	150	6.4	5.8 - 7.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	589	307	52.1	253	43.0	54	17.5	15.2 - 19.8
White	6,417	4,256	66.3	3,977	62.0	279	6.6	6.1 - 7.1
Men	3,125	2,299	73.6	2,130	68.2	169	7.3	6.6 - 8.0
Women	3,293	1,957	59.4	1,847	56.1	110	5.6	5.0 - 6.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	473	264	55.8	225	47.6	39	14.8	12.4 - 17.2
Black or African American	1,001	594	59.3	519	51.9	75	12.6	11.0 - 14.2
Men	444	275	62.0	237	53.3	39	14.1	11.7 - 16.5
Women	557	318	57.1	282	50.7	36	11.2	9.2 - 13.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	89	29	32.3	18	19.9	11	38.5	30.4 - 46.6
Asian	157	106	67.5	101	64.5	5	4.4	2.1 - 6.7
Men	80	61	76.3	57	72.0	3	5.6	2.1 - 9.1
Women	77	45	58.4	44	56.8	1	2.8	(²) - (²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	229	161	70.1	146	63.5	15	9.4	6.7 - 12.1
Men	130	105	80.5	95	72.7	10	9.6	6.2 - 13.0
Women	99	56	56.5	51	51.4	5	9.0	4.5 - 13.5
Married men, spouse present	2,071	1,549	74.8	1,474	71.2	75	4.8	4.1 - 5.5
Married women, spouse present	1,985	1,177	59.3	1,129	56.9	48	4.1	3.4 - 4.8
Women who maintain families	496	340	68.5	308	62.2	32	9.3	7.4 - 11.2
Minnesota								
Total	3,896	2,923	75.0	2,778	71.3	145	5.0	4.5 - 5.5
Men	1,911	1,536	80.4	1,448	75.8	88	5.7	4.9 - 6.5
Women	1,985	1,387	69.9	1,330	67.0	57	4.1	3.4 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	299	179	59.8	154	51.5	25	13.9	10.9 - 16.9
White	3,581	2,702	75.4	2,579	72.0	123	4.6	4.1 - 5.1
Men	1,762	1,419	80.5	1,341	76.1	78	5.5	4.7 - 6.3
Women	1,819	1,283	70.5	1,238	68.1	45	3.5	2.8 - 4.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	266	164	61.6	143	53.9	21	12.5	9.4 - 15.6
Black or African American	124	92	74.4	83	66.4	10	10.7	7.2 - 14.2
Men	62	49	77.9	46	73.2	3	6.1	2.4 - 9.8
Asian	127	90	71.1	83	65.5	7	7.8	4.8 - 10.8
Men	60	49	82.6	45	74.6	5	9.7	5.3 - 14.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	102	84	82.5	80	77.9	5	5.6	2.5 - 8.7
Men	59	53	89.5	50	84.4	3	5.6	1.8 - 9.4
Married men, spouse present	1,143	954	83.5	917	80.2	37	3.9	3.1 - 4.7
Married women, spouse present	1,107	802	72.4	781	70.6	21	2.6	1.9 - 3.3
Women who maintain families	165	127	77.4	119	72.6	8	6.2	3.5 - 8.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Mississippi								
Total	2,138	1,312	61.4	1,229	57.5	83	6.3	5.6 - 7.0
Men	1,003	691	68.9	649	64.7	42	6.0	5.1 - 6.9
Women	1,135	621	54.7	580	51.1	41	6.7	5.7 - 7.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	179	60	33.4	50	27.9	10	16.3	11.9 - 20.7
White	1,378	855	62.1	822	59.7	33	3.8	3.1 - 4.5
Men	667	478	71.7	459	68.9	19	4.0	3.1 - 4.9
Women	711	377	53.0	363	51.0	14	3.7	2.7 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	97	39	40.5	34	35.5	5	12.4	7.3 - 17.5
Black or African American	731	436	59.6	388	53.1	48	11.1	9.6 - 12.6
Men	324	205	63.3	183	56.4	22	10.8	8.8 - 12.8
Women	407	231	56.8	205	50.4	26	11.2	9.3 - 13.1
Married men, spouse present	573	424	74.1	407	71.1	17	4.0	3.0 - 5.0
Married women, spouse present	549	334	60.7	322	58.6	12	3.6	2.5 - 4.7
Women who maintain families	167	109	65.2	97	58.3	12	10.6	7.7 - 13.5
Missouri								
Total	4,352	3,021	69.4	2,850	65.5	170	5.6	5.1 - 6.1
Men	2,075	1,577	76.0	1,487	71.7	90	5.7	5.0 - 6.4
Women	2,278	1,443	63.4	1,363	59.9	80	5.5	4.8 - 6.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	309	179	58.0	147	47.5	32	18.1	15.5 - 20.7
White	3,777	2,620	69.4	2,501	66.2	119	4.5	4.0 - 5.0
Men	1,828	1,390	76.0	1,324	72.4	66	4.8	4.1 - 5.5
Women	1,948	1,230	63.1	1,178	60.5	52	4.3	3.6 - 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	257	156	60.7	132	51.4	24	15.3	12.5 - 18.1
Black or African American	447	305	68.2	262	58.6	43	14.1	11.7 - 16.5
Men	195	147	75.3	127	65.0	20	13.7	10.5 - 16.9
Women	252	158	62.7	135	53.6	23	14.5	11.4 - 17.6
Asian	72	57	78.9	54	75.1	3	4.8	1.4 - 8.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	107	78	72.6	72	67.7	5	6.8	3.3 - 10.3
Men	51	43	84.6	42	81.5	2	3.7	.2 - 7.2
Women	56	34	61.6	31	55.0	4	10.6	4.4 - 16.8
Married men, spouse present	1,215	930	76.5	902	74.3	27	2.9	2.2 - 3.6
Married women, spouse present	1,156	741	64.1	718	62.1	22	3.0	2.2 - 3.8
Women who maintain families	258	196	75.8	172	66.7	23	12.0	9.6 - 14.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Montana								
Total	714	475	66.5	452	63.3	22	4.7	4.1 - 5.3
Men	351	251	71.4	238	67.8	13	5.1	4.3 - 5.9
Women	363	224	61.7	214	59.0	10	4.3	3.5 - 5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	55	31	56.4	27	48.8	4	13.5	10.2 - 16.8
White	659	440	66.7	422	64.0	18	4.1	3.5 - 4.7
Men	326	235	72.1	225	69.0	10	4.3	3.5 - 5.1
Women	333	205	61.4	197	59.1	8	3.9	3.1 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	48	27	57.8	24	50.1	4	13.3	9.8 - 16.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	18	14	73.8	13	68.5	1	7.2	3.5 - 10.9
Married men, spouse present	199	146	73.4	141	71.1	5	3.2	2.3 - 4.1
Married women, spouse present	200	128	63.7	124	61.8	4	2.9	2.0 - 3.8
Women who maintain families	34	26	75.3	24	70.7	2	6.0	3.3 - 8.7
Nebraska								
Total	1,318	976	74.1	937	71.1	39	4.0	3.5 - 4.5
Men	642	512	79.8	490	76.4	22	4.3	3.6 - 5.0
Women	676	464	68.7	446	66.1	17	3.8	3.1 - 4.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	99	60	61.1	52	52.7	8	13.8	10.8 - 16.8
White	1,229	916	74.5	883	71.8	33	3.6	3.1 - 4.1
Men	601	483	80.4	465	77.3	18	3.8	3.2 - 4.4
Women	628	433	68.9	418	66.5	15	3.5	2.8 - 4.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	89	57	63.5	49	54.8	8	13.7	10.6 - 16.8
Black or African American	44	28	63.6	25	56.5	3	11.2	7.2 - 15.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	76	57	75.2	51	67.2	6	10.7	7.3 - 14.1
Men	42	35	83.0	31	74.0	4	10.9	6.5 - 15.3
Women	34	22	65.6	20	58.8	2	10.3	4.9 - 15.7
Married men, spouse present	392	324	82.7	315	80.5	9	2.7	2.0 - 3.4
Married women, spouse present	382	275	72.0	269	70.6	6	2.1	1.5 - 2.7
Women who maintain families	59	47	79.7	45	75.5	2	5.2	2.9 - 7.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Nevada								
Total	1,686	1,141	67.7	1,082	64.2	59	5.2	4.7 - 5.7
Men	847	638	75.3	607	71.6	32	5.0	4.4 - 5.6
Women	839	503	60.0	475	56.7	28	5.5	4.8 - 6.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	116	49	42.4	42	36.0	7	15.1	11.8 - 18.4
White	1,423	962	67.6	916	64.4	46	4.8	4.3 - 5.3
Men	729	551	75.7	525	72.1	26	4.8	4.1 - 5.5
Women	694	411	59.2	391	56.3	20	4.9	4.1 - 5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	91	41	45.4	35	39.1	6	13.8	10.3 - 17.3
Black or African American	103	66	64.3	61	59.3	5	7.8	5.5 - 10.1
Men	50	34	67.8	32	64.0	2	5.7	2.9 - 8.5
Women	54	33	61.1	29	54.9	3	10.1	6.5 - 13.7
Asian	96	68	70.4	65	67.4	3	4.3	2.6 - 6.0
Men	42	32	77.9	31	75.2	1	3.5	1.2 - 5.8
Women	54	35	64.7	33	61.4	2	5.0	2.4 - 7.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	336	249	74.1	235	69.9	14	5.7	4.7 - 6.7
Men	180	159	88.4	151	83.6	9	5.4	4.1 - 6.7
Women	156	90	57.6	84	54.0	6	6.2	4.4 - 8.0
Married men, spouse present	475	372	78.4	360	75.7	13	3.4	2.7 - 4.1
Married women, spouse present	439	261	59.4	250	56.9	11	4.2	3.3 - 5.1
Women who maintain families	96	71	74.6	66	69.3	5	7.2	5.1 - 9.3
New Hampshire								
Total	1,005	719	71.5	688	68.5	31	4.3	3.9 - 4.7
Men	490	385	78.5	368	75.0	17	4.5	3.9 - 5.1
Women	514	334	64.9	321	62.3	14	4.1	3.5 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	73	40	55.5	35	48.3	5	12.9	10.2 - 15.6
White	960	686	71.4	657	68.4	29	4.3	3.9 - 4.7
Men	467	366	78.2	349	74.8	16	4.4	3.8 - 5.0
Women	493	320	65.0	307	62.3	13	4.1	3.5 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	68	39	56.5	34	49.5	5	12.4	9.7 - 15.1
Asian	24	17	73.4	17	71.4	(³)	2.7	.6 - 4.8
Men	12	10	86.2	10	82.6	(³)	4.1	.7 - 7.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	17	12	70.2	11	65.1	1	7.2	3.2 - 11.2
Married men, spouse present	292	237	81.2	231	79.1	6	2.6	2.0 - 3.2
Married women, spouse present	290	191	65.8	185	63.9	6	2.9	2.2 - 3.6
Women who maintain families	44	36	80.0	34	75.8	2	5.2	3.2 - 7.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
New Jersey								
Total	6,619	4,375	66.1	4,118	62.2	257	5.9	5.5 - 6.3
Men	3,157	2,326	73.7	2,183	69.1	143	6.1	5.5 - 6.7
Women	3,462	2,049	59.2	1,935	55.9	114	5.6	5.0 - 6.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	439	171	39.0	143	32.7	28	16.2	13.2 - 19.2
White	5,289	3,476	65.7	3,299	62.4	177	5.1	4.7 - 5.5
Men	2,540	1,864	73.4	1,761	69.4	103	5.5	4.9 - 6.1
Women	2,750	1,611	58.6	1,538	55.9	74	4.6	4.0 - 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	326	136	41.8	121	37.0	15	11.3	8.3 - 14.3
Black or African American	884	589	66.7	527	59.6	63	10.6	9.2 - 12.0
Men	392	271	69.3	242	61.9	29	10.7	8.6 - 12.8
Women	493	318	64.6	284	57.7	34	10.6	8.7 - 12.5
Asian	378	261	68.9	246	65.1	14	5.5	3.9 - 7.1
Men	187	160	85.7	151	80.9	9	5.7	3.7 - 7.7
Women	191	100	52.5	95	49.7	5	5.4	2.9 - 7.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	825	577	69.9	530	64.2	47	8.1	6.8 - 9.4
Men	413	331	80.2	302	73.1	29	8.9	7.1 - 10.7
Women	413	246	59.6	229	55.4	17	7.0	5.2 - 8.8
Married men, spouse present	1,805	1,416	78.5	1,357	75.2	60	4.2	3.6 - 4.8
Married women, spouse present	1,772	1,096	61.9	1,051	59.3	45	4.1	3.4 - 4.8
Women who maintain families	380	263	69.4	239	62.9	25	9.3	7.3 - 11.3
New Mexico								
Total	1,401	897	64.0	840	59.9	57	6.4	5.7 - 7.1
Men	675	467	69.2	436	64.6	30	6.5	5.6 - 7.4
Women	726	430	59.2	403	55.6	27	6.2	5.2 - 7.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	111	44	39.7	34	30.7	10	22.7	18.4 - 27.0
White	1,198	782	65.3	736	61.5	46	5.9	5.2 - 6.6
Men	580	409	70.6	385	66.3	25	6.1	5.1 - 7.1
Women	618	373	60.4	351	56.9	21	5.7	4.7 - 6.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	89	39	44.3	31	34.8	8	21.5	16.9 - 26.1
Black or African American	31	16	52.3	15	47.3	2	9.6	3.6 - 15.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	601	398	66.3	368	61.3	30	7.5	6.4 - 8.6
Men	301	216	71.5	199	65.9	17	7.9	6.4 - 9.4
Women	299	182	60.9	170	56.7	13	7.0	5.4 - 8.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	51	20	39.7	15	29.2	5	26.6	21.1 - 32.1
Married men, spouse present	356	259	72.7	249	70.1	9	3.6	2.6 - 4.6
Married women, spouse present	353	211	59.7	202	57.3	8	4.0	2.9 - 5.1
Women who maintain families	99	66	66.7	59	60.1	7	10.0	7.1 - 12.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
New York								
Total	14,891	9,315	62.6	8,726	58.6	589	6.3	6.0 - 6.6
Men	7,044	4,889	69.4	4,570	64.9	319	6.5	6.1 - 6.9
Women	7,847	4,426	56.4	4,157	53.0	270	6.1	5.7 - 6.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,041	383	36.8	319	30.7	64	16.6	14.6 - 18.6
White	11,364	7,174	63.1	6,788	59.7	385	5.4	5.1 - 5.7
Men	5,465	3,864	70.7	3,652	66.8	212	5.5	5.1 - 5.9
Women	5,899	3,309	56.1	3,136	53.2	173	5.2	4.7 - 5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	765	318	41.6	273	35.8	45	14.1	12.0 - 16.2
Black or African American	2,465	1,448	58.7	1,281	52.0	166	11.5	10.5 - 12.5
Men	1,071	650	60.7	561	52.4	89	13.8	12.3 - 15.3
Women	1,394	798	57.2	721	51.7	77	9.7	8.5 - 10.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	214	47	21.8	32	14.7	15	32.3	26.6 - 38.0
Asian	892	591	66.2	565	63.3	26	4.3	3.3 - 5.3
Men	429	323	75.2	309	72.1	14	4.2	2.9 - 5.5
Women	463	268	57.8	256	55.2	12	4.5	3.0 - 6.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	2,206	1,354	61.4	1,233	55.9	121	9.0	8.1 - 9.9
Men	1,053	744	70.6	687	65.2	57	7.7	6.6 - 8.8
Women	1,152	610	53.0	546	47.4	64	10.5	9.1 - 11.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	195	51	25.9	39	20.1	11	22.5	16.2 - 28.8
Married men, spouse present	3,645	2,729	74.9	2,635	72.3	94	3.5	3.1 - 3.9
Married women, spouse present	3,507	2,077	59.2	1,993	56.8	84	4.0	3.5 - 4.5
Women who maintain families	1,063	701	65.9	644	60.6	57	8.1	6.9 - 9.3
North Carolina								
Total	6,328	4,230	66.8	3,957	62.5	273	6.5	6.0 - 7.0
Men	3,023	2,246	74.3	2,103	69.6	143	6.4	5.7 - 7.1
Women	3,305	1,984	60.0	1,854	56.1	130	6.5	5.7 - 7.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	413	177	42.8	139	33.7	38	21.3	17.5 - 25.1
White	4,742	3,194	67.4	3,043	64.2	151	4.7	4.2 - 5.2
Men	2,319	1,766	76.2	1,681	72.5	86	4.8	4.1 - 5.5
Women	2,423	1,427	58.9	1,362	56.2	65	4.6	3.8 - 5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	260	121	46.6	105	40.2	17	13.7	9.6 - 17.8
Black or African American	1,281	834	65.1	728	56.8	106	12.7	11.3 - 14.1
Men	570	378	66.3	329	57.7	49	12.9	11.0 - 14.8
Women	712	456	64.1	399	56.1	57	12.5	10.7 - 14.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	132	46	35.2	27	20.6	19	41.6	(²) - (²)
Asian	130	80	61.5	74	57.2	6	7.0	3.6 - 10.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	389	307	78.9	282	72.5	25	8.1	6.2 - 10.0
Men	238	221	93.1	206	86.5	16	7.0	4.9 - 9.1
Women	151	86	56.7	77	50.5	9	10.8	6.8 - 14.8
Married men, spouse present	1,757	1,358	77.3	1,303	74.1	55	4.0	3.2 - 4.8
Married women, spouse present	1,763	1,107	62.8	1,066	60.4	41	3.7	2.9 - 4.5
Women who maintain families	419	279	66.7	242	57.8	37	13.4	10.7 - 16.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
North Dakota								
Total	490	346	70.7	333	67.9	14	4.0	3.5 - 4.5
Men	241	183	76.2	174	72.3	9	5.1	4.4 - 5.8
Women	249	163	65.5	159	63.7	4	2.7	2.1 - 3.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	40	23	56.5	20	50.6	2	10.5	7.9 - 13.1
White	459	327	71.3	316	69.0	11	3.3	2.8 - 3.8
Men	226	173	76.7	166	73.5	7	4.1	3.4 - 4.8
Women	233	154	66.1	150	64.5	4	2.4	1.8 - 3.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	36	21	58.7	20	53.7	2	8.4	5.9 - 10.9
Married men, spouse present	139	110	79.4	108	77.3	3	2.6	1.9 - 3.3
Married women, spouse present	144	102	70.8	100	69.4	2	1.9	1.3 - 2.5
Women who maintain families	20	14	70.2	13	66.7	1	5.0	2.4 - 7.6
Ohio								
Total	8,771	5,915	67.4	5,552	63.3	363	6.1	5.7 - 6.5
Men	4,198	3,127	74.5	2,925	69.7	202	6.5	5.9 - 7.1
Women	4,573	2,788	61.0	2,627	57.4	162	5.8	5.2 - 6.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	645	364	56.4	301	46.6	63	17.4	15.3 - 19.5
White	7,635	5,164	67.6	4,887	64.0	277	5.4	5.0 - 5.8
Men	3,690	2,783	75.4	2,619	71.0	163	5.9	5.3 - 6.5
Women	3,945	2,381	60.4	2,267	57.5	114	4.8	4.2 - 5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	533	314	58.9	269	50.4	45	14.4	12.2 - 16.6
Black or African American	914	597	65.3	525	57.5	72	12.0	10.4 - 13.6
Men	405	267	65.9	232	57.3	35	13.0	10.5 - 15.5
Women	509	330	64.9	293	57.6	37	11.3	9.2 - 13.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	86	37	43.1	24	28.1	13	34.9	28.6 - 41.2
Asian	126	95	75.1	88	70.0	6	6.8	3.6 - 10.0
Men	57	48	84.8	46	81.2	2	4.3	.7 - 7.9
Women	69	46	67.1	42	60.7	4	9.5	4.3 - 14.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	218	167	76.5	157	72.2	10	5.7	3.4 - 8.0
Men	116	98	85.1	93	80.7	5	5.1	2.2 - 8.0
Women	102	68	66.9	64	62.4	5	6.6	2.8 - 10.4
Married men, spouse present	2,435	1,867	76.7	1,792	73.6	75	4.0	3.4 - 4.6
Married women, spouse present	2,363	1,458	61.7	1,404	59.4	54	3.7	3.1 - 4.3
Women who maintain families	538	370	68.7	344	63.9	26	7.1	5.4 - 8.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Oklahoma								
Total	2,646	1,696	64.1	1,600	60.5	96	5.7	5.0 - 6.4
Men	1,271	912	71.7	859	67.6	53	5.8	4.9 - 6.7
Women	1,375	784	57.1	741	53.9	43	5.5	4.6 - 6.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	210	99	47.1	83	39.6	16	15.8	11.8 - 19.8
White	2,102	1,365	64.9	1,296	61.6	70	5.1	4.4 - 5.8
Men	1,011	736	72.8	699	69.2	36	4.9	4.0 - 5.8
Women	1,092	630	57.7	596	54.6	33	5.3	4.3 - 6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	153	78	50.8	67	43.4	11	14.6	10.2 - 19.0
Black or African American	190	108	56.9	98	51.3	11	9.8	6.8 - 12.8
Men	85	54	63.0	47	55.4	7	12.2	7.7 - 16.7
Women	105	55	52.0	51	48.1	4	7.5	3.8 - 11.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	104	78	75.0	73	70.0	5	6.7	3.1 - 10.3
Men	59	52	89.1	50	84.6	3	5.0	1.1 - 8.9
Married men, spouse present	754	567	75.2	549	72.8	18	3.2	2.3 - 4.1
Married women, spouse present	763	456	59.7	440	57.6	16	3.6	2.6 - 4.6
Women who maintain families	143	90	62.7	85	59.1	5	5.9	3.0 - 8.8
Oregon								
Total	2,770	1,859	67.1	1,707	61.6	152	8.2	7.5 - 8.9
Men	1,358	1,011	74.4	916	67.5	94	9.3	8.4 - 10.2
Women	1,412	848	60.1	790	56.0	58	6.8	5.9 - 7.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	183	78	42.5	56	30.8	21	27.5	23.2 - 31.8
White	2,506	1,680	67.0	1,550	61.8	130	7.8	7.1 - 8.5
Men	1,232	921	74.7	840	68.1	81	8.8	7.8 - 9.8
Women	1,274	759	59.6	710	55.7	50	6.5	5.6 - 7.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	161	69	43.1	52	32.2	17	25.3	20.7 - 29.9
Black or African American	43	28	64.5	22	51.7	6	19.9	12.9 - 26.9
Asian	97	72	74.1	66	68.4	5	7.6	4.7 - 10.5
Men	42	34	79.9	31	73.6	3	8.0	3.6 - 12.4
Women	55	38	69.6	35	64.4	3	7.4	3.4 - 11.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	232	181	77.7	162	69.8	18	10.2	6.7 - 13.7
Men	131	118	90.3	107	81.8	11	9.4	5.2 - 13.6
Women	101	62	61.5	55	54.2	7	11.8	5.7 - 17.9
Married men, spouse present	774	596	76.9	555	71.7	40	6.8	5.7 - 7.9
Married women, spouse present	771	472	61.2	450	58.4	21	4.5	3.5 - 5.5
Women who maintain families	137	94	69.2	83	60.7	12	12.3	8.9 - 15.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Pennsylvania								
Total	9,663	6,170	63.9	5,826	60.3	344	5.6	5.2 - 6.0
Men	4,592	3,256	70.9	3,060	66.7	195	6.0	5.5 - 6.5
Women	5,071	2,914	57.5	2,766	54.5	148	5.1	4.6 - 5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	677	316	46.7	269	39.8	47	14.8	12.4 - 17.2
White	8,542	5,522	64.6	5,246	61.4	276	5.0	4.6 - 5.4
Men	4,089	2,946	72.1	2,787	68.1	160	5.4	4.9 - 5.9
Women	4,453	2,575	57.8	2,459	55.2	116	4.5	4.0 - 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	580	285	49.0	246	42.3	39	13.7	11.2 - 16.2
Black or African American	885	495	55.9	439	49.6	56	11.3	9.6 - 13.0
Men	386	222	57.7	194	50.2	29	13.0	10.4 - 15.6
Women	499	272	54.5	245	49.1	27	10.0	7.9 - 12.1
Asian	170	119	69.7	110	64.7	8	7.1	4.3 - 9.9
Men	83	66	80.2	61	74.4	5	7.3	3.6 - 11.0
Women	87	52	59.6	49	55.6	4	6.8	2.7 - 10.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	302	188	62.2	171	56.7	16	8.7	6.3 - 11.1
Men	148	108	73.2	98	66.1	11	9.8	6.4 - 13.2
Women	154	79	51.5	74	47.8	6	7.3	3.9 - 10.7
Married men, spouse present	2,651	1,968	74.3	1,891	71.3	77	3.9	3.3 - 4.5
Married women, spouse present	2,661	1,625	61.1	1,565	58.8	61	3.7	3.1 - 4.3
Women who maintain families	537	336	62.5	300	55.8	36	10.7	8.6 - 12.8
Rhode Island								
Total	844	573	67.9	543	64.3	30	5.3	4.8 - 5.8
Men	400	293	73.3	277	69.1	17	5.7	5.1 - 6.3
Women	444	280	63.0	266	59.9	14	4.9	4.3 - 5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	58	32	54.8	28	48.6	4	11.4	8.8 - 14.0
White	766	520	67.8	494	64.5	26	5.0	4.5 - 5.5
Men	365	268	73.6	253	69.5	15	5.5	4.8 - 6.2
Women	401	251	62.7	240	59.9	11	4.4	3.8 - 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	49	27	55.0	24	49.0	3	10.8	8.0 - 13.6
Black or African American	44	28	64.5	25	56.9	3	11.7	8.9 - 14.5
Men	20	13	65.3	12	58.5	1	10.4	6.5 - 14.3
Women	23	15	63.7	13	55.6	2	12.8	8.8 - 16.8
Asian	22	16	75.1	16	72.3	1	3.8	1.6 - 6.0
Men	10	8	76.4	8	74.6	(³)	2.5	(²) - (²)
Women	11	8	74.0	8	70.2	(³)	5.1	1.6 - 8.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	74	50	66.7	44	58.6	6	12.1	9.9 - 14.3
Men	35	25	70.1	23	64.1	2	8.6	6.0 - 11.2
Women	39	25	63.6	21	53.7	4	15.5	12.2 - 18.8
Married men, spouse present	210	159	75.6	154	73.0	5	3.4	2.7 - 4.1
Married women, spouse present	210	138	65.6	133	63.4	5	3.3	2.6 - 4.0
Women who maintain families	54	38	70.4	35	64.8	3	8.1	6.0 - 10.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
South Carolina								
Total	3,142	2,003	63.7	1,866	59.4	136	6.8	6.2 - 7.4
Men	1,480	1,042	70.4	971	65.6	70	6.8	5.9 - 7.7
Women	1,661	961	57.8	895	53.9	66	6.9	6.0 - 7.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	258	109	42.4	88	34.1	21	19.4	15.6 - 23.2
White	2,221	1,431	64.4	1,359	61.2	73	5.1	4.4 - 5.8
Men	1,073	765	71.3	726	67.7	39	5.1	4.2 - 6.0
Women	1,149	666	58.0	632	55.0	34	5.1	4.2 - 6.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	172	80	46.6	70	40.5	10	13.0	9.0 - 17.0
Black or African American	874	539	61.7	479	54.7	61	11.2	9.8 - 12.6
Men	385	260	67.4	230	59.7	30	11.5	9.6 - 13.4
Women	489	279	57.1	249	50.8	31	11.0	9.2 - 12.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	83	27	32.3	17	20.1	10	37.7	(²) - (²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	64	46	72.6	41	64.8	5	10.7	5.9 - 15.5
Men	38	32	83.1	28	74.9	3	9.8	4.2 - 15.4
Married men, spouse present	809	599	74.0	578	71.4	21	3.4	2.6 - 4.2
Married women, spouse present	800	494	61.8	475	59.3	19	3.9	2.9 - 4.9
Women who maintain families	252	171	67.7	150	59.5	21	12.0	9.3 - 14.7
South Dakota								
Total	576	425	73.8	410	71.1	15	3.6	3.2 - 4.0
Men	281	222	78.9	213	75.8	9	3.9	3.3 - 4.5
Women	295	203	68.9	197	66.7	7	3.2	2.6 - 3.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	47	28	59.9	26	54.8	2	8.6	6.2 - 11.0
White	531	397	74.7	385	72.5	12	3.0	2.6 - 3.4
Men	259	205	79.4	198	76.7	7	3.4	2.8 - 4.0
Women	272	191	70.2	186	68.4	5	2.6	2.0 - 3.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	40	25	63.0	23	58.0	2	7.9	5.5 - 10.3
Married men, spouse present	166	134	81.0	132	79.7	2	1.6	1.1 - 2.1
Married women, spouse present	166	122	74.0	121	73.1	1	1.1	.6 - 1.6
Women who maintain families	26	19	73.2	17	66.5	2	9.2	6.2 - 12.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Tennessee								
Total	4,501	2,909	64.6	2,740	60.9	169	5.8	5.2 - 6.4
Men	2,147	1,547	72.1	1,462	68.1	85	5.5	4.7 - 6.3
Women	2,354	1,362	57.9	1,278	54.3	84	6.2	5.3 - 7.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	298	135	45.4	109	36.6	26	19.4	15.3 - 23.5
White	3,710	2,368	63.8	2,256	60.8	112	4.7	4.1 - 5.3
Men	1,798	1,306	72.6	1,249	69.5	57	4.4	3.6 - 5.2
Women	1,912	1,063	55.6	1,007	52.7	55	5.2	4.3 - 6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	233	113	48.4	94	40.3	19	16.9	12.5 - 21.3
Black or African American	676	459	67.9	409	60.5	50	11.0	9.0 - 13.0
Men	301	201	67.0	175	58.1	27	13.2	10.5 - 15.9
Women	375	258	68.7	234	62.4	24	9.2	6.9 - 11.5
Asian	68	48	71.0	46	68.4	2	3.7	(²) - (²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	114	84	74.0	81	71.0	3	4.1	1.1 - 7.1
Men	74	69	92.5	67	90.3	2	2.4	(²) - (²)
Married men, spouse present	1,273	973	76.4	945	74.3	28	2.9	2.1 - 3.7
Married women, spouse present	1,251	734	58.6	709	56.6	25	3.4	2.5 - 4.3
Women who maintain families	308	218	70.6	194	62.8	24	11.1	8.3 - 13.9
Texas								
Total	16,047	10,910	68.0	10,173	63.4	738	6.8	6.4 - 7.2
Men	7,790	6,014	77.2	5,600	71.9	414	6.9	6.4 - 7.4
Women	8,256	4,897	59.3	4,573	55.4	323	6.6	6.1 - 7.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,219	495	40.6	389	31.9	106	21.3	19.2 - 23.4
White	13,478	9,119	67.7	8,563	63.5	556	6.1	5.7 - 6.5
Men	6,599	5,108	77.4	4,792	72.6	316	6.2	5.7 - 6.7
Women	6,879	4,010	58.3	3,771	54.8	240	6.0	5.5 - 6.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,001	415	41.5	330	33.0	85	20.5	18.2 - 22.8
Black or African American	1,723	1,210	70.2	1,071	62.2	139	11.5	10.2 - 12.8
Men	773	572	74.0	501	64.8	71	12.5	10.8 - 14.2
Women	950	637	67.1	570	60.0	67	10.5	9.0 - 12.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	154	60	39.1	43	27.7	18	29.2	(²) - (²)
Asian	519	335	64.6	311	59.9	24	7.1	5.3 - 8.9
Men	256	198	77.3	180	70.2	18	9.1	6.6 - 11.6
Women	263	137	52.2	132	50.0	6	4.3	1.9 - 6.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	5,476	3,660	66.8	3,382	61.8	278	7.6	7.0 - 8.2
Men	2,739	2,191	80.0	2,028	74.0	163	7.4	6.6 - 8.2
Women	2,737	1,469	53.7	1,354	49.5	116	7.9	6.9 - 8.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	510	186	36.5	145	28.4	41	22.1	19.9 - 24.3
Married men, spouse present	4,529	3,664	80.9	3,508	77.4	157	4.3	3.8 - 4.8
Married women, spouse present	4,374	2,598	59.4	2,480	56.7	118	4.5	3.9 - 5.1
Women who maintain families	1,036	734	70.9	676	65.2	58	8.0	6.6 - 9.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Utah								
Total	1,660	1,184	71.3	1,118	67.3	67	5.6	5.0 - 6.2
Men	818	650	79.5	613	74.9	38	5.8	5.0 - 6.6
Women	842	534	63.4	505	60.0	29	5.4	4.5 - 6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	168	96	57.2	80	47.6	16	16.9	14.0 - 19.8
White	1,575	1,122	71.3	1,061	67.4	61	5.4	4.8 - 6.0
Men	777	619	79.6	584	75.2	34	5.5	4.7 - 6.3
Women	798	504	63.1	477	59.8	27	5.3	4.4 - 6.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	158	94	59.5	79	49.9	15	16.1	13.2 - 19.0
Asian	28	21	72.9	20	70.4	1	3.5	.3 - 6.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	162	117	72.6	106	65.8	11	9.3	6.9 - 11.7
Men	90	75	82.7	68	75.6	6	8.5	5.6 - 11.4
Women	71	42	59.8	38	53.4	4	10.6	6.4 - 14.8
Married men, spouse present	507	422	83.2	409	80.7	12	2.9	2.2 - 3.6
Married women, spouse present	493	306	62.0	295	59.9	11	3.5	2.5 - 4.5
Women who maintain families	77	58	74.7	55	70.5	3	5.6	2.9 - 8.3
Vermont								
Total	494	351	71.0	335	67.7	16	4.6	4.2 - 5.0
Men	240	184	76.6	175	72.8	9	4.9	4.3 - 5.5
Women	254	167	65.6	160	62.9	7	4.2	3.6 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	34	19	54.4	16	47.1	2	13.3	10.4 - 16.2
White	482	341	70.8	326	67.6	15	4.5	4.1 - 4.9
Men	234	179	76.5	170	72.8	9	4.9	4.3 - 5.5
Women	248	162	65.5	156	62.8	7	4.0	3.4 - 4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	33	18	54.3	16	47.3	2	12.9	10.0 - 15.8
Married men, spouse present	135	107	79.6	104	77.2	3	3.0	2.4 - 3.6
Married women, spouse present	132	92	69.6	89	67.6	3	2.9	2.2 - 3.6
Women who maintain families	25	19	74.9	18	71.4	1	4.7	2.8 - 6.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Virginia								
Total	5,532	3,773	68.2	3,620	65.4	154	4.1	3.6 - 4.6
Men	2,616	1,952	74.6	1,871	71.5	81	4.1	3.5 - 4.7
Women	2,916	1,822	62.5	1,749	60.0	73	4.0	3.3 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	405	178	44.0	155	38.3	23	13.0	9.9 - 16.1
White	4,192	2,868	68.4	2,786	66.5	82	2.9	2.4 - 3.4
Men	2,014	1,515	75.2	1,467	72.8	48	3.2	2.5 - 3.9
Women	2,178	1,353	62.1	1,319	60.6	34	2.5	1.9 - 3.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	280	124	44.3	111	39.8	13	10.2	6.7 - 13.7
Black or African American	1,021	679	66.5	621	60.8	58	8.5	7.0 - 10.0
Men	451	314	69.5	289	64.0	25	8.0	6.2 - 9.8
Women	570	365	64.0	332	58.3	33	9.0	7.3 - 10.7
Asian	255	180	70.6	173	67.7	7	4.2	2.2 - 6.2
Men	122	101	82.6	97	79.3	4	3.9	1.3 - 6.5
Women	133	79	59.7	76	57.0	4	4.5	1.5 - 7.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	259	199	76.7	185	71.4	14	6.9	4.5 - 9.3
Men	142	127	89.7	118	83.6	9	6.8	3.8 - 9.8
Women	118	72	61.0	67	56.6	5	7.1	3.0 - 11.2
Married men, spouse present	1,528	1,208	79.1	1,181	77.3	27	2.2	1.6 - 2.8
Married women, spouse present	1,547	971	62.7	947	61.2	24	2.4	1.7 - 3.1
Women who maintain families	331	241	72.7	227	68.7	13	5.5	3.4 - 7.6
Washington								
Total	4,697	3,140	66.9	2,903	61.8	237	7.5	6.8 - 8.2
Men	2,295	1,682	73.3	1,545	67.3	137	8.2	7.2 - 9.2
Women	2,402	1,458	60.7	1,358	56.5	100	6.8	5.9 - 7.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	354	173	48.8	135	38.2	37	21.7	17.5 - 25.9
White	4,072	2,725	66.9	2,527	62.1	198	7.3	6.6 - 8.0
Men	2,000	1,479	74.0	1,361	68.0	118	8.0	7.0 - 9.0
Women	2,072	1,246	60.1	1,166	56.3	80	6.4	5.4 - 7.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	293	147	50.2	117	39.9	30	20.4	15.9 - 24.9
Black or African American	132	89	67.7	76	57.2	14	15.5	11.2 - 19.8
Men	66	45	67.6	38	57.8	7	14.6	8.7 - 20.5
Women	66	44	67.7	37	56.6	7	16.4	10.2 - 22.6
Asian	265	168	63.4	158	59.6	10	6.1	4.0 - 8.2
Men	118	79	66.8	75	62.9	5	5.8	2.8 - 8.8
Women	147	89	60.7	83	56.9	6	6.2	3.3 - 9.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	286	214	75.0	197	69.2	17	7.8	4.3 - 11.3
Men	163	139	85.2	130	79.5	9	6.7	2.6 - 10.8
Women	123	75	61.5	68	55.4	7	9.8	3.7 - 15.9
Married men, spouse present	1,269	971	76.5	922	72.7	49	5.0	4.0 - 6.0
Married women, spouse present	1,259	740	58.8	710	56.4	30	4.0	3.0 - 5.0
Women who maintain families	236	180	76.4	159	67.6	21	11.5	8.2 - 14.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
West Virginia								
Total	1,442	787	54.6	739	51.3	48	6.1	5.5 - 6.7
Men	693	430	62.0	402	58.0	28	6.5	5.7 - 7.3
Women	749	358	47.7	337	45.0	20	5.7	4.9 - 6.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	100	34	34.0	27	27.3	7	19.9	16.2 - 23.6
White	1,374	748	54.5	704	51.3	44	5.9	5.3 - 6.5
Men	662	411	62.0	384	58.0	26	6.4	5.6 - 7.2
Women	711	338	47.5	320	44.9	18	5.3	4.5 - 6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	93	32	34.9	26	28.3	6	19.0	15.2 - 22.8
Black or African American	38	21	55.0	19	49.5	2	10.1	5.7 - 14.5
Women	21	11	53.0	10	45.8	2	13.6	7.1 - 20.1
Married men, spouse present	426	281	65.9	270	63.5	10	3.6	2.8 - 4.4
Married women, spouse present	400	208	52.0	201	50.2	7	3.6	2.7 - 4.5
Women who maintain families	80	42	51.8	37	46.2	4	10.8	7.7 - 13.9
Wisconsin								
Total	4,224	3,078	72.9	2,905	68.8	174	5.6	5.0 - 6.2
Men	2,063	1,608	78.0	1,506	73.0	102	6.4	5.6 - 7.2
Women	2,160	1,470	68.0	1,399	64.7	71	4.8	4.1 - 5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	319	192	60.4	165	51.9	27	14.0	10.9 - 17.1
White	3,899	2,862	73.4	2,724	69.9	138	4.8	4.3 - 5.3
Men	1,914	1,502	78.5	1,418	74.1	84	5.6	4.8 - 6.4
Women	1,985	1,360	68.5	1,306	65.8	54	3.9	3.2 - 4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	274	176	64.4	156	57.1	20	11.4	8.4 - 14.4
Black or African American	189	118	62.4	96	50.5	22	19.0	15.4 - 22.6
Men	81	53	65.5	43	53.4	10	18.5	13.9 - 23.1
Women	108	65	60.1	52	48.4	13	19.5	15.2 - 23.8
Asian	73	52	70.6	45	61.1	7	13.5	9.0 - 18.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	186	138	74.4	126	67.9	12	8.8	6.4 - 11.2
Men	108	91	84.1	84	77.3	7	8.0	5.1 - 10.9
Women	77	47	60.9	42	54.7	5	10.2	5.8 - 14.6
Married men, spouse present	1,163	917	78.8	884	76.0	33	3.6	2.8 - 4.4
Married women, spouse present	1,178	815	69.2	791	67.1	24	3.0	2.2 - 3.8
Women who maintain families	214	161	75.6	145	67.7	17	10.4	7.3 - 13.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Wyoming								
Total	387	278	72.0	266	68.8	12	4.4	3.9 - 4.9
Men	192	150	78.2	143	74.4	7	4.8	4.1 - 5.5
Women	195	128	65.8	123	63.3	5	3.9	3.2 - 4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	32	19	60.1	16	50.4	3	16.1	13.0 - 19.2
White	368	265	72.1	254	69.1	11	4.2	3.7 - 4.7
Men	183	144	78.4	137	74.7	7	4.7	4.0 - 5.4
Women	185	122	65.9	117	63.5	4	3.6	2.9 - 4.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	30	18	60.9	15	51.4	3	15.6	12.5 - 18.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	25	19	73.9	17	69.1	1	6.4	4.2 - 8.6
Men	12	9	76.5	9	71.1	1	7.0	3.8 - 10.2
Women	13	9	71.5	9	67.3	1	5.8	2.9 - 8.7
Married men, spouse present	115	94	81.4	92	79.8	2	2.0	1.4 - 2.6
Married women, spouse present	113	76	67.3	74	65.8	2	2.2	1.5 - 2.9
Women who maintain families	17	13	76.3	12	72.7	1	4.8	2.3 - 7.3

¹ Error ranges are calculated at the 90-percent confidence interval, which means that if repeated samples were drawn from the same population and an error range constructed around each sample estimate, in 9 out of 10 cases the true value based on a complete census of the population would be contained within these error ranges.

² Error ranges cannot be properly computed when the number of sample cases is very small and/or the unemployment rate is low.

³ Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area based on the sample in that area. See appendix B. Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Detail for race and Hispanic-origin groups will not add to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups. Data incorporate updated 2000 census-based population controls.

Table 15. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and over by educational attainment, 2003 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and educational attainment	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Alabama							
Less than a high school diploma	548	194	35.4	172	31.5	21	11.0
High school graduates, no college	999	626	62.7	594	59.5	32	5.1
Some college or associate degree	706	513	72.7	496	70.2	17	3.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	658	504	76.6	496	75.3	8	1.7
Alaska							
Less than a high school diploma	32	17	52.4	15	46.0	2	12.3
High school graduates, no college	122	88	72.0	80	65.6	8	8.8
Some college or associate degree	125	97	77.2	91	72.9	5	5.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	99	82	83.5	80	80.9	3	3.2
Arizona							
Less than a high school diploma	529	275	52.0	248	46.9	27	9.8
High school graduates, no college	943	583	61.8	557	59.1	26	4.4
Some college or associate degree	1,060	713	67.2	686	64.7	27	3.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	903	685	75.9	665	73.6	20	2.9
Arkansas							
Less than a high school diploma	319	117	36.7	108	33.9	9	7.8
High school graduates, no college	646	398	61.6	378	58.5	20	5.0
Some college or associate degree	441	311	70.4	300	68.1	10	3.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	324	241	74.3	234	72.3	7	2.7
California							
Less than a high school diploma	4,027	2,185	54.3	1,997	49.6	188	8.6
High school graduates, no college	5,105	3,247	63.6	3,029	59.3	218	6.7
Some college or associate degree	6,172	4,309	69.8	4,077	66.1	232	5.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	6,686	5,167	77.3	4,963	74.2	204	3.9
Colorado							
Less than a high school diploma	327	185	56.6	170	52.0	15	8.1
High school graduates, no college	780	531	68.0	505	64.7	26	4.9
Some college or associate degree	740	553	74.8	524	70.8	29	5.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,034	830	80.3	798	77.2	32	3.9
Connecticut							
Less than a high school diploma	264	109	41.2	100	37.9	9	8.0
High school graduates, no college	728	470	64.5	441	60.6	28	6.0
Some college or associate degree	502	372	74.1	357	71.1	15	4.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	798	618	77.4	601	75.3	17	2.7
Delaware							
Less than a high school diploma	67	32	48.1	31	45.9	1	4.6
High school graduates, no college	187	123	65.5	118	63.3	4	3.5
Some college or associate degree	124	88	71.1	85	68.2	4	4.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	144	109	75.6	106	73.5	3	2.8
District of Columbia							
Less than a high school diploma	57	24	42.8	21	36.3	4	15.3
High school graduates, no college	86	52	60.6	48	55.4	4	8.5
Some college or associate degree	64	44	68.6	40	62.8	4	8.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	184	148	80.4	143	77.7	5	3.4

Table 15. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and over by educational attainment, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and educational attainment	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Florida							
Less than a high school diploma	1,694	707	41.7	655	38.7	51	7.2
High school graduates, no college	3,701	2,157	58.3	2,064	55.8	93	4.3
Some college or associate degree	2,975	2,050	68.9	1,958	65.8	91	4.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	2,968	2,154	72.6	2,095	70.6	58	2.7
Georgia							
Less than a high school diploma	984	484	49.2	458	46.6	26	5.4
High school graduates, no college	1,795	1,235	68.8	1,173	65.4	62	5.0
Some college or associate degree	1,306	1,015	77.7	981	75.1	34	3.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,356	1,093	80.6	1,071	79.0	22	2.0
Hawaii							
Less than a high school diploma	92	30	32.8	28	30.7	2	6.2
High school graduates, no college	261	163	62.5	155	59.4	8	4.9
Some college or associate degree	223	167	75.2	164	73.5	4	2.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	227	178	78.5	174	76.7	4	2.2
Idaho							
Less than a high school diploma	96	48	50.4	43	44.9	5	11.0
High school graduates, no college	271	179	66.2	170	63.0	9	4.9
Some college or associate degree	272	193	71.0	186	68.3	7	3.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	190	143	75.6	139	73.4	4	2.9
Illinois							
Less than a high school diploma	1,098	494	45.0	438	39.9	56	11.4
High school graduates, no college	2,653	1,647	62.1	1,541	58.1	106	6.5
Some college or associate degree	2,007	1,498	74.6	1,411	70.3	87	5.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	2,279	1,792	78.6	1,737	76.2	55	3.1
Indiana							
Less than a high school diploma	546	245	44.8	221	40.6	23	9.6
High school graduates, no college	1,606	1,082	67.4	1,038	64.7	44	4.1
Some college or associate degree	953	729	76.5	699	73.3	30	4.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	858	678	79.1	664	77.4	14	2.1
Iowa							
Less than a high school diploma	204	82	40.1	75	36.8	7	8.3
High school graduates, no college	687	463	67.3	444	64.7	18	4.0
Some college or associate degree	523	394	75.3	381	72.8	13	3.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	487	397	81.4	390	80.0	7	1.8
Kansas							
Less than a high school diploma	180	78	43.5	71	39.4	7	9.3
High school graduates, no college	538	347	64.5	328	60.9	19	5.5
Some college or associate degree	466	352	75.5	339	72.9	13	3.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	502	407	81.1	397	79.0	10	2.6
Kentucky							
Less than a high school diploma	485	151	31.2	142	29.2	9	6.2
High school graduates, no college	993	615	61.9	583	58.7	32	5.3
Some college or associate degree	624	445	71.4	426	68.3	19	4.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	522	424	81.2	413	79.1	11	2.6

Table 15. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and over by educational attainment, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and educational attainment	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Louisiana							
Less than a high school diploma	570	236	41.4	216	37.9	20	8.6
High school graduates, no college	978	600	61.3	563	57.6	36	6.1
Some college or associate degree	593	421	71.0	405	68.4	16	3.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	567	429	75.7	416	73.4	13	3.0
Maine							
Less than a high school diploma	104	36	34.0	32	30.8	3	9.5
High school graduates, no college	339	221	65.3	210	62.1	11	4.9
Some college or associate degree	220	160	72.5	155	70.1	5	3.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	217	168	77.3	164	75.4	4	2.4
Maryland							
Less than a high school diploma	449	209	46.5	198	44.0	11	5.4
High school graduates, no college	1,072	697	65.0	669	62.4	28	4.0
Some college or associate degree	772	582	75.4	563	72.9	19	3.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,264	1,020	80.7	994	78.6	26	2.5
Massachusetts							
Less than a high school diploma	510	193	37.9	176	34.6	17	8.8
High school graduates, no college	1,312	834	63.6	789	60.2	44	5.3
Some college or associate degree	879	643	73.1	608	69.2	34	5.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,582	1,286	81.3	1,236	78.1	50	3.9
Michigan							
Less than a high school diploma	823	286	34.7	253	30.7	33	11.6
High school graduates, no college	2,278	1,408	61.8	1,296	56.9	112	7.9
Some college or associate degree	1,809	1,307	72.2	1,233	68.2	74	5.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,470	1,155	78.6	1,115	75.8	40	3.5
Minnesota							
Less than a high school diploma	263	114	43.2	105	40.0	8	7.3
High school graduates, no college	899	619	68.9	588	65.3	32	5.2
Some college or associate degree	1,002	813	81.1	778	77.7	35	4.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,052	870	82.7	848	80.6	22	2.5
Mississippi							
Less than a high school diploma	332	136	41.1	125	37.8	11	8.0
High school graduates, no college	594	375	63.0	354	59.6	21	5.5
Some college or associate degree	504	356	70.6	336	66.7	20	5.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	330	256	77.7	253	76.8	3	1.2
Missouri							
Less than a high school diploma	435	164	37.7	148	34.1	16	9.5
High school graduates, no college	1,207	797	66.0	756	62.6	41	5.1
Some college or associate degree	1,001	755	75.4	720	72.0	35	4.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	995	789	79.4	769	77.3	20	2.6
Montana							
Less than a high school diploma	60	23	38.6	20	34.1	3	11.7
High school graduates, no college	207	133	64.6	127	61.6	6	4.5
Some college or associate degree	176	120	68.1	116	66.2	3	2.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	155	119	76.9	117	75.5	2	1.8

Table 15. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and over by educational attainment, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and educational attainment	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Nebraska							
Less than a high school diploma	107	52	48.3	46	43.2	5	10.6
High school graduates, no college	364	252	69.4	246	67.6	7	2.6
Some college or associate degree	330	257	77.8	250	75.6	7	2.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	275	230	83.8	227	82.6	3	1.5
Nevada							
Less than a high school diploma	214	127	59.6	119	55.7	8	6.6
High school graduates, no college	490	324	66.1	308	63.0	15	4.7
Some college or associate degree	393	282	71.7	271	68.9	11	4.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	330	244	74.0	236	71.5	8	3.3
New Hampshire							
Less than a high school diploma	81	34	42.3	33	40.6	1	3.9
High school graduates, no college	279	191	68.6	183	65.8	8	4.2
Some college or associate degree	216	166	76.7	160	74.0	6	3.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	286	230	80.6	224	78.5	6	2.6
New Jersey							
Less than a high school diploma	757	315	41.6	285	37.6	30	9.5
High school graduates, no college	1,894	1,166	61.6	1,106	58.4	60	5.2
Some college or associate degree	1,078	804	74.5	762	70.6	42	5.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,907	1,527	80.1	1,470	77.1	57	3.7
New Mexico							
Less than a high school diploma	200	90	44.7	83	41.3	7	7.5
High school graduates, no college	356	231	64.8	217	61.1	13	5.8
Some college or associate degree	333	231	69.4	218	65.6	13	5.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	267	202	75.7	197	73.7	5	2.6
New York							
Less than a high school diploma	1,962	808	41.2	725	36.9	83	10.3
High school graduates, no college	4,179	2,491	59.6	2,360	56.5	130	5.2
Some college or associate degree	2,595	1,839	70.8	1,738	67.0	101	5.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	3,773	2,889	76.6	2,781	73.7	108	3.7
North Carolina							
Less than a high school diploma	950	430	45.2	387	40.7	43	10.0
High school graduates, no college	1,742	1,153	66.2	1,086	62.3	67	5.8
Some college or associate degree	1,335	1,004	75.2	954	71.5	49	4.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,336	1,045	78.2	1,018	76.2	27	2.6
North Dakota							
Less than a high school diploma	43	14	31.7	12	28.6	1	9.8
High school graduates, no college	127	88	69.4	84	66.7	3	3.9
Some college or associate degree	133	101	75.5	97	73.1	3	3.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	100	84	84.5	83	83.0	1	1.7
Ohio							
Less than a high school diploma	899	353	39.3	318	35.3	35	10.0
High school graduates, no college	2,936	1,859	63.3	1,750	59.6	109	5.9
Some college or associate degree	1,739	1,300	74.7	1,242	71.4	57	4.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,803	1,443	80.0	1,403	77.8	40	2.8

Table 15. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and over by educational attainment, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and educational attainment	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Oklahoma							
Less than a high school diploma	310	123	39.6	113	36.5	10	7.8
High school graduates, no college	765	463	60.5	441	57.7	22	4.7
Some college or associate degree	586	420	71.8	402	68.7	18	4.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	520	405	77.7	391	75.1	14	3.4
Oregon							
Less than a high school diploma	283	147	52.0	129	45.6	18	12.4
High school graduates, no college	675	427	63.2	399	59.0	28	6.6
Some college or associate degree	760	550	72.4	513	67.5	37	6.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	617	458	74.2	436	70.6	22	4.8
Pennsylvania							
Less than a high school diploma	1,078	357	33.1	330	30.6	27	7.4
High school graduates, no college	3,450	2,092	60.6	1,978	57.3	113	5.4
Some college or associate degree	1,524	1,122	73.6	1,063	69.8	59	5.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	2,135	1,690	79.2	1,648	77.2	42	2.5
Rhode Island							
Less than a high school diploma	127	53	41.6	48	37.8	5	9.2
High school graduates, no college	226	144	63.8	137	60.5	7	5.1
Some college or associate degree	155	116	75.1	112	72.0	5	4.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	202	165	81.6	160	79.1	5	3.1
South Carolina							
Less than a high school diploma	489	185	37.8	165	33.8	20	10.6
High school graduates, no college	847	565	66.7	535	63.1	30	5.4
Some college or associate degree	637	470	73.8	446	70.1	23	5.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	624	464	74.4	452	72.4	12	2.7
South Dakota							
Less than a high school diploma	49	21	43.1	20	39.9	2	7.4
High school graduates, no college	169	120	70.8	116	68.6	4	3.1
Some college or associate degree	137	110	80.1	107	77.8	3	2.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	115	97	84.6	96	83.6	1	1.2
Tennessee							
Less than a high school diploma	663	241	36.4	221	33.4	20	8.3
High school graduates, no college	1,307	874	66.9	828	63.4	46	5.3
Some college or associate degree	889	629	70.8	595	66.9	34	5.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	942	728	77.3	713	75.7	15	2.0
Texas							
Less than a high school diploma	2,977	1,591	53.4	1,464	49.2	126	7.9
High school graduates, no college	3,628	2,495	68.8	2,344	64.6	151	6.0
Some college or associate degree	3,367	2,505	74.4	2,371	70.4	134	5.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	3,282	2,616	79.7	2,524	76.9	92	3.5
Utah							
Less than a high school diploma	125	76	61.1	69	55.4	7	9.2
High school graduates, no college	367	244	66.6	234	63.9	10	4.2
Some college or associate degree	429	311	72.6	297	69.4	14	4.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	354	276	78.1	270	76.2	7	2.4

Table 15. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 25 years and over by educational attainment, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and educational attainment	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Vermont							
Less than a high school diploma	45	18	39.8	17	37.3	1	6.4
High school graduates, no college	149	104	70.2	100	67.2	4	4.2
Some college or associate degree	91	70	76.4	67	73.3	3	4.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	133	107	80.7	105	78.6	3	2.6
Virginia							
Less than a high school diploma	587	294	50.1	274	46.7	20	6.8
High school graduates, no college	1,395	915	65.6	885	63.4	30	3.3
Some college or associate degree	1,108	803	72.4	780	70.4	22	2.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,565	1,224	78.2	1,199	76.6	25	2.1
Washington							
Less than a high school diploma	391	193	49.3	169	43.2	24	12.4
High school graduates, no college	1,095	678	61.9	632	57.7	46	6.8
Some college or associate degree	1,233	862	69.9	803	65.1	59	6.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	1,196	897	75.0	863	72.2	34	3.8
West Virginia							
Less than a high school diploma	245	62	25.3	56	22.8	6	9.9
High school graduates, no college	537	297	55.4	282	52.4	16	5.4
Some college or associate degree	260	172	66.2	165	63.4	7	4.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	199	151	76.0	147	74.1	4	2.5
Wisconsin							
Less than a high school diploma	379	164	43.2	147	38.8	17	10.4
High school graduates, no college	1,279	905	70.7	853	66.7	51	5.7
Some college or associate degree	981	779	79.4	750	76.4	30	3.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	890	717	80.5	697	78.4	19	2.7
Wyoming							
Less than a high school diploma	31	14	44.0	12	39.6	1	10.1
High school graduates, no college	117	82	69.7	79	67.3	3	3.4
Some college or associate degree	108	84	77.3	82	75.7	2	2.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	66	53	80.9	52	79.5	1	1.8

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding.

Table 16. States: Employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
TOTAL										
Alabama	1,723	1,519	152	52	299	35	246	19	108	16
Alaska	250	202	31	17	55	9	41	5	22	5
Arizona	2,090	1,833	180	77	450	53	366	31	117	34
Arkansas	996	873	89	34	191	25	154	11	67	11
California	13,408	11,815	1,155	438	2,875	465	2,223	187	1,004	173
Colorado	1,899	1,653	179	68	429	56	344	29	123	26
Connecticut	1,346	1,171	122	53	358	47	285	27	80	20
Delaware	338	295	31	12	61	5	52	3	16	2
District of Columbia	254	223	23	8	27	6	19	2	19	2
Florida	6,552	5,936	431	185	1,191	183	939	69	355	65
Georgia	3,654	3,275	258	122	553	78	438	36	187	21
Hawaii	487	427	43	17	105	18	80	6	22	5
Idaho	510	442	54	15	145	19	115	10	31	7
Illinois	4,907	4,346	392	169	1,000	121	824	56	366	57
Indiana	2,488	2,209	196	83	537	56	440	41	140	23
Iowa	1,217	1,057	118	42	323	21	278	23	55	17
Kansas	1,073	930	110	32	284	29	238	17	63	14
Kentucky	1,510	1,304	148	58	326	39	266	21	98	22
Louisiana	1,617	1,423	128	65	287	37	233	18	120	14
Maine	509	429	57	23	149	17	123	9	29	6
Maryland	2,336	2,042	217	77	438	45	369	24	111	20
Massachusetts	2,558	2,216	242	101	659	54	568	37	163	35
Michigan	3,694	3,196	350	148	980	137	780	63	304	64
Minnesota	2,175	1,867	222	87	602	64	501	37	114	32
Mississippi	1,051	921	93	37	178	27	138	12	73	11
Missouri	2,351	2,075	196	79	500	50	422	28	147	23
Montana	354	300	39	14	99	13	79	7	18	5
Nebraska	750	654	74	21	187	19	157	11	31	8
Nevada	941	843	72	26	141	26	107	8	51	8
New Hampshire	550	482	47	21	139	10	120	8	23	7
New Jersey	3,454	3,080	254	120	664	72	554	38	222	35
New Mexico	666	585	59	23	174	24	139	10	48	9
New York	7,215	6,341	593	281	1,511	206	1,229	76	502	87
North Carolina	3,286	2,887	296	104	671	99	520	52	238	35
North Dakota	264	227	27	9	69	5	60	4	11	2
Ohio	4,402	3,775	441	187	1,149	136	935	78	287	76
Oklahoma	1,324	1,162	120	42	276	29	230	17	82	14
Oregon	1,360	1,184	131	45	347	60	266	20	126	26
Pennsylvania	4,707	4,156	388	164	1,119	114	937	68	276	68
Rhode Island	422	351	49	21	121	11	102	8	25	6
South Carolina	1,566	1,383	128	55	300	42	243	15	112	24
South Dakota	332	289	34	9	77	7	67	4	13	3
Tennessee	2,312	2,015	212	85	429	53	343	33	142	27
Texas	8,602	7,570	732	300	1,570	274	1,208	89	624	113
Utah	834	724	85	25	284	34	231	19	46	20
Vermont	263	225	29	10	72	6	61	4	12	4
Virginia	3,055	2,712	261	82	565	53	477	35	127	26
Washington	2,293	1,964	249	80	610	94	468	48	196	41
West Virginia	622	538	56	28	117	21	89	8	42	6
Wisconsin	2,297	2,013	208	77	607	65	507	36	140	33
Wyoming	215	186	19	9	52	6	42	4	10	2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: Employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹							Unemployed		
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers			Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²				Not at work
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
Men										
Alabama	984	883	78	23	80	14	61	5	55	6
Alaska	142	117	16	10	18	4	12	2	14	2
Arizona	1,263	1,141	90	32	148	28	113	7	67	14
Arkansas	579	512	49	18	67	10	53	4	40	5
California	7,971	7,137	617	217	957	212	701	44	588	84
Colorado	1,129	994	97	38	144	29	108	7	74	11
Connecticut	770	684	60	26	114	23	83	7	49	9
Delaware	186	166	15	5	19	2	15	1	8	1
District of Columbia	128	114	11	3	10	3	7	1	10	1
Florida	3,716	3,422	212	81	420	83	316	21	184	28
Georgia	2,064	1,864	137	62	189	40	139	11	106	12
Hawaii	266	237	21	8	42	9	30	2	13	2
Idaho	310	273	30	7	47	8	36	3	19	3
Illinois	2,809	2,537	196	76	316	56	247	13	228	26
Indiana	1,446	1,307	97	42	170	21	138	11	88	10
Iowa	702	625	56	21	106	10	89	7	34	7
Kansas	610	537	57	16	101	14	82	6	36	5
Kentucky	860	762	70	27	113	17	90	6	56	12
Louisiana	898	805	61	31	89	14	70	5	70	4
Maine	292	253	27	12	46	7	37	2	19	2
Maryland	1,280	1,136	105	39	143	22	113	8	60	7
Massachusetts	1,489	1,321	119	50	183	25	147	11	102	12
Michigan	2,155	1,896	182	77	307	60	227	20	187	31
Minnesota	1,254	1,098	112	44	193	32	151	11	73	15
Mississippi	586	520	49	17	63	11	48	4	36	5
Missouri	1,331	1,194	99	38	156	22	129	5	83	8
Montana	207	179	20	8	32	6	24	2	10	2
Nebraska	433	388	35	10	58	10	45	3	19	3
Nevada	557	507	39	12	49	10	35	4	28	3
New Hampshire	329	294	24	11	38	4	33	2	14	3
New Jersey	1,999	1,817	122	60	184	33	143	8	128	15
New Mexico	375	335	32	9	61	11	47	2	27	3
New York	4,083	3,673	278	132	487	95	368	24	287	32
North Carolina	1,872	1,671	152	49	231	46	169	16	128	15
North Dakota	153	135	14	4	21	2	18	1	8	1
Ohio	2,553	2,222	231	99	372	64	286	22	172	30
Oklahoma	755	680	55	20	104	14	85	5	48	5
Oregon	807	715	69	24	109	25	78	7	81	13
Pennsylvania	2,724	2,438	200	85	337	53	268	16	165	31
Rhode Island	238	204	23	11	39	5	31	3	14	3
South Carolina	863	774	66	23	108	17	86	6	60	10
South Dakota	188	170	14	4	25	3	21	1	7	1
Tennessee	1,317	1,164	114	39	145	30	106	9	75	10
Texas	5,036	4,501	393	143	563	138	397	28	363	51
Utah	518	458	48	13	94	16	73	5	29	9
Vermont	150	131	15	5	24	3	20	2	7	2
Virginia	1,682	1,506	134	42	189	26	156	6	68	13
Washington	1,365	1,194	129	41	180	42	124	14	120	17
West Virginia	365	321	28	16	37	9	26	2	26	2
Wisconsin	1,316	1,175	100	41	190	31	149	10	88	14
Wyoming	127	113	10	4	16	2	12	1	6	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: Employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
Women										
Alabama	739	636	74	29	219	21	185	14	54	11
Alaska	107	85	15	7	38	5	29	3	8	3
Arizona	827	692	90	45	302	25	253	24	50	20
Arkansas	417	361	40	16	123	15	101	7	28	6
California	5,436	4,678	538	220	1,918	253	1,522	143	416	90
Colorado	771	659	81	30	284	27	236	22	49	15
Connecticut	576	487	61	27	244	24	201	19	31	11
Delaware	152	129	16	7	42	3	37	2	8	1
District of Columbia	126	108	13	5	17	3	12	1	9	1
Florida	2,836	2,513	219	104	772	100	623	49	171	37
Georgia	1,591	1,410	120	60	363	38	300	25	81	9
Hawaii	221	190	22	9	63	9	50	4	9	3
Idaho	201	169	24	8	98	12	79	7	12	3
Illinois	2,099	1,809	196	94	684	65	577	42	138	31
Indiana	1,042	902	99	41	367	35	302	30	52	13
Iowa	515	432	61	22	217	11	190	16	21	10
Kansas	462	393	53	16	183	15	156	11	27	9
Kentucky	651	542	78	31	212	22	176	15	42	10
Louisiana	719	618	67	33	198	23	162	12	50	9
Maine	217	176	30	11	103	11	85	7	10	4
Maryland	1,056	905	112	39	295	22	256	16	51	13
Massachusetts	1,069	895	123	51	476	29	421	27	61	23
Michigan	1,539	1,300	168	71	673	77	553	43	117	33
Minnesota	921	769	109	43	409	33	350	27	41	17
Mississippi	465	401	44	20	115	16	90	9	36	5
Missouri	1,020	881	97	41	344	28	293	22	64	15
Montana	147	122	19	7	67	7	55	5	7	2
Nebraska	317	266	39	11	129	10	112	8	12	5
Nevada	384	336	33	14	92	16	72	5	23	5
New Hampshire	220	188	22	10	100	6	88	6	10	4
New Jersey	1,454	1,263	132	60	481	40	412	30	94	20
New Mexico	291	250	27	14	113	13	92	8	21	6
New York	3,133	2,669	315	149	1,024	111	861	52	215	55
North Carolina	1,414	1,216	144	54	440	53	351	36	110	19
North Dakota	110	92	13	5	48	3	43	3	3	1
Ohio	1,850	1,553	209	88	777	72	649	56	115	46
Oklahoma	569	483	65	22	172	15	145	12	34	9
Oregon	553	470	62	21	237	35	189	14	45	13
Pennsylvania	1,984	1,718	188	79	782	62	669	51	111	38
Rhode Island	184	147	27	10	82	6	70	6	11	3
South Carolina	703	609	62	32	192	25	157	9	52	14
South Dakota	144	120	20	5	52	4	45	3	5	1
Tennessee	994	851	98	45	284	23	237	24	67	17
Texas	3,566	3,069	339	158	1,007	135	810	62	261	63
Utah	316	266	37	12	189	18	158	14	17	12
Vermont	113	94	14	5	47	3	41	3	5	2
Virginia	1,372	1,206	127	40	376	27	321	28	59	14
Washington	928	770	120	39	430	52	344	34	76	23
West Virginia	257	217	28	12	80	12	62	6	17	4
Wisconsin	981	838	108	36	417	34	357	26	52	19
Wyoming	87	73	9	5	36	3	30	2	4	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: Employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹							Unemployed		
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers			Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²				Not at work
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years										
Alabama	23	19	4	(³)	61	3	54	4	11	9
Alaska	6	5	1	(³)	10	1	8	(³)	3	2
Arizona	41	35	6	1	73	4	69	1	14	15
Arkansas	14	13	2	(³)	33	2	29	2	7	5
California	190	156	29	6	413	31	366	17	75	68
Colorado	34	26	6	2	66	7	56	3	12	10
Connecticut	18	14	3	1	58	5	51	3	5	10
Delaware	7	5	2	(³)	13	1	12	(³)	2	1
District of Columbia	1	1	(³)	(³)	2	1	2	(³)	1	(³)
Florida	106	93	12	1	197	13	179	5	32	25
Georgia	49	42	5	1	81	5	74	2	15	10
Hawaii	5	4	(³)	(³)	17	2	14	1	2	2
Idaho	14	13	1	(³)	27	3	24	1	3	2
Illinois	52	43	8	1	178	11	160	6	21	27
Indiana	41	35	6	1	107	6	95	5	12	12
Iowa	21	14	6	1	72	2	66	4	6	9
Kansas	17	15	2	(³)	57	3	52	3	7	8
Kentucky	29	25	3	1	60	4	54	2	13	12
Louisiana	28	22	4	2	45	6	38	1	16	5
Maine	9	7	2	(³)	26	2	23	1	3	3
Maryland	35	29	5	1	78	9	67	2	12	9
Massachusetts	29	24	5	(³)	97	4	91	2	12	12
Michigan	72	61	9	1	182	14	158	9	27	27
Minnesota	37	30	6	1	117	5	108	5	10	15
Mississippi	15	11	3	(³)	35	2	31	2	5	4
Missouri	43	36	5	1	104	9	91	4	22	11
Montana	11	8	2	(³)	16	2	14	1	2	2
Nebraska	13	11	2	(³)	39	3	34	2	4	4
Nevada	19	16	3	(³)	23	3	20	1	4	3
New Hampshire	8	7	1	(³)	27	1	25	1	2	3
New Jersey	42	36	6	1	101	4	95	2	13	14
New Mexico	11	9	1	(³)	24	1	21	1	6	4
New York	75	64	9	1	244	17	219	8	32	32
North Carolina	40	33	6	1	99	9	85	5	27	11
North Dakota	6	5	1	(³)	15	1	14	(³)	2	1
Ohio	76	58	16	2	225	17	200	7	29	34
Oklahoma	25	21	3	(³)	58	3	54	2	10	6
Oregon	22	16	5	1	35	6	28	1	12	9
Pennsylvania	74	64	8	2	195	15	171	10	18	29
Rhode Island	6	4	1	(³)	22	1	20	1	1	2
South Carolina	27	23	3	1	61	4	55	2	14	7
South Dakota	8	6	2	(³)	17	1	16	1	1	1
Tennessee	39	32	6	1	70	5	62	3	14	13
Texas	130	108	21	1	259	27	222	11	59	47
Utah	23	20	2	(³)	57	4	50	3	6	10
Vermont	4	3	1	(³)	12	1	10	1	1	1
Virginia	55	48	6	1	100	8	89	2	12	11
Washington	45	38	6	1	90	10	75	6	18	20
West Virginia	8	6	2	(³)	19	2	16	1	5	2
Wisconsin	35	28	5	1	131	8	117	5	13	14
Wyoming	5	5	1	(³)	11	1	9	(³)	2	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: Employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
White										
Alabama	1,296	1,144	113	39	227	18	193	16	58	6
Alaska	194	157	24	13	42	5	33	4	13	3
Arizona	1,915	1,683	161	71	406	48	328	29	102	29
Arkansas	830	734	69	27	152	14	129	10	42	7
California	10,535	9,242	944	349	2,262	359	1,764	140	699	136
Colorado	1,717	1,491	164	61	394	48	319	28	105	22
Connecticut	1,155	1,006	103	47	316	38	253	24	62	16
Delaware	265	231	25	9	50	4	43	3	11	2
District of Columbia	122	108	10	4	13	2	9	1	4	1
Florida	5,325	4,839	343	144	996	138	798	60	242	51
Georgia	2,550	2,274	190	86	389	42	322	25	100	13
Hawaii	95	81	10	4	25	3	20	2	5	1
Idaho	484	420	50	14	137	18	110	9	28	7
Illinois	4,071	3,588	337	146	865	92	722	50	256	44
Indiana	2,242	1,986	179	77	500	49	413	38	115	21
Iowa	1,160	1,006	114	40	302	19	261	22	50	16
Kansas	973	844	99	29	252	23	213	15	45	11
Kentucky	1,367	1,178	136	53	295	31	245	19	84	19
Louisiana	1,130	996	89	45	195	16	166	13	58	9
Maine	494	416	56	22	145	17	119	9	28	6
Maryland	1,503	1,307	142	54	334	26	288	20	54	14
Massachusetts	2,302	1,992	218	92	597	46	516	35	138	29
Michigan	3,110	2,703	286	121	867	111	699	56	228	51
Minnesota	2,013	1,727	206	80	566	57	473	36	96	27
Mississippi	705	618	59	28	118	11	99	8	26	7
Missouri	2,050	1,807	175	68	451	42	385	24	103	16
Montana	331	282	36	13	91	10	73	7	14	4
Nebraska	708	617	70	21	175	17	148	10	26	7
Nevada	795	713	59	23	121	21	92	7	39	7
New Hampshire	522	457	45	20	135	9	117	8	22	7
New Jersey	2,731	2,430	206	96	568	51	484	33	148	29
New Mexico	580	509	51	20	156	21	126	9	38	8
New York	5,537	4,866	455	215	1,251	152	1,034	65	324	61
North Carolina	2,526	2,224	224	78	517	70	403	44	129	21
North Dakota	250	216	26	8	66	5	58	4	9	2
Ohio	3,867	3,325	378	164	1,019	109	839	71	215	62
Oklahoma	1,075	949	92	34	221	18	190	13	59	11
Oregon	1,235	1,076	119	40	315	55	243	17	109	21
Pennsylvania	4,219	3,723	351	145	1,027	96	869	63	216	60
Rhode Island	384	319	45	19	110	9	93	8	21	4
South Carolina	1,129	991	94	44	229	25	192	12	59	14
South Dakota	312	272	31	8	73	6	64	4	10	2
Tennessee	1,900	1,652	178	70	356	36	292	29	92	20
Texas	7,222	6,354	614	254	1,341	224	1,043	75	463	93
Utah	790	686	80	24	271	32	221	18	42	19
Vermont	256	219	28	10	69	6	59	4	12	3
Virginia	2,343	2,062	216	65	443	35	381	27	68	14
Washington	1,990	1,704	217	69	537	80	414	44	162	36
West Virginia	595	516	52	27	109	19	84	7	39	5
Wisconsin	2,152	1,886	194	72	572	57	482	33	110	28
Wyoming	205	178	18	9	49	5	41	3	9	2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: Employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
Black or African American										
Alabama	379	333	34	12	62	14	45	3	48	9
Alaska	8	7	1	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Arizona	63	55	5	3	10	2	7	1	5	2
Arkansas	132	112	15	5	31	9	20	1	22	3
California	792	705	60	28	157	27	115	14	113	16
Colorado	75	66	6	3	12	4	7	(³)	8	1
Connecticut	121	106	12	4	28	8	19	1	14	3
Delaware	62	54	5	2	8	1	7	(³)	5	1
District of Columbia	122	106	12	4	14	4	9	1	15	1
Florida	976	869	71	36	144	37	101	6	102	11
Georgia	983	890	62	31	140	33	97	10	80	8
Hawaii	8	7	1	(³)	2	1	2	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Idaho	4	3	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Illinois	601	543	42	16	94	22	69	4	95	10
Indiana	194	177	13	5	30	6	22	2	23	2
Iowa	17	16	1	1	5	1	4	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Kansas	48	42	5	1	10	2	8	1	10	1
Kentucky	106	93	9	4	22	5	15	2	10	2
Louisiana	456	401	38	18	85	21	60	5	61	5
Maine	3	3	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Maryland	657	577	61	18	79	16	61	3	50	3
Massachusetts	132	115	12	5	36	6	29	1	18	5
Michigan	443	375	48	20	76	22	50	4	64	10
Minnesota	64	54	7	3	19	6	12	1	7	3
Mississippi	331	288	33	9	57	16	37	4	45	3
Missouri	226	199	18	8	36	7	27	3	38	5
Nebraska	20	18	2	(³)	5	(³)	4	(³)	3	(³)
Nevada	54	47	4	2	8	2	5	(³)	5	(³)
New Hampshire	5	4	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
New Jersey	460	409	35	16	67	19	46	2	58	5
New Mexico	12	10	1	(³)	3	1	2	(³)	2	(³)
New York	1,109	970	94	45	173	41	125	7	147	20
North Carolina	609	537	51	20	119	24	91	5	94	11
North Dakota	3	2	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Ohio	429	361	49	19	96	22	69	5	59	12
Oklahoma	79	70	7	2	19	4	13	1	9	1
Oregon	19	15	2	2	3	(³)	2	1	4	1
Pennsylvania	372	330	27	15	66	16	48	3	51	5
Rhode Island	21	18	2	1	4	1	3	(³)	3	1
South Carolina	413	370	33	10	65	17	46	3	51	10
South Dakota	3	3	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Tennessee	353	310	29	13	56	16	38	3	45	6
Texas	926	814	80	32	145	37	100	8	124	14
Utah	8	7	1	(³)	2	(³)	2	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Vermont	2	2	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Virginia	526	476	38	12	95	16	74	5	47	11
Washington	61	52	7	3	14	4	9	1	12	2
West Virginia	14	12	2	1	4	1	3	(³)	2	(³)
Wisconsin	77	65	8	3	19	4	13	1	19	4
Wyoming	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: Employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹							Unemployed		
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers			Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²				Not at work
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
Asian										
Alabama	14	13	1	(³)	2	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Alaska	14	12	2	1	2	(³)	2	(³)	1	(³)
Arizona	44	40	3	(³)	14	(³)	14	1	2	1
Arkansas	11	10	1	1	3	1	3	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
California	1,628	1,480	107	41	326	54	250	23	146	15
Colorado	49	45	3	1	9	2	7	(³)	3	(³)
Connecticut	48	42	5	1	9	(³)	8	1	1	(³)
Delaware	7	7	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
District of Columbia	7	6	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Florida	147	136	9	2	31	4	25	2	6	2
Georgia	93	87	4	1	19	3	15	(³)	4	(³)
Hawaii	259	230	20	9	44	8	34	2	7	2
Idaho	5	4	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Illinois	181	167	9	5	32	5	25	2	10	2
Indiana	32	30	2	(³)	4	1	3	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Iowa	21	18	1	1	9	(³)	8	1	1	(³)
Kansas	20	19	1	(³)	11	1	10	1	3	(³)
Kentucky	25	23	1	1	4	1	3	(³)	1	(³)
Louisiana	17	15	1	1	4	(³)	4	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Maine	4	4	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Maryland	136	123	10	3	18	2	15	1	5	2
Massachusetts	102	90	10	2	19	1	16	1	7	1
Michigan	83	72	7	4	18	1	17	1	3	1
Minnesota	73	66	5	2	10	1	9	(³)	5	2
Mississippi	5	5	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Missouri	49	47	1	1	5	(³)	4	1	2	1
Montana	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Nebraska	11	10	1	(³)	4	(³)	3	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Nevada	57	52	4	1	7	1	6	(³)	3	(³)
New Hampshire	16	15	1	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
New Jersey	223	206	11	6	23	3	19	2	13	1
New Mexico	7	6	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
New York	493	440	35	18	72	10	60	2	23	2
North Carolina	58	53	5	(³)	16	2	12	2	4	1
North Dakota	2	2	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Ohio	70	59	8	3	18	1	16	1	6	1
Oklahoma	17	15	1	(³)	3	(³)	3	1	(⁴)	(⁴)
Oregon	55	50	4	1	11	2	8	2	4	2
Pennsylvania	91	84	5	2	20	2	16	2	6	2
Rhode Island	11	9	1	(³)	5	(³)	4	(³)	(³)	(³)
South Carolina	9	9	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
South Dakota	2	2	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Tennessee	33	30	3	(³)	14	1	12	1	1	1
Texas	269	245	18	6	42	6	33	3	21	3
Utah	16	14	1	(³)	4	1	4	(³)	1	(³)
Vermont	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Virginia	154	143	7	4	19	1	16	2	6	1
Washington	126	110	12	4	32	5	25	2	9	1
West Virginia	5	5	(³)	(³)	1	1	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Wisconsin	37	36	1	1	8	2	5	1	6	1
Wyoming	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: Employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹								Unemployed	
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity										
Alabama	27	26	1	(³)	6	2	4	(³)	2	(³)
Alaska	12	10	1	1	3	1	2	(³)	1	(³)
Arizona	563	501	49	13	91	18	71	2	45	8
Arkansas	40	38	2	(³)	5	1	4	(³)	4	(³)
California	4,178	3,684	367	126	771	214	519	38	342	53
Colorado	325	285	29	11	65	17	44	3	31	8
Connecticut	113	98	12	3	28	10	17	1	14	2
Delaware	23	20	3	1	2	(³)	1	(³)	2	(³)
District of Columbia	25	22	2	1	3	1	2	(³)	2	(³)
Florida	1,286	1,188	71	27	204	62	132	10	94	11
Georgia	218	191	22	5	28	11	18	(³)	12	3
Hawaii	28	24	4	1	8	2	6	(³)	3	(³)
Idaho	44	40	4	1	8	3	5	1	4	1
Illinois	610	551	42	17	84	22	58	3	63	6
Indiana	95	86	7	2	11	3	8	1	4	1
Iowa	52	45	5	2	12	3	8	1	5	1
Kansas	60	52	6	2	18	4	14	(³)	5	1
Kentucky	16	15	1	(³)	5	2	3	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Louisiana	54	48	3	3	8	2	5	1	2	(³)
Maine	5	4	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Maryland	171	153	15	3	22	8	13	1	10	1
Massachusetts	163	140	17	6	35	7	27	2	21	3
Michigan	122	106	11	4	24	5	18	1	13	2
Minnesota	62	54	6	2	17	9	8	(³)	4	(³)
Mississippi	15	13	1	1	2	1	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Missouri	59	54	4	1	13	4	10	(³)	5	1
Montana	9	8	1	(³)	4	1	3	(³)	1	(³)
Nebraska	42	37	5	1	9	3	5	(³)	5	1
Nevada	211	192	16	3	24	9	15	1	13	1
New Hampshire	9	7	1	(³)	3	(³)	2	(³)	1	(³)
New Jersey	459	412	34	13	71	18	50	3	43	3
New Mexico	298	261	28	9	70	12	55	3	25	4
New York	1,078	968	78	32	155	38	111	6	110	12
North Carolina	250	223	24	3	32	14	18	1	22	2
North Dakota	3	2	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Ohio	132	111	17	5	25	5	19	1	8	1
Oklahoma	60	54	5	2	12	1	11	1	4	1
Oregon	138	118	15	5	24	9	15	1	15	4
Pennsylvania	140	128	8	4	31	6	23	2	13	3
Rhode Island	37	32	4	1	7	2	5	(³)	5	1
South Carolina	37	33	4	1	4	2	2	(³)	5	(³)
South Dakota	5	4	(³)	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Tennessee	71	65	5	1	10	3	7	(³)	3	(³)
Texas	2,860	2,533	245	82	522	139	367	16	236	42
Utah	92	79	11	2	14	5	8	1	9	2
Vermont	2	2	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Virginia	161	142	17	2	25	9	15	1	13	1
Washington	172	154	14	4	25	8	16	2	15	2
West Virginia	8	6	1	(³)	1	(³)	1	(³)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Wisconsin	108	96	9	3	18	6	11	1	11	1
Wyoming	14	12	1	(³)	4	1	3	(³)	1	(³)

¹ Employed persons are classified as full- or part-time workers based on their usual weekly hours at all jobs regardless of the number of hours they are at work during the reference week. Persons absent from work are classified according to their usual status.

² Includes some persons at work 35 hours or more classified by their reason for working part time.

³ Less than 500 persons.

⁴ Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS

publication standard of reliability for the particular area, based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 17. States: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by occupation, 2003 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Civilian Labor Force											
Alabama	2,134	272	399	313	230	302	(²)	131	86	235	146
Alaska	330	41	66	57	29	48	7	27	15	14	26
Arizona	2,676	404	518	439	381	369	(²)	173	99	144	132
Arkansas	1,258	164	203	187	142	166	(²)	68	56	138	110
California	17,356	2,488	3,590	2,755	2,093	2,526	291	955	578	1,112	967
Colorado	2,470	406	498	395	301	330	(²)	175	82	122	144
Connecticut	1,796	284	410	273	207	272	(²)	101	49	120	80
Delaware	416	63	82	65	44	69	(²)	26	14	26	25
District of Columbia	301	60	100	48	19	43	(²)	11	4	(²)	12
Florida	8,126	1,139	1,506	1,467	1,088	1,212	50	569	309	342	441
Georgia	4,401	624	827	622	549	570	(²)	326	192	372	305
Hawaii	616	88	107	131	67	96	(²)	38	24	21	36
Idaho	691	81	123	125	79	95	21	50	30	42	45
Illinois	6,306	882	1,214	989	705	925	(²)	391	239	491	448
Indiana	3,177	401	538	467	356	449	(²)	194	147	361	250
Iowa	1,609	229	303	248	171	238	(²)	73	55	164	105
Kansas	1,429	218	281	227	153	197	(²)	86	58	110	86
Kentucky	1,950	249	362	323	214	267	(²)	104	79	186	146
Louisiana	2,027	222	389	379	237	275	(²)	160	91	135	126
Maine	691	83	132	122	77	92	12	45	30	56	42
Maryland	2,894	515	707	447	303	406	(²)	169	82	111	147
Massachusetts	3,402	554	824	531	369	463	(²)	213	95	200	142
Michigan	5,024	601	961	888	523	694	(²)	282	169	568	316
Minnesota	2,917	497	622	421	328	390	(²)	186	93	202	161
Mississippi	1,308	142	218	219	134	178	(²)	91	56	145	104
Missouri	3,009	408	599	479	371	438	(²)	208	111	189	197
Montana	474	83	82	83	51	61	11	39	17	21	27
Nebraska	974	165	170	149	112	140	(²)	58	40	63	61
Nevada	1,136	138	165	284	148	147	(²)	99	43	49	61
New Hampshire	718	109	162	99	91	90	(²)	43	28	56	34
New Jersey	4,359	729	951	626	539	675	(²)	208	123	204	291
New Mexico	894	113	185	161	99	117	15	70	36	40	58
New York	9,270	1,263	2,065	1,735	1,017	1,319	33	499	278	537	523
North Carolina	4,211	546	811	633	469	533	49	298	152	432	286
North Dakota	345	54	63	61	38	46	8	21	13	17	24
Ohio	5,885	781	1,076	1,040	695	831	(²)	309	210	510	418
Oklahoma	1,690	245	316	267	181	239	(²)	115	83	124	103
Oregon	1,849	248	334	316	228	266	41	95	61	133	127
Pennsylvania	6,147	852	1,303	936	669	912	(²)	316	228	490	413
Rhode Island	571	72	114	109	64	80	(²)	28	17	52	32
South Carolina	1,988	248	329	344	251	259	(²)	119	99	189	137
South Dakota	424	69	72	73	48	58	(²)	26	14	34	22
Tennessee	2,896	410	505	439	344	413	(²)	170	107	261	225
Texas	10,858	1,418	2,004	1,801	1,303	1,560	112	761	436	757	701
Utah	1,181	164	221	171	150	187	(²)	72	46	82	80
Vermont	350	54	81	58	34	42	(²)	25	15	24	15
Virginia	3,753	621	875	548	430	490	(²)	227	146	211	190
Washington	3,126	467	656	503	350	426	45	196	120	179	183
West Virginia	782	80	143	137	93	110	(²)	60	41	49	66
Wisconsin	3,068	430	543	487	318	417	(²)	179	114	338	212
Wyoming	278	40	45	43	30	36	(²)	28	15	13	24

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 17. States: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by occupation, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Employed											
Alabama	2,023	267	389	292	212	288	(²)	123	82	217	135
Alaska	305	40	64	51	27	45	6	23	14	12	23
Arizona	2,539	393	500	416	361	350	(²)	164	93	134	117
Arkansas	1,186	160	198	170	135	161	(²)	61	53	128	101
California	16,283	2,407	3,424	2,579	1,968	2,375	231	879	536	1,013	873
Colorado	2,328	392	478	363	283	308	(²)	161	79	116	134
Connecticut	1,704	275	397	255	196	257	(²)	95	48	107	72
Delaware	399	61	81	62	41	66	(²)	25	14	24	23
District of Columbia	281	58	96	44	17	40	(²)	8	4	(²)	10
Florida	7,744	1,103	1,461	1,375	1,038	1,155	45	535	300	323	410
Georgia	4,207	605	813	595	526	540	(²)	306	181	343	282
Hawaii	592	86	105	126	64	93	(²)	35	23	20	34
Idaho	655	79	120	118	76	91	19	44	29	39	41
Illinois	5,908	849	1,180	904	653	869	(²)	349	220	457	406
Indiana	3,024	393	527	435	339	432	(²)	174	142	337	232
Iowa	1,540	225	296	231	164	228	(²)	66	53	157	98
Kansas	1,357	214	273	212	142	189	(²)	79	55	102	79
Kentucky	1,836	245	353	301	196	255	(²)	88	74	172	134
Louisiana	1,904	214	379	348	217	261	(²)	141	88	127	116
Maine	658	81	129	115	74	88	11	41	29	51	39
Maryland	2,773	500	691	419	287	389	(²)	158	79	105	137
Massachusetts	3,217	527	796	498	351	440	(²)	196	86	184	128
Michigan	4,674	578	929	815	491	651	(²)	236	154	515	285
Minnesota	2,778	483	607	398	309	373	(²)	168	87	188	149
Mississippi	1,229	140	215	197	127	166	(²)	83	54	131	97
Missouri	2,850	395	583	435	352	416	(²)	194	107	174	183
Montana	452	81	80	77	48	59	10	36	16	19	26
Nebraska	937	163	167	139	106	135	(²)	55	39	61	57
Nevada	1,082	134	160	271	140	140	(²)	91	42	45	57
New Hampshire	688	106	158	94	86	87	(²)	41	27	54	32
New Jersey	4,118	702	913	583	503	640	(²)	190	117	187	271
New Mexico	840	110	178	149	94	110	13	62	32	39	53
New York	8,726	1,217	1,986	1,616	954	1,239	32	450	263	493	476
North Carolina	3,957	532	788	583	438	503	44	274	145	387	261
North Dakota	333	54	61	59	38	45	7	18	13	16	22
Ohio	5,552	758	1,052	970	650	791	(²)	271	198	468	381
Oklahoma	1,600	241	305	245	170	229	(²)	106	77	111	98
Oregon	1,707	237	318	287	214	245	35	83	56	120	113
Pennsylvania	5,826	824	1,267	863	630	876	(²)	283	215	460	380
Rhode Island	543	69	112	103	61	75	(²)	26	16	48	29
South Carolina	1,866	244	318	313	235	248	(²)	106	95	174	123
South Dakota	410	68	70	69	47	56	(²)	23	14	33	21
Tennessee	2,740	397	492	404	325	392	(²)	161	102	239	211
Texas	10,173	1,368	1,925	1,660	1,219	1,462	101	685	412	702	639
Utah	1,118	161	214	159	140	177	(²)	65	43	77	74
Vermont	335	53	78	53	33	41	(²)	23	14	23	14
Virginia	3,620	609	856	520	410	475	(²)	214	140	199	182
Washington	2,903	448	631	453	323	400	40	169	109	165	164
West Virginia	739	78	140	128	86	106	(²)	54	38	46	60
Wisconsin	2,905	422	525	451	306	394	(²)	159	111	313	195
Wyoming	266	39	44	40	29	35	(²)	26	15	12	23

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 17. States: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by occupation, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Unemployed											
Alabama	111	5	9	21	19	14	(²)	8	4	19	11
Alaska	25	1	2	6	2	3	1	4	1	2	3
Arizona	137	11	18	23	20	19	(²)	9	7	10	15
Arkansas	71	4	5	17	7	5	(²)	8	3	9	9
California	1,073	81	166	176	125	152	61	77	42	99	94
Colorado	141	14	20	32	18	22	(²)	14	4	6	10
Connecticut	92	8	13	18	11	15	(²)	6	(³)	12	7
Delaware	17	2	2	3	2	3	(²)	2	(³)	1	1
District of Columbia	19	2	4	4	2	3	(²)	2	(³)	(²)	1
Florida	382	36	45	92	51	57	5	34	10	19	31
Georgia	194	19	13	27	23	30	(²)	20	10	29	22
Hawaii	24	2	3	5	4	3	(²)	4	1	1	1
Idaho	36	2	4	7	4	4	1	6	1	3	4
Illinois	398	33	33	85	52	55	(²)	42	18	34	43
Indiana	152	8	11	33	17	17	(²)	19	5	24	18
Iowa	68	4	6	18	7	9	(²)	7	2	7	7
Kansas	72	4	8	15	10	8	(²)	7	3	8	7
Kentucky	114	4	10	21	18	12	(²)	16	4	14	13
Louisiana	124	7	10	31	20	14	(²)	19	3	8	10
Maine	33	3	3	7	3	4	1	4	1	5	3
Maryland	121	15	16	28	16	17	(²)	10	4	6	10
Massachusetts	184	27	28	33	18	23	(²)	17	8	16	14
Michigan	350	23	32	73	32	43	(²)	46	15	53	31
Minnesota	139	14	15	23	18	17	(²)	18	6	14	12
Mississippi	79	3	3	22	7	11	(²)	8	2	14	7
Missouri	158	12	16	44	18	21	(²)	14	3	14	14
Montana	21	2	1	6	3	2	1	3	1	2	1
Nebraska	37	2	3	10	6	4	(²)	3	1	3	4
Nevada	55	5	5	13	7	8	(²)	8	1	4	4
New Hampshire	30	3	5	5	5	4	(²)	2	2	3	2
New Jersey	241	28	38	43	36	34	(²)	17	6	18	20
New Mexico	54	3	7	12	6	6	2	8	4	2	5
New York	544	46	79	119	63	80	1	49	15	44	47
North Carolina	254	14	23	50	30	30	5	24	8	44	25
North Dakota	13	1	1	3	1	1	1	3	(³)	1	1
Ohio	333	23	24	71	45	40	(²)	38	12	42	37
Oklahoma	90	3	12	21	11	9	(²)	9	5	13	5
Oregon	142	10	16	29	14	21	6	12	6	13	15
Pennsylvania	321	28	36	73	39	35	(²)	34	12	30	33
Rhode Island	29	3	2	6	3	5	(²)	2	1	4	3
South Carolina	122	5	11	30	16	11	(²)	13	5	16	14
South Dakota	14	1	1	4	1	1	(²)	2	(³)	1	1
Tennessee	155	13	14	35	19	21	(²)	9	5	21	14
Texas	685	50	79	142	84	98	11	76	25	55	62
Utah	64	3	6	12	10	10	(²)	7	3	6	6
Vermont	15	1	2	5	2	1	(²)	2	1	1	1
Virginia	133	12	19	27	20	15	(²)	14	5	12	8
Washington	223	19	25	50	27	26	5	26	11	14	19
West Virginia	43	2	4	9	7	5	(²)	7	2	3	5
Wisconsin	163	8	18	35	13	23	(²)	20	3	25	16
Wyoming	12	(³)	1	3	1	1	(²)	2	1	1	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 17. States: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by occupation, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Unemployment Rate											
Alabama	5.2	1.7	2.3	6.8	8.0	4.6	(²)	6.4	4.7	7.9	7.5
Alaska	7.6	3.2	3.3	10.5	7.5	6.0	8.2	15.3	8.0	11.6	11.0
Arizona	5.1	2.7	3.5	5.3	5.2	5.2	(²)	5.0	6.7	6.9	11.3
Arkansas	5.7	2.5	2.6	9.0	5.0	3.2	(²)	11.3	5.2	6.8	8.3
California	6.2	3.2	4.6	6.4	6.0	6.0	20.8	8.0	7.3	8.9	9.7
Colorado	5.7	3.6	4.0	8.1	6.0	6.7	(²)	8.1	4.8	4.8	6.7
Connecticut	5.1	2.9	3.2	6.7	5.5	5.4	(²)	6.3	1.0	10.5	9.2
Delaware	4.1	2.8	1.9	5.3	5.6	4.6	(²)	6.1	2.6	5.5	5.4
District of Columbia	6.4	2.8	4.2	8.9	9.4	7.3	(²)	22.3	8.2	(²)	9.9
Florida	4.7	3.2	3.0	6.3	4.7	4.7	10.6	6.0	3.1	5.5	7.0
Georgia	4.4	3.0	1.6	4.3	4.2	5.2	(²)	6.1	5.4	7.8	7.3
Hawaii	3.9	2.3	2.5	3.6	5.5	2.9	(²)	9.2	5.7	5.0	4.2
Idaho	5.2	2.5	3.0	5.9	4.6	4.1	6.6	12.5	4.6	6.1	8.3
Illinois	6.3	3.7	2.7	8.6	7.4	6.0	(²)	10.7	7.6	6.9	9.5
Indiana	4.8	2.1	2.0	7.0	4.7	3.8	(²)	10.0	3.7	6.7	7.2
Iowa	4.3	1.5	2.1	7.2	3.9	3.9	(²)	9.3	4.0	4.3	6.5
Kansas	5.1	2.0	2.9	6.8	6.8	4.2	(²)	8.6	4.8	7.2	8.0
Kentucky	5.8	1.7	2.7	6.7	8.2	4.5	(²)	15.3	5.4	7.6	8.6
Louisiana	6.1	3.4	2.6	8.1	8.6	5.1	(²)	11.9	3.3	6.2	7.7
Maine	4.8	3.1	2.1	5.6	4.5	4.2	4.5	8.8	3.0	9.1	7.7
Maryland	4.2	2.8	2.2	6.2	5.2	4.1	(²)	6.1	4.4	5.6	6.6
Massachusetts	5.4	4.8	3.4	6.1	5.0	4.9	(²)	7.9	8.7	8.1	9.9
Michigan	7.0	3.9	3.3	8.2	6.0	6.2	(²)	16.2	9.0	9.3	9.8
Minnesota	4.8	2.7	2.4	5.5	5.6	4.3	(²)	9.6	6.3	6.8	7.5
Mississippi	6.0	1.9	1.5	9.9	5.2	6.4	(²)	9.0	3.7	9.4	6.6
Missouri	5.3	3.1	2.7	9.2	5.0	4.9	(²)	6.8	2.9	7.5	7.0
Montana	4.5	1.9	1.4	7.0	6.2	3.3	7.6	8.1	5.6	8.0	3.9
Nebraska	3.8	1.1	1.5	6.9	5.3	3.0	(²)	4.7	2.1	4.6	6.7
Nevada	4.8	3.3	3.0	4.5	4.9	5.3	(²)	7.6	2.4	8.3	7.3
New Hampshire	4.1	3.0	2.8	5.0	5.1	4.0	(²)	5.4	6.0	4.8	4.7
New Jersey	5.5	3.8	4.0	6.9	6.7	5.1	(²)	8.4	5.1	8.7	6.7
New Mexico	6.0	2.9	3.7	7.3	5.7	5.5	11.6	10.9	11.0	4.0	8.8
New York	5.9	3.6	3.8	6.8	6.2	6.0	4.0	9.9	5.3	8.2	9.0
North Carolina	6.0	2.5	2.8	7.9	6.5	5.6	9.9	8.1	4.9	10.3	8.6
North Dakota	3.7	1.0	2.1	4.8	1.5	1.9	7.8	13.1	3.7	5.7	5.9
Ohio	5.7	2.9	2.2	6.8	6.4	4.8	(²)	12.3	5.9	8.3	8.8
Oklahoma	5.3	1.3	3.6	8.0	6.0	3.9	(²)	7.5	6.6	10.2	4.7
Oregon	7.7	4.2	4.9	9.1	6.3	7.9	13.9	12.7	9.3	9.8	11.5
Pennsylvania	5.2	3.2	2.7	7.8	5.9	3.9	(²)	10.6	5.3	6.1	7.9
Rhode Island	5.0	3.8	1.9	5.2	4.5	5.7	(²)	8.7	5.4	7.9	9.2
South Carolina	6.1	1.9	3.2	8.9	6.3	4.2	(²)	11.1	5.0	8.3	10.2
South Dakota	3.4	1.1	1.9	5.7	2.9	2.5	(²)	9.5	1.1	2.6	5.5
Tennessee	5.4	3.1	2.7	8.0	5.5	5.2	(²)	5.2	4.8	8.2	6.1
Texas	6.3	3.5	4.0	7.9	6.5	6.3	9.5	10.0	5.6	7.3	8.8
Utah	5.4	2.0	2.8	7.1	6.6	5.5	(²)	10.3	5.7	6.9	7.0
Vermont	4.4	2.3	3.0	7.9	4.5	3.3	(²)	6.7	4.1	3.9	6.4
Virginia	3.6	1.9	2.1	5.0	4.6	3.0	(²)	6.0	3.6	5.8	4.2
Washington	7.1	4.0	3.9	9.9	7.6	6.0	11.8	13.5	9.0	7.7	10.4
West Virginia	5.5	2.0	2.7	6.4	7.0	4.1	(²)	10.9	5.6	6.1	8.1
Wisconsin	5.3	1.8	3.3	7.3	4.0	5.5	(²)	11.2	2.9	7.4	7.8
Wyoming	4.3	1.0	2.2	6.6	3.0	4.0	(²)	8.0	3.8	4.8	5.6

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience.

² Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS publication standard of reliability for the particular area, based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

³ Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Totals for summary groups published include other occupations not shown separately. Items may not compute to displayed rates because of rounding.

Table 18. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2003 annual averages

Population group and State	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
			Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Total												
Alabama	2,023	100.0	13.2	19.2	14.4	10.5	14.2	.9	6.1	4.0	10.7	6.7
Alaska	305	100.0	13.1	21.0	16.8	8.7	14.9	2.0	7.5	4.5	4.0	7.5
Arizona	2,539	100.0	15.5	19.7	16.4	14.2	13.8	.5	6.5	3.6	5.3	4.6
Arkansas	1,186	100.0	13.5	16.7	14.4	11.4	13.5	1.7	5.1	4.4	10.8	8.5
California	16,283	100.0	14.8	21.0	15.8	12.1	14.6	1.4	5.4	3.3	6.2	5.4
Colorado	2,328	100.0	16.8	20.5	15.6	12.2	13.2	.6	6.9	3.4	5.0	5.8
Connecticut	1,704	100.0	16.2	23.3	15.0	11.5	15.1	.1	5.6	2.8	6.3	4.3
Delaware	399	100.0	15.3	20.2	15.5	10.4	16.6	.5	6.2	3.4	6.1	5.8
District of Columbia	281	100.0	20.6	34.0	15.7	6.1	14.2	.1	2.9	1.5	1.1	3.7
Florida	7,744	100.0	14.2	18.9	17.8	13.4	14.9	.6	6.9	3.9	4.2	5.3
Georgia	4,207	100.0	14.4	19.3	14.1	12.5	12.8	.3	7.3	4.3	8.2	6.7
Hawaii	592	100.0	14.5	17.7	21.3	10.7	15.8	1.2	5.9	3.9	3.4	5.8
Idaho	655	100.0	12.1	18.3	18.0	11.6	13.9	3.0	6.7	4.4	6.0	6.2
Illinois	5,908	100.0	14.4	20.0	15.3	11.1	14.7	.3	5.9	3.7	7.7	6.9
Indiana	3,024	100.0	13.0	17.4	14.4	11.2	14.3	.4	5.8	4.7	11.1	7.7
Iowa	1,540	100.0	14.6	19.2	15.0	10.6	14.8	1.4	4.3	3.4	10.2	6.4
Kansas	1,357	100.0	15.8	20.1	15.6	10.5	13.9	.8	5.8	4.1	7.5	5.8
Kentucky	1,836	100.0	13.3	19.2	16.4	10.7	13.9	.9	4.8	4.1	9.4	7.3
Louisiana	1,904	100.0	11.2	19.9	18.3	11.4	13.7	.7	7.4	4.6	6.7	6.1
Maine	658	100.0	12.3	19.6	17.5	11.2	13.4	1.7	6.3	4.4	7.8	5.9
Maryland	2,773	100.0	18.0	24.9	15.1	10.3	14.0	.3	5.7	2.8	3.8	4.9
Massachusetts	3,217	100.0	16.4	24.7	15.5	10.9	13.7	.3	6.1	2.7	5.7	4.0
Michigan	4,674	100.0	12.4	19.9	17.4	10.5	13.9	.4	5.0	3.3	11.0	6.1
Minnesota	2,778	100.0	17.4	21.8	14.3	11.1	13.4	.5	6.0	3.1	6.8	5.4
Mississippi	1,229	100.0	11.4	17.5	16.1	10.3	13.5	1.5	6.7	4.4	10.7	7.9
Missouri	2,850	100.0	13.9	20.5	15.3	12.4	14.6	.3	6.8	3.8	6.1	6.4
Montana	452	100.0	18.0	17.8	17.0	10.6	13.1	2.2	8.0	3.5	4.2	5.7
Nebraska	937	100.0	17.4	17.8	14.8	11.4	14.5	1.5	5.9	4.2	6.5	6.1
Nevada	1,082	100.0	12.4	14.8	25.0	13.0	12.9	.2	8.4	3.9	4.1	5.2
New Hampshire	688	100.0	15.4	22.9	13.6	12.6	12.6	.6	5.9	3.9	7.8	4.6
New Jersey	4,118	100.0	17.0	22.2	14.2	12.2	15.6	.3	4.6	2.8	4.5	6.6
New Mexico	840	100.0	13.1	21.2	17.7	11.2	13.1	1.6	7.4	3.8	4.6	6.3
New York	8,726	100.0	13.9	22.8	18.5	10.9	14.2	.4	5.2	3.0	5.6	5.4
North Carolina	3,957	100.0	13.4	19.9	14.7	11.1	12.7	1.1	6.9	3.7	9.8	6.6
North Dakota	333	100.0	16.1	18.4	17.6	11.3	13.6	2.1	5.4	3.8	4.9	6.7
Ohio	5,552	100.0	13.7	19.0	17.5	11.7	14.2	.2	4.9	3.6	8.4	6.9
Oklahoma	1,600	100.0	15.1	19.1	15.3	10.6	14.3	1.0	6.7	4.8	6.9	6.1
Oregon	1,707	100.0	13.9	18.6	16.8	12.5	14.3	2.1	4.9	3.3	7.0	6.6
Pennsylvania	5,826	100.0	14.2	21.8	14.8	10.8	15.0	.5	4.9	3.7	7.9	6.5
Rhode Island	543	100.0	12.8	20.7	19.0	11.3	13.9	.3	4.8	3.0	8.9	5.3
South Carolina	1,866	100.0	13.1	17.0	16.8	12.6	13.3	.6	5.7	5.1	9.3	6.6
South Dakota	410	100.0	16.7	17.2	16.8	11.4	13.8	1.9	5.7	3.4	8.1	5.0
Tennessee	2,740	100.0	14.5	17.9	14.7	11.9	14.3	.6	5.9	3.7	8.7	7.7
Texas	10,173	100.0	13.5	18.9	16.3	12.0	14.4	1.0	6.7	4.0	6.9	6.3
Utah	1,118	100.0	14.4	19.2	14.2	12.6	15.8	.7	5.8	3.9	6.9	6.6
Vermont	335	100.0	15.9	23.4	15.8	9.7	12.2	1.1	6.9	4.2	6.8	4.1
Virginia	3,620	100.0	16.8	23.7	14.4	11.3	13.1	.4	5.9	3.9	5.5	5.0
Washington	2,903	100.0	15.4	21.7	15.6	11.1	13.8	1.4	5.8	3.8	5.7	5.7
West Virginia	739	100.0	10.6	18.9	17.3	11.7	14.3	.3	7.3	5.2	6.2	8.2
Wisconsin	2,905	100.0	14.5	18.1	15.5	10.5	13.6	1.0	5.5	3.8	10.8	6.7
Wyoming	266	100.0	14.8	16.5	15.1	11.1	13.1	1.2	9.8	5.5	4.5	8.5

Table 18. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
			Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Men												
Alabama	1,064	100.0	14.3	14.6	10.8	8.9	6.4	1.6	11.1	7.3	13.7	11.4
Alaska	160	100.0	12.7	16.9	12.7	7.6	7.1	3.2	13.8	8.1	5.6	12.2
Arizona	1,411	100.0	16.3	16.2	14.2	13.9	6.8	.8	11.4	6.3	7.0	7.1
Arkansas	646	100.0	15.4	13.4	10.2	10.1	5.1	2.6	9.2	7.8	12.7	13.5
California	8,929	100.0	15.2	18.7	13.5	12.2	7.1	1.9	9.6	5.7	7.6	8.3
Colorado	1,273	100.0	17.1	18.0	14.1	11.3	5.4	.9	12.2	5.8	6.2	9.0
Connecticut	884	100.0	18.8	19.0	11.7	12.4	7.6	.1	10.5	5.2	8.1	6.7
Delaware	205	100.0	16.2	16.7	12.8	9.8	8.0	.7	11.9	6.4	8.3	9.3
District of Columbia	139	100.0	19.4	31.9	16.6	5.5	9.2	.1	5.8	2.7	1.8	7.1
Florida	4,136	100.0	15.9	15.3	14.5	12.5	7.3	.8	12.5	7.0	5.3	8.8
Georgia	2,253	100.0	14.8	14.0	11.7	11.5	5.9	.6	13.3	7.8	10.1	10.4
Hawaii	308	100.0	15.6	14.4	21.3	7.9	7.7	1.2	11.0	7.1	4.2	9.5
Idaho	356	100.0	14.1	14.0	14.2	11.3	4.8	4.3	12.1	7.7	7.8	9.8
Illinois	3,125	100.0	15.4	16.2	12.7	10.8	6.3	.4	10.7	6.7	10.2	10.6
Indiana	1,616	100.0	14.3	13.1	10.9	10.2	5.8	.7	10.3	8.5	14.8	11.6
Iowa	808	100.0	17.7	14.9	9.4	11.1	6.2	2.1	7.9	6.3	14.0	10.4
Kansas	712	100.0	18.0	15.8	12.2	9.7	5.2	1.3	10.6	7.5	10.2	9.5
Kentucky	973	100.0	14.9	15.1	12.5	9.7	6.4	1.5	8.9	7.5	12.1	11.4
Louisiana	987	100.0	12.2	15.3	13.9	9.5	6.1	1.2	13.8	8.4	9.2	10.5
Maine	338	100.0	13.3	14.8	12.6	10.1	5.9	2.8	11.8	8.6	10.6	9.6
Maryland	1,423	100.0	18.9	22.3	13.5	9.8	5.9	.4	10.9	5.3	4.6	8.5
Massachusetts	1,672	100.0	18.1	20.6	12.9	10.3	7.3	.5	11.4	4.9	7.3	6.7
Michigan	2,462	100.0	14.0	17.7	12.4	10.0	5.9	.6	9.3	5.8	14.7	9.6
Minnesota	1,448	100.0	19.6	17.8	9.8	11.4	5.6	.7	11.4	5.8	9.1	8.7
Mississippi	649	100.0	12.2	12.5	11.3	9.7	6.0	2.6	12.2	7.7	13.0	12.8
Missouri	1,487	100.0	14.8	15.2	13.0	12.6	5.6	.6	12.6	7.1	8.3	10.3
Montana	238	100.0	21.3	13.8	11.0	10.0	4.4	3.7	14.2	6.3	5.7	9.6
Nebraska	490	100.0	20.8	13.0	9.3	11.0	5.8	2.4	10.7	7.9	8.9	10.1
Nevada	607	100.0	12.8	12.4	23.3	10.6	5.6	.4	14.7	6.8	5.5	7.9
New Hampshire	368	100.0	16.3	19.6	10.4	12.4	6.5	.9	10.7	6.8	9.1	7.4
New Jersey	2,183	100.0	19.4	17.9	12.1	13.1	7.3	.4	8.5	5.1	5.7	10.5
New Mexico	436	100.0	13.2	17.4	15.0	9.5	5.4	2.3	13.8	7.0	6.7	9.7
New York	4,570	100.0	15.6	18.3	16.3	10.8	7.4	.6	9.6	5.5	7.0	8.8
North Carolina	2,103	100.0	14.7	15.7	11.2	10.8	5.4	1.5	12.7	6.6	11.0	10.3
North Dakota	174	100.0	20.4	13.7	9.4	12.0	5.2	3.4	10.0	7.2	7.2	11.5
Ohio	2,925	100.0	15.4	15.5	14.2	10.8	6.2	.3	9.0	6.5	11.4	10.8
Oklahoma	859	100.0	15.4	14.9	11.8	9.8	6.2	1.6	12.0	8.5	10.1	9.7
Oregon	916	100.0	15.9	15.0	12.5	12.6	5.8	3.0	8.6	6.0	10.0	10.6
Pennsylvania	3,060	100.0	15.6	18.1	11.2	10.5	6.9	.5	9.0	6.8	10.8	10.6
Rhode Island	277	100.0	14.5	16.8	16.4	11.0	6.3	.5	9.2	5.6	11.0	8.7
South Carolina	971	100.0	14.6	11.7	14.0	10.8	5.7	.9	10.8	9.6	11.4	10.6
South Dakota	213	100.0	19.5	12.7	11.0	11.2	5.5	3.3	10.7	6.3	11.4	8.5
Tennessee	1,462	100.0	16.0	13.9	11.3	10.6	6.2	.9	10.8	6.5	11.7	12.0
Texas	5,600	100.0	14.6	15.6	12.6	11.2	6.5	1.5	11.9	7.0	9.3	9.9
Utah	613	100.0	16.0	16.6	10.9	12.5	7.5	1.1	10.2	6.8	8.1	10.0
Vermont	175	100.0	17.6	18.4	12.2	8.9	5.9	1.6	12.8	7.5	8.3	7.0
Virginia	1,871	100.0	17.5	20.2	12.0	10.1	5.9	.6	11.2	7.2	7.1	8.2
Washington	1,545	100.0	16.0	18.8	12.2	10.7	5.7	2.3	10.7	6.9	7.7	8.9
West Virginia	402	100.0	10.5	14.9	13.0	9.6	6.1	.4	13.2	9.4	9.0	13.9
Wisconsin	1,506	100.0	15.7	13.6	10.9	9.7	5.7	1.3	10.3	7.1	14.7	10.8
Wyoming	143	100.0	16.9	11.8	9.1	9.6	4.2	1.6	17.3	9.9	6.3	13.3

Table 18. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
			Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Women												
Alabama	958	100.0	12.1	24.4	18.4	12.2	22.9	.1	.5	.4	7.4	1.4
Alaska	145	100.0	13.6	25.5	21.2	9.9	23.4	.7	.6	.4	2.3	2.3
Arizona	1,128	100.0	14.4	24.0	19.1	14.6	22.5	.1	.3	.3	3.1	1.5
Arkansas	540	100.0	11.2	20.6	19.3	12.9	23.6	.6	.2	.4	8.5	2.6
California	7,354	100.0	14.2	23.8	18.7	11.9	23.7	.8	.2	.3	4.5	1.8
Colorado	1,055	100.0	16.5	23.5	17.4	13.2	22.7	.3	.6	.4	3.5	1.9
Connecticut	820	100.0	13.4	27.9	18.5	10.5	23.2	.1	.2	.2	4.3	1.7
Delaware	194	100.0	14.3	24.0	18.4	10.9	25.6	.3	.3	.2	3.8	2.1
District of Columbia	143	100.0	21.8	36.1	14.8	6.7	19.1	(¹)	.2	.3	.5	.5
Florida	3,608	100.0	12.3	22.9	21.4	14.4	23.6	.4	.5	.3	2.9	1.3
Georgia	1,954	100.0	13.9	25.5	17.0	13.7	20.9	.1	.3	.3	5.9	2.5
Hawaii	284	100.0	13.3	21.2	21.3	13.8	24.5	1.1	.3	.4	2.4	1.8
Idaho	299	100.0	9.6	23.3	22.4	11.9	24.7	1.4	.3	.4	3.8	2.1
Illinois	2,783	100.0	13.2	24.3	18.2	11.3	24.2	.2	.5	.4	5.0	2.7
Indiana	1,409	100.0	11.5	22.4	18.3	12.4	24.1	.1	.6	.4	7.0	3.2
Iowa	732	100.0	11.2	24.0	21.1	10.1	24.3	.6	.3	.3	6.1	1.9
Kansas	645	100.0	13.3	24.9	19.4	11.3	23.6	.3	.5	.3	4.6	1.8
Kentucky	863	100.0	11.6	23.8	20.8	11.8	22.4	.3	.2	.1	6.3	2.7
Louisiana	916	100.0	10.2	24.8	23.0	13.5	21.9	.2	.5	.5	3.9	1.4
Maine	320	100.0	11.2	24.7	22.7	12.3	21.3	.5	.4	.1	4.8	1.9
Maryland	1,350	100.0	17.2	27.7	16.8	10.9	22.7	.1	.3	.2	2.9	1.2
Massachusetts	1,545	100.0	14.5	29.3	18.3	11.6	20.6	.1	.4	.3	4.0	1.0
Michigan	2,212	100.0	10.6	22.3	23.0	11.1	22.9	.3	.3	.5	6.9	2.1
Minnesota	1,330	100.0	15.0	26.3	19.3	10.8	21.9	.3	.2	.3	4.2	1.7
Mississippi	580	100.0	10.5	23.0	21.4	11.1	22.0	.2	.6	.6	8.1	2.5
Missouri	1,363	100.0	12.9	26.2	17.7	12.1	24.4	.1	.4	.2	3.8	2.2
Montana	214	100.0	14.3	22.2	23.7	11.3	22.7	.6	1.1	.3	2.5	1.3
Nebraska	446	100.0	13.7	23.2	21.0	11.7	24.0	.4	.5	.2	3.7	1.6
Nevada	475	100.0	11.8	17.9	27.2	16.0	22.2	(¹)	.5	.2	2.4	1.8
New Hampshire	321	100.0	14.4	26.7	17.3	12.8	19.6	.4	.4	.5	6.3	1.6
New Jersey	1,935	100.0	14.3	27.0	16.5	11.2	24.9	.2	.2	.3	3.2	2.2
New Mexico	403	100.0	13.0	25.4	20.6	13.0	21.5	.8	.5	.3	2.4	2.5
New York	4,157	100.0	12.1	27.7	20.9	11.1	21.6	.1	.2	.3	4.2	1.8
North Carolina	1,854	100.0	12.0	24.7	18.8	11.3	21.0	.7	.4	.3	8.4	2.4
North Dakota	159	100.0	11.4	23.6	26.5	10.6	22.7	.8	.4	.2	2.5	1.3
Ohio	2,627	100.0	11.7	22.8	21.1	12.7	23.2	.2	.3	.3	5.1	2.5
Oklahoma	741	100.0	14.7	23.9	19.4	11.6	23.8	.3	.5	.6	3.2	2.0
Oregon	790	100.0	11.6	22.8	21.8	12.4	24.3	1.0	.5	.1	3.6	1.9
Pennsylvania	2,766	100.0	12.5	25.8	18.8	11.1	24.1	.4	.2	.2	4.7	2.1
Rhode Island	266	100.0	11.0	24.8	21.8	11.6	21.8	.1	.2	.3	6.7	1.7
South Carolina	895	100.0	11.4	22.8	19.8	14.5	21.6	.2	.1	.2	7.1	2.2
South Dakota	197	100.0	13.7	22.1	23.0	11.6	22.8	.5	.2	.3	4.6	1.3
Tennessee	1,278	100.0	12.8	22.5	18.6	13.3	23.5	.3	.2	.5	5.4	2.8
Texas	4,573	100.0	12.1	23.0	20.8	12.9	24.1	.4	.5	.4	3.9	1.8
Utah	505	100.0	12.4	22.3	18.1	12.6	25.8	.2	.4	.3	5.3	2.5
Vermont	160	100.0	14.1	28.8	19.7	10.7	19.1	.6	.5	.5	5.1	.9
Virginia	1,749	100.0	16.1	27.3	17.0	12.7	20.8	.1	.3	.3	3.8	1.7
Washington	1,358	100.0	14.8	25.1	19.4	11.6	22.9	.3	.2	.2	3.4	2.0
West Virginia	337	100.0	10.7	23.6	22.5	14.3	24.1	.2	.2	.1	2.9	1.4
Wisconsin	1,399	100.0	13.2	22.9	20.5	11.4	22.0	.6	.3	.2	6.5	2.3
Wyoming	123	100.0	12.4	21.9	22.0	12.7	23.4	.6	1.0	.4	2.5	3.0

Table 18. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
			Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
White												
Alabama	1,523	100.0	15.4	19.5	11.7	11.2	14.5	1.0	6.9	4.6	9.4	5.8
Alaska	236	100.0	13.9	23.5	14.1	8.9	14.6	2.1	7.9	4.8	3.2	6.9
Arizona	2,321	100.0	15.6	19.9	16.0	14.4	13.4	.5	6.7	3.7	5.0	4.7
Arkansas	983	100.0	14.7	17.3	12.1	11.8	13.8	1.6	5.4	4.7	10.6	8.0
California	12,798	100.0	14.9	20.3	15.8	12.0	14.1	1.7	6.2	3.4	6.1	5.5
Colorado	2,111	100.0	17.2	21.0	15.4	12.1	12.9	.6	7.1	3.5	4.6	5.5
Connecticut	1,471	100.0	17.2	23.4	14.4	11.8	14.1	.1	5.8	2.9	6.1	4.2
Delaware	314	100.0	16.4	20.7	13.9	11.1	16.1	.6	7.1	3.6	5.7	4.8
District of Columbia	135	100.0	26.8	45.8	10.1	5.7	7.3	(¹)	2.5	.4	.6	.7
Florida	6,322	100.0	15.6	18.7	15.7	14.3	15.0	.6	7.4	4.1	4.0	4.7
Georgia	2,939	100.0	15.8	20.3	11.6	12.7	12.5	.3	8.4	4.9	7.4	6.1
Hawaii	120	100.0	20.2	25.7	17.3	9.7	10.0	.9	6.4	2.5	2.8	4.5
Idaho	621	100.0	12.0	18.5	17.4	11.8	13.8	3.1	6.9	4.4	5.9	6.2
Illinois	4,935	100.0	14.9	19.6	14.6	11.5	14.3	.3	6.4	4.0	7.8	6.6
Indiana	2,742	100.0	13.6	17.2	13.5	11.3	14.0	.5	6.1	4.8	11.3	7.6
Iowa	1,462	100.0	15.0	18.6	14.7	10.6	15.1	1.4	4.4	3.5	10.1	6.5
Kansas	1,224	100.0	16.7	19.7	15.0	10.7	14.1	.9	5.9	4.1	7.1	5.8
Kentucky	1,663	100.0	13.8	19.4	15.0	10.9	14.4	1.0	4.9	4.1	9.2	7.3
Louisiana	1,325	100.0	14.2	21.4	13.3	11.8	14.3	.7	7.6	5.2	5.9	5.4
Maine	639	100.0	12.3	19.8	17.6	11.0	13.4	1.7	6.2	4.5	7.6	5.8
Maryland	1,837	100.0	19.5	24.7	13.7	10.6	13.5	.4	6.9	2.9	3.4	4.5
Massachusetts	2,899	100.0	17.1	24.2	14.7	11.6	13.8	.4	6.2	2.9	5.3	3.7
Michigan	3,977	100.0	13.0	19.9	16.3	11.0	14.0	.5	5.4	3.6	10.4	6.0
Minnesota	2,579	100.0	17.8	21.8	14.1	11.2	13.4	.5	6.3	3.3	6.5	5.1
Mississippi	822	100.0	14.8	20.1	12.3	11.9	13.9	1.5	6.8	5.5	6.7	6.5
Missouri	2,501	100.0	14.6	20.0	13.8	12.9	14.7	.4	7.0	4.0	6.0	6.6
Montana	422	100.0	18.6	17.8	16.1	10.7	13.1	2.3	8.0	3.4	4.2	5.8
Nebraska	883	100.0	17.9	18.0	14.4	11.6	14.1	1.5	6.0	4.3	6.0	6.1
Nevada	916	100.0	13.2	15.0	23.0	12.5	13.0	.2	9.4	4.1	4.3	5.3
New Hampshire	657	100.0	15.5	22.7	13.9	12.7	12.8	.5	6.1	3.9	7.3	4.7
New Jersey	3,299	100.0	17.6	22.0	13.6	12.4	15.2	.3	5.2	3.0	4.4	6.2
New Mexico	736	100.0	13.3	21.8	17.9	11.1	12.7	1.8	7.5	3.8	4.0	6.2
New York	6,788	100.0	14.7	22.9	16.9	11.4	13.9	.5	5.6	3.2	5.8	5.1
North Carolina	3,043	100.0	15.3	20.3	12.6	11.6	12.4	1.3	8.0	4.0	8.7	5.8
North Dakota	316	100.0	16.7	18.2	17.3	11.7	13.6	2.2	5.3	3.9	4.7	6.4
Ohio	4,887	100.0	14.2	19.0	16.6	11.9	14.2	.3	5.1	3.8	8.3	6.7
Oklahoma	1,296	100.0	16.1	20.2	13.3	10.7	14.8	.8	6.6	4.8	6.8	5.8
Oregon	1,550	100.0	14.2	18.3	16.6	12.7	13.9	2.2	5.0	3.2	6.9	6.9
Pennsylvania	5,246	100.0	14.7	21.9	14.0	11.0	15.0	.5	5.0	3.8	7.7	6.4
Rhode Island	494	100.0	13.3	21.2	18.1	11.6	13.7	.3	5.1	3.0	8.3	5.3
South Carolina	1,359	100.0	15.3	18.5	14.5	13.8	13.9	.4	5.7	5.8	7.0	5.3
South Dakota	385	100.0	17.1	17.2	16.2	11.7	14.1	1.9	5.8	3.5	7.4	5.0
Tennessee	2,256	100.0	15.9	17.6	14.2	12.5	13.1	.7	6.4	4.0	8.8	6.8
Texas	8,563	100.0	13.7	18.6	16.0	12.1	14.1	1.1	7.5	4.3	6.7	5.9
Utah	1,061	100.0	14.4	18.8	14.0	12.7	16.1	.8	6.0	3.9	6.8	6.6
Vermont	326	100.0	16.0	23.4	15.6	9.8	12.2	1.1	6.8	4.3	6.8	4.1
Virginia	2,786	100.0	18.7	24.3	12.5	12.4	12.1	.4	6.3	3.9	4.9	4.3
Washington	2,527	100.0	15.9	21.7	15.0	11.3	13.5	1.4	6.3	4.0	5.5	5.6
West Virginia	704	100.0	10.9	18.7	16.8	11.7	14.2	.3	7.6	5.3	6.2	8.3
Wisconsin	2,724	100.0	14.8	18.0	14.7	10.7	13.8	1.0	5.7	3.9	10.6	6.7
Wyoming	254	100.0	15.1	16.8	14.3	11.0	13.2	1.2	9.7	5.6	4.6	8.4

Table 18. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
			Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Black or African American												
Alabama	442	100.0	6.9	16.4	22.9	8.1	13.7	.7	3.5	2.2	15.6	9.9
Alaska	10	100.0	14.3	12.9	31.9	9.2	18.7	(¹)	3.0	1.6	.2	8.3
Arizona	73	100.0	13.0	16.5	22.1	12.2	21.4	(¹)	.9	3.0	7.0	4.0
Arkansas	163	100.0	5.6	13.1	26.1	9.5	13.5	2.0	4.1	2.9	11.8	11.2
California	949	100.0	13.6	19.0	16.9	12.0	19.5	.2	3.3	2.9	5.3	7.2
Colorado	87	100.0	11.5	12.5	17.7	14.5	20.8	.6	2.9	1.6	4.5	13.6
Connecticut	149	100.0	7.7	17.6	21.9	8.8	23.1	.0	4.4	2.7	6.6	7.2
Delaware	70	100.0	10.9	17.1	20.6	7.8	19.2	.4	3.1	2.4	8.3	10.2
District of Columbia	136	100.0	14.5	22.2	20.7	6.4	21.4	.1	3.6	2.6	1.7	6.8
Florida	1,120	100.0	7.2	18.3	28.7	9.2	14.3	.3	5.3	2.9	5.1	8.7
Georgia	1,123	100.0	10.9	15.9	20.2	11.3	14.7	.6	4.8	3.1	9.7	8.8
Hawaii	10	100.0	20.9	22.7	18.2	12.0	16.9	(¹)	(¹)	5.2	(¹)	4.1
Idaho	4	100.0	36.3	17.3	32.9	4.3	5.3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	3.0	.8
Illinois	695	100.0	11.1	17.9	20.6	7.7	19.5	.4	4.0	2.5	6.4	9.9
Indiana	224	100.0	6.1	15.7	22.7	8.6	21.0	(¹)	2.8	4.0	10.4	8.7
Iowa	22	100.0	3.5	19.6	30.5	15.5	16.9	(¹)	3.0	1.0	7.3	2.6
Kansas	58	100.0	7.8	14.7	25.6	7.6	16.4	.6	5.0	3.8	11.0	7.4
Kentucky	128	100.0	8.8	14.4	31.1	9.6	9.4	.2	2.8	1.3	13.7	8.7
Louisiana	542	100.0	4.5	16.1	31.0	10.2	12.1	.6	7.0	3.1	7.4	8.1
Maine	4	100.0	26.3	11.9	12.6	14.5	3.1	(¹)	3.3	3.9	14.1	10.3
Maryland	736	100.0	15.1	22.4	18.8	9.8	17.5	.1	3.3	2.8	3.7	6.7
Massachusetts	168	100.0	5.9	23.2	30.8	4.3	12.8	(¹)	5.4	.8	7.5	9.2
Michigan	519	100.0	7.9	15.4	26.1	7.6	14.7	.1	3.2	1.9	15.3	7.9
Minnesota	83	100.0	12.1	14.1	21.2	12.2	19.8	(¹)	2.8	(¹)	3.6	14.2
Mississippi	388	100.0	4.1	12.1	23.8	6.9	12.5	1.5	6.7	2.2	19.3	11.0
Missouri	262	100.0	9.0	18.1	27.0	9.3	17.2	(¹)	5.9	2.7	5.2	5.4
Nebraska	25	100.0	11.0	13.8	22.4	7.3	22.3	.7	2.5	2.0	10.1	8.0
Nevada	61	100.0	6.3	12.4	34.8	17.7	13.7	(¹)	4.0	3.1	1.2	6.9
New Hampshire	6	100.0	13.9	18.3	6.9	16.0	27.9	(¹)	1.5	5.9	6.3	3.3
New Jersey	527	100.0	12.1	16.8	19.5	11.0	20.9	.2	2.3	2.3	5.4	9.6
New Mexico	15	100.0	13.6	17.8	22.8	13.5	22.0	(¹)	2.3	6.3	1.0	.8
New York	1,281	100.0	10.0	20.5	26.4	8.3	17.4	(¹)	4.0	2.5	3.6	7.2
North Carolina	728	100.0	6.6	18.4	22.2	9.6	14.6	.6	2.5	2.4	13.1	10.1
North Dakota	3	100.0	4.2	26.4	7.0	12.6	19.0	(¹)	7.8	(¹)	23.0	(¹)
Ohio	525	100.0	8.9	14.8	25.6	10.6	16.5	.2	3.0	2.2	9.2	8.9
Oklahoma	98	100.0	11.2	14.2	31.2	10.1	13.8	.2	1.2	4.8	6.2	7.2
Oregon	22	100.0	5.0	21.9	14.2	12.0	29.2	(¹)	7.4	3.6	1.3	5.4
Pennsylvania	439	100.0	8.7	17.2	24.7	8.4	18.5	(¹)	4.0	2.5	6.4	9.6
Rhode Island	25	100.0	11.2	13.0	32.3	9.5	18.3	(¹)	.8	1.3	7.2	6.4
South Carolina	479	100.0	7.0	13.0	23.0	9.4	11.5	1.3	5.4	3.3	15.6	10.5
South Dakota	4	100.0	9.7	9.4	9.7	2.8	13.6	(¹)	1.6	1.2	47.3	4.7
Tennessee	409	100.0	7.6	15.4	18.3	9.2	21.0	(¹)	3.4	2.8	9.1	13.3
Texas	1,071	100.0	9.5	16.7	19.8	12.2	18.7	.1	2.0	2.9	8.3	9.8
Utah	10	100.0	4.8	24.3	15.2	17.6	10.5	(¹)	3.2	(¹)	8.6	15.7
Vermont	2	100.0	20.8	28.8	39.2	2.0	5.2	.9	.9	(¹)	2.2	(¹)
Virginia	621	100.0	8.7	17.4	21.2	8.5	18.9	.2	5.1	3.5	7.4	9.1
Washington	76	100.0	9.7	22.2	24.6	8.9	18.1	(¹)	2.2	2.1	5.7	6.5
West Virginia	19	100.0	4.7	13.1	29.1	15.1	20.0	(¹)	1.9	2.0	5.9	8.3
Wisconsin	96	100.0	6.7	17.3	32.1	4.3	13.1	.2	2.0	1.7	11.8	10.8
Wyoming	2	100.0	(¹)	14.1	56.0	16.3	(¹)	(¹)	6.5	(¹)	(¹)	7.1

Table 18. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
			Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Asian												
Alabama	15	100.0	5.3	49.1	25.2	4.6	7.5	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	8.3	(¹)
Alaska	17	100.0	8.5	9.4	29.5	8.5	11.3	1.0	1.9	3.5	13.5	12.8
Arizona	58	100.0	26.3	23.3	13.7	16.3	7.1	(¹)	(¹)	2.6	8.9	1.8
Arkansas	14	100.0	26.3	18.6	26.7	6.5	13.5	(¹)	1.1	(¹)	6.0	1.2
California	1,954	100.0	15.4	27.3	14.9	12.9	14.6	.3	1.0	2.6	8.0	3.0
Colorado	58	100.0	13.7	25.9	13.4	12.6	11.2	(¹)	2.0	1.2	17.3	2.7
Connecticut	57	100.0	14.4	40.3	9.5	13.2	14.3	(¹)	(¹)	1.0	6.7	.5
Delaware	9	100.0	7.5	32.4	24.0	10.9	6.7	(¹)	2.2	4.6	4.9	6.8
District of Columbia	7	100.0	23.3	32.1	28.7	6.8	7.1	(¹)	(¹)	1.4	.6	(¹)
Florida	178	100.0	10.7	32.0	19.9	10.1	13.6		2.6	1.6	6.7	2.9
Georgia	111	100.0	15.2	23.1	21.4	19.3	4.6	(¹)	(¹)	.6	14.0	1.7
Hawaii	304	100.0	14.3	16.4	21.0	11.1	16.8	1.8	5.5	4.2	4.0	5.0
Idaho	6	100.0	18.7	25.3	31.0	5.7	6.9	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	12.3	(¹)
Illinois	213	100.0	15.6	38.4	10.6	14.0	8.7	(¹)	.2	1.1	7.6	3.7
Indiana	36	100.0	11.2	42.5	25.0	14.0	1.1	(¹)	(¹)	2.9	.8	2.5
Iowa	30	100.0	7.7	55.2	12.4	3.8	4.1	1.5	(¹)	2.6	10.0	2.8
Kansas	32	100.0	9.1	47.0	19.0	5.6	5.6	(¹)	1.7	2.5	7.5	2.0
Kentucky	29	100.0	9.0	35.9	26.3	5.8	6.5	1.4	2.3	5.4	5.1	2.3
Louisiana	20	100.0	4.5	31.4	6.9	16.9	9.1	1.6	(¹)	1.9	27.6	(¹)
Maine	6	100.0	9.9	19.2	15.9	8.0	7.1	3.5	3.2	4.3	21.8	7.1
Maryland	154	100.0	13.7	40.0	14.0	10.9	6.6	(¹)	2.9	.9	8.5	2.5
Massachusetts	120	100.0	13.0	40.8	13.8	5.9	11.8	(¹)	2.7	.4	9.7	1.9
Michigan	101	100.0	11.9	45.5	13.9	4.8	6.9	.2	.8	.2	12.9	2.9
Minnesota	83	100.0	15.0	34.3	10.0	8.7	7.0	(¹)	1.2	1.8	18.7	3.3
Mississippi	6	100.0	30.5	22.4	10.5	32.4	2.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2.1
Missouri	54	100.0	7.0	41.7	25.7	4.5	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	18.0	3.2
Montana	1	100.0	(¹)	25.9	41.6	(¹)	28.7	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	3.7	(¹)
Nebraska	15	100.0	6.2	29.3	22.8	4.8	13.3	(¹)	1.2	(¹)	19.0	3.4
Nevada	65	100.0	7.1	17.7	43.9	15.9	7.9	(¹)	.8	.5	3.5	2.6
New Hampshire	17	100.0	12.8	39.9	5.0	4.1	3.0	4.5	1.0	.3	26.3	3.1
New Jersey	246	100.0	22.1	37.7	7.9	12.0	9.2	(¹)	.8	1.6	3.8	4.9
New Mexico	8	100.0	20.4	44.0	4.4	7.8	5.7	(¹)	5.1	4.6	2.9	5.1
New York	565	100.0	14.1	25.4	20.0	11.7	10.9	(¹)	1.6	2.1	8.3	5.9
North Carolina	74	100.0	10.0	28.4	17.8	6.9	13.7	(¹)	2.0	2.9	16.8	1.4
North Dakota	2	100.0	5.2	26.6	26.8	2.7	15.1	(¹)	2.7	8.1	4.2	8.7
Ohio	88	100.0	14.1	47.5	12.6	6.7	4.8	(¹)	2.7	(¹)	10.0	1.6
Oklahoma	20	100.0	4.7	26.3	31.4	13.3	3.2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	18.5	2.6
Oregon	66	100.0	12.5	25.2	14.9	8.9	16.5	(¹)	(¹)	3.2	15.7	3.1
Pennsylvania	110	100.0	13.3	33.5	12.8	11.5	4.6	(¹)	.3	2.5	17.7	3.8
Rhode Island	16	100.0	3.9	17.6	23.3	8.9	13.6	(¹)	1.6	3.0	25.2	2.8
South Carolina	11	100.0	6.6	27.2	35.8	4.3	13.9	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	12.1	(¹)
South Dakota	3	100.0	8.1	13.4	20.4	7.9	(¹)	(¹)	1.2	(¹)	39.2	9.9
Tennessee	46	100.0	5.8	57.7	10.9	10.0	5.1	(¹)	1.7	1.6	3.1	4.1
Texas	311	100.0	17.9	35.5	12.2	9.3	7.8	1.2	1.9	2.6	8.6	3.2
Utah	20	100.0	24.9	32.3	19.0	4.5	9.3	(¹)	(¹)	2.7	5.1	2.3
Vermont	2	100.0	19.3	36.5	18.2	4.4	5.4	(¹)	6.1	(¹)	10.1	(¹)
Virginia	173	100.0	15.9	36.2	19.9	5.1	6.3	(¹)	2.3	4.2	7.9	2.2
Washington	158	100.0	13.1	29.1	15.1	12.5	13.2	.7	.9	1.2	9.2	5.0
West Virginia	6	100.0	4.7	40.7	34.7	7.4	12.5	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Wisconsin	45	100.0	14.7	26.9	13.3	12.8	1.8	1.6	1.4	2.3	22.3	2.8
Wyoming	1	100.0	38.6	(¹)	21.2	6.3	11.0	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	22.9

Table 18. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
			Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity												
Alabama	33	100.0	6.6	3.4	38.8	3.2	13.6	(¹)	10.6	1.9	10.3	11.7
Alaska	15	100.0	7.4	14.0	37.2	4.0	13.0	(¹)	5.6	4.8	5.1	8.9
Arizona	654	100.0	6.2	11.4	20.9	12.6	13.4	1.5	13.8	3.6	9.5	7.1
Arkansas	46	100.0	3.4	1.6	12.1	5.0	9.4	4.5	19.1	5.3	30.8	8.7
California	4,949	100.0	6.7	9.6	23.1	9.9	13.2	3.9	8.6	4.1	11.5	9.5
Colorado	390	100.0	6.7	7.3	26.6	9.6	12.7	2.3	14.1	3.6	8.8	8.6
Connecticut	141	100.0	6.2	11.6	26.1	9.8	15.6	.2	7.6	1.8	13.3	7.6
Delaware	25	100.0	7.6	6.7	27.0	6.6	9.3	2.6	7.9	3.7	15.4	13.2
District of Columbia	28	100.0	10.3	25.0	35.5	5.5	8.9	.3	10.7	.3	.8	2.6
Florida	1,490	100.0	10.1	12.0	20.9	12.1	14.9	1.2	10.5	5.1	6.2	7.2
Georgia	246	100.0	6.2	9.4	17.1	6.0	5.0	1.4	27.2	2.3	16.4	9.0
Hawaii	37	100.0	7.4	13.5	26.8	11.4	16.8	.8	5.9	2.5	5.1	9.8
Idaho	52	100.0	6.0	8.2	24.6	8.0	6.5	16.5	9.3	3.8	8.4	8.6
Illinois	693	100.0	4.9	7.2	24.0	8.6	14.0	.4	9.7	3.9	17.4	9.8
Indiana	106	100.0	7.2	5.4	16.7	9.7	8.9	2.6	14.8	5.2	22.4	7.2
Iowa	64	100.0	5.7	10.9	17.5	4.9	7.6	8.3	2.9	2.4	34.3	5.5
Kansas	79	100.0	5.2	7.9	30.6	5.3	11.3	.6	15.8	2.5	13.9	6.9
Kentucky	21	100.0	20.4	10.1	14.9	7.4	10.7	6.7	7.4	7.5	8.4	6.5
Louisiana	62	100.0	10.4	10.9	19.2	12.5	8.0	2.7	16.6	6.4	9.5	3.9
Maine	6	100.0	5.2	30.7	36.7	4.3	6.4	1.5	1.4	.7	2.6	10.4
Maryland	193	100.0	4.4	10.1	39.2	6.6	6.0	.2	21.1	2.1	5.9	4.3
Massachusetts	198	100.0	4.6	11.6	29.1	7.5	13.4	.3	9.3	3.3	14.7	6.3
Michigan	146	100.0	6.5	11.7	27.1	5.2	11.3	.3	10.8	2.6	18.5	6.1
Minnesota	80	100.0	6.0	10.4	35.4	9.5	10.0	.4	5.8	2.0	14.9	5.6
Mississippi	17	100.0	1.2	12.1	14.5	2.3	7.6	20.9	15.6	(¹)	16.8	8.9
Missouri	72	100.0	7.0	14.5	31.6	6.5	8.2	2.1	11.4	(¹)	10.1	8.6
Montana	13	100.0	4.1	9.0	26.8	12.3	16.3	7.5	8.4	3.7	2.9	8.9
Nebraska	51	100.0	10.0	5.9	16.8	9.1	10.7	2.0	13.7	3.3	18.8	9.6
Nevada	235	100.0	4.2	6.4	38.9	7.4	8.3	.8	18.2	2.7	6.3	6.8
New Hampshire	11	100.0	8.2	14.5	24.0	18.9	11.1	(¹)	2.2	1.4	16.3	3.4
New Jersey	530	100.0	9.4	9.7	21.9	10.5	14.0	.9	7.0	2.8	12.1	11.7
New Mexico	368	100.0	9.3	14.2	23.4	10.1	14.4	2.7	10.5	4.0	4.3	7.1
New York	1,233	100.0	6.8	11.3	30.8	8.3	14.6	.3	7.5	2.9	8.9	8.5
North Carolina	282	100.0	2.4	6.8	17.8	3.3	2.4	7.3	26.7	3.7	20.2	9.2
North Dakota	3	100.0	11.4	11.2	15.3	4.2	11.2	8.0	6.4	5.0	14.3	13.1
Ohio	157	100.0	5.5	10.7	29.6	8.7	7.8	(¹)	12.9	3.3	16.3	5.3
Oklahoma	73	100.0	7.8	9.7	19.7	8.9	7.9	1.4	23.7	4.9	13.6	2.3
Oregon	162	100.0	5.1	7.5	26.7	7.1	8.4	12.5	7.4	2.0	13.6	9.6
Pennsylvania	171	100.0	5.6	17.5	18.2	8.7	13.5	1.3	5.9	3.8	16.6	8.8
Rhode Island	44	100.0	4.9	5.9	24.1	8.8	11.8	.7	4.6	2.9	26.8	9.5
South Carolina	41	100.0	2.9	1.9	32.7	6.5	10.1	4.1	15.1	.6	16.0	10.1
South Dakota	6	100.0	4.1	5.8	30.7	5.7	8.7	6.1	11.7	2.0	18.1	7.2
Tennessee	81	100.0	8.4	5.5	21.7	3.3	1.3	4.8	22.1	8.1	17.1	7.7
Texas	3,382	100.0	6.6	10.1	23.3	10.2	12.6	1.7	12.1	4.4	10.4	8.5
Utah	106	100.0	5.9	9.3	15.5	7.6	12.0	1.5	12.8	5.2	17.7	12.4
Vermont	2	100.0	15.9	41.4	13.1	7.3	7.4	(¹)	8.0	(¹)	5.5	1.3
Virginia	185	100.0	5.3	11.6	27.9	8.0	8.3	(¹)	24.8	5.6	5.0	3.5
Washington	197	100.0	6.1	10.8	27.9	5.7	7.8	8.6	15.7	.9	8.7	7.7
West Virginia	9	100.0	2.9	13.4	39.2	13.0	15.4	(¹)	3.8	(¹)	12.3	(¹)
Wisconsin	126	100.0	4.3	7.5	22.3	6.7	8.4	3.9	9.4	5.6	20.6	11.4
Wyoming	17	100.0	7.0	11.1	26.4	8.7	11.7	1.5	14.4	5.7	5.6	7.9

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.
NOTE: Totals for summary groups published include other occupations not shown separately. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American,

and Asian) do not sum to totals because data for other race groups are not shown. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race.

Table 19. States: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 2003 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Civilian Labor Force								
Alabama	2,134	(²)	156	359	226	134	324	109
Alaska	330	7	30	11	3	8	46	27
Arizona	2,676	(²)	230	247	192	55	443	124
Arkansas	1,258	(²)	91	213	110	103	211	79
California	17,356	(²)	1,190	2,066	1,302	763	2,630	777
Colorado	2,470	(²)	234	212	139	73	355	120
Connecticut	1,796	(²)	121	252	182	70	263	78
Delaware	416	(²)	34	51	18	34	53	19
District of Columbia	301	(²)	13	(²)	(²)	(²)	19	13
Florida	8,126	(²)	745	535	353	182	1,318	406
Georgia	4,401	(²)	413	597	294	303	673	283
Hawaii	616	(²)	46	21	(²)	(²)	87	42
Idaho	691	(²)	62	70	39	32	109	30
Illinois	6,306	(²)	483	893	570	323	927	388
Indiana	3,177	(²)	247	611	440	171	488	179
Iowa	1,609	(²)	89	275	160	115	245	71
Kansas	1,429	(²)	93	172	110	62	208	64
Kentucky	1,950	(²)	131	291	187	104	305	95
Louisiana	2,027	49	192	176	79	97	305	90
Maine	691	(²)	51	84	44	40	117	23
Maryland	2,894	(²)	228	171	102	68	408	131
Massachusetts	3,402	(²)	244	414	275	139	480	123
Michigan	5,024	(²)	357	1,067	846	221	740	198
Minnesota	2,917	(²)	222	418	270	148	429	128
Mississippi	1,308	(²)	104	212	133	79	189	81
Missouri	3,009	(²)	234	319	184	135	465	169
Montana	474	(²)	51	25	16	(²)	73	23
Nebraska	974	(²)	68	96	48	47	154	57
Nevada	1,136	16	116	50	34	16	167	50
New Hampshire	718	(²)	54	111	86	25	122	27
New Jersey	4,359	(²)	269	455	208	247	677	278
New Mexico	894	21	78	41	27	(²)	135	43
New York	9,270	(²)	593	856	494	362	1,284	499
North Carolina	4,211	(²)	380	685	338	346	635	180
North Dakota	345	(²)	24	22	12	10	58	18
Ohio	5,885	(²)	355	997	676	321	901	266
Oklahoma	1,690	(²)	123	178	120	58	256	83
Oregon	1,849	(²)	131	241	170	71	303	84
Pennsylvania	6,147	(²)	403	910	537	372	879	306
Rhode Island	571	(²)	33	86	60	26	85	18
South Carolina	1,988	(²)	155	327	175	152	306	100
South Dakota	424	(²)	29	48	33	15	67	15
Tennessee	2,896	(²)	216	439	298	141	427	198
Texas	10,858	146	922	1,163	641	523	1,685	591
Utah	1,181	(²)	91	130	78	52	193	60
Vermont	350	(²)	31	43	29	14	48	12
Virginia	3,753	(²)	314	316	194	122	528	173
Washington	3,126	(²)	224	379	288	91	481	159
West Virginia	782	23	61	77	44	33	120	39
Wisconsin	3,068	(²)	232	594	377	218	466	115
Wyoming	278	18	27	12	(²)	6	43	19

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Civilian Labor Force								
Alabama	55	133	182	407	150	107	103	(²)
Alaska	8	13	26	66	33	18	37	10
Arizona	70	209	302	492	263	127	131	(²)
Arkansas	(²)	64	88	239	88	65	48	50
California	592	1,217	2,121	3,202	1,496	910	763	372
Colorado	106	217	314	398	254	120	102	28
Connecticut	55	168	191	395	131	71	62	(²)
Delaware	(²)	48	44	81	34	19	21	(²)
District of Columbia	13	20	61	53	27	25	54	(²)
Florida	200	703	929	1,507	889	426	379	78
Georgia	130	319	426	771	322	225	191	(²)
Hawaii	16	39	70	111	93	27	51	(²)
Idaho	13	33	64	137	65	39	28	37
Illinois	185	441	704	1,183	498	317	217	62
Indiana	69	179	236	616	252	144	97	47
Iowa	35	125	118	351	112	71	48	66
Kansas	53	85	115	316	124	64	69	59
Kentucky	41	112	142	429	168	80	88	42
Louisiana	39	116	178	436	201	123	92	(²)
Maine	14	44	56	170	61	34	21	17
Maryland	93	204	390	608	198	154	291	(²)
Massachusetts	74	252	441	814	280	127	132	(²)
Michigan	91	246	455	1,005	435	215	163	50
Minnesota	60	237	292	604	229	136	82	69
Mississippi	(²)	64	76	279	100	70	58	47
Missouri	85	219	265	641	265	159	133	48
Montana	(²)	28	30	94	51	26	26	36
Nebraska	24	82	74	205	77	41	30	62
Nevada	23	84	113	137	281	48	46	(²)
New Hampshire	17	44	75	148	55	32	24	(²)
New Jersey	170	376	548	882	325	174	192	(²)
New Mexico	20	48	93	207	83	46	53	27
New York	296	754	1,001	2,237	812	470	404	61
North Carolina	84	257	369	851	303	223	148	93
North Dakota	(²)	19	20	86	28	16	16	30
Ohio	132	380	509	1,213	555	285	235	40
Oklahoma	44	106	139	354	134	101	94	49
Oregon	34	133	183	338	170	98	76	57
Pennsylvania	144	415	615	1,390	484	283	237	65
Rhode Island	11	45	52	132	59	24	23	(²)
South Carolina	41	110	149	373	215	107	79	(²)
South Dakota	(²)	30	24	97	39	19	15	34
Tennessee	85	184	250	548	238	132	128	47
Texas	325	697	1,140	2,005	930	605	416	229
Utah	27	73	132	229	91	57	62	21
Vermont	8	17	34	84	32	17	14	8
Virginia	124	251	482	724	307	191	291	(²)
Washington	97	189	331	593	271	139	167	81
West Virginia	17	38	60	184	68	38	48	(²)
Wisconsin	50	185	240	632	263	113	88	82
Wyoming	6	13	18	55	26	13	15	14

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Employed								
Alabama	2,023	(²)	145	336	213	122	302	106
Alaska	305	6	26	9	3	6	43	25
Arizona	2,539	(²)	220	231	179	52	422	120
Arkansas	1,186	(²)	83	200	103	97	201	74
California	16,283	(²)	1,104	1,918	1,205	713	2,458	730
Colorado	2,328	(²)	216	198	129	69	331	116
Connecticut	1,704	(²)	114	233	167	66	247	75
Delaware	399	(²)	32	49	17	32	50	19
District of Columbia	281	(²)	10	(²)	(²)	(²)	17	12
Florida	7,744	(²)	707	502	336	166	1,253	391
Georgia	4,207	(²)	393	561	271	290	645	271
Hawaii	592	(²)	42	20	(²)	(²)	83	40
Idaho	655	(²)	55	65	35	30	104	29
Illinois	5,908	(²)	438	827	522	304	862	372
Indiana	3,024	(²)	226	579	414	166	464	172
Iowa	1,540	(²)	82	264	152	111	235	70
Kansas	1,357	(²)	86	160	102	58	195	62
Kentucky	1,836	(²)	116	273	178	95	288	92
Louisiana	1,904	47	171	166	75	91	282	86
Maine	658	(²)	46	77	41	36	113	22
Maryland	2,773	(²)	217	163	98	65	388	125
Massachusetts	3,217	(²)	226	383	251	131	453	118
Michigan	4,674	(²)	302	988	786	202	695	188
Minnesota	2,778	(²)	203	398	255	143	408	121
Mississippi	1,229	(²)	97	197	123	74	176	78
Missouri	2,850	(²)	219	298	170	128	441	163
Montana	452	(²)	48	23	15	(²)	70	23
Nebraska	937	(²)	65	91	46	45	148	56
Nevada	1,082	16	108	45	31	15	158	47
New Hampshire	688	(²)	51	106	82	24	116	27
New Jersey	4,118	(²)	249	425	194	231	633	266
New Mexico	840	20	71	38	26	(²)	127	41
New York	8,726	(²)	539	800	460	339	1,207	472
North Carolina	3,957	(²)	354	619	305	314	599	173
North Dakota	333	(²)	20	21	11	10	57	17
Ohio	5,552	(²)	317	934	627	307	848	253
Oklahoma	1,600	(²)	113	164	110	54	245	82
Oregon	1,707	(²)	115	223	160	64	281	79
Pennsylvania	5,826	(²)	365	860	509	352	830	295
Rhode Island	543	(²)	30	80	56	24	80	17
South Carolina	1,866	(²)	139	301	158	143	288	97
South Dakota	410	(²)	26	47	32	14	65	15
Tennessee	2,740	(²)	201	413	281	132	406	190
Texas	10,173	136	839	1,101	599	502	1,568	555
Utah	1,118	(²)	83	123	74	49	183	59
Vermont	335	(²)	29	42	28	14	47	12
Virginia	3,620	(²)	300	297	182	114	507	168
Washington	2,903	(²)	198	355	268	87	449	150
West Virginia	739	20	55	73	41	31	112	37
Wisconsin	2,905	(²)	208	561	354	208	445	110
Wyoming	266	18	25	11	(²)	6	41	18

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Employed								
Alabama	53	129	168	396	136	103	100	(²)
Alaska	8	12	25	63	29	16	34	9
Arizona	69	200	277	477	244	120	127	(²)
Arkansas	(²)	61	83	230	77	62	47	48
California	543	1,178	1,955	3,094	1,390	847	738	311
Colorado	95	210	291	385	233	116	100	27
Connecticut	52	162	180	384	122	66	62	(²)
Delaware	(²)	46	42	80	32	19	21	(²)
District of Columbia	12	19	57	49	25	24	53	(²)
Florida	187	683	883	1,456	824	409	373	69
Georgia	122	311	399	755	300	215	187	(²)
Hawaii	15	38	67	107	90	26	50	(²)
Idaho	12	32	61	132	61	37	27	36
Illinois	167	427	640	1,139	456	302	212	61
Indiana	67	174	222	601	229	137	96	47
Iowa	34	122	111	341	101	68	46	64
Kansas	49	83	107	307	114	62	67	58
Kentucky	39	108	127	419	153	73	85	40
Louisiana	36	111	164	424	180	118	89	(²)
Maine	13	43	53	166	56	32	20	16
Maryland	88	198	368	592	180	149	290	(²)
Massachusetts	71	242	407	788	259	122	128	(²)
Michigan	85	234	410	970	392	200	159	47
Minnesota	57	231	275	589	213	129	79	66
Mississippi	(²)	63	68	269	87	67	54	46
Missouri	77	210	244	620	241	152	132	47
Montana	(²)	27	28	92	46	25	24	35
Nebraska	24	80	71	200	71	40	30	60
Nevada	22	82	107	134	268	45	45	(²)
New Hampshire	16	43	71	146	51	31	23	(²)
New Jersey	159	362	506	851	299	168	186	(²)
New Mexico	17	46	86	199	75	43	51	26
New York	276	714	917	2,162	740	446	394	57
North Carolina	78	253	338	823	269	214	145	89
North Dakota	(²)	19	19	84	26	16	15	29
Ohio	126	368	468	1,176	508	269	230	39
Oklahoma	41	102	129	340	121	97	90	47
Oregon	29	125	164	323	154	90	74	49
Pennsylvania	133	403	568	1,352	438	275	231	63
Rhode Island	11	44	48	129	56	23	22	(²)
South Carolina	39	106	138	361	193	102	77	(²)
South Dakota	(²)	30	23	95	36	18	14	33
Tennessee	80	180	228	531	215	129	123	45
Texas	304	668	1,045	1,930	841	564	404	218
Utah	24	71	122	221	83	53	60	21
Vermont	8	17	32	82	29	16	13	8
Virginia	119	248	461	706	290	183	289	(²)
Washington	90	181	303	567	237	126	163	73
West Virginia	17	37	55	179	63	36	47	(²)
Wisconsin	47	183	221	613	236	107	87	80
Wyoming	6	13	17	54	24	13	14	14

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Unemployed								
Alabama	111	(²)	10	24	12	11	21	3
Alaska	25	1	4	2	(³)	1	3	2
Arizona	137	(²)	10	15	13	3	21	4
Arkansas	71	(²)	8	13	6	7	11	5
California	1,073	(²)	86	148	98	50	172	47
Colorado	141	(²)	17	14	10	4	24	5
Connecticut	92	(²)	7	19	15	4	16	3
Delaware	17	(²)	2	2	1	1	3	(³)
District of Columbia	19	(²)	3	(²)	(²)	(²)	3	1
Florida	382	(²)	38	33	17	16	65	15
Georgia	194	(²)	21	36	22	14	28	12
Hawaii	24	(²)	4	1	(²)	(²)	4	1
Idaho	36	(²)	7	6	4	2	5	1
Illinois	398	(²)	45	66	47	18	65	16
Indiana	152	(²)	22	32	26	6	24	6
Iowa	68	(²)	7	11	7	4	10	1
Kansas	72	(²)	7	12	8	3	14	2
Kentucky	114	(²)	15	18	9	9	17	4
Louisiana	124	2	21	10	4	6	24	4
Maine	33	(²)	5	6	2	4	4	1
Maryland	121	(²)	10	8	5	4	21	6
Massachusetts	184	(²)	18	32	23	8	28	5
Michigan	350	(²)	55	78	60	19	45	11
Minnesota	139	(²)	19	20	15	5	21	7
Mississippi	79	(²)	7	15	10	5	13	3
Missouri	158	(²)	15	21	14	8	24	5
Montana	21	(²)	3	2	1	(²)	3	(³)
Nebraska	37	(²)	3	5	3	2	7	1
Nevada	55	(³)	8	4	3	2	8	3
New Hampshire	30	(²)	3	6	4	2	6	1
New Jersey	241	(²)	20	30	14	16	44	12
New Mexico	54	2	7	3	2	(²)	8	2
New York	544	(²)	54	56	33	23	77	27
North Carolina	254	(²)	26	65	33	32	36	7
North Dakota	13	(²)	3	1	1	(³)	1	1
Ohio	333	(²)	38	63	49	14	53	13
Oklahoma	90	(²)	10	15	10	4	10	1
Oregon	142	(²)	16	17	10	7	22	6
Pennsylvania	321	(²)	39	49	28	21	49	11
Rhode Island	29	(²)	3	6	4	2	5	1
South Carolina	122	(²)	16	26	17	9	18	3
South Dakota	14	(²)	2	1	1	(³)	2	(³)
Tennessee	155	(²)	16	26	17	9	21	8
Texas	685	10	84	62	41	21	117	36
Utah	64	(²)	8	7	4	3	10	1
Vermont	15	(²)	2	2	1	1	2	1
Virginia	133	(²)	14	20	12	8	20	4
Washington	223	(²)	26	25	20	5	32	9
West Virginia	43	3	6	4	3	1	8	1
Wisconsin	163	(²)	23	33	23	10	21	5
Wyoming	12	1	2	1	(²)	(³)	2	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Unemployed								
Alabama	2	4	13	11	14	4	2	(²)
Alaska	(³)	1	1	3	4	1	2	1
Arizona	1	8	25	15	19	7	4	(²)
Arkansas	(²)	3	4	9	11	2	1	2
California	50	39	166	109	106	63	25	61
Colorado	11	6	23	13	21	4	1	1
Connecticut	4	6	11	11	9	5	1	(²)
Delaware	(²)	2	2	2	2	1	(³)	(²)
District of Columbia	1	1	4	3	2	1	1	(²)
Florida	13	20	45	51	66	17	6	9
Georgia	7	9	27	16	23	9	4	(²)
Hawaii	(³)	1	3	4	3	1	(³)	(²)
Idaho	(³)	1	3	4	4	2	1	2
Illinois	18	15	64	44	42	14	6	1
Indiana	3	5	14	15	23	6	1	1
Iowa	1	3	8	9	11	3	2	2
Kansas	4	2	8	8	10	2	1	1
Kentucky	2	3	15	9	15	7	3	2
Louisiana	3	5	13	12	21	5	3	(²)
Maine	1	2	3	4	4	1	1	1
Maryland	5	6	22	16	18	5	1	(²)
Massachusetts	2	10	34	27	21	4	3	(²)
Michigan	5	12	45	35	42	15	4	3
Minnesota	3	7	17	16	16	7	2	3
Mississippi	(²)	1	8	10	13	3	3	1
Missouri	8	8	21	21	23	8	1	1
Montana	(²)	1	2	2	4	1	1	1
Nebraska	1	2	4	5	6	2	(³)	1
Nevada	2	2	6	4	13	3	1	(²)
New Hampshire	1	1	4	2	4	1	1	(²)
New Jersey	10	14	41	31	26	6	6	(²)
New Mexico	3	2	7	8	7	3	1	1
New York	20	40	84	75	72	24	9	3
North Carolina	6	4	31	28	33	9	3	4
North Dakota	(²)	(³)	1	2	2	(³)	(³)	1
Ohio	6	12	41	37	47	16	5	(³)
Oklahoma	3	3	10	13	13	5	4	2
Oregon	5	8	19	15	16	8	2	8
Pennsylvania	11	12	46	39	46	8	6	2
Rhode Island	(³)	1	3	4	3	1	1	(²)
South Carolina	1	4	12	11	22	5	3	(²)
South Dakota	(²)	1	1	2	3	1	1	1
Tennessee	5	3	23	17	23	4	6	2
Texas	22	29	95	75	89	41	12	11
Utah	2	2	10	8	8	4	2	(³)
Vermont	(³)	1	2	2	3	1	(³)	(³)
Virginia	5	3	21	18	17	8	2	(²)
Washington	7	8	28	26	34	13	4	8
West Virginia	1	1	5	5	6	2	1	(²)
Wisconsin	3	3	19	20	27	6	1	2
Wyoming	(³)	(³)	1	1	2	(³)	(³)	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Unemployment Rate								
Alabama	5.2	(²)	6.6	6.6	5.5	8.5	6.6	2.7
Alaska	7.6	9.2	13.3	13.9	11.2	15.1	6.5	6.9
Arizona	5.1	(²)	4.4	6.3	6.7	4.8	4.8	3.3
Arkansas	5.7	(²)	8.7	6.0	5.6	6.4	5.0	6.3
California	6.2	(²)	7.2	7.2	7.5	6.6	6.5	6.0
Colorado	5.7	(²)	7.4	6.6	6.9	6.1	6.8	3.8
Connecticut	5.1	(²)	5.7	7.5	8.3	5.5	6.0	3.7
Delaware	4.1	(²)	5.3	4.4	5.6	3.8	5.7	2.4
District of Columbia	6.4	(²)	20.0	(²)	(²)	(²)	14.3	5.8
Florida	4.7	(²)	5.1	6.1	4.9	8.6	4.9	3.7
Georgia	4.4	(²)	5.1	6.0	7.6	4.5	4.2	4.4
Hawaii	3.9	(²)	8.6	4.7	(²)	(²)	4.5	3.4
Idaho	5.2	(²)	10.8	8.1	9.8	6.1	4.7	3.2
Illinois	6.3	(²)	9.4	7.4	8.3	5.7	7.0	4.2
Indiana	4.8	(²)	8.7	5.2	5.9	3.3	5.0	3.6
Iowa	4.3	(²)	7.4	4.1	4.6	3.4	4.0	1.5
Kansas	5.1	(²)	8.0	6.8	7.5	5.6	6.5	3.2
Kentucky	5.8	(²)	11.5	6.2	4.9	8.6	5.7	3.9
Louisiana	6.1	5.1	10.9	5.5	5.3	5.7	7.8	4.7
Maine	4.8	(²)	9.6	7.5	5.2	10.0	3.3	3.3
Maryland	4.2	(²)	4.6	4.9	4.7	5.2	5.1	4.6
Massachusetts	5.4	(²)	7.4	7.6	8.5	5.8	5.8	4.1
Michigan	7.0	(²)	15.5	7.3	7.1	8.4	6.1	5.3
Minnesota	4.8	(²)	8.6	4.7	5.6	3.2	4.9	5.5
Mississippi	6.0	(²)	7.0	6.9	7.3	6.1	6.8	4.2
Missouri	5.3	(²)	6.5	6.7	7.6	5.6	5.2	3.2
Montana	4.5	(²)	5.9	7.3	7.5	(²)	4.2	1.7
Nebraska	3.8	(²)	4.6	5.2	5.7	4.8	4.4	2.6
Nevada	4.8	.4	7.0	8.6	8.0	9.6	5.0	5.9
New Hampshire	4.1	(²)	5.6	5.1	4.7	6.6	4.6	3.2
New Jersey	5.5	(²)	7.4	6.5	6.8	6.3	6.5	4.2
New Mexico	6.0	7.1	8.9	7.7	6.6	(²)	6.0	5.0
New York	5.9	(²)	9.2	6.5	6.7	6.2	6.0	5.4
North Carolina	6.0	(²)	6.9	9.5	9.8	9.2	5.7	3.8
North Dakota	3.7	(²)	13.0	5.3	6.4	3.9	1.9	2.9
Ohio	5.7	(²)	10.8	6.3	7.2	4.4	5.9	4.9
Oklahoma	5.3	(²)	8.2	8.2	8.6	7.4	4.0	1.6
Oregon	7.7	(²)	12.4	7.2	6.1	10.0	7.3	6.5
Pennsylvania	5.2	(²)	9.6	5.4	5.3	5.6	5.6	3.6
Rhode Island	5.0	(²)	9.0	7.5	7.3	7.9	5.7	5.3
South Carolina	6.1	(²)	10.1	8.0	9.5	6.2	5.8	3.4
South Dakota	3.4	(²)	8.6	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.9
Tennessee	5.4	(²)	7.3	5.9	5.7	6.3	4.9	3.9
Texas	6.3	6.7	9.1	5.4	6.5	4.0	6.9	6.0
Utah	5.4	(²)	9.0	5.6	5.0	6.5	5.1	1.8
Vermont	4.4	(²)	5.5	4.1	3.9	4.7	3.7	4.1
Virginia	3.6	(²)	4.3	6.3	6.2	6.4	3.8	2.4
Washington	7.1	(²)	11.4	6.6	7.1	5.0	6.7	5.7
West Virginia	5.5	11.9	9.9	5.4	7.0	3.2	6.5	3.2
Wisconsin	5.3	(²)	10.1	5.6	6.1	4.7	4.4	4.4
Wyoming	4.3	3.1	8.1	5.3	(²)	6.4	3.8	3.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. States: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Unemployment Rate								
Alabama	3.7	2.9	7.3	2.8	9.5	3.5	2.2	(²)
Alaska	2.3	5.2	5.4	4.8	12.4	7.0	6.7	8.8
Arizona	1.8	3.9	8.4	3.0	7.2	5.3	2.7	(²)
Arkansas	(²)	5.2	5.0	3.9	12.5	3.6	2.2	4.2
California	8.4	3.2	7.8	3.4	7.1	6.9	3.3	16.5
Colorado	10.4	3.0	7.2	3.2	8.3	3.6	1.4	4.0
Connecticut	6.7	3.6	6.0	2.9	7.2	6.9	1.3	(²)
Delaware	(²)	3.8	5.1	2.3	7.0	4.2	1.3	(²)
District of Columbia	4.2	3.8	6.6	6.5	7.4	5.0	2.1	(²)
Florida	6.4	2.9	4.9	3.4	7.4	4.0	1.7	11.4
Georgia	5.6	2.7	6.2	2.1	7.0	4.2	2.1	(²)
Hawaii	2.6	2.1	4.4	3.8	2.9	4.7	.9	(²)
Idaho	3.5	2.5	4.4	3.1	6.7	4.8	3.4	4.2
Illinois	9.9	3.3	9.1	3.7	8.4	4.5	2.6	1.9
Indiana	3.8	3.1	5.8	2.5	9.2	4.3	1.3	1.6
Iowa	3.6	2.4	6.4	2.6	10.1	4.1	3.1	3.4
Kansas	7.3	2.8	7.2	2.6	8.0	3.7	1.8	1.6
Kentucky	3.9	3.1	10.8	2.2	8.9	8.7	3.8	5.1
Louisiana	7.6	4.6	7.5	2.7	10.3	3.7	3.3	(²)
Maine	6.3	4.0	6.0	2.5	7.1	4.1	2.8	5.0
Maryland	5.1	3.1	5.7	2.6	8.9	3.4	.5	(²)
Massachusetts	3.3	3.9	7.8	3.3	7.4	3.5	2.4	(²)
Michigan	6.0	4.7	9.9	3.4	9.7	6.9	2.2	6.6
Minnesota	5.5	2.7	5.8	2.6	7.0	5.1	2.9	5.0
Mississippi	(²)	1.8	10.0	3.6	13.1	4.2	5.9	2.7
Missouri	9.1	3.8	7.9	3.3	8.7	4.9	1.1	2.3
Montana	(²)	2.5	5.4	1.9	8.7	4.4	5.8	3.1
Nebraska	2.8	2.0	4.9	2.5	8.1	3.8	.2	2.2
Nevada	6.6	2.0	5.3	2.7	4.7	6.5	2.5	(²)
New Hampshire	5.9	2.3	5.7	1.7	6.7	3.8	2.8	(²)
New Jersey	6.0	3.8	7.5	3.5	8.0	3.6	3.1	(²)
New Mexico	14.0	4.2	7.6	3.8	8.7	5.9	2.6	4.0
New York	6.8	5.3	8.4	3.4	8.8	5.2	2.3	5.3
North Carolina	7.2	1.4	8.4	3.3	11.0	4.2	1.9	4.1
North Dakota	(²)	1.7	4.5	2.3	6.3	2.9	2.2	2.3
Ohio	4.7	3.0	8.1	3.0	8.4	5.5	2.2	.5
Oklahoma	5.8	3.1	7.3	3.8	9.6	4.5	4.0	4.1
Oregon	15.0	5.7	10.6	4.3	9.5	8.5	2.3	13.8
Pennsylvania	7.9	2.8	7.5	2.8	9.5	3.0	2.4	2.7
Rhode Island	1.4	3.1	6.5	2.8	5.2	3.8	2.9	(²)
South Carolina	3.5	3.4	7.7	3.0	10.2	4.7	3.6	(²)
South Dakota	(²)	2.3	3.9	1.8	7.9	2.8	4.3	2.3
Tennessee	5.5	1.8	9.0	3.2	9.8	2.9	4.4	5.1
Texas	6.6	4.2	8.3	3.7	9.6	6.7	2.9	4.7
Utah	8.7	3.1	7.4	3.3	9.1	6.3	3.7	1.0
Vermont	5.3	4.2	6.2	2.5	9.7	3.3	1.7	3.7
Virginia	3.9	1.1	4.4	2.5	5.6	4.1	.6	(²)
Washington	7.5	4.3	8.5	4.4	12.4	9.3	2.6	9.7
West Virginia	3.3	3.3	7.9	2.9	8.4	5.8	1.1	(²)
Wisconsin	5.9	1.5	7.8	3.1	10.3	5.1	1.1	2.4
Wyoming	2.9	1.2	4.5	2.7	8.3	3.6	2.8	3.8

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience.

² Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS publication standard of reliability for the particular area, based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

³ Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Totals for summary groups published include other industries not shown separately. Items may not compute to displayed rates because of rounding.

Table 20. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2003 annual averages

Population group and State	Total employed		Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
TOTAL									
Alabama	2,023	100.0	.8	7.2	16.6	10.6	6.0	14.9	5.3
Alaska	305	100.0	2.0	8.6	3.1	1.0	2.1	14.0	8.1
Arizona	2,539	100.0	.2	8.7	9.1	7.0	2.1	16.6	4.7
Arkansas	1,186	100.0	.4	7.0	16.9	8.7	8.2	16.9	6.2
California	16,283	100.0	.1	6.8	11.8	7.4	4.4	15.1	4.5
Colorado	2,328	100.0	.4	9.3	8.5	5.6	2.9	14.2	5.0
Connecticut	1,704	100.0	(¹)	6.7	13.7	9.8	3.9	14.5	4.4
Delaware	399	100.0	(¹)	8.0	12.3	4.2	8.1	12.5	4.7
District of Columbia	281	100.0	(¹)	3.6	1.2	.3	.9	5.9	4.3
Florida	7,744	100.0	.1	9.1	6.5	4.3	2.1	16.2	5.0
Georgia	4,207	100.0	.1	9.3	13.3	6.5	6.9	15.3	6.4
Hawaii	592	100.0	(¹)	7.1	3.5	1.7	1.8	14.1	6.8
Idaho	655	100.0	.5	8.4	9.9	5.3	4.6	15.9	4.4
Illinois	5,908	100.0	.1	7.4	14.0	8.8	5.2	14.6	6.3
Indiana	3,024	100.0	.3	7.5	19.2	13.7	5.5	15.3	5.7
Iowa	1,540	100.0	.2	5.3	17.1	9.9	7.2	15.3	4.5
Kansas	1,357	100.0	.6	6.3	11.8	7.5	4.3	14.4	4.6
Kentucky	1,836	100.0	1.3	6.3	14.9	9.7	5.2	15.7	5.0
Louisiana	1,904	100.0	2.5	9.0	8.7	3.9	4.8	14.8	4.5
Maine	658	100.0	.1	7.0	11.7	6.3	5.5	17.2	3.3
Maryland	2,773	100.0	(¹)	7.8	5.9	3.5	2.3	14.0	4.5
Massachusetts	3,217	100.0	.1	7.0	11.9	7.8	4.1	14.1	3.7
Michigan	4,674	100.0	.1	6.5	21.1	16.8	4.3	14.9	4.0
Minnesota	2,778	100.0	.3	7.3	14.3	9.2	5.2	14.7	4.3
Mississippi	1,229	100.0	.6	7.9	16.1	10.0	6.0	14.3	6.3
Missouri	2,850	100.0	.2	7.7	10.5	6.0	4.5	15.5	5.7
Montana	452	100.0	.9	10.6	5.1	3.2	1.8	15.5	5.0
Nebraska	937	100.0	.2	7.0	9.7	4.9	4.8	15.8	5.9
Nevada	1,082	100.0	1.5	10.0	4.2	2.9	1.3	14.6	4.4
New Hampshire	688	100.0	.2	7.4	15.3	11.9	3.5	16.9	3.9
New Jersey	4,118	100.0	(¹)	6.1	10.3	4.7	5.6	15.4	6.5
New Mexico	840	100.0	2.4	8.4	4.5	3.0	1.4	15.1	4.8
New York	8,726	100.0	(¹)	6.2	9.2	5.3	3.9	13.8	5.4
North Carolina	3,957	100.0	.1	8.9	15.7	7.7	7.9	15.1	4.4
North Dakota	333	100.0	.6	6.2	6.4	3.4	3.0	17.1	5.2
Ohio	5,552	100.0	.3	5.7	16.8	11.3	5.5	15.3	4.5
Oklahoma	1,600	100.0	1.7	7.0	10.2	6.9	3.4	15.3	5.1
Oregon	1,707	100.0	.1	6.7	13.1	9.4	3.7	16.5	4.6
Pennsylvania	5,826	100.0	.2	6.3	14.8	8.7	6.0	14.2	5.1
Rhode Island	543	100.0	(¹)	5.5	14.7	10.2	4.4	14.7	3.2
South Carolina	1,866	100.0	.1	7.5	16.1	8.5	7.7	15.4	5.2
South Dakota	410	100.0	.3	6.4	11.4	7.9	3.5	15.9	3.6
Tennessee	2,740	100.0	(¹)	7.3	15.1	10.3	4.8	14.8	6.9
Texas	10,173	100.0	1.3	8.2	10.8	5.9	4.9	15.4	5.5
Utah	1,118	100.0	1.3	7.4	11.0	6.6	4.4	16.4	5.3
Vermont	335	100.0	.3	8.7	12.4	8.3	4.1	13.9	3.5
Virginia	3,620	100.0	.2	8.3	8.2	5.0	3.2	14.0	4.7
Washington	2,903	100.0	.4	6.8	12.2	9.2	3.0	15.5	5.2
West Virginia	739	100.0	2.7	7.4	9.8	5.6	4.3	15.2	5.1
Wisconsin	2,905	100.0	.2	7.2	19.3	12.2	7.1	15.3	3.8
Wyoming	266	100.0	6.6	9.3	4.1	1.9	2.2	15.4	6.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
TOTAL								
Alabama	2.6	6.4	8.3	19.6	6.7	5.1	5.0	1.6
Alaska	2.6	4.0	8.0	20.6	9.4	5.3	11.3	2.9
Arizona	2.7	7.9	10.9	18.8	9.6	4.7	5.0	1.1
Arkansas	1.3	5.2	7.0	19.4	6.5	5.2	4.0	4.0
California	3.3	7.2	12.0	19.0	8.5	5.2	4.5	1.9
Colorado	4.1	9.0	12.5	16.5	10.0	5.0	4.3	1.2
Connecticut	3.0	9.5	10.6	22.5	7.1	3.9	3.6	.4
Delaware	1.6	11.6	10.5	19.9	8.0	4.7	5.2	1.1
District of Columbia	4.4	6.7	20.2	17.5	8.9	8.4	18.8	.1
Florida	2.4	8.8	11.4	18.8	10.6	5.3	4.8	.9
Georgia	2.9	7.4	9.5	17.9	7.1	5.1	4.4	1.1
Hawaii	2.6	6.4	11.3	18.1	15.2	4.3	8.5	2.0
Idaho	1.9	4.9	9.4	20.2	9.3	5.7	4.2	5.5
Illinois	2.8	7.2	10.8	19.3	7.7	5.1	3.6	1.0
Indiana	2.2	5.7	7.3	19.9	7.6	4.5	3.2	1.5
Iowa	2.2	7.9	7.2	22.2	6.5	4.4	3.0	4.1
Kansas	3.6	6.1	7.9	22.7	8.4	4.6	5.0	4.3
Kentucky	2.1	5.9	6.9	22.8	8.3	4.0	4.6	2.2
Louisiana	1.9	5.8	8.6	22.3	9.5	6.2	4.7	1.6
Maine	2.0	6.5	8.0	25.2	8.6	4.9	3.1	2.5
Maryland	3.2	7.1	13.3	21.4	6.5	5.4	10.5	.6
Massachusetts	2.2	7.5	12.7	24.5	8.1	3.8	4.0	.5
Michigan	1.8	5.0	8.8	20.8	8.4	4.3	3.4	1.0
Minnesota	2.1	8.3	9.9	21.2	7.7	4.6	2.9	2.4
Mississippi	1.6	5.1	5.6	21.9	7.1	5.5	4.4	3.7
Missouri	2.7	7.4	8.6	21.8	8.5	5.3	4.6	1.7
Montana	1.6	6.0	6.2	20.4	10.3	5.5	5.3	7.7
Nebraska	2.5	8.5	7.6	21.4	7.6	4.2	3.2	6.4
Nevada	2.0	7.6	9.9	12.4	24.8	4.2	4.2	.4
New Hampshire	2.3	6.2	10.3	21.2	7.4	4.5	3.4	1.0
New Jersey	3.9	8.8	12.3	20.7	7.3	4.1	4.5	.3
New Mexico	2.0	5.5	10.3	23.7	9.0	5.1	6.1	3.0
New York	3.2	8.2	10.5	24.8	8.5	5.1	4.5	.7
North Carolina	2.0	6.4	8.5	20.8	6.8	5.4	3.7	2.3
North Dakota	1.9	5.7	5.8	25.2	7.8	4.8	4.7	8.8
Ohio	2.3	6.6	8.4	21.2	9.2	4.8	4.1	.7
Oklahoma	2.6	6.4	8.1	21.3	7.6	6.1	5.6	2.9
Oregon	1.7	7.3	9.6	18.9	9.0	5.3	4.3	2.9
Pennsylvania	2.3	6.9	9.8	23.2	7.5	4.7	4.0	1.1
Rhode Island	2.0	8.1	8.9	23.7	10.3	4.3	4.1	.5
South Carolina	2.1	5.7	7.4	19.4	10.4	5.5	4.1	1.2
South Dakota	1.7	7.3	5.6	23.2	8.7	4.5	3.4	8.0
Tennessee	2.9	6.6	8.3	19.4	7.8	4.7	4.5	1.6
Texas	3.0	6.6	10.3	19.0	8.3	5.5	4.0	2.1
Utah	2.2	6.3	10.9	19.8	7.4	4.8	5.3	1.9
Vermont	2.4	5.0	9.4	24.4	8.7	4.9	4.0	2.4
Virginia	3.3	6.8	12.7	19.5	8.0	5.1	8.0	1.2
Washington	3.1	6.2	10.4	19.5	8.2	4.4	5.6	2.5
West Virginia	2.2	5.0	7.5	24.2	8.5	4.9	6.4	1.1
Wisconsin	1.6	6.3	7.6	21.1	8.1	3.7	3.0	2.8
Wyoming	2.2	4.7	6.3	20.2	9.1	4.7	5.4	5.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Total employed		Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Men									
Alabama	1,064	100.0	1.4	11.8	22.3	15.0	7.3	14.1	7.9
Alaska	160	100.0	3.3	14.7	4.0	1.4	2.6	15.1	11.4
Arizona	1,411	100.0	.1	14.2	12.3	9.8	2.4	16.8	5.8
Arkansas	646	100.0	.7	11.7	20.6	11.1	9.5	18.1	8.4
California	8,929	100.0	.2	11.2	14.3	9.5	4.7	16.4	5.8
Colorado	1,273	100.0	.7	15.0	10.8	7.2	3.6	14.3	7.3
Connecticut	884	100.0	(¹)	11.9	18.4	13.8	4.6	16.2	5.8
Delaware	205	100.0	(¹)	14.5	16.3	6.3	10.0	12.8	6.6
District of Columbia	139	100.0	(¹)	6.5	1.4	.3	1.0	6.2	6.9
Florida	4,136	100.0	.1	15.2	8.1	5.6	2.5	17.1	7.3
Georgia	2,253	100.0	.1	16.0	17.5	9.2	8.4	15.8	8.9
Hawaii	308	100.0	(¹)	12.4	4.4	2.4	2.0	13.2	9.1
Idaho	356	100.0	.9	13.9	12.8	7.4	5.4	15.9	6.5
Illinois	3,125	100.0	.1	12.6	18.1	11.7	6.4	14.5	8.7
Indiana	1,616	100.0	.6	12.4	25.1	18.4	6.6	15.4	8.3
Iowa	808	100.0	.3	9.3	23.2	14.2	9.0	17.2	6.7
Kansas	712	100.0	.9	10.9	16.1	10.6	5.5	14.2	7.0
Kentucky	973	100.0	2.2	10.9	20.1	13.9	6.2	15.9	7.3
Louisiana	987	100.0	4.5	15.9	12.4	5.7	6.7	14.6	6.9
Maine	338	100.0	.1	12.5	17.7	10.0	7.7	19.4	4.9
Maryland	1,423	100.0	(¹)	13.6	7.5	4.7	2.7	14.9	6.7
Massachusetts	1,672	100.0	.2	12.8	15.6	10.7	4.8	14.9	5.7
Michigan	2,462	100.0	.1	11.0	28.9	23.9	5.1	15.6	5.3
Minnesota	1,448	100.0	.6	12.8	18.4	12.3	6.2	15.6	6.1
Mississippi	649	100.0	1.1	13.4	20.1	13.8	6.3	14.8	9.2
Missouri	1,487	100.0	.3	13.3	14.2	8.4	5.8	16.9	8.1
Montana	238	100.0	1.4	17.3	7.3	5.0	2.4	15.4	6.9
Nebraska	490	100.0	.3	12.1	14.0	7.2	6.7	16.9	8.9
Nevada	607	100.0	2.4	15.8	5.7	4.0	1.7	14.5	5.8
New Hampshire	368	100.0	.3	12.5	19.4	14.9	4.6	17.3	5.5
New Jersey	2,183	100.0	(¹)	10.3	12.8	6.1	6.6	16.4	9.1
New Mexico	436	100.0	4.0	15.0	6.3	4.2	2.1	14.5	6.9
New York	4,570	100.0	(¹)	10.7	11.3	7.2	4.1	14.9	8.2
North Carolina	2,103	100.0	.1	15.6	18.2	9.4	8.8	16.4	6.7
North Dakota	174	100.0	1.0	11.1	9.2	5.3	3.9	19.6	8.2
Ohio	2,925	100.0	.5	9.5	23.3	16.6	6.7	14.8	6.7
Oklahoma	859	100.0	2.7	12.3	13.8	9.6	4.2	15.9	7.6
Oregon	916	100.0	.2	10.9	18.5	14.0	4.6	18.0	6.2
Pennsylvania	3,060	100.0	.4	10.7	20.1	12.6	7.6	14.9	7.5
Rhode Island	277	100.0	(¹)	9.9	18.8	13.3	5.5	16.6	4.7
South Carolina	971	100.0	.2	12.7	21.5	11.4	10.1	14.5	7.6
South Dakota	213	100.0	.7	11.3	15.5	10.6	4.9	17.1	5.6
Tennessee	1,462	100.0	(¹)	12.6	20.1	14.1	5.9	14.5	9.6
Texas	5,600	100.0	1.9	13.7	14.2	7.9	6.3	15.0	7.4
Utah	613	100.0	2.1	12.3	14.0	9.0	5.0	16.4	7.2
Vermont	175	100.0	.5	15.2	15.7	11.0	4.8	14.6	5.3
Virginia	1,871	100.0	.3	14.1	10.9	7.5	3.3	14.3	6.6
Washington	1,545	100.0	.7	11.8	16.8	12.8	4.0	15.3	7.3
West Virginia	402	100.0	4.9	12.6	14.4	8.5	5.8	14.1	7.9
Wisconsin	1,506	100.0	.2	12.1	26.1	16.8	9.3	16.5	6.1
Wyoming	143	100.0	11.2	15.0	5.5	2.7	2.8	14.4	10.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Men								
Alabama	3.1	4.7	9.2	8.1	5.5	4.1	5.1	2.7
Alaska	2.6	2.5	7.8	10.2	8.3	5.1	11.0	4.2
Arizona	2.4	7.2	12.1	8.8	9.0	4.4	5.4	1.5
Arkansas	1.4	3.7	6.7	8.6	5.4	5.0	3.5	6.1
California	3.6	6.2	12.7	9.7	8.4	4.8	4.3	2.5
Colorado	4.1	7.0	12.7	8.1	10.1	3.7	4.6	1.6
Connecticut	3.0	8.4	11.1	11.0	6.3	3.6	3.7	.5
Delaware	1.7	9.9	10.9	8.9	7.8	4.5	4.6	1.6
District of Columbia	4.3	7.3	22.1	12.5	9.6	6.5	16.5	.1
Florida	2.7	7.5	12.4	9.0	9.8	5.0	4.7	1.1
Georgia	2.7	5.5	10.1	6.6	6.0	4.8	4.5	1.5
Hawaii	2.8	5.0	12.5	10.3	14.6	3.6	9.8	2.2
Idaho	1.2	3.8	10.5	8.5	8.7	6.4	3.5	7.4
Illinois	2.8	6.3	11.7	8.5	6.8	4.8	3.6	1.4
Indiana	1.8	4.5	7.2	8.6	6.5	4.6	3.2	1.9
Iowa	1.6	5.7	7.2	9.6	5.5	3.9	3.1	6.7
Kansas	4.1	5.0	7.9	10.7	7.7	4.5	4.9	6.2
Kentucky	2.3	4.7	6.7	11.1	6.9	4.1	4.7	3.1
Louisiana	1.8	4.2	8.6	8.8	8.5	6.0	5.1	2.6
Maine	1.8	4.8	8.2	12.3	6.5	4.6	3.4	3.8
Maryland	3.5	6.1	14.7	11.1	6.3	4.8	9.9	.8
Massachusetts	2.4	7.0	14.2	11.6	7.1	3.1	5.0	.6
Michigan	1.8	3.6	9.4	9.5	6.9	3.6	3.0	1.4
Minnesota	2.4	6.7	10.8	9.6	6.7	4.2	2.8	3.3
Mississippi	1.5	3.6	5.9	9.1	5.8	5.8	4.0	5.6
Missouri	2.7	6.1	8.9	9.4	8.0	4.8	4.7	2.6
Montana	1.7	4.5	6.1	10.5	8.0	5.1	4.9	10.7
Nebraska	2.9	7.0	7.4	8.5	6.3	3.4	2.9	9.6
Nevada	2.1	6.1	11.0	5.5	22.9	3.7	3.9	.6
New Hampshire	2.8	5.5	11.0	10.2	6.5	4.0	3.5	1.3
New Jersey	4.4	9.3	13.3	9.2	6.8	3.3	4.7	.4
New Mexico	2.3	4.0	11.3	11.5	8.1	5.5	6.4	4.2
New York	3.2	8.2	12.1	12.1	9.1	4.3	4.8	1.0
North Carolina	2.2	4.9	8.9	9.2	5.4	5.3	4.0	3.1
North Dakota	1.8	3.9	6.2	10.3	5.9	4.2	4.6	13.9
Ohio	2.9	5.4	8.9	10.1	8.1	4.3	4.6	1.0
Oklahoma	3.0	4.5	8.0	9.4	7.3	5.6	5.8	4.1
Oregon	1.4	5.3	9.9	8.6	8.2	4.6	4.1	4.1
Pennsylvania	2.7	5.6	9.5	11.9	6.6	4.4	4.2	1.3
Rhode Island	2.0	6.3	10.5	12.3	9.7	3.5	4.9	.8
South Carolina	2.6	4.5	8.7	7.5	9.3	5.3	3.8	1.8
South Dakota	1.7	4.9	5.1	10.9	7.1	4.1	3.8	12.2
Tennessee	3.1	5.1	8.6	8.9	6.6	4.2	4.4	2.5
Texas	3.1	5.4	11.3	8.3	7.8	5.0	3.9	3.1
Utah	2.3	5.7	11.2	11.1	6.1	3.8	5.4	2.5
Vermont	2.2	4.1	10.5	11.9	7.9	4.7	4.2	3.3
Virginia	3.8	5.3	14.8	8.2	6.9	4.6	8.7	1.5
Washington	3.1	4.6	10.7	8.8	7.5	4.4	5.2	3.8
West Virginia	2.0	3.7	7.2	13.4	7.2	5.0	6.2	1.4
Wisconsin	1.8	3.6	7.8	9.4	6.4	3.3	2.9	3.7
Wyoming	1.8	3.2	6.2	9.6	6.3	4.9	5.1	6.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Total employed		Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Women									
Alabama	958	100.0	.1	2.0	10.2	5.6	4.6	15.9	2.3
Alaska	145	100.0	.5	2.0	2.0	.5	1.5	12.8	4.5
Arizona	1,128	100.0	.2	1.7	5.1	3.5	1.6	16.3	3.4
Arkansas	540	100.0	.1	1.4	12.4	5.9	6.5	15.5	3.6
California	7,354	100.0	(¹)	1.4	8.8	4.8	4.0	13.5	2.8
Colorado	1,055	100.0	.1	2.4	5.8	3.6	2.2	14.1	2.2
Connecticut	820	100.0	(¹)	1.1	8.6	5.5	3.1	12.7	2.9
Delaware	194	100.0	(¹)	1.2	8.2	2.0	6.1	12.2	2.6
District of Columbia	143	100.0	(¹)	.8	1.0	.3	.7	5.5	1.7
Florida	3,608	100.0	.1	2.2	4.7	2.9	1.8	15.1	2.4
Georgia	1,954	100.0	(¹)	1.7	8.5	3.3	5.2	14.8	3.6
Hawaii	284	100.0	(¹)	1.4	2.4	.9	1.5	15.1	4.3
Idaho	299	100.0	(¹)	1.8	6.4	2.8	3.6	16.0	1.9
Illinois	2,783	100.0	.1	1.5	9.4	5.7	3.7	14.6	3.6
Indiana	1,409	100.0	.1	1.8	12.3	8.2	4.1	15.3	2.7
Iowa	732	100.0	(¹)	1.0	10.4	5.1	5.3	13.2	2.1
Kansas	645	100.0	.3	1.3	7.0	4.1	2.9	14.6	1.9
Kentucky	863	100.0	.3	1.1	9.0	4.9	4.0	15.5	2.4
Louisiana	916	100.0	.2	1.6	4.7	2.1	2.7	15.1	1.9
Maine	320	100.0	(¹)	1.3	5.4	2.4	3.1	14.9	1.7
Maryland	1,350	100.0	(¹)	1.8	4.2	2.2	1.9	13.0	2.1
Massachusetts	1,545	100.0	(¹)	.8	7.9	4.6	3.3	13.2	1.5
Michigan	2,212	100.0	(¹)	1.4	12.5	9.0	3.5	14.0	2.6
Minnesota	1,330	100.0	.1	1.3	9.9	5.8	4.1	13.7	2.5
Mississippi	580	100.0	(¹)	1.6	11.5	5.7	5.8	13.7	3.0
Missouri	1,363	100.0	(¹)	1.5	6.4	3.3	3.1	13.9	3.2
Montana	214	100.0	.3	3.2	2.5	1.3	1.2	15.5	2.9
Nebraska	446	100.0	.1	1.4	5.0	2.3	2.7	14.4	2.8
Nevada	475	100.0	.4	2.5	2.3	1.4	.9	14.8	2.5
New Hampshire	321	100.0	(¹)	1.6	10.6	8.5	2.2	16.5	1.9
New Jersey	1,935	100.0	(¹)	1.3	7.6	3.1	4.5	14.2	3.5
New Mexico	403	100.0	.6	1.3	2.5	1.8	.7	15.8	2.6
New York	4,157	100.0	(¹)	1.2	6.8	3.2	3.6	12.7	2.4
North Carolina	1,854	100.0	.1	1.4	12.7	5.8	6.9	13.7	1.8
North Dakota	159	100.0	(¹)	.7	3.3	1.3	2.0	14.3	1.8
Ohio	2,627	100.0	.1	1.5	9.6	5.4	4.2	15.7	2.2
Oklahoma	741	100.0	.5	1.0	6.1	3.7	2.4	14.7	2.2
Oregon	790	100.0	(¹)	2.0	6.8	4.0	2.8	14.7	2.7
Pennsylvania	2,766	100.0	.1	1.3	8.8	4.5	4.3	13.5	2.3
Rhode Island	266	100.0	(¹)	1.0	10.4	7.0	3.4	12.7	1.7
South Carolina	895	100.0	(¹)	1.8	10.3	5.3	5.0	16.5	2.5
South Dakota	197	100.0	(¹)	1.1	7.1	5.0	2.1	14.5	1.3
Tennessee	1,278	100.0	(¹)	1.3	9.4	5.8	3.6	15.2	4.0
Texas	4,573	100.0	.7	1.5	6.7	3.4	3.3	16.0	3.1
Utah	505	100.0	.4	1.5	7.4	3.8	3.6	16.4	2.9
Vermont	160	100.0	(¹)	1.6	8.8	5.4	3.4	13.2	1.7
Virginia	1,749	100.0	(¹)	2.0	5.3	2.3	3.0	13.8	2.6
Washington	1,358	100.0	(¹)	1.2	7.0	5.2	1.9	15.6	2.8
West Virginia	337	100.0	.1	1.2	4.4	2.0	2.4	16.5	1.6
Wisconsin	1,399	100.0	.1	1.8	12.1	7.2	4.9	14.0	1.3
Wyoming	123	100.0	1.3	2.8	2.5	1.0	1.5	16.6	2.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Women								
Alabama	2.1	8.2	7.3	32.3	8.1	6.2	4.8	.4
Alaska	2.6	5.8	8.3	32.0	10.7	5.6	11.6	1.6
Arizona	3.1	8.7	9.5	31.3	10.5	5.2	4.5	.6
Arkansas	1.1	6.9	7.4	32.2	7.8	5.6	4.5	1.6
California	3.0	8.5	11.2	30.3	8.7	5.7	4.8	1.2
Colorado	4.0	11.5	12.2	26.8	9.8	6.5	4.0	.7
Connecticut	3.0	10.8	9.9	34.9	8.1	4.1	3.6	.3
Delaware	1.5	13.3	10.1	31.5	8.2	4.9	5.8	.6
District of Columbia	4.5	6.1	18.3	22.3	8.2	10.3	21.0	.1
Florida	2.1	10.3	10.2	30.0	11.6	5.5	5.0	.7
Georgia	3.1	9.6	8.8	31.0	8.5	5.5	4.3	.6
Hawaii	2.5	8.0	10.1	26.5	15.8	5.0	7.1	1.7
Idaho	2.7	6.1	8.0	34.1	9.9	4.8	5.0	3.3
Illinois	2.8	8.2	9.8	31.3	8.8	5.5	3.6	.6
Indiana	2.7	7.2	7.5	32.8	8.8	4.5	3.1	1.2
Iowa	2.8	10.4	7.2	36.0	7.6	5.0	3.0	1.3
Kansas	3.0	7.3	7.8	35.8	9.2	4.6	5.0	2.2
Kentucky	1.9	7.2	7.1	36.1	9.9	3.8	4.5	1.1
Louisiana	1.9	7.5	8.6	36.8	10.5	6.4	4.2	.6
Maine	2.1	8.3	7.8	38.8	10.7	5.2	2.7	1.0
Maryland	2.8	8.2	11.8	32.2	6.7	5.9	11.0	.3
Massachusetts	2.0	8.1	11.0	38.4	9.1	4.6	2.9	.4
Michigan	1.8	6.5	8.1	33.3	10.1	5.0	3.8	.6
Minnesota	1.6	10.1	9.0	33.8	8.7	5.1	2.9	1.4
Mississippi	1.7	6.7	5.2	36.2	8.5	5.1	4.9	1.7
Missouri	2.7	8.8	8.2	35.2	9.0	5.9	4.6	.7
Montana	1.4	7.6	6.4	31.3	12.8	5.9	5.8	4.3
Nebraska	2.2	10.3	7.7	35.6	9.0	5.1	3.6	2.9
Nevada	1.9	9.5	8.5	21.1	27.2	4.8	4.5	.1
New Hampshire	1.7	7.1	9.4	33.8	8.4	5.1	3.2	.6
New Jersey	3.3	8.2	11.2	33.6	7.8	5.0	4.3	.2
New Mexico	1.7	7.1	9.1	37.0	9.9	4.7	5.9	1.8
New York	3.1	8.1	8.8	38.7	7.8	6.0	4.2	.2
North Carolina	1.7	8.1	8.1	34.0	8.4	5.5	3.2	1.3
North Dakota	1.9	7.6	5.3	41.5	9.9	5.4	4.7	3.2
Ohio	1.5	8.0	7.9	33.5	10.3	5.4	3.7	.4
Oklahoma	2.1	8.6	8.2	35.0	7.9	6.5	5.4	1.7
Oregon	2.0	9.7	9.2	30.9	10.0	6.0	4.6	1.5
Pennsylvania	1.8	8.4	10.0	35.7	8.6	5.0	3.7	.8
Rhode Island	2.0	9.9	7.2	35.6	11.1	5.1	3.2	.2
South Carolina	1.6	7.0	5.9	32.2	11.5	5.6	4.4	.5
South Dakota	1.7	9.8	6.2	36.4	10.5	4.9	3.0	3.5
Tennessee	2.7	8.3	8.0	31.4	9.3	5.2	4.6	.7
Texas	2.8	8.0	9.0	32.1	8.9	6.2	4.1	1.0
Utah	2.1	7.1	10.5	30.3	9.1	5.9	5.3	1.1
Vermont	2.5	5.9	8.3	38.2	9.5	5.1	3.8	1.4
Virginia	2.7	8.5	10.5	31.6	9.2	5.6	7.3	.9
Washington	3.1	8.1	10.1	31.7	9.0	4.3	6.1	1.1
West Virginia	2.5	6.7	7.9	37.1	10.0	4.8	6.6	.7
Wisconsin	1.4	9.1	7.5	33.6	9.9	4.2	3.2	1.7
Wyoming	2.6	6.5	6.5	32.4	12.2	4.5	5.7	3.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Total employed		Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
White									
Alabama	1,523	100.0	1.0	8.2	16.0	10.2	5.8	15.7	5.4
Alaska	236	100.0	2.2	9.3	2.6	1.0	1.6	13.9	7.8
Arizona	2,321	100.0	.2	9.1	9.1	7.0	2.1	16.8	4.5
Arkansas	983	100.0	.4	7.5	16.7	9.1	7.6	17.5	6.2
California	12,798	100.0	.1	7.8	11.4	7.0	4.4	14.9	4.2
Colorado	2,111	100.0	.4	9.7	8.2	5.4	2.8	14.1	4.8
Connecticut	1,471	100.0	(¹)	7.2	14.2	10.3	3.9	14.6	4.0
Delaware	314	100.0	(¹)	9.1	11.9	4.4	7.5	13.3	4.4
District of Columbia	135	100.0	(¹)	3.6	1.3	.4	.9	4.2	1.2
Florida	6,322	100.0	.1	9.9	6.6	4.6	1.9	16.9	5.0
Georgia	2,939	100.0	.1	10.8	14.0	6.6	7.3	15.6	5.5
Hawaii	120	100.0	(¹)	8.7	3.0	1.7	1.3	11.2	4.9
Idaho	621	100.0	.5	8.4	9.6	5.1	4.6	16.3	4.3
Illinois	4,935	100.0	.1	8.2	14.3	9.1	5.2	15.1	5.6
Indiana	2,742	100.0	.4	7.9	19.6	14.0	5.6	15.7	5.6
Iowa	1,462	100.0	.2	5.5	17.1	10.1	7.0	15.5	4.7
Kansas	1,224	100.0	.6	6.5	11.5	7.4	4.1	14.5	4.7
Kentucky	1,663	100.0	1.4	6.6	14.8	9.5	5.3	15.9	5.0
Louisiana	1,325	100.0	3.0	10.0	8.3	4.1	4.2	16.0	4.4
Maine	639	100.0	.1	7.1	11.7	6.3	5.4	17.1	3.4
Maryland	1,837	100.0	(¹)	9.9	6.4	4.2	2.2	14.1	4.2
Massachusetts	2,899	100.0	.1	7.3	11.6	7.6	4.0	14.5	3.6
Michigan	3,977	100.0	.1	7.0	21.1	16.6	4.5	15.5	3.9
Minnesota	2,579	100.0	.4	7.7	13.9	8.8	5.1	14.8	4.5
Mississippi	822	100.0	.7	8.5	12.3	7.3	5.0	14.5	6.7
Missouri	2,501	100.0	.2	8.1	10.7	6.3	4.4	15.9	5.7
Montana	422	100.0	.9	10.7	5.3	3.4	1.9	15.8	4.9
Nebraska	883	100.0	.2	7.2	9.2	4.7	4.5	15.9	6.1
Nevada	916	100.0	1.6	11.1	4.5	3.1	1.4	14.4	4.5
New Hampshire	657	100.0	.2	7.6	14.6	11.2	3.5	17.1	3.9
New Jersey	3,299	100.0	(¹)	6.9	10.2	4.6	5.7	15.2	6.0
New Mexico	736	100.0	2.5	8.9	4.3	2.9	1.4	14.3	4.7
New York	6,788	100.0	(¹)	6.7	9.9	6.0	3.9	14.4	4.7
North Carolina	3,043	100.0	.1	10.5	15.2	7.9	7.3	16.1	3.8
North Dakota	316	100.0	.6	6.0	6.2	3.4	2.8	17.4	5.3
Ohio	4,887	100.0	.3	6.1	17.2	11.6	5.6	15.6	4.6
Oklahoma	1,296	100.0	2.0	7.0	10.1	7.0	3.1	15.1	5.6
Oregon	1,550	100.0	.1	7.0	12.9	9.2	3.7	16.6	4.7
Pennsylvania	5,246	100.0	.3	6.6	15.0	9.2	5.8	14.8	4.9
Rhode Island	494	100.0	(¹)	5.8	14.3	10.0	4.3	14.9	3.2
South Carolina	1,359	100.0	.1	8.0	15.4	8.1	7.3	16.8	4.8
South Dakota	385	100.0	.4	6.6	10.9	7.7	3.2	16.4	3.7
Tennessee	2,256	100.0	(¹)	8.4	15.9	11.0	4.9	14.8	5.8
Texas	8,563	100.0	1.5	9.2	10.4	5.6	4.8	15.6	5.2
Utah	1,061	100.0	1.4	7.6	10.8	6.4	4.5	16.3	5.3
Vermont	326	100.0	.2	8.8	12.4	8.4	4.0	14.0	3.6
Virginia	2,786	100.0	.2	9.2	7.7	5.1	2.6	14.4	4.4
Washington	2,527	100.0	.4	7.3	11.5	9.0	2.6	15.4	5.3
West Virginia	704	100.0	2.8	7.7	9.9	5.7	4.2	15.3	5.0
Wisconsin	2,724	100.0	.2	7.5	19.5	12.2	7.3	15.8	3.8
Wyoming	254	100.0	6.7	9.4	4.2	1.9	2.3	15.1	7.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
White								
Alabama	2.6	6.7	9.2	18.0	5.8	5.2	4.3	1.9
Alaska	3.1	3.9	8.5	20.7	8.7	5.4	10.7	3.3
Arizona	2.7	8.0	11.1	18.5	9.0	4.9	4.8	1.2
Arkansas	1.3	5.8	7.5	18.1	5.6	5.5	3.7	4.2
California	3.2	7.2	12.3	18.2	8.8	5.3	4.2	2.3
Colorado	3.9	8.9	12.7	16.7	10.0	5.2	4.3	1.2
Connecticut	2.9	9.6	10.7	21.6	7.3	3.9	3.6	.4
Delaware	1.5	11.4	10.8	18.3	7.9	5.0	5.1	1.3
District of Columbia	4.9	6.1	27.4	12.4	10.0	10.4	18.7	.1
Florida	2.5	9.3	11.8	17.4	9.8	5.4	4.5	1.0
Georgia	3.1	7.5	10.5	16.4	6.2	4.8	4.2	1.3
Hawaii	2.9	6.3	14.3	21.3	11.6	5.6	8.0	2.2
Idaho	1.9	5.0	9.4	20.2	9.0	5.5	4.0	5.7
Illinois	2.8	7.4	10.8	18.4	7.4	5.3	3.4	1.2
Indiana	2.1	5.8	7.4	19.3	7.2	4.4	3.0	1.6
Iowa	2.2	7.9	7.1	21.6	6.3	4.5	3.1	4.3
Kansas	3.6	6.1	7.9	22.3	8.1	4.6	5.0	4.7
Kentucky	2.1	6.1	7.0	22.3	8.0	4.1	4.3	2.4
Louisiana	2.2	6.4	9.5	19.1	8.6	6.2	4.5	1.8
Maine	1.9	6.5	8.0	25.3	8.4	4.9	3.0	2.5
Maryland	2.7	8.6	13.7	18.8	7.0	5.5	8.3	.8
Massachusetts	2.2	7.7	12.9	23.7	8.2	3.7	3.9	.6
Michigan	1.9	5.1	8.6	19.7	8.3	4.4	3.3	1.2
Minnesota	1.9	8.3	9.7	21.1	7.7	4.7	2.8	2.5
Mississippi	2.0	6.4	6.4	21.2	6.8	6.0	3.9	4.6
Missouri	2.6	7.6	8.8	20.9	8.1	4.9	4.5	1.9
Montana	1.7	6.3	6.4	20.3	9.6	5.6	4.5	8.0
Nebraska	2.6	8.4	7.4	21.4	7.1	4.3	3.3	6.8
Nevada	2.2	7.8	10.4	12.3	22.7	4.3	3.9	.4
New Hampshire	2.3	6.2	10.2	21.5	7.5	4.5	3.5	.9
New Jersey	3.8	8.4	12.5	20.5	7.4	4.1	4.5	.3
New Mexico	2.2	5.9	10.8	23.3	8.7	5.3	5.6	3.4
New York	3.2	7.9	10.6	23.5	8.7	5.0	4.5	.8
North Carolina	1.9	6.6	9.2	18.8	6.1	5.6	3.4	2.6
North Dakota	2.0	5.9	5.7	24.7	7.5	4.9	4.6	9.2
Ohio	2.2	6.6	8.4	20.3	8.9	5.0	3.9	.8
Oklahoma	2.5	7.0	9.0	20.3	7.0	5.9	5.4	3.2
Oregon	1.6	7.4	9.5	18.8	8.8	5.3	4.2	3.1
Pennsylvania	2.3	6.9	9.8	22.4	7.4	4.7	3.8	1.2
Rhode Island	2.0	8.0	9.2	23.5	9.9	4.4	4.2	.5
South Carolina	2.0	6.5	7.9	19.3	9.2	5.9	3.1	1.1
South Dakota	1.8	7.6	5.7	23.1	7.7	4.5	3.3	8.3
Tennessee	2.8	7.0	8.3	18.7	7.7	5.0	3.8	2.0
Texas	2.8	6.5	10.4	18.4	8.3	5.5	3.9	2.4
Utah	2.2	6.3	11.0	19.7	7.3	4.8	5.2	1.9
Vermont	2.4	5.1	9.5	24.3	8.5	4.9	4.0	2.4
Virginia	3.4	7.2	13.4	18.4	7.3	4.6	8.2	1.5
Washington	3.2	6.4	10.6	19.5	7.8	4.5	5.4	2.6
West Virginia	2.2	5.1	7.4	23.8	8.4	4.8	6.5	1.1
Wisconsin	1.6	6.3	7.5	20.4	7.8	3.7	2.9	2.9
Wyoming	2.1	4.7	6.3	20.3	8.8	4.7	5.3	5.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Total employed		Mining	Construc-tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Black or African American									
Alabama	442	100.0	.2	3.9	18.8	11.6	7.2	13.2	4.7
Alaska	10	100.0	(¹)	4.0	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	13.8	12.1
Arizona	73	100.0	(¹)	1.0	11.6	10.3	1.3	15.5	11.1
Arkansas	163	100.0	.4	4.5	15.7	5.8	9.9	14.8	6.3
California	949	100.0	(¹)	3.3	9.8	5.4	4.4	14.6	7.7
Colorado	87	100.0	.6	3.4	9.6	8.1	1.5	16.2	9.9
Connecticut	149	100.0	(¹)	4.9	7.9	5.5	2.5	11.9	8.6
Delaware	70	100.0	(¹)	4.1	13.4	3.6	9.8	9.5	6.1
District of Columbia	136	100.0	(¹)	4.0	1.1	.3	.8	7.5	7.5
Florida	1,120	100.0	.3	5.9	5.3	2.4	2.9	13.1	5.9
Georgia	1,123	100.0	(¹)	6.3	11.6	5.6	6.0	13.6	9.3
Hawaii	10	100.0	(¹)	.8	2.3	.7	1.6	10.1	4.2
Idaho	4	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	39.9	39.9	(¹)	5.2	(¹)
Illinois	695	100.0	(¹)	3.9	10.8	6.1	4.7	11.0	11.5
Indiana	224	100.0	(¹)	3.7	15.1	10.5	4.6	10.6	7.5
Iowa	22	100.0	(¹)	5.4	12.1	4.7	7.4	8.1	1.8
Kansas	58	100.0	.7	4.3	13.8	7.3	6.5	12.6	4.7
Kentucky	128	100.0	(¹)	3.3	16.6	11.3	5.3	11.7	4.6
Louisiana	542	100.0	1.0	7.0	9.6	3.6	6.0	11.3	5.1
Maine	4	100.0	(¹)	2.2	10.0	3.6	6.4	24.5	(¹)
Maryland	736	100.0	(¹)	3.5	3.9	1.2	2.7	13.9	6.2
Massachusetts	168	100.0	(¹)	6.0	7.8	3.3	4.5	9.6	6.1
Michigan	519	100.0	(¹)	3.4	20.9	18.1	2.8	10.4	5.0
Minnesota	83	100.0	(¹)	1.8	6.4	4.9	1.6	18.1	3.9
Mississippi	388	100.0	.3	6.7	23.9	15.5	8.5	13.6	5.4
Missouri	262	100.0	(¹)	5.5	7.1	2.9	4.2	14.0	7.6
Nebraska	25	100.0	(¹)	2.2	14.9	5.0	9.9	11.0	5.9
Nevada	61	100.0	(¹)	4.9	1.1	.5	.6	18.9	5.0
New Hampshire	6	100.0	(¹)	1.5	19.3	10.9	8.4	20.1	15.0
New Jersey	527	100.0	(¹)	2.1	9.3	3.9	5.3	16.9	9.6
New Mexico	15	100.0	(¹)	2.3	1.0	1.0	(¹)	26.0	4.0
New York	1,281	100.0	(¹)	4.9	3.8	1.9	1.9	9.7	8.5
North Carolina	728	100.0	(¹)	3.1	15.7	6.0	9.6	12.1	7.0
North Dakota	3	100.0	(¹)	8.5	23.0	2.6	20.5	16.7	(¹)
Ohio	525	100.0	(¹)	3.0	13.2	8.5	4.7	13.2	4.6
Oklahoma	98	100.0	(¹)	.4	7.9	5.5	2.4	15.8	2.0
Oregon	22	100.0	(¹)	5.1	9.3	8.7	.6	17.8	10.9
Pennsylvania	439	100.0	(¹)	3.4	9.6	2.7	6.9	8.5	7.5
Rhode Island	25	100.0	(¹)	1.9	11.0	6.9	4.1	12.3	4.5
South Carolina	479	100.0	.2	6.1	18.2	9.7	8.5	11.1	6.3
South Dakota	4	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	48.9	14.4	34.5	13.3	.7
Tennessee	409	100.0	(¹)	1.9	10.0	5.4	4.7	15.0	14.5
Texas	1,071	100.0	.7	2.8	13.1	6.4	6.7	14.9	8.1
Utah	10	100.0	(¹)	3.2	17.0	8.6	8.3	20.9	2.4
Vermont	2	100.0	(¹)	.9	22.7	6.1	16.6	7.3	(¹)
Virginia	621	100.0	(¹)	6.0	9.9	4.9	5.0	13.9	6.5
Washington	76	100.0	(¹)	1.9	11.5	7.8	3.7	12.8	6.9
West Virginia	19	100.0	1.1	(¹)	10.7	3.8	6.9	11.0	6.7
Wisconsin	96	100.0	(¹)	2.5	14.7	11.3	3.4	8.0	5.6
Wyoming	2	100.0	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	23.4	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Black or African American								
Alabama	2.5	4.9	4.9	24.6	9.7	4.4	7.3	.7
Alaska	2.1	7.9	5.6	20.3	13.2	5.5	15.3	.2
Arizona	2.8	6.3	5.8	20.0	12.7	3.1	10.2	(¹)
Arkansas .....	.9	1.9	4.5	28.0	11.2	3.9	5.6	2.4
California	4.6	6.4	9.2	24.7	5.9	4.8	8.6	.2
Colorado	7.9	11.6	9.1	16.4	7.1	1.3	6.2	.6
Connecticut	4.2	9.4	7.9	30.0	5.5	3.9	5.5	.3
Delaware	2.3	12.2	9.8	26.3	6.7	3.7	5.9	.1
District of Columbia	3.8	7.4	13.7	22.4	7.4	6.1	19.0	(¹)
Florida	2.1	6.8	9.7	25.2	13.5	4.6	7.2	.5
Georgia	2.6	7.4	6.9	22.3	8.3	5.9	5.2	.7
Hawaii	(¹)	11.6	6.4	34.8	12.7	3.3	13.8	(¹)
Idaho	1.4	1.7	15.9	(¹)	(¹)	32.9	3.0	(¹)
Illinois	3.0	6.3	10.5	25.0	8.3	3.7	5.7	.2
Indiana	4.4	6.0	6.7	25.0	9.9	5.6	5.5	(¹)
Iowa	(¹)	11.4	14.0	30.9	11.9	1.3	3.1	(¹)
Kansas	2.1	4.7	9.7	25.2	8.7	5.1	8.0	.6
Kentucky	2.6	3.5	4.6	32.3	9.3	2.5	9.1	(¹)
Louisiana	1.0	4.5	6.5	29.8	12.1	6.0	5.2	1.1
Maine	2.5	4.9	15.2	21.9	8.9	5.0	5.0	(¹)
Maryland	4.3	3.9	12.5	26.1	4.9	4.3	16.4	.3
Massachusetts	1.9	5.1	7.1	36.6	6.4	5.4	7.9	(¹)
Michigan	1.3	5.1	9.0	27.8	9.1	3.1	4.7	.1
Minnesota	5.5	10.3	16.8	28.4	5.0	2.4	1.4	(¹)
Mississippi .....	.9	2.2	3.8	23.8	6.9	4.5	5.7	2.0
Missouri	2.5	6.6	6.4	25.1	11.0	7.4	6.8	(¹)
Nebraska	2.4	14.2	7.6	23.8	11.6	2.2	4.2	(¹)
Nevada	2.1	8.1	6.4	11.3	32.9	3.7	5.5	.1
New Hampshire	1.6	10.3	7.7	19.7	4.8	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
New Jersey	3.5	8.6	10.1	25.5	4.5	3.7	6.2	(¹)
New Mexico .....	.5	(¹)	12.3	28.3	9.7	1.0	15.0	(¹)
New York	3.4	9.4	10.1	33.6	5.3	5.4	6.0	(¹)
North Carolina	2.4	5.8	5.9	28.6	8.1	5.4	5.1	.8
North Dakota	(¹)	3.8	8.9	19.5	7.0	4.2	8.4	(¹)
Ohio	2.9	7.3	7.4	28.8	9.4	4.2	6.0	(¹)
Oklahoma	3.3	3.6	3.7	34.6	12.8	6.0	9.7	.2
Oregon	5.8	4.0	5.3	25.3	3.5	4.9	7.9	(¹)
Pennsylvania	2.3	8.2	8.8	33.9	7.6	4.6	5.6	(¹)
Rhode Island	2.0	11.2	7.3	32.2	11.4	4.2	1.1	.8
South Carolina	2.5	3.7	6.2	19.9	12.8	4.6	7.1	1.5
South Dakota	1.1	(¹)	6.3	13.5	9.6	3.1	.4	3.2
Tennessee	3.6	5.2	8.3	21.3	8.6	3.5	8.1	(¹)
Texas	4.1	7.2	8.2	22.8	8.4	4.2	5.4	.3
Utah	4.3	(¹)	10.7	21.2	7.2	3.7	9.3	(¹)
Vermont	(¹)	(¹)	6.0	47.1	7.7	3.4	4.2	.9
Virginia	2.1	6.4	9.0	24.3	9.0	4.5	8.0	.5
Washington	2.9	5.3	13.6	24.3	6.4	8.6	5.9	(¹)
West Virginia	1.5	7.4	10.3	28.5	14.6	2.3	5.8	(¹)
Wisconsin .....	.2	7.9	5.5	38.5	8.8	.9	7.0	.3
Wyoming	14.1	(¹)	(¹)	20.7	26.3	(¹)	15.4	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Total employed		Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Asian									
Alabama	15	100.0	(1)	(1)	26.3	19.7	6.5	4.6	3.5
Alaska	17	100.0	(1)	1.4	15.3	.6	14.6	15.9	7.1
Arizona	58	100.0	(1)	(1)	9.5	9.5	(1)	13.8	4.8
Arkansas	14	100.0	(1)	4.9	20.2	7.0	13.2	11.3	5.2
California	1,954	100.0	(1)	1.7	15.5	11.4	4.1	16.4	4.9
Colorado	58	100.0	(1)	2.4	21.8	12.3	9.5	14.8	3.3
Connecticut	57	100.0	(1)	(1)	15.5	8.6	6.9	16.7	3.6
Delaware	9	100.0	(1)	2.2	19.3	3.8	15.5	12.2	3.5
District of Columbia	7	100.0	(1)	.6	2.4	(1)	2.4	1.3	(1)
Florida	178	100.0	(1)	2.9	9.5	6.4	3.2	10.5	3.0
Georgia	111	100.0	(1)	(1)	12.9	7.2	5.7	26.5	1.3
Hawaii	304	100.0	(1)	6.8	3.7	1.5	2.2	14.9	6.5
Idaho	6	100.0	(1)	(1)	30.1	25.8	4.3	12.6	(1)
Illinois	213	100.0	(1)	.1	12.7	8.7	4.0	16.9	7.2
Indiana	36	100.0	(1)	(1)	12.5	10.2	2.3	13.5	1.8
Iowa	30	100.0	(1)	(1)	12.5	1.9	10.6	13.5	1.2
Kansas	32	100.0	(1)	1.7	12.0	3.5	8.5	4.7	1.2
Kentucky	29	100.0	(1)	(1)	21.9	17.7	4.2	19.1	(1)
Louisiana	20	100.0	10.2	(1)	12.0	(1)	12.0	22.4	(1)
Maine	6	100.0	(1)	1.6	21.7	6.4	15.3	27.8	(1)
Maryland	154	100.0	(1)	3.3	6.8	5.3	1.6	13.2	1.2
Massachusetts	120	100.0	(1)	1.0	24.0	18.7	5.3	11.2	.6
Michigan	101	100.0	(1)	.3	29.4	24.5	4.9	9.9	1.3
Minnesota	83	100.0	(1)	1.4	37.6	27.1	10.5	10.8	(1)
Mississippi	6	100.0	(1)	(1)	8.7	6.6	2.1	17.4	(1)
Missouri	54	100.0	(1)	(1)	14.0	6.2	7.7	4.5	(1)
Montana	1	100.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	3.7	(1)
Nebraska	15	100.0	(1)	(1)	24.5	17.2	7.3	10.4	2.6
Nevada	65	100.0	(1)	1.8	2.7	1.4	1.4	13.9	1.3
New Hampshire	17	100.0	(1)	1.8	38.1	35.1	3.0	7.4	(1)
New Jersey	246	100.0	(1)	1.4	13.9	7.1	6.7	15.0	5.9
New Mexico	8	100.0	(1)	(1)	13.1	13.1	(1)	9.8	4.8
New York	565	100.0	(1)	2.6	11.3	3.7	7.6	16.9	6.6
North Carolina	74	100.0	(1)	1.5	25.9	18.1	7.8	9.4	1.9
North Dakota	2	100.0	(1)	(1)	6.9	6.9	(1)	18.7	(1)
Ohio	88	100.0	(1)	1.4	17.2	9.6	7.5	10.6	1.3
Oklahoma	20	100.0	(1)	(1)	16.2	8.1	8.1	14.7	(1)
Oregon	66	100.0	(1)	2.3	21.1	13.9	7.2	13.6	4.0
Pennsylvania	110	100.0	(1)	1.0	21.1	9.0	12.1	15.0	1.7
Rhode Island	16	100.0	(1)	2.3	30.3	20.8	9.5	14.5	(1)
South Carolina	11	100.0	(1)	(1)	14.1	9.9	4.2	11.2	4.6
South Dakota	3	100.0	(1)	1.2	48.8	29.9	19.0	3.0	(1)
Tennessee	46	100.0	(1)	1.7	19.6	17.3	2.4	16.6	2.1
Texas	311	100.0	.3	1.2	16.2	11.4	4.8	13.4	3.6
Utah	20	100.0	(1)	3.8	15.4	13.1	2.3	11.2	3.2
Vermont	2	100.0	(1)	6.1	24.2	14.1	10.1	4.4	(1)
Virginia	173	100.0	(1)	2.3	11.7	6.1	5.6	7.2	2.1
Washington	158	100.0	(1)	2.7	21.9	15.0	6.8	18.6	2.0
West Virginia	6	100.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	7.4	(1)
Wisconsin	45	100.0	(1)	.4	23.9	17.4	6.5	10.1	1.0
Wyoming	1	100.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	29.2	(1)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Asian								
Alabama	1.9	(¹)	3.1	39.7	2.3	18.5	(¹)	(¹)
Alaska	(¹)	7.1	7.5	16.7	16.3	3.3	9.5	(¹)
Arizona	5.8	9.5	7.6	19.6	25.6	3.4	.3	(¹)
Arkansas	1.3	1.2	(¹)	21.8	9.1	13.2	5.4	6.3
California	3.5	7.3	13.0	20.4	8.2	4.8	4.1	.4
Colorado	1.7	7.8	14.9	12.0	15.0	2.5	3.3	.7
Connecticut	3.4	9.0	13.9	28.2	7.1	1.5	1.1	(¹)
Delaware .....	.9	10.8	9.2	21.9	15.6	2.4	2.1	(¹)
District of Columbia	9.2	2.0	9.3	15.8	18.6	19.6	21.2	(¹)
Florida .....	.3	5.6	7.9	32.5	18.1	5.6	4.0	(¹)
Georgia	1.3	3.3	11.8	13.1	20.1	6.2	3.5	(¹)
Hawaii	2.4	6.6	11.4	16.5	16.3	3.7	9.0	2.2
Idaho	(¹)	1.3	1.8	20.5	31.4	(¹)	2.3	(¹)
Illinois	2.8	6.0	13.2	23.9	9.6	6.1	1.4	(¹)
Indiana .....	.5	2.8	1.8	35.4	19.5	7.6	2.3	2.4
Iowa	1.1	6.4	6.4	45.5	6.9	4.9	(¹)	1.5
Kansas	6.5	6.7	6.7	34.6	18.3	5.3	2.4	(¹)
Kentucky	1.8	4.7	11.9	7.0	22.7	5.4	5.5	(¹)
Louisiana	(¹)	(¹)	2.0	33.7	3.6	10.9	3.6	1.6
Maine	5.6	3.5	1.8	21.1	8.6	8.2	(¹)	(¹)
Maryland	2.9	6.6	13.6	28.1	7.9	9.0	7.4	(¹)
Massachusetts	2.8	7.1	13.5	24.9	8.4	4.5	1.8	(¹)
Michigan	1.6	1.9	11.7	27.0	7.6	7.6	1.5	.2
Minnesota	3.3	5.0	11.0	18.4	5.7	4.5	2.1	(¹)
Mississippi	(¹)	16.9	(¹)	15.8	41.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Missouri	6.3	(¹)	9.8	39.6	14.1	11.1	.7	(¹)
Montana	(¹)	(¹)	3.5	51.2	21.7	20.0	(¹)	(¹)
Nebraska	(¹)	8.6	11.6	19.9	19.9	2.6	(¹)	(¹)
Nevada .....	.3	6.1	6.3	15.0	47.2	2.4	2.9	(¹)
New Hampshire	2.5	6.2	18.0	12.0	6.2	.9	2.3	4.5
New Jersey	4.8	14.8	15.0	14.2	9.0	4.1	2.0	(¹)
New Mexico	(¹)	(¹)	8.1	22.7	28.2	5.0	8.2	(¹)
New York	2.6	9.7	10.1	19.1	13.2	6.5	1.4	(¹)
North Carolina	1.2	7.0	7.9	19.6	19.9	4.7	.6	.3
North Dakota	(¹)	(¹)	7.7	35.2	19.6	5.5	6.4	(¹)
Ohio	1.2	3.3	12.1	27.8	16.8	1.2	7.1	(¹)
Oklahoma	1.4	(¹)	7.0	28.1	11.2	21.3	(¹)	(¹)
Oregon	2.3	8.0	12.3	17.0	11.4	4.5	3.5	(¹)
Pennsylvania	3.3	4.2	9.6	21.3	12.4	6.2	4.2	(¹)
Rhode Island	(¹)	8.3	1.8	18.4	17.3	3.1	4.0	(¹)
South Carolina	(¹)	(¹)	2.1	26.6	41.5	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
South Dakota	(¹)	.7	(¹)	12.4	24.5	7.5	1.8	(¹)
Tennessee	1.5	(¹)	.8	43.5	4.3	4.6	5.4	(¹)
Texas	3.2	6.1	11.6	21.5	9.0	10.7	2.4	.9
Utah	(¹)	9.0	5.7	28.9	16.1	2.1	4.6	(¹)
Vermont	(¹)	(¹)	9.0	35.9	20.3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Virginia	4.1	3.6	16.0	19.5	14.9	14.0	4.5	(¹)
Washington	3.3	6.8	8.3	18.5	10.1	1.0	5.6	1.1
West Virginia	(¹)	(¹)	2.1	61.0	3.2	26.2	(¹)	(¹)
Wisconsin	(¹)	2.8	17.6	24.0	13.9	3.8	2.3	(¹)
Wyoming	(¹)	11.0	(¹)	4.8	41.2	(¹)	13.8	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Total employed		Mining	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity									
Alabama	33	100.0	1.7	14.2	9.7	5.3	4.4	6.4	1.9
Alaska	15	100.0	.7	6.7	3.7	.9	2.8	11.4	7.4
Arizona	654	100.0	.3	14.9	10.4	6.7	3.7	19.7	3.6
Arkansas	46	100.0	(¹)	18.1	45.0	11.8	33.2	10.4	1.6
California	4,949	100.0	(¹)	9.6	14.9	8.0	6.9	15.7	5.0
Colorado	390	100.0	.2	15.5	11.0	4.0	7.0	13.9	3.9
Connecticut	141	100.0	(¹)	7.9	15.3	11.6	3.8	19.4	3.3
Delaware	25	100.0	(¹)	9.1	19.6	6.3	13.3	8.5	3.6
District of Columbia	28	100.0	(¹)	11.1	1.6	.5	1.1	5.3	1.6
Florida	1,490	100.0	(¹)	11.7	8.3	4.9	3.4	17.1	6.2
Georgia	246	100.0	(¹)	28.2	23.6	4.2	19.4	10.0	1.3
Hawaii	37	100.0	(¹)	7.2	2.9	2.6	.3	20.5	4.1
Idaho	52	100.0	(¹)	8.7	13.9	3.7	10.1	10.0	3.8
Illinois	693	100.0	(¹)	9.2	21.7	12.5	9.1	14.3	5.2
Indiana	106	100.0	(¹)	14.2	26.5	18.8	7.7	18.5	3.9
Iowa	64	100.0	(¹)	1.8	39.0	4.9	34.2	10.2	4.4
Kansas	79	100.0	(¹)	16.2	12.2	7.9	4.3	10.2	4.9
Kentucky	21	100.0	(¹)	8.1	11.5	9.4	2.1	13.4	3.4
Louisiana	62	100.0	3.4	15.2	10.0	9.1	.8	15.2	4.4
Maine	6	100.0	(¹)	1.4	2.6	2.6	(¹)	20.5	.7
Maryland	193	100.0	(¹)	21.3	5.3	2.8	2.5	11.2	1.8
Massachusetts	198	100.0	(¹)	9.6	16.2	9.7	6.5	11.6	3.0
Michigan	146	100.0	.2	11.8	25.7	18.0	7.6	12.4	1.6
Minnesota	80	100.0	(¹)	6.8	16.7	6.7	10.0	14.1	2.0
Mississippi	17	100.0	(¹)	15.6	22.4	2.6	19.8	6.8	1.4
Missouri	72	100.0	(¹)	9.3	13.6	11.0	2.6	7.3	6.7
Montana	13	100.0	.5	10.2	2.7	1.5	1.2	21.6	6.3
Nebraska	51	100.0	(¹)	15.5	25.3	4.5	20.8	11.5	3.7
Nevada	235	100.0	.7	18.8	3.8	2.6	1.1	11.6	2.5
New Hampshire	11	100.0	(¹)	4.1	19.6	13.1	6.5	22.7	2.1
New Jersey	530	100.0	(¹)	6.9	15.5	6.6	8.9	15.9	8.2
New Mexico	368	100.0	2.5	11.6	4.8	2.7	2.1	13.6	4.4
New York	1,233	100.0	(¹)	7.9	10.0	4.9	5.1	14.6	5.8
North Carolina	282	100.0	(¹)	26.9	22.1	8.9	13.2	6.6	2.5
North Dakota	3	100.0	(¹)	6.4	16.6	9.9	6.7	8.7	4.6
Ohio	157	100.0	(¹)	12.7	21.9	11.8	10.0	10.3	2.5
Oklahoma	73	100.0	1.9	21.6	12.3	5.9	6.4	12.9	1.6
Oregon	162	100.0	(¹)	7.9	18.9	9.5	9.4	16.5	2.1
Pennsylvania	171	100.0	(¹)	6.1	22.9	9.7	13.3	16.2	4.1
Rhode Island	44	100.0	(¹)	4.0	32.2	24.1	8.1	13.1	2.6
South Carolina	41	100.0	2.6	13.6	20.1	9.8	10.3	12.6	1.5
South Dakota	6	100.0	(¹)	11.7	22.9	6.4	16.5	8.5	1.4
Tennessee	81	100.0	(¹)	25.3	20.4	11.3	9.1	7.6	3.6
Texas	3,382	100.0	.8	13.4	12.4	5.9	6.4	15.1	4.9
Utah	106	100.0	.8	13.7	24.9	9.5	15.4	13.1	2.9
Vermont	2	100.0	(¹)	8.0	12.0	9.0	3.0	12.1	(¹)
Virginia	185	100.0	.7	26.9	6.1	5.4	.6	8.7	2.5
Washington	197	100.0	3.9	9.7	9.4	6.4	2.9	12.8	5.1
West Virginia	9	100.0	(¹)	7.6	11.3	11.3	(¹)	7.1	7.9
Wisconsin	126	100.0	(¹)	8.8	26.6	14.2	12.4	14.7	1.1
Wyoming	17	100.0	5.6	9.1	7.4	3.7	3.7	13.8	6.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 20. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and State	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration	Agriculture and related industries
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity								
Alabama	(¹)	8.1	6.2	11.8	21.9	12.1	6.0	(¹)
Alaska	2.1	5.2	7.8	17.3	24.1	5.8	7.2	.7
Arizona	1.4	4.9	8.1	14.5	11.0	4.9	4.4	1.9
Arkansas	(¹)	.3	1.3	4.0	8.8	4.7	1.0	4.8
California	1.8	4.8	10.5	13.9	10.4	6.7	2.7	4.0
Colorado	3.3	6.7	9.0	10.6	14.7	5.3	3.5	2.4
Connecticut	1.4	6.4	9.9	19.4	9.4	4.0	3.5	.2
Delaware .....	.8	7.9	7.2	14.8	14.7	5.7	3.0	5.2
District of Columbia	2.9	5.9	16.7	9.8	23.8	7.9	13.1	.2
Florida	2.1	7.2	11.9	13.9	10.4	6.9	2.7	1.6
Georgia	2.5	2.8	7.8	7.2	11.1	2.9	1.1	1.6
Hawaii	1.2	3.6	9.9	16.2	17.4	7.2	7.7	2.2
Idaho	1.3	2.8	7.2	12.8	16.0	6.1	2.2	15.2
Illinois	1.3	5.9	12.4	9.1	12.5	5.4	2.7	.3
Indiana .....	.6	2.3	7.4	6.9	9.3	2.0	4.8	3.6
Iowa	1.4	3.8	6.1	11.7	10.1	4.3	.3	6.8
Kansas	4.9	3.5	9.8	11.7	19.0	3.5	3.7	.6
Kentucky	(¹)	4.1	10.4	14.6	15.0	5.1	5.1	9.3
Louisiana	(¹)	3.2	11.7	11.1	20.0	.7	.7	4.4
Maine .....	.8	.9	1.7	39.7	16.1	3.3	10.7	1.5
Maryland .....	.2	4.1	15.6	11.4	19.4	6.1	2.9	.6
Massachusetts .....	.1	3.9	18.4	20.0	11.3	2.2	3.2	.4
Michigan	1.1	4.3	7.5	14.1	13.2	2.7	5.1	.3
Minnesota	1.6	4.4	11.5	10.1	27.0	2.3	3.2	.2
Mississippi	(¹)	(¹)	7.6	11.6	12.1	1.7	(¹)	20.9
Missouri	3.6	7.5	10.5	10.9	23.2	5.1	.3	2.1
Montana	1.2	4.3	5.8	16.5	11.4	7.1	2.3	10.1
Nebraska .....	.6	3.9	9.5	10.0	10.7	3.5	1.9	4.0
Nevada	1.1	3.6	8.3	7.3	36.1	3.9	1.8	.5
New Hampshire	4.4	7.4	5.0	13.9	17.2	3.6	(¹)	(¹)
New Jersey	2.3	5.5	12.3	14.0	12.1	4.1	2.9	.4
New Mexico	1.5	5.2	8.6	23.1	10.1	4.8	6.4	3.4
New York	1.8	7.3	9.9	20.2	12.9	6.9	2.6	.2
North Carolina .....	.4	2.4	12.8	6.5	8.4	4.7	.1	6.7
North Dakota	2.6	3.7	14.1	17.0	9.7	5.8	2.0	8.9
Ohio	1.8	3.8	7.3	14.8	17.7	3.3	3.8	.2
Oklahoma .....	.9	4.1	11.2	9.1	11.4	7.4	4.0	1.6
Oregon .....	.5	2.7	10.8	9.7	15.3	4.2	2.4	9.0
Pennsylvania	1.0	3.5	9.2	19.0	10.7	3.7	2.1	1.3
Rhode Island .....	.1	4.8	10.1	13.1	13.8	3.5	1.5	1.1
South Carolina	(¹)	2.1	15.2	5.3	19.8	5.4	.5	1.1
South Dakota	(¹)	2.6	7.2	12.1	23.2	2.0	.4	8.0
Tennessee	(¹)	.8	6.9	7.7	15.4	6.0	1.4	4.8
Texas	2.1	4.9	8.6	15.5	10.9	6.5	3.0	2.1
Utah	2.7	3.1	10.4	10.0	9.0	4.0	3.7	1.8
Vermont	(¹)	3.9	11.6	36.7	10.7	(¹)	4.9	(¹)
Virginia	2.2	5.3	12.7	10.1	13.3	4.9	5.9	.8
Washington	2.0	2.2	10.7	13.4	16.3	2.2	3.1	9.1
West Virginia	1.4	11.8	3.8	10.4	31.5	1.0	6.3	(¹)
Wisconsin .....	.5	2.2	8.6	13.1	12.8	7.4	.7	3.4
Wyoming	1.2	2.2	6.7	24.0	12.7	4.2	4.1	2.2

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Totals for summary groups published include other industries not shown separately. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American,

and Asian) do not sum to totals because data for other race groups are not shown. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race.

Table 21. States: Employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries							
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers					Self-employed	
						Total	Private		Government			
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal		State and local
TOTAL												
Alabama	2,023	32	16	15	1,991	1,867	1,555	13	312	56	256	123
Alaska	305	9	4	4	296	268	189	1	80	17	63	27
Arizona	2,539	28	21	7	2,511	2,352	2,006	12	346	50	296	157
Arkansas	1,186	48	28	19	1,139	1,057	895	4	162	22	139	81
California	16,283	311	263	47	15,972	14,449	12,094	150	2,355	294	2,061	1,504
Colorado	2,328	27	19	8	2,301	2,107	1,800	12	307	63	243	193
Connecticut	1,704	7	4	3	1,697	1,582	1,376	5	206	26	180	114
Delaware	399	4	3	1	395	375	319	1	56	9	46	20
District of Columbia	281	(1)	(1)	(1)	281	267	188	2	78	55	23	14
Florida	7,744	69	52	17	7,674	7,174	6,196	53	978	147	830	497
Georgia	4,207	45	24	21	4,162	3,853	3,287	20	567	73	494	303
Hawaii	592	12	6	6	580	540	422	2	118	39	79	39
Idaho	655	36	25	10	619	559	462	4	96	10	86	60
Illinois	5,908	61	24	37	5,847	5,541	4,835	17	706	94	612	300
Indiana	3,024	47	20	26	2,978	2,799	2,443	5	356	45	310	179
Iowa	1,540	64	33	30	1,476	1,373	1,142	5	231	25	205	102
Kansas	1,357	58	16	41	1,298	1,213	975	6	238	34	204	84
Kentucky	1,836	40	21	19	1,796	1,695	1,404	10	292	51	240	100
Louisiana	1,904	31	16	14	1,873	1,733	1,446	17	287	36	251	138
Maine	658	16	9	7	642	578	492	3	85	14	72	64
Maryland	2,773	16	13	3	2,758	2,588	2,019	17	569	265	304	168
Massachusetts	3,217	16	12	4	3,201	2,982	2,592	8	390	61	329	217
Michigan	4,674	47	21	25	4,627	4,362	3,767	25	594	58	537	261
Minnesota	2,778	66	19	46	2,712	2,536	2,174	14	361	38	323	176
Mississippi	1,229	46	30	16	1,183	1,103	887	6	216	28	187	79
Missouri	2,850	47	14	32	2,803	2,622	2,222	10	400	70	330	180
Montana	452	35	20	15	418	370	288	2	82	11	71	48
Nebraska	937	60	22	38	876	818	686	3	132	23	109	57
Nevada	1,082	4	3	1	1,078	1,020	896	3	124	19	106	57
New Hampshire	688	7	4	3	681	628	545	4	83	13	70	53
New Jersey	4,118	12	8	4	4,106	3,899	3,310	21	589	80	510	206
New Mexico	840	26	20	5	814	740	554	5	186	43	143	74
New York	8,726	57	32	24	8,669	8,108	6,687	68	1,421	160	1,261	554
North Carolina	3,957	89	60	29	3,868	3,640	3,076	17	564	65	499	226
North Dakota	333	29	9	20	303	280	220	1	60	10	50	23
Ohio	5,552	39	10	28	5,512	5,221	4,501	27	720	107	613	290
Oklahoma	1,600	47	21	26	1,553	1,419	1,176	8	243	55	188	131
Oregon	1,707	49	39	10	1,658	1,513	1,295	10	218	26	192	144
Pennsylvania	5,826	63	18	39	5,763	5,411	4,725	22	687	131	556	344
Rhode Island	543	3	2	1	540	508	439	2	68	11	57	32
South Carolina	1,866	22	13	9	1,844	1,732	1,422	8	310	29	281	110
South Dakota	410	33	10	23	377	352	290	1	62	11	51	25
Tennessee	2,740	45	21	23	2,696	2,477	2,092	6	385	88	297	216
Texas	10,173	218	126	91	9,955	9,149	7,728	77	1,422	196	1,226	795
Utah	1,118	21	14	7	1,097	1,021	847	6	174	37	137	75
Vermont	335	8	4	4	327	293	248	2	45	8	37	34
Virginia	3,620	44	28	16	3,576	3,380	2,715	23	665	268	397	195
Washington	2,903	73	51	22	2,829	2,608	2,159	11	449	53	396	221
West Virginia	739	8	3	5	731	686	554	4	132	27	104	45
Wisconsin	2,905	80	38	42	2,824	2,657	2,327	8	330	34	296	167
Wyoming	266	14	6	7	253	232	181	1	51	8	43	21

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 21. States: Employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries							
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers						Self-employed
						Total	Private		Government			
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal	State and local	
Men												
Alabama	1,064	28	15	13	1,036	962	830	2	132	33	99	74
Alaska	160	7	3	3	153	138	101	(¹)	37	10	27	15
Arizona	1,411	21	17	4	1,390	1,294	1,141	1	152	32	120	96
Arkansas	646	39	24	14	607	552	484	(¹)	68	13	56	55
California	8,929	220	191	30	8,708	7,759	6,758	13	1,001	163	838	943
Colorado	1,273	20	14	6	1,253	1,141	991	1	151	36	115	111
Connecticut	884	5	3	2	879	808	723	(¹)	85	13	72	71
Delaware	205	3	2	1	202	189	166	(¹)	23	4	18	13
District of Columbia	139	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	138	130	96	(¹)	34	24	10	9
Florida	4,136	45	34	11	4,091	3,776	3,343	2	432	90	343	315
Georgia	2,253	34	17	17	2,219	2,006	1,789	(¹)	217	39	178	209
Hawaii	308	7	3	4	301	279	220	(¹)	59	25	34	22
Idaho	356	26	19	7	330	296	259	1	37	6	31	34
Illinois	3,125	44	16	28	3,081	2,907	2,611	2	296	47	249	172
Indiana	1,616	30	15	15	1,586	1,489	1,336	(¹)	153	25	128	96
Iowa	808	54	28	26	754	700	607	(¹)	92	12	81	55
Kansas	712	44	12	30	668	622	519	(¹)	104	20	84	45
Kentucky	973	30	16	14	943	878	755	1	123	29	94	65
Louisiana	987	25	14	12	962	873	762	1	110	16	94	89
Maine	338	13	7	6	325	289	252	1	38	8	29	36
Maryland	1,423	12	10	2	1,411	1,320	1,068	1	252	128	124	91
Massachusetts	1,672	9	8	1	1,663	1,529	1,344	1	185	37	148	134
Michigan	2,462	34	13	20	2,428	2,285	2,055	4	231	25	206	142
Minnesota	1,448	48	13	34	1,400	1,301	1,155	1	146	18	128	99
Mississippi	649	36	24	12	613	561	481	(¹)	80	13	67	52
Missouri	1,487	38	11	26	1,449	1,346	1,189	(¹)	157	32	125	103
Montana	238	25	15	10	213	184	150	(¹)	34	5	29	28
Nebraska	490	47	18	29	443	412	357	(¹)	55	10	45	31
Nevada	607	3	3	(¹)	603	566	511	1	55	11	44	37
New Hampshire	368	5	2	3	363	330	296	(¹)	35	8	27	32
New Jersey	2,183	8	7	1	2,174	2,044	1,792	1	252	45	208	130
New Mexico	436	18	15	3	418	377	298	1	78	22	56	41
New York	4,570	47	28	19	4,522	4,189	3,574	5	615	99	516	331
North Carolina	2,103	65	44	20	2,038	1,889	1,647	2	242	36	206	148
North Dakota	174	24	7	17	150	136	112	(¹)	25	5	20	13
Ohio	2,925	28	7	20	2,897	2,720	2,394	1	326	58	268	177
Oklahoma	859	35	18	17	824	740	631	1	109	32	77	83
Oregon	916	37	31	7	879	801	713	(¹)	89	15	74	78
Pennsylvania	3,060	41	13	27	3,020	2,787	2,463	1	323	78	245	231
Rhode Island	277	2	2	(¹)	274	255	223	(¹)	32	7	25	19
South Carolina	971	17	11	6	954	885	777	1	108	15	94	68
South Dakota	213	26	8	17	187	174	146	(¹)	28	6	22	13
Tennessee	1,462	36	17	19	1,426	1,289	1,122	1	168	46	122	137
Texas	5,600	173	104	69	5,427	4,902	4,335	4	567	105	462	522
Utah	613	15	10	5	598	556	477	1	79	20	59	42
Vermont	175	6	3	3	169	148	130	(¹)	18	4	14	22
Virginia	1,871	28	20	8	1,843	1,727	1,426	2	301	152	149	116
Washington	1,545	59	44	14	1,486	1,352	1,161	1	191	35	157	134
West Virginia	402	6	3	3	396	366	300	1	66	16	50	30
Wisconsin	1,506	56	26	29	1,450	1,347	1,210	1	137	19	118	103
Wyoming	143	9	4	4	134	122	101	(¹)	21	4	17	12

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 21. States: Employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries								Self-employed
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers							
						Total	Private		Government				
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal	State and local		
Women													
Alabama	958	4	1	3	955	905	725	11	180	23	157	49	
Alaska	145	2	1	1	143	131	88	1	43	7	36	12	
Arizona	1,128	7	5	3	1,121	1,058	864	11	194	18	176	61	
Arkansas	540	8	3	5	532	505	411	4	94	10	84	27	
California	7,354	90	73	17	7,263	6,691	5,336	137	1,354	131	1,223	561	
Colorado	1,055	7	5	2	1,048	965	809	12	156	28	128	81	
Connecticut	820	2	1	1	818	774	653	5	121	14	108	43	
Delaware	194	1	1	(¹)	193	186	154	1	33	5	28	7	
District of Columbia	143	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	143	137	92	2	45	31	14	5	
Florida	3,608	24	18	7	3,584	3,398	2,853	51	545	58	487	183	
Georgia	1,954	11	6	5	1,943	1,847	1,498	20	349	34	316	94	
Hawaii	284	5	4	1	279	261	202	2	59	14	45	17	
Idaho	299	10	6	3	289	263	204	3	59	4	55	26	
Illinois	2,783	18	8	9	2,765	2,634	2,224	15	410	48	363	128	
Indiana	1,409	17	5	11	1,392	1,309	1,107	5	203	20	183	83	
Iowa	732	10	5	4	722	674	535	5	139	14	125	48	
Kansas	645	14	4	10	631	591	456	6	134	14	120	39	
Kentucky	863	9	5	5	854	817	649	9	168	23	146	36	
Louisiana	916	5	3	3	911	860	684	16	176	19	157	49	
Maine	320	3	2	1	317	288	241	2	48	5	43	28	
Maryland	1,350	4	3	1	1,346	1,268	951	16	317	137	180	77	
Massachusetts	1,545	7	4	3	1,538	1,453	1,249	7	204	23	181	83	
Michigan	2,212	14	7	5	2,199	2,076	1,712	21	364	33	331	119	
Minnesota	1,330	18	6	12	1,312	1,235	1,019	13	216	20	195	77	
Mississippi	580	10	6	4	570	542	406	5	136	16	120	27	
Missouri	1,363	9	3	6	1,354	1,277	1,033	10	243	38	205	77	
Montana	214	9	5	4	205	186	138	2	48	6	42	19	
Nebraska	446	13	4	9	433	406	329	3	77	13	64	27	
Nevada	475	1	1	(¹)	475	454	385	3	69	8	61	21	
New Hampshire	321	2	1	(¹)	319	297	249	3	49	6	43	21	
New Jersey	1,935	4	1	2	1,932	1,855	1,518	20	337	35	302	75	
New Mexico	403	7	5	2	396	363	255	4	108	20	87	33	
New York	4,157	10	4	5	4,146	3,919	3,113	63	806	61	745	223	
North Carolina	1,854	24	16	9	1,830	1,750	1,428	15	322	29	293	78	
North Dakota	159	5	2	3	154	144	108	1	36	5	31	9	
Ohio	2,627	11	4	8	2,615	2,501	2,107	26	394	49	345	113	
Oklahoma	741	12	3	9	729	679	545	7	134	23	111	48	
Oregon	790	12	8	3	779	712	583	10	129	11	118	66	
Pennsylvania	2,766	22	5	12	2,743	2,625	2,261	20	363	53	311	112	
Rhode Island	266	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	266	252	216	2	36	5	32	13	
South Carolina	895	4	1	3	890	847	645	7	201	14	187	43	
South Dakota	197	7	1	5	190	178	144	1	34	5	29	11	
Tennessee	1,278	9	3	5	1,270	1,188	970	6	218	42	176	80	
Texas	4,573	46	22	22	4,528	4,248	3,393	73	855	91	764	273	
Utah	505	6	4	1	499	466	370	6	95	17	78	33	
Vermont	160	2	1	1	158	145	118	1	27	4	23	12	
Virginia	1,749	16	8	8	1,733	1,653	1,290	21	363	115	248	79	
Washington	1,358	15	7	8	1,343	1,256	998	10	258	18	240	87	
West Virginia	337	2	(¹)	2	335	319	254	3	66	11	54	15	
Wisconsin	1,399	24	12	12	1,374	1,309	1,117	6	193	15	178	65	
Wyoming	123	5	2	2	119	110	80	1	30	4	26	9	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 21. States: Employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries							
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers						Self-employed
						Total	Private		Government			
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal	State and local	
White												
Alabama	1,523	29	13	15	1,494	1,389	1,174	9	215	34	181	105
Alaska	236	8	4	4	228	205	146	1	60	14	46	23
Arizona	2,321	28	21	7	2,293	2,150	1,842	10	308	44	264	141
Arkansas	983	41	22	18	941	870	746	3	124	17	107	71
California	12,798	294	251	43	12,504	11,246	9,471	136	1,774	191	1,584	1,246
Colorado	2,111	26	18	7	2,086	1,912	1,631	11	281	57	224	172
Connecticut	1,471	6	4	3	1,465	1,360	1,185	5	175	19	156	104
Delaware	314	4	3	1	310	294	253	1	41	6	34	16
District of Columbia	135	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	135	126	95	1	32	27	4	8
Florida	6,322	64	48	16	6,258	5,819	5,086	43	733	110	623	436
Georgia	2,939	37	16	21	2,902	2,661	2,323	14	337	46	291	239
Hawaii	120	3	(¹)	2	117	99	76	1	23	9	15	18
Idaho	621	35	25	10	585	530	440	4	89	9	80	55
Illinois	4,935	59	23	37	4,876	4,601	4,036	17	565	56	509	272
Indiana	2,742	45	20	24	2,697	2,530	2,213	5	317	38	280	166
Iowa	1,462	63	33	30	1,399	1,299	1,084	5	214	25	189	99
Kansas	1,224	58	15	41	1,167	1,087	877	6	210	30	181	79
Kentucky	1,663	40	21	19	1,623	1,529	1,277	9	252	42	211	93
Louisiana	1,325	24	11	13	1,300	1,196	1,015	8	181	26	155	103
Maine	639	16	9	7	623	560	476	3	83	13	70	63
Maryland	1,837	14	12	2	1,823	1,694	1,374	10	320	138	183	127
Massachusetts	2,899	16	12	4	2,883	2,674	2,319	7	355	54	300	207
Michigan	3,977	46	20	25	3,930	3,697	3,215	23	482	43	439	231
Minnesota	2,579	64	18	45	2,515	2,345	2,010	14	335	37	298	170
Mississippi	822	38	22	16	784	725	595	3	129	17	112	59
Missouri	2,501	47	14	31	2,455	2,288	1,942	8	346	59	287	166
Montana	422	34	19	14	388	342	271	2	70	10	61	46
Nebraska	883	60	22	38	822	767	642	3	126	21	104	55
Nevada	916	3	3	(¹)	913	860	753	3	106	12	94	52
New Hampshire	657	6	3	3	651	598	517	3	81	12	69	52
New Jersey	3,299	11	8	3	3,288	3,112	2,634	17	478	60	418	174
New Mexico	736	25	20	5	711	646	491	5	154	33	121	65
New York	6,788	57	32	24	6,731	6,263	5,175	47	1,087	117	970	465
North Carolina	3,043	80	53	27	2,963	2,768	2,363	14	404	38	366	193
North Dakota	316	29	9	20	287	265	210	1	55	8	47	22
Ohio	4,887	39	10	28	4,847	4,577	3,967	24	610	79	531	269
Oklahoma	1,296	41	18	24	1,254	1,143	952	4	191	44	146	110
Oregon	1,550	49	39	10	1,501	1,369	1,177	8	192	21	172	131
Pennsylvania	5,246	63	18	39	5,183	4,856	4,251	19	605	114	491	320
Rhode Island	494	3	2	1	491	461	396	2	65	11	54	30
South Carolina	1,359	15	6	8	1,344	1,249	1,052	5	197	18	180	92
South Dakota	385	32	9	22	353	328	273	1	56	9	47	24
Tennessee	2,256	45	21	23	2,211	2,010	1,726	6	285	64	220	199
Texas	8,563	209	119	89	8,354	7,666	6,502	72	1,165	142	1,023	680
Utah	1,061	21	14	7	1,041	969	803	6	166	34	132	71
Vermont	326	8	4	3	318	285	241	2	43	8	35	33
Virginia	2,786	41	25	16	2,745	2,581	2,071	13	510	210	300	163
Washington	2,527	66	45	21	2,461	2,257	1,872	10	386	42	344	203
West Virginia	704	8	3	5	696	653	529	4	124	26	98	42
Wisconsin	2,724	80	37	42	2,644	2,482	2,181	7	301	30	271	162
Wyoming	254	14	6	7	241	221	172	1	49	7	42	20

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 21. States: Employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries								Self-employed
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers							
						Total	Private		Government				
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal	State and local		
Black or African American													
Alabama	442	3	3	(1)	439	422	334	3	89	19	69	16	
Alaska	10	(1)	(1)	(1)	10	9	6	(1)	2	1	1	1	
Arizona	73	(1)	(1)	(1)	73	70	59	(1)	11	4	8	3	
Arkansas	163	4	4	(1)	159	155	121	1	33	4	29	4	
California	949	2	2	(1)	947	888	680	4	208	31	177	56	
Colorado	87	(1)	(1)	(1)	86	79	69	(1)	11	3	8	7	
Connecticut	149	(1)	(1)	(1)	149	144	121	(1)	23	5	18	5	
Delaware	70	(1)	(1)	(1)	70	68	55	(1)	13	3	10	2	
District of Columbia	136	(1)	(1)	(1)	136	130	86	1	44	26	18	6	
Florida	1,120	6	4	1	1,114	1,069	857	9	212	30	182	45	
Georgia	1,123	8	8	(1)	1,115	1,060	845	6	216	23	192	54	
Hawaii	10	(1)	(1)	(1)	10	9	6	(1)	4	3	1	1	
Idaho	4	(1)	(1)	(1)	4	3	3	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	1	
Illinois	695	2	2	(1)	693	674	557	(1)	117	31	85	18	
Indiana	224	(1)	(1)	(1)	224	216	182	(1)	34	7	27	9	
Iowa	22	(1)	(1)	(1)	22	22	19	(1)	3	(1)	3	(1)	
Kansas	58	(1)	(1)	(1)	58	56	43	(1)	13	3	10	2	
Kentucky	128	(1)	(1)	(1)	128	122	89	1	33	7	26	5	
Louisiana	542	6	5	1	536	505	403	9	103	9	93	30	
Maine	4	(1)	(1)	(1)	4	4	4	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	
Maryland	736	2	1	1	734	710	495	3	215	107	108	24	
Massachusetts	168	(1)	(1)	(1)	168	162	137	1	24	5	20	6	
Michigan	519	1	1	(1)	518	500	408	2	92	12	80	18	
Minnesota	83	(1)	(1)	(1)	83	81	71	(1)	11	1	10	1	
Mississippi	388	8	8	(1)	380	360	275	2	85	11	74	20	
Missouri	262	(1)	(1)	(1)	262	251	203	1	49	10	39	11	
Nebraska	25	(1)	(1)	(1)	25	24	21	(1)	3	1	2	1	
Nevada	61	(1)	(1)	(1)	61	60	53	(1)	7	1	5	1	
New Hampshire	6	(1)	(1)	(1)	6	6	5	(1)	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	
New Jersey	527	(1)	(1)	(1)	527	511	420	4	91	15	76	15	
New Mexico	15	(1)	(1)	(1)	15	15	10	(1)	5	1	4	(1)	
New York	1,281	(1)	(1)	(1)	1,281	1,232	960	16	271	28	244	49	
North Carolina	728	6	5	1	722	697	567	3	130	21	109	24	
North Dakota	3	(1)	(1)	(1)	3	3	2	(1)	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	
Ohio	525	(1)	(1)	(1)	525	508	416	2	92	22	69	17	
Oklahoma	98	(1)	(1)	(1)	98	93	71	1	21	6	15	5	
Oregon	22	(1)	(1)	(1)	22	21	16	(1)	5	1	4	1	
Pennsylvania	439	(1)	(1)	(1)	439	424	355	3	69	15	54	14	
Rhode Island	25	(1)	(1)	(1)	25	24	22	(1)	2	(1)	1	1	
South Carolina	479	7	7	(1)	472	455	345	3	110	11	99	16	
South Dakota	4	(1)	(1)	(1)	3	3	3	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	
Tennessee	409	(1)	(1)	(1)	409	398	311	(1)	87	22	65	11	
Texas	1,071	3	2	1	1,068	1,005	808	3	197	43	154	62	
Utah	10	(1)	(1)	(1)	10	10	8	(1)	1	1	1	(1)	
Vermont	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	2	2	1	(1)	1	(1)	1	(1)	
Virginia	621	3	3	(1)	618	597	469	4	129	46	83	21	
Washington	76	(1)	(1)	(1)	76	72	57	1	15	2	13	3	
West Virginia	19	(1)	(1)	(1)	19	18	13	(1)	5	1	4	1	
Wisconsin	96	(1)	(1)	(1)	95	93	75	(1)	18	3	15	2	
Wyoming	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	2	2	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 21. States: Employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries							Self-employed	
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers					Self-employed		
						Total	Private		Government				
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal			State and local
Asian													
Alabama	15	(1)	(1)	(1)	15	15	15	(1)	1	(1)	1	(1)	
Alaska	17	(1)	(1)	(1)	17	16	12	(1)	3	(1)	3	1	
Arizona	58	(1)	(1)	(1)	58	52	45	(1)	7	(1)	7	6	
Arkansas	14	1	(1)	(1)	14	11	10	(1)	2	(1)	2	2	
California	1,954	7	5	3	1,947	1,790	1,513	6	277	63	214	154	
Colorado	58	(1)	(1)	(1)	57	49	43	(1)	6	2	4	8	
Connecticut	57	(1)	(1)	(1)	57	54	50	(1)	4	1	3	3	
Delaware	9	(1)	(1)	(1)	9	8	7	(1)	1	(1)	1	(1)	
District of Columbia	7	(1)	(1)	(1)	7	7	5	1	2	1	(1)	(1)	
Florida	178	(1)	(1)	(1)	178	170	147	(1)	24	6	18	8	
Georgia	111	(1)	(1)	(1)	111	102	93	(1)	9	3	6	8	
Hawaii	304	7	5	2	297	282	223	1	59	20	39	14	
Idaho	6	(1)	(1)	(1)	6	5	4	(1)	1	(1)	(1)	1	
Illinois	213	(1)	(1)	(1)	213	205	186	(1)	19	5	14	8	
Indiana	36	1	(1)	1	35	31	29	(1)	3	(1)	3	3	
Iowa	30	(1)	(1)	(1)	29	28	15	(1)	12	(1)	12	2	
Kansas	32	(1)	(1)	(1)	32	30	22	(1)	7	1	7	2	
Kentucky	29	(1)	(1)	(1)	29	29	26	(1)	3	2	1	(1)	
Louisiana	20	(1)	(1)	(1)	20	16	14	(1)	3	(1)	3	4	
Maine	6	(1)	(1)	(1)	6	5	5	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	
Maryland	154	(1)	(1)	(1)	154	141	119	3	21	16	5	13	
Massachusetts	120	(1)	(1)	(1)	120	116	109	(1)	7	1	6	4	
Michigan	101	(1)	(1)	(1)	101	92	80	(1)	12	2	9	7	
Minnesota	83	(1)	(1)	(1)	83	79	71	(1)	8	(1)	8	4	
Mississippi	6	(1)	(1)	(1)	6	6	5	(1)	1	(1)	1	(1)	
Missouri	54	(1)	(1)	(1)	54	53	52	(1)	1	(1)	1	2	
Montana	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	1	1	1	(1)	1	(1)	1	(1)	
Nebraska	15	(1)	(1)	(1)	15	14	13	(1)	2	(1)	2	1	
Nevada	65	(1)	(1)	(1)	65	63	59	(1)	5	2	3	2	
New Hampshire	17	1	1	(1)	16	16	15	(1)	1	1	(1)	(1)	
New Jersey	246	(1)	(1)	(1)	246	231	216	(1)	16	4	12	15	
New Mexico	8	(1)	(1)	(1)	8	7	5	(1)	2	1	1	1	
New York	565	(1)	(1)	(1)	565	527	480	5	46	13	34	35	
North Carolina	74	(1)	(1)	(1)	74	70	57	(1)	12	4	9	4	
North Dakota	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	2	2	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	
Ohio	88	(1)	(1)	(1)	88	87	73	(1)	13	5	9	1	
Oklahoma	20	(1)	(1)	(1)	20	19	18	(1)	1	(1)	1	2	
Oregon	66	(1)	(1)	(1)	66	61	55	(1)	6	1	4	5	
Pennsylvania	110	(1)	(1)	(1)	110	103	94	(1)	9	2	8	7	
Rhode Island	16	(1)	(1)	(1)	16	15	14	(1)	1	(1)	(1)	1	
South Carolina	11	(1)	(1)	(1)	11	10	9	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	1	
South Dakota	3	(1)	(1)	(1)	3	3	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	
Tennessee	46	(1)	(1)	(1)	46	41	30	(1)	10	2	9	5	
Texas	311	3	3	(1)	308	278	250	(1)	27	4	24	29	
Utah	20	(1)	(1)	(1)	20	18	14	(1)	3	1	2	2	
Vermont	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	2	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	
Virginia	173	(1)	(1)	(1)	173	162	143	5	18	8	10	11	
Washington	158	2	1	1	156	147	125	(1)	23	2	21	9	
West Virginia	6	(1)	(1)	(1)	6	5	3	(1)	2	(1)	1	1	
Wisconsin	45	(1)	(1)	(1)	45	42	38	(1)	5	(1)	4	2	
Wyoming	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	1	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 21. States: Employed persons by class of worker, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Agricultural industries			Nonagricultural industries							
		Total	Wage and salary	Self-employed	Total	Wage and salary workers						Self-employed
						Total	Private		Government			
							Total	Private household	Total	Federal	State and local	
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity												
Alabama	33	(1)	(1)	(1)	33	30	27	(1)	3	2	1	3
Alaska	15	(1)	(1)	(1)	15	14	11	(1)	3	1	2	1
Arizona	654	13	12	(1)	642	603	521	4	82	13	69	39
Arkansas	46	2	2	(1)	43	41	41	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	2
California	4,949	199	194	5	4,750	4,459	3,986	99	473	47	426	287
Colorado	390	9	9	(1)	380	361	318	4	43	7	36	19
Connecticut	141	(1)	(1)	(1)	141	132	117	1	15	1	14	9
Delaware	25	1	1	(1)	24	23	22	(1)	2	(1)	2	(1)
District of Columbia	28	(1)	(1)	(1)	28	27	22	1	5	4	2	1
Florida	1,490	24	23	1	1,466	1,382	1,263	21	119	28	91	84
Georgia	246	4	4	(1)	242	231	223	(1)	9	3	6	10
Hawaii	37	1	(1)	(1)	36	34	26	1	8	2	6	2
Idaho	52	8	8	(1)	44	40	36	1	4	1	3	4
Illinois	693	2	1	1	692	671	630	2	41	5	36	19
Indiana	106	4	3	1	102	99	92	(1)	8	2	6	3
Iowa	64	4	4	(1)	60	59	54	(1)	5	1	4	1
Kansas	79	(1)	(1)	(1)	78	76	67	(1)	9	2	7	2
Kentucky	21	2	2	(1)	19	19	17	(1)	2	1	1	1
Louisiana	62	3	3	(1)	59	52	48	(1)	4	2	2	6
Maine	6	(1)	(1)	(1)	6	6	4	(1)	2	(1)	1	(1)
Maryland	193	1	1	(1)	192	188	176	5	12	4	8	4
Massachusetts	198	1	1	(1)	197	192	176	(1)	16	3	13	5
Michigan	146	(1)	(1)	(1)	145	141	125	1	16	2	14	4
Minnesota	80	(1)	(1)	(1)	79	79	72	1	7	1	6	1
Mississippi	17	4	4	(1)	13	13	12	(1)	1	(1)	1	1
Missouri	72	2	2	(1)	71	69	66	1	3	1	3	2
Montana	13	1	1	(1)	11	11	9	(1)	2	(1)	2	1
Nebraska	51	2	2	(1)	49	46	43	(1)	3	1	2	2
Nevada	235	1	1	(1)	234	226	215	2	11	1	10	8
New Hampshire	11	(1)	(1)	(1)	11	11	10	(1)	1	(1)	1	(1)
New Jersey	530	2	2	(1)	528	508	464	4	44	8	36	20
New Mexico	368	12	12	(1)	356	326	247	4	79	17	61	30
New York	1,233	3	3	(1)	1,230	1,168	1,050	23	118	17	101	62
North Carolina	282	19	19	(1)	263	258	248	1	10	2	8	5
North Dakota	3	(1)	(1)	(1)	3	3	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Ohio	157	(1)	(1)	(1)	157	150	138	(1)	12	3	9	7
Oklahoma	73	1	1	(1)	71	69	61	(1)	8	4	4	2
Oregon	162	15	14	1	147	139	129	1	10	1	10	8
Pennsylvania	171	2	2	(1)	169	162	149	2	13	5	9	6
Rhode Island	44	(1)	(1)	(1)	43	40	39	(1)	2	(1)	2	2
South Carolina	41	(1)	(1)	(1)	41	39	37	1	1	(1)	1	2
South Dakota	6	1	(1)	(1)	6	6	5	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Tennessee	81	4	4	(1)	77	71	69	(1)	2	(1)	1	7
Texas	3,382	71	62	9	3,312	3,068	2,710	55	358	46	312	237
Utah	106	2	2	(1)	104	101	91	1	10	2	8	3
Vermont	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	2	2	1	(1)	1	(1)	1	(1)
Virginia	185	1	1	(1)	184	177	159	4	18	8	10	6
Washington	197	18	17	1	179	172	159	1	14	4	10	7
West Virginia	9	(1)	(1)	(1)	9	8	6	(1)	2	1	1	1
Wisconsin	126	4	4	(1)	122	118	111	1	7	1	5	4
Wyoming	17	(1)	(1)	(1)	17	16	13	(1)	3	1	2	1

1 Less than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is

identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 22. States: Persons at work by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2003 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
TOTAL											
Alabama	1,952	85	205	135	1,528	120	888	190	331	39.4	42.6
Alaska	283	19	35	25	205	28	85	31	60	39.8	44.0
Arizona	2,432	101	294	187	1,849	139	979	240	492	39.6	43.4
Arkansas	1,142	53	123	86	879	75	474	120	210	39.5	43.0
California	15,658	698	1,815	1,210	11,935	873	7,107	1,354	2,600	38.8	42.4
Colorado	2,232	115	270	178	1,668	141	884	243	400	38.8	42.7
Connecticut	1,624	88	217	136	1,182	129	591	166	297	38.3	42.8
Delaware	384	16	44	26	297	29	177	35	57	38.6	41.7
District of Columbia	271	6	21	19	224	15	130	24	56	41.1	43.0
Florida	7,489	263	778	477	5,972	435	3,574	624	1,338	39.7	42.9
Georgia	4,049	144	363	248	3,294	227	1,980	372	715	40.0	42.7
Hawaii	569	26	71	41	430	26	279	37	89	38.6	42.3
Idaho	630	45	84	54	448	46	208	65	128	38.6	43.6
Illinois	5,683	265	649	389	4,380	379	2,462	550	989	39.1	42.8
Indiana	2,901	142	330	203	2,227	191	1,166	322	548	39.4	43.2
Iowa	1,474	103	192	108	1,071	102	461	189	319	39.0	43.8
Kansas	1,308	88	171	108	940	93	424	140	283	39.0	43.9
Kentucky	1,757	84	216	140	1,317	151	652	190	323	39.0	42.8
Louisiana	1,821	75	201	113	1,433	113	818	164	338	40.1	43.3
Maine	626	42	93	57	434	53	191	74	116	37.9	42.9
Maryland	2,672	116	298	202	2,057	171	1,142	245	498	39.5	43.0
Massachusetts	3,079	171	420	252	2,236	222	1,157	316	542	38.2	42.7
Michigan	4,464	246	611	377	3,229	300	1,671	466	792	38.3	42.9
Minnesota	2,654	174	365	224	1,891	186	865	332	508	38.4	43.3
Mississippi	1,179	46	126	80	927	69	544	109	204	39.6	42.7
Missouri	2,744	116	347	191	2,090	172	1,160	273	486	39.1	42.9
Montana	431	29	62	36	304	33	137	45	89	38.8	43.7
Nebraska	904	63	114	69	660	66	271	117	206	39.7	44.6
Nevada	1,048	33	99	67	848	52	552	87	158	39.6	42.2
New Hampshire	659	40	80	53	487	45	225	83	132	38.8	43.4
New Jersey	3,961	165	460	238	3,097	334	1,722	347	694	39.1	42.6
New Mexico	807	41	109	66	591	57	321	78	135	38.4	42.8
New York	8,369	381	1,050	553	6,386	850	3,486	676	1,374	38.6	42.4
North Carolina	3,802	174	442	275	2,911	252	1,636	382	641	38.9	42.4
North Dakota	320	19	44	27	229	23	100	35	72	39.6	44.4
Ohio	5,287	293	752	422	3,819	357	1,917	593	952	38.3	42.9
Oklahoma	1,541	81	182	107	1,172	89	659	148	276	39.2	42.9
Oregon	1,642	94	209	139	1,199	117	628	165	290	38.6	42.8
Pennsylvania	5,594	301	702	401	4,190	430	2,197	552	1,011	38.7	42.9
Rhode Island	514	28	78	53	354	44	179	53	78	37.3	41.9
South Carolina	1,796	75	202	125	1,395	132	744	187	331	39.4	42.8
South Dakota	396	24	51	30	292	26	131	47	88	39.8	44.2
Tennessee	2,623	115	300	178	2,030	178	1,106	251	494	39.6	42.9
Texas	9,783	408	1,054	691	7,630	653	4,020	1,036	1,921	40.0	43.3
Utah	1,074	84	168	90	732	66	368	107	191	37.3	43.0
Vermont	321	24	41	28	227	27	101	37	64	38.3	43.1
Virginia	3,503	163	355	254	2,732	210	1,567	329	625	39.3	42.6
Washington	2,775	166	375	246	1,989	190	1,017	287	494	38.3	42.7
West Virginia	704	32	78	50	543	53	306	65	119	39.2	42.5
Wisconsin	2,792	161	387	209	2,035	179	963	361	531	38.8	43.6
Wyoming	253	15	31	18	188	16	80	29	63	40.5	45.2

Table 22. States: Persons at work by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Men											
Alabama	1,036	26	69	55	886	43	474	115	254	42.4	44.1
Alaska	149	7	14	10	118	12	47	17	41	43.3	45.9
Arizona	1,372	30	119	77	1,146	65	576	148	357	42.2	44.5
Arkansas	624	23	48	40	513	31	255	75	153	41.8	44.2
California	8,667	261	691	528	7,188	387	4,134	822	1,845	41.1	43.3
Colorado	1,228	43	105	81	1,000	64	502	148	286	41.2	43.6
Connecticut	851	34	78	52	687	45	317	108	218	41.3	44.3
Delaware	199	6	16	10	167	11	95	22	39	40.8	42.8
District of Columbia	135	3	9	9	115	6	64	12	33	42.4	44.0
Florida	4,034	102	294	204	3,434	153	1,936	364	982	42.1	44.4
Georgia	2,180	53	143	110	1,874	91	1,054	225	504	42.1	43.9
Hawaii	298	10	31	19	238	11	147	21	59	40.4	43.3
Idaho	346	16	33	23	275	18	121	41	96	42.0	45.1
Illinois	3,036	93	232	163	2,547	142	1,349	341	715	41.8	44.1
Indiana	1,563	52	120	79	1,312	75	638	195	403	42.2	44.7
Iowa	780	39	72	39	630	38	244	114	234	42.4	45.7
Kansas	690	31	66	51	542	37	230	81	194	42.0	45.5
Kentucky	939	33	87	54	766	49	356	116	245	41.7	44.4
Louisiana	951	29	76	39	807	40	421	95	251	43.1	45.3
Maine	324	16	32	21	254	20	105	47	83	41.2	44.6
Maryland	1,377	39	112	85	1,141	72	593	141	335	41.8	44.1
Massachusetts	1,612	60	132	94	1,326	82	660	188	397	41.4	44.0
Michigan	2,365	90	211	156	1,907	124	910	292	581	41.3	44.2
Minnesota	1,393	65	134	90	1,104	74	468	196	366	41.5	44.8
Mississippi	629	20	50	36	523	26	278	65	154	42.0	44.2
Missouri	1,444	38	125	82	1,199	73	626	165	336	41.6	44.0
Montana	228	10	24	15	180	13	75	28	64	42.2	45.4
Nebraska	477	22	39	27	390	24	144	71	151	43.7	46.9
Nevada	591	13	40	29	509	23	320	56	111	41.3	43.0
New Hampshire	355	14	27	19	295	17	128	53	97	42.1	44.7
New Jersey	2,115	56	145	90	1,823	105	975	215	528	42.1	44.1
New Mexico	425	17	43	28	337	23	176	49	90	40.6	43.7
New York	4,413	132	360	229	3,693	291	2,000	416	986	41.4	43.8
North Carolina	2,038	59	179	118	1,682	108	866	234	475	41.4	43.7
North Dakota	169	7	15	11	135	7	53	21	54	43.6	46.7
Ohio	2,804	108	278	180	2,238	139	1,029	355	715	41.4	44.4
Oklahoma	834	30	73	47	684	35	356	89	204	42.0	44.8
Oregon	886	35	75	57	719	44	363	103	210	41.3	43.9
Pennsylvania	2,959	108	245	157	2,449	156	1,204	346	743	41.7	44.3
Rhode Island	263	11	26	20	205	15	100	34	57	40.3	43.5
South Carolina	943	32	79	52	780	48	389	107	235	41.7	44.2
South Dakota	208	9	17	11	171	9	68	29	65	43.6	46.7
Tennessee	1,414	49	120	75	1,168	65	597	145	361	42.0	44.3
Texas	5,429	152	429	323	4,525	282	2,182	632	1,429	42.6	44.9
Utah	595	29	65	41	461	26	220	67	148	40.8	44.4
Vermont	168	9	16	12	131	9	55	22	44	41.1	44.5
Virginia	1,823	59	137	114	1,514	80	810	182	442	41.5	43.8
Washington	1,490	58	127	104	1,201	87	581	184	349	41.2	43.8
West Virginia	385	12	28	21	323	19	174	40	90	42.0	44.0
Wisconsin	1,454	57	138	78	1,181	56	519	220	386	42.1	45.3
Wyoming	137	5	11	7	113	6	42	18	48	44.5	47.3

Table 22. States: Persons at work by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Women											
Alabama	916	58	136	79	642	77	414	75	76	36.0	40.6
Alaska	135	12	21	15	87	16	39	13	19	36.0	41.4
Arizona	1,060	71	176	110	703	74	402	92	136	36.3	41.6
Arkansas	517	31	75	46	366	44	219	45	57	36.8	41.3
California	6,990	437	1,124	682	4,747	487	2,973	532	755	36.0	41.1
Colorado	1,003	72	166	97	668	78	382	95	114	35.9	41.3
Connecticut	773	54	139	84	495	84	274	58	79	35.1	40.7
Delaware	185	10	28	16	131	18	82	13	18	36.2	40.4
District of Columbia	136	4	13	11	109	8	66	12	23	39.8	42.1
Florida	3,455	161	484	273	2,538	282	1,639	260	357	37.0	41.0
Georgia	1,869	91	220	138	1,420	137	926	147	211	37.6	41.3
Hawaii	271	17	40	22	192	14	132	16	30	36.6	41.2
Idaho	284	29	51	31	173	29	87	25	32	34.5	41.3
Illinois	2,647	172	416	225	1,833	237	1,113	208	274	36.0	41.0
Indiana	1,338	90	210	123	915	116	528	127	145	36.0	41.1
Iowa	695	64	120	70	441	64	217	76	84	35.1	41.1
Kansas	618	57	105	58	399	56	194	59	89	35.7	41.9
Kentucky	817	51	129	86	551	102	296	75	78	35.9	40.5
Louisiana	870	46	125	74	625	73	397	68	87	36.7	40.8
Maine	302	26	61	36	180	33	86	28	33	34.4	40.5
Maryland	1,295	77	186	116	916	99	549	105	163	37.1	41.6
Massachusetts	1,467	111	288	158	910	140	497	128	145	34.7	40.8
Michigan	2,098	156	400	221	1,322	176	761	174	211	34.9	41.0
Minnesota	1,261	108	231	134	787	112	397	136	142	34.9	41.1
Mississippi	551	27	76	44	404	44	267	44	50	36.9	40.7
Missouri	1,300	77	222	109	892	100	534	108	150	36.3	41.5
Montana	202	19	38	21	124	20	62	18	24	34.8	41.2
Nebraska	427	41	74	42	270	42	128	45	55	35.3	41.5
Nevada	457	20	58	39	339	29	232	31	47	37.4	41.0
New Hampshire	304	26	53	34	191	28	98	30	36	35.1	41.4
New Jersey	1,846	109	315	148	1,274	229	748	132	165	35.5	40.4
New Mexico	381	24	66	37	253	34	145	30	45	36.0	41.7
New York	3,956	249	690	324	2,693	559	1,486	260	388	35.5	40.5
North Carolina	1,764	114	263	157	1,229	144	771	148	167	35.9	40.6
North Dakota	151	12	29	16	94	15	47	14	18	35.0	41.2
Ohio	2,483	186	474	241	1,581	219	888	238	237	34.9	40.8
Oklahoma	707	51	109	60	487	53	303	59	72	35.8	40.4
Oregon	755	58	135	83	480	73	265	62	80	35.4	41.2
Pennsylvania	2,636	194	457	244	1,741	274	993	206	269	35.3	41.0
Rhode Island	250	17	52	33	149	29	80	19	21	34.2	39.8
South Carolina	853	42	123	73	615	84	355	80	96	36.9	41.0
South Dakota	188	14	34	19	121	17	63	18	23	35.7	41.0
Tennessee	1,209	66	179	103	861	112	509	106	133	36.7	41.0
Texas	4,354	256	625	368	3,105	371	1,838	404	492	36.7	41.1
Utah	479	56	103	49	271	40	149	40	43	32.9	40.7
Vermont	152	14	25	17	96	17	45	14	19	35.3	41.3
Virginia	1,681	104	218	140	1,218	131	757	146	184	36.8	41.0
Washington	1,286	108	248	142	787	103	436	103	145	34.9	41.2
West Virginia	319	20	50	29	220	33	132	25	30	35.9	40.4
Wisconsin	1,337	103	249	131	854	124	444	141	145	35.3	41.3
Wyoming	116	10	20	11	75	10	38	11	16	35.9	42.1

Table 22. States: Persons at work by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years											
Alabama	80	19	32	8	20	4	14	2	(¹)	22.9	36.9
Alaska	15	4	5	1	5	1	3	1	1	26.1	40.5
Arizona	113	23	38	14	37	11	20	3	3	25.7	38.2
Arkansas	45	11	18	3	13	3	9	1	1	23.6	38.5
California	581	119	243	53	166	33	107	15	11	24.6	38.5
Colorado	95	20	38	10	27	6	15	3	3	24.7	37.3
Connecticut	72	23	28	7	14	3	9	2	1	21.2	37.9
Delaware	20	4	9	2	6	1	3	(¹)	(¹)	24.8	34.7
District of Columbia	4	1	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	27.0	38.3
Florida	297	48	123	29	96	18	60	6	11	26.1	39.7
Georgia	126	19	50	12	44	8	30	3	3	26.3	38.5
Hawaii	21	5	10	2	5	1	4	(¹)	(¹)	23.2	38.6
Idaho	41	11	13	3	13	2	7	2	2	25.2	41.2
Illinois	222	53	102	20	48	11	29	5	4	22.6	38.4
Indiana	143	34	59	13	37	9	20	3	4	23.5	38.8
Iowa	89	29	37	7	16	5	6	3	2	20.9	35.8
Kansas	72	23	27	6	16	4	7	2	3	22.3	41.2
Kentucky	87	17	36	7	27	6	13	3	4	25.6	40.1
Louisiana	70	12	28	8	22	4	16	1	1	25.6	37.3
Maine	33	9	15	3	8	3	3	1	1	22.8	38.1
Maryland	111	28	38	13	32	8	19	2	3	24.4	39.3
Massachusetts	124	40	51	8	25	5	16	3	2	21.2	37.4
Michigan	243	63	98	18	64	14	37	6	7	23.5	38.9
Minnesota	148	46	57	13	32	7	17	4	4	22.1	39.5
Mississippi	48	10	22	5	11	2	7	1	1	22.9	36.8
Missouri	142	26	64	14	38	10	21	4	3	24.6	39.1
Montana	26	6	9	3	9	2	4	1	2	26.0	39.4
Nebraska	50	18	16	4	11	3	6	1	1	21.4	39.8
Nevada	41	5	16	4	16	3	11	1	1	27.9	38.2
New Hampshire	34	10	14	3	7	1	3	2	1	22.2	39.7
New Jersey	141	36	58	10	37	8	23	3	3	23.2	38.6
New Mexico	33	7	13	3	10	2	7	1	1	25.3	39.7
New York	309	88	131	23	67	12	37	6	12	22.3	40.2
North Carolina	133	33	59	7	34	8	20	3	4	23.2	37.9
North Dakota	20	5	8	2	5	1	2	1	1	23.6	39.7
Ohio	292	73	134	24	62	15	33	7	7	22.4	37.3
Oklahoma	81	18	34	6	23	5	14	3	1	24.0	37.6
Oregon	55	13	18	6	17	3	10	2	2	25.9	38.4
Pennsylvania	258	56	114	22	66	16	34	8	8	24.0	39.9
Rhode Island	27	8	12	2	5	1	2	1	(¹)	21.0	38.4
South Carolina	86	21	30	9	25	6	15	2	3	24.8	39.8
South Dakota	25	7	9	3	6	1	3	1	1	24.0	39.7
Tennessee	106	18	45	10	33	7	19	2	4	25.7	39.2
Texas	378	66	157	40	114	28	61	11	13	25.6	38.6
Utah	77	20	28	7	21	3	12	3	3	23.8	40.7
Vermont	15	5	5	2	4	1	2	(¹)	1	22.6	39.4
Virginia	152	28	59	16	49	10	31	3	6	26.1	39.5
Washington	128	27	51	12	39	9	22	3	5	25.3	39.2
West Virginia	26	6	10	3	7	2	4	(¹)	1	24.8	38.0
Wisconsin	159	47	72	10	30	7	16	3	3	21.2	38.9
Wyoming	16	3	6	1	5	1	3	1	1	25.7	40.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: Persons at work by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
White											
Alabama	1,468	67	150	101	1,150	87	634	153	275	39.7	43.0
Alaska	219	15	26	19	159	20	65	24	50	40.4	44.6
Arizona	2,221	90	262	172	1,697	127	890	219	462	39.8	43.5
Arkansas	946	43	98	66	739	60	388	105	186	40.0	43.4
California	12,309	576	1,430	964	9,338	708	5,395	1,112	2,123	38.8	42.5
Colorado	2,023	106	249	162	1,505	127	787	221	369	38.8	42.7
Connecticut	1,400	80	188	117	1,015	108	492	147	268	38.4	43.0
Delaware	302	14	35	21	232	23	133	30	47	38.5	41.7
District of Columbia	130	3	9	8	109	9	46	16	38	42.9	44.9
Florida	6,118	223	636	391	4,867	344	2,820	530	1,173	39.9	43.3
Georgia	2,828	109	251	178	2,290	157	1,275	286	571	40.3	43.2
Hawaii	114	7	16	9	82	6	41	9	26	39.1	43.9
Idaho	597	43	78	51	425	44	198	63	121	38.6	43.7
Illinois	4,740	242	561	321	3,616	310	1,950	485	871	39.1	42.9
Indiana	2,627	134	307	184	2,001	161	1,029	301	511	39.4	43.4
Iowa	1,400	99	179	104	1,018	97	434	183	305	39.0	43.8
Kansas	1,180	79	151	97	853	83	379	128	263	39.3	44.1
Kentucky	1,591	78	195	129	1,190	137	580	174	299	39.0	42.8
Louisiana	1,267	53	138	73	1,003	70	541	122	269	40.6	43.9
Maine	608	40	90	56	422	51	185	72	113	37.9	42.9
Maryland	1,763	93	219	134	1,317	120	651	186	360	39.2	43.4
Massachusetts	2,772	156	380	225	2,010	204	1,011	296	500	38.2	42.7
Michigan	3,799	221	529	319	2,731	260	1,338	421	711	38.3	43.2
Minnesota	2,464	167	336	211	1,750	174	776	312	488	38.4	43.4
Mississippi	787	35	81	48	622	42	345	75	161	40.2	43.4
Missouri	2,409	104	316	169	1,820	151	980	250	438	39.0	43.0
Montana	402	26	57	33	285	30	127	43	85	39.0	43.8
Nebraska	851	59	106	65	622	61	250	112	199	39.9	44.8
Nevada	886	29	83	57	717	43	459	76	140	39.7	42.3
New Hampshire	628	38	78	51	462	44	210	80	127	38.8	43.4
New Jersey	3,170	144	390	194	2,443	263	1,306	294	580	38.9	42.7
New Mexico	706	37	98	57	514	50	274	69	121	38.4	42.9
New York	6,508	329	844	433	4,902	607	2,586	571	1,137	38.6	42.7
North Carolina	2,921	137	331	209	2,244	200	1,202	311	531	39.1	42.7
North Dakota	304	19	42	25	218	21	94	33	70	39.6	44.5
Ohio	4,652	266	662	362	3,362	316	1,645	541	859	38.4	43.0
Oklahoma	1,249	65	144	82	956	71	529	125	231	39.3	43.1
Oregon	1,493	83	192	127	1,090	107	566	154	263	38.6	42.8
Pennsylvania	5,038	276	645	363	3,754	387	1,906	511	949	38.7	43.1
Rhode Island	467	26	71	48	322	41	159	49	73	37.4	42.0
South Carolina	1,302	58	150	93	1,001	92	491	148	270	39.6	43.3
South Dakota	372	22	48	28	274	24	121	44	85	40.0	44.5
Tennessee	2,158	99	243	152	1,664	148	856	220	440	39.8	43.2
Texas	8,234	353	896	581	6,405	554	3,302	877	1,672	40.0	43.4
Utah	1,019	81	160	85	693	62	346	100	184	37.3	43.1
Vermont	312	23	40	27	222	26	98	36	62	38.4	43.1
Virginia	2,694	136	280	201	2,078	155	1,123	270	530	39.4	42.9
Washington	2,414	150	322	216	1,726	168	864	257	438	38.3	42.7
West Virginia	670	31	73	47	520	49	295	63	113	39.2	42.5
Wisconsin	2,619	153	363	196	1,906	167	888	347	505	38.8	43.6
Wyoming	242	15	29	18	181	15	77	28	61	40.6	45.3

Table 22. States: Persons at work by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Black or African American											
Alabama	427	16	48	29	335	30	234	27	44	38.3	41.1
Alaska	9	(¹)	1	1	7	1	4	1	2	41.8	44.7
Arizona	70	4	7	4	56	5	31	10	9	39.1	42.0
Arkansas	156	8	21	15	113	13	72	11	18	37.1	40.6
California	907	31	104	62	710	51	478	67	114	38.6	41.8
Colorado	83	4	7	6	66	6	40	8	12	39.7	42.7
Connecticut	144	5	20	11	107	14	68	12	12	37.1	40.5
Delaware	67	1	7	5	54	4	38	4	8	39.1	41.4
District of Columbia	131	3	11	10	107	5	80	7	14	39.0	40.9
Florida	1,078	24	112	66	875	73	613	73	116	38.8	41.1
Georgia	1,081	30	97	61	893	62	640	78	113	39.0	41.4
Hawaii	10	(¹)	1	1	7	1	5	(¹)	1	36.2	40.3
Idaho	4	(¹)	1	(¹)	3	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	37.9	38.6
Illinois	675	12	62	54	547	54	392	39	62	38.8	41.2
Indiana	217	8	18	12	179	24	115	16	23	38.7	41.2
Iowa	21	1	3	2	16	3	10	1	2	37.4	41.3
Kansas	56	3	7	4	42	5	25	4	8	37.9	41.9
Kentucky	122	4	15	9	94	11	56	12	15	38.8	41.9
Louisiana	519	19	59	37	404	40	264	38	61	38.7	41.7
Maine	4	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	3	(¹)	1	1	(¹)	38.2	41.9
Maryland	714	15	62	55	581	44	402	40	95	39.7	41.7
Massachusetts	161	6	24	15	116	11	77	11	17	37.4	41.6
Michigan	494	15	57	43	379	28	268	31	51	38.2	40.8
Minnesota	79	4	14	7	54	7	32	7	8	36.6	41.3
Mississippi	375	10	43	31	290	26	193	32	40	38.4	41.0
Missouri	251	7	25	18	201	18	130	18	34	39.3	42.0
Nebraska	25	2	3	2	18	2	11	2	3	38.4	42.3
Nevada	59	2	6	3	48	2	36	3	6	38.6	41.0
New Hampshire	5	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	4	(¹)	2	1	1	40.2	44.4
New Jersey	509	14	49	33	412	50	277	29	55	38.7	41.2
New Mexico	14	(¹)	2	1	10	1	7	1	1	36.7	39.5
New York	1,230	34	139	81	976	188	609	64	116	37.9	40.4
North Carolina	703	28	82	52	541	43	359	52	87	38.3	41.6
North Dakota	3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2	(¹)	1	1	(¹)	40.6	42.8
Ohio	501	17	69	48	367	35	231	38	63	38.0	41.4
Oklahoma	94	5	12	7	71	5	46	6	14	38.4	42.3
Oregon	20	1	2	2	15	2	10	1	2	37.7	40.0
Pennsylvania	421	19	41	28	333	36	230	26	41	38.2	41.3
Rhode Island	24	1	3	2	18	2	11	2	3	37.6	41.0
South Carolina	466	16	48	31	372	39	245	34	53	38.5	41.1
South Dakota	3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	3	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	39.6	42.0
Tennessee	393	13	44	23	313	27	221	25	40	38.4	41.1
Texas	1,031	39	100	72	820	68	500	99	153	39.6	42.3
Utah	10	(¹)	1	1	7	(¹)	4	1	2	40.2	44.5
Vermont	2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	41.3	44.5
Virginia	604	21	62	40	480	49	317	46	68	38.4	41.3
Washington	72	2	11	7	52	6	32	6	8	37.4	40.7
West Virginia	18	1	3	2	12	2	7	1	1	34.3	38.5
Wisconsin	91	3	13	8	67	6	42	7	12	38.4	42.1
Wyoming	2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	38.1	41.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: Persons at work by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Asian											
Alabama	15	1	1	1	13	(1)	7	2	3	40.2	43.2
Alaska	16	1	2	1	12	3	6	1	2	39.4	42.2
Arizona	57	3	12	2	40	2	22	4	13	38.9	45.6
Arkansas	14	1	2	1	10	1	6	1	2	36.2	40.6
California	1,891	62	203	132	1,494	82	1,000	126	287	39.2	42.5
Colorado	57	2	5	4	46	2	31	5	7	39.7	43.0
Connecticut	55	2	5	6	42	4	22	4	12	40.4	43.5
Delaware	8	(1)	1	(1)	7	(1)	4	1	2	41.6	44.6
District of Columbia	7	(1)	1	1	6	(1)	2	1	2	44.4	45.9
Florida	174	10	17	10	137	11	89	9	29	38.9	42.7
Georgia	110	3	13	7	87	7	54	4	23	40.1	44.0
Hawaii	293	12	31	19	231	11	158	18	44	39.2	42.2
Idaho	6	(1)	(1)	1	4	1	2	(1)	2	43.8	46.7
Illinois	206	8	19	10	169	11	96	19	43	40.5	44.0
Indiana	35	1	2	3	30	2	14	3	10	43.2	45.6
Iowa	28	2	6	1	19	2	9	2	6	37.8	44.8
Kansas	31	3	7	2	19	1	10	2	5	35.5	44.1
Kentucky	27	(1)	3	1	23	3	12	3	5	40.3	43.4
Louisiana	19	1	2	1	15	1	8	1	5	40.8	45.8
Maine	5	(1)	1	(1)	4	1	2	(1)	1	36.7	41.9
Maryland	150	4	13	9	124	5	72	13	34	41.4	44.0
Massachusetts	117	6	12	8	91	6	59	6	20	39.5	42.8
Michigan	96	6	13	6	73	6	41	8	18	39.4	43.9
Minnesota	80	2	9	4	66	4	43	10	9	39.4	41.8
Mississippi	6	(1)	(1)	(1)	5	(1)	3	1	1	40.3	43.8
Missouri	52	1	2	2	47	1	38	2	5	40.2	41.9
Montana	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	18.7	40.0
Nebraska	15	1	2	1	10	1	6	1	1	35.2	40.6
Nevada	64	1	6	4	53	4	38	4	7	39.4	41.5
New Hampshire	17	(1)	1	1	15	1	10	2	2	41.0	42.2
New Jersey	238	6	17	9	207	18	119	21	49	41.5	43.6
New Mexico	8	(1)	1	(1)	6	(1)	4	(1)	2	41.5	44.6
New York	545	15	57	30	443	47	257	33	107	40.3	43.2
North Carolina	72	2	13	4	53	2	32	7	11	38.0	42.4
North Dakota	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	2	(1)	1	(1)	(1)	40.0	43.2
Ohio	84	5	12	7	60	3	28	9	20	39.9	44.8
Oklahoma	19	2	1	1	15	2	7	1	5	41.0	45.4
Oregon	64	3	6	5	51	4	29	4	14	41.4	44.7
Pennsylvania	106	5	10	7	84	5	51	10	18	40.0	43.8
Rhode Island	15	1	3	2	9	1	6	1	1	35.3	41.2
South Carolina	11	(1)	1	(1)	9	(1)	2	2	4	46.3	49.3
South Dakota	3	(1)	(1)	(1)	2	(1)	1	(1)	(1)	38.7	42.5
Tennessee	44	2	11	2	30	1	18	3	8	37.6	44.2
Texas	302	9	30	17	246	13	140	34	59	40.8	43.7
Utah	20	1	3	1	14	1	10	2	1	36.4	40.8
Vermont	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	1	(1)	1	(1)	(1)	34.6	39.7
Virginia	167	2	10	11	144	5	109	11	20	40.0	41.7
Washington	151	7	22	11	111	7	76	7	21	38.1	42.4
West Virginia	6	(1)	1	(1)	5	(1)	1	(1)	4	52.5	60.9
Wisconsin	43	1	4	2	36	3	21	3	10	41.9	45.7
Wyoming	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	46.4	46.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: Persons at work by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and hours of work, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work								Average hours	
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over					Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over		
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity											
Alabama	33	2	3	3	26	3	16	2	4	38.3	42.2
Alaska	15	(¹)	2	2	11	2	6	1	2	39.5	43.1
Arizona	639	13	65	56	506	44	332	50	79	39.2	41.6
Arkansas	45	1	3	3	38	2	25	3	8	41.0	43.5
California	4,785	152	514	398	3,721	281	2,603	355	482	38.1	40.9
Colorado	375	14	39	35	287	33	189	28	36	37.8	40.7
Connecticut	136	3	20	14	99	12	59	12	15	37.7	41.2
Delaware	24	(¹)	2	2	20	2	14	2	3	39.0	40.1
District of Columbia	27	(¹)	3	2	22	2	14	2	5	40.1	42.5
Florida	1,453	29	139	92	1,193	82	850	94	167	39.2	41.7
Georgia	241	9	19	19	194	19	129	18	27	38.9	40.9
Hawaii	35	3	5	3	24	2	16	2	4	36.3	41.1
Idaho	51	3	4	4	40	5	21	6	9	39.1	42.3
Illinois	673	16	63	41	553	39	393	54	67	38.8	41.0
Indiana	103	2	9	6	86	6	50	8	22	40.9	43.0
Iowa	61	2	9	4	45	6	21	7	11	38.7	42.4
Kansas	76	4	11	7	54	8	31	6	9	37.2	41.5
Kentucky	21	1	3	2	15	2	6	1	5	39.7	45.2
Louisiana	57	2	5	3	48	4	30	7	7	40.2	42.6
Maine	6	(¹)	1	1	4	1	2	1	1	37.3	41.3
Maryland	189	3	17	14	154	11	107	11	25	39.7	41.7
Massachusetts	190	7	27	16	141	14	97	13	18	37.3	40.6
Michigan	141	6	20	9	107	12	65	12	17	37.9	41.6
Minnesota	77	3	14	6	55	8	25	10	12	37.9	42.3
Mississippi	16	(¹)	1	1	13	(¹)	9	2	3	41.9	43.4
Missouri	71	2	8	7	54	7	33	5	10	38.5	41.9
Montana	12	1	2	1	8	1	3	1	3	37.6	46.5
Nebraska	50	3	6	4	37	4	22	5	6	37.9	41.3
Nevada	231	4	17	16	193	10	148	14	21	39.3	41.1
New Hampshire	11	(¹)	2	1	7	1	4	1	2	38.1	42.7
New Jersey	514	13	57	30	414	36	278	40	60	38.9	41.5
New Mexico	356	14	46	31	264	28	155	33	47	38.1	41.8
New York	1,195	28	122	71	974	121	642	69	143	38.9	41.3
North Carolina	279	4	27	22	225	28	164	16	17	38.0	39.6
North Dakota	3	(¹)	1	(¹)	2	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	40.1	45.6
Ohio	152	5	20	14	113	13	66	13	21	38.8	42.0
Oklahoma	70	1	9	5	55	6	30	6	13	40.1	43.4
Oregon	156	5	17	15	119	14	76	11	18	38.3	41.0
Pennsylvania	165	8	18	11	129	12	86	9	22	38.1	41.8
Rhode Island	42	1	5	4	32	3	20	3	4	37.8	40.8
South Carolina	40	1	3	3	33	1	21	5	6	40.2	41.7
South Dakota	6	(¹)	1	1	5	(¹)	2	1	1	38.9	43.9
Tennessee	80	2	7	5	66	6	43	5	12	39.7	41.6
Texas	3,284	106	375	255	2,549	252	1,583	297	418	38.6	41.6
Utah	103	4	12	7	80	8	52	9	11	37.9	40.3
Vermont	2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	38.9	44.5
Virginia	182	6	17	18	142	15	96	10	20	38.1	40.5
Washington	191	4	15	17	156	15	96	16	28	40.0	42.1
West Virginia	8	(¹)	1	1	6	(¹)	4	(¹)	1	38.9	41.2
Wisconsin	122	3	15	7	97	8	64	8	17	38.9	41.6
Wyoming	17	1	3	1	12	1	6	2	4	39.2	43.9

¹ Less than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose

ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 23. States: Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2003 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could only find part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
TOTAL														
Alabama	152	19	61	10	11	52	272	15	21	8	57	73	28	70
Alaska	31	5	9	4	1	12	47	4	4	2	12	11	3	11
Arizona	180	33	60	13	5	69	403	34	18	11	93	115	35	97
Arkansas	89	14	24	3	7	41	173	17	7	4	28	49	12	56
California	1,155	200	391	105	30	429	2,568	308	157	79	530	730	128	634
Colorado	179	31	69	7	3	68	385	33	22	7	84	89	30	119
Connecticut	122	14	45	13	5	45	320	24	22	17	80	72	27	78
Delaware	31	3	14	2	2	10	55	2	3	2	12	18	6	12
District of Columbia	23	1	7	5	1	9	24	3	4	(³)	3	4	2	8
Florida	431	84	141	36	7	163	1,086	126	56	24	198	306	117	260
Georgia	258	35	92	19	12	100	497	39	36	13	106	121	27	155
Hawaii	43	5	14	9	2	14	95	11	8	2	19	29	8	19
Idaho	54	10	19	2	1	22	129	9	9	2	32	35	11	30
Illinois	392	63	144	33	9	143	911	62	53	27	223	240	88	218
Indiana	196	34	64	10	9	79	479	35	20	17	124	126	40	117
Iowa	118	15	46	5	3	48	286	13	7	5	74	94	35	57
Kansas	110	14	43	5	5	42	257	12	17	7	59	89	25	48
Kentucky	148	18	43	5	21	61	292	19	20	10	52	97	25	69
Louisiana	128	21	37	5	8	57	260	16	21	5	54	79	25	61
Maine	57	6	20	8	3	20	134	10	7	4	29	31	15	38
Maryland	217	18	76	27	16	80	399	17	25	14	92	114	57	80
Massachusetts	242	22	84	52	11	72	601	36	20	25	158	147	49	166
Michigan	350	47	130	13	12	148	884	67	66	20	198	254	84	196
Minnesota	222	22	111	6	4	78	541	36	28	8	151	159	50	109
Mississippi	93	16	28	5	6	39	160	11	16	5	26	43	15	43
Missouri	196	30	71	9	12	74	457	28	22	13	95	152	53	94
Montana	39	7	13	3	1	14	88	6	7	1	24	23	9	18
Nebraska	74	8	31	3	5	26	171	7	12	2	45	57	19	29
Nevada	72	17	22	3	1	29	128	16	10	5	24	29	10	35
New Hampshire	47	6	17	6	1	17	126	5	5	4	38	31	12	31
New Jersey	254	23	89	30	10	102	609	35	38	33	145	147	54	157
New Mexico	59	7	18	4	2	28	157	14	9	4	27	42	13	49
New York	593	52	198	82	25	236	1,391	99	106	71	280	379	128	328
North Carolina	296	53	85	14	35	108	595	60	39	21	106	142	74	153
North Dakota	27	3	11	2	1	10	63	2	4	1	17	19	6	14
Ohio	441	61	154	19	19	187	1,027	64	70	23	273	285	106	205
Oklahoma	120	16	39	7	4	55	250	14	16	5	47	77	25	65
Oregon	131	26	46	8	2	49	311	34	24	9	74	70	23	77
Pennsylvania	388	48	159	27	20	133	1,016	53	60	28	295	258	114	208
Rhode Island	49	4	15	15	2	12	110	6	5	5	24	31	10	29
South Carolina	128	25	39	6	9	49	273	21	20	7	46	71	24	84
South Dakota	34	4	15	2	1	12	71	3	4	1	17	24	7	15
Tennessee	212	27	66	5	38	76	381	27	24	13	97	103	27	90
Texas	732	151	229	28	33	291	1,421	171	96	52	276	382	96	346
Utah	85	12	35	3	1	34	257	15	17	4	84	90	14	34
Vermont	29	3	12	1	1	12	65	3	3	2	15	16	7	19
Virginia	261	24	96	22	36	82	510	31	25	14	123	125	62	130
Washington	249	43	93	13	3	97	538	59	34	14	137	119	32	142
West Virginia	56	7	15	4	8	23	105	10	10	4	22	25	10	24
Wisconsin	208	27	99	5	5	72	549	35	30	11	138	164	65	106
Wyoming	19	2	7	1	1	8	46	3	3	1	13	12	5	10

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. States: Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could only find part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
Men														
Alabama	78	11	31	4	10	21	73	6	8	(3)	1	26	14	17
Alaska	16	3	5	2	1	6	15	2	2	(3)	1	4	1	4
Arizona	90	20	32	6	5	28	136	17	9	(3)	6	55	16	32
Arkansas	49	9	13	1	5	20	62	6	3	(3)	1	21	7	22
California	617	131	212	49	28	197	863	149	63	7	42	295	70	237
Colorado	97	23	36	3	2	34	132	18	10	(3)	5	38	16	45
Connecticut	60	9	23	5	4	19	103	13	10	1	5	33	14	28
Delaware	15	2	7	1	2	4	17	1	1	(3)	1	7	3	4
District of Columbia	11	1	3	2	1	4	9	1	1	(3)	(3)	2	1	4
Florida	212	52	67	14	7	72	387	61	22	1	15	127	61	101
Georgia	137	24	47	7	11	48	168	21	15	2	5	58	15	53
Hawaii	21	3	7	4	1	6	38	6	4	(3)	3	13	4	9
Idaho	30	6	11	1	1	11	42	4	4	(3)	2	15	6	11
Illinois	196	42	70	9	9	66	293	30	23	2	12	116	44	67
Indiana	97	22	28	5	7	35	154	14	7	1	6	66	25	35
Iowa	56	9	21	2	3	21	93	6	3	(3)	5	44	15	19
Kansas	57	9	22	3	4	20	91	6	8	(3)	3	40	13	20
Kentucky	70	12	21	2	11	24	104	8	9	(3)	4	44	14	25
Louisiana	61	10	18	3	8	22	82	6	7	(3)	6	32	11	20
Maine	27	3	9	3	2	9	43	4	3	(3)	2	14	8	12
Maryland	105	13	39	12	9	33	131	9	11	1	5	46	31	27
Massachusetts	119	12	40	23	7	37	167	15	11	(3)	9	59	24	49
Michigan	182	27	70	5	9	71	275	32	24	1	6	107	44	63
Minnesota	112	13	57	2	4	36	177	18	13	1	13	73	23	34
Mississippi	49	10	14	2	5	18	56	6	5	1	2	22	6	14
Missouri	99	21	33	2	8	35	146	13	9	1	4	62	27	30
Montana	20	5	7	1	1	7	28	3	3	(3)	2	9	6	5
Nebraska	35	5	14	2	3	12	53	4	6	(3)	2	24	8	9
Nevada	39	12	11	1	1	14	44	7	3	(3)	2	12	6	14
New Hampshire	24	3	9	3	1	8	35	2	2	(3)	2	13	7	9
New Jersey	122	14	43	12	8	46	170	17	14	1	7	54	29	48
New Mexico	32	5	9	2	1	15	56	7	4	(3)	3	19	6	17
New York	278	31	99	33	15	101	443	45	46	2	10	154	66	120
North Carolina	152	32	43	7	26	44	204	31	14	1	7	65	34	52
North Dakota	14	2	5	1	1	5	19	1	1	(3)	1	8	3	5
Ohio	231	36	77	8	16	94	335	29	32	1	17	130	63	63
Oklahoma	55	10	17	2	4	22	95	8	6	(3)	2	40	15	23
Oregon	69	18	23	3	2	24	98	16	8	(3)	4	30	13	27
Pennsylvania	200	33	80	14	14	58	309	27	25	1	14	114	63	65
Rhode Island	23	3	7	7	1	5	36	3	2	(3)	1	15	6	9
South Carolina	66	18	20	3	6	19	97	11	7	(3)	3	36	11	30
South Dakota	14	2	6	1	1	5	23	1	1	(3)	1	11	4	4
Tennessee	114	18	37	3	24	33	131	16	12	(3)	6	45	17	37
Texas	393	103	115	13	30	132	512	87	44	2	15	179	45	139
Utah	48	8	21	2	1	16	86	7	8	(3)	3	45	10	13
Vermont	15	2	7	1	1	5	22	1	1	(3)	1	8	4	6
Virginia	134	14	46	11	27	36	175	17	10	(3)	12	59	36	42
Washington	129	25	52	5	3	44	159	25	15	(3)	11	48	16	43
West Virginia	28	3	7	2	5	11	34	5	4	(3)	1	9	6	8
Wisconsin	100	13	49	2	5	32	174	16	14	1	6	70	38	29
Wyoming	10	2	4	1	1	3	14	1	1	(3)	(3)	6	2	3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. States: Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could only find part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
Women														
Alabama	74	8	30	6	(3)	30	199	9	13	7	56	47	14	53
Alaska	15	2	4	2	(3)	6	33	3	3	1	11	7	1	7
Arizona	90	13	29	7	(3)	41	266	17	8	11	87	60	19	65
Arkansas	40	5	11	2	1	21	112	11	4	4	27	28	5	35
California	538	69	179	56	2	231	1,705	160	94	71	489	436	58	397
Colorado	81	8	34	5	1	35	254	15	12	7	80	51	14	74
Connecticut	61	5	22	8	1	26	217	11	12	16	76	39	13	50
Delaware	16	1	7	1	1	7	38	1	2	2	11	11	3	8
District of Columbia	13	1	3	3	(3)	5	14	1	2	(3)	3	2	1	4
Florida	219	31	75	22	(3)	91	699	65	35	22	183	179	56	159
Georgia	120	11	45	12	1	51	329	18	21	12	101	63	12	102
Hawaii	22	2	7	5	(3)	8	57	5	4	2	16	16	3	10
Idaho	24	3	8	1	(3)	11	87	5	6	2	31	20	4	19
Illinois	196	21	73	25	(3)	77	617	33	30	25	211	124	44	152
Indiana	99	12	36	5	1	44	325	21	13	16	118	60	15	81
Iowa	61	6	25	3	1	27	193	7	5	5	69	50	20	38
Kansas	53	6	21	3	1	22	166	6	9	7	56	49	11	28
Kentucky	78	6	21	3	10	37	188	10	12	10	48	53	11	44
Louisiana	67	11	19	2	(3)	34	178	10	13	5	49	46	14	41
Maine	30	3	10	5	1	11	92	6	4	4	27	17	7	26
Maryland	112	5	38	15	6	47	268	8	14	12	87	68	26	53
Massachusetts	123	10	44	30	3	35	434	21	10	25	149	88	25	116
Michigan	168	20	60	8	3	76	608	35	42	19	192	147	40	133
Minnesota	109	8	54	4	(3)	42	364	18	15	7	138	86	27	74
Mississippi	44	5	14	2	(3)	22	103	5	11	4	24	21	9	29
Missouri	97	9	38	7	4	40	311	15	13	13	91	89	26	64
Montana	19	3	6	2	(3)	8	60	3	4	1	22	14	4	12
Nebraska	39	4	18	2	2	15	118	3	7	2	43	33	11	20
Nevada	33	6	11	1	(3)	15	84	9	7	5	22	17	4	21
New Hampshire	22	3	8	3	(3)	8	91	3	3	4	36	18	5	22
New Jersey	132	9	45	19	3	56	440	18	24	32	138	93	25	110
New Mexico	27	2	9	3	1	13	101	8	5	4	24	23	6	32
New York	315	22	99	49	10	135	948	54	60	69	269	225	62	208
North Carolina	144	21	42	7	9	64	391	29	25	20	98	77	40	101
North Dakota	13	2	6	1	(3)	5	44	1	2	1	16	11	4	9
Ohio	209	25	77	12	3	94	692	35	38	22	257	155	43	142
Oklahoma	65	6	21	5	(3)	33	155	6	9	5	46	37	10	42
Oregon	62	8	23	5	(3)	26	214	19	16	9	69	39	10	51
Pennsylvania	188	14	79	13	6	75	707	25	35	27	281	143	51	143
Rhode Island	27	2	8	8	1	7	74	3	4	5	23	16	5	20
South Carolina	62	7	19	4	3	30	176	11	13	7	43	36	13	55
South Dakota	20	2	9	2	(3)	7	48	2	2	1	15	13	4	11
Tennessee	98	10	29	2	14	44	250	12	12	13	91	59	10	54
Texas	339	48	114	15	3	159	909	84	52	51	260	203	51	207
Utah	37	4	14	1	(3)	18	171	8	9	4	80	44	4	21
Vermont	14	1	5	1	(3)	7	42	2	1	2	14	8	3	13
Virginia	127	9	50	11	10	46	336	14	15	14	111	67	26	89
Washington	120	18	41	8	(3)	53	379	33	20	14	126	71	16	99
West Virginia	28	3	8	2	2	12	71	5	7	4	21	16	4	16
Wisconsin	108	13	50	3	(3)	41	375	19	16	10	132	94	28	77
Wyoming	9	1	4	1	(3)	4	32	1	2	1	12	7	3	7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. States: Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time								
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could only find part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²	
White															
Alabama	113	13	47	9	9	36	205	8	11	6	50	51	23	56	
Alaska	24	3	8	3	1	9	36	2	2	1	10	8	2	9	
Arizona	161	29	54	12	5	62	363	30	17	11	85	98	35	88	
Arkansas	69	8	20	1	6	33	138	9	4	3	25	39	10	48	
California	944	169	320	85	27	344	2,026	241	123	63	437	540	111	511	
Colorado	164	28	65	7	2	62	353	27	20	7	80	81	29	110	
Connecticut	103	11	40	10	4	38	282	20	18	16	73	60	25	71	
Delaware	25	2	12	2	2	8	45	1	2	2	11	14	5	10	
District of Columbia	10	1	4	2	(³)	3	11	1	1	(³)	2	2	1	3	
Florida	343	69	117	26	6	125	908	98	40	20	177	248	108	216	
Georgia	190	27	73	13	10	67	348	22	18	8	88	87	21	104	
Hawaii	10	1	3	2	(³)	3	22	2	1	(³)	6	3	2	7	
Idaho	50	9	18	2	1	21	122	8	8	2	31	34	11	28	
Illinois	337	56	128	28	7	118	786	48	39	23	203	208	77	189	
Indiana	179	32	57	8	8	73	447	32	17	17	119	120	35	107	
Iowa	114	15	45	5	3	46	268	13	6	5	69	86	34	55	
Kansas	99	12	40	5	4	38	227	10	13	7	56	75	24	43	
Kentucky	136	16	40	4	21	56	265	13	18	9	49	88	24	64	
Louisiana	89	13	27	4	5	40	176	8	9	2	42	56	21	38	
Maine	56	6	19	8	3	20	131	10	6	3	29	30	15	37	
Maryland	142	14	53	15	9	51	304	13	12	11	83	78	49	58	
Massachusetts	218	20	79	47	10	63	544	30	17	24	145	129	49	150	
Michigan	286	37	115	9	11	114	783	54	54	19	181	223	79	173	
Minnesota	206	19	104	6	4	73	507	33	25	7	146	144	50	103	
Mississippi	59	7	20	3	3	25	106	4	6	3	22	30	13	27	
Missouri	175	27	65	7	10	66	414	25	17	13	88	137	50	84	
Montana	36	7	12	2	1	13	80	5	5	1	23	20	9	16	
Nebraska	70	8	30	3	4	25	160	6	11	2	43	53	18	27	
Nevada	59	14	18	2	1	23	110	13	8	5	22	25	9	28	
New Hampshire	45	5	17	5	1	16	122	5	4	4	37	30	12	30	
New Jersey	206	19	73	23	8	82	522	26	25	32	130	127	47	134	
New Mexico	51	6	16	4	2	24	141	12	8	3	25	37	12	44	
New York	455	41	168	57	21	168	1,151	73	78	61	254	309	118	257	
North Carolina	224	39	68	10	30	77	453	45	27	17	97	97	62	109	
North Dakota	26	3	10	2	1	9	60	1	3	1	16	19	6	14	
Ohio	378	52	139	16	17	155	912	51	57	18	251	252	101	181	
Oklahoma	92	11	30	5	4	42	200	9	9	5	40	59	22	56	
Oregon	119	24	42	7	1	44	284	32	21	9	68	61	22	71	
Pennsylvania	351	43	148	23	19	119	933	42	53	26	281	233	106	192	
Rhode Island	45	4	14	14	2	11	99	5	4	5	22	26	10	27	
South Carolina	94	17	31	5	6	35	208	15	10	6	40	54	21	62	
South Dakota	31	4	14	2	1	11	67	2	3	1	16	23	7	14	
Tennessee	178	23	54	4	32	65	315	17	17	12	87	84	24	74	
Texas	614	128	191	24	29	242	1,215	142	77	48	252	315	87	294	
Utah	80	11	33	3	1	32	246	14	16	4	81	86	14	32	
Vermont	28	3	11	1	1	11	62	3	3	2	14	15	7	18	
Virginia	216	19	80	20	28	67	401	23	14	12	107	87	51	106	
Washington	217	39	82	11	2	82	471	52	28	13	123	103	31	123	
West Virginia	52	6	14	4	7	21	98	9	9	4	20	23	10	23	
Wisconsin	194	25	93	5	5	67	519	31	26	10	135	153	64	100	
Wyoming	18	2	7	1	1	7	43	2	2	1	12	12	5	10	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. States: Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could only find part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
Black or African American														
Alabama	34	6	12	1	2	14	58	6	9	1	6	18	5	12
Alaska	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Arizona	5	1	2	(3)	(3)	3	9	2	(3)	(3)	1	2	(3)	2
Arkansas	15	4	3	1	1	6	28	6	2	1	2	9	2	6
California	60	9	16	7	1	28	137	17	10	2	17	49	8	34
Colorado	6	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	3	11	2	1	(3)	1	3	(3)	3
Connecticut	12	1	3	2	(3)	5	25	4	4	1	3	8	1	5
Delaware	5	1	2	(3)	(3)	2	8	1	1	(3)	1	2	1	2
District of Columbia	12	1	2	3	1	5	13	2	2	(3)	1	2	1	4
Florida	71	12	19	8	1	31	132	23	13	2	14	40	5	34
Georgia	62	7	16	6	2	31	126	15	17	2	11	30	6	46
Hawaii	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)
Idaho	1	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Illinois	42	4	12	5	1	21	87	11	11	2	14	22	7	20
Indiana	13	1	5	1	1	4	26	3	2	(3)	3	6	5	6
Iowa	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	5	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	1	1	1
Kansas	5	1	1	(3)	(3)	2	10	1	1	(3)	1	5	(3)	2
Kentucky	9	1	2	1	1	5	19	3	1	1	2	7	1	4
Louisiana	38	7	9	2	3	16	78	8	12	3	11	19	4	21
Maine	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Maryland	61	3	20	10	4	23	72	3	11	2	6	27	7	17
Massachusetts	12	1	2	3	(3)	5	34	4	3	1	8	9	(3)	10
Michigan	48	8	11	3	1	24	67	10	9	1	7	19	4	17
Minnesota	7	1	2	(3)	(3)	3	18	3	3	(3)	2	6	(3)	3
Mississippi	33	8	7	2	2	14	51	7	9	1	4	12	2	15
Missouri	18	2	5	2	1	8	32	2	4	(3)	6	10	2	7
Nebraska	2	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1	4	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	1	1
Nevada	4	1	1	(3)	(3)	3	7	1	1	(3)	(3)	2	1	2
New Hampshire	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
New Jersey	35	3	11	6	1	15	61	8	11	1	7	16	5	13
New Mexico	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	3	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	1
New York	94	6	21	20	2	46	160	20	20	7	14	41	8	49
North Carolina	51	9	13	3	3	23	111	12	10	3	6	33	12	34
North Dakota	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Ohio	49	7	11	3	2	26	85	12	11	4	15	23	4	17
Oklahoma	7	1	2	1	(3)	3	17	2	2	(3)	1	6	2	4
Oregon	2	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	1	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1
Pennsylvania	27	3	7	4	1	12	61	10	6	1	7	18	7	13
Rhode Island	2	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1	4	(3)	1	(3)	1	1	(3)	(3)
South Carolina	33	8	8	1	3	13	61	6	10	1	4	15	2	22
South Dakota	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Tennessee	29	3	11	1	5	10	51	9	6	1	8	14	3	10
Texas	80	16	27	4	2	32	131	20	15	4	12	38	8	34
Utah	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1
Vermont	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Virginia	38	4	11	2	7	13	86	6	10	3	10	31	11	16
Washington	7	1	1	(3)	(3)	4	14	1	3	(3)	3	1	(3)	5
West Virginia	2	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1	4	(3)	1	(3)	1	1	(3)	1
Wisconsin	8	1	3	(3)	(3)	4	16	2	2	1	2	4	1	4
Wyoming	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. States: Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could only find part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
Asian														
Alabama	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)
Alaska	2	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)
Arizona	3	1	1	(3)	(3)	1	14	(3)	(3)	(3)	3	8	(3)	2
Arkansas	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	3	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	1
California	107	15	43	10	(3)	39	290	36	16	9	58	104	7	61
Colorado	3	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1	8	1	(3)	(3)	2	2	1	2
Connecticut	5	1	2	1	(3)	2	8	(3)	(3)	(3)	3	2	1	2
Delaware	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
District of Columbia	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Florida	9	1	3	2	(3)	3	29	3	1	(3)	5	12	2	5
Georgia	4	1	3	(3)	(3)	1	19	2	2	3	6	3	(3)	4
Hawaii	20	2	7	4	1	6	41	6	2	1	6	14	4	7
Idaho	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1
Illinois	9	1	3	(3)	1	3	29	3	1	1	4	7	3	8
Indiana	2	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1	4	1	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	2
Iowa	1	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1	8	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	5	(3)	1
Kansas	1	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	11	(3)	1	(3)	1	6	(3)	2
Kentucky	1	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	4	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	1
Louisiana	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	4	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	3	(3)	(3)
Maine	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Maryland	10	1	2	1	1	5	16	1	1	1	2	5	1	5
Massachusetts	10	1	2	2	1	3	16	1	1	1	4	7	(3)	3
Michigan	7	(3)	2	(3)	(3)	5	17	1	(3)	(3)	6	5	(3)	4
Minnesota	5	1	3	(3)	(3)	1	10	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	7	(3)	1
Mississippi	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1
Missouri	1	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	4	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	1	(3)	1
Montana	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)
Nebraska	1	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	3	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	1	(3)	(3)
Nevada	4	1	1	(3)	(3)	1	7	1	(3)	(3)	1	1	(3)	3
New Hampshire	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
New Jersey	11	1	4	1	(3)	4	21	2	1	(3)	6	3	1	8
New Mexico	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)
New York	35	4	8	4	2	17	68	6	6	2	10	23	2	20
North Carolina	5	2	(3)	(3)	1	2	14	1	2	1	1	4	(3)	4
North Dakota	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Ohio	8	1	3	(3)	(3)	4	16	(3)	(3)	(3)	5	5	(3)	5
Oklahoma	1	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	3	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	(3)
Oregon	4	1	1	(3)	(3)	2	9	1	(3)	(3)	3	2	(3)	2
Pennsylvania	5	1	3	(3)	(3)	(3)	17	1	1	1	6	6	1	3
Rhode Island	1	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	4	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	2	(3)	1
South Carolina	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
South Dakota	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Tennessee	3	(3)	1	(3)	1	1	12	(3)	1	(3)	2	4	(3)	5
Texas	18	5	6	1	1	6	39	5	2	(3)	7	17	(3)	8
Utah	1	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	4	(3)	(3)	(3)	2	1	(3)	1
Vermont	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Virginia	7	(3)	5	(3)	1	1	16	1	(3)	(3)	5	3	(3)	7
Washington	12	1	6	2	(3)	3	29	3	2	(3)	9	7	1	7
West Virginia	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Wisconsin	1	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	6	1	1	(3)	(3)	4	(3)	(3)
Wyoming	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. States: Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, usual full- or part-time status, and reason for working less than 35 hours, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could only find part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity														
Alabama	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	6	1	1	(3)	1	1	1	(3)
Alaska	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	3	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1
Arizona	49	16	9	4	4	16	84	13	4	2	17	19	1	28
Arkansas	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	1	5	1	(3)	(3)	1	1	(3)	2
California	367	102	85	23	21	135	697	149	68	29	101	194	10	146
Colorado	29	8	8	1	1	10	59	11	6	2	11	12	1	17
Connecticut	12	3	2	1	(3)	6	26	6	4	2	4	5	(3)	5
Delaware	3	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	1	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)
District of Columbia	2	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	1	3	(3)	1	(3)	1	1	(3)	1
Florida	71	20	19	4	2	27	189	49	14	5	25	48	8	41
Georgia	22	8	3	(3)	4	6	26	5	4	(3)	5	5	(3)	6
Hawaii	4	(3)	1	1	(3)	1	8	1	1	(3)	2	2	(3)	1
Idaho	4	1	1	(3)	(3)	2	7	1	1	(3)	2	1	(3)	1
Illinois	42	14	8	3	3	14	78	12	10	5	8	26	2	15
Indiana	7	2	2	(3)	(3)	2	10	2	1	(3)	3	3	(3)	1
Iowa	5	1	1	(3)	(3)	2	10	2	(3)	(3)	2	4	1	2
Kansas	6	2	2	(3)	1	1	17	1	2	1	3	6	1	2
Kentucky	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	5	1	1	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	1
Louisiana	3	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	7	1	1	(3)	(3)	2	(3)	3
Maine	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)
Maryland	15	4	4	1	2	4	20	3	4	1	3	5	(3)	4
Massachusetts	17	2	4	2	2	7	32	6	2	2	7	7	(3)	9
Michigan	11	1	4	(3)	2	4	23	3	2	(3)	3	9	1	4
Minnesota	6	2	1	(3)	(3)	2	17	5	4	1	3	2	1	2
Mississippi	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Missouri	4	1	1	(3)	(3)	2	13	2	2	(3)	1	2	1	5
Montana	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	4	1	(3)	(3)	1	1	(3)	1
Nebraska	5	2	1	(3)	(3)	2	8	1	1	(3)	2	2	(3)	1
Nevada	16	7	2	(3)	(3)	6	22	5	3	1	4	5	(3)	4
New Hampshire	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	1	(3)	(3)
New Jersey	34	6	9	3	3	14	66	10	9	3	11	16	1	15
New Mexico	28	5	7	2	1	13	64	8	4	2	11	17	5	19
New York	78	12	19	11	3	34	143	22	15	13	19	35	3	36
North Carolina	24	12	2	2	5	4	29	14	1	1	2	4	(3)	6
North Dakota	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Ohio	17	4	4	1	2	5	22	2	4	(3)	4	7	1	4
Oklahoma	5	1	2	(3)	1	2	10	1	(3)	1	2	4	1	2
Oregon	15	5	3	1	1	5	22	6	3	1	4	5	(3)	3
Pennsylvania	8	2	3	(3)	(3)	3	28	3	3	2	5	9	2	5
Rhode Island	4	1	(3)	2	(3)	1	6	1	1	(3)	1	2	(3)	2
South Carolina	4	2	(3)	(3)	1	1	3	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1
South Dakota	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(3)
Tennessee	5	3	1	(3)	1	1	9	2	1	(3)	2	1	(3)	3
Texas	245	78	44	7	21	96	490	96	41	25	76	113	14	125
Utah	11	4	2	(3)	(3)	5	12	2	2	(3)	2	4	(3)	2
Vermont	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Virginia	17	5	3	1	4	2	24	10	(3)	1	2	4	2	4
Washington	14	4	3	(3)	1	6	21	5	2	1	6	2	(3)	5
West Virginia	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Wisconsin	9	1	2	(3)	1	5	16	4	3	(3)	3	4	1	2
Wyoming	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	3	(3)	(3)	(3)	1	1	(3)	(3)

¹ Includes seasonal work, job started or ended, own illness, child-care problems, other family or personal obligations, labor dispute, in school or training, civic or military duty, and all other reasons.

² Includes seasonal work, health and medical limitations, full-time workweek less than 35 hours, and all other reasons.

³ Less than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 24. States: Employed persons with a job but not at work by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2003 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Vacation	Child-care problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
TOTAL					
Alabama	71	33	9	19	10
Alaska	22	10	2	3	6
Arizona	108	59	14	22	12
Arkansas	45	20	5	11	8
California	625	317	78	125	105
Colorado	97	60	9	11	17
Connecticut	80	45	9	15	11
Delaware	15	8	2	4	2
District of Columbia	10	5	2	2	1
Florida	255	143	29	46	37
Georgia	158	88	11	41	18
Hawaii	23	11	2	6	4
Idaho	25	13	2	4	6
Illinois	225	119	23	46	37
Indiana	123	65	13	22	24
Iowa	66	37	6	10	13
Kansas	49	23	7	10	10
Kentucky	79	42	6	19	12
Louisiana	83	39	11	21	12
Maine	32	16	3	7	7
Maryland	101	52	12	22	15
Massachusetts	138	76	13	28	21
Michigan	210	112	17	51	31
Minnesota	124	68	13	17	26
Mississippi	49	24	4	11	11
Missouri	106	57	12	21	17
Montana	22	11	2	4	5
Nebraska	32	16	3	6	6
Nevada	34	19	3	6	5
New Hampshire	29	16	4	5	5
New Jersey	157	85	16	35	22
New Mexico	33	18	4	6	5
New York	357	204	37	67	49
North Carolina	155	70	14	36	35
North Dakota	13	7	1	2	2
Ohio	265	147	24	57	36
Oklahoma	59	31	7	12	9
Oregon	65	36	8	10	10
Pennsylvania	232	130	22	51	28
Rhode Island	29	16	3	8	3
South Carolina	70	35	6	19	10
South Dakota	13	7	2	2	3
Tennessee	118	58	12	24	23
Texas	390	213	47	72	58
Utah	44	22	6	6	9
Vermont	14	7	2	2	3
Virginia	116	59	16	19	22
Washington	128	78	10	15	24
West Virginia	35	16	4	9	7
Wisconsin	113	62	11	21	19
Wyoming	13	7	1	2	3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. States: Employed persons with a job but not at work by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Vacation	Child-care problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
Men					
Alabama	28	14	1	7	5
Alaska	11	5	1	2	4
Arizona	39	24	2	8	4
Arkansas	22	10	1	6	5
California	261	144	13	52	53
Colorado	45	29	2	6	9
Connecticut	33	21	1	5	6
Delaware	6	3	(³)	2	1
District of Columbia	4	2	(³)	1	1
Florida	102	57	5	23	16
Georgia	73	34	1	26	11
Hawaii	10	5	(³)	3	1
Idaho	10	5	(³)	1	3
Illinois	89	52	2	17	18
Indiana	53	30	2	8	12
Iowa	28	17	1	5	6
Kansas	22	10	1	5	6
Kentucky	34	19	1	7	6
Louisiana	37	18	2	9	7
Maine	14	7	(³)	3	4
Maryland	46	25	1	12	8
Massachusetts	60	36	2	11	11
Michigan	97	52	2	26	17
Minnesota	55	30	1	9	14
Mississippi	21	9	(³)	5	7
Missouri	43	24	1	10	8
Montana	10	5	1	2	3
Nebraska	13	7	(³)	3	3
Nevada	15	9	(³)	3	3
New Hampshire	13	7	1	2	3
New Jersey	68	40	1	16	11
New Mexico	11	6	1	2	2
New York	156	89	8	32	28
North Carolina	65	30	1	14	20
North Dakota	6	3	(³)	1	1
Ohio	121	69	3	29	20
Oklahoma	24	13	1	7	4
Oregon	30	17	2	5	6
Pennsylvania	102	56	3	26	17
Rhode Island	13	8	1	3	2
South Carolina	29	14	1	8	5
South Dakota	5	2	(³)	1	1
Tennessee	49	23	3	9	13
Texas	170	95	12	31	33
Utah	18	10	(³)	3	4
Vermont	6	4	(³)	1	2
Virginia	48	27	3	7	12
Washington	55	37	1	6	12
West Virginia	17	8	(³)	5	4
Wisconsin	52	30	2	10	10
Wyoming	6	3	(³)	1	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. States: Employed persons with a job but not at work by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Vacation	Child-care problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
Women					
Alabama	43	19	8	11	5
Alaska	10	5	2	1	2
Arizona	69	35	12	14	8
Arkansas	23	10	4	5	3
California	364	173	66	73	52
Colorado	52	31	7	5	8
Connecticut	46	24	8	9	5
Delaware	9	4	2	2	1
District of Columbia	6	2	2	2	1
Florida	153	86	24	22	20
Georgia	85	54	9	15	7
Hawaii	13	6	2	3	2
Idaho	15	7	2	2	3
Illinois	136	68	21	28	19
Indiana	71	35	11	13	12
Iowa	37	20	5	5	7
Kansas	27	13	6	5	4
Kentucky	46	23	5	11	6
Louisiana	46	20	9	12	5
Maine	18	9	2	4	3
Maryland	55	27	11	10	7
Massachusetts	78	39	11	16	11
Michigan	114	60	15	25	14
Minnesota	69	38	12	8	12
Mississippi	29	15	4	6	4
Missouri	64	33	10	11	9
Montana	12	6	2	2	2
Nebraska	19	10	3	3	3
Nevada	19	10	3	3	2
New Hampshire	16	9	3	3	2
New Jersey	89	45	14	19	11
New Mexico	22	12	4	4	3
New York	201	115	29	35	21
North Carolina	90	40	13	22	15
North Dakota	7	4	1	1	1
Ohio	144	78	22	28	16
Oklahoma	34	18	6	5	6
Oregon	35	19	6	6	4
Pennsylvania	130	74	19	25	12
Rhode Island	16	8	2	4	1
South Carolina	41	21	5	11	5
South Dakota	8	4	1	1	1
Tennessee	69	35	9	15	10
Texas	219	119	35	41	25
Utah	26	12	6	3	5
Vermont	8	4	1	1	1
Virginia	68	33	13	12	10
Washington	73	41	9	10	12
West Virginia	18	8	3	4	3
Wisconsin	61	32	9	11	9
Wyoming	7	4	1	1	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. States: Employed persons with a job but not at work by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Vacation	Child-care problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
White					
Alabama	55	26	8	13	8
Alaska	17	8	2	2	4
Arizona	100	56	13	20	11
Arkansas	37	17	4	10	7
California	489	251	58	95	85
Colorado	89	55	8	10	16
Connecticut	71	42	8	12	9
Delaware	12	7	1	2	2
District of Columbia	5	3	1	1	1
Florida	204	120	19	36	29
Georgia	111	63	9	27	13
Hawaii	6	3	(³) 1	1	1
Idaho	24	12	2	3	6
Illinois	196	104	19	39	34
Indiana	115	60	12	21	22
Iowa	61	35	5	9	12
Kansas	44	21	6	8	9
Kentucky	72	39	5	16	11
Louisiana	58	29	7	12	9
Maine	31	16	2	6	6
Maryland	74	39	9	14	12
Massachusetts	127	71	12	25	19
Michigan	177	98	14	39	27
Minnesota	115	65	12	14	24
Mississippi	36	18	2	7	8
Missouri	92	49	10	17	16
Montana	20	10	2	3	4
Nebraska	31	16	3	6	6
Nevada	30	17	2	5	5
New Hampshire	28	15	4	5	5
New Jersey	128	73	12	27	17
New Mexico	30	16	4	6	4
New York	280	162	26	51	42
North Carolina	122	56	13	24	29
North Dakota	12	7	1	2	2
Ohio	235	137	20	47	31
Oklahoma	47	26	5	8	8
Oregon	57	33	7	9	8
Pennsylvania	208	119	21	41	27
Rhode Island	27	15	2	7	3
South Carolina	56	28	6	14	8
South Dakota	12	7	1	2	2
Tennessee	98	51	7	19	21
Texas	329	184	38	56	51
Utah	42	21	5	6	9
Vermont	14	7	2	2	3
Virginia	92	48	13	15	16
Washington	113	71	8	14	21
West Virginia	34	16	4	8	7
Wisconsin	105	58	10	20	17
Wyoming	12	7	1	2	2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. States: Employed persons with a job but not at work by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Vacation	Child-care problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
Black or African American					
Alabama	15	6	2	5	2
Alaska	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Arizona	3	2	1	1	(³)
Arkansas	7	3	1	1	1
California	42	15	4	16	7
Colorado	4	2	1	1	(³)
Connecticut	5	2	1	2	1
Delaware	3	1	(³)	1	(³)
District of Columbia	5	2	1	2	1
Florida	42	18	9	9	6
Georgia	42	21	2	14	5
Hawaii	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Idaho	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Illinois	20	9	3	5	2
Indiana	7	4	1	1	2
Iowa	1	(³)	(³)	1	(³)
Kansas	2	1	(³)	1	(³)
Kentucky	6	2	1	2	1
Louisiana	23	9	3	8	3
Maine	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Maryland	21	9	2	7	3
Massachusetts	6	3	(³)	2	2
Michigan	25	10	3	10	2
Minnesota	4	(³)	1	2	(³)
Mississippi	13	5	2	4	2
Missouri	11	5	2	3	1
Nebraska	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Nevada	2	1	(³)	1	(³)
New Hampshire	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
New Jersey	18	7	1	6	4
New Mexico	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
New York	52	26	7	13	5
North Carolina	25	10	1	9	5
North Dakota	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Ohio	24	8	4	9	4
Oklahoma	3	1	1	1	(³)
Oregon	2	1	(³)	1	(³)
Pennsylvania	18	8	1	9	1
Rhode Island	1	(³)	(³)	1	(³)
South Carolina	13	6	1	5	2
South Dakota	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Tennessee	16	6	4	5	1
Texas	40	19	5	11	4
Utah	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Vermont	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Virginia	17	6	2	4	5
Washington	3	2	1	(³)	1
West Virginia	1	(³)	(³)	1	(³)
Wisconsin	5	3	(³)	1	1
Wyoming	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. States: Employed persons with a job but not at work by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Vacation	Child-care problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
Asian					
Alabama	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Alaska	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
Arizona	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Arkansas	1	(3)	(3)	1	(3)
California	63	33	11	8	11
Colorado	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
Connecticut	2	1	1	(3)	(3)
Delaware	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
District of Columbia	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Florida	3	3	(3)	1	(3)
Georgia	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
Hawaii	11	5	1	3	1
Idaho	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Illinois	7	4	1	1	1
Indiana	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Iowa	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
Kansas	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Kentucky	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
Louisiana	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Maine	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Maryland	4	3	1	(3)	(3)
Massachusetts	3	2	1	(3)	1
Michigan	5	3	(3)	1	1
Minnesota	2	1	(3)	(3)	1
Mississippi	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Missouri	2	2	(3)	(3)	(3)
Montana	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Nebraska	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Nevada	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
New Hampshire	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
New Jersey	8	4	2	1	1
New Mexico	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
New York	20	12	3	2	1
North Carolina	2	1	(3)	(3)	1
North Dakota	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Ohio	4	2	1	(3)	1
Oklahoma	1	1	(3)	(3)	(3)
Oregon	2	1	1	(3)	(3)
Pennsylvania	4	2	1	(3)	(3)
Rhode Island	1	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
South Carolina	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
South Dakota	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Tennessee	2	(3)	(3)	(3)	1
Texas	9	3	2	2	2
Utah	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Vermont	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Virginia	6	4	2	(3)	1
Washington	6	3	2	1	1
West Virginia	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Wisconsin	2	1	(3)	(3)	1
Wyoming	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. States: Employed persons with a job but not at work by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason not at work, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Population group and State	Total	Vacation	Child-care problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity					
Alabama	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Alaska	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Arizona	16	9	2	4	1
Arkansas	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
California	164	76	26	39	23
Colorado	15	9	1	2	3
Connecticut	5	2	1	1	1
Delaware	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
District of Columbia	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
Florida	37	18	7	6	6
Georgia	5	4	(³)	1	(³)
Hawaii	1	(³)	(³)	1	(³)
Idaho	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Illinois	20	10	2	5	3
Indiana	3	2	(³)	(³)	(³)
Iowa	3	2	(³)	(³)	1
Kansas	2	1	1	1	(³)
Kentucky	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Louisiana	4	1	1	1	1
Maine	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Maryland	4	2	(³)	1	1
Massachusetts	8	4	1	2	1
Michigan	5	2	(³)	1	1
Minnesota	2	1	1	(³)	(³)
Mississippi	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Missouri	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Montana	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Nebraska	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Nevada	4	2	1	1	(³)
New Hampshire	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
New Jersey	16	8	3	3	3
New Mexico	12	6	2	3	2
New York	38	22	2	7	6
North Carolina	3	2	(³)	(³)	1
North Dakota	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Ohio	6	2	(³)	1	2
Oklahoma	3	1	(³)	1	1
Oregon	6	4	1	(³)	1
Pennsylvania	6	2	1	3	1
Rhode Island	2	1	(³)	(³)	(³)
South Carolina	1	(³)	(³)	1	(³)
South Dakota	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Tennessee	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Texas	98	49	14	21	13
Utah	3	1	(³)	(³)	1
Vermont	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Virginia	3	(³)	1	1	1
Washington	6	4	1	(³)	2
West Virginia	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Wisconsin	4	2	1	2	(³)
Wyoming	1	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)

¹ Includes maternity or paternity leave and other family obligations.

² Includes labor disputes, bad weather, in school or training, civic or military duty, and all other reasons.

³ Less than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Estimates for

the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 25. States: Unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2003 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
TOTAL						
Alabama	125	63	11	16	32	14
Alaska	27	13	6	3	9	1
Arizona	151	67	18	22	48	14
Arkansas	78	37	9	8	26	7
California	1,177	667	135	80	326	104
Colorado	150	82	13	19	41	8
Connecticut	99	62	15	8	23	7
Delaware	18	10	3	2	5	1
District of Columbia	21	11	1	1	7	2
Florida	420	214	40	48	119	39
Georgia	207	111	22	27	57	13
Hawaii	27	12	4	3	8	3
Idaho	37	22	8	5	9	1
Illinois	422	261	63	33	104	24
Indiana	163	92	23	20	40	11
Iowa	72	37	12	7	25	4
Kansas	77	41	9	10	21	5
Kentucky	120	62	18	16	35	6
Louisiana	134	67	13	14	42	10
Maine	35	21	7	4	9	2
Maryland	131	62	12	17	42	10
Massachusetts	198	126	28	13	45	14
Michigan	368	212	68	28	110	18
Minnesota	145	87	29	12	40	6
Mississippi	83	43	9	7	29	4
Missouri	170	88	20	18	52	12
Montana	22	11	4	3	8	1
Nebraska	39	20	5	5	11	2
Nevada	59	32	6	7	15	5
New Hampshire	31	19	3	3	8	1
New Jersey	257	154	31	23	64	16
New Mexico	57	28	5	6	20	3
New York	589	340	77	45	158	45
North Carolina	273	156	27	24	74	19
North Dakota	14	7	4	2	4	1
Ohio	363	198	58	27	108	30
Oklahoma	96	49	9	12	30	6
Oregon	152	92	24	12	38	10
Pennsylvania	344	200	64	27	93	23
Rhode Island	30	19	6	2	8	1
South Carolina	136	64	11	13	45	15
South Dakota	15	7	3	2	5	1
Tennessee	169	98	23	15	42	14
Texas	738	391	59	76	219	53
Utah	67	33	10	5	26	3
Vermont	16	9	4	2	5	1
Virginia	154	69	8	15	50	20
Washington	237	130	32	19	75	14
West Virginia	48	23	8	8	12	5
Wisconsin	174	101	41	20	43	10
Wyoming	12	6	2	2	4	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. States: Unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
Men						
Alabama	60	37	7	7	9	7
Alaska	16	9	4	1	5	1
Arizona	81	39	9	13	22	7
Arkansas	44	24	6	4	13	3
California	672	419	80	41	158	54
Colorado	85	50	8	9	22	4
Connecticut	58	38	10	5	10	4
Delaware	9	6	2	1	2	(¹)
District of Columbia	11	6	1	(¹)	3	1
Florida	212	114	23	24	56	18
Georgia	118	69	15	15	27	7
Hawaii	15	7	2	2	4	2
Idaho	22	16	6	2	4	(¹)
Illinois	254	176	50	18	47	12
Indiana	99	60	17	12	21	6
Iowa	41	26	10	4	9	2
Kansas	41	24	6	5	10	2
Kentucky	68	41	12	7	15	5
Louisiana	74	42	7	6	21	5
Maine	21	15	5	1	4	1
Maryland	67	33	5	9	20	6
Massachusetts	114	82	19	7	18	8
Michigan	218	139	49	15	55	10
Minnesota	88	58	22	6	22	2
Mississippi	42	25	5	2	13	1
Missouri	90	54	13	11	20	5
Montana	13	7	3	1	4	1
Nebraska	22	13	3	3	5	1
Nevada	32	20	4	3	7	2
New Hampshire	17	12	2	1	3	(¹)
New Jersey	143	97	18	13	28	5
New Mexico	30	17	3	4	9	1
New York	319	201	49	23	73	23
North Carolina	143	93	14	10	31	9
North Dakota	9	5	3	1	2	1
Ohio	202	125	37	13	50	14
Oklahoma	53	31	7	6	13	3
Oregon	94	60	15	8	21	6
Pennsylvania	195	122	39	14	47	13
Rhode Island	17	11	4	1	4	1
South Carolina	70	39	6	7	15	9
South Dakota	9	5	2	1	2	1
Tennessee	85	55	13	8	15	7
Texas	414	261	41	35	96	22
Utah	38	21	6	3	13	1
Vermont	9	5	3	1	2	(¹)
Virginia	81	40	4	7	24	11
Washington	137	85	22	9	38	6
West Virginia	28	15	5	4	5	3
Wisconsin	102	63	31	13	20	6
Wyoming	7	4	2	1	2	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. States: Unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
Women						
Alabama	64	26	5	9	23	6
Alaska	10	4	2	2	4	1
Arizona	70	28	8	9	26	8
Arkansas	34	13	3	4	13	4
California	505	248	55	39	168	50
Colorado	64	31	5	10	19	4
Connecticut	41	23	5	3	13	2
Delaware	9	4	1	1	3	1
District of Columbia	10	4	(¹)	1	4	1
Florida	208	100	18	24	63	20
Georgia	89	42	7	12	30	5
Hawaii	12	5	1	1	4	1
Idaho	15	7	2	3	5	1
Illinois	168	85	13	15	57	12
Indiana	65	33	7	8	19	5
Iowa	31	11	3	3	16	1
Kansas	36	17	3	5	11	2
Kentucky	52	22	5	9	20	2
Louisiana	59	25	6	8	21	5
Maine	14	6	1	2	5	1
Maryland	63	29	6	8	22	4
Massachusetts	84	44	9	6	28	6
Michigan	150	74	18	13	55	8
Minnesota	57	29	7	6	18	4
Mississippi	41	17	3	4	17	3
Missouri	80	33	7	8	32	7
Montana	10	4	1	2	4	(¹)
Nebraska	17	8	2	2	6	1
Nevada	28	12	2	5	9	3
New Hampshire	14	7	2	1	4	1
New Jersey	114	57	13	11	36	11
New Mexico	27	11	2	2	11	2
New York	270	140	28	21	86	23
North Carolina	130	63	13	14	43	9
North Dakota	4	2	1	1	2	(¹)
Ohio	162	73	21	14	58	17
Oklahoma	43	18	2	5	17	3
Oregon	58	33	8	4	17	4
Pennsylvania	148	79	25	13	47	10
Rhode Island	14	8	2	1	4	1
South Carolina	66	24	6	6	29	6
South Dakota	7	3	1	1	2	(¹)
Tennessee	84	43	10	8	27	7
Texas	323	129	18	40	123	31
Utah	29	12	5	2	13	2
Vermont	7	4	2	1	2	(¹)
Virginia	73	29	4	9	26	10
Washington	100	45	10	10	37	8
West Virginia	20	8	2	4	7	2
Wisconsin	71	38	11	7	23	4
Wyoming	5	2	1	1	2	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. States: Unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
White						
Alabama	64	34	7	10	14	6
Alaska	16	9	3	2	4	1
Arizona	131	60	17	21	38	12
Arkansas	49	27	7	6	13	4
California	835	476	109	56	232	71
Colorado	127	69	11	16	36	6
Connecticut	78	49	12	6	18	6
Delaware	12	7	2	2	3	(¹)
District of Columbia	5	3	(¹)	(¹)	2	(¹)
Florida	293	156	29	36	79	23
Georgia	114	59	14	20	29	7
Hawaii	6	2	1	1	2	(¹)
Idaho	35	20	8	4	8	1
Illinois	300	202	56	25	60	13
Indiana	136	80	21	16	32	8
Iowa	65	34	11	7	21	4
Kansas	57	30	8	8	15	4
Kentucky	103	56	16	15	27	5
Louisiana	67	38	9	9	16	4
Maine	33	19	6	4	9	2
Maryland	69	34	7	9	21	5
Massachusetts	166	109	24	12	37	9
Michigan	279	167	58	23	77	13
Minnesota	123	77	28	10	32	4
Mississippi	33	18	4	4	9	2
Missouri	119	65	16	13	35	7
Montana	18	9	4	3	5	1
Nebraska	33	17	4	5	10	2
Nevada	46	25	5	5	13	4
New Hampshire	29	18	3	3	7	1
New Jersey	177	114	26	15	41	7
New Mexico	46	23	4	5	16	3
New York	385	241	65	29	89	27
North Carolina	151	91	14	15	37	8
North Dakota	11	6	3	1	3	(¹)
Ohio	277	157	49	23	79	18
Oklahoma	70	37	7	7	23	3
Oregon	130	81	21	10	31	8
Pennsylvania	276	169	57	23	68	16
Rhode Island	26	16	5	2	6	1
South Carolina	73	38	7	9	21	5
South Dakota	12	6	3	2	3	(¹)
Tennessee	112	63	18	11	30	8
Texas	556	289	49	61	165	41
Utah	61	30	9	5	24	3
Vermont	15	9	4	1	5	(¹)
Virginia	82	40	5	11	23	8
Washington	198	111	28	16	60	11
West Virginia	44	22	8	7	11	5
Wisconsin	138	85	37	15	31	6
Wyoming	11	5	2	2	4	(¹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. States: Unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
Black or African American						
Alabama	57	27	4	5	18	8
Alaska	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Arizona	7	3	(1)	1	2	1
Arkansas	24	10	2	2	10	3
California	128	67	8	7	44	11
Colorado	9	5	1	1	2	1
Connecticut	16	10	2	1	4	1
Delaware	5	3	1	1	2	(1)
District of Columbia	16	8	1	1	6	1
Florida	113	54	10	11	37	12
Georgia	87	49	8	5	27	6
Illinois	105	51	6	6	39	9
Indiana	25	12	3	3	7	3
Kansas	12	5	1	1	4	1
Kentucky	13	5	1	1	5	1
Louisiana	66	28	4	5	27	6
Maryland	53	23	4	7	19	4
Massachusetts	23	11	2	1	7	4
Michigan	75	38	8	3	30	4
Minnesota	10	5	(1)	2	3	1
Mississippi	48	25	5	2	19	3
Missouri	43	19	3	4	15	5
Nebraska	3	2	(1)	1	1	(1)
Nevada	5	3	(1)	1	1	1
New Jersey	63	33	4	6	19	6
New Mexico	2	1	(1)	(1)	1	(1)
New York	166	79	10	10	61	16
North Carolina	106	57	12	7	32	10
Ohio	72	33	6	5	28	6
Oklahoma	11	4	(1)	2	4	1
Oregon	6	3	1	1	2	(1)
Pennsylvania	56	26	7	4	21	4
Rhode Island	3	2	(1)	(1)	1	(1)
South Carolina	61	25	4	3	23	10
Tennessee	50	30	4	5	11	5
Texas	139	76	7	13	42	7
Virginia	58	21	2	4	22	11
Washington	14	6	1	1	7	(1)
West Virginia	2	1	(1)	(1)	1	(1)
Wisconsin	22	12	4	2	8	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. States: Unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
Asian						
Alaska	1	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)
Arizona	3	(1)	(1)	(1)	2	(1)
California	160	98	10	10	35	17
Colorado	3	2	(1)	1	(1)	(1)
Connecticut	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Delaware	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
District of Columbia	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Florida	8	2	(1)	1	2	3
Georgia	4	1	(1)	2	1	(1)
Hawaii	9	5	2	1	3	1
Illinois	12	3	(1)	2	4	2
Iowa	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	1	(1)
Kansas	3	3	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Kentucky	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	1	(1)
Maryland	6	4	(1)	(1)	1	1
Massachusetts	7	5	1	(1)	1	1
Michigan	5	2	(1)	1	1	1
Minnesota	7	3	1	(1)	3	1
Missouri	3	2	1	1	(1)	(1)
Nevada	3	1	(1)	1	1	(1)
New Hampshire	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
New Jersey	14	5	(1)	3	3	3
New York	26	14	2	6	4	2
North Carolina	6	3	1	1	1	(1)
Ohio	6	5	1	(1)	1	1
Oregon	5	3	(1)	1	2	(1)
Pennsylvania	8	4	1	(1)	2	2
Rhode Island	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Tennessee	2	2	1	(1)	(1)	(1)
Texas	24	14	2	1	5	4
Utah	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Virginia	7	3	1	1	2	1
Washington	10	4	1	(1)	4	2
Wisconsin	7	2	(1)	2	2	2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. States: Unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and reason for unemployment, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total unemployed	Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
		Total	On temporary layoff			
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity						
Alabama	2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1	(²)
Alaska	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Arizona	53	27	11	7	14	6
Arkansas	4	2	1	(¹)	1	1
California	396	226	71	17	115	38
Colorado	38	18	5	4	13	3
Connecticut	16	9	2	1	4	2
Delaware	2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1	(¹)
District of Columbia	2	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Florida	104	62	14	9	24	9
Georgia	15	7	2	2	4	2
Hawaii	3	2	(¹)	(¹)	1	1
Idaho	5	4	2	(¹)	1	(¹)
Illinois	70	51	17	1	12	6
Indiana	5	3	1	(¹)	1	1
Iowa	5	3	1	(¹)	1	1
Kansas	6	3	1	(¹)	1	1
Louisiana	2	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Maryland	11	4	2	1	5	1
Massachusetts	23	13	5	2	6	2
Michigan	15	11	5	2	2	(¹)
Minnesota	5	2	1	(¹)	2	(¹)
Missouri	5	3	(¹)	(¹)	2	(¹)
Montana	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Nebraska	6	3	1	(¹)	2	(¹)
Nevada	14	8	2	1	3	1
New Hampshire	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
New Jersey	47	34	8	3	8	1
New Mexico	30	15	3	4	10	1
New York	121	68	17	6	36	12
North Carolina	25	12	1	2	8	2
Ohio	10	6	1	(¹)	3	(¹)
Oklahoma	5	2	(¹)	1	2	(¹)
Oregon	18	9	3	1	7	2
Pennsylvania	16	6	2	2	7	2
Rhode Island	6	4	1	(¹)	2	(¹)
South Carolina	5	3	(¹)	(¹)	1	1
Tennessee	3	1	1	(¹)	1	1
Texas	278	147	29	26	79	26
Utah	11	7	3	1	3	(¹)
Virginia	14	7	1	(¹)	3	4
Washington	17	9	5	1	5	1
Wisconsin	12	6	2	1	3	2
Wyoming	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)

¹ Less than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In

addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Table 26. States: Unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2003 annual averages

Population group and State	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Average (mean) duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
TOTAL										
Alabama	125	38	37	49	22	27	10	17	20.0	10.6
Alaska	27	10	9	7	4	4	2	2	15.6	7.6
Arizona	151	55	46	50	21	29	12	16	17.8	8.4
Arkansas	78	26	26	27	13	14	5	9	16.7	9.2
California	1,177	377	344	456	185	271	122	149	19.8	10.0
Colorado	150	48	44	57	24	34	19	15	18.8	9.9
Connecticut	99	29	25	45	20	25	13	12	20.3	12.4
Delaware	18	5	6	7	4	3	2	2	16.3	10.3
District of Columbia	21	4	6	10	3	7	2	4	26.8	14.1
Florida	420	147	120	153	73	81	33	47	18.3	9.5
Georgia	207	59	52	97	39	57	32	26	20.9	13.0
Hawaii	27	9	8	9	4	5	2	3	15.9	8.9
Idaho	37	16	11	10	6	4	2	2	14.1	7.0
Illinois	422	120	123	179	70	109	52	57	20.9	11.5
Indiana	163	46	46	71	26	46	21	24	21.7	12.0
Iowa	72	27	24	21	8	12	6	6	15.4	8.0
Kansas	77	29	24	25	14	11	5	6	15.2	8.3
Kentucky	120	39	36	46	22	23	13	11	18.0	9.7
Louisiana	134	43	41	49	25	24	13	11	16.7	9.9
Maine	35	12	11	12	6	6	3	3	16.0	8.8
Maryland	131	44	39	47	19	28	14	15	18.4	9.1
Massachusetts	198	57	55	86	33	53	23	29	21.5	11.5
Michigan	368	112	110	147	56	90	45	45	20.1	10.4
Minnesota	145	53	46	46	24	22	12	10	14.4	8.0
Mississippi	83	23	23	37	15	22	6	15	24.1	12.0
Missouri	170	62	50	58	24	34	13	20	19.0	8.6
Montana	22	8	8	6	3	3	1	2	15.1	8.3
Nebraska	39	15	11	13	6	7	3	4	16.4	8.1
Nevada	59	23	18	19	9	10	4	6	16.3	8.5
New Hampshire	31	10	9	12	4	8	3	4	20.6	10.0
New Jersey	257	65	81	111	51	60	31	29	20.4	12.0
New Mexico	57	19	19	19	9	10	5	6	16.5	9.0
New York	589	152	167	270	101	169	73	97	23.4	12.8
North Carolina	273	80	79	114	49	65	29	36	20.6	11.3
North Dakota	14	5	5	4	2	1	1	1	13.5	7.8
Ohio	363	115	118	131	54	76	36	40	18.7	9.7
Oklahoma	96	34	28	34	13	21	10	11	18.0	9.0
Oregon	152	50	47	55	24	30	15	15	18.1	9.7
Pennsylvania	344	100	104	141	64	77	40	37	18.7	11.2
Rhode Island	30	9	10	11	5	6	3	3	18.6	9.7
South Carolina	136	41	40	55	26	30	14	16	19.4	10.6
South Dakota	15	6	5	4	2	2	1	1	15.1	7.3
Tennessee	169	57	53	59	21	38	19	20	18.6	9.0
Texas	738	260	229	248	115	133	58	75	17.1	8.9
Utah	67	30	19	18	8	9	5	5	13.8	6.1
Vermont	16	6	5	5	3	2	1	1	13.8	8.2
Virginia	154	52	47	55	26	29	15	14	17.2	9.6
Washington	237	74	68	95	41	54	23	31	19.6	10.3
West Virginia	48	15	12	21	9	12	5	7	20.7	11.6
Wisconsin	174	54	55	64	30	34	18	16	17.5	9.8
Wyoming	12	5	4	3	1	2	1	1	13.3	6.5

Table 26. States: Unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2003 annual averages
— Continued

Population group and State	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Average (mean) duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
Men										
Alabama	60	18	17	25	10	15	7	8	21.7	11.3
Alaska	16	6	6	5	2	3	1	1	16.6	8.0
Arizona	81	29	24	28	12	16	6	10	18.6	8.9
Arkansas	44	15	15	14	8	6	3	4	15.2	8.7
California	672	213	191	269	102	167	76	90	20.3	10.2
Colorado	85	29	25	31	14	18	10	7	17.9	9.2
Connecticut	58	16	15	27	12	15	9	6	20.0	13.0
Delaware	9	3	3	3	2	1	1	1	16.7	9.9
District of Columbia	11	2	3	6	2	4	1	3	28.8	16.9
Florida	212	74	63	76	35	41	17	23	18.3	9.5
Georgia	118	37	29	52	21	31	18	13	19.7	11.7
Hawaii	15	5	5	5	2	3	1	2	16.3	9.2
Idaho	22	9	6	7	4	3	2	2	15.5	7.7
Illinois	254	68	75	110	45	65	28	37	21.5	12.0
Indiana	99	24	27	47	17	30	13	17	23.9	13.7
Iowa	41	15	14	12	5	8	4	4	16.0	8.1
Kansas	41	16	12	13	7	6	2	4	15.3	7.8
Kentucky	68	21	21	26	12	14	8	6	17.6	9.8
Louisiana	74	23	25	26	13	13	7	6	16.4	10.1
Maine	21	7	7	7	4	3	2	2	16.3	9.5
Maryland	67	22	20	26	11	14	6	8	19.0	9.3
Massachusetts	114	30	31	54	22	32	14	18	22.3	13.0
Michigan	218	62	67	89	38	52	26	25	19.8	11.0
Minnesota	88	31	28	29	15	15	8	7	15.1	8.2
Mississippi	42	11	10	21	7	14	3	10	29.1	14.8
Missouri	90	32	24	34	16	18	8	10	20.2	9.7
Montana	13	4	4	4	2	2	1	1	17.7	9.5
Nebraska	22	8	5	8	4	4	2	2	17.4	9.6
Nevada	32	13	8	11	5	6	2	4	17.2	8.4
New Hampshire	17	5	5	7	2	5	2	2	20.8	10.0
New Jersey	143	34	47	62	33	29	17	12	18.7	12.1
New Mexico	30	11	10	10	4	6	2	4	17.1	8.5
New York	319	78	87	154	55	100	40	60	24.8	13.8
North Carolina	143	43	36	63	26	38	17	20	21.7	11.8
North Dakota	9	3	3	3	2	1	1	1	15.9	9.1
Ohio	202	61	67	75	28	47	22	25	19.8	9.8
Oklahoma	53	17	16	20	7	13	6	7	20.1	9.7
Oregon	94	29	31	35	14	21	9	12	19.7	10.2
Pennsylvania	195	55	57	84	36	48	24	24	19.7	11.8
Rhode Island	17	5	5	7	3	4	2	2	20.2	10.3
South Carolina	70	21	20	30	13	16	7	9	20.1	11.6
South Dakota	9	3	3	2	1	1	(¹)	1	15.7	7.3
Tennessee	85	27	26	31	8	23	11	12	20.0	9.0
Texas	414	150	124	140	62	78	35	42	17.4	8.8
Utah	38	16	11	10	5	6	2	3	14.3	6.4
Vermont	9	3	3	3	2	1	1	(¹)	14.1	9.8
Virginia	81	25	25	30	15	16	10	6	17.3	9.7
Washington	137	42	41	54	20	34	13	21	20.6	10.1
West Virginia	28	9	7	12	5	7	3	4	21.3	11.4
Wisconsin	102	32	33	38	18	20	9	10	18.3	9.7
Wyoming	7	3	2	2	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	12.1	5.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 26. States: Unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2003 annual averages
— Continued

Population group and State	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Average (mean) duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
Women										
Alabama	64	20	20	24	12	12	3	9	18.4	10.2
Alaska	10	4	4	2	1	1	1	1	14.0	7.0
Arizona	70	26	22	22	9	13	6	7	16.8	7.8
Arkansas	34	11	10	13	5	8	3	5	18.8	10.1
California	505	164	154	187	83	104	45	58	19.0	9.8
Colorado	64	19	19	26	10	16	9	7	20.0	10.7
Connecticut	41	13	11	18	8	10	4	6	20.7	11.5
Delaware	9	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	16.0	10.7
District of Columbia	10	2	3	5	1	3	1	2	24.7	12.4
Florida	208	73	58	77	38	40	16	24	18.4	9.5
Georgia	89	22	23	45	18	26	14	13	22.5	14.5
Hawaii	12	4	3	4	2	2	1	1	15.5	8.4
Idaho	15	7	5	3	2	1	1	1	12.0	6.0
Illinois	168	52	48	69	25	44	23	20	20.0	10.8
Indiana	65	21	19	24	9	15	8	7	18.4	9.5
Iowa	31	12	10	8	4	4	2	2	14.6	7.8
Kansas	36	13	11	12	7	5	3	2	15.0	8.8
Kentucky	52	18	15	20	11	9	4	5	18.5	9.6
Louisiana	59	20	16	23	12	11	6	5	17.1	9.6
Maine	14	6	4	4	2	3	1	1	15.6	7.4
Maryland	63	22	19	22	8	14	8	7	17.9	9.0
Massachusetts	84	27	25	33	12	21	10	11	20.3	10.1
Michigan	150	50	43	57	19	39	18	20	20.5	9.7
Minnesota	57	22	18	17	10	7	4	3	13.3	7.8
Mississippi	41	12	13	16	7	8	3	5	19.1	9.8
Missouri	80	31	26	23	8	15	5	10	17.7	7.7
Montana	10	4	4	2	1	1	1	(¹)	11.8	7.0
Nebraska	17	7	6	5	2	3	1	1	15.1	7.1
Nevada	28	10	9	8	4	4	2	2	15.2	8.6
New Hampshire	14	5	4	5	2	3	1	2	20.4	10.1
New Jersey	114	31	34	49	18	31	14	16	22.4	11.9
New Mexico	27	9	9	9	5	5	3	2	15.9	9.6
New York	270	74	80	116	46	70	33	37	21.7	11.8
North Carolina	130	37	42	50	23	27	12	16	19.5	11.0
North Dakota	4	2	2	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	8.8	5.2
Ohio	162	54	51	56	26	30	14	15	17.4	9.5
Oklahoma	43	17	12	14	6	7	4	3	15.5	7.9
Oregon	58	22	16	20	10	10	6	3	15.5	8.8
Pennsylvania	148	45	47	57	28	29	16	13	17.3	10.3
Rhode Island	14	4	5	5	2	2	1	1	16.7	8.9
South Carolina	66	21	19	26	12	14	7	7	18.6	9.8
South Dakota	7	3	2	2	1	1	1	(¹)	14.2	7.4
Tennessee	84	29	27	28	13	15	7	8	17.2	8.9
Texas	323	110	105	108	53	55	23	33	16.7	9.1
Utah	29	14	8	8	4	4	2	2	13.1	5.5
Vermont	7	3	2	2	1	1	1	(¹)	13.4	6.0
Virginia	73	27	22	25	11	13	6	8	17.0	9.4
Washington	100	31	27	41	21	20	9	11	18.2	10.6
West Virginia	20	6	6	9	4	5	3	2	19.7	11.7
Wisconsin	71	23	22	26	12	14	8	6	16.4	10.0
Wyoming	5	2	1	2	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	14.9	7.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 26. States: Unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2003 annual averages
— Continued

Population group and State	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Average (mean) duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
White										
Alabama	64	23	17	24	10	14	7	7	18.6	9.4
Alaska	16	6	6	5	2	2	1	1	16.8	8.1
Arizona	131	47	40	44	19	25	11	14	18.1	8.6
Arkansas	49	18	16	14	8	6	3	3	14.1	7.8
California	835	298	245	292	131	162	78	83	17.5	8.9
Colorado	127	42	37	47	20	28	15	13	18.7	9.6
Connecticut	78	23	21	35	16	19	10	9	20.0	12.1
Delaware	12	4	4	4	2	2	1	1	16.1	9.4
District of Columbia	5	1	2	2	1	1	(¹)	1	21.2	11.6
Florida	293	108	89	96	48	49	21	28	16.7	8.7
Georgia	114	39	31	44	20	24	13	11	18.0	10.3
Hawaii	6	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	18.5	10.0
Idaho	35	15	10	10	6	4	2	2	14.4	7.1
Illinois	300	93	88	119	51	69	36	32	18.9	10.3
Indiana	136	41	38	57	21	36	17	19	20.9	11.4
Iowa	65	24	22	19	8	11	6	6	15.5	8.1
Kansas	57	23	17	17	9	7	3	4	14.5	7.4
Kentucky	103	34	31	39	18	20	11	9	17.9	9.6
Louisiana	67	25	21	21	11	10	6	5	15.3	8.8
Maine	33	12	10	11	5	6	3	3	16.1	8.9
Maryland	69	26	21	21	10	11	4	8	17.0	8.0
Massachusetts	166	48	47	71	28	43	20	23	20.7	11.3
Michigan	279	86	85	108	41	66	37	29	19.4	9.9
Minnesota	123	46	39	39	21	18	10	8	14.0	7.9
Mississippi	33	11	8	13	6	8	3	5	21.3	10.4
Missouri	119	44	34	41	16	25	11	14	20.1	8.7
Montana	18	7	7	4	3	2	1	1	12.9	7.7
Nebraska	33	13	10	11	5	5	2	3	16.4	7.9
Nevada	46	18	13	15	7	8	3	5	16.8	8.6
New Hampshire	29	10	8	11	4	7	3	4	20.9	9.9
New Jersey	177	49	55	72	35	37	22	15	18.5	10.8
New Mexico	46	17	15	14	6	8	4	5	15.8	8.0
New York	385	108	108	169	65	104	50	54	21.8	12.0
North Carolina	151	48	38	64	26	39	19	19	20.3	11.0
North Dakota	11	5	3	3	2	1	1	(¹)	11.0	6.6
Ohio	277	90	90	97	39	59	26	32	18.7	9.3
Oklahoma	70	26	21	22	8	15	7	8	17.5	8.4
Oregon	130	43	39	48	22	26	13	13	18.4	9.8
Pennsylvania	276	82	85	109	51	58	29	30	18.1	10.8
Rhode Island	26	8	8	10	4	5	3	3	18.5	9.5
South Carolina	73	26	22	25	12	13	8	5	16.9	9.1
South Dakota	12	5	4	3	2	1	1	1	13.0	6.7
Tennessee	112	43	35	34	13	21	9	12	15.8	7.3
Texas	556	209	174	173	84	90	40	49	16.1	8.4
Utah	61	27	17	16	8	9	4	4	13.8	6.1
Vermont	15	6	5	5	3	2	1	1	13.7	8.3
Virginia	82	31	25	27	12	14	8	7	15.7	8.5
Washington	198	60	59	79	35	44	17	27	19.4	10.2
West Virginia	44	13	12	19	8	11	5	6	20.8	11.5
Wisconsin	138	45	44	48	26	23	13	10	15.8	9.3
Wyoming	11	5	4	3	1	2	1	1	12.9	6.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 26. States: Unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2003 annual averages
— Continued

Population group and State	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Average (mean) duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
Black or African American										
Alabama	57	14	20	24	11	13	3	10	21.5	12.0
Alaska	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	10.7	8.0
Arizona	7	3	2	2	1	1	1	(¹)	12.2	8.5
Arkansas	24	5	7	12	4	8	2	5	23.1	14.0
California	128	28	37	64	26	37	15	23	25.0	14.4
Colorado	9	2	2	5	2	3	2	1	22.5	15.8
Connecticut	16	5	4	8	3	5	3	2	21.1	13.1
Delaware	5	1	2	2	1	1	1	(¹)	16.7	12.1
District of Columbia	16	3	5	8	2	6	2	4	28.9	15.9
Florida	113	33	27	54	24	30	12	17	22.5	13.5
Georgia	87	19	19	49	17	32	18	14	24.8	18.8
Illinois	105	22	30	53	17	36	15	22	26.3	14.9
Indiana	25	4	7	14	5	9	4	5	25.9	19.9
Kansas	12	3	3	5	3	2	1	1	17.9	11.3
Kentucky	13	4	3	5	3	2	1	2	20.0	11.4
Louisiana	66	18	20	28	14	14	8	6	18.1	11.4
Maryland	53	15	15	23	8	15	8	7	20.8	11.5
Massachusetts	23	5	6	11	4	7	3	5	25.8	14.5
Michigan	75	21	21	33	12	21	5	15	23.7	12.5
Minnesota	10	4	3	3	1	2	1	(¹)	13.5	7.3
Mississippi	48	11	14	23	9	14	4	10	26.0	13.1
Missouri	43	15	13	16	8	8	2	6	18.3	9.5
Nebraska	3	1	1	1	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	14.2	7.7
Nevada	5	2	2	1	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	13.2	7.6
New Jersey	63	12	19	31	13	18	7	11	25.4	14.3
New Mexico	2	(¹)	(¹)	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	18.8	18.5
New York	166	36	47	84	29	55	21	34	26.7	14.9
North Carolina	106	26	35	45	21	24	9	15	21.6	12.2
Ohio	72	22	25	25	12	13	5	7	18.3	10.1
Oklahoma	11	3	3	5	2	3	2	1	22.0	13.3
Oregon	6	1	3	1	1	1	1	(¹)	11.3	8.6
Pennsylvania	56	16	16	24	11	13	8	5	18.9	11.4
Rhode Island	3	1	1	1	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	18.6	11.3
South Carolina	61	15	16	29	13	16	6	11	22.6	13.4
Tennessee	50	11	17	22	7	15	8	8	24.6	12.7
Texas	139	36	39	63	25	37	13	24	22.2	12.7
Virginia	58	17	18	23	10	12	7	5	18.7	10.9
Washington	14	5	4	5	2	3	3	(¹)	15.2	9.0
West Virginia	2	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	20.5	10.4
Wisconsin	22	5	7	11	2	8	4	4	25.7	13.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 26. States: Unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2003 annual averages
— Continued

Population group and State	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Average (mean) duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
Asian										
Alaska	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	6.7	3.0
Arizona	3	1	1	1	(1)	1	(1)	1	21.9	6.8
California	160	36	49	75	19	57	22	35	26.4	13.3
Colorado	3	(1)	1	3	1	2	1	(1)	28.0	24.8
Connecticut	1	(1)	(1)	1	(1)	1	(1)	(1)	39.3	29.3
Delaware	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	13.9	12.9
District of Columbia	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	2.7	2.3
Florida	8	3	3	2	(1)	1	(1)	1	23.3	6.2
Georgia	4	(1)	1	2	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	18.0	17.6
Hawaii	9	4	2	3	2	2	1	1	14.9	8.7
Illinois	12	3	5	4	1	3	1	2	21.5	9.3
Iowa	1	(1)	(1)	1	(1)	1	(1)	(1)	44.7	40.5
Kansas	3	1	1	1	(1)	1	(1)	1	18.7	10.9
Kentucky	1	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	4.0	3.4
Maryland	6	2	2	2	1	2	1	(1)	18.3	9.6
Massachusetts	7	3	1	3	1	3	1	2	27.1	11.1
Michigan	5	2	(1)	2	1	1	1	(1)	14.8	4.4
Minnesota	7	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	20.3	8.0
Missouri	3	2	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	4.0	3.2
Nevada	3	1	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	13.4	7.3
New Hampshire	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	19.6	16.3
New Jersey	14	2	6	7	4	4	2	1	22.1	14.4
New York	26	5	8	13	4	9	2	7	28.8	15.0
North Carolina	6	2	2	2	1	1	(1)	1	16.4	7.6
Ohio	6	1	1	5	2	3	3	(1)	26.5	29.1
Oregon	5	1	2	2	1	1	(1)	1	18.9	9.6
Pennsylvania	8	1	2	5	1	4	1	2	29.5	20.9
Rhode Island	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	23.5	9.2
Tennessee	2	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	4.1	3.5
Texas	24	8	7	8	4	5	3	1	16.1	7.7
Utah	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	29.4	46.6
Virginia	7	2	1	4	3	1	(1)	1	20.9	15.6
Washington	10	3	3	5	2	3	(1)	2	27.5	13.2
Wisconsin	7	1	2	4	2	2	1	1	28.8	15.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 26. States: Unemployed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and duration of unemployment, 2003 annual averages
— Continued

Population group and State	Thousands of persons								Weeks	
	Total unemployed	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over					Average (mean) duration	Median duration
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over				
						Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over		
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity										
Alabama	2	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	7.3	6.9
Alaska	1	(1)	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	11.9	6.6
Arizona	53	21	15	17	10	7	5	2	13.0	7.5
Arkansas	4	2	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	6.8	5.2
California	396	150	116	130	62	68	34	34	16.2	8.6
Colorado	38	14	13	11	4	7	4	3	15.1	7.8
Connecticut	16	4	5	7	3	4	2	2	19.5	12.6
Delaware	2	(1)	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	19.2	12.5
District of Columbia	2	1	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	14.7	9.0
Florida	104	35	31	38	18	20	8	13	18.4	10.0
Georgia	15	5	4	7	4	2	2	1	16.4	11.9
Hawaii	3	1	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	16.3	9.4
Idaho	5	3	1	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	11.8	4.1
Illinois	70	27	23	20	10	10	6	4	13.4	7.5
Indiana	5	2	1	2	(1)	2	1	1	26.6	11.1
Iowa	5	2	2	1	1	1	(1)	1	16.5	8.1
Kansas	6	3	2	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	10.7	6.1
Louisiana	2	1	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	5.4	4.2
Maryland	11	5	5	2	2	1	(1)	1	9.9	6.3
Massachusetts	23	6	8	9	3	6	2	4	20.5	10.3
Michigan	15	6	5	5	1	4	2	2	18.4	8.1
Minnesota	5	2	1	2	1	1	(1)	(1)	16.4	7.0
Missouri	5	2	2	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	8.6	5.3
Montana	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	11.9	11.5
Nebraska	6	3	1	2	2	(1)	(1)	(1)	11.8	8.6
Nevada	14	5	5	4	2	2	(1)	2	17.2	8.9
New Hampshire	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	21.0	9.3
New Jersey	47	14	16	17	9	8	4	4	16.1	10.4
New Mexico	30	10	11	9	4	5	2	3	15.7	8.1
New York	121	33	38	50	20	30	14	17	21.5	11.7
North Carolina	25	13	7	5	1	4	1	2	13.0	4.2
Ohio	10	3	3	4	1	2	1	1	18.1	10.8
Oklahoma	5	2	2	1	(1)	1	(1)	(1)	12.2	7.6
Oregon	18	9	6	3	2	2	1	1	11.1	5.5
Pennsylvania	16	6	6	5	3	2	1	1	12.7	7.1
Rhode Island	6	2	2	2	1	1	(1)	1	20.0	9.4
South Carolina	5	2	1	2	1	1	(1)	1	17.0	7.1
Tennessee	3	1	2	1	(1)	1	1	(1)	9.8	6.4
Texas	278	111	87	81	48	33	15	18	14.0	7.9
Utah	11	5	3	3	2	1	1	(1)	10.7	4.5
Virginia	14	5	5	4	3	1	(1)	1	11.7	8.6
Washington	17	7	3	6	2	4	1	3	20.8	8.8
Wisconsin	12	6	4	3	1	2	(1)	2	17.3	5.4
Wyoming	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	11.5	8.5

¹ Less than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose

ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls.

Section III. Estimates for Metropolitan Areas and Cities

Labor force, employment, and unemployment levels from the CPS for metropolitan areas and cities usually shown in tables 27 through 32 are not provided because updated population controls are not available. As a consequence, only rates, ratios, and percent distributions are published and the usual table formats and sequence have been altered. Unemployment rates shown in table 27 may differ from the estimates produced through the LAUS program.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Atlanta MSA						
Total	73.3	70.0	4.5	3.9	-	5.1
Men	81.2	77.3	4.8	3.9	-	5.7
Women	65.9	63.2	4.1	3.2	-	5.0
White	73.2	70.5	3.7	3.0	-	4.4
Men	82.5	79.0	4.2	3.2	-	5.2
Women	63.9	61.9	3.1	2.1	-	4.1
Black or African American	74.3	69.7	6.2	4.8	-	7.6
Men	79.3	73.8	6.8	4.7	-	8.9
Women	70.5	66.5	5.7	3.9	-	7.5
Asian	72.5	69.7	3.8	.9	-	6.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	76.7	72.3	5.7	3.0	-	8.4
Men	91.4	86.6	5.3	2.2	-	8.4
Married men, spouse present	85.9	83.2	3.1	2.1	-	4.1
Married women, spouse present	63.8	62.2	2.5	1.5	-	3.5
Women who maintain families	77.8	73.4	5.7	3.1	-	8.3
Baltimore PMSA						
Total	66.8	63.5	4.9	4.2	-	5.6
Men	74.1	70.7	4.6	3.6	-	5.6
Women	60.2	57.1	5.2	4.1	-	6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	47.6	40.3	15.4	10.4	-	20.4
White	67.2	64.7	3.8	3.0	-	4.6
Men	75.6	72.7	3.8	2.8	-	4.8
Women	59.5	57.3	3.8	2.7	-	4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	55.3	47.4	14.2	8.9	-	19.5
Black or African American	64.0	58.1	9.3	7.1	-	11.5
Men	67.8	62.0	8.5	5.5	-	11.5
Women	61.0	54.9	9.9	6.9	-	12.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	82.7	78.4	5.1	1.6	-	8.6
Married men, spouse present	79.0	77.6	1.7	.9	-	2.5
Married women, spouse present	64.3	62.4	3.0	1.8	-	4.2
Women who maintain families	70.0	64.2	8.3	4.9	-	11.7
Bergen-Passaic PMSA						
Total	65.3	62.5	4.3	3.4	-	5.2
Men	73.0	69.5	4.8	3.5	-	6.1
Women	58.8	56.5	3.8	2.6	-	5.0
White	65.6	63.1	3.9	3.0	-	4.8
Men	73.0	69.5	4.7	3.3	-	6.1
Women	59.2	57.4	3.0	1.8	-	4.2
Black or African American	63.9	56.9	11.1	6.2	-	16.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	74.1	68.8	7.1	4.6	-	9.6
Men	84.5	77.3	8.5	5.0	-	12.0
Women	63.2	59.9	5.2	1.8	-	8.6
Married men, spouse present	76.9	74.2	3.6	2.1	-	5.1
Married women, spouse present	63.6	62.1	2.4	1.1	-	3.7
Women who maintain families	70.4	63.5	9.9	5.0	-	14.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Boston PMSA						
Total	68.0	64.3	5.5	4.9	-	6.1
Men	74.2	70.0	5.7	4.8	-	6.6
Women	62.4	59.2	5.2	4.4	-	6.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	41.1	34.7	15.6	11.0	-	20.2
White	68.8	65.3	5.0	4.4	-	5.6
Men	75.2	71.1	5.4	4.5	-	6.3
Women	63.1	60.2	4.6	3.7	-	5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	45.8	40.0	12.7	8.1	-	17.3
Black or African American	61.3	54.3	11.3	8.3	-	14.3
Men	62.8	57.2	8.8	4.9	-	12.7
Women	59.9	51.7	13.7	9.3	-	18.1
Asian	65.3	62.0	5.0	2.3	-	7.7
Men	74.2	70.3	5.3	1.5	-	9.1
Women	57.3	54.7	4.6	.8	-	8.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	73.8	68.1	7.8	5.0	-	10.6
Men	80.6	74.1	8.1	4.5	-	11.7
Women	65.7	60.9	7.3	3.1	-	11.5
Married men, spouse present	79.7	76.1	4.6	3.6	-	5.6
Married women, spouse present	64.1	61.5	4.0	2.9	-	5.1
Women who maintain families	68.7	63.2	8.0	5.2	-	10.8
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA						
Total	66.2	62.3	5.9	4.7	-	7.1
Men	70.8	65.8	7.1	5.3	-	8.9
Women	62.0	59.2	4.6	3.1	-	6.1
White	67.0	63.4	5.3	4.1	-	6.5
Men	71.7	67.2	6.3	4.5	-	8.1
Women	62.7	60.0	4.3	2.7	-	5.9
Black or African American	56.9	48.8	14.1	8.4	-	19.8
Married men, spouse present	72.2	69.4	3.9	2.0	-	5.8
Married women, spouse present	65.2	63.2	3.1	1.3	-	4.9
Women who maintain families	71.9	65.0	9.5	4.4	-	14.6
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA						
Total	66.8	61.9	7.4	6.3	-	8.5
Men	75.5	70.0	7.3	5.8	-	8.8
Women	58.7	54.3	7.5	5.9	-	9.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	41.2	29.6	28.1	20.7	-	35.5
White	66.7	62.6	6.1	4.9	-	7.3
Men	76.7	71.5	6.7	5.1	-	8.3
Women	56.8	53.8	5.3	3.7	-	6.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	48.9	36.3	25.7	17.1	-	34.3
Black or African American	67.8	59.9	11.7	8.9	-	14.5
Men	71.7	64.0	10.8	6.7	-	14.9
Women	64.9	56.8	12.5	8.6	-	16.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	79.0	72.4	8.3	4.4	-	12.2
Men	93.8	87.2	7.0	2.7	-	11.3
Married men, spouse present	78.2	74.3	5.0	3.4	-	6.6
Married women, spouse present	62.1	59.1	4.7	2.9	-	6.5
Women who maintain families	63.3	55.8	11.7	6.2	-	17.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Chicago PMSA						
Total	67.4	62.9	6.7	6.2	-	7.2
Men	74.8	69.2	7.5	6.8	-	8.2
Women	60.5	57.0	5.7	5.1	-	6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	39.5	32.5	17.8	14.6	-	21.0
White	68.8	64.9	5.6	5.1	-	6.1
Men	76.9	71.7	6.7	6.0	-	7.4
Women	61.0	58.4	4.2	3.6	-	4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	43.6	37.7	13.5	10.3	-	16.7
Black or African American	60.6	53.0	12.6	11.1	-	14.1
Men	62.2	53.6	13.9	11.6	-	16.2
Women	59.4	52.5	11.6	9.7	-	13.5
Asian	68.1	64.4	5.4	3.6	-	7.2
Men	79.4	76.4	3.8	1.8	-	5.8
Women	56.4	52.0	7.7	4.3	-	11.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	72.2	65.5	9.2	7.9	-	10.5
Men	83.2	74.8	10.1	8.4	-	11.8
Women	59.5	54.9	7.7	5.8	-	9.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	39.9	32.3	19.0	12.0	-	26.0
Married men, spouse present	80.8	76.4	5.4	4.7	-	6.1
Married women, spouse present	62.7	60.3	3.9	3.2	-	4.6
Women who maintain families	71.5	65.4	8.4	6.5	-	10.3
Cincinnati PMSA						
Total	68.4	65.3	4.6	3.7	-	5.5
Men	75.0	71.6	4.6	3.4	-	5.8
Women	62.2	59.3	4.6	3.4	-	5.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	54.7	46.3	15.4	10.6	-	20.2
White	68.9	66.2	4.0	3.2	-	4.8
Men	76.3	73.1	4.2	3.0	-	5.4
Women	61.9	59.6	3.8	2.6	-	5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	56.6	48.8	13.8	8.8	-	18.8
Black or African American	62.9	56.5	10.3	6.2	-	14.4
Married men, spouse present	79.3	77.8	2.0	1.0	-	3.0
Married women, spouse present	61.9	59.9	3.2	1.8	-	4.6
Women who maintain families	64.9	62.4	3.9	.6	-	7.2
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA						
Total	68.2	64.2	6.0	5.1	-	6.9
Men	75.0	70.5	6.0	4.8	-	7.2
Women	62.2	58.5	6.0	4.8	-	7.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	57.1	50.0	12.5	8.1	-	16.9
White	68.9	65.7	4.6	3.8	-	5.4
Men	76.6	72.9	4.9	3.7	-	6.1
Women	61.6	59.0	4.3	3.1	-	5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	62.5	56.6	9.4	5.1	-	13.7
Black or African American	64.3	56.5	12.1	9.3	-	14.9
Men	65.0	56.4	13.2	8.7	-	17.7
Women	63.8	56.6	11.3	7.7	-	14.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	71.6	67.3	6.0	1.4	-	10.6
Married men, spouse present	78.1	75.2	3.8	2.6	-	5.0
Married women, spouse present	62.8	60.0	4.5	3.0	-	6.0
Women who maintain families	67.5	63.3	6.3	3.0	-	9.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Columbus, Ohio MSA						
Total	73.9	69.5	6.0	5.0	-	7.0
Men	80.7	75.6	6.3	4.8	-	7.8
Women	67.7	63.9	5.6	4.2	-	7.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	63.2	54.3	14.1	8.4	-	19.8
White	74.1	70.8	4.6	3.6	-	5.6
Men	81.3	77.0	5.3	3.8	-	6.8
Women	67.3	64.8	3.7	2.3	-	5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	66.2	59.2	10.6	4.6	-	16.6
Black or African American	72.3	62.2	13.9	10.4	-	17.4
Men	75.3	65.2	13.5	8.3	-	18.7
Women	69.9	60.0	14.2	9.4	-	19.0
Married men, spouse present	80.5	78.2	3.0	1.6	-	4.4
Married women, spouse present	69.0	66.4	3.8	2.1	-	5.5
Women who maintain families	73.4	67.8	7.5	3.2	-	11.8
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA						
Total	73.4	67.9	7.5	6.9	-	8.1
Men	83.1	76.6	7.8	7.0	-	8.6
Women	64.1	59.5	7.1	6.2	-	8.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	42.9	33.0	23.0	19.7	-	26.3
White	73.7	69.0	6.4	5.7	-	7.1
Men	83.9	78.3	6.7	5.8	-	7.6
Women	63.5	59.6	6.1	5.1	-	7.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	44.0	34.7	21.0	17.2	-	24.8
Black or African American	75.5	64.6	14.5	12.3	-	16.7
Men	79.5	66.8	15.9	12.7	-	19.1
Women	72.4	62.9	13.2	10.4	-	16.0
Asian	62.9	57.8	8.2	5.2	-	11.2
Men	76.3	67.2	12.0	7.6	-	16.4
Women	50.2	48.9	2.6	(²)	-	(²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	73.3	67.0	8.6	7.2	-	10.0
Men	90.1	83.4	7.5	5.9	-	9.1
Women	54.5	48.8	10.5	8.0	-	13.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	34.7	26.2	24.4	15.7	-	33.1
Married men, spouse present	87.4	82.5	5.6	4.6	-	6.6
Married women, spouse present	63.6	59.8	5.9	4.7	-	7.1
Women who maintain families	79.6	71.8	9.8	7.2	-	12.4
Dayton-Springfield MSA						
Total	65.6	60.2	8.2	6.6	-	9.8
Men	72.9	67.2	7.8	5.6	-	10.0
Women	58.9	53.7	8.8	6.4	-	11.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	50.6	38.5	23.9	16.5	-	31.3
White	66.6	61.5	7.7	6.0	-	9.4
Men	74.9	69.4	7.3	5.1	-	9.5
Women	58.8	54.0	8.2	5.6	-	10.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	55.2	42.7	22.7	14.6	-	30.8
Black or African American	59.1	51.8	12.3	7.1	-	17.5
Men	57.9	50.4	12.9	4.9	-	20.9
Women	60.2	53.0	11.9	5.0	-	18.8
Married men, spouse present	74.2	70.2	5.4	2.9	-	7.9
Married women, spouse present	61.9	58.1	6.2	3.3	-	9.1
Women who maintain families	74.3	64.5	13.1	6.0	-	20.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA						
Total	73.3	68.7	6.2	5.6	-	6.8
Men	80.2	75.0	6.5	5.7	-	7.3
Women	66.4	62.5	5.8	4.9	-	6.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	52.1	43.0	17.3	13.7	-	20.9
White	73.3	69.0	5.8	5.2	-	6.4
Men	80.0	74.9	6.3	5.4	-	7.2
Women	66.8	63.3	5.2	4.3	-	6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	53.3	44.3	16.8	13.0	-	20.6
Black or African American	75.2	68.1	9.5	6.4	-	12.6
Men	84.0	76.7	8.6	4.6	-	12.6
Women	66.4	59.4	10.6	5.7	-	15.5
Asian	69.3	64.4	7.1	3.5	-	10.7
Men	82.1	77.7	5.4	1.2	-	9.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	74.4	67.6	9.1	7.4	-	10.8
Men	84.3	77.5	8.1	6.1	-	10.1
Women	63.2	56.4	10.8	8.0	-	13.6
Married men, spouse present	82.1	78.4	4.5	3.6	-	5.4
Married women, spouse present	65.4	62.3	4.8	3.7	-	5.9
Women who maintain families	77.0	70.2	8.8	5.8	-	11.8
Detroit PMSA						
Total	64.7	60.0	7.4	6.7	-	8.1
Men	71.4	65.5	8.3	7.4	-	9.2
Women	58.6	54.9	6.3	5.4	-	7.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	49.5	41.1	16.9	13.3	-	20.5
White	66.1	61.9	6.4	5.7	-	7.1
Men	73.7	68.3	7.3	6.3	-	8.3
Women	58.8	55.7	5.3	4.3	-	6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	56.0	49.4	11.7	8.1	-	15.3
Black or African American	59.9	52.9	11.7	10.0	-	13.4
Men	62.1	53.5	13.9	11.1	-	16.7
Women	58.3	52.5	10.0	7.8	-	12.2
Asian	66.7	65.3	2.2	(2)	-	(2)
Men	74.2	71.9	3.1	(2)	-	(2)
Women	58.7	58.2	1.0	(2)	-	(2)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	61.6	56.8	7.7	3.3	-	12.1
Men	78.6	72.8	7.4	2.2	-	12.6
Married men, spouse present	74.8	71.1	5.0	4.0	-	6.0
Married women, spouse present	59.3	56.8	4.2	3.1	-	5.3
Women who maintain families	65.0	59.3	8.7	6.2	-	11.2
Fort Lauderdale PMSA						
Total	67.3	63.2	6.0	5.0	-	7.0
Men	74.6	70.7	5.3	4.0	-	6.6
Women	60.9	56.7	6.9	5.4	-	8.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	39.1	32.3	17.4	10.5	-	24.3
White	65.1	61.9	4.9	3.8	-	6.0
Men	73.0	69.7	4.5	3.1	-	5.9
Women	58.4	55.2	5.4	3.8	-	7.0
Black or African American	72.2	65.6	9.1	6.9	-	11.3
Men	78.1	72.3	7.4	4.6	-	10.2
Women	66.7	59.4	11.0	7.6	-	14.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	70.4	64.6	8.3	5.7	-	10.9
Men	77.1	72.1	6.4	3.3	-	9.5
Women	64.4	57.7	10.3	6.3	-	14.3
Married men, spouse present	78.2	76.2	2.6	1.4	-	3.8
Married women, spouse present	59.3	56.0	5.5	3.6	-	7.4
Women who maintain families	70.5	63.4	10.2	5.7	-	14.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Hartford PMSA						
Total	66.1	62.5	5.3	4.4	-	6.2
Men	72.9	68.5	6.0	4.7	-	7.3
Women	60.1	57.3	4.6	3.4	-	5.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	51.0	43.2	15.3	10.3	-	20.3
White	66.5	63.3	4.7	3.8	-	5.6
Men	73.7	70.0	5.0	3.7	-	6.3
Women	59.9	57.3	4.4	3.1	-	5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	55.5	48.3	13.0	7.7	-	18.3
Black or African American	64.6	58.6	9.3	6.2	-	12.4
Men	67.2	57.3	14.7	9.2	-	20.2
Women	62.7	59.5	5.1	1.9	-	8.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	66.1	61.4	7.2	3.6	-	10.8
Women	62.1	58.4	6.0	1.5	-	10.5
Married men, spouse present	76.4	73.8	3.4	2.1	-	4.7
Married women, spouse present	63.2	61.5	2.6	1.4	-	3.8
Women who maintain families	67.0	62.8	6.3	2.8	-	9.8
Houston PMSA						
Total	68.9	63.9	7.4	6.6	-	8.2
Men	79.1	73.2	7.5	6.5	-	8.5
Women	59.1	54.8	7.2	6.1	-	8.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	40.4	32.9	18.6	14.0	-	23.2
White	69.2	65.0	6.1	5.3	-	6.9
Men	81.2	76.2	6.2	5.1	-	7.3
Women	57.2	53.8	5.9	4.7	-	7.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	42.7	34.5	19.2	13.8	-	24.6
Black or African American	67.8	60.1	11.3	9.3	-	13.3
Men	71.0	61.9	12.8	9.8	-	15.8
Women	65.1	58.6	10.0	7.4	-	12.6
Asian	65.4	59.1	9.5	5.8	-	13.2
Men	75.0	68.4	8.8	4.1	-	13.5
Women	54.8	49.0	10.5	4.4	-	16.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	70.6	65.9	6.7	5.4	-	8.0
Men	86.0	80.1	6.9	5.2	-	8.6
Women	53.6	50.1	6.6	4.4	-	8.8
Married men, spouse present	82.9	79.3	4.4	3.3	-	5.5
Married women, spouse present	57.1	53.8	5.8	4.3	-	7.3
Women who maintain families	71.6	65.5	8.4	5.5	-	11.3
Indianapolis MSA						
Total	67.8	65.6	3.3	2.6	-	4.0
Men	77.0	74.4	3.3	2.3	-	4.3
Women	59.6	57.6	3.3	2.2	-	4.4
White	67.5	65.3	3.3	2.5	-	4.1
Men	77.4	74.8	3.4	2.3	-	4.5
Women	58.5	56.6	3.3	2.1	-	4.5
Black or African American	68.2	65.4	4.0	1.7	-	6.3
Married men, spouse present	80.5	78.6	2.4	1.3	-	3.5
Married women, spouse present	64.2	62.6	2.5	1.3	-	3.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Kansas City MSA						
Total	72.9	68.3	6.3	5.5	-	7.1
Men	79.8	74.9	6.1	5.0	-	7.2
Women	66.4	62.1	6.4	5.2	-	7.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	54.1	43.4	19.9	15.2	-	24.6
White	73.2	69.5	5.0	4.2	-	5.8
Men	79.8	75.7	5.1	4.0	-	6.2
Women	66.8	63.5	4.9	3.8	-	6.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	57.5	47.8	16.9	12.0	-	21.8
Black or African American	73.6	61.3	16.7	12.7	-	20.7
Men	80.8	67.8	16.1	10.6	-	21.6
Women	67.3	55.6	17.3	11.5	-	23.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	76.0	70.4	7.4	4.1	-	10.7
Men	86.6	82.2	5.1	1.5	-	8.7
Women	64.6	57.7	10.7	4.8	-	16.6
Married men, spouse present	82.4	79.7	3.3	2.3	-	4.3
Married women, spouse present	66.1	63.2	4.4	3.1	-	5.7
Women who maintain families	77.4	68.5	11.6	7.3	-	15.9
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA						
Total	65.0	60.4	7.0	6.5	-	7.5
Men	74.7	69.1	7.4	6.8	-	8.0
Women	55.9	52.2	6.6	5.9	-	7.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	31.3	24.3	22.2	18.6	-	25.8
White	66.1	61.6	6.8	6.3	-	7.3
Men	76.5	71.1	7.1	6.4	-	7.8
Women	56.0	52.3	6.6	5.8	-	7.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	33.8	26.8	20.8	16.9	-	24.7
Black or African American	60.5	53.5	11.6	9.8	-	13.4
Men	62.5	54.2	13.3	10.4	-	16.2
Women	58.9	53.0	10.1	7.8	-	12.4
Asian	61.6	58.5	5.0	3.9	-	6.1
Men	71.7	67.1	6.3	4.7	-	7.9
Women	52.4	50.6	3.4	2.0	-	4.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	66.8	61.7	7.6	6.9	-	8.3
Men	79.5	73.7	7.3	6.4	-	8.2
Women	53.8	49.5	8.1	7.0	-	9.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	32.0	24.9	22.2	17.1	-	27.3
Married men, spouse present	80.5	76.9	4.5	3.8	-	5.2
Married women, spouse present	55.9	53.2	4.8	4.0	-	5.6
Women who maintain families	70.2	64.4	8.2	6.3	-	10.1
Louisville MSA						
Total	69.0	65.0	5.8	4.8	-	6.8
Men	75.7	71.1	6.1	4.7	-	7.5
Women	62.8	59.3	5.5	4.1	-	6.9
White	68.7	65.1	5.2	4.2	-	6.2
Men	75.0	71.1	5.3	3.9	-	6.7
Women	62.5	59.4	5.0	3.5	-	6.5
Black or African American	73.1	65.8	9.9	6.0	-	13.8
Men	76.5	67.1	12.3	6.1	-	18.5
Women	70.4	64.8	7.9	3.1	-	12.7
Married men, spouse present	77.5	73.9	4.7	3.0	-	6.4
Married women, spouse present	62.9	61.4	2.4	1.0	-	3.8
Women who maintain families	66.5	57.7	13.3	8.3	-	18.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Memphis MSA						
Total	70.6	64.4	8.8	7.4	-	10.2
Men	76.2	70.0	8.2	6.3	-	10.1
Women	65.3	59.1	9.5	7.4	-	11.6
White	67.6	63.8	5.6	4.1	-	7.1
Men	76.6	72.8	5.0	3.1	-	6.9
Women	57.9	54.1	6.5	3.9	-	9.1
Black or African American	74.8	64.8	13.5	10.8	-	16.2
Men	74.7	63.3	15.3	11.1	-	19.5
Women	74.9	65.9	12.0	8.6	-	15.4
Married men, spouse present	83.3	79.9	4.0	2.2	-	5.8
Married women, spouse present	63.1	60.4	4.2	2.1	-	6.3
Women who maintain families	82.9	72.2	12.9	8.2	-	17.6
Miami PMSA						
Total	59.5	56.5	5.0	4.1	-	5.9
Men	68.1	64.9	4.7	3.6	-	5.8
Women	51.0	48.3	5.4	4.1	-	6.7
White	58.3	55.5	4.8	3.8	-	5.8
Men	68.0	65.0	4.4	3.2	-	5.6
Women	48.8	46.2	5.2	3.7	-	6.7
Black or African American	65.4	61.3	6.4	4.3	-	8.5
Men	69.9	65.4	6.5	3.6	-	9.4
Women	61.0	57.2	6.2	3.2	-	9.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	58.0	55.0	5.2	4.1	-	6.3
Men	68.6	65.1	5.0	3.6	-	6.4
Women	47.8	45.2	5.5	3.7	-	7.3
Married men, spouse present	74.9	73.1	2.3	1.2	-	3.4
Married women, spouse present	52.7	51.0	3.3	1.8	-	4.8
Women who maintain families	63.6	60.0	5.7	2.5	-	8.9
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA						
Total	70.8	66.3	6.4	5.5	-	7.3
Men	76.8	71.5	6.9	5.6	-	8.2
Women	65.4	61.6	5.8	4.5	-	7.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	52.0	44.1	15.2	10.2	-	20.2
White	72.1	68.8	4.5	3.6	-	5.4
Men	77.7	73.5	5.4	4.1	-	6.7
Women	66.8	64.4	3.5	2.4	-	4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	60.2	53.3	11.4	6.4	-	16.4
Black or African American	60.6	46.3	23.6	19.5	-	27.7
Men	64.9	48.4	25.4	18.9	-	31.9
Women	58.2	45.1	22.5	17.3	-	27.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	68.0	62.9	7.5	3.9	-	11.1
Men	80.9	75.8	6.3	2.2	-	10.4
Married men, spouse present	80.2	77.8	3.1	1.9	-	4.3
Married women, spouse present	66.7	65.2	2.2	1.1	-	3.3
Women who maintain families	70.5	60.0	14.8	10.4	-	19.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA						
Total	77.2	73.4	4.9	4.3	-	5.5
Men	82.5	78.2	5.3	4.5	-	6.1
Women	72.1	68.9	4.5	3.7	-	5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	59.6	51.0	14.5	11.2	-	17.8
White	77.7	74.4	4.3	3.7	-	4.9
Men	82.7	78.6	4.9	4.1	-	5.7
Women	72.9	70.3	3.6	2.9	-	4.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	61.8	54.0	12.6	9.2	-	16.0
Black or African American	74.5	66.3	11.0	7.4	-	14.6
Men	77.5	72.5	6.4	2.3	-	10.5
Women	71.8	60.5	15.7	10.0	-	21.4
Asian	72.0	66.1	8.2	5.0	-	11.4
Men	82.3	74.0	10.1	5.5	-	14.7
Women	62.0	58.4	5.7	1.6	-	9.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	83.9	79.1	5.7	2.8	-	8.6
Men	90.9	85.8	5.6	1.9	-	9.3
Married men, spouse present	86.1	83.3	3.2	2.4	-	4.0
Married women, spouse present	73.3	71.3	2.7	1.9	-	3.5
Women who maintain families	79.3	73.6	7.2	4.2	-	10.2
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA						
Total	67.9	65.1	4.1	3.5	-	4.7
Men	75.5	72.2	4.4	3.5	-	5.3
Women	60.9	58.6	3.8	2.9	-	4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	41.6	36.3	12.7	8.3	-	17.1
White	67.7	65.0	3.9	3.2	-	4.6
Men	75.8	72.7	4.1	3.2	-	5.0
Women	60.1	58.0	3.6	2.7	-	4.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	44.8	40.0	10.8	6.4	-	15.2
Black or African American	69.3	65.0	6.2	3.9	-	8.5
Men	74.2	69.3	6.6	3.3	-	9.9
Women	64.9	61.1	5.9	2.7	-	9.1
Asian	72.8	69.1	5.0	1.4	-	8.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	77.9	73.5	5.7	3.6	-	7.8
Men	88.0	82.4	6.3	3.3	-	9.3
Women	68.3	64.9	4.9	1.9	-	7.9
Married men, spouse present	80.3	78.4	2.3	1.5	-	3.1
Married women, spouse present	63.0	61.2	2.8	1.8	-	3.8
Women who maintain families	72.6	68.7	5.4	2.2	-	8.6
New Orleans MSA						
Total	60.7	57.4	5.3	4.2	-	6.4
Men	67.1	62.5	6.9	5.2	-	8.6
Women	55.0	53.0	3.7	2.4	-	5.0
White	59.7	57.0	4.5	3.2	-	5.8
Men	67.3	63.5	5.7	3.8	-	7.6
Women	52.6	51.0	3.0	1.5	-	4.5
Black or African American	62.0	57.7	7.0	5.0	-	9.0
Men	66.3	60.2	9.2	6.0	-	12.4
Women	58.4	55.6	4.9	2.6	-	7.2
Married men, spouse present	70.9	68.5	3.3	1.7	-	4.9
Married women, spouse present	54.1	52.9	2.3	.7	-	3.9
Women who maintain families	65.1	61.6	5.3	2.0	-	8.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
New York PMSA						
Total	59.7	55.2	7.5	7.0	-	8.0
Men	67.2	62.1	7.6	7.0	-	8.2
Women	53.1	49.2	7.3	6.6	-	8.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	24.1	18.5	23.2	19.8	-	26.6
White	59.8	56.1	6.2	5.7	-	6.7
Men	69.0	64.9	6.0	5.3	-	6.7
Women	51.1	47.8	6.5	5.7	-	7.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	26.4	21.1	19.8	15.4	-	24.2
Black or African American	57.2	50.5	11.9	10.8	-	13.0
Men	58.8	50.0	14.9	13.2	-	16.6
Women	56.1	50.8	9.5	8.2	-	10.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	20.5	13.8	32.7	26.2	-	39.2
Asian	65.8	62.9	4.4	3.3	-	5.5
Men	75.9	72.8	4.1	2.7	-	5.5
Women	56.5	53.7	4.8	3.2	-	6.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	59.0	53.6	9.1	8.1	-	10.1
Men	68.4	63.2	7.6	6.4	-	8.8
Women	50.3	44.8	10.9	9.3	-	12.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	24.6	19.1	22.3	15.5	-	29.1
Married men, spouse present	75.3	72.1	4.2	3.5	-	4.9
Married women, spouse present	55.2	52.3	5.2	4.3	-	6.1
Women who maintain families	64.0	58.9	7.9	6.4	-	9.4
Newark PMSA						
Total	67.6	62.9	7.1	6.2	-	8.0
Men	75.4	70.0	7.2	6.0	-	8.4
Women	60.4	56.3	6.9	5.6	-	8.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	36.8	29.8	18.9	12.8	-	25.0
White	67.5	64.0	5.2	4.3	-	6.1
Men	76.8	72.8	5.2	4.0	-	6.4
Women	58.8	55.7	5.2	3.8	-	6.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	40.7	35.9	11.8	5.7	-	17.9
Black or African American	64.4	55.6	13.7	11.3	-	16.1
Men	66.7	56.4	15.4	11.8	-	19.0
Women	62.4	54.8	12.1	8.9	-	15.3
Asian	79.3	75.1	5.2	2.2	-	8.2
Men	90.3	85.1	5.8	1.8	-	9.8
Women	66.1	63.3	4.2	(²)	-	(²)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	67.6	62.1	8.2	5.5	-	10.9
Men	78.2	71.5	8.6	5.0	-	12.2
Women	57.5	53.1	7.6	3.7	-	11.5
Married men, spouse present	81.3	76.4	6.0	4.6	-	7.4
Married women, spouse present	64.3	61.5	4.4	3.0	-	5.8
Women who maintain families	67.5	58.9	12.7	8.3	-	17.1
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA						
Total	62.2	60.4	2.8	1.9	-	3.7
Men	66.1	64.5	2.4	1.2	-	3.6
Women	58.7	56.8	3.2	1.9	-	4.5
White	62.9	61.5	2.3	1.3	-	3.3
Men	67.7	66.4	1.9	.7	-	3.1
Women	58.4	56.9	2.6	1.1	-	4.1
Black or African American	60.2	57.4	4.7	2.5	-	6.9
Married men, spouse present	70.8	70.4	.6	(²)	-	(²)
Married women, spouse present	58.0	57.3	1.3	.1	-	2.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Oakland PMSA						
Total	68.3	63.8	6.6	5.5	-	7.7
Men	75.9	70.2	7.5	5.9	-	9.1
Women	60.7	57.4	5.5	3.9	-	7.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	40.2	35.0	12.9	5.8	-	20.0
White	69.7	65.9	5.4	4.2	-	6.6
Men	77.3	72.1	6.7	4.9	-	8.5
Women	62.1	59.6	3.9	2.3	-	5.5
Black or African American	66.5	59.4	10.7	6.4	-	15.0
Men	73.3	61.3	16.4	9.3	-	23.5
Women	60.3	57.7	4.4	.2	-	8.6
Asian	63.6	57.4	9.9	6.5	-	13.3
Men	73.8	68.7	6.9	3.1	-	10.7
Women	53.5	46.1	13.9	7.9	-	19.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	73.3	68.9	6.0	3.4	-	8.6
Men	82.5	75.1	8.9	4.8	-	13.0
Women	63.9	62.5	2.2	(²)	-	(²)
Married men, spouse present	80.0	76.5	4.4	2.7	-	6.1
Married women, spouse present	61.6	58.6	4.9	2.9	-	6.9
Women who maintain families	75.3	73.0	3.1	(²)	-	(²)
Oklahoma City MSA						
Total	66.4	62.9	5.2	4.2	-	6.2
Men	74.4	70.6	5.1	3.8	-	6.4
Women	59.2	56.0	5.4	3.9	-	6.9
White	67.0	64.0	4.6	3.6	-	5.6
Men	74.5	71.6	3.9	2.6	-	5.2
Women	60.1	56.8	5.5	3.9	-	7.1
Black or African American	59.9	55.1	8.0	4.0	-	12.0
Married men, spouse present	77.1	75.2	2.5	1.3	-	3.7
Married women, spouse present	60.1	57.7	4.0	2.3	-	5.7
Women who maintain families	66.9	61.5	8.1	3.2	-	13.0
Orange County PMSA						
Total	66.0	63.6	3.7	2.9	-	4.5
Men	74.8	71.9	3.8	2.8	-	4.8
Women	57.7	55.6	3.5	2.4	-	4.6
White	67.2	65.0	3.3	2.5	-	4.1
Men	76.3	73.4	3.7	2.6	-	4.8
Women	58.6	56.9	2.8	1.7	-	3.9
Asian	60.6	58.2	4.0	2.1	-	5.9
Men	67.2	64.2	4.5	1.8	-	7.2
Women	54.2	52.3	3.5	.9	-	6.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	70.9	68.5	3.3	1.9	-	4.7
Men	83.2	81.9	1.6	.4	-	2.8
Women	58.3	54.9	5.8	3.0	-	8.6
Married men, spouse present	80.5	78.1	2.9	1.7	-	4.1
Married women, spouse present	59.3	57.1	3.8	2.3	-	5.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Philadelphia PMSA						
Total	65.4	61.4	6.0	5.4	-	6.6
Men	71.8	67.0	6.7	5.9	-	7.5
Women	59.5	56.4	5.3	4.5	-	6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	39.6	32.6	17.7	13.8	-	21.6
White	68.2	64.8	5.0	4.4	-	5.6
Men	75.2	70.9	5.7	4.9	-	6.5
Women	61.5	58.9	4.2	3.4	-	5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	43.2	36.8	14.8	10.7	-	18.9
Black or African American	54.1	48.5	10.4	8.7	-	12.1
Men	55.2	48.4	12.3	9.5	-	15.1
Women	53.3	48.5	8.9	6.8	-	11.0
Asian	65.2	59.7	8.5	5.2	-	11.8
Men	76.1	68.9	9.4	4.8	-	14.0
Women	55.3	51.2	7.4	2.8	-	12.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	59.6	54.1	9.2	6.0	-	12.4
Men	71.5	63.9	10.6	6.2	-	15.0
Women	47.9	44.4	7.3	2.7	-	11.9
Married men, spouse present	77.4	74.6	3.6	2.8	-	4.4
Married women, spouse present	64.4	62.1	3.6	2.7	-	4.5
Women who maintain families	61.9	54.9	11.3	8.5	-	14.1
Phoenix-Mesa MSA						
Total	66.3	62.8	5.3	4.6	-	6.0
Men	75.7	71.9	5.0	4.2	-	5.8
Women	57.1	53.8	5.7	4.7	-	6.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	46.4	36.0	22.3	18.1	-	26.5
White	66.4	63.1	5.0	4.3	-	5.7
Men	76.2	72.6	4.7	3.9	-	5.5
Women	56.6	53.6	5.3	4.3	-	6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	47.6	37.9	20.4	16.0	-	24.8
Black or African American	69.2	63.0	9.0	4.9	-	13.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	68.3	63.6	6.9	5.5	-	8.3
Men	85.7	81.0	5.5	3.9	-	7.1
Women	49.9	45.2	9.5	6.8	-	12.2
Married men, spouse present	78.7	76.6	2.6	1.8	-	3.4
Married women, spouse present	55.4	53.4	3.6	2.5	-	4.7
Women who maintain families	66.8	63.3	5.3	2.6	-	8.0
Pittsburgh MSA						
Total	61.0	57.9	5.1	4.3	-	5.9
Men	68.8	65.0	5.5	4.4	-	6.6
Women	54.4	51.8	4.8	3.7	-	5.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	43.4	39.0	10.0	5.0	-	15.0
White	61.2	58.2	4.9	4.1	-	5.7
Men	69.3	65.5	5.5	4.3	-	6.7
Women	54.3	51.9	4.4	3.3	-	5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	45.1	41.0	9.1	4.2	-	14.0
Black or African American	56.0	52.2	6.8	2.7	-	10.9
Married men, spouse present	71.5	68.5	4.1	2.8	-	5.4
Married women, spouse present	55.7	53.3	4.2	2.8	-	5.6
Women who maintain families	62.2	56.7	8.8	4.5	-	13.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Portland-Vancouver PMSA						
Total	70.7	64.3	9.0	8.1	-	9.9
Men	79.3	70.7	10.8	9.6	-	12.0
Women	62.4	58.1	6.9	5.8	-	8.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	37.2	25.9	30.4	24.1	-	36.7
White	70.5	64.2	8.9	8.0	-	9.8
Men	79.4	70.9	10.7	9.4	-	12.0
Women	61.7	57.6	6.7	5.5	-	7.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	37.1	26.4	28.8	22.2	-	35.4
Black or African American	69.2	59.2	14.4	8.2	-	20.6
Men	76.4	62.1	18.7	9.7	-	27.7
Asian	77.5	72.6	6.3	3.3	-	9.3
Men	83.3	78.0	6.4	2.0	-	10.8
Women	73.0	68.5	6.2	2.1	-	10.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	76.2	69.6	8.6	5.7	-	11.5
Men	87.5	80.4	8.1	4.6	-	11.6
Women	61.4	55.5	9.6	4.5	-	14.7
Married men, spouse present	83.6	76.8	8.1	6.7	-	9.5
Married women, spouse present	63.1	59.8	5.2	3.9	-	6.5
Women who maintain families	69.5	62.0	10.7	6.7	-	14.7
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA						
Total	68.3	64.2	6.0	5.4	-	6.6
Men	73.9	69.1	6.6	5.7	-	7.5
Women	63.0	59.6	5.4	4.5	-	6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	54.0	46.6	13.8	10.1	-	17.5
White	68.3	64.3	5.9	5.2	-	6.6
Men	74.3	69.4	6.6	5.6	-	7.6
Women	62.7	59.5	5.1	4.2	-	6.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	54.1	46.8	13.6	9.7	-	17.5
Black or African American	65.2	57.9	11.2	7.3	-	15.1
Men	66.2	59.8	9.6	4.2	-	15.0
Women	64.4	56.2	12.8	7.1	-	18.5
Asian	72.9	70.0	4.0	.7	-	7.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	67.5	59.1	12.5	9.6	-	15.4
Men	73.0	67.5	7.5	4.2	-	10.8
Women	62.9	52.0	17.3	12.7	-	21.9
Married men, spouse present	77.7	74.3	4.4	3.4	-	5.4
Married women, spouse present	66.1	63.5	3.9	2.8	-	5.0
Women who maintain families	68.1	62.1	8.9	6.1	-	11.7
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA						
Total	64.5	60.6	6.0	5.0	-	7.0
Men	74.4	70.0	5.9	4.6	-	7.2
Women	54.7	51.3	6.1	4.6	-	7.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	44.9	35.0	21.9	15.5	-	28.3
White	64.1	60.6	5.4	4.4	-	6.4
Men	74.3	70.2	5.6	4.3	-	6.9
Women	53.6	50.9	5.2	3.6	-	6.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	47.2	37.1	21.3	14.4	-	28.2
Black or African American	67.4	61.5	8.8	5.0	-	12.6
Men	76.7	69.7	9.1	4.0	-	14.2
Women	58.4	53.4	8.4	2.9	-	13.9
Asian	66.2	60.5	8.5	3.4	-	13.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	66.0	62.1	5.9	4.3	-	7.5
Men	81.6	77.4	5.2	3.3	-	7.1
Women	50.3	46.7	7.1	4.2	-	10.0
Married men, spouse present	80.7	78.2	3.1	1.9	-	4.3
Married women, spouse present	55.9	53.3	4.7	2.9	-	6.5
Women who maintain families	60.6	53.7	11.4	6.0	-	16.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Rochester MSA						
Total	62.2	57.2	8.1	6.7	-	9.5
Men	65.7	61.0	7.1	5.2	-	9.0
Women	59.1	53.8	9.0	7.0	-	11.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	61.3	51.3	16.4	10.0	-	22.8
White	62.9	58.6	6.9	5.5	-	8.3
Men	66.6	62.7	5.9	4.1	-	7.7
Women	59.7	55.0	8.0	5.9	-	10.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	64.4	54.3	15.8	9.0	-	22.6
Black or African American	56.5	45.1	20.1	13.7	-	26.5
Women	58.3	46.4	20.5	12.0	-	29.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	67.6	55.0	18.6	10.0	-	27.2
Married men, spouse present	63.9	60.5	5.3	3.0	-	7.6
Married women, spouse present	57.1	54.6	4.3	2.1	-	6.5
Women who maintain families	64.9	53.1	18.2	11.7	-	24.7
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA						
Total	68.2	63.9	6.3	5.1	-	7.5
Men	71.3	66.2	7.1	5.3	-	8.9
Women	65.3	61.7	5.5	3.9	-	7.1
White	68.6	65.0	5.3	4.0	-	6.6
Men	71.7	67.6	5.6	3.8	-	7.4
Women	65.7	62.4	4.9	3.2	-	6.6
Black or African American	73.4	62.8	14.4	8.0	-	20.8
Asian	61.3	56.8	7.4	3.2	-	11.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	70.4	65.8	6.4	3.1	-	9.7
Men	76.0	71.2	6.2	1.9	-	10.5
Women	63.8	59.5	6.7	1.4	-	12.0
Married men, spouse present	76.7	73.6	4.1	2.3	-	5.9
Married women, spouse present	66.2	63.9	3.5	1.7	-	5.3
Women who maintain families	69.4	63.0	9.2	3.5	-	14.9
St. Louis MSA ³						
Total	69.5	65.3	6.0	5.2	-	6.8
Men	76.2	71.5	6.2	5.1	-	7.3
Women	63.6	60.0	5.8	4.7	-	6.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	54.5	44.2	18.9	14.3	-	23.5
White	69.7	66.7	4.3	3.5	-	5.1
Men	76.7	73.2	4.7	3.6	-	5.8
Women	63.1	60.7	3.9	2.9	-	4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	59.3	51.1	13.8	8.9	-	18.7
Black or African American	67.0	57.8	13.7	11.2	-	16.2
Men	73.3	63.3	13.6	9.9	-	17.3
Women	62.6	54.0	13.8	10.5	-	17.1
Asian	77.7	74.5	4.2	.6	-	7.8
Married men, spouse present	76.8	74.3	3.3	2.2	-	4.4
Married women, spouse present	63.8	61.8	3.1	1.9	-	4.3
Women who maintain families	77.8	67.6	13.2	9.5	-	16.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA						
Total	71.8	67.7	5.7	5.0	-	6.4
Men	80.1	75.2	6.1	5.2	-	7.0
Women	63.8	60.5	5.3	4.3	-	6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	54.3	45.4	16.4	12.9	-	19.9
White	71.6	67.7	5.5	4.8	-	6.2
Men	80.0	75.3	5.9	5.0	-	6.8
Women	63.6	60.3	5.1	4.1	-	6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	56.3	47.6	15.4	11.9	-	18.9
Asian	76.3	73.6	3.6	.1	-	7.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	71.5	64.5	9.9	7.2	-	12.6
Men	83.4	75.6	9.4	6.2	-	12.6
Women	56.2	50.1	10.9	6.2	-	15.6
Married men, spouse present	84.6	81.9	3.2	2.3	-	4.1
Married women, spouse present	62.9	61.0	3.0	2.0	-	4.0
Women who maintain families	74.5	70.5	5.3	2.6	-	8.0
San Antonio MSA						
Total	66.2	62.1	6.2	5.0	-	7.4
Men	74.3	70.0	5.8	4.3	-	7.3
Women	58.7	54.7	6.8	5.1	-	8.5
White	66.3	62.2	6.3	5.1	-	7.5
Men	74.2	69.9	5.8	4.3	-	7.3
Women	58.8	54.8	6.9	5.1	-	8.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	65.9	61.0	7.3	5.7	-	8.9
Men	75.3	70.5	6.4	4.3	-	8.5
Women	57.0	52.1	8.6	6.0	-	11.2
Married men, spouse present	80.0	77.6	3.1	1.7	-	4.5
Married women, spouse present	58.2	55.8	4.2	2.3	-	6.1
Women who maintain families	66.5	60.2	9.5	4.4	-	14.6
San Diego MSA						
Total	64.0	61.0	4.7	3.8	-	5.6
Men	72.8	69.5	4.6	3.4	-	5.8
Women	55.3	52.6	4.9	3.5	-	6.3
White	64.7	62.0	4.2	3.2	-	5.2
Men	73.7	70.9	3.8	2.6	-	5.0
Women	55.5	52.9	4.6	3.1	-	6.1
Asian	58.4	54.4	7.0	3.8	-	10.2
Women	54.9	52.8	3.8	.4	-	7.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	65.8	63.6	3.4	1.8	-	5.0
Men	79.9	78.3	2.0	.5	-	3.5
Women	51.2	48.3	5.6	2.3	-	8.9
Married men, spouse present	78.9	76.8	2.6	1.4	-	3.8
Married women, spouse present	54.4	52.0	4.4	2.5	-	6.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
San Francisco PMSA						
Total	68.2	62.9	7.8	6.4	-	9.2
Men	73.0	66.7	8.7	6.8	-	10.6
Women	63.1	58.9	6.7	4.8	-	8.6
White	68.9	65.2	5.4	4.0	-	6.8
Men	73.0	68.3	6.4	4.4	-	8.4
Women	64.1	61.5	4.0	2.2	-	5.8
Black or African American	62.3	51.0	18.2	9.6	-	26.8
Asian	66.7	59.1	11.5	8.3	-	14.7
Men	75.5	65.5	13.3	8.3	-	18.3
Women	60.7	54.6	10.0	5.9	-	14.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	75.8	71.6	5.6	3.2	-	8.0
Men	83.8	80.3	4.2	1.6	-	6.8
Women	66.2	61.2	7.6	3.3	-	11.9
Married men, spouse present	79.3	74.8	5.7	3.4	-	8.0
Married women, spouse present	60.2	57.7	4.1	1.8	-	6.4
Women who maintain families	76.4	67.1	12.2	5.9	-	18.5
San Jose PMSA						
Total	72.0	64.9	9.9	8.4	-	11.4
Men	77.5	69.3	10.6	8.5	-	12.7
Women	66.6	60.5	9.1	7.0	-	11.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	42.4	36.8	13.1	5.2	-	21.0
White	71.6	64.8	9.4	7.5	-	11.3
Men	76.2	68.6	10.0	7.4	-	12.6
Women	66.9	61.1	8.7	6.1	-	11.3
Asian	71.6	63.8	10.9	8.3	-	13.5
Men	79.2	70.8	10.6	7.1	-	14.1
Women	64.6	57.3	11.3	7.5	-	15.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	72.9	65.0	10.8	7.4	-	14.2
Men	78.7	70.4	10.6	6.2	-	15.0
Women	65.8	58.6	10.9	5.6	-	16.2
Married men, spouse present	82.6	74.7	9.5	7.0	-	12.0
Married women, spouse present	63.9	58.0	9.3	6.4	-	12.2
Women who maintain families	83.0	75.5	9.1	2.8	-	15.4
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA						
Total	69.6	65.1	6.5	5.7	-	7.3
Men	76.1	70.9	6.9	5.8	-	8.0
Women	63.2	59.4	6.0	4.8	-	7.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	49.2	38.8	21.0	15.2	-	26.8
White	70.2	66.0	6.1	5.2	-	7.0
Men	77.8	72.8	6.3	5.1	-	7.5
Women	62.9	59.3	5.8	4.5	-	7.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	50.2	40.0	20.4	13.8	-	27.0
Black or African American	64.2	52.3	18.5	12.3	-	24.7
Asian	64.0	59.9	6.4	3.8	-	9.0
Men	67.4	63.2	6.2	2.6	-	9.8
Women	60.9	56.9	6.5	2.8	-	10.2
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	79.4	75.8	4.4	2.2	-	6.6
Men	87.5	85.0	2.9	.6	-	5.2
Women	67.4	62.4	7.4	2.5	-	12.3
Married men, spouse present	78.9	76.2	3.3	2.2	-	4.4
Married women, spouse present	58.8	56.7	3.6	2.3	-	4.9
Women who maintain families	83.1	74.8	10.0	6.0	-	14.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA						
Total	62.4	59.0	5.4	4.6	-	6.2
Men	70.4	66.4	5.7	4.6	-	6.8
Women	55.1	52.3	5.1	3.9	-	6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	39.9	32.9	17.5	11.7	-	23.3
White	62.0	59.0	4.9	4.1	-	5.7
Men	70.3	66.7	5.1	4.0	-	6.2
Women	54.0	51.6	4.5	3.3	-	5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	41.2	34.2	16.9	10.7	-	23.1
Black or African American	66.0	59.2	10.3	7.0	-	13.6
Men	71.1	62.7	11.7	6.4	-	17.0
Women	62.6	56.8	9.2	5.0	-	13.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	65.9	61.2	7.2	4.5	-	9.9
Men	77.6	72.4	6.6	3.0	-	10.2
Women	56.7	52.3	7.8	3.7	-	11.9
Married men, spouse present	73.2	70.9	3.1	1.9	-	4.3
Married women, spouse present	57.0	55.2	3.2	1.9	-	4.5
Women who maintain families	63.1	57.0	9.7	6.0	-	13.4
Washington D.C. PMSA						
Total	73.6	70.6	4.1	3.7	-	4.5
Men	80.5	77.0	4.3	3.7	-	4.9
Women	67.5	64.9	3.8	3.2	-	4.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	39.8	34.9	12.4	9.0	-	15.8
White	74.7	72.5	3.0	2.5	-	3.5
Men	82.3	79.8	3.1	2.5	-	3.7
Women	67.3	65.4	2.8	2.2	-	3.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	44.9	41.9	6.8	3.5	-	10.1
Black or African American	71.3	66.8	6.3	5.3	-	7.3
Men	74.3	68.9	7.4	5.9	-	8.9
Women	68.9	65.2	5.4	4.2	-	6.6
Asian	73.8	70.8	4.1	2.6	-	5.6
Men	86.1	82.2	4.5	2.4	-	6.6
Women	63.1	60.9	3.5	1.5	-	5.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	80.2	75.8	5.5	4.0	-	7.0
Men	89.9	85.6	4.8	3.0	-	6.6
Women	68.7	64.3	6.5	4.0	-	9.0
Married men, spouse present	86.7	84.4	2.6	2.0	-	3.2
Married women, spouse present	68.3	66.3	2.8	2.1	-	3.5
Women who maintain families	76.0	71.7	5.6	3.6	-	7.6
Baltimore central city						
Total	57.1	51.3	10.1	7.8	-	12.4
Men	62.1	56.7	8.8	5.7	-	11.9
Women	52.7	46.7	11.5	8.0	-	15.0
White	55.7	52.8	5.3	2.5	-	8.1
Men	65.3	62.9	3.8	.5	-	7.1
Women	47.3	43.9	7.2	2.4	-	12.0
Black or African American	57.1	49.2	13.8	10.4	-	17.2
Men	59.2	51.6	13.0	8.2	-	17.8
Women	55.3	47.3	14.6	9.9	-	19.3
Married men, spouse present	74.3	74.0	.4	(²)	-	(²)
Married women, spouse present	61.1	56.0	8.3	2.6	-	14.0
Women who maintain families	63.3	53.5	15.4	7.9	-	22.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Chicago central city						
Total	62.0	56.2	9.3	8.3	-	10.3
Men	68.4	61.2	10.5	9.1	-	11.9
Women	56.3	51.8	7.9	6.6	-	9.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	26.8	17.1	36.0	29.1	-	42.9
White	65.7	61.6	6.2	5.2	-	7.2
Men	73.9	68.4	7.4	5.9	-	8.9
Women	57.9	55.1	4.7	3.3	-	6.1
Black or African American	55.4	46.6	16.0	13.8	-	18.2
Men	56.6	45.6	19.5	16.0	-	23.0
Women	54.6	47.3	13.3	10.6	-	16.0
Asian	64.2	60.6	5.6	2.0	-	9.2
Men	73.8	69.5	5.8	1.3	-	10.3
Women	51.9	49.2	5.2	(2)	-	(2)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	66.0	60.1	9.0	7.0	-	11.0
Men	76.6	68.7	10.2	7.4	-	13.0
Women	55.2	51.2	7.2	4.3	-	10.1
Married men, spouse present	76.7	70.8	7.6	5.7	-	9.5
Married women, spouse present	58.6	55.2	5.7	3.8	-	7.6
Women who maintain families	64.6	57.7	10.7	7.6	-	13.8
Cleveland central city						
Total	62.1	55.5	10.6	7.7	-	13.5
Men	66.9	58.9	11.9	7.8	-	16.0
Women	58.2	52.7	9.4	5.7	-	13.1
White	64.3	60.2	6.5	3.3	-	9.7
Men	71.2	66.5	6.5	2.3	-	10.7
Women	57.6	53.9	6.4	1.7	-	11.1
Black or African American	60.4	51.1	15.4	10.7	-	20.1
Men	62.1	49.0	21.1	13.4	-	28.8
Women	59.3	52.5	11.5	6.1	-	16.9
Married men, spouse present	67.0	58.8	12.2	6.0	-	18.4
Married women, spouse present	58.8	54.8	6.8	1.3	-	12.3
Women who maintain families	63.9	56.7	11.2	4.2	-	18.2
Dallas central city						
Total	70.1	63.5	9.4	7.9	-	10.9
Men	82.6	75.4	8.7	6.8	-	10.6
Women	57.7	51.7	10.4	8.1	-	12.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	34.7	23.0	33.7	29.5	-	37.9
White	71.7	66.4	7.4	5.8	-	9.0
Men	85.0	79.3	6.7	4.8	-	8.6
Women	57.0	52.0	8.7	6.1	-	11.3
Black or African American	66.0	54.9	16.8	12.9	-	20.7
Men	73.2	60.1	17.9	12.3	-	23.5
Women	60.5	51.0	15.8	10.5	-	21.1
Asian	63.7	57.1	10.3	3.2	-	17.4
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	70.9	64.1	9.5	7.0	-	12.0
Men	89.1	82.4	7.5	4.7	-	10.3
Women	51.2	44.3	13.3	8.6	-	18.0
Married men, spouse present	86.7	81.1	6.5	4.3	-	8.7
Married women, spouse present	56.2	50.9	9.5	6.3	-	12.7
Women who maintain families	70.1	61.8	11.9	6.1	-	17.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Detroit central city						
Total	54.4	47.1	13.4	11.2	-	15.6
Men	56.6	47.8	15.5	12.2	-	18.8
Women	52.7	46.6	11.7	8.9	-	14.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	33.7	21.6	35.8	26.8	-	44.8
White	46.7	40.4	13.5	6.0	-	21.0
Men	51.8	43.5	16.1	5.7	-	26.5
Black or African American	55.3	47.8	13.4	11.1	-	15.7
Men	57.5	48.5	15.6	12.1	-	19.1
Women	53.6	47.3	11.7	8.9	-	14.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	32.7	22.2	32.1	20.6	-	43.6
Married men, spouse present	58.0	49.9	13.9	8.3	-	19.5
Married women, spouse present	54.2	50.6	6.7	2.0	-	11.4
Women who maintain families	60.8	52.9	13.0	8.3	-	17.7
District of Columbia						
Total	66.6	61.9	7.0	6.3	-	7.7
Men	71.8	66.6	7.2	6.3	-	8.1
Women	62.1	58.0	6.7	5.8	-	7.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	22.7	16.2	28.5	21.4	-	35.6
White	77.7	74.9	3.6	2.9	-	4.3
Men	82.9	79.5	4.1	3.1	-	5.1
Women	72.5	70.4	2.9	2.0	-	3.8
Black or African American	58.6	52.6	10.4	9.3	-	11.5
Men	62.9	56.1	10.8	9.2	-	12.4
Women	55.4	49.8	10.0	8.6	-	11.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	22.1	15.8	28.4	19.7	-	37.1
Asian	69.2	67.4	2.5	(2)	-	(2)
Women	67.0	64.2	4.1	(2)	-	(2)
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	79.7	73.9	7.2	5.1	-	9.3
Men	88.4	81.5	7.8	5.0	-	10.6
Women	70.4	65.9	6.4	3.4	-	9.4
Married men, spouse present	73.8	70.5	4.4	3.1	-	5.7
Married women, spouse present	63.9	61.1	4.3	2.8	-	5.8
Women who maintain families	61.5	54.4	11.5	8.9	-	14.1
Houston central city						
Total	67.9	62.2	8.4	7.2	-	9.6
Men	76.9	70.4	8.5	6.9	-	10.1
Women	58.9	54.0	8.3	6.5	-	10.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	31.9	25.1	21.3	13.4	-	29.2
White	70.2	65.3	7.0	5.6	-	8.4
Men	81.6	75.9	6.9	5.2	-	8.6
Women	58.0	53.9	7.1	5.0	-	9.2
Black or African American	62.2	55.3	11.1	8.5	-	13.7
Men	64.3	56.3	12.4	8.5	-	16.3
Women	60.5	54.5	10.0	6.6	-	13.4
Asian	65.0	56.7	12.7	7.9	-	17.5
Men	72.0	63.4	11.9	5.8	-	18.0
Women	56.8	48.9	13.9	6.2	-	21.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	70.0	64.7	7.7	5.7	-	9.7
Men	85.3	79.3	7.1	4.8	-	9.4
Women	52.9	48.3	8.8	5.4	-	12.2
Married men, spouse present	80.2	74.6	7.0	4.9	-	9.1
Married women, spouse present	55.1	50.3	8.6	5.9	-	11.3
Women who maintain families	69.1	63.7	7.9	3.8	-	12.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
Indianapolis central city						
Total	65.5	62.8	4.2	3.0	-	5.4
Men	75.5	72.4	4.0	2.4	-	5.6
Women	57.0	54.6	4.4	2.6	-	6.2
White	64.8	62.0	4.3	2.9	-	5.7
Men	75.6	72.3	4.4	2.5	-	6.3
Women	55.0	52.7	4.2	2.1	-	6.3
Black or African American	66.9	64.1	4.1	1.6	-	6.6
Women	62.5	59.5	4.9	1.3	-	8.5
Married men, spouse present	76.5	74.5	2.6	.6	-	4.6
Married women, spouse present	62.0	59.7	3.7	1.1	-	6.3
Los Angeles central city						
Total	65.7	60.4	8.2	7.2	-	9.2
Men	75.9	69.8	8.0	6.7	-	9.3
Women	55.7	51.1	8.4	6.9	-	9.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	30.3	23.2	23.3	15.8	-	30.8
White	67.2	61.8	8.1	7.0	-	9.2
Men	77.3	71.3	7.8	6.4	-	9.2
Women	56.8	52.0	8.5	6.8	-	10.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	31.7	24.8	21.8	14.0	-	29.6
Black or African American	57.9	50.6	12.5	8.9	-	16.1
Men	64.4	55.3	14.2	8.7	-	19.7
Women	52.8	47.0	11.0	6.2	-	15.8
Asian	61.6	59.0	4.1	1.8	-	6.4
Men	72.7	69.4	4.5	1.2	-	7.8
Women	52.1	50.2	3.6	.4	-	6.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	68.1	62.2	8.6	7.2	-	10.0
Men	81.2	74.8	7.9	6.2	-	9.6
Women	54.5	49.2	9.7	7.4	-	12.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	33.5	26.5	21.1	12.1	-	30.1
Married men, spouse present	81.4	76.8	5.7	4.1	-	7.3
Married women, spouse present	54.6	51.1	6.5	4.4	-	8.6
Women who maintain families	69.3	61.5	11.4	7.1	-	15.7
Milwaukee central city						
Total	62.2	53.5	14.1	11.7	-	16.5
Men	67.4	57.3	15.0	11.7	-	18.3
Women	58.3	50.5	13.4	10.3	-	16.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	32.7	21.5	34.3	30.6	-	38.0
White	63.5	58.2	8.3	5.9	-	10.7
Men	69.2	62.4	9.9	6.4	-	13.4
Women	58.1	54.3	6.6	3.5	-	9.7
Black or African American	59.3	44.5	25.0	20.7	-	29.3
Men	61.7	44.7	27.6	21.0	-	34.2
Women	58.0	44.4	23.5	18.2	-	28.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	63.7	56.7	11.0	5.8	-	16.2
Men	77.2	69.5	10.0	3.8	-	16.2
Women	48.6	42.4	12.7	3.7	-	21.7
Married men, spouse present	69.2	67.0	3.2	.3	-	6.1
Married women, spouse present	51.7	49.8	3.7	.1	-	7.3
Women who maintain families	63.3	47.8	24.5	18.8	-	30.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
New York central city						
Total	58.4	53.5	8.4	7.9	-	8.9
Men	65.8	60.2	8.5	7.8	-	9.2
Women	51.9	47.7	8.2	7.4	-	9.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	21.7	15.5	28.7	25.0	-	32.4
White	58.2	54.1	7.1	6.4	-	7.8
Men	67.3	62.8	6.8	5.9	-	7.7
Women	49.7	45.9	7.5	6.5	-	8.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	22.2	16.3	26.6	21.3	-	31.9
Black or African American	56.5	49.3	12.6	11.4	-	13.8
Men	58.3	49.0	15.9	14.0	-	17.8
Women	55.1	49.6	10.0	8.6	-	11.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	19.9	12.5	37.1	30.6	-	43.6
Asian	64.8	61.7	4.8	3.6	-	6.0
Men	75.0	71.7	4.4	2.9	-	5.9
Women	55.3	52.3	5.4	3.5	-	7.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	57.4	52.0	9.5	8.4	-	10.6
Men	67.2	61.7	8.1	6.7	-	9.5
Women	48.7	43.3	11.1	9.4	-	12.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	21.5	15.7	27.1	19.0	-	35.2
Married men, spouse present	74.1	70.7	4.6	3.8	-	5.4
Married women, spouse present	52.8	49.6	6.1	5.0	-	7.2
Women who maintain families	63.0	57.8	8.3	6.7	-	9.9
Philadelphia central city						
Total	54.0	48.9	9.5	8.1	-	10.9
Men	58.2	52.2	10.2	8.1	-	12.3
Women	50.7	46.3	8.8	6.9	-	10.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	29.4	20.5	30.2	20.5	-	39.9
White	58.5	54.2	7.4	5.7	-	9.1
Men	64.1	58.8	8.4	5.9	-	10.9
Women	53.4	50.0	6.3	4.0	-	8.6
Black or African American	47.5	41.6	12.3	9.8	-	14.8
Men	47.2	40.3	14.6	10.3	-	18.9
Women	47.7	42.6	10.8	7.7	-	13.9
Asian	61.0	53.7	12.0	5.7	-	18.3
Men	73.6	68.0	7.6	.7	-	14.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	51.2	46.4	9.4	4.3	-	14.5
Men	66.0	58.2	11.8	4.5	-	19.1
Married men, spouse present	62.2	60.2	3.3	1.4	-	5.2
Married women, spouse present	54.3	50.9	6.4	3.5	-	9.3
Women who maintain families	54.9	46.9	14.5	9.7	-	19.3
Phoenix central city						
Total	67.3	62.8	6.7	5.5	-	7.9
Men	76.7	71.9	6.3	4.8	-	7.8
Women	58.0	53.9	7.1	5.3	-	8.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	50.3	34.5	31.5	26.0	-	37.0
White	67.5	63.2	6.3	5.1	-	7.5
Men	77.9	73.3	6.0	4.4	-	7.6
Women	56.9	53.0	6.9	5.0	-	8.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	51.8	36.6	29.3	23.3	-	35.3
Black or African American	70.3	64.4	8.4	3.1	-	13.7
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	68.3	62.8	8.1	6.1	-	10.1
Men	85.2	79.5	6.6	4.3	-	8.9
Women	50.0	44.7	10.7	6.9	-	14.5
Married men, spouse present	82.9	80.5	2.8	1.4	-	4.2
Married women, spouse present	57.1	54.5	4.7	2.4	-	7.0
Women who maintain families	59.3	55.5	6.5	1.9	-	11.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
St. Louis central city						
Total	65.6	60.3	8.0	5.7	-	10.3
Men	71.6	64.9	9.3	5.9	-	12.7
Women	61.0	56.9	6.7	3.9	-	9.5
White	70.0	67.5	3.6	1.3	-	5.9
Men	75.9	74.3	2.1	(²)	-	(²)
Women	64.3	60.9	5.2	1.2	-	9.2
Black or African American	56.2	47.8	14.9	10.4	-	19.4
Men	66.2	54.6	17.5	10.9	-	24.1
Women	49.1	43.0	12.4	6.6	-	18.2
Asian	84.1	80.8	3.8	(²)	-	(²)
Married men, spouse present	68.9	63.9	7.2	2.0	-	12.4
Married women, spouse present	56.6	55.1	2.8	(²)	-	(²)
San Antonio central city						
Total	67.0	62.5	6.8	5.3	-	8.3
Men	76.1	71.1	6.5	4.6	-	8.4
Women	58.6	54.5	7.1	5.0	-	9.2
White	67.7	63.0	7.0	5.5	-	8.5
Men	76.6	71.6	6.5	4.5	-	8.5
Women	59.4	54.8	7.7	5.4	-	10.0
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	65.9	60.9	7.6	5.7	-	9.5
Men	76.1	70.6	7.2	4.8	-	9.6
Women	56.2	51.6	8.2	5.3	-	11.1
Married men, spouse present	82.0	78.9	3.7	1.8	-	5.6
Married women, spouse present	57.6	54.5	5.4	2.7	-	8.1
Women who maintain families	72.2	66.7	7.6	2.3	-	12.9
San Diego central city						
Total	66.2	62.4	5.7	4.3	-	7.1
Men	74.3	70.2	5.5	3.7	-	7.3
Women	57.9	54.5	5.9	3.8	-	8.0
White	67.6	64.6	4.4	3.0	-	5.8
Men	76.8	73.6	4.2	2.4	-	6.0
Women	58.1	55.4	4.7	2.5	-	6.9
Asian	59.3	53.7	9.4	5.3	-	13.5
Men	62.5	54.4	12.9	6.5	-	19.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	67.9	65.4	3.7	1.3	-	6.1
Men	82.1	80.5	1.8	(²)	-	(²)
Married men, spouse present	80.3	76.9	4.2	1.9	-	6.5
Married women, spouse present	57.0	53.8	5.6	2.5	-	8.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and marital status, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment			
			Rate	Error range of rate ¹		
San Francisco central city						
Total	66.8	59.7	10.6	8.4	-	12.8
Men	70.6	61.8	12.5	9.3	-	15.7
Women	62.7	57.4	8.4	5.5	-	11.3
White	70.3	65.4	7.0	4.6	-	9.4
Men	71.1	64.6	9.1	5.5	-	12.7
Women	69.3	66.4	4.2	1.3	-	7.1
Black or African American	56.8	41.2	27.5	16.0	-	39.0
Asian	62.2	54.2	13.0	8.6	-	17.4
Men	71.5	59.8	16.3	9.5	-	23.1
Women	55.2	49.9	9.7	4.3	-	15.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	73.8	67.3	8.8	4.8	-	12.8
Men	76.9	70.7	8.2	2.8	-	13.6
Women	70.7	64.0	9.4	3.4	-	15.4
Married men, spouse present	76.6	69.9	8.8	4.4	-	13.2
Married women, spouse present	58.2	54.8	5.8	1.6	-	10.0
Women who maintain families	78.1	63.8	18.3	8.5	-	28.1

¹ Error ranges are calculated at the 90-percent confidence interval, which means that if repeated samples were drawn from the same population and an error range constructed around each sample estimate, in 9 out of 10 cases the true value based on a census of the population would be contained within these error ranges.

² Error ranges cannot be properly computed when the number

of sample cases is very small and/or the unemployment rate is low.

³ Data do not reflect the official U.S. Office of Management and Budget definition. See appendix C.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the area based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the civilian noninstitutional population ages 25 and over by educational attainment, 2003 annual averages

Area and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Atlanta MSA			
Less than a high school diploma	52.8	50.5	4.3
High school graduates, no college	71.9	68.6	4.6
Some college or associate degreee	80.0	76.1	4.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	84.1	82.1	2.4
Baltimore PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	36.8	34.2	7.1
High school graduates, no college	61.4	58.7	4.3
Some college or associate degreee	74.9	72.3	3.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.8	78.0	2.3
Bergen-Passaic PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	43.7	39.4	9.9
High school graduates, no college	60.7	58.5	3.7
Some college or associate degreee	68.8	65.5	4.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	82.8	81.2	1.9
Boston PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	35.0	31.9	8.9
High school graduates, no college	61.2	58.1	5.0
Some college or associate degreee	69.9	66.0	5.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	82.4	79.1	4.1
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA			
High school graduates, no college	60.6	57.9	4.5
Some college or associate degreee	72.6	67.7	6.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.4	77.1	4.1
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA			
Less than a high school diploma	45.5	39.7	12.7
High school graduates, no college	65.7	60.4	8.0
Some college or associate degreee	73.5	69.5	5.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.8	76.9	2.4
Chicago PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	51.7	46.4	10.2
High school graduates, no college	62.1	58.3	6.1
Some college or associate degreee	76.0	71.6	5.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.4	76.5	3.7
Cincinnati PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	41.6	38.7	6.9
High school graduates, no college	67.0	64.0	4.5
Some college or associate degreee	76.9	74.9	2.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.4	76.0	1.9
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	42.1	38.8	7.7
High school graduates, no college	61.9	57.4	7.2
Some college or associate degreee	76.5	73.1	4.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.9	78.7	2.7

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the civilian noninstitutional population ages 25 and over by educational attainment, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Area and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Columbus, Ohio MSA			
Less than a high school diploma	52.5	48.2	8.2
High school graduates, no college	67.4	63.7	5.5
Some college or associate degreee	75.6	71.9	4.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	82.9	79.3	4.4
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	63.4	57.5	9.2
High school graduates, no college	71.1	66.2	6.9
Some college or associate degreee	80.4	75.4	6.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	83.4	79.6	4.6
Dayton-Springfield MSA			
Less than a high school diploma	38.3	31.4	17.9
High school graduates, no college	63.8	59.5	6.7
Some college or associate degreee	70.5	65.9	6.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.3	75.4	3.7
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	58.6	53.9	8.0
High school graduates, no college	69.7	66.0	5.3
Some college or associate degreee	75.5	71.3	5.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.9	77.7	4.0
Detroit PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	35.2	30.3	14.1
High school graduates, no college	61.3	56.6	7.7
Some college or associate degreee	71.5	67.1	6.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.5	76.9	3.2
Fort Lauderdale PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	46.5	42.0	9.5
High school graduates, no college	61.0	56.6	7.2
Some college or associate degreee	75.3	71.7	4.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.4	76.4	2.6
Hartford PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	34.7	32.7	5.6
High school graduates, no college	63.1	60.0	4.8
Some college or associate degreee	75.6	72.2	4.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.6	75.5	2.7
Houston PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	55.3	50.6	8.4
High school graduates, no college	69.2	64.1	7.4
Some college or associate degreee	72.6	67.6	6.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.6	77.4	4.1
Indianapolis MSA			
High school graduates, no college	64.1	61.2	4.4
Some college or associate degreee	77.6	75.7	2.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.3	78.0	1.7

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the civilian noninstitutional population ages 25 and over by educational attainment, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Area and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Kansas City MSA			
Less than a high school diploma	44.0	40.0	8.9
High school graduates, no college	69.8	64.8	7.1
Some college or associate degreee	77.9	74.3	4.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.0	78.3	3.3
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	55.2	51.2	7.2
High school graduates, no college	64.6	60.0	7.0
Some college or associate degreee	71.4	67.7	5.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.2	73.3	5.0
Louisville MSA			
Less than a high school diploma	35.8	32.5	9.2
High school graduates, no college	65.8	62.2	5.5
Some college or associate degreee	74.7	70.3	5.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	83.7	81.3	2.8
Memphis MSA			
Less than a high school diploma	54.4	50.2	7.6
High school graduates, no college	70.5	62.3	11.7
Some college or associate degreee	78.4	72.6	7.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.3	77.2	2.6
Miami PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	39.2	36.9	5.9
High school graduates, no college	63.3	60.9	3.8
Some college or associate degreee	71.8	68.2	5.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	75.6	72.9	3.5
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	43.7	36.1	17.4
High school graduates, no college	67.6	63.3	6.4
Some college or associate degreee	77.4	74.3	4.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.8	77.2	3.2
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA			
Less than a high school diploma	47.6	43.2	9.3
High school graduates, no college	71.6	68.5	4.3
Some college or associate degreee	82.2	78.7	4.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	83.2	80.7	3.0
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	51.1	48.1	5.9
High school graduates, no college	61.8	59.6	3.5
Some college or associate degreee	74.5	72.3	2.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.7	76.5	2.8
New Orleans MSA			
Less than a high school diploma	40.5	36.7	9.4
High school graduates, no college	57.9	55.0	5.0
Some college or associate degreee	71.6	69.2	3.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	72.6	69.7	4.1

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the civilian noninstitutional population ages 25 and over by educational attainment, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Area and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
New York PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	42.5	37.9	10.8
High school graduates, no college	57.4	54.0	5.9
Some college or associate degreee	68.7	63.0	8.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.1	73.5	4.6
Newark PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	44.0	39.0	11.3
High school graduates, no college	63.8	59.8	6.3
Some college or associate degreee	77.4	72.3	6.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.7	78.0	4.6
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA			
High school graduates, no college	57.3	56.6	1.3
Some college or associate degreee	70.2	68.8	2.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	71.8	70.9	1.3
Oakland PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	44.1	42.1	4.5
High school graduates, no college	64.9	60.8	6.3
Some college or associate degreee	69.6	63.9	8.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.0	74.7	4.3
Oklahoma City MSA			
Less than a high school diploma	44.8	40.9	8.7
High school graduates, no college	61.3	58.0	5.5
Some college or associate degreee	68.0	65.4	3.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.4	77.8	3.3
Orange County PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	60.4	59.0	2.3
High school graduates, no college	61.1	58.6	4.1
Some college or associate degreee	65.8	63.7	3.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.7	77.4	2.9
Philadelphia PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	35.2	31.6	10.3
High school graduates, no college	61.3	57.9	5.6
Some college or associate degreee	74.0	70.0	5.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.2	77.7	3.1
Phoenix-Mesa MSA			
Less than a high school diploma	56.1	51.7	7.8
High school graduates, no college	63.8	61.3	3.9
Some college or associate degreee	67.4	65.1	3.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	76.1	73.8	3.1
Pittsburgh MSA			
High school graduates, no college	54.0	50.4	6.6
Some college or associate degreee	69.2	66.3	4.3
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.2	76.1	2.7

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the civilian noninstitutional population ages 25 and over by educational attainment, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Area and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Portland-Vancouver PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	58.3	50.0	14.2
High school graduates, no college	68.2	63.6	6.7
Some college or associate degreee	74.8	68.4	8.5
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.5	74.1	5.5
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA			
Less than a high school diploma	42.7	37.8	11.3
High school graduates, no college	65.3	61.6	5.6
Some college or associate degreee	76.7	73.7	3.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	83.1	80.5	3.2
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	51.9	48.6	6.3
High school graduates, no college	63.9	60.5	5.3
Some college or associate degreee	68.8	65.5	4.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	74.6	72.9	2.3
Rochester MSA			
Less than a high school diploma	38.8	30.9	20.4
High school graduates, no college	60.3	54.6	9.4
Some college or associate degreee	64.1	61.5	4.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	67.4	65.4	2.9
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA			
High school graduates, no college	65.7	59.4	9.5
Some college or associate degreee	70.3	67.6	3.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.2	77.5	2.2
St. Louis MSA ¹			
Less than a high school diploma	32.9	27.8	15.6
High school graduates, no college	67.2	63.9	4.9
Some college or associate degreee	76.7	72.9	4.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.9	76.2	2.2
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA			
Less than a high school diploma	61.7	56.6	8.3
High school graduates, no college	67.1	64.1	4.4
Some college or associate degreee	73.5	70.0	4.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.3	78.0	2.8
San Antonio MSA			
Less than a high school diploma	52.9	48.4	8.5
High school graduates, no college	69.7	66.6	4.5
Some college or associate degreee	74.1	70.5	4.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	75.5	73.4	2.8
San Diego MSA			
Less than a high school diploma	43.2	42.4	1.9
High school graduates, no college	62.1	58.9	5.2
Some college or associate degreee	66.8	63.7	4.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	72.9	70.8	2.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the civilian noninstitutional population ages 25 and over by educational attainment, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Area and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
San Francisco PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	63.3	57.5	9.2
High school graduates, no college	59.6	56.0	6.0
Some college or associate degreee	69.9	64.4	7.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.5	73.9	5.9
San Jose PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	51.6	44.1	14.5
High school graduates, no college	71.9	63.5	11.7
Some college or associate degreee	75.2	66.3	11.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.4	76.3	6.2
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	56.4	50.3	10.7
High school graduates, no college	64.6	61.1	5.4
Some college or associate degreee	70.9	66.5	6.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	76.0	72.9	4.1
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA			
Less than a high school diploma	38.2	35.3	7.7
High school graduates, no college	56.1	53.5	4.7
Some college or associate degreee	72.1	68.5	5.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	75.2	73.8	1.8
Washington D.C. PMSA			
Less than a high school diploma	57.9	55.2	4.6
High school graduates, no college	68.5	66.2	3.3
Some college or associate degreee	76.8	73.4	4.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	83.3	81.1	2.7
Baltimore central city			
Less than a high school diploma	25.7	21.7	15.5
High school graduates, no college	57.5	52.3	9.1
Some college or associate degreee	72.0	66.4	7.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.3	75.9	1.8
Chicago central city			
Less than a high school diploma	44.8	40.0	10.6
High school graduates, no college	57.2	52.0	9.1
Some college or associate degreee	73.3	67.2	8.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.9	76.2	4.6
Cleveland central city			
Less than a high school diploma	37.0	32.4	12.3
High school graduates, no college	64.0	57.8	9.6
Some college or associate degreee	76.7	71.3	7.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	82.3	78.5	4.6
Dallas central city			
Less than a high school diploma	63.8	57.1	10.5
High school graduates, no college	65.7	57.5	12.5
Some college or associate degreee	76.4	70.2	8.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.9	79.0	3.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the civilian noninstitutional population ages 25 and over by educational attainment, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Area and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
Detroit central city			
Less than a high school diploma	27.0	21.0	22.1
High school graduates, no college	58.4	52.1	10.9
Some college or associate degreee	67.2	58.4	13.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.5	74.6	3.8
District of Columbia			
Less than a high school diploma	42.8	36.3	15.3
High school graduates, no college	60.6	55.4	8.5
Some college or associate degreee	68.6	62.8	8.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.4	77.7	3.4
Houston central city			
Less than a high school diploma	52.6	47.6	9.5
High school graduates, no college	70.2	64.3	8.5
Some college or associate degreee	70.8	65.3	7.8
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.1	77.0	5.1
Indianapolis central city			
High school graduates, no college	62.8	58.8	6.2
Some college or associate degreee	77.3	74.9	3.1
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.8	76.0	2.4
Los Angeles central city			
Less than a high school diploma	60.6	56.0	7.6
High school graduates, no college	65.2	59.3	9.0
Some college or associate degreee	69.6	64.3	7.6
Bachelor's degree and higher	77.3	72.7	6.0
Milwaukee central city			
Less than a high school diploma	47.5	38.9	18.2
High school graduates, no college	60.2	52.6	12.7
Some college or associate degreee	71.5	65.1	8.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	75.3	68.4	9.2
New York central city			
Less than a high school diploma	41.4	36.7	11.3
High school graduates, no college	57.0	53.4	6.4
Some college or associate degreee	68.0	61.6	9.4
Bachelor's degree and higher	76.5	72.6	5.2
Philadelphia central city			
Less than a high school diploma	28.8	24.4	15.2
High school graduates, no college	51.5	47.4	7.9
Some college or associate degreee	67.4	62.0	7.9
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.6	76.3	3.0
Phoenix central city			
Less than a high school diploma	62.6	58.0	7.4
High school graduates, no college	65.3	63.1	3.3
Some college or associate degreee	69.3	66.5	4.0
Bachelor's degree and higher	78.1	75.1	3.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates for the civilian noninstitutional population ages 25 and over by educational attainment, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Area and educational attainment	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Unemployment rate
St. Louis central city			
High school graduates, no college	65.2	59.9	8.2
Some college or associate degreee	76.4	72.8	4.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	79.4	76.8	3.3
San Antonio central city			
Less than a high school diploma	55.1	50.4	8.6
High school graduates, no college	70.8	67.0	5.3
Some college or associate degreee	72.4	68.2	5.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	80.0	78.1	2.4
San Diego central city			
High school graduates, no college	65.9	60.8	7.9
Some college or associate degreee	68.6	64.0	6.7
Bachelor's degree and higher	76.2	74.2	2.6
San Francisco central city			
Less than a high school diploma	57.3	49.0	14.5
High school graduates, no college	61.1	57.7	5.6
Some college or associate degreee	66.1	58.0	12.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	81.4	75.2	7.6

¹ Data do not reflect the official U.S. Office of Management and Budget definition. See appendix C.
NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when

they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the area based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

Table 29. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Unemployment rates by occupation, 2003 annual averages

Area	Total 1	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Metropolitan areas:										
Atlanta MSA	4.2	4.2	2.2	5.1	4.0	5.5	2.5	7.0	3.7	8.5
Baltimore PMSA	4.6	3.3	2.4	6.9	5.3	4.3	7.8	(²)	7.7	6.2
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	4.1	4.1	2.7	5.0	4.8	2.8	(²)	(²)	(²)	2.2
Boston PMSA	5.1	5.9	3.7	5.5	5.3	5.3	(²)	(²)	3.7	9.4
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	5.7	3.3	2.7	8.3	3.5	5.5	(²)	(²)	8.6	9.3
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	6.9	3.2	2.8	7.5	6.0	5.9	14.3	10.6	11.2	12.3
Chicago PMSA	6.3	4.0	3.1	7.9	6.6	7.2	10.3	9.4	6.5	8.7
Cincinnati PMSA	4.3	1.6	1.6	7.0	4.6	3.6	(²)	(²)	8.8	6.0
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	5.6	4.6	1.8	7.2	5.4	4.3	8.9	7.8	12.1	8.1
Columbus, Ohio MSA	5.3	4.6	3.6	5.2	6.2	5.2	(²)	(²)	7.6	10.8
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	7.1	4.1	6.1	9.2	5.4	8.6	9.5	6.0	7.6	10.6
Dayton-Springfield MSA	8.0	6.5	1.2	11.7	12.1	4.8	14.3	(²)	10.3	9.8
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	5.9	4.0	3.7	8.6	5.9	7.5	8.8	5.1	5.8	5.5
Detroit PMSA	7.0	3.7	3.5	8.2	6.5	5.1	15.9	7.1	10.4	13.3
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	5.5	4.9	2.7	8.6	5.4	5.6	6.2	(²)	(²)	5.8
Hartford PMSA	4.9	2.7	2.9	6.7	4.2	6.8	8.1	(²)	7.6	8.0
Houston PMSA	6.8	4.2	4.0	8.8	7.5	5.4	10.4	5.6	8.7	10.8
Indianapolis MSA	3.1	2.1	1.2	3.4	3.6	2.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Kansas City MSA	5.9	4.1	3.5	9.4	7.0	5.6	6.1	4.8	7.8	8.5
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	6.4	3.5	5.6	7.3	5.8	5.8	9.2	7.3	8.8	8.8
Louisville MSA	5.7	2.5	3.0	5.9	8.0	4.6	10.9	(²)	9.1	11.4
Memphis MSA	8.3	4.7	4.4	13.5	5.3	8.5	8.7	7.3	21.6	8.2
Miami PMSA	4.5	3.4	3.5	5.6	4.0	5.3	6.0	1.7	2.8	4.7
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	5.9	2.9	4.3	8.5	4.1	6.0	9.5	(²)	6.7	13.7
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	4.6	2.9	2.8	5.0	6.7	4.5	7.9	5.8	7.7	5.8
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	3.9	3.2	2.4	5.1	5.4	4.1	4.0	(²)	4.2	6.6
New Orleans MSA	5.1	4.7	2.7	6.9	4.1	5.3	10.5	(²)	(²)	4.9
New York PMSA	6.8	4.6	5.0	7.2	7.8	7.2	11.3	8.4	8.5	8.7
Newark PMSA	6.8	3.1	5.1	8.8	8.5	7.6	10.4	8.9	8.9	8.7
Norfolk-Virginia Beach- Newport News MSA	2.3	(²)	1.7	2.9	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Oakland PMSA	6.4	3.1	5.6	7.7	4.5	7.9	10.9	(²)	(²)	9.5
Oklahoma City MSA	4.7	.9	2.8	5.4	7.2	5.0	6.3	(²)	11.3	(²)
Orange County PMSA	3.5	1.9	4.3	4.0	2.7	2.6	(²)	(²)	3.8	(²)
Philadelphia PMSA	5.6	4.1	3.1	9.9	6.5	4.3	10.4	6.5	4.9	7.4
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	4.8	2.8	3.3	5.4	5.1	5.4	4.7	6.6	6.1	9.5
Pittsburgh MSA	4.9	3.8	1.5	6.0	7.7	4.8	6.7	5.2	4.1	11.5
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	8.4	5.8	5.3	9.3	7.7	9.1	18.9	16.7	7.8	10.6
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	5.7	4.3	2.3	6.9	5.7	5.5	10.0	7.2	9.1	7.8
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	5.2	2.0	2.5	6.5	5.1	6.2	4.3	6.3	6.5	11.2
Rochester MSA	7.7	5.0	2.4	9.1	6.9	9.6	11.4	(²)	9.0	21.1
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	5.6	2.1	2.3	7.2	7.9	5.6	5.1	(²)	(²)	(²)
St. Louis MSA	5.6	1.9	3.2	9.5	6.4	5.0	7.5	4.3	7.0	7.8
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	5.5	2.6	3.0	6.2	8.1	5.3	11.7	7.4	5.8	6.4
San Antonio MSA	5.8	3.0	2.4	8.1	8.6	4.1	8.3	(²)	3.4	7.6
San Diego MSA	4.3	1.5	2.8	3.5	6.1	6.9	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 29. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Unemployment rates by occupation, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Area	Total ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Metropolitan areas:										
San Francisco PMSA	7.3	5.4	5.8	7.3	6.0	10.6	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
San Jose PMSA	9.4	6.9	7.7	8.8	11.6	10.6	(2)	(2)	17.2	8.1
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	6.1	4.2	3.8	8.1	6.7	6.4	8.1	8.7	8.3	7.2
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	4.9	3.7	2.8	7.3	4.3	4.4	6.4	3.9	5.5	9.9
Washington D.C. PMSA	3.7	2.7	2.7	4.5	5.7	4.1	5.2	4.0	4.3	4.4
Cities:										
Baltimore central city	9.7	(2)	2.2	15.5	7.1	12.1	(2)	(2)	(2)	4.5
Chicago central city	8.7	3.8	4.2	11.6	11.1	11.3	9.7	15.3	8.4	10.3
Cleveland central city	9.8	(2)	.5	15.1	(2)	5.1	(2)	(2)	6.4	(2)
Dallas central city	8.9	4.5	5.0	10.5	8.0	16.8	12.3	2.3	9.4	10.8
Detroit central city	12.7	2.0	5.9	13.4	20.8	9.4	18.0	(2)	13.6	21.8
District of Columbia	6.4	2.8	4.2	8.9	9.4	7.3	22.3	8.2	(2)	9.9
Houston central city	7.6	5.6	4.3	7.6	9.5	7.3	11.1	7.5	8.6	10.5
Indianapolis central city	4.2	(2)	2.1	2.7	(2)	2.7	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Los Angeles central city	7.5	4.1	6.7	8.4	6.2	6.5	10.1	8.6	10.8	9.6
Milwaukee central city	12.9	11.0	9.5	15.8	11.1	11.7	19.7	2.0	8.9	23.1
New York central city	7.6	5.2	5.6	7.7	9.0	7.9	12.1	9.3	9.2	9.4
Philadelphia central city	8.6	7.5	2.5	14.4	12.6	6.0	16.5	(2)	5.1	9.2
Phoenix central city	6.0	2.0	3.6	8.1	7.1	5.7	5.6	(2)	7.1	7.9
St. Louis central city	7.2	(2)	4.1	11.5	(2)	4.3	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
San Antonio central city	6.4	4.2	2.2	7.3	9.2	3.5	9.8	(2)	(2)	(2)
San Diego central city	5.1	.3	1.8	4.3	7.8	7.8	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
San Francisco central city	10.1	5.1	9.0	10.6	10.3	9.6	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience. Includes farming, fishing, forestry occupations, not shown separately.

² Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet

BLS publication standard of reliability for the particular area, based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2003 annual averages

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Total										
Metropolitan areas:										
Atlanta MSA	100.0	17.0	21.7	13.0	12.6	13.8	7.5	3.4	5.3	5.6
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	16.4	24.5	15.6	10.7	15.2	5.2	2.6	4.2	5.4
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	14.6	21.7	11.7	14.6	16.7	5.0	4.0	4.9	6.8
Boston PMSA	100.0	19.7	27.8	14.2	11.2	13.1	5.4	1.8	3.6	3.1
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	11.7	20.6	17.1	12.6	17.0	3.4	2.9	8.8	5.9
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	16.3	19.5	13.5	11.4	13.4	6.6	3.1	9.1	7.0
Chicago PMSA	100.0	15.9	20.5	14.8	11.7	15.0	5.9	3.1	6.8	6.1
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	15.6	20.8	16.3	11.5	15.5	3.8	3.4	6.3	6.4
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	13.0	20.7	17.9	12.8	15.0	4.4	3.6	6.6	5.8
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	16.2	20.6	19.0	10.3	15.5	3.6	3.5	5.4	5.8
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	15.4	18.4	14.0	13.6	15.3	6.2	4.4	6.9	5.7
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	12.9	18.4	17.0	9.4	14.3	6.1	3.9	11.6	5.9
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	17.7	21.8	14.4	11.9	13.9	6.2	3.2	4.8	5.9
Detroit PMSA	100.0	13.4	20.2	17.4	11.1	14.0	4.9	3.2	9.9	5.8
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	16.1	19.7	18.7	13.7	15.1	5.0	3.4	3.6	4.7
Hartford PMSA	100.0	17.0	23.7	14.1	11.8	13.9	5.3	3.1	6.9	4.2
Houston PMSA	100.0	13.9	19.4	15.9	11.9	14.8	7.7	4.0	6.0	6.4
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	14.8	23.9	13.2	10.6	14.9	5.3	4.9	6.4	6.2
Kansas City MSA	100.0	16.7	20.4	14.2	12.9	15.8	6.2	3.9	5.2	4.7
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	14.0	19.8	15.1	11.9	15.2	5.1	3.3	9.1	6.5
Louisville MSA	100.0	15.4	20.7	14.8	10.6	15.9	5.1	3.1	7.6	6.4
Memphis MSA	100.0	13.5	17.6	13.1	14.2	16.8	5.4	5.0	4.1	10.0
Miami PMSA	100.0	12.2	15.5	18.0	12.9	16.4	8.3	4.4	5.6	6.5
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	16.7	20.4	15.5	10.7	14.1	4.5	2.9	9.3	5.8
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	19.0	23.1	14.5	11.3	14.2	4.7	2.5	5.5	5.1
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	16.3	24.5	14.4	11.8	14.5	5.9	2.9	5.0	4.5
New Orleans MSA	100.0	13.2	22.2	16.5	12.5	14.1	7.5	2.9	4.4	6.7
New York PMSA	100.0	13.9	23.8	20.8	10.4	14.1	4.7	2.5	4.3	5.5
Newark PMSA	100.0	19.2	23.2	14.5	10.4	14.9	4.0	2.4	4.8	6.3
Norfolk-Va Beach-Newport News MSA ...	100.0	12.5	24.1	16.0	13.8	13.2	6.0	3.5	6.0	5.0
Oakland PMSA	100.0	17.6	25.5	12.0	13.6	15.2	4.3	3.4	3.8	4.6
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	17.5	20.8	14.9	10.8	14.2	6.7	3.9	6.5	4.6
Orange County PMSA	100.0	17.9	20.5	16.1	13.5	13.9	4.3	2.9	7.0	3.5
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	16.6	24.8	13.8	10.7	15.4	4.7	3.0	4.9	5.9
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	15.9	19.0	16.5	13.3	13.4	7.3	3.7	6.1	4.6
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	15.5	23.4	16.0	11.0	14.4	5.1	3.5	5.5	5.4
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	15.3	20.2	15.0	13.4	15.4	4.4	2.4	6.3	6.3
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	13.2	21.1	17.8	11.4	14.2	4.9	2.8	8.5	5.7
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	12.8	16.8	15.2	13.5	14.3	8.5	4.7	6.6	7.2
Rochester MSA	100.0	12.3	21.9	17.3	11.5	13.0	4.8	2.8	10.2	5.4
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	17.2	23.1	14.5	11.8	17.3	5.7	2.0	3.2	4.5
St. Louis MSA	100.0	13.6	22.6	17.4	12.6	13.1	5.9	3.0	5.7	6.0
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	15.6	19.2	13.7	13.0	16.6	5.3	3.8	6.4	6.3
San Antonio MSA	100.0	11.7	19.4	19.2	13.5	15.0	7.4	3.5	5.2	4.9
San Diego MSA	100.0	17.8	24.4	15.4	12.8	13.6	5.3	3.5	4.4	2.7
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	16.4	24.5	22.2	12.4	11.8	2.8	2.1	4.4	3.0
San Jose PMSA	100.0	17.8	32.5	12.8	8.8	11.9	2.7	2.4	5.4	5.8
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	16.3	24.3	15.2	10.6	12.8	6.3	3.4	5.8	4.7
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA ...	100.0	14.8	21.0	15.9	13.4	14.5	5.3	3.9	5.7	5.2
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	21.5	27.9	14.0	9.2	12.5	5.3	3.1	2.3	4.1
Cities:										
Baltimore central city	100.0	7.1	21.1	22.6	8.7	16.0	6.6	3.3	5.8	8.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Total										
Cities:										
Chicago central city	100.0	13.2	21.8	18.0	10.2	15.6	5.9	2.6	5.8	7.0
Cleveland central city	100.0	8.6	17.0	24.6	8.3	16.9	2.5	3.7	10.4	7.8
Dallas central city	100.0	14.1	17.9	16.3	12.1	10.8	8.7	4.3	8.9	6.4
Detroit central city	100.0	7.3	14.6	27.3	8.5	14.5	3.8	3.0	12.7	8.3
District of Columbia	100.0	20.6	34.0	15.7	6.1	14.2	2.9	1.5	1.1	3.7
Houston central city	100.0	12.5	20.2	17.3	10.0	14.5	7.9	3.9	5.4	8.2
Indianapolis central city	100.0	11.8	19.9	17.5	8.8	17.8	6.4	5.7	5.7	6.5
Los Angeles central city	100.0	13.0	19.7	17.9	11.0	13.2	5.9	3.3	9.4	6.4
Milwaukee central city	100.0	8.4	18.2	23.2	6.9	14.8	3.3	4.2	11.8	8.8
New York central city	100.0	12.9	22.7	21.9	10.1	14.6	4.8	2.5	4.4	5.9
Philadelphia central city	100.0	11.0	23.5	19.1	9.1	16.5	5.6	3.0	5.1	7.0
Phoenix central city	100.0	12.2	14.5	19.0	12.4	12.6	10.2	4.2	8.6	5.9
St. Louis central city	100.0	8.7	27.3	27.5	8.4	13.1	3.8	.5	6.1	4.8
San Antonio central city	100.0	11.2	18.0	21.3	14.5	14.5	8.0	2.8	4.3	5.4
San Diego central city	100.0	14.7	25.8	16.7	13.2	14.0	5.3	3.4	5.3	1.5
San Francisco central city	100.0	16.5	24.1	25.1	9.5	12.8	1.5	1.6	5.1	3.1
Men										
Metropolitan areas:										
Atlanta MSA	100.0	16.8	16.9	10.7	12.5	7.3	13.8	6.1	7.1	8.6
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	17.5	22.3	15.6	10.1	5.6	9.5	4.6	5.0	9.4
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	16.3	16.9	10.6	16.7	6.5	9.4	7.4	6.2	9.9
Boston PMSA	100.0	21.6	24.3	13.2	10.8	6.5	10.1	3.2	4.9	5.2
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	12.9	15.1	15.2	10.4	12.0	6.8	5.8	12.0	9.6
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	16.7	17.5	11.3	11.3	6.6	11.5	5.2	9.5	10.3
Chicago PMSA	100.0	16.9	17.0	13.3	11.8	6.3	10.8	5.3	8.6	9.9
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	17.5	18.0	14.3	10.6	8.1	6.7	6.2	8.4	9.9
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	14.8	17.6	14.3	13.3	7.0	8.5	6.8	8.8	8.7
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	17.0	18.5	17.2	9.8	8.6	6.7	6.2	7.2	8.7
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	16.0	15.5	11.3	13.0	8.0	10.9	7.6	8.1	9.3
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	14.6	15.5	13.2	8.1	5.9	11.3	6.4	15.1	9.5
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	18.0	19.8	12.6	11.8	5.7	11.2	5.4	6.1	9.1
Detroit PMSA	100.0	15.1	18.1	13.2	10.6	6.0	9.1	5.4	13.3	9.1
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	19.0	15.3	15.6	13.4	8.4	8.9	6.4	4.7	8.2
Hartford PMSA	100.0	18.5	19.6	10.2	13.6	7.1	10.0	5.8	9.3	6.0
Houston PMSA	100.0	14.8	16.6	12.9	10.9	6.9	13.1	6.6	8.7	9.2
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	17.2	18.9	10.4	10.7	6.4	9.4	8.7	9.2	9.1
Kansas City MSA	100.0	17.7	16.6	12.5	13.6	6.1	11.4	7.3	7.2	7.6
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	14.3	18.0	12.0	11.6	8.7	9.0	5.6	10.9	9.6
Louisville MSA	100.0	18.1	16.4	12.2	11.4	7.1	9.1	5.3	9.8	9.8
Memphis MSA	100.0	17.1	11.7	11.0	14.5	6.1	10.0	8.7	5.4	14.9
Miami PMSA	100.0	13.7	12.7	13.4	11.3	10.7	14.6	7.1	6.2	10.1
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	18.9	16.3	11.6	9.9	6.0	8.3	5.7	13.6	9.6
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	20.9	19.6	11.0	12.2	6.6	8.9	4.6	7.7	8.2
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	19.5	18.6	14.2	12.2	6.0	10.8	5.0	6.6	6.7
New Orleans MSA	100.0	13.8	19.3	12.5	10.9	6.8	13.6	5.1	5.3	12.4
New York PMSA	100.0	15.2	19.7	18.7	11.3	7.9	8.7	4.3	4.8	9.1
Newark PMSA	100.0	22.1	19.8	11.2	10.8	8.7	7.3	4.4	5.8	9.9
Norfolk-Va Beach-Newport News MSA ...	100.0	13.0	19.8	13.1	12.4	7.6	11.5	6.4	8.0	8.1
Oakland PMSA	100.0	19.5	22.2	9.3	14.1	9.0	7.6	5.8	4.5	8.0
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	18.2	17.1	11.8	11.0	7.0	12.1	7.0	9.0	6.9
Orange County PMSA	100.0	18.9	19.6	13.8	13.3	7.5	7.8	4.9	7.6	6.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Men										
Metropolitan areas:										
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	18.3	20.9	11.6	11.8	6.9	8.7	5.6	6.4	9.6
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	16.4	15.7	14.7	12.4	6.4	12.4	6.3	8.2	7.1
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	17.2	20.1	12.2	10.0	6.5	9.8	6.6	7.9	9.6
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	17.3	17.8	11.6	14.0	6.7	7.8	4.5	9.0	9.8
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	14.6	16.6	15.8	11.3	7.0	9.3	5.0	10.9	9.2
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	11.4	13.7	14.3	12.2	6.3	14.6	7.5	8.9	10.5
Rochester MSA	100.0	13.4	18.0	15.1	10.1	5.6	9.3	5.6	12.4	8.9
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	18.4	20.0	14.0	12.2	9.1	11.2	3.9	3.0	7.9
St. Louis MSA	100.0	13.9	16.3	16.0	12.7	6.4	11.5	5.7	7.9	9.6
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	16.9	16.7	10.8	13.8	8.4	9.4	6.6	7.5	9.4
San Antonio MSA	100.0	13.3	17.3	13.3	14.0	6.9	13.4	5.9	7.6	8.1
San Diego MSA	100.0	18.2	22.0	14.8	14.2	6.0	9.3	6.2	4.9	4.2
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	17.1	25.2	20.6	12.2	5.5	5.0	3.8	5.1	4.9
San Jose PMSA	100.0	14.7	37.5	9.3	9.3	4.5	4.8	4.5	6.9	8.4
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	17.1	22.0	12.8	9.9	6.1	11.4	6.1	6.5	7.4
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA ...	100.0	17.6	16.9	12.7	12.1	8.0	9.4	7.3	6.6	8.8
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	21.8	25.1	11.9	9.1	6.7	9.9	5.7	2.8	6.8
Cities:										
Baltimore central city	100.0	6.4	17.1	22.2	8.4	3.4	12.4	5.5	7.7	16.9
Chicago central city	100.0	11.8	20.1	17.4	9.6	6.7	11.1	4.2	7.9	11.2
Cleveland central city	100.0	8.1	14.1	22.1	7.2	10.0	5.2	7.2	15.7	10.5
Dallas central city	100.0	13.6	15.8	12.5	11.3	5.5	14.3	7.3	9.8	9.9
Detroit central city	100.0	5.6	6.8	26.8	7.8	8.4	8.6	4.5	17.3	14.2
District of Columbia	100.0	19.4	31.9	16.6	5.5	9.2	5.8	2.7	1.8	7.1
Houston central city	100.0	12.2	17.5	14.0	9.1	7.7	13.0	6.8	7.2	12.2
Indianapolis central city	100.0	13.4	13.8	14.8	8.0	10.5	11.8	9.7	7.9	9.9
Los Angeles central city	100.0	13.5	18.4	15.1	9.7	7.3	10.1	5.5	11.0	9.1
Milwaukee central city	100.0	8.8	12.1	17.3	7.4	6.1	7.0	8.7	19.7	12.6
New York central city	100.0	14.4	18.6	19.3	10.8	8.6	9.0	4.4	4.8	10.0
Philadelphia central city	100.0	10.9	20.6	13.4	6.7	9.9	11.2	6.2	7.4	13.6
Phoenix central city	100.0	10.8	10.4	15.2	11.7	7.1	17.6	6.7	11.0	8.9
St. Louis central city	100.0	9.1	14.8	36.5	5.6	10.3	7.9	.8	5.9	9.1
San Antonio central city	100.0	11.9	18.4	13.5	14.4	7.6	14.4	4.8	6.5	8.7
San Diego central city	100.0	14.2	22.4	16.4	14.6	8.9	9.2	6.0	5.9	2.3
San Francisco central city	100.0	17.1	24.9	23.6	9.2	7.6	2.9	3.1	4.9	5.4
Women										
Metropolitan areas:										
Atlanta MSA	100.0	17.2	27.1	15.7	12.8	21.3	.2	.3	3.3	2.1
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	15.1	26.9	15.6	11.4	25.8	.5	.3	3.3	1.0
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	12.9	26.6	12.8	12.4	27.3	.3	.4	3.7	3.5
Boston PMSA	100.0	17.7	31.5	15.3	11.7	20.0	.4	.3	2.2	.9
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	10.5	26.0	18.9	14.7	21.9	(²)	(²)	5.6	2.2
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	15.7	21.9	16.0	11.5	21.6	.8	.6	8.7	3.1
Chicago PMSA	100.0	14.7	24.4	16.6	11.5	24.9	.4	.5	4.9	1.9
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	13.5	24.1	18.6	12.6	24.0	.6	.1	4.0	2.4
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	11.0	24.1	21.6	12.2	23.6	.1	.1	4.1	2.7
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	15.3	22.9	20.8	10.9	23.0	.2	.6	3.3	2.6
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	14.6	21.9	17.3	14.2	24.4	.3	.5	5.3	1.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Women										
Metropolitan areas:										
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	11.1	21.7	21.5	10.9	23.9	.1	1.1	7.5	1.8
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	17.2	24.2	16.6	12.1	23.6	.4	.5	3.2	2.1
Detroit PMSA	100.0	11.5	22.4	22.0	11.7	22.9	.2	.7	6.2	2.1
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	13.0	24.4	22.2	14.0	22.4	.7	.1	2.3	.9
Hartford PMSA	100.0	15.3	28.0	18.3	10.0	21.1	.3	.4	4.3	2.3
Houston PMSA	100.0	12.7	23.0	19.7	13.1	25.1	.7	.5	2.5	2.7
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	12.0	29.6	16.3	10.4	24.7	.6	.4	3.1	2.9
Kansas City MSA	100.0	15.7	24.7	16.2	12.1	26.7	.3	.1	2.8	1.4
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	13.6	21.9	18.9	12.3	23.2	.2	.3	6.7	2.6
Louisville MSA	100.0	12.2	25.6	17.7	9.7	25.8	.6	.6	5.1	2.5
Memphis MSA	100.0	9.5	24.2	15.4	14.0	28.7	.2	.9	2.6	4.5
Miami PMSA	100.0	10.3	19.1	24.0	15.0	24.0	(²)	.9	4.9	1.8
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	14.5	24.6	19.4	11.5	22.4	.5	.1	4.9	1.9
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	16.8	26.8	18.3	10.4	22.5	.1	.2	3.1	1.7
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	12.7	31.3	14.7	11.3	24.2	.2	.4	3.1	2.1
New Orleans MSA	100.0	12.5	25.1	20.7	14.1	21.6	1.2	.6	3.5	.7
New York PMSA	100.0	12.4	28.3	23.1	9.4	21.0	.2	.3	3.8	1.4
Newark PMSA	100.0	16.0	27.1	18.3	10.0	22.2	.3	.2	3.7	2.1
Norfolk-Va Beach-Newport News MSA ...	100.0	12.0	28.4	18.7	15.1	18.7	.6	.6	3.9	2.0
Oakland PMSA	100.0	15.4	29.6	15.2	12.9	22.7	.3	.5	2.9	.5
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	16.7	25.0	18.5	10.6	22.4	.6	.5	3.7	2.0
Orange County PMSA	100.0	16.8	21.6	18.9	13.7	21.9	(²)	.5	6.2	.4
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	14.7	29.1	16.2	9.6	24.7	.4	.2	3.2	1.9
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	15.1	23.5	18.9	14.5	22.6	.4	.4	3.3	1.3
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	13.6	26.9	20.0	12.1	22.9	.1	.3	2.9	1.0
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	13.0	23.1	19.0	12.6	25.7	.5	(²)	3.1	2.1
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	11.6	26.0	20.0	11.6	21.8	.1	.3	6.1	2.0
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	14.6	21.0	16.4	15.2	25.0	.2	1.0	3.6	2.6
Rochester MSA	100.0	11.3	25.8	19.4	13.0	20.3	.4	(²)	8.0	1.9
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	15.9	26.2	15.0	11.5	25.6	.1	.1	3.4	1.1
St. Louis MSA	100.0	13.3	29.1	18.9	12.5	20.1	.1	.2	3.4	2.4
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	14.0	22.2	17.2	12.0	26.3	.3	.4	5.0	2.5
San Antonio MSA	100.0	9.9	21.9	26.3	12.8	24.8	.2	.6	2.4	1.0
San Diego MSA	100.0	17.4	27.5	16.3	10.9	23.3	.1	(²)	3.6	.7
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	15.6	23.7	24.2	12.7	19.2	.3	.1	3.5	.7
San Jose PMSA	100.0	21.2	26.8	16.6	8.2	20.2	.3	.1	3.6	2.9
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	15.5	27.1	18.1	11.4	20.6	.3	.3	5.0	1.5
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA ...	100.0	11.5	25.8	19.6	15.0	21.9	.5	.1	4.6	1.0
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	21.2	30.8	16.3	9.3	18.8	.3	.3	1.7	1.3
Cities:										
Baltimore central city	100.0	7.9	25.3	22.9	8.9	29.5	.4	.9	3.7	.4
Chicago central city	100.0	14.6	23.5	18.5	10.9	24.9	.4	.9	3.7	2.6
Cleveland central city	100.0	9.1	19.8	27.0	9.3	23.3	(²)	.5	5.6	5.4
Dallas central city	100.0	14.7	21.0	21.8	13.4	18.5	.7	(²)	7.7	1.4
Detroit central city	100.0	8.7	20.7	27.7	9.0	19.3	(²)	1.9	9.1	3.6
District of Columbia	100.0	21.8	36.1	14.8	6.7	19.1	.2	.3	.5	.5
Houston central city	100.0	12.8	23.6	21.6	11.2	23.4	1.2	.2	3.0	2.9
Indianapolis central city	100.0	10.0	26.8	20.4	9.6	26.1	.3	1.1	3.1	2.6
Los Angeles central city	100.0	12.3	21.3	21.8	12.6	21.2	.3	.3	7.2	2.7
Milwaukee central city	100.0	7.9	23.5	28.4	6.4	22.5	.1	.2	4.8	5.5
New York central city	100.0	11.3	27.4	24.8	9.5	21.2	.2	.4	3.9	1.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Women										
Cities:										
Philadelphia central city	100.0	11.1	26.2	24.2	11.3	22.4	.6	.2	2.9	1.1
Phoenix central city	100.0	14.1	19.9	24.0	13.3	19.9	.4	.9	5.3	2.1
St. Louis central city	100.0	8.3	38.1	19.7	10.8	15.5	.2	.2	6.2	1.0
San Antonio central city	100.0	10.3	17.5	30.8	14.6	23.0	.3	.5	1.6	1.4
San Diego central city	100.0	15.4	30.2	17.1	11.4	20.8	.2	(²)	4.5	.4
San Francisco central city	100.0	15.8	23.1	26.8	9.8	18.7	(²)	(²)	5.3	.5
White										
Metropolitan areas:										
Atlanta MSA	100.0	18.5	23.2	11.6	12.6	12.4	8.8	3.7	4.6	4.5
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	19.1	23.9	14.1	10.8	15.1	5.6	2.9	3.3	4.9
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	15.6	21.4	11.7	13.9	16.8	5.3	4.3	4.7	6.2
Boston PMSA	100.0	20.8	26.8	13.4	12.0	13.1	5.5	1.9	3.4	2.9
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	12.6	20.3	15.8	12.7	16.7	3.5	3.1	8.7	6.2
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	18.5	19.3	12.6	12.4	13.0	7.6	3.7	8.0	4.8
Chicago PMSA	100.0	16.6	20.0	14.3	12.5	14.4	6.7	3.3	6.7	5.5
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	16.7	20.9	15.7	11.5	15.3	3.9	3.4	6.2	6.3
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	13.7	20.8	16.5	13.2	14.5	5.0	4.0	6.3	5.6
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	16.9	21.0	18.2	10.5	15.3	3.8	3.8	5.4	4.9
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	15.1	18.0	14.2	13.6	14.8	7.0	4.9	6.7	5.4
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	14.2	18.6	16.2	9.0	14.7	6.1	4.3	11.7	5.0
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	18.3	22.4	14.3	11.7	13.6	6.5	3.4	4.2	5.4
Detroit PMSA	100.0	14.7	20.8	15.5	12.1	13.8	5.4	3.5	8.6	5.4
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	19.2	19.9	16.5	15.2	15.0	5.0	2.9	2.7	3.5
Hartford PMSA	100.0	17.8	24.0	12.9	12.2	13.1	5.6	3.2	7.3	4.0
Houston PMSA	100.0	14.9	19.3	14.6	12.3	14.1	9.2	4.4	6.3	4.8
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	16.3	24.1	11.8	10.6	13.8	5.9	4.8	6.8	5.9
Kansas City MSA	100.0	17.4	20.2	13.9	13.3	15.2	6.2	3.9	5.0	4.9
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	12.9	18.9	15.8	11.5	13.9	6.1	3.5	10.2	7.0
Louisville MSA	100.0	16.5	20.8	12.1	11.1	16.6	5.2	3.3	7.2	6.7
Memphis MSA	100.0	17.7	19.2	10.8	16.6	13.7	7.7	5.8	2.0	6.2
Miami PMSA	100.0	14.1	14.3	14.8	14.2	17.2	8.7	5.2	5.8	5.5
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	17.5	20.1	14.1	11.3	14.3	4.8	3.2	9.3	5.3
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	19.5	23.2	14.2	11.5	14.2	4.9	2.6	5.1	4.7
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	16.6	24.4	14.1	11.8	14.5	6.3	3.0	5.2	3.8
New Orleans MSA	100.0	17.3	24.8	13.3	12.2	14.3	8.1	2.9	2.9	4.1
New York PMSA	100.0	15.6	25.3	18.4	11.2	13.0	5.3	2.4	4.0	4.7
Newark PMSA	100.0	20.7	24.8	11.4	11.7	13.7	4.8	2.4	4.5	5.8
Norfolk-Va Beach-Newport News MSA ...	100.0	14.7	25.1	15.0	15.9	11.0	6.4	3.7	4.7	3.4
Oakland PMSA	100.0	17.2	24.5	12.3	13.6	14.9	5.6	3.8	3.4	4.8
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	18.6	22.4	12.4	10.9	14.8	6.8	3.8	5.9	4.3
Orange County PMSA	100.0	19.0	19.4	16.9	12.6	14.2	4.6	3.0	6.0	3.9
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	17.7	25.7	11.7	11.0	15.6	4.9	3.0	4.7	5.5
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	16.2	19.3	16.2	13.5	12.9	7.5	3.8	5.8	4.6
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	16.2	23.0	15.6	11.3	14.3	5.3	3.7	5.2	5.4
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	16.0	19.9	14.8	13.8	15.0	4.7	2.4	5.8	6.5
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	13.6	21.4	17.1	11.7	14.1	5.1	2.7	8.1	5.8
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	13.2	16.3	14.5	13.9	14.3	9.2	4.6	6.5	7.1
Rochester MSA	100.0	13.2	22.6	15.8	12.0	13.0	5.0	2.8	9.5	5.1
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	18.7	23.7	13.3	12.3	15.8	6.1	2.2	2.9	4.4
St. Louis MSA	100.0	15.1	22.6	14.1	13.6	13.2	6.6	3.3	5.3	6.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
White										
Metropolitan areas:										
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	15.6	19.0	13.5	13.1	16.9	5.5	3.8	6.3	6.2
San Antonio MSA	100.0	12.3	19.0	18.6	13.6	15.0	7.9	3.4	5.3	4.7
San Diego MSA	100.0	19.2	25.7	14.5	13.3	12.2	5.7	3.6	2.8	2.7
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	17.8	28.1	19.5	13.4	9.9	3.5	1.6	3.1	2.7
San Jose PMSA	100.0	19.6	27.5	12.7	9.1	12.8	4.1	2.8	3.9	7.4
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	17.0	24.0	14.2	11.1	12.2	7.1	3.6	5.7	4.4
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA ...	100.0	15.3	20.3	14.7	13.8	14.9	5.7	4.1	5.6	5.1
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	23.5	28.8	12.4	9.6	10.6	6.6	2.8	1.9	3.5
Cities:										
Baltimore central city	100.0	9.6	21.0	22.1	9.5	11.2	10.1	5.1	3.8	7.7
Chicago central city	100.0	14.9	23.0	16.0	12.1	12.6	7.0	3.0	6.0	5.3
Cleveland central city	100.0	12.4	18.2	19.0	6.5	13.8	2.3	4.8	13.9	9.2
Dallas central city	100.0	13.7	17.7	16.5	13.1	8.2	10.9	5.0	9.6	5.1
Detroit central city	100.0	(²)	15.2	32.9	15.1	4.9	10.4	7.8	5.9	7.8
District of Columbia	100.0	26.8	45.8	10.1	5.7	7.3	2.5	.4	.6	.7
Houston central city	100.0	13.4	21.9	15.0	10.1	14.2	9.6	4.5	6.1	5.1
Indianapolis central city	100.0	13.7	19.8	16.4	9.5	15.9	7.9	5.5	6.3	5.0
Los Angeles central city	100.0	11.8	18.8	18.9	10.5	11.7	6.8	3.6	10.6	7.0
Milwaukee central city	100.0	9.5	18.0	19.6	8.1	15.9	4.8	5.8	11.8	6.6
New York central city	100.0	14.9	24.3	19.3	10.8	13.5	5.6	2.4	4.0	5.2
Philadelphia central city	100.0	13.1	27.1	13.9	9.6	15.9	6.4	2.6	5.0	6.4
Phoenix central city	100.0	12.0	14.5	18.6	12.7	12.2	10.8	4.2	8.6	6.0
St. Louis central city	100.0	12.1	29.4	20.0	9.8	14.1	6.1	(²)	4.0	4.5
San Antonio central city	100.0	11.9	17.0	20.7	14.6	14.9	8.5	3.0	4.3	5.1
San Diego central city	100.0	15.7	28.8	15.6	14.7	11.8	6.6	3.3	2.1	1.3
San Francisco central city	100.0	21.7	30.6	21.8	8.9	9.9	1.2	1.2	2.1	1.9
Black or African American										
Metropolitan areas:										
Atlanta MSA	100.0	14.4	17.6	15.9	11.2	18.6	5.3	3.1	5.7	8.3
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	7.2	23.4	21.5	10.2	17.8	3.2	1.8	6.2	8.5
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	8.9	10.6	17.8	10.1	23.3	3.1	.9	9.9	15.5
Boston PMSA	100.0	6.4	28.4	26.5	4.5	13.9	5.5	1.0	6.7	7.2
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	3.6	17.8	32.3	11.6	21.5	.6	.8	10.2	1.5
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	8.1	19.4	16.6	7.5	15.1	3.4	.2	13.1	16.7
Chicago PMSA	100.0	12.5	18.2	18.2	6.9	21.3	3.8	2.4	6.0	10.3
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	6.5	10.9	27.2	13.2	19.3	4.7	2.6	7.4	7.9
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	8.8	16.2	26.8	10.9	18.9	1.4	1.7	8.3	7.1
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	13.5	13.0	23.8	9.8	19.7	1.9	2.7	3.7	11.9
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	12.3	16.1	14.1	15.9	22.1	.5	2.7	6.8	9.5
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	4.6	19.1	26.7	11.2	10.9	5.5	2.1	7.2	10.9
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	11.0	12.3	16.6	15.7	20.2	2.5	.6	5.5	15.6
Detroit PMSA	100.0	9.2	13.5	25.4	8.0	15.2	3.5	2.2	15.3	7.8
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	7.2	19.0	25.3	10.2	14.5	5.1	4.3	5.4	9.0
Hartford PMSA	100.0	10.8	20.0	23.6	8.6	19.1	3.8	3.3	4.5	6.5
Houston PMSA	100.0	9.7	17.1	21.3	10.8	20.1	3.1	2.6	3.3	12.2
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	5.6	17.3	21.6	7.4	26.5	2.1	4.6	4.2	10.7
Kansas City MSA	100.0	10.1	14.5	19.2	8.0	24.8	8.6	4.7	6.7	3.4
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	15.3	18.7	17.2	12.3	21.7	2.3	1.6	4.0	6.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Black or African American										
Metropolitan areas:										
Louisville MSA	100.0	6.9	17.9	33.2	9.6	11.4	2.3	2.0	11.9	4.7
Memphis MSA	100.0	7.8	11.5	15.4	10.6	23.3	2.1	4.6	7.5	16.9
Miami PMSA	100.0	4.2	18.3	31.2	7.8	13.6	7.2	1.6	5.2	10.9
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	6.6	19.3	29.3	5.6	13.6	1.8	.8	10.1	12.4
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	13.5	10.9	22.8	9.6	21.8	3.1	(²)	3.5	14.8
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	12.4	19.1	20.6	11.8	13.8	3.6	2.5	4.8	11.6
New Orleans MSA	100.0	6.4	17.5	23.2	12.6	13.2	7.0	2.3	6.1	11.8
New York PMSA	100.0	9.6	20.8	26.8	7.9	18.0	4.3	2.8	2.7	7.0
Newark PMSA	100.0	12.4	15.8	24.6	8.0	20.4	1.8	2.9	5.9	8.2
Norfolk-Va Beach-Newport News MSA ...	100.0	6.9	21.1	19.8	8.2	19.3	5.9	3.4	5.6	9.9
Oakland PMSA	100.0	19.6	19.7	12.5	13.1	18.9	2.1	3.2	6.0	4.8
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	13.5	12.4	26.0	12.6	13.9	1.7	3.9	8.4	7.6
Orange County PMSA	100.0	18.5	13.8	9.3	4.9	28.1	19.3	(²)	6.1	(²)
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	10.5	18.7	23.9	9.6	17.6	4.1	2.6	4.4	8.6
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	14.0	17.8	18.6	10.3	21.4	1.1	3.6	8.4	4.7
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	6.3	20.4	28.1	6.7	20.1	.4	2.8	5.6	9.5
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	4.2	28.2	16.5	9.9	23.5	5.6	2.9	4.8	4.5
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	11.4	12.7	32.0	9.7	18.3	.9	1.4	7.1	6.6
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	9.5	13.8	18.2	11.7	18.3	2.7	6.5	7.9	9.9
Rochester MSA	100.0	4.0	16.8	35.3	5.1	15.2	3.2	.8	10.0	9.5
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	8.7	13.6	10.5	13.6	36.3	6.2	1.3	2.7	7.0
St. Louis MSA	100.0	8.2	18.3	31.7	9.8	14.5	3.6	2.5	5.3	6.1
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	5.3	16.6	16.7	19.4	11.6	3.6	(²)	9.5	17.4
San Antonio MSA	100.0	4.7	9.9	28.9	15.6	20.6	1.1	(²)	8.7	10.5
San Diego MSA	100.0	3.0	32.0	14.4	7.3	21.7	4.0	5.3	5.0	7.3
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	10.8	21.5	18.4	11.2	12.0	5.0	(²)	15.8	5.4
San Jose PMSA	100.0	21.3	16.8	18.0	20.3	2.6	(²)	4.3	4.2	12.5
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	12.9	24.6	22.0	6.2	20.5	1.2	3.6	1.9	7.2
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA ...	100.0	10.0	22.5	28.7	10.5	8.3	3.2	3.6	5.8	7.3
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	17.1	22.6	17.7	8.9	19.0	2.8	3.2	2.4	6.3
Cities:										
Baltimore central city	100.0	5.0	19.1	24.8	8.3	19.6	4.6	2.3	6.3	10.0
Chicago central city	100.0	8.2	16.6	22.7	6.0	24.0	4.5	1.5	4.8	11.8
Cleveland central city	100.0	4.5	12.5	32.7	10.6	22.0	2.9	2.6	6.4	6.0
Dallas central city	100.0	10.4	14.4	17.7	11.6	24.0	.6	1.2	6.3	13.6
Detroit central city	100.0	7.9	14.5	26.8	8.0	15.4	3.2	2.6	13.1	8.4
District of Columbia	100.0	14.5	22.2	20.7	6.4	21.4	3.6	2.6	1.7	6.8
Houston central city	100.0	9.8	13.5	24.4	9.9	17.5	4.3	2.8	1.8	16.0
Indianapolis central city	100.0	5.5	17.7	21.8	4.7	26.3	2.3	5.5	3.9	12.4
Los Angeles central city	100.0	14.6	20.5	18.8	11.2	20.9	3.4	1.0	4.2	5.3
Milwaukee central city	100.0	6.0	18.6	29.9	5.1	13.9	.4	.9	10.9	13.9
New York central city	100.0	7.9	20.5	27.3	8.1	18.9	4.4	2.9	2.6	7.3
Philadelphia central city	100.0	8.0	17.8	26.3	8.3	19.4	4.8	3.4	3.0	9.1
Phoenix central city	100.0	13.2	7.4	26.9	6.1	20.6	1.4	5.8	13.6	5.1
St. Louis central city	100.0	8.0	16.1	37.8	8.1	17.7	2.4	1.4	3.7	4.8
San Antonio central city	100.0	2.9	11.1	36.3	19.6	11.7	(²)	(²)	5.3	13.1
San Diego central city	100.0	2.8	19.0	18.7	3.6	19.4	7.2	8.3	11.1	10.1
San Francisco central city	100.0	6.7	24.2	17.5	5.8	14.3	8.5	(²)	17.5	5.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Asian										
Metropolitan areas:										
Atlanta MSA	100.0	13.4	24.8	18.9	22.0	3.9	(²)	.7	14.2	2.0
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	7.3	45.7	13.1	12.2	7.2	3.1	(²)	8.3	3.0
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	7.9	35.4	4.5	32.2	8.1	2.8	3.1	2.6	3.5
Boston PMSA	100.0	16.0	49.3	13.6	6.9	10.2	.6	(²)	2.6	.7
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	14.0	28.1	15.8	6.0	12.3	4.4	4.2	13.1	2.2
Chicago PMSA	100.0	16.7	38.4	10.0	14.4	7.6	.2	1.2	7.4	4.1
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	4.1	81.4	1.5	2.3	5.0	(²)	(²)	5.6	(²)
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	15.4	60.6	4.9	5.5	6.7	(²)	(²)	6.7	(²)
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	11.9	45.2	11.6	8.7	3.6	3.5	(²)	12.1	3.3
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	26.5	33.4	8.2	6.9	7.9	1.1	3.0	11.4	.8
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	8.9	30.9	12.7	13.0	12.4	.3	.3	19.5	1.9
Detroit PMSA	100.0	9.2	47.1	16.1	5.1	10.6	(²)	.3	9.0	2.1
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	21.5	20.9	16.0	10.2	18.9	1.2	(²)	11.3	(²)
Hartford PMSA	100.0	18.1	38.8	9.6	17.8	10.1	(²)	3.2	1.4	1.0
Houston PMSA	100.0	11.6	28.8	13.3	9.5	10.0	4.7	2.6	11.9	7.3
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	9.9	43.1	22.1	17.3	2.1	(²)	5.5	(²)	(²)
Kansas City MSA	100.0	11.7	42.6	16.5	10.7	7.0	(²)	2.4	9.1	(²)
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	20.2	25.6	9.3	14.4	17.3	1.6	2.8	5.8	2.9
Louisville MSA	100.0	13.2	24.7	31.6	1.0	13.8	4.9	(²)	10.8	(²)
Memphis MSA	100.0	1.5	54.7	11.5	11.5	7.0	(²)	(²)	6.0	7.8
Miami PMSA	100.0	18.3	49.8	2.2	11.2	11.8	(²)	(²)	6.7	(²)
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	25.9	37.8	16.3	8.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	10.6	1.1
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	16.1	35.1	9.8	8.9	5.9	1.3	1.9	17.4	3.5
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	20.0	41.6	5.7	12.7	16.2	(²)	.5	(²)	3.3
New Orleans MSA	100.0	3.6	30.0	3.0	23.5	14.1	(²)	3.7	18.8	(²)
New York PMSA	100.0	13.6	21.2	21.3	12.0	11.4	1.9	2.3	9.3	6.9
Newark PMSA	100.0	26.2	34.7	13.8	6.9	10.7	(²)	(²)	1.6	6.1
Norfolk-Va Beach-Newport News MSA	100.0	7.0	25.9	11.0	9.9	9.7	(²)	(²)	31.0	5.5
Oakland PMSA	100.0	18.9	34.8	10.3	15.6	10.6	(²)	2.3	4.4	3.1
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	1.2	17.5	44.6	6.7	(²)	(²)	(²)	26.3	3.7
Orange County PMSA	100.0	13.7	26.3	12.0	18.2	12.0	2.0	2.1	11.2	2.4
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	18.4	29.5	15.9	10.7	5.5	.4	3.9	11.5	4.1
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	23.0	20.7	14.4	17.0	7.1	(²)	4.1	10.8	2.9
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	3.8	73.4	(²)	(²)	3.6	(²)	(²)	19.1	(²)
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	12.7	26.3	13.6	8.5	17.8	(²)	3.1	14.6	3.4
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	4.1	21.7	21.7	7.7	14.2	1.7	2.0	24.0	3.0
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	15.4	30.1	11.0	15.1	8.4	3.3	3.9	8.2	4.5
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	8.9	25.9	24.9	9.9	14.8	(²)	2.2	7.7	5.7
St. Louis MSA	100.0	5.1	42.6	28.3	3.7	(²)	(²)	(²)	16.3	4.0
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	25.2	28.0	18.5	4.9	11.2	(²)	3.2	6.2	2.7
San Antonio MSA	100.0	(²)	73.1	15.8	(²)	8.5	(²)	2.6	(²)	(²)
San Diego MSA	100.0	13.7	15.9	20.3	9.0	20.0	.3	2.1	16.9	1.8
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	14.5	18.1	27.2	10.1	16.4	.4	4.0	6.4	2.4
San Jose PMSA	100.0	13.4	43.7	12.4	7.0	9.9	.2	1.9	8.5	3.0
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	12.5	31.0	15.4	9.5	15.3	.8	1.5	9.9	3.2
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	100.0	12.1	47.7	6.9	9.5	12.5	.9	(²)	10.3	(²)
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	18.6	38.3	15.1	7.6	6.3	2.5	3.7	5.9	2.0
Cities:										
Baltimore central city	100.0	(²)	66.6	(²)	(²)	21.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	12.2
Chicago central city	100.0	15.7	35.9	16.5	10.8	6.6	.4	3.4	8.7	1.9
Dallas central city	100.0	26.0	35.3	4.1	1.4	4.7	4.2	7.9	10.9	1.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Asian										
Cities:										
District of Columbia	100.0	23.3	32.1	28.7	6.8	7.1	(²)	1.4	.6	(²)
Houston central city	100.0	10.5	24.0	16.9	10.1	10.3	6.5	2.9	9.6	9.4
Indianapolis central city	100.0	12.7	24.0	22.3	23.0	(²)	(²)	18.0	(²)	(²)
Los Angeles central city	100.0	23.3	25.9	9.3	15.2	16.2	1.2	2.0	4.8	2.1
New York central city	100.0	13.9	19.3	22.9	11.6	10.7	2.2	2.6	9.8	7.1
Philadelphia central city	100.0	9.3	16.3	28.8	11.8	6.5	1.1	6.3	17.9	2.0
Phoenix central city	100.0	30.9	31.4	11.5	12.7	6.8	(²)	(²)	(²)	6.7
St. Louis central city	100.0	(²)	41.0	30.1	3.4	(²)	(²)	(²)	19.2	6.2
San Antonio central city	100.0	(²)	76.2	12.2	(²)	8.9	(²)	2.7	(²)	(²)
San Diego central city	100.0	12.8	13.4	19.2	10.0	21.8	.4	2.2	19.5	.6
San Francisco central city	100.0	10.7	12.8	29.4	11.5	17.5	.7	3.2	10.0	3.3
Hispanic or Latino Ethnicity										
Metropolitan areas:										
Atlanta MSA	100.0	8.7	10.6	19.7	3.6	5.0	37.4	.9	7.1	7.0
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	2.9	12.6	51.7	3.5	1.4	12.6	1.9	9.0	3.9
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	4.6	8.7	18.9	13.9	17.9	7.2	3.4	14.5	11.0
Boston PMSA	100.0	5.6	7.4	36.5	8.1	10.2	10.0	2.5	12.7	7.0
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	(²)	8.5	11.9	(²)	16.3	16.0	3.6	41.4	2.2
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	1.8	10.0	23.9	1.2	1.2	36.4	4.2	13.6	7.6
Chicago PMSA	100.0	4.9	7.2	24.4	8.7	13.8	9.7	3.9	17.6	9.4
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	6.4	13.2	29.2	2.9	4.2	10.5	.8	22.8	9.9
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	7.4	12.4	27.6	8.6	12.8	10.7	5.9	8.2	6.4
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	3.1	13.7	39.0	9.1	7.1	13.3	.9	13.9	(²)
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	4.5	5.9	22.9	9.9	10.7	17.8	4.7	13.8	9.1
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	5.0	20.2	8.1	22.1	9.7	34.8	(²)	(²)	(²)
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	6.9	7.0	25.8	9.0	14.5	15.8	3.9	7.1	9.0
Detroit PMSA	100.0	6.3	16.9	18.9	8.1	5.0	18.4	1.9	19.0	5.6
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	13.5	15.5	21.7	14.7	14.7	4.5	4.2	6.0	5.2
Hartford PMSA	100.0	5.1	12.4	19.4	8.8	17.6	7.9	4.5	14.6	9.6
Houston PMSA	100.0	6.6	7.1	23.1	10.0	12.1	17.4	5.9	9.6	7.8
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	12.3	7.0	12.8	3.4	5.6	42.7	7.9	3.0	5.4
Kansas City MSA	100.0	6.1	13.4	30.1	5.8	12.2	13.1	.5	9.4	9.1
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	6.2	8.3	20.6	11.2	14.1	7.8	4.5	15.9	10.9
Louisville MSA	100.0	4.1	9.4	12.6	4.2	21.8	(²)	8.7	27.0	2.0
Memphis MSA	100.0	6.1	6.5	16.9	1.8	(²)	52.4	14.5	(²)	1.8
Miami PMSA	100.0	12.0	10.2	17.0	13.9	17.2	10.2	5.7	6.3	7.3
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	4.3	4.7	26.5	7.9	11.3	10.0	8.0	20.0	7.3
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	6.5	8.5	38.8	9.1	9.1	4.9	2.2	14.4	6.2
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	7.8	10.2	22.2	9.4	13.7	10.0	3.5	18.1	4.8
New Orleans MSA	100.0	18.3	9.6	12.7	15.1	10.5	21.4	.9	9.8	1.7
New York PMSA	100.0	6.9	11.5	33.0	8.2	14.8	7.3	2.6	6.8	8.5
Newark PMSA	100.0	10.9	9.1	19.8	6.3	12.9	9.7	4.4	13.3	13.0
Norfolk-Va Beach-Newport News MSA ...	100.0	(²)	33.5	8.0	41.2	17.3	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Oakland PMSA	100.0	11.4	12.6	19.3	9.5	17.4	8.6	4.2	7.8	9.3
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	11.2	6.0	18.2	7.5	15.4	20.6	1.6	18.5	1.1
Orange County PMSA	100.0	7.1	8.3	29.1	6.2	12.2	8.5	5.1	15.6	6.6
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	10.3	19.1	22.5	8.0	11.1	9.2	3.8	7.5	8.5
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	5.4	10.4	23.8	9.2	11.3	17.8	3.6	11.3	6.7
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	14.1	46.6	3.7	8.3	27.4	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	4.5	6.3	32.6	10.2	8.6	6.0	1.9	12.1	6.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 30. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and occupation, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations		Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations occupations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative support occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations
Hispanic or Latino Ethnicity										
Metropolitan areas:										
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	3.7	9.2	22.6	7.5	11.0	5.7	2.6	26.7	10.4
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	6.2	10.1	20.6	8.6	12.7	15.1	3.7	11.7	10.5
Rochester MSA	100.0	(²)	8.8	22.9	17.8	8.6	(²)	9.1	9.7	23.1
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	10.9	13.9	23.6	6.7	15.0	14.8	.6	2.9	6.7
St. Louis MSA	100.0	11.4	17.0	44.5	(²)	10.8	(²)	5.2	11.1	(²)
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	7.2	9.9	16.3	7.9	12.6	15.3	7.3	14.5	8.9
San Antonio MSA	100.0	8.7	14.3	24.8	11.6	15.5	9.2	3.6	6.6	5.7
San Diego MSA	100.0	9.7	15.1	28.1	11.4	10.2	9.4	4.5	5.7	5.8
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	5.9	11.2	41.7	12.3	10.9	4.6	2.1	5.4	4.8
San Jose PMSA	100.0	9.1	13.1	21.6	10.2	15.7	3.1	4.5	5.9	16.9
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	4.6	11.2	35.7	4.8	4.7	22.9	1.4	11.0	2.0
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA ...	100.0	11.7	16.1	21.2	8.6	15.0	6.5	3.1	10.0	6.5
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	5.9	11.6	32.1	6.9	8.5	24.6	3.9	2.7	3.8
Cities:										
Baltimore central city	100.0	1.6	(²)	43.5	9.6	(²)	28.3	(²)	17.0	(²)
Chicago central city	100.0	4.3	9.1	23.0	10.4	16.8	9.7	5.1	12.1	9.4
Cleveland central city	100.0	6.0	3.0	30.2	1.5	19.4	7.0	10.3	6.3	16.2
Dallas central city	100.0	2.2	4.2	26.0	7.5	9.4	21.6	6.1	15.0	7.8
District of Columbia	100.0	10.3	25.0	35.5	5.5	8.9	10.7	.3	.8	2.6
Houston central city	100.0	7.4	7.3	23.1	8.4	13.3	17.3	6.3	9.2	7.4
Indianapolis central city	100.0	6.9	9.1	15.4	(²)	7.3	55.6	1.4	(²)	4.3
Los Angeles central city	100.0	5.1	6.0	25.1	10.6	12.4	8.9	5.3	15.4	10.7
Milwaukee central city	100.0	.9	5.0	26.2	7.5	8.8	8.1	13.8	18.4	11.2
New York central city	100.0	6.8	12.0	32.5	8.4	15.2	7.0	2.7	6.5	8.6
Philadelphia central city	100.0	5.0	18.0	23.7	8.5	12.3	13.6	5.4	7.2	6.3
Phoenix central city	100.0	4.2	6.6	22.9	11.7	9.9	19.2	4.4	14.4	6.3
San Antonio central city	100.0	8.8	13.0	25.1	13.1	15.4	10.0	3.6	5.4	5.7
San Diego central city	100.0	7.9	15.1	28.6	15.6	8.0	10.0	5.8	5.3	3.1
San Francisco central city	100.0	4.0	12.2	48.3	7.3	14.2	3.0	1.1	4.5	3.9

¹ Includes farming, fishing, and forestry occupations, not shown separately.

² Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the area based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

Table 31. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Unemployment rates for nonagricultural workers by industry, 2003 annual averages

Area	Total ¹	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
			Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta MSA	4.3	3.4	4.6	5.5	2.8	4.8	3.6
Baltimore PMSA	4.6	5.2	4.6	4.1	(²)	5.8	3.6
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	4.1	8.4	4.9	(²)	2.5	4.8	(²)
Boston PMSA	5.1	6.4	5.9	8.0	1.4	6.0	4.0
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	5.7	(²)	6.8	7.8	5.7	2.5	(²)
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	6.9	11.9	10.5	11.8	9.2	6.7	4.1
Chicago PMSA	6.3	9.5	7.0	7.6	6.0	7.1	4.3
Cincinnati PMSA	4.4	6.5	4.3	3.0	6.6	3.8	4.0
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	5.6	8.0	8.5	9.7	6.1	4.6	.7
Columbus, Ohio MSA	5.4	5.6	8.1	10.4	(²)	7.7	4.2
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	7.1	9.3	6.6	7.2	5.1	7.2	5.9
Dayton-Springfield MSA	8.0	14.4	8.2	10.2	(²)	11.2	(²)
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	5.9	8.1	7.8	8.6	6.2	6.4	3.9
Detroit PMSA	7.1	13.6	7.6	7.2	10.0	6.0	7.9
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	5.6	5.4	8.9	(²)	(²)	4.6	2.2
Hartford PMSA	4.9	7.8	4.9	5.1	(²)	5.8	2.7
Houston PMSA	6.8	8.3	4.3	4.9	3.5	6.9	6.9
Indianapolis MSA	3.1	6.4	1.8	2.0	(²)	4.2	(²)
Kansas City MSA	6.0	6.4	8.1	6.0	10.7	7.3	4.1
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	6.4	8.4	6.9	7.6	6.1	6.3	5.8
Louisville MSA	5.8	8.3	6.4	4.9	9.5	6.1	6.0
Memphis MSA	8.4	11.0	11.0	(²)	9.1	4.9	4.1
Miami PMSA	4.5	6.2	7.0	(²)	(²)	4.9	3.1
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	5.9	8.0	5.0	5.5	3.8	8.3	8.2
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	4.6	6.1	4.7	5.8	2.6	5.5	4.0
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	3.9	4.6	3.1	1.7	5.5	5.2	3.9
New Orleans MSA	5.1	9.5	7.2	(²)	(²)	4.7	7.0
New York PMSA	6.8	9.6	8.8	10.4	7.8	6.6	5.6
Newark PMSA	6.8	10.3	6.9	5.7	7.9	9.6	5.3
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA	2.3	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Oakland PMSA	6.4	10.6	10.4	12.8	(²)	5.2	9.0
Oklahoma City MSA	4.6	6.6	8.3	7.2	(²)	3.7	(²)
Orange County PMSA	3.5	(²)	2.7	1.6	(²)	3.4	(²)
Philadelphia PMSA	5.6	8.8	6.8	6.3	7.4	5.9	4.7
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	4.8	4.3	5.7	6.8	1.8	4.6	3.9
Pittsburgh MSA	4.9	7.6	4.1	5.3	1.8	6.4	5.3
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	8.4	15.6	6.8	7.3	5.4	8.0	6.2
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	5.7	9.7	7.6	7.2	8.5	6.8	4.3
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	5.2	4.2	5.5	4.1	7.6	5.2	8.0
Rochester MSA	7.8	13.4	7.9	7.3	(²)	8.6	(²)
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	5.4	4.3	2.8	(²)	(²)	7.5	(²)
St. Louis MSA	5.6	6.1	6.1	6.9	4.9	4.6	2.4
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	5.5	9.1	4.6	4.7	4.2	5.7	1.9
San Antonio MSA	5.9	7.7	3.0	(²)	(²)	7.0	7.8
San Diego MSA	4.3	4.6	7.8	8.5	(²)	3.9	(²)
San Francisco PMSA	7.3	(²)	9.8	8.2	(²)	8.0	6.6
San Jose PMSA	9.4	14.4	12.5	12.4	(²)	8.8	(²)
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	6.1	7.8	6.0	5.8	6.6	6.1	4.5
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	4.9	5.3	5.8	4.3	(²)	6.0	8.0
Washington D.C. PMSA	3.7	4.3	4.6	5.3	(²)	4.6	5.3
Cities:							
Baltimore central city	9.7	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	13.4	(²)
Chicago central city	8.7	13.6	8.9	11.1	6.0	12.1	6.7
Cleveland central city	9.8	(²)	7.8	(²)	(²)	7.8	(²)
Dallas central city	8.9	11.6	6.6	7.0	5.7	12.9	6.6
Detroit central city	12.7	12.4	14.6	13.8	(²)	11.7	11.9
District of Columbia	6.4	20.0	(²)	(²)	(²)	14.3	5.8
Houston central city	7.6	9.6	4.5	6.4	(²)	7.7	6.9
Indianapolis central city	4.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	8.0	(²)
Los Angeles central city	7.5	9.4	8.0	7.8	8.1	6.7	8.7
Milwaukee central city	12.9	19.2	7.0	8.9	3.1	19.3	17.0
New York central city	7.6	10.2	10.2	11.8	9.3	7.5	5.8
Philadelphia central city	8.6	16.8	9.2	6.6	11.9	9.6	9.5
Phoenix central city	6.0	5.2	6.9	8.5	(²)	7.4	5.3
St. Louis central city	7.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
San Antonio central city	6.4	8.7	(²)	(²)	(²)	7.2	(²)
San Diego central city	5.1	(²)	14.5	(²)	(²)	6.6	(²)
San Francisco central city	10.1	(²)	9.3	(²)	(²)	13.2	(²)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 31. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Unemployment rates for nonagricultural workers by industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Area	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta MSA	5.1	2.8	6.0	2.2	6.5	5.5	3.0
Baltimore PMSA	(²)	3.9	8.1	2.5	9.9	2.6	.5
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	(²)	3.5	4.0	1.5	(²)	(²)	(²)
Boston PMSA	2.9	4.2	7.3	3.5	6.1	5.1	2.2
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	(²)	(²)	3.2	3.2	12.3	(²)	(²)
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	(²)	3.1	9.3	1.7	13.3	4.7	(²)
Chicago PMSA	10.2	3.2	8.8	3.4	7.5	5.1	3.1
Cincinnati PMSA	(²)	1.2	5.3	2.9	8.7	(²)	(²)
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	(²)	4.4	8.5	3.0	9.0	6.1	1.1
Columbus, Ohio MSA	(²)	3.2	8.7	3.9	3.6	2.7	2.6
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	8.4	4.4	9.8	4.8	10.3	5.1	3.1
Dayton-Springfield MSA	(²)	(²)	7.1	2.4	14.6	(²)	2.4
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	10.5	3.4	7.5	3.2	8.4	3.4	1.3
Detroit PMSA	5.5	2.9	8.2	4.3	10.6	6.9	2.3
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	(²)	4.4	9.7	4.7	7.0	6.5	1.3
Hartford PMSA	(²)	3.3	6.1	3.5	8.1	4.4	3.1
Houston PMSA	7.8	6.3	6.9	3.7	10.1	11.2	3.7
Indianapolis MSA	(²)	3.1	1.5	2.0	4.4	(²)	(²)
Kansas City MSA	7.6	3.6	8.5	3.6	7.0	5.2	1.3
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	7.7	3.5	8.0	4.2	8.1	7.5	4.8
Louisville MSA	(²)	1.1	9.3	3.2	6.8	(²)	(²)
Memphis MSA	(²)	2.2	15.9	8.1	12.9	10.8	11.8
Miami PMSA	(²)	2.7	3.2	4.1	7.1	2.4	(²)
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	(²)	1.5	8.8	4.4	8.6	8.4	(³)
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	7.6	2.9	5.4	2.9	5.8	6.1	2.6
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	1.9	5.9	4.6	1.7	8.7	2.1	1.4
New Orleans MSA	(²)	6.2	3.6	1.7	6.4	4.1	(²)
New York PMSA	8.1	6.0	10.2	4.5	7.1	6.0	4.9
Newark PMSA	5.5	4.6	8.5	4.5	9.8	5.0	2.8
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA	(²)	(²)	(²)	3.0	(²)	(²)	(²)
Oakland PMSA	(²)	3.9	7.1	3.1	5.8	8.0	(²)
Oklahoma City MSA	(²)	3.9	6.7	4.1	4.4	2.4	3.5
Orange County PMSA	(²)	.9	4.8	2.7	2.6	(²)	(²)
Philadelphia PMSA	6.7	4.0	7.8	3.2	10.8	2.5	2.3
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	1.5	4.0	8.4	2.3	7.2	4.6	2.9
Pittsburgh MSA	(²)	3.2	6.9	2.4	6.3	4.6	(²)
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	21.1	6.1	12.3	4.5	9.1	11.1	1.2
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	1.3	2.6	10.5	2.8	5.8	3.6	3.2
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	(²)	2.0	8.4	3.0	7.7	4.3	2.2
Rochester MSA	(²)	1.1	15.1	1.7	16.4	8.0	(²)
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	(²)	1.2	8.6	2.1	13.0	(²)	1.2
St. Louis MSA	8.6	5.4	9.3	3.6	10.4	3.8	2.0
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	9.2	3.3	7.8	3.4	8.6	6.9	4.1
San Antonio MSA	(²)	5.8	11.1	2.5	10.6	3.2	1.2
San Diego MSA	(²)	4.8	5.7	1.2	5.3	(²)	(²)
San Francisco PMSA	(²)	1.7	9.3	6.8	6.8	(²)	(²)
San Jose PMSA	(²)	6.6	10.3	5.3	8.6	5.6	9.9
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	6.6	4.5	5.5	5.3	9.4	7.5	2.2
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	6.7	2.7	4.2	2.3	9.9	4.8	.5
Washington D.C. PMSA	4.5	2.5	4.7	2.9	5.4	4.5	.5
Cities:							
Baltimore central city	(²)	(²)	19.3	5.2	16.9	(²)	(³)
Chicago central city	16.6	3.1	11.5	5.6	12.1	7.6	3.1
Cleveland central city	(²)	(²)	19.2	5.2	(²)	(²)	(²)
Dallas central city	8.6	5.6	14.3	5.6	7.8	5.1	(²)
Detroit central city	(²)	4.0	21.1	8.2	19.8	11.3	(²)
District of Columbia	4.2	3.8	6.6	6.5	7.4	5.0	2.1
Houston central city	(²)	9.3	7.8	4.2	6.4	14.8	6.0
Indianapolis central city	(²)	(²)	(²)	2.1	(²)	(²)	(²)
Los Angeles central city	7.8	3.1	9.3	5.4	9.0	8.0	(²)
Milwaukee central city	(²)	3.9	26.0	9.4	20.2	20.0	(³)
New York central city	9.1	7.1	11.5	4.9	7.6	6.6	5.9
Philadelphia central city	(²)	1.7	13.1	4.9	16.7	1.4	6.0
Phoenix central city	(²)	4.4	9.9	3.3	7.1	2.7	(²)
St. Louis central city	(²)	(²)	(²)	4.0	15.3	(²)	(²)
San Antonio central city	(²)	5.4	12.5	3.5	9.0	(²)	(²)
San Diego central city	(²)	(²)	4.1	.8	6.5	(²)	(²)
San Francisco central city	(²)	1.0	12.6	11.1	8.3	(²)	(²)

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience. Includes self-employed workers, unpaid family workers, and mining, not shown separately.

² Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS

publication standard of reliability for the particular area, based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

³ Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2003 annual averages

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Total	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
TOTAL								
Metropolitan areas:								
Atlanta MSA	100.0	99.7	9.6	9.5	6.2	3.3	15.8	7.3
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	99.5	8.0	7.3	4.1	3.2	14.2	4.9
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	99.9	6.3	13.1	5.1	8.0	16.4	5.8
Boston PMSA	100.0	99.8	6.2	9.0	5.9	3.1	12.4	3.2
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	99.7	3.2	15.6	8.3	7.3	16.3	5.1
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	99.2	8.7	14.4	7.0	7.4	16.7	5.6
Chicago PMSA	100.0	99.7	7.2	12.9	7.9	5.0	14.4	6.7
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	99.5	5.1	14.3	9.1	5.1	15.5	5.6
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	99.6	5.4	15.0	9.9	5.0	14.6	3.6
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	99.5	4.7	8.7	5.2	3.4	14.0	4.8
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	99.6	8.4	11.5	8.2	3.3	15.8	6.2
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	99.4	6.6	19.9	14.4	5.4	14.0	4.0
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	99.4	8.6	8.1	5.4	2.7	14.3	5.5
Detroit PMSA	100.0	99.9	6.3	21.7	18.5	3.2	14.8	3.8
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	99.8	7.1	4.1	2.6	1.6	18.0	5.6
Hartford PMSA	100.0	99.6	6.5	13.1	10.5	2.6	14.4	4.4
Houston PMSA	100.0	99.5	10.2	9.4	5.2	4.2	14.5	6.7
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	99.8	7.1	13.5	8.0	5.5	14.9	6.8
Kansas City MSA	100.0	99.5	7.1	9.5	5.3	4.2	15.3	6.0
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	99.8	6.1	14.0	7.9	6.1	14.7	5.1
Louisville MSA	100.0	99.4	7.2	14.2	9.8	4.5	15.4	5.9
Memphis MSA	100.0	99.3	7.8	7.7	3.0	4.7	18.1	13.5
Miami PMSA	100.0	99.6	9.5	7.8	4.1	3.7	16.0	6.9
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	99.6	6.2	19.2	13.3	5.9	13.1	4.1
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	99.7	6.3	14.6	9.6	5.0	14.0	4.4
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	99.8	7.3	9.3	6.0	3.3	14.0	5.7
New Orleans MSA	100.0	99.2	9.1	7.2	3.9	3.3	13.3	5.9
New York PMSA	100.0	99.9	5.8	5.8	2.2	3.5	12.6	6.3
Newark PMSA	100.0	99.9	4.4	12.4	5.5	6.9	13.9	7.1
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA ..	100.0	100.0	7.6	9.8	7.4	2.4	14.4	5.5
Oakland PMSA	100.0	100.0	5.0	9.1	5.2	3.9	17.1	4.9
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	99.4	7.1	9.2	6.5	2.7	15.1	4.2
Orange County PMSA	100.0	100.0	5.4	15.1	10.7	4.5	16.9	3.3
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	99.6	6.4	10.2	5.1	5.0	13.3	5.5
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	99.7	8.9	11.1	8.4	2.7	15.6	5.0
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	99.8	6.7	12.0	7.8	4.2	15.0	6.0
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	98.7	6.4	12.9	9.3	3.6	16.1	6.5
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	99.4	5.7	14.9	10.6	4.2	16.0	3.4
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	99.5	9.5	12.1	7.3	4.8	17.0	6.0
Rochester MSA	100.0	97.9	5.0	18.7	14.7	4.0	13.1	1.9
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	98.8	8.4	6.7	4.2	2.6	15.1	2.7
St. Louis MSA	100.0	99.8	7.3	10.6	6.3	4.3	16.2	4.7
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	99.2	7.6	10.4	7.1	3.4	17.0	5.9
San Antonio MSA	100.0	99.7	7.6	7.9	4.5	3.4	16.8	4.8
San Diego MSA	100.0	99.7	6.4	10.2	8.3	1.9	13.9	3.2
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	99.5	4.1	8.1	4.6	3.5	12.1	5.3
San Jose PMSA	100.0	99.8	5.0	23.6	21.3	2.2	11.2	3.3
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	99.2	6.4	15.6	12.2	3.4	14.2	3.5
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	100.0	99.5	6.9	8.9	5.7	3.1	16.3	5.0
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	99.6	6.8	3.9	2.7	1.1	11.7	3.7
Cities:								
Baltimore central city	100.0	100.0	7.4	7.0	.7	6.4	12.0	5.2
Chicago central city	100.0	99.8	5.6	9.0	5.0	4.0	10.4	8.3
Cleveland central city	100.0	100.0	2.2	13.1	9.5	3.6	15.2	3.9
Dallas central city	100.0	99.7	10.1	14.7	9.7	5.0	12.2	5.0
Detroit central city	100.0	100.0	4.7	15.0	13.7	1.3	10.7	6.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
TOTAL							
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta MSA	4.3	7.9	12.5	16.8	7.3	5.4	3.3
Baltimore PMSA	3.3	7.4	10.2	22.8	6.9	5.9	8.8
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	3.2	8.7	11.4	21.5	5.6	5.1	2.7
Boston PMSA	2.6	9.2	16.2	24.6	8.3	3.6	4.3
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	2.1	5.6	12.7	21.5	8.8	4.4	4.3
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	2.0	9.4	9.4	18.6	5.8	5.9	2.4
Chicago PMSA	3.0	8.7	12.7	18.0	7.9	4.9	3.3
Cincinnati PMSA	1.7	9.2	11.8	18.2	10.8	4.6	2.9
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	2.8	8.1	9.7	21.5	8.5	5.8	4.6
Columbus, Ohio MSA	3.2	9.5	11.7	21.6	10.7	4.7	5.9
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	4.8	8.8	12.7	14.8	8.8	5.5	2.1
Dayton-Springfield MSA	3.1	4.0	8.7	19.5	8.5	4.9	6.2
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	4.9	9.1	13.2	16.8	8.6	5.3	4.6
Detroit PMSA	1.7	5.4	10.9	19.6	8.1	4.7	2.6
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	1.8	10.5	11.4	19.7	10.8	4.9	5.9
Hartford PMSA	2.4	11.1	8.9	23.7	5.9	4.7	4.5
Houston PMSA	2.1	6.4	13.2	17.0	9.5	5.2	3.2
Indianapolis MSA	1.8	8.9	11.1	19.8	7.6	4.7	3.5
Kansas City MSA	5.5	8.3	11.3	18.0	9.5	4.9	4.0
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	5.3	6.9	11.4	18.2	8.5	6.5	3.0
Louisville MSA	3.0	7.4	9.3	21.3	7.8	3.9	3.5
Memphis MSA	1.2	9.0	6.8	18.8	6.8	4.4	5.1
Miami PMSA	2.4	7.9	12.2	18.6	7.6	6.3	4.4
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	2.2	7.6	9.3	23.6	7.2	3.4	3.5
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	2.2	10.2	12.1	19.9	8.2	4.8	3.0
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	3.3	9.0	10.7	24.8	6.8	3.6	5.3
New Orleans MSA	1.7	7.1	11.4	20.9	11.3	6.5	3.4
New York PMSA	3.9	10.2	12.4	24.4	9.3	5.8	3.4
Newark PMSA	4.4	8.9	13.5	21.6	6.1	3.9	3.7
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA ..	2.1	6.3	12.4	21.2	9.0	4.8	6.9
Oakland PMSA	3.9	9.3	13.8	20.9	7.5	4.9	3.6
Oklahoma City MSA	3.1	7.4	9.2	20.2	8.8	6.0	7.7
Orange County PMSA	2.7	8.0	14.6	16.8	9.8	4.9	2.4
Philadelphia PMSA	2.9	8.5	12.7	24.0	6.8	4.7	4.4
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	2.9	9.1	12.2	17.2	8.9	4.7	3.8
Pittsburgh MSA	2.4	7.1	10.1	23.5	8.8	5.0	2.9
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	1.6	8.1	12.3	18.0	8.6	4.5	3.6
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	1.8	8.0	9.0	23.4	9.2	4.5	3.5
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	1.8	6.4	10.2	19.1	8.2	4.5	4.6
Rochester MSA	3.1	4.6	8.3	27.2	8.4	4.2	3.4
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	3.8	9.2	10.5	20.7	5.7	4.3	11.7
St. Louis MSA	2.9	7.9	9.0	22.9	9.2	5.6	3.5
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	2.3	7.7	11.2	18.4	7.8	4.4	6.0
San Antonio MSA	2.9	7.8	9.1	22.2	9.4	5.2	5.7
San Diego MSA	2.1	8.4	16.1	19.1	9.8	4.9	5.5
San Francisco PMSA	3.8	10.2	18.4	17.2	12.2	4.2	4.0
San Jose PMSA	2.5	6.3	17.6	14.5	7.6	4.8	3.4
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	4.2	6.7	13.8	18.0	8.4	4.3	3.2
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	3.2	9.5	12.8	19.6	7.8	5.9	3.6
Washington D.C. PMSA	4.7	6.5	18.3	18.4	7.0	5.4	13.2
Cities:							
Baltimore central city	2.3	3.8	9.2	24.0	12.5	5.0	11.5
Chicago central city	2.5	9.5	14.7	20.6	8.9	4.7	5.6
Cleveland central city	1.7	7.7	10.1	27.3	8.6	6.6	3.8
Dallas central city	4.4	9.9	13.6	10.7	11.9	5.8	.9
Detroit central city	1.5	6.2	10.5	27.3	9.9	4.5	3.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
TOTAL								
Cities:								
District of Columbia	100.0	99.9	3.6	1.2	.3	.9	5.9	4.3
Houston central city	100.0	100.0	9.9	7.7	4.9	2.8	12.8	6.4
Indianapolis central city	100.0	99.8	7.1	11.0	6.7	4.4	13.3	8.8
Los Angeles central city	100.0	99.8	6.7	12.4	6.3	6.1	14.2	3.9
Milwaukee central city	100.0	99.9	3.8	17.0	11.1	5.9	10.1	5.2
New York central city	100.0	99.9	5.9	5.2	1.8	3.4	12.5	7.0
Philadelphia central city	100.0	100.0	5.5	7.4	3.9	3.5	12.1	4.8
Phoenix central city	100.0	99.8	11.0	11.4	7.8	3.7	15.5	4.6
St. Louis central city	100.0	100.0	3.9	8.7	3.1	5.6	10.5	4.1
San Antonio central city	100.0	99.9	8.4	6.2	3.9	2.4	17.5	3.8
San Diego central city	100.0	99.9	6.9	8.0	6.7	1.3	12.5	3.1
San Francisco central city	100.0	99.6	2.6	9.8	4.6	5.2	9.5	3.9
Men								
Metropolitan areas:								
Atlanta MSA	100.0	99.7	16.4	12.9	8.6	4.4	16.6	9.1
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	99.3	13.4	8.9	5.1	3.7	14.6	7.2
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	99.8	11.3	14.3	5.8	8.5	16.4	9.0
Boston PMSA	100.0	99.7	11.3	11.9	8.1	3.8	12.8	4.8
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	99.5	5.5	22.0	12.8	9.2	15.5	8.4
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	99.1	13.8	16.6	8.8	7.7	17.4	7.6
Chicago PMSA	100.0	99.6	12.3	15.4	9.5	5.9	14.4	9.0
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	99.4	8.3	20.2	14.0	6.1	14.4	8.3
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	99.5	8.7	20.6	14.7	5.9	14.6	5.0
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	99.7	7.6	11.4	7.6	3.8	14.6	7.2
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	99.6	13.7	13.9	10.3	3.6	15.1	8.5
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	99.5	10.9	25.9	19.3	6.7	12.9	5.6
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	99.1	14.3	10.3	6.8	3.5	14.4	8.0
Detroit PMSA	100.0	99.9	10.7	30.0	26.4	3.5	14.9	4.6
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	99.7	11.3	5.9	3.8	2.1	20.1	7.4
Hartford PMSA	100.0	99.4	11.2	18.6	15.4	3.2	16.2	5.4
Houston PMSA	100.0	99.4	16.5	12.4	7.2	5.2	14.3	8.1
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	99.9	11.2	18.9	11.8	7.1	16.5	9.7
Kansas City MSA	100.0	99.3	12.4	13.3	7.9	5.4	16.5	8.1
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	99.8	10.1	16.1	9.7	6.4	15.4	6.5
Louisville MSA	100.0	99.0	11.9	18.9	13.0	5.8	16.9	8.0
Memphis MSA	100.0	98.6	13.4	10.2	3.9	6.3	18.3	16.5
Miami PMSA	100.0	99.7	15.9	8.6	5.1	3.5	16.6	9.4
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	99.4	9.8	28.4	19.8	8.6	12.9	6.4
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	99.6	11.0	18.4	12.5	5.9	15.8	5.9
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	99.6	12.6	11.0	7.6	3.4	14.8	8.4
New Orleans MSA	100.0	99.0	15.8	9.4	5.6	3.8	12.9	9.6
New York PMSA	100.0	99.8	9.9	5.9	2.9	3.0	14.5	9.6
Newark PMSA	100.0	99.9	7.7	14.8	7.7	7.1	15.8	9.3
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA ..	100.0	100.0	13.4	14.0	12.5	1.5	14.6	8.5
Oakland PMSA	100.0	100.0	8.2	11.0	7.1	3.9	19.6	7.0
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	99.0	12.4	12.4	8.9	3.4	16.6	6.3
Orange County PMSA	100.0	100.0	8.9	17.9	12.8	5.1	17.6	4.1
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	99.6	11.1	13.9	7.4	6.6	14.9	8.3
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	99.5	14.7	14.6	11.4	3.1	15.4	6.4
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	99.8	11.9	17.0	11.3	5.7	15.4	8.6
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	98.5	10.2	18.2	13.4	4.8	17.5	8.7
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	99.3	10.3	18.8	13.4	5.4	17.8	4.9
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	99.4	15.6	15.1	9.9	5.2	17.8	7.8
Rochester MSA	100.0	96.5	9.3	24.1	18.6	5.5	14.0	2.2
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	98.7	15.1	8.2	5.7	2.4	18.1	4.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
TOTAL							
Cities:							
District of Columbia	4.4	6.7	20.2	17.5	8.9	8.4	18.8
Houston central city	2.3	6.8	13.8	18.6	11.4	5.0	3.4
Indianapolis central city	2.4	7.7	10.3	20.3	10.0	5.4	3.6
Los Angeles central city	7.0	6.4	12.6	15.3	10.6	9.1	1.6
Milwaukee central city .....	.5	8.4	7.9	29.5	6.6	4.8	6.0
New York central city	3.9	10.1	12.1	24.4	9.9	5.7	3.1
Philadelphia central city	2.9	8.6	11.3	28.4	8.2	5.4	5.5
Phoenix central city	2.7	8.9	12.7	14.1	9.1	6.0	3.7
St. Louis central city	2.0	5.3	6.2	30.6	13.9	7.9	6.9
San Antonio central city	3.4	9.1	9.6	21.6	11.3	4.9	3.9
San Diego central city	1.8	6.8	17.8	21.2	11.3	4.8	5.6
San Francisco central city	4.3	8.1	19.4	17.8	16.5	4.2	3.5
Men							
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta MSA	4.0	5.9	13.0	6.7	6.7	5.0	3.1
Baltimore PMSA	3.3	6.0	12.0	12.4	6.9	5.3	9.3
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	3.8	10.0	11.0	9.8	5.9	5.6	2.8
Boston PMSA	2.8	9.6	18.4	12.0	8.1	2.7	5.2
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	2.4	3.8	16.0	8.4	9.0	3.4	5.1
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	2.3	6.5	11.1	9.1	5.4	6.2	2.8
Chicago PMSA	3.0	8.0	13.9	8.7	7.2	4.4	3.4
Cincinnati PMSA	2.0	6.9	12.2	9.8	10.1	4.4	3.0
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	4.0	6.6	10.8	10.8	7.4	5.0	6.0
Columbus, Ohio MSA	4.2	8.6	12.5	11.3	11.9	5.0	5.3
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	4.8	7.3	13.9	6.2	8.4	5.1	2.0
Dayton-Springfield MSA	3.7	2.8	9.2	7.0	8.9	5.5	7.1
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	5.3	7.4	13.5	8.5	8.6	3.6	4.5
Detroit PMSA	1.9	4.0	11.9	8.2	7.1	3.9	2.5
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	2.3	9.4	12.0	10.2	10.3	5.6	5.2
Hartford PMSA	2.5	9.4	10.8	11.0	5.3	4.3	4.7
Houston PMSA	2.6	4.8	14.1	7.2	9.6	4.7	3.0
Indianapolis MSA	1.2	7.6	11.2	8.9	7.2	4.5	3.0
Kansas City MSA	5.6	6.6	11.7	8.1	8.7	4.3	4.1
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	6.0	6.2	11.8	9.9	9.1	5.9	2.6
Louisville MSA	3.1	6.6	8.7	8.9	6.8	4.5	4.2
Memphis MSA	1.9	8.8	8.6	7.9	3.9	4.9	4.3
Miami PMSA	2.7	7.3	12.7	9.5	7.1	5.4	4.3
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	3.0	5.2	9.0	11.1	6.3	3.1	3.8
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	2.6	8.2	13.2	9.4	7.5	4.4	3.1
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	3.7	9.1	12.1	11.8	6.5	2.9	6.7
New Orleans MSA	2.1	5.3	10.9	8.1	11.8	7.3	3.3
New York PMSA	4.0	10.9	14.5	11.5	11.1	4.6	3.4
Newark PMSA	4.9	9.3	15.1	9.5	6.0	3.5	4.0
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA ..	1.8	4.1	15.3	8.8	8.1	3.9	7.5
Oakland PMSA	3.3	9.0	16.9	8.0	8.4	4.6	4.0
Oklahoma City MSA	3.8	5.6	8.4	9.0	9.2	4.9	8.4
Orange County PMSA	3.3	6.5	15.3	10.2	9.0	4.7	2.4
Philadelphia PMSA	3.4	7.7	13.0	11.5	6.4	4.4	4.8
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	2.5	8.4	13.2	7.2	8.6	4.1	4.2
Pittsburgh MSA	3.0	6.5	9.8	12.5	7.1	4.0	3.2
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	1.3	6.2	12.7	8.3	8.2	4.0	3.3
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	1.6	6.2	10.5	12.6	8.5	3.5	4.5
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	1.7	4.8	9.4	11.0	7.3	3.6	5.1
Rochester MSA	2.8	3.6	9.3	14.4	9.6	4.5	2.6
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	3.4	8.0	10.3	11.2	6.1	3.2	10.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Total	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Men								
Metropolitan areas:								
St. Louis MSA	100.0	99.8	12.7	14.8	9.1	5.7	17.3	6.5
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	99.1	12.6	13.5	9.5	4.0	18.5	7.9
San Antonio MSA	100.0	99.5	13.1	11.2	7.3	3.9	17.2	6.0
San Diego MSA	100.0	99.6	10.4	13.4	11.1	2.3	15.1	3.8
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	99.3	6.8	10.3	7.3	2.9	13.9	6.0
San Jose PMSA	100.0	100.0	8.5	29.9	26.7	3.2	12.6	4.2
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	98.9	11.0	19.8	16.0	3.9	13.0	4.9
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	100.0	99.2	11.1	10.7	7.2	3.4	16.4	7.4
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	99.5	11.6	5.0	3.6	1.4	12.9	5.4
Cities:								
Baltimore central city	100.0	100.0	13.6	10.2	1.3	8.9	12.7	9.0
Chicago central city	100.0	99.6	10.2	10.6	6.1	4.5	10.1	11.6
Cleveland central city	100.0	100.0	4.6	20.9	15.0	6.0	16.6	6.9
Dallas central city	100.0	99.8	16.6	17.9	12.8	5.1	11.5	6.8
Detroit central city	100.0	100.0	9.9	22.9	20.2	2.6	12.7	8.5
District of Columbia	100.0	99.9	6.5	1.4	.3	1.0	6.2	6.9
Houston central city	100.0	99.9	16.0	9.7	6.5	3.2	11.9	7.8
Indianapolis central city	100.0	99.7	12.2	14.8	9.7	5.2	16.5	12.1
Los Angeles central city	100.0	99.6	10.8	13.9	7.2	6.7	13.6	5.1
Milwaukee central city	100.0	100.0	6.8	29.0	18.7	10.3	10.3	9.3
New York central city	100.0	99.9	10.1	4.9	2.3	2.7	14.3	10.8
Philadelphia central city	100.0	100.0	10.6	11.4	7.2	4.2	13.3	8.7
Phoenix central city	100.0	99.6	18.2	13.8	9.8	4.0	15.6	5.1
St. Louis central city	100.0	100.0	7.8	11.3	3.3	8.0	7.2	6.8
San Antonio central city	100.0	99.8	15.0	8.3	6.0	2.3	18.0	5.2
San Diego central city	100.0	99.8	12.1	9.8	8.2	1.6	14.4	3.4
San Francisco central city	100.0	99.3	3.4	11.0	6.6	4.4	11.6	5.1
Women								
Metropolitan areas:								
Atlanta MSA	100.0	99.7	1.8	5.6	3.5	2.0	14.9	5.2
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	99.8	2.0	5.5	2.9	2.7	13.8	2.3
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	99.9	1.1	11.9	4.5	7.5	16.4	2.3
Boston PMSA	100.0	99.9	.9	6.0	3.6	2.4	12.0	1.5
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	99.9	1.0	9.3	3.8	5.4	17.2	1.9
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	99.3	2.6	11.9	4.9	7.0	16.0	3.2
Chicago PMSA	100.0	99.8	1.4	10.1	6.0	4.1	14.4	4.1
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	99.6	1.4	7.5	3.6	3.9	16.7	2.5
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	99.7	1.9	9.0	4.8	4.2	14.6	2.1
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	99.3	1.7	5.8	2.7	3.1	13.3	2.3
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	99.7	1.8	8.5	5.7	2.8	16.7	3.3
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	99.3	1.7	12.9	8.9	4.0	15.2	2.3
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	99.7	1.9	5.5	3.8	1.7	14.3	2.6
Detroit PMSA	100.0	100.0	1.5	12.6	9.7	2.9	14.8	3.0
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	100.0	2.4	2.2	1.2	1.1	15.7	3.6
Hartford PMSA	100.0	99.7	1.5	7.3	5.4	2.0	12.4	3.3
Houston PMSA	100.0	99.6	2.1	5.5	2.7	2.8	14.6	4.9
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	99.7	2.3	7.3	3.7	3.6	13.1	3.4
Kansas City MSA	100.0	99.6	1.0	5.3	2.4	2.9	14.0	3.6
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	99.8	1.0	11.3	5.6	5.7	13.9	3.4
Louisville MSA	100.0	99.7	1.9	9.0	6.1	2.9	13.7	3.6
Memphis MSA	100.0	100.0	1.4	5.0	2.0	3.1	17.9	10.3
Miami PMSA	100.0	99.6	1.0	6.7	2.8	3.8	15.3	3.7
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	99.8	2.6	9.7	6.5	3.1	13.3	1.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
Men							
Metropolitan areas:							
St. Louis MSA	3.5	7.3	9.9	9.3	9.0	4.9	4.5
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	2.2	6.8	11.6	9.4	6.9	3.2	5.7
San Antonio MSA	3.1	8.5	9.8	10.2	7.3	5.5	7.2
San Diego MSA	2.1	7.9	16.4	9.5	10.8	4.8	5.4
San Francisco PMSA	4.0	8.7	19.3	11.0	11.5	3.8	4.1
San Jose PMSA	2.3	5.0	18.7	6.0	5.3	5.0	2.5
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	4.4	4.8	15.0	8.7	8.1	4.5	3.4
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	4.1	9.0	14.8	9.0	7.2	6.0	3.5
Washington D.C. PMSA	5.7	5.9	20.4	8.6	6.8	4.4	12.7
Cities:							
Baltimore central city	1.5	2.2	11.0	11.0	13.6	4.1	11.1
Chicago central city	2.5	10.3	15.1	11.4	8.1	3.7	6.0
Cleveland central city	2.2	3.4	8.6	15.7	7.9	7.0	6.1
Dallas central city	2.9	8.5	14.0	4.0	11.1	4.9	1.0
Detroit central city	1.3	4.3	12.7	9.8	10.9	4.7	2.3
District of Columbia	4.3	7.3	22.1	12.5	9.6	6.5	16.5
Houston central city	2.9	5.9	14.9	10.1	11.6	4.4	3.3
Indianapolis central city	1.6	6.4	11.0	8.7	10.2	4.0	2.0
Los Angeles central city	8.1	6.0	12.8	8.8	11.3	8.0	1.2
Milwaukee central city .....	.3	3.5	9.1	10.9	7.0	6.7	7.1
New York central city	4.2	10.7	14.0	11.2	12.1	4.8	2.8
Philadelphia central city	3.7	6.2	11.8	15.6	7.4	5.0	6.3
Phoenix central city	2.8	8.1	12.9	5.5	8.5	5.3	3.9
St. Louis central city	3.7	5.4	6.9	14.9	19.2	6.2	10.6
San Antonio central city	3.2	10.3	10.5	10.5	9.2	4.4	5.4
San Diego central city	2.6	6.4	16.2	10.6	13.6	4.8	5.9
San Francisco central city	5.5	6.6	19.1	12.1	16.5	4.5	3.8
Women							
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta MSA	4.6	10.1	11.9	28.3	8.0	5.7	3.5
Baltimore PMSA	3.2	8.9	8.3	34.3	6.8	6.5	8.2
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	2.6	7.3	11.9	33.8	5.3	4.6	2.7
Boston PMSA	2.4	8.8	13.9	38.0	8.4	4.6	3.5
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	1.8	7.4	9.6	34.3	8.6	5.4	3.6
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	1.6	12.8	7.3	30.0	6.3	5.6	2.0
Chicago PMSA	2.9	9.5	11.3	28.5	8.7	5.6	3.2
Cincinnati PMSA	1.3	11.9	11.3	27.8	11.6	4.9	2.7
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	1.5	9.7	8.5	33.0	9.6	6.7	3.2
Columbus, Ohio MSA	2.0	10.5	10.9	32.6	9.4	4.5	6.5
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	4.7	10.6	11.2	25.5	9.2	5.9	2.2
Dayton-Springfield MSA	2.5	5.3	8.1	33.8	8.0	4.2	5.3
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	4.4	11.2	12.8	26.5	8.5	7.3	4.6
Detroit PMSA	1.5	7.0	9.8	32.2	9.3	5.6	2.7
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	1.3	11.7	10.6	30.2	11.3	4.2	6.7
Hartford PMSA	2.3	12.9	7.0	37.1	6.5	5.0	4.2
Houston PMSA	1.5	8.5	12.1	29.7	9.4	5.9	3.5
Indianapolis MSA	2.5	10.4	11.1	32.4	8.0	5.1	4.2
Kansas City MSA	5.3	10.2	11.0	29.3	10.4	5.5	3.9
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	4.5	7.8	10.8	28.6	7.7	7.3	3.5
Louisville MSA	3.0	8.4	9.9	35.3	9.0	3.1	2.7
Memphis MSA .....	.4	9.3	4.8	31.1	10.0	3.7	5.9
Miami PMSA	2.1	8.6	11.5	30.4	8.2	7.6	4.6
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	1.3	10.1	9.5	36.6	8.2	3.6	3.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Total	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Women								
Metropolitan areas:								
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	99.8	1.3	10.4	6.3	4.0	12.1	2.8
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	99.9	1.3	7.4	4.1	3.3	13.2	2.5
New Orleans MSA	100.0	99.4	2.2	4.9	2.2	2.7	13.8	2.1
New York PMSA	100.0	99.9	1.2	5.6	1.5	4.1	10.4	2.7
Newark PMSA	100.0	99.9	.7	9.5	2.9	6.6	11.7	4.5
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA ..	100.0	100.0	1.8	5.6	2.4	3.3	14.1	2.5
Oakland PMSA	100.0	100.0	1.2	6.8	2.9	3.9	14.0	2.3
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	99.9	1.1	5.5	3.7	1.9	13.3	1.8
Orange County PMSA	100.0	99.9	1.0	11.7	8.0	3.8	16.1	2.3
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	99.6	1.3	6.1	2.7	3.3	11.5	2.6
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	100.0	1.4	6.5	4.4	2.1	15.8	3.3
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	99.9	1.2	6.7	4.1	2.6	14.6	3.2
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	99.0	2.0	6.8	4.4	2.3	14.4	3.8
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	99.4	.8	10.6	7.7	3.0	14.0	1.7
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	99.7	1.4	8.0	3.9	4.1	16.0	3.5
Rochester MSA	100.0	99.2	.6	13.3	10.9	2.4	12.1	1.5
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	98.9	1.7	5.3	2.6	2.8	12.0	.9
St. Louis MSA	100.0	99.9	1.8	6.3	3.5	2.9	15.0	2.9
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	99.4	1.6	6.8	4.2	2.6	15.3	3.5
San Antonio MSA	100.0	99.8	1.1	4.0	1.1	2.9	16.4	3.4
San Diego MSA	100.0	99.7	1.1	6.0	4.7	1.4	12.3	2.6
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	99.6	1.1	5.6	1.4	4.1	9.9	4.5
San Jose PMSA	100.0	99.6	1.1	16.5	15.3	1.2	9.6	2.3
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	99.4	1.1	10.6	7.7	2.9	15.6	1.9
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	100.0	99.8	2.1	6.8	4.0	2.8	16.1	2.2
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	99.7	1.6	2.6	1.8	.8	10.4	1.9
Cities:								
Baltimore central city	100.0	100.0	.9	3.7	(²)	3.7	11.4	1.1
Chicago central city	100.0	100.0	.9	7.3	4.0	3.4	10.7	4.9
Cleveland central city	100.0	100.0	(²)	5.9	4.5	1.4	13.9	1.0
Dallas central city	100.0	99.5	.7	10.0	5.1	4.8	13.1	2.4
Detroit central city	100.0	100.0	.7	8.8	8.5	.2	9.1	4.7
District of Columbia	100.0	99.9	.8	1.0	.3	.7	5.5	1.7
Houston central city	100.0	100.0	2.1	5.3	2.8	2.4	13.9	4.7
Indianapolis central city	100.0	100.0	1.3	6.7	3.3	3.4	9.8	5.0
Los Angeles central city	100.0	100.0	1.3	10.4	5.1	5.3	15.1	2.2
Milwaukee central city	100.0	99.8	1.2	6.6	4.4	2.1	9.9	1.7
New York central city	100.0	99.9	1.2	5.6	1.3	4.3	10.5	2.9
Philadelphia central city	100.0	100.0	.9	3.7	.8	2.9	11.1	1.2
Phoenix central city	100.0	100.0	1.4	8.3	5.0	3.2	15.5	3.9
St. Louis central city	100.0	100.0	.6	6.4	3.0	3.4	13.3	1.8
San Antonio central city	100.0	100.0	.6	3.7	1.2	2.5	17.0	2.2
San Diego central city	100.0	100.0	(²)	5.7	4.8	.9	10.1	2.7
San Francisco central city	100.0	100.0	1.6	8.4	2.4	6.1	7.1	2.6
White								
Metropolitan areas:								
Atlanta MSA	100.0	99.6	11.6	10.3	7.0	3.3	15.1	6.1
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	99.5	9.2	7.2	4.8	2.4	14.9	4.8
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	99.8	6.6	12.9	5.1	7.8	16.1	5.8
Boston PMSA	100.0	99.8	6.6	8.9	6.0	2.9	12.8	3.1
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	99.7	3.3	16.0	8.3	7.7	16.8	5.6
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	99.0	9.8	14.6	6.9	7.7	18.0	4.7
Chicago PMSA	100.0	99.7	8.3	13.2	8.0	5.2	14.9	5.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
Women							
Metropolitan areas:							
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	1.7	12.3	11.0	31.3	8.9	5.2	2.8
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	2.9	8.8	9.1	39.6	7.1	4.4	3.6
New Orleans MSA	1.3	9.1	11.9	34.2	10.8	5.7	3.5
New York PMSA	3.7	9.4	10.1	38.9	7.3	7.1	3.4
Newark PMSA	3.9	8.4	11.8	35.5	6.1	4.5	3.2
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA ..	2.4	8.5	9.6	33.5	9.9	5.6	6.3
Oakland PMSA	4.6	9.6	10.0	36.6	6.5	5.3	3.2
Oklahoma City MSA	2.4	9.3	10.1	32.9	8.4	7.1	7.0
Orange County PMSA	1.9	10.0	13.7	24.9	10.7	5.2	2.5
Philadelphia PMSA	2.4	9.4	12.5	37.4	7.2	5.1	4.1
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	3.5	9.9	10.8	30.4	9.2	5.6	3.4
Pittsburgh MSA	1.8	7.8	10.3	35.1	10.6	6.1	2.5
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	2.1	10.3	11.8	29.6	9.0	5.2	4.0
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	2.0	9.9	7.3	35.0	10.0	5.6	2.4
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	2.1	8.5	11.3	29.9	9.4	5.6	4.0
Rochester MSA	3.3	5.7	7.3	39.9	7.3	4.0	4.2
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	4.1	10.5	10.7	30.2	5.2	5.4	12.8
St. Louis MSA	2.3	8.5	8.1	36.9	9.4	6.3	2.4
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	2.5	8.7	10.7	29.2	8.9	5.9	6.2
San Antonio MSA	2.5	7.0	8.3	36.6	11.9	4.8	3.8
San Diego MSA	2.2	9.0	15.6	31.5	8.6	5.1	5.6
San Francisco PMSA	3.5	12.0	17.3	24.3	12.9	4.6	4.0
San Jose PMSA	2.7	7.8	16.5	24.0	10.1	4.6	4.4
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	4.0	8.9	12.5	28.8	8.8	4.0	3.0
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	2.3	10.1	10.6	31.7	8.4	5.7	3.7
Washington D.C. PMSA	3.6	7.2	16.0	28.8	7.2	6.5	13.8
Cities:							
Baltimore central city	3.2	5.4	7.3	37.9	11.4	6.0	11.9
Chicago central city	2.5	8.7	14.3	30.1	9.7	5.7	5.1
Cleveland central city	1.2	11.7	11.5	37.9	9.1	6.2	1.7
Dallas central city	6.6	12.0	13.2	20.5	13.1	7.0	.9
Detroit central city	1.6	7.7	8.8	41.0	9.1	4.3	4.3
District of Columbia	4.5	6.1	18.3	22.3	8.2	10.3	21.0
Houston central city	1.6	8.1	12.5	29.6	11.1	5.8	3.5
Indianapolis central city	3.3	9.1	9.4	33.4	9.6	6.8	5.4
Los Angeles central city	5.6	6.9	12.3	23.9	9.6	10.5	2.2
Milwaukee central city .....	.7	12.6	6.9	45.9	6.3	3.1	5.1
New York central city	3.6	9.4	9.9	39.1	7.5	6.7	3.5
Philadelphia central city	2.2	10.7	10.8	39.9	8.9	5.7	4.8
Phoenix central city	2.6	10.0	12.5	25.6	9.9	7.0	3.4
St. Louis central city .....	.5	5.3	5.6	44.3	9.3	9.3	3.8
San Antonio central city	3.7	7.7	8.5	35.1	13.8	5.5	2.2
San Diego central city .....	.8	7.4	19.8	35.1	8.3	4.7	5.3
San Francisco central city	2.9	9.8	19.7	24.2	16.6	3.9	3.1
White							
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta MSA	4.5	7.7	14.0	15.2	6.9	5.3	2.8
Baltimore PMSA	3.2	8.3	10.3	20.9	7.0	6.1	7.6
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	3.0	8.5	12.6	21.3	5.6	4.9	2.5
Boston PMSA	2.6	9.3	16.7	23.8	8.6	3.4	3.9
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	1.9	5.1	12.2	20.7	8.8	4.6	4.6
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	1.8	9.5	9.9	17.1	5.9	5.6	1.9
Chicago PMSA	3.0	9.2	12.8	16.9	7.8	5.1	3.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
White								
Metropolitan areas:								
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	99.5	5.2	14.3	9.4	4.9	15.5	5.3
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	99.5	6.2	16.0	10.6	5.4	15.0	3.3
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	99.4	5.5	9.6	5.8	3.8	13.5	4.9
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	99.6	9.7	11.3	8.1	3.1	15.8	5.9
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	99.3	6.7	19.9	14.7	5.1	14.1	4.5
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	99.3	9.1	7.6	5.3	2.4	13.9	5.2
Detroit PMSA	100.0	99.9	7.3	21.6	18.2	3.4	15.9	3.3
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	99.8	7.7	3.7	2.7	.9	18.9	5.2
Hartford PMSA	100.0	99.5	6.8	14.4	11.5	2.9	14.4	3.9
Houston PMSA	100.0	99.3	12.0	9.3	5.1	4.2	15.0	5.6
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	99.7	7.9	14.1	8.1	6.1	15.1	6.3
Kansas City MSA	100.0	99.4	7.2	9.6	5.4	4.2	15.7	6.2
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	99.8	7.0	14.8	8.3	6.5	14.3	4.9
Louisville MSA	100.0	99.3	7.8	14.1	9.2	4.9	16.4	6.2
Memphis MSA	100.0	98.8	12.0	8.2	3.7	4.5	18.1	9.8
Miami PMSA	100.0	99.5	10.1	8.5	4.3	4.2	17.2	7.2
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	99.5	6.8	20.2	13.7	6.6	13.9	3.8
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	99.7	6.8	13.9	9.1	4.8	14.2	4.6
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	99.7	7.9	9.7	6.3	3.4	14.2	5.0
New Orleans MSA	100.0	99.4	10.5	7.3	3.7	3.6	13.6	4.0
New York PMSA	100.0	99.8	6.5	5.8	2.7	3.2	12.9	5.2
Newark PMSA	100.0	99.8	5.4	13.4	6.0	7.4	13.3	6.1
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA ..	100.0	100.0	8.7	9.2	7.5	1.7	15.2	4.9
Oakland PMSA	100.0	100.0	6.7	7.9	4.3	3.6	16.9	3.6
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	99.4	7.4	9.3	6.4	2.9	14.7	4.8
Orange County PMSA	100.0	99.9	6.1	14.8	10.0	4.8	15.8	3.3
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	99.5	7.1	10.4	5.2	5.2	14.0	5.4
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	99.7	9.4	11.0	8.3	2.8	15.8	4.8
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	99.8	7.1	12.1	8.1	4.0	15.5	5.8
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	98.6	6.8	12.3	8.9	3.4	16.2	6.5
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	99.4	6.0	14.6	10.5	4.1	16.3	3.4
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	99.6	10.4	12.2	7.8	4.4	16.9	6.1
Rochester MSA	100.0	97.7	5.2	18.7	14.7	4.0	13.2	2.0
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	98.8	9.8	7.3	4.5	2.8	15.2	2.1
St. Louis MSA	100.0	99.8	8.2	11.1	7.1	4.0	17.1	4.6
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	99.2	7.8	10.1	6.7	3.4	17.0	6.0
San Antonio MSA	100.0	99.6	8.1	7.6	4.3	3.3	16.7	4.7
San Diego MSA	100.0	99.6	7.0	9.5	7.6	1.9	14.4	3.1
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	99.2	4.8	7.3	5.1	2.1	12.4	4.4
San Jose PMSA	100.0	99.6	7.5	19.1	16.7	2.4	11.3	3.8
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	99.1	7.0	14.7	12.1	2.6	14.3	3.4
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	100.0	99.4	7.4	8.8	5.7	3.1	16.9	4.9
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	99.4	8.7	4.1	3.0	1.1	11.2	3.0
Cities:								
Baltimore central city	100.0	100.0	10.7	3.6	1.7	1.9	14.8	4.0
Chicago central city	100.0	99.8	6.9	10.0	5.6	4.4	10.9	5.5
Cleveland central city	100.0	100.0	2.5	16.6	12.0	4.7	16.3	5.1
Dallas central city	100.0	99.8	12.5	14.6	10.2	4.5	12.4	4.1
Detroit central city	100.0	100.0	13.9	8.9	8.0	.9	15.8	5.2
District of Columbia	100.0	99.9	3.6	1.3	.4	.9	4.2	1.2
Houston central city	100.0	99.9	12.1	7.2	4.0	3.2	13.4	4.6
Indianapolis central city	100.0	99.8	8.7	12.2	6.9	5.3	13.4	7.7
Los Angeles central city	100.0	99.8	7.4	13.5	6.8	6.6	14.1	3.7
Milwaukee central city	100.0	99.9	5.5	19.3	10.8	8.5	11.9	3.8
New York central city	100.0	99.8	6.6	5.5	2.3	3.2	12.8	5.8
Philadelphia central city	100.0	100.0	7.1	7.3	4.1	3.2	14.4	3.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
White							
Metropolitan areas:							
Cincinnati PMSA	1.9	9.3	11.9	17.9	10.5	4.9	2.9
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	2.8	7.8	10.2	19.4	8.3	5.9	4.5
Columbus, Ohio MSA	3.5	9.6	11.8	20.4	10.8	5.0	4.7
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	4.4	8.2	12.6	14.8	8.9	5.5	2.1
Dayton-Springfield MSA	2.6	4.4	8.7	18.5	8.6	5.1	6.3
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	4.7	9.0	13.4	16.9	8.7	5.7	4.5
Detroit PMSA	1.9	5.6	11.5	17.8	7.9	4.9	2.2
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	1.9	11.7	11.9	17.6	10.7	5.2	5.3
Hartford PMSA	2.1	10.8	9.0	22.8	6.4	4.9	3.9
Houston PMSA	2.2	6.6	14.3	14.9	9.5	5.0	2.7
Indianapolis MSA	1.8	9.2	11.9	18.8	7.5	4.2	2.9
Kansas City MSA	5.4	8.1	11.4	18.0	9.4	4.6	3.7
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	5.4	6.4	11.3	17.5	8.8	6.8	2.4
Louisville MSA	3.0	7.9	9.0	20.8	7.2	3.6	2.8
Memphis MSA	1.6	10.2	6.9	16.7	6.7	5.0	3.5
Miami PMSA	2.6	8.5	12.0	16.4	6.2	7.2	3.6
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	2.3	7.7	9.0	22.3	6.9	3.2	3.1
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	2.0	10.3	12.0	19.6	8.3	4.9	3.0
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	3.6	8.6	10.5	24.0	7.4	3.7	5.2
New Orleans MSA	2.2	8.4	13.4	16.0	11.8	7.5	3.1
New York PMSA	4.0	10.8	14.0	22.2	10.0	5.4	2.9
Newark PMSA	4.5	9.1	13.9	21.3	5.9	3.9	3.0
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA ..	2.2	6.7	12.7	19.2	8.7	4.8	7.6
Oakland PMSA	3.6	9.8	14.6	20.4	7.1	5.7	3.9
Oklahoma City MSA	2.9	7.7	10.2	20.0	7.7	5.7	7.4
Orange County PMSA	2.9	8.1	14.5	16.8	10.8	4.7	2.2
Philadelphia PMSA	2.9	8.9	13.3	22.2	6.2	4.7	4.2
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	2.9	9.1	12.3	17.3	8.4	4.8	3.7
Pittsburgh MSA	2.4	7.0	10.4	22.6	9.0	4.9	2.7
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	1.5	8.2	12.4	17.8	8.6	4.6	3.5
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	1.8	7.9	9.2	23.1	8.8	4.6	3.6
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	1.9	6.8	10.7	17.0	8.6	4.6	4.4
Rochester MSA	3.0	4.4	8.0	27.2	8.9	3.8	3.4
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	2.7	8.9	11.3	19.2	5.6	4.4	12.1
St. Louis MSA	2.7	8.6	9.5	21.1	8.4	5.2	3.2
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	2.4	7.7	11.3	18.6	7.6	4.4	5.8
San Antonio MSA	2.8	7.9	9.4	21.0	9.9	5.1	5.8
San Diego MSA	1.9	8.5	17.8	18.3	9.9	4.5	4.7
San Francisco PMSA	4.6	11.6	20.4	15.5	11.7	3.9	2.7
San Jose PMSA	2.3	7.5	18.0	13.9	9.1	3.9	3.3
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	4.4	7.0	14.6	18.1	7.7	4.3	2.7
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	3.4	10.1	13.4	17.1	7.8	6.2	3.2
Washington D.C. PMSA	4.6	7.3	20.1	15.8	7.5	4.7	12.2
Cities:							
Baltimore central city	2.0	6.9	5.2	18.2	23.5	6.1	5.0
Chicago central city	3.1	10.1	16.6	18.0	8.5	4.9	5.4
Cleveland central city	1.1	5.8	13.3	19.6	7.9	6.2	5.7
Dallas central city	2.8	9.1	13.9	10.0	12.7	6.3	.8
Detroit central city	6.4	(²)	10.7	20.5	6.7	9.5	2.4
District of Columbia	4.9	6.1	27.4	12.4	10.0	10.4	18.7
Houston central city	2.8	7.8	15.3	15.0	11.5	4.9	3.0
Indianapolis central city	2.4	8.4	11.8	17.5	11.4	3.8	2.5
Los Angeles central city	7.2	5.6	11.9	14.4	11.3	9.5	1.1
Milwaukee central city .....	.5	8.8	8.7	24.8	5.3	6.0	5.2
New York central city	4.1	10.9	13.7	22.0	10.7	5.3	2.4
Philadelphia central city	2.6	8.7	12.8	23.3	8.0	5.4	6.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Total	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
White								
Cities:								
Phoenix central city	100.0	99.8	11.8	11.7	7.8	3.9	16.3	4.3
St. Louis central city	100.0	100.0	5.1	9.1	3.1	6.0	9.2	3.6
San Antonio central city	100.0	99.9	9.0	6.2	3.6	2.6	17.5	3.8
San Diego central city	100.0	99.8	8.8	6.0	4.7	1.2	13.2	2.7
San Francisco central city	100.0	99.3	2.8	7.8	5.6	2.2	7.7	2.9
Black or African American								
Metropolitan areas:								
Atlanta MSA	100.0	99.8	6.0	7.2	4.4	2.8	15.5	10.8
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	99.5	3.2	7.6	1.7	5.9	11.6	6.2
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	100.0	4.7	18.3	4.5	13.8	11.6	8.9
Boston PMSA	100.0	100.0	5.4	5.8	1.2	4.6	9.3	4.8
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	100.0	.6	8.5	4.3	4.2	12.1	.6
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	100.0	5.0	13.3	6.1	7.3	11.3	9.8
Chicago PMSA	100.0	99.9	3.5	10.2	6.3	3.9	10.5	12.9
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	100.0	4.7	11.7	7.1	4.6	14.1	9.4
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	100.0	1.1	9.2	6.6	2.6	13.7	5.9
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	100.0	1.5	3.3	1.0	2.3	16.8	4.7
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	99.9	.9	11.1	6.6	4.5	17.9	8.7
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	100.0	6.0	17.9	10.5	7.4	10.6	1.6
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	100.0	3.2	9.0	7.1	1.9	17.6	11.1
Detroit PMSA	100.0	100.0	3.5	20.4	17.8	2.6	10.7	6.0
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	100.0	5.0	4.8	2.2	2.6	16.0	7.1
Hartford PMSA	100.0	100.0	5.5	4.9	3.9	1.0	13.1	8.4
Houston PMSA	100.0	100.0	5.7	8.0	4.2	3.8	11.5	11.6
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	100.0	2.8	7.5	5.8	1.7	12.7	11.0
Kansas City MSA	100.0	100.0	8.4	7.9	4.4	3.5	11.0	4.9
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	99.9	3.4	8.2	5.2	3.1	13.9	6.9
Louisville MSA	100.0	100.0	2.0	12.4	10.4	2.0	8.1	5.3
Memphis MSA	100.0	99.9	1.7	6.8	1.4	5.4	17.9	21.3
Miami PMSA	100.0	100.0	7.7	5.2	3.4	1.8	11.9	6.4
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	100.0	2.7	11.0	10.1	.8	6.0	8.1
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	100.0	2.0	5.5	3.8	1.7	16.2	4.4
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	100.0	4.3	5.6	2.7	2.9	9.4	10.0
New Orleans MSA	100.0	99.1	7.4	6.7	4.3	2.5	11.3	9.8
New York PMSA	100.0	100.0	5.5	2.9	1.0	1.8	9.5	9.2
Newark PMSA	100.0	100.0	1.7	6.5	2.5	4.0	16.3	10.5
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA ..	100.0	100.0	5.6	7.2	4.6	2.6	11.8	7.2
Oakland PMSA	100.0	100.0	1.0	12.5	5.2	7.3	17.8	11.9
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	100.0	(²)	8.3	8.3	(²)	18.8	.8
Orange County PMSA	100.0	100.0	19.3	15.7	10.5	5.2	11.5	(²)
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	100.0	3.1	7.5	4.4	3.1	9.8	7.5
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	100.0	1.2	12.8	12.3	.5	16.5	13.3
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	100.0	(²)	9.0	4.4	4.7	10.6	11.2
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	100.0	4.2	11.4	6.7	4.7	14.7	13.0
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	99.2	2.0	11.3	7.1	4.2	12.6	4.6
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	98.6	3.1	14.2	8.0	6.2	13.4	9.4
Rochester MSA	100.0	100.0	3.2	9.5	9.5	(²)	10.9	(²)
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	100.0	3.1	.9	.9	(²)	17.6	6.6
St. Louis MSA	100.0	100.0	4.2	7.6	2.6	5.1	14.7	6.6
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	100.0	3.6	18.7	9.5	9.2	23.0	2.7
San Antonio MSA	100.0	100.0	(²)	17.1	8.4	8.7	24.2	(²)
San Diego MSA	100.0	100.0	(²)	3.7	3.7	(²)	16.0	8.9
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	100.0	3.4	22.6	1.9	20.6	12.8	6.8
San Jose PMSA	100.0	100.0	(²)	16.6	16.6	(²)	19.0	8.5
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	100.0	1.2	12.9	9.1	3.8	7.4	9.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
White							
Cities:							
Phoenix central city	2.5	9.2	12.6	13.6	8.4	6.2	3.2
St. Louis central city	4.1	6.1	7.5	25.4	17.6	6.6	5.5
San Antonio central city	3.3	9.4	9.9	19.8	11.9	4.7	4.1
San Diego central city	1.6	5.8	20.1	21.1	12.1	4.6	3.8
San Francisco central city	5.6	7.8	26.0	16.1	15.7	4.6	2.4
Black or African American							
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta MSA	3.9	9.0	9.3	21.0	7.1	5.5	4.4
Baltimore PMSA	3.7	5.0	10.6	27.9	5.9	4.0	13.8
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	5.2	6.1	2.2	29.1	4.9	2.7	6.2
Boston PMSA	2.8	6.1	9.3	35.4	4.1	5.2	11.8
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	2.2	14.3	15.8	30.8	10.2	3.3	1.4
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	3.2	8.8	6.7	25.4	4.0	7.5	5.0
Chicago PMSA	3.1	7.3	11.8	23.9	6.6	4.1	6.0
Cincinnati PMSA	(²)	9.1	6.5	22.2	16.1	3.3	2.8
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	2.9	10.2	7.0	32.1	7.9	6.2	4.0
Columbus, Ohio MSA	2.4	10.4	10.1	28.2	7.0	2.3	13.3
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	6.6	13.0	10.8	16.0	8.1	4.0	2.8
Dayton-Springfield MSA	6.2	.9	9.7	28.9	8.3	4.8	4.9
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	7.4	11.6	7.8	17.5	6.7	.7	6.7
Detroit PMSA .....	.8	5.8	8.8	26.5	9.3	3.3	4.7
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	1.7	7.4	9.8	24.8	11.0	4.1	8.2
Hartford PMSA	3.5	13.3	6.0	31.1	2.7	2.7	8.9
Houston PMSA	2.3	5.7	10.3	23.6	9.7	4.9	5.3
Indianapolis MSA	2.2	9.6	7.4	27.0	4.2	8.2	7.5
Kansas City MSA	2.0	9.1	10.3	21.2	10.8	5.9	8.0
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	5.0	7.3	9.8	24.9	7.0	6.4	7.1
Louisville MSA	3.4	5.4	10.3	25.3	12.4	4.8	10.8
Memphis MSA .....	.8	8.3	5.7	19.7	6.9	3.5	7.4
Miami PMSA	1.8	5.8	12.5	25.6	12.8	3.5	6.8
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA .....	.4	9.1	4.3	37.6	9.8	1.5	9.6
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	4.4	11.4	18.7	27.6	5.6	2.7	1.5
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	1.9	12.8	13.2	30.8	2.8	2.1	7.1
New Orleans MSA .....	.6	5.4	8.5	29.2	11.0	4.5	4.1
New York PMSA	3.9	8.8	9.4	33.7	5.4	6.2	5.5
Newark PMSA	4.2	9.1	11.7	25.6	3.6	3.8	6.8
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA ..	2.2	5.8	12.1	26.1	11.8	4.8	5.5
Oakland PMSA	6.9	5.7	5.8	20.4	7.7	4.8	5.6
Oklahoma City MSA	5.0	6.8	3.9	26.1	15.2	2.9	12.1
Orange County PMSA	(²)	10.1	5.4	21.9	12.7	2.0	1.4
Philadelphia PMSA	2.7	7.3	9.5	34.9	6.3	4.9	6.5
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	2.8	7.2	5.5	17.5	11.6	3.7	8.0
Pittsburgh MSA	1.9	10.3	6.2	35.5	5.6	4.3	5.4
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	4.8	3.3	3.9	28.8	4.0	4.1	7.7
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	2.1	11.5	7.4	31.1	11.6	4.0	1.1
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	2.7	4.8	10.2	27.5	4.2	2.8	6.3
Rochester MSA	4.2	8.8	14.1	29.6	4.9	9.9	4.8
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	12.0	11.4	6.7	22.5	1.2	.6	17.2
St. Louis MSA	3.4	5.7	5.9	28.2	11.9	6.6	5.1
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	4.8	(²)	11.8	13.2	8.0	4.1	10.2
San Antonio MSA	5.5	1.1	(²)	41.4	3.4	3.4	4.0
San Diego MSA	5.1	1.2	12.4	27.5	2.2	8.4	14.5
San Francisco PMSA	2.0	2.6	9.3	26.3	3.8	3.0	7.5
San Jose PMSA	(²)	2.8	13.5	25.4	1.5	8.4	4.3
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	4.8	6.1	18.0	18.4	4.7	12.0	5.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Total	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Black or African American								
Metropolitan areas:								
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	100.0	100.0	4.2	7.0	4.1	3.0	10.5	6.0
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	100.0	3.5	2.5	1.3	1.1	13.7	6.1
Cities:								
Baltimore central city	100.0	100.0	5.0	8.8	(2)	8.8	10.7	5.8
Chicago central city	100.0	99.8	3.8	7.7	4.3	3.5	8.2	15.5
Cleveland central city	100.0	100.0	2.0	8.5	6.4	2.1	14.8	2.6
Dallas central city	100.0	99.7	2.2	10.5	4.0	6.5	12.9	9.9
Detroit central city	100.0	100.0	4.0	15.3	14.0	1.3	10.3	6.5
District of Columbia	100.0	100.0	4.0	1.1	.3	.8	7.5	7.5
Houston central city	100.0	100.0	7.0	6.1	4.7	1.4	11.4	12.6
Indianapolis central city	100.0	100.0	2.9	6.0	5.2	.8	12.7	13.6
Los Angeles central city	100.0	100.0	5.2	4.9	2.3	2.6	11.3	6.7
Milwaukee central city	100.0	100.0	.4	12.3	11.3	.9	6.3	9.1
New York central city	100.0	100.0	5.6	2.2	.8	1.5	9.7	9.9
Philadelphia central city	100.0	100.0	2.9	5.1	2.7	2.4	8.0	6.9
Phoenix central city	100.0	100.0	1.4	12.4	11.6	.9	7.6	11.2
St. Louis central city	100.0	100.0	4.1	5.7	.8	4.9	15.0	6.8
San Antonio central city	100.0	100.0	(2)	10.5	10.5	(2)	25.9	(2)
San Diego central city	100.0	100.0	(2)	3.9	3.9	(2)	12.8	12.4
San Francisco central city	100.0	100.0	5.8	29.1	3.3	25.8	8.5	7.7
Asian								
Metropolitan areas:								
Atlanta MSA	100.0	100.0	(2)	12.9	6.9	6.0	30.4	1.5
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	100.0	3.1	6.8	2.4	4.4	12.9	1.7
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	100.0	2.8	8.9	4.6	4.3	26.9	2.4
Boston PMSA	100.0	100.0	.6	17.3	12.1	5.1	12.3	1.0
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	100.0	5.3	17.2	17.2	(2)	13.5	2.2
Chicago PMSA	100.0	100.0	.1	12.6	8.1	4.5	18.3	8.0
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	100.0	(2)	17.0	5.4	11.6	13.1	(2)
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	100.0	(2)	11.1	2.3	8.8	(2)	(2)
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	100.0	(2)	11.2	10.7	.5	16.7	3.5
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	99.2	.8	16.7	12.9	3.8	11.3	5.4
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	100.0	.9	23.4	13.0	10.4	15.2	3.0
Detroit PMSA	100.0	99.7	(2)	33.5	30.0	3.5	8.8	2.3
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	100.0	1.2	11.3	(2)	11.3	20.3	4.4
Hartford PMSA	100.0	100.0	(2)	1.4	1.4	(2)	24.5	(2)
Houston PMSA	100.0	99.1	1.6	15.0	11.5	3.5	15.0	4.2
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	100.0	(2)	19.5	15.0	4.5	16.2	(2)
Kansas City MSA	100.0	100.0	(2)	14.3	2.7	11.6	11.2	(2)
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	99.8	2.7	13.1	7.0	6.1	18.0	5.0
Louisville MSA	100.0	100.0	(2)	29.7	29.7	(2)	12.0	(2)
Memphis MSA	100.0	100.0	(2)	10.5	6.0	4.5	16.2	4.0
Miami PMSA	100.0	100.0	(2)	5.7	5.7	(2)	11.2	(2)
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	100.0	(2)	10.9	10.9	(2)	6.6	(2)
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	100.0	1.5	38.5	27.3	11.2	10.3	(2)
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	100.0	.5	9.4	6.3	3.1	22.9	12.1
New Orleans MSA	100.0	96.8	(2)	8.4	(2)	8.4	36.1	(2)
New York PMSA	100.0	100.0	3.2	11.1	2.3	8.8	16.8	6.7
Newark PMSA	100.0	100.0	(2)	19.3	8.1	11.2	17.1	4.2
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA ..	100.0	100.0	(2)	35.7	22.8	12.9	11.6	6.7
Oakland PMSA	100.0	100.0	.7	11.0	8.4	2.6	18.7	6.7
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	100.0	(2)	23.0	11.5	11.5	8.7	(2)
Orange County PMSA	100.0	100.0	1.2	16.5	14.0	2.5	22.8	3.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
Black or African American							
Metropolitan areas:							
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	2.4	4.8	8.4	37.4	7.3	4.4	7.0
Washington D.C. PMSA	4.3	5.0	14.1	23.8	4.5	4.9	17.7
Cities:							
Baltimore central city	2.2	1.7	12.2	26.8	5.8	4.6	16.3
Chicago central city	1.1	8.7	10.9	25.9	7.5	4.0	6.5
Cleveland central city	2.5	10.6	6.8	34.5	8.7	7.5	1.6
Dallas central city	8.4	12.3	10.2	15.0	11.6	5.0	1.9
Detroit central city	1.1	6.7	10.6	27.7	10.3	4.1	3.5
District of Columbia	3.8	7.4	13.7	22.4	7.4	6.1	19.0
Houston central city	1.4	4.2	11.0	25.5	11.7	4.5	4.4
Indianapolis central city	2.4	6.5	5.8	29.5	3.3	9.8	7.5
Los Angeles central city	6.2	8.9	8.7	24.0	8.4	9.2	6.6
Milwaukee central city .....	.4	8.3	4.8	39.8	8.3	1.6	8.6
New York central city	3.9	8.3	9.4	33.7	5.5	6.1	5.6
Philadelphia central city	3.0	9.8	9.5	37.8	6.0	6.0	5.1
Phoenix central city	1.6	9.9	2.6	21.0	14.2	6.6	11.4
St. Louis central city	(²)	6.6	2.3	26.1	15.4	6.1	11.9
San Antonio central city	6.9	1.4	(²)	46.2	4.3	3.0	2.0
San Diego central city	(²)	2.8	14.7	27.8	5.0	11.0	9.6
San Francisco central city	3.4	4.5	1.6	26.2	6.5	(²)	6.6
Asian							
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta MSA	1.6	1.8	12.4	13.3	16.3	5.8	4.1
Baltimore PMSA .....	.6	3.1	8.2	36.0	8.7	13.1	5.8
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	4.2	15.1	5.0	15.5	7.4	11.0	.8
Boston PMSA	3.7	11.6	14.4	22.1	8.5	5.7	2.9
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	(²)	10.7	16.1	13.1	15.3	6.6	(²)
Chicago PMSA	3.1	6.0	14.2	21.1	8.9	6.3	1.4
Cincinnati PMSA	(²)	1.5	27.9	30.6	3.8	(²)	6.1
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	(²)	6.7	3.7	37.7	21.5	(²)	19.2
Columbus, Ohio MSA .....	.7	5.0	14.3	23.6	17.6	3.3	3.9
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	6.4	8.1	18.1	14.3	9.7	8.0	.5
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	2.2	8.3	16.5	15.1	7.8	3.2	4.1
Detroit PMSA	2.8	1.5	12.4	22.2	7.7	8.6	(²)
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	(²)	9.1	9.5	27.5	4.8	7.2	4.6
Hartford PMSA	6.3	12.6	17.7	24.6	(²)	7.0	6.1
Houston PMSA	1.1	6.1	8.5	21.5	9.1	11.5	5.2
Indianapolis MSA	1.0	1.4	1.9	29.5	24.9	1.2	4.4
Kansas City MSA	16.9	11.4	6.3	13.3	12.0	12.3	2.3
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	5.2	9.4	12.2	18.6	7.3	4.5	3.7
Louisville MSA	3.8	2.7	12.3	12.4	17.8	9.3	(²)
Memphis MSA	(²)	(²)	(²)	51.4	3.0	4.5	10.4
Miami PMSA	(²)	(²)	11.7	51.7	6.3	(²)	13.4
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	(²)	2.9	33.4	31.8	7.2	5.9	1.3
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	2.6	5.3	10.7	19.3	6.2	3.9	1.6
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	1.0	10.7	8.8	28.4	1.2	3.0	2.0
New Orleans MSA	(²)	(²)	(²)	38.4	(²)	13.8	(²)
New York PMSA	3.0	10.4	9.9	16.6	14.1	6.8	1.5
Newark PMSA	5.7	6.3	16.4	13.7	14.3	1.7	1.4
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA ..	(²)	3.6	7.2	27.1	(²)	4.3	3.7
Oakland PMSA	4.3	6.7	17.1	23.3	8.7	1.5	1.4
Oklahoma City MSA	2.0	(²)	1.3	28.9	10.5	25.6	(²)
Orange County PMSA	2.2	8.4	14.9	15.8	5.5	6.0	2.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Total	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Asian								
Metropolitan areas:								
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	100.0	1.7	16.5	8.4	8.1	13.8	2.3
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	100.0	(²)	11.8	11.8	(²)	10.7	5.6
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	100.0	(²)	8.0	(²)	8.0	(²)	(²)
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	100.0	2.5	20.5	13.8	6.7	12.9	4.3
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	100.0	2.4	29.3	19.4	9.9	12.9	(²)
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	100.0	3.3	4.7	(²)	4.7	25.0	(²)
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	97.4	(²)	4.7	3.4	1.3	18.7	5.0
St. Louis MSA	100.0	100.0	(²)	11.7	4.7	7.1	3.7	(²)
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	100.0	4.5	16.1	13.4	2.7	13.1	3.8
San Antonio MSA	100.0	100.0	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	2.0	(²)
San Diego MSA	100.0	99.7	1.9	18.8	15.6	3.2	9.8	4.3
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	100.0	1.7	8.5	3.6	4.8	10.7	8.0
San Jose PMSA	100.0	100.0	1.0	31.2	28.9	2.3	10.5	2.3
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	99.2	2.8	22.8	14.8	8.0	16.7	2.6
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	100.0	100.0	.9	19.1	16.6	2.4	7.5	2.6
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	100.0	2.7	6.2	4.4	1.8	9.9	1.2
Cities:								
Baltimore central city	100.0	100.0	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	12.2
Chicago central city	100.0	100.0	(²)	4.6	3.2	1.5	15.5	5.4
Dallas central city	100.0	96.2	2.5	31.8	23.8	8.0	4.9	3.2
District of Columbia	100.0	100.0	.6	2.4	(²)	2.4	1.3	(²)
Houston central city	100.0	100.0	2.2	16.2	13.2	3.0	11.6	4.9
Indianapolis central city	100.0	100.0	(²)	14.6	(²)	14.6	23.0	(²)
Los Angeles central city	100.0	99.8	2.8	11.9	5.2	6.6	18.5	2.3
New York central city	100.0	100.0	3.3	9.7	1.4	8.3	16.8	7.5
Philadelphia central city	100.0	100.0	3.5	22.4	10.1	12.4	16.9	.5
Phoenix central city	100.0	100.0	(²)	4.5	4.5	(²)	6.7	2.2
St. Louis central city	100.0	100.0	(²)	10.7	4.5	6.2	4.4	(²)
San Antonio central city	100.0	100.0	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
San Diego central city	100.0	100.0	.7	17.7	15.7	2.1	10.3	4.5
San Francisco central city	100.0	100.0	1.8	12.4	3.7	8.7	12.0	5.5
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity								
Metropolitan areas:								
Atlanta MSA	100.0	100.0	41.2	8.6	3.6	5.0	9.7	1.2
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	99.1	12.3	4.4	(²)	4.4	4.6	3.5
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	99.8	8.0	21.6	6.9	14.7	17.8	6.6
Boston PMSA	100.0	100.0	10.5	12.7	6.4	6.3	11.1	3.1
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	100.0	16.0	31.1	9.2	22.0	10.3	(²)
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	100.0	34.6	12.7	5.8	6.9	1.9	5.8
Chicago PMSA	100.0	99.7	9.2	21.7	12.3	9.3	14.5	4.8
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	98.9	10.3	18.9	9.8	9.1	6.6	6.0
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	100.0	8.0	21.3	16.2	5.1	9.6	7.2
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	100.0	13.3	11.6	1.9	9.7	15.5	(²)
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	99.5	18.5	16.4	11.2	5.2	14.2	5.4
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	100.0	34.8	5.6	5.6	(²)	11.5	(²)
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	98.8	17.9	8.2	3.8	4.4	14.4	4.9
Detroit PMSA	100.0	100.0	19.8	27.5	25.8	1.7	11.0	2.7
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	100.0	5.3	5.7	4.1	1.6	22.0	6.0
Hartford PMSA	100.0	100.0	6.9	15.4	12.7	2.7	21.4	5.1
Houston PMSA	100.0	99.5	20.3	8.3	5.5	2.8	15.4	5.5
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	100.0	37.6	7.4	7.4	(²)	18.6	4.6
Kansas City MSA	100.0	99.6	11.7	10.4	8.4	2.0	8.2	5.3
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	99.8	8.5	19.4	9.5	9.8	16.3	6.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
Asian							
Metropolitan areas:							
Philadelphia PMSA	3.1	4.7	13.4	18.6	19.1	5.0	1.8
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	8.0	12.3	10.1	14.0	22.6	4.9	(²)
Pittsburgh MSA	10.5	3.6	(²)	52.2	(²)	19.1	6.6
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	2.5	8.8	13.5	16.8	11.2	4.1	2.9
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	(²)	8.6	1.9	21.0	18.0	3.2	2.7
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	(²)	6.1	7.3	35.4	7.8	9.4	1.0
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	7.6	5.1	5.7	30.3	9.5	4.6	6.1
St. Louis MSA	5.3	(²)	12.3	42.6	11.9	11.6	.9
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	(²)	10.4	6.9	17.6	19.5	2.5	5.6
San Antonio MSA	(²)	13.4	14.5	53.8	2.0	14.3	(²)
San Diego MSA	3.3	8.2	8.4	22.2	8.0	4.3	10.4
San Francisco PMSA	2.3	8.5	16.4	19.5	14.5	3.6	6.3
San Jose PMSA	2.7	4.1	18.5	13.9	5.8	6.6	3.3
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	4.0	6.8	9.9	17.9	10.3	.6	4.8
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	(²)	6.7	5.8	41.9	6.3	4.6	4.5
Washington D.C. PMSA	5.0	5.1	18.1	20.6	10.9	12.7	7.6
Cities:							
Baltimore central city	(²)	3.0	(²)	68.3	(²)	(²)	16.5
Chicago central city	2.2	5.8	12.1	24.6	21.3	6.3	2.1
Dallas central city	11.4	16.0	14.5	4.6	4.1	3.1	(²)
District of Columbia	9.2	2.0	9.3	15.8	18.6	19.6	21.2
Houston central city .....	.9	6.9	10.2	21.5	11.3	9.0	5.2
Indianapolis central city	3.4	(²)	6.1	20.1	28.9	3.9	(²)
Los Angeles central city	5.6	10.1	20.4	15.2	6.8	5.3	1.0
New York central city	3.0	10.2	10.0	15.8	15.2	6.9	1.5
Philadelphia central city	5.6	1.4	6.8	18.1	22.5	2.2	(²)
Phoenix central city	17.0	6.6	19.0	15.1	26.2	2.7	(²)
St. Louis central city	(²)	(²)	10.6	57.1	(²)	17.2	(²)
San Antonio central city	(²)	13.9	15.1	56.1	(²)	14.9	(²)
San Diego central city	2.9	9.9	10.4	21.0	8.0	1.8	12.8
San Francisco central city	2.0	11.4	10.3	19.9	18.8	1.3	4.8
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity							
Metropolitan areas:							
Atlanta MSA	4.0	2.7	10.8	6.7	10.8	4.3	(²)
Baltimore PMSA	(²)	(²)	21.6	11.9	28.8	9.0	2.8
Bergen-Passaic PMSA .....	.7	3.9	14.9	12.9	8.8	2.3	2.3
Boston PMSA	(²)	3.2	25.3	16.7	14.5	.3	2.6
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	2.2	9.8	(²)	15.1	11.9	3.6	(²)
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	(²)	1.8	16.8	7.9	11.7	4.7	.3
Chicago PMSA	1.3	5.9	12.4	9.2	12.7	5.4	2.6
Cincinnati PMSA	(²)	4.7	22.8	15.8	8.4	2.9	2.5
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	2.3	9.9	7.3	22.9	4.9	2.2	4.5
Columbus, Ohio MSA	(²)	(²)	8.9	10.9	36.4	.9	2.5
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	2.6	5.3	10.6	7.6	12.1	5.9	.7
Dayton-Springfield MSA	15.1	(²)	2.6	15.3	9.7	(²)	5.6
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	3.3	7.0	11.1	8.5	13.8	5.5	4.2
Detroit PMSA	2.2	1.8	5.9	10.4	13.0	2.2	3.6
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	3.2	9.8	13.4	16.6	8.9	6.9	2.2
Hartford PMSA .....	.3	7.2	7.7	23.5	4.4	5.1	3.0
Houston PMSA	2.1	5.8	10.9	9.3	13.1	6.4	1.8
Indianapolis MSA	(²)	7.8	5.3	.9	10.1	2.2	5.5
Kansas City MSA	4.9	8.0	11.7	11.6	20.4	5.1	2.3
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	2.5	4.5	9.0	13.8	9.2	8.6	1.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Total	Construction	Manufacturing			Wholesale and retail trade	Transportation and utilities
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods		
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity								
Metropolitan areas:								
Louisville MSA	100.0	89.8	4.1	29.0	9.2	19.9	12.9	13.7
Memphis MSA	100.0	100.0	52.4	(²)	(²)	(²)	8.9	7.3
Miami PMSA	100.0	99.4	11.6	8.6	4.3	4.4	19.2	7.8
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	100.0	9.1	25.2	15.2	9.9	13.1	1.9
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	99.8	6.0	17.4	6.4	11.0	13.5	2.2
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	99.7	10.9	23.5	13.9	9.7	14.0	2.2
New Orleans MSA	100.0	100.0	17.7	14.2	12.3	1.9	16.2	2.3
New York PMSA	100.0	99.8	7.8	7.3	3.2	4.1	14.3	6.4
Newark PMSA	100.0	100.0	8.0	14.5	8.3	6.1	15.8	10.1
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA ..	100.0	100.0	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	39.4	9.6
Oakland PMSA	100.0	100.0	9.8	8.8	6.4	2.4	21.0	4.2
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	100.0	20.5	14.6	7.0	7.6	15.2	1.9
Orange County PMSA	100.0	99.8	8.8	20.8	12.5	8.3	9.7	3.1
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	100.0	9.7	13.2	6.7	6.5	15.9	3.2
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	99.3	18.2	13.7	8.9	4.8	16.4	3.1
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	100.0	14.1	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	27.4
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	94.0	6.2	16.2	9.4	6.8	14.9	2.6
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	99.1	5.2	29.7	22.5	7.1	12.3	4.0
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	99.6	15.4	17.3	10.2	7.1	15.0	5.7
Rochester MSA	100.0	100.0	(²)	11.3	11.3	(²)	19.7	4.5
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	98.2	18.2	6.1	2.9	3.2	15.8	4.4
St. Louis MSA	100.0	100.0	(²)	10.5	6.2	4.3	1.2	9.9
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	99.8	17.8	16.2	8.9	7.4	13.4	4.0
San Antonio MSA	100.0	99.8	9.4	7.9	4.5	3.4	15.3	4.4
San Diego MSA	100.0	99.8	10.2	7.9	6.7	1.2	13.3	3.8
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	98.8	4.5	8.1	5.8	2.4	14.9	4.3
San Jose PMSA	100.0	99.8	9.9	17.2	14.5	2.6	18.7	6.3
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	98.2	12.9	9.6	5.8	3.9	9.3	3.1
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	100.0	98.4	6.2	14.3	9.0	5.2	14.2	5.8
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	99.8	25.5	3.7	3.0	.8	10.2	1.7
Cities:								
Baltimore central city	100.0	100.0	21.2	14.1	(²)	14.1	6.9	(²)
Chicago central city	100.0	99.9	8.6	16.0	9.5	6.5	14.5	7.1
Cleveland central city	100.0	100.0	7.0	30.2	22.1	8.2	7.6	7.2
Dallas central city	100.0	99.8	22.5	19.0	12.0	7.0	12.6	4.2
District of Columbia	100.0	99.8	11.1	1.6	.5	1.1	5.3	1.6
Houston central city	100.0	99.9	19.8	7.5	4.8	2.7	14.9	5.1
Indianapolis central city	100.0	100.0	49.0	(²)	(²)	(²)	17.0	(²)
Los Angeles central city	100.0	99.9	9.1	18.0	8.2	9.8	17.1	5.2
Milwaukee central city	100.0	100.0	8.6	21.7	12.2	9.4	16.4	1.0
New York central city	100.0	99.8	7.3	6.8	2.9	4.0	14.7	6.6
Philadelphia central city	100.0	100.0	14.7	10.6	5.6	4.9	16.1	2.3
Phoenix central city	100.0	100.0	18.6	15.8	9.8	5.9	18.1	3.2
San Antonio central city	100.0	99.8	10.9	6.6	3.6	3.0	16.4	3.9
San Diego central city	100.0	99.5	12.5	4.7	3.5	1.2	14.2	2.6
San Francisco central city	100.0	98.5	1.8	6.5	4.5	2.0	10.4	3.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 32. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and industry, 2003 annual averages — Continued

Population group and area	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public administration
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity							
Metropolitan areas:							
Louisville MSA	(²)	8.1	2.2	9.4	10.3	(²)	(²)
Memphis MSA	(²)	3.9	1.1	12.8	8.1	5.5	(²)
Miami PMSA	2.0	7.8	11.4	14.6	6.2	7.9	2.3
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	(²)	2.4	6.2	14.1	13.7	12.6	1.6
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	(²)	4.8	12.6	8.3	29.6	2.5	2.7
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	2.3	6.7	10.1	14.9	8.5	4.2	2.2
New Orleans MSA	(²)	7.3	7.2	6.5	21.8	1.7	1.5
New York PMSA	1.5	7.3	10.3	21.2	13.9	7.7	2.1
Newark PMSA	2.2	8.1	13.1	11.8	7.3	7.2	1.9
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA ..	(²)	5.0	10.5	30.7	(²)	(²)	4.8
Oakland PMSA	(²)	7.7	9.6	14.9	12.0	9.9	2.0
Oklahoma City MSA	2.2	2.3	11.5	7.3	16.0	2.8	5.7
Orange County PMSA	2.1	5.5	14.1	13.8	11.3	8.2	2.4
Philadelphia PMSA	2.4	5.8	10.5	23.2	9.9	4.5	1.9
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	1.3	4.5	10.1	11.8	11.3	4.7	3.5
Pittsburgh MSA	(²)	8.3	(²)	50.2	(²)	(²)	(²)
Portland-Vancouver PMSA .....	.3	4.9	15.5	11.4	14.7	5.0	2.2
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA .....	.1	3.9	8.6	13.4	13.2	7.7	1.0
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA .....	.3	3.8	12.1	12.7	9.8	5.1	2.6
Rochester MSA	3.4	2.8	9.9	19.5	11.0	5.8	12.0
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	2.5	4.4	11.7	13.1	9.2	1.9	10.8
St. Louis MSA	(²)	6.0	17.0	8.1	44.4	(²)	3.0
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	3.8	4.2	11.8	9.7	9.6	4.0	5.2
San Antonio MSA	2.5	6.8	7.2	21.9	12.6	5.6	5.7
San Diego MSA	1.4	7.1	14.9	16.7	13.3	7.3	3.9
San Francisco PMSA	2.1	6.6	19.8	10.9	19.4	4.0	4.2
San Jose PMSA	1.3	6.0	14.1	12.1	8.0	3.3	3.0
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	1.9	1.5	11.6	12.9	22.0	2.7	4.0
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	2.2	4.6	16.4	16.6	7.8	6.8	3.5
Washington D.C. PMSA	1.7	6.2	13.5	10.3	16.5	5.3	4.8
Cities:							
Baltimore central city	(²)	(²)	4.9	(²)	52.9	(²)	(²)
Chicago central city	1.6	5.0	12.1	12.5	11.8	5.4	5.5
Cleveland central city	(²)	5.6	17.8	11.3	7.5	1.7	4.1
Dallas central city	1.2	4.5	9.3	4.4	15.0	6.7	.5
District of Columbia	2.9	5.9	16.7	9.8	23.8	7.9	13.1
Houston central city	1.6	6.5	12.0	9.6	14.0	6.7	1.5
Indianapolis central city	(²)	9.2	6.9	1.1	12.0	(²)	4.7
Los Angeles central city	2.9	3.5	9.0	11.0	11.0	12.3	.8
Milwaukee central city	(²)	(²)	7.1	18.7	8.9	16.1	1.4
New York central city	1.6	7.7	9.5	22.5	13.8	7.2	2.0
Philadelphia central city	1.8	4.9	13.7	23.8	.9	8.5	2.7
Phoenix central city	1.5	3.4	9.9	9.5	10.3	7.3	2.4
San Antonio central city	3.2	7.4	8.5	20.5	13.4	6.1	3.1
San Diego central city	1.5	4.8	19.3	16.2	16.1	6.9	.8
San Francisco central city	2.2	2.4	19.5	16.4	29.6	3.6	2.7

¹ Includes self-employed and unpaid family workers, mining, and agriculture and related industries.

² Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

Appendix A.

Concepts and Definitions for Data derived from the Current Population Survey

Tables showing labor force status include estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and older, as well as data on the civilian labor force, labor force participation rates, and unemployment rates. Population estimates are revised by the U.S. Census Bureau each year, and the revised estimates are incorporated into the Current Population Survey (CPS) labor force levels. This adjustment affects the estimates of labor force, employment, and unemployment, but generally does not affect percentages such as unemployment rates, participation rates, or employment-population ratios. Thus, levels contained in this publication may not be comparable with levels published prior to or after 2003 in *Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment*.

The concepts and definitions underlying the labor force data in this bulletin are as follows:

Civilian noninstitutional population. Included are persons 16 years of age and older residing in the 50 States and the District of Columbia who are not inmates of institutions (for example, penal and mental facilities and homes for the aged) and who are not on active duty in the Armed Forces.

Employed persons. These are all persons who, during the reference week, (a) did any work at all (at least 1 hour) as paid employees, worked in their own business or profession or on their own farm, or worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family, or (b) were not working but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of vacation, illness, bad weather, childcare problems, maternity or paternity leave, labor-management dispute, job training, or other family or personal reasons, whether or not they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs.

Unemployed persons. Included are all persons who had no employment during the reference week, were available for work, except for temporary illness, and had made specific efforts to find employment some time during the 4-week period ending with the reference week. Persons who were waiting to be recalled to a job from which they had been laid off need not have been looking for work to be classified as unemployed.

Duration of unemployment. This represents the length of time (through the current reference week) that persons classified as unemployed had been looking for work. For persons on layoff, duration of unemployment represents the number of full weeks they had been on layoff.

Reason for unemployment. Unemployment also is categorized according to the status of individuals at the time they began to look for work. These reasons for unemployment are divided into five major groups: (1) *Job losers*, comprising (a) persons *on temporary layoff*, who have been given a date to return to work or who expect to return within 6 months (persons on layoff need not be looking for work to qualify as unemployed), and (b) *permanent job losers*, whose employment ended involuntarily and who began looking for work; (2) *Job leavers*, persons who quit or otherwise terminated their employment voluntarily and immediately began looking for work; (3) *Persons who completed temporary jobs* (included along with job losers in this publication), who began looking for work after the jobs ended; (4) *Reentrants*, persons who previously worked but were out of the labor force prior to beginning their job search; and (5) *New entrants*, persons who had never worked.

Labor force. This group comprises all persons classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above.

Unemployment rate. The unemployment rate represents the number unemployed as a percent of the labor force.

Participation rate. This represents the proportion of the civilian noninstitutional population that is in the labor force.

Employment-population ratio. This represents the proportion of the civilian noninstitutional population that is employed.

Occupation and industry. This information for the employed applies to the job held in the reference week. Persons with two or more jobs are classified in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours. The unemployed are classified according to their last job. The

occupation and industry classification of CPS data is based on the coding systems used in Census 2000.

Class of worker. The class-of-worker breakdown assigns workers to the following categories: Private and government wage and salary workers, self-employed workers, and unpaid family workers. Wage and salary workers receive wages, salary, commissions, tips, or pay in kind from a private employer or from a government unit. Self-employed persons are those who work for profit or fees in their own business, profession, trade, or farm. Only the unincorporated self-employed are included in the self-employed category in the class-of-worker typology. Self-employed persons who respond that their businesses are incorporated are included among wage and salary workers because, technically, they are paid employees of a corporation. Unpaid family workers are persons working without pay for 15 hours a week or more on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to whom they are related by birth or marriage.

Hours of work. These statistics relate to the actual number of hours worked during the reference week. For example, persons who normally work 40 hours a week but were off on the Columbus Day holiday would be reported as working 32 hours, even though they were paid for the holiday. For persons working in more than one job, the figures relate to the number of hours worked in all jobs during the week; all the hours are credited to the major job.

At work part time for economic reasons. Sometimes referred to as involuntary part time, this category refers to individuals who gave an economic reason for working 1 to 34 hours during the reference week. Economic reasons include slack work or unfavorable business conditions, inability to find full-time work, and seasonal declines in demand. Those who usually work part time must also indicate that they want and are available to work full time to be classified as part time for economic reasons.

At work part time for noneconomic reasons. This group includes those persons who usually work part time and were at work 1 to 34 hours during the reference week for a noneconomic reason. Noneconomic reasons include, for example: Illness or other medical limitations, childcare problems or other family or personal obligations, school or training, retirement or Social Security limits on earnings,

and being in a job in which full-time work is less than 35 hours. The group also includes those who gave an economic reason for usually working 1 to 34 hours but said they did not want to work full time or were unavailable for such work.

Usual full- or part-time status. Data on persons “at work” exclude persons who were temporarily absent from a job and therefore classified in the zero-hours-worked category, “with a job but not at work.” These are persons who were absent from their jobs for the entire week for such reasons as bad weather, childcare problems, maternity or paternity leave, vacation, illness, or involvement in a labor dispute. In order to differentiate a person's normal schedule from their activity during the reference week, persons also are classified according to their usual full- or part-time status. In this context, *full-time workers* are those who usually worked 35 hours or more (at all jobs combined). This group will include some individuals who worked less than 35 hours in the reference week for either economic or noneconomic reasons and those who are temporarily absent from work. Similarly, *part-time workers* are those who usually work less than 35 hours per week (at all jobs), regardless of the number of hours worked in the reference week. This may include some individuals who actually worked more than 34 hours in the reference week, as well as those who were temporarily absent from work.

White, black or African American, Asian, and other. These are terms used to describe the race of persons. Included in the “other” group are persons classified within the American Indian and Alaska Native (AIAN), Native Hawaiian and other Pacific Islander (NHPI), some other race (SOR), and two or more race categories. Because of the relatively small sample size in most areas, data for “other” races are not published at this time. In the enumeration process, race is determined by the household respondent.

Hispanic or Latino ethnicity. This refers to persons who identified themselves in the survey enumeration process as Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or of other Hispanic or Latino ethnicity or descent. Persons of Hispanic or Latino ethnicity may be of any race; thus, they are included in the white, black or African American, and Asian population groups.

Appendix B. Sampling and Estimation Procedures and Sampling Error Tables

The estimates presented in this bulletin are based on annual averages of monthly data obtained from the Current Population Survey (CPS), a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutional population. The survey is conducted each month by the U.S. Census Bureau for the Bureau of Labor Statistics, and provides comprehensive data on the labor force, employed, and unemployed, including such characteristics as age, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, occupation, and industry. The survey also provides data on the characteristics of those not in the labor force.

Each month, trained interviewers collect information from a scientifically selected sample of about 60,000 eligible households, designed to represent the civilian noninstitutional population. This sample includes approximately 10,000 additional eligible households to the regular CPS sample added to meet the requirements of the State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP) legislation. The SCHIP legislation requires that the Census Bureau improve State estimates of the number of children who live in low-income families and lack health insurance. These estimates are obtained from the Annual Demographic Supplement to the CPS. In September 2000, the Census Bureau began expanding the monthly CPS sample in 31 States and the District of Columbia based on the reliability of the March 2000 estimate of low-income children without health insurance. Selected respondents in the 60,000 eligible households are interviewed to obtain information about the employment status of each household member 16 years of age and over. The information that is collected pertains to a "reference week," usually the calendar week (Sunday to Saturday) that includes the 12th of the month, with actual interviewing occurring during the week following the reference week—known as the "survey week."

Sampling procedures

The 2003 sample encompasses 754 sample areas, with coverage in every State and the District of Columbia. It is based to a large extent on information about the distribution of the population as reported in the 1990 decennial census. (A redesigned 1990 census-based sample was phased in during the April 1994 through July 1995 period.) These areas were selected by dividing the entire area of the United States into 2,007 primary

sampling units (PSUs). With some minor exceptions, a PSU consists of a county or number of contiguous counties. Most metropolitan areas constitute separate PSUs.

To improve the efficiency of the sample, the 2,007 PSUs are grouped into strata within each State. Those PSUs that are in stratum by themselves are called "self-representing" and are generally the most populous in each State. Other strata are formed by combining PSUs that are similar in such characteristics as population growth, proportion of blacks and Hispanics, and occupation/industry and age/sex distributions. PSUs selected from these strata are "non-self-representing," because each one chosen represents the entire stratum. One PSU is selected from each stratum, with the probability of selection proportionate to the relative population size of the PSU.

In States with SCHIP sample, the self-representing PSUs are the same for both the regular CPS and SCHIP. In most States, the same non-self-representing sample PSUs are in the sample for both the regular CPS and SCHIP; however, to improve the reliability of the SCHIP estimates in Maine, Maryland, and Nevada, the SCHIP non-self-representing PSUs are selected independent of the regular CPS sample PSUs, with replacement. The methodology for stratification of PSUs for SCHIP in these States is similar to the other stratifications, except that the stratification variable used is the number of people under age 18 with household income below 200% of poverty.

Within each of the selected PSUs, the number of households to be enumerated each month is determined in two steps. First, a sample of the unit's census enumeration districts (EDs) is selected using the population size probability selection procedure. EDs are administrative units and contain, on average, about 300 households. Second, clusters of approximately four addresses (contiguous wherever possible) are selected to be enumerated within each designated ED.

Part of the sample is changed, or rotated, each month. A given rotation group is in the sample for 4 consecutive months, leaves the sample during the following 8 months, and then returns for another 4 consecutive months. A primary reason for rotating the sample is to minimize the lack of cooperation that may result from interviewing a constant panel indefinitely. The rotation plan provides for

three-fourths of the sample to be identical from one month to the next and one-half to be identical with that from the same month a year earlier.

Estimating methods

Under the estimating methods used in the CPS, all of the results for a given month become available simultaneously and are based on returns from the entire sample of respondents. The estimation procedure involves weighting the data from each sample person by the inverse of the probability of the person being in the sample. This gives a rough measure of the number of actual persons that each sample person represents. Through a series of estimation steps (outlined below), the selection probabilities are adjusted for noninterviews and survey undercoverage; data from previous months are incorporated into the estimates through the composite estimation procedure.

1. *Noninterview adjustment.* The weights for all interviewed households are adjusted to the extent needed to account for occupied sample households for which no information was obtained because of absence, impassable roads, refusals, or unavailability of the respondents for other reasons. This noninterview adjustment is made separately for clusters of similar sample areas that are usually, but not necessarily, contained within a State. Similarity of sample areas is based on metropolitan area status and size. Within each cluster, there is a further breakdown by residence. The proportion of sample households not interviewed averages about 7 to 8 percent, depending upon a number of factors, including weather and vacations.

2. *Ratio estimates.* The distribution of the population selected for the sample may differ somewhat, by chance, from that of the population as a whole in such characteristics as age, race, sex, and State of residence. Because these characteristics are closely correlated with labor force participation and other principal measurements made from the sample, the survey estimates can be substantially improved when weighted appropriately by the known distribution of these population characteristics. This is accomplished through four stages of adjustment, as follows:

a. *First-stage ratio adjustment.* The purpose of the first-stage ratio adjustment is to reduce the contribution to the variance of the sample state-level estimates arising from the sampling of PSUs. That is, the variance that still would be associated with the state-level estimates even if the survey included all households in every sample PSU. This is called between-PSU variance. For some States, the between-PSU variance makes up a relatively large proportion of the total variance, while the relative contribution of the between-PSU variance at the national level is generally quite small. There are several factors to be considered in determining what information to use in

applying the first-stage adjustment. The information must be available for each PSU, correlated with as many of the statistics of importance from the CPS as possible, and reasonably stable over time so that the gain from the ratio adjustment procedure does not deteriorate. The basic labor force categories (unemployed, nonagricultural employed, etc.) could be used; however, this information probably would fail the stability criterion. The distribution of the population by race (black alone/non-black alone) by age groups 0-15 and 16+ satisfies all three criteria.

The use of black alone/non-black alone categories compensates for the fact that the racial composition of a non-self-representing (NSR) sample PSU could differ substantially from the racial composition of the stratum it is representing. This adjustment is not necessary for self-representing (SR) PSUs since they represent only themselves. Adjustment factors are computed for the two race categories for each State containing NSR PSUs. The black alone and non-black alone cells are collapsed within a State when a cell meets one of four sample criteria.¹ As a result of these criteria, the first-stage ratio adjustment actually is used (i.e., does not collapse to 1.0) in less than half of the States.

b. *National coverage adjustment.* A national coverage adjustment was added to the CPS weighting process for 2003. The purpose of the national coverage adjustment is to correct for interactions between race and ethnicity that are not addressed in the second-stage weighting (see d. below). Research has shown that the under-coverage of certain race-ethnicity combinations (e.g., non-black Hispanic) cannot be corrected with second-stage adjustment alone. The national coverage adjustment also helps to speed the convergence of the second-stage adjustment, resulting in fewer iterations to reach the final national controls. The national coverage adjustment factors are based on independently derived estimates of the population. Person records are grouped into four pairs based on month-in-sample (MIS). MIS 1 and 5, 2 and 6, 3 and 7, and 4 and 8 form the four pairs. Each MIS pair is then adjusted to age/sex/race/ethnicity population controls—using between two and twenty-eight age cells depending on which of the six major coverage groups (black alone non-Hispanic, white alone non-Hispanic, white alone Hispanic, non-white alone Hispanic, Asian alone non-Hispanic, and residual race non-Hispanic) is being adjusted, by sex.

c. *State coverage adjustment.* In addition to a national coverage adjustment, a State coverage adjustment also

¹ The four sampling criteria are: (1) the adjustment factor is greater than 1.3; (2) the adjustment factor is less than 1/1.3 = 0.769230; (3) there are fewer than four NSR sample PSUs in the State; and (4) there are fewer than ten expected interviews in an age/race cell in the State.

was added to the CPS weighting process for 2003. The purpose of the State coverage adjustment is to adjust for State differences in sex/age/race coverage. Research has shown that estimates of characteristics of certain race groups (e.g., blacks) can differ greatly from the controls if a State coverage adjustment is not used. However, unlike the national coverage adjustment, the State coverage adjustment slows the convergence of the second-stage ratio adjustment process. The State coverage adjustment is based on independently derived estimates of the population. Except for the District of Columbia, person records for non-black alone are grouped into four pairs based on month-in-sample (MIS)—with the same MIS pairings (1/5, 2/6, 3/7, and 4/8) used as in the national coverage adjustment. Person records for black alone for all States and non-black alone for the District of Columbia are formed at the state level with all months in sample combined. For the black alone component of the adjustment, States are adjusted using a varying number of age/sex/race cells based on the expected number of sample records in each age/sex cell. For example, for non-black alone, all States except the District of Columbia are adjusted for three age groupings (0-15, 16-44, and 45+), by sex. Each cell is adjusted to independent age/sex/race population controls in each State.

d. *Second-stage ratio adjustment.* The second-stage ratio adjustment is performed to decrease the variance of the vast majority of the CPS sample estimates. Because the labor force status of individuals in the general population is correlated with their specific geographic and demographic identification (e.g., teenagers and unemployment, or rural married women and labor force participation), the variance of the labor force estimates can be reduced by controlling the CPS sample estimates to independent estimates of selected geographic and demographic population categories. The procedure also is believed to reduce the bias due to coverage errors. The procedure adjusts the weights for the sample to estimates within each month-in-sample pair to control the sample estimates for a number of geographic and demographic subgroups of the population to ensure that these sample-based estimates of the population match independent population controls for each of these categories. These independent population controls are updated each month. Three sets of controls are used: (1) the civilian noninstitutional population for the 50 States and the District of Columbia by sex and age (0-15, 16-44, and 45+); (2) the national civilian noninstitutional population for 36 Hispanic and 36 non-Hispanic age-sex categories; and (3) the total national civilian noninstitutional population for 56 white, 36 black, and 26 residual race age-sex categories.

The adjustment is done separately for each month-in-sample pair (1/5, 2/6, 3/7, and 4/8). Because adjusting the weights to match one set of controls can cause differences

in other controls, an iterative process is used to simultaneously control all variables. Successive iterations begin with the weights as adjusted by all previous iterations. A total of ten iterations are performed, which result in (virtual) consistency between the sample estimates and the population controls.

The independent population controls used for the CPS are produced by the Census Bureau's Population Division. The CPS population controls are based on a demographic framework of population accounting. Under this framework, time series of population estimates and projections are anchored by the latest decennial census enumerations, with populations for dates since the latest decennial census derived by the estimation, or projection, of population change. In the simplest terms, estimates of population change are derived by adjusting the resident population as enumerated in the latest decennial census for births, deaths, and net migration, using information from a variety of data sources. Estimates of the resident population are adjusted to represent the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years of age and over (the eligible CPS population) by subtracting estimates of the number of residents under 16 years of age, the number of residents in the Armed Forces, and the number of residents that are institutionalized.

3. *Composite estimation procedure.* The last step in the preparation of most CPS estimates makes use of a composite estimation procedure. The composite estimate consists of a weighted average of two factors: (1) the second-stage ratio estimate based on the entire sample from the current month and (2) the composite estimate for the previous month, plus an estimate of the month-to-month change based on the six rotation groups common to both months. In addition, a bias adjustment term is added to the weighted average to account for relative bias associated with month-in-sample estimates. The compositing procedure results in a reduction in sampling error beyond that which is achieved after the two stages of ratio adjustment.

Effective with the release of January 1998 data, BLS implemented a new composite estimation method for the CPS. The new technique provides increased operational simplicity for micro-data users and allows optimization of compositing coefficients for different labor force categories. Under the new procedure, weights are derived for each record which, when aggregated, produce estimates consistent with those produced by the composite estimator. Under the previous procedure, composite estimation was performed at the macro level. The composite estimator for each tabulated cell was a function of the aggregated weights for sample persons contributing to that cell in current and prior months. The different months of data were combined together using compositing coefficients. Thus, micro-data users needed several months of data to compute composite estimates.

To ensure consistency, the same coefficients had to be used for all estimates. The values of the coefficients selected were much closer to optimal for unemployment than for employment or labor force values.

The new composite weighting method involves two steps: (1) the computation of composite estimates for the main labor force categories, classified by important demographic characteristics, and (2) the adjustment of the micro-data weights, through a series of ratio adjustments, to agree with these composite estimates, thus incorporating the effect of composite estimation into the micro-data weights. Under this procedure, the sum of the composite weights of all sample persons in a particular labor force category equals the composite estimate of the level for that category. Thus, to produce a composite estimate for a particular month, a data user needs simply to access the micro-data file for that (single) month and compute a weighted sum. The new composite weighting approach also improves the accuracy of labor force estimates by using different compositing coefficients for different labor force categories. The weighting adjustment method assures additivity while allowing variation in compositing coefficients.

Reliability of the estimates

The estimates in this bulletin are based upon a sample of the population rather than a complete count. Therefore, they may *differ* from the figures that would have been obtained if it had been possible to take a complete census using the same questionnaire and procedures as are used in the CPS. There are two types of errors in an estimate based on a sample survey—sampling and nonsampling. The sampling error tables provided later in this appendix indicate the magnitude of the sampling error. They also partially measure the effect of some nonsampling errors in response and enumeration, but do not measure any systematic biases in the data.

Sampling variability. The standard error is primarily a measure of sampling variability, that is, the variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. The sample estimate and its standard error enable one to construct confidence intervals, that is, ranges that would include the average result of all possible samples with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples were selected, each of these samples were surveyed under essentially the same conditions using the same sample design, and an estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated from each sample, then the following would occur:

1. Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from 1 standard error below the estimate to 1 standard error above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.
2. Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.645 standard errors below the estimate

to 1.645 standard errors above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.

3. Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from 2 standard errors below the estimate to 2 standard errors above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.

The error of a sample estimate varies inversely with the size of the sample and directly with the size of the estimate. Hence, an estimate for a subgroup constituting a small proportion of a population will tend to have a larger error relative to its size than will an estimate for a larger subgroup.

Reliability standards

The CPS sample design takes into consideration both national and State reliability. For the State data, a minimum reliability standard is set: An expected maximum coefficient of variation (CV) on the level of total unemployment of 8 percent annually. This is calculated based on a 6-percent unemployment rate. Because each State's design must meet the reliability standard, the CPS sampling rate differs by State. (The sampling rate is the proportion of all households that are selected for the sample.) Generally, the smaller the State population, the higher the sampling rate. The average State sampling rates range roughly from 1 in every 200 households to 1 in every 2,500 households in each stratum within the State.

Publication standards for State and area CPS data

To achieve comparability of the data for regions, divisions, States, metropolitan areas, and cities for publication purposes, a unique requirement for minimum labor force, employment, or unemployment was developed for each area. This requirement is based on the known differences in sampling rates among these areas. Before estimates are published for a specific category (such as Hispanic unemployment in a particular State), a predetermined "critical cell" must meet a 50-percent CV requirement. As a result of this requirement, minimum bases for publication have been developed for each area. Table B-1 lists the minimum necessary base for publication of data in each of the regions, divisions, States, the District of Columbia, metropolitan areas, and cities appearing in this bulletin.

Estimates are not shown when they do not meet the minimum base for the State or area listed in table B-1. In tables showing the labor force status of the population, that is, the employed and unemployed, publishability is determined by whether the labor force level exceeds the minimum base for unemployment in table B-1. If the labor force level is less than the unemployment minimum base, all data elements—labor force, employment, unemployment, and unemployment rate—are suppressed.

In all other tables, the determining factor is whether the size of the base of the distribution exceeds the minimum base for employment or unemployment separately, depending on whether the table presents a distribution of employment or unemployment for the area or population subgroup. For example, in the percent distribution of unemployed persons by reason table, the entire line of data will be suppressed if the total unemployment is less than the unemployment minimum base. If a subgroup appears in the table (such as by sex or race), the subgroup also will be suppressed if the total for that reason does not meet the minimum base. Data are not published for any cell with a level of fewer than 500 persons or less than 0.05 percent of the total for a given characteristic.

Using the sampling error tables

Tables B-2 through B-5 provide sampling errors for use in constructing 90-percent confidence intervals (approximately 1.645 standard errors) for major labor force characteristics. They are approximations and thus indicate the order of magnitude of the sampling error rather than the precise amount of the possible error in an estimate. Illustrations on the use of these tables are provided below. In all cases, the computations present the estimated levels in thousands of persons.

Sampling error of an estimated number. Table B-5 shows that an estimate of 50,000 unemployed persons in North Carolina will have an absolute sampling error of 10,000, or a relative sampling error of 20 percent (10,000/50,000). In comparison, an estimate of 100,000 unemployed persons in North Carolina has an absolute sampling error of 14,000, yielding a relative sampling error of 14 percent (14,000/100,000). A statement that unemployment for some group in North Carolina is between 40,000 and 60,000 in the first instance, and between 86,000 and 114,000 in the second, can be made with approximately 90-percent confidence.

This can be interpreted as follows: if one were to draw all possible samples and make an estimate from each sample (using the same methods and techniques) and construct an interval around each estimate (using the sampling errors shown in the tables), then 90 percent of these intervals would contain the average value of all possible samples.

To convert a sampling error from 90-percent confidence, as displayed in the tables, to 68-percent confidence (1 standard error), multiply the sampling error shown in the tables by 0.63. To convert the sampling error from 90- to 95-percent confidence (approximately 2 standard errors) multiply the sampling error by 1.23. For the example given above, the sampling error at 90-percent confidence was 10,000. At 68-percent confidence, the error would be about 6,300 (10,000 x 0.63). At 95-percent confidence, the error would be about 12,300 (10,000 x 1.23).

Sampling error of a difference. To compute the error of a difference from the tables, an additional step is required. If, for instance, one wishes to know whether a change in the unemployment rate from one year to the next in a particular area for a particular population group is statistically significant, or whether the difference in the unemployment rate between two areas or population groups is statistically meaningful, the significance of the difference needs to be computed. (Differences between estimates for 2 consecutive years may be influenced to some extent by the redesign of the CPS concepts, questionnaire, and collection procedures, such as that which occurred in 1994.)

As noted above, differences can take two general forms: (1) Differences between population groups and/or geographic areas; or (2) differences for the same population group and geographic area over time. Either type of difference can be calculated using the following formula, and noting the limiting covariance assumption discussed below.

$$SE_d = ((SE_1^2 + SE_2^2) - 2C \times (SE_1 \times SE_2))^{1/2}$$

where:

SE_d = the sampling error of the difference.

SE₁ = the sampling error of one group or year.

SE₂ = the sampling error of another group or year.

C = the covariance (or relationship) term.

The SE₁ and SE₂ can be found in the appropriate table of *Geographic Profile* for each year if the comparison is between different years, because the size of the samples and, consequently, sampling errors may differ from year to year. Values for the covariance, or “C” term, for employment and unemployment for differences between *consecutive* years are as follows: For labor force or employment levels, C = 0.58; for unemployment levels or rates, C = 0.37. It is important to note that these “C” terms are usable only for calculating the sampling error of a difference for over-the-year change for the *same geographic area and population group*.

Covariance terms for the relationship between different population groups or geographic areas in this bulletin are not available. When calculating sampling errors for differences between two *different* population groups or geographic areas, a “C” term of zero must be assumed. The effect of this assumption is: (1) If the relationship between two groups, areas, or years (differences for nonconsecutive years) is small, the “C” term can legitimately be ignored and the sampling errors will not be adversely affected, or (2) if there is a strong positive relationship between the two groups, areas, or years (differences for consecutive years), then the error computed without a “C” term will be overstated. This could lead one to erroneously state that a difference or

change was *not* statistically significant when, in fact, it was. When there is a strong relationship over time for a labor force characteristic such as employment (that is, people tend to remain employed from one year to the next), the importance of using a “C” term when calculating the sampling error of a difference over time increases greatly.

The following example illustrates how to calculate a sampling error for a difference. Suppose one wished to know whether a *hypothetical* difference between the unemployment level of 250,000 for a particular population group in California and an unemployment level of 200,000 for the same group in New York was statistically significant at 90-percent confidence. Table B-5 gives the error for an unemployment level of 250,000 in California as approximately 24,000 and the error for an unemployment level of 200,000 in New York as 17,000. Using the formula described above without the “C” term produces the following results:

$$SE_1 = 24; SE_2 = 17$$

$$SE_1^2 + SE_2^2 = 865$$

$$SE_d = ((SE_1^2 + SE_2^2))^{1/2} = 29$$

Because each State's sample is independent, there is no measurable correlation between the two estimates and a “C” term of zero can be assumed. Thus, the error of the difference is approximately 29,000. Because the actual difference (50,000) is greater than the error of the difference, it can be stated, with 90-percent confidence, that the difference in the unemployment level is attributable to factors other than sampling variability alone.

Sampling errors for unemployment rates. Unemployment rates and error ranges for these rates are provided in tables 1, 14, and 27. This information can be used to derive a sampling error for an unemployment rate if one is needed. The error range is a 90-percent confidence interval around the unemployment rate. By subtracting the estimated unemployment rate from the upper bound of the range (or the lower bound of the range from the estimated unemployment rate), the sampling error for that rate can be obtained. This sampling error can then be used in the above formula for computing the sampling error of a difference, or for whatever purpose the user chooses.

Interpolation and extrapolation. Although sampling errors are listed for selected levels of employment and unemployment in tables B-2 through B-5, users may wish to know the sampling error for an estimate whose value is not listed. To derive such a sampling error, it is necessary to use interpolation or extrapolation.

For example, in order to derive the sampling error for

the 2003 total unemployment level for men in Washington, it is necessary to use interpolation because table B-5 contains no sampling error for an unemployment level estimate of 137,000. The following formula and accompanying example show how to interpolate for this estimate:

$$SE = \{[(A-G) / (F-G)] \times (X-Y)\} + Y$$

where:

SE = the sampling error for the estimated value.
A = the estimated value (137,000).
F = the table value (200,000) immediately above the estimated value.
G = the table value (100,000) immediately below the estimated value.
X = the sampling error of F (20,000).
Y = the sampling error of G (14,000).

$$SE = \{[(137 - 100) / (200 - 100)] \times (20 - 14)\} + 14$$

$$= (0.37 \times 6) + 14$$

$$= 2.22 + 14$$

$$= 16$$

If the sample-based estimate lies outside the boundaries of the error tables, extrapolation can be used to approximate the sampling error. The formula for extrapolation is the same as that for interpolation; however, the “F” term becomes the highest value in the table and the “G” term becomes the next highest value.

Derivation of sampling errors

The State and area sampling errors are developed using a generalized regression procedure and are *not* based on sample data for each individual area, population group, or labor force characteristic. As with all sampling error tables produced for CPS State and area data, a number of approximations are required in order to derive sampling errors that would apply to a wide variety of items. As a result, these sampling errors indicate the order of magnitude of a sampling error rather than a precise sampling error for any specific item. The sampling error tables are derived from standard error equations and special parameters developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. These parameters are available upon request from the Division of Local Area Unemployment Statistics, Room 4675, 2 Massachusetts Avenue NE, Washington, DC 20212-0001. Telephone: (202) 691-6392.

Tables B-2 through B-5 can be used for estimates pertaining to any race/ethnic group. As noted, the sampling errors are based on a generalized regression procedure and are approximate. Generally, the degree of precision in these tables is slightly greater for whites (and the total of all race/ethnic groups) than it is for blacks or Hispanics.

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Table B-1. Minimum bases required for publication of census region and division, State, and metropolitan area and city data, 2003 annual averages

(In thousands)

Census region and division, State or area	Employment	Unemployment
Northeast	8	31
New England	5	22
Middle Atlantic	9	33
Midwest	10	35
East North Central	11	35
West North Central	8	34
South	12	41
South Atlantic	11	46
East South Central	11	34
West South Central	13	39
West	9	40
Mountain	7	26
Pacific	9	43
Alabama	10	34
Alaska	3	3
Arizona	11	46
Arkansas	5	24
California	10	49
Colorado	10	25
Connecticut	6	19
Delaware	1	8
District of Columbia	1	4
Florida	12	42
Georgia	12	78
Hawaii	2	12
Idaho	3	12
Illinois	9	35
Indiana	9	40
Iowa	4	28
Kansas	6	20
Kentucky	12	27
Louisiana	10	32
Maine	2	9
Maryland	7	43
Massachusetts	8	30
Michigan	11	28
Minnesota	9	46
Mississippi	7	23
Missouri	13	34
Montana	2	10
Nebraska	2	19
Nevada	3	14
New Hampshire	2	10
New Jersey	6	30
New Mexico	4	14
New York	11	31
North Carolina	11	42
North Dakota	2	7
Ohio	14	35
Oklahoma	7	33
Oregon	5	17
Pennsylvania	7	39
Rhode Island	1	6
South Carolina	7	25
South Dakota	2	9
Tennessee	12	45
Texas	16	42
Utah	5	19
Vermont	1	5
Virginia	18	71
Washington	9	37
West Virginia	5	10
Wisconsin	9	43
Wyoming	1	5

Table B-1. Minimum bases required for publication of census region and division, State, and metropolitan area and city data, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

Census region and division, State or area	Employment	Unemployment
Metropolitan area:		
Atlanta MSA	10	74
Baltimore PMSA	8	42
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	6	43
Boston PMSA	8	32
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	10	34
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	8	27
Chicago PMSA	8	29
Cincinnati PMSA	10	46
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	11	36
Columbus, Ohio MSA	10	36
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	13	31
Dayton-Springfield MSA	12	24
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	7	21
Detroit PMSA	8	26
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	10	36
Hartford MSA	7	23
Houston PMSA	14	32
Indianapolis MSA	8	58
Kansas City MSA	7	26
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	6	29
Louisville MSA	8	27
Memphis MSA	10	25
Miami PMSA	12	44
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	9	23
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	8	36
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	10	50
New Orleans MSA	7	38
New York PMSA	11	23
Newark PMSA	6	25
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA	14	105
Oakland PMSA	10	53
Oklahoma City MSA	6	30
Orange County PMSA	10	99
Philadelphia PMSA	6	32
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	9	38
Pittsburgh MSA	7	40
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	4	15
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	3	10
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	11	59
Rochester MSA	11	23
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	10	56
St. Louis MSA	9	35
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	4	15
San Antonio MSA	15	40
San Diego MSA	11	77
San Francisco PMSA	10	44
San Jose PMSA	10	33
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	6	32
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	11	41
Washington D.C. PMSA	7	47
Cities:		
Baltimore central city	8	16
Chicago central city	9	20
Cleveland central city	12	17
Dallas central city	14	24
Detroit central city	11	12
District of Columbia	1	4
Houston central city	15	27
Indianapolis central city	7	41
Los Angeles central city	10	38
Milwaukee central city	9	7
New York central city	12	21
Philadelphia central city	8	20
Phoenix central city	9	29
St. Louis central city	10	23
San Antonio central city	15	36
San Diego central city	9	57
San Francisco central city	10	28

Table B-2. Sampling errors at the 90-percent confidence level for estimated employment by census region and division, 2003 annual averages

(In thousands)

Census region and division	Estimated level											
	10	20	25	50	100	200	250	400	800	1,000	1,500	2,000
Northeast	5	8	9	12	17	24	27	34	49	54	66	76
New England	5	7	7	11	15	21	23	29	41	45	54	60
Middle Atlantic	6	8	9	13	18	26	29	36	51	56	69	79
Midwest	6	9	10	14	20	28	32	40	56	63	77	88
East North Central	7	9	10	15	21	29	33	41	58	65	79	90
West North Central	6	8	9	13	19	26	29	37	51	57	68	78
South	7	10	11	15	22	31	34	43	61	68	83	96
South Atlantic	7	10	11	15	21	30	34	42	60	67	81	93
East South Central	6	9	10	14	20	28	32	40	55	62	74	83
West South Central	7	10	12	16	23	32	36	46	64	71	86	99
West	6	8	9	13	19	26	29	37	52	58	71	81
Mountain	6	8	9	12	17	24	27	34	48	53	64	72
Pacific	6	9	10	13	19	27	30	38	53	59	72	83
	Estimated level											
	2,500	5,000	7,500	10,000	12,500	15,000	20,000	25,000	30,000	35,000	40,000	
Northeast	84	115	136	151	163	171	178	176	—	—	—	—
New England	66	78	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Middle Atlantic	87	118	137	150	157	160	—	—	—	—	—	—
Midwest	98	135	160	180	195	206	220	225	220	—	—	—
East North Central	100	136	159	175	186	192	192	—	—	—	—	—
West North Central	85	108	114	108	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South	107	148	179	203	222	239	264	283	295	301	302	—
South Atlantic	103	141	167	185	199	208	216	210	—	—	—	—
East South Central	91	113	115	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
West South Central	109	145	165	175	177	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
West	91	125	148	166	180	190	204	208	203	—	—	—
Mountain	79	99	104	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pacific	92	125	147	162	172	177	178	—	—	—	—	—

— Data not available.

Table B-3. Sampling errors at the 90-percent confidence level for estimated unemployment by census region and division, 2003 annual averages

(In thousands)

Census region and division	Estimated level							
	2	5	10	20	25	50	100	200
Northeast	2	3	4	5	6	8	11	16
New England	1	2	3	4	5	7	9	13
Middle Atlantic	2	3	4	5	6	9	12	17
Midwest	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	18
East North Central	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18
West North Central	2	2	4	5	6	8	11	16
South	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	19
South Atlantic	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	19
East South Central	2	3	4	5	6	9	12	17
West South Central	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	20
West	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	19
Mountain	1	2	3	5	5	7	11	15
Pacific	2	3	5	7	7	10	15	21
	Estimated level							
	250	400	600	800	1,000	1,500	2,000	2,500
Northeast	18	23	28	32	36	44	—	—
New England	15	19	—	—	—	—	—	—
Middle Atlantic	19	24	29	34	38	—	—	—
Midwest	20	25	30	35	39	47	54	—
East North Central	20	26	31	36	40	—	—	—
West North Central	17	22	—	—	—	—	—	—
South	21	27	33	38	42	51	59	66
South Atlantic	21	26	32	37	41	—	—	—
East South Central	19	24	—	—	—	—	—	—
West South Central	22	28	34	39	43	—	—	—
West	22	27	33	38	43	52	60	—
Mountain	17	21	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pacific	23	29	35	41	46	55	—	—

— Data not available.

Table B-4. Sampling errors at the 90-percent confidence level for estimated employment by State, 2003 annual averages

(In thousands)

State	Estimated level											
	2	5	10	20	25	50	100	200	250	400	600	800
Alabama	3	4	6	8	9	13	19	26	29	36	42	47
Alaska	1	2	3	5	5	7	9	11	11	-	-	-
Arizona	3	5	7	9	10	15	21	29	32	40	47	53
Arkansas	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18	19	23	27	29
California	3	4	6	9	10	14	20	28	31	40	48	56
Colorado	3	5	7	9	10	15	21	29	32	40	47	52
Connecticut	2	3	5	7	7	11	15	20	23	28	32	36
Delaware	1	2	2	3	4	5	7	9	9	-	-	-
District of Columbia	1	1	2	3	3	4	6	7	7	-	-	-
Florida	3	5	7	10	11	15	21	30	33	42	51	58
Georgia	3	5	7	10	11	16	22	31	34	43	52	59
Hawaii	1	2	3	4	4	6	8	10	11	13	-	-
Idaho	2	3	4	5	6	8	11	14	15	17	18	-
Illinois	3	4	6	8	9	13	19	26	29	37	45	51
Indiana	3	4	6	9	10	14	19	27	30	37	45	50
Iowa	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	18	20	24	28	30
Kansas	2	4	5	7	8	11	15	21	23	28	32	35
Kentucky	3	5	7	9	11	15	21	29	32	40	47	52
Louisiana	3	4	6	9	10	14	19	27	30	36	43	48
Maine	1	2	3	4	4	6	9	11	12	14	14	-
Maryland	3	4	6	8	9	12	17	24	27	34	40	45
Massachusetts	3	4	6	8	9	13	18	25	28	35	42	47
Michigan	3	5	7	9	10	15	21	29	32	40	49	55
Minnesota	3	5	7	9	10	15	21	29	32	39	47	52
Mississippi	2	4	5	7	8	12	16	22	25	30	34	37
Missouri	3	5	7	11	12	17	23	33	36	45	54	60
Montana	1	2	3	4	5	7	9	12	12	13	-	-
Nebraska	1	2	3	5	5	7	10	14	15	18	19	19
Nevada	2	3	4	5	6	8	11	15	17	20	23	24
New Hampshire	1	2	3	4	4	6	8	11	11	13	13	-
New Jersey	2	3	5	7	8	11	16	22	24	30	36	41
New Mexico	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	17	18	22	24	24
New York	3	4	6	9	10	14	20	28	31	39	48	55
North Carolina	3	5	7	10	11	15	21	30	33	42	50	57
North Dakota	1	2	3	4	4	6	8	9	10	-	-	-
Ohio	3	5	7	11	12	17	24	33	37	46	56	64
Oklahoma	2	4	5	7	8	11	16	22	24	30	35	38
Oregon	2	3	5	6	7	10	14	20	22	27	32	35
Pennsylvania	2	4	5	8	8	12	17	24	26	33	40	46
Rhode Island	1	1	2	3	3	5	6	8	9	10	-	-
South Carolina	2	4	5	7	8	11	16	22	24	30	35	39
South Dakota	1	2	3	4	4	6	8	10	10	9	-	-
Tennessee	3	5	7	10	11	15	22	30	34	42	50	56
Texas	4	6	8	11	13	18	25	36	40	50	61	70
Utah	2	3	5	7	8	11	15	20	22	27	30	31
Vermont	1	1	2	3	3	4	5	6	7	-	-	-
Virginia	4	6	9	12	14	19	27	38	42	53	64	72
Washington	3	4	6	8	9	13	18	26	29	36	42	48
West Virginia	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	16	18	21	23	-
Wisconsin	3	4	6	9	10	14	19	27	30	38	45	50
Wyoming	1	1	2	3	3	4	6	7	6	-	-	-

See footnotes at end of table.

Table B-4. Sampling errors at the 90-percent confidence level for estimated employment by State, 2003 annual averages — Continued

(In thousands)

State	Estimated level								
	1,000	1,500	2,000	2,500	5,000	7,500	10,000	12,500	15,000
Alabama	50	55	55	—	—	—	—	—	—
Alaska	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Arizona	57	64	67	65	—	—	—	—	—
Arkansas	30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
California	62	75	86	95	127	146	158	162	161
Colorado	56	61	61	—	—	—	—	—	—
Connecticut	38	39	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Delaware	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
District of Columbia	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Florida	65	78	88	96	119	121	—	—	—
Georgia	65	75	82	87	—	—	—	—	—
Hawaii	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Idaho	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Illinois	56	67	75	81	92	—	—	—	—
Indiana	55	62	66	67	—	—	—	—	—
Iowa	31	30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kansas	36	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kentucky	55	59	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Louisiana	51	56	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Maine	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Maryland	49	55	57	56	—	—	—	—	—
Massachusetts	52	59	63	65	—	—	—	—	—
Michigan	61	72	80	85	—	—	—	—	—
Minnesota	57	63	65	62	—	—	—	—	—
Mississippi	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Missouri	65	74	78	77	—	—	—	—	—
Montana	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nebraska	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nevada	23	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
New Hampshire	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
New Jersey	46	53	58	62	—	—	—	—	—
New Mexico	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
New York	61	73	83	91	115	122	—	—	—
North Carolina	62	73	79	83	—	—	—	—	—
North Dakota	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ohio	71	84	93	100	110	—	—	—	—
Oklahoma	40	41	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Oregon	37	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pennsylvania	51	60	68	73	83	—	—	—	—
Rhode Island	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South Carolina	41	44	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South Dakota	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tennessee	61	69	73	73	—	—	—	—	—
Texas	78	94	106	117	149	160	156	—	—
Utah	30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vermont	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Virginia	79	91	98	102	—	—	—	—	—
Washington	52	59	63	63	—	—	—	—	—
West Virginia	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wisconsin	55	61	64	63	—	—	—	—	—
Wyoming	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

— Data not available.

Table B-5. Sampling errors at the 90-percent confidence level for estimated unemployment by State, 2003 annual averages

(In thousands)

State	Estimated level												
	2	5	10	20	25	50	100	200	250	400	600	800	1,000
Alabama	2	3	4	5	6	8	12	-	-	-	-	-	-
Alaska	1	1	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Arizona	2	3	4	6	7	10	13	-	-	-	-	-	-
Arkansas	1	2	3	5	5	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
California	2	3	5	7	8	11	15	22	24	31	37	43	48
Colorado	2	2	4	5	6	8	11	-	-	-	-	-	-
Connecticut	1	2	3	4	4	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Delaware	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
District of Columbia	1	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Florida	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18	20	25	-	-	-
Georgia	2	4	5	7	8	11	16	22	-	-	-	-	-
Hawaii	1	1	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Idaho	1	2	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Illinois	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	18	20	26	-	-	-
Indiana	2	3	4	5	6	9	12	-	-	-	-	-	-
Iowa	1	2	3	4	5	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kansas	1	2	3	4	5	6	8	11	-	-	-	-	-
Kentucky	2	3	4	5	6	8	11	-	-	-	-	-	-
Louisiana	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maine	1	1	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maryland	2	3	4	5	6	8	12	-	-	-	-	-	-
Massachusetts	2	3	4	5	6	8	11	-	-	-	-	-	-
Michigan	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18	20	-	-	-	-
Minnesota	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mississippi	1	2	3	5	5	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Missouri	2	3	4	5	6	9	12	-	-	-	-	-	-
Montana	1	1	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nebraska	1	2	2	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nevada	1	2	2	3	4	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Hampshire	1	1	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Jersey	2	3	4	5	6	8	11	16	17	-	-	-	-
New Mexico	1	2	3	4	4	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New York	2	3	4	5	6	9	12	17	19	24	-	-	-
North Carolina	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	20	22	-	-	-	-
North Dakota	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ohio	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	18	20	-	-	-	-
Oklahoma	2	3	4	5	6	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oregon	1	2	3	5	5	7	10	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pennsylvania	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	17	19	-	-	-	-
Rhode Island	1	1	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
South Carolina	2	2	3	5	6	8	11	-	-	-	-	-	-
South Dakota	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tennessee	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	-	-	-	-	-	-
Texas	2	3	5	7	7	10	15	21	23	29	36	-	-
Utah	1	2	3	4	4	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vermont	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Virginia	2	3	5	6	7	10	14	-	-	-	-	-	-
Washington	2	3	5	6	7	10	14	20	-	-	-	-	-
West Virginia	1	2	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wisconsin	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wyoming	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

- Data not available.

Appendix C. Geographic Boundary Definitions

Table C-1 of this appendix lists the States composing the census regions and divisions for which data are published in section I. Table C-2 provides the geographic definitions of the metropolitan areas for which data are published in section III. These data for metropolitan areas reflect the standards and definitions established by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) on June 30, 1993.¹

Effective December 22, 1987, the boundary of the St. Louis metropolitan statistical area was redefined to include the part of Sullivan City in Crawford County, MO. This change is not reflected in the data for St. Louis shown in this bulletin, although the addition of entire counties in 1993 is reflected.

Metropolitan areas

The general concept of a metropolitan area (MA) is that of a core area containing a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities that have a high degree

of economic and social integration with that core.

A *Metropolitan Statistical Area* (MSA) consists of one or more counties and meets specified size criteria—either it contains a city of at least 50,000 inhabitants, or it contains an urbanized area of at least 50,000 inhabitants and has a total population of at least 100,000.

A *Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Area* (CMSA) is a metropolitan area that has a population of at least 1 million and has been divided into two or more PMSAs (see below). The CMSA comprises the same geographic area as its constituent PMSAs.

A *Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area* (PMSA) is a subarea within a CMSA. The designation of these subareas is based on specific criteria, including having a population of at least 100,000 that is at least 60-percent urban, and the support of local opinion. Areas that were designated separate metropolitan areas as of January 1, 1980, and are now part of a larger area, are designated as PMSAs unless local opinion does not support their continued separate designation for statistical purposes.

It is anticipated that Census 2000-based metropolitan area definitions will be used in *Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment, 2005*.

¹ The standards were published in the *Federal Register* on March 30, 1990; the definitions and a complete listing of the areas were published on June 30, 1993, in OMB Bulletin No. 93-17.

Table C-1. State composition of the census regions and divisions

Region and division	State
Northeast:	
New England	Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont
Middle Atlantic	New Jersey New York Pennsylvania
Midwest:	
East North Central	Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin
West North Central	Iowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota
South:	
South Atlantic	Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia
East South Central	Alabama Kentucky Mississippi Tennessee
West South Central ...	Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas
West:	
Mountain	Arizona Colorado Idaho Montana Nevada New Mexico Utah Wyoming
Pacific	Alaska California Hawaii Oregon Washington

Table C-2. Geographic boundaries of metropolitan areas

State and area	Type of area	Definition
Arizona		
Phoenix-Mesa	MSA	Maricopa and Pinal Counties
California		
Los Angeles-Long Beach	PMSA	Los Angeles County
Oakland	PMSA	Alameda and Contra Costa Counties
Orange County	PMSA	Orange County
Riverside-San Bernardino	PMSA	Riverside and San Bernardino Counties
Sacramento-Yolo	CMSA	El Dorado, Placer, Sacramento, and Yolo Counties
San Diego	MSA	San Diego County
San Francisco	PMSA	Marin, San Francisco, and San Mateo Counties
San Jose	PMSA	Santa Clara County
Colorado		
Denver-Boulder-Greeley	CMSA	Adams, Arapahoe, Boulder, Broomfield, Denver, Douglas, Jefferson, and Weld Counties
Connecticut		
Hartford	MSA	Bristol, Hartford, and New Britain cities and Avon, Berlin, Bloomfield, Burlington, Canton, East Granby, East Hartford, East Windsor, Enfield, Farmington, Glastonbury, Granby, Manchester, Marlborough, Newington, Plainville, Rocky Hill, Simsbury, Southington, South Windsor, Suffield, West Hartford, Wethersfield, Windsor, and Windsor Locks towns in Hartford County; Barkhamsted, Harwinton, New Hartford, Plymouth, and Winchester towns in Litchfield County; Middletown city and Cromwell, Durham, East Haddam, East Hampton, Haddam, Middlefield, and Portland towns in Middlesex County; Colchester and Lebanon towns in New London County; Andover, Bolton, Columbia, Coventry, Ellington, Hebron, Mansfield, Somers, Stafford, Tolland, Vernon, and Willington towns in Tolland County; and Ashford, Chaplin, and Windham towns in Windham County
District of Columbia		
Washington	PMSA	District of Columbia; Calvert, Charles, Frederick, Montgomery, and Prince Georges Counties, MD; Alexandria, Fairfax, Falls Church, Fredericksburg, Manassas, and Manassas Park cities, and Arlington, Clarke, Culpeper, Fairfax, Fauquier, King George, Loudoun, Prince William, Spotsylvania, Stafford, and Warren Counties, VA; Berkeley and Jefferson Counties, W.VA
Florida		
Fort Lauderdale	PMSA	Broward County
Miami	PMSA	Miami-Dade County
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	MSA	Hernando, Hillsborough, Pasco, and Pinellas Counties
Georgia		
Atlanta	MSA	Barrow, Bartow, Carroll, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, Coweta, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Pickens, Rockdale, Spalding, and Walton Counties
Illinois		
Chicago	PMSA	Cook, DeKalb, DuPage, Grundy, Kane, Kendall, Lake, McHenry, and Will Counties
Indiana		
Indianapolis	MSA	Boone, Hamilton, Hancock, Hendricks, Johnson, Madison, Marion, Morgan, and Shelby Counties
Kentucky		
Louisville	MSA	Bullitt, Jefferson, and Oldham Counties, KY; Clark, Floyd, Harrison, and Scott Counties, IN
Louisiana		
New Orleans	MSA	Jefferson, Orleans, Plaquemines, St. Bernard, St. Charles, St. James, St. John the Baptist, and St. Tammany Parishes

Table C-2. Geographic boundaries of metropolitan areas--Continued

State and area	Type of area	Definition
Maryland Baltimore	PMSA	Baltimore City and Anne Arundel, Baltimore, Carroll, Harford, Howard, and Queen Anne's Counties
Massachusetts Boston	PMSA	Taunton city and Berkley, Dighton, Mansfield, and Norton towns in Bristol County, MA; Beverly, Gloucester, Lynn, Newburyport, Peabody, and Salem cities and Amesbury, Danvers, Essex, Hamilton, Ipswich, Lynnfield, Manchester-by-the-Sea, Marblehead, Middleton, Nahant, Newbury, Rockport, Rowley, Salisbury, Saugus, Swampscott, Topsfield, and Wenham towns in Essex County, MA; Cambridge, Everett, Malden, Marlborough, Medford, Melrose, Newton, Somerville, Waltham, Watertown, and Woburn cities and Acton, Arlington, Ashland, Ayer, Bedford, Belmont, Boxborough, Burlington, Carlisle, Concord, Framingham, Holliston, Hopkinton, Hudson, Lexington, Lincoln, Littleton, Maynard, Natick, North Reading, Reading, Sherborn, Shirley, Stoneham, Stow, Sudbury, Townsend, Wakefield, Wayland, Weston, Wilmington, and Winchester towns in Middlesex County, MA; Franklin and Quincy cities and Bellingham, Braintree, Brookline, Canton, Cohasset, Dedham, Dover, Foxborough, Holbrook, Medfield, Medway, Millis, Milton, Needham, Norfolk, Norwood, Plainville, Randolph, Sharon, Stoughton, Walpole, Wellesley, Westwood, Weymouth, and Wrentham towns in Norfolk County, MA; Carver, Duxbury, Hanover, Hingham, Hull, Kingston, Marshfield, Norwell, Pembroke, Plymouth, Rockland, Scituate, and Wareham towns in Plymouth County, MA; Boston, Chelsea, and Revere cities and Winthrop town in Suffolk County, MA; Berlin, Blackstone, Bolton, Harvard, Hopedale, Lancaster, Mendon, Milford, Millville, Southborough, and Upton towns in Worcester County, MA; and Seabrook and South Hampton towns in Rockingham County, NH
Michigan Detroit	PMSA	Lapeer, Macomb, Monroe, Oakland, St. Clair, and Wayne Counties
Minnesota Minneapolis-St. Paul	MSA	Anoka, Carver, Chisago, Dakota, Hennepin, Isanti, Ramsey, Scott, Sherburne, Washington, and Wright Counties, MN; Pierce and St. Croix Counties, WI
Missouri Kansas City	MSA	Johnson, Leavenworth, Miami, and Wyandotte Counties, KS; Cass, Clay, Clinton, Jackson, Lafayette, Platte, and Ray Counties, MO
St. Louis	MSA ¹	Clinton, Jersey, Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair Counties, IL; St. Louis city and Franklin, Jefferson, Lincoln, St. Charles, St. Louis, and Warren Counties, MO
New Jersey Bergen-Passaic	PMSA	Bergen and Passaic Counties
Newark	PMSA	Essex, Morris, Sussex, Union, and Warren Counties
New York Buffalo-Niagara Falls	MSA	Erie and Niagara Counties
Nassau-Suffolk	PMSA	Nassau and Suffolk Counties
New York	PMSA	Bronx, Kings, New York, Putnam, Queens, Richmond, Rockland, and Westchester Counties
Rochester	MSA	Genesee, Livingston, Monroe, Ontario, Orleans, and Wayne Counties
North Carolina Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	MSA	Cabarrus, Gaston, Lincoln, Mecklenburg, Rowan, and Union Counties, NC; York County, SC

¹ This is not the official OMB definition of the St. Louis MSA. Excluded is the part of Sullivan City in Crawford County, MO.

Table C-2. Geographic boundaries of metropolitan areas--Continued

State and area	Type of area	Definition
Ohio		
Cincinnati	PMSA	Dearborn and Ohio Counties, IN; Boone, Campbell, Gallatin, Grant, Kenton, and Pendleton Counties, KY; and Brown, Clermont, Hamilton, and Warren Counties, OH
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria	PMSA	Ashtabula, Cuyahoga, Geauga, Lake, Lorain, and Medina Counties
Columbus	MSA	Delaware, Fairfield, Franklin, Licking, Madison, and Pickaway Counties
Dayton-Springfield	MSA	Clark, Greene, Miami, and Montgomery Counties
Oklahoma		
Oklahoma City	MSA	Canadian, Cleveland, Logan, McClain, Oklahoma, and Pottawatomie Counties
Oregon		
Portland-Vancouver	PMSA	Clackamas, Columbia, Multnomah, Washington, and Yamhill Counties, OR; Clark County, WA
Pennsylvania		
Philadelphia	PMSA	Burlington, Camden, Gloucester, and Salem Counties, NJ; Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery, and Philadelphia Counties, PA
Pittsburgh	MSA	Allegheny, Beaver, Butler, Fayette, Washington, and Westmoreland Counties
Rhode Island		
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	MSA	Attleboro and Fall River cities and North Attleborough, Rehoboth, Seekonk, Somerset, Swansea, and Westport towns in Bristol County, MA; Barrington, Bristol, and Warren towns in Bristol County, RI; Warwick city and Coventry, East Greenwich, West Greenwich, and West Warwick towns in Kent County, RI; Jamestown, Little Compton, and Tiverton towns in Newport County, RI; Central Falls, Cranston, East Providence, Pawtucket, Providence, and Woonsocket cities, and Burrillville, Cumberland, Foster, Gloucester, Johnston, Lincoln, North Providence, North Smithfield, Scituate, and Smithfield towns in Providence County, RI; Charlestown, Exeter, Narragansett, North Kingstown, Richmond, and South Kingstown towns in Washington County, RI
Tennessee		
Memphis	MSA	Crittenden County, AR; DeSoto County, MS; and Fayette, Shelby, and Tipton Counties, TN
Texas		
Dallas-Fort Worth	CMSA	Collin, Dallas, Denton, Ellis, Henderson, Hood, Hunt, Johnson, Kaufman, Parker, Rockwall, and Tarrant Counties
Houston	PMSA	Chambers, Fort Bend, Harris, Liberty, Montgomery, and Waller Counties
San Antonio	MSA	Bexar, Comal, Guadalupe, and Wilson Counties
Utah		
Salt Lake City-Ogden	MSA	Davis, Salt Lake, and Weber Counties
Virginia		
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	MSA	Currituck County, NC; Chesapeake, Hampton, Newport News, Norfolk, Poquoson, Portsmouth, Suffolk, Virginia Beach, and Williamsburg cities and Gloucester, Isle of Wight, James City, Mathews, and York Counties, VA
Washington		
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	PMSA	Island, King, and Snohomish Counties
Wisconsin		
Milwaukee-Waukesha	PMSA	Milwaukee, Ozaukee, Washington, and Waukesha Counties