Vermont: 2000

Issued October 2002

Summary Population and Housing Characteristics

PHC-1-47





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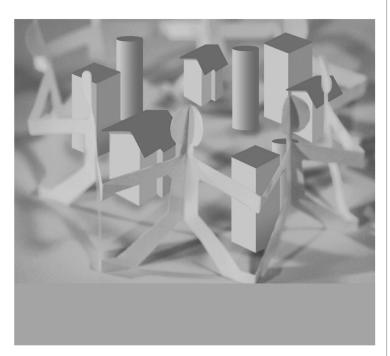


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Summary Population and Housing Characteristics

PHC-1-47

2000 Census of Population and Housing





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How to Use This Census Report

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INTRODUCTION

Data from Census 2000 are presented in three printed report series:

- 1. PHC-1, Summary Population and Housing Characteristics
- 2. PHC-2, Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics
- 3. PHC-3, Population and Housing Unit Counts

The data from Census 2000 were derived from a limited number of basic questions asked of the entire population and about every housing unit (referred to as the 100-percent questions, found on the "short form"), and from additional questions asked of a sample of the population and housing units (referred to as the sample questions, found on the "long form"). Appendix D presents facsimiles of the questionnaire pages used to collect the data included in this report.

The PHC-1, Summary Population and Housing Characteristics, report series provides data based on the 100-percent questions. The subjects are age, Hispanic or Latino origin, household relationship, race, sex, tenure (owner- or renter-occupied), and vacancy characteristics. Land area measurements and population density also are provided. This series is similar to the 1990 census CPH-1 series.

The PHC-2, Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, report series provides sample data based on both the 100-percent and the sample questions. Sample subjects include place of birth; residence in 1995; language; educational attainment and school enrollment; veteran status; disability status; employment status; journey to work; work status, earnings, income, and poverty status in 1999; physical housing characteristics; units in structure; fuel and equipment characteristics; owner and renter household characteristics, such as year owner moved into unit; home value; contract and gross rent; and mortgage and rental cost characteristics. This series is similar to the 1990 census CPH-5 series.

The PHC-3, *Population and Housing Unit Counts,* report series provides Census 2000 and historical comparisons of the 100-percent population and housing unit counts. It provides land and water area measurements, and population density. The user notes section documents geographic changes over the past decade. This series is similar to the 1990 census CPH-2 series.

In each series, there is one report for each state, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico, plus a United States summary report. Many tables in the United States summary reports include data for Puerto Rico. See Appendix E for detailed information about additional Census 2000 data products and release media.

HOW TO FIND GEOGRAPHIC AREAS AND SUBJECT MATTER **DATA**

This report includes a table finding guide to assist the user in locating those statistical tables that contain the desired data. The table finding guide lists alphabetically, by geographic area, the subjects shown in this report. To determine which tables in this report show data for a particular topic, find the subject in the lefthand column of the table finding guide and then look across the columns using the headings at the top for the desired type of geographic area. Figure I–1 is an example of a table finding guide.

The table finding guide does not include crossclassifications of subjectmatter items. Additional information to locate data within specific reports is provided in the headnote at the top of the table finding guide and in the footnotes at the bottom of the guide.

HOW TO USE THE STATISTICAL TABLES

Figure I-1.

Table Finding Guide

SUBJECTS BY TYPE OF GEOGRAPHIC AREA AND TABLE NUMBER

Subjects covered in this report are shown on the left side, and types of geographic areas are shown at the top. Table numbers shown in bold indicate that either all or part of the table is presented for the American Indian and Alaska Native population in American Indian and Alaska Native areas, or for the Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander population in Hawaiian home lands. For a description of area classifications, see Appendix A. For definitions and explanations of subject characteristics, see Appendix B.

			Pla	ice	Cou subdiv		Ameri-	
Subject	The state ¹	County ²	By county and county sub- division	Alpha- beti- cally for the state	By county	Alpha- beti- cally for the state ³	can Indian and Alaska Native Area ⁴	Hawaiian home land ⁵
POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS				1.0				
Age	7, 8 15, 16 3, 4, 5, 6	3, 4, 5, 6	1 7 7 7 9 3 7, 9 7 15 3, 5	2 8 8 10 4 8, 10 8, 10 4, 6	1 7 7 7 9 3 7, 9 7 15 3, 5	2 8 8 10 4 8, 10 8 16 4,6	17 20 20 20 21 18 20, 21 20 24 18, 19	25 28 28 28 29 26 28, 29 28 32 26, 27
Relationship to householder	9, 10 1, 2	9, 10 1, 2	9	10 2	9	10 2	21 17	29 25
HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS								
Hispanic or Latino origin of householder. Average household size Occupancy characteristics Race of householder Tenure. Vacancy characteristics.	13, 14 11, 12 11, 12 13, 14 11, 12	13, 14 11, 12 11, 12 13, 14 11, 12 11, 12	13 11 11 13 11 11	14 12 12 14 12 12	13 11 11 13 11	14 12 12 14 12 12	23 22 22 23 22 22 22	31 30 30 31 30 30
GEOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS								
Land areaPopulation density	15, 16 15, 16	15, 16 15, 16	15 15	16 16	15 15	16 16	24 24	32 32

¹State, District of Columbia, or Puerto Rico

Parts of a Statistical Table

The census data included in printed reports are arranged in tables. Each table includes four major parts: (1) heading, (2) boxhead, (3) stub, and (4) data field. A typical census report table is illustrated in Figure I-2.

The heading consists of the table number, title, and headnote. The table number indicates the position of the table within the report, while the title is a brief statement indicating the subjects and time reference of the data presented in the table. The headnote is enclosed in brackets and is located under the title. It contains statements that qualify, explain, or provide information pertaining to the entire table.

The boxhead is under the heading. This portion of the table, which contains the individual column heads or captions, describes the data in each vertical column. In the boxhead of many tables, a spanner appears across and above two or more column heads or across two or more lower spanners. The purpose of a spanner is to classify or qualify items below it or separate the table into identifiable blocks in terms of major aspects of the data.

²Parish in Louisiana; borough, census area, city and borough, and municipality in Alaska; and municipio in Puerto Rico: in Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia, one or more cities are independent of counties and are treated as statistical equivalents of counties; the entire District of Columbia, which has no counties, is treated as a county

³County subdivisions within the state are shown alphabetically with places for the following 12 states: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island,

Vermont, and Wisconsin.

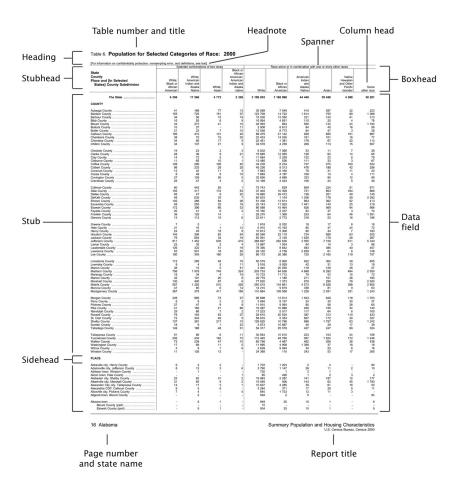
4American Indian and Alaska Native areas include state and federal American Indian reservations; Oklahoma tribal statistical areas (OTSAs); tribal designated statistical areas (TDSAs) (federal areas); state designated American Indian statistical areas (SDAISAs) (state areas); Alaska Native village statistical areas (ANVSAs) (Alaska); and Alaska Native

Regional Corporations (ANRCs) (Alaska).

Stables for these areas appear only in the report for Hawaii.

Figure I–2.

PARTS OF A STATISTICAL TABLE



The stub is located at the left edge of the table. It includes a listing of line or row captions or descriptions. At the top of the stub is the stubhead. The stubhead is considered to be an extension of the table title and usually shows generic geographic area designations and restrictions.

In the stub, several features are used to help the user better understand the contents of the table. Usually, a block of data lines is preceded by a sidehead. The sidehead, similar to a spanner. describes and classifies the stub entries following it. The use of indentation in a stub indicates the relationship of one data line to another. Indented data lines represent subcategories that, in most instances, sum to a total. Occasionally

in tables, it is desirable to show one or more single-line subcategories that do not sum to the total.

The data field is that part of the statistical table that contains the data. It extends from the bottom of the boxhead to the bottom of the table and from the right of the stub to the right edge of the page.

Both geographic and subject-matter terms appear in tables. It is important to read the definitions of the terms used in the tables because census terms often are defined in special ways that reflect the manner in which the questions were asked and the data were tabulated. Definitions of geographic terms are provided in Appendix A. Census tables often include derived measures such as medians, means, percentages, and ratios. These and other subject-matter terms are defined in Appendix B.

Symbols and Geographic Abbreviations

The following symbols are used in the tables and explanations of subjects covered in Census 2000 reports:

- A dash "-" represents zero or a derived measure that rounds to less than 0.1.
- (X) means not applicable. In the 1990 and earlier decennial census reports, three dots "..." meant not applicable.
- (NA) means not available.

- The superscript prefix "r" indicates that the count has been revised since the publication of the 1990 census reports, or that the area was erroneously omitted or not shown in the correct geographic relationship in the 1990 census reports. This symbol appears only in the Census 2000 PHC-3, Population and Housing Unit Counts, report series.
- A dagger "†" next to the name of a geographic area indicates that there has been a geographic change (for example, an annexation or detachment, a new incorporation, or a name change) since the information was published for the 1990 census for that area. This symbol appears only in the Census 2000 PHC-3, *Population and Housing Unit Counts*, report series. The geographic change information for the entities in a state is shown in the "User Notes" section of the Census 2000 PHC-3 report for that state.
- A plus sign "+" is appended to the lower bound of the highest interval when the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A minus sign "-" is appended to the upper bound of the lowest interval when the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution. For more information on medians, see the section on "Derived Measures" in Appendix B.
- A minus sign "-" preceding a figure denotes decrease. The minus sign appears only in the Census 2000 PHC-3, *Population and Housing Unit Counts,* report series.

The following geographic abbreviations and terms may be used in the tables in this report:

- A "(part)" next to the name of a geographic area in a hierarchical presentation indicates that the geographic entity is located only partially in the superior geographic entity. For example, a "(part)" next to a place name in a county subdivision-place hierarchy indicates that the place is located in more than one county subdivision. (Places also may be "split" by county, congressional district, urban/rural, metropolitan area, voting district, and other geographic boundaries, depending on the presentation.) Other geographic entities also can be "split" by a higher level entity. The exception is a tabulation block, which is unique within all geographic entities in census products.
- ANVSA is Alaska Native village statistical area.
- ANRC is Alaska Native Regional Corporation.
- CCD is census county division.
- CDP is census designated place.
- CMSA is consolidated metropolitan statistical area.
- MA is metropolitan area.
- MSA is metropolitan statistical area.
- OTSA is Oklahoma tribal statistical area.
- PMSA is primary metropolitan statistical area.
- SDAISA is state designated American Indian statistical area.
- TDSA is tribal designated statistical area.
- UT is unorganized territory.

GRAPHICS

Charts, statistical maps, and other graphic summaries are included in some Census 2000 reports.

USER NOTES

User notes include corrections, errata, and related explanatory information. This section appears directly before the statistical tables in census reports. It presents information about unique characteristics of the report and changes or corrections made too late to be reflected in the text or tables themselves. However, sometimes this information becomes available too late to be

reflected even in the user notes. Census 2000 user updates are available on the Census Bureau's Internet site at www.census.gov/main/www/cen2000.html. To receive notification of user notes, subscribe to the Census Product Update (http://www.census.gov/mp/www/cpu.html), a biweekly e-mail newsletter available from the Customer Services Center of the Marketing Services Office at the U.S. Census Bureau, or contact the Customer Services Center directly on 301-763-INFO (4636) or at webmaster@census.gov.

APPENDIXES

Appendix A, Geographic Terms and Concepts. Provides definitions of the types of geographic areas and related information used in census products.

Appendix B, Definitions of Subject Characteristics. Contains definitions for the subject-matter terms used in census products, including explanations of derived measures, limitations of the data, and comparability with previous censuses. The subjects are listed alphabetically. Population characteristics are defined first, followed by the definitions of the housing subjects.

Appendix C, Collection and Processing Procedures. Explains the enumeration and residence rules used in counting the population and housing units in the United States and Puerto Rico. It also describes the major components of the operational plan for Census 2000, and includes a glossary of terms.

Appendix D, Questionnaire Facsimile. Presents a facsimile of the Census 2000 questionnaire used to collect the data in this report.

Appendix E, Data Products and User Assistance. Summarizes the Census 2000 data products by describing the information available in printed reports and through electronic media such as CD-ROM, DVD, and the Internet. It also describes Census 2000 maps and other geographic products, reference materials, and sources of assistance.

Appendix F, Maps. Contains maps depicting the geographic areas shown in this report.

Appendix G, Accuracy of the Data. Provides information on confidentiality of the data, imputation of housing unit status and population counts, sources of errors in the data, and editing of unacceptable data.

Appendix H, Acknowledgments. Lists many of the U.S. Census Bureau staff who participated in the various activities of Census 2000.

Table Finding Guide

SUBJECTS BY TYPE OF GEOGRAPHIC AREA AND TABLE NUMBER

Subjects covered in this guide are shown on the left side, and types of geographic areas are shown at the top. Table numbers shown in bold indicate that either all or part of the table is presented for the American Indian and Alaska Native population in American Indian and Alaska Native areas, or for the Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander population in Hawaiian home lands. For a description of area classifications, see Appendix A. For definitions and explanations of subject characteristics, see Appendix B.

			Pla	ice	Cou subdi		Ameri-	
Subject	The state ¹	County ²	By county and county sub- division	Alpha- beti- cally for the state	By county	Alpha- beti- cally for the state ³	can Indian and Alaska Native area ⁴	Hawaiian home land ⁵
POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS								
Age	1, 2 7, 8 7, 8 7, 8 9, 10 3, 4	1, 2 7, 8 7, 8 7, 8 9, 10 3, 4	1 7 7 7 9 3	2 8 8 8 10 4	1 7 7 7 9 3	2 8 8 8 10 4	17 20 20 20 21 18	25 28 28 28 29 26
characteristics Nonfamily households Population density Race Relationship to householder Sex	7, 8, 9, 10 7, 8 15, 16 3, 4, 5, 6 9, 10 1, 2	7, 8, 9, 10 7, 8 15, 16 3, 4, 5, 6 9, 10 1, 2	7, 9 7 15 3, 5 9	8, 10 8 16 4, 6 10 2	7, 9 7 15 3, 5 9	8, 10 8 16 4, 6 10 2	20, 21 20 24 18, 19 21 17	28, 29 28 32 26, 27 29 25
HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS								
Average household size by tenure Hispanic or Latino origin of	11, 12	11, 12	11	12	11	12	22	30
householder Occupancy characteristics Race of householder Tenure Vacancy characteristics	13, 14 11, 12 13, 14 11, 12 11, 12	13, 14 11, 12 13, 14 11, 12 11, 12	13 11 13 11	14 12 14 12 12	13 11 13 11	14 12 14 12 12	23 22 23 22 22	31 30 31 30 30
GEOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS								
Land area Population density	15, 16 15, 16	15, 16 15, 16	15 15	16 16	15 15	16 16	24 24	32 32

¹State, District of Columbia, or Puerto Rico.

Table Finding Guide II–1

²Parish in Louisiana; city and borough, municipality, borough, or census area in Alaska; and municipio in Puerto Rico; in Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia, one or more cities are independent of counties and are treated as statistical equivalents of counties; the entire District of Columbia, which has no counties, is treated as a county equivalent

³County subdivisions within the state are shown alphabetically with places for the following 12 states: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin.

⁴American Indian and Alaska Native areas include state and federal American Indian reservations; Oklahoma tribal statistical areas (OTSAs); tribal designated statistical areas (TDSAs) (federal areas); state designated American Indian statistical areas (SDAISAs) (state areas); Alaska Native village statistical areas (ANVSAs); and Alaska Native Regional Corporations (ANRCs).

⁵Tables for these areas appear only in the report for Hawaii.

User Notes

Additional information concerning this Census 2000 product and its source file, Summary File 1, may become available after this report is published. This information, called Notes and Errata, is available in portable document format (PDF) on the U.S. Census Bureau's Internet site at http://www.census.gov/main/www/cen2000.html. To receive notification of user notes, subscribe to the Census Product Update (http://www.census.gov/mp/www/cpu.html), a biweekly e-mail newsletter available from the Customer Services Center of the Marketing Services Office at the U.S. Census Bureau, or contact the Customer Services Center directly on 301-763-INFO (4636) or at webmaster@census.gov.

ADDITIONAL DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS OF THE DATA

User Note 1

The user should note that there are limitations to many of these data. Please refer to the text provided with this report for further explanations on the limitations of the data.

User Notes III–1

STATISTICAL TABLES

Table 1. Age and Sex: 2000

n on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definition	re eas taytl

	ampling orror, t	Age										
State County County Subdivision Place												
	Total population	Median age	Under 5 years	5 to 17 years	18 to 20 years	21 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 59 years	60 to 64 years	
The State	608 827	37.7	33 989	113 534	27 956	28 630	74 567	101 889	93 832	32 603	24 317	
Addison County	35 974 1 393	36.1 35.9	2 057 104	6 892 295	2 499 32	2 011 39	3 973 199	5 721 210	5 583 226	1 869 79	1 304 66	
Bridport town Bristol town	1 235 3 788	36.5 37.1	84 219	248 831	43 110	58 156	149 460	184 702	199 605	78 174	35 118	
Cornwall town	1 136	40.8	72	219	38	51	92	170	212	89	48	
Ferrisburg town	2 657 227	39.0 43.2	170 7	492 53	75 6	82 3	321 14	490 38	425 57	171 18	130 10	
Granville town	303	37.8	14	60	12	6	45	60	50	16	5	
Hancock town Leicester town	382 974	41.8 38.7	19 52	61 190	17 20	11 35	51 126	52 173	64 163	31 58	17 55	
Lincoln town	1 214	39.0	84	245	25	47	138	215	220	63	46	
Middlebury town	8 183 6 252	26.6 22.7	312 204	1 119 730	1 558 1 496	1 011 929	675 487	843 547	974 639	345 215	258 170	
Monkton town	1 759	37.0	140	362	49	36	212	363	354	97	38	
New Haven town Orwell town	1 666 1 185	37.7 38.9	98 72	352 251	62 39	59 27	188 122	300 203	299 207	97 69	53 54	
Panton town	682	41.3	37	135	26	22	57	127	119	39	27	
Ripton town	556 1 090	38.5 38.7	41 66	104 213	10 31	25 35	63 140	106 174	106 178	31 64	24 54	
Shoreham town	1 222	38.2	60	276	35	39	137	207	201	66	49	
Starksboro town Vergennes city	1 898 2 741	33.8 32.6	150 161	431 617	60 212	71 147	281 328	372 435	309 331	73 109	41 90	
Waltham town	479	39.1	25	113	12	11	54	76	88	33	21	
Weybridge town	824 380	41.3 39.2	57 13	149 76	14 13	23 17	79 42	143 78	137 59	52 17	47 18	
ŭ												
Bennington County	36 994 2 397	40.3 42.0	1 922 121	6 836 431	1 386 75	1 460 69	3 904 236	5 810 391	5 603 398	2 167 147	1 739 134	
Arlington CDP (part)	1 080	40.2	62	186	38	46	121	163	168	60	61	
Bennington town Bennington CDP	15 737 9 168	37.9 39.6	895 497	2 803 1 600	832 290	846 430	1 837 1 122	2 267 1 340	2 114 1 215	747 443	600 355	
North Bennington village	1 428	28.8	66	219	235	152	133	149	160	48	47	
Old Bennington village Dorset town	232 2 036	47.7 45.1	15 71	39 375	7 49	4 52	10 143	31 325	42 350	13 159	13 114	
Glastenbury town	16	45.5	-	4	1	-	-	3	6	2	-	
Landgrove town	144 4 180	45.3 44.0	9 184	25 783	2 67	1 99	13 387	21 657	33 656	10 300	11 249	
Manchester village	602	52.0	17	99	6	14	35	65	101	50	43	
Manchester Center CDP Peru town	2 065 416	42.3 40.9	107 21	370 86	36 13	63 8	237 35	323 75	271 70	123 28	114 18	
Pownal town	3 560	38.5	199	705	122	147	392	637	560	231	171	
Readsboro town	809 704	41.2 43.6	37 26	162 131	24 16	31 20	68 65	142 103	114 95	52 46	40 45	
Sandgate town	353	46.1	13	63	8	5	31	51	70	27	24	
Searsburg town	96 3 767	41.8 40.4	4 197	22 774	4 99	1 99	5 410	19 625	24 672	3 222	5 175	
South Shaftsbury CDP	772	39.6	35	155	24	26	101	112	126	33	28	
Stamford town	813 850	41.2 41.8	42 50	165 149	22 20	20 19	59 95	172 135	128 122	60 57	40 48	
Arlington CDP (part)	119	45.5	2	19	1	2	16	18	19	6	6	
Winhall town	702 414	45.3 39.9	31 22	90 68	16 16	25 18	84 44	100 87	124 67	54 22	39 26	
Caledonia County	29 702 1 690	38.5 40.4	1 628 92	5 881 360	1 365 60	1 240 50	3 269 153	4 534 273	4 769 307	1 542 83	1 202 75	
Burke town	1 571	39.1	98	273	55	70	204	248	266	106	72	
West Burke village Danville town	364 2 211	34.0 41.2	28 126	69 451	21 49	21 51	46 215	52 346	56 392	20 131	11 116	
Groton town	876	39.3	52	196	26	21	91	135	129	58	40	
Hardwick town Kirby town	3 174 456	35.9 37.1	212 33	723 99	105 11	118 14	384 60	534 69	454 92	159 22	106 16	
Lyndon town	5 448	35.1	261	995	544	382	534	771	726	264	222	
Lyndonville village Newark town	1 227 470	36.3 38.9	46 33	223 94	80 9	126 12	117 63	179 75	148 85	59 24	53 21	
Peacham town	665	43.0	25	159	18	13	37	95	132	45	39	
Ryegate town	1 150 7 571	41.2 39.5	48 396	242 1 333	39 330	42 350	113 900	170 1 070	218 1 169	67 348	42 274	
St. Johnsbury CDP	6 319	40.0	311	1 097	278	292	737	879	929	294	244	
Sheffield town	727 185	35.9 38.3	42 12	160 40	17 3	25 1	108 24	124 35	113 37	41 7	24 6	
Sutton town	1 001	36.9	63	235	32	26	116	163	178	44	28	
Walden town	782 1 104	36.4 42.5	48 55	175 217	22 30	26 17	101 103	134 181	141 221	33 60	25 66	
Wheelock town	621	40.1	32	129	15	22	63	111	109	50	30	
Chittenden County	146 571	34.2	8 487	26 026	9 460	9 771	21 205	25 751	20 748	6 624	4 719	
Bolton town	971	34.9	80	201	27	28	152	233	127	28	37	
Buels gore	12 38 889	49.0 29.2	1 788	1 4 543	1 4 582	5 300	1 6 822	5 244	2 4 073	1 1 387	1 1 058	
Charlotte town	3 569	39.2	199	860	77	79	339	664	738	208	130	
Colchester town	16 986 18 626	32.6 36.5	1 004 1 144	2 829 4 053	1 553 565	1 196 706	2 516 2 356	2 939 3 696	2 516 2 997	822 934	518 656	
Essex Junction village	8 591	36.4	511	1 754	279	379	1 166	1 658	1 287	388	309	
Hinesburg town	4 340 1 861	35.3 36.6	305 128	949 399	100 41	152 44	640 260	943 429	708 347	166 83	140 29	
Huntington town	5 015	37.3	342	1 206	118	115	521	1 067	891	285	149	
Jericho village	1 457 9 479	36.4 34.5	98 703	373 2 018	32 303	43 371	148 1 433	299	254 1 419	77 430	38	
Milton town	1 537	34.5 35.2	116	332	40	54	223	1 961 301	1 419 217	430 65	290 61	
Richmond town	4 090	37.1	282	915	88 17	132	492	901	696	212	95	
St. George town	698 6 944	33.8 40.9	42 444	167 1 476	17 144	30 129	103 618	133 1 179	108 1 184	25 410	26 292	
South Burlington city	15 814	36.2	776 164	2 639	1 309	673	2 198	2 674	2 151	727	600	
Underhill town	2 980	37.8	164	700	67	70	337	633	554	182	104	

Table 1. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

[For ir		on confidentiali	ity protection, r	nonsampling erro	or, and definition	ns, see text] Age and	sex			Percent of total		
		go - co		All age	es	18 years ar		65 years a	nd over	popula	ition	State
					Males	,		,				County County Subdivision Place
	65 to 74	75 to 84	85 years		per 100					Under	65 years	Flace
	years 40 683	years 26 831	and over 9 996	710 490	females 96.1	Total 461 304	Female 238 698	77 510	Female 45 269	18 years 24.2	and over	The State
	2 146	1 422	497	18 198	97.7	27 025	13 834	4 065	2 310	24.9	11.3	
	78 84	49 57	16 16	701 596	98.7 107.2	994 903	499 445	143 157	82 81	28.6 26.9	10.3 12.7	Addison town Bridport town
	222 86	140 41	51 18	1 935 563	95.8 101.8	2 738 845	1 410 433	413 145	240 79	27.7 25.6	10.9 12.8	Bristol town Cornwall town
	178 9	93 6	30 6	1 347 109	97.3 108.3	1 995 167	1 023 79	301 21	162 8	24.9 26.4	11.3 9.3	Ferrisburg town
	28 27	7 28	4	151 178	100.7 114.6	229 302	111 145	35 59	19 32	24.4 20.9	11.6 15.4	Granville town Hancock town
	67 73	30 49	5	475 603	105.1 101.3	732 885	362 441	102 131	55 78	24.8 27.1	10.5 10.8	Leicester town Lincoln town
	493 348	420 338	175 149	4 292 3 347	90.7 86.8	6 752 5 318	3 602 2 873	1 088 835	674 538	17.5 14.9	13.3 13.4	Middlebury town Middlebury CDP
	59	37	12	889	97.9	1 257	657	108	69	28.5	6.1	Monkton town
	95 76	46 52	17 13	816 605	104.2 95.9	1 216 862	591 435	158 141	78 70	27.0 27.3	9.5 11.9	New Haven town Orwell town
	48 23	41 20	4 3	343 261	98.8 113.0	510 411	257 199	93 46	49 18	25.2 26.1	13.6 8.3	Panton town Ripton town
	75 88	43 52	17 12	544 615	100.4 98.7	811 886	410 443	135 152	74 79	25.6 27.5	12.4 12.4	Salisbury town Shoreham town
	60 146	37 117	13 48	965 1 368	96.7 100.4	1 317 1 963	656 1 013	110 311	59 191	30.6 28.4	5.8 11.3	Starksboro town Vergennes city
	27 75	14 28	5 20	233 423	105.6 94.8	341 618	163 318	46 123	26 66	28.8 25.0	9.6 14.9	Waltham town Weybridge town
	29	15	3	186	104.3	291	142	47	21	23.4	12.4	Whiting town
	3 253 211	2 066 131	848 53	19 246 1 238	92.2 93.6	28 236 1 845	15 029 981	6 167 395	3 581 231	23.7 23.0	16.7 16.5	Bennington County Arlington town
	88 1 271	57 1 046	30 479	577 8 414	87.2 87.0	832 12 039	453 6 593	175 2 796	109 1 698	23.0 23.5	16.2 17.8	Arlington CDP (part) Bennington town
	821 82	708 88	347 49	4 894 823	87.3 73.5	7 071 1 143	3 873 683	1 876 219	1 148 147	22.9 20.0	20.5 15.3	Bennington CDP North Bennington village
	22 235	27 124	9	123 1 024	88.6 98.8	178 1 590	97 819	58 398	34 204	23.3 21.9	25.0 19.5	Old Bennington village Dorset town
	- 14	- 5	-	9 72	77.8 100.0	12 110	7 56	- 19	- 7	25.0 23.6	13.2	Glastenbury town
	425	253	120	2 224	87.9	3 213	1 743	798	482	23.1	19.1	Landgrove town Manchester town
	95 208	51 140	26 73	328 1 125	83.5 83.6	486 1 588	270 884	172 421	102 265	19.3 23.1	28.6 20.4	Manchester village Manchester Center CDP
	41 248	16 117	5 31	204 1 752	103.9 103.2	309 2 656	156 1 355	62 396	33 215	25.7 25.4	14.9 11.1	Peru town Pownal town
	78 90	49 47	12 20	403 370	100.7 90.3	610 547	302 293	139 157	78 91	24.6 22.3	17.2 22.3	Readsboro town Rupert town
	36 5	17 1	8	164 38	115.2 152.6	277 70	125 30	61 9	26 6	21.5 27.1	17.3 9.4	Sandgate town Searsburg town
	305 84	141 36	48 12	1 930 389	95.2 98.5	2 796 582	1 462 304	494 132	285 79	25.8 24.6	13.1 17.1	Shaftsbury town South Shaftsbury CDP
	69 108	30 33	6 14	401 443	102.7 91.9	606 651	308 339	105 155	55 75	25.5 23.4	12.9 18.2	Stamford town Sunderland town
	12 86	11 45	7 8	62 355	91.9 97.7	98 581	51 298	30 139	15 68	17.6 17.2	25.2 19.8	Arlington CDP (part) Winhall town
	31	11	2	205	102.0	324	162	44	27	21.7	10.6	Woodford town
	2 192 123	1 555 85	525 29	15 036 845	97.5 100.0	22 193 1 238	11 410 628	4 272 237	2 524 140	25.3 26.7	14.4 14.0	Caledonia County Barnet town
	110 21	51 15	18 4	753 173	108.6 110.4	1 200 267	592 133	179 40	90 22	23.6 26.6	11.4 11.0	Burke town West Burke village
	162 79	124 35	48 14	1 156 470	91.3 86.4	1 634 628	861 336	334 128	194 65	26.1 28.3	15.1 14.6	Danville town
	213 21	144 14	22 5	1 645 229	92.9 99.1	2 239 324	1 183 163	379 40	228 24	29.5 28.9	11.9 8.8	
	366 83	275 73	108 40	2 723 638	100.1 92.3	4 192 958	2 138 524	749 196	467 132	23.1 21.9	13.7 16.0	Lyndon town Lyndonville village
	39 57	13 35	10	242 334	94.2 99.1	343 481	167 253	54 102	26 57	27.0 27.7	11.5 15.3	
	86 642	69 534	14 225	555 3 907	107.2 93.8	860 5 842	430 3 067	169 1 401	96 883	25.2 22.8	14.7 18.5	Ryegate town St. Johnsbury town
	556 38	484 34	218	3 274 350	93.0 107.7	4 911 525	2 593 255	1 258 73	803 35	22.3 27.8	19.9 10.0	St. Johnsbury CDP
	16 69	4 39	- 8	88 495	110.2 102.2	133 703	64 348	20 116	11 56	28.1 29.8	10.8 11.6	Stannard town Sutton town
	37 100	33 44	7	391 540	100.0 104.4	559 832	280 415	77 154	42 82	28.5 24.6	9.8 13.9	Walden town Waterford town
	34	22	4	313	98.4	460	230	60	28	25.9	9.7	Wheelock town
	7 364 42	4 576 15	1 840 1	75 124 480	95.1 102.3	112 058 690	58 273 344	13 780 58	8 284 29	23.5 28.9	9.4 6.0	
	3 1 936	- 1 451	705	4 20 125	200.0 93.2	11 32 558	4 17 076	3 4 092	1 2 604	8.3 16.3	25.0 10.5	
	185 693	73 313	17 87	1 806 8 668	97.6 96.0	2 510 13 153	1 296 6 745	275 1 093	139 607	29.7 22.6	7.7 6.4	Charlotte town Colchester town
	911 507	445 262	163 91	9 438 4 348	97.4 97.6	13 429 6 326	6 893 3 228	1 519 860	885 505	27.9 26.4	8.2 10.0	Essex town Essex Junction village
	149 65	63 24	25 12	2 176 937	99.4 98.6	3 086 1 334	1 579 669	237 101	128 52	28.9 28.3	5.5 5.4	
	180 58	101 30	40	2 531 719	98.1 102.6	3 467 986	1 800 517	321 95	179 52	30.9 32.3	6.4 6.5	Jericho town Jericho village
	335 73	170 39	46 16	4 727 766	100.5 100.7	6 758 1 089	3 400 559	551 128	305 79	28.7 29.1	5.8 8.3	Milton town Milton village
	168 29	83 16	26	2 090 340	95.7 105.3	2 893 489	1 476 240	277 47	156 27	29.1 29.3 29.9	6.8 6.7	Richmond town St. George town
	468	391	209	3 637	90.9	5 024	2 697	1 068	648	27.6	15.4	Shelburne town
	1 008 101	729 44	330 24	8 370 1 476	88.9 101.9	12 399 2 116	6 694 1 059	2 067 169	1 292 83	21.6 29.0	13.1 5.7	South Burlington city Underhill town
Cun	amanı	Dopulatio	n and U	ousing Ch	orgotoriot	ioo	I		1			Vermont 1

Table 1. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

[For information on	confidentiality protection	noncampling arror	and definitions see to	/t1

							Age				
State County											
County Subdivision Place											
	Total population	Median age	Under 5 years	5 to 17 years	18 to 20 years	21 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 59 years	60 to 64 years
Chittenden County—Con.		25.0	450	405	50	0.5	200	450	040	100	0.5
Westford town Williston town	2 086	35.9	152	485	52	35	280	458	340	102	65
	7 650	38.8	519	1 587	173	144	881	1 568	1 214	366	302
Winooski city	6 561	32.9	415	998	243	567	1 256	1 027	683	256	227
Essex County	6 459 8	39.0 42.0	349	1 304 2	202 1	218	728	1 030 2	937	414 1	296
Avery's gore	261	38.7	14	- 57	7	4	28	50	41	9	12
Brighton town	1 260	40.9	61	254	49	49	127	173	195	74	49
	849	42.1	45	159	37	37	80	112	133	47	35
Brunswick town	107	39.5	5	27	4	2	11	17	17	6	8
	1 078	38.8	51	239	41	26	106	192	163	80	31
Concord town East Haven town	1 196	37.0	93	222	31	46	167	192	161	80	57
	301	37.1	17	58	10	8	42	44	54	17	18
Ferdinand town	33 86	54.5 41.6	2 3	5 18	- 1	1 4	2 5	3 20	4 12	2 6	2 5
Guildhall town	268 107	43.0 52.3	12 3	53 21	13 1	5 2	27 4	34 18	43 8	16 14	8
Lewis town Lunenburg town	1 328	37.3	74	276	31	63	163	223	169	78	60
Maidstone town Norton town	105 214	46.3 43.0	2 6	13 46	4 8	1	14 20	16 31	23 27	9	11 25
Victory town Warner's grant	97	46.5	6	11	1	3	10	14	18	13	3
Warren's gore	10	46.5	-	2	-	-	2	1	2	1	-
Franklin County	45 417	35.7	3 215	9 544	1 488	1 694	6 199	8 070	6 372	2 223	1 608
	1 215	35.2	97	276	39	48	144	207	198	53	47
Berkshire town	1 388 2 788	36.1 36.9	95 162	299 620	53 95	49 101	168 342	257 252 427	218 395	84 135	44 110
Enosburg town Enosburg Falls village	1 473	38.4	84	309	51	54	177	195	189	59	60
Fairfax town Fairfield town	3 765	33.9	266	825	122	141	614	845	495	164	87
	1 800	35.2	130	417	59	53	236	343	280	86	59
Fletcher townFranklin town	1 179	34.7	100	238	46	45	170	221	204	50	38
	1 268	36.4	86	289	49	32	156	231	175	60	49
Georgia town	4 375	34.5	309	1 056	124	132	614	880	670	198	123
Highgate town	3 397	34.4	245	753	125	141	467	641	441	163	119
Montgomery townRichford town	992	41.8	68	166	29	27	113	154	177	77	47
	2 321	37.8	169	433	81	95	287	344	309	116	91
St. Albans city	7 650	35.2	562	1 393	254	381	1 215	1 216	961	337	258
	5 086	37.9	361	1 011	125	165	615	907	706	271	206
Sheldon town	1 990	34.3	135	482	60	70	271	364	265	107	84
	6 203	36.5	430	1 286	227	214	787	1 038	878	322	246
Swanton village	2 548	37.9	163	469	85	102	345	404	319	129	112
Grand Isle County	6 901	40.1	383	1 329	182	207	748	1 236	1 172	449	345
	1 952	38.5	128	367	53	87	227	336	271	126	83
Alburg village	488	39.2	35	86	23	24	49	77	60	28	19
	1 955	39.9	113	382	45	50	209	379	337	139	98
Isle La Motte town	488	41.5	27	95	13	8	47	81	67	35	31
	810	42.9	36	141	22	17	86	130	164	59	55
South Hero town	1 696	40.2	79	344	49	45	179	310	333	90	78
Lamoille County	23 233	36.5	1 284	4 361	1 075	1 240	3 067	3 881	3 491	1 245	951
	294	35.2	23	59	4	19	40	61	30	8	16
Cambridge town Cambridge village	3 186	35.9	191	586	100	141	515	628	468	151	132
	235	31.9	17	40	17	16	36	48	30	6	5
Jeffersonville village	568	32.1	38	97	24	31	114	86	76	29	12
Eden town	1 152	33.7	78	280	24	60	159	209	161	56	45
Elmore town Hyde Park town	849	36.7	45	208	27	20	104	171	142	36	24
	2 847	38.2	178	526	94	114	386	432	464	167	129
Hyde Park village Johnson town	415	43.6	19	63	9	19	52	55	78	22	23
	3 274	26.2	196	510	453	410	418	414	365	131	100
Johnson village	1 420	22.5	54	133	384	275	156	130	112	28	29
	5 139	39.0	247	995	186	205	605	875	769	267	204
Morrisville village	2 009	42.1	85	353	71	87	217	291	285	94	75
	4 339	41.4	179	735	116	182	513	713	793	306	215
Waterville town	697	36.4	41	154	21	32	82	128	105	38	25
	1 456	33.4	106	308	50	57	245	250	194	85	61
	28 226	38.6	1 588	5 641	1 218	988	3 070	4 886	4 472	1 566	1 185
Orange County Bradford town	2 619	40.0	151	534	89	109	221	448	388	145	125
Bradford village Braintree town	815	41.4	51	146	35	42	67	123	96	37	40
	1 194	40.0	57	245	45	37	133	201	200	66	60
Brookfield town Chelsea town	1 222	40.5	69	238	43	25	139	202	232	79	56
	1 250	41.6	63	251	30	38	125	201	184	73	42
Corinth town	1 461	38.1	78	333	42	39	156	259	204	93	74
	967	40.8	51	177	35	35	80	194	168	52	26
Newbury town	1 955	42.0	93	381	55	53	170	332	309	118	107
	396	41.2	23	94	8	7	33	66	54	31	17
Wells River village	325	44.3	13	62	11	8	34	40	43	13	25
	965	38.1	63	198	27	32	101	181	155	65	41
Randolph town	4 853	35.9	253	877	502	270	472	685	699	248	173
	1 045	40.6	56	229	26	14	104	188	203	51	49
Thetford town	2 617	38.9	171	533	78	67	285	496	502	119	96
	1 142	36.5	69	246	43	35	150	219	158	58	48
Tunbridge town Vershire town	1 309	38.2	75	257	27	40	158	254	195	70	60
	629	38.4	37	130	15	15	81	123	114	21	27
Washington town West Fairlee town	1 047	38.7	36	232	32	30	121	195	194	67	42
	726	35.2	51	151	21	30	107	128	98	49	30
Williamstown town	3 225	36.4	215	629	108	119	467	580	469	192	129
Orleans County	26 277	39.3	1 488	5 120	856	1 010	3 023	4 029	4 013	1 569	1 217
	840	38.0	62	160	19	38	95	132	153	48	43
Albany village	165	38.7	12	25	1	14	16	23	25	17	10

Table 1. Age and Sex: 2000—Con.

[For information	on confidenti	ality protection,	nonsampling e	rror, and definiti	ons, see text]						
	Age—Con.				Age an	d cav			Percent of		
	Age—Con.				Age an	u sex			popula	ition	
			All a	ages	18 years a	and over	65 years a	and over			State County
											County Subdivision
				Males per							Place
65 to 74	75 to 84	85 years		100					Under	65 years	
years	years	and over	Female	females	Total	Female	Total	Female	18 years	and over	
											Chittenden County—Con.
74 548	33 296	10 52	1 037 3 908	101.2 95.8	1 449 5 544	717 2 894	117 896	64 499	30.5 27.5	5.6 11.7	Westford town Williston town
469	329	91	3 374	94.5	5 148	2 690	889	586	21.5	13.5	Winooski city
570	330	79	3 228	100.1	4 806	0.415	981	F20	25.6	15.2	Faces County
572 1	1	19	5 220	60.0	4 806	2 415 3	2	539 1	25.0 25.0	25.0	Averill town
28	10	- 1	119	(X) 119.3	190	- 91	39	20	(X) 27.2	(X) 14.9	Avery's gore Bloomfield town
129	76	24	647	94.7	945	494	229	137	25.0	18.2	Brighton town
86 7	60 3	18	437 53	94.3 101.9	645 75	341 34	164 10	104 2	24.0 29.9	19.3 9.3	Island Pond CDP Brunswick town
78	60	11	539	100.0	788	399	149	85	26.9	13.8	Canaan town
90 18	48 13	9	605 153	97.7 96.7	881 226	434 114	147 33	78 18	26.3 24.9	12.3 11.0	Concord town East Haven town
7	5	-	14	135.7	26	13	12	7	21.2	36.4	Ferdinand town
8 27	3 27	1 3	46 142	87.0 88.7	65 203	33 109	12 57	6 35	24.4 24.3	14.0 21.3	Granby town Guildhall town
17	11	1	49	118.4	83	43	29	15	22.4	27.1	Lemington town
113	- 58	20	654	(X) 103.1	978	492	- 191	103	(X) 26.4	(X) 14.4	Lewis town
6	5	1	45	133.3	90	42	12	8	14.3	11.4	Lunenburg town Maidstone town
29 12	4 6	6	108 45	98.1 115.6	162 80	75 35	39 18	17 6	24.3 17.5	18.2 18.6	Norton town Victory town
-	-	-	45	(X)		-	-	-	(X)	(X)	Warner's grant
2	-	-	4	150.0	8	4	2	1	20.0	20.0	Warren's gore
2 765	1 686	553	22 884	98.5	32 658	16 671	5 004	2 918	28.1	11.0	Franklin County
64 80	30 37	12 9	610	99.2	842 994	427 497	106 126	57 69	30.7 28.4	8.7	Bakersfield town Berkshire town
195	137	69	675 1 420	105.6 96.3	2 006	1 047	401	245	28.4	9.1 14.4	Enosburg town
130	106 73	59 14	797 1 751	84.8 115.0	1 080 2 674	594 1 206	295 206	188 102	26.7 29.0	20.0 5.5	Enosburg Falls village
119 90	38	9		97.8	1 253	627	137	72	30.4	7.6	Fairfax town Fairfield town
41	24	2		113.2	841	406	67	38	28.7	5.7	Fletcher town
82 155	42 92	17 22 14	628 2 169	101.9 101.7	893 3 010	443 1 506	141 269	84 141	29.6 31.2	11.1 6.1	Franklin town Georgia town
201	87 32			100.6	2 399	1 194	302	156	29.4	8.9	Highgate town
88 195	32 148	14 53	492 1 199	101.6 93.6	758 1 719	375 904	134 396	72 232	23.6 25.9	13.5 17.1	Montgomery town Richford town
555	387	131	3 992	91.6	5 695	3 058	1 073	684	25.6	14.0	St. Albans city
372 102	247 34	100 16	2 598 1 014	95.8 96.3	3 714 1 373	1 948 695	719 152	435 84	27.0 31.0	14.1 7.6	St. Albans town Sheldon town
426	278	71	3 180	95.1	4 487	2 338	775	447	27.7	12.5	Swanton town
218	165	37	1 341	90.0	1 916	1 034	420	267	24.8	16.5	Swanton village
521	270	59	3 453	99.9	5 189	2 622	850	461	24.8	12.3	
156 52	100 28	18 7	972 250	100.8 95.2	1 457 367	732 189	274 87	160 53	25.4 24.8	14.0 17.8	Alburg town Alburg village
125	66	12	971	101.3	1 460	735	203	104	25.3	10.4	Grand Isle town
57 66	18 27	9	252 402	93.7 101.5	366 633	190 315	84 100	44 52	25.0 21.9	17.2 12.3	Isle La Motte town North Hero town
117	59	13	856	98.1	1 273	650	189	101	24.9	11.1	South Hero town
1 391	900	347	11 611	100.1	17 588	8 915	2 638	1 488	24.3	11.4	Lamoille County
25	7	2	146	101.4	212	107	34	20	27.9	11.6	
150 7	100 8	24 5		101.3 95.8	2 409 178	1 191 90	274 20	148 12	24.4 24.3	8.6 8.5	Cambridge town Cambridge village
26 46	26	9 5	288	97.2	433	222 393	61 80	38 46	23.8 31.1	10.7	Jeffersonville village
42	29 25	5		104.3 97.9	794 596	301	72	37	29.8	6.9 8.5	Eden town Elmore town
190 39	130 28	37 8	1 435 216	98.4 92.1	2 143 333	1 092 180	357 75	198 41	24.7 19.8	12.5 18.1	Hyde Park town Hyde Park village
142	94	41	1 607	103.7	2 568	1 270	277	167	21.6	8.5	Johnson town
54 372	46 267	19 147	711 2 681	99.7 91.7	1 233 3 897	614 2 093	119 786	80 484	13.2 24.2	8.4	Johnson village Morristown town
168	172	111	1 108	81.3	1 571	906	451	310	21.8	15.3 22.4	Morrisville village
338 36	188 25	61 10	2 131	103.6	3 425 502	1 702 251	587 71	299 37	21.1 28.0	13.5 10.2	Stowe town Waterville town
50	35	15	327 708	113.1 105.6	1 042	515	100	52	28.4	6.9	Wolcott town
1 998	1 224	390	14 171	99.2	20 997	10 682	3 612	2 033	25.6	12.8	Orange County
214	131	64	1 371	91.0	1 934	1 027	409	243	26.2	15.6	Bradford town
78 76	58 52	42 22	455 599	79.1 99.3	618 892	357 452	178 150	120 81	24.2 25.3	21.8 12.6	Bradford village Braintree town
89	42	8	609	100.7	915	466	139	71	25.1	11.4	Brookfield town
106 111	90 58	47 14	622 733	101.0 99.3	936 1 050	492 532	243 183	139 97	25.1 28.1	19.4 12.5	Chelsea town Corinth town
95	41	13	491	96.9	739	376	149	83	23.6	15.4	Fairlee town
200 36	109 22	28 5		94.3 102.0	1 481 279	776 153	337 63	186 38	24.2 29.5	17.2 15.9	Newbury town Newbury village
28	37	11	183	77.6	250	136	76	46	23.1	23.4	Wells River village
70 309	26 273	6 92		97.3 103.1	704 3 723	356 1 813	102 674	54 403	27.0 23.3	10.6 13.9	
72	48	5	521	100.6	760	388	125	63	27.3	12.0	Strafford town
164 61	82 44	24 11	1 345 580	94.6 96.9	1 913 827	1 004 412	270 116	144 64	26.9 27.6	10.3 10.2	Thetford town Topsham town
101	52	20	656	99.5	977	500	173	94	25.4	13.2	Tunbridge town
41 58	24 35	1 5	318 511	97.8 104.9	462 779	238 388	66 98	37 52	26.6 25.6	10.5 9.4	Vershire town Washington town
32	23	6	358	102.8	524	262	61	39	27.8	8.4	West Fairlee town
199	94	24	1 573	105.0	2 381	1 200	317	183	26.2	9.8	Williamstown town
2 015	1 440	497	13 234	98.6	19 669	10 084	3 952	2 312	25.1	15.0	
47 13	37 5	6 4		103.4 87.5	618 128	307 68	90 22	50 15	26.4 22.4	10.7 13.3	Albany town Albany village
1								.0	I ==: /		, ,

Table 1. Age and Sex: 2000—Con.

Total Market Country Country		ampling error, a	na deminoris,	see textj				Age				
County State Page County State County State												
Description												
Description	Place											
### Black Books 2 780 481 133 567 34 50 356 445 424 142 135												
Babon visible 126 426 428 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 5												
December 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1		742	40.2			29	30	91		96	37	33
Charlespier												
Combination 1 18	Charleston town	895	40.7	43	175	35	36	101	121	178	58	43
Debty Content willings		1 136	41.4	58	180	50	59	118	161	162	66	59
Destrict on Vising												
Generation born	Derby Line village	776	39.3	49	143	25	29	88	111	123	50	33
		770	44.2	38	131	19	24	84	94	138	39	45
July July July July July July July July												
Morgan from	Jay town											
Newport Name	Morgan town	669	38.2	38	159	12	15	82	100	109	37	42
Troy from												
Vereiffict blow 503 458 22 55 13 26 49 60 100 55 22 Vereiffict blow 306 45.5 13 14 10 28 41 65 26 12 Vereiffict blow 306 45.5 13 14 10 28 41 65 26 12 Vereiffict blow 10 30.5 32 73 14 10 28 41 65 26 12 Vereiffict blow 10 30.5 32 73 14 10 28 41 65 32 73 Vereiffict blow 10 30.5 32 73 14 10 28 41 10 30 36 32 36 36 37 37 Vereiffict blow 10 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	Troy town	1 564	37.0	84	320	61	73	195	244	232	87	70
Education	Westfield town	503	43.9	22	85	13	26	49	66	100	35	24
Benson town												
Brandsho Non												
Casalisen form	Brandon town	3 917	39.3	208	760	109	133	451	676	608	240	196
Claumoton town	Castleton town	4 367	33.2	161	707	571	410	417	581	637	225	181
Damby Isom												
Fair Haven CDP	Danby town	1 292	37.0	81	249	39	60	177	188	188	82	58
Is I town	Fair Haven CDP	2 435	37.0	164	474	88	122	287	384	346	109	96
Membrot brown												
MiddleGovs Springs town												
Mount Tabor town	Middletown Springs town	823	40.6	48	157	21	23	91	142	136	54	50
Pittsford from 3 140 40.1 179 549 96 96 377 565 521 207 138 Pollinety twom 3 140 40.1 179 549 96 96 377 565 521 207 138 Pollinety twom 3 633 35.0 159 608 357 271 375 533 424 160 158 Pollinety twom 3 633 35.0 159 608 357 271 375 353 424 160 318 Pollinety twom 3 634 35.0 159 608 357 271 375 353 424 160 318 Pollinety twom 3 635 35.0 159 608 357 271 375 353 424 160 318 Pollinety twom 3 635 35.0 159 608 357 271 375 353 424 160 318 Pollinety twom 3 635 35.0 159 608 357 271 375 353 424 160 318 Pollinety 3 65 608 357 271 375 353 424 160 318 Pollinety 3 65 608 357 271 375 358 358 424 160 318 Pollinety 3 65 608 358 259 375 3												
Phistory town												
Poultiesy willage	Pittsford town	3 140	40.1	179	549	96	95	377	565	521	207	138
Rutland oldy	Poultney village	1 575	24.0	66	201	309	233	163	180	144	33	47
Shrewsbury town												
Sudbary town	Rutland town											236
Wallingford CDP	Sudbury town	583	42.0	22	111	15	19	54	108	110	45	26
Wells from 1 121 43.3 42 207 35 29 97 185 182 69 67 West Haven from 278 41.3 7 56 8 10 29 47 55 15 18 West Ruland COP 2 253 39.0 126 477 71 97 324 430 376 134 116 West Ruland COP 2 2535 38.7 109 435 64 96 287 385 329 1107 Westington County 58 039 38.5 3 121 10 515 2 501 2 681 6 967 9 666 9 612 3 108 2 375 Barre fow 7 602 39.7 40 1545 200 481 8 69 9 666 9 612 3 108 2 375 Barre fow 7 602 39.7 40 154 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 41 42.1 46 40	Wallingford town	2 274			423	65	66	228			175	97
West Haven town 278 41.3 7 56 8 10 29 47 55 15 18 West Rulland CoPP 2 263 38.7 109 435 64 96 287 385 329 120 107 Washington County 58 039 38.5 3 121 10 515 2 501 2 681 6 997 9 666 9 661 3 108 2 37 Barre city 9 291 38.3 573 1509 308 427 1332 1411 1 220 462 364 Barre town 7 602 38.7 402 1 451 238 222 803 1 304 214 447 371 Barre clw 1 213 367 132 421 38 222 803 1304 1214 447 371 Barre clw 2 2854 40.7 149 524 74 49 162 242 99 102 Cabit 3 28 40.7												
West Rutland CDP 2 2863 38.7 109 435 64 96 287 385 329 120 107 Washington County 58 039 38.5 3 121 10 515 2 501 2 681 6 997 9 666 9 612 3 108 2 375 Barre cly 9 291 38.3 573 1 509 308 427 1 332 1 411 1 220 462 304 Barre lown 7 600 39.7 402 1 545 238 222 803 1 304 1 214 447 371 Grantherille-East Barre CDP 2 136 36.7 133 440 85 47 498 136 457 284 99 101 70 201 140 70 201 201 40 140 70 202 254 74 499 132 452 476 151 132 246 150 140 20 205 212 69 10 20 <td< td=""><th>West Haven town</th><td>278</td><td>41.3</td><td>7</td><td>56</td><td>8</td><td>10</td><td>29</td><td>47</td><td>55</td><td>15</td><td>18</td></td<>	West Haven town	278	41.3	7	56	8	10	29	47	55	15	18
Barre toly 9 291 38.3 573 1 509 308 427 1 332 1 411 1 220 462 394 Barre toly 7 602 39.7 402 1545 238 222 803 1 304 1214 447 371 Granteville-East Barre CDP 2 136 36.7 133 421 69 88 299 348 264 99 102 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 5	West Rutland town West Rutland CDP											
Barte town	Washington County	58 039	38.5	3 121	10 515	2 501	2 681	6 997	9 666	9 612	3 108	2 375
Gantleville-East Bare CDP 1242 42.1 65 204 35 47 136 187 220 84 72 Berlin town 2 864 40,7 149 524 74 199 323 452 476 151 132 Cabot town 1213 37,9 59 285 48 47 127 205 212 69 40 Cabot town 1213 37,9 59 285 48 47 127 205 212 69 40 Cabot village 239 34.6 24 53 9 7 29 43 26 15 8 Calais town 1529 41,0 70 325 27 49 166 236 367 91 43 Duxbury town 1289 38.4 81 231 29 37 176 272 225 69 52 East Montpelier town 2 578 40.8 138 489 75 88 294 383 518 187 123 Fayston town 1141 39.4 70 190 29 36 132 247 199 66 62 Marshfield town 1496 37,9 109 309 48 50 177 278 226 93 72 Marshfield town 1496 37,9 109 309 48 50 177 278 226 93 72 Middlessex town 1729 36.6 93 366 45 66 192 336 378 83 52 Montpelier city 8035 40,5 364 1346 283 405 970 1292 1448 411 316 Moretown town 1663 38.2 102 338 38 48 279 36 32 247 199 66 60 Northfield town 5791 29,7 253 873 918 667 521 799 671 247 178 Moretown town 1286 359 76 229 91 75 153 218 212 79 76 66 Plainfield town 1286 359 76 229 91 75 153 218 212 72 30 Roxbury town 1681 39,6 70 315 28 57 224 294 309 126 97 68 Plainfield town 1681 39,6 70 315 28 57 224 294 309 126 97 Waterbury town 1681 39,6 70 315 28 57 224 294 309 126 97 Waterbury town 1681 39,6 70 315 28 57 224 294 309 126 97 Waterbury town 1681 39,6 70 315 28 57 224 294 309 126 97 Waterbury town 1681 39,6 70 315 28 57 224 294 309 126 97 Waterbury town 1681 39,6 70 315 28 57 224 294 309 126 97 Waterbury town 1681 39,6 70 315 28 57 224 294 309 126 97 Waterbury town 1681 39,6 70 315 28 57 224 294 309 126 97 Waterbury town 1681 39,6 70 315 28 57 224 294 309 126 97 Waterbury town 1681 39,6 70 315 28 57 224 294 309 126 97 Waterbury town 1681 39,6 70 315 28 57 224 294 309 126 97 Waterbury town 1681 39,6 70 315 28 57 224 294 309 126 98 Waterbury town 1681 39,6 70 315 28 57 224 294 309 126 36 36 47 Aftenstown 1205 42 40 42 154 266 266 97 75 Waterbury town 1406 40 40 2 340 8072 1563 1597 4976 7453 7513 2605 1924 Aftenstown 1205 427 40 42 154 266 266 97 75												
Berlin town	Graniteville-East Barre CDP	2 136	36.7	133	421	69	88	299	348	264	99	102
Cabot village 239 34.6 24 53 9 7 29 43 26 15 8 Calais town 1 529 41.0 70 325 27 49 166 236 367 91 43 Duxbury town 1 289 38.4 81 231 29 37 176 272 225 69 52 East Montpeller town 2 2578 40.8 138 489 75 88 294 383 518 187 123 Fayston town 1 1496 37.9 109 309 48 50 177 278 226 93 72 Marshfield town 1 499 38.6 93 366 45 66 192 336 378 83 52 Marshfield village 2 32.6 93 366 45 66 192 336 378 83 52		2 864	40.7	149	524	74	99	323	452	476	151	132
Calais town 1 529 41.0 70 325 27 49 166 236 367 91 43 Duxbury town 1 289 38 4 81 231 29 37 176 272 225 69 52 East Montpelier town 2 578 40.8 138 489 75 88 294 383 518 187 123 Fayston town 1 1411 39.4 70 190 29 36 132 247 199 66 62 Marshfield twillage 262 32.7 17 55 13 26 30 40 37 9 10 Middlessex town 1 729 38.6 93 366 45 66 192 336 378 83 52 Mortebour town 1 653 38.2 102 338 38 48 219 306 32.1 65 60 Nothfield tware 5791 29.7 2												
East Montpelier town 2 578 40.8 138 489 75 88 294 383 518 187 123 Fayston town 1 141 39.4 70 190 29 36 132 247 199 66 62 Marshfield twon 1 496 37.9 109 309 48 50 177 278 226 93 72 Marshfield village 262 32.7 17 55 13 26 30 40 37 9 10 Middlesex town 1 729 38.6 93 366 45 66 192 336 378 83 52 Mortpown town 1 653 38.2 102 338 48 219 306 321 65 60 Northfield twon 5 791 29.7 253 873 918 657 521 799 671 247 178 Northfield twon 5 791 29.7	Calais town	1 529	41.0	70	325				236	367	91	43
Mairshfield town 1 496 37.9 109 309 48 50 177 278 226 93 72 Marshfield village 262 32.7 17 55 13 26 30 40 37 9 10 Middlesex town 1 729 38.6 93 366 45 66 192 336 378 83 52 Moretown town 6 1653 38.2 102 338 38 48 219 306 321 65 60 Northfield town 5 791 29.7 253 873 918 657 521 799 671 247 178 Northfield town 5 791 29.7 253 873 918 667 521 799 671 247 178 Northfield town 1 286 35.9 76 229 91 75 153 218 212 72 30 Roxbury town 57	East Montpelier town	2 578	40.8	138	489	75	88	294	383	518	187	123
Marshfield village 262 32.7 17 55 13 26 30 40 37 9 10 Middlesex town 1 729 38.6 93 366 45 66 192 336 378 83 52 Montpelier city 8 035 40.5 364 1 346 283 405 970 1 292 1 448 411 316 Morrotwn town 1 653 38.2 102 338 38 48 219 306 321 65 60 Northfield town 5 791 29.7 253 873 918 657 521 799 671 247 178 Northfield town 1 286 35.9 76 229 91 75 153 218 212 72 30 Roxbury town 1 576 40.2 35 103 11 24 61 109 111 47 230 Roxbury town 1 569												
Montpelier city 8 035 40.5 364 1 346 283 405 970 1 292 1 448 411 316 Moretown town 1 653 38.2 102 338 38 48 219 306 321 65 60 Northfield town 5 791 29.7 253 873 918 657 521 799 671 247 178 Northfield village 3 208 22.1 123 359 831 564 237 326 227 97 66 Plainfield town 1 286 35.9 76 229 91 75 153 218 212 72 30 Roxbury town 576 40.2 35 103 11 24 61 109 111 47 21 Warren town 1 681 39.6 70 315 28 57 224 294 309 126 97 Waterbury town 4 915												10
Northfield town 5 791 29.7 253 873 918 657 521 799 671 247 178 Northfield tillage 3 208 22.1 123 359 831 564 237 326 227 97 66 Plainfield town 1 286 35.9 76 229 91 75 153 218 212 72 30 Roxbury town 576 40.2 35 103 11 24 61 109 111 47 21 Waitsfield town 1 659 40.3 87 266 42 68 216 319 286 86 87 Warren town 1 681 39.6 70 315 28 57 224 294 309 126 97 Waterbury town 4 915 37.7 310 923 108 165 699 913 854 236 197 Waterbury village 1 706	Montpelier city	8 035	40.5	364	1 346	283	405	970	1 292	1 448	411	316
Plainfield town												
Roxbury town 576 40.2 35 103 11 24 61 109 111 47 21 Wairsfield town 1 659 40.3 87 266 42 68 216 319 286 86 87 Warren town 1 1681 39.6 70 315 28 57 224 294 309 126 97 Waterbury town 4 915 37.7 310 923 108 165 699 913 854 236 199 Waterbury village 1 706 36.8 96 263 36 81 308 309 250 84 59 Woodbury town 809 40.0 40 151 36 25 105 139 184 41 31 Worcester town 902 38.2 40 198 25 36 107 153 181 59 45 <												
Warren town 1 681 39.6 70 315 28 57 224 294 309 126 97 Waterbury town 4 915 37.7 310 923 108 165 699 913 854 236 199 Waterbury village 1 706 36.8 96 263 36 81 308 309 250 84 59 Woodbury town 809 40.0 40 151 36 25 105 139 184 41 31 Worcester town 902 38.2 40 198 25 36 107 153 181 59 Windham County 44 216 40.0 2 340 8 072 1 563 1597 4 976 7 453 7 513 2 605 1924 Athens town 340 40.6 21 51 15 25 35 56 69 28 14 Brattleboro town 12 005 40.2	Roxbury town	576	40.2	35	103	11	24	61	109	111	47	21
Waterbury town 4 915 37,7 310 923 108 165 699 913 854 236 199 Waterbury village 1 706 36.8 96 263 36 81 308 309 250 84 599 Woodbury town 809 40.0 40 151 36 25 105 139 184 41 31 Worcester town 902 38.2 40 198 25 36 107 153 181 59 45 Windham County 44 216 40.0 2 340 8 072 1 563 1 597 4 976 7 453 7 513 2 605 1 924 Athens town 340 40.6 21 51 15 25 35 56 69 28 14 Brattleboro town 12 005 40.2 612 2 063 343 452 1 549 1 951 1 928 636 474 Brattleboro CDP	Warren town	1 681	39.6	70	315	28	57	224	294	309	126	97
Woodbury fown 809 40.0 40 151 36 25 105 139 184 41 31 Wordser town 902 38.2 40 198 25 36 107 153 181 59 45 Windham County 44 216 40.0 2 340 8 072 1 563 1 597 4 976 7 453 7 513 2 605 1 924 Athens town 340 40.6 21 51 15 25 35 56 69 28 14 Brattleboro town 12 005 40.2 612 2 063 343 452 1549 1 951 1 928 636 474 Brattleboro CDP 8 289 39.2 423 1 399 241 349 1 182 1 362 1 238 398 304 West Brattleboro CDP 3 222 42.0 167 573 89 97 321 516 567 200 149 Brookline town <th>Waterbury town</th> <td></td>	Waterbury town											
Windham County 44 216 40.0 2 340 8 072 1 563 1 597 4 976 7 453 7 513 2 605 1 924 Athens town 340 40.6 21 51 15 25 35 56 69 28 14 Brattleboro town 12 005 40.2 612 2 063 343 452 1 549 1 951 1 928 636 474 Brattleboro CDP 8 289 39.2 423 1 399 241 349 1 182 1 362 1 238 398 304 West Brattleboro CDP 3 222 42.0 167 573 89 97 321 516 567 200 149 Brookline town 467 39.0 29 98 7 14 39 100 72 29 29 Dover town 1 410 41.3 71 242 40 42 154 266 266 97 75	Woodbury town	809	40.0	40	151	36	25	105	139	184	41	31
Athens town 340 40.6 21 51 15 25 35 56 69 28 14 Brattlebor town 12 005 40.2 612 2 063 343 452 1 549 1 951 1 928 636 474 Brattlebor CDP 8 289 39.2 423 1 399 241 349 1 182 1 362 1 238 398 304 West Brattlebor CDP 3 222 42.0 167 573 89 97 321 516 567 200 149 Brookline town 467 39.0 29 98 7 14 39 100 72 29 29 Dover town 1 410 41.3 71 242 40 42 154 266 266 97 75												
Brattleboro town 12 005 40.2 612 2 063 343 452 1 549 1 951 1 928 636 474 Brattleboro CDP 8 289 39.2 423 1 399 241 349 1 182 1 362 1 238 398 304 West Brattleboro CDP 3 222 42.0 167 573 89 97 321 516 567 200 149 Brookline town 467 39.0 29 98 7 14 39 100 72 29 29 Dover town 1 410 41.3 71 242 40 42 154 266 266 97 75												
West Brattleboro CDP 3 222 42.0 167 573 89 97 321 516 567 200 149 Brookline town 467 39.0 29 98 7 14 39 100 72 29 29 Dover town 1 410 41.3 71 242 40 42 154 266 266 97 75	Brattleboro town	12 005	40.2	612	2 063	343	452	1 549	1 951	1 928	636	474
Dover town	West Brattleboro CDP	3 222	42.0	167	573	89	97	321	516	567	200	149

Table 1. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

Age	[For information	mation on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]										
Section County		Age—Con.				Age and	l sex					
Sept 75 10 56 57 75 10 56 59 59 59 59 59 59 59				All a			nd over	65 years a	nd over			County County Subdivision
234				Famala	100		Famala	Takal	F			
70 37 15 508 104.5 745 377 122 64 28.3 11.7 Benson town 277 192 67 2.5 3.2 24.7 3.7 Brained town 278 128 108 37 291 409 83.6 1 10.5 299 179 23.8 11.7 Brained town 278 128 108 37 291 108 3	234 77 66 49 64 58 113 353 50 57 76 50 34 71 29 56 44 452 109 109 47	185 52 60 38 37 35 62 268 51 48 39 76 17 46 7 27 368 57 67 30 35	92 24 25 2 2 3 3 48 74 26 20 26 32 2 5 4 4 148 148 7 7 22 13 8 8	1 429 407 414 435 453 500 594 2 307 343 404 483 415 302 2 551 208 363 321 2 535 744 778 300 250	94.5 82.3 99.5 103.4 97.6 102.8 91.2 99.6 95.3 92.1 100.0 85.5 94.7 95.5 104.8 103.3 108.4 97.4 103.1	2 091 568 618 644 677 742 898 3 352 500 584 753 601 399 772 311 521 472 3 896 1 111 1 160 437 396	1 094 312 320 315 340 378 472 1 739 273 314 385 336 202 390 159 257 242 2 011 549 586 227 202	511 153 151 89 105 96 223 695 127 125 141 158 53 122 40 81 75 968 173 198 90 83	326 103 97 46 57 49 127 396 82 73 75 102 26 60 21 45 37 613 96 6117 57 42	24.8 23.5 25.2 27.2 24.4 26.8 21.0 27.2 25.4 24.7 22.0 21.9 32.1 28.3 27.0 29.4 29.4 22.2 26.5 25.8 26.3	and over 18.4 20.6 18.3 10.1 11.7 9.5 19.6 15.1 19.0 16.1 14.6 20.5 9.0 11.3 9.4 11.0 11.2 19.3 11.4 12.7 15.2 16.5	Barton town Barton village Orleans village Brownington town Charleston town Coventry town Craftsbury town Derby town Derby town Derby Line village Glover town Greensboro town Holland town Irasburg town Jay town Lowell town Morgan town Newport city Newport town Troy town North Troy village Westfield town
680 640 365 4 983 86.5 7 209 3 948 1 685 1 122 22.4 18.1 Barre city 613 338 105 3 905 94.7 5 655 2 924 1 056 600 25.6 13.9 185 98 30 1 1114 91.7 1 582 828 313 186 25.9 14.7 96 69 27 642 93.5 973 508 192 110 21.7 15.5 224 162 98 1 499 91.1 2 191 1 164 484 305 23.5 16.9 177 34 10 610 98.9 869 437 121 64 28.4 10.0 18 7 - 123 94.3 162 85 25 13 32.2 10.5 Cabot town 18 7 - 123 94.3 162 85 25 13 32.2 10.5 Cabot town 105 40 10 771 98.3 1134 566 155 81 25.8 10.1 64 44 9 615 109.6 977 489 117 58 24.2 9.1 162 93 28 1 300 98.3 1 951 992 283 142 24.3 11.0 Cabot town 162 93 28 1 300 98.3 1 951 992 283 142 24.3 11.0 163 95 28 1 300 98.3 1 951 992 283 142 24.3 11.0 164 47 7 7 739 102.4 1078 532 134 63 27.9 9.0 Marshfield town 18 37 13 883 95.8 1270 649 118 65 26.5 6.8 Middlesex town 19 5 1 133 97.0 190 95 25 14 27.5 9.5 Marshfield willage 157 447 196 4 362 84.2 6 325 3 475 1 200 776 21.3 14.9 Montpelier city 18 97 42 17 828 99.6 1 213 615 156 92 26.6 9.4 Moretown town 19 77 42 17 828 99.6 1 21.0 465 2 097 674 422 19.4 10. Northfield town 19 70 42 17 828 99.6 1 21.0 465 2 097 674 422 19.4 10. Northfield town 19 70 42 17 828 99.6 1 21.0 465 2 097 674 422 19.4 10. Northfield town 19 70 42 17 828 99.6 1 21.0 465 2 097 674 422 19.4 10. Northfield town 19 70 42 17 828 99.6 1 21.0 465 2 097 674 422 19.4 10. Northfield town 19 70 42 17 828 99.6 12.0 4655 2 097 674 422 19.4 10. Northfield town 19 70 42 17 828 99.6 12.0 4655 2 097 674 422 19.4 10. Northfield town 19 70 42 17 828 99.6 12.0 4655 2 097 674 422 19.4 10. Northfield town	70 277 128 277 60 178 105 211 182 52 20 94 87 55 80 15 122 40 213 304 89 151 1 376 372 89 38 40 181 73 119	37 192 108 153 21 82 45 152 130 24 15 23 34 6 34 53 23 158 198 79 134 1 230 268 44 31 1 29 102	15 677 33 47 18 13 1 20 54 53 3 4 4 25 79 31 26 538 18 18 18 18 2 3 3	508 2 059 917 2 204 593 1 426 625 1 523 1 277 364 246 509 497 429 611 1 001 693 209 1 571 1 850 821 1 000 9 109 2 132 557 290 1 159 488 573 140 1 129 1 488	104.5 90.2 83.6 98.1.1 99.3 97.1 106.7 92.3 90.7 106.6 85.0 115.1 106.8 91.8 103.1 101.0 101.2 104.3 99.9 96.4 91.8 87.7 89.8 87.7 89.8 98.9 96.3 98.9 96.3 96.3 96.3 96.3 96.3 96.3 96.3 96	745 2 949 1 283 3 499 871 2 162 962 2 150 1 797 581 321 871 789 618 915 159 1 048 2 2 412 2 866 1 308 1 386 13 373 3 146 842 450 4442 1 743 731 872 2 15 1 932	377 1 569 705 1 795 434 1 091 474 1 156 976 281 170 402 374 322 451 80 520 163 1 245 1 472 678 754 7 171 1 706 435 232 216 898 386 453 386 453 312 991	122 5366 269 477 99 291 170 365 79 38 121 141 101 147 29 220 66 413 581 199 311 3 144 758 136 73 74 311 142 208	64 322 173 269 57 149 84 253 223 51 69 51 68 14 118 28 241 345 124 189 2 033 448 70 36 37 171 85 106 19 228	28.3 24.7 23.8 19.9 26.3 23.1 25.5 26.6 26.2 22.7 29.5 20.5 23.2 24.9 26.3 21.7 24.8 19.9 23.2 21.1 17.0 26.2 22.7 22.1 24.0 22.2 22.1 24.0 22.2 22.7 22.3 22.2 22.1 24.0 22.2 22.7 22.3 22.2 22.1 22.2 22.1 22.2 22.1 22.1	11.7 13.7 16.0 10.9 8.4 10.4 13.2 15.0 8.4 11.1 13.7 12.3 11.8 14.3 15.8 15.5 16.0 12.6 16.6 18.2 18.8 12.3 12.3 13.1 13.7 15.0 16.0 16.6 16.6 17.0 18.6 18.6 18.6 18.6 18.6 18.6 18.6 18.6	Benson town Brandon town Brandon CDP Castleton town Chittenden town Clarendon town Danby town Fair Haven CDP Hubbardton town Ira town Killington town Mendon town Middletown Springs town Mount Tabor town Pawlet town Pittsfield town Pittsford town Poultney town Poultney village Proctor town Rutland city Rutland town Shrewsbury town Vallingford CDP Wells town Wast Haven town West Rutland town West Rutland town West Haven town West Rutland town
135	680 613 1185 96 224 77 18 105 64 162 75 80 19 68 557 97 303 135 67 37 113 116 267 93 37 42	640 338 69 162 34 7 40 44 93 23 47 5 37 447 42 238 138 44 13 77 35 171 86 15 10 2 21 17 9 7 23 47 47 49 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	365 1055 30 27 98 91 10 10 9 28 12 7 7 1 13 196 6 17 13 196 4 4 12 12 10 70 41 5 6 87 4 1 1 3 88 3 15 6	4 983 3 905 1 114 642 1 499 610 123 771 615 1 300 562 739 1 33 883 4 362 2 609 1 325 662 286 845 815 2 490 871 383 450 22 670 22 670	86.5 94.7 91.7 93.5 91.1 98.9 94.3 109.6 98.3 103.0 102.4 97.0 95.8 84.2 99.6 122.0 142.1 94.3 101.4 95.9 111.2 100.4	7 209 5 655 1 582 973 2 191 869 162 1 134 977 1 951 881 1 078 190 1 270 6 325 1 213 4 665 2 726 981 4 38 4 38 6 3 682 1 347 6 18 664 33 804 268 9 330 6 467 2 482	3 948 2 924 828 508 1 164 437 85 566 489 992 437 532 95 649 3 475 516 220 662 621 1 904 704 300 331	1 685 1 056 313 192 484 121 25 1155 117 283 110 134 25 118 1 200 156 674 378 130 54 202 161 508 220 57 58 6 173 26 1 997 1 3993 1 393 5 43 5 43 5 43 6 1 93 6 1 93 7 5 7 5 8	1 122 600 186 110 305 64 13 81 58 142 56 63 14 65 776 92 422 255 75 31 109 78 293 29 29 29 29 29 29 3 572 17 1 301 930 336	22.4 25.6 25.9 21.7 23.5 28.4 32.2 25.8 24.2 24.3 32.8 27.9 27.5 26.5 21.3 26.6 19.4 15.0 23.7 24.0 21.3 22.9 25.1 21.0 23.6 26.4 27.5 28.5 28.5 28.5 29.5 29.5 29.5 29.5 29.5 29.5 29.5 29	18.1 13.9 14.7 15.5 16.9 10.0 10.5 10.1 9.1 11.0 9.5 6.8 14.9 9.4 11.6 11.8 10.1 9.6 10.3 12.9 7.0 6.4	Barre city Barre town Graniteville-East Barre CDP South Barre CDP Berlin town Cabot town Cabot village Calais town Duxbury town East Montpelier town Fayston town Marshfield village Middlesex town Montpelier city Moretown town Northfield town Northfield village Plainfield town Roxbury town Waterbury town Waterbury town Waterbury town Waterbury village Woodbury town Wordber town Wordber town Waterbury village Woodbury town Wordber town Brattleboro CDP West Brattleboro CDP

Table 1. Age and Sex: 2000—Con.

			Age									
State County County Subdivision Place	Total	Median	Under	5 to 17	18 to 20	21 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 54	55 to 59	60 to 64	
	population	age	5 years	years	years	years	years	years	years	years	years	
Windham County—Con.												
Grafton town	649	46.0	32	86	25	11	57	103	107	57	53	
Guilford town Halifax town	2 046 782	40.1 41.9	101 42	432 151	59 21	53 21	185 78	387 128	420 141	134 56	79 33	
Jamaica town	946	38.0	64	147	17	40	147	153	169	49	35	
Londonderry town	1 709	41.5	90	284	46	57	203	287	256	117	86	
Marlboro town	978	36.7	30	156	153	75	68	129	169	45	55	
Newfane town	1 680	42.1	90	312	42	35	156	308	350	116	78	
Newfane village	116	46.3	4	14	1	2	14	18	22	8	8	
Putney town	2 634	35.5	124	470	223	211	265	459	432	131	62	
Rockingham town	5 309	39.2	311	1 023	182	180	634	806	828	312	213	
Bellows Falls village	3 165 519	36.8 37.4	200 33	625 119	123 9	125 19	430 60	466 71	437 79	140 42	105	
Saxtons River village	5 5	33.5	33 1	1	9	19	2	71	79	42	19 1	
Stratton town	136	42.5	ż	22	2	3	15	27	17	12	7	
Townshend town	1 149	41.9	73	200	31	18	118	213	190	67	50	
Vernon town	2 141	39.0	129	454	63	55	220	372	356	123	81	
Wardsboro town	854	40.7	48	154	24	32	89	154	150	53	54	
Westminster town	3 210	38.5	182	695	90	85	372	586	563	172	135	
North Westminster village	271	42.4	20	46	6	9	29	34	52	17	14	
Westminster village	276 1 298	44.3 39.1	7 75	49 253	12 42	14 45	19 144	39 222	63 200	18 92	11 63	
Whitingham town	237	39.1	75 15	253 54	42 11	45 16	30	42	200 25	92	8	
Wilmington town	2 225	41.9	101	379	84	72	233	362	405	143	132	
Windham town	328	42.8	20	43	12	16	30	53	47	21	13	
Windsor County	57 418	41.3	2 854	10 547	1 549	1 838	6 202	9 495	9 611	3 561	2 688	
Andover town Baltimore town	496 250	44.6 37.0	24 15	72 47	14 9	14 7	42	84 43	71 37	44	32	
Barnard town	958	42.5	53	171	22	27	39 92	43 161	37 192	17 72	10 43	
Bethel town	1 968	39.0	116	370	64	59	237	329	335	110	93	
Bridgewater town	980	41.0	44	182	24	31	108	180	158	82	41	
Cavendish town	1 470	42.3	74	230	44	32	168	245	245	93	76	
Chester town	3 044	41.9	132	599	83	95	262	550	518	188	126	
Chester-Chester Depot CDP	999	42.5	45	182	23	37	99	160	144	64	32	
Hartford town	10 367	40.0	553	1 875	284	328	1 302	1 737	1 698	553	518	
White River Junction CDP Wilder CDP	2 569 1 636	38.2 37.5	125 84	498 336	86 38	101 43	345 224	422 304	370 266	116 78	113 70	
Hartland town	3 223	39.8	162	678	80	83	328	614	574	189	135	
Ludlow town	2 449	43.2	109	405	79	80	228	415	380	167	129	
Ludlow village	958	42.3	46	139	32	33	120	162	105	54	47	
Norwich town	3 544	40.9	166	871	76	98	277	558	735	236	138	
Plymouth town	555	46.6	22	78	5	11	62	84	86	47	51	
Pomfret town	997	42.4	52	210	14	25	78	166	192	64	56	
Reading town	707	41.2	38	132	17	15	74	125	119	50	32	
Rochester town	1 171 2 603	42.7 34.2	50	209 461	23	35 201	114 476	194 447	204 350	78 103	55	
Royalton town	2 603 1 411	37.5	119 95	297	72 32	48	168	261	276	68	92 54	
Springfield town	9 078	41.6	486	1 630	287	291	950	1 404	1 336	566	400	
Springfield CDP	3 938	40.2	226	743	137	146	419	604	569	221	137	
Stockbridge town	674	41.3	45	108	16	18	74	123	105	47	33	
Weathersfield town	2 788	43.5	128	445	69	72	289	461	491	209	169	
Perkinsville village	142	40.0	11	27	3	4	15	20	24	9	6	
Weston town	630	50.4	23	94	12	7	42	78	100	72	60	
West Windsor town	1 067	45.3	50	180	23	30	82	164	231	86	55	
Windsor town	3 756	40.8	189	644	121	153	436	573	533	206	124	
Woodstock town	3 232 977	45.3 44.5	109	559 149	79 25	78 41	274 98	499 154	645 161	214	166	
Woodstock village	911	44.5	31	149	25	41	98	104	101	61	43	

Table 1. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

1	Age—Con.				Age and	sex		Percent o			
	nge—Cuii.				Age and	367			populat	ion	0
			All age	es	18 years an	id over	65 years a	nd over			State County
											County Subdivision
				Males per							Place
55 to 74 years	75 to 84 years	85 years and over	Female	100 females	Total	Female	Total	Female	Under 18 years	65 years and over	
years	years	and over	remale	iemaies	Total	1 citiale	Total	Terriale	10 years	and over	
75	32	11	303	114.2	531	249	118	61	18.2	18.2	Windham County—Con. Grafton town
118	61	17	1 022	100.2	1 513	777	196	98	26.1	9.6	Guilford town
68	31	12	395	98.0	589	305	111	56	24.7	14.2	Halifax town
68	44	13	443	113.5	735	351	125	66	22.3	13.2	Jamaica town
163	93	27	845	102.2	1 335	657	283	142	21.9	16.6	Londonderry town
63	27	8	499	96.0	792	416	98	49	19.0	10.0	Marlboro town
119	54	20	877	91.6	1 278	663	193	109	23.9	11.5	Newfane town
13 160	11 77	1 20	67 1 277	73.1 106.3	98 2 040	57 981	25 257	17 141	15.5 22.6	21.6 9.8	Newfane village Putney town
375	341	104	2 739	93.8	3 975	2 108	820	498	25.1	15.4	Rockingham town
239	202	73	1 631	93.8	2 340	1 241	514	327	26.1	16.2	Bellows Falls village
28	33	7 7	268	93.7	367	203	68	42	29.3	13.1	Saxtons River village
-	-	-	1	400.0	3	1	-		40.0	-	Somerset town
14	9	1	66	106.1	107	50	24	12	21.3	17.6	Stratton town
93	65	31	606	89.6	876	470	189	107	23.8	16.4	Townshend town
120	99	69	1 066	100.8	1 558	809	288	171	27.2	13.5	Vernon town
52	41	3	408	109.3	652	315	96	47	23.7	11.2	Wardsboro town
177	114	39	1 646	95.0	2 333	1 208	330	175	27.3	10.3	Westminster town
18 23	20 14	6	122 150	122.1 84.0	205 220	99 118	44 44	22 25	24.4 20.3	16.2 15.9	North Westminster village Westminster village
23 107	36	19	656	97.9	220 970	489	162	25 87	20.3 25.3	12.5	Whitingham town
18	30	4	134	76.9	168	95	25	17	29.1	10.5	Jacksonville village
188	91	35	1 107	101.0	1 745	878	314	164	21.6	14.1	Wilmington town
39	26	8	152	115.8	265	122	73	35	19.2	22.3	Windham town
4 650	3 297	1 126	29 470	94.8	44 017	22 918	9 073	5 172	23.3	15.8	
69	26	4	241	105.8	400	188	99	46	19.4	20.0	Andover town
13	12	1	111	125.2	188	89	26	14	24.8	10.4	Baltimore town
71 136	42 95	12 24	494 1 003	93.9 96.2	734 1 482	371 764	125 255	64 140	23.4 24.7	13.0 13.0	Barnard town Bethel town
66	95 47	17	483	102.9	754	372	130	74	23.1	13.0	Bridgewater town
139	92	32	742	98.1	1 166	592	263	151	20.7	17.9	Cavendish town
270	169	52	1 574	93.4	2 313	1 209	491	284	24.0	16.1	Chester town
99	85	29	563	77.4	772	441	213	136	22.7	21.3	Chester-Chester Depot CDP
814	543	162	5 459	89.9	7 939	4 247	1 519	849	23.4	14.7	Hartford town
186	159	48	1 359	89.0	1 946	1 042	393	230	24.3	15.3	White River Junction CDP
101	66	26	842	94.3	1 216	648	193	110	25.7	11.8	Wilder CDP
214 240	135	31	1 602	101.2	2 383	1 230	380	210	26.1	11.8	Hartland town
240 88	153 76	64 56	1 248 522	96.2 83.5	1 935 773	1 001 424	457 220	264 148	21.0 19.3	18.7 23.0	Ludlow town Ludlow village
224	76 120	45	522 1 811	95.7	2 507	1 319	220 389	217	29.3	23.0 11.0	Norwich town
60	39	10	264	110.2	455	219	109	52	18.0	19.6	Plymouth town
91	43	6	509	95.9	735	377	140	70	26.3	14.0	Pomfret town
52	46	7	373	89.5	537	279	105	62	24.0	14.9	Reading town
114	65	30	606	93.2	912	464	209	113	22.1	17.8	Rochester town
146	107	29	1 284	102.7	2 023	1 018	282	152	22.3	10.8	Royalton town
74	28	10	697	102.4	1 019	504	112	60	27.8	7.9	Sharon town
741	728	259	4 754	91.0	6 962	3 705	1 728	1 034	23.3	19.0	
293 66	325 24	118	2 137	84.3	2 969	1 624 260	736	470	24.6 22.7	18.7	Springfield CDP
233	172	15 50	330 1 419	104.2 96.5	521 2 215	1 136	105 455	53 253	20.6	15.6 16.3	Stockbridge town Weathersfield town
12	6	5	73	94.5	104	57	23	13	26.8	16.2	Perkinsville village
89	48	5	299	110.7	513	251	142	64	18.6	22.5	Weston town
100	56	10	535	99.4	837	420	166	79	21.6	15.6	West Windsor town
331	287	159	1 966	91.0	2 923	1 558	777	504	22.2	20.7	Windsor town
297	220	92	1 666	94.0	2 564	1 345	609	363	20.7	18.8	Woodstock town
83	90	41	500	95.4	797	416	214	141	18.4	21.9	Woodstock village

Table 2. Age and Sex: 2000

Table 2. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

[For information	on confidentiality protection	nonsampling error	and definitions	see text1

[For information	on confidential Age—Con.	ity protection,	ion, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text] Age and sex						Percent		
			All ag	jes	18 years a	nd over	65 years a	and over	popula	auon	State
				Males							County Place and County Subdivision
65 to 74 years	75 to 84 years	85 years and over	Female	per 100 females	Total	Female	Total	Female	Under 18 years	65 years and over	
40 683	26 831	9 996	310 490	96.1	461 304	238 698	77 510	45 269	24.2	12.7	The State
											COUNTY
2 146 3 253 2 192	1 422 2 066 1 555	497 848 525	18 198 19 246 15 036	97.7 92.2 97.5	27 025 28 236 22 193	13 834 15 029 11 410	4 065 6 167 4 272	2 310 3 581 2 524	24.9 23.7 25.3	16.7	Addison County Bennington County Caledonia County
7 364 572	4 576 330	1 840 79	75 124 3 228	95.1 100.1	112 058 4 806	58 273 2 415	13 780 981	8 284 539	23.5 25.6	9.4 15.2	Chittenden County Essex County
2 765 521 1 391	1 686 270 900	553 59 347	22 884 3 453 11 611	98.5 99.9 100.1	32 658 5 189 17 588	16 671 2 622 8 915	5 004 850 2 638	2 918 461 1 488	28.1 24.8 24.3	12.3	Franklin County Grand Isle County Lamoille County
1 998 2 015	1 224 1 440	390 497	14 171 13 234	99.2 98.6	20 997 19 669	10 682 10 084	3 612 3 952	2 033 2 312	25.6 25.1		Orange County Orleans County
4 850 3 784	3 398 2 550	1 232 1 129	32 568 29 597	94.7 96.1	48 661 44 403	25 344 22 879	9 480 7 463	5 585 4 490	23.2 23.5	12.9	Rutland County Washington County
3 182 4 650	2 117 3 297	874 1 126	22 670 29 470	95.0 94.8	33 804 44 017	17 622 22 918	6 173 9 073	3 572 5 172	23.5 23.3	14.0 15.8	Windsor County Windsor County
78	40	16	701	98.7	994	499	142	82	28.6	10.2	PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION
13 47	49 5 37	16 4 6	701 88 413	87.5 103.4	128 618	68 307	143 22 90	15 50	22.4 26.4	13.3 10.7	Addison town, Addison County Albany village, Orleans County Albany town, Orleans County
52 156 69	28 100 26	7 18 4	250 972 241	95.2 100.8 105.8	367 1 457 400	189 732 188	87 274 99	53 160 46	24.8 25.4 19.4	14.0	Alburg village, Grand Isle County Alburg town, Grand Isle County Andover town, Windsor County
100 211	68 131	37 53	639 1 238	87.6 93.6	930 1 845	504 981	205 395	124 231	22.4 23.0	17.1 16.5	Arlington CDP, Bennington County Arlington town, Bennington County
16 1	9	1	171 5	98.8 60.0 (X)	268 6	136 3	26 2	17 1	21.2 25.0 (X)	25.0	Athens town, Windham County Averill town, Essex County Avery's gore, Essex County
64	30	12	610	99.2	842	427	106	57	30.7	8.7	Bakersfield town, Franklin County
13 71 123	12 42 85	1 12 29	111 494 845	125.2 93.9 100.0	188 734 1 238	89 371 628	26 125 237	14 64 140	24.8 23.4 26.7	13.0 14.0	Baltimore town, Windsor County Barnard town, Windsor County Barnet town, Caledonia County
680 613 77	640 338 52	365 105 24	4 983 3 905 407	86.5 94.7 82.3	7 209 5 655 568	3 948 2 924 312	1 685 1 056 153	1 122 600 103	22.4 25.6 23.5	13.9	Barre city, Washington County Barre town, Washington County Barton village, Orleans County
234 239	185 202	92 73	1 429 1 631	94.5 94.1	2 091 2 340	1 094 1 241	511 514	326 327	24.8 26.1	18.4 16.2	Barton town, Orleans County Bellows Falls village, Windham County
25 821 1 271	7 708 1 046	2 347 479	146 4 894 8 414	101.4 87.3 87.0	212 7 071 12 039	107 3 873 6 593	34 1 876 2 796	20 1 148 1 698	27.9 22.9 23.5	11.6 20.5 17.8	
70 80	37 37	15 9	508 675	104.5 105.6	745 994	377 497	122 126	64 69	28.3 28.4		Benson town, Rutland County Berkshire town, Franklin County
224 136	162 95	98 24	1 499 1 003	91.1 96.2	2 191 1 482	1 164 764	484 255	305 140	23.5 24.7	16.9 13.0	Berlin town, Washington County Bethel town, Windsor County
28 42 78	10 15 58	1 1 42	119 480 455	119.3 102.3 79.1	190 690 618	91 344 357	39 58 178	20 29 120	27.2 28.9 24.2	6.0	Bloomfield town, Essex County Bolton town, Chittenden County Bradford village, Orange County
214 76 128	131 52 108	64 22 33	1 371 599 917	91.0 99.3 83.6	1 934 892 1 283	1 027 452 705	409 150 269	243 81 173	26.2 25.3 23.8	12.6	Bradford town, Orange County Braintree town, Orange County Brandon CDP, Rutland County
277 885	192 723	67 389	2 059 6 524	90.2 84.0	2 949 9 330	1 569 5 186	536 1 997	322 1 301	24.7 22.3	13.7 16.6	Brandon town, Rutland County Brattleboro town, Windham County
593 66	485 47	315 17	4 492 483	84.5 102.9	6 467 754	3 597 372	1 393 130	930 74	22.0 23.1	13.3	Bridgewater town, Windsor County
84 129 222	57 76 140	16 24 51	596 647 1 935	107.2 94.7 95.8	903 945 2 738	445 494 1 410	157 229 413	81 137 240	26.9 25.0 27.7	18.2	Bridport town, Addison County Brighton town, Essex County Bristol town, Addison County
89 24	42 22	8 4	609 236	100.7 97.9	915 340	466 176	139 50	71 26	25.1 27.2	11.4 10.7	Brookfield town, Orange County Brookline town, Windham County
49 7 3	38 3 -	2 - -	435 53 4	103.4 101.9 200.0	644 75 11	315 34 4	89 10 3	46 2 1	27.2 29.9 8.3	9.3	Brownington town, Orleans County Brunswick town, Essex County Buels gore, Chittenden County
110 1 936	51 1 451	18 705	753 20 125	108.6 93.2	1 200 32 558	592 17 076	179 4 092	90 2 604	23.6 16.3		Burke town, Caledonia County Burlington city, Chittenden County
18 77	7 34	10	123 610	94.3 98.9	162 869	85 437	25 121	13 64	32.2 28.4	10.0	Cabot village, Washington County Cabot town, Washington County
105 7 150	40 8 100	10 5 24	771 120 1 583	98.3 95.8 101.3	1 134 178 2 409	566 90 1 191	155 20 274	81 12 148	25.8 24.3 24.4	8.5	Calais town, Washington County Cambridge village, Lamoille County Cambridge town, Lamoille County
78 277	60 153	11 47 32	539 2 204	100.0 98.1	788 3 499	399 1 795	149 477	85 269	26.9 19.9	13.8 10.9	Canaan town, Essex County Castleton town, Rutland County
139 64 185	92 37 73	4 17	742 453 1 806	98.1 97.6 97.6	1 166 677 2 510	592 340 1 296	263 105 275	151 57 139	20.7 24.4 29.7	11.7 7.7	Charlotte town, Chittenden County
106 270	90 169	47 52	622 1 574	101.0 93.4	936 2 313	492 1 209	243 491	139 284	25.1 24.0	19.4 16.1	Chelsea town, Orange County Chester town, Windsor County
99 60 178	85 21 82	29 18 31	563 593 1 426	77.4 99.3 97.1	772 871 2 162	441 434 1 091	213 99 291	136 57 149	22.7 26.3 23.1	21.3 8.4	Chester-Chester Depot CDP, Windsor County Chittenden town, Rutland County Clarendon town, Rutland County
693 90	313 48	87 9	8 668 605	96.0 97.7	13 153 881	6 745 434	1 093 147	607 78	22.6 26.3	6.4 12.3	Colchester town, Chittenden County Concord town, Essex County
111 86 58	58 41 35	14 18 3	733 563 500	99.3 101.8 102.8	1 050 845 742	532 433 378	183 145 96	97 79 49	28.1 25.6 26.8		Corinth town, Orange County Cornwall town, Addison County Coventry town, Orleans County
113 105	62 45	48 20	594 625	91.2 106.7	898 962	472 474	223 170	127 84	21.0 25.5		Craftsbury town, Orleans County

Table 2. Age and Sex: 2000—Con.

1 119

1 558

1 011

22.7

26.6

6 252

8 183

Middlebury town, Addison County

Table 2. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

,	Age—Con.				Age and	sex			Percent of populati		
6E to 7.	75 1- 04	95	All ago	Males per	18 years an	d over	65 years a	nd over	11-1	e5 ··	State County Place and County Subdivision
65 to 74 years	75 to 84 years	85 years and over	Female	100 females	Total	Female	Total	Female	Under 18 years	65 years and over	
162 353 50 57 235 108 150 64 18 162 46	124 268 51 48 124 39 83 44 13 93 29	48 74 26 20 39 10 33 9 2 28 5	1 156 2 307 343 404 1 024 679 952 615 153 1 300 564	91.3 99.6 95.3 92.1 98.8 107.7 101.2 109.6 96.7 98.3 104.3	1 634 3 352 500 584 1 590 1 097 1 472 977 226 1 951 794	861 1 739 273 314 819 528 747 489 114 992 393	334 695 127 125 398 157 266 117 33 283 80	194 396 82 73 204 72 138 58 18 142 46	26.1 27.2 25.4 24.7 21.9 22.2 23.1 24.2 24.9 24.3 31.1		Derby town, Orleans County Derby Center village, Orleans County Derby Line village, Orleans County Dorset town, Bennington County Dover town, Windham County Dummerston town, Windham County Duxbury town, Washington County East Haven town, Essex County East Montpelier town, Washington County
42 195 130 911 507 119 90 211 182 95 75	25 137 106 445 262 73 38 152 130 41	5 69 59 163 91 14 9 54 53 13	429 1 420 797 9 438 4 348 1 751 910 1 523 1 277 491 562	97.9 96.3 84.8 97.4 97.6 115.0 97.8 92.3 90.7 96.9 103.0	596 2 006 1 080 13 429 6 326 2 674 1 253 2 150 1 797 739 881	301 1 047 594 6 893 3 228 1 206 627 1 156 976 376 437	72 401 295 1 519 860 206 137 417 365 149	37 245 188 885 505 102 72 253 223 83 56	29.8 28.0 26.7 27.9 26.4 29.0 30.4 26.6 26.2 23.6 22.8	14.4 20.0 8.2 10.0 5.5 7.6 14.2 15.0	Elmore town, Lamoille County Enosburg Falls village, Franklin County Enosburg Falls village, Franklin County Essex town, Chittenden County Essex Junction village, Chittenden County Fairfax town, Franklin County Fair Haven town, Rutland County Fair Haven CDP, Rutland County Fairlee town, Orange County Fayston town, Washington County
7 178 41 82 155 - 76 9 75 8 125	5 93 24 42 92 - 39 6 32 3 66	30 2 17 22 - 26 6 11 1 1	14 1 347 553 628 2 169 9 483 109 303 46 971	135.7 97.3 113.2 101.9 101.7 77.8 100.0 108.3 114.2 87.0 101.3	26 1 995 841 893 3 010 12 753 167 531 65 1 460	13 1 023 406 443 1 506 7 385 79 249 33 735	12 301 67 141 269 - 141 21 118 12 203	7 162 38 84 141 - 75 8 61 6	21.2 24.9 28.7 29.6 31.2 25.0 22.0 26.4 18.2 24.4 25.3	36.4 11.3 5.7 11.1 6.1 - 14.6 9.3 18.2 14.0	Ferrisburg town, Addison County Fletcher town, Franklin County Franklin town, Franklin County Georgia town, Franklin County Glastenbury town, Bennington County Glover town, Orleans County Goshen town, Addison County Grafton town, Windham County
185 28 50 79 27 118 68 27 213 814 214	98 7 76 35 27 61 31 28 144 543	30 - 32 14 3 17 12 4 22 162 31	1 114 151 415 470 142 1 022 395 178 1 645 5 459 1 602	91.7 100.7 85.5 86.4 88.7 100.2 98.0 114.6 92.9 89.9 101.2	1 582 229 601 628 203 1 513 589 302 2 239 7 939 2 383	828 111 336 336 109 777 305 145 1 183 4 247 1 230	313 35 158 128 57 196 111 59 379 1 519	186 19 102 65 35 98 56 32 228 849 210	25.9 24.4 21.9 28.3 24.3 26.1 24.7 20.9 29.5 23.4 26.1	20.5 14.6 21.3 9.6 14.2 15.4 11.9	Granville town, Addison County Greensboro town, Orleans County Groton town, Caledonia County Guildhall town, Essex County Guilford town, Windham County Halifax town, Windham County Hancock town, Addison County Hardwick town, Caledonia County
201 149 34 52 65 39 190 20 71 86 57	87 63 17 24 24 28 130 15 46 60	14 25 2 3 12 8 37 3 5 18	1 693 2 176 302 364 937 216 1 435 246 551 437 252	100.6 99.4 94.7 106.6 98.6 92.1 98.4 85.0 95.5 94.3 93.7	2 399 3 086 399 581 1 334 333 2 143 321 772 645 366	1 194 1 579 202 281 669 180 1 092 170 390 341 190	302 237 53 79 101 75 357 38 122 164 84	156 128 26 42 52 41 198 23 60 104	29.4 28.9 32.1 22.7 28.3 19.8 24.7 29.5 28.3 24.0 25.0	9.0 10.5 5.4 18.1 12.5 8.4 11.3 19.3	Hinesburg town, Chittenden County Holland town, Orleans County Hubbardton town, Rutland County
18 68 29 26 58 180 54 142 94 21	3 44 7 26 30 101 46 94 23 14 5	4 13 4 9 7 40 19 41 4 5	134 443 208 288 719 2 531 711 1 607 509 229 72	76.9 113.5 104.8 97.2 102.6 98.1 99.7 103.7 115.1 99.1 100.0	168 7735 311 433 986 3 467 1 233 2 568 871 324 110	95 351 159 222 517 1 800 614 1 270 402 163 56	25 125 40 61 95 321 119 277 121 40	17 66 21 38 52 179 80 167 51 24	29.1 22.3 27.0 23.8 32.3 30.9 13.2 21.6 20.5 28.9 23.6	13.2 9.4 10.7 6.5 6.4 8.4 8.5 11.1	Jacksonville village, Windham County Jamaica town, Windham County Jay town, Orleans County Jeffersonville village, Lamoille County Jericho village, Chittenden County Jericho town, Chittenden County Johnson village, Lamoille County Johnson town, Lamoille County Killington town, Rutland County Killington town, Rutland County Kirby town, Caledonia County Landgrove town, Bennington County
67 17 - 73 163 56 88 240 113 366 83	30 111 - 49 93 20 76 153 58 275 73	5 1 - 9 27 5 56 64 20 108 40	475 49 - 603 845 363 522 1 248 654 2 723 638	105.1 118.4 (X) 101.3 102.2 103.3 83.5 96.2 103.1 100.1 92.3	732 83 - 885 1 335 521 773 1 935 978 4 192 958	362 43 - 441 657 257 424 1 001 492 2 138 524	102 29 - 131 283 81 220 457 191 749	55 15 - 78 142 45 148 264 103 467 132	24.8 22.4 (X) 27.1 21.9 29.4 19.3 21.0 26.4 23.1 21.9	27.1 (X) 10.8 16.6 11.0 23.0 18.7 14.4	Leicester town, Addison County Lemington town, Essex County Lewis town, Essex County Lincoln town, Addison County Londonderry town, Windham County Lowell town, Orleans County Ludlow village, Windsor County Ludlow town, Windsor County Lunenburg town, Essex County Lyndon town, Caledonia County Lyndon town, Caledonia County Lyndon town, Caledonia County
6 95 425 208 63 19 80 87 348 493	5 51 253 140 27 5 47 46 338 420	1 26 120 73 8 1 7 8 149	45 328 2 224 1 125 499 133 739 497 3 347 4 292	133.3 83.5 87.9 83.6 96.0 97.0 102.4 106.8 86.8 90.7	90 486 3 213 1 588 792 190 1 078 789 5 318 6 752	42 270 1 743 884 416 95 532 374 2 873 3 602	12 172 798 421 98 25 134 141 835 1 088	8 102 482 265 49 14 63 69 538 674	14.3 19.3 23.1 23.1 19.0 27.5 27.9 23.2 14.9	28.6 19.1 20.4 10.0 9.5 9.0 13.7 13.4	Maidstone town, Essex County Manchester village, Bennington County Manchester town, Bennington County Manchester Center CDP, Bennington County Marboro town, Windham County Marshfield village, Washington County Mendon town, Rutland County Middlebury CDP, Addison County Middlebury CDP, Addison County Middlebury town, Addison County

Table 2. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

[For information on	confidentiality	protection,	nonsampling	error, and	d definitions,	see te	xt]
						T	

To momentum, protection, noise							Age				
State County Place and County Subdivision											
	Total population	Median age	Under 5 years	5 to 17 years	18 to 20 years	21 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 59 years	60 to 64 years
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.											
Middlesex town, Washington County Middletown Springs town, Rutland County Milton village, Chittenden County Milton town, Chittenden County Monkton town, Addison County Montgomery town, Franklin County Montpelier city, Washington County Moretown town, Washington County Morgan town, Orleans County Morristown town, Lamoille County Morrisville village, Lamoille County	1 729 823 1 537 9 479 1 759 992 8 035 1 653 669 5 139 2 009	38.6 40.6 35.2 34.5 37.0 41.8 40.5 38.2 39.0 42.1	93 48 116 703 140 68 364 102 38 247 85	366 157 332 2 018 362 166 1 346 338 159 995 353	45 21 40 303 49 29 283 38 12 186 71	66 23 54 371 36 27 405 48 15 205 87	192 91 223 1 433 212 113 970 219 82 605 217	336 142 301 1 961 363 154 1 292 306 100 875 291	378 136 217 1 419 354 177 1 448 321 109 769 285	83 54 65 430 97 77 411 65 37 267 94	52 50 61 290 38 47 316 60 42 204 75
Mount Holly town, Rutland County Mount Tabor town, Rutland County Newark town, Caledonia County Newbury village, Orange County Newbury town, Orange County Newfane village, Windham County Newfane town, Windham County New Haven town, Addison County Newport city, Orleans County Newport town, Orleans County North Bennington village, Bennington County	1 241 203 470 396 1 955 116 1 680 1 666 5 005 1 511 1 428	39.1 40.1 38.9 41.2 42.0 46.3 42.1 37.7 39.9 38.6 28.8	65 11 33 23 93 4 90 98 283 78 66	261 33 94 94 381 14 312 352 826 322 219	28 5 9 8 55 1 42 62 193 31 235	29 2 12 7 53 2 35 59 223 57 152	169 35 63 33 170 14 156 188 629 182	214 35 75 66 332 18 308 300 726 248 149	190 29 85 54 309 22 350 299 687 232 160	78 13 24 31 118 8 116 97 251 105 48	60 11 21 17 107 8 78 53 219 83 47
Northfield village, Washington County Northfield town, Washington County North Hero town, Grand Isle County North Troy village, Orleans County North Westminster village, Windham County Norton town, Essex County Norwich town, Windsor County Old Bennington village, Bennington County Orange town, Orange County Orleans village, Orleans County Orwell town, Addison County	3 208 5 791 810 593 271 214 3 544 232 965 826 1 185	22.1 29.7 42.9 37.4 42.4 43.0 40.9 47.7 38.1 40.4 38.9	123 253 36 35 20 6 166 15 63 50	359 873 141 121 46 46 871 39 198 158 251	831 918 22 23 6 8 76 7 27 22 39	564 657 17 28 9 4 98 4 32 39 27	237 521 86 69 29 20 277 10 101 93	326 799 130 82 34 31 558 31 181 117 203	227 671 164 85 52 27 735 42 155 127 207	97 247 59 34 17 8 236 13 65 33	66 178 55 26 14 25 138 13 41 36 54
Panton town, Addison County Pawlet town, Rutland County Peacham town, Caledonia County Perkinsville village, Windsor County Peru town, Bennington County Pittsfield town, Rutland County Pittsford town, Rutland County Plainfield town, Washington County Plymouth town, Windsor County Pomfret town, Windsor County Poultney village, Rutland County	682 1 394 665 142 416 427 3 140 1 286 555 997 1 575	41.3 40.3 43.0 40.0 40.9 41.3 40.1 35.9 46.6 42.4 24.0	37 74 25 11 21 23 179 76 22 52 66	135 272 159 27 86 62 549 229 78 210 201	26 38 18 3 13 4 96 91 5 14 309	22 33 13 4 8 11 95 75 11 25 233	57 159 37 15 35 60 377 153 62 78 163	127 217 95 20 75 70 565 218 84 166 180	119 227 132 24 70 87 521 212 86 192 144	39 84 45 9 28 25 207 72 47 64 33	27 70 39 6 18 19 138 30 51 56 47
Poultney town, Rutland County Pownal town, Bennington County Proctor town, Rutland County Protor town, Windham County Randolph town, Orange County Reading town, Windsor County Readsboro town, Bennington County Richford town, Franklin County Richmond town, Chittenden County Ripton town, Addison County Rochester town, Windsor County	3 633 3 560 1 877 2 634 4 853 707 809 2 321 4 090 556 1 171	35.9 38.5 38.8 35.5 35.9 41.2 41.2 37.8 37.1 38.5 42.7	159 199 110 124 253 38 37 169 282 41	608 705 381 470 877 132 162 433 915 104 209	367 122 46 223 502 17 24 81 88 10 23	271 147 49 211 270 15 31 95 132 25 35	375 392 232 265 472 74 68 287 492 63	533 637 305 459 685 125 142 344 901 106	421 560 288 432 699 119 114 309 696 106 204	160 231 95 131 248 50 52 116 212 31 78	158 171 60 62 173 32 40 91 95 24 55
Rockingham town, Windham County Roxbury town, Washington County Royalton town, Windsor County Rupert town, Bennington County Rutland city, Rutland County Rutland cown, Rutland County Ryegate town, Caledonia County St. Albans city, Franklin County St. Albans town, Franklin County St. George town, Chittenden County St. George town, Chittenden County St. Johnsbury CDP, Caledonia County	5 309 576 2 603 704 17 292 4 038 1 150 7 650 5 086 698 6 319	39.2 40.2 34.2 43.6 39.3 45.4 41.2 35.2 37.9 33.8 40.0	311 35 119 26 996 157 48 562 361 42	1 023 103 461 131 2 923 735 242 1 393 1 011 167 1 097	182 11 72 16 593 85 39 254 125 17 278	180 24 201 20 783 88 42 381 165 30 292	634 61 476 65 2 194 332 113 1 215 615 103 737	806 109 447 103 2 783 591 170 1 216 907 133 879	828 111 350 95 2 377 769 218 961 706 108 929	312 47 103 46 876 287 67 337 271 25 294	213 21 92 45 623 236 42 258 206 26 244
St. Johnsbury town, Caledonia County Salisbury town, Addison County Sandgate town, Bennington County Saxtons River village, Windham County Searsburg town, Bennington County Shaftsbury town, Bennington County Shaftsbury town, Bennington County Sharon town, Windsor County Sheffield town, Caledonia County Shelburne town, Chittenden County Sheldon town, Franklin County Shoreham town, Addison County	7 571 1 090 353 519 96 3 767 1 411 727 6 944 1 990 1 222	39.5 38.7 46.1 37.4 41.8 40.4 37.5 35.9 40.9 34.3 38.2	396 66 13 33 4 197 95 42 444 135 60	1 333 213 63 119 22 774 297 160 1 476 482 276	330 31 8 9 4 99 32 17 144 60 35	350 35 5 19 1 99 48 25 129 70	900 140 31 60 5 410 168 108 618 271	1 070 174 51 71 19 625 261 124 1 179 364 207	1 169 178 70 79 24 672 276 113 1 184 265 201	348 64 27 42 3 222 68 41 410 107 66	274 54 24 19 5 175 54 24 292 84
Shrewsbury town, Rutland County Somerset town, Windham County South Barre CDP, Washington County South Burlington city, Chittenden County South Hero town, Grand Isle County South Shaftsbury CDP, Bennington County Springfield CDP, Windsor County Springfield town, Windsor County Stamford town, Bennington County Stannard town, Caledonia County	1 108 5 1 242 15 814 1 696 772 3 938 9 078 813 185	42.6 33.5 42.1 36.2 40.2 39.6 40.2 41.6 41.2 38.3	50 1 65 776 79 35 226 486 42	216 1 204 2 639 344 155 743 1 630 165 40	30 - 35 1 309 49 24 137 287 22 3	27 - 47 673 45 26 146 291 20	103 2 136 2 198 179 101 419 950 59 24	188 - 187 2 674 310 112 604 1 404 172 35	225 - 220 2 151 333 126 569 1 336 128 37	73 - 84 727 90 33 221 566 60 7	60 1 72 600 78 28 137 400 40

Table 2. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

For information on confidentiality	protection,	nonsampling	error, and	definitions,	see text]

	nformation on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, Age—Con.			r, and definition	ons, see text] Age and	sex			Percent o		
			All age	s	18 years an	d over	65 years an	id over	рориіа	uon	State
				Males			-				County Place and County Subdivision
65 to 74	75 to 84	85 years		per 100					Under	65 years	-
years	years	and over	Female	females	Total	Female	Total	Female	18 years	and over	DI ACE AND COUNTY SUPPLIFICION COD
68	37	13	883	95.8	1 270	649	118	65	26.5	6.8	PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con. Middlesex town, Washington County
55 73	34 39	12 16	429 766	91.8 100.7	618 1 089	322 559	101 128	51 79	24.9 29.1	12.3	Middletown Springs town, Rutland County Milton village, Chittenden County
335 59	170 37	46 12	4 727 889	100.5 97.9	6 758 1 257	3 400 657	551 108	305 69	28.7 28.5		Milton town, Chittenden County
88 557	32 447	14 196	492 4 362	101.6 84.2	758 6 325	375 3 475	134 1 200	72 776	23.6 21.3	13.5 14.9	Montpelier city, Washington County
97 44	42 27	17 4	828 321	99.6 108.4	1 213 472	615 242	156 75	92 37	26.6 29.4	9.4 11.2	Morgan town, Orleans County
372 168	267 172	147 111	2 681 1 108	91.7 81.3	3 897 1 571	2 093 906	786 451	484 310	24.2 21.8	15.3 22.4	Morristown town, Lamoille County Morrisville village, Lamoille County
80 15	53 8	14 6	611 101	103.1 101.0	915 159	451 80	147 29	68 14	26.3 21.7		Mount Holly town, Rutland County Mount Tabor town, Rutland County
39 36	13 22	2 5	242 196	94.2 102.0	343 279	167 153	54 63	26 38	27.0 29.5	11.5 15.9	
200 13	109 11	28 1	1 006 67	94.3 73.1	1 481 98	776 57	337 25	186 17	24.2 15.5	17.2 21.6	Newfane village, Windham County
119 95	54 46	20 17	877 816	91.6 104.2	1 278 1 216	663 591	193 158	109 78	23.9 27.0	11.5 9.5	Newfane town, Windham County
452 109	368 57	148 7	2 535 744	97.4 103.1	3 896 1 111	2 011 549	968 173	613 96	22.2 26.5	19.3 11.4	Newport city, Orleans County
82	88	49	823	73.5	1 143	683	219	147	20.0		North Bennington village, Bennington County
135 303	138 238	105 133	1 325 2 609	142.1 122.0	2 726 4 665	1 115 2 097	378 674	255 422	15.0 19.4	11.8 11.6	Northfield town, Washington County
66 47	27 30	7 13	402 300	101.5 97.7	633 437	315 227	100 90	52 57	21.9 26.3	12.3 15.2	North Troy village, Orleans County
18 29	20 4	6	122 108	122.1 98.1	205 162	99 75	44 39	22 17	24.4 24.3	18.2	
224 22	120 27	45 9	1 811 123	95.7 88.6	2 507 178	1 319	389 58	217 34	29.3 23.3	11.0 25.0	Old Bennington village, Bennington County
70 66	26 60	6 25	489 414	97.3 99.5	704 618	356 320	102 151	54 97	27.0 25.2	10.6 18.3	Orleans village, Orleans County
76 48	52 41	13 4	605 343	95.9 98.8	862 510	435 257	141 93	70 49	27.3 25.2	11.9 13.6	Orwell town, Addison County Panton town, Addison County
122 57	73 35	25 10	693 334	101.2 99.1	1 048 481	520 253	220 102	118 57	24.8 27.7		Pawlet town, Rutland County
12 41	6 16	5 5	73 204	94.5 103.9	104 309	57 156	23 62	13 33	26.8 25.7	16.2 14.9	Perkinsville village, Windsor County
40 213	23 158	3 42	209 1 571	104.3 99.9	342 2 412	163 1 245	66 413	28 241	19.9 23.2	15.5 13.2	Pittsfield town, Rutland County
67 60	44 39	19 10	662 264	94.3 110.2	981 455	516 219	130 109	75 52	23.7 18.0	10.1 19.6	Plainfield town, Washington County
91 89	43 79	6 31	509 821	95.9 91.8	735 1 308	377 678	140 199	70 124	26.3 17.0	14.0 12.6	Pomfret town, Windsor County Poultney village, Rutland County
304 248	198 117	79 31	1 850 1 752	96.4 103.2	2 866 2 656	1 472 1 355	581 396	345 215	21.1 25.4	16.0 11.1	Poultney town, Rutland County Pownal town, Bennington County
151 160	134 77	26 20	1 000 1 277	87.7 106.3	1 386 2 040	754 981	311 257	189 141	26.2 22.6	16.6	Proctor town, Rutland County Putney town, Windham County
309 52	273 46	92 7	2 389 373	103.1 89.5	3 723 537	1 813 279	674 105	403 62	23.3 24.0	13.9 14.9	Randolph town, Orange County
78 195	49 148	12 53	403 1 199	100.7 93.6	610 1 719	302 904	139 396	78 232	24.6 25.9	17.2	Readsboro town, Bennington County Richford town, Franklin County
168 23	83 20	26 3	2 090 261	95.7 113.0	2 893 411	1 476 199	277 46	156 18	29.3 26.1	6.8	Richmond town, Chittenden County Ripton town, Addison County
114	65	30	606	93.2	912	464	209	113	22.1		Rochester town, Windsor County
375 37	341 13	104 4	2 739 286	93.8 101.4	3 975 438	2 108 220	820 54	498 31	25.1 24.0	15.4 9.4	Rockingham town, Windham County Roxbury town, Washington County
146 90	107 47	29 20	1 284 370	102.7 90.3	2 023 547	1 018 293	282 157	152 91	22.3 22.3	10.8 22.3	Rupert town, Bennington County
1 376 372	1 230 268	538 118	9 109 2 132	89.8 89.4	13 373 3 146	7 171 1 706	3 144 758	2 033 448	22.7 22.1		Rutland town, Rutland County
86 555	69 387	14 131	555 3 992	107.2 91.6	860 5 695	430 3 058	169 1 073	96 684	25.2 25.6	14.7 14.0	St. Albans city, Franklin County
372 29	247 16	100 2	2 598 340	95.8 105.3	3 714 489	1 948 240	719 47	435 27	27.0 29.9	14.1 6.7	St. George town, Chittenden County
556 642	484 534	218 225	3 274 3 907	93.0 93.8	4 911 5 842	2 593 3 067	1 258 1 401	803 883	22.3 22.8	19.9 18.5	St. Johnsbury CDP, Caledonia County St. Johnsbury town, Caledonia County
75 36	43 17	17 8	544 164	100.4 115.2	811 277	410 125	135 61	74 26	25.6 21.5	12.4	
28 5	33 1	7	268 38	93.7 152.6	367 70	203	68 9	42	29.3 27.1	13.1 9.4	Saxtons River village, Windham County
305 74	141 28	48 10	1 930 697	95.2 102.4	2 796 1 019	1 462 504	494 112	285 60	25.8 27.8	13.1 7.9	Shaftsbury town, Bennington County
38 468	34 391	1 209	350 3 637	107.7 90.9	525 5 024	255 2 697	73 1 068	35 648	27.8 27.6	10.0 15.4	Sheffield town, Caledonia County
102 88	34 52	16 12	1 014 615	96.3 98.7	1 373 886	695 443	152 152	84 79	31.0 27.5	7.6 12.4	Sheldon town, Franklin County
89	44	3	557	98.9	842	435	136	70	24.0	12.3	Shrewsbury town, Rutland County
96	69 730	27	642 8 370	400.0 93.5	973	508	192	110	40.0 21.7	15.5	
1 008 117	729 59	330 13	8 370 856	88.9 98.1	12 399 1 273	6 694 650	2 067 189	1 292 101	21.6 24.9	13.1 11.1	South Hero town, Grand Isle County
84 293	36 325	12 118	389 2 137	98.5 84.3	582 2 969	304 1 624	132 736	79 470	24.6 24.6	17.1 18.7	Springfield CDP, Windsor County
741 69	728 30 4	259 6	4 754 401	91.0 102.7	6 962 606	3 705 308	1 728 105	1 034 55 11	23.3 25.5	19.0 12.9	Stamford town, Bennington County
16	4	-	88	110.2	133	64	20	11	28.1	10.8	Stannard town, Caledonia County

Table 2. Age and Sex: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsa	ampling error, and	definitions, s	is, see text										
State													
County Place and County Subdivision													
riace and county casarvicion	Total	Median	Under	5 to 17	18 to 20	21 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 54	55 to 59	60 to 64		
DI ACE AND COUNTY SUPPLIVISION—Con	population	age	5 years	years	years	years	years	years	years	years	years		
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.	4.000	22.0	450	404		74	204	270	200	70	44		
Starksboro town, Addison County Stockbridge town, Windsor County	1 898 674	33.8 41.3	150 45	431 108	60 16	71 18	281 74	372 123	309 105	73 47	41 33		
Store town, Lamoille County	4 339 1 045	41.4 40.6	179	735 229	116	182	513 104	713 188	793 203	306 51	215		
Strafford town, Orange County Stratton town, Windham County	136	40.6	56 7	229	26 2	14 3	104	27	203 17	12	49 7		
Sudbury town, Rutland County	583	42.0	22	111	15	19	54	108	110	45	26		
Sunderland town, Bennington County Sutton town, Caledonia County	850 1 001	41.8 36.9	50 63	149 235	20 32	19 26	95 116	135 163	122 178	57 44	48 28		
Swanton village, Franklin County	2 548	37.9	163	469	85	102	345	404	319	129	112		
Swanton town, Franklin County	6 203	36.5	430	1 286	227	214	787	1 038	878	322	246		
Thetford town, Orange County	2 617 567	38.9 40.1	171 34	533 91	78 20	67 23	285 70	496 96	502 100	119 39	96 20		
Topsham town, Orange County	1 142	36.5	69	246	43	35	150	219	158	58	48		
Townshend town, Windham County	1 149 1 564	41.9 37.0	73 84	200 320	31 61	18 73	118 195	213 244	190 232	67 87	50 70		
Troy town, Orleans County Tunbridge town, Orange County	1 309	38.2	75	257	27	40	158	254	195	70	60		
Underhill town, Chittenden County	2 980	37.8	164	700	67	70	337	633	554	182	104		
Vergennes city, Addison County Vernon town, Windham County	2 741 2 141	32.6 39.0	161 129	617 454	212 63	147 55	328 220	435 372	331 356	109 123	90 81		
Vershire town, Orange County	629	38.4	37	130	15	15	81	123	114	21	27		
Victory town, Essex County	97	46.5	6	11	1	3	10	14	18	13	3		
Waitsfield town, Washington County Walden town, Caledonia County	1 659 782	40.3 36.4	87 48	266 175	42 22	68 26	216 101	319 134	286 141	86 33	87 25		
Wallingford CDP, Rutland County	948	41.3	44	173	29	33	90	166	160	75	36		
Wallingford town, Rutland County Waltham town, Addison County	2 274 479	41.6 39.1	108 25	423 113	65 12	66 11	228 54	385 76	416 88	175 33	97 21		
Wardsboro town, Windham County	854	40.7	48	154	24	32	89	154	150	53	54		
Warner's grant, Essex County			-							-	-		
Warren town, Washington County Warren's gore, Essex County	1 681 10	39.6 46.5	70 -	315 2	28	57 -	224 2	294 1	309 2	126 1	97		
Washington town, Orange County	1 047	38.7	36	232	32	30	121	195	194	67	42		
Waterbury village, Washington County Waterbury town, Washington County	1 706 4 915	36.8 37.7	96 310	263 923	36 108	81 165	308 699	309 913	250 854	84 236	59 199		
Waterford town, Caledonia County	1 104	42.5	55	217	30	17	103	181	221	60	66		
Waterville town, Lamoille County	697	36.4	41	154	21	32	82	128	105	38	25		
Weathersfield town, Windsor County Wells town, Rutland County	2 788 1 121	43.5 43.3	128 42	445 207	69 35	72 29	289 97	461 185	491 182	209 69	169 67		
Wells River village, Orange County	325	44.3	13	62	11	8	34	40	43	13	25		
West Brattleboro CDP, Windham County	3 222 364	42.0 34.0	167 28	573 69	89 21	97 21	321 46	516 52	567 56	200 20	149 11		
-	726	35.2	51	151	21	30	107	128	98	49	30		
West Fairlee town, Orange County Westfield town, Orleans County	503	43.9	22	85	13	26	49	66	100	35	24		
Westford town, Chittenden County	2 086	35.9	152	485	52	35	280	458	340	102	65		
West Haven town, Rutland County Westminster village, Windham County	278 276	41.3 44.3	7 7	56 49	8 12	10 14	29 19	47 39	55 63	15 18	18 11		
Westminster town, Windham County	3 210	38.5	182	695	90	85	372	586	563	172	135		
Westmore town, Orleans County	306 630	45.9 50.4	13 23	38 94	14 12	10	28 42	41 78	65 100	28 72	18 60		
Weston town, Windsor County West Rutland town, Rutland County	2 535	39.0	126	477	71	7 97	324	430	376	134	116		
West Rutland CDP, Rutland County	2 263	38.7	109	435	64	96	287	385	329	120	107		
West Windsor town, Windsor County	1 067	45.3	50	180	23	30	82	164	231	86	55		
Weybridge town, Addison County	824 621	41.3 40.1	57 32	149 129	14 15	23 22	79 63	143 111	137 109	52 50	47 30		
White River Junction CDP, Windsor County	2 569	38.2	125	498	86	101	345	422	370	116	113		
Whiting town, Addison County	380	39.2	13	76	13	17	42	78	59	17	18		
Whitingham town, Windham County Wilder CDP, Windsor County	1 298 1 636	39.1 37.5	75 84	253 336	42 38	45 43	144 224	222 304	200 266	92 78	63 70		
Williamstown town, Orange County	3 225	36.4	215	629	108	119	467	580	469	192	129		
Williston town, Chittenden County Wilmington town, Windham County	7 650 2 225	38.8 41.9	519 101	1 587 379	173 84	144 72	881 233	1 568 362		366 143	302 132		
Windham town, Windham County	328	42.8	20	43	12	16	30	53	47	21	13		
Windsor town, Windsor County	3 756	40.8	189	644	121	153	436	573	533	206	124		
Winhall town, Bennington County	702 6 561	45.3 32.9	31 415	90 998	16 243	25 567	84 1 256	100 1 027	124 683	54 256	39 227		
Wolcott town, Lamoille County	1 456	33.4	106	308	50	57	245	250	194	85	61		
Woodbury town, Washington County	809	40.0	40	151	36	25	105	139	184	41	31		
Woodford town, Bennington County Woodstock village, Windsor County	414 977	39.9 44.5	22 31	68 149	16 25	18 41	44 98	87 154	67 161	22 61	26 43		
Woodstock town, Windsor County	3 232	45.3	109	559	79	78	274	499	645	214	166		
Worcester town, Washington County	902	38.2	40	198	25	36	107	153	181	59	45		

Table 2. **Age and Sex: 2000**—Con.

Age—Con.					Age and	sex			Percent of populati				
			All ages	3	18 years an	d over	65 years ar	nd over			State		
65 to 74 years	75 to 84 years	85 years	Female	Males per 100 females	Total	Female	Total	Female	Under 18 years	65 years and over	County Place and County Subdivision		
,	,				7 2 2 2 2				,		PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Co		
60 66 338 72 14 38 108 69 218 426	37 24 188 48 9 31 33 39 165 278	13 15 61 5 1 4 14 8 37	965 330 2 131 521 66 297 443 495 1 341 3 180	96.7 104.2 103.6 100.6 106.1 96.3 91.9 102.2 90.0 95.1	1 317 521 3 425 760 107 450 651 703 1 916 4 487	656 260 1 702 388 50 232 339 348 1 034 2 338	110 105 587 125 24 73 155 116 420 775	59 53 299 63 12 36 75 56 267 447	30.6 22.7 21.1 27.3 21.3 22.8 23.4 29.8 24.8 27.7	15.6 13.5 12.0 17.6 12.5 18.2 11.6	Starksboro town, Addison County Stockbridge town, Windsor County Stowe town, Lamoille County Strafford town, Orange County Straftor town, Windham County Sudbury town, Rutland County Sunderland town, Bennington County Sutton town, Caledonia County Swanton village, Franklin County Swanton village, Franklin County		
164 40 61 93 109 101 101 146 120 41	82 29 44 65 67 52 44 117 99 24	24 5 11 31 22 20 24 48 69	1 345 290 580 606 778 656 1 476 1 368 1 066 318	94.6 95.5 96.9 89.6 101.0 99.5 101.9 100.4 100.8 97.8	1 913 442 827 876 1 160 977 2 116 1 963 1 558 462	1 004 216 412 470 586 500 1 059 1 013 809 238	270 74 116 189 198 173 169 311 288 66	144 37 64 107 117 94 83 191 171 37	26.9 22.0 27.6 23.8 25.8 25.4 29.0 28.4 27.2 26.6	13.1 10.2 16.4 12.7 13.2 5.7 11.3	Topsham town, Orange County Townshend town, Windham County Troy town, Orleans County Tunbridge town, Orange County		
12 113 37 73 181 27 52 - 116	6 77 33 51 102 14 41 - 35	12 7 18 28 5 3 -	45 845 391 488 1 159 233 408 - 815 4	115.6 96.3 100.0 94.3 96.2 105.6 109.3 (X) 106.3 150.0	80 1 306 559 731 1 743 341 652 - 1 296 8	35 662 280 386 898 163 315 - 621	18 202 77 142 311 46 96 - 161	6 109 42 85 171 26 47 - 78	17.5 21.3 28.5 22.9 23.4 28.8 23.7 (X) 22.9 20.0	12.2 9.8 15.0 13.7 9.6 11.2 (X) 9.6	Walden town, Caledonia County Wallingford CDP, Rutland County Wallingford town, Rutland County Waltham town, Addison County Wardsboro town, Windham County		
58 93 267 100 36 233 119 28 256 21	35 86 171 44 25 172 71 37 217	5 41 70 10 10 50 18 11 70 4	511 871 2 490 540 327 1 419 573 183 1 781	104.9 95.9 97.4 104.4 113.1 96.5 95.6 77.6 80.9 110.4	779 1 347 3 682 832 502 2 215 872 250 2 482 267	388 704 1 904 415 251 1 136 453 136 1 387 133	98 220 508 154 71 455 208 76 543 40	52 135 293 82 37 253 106 46 336 22	25.6 21.0 25.1 24.6 28.0 20.6 22.2 23.1 23.0 26.6	12.9 10.3 13.9 10.2 16.3 18.6 23.4 16.9	Waterbury village, Washington County Waterbury town, Washington County Waterford town, Caledonia County Waterville town, Lamoille County Weathersfield town, Windsor County Wells town, Rutland County		
32 40 74 17 23 177 27 89 207 167	23 35 33 14 14 114 19 48 138	6 8 10 2 7 39 5 5 5 39 39	358 250 1 037 140 150 1 646 153 299 1 293 1 149	102.8 101.2 101.2 98.6 84.0 95.0 100.0 110.7 96.1 97.0	524 396 1 449 215 220 2 333 255 513 1 932 1 719	262 202 717 112 118 1 208 120 251 991 881	61 83 117 33 44 330 51 142 384 331	39 42 64 19 25 175 27 64 228 203	27.8 21.3 30.5 22.7 20.3 27.3 16.7 18.6 23.8 24.0	16.5 5.6 11.9 15.9 10.3 16.7 22.5 15.1	West Haven town, Rutland County Westminster village, Windham County Westminster town, Windham County Westmore town, Orleans County Weston town, Windsor County West Rutland town, Rutland County		
100 75 34 186 29 107 101 199 548 188	56 28 22 159 15 36 66 94 296	10 20 4 48 3 19 26 24 52 35	535 423 313 1 359 186 656 842 1 573 3 908 1 107	99.4 94.8 98.4 89.0 104.3 97.9 94.3 105.0 95.8 101.0	837 618 460 1 946 291 970 1 216 2 381 5 544 1 745	420 318 230 1 042 142 489 648 1 200 2 894 878	166 123 60 393 47 162 193 317 896 314	79 66 28 230 21 87 110 183 499 164	21.6 25.0 25.9 24.3 23.4 25.3 25.7 26.2 27.5 21.6	14.9 9.7 15.3 12.4 12.5 11.8 9.8 11.7	Whitingham town, Windham County Wilder CDP, Windsor County Williamstown town, Orange County Williston town, Chittenden County		
39 331 86 469 50 37 31 83 297 42	26 287 45 329 35 15 11 90 220	8 159 8 91 15 5 2 41 92 6	152 1 966 355 3 374 708 383 205 500 1 666 450	115.8 91.0 97.7 94.5 105.6 111.2 102.0 95.4 94.0 100.4	265 2 923 581 5 148 1 042 618 324 797 2 564 664	122 1 558 298 2 690 515 300 162 416 1 345 331	73 777 139 889 100 57 44 214 609 58	35 504 68 586 52 29 27 141 363 29	19.2 22.2 17.2 21.5 28.4 23.6 21.7 18.4 20.7 26.4	20.7 19.8 13.5 6.9 7.0 10.6 21.9 18.8	Windham town, Windham County Windsor town, Windsor County Winhall town, Bennington County Winoski city, Chittenden County Wlocoski city, Chittenden County Woodbury town, Washington County Woodford town, Bennington County Woodstock village, Windsor County Woodstock town, Windsor County Woodstock town, Windsor County Worcester town, Washington County		

Table 3. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000

_[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsa	ampling error, a	g error, and definitions, see text) Race										
State				One r	ace			Tv	vo or more race	s		
County County Subdivision Place	Total population	White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Number	Percent of total popu- lation	Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races	Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	
The State	608 827	589 208	3 063	2 420	5 217	141	1 443	7 335	1.2	6 134	5 504	
Addison County	35 974	34 844	196	93	264	10	104	463	1.3	391	397	
Addison town	1 393 1 235	1 371 1 214	2	3	5 5	2	-	10 13	0.7 1.1	10 11	8 1	
Bristol town	3 788 1 136	3 728 1 116	9	5	15 7	-	4 3	27 9	0.7 0.8	21 8	19 5	
Ferrisburg town	2 657	2 595	5	11	13	-	1	32	1.2	31	15	
Goshen town	227 303	219 295	1 1	1 4	2 -	1	2 -	2 2	0.9 0.7	2 1	2	
Hancock town Leicester town	382 974	369 964	2	2 1	3	2	2	6 5	1.6 0.5	6 5	3 5	
Lincoln town	1 214 8 183	1 184 7 714	2 89	4 23	8 153	1 2	- 54	15 148	1.2 1.8	13 120	15 174	
Middlebury CDP	6 252	5 826	87	20	142	1	50	126	2.0	100	155	
Monkton town New Haven town	1 759 1 666	1 735 1 637	3 4	4 10	7 -	-	1 -	9 15	0.5 0.9	9 13	9 14	
Orwell town	1 185 682	1 176 661	1	1 5	5 1	-	-	2 15	0.2 2.2	1 12	10 1	
Ripton town	556 1 090	543 1 070	1	1	2	-	1	8	1.4	6	3	
Salisbury town Shoreham town	1 222	1 204	8	3	4	-	2	3	1.3 0.2	3	6	
Starksboro town Vergennes city	1 898 2 741	1 834 2 561	4 55	5 6	13 10	1 1	1 29	40 79	2.1 2.9	37 64	4 80	
Waltham town Weybridge town	479 824	473 811	2 5	-	3 4		1	4	0.5	4	1 13	
Whiting town	380	370	1	-	1	-	3	5	1.3	4	3	
Bennington County	36 994	36 161	155	74	228	5	76	295	0.8	248	344	
Arlington town	2 397 1 080	2 351 1 047	6 6	2 1	10 8	2 2	5 1	21 15	0.9 1.4	21 15	11 3	
Bennington town	15 737 9 168	15 258 8 899	99 47	40 29	150 93	3	35 24	152 75	1.0 0.8	126 60	156 86	
North Bennington village	1 428	1 362	10	2	24	2	2	26	1.8	22	16	
Old Bennington village Dorset town	232 2 036	216 2 015	9	1	2	-	2	5 6	2.2 0.3	5 4	6 8	
Glastenbury town Landgrove town	16 144	15 143	-	-	- 1	-	-	1 -	6.3	1	-	
Manchester town	4 180	4 091	16 1	7	13	-	18 4	35 2	0.8	29	73 12	
Manchester village Manchester Center CDP	602 2 065	593 2 018	5	7	2	-	12	19	0.3 0.9	16	33	
Peru town	416 3 560	407 3 483	10	- 15	1 20	-	7	8 25	1.9 0.7	5 23	3 15	
Readsboro town	809 704	799 702	-	4	2	-	-	4	0.5	2	9	
Sandgate town	353	344	3	-	3	-	-	3	0.8	3	1	
Searsburg town	96 3 767	96 3 719	8	2	11	-	6	21	0.6	18	34	
South Shaftsbury CDP	772 813	762 801	-	2	4 3	-	-	6 7	0.8 0.9	6 4	2	
Sunderland town	850 119	840 119	1	-	8	-	-	1	0.1	1	5	
Winhall town	702	690	3	-	1	-	-	8	1.1	8	19	
Woodford town	414	407	-	-	1	-	3	3	0.7	3	1	
Caledonia County	29 702 1 690	28 954 1 635	87 12	163 17	111 8	3 -	67 1	317 17	1.1 1.0	291 17	201 6	
Burke town	1 571 364	1 526 359	4	9	3	-	6	23	1.5	18	17 5	
Danville town	2 211	2 191	4	5 11	3	-	2	8	0.4	8 18	10	
Groton town Hardwick town	876 3 174	845 3 107	2	26	3	-	6	18 30	2.1 0.9	27	3 13	
Kirby townLyndon town	456 5 448	438 5 326	2 14	27	34	1	2 9	14 37	3.1 0.7	14 35	7 24	
Lyndonville village	1 227 470	1 188 465	4	10 3	13 1	-	3	9	0.7	9	11 2	
Peacham town	665	656	3	1 5	2	-	-	3 9	0.5	3 8	7 2	
Ryegate town St. Johnsbury town	1 150 7 571	1 131 7 303	39	50	47	2	17	113	0.8 1.5	106	89	
St. Johnsbury CDP	6 319 727	6 081 709	30	47 4	41	2	17 2	101 12	1.6 1.7	94 11	85 11	
Stannard town	185 1 001	183 977	1	2	2	-	1 12	- 8	0.8	- 3	1 4	
Walden town	782	768	4	1	- 3	-	1	8	1.0	6	2	
Waterford town Wheelock town	1 104 621	1 088 606	-	2	1	-	8	13 4	1.2 0.6	13 4	3 -	
Chittenden County	146 571	139 446	1 328	403	2 914	32	498	1 950	1.3	1 523	1 561	
Bolton town	971 12	953 12	1 -	4	2	-	2	9 -	0.9	8 -	3 -	
Burlington city	38 889 3 569	35 883 3 495	693 7	182 2	1 031 21	8	211 16	881 28	2.3 0.8	636 24	546 25	
Charlotte town	16 986	16 397	107	29	268	6	43	136	0.8	114	189	
Essex town Essex Junction village	18 626 8 591	17 763 8 209	164 59	36 21	419 203	4 -	40 25	200 74	1.1 0.9	172 61	158 98	
Hinesburg town Huntington town	4 340 1 861	4 249 1 814	6	9	22	1	7	46 25	1.1	38 24	34 7	
Jericho town	5 015	4 887	34	7	28	4	15	40	0.8	38	56	
Jericho village	1 457 9 479	1 411 9 299	12 20	5 38	7 32	4 2	5 16	13 72	0.9 0.8	11 63	9 59	
Milton village	1 537 4 090	1 499 4 023	5 2	6 5	11 21	1	3	13 35	0.8 0.9	10 28	9 34	
St. George town Shelburne town	698 6 944	685 6 777	4 16	1 7	70	-	- 22	8 52	1.1 0.7	7 46	8 60	
South Burlington city	15 814	14 831	132	29	530	2	65	225	1.4	170	192	
		I						J				

Table 3. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

White Percent of total popu- African American Indian Hawaiian and Other popu- African Alaska Pacific Some Total Number Iation American Native Asian Islander other race	race, and three or more races 6 809 5 897	State County County Subdivision Place The State Addison County Addison town Bridport town Bristol town Cornwall town Genshel town Granville town Granville town Liecester town Middlebury town Middlebury CDP Monkton town New Haven town Orwell town
Percent of total population Percent of African Percent of Afric	excluding Some other race, and three or more races	County County Subdivision Place The State Addison County Addison town Bridport town Bristol town Cornwall town Ferrisburg town Goshen town Granville town Hancock town Leicester town Lincoln town Middlebury town Middlebury CDP Monkton town New Haven town
35 577	412 375 10 10 10 13 11 26 21 9 8 32 31 2 2 2 1 1 1 6 6 6 5 5 5 14 12 119 108 98 88 7 7 7 13 13 1 1 1 15 12 8 6 6 13 10 3 3 3	Addison County Addison town Bridport town Bristol town Cornwall town Cornwall town Goshen town Granville town Hancock town Leicester town Lincoln town Middlebury town Middlebury CDP Monkton town New Haven town
1 385 1 364 97.9 2 2 5 2 - - 2 1 1 2 - <t< th=""><th>10 10 10 10 13 11 26 21 9 8 32 31 2 2 1 1 1 6 6 6 5 5 5 14 12 119 108 88 7 7 7 7 13 1 1 1 15 12 8 6 6 13 10 3 3 40 37</th><th>Addison town Bridport town Bristot town Cornwall town Ferrisburg town Goshen town Granville town Hancock town Leicester town Lincoln town Middlebury town Middlebury CDP Monkton town New Haven town</th></t<>	10 10 10 10 13 11 26 21 9 8 32 31 2 2 1 1 1 6 6 6 5 5 5 14 12 119 108 88 7 7 7 7 13 1 1 1 15 12 8 6 6 13 10 3 3 40 37	Addison town Bridport town Bristot town Cornwall town Ferrisburg town Goshen town Granville town Hancock town Leicester town Lincoln town Middlebury town Middlebury CDP Monkton town New Haven town
3 769 3 712 98.0 9 5 15 - 2 1 131 1 112 97.9 1 - 7 - 2 2 642 2 581 97.1 5 11 13 - - 225 218 96.0 1 1 2 - 1 300 294 97.0 1 4 - - - 379 369 96.6 - 2 2 - - 969 960 98.6 1 1 - 2 - - 969 960 98.6 1 1 - 2 - - 1199 1170 96.4 2 4 8 1 - 8099 7 625 93.2 85 23 144 2 11 6097 5 751 92.0 83 20 136 1 8 1 750 1 729 98.3 3 4 7 - - 1 652 1 625 97.5 4 10 - - - 1 175 1 167 98.5 1 1 5 -	26 21 9 8 32 31 1 1 1 6 6 6 5 5 14 12 119 108 98 88 8 7 7 13 13 1 1 15 12 8 6 13 10 3 3 40 37	Bristol town Cornwall town Ferrisburg town Goshen town Granville town Hancock town Leicester town Lincoln town Middlebury town Middlebury CDP Monkton town New Haven town
2 642 2 581 97.1 5 11 13 - - 225 218 96.0 1 1 2 - 1 300 294 97.0 1 4 - - - 379 369 96.6 - 2 2 - - 969 960 98.6 1 1 - - - 1199 1 170 96.4 2 4 8 1 - 8 009 7 625 93.2 85 23 144 2 11 6 097 5 751 92.0 83 20 136 1 8 1 750 1 729 98.3 3 4 7 - - - 1 652 1 625 97.5 4 10 - - - - 1 175 1 167 98.5 1 1 5 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	32 31 2 2 1 1 1 6 6 6 5 5 14 12 119 108 98 88 7 7 7 13 13 1 1 15 12 8 6 13 10 3 3	Ferrisburg town Goshen town Granville town Hancock town Leicester town Lincoln town Middlebury town Middlebury CDP Monkton town New Haven town
300	1 1 6 6 6 5 5 5 14 12 119 108 98 88 8 7 7 7 7 13 13 13 1 15 12 8 6 6 13 3 3 40 37	Goshen town Granville town Hancock town Leicester town Lincoln town Middlebury town Middlebury CDP Monkton town New Haven town
379 369 96.6 - 2 2 - - - 1 1 - 2 -<	6 6 6 5 5 14 12 119 108 98 88 87 7 7 13 13 13 1 1 15 12 8 6 6 13 10 3 3 40 37	Hancock town Leicester town Lincoln town Middlebury town Middlebury CDP Monkton town New Haven town
1 199 1 170 96.4 2 4 8 1 - 8 009 7 625 93.2 85 23 144 2 11 6 097 5 751 92.0 83 20 136 1 8 1 750 1 729 98.3 3 4 7 - - 1 652 1 625 97.5 4 10 - - - 1 175 1 167 98.5 1 1 5 - - 681 660 96.8 - 5 1 - - 553 540 97.1 1 1 2 - 1 1 087 1 070 98.2 - 1 1 3 - - 1 216 1 199 98.1 7 3 4 - - 1 894 1 831 96.5 4 5 13 1 - 2 661 2 528 92.2 52 5 10 - - 478 473 98.7 2 - 3 - - 377 370 97.4 1 - 1 - - </td <td>14 12 119 108 98 88 7 7 7 13 13 1 1 1 15 12 8 6 13 10 3 3 40 37</td> <td>Lincoln town Middlebury town Middlebury CDP Monkton town New Haven town</td>	14 12 119 108 98 88 7 7 7 13 13 1 1 1 15 12 8 6 13 10 3 3 40 37	Lincoln town Middlebury town Middlebury CDP Monkton town New Haven town
6 097 5 751 92.0 83 20 136 1 8 1 750 1 729 98.3 3 4 7 - - 1 652 1 625 97.5 4 10 - - - 1 175 1 167 98.5 1 1 5 - - - 681 660 96.8 - 5 1 -	98 88 7 7 7 13 13 13 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Middlebury CDP Monkton town New Haven town
1 750 1 729 98.3 3 4 7 - - 1 652 1 625 97.5 4 10 - - - 1 175 1 167 98.5 1 1 5 - - 681 660 96.8 - 5 1 - - 553 540 97.1 1 1 2 - 1 1 087 1 070 98.2 - 1 1 3 - - 1 216 1 199 98.1 7 3 4 - - 1 894 1 831 96.5 4 5 13 1 - 2 661 2 528 92.2 52 5 10 - - 478 473 98.7 2 - 3 - - 478 473 98.7 2 - 4 - - 377 370 97.4 1 - 1 - - 36 650 35 916 97.1 149 69 226 4 34 2 386 2 348 98.0 6 2 10 2 -	7 7 13 13 1 1 15 12 8 6 13 10 3 3 40 37	Monkton town New Haven town
1 175 1 167 98.5 1 1 5 - - 681 660 96.8 - 5 1 - - 553 540 97.1 1 1 2 - 1 1 087 1 070 98.2 - 1 3 - - 1 216 1 199 98.1 7 3 4 - - 1 894 1 831 96.5 4 5 13 1 - 2 661 2 528 92.2 52 5 10 - - 478 473 98.7 2 - 3 - - 811 801 97.2 2 - 4 - - 377 370 97.4 1 - 1 - - 36 650 35 916 97.1 149 69 226 4 34 2 386 2 348 98.0 6 2 10 2 - 1077 1 045 96.8 6 1 8 2 - 15 581 15 153 96.3 98 38 150 2 16	1 1 15 12 8 6 13 10 3 3 40 37	
553 540 97.1 1 1 2 - 1 1 087 1 070 98.2 - 1 3 - - 1 216 1 199 98.1 7 3 4 - - 1 894 1 831 96.5 4 5 13 1 - 2 661 2 528 92.2 52 5 10 - - 478 473 98.7 2 - 3 - - 811 801 97.2 2 2 - 4 - - 377 370 97.4 1 - 1 - - - 36 650 35 916 97.1 149 69 226 4 34 2 386 2 348 98.0 6 2 10 2 - 1077 1 045 96.8 6 1 8 2 -	8 6 13 10 3 3 40 37	
1 087 1 070 98.2 - 1 3 - - 1 216 1 199 98.1 7 3 4 - - 1 894 1 831 96.5 4 5 13 1 - 2 661 2 528 92.2 52 5 10 - - 478 473 98.7 2 - 3 - - 811 801 97.2 2 - 4 - - 377 370 97.4 1 - 1 - - 36 650 35 916 97.1 149 69 226 4 34 2 386 2 348 98.0 6 2 10 2 - 1 077 1 045 96.8 6 1 8 2 - 15 581 15 153 96.3 98 38 150 2 16 9 082 8 847 96.5 47 28 93 1 6 1 412 1 352 94.7 10 2 24 1 1	13 10 3 3 40 37	Panton town Ripton town
1 894 1 831 96.5 4 5 13 1 - 2 661 2 528 92.2 52 5 10 - - 478 473 98.7 2 - 3 - - 811 801 97.2 2 2 - 4 - - 377 370 97.4 1 - 1 - - 36 650 35 916 97.1 149 69 226 4 34 2 386 2 348 98.0 6 2 10 2 - 1 077 1 045 96.8 6 1 8 2 - 15 581 15 153 96.3 98 38 150 2 16 9 082 8 847 96.5 47 28 93 1 6 1 412 1 352 94.7 10 2 24 1 1	40 37	Salisbury town
2 661 2 528 92.2 52 5 10 - - 478 473 98.7 2 - 3 - - 811 801 97.2 2 - 4 - - 377 370 97.4 1 - 1 - - 36 650 35 916 97.1 149 69 226 4 34 2 386 2 348 98.0 6 2 10 2 - 1 077 1 045 96.8 6 1 8 2 - 15 581 15 153 96.3 98 38 150 2 16 9 082 8 847 96.5 47 28 93 1 6 1 412 1 352 94.7 10 2 24 1 1		Shoreham town Starksboro town
811 801 97.2 2 - 4 - - 377 370 97.4 1 - 1 - - 36 650 35 916 97.1 149 69 226 4 34 2 386 2 348 98.0 6 2 10 2 - 1 077 1 045 96.8 6 1 8 2 - 15 581 15 153 96.3 98 38 150 2 16 9 082 8 847 96.5 47 28 93 1 6 1 412 1 352 94.7 10 2 24 1 1		Vergennes city
36 650 35 916 97.1 149 69 226 4 34 2 348 98.0 6 2 10 2 - 1 1077 1 045 96.8 6 1 8 2 - 1 15 581 15 153 96.3 98 38 150 2 16 9 082 8 847 96.5 47 28 93 1 6 1 412 1 352 94.7 10 2 24 1 1	4 4	Waltham town Weybridge town
2 386 2 348 98.0 6 2 10 2 - 1 077 1 045 96.8 6 1 8 2 - 15 581 15 153 96.3 98 38 150 2 16 9 082 8 847 96.5 47 28 93 1 6 1 412 1 352 94.7 10 2 24 1 1	5 4	Whiting town
1 077 1 045 96.8 6 1 8 2 - 15 581 15 153 96.3 98 38 150 2 16 9 082 8 847 96.5 47 28 93 1 6 1 412 1 352 94.7 10 2 24 1 1		Bennington County
9 082 8 847 96.5 47 28 93 1 6 1 412 1 352 94.7 10 2 24 1 1	18 18 15 15	Arlington town Arlington CDP (part)
1 412 1 352 94.7 10 2 24 1 1 1	124 115 60 55	Bennington town Bennington CDP
	22 22	North Bennington village
226 214 922 9 - 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1 1 6	Old Bennington village Dorset town
16 15 93.8 1 144 143 99.3 1	1 1	Glastenbury town Landgrove town
4 107 4 038 96.6 16 6 12 - 8	27 22	Manchester town
590 584 97.0 1 - 2 - 1 2 032 1 994 96.6 5 6 4 - 7	2 - 16 14	Manchester village Manchester Center CDP
413 404 97.1 1 3 545 3 470 97.5 10 15 20 - 5	8 5 25 23	Peru town Pownal town
800 795 98.3 - 2 1	2 2	Readsboro town
697 695 98.7 - 1 1 352 343 97.2 3 - 3	3 3	Rupert town Sandgate town
96 96 100.0 3 733 3 694 98.1 7 2 11	19 18	Searsburg town
772 762 98.7 4	6 6	Shaftsbury town South Shaftsbury CDP
811 799 98.3 - 2 3 845 835 98.2 1 - 8	7 4 1 1	Stamford town Sunderland town
119 119 100.0 683 673 95.9 1 - 1 - 1	- 8 8	Arlington CDP (part) Winhall town
413 406 98.1 1 - 3	3 3	Woodford town
29 501 28 812 97.0 82 160 110 2 32		Caledonia County
1 684	17 17 20 18	Barnet town Burke town
359 355 97.5 - 4 2 201 2 181 98.6 4 5 3	- 8 8	West Burke village Danville town
873 842 96.1 - 11 2	18 18	Groton town
3 161 3 099 97.6 2 26 3 - 3 449 433 95.0 2	28 25 14 14	Hardwick town Kirby town
5 424 5 313 97.5 12 27 33 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1	36 34 9 9	Lyndon town Lyndonville village
468 464 98.7 - 3 1 658 649 97.6 3 1 2	3 3	Newark town Peacham town
1 148 1 129 98.2 1 5 4 - -	9 8	Ryegate town
7 482 7 239 95.6 37 48 47 1 4 6 234 6 021 95.3 28 45 41 1 4	106 103 94 91	St. Johnsbury town St. Johnsbury CDP
716 698 96.0 - 4 2	12 11	Sheffield town
997 975 97.4 - 2 2 - 10	8 3	Stannard town Sutton town
780 768 98.2 4 1 1 101 1 085 98.3 3	7 6 13 13	Walden town Waterford town
621 606 97.6 - 2 1 - 8	4 4	Wheelock town
	1 790 1 441	Chittenden County
12 12 100.0	9 8	Bolton town Buels gore
38 343 35 570 91.5 673 170 1 029 8 82 3 544 3 480 97.5 6 2 21 - 10	811 598 25 24	Burlington city Charlotte town
16 797 16 255 95.7 105 28 266 6 13	124 106	Colchester town
18 468 17 651 94.8 163 36 417 1 19 8 493 8 139 94.7 58 21 202 - 10	181 166 63 56	Essex town Essex Junction village
4 306 4 228 97.4 6 8 22 1 2 1 1 854 1 810 97.3 7 3 9 -	39 35 25 24	Hinesburg town Huntington town
4 959 4 844 96.6 33 6 28 4 6	38 38	Jericho town
1 448 1 408 96.6 12 5 7 4 1 9 420 9 255 97.6 19 36 32 2 8	11 11 68 61	Jericho village Milton town
1 528	40	Milton village
690 678 97.1 4 1	13 10 30 26	
6 884 6 733 97.0 16 6 69 - 12 15 622 14 704 93.0 120 27 527 2 40	13 10 30 26 7 7 48 44	Richmond town St. George town Shelburne town

Table 3. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

_For information on confidentiality protection, nons	ampling error, a	Race										
0141				One i	race			Tv	wo or more race	s		
State County County Subdivision Place	Total		Black or African	American Indian and Alaska		Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific	Some		Percent of total popu-	Two races excluding Some other race, and three or	Hispanic or Latino (of	
	population	White	American	Native	Asian	Islander	other race	Number	lation	more races	any race)	
Chittenden County—Con. Underhill town	2 980	2 935	8	4	6		9	18	0.6	16	21	
Westford town	2 086	2 047	7	2	9	-	3	18	0.9	18	21	
Williston town	7 650 6 561	7 455 5 941	38 82	11 34	92 354	1 3	8 35	45 112	0.6 1.7	34 87	73 75	
						•						
Essex County	6 459 8	6 237 8	11	41	17		15 -	138	2.1	111	32	
Avery's gore	261	249	-	4	- 1	-	-	- 7	(X)	- 6	-	
Bloomfield town	1 260	1 199	2	13	6		1	39	2.7 3.1	24	4	
Island Pond CDP Brunswick town	849 107	800 106	1	9	5	-	-	34	4.0	20	1	
Canaan town	1 078	1 033	2	9	1	-	-	33	3.1	32	3	
Concord town East Haven town	1 196 301	1 163 292	4	-	3	-	11 1	19	1.6 0.3	16 1	15 2	
Ferdinand town	33	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Granby town	86 268	85 255		-	1	-	1	1 11	1.2 4.1	1 9	2	
Lemington town Lewis town	107	101	-	-	-	-	-	6	5.6 (X)	1	-	
Lunenburg town	1 328	1 299	1	9	1	-	-	18	1.4	18	5	
Maidstone town Norton town	105 214	102 207	1 -	1 5	1 -	-	-	2	0.9	2	-	
Victory town	97	95	-	-	-	-	1	1	1.0	1	1	
Warner's grant	10	10			-		-	-	(X)	-	-	
Franklin County	45 417	43 627	138	684	118	11	95	744	1.6	677	270	
Bakersfield town	1 215	1 189	3	2	1	-	-	20	1.6	15	-	
Berkshire town Enosburg town	1 388 2 788	1 354 2 671	8	7 49	- 8	-	- 6	19 50	1.4 1.8	19 49	7 20	
Enosburg Falls village	1 473 3 765	1 426 3 680	2	15 12	3 11	-	2 4	25 38	1.7 1.0	25 37	18 25	
Fairfax townFairfield town	1 800	1 746	20	16	2	3	5	28	1.6	26	23	
Fletcher town	1 179 1 268	1 141 1 221	2	9 23	4 3	- 1	4	21 18	1.8 1.4	18 18	4	
Georgia town	4 375	4 301	11	7	11	i	10	34	0.8	31	25	
Highgate town	3 397 992	3 157 961	1 2	143 7	5	1	7	83 21	2.4 2.1	83 21	5 5	
Richford town	2 321 7 650	2 268 7 334	8 30	22 92	1 27	2	4 35	18 130	0.8 1.7	14 105	16 69	
St. Albans city	5 086	7 334 4 931	20	38	17	-	35 8	72	1.4	64	34	
Sheldon town	1 990 6 203	1 898 5 775	3 26	46 211	28	2	- 11	41 151	2.1 2.4	34 143	9 27	
Swanton village	2 548	2 325	9	110	25	-	7	72	2.8	69	14	
Grand Isle County	6 901	6 722	10	60	16	3	2	88	1.3	83	29	
Alburg town	1 952 488	1 887 468	-	38 12	3 1	-	-	24	1.2 1.4	21 7	4	
Grand Isle town	1 955	1 907	4	6	7	-	-	31	1.6	29	11	
Isle La Motte town North Hero town	488 810	477 790	2	6 2	1 -	3	-	13	0.8 1.6	13	5	
South Hero town	1 696	1 661	4	8	5	-	2	16	0.9	16	9	
Lamoille County	23 233 294	22 608	76	104	87	7	29	322	1.4	279	180	
Belvidere town	3 186	293 3 075	8	18	4	-	2	1 79	0.3 2.5	64	24	
Cambridge village	235 568	221 557	2	:	-	-	-	12 11	5.1 1.9	11 9	5	
Eden town	1 152	1 101	2	15	1	5	-	28	2.4	28	14	
Elmore town	849 2 847	835 2 783	15	1 15	3 11		1 -	9 23	1.1 0.8	9 23	4 22 2	
Hyde Park village	415 3 274	409 3 162	4 20	- 14	1 22	-	10	1 46	0.2 1.4	1 43	2 24	
Johnson village	1 420	1 358	13	1	19	-	4	25	1.8	24	15	
Morristown town	5 139 2 009	5 011 1 948	18 15	18 7	24 18		6	62 18	1.2 0.9	53 17	40 14	
Stowe town	4 339 697	4 231 678	12	16 3	19	-	10	51	1.2 2.0	36	46	
Waterville town	1 456	1 439	1	4	2 1	2	-	14	0.6	13 9	5	
Orange County	28 226	27 666	68	76	99	10	38	269	1.0	219	165	
Bradford town	2 619 815	2 559 794	12 7	12 3	6	4	-	26 7	1.0 0.9	22 6	16 6	
Braintree town	1 194	1 175	-	4	2	2	3	8	0.7	8	6	
Brookfield town	1 222 1 250	1 193 1 226	2 2	2 9	12 1	-	4	13	1.1 0.6	12 6	1 5	
Corinth town	1 461	1 443	3	3	-	-	2	10	0.7	3	15	
Fairlee town Newbury town	967 1 955	943 1 905	2 6	1 13	5 4	-	2	14 27	1.4 1.4	11 27	8	
Newbury village	396 325	393 324	- 1	2	-	-	-	1	0.3	1	2	
Orange town	965	951	-	1	2	-	5	6	0.6	3	15	
Randolph town	4 853 1 045	4 745 1 029	10 2	7	29 3	4	1 1	57 10	1.2 1.0	52 10	26 5	
Thetford town	2 617 1 142	2 550 1 127	12 4	6	15 7	-	5	29	1.1 0.1	23	12 6	
Topsham town Tunbridge town	1 309	1 296	3	1	2	-	-	7	0.5	5	13	
Vershire town	629 1 047	618 1 018	2 5	1 -	2 2	-	3	3 19	0.5 1.8	3	2 7	
West Fairlee town	726	717	1 2	4 9	3 4	-	1 8	31	-	24	25	
Williamstown town	3 225	3 171	2	9	4	-	8	31	1.0	24	25	

Table 3. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

_			1	One race				Two or mor	e races	State
Total	White	Percent of total popu- lation	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Total	Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races	County County Subdivision Place
						iolaliadi	curer rade			Chittenden County—Con.
2 959 2 065	2 922 2 032	98.1 97.4	8 5	4 2	6 9	-	4	15 17	15 17	
7 577 6 486	7 392 5 902	96.6 90.0	35 80	11 33	92 354	1 2	3 7	43 108	33 86	Williston town Winooski city
						_	-			-
6 427 8	6 218 8	96.3 100.0	11 -	41	17 -	-	4 -	136	111	Averill town
261	249	(X) 95.4	-	4	1	-	-	7	- 6	Avery's gore Bloomfield town
1 256 848	1 195 799	94.8 94.1	2 1	13 9	6 5	-	1	39 34	24 20	Brighton town Island Pond CDP
107 1 075	106 1 030	99.1 95.5	1 2	9	- 1	-	-	33	32	Brunswick town Canaan town
1 181	1 158	96.8	-	-	3	-	3	17	16	Concord town
299 33	291 33	96.7 100.0	4 -	-	3 -	-	-	1 -	1 -	East Haven town Ferdinand town
86 266	85 254	98.8 94.8	-	-	1	-	-	1 11	1 9	Granby town Guildhall town
107	101	94.4 (X)	-	-	-	-	-	6	1	Lemington town Lewis town
1 323	1 294	97.4	1	9	1	-	-	18	18	Lunenburg town
105 214	102 207	97.1 96.7	1 -	1 5	1 -	-	-	2	2	Maidstone town Norton town
96	95	97.9 (X)	-	-	-	-	-	1 -	1 -	Victory town Warner's grant
10	10	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Warren's gore
5 147 1 215	43 434 1 189	95.6 97.9	134 3	680 2	118	10	48	723 20	671	
1 381	1 347	97.0	8	7	1 -	-	-	19	15 19	Berkshire town
2 768 1 455	2 652 1 409	95.1 95.7	4 2	49 15	8	-	5 1	50 25	49 25	Enosburg town Enosburg Falls village
3 740 1 777	3 659 1 729	97.2 96.1	20	12 16	11 2	3	- 1	38 26	37 25	Fairfax town Fairfield town
1 175	1 138	96.5	-	9	4 3	- 1	4	20	17	Fletcher town
1 267 4 350	1 220 4 288	96.2 98.0	2 10	23 7	11	1	1	18 32	18 31	Franklin town Georgia town
3 392 987	3 154 957	92.8 96.5	1 2	142 7	5	1 -	6	83 21	83 21	Highgate town Montgomery town
2 305 7 581	2 254 7 281	97.1 95.2	8 30	22 91	1 27	- 1	2 24	18 127	14 104	Richford town St. Albans city
5 052	4 909	96.5	20	38	17	-	-	68	63	St. Albans town
1 981 6 176	1 895 5 762	95.2 92.9	3 23	45 210	28	2 1	5	36 147	34 141	Sheldon town Swanton town
2 534	2 316	90.9	9	110	25	-	2	72	69	Swanton village
6 872 1 948	6 698 1 883	97.1 96.5	9 -	60 38	15 3	3 -	-	87 24	82 21	Alburg town
488 1 944	468 1 897	95.9 97.0	4	12 6	1 6	-	-	7 31	7 29	Alburg village Grand Isle town
488 805	477 786	97.7 97.0	2	6 2	1 -	3	-	4 12	4 12	Isle La Motte town North Hero town
1 687	1 655	97.6	3	8	5	-	-	16	16	
3 053	22 481	96.8	72	98	86	2	14	300 1	274	
293 3 162	292 3 059	99.3 96.0	8	18	4	-	1	72	1 63	
235 563	221 553	94.0 97.4	2	-	-	-	-	12 10	11 9	Cambridge village Jeffersonville village
1 138 845	1 092 833	94.8 98.1	2	15 1	1 2	-	-	28 9	28 9	
2 825 413	2 766 409	97.2 98.6	12 2	14	11 1	-	-	22 1	22 1	
3 250	3 146	96.1	19	11	22	-	7	45	43	Johnson town
1 405 5 099	1 347 4 979	94.9 96.9	12 18	1 18	19 24	-	1 -	25 60	24 53	
1 995 4 293	1 937 4 202	96.4 96.8	15 12	7 14	18 19	-	6	18 40	17 33	Morrisville village Stowe town
697 1 451	678 1 434	97.3 98.5	1	3 4	2	2	-	14	13	Waterville town
8 061	27 533	97.5	64	71	94	10	25	264		Orange County
2 603 809	2 547 790	97.3 96.9	12	11 3	4 2	4	-	25 7	22 6	Bradford town
1 188	1 171	98.1	7	4	2	2	2	7	7	Braintree town
1 221 1 245	1 192 1 222	97.5 97.8	2 2	2 9	12 1	-	4	13 7	12 6	Chelsea town
1 446 959	1 428 935	97.7 96.7	3 2	3 1	- 5	-	2 2	10 14	3 11	
1 952 394	1 902 391	97.3 98.7	6	13 2	4	-	-	27 1	27 1	Newbury town
325	324	99.7	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	Wells River village
950 4 827	940 4 725	97.4 97.4	- 8	1 7	2 27	4	1 -	6 56	3 52	Randolph town
1 040 2 605	1 024 2 543	98.0 97.2	2 10	- 6	3 15	-	1 2	10 29	10 23	Strafford town
1 136 1 296	1 122 1 284	98.2 98.1	4 3	3	6 2	-	-	1 6	1 5	Topsham town
627	616	97.9	2	1	2	-	3	3	3	Vershire town
1 040 726	1 013 717	96.8 98.8	5 1	4	2	-	1 1	19 -	9	Washington town West Fairlee town
3 200	3 152	97.7	2	5	4	-	6	31	24	Williamstown town

Table 3. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

						Race							
State				One	race			T	wo or more race	s			
County										Two races			
County Subdivision Place				American		Native			_	excluding			
Flace			Black or	Indian and		Hawaiian and Other			Percent of total	Some other race, and	Hispanic or		
	Total		African	Alaska		Pacific	Some		popu-	three or	Latino (of		
	population	White	American	Native	Asian	Islander	other race	Number	lation	more races	any race)		
Orleans County	26 277	25 532	97	172	78	4	34	360	1.4	309	190		
Albany town	840 165	819 159	2 2	5	-	1		13	1.5 2.4	9	2		
Barton town	2 780	2 707	9	11	5	-	2	46	1.7	38	8		
Barton village Orleans village	742 826	715 808	3	5 3	4	-	2	17 10	2.3 1.2	14 7	3		
Brownington town	885	859	4	11	2	-	3	6		5	4		
Charleston town	895	863	-	12	3	-	-	17	1.9	10	4		
Coventry town	1 014 1 136	990 1 099	3	10 1	1 5	-		10 27	1.0 2.4	8 26	9		
Derby town	4 604	4 492	13	22	13	1	5	58		52	31		
Derby Center village	670 776	653 751	1 3	3 7	2 5	-	-	11 10	1.6 1.3	10 9	4		
Derby Line village	966	931	2	9	2	-	3	19		10	6		
Greensboro town	770	742	1	6	Ī.	-		21	2.7	20	5		
Holland town	588 1 077	570 1 062	3	12 8	1	- 1	1 2	1 3	0.2 0.3	1	1 3		
Jay town	426	418	-	2	2	-	-	4	0.9	2	4		
Lowell town	738 669	723 657	9 2	5 4	- 1	-	- 1	1 4	0.1 0.6	- 4	9		
Morgan town Newport city	5 005	4 812	38	31	31		11	82		78	64		
Newport town	1 511	1 471	4	11	4	1	-	20	1.3	17	8		
Troy town	1 564 593	1 536 585	1 -	6	4 2	-	3 -	14	0.9 0.5	13 3	5		
Westfield town	503	483	2	1	1	-	3	13	2.6	12	8		
Westmore town	306	298	-	5	2	-	-	1	0.3	1	-		
Rutland County	63 400	62 214	209	144	245	16	107	465		384	442		
Benson town	1 039 3 917	1 007 3 872	7 4	4 7	3 6	-	2	16 28		15 22	9		
Brandon CDP	1 684	1 658	1	4	2	-	-	19		13	3		
Castleton town	4 367	4 279	4	14	25	1	21	23		15	47		
Chittenden town	1 182 2 811	1 164 2 757	2 8	9	2 16	1	6	13 15		12 12	3 14		
Danby town	1 292	1 273	-	7	3	-	-	9	0.7	8	8		
Fair Haven townFair Haven CDP	2 928 2 435	2 867 2 385	10 6	6 5	9	-	13 13	23 18		21 17	24 21		
Hubbardton town	752	719	10	3	3	1	7	9		3	12		
Ira town	455	454	-	Ī.	1	-	-		-				
Killington town	1 095 1 028	1 069 1 010	4	1	7 8	-	-	14 10		11 8	10 2		
Middletown Springs town	823	805	4	4	3	-	2	5	0.6	5	4		
Mount Holly town Mount Tabor town	1 241 203	1 216 202	2	2	2	-	2	17	1.4	16	2		
Pawlet town	1 394	1 378	4	9	-	-	-	3	0.2	3	11		
Pittsfield town	427	420	-	-	1	-	-	6		5	2		
Pittsford town	3 140 3 633	3 111 3 530	7 25	2 17	6 32	-	9	14 20	0.4 0.6	14 17	13 21		
Poultney village	1 575	1 506	19	5	28	-	3	14	0.9	13	11		
Proctor town	1 877 17 292	1 859 16 912	3 76	2 42	1 74	1 9	1 22	10 157	0.5 0.9	6 136	11 156		
Rutland town	4 038	3 984	15	2	13	-	5	19		11	30		
Shrewsbury town	1 108	1 089	2	- 1	3	-	10	4	0.4	2	14		
Sudbury town	583 567	578 549	2	8	2		1	7	0.2 1.2	6	2		
Wallingford town	2 274	2 248	3	-	5	1	1	16		11	12		
Wallingford CDP	948 1 121	938 1 106	4	- 1	3	-	4	7 6	0.7 0.5	6	6 11		
West Haven town	278	273	2	-	1	-	-	2	0.7	2	1		
West Rutland town	2 535 2 263	2 483 2 214	11 11	2	19 17	1	1	18 18		16 16	11		
West Rutiand ODF	2 203	2214			17			10	0.8	10	9		
Washington County	58 039	56 326	274	175	330	7	152	775	1.3 0.9	670	732		
Barre city	9 291 7 602	9 049 7 486	45 14	35 7	48 22		30 14	83 59		56 54	156 115		
Graniteville-East Barre CDP	2 136	2 084	5	3	9	-	7	28		26	37		
South Barre CDP Berlin town	1 242 2 864	1 228 2 773	3 5	7	3 15	-	1	7 63		7 61	34 19		
Cabot town	1 213	1 164	1	3	4	-	3	38	3.1	33	8		
Cabot village	239 1 529	221 1 469	1 5	4	3	-	2 6	15 42		15 37	1 6		
Duxbury town	1 289	1 264	2	2	7	-	3		0.9	11	7		
East Montpelier town	2 578	2 485	20	18	10	1	1	43		40	29		
Fayston town	1 141 1 496	1 121 1 449	6 11	2 2	1 6	-	3	11 25	1.0 1.7	10 21	11 10		
Marshfield village	262	257	-	-	1	-	-	4	1.5	4	2		
Middlesex town Montpelier city	1 729 8 035	1 689 7 758	6 52	10 19	4 66	1	31	20 108		17 94	7 113		
Moretown town	1 653	1 623	-	2	13	-	2	13		13	11		
Northfield town	5 791 3 208	5 525	59 57	21	77 62	-	25 22	84	1.5	64 42	128		
Northfield village Plainfield town	1 286	2 996 1 240	10	11 11	62	-	5	60 14		10	106 18		
Roxbury town	576	542	3	6	-	-	1	24	4.2	18	7		
Waitsfield town	1 659 1 681	1 613 1 647	16 3	4	8 4	1	5 1	12 20		10 19	20 17		
Waterbury town	4 915	4 807	13	6	32	-	13	44	0.9	42	33		
Waterbury village	1 706	1 660	4	3	15	-	7	17		17	10 9		
Woodbury town	809 902	741 881	3	5 5	4	3 -	5 3	48 13		48 12	8		
Windham County	44 216 340	42 764 331	223	97 1	348 5	16	141 1	627 2	1.4 0.6	507 2	493 6		
Brattleboro town	12 005	11 292	136	31	201	5	66	274	2.3	220	201		
Brattleboro CDP	8 289	7 711	112	23	163	2	50 15	228		180	148		
West Brattleboro CDP	3 222	3 102	24	8	30	3	15	40	1.2	34	46		

Table 3. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

1	For information	on confidentiality pro									
r					One race				Two or mo	ore races	State
	Total	White	Percent of total popu- lation	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race		Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races	County County Subdivision Place
	26 087 838	25 398 817	96.7 97.3	88	170 5	75	4	7		305 9	Orleans County
	165 2 772	159 2 706	96.4 97.3	2 8	- 11	- - 5	-	-	4 42	4 37	Albany village
	739	715	96.4	2	5	-	-	-	17	14	Barton village
	823 881	808 858	97.8 96.9	1 4	3 11	4 2	-	-	7 6	7 5	Brownington town
	891 1 005	860 982	96.1 96.8	2	12 10	2 1	-	-	17 10	10 8	Coventry town
	1 123 4 573	1 086 4 472	95.6 97.1	4 11	1 22	5 12	1	-	27 55	26 51	Derby town
	666 775	649 750	96.9 96.6	1 3	3 7	2 5	-	-	11 10	10 9	
	960 765	929 740	96.2 96.1	2 1	9 4	2	-	1 -	17 20	10 20	
	587 1 074	569 1 061	96.8 98.5	3	12 8	1	- 1	1	1 3	1	Holland town
	422 729	414 716	97.2 97.0	- 7	2 5	2	-	-	4	2	
	663 4 941	652 4 759	97.5 95.1	2 38	4 31	1 30	-	- 5	4	4 76	Morgan town
	1 503	1 466	97.0	1	11	4	1	-	20	17	Newport town
	1 559 593	1 534 585	98.1 98.7	1	6	4 2	-	-	14	13	North Troy village
	495 306	479 298	95.2 97.4	2 -	1 5	1 2	-	-	12	12 1	Westfield town Westmore town
	62 958	61 913	97.7	194	133	241	15	25		377	
	1 030 3 909	1 001 3 866	96.3 98.7	7 4	3 7	3 6	-	-	16 26	15 22	
	1 681 4 320	1 657 4 251	98.4 97.3	1 4	4 14	2 25	- 1	- 4	17 21	13 14	
	1 179 2 797	1 161 2 748	98.2 97.8	2 8	6	2 16	1	- 4	13	12 12	Chittenden town
	1 284 2 904	1 266 2 859	98.0 97.6	- 8	7 6	3	-	-	8 22	8 21	Danby town
	2 414	2 378	97.7	6	5	8	- - 1	- - 7	17	17	Fair Haven CDP
	740 455	711 454	94.5 99.8	6	3	3 1	-	-	-	3	Ira town
	1 085 1 026	1 063 1 008	97.1 98.1	4	1 -	7 8	-		10 10	10 8	Mendon town
	819 1 239	802 1 214	97.4 97.8	4 2	4 2	3 2	-	1 2	5 17	5 16	Mount Holly town
	203 1 383	202 1 368	99.5 98.1	4	1 9	-	-	-	2	2	
	425 3 127	418 3 098	97.9 98.7	7	2	1 6	-	-	6 14	5 14	
	3 612 1 564	3 520 1 499	96.9 95.2	24 18	17 5	31 28	-	2	18 14	17 13	Poultney town
	1 866 17 136	1 849 16 796	98.5 97.1	3 71	2 35	1 74	1 9	2	10	6 132	Proctor town
	4 008 1 094	3 965 1 084	98.2 97.8	15 2	2	12 2	-	- 2	14	11	Rutland town
	579 565	576 547	98.8 96.5	1	1	- 2	-	-	1 7	1 6	Sudbury town
	2 262	2 240	98.5	2	8 -	5	1	-	14	11	Wallingford town
	942 1 110	932 1 099	98.3 98.0	4	1	3	-	-	7 6	6	Wells town
	277 2 524	272 2 475	97.8 97.6	2 10	2	1 18	1	-	2 18	2 16	West Rutland town
	2 254	2 207	97.5	10	1	17	1	-	18	16	
	57 307 9 135	55 778 8 931	96.1 96.1	261 45	158 32	327 48	7 1	61 6		52	
	7 487 2 099	7 390 2 058	97.2 96.3	13 4	7 3	22 9	-	2	53 25	51 24	
	1 208 2 845	1 195 2 755	96.2 96.2	3 5	- 7	3 15	-	-	7 63	7 61	
	1 205 238	1 162 221	95.8 92.5	1	2	4	-	1	35 15	31 15	Cabot town
	1 523 1 282	1 468 1 258	96.0 97.6	4 2	4 2	3 7	-	4 2	40	35 11	Calais town
	2 549	2 467	95.7	18 3	11 2	10	1	-	42 11	39 10	East Montpelier town
	1 130 1 486	1 113 1 441	97.5 96.3	11	2	1 5		3	24	21	Marshfield town
	260 1 722	256 1 682	97.7 97.3	- 6	10	4	-	-	4 20	4 17	Middlesex town
	7 922 1 642	7 667 1 616	95.4 97.8	50 -	19 1	66 13	1 -	19	12	91 12	Moretown town
	5 663 3 102	5 432 2 922	93.8 91.1	56 54	19 10	77 62	-	5 3		61 39	
	1 268 569	1 227 540	95.4 93.8	10 3	10 5	6	-	4		8 14	Plainfield town
	1 639 1 664	1 601 1 631	96.5 97.0	15 3	3 6	6 4	1	2		10 19	Waitsfield town
	4 882 1 696	4 784 1 652	97.3 96.8	13 4	6	32 15	-	10	37	37 16	Waterbury town
	800	739	91.3	3	5 5	4	3	- 2	46	46	Woodbury town
	894	874	96.9	-			-			12	
	43 723 334	42 452 326	96.0 95.9	210	92 1	342 5	14	47	2	469 2	Athens town
	11 804 8 141	11 189 7 637	93.2 92.1	127 106	29 21	199 161	4	22 21	194	196 162	Brattleboro CDP
	3 176	3 077	95.5	21	8	30	3	1	36	30	West Brattleboro CDP

Table 3. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

						Race					
State				One ra	ace	<u> </u>		Two	o or more race	s	
County County Subdivision Place	Total population	White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Number	Percent of total popu- lation	Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races	Hispanic or Latino (of any race)
Windham County—Con.											
Brookline town	467 1 410	464 1 377	1	1	15	-	2 5	12	0.9	- 6	3 17
Dover town	1 915	1 883	1		12		1	12	0.9	13	17
Grafton town	649	644	-	_	2	_	-	3	0.5	3	5
Guilford town	2 046	1 986	1	5	10	-	8	36	1.8	33	14
Halifax town	782	761	-	-	2	-	-	19	2.4	18	9
Jamaica town	946	931	-	1	4	-	1	9	1.0	9	2
Londonderry town	1 709 978	1 685 942	2 2	4 2	8 10	4	7	10 11	0.6 1.1	9	8
Marlboro town	1 680	942 1 648	3	5	2	2	1	19	1.1	17	16
Newfane village	116	113	-	-	-	-	i	2	1.7	2	1
Putney town	2 634	2 519	27	13	20	1	8	46	1.7	29	41
Rockingham town	5 309	5 170	18	5	29	3	14	70	1.3	57	61
Bellows Falls village	3 165	3 079	11	5	16	1	7	46	1.5	36	36
Saxtons River village	519	511 5	-	-	3	-	1	4	0.8	2	7
Somerset town	136	134	-	-	- :	- :		2	1.5	1	4
Townshend town	1 149	1 124	3	2	3		9	8	0.7	8	8
Vernon town	2 141	2 111	6	4	3	1	-	16	0.7	16	18
Wardsboro town	854	841	3	4	1	-	-	5	0.6	5	5
Westminster town	3 210	3 137	13	9	7	-	11	33	1.0	30	22
North Westminster village	271 276	258 276	-	-	-	-	4	9	3.3	9	4
Westminster village	1 298	1 288	1	4	- :	- :		5	0.4	4	9
Jacksonville village	237	234		2	-	-	-	1	0.4	1	3
Wilmington town	2 225 328	2 176 315	5 1	6	13 1	-	4 3	21 8	0.9 2.4	13 8	21 4
Windsor County	57 418	56 107	191	134	362	17	85	522	0.9	442	468
Andover town	496	488	-	2	2	-	1	3	0.6	3	2
Baltimore town	250	245	1	1	1	-		2	0.8	2	1
Barnard town	958 1 968	943 1 925	5	1 2	3 7	- 1	1	10 27	1.0 1.4	9 22	4 29
Bethel town	980	965	5	3	5	1	- 1	7	0.7	6	29
Cavendish town	1 470	1 438	1	2	12	-	2	15	1.0	14	14
Chester town	3 044	3 006	10	3	7	-	1	17	0.6	15	21
Chester-Chester Depot CDP	999	985	6	1	2	-	-	5	0.5	3	6
Hartford town	10 367	10 058	57	32	91	3	17	109	1.1	94	88
White River Junction CDP	2 569 1 636	2 480 1 581	15 6	11 9	18	2	1	44 20	1.7 1.2	38 14	15 15
Wilder CDP Hartland town	3 223	3 177	4	9 5	15 14	2	3 2	20 19	0.6	14	20
Ludlow town	2 449	2 410	5	4	10	-	5	15	0.6	12	6
Ludlow village	958	936	3	1	4	-	5	9	0.9	9	3
Norwich town	3 544	3 401	17	7	57	1	22	39	1.1	33	28
Plymouth town	555	551	2	-	-		-	2	0.4	2	
Pomfret town	997 707	978 696	1 3	-	5 1	4	-	9 7	0.9 1.0	8 7	14 7
Reading town	1 171	1 153	2		2		[]	14	1.0	13	14
Royalton town	2 603	2 530	20	11	20	-	-	22	0.8	15	23
Sharon town	1 411	1 371	8	6	9	-	-	17	1.2	16	14
Springfield town	9 078	8 860	22	13	70	5	16	92	1.0	78	65
Springfield CDP	3 938	3 813	15	6	47	3	9	45	1.1	37	46
Stockbridge town	674 2 788	663 2 748	4 2	3 8	3 7	1	-	23	0.8	21	3 20
Weathersfield town	142	2 748 141	1	8 -	-	-	-	23	0.8	21	20
Weston town	630	611	2	6	4	-	-	7	1.1	7	11
West Windsor town	1 067	1 049	3	3	2	_	-	10	0.9	9	17
Windsor town	3 756	3 671	9	15	10	-	9	42	1.1	30	40
Woodstock town	3 232	3 170	13	7	20	-	8	14	0.4	12	26
Woodstock village	977	961	2	1	7	-	2	4	0.4	2	10

Table 3. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

[For information o	n confidentiality pro	tection, nonsan	npling error, and							
				Not Hispanic o	r Latino					
				One race				Two or mo	re races	State
Total	White	Percent of total popu- lation	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Total	Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races	County County Subdivision Place
										Windham County—Con.
464 1 393 1 904 644 2 032 773 944 1 701	462 1 365 1 875 639 1 979 760 929 1 677 935	98.9 96.8 97.9 98.5 96.7 97.2 98.2 98.1 95.6	- 1 1 - 1 - 2 2	1 - - 5 - 1 4	15 12 2 10 2 4 8	-	1 - - 5 - 1 - - 6	12 16 3 32 11 9	- 6 12 3 31 10 9 9	Dummerston town Grafton town Guilford town Halifax town Jamaica town Londonderry town
1 664 115 2 593	1 636 113 2 490	95.6 97.4 97.4 94.5	2 3 - 24	2 5 - 11	10 2 - 20	4 1 - 1	1 1 3	11 16 1 44	16 1 29	Newfane town Newfane village
5 248 3 129 512 5	5 124 3 050 505 5	96.5 96.4 97.3 100.0	18 11 -	5 5 - -	27 15 3	3 1 -	1 1 - -	70 46 4	57 36 2 -	Rockingham town Bellows Falls village Saxtons River village Somerset town
132 1 141 2 123 849	130 1 122 2 094 838	95.6 97.7 97.8 98.1	2 6 3	2 4 4	3 2 1	- - 1 -	4	2 8 16 3	8 16 3	Townshend town Vernon town Wardsboro town
3 188 267 276 1 289	3 126 258 276 1 279	97.4 95.2 100.0 98.5	13 - - 1	9 - - 4	7 - - -	- - -	- - -	33 9 - 5	30 9 - 4	North Westminster village Westminster village Whitingham town
234 2 204 324	231 2 161 311	97.5 97.1 94.8	5 1	2 5 -	12 1	- - -	3	1 21 8	1 13 8	
56 950 494 249	55 764 486 244	97.1 98.0 97.6	180 - 1	123 2 1	354 2 1	13 - -	37 1 -	479 3 2	424 3 2	Andover town Baltimore town
954 1 939 979 1 456	940 1 902 964 1 426	98.1 96.6 98.4 97.0	- 5 - 1	1 2 3 2	3 7 5 12	1 - -	- - -	10 22 7 15	9 22 6 14	Bethel town Bridgewater town Cavendish town
3 023 993 10 279 2 554	2 986 979 9 997 2 471	98.1 98.0 96.4 96.2	10 6 54 15	3 1 32 11	7 2 88 18	3	- - 7	17 5 98 39	15 3 89 34	Chester-Chester Depot CDP Hartford town
1 621 3 203 2 443 955	1 573 3 163 2 405 934	96.1 98.1 98.2 97.5	6 4 5 3	9 3 4 1	14 14 10 4	2 2 -	1 1 4 4	16 16 15 9	14 14 12 9	Wilder CDP Hartland town Ludlow town Ludlow village
3 516 555 983 700	3 387 551 969 692	95.6 99.3 97.2 97.9	17 2 1	7 - -	57 - 5 1	1 - -	11 - - -	36 2 8 7	32 2 8 7	Plymouth town Pomfret town Reading town
1 157 2 580 1 397 9 013	1 139 2 514 1 359 8 815	97.3 96.6 96.3 97.1	2 20 8 22	- 11 6 12	2 20 8 66	- - - 5	- - - 4	14 15 16 89	13 10 16 75	Rochester town Royalton town Sharon town
3 892 671 2 768 142	3 782 660 2 729 141	96.0 97.9 97.9 99.3	15 4 2 1	6 3 8	43 3 7	3 1 -	1	42 - 22	34 - 20	Springfield CDP Stockbridge town
619 1 050 3 716	607 1 036 3 647	96.3 97.1 97.1	2 - 7	1 3 12	4 2 10	-	3	5 9 37	5 8 30	Weston town West Windsor town Windsor town
3 206 967	3 146 952	97.3 97.4	13 2	7 1	20 7	-	6	14 4	12 2	

Table 4. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000

_[For information on confidentiality protection, nons.	ampling error, a	and deminions, s	see textj			Race					
				One r	ace			Tv	vo or more race	s	
State County Place and County Subdivision	Total population	White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Number	Percent of total popu- lation	Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races	Hispanic or Latino (of any race)
The State	608 827	589 208	3 063	2 420	5 217	141	1 443	7 335	1.2	6 134	5 504
COUNTY											
Addison County Bennington County Caledonia County Chittenden County Essex County Franklin County Grand Isle County Lamoille County Orlange County Orlange County Description	35 974 36 994 29 702 146 571 6 459 45 417 6 901 23 233 28 226 26 277	34 844 36 161 28 954 139 446 6 237 43 627 6 722 22 608 27 666 25 532	196 155 87 1 328 11 138 10 76 68 97	93 74 163 403 41 684 60 104 76 172	264 228 111 2 914 17 118 16 87 99 78	10 5 3 32 - 11 3 7 10 4	104 76 67 498 15 95 2 29 38 34	463 295 317 1 950 138 744 88 322 269 360	1.3 0.8 1.1 1.3 2.1 1.6 1.3 1.4 1.0	391 248 291 1 523 111 677 83 279 219 309	397 344 201 1 561 32 270 29 180 165 190
Rutland County Washington County Windham County Windsor County	63 400 58 039 44 216 57 418	62 214 56 326 42 764 56 107	209 274 223 191	144 175 97 134	245 330 348 362	16 7 16 17	107 152 141 85	465 775 627 522	0.7 1.3 1.4 0.9	384 670 507 442	442 732 493 468
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION											
Addison town, Addison County Albany village, Orleans County Albany town, Orleans County Albury tillage, Grand Isle County Alburg town, Grand Isle County Andover town, Windsor County Arlington CDP, Bennington County Arlington town, Bennington County Athens town, Windsom County Averill town, Essex County Avery's gore, Essex County Bakersfield town, Franklin County	1 393 165 840 488 1 952 496 1 199 2 397 340 8	1 371 159 819 468 1 887 488 1 166 2 351 331 8	2 2 2 - - 6 6 6	3 - 5 12 38 2 1 2 1 - -	5 - 1 3 2 8 10 5	2 - 1 - - 2 2 2 - -	- - - 1 1 5 5 1	10 4 13 7 24 3 15 21 2 -	0.7 2.4 1.5 1.4 1.2 0.6 1.3 0.9 0.6 	10 4 9 7 21 3 15 21 2 -	8 - 2 - 4 2 3 11 6 - -
Baltimore town, Windsor County Barnard town, Windsor County Barnet town, Caledonia County Barre city, Washington County Barre town, Washington County Barton tillage, Orleans County Barton town, Orleans County Bellows Falls village, Windham County Belvidere town, Lamoille County Bennington CDP, Bennington County Bennington town, Bennington County Benson town, Rutland County	250 958 1 690 9 291 7 602 742 2 780 3 165 294 9 168 15 737 1 039	245 943 1 635 9 049 7 486 715 2 707 3 079 293 8 899 15 258 1 007	1 - 12 45 14 3 9 11 - 47 99 7	1 1 17 35 7 5 11 5 - 29 40 4	1 3 8 48 22 - 5 16 - 93 150 3	1 1 - - 1 1 1 3	- 1 1 30 14 2 2 7 7 - 24 35 2	2 10 17 83 59 17 46 46 1 75 152	0.8 1.0 1.0 0.9 0.8 2.3 1.7 1.5 0.3 0.8 1.0	2 9 17 56 54 14 38 36 1 60 126	1 4 6 156 115 3 8 36 1 1 86 156
Berkshire town, Franklin County Berlin town, Washington County Bethel town, Windsor County Bloomfield town, Essex County Bolton town, Chittenden County Bradford village, Orange County Bradford town, Orange County Braintree town, Orange County Brandon CDP, Rulland County Brandon town, Rulland County Brandon town, Rulland County Brattleboro town, Windham County	1 388 2 864 1 968 261 971 815 2 619 1 194 1 684 3 917 12 005	1 354 2 773 1 925 249 953 794 2 559 1 175 1 658 3 872 11 292	8 5 5 - 1 7 12 - 1 4 136	7 7 2 4 4 3 12 4 4 7 31	15 7 1 2 4 6 2 2 6	- - 1 - - - 4 2 - - 5	1 1 1 - 2 2 - 3 3 -	19 63 27 7 9 7 26 8 19 28 274	1.4 2.2 1.4 2.7 0.9 0.9 1.0 0.7 1.1 0.7 2.3	19 61 22 6 8 6 22 8 13 22 220	7 19 29 - 3 6 16 6 3 8 201
Brattleboro CDP, Windham County Bridgewater town, Windsor County Bridport town, Addison County Brighton town, Essex County Bristol town, Addison County Brookfield town, Orange County Brookfield town, Windham County Brownington town, Orleans County Brunswick town, Essex County Buels gore, Chittenden County Burke town, Caledonia County	8 289 980 1 235 1 260 3 788 1 222 467 885 107 12 1 571	7 711 965 1 214 1 199 3 728 1 193 464 859 106 12	112 - - 2 9 2 - 4 1 1	23 3 3 13 5 2 1 11 -	163 5 5 6 15 12 - 2	2 - - - - - - - - -	50 - - 1 1 4 - 2 3 3 - - 6	228 7 13 39 27 13 - 6 - 23	2.8 0.7 1.1 3.1 0.7 1.1 - 0.7	180 6 11 24 21 12 - 5 - 18	148 1 1 4 19 1 3 4 -
Burlington city, Chittenden County Cabot village, Washington County Cabot town, Washington County Calais town, Washington County Cambridge village, Lamoille County Cambridge town, Lamoille County Canaan town, Essex County Castleton town, Rutland County Cavendish town, Windsor County Charleston town, Orleans County Charleston town, Chittenden County	38 889 239 1 213 1 529 235 3 186 1 078 4 367 1 470 895 3 569	35 883 221 1 164 1 469 221 3 075 1 033 4 279 1 438 863 3 495	693 1 1 5 2 8 2 4 1 - 7	182 - 3 4 - 18 9 14 2 2 12	1 031 - 4 3 - 4 1 25 12 3 21	8 - - - - - - 1 1 -	211 2 3 6 - 2 2 1 2 1 16	881 15 38 42 12 79 33 23 15 17 28	2.3 6.3 3.1 2.7 5.1 2.5 3.1 0.5 1.0 0.8	636 15 33 37 11 64 32 15 14 10 24	546 1 8 6 - 24 3 47 14 4 25
Chelsea town, Orange County Chester town, Windsor County Chester-Chester Depot CDP, Windsor County Chittenden town, Rutland County Clarendon town, Rutland County Colchester town, Chittenden County Concord town, Essex County Corinth town, Orange County Cormwall town, Addison County Coventry town, Orleans County Craftsbury town, Orleans County	1 250 3 044 999 1 182 2 811 16 986 1 196 1 461 1 136 1 014 1 136	1 226 3 006 985 1 164 2 757 16 397 1 163 1 443 1 116 990 1 099	2 10 6 2 8 107 - 3 1 3 4	9 3 1 - 9 29 - 3 - 10 1	1 7 2 2 16 268 3 - 7 1 5	- - 1 1 - 6 - - -	4 1 - - 6 43 11 2 3	8 17 5 13 15 136 19 10 9 10 27	0.6 0.6 0.5 1.1 0.5 0.8 1.6 0.7 0.8 1.0 2.4	6 15 3 12 12 114 16 3 8 8 26	5 21 6 3 14 189 15 15 5 9

Table 4. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

				One race				Two or mor	e races	
Total	White	Percent of total popu- lation	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Total	Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races	
603 323	585 431	96.2	2 921	2 325	5 160	120	557	6 809	5 897	The State
35 577 36 650 29 501 145 010 6 427 45 147 6 872 23 053 28 061 26 087	34 612 35 916 28 812 138 422 6 218 43 434 6 698 22 481 27 533 25 398	96.2 97.1 97.0 94.4 96.3 95.6 97.1 96.8 97.5	184 149 82 1 283 11 134 9 72 64	90 69 160 380 41 680 60 98 71	254 226 110 2 901 17 118 15 86 94 75	8 4 2 28 - 10 3 2 10 4	17 34 32 206 4 48 - 14 25 7	412 252 303 1 790 136 723 87 300 264 345	227 285 1 441 111 671 82 274 218	Grand Isle County
62 958 57 307 43 723 56 950	61 913 55 778 42 452 55 764	97.7 96.1 96.0 97.1	194 261 210 180	133 158 92 123	241 327 342 354	15 7 14 13	25 61 47 37	437 715 566 479		
										PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION
1 385 165 838 488 1 948 494 1 196 2 386 334 8	1 364 159 817 468 1 883 486 1 164 2 348 326 8	97.9 96.4 97.3 95.9 96.5 98.0 97.1 98.0 95.9 100.0 (X) 97.9	2 2 2 - - - 6 6 - - - 3	2 - 5 12 38 2 1 2 1 - -	5 - 1 3 2 8 10 5 - 1	2 2 2	1	10 4 13 7 24 3 15 18 2	4 9 7 21 3 15 18 2	Alburg village, Grand Isle County Alburg town, Grand Isle County Andover town, Windsor County Arlington CDP, Bennington County Arlington town, Bennington County
249 954 1 684 9 135 7 487 739 2 772 3 129 293 9 082 15 581 1 030	244 940 1 631 8 931 7 390 715 2 706 3 050 292 8 847 15 153 1 001	97.6 98.1 96.5 96.1 97.2 96.4 97.3 96.4 99.3 96.5 96.3 96.3	1 - 12 45 13 2 8 11 - 47 98 7	1 16 32 7 5 11 5 - 28 38 3	1 3 8 48 22 - 5 15 - 93 150 3	- - 1 - - 1 - 1 2	- - - 6 2 - - 1 - 6 16 -	2 10 17 72 53 17 42 46 1 60 124	52 51 14 37 36 1 55	Barnard town, Windsor County Barnet town, Caledonia County Barre city, Washington County Barre town, Washington County Barton village, Orleans County Barton town, Orleans County
1 381 2 845 1 939 261 968 809 2 603 1 188 1 681 3 909 11 804	1 347 2 755 1 902 249 952 790 2 547 1 171 1 657 3 866 11 189	97.0 96.2 96.6 95.4 98.0 96.9 97.3 98.1 98.4 98.7 93.2	8 5 5 1 7 12 - 1 4 127	7 7 2 4 4 3 11 4 4 7 29	15 7 1 2 2 4 2 4 2 6 199	- 1 - - 4 2 - - 4	2 2 22	19 63 22 7 9 7 25 7 17 26 234	61 22 6 8 6 22 7 13 22	Bolton town, Chittenden County Bradford village, Orange County Bradford town, Orange County
8 141 979 1 234 1 256 3 769 1 221 464 881 107 12 1 554	7 637 964 1 214 1 195 3 712 1 192 462 858 106 12 1 518	92.1 98.4 98.3 94.8 98.0 97.5 98.9 96.9 99.1 100.0 96.6	106 - - 2 9 2 - 4 1 1 - 4	21 3 2 13 5 2 1 11 -	161 5 5 6 15 12 - 2 - 3	1	21	194 7 13 39 26 13 - 6	6 11 24 21 12 - 5 -	Brighton town, Essex County Bristol town, Addison County Brookfield town, Orange County Brookline town, Windham County
38 343 238 1 205 1 523 235 3 162 1 075 4 320 1 456 891 3 544	35 570 221 1 162 1 468 221 3 059 1 030 4 251 1 426 860 3 480	91.5 92.5 95.8 96.0 94.0 96.0 95.5 97.3 97.0 96.1 97.5	673 1 1 4 2 8 2 4 1 1	170 - 2 4 - 18 9 14 2 12 2	1 029 - 4 3 - 4 1 25 12 2 21	8 - - - - - 1 1 - -	82 1 1 4 - 1 - 4 - 10	811 15 35 40 12 72 33 21 15 17 25		Calais town, Washington County Cambridge village, Lamoille County Cambridge town, Lamoille County Canaan town, Essex County Castleton town, Rutland County Cavendish town, Windsor County Charleston town, Orleans County
1 245 3 023 993 1 179 2 797 16 797 1 181 1 446 1 131 1 005	1 222 2 986 979 1 161 2 748 16 255 1 158 1 428 1 112 982	97.8 98.1 98.0 98.2 97.8 95.7 96.8 97.7 97.9	2 10 6 2 8 105 - 3 1 2	9 3 1 - 6 28 - 3	1 7 2 2 16 266 3 - 7	- - 1 - 6 - -	4 13 3 2 2	7 17 5 13 15 124 17 10 9	15 3 12 12 106	Chittenden town, Rutland County Clarendon town, Rutland County Colchester town, Chittenden County Concord town, Essex County Corinth town, Orange County Cornwall town, Addison County

Table 4. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

_[For information on confidentiality protection, nons	ampling error, a	ind delimitions,	see textj			Race		1			
State				One	race			Tv	wo or more race	s	
County Place and County Subdivision	Total population	White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Number	Percent of total popu- lation	Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races	Hispanic or Latino (of any race)
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.	population	vviite	American	Nauve	Asiaii	isianuei	other race	Number	lation	more races	any race)
Danby town, Rutland County Danville town, Caledonia County Derby town, Orleans County Derby Center village, Orleans County Derby Line village, Orleans County Dorset town, Bennington County Dover town, Windham County Dummerston town, Windham County Duxbury town, Washington County East Haven town, Essex County East Montpelier town, Washington County	1 292 2 211 4 604 670 776 2 036 1 410 1 915 1 289 301 2 578	1 273 2 191 4 492 653 751 1 2 015 1 377 1 883 1 264 292 2 485	4 13 1 3 9 1 1 1 2 4 20	7 5 22 3 7 1 - - 2 2 - 18	3 3 13 2 5 3 15 12 7 3 10	- - 1 - - - - - 1	- 5 - - 2 5 1 1 3 1	9 8 58 11 10 6 12 18 11 1 1	0.7 0.4 1.3 1.6 1.3 0.3 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9	8 8 52 10 9 4 6 13 11 1 1 40	8 10 31 4 1 8 17 11 7 2 29
Eden town, Lamoille County Elmore town, Lamoille County Enosburg town, Franklin County Enosburg Falls village, Franklin County Essex town, Chittenden County Essex Junction village, Chittenden County Fairfax town, Franklin County Fairfield town, Franklin County Fair Haven town, Rutland County Fair Haven CDP, Rutland County Fairlee town, Orange County	1 152 849 2 788 1 473 18 626 8 591 3 765 1 800 2 928 2 435 967	1 101 835 2 671 1 426 17 763 8 209 3 680 1 746 2 867 2 385 943	2 - 4 2 164 59 20 - 10 6 2	15 1 49 15 36 21 12 16 6 5	1 3 8 3 419 203 11 2 9 8 5	5 - - 4 - - 3 3	1 6 2 40 25 4 5 13 13	28 9 50 25 200 74 38 28 23 18	2.4 1.1 1.8 1.7 1.1 0.9 1.0 0.8 0.7	28 9 49 25 172 61 37 26 21 17	14 4 20 18 158 98 25 23 24 21 8
Fayston town, Washington County Ferdinand town, Essex County Ferrisburg town, Addison County Fletcher town, Franklin County Franklin town, Franklin County Georgia town, Franklin County Glastenbury town, Bennington County Glover town, Orleans County Goshen town, Addison County Grafton town, Windham County Granby town, Essex County	1 141 33 2 657 1 179 1 268 4 375 16 966 227 649 86	1 121 33 2 595 1 141 1 221 4 301 15 931 219 644 85	6 - 5 2 11 - 2 1 1 -	2 - 111 9 23 7 - 9 1 1 -	1 - 13 4 3 11 - 2 2 2	- - - 1 1 - - -	- 1 4 - 10 - 3 2 -	11 - 32 21 18 34 1 19 2 3	1.0 1.2 1.8 1.4 0.8 6.3 2.0 0.9 0.5 1.2	10 - 31 18 18 31 1 10 2 3 3	11 - 15 4 1 25 - 6 2 5
Grand Isle town, Grand Isle County Graniteville-East Barre CDP, Washington County Granville town, Addison County Greensboro town, Orleans County Groton town, Caledonia County Guildhall town, Essex County Guilford town, Windham County Halifax town, Windham County Hancock town, Addison County Hardwick town, Caledonia County Hartford town, Windsor County	1 955 2 136 303 770 876 268 2 046 782 382 3 174 10 367	1 907 2 084 295 742 845 255 1 986 761 369 3 107 10 058	4 5 1 1 - - 1 1 - 2 57	6 3 4 6 11 - 5 - 2 2 26 32	7 9 - 1 10 2 3 3 91	- - 1 - - - - - 3	- 7 - 2 1 8 - 2 6 17	31 28 2 21 18 11 36 19 6 30	1.6 1.3 0.7 2.7 2.1 4.1 1.8 2.4 1.6 0.9	29 26 1 20 18 9 33 18 6 27 94	11 37 3 5 3 2 14 9 3 13 88
Hartland town, Windsor County Highgate town, Franklin County Hinesburg town, Chittenden County Holland town, Orleans County Hubbardton town, Rutland County Huntington town, Chittenden County Hyde Park village, Lamoille County Hyde Park town, Lamoille County Ira town, Rutland County Irasburg town, Orleans County Island Pond CDP, Essex County	3 223 3 397 4 340 588 752 1 861 415 2 847 455 1 077 849	3 177 3 157 4 249 570 719 1 814 409 2 783 454 1 062 800	4 1 6 3 10 7 4 15 -	5 143 9 12 3 3 - 15 - 8 9	14 5 22 1 3 9 1 1 11 1 1 5	2 1 1 1 1	2 7 7 1 7 3 3 - - 2	19 83 46 1 9 25 1 23 - 3	0.6 2.4 1.1 0.2 1.2 1.3 0.2 0.8 - 0.3 4.0	14 83 38 1 3 24 1 23 - 3 20	20 5 34 1 12 7 2 22 22
Isle La Motte town, Grand Isle County Jacksonville village, Windham County Jamaica town, Windham County Jay town, Orleans County Jeffersonville village, Lamoille County Jericho town, Chittenden County Jericho town, Chittenden County Johnson village, Lamoille County Johnson town, Lamoille County Killington town, Rutland County Kirby town, Caledonia County	488 237 946 426 568 1 457 5 015 1 420 3 274 1 095 456	477 234 931 418 557 1 411 4 887 1 358 3 162 1 069 438	- - 12 34 13 20 4	6 2 1 2 - 5 7 1 14 1	1 - 4 2 - 7 28 19 22 7	- - - 4 4 - -	- - 1 - - 5 15 4 10 - 2	4 1 9 4 11 13 40 25 46 14	0.8 0.4 1.0 0.9 1.9 0.9 0.8 1.8 1.4 1.3	4 1 9 2 9 11 38 24 43 11	3 2 4 5 9 56 15 24 10 7
Landgrove town, Bennington County Leicester town, Addison County Lemington town, Essex County Lewis town, Essex County Lincoln town, Addison County Londondery town, Windham County Lowell town, Orleans County Ludlow village, Windsor County Ludlow town, Windsor County Lunenburg town, Essex County	144 974 107 - 1 214 1 709 738 958 2 449 1 328	143 964 101 - 1 184 1 685 723 936 2 410 1 299	- 2 - - 2 2 9 3 5	1 - - 4 4 5 1 1 4 9	1 - - 8 8 - 4 10	2 - - 1 1 - -	- - - - - 5 5	- 5 6 - 15 10 1 9 15	0.5 5.6 (X) 1.2 0.6 0.1 0.9 0.6 1.4	- 5 1 - 13 9 - 9 12 18	5 - 15 8 9 3 6 5
Lyndon town, Caledonia County Lyndonville village, Caledonia County Maidstone town, Essex County Manchester village, Bennington County Manchester town, Bennington County Manchester Center CDP, Bennington County Marboro town, Windham County Marshfield village, Washington County Marshfield town, Washington County Mendon town, Rutland County	5 448 1 227 105 602 4 180 2 065 978 262 1 496 1 028	5 326 1 188 102 593 4 091 2 018 942 257 1 449 1 010	14 4 1 1 16 5 2 - 11	27 10 1 - 7 7 2 - 2	34 13 1 2 13 4 10 1 6 8	1 - - - - 4 - -	9 3 - 4 18 12 7 - 3	37 9 - 2 35 19 11 4 25	0.7 0.7 - 0.3 0.8 0.9 1.1 1.5 1.7	35 9 - 29 16 6 4 21 8	24 11 - 12 73 33 8 2 10

Table 4. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

Li or information o	on confidentiality pro	occuon, nonsal	mpining error, an	Not Hispani	•					
				One race		I		Two or m	ore races	State
Total	White	Percent of total popu- lation	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some		Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races	County Place and County Subdivision
										PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.
1 284 2 201 4 573 666 775 2 028 1 393 1 904 1 282 299 2 549	1 266 2 181 4 472 649 750 2 009 1 365 1 875 1 258 291 2 467	98.0 98.6 97.1 96.9 96.6 98.7 96.8 97.9 97.6 96.7	4 11 1 3 7 1 1 2 4 18	7 5 22 3 7 1 - - 2 - 11	3 3 12 2 5 3 15 12 7 3 10	1 - - - - - -	2	8 8 8 55 11 10 6 6 12 16 11 1 1 42	10 9 4 6 12 11	Danville town, Caledonia County Derby town, Orleans County Derby Center village, Orleans County Derby Line village, Orleans County Dorset town, Bennington County Dover town, Windham County Dummerston town, Windham County
1 138 845 2 768 1 455 18 468 8 493 3 740 1 777 2 904 2 414 959	1 092 833 2 652 1 409 17 651 8 139 3 659 1 729 2 859 2 378 935	94.8 98.1 95.1 95.7 94.8 94.7 97.2 96.1 97.6 97.7	2 - 4 2 163 58 20 - 8 6	15 1 49 15 36 21 12 16 6 5	1 2 8 3 417 202 11 2 9 8 8	- 1 - - 3 -	10	25 181 63 38 26 22 17	9 49 25 166 56 37 25 21	Enosburg town, Franklin County Enosburg Falls village, Franklin County Essex town, Chittenden County Essex Junction village, Chittenden County Fairfax town, Franklin County Fairfield town, Franklin County
1 130 33 2 642 1 175 1 267 4 350 16 960 225 644 86	1 113 33 2 581 1 138 1 220 4 288 15 929 218 639 85	97.5 100.0 97.1 96.5 96.2 98.0 93.8 96.2 96.0 98.5 98.8	3 - 5 - 2 10 - 2 1 1	2 - 111 9 23 7 - 9 9 1	1 - 13 4 3 11 - 2 2 2	-	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	11 - 322 20 188 32 1 177 2 3	- 31 17 18 31 1	Glastenbury town, Bennington County Glover town, Orleans County Goshen town, Addison County Grafton town, Windham County
1 944 2 099 300 765 873 266 2 032 773 3 79 3 161 10 279	1 897 2 058 294 740 842 254 1 979 760 369 3 099 9 997	97.0 96.3 97.0 96.1 96.1 94.8 96.7 97.2 96.6 97.6	4 4 1 1 - - 1 1 - 2 54	6 3 4 4 11 - 5 5 - 2 2 26 32	6 9 - - 1 10 2 2 2 3 88	- - - - - -	2 2 -	11	18 9	Graniteville-East Barre CDP, Washington County Granville town, Addison County Greensboro town, Orleans County Groton town, Caledonia County Guildhall town, Essex County Guilford town, Windham County Halífax town, Windham County Hancock town, Addison County Hardwick town, Caledonia County
3 203 3 392 4 306 587 740 1 854 413 2 825 455 1 074 848	3 163 3 154 4 228 569 711 1 810 409 2 766 454 1 061 799	98.1 92.8 97.4 96.8 94.5 97.3 98.6 97.2 99.8 98.5 94.1	4 1 6 3 6 7 2 12 -	3 142 8 12 3 3 - 14 - 8 9	14 5 22 1 3 9 1 1 11 1 1 5	2 1 1 1 - - - - 1	6 2 1 7 -		35 1 3 24 1 22 - 3	Highgate town, Franklin Counfy Hinesburg town, Chittenden County Holland town, Orleans County Hubbardton town, Rutland County Huntington town, Chittenden County Hyde Park village, Lamoille County Hyde Park town, Lamoille County Ira town, Rutland County
488 234 944 422 563 1 448 4 959 1 405 3 250 1 085 449	477 231 929 414 553 1 408 4 844 1 347 3 146 1 063 433	97.7 97.5 98.2 97.2 97.4 96.6 96.6 94.9 96.1 97.1	- - - 12 33 12 19 4 2	6 2 1 2 5 6 1 11 1 1	1 - 4 2 - 7 28 19 22 7	- - 4 4 - -	1	4 1 9 4 10 11 38 25 45 10	2 9 11 38 24 43 10	Jacksonville village, Windham County Jamaica town, Windham County Jay town, Orleans County Jeffersonville village, Lamoille County Jericho village, Chittenden County Jericho town, Chittenden County
144 969 107 - 1 199 1 701 729 955 2 443 1 323	143 960 101 - 1 170 1 677 716 934 2 405 1 294	99.3 98.6 94.4 (X) 96.4 98.1 97.0 97.5 98.2 97.4	1 - - 2 2 2 7 3 5	- 1 - 4 4 5 5 1 1 4 9	1 - - 8 8 8 - 4 10	2 - - 1 - -	-	5 6 - 14 10 1 1 9 15 18	- 12 9 - 9 12	
5 424 1 216 105 590 4 107 2 032 970 260 1 486 1 026	5 313 1 181 102 584 4 038 1 994 935 256 1 441 1 008	97.5 96.3 97.1 97.0 96.6 96.6 95.6 97.7 96.3 98.1	12 3 1 1 16 5 2 - 11	27 10 1 1 - 6 6 2 - 2	33 13 1 2 12 4 10 - 5	- - - - 4 -	- - 1 8	9 - 2 27 16 11 4	22	Lýndonville village, Caledonia Ćounty Maidstone town, Essex County Manchester village, Bennington County Manchester town, Bennington County Manchester Center CDP, Bennington County Marboro town, Windham County Marshfield village, Washington County Marshfield town, Washington County

Table 4. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

	ampling error, a	and deminions, s	see textj			Race					
				One	race			Tv	wo or more race	s	
State County Place and County Subdivision	Total population	White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Number	Percent of total popu- lation	Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races	Hispanic or Latino (of any race)
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.	population	VVIIILE	American	Nauve	Asiaii	isiander	Other race	Number	lation	more races	any race)
Middlebury CDP, Addison County Middlebury town, Addison County Middlesex town, Washington County Middlesex town, Washington County Milton Springs town, Rutland County Milton town, Chittenden County Monkton town, Addison County Montgomery town, Franklin County Montpelier city, Washington County Moretown town, Washington County Moretown town, Washington County Morgan town, Orleans County	6 252 8 183 1 729 823 1 537 9 479 1 759 992 8 035 1 653 669	5 826 7 714 1 689 805 1 499 9 299 1 735 961 7 758 1 623 657	87 89 6 4 5 20 3 2 52 - 2	20 23 10 4 6 38 4 7 19 2	142 153 4 3 11 32 7 - 66 13	1 2 2 1	50 54 - 2 3 16 1 1 31 2	126 148 20 5 13 72 9 21 108 13	1.2 0.6 0.8 0.5 2.1 1.3 0.8	100 120 17 5 10 63 9 21 94 13	155 174 7 4 9 59 9 5 113 11
Morristown town, Lamoille County Morrisville village, Lamoille County Mount Holly town, Rutland County Mount Tabor town, Rutland County Newark town, Caledonia County Newbury village, Orange County Newbury town, Orange County Newfane village, Windham County Newfane town, Windham County New Haven town, Addison County New Haven town, Addison County Newport city, Orleans County	5 139 2 009 1 241 203 470 396 1 955 116 1 680 1 666 5 005	5 011 1 948 1 216 202 465 393 1 905 113 1 648 1 637 4 812	18 15 2 - 1 - 6 - 3 4 38	18 7 2 1 3 2 13 - 5 10 31	24 18 2 - 1 - 4 - 2 - 31		6 3 2 - - - 1 1 1	62 18 17 - 1 27 2 19 15 82	0.9 1.4 - 0.3 1.4 1.7 1.1 0.9	53 17 16 - 1 27 2 17 13 78	40 14 2 - 2 2 2 3 1 1 16 14 64
Newport town, Orleans County North Bennington village, Bennington County Northfield village, Washington County Northfield town, Washington County North Hore town, Grand Isle County North Troy village, Orleans County North Westminster village, Windham County Norton town, Essex County Norwich town, Windsor County Old Bennington village, Bennington County Orange town, Orange County	1 511 1 428 3 208 5 791 810 593 271 214 3 544 232 965	1 471 1 362 2 996 5 525 790 585 258 207 3 401 216 951	4 10 57 59 2 - - - 17 9	11 2 11 21 2 3 - 5 7 -	4 24 62 77 - 2 - - 57 2 2	1 2 - 3 - - - - -	2 22 25 - - 4 4 - 22 - 5	20 26 60 84 13 3 9 2 39 5 6	1.8 1.9 1.5 1.6 0.5 3.3 0.9 1.1 2.2	17 22 42 64 13 3 9 2 33 5 3	8 16 106 128 5 - 4 - 28 6 15
Orleans village, Orleans County Orwell town, Addison County Panton town, Addison County Pawlet town, Rutland County Peacham town, Caledonia County Perkinsville village, Windsor County Peru town, Bennington County Pittsfield town, Rutland County Pittsford town, Rutland County Pitainfield town, Washington County Plymouth town, Windsor County	826 1 185 682 1 394 665 142 416 427 3 140 1 286 555	808 1 176 661 1 378 656 141 407 420 3 111 1 240 551	1 1 - 4 3 1 - - 7 10 2	3 1 5 9 1 - - 2 2 11	4 5 1 - 2 - 1 1 6 6	-	- - - - - - 5	10 2 15 3 3 - 8 6 14 14 2	0.2 2.2 0.2 0.5 - 1.9 1.4 0.4	7 1 12 3 3 - 5 5 5 14 10 2	3 10 1 11 7 - 3 2 13 18
Pomfret town, Windsor County Poultney village, Rutland County Poultney town, Rutland County Pownal town, Bennington County Proctor town, Rutland County Protor town, Windham County Randolph town, Orange County Reading town, Windsor County Readsboro town, Bennington County Richford town, Franklin County Richmond town, Chittenden County	997 1 575 3 633 3 560 1 877 2 634 4 853 707 809 2 321 4 090	978 1 506 3 530 3 483 1 859 2 519 4 745 696 799 2 268 4 023	1 19 25 10 3 27 10 3 - 8	5 17 15 2 13 7 - 4 22 5	5 28 32 20 1 20 29 1 2 1 21	4 1	3 9 7 1 8 1 - - 4 3	9 14 20 25 10 46 57 7 4 18 35	0.9 0.6 0.7 0.5 1.7 1.2 1.0 0.5 0.8	8 13 17 23 6 29 52 7 2 14 28	14 11 21 15 11 41 26 7 9 16 34
Ripton town, Addison County Rochester town, Windsor County Rockingham town, Windham County Roxbury town, Washington County Royalton town, Windsor County Rupert town, Bennington County Rutland city, Rutland County Rutland town, Rutland County Ryegate town, Caledonia County St. Albans city, Franklin County St. Albans town, Franklin County	556 1 171 5 309 576 2 603 704 17 292 4 038 1 150 7 650 5 086	543 1 153 5 170 542 2 530 702 16 912 3 984 1 131 7 334 4 931	1 2 18 3 20 - 76 15 1 30 20	1 - 5 6 11 1 42 2 5 92 38	2 2 29 - 20 1 74 13 4 27	3 - - 9 - 2	1 - 14 1 - - 22 5 - 35 8	8 14 70 24 22 - 157 19 9 130 72	1.2 1.3 4.2 0.8 - 0.9 0.5 0.8 1.7	6 13 57 18 15 - 136 11 8 105 64	3 14 61 7 23 7 156 30 2 69 34
St. George town, Chittenden County St. Johnsbury CDP, Caledonia County St. Johnsbury town, Caledonia County Salisbury town, Addison County Sandgate town, Bennington County Saxtons River village, Windham County Searsburg town, Bennington County Shaftsbury town, Bennington County Sharon town, Windsor County Sheffield town, Caledonia County	698 6 319 7 571 1 090 353 519 96 3 767 1 411	685 6 081 7 303 1 070 344 511 96 3 719 1 371 709	4 30 39 - 3 3 - - 8 8	1 47 50 1 - - 2 6 4	41 47 3 3 3 - 11 9	2 2 2	17 17 2 - 1 1 - 6	8 101 113 14 3 4 - 21 17	1.6 1.5 1.3 0.8 0.8 - 0.6 1.2	7 94 106 10 3 2 - 18 16	8 85 89 3 1 7 - 34 14
Shelburne town, Chittenden County Sheldon town, Franklin County Shoreham town, Addison County Shrewsbury town, Rutland County Somerset town, Windham County South Barre CDP, Washington County South Burlington city, Chittenden County South Hero town, Grand Isle County South Shaftsbury CDP, Bennington County Springfield CDP, Windsor County	6 944 1 990 1 222 1 108 5 1 242 15 814 1 696 772 3 938	6 777 1 898 1 204 1 089 5 1 228 14 831 1 661 762 3 813	16 3 8 2 - 3 132 4 - 15	7 46 3 - - 29 8 -	70 - 4 3 - 3 530 5 4 47	2 - 2 - 3	22 - - 10 - - 1 65 2 - 9	52 41 3 4 - 7 225 16 6 45	2.1 0.2 0.4 - 0.6 1.4 0.9 0.8	46 34 3 2 - 7 170 16 6 37	60 9 6 14 - 34 192 9 -

Table 4. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

mormation on	confidentiality pro	otection, nonsar	inpling error, an	nd definitions, see te Not Hispanic o						
				One race				Two or mor	e races	
Total	White	Percent of total popu- lation	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Total	Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races	Place and County Subdivision
6 097 8 009 1 722 819 1 528 9 420 1 750 987 7 922 1 642 663	5 751 7 625 1 682 802 1 493 9 255 1 729 957 7 667 1 616 652	92.0 93.2 97.3 97.4 97.1 97.6 98.3 96.5 95.4 97.8	83 85 6 4 5 19 3 2 50 0	20 23 10 4 6 36 4 7 19 1	136 144 4 3 11 32 7 - 66 13	1 2 - - 2 - 1 1	8 11 - 1 - 8 - - 19	98 119 20 5 13 68 7 21 100 12 4	88 108 17 5 100 61 7 21 91 12	Middlebury town, Addison County Middlesex town, Washington County Middletown Springs town, Rutland County Mitton village, Chittenden County Milton town, Chittenden County Monkton town, Addison County Montgomery town, Franklin County Montpelier city, Washington County
5 099 1 995 1 239 203 468 394 1 952 115 1 664 1 652 4 941	4 979 1 937 1 214 202 464 391 1 902 113 1 636 1 625 4 759	96.9 96.4 97.8 99.5 98.7 97.3 97.4 97.5 95.1	18 15 2 - - 6 3 4 38	18 7 2 1 3 2 13 - 5 10 31	24 18 2 - 1 - 4 - 2 - 30		2 1 1 1 - 5	60 18 17 - - 1 1 27 1 16 13 78	53 17 16 - 1 27 1 16 13 76	Morrisville village, Lamoille County Mount Holly town, Rutland County Mount Tabor town, Rutland County Newark town, Caledonia County Newbury village, Orange County Newbury town, Orange County Newfane village, Windham County Newfane town, Windham County New Haven town, Addison County
1 503 1 412 3 102 5 663 805 593 267 214 3 516 226 950	1 466 1 352 2 922 5 432 786 585 258 207 3 387 214	97.0 94.7 91.1 93.8 97.0 98.7 95.2 96.7 95.6 92.2 97.4	1 10 54 56 2 - - 17 9	11 2 10 19 2 3 - 5 7 -	4 24 62 77 - 2 - 57 2 2	1 1 - - 3 - - - 1	- 1 3 5 - - - 11 1	20 22 51 74 12 3 9 2 36 1 6	17 22 39 61 12 3 9 2 32 32 1	North Bennington village, Bennington County Northfield village, Washington County Northfield town, Washington County North Hero town, Grand Isle County North Troy village, Orleans County North Westminster village, Windham County Norton town, Essex County
823 1 175 681 1 383 658 142 413 425 3 127 1 268 555	808 1 167 660 1 368 649 141 404 418 3 098 1 227 551	97.8 98.5 96.8 98.1 97.6 99.3 97.1 97.9 98.7 95.4 99.3	1 1 - 4 3 1 - - 7 7 10 2	3 1 5 9 1 - - 2 10	4 5 1 - 2 - 1 1 6 6	-		7 1 15 2 3 - 8 6 14 11 2	7 1 12 2 3 - 5 5 5 14 8 2	Pawlet town, Rutland County Peacham town, Caledonia County Perkinsville village, Windsor County Peru town, Bennington County Pittsfield town, Rutland County
983 1 564 3 612 3 545 1 866 2 593 4 827 700 800 2 305 4 056	969 1 499 3 520 3 470 1 849 2 490 4 725 692 795 2 254 4 002	97.2 95.2 96.9 97.5 98.5 94.5 97.4 97.9 98.3 97.1	1 18 24 10 3 24 8 - - 8 2	5 17 15 2 11 7 - 2 22 3	5 28 31 20 1 20 27 1 1 1 1	- - 1 1 4 - -	2 5 3 - 2 2 -	8 14 18 25 10 44 56 7 2 18 30	8 13 17 23 6 29 52 7 2 14 26	Poultney village, Rutland County Poultney town, Rutland County Pownal town, Bennington County Proctor town, Rutland County Putney town, Windham County Randolph town, Orange County Readsboro town, Bennington County Readsboro town, Bennington County
553 1 157 5 248 569 2 580 697 17 136 4 008 1 148 7 581 5 052	540 1 139 5 124 540 2 514 695 16 796 3 965 1 129 7 281 4 909	97.1 97.3 96.5 93.8 96.6 98.7 97.1 98.2 98.2 95.2 96.5	1 2 18 3 20 - 71 15 1 30 20	1 - 5 5 11 1 35 2 5 91 38	2 2 27 - 20 1 74 12 4 27	3 - - 9 - 1	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 4	8 14 70 20 15 - 149 14 9 127 68	11 8	Rochester town, Windsor County Rockingham town, Windham County Roxbury town, Washington County Royalton town, Windsor County Rupert town, Bennington County Rutland city, Rutland County Rutland town, Rutland County Ryegate town, Caledonia County St. Albans city, Franklin County
690 6 234 7 482 1 087 352 512 96 3 733 1 397 716	678 6 021 7 239 1 070 343 505 96 3 694 1 359 698	97.1 95.3 95.6 98.2 97.2 97.3 100.0 98.1 96.3 96.0	4 28 37 - 3 - 7 8	1 45 48 1 - - 2 6 4	41 47 3 3 3 3 - 11 8	1 1	4 4 2	7 94 106 13 3 4 - 19 16	7 91 103 10 3 2 - 18 16	St. Johnsbury CDP, Caledonia County St. Johnsbury town, Caledonia County Salisbury town, Addison County Sandgate town, Bennington County Saxtons River village, Windham County Searsburg town, Bennington County Sharon town, Windsor County Sharon town, Windsor County
6 884 1 981 1 216 1 094 5 1 208 15 622 1 687 772 3 892	6 733 1 895 1 199 1 084 5 1 195 14 704 1 655 762 3 782	97.0 95.2 98.1 97.8 100.0 96.2 93.0 97.6 98.7 96.0	16 3 7 2 - 3 120 3 - 15	6 45 3 - - 27 8 - 6	69 - 4 2 - 3 527 5 4 43	2 - - - - 2 - - 3	12 - - 2 - 40 - 1	48 36 3 4 - 7 202 16 6 42	44 34 3 2 - 7 153 16 6	Sheldon town, Franklin County Shoreham town, Addison County Shrewsbury town, Rutland County Somerset town, Windham County South Barre CDP, Washington County South Burlington city, Chittenden County South Hero town, Grand Isle County South Shaftsbury CDP, Bennington County

Table 4. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsa	ampling error, a	nd definitions, s	ee text]			Race					
	-			One r	ace			Tw	vo or more race	s	
State County Place and County Subdivision	Total population	White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Number	Percent of total popu- lation	Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races	Hispanic or Latino (of any race)
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.											
Springfield town, Windsor County	9 078 813 185	8 860 801 183	22 - 1	13 2	70 3	5 -	16 - 1	92 7 -	1.0 0.9	78 4 -	65 2 1
Starksboro town, Addison County	1 898 674 4 339	1 834 663 4 231	4 4 12	5 3 16	13 3 19	1 1 -	1 - 10	40 - 51	2.1 - 1.2	37 - 36	4 3 46
Strafford town, Orange County Stratton town, Windham County Sudbury town, Rutland County Sunderland town, Bennington County Sutton town, Caledonia County	1 045 136 583 850 1 001	1 029 134 578 840 977	2 - 2 1	- 1 - 2	3 - - 8 2	- - 1 - -	1 - - 12	10 2 1 1 8	1.0 1.5 0.2 0.1 0.8	10 1 1 1 1 3	5 4 4 5 4
Swanton village, Franklin County Swanton town, Franklin County Thetford town, Orange County Tinmouth town, Rutland County Topsham town, Orange County	2 548 6 203 2 617 567 1 142	2 325 5 775 2 550 549 1 127	9 26 12 - 4	110 211 6 8 3	25 28 15 2 7	- 1 - -	7 11 5 1	72 151 29 7 1	2.8 2.4 1.1 1.2 0.1	69 143 23 6	14 27 12 2 6
Townshend town, Windham County Troy town, Orleans County Tunbridge town, Orange County Underhill town, Chittenden County Vergennes city, Addison County	1 149 1 564 1 309 2 980 2 741	1 127 1 124 1 536 1 296 2 935 2 561	3 1 3 8 55	2 6 1 4 6	3 4 2 6 10	- - - - 1	9 3 - 9 29	8 14 7 18 79	0.7 0.9 0.5 0.6 2.9	8 13 5 16 64	8 5 13 21 80
Vernon town, Windham County Vershire town, Orange County	2 141	2 111	6	4	3	1	3	16	0.7	16	18
Victory town, Essex County Waitsfield town, Washington County Walden town, Caledonia County Wallingford CDP, Rutland County Wallingford town, Rutland County	97 1 659 782 948 2 274	95 1 613 768 938 2 248	16 4 - 3	4 1 -	- 8 - 3 5	- 1 - - 1	1 5 1 -	1 12 8 7 16	1.0 0.7 1.0 0.7 0.7	1 10 6 6	1 20 2 6 12
Waltham town, Addison County Wardsboro town, Windham County Warner's grant, Essex County Warren town, Washington County Warren's gore, Essex County	479 854 - 1 681 10	473 841 - 1 647 10	2 3 - 3	4 - 6	3 1 - 4	- - - -	1 - - 1	5 - 20	0.6 (X) 1.2	5 - 19	1 5 - 17 -
Washington town, Orange County Waterbury village, Washington County Waterbury town, Washington County Waterford town, Caledonia County Waterville town, Lamoille County Weathersfield town, Windsor County	1 047 1 706 4 915 1 104 697 2 788	1 018 1 660 4 807 1 088 678 2 748	5 4 13 - - 2	3 6 - 3 8	2 15 32 3 2 7	- - - -	3 7 13 -	19 17 44 13 14 23	1.8 1.0 0.9 1.2 2.0 0.8	9 17 42 13 13	7 10 33 3 -
Wells town, Rutland County Wells town, Rutland County Wells River village, Orange County West Brattleboro CDP, Windham County West Burke village, Caledonia County	1 121 325 3 222 364	1 106 324 3 102 359	4 1 24	8 4	30	3	4 - 15 1	6 - 40 -	0.6 0.5 - 1.2	6 - 34 -	11 - 46 5
West Fairlee town, Orange County Westfield town, Orleans County Westford town, Chittenden County West Haven town, Rutland County Westminster village, Windham County	726 503 2 086 278 276	717 483 2 047 273 276	1 2 7 2	4 1 2 -	3 1 9 1	- - - -	1 3 3 -	13 18 2	2.6 0.9 0.7	12 18 2	8 21 1
Westminster town, Windham County Westmore town, Orleans County Weston town, Windsor County West Rutland town, Rutland County West Rutland CDP, Rutland County	3 210 306 630 2 535 2 263	3 137 298 611 2 483 2 214	13 - 2 11 11	9 5 6 2 1	7 2 4 19 17	- - - 1 1	11 - - 1 1	33 1 7 18 18	1.0 0.3 1.1 0.7 0.8	30 1 7 16 16	22 - 11 11 9
West Windsor town, Windsor County	1 067 824 621 2 569	1 049 811 606 2 480	3 5 - 15	3 - 2 11	2 4 1 18	- - -	- - 8 1	10 4 4 44	0.9 0.5 0.6 1.7	9 4 4 38	17 13 - 15
Whiting town, Addison County Whitingham town, Windham County Wilder CDP, Windsor County Williamstown town, Orange County Williston town, Chittenden County Wilmington town, Windham County	380 1 298 1 636 3 225 7 650 2 225	370 1 288 1 581 3 171 7 455 2 176	1 1 6 2 38 5	4 9 9 11 6	1 15 4 92 13	- 2 - 1	3 - 3 8 8 4	5 5 20 31 45 21	1.3 0.4 1.2 1.0 0.6 0.9	4 4 14 24 34 13	3 9 15 25 73 21
Windham town, Windham County Windsor town, Windsor County Winhall town, Bennington County Winooski city, Chittenden County	328 3 756 702 6 561	315 3 671 690 5 941	1 9 3 82	- 15 - 34	1 10 1 354	- - - 3	3 9 - 35	8 42 8 112	2.4 1.1 1.1 1.7	8 30 8 87	4 40 19
Wolcott town, Lamoille County Woodbury town, Washington County Woodford town, Bennington County Woodstock village, Windsor County	1 456 809 414 977	1 439 741 407 961	1 3 - 2	4 5 - 1	1 4 1 7	3	5 3 2	9 48 3 4	0.6 5.9 0.7 0.4	9 48 3 2	75 5 9 1 10
Woodstock town, Windsor County	3 232 902	3 170 881	13 -	7 5	20		8 3	14 13	0.4 1.4	12 12	26 8

Table 4. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000—Con.

				Not Hispanic or	Latino					
				One race				Two or more	e races	
Total	White	Percent of total popu- lation	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race	Total	Two races excluding Some other race, and three or more races	
										PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—C
9 013 811 184	8 815 799 182	97.1 98.3 98.4	22 - 1	12 2	66 3	5	4	89 7	75 4	Springfield town, Windsor County Stamford town, Bennington County Stannard town, Caledonia County
1 894 671	1 831 660	96.5 97.9	4	5 3	13 3	1	-	40	37	Starksboro town, Addison County Stockbridge town, Windsor County
4 293 1 040	4 202 1 024	96.8 98.0	12 2	14	19	:	6	40 10		Stowe town, Lamoille County
132	130	95.6	-	-	3 -	-	1 -	2	1	Strafford town, Orange County Stratton town, Windham County
579 845	576 835	98.8 98.2	1 1	1	8	-	-	1	1	Sudbury town, Rutland County Sunderland town, Bennington County
997	975	97.4	-	2	2	-	10	8	3	,
2 534 6 176	2 316 5 762	90.9 92.9	9 23	110 210	25 28	- 1	2 5	72 147	69 141	
2 605 565	2 543 547	97.2 96.5	10	6 8	15 2	-	2	29 7	23 6	Thetford town, Orange County
1 136	1 122	98.2	4	3	6	-	- 4	1	1	Topsham town, Orange County
1 141 1 559	1 122 1 534	97.7 98.1	2	2 6	3	-	-	8 14		Troy town, Orleans County
1 296 2 959	1 284 2 922	98.1 98.1	3 8	1 4	2 6	-	4	6 15	5 15	Tunbridge town, Orange County Underhill town, Chittenden County
2 661 2 123	2 528 2 094	92.2 97.8	52 6	5 4	10 2	- 1	-	66 16	63 16	Vergennes city, Addison County Vernon town, Windham County
627	616	97.9	2	1	2	_	3	3		Vershire town, Orange County
96 1 639	95 1 601	97.9 96.5	- 15	3	6	- 1	2	1 11	1	
780	768	98.2	4	1	-	-	-	7	6	Walden town, Caledonia County
942 2 262	932 2 240	98.3 98.5	2	-	3 5	1	-	7 14		Wallingford CDP, Rutland County Wallingford town, Rutland County
478 849	473 838	98.7 98.1	2	4	3 1	-	-	3	3	Waltham town, Addison County Wardsboro town, Windham County
1 664	- 1 631	(X) 97.0	3	- 6	4	-	-	20	- 19	Warner's grant, Essex County
10	10	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Warren's gore, Essex County
1 040	1 013	96.8	5 4	- 3	2	-	1	19		Washington town, Orange County
1 696 4 882	1 652 4 784	96.8 97.3	13	6	15 32	-	6 10	16 37	37	
1 101 697	1 085 678	98.3 97.3	-	3	3 2	-	-	13 14	13	Waterford town, Caledonia County Waterville town, Lamoille County
2 768 1 110	2 729 1 099	97.9 98.0	2 4	8 1	7	-	-	22 6	20 6	Weathersfield town, Windsor County Wells town, Rutland County
325 3 176	324 3 077	99.7 95.5	1 21	- 8	30	- 3	- 1	36	30	Wells River village, Orange County
359	355	97.5	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	West Burke village, Caledonia County
726 495	717 479	98.8 95.2	1	4	3	-	1	-	-	West Fairlee town, Orange County
2 065	2 032	97.4	2 5	2	1 9	-	-	12 17	17	Westfield town, Orleans County Westford town, Chittenden County
277 276	272 276	97.8 100.0	2	-	1 -	-	-	2	2	West Haven town, Rutland County Westminster village, Windham County
3 188 306	3 126 298	97.4 97.4	13	9 5	7 2	-	-	33 1	30 1	Westminster town, Windham County Westmore town, Orleans County
619 2 524	607 2 475	96.3 97.6	2 10	1 2	4 18	- 1	-	5 18		Weston town, Windsor County West Rutland town, Rutland County
2 254	2 207	97.5	10	1	17	1	-	18		West Rutland CDP, Rutland County
1 050 811	1 036 801	97.1 97.2	2	3	2 4	-	-	9 4	8	West Windsor town, Windsor County Weybridge town, Addison County
621	606	97.6	-	2	1	-	8	4	4	Wheelock town, Caledonia County
2 554 377	2 471 370	96.2 97.4	15 1	11 -	18 1	-	-	39 5	4	
1 289 1 621	1 279 1 573	98.5 96.1	1 6	4 9	14	2	1	5 16		Wilder CDP, Windsor County
3 200 7 577	3 152 7 392	97.7 96.6	2 35	5 11	4 92	- 1	6	31 43	24	Williamstown town, Orange County Williston town, Chittenden County
2 204	2 161	97.1	5	5	12	-	-	21		Wilmington town, Windham County
324 3 716	311 3 647	94.8 97.1	1 7	- 12	1 10	-	3	8 37	8 30	Windham town, Windham County Windsor town, Windsor County
683 6 486	673 5 902	95.9 90.0	1 80	33	1 354	2	7	8 108	8	Winhall town, Bennington County Winooski city, Chittenden County
1 451	1 434	98.5	1	4	1	2	-	9	9	Wolcott town, Lamoille County
800 413	739 406	91.3 98.1	3	5	4 1	3 -	3	46	3	Woodbury town, Washington County Woodford town, Bennington County
967	952	97.4	2	1	7	-	1	4 14		Woodstock village, Windsor County Woodstock town, Windsor County

Table 5. Population for Selected Categories of Race: 2000

_[For information on confidentiality protection, nons		elected combinati	•	i		Race alone of	or in combination	with one or more	other races	
State County County Subdivision Place	White; Black or African American	White; American Indian and Alaska Native	White; Asian	Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native	White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race
The State	922	3 484	1 061	97	596 079	4 492	6 396	6 622	308	2 727
Addison County Addison town Bridport town Bristol town	-	193 5 8 12	95 3 2 5	5 - - 1	35 266 1 381 1 226 3 750	293 4 1 14	326 8 13 21	389 8 7 21	22 2 -	180 - 2 10
Cornwall town Ferrisburg town Goshen town Granville town	2	6 17 2	11	- - - -	1 124 2 626 221 296	4 7 1 2	6 29 3 4	7 24 2 1	- 1 - 1	4 2 2 1
Hancock town Leicester town Lincoln town Middlebury town	1 18	5 3 6 21	1 1 1 52	- 1 - 1	375 968 1 199 7 848	- 3 8 131	7 5 14 61	4 1 9 221	2 1 8	2 - 3 84
Middlebury CDP Monkton town New Haven town Orwell town Panton town	6	13 3 8 - 7	46 - 2 1 2	1 - -	5 938 1 744 1 652 1 177 675	124 9 7 1 3	48 7 18 2 12	204 7 2 6 4	7	77 1 2 1 3
Failtin town Ripton town Salisbury town Shoreham town Starksboro town	1	6 6 3 26	- 1 - 8	- - -	551 1 084 1 207 1 871	3 1 3 8 6	7 7 6 32	2 6 4 24	- - - 2	3 6 - 4
Vergennes city Waltham town Weybridge town Whiting town	5 - 1	45 - 2 2	3 - - 2	1 - 1 -	2 629 473 814 375	70 2 7 1	59 - 3 2	19 3 4 3	5 - - -	45 1 - 4
Bennington County Arlington town Arlington CDP (part) Bennington town	2	119 14 12 60	52 1 1 30	6 - - 6	36 435 2 372 1 062 15 397	230 11 7 137	215 19 13 113	290 11 9 182	7 3 3 4	128 5 1 62
Bennington CDP North Bennington village Old Bennington village Dorset town	16 5 1	24 10 - 1	12 7 -	3 - 3 -	8 967 1 388 218 2 021	73 15 14 12	59 12 4 3	107 31 2 3	2 2 -	40 6 - 4
Glastenbury town Landgrove town Manchester town Manchester village	5	1 - 16	6	- - -	16 143 4 125 595	- - 22 1	1 - 24	1 20 2	- - -	26 6
Manchester Center CDP Peru town Pownal town Readsboro town Rupert town	- 8	11 1 12 -	2 2 2 1	- - -	2 036 414 3 507 801 702	7 - 19 1	19 1 28 6	7 6 23 3 1	-	17 5 9 2
Sandgate town Searsburg town Shaftsbury town South Shaftsbury CDP	6 3	2 - 6 2	- - 5 1	- - -	347 96 3 740 768	4 - 15 3	9 2	3 - 16 5	- - -	- - 9 -
Stamford town Sunderland town Arlington CDP (part) Winhall town Woodford town	- 3	- - - 5 1	2 1 - - 2	- - -	805 841 119 698 410	2 1 - 6	2 - - 5 1	8 9 - 1 3	-	3 - - - 3
Caledonia County	35 9 1	214 5 14	25 2 2	2 -	29 263 1 651 1 547	134 21 5	395 22 24	146 11 6	11 1 1	95 1 11
West Burke village Danville town Groton town Hardwick town Kirby town	1 4	7 18 17 8	- - - 6	- - -	359 2 199 863 3 135 452	- 5 - 6 8	4 12 29 45 14	3 - 9 6	- - - - 6	1 - 2 9 2
Lyndon town Lyndonville village Newark town Peacham town	-	20 3 - 3	9 4 - -	- - -	5 362 1 197 465 659	20 6 1 3	49 13 3 4	43 17 1 2	1	11 3 -
Ryegate town St. Johnsbury town St. Johnsbury CDP Sheffield town Stannard town	12 7	4 85 80 10	2 3 2	2 2 -	1 140 7 414 6 180 721 183	3 56 41 -	9 140 131 15	6 51 44 1	2 2 2	1 25 25 3 1
Sutton town Walden town Waterford town Wheelock town	- - - 1	2 6 12 3	- - 1 -	- - -	985 776 1 101 610	4	5 7 12 5	2 - 4 1	- - -	18 3 - 8
Chittenden County Bolton town Buels gore Budjington city	-	577 7 - 232	383 - - 125	35 - - 20	141 185 961 12	1 835 2 - 939	1 144 13 - 504	3 458 2 -	87 - - 31	949 3 - 468
Burlington city Charlotte town Colchester town Essex town Essex Junction village	6 23 35	232 2 45 46 22	125 15 35 60 22	20 - 1 4 3	36 637 3 523 16 531 17 951 8 279	939 14 133 218 77	504 5 77 104 46	1 256 36 306 497 226	31 - 14 7	468 20 66 73 40
Hinesburg town Huntington town Jericho town Jericho village	6 6 6 2	19 11 17 6	9 3 11 3	2 - 2 - 2	4 290 1 839 4 923 1 422	17 17 46 16	32 18 27 11	32 12 40 10	1 - 4 4	15 4 17 7
Milton town Milton village Richmond town St. George town Shelburne town	1 5 4 8	39 5 14 3 9	15 4 6 - 22	2 - 1 -	9 367 1 512 4 055 692 6 827	30 6 10 8 27	81 11 22 5 20	48 15 29 - 95	2 - 2 - 4	25 6 11 1 28
South Burlington city Underhill town	32 2	72 6	46 7	-	15 023 2 953	182 11	111 11	600 13	12	123 11

Table 5. Population for Selected Categories of Race: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsa		definitions, see tex	•			Paga alana a	r in combination	with one or more	other races	
-	361	ected combination	s or two races			Nace alone o	i iii combination	with one of more	Other races	
State County County Subdivision Place	White; Black or African American	White; American Indian and Alaska Native	White; Asian	Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native	White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race
Chittenden County—Con.										
Westford town	5	8	3	-	2 065	14	11	13	-	3
Williston town	6 22	8 39	15 11	3	7 496 6 040	45 122	22 81	110 369	4	19 62
vviiiooski city	22	39		٦	0 040	122	01	303	· ·	02
Essex County	-	89	9	-	6 372	13	142	29	1	52
Averill town Avery's gore	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-
Bloomfield town	-	5	1	-	256	-	9	2	-	1
Brighton town	-	14	-	-	1 238	2	37	6	-	26
Island Pond CDP Brunswick town	-	10	-	-	834 106	1	29	5	-	24
Canaan town	-	32	_	-	1 066	2	41	1	-	1
Concord town	-	15	1	-	1 181		15		-	14
East Haven townFerdinand town	-	-	1	-	293 33	4	-	4	-	1
Granby town	-	1	-	-	86	-	1	-	-	-
Guildhall town	-	6	1	-	264	2	8		-	3
Lemington town Lewis town	-	1	-	-	107	-	1	-	-	5
Lunenburg town	-	12	5	- [1 317	1	21	6	1	-
Maidstone town	-	-	-	-	102	1	1	1	-	-
Norton town	-	2 1	-	-	209 96	-	7	-	-	1
Warner's grant	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Warren's gore	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-
Franklin County	56	541	45	2	44 359	219	1 253	171	17	166
Bakersfield town	1	12	1	-	1 208	4	15	3	-	5
Berkshire town	1	18	-	-	1 373 2 720	9 7	25 95	9	-	- 8
Enosburg town Enosburg Falls village	2	45 25	-	-	1 451	2	40		-	2
Fairfax town	4	31	-	-	3 718	24	43	11	2	5
Fairfield town	2	16 12	6	-	1 773 1 162	4 6	33 23	9 5	3	7 7
Franklin town	2	15	-	-	1 239	5	39		1	-
Georgia town	3	22	6	-	4 335	14	29		1	13
Highgate town	4 2	75 19	1	1	3 238 982	8	220 26		2	7 1
Richford town	1	9	1	-	2 285	9	34	5	-	8
St. Albans city	15	67	14	-	7 461	51	166		4	62
St. Albans town	8	45 29	8 2		5 003 1 939	30 6	86 75	25 2	2	17 7
Swanton town	5	126	5	1	5 923	38	344	34	2	19
Swanton village	2	58	4	-	2 397	16	173	29	-	10
Grand Isle County	5	68	5	-	6 810	15	128	22	7	8
Alburg town	3	16	1	-	1 911	3	54	4	1	3
Alburg village	3 2	4 26	- 1	-	475 1 938	3 6	16 32		-	2
Grand Isle town	-	4	-	-	481	-	10		-	-
North Hero town	-	6	3	-	803	2	8		6	1
South Hero town	-	16	-	-	1 677	4	24	5	-	2
Lamoille County	40	173	31	7	22 911	144	299	133	18	79
Belvidere town	- 6	1 47	- 5	-	294	20	1	- 12	4	- 19
Cambridge town Cambridge village	-	11	-	-	3 154 233	20	69 11	13	-	19
Jeffersonville village	1	8	5	-	568	.1	8	_	-	2
Eden town	6	17 7	3 2	-	1 129 844	10	32 8		5	1
Hyde Park town	7	10	4	2	2 804	24	27	15	-	-
Hyde Park village	1	-	-	-	410	5	-	1	-	-
Johnson town	2 1	33 20	3	3 2	3 203 1 380	27 17	50 23		2	13 5
Morristown town	7	30	6	2	5 069	31	56		2	15
Morrisville village	7	13 17	- 6	2	1 964 4 275	19 24	24 36	18	2	4 28
Stowe town	2	5	2	-	691	4	10		1	20
Wolcott town	3	6	-	-	1 448	4	10	1	2	-
Orange County	24	138	45	1	27 923	100	224	152	16	88
Bradford town	4	13	3		2 580	17	29		4	4
Bradford village	3	2	1	-	800	10	6		-	1
Braintree town	1	4 7	3	-	1 183 1 206	1	8		3	3 1
Chelsea town	-	4	1	-	1 233	3	15	2	-	6
Corinth town	2	7	1	-	1 453	5	3		-	9
Fairlee town	1	23	-	-	957 1 932	3	8 36		1	5
Newbury village	-	1	-	-	394	-	3	-	-	-
Wells River village	- 1	2	-	-	324	1	3	2	-	- 8
Orange town	5	33	13	-	957 4 801	1 17	41	43	4	6
Strafford town	1	7	2	-	1 039	3	7	5	-	1
Thetford town	2	13	7	1	2 575 1 128	16 5	20 4	24 7	-	11
Tunbridge town	1	4		-	1 302	4	6		-	2
Vershire town	-	2	1	-	621	2	3	3	-	3
Washington town	-	7	2	-	1 037 717	5 1	7	4	-	13 1
Williamstown town	3	12	5	-	3 202	5	4 21	3 11	4	15
									-	
Orleans County	22 1	249 8	18	4	25 879 832	135 3	438 13	100	7 1	92 4
Albany village	:	4	-	-	163	2	4		-	-
				J						

Table 5. Population for Selected Categories of Race: 2000—Con.

For information on confidentiality protection, nons		elected combination				Race alone of	or in combination	with one or more	other races	
State County County Subdivision Place	White; Black or African	White; American Indian and Alaska Native	White;	Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska	White	Black or African	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some
	American	ivalive	Asian	Native	vvriite	American	Native	ASIAII	isianuei	other race
Orleans County—Con. Barton town	4	27	4	1	2 751	15	41	10		11
Barton village	1	13	4	1	731	4	18	10	-	5
Orleans village	1	3	2	1	817	3	7	6	-	3
Brownington town	-	5	-	-	864	5	16	2	-	4
Charleston town Coventry town		9 5	3	-	880 1 000	3	22 15	3	-	8 2
Craftsbury town		25	1	-	1 126	4	26	6	-	1
Derby town		39	2	1	4 544	25	68	15	1	15
Derby Center village Derby Line village		4 6	2	-	661 761	4 6	11 15	4 5	-	5 1
Glover town	1	9	-	-	950	3	18	2	-	12
Greensboro town	-	20	-	-	763	1	26	-	-	1
Holland townIrasburg town		1 3	-	-	571 1 065	3	13 11	1	- 1	1 2
Jay town	-	-	-	2	420	2	4	2		2
Lowell town		5	.	-	723	9	6	5	-	1
Morgan town		3 61	1	-	661 4 894	2 48	7 94	2 37	2	1 16
Newport town		12	1	-	1 490	7	23	6	2	3
Troy town	1	12	-	-	1 550	2	18	4	-	4
North Troy village	-	3	-	-	588	-	6	2	-	-
Westfield town	_	10	2		496 299	2	11 6	3 2	-	4
Westingle town					200		Ü	-		
Rutland County		230	50	7	62 641	304	400	320	27	191
Benson town		9 10	2	-	1 023 3 893	13 13	16 19	3 13	1	3 6
Brandon CDP		4	2	-	1 670	8	10	9	-	6
Castleton town	2	7	3	-	4 298	8	23	33	1	30
Chittenden town Clarendon town	3	8 6	1 6	-	1 177 2 772	5 8	8 15	3 22	1	1 9
Danby town	_	6	1	-	1 282	-	14	5	-	1
Fair Haven town	2	18	1	-	2 890	12	24	10	-	15
Fair Haven CDP		14	1	-	2 403	8	19	9	-	14
Hubbardton townIra town				-	728 454	13	3	3	1	13
Killington town		7	4	-	1 083	4	8	11	-	3
Mendon town		8	-	-	1 018	-	10	8	-	2
Middletown Springs town	2	3 16	-	-	810 1 233	6 2	7 18	3 2	-	2 3
Mount Tabor town	_	-	-	-	202	-	1	-	-	-
Pawlet town	1	1	1	-	1 381	5	10	1	-	-
Pittsfield town	-	5	-	-	426	-	5	1	-	1
Pittsford town	4 2	7 9	1 3	- 1	3 125 3 546	11 30	9 27	7 36	2 2	12
Poultney village		8	2	1	1 517	23	14	30	1	4
Proctor town		_3	-		1 867	5	5	3	2	.5
Rutland cityRutland town	24 3	74 4	18 3	5	17 055 4 000	116 19	128 7	101 18	14	45 13
Shrewsbury town	-	2	-	-	1 093	2	2	3	-	12
Sudbury town	-	1	-	-	579	2	2	5	1	
Tinmouth town	- 1	6	3	-	556 2 262	- 6	14 8	2	- 1	2 6
Wallingford CDP	-	4	2	-	945	-	4	5	-	1
Wells town	-	3	3	-	1 112	4	4	3	-	4
West Putland town	1	1 10	-	-	275 2 501	3 17	1 12	1 19	-	3
West Rutland town	6	10	-	-	2 232	17	12	19	1	3
									•	_
Washington County	91	415	107	13	57 070	418	642	454	14	259
Barre city	12 7	36 36	4 8	3	9 130 7 542	61 24	75 46	53 30	1	58 19
Graniteville-East Barre CDP	2	21	3	-	2 112	7	24	12	-	9
South Barre CDP	2	4	1	-	1 235	5	4	4	-	1
Berlin town	4 2	40 24	15 3	- 1	2 834 1 200	11 7	49 32	31 7		3 8
Cabot village	2	13	-	-	236	3	13	-	-	2
Calais town	5	30	-	-	1 511	12	36	3	-	11
Duxbury town East Montpelier town	4 5	4 19	2 15	-	1 275 2 525	7 25	7 37	9 28	2	3 4
Fayston town		3	-	-	1 132	13	6	1	-	1
Marshfield town	2	16	3	-	1 474	13	18	9	-	7
Marshfield village	-	4	-	-	261	-	4	1	-	-
Middlesex town Montpelier city	3 13	12 41	1 19	7	1 709 7 856	10 86	23 81	5 90	1	3 45
Moretown town	4	7	2	-	1 636	4	9	15	-	2
Northfield town	8	33	19	-	5 602	71	56	100	3	45
Northfield village	4 3	25 2	10 2	-	3 049 1 254	64 15	37 15	76 8	3 1	40 9
Plainfield town	3	13	2		566	6	19	2	-	7
Waitsfield town	1	5	3	-	1 625	18	9	12	1	7
Warren town	2	13	3	-	1 667	6	20	8	1	2
Waterbury town	7 5	26 8	6	-	4 851 1 677	22 10	34 12	39 18	1	15 7
Woodbury town	-	44	-	2	787	6	53	4	3	6
Worcester town	-	11	-	-	894	1	17	-	-	4
Windham County	70	040	404		40.055	050	20.1	405	45	070
Windham County	78 1	242 1	104	11	43 355 333	358 1	394 2	485 5	45	270 1
Brattleboro town	43	86	47	7	11 542	208	141	263	21	123
Brattleboro CDP	35	73	35	6	7 918	172	118	212	14	101
West Brattleboro CDP	7	12	10	1	3 140 464	33	21 1	40	7	21 2
Dover town	1	5	-	-	1 384	2	5	20	-	11
Dummerston town		8	4	-	1 901	2	9	16	-	6
26 Varrant						_				

Table 5. Population for Selected Categories of Race: 2000—Con.

	S	elected combination	ons of two races	3		Race alone	or in combination	with one or more	other races	
State County County Subdivision Place	White; Black or African American	White; American Indian and Alaska Native	White; Asian	Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native	White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race
Windham County—Con.										
Grafton town	1	2	-	-	647	1	2	2	-	-
Guilford town	4	20	6	-	2 022		25	16	3	11
Halifax town	2	3	3	-	780	10	11	13	10	1
Jamaica town	-	4	-	-	940	2	10	4	-	4
Londonderry town	-	6	3	-	1 695	2	10	11	-	1
Marlboro town	-	4	2	-	953	2	6	12	4	12
Newfane town	3	6	3	1	1 665	11	15	6	2	3
Newfane village	1	1	-	-	115	1	1	-	-	1
Putney town	4	13	7	1	2 564	36	31	27	1	25
Rockingham town	12	28	17	-	5 239	30	33	47	3	27
Bellows Falls village	6	19	11	-	3 125	17	24	27	1	17
Saxtons River village	1	-	1	-	515	1	-	4	-	3
Somerset town	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-
Stratton town	-	1	-	-	136	-	1	-	-	1
Townshend town	-	6	-	-	1 132	3	10	3	-	11
Vernon town	3	8	2	-	2 126	12	13	8	1	-
Wardsboro town	-	3	-	-	846	5	9	1	-	-
Westminster town	-	22	6	2	3 168	15	33	13	-	14
North Westminster village	-	9	-	-	267	-	9	-	-	4
Westminster village	-	-	-	-	276	-	-	-	-	-
Whitingham town	-	3	1	-	1 293	1	7	1	-	1
Jacksonville village	-	1	-	-	235	-	3	-	-	-
Wilmington town	4	5	3	-	2 197	9	12	16	-	13
Windham town	-	8	-	-	323	1	8	1	-	3
Windsor County	73	236	92	4	56 610	294	396	473	29	170
Andover town		3			491		5	2		1
Baltimore town	-	2	-	_	247	1	3	1	-	-
Barnard town	2	7	-	_	953	2	8	3	-	2
Bethel town	1	7	9	_	1 952	8	9	19	4	7
Bridgewater town	1	5	-	_	972		8	5		1
Cavendish town	4	7	1	_	1 452	7	10	13	1	3
Chester town	3	6	5	_	3 023	13	9	12	1	3
Chester-Chester Depot CDP	1	2	-	_	990	7	3	2	-	2
Hartford town	9	54	15	_	10 163	76	96	114	6	33
White River Junction CDP	4	24	3	_	2 523	25	41	22	1	7
Wilder CDP	3	3	3	_	1 601	11	16	20	3	9
Hartland town	3	4	7	_	3 196	7	9	21	2	7
Ludlow town	-	9	1	-	2 425	5	15	13	2	8
Ludlow village	-	6	1	-	945	3	9	7	2	5
Norwich town	6	13	11	-	3 436	26	21	70	3	28
Plymouth town	-	1	-	-	553	3	1	1	-	-
Pomfret town	4	4	-	-	987	5	4	5	4	1
Reading town	-	2	5	_	703	3	2	6	-	-
Rochester town	4	8	1	-	1 167	6	8	3	-	1
Royalton town	1	8	6	-	2 552	21	19	26	-	7
Sharon town	2	7	5	-	1 388	12	15	14	-	1
Springfield town	16	44	11	3	8 947	45	64	83	5	32
Springfield CDP	5	24	3	3	3 854	26	35	52	3	17
Stockbridge town	-	-	-	-	663	4	3	3	1	-
Weathersfield town	1	10	10	-	2 770	4	18	17	-	2
Perkinsville village	-	-	-	-	141	1	-	-	-	-
Weston town	1	3	2	-	618	3	10	6	-	1
West Windsor town	2	3	3	1	1 058	6	7	5	-	1
Windsor town	11	19	-	-	3 711	21	35	10	-	21
Woodstock town	2	10	-	-	3 183	15	17	21	-	10
		2			964	2	3			4

Table 6. Population for Selected Categories of Race: 2000

I of information of confidentiality protection, note	_	elected combination		3		Race alone o	r in combination	with one or more	other races	
State County Place and County Subdivision	White; Black or African American	White; American Indian and Alaska Native	White; Asian	Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native	White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race
The State	922	3 484	1 061	97	596 079	4 492	6 396	6 622	308	2 727
COUNTY										
Addison County Bennington County Caledonia County Chittenden County Essex County Franklin County Grand Isle County Lamoille County Orange County Orleans County	47 54 35 334 - 56 5 40 24 22	193 119 214 577 89 541 68 173 138 249	95 52 25 383 9 45 5 31 45	5 6 2 35 - 2 - 7 1 4	35 266 36 435 29 263 141 185 6 372 44 359 6 810 22 911 27 923 25 879	293 230 134 1 835 13 219 15 144 100	326 215 395 1 144 142 1 253 128 299 224 438	389 290 146 3 458 29 171 22 133 152 100	22 7 11 87 1 17 7 18 16	180 128 95 949 52 166 8 79 88
Rutland County Washington County	63 91	230 415	50 107	7 13	62 641 57 070	304 418	400 642	320 454	27 14	191 259
Windham County	78 73	242 236	104 92	11 4	43 355 56 610	358 294	394 396	485 473	45 29	270 170
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION										
Addison town, Addison County Albany village, Orleans County Albany town, Orleans County Albury village, Grand Isle County Alburg town, Grand Isle County Andover town, Windsor County Arington CDP, Bennington County Arington town, Bennington County Arthens town, Windham County Averil town, Essex County Avery's gore, Essex County Bakersfield town, Franklin County	2 - 1 3 3 - 1 2 1 - 1	5 4 8 4 16 3 12 14 1 -	3 - 1 1 - - 1 1 - - 1 1	- - - - - - - - - - -	1 381 163 832 475 1 911 491 1 181 2 372 333 8	4 2 3 3 3 3 - 7 11 1 1 -	8 4 13 16 54 5 13 19 2 - 15	8 - - 1 4 2 9 11 5 - - 3	2 - 1 - 1 3 3 3	- 4 - 3 1 1 5 1 - - 5
Baltimore town, Windsor County Barnard town, Windsor County Barnet town, Caledonia County Barre city, Washington County Barre town, Washington County Barton town, Orleans County Barton town, Orleans County Bellows Falls village, Windham County Belvidere town, Lamoille County Bennington CDP, Bennington County Bennington town, Bennington County Benson town, Rutland County	- 2 9 12 7 1 4 6 - 16 24 3	2 7 5 36 36 13 27 19 1 24 60	2 4 8 8 - 4 11 12 30	- - 3 1 1 - - 3 6	247 953 1 651 9 130 7 542 731 2 751 3 125 294 8 967 15 397 1 023	1 2 21 61 24 4 15 17 - 73 137	3 8 22 75 46 18 41 24 1 59 113 16	1 3 11 53 30 1 1 10 27 - 107 182 3	- 1 1 - - - 1 1 - 2 2	2 1 58 19 5 11 17 - 40 62 3
Berkshire town, Franklin County Berlin town, Washington County Bethel town, Windsor County Bloomfield town, Essex County Bolton town, Chittenden County Bradford village, Orange County Bradford town, Orange County Braintree town, Orange County Brandon CDP, Rutland County Brandon town, Rutland County Brattleboro town, Windham County Brattleboro CDP, Windham County	1 4 1 - 3 3 4 - 2 4 43 35	18 40 7 5 7 2 13 4 4 10 86 73	15 9 1 - 1 3 3 2 2 2 2 47 35	- - - - - - - - - 7 6	1 373 2 834 1 952 256 961 800 2 580 1 183 1 670 3 893 11 542 7 918	9 11 8 - 2 10 17 1 8 8 13 208 172	25 49 9 13 6 29 8 10 19 141	31 19 2 2 5 11 6 9 13 263 212	- - 4 - - - 4 3 3 - 1 1 21	3 7 1 3 1 4 3 6 6 123 101
Bridgewater town, Windsor County Bridport town, Addison County Brighton town, Essex County Bristol town, Addison County Brookfield town, Orange County Brookline town, Windham County Brownington town, Orleans County Brunswick town, Essex County Buels gore, Chittenden County Burke town, Caledonia County Burlington city, Chittenden County	1 - 2 1 - - - 1 162	5 8 14 12 7 - - 14 232	- 2 - 5 4 - - - 2 2 125	- - 1 1 - - - - 20	972 1 226 1 238 3 750 1 206 464 864 106 12 1 547 36 637	1 1 2 14 3 - 5 1 1 - 939	8 13 37 21 9 1 16 - 24 504	5 7 6 21 16 - 2 - 6 1 256	- - - - - - - 1 31	1 2 26 10 1 2 4 - - 11 468
Cabot village, Washington County Cabot town, Washington County Calais town, Washington County Cambridge village, Lamoille County Cambridge town, Lamoille County Canaan town, Essex County Castleton town, Rutland County Cavendish town, Windsor County Charleston town, Orleans County Charlotte town, Chittenden County Chelsea town, Orange County	2 2 5 - 6 - 2 4 -	13 24 30 11 47 32 7 7 9 2	- 3 - - 5 - 3 1 - 15 1	- 1 - - - - - - -	236 1 200 1 511 233 3 154 1 066 4 298 1 452 880 3 523 1 233	3 7 12 2 20 2 8 7 -	13 32 36 11 69 41 23 10 22 5	7 3 - 13 1 33 13 3 36 2	- - - 4 - 1 1 - -	2 8 11 1 19 1 30 3 8 20 6
Chester town, Windsor County Chester-Chester Depot CDP, Windsor County Chittenden town, Rutland County Clarendon town, Rutland County Colchester town, Chittenden County Concord town, Essex County Cornwall town, Addison County Cornwall town, Addison County Coventry town, Orleans County Craftsbury town, Orleans County Danby town, Rutland County	3 1 3 - 23 - 2 2 2 -	6 2 8 6 45 15 - 6 5 25 6	5 - 1 6 35 1 1 - 3 1 1	- - - 1 - - - -	3 023 990 1 177 2 772 16 531 1 181 1 453 1 124 1 000 1 126 1 282	13 7 5 8 133 - 5 4 3 4	9 3 8 15 77 15 3 6 15 26	12 2 3 22 306 5 1 7 4 6 5	1 - 1 14 - - - - -	3 2 1 9 66 14 9 4 2 1

Table 6. Population for Selected Categories of Race: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nons			text] tions of two races	.		Race alone of	or in combination	with one or more	other races	
State County Place and County Subdivision	White; Black or African American	White; American Indian and Alaska Native	White; Asian	Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native	White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.	7 till Cilculati	Nauve	Acidit	Hunve	VVIIIC	7 till cilodii	Hauve	roun	isiander	outer race
Danville town, Caledonia County Derby town, Orleans County Derby Center village, Orleans County Derby Line village, Orleans County Dorset town, Bennington County Dover town, Windham County Dummerston town, Windham County Duxbury town, Washington County East Haven town, Essex County East Montpelier town, Washington County Eden town, Lamoille County	1 2 1 - 4 - 5	7 39 4 6 1 5 8 4 - 19	2 2 2 - - 4 2 1 15 3	- 1 - - - - - - -	2 199 4 544 661 761 2 021 1 384 1 901 1 275 293 2 525 1 129	5 25 4 6 12 2 2 7 7 4 4 25 10	68 11 15 3 5	3 15 4 5 3 20 16 9 4 28 5	- 1 - - - - - - 2 5	15 5 1 4 11 6 3 1 4 1
Elmore town, Lamoille County Enosburg town, Franklin County Enosburg Falls village, Franklin County Essex town, Chittenden County Essex Junction village, Chittenden County Fairfax town, Franklin County Fairfled town, Franklin County Fair Haven town, Rutland County Fair Haven CDP, Rutland County Fairde town, Orange County Fayston town, Washington County	2 - 35 11 4 2 2 2 2	7 45 25 46 22 31 16 18 14 7	2 1 - 60 22 - 6 1 1 1 3	- - 4 3 - - - -	844 2 720 1 451 17 951 8 279 3 718 1 773 2 890 2 403 957 1 132	- 7 2 218 77 24 4 12 8 3 13	104 46 43 33	5 9 3 497 226 11 9 10 9	- - - 7 - 2 3 - -	1 8 2 73 40 5 7 15 14 5
Ferdinand town, Essex County Ferrisburg town, Addison County Fletcher town, Franklin County Franklin town, Franklin County Georgia town, Franklin County Glastenbury town, Bennington County Glover town, Orleans County Goshen town, Addison County Grafton town, Windham County Grand Isle town, Essex County Grand Isle town, Grand Isle County	3 2 3 - 1	- 177 12 15 22 1 9 2 2 2 1 1 1 26	- 111 - 6 - - - - 1	- - - - - - - -	33 2 626 1 162 1 239 4 335 16 950 221 647 86 1 938	7 6 5 14 - 1 1 1 6	299 233 399 29 1 18 3 3 2 1 1 32	24 5 3 17 - 2 2 2 2	1 - 1 1 - - - -	2 7 - 13 - 12 2
Graniteville-East Barre CDP, Washington County Granville town, Addison County Greensboro town, Orleans County Groton town, Caledonia County Guildhall town, Essex County Guilford town, Windham County Halifax town, Windham County Hancock town, Addison County Hardwick town, Caledonia County Hartford town, Windsor County Hartland town, Windsor County	- - 4 2 - 4	21 - 20 18 6 20 3 5 17 54	3 - - 1 6 3 1 6 15 7	- - - - - - - -	2 112 296 763 863 264 2 022 780 375 3 135 10 163 3 196	7 2 1 1 - 2 5 10 - 6 76 7	26 29 8 25 11 7	12 1 - 4 16 13 4 9 114 21	1 - - 3 10 - - 6 2	9 1 1 2 3 11 1 2 9 33 7
Highgate town, Franklin County Hinesburg town, Chittenden County Holland town, Orleans County Hubbardton town, Rutland County Huntington town, Chittenden County Hyde Park village, Lamoille County Hyde Park town, Lamoille County Ira town, Rutland County Irasburg town, Orleans County Island Pond CDP, Essex County Isle La Motte town, Grand Isle County	6 - 3 6 1 7 - -	75 19 1 - 11 - 10 - 3 10 4	1 9 - - 3 3 - 4 -	1 2 - - - 2 2 - -	3 238 4 290 571 728 1 839 410 2 804 454 1 065 834 481	8 17 3 13 17 5 24 - - -	18 - 27 - 11	6 32 1 3 12 1 15 1 1 1 5	2 1 - 1 1	7 15 1 13 4 - - 2 24
Jacksonville village, Windham County Jamaica town, Windham County Jay town, Orleans County Jeffersonville village, Lamoille County Jericho village, Chittenden County Jericho town, Chittenden County Johnson village, Lamoille County Johnson town, Lamoille County Killington town, Rutland County Kirby town, Caledonia County Landgrove town, Bennington County	- 1 1 2 6 1 2	1 4 - 8 6 17 20 33 7 8	- - - 3 11 1 3 4	- 2 - - 2 2 2 3	568 1 422 4 923 1 380	2 2 1 1 16 46 17 27 4 8	4 8 11	4 2 - 10 40 20 25 11 6 1	4 4 - 2 - 6	4 2 2 7 17 5 13 3 2
Leicester town, Addison County Lemington town, Essex County Lewis town, Essex County Lincoln town, Addison County Londonderry town, Windham County Lowell town, Orleans County Ludlow village, Windsor County Ludlow town, Windsor County Lunenburg town, Essex County Lyndon town, Caledonia County Lyndon town, Caledonia County Lyndonville village, Caledonia County	- 1 - - - - - 5	3 1 - 6 6 - 6 9 12 20 3	1 - - 1 3 - 1 1 5 9	1 - - - - - - - -	968 107 - 1 199 1 695 723 945 2 425 1 317 5 362 1 197	3 - - 8 8 2 9 3 3 5 1 20 6	6 9 15 21 49	1 - - 9 11 - 7 7 13 6 43 17	2 - - 1 - - 2 2 2 1 1	5 3 1 1 5 8 - 11 3
Maidstone town, Essex County Manchester village, Bennington County Manchester town, Bennington County Manchester Certer CDP, Bennington County Marlboro town, Windham County Marshfield village, Washington County Marshfield town, Washington County Mendon town, Rutland County Middlebury CDP, Addison County Middlebury town, Addison County	5 1 - - 2	- 16 11 4 4 16 8 13 21	- 6 2 2 - 3 - 46 52	- - - - - - 1 1	102 595 4 125 2 036 953 261 1 474 1 018 5 938 7 848	1 1 22 7 2 2 - 13 1 124 131	4 18 10	1 2 20 7 12 1 9 8 204 221	- - - 4 - - - 7	- 6 26 17 12 - 7 2 77 84

Table 6. Population for Selected Categories of Race: 2000—Con.

For information on confidentiality protection, nonsa		lected combinatio				Race alone of	or in combination	with one or more	other races	
State County Place and County Subdivision	White; Black or African American	White; American Indian and Alaska Native	White; Asian	Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native	White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.										
Middlesex town, Washington County Middletown Springs town, Rutland County Milton village, Chittenden County Milton town, Chittenden County Monkton town, Addison County Montgomery town, Franklin County Montpelier city, Washington County Moretown town, Washington County Morgan town, Orleans County Morristown town, Lamoille County Morrisville village, Lamoille County	3 2 1 6 6 2 13 4	12 3 5 39 3 19 41 7 3 30 13	1 - 4 15 - - 19 2 1 6	- - 2 - 7 - - 2 2 2	1 709 810 1 512 9 367 1 744 982 7 856 1 636 661 5 069 1 964	10 6 6 30 9 4 86 4 2 31 19	23 7 11 81 7 26 81 9 7 56 24	5 3 15 48 7 - 90 15 2 34 18	- - 2 - 1 1 - 2	3 2 6 25 1 1 45 2 1 1 15 4
Mount Holly town, Rutland County Mount Tabor town, Rutland County Newark town, Caledonia County Newbury village, Orange County Newbury town, Orange County Newfane village, Windham County Newfane town, Windham County New Haven town, Addison County Newport city, Orleans County Newport city, Orleans County North Bennington village, Bennington County	3 1 3 3 9 2 5	16 - 1 23 1 6 8 61 12	- - - - 3 2 4 1 7	- - - - 1 1 - -	1 233 202 465 394 1 932 115 1 665 1 665 4 894 1 490 1 388	2 - 1 - 9 1 11 7 48 7 15	18 1 3 3 36 1 15 18 94 23 23	2 - 1 - 4 - 6 2 37 6 31	- - 1 1 - 2 - 2 2 2 2 2	3 - - 1 3 2 16 3 6
Northfield village, Washington County Northfield town, Washington County North Hero town, Grand Isle County North Toy village, O'leans County North Westminster village, Windham County Norton town, Essex County Norwich town, Windsor County Old Bennington village, Bennington County Orange town, Orange County Orleans village, Orleans County Orwell town, Addison County	4 8 - - - 6 1 1	25 33 6 3 9 2 13 - 2 3	10 19 3 - - 11 - - 2	- - - - - 3 1	3 049 5 602 803 588 267 209 3 436 218 957 817 1 177	64 71 2 - - 26 14 1 3 1	37 56 8 6 9 7 21 4 3 7 2	76 100 4 2 - - 70 2 2 2 6 6	3 6 - - 3 -	40 45 1 - 4 - 28 - 8 3 1
Panton town, Addison County Pawlet town, Rutland County Peacham town, Caledonia County Perkinsville village, Windsor County Peru town, Bennington County Pittsfield town, Rutland County Pittsford town, Rutland County Plainfield town, Washington County Plymouth town, Windsor County Pomfret town, Windsor County Poultrey village, Rutland County Poultrey village, Rutland County	3 1 - - - 4 3 - 4	7 1 3 - 1 5 7 2 1 4 8	2 1 - - 2 - 1 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2	- - - - - - - 1	675 1 381 659 141 414 426 3 125 1 254 553 987 1 517	3 5 3 1 - - 11 15 3 5 23	12 10 4 - 1 5 9 15 1 4 4	4 1 2 - 6 1 7 8 1 5 30	- - - - 2 1 - 4 1	3 - - 5 1 - 9 - 1 4
Poultney town, Rutland County Pownal town, Bennington County Proctor town, Rutland County Putney town, Windham County Randolph town, Orange County Reading town, Windsor County Readsboro town, Bennington County Richford town, Franklin County Richmond town, Chittenden County Ripton town, Addison County Rochester town, Windsor County	2 8 2 4 5 - 1 1 5	9 12 3 13 33 2 - 9 14 6 8	3 2 - 7 13 5 1 1 6 -	1 - - 1 - - - 1 1	3 546 3 507 1 867 2 564 4 801 703 801 2 285 4 055 551 1 167	30 19 5 36 17 3 1 9 10	27 28 5 31 41 2 6 34 22 7 8	36 23 3 27 43 6 3 5 29 2	2 - 2 1 4 2 2	12 9 5 25 6 - 2 8 11 3 1
Rockingham town, Windham County Roxbury town, Washington County Royalton town, Windsor County Rupert town, Bennington County Rutland city, Rutland County Rutland town, Rutland County Ryegate town, Caledonia County St. Albans city, Franklin County St. Albans town, Franklin County St. George town, Chittenden County St. George town, Chittenden County St. Johnsbury CDP, Caledonia County	12 3 1 - 24 3 2 15 8 4 7	28 13 8 74 4 4 67 45 3	17 2 6 - 18 3 2 14 8 -	- - - 5 1 - - - 2	5 239 566 2 552 702 17 055 4 000 1 140 7 461 5 003 692 6 180	30 6 21 - 116 19 3 51 30 8	33 19 19 1 1 128 7 9 166 86 5	47 2 26 1 101 18 6 42 25	3 - - 14 - - 4 - 2	27 7 7 - 45 13 1 62 17 1 25
St. Johnsbury town, Caledonia County Salisbury town, Addison County Sandgate town, Bennington County Saxtons River village, Windham County Searsburg town, Bennington County Shaftsbury town, Bennington County Sharon town, Windsor County Sheffield town, Caledonia County Shelburne town, Chittenden County Shelburne town, Franklin County Sheldon town, Franklin County Shoreham town, Addison County	12 1 1 1 1 6 2 - 8 3	85 6 2 - - 6 7 10 9 29 3	3 1 - 1 5 5 - 22 2	2	7 414 1 084 347 515 96 3 740 1 388 721 6 827 1 939 1 207	56 3 4 1 15 15 12 - 27 6 8	140 7 2 - 9 15 15 20 75 6	51 6 3 4 	2	25 6 - 3 - 9 1 3 28 7 -
Shrewsbury town, Rutland County Somerset town, Windham County South Barre CDP, Washington County South Burlington city, Chittenden County South Hero town, Grand Isle County South Shaftsbury CDP, Bennington County Springfield CDP, Windsor County Springfield town, Windsor County Stamford town, Bennington County Stannard town, Caledonia County	2 32 - 3 5 16 2	2 - 4 72 16 2 24 44	- 1 46 - 1 3 11 2	- - - - 3 3 -	1 093 5 1 235 15 023 1 677 768 3 854 8 947 805 183	2 - 5 182 4 3 26 45 2	2 - 4 1111 24 2 35 64 2	3 - 4 6000 5 5 5 5 52 83 8	12 - 3 5	12 - 1 123 2 - 17 32 3 1

Table 6. Population for Selected Categories of Race: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsi		I definitions, see te elected combination				Race alone o	r in combination	with one or more	other races	
State County Place and County Subdivision	White; Black or African American	White; American Indian and Alaska Native	White; Asian	Black or African American; American Indian and Alaska Native	White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Some other race
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.										
Starksboro town, Addison County Stockbridge town, Windsor County Stowe town, Lamoille County Strafford town, Orange County Stratton town, Windham County Sudbury town, Rutland County Sunderland town, Bennington County Sutton town, Caledonia County	7 1 - - -	26 - 17 7 1 1 - 2	8 - 6 2 - - 1	-	1 871 663 4 275 1 039 136 579 841 985	6 4 24 3 - 2 1	32 3 36 7 1 2 - 5	24 3 28 5 - - 9 2	2 1 2 - - 1 1	4 - 28 1 1 - - 18
Swanton village, Franklin County	2 5	58 126	4 5	1	2 397 5 923	16 38	173 344	29 34	2	10 19
Thetford town, Orange County Tinmouth town, Rutland County Topsham town, Orange County Townshend town, Windham County Troy town, Orleans County Troy town, Orleans County Underhill town, Chittenden County Vergennes city, Addison County Vernon town, Windham County Vershire town, Orange County	- - 1 1 2 5 3	13 6 - 6 12 4 6 45 8 2	7 - - - - 7 3 2 1	1 - - - - 1 1	2 575 556 1 128 1 132 1 550 1 302 2 953 2 629 2 126 621	16 - 5 3 2 4 11 70 12 2	20 14 4 10 18 6 11 59 13 3	24 2 7 3 4 2 13 19 8 3	- - - - - - 5 1	11 2 - 11 4 2 11 45 - 3
Victory town, Essex County Waitsfield town, Washington County Walden town, Caledonia County Wallingford CDP, Rutland County Wallingford town, Rutland County Waltham town, Addison County Wardsboro town, Windham County Warrer's grant, Essex County Warren town, Washington County Warren's gore, Essex County	1 - - 1 - -	1 5 6 4 6 - 3 - 13	3 - 2 3 - - - 3	-	96 1 625 776 945 2 262 473 846 - 1 667	- 18 4 - 6 2 5 -	1 9 7 4 8 8 - 9 -	12 - 5 8 3 1 -	1	1 7 3 1 6 1 - - 2
Washington town, Orange County Waterbury village, Washington County Waterbury town, Washington County Waterford town, Caledonia County Waterville town, Lamoille County Waterville town, Lamoille County Wells town, Rutland County Wells River village, Orange County West Brattleboro CDP, Windham County West Burke village, Caledonia County	7 - 2 1	7 8 26 12 5 10 3 -	2 3 6 1 2 10 3 -	- - - - - - - -	1 037 1 677 4 851 1 101 691 2 770 1 112 324 3 140 359	5 10 22 - 4 4 4 1 1 33	7 12 34 12 10 18 4 - 21 1	4 18 39 4 7 17 3 -	- - 1 - 1 - - - -	13 7 15 - 2 2 4 - 21 1
West Fairlee town, Orange County Westfield town, Orleans County Westford town, Chittenden County West Haven town, Rutland County Westminster village, Windham County Westminster town, Windham County Westmore town, Orleans County Weston town, Windsor County West Rutland town, Rutland County West Rutland CDP, Rutland County	5 1 - - 1	10 8 1 - 22 - 3 10 10	2 3 - - 6	2	717 496 2 065 275 276 3 168 299 618 2 501 2 232	1 2 14 3 3 - 15 1 3 3 17	4 11 11 1 - 33 6 10 12	3 3 13 1 - 13 2 6 19	- - - - - - 1 1	1 4 3 - 14 - 1 3 3
West Windsor town, Windsor County Weybridge town, Addison County Wheelock town, Caledonia County White River Junction CDP, Windsor County Whiting town, Addison County Whitingham town, Windham County Wilder CDP, Windsor County Williamstown town, Orange County Williamstown town, Orange County Williston town, Chittenden County Willinington town, Windham County	2 1 1 4 - - 3 3 6 4	3 2 3 24 2 3 3 12 8 5	3 - - 3 2 1 3 5 15 3	1 1 - - - - -	1 058 814 610 2 523 375 1 293 1 601 3 202 7 496 2 197	6 7 1 25 1 1 11 5 45 9	7 3 5 41 2 7 16 21 22 12	5 4 1 22 3 1 20 11 110 16	- - 1 - - 3 4 4	1 - 8 7 4 1 9 15 19
Windham town, Windham County Windsor town, Windsor County Winhall town, Bennington County Winosoki city, Chittenden County Wolcott town, Lamoille County Woodbury town, Washington County Woodford town, Bennington County Woodstock village, Windsor County Woodstock town, Windsor County Woodstock town, Windsor County Woodstock town, Windsor County Worcester town, Washington County	3 22	8 19 5 39 6 44 1 2 10	- - 11 - - 2 -	- - 3 - 2 - -	323 3 711 698 6 040 1 448 787 410 964 3 183 894	1 21 6 122 4 6 - 2 2 15	8 35 5 81 10 53 1 3 17 17	1 10 1 369 1 4 3 8 21	6 2 3	3 21 - 62 - 6 3 4 10 4

Table 7. Households and Families: 2000

	ampling error, and	deminations, or	be text]	Family hous	seholds			No	nfamily househol	lds	Averag	je size
State County		Tota	l	Married-coup	le family	Female hous no husband			Householder	· living alone		
County Subdivision Place	Total households	Number	Percent with own children under 18 years	Number	Percent with own children under 18 years	Number	Percent with own children under 18 years	Total	Total	65 years and over	House-	Families
The State	240 634	157 763	48.4	126 413	44.2	22 272	66.4	82 871	63 112	22 955	2.44	
Addison County	13 068	9 105	49.3	7 495	46.1	1 086	64.6	3 963	3 054	1 162	2.55	
Addison town Bridport town	494 456	402 344	48.3 44.5	364 291	47.3 41.2	25 28	48.0 64.3	92 112	70 85	29 37	2.82 2.71	3.10
Bristol town	1 460	1 013	53.4	790	49.5	147	69.4	447	335	124	2.58	3.03
Cornwall town	427	323	44.9	280	42.9	28	53.6	104	78	33	2.66 2.62	
Ferrisburg town Goshen town	1 014 84	751 57	45.3 49.1	644 50	43.8 50.0	65	50.8 (X)	263 27	193 15	66 7	2.62	
Granville town	127	81	51.9	59	49.2	15	66.7	46	36	6	2.39	2.83
Hancock town Leicester town	164 391	113 267	39.8 44.6	90 224	32.2 40.6	12 28	75.0 60.7	51 124	46 92	17 32	2.33 2.49	
Lincoln town	462	339	50.7	283	46.6	41	73.2	123	92	33	2.63	3.02
Middlebury town	2 657 1 876	1 533 984	48.1 48.5	1 184 751	42.9 42.6	275 188	66.5 68.1	1 124 892	937 745	382 316	2.24 2.15	
Monkton town	642	504	52.8	445	50.6	39	69.2	138	96	29	2.74	3.06
New Haven town	613 441	460 340	49.8 49.4	393 289	47.3 47.4	43 27	65.1 63.0	153 101	98 79	31 29	2.72 2.69	
Orwell town	248	193	49.4	169	40.2	16	56.3	55	40	29	2.09	
Ripton town	210	152	52.6	118	47.5	24	70.8	58	47	12	2.54	
Salisbury town	423 453	303 343	47.9 47.8	249 293	44.2 45.4	35 35	77.1 60.0	120 110	97 82	34 27	2.54 2.70	
Starksboro town	668	489	58.5	395	56.5	55	60.0	179	119	31	2.84	
Vergennes city	979 178	632 134	53.2 50.0	478 118	49.4 46.6	114 11	64.0 72.7	347 44	276 36	122 10	2.47 2.69	
Weybridge town	322	231	45.9	207	44.0	14	64.3	91	67	35	2.56	2.99
Whiting town	155	101	47.5	82	47.6	9	44.4	54	38	15	2.45	2.96
Bennington County	14 846	9 914	45.7	7 885	41.1	1 497	63.3	4 932	3 981	1 716	2.41	
Arlington town	1 009 461	676 292	42.6 42.5	568 234	39.6 39.3	82 44	57.3 56.8	333 169	282 146	129 67	2.38 2.34	
Bennington town "	6 162	3 864	48.4	2 866	42.6	759	65.5	2 298	1 876	790	2.36	2.94
Bennington CDP	3 824 454	2 227 268	48.0 52.6	1 600 206	41.6 48.1	488 42	64.5 61.9	1 597 186	1 321 159	547 87	2.26 2.31	
Old Bennington village	101	62	45.2	59	44.1	1	- 01.9	39	29	20	2.31	
Dorset town	856 6	601 5	38.6	512 4	35.5	67 1	50.7	255	212	98	2.38	
Glastenbury town Landgrove town	64	44	40.0 52.3	38	25.0 50.0	4	100.0 50.0	20	18	- 6	2.67 2.25	
Manchester town	1 819	1 157	44.9	936	40.5	173	63.0	662	554	255	2.26	
Manchester village Manchester Center CDP	284 912	171 534	34.5 48.3	154 389	31.8 41.9	14 114	57.1 64.9	113 378	100 317	68 132	2.12 2.18	
Peru town	157	118	47.5	104	45.2	8	62.5	39	27	12	2.65	3.03
Pownal town	1 373 321	1 010 225	46.2 47.1	796 177	40.5 40.7	157 22	68.8 59.1	363 96	270 83	87 47	2.59 2.44	
Rupert town	295	206	41.3	185	38.9	14	50.0	89	72	42	2.39	2.86
Sandgate town	149 40	98 24	35.7 54.2	83 21	30.1 52.4	10 1	60.0	51 16	40 15	12 6	2.37 2.40	
Shaftsbury town	1 450	1 079	46.5	917	44.3	116	60.3	371	283	128	2.60	
South Shaftsbury CDP	306	230	43.0	185	36.2	37	81.1	76	66	34	2.52	
Stamford town	313 350	235 252	42.1 42.1	209 203	40.7 38.9	17 31	58.8 45.2	78 98	53 81	17 45	2.60 2.43	
Arlington CDP (part)	55	35	34.3	22	36.4	8	25.0	20	17	11	2.16	
Winhall town	310 172	205 115	36.6 44.3	175 91	33.1 38.5	18 17	72.2 64.7	105 57	77 38	31 11	2.26 2.41	
Caladania Caunty	11 663	7 901	47.9	6 246	42.6	1 210	68.1	3 762	2 988	1 288	2.46	2.95
Caledonia County	638	441	46.9	373	45.0	49	51.0	197	166	80	2.46	
Burke town	641	455	42.9	372	37.1	63	71.4	186	139	37	2.45	
West Burke village Danville town	140 871	96 627	50.0 45.1	540	40.8 41.3	19 71	84.2 66.2	244	33 201	10 92	2.60 2.52	3.08 2.96
Groton town	338	252	48.0	209	45.5	32	53.1	86	68	33	2.59	
Hardwick town	1 216 168	855 123	53.8 50.4	633 94	48.0 44.7	166 16	69.9 75.0	361 45	273 32	109 8	2.61 2.71	
Lyndon town	2 031	1 327	48.3	1 020	42.0	234	70.1	704	549	252	2.43	2.94
Lyndonville village	589 191	279 129	48.7 43.4	179 97	35.8 37.1	77 21	75.3 61.9	310 62	238 47	104 18	2.08 2.46	
Peacham town	263	185	52.4	153	47.1	24	83.3	78	65	31	2.53	3.04
Ryegate town	435 3 197	325 1 917	41.8 48.0	269 1 422	40.1 40.9	32 376	62.5 68.6	110 1 280	86 1 052	34 486	2.64 2.25	
St. Johnsbury CDP	2 726	1 563	48.2	1 133	40.0	336	69.0	1 163	970	453	2.18	2.83
Sheffield town	272 73	202 55	51.0 49.1	164 42	46.3 35.7	23 7	73.9 85.7	70 18	45 15	11 3	2.67 2.53	
Sutton town	366	270	51.9	225	48.4	23	69.6	96	68	28	2.73	
Walden town	301 424	219 340	54.3 40.0	176 304	54.0 36.8	36 23	61.1 69.6	82 84	69 67	23 26	2.60 2.60	
Waterford town	238	179	43.0	153	39.9	14	71.4	59	46	17	2.61	
	56 452	35 168	51.5	28 403	48.3	4 901	66.8	21 284	14 732	4 126	2.47	3.02
Chittenden County	368	260	51.5 57.7	28 403	54.5	28	92.9	108	71	4 126	2.64	3.09
Buels gore	6	4	25.0	4	25.0	-	(X)	2	2	-	2.00	2.50
Burlington city	15 885 1 287	7 055 991	48.0 55.3	4 990 859	41.3 53.3	1 592 89	67.7 65.2	8 830 296	5 649 202	1 295 55	2.19 2.77	
Colchester town	6 144	4 187	50.0	3 391	46.2	543	67.0	1 957	1 363	305	2.50	2.96
Essex town	7 013 3 409	5 017 2 253	53.8 53.1	4 188 1 820	51.7 50.3	615 334	67.2 67.4	1 996 1 156	1 520 901	389 253	2.62 2.48	
Hinesburg town	1 596	1 174	55.5	986	53.1	110	66.4	422	271	68	2.72	3.09
Huntington town Jericho town	692 1 751	512 1 403	54.1 57.3	450 1 232	52.7 55.4	41 124	65.9 73.4	180 348	117 250	26 76	2.68 2.86	
Jericho village	510	412	59.5	341	55.1	61	82.0	98	70	18	2.86	3.18
Milton town	3 333	2 609	53.1	2 192	50.9	290	69.0	724	510	134	2.84	3.17
Milton village	570 1 504	421 1 101	53.9 56.3	332 936	48.8 54.4	68 118	76.5 66.9	149 403	117 276	39 60	2.70 2.71	
St. George town	264	200	57.5	153	51.0	28	75.0	64	49	13	2.64	2.97
Shelburne town South Burlington city	2 632 6 332	1 846 3 785	53.6 48.8	1 614 3 022	51.2 45.7	176 570	67.0 62.3	786 2 547	604 1 924	308 724	2.58 2.31	
	0 002	5 7 0 5	70.0	3 022	45.7	370	52.5	2 547	1 324	124	2.51	2.00

Table 7. Households and Families: 2000—Con.

State												je size
County		Tota	I	Married-coup	le family	Female hous			Householder	living alone		
County County Subdivision Place			Percent with own children		Percent with own children		Percent with own children					
	Total households	Number	under 18 years	Number	under 18 years	Number	under 18 years	Total	Total	65 years and over		Families
Chittenden County—Con.	1 055	854	51.9	770	49.6	F2	69.2	201	144	41	2.82	2.12
Underhill town	725	563	56.1	490	55.1	52 41	53.7	162	102	24	2.88	3.13 3.20
Williston town Winooski city	2 921 2 944	2 140 1 467	50.2 48.6	1 901 1 012	48.7 43.0	154 330	66.2 64.5	781 1 477	596 1 082	232 359	2.59 2.21	3.02 2.98
Essex County	2 602	1 807	45.8	1 460	41.8	215	64.2	795	628	300	2.47	2.92
Averill town	3	2	50.0	2	50.0	-	(X)	1	1	-	2.67	3.50
Avery's gore	101	75	(X) 46.7	62	(X) 45.2	7	(X) 42.9	26	24	14	2.58	3.03
Brighton town	529 374	356 229	44.9 46.3	274 166	38.0 38.0	62 50	71.0 74.0	173 145	146 122	82 71	2.38 2.27	2.88 2.88
Brunswick town	40 441	28 307	57.1 48.2	26 243	57.7 44.9	1 38	68.4	12 134	8 118	2	2.68 2.44	3.25 2.94
Canaan town	467	318	47.8	253	42.3	34	67.6	149	104	45	2.52	2.93
East Haven town	119 13	91 13	49.5 23.1	77 12	45.5 25.0	10 1	70.0	28	22	7	2.53 2.54	2.82 2.54
Granby town	33 106	27 76	40.7 40.8	24 62	41.7 37.1	1 5	80.0	6 30	4 24	2 16	2.61	2.89 2.96
Lemington town	49	34	32.4	30	30.0	4	50.0	15	14	10		2.68
Lewis town Lunenburg town	516	367	(X) 47.1	294	(X) 43.2	44	(X) 61.4	- 149	112	50	2.55	2.97
Maidstone town Norton town	45 91	30 52	30.0 46.2	25 48	36.0 45.8	2	33.3	15 39	11 28	4 14	2.33 2.35	2.77 3.15
Victory town	45	27	29.6	24	29.2	3	33.3	18	12	5	2.16	2.67
Warner's grant	4	4	(X) 25.0	4	(X) 25.0	-	(X) (X)	-	-	-	2.50	2.50
Franklin County	16 765	12 194	51.8	9 784	48.0	1 655	67.8	4 571	3 460	1 411	2.67	3.08
Bakersfield town	439	326	54.9	267	50.9	41	65.9	113	81	31	2.77	3.17
Berkshire town Enosburg town	495 1 058	376 728	51.6 49.9	311 579	49.5 45.8	42 105	59.5 63.8	119 330	84 258	32 137	2.80 2.60	3.15 3.11
Enosburg Falls village	591 1 222	378 967	50.5 56.4	285 841	45.6 54.7	66 71	65.2 74.6	213 255	181 181	113 59	2.44 2.89	3.03 3.20
Fairfield town	620	486	51.0	403	48.9	53	62.3	134	99	26	2.90	3.23
Fletcher townFranklin town	428 429	325 343	56.0 52.5	284 285	53.2 49.5	21 35	85.7 65.7	103 86	79 65	20 20	2.75 2.90	3.12 3.17
Georgia town Highgate town	1 484 1 207	1 232 922	55.6 53.4	1 070 727	54.4 48.6	110 121	62.7 74.4	252 285	183 200	62 80	2.94 2.81	3.20 3.13
Montgomery town	412	289	40.5	230	33.5	31	74.2	123	94	30	2.41	2.75
Richford town St. Albans city	899 3 235	613 1 938	47.6 52.8	465 1 411	41.1 47.8	102 392	71.6 67.6	286 1 297	231 1 015	111 408	2.53 2.35	2.98 2.97
St. Albans town	1 836 672	1 404 544	50.0 52.8	1 131 443	45.7 49.7	204 67	67.6 64.2	432 128	331 87	138 27	2.68 2.94	3.01 3.15
Swanton town	2 329 1 031	1 701 680	48.7 47.1	1 337 521	43.4 41.7	260 121	67.3 65.3	628 351	472 274	230 143	2.66 2.46	3.05 2.96
Grand Isle County	2 761 791	1 954 529	44.1 46.7	1 658 438	41.0 42.7	195 62	58.5 62.9	807 262	613 207	226 93	2.50 2.47	2.93 2.97
Alburg village	209	128	46.9	104	42.3	22	72.7	81	70	38	2.33	2.98
Grand Isle town	772 202	572 143	44.2 39.2	488 120	41.4 38.3	55 17	50.9 41.2	200 59	156 46	53 16	2.53 2.42	2.91 2.85
North Hero town	333 663	237 473	37.6 45.7	203 409	32.5 43.8	21 40	85.7 55.0	96 190	65 139	17 47	2.43 2.56	2.79 2.98
Lamoille County	9 221	5 980	49.4	4 741	44.4	820	67.4	3 241	2 301	748	2.45	2.94
Belvidere town	114 1 266	71 886	59.2 46.8	63 764	54.0 42.9	3 87	100.0 66.7	43 380	28 254	10 70	2.58 2.51	3.14 2.91
Cambridge village	95 248	53 150	54.7 48.7	47 120	48.9 40.8	4 22	100.0 72.7	42 98	27 72	6 29	2.42 2.29	3.08 2.85
Jeffersonville village Eden town	409	312	54.5	230	50.0	44	65.9	97	69	16	2.82	3.08
Elmore town	306 1 138	224 781	58.5 46.2	188 611	55.9 41.9	19 106	68.4 59.4	82 357	55 278	17 108	2.77 2.49	3.20 2.92
Hyde Park village	192 1 170	112 669	40.2 53.8	87 484	35.6 48.3	18 126	55.6 65.1	80 501	66 330	22 100	2.16 2.43	2.75 2.99
Johnson village	469	186	52.7	120	43.3	51	70.6	283	185	59	2.11	2.88
Morristown town Morrisville village	2 101 860	1 318 459	49.9 49.9	977 308	43.2 40.9	256 124	66.8 67.7	783 401	584 317	214 138	2.39 2.19	2.92 2.90
Stowe town	1 905 260	1 130 187	44.0 52.9	952 151	39.9 48.3	121 17	72.7 76.5	775 73	552 47	170 11	2.27 2.62	2.83 2.98
Wolcott town	552	402	54.7	321	49.2	41	80.5	150	104	32	2.63	2.99
Orange County	10 936	7 614	48.0	6 139	43.5	978	68.0	3 322	2 556	1 006	2.52	2.97
Bradford townBradford village	1 028 322	693 192	50.1 51.0	533 136	42.6 41.9	128 52	75.8 73.1	335 130	262 100	121 47	2.48 2.32	2.98 2.95
Braintree town	482 475	326 351	48.5 43.6	250 291	46.0 38.1	50 43	62.0 72.1	156 124	119 85	54 33	2.48 2.57	2.94 2.87
Chelsea town	495	324	45.4	252	39.7	44	65.9	171	136	67	2.41	2.95
Corinth town	535 395	411 266	47.4 46.6	323 214	43.3 42.1	50 31	58.0 71.0	124 129	88 99	39 40	2.73 2.42	3.02 2.88
Newbury town	816 162	553 98	43.4 60.2	454 81	38.5 56.8	63 10	68.3 60.0	263 64	215 50	96 25		2.88 3.09
Wells River village	156 362	93 278	41.9 48.6	66 235	25.8 46.4	18 24	83.3	63 84	61 61	30 16	2.08	2.67
Orange town	1 769	1 145	48.7	900	43.6	169	54.2 68.6	624	490	223	2.45	3.03 3.00
Strafford town Thetford town	420 1 032	297 731	49.5 52.0	248 613	46.4 48.5	32 73	65.6 74.0	123 301	106 239	26 68	2.49 2.54	2.97 3.00
Topsham town	421 513	324 362	49.7 43.9	268 282	46.6 40.4	33 58	69.7 56.9	97 151	71 108	22 43	2.71 2.55	3.00 2.94
Tunbridge town Vershire town	261	174	50.0	144	44.4	21	76.2	87	70	16	2.41	2.94
Washington town	406 278	292 197	47.6 51.3	241 158	43.2 48.1	32 22	71.9 59.1	114 81	83 58	30 15	2.58 2.61	3.00 3.02
Williamstown town	1 248	890	47.9	733	43.1	105	67.6	358	266	97	2.58	3.01

Table 7. Households and Families: 2000—Con.

			•	Family hous	seholds			No	nfamily househo	lds	Average	e size
State County		Tota	I	Married-coup	ole family	Female hous			Householder	living alone		
County Subdivision Place			Percent with own children		Percent with own children		Percent with own children			0.5		
	Total households	Number	under 18 years	Number	under 18 years	Number	under 18 years	Total	Total	65 years and over		Families
Orleans County	10 446	7 153	46.9	5 683	41.4	1 008	69.9	3 293	2 632	1 137	2.45	2.91
Albany town	337 70	238 48	47.1	200	43.5	24 5	75.0	99	83	22	2.49	2.97
Albany village	1 153	748	43.8 49.3	40 572	40.0 43.7	ວ 117	80.0 69.2	22 405	21 351	10 192	2.36 2.33	2.83 2.86
Barton village	347	194	49.5	137	41.6	42	61.9	153	133	81	2.14	2.81
Orleans village	364 337	229 240	48.0 49.2	172 193	41.3 46.6	36 35	77.8 60.0	135 97	123 72	61 27	2.27 2.63	2.84 3.02
Charleston town	362	261	42.1	198	32.8	36	72.2	101	72	19	2.47	2.80
Coventry town	379 427	287	46.7	217	38.2	44 25	70.5	92	65 90	19	2.68	2.96
Craftsbury town	1 832	302 1 319	44.0 48.9	264 1 065	40.5 43.9	177	72.0 75.1	125 513	431	40 201	2.43 2.50	2.82 2.92
Derby Center village	283	188	52.1	127	42.5	44	81.8	95	80	37	2.29	2.72
Derby Line village	329 384	225 269	46.2 42.4	173 226	38.2 38.1	38 33	84.2 78.8	104 115	89 89	39 28	2.36 2.40	2.80 2.83
Greensboro town	313	215	41.4	179	41.3	26	38.5	98	85	50	2.37	2.84
Holland townIrasburg town	219 405	161 317	54.0 51.1	129 271	48.1 47.2	21 29	76.2 69.0	58 88	44 67	16 31	2.68 2.66	3.03 2.98
Jay town	158	115	51.3	98	50.0	10	40.0	43	25	5	2.70	3.05
Lowell town	270	204	51.0	169	50.3	20	55.0	66	52 45	22	2.73	3.12
Morgan town Newport city	247 2 086	185 1 192	47.6 46.6	153 855	41.2 37.4	22 262	81.8 72.5	62 894	45 740	12 334	2.71 2.20	3.03 2.84
Newport town	587	437	44.4	364	38.7	46	73.9	150	112	32	2.57	2.93
Troy town North Troy village	617 249	432 164	46.3 45.1	342 121	41.2 34.7	54 28	63.0 67.9	185 85	132 62	61 29	2.53 2.38	2.94 2.81
Westfield town	200	141	37.6	110	30.0	18	55.6	59	42	17	2.45	2.78
Westmore town	133	90	30.0	78	29.5	9	44.4	43	35	9	2.30	2.74
Rutland County	25 678	16 740	45.7	13 182	41.6	2 591	61.6	8 938	7 162	2 886	2.39	2.92
Benson town Brandon town	391 1 572	272 1 098	51.5 45.4	215 878	47.4 41.3	32 174	65.6 63.8	119 474	97 371	37 177	2.57 2.49	3.05 2.91
Brandon CDP	718	463	44.7	358	39.4	89	61.8	255	213	111	2.35	2.86
Castleton town	1 550 451	1 008 345	44.3 48.7	809 289	39.2 46.7	142 33	66.2 48.5	542 106	367 84	124 29	2.47 2.62	2.92 2.97
Chittenden town	1 136	785	45.1	659	41.9	85	63.5	351	273	84	2.02	2.94
Danby town	502 1 165	363	46.0	294	41.5	46	58.7	139	103	44	2.57	2.96
Fair Haven townFair Haven CDP	981	778 643	51.0 50.5	574 466	45.5 44.2	155 135	65.2 65.9	387 338	317 284	147 134	2.47 2.44	3.00 3.00
Hubbardton town	296	204	42.6	169	39.6	17	58.8	92	63	20	2.54	2.96
Ira town Killington town	163 500	126 282	52.4 44.7	103 243	53.4 39.9	15 28	40.0 67.9	37 218	30 171	10 29	2.79 2.19	3.18 2.80
Mendon town	410	297	43.1	255	39.2	30	60.0	113	78	25	2.49	2.83
Middletown Springs town Mount Holly town	331 494	238 342	43.7 47.1	202 291	42.6 43.6	26 34	53.8 67.6	93 152	75 112	29 45	2.49 2.51	2.92 2.94
Mount Tabor town	92	56	44.6	45	46.7	8	25.0	36	33	15	2.21	2.80
Pawlet town	575 190	397 120	42.6 39.2	325 105	39.4 36.2	49 9	63.3 55.6	178 70	150 48	67 10	2.42 2.25	2.92 2.73
Pittsford town	1 284	877	43.4	722	39.2	107	69.2	407	306	119	2.23	2.73
Poultney town	1 287	846	44.4	669	41.3	123	54.5	441	358	166	2.39	2.92
Poultney village	524 756	291 531	49.5 47.8	215 418	42.3 45.5	51 91	72.5 57.1	233 225	191 188	85 98	2.18 2.48	2.87 2.94
Rutland city	7 452	4 209	48.8	2 968	43.1	931	63.6	3 243	2 693	1 036	2.22	2.90
Rutland town	1 691 426	1 166 323	41.4 43.0	982 274	38.5 42.3	151 33	58.9 48.5	525 103	450 83	228 23	2.35 2.53	2.85 2.90
Sudbury town	237	159	39.0	136	36.0	19	57.9	78	59	12	2.46	2.96
Tinmouth town	231 905	167 652	44.9 42.8	142 534	40.8 39.7	19 82	68.4 57.3	64 253	55 207	22 96	2.45 2.49	2.86 2.92
Wallingford CDP	384	264	42.4	211	39.8	39	53.8	120	101	55	2.44	2.97
Wells town	466 104	334 79	36.5 40.5	274 68	34.3 41.2	40 9	47.5 44.4	132 25	108 19	55 9	2.41 2.67	2.80 3.06
West Rutland town	1 021	686	44.8	539	42.3	103	58.3	335	264	130	2.48	3.00
West Rutland CDP	913	601	45.1	467	42.8	95	57.9	312	248	121	2.48	3.03
Washington County	23 659	15 053	48.7	11 968	43.9	2 183	69.1	8 606	6 746	2 409	2.36	2.91
Barre city	4 220	2 253	49.2	1 561	40.9	517 223	69.2	1 967	1 653	675	2.14	2.86
Barre town Graniteville-East Barre CDP	2 951 843	2 217 599	45.8 47.7	1 888 467	42.3 41.8	98	64.1 70.4	734 244	598 191	262 85	2.57 2.53	2.95 2.93
South Barre CDP	534 1 109	368 774	41.3	308 609	35.7 43.2	42 114	69.0 68.4	166 335	143 257	55 116	2.33 2.46	2.78
Berlin town	1 109 452	774 319	47.7 51.7	258	43.2 45.3	114 40	68.4 77.5	133	257 98	116 29	2.46	2.88 3.11
Cabot village	91	66	56.1	48	43.8	15	93.3	25	23	5	2.63	3.05
Calais town	616 498	419 338	51.1 48.5	353 295	46.7 44.4	42 24	78.6 75.0	197 160	148 109	42 31	2.48 2.52	2.98 2.98
East Montpelier town	1 007	730	43.8	611	42.2	85	56.5	277	202	68	2.56	2.96
Fayston town	484 575	312 417	47.1 54.4	273 325	44.0 49.8	31 55	74.2 76.4	172 158	121 120	27 29	2.36 2.60	2.85 3.01
Marshfield village	96	72	51.4	55	45.5	13	61.5	24	20	5	2.73	3.10
Middlesex town Montpelier city	663 3 739	486 1 940	50.6 50.1	398 1 438	48.0 45.0	60 376	66.7 65.4	177 1 799	129 1 475	35 489	2.61 2.09	2.96 2.84
Moretown town	650	437	53.1	358	50.8	56	60.7	213	145	50	2.54	3.01
Northfield town	1 819	1 225	48.2	973	43.4	182	72.0	594	442 240	177	2.46	2.95
Northfield village	811 487	487 317	54.0 56.8	350 238	45.7 51.7	101 53	79.2 79.2	324 170	125	102 40	2.34 2.42	2.92 2.93
Roxbury town	227	164	41.5	143	39.9	13	46.2	63	43	16	2.54	2.93
Waitsfield town	734 742	485 437	44.5 48.1	405 372	38.3 44.1	60 44	76.7 77.3	249 305	187 232	48 44	2.26 2.27	2.73 2.89
Waterbury town	2 011	1 321	50.3	1 089	45.8	159	72.3	690	515	191	2.42	2.93
Waterbury village	793 329	409 210	49.6 47.1	310 173	42.6 43.4	71 21	74.6 76.2	384 119	290 82	108 26	2.09 2.46	2.78 3.00
Worcester town	346	252	47.1	208	40.4	28	85.7	94	65	14	2.46	2.96
	10 275	11 450	40.0	9 039	40.4	4 770	60.5	6.040	E 400	1 000	2.25	2.04
Windham County	18 375 142	11 456 100	48.0 48.0	9 039	42.4 40.0	1 770 13	69.5 84.6	6 919 42	5 463 34	1 869 10	2.35 2.39	2.91 2.76
Brattleboro town	5 364	2 883	50.5	2 030	41.4	689	73.9	2 481	2 030	711	2.15	2.84
Brattleboro CDP West Brattleboro CDP	3 729 1 433	1 894 850	52.0 48.6	1 250 661	40.6 43.4	524 151	76.0 67.5	1 835 583	1 499 482	476 219	2.11 2.23	2.83 2.87
1100t Bidmodolo ODI	1 400	000	+0.0	001	+5.4							
11 Vermont							Cummo	ny Donula	lian and L	augina Ch	araata	riotico

Table 7. Households and Families: 2000—Con.

					seholds			Nor	nfamily househole	ds	Averag	ge size
State		Tota	ı	Married-coup	le family	Female hous no husband			Householder	living alone		
County	-			1								
County Subdivision												
,			Percent		Percent		Percent					
Place			with own		with own		with own					
			children		children		children					
	Total		under		under		under			65 years	House-	
	households	Number	18 years	Number	18 years	Number	18 years	Total	Total	and over	holds	Families
Windham County—Con.												
Brookline town	186	125	51.2	110	45.5	9	88.9	61	43	17	2.51	3.00
Dover town	611	372	45.2	314	40.1	38	71.1	239	179	34	2.31	2.86
Dummerston town	796	544	46.5	462	43.9	54	55.6	252	202	55	2.41	2.89
Grafton town	291	191	32.5	164	30.5	14	42.9	100	83	31	2.23	2.73
Guilford town	811	576	48.3	472	44.1	74	66.2	235	174	54	2.52	2.95
Halifax town	312	209	47.8	162	44.4	31	71.0	103	69	27	2.51	2.92
Jamaica town	416	246	47.2	208	43.3	26	73.1	170	125	44	2.27	2.88
Londonderry town	730	471	42.9	389	39.3	59	66.1	259	189	78	2.34	2.84
Marlboro town	330	215	47.0	184	44.6	20	60.0	115	84	33	2.39	
Newfane town	693	464	46.8	396	42.7	44	63.6	229	167	54	2.42	
Newfane village	61	32	40.6	28	32.1	4	100.0	29	25	13	1.90	
Putney town	958	604	51.5	484	47.3	81	69.1	354	267	67	2.43	
Rockingham town	2 202	1 387	49.3	1 039	47.3	264	67.0	815	663	295	2.43	
	1 329	783	54.7	532	46.2	188	72.9	546	459	222	2.35	
Bellows Falls village	209	137	45.3	105	38.1	27	70.4	72	58	16	2.33	
						21				10		
Somerset town	2	1	100.0	1	100.0		(X)	1	1	7	2.50	
Stratton town	60	36	44.4	34	44.1	.1		24	17	•	2.27	2.89
Townshend town	469	320	45.0	255	42.4	45	48.9	149	118	46	2.39	
Vernon town	741	574	48.4	494	45.3	54	68.5	167	131	49	2.76	
Wardsboro town	358	235	43.8	195	40.5	23	56.5	123	97	33	2.39	
Westminster town	1 246	843	51.1	691	46.0	110	71.8	403	304	84	2.58	
North Westminster village	106	75	45.3	64	42.2	9	66.7	31	21	6	2.56	
Westminster village	118	79	41.8	68	33.8	9	88.9	39	30	12	2.34	2.85
Whitingham town	515	372	46.0	315	41.6	39	71.8	143	114	43	2.52	
Jacksonville village	88	60	63.3	48	62.5	9	55.6	28	21	9	2.69	
Wilmington town	992	597	43.2	482	37.6	77	68.8	395	322	79	2.24	2.84
Windham town	150	91	35.2	78	32.1	5	100.0	59	50	18	2.19	2.76
Windsor County	24 162	15 724	44.9	12 730	40.3	2 163	65.3	8 438	6 796	2 671	2.35	
Andover town	215	147	32.7	124	26.6	16	62.5	68	49	16	2.31	2.70
Baltimore town	92	75	42.7	63	42.9	7	14.3	17	7	2	2.72	2.88
Barnard town	383	277	40.4	235	36.2	26	61.5	106	81	22	2.50	2.84
Bethel town	817	548	46.0	435	40.7	81	66.7	269	212	82	2.41	2.87
Bridgewater town	395	251	43.8	227	42.3	18	55.6	144	109	43	2.48	3.08
Cavendish town	617	421	37.8	355	34.9	47	51.1	196	145	67	2.37	2.80
Chester town	1 296	862	44.3	687	38.4	124	65.3	434	365	158	2.35	
Chester-Chester Depot CDP	488	264	47.0	175	34.3	69	72.5	224	192	87	2.05	
Hartford town	4 509	2 798	46.3	2 201	41.4	459	63.4	1 711	1 382	493	2.28	
White River Junction CDP	1 169	649	50.7	444	43.0	157	63.7	520	431	183	2.19	
Wilder CDP	690	445	49.9	354	45.8	72	68.1	245	205	76	2.19	2.00
Hartland town	1 270	900	49.9	756	44.4	107	62.6	370	280	88	2.57	
	1 270	658	39.2	525	34.9	107	59.0	402	280 334	125	2.53	
Ludlow village	437	221	41.2	525 169	34.9	41	56.1	216	334 178	74	2.26	
Ludlow village	1 367	945	59.5	794	56.0		74.8		331		2.06	
Norwich town						119		422		118		
Plymouth town	251	169	34.9	140	32.1	13	38.5	82	68	25	2.21	2.59
Pomfret town	404	288	46.5	246	44.3	28	67.9	116	89	30	2.47	2.89
Reading town	286	204	41.2	170	37.1	25	60.0	82	63	26	2.47	
Rochester town	511	330	43.6	268	37.3	45	73.3	181	146	57	2.26	
Royalton town	1 155	623	49.1	506	43.9	79	73.4	532	399	84	2.24	2.95
Sharon town	553	379	53.3	321	50.8	41	61.0	174	136	38	2.55	
Springfield town	3 886	2 500	44.4	1 939	37.5	395	70.6	1 386	1 186	586	2.31	2.84
Springfield CDP	1 778	1 038	48.5	739	39.9	226	70.8	740	667	350	2.21	2.89
Stockbridge town	281	193	43.5	163	41.1	19	57.9	88	64	26	2.40	2.81
Weathersfield town	1 167	831	36.8	719	35.0	69	56.5	336	258	128	2.39	
Perkinsville village	56	41	51.2	31	45.2	7	71.4	15	12	8	2.54	2.88
Weston town	283	174	35.1	148	32.4	17	47.1	109	92	33	2.16	
West Windsor town	456	328	40.2	289	37.7	25	60.0	128	104	32	2.34	2.74
Windsor town	1 520	946	45.8	688	37.5	185	71.9	574	484	235	2.29	
Woodstock town	1 388	877	41.7	731	38.6	113	59.3	511	412	157	2.29	2.63
							00.0	311	+12	131		

Table 8. Households and Families: 2000

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsa	ampling error, and	I definitions, se	ee textj	Family hous	seholds			No	nfamily househole	ds	Averag	je size
State		Tota	l	Married-coup	ole family	Female hous no husband			Householder	living alone		
County Place and County Subdivision	Total		Percent with own children under		Percent with own children under		Percent with own children under			65 years	House-	
	households	Number	18 years	Number	18 years	Number	18 years	Total	Total	and over	holds	
The State	240 634	157 763	48.4	126 413	44.2	22 272	66.4	82 871	63 112	22 955	2.44	2.96
COUNTY												
Addison County Bennington County	13 068	9 105	49.3	7 495	46.1	1 086	64.6	3 963	3 054	1 162	2.55	3.02
	14 846	9 914	45.7	7 885	41.1	1 497	63.3	4 932	3 981	1 716	2.41	2.91
Caledonia County	11 663	7 901	47.9	6 246	42.6	1 210	68.1	3 762	2 988	1 288	2.46	2.95
	56 452	35 168	51.5	28 403	48.3	4 901	66.8	21 284	14 732	4 126	2.47	3.02
Essex County	2 602	1 807	45.8	1 460	41.8	215	64.2	795	628	300	2.47	2.92
	16 765	12 194	51.8	9 784	48.0	1 655	67.8	4 571	3 460	1 411	2.67	3.08
Grand Isle County	2 761	1 954	44.1	1 658	41.0	195	58.5	807	613	226	2.50	2.93
Lamoille County Orange County	9 221	5 980	49.4	4 741	44.4	820	67.4	3 241	2 301	748	2.45	2.94
	10 936	7 614	48.0	6 139	43.5	978	68.0	3 322	2 556	1 006	2.52	2.97
Orleans County	10 446	7 153	46.9	5 683	41.4	1 008	69.9	3 293	2 632	1 137	2.45	2.91
Rutland County	25 678	16 740	45.7	13 182	41.6	2 591	61.6	8 938	7 162	2 886	2.39	2.92
	23 659	15 053	48.7	11 968	43.9	2 183	69.1	8 606	6 746	2 409	2.36	2.91
Windham County	18 375	11 456	48.0	9 039	42.4	1 770	69.5	6 919	5 463	1 869	2.35	2.91
	24 162	15 724	44.9	12 730	40.3	2 163	65.3	8 438	6 796	2 671	2.35	2.86
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION	24 102	15 724	44.5	12 730	40.5	2 103	00.0	0 430	0 730	2 07 1	2.55	2.00
Addison town, Addison County	494	402	48.3	364	47.3	25	48.0	92	70	29	2.82	3.10
Albany village, Orleans County	70	48	43.8	40	40.0	5	80.0	22	21	10	2.36	2.83
	337	238	47.1	200	43.5	24	75.0	99	83	22	2.49	2.97
Alburg village, Grand Isle County	209	128	46.9	104	42.3	22	72.7	81	70	38	2.33	2.98
Alburg town, Grand Isle County	791	529	46.7	438	42.7	62	62.9	262	207	93	2.47	2.97
	215	147	32.7	124	26.6	16	62.5	68	49	16	2.31	2.70
Arlington CDP, Bennington County	516	327	41.6	256	39.1	52	51.9	189	163	78	2.32	2.92
	1 009	676	42.6	568	39.6	82	57.3	333	282	129	2.38	2.90
Athens town, Windham County	142	100	48.0	80	40.0	13	84.6	42	34	10	2.39	2.76
Averill town, Essex County	3 -	2 -	50.0 (X)	2 -	50.0 (X)	-	(X) (X)	1 -	1 -	-	2.67	3.50
Bakersfield town, Franklin County	439	326	54.9	267	50.9	41	65.9	113	81	31	2.77	3.17
Baltimore town, Windsor County	92	75	42.7	63	42.9	7	14.3	17	7	2	2.72	2.88
	383	277	40.4	235	36.2	26	61.5	106	81	22	2.50	2.84
Barnet town, Caledonia County	638	441	46.9	373	45.0	49	51.0	197	166	80	2.57	3.11
	4 220	2 253	49.2	1 561	40.9	517	69.2	1 967	1 653	675	2.14	2.86
Barre town, Washington County	2 951	2 217	45.8	1 888	42.3	223	64.1	734	598	262	2.57	2.95
Barton village, Orleans County	347	194	49.5	137	41.6	42	61.9	153	133	81	2.14	2.81
	1 153	748	49.3	572	43.7	117	69.2	405	351	192	2.33	2.86
Bellows Falls village, Windham County Belvidere town, Lamoille County	1 329	783	54.7	532	46.2	188	72.9	546	459	222	2.35	3.01
	114	71	59.2	63	54.0	3	100.0	43	28	10	2.58	3.14
Bennington CDP, Bennington County	3 824	2 227	48.0	1 600	41.6	488	64.5	1 597	1 321	547	2.26	2.90
	6 162	3 864	48.4	2 866	42.6	759	65.5	2 298	1 876	790	2.36	2.94
Benson town, Rutland County	391	272	51.5	215	47.4	32	65.6	119	97	37	2.57	3.05
Berkshire town, Franklin County	495	376	51.6	311	49.5	42	59.5	119	84	32	2.80	3.15
	1 109	774	47.7	609	43.2	114	68.4	335	257	116	2.46	2.88
Bethel town, Windsor County	817	548	46.0	435	40.7	81	66.7	269	212	82	2.41	2.87
	101	75	46.7	62	45.2	7	42.9	26	24	14	2.58	3.03
Bolton town, Chittenden County	368	260	57.7	213	54.5	28	92.9	108	71	17	2.64	3.09
Bradford village, Orange County	322	192	51.0	136	41.9	52	73.1	130	100	47	2.32	2.95
	1 028	693	50.1	533	42.6	128	75.8	335	262	121	2.48	2.98
Braintree town, Orange County	482	326	48.5	250	46.0	50	62.0	156	119	54	2.48	2.94
	718	463	44.7	358	39.4	89	61.8	255	213	111	2.35	2.86
Brandon town, Rutland County	1 572	1 098	45.4	878	41.3	174	63.8	474	371	177	2.49	2.91
	5 364	2 883	50.5	2 030	41.4	689	73.9	2 481	2 030	711	2.15	2.84
Brattleboro CDP, Windham County	3 729	1 894	52.0	1 250	40.6	524	76.0	1 835	1 499	476	2.11	2.83
Bridgewater town, Windsor County	395	251	43.8	227	42.3	18	55.6	144	109	43	2.48	3.08
	456	344	44.5	291	41.2	28	64.3	112	85	37	2.71	3.07
Brighton town, Essex County	529	356	44.9	274	38.0	62	71.0	173	146	82	2.38	2.88
Bristol town, Addison County	1 460	1 013	53.4	790	49.5	147	69.4	447	335	124	2.58	3.03
	475	351	43.6	291	38.1	43	72.1	124	85	33	2.57	2.87
Brookline town, Windham County	186	125	51.2	110	45.5	9	88.9	61	43	17	2.51	3.00
	337	240	49.2	193	46.6	35	60.0	97	72	27	2.63	3.02
Brunswick town, Essex County	40	28 4	57.1 25.0	26 4	57.7 25.0	1	(X)	12	8 2	2	2.68 2.00	3.25 2.50
Burke town, Caledonia County	641	455	42.9	372	37.1	63	71.4	186	139	37	2.45	2.83
Burlington city, Chittenden County	15 885	7 055	48.0	4 990	41.3	1 592	67.7	8 830	5 649	1 295	2.19	2.86
	91	66	56.1	48	43.8	15	93.3	25	23	5	2.63	3.05
Cabot town, Washington County Calais town, Washington County	452 616	319 419	51.7 51.1	258 353	45.3	40 42	77.5 78.6	133 197	98 148	29 42	2.68 2.48	3.11 2.98
Cambridge village, Lamoille County	95	53	54.7	47	46.7 48.9	4	100.0	42	27	6	2.42	3.08
Cambridge town, Lamoille County	1 266	886	46.8	764	42.9	87	66.7	380	254	70	2.51	2.91
	441	307	48.2	243	44.9	38	68.4	134	118	49	2.44	2.94
Castleton town, Rutland County	1 550	1 008	44.3	809	39.2	142	66.2	542	367	124	2.47	2.92
	617	421	37.8	355	34.9	47	51.1	196	145	67	2.37	2.80
Charleston town, Orleans County Charlotte town, Chittenden County	362	261	42.1	198	32.8	36	72.2	101	72	19	2.47	2.80
	1 287	991	55.3	859	53.3	89	65.2	296	202	55	2.77	3.12
Chelsea town, Orange County	495	324	45.4	252	39.7	44	65.9	171	136	67	2.41	2.95
Chester town, Windsor County	1 296	862	44.3	687	38.4	124	65.3	434	365	158	2.35	2.86
	488	264	47.0	175	34.3	69	72.5	224	192	87	2.05	2.74
Chittenden town, Rutland County	451	345	48.7	289	46.7	33	48.5	106	84	29	2.62	2.97
	1 136	785	45.1	659	41.9	85	63.5	351	273	84	2.47	2.94
Colchester town, Chittenden County	6 144	4 187	50.0	3 391	46.2	543	67.0	1 957	1 363	305	2.50	2.96
Concord town, Essex County	467	318	47.8	253	42.3	34	67.6	149	104	45	2.52	2.93
	535	411	47.4	323	43.3	50	58.0	124	88	39	2.73	3.02
Cornwall town, Addison County	427	323	44.9	280	42.9	28	53.6	104	78	33	2.66	3.03
	379	287	46.7	217	38.2	44	70.5	92	65	19	2.68	2.96
Craftsbury town, Orleans County	427	302	44.0	264	40.5	25	72.0	125	90	40	2.43	2.82
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Table 8. Households and Families: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nons-	ampling error, an	a delimitions, si	ee textj	Family hous	seholds			Nor	nfamily househol	ds	Averag	je size
State		Tota	I	Married-coup	le family	Female hous no husband			Householder	living alone		
County Place and County Subdivision	Total		Percent with own children under		Percent with own children under		Percent with own children under			65 years	House-	
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.	households	Number	18 years	Number	18 years	Number	18 years	Total	Total	and over	holds	Families
Danby town, Rutland County Danville town, Caledonia County Derby town, Orleans County Derby Center village, Orleans County Derby Line village, Orleans County Dorset town, Bennington County Dover town, Windham County Dummerston town, Windham County Duxbury town, Washington County East Haven town, Essex County East Montpelier town, Washington County	502 871 1 832 283 329 856 611 796 498 119	363 627 1 319 188 225 601 372 544 338 91	46.0 45.1 48.9 52.1 46.2 38.6 45.2 46.5 48.5 49.5 43.8	294 540 1 065 127 173 512 314 462 295 77 611	41.5 41.3 43.9 42.5 38.2 35.5 40.1 43.9 44.4 45.5	46 71 177 44 38 67 38 54 24 10 85	58.7 66.2 75.1 81.8 84.2 50.7 71.1 55.6 75.0 70.0 56.5	139 244 513 95 104 255 239 252 160 28 277	103 201 431 80 89 212 179 202 109 22 202	44 92 201 37 39 98 34 55 31 7	2.57 2.52 2.50 2.29 2.36 2.38 2.31 2.41 2.52 2.53 2.56	2.92 2.72 2.80 2.82 2.86 2.89 2.98 2.82
Eden town, Lamoille County Elmore town, Lamoille County Enosburg town, Franklin County Enosburg Falls village, Franklin County Essex town, Chittenden County Essex Junction village, Chittenden County Fairfat town, Franklin County Fairfield town, Franklin County Fair Haven town, Rutland County Fair Haven CDP, Rutland County Fairlee town, Orange County	409 306 1 058 591 7 013 3 409 1 222 620 1 165 981 395	312 224 728 378 5 017 2 253 967 486 778 643 266	54.5 58.5 49.9 50.5 53.8 53.1 56.4 51.0 50.5 46.6	230 188 579 285 4 188 1 820 841 403 574 466 214	50.0 55.9 45.8 45.6 51.7 50.3 54.7 48.9 45.5 44.2	44 19 105 66 615 334 71 53 155 135	65.9 68.4 63.8 65.2 67.2 67.4 74.6 62.3 65.2 65.9 71.0	97 82 330 213 1 996 1 156 255 134 387 338	69 55 258 181 1 520 901 181 99 317 284	16 17 137 113 389 253 59 26 147 134	2.82 2.77 2.60 2.44 2.62 2.48 2.89 2.90 2.47 2.44	3.20 3.11 3.03 3.09 3.04 3.20 3.23 3.00 3.00
Fayston town, Washington County Ferdinand town, Essex County Ferrisburg town, Addison County Fletcher town, Franklin County Franklin town, Franklin County Georgia town, Franklin County Glastenbury town, Bennington County Glover town, Orleans County Goshen town, Addison County Grafton town, Windham County Granby town, Essex County	484 13 1 014 428 429 1 484 6 384 844 291 33	312 13 751 325 343 1 232 5 269 57 191 27	47.1 23.1 45.3 56.0 52.5 55.6 40.0 42.4 49.1 32.5 40.7	273 12 644 284 285 1 070 4 226 50 164 24	44.0 25.0 43.8 53.2 49.5 54.4 25.0 38.1 50.0 30.5 41.7	31 1 65 21 35 110 1 33 - 14	74.2 50.8 85.7 65.7 62.7 100.0 78.8 (X) 42.9	172 263 103 86 252 1 115 27 100 6	121 	27 - 66 20 20 62 - 28 7 31 2	2.36 2.54 2.62 2.75 2.90 2.94 2.67 2.40 2.70 2.23 2.61	2.54 2.99 3.12 3.17 3.20 2.60 2.83 3.07
Grand Isle town, Grand Isle County Graniteville-East Barre CDP, Washington County Granville town, Addison County Greensboro town, Orleans County Groton town, Caledonia County Guildhall town, Essex County Guilford town, Windham County Halifax town, Windham County Hancock town, Addison County Hardwick town, Caledonia County Hartford town, Windsor County Hartford town, Windsor County	772 843 127 313 338 106 811 312 164 1 216 4 509	572 599 81 215 252 76 576 209 113 855 2 798	44.2 47.7 51.9 41.4 48.0 40.8 47.8 39.8 53.8 46.3	488 467 59 179 209 62 472 162 90 633 2 201	41.4 41.8 49.2 41.3 45.5 37.1 44.1 44.4 32.2 48.0 41.4	55 98 15 26 32 5 74 31 12 166 459	50.9 70.4 66.7 38.5 53.1 80.0 66.2 71.0 75.0 69.9 63.4	200 244 46 98 86 30 235 103 51 361 1 711	156 191 36 85 68 24 174 69 46 273 1 382	53 85 6 50 33 16 54 27 17 109 493	2.53 2.53 2.39 2.37 2.59 2.53 2.52 2.51 2.33 2.61 2.28	2.93 2.83 2.84 2.99 2.96 2.95 2.92 2.77 3.06
Hartland town, Windsor County Highgate town, Franklin County Hinesburg town, Chittenden County Holland town, Orleans County Hubbardton town, Rutland County Huntington town, Chittenden County Hyde Park village, Lamoille County Hyde Park town, Lamoille County Ira town, Rutland County Ira town, Rutland County Irasburg town, Orleans County Island Pond CDP, Essex County	1 270 1 207 1 596 219 296 692 192 1 138 163 405 374	900 922 1 174 161 204 512 112 781 126 317 229	47.0 53.4 55.5 54.0 42.6 54.1 40.2 46.2 52.4 51.1 46.3	756 727 986 129 169 450 87 611 103 271	44.4 48.6 53.1 48.1 39.6 52.7 35.6 41.9 53.4 47.2 38.0	107 121 110 21 17 41 18 106 15 29	62.6 74.4 66.4 76.2 58.8 65.9 55.6 59.4 40.0 69.0 74.0	370 285 422 58 92 180 80 357 37 88 145	280 200 271 44 63 117 66 278 30 67	88 80 68 16 20 26 22 108 10 31	2.53 2.81 2.72 2.68 2.54 2.68 2.16 2.49 2.79 2.66 2.27	3.13 3.09 3.03 2.96 3.09 2.75 2.92 3.18
Isle La Motte town, Grand Isle County Jacksonville village, Windham County Jamaica town, Windham County Jay town, Orleans County Jeffersonville village, Lamoille County Jericho village, Chittenden County Johnson village, Lamoille County Johnson town, Lamoille County Johnson town, Lamoille County Killington town, Rutland County Killington town, Rutland County Kirby town, Caledonia County	202 88 416 158 248 510 1 751 469 1 170 500 168	143 60 246 115 150 412 1 403 186 669 282 123	39.2 63.3 47.2 51.3 48.7 59.5 57.3 52.7 53.8 44.7 50.4	120 48 208 98 120 341 1 232 120 484 243	38.3 62.5 43.3 50.0 40.8 55.1 55.4 43.3 39.9 44.7	17 9 26 10 22 61 124 51 126 28 16	41.2 55.6 73.1 40.0 72.7 82.0 73.4 70.6 65.1 67.9 75.0	59 28 170 43 98 348 283 501 218 45	46 21 125 25 72 70 250 185 330 171	16 9 44 5 29 18 76 59 100 29 8	2.42 2.69 2.27 2.70 2.29 2.86 2.86 2.11 2.43 2.19 2.71	3.28 2.88 3.05 2.85 3.18 3.19 2.88 2.99 2.80
Landgrove town, Bennington County Leicester town, Addison County Lemington town, Essex County Lewis town, Essex County Lincoln town, Addison County Londonderry town, Windham County Lowell town, Orleans County Ludlow village, Windsor County Ludlow town, Windsor County Ludlow town, Windsor County Lunenburg town, Essex County	64 391 49 - 462 730 270 437 1 060 516	44 267 34 - 339 471 204 221 658 367	52.3 44.6 32.4 (X) 50.7 42.9 51.0 41.2 39.2 47.1	38 224 30 - 283 389 169 169 525 294	50.0 40.6 30.0 (X) 46.6 39.3 50.3 37.3 34.9 43.2	4 28 4 - 41 59 20 41 105 44	50.0 60.7 50.0 (X) 73.2 66.1 55.0 56.1 59.0 61.4	20 124 15 - 123 259 66 216 402 149	18 92 14 - 92 189 52 178 334	6 32 10 - 33 78 22 74 125 50	2.25 2.49 2.18 - 2.63 2.34 2.73 2.06 2.26 2.55	2.97 2.68 - 3.02 2.84 3.12 2.79 2.80
Lyndon town, Caledonia County Lyndonville village, Caledonia County Maidstone town, Essex County Manchester village, Bennington County Manchester town, Bennington County Manchester Center CDP, Bennington County Marboro town, Windham County Marshfield village, Washington County Marshfield town, Washington County Mendon town, Rutland County	2 031 589 45 284 1 819 912 330 96 575 410	1 327 279 30 171 1 157 534 215 72 417 297	48.3 48.7 30.0 34.5 44.9 48.3 47.0 51.4 54.4 43.1	1 020 179 25 154 936 389 184 55 325	42.0 35.8 36.0 31.8 40.5 41.9 44.6 45.5 49.8 39.2	234 77 2 14 173 114 20 13 55	70.1 75.3 57.1 63.0 64.9 60.0 61.5 76.4 60.0	704 310 15 113 662 378 115 24 158 113	549 238 11 100 554 317 84 20 120 78	252 104 4 68 255 132 33 5 29	2.43 2.08 2.33 2.12 2.26 2.18 2.39 2.73 2.60 2.49	2.82 2.77 2.70 2.81 2.83 2.90 3.10 3.01

Table 8. Households and Families: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nons	ampling error, ar	ia aeimilions, si	ee textj	Family hous	esholde			No	nfamily househol	de	Averag	10 6170
State		Tota	I	Married-coup		Female hous		140	Householder		Averag	e size
County Place and County Subdivision	Total		Percent with own children under		Percent with own children under		Percent with own children under			65 years	House-	
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.	households	Number	18 years	Number	18 years	Number	18 years	Total	Total	and over	holds	Families
Middlebury CDP, Addison County Middlebury town, Addison County Middlesex town, Washington County Middlesewn Springs town, Rutland County Milton village, Chittenden County Milton town, Chittenden County Monkton town, Addison County Montgomery town, Franklin County Montgomery town, Franklin County Montpelier city, Washington County Moretown town, Washington County Morgan town, Orleans County	1 876 2 657 663 331 570 3 333 642 412 3 739 650 247	984 1 533 486 238 421 2 609 504 289 1 940 437 185	48.5 48.1 50.6 43.7 53.9 53.1 52.8 40.5 50.1 53.1 47.6	751 1 184 398 202 332 2 192 445 230 1 438 358 153	42.6 42.9 48.0 42.6 48.8 50.9 50.6 33.5 45.0 50.8 41.2	188 275 60 26 68 290 39 31 376 56 22	68.1 66.5 66.7 53.8 76.5 69.0 69.2 74.2 65.4 60.7 81.8	892 1 124 177 93 149 724 138 123 1 799 213 62	745 937 129 75 117 510 96 94 1 475 145	316 382 35 29 39 134 29 30 489 50	2.15 2.24 2.61 2.49 2.70 2.84 2.74 2.41 2.09 2.54 2.71	2.90 2.90 2.96 2.92 3.12 3.17 3.06 2.75 2.84 3.01 3.03
Morristown town, Lamoille County Morrisville village, Lamoille County Mount Holly town, Rutland County Mount Tabor town, Rutland County Newark town, Caledonia County Newbury village, Orange County Newbury town, Orange County Newfane village, Windham County Newfane town, Windham County New Haven town, Addison County New Haven town, Addison County Newport city, Orleans County	2 101 860 494 92 191 162 816 61 693 613 2 086	1 318 459 342 56 129 98 553 32 464 460 1 192	49.9 49.9 47.1 44.6 43.4 60.2 43.4 40.6 46.8 49.8 46.6	977 308 291 45 97 81 454 28 396 393 855	43.2 40.9 43.6 46.7 37.1 56.8 38.5 32.1 42.7 47.3 37.4	256 124 34 8 21 10 63 4 44 43 262	66.8 67.7 67.6 25.0 61.9 60.0 68.3 100.0 63.6 65.1 72.5	783 401 152 36 62 64 263 29 229 153 894	584 317 112 33 47 50 215 25 167 98 740	214 138 45 15 18 25 96 13 54 31	2.39 2.19 2.51 2.21 2.46 2.44 2.40 1.90 2.42 2.72 2.20	2.92 2.90 2.94 2.80 2.94 3.09 2.88 2.56 2.88 3.09 2.84
Newport town, Orleans County North Bennington village, Bennington County Northfield village, Washington County Northfield town, Washington County North Hero town, Grand Isle County North Troy village, Orleans County North Westminster village, Windham County Norton town, Essex County Norwich town, Windsor County Old Bennington village, Bennington County Orange town, Orange County	587 454 811 1 819 333 249 106 91 1 367 101 362	437 268 487 1 225 237 164 75 52 945 62	44.4 52.6 54.0 48.2 37.6 45.1 45.3 46.2 59.5 45.2 48.6	364 206 350 973 203 121 64 48 794 59	38.7 48.1 45.7 43.4 32.5 34.7 42.2 45.8 56.0 44.1 46.4	46 42 101 182 21 28 9 3 119 1	73.9 61.9 79.2 72.0 85.7 67.9 66.7 33.3 74.8	150 186 324 594 96 85 31 39 422 39	112 159 240 442 65 62 21 28 331 29 61	32 87 102 177 17 29 6 14 118 20	2.57 2.31 2.34 2.46 2.43 2.38 2.56 2.35 2.59 2.30 2.67	2.93 3.02 2.92 2.95 2.79 2.81 2.89 3.15 3.10 2.89 3.03
Orleans village, Orleans County Orwell town, Addison County Panton town, Addison County Pawlet town, Rutland County Peacham town, Caledonia County Perkinsville village, Windsor County Peru town, Bennington County Pittsfield town, Rutland County Pittsford town, Rutland County Plainfield town, Washington County Plymouth town, Windsor County	364 441 248 575 263 56 157 190 1 284 487 251	229 340 193 397 185 41 118 120 877 317	48.0 49.4 42.5 42.6 52.4 51.2 47.5 39.2 43.4 56.8 34.9	172 289 169 325 153 31 104 105 722 238 140	41.3 47.4 40.2 39.4 47.1 45.2 45.2 36.2 39.2 51.7 32.1	36 27 16 49 24 7 8 9 107 53	77.8 63.0 56.3 63.3 83.3 71.4 62.5 55.6 69.2 79.2 38.5	135 101 55 178 78 15 39 70 407 170 82	123 79 40 150 65 12 27 48 306 125 68	61 29 21 67 31 8 12 10 119 40 25	2.27 2.69 2.75 2.42 2.53 2.54 2.65 2.25 2.44 2.42	2.84 3.02 3.06 2.92 3.04 2.88 3.03 2.73 2.88 2.93 2.59
Pomfret town, Windsor County Poultney village, Rutland County Poultney town, Rutland County Pownal town, Bennington County Proctor town, Rutland County Proter town, Windham County Randolph town, Orange County Reading town, Windsor County Readsboro town, Bennington County Readsboro town, Fanklin County Richford town, Franklin County Richmond town, Chittenden County	404 524 1 287 1 373 756 958 1 769 286 321 899	288 291 846 1 010 531 604 1 145 204 225 613 1 101	46.5 49.5 44.4 46.2 47.8 51.5 48.7 41.2 47.1 47.6 56.3	246 215 669 796 418 484 900 170 177 465 936	44.3 42.3 41.3 40.5 45.5 47.3 43.6 37.1 40.7 41.1 54.4	28 51 123 157 91 81 169 25 22 102 118	67.9 72.5 54.5 68.8 57.1 69.1 68.6 60.0 59.1 71.6 66.9	116 233 441 363 225 354 624 82 96 286 403	89 191 358 270 188 267 490 63 83 231	30 85 166 87 98 67 223 26 47 111	2.47 2.18 2.39 2.59 2.48 2.43 2.45 2.47 2.44 2.53 2.71	2.89 2.87 2.92 2.95 2.94 2.99 3.00 2.87 2.89 2.98 3.13
Ripton town, Addison County Rochester town, Windsor County Rockingham town, Windham County Roxbury town, Washington County Royalton town, Windsor County Rupert town, Bennington County Rutland city, Rutland County Rutland town, Rutland County Ryegate town, Caledonia County St. Albans city, Franklin County St. Albans town, Franklin County	210 511 2 202 227 1 155 295 7 452 1 691 435 3 235 1 836	152 330 1 387 164 623 206 4 209 1 166 325 1 938 1 404	52.6 43.6 49.3 41.5 49.1 41.3 48.8 41.4 41.8 52.8 50.0	118 268 1 039 143 506 185 2 968 982 269 1 411	47.5 37.3 43.0 39.9 43.9 38.9 43.1 38.5 40.1 47.8 45.7	24 45 264 13 79 14 931 151 32 392 204	70.8 73.3 67.0 46.2 73.4 50.0 63.6 58.9 62.5 67.6	58 181 815 63 532 89 3 243 525 110 1 297 432	47 146 663 43 399 72 2 693 450 86 1 015	12 57 295 16 84 42 1 036 228 34 408	2.54 2.26 2.39 2.54 2.24 2.39 2.22 2.35 2.64 2.35 2.68	2.89 2.76 2.96 2.93 2.95 2.86 2.90 2.85 3.05 2.97 3.01
St. George town, Chittenden County St. Johnsbury CDP, Caledonia County St. Johnsbury town, Caledonia County Salisbury town, Addison County Sandgate town, Bennington County Saxtons River village, Windham County Searsburg town, Bennington County Shaftsbury town, Bennington County Shaftsbury town, Bennington County Sharon town, Windsor County Sheffield town, Caledonia County	264 2 726 3 197 423 149 209 40 1 450 553 272	200 1 563 1 917 303 98 137 24 1 079 379 202	57.5 48.2 48.0 47.9 35.7 45.3 54.2 46.5 53.3 51.0	153 1 133 1 422 249 83 105 21 917 321 164	51.0 40.0 40.9 44.2 30.1 38.1 52.4 44.3 50.8 46.3	28 336 376 35 10 27 1 116 41 23	75.0 69.0 68.6 77.1 60.0 70.4 - 60.3 61.0 73.9	64 1 163 1 280 120 51 72 16 371 174	49 970 1 052 97 40 58 15 283 136 45	13 453 486 34 12 16 6 128 38	2.64 2.18 2.25 2.54 2.37 2.48 2.40 2.60 2.55 2.67	2.97 2.83 2.85 2.96 2.83 3.06 3.21 2.99 3.06 2.99
Shelburne town, Chittenden County Sheldon town, Franklin County Shoreham town, Addison County Shrewsbury town, Rutland County Somerset town, Windham County South Barre CDP, Washington County South Burlington city, Chittenden County South Hero town, Grand Isle County South Shaftsbury CDP, Bennington County Springfield CDP, Windsor County	2 632 672 453 426 2 534 6 332 663 306 1 778	1 846 544 343 323 1 368 3 785 473 230 1 038	53.6 52.8 47.8 43.0 100.0 41.3 48.8 45.7 43.0 48.5	1 614 443 293 274 1 308 3 022 409 185 739	51.2 49.7 45.4 42.3 100.0 35.7 45.7 43.8 36.2 39.9	176 67 35 33 - 42 570 40 37 226	67.0 64.2 60.0 48.5 (X) 69.0 62.3 55.0 81.1 70.8	786 128 110 103 1 166 2 547 190 76	604 87 82 83 1 1 143 1 924 139 66	308 27 27 23 - 55 724 47 34 350	2.58 2.94 2.70 2.53 2.50 2.33 2.31 2.56 2.52 2.21	3.08 3.15 3.08 2.90 4.00 2.78 2.93 2.98 2.91 2.89

Table 8. Households and Families: 2000—Con.

i o mondani on confidentiality protection, none	nsampling error, and definitions, see text] Family households				Non	family households	3	Average size				
State		Tota	ı	Married-coup	le family	Female hous no husband			Householder li	ving alone		
County Place and County Subdivision	Total households	Number	Percent with own children under 18 years	Number	Percent with own children under 18 years	Number	Percent with own children under 18 years	Total	Total	65 years and over	House- holds	Families
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.					}			·				
Springfield town, Windsor County	3 886	2 500	44.4	1 939	37.5	395	70.6	1 386	1 186	586	2.31	2.84
	313	235	42.1	209	40.7	17	58.8	78	53	17	2.60	2.96
	73	55	49.1	42	35.7	7	85.7	18	15	3	2.53	2.82
Starksboro town, Addison County	668	489	58.5	395	56.5	55	60.0	179	119	31	2.84	3.26
	281	193	43.5	163	41.1	19	57.9	88	64	26	2.40	2.81
	1 905	1 130	44.0	952	39.9	121	72.7	775	552	170	2.27	2.83
Strafford town, Orange County Stratton town, Windham County Sudbury town, Rutland County Sunderland town, Repairing County	420	297	49.5	248	46.4	32	65.6	123	106	26	2.49	2.97
	60	36	44.4	34	44.1	1	-	24	17	7	2.27	2.89
	237	159	39.0	136	36.0	19	57.9	78	59	12	2.46	2.96
	350	252	42.1	203	38.9	31	45.2	98	81	45	2.43	2.87
Sunderland town, Bennington County	366	270	51.9	225	48.4	23	69.6	96	68	28	2.73	3.10
Swanton village, Franklin County Swanton town, Franklin County Thetford town, Orange County Tinmouth town, Rutland County	1 031	680	47.1	521	41.7	121	65.3	351	274	143	2.46	2.96
	2 329	1 701	48.7	1 337	43.4	260	67.3	628	472	230	2.66	3.05
	1 032	731	52.0	613	48.5	73	74.0	301	239	68	2.54	3.00
	231	167	44.9	142	40.8	19	68.4	64	55	22	2.45	2.86
Topsham town, Orange County Townshend town, Windham County Troy town, Orleans County	421 469 617	324 320 432	49.7 45.0 46.3	268 255 342	46.6 42.4 41.2	33 45 54	69.7 48.9 63.0	97 149 185	71 118 132	22 22 46 61	2.45 2.71 2.39 2.53	3.00 2.84 2.94
Tunbridge town, Orange County	513	362	43.9	282	40.4	58	56.9	151	108	43	2.55	2.94
	1 055	854	51.9	770	49.6	52	69.2	201	144	41	2.82	3.13
	979	632	53.2	478	49.4	114	64.0	347	276	122	2.47	3.02
Vernon town, Windham County Vershire town, Orange County Victory town, Essex County	741 261 45	574 174 27	50.0 29.6	494 144 24	45.3 44.4 29.2	54 21 3	76.2 33.3	167 87 18	131 70 12	49 16 5	2.76 2.41 2.16	3.12 2.94 2.67
Waitsfield town, Washington County Walden town, Caledonia County Wallingford CDP, Rutland County	734	485	44.5	405	38.3	60	76.7	249	187	48	2.26	2.73
	301	219	54.3	176	54.0	36	61.1	82	69	23	2.60	3.04
	384	264	42.4	211	39.8	39	53.8	120	101	55	2.44	2.97
Wallingford town, Rutland County Waltham town, Addison County Wardsboro town, Windham County Warner's grant, Essex County	905 178 358	652 134 235	42.8 50.0 43.8 (X)	534 118 195	39.7 46.6 40.5 (X)	82 11 23	57.3 72.7 56.5 (X)	253 44 123	207 36 97	96 10 33	2.49 2.69 2.39	2.92 3.10 2.91
Warren town, Washington County	742 4	437 4	48.1 25.0	372 4	44.1 25.0	44	77.3 (X)	305	232	44	2.27 2.50	2.89 2.50
Washington town, Orange County Waterbury village, Washington County Waterbury town, Washington County Waterbury town, Washington County	406 793 2 011	292 409 1 321 340	47.6 49.6 50.3	241 310 1 089 304	43.2 42.6 45.8	32 71 159 23	71.9 74.6 72.3 69.6	114 384 690 84	83 290 515 67	30 108 191	2.58 2.09 2.42 2.60	3.00 2.78 2.93 2.88
Waterford town, Caledonia County Waterville town, Lamoille County Weathersfield town, Windsor County Wells town, Rutland County	424 260 1 167 466	187 831 334	40.0 52.9 36.8 36.5	151 719 274	36.8 48.3 35.0 34.3	17 69 40	76.5 56.5 47.5	73 336 132	47 258 108	26 11 128 55	2.60 2.62 2.39 2.41	2.98 2.77 2.80
Wells River village, Orange County	156	93	41.9	66	25.8	18	83.3	63	61	30	2.08	2.67
	1 433	850	48.6	661	43.4	151	67.5	583	482	219	2.23	2.87
	140	96	50.0	71	40.8	19	84.2	44	33	10	2.60	3.08
West Fairlee town, Orange County	278	197	51.3	158	48.1	22	59.1	81	58	15	2.61	3.02
	200	141	37.6	110	30.0	18	55.6	59	42	17	2.45	2.78
	725	563	56.1	490	55.1	41	53.7	162	102	24	2.88	3.20
West Haven town, Rutland County	104	79	40.5	68	41.2	9	44.4	25	19	9	2.67	3.06
	118	79	41.8	68	33.8	9	88.9	39	30	12	2.34	2.85
	1 246	843	51.1	691	46.0	110	71.8	403	304	84	2.58	3.06
Westmore town, Orleans County Weston town, Windsor County West Rutland town, Rutland County West Rutland CDP, Rutland County	133	90	30.0	78	29.5	9	44.4	43	35	9	2.30	2.74
	283	174	35.1	148	32.4	17	47.1	109	92	33	2.16	2.71
	1 021	686	44.8	539	42.3	103	58.3	335	264	130	2.48	3.00
	913	601	45.1	467	42.8	95	57.9	312	248	121	2.48	3.03
West Windsor town, Windsor County	456	328	40.2	289	37.7	25	60.0	128	104	32	2.34	2.74
	322	231	45.9	207	44.0	14	64.3	91	67	35	2.56	2.99
	238	179	43.0	153	39.9	14	71.4	59	46	17	2.61	2.96
White River Junction CDP, Windsor County Whiting town, Addison County Whiting town, Windham County	1 169	649	50.7	444	43.0	157	63.7	520	431	183	2.19	2.86
	155	101	47.5	82	47.6	9	44.4	54	38	15	2.45	2.96
	515	372	46.0	315	41.6	39	71.8	143	114	43	2.52	2.94
Wilder CDP, Windsor County Williamstown town, Orange County Williston town, Chittenden County Wilmington town, Windham County	690	445	49.9	354	45.8	72	68.1	245	205	76	2.37	2.93
	1 248	890	47.9	733	43.1	105	67.6	358	266	97	2.58	3.01
	2 921	2 140	50.2	1 901	48.7	154	66.2	781	596	232	2.59	3.02
	992	597	43.2	482	37.6	77	68.8	395	322	79	2.24	2.84
Windham town, Windham County	150	91	35.2	78	32.1	5	100.0	59	50	18	2.19	2.76
	1 520	946	45.8	688	37.5	185	71.9	574	484	235	2.29	2.83
Winhall town, Bennington County Winooski city, Chittenden County Wolcott town, Lamoille County Woodbury town, Washington County	310	205	36.6	175	33.1	18	72.2	105	77	31	2.26	2.66
	2 944	1 467	48.6	1 012	43.0	330	64.5	1 477	1 082	359	2.21	2.98
	552	402	54.7	321	49.2	41	80.5	150	104	32	2.63	2.99
	329	210	47.1	173	43.4	21	76.2	119	82	26	2.46	3.00
Woodford town, Bennington County Woodstock village, Windsor County Woodstock town, Windsor County Worcester town, Washington County	172	115	44.3	91	38.5	17	64.7	57	38	11	2.41	2.85
	434	221	44.3	179	40.8	35	65.7	213	179	72	2.01	2.73
	1 388	877	41.7	731	38.6	113	59.3	511	412	157	2.24	2.79
	346	252	47.2	208	40.4	28	85.7	94	65	14	2.61	2.96

Table 9. Household Relationship and Group Quarters Population: 2000

	,		House	hold population				Group	quarters popula	tion
State				Relations	ship to househo	lder				
County County Subdivision Place	Total	House- holder	Spouse	Child	Other relatives	Non- relatives	Under 18 years, child and other relatives	Total	Institution- alized population	Non- institution- alized population
The State	588 067	240 634	126 413	167 320	14 866	38 834	143 314	20 760	5 663	15 097
Addison County	33 369	13 068	7 495	10 028	836	1 942	8 598	2 605	164	2 441
Addison town	1 393	494	364	448	34	53	391	2 005	-	- 2 441
Bridport town Bristol town	1 235 3 768	456 1 460	291 790	382 1 184	39 87	67 247	324 1 021	20	20	-
Cornwall town	1 136	427	280	343	33	53	284	-	-	-
Ferrisburg town Goshen town	2 657 227	1 014 84	644 50	761 64	87 4	151 25	640 59	-	-	-
Granville town	303	127	59	81	8	28	68	-	-	-
Hancock townLeicester town	382 974	164 391	90 224	96 270	14 32	18 57	80 237			-
Lincoln town	1 214	462	283	370	32	67	324	-	-	-
Middlebury town	5 961 4 030	2 657 1 876	1 184 751	1 608 1 037	124 82	388 284	1 378 895	2 222 2 222	106 106	2 116 2 116
Monkton town	1 759	642	445	555	39	78	495		-	
New Haven town Orwell town	1 666 1 185	613 441	393 289	534 369	33 28	93 58	442 310	-	-	-
Panton town	682	248	169	210	19	36	167	-	-	-
Ripton town	534 1 076	210 423	118 249	149 321	20 25	37 58	138 270	22 14	14	22
Shoreham town	1 222	453	293	379	42	55	330	-	-	-
Starksboro town Vergennes city	1 898 2 414	668 979	395 478	666 742	45 55	124 160	576 639	327	24	303
Waltham town	479	178	118	155	8	20	136	-	-	-
Weybridge town	824 380	322 155	207 82	235 106	18 10	42 27	202 87	-	-	-
Bennington County	35 721 2 397	14 846 1 009	7 885 568	10 034 655	1 020 61	1 936 104	8 541 541	1 273	614	659
Arlington CDP (part)	1 080	461	234	306	29	50	244	-	-	-
Bennington town Bennington CDP	14 563 8 639	6 162 3 824	2 866 1 600	4 181 2 387	451 250	903 578	3 567 2 007	1 174 529	537 492	637 37
North Bennington village	1 050	454	206	300	35	55	269	378	33	345
Old Bennington village Dorset town	232 2 036	101 856	59 512	56 522	2 61	14 85	52 433	-	-	-
Glastenbury town	16	6	4	4	.	2	3	-	-	-
Landgrove town	144 4 107	64 1 819	38 936	37 1 063	1 93	4 196	34 947	73	73	-
Manchester village	602	284	154	128	8	28	113	-	-	-
Manchester Center CDP	1 992 416	912 157	389 104	534 125	53 10	104 20	470 106	73	73	-
Pownal town	3 560	1 373	796	1 057	118	216	892	-	-	
Readsboro town	783 704	321 295	177 185	232 184	16 14	37 26	196 155	26	4	22
Sandgate town	353	149	83	86	10	25	74	-	-	-
Searsburg town	96 3 767	40 1 450	21 917	31 1 130	1 104	3 166	25 956	-	-	-
South Shaftsbury CDP	772	306	185	232	22	27	190	-	-	-
Stamford town Sunderland town	813 850	313 350	209 203	238 233	14 34	39 30	204 198	-	-	-
Arlington CDP (part)	119	55	22	27	11	4	21	-	-	-
Winhall town	702 414	310 172	175 91	150 106	16 16	51 29	120 90	-	-	-
								050	202	500
Caledonia County Barnet town	28 744 1 642	11 663 638	6 246 373	8 461 508	733 49	1 641 74	7 254 429	958 48	398	560 48
Burke town	1 571	641	372	436	26	96	365	-	-	-
West Burke village	364 2 198	140 871	71 540	121 643	8 48	24 96	97 557	13	-	13
Groton town	876	338	209	270	23	36	244	-	-	-
Hardwick town	3 174 456	1 216 168	633 94	1 039 137	90 21	196 36	897 124	-	-	-
Lyndon town	4 934	2 031	1 020	1 444	115	324	1 222	514	63	451
Lyndonville village	1 227 469	589 191	179 97	299 141	31 12	129 28	257 125	1	-	1
Peacham town	665	263	153	214	11	24	184	-	-	-
Ryegate town	1 150 7 192	435 3 197	269 1 422	350 1 952	48 176	48 445	284 1 664	379	335	44
St. Johnsbury CDP	5 940	2 726	1 133	1 586	138	357	1 352	379	335	44
Sheffield town	727 185	272 73	164 42	218 55	19 3	54 12	193 48	-	-	-
Sutton town	1 001	366	225	316	26	68	281	-	-	-
Walden town	782 1 101	301 424	176 304	256 309	15 26	34 38	219 265	3	-	3
Wheelock town	621	238	153	173	25	32	153	-	-	-
Chittenden County	139 174	56 452	28 403	39 101	3 387	11 831	33 779	7 397	930	6 467
Bolton town	971	368	213	308	23	59	276	-	-	-
Buels gore	12 34 867	6 15 885	4 4 990	2 7 229	902	5 861	1 6 117	4 022	485	3 537
Charlotte town	3 569	1 287	859	1 163	76	184	1 039	-	-	-
Colchester town	15 362 18 387	6 144 7 013	3 391 4 188	4 409 5 916	394 405	1 024 865	3 769 5 105	1 624 239	98	1 624 141
Essex Junction village	8 452	3 409	1 820	2 591	186	446	2 237	139	1	138
Hinesburg town	4 340 1 857	1 596 692	986 450	1 373 579	98 40	287 96	1 223 518	- 4		4
Jericho town	5 015	1 751	1 232	1 732	103	197	1 528	-	-	-
Jericho village	1 457 9 475	510 3 333	341 2 192	531 3 136	25 327	50 487	469 2 665	4	-	4
Milton village	1 537	570	332	507	55	73	443	-	-	-
Richmond town	4 075 698	1 504 264	936 153	1 314 231	90 10	231 40	1 181 207	15	-	15
St. George town Shelburne town	6 798	2 632	1 614	2 140	92	320	1 894	146	-	146
South Burlington city	14 615 2 980	6 332 1 055	3 022 770	3 939 995	343 50	979 110	3 346 860	1 199	272	927
Underhill town								-		-

Table 9. Household Relationship and Group Quarters Population: 2000—Con.

To moment of confidentially protection, norse	Household population								Group quarters population		
State				Relation	onship to house	holder					
County County Subdivision							Under 18 years,			Non-	
Place							child and		Institution-	institution-	
	Total	House- holder	Spouse	Child	Other relatives	Non- relatives	other relatives	Total	alized population	alized population	
Chittenden County—Con.											
Westford town	2 086 7 575	725 2 921	490 1 901	701 2 298	48 130	122 325	620 2 043	- 75	- 75	-	
Winooski city	6 492	2 944	1 012	1 636	256	644	1 387	69	-	69	
Essex County	6 432	2 602	1 460	1 847	171	352	1 604	27	-	27	
Averill town Avery's gore	8 -	3	2	3 -	-	-	2	-	-	-	
Bloomfield town Brighton town	261 1 260	101 529	62 274	80 372	10 22	8 63	70 304	-	-	-	
Island Pond CDP	849	374	166	249	15	45	196	-	-	-	
Brunswick town Canaan town	107 1 078	40 441	26 243	36 331	1 21	4 42	32 284	-	-	-	
Concord town East Haven town	1 179 301	467 119	253 77	335 79	25 10	99 16	300 74	17	-	17	
Ferdinand town Granby town	33 86	13 33	12 24	8 24	- 3	-	7 21	-	-	-	
Guildhall town	268	106	62	75	12	13	62	-	-	-	
Lemington town Lewis town	107	49	30	25	2 -	-	24	-	-		
Lunenburg town	1 318 105	516 45	294 25	381 17	48 11	79 7	340 13	10	-	10	
Norton town Victory town	214 97	91 45	48 24	60 19	4 2	11 7	52 17	-	-	-	
Warner's grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Warren's gore	10	4	4	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	
Franklin County	44 816 1 215	16 765 439	9 784 267	14 369 419	1 229 20	2 669 70	12 346 364	601	444	157	
Berkshire town Enosburg town	1 388 2 756	495 1 058	311 579	453 880	46 74	83 165	383 762	32	-	32	
Enosburg Falls village	1 441	591	285	443	41	81	385	32	-	32	
Fairfax townFairfield town	3 527 1 800	1 222 620	841 403	1 196 622	88 59	180 96	1 055 520	238	238	-	
Fletcher townFranklin town	1 179 1 246	428 429	284 285	389 428	16 31	62 73	328 357	22	-	- 22	
Georgia town Highgate town	4 366 3 397	1 484 1 207	1 070 727	1 539 1 127	105 107	168 229	1 334 970	9	-	9	
Montgomery town	992	412	230	251	26	73	222	-	-	-	
Richford town St. Albans city	2 273 7 595	899 3 235	465 1 411	670 2 217	76 193	163 539	564 1 910	48 55	36	48 19	
St. Albans town Sheldon town	4 916 1 978	1 836 672	1 131 443	1 559 673	136 55	254 135	1 326 578	170 12	170	- 12	
Swanton town Swanton village	6 188 2 533	2 329 1 031	1 337 521	1 946 713	197 101	379 167	1 673 619	15 15	-	15 15	
-	6 901	2 761	1 658	1 907	199	376	1 665	10		10	
Grand Isle County	1 952	791	438	549	56	118	482	-	-	-	
Alburg villageGrand Isle town	488 1 955	209 772	104 488	138 549	12 58	25 88	118 484	-	-	-	
Isle La Motte town North Hero town	488 810	202 333	120 203	133 194	12 27	21 53	121 166	-	-	-	
South Hero town	1 696	663	409	482	46	96	412	-	-	-	
Lamoille County	22 636 294	9 221 114	4 741 63	6 308 84	532 5	1 834 28	5 477 80	597	124	473	
Belvidere town Cambridge town	3 181	1 266	764	872	56	223	757	5	-	5	
Cambridge village Jeffersonville village	230 568	95 248	47 120	55 146	8 11	25 43	52 131	5 -	-	5 -	
Eden town Elmore town	1 152 849	409 306	230 188	383 286	35 18	95 51	339 250	-	-	-	
Hyde Park town Hyde Park village	2 839 415	1 138 192	611 87	793 99	92 10	205 27	677 80	8	-	8	
Johnson town	2 844	1 170	484	764 198	83 31	343 172	680	430	-	430	
Johnson village Morristown town	990 5 013	469 2 101	120 977	1 429	123	383	181 1 206	430 126	124	430 2	
Morrisville village	1 885 4 329	860 1 905	308 952	516 1 043	49 75	152 354	427 899	124 10	124	10	
Waterville town	681 1 454	260 552	151 321	212 442	8 37	50 102	188 401	16 2	-	16 2	
Orange County	27 580	10 936	6 139	8 161	725	1 619	6 999	646	106	540	
Bradford town	2 552	1 028	533	779	62	150	673	67	67	-	
Bradford village	748 1 194	322 482	136 250	222 336	16 46	80	191 291	67	67		
Brookfield town Chelsea town	1 222 1 195	475 495	291 252	342 357	23 22	91 69	290 298	- 55	18	37	
Corinth town	1 461 956	535 395	323 214	450 267	58 20	95 60	397 221	- 11	-	- 11	
Newbury town	1 955	816	454	530	55 7	100	459	-	-	-	
Newbury village Wells River village	396 325	162 156	81 66	117 84	5	29 14	108 73	-		-	
Orange town	965 4 340	362 1 769	235 900	295 1 274	35 119	38 278	259 1 085	513	21	492	
Strafford town Thetford town	1 045 2 617	420 1 032	248 613	326 803	12 44	39 125	283 690	-	-	-	
Topsham town	1 142 1 309	421	268	358 373	23	72	304	-	-	-	
Tunbridge town Vershire town	629	513 261	282 144	181	46 12	95 31	316 163	_	-	-	
Washington town	1 047 726	406 278	241 158	321 219	23 21	56 50	261 193	-	-	-	
Williamstown town	3 225	1 248	733	950	104	190	816	-	-	-	
Orleans County	25 570 840	10 446 337	5 683 200	7 380 252	567 17	1 494 34	6 367 218	707	633	74	
Albany town Albany village	165	70	40	45	3	7	37			-	
Barton town	2 689	1 153	572	763	59	142	670	91	91	-	

Table 9. Household Relationship and Group Quarters Population: 2000—Con.

_[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsa	anipining orror, and a			usehold population	on			Group	quarters popula	tion
State				Relati	onship to house	holder				
County County Subdivision Place	Total	House- holder	Spouse	Child	Other relatives	Non- relatives	Under 18 years, child and other relatives	Total	Institution- alized population	Non- institution- alized population
Orleans County—Con. Barton town—Con.			,						, ,	
Barton village	742	347	137	198	16	44	172	-	-	-
Orleans village	826 885	364 337	172 193	227 275	22 16	41 64	202 230	-	-	-
Brownington town	895	362	198	252	20	63	210	-	-	-
Coventry town	1 014	379	217	328	17	73	261	-	-	-
Craftsbury town	1 038	427	264	277	10	60	233	98	54	44
Derby town	4 581	1 832	1 065	1 373	98	213	1 208	23	23	-
Derby Center village Derby Line village	647 776	283 329	127 173	189 213	8 20	40 41	159 187	23	23	-
Glover town	923	384	226	242		48	206	43	43	-
Greensboro town	743	313	179	192		35	164	27	27	-
Holland town	588	219	129 271	190 338	8 18	42	174	-	-	-
Irasburg town	1 077 426	405 158	98	117	21	45 32	299 114	-	-	-
Lowell town	738	270	169	244	20	35	213	-	-	-
Morgan town	669	247	153	207	16	46	193	-	-	-
Newport city Newport town	4 593 1 511	2 086 587	855 364	1 222 452	114 26	316 82	1 046 387	412	395	17
Troy town	1 564	617	342	461	35	109	388	_		_
North Troy village	593	249	121	167	9	47	147	-	-	-
Westfield town	490 306	200	110	126 69	15	39	103 50	13	-	13
Westmore town	300	133	78	69	10	16	50	_	-	-
Rutland County	61 388	25 678	13 182	17 142	1 743	3 643	14 307	2 012	746	1 266
Benson town	1 003	391	215	300	43	54	261	36	36	-
Brandon town	3 917 1 684	1 572 718	878 358	1 124 460	100 45	243 103	950 392	_	-	-
Castleton town	3 830	1 550	809	1 032	93	346	844	537	15	522
Chittenden town	1 182	451	289	365	27	50	304	-	-	-
Clarendon town	2 811 1 292	1 136 502	659 294	798 375	64 41	154 80	633 312	_	-	-
Fair Haven town	2 883	1 165	574	886	97	161	753	45	30	15
Fair Haven CDP	2 390	981	466	730	87	126	623	45	30	15
Hubbardton townIra town	752 455	296 163	169 103	200 156	31 16	56 17	165 134	-	-	-
Killington town	1 095	500	243	250	14	88	220	_	-	-
Mendon town	1 022	410	255	274	15	68	236	6	-	6
Middletown Springs town	823 1 241	331 494	202 291	236 347	20 26	34 83	204 309	-	-	-
Mount Tabor town	203	92	45	54	20	10	42	_	-	-
Pawlet town	1 394	575	325	402	36	56	341	-	-	-
Pittsfield town Pittsford town	427 3 134	190 1 284	105 722	95 843	7 80	30 205	84 700	- 6	-	- 6
Poultney town	3 080	1 287	669	867	87	170	734	553	- 57	496
Poultney village	1 141	524	215	309	19	74	259	434	-	434
Proctor town	1 877 16 573	756 7 452	418 2 968	563 4 537	51 501	89 1 115	478 3 802	719	- 551	168
Rutland city Rutland town	3 981	1 691	982	1 063	110	135	880	57	57	100
Shrewsbury town	1 076	426	274	298	43	35	259	32	-	32
Sudbury town	583 567	237 231	136 142	158 157	18 11	34 26	133 122	-	-	-
Tinmouth town	2 253	905	534	662	58	94	515	21	-	21
Wallingford CDP	936	384	211	283	26	32	212	12	-	12
Wells town	1 121 278	466 104	274 68	285 83	41 12	55 11	239 63	-	-	-
West Rutland town	2 535	1 021	539	732	99	144	590	_	-	-
West Rutland CDP	2 263	913	467	667	86	130	533	-	-	-
Washington County	55 922	23 659	11 968	15 567	1 287	3 441	13 282	2 117	615	1 502
Barre city	9 025	4 220	1 561	2 392	243	609	2 010	266	243	23
Barre town	7 595	2 951	1 888	2 243	186	327	1 895	7	7	-
Graniteville-East Barre CDPSouth Barre CDP	2 129 1 242	843 534	467 308	626 320	66 26	127 54	533 261	7	7	-
Berlin town	2 728	1 109	609	769	76	165	656	136	136	-
Cabot town	1 213	452	258	390	26	87	332	-	-	-
Cabot village	239 1 529	91 616	48 353	86 447	1 28	13 85	75 388	-	-	-
Duxbury town	1 256	498	295	350	23	90	303	33	-	33
East Montpelier town	2 578	1 007	611	748	69	143	608	-	-	-
Fayston town Marshfield town	1 141 1 496	484 575	273 325	291 478	12 35		254 409	-	-	-
Marshfield village	262	96	55	91	5	15	69	-	-	-
Middlesex town	1 729	663	398	510	45	113	448			
Montpelier city	7 830 1 653	3 739 650	1 438 358	1 971 494	155 28	527 123	1 661 428	205	55	150
Northfield town	4 479	1 819	973	1 289	122	276	1 094	1 312	114	1 198
Northfield village	1 896	811	350	538	46	151	464	1 312	114	1 198
Plainfield town	1 178 576	487 227	238 143	348 150	26 24	79 32	301 137	108	10	98
Roxbury town	1 659	734	405	409	23	88	351	_	-	-
Warren town	1 681	742	372	431	24	112	381			-
Waterbury village	4 865 1 656	2 011 793	1 089 310	1 355 383	109 34	301 136	1 210 347	50 50	50 50	-
Waterbury village Woodbury town	809	329	173	236		59	186	-	-	-
Worcester town	902	346	208	266	21	61	230	-	-	-
Windham County	43 090	18 375	9 039	11 777	1 086	2 813	10 103	1 126	378	748
Athens town	340	142	80	90	6	22	72	-	-	-
Brattleboro town	11 547	5 364	2 030	2 996	291	866	2 587	458	225	233
Brattleboro CDP	7 855 3 198	3 729 1 433	1 250 661	2 010 856	207 71	659 177	1 753 723	434 24	225	209 24
Brookline town	467	186	110	134	6	31	126	-	-	-
Dover town	1 410	611	314	352	25	108	306	-	-	-
Dummerston town	1 915 649	796 291	462 164	518 149	48 17	91 28	437 116	-	-	-
	545	201	104	149	17	20			-	-

Table 9. Household Relationship and Group Quarters Population: 2000—Con.

			Group	quarters populati	ion					
State County County Subdivision				Relations	ship to househo	older	Under 18 years,			Non-
Place							child and		Institution-	institution-
	Total	House- holder	Spouse	Child	Other relatives	Non- relatives	other relatives	Total	alized population	alized population
Windham County—Con.	•							,		
Guilford town	2 046	811	472	597	52	114	517	_	_	_
Halifax town	782	312	162	209	30	69	180	_	-	_
Jamaica town	946	416	208	235	19	68	210	_	-	_
Londonderry town	1 709	730	389	442	37	111	364	-	-	-
Marlboro town	790	330	184	210	14	52	180	188	-	188
Newfane town	1 680	693	396	451	27	113	378	-	-	-
Newfane village	116	61	28	22	-	5	18	-	-	-
Putney town	2 326	958	484	668	52	164	580	308	-	308
Rockingham town	5 261	2 202	1 039	1 524	162	334	1 297	48	29	19
Bellows Falls village	3 117	1 329	532	942	96	218	802	48	29	19
Saxtons River village	519	209	105	156	21	28	151	-	-	-
Somerset town	5	2	1	2	-	-	2	-	-	-
Stratton town	136	60	34	34	-	8	28	-	-	-
Townshend town	1 119	469	255	306	28	61	266	30	30 94	-
Vernon town	2 047 854	741 358	494 195	658 240	66 15	88 46	569 197	94	94	-
Wardsboro town	3 210	1 246	691	964	85	224	841	-	-	-
North Westminster village	271	106	64	68	10	23	62	-	-	-
Westminster village	276	118	68	77	10	12	56			
Whitingham town	1 298	515	315	371	34	63	320		-	
Jacksonville village	237	88	48	83	6	12	68	_		_
Wilmington town	2 225	992	482	556	61	134	468	_	_	_
Windham town	328	150	78	71	11	18	62	-	-	-
Windsor County	56 724	24 162	12 730	15 238	1 351	3 243	12 992	694	511	183
Andover town	496	215	124	113	13	31	91	-	-	-
Baltimore town	250	92	63	68	10	17	58	-	-	-
Barnard town	958	383	235	249	26	65	216	-	-	-
Bethel town	1 966	817	435	535	54	125	470	2	2	-
Bridgewater town	980	395	227	257	38	63	220	-	-	-
Cavendish town	1 460	617	355	347	56	85	298	10	-	10
Chester town	3 044	1 296	687	843	77	141	712	-	-	-
Chester-Chester Depot CDP	999	488	175	257	27	52	220	72	-	- 40
Hartford town	10 295 2 557	4 509 1 169	2 201 444	2 778 703	217 57	590 184	2 367 589	12	60	12
White River Junction CDP	1 636	690	354	703 481	26	85	412	12	-	12
Hartland town	3 216	1 270	756	920	98	172	817	7	-	7
Ludlow town	2 392	1 060	525	603	57	147	489	57	55	2
Ludlow village	901	437	169	213	13	69	173	57	55	2
Norwich town	3 544	1 367	794	1 148	39	196	1 019	-	-	-
Plymouth town	555	251	140	112	16	36	94	-	-	-
Pomfret town	997	404	246	280	19	48	254	-	-	-
Reading town	707	286	170	188	24	39	161	-	-	-
Rochester town	1 157	511	268	289	23	66	257	14	-	14
Royalton town	2 590	1 155	506	672	39	218	565	13	-	13
Sharon town	1 411	553	321	436	24	77	382	-	-	-
Springfield town	8 978	3 886	1 939	2 461	209	483	2 041	100	86	14
Springfield CDP	3 938	1 778	739	1 116	103	202	933	-	-	-
Stockbridge town	674	281	163	173	13	44	149	-	-	-
Weathersfield town	2 788	1 167	719	672	82	148	552	-	-	-
Perkinsville village	142	56	31	43 140	3	9	36	- 40	-	- 40
Weston town	611 1 067	283 456	148 289	140 263	20	31 39	113 226	19	-	19
West Windsor town Windsor town	3 475	1 520	289 688	263 926	20 115	226	791	- 281	226	- 55
Woodstock town	3 113	1 388	731	765	73	156	650	119	82	37
		1 000	101							

Table 10. Household Relationship and Group Quarters Population: 2000

I of information of confidentiality protection, notice	Household population							Group quarters population		
State				Relation	onship to house	holder				
County Place and County Subdivision							Under 18 years,			Non-
	Total	House- holder	Spouse	Child	Other relatives	Non- relatives	child and other relatives	Total	Institution- alized population	institution- alized population
The State	588 067	240 634	126 413	167 320	14 866	38 834	143 314	20 760	5 663	15 097
COUNTY										
Addison County Bennington County Caledonia County Chittenden County Essex County Franklin County Grand Isle County Lamoille County Orange County Orleans County	33 369 35 721 28 744 139 174 6 432 44 816 6 901 22 636 27 580 25 570	13 068 14 846 11 663 56 452 2 602 16 765 2 761 9 221 10 936 10 446	7 495 7 885 6 246 28 403 1 460 9 784 1 658 4 741 6 139 5 683	10 028 10 034 8 461 39 101 1 847 14 369 1 907 6 308 8 161 7 380	836 1 020 733 3 387 171 1 229 199 532 725 567	1 942 1 936 1 641 11 831 352 2 669 376 1 834 1 619 1 494	8 598 8 541 7 254 33 779 1 604 12 346 1 665 5 477 6 999 6 367	2 605 1 273 958 7 397 27 601 - 597 646 707	164 614 398 930 - 444 - 124 106 633	2 441 659 560 6 467 27 157 - 473 540 74
Rutland County Washington County Windham County Windsor County	61 388 55 922 43 090 56 724	25 678 23 659 18 375 24 162	13 182 11 968 9 039 12 730	17 142 15 567 11 777 15 238	1 743 1 287 1 086 1 351	3 643 3 441 2 813 3 243	14 307 13 282 10 103 12 992	2 012 2 117 1 126 694	746 615 378 511	1 266 1 502 748 183
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION										
Addison town, Addison County Albany village, Orleans County Albany town, Orleans County Albury village, Grand Isle County Alburg town, Grand Isle County Andover town, Windsor County Arlington CDP, Bennington County Arlington town, Bennington County Athens town, Windham County Averill town, Essex County Avery's gore, Essex County Bakersfield town, Franklin County	1 393 165 840 488 1 952 496 1 199 2 397 340 8	494 70 337 209 791 215 516 1 009 142 3	364 40 200 104 438 124 256 568 80 2	448 45 252 138 549 113 333 655 90 3	34 3 17 12 56 13 40 61 6 -	53 7 34 25 118 31 54 104 22 - 70	391 37 218 118 482 91 265 541 72 2	-	-	-
Baltimore town, Windsor County Barnard town, Caledonia County Barnet town, Caledonia County Barre etty, Washington County Barre town, Washington County Barton town, Orleans County Barton town, Orleans County Bellows Falls village, Windsham County Belvidere town, Lamoille County Bennington CDP, Bennington County Bennington town, Bennington County Benson town, Rutland County	250 958 1 642 9 025 7 595 742 2 689 3 117 294 8 639 14 563 1 003	92 383 638 4 220 2 951 347 1 153 1 329 114 3 824 6 162 391	63 235 373 1 561 1 888 137 572 532 63 1 600 2 866 215	68 249 508 2 392 2 243 198 763 942 84 2 387 4 181 300	10 26 49 243 186 16 59 96 5 2500 451	17 65 74 609 327 44 142 218 28 578 903	58 216 429 2 010 1 895 172 670 802 2 007 3 567 261	48 266 7 - 91 48 - 529 1 174 36	243 7 - 91 29 - 492 537 36	48 23 - - 19 - 37 637
Berkshire town, Franklin County Berlin town, Washington County Bethel town, Windsor County Bloomfield town, Essex County Bolton town, Chittenden County Bradford village, Orange County Bradford town, Orange County Brandon CDP, Rutland County Brandon town, Rutland County Brandton town, Rutland County Brattleboro town, Windham County Brattleboro town, Windham County Brattleboro CDP, Windham County	1 388 2 728 1 966 261 971 748 2 552 1 194 1 684 3 917 11 547 7 855	495 1 109 817 101 368 322 1 028 482 718 1 572 5 364 3 729	311 609 435 62 213 136 533 250 358 878 2 030 1 250	453 769 535 80 308 222 779 336 460 1 124 2 996 2 010	46 76 54 10 23 16 62 24 46 45 100 291 207	83 165 125 8 59 52 150 80 103 243 866 659	383 656 470 70 276 191 673 291 392 950 2 587 1 753	136 2 - 67 67 - - - 458 434	136 2 - 67 67 - - 225 225	- - - - - - - - 233 209
Bridgewater town, Windsor County Bridport town, Addison County Brighton town, Essex County Bristol town, Addison County Brookfield town, Orange County Brookline town, Windham County Brownington town, Orleans County Brunswick town, Essex County Buels gore, Chittenden County Burke town, Caledonia County Burlington city, Chittenden County	980 1 235 1 260 3 768 1 222 467 885 107 12 1 571 34 867	395 456 529 1 460 475 186 337 40 6 641 15 885	227 291 274 790 291 110 193 26 4 372 4 990	257 382 372 1 184 342 134 275 36 2 436 7 229	38 39 22 87 23 6 16 1 1 - 26	63 67 63 247 91 31 64 4 - 96 5 861	220 324 304 1 021 290 126 230 32 1 365 6 117	20 - - - - - - - - 4 022	20 - - - - - - - 485	3 537
Cabot village, Washington County Cabot town, Washington County Calais town, Washington County Cambridge village, Lamoille County Cambridge town, Lamoille County Canaan town, Essex County Castleton town, Rutland County Cavendish town, Windsor County Charleston town, Orleans County Charlotte town, Chittenden County Chelsea town, Orange County	239 1 213 1 529 230 3 181 1 078 3 830 1 460 895 3 569 1 195	91 452 616 95 1 266 441 1 550 617 362 1 287 495	48 258 353 47 764 243 809 355 198 859 252	86 390 447 55 872 331 1 032 347 252 1 163	1 26 28 8 56 21 93 56 20 76	13 87 85 25 223 42 346 85 63 184	75 332 388 52 757 284 844 298 210 1 039 298	- - 5 5 5 7 10 - - 55	- - - - 15 - - 18	5 5 5 5 22 10 -
Chester town, Windsor County Chester-Chester Depot CDP, Windsor County Chittenden town, Rutland County Clarendon town, Rutland County Colchester town, Chittenden County Concord town, Essex County Corinth town, Orange County Cornwall town, Addison County Coventry town, Orleans County Craftsbury town, Orleans County Danby town, Rutland County	3 044 999 1 182 2 811 15 362 1 179 1 461 1 136 1 014 1 038 1 292	1 296 488 451 1 136 6 144 467 535 427 379 427 502	687 175 289 659 3 391 253 323 280 217 264 294	843 257 365 798 4 409 335 450 343 328 277 375	77 27 27 64 394 25 58 33 17 10	141 52 50 154 1 024 99 95 53 73 60 80	712 220 304 633 3 769 300 397 284 261 233 312	1 624 17 - - 98	- - - - - - - - 54	1 624 17 - - - - - 44

Table 10. Household Relationship and Group Quarters Population: 2000—Con.

To mornation on community protection, none	Household population							Group	ion	
State				Relation	nship to house	holder				
County Place and County Subdivision							Under 18 years,			Non-
	Total	House- holder	Spouse	Child	Other relatives	Non- relatives	child and other relatives	Total	Institution- alized population	institution- alized population
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.	Total	noidei	Spouse	Cillia	relatives	relatives	relatives	Total	population	рориванон
Danville town, Caledonia County	2 198	871	540	643	48	96	557	13	.5	13
Derby town, Orleans County Derby Center village, Orleans County	4 581 647	1 832 283	1 065 127	1 373 189	98	213 40	1 208 159	23 23	23 23	-
Derby Line village, Orleans County Dorset town, Bennington County	776 2 036	329 856	173 512	213 522	20 61	41 85	187 433	-	-	-
Dover town, Windham County Dummerston town, Windham County	1 410 1 915	611 796	314 462	352 518	25 48	108 91	306 437	-	-	-
Duxbury town, Washington County East Haven town, Essex County East Montpelier town, Washington County	1 256 301 2 578	498 119 1 007	295 77 611	350 79 748	23 10 69	90 16 143	303 74 608	33	-	33
Eden town, Lamoille County	1 152	409	230	383	35	95	339	-	-	-
Elmore town, Lamoille County	849 2 756	306 1 058	188 579	286 880	18 74	51 165	250 762	32		32
Enosburg Falls village, Franklin County Essex town, Chittenden County	1 441 18 387	591 7 013	285 4 188	443 5 916	41 405	81 865	385 5 105	32 239	98	32 141
Essex Junction village, Chittenden County Fairfax town, Franklin County	8 452 3 527	3 409 1 222	1 820 841	2 591 1 196	186 88	446 180	2 237 1 055	139 238	1 238	138
Fairfield town, Franklin County Fair Haven town, Rutland County Fair Haven CDP, Rutland County	1 800 2 883 2 390	620 1 165 981	403 574 466	622 886 730	59 97 87	96 161 126	520 753 623	45 45	30 30	15 15
Fairlee town, Orange County Fayston town, Washington County	956 1 141	395 484	214 273	267 291	20 12	60	221 254	11	-	11
Ferdinand town, Essex County Ferrisburg town, Addison County	33 2 657	13 1 014	12 644	8 761	- 87	- 151	7 640		-	-
Fletcher town, Franklin CountyFranklin town, Franklin County	1 179 1 246	428 429	284 285	389 428	16 31	62 73	328 357	- 22	-	- 22
Georgia town, Franklin County	4 366 16	1 484 6	1 070 4	1 539 4	105 -	168 2	1 334 3	9		9 -
Glover town, Orleans County	923 227	384 84	226 50	242 64	23 4	48 25	206 59	43	43	-
Grafton town, Windham County Granby town, Essex County	649 86 1 955	291 33 772	164 24 488	149 24 549	17 3 58	28 2 88	116 21 484	-	-	-
Grand Isle town, Grand Isle County Graniteville-East Barre CDP, Washington County	2 129	843	467	626	66	127	533	7	7	-
Granville town, Addison County	303 743	127 313	59 179	81 192	8 24	28 35	68 164	- 27	- 27	-
Groton town, Caledonia County	876 268	338 106	209 62	270 75	23 12	36 13	244 62	-	-	-
Guilford town, Windham County	2 046 782 382	811 312 164	472 162 90	597 209 96	52 30 14	114 69 18	517 180 80	-	-	-
Hardwick town, Caledonia County Hartford town, Windsor County	3 174 10 295	1 216 4 509	633 2 201	1 039 2 778	90 217	196 590	897 2 367	72	60	12
Hartland town, Windsor County	3 216	1 270	756	920	98	172	817	7		7
Highgate town, Franklin County Hinesburg town, Chittenden County Holland town, Orleans County	3 397 4 340 588	1 207 1 596 219	727 986 129	1 127 1 373 190	107 98 8	229 287 42	970 1 223 174	-	-	-
Hubbardton town, Rutland County Huntington town, Chittenden County	752 1 857	296 692	169 450	200 579	31 40	56 96	165 518	- 4	-	- 4
Hyde Park village, Lamoille County	415 2 839	192 1 138	87 611	99 793	10 92	27 205	80 677	- 8	-	- 8
Ira town, Rutland County Irasburg town, Orleans County	455 1 077	163 405	103 271	156 338	16 18	17 45	134 299	-	-	-
Island Pond CDP, Essex County	849 488	374 202	166 120	249 133	15 12	45 21	196 121	-	-	-
Jacksonville village, Windham County Jamaica town, Windham County	237 946	88 416	48 208	83 235	6 19	12 68	68 210	-	-	-
Jay town, Orleans County Jeffersonville village, Lamoille County	426 568	158 248	98 120	117 146	21 11	32 43	114 131	-	-	-
Jericho village, Chittenden County Jericho town, Chittenden County Jericho town, Chittenden County	1 457 5 015	510 1 751	341 1 232 120	531 1 732 198	25 103 31	50 197 172	469 1 528	430	-	430
Johnson village, Lamoille County Johnson town, Lamoille County Killington town, Rutland County	990 2 844 1 095	469 1 170 500	484 243	764 250	83 14	343 88	181 680 220	430	-	430
Kirby town, Caledonia County Landgrove town, Bennington County	456 144	168 64	94 38	137 37	21	36	124 34	-	-	-
Leicester town, Addison County Lemington town, Essex County	974 107	391 49	224 30	270 25	32 2		237 24	-	-	-
Lewis town, Essex County Lincoln town, Addison County	- 1 214	462	283	370	32	67	324	-	-	-
Londonderry town, Windham County Lowell town, Orleans County	1 709 738	730 270	389 169	442 244	37 20	111 35	364 213		- -	-
Ludlow village, Windsor County Ludlow town, Windsor County	901 2 392	437 1 060	169 525 294	213 603	13 57 48	69 147	173 489 340	57 57	55 55	2 2 10
Lunenburg town, Essex County Lyndon town, Caledonia County Lyndonville village, Caledonia County	1 318 4 934 1 227	516 2 031 589	1 020 179	381 1 444 299	115 31	79 324 129	1 222 257	10 514 -	63	451 -
Maidstone town, Essex County Manchester village, Bennington County	105 602	45 284	25 154	17 128	11 8	7 28	13 113	-	-	-
Manchester town, Bennington County	4 107 1 992	1 819 912	936 389	1 063 534	93 53	196 104	947 470	73 73	73 73	-
Marlboro town, Windham County	790 262	330 96	184 55	210 91	14 5	52 15		188	-	188
Marshfield town, Washington County Mendon town, Rutland County	1 496 1 022	575 410	325 255	478 274	35 15	68	409 236	6	-	6
Middlebury CDP, Addison County	4 030 5 961 1 729	1 876 2 657 663	751 1 184 398	1 037 1 608 510	82 124 45	388	895 1 378 448	2 222 2 222	106 106	2 116 2 116
Outling to the state of t	1729	003	350	510	40	113		_	-	-

Table 10. Household Relationship and Group Quarters Population: 2000—Con.

To mornation on community protection, none	Household population							Group quarters population		
State				Relation	onship to house	holder				
County Place and County Subdivision							Under 18 years,			Non-
	Total	House- holder	Spouse	Child	Other relatives	Non- relatives	child and other relatives	Total	Institution- alized population	institution- alized population
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.	Total	noidei	Ороизе	Offilia	Telatives	Telatives	relatives	Total	population	роривают
Middletown Springs town, Rutland County	823	331	202	236	20	34	204	-	-	-
Milton village, Chittenden County Milton town, Chittenden County	1 537 9 475	570 3 333	332 2 192	507 3 136	55 327	73 487	443 2 665	4	-	4
Monkton town, Addison County	1 759 992 7 830	642 412 3 739	445 230 1 438	555 251 1 971	39 26 155	78 73 527	495 222 1 661	205	- - 55	- 150
Moretown town, Washington County Morgan town, Orleans County	1 653 669	650 247	358 153	494 207	28 16	123 46	428 193	-	-	-
Morristown town, Lamoille County Morrisville village, Lamoille County	5 013 1 885	2 101 860	977 308	1 429 516	123 49	383 152	1 206 427	126 124	124 124	2
Mount Holly town, Rutland County	1 241	494	291	347	26	83	309	-	-	-
Mount Tabor town, Rutland County Newark town, Caledonia County Newbury village, Orange County	203 469 396	92 191 162	45 97 81	54 141 117	2 12 7	10 28 29	42 125 108	1	-	1
Newbury town, Orange County Newfane village, Windham County	1 955 116	816 61	454 28	530 22	55	100 5	459 18	-	-	-
Newfane town, Windham County New Haven town, Addison County	1 680 1 666	693 613	396 393	451 534	27 33	113 93	378 442	-	-	-
Newport city, Orleans County	4 593 1 511	2 086 587	855 364	1 222 452	114 26	316 82	1 046 387	412	395	17
North Bennington village, Bennington County Northfield village, Washington County	1 050 1 896	454 811	206 350	300 538	35 46	55 151	269 464	378 1 312	33 114	345 1 198
Northfield town, Washington County North Hero town, Grand Isle County	4 479 810	1 819 333	973 203	1 289 194	122 27	276 53	1 094 166	1 312	114 -	1 198
North Troy village, Orleans County North Westminster village, Windham County	593 271	249 106	121 64	167 68	9 10	47 23	147 62	-	-	-
Norton town, Essex County Norwich town, Windsor County	214 3 544	91 1 367	48 794	60 1 148	4 39	11 196	52 1 019	-	-	-
Old Bennington village, Bennington County Orange town, Orange County	232 965	101 362	59 235	56 295	2 35	14 38	52 259	-	-	-
Orleans village, Orleans County Orwell town, Addison County Panton town, Addison County	826 1 185 682	364 441 248	172 289 169	227 369 210	22 28 19	41 58 36	202 310 167	-	-	-
Pawlet town, Rutland County	1 394	575	325	402	36	56	341	-	-	-
Peacham town, Caledonia County Perkinsville village, Windsor County	665 142	263 56	153 31	214 43	11 3	24 9	184 36	-	-	-
Peru town, Bennington County Pittsfield town, Rutland County	416 427	157 190	104 105	125 95	10 7	20 30	106 84	-	-	-
Pittsford town, Rutland County	3 134 1 178 555	1 284 487 251	722 238 140	843 348 112	80 26 16	205 79 36	700 301 94	6 108	10	6 98
Pomfret town, Windsor County	997 1 141	404 524	246 215	280 309	19 19	48 74	254 259	- 434	-	434
Poultney town, Rutland County	3 080	1 287	669	867	87	170	734	553	57	496
Pownal town, Bennington County Proctor town, Rutland County Putney town, Windham County	3 560 1 877 2 326	1 373 756 958	796 418 484	1 057 563 668	118 51 52	216 89 164	892 478 580	308	-	308
Randolph town, Orange County	4 340 707	1 769 286	900 170	1 274 188	119 24	278 39	1 085 161	513	21	492
Readsboro town, Bennington County	783 2 273	321 899	177 465	232 670	16 76	37 163	196 564	26 48	4	22 48
Richmond town, Chittenden County	4 075 534	1 504 210	936 118	1 314 149	90 20	231 37	1 181 138	15 22	-	15 22
Rochester town, Windsor County	1 157 5 261	511 2 202	268 1 039	289 1 524	23 162	66 334	257 1 297	14 48	29	14 19
Roxbury town, Washington County	576 2 590	227 1 155	143 506	150 672	24 39	32 218	137 565	- 13	-	- 13
Rupert town, Bennington County	704 16 573	295 7 452	185 2 968	184 4 537	14 501	26 1 115	155 3 802	- 719	- 551	168
Rutland town, Rutland County	3 981 1 150	1 691 435	982 269	1 063 350	110 48	135 48	880 284	57	57	-
St. Albans city, Franklin County	7 595 4 916 698	3 235 1 836 264	1 411 1 131 153	2 217 1 559 231	193 136 10	539 254 40	1 910 1 326 207	55 170	36 170	19 -
St. Johnsbury CDP, Caledonia County	5 940 7 192	2 726 3 197	1 133 1 422	1 586 1 952	138 176	357 445	1 352 1 664	379 379	335 335	44 44
Salisbury town, Addison County	1 076	423	249	321	25	58	270	14	14	-
Sandgate town, Bennington County	353 519 96	149 209 40	83 105 21	86 156 31	10 21 1	25 28 3	74 151 25	-	-	-
Shaftsbury town, Bennington County Sharon town, Windsor County	3 767 1 411	1 450 553	917 321	1 130 436	104 24	166 77	956 382	-	-	-
Sheffield town, Caledonia County Shelburne town, Chittenden County	727 6 798	272 2 632	164 1 614	218 2 140	19 92	54 320	193 1 894	- 146	-	- 146
Sheldon town, Franklin County	1 978 1 222	672 453	443 293	673 379	55 42	135 55	578 330	12	-	12
Shrewsbury town, Rutland County Somerset town, Windham County	1 076 5	426	274	298	43	35	259	32	-	32
South Barre CDP, Washington County	1 242 14 615	534 6 332	308 3 022	320 3 939	26 343	54 979	261 3 346	1 199	- - 272	- - 927
South Hero town, Grand Isle County South Shaftsbury CDP, Bennington County	1 696 772	663 306	409 185	482 232	46 22	96 27	412 190	=		-
Springfield CDP, Windsor County	3 938 8 978	1 778 3 886	739 1 939	1 116 2 461	103 209	202 483	933 2 041	100	86	14
Stamford town, Bennington County Stannard town, Caledonia County Starkshore town, Addison County	813 185	313 73	209 42 395	238 55 666	14 3	39 12	204 48 576	-	-	-
Starksboro town, Addison County Stockbridge town, Windsor County	1 898 674	668 281	163	173	45 13	124 44	149	-	-	-

Table 10. Household Relationship and Group Quarters Population: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsa	inpung on or, and de	minuono, coo to		old population				Group	quarters population	on .
State				Relations	ship to househol	der				
State County Place and County Subdivision	Total	House- holder	Spouse	Child	Other relatives	Non- relatives	Under 18 years, child and other relatives	Total	Institution- alized population	Non- institution- alized population
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.										
Stowe town, Lamoille County Strafford town, Orange County Stratton town, Windham County Sudbury town, Rutland County Sunderland town, Bennington County Sutton town, Caledonia County Swanton village, Franklin County Swanton town, Franklin County Thetford town, Orange County Tinmouth town, Rutland County Topsham town, Orange County Topsham town, Orange County Townshend town, Windham County	4 329 1 045 136 583 850 1 001 2 533 6 188 2 617 567 1 142 1 119	1 905 420 60 237 350 366 1 031 2 329 1 032 231 421 469	952 248 34 136 203 225 521 1 337 613 142 268 255	1 043 326 34 158 233 316 713 1 946 803 157 358 306	75 12 - 18 34 26 101 197 44 11 23 28	354 39 8 34 30 68 167 379 125 26 72	899 283 28 133 198 281 619 1 673 690 122 304 266	10 - - - - 15 15 - - - 30	- - - - - - - - 30	10 - - - - - 15 15 - - -
Troy town, Orleans County Tunbridge town, Orange County Underhill town, Chittenden County Vergennes city, Addison County Vernon town, Windham County Vershire town, Orange County Victory town, Essex County Waitsfield town, Washington County Walden town, Caledonia County Wallingford CDP, Rutland County Wallingford town, Rutland County Wallingford town, Rutland County Wallingford town, Addison County Walltham town, Addison County	1 564 1 309 2 980 2 414 2 047 629 97 1 659 782 936 2 253 479	617 513 1 055 979 741 261 45 734 301 384 905 178	342 282 770 478 494 144 24 405 176 211 534	461 373 995 742 658 181 19 409 256 283 662 155	35 46 50 55 66 12 2 23 15 26 58	109 95 110 160 88 31 7 88 34 32 94	388 316 860 639 569 163 17 351 219 212 515	327 94 - - - 12 21	24 94 - - - -	303 - - - - 12 21
Wardsboro town, Windham County Warner's grant, Essex County Warnen town, Washington County Warner's gore, Essex County Washington town, Orange County Waterbury village, Washington County Waterbury town, Washington County Waterford town, Caledonia County Waterville town, Lamoille County Weathersfield town, Windsor County Weathersfield town, Windsor County Wells town, Rutland County	854 1 681 10 1 047 1 656 4 865 1 101 681 2 788 1 121	358 - 742 4 406 793 2 011 424 260 1 167 466	195 372 4 241 310 1 089 304 151 719 274	240 - 431 2 321 383 1 355 309 212 672 285	15 - 24 - 23 34 109 26 8 8 82 41	46 - 112 - 56 136 301 38 50 148	197 - 381 2 261 347 1 210 265 188 552 239	50 50 3 16	50 50 50	- - - - - 3 16
Wells River village, Orange County West Brattleboro CDP, Windham County West Burke village, Caledonia County West Fairlee town, Orange County Westfield town, Orleans County Westford town, Chittenden County West Haven town, Rutland County Westminster village, Windham County Westminster town, Windham County Westmore town, Orleans County Westmore town, Orleans County Weston town, Windsor County	325 3 198 364 726 490 2 086 278 276 3 210 306 611	156 1 433 140 278 200 725 104 118 1 246 133 283	66 661 71 158 110 490 68 68 691 78	84 856 121 219 126 701 83 77 964 69	5 71 8 21 15 48 12 1 85 10 9	14 177 24 50 39 122 11 12 224 16	73 723 97 193 103 620 63 56 841 50	24 - - 13 - - - - 19	-	24 - - 13 - - - - 19
West Rutland town, Rutland County West Rutland CDP, Rutland County West Windsor town, Windsor County Weybridge town, Addison County Wheelock town, Caledonia County White River Junction CDP, Windsor County Whiting town, Addison County Whitingham town, Windham County Wilder CDP, Windsor County Wilder CDP, Windsor County Williamstown town, Orange County Williamstown town, Chittenden County	2 535 2 263 1 067 824 621 2 557 380 1 298 1 636 3 225 7 575	1 021 913 456 322 238 1 169 155 515 690 1 248 2 921	539 467 289 207 153 444 82 315 354 733 1 901	732 667 263 235 173 703 106 371 481 950 2 298	99 86 20 18 25 57 10 34 26 104 130	144 130 39 42 32 184 27 63 85 190	590 533 226 202 153 589 87 320 412 816 2 043	- - - 12 - - - 75	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - 12 - - - -
Wilmington town, Windham County Windham town, Windham County Windsor town, Windsor County Windsor town, Bennington County Winooski city, Chittenden County Wolcott town, Lamoille County Woodbury town, Washington County Woodford town, Bennington County Woodstock village, Windsor County Woodstock town, Windsor County Woodstock town, Windsor County Worcester town, Washington County	2 225 328 3 475 702 6 492 1 454 809 414 872 3 113 902	992 150 1 520 310 2 944 552 329 172 434 1 388 346	482 78 688 175 1 012 321 173 91 179 731 208	556 71 926 150 1 636 442 236 106 187 765 266	61 11 115 16 256 37 12 16 17 73 21	134 18 226 51 644 102 59 29 55 156	468 62 791 120 1 387 401 186 90 167 650 230	281 - 69 2 - 105 119	226 - - - - 82 82	55 - 69 2 - - 23 37

Table 11. Housing Occupancy and Tenure: 2000

[For information on confidentiality protection, nons	pg ciror, and	20		cupied hous	ing units				Vacant hous	sing units		
State County			Owner oc	cupied		Ave househ	rage old size		For	Va	cancy rate	,
County Subdivision Place	Total housing			Percent of occupied housing	Renter	Owner- occupied	Renter- occupied		seasonal, recrea- tional, or occasional	Available	Home-	
The Otate	units	Total	Number	units	occupied	units	units	Total	use	housing	owner	Rental
The State	294 382	240 634 13 068	169 784 9 782		70 850	2.58	2.11 2.24	53 748	43 060	2.2	1.4	4.2
Addison County	15 312 651	494	418	84.6	3 286 76	2.66 2.76	3.13	2 244 157	1 746 136	1.6 1.6	1.1 1.9	3.3
Bridport town Bristol town	553 1 546	456 1 460	350 1 007	76.8 69.0	106 453	2.72 2.72	2.68 2.28	97 86	82 39	1.1 1.5	0.8 0.6	1.9 3.4
Cornwall town	464	427	362	84.8	65	2.74	2.23	37	16	2.1	1.9	3.0
Ferrisburg town	1 415	1 014	833	82.1	181	2.66	2.44	401	366	1.0	0.8	1.6
Goshen town	114 218	84 127	63 96	75.0 75.6	21 31	2.71 2.43	2.67 2.26	30 91	23 81	3.4 3.1	4.5 3.0	3.1
Hancock town	214	164	123	75.0	41	2.32	2.37	50	44	1.2	8.0	2.4
Leicester town	618 566	391 462	324 384	82.9 83.1	67 78	2.48 2.68	2.54 2.38	227 104	213 88	2.5 1.1	1.2 0.5	8.2 3.7
Middlebury town	2 805	2 657	1 568	59.0	1 089	2.45	1.95	148	46	1.6	8.0	2.6
Middlebury CDP	1 984 687	1 876 642	968 577	51.6 89.9	908 65	2.40 2.83	1.88 1.95	108 45	31 33	1.8 0.5	1.0 0.3	2.7
Monkton town New Haven town	646	613	494	80.6	119	2.83	2.24	33	12	1.8	0.3	1.5 7.0
Orwell town	577	441	379		62	2.67	2.77	136	118	2.0	2.1	1.6
Panton town	276 283	248 210	198 165	79.8 78.6	50 45	2.75 2.68	2.74 2.04	28 73	24 63	0.4 0.9	0.6	2.0 2.2
Salisbury town	628	423	349	82.5	74	2.51	2.69	205	183	2.8	1.4	8.6
Shoreham town	556 765	453 668	353 563		100 105	2.74 2.88	2.55 2.62	103 97	87 69	1.1 1.6	0.6 1.7	2.9 0.9
Vergennes city	1 032	979	639	65.3	340	2.67	2.02	53	5	2.8	1.8	4.5
Waltham town	197	178	146		32	2.62	3.00	19	9	4.3		20.0
Weybridge town	334 167	322 155	270 121	83.9 78.1	52 34	2.60 2.55	2.33 2.12	12 12	3 6	1.5 1.9	1.5 2.4	1.9
-												
Bennington County	19 403 1 200	14 846 1 009	10 599 761	71.4 75.4	4 247 248	2.52 2.46		4 557 191	3 673 138	2.8 2.7	2.0 1.7	4.7 5.7
Arlington CDP (part)	523	461	314	68.1	147	2.51	1.98	62	39	2.7	1.3	5.8
Bennington town	6 574	6 162	3 763		2 399	2.53	2.10	412	90	2.7	1.9	4.0
Bennington CDP North Bennington village	4 081 499	3 824 454	2 097 265	54.8 58.4	1 727 189	2.51 2.49	1.95 2.06	257 45	46 16	3.2 1.3	2.3 0.7	4.3 2.1
Old Bennington village	118	101	83	82.2	18	2.48	1.44	17	9	6.5	6.7	5.3
Dorset town	1 246 11	856	698 4	81.5 66.7	158	2.45 2.50	2.06 3.00	390 5	341 5	2.4	2.1	3.7
Glastenbury town Landgrove town	153	6 64	48	75.0	16	2.30	1.94	89	83	5.9	-	20.0
Manchester town	2 456	1 819	1 283		536	2.38	1.97	637	536	3.0	2.3	4.6
Manchester village Manchester Center CDP	483 1 158	284 912	197 566	69.4 62.1	87 346	2.37 2.30	1.55 1.99	199 246	173 191	6.3 2.9	4.8 2.2	9.4 3.9
Peru town	445	157	125	79.6	32	2.68	2.53	288	276	1.3	8.0	3.0
Pownal town	1 563	1 373	1 099	80.0	274	2.63	2.46	190	55	3.4	1.9	9.3
Readsboro town	466 449	321 295	229 251	71.3 85.1	92 44	2.56 2.37	2.13 2.50	145 154	109 134	5.3 2.3	5.0 1.2	6.1 8.3
Sandgate town	268	149	117	78.5	32	2.49	1.94	119	108	2.6	3.3	-
Searsburg town	87 1 574	40 1 450	37 1 227	92.5 84.6	3 223	2.14 2.64	5.67 2.39	47 124	39 66	9.1 1.4	9.8 1.1	3.0
South Shaftsbury CDP	319	306	239		67	2.52	2.54	13	6	0.6	0.4	1.5
Stamford town	387	313	277	88.5		2.69	1.89	74	57	1.9	1.8	2.7
Sunderland town	473 76	350 55	292 41	83.4 74.5	58 14	2.47 2.20	2.21 2.07	123 21	99 12	4.4 9.8	3.9 10.9	6.5 6.7
Winhall town	1 717	310	249	80.3	61	2.25	2.33	1 407	1 387	3.7	2.4	9.0
Woodford town	334	172	139	80.8	33	2.45	2.21	162	150	3.4	2.1	8.3
Caledonia County	14 504	11 663	8 499	72.9	3 164	2.58	2.16	2 841	2 004	3.3	1.8	7.2
Barnet town	831	638	540	84.6	98	2.56	2.64	193	152	2.1	1.3	6.7
Burke town	892 147	641 140	480 93	74.9 66.4	161 47	2.56 2.68	2.14 2.45	251 7	203 2	4.0 1.4	2.6 2.1	8.0
Danville town	1 152	871	735	84.4	136	2.57	2.27	281	240	1.9	1.6	3.5
Groton town	586 1 407	338	280 883	82.8	58 333	2.63 2.70	2.40	248	209	4.8	2.8 2.3	13.4
Hardwick town Kirby town	207	1 216 168	146	72.6 86.9	22	2.70	2.37 2.59	191	72 37	4.9	2.3	11.0
Lyndon town	2 190	2 031	1 392	68.5	639	2.59	2.08	159	33	3.0	1.0	7.1
Lyndonville village Newark town	635 449	589 191	238 168		351 23	2.37 2.46	1.89 2.39	46 258	6 224	5.2 1.0	1.2 1.2	7.6
Peacham town	503	263	223	84.8	40	2.60	2.13	240	224	3.0	1.3	11.1
Ryegate town	564	435	378			2.64	2.67	129	108	1.4	1.0	3.4
St. Johnsbury town	3 482 2 985	3 197 2 726	1 802 1 399			2.44 2.37	2.00 1.98	285 259	39 26	4.1 4.6	1.7 2.0	6.9 7.1
Sheffield town	399	272	224	82.4	48	2.71	2.48	127	108	3.5	3.9	2.0
Stannard town	106 439	73 366	64 308	87.7 84.2	9 58	2.63 2.67	1.89 3.09	33 73	22 50	7.6 2.7	5.9 2.5	18.2 3.3
Walden town	499	301	267	88.7	34	2.64	2.26	198	171	3.5	3.6	2.9
Waterford town	477	424	390		34	2.62	2.32	53	43	0.9	0.5	5.6
Wheelock town	321	238	219	92.0	19	2.57	3.05	83	69	2.5	2.2	5.0
Chittenden County	58 864	56 452	37 292		19 160	2.66	2.08	2 412	1 291	1.0	0.5	1.8
Bolton town	412 8	368 6	317 6	86.1 100.0	51	2.66 2.00	2.51	44 2	31 1	1.3 14.3	1.2 14.3	1.9 (X)
Buels gore	16 395	15 885	6 590		9 295	2.00	2.06	510	173	14.3	0.6	1.6
Charlotte town	1 500	1 287	1 085	84.3	202	2.89	2.14	213	174	1.3	0.7	4.3
Colchester town	6 727 7 170	6 144 7 013	4 354 5 418	70.9 77.3	1 790 1 595	2.64 2.78	2.17 2.10	583 157	468 33	0.9 0.6	0.5 0.2	2.0 1.7
Essex Junction village	3 501	3 409	2 425	71.1	984	2.67	2.00	92	11	0.6	0.2	1.6
Hinesburg town	1 693	1 596	1 302			2.83	2.24	97	67	0.7	0.7	0.7
Huntington town	744 1 774	692 1 751	617 1 551	89.2 88.6		2.74 2.96	2.21 2.09	52 23	36 9	0.4 0.2	0.2 0.2	2.6 0.5
Jericho village	513	510	443	86.9	67	2.94	2.33	3	2	-	-	
Milton town	3 505 576	3 333 570	2 897 445	86.9 78.1	436 125	2.91 2.78	2.42	172 6	123 3	0.7	0.4	2.2
Milton village	1 528	1 504	1 209		125 295	2.78	2.41 2.04	24	9	0.2 0.5	0.2	0.8 2.0
St. George town	277	264	226	85.6	38	2.59	2.97	13	2	1.9	0.9	7.3
Shelburne town	2 741 6 501	2 632 6 332	2 107 4 351	80.1 68.7	525 1 981	2.76 2.44	1.89 2.02	109 169	49 60	1.3 0.7	1.2 0.7	1.5 0.8
Underhill town	1 088	1 055	974	92.3		2.44	2.02	33	21	0.7	0.7	4.7
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Table 11. Housing Occupancy and Tenure: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nons.	ampling error, and	a aemilions, see	-	cupied hous	ing units				Vacant hou	sing units		
State County			Owner oc	cupied		Aver househo			For	Va	acancy rate	
County Subdivision Place	Total housing units	Total	Number	Percent of occupied housing units	Renter occupied	Owner- occupied units	Renter- occupied units	Total	seasonal, recrea- tional, or occasional use	Available housing	Home- owner	Rental
Chittenden County—Con.												
Westford town	750	725	657	90.6	68	2.92	2.50	25	6	1.5	0.8	8.1
Williston town	3 036	2 921	2 475		446	2.70	2.00	115	22	1.6	0.6	6.7
Winooski city	3 015	2 944	1 156	39.3	1 788	2.47	2.04	71	7	1.4	0.3	2.1
Essex County	4 762	2 602	2 069	79.5	533	2.51	2.34	2 160	1 844	6.4	5.4	10.0
Aven's gore	192	3	3	100.0 (X)	-	2.67	-	189	185	40.0 (X)	40.0 (X)	(X) (X)
Avery's gore	191	101	- 85	84.2	16	2.68	2.06	90	78	5.6	5.6	5.9
Brighton town	891	529	363	68.6	166	2.47	2.18	362	279	8.2	5.2	14.0
Island Pond CDP	556 89	374 40	238 34	63.6 85.0	136	2.40 2.82	2.04 1.83	182 49	110 45	9.7 7.0	5.2 8.1	16.6
Brunswick town	650	441	335	76.0	106	2.53	2.18	209	154	7.5	4.3	16.5
Concord town	763	467	392	83.9	75	2.51	2.59	296	255	3.9	4.2	2.6
East Haven town Ferdinand town	173 56	119 13	109 13	91.6 100.0	10	2.48 2.54	3.10	54 43	52 42	1.7	1.8	(X)
Granby town	78	33	31	93.9	2	2.65	2.00	45	38	13.2	11.4	33.3
Guildhall town	151	106	90		16 9	2.52	2.56	45 28	39 21	2.8 9.3	3.2	-
Lemington town Lewis town	77 42	49	40	81.6 (X)	9 -	2.15	2.33	42	42	(X)	11.1 (X)	(X)
Lunenburg town	747	516	407	78.9	109	2.57	2.51	231	172	5.0	4.9	5.2
Maidstone town Norton town	276 252	45 91	36 85		9	2.19 2.38	2.89 2.00	231 161	229 139	2.2 16.5	2.7 17.5	-
Victory town	90	45	42	93.3	3	2.14	2.33	45	34	8.2	6.7	25.0
Warner's grant	43	- 4	- 4	(X)	-		-	39	39	(X)	(X)	(X)
Warren's gore	43	4	4	100.0	_	2.50	-	39	39	_	-	(X)
Franklin County	19 191	16 765	12 582	75.0	4 183	2.77	2.37	2 426	1 940	1.6	1.1	3.1
Bakersfield town	504 550	439 495	377 406	85.9 82.0	62 89	2.75 2.83	2.85 2.70	65 55	53 30	0.9 2.2	0.8 1.7	1.6 4.3
Enosburg town	1 149	1 058	742		316	2.68	2.42	91	64	1.3	1.3	1.3
Enosburg Falls village	618 1 249	591 1 222	371 1 047	62.8 85.7	220 175	2.58 2.95	2.19 2.48	27 27	14 6	1.3 1.3	1.3 1.2	1.3 1.7
Fairfield town	768	620	514	82.9	106	2.96	2.63	148	130	1.4	1.2	2.8
Fletcher town	510 736	428	378 374	88.3 87.2	50 55	2.79 2.91	2.50	82	77 291	0.7	0.5 2.1	2.0 1.8
Franklin town	1 654	429 1 484	1 333	89.8	151	3.00	2.84 2.44	307 170	156	2.1 0.5	0.3	2.6
Highgate town	1 375	1 207	965	80.0	242	2.81	2.84	168	134	1.2	1.1	1.6
Montgomery town	666 1 017	412 899	342 655		70 244	2.40 2.49	2.46 2.64	254 118	225 52	4.4 3.6	2.8 3.2	11.4 4.7
St. Albans city	3 376	3 235	1 608	49.7	1 627	2.62	2.07	141	24	2.2	0.7	3.6
St. Albans town	2 257 691	1 836 672	1 529 562		307 110	2.71 3.01	2.50 2.61	421 19	384 6	1.2 0.7	1.0 0.2	2.5 3.5
Swanton town	2 689	2 329	1 750	75.1	579	2.72	2.47	360	308	1.1	0.2	2.4
Swanton village	1 064	1 031	662	64.2	369	2.58	2.24	33	9	1.3	1.0	1.9
Grand Isle County	4 663	2 761	2 247	81.4	514	2.55	2.26	1 902	1 731	3.1	2.3	6.4
Alburg town	1 259	791	633	80.0	158	2.48	2.41	468	407	4.6	3.9	7.1
Alburg village	293 1 047	209 772	140 632	67.0 81.9	69 140	2.49 2.63	2.01 2.08	84 275	71 240	2.8 1.8	2.8 1.4	2.8 3.4
Isle La Motte town	415	202	168	83.2	34	2.39	2.56	213	202	3.3	2.9	5.6
North Hero town	906 1 036	333 663	283 531	85.0 80.1	50 132	2.47 2.64	2.24 2.21	573 373	535 347	6.5 0.9	3.4 0.6	20.6 2.2
Lamoille County	11 009 194	9 221 114	6 534 96	70.9 84.2	2 687 18	2.60 2.46	2.10 3.22	1 788 80	1 431 68	1.8 5.0	1.0 4.0	3.6 10.0
Cambridge town	1 363	1 266	912		354	2.66	2.14	97	59	1.6	0.9	3.5
Cambridge village	102 254	95 248	40 116		55 132	2.88 2.68	2.09 1.95	7 6	- 1	5.9 0.8	4.8	6.8
Jeffersonville village Eden town	582	409	336	82.2	73	2.89	2.49	173	151	1.7	1.7 1.5	2.7
Elmore town	458	306	269	87.9	37	2.82	2.46	152	145	1.0	0.4	5.1
Hyde Park town Hyde Park village	1 220 207	1 138 192	915 146		223 46	2.58 2.28	2.15 1.78	82 15	50 5	1.6 4.5	1.5 3.9	1.8 6.1
Johnson town	1 263	1 170	727	62.1	443	2.65	2.07	93	50	1.4	1.1	2.0
Johnson village Morristown town	494 2 271	469 2 101	170 1 336	36.2 63.6	299 765	2.37 2.57	1.96 2.07	25 170	6 101	2.3 1.6	2.3 1.1	2.3 2.5
Morrisville village	909	860	393	45.7	467	2.46	1.97	49	11	2.2	1.8	2.5
Stowe town	2 728 284	1 905 260	1 290 206	67.7 79.2	615 54	2.42 2.74	1.96 2.15	823 24	736 19	2.2 0.8	0.5 0.5	5.4 1.8
Wolcott town	646	552	447	81.0	105	2.70	2.36	94	52	2.8	0.9	10.3
Oranga Caunty	13 386	10 936	8 559	78.3	2 377	2.50	2.26	2 450	1 950	3.0	1.5	0.0
Orange County Bradford town	13 386	1 028	8 559 718		310	2.59 2.57	2.28	189	1 850 87	5.8	1.5 1.5	8.0 14.4
Bradford village	372	322	165	51.2	157	2.42	2.22	50	5	9.6	2.4	16.0
Braintree town	567 602	482 475	407 399	84.4 84.0	75 76	2.51 2.61	2.31 2.37	85 127	69 106	2.0 2.3	1.5 1.2	5.1 7.3
Chelsea town	657	495	372	75.2	123	2.52	2.11	162	129	3.9	1.6	10.2
Corinth town	728 575	535 395	460 275		75 120	2.73 2.61	2.76 1.99	193 180	161 142	3.8 7.1	3.8 2.1	3.8 16.7
Newbury town	1 153	816	610		206	2.43	2.31	337	272	4.1	2.1	9.3
Newbury village	188	162	117	72.2	45	2.52	2.24	26	9	8.0	4.1	16.7
Wells River village Orange town	178 422	156 362	79 326		77 36	2.29 2.70	1.87 2.39	22 60	6 49	7.1 1.9	2.5 1.5	11.5 5.3
Randolph town	1 905	1 769	1 245	70.4	524	2.56	2.20	136	65	2.2	1.7	3.5
Strafford town	542 1 193	420 1 032	352 826		68 206	2.60 2.65	1.93 2.06	122 161	110 117	1.9 2.2	0.8 0.7	6.8
Thetford town Topsham town	582	421	366		55	2.65	2.06	161	139	2.2	1.9	7.6 8.3
Tunbridge town	679	513	413	80.5	100	2.62	2.28	166	134	2.7	2.1	4.8
Vershire town	378 528	261 406	208 357	79.7 87.9	53 49	2.41 2.61	2.40 2.33	117 122	87 105	7.4 1.2	3.3 0.6	20.9 5.8
West Fairlee town	340	278	200	71.9	78	2.61	2.63	62	45	1.8	1.0	3.7
Williamstown town	1 318	1 248	1 025	82.1	223	2.65	2.26	70	33	1.2	0.4	4.7
Orleans County	14 673	10 446	7 738	74.1	2 708	2.53	2.21	4 227	3 397	4.3	2.4	9.4
Albany town	453	337	280	83.1	57	2.54	2.28	116	93	2.3	1.4	6.6
Albany village	79	70	59	84.3	11	2.46	1.82	9	3	4.1	1.7	15.4

Table 11. Housing Occupancy and Tenure: 2000—Con.

_i or intermediate or confidentiality procession, none		d delimitorio, occ		cupied housi	ng units				Vacant hous	sing units		
State			Owner oc	runied		Aver				Vacancy rate		
County			Owner oc	Tupled		househo	old size		For	Vo	caricy rate	
County Subdivision Place				Percent of					seasonal, recrea-			
	Total housing			occupied housing	Renter	Owner- occupied	Renter- occupied		tional, or occasional	Available	Home-	
	units	Total	Number	units	occupied	units	units	Total	use	housing	owner	Rental
Orleans County—Con.	1 400	4.450	704	20.0		0.40	0.40	005	400			40.0
Barton town	1 438 465	1 153 347	791 195	68.6 56.2	362 152	2.43 2.25	2.12 2.00	285 118	163 54	7.1 12.6	4.1 8.9	13.0 16.9
Orleans village	400 450	364 337	224 295	61.5 87.5	140 42	2.42 2.62	2.02 2.67	36 113	11 83	4.0 2.9	0.9 1.3	8.5 12.5
Charleston town	587	362	288	79.6	74	2.56	2.14	225	191	3.2	3.0	3.9
Coventry town	435 572	379 427	306 356	80.7 83.4	73 71	2.74 2.42	2.41 2.48	56 145	38 115	2.3 2.1	2.2 0.8	2.7 7.8
Derby town Derby Center village	2 258 295	1 832 283	1 449 172	79.1 60.8	383 111	2.56 2.35	2.26 2.18	426 12	307 5	4.8 1.7	1.6 0.6	15.1 3.5
Derby Line village	364	329	214	65.0	115	2.45	2.18	35	9	6.3	1.4	14.2
Glover town	677 773	384 313	336 251	87.5 80.2	48 62	2.46 2.38	1.98 2.34	293 460	266 437	3.0 4.0	2.9 2.7	4.0 8.8
Holland town	354 493	219 405	183 331	83.6 81.7	36 74	2.67 2.66	2.78 2.65	135 88	128 59	0.5 3.3	3.2	2.7 3.9
Jay town	417	158	123	77.8	35	2.81	2.29	259	234	9.2	5.4	20.5
Lowell town	403 672	270 247	229 210	84.8 85.0	41 37	2.74 2.70	2.68 2.76	133 425	111 393	0.7 2.0	0.9 1.9	2.6
Newport city Newport town	2 342 746	2 086 587	1 098 488	52.6 83.1	988 99	2.33 2.65	2.06 2.20	256 159	145 111	3.5 4.2	2.2 3.0	4.8 10.0
Troy town	734	617	444	72.0	173	2.58	2.42	117	57	4.8	3.1	8.9
North Troy village	293 339	249 200	158 175	63.5 87.5	91 25	2.49 2.52	2.20 1.96	44 139	13 103	6.4 12.3	4.8 2.8	9.0 47.9
Westmore town	530	133	105	78.9	28	2.40	1.93	397	363	12.5	4.5	33.3
Rutland County	32 311	25 678	17 901	69.7	7 777	2.52	2.09	6 633	5 293	2.6	1.6	4.9
Benson town Brandon town	519 1 710	391 1 572	278 1 191	71.1 75.8	113 381	2.53 2.57	2.65 2.25	128 138	117 46	1.8 2.5	1.1 1.7	3.4 4.8
Brandon CDP Castleton town	781 2 107	718 1 550	484 1 123	67.4 72.5	234 427	2.46 2.55	2.11 2.26	63 557	16 491	3.5 2.3	2.2 1.1	6.0 5.3
Chittenden town	585 1 207	451 1 136	369 924	81.8 81.3	82 212	2.68 2.56	2.35 2.09	134 71	116 28	1.7 2.3	1.1 1.8	4.7 4.5
Clarendon town Danby town	647	502	394	78.5	108	2.59	2.52	145	128	1.2	1.0	1.8
Fair Haven town Fair Haven CDP	1 248 1 058	1 165 981	741 588	63.6 59.9	424 393	2.59 2.56	2.27 2.25	83 77	13 9	2.8 3.3	1.7 2.0	4.7 5.1
Hubbardton town	580 192	296 163	256 141	86.5	40 22	2.53 2.87	2.63 2.32	284	261 24	3.3 1.2	2.7 0.7	7.0 4.3
Ira town Killington town	2 528	500	367	86.5 73.4	133	2.34	1.77	29 2 028	1 953	7.6	2.7	18.9
Mendon town	616 397	410 331	324 275	79.0 83.1	86 56	2.57 2.52	2.19 2.34	206 66	191 56	2.4 0.9	1.5 0.4	5.5 3.4
Mount Holly town	917 121	494 92	427 72	86.4 78.3	67 20	2.49 2.26	2.64 2.00	423 29	382 17	4.1 4.2	3.0	10.7 16.7
Pawlet town	707	575	423	73.6	152	2.42	2.43	132	86	2.0	2.1	1.9
Pittsfield town Pittsford town	393 1 388	190 1 284	142 971	74.7 75.6	48 313	2.38 2.56	1.85 2.06	203 104	191 48	3.1 1.9	1.4 0.9	7.7 4.9
Poultney town	1 673 573	1 287 524	924 279	71.8 53.2	363 245	2.50 2.33	2.12 2.00	386 49	293 12	3.5 4.4	3.6 5.4	3.2 3.2
Proctor town	791	756	558	73.8	198	2.51	2.40	35	6	2.2	1.6	3.9
Rutland cityRutland town	7 919 1 761	7 452 1 691	3 980 1 305	53.4 77.2	3 472 386	2.46 2.51	1.95 1.82	467 70	62 26	3.2 1.2	1.7 0.8	4.8 2.5
Shrewsbury town	506 373	426 237	364 200	85.4 84.4	62 37	2.60 2.52	2.08 2.14	80 136	71 123	1.2 1.7	0.8 2.0	3.1
Tinmouth town	332 1 040	231 905	194 729	84.0 80.6	37 176	2.52 2.58	2.14 2.12	101 135	90 106	1.7 1.1	2.0 0.5	3.3
Wallingford town Wallingford CDP	407	384	285	74.2	99	2.62	1.91	23	11	1.8	0.3	5.7
Wells town	857 118	466 104	400 93	85.8 89.4	66 11	2.42 2.65	2.35 2.91	391 14	345 8	3.1 3.7	2.2 1.1	8.3 21.4
West Rutland town West Rutland CDP	1 079 966	1 021 913	736 645	72.1 70.6	285 268	2.57 2.57	2.27 2.25	58 53	15 11	2.6 2.9	1.6 1.8	5.0 5.3
Washington County Barre city	27 644 4 477	23 659 4 220	16 218 1 933	68.5 45.8	7 441 2 287	2.55 2.44	1.96 1.89	3 985 257	3 098 26	1.8 3.8	1.0 1.7	3.5 5.4
Barre town	3 046 880	2 951 843	2 448 585	83.0 69.4	503 258	2.67 2.67	2.09 2.20	95 37	23 2	1.2 1.6	0.7 1.3	3.5 2.3
South Barre CDP	553	534	402	75.3	132	2.54	1.67	19	3	1.3	0.2	4.3
Berlin town	1 172 634	1 109 452	893 381	80.5 84.3	216 71	2.50 2.69	2.30 2.63	63 182	30 158	0.8 1.3	0.4 1.3	2.3 1.4
Cabot village Calais town	95 773	91 616	77 523	84.6 84.9	14 93	2.58 2.49	2.86 2.45	4 157	2 135	1.1 1.3	0.8	6.7 4.1
Duxbury town East Montpelier town	569 1 055	498 1 007	419 802	84.1 79.6	79 205	2.54 2.66	2.41 2.18	71 48	58 22	0.8 0.9	0.7 0.2	1.3 3.3
Fayston town	900	484	384	79.3	100	2.47	1.91	416	401	1.6	1.0	3.8
Marshfield town	686 112	575 96	464 70	80.7 72.9	111 26	2.63 2.59	2.49 3.12	111 16	63	3.8 8.6	2.3 5.4	9.8 16.1
Middlesex town Montpelier city	719 3 899	663 3 739	577 2 044	87.0 54.7	86 1 695	2.66 2.37	2.23 1.76	56 160	35 36	1.2 1.4	0.5 1.0	5.5 1.8
Moretown town	727	650	504	77.5	146	2.69	2.05	77	63	0.5	0.6	-
Northfield town	1 958 857	1 819 811	1 244 415	68.4 51.2	575 396	2.60 2.59	2.16 2.08	139 46	66 17	1.9 2.6	1.2 1.4	3.4 3.9
Plainfield town	520 362	487 227	362 199	74.3 87.7	125 28	2.51 2.58	2.15 2.21	33 135	17 113	1.2 3.4	1.1 3.4	1.6 3.4
Waitsfield town	908	734	523	71.3	211	2.41	1.90	174	159	0.9	0.6	1.9
Warren town	2 078 2 106	742 2 011	551 1 408	74.3 70.0	191 603	2.41 2.62	1.85 1.94	1 336 95	1 287 59	3.6 0.8	2.5 0.6	6.8 1.3
Waterbury village	823 659	793 329	378 276	47.7 83.9	415 53	2.35 2.56	1.85 1.94	30 330	10 312	1.6 0.6	1.6 0.7	1.7
Wordster town	396	346	283	81.8	63	2.65	2.40	50	35	1.4	1.0	3.1
Windham County	27 039	18 375	12 479	67.9	5 896	2.49	2.04	8 664	7 519	3.2	2.3	5.1
Athens town	210 5 686	142 5 364	117 2 775	82.4 51.7	25 2 589	2.31 2.40	2.80 1.89	68 322	40 72	7.2 2.8	4.9 1.1	16.7 4.5
Brattleboro CDP	3 958	3 729	1 654	44.4	2 075	2.36	1.90	229	30	3.1	1.5	4.4
West Brattleboro CDP Brookline town	1 500 274	1 433 186	959 164	66.9 88.2	474 22	2.44 2.49	1.81 2.64	67 88	19 76	2.1 3.6	0.6 0.6	5.0 21.4
Dover town	2 749 893	611 796	448 642	73.3 80.7	163 154	2.38 2.53	2.11 1.90	2 138 97	2 044 73	8.4 1.6	8.0 1.2	9.4 3.1
	595	, 30	042	00.7		2.00	1.50		73	1.5	1.2	0.1

Table 11. Housing Occupancy and Tenure: 2000—Con.

		Occupied housing units							Vacant hous	sing units			
State County			Owner occ	cupied		Aver househo			For	Vá	Vacancy rate		
County Subdivision Place	Total housing	Total	North	Percent of occupied housing	Renter			Total	seasonal, recrea- tional, or occasional	Available	Home-	Dontol	
	units	Total	Number	units	occupied	units	units	Total	use	housing	owner	Rental	
Windham County—Con. Grafton town Guilford town Halifax town Jamaica town Londonderry town Marlboro town Newfane town Newfane town Newfane village Putney town Rockingham town Bellows Falls village Saxtons River village Somerset town Stratton town Townshend town Vernon town Wardsboro town Westminster town North Westminster village Westminster village Westminster village Westminster village Whitingham town Jacksonville village	434 931 493 967 1 317 497 977 68 1 049 2 425 1 443 220 28 1 091 668 784 766 1 412 114 124 802 108	291 811 312 416 730 330 61 958 2 202 1 329 209 2 60 469 741 358 1 246 106 118 515 88	217 658 269 309 528 272 573 37 646 1 286 574 134 2 53 3 372 616 299 1 007 81 80 427 65	74.6 81.1 86.2 74.3 72.3 82.4 82.7 60.7 67.7 67.4 43.2 64.1 100.0 88.3 79.3 83.5 80.8 76.8 80.8 76.8	74 153 43 107 202 58 120 24 312 916 755 75 7 7 97 125 59 239 255 38 88	2.19 2.62 2.48 2.28 2.45 2.44 2.52 2.52 2.55 2.56 2.50 2.30 2.41 2.83 2.43 2.66 2.57 2.51 2.54 2.54	2.34 2.10 2.65 2.24 2.04 2.19 1.98 1.54 2.03 2.20 2.19 2.35 2.20 2.20 2.28 2.43 2.14 2.21 2.52 2.19 2.22 2.24 2.24 2.24 2.24 2.24 2.24	143 120 181 551 587 167 284 7 91 1223 114 11 266 1 031 199 43 408 166 8 6 287 20	106 62 1600 507 513 153 255 2 51 84 9 6 25 1 026 159 16 380 108 3	8.2 1.8 2.2 4.8 6.3 1.8 2.1 3.2 1.9 3.2 4.4 0.9 33.3 4.8 4.1 1.3 3.0 0.1.7 3.6 6.2.5 3.0	6.5 1.3 2.2 3.1 5.5 5.4 1.4 1.5 2.3 3.7 - 33.3 3.1 1.0 2.0 1.4 3.6 3.6 2.5 3.0	12.9 3.8 2.3 9.3 8.2 2.3 3.3 5.5 7.7 2.8 4.5 4.9 2.6 (X) 7.6 3.1 3.2 3.8 8.2 5.5 7.5 7.6 5.5 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.6	
Wilmington town	2 232 354	992 150	673 126	67.8 84.0	319 24	2.36 2.13	1.99 2.50	1 240 204	1 168 182	4.1 5.1	3.0 3.8	6.2 11.1	
Windsor County Andover town Baltimore town Barnard town Bethel town Bridgewater town Cavendish town Chester town Chester-Chester Depot CDP Hartford town White River Junction CDP Wilder CDP Hartland town Ludlow town Ludlow town Ludlow town Plymouth town Pomfret town Reading town Rochester town Royalton town Springfield town Springfield CDP Stockbridge town Weathersfield town Weathersfield town Weathersfield town	31 621 347 105 629 956 582 860 1 611 536 5 493 1 235 710 1 382 3 001 731 1 505 773 544 407 768 1 281 663 4 232 1 958 5 28 1 315	24 162 215 92 383 817 395 617 1 296 488 4 509 1 169 690 1 270 1 060 437 1 367 251 404 286 511 1 155 553 3 886 1 778 281 1 167	17 285 169 75 320 584 290 498 950 256 3 002 577 485 1 049 759 226 1 043 215 309 235 367 662 414 2 624 961 2 48	71.5 78.6 81.5 83.6 71.5 73.4 80.7 73.3 52.5 66.6 49.4 71.6 51.7 76.3 82.2 71.8 57.3 74.9 67.5 54.0 88.3 88.7	6 877 46 177 63 233 105 119 346 232 1 507 592 205 221 3011 211 324 36 95 51 144 493 1399 1 262 817 33 167	2.46 2.46 2.72 2.50 2.51 2.51 2.31 2.40 2.37 2.52 2.59 2.35 2.23 2.79 2.17 2.52 2.45 2.43 2.44 2.40 2.41	2.06 1.74 2.71 2.51 2.15 2.29 1.92 1.75 2.05 2.01 2.02 2.25 2.02 1.88 1.97 2.42 2.59 2.10 1.79 2.12 2.25 2.10 2.22 2.25 2.02 1.88 1.97 2.12 2.25 2.10 2.29 2.29 2.29 2.29 2.29 2.29 2.29 2.2	7 459 132 133 246 139 187 243 315 48 984 66 20 112 1 941 1294 138 522 140 121 257 126 1100 346 1800 247	6 243 118 7 235 105 160 191 250 200 839 8 6 65 1 873 250 65 502 121 92 229 67 91 106 21 2288	2.6 1.4 5.2 1.5 1.8 3.7 4.0 2.3 3.0 9.1 5.2 4.1 6.6 1.7 3.8 2.4 4.3 4.1 2.5 1.6 3.8 8.5 5.5 4.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 8	1.6 1.7 3.8 9.9 2.0 2.1 3.0 1.4 0.6 0.7 2.2 3.8 1.4 3.2 1.9 3.3 2.1 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 2.2 2.8 2.0 2.0 2.1 3.0 3.0 3.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5	5.1 - 10.5 4.55 4.55 4.55 4.55 4.55 4.55 4.55 4	
Perkinsville village Weston town West Windsor town Windsor town Woodstock town Woodstock town	59 537 716 1 611 1 775 558	56 283 456 1 520 1 388 434	45 219 377 916 960 225	80.4 77.4 82.7 60.3 69.2 51.8	11 64 79 604 428 209	2.47 2.21 2.41 2.37 2.40 2.25	2.82 1.98 2.01 2.16 1.89 1.75	3 254 260 91 387 124	1 236 226 32 297 73	3.1 4.6 2.9 2.7 5.4	3.1 1.3 1.5 2.4 5.5	3.0 17.7 4.9 3.2 5.4	

Table 12. Housing Occupancy and Tenure: 2000

For information on confidentiality protection, nonsa	impling error, and	Occupied housing units							Vacant hou	sing units		
State County			Owner oc	cupied		Aver househ			For	Va	cancy rate	÷
Place and County Subdivision	Total housing units	Total	Number	Percent of occupied housing units	Renter occupied	Owner- occupied units	Renter- occupied units	Total	seasonal, recrea- tional, or occasional use	Available housing	Home- owner	Rental
The State	294 382	240 634	169 784	70.6	70 850	2.58	2.11	53 748	43 060	2.2	1.4	4.2
COUNTY												
Addison County Bennington County Caledonia County Chittenden County Essex County Franklin County Grand Isle County Lamoille County Orange County Orleans County	15 312 19 403 14 504 58 864 4 762 19 191 4 663 11 009 13 386 14 673	13 068 14 846 11 663 56 452 2 602 16 765 2 761 9 221 10 936 10 446	9 782 10 599 8 499 37 292 2 069 12 582 2 247 6 534 8 559 7 738	74.9 71.4 72.9 66.1 79.5 75.0 81.4 70.9 78.3 74.1	3 286 4 247 3 164 19 160 533 4 183 514 2 687 2 377 2 708	2.66 2.52 2.58 2.66 2.51 2.77 2.55 2.60 2.59 2.53	2.24 2.13 2.16 2.08 2.34 2.37 2.26 2.10 2.26	2 244 4 557 2 841 2 412 2 160 2 426 1 902 1 788 2 450 4 227	1 746 3 673 2 004 1 291 1 844 1 940 1 731 1 431 1 850 3 397	1.6 2.8 3.3 1.0 6.4 1.6 3.1 1.8 3.0 4.3	1.1 2.0 1.8 0.5 5.4 1.1 2.3 1.0 1.5 2.4	3.3 4.7 7.2 1.8 10.0 3.1 6.4 3.6 8.0 9.4
Rutland County Washington County Windham County Windsor County	32 311 27 644 27 039 31 621	25 678 23 659 18 375 24 162	17 901 16 218 12 479 17 285	69.7 68.5 67.9 71.5	7 777 7 441 5 896 6 877	2.52 2.55 2.49 2.46	2.09 1.96 2.04 2.06	6 633 3 985 8 664 7 459	5 293 3 098 7 519 6 243	2.6 1.8 3.2 2.6	1.6 1.0 2.3 1.6	4.9 3.5 5.1 5.1
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION												
Addison town, Addison County Albany village, Orleans County Albany town, Orleans County Alburg village, Grand Isle County Alburg town, Grand Isle County Andover town, Windsor County Arlington CDP, Bennington County Arlington town, Bennington County Athens town, Windham County Avery's gore, Essex County Bakersfield town, Franklin County	651 79 453 293 1 259 347 599 1 200 210 192 1 504	494 70 337 209 791 215 516 1 009 142 3 3	418 59 280 140 633 169 355 761 117 3	84.6 84.3 83.1 67.0 80.0 78.6 68.8 75.4 100.0 (X) 85.9	76 111 57 69 158 46 161 248 25 -	2.76 2.46 2.54 2.49 2.48 2.46 2.48 2.46 2.31 2.67	3.13 1.82 2.28 2.01 2.41 1.74 1.99 2.10 2.80	157 9 116 84 468 132 83 191 68 189 1	136 3 93 71 407 118 51 138 40 185 1	1.6 4.1 2.3 2.8 4.6 1.4 3.6 2.7 7.2 40.0 (X) 0.9	1.9 1.7 1.4 2.8 3.9 1.7 2.5 1.7 4.9 40.0 (X) 0.8	15.4 6.6 2.8 7.1 5.8 5.7 16.7 (X) (X) 1.6
Baltimore town, Windsor County Barnard town, Windsor County Barnet town, Caledonia County Barre city, Washington County Barre town, Washington County Barton village, Orleans County Barton town, Orleans County Bellows Falls Village, Windham County Belvidere town, Lamoille County Bennington CDP, Bennington County Bennington town, Bennington County Benson town, Rutland County	105 629 831 4 477 3 046 465 1 438 1 443 194 4 081 6 574 519	92 383 638 4 220 2 951 347 1 153 1 329 114 3 824 6 162 391	75 320 540 1 933 2 448 195 791 574 96 2 097 3 763 278	81.5 83.6 84.6 45.8 83.0 56.2 68.6 43.2 84.2 54.8 61.1 71.1	17 63 98 2 287 503 152 362 755 18 1 727 2 399	2.72 2.50 2.56 2.44 2.67 2.25 2.43 2.55 2.46 2.51 2.53 2.53	2.71 2.51 2.64 1.89 2.09 2.10 2.12 2.19 3.22 1.95 2.10 2.65	13 246 193 257 95 118 285 114 80 257 412	7 235 152 26 23 54 163 9 68 46 90	5.2 1.5 2.1 3.8 1.2 12.6 7.1 4.4 5.0 3.2 2.7	3.8 0.9 1.3 1.7 0.7 8.9 4.1 3.7 4.0 2.3 1.9	10.5 4.5 6.7 5.4 3.5 16.9 13.0 4.9 10.0 4.3 4.0 3.4
Berkshire town, Franklin County Berlin town, Washington County Bethel town, Windsor County Bloomfield town, Essex County Bolton town, Chittenden County Bradford village, Orange County Bradford town, Orange County Braintree town, Orange County Brandon CDP, Rutland County Brandon town, Rutland County Brattleboro town, Windham County Brattleboro CDP, Windham County Brattleboro CDP, Windham County	550 1 172 956 191 412 372 1 217 567 781 1 710 5 686 3 958	495 1 109 817 101 368 322 1 028 482 718 1 572 5 364 3 729	406 893 584 85 317 165 718 407 484 1 191 2 775 1 654	82.0 80.5 71.5 84.2 86.1 51.2 69.8 84.4 67.4 75.8 51.7 44.4	89 216 233 16 51 157 310 75 234 381 2 589 2 075	2.83 2.50 2.51 2.68 2.66 2.42 2.57 2.51 2.46 2.57 2.40 2.36	2.70 2.30 2.15 2.06 2.51 2.22 2.28 2.31 2.11 2.25 1.89	55 63 139 90 44 50 189 85 63 138 322 229	30 30 105 78 31 5 87 69 16 46 72	2.2 0.8 1.8 5.6 1.3 9.6 5.8 2.0 3.5 2.5 2.8 3.1	1.7 0.4 2.0 5.6 1.2 2.4 1.5 1.5 2.2 1.7 1.1	4.3 2.3 1.3 5.9 1.9 16.0 14.4 5.1 6.0 4.8 4.5
Bridgewater town, Windsor County Bridport town, Addison County Brighton town, Essex County Brighton town, Essex County Brookfield town, Orange County Brookline town, Windham County Brownington town, Orleans County Brunswick town, Essex County Buels gore, Chittenden County Burke town, Caledonia County Burlington city, Chittenden County	582 553 891 1 546 602 274 450 89 8 89 8 892 16 395	395 456 529 1 460 475 186 337 40 6 6 441 15 885	290 350 363 1 007 399 164 295 34 6 480 6 590	73.4 76.8 68.6 69.0 84.0 88.2 87.5 85.0 100.0 74.9 41.5	105 106 166 453 76 22 42 6 - 161 9 295	2.52 2.72 2.47 2.72 2.61 2.49 2.62 2.82 2.00 2.56 2.39	2.36 2.68 2.18 2.28 2.37 2.64 2.67 1.83	187 97 362 86 127 88 113 49 2 251	160 82 279 39 106 76 83 45 1 203	3.7 1.1 8.2 1.5 2.3 3.6 2.9 7.0 14.3 4.0	2.4 0.8 5.2 0.6 1.2 0.6 1.3 8.1 14.3 2.6 0.6	7.1 1.9 14.0 3.4 7.3 21.4 12.5 (X) 8.0 1.6
Cabot village, Washington County Cabot town, Washington County Calais town, Washington County Cambridge village, Lamoille County Cambridge town, Lamoille County Canaan town, Essex County Castleton town, Rutland County Cavendish town, Windsor County Charleston town, Orleans County Charlotte town, Chitenden County Chelsea town, Orange County	95 634 773 102 1 363 650 2 107 860 587 1 500 657	91 452 616 95 1 266 441 1 550 617 362 1 287 495	77 381 523 40 912 335 1 123 498 288 1 085 372	84.6 84.3 84.9 42.1 72.0 76.0 72.5 80.7 79.6 84.3 75.2	14 71 93 55 354 106 427 119 74 202 123	2.58 2.69 2.49 2.88 2.66 2.53 2.55 2.38 2.56 2.89 2.52	2.86 2.63 2.45 2.09 2.14 2.18 2.26 2.29 2.14 2.14 2.11	4 182 157 7 97 209 557 243 225 213	2 158 135 - 59 154 491 191 191 174	1.1 1.3 1.3 5.9 1.6 7.5 2.3 4.0 3.2 1.3 3.9	1.3 0.8 4.8 0.9 4.3 1.1 2.0 3.0 0.7 1.6	6.7 1.4 4.1 6.8 3.5 16.5 5.3 11.9 3.9 4.3
Chester town, Windsor County Chester-Chester Depot CDP, Windsor County Chittenden town, Rutland County Colchester town, Chittenden County Colchester town, Chittenden County Concord town, Essex County Corinth town, Orange County Cornwall town, Addison County Coventry town, Orleans County Craftsbury town, Orleans County Danby town, Rutland County	1 611 536 585 1 207 6 727 763 728 464 435 572 647	1 296 488 451 1 136 6 144 467 535 427 379 427 502	950 256 369 924 4 354 392 460 362 306 356 394	73.3 52.5 81.8 81.3 70.9 83.9 86.0 84.8 80.7 83.4 78.5	346 232 82 212 1 790 75 75 65 73 71	2.51 2.31 2.68 2.56 2.64 2.51 2.73 2.74 2.74 2.42 2.59	1.92 1.75 2.35 2.09 2.17 2.59 2.76 2.23 2.41 2.48 2.52	315 48 134 71 583 296 193 37 56 145	250 20 116 28 468 255 161 166 38 115	2.3 3.0 1.7 2.3 0.9 3.9 3.8 2.1 2.3 2.1 1.2	2.1 3.0 1.1 1.8 0.5 4.2 3.8 1.9 2.2 0.8 1.0	3.1 2.9 4.7 4.5 2.0 2.6 3.8 3.0 2.7 7.8 1.8

Table 12. Housing Occupancy and Tenure: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsa	ampling error, and							Vacant hou	using units				
State			Owner oc	cupied		Aver househo			_		Vacancy rate		
County Place and County Subdivision	Total			Percent of occupied		Owner-	Renter-		For seasonal, recrea-				
	housing units	Total	Number	housing units	Renter occupied	occupied units	occupied units	Total	tional, or occasional use	Available housing	Home- owner	Rental	
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.													
Danville town, Caledonia County Derby town, Orleans County Derby Center village, Orleans County Derby Line village, Orleans County Dorset town, Bennington County Dower town, Windham County Dummerston town, Windham County Duxbury town, Washington County East Haven town, Essex County East Montpelier town, Washington County Eden town, Lamoille County	1 152 2 258 295 364 1 246 2 749 893 569 173 1 055 582	871 1 832 283 329 856 611 796 498 119 1 007 409	735 1 449 172 214 698 448 642 419 109 802 336	79.1 60.8 65.0 81.5 73.3 80.7 84.1 91.6 79.6	136 383 111 115 158 163 154 79 10 205	2.57 2.56 2.35 2.45 2.45 2.38 2.53 2.54 2.48 2.66 2.89	2.27 2.26 2.18 2.18 2.06 2.11 1.90 2.41 3.10 2.18 2.49	281 426 12 35 390 2 138 97 71 54 48	240 307 5 9 341 2 044 73 58 52 22	1.9 4.8 1.7 6.3 2.4 8.4 1.6 0.8 1.7 0.9	1.6 1.6 0.6 1.4 2.1 8.0 1.2 0.7 1.8 0.2	3.5 15.1 3.5 14.2 3.7 9.4 3.1 1.3 - 3.3 2.7	
Elmore town, Lamoille County Enosburg town, Franklin County Enosburg Falls village, Franklin County Essex town, Chittenden County Essex Junction village, Chittenden County Fairfax town, Franklin County Fairfled town, Franklin County Fair Haven town, Rutland County Fair Haven CDP, Rutland County Fairde town, Orange County Fayston town, Washington County	458 1 149 618 7 170 3 501 1 249 768 1 248 1 058 575 900	306 1 058 591 7 013 3 409 1 222 620 1 165 981 395 484	269 742 371 5 418 2 425 1 047 514 741 588 275 384	70.1 62.8 77.3 71.1 85.7 82.9 63.6 59.9	37 316 220 1 595 984 175 106 424 393 120	2.82 2.68 2.58 2.78 2.67 2.95 2.96 2.59 2.56 2.61 2.47	2.46 2.42 2.19 2.10 2.00 2.48 2.63 2.27 2.25 1.99 1.91	152 91 27 157 92 27 148 83 77 180 416	145 64 14 33 11 6 130 13 9 142 401	1.0 1.3 1.3 0.6 0.6 1.3 1.4 2.8 3.3 7.1	0.4 1.3 1.3 0.2 0.2 1.2 1.2 1.7 2.0 2.1	5.1 1.3 1.3 1.7 1.6 1.7 2.8 4.7 5.1 16.7 3.8	
Ferdinand town, Essex County Ferrisburg town, Addison County Fletcher town, Franklin County Franklin town, Franklin County Georgia town, Franklin County Glastenbury town, Bennington County Glover town, Orleans County Goshen town, Addison County Grafton town, Windham County Granby town, Essex County Grand Isle town, Grand Isle County	56 1 415 510 736 1 654 111 677 114 434 78 1 047	13 1 014 428 429 1 484 6 384 84 291 33 772	13 833 378 374 1 333 4 336 63 217 31 632	82.1 88.3 87.2 89.8 66.7 87.5 75.0 74.6 93.9	1811 500 555 1511 2 48 21 74 2 140	2.54 2.66 2.79 2.91 3.00 2.50 2.46 2.71 2.19 2.65 2.63	2.44 2.50 2.84 2.44 3.00 1.98 2.67 2.34 2.00 2.08	43 401 82 307 170 5 293 30 143 45 275	42 366 77 291 156 5 266 23 106 38 240	1.0 0.7 2.1 0.5 - 3.0 3.4 8.2 13.2	0.8 0.5 2.1 0.3 - 2.9 4.5 6.5 11.4	(X) 1.6 2.0 1.8 2.6 - 4.0 - 12.9 33.3 3.4	
Graniteville-East Barre CDP, Washington County Granville town, Addison County Greensboro town, Orleans County Groton town, Caledonia County Guildhall town, Essex County Guilford town, Windham County Halifax town, Windham County Hancock town, Addison County Hardwick town, Caledonia County Hartford town, Windsor County Hartford town, Windsor County Hartland town, Windsor County	880 218 773 586 151 931 493 214 1 407 5 493 1 382	843 127 313 338 106 811 312 164 1 216 4 509 1 270	585 96 251 280 90 658 269 123 883 3 002 1 049	75.6 80.2 82.8 84.9 81.1 86.2 75.0 72.6 66.6	258 31 62 58 16 153 43 41 333 1 507 221	2.67 2.43 2.38 2.63 2.52 2.62 2.48 2.32 2.70 2.40 2.59	2.20 2.26 2.34 2.40 2.56 2.10 2.65 2.37 2.37 2.05 2.25	37 91 460 248 45 120 181 50 191 984	2 81 437 209 39 62 160 44 72 839	1.6 3.1 4.0 4.8 2.8 1.8 2.2 1.2 4.9 1.5	1.3 3.0 2.7 2.8 3.2 1.3 2.2 0.8 2.3 1.0 0.7	2.3 3.1 8.8 13.4 - 3.8 2.3 2.4 11.0 2.5 5.2	
Highgate town, Franklin County Hinesburg town, Chittenden County Holland town, Orleans County Hubbardton town, Rutland County Huntington town, Chittenden County Hyde Park village, Lamoille County Hyde Park town, Lamoille County Ira town, Rutland County Irasburg town, Orleans County Island Pond CDP, Essex County Isle La Motte town, Grand Isle County	1 375 1 693 354 580 744 207 1 220 192 493 556 415	1 207 1 596 219 296 692 192 1 138 163 405 374 202	965 1 302 183 256 617 146 915 141 331 238 168	83.6 86.5 89.2 76.0 80.4 86.5 81.7 63.6	242 294 36 40 75 46 223 22 74 136 34	2.81 2.83 2.67 2.53 2.74 2.28 2.58 2.87 2.66 2.40 2.39	2.84 2.24 2.78 2.63 2.21 1.78 2.15 2.32 2.65 2.04 2.56	168 97 135 284 52 15 82 29 88 182 213	134 67 128 261 36 5 50 24 59 110	1.2 0.7 0.5 3.3 0.4 4.5 1.6 1.2 3.3 9.7 3.3	1.1 0.7 2.7 0.2 3.9 1.5 0.7 3.2 5.2	1.6 0.7 2.7 7.0 2.6 6.1 1.8 4.3 3.9 16.6 5.6	
Jacksonville village, Windham County Jamaica town, Windham County Jay town, Orleans County Jeffersonville village, Lamoille County Jericho village, Chittenden County Jericho town, Chittenden County Johnson village, Lamoille County Johnson town, Lamoille County Killington town, Rutland County Kirby town, Caledonia County Landgrove town, Bennington County	108 967 417 254 513 1 774 494 1 263 2 528 207 153	88 416 158 248 510 1 751 469 1 170 500 168 64	65 309 123 116 443 1 551 170 727 367 146 48	74.3 77.8 46.8 86.9 88.6 36.2 62.1 73.4 86.9	23 107 35 132 67 200 299 443 133 22 16	2.74 2.28 2.81 2.68 2.94 2.96 2.37 2.65 2.34 2.73 2.35	2.57 2.24 2.29 1.95 2.33 2.09 1.96 2.07 1.77 2.59 1.94	20 551 259 6 3 23 25 93 2 028 39	15 507 234 1 2 9 6 500 1 953 37	5.4 4.8 9.2 0.8 - 0.2 2.3 1.4 7.6 - 5.9	3.0 3.1 5.4 1.7 - 0.2 2.3 1.1 2.7	11.5 9.3 20.5 - 0.5 2.3 2.0 18.9	
Leicester town, Addison County Lemington town, Essex County Lewis town, Essex County Lincoln town, Addison County Londonderry town, Windham County Lowell town, Orleans County Ludlow village, Windsor County Ludlow town, Windsor County Lundow town, Essex County Lyndon town, Caledonia County Lyndon town, Caledonia County Lyndon town, Caledonia County	618 77 42 566 1 317 403 731 3 001 747 2 190 635	391 49 - 462 730 270 437 1 060 516 2 031 589	324 40 - 384 528 229 226 759 407 1 392 238	81.6 (X) 83.1 72.3 84.8 51.7 71.6 78.9 68.5	67 9 - 78 202 41 211 301 109 639 351	2.48 2.15 	2.54 2.38 2.04 2.68 1.88 2.02 2.51 2.08 1.89	227 28 42 104 587 133 294 1 941 231 159 46	213 21 42 88 513 111 250 1 873 172 33 6	2.5 9.3 (X) 1.1 6.3 0.7 6.6 4.1 5.0 3.0 5.2	1.2 11.1 (X) 0.5 5.5 0.9 3.8 2.2 4.9 1.0	8.2 (X) 3.7 8.2 - 9.4 8.5 5.2 7.1 7.6	
Maidstone town, Essex County Manchester village, Bennington County Manchester town, Bennington County Manchester Center CDP, Bennington County Marlboro town, Windham County Marshfield village, Washington County Marshfield town, Washington County Mendon town, Rutland County Middlebury CDP, Addison County Middlebury town, Addison County	276 483 2 456 1 158 497 112 686 616 1 984 2 805	45 284 1 819 912 330 96 575 410 1 876 2 657	36 197 1 283 566 272 70 464 324 968 1 568	69.4 70.5 62.1 82.4 72.9 80.7 79.0 51.6	87 536 346 58 26 111 86 908	2.19 2.37 2.38 2.30 2.44 2.59 2.63 2.57 2.40 2.45	2.89 1.55 1.97 1.99 2.19 3.12 2.49 2.19 1.88 1.95	231 199 637 246 167 16 111 206 108 148	229 173 536 191 153 - 63 191 31	2.2 6.3 3.0 2.9 1.8 8.6 3.8 2.4 1.8	2.7 4.8 2.3 2.2 1.4 5.4 2.3 1.5 1.0 0.8	9.4 4.6 3.9 3.3 16.1 9.8 5.5 2.7 2.6	

Table 12. Housing Occupancy and Tenure: 2000—Con.

Tree morniages of confidentiality processor, nonse	ampling error, arr	error, and definitions, see text] Occupied housing units							Vacant hou	sing units		
State County			Owner oc	cupied		Aver househo			For		cancy rate	,
Place and County Subdivision	Total housing units	Total	Number	Percent of occupied housing units	Renter occupied	Owner- occupied units	Renter- occupied units	Total	seasonal, recrea- tional, or occasional use	Available	Home- owner	Rental
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.	unio	Total	Number	unito	Occupied	unio	unito	Total	400	nousing	OWNER	rona
Middlesex town, Washington County Middletown Springs town, Rutland County Milton village, Chittenden County Milton town, Chittenden County Monkton town, Addison County Montgomery town, Franklin County Montpelier city, Washington County Moretown town, Washington County Morgan town, Orleans County Morgistown town, Lamoille County Morrisville village, Lamoille County	719 397 576 3 505 687 666 3 899 727 672 2 271	663 331 570 3 333 642 412 3 739 650 247 2 101 860	577 275 445 2 897 577 342 2 044 504 210 1 336 393	78.1 86.9 89.9 83.0 54.7 77.5 85.0 63.6	86 56 125 436 65 70 1 695 146 37 765	2.66 2.52 2.78 2.91 2.83 2.40 2.37 2.69 2.70 2.57 2.46	2.23 2.34 2.41 2.42 1.95 2.46 1.76 2.05 2.76 2.07	56 66 6 172 45 254 160 77 425 170	35 56 3 123 33 225 36 63 393 101	1.2 0.9 0.2 0.7 0.5 4.4 1.4 0.5 2.0 1.6 2.2	0.5 0.4 0.3 2.8 1.0 0.6 1.9 1.1	5.5 3.4 0.8 2.2 1.5 11.4 1.8 - 2.6 2.5 2.5
Mount Holly town, Rutland County Mount Tabor town, Rutland County Newark town, Caledonia County Newbury village, Orange County Newbury town, Orange County Newfane village, Windham County Newfane town, Windham County New Haven town, Addison County Newport city, Orleans County Newport town, Orleans County North Bennington village, Bennington County	917 121 449 188 1 153 68 977 646 2 342 746 499	494 92 191 162 816 61 693 613 2 086 587 454	427 72 168 117 610 37 573 494 1 098 488 265	88.0 72.2 74.8 60.7 82.7 80.6 52.6 83.1	67 20 23 45 206 24 1120 119 988 99	2.49 2.26 2.46 2.52 2.43 2.14 2.52 2.83 2.33 2.65 2.49	2.64 2.00 2.39 2.24 2.31 1.54 1.98 2.24 2.06 2.20	423 29 258 26 337 7 7 284 33 256 159	382 17 224 9 272 2 555 12 145 111	4.1 4.2 1.0 8.0 4.1 3.2 2.1 1.8 3.5 4.2	3.0 - 1.2 4.1 2.2 - 1.4 0.4 2.2 3.0 0.7	10.7 16.7 16.7 9.3 7.7 5.5 7.0 4.8 10.0 2.1
Northfield village, Washington County Northfield town, Washington County North Hero town, Grand Isle County North Troy village, Orleans County North Westminster village, Windham County Norton town, Essex County Norwich town, Windsor County Old Bennington village, Bennington County Orange town, Orange County Orleans village, Orleans County Orwell town, Addison County	857 1 958 906 293 114 252 1 505 118 422 400 577	811 1 819 333 249 106 91 1 367 101 362 364 441	415 1 244 283 158 81 85 1 043 83 326 224 379	68.4 85.0 63.5 76.4 93.4 76.3 82.2 90.1 61.5	396 575 50 91 25 6 324 18 36 140	2.59 2.60 2.47 2.49 2.57 2.38 2.79 2.48 2.70 2.42	2.08 2.16 2.24 2.20 2.52 2.00 1.97 1.44 2.39 2.02 2.77	46 139 573 44 8 161 138 17 60 36	17 66 535 13 3 139 65 9 49 11	2.6 1.9 6.5 6.4 3.6 16.5 1.7 6.5 1.9 4.0 2.0	1.4 1.2 3.4 4.8 3.6 17.5 1.4 6.7 1.5 0.9 2.1	3.9 3.4 20.6 9.0 3.8 - 2.7 5.3 5.3 8.5 1.6
Panton town, Addison County Pawlet town, Rutland County Peacham town, Caledonia County Perkinsville village, Windsor County Peru town, Bennington County Pittsfield town, Rutland County Pittsford town, Rutland County Plainfield town, Washington County Plymouth town, Windsor County Pomfret town, Windsor County Poultney village, Rutland County	276 707 503 59 445 393 1 388 520 773 544 573	248 575 263 56 157 190 1 284 487 251 404 524	198 423 223 45 125 142 971 362 215 309 279	73.6 84.8 80.4 79.6 74.7 75.6 74.3 85.7 76.5	50 152 40 11 32 48 313 125 36 95 245	2.75 2.42 2.60 2.47 2.68 2.38 2.56 2.51 2.17 2.58 2.33	2.74 2.43 2.13 2.82 2.53 1.85 2.06 2.15 2.44 2.12	28 132 240 3 288 203 104 33 522 140 49	24 86 224 1 276 191 48 17 502 121	0.4 2.0 3.0 - 1.3 3.1 1.9 1.2 3.8 2.4 4.4	2.1 1.3 0.8 1.4 0.9 1.1 3.2 1.9 5.4	2.0 1.9 11.1 3.0 7.7 4.9 1.6 7.7 4.0 3.2
Poultney town, Rutland County Pownal town, Bennington County Proctor town, Rutland County Putney town, Windham County Randolph town, Orange County Reading town, Windsor County Readsboro town, Bennington County Richford town, Franklin County Richmond town, Chittenden County Ripton town, Addison County Rochester town, Windsor County	1 673 1 563 791 1 049 1 905 407 466 1 017 1 528 283 768	1 287 1 373 756 958 1 769 286 321 899 1 504 210 511	924 1 099 558 646 1 245 235 229 655 1 209 165 367	73.8 67.4 70.4 82.2 71.3 72.9	363 274 198 312 524 51 92 244 295 45	2.50 2.63 2.51 2.62 2.56 2.45 2.56 2.49 2.87 2.68 2.33	2.12 2.46 2.40 2.03 2.20 2.59 2.13 2.64 2.04 2.04	386 190 35 91 136 121 145 118 24 73 257	293 55 6 51 65 92 109 52 9 63 229	3.5 3.4 2.2 1.9 2.2 4.3 5.3 3.6 0.5 0.9 4.1	3.6 1.9 1.6 1.5 1.7 3.3 5.0 3.2 0.2 0.6 2.1	3.2 9.3 3.9 2.8 3.5 8.9 6.1 4.7 2.0 2.2 8.9
Rockingham town, Windham County Roxbury town, Washington County Royalton town, Windsor County Rupent town, Bennington County Rutland city, Rutland County Rutland town, Rutland County Ryegate town, Caledonia County St. Albans city, Franklin County St. Albans town, Franklin County St. George town, Chiletonden County St. George town, Chiletonden County St. George town, Chiletonden County St. Johnsbury CDP, Caledonia County	2 425 362 1 281 449 7 919 1 761 564 3 376 2 257 277 2 985	2 202 227 1 155 295 7 452 1 691 435 3 235 1 836 264 2 726	1 286 199 662 251 3 980 1 305 378 1 608 1 529 226 1 399	87.7 57.3 85.1 53.4 77.2 86.9 49.7 83.3 85.6	1 627 307	2.52 2.58 2.58 2.37 2.46 2.51 2.64 2.62 2.71 2.59 2.37	2.20 2.21 1.79 2.50 1.95 1.82 2.67 2.07 2.50 2.97 1.98	223 135 126 154 467 70 129 141 421 13	84 113 67 134 62 26 108 24 384 2	2.5 2.3 3.2 1.2 1.4 2.2 1.2	2.3 3.4 1.0 1.2 1.7 0.8 1.0 0.7 1.0 0.9 2.0	4.5 3.4 4.5 8.3 4.8 2.5 3.4 3.6 2.5 7.3 7.1
St. Johnsbury town, Caledonia County Salisbury town, Addison County Sandgate town, Bennington County Saxtons River village, Windham County Searsburg town, Bennington County Shaftsbury town, Bennington County Shaftsbury town, Bennington County Sharon town, Windsor County Shelblurne town, Caledonia County Shelburne town, Chittenden County Sheldon town, Franklin County Shoreham town, Addison County	3 482 628 268 220 87 1 574 663 399 2 741 691 556	3 197 423 149 209 40 0 1 450 553 272 2 632 672 453	1 802 349 117 134 37 1 227 414 224 2 107 562 353	82.5 78.5 64.1 92.5 84.6 74.9 82.4 80.1 83.6	32 75 3 223	2.44 2.51 2.49 2.56 2.14 2.64 2.65 2.71 2.76 3.01 2.74	2.00 2.69 1.94 2.35 5.67 2.39 2.25 2.48 1.89 2.61 2.55	285 205 119 11 47 124 110 127 109 19	39 183 108 6 39 66 91 108 49 6	4.1 2.8 2.6 0.9 9.1 1.4 1.6 3.5 1.3 0.7	1.7 1.4 3.3 9.8 1.1 1.4 3.9 1.2 0.2	6.9 8.6 - 2.6 - 3.0 2.1 2.0 1.5 3.5 2.9
Shrewsbury town, Rutland County Somerset town, Windham County South Barre CDP, Washington County South Burlington city, Chittenden County South Hero town, Grand Isle County South Shaftsbury CDP, Bennington County Springfield CDP, Windsor County Springfield town, Windsor County Stamford town, Bennington County Stannard town, Caledonia County	506 28 553 6 501 1 036 319 1 958 4 232 387 106	426 2 534 6332 663 306 1 778 3 886 313 73	364 2 402 4 351 531 239 961 2 624 277 64	100.0 75.3 68.7 80.1 78.1 54.0 67.5 88.5	132 1 981 132 67 817 1 262	2.60 2.50 2.54 2.44 2.64 2.52 2.42 2.43 2.69 2.63	2.08 1.67 2.02 2.21 2.54 1.97 2.07 1.89 1.89	80 26 19 169 373 13 180 346 74	71 25 3 60 347 6 21 106 57 22	1.3	0.8 33.3 0.2 0.7 0.6 0.4 2.5 1.6 1.8 5.9	3.1 (X) 4.3 0.8 2.2 1.5 8.7 8.0 2.7 18.2

Table 12. Housing Occupancy and Tenure: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonse	ampling error, and	d definitions, see to		cupied housi	ng units			Vacant hous	sing units			
State			Owner occ	cupied		Aver				Va	cancy rate	
County Place and County Subdivision	Total housing units	Total	Number	Percent of occupied housing units	Renter occupied	Owner-	Renter- occupied units	Total	For seasonal, recrea- tional, or occasional use	Available housing	Home- owner	Rental
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.												
Starksboro town, Addison County Stockbridge town, Windsor County Stowe town, Lamoille County Strafford town, Orange County Stratton town, Windham County Sudbury town, Rutland County Sunderland town, Bennington County Sutton town, Caledonia County Swanton village, Franklin County Swanton town, Franklin County	765 528 2 728 542 1 091 373 473 439 1 064 2 689	668 281 1 905 420 60 237 350 366 1 031 2 329	563 248 1 290 352 53 200 292 308 662 1 750	84.3 88.3 67.7 83.8 88.3 84.4 83.4 84.2 64.2 75.1	105 33 615 68 7 37 58 58 369 579	2.88 2.40 2.42 2.60 2.30 2.52 2.47 2.67 2.58 2.72	2.62 2.39 1.96 1.93 2.00 2.14 2.21 3.09 2.24 2.47	97 247 823 122 1 031 136 123 73 33 360	69 228 736 110 1 026 123 99 50 9	1.6 4.4 2.2 1.9 4.8 1.7 4.4 2.7 1.3	1.7 2.4 0.5 0.8 5.4 2.0 3.9 2.5 1.0	0.9 17.5 5.4 6.8 - 6.5 3.3 1.9 2.4
Thetford town, Orange County Tinmouth town, Rutland County Topsham town, Orange County Townshend town, Windham County Try town, Orleans County Tunbridge town, Orange County Underhill town, Chittenden County Vergennes city, Addison County Vernon town, Windham County Vershire town, Orange County	1 193 332 582 668 734 679 1 088 1 032 784 378	1 032 231 421 469 617 513 1 055 979 741 261	826 194 366 372 444 413 974 639 616 208	80.0 84.0 86.9 79.3 72.0 80.5 92.3 65.3 83.1 79.7	206 37 55 97 173 100 81 340 125	2.65 2.52 2.67 2.41 2.58 2.62 2.87 2.67 2.83 2.41	2.06 2.14 2.96 2.28 2.42 2.28 2.28 2.09 2.43 2.40	161 101 161 199 117 166 33 53 43	117 90 139 159 57 134 21 5 16	2.2 1.7 2.8 4.1 4.8 2.7 0.6 2.8 1.3 7.4	0.7 2.0 1.9 3.1 3.1 2.1 0.2 1.8 1.0 3.3	7.6 8.3 7.6 8.9 4.8 4.7 4.5 3.1 20.9
Victory town, Essex County Waitsfield town, Washington County Walden town, Caledonia County Wallingford CDP, Rutland County Wallingford town, Rutland County Waltham town, Addison County Wardsboro town, Windham County Warrer's grant, Essex County Warren town, Washington County Warren's gore, Essex County	90 908 499 407 1 040 197 766 - 2 078 43	45 734 301 384 905 178 358 - 742 4	42 523 267 285 729 146 299 - 551 4	93.3 71.3 88.7 74.2 80.6 82.0 83.5 (X) 74.3 100.0	3 211 34 99 176 32 59	2.14 2.41 2.64 2.62 2.58 2.62 2.43 - 2.41 2.50	2.33 1.90 2.26 1.91 2.12 3.00 2.14 - 1.85	45 174 198 23 135 19 408 - 1 336 39	34 159 171 11 106 9 380 - 1 287 39	8.2 0.9 3.5 1.8 1.1 4.3 3.0 (X) 3.6	6.7 0.6 3.6 0.3 0.5 - 2.0 (X) 2.5	25.0 1.9 2.9 5.7 3.3 20.0 7.8 (X) 6.8 (X)
Washington town, Orange County Waterbury village, Washington County Waterbury town, Washington County Waterford town, Caledonia County Waterville town, Lamoille County Weathersfield town, Windsor County Wells town, Rutland County Wells River village, Orange County West Brattleboro CDP, Windham County West Burke village, Caledonia County	528 823 2 106 477 284 1 315 857 178 1 500	406 793 2 011 424 260 1 167 466 156 1 433 140	357 378 1 408 390 206 1 000 400 79 959 93	87.9 47.7 70.0 92.0 79.2 85.7 85.8 50.6 66.9 66.4	49 415 603 34 54 167 66 77 474	2.61 2.35 2.62 2.62 2.74 2.41 2.42 2.29 2.44 2.68	2.33 1.85 1.94 2.32 2.15 2.29 2.35 1.87 1.81 2.45	122 30 95 53 24 148 391 22 67	105 10 59 43 19 108 345 6 19 2	1.2 1.6 0.8 0.9 0.8 0.8 3.1 7.1 2.1	0.6 1.6 0.6 0.5 0.5 0.6 2.2 2.5 0.6 2.1	5.8 1.7 1.3 5.6 1.8 2.3 8.3 11.5 5.0
West Fairlee town, Orange County Westfield town, Orleans County Westford town, Chittenden County West Haven town, Rutland County Westminster village, Windham County Westminster town, Windham County Westmore town, Orleans County Weston town, Windsor County West Rutland town, Rutland County West Rutland CDP, Rutland County	340 339 750 118 124 1 412 530 537 1 079 966	278 200 725 104 118 1 246 133 283 1 021 913	200 175 657 93 80 1 007 105 219 736 645	71.9 87.5 90.6 89.4 67.8 80.8 78.9 77.4 72.1 70.6	78 25 68 11 38 239 28 64 285 268	2.61 2.52 2.92 2.65 2.51 2.66 2.40 2.21 2.57 2.57	2.63 1.96 2.50 2.91 1.97 2.21 1.93 1.98 2.27 2.25	62 139 25 14 6 166 397 254 58	45 103 6 8 - 108 363 236 15	1.8 12.3 1.5 3.7 2.5 1.7 12.5 3.1 2.6 2.9	1.0 2.8 0.8 1.1 3.6 1.4 4.5 3.1 1.6	3.7 47.9 8.1 21.4 - 3.2 33.3 3.0 5.0 5.3
West Windsor town, Windsor County Weybridge town, Addison County Wheelock town, Caledonia County White River Junction CDP, Windsor County Whiting town, Addison County Whitingham town, Windham County Wilder CDP, Windsor County Williamstown town, Orange County Williamstown town, Orange County Williamstown town, Orlange County Williamstown town, Orlange County Wilmington town, Windham County	716 334 321 1 235 167 802 710 1 318 3 036 2 232	456 322 238 1 169 155 515 690 1 248 2 921 992	377 270 219 577 121 427 485 1 025 2 475 673	82.7 83.9 92.0 49.4 78.1 82.9 70.3 82.1 84.7 67.8	79 52 19 592 34 88 205 223 446 319	2.41 2.60 2.57 2.37 2.55 2.54 2.52 2.65 2.70 2.36	2.01 2.33 3.05 2.01 2.12 2.42 2.02 2.26 2.00 1.99	260 12 83 66 12 287 20 70 115 1 240	226 3 69 8 6 259 6 33 22 1 168	4.6 1.5 2.5 2.3 1.9 3.0 0.9 1.2 1.6 4.1	1.3 1.5 2.2 1.4 2.4 2.5 0.6 0.4 0.6 3.0	17.7 1.9 5.0 3.3 5.4 1.4 4.7 6.7 6.2
Windham town, Windham County Windsor town, Windsor County Winhall town, Bennington County Winooski city, Chittenden County Wolcott town, Lamoille County Woodbury town, Washington County Woodford town, Bennington County Woodstock viillage, Windsor County Woodstock town, Windsor County Woodstock town, Windsor County Woodstock town, Windsor County Worcester town, Washington County	354 1 611 1 717 3 015 646 659 334 558 1 775	150 1 520 310 2 944 552 329 172 434 1 388 346	126 916 249 1 156 447 276 139 225 960 283	84.0 60.3 80.3 39.3 81.0 83.9 80.8 51.8 69.2 81.8	24 604 61 1 788 105 53 33 209 428 63	2.13 2.37 2.25 2.47 2.70 2.56 2.45 2.25 2.40 2.65	2.50 2.16 2.33 2.04 2.36 1.94 2.21 1.75 1.89 2.40	204 91 1 407 71 94 330 162 124 387 50	182 32 1 387 7 52 312 150 73 297 35	5.1 2.9 3.7 1.4 2.8 0.6 3.4 5.4 2.7	3.8 1.5 2.4 0.3 0.9 0.7 2.1 5.5 2.4 1.0	11.1 4.9 9.0 2.1 10.3 - 8.3 5.4 3.2 3.1

Table 13. Occupied Housing Units (Households) by Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder: 2000

Table 13. Occupied Housing Units (Households) by Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text] Race of householder One race State County County Subdivision American Native House holder Hawaiian and Other Total Indian holder White Place occupied Hispanic or alone, not housing African Alaska Pacific Some or more Latino (of Hispanic White Native other race or Latino Asiar any race) Chittenden County—Con.
South Burlington city 157 24 60 58 5 999 Underhill town 1 055 1 043 3 1 039 Westford town 716 2 869 2 921 15 2 855 Williston town 25 16 Winooski city 2 747 31 16 99 2 8 41 25 2 733 Essex County 2 602 2 521 3 17 53 10 2 513 Averill town Avery's gore Bloomfield town 101 98 18 Island Pond CDP 351 39 424 17 374 352 Brunswick town 40 425 5 10 Canaan town 456 118 Concord town East Haven town 458 13 32 102 Ferdinand town 13 13 Granby town 106 103 Guildhall town Lemington town 45 45 Lewis town 516 501 5 2 499 90 Norton town Victory town
Warner's grant 45 44 44 4 4 Warren's gore 16 765 16 204 3 16 151 Franklin County 29 248 30 19 232 65 Bakersfield town
Berkshire town Enosburg town 1 058 1 028 13 1 026 Enosburg Falls village 579 1 200 Fairfax town 1 204 620 428 Fairfield town 605 2 598 420 1 463 1 144 429 420 5 1 484 1 466 2 3 1 207 Highgate town 412 399 10 397 899 10 874 St. Albans city 3 2 3 5 3 129 34 10 12 45 21 3 114 1 836 672 1 783 19 23 16 1 776 639 Sheldon town 2 176 Swanton town 2 329 2 180 46 4 3 50 Grand Isle County 2 761 2 703 7 19 26 10 11 2 2 694 Alburg town 763 209 201 201 2 10 3 Isle La Motte town 202 202 202 323 651 2 1 2 9 221 9 026 17 41 20 10 106 47 8 991 Belvidere town
Cambridge town 112 1 266 95 1 232 3 2 28 1 228 Cambridge village Jeffersonville village 248 241 240 Eden town 409 395 4 393 301 Elmore town 306 302 Hyde Park town 1 138 192 1 122 190 6 5 1 117 190 Hyde Park village 7 1 130 452 1 170 1 134 19 455 2 049 2 101 2 058 18 12 840 Stowe town 18 10 Waterville town 260 253 253 Wolcott town 3 10 731 Orange County 10 936 10 766 23 30 23 13 79 45 Bradford town 6 4 322 315 314 482 478 2 476 466 465 Brookfield town Chelsea town 495 489 487 Corinth town 387 Fairlee town 395 388 803 161 156 Newbury town 803 5 161 156 156 Orange town 355 1 5 9 1 769 1 743 1 737 Randolph town 15 Strafford town
Thetford town 420 1 032 415 3 11 1 005 1 006 416 507 Topsham town 421 416 3 Tunbridge town Vershire town
Washington town
West Fairlee town 261 257 257 397 399 2 11 1 248 1 229 1 223

Table 13. Occupied Housing Units (Households) by Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text] Race of householder One race State County County Subdivision Native American House holder Hawaiian and Other Total Indian holder White Place occupied Hispanic or alone, not housing African Alaska Pacific Some or more Latino (of Hispanic White Native other race or Latino Asiar any race) Orleans County 10 179 329 125 10 212 Albany town 70 69 69 1 153 347 9 Barton village 334 334 Orleans village 364 337 359 328 359 328 Brownington town Charleston town 362 350 349 369 413 ntry town Craftsbury town 419 1 832 283 1 798 16 1 796 erby town

Derby Center village 275 276 329 317 317 Greensboro town 313 304 303 Holland town Irasburg town 214 401 214 401 158 156 155 Lowell town 264 241 Morgan town 242 2.086 2 032 5 13 28 14 2 020 587 572 Newport town 617 607 606 North Troy village 244 192 Westfield town 200 192 Westmore town 131 131 Rutland County 25 678 25 318 63 52 60 5 20 160 123 25 223 380 1 558 Benson town 1 572 1 558 10 Brandon town Brandon CDP 710 1 520 13 445 Chittenden town 451 445 Clarendon town 1 124 497 1 121 497 3 4 Danby town 1 144 965 Fair Haven town air Haven townFair Haven CDP 1 165 1 148 2 10 3 Hubbardton town 296 285 2 284 162 490 Killington town 3 Mendon town ... 406 406 324 485 Mount Holly town 494 485 Mount Tabor town 91 567 570 Pawlet town Pittsfield town 189 187 Pittsford town 1 266 1 264 1 272 1 287 Poultney town 1 267 511 745 Poultney village 514 3 Proctor town 2 49 7 452 7 317 24 19 27 58 7 279 12 Shrewsbury town 426 421 420 Sudbury town
Tinmouth town 234 225 1 3 Wallingford town 905 899 897 Wallingford CDP 384 466 379 461 Wells town 462 West Haven town
West Rutland town 104 104 3 1 006 2 3 899 Washington County 22 942 23 659 23 142 61 85 66 49 254 248 4 119 16 3 25 16 5 11 66 44 4 067 2 878 3 Graniteville-East Barre CDP 843 828 15 9 817 South Barre CDP 14 Berlin town 1 109 1 088 1 080 3 13 6 2 434 84 Calais town Duxbury town Cabot village 616 3 596 597 14 485 976 3 13 10 East Montpelier town 1 007 985 Fayston town 477 473 575 557 553 92 92 663 647 5 9 643 3 739 3 649 12 39 48 3 610 Montpelier city 15 Moretown town 646 643 15 21 14 Northfield town 784 Northfield village 811 778 Plainfield town 487 478 4 2 6 475 227 215 217 734 720 3 3 718 Warren town 2 011 10 Waterbury town 1 974 18 1 967 777 310 775 310 Waterbury village 16 Woodbury town 329 Worcester town 346 335 5 3 332 17 831 136 5 097 18 375 17 931 73 44 93 2 34 196 134 Windham County Brattleboro CDP 59 18 16 51 3 729 3 543 42 13 12 67

Table 13. Occupied Housing Units (Households) by Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text] Race of householder One race State County County Subdivision American Native House holder Hawaiian and Other holder Hispanic or Total Indian White Place occupied alone, not housing African Alaska Pacific Some or more Latino (of Hispanic White Native Asian other race or Latino any race) Windham County—Con. Brattleboro town—Con West Brattleboro CDP 1 433 1 397 5 5 7 16 13 1 389 Brookline town 185 600 Dover town 611 597 785 289 782 287 Dummerston town Grafton town 291 2 Guilford town 811 799 798 312 416 309 406 Jamaica town 408 721 324 2 717 322 4 2 5 3 Newfane town ... 693 680 676 Newfane village 61 958 59 929 59 923 Putney town ... 14 Rockingham town
Bellows Falls village 2 162 1 299 2 148 1 291 23 16 16 9 Saxtons River village 209 207 3 204 Somerset town 2 59 60 60 Stratton town Townshend town 469 463 463 729 Vernon town 734 Wardsboro town 358 351 350 Westminster town 1 223 5 2 11 4 1 221 103 North Westminster village 106 103 Westminster village 118 118 Whitingham town 507 Jacksonville village 88 85 85 992 150 973 147 970 147 Wilmington town 2 3 4 2 5 Windham town 23 780 60 47 88 18 162 141 23 664 215 214 214 92 383 90 380 381 Barnard town 817 395 797 390 805 2 Cavendish town 617 608 2 606 1 296 488 1 285 482 1 282 480 3 Chester-Chester Depot CDP 11 4 509 4 403 21 30 38 28 4 4 382 1 138 Wilder CDP 690 679 2 674 Hartland town 1 261 1 044 1 256 1 041 1 060 2 Ludlow town 428 3 9 426 1 367 3 1 325 1 333 16 251 Plymouth town 249 404 400 3 398 281 Reading town Rochester town 504 499 1 129 Royalton town Sharon town 553 544 542 Springfield town
Springfield CDP 3 886 1 778 3 825 1 745 3 811 1 734 17 10 30 14 5 3 2 5 3 2 Stockbridge town 276 281 275 1 154 56 Perkinsville village 56 283 456 279 452 278 447 6 3 1 493 15 4 11 10 1 487 Woodstock village

Table 14. Occupied Housing Units (Households) by Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder: 2000

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text] Race of householder One race State County Native American Householder Place and County Subdivision Indian Hawaiian and Other Total holder White occupied Hispanic or alone, not housing African Alaska Pacific Some or more Latino (of Hispanic White Native other race or Latino any race) 1 366 240 634 234 766 867 960 37 387 2 251 1 537 233 609 The State COUNTY Addison County ... 13 068 12 858 35 37 12 804 105 14 846 11 663 14 598 11 427 92 105 104 58 14 524 11 385 46 17 31 70 52 25 26 19 Chittenden County 432 3 167 17 248 446 56 452 54 280 852 8 157 556 53 977 2 602 16 765 53 232 2 513 16 151 10 65 Essex County 30 19 Franklin County 16 204 29 2 761 9 221 2 703 19 41 26 11 47 2 694 8 991 9 026 106 Orange County 10 936 10 766 23 30 23 13 9 79 45 10 731 Orleans County 10 446 10 212 125 40 10 179 25 678 25 318 63 52 60 5 20 49 160 123 25 223 22 942 18 375 17 931 73 44 93 34 18 196 134 17 831 23 780 60 47 23 664 PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION Addison town, Addison County 494 489 488 Albany village, Orleans County

Albany town, Orleans County 69 329 3 329 209 201 201 791 215 763 214 10 Andover town, Windsor County 214 507 997 Arlington CDP, Bennington County Arlington town, Bennington County 1 009 998 Athens town, Windham County
Averill town, Essex County 136 137 2 Avery's gore, Essex County Bakersfield town, Franklin County 439 428 2 9 428 Baltimore town, Windsor County
Barnard town, Windsor County
Barnet town, Caledonia County 92 90 90 638 621 621 Barre city, Washington County

Barre town, Washington County 4 220 2 951 16 3 11 3 4 067 2 878 4 119 16 5 33 21 44 347 334 334 1 153 1 125 Bellows Falls village, Windham County 1 329 1 299 3 6 16 1 291 112 3 719 24 18 13 24 11 15 48 Bennington town, Bennington County 6.023 29 15 32 43 5 993 Benson town, Rutland County 391 381 380 Berkshire town, Franklin County

Berlin town, Washington County 483 482 9 1 080 Bethel town, Windsor County 817 805 797 Bloomfield town, Essex County 358 357 Bolton town, Chittenden County 368 Bradford village, Orange County
Bradford town, Orange County 314 999 6 Braintree town, Orange County
Brandon CDP, Rutland County 482 478 3 476 2 1 558 Brandon town, Rutland County 1 572 10 1 558 Brattleboro town, Windham County 18 83 63 5 097 16 Brattleboro CDP, Windham County 3 510 390 451 3 729 3 543 42 13 51 12 67 47 395 456 391 451 Brighton town, Essex County Bristol town, Addison County 504 18 8 502 3 475 466 465 185 4 Brownington town, Orleans County 337 328 328 Brunswick town, Essex County Buels gore, Chittenden County Burke town, Caledonia County 633 631 Burlington city, Chittenden County
Cabot village, Washington County
Cabot town, Washington County 15 885 78 314 79 277 160 14 896 238 14 806 3 Calais town, Washington County ... Cambridge village, Lamoille County 616 597 14 3 596 90 90 Cambridge town, Lamoille County 1 266 1 232 28 1 228 Canaan town, Essex County ... 425 10 9 424 Castleton town, Rutland County 13 Cavendish town, Windsor County 617 608 606 Charleston town, Orleans County 3 1 287 8 1 262 Charlotte town, Chittenden County 1 268 3 2 2 1 285 1 282 1 296 488 451 480 445 482 2 445 1 121 5 930 Clarendon town, Rutland County 1 136 1 124 Colchester town, Chittenden County 37 50 39 Concord town, Essex County 467 458 456 1 526 419 535 532 5 Coventry town, Orleans County 379 371

Table 14. Occupied Housing Units (Households) by Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text] Race of householder One race State County Native American House holder Place and County Subdivision Hawaiian and Other Total Indian holder White occupied Hispanic or alone, not housing African Alaska Pacific Some or more Latino (of Hispanic White Native other race Asiar any race) or Latino PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con. Craftsbury town, Orleans County 419 6 413 Danby town, Rutland County .. 497 Danville town, Caledonia County 866 865 1 832 283 1 798 276 1 796 275 16 Derby Line village, Orleans County
Dorset town, Bennington County
Dover town, Windham County 329 317 317 850 597 600 Dummerston town, Windham County

Duxbury town, Washington County 785 782 East Haven town, Essex County 119 118 118 1 007 976 East Montpelier town, Washington County 985 13 10 Eden town, Lamoille County 393 301 Enosburg town, Franklin County 1 058 1 028 14 13 2 1 026 579 6 731 591 7 013 581 6 771 48 49 15 125 10 43 Essex Junction village, Chittenden County
Fairfax town, Franklin County 3 409 3 296 19 2 63 19 27 3 272 1 200 1 222 1 204 Fairfield town, Franklin County 620 605 2 9 598 Fair Haven town. Rutland County 2 2 10 7 1 144 965 Fair Haven CDP, Rutland County 969 6 981 Fairlee town, Orange County Fayston town, Washington County
Ferdinand town, Essex County 484 477 2 473 13 998 13 994 Ferrisburg town, Addison County 1 014 2 10 Fletcher town, Franklin County 414 420 415 3 Georgia town, Franklin County 1 484 1 466 3 10 1 463 2 384 372 3 371 3 84 84 2 32 10 Graniteville-East Barre CDP, Washington County Granville town, Addison County 828 15 817 Greensboro town, Orleans County 313 304 303 Groton town, Caledonia County 2 327 102 106 103 Guildhall town, Essex County 1 799 798 2 309 Hancock town, Addison County 162 162 4 Hardwick town, Caledonia County 1 216 1 194 12 8 1 191 Hartford town. Windsor County 4 509 4 403 11 4 382 21 30 38 28 Hartland town, Windsor County 1 256 1 144 41 19 Highgate town, Franklin County 1 207 1 145 16 Hubbardton town, Rutland County 296 285 284 Huntington town, Chittenden County 11 3 672 Hyde Park village, Lamoille County
Hyde Park town, Lamoille County
Ira town, Rutland County 192 190 190 6 5 1 117 162 Irasburg town, Orleans County 3 405 401 401 Island Pond CDP, Essex County 17 4 351 202 202 85 Jamaica town, Windham County 416 408 406 Jamiaca town, windnam County
Jay town, Orleans County
Jeffersonville village, Lamoille County
Jericho village, Chittenden County
Jericho town, Chittenden County 155 240 248 241 500 499 Johnson village, Lamoille County 469 455 5 9 452 Johnson town, Lamoille County 7 19 Killington town, Rutland County
Kirby town, Caledonia County
Landgrove town, Bennington County
Leicester town, Addison County
Lemington town, Essex County 500 492 2 2 3 1 490 164 163 64 387 45 389 2 45 Lewis town, Essex County Lincoln town, Addison County 462 455 454 Londonderry town, Windham County 730 721 717 264 426 Lowell town, Orleans County 2 Ludlow village, Windsor County 437 428 1 060 1 044 2 2 1 041 Ludlow town, Windsor County 499 Lunenburg town, Essex County 516 501 Lyndon town, Caledonia County

Lyndonville village, Caledonia County 1 984 572 1 989 589 575 3 Maidstone town, Essex County . 45 44 Manchester village, Bennington County 279 27 15 2 1 785 14 9 1 767 881 322 Marshfield village, Washington County

Table 14. Occupied Housing Units (Households) by Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text] Race of householder One race State County Native American House holder Place and County Subdivision Hawaiian and Other Total Indian holder White alone, not occupied Hispanic or housing African Alaska Pacific Some or more Latino (of Hispanic White Native other race Asiar any race) or Latino PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con. Marshfield town, Washington County 575 557 3 11 553 Mendon town, Rutland County Middlebury CDP, Addison County 16 1876 1 827 14 17 1 816 Middlebury town, Addison County ... Middlesex town, Washington County 2 657 2 598 19 22 4 2 582 643 663 Middletown Springs town, Rutland County
Milton village, Chittenden County
Milton town, Chittenden County 331 325 324 3 333 3 284 13 18 13 3 275 Monkton town, Addison County

Montgomery town, Franklin County 638 636 397 9 Montpelier city, Washington County 3 739 3 649 14 15 12 39 48 3 610 643 Moretown town, Washington County 650 646 3 241 18 12 2 049 860 844 3 5 840 485 Mount Tabor town, Rutland County 91 Newark town, Caledonia County 188 2 187 161 Newbury village, Orange County 161 Newbury town, Orange County
Newfane village, Windham County
Newfane town, Windham County 816 803 5 803 3 5 676 693 680 New Haven town, Addison County 2 086 2 032 5 13 4 28 14 2 020 572 444 3 North Bennington village, Bennington County ... 454 447 6 15 2 North Hero town, Grand Isle County 333 325 323 244 103 244 3 106 103 9 Old Bennington village, Bennington County
Orange town, Orange County 3 95 355 359 359 248 Panton town, Addison County 242 3 241 Pawlet town, Rutland County 567 260 Peacham town, Caledonia County 263 262 Perkinsville village, Windsor County
Peru town, Bennington County 56 154 157 154 Pittsfield town, Rutland County 190 189 187 Pittsford town, Rutland County 1 284 1 272 6 6 1 266 Plainfield town, Washington County
Plymouth town, Windsor County
Pomfret town, Windsor County 487 478 475 1 3 4 400 404 398 Poultney village, Rutland County
Poultney town, Rutland County
Pownal town, Bennington County 1 373 1 349 10 5 1 343 748 745 958 929 923 1 743 2 15 1 737 281 9 2 4 2 Readsboro town, Bennington County 316 314 899 874 Richford town, Franklin County 879 3 10 1 484 12 12 1 476 202 Rochester town, Windsor County
Rockingham town, Windsor County
Roxbury town, Washington County
Royalton town, Windsor County
Royalton town, Windsor County 504 499 23 16 2 148 215 227 217 8 1 155 295 1 129 9 14 1 118 293 27 2 58 Rutland city. Rutland County ... 7 452 7 317 24 19 49 7 279 Rutland town, Rutland County 12 1 663 Ryegate town, Caledonia County 435 430 430 St. Albans city, Franklin County 12 21 10 St. Albans town, Franklin County 1 836 1 783 6 19 23 1 776 St. George town, Chittenden County
St. Johnsbury CDP, Caledonia County
St. Johnsbury town, Caledonia County 261 259 24 25 1 2 726 2 652 34 2 635 3 197 3 112 27 10 39 3 094 Salisbury town, Addison County ... Sandgate town, Bennington County 149 146 146 204 40 Saxtons River village, Windham County 3 Searsburg town, Bennington County 40 40 1 450 1 436 15 1 425 Shaftsbury town, Bennington County 3 5 Sharon town, Windsor County ... 553 544 542 272 2 632 263 2 596 259 2 582 19 18 Sheldon town, Franklin County .. 672 640 16 3 639 Shoreham town, Addison County Shrewsbury town, Rutland County
Somerset town, Windham County
South Barre CDP, Washington County 3 420 426 421 9 157 South Burlington city, Chittenden County 6 332 6 042 40 24 60 5 999

Table 14. Occupied Housing Units (Households) by Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin of Householder: 2000—Con.

[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text] Race of householder One race State County Native American House holder Place and County Subdivision Indian Hawaiian and Other Total holder White occupied Hispanic or alone, not housing African Alaska Pacific Some or more Latino (of Hispanic White Native Asian other race or Latino any race) PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con. South Hero town, Grand Isle County 663 654 3 2 4 651 South Shaftsbury CDP, Bennington County
Springfield CDP, Windsor County
Springfield town, Windsor County
Stamford town, Bennington County 12 1 734 1 778 1 745 10 3 825 312 17 3 30 15 3 811 313 312 Stannard town, Caledonia County 73 73 72 Starksboro town, Addison County 10 2 Stockbridge town, Windsor County 281 276 275 1 870 18 10 1 861 Stratton town, Windham County 60 60 59 Sudbury town, Rutland County 237 234 233 348 355 Swanton village, Franklin County 1 031 948 50 22 945 Swanton town, Franklin County
Thetford town, Orange County 2 180 2 176 1 032 1 006 5 1 005 11 Tinmouth town, Rutland County 231 225 224 421 Topsham town, Orange County Townshend town, Windham County Troy town, Orleans County 469 463 463 607 606 Tunbridge town, Orange County 2 507 513 507 Underhill town, Chittenden County Vergennes city, Addison County
Vernon town, Windham County
Vershire town, Orange County
Victory town, Essex County
Waltsfield town, Washington County
Walden town, Caledonia County
Wallent CDR Patterd County 979 953 20 948 729 257 741 261 257 301 297 297 379 897 380 Waltham town, Addison County 177 177 Wardsboro town, Windham County 2 Warner's grant, Essex County Warren town, Washington County 742 734 6 728 Warren's gore, Essex County Washington town, Orange County 406 399 397 Waterbury village, Washington County 793 777 775 Waterbury town, Washington County
Waterford town, Caledonia County 2 011 1 974 18 10 1 967 415 424 416 2 260 253 1 160 1 154 Wells town, Rutland County 2 461 466 462 Wells River village, Orange County 156 156 156 West Brattleboro CDP, Windham County 7 1 433 1 397 5 5 3 16 13 1 389 West Brattleboro CDF, Whiteham County
West Burke village, Caledonia County
West Fairlee town, Orange County 139 276 137 278 276 192 713 104 West Haven town, Rutland County 104 104 West Havel Lown, Kudand County
Westminster village, Windham County
Westminster town, Windham County 4 1 223 5 11 1 221 1 246 131 278 West Rutland town, Rutland County 1 021 1 009 2 3 3 1 006 West Rutland CDP, Rutland County 899 913 901 452 6 4 447 315 238 234 234 1 140 1 138 149 Whiting town, Addison County 155 149 Whitingham town, Windham County
Wilder CDP, Windsor County 515 508 507 Williamstown town, Orange County 1 248 1 229 11 1 223 Williston town, Chittenden County 15 2 5 25 16 5 2 855 Wilmington town, Windham County 992 973 970 Windham town, Windham County 150 147 6 Windsor town, Windsor County 1 520 1 493 3 2 15 11 1 487 303 2 733 310 307 31 16 99 25 552 547 547 310 16 Woodford town, Bennington County 172 170 170 423 10 1 372 1 362 Worcester town, Washington County 332

Table 15. Land Area and Population Density: 2000

 $\underline{\text{[For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and } \underline{\text{definitions, see text]}}$

Charles	ampling circl, and t	Total po	pulation	State		Total pop	oulation
State County			Average	State County			Αυστοπο
County Subdivision	Land area		Average per	County Subdivision	Land area		Average per
Place	in square miles	Number	square mile		in square miles	Number	square mile
T. O							
The State	9 249.56	608 827	65.8	Essex County	665.20 36.14	6 459 8	9.7 0.2
Addison County	770.18 41.73	35 974 1 393		Avery's gore	17.57 40.42	- 261	6.5
Addison town	43.98	1 235		Brighton town	52.19	1 260	24.1
Bristol town	41.77	3 788		Island Pond CDP	4.18	849	202.9
Cornwall town	28.63 47.82	1 136 2 657		Brunswick town	25.69 33.20	107 1 078	4.2 32.5
Goshen town	21.29	227	10.7	Concord town	51.44	1 196	23.3
Granville town	52.22 38.44	303 382			37.41 52.89	301 33	8.0 0.6
Leicester town	21.28	974	45.8	Granby town	39.03	86	2.2
Lincoln town	43.99 39.03	1 214 8 183		Guildhall town	32.72 35.26	268 107	8.2 3.0
Middlebury CDP	13.93	6 252			39.57	-	-
Monkton town	36.02	1 759			45.08	1 328	29.5
New Haven town Orwell town	41.65 47.39	1 666 1 185			30.48 39.05	105 214	3.4 5.5
Panton town	15.47	682	44.1	Victory town	42.97	97	2.3
Ripton town	49.52 29.15	556 1 090			3.15 10.94	10	0.9
Shoreham town	43.50	1 222	28.1				
Starksboro town	45.47	1 898			637.07	45 417	71.3
Vergennes city	2.40 8.72	2 741 479			44.59 42.20	1 215 1 388	27.2 32.9
Weybridge town	17.01	824		Enosburg town	48.57	2 788	57.4
Whiting town	13.68	380	27.8	Enosburg Falls village	3.56 40.18	1 473 3 765	414.0 93.7
Bennington County	676.27	36 994		Fairfield town	67.79	1 800	26.6
Arlington town	42.42 3.03	2 397 1 080			37.82 38.63	1 179 1 268	31.2 32.8
Bennington town	42.43	15 737		Georgia town	39.50	4 375	110.8
Bennington CDP	4.87 1.87	9 168 1 428		Highgate town	51.14 56.75	3 397 992	66.4 17.5
North Bennington villageOld Bennington village	0.43	232			43.25	2 321	53.7
Dorset town	47.82	2 036		St. Albans city	2.03	7 650	3 768.2
Glastenbury town Landgrove town	44.48 9.12	16 144			37.56 38.66	5 086 1 990	135.4 51.5
Manchester town	42.23	4 180	99.0	Swanton town	48.41	6 203	128.1
Manchester village	3.58 4.53	602 2 065			0.76	2 548	3 358.3
Peru town	37.32	416	11.1	Grand Isle County	82.62	6 901	83.5
Pownal town	46.65 36.37	3 560 809			29.30 0.64	1 952 488	66.6 757.2
Rupert town	44.60	704			16.51	1 955	118.4
Sandgate town	42.15	353		Isle La Motte town	7.96	488	61.3
Searsburg town	21.53 43.10	96 3 767			13.74 15.10	810 1 696	58.9 112.3
South Shaftsbury CDP	2.27	772	339.4				
Stamford town	39.52 45.40	813 850			460.97 32.14	23 233 294	50.4 9.1
Arlington CDP (part)	0.67	119	178.6	Cambridge town	63.66	3 186	50.0
Winhall town	43.67 47.46	702 414		Cambridge village	1.26 0.80	235 568	186.9 714.3
Woodiord town		714	0.7	Eden town	63.58	1 152	18.1
Caledonia County	650.59 42.39	29 702 1 690			39.15 37.88	849 2 847	21.7 75.2
Burke town	34.05	1 571		Hyde Park village	1.17	415	355.7
West Burke village	0.44 60.88	364 2 211		Johnson town	45.08 1.22	3 274 1 420	72.6 1 166.9
Groton town	53.96	876			51.35	5 139	100.9
Hardwick town	38.53	3 174		Morrisville village	1.88	2 009	1 069.7
Kirby town	24.41 39.76	456 5 448			72.68 16.40	4 339 697	59.7 42.5
Lyndonville village	0.80	1 227	1 531.2	Wolcott town	39.03	1 456	37.3
Newark town Peacham town	36.78 46.74	470 665			688.56	28 226	41.0
Ryegate town	36.58	1 150	31.4	Bradford town	29.81	2 619	87.8
St. Johnsbury town	36.68 12.98	7 571 6 319			0.50 38.28	815 1 194	1 633.1 31.2
Sheffield town	32.62	727	22.3	Brookfield town	41.40	1 222	29.5
Stannard town	12.51 38.26	185 1 001			39.92 48.54	1 250 1 461	31.3 30.1
Walden town	38.73	782	20.2	Fairlee town	20.20	967	47.9
Waterford town	38.15 39.56	1 104 621			64.18 5.02	1 955 396	30.5 78.9
Wheelock town	39.50	021	15.7	Newbury village	1.95	325	167.0
Chittenden County	539.04	146 571		Orange town	38.78		24.9
Bolton town Buels gore	42.48 5.05	971 12			47.86 44.22	4 853 1 045	101.4 23.6
Burlington city	10.56	38 889	3 682.0	Thetford town	43.56	2 617	60.1
Charlotte town	41.48 36.88	3 569 16 986			48.93 44.73	1 142 1 309	23.3 29.3
Essex town	39.01	18 626	477.5	Vershire town	36.50	629	17.2
Essex Junction village	4.76 39.81	8 591 4 340		Washington town	38.86 22.60	1 047 726	26.9 32.1
Hinesburg town Huntington town	38.14	1 861			40.18	3 225	80.3
Jericho town	35.39	5 015	141.7				
Jericho village	1.44 51.46	1 457 9 479			697.70 38.48	26 277 840	37.7 21.8
Milton village	1.47	1 537	1 044.2	Albany village	1.54	165	107.4
Richmond town St. George town	31.84 3.59	4 090 698			43.65 1.25	2 780 742	63.7 594.8
Shelburne town	24.31	6 944	285.6	Orleans village	0.69	826	1 204.2
South Burlington city	16.64 51.35	15 814 2 980			28.28 37.48	885 895	31.3 23.9
Westford town	39.26	2 086	53.1	Coventry town	27.45	1 014	36.9
Williston town Winooski city	30.34 1.43	7 650 6 561		Craftsbury town	39.28 49.63	1 136 4 604	28.9 92.8
oodid oity	1.43	0 301	4 300.1	23.23 (011)	40.00	7 004	32.0

Table 15. Land Area and Population Density: 2000—Con.

State		Total popula	ition	State		Total population		
County County Subdivision Place	Land area in square		Average per square	County County Subdivision Place	Land area in square		Average per square	
	miles	Number	mile		miles	Number	mile	
Orleans County—Con.				Washington County—Con.				
Derby town—Con.				Waitsfield town	26.91	1 659	61.7	
Derby Center village	1.47	670	454.9	Warren town	40.07	1 681	42.0	
Derby Line village	0.73	776	1 057.5	Waterbury town	48.23	4 915	101.9	
Glover town	37.87	966	25.5	Waterbury village	1.78	1 706	958.9	
Greensboro town	37.77	770	20.4	Woodbury town	37.77	809	21.4	
Holland town	37.60	588	15.6	Worcester town	38.75	902	23.3	
Irasburg town	40.53	1 077	26.6	Worcester town	30.73	302	20.0	
Jay town	33.92	426	12.6	Windham County	788.72	44 216	56.1	
Lowell town	56.01	738	13.2	Athens town	13.04	340	26.	
Morgan town	31.26	669	21.4	Brattleboro town	31.99	12 005	375.3	
Newport city	6.03	5 005	830.0	Brattleboro CDP	9.53	8 289	869.3	
Newport town	41.71	1 511	36.2	West Brattleboro CDP	9.95	3 222	323.8	
Troy town	36.06	1 564	43.4	Brookline town	12.91	467	36.2	
North Troy village	1.94	593	305.7	Dover town	35.30	1 410	39.9	
Westfield town	40.17	503	12.5	Dummerston town	30.58	1 915	62.6	
	34.52	306						
Westmore town	34.32	300	8.9	Grafton town	38.39	649 2 046	16.9 51.3	
Rutland County	932.53	63 400	68.0	Guilford town Halifax town	39.89 39.75	782	19.7	
	43.96	1 039	23.6		49.35	782 946	19.7	
Benson town	40.13	3 917	97.6	Jamaica town	35.67	1 709	47.9	
Brandon town				Londonderry town				
Brandon CDP	2.85	1 684	591.7	Marlboro town	40.33	978	24.3	
Castleton town	39.02	4 367	111.9	Newfane town	40.24	1 680	41.7	
Chittenden town	73.01	1 182	16.2	Newfane village	0.18	116	654.4	
Clarendon town	31.56	2 811	89.1	Putney town	26.80	2 634	98.3	
Danby town	41.44	1 292	31.2	Rockingham town	41.90	5 309	126.7	
Fair Haven town	17.64	2 928	165.9	Bellows Falls village	1.38	3 165	2 286.1	
Fair Haven CDP	2.76	2 435	880.7	Saxtons River village	0.50	519	1 032.2	
Hubbardton town	27.52	752	27.3	Somerset town	26.15	5	0.2	
Ira town	21.32	455	21.3	Stratton town	46.39	136	2.9	
Killington town	46.63	1 095	23.5	Townshend town	42.72	1 149	26.9	
Mendon town	38.09	1 028	27.0	Vernon town	19.38	2 141	110.5	
Middletown Springs town	22.84	823	36.0	Wardsboro town	29.28	854	29.2	
Mount Holly town	49.19	1 241	25.2	Westminster town	46.08	3 210	69.7	
Mount Tabor town	43.73	203	4.6	North Westminster village	0.33	271	816.1	
Pawlet town	42.89	1 394	32.5	Westminster village	1.32	276	209.1	
Pittsfield town	20.05	427	21.3	Whitingham town	37.08	1 298	35.0	
Pittsford town	43.49	3 140	72.2	Jacksonville village	1.14	237	207.5	
Poultney town	43.92	3 633	82.7	Wilmington town	39.44	2 225	56.4	
Poultney village	0.65	1 575	2 424.6	Windham town	26.07	328	12.6	
Proctor town	7.56	1 877	248.2					
Rutland city	7.64	17 292	2 264.0	Windsor County	970.96	57 418	59.1	
Rutland town	19.25	4 038	209.7	Andover town	28.77	496	17.2	
Shrewsbury town	50.05	1 108	22.1	Baltimore town	4.67	250	53.5	
Sudbury town	21.50	583	27.1	Barnard town	48.70	958	19.7	
Tinmouth town	28.28	567	20.0	Bethel town	45.30	1 968	43.4	
Wallingford town	43.24	2 274	52.6	Bridgewater town	49.55	980	19.8	
Wallingford CDP	1.71	948	553.8	Cavendish town	39.64	1 470	37.1	
Wells town	22.55	1 121	49.7	Chester town	55.89	3 044	54.5	
West Haven town	28.00	278	9.9	Chester-Chester Depot CDP	1.32	999	756.7	
West Rutland town	18.00	2 535	140.9	Hartford town	45.15	10 367	229.6	
West Rutland CDP	3.74	2 263	605.5	White River Junction CDP	1.65	2 569	1 557.6	
	0.14	_ 200	000.0	Wilder CDP	0.82	1 636	2 003.4	
Washington County	689.17	58 039	84.2	Hartland town	44.96	3 223	71.7	
Barre city	4.02	9 291	2 309.4	Ludlow town	35.27	2 449	69.4	
Barre town	30.64	7 602	248.1	Ludlow town	1.35	958	707.2	
Graniteville-East Barre CDP	6.96	2 136	306.8	Norwich town	44.69	3 544	707.2	
South Barre CDP	2.09	1 242	593.3	Plymouth town	48.18	555	19.3	
	36.47	2 864	78.5		39.40	997	25.3	
Berlin town	37.29	1 213	78.5 32.5	Pomfret town	41.50	707	25.3 17.0	
Cabot town		239	32.5 212.2	Reading town	56.17	1 171	20.8	
Cabot village	1.13			Rochester town				
Calais town	38.02	1 529	40.2	Royalton town	40.43	2 603	64.4	
	42.92	1 289	30.0		39.62	1 411	35.6	
East Montpelier town	31.99	2 578	80.6	Springfield town	49.32	9 078	184.1	
Fayston town	36.50	1 141	31.3	Springfield CDP	2.36	3 938	1 665.6	
Marshfield town	43.11	1 496	34.7	Stockbridge town	46.12	674	14.6	
Marshfield village	0.29	262	888.5	Weathersfield town	43.78	2 788	63.7	
Middlesex town	39.66	1 729	43.6	Perkinsville village	0.19	142	754.1	
Montpelier city	10.25	8 035	784.0	Weston town	35.09	630	18.0	
Moretown town	40.08	1 653	41.2	West Windsor town	24.70	1 067	43.2	
Northfield town	43.70	5 791	132.5	Windsor town	19.55	3 756	192.1	
Northfield village	1.45	3 208	2 215.5	Woodstock town	44.53	3 232	72.6	
Plainfield town	21.01	1 286	61.2	Woodstock village	1.03	977	944.4	
Roxbury town	41.79	576	13.8					

Table 16. Land Area and Population Density: 2000

[For information on confidentiality protection, nons	ampling error, and	Total population		Total population			
State		Total po	pulation	State		rotai pop	ulation
County			Average	County			Average
Place and County Subdivision	Land area		per	Place and County Subdivision	Land area		per
•	in square miles	Number	square mile		in square miles	Number	square mile
					illies	Number	IIIIle
The State	9 249.56	608 827	65.8	PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.			
COUNTY				Derby Center village, Orleans County	1.47	670	454.9
A.I.	770.40	05.074	40.7	Derby Line village, Orleans County	0.73	776	1 057.5
Addison County	770.18 676.27	35 974 36 994		Dorset town, Bennington County	47.82 35.30	2 036 1 410	42.6 39.9
Caledonia County	650.59	29 702		Dummerston town, Windham County	30.58	1 915	62.6
Chittenden County	539.04	146 571		Duxbury town, Washington County	42.92	1 289	30.0
Essex CountyFranklin County	665.20 637.07	6 459 45 417		East Haven town, Essex County East Montpelier town, Washington County	37.41 31.99	301 2 578	8.0 80.6
Grand Isle County	82.62	6 901		Eden town, Lamoille County	63.58	1 152	18.1
Lamoille County	460.97	23 233	50.4	Elmore town, Lamoille County	39.15	849	21.7
Orange County	688.56	28 226			48.57	2 788	57.4
Orleans County	697.70	26 277	37.7	Enosburg Falls village, Franklin County	3.56	1 473	414.0
Rutland County	932.53	63 400		Essex town, Chittenden County	39.01	18 626	477.5
Washington County	689.17	58 039		Essex Junction village, Chittenden County	4.76	8 591	1 804.1
Windham County	788.72 970.96	44 216 57 418			40.18 67.79	3 765 1 800	93.7 26.6
,				Fair Haven town, Rutland County	17.64	2 928	165.9
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION				Fair Haven CDP, Rutland County	2.76	2 435	880.7
Addison town, Addison County	41.73	1 393	33.4	Fairlee town, Orange County	20.20 36.50	967 1 141	47.9 31.3
Albany village, Orleans County	1.54	165		Ferdinand town, Essex County	52.89	33	0.6
Albany town, Orleans County	38.48	840	21.8	Ferrisburg town, Addison County	47.82	2 657	55.6
Alburg village, Grand Isle County	0.64 29.30	488 1 952		Fletcher town, Franklin County	37.82	1 179	31.2
Andover town, Windsor County	28.77	496			38.63	1 268	32.8
Arlington CDP, Bennington County	3.69	1 199	324.6	Georgia town, Franklin County	39.50	4 375	110.8
Arlington town, Bennington County Athens town, Windham County	42.42 13.04	2 397 340		Glastenbury town, Bennington County	44.48 37.87	16 966	0.4 25.5
Averill town, Essex County	36.14	8			21.29	227	25.5 10.7
Avery's gore, Essex County	17.57	-	-	Grafton town, Windham County	38.39	649	16.9
Pakarafiald town Franklin County	44.50	1 215	27.2	Granby town, Essex County	39.03	86 1 955	2.2
Bakersfield town, Franklin County	44.59 4.67	250		Grand Isle town, Grand Isle County Graniteville-East Barre CDP, Washington County	16.51 6.96	2 136	118.4 306.8
Barnard town, Windsor County	48.70	958	19.7	Granville town, Addison County	52.22	303	5.8
Barnet town, Caledonia County	42.39	1 690			37.77	770	20.4
Barre city, Washington County	4.02 30.64	9 291 7 602			53.96	876	16.2
Barton village, Orleans County	1.25	742			32.72	268	8.2
Barton town, Orleans County	43.65	2 780			39.89	2 046	51.3
Bellows Falls village, Windham County Belvidere town, Lamoille County	1.38 32.14	3 165 294			39.75 38.44	782 382	19.7 9.9
Beividere town, Edinolile County	02.14	254	0.1	Hardwick town, Caledonia County	38.53	3 174	82.4
Bennington CDP, Bennington County	4.87	9 168		Hartford town, Windsor County	45.15	10 367	229.6
Bennington town, Bennington County	42.43 43.96			Hartland town, Windsor County	44.96 51.14	3 223 3 397	71.7 66.4
Berkshire town, Franklin County	42.20	1 388			39.81	4 340	109.0
Berlin town, Washington County	36.47	2 864	78.5	Holland town, Orleans County	37.60	588	15.6
Bethel town, Windsor County	45.30	1 968 261			27.52	752	27.2
Bloomfield town, Essex County Bolton town, Chittenden County	40.42 42.48			Hubbardton town, Rutland County Huntington town, Chittenden County	38.14	1 861	27.3 48.8
Bradford village, Orange County	0.50	815		Hyde Park village, Lamoille County	1.17	415	355.7
Bradford town, Orange County	29.81	2 619	87.8	Hyde Park town, Lamoille County	37.88	2 847	75.2
Braintree town, Orange County	38.28	1 194	31.2	Ira town, Rutland County	21.32 40.53	455 1 077	21.3 26.6
Brandon CDP, Rutland County	2.85	1 684	591.7	Island Pond CDP, Essex County	4.18	849	202.9
Brandon town, Rutland County	40.13	3 917		Isle La Motte town, Grand Isle County	7.96	488	61.3
Brattleboro town, Windham County Brattleboro CDP, Windham County	31.99 9.53	12 005 8 289			1.14 49.35	237 946	207.5 19.2
Bridgewater town, Windsor County	49.55			Jay town, Orleans County	33.92	426	12.6
Bridport town, Addison County	43.98	1 235					=
Brighton town, Essex County	52.19 41.77	1 260 3 788			0.80 1.44	568 1 457	714.3 1 013.5
Brookfield town, Orange County	41.40			Jericho town, Chittenden County	35.39	5 015	141.7
				Johnson village, Lamoille County	1.22	1 420	1 166.9
Brookline town, Windham County	12.91 28.28	467 885			45.08 46.63	3 274 1 095	72.6 23.5
Brunswick town, Essex County	25.69			Kirby town, Caledonia County	24.41	456	18.7
Buels gore, Chittenden County	5.05	12	2.4	Landgrove town, Bennington County	9.12	144	15.8
Burke town, Caledonia County	34.05 10.56			Leicester town, Addison County Lemington town, Essex County	21.28 35.26	974 107	45.8 3.0
Cabot village, Washington County	1.13				39.57	-	5.0
Cabot town, Washington County	37.29	1 213	32.5				
Calais town, Washington County Cambridge village, Lamoille County	38.02	1 529 235		Lincoln town, Addison County Londonderry town, Windham County	43.99 35.67	1 214 1 709	27.6 47.9
Cambridge village, Lamollie County	1.26	∠35	186.9	Londonderry town, Windnam County Lowell town, Orleans County	35.67 56.01	1 709 738	47.9 13.2
Cambridge town, Lamoille County	63.66	3 186		Ludlow village, Windsor County	1.35	958	707.2
Canaan town, Essex County	33.20 39.02	1 078 4 367		Ludlow town, Windsor County Lunenburg town, Essex County	35.27 45.08	2 449 1 328	69.4 29.5
Cavendish town, Windsor County	39.64	1 470		Lyndon town, Caledonia County	39.76	5 448	29.5 137.0
Charleston town, Orleans County	37.48	895	23.9	Lyndonville village, Caledonia County	0.80	1 227	1 531.2
Charlotte town, Chittenden County	41.48	3 569		Manchester village, Reppington County	30.48	105	3.4
Chelsea town, Orange County	39.92 55.89	1 250 3 044		Manchester village, Bennington County	3.58 42.23	602 4 180	168.1 99.0
Chester-Chester Depot CDP, Windsor County	1.32	999	756.7				
Chittenden town, Rutland County	73.01	1 182	16.2	Manchester Center CDP, Bennington County	4.53	2 065	455.6
Clarendon town, Rutland County	31.56	2 811	89.1	Marlboro town, Windham County	40.33 0.29	978 262	24.3 888.5
Colchester town, Chittenden County	36.88	16 986		Marshfield town, Washington County	43.11	1 496	34.7
Concord town, Essex County	51.44	1 196	23.3	Mendon town, Rutland County	38.09	1 028	27.0
Corinth town, Orange County Cornwall town, Addison County	48.54 28.63	1 461 1 136			13.93 39.03	6 252 8 183	448.7 209.7
Coventry town, Orleans County	27.45	1 014			39.66	1 729	43.6
Craftsbury town, Orleans County	39.28	1 136	28.9	Middletown Springs town, Rutland County	22.84	823	36.0
Danby town, Rutland County	41.44 60.88	1 292 2 211			1.47 51.46	1 537 9 479	1 044.2 184.2
Danville town, Caledonia County Derby town, Orleans County	49.63	4 604			51.46	9 419	104.2
,		1	22.0				

Table 16. Land Area and Population Density: 2000—Con.

For information on confidentiality protection, nonsa	ampling error, and de	Total population				Total popula	tion
State County Place and County Subdivision	Land area in square miles	Number	Average per square mile	i lado ana douning dabannionon	Land area in square miles	Number	Average per square mile
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.				PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.			
Monkton town, Addison County Montgomery town, Franklin County Montpelier city, Washington County Moretown town, Washington County Morgan town, Orleans County Morristown town, Lamoille County Morrisville village, Lamoille County Mount Holly town, Rutland County Mount Habor town, Rutland County Newark town, Caledonia County Newbury village, Orange County	36.02 56.75 10.25 40.08 31.26 51.35 1.88 49.19 43.73 36.78 5.02	1 759 992 8 035 1 653 669 5 139 2 009 1 241 203 470 396	17.5 784.0 41.2 21.4 100.1 1 069.7	Springfield CDP, Windsor County Springfield town, Windsor County Stamford town, Bennington County Starnsard town, Caledonia County Starksboro town, Addison County Stockbridge town, Windsor County Stowe town, Lamille County Strafford town, Orange County	15.10 2.27 2.36 49.32 39.52 12.51 45.47 46.12 72.68 44.22 46.39	1 696 772 3 938 9 078 813 185 1 898 674 4 339 1 045 136	112.3 339.4 1 665.6 184.1 20.6 14.8 41.7 14.6 59.7 23.6 2.9
Newbury town, Orange County Newfane village, Windham County Newfane town, Windham County New Haven town, Addison County Newport city, Orleans County Newport town, Orleans County North Bennington village, Bennington County Northfield village, Washington County Northfield town, Washington County Northfield town, Washington County North Hero town, Grand Isle County North Troy village, Orleans County	64.18 0.18 40.24 41.65 6.03 41.71 1.87 1.45 43.70 13.74 1.94	1 955 116 1 680 1 666 5 005 1 511 1 428 3 208 5 791 810 593	654.4 41.7 40.0 830.0 36.2	Thetford town, Orange County Timmouth town, Rutland County Topsham town, Orange County Townshend town, Windham County Troy town, Orleans County	21.50 45.40 38.26 0.76 48.41 43.56 28.28 48.93 42.72 36.06 44.73	583 850 1 001 2 548 6 203 2 617 567 1 142 1 149 1 564 1 309	27.1 18.7 26.2 3 358.3 128.1 60.1 20.0 23.3 26.9 43.4 29.3
North Westminster village, Windham County Norton town, Essex County Norwich town, Windsor County Old Bennington village, Bennington County Orange town, Orange County Orleans village, Orleans County Orwell town, Addison County Panton town, Addison County Pawlet town, Rutland County Peacham town, Caledonia County Perkinsville village, Windsor County	0.33 39.05 44.69 0.43 38.78 0.69 47.39 15.47 42.89 46.74 0.19	271 214 3 544 232 965 826 1 185 682 1 394 665	816.1 5.5 79.3 533.6 24.9 1 204.2 25.0 44.1 32.5 14.2 754.1	Vernon town, Windham County Vershire town, Orange County Victory town, Essex County Waitsfield town, Washington County Walden town, Caledonia County Wallingford CDP, Rutland County Wallingford town, Rutland County Wallingford town, Rutland County Walling County Wallingford town, Addison County	51.35 2.40 19.38 36.50 42.97 26.91 38.73 1.71 43.24 8.72 29.28	2 980 2 741 2 141 629 97 1 659 782 948 2 274 479 854	58.0 1 141.1 110.5 17.2 2.3 61.7 20.2 553.8 52.6 54.9 29.2
Peru town, Bennington County Pittsfield town, Rutland County Pittsford town, Rutland County Plainfield town, Washington County Plymouth town, Windsor County Pomfret town, Windsor County Poultney village, Rutland County Poultney town, Rutland County Pownal town, Bennington County Proctor town, Rutland County Putney town, Rutland County Putney town, Rutland County	37.32 20.05 43.49 21.01 48.18 39.40 0.65 43.92 46.65 7.56 26.80	416 427 3 140 1 286 555 997 1 575 3 633 3 560 1 877 2 634	25.3 2 424.6	Warren town, Washington County Warren's gore, Essex County Washington town, Orange County Waterbury village, Washington County Waterbury town, Washington County Waterford town, Caledonia County Waterville town, Lamoille County Weathersfield town, Windsor County Wells town, Rutland County	3.15 40.07 10.94 38.86 1.78 48.23 38.15 16.40 43.78 22.55 1.95	1 681 10 1 047 1 706 4 915 1 104 697 2 788 1 121 325	42.0 0.9 26.9 958.9 101.9 28.9 42.5 63.7 49.7 167.0
Randolph town, Orange County Reading town, Windsor County Readsboro town, Bennington County Richford town, Frankin County Richmond town, Chittenden County Ripton town, Addison County Rochester town, Windsor County Rockingham town, Windham County Roxbury town, Washington County Royalton town, Windsor County Royalton town, Windsor County Rupert town, Bennington County	47.86 41.50 36.37 43.25 31.84 49.52 56.17 41.90 41.79 40.43	4 853 707 809 2 321 4 090 556 1 171 5 309 576 2 603 704	22.2 53.7 128.4 11.2 20.8 126.7 13.8 64.4	West Burke village, Caledonia County West Fairlee town, Orange County Westfield town, Orleans County Westford town, Chittenden County West Haven town, Rutland County Westminster village, Windham County Westminster town, Windham County Westminster town, Windham County Westmore town, Orleans County	9.95 0.44 22.60 40.17 39.26 28.00 1.32 46.08 34.52 35.09 18.00	3 222 364 726 503 2 086 278 276 3 210 306 630 2 535	323.8 828.4 32.1 12.5 53.1 9.9 209.1 69.7 8.9 18.0 140.9
Rutland city, Rutland County Rutland town, Rutland County Ryegate town, Caledonia County St. Albans city, Franklin County St. Albans city, Franklin County St. George town, Chittenden County St. Johnsbury CDP, Caledonia County St. Johnsbury town, Caledonia County Salisbury town, Addison County Salisbury town, Addison County Sandgate town, Bernington County Saxdons River village, Windham County	7.64 19.25 36.58 2.03 37.56 3.59 12.98 36.68 29.15 42.15	17 292 4 038 1 150 7 650 5 086 698 6 319 7 571 1 090 353 519	209.7 31.4 3 768.2 135.4 194.5 486.8 206.4 37.4 8.4	Whiting town, Addison County	3.74 24.70 17.01 39.56 1.65 13.68 37.08 0.82 40.18 30.34 39.44	2 263 1 067 824 621 2 569 380 1 298 1 636 3 225 7 650 2 225	605.5 43.2 48.5 15.7 1 557.6 27.8 35.0 2 003.4 80.3 252.1 56.4
Searsburg town, Bennington County Shaftsbury town, Bennington County Sharon town, Windsor County Sheffield town, Caledonia County Shelburne town, Chittenden County Sheldon town, Franklin County Shoreham town, Addison County Shrewsbury town, Rutland County Somerset town, Windham County South Barre CDP, Washington County South Burae CDP, Washington County South Burlington city, Chittenden County	21.53 43.10 39.62 22.62 24.31 38.66 43.50 50.05 26.15 2.09 16.64	96 3 767 1 411 727 6 944 1 990 1 222 1 108 5 1 242 15 814	4.5 87.4 35.6 22.3 285.6 51.5 28.1 22.1 0.2 593.3 950.2	Winhall town, Bennington County Winooski city, Chittenden County Wolcott town, Lamoille County Woodbury town, Washington County Woodford town, Bennington County Woodstock village, Windsor County Woodstock town, Windsor County Woodstock town, Windsor County Worcester town, Washington County	26.07 19.55 43.67 1.43 39.03 37.77 47.46 1.03 44.53 38.75	328 3 756 702 6 561 1 456 809 414 977 3 232 902	12.6 192.1 16.1 4 586.1 37.3 21.4 8.7 944.4 72.6 23.3

Table 17. Age and Sex for the American Indian and Alaska Native Population (One Race): 2000 [The above table was omitted because there were no qualifying areas.]
Table 18. Race and Hispanic or Latino: 2000 [The above table was omitted because there were no qualifying areas.]
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Table 20. Households and Families With American Indian and Alaska Native Householder (One Race): 2000 [The above table was omitted because there were no qualifying areas.]
Table 21. Household Relationship and Group Quarters Population for the American Indian and Alaska Native Population (One Race): 2000 [The above table was omitted because there were no qualifying areas.]
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Appendix A. Geographic Terms and Concepts

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INTRODUCTION—GEOGRAPHIC PRESENTATION OF DATA

In decennial census data products, geographic entities usually are presented in an hierarchical arrangement or as an inventory listing.

Hierarchical Presentation

An hierarchical geographic presentation shows the geographic entities in a superior/subordinate structure. This structure is derived from the legal, administrative, or areal relationships of the entities. The hierarchical structure is depicted in report tables by means of indentation and is explained for computer-readable media in the geographic coverage portion of the abstract in the technical documentation. An example of hierarchical presentation is the "standard census geographic hierarchy": census block, within block group, within census tract, within place, within county subdivision, within county, within state, within division, within region, within the United States. Graphically, this is shown as:

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United States
Region
Division
State
County
County subdivision
Place (or part)
Census tract (or part)
Block group (or part)
Census block
```

Figure A-1, which is a diagram of the geographic hierarchy, presents this information as a series of "nesting" relationships. For example, a line joining the lower-level entity "place" and the higher-level entity "state" means that a place cannot cross a state boundary; a line linking "census tract" and "county" means that a census tract cannot cross a county line; and so forth.

Inventory Presentation

An inventory presentation of geographic entities is one in which all entities of the same type are shown in alphabetical, code, or geographic sequence, without reference to their hierarchical relationships. Generally, an inventory presentation shows totals for entities that may be split in a hierarchical presentation, such as place, census tract, or block group. An example of a series of

inventory presentations is state, followed by all the counties in that state, followed by all the places in that state. Graphically, this is shown as:

State

County A

County B

County C

Place X

Place Y

Place Z

American Indian/Alaska Native Area/Hawaiian Home Land (AIANA/HHL) Entities

Exceptions to the standard hierarchical presentation occur in the case of some American Indian/Alaska Native area (AIANA) entities, which do not necessarily "nest" within states and counties. For instance, the following American Indian entities can cross state lines: federally recognized American Indian reservations, off-reservation trust lands, tribal subdivisions, and tribal designated statistical areas. National summary data for American Indian reservations may be presented as an alphabetical listing of reservation names followed by the state portions of each reservation. Also, a census tract or block group delineated by American Indian tribal authorities may be located in more than one state or county (see CENSUS TRACT, TRIBAL BLOCK GROUP, and TRIBAL CENSUS TRACT) for the purpose of presenting census data in the American Indian/Alaska Native area/Hawaiian home land (AIANA/HHL) hierarchy.

The diagram in Figure A-2 shows geographic relationships among geographic entities in the AIANA/HHL hierarchy. It does not show the geographic levels "county," "county subdivision," and "place" because AIANA/HHL entities do not necessarily nest within them.

The definitions below are for geographic entities and concepts that the U.S. Census Bureau includes in its standard data products. Not all entities and concepts are shown in any one data product.

AMERICAN INDIAN AREA, ALASKA NATIVE AREA, HAWAIIAN HOME LAND

There are both legal and statistical American Indian, Alaska Native, and native Hawaiian entities for which the U.S. Census Bureau provides data for Census 2000. The legal entities consist of federally recognized American Indian reservations and off-reservation trust land areas, the tribal subdivisions that can divide these entities, state recognized American Indian reservations, Alaska Native Regional Corporations, and Hawaiian home lands. The statistical entities are Alaska Native village statistical areas, Oklahoma tribal statistical areas, tribal designated statistical areas, and state designated American Indian statistical areas. Tribal subdivisions can exist within the statistical Oklahoma tribal statistical areas.

In all cases, these areas are mutually exclusive in that no American Indian, Alaska Native, or Hawaiian home land can overlap another tribal entity, except for tribal subdivisions, which subdivide some American Indian entities, and Alaska Native village statistical areas, which exist within Alaska Native Regional Corporations. In some cases where more than one tribe claims jurisdiction over an area, the U.S. Census Bureau creates a joint use area as a separate entity to define this area of dual claims. The following provides more detail about each of the various American Indian areas, Alaska Native areas, and Hawaiian home lands.

Alaska Native Regional Corporation (ANRC)

Alaska Native Regional Corporations (ANRCs) are corporate entities established to conduct both business and nonprofit affairs of Alaska Natives pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of 1972 (Public Law 92-203). Twelve ANRCs are geographic entities that cover most of the state of Alaska (the Annette Island Reserve–an American Indian reservation–is excluded from any ANRC). (A thirteenth ANRC represents Alaska Natives who do not live in Alaska and do not identify with any of the 12 corporations; the U.S. Census Bureau does not provide data for this ANRC because it has no geographic extent.) The boundaries of ANRCs have been legally established.

The U.S. Census Bureau offers representatives of the 12 nonprofit ANRCs the opportunity to review and update the ANRC boundaries. The U.S. Census Bureau first provided data for ANRCs for the 1990 census.

Each ANRC is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code, which is assigned in alphabetical order by ANRC name.

Alaska Native Village Statistical Area (ANVSA)

Alaska Native village statistical areas (ANVSAs) are statistical entities that represent the densely settled portion of Alaska Native villages (ANVs), which constitute associations, bands, clans, communities, groups, tribes or villages, recognized pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of 1972 (Public Law 92-203). ANVSAs are reviewed and delineated by officials of the ANV (or officials of the Alaska Native Regional Corporation (ANRC) in which the ANV is located if no ANV official chooses to participate in the delineation process) solely for data presentation purposes.

An ANVSA may not overlap the boundary of another ANVSA, an American Indian reservation, or a tribal designated statistical area. The U.S. Census Bureau first provided data for ANVSAs for the 1990 census.

Each ANVSA is assigned a national four-digit census code ranging from 6000 through 7999. Each ANVSA also is assigned a state-based five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned in alphabetical order by ANVSA name.

American Indian Reservation

Federal American Indian reservations are areas that have been set aside by the United States for the use of tribes, the exterior boundaries of which are more particularly defined in the final tribal treaties, agreements, executive orders, federal statutes, secretarial orders, or judicial determinations. The U.S. Census Bureau recognizes federal reservations as territory over which American Indian tribes have primary governmental authority. These entities are known as colonies, communities, pueblos, rancherias, ranches, reservations, reserves, villages, Indian communities, and Indian villages. The Bureau of Indian Affairs maintains a list of federally recognized tribal governments. The U.S. Census Bureau contacts representatives of American Indian tribal governments to identify the boundaries for federal reservations.

Some state governments have established reservations for tribes recognized by the state. A governor-appointed state liaison provides the names and boundaries for state recognized American Indian reservations to the U.S. Census Bureau. The names of these reservations are followed by "(State)" in census data presentations.

Federal reservations may cross state boundaries, and federal and state reservations may cross county, county subdivision, and place boundaries. For reservations that cross state boundaries, only the portions of the reservations in a given state are shown in the data products for that state. Lands that are administered jointly and/or are claimed by two tribes, whether federally or state recognized, are called "joint use areas," and are treated as if they are separate American Indian reservations for data presentation purposes. The entire reservations are shown in data products for the United States. The U.S. Census Bureau first provided data for American Indian reservations in the 1970 census.

Each federal American Indian reservation is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 0001 through 4999. These census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of American Indian reservation names nationwide, except that joint use areas appear at the end of the code range. Each state American Indian reservation is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 9000 through 9499. Each American Indian reservation also is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code; because FIPS codes are assigned in alphabetical sequence within each state, the FIPS code is different in each state for reservations that include territory in more than one state.

American Indian Off-Reservation Trust Land

Trust lands are areas for which the United States holds title in trust for the benefit of a tribe (tribal trust land) or for an individual Indian (individual trust land). Trust lands can be alienated or encumbered only by the owner with the approval of the Secretary of the Interior or his/her authorized representative. Trust lands may be located on or off of a reservation. The U.S. Census Bureau recognizes and tabulates data for reservations and off-reservation trust lands because American Indian tribes have primary governmental authority over these lands. Primary tribal governmental authority generally is not attached to tribal lands located off the reservation until the lands are placed in trust.

In the U.S. Census Bureau's data tabulations, off-reservation trust lands always are associated with a specific federally recognized reservation and/or tribal government. Such trust lands may be located in more than one state. Only the portions of off-reservation trust lands in a given state are shown in the data products for that state; all off-reservation trust lands associated with a reservation or tribe are shown in data products for the United States. The U.S. Census Bureau first provided trust land data for off-reservation tribal trust lands in the 1980 census; in 1990, the trust land data included both tribal and individual trust lands. The U.S. Census Bureau does not identify restricted fee land or land in fee simple status as a specific geographic category.

In decennial census data tabulations, off-reservation trust lands are assigned a four-digit census code and a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code that is the same as that for the reservation with which they are associated. As with reservations, FIPS codes for off-reservation trust lands are unique within state, so they will differ if they extend into more than one state. The FIPS codes for such off-reservation trust lands are the same as those for the associated reservation. In the TIGER/Line® products, a letter code—"T" for tribal and "I" for individual—identifies off-reservation trust lands. In decennial census data tabulations, a trust land flag uniquely identifies off-reservation trust lands. Printed reports show separate tabulations for all off-reservation trust land areas, but do not provide separate tabulations for the tribal versus individual trust lands. Trust lands associated with tribes that do not have a reservation are presented and coded by tribal name, interspersed alphabetically among the reservation names.

American Indian Tribal Subdivision

American Indian tribal subdivisions are administrative subdivisions of federally recognized American Indian reservations, off-reservation trust lands, or Oklahoma tribal statistical areas (OTSAs), known as areas, chapters, communities, or districts. These entities are internal units of self-government or administration that serve social, cultural, and/or economic purposes for the American Indians on the reservations, off-reservation trust lands, or OTSAs.

The U.S. Census Bureau obtains the boundary and name information for tribal subdivisions from tribal governments. The U.S. Census Bureau first provided data for American Indian tribal subdivisions in the 1980 census when it identified them as "American Indian subreservation areas." It did not provide data for these entities in conjunction with the 1990 census.

Each American Indian tribal subdivision is assigned a three-digit census code that is alphabetically in order and unique within each reservation, associated off-reservation trust land, and OTSA. Each tribal subdivision also is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code. FIPS codes are assigned alphabetically within state; the FIPS codes are different in each state for tribal subdivisions that extend into more than one state.

Hawaiian Home Land (HHL)

Hawaiian home lands (HHLs) are areas held in trust for native Hawaiians by the state of Hawaii, pursuant to the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act of 1920, as amended. The U.S. Census Bureau obtained the names and boundaries of HHLs from state officials. HHLs are a new geographic entity for Census 2000.

Each HHL area is assigned a national four-digit census code ranging from 5000 through 5499 based on the alphabetical sequence of each HHL name. Each HHL also is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order within the state of Hawaii.

Oklahoma Tribal Statistical Area (OTSA)

Oklahoma tribal statistical areas (OTSAs) are statistical entities identified and delineated by the U.S. Census Bureau in consultation with federally recognized American Indian tribes in Oklahoma that do not currently have a reservation, but once had a reservation in that state. Boundaries of OTSAs will be those of the former reservations in Oklahoma, except where modified by agreements with neighboring tribes for data presentation purposes. OTSAs replace the "tribal jurisdiction statistical areas" of the 1990 census. The U.S. Census Bureau first provided data for the former Oklahoma reservations in conjunction with the 1980 census, when it defined a single allencompassing geographic entity called the "Historic Areas of Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas)."

Each OTSA is assigned a national four-digit census code ranging from 5500 through 5999 based on the alphabetical sequence of each OTSA's name, except that the joint use areas appear at the end of the code range. Each OTSA also is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order in Oklahoma.

State Designated American Indian Statistical Area (SDAISA)

State designated American Indian statistical areas (SDAISAs) are statistical entities for state recognized American Indian tribes that do not have a state recognized land base (reservation). SDAISAs are identified and delineated for the U.S. Census Bureau by a state liaison identified by the governor's office in each state. SDAISAs generally encompass a compact and contiguous area that contains a concentration of people who identify with a state recognized American Indian tribe and in which there is structured or organized tribal activity. A SDAISA may not be located in more than one state unless the tribe is recognized by both states, and it may not include area within an American Indian reservation, off-reservation trust land, Alaska Native village statistical area, tribal designated statistical area (TDSA), or Oklahoma tribal statistical area.

The U.S. Census Bureau established SDAISAs as a new geographic statistical entity for Census 2000, to differentiate between state recognized tribes without a land base and federally recognized tribes without a land base. For the 1990 census, all such tribal entities had been identified as TDSAs.

Each SDAISA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 9500 through 9999 in alphabetical sequence of SDAISA names nationwide. Each SDAISA also is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order within state.

Tribal Designated Statistical Area (TDSA)

Tribal designated statistical areas (TDSAs) are statistical entities identified and delineated for the U.S. Census Bureau by federally recognized American Indian tribes that do not currently have a federally recognized land base (reservation or off-reservation trust land). A TDSA generally encompasses a compact and contiguous area that contains a concentration of people who identify with a federally recognized American Indian tribe and in which there is structured or organized tribal activity. A TDSA may be located in more than one state, and it may not include area within an American Indian reservation, off-reservation trust land, Alaska Native village statistical area, state designated American Indian statistical area (SDAISA), or Oklahoma tribal statistical area.

The U.S. Census Bureau first reported data for TDSAs in conjunction with the 1990 census, when both federally and state recognized tribes could identify and delineate TDSAs. TDSAs now apply only to federally recognized tribes. State recognized tribes without a land base, including those that were TDSAs in 1990, are identified as SDAISAs, a new geographic entity for Census 2000.

Each TDSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 8000 through 8999 in alphabetical sequence of TDSA names nationwide. Each TDSA also is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order within state; because FIPS codes are assigned within each state, the FIPS code is different in each state for TDSAs that extend into more than one state.

AREA MEASUREMENT

Area measurement data provide the size, in square units (metric and nonmetric) of geographic entities for which the U.S. Census Bureau tabulates and disseminates data. Area is calculated from the specific boundary recorded for each entity in the U.S. Census Bureau's geographic database (see TIGER® database). These area measurements are recorded as whole square meters. (To convert square meters to square kilometers, divide by 1,000,000; to convert square kilometers to square miles, divide by 2.589988; to convert square meters to square miles, divide by 2,589,988.)

The U.S. Census Bureau provides area measurement data for both land area and total water area. The water area figures include inland, coastal, Great Lakes, and territorial water. (For the 1990 census, the U.S. Census Bureau provided area measurements for land and total water; water area for each of the four water classifications was available in the Geographic Identification Code Scheme (GICS) product only.) "Inland water" consists of any lake, reservoir, pond, or similar body of water that is recorded in the U.S. Census Bureau's geographic database. It also includes any river, creek, canal, stream, or similar feature that is recorded in that database as a two-dimensional feature (rather than as a single line). The portions of the oceans and related large embayments (such as the Chesapeake Bay and Puget Sound), the Gulf of Mexico, and the Caribbean Sea that belong to the United States and its territories are classified as "coastal" and "territorial" waters; the Great Lakes are treated as a separate water entity. Rivers and bays that empty into these bodies of water are treated as "inland water" from the point beyond which they are narrower than one nautical mile across. Identification of land and inland, coastal, territorial, and Great Lakes waters is for data presentation purposes only and does not necessarily reflect their legal definitions.

Land and water area measurements may disagree with the information displayed on U.S. Census Bureau maps and in the TIGER® database because, for area measurement purposes, features identified as "intermittent water" and "glacier" are reported as land area. For this reason, it may not be possible to derive the land area for an entity by summing the land area of its component census blocks. In addition, the water area measurement reported for some geographic entities includes water that is not included in any lower-level geographic entity. Therefore, because water is contained only in a higher-level geographic entity, summing the water measurements for all the component lower-level geographic entities will not yield the water area of that higher-level entity. This occurs, for example, where water is associated with a county but is not within the legal boundary of any minor civil division. Crews-of-vessels entities (see CENSUS TRACT and CENSUS BLOCK) do not encompass territory and, therefore, have no area measurements.

The accuracy of any area measurement data is limited by the accuracy inherent in (1) the location and shape of the various boundary information in the TIGER® database, (2) the location and shapes of the shorelines of water bodies in that database, and (3) rounding affecting the last digit in all operations that compute and/or sum the area measurements.

BLOCK GROUP (BG)

A block group (BG) is a cluster of census blocks having the same first digit of their four-digit identifying numbers within a census tract. For example, block group 3 (BG 3) within a census tract includes all blocks numbered from 3000 to 3999. BGs generally contain between 600 and 3,000 people, with an optimum size of 1,500 people. BGs on American Indian reservations, off-reservation trust lands, and special places must contain a minimum of 300 people. (Special places include correctional institutions, military installations, college campuses, worker's dormitories, hospitals, nursing homes, and group homes.)

Most BGs were delineated by local participants as part of the U.S. Census Bureau's Participant Statistical Areas Program. The U.S. Census Bureau delineated BGs only where a local, state, or tribal government declined to participate or where the U.S. Census Bureau could not identify a potential local or tribal participant.

BGs never cross the boundaries of states, counties, or statistically equivalent entities, except for a BG delineated by American Indian tribal authorities, and then only when tabulated within the American Indian hierarchy (see TRIBAL BLOCK GROUP). BGs never cross the boundaries of census tracts, but may cross the boundary of any other geographic entity required as a census block boundary (see CENSUS BLOCK).

In decennial census data tabulations, a BG may be split to present data for every unique combination of American Indian area, Alaska Native area, Hawaiian home land, congressional district, county subdivision, place, voting district, or other tabulation entity shown in the data products. For example, if BG 3 is partly in a city and partly outside the city, there are separate tabulated records for each portion of BG 3. BGs are used in tabulating data nationwide, as was done for the 1990 census, for all block-numbered areas in the 1980 census, and for selected areas in the 1970 census. For data presentation purposes, BGs are a substitute for the enumeration districts (EDs) used for reporting data in many parts of the United States for the 1970 and 1980 censuses and in all areas before 1970. Also, BGs are the lowest level of the geographic hierarchy for which the U.S. Census Bureau tabulates and presents sample data.

BOUNDARY CHANGES

Many of the legal and statistical entities for which the U.S. Census Bureau tabulates decennial census data have had boundary changes between the 1990 census and Census 2000; that is, between January 2, 1990, and January 1, 2000. Boundary changes to legal entities result from:

- 1. Annexations to or detachments from legally established governmental units.
- 2. Mergers or consolidations of two or more governmental units.
- 3. Establishment of new governmental units.
- 4. Disincorporations or disorganizations of existing governmental units.
- 5. Changes in treaties or executive orders, and governmental action placing additional lands in trust.
- 6. Decisions by federal, state, and local courts.
- 7. Redistricting for congressional districts or county subdivisions that represent single-member districts for election to a county governing board.

Statistical entity boundaries generally are reviewed by local, state, or tribal governments and can have changes to adjust boundaries to visible features to better define the geographic area each encompasses or to account for shifts and changes in the population distribution within an area.

The historical counts shown for counties, county subdivisions, places, and American Indian, Alaska Native, and Native Hawaiian areas are not updated for such changes, and thus reflect the population and housing units in each entity as delineated at the time of each decennial census. Boundary changes are not reported for some entities, such as census designated places and block groups.

Changes to the boundaries for census tracts and, for the first time, for census blocks are available in relationship files, which are only available in computer-readable form. The census tract relationship files feature the relationship of census tracts/block numbering areas at the time of the 1990 census to census tracts for Census 2000, and vice versa, including partial relationships. For the first time, the census tract relationship files show a measure of the magnitude of change using the proportion of the length of roads and sides of roads contained in partial census tracts. This information can be used to proportion the data for the areas where census tracts have changed.

The census block relationship files, which are available only in computer-readable form, present relationships of the 1990 census and Census 2000 blocks on the basis of whole blocks or part blocks ("P"). The following relationships can be derived:

	1990 census block	2000 census block
One to one	601	1017
One to many	101 P	3028
	101 P	2834
Many to one	410	2554 P
	503	2554 P
Many to many	404	1007 P
•	501 P	1007 P
	502 P	1008 P

Block relationship files are available to compare the following sets of census blocks:

1990 tabulation block to 2000 collection block, 2000 collection block to 2000 tabulation block, and

1990 tabulation block to 2000 tabulation block.

Census tract relationship files and block relationship files are not geographic equivalency files. For a true areal comparison between the census tracts/block numbering areas and blocks used for the 1990 census and the census tracts and blocks used for Census 2000 (as well as other geographic areas), it is necessary to use the 2000 TIGER/Line® files. The 2000 TIGER/Line files will contain 1990 and 2000 boundaries for counties and statistically equivalent entities, county subdivisions, places, American Indian areas, Alaska Native village statistical areas, census tracts, census blocks, and, by derivation from the census blocks, block groups.

CENSUS BLOCK

Census blocks are areas bounded on all sides by visible features, such as streets, roads, streams, and railroad tracks, and by invisible boundaries, such as city, town, township, and county limits, property lines, and short, imaginary extensions of streets and roads. Generally, census blocks are small in area; for example, a block bounded by city streets. However, census blocks in sparsely settled areas may contain many square miles of territory.

All territory in the United States, Puerto Rico, and the Island Areas has been assigned block numbers, as was the case for the 1990 census. To improve operational efficiency and geographic identifications, the U.S. Census Bureau has introduced different numbering systems for tabulation blocks used in decennial census data products, and for collection blocks, used in administering the census. (In 1990, there generally was a single numbering system.) Collection block numbers are available only in the TIGER/Line® data products; the U.S. Census Bureau does not tabulate data for collection blocks.

Many tabulation blocks, used in decennial census data products, represent the same geographic area as the collection blocks used in the Census 2000 enumeration process. Where the collection blocks include territory in two or more geographic entities, each unique piece required for data tabulation is identified as a separate tabulation block with a separate block number. It is possible for two or more collection blocks to be combined into a single tabulation block. This situation can occur when a visible feature established as a collection block boundary is deleted during the field update operation. Tabulation blocks do not cross the boundaries of any entity for which the U.S. Census Bureau tabulates data, including American Indian areas, Alaska Native areas, Hawaiian home lands, census tracts, congressional districts, counties, county subdivisions, places, state legislative districts, urban and rural areas, school districts, voting districts, and ZIP Code® tabulation areas. Tabulation blocks also generally do not cross the boundaries of certain landmarks, including military installations, national parks, and national monuments.

Tabulation blocks are identified uniquely within census tract by means of a four-digit number. (The 1990 census block numbers had three digits, with a potential alphabetic suffix.) The Census 2000 collection blocks are numbered uniquely within county (or statistically equivalent entity), and consist of four or five digits. For its Census 2000 data tabulations, the U.S. Census Bureau created a unique set of census block numbers immediately before beginning the tabulation process. These

are the census block numbers seen in the data presentations. For the 1990 census, the U.S. Census Bureau created a separate block with a suffix of "Z" to identify crews-of-vessels population. For Census 2000, crews-of-vessels population is assigned to the land block identified by the U.S. Census Bureau as associated with the home port of the vessel.

Participants in certain U.S. Census Bureau-sponsored programs were able to request that line features in the TIGER® database be held as tabulation block boundaries, provided that these conformed to U.S. Census Bureau criteria. This option was available to participants in the Census 2000 Redistricting Data Program (the Block Boundary Suggestion Project), American Indian and Alaska Native Area Tribal Review (Block Definition Project), and the District of Columbia and the Puerto Rico Block Boundary Definition Project.

The U.S. Census Bureau introduced a different method for identifying the water areas of census blocks. For the 1990 census, water was not uniquely identified within a census block; instead, all water area internal to a block group was given a single block number ending in "99" (for example, in block group 1, all water was identified as block 199). A suffix was added to each water block number where the block existed in more than one tabulation entity within its block group. For Census 2000, water area located completely within the boundary of a single land tabulation block has the same block number as that land block. Water area that touches more than one land block is assigned a unique block number not associated with any adjacent land block. The water block numbers begin with the block group number followed by "999" and proceed in descending order (for example, in block group 3, the numbers assigned to water areas that border multiple land blocks are 3999, 3998, etc.). In some block groups, the numbering of land blocks might use enough of the available numbers to reach beyond the 900 range within the block group. For this reason, and because some land blocks include water (ponds and small lakes), no conclusions about whether a block is all land or all water can be made by looking at the block number. The land/water flag, set at the polygon level in the TIGER® database and shown in TIGER/Line® and statistical data tabulation files, is the only way to know if a block is all water when viewing the computer files. On maps, water areas are shown with a screen symbol.

CENSUS DIVISION

Census divisions are groupings of states and the District of Columbia that are subdivisions of the four census regions. There are nine census divisions, which the U.S. Census Bureau established in 1910 for the presentation of census data. Each census division is identified by a one-digit census code; the same number appears as the first digit in the two-digit census state code (see STATE).

Puerto Rico and the Island Areas are not part of any census region or census division. For a list of all census regions, census divisions, and their constituent states, see Figure A-3.

CENSUS REGION

Census regions are groupings of states and the District of Columbia that subdivide the United States for the presentation of census data. There are four census regions—Northeast, Midwest, South, and West. Each of the four census regions is divided into two or more census divisions. Before 1984, the Midwest region was named the North Central region. From 1910, when census regions were established, through the 1940s, there were three census regions—North, South, and West. Each census region is identified by a single-digit census code.

Puerto Rico and the Island Areas are not part of any census region or census division. For a list of all census regions, census divisions, and their constituent states, see Figure A-3.

CENSUS TRACT

Census tracts are small, relatively permanent statistical subdivisions of a county or statistically equivalent entity delineated by local participants as part of the U.S. Census Bureau's Participant Statistical Areas Program. The U.S. Census Bureau delineated census tracts where no local participant existed or where a local or tribal government declined to participate. The primary purpose of

census tracts is to provide a stable set of geographic units for the presentation of decennial census data. This is the first decennial census for which the entire United States is covered by census tracts. For the 1990 census, some counties had census tracts and others had block numbering areas (BNAs). For Census 2000, all BNAs were replaced by census tracts, which may or may not represent the same areas.

Census tracts in the United States, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States generally have between 1,500 and 8,000 people, with an optimum size of 4,000 people. For American Samoa, the Northern Mariana Islands, and Guam, the optimum size is 2,500 people. Counties and statistically equivalent entities with fewer than 1,500 people have a single census tract. Census tracts on American Indian reservations, off-reservation trust lands, and special places must contain a minimum of 1,000 people. (Special places include correctional institutions, military installations, college campuses, workers' dormitories, hospitals, nursing homes, and group homes.) When first delineated, census tracts are designed to be relatively homogeneous with respect to population characteristics, economic status, and living conditions. The spatial size of census tracts varies widely depending on the density of settlement. Census tract boundaries are delineated with the intention of being maintained over many decades so that statistical comparisons can be made from decennial census to decennial census. However, physical changes in street patterns caused by highway construction, new developments, and so forth, may require occasional boundary revisions. In addition, census tracts occasionally are split due to population growth or combined as a result of substantial population decline.

Census tracts are identified by a four-digit basic number and may have a two-digit numeric suffix; for example, 6059.02. The decimal point separating the four-digit basic tract number from the two-digit suffix is shown in the printed reports and on census maps. In computer-readable files, the decimal point is implied. Many census tracts do not have a suffix; in such cases, the suffix field is either left blank or is zero-filled. Leading zeros in a census tract number (for example, 002502) are shown only in computer-readable files. Census tract suffixes may range from .01 to .98. For the 1990 census, the .99 suffix was reserved for census tracts/block numbering areas (BNAs) that contained only crews-of-vessels population; for Census 2000, the crews-of-vessels population is included with the related census tract.

Census tract numbers range from 1 to 9999 and are unique within a county or statistically equivalent entity. The U.S. Census Bureau reserves the basic census tract numbers 9400 to 9499 for census tracts delineated within or to encompass American Indian reservations and off-reservation trust lands that exist in multiple states or counties (see TRIBAL CENSUS TRACTS). The number 0000 in computer-readable files identifies a census tract delineated to provide complete coverage of water area in territorial seas and the Great Lakes.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT (CD)

Congressional districts (CDs) are the 435 areas from which people are elected to the U.S. House of Representatives. After the apportionment of congressional seats among the states, based on census population counts, each state is responsible for establishing CDs for the purpose of electing representatives. Each CD is to be as equal in population to all other CDs in the state as practicable

The CDs in effect at the time of Census 2000 are those of the 106th Congress, whose session began in January 1999. The CDs of the 103rd Congress (January 1993 to 1995) were the first to reflect redistricting based on the 1990 census. These CD boundaries and numbers remained in effect until after Census 2000, except where a state initiative or a court-ordered redistricting had required a change. Six states redistricted for the 104th Congress (Georgia, Louisiana, Maine, Minnesota, South Carolina, and Virginia), five states redistricted for the 105th Congress (Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, and Texas), and three states (New York, North Carolina, and Virginia) redistricted for the 106th Congress. The 108th Congress will be the first to reflect reapportionment and redistricting based on Census 2000 data.

CDs are identified with a two-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code. The code "00" is used for states with a single representative.

American Samoa, Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, and the District of Columbia are represented in the House of Representatives by a delegate, and Puerto Rico by a resident commissioner, all of whom may not vote on the floor of the House of Representatives, but may vote on legislation as it is considered by committees to which they have been named. In computer-readable data products that display a congressional district field, the two-digit FIPS code "98" is used to identify such representational areas. The Northern Mariana Islands does not have representation in Congress. The FIPS code "99" identifies areas with no representation in Congress.

COUNTY (OR STATISTICALLY EQUIVALENT ENTITY)

The primary legal divisions of most states are termed "counties." In Louisiana, these divisions are known as parishes. In Alaska, which has no counties, the statistically equivalent entities are census areas, city and boroughs (as in Juneau City and Borough), a municipality (Anchorage), and organized boroughs. Census areas are delineated cooperatively for data presentation purposes by the state of Alaska and the U.S. Census Bureau. In four states (Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia), there are one or more incorporated places that are independent of any county organization and thus constitute primary divisions of their states; these incorporated places are known as "independent cities" and are treated as equivalent to counties for data presentation purposes. (In some data presentations, they may be treated as county subdivisions and places.) The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the entire area is considered equivalent to a county for data presentation purposes. In American Samoa, the primary divisions are districts and islands; in the Northern Mariana Islands, municipalities; in the Virgin Islands of the United States, the principal islands of St. Croix, St. John, and St. Thomas. Guam has no primary divisions, and the entire area is considered equivalent to a county for data presentation purposes.

Each county and statistically equivalent entity is assigned a three-digit Federal Information Processing Standards code that is unique within state. These codes are assigned in alphabetical order of county or county equivalent within state, except for the independent cities, which are assigned codes higher than and following the listing of counties.

COUNTY SUBDIVISION

County subdivisions are the primary divisions of counties and statistically equivalent entities for data presentation purposes. They include census county divisions, census subareas, minor civil divisions (MCDs), unorganized territories, and incorporated places that are independent of any MCD.

Each county subdivision is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order within each state.

Census County Division (CCD)

Census county divisions (CCDs) are county subdivisions that were delineated by the U.S. Census Bureau, in cooperation with state and local government officials for data presentation purposes. CCDs have been established in 21 states where there are no legally established minor civil divisions (MCDs), where the MCDs do not have governmental or administrative purposes, where the boundaries of the MCDs are ambiguous or change frequently, and/or where the MCDs generally are not known to the public. CCDs have no legal functions and are not governmental units.

The boundaries of CCDs usually are delineated to follow visible features and coincide with census tracts where applicable. (In a few instances, two CCDs may constitute a single census tract.) The name of each CCD is based on a place, county, or well-known local name that identifies its location. CCDs have been established in the following 21 states: Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Idaho, Kentucky, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming.

Census Subarea

Census subareas are statistical subdivisions of boroughs, census areas, city and boroughs, and the municipality (entities that are statistically equivalent to counties) in Alaska. Census subareas are delineated cooperatively by the state of Alaska and the U.S. Census Bureau. They were first used for data presentation purposes in conjunction with the 1980 census.

Minor Civil Division (MCD)

Minor civil divisions (MCDs) are the primary governmental or administrative divisions of a county in many states (parish in Louisiana). MCDs represent many different kinds of legal entities with a wide variety of governmental and/or administrative functions. MCDs are variously designated as American Indian reservations, assessment districts, boroughs, charter townships, election districts, election precincts, gores, grants, locations, magisterial districts, parish governing authority districts, plantations, precincts, purchases, road districts, supervisors' districts, towns, and townships. In some states, all or some incorporated places are not located in any MCD (independent places) and thus serve as MCDs in their own right. In other states, incorporated places are part of the MCDs in which they are located (dependent places), or the pattern is mixed–some incorporated places are independent of MCDs and others are included within one or more MCDs. Independent cities, which are statistically equivalent to a county, also are treated as a separate MCD equivalent in states containing MCDs. In Maine and New York, there are American Indian reservations and off-reservation trust lands that serve as MCD equivalents; a separate MCD is created in each case where the American Indian area crosses a county boundary.

The U.S. Census Bureau recognizes MCDs in the following 28 states: Arkansas, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin. The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the city of Washington is considered equivalent to an MCD for data presentation purposes. Arlington County, VA, also has no MCDs and the entire county is designated as an MCD with the name Arlington.

In the Island Areas, the U.S. Census Bureau recognizes the following entities as MCDs:

- American Samoa: Counties (within the three districts; the two islands have no legal subdivisions).
- Northern Mariana Islands: Municipal districts.
- Guam: Election districts.
- Virgin Islands of the United States: Census subdistricts.

The MCDs in 12 states (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin) also serve as general-purpose local governments that generally can perform the same governmental functions as incorporated places. The U.S. Census Bureau presents data for these MCDs in all data products in which it provides data for places.

In eight MCD states (Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, and South Dakota) the MCD townships serve as general-purpose local governments but do not have the ability to perform all the governmental functions as incorporated places. This category also includes the counties in American Samoa. Missouri is exceptional in that it has a minority of townships that serve as general-purpose governments (the majority of townships in Missouri fall into the category described below).

In the remaining eight MCD states (Arkansas, Iowa, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Virginia, and West Virginia); the counties containing precincts in Illinois and Nebraska; the townships in Williamson County, Illinois; and the majority of townships in Missouri, the MCDs are geographic subdivisions of the counties and are not governmental units. The MCDs in Puerto Rico and the Island Areas (except American Samoa) also fall into this classification.

Unorganized Territory

Unorganized territories occur in 10 minor civil division (MCD) states (Arkansas, Indiana, Iowa, Louisiana, Maine, Minnesota, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, and South Dakota) where portions of counties are not included in any legally established MCD or independent incorporated place. The U.S. Census Bureau recognizes such areas as one or more separate county subdivisions

for purposes of data presentation. It assigns each unorganized territory a descriptive name, followed by the designation "unorganized territory" or "UT." Unorganized territories were first used for data presentation purposes in conjunction with the 1960 census.

GEOGRAPHIC CODE

Geographic codes are shown primarily in computer-readable data products, such as computer tape and CD-ROM/DVD media, including data tabulations and data tables associated with computer-readable boundary files, but they also are shown on some U.S. Census Bureau maps. Census codes are used only if there is no Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code for the same geographic entity or if the FIPS code is not adequate for data presentation. A code that is not identified as either "census" or "FIPS" is usually a census code for which there is no FIPS equivalent. Entities that use only FIPS codes in U.S. Census Bureau products are congressional district, county and statistically equivalent entity, county subdivision, subbarrio, Alaska Native Regional Corporation, metropolitan area (that is, metropolitan statistical area, consolidated metropolitan statistical area, primary metropolitan statistical area, and New England county metropolitan area), place, and state. (A census code exists for each state, but was not assigned in alphabetical sequence and serves to organize the states by census region and census division.)

Census Code

Census codes are assigned for a variety of geographic entities, including American Indian area, Alaska Native village statistical area, Hawaiian home land, census division, census region, urbanized area, urban cluster, state legislative district, school district, urban growth area, and voting district. The structure, format, and meaning of census codes used in U.S. Census Bureau data products appear in the appropriate technical documentation.

Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) Code

Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) codes are assigned for a variety of geographic entities, including American Indian area, Alaska Native area, Hawaiian home land, congressional district, county, county subdivision, metropolitan area, place, and state. The structure, format, and meaning of FIPS codes used in U.S. Census Bureau data products appear in the appropriate technical documentation.

The objective of FIPS codes is to improve the ability to use the data resources of the federal government and avoid unnecessary duplication and incompatibilities in the collection, processing, and dissemination of data. The FIPS codes and FIPS code documentation are available online at http://www.itl.nist.gov/fipspubs/index.htm. Further information about the FIPS 5-2, 6-4, and 9-1 publications (states, counties, and congressional districts, respectively) is available from the Geographic Areas Branch, Geography Division, U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, DC 20233-7400, telephone 301- 457-1099. Further information about the FIPS 55-DC3 publication (places, consolidated cities, county subdivisions, and noncensus locational entities) is available from the Geographic Names Office, National Mapping Division, U.S. Geological Survey, 523 National Center, Reston, VA 20192, telephone 703-648-4544.

United States Postal Service (USPS) Code

United States Postal Service (USPS) codes for states are used in all decennial census data products. The codes are two-character alphabetic abbreviations. These codes are the same as the Federal Information Processing Standards two-character alphabetic abbreviations.

INTERNAL POINT

An internal point is a set of geographic coordinates (latitude and longitude) that is located within a specified geographic entity. A single point is identified for each entity; for many entities, this point represents the approximate geographic center of that entity. If the shape of the entity causes this point to be located outside the boundary of the entity or in a water body, it is relocated to land area within the entity. In computer-readable products, internal points are shown to six decimal places; the decimal point is implied.

The first character of the latitude or longitude is a plus (+) or a minus (-) sign. A plus sign in the latitude identifies the point as being in the Northern Hemisphere, while a minus sign identifies a location in the Southern Hemisphere. For longitude, a plus sign identifies the point as being in the Eastern Hemisphere, while a minus sign identifies a location in the Western Hemisphere.

ISLAND AREAS OF THE UNITED STATES

The Island Areas of the United States are American Samoa, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (Northern Mariana Islands), and the Virgin Islands of the United States. The U.S. Census Bureau treats the Island Areas as entities that are statistically equivalent to states for data presentation purposes. Geographic definitions specific to the Island Areas are shown in the appropriate publications and documentation that accompany the data products for the Island Areas.

Sometimes the Island Areas are referred to as "Island Territories" or "Insular Areas." For the 1990 and previous censuses, the U.S. Census Bureau referred to the entities as "Outlying Areas." The term "U.S. Minor Outlying Islands" refers to certain small islands under U.S. jurisdiction in the Caribbean and Pacific: Baker Island, Howland Island, Jarvis Island, Johnston Atoll, Kingman Reef, Midway Islands, Navassa Island, Palmyra Atoll, and Wake Island.

METROPOLITAN AREA (MA)

The general concept of a metropolitan area (MA) is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities that have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. Some MAs are defined around two or more nuclei.

The MAs and the central cities within an MA are designated and defined by the federal Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official standards that are published in a Federal Register Notice. These standards were developed by the interagency Federal Executive Committee on Metropolitan Areas, with the aim of producing definitions that are as consistent as possible for all MAs nationwide.

Each MA must contain either a place with a minimum population of 50,000 or a U.S. Census Bureau-defined urbanized area and a total MA population of at least 100,000 (75,000 in New England). An MA contains one or more central counties. An MA also may include one or more outlying counties that have close economic and social relationships with the central county. An outlying county must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and also must meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, MAs consist of groupings of cities and county subdivisions (mostly towns) rather than whole counties.

The territory, population, and housing units in MAs are referred to as "metropolitan." The metropolitan category is subdivided into "inside central city" and "outside central city." The territory, population, and housing units located outside territory designated "metropolitan" are referred to as "nonmetropolitan." The metropolitan and nonmetropolitan classification cuts across the other hierarchies; for example, generally there are both urban and rural territory within both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas.

To meet the needs of various users, the standards provide for a flexible structure of metropolitan definitions that classify each MA either as a metropolitan statistical area (MSA) or as a consolidated metropolitan statistical area divided into primary metropolitan statistical areas. In New England, there also is an alternative county-based definition of MSAs known as the New England County Metropolitan Areas. (See definitions below.) Documentation of the MA standards and how they are applied is available from the Population Distribution Branch, Population Division, U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, DC 20233-8800.

Central City

In each metropolitan statistical area and consolidated metropolitan statistical area, the largest place and, in some cases, one or more additional places are designated as "central cities" under the official standards. A few primary metropolitan statistical areas do not have central cities. The

largest central city and, in some cases, up to two additional central cities, are included in the title of the metropolitan area (MA); there also are central cities that are not included in an MA title. An MA central city does not include any part of that place that extends outside the MA boundary.

Consolidated and Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area (CMSA and PMSA)

If an area that qualifies as a metropolitan area (MA) has 1 million people or more, two or more primary metropolitan statistical areas (PMSAs) may be defined within it. Each PMSA consists of a large urbanized county or cluster of counties (cities and towns in New England) that demonstrate very strong internal economic and social links, in addition to close ties to other portions of the larger area. When PMSAs are established, the larger MA of which they are component parts is designated a consolidated metropolitan statistical area (CMSA). CMSAs and PMSAs are established only where local governments favor such designations for a large MA.

Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)

Metropolitan statistical areas (MSAs) are metropolitan areas (MAs) that are not closely associated with other MAs. These areas typically are surrounded by nonmetropolitan counties (county subdivisions in New England).

Metropolitan Area Title and Code

The title of a metropolitan statistical area (MSA) contains the name of its largest central city and up to two additional central city names, provided that the additional places meet specified levels of population, employment, and commuting. Generally, a place with a population of 250,000 or more is in the title, regardless of other criteria.

The title of a primary metropolitan statistical area (PMSA) may contain up to three place names, as determined above, or up to three county names, sequenced in order of population size, from largest to smallest. A consolidated metropolitan statistical area (CMSA) title also may include up to three names, the first of which generally is the most populous central city in the area. The second name may be the first city or county name in the most populous remaining PMSA; the third name may be the first city or county name in the next most populous PMSA. A regional designation may be substituted for the second and/or third names in a CMSA title if local opinion supports such a designation and the federal Office of Management and Budget deems it to be unambiguous and suitable.

The titles for all metropolitan areas (MAs) also contain the U.S. Postal Service's abbreviation for the name of each state in which the MA is located. Each MA is assigned a four-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code, in alphabetical order nationwide. If the fourth digit of the code is "2," it identifies a CMSA. Additionally, there is a separate set of two-digit FIPS codes for CMSAs, also assigned alphabetically.

New England County Metropolitan Area (NECMA)

New England county metropolitan areas (NECMAs) are defined as a county-based alternative to the city- and town-based New England metropolitan statistical areas (MSAs) and consolidated metropolitan statistical areas (CMSAs). The NECMA defined for an MSA or a CMSA includes:

- The county containing the first-named city in that MSA/CMSA title (this county may include the first-named cities of other MSAs/CMSAs as well), and
- Each additional county having at least half its population in the MSAs/CMSAs whose first-named cities are in the previously identified county. NECMAs are not identified for individual primary metropolitan statistical areas.

Central cities of a NECMA are those places in the NECMA that qualify as central cities of an MSA or a CMSA. NECMA titles derive from the names of these central cities. Each NECMA is assigned a four-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code.

PLACE

Places, for the reporting of decennial census data, include census designated places, consolidated cities, and incorporated places. Each place is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code, based on the alphabetical order of the place name within each state. If place names are duplicated within a state and they represent distinctly different areas, a separate code is assigned to each place name alphabetically by primary county in which each place is located, or if both places are in the same county, alphabetically by their legal description (for example, "city" before "village").

Census Designated Place (CDP)

Census designated places (CDPs) are delineated for each decennial census as the statistical counterparts of incorporated places. CDPs are delineated to provide census data for concentrations of population, housing, and commercial structures that are identifiable by name but are not within an incorporated place. CDP boundaries usually are defined in cooperation with state, local, and tribal officials. These boundaries, which usually coincide with visible features or the boundary of an adjacent incorporated place or other legal entity boundary, have no legal status, nor do these places have officials elected to serve traditional municipal functions. CDP boundaries may change from one decennial census to the next with changes in the settlement pattern; a CDP with the same name as in an earlier census does not necessarily have the same boundary.

For Census 2000, for the first time, CDPs did not need to meet a minimum population threshold to qualify for tabulation of census data. For the 1990 census and earlier censuses, the U.S. Census Bureau required CDPs to qualify on the basis of various minimum population size criteria.

Beginning with the 1950 census, the U.S. Census Bureau, in cooperation with state and local governments (and American Indian tribal officials starting with the 1990 census), identified and delineated boundaries and names for CDPs. In the data products issued in conjunction with Census 2000, the name of each such place is followed by "CDP," as was the case for the 1990 and 1980 censuses. In the data products issued in conjunction with the 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

Hawaii is the only state that has no incorporated places recognized by the U.S. Census Bureau. All places shown in the data products for Hawaii are CDPs. By agreement with the state of Hawaii, the U.S. Census Bureau does not show data separately for the city of Honolulu, which is coextensive with Honolulu County.

All places in the Northern Mariana Islands and Guam are CDPs. The Virgin Islands of the United States has both CDPs and incorporated places. There are no CDPs in American Samoa; the U.S. Census Bureau treats the traditional villages as statistically equivalent to incorporated places.

Consolidated City

A consolidated government is a unit of local government for which the functions of an incorporated place and its county or minor civil division (MCD) have merged. The legal aspects of this action may result in both the primary incorporated place and the county or MCD continuing to exist as legal entities, even though the county or MCD performs few or no governmental functions and has few or no elected officials. Where this occurs, and where one or more other incorporated places in the county or MCD continue to function as separate governments, even though they have been included in the consolidated government, the primary incorporated place is referred to as a consolidated city.

The presentation of data for consolidated cities varies depending on the geographic presentation. In some hierarchical presentations, consolidated cities are not shown. These presentations include the places within the consolidated city and the "consolidated city (balance)." Although hierarchical presentations do not show the consolidated city, the data for it are the same as the county or county subdivision with which it is coextensive. Other hierarchical presentations do show the consolidated city, county or county subdivision, and (balance) as separate entities.

For inventory geographic presentations, the consolidated city appears alphabetically sequenced within the listing of places; in 1990, consolidated places appeared at the end of the listing. The data for the consolidated city include the data for all places that are part of and within the consolidated city. The "consolidated city (balance)" entry shows the data for the portion of the consolidated government minus the separately incorporated places within the consolidated city, and is shown in alphabetical sequence with other places that comprise the consolidated city. For data presentation purposes these "balance" entities are treated as statistically equivalent to a place; they have no legal basis or functions.

In summary presentations by size of place, the consolidated city is not included. The places within consolidated cities are categorized by their size, as is the "consolidated city (balance)." A few incorporated places are partially inside and partially outside a consolidated city. Data tabulations by place will include all territory within the place, while the tabulation for the place within a consolidated city is only for part of the place.

Each consolidated city is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code that is unique within state. The places within consolidated cities and the "consolidated city (balance)" also are assigned five-digit FIPS place codes that are unique within state. The code assigned to each place within a consolidated city is the same as its regular place code; a place that is partially included in a consolidated city does not have a different code for the portions inside and outside the consolidated city. FIPS codes are assigned based on alphabetical sequence within each state.

Incorporated Place

Incorporated places recognized in decennial census data products are those reported to the U.S. Census Bureau as legally in existence on January 1, 2000, under the laws of their respective states, as cities, boroughs, city and boroughs, municipalities, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: the towns in the New England states, New York, and Wisconsin, and the boroughs in New York are recognized as minor civil divisions for decennial census purposes; the boroughs, city and boroughs (as in Juneau City and Borough), and municipality (Anchorage) in Alaska are county equivalents for decennial census statistical presentation purposes. In four states (Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia), there are one or more incorporated places known as "independent cities" that are primary divisions of a state and legally not part of any county. For data presentation purposes, the U.S. Census Bureau may treat an independent city as a county equivalent, county subdivision, and place.

The U.S. Census Bureau treats the villages in American Samoa as incorporated places because they have their own officials, who have specific legal powers as authorized in the American Samoa Code. The village boundaries are traditional rather than being specific, legally defined locations. There are no incorporated places in Guam and the Northern Mariana Islands. The U.S. Census Bureau treats the three towns in the Virgin Islands of the United States as incorporated places.

There are a few incorporated places that do not have a legal description. An incorporated place is established to provide governmental functions for a concentration of people as opposed to a minor civil division, which generally is created to provide services or administer an area without regard, necessarily, to population.

POPULATION OR HOUSING UNIT DENSITY

Population and housing unit density are computed by dividing the total population or number of housing units within a geographic entity (for example, United States, state, county, place) by the land area of that entity measured in square kilometers or square miles. Density is expressed as both "people (or housing units) per square kilometer" and "people (or housing units) per square mile" of land area.

PUBLIC USE MICRODATA AREA (PUMA)

A public use microdata area (PUMA) is a decennial census area for which the U.S. Census Bureau provides specially selected extracts of raw data from a small sample of long-form census records that are screened to protect confidentiality. These extracts are referred to as "public use microdata sample (PUMS)" files. Since 1960, data users have been using these files to create their own statistical tabulations and data summaries.

For Census 2000, state, District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and Island Area participants, following U.S. Census Bureau criteria, delineated two types of PUMAs within their states. PUMAs of one type comprise areas that contain at least 100,000 people. The PUMS files for these PUMAs contain a 5-percent sample of the long-form records. The other type of PUMAs, super-PUMAs, comprise areas of at least 400,000 people. The sample size is 1 percent for the PUMS files for super-PUMAs.

PUMAs cannot be in more than one state or statistically equivalent entity. The larger 1-percent PUMAs are aggregations of the smaller 5-percent PUMAs. PUMAs of both types, wherever the population size criteria permit, comprise areas that are entirely within or outside metropolitan areas or the central cities of metropolitan areas.

PUERTO RICO

The U.S. Census Bureau treats the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico as the statistical equivalent of a state for data presentation purposes. Each state and statistically equivalent entity is assigned a two-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order by state name, followed in alphabetical order by Puerto Rico and the Island Areas. Each state and statistically equivalent entity also is assigned the two-letter FIPS/U.S. Postal Service code.

Municipio

The primary legal divisions of Puerto Rico are termed "municipios." For data presentation purposes, the U.S. Census Bureau treats a municipio as the equivalent of a county in the United States.

Each municipio is assigned a unique three-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order within Puerto Rico.

Barrio, Barrio-Pueblo, and Subbarrio

The U.S. Census Bureau recognizes barrios and barrios-pueblo as the primary legal divisions of municipios. These entities are similar to the minor civil divisions (MCDs) used for reporting decennial census data in 28 states of the United States. Subbarrios in 23 municipios are the primary legal subdivisions of the barrios-pueblo and some barrios. The U.S. Census Bureau presents the same types of Census 2000 data for these "sub-MCDs" as it does for the barrios and barrios-pueblo. (There is no geographic entity in the United States equivalent to the subbarrio.)

Each barrio, barrio-pueblo, and subbarrio is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order within Puerto Rico.

Zona Urbana and Comunidad

There are no incorporated places in Puerto Rico; instead, the U.S. Census Bureau provides decennial census data for two types of census designated places (CDPs): (1) zonas urbanas, representing the governmental center of each municipio, and (2) comunidades, representing other settlements. For Census 2000, there are no minimum population size requirements for CDPs. (For the 1990 census, the U.S. Census Bureau had required comunidades to have at least 1,000 people.)

Each zona urbana and comunidad is assigned a five-digit Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order within Puerto Rico.

Some types of geographic entities do not apply in Puerto Rico. For instance, Puerto Rico is not in any census region or census division. In addition, the U.S. Census Bureau does not tabulate data for state legislative districts and traffic analysis zones in Puerto Rico. (See also CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT (CD).)

SCHOOL DISTRICT

School districts are geographic entities within which state, county, or local officials or the Department of Defense provide public educational services for the areas residents. The U.S. Census Bureau obtains the boundaries and names for school districts from state officials. The U.S. Census Bureau first provided data for school districts in conjunction with the 1970 census. For Census 2000, the U.S. Census Bureau tabulated data for three types of school districts: elementary, secondary, and unified.

Each school district is assigned a five-digit code that is unique within state. School district codes are assigned by the Department of Education and are not necessarily in alphabetical order by school district name.

STATE (OR STATISTICALLY EQUIVALENT ENTITY)

States are the primary governmental divisions of the United States. The District of Columbia is treated as a statistical equivalent of a state for data presentation purposes. For Census 2000, the U.S. Census Bureau also treats a number of entities that are not legal divisions of the United States as statistically equivalent to a state: American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States.

Each state and statistically equivalent entity is assigned a two-digit numeric Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order by state name, followed in alphabetical order by Puerto Rico and the Island Areas. Each state and statistically equivalent entity also is assigned a two-letter FIPS/U.S. Postal Service code and a two-digit census code. The census code is assigned on the basis of the geographic sequence of each state within each census division; the first digit of the code identifies the respective division, except for Puerto Rico and the Island Areas, which are not assigned to any region or division. The census regions, census divisions, and their component states are listed in Figure A–3.

STATE LEGISLATIVE DISTRICT (SLD)

State legislative districts (SLDs) are the areas from which members are elected to state legislatures. The SLDs embody the upper (senate) and lower (house) chambers of the state legislature. (Nebraska has a unicameral legislature that the U.S. Census Bureau treats as an upper-chamber legislative area for data presentation purposes. There are, therefore, no data by lower chamber.) A unique census code of up to three characters, identified by state participants, is assigned to each SLD within state. The code "ZZZ" identifies parts of a county in which no SLDs were identified.

As an option in the Census 2000 Redistricting Data Program (Public Law 94-171), participating states receive P.L. 94-171 census data for their SLDs (see VOTING DISTRICT (VTD)). Not all states delineated SLDs for the purpose of presenting Census 2000 data, in which case the entire state is treated as a single SLD coded with blanks at both levels.

TIGER® DATABASE

TIGER® is an acronym for the Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing (System or database). It is a digital (computer-readable) geographic database that automates the mapping and related geographic activities required to support the U.S. Census Bureau's census and survey programs. The U.S. Census Bureau developed the TIGER® System to automate the geographic support processes needed to meet the major geographic needs of the 1990 census: producing the cartographic products to support data collection and map presentations, providing the geographic structure for tabulation and dissemination of the collected statistical data, assigning residential and employer addresses to the correct geographic location and relating those locations to the geographic entities used for data tabulation, and so forth. The content of the TIGER database is undergoing continuous updates and is made available to the public through a variety of TIGER/Line® files that may be obtained free of charge from the Internet or packaged on CD-ROM or DVD from Customer Services, U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, DC 20233-1900; telephone 301-763-INFO (4636); Internet http://www.census.gov/geo/www/tiger.

TRAFFIC ANALYSIS ZONE (TAZ)

A traffic analysis zone (TAZ) is a statistical entity delineated by state and/or local transportation officials for tabulating traffic-related census data–especially journey-to-work and place-of-work statistics. A TAZ usually consists of one or more census blocks, block groups, or census tracts. For the 1990 census, TAZs were defined as part of the Census Transportation Planning Package (CTPP). The U.S. Census Bureau first provided data for TAZs in conjunction with the 1980 census, when it identified them as "traffic zones."

Each TAZ is identified by a six-character alphanumeric code that is unique within county or statistically equivalent entity. For the 1990 census, TAZ codes were unique within CTPP area, which generally conformed to a metropolitan area.

TRIBAL BLOCK GROUP

A tribal block group (BG) is a cluster of census blocks having the same first digit of their four-digit identifying numbers and are within a single tribal census tract. For example, tribal BG 3 consists of all blocks within tribal tract 9406 numbered from 3000 to 3999. Where a federally recognized American Indian reservation and/or off-reservation trust land crosses county and/or state lines, the same tribal BG may be assigned on both sides of the state/county boundary within a tribal census tract that is numbered from 9400 to 9499. The optimum size for a tribal BG is 1,000 people; it must contain a minimum of 300 people. (See also BLOCK GROUP (BG).)

The difference between a tribal BG and a nontribal BG is in the hierarchical presentation of the data. A tribal BG is part of the American Indian hierarchy; that is, the tribal BG is within a tribal census tract that is within a federally recognized American Indian reservation and/or off-reservation trust land. (See INTRODUCTION—GEOGRAPHIC PRESENTATION OF DATA.)

TRIBAL CENSUS TRACT

Tribal census tracts are small, relatively permanent statistical subdivisions of a federally recognized American Indian reservation and/or off-reservation trust land. The optimum size for a tribal census tract is 2,500 people; it must contain a minimum of 1,000 people. Where a federally recognized American Indian reservation or off-reservation trust land crosses county or state lines, the same tribal census tract number may be assigned on both sides of the state/county boundary. The U.S. Census Bureau uses the census tract numbers 9400 to 9499 for tribal census tracts that cross state/county boundaries and are within or encompassing American Indian reservations and off-reservation trust land. (See also CENSUS TRACT.)

The difference between a tribal census tract and a nontribal census tract is in the hierarchical presentation of the data. A tribal census tract is part of the American Indian hierarchy; that is, the tribal census tract is within a federally recognized American Indian reservation and/or off-reservation trust land. (See INTRODUCTION—GEOGRAPHIC PRESENTATION OF DATA.)

UNITED STATES

The United States consists of the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

URBAN AND RURAL

The U.S. Census Bureau classifies as urban all territory, population, and housing units located within urbanized areas (UAs) and urban clusters (UCs). It delineates UA and UC boundaries to encompass densely settled territory, which generally consists of:

- A cluster of one or more block groups or census blocks each of which has a population density of at least 1,000 people per square mile at the time.
- Surrounding block groups and census blocks each of which has a population density of at least 500 people per square mile at the time.
- Less densely settled blocks that form enclaves or indentations, or are used to connect discontiguous areas with qualifying densities.

Rural consists of all territory, population, and housing units located outside of UAs and UCs.

Geographic entities, such as metropolitan areas, counties, minor civil divisions, and places, often contain both urban and rural territory, population, and housing units.

This urban and rural classification applies to the 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, and the Virgin Islands of the United States.

Urbanized Area (UA)

An urbanized area (UA) consists of densely settled territory that contains 50,000 or more people. The U.S. Census Bureau delineates UAs to provide a better separation of urban and rural territory, population, and housing in the vicinity of large places.

For Census 2000, the UA criteria were extensively revised and the delineations were performed using a zero-based approach. Because of more stringent density requirements, some territory that was classified as urbanized for the 1990 census has been reclassified as rural. (Area that was part of a 1990 UA has not been automatically grandfathered into the 2000 UA.) In addition, some areas that were identified as UAs for the 1990 census have been reclassified as urban clusters.

Urban Cluster (UC)

An urban cluster (UC) consists of densely settled territory that has at least 2,500 people but fewer than 50,000 people.

The U.S. Census Bureau introduced the UC for Census 2000 to provide a more consistent and accurate measure of the population concentration in and around places. UCs are defined using the same criteria that are used to define UAs. UCs replace the provision in the 1990 and previous censuses that defined as urban only those places with 2,500 or more people located outside of urbanized areas.

Urban Area Title and Code

The title of each urbanized area (UA) and urban cluster (UC) may contain up to three incorporated place names, and will include the two-letter U.S. Postal Service abbreviation for each state into which the UA or UC extends. However, if the UA or UC does not contain an incorporated place, the urban area title will include the single name of a census designated place, minor civil division, or populated place recognized by the U.S. Geological Survey's Geographic Names Information System.

Each UA and UC is assigned a five-digit numeric code, based on a national alphabetical sequence of all urban area names. For the 1990 census, the U.S. Census Bureau assigned a four-digit UA code based on the metropolitan area codes. A separate flag is included in data tabulation files to differentiate between UAs and UCs. In printed reports, this differentiation is included in the name.

Urban Area Central Place

A central place functions as the dominant center of an urban area. The U.S. Census Bureau identifies one or more central places for each urbanized area (UA) or urban cluster (UC) that contains a place. Any incorporated place or census designated place (CDP) that is in the title of the urban area is a central place of that UA or UC. In addition, any other incorporated place or CDP that has an urban population of 50,000 or an urban population of at least 2,500 people and is at least 2/3 the size of the largest place within the urban area also is a central place.

Extended Place

As a result of the urbanized area (UA) and urban cluster (UC) delineations, an incorporated place or census designated place may be partially within and partially outside of a UA or UC. Any place that is split by a UA or UC is referred to as an extended place.

Documentation of the UA, UC, and extended place criteria is available from the Geographic Areas Branch, Geography Division, U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, DC 20233-7400; telephone 301-457-1099.

URBAN GROWTH AREA (UGA)

An urban growth area (UGA) is a legally defined geographic entity in Oregon that the U.S. Census Bureau includes in the TIGER® database in agreement with the state. UGAs, which are defined around incorporated places, are used to control urban growth. UGA boundaries, which need not follow visible features, are delineated cooperatively by state and local officials and then confirmed in state law. UGAs are a new geographic entity for Census 2000.

Each UGA is identified by a five-digit census code, which generally is the same as the Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code for the incorporated place for which the UGA is named. The codes are assigned alphabetically within Oregon.

VOTING DISTRICT (VTD)

Voting district (VTD) is the generic name for geographic entities, such as precincts, wards, and election districts, established by state, local, and tribal governments for the purpose of conducting elections. States participating in the Census 2000 Redistricting Data Program as part of Public Law 94-171 (1975) may provide boundaries, codes, and names for their VTDs to the U.S. Census Bureau. The U.S. Census Bureau first reported data for VTDs following the 1980 census. Because the U.S. Census Bureau requires that VTDs follow boundaries of census blocks, participating states often adjusted the boundaries of the VTDs they submit to conform to census block boundaries for data presentation purposes. If requested by the participating state, the U.S. Census Bureau identifies the VTDs that have not been adjusted as an "A" for actual in the VTD indicator field of the PL data file. The VTD indicator for all other VTDs is shown as "P" for pseudo.

For Census 2000, each VTD is identified by a one- to six-character alphanumeric census code that is unique within county. The code "ZZZZZZ" identifies parts of a county in which no VTDs were identified. For a state or county that did not participate in the VTD project, the code fields are blank.

ZIP CODE® TABULATION AREA (ZCTATM)

A ZIP Code® tabulation area (ZCTA™) is a statistical geographic entity that approximates the delivery area for a U.S. Postal Service five-digit or three-digit ZIP Code. ZCTAs are aggregations of census blocks that have the same predominant ZIP Code associated with the residential mailing addresses in the U.S. Census Bureau's Master Address File. Three-digit ZCTA codes are applied to large contiguous areas for which the U.S. Census Bureau does not have five-digit ZIP Code information in its Master Address File. ZCTAs do not precisely depict ZIP Code delivery areas, and do not include all ZIP Codes used for mail delivery. The U.S. Census Bureau has established ZCTAs as a new geographic entity similar to, but replacing, data tabulations for ZIP Codes undertaken in conjunction with the 1990 and earlier censuses.

Figure A-1. Standard Hierarchy of Census Geographic Entities

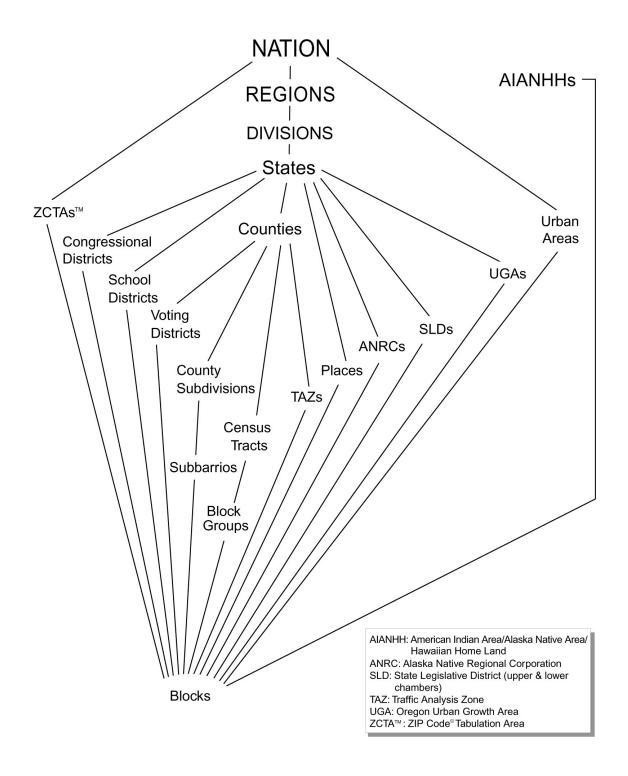


Figure A-2. Hierarchy of American Indian, Alaska Native, and Native Hawaiian Entities

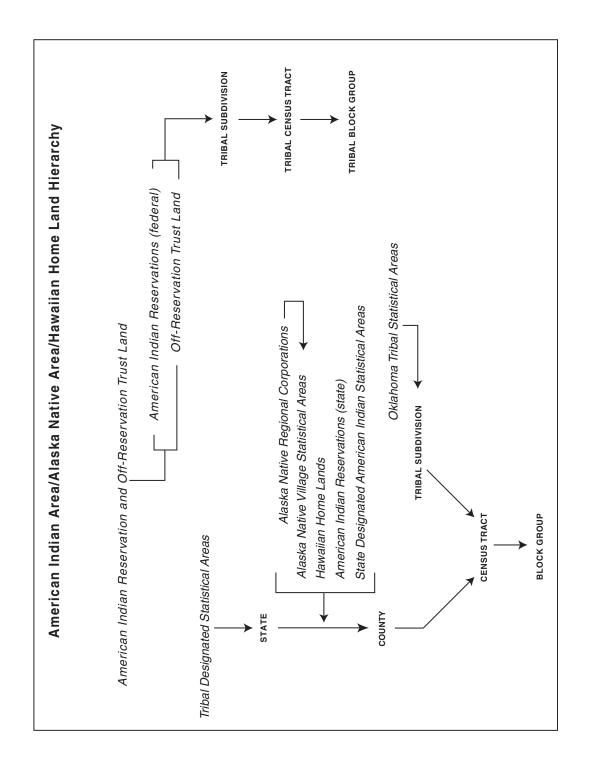


Figure A-3. Census Regions, Census Divisions, and Their Constituent States

Northeast Region

New England Division:

Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut

Middle Atlantic Division:

New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania

Midwest Region

East North Central Division:

Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin

West North Central Division:

Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas

South Region

South Atlantic Division:

Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida

East South Central Division:

Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi

West South Central Division:

Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas

West Region

Mountain Division:

Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, Utah, Nevada

Pacific Division:

Washington, Oregon, California, Alaska, Hawaii

Appendix B. Definitions of Subject Characteristics

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POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

Age

The data on age were derived from answers to a question that was asked of all people. The age classification is based on the age of the person in complete years as of April 1, 2000. The age of the person was usually derived from their date of birth information. Their reported age was used only when date of birth information was unavailable.

Data on age are used to determine the applicability of some of the sample questions for a person and to classify other characteristics in census tabulations. Age data are needed to interpret most social and economic characteristics used to plan and examine many programs and policies.

Median age. This measure divides the age distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median value and one-half above the value. Median age is computed on the basis of a single year of age distribution.

Limitation of the data. The most general limitation for many decades has been the tendency of people to overreport ages or years of birth that end in zero or five. This phenomenon is called "age heaping." In addition, the counts in the 1970 and 1980 censuses for people 100 years old and over were substantially overstated. So also were the counts of people aged 69 in 1970 and aged 79 in 1980. Improvements have been made since then in the questionnaire design, and in the allocation procedures which have further minimized these problems. The count of people aged 89 in the 1990 census was not overstated.

Review of detailed 1990 census information indicated that respondents tended to provide their age as of the date they completed the questionnaire, not their age as of April 1, 1990. One reason this happened was that respondents were not specifically instructed to provide their age as of April 1, 1990. Another reason was that data collection efforts continued well past the census date. In addition, there may have been a tendency for respondents to round their age up if they were close to having a birthday. It is likely that approximately 10 percent of people in most age groups were actually one year younger. For most single years of age, the misstatements were largely offsetting. The problem is most pronounced at age zero because people lost to age one probably were not fully offset by the inclusion of babies born after April 1, 1990. Also, there may have been more rounding up to age one to avoid reporting age as zero years. (Age in complete months was not collected for infants under age one.)

The reporting of age one year older than true age on April 1, 1990, is likely to have been greater in areas where the census data were collected later in calendar year 1990. The magnitude of this problem was much less in the 1960, 1970, and 1980 censuses where age was typically derived from respondent data on year of birth and quarter of birth.

These shortcomings were minimized in Census 2000 because age was usually calculated from exact date of birth and because respondents were specifically asked to provide their age as of April 1, 2000. (For more information on the design of the age question, see the section below that discusses "Comparability.")

Comparability. Age data have been collected in every census. For the first time since 1950, the 1990 data were not available by quarter year of age. This change was made so that coded information could be obtained for both age and year of birth. In 2000, each individual has both an age and an exact date of birth. In each census since 1940, the age of a person was assigned when it was not reported. In censuses before 1940, with the exception of 1880, people of unknown age were shown as a separate category. Since 1960, assignment of unknown age has been performed by a general procedure described as "imputation." The specific procedures for imputing age have been different in each census. (For more information on imputation, see "Accuracy of the Data.")

Group Quarters

All people not living in housing units are classified by the Census Bureau as living in group quarters. We recognize two general categories of people in group quarters: (1) institutionalized population and (2) noninstitutionalized population.

Institutionalized population. Includes people under formally authorized, supervised care or custody in institutions at the time of enumeration. Such people are classified as "patients or inmates" of an institution regardless of the availability of nursing or medical care, the length of stay, or the number of people in the institution. Generally, the institutionalized population is restricted to the institutional buildings and grounds (or must have passes or escorts to leave) and thus have limited interaction with the surrounding community. Also, they are generally under the care of trained staff who have responsibility for their safekeeping and supervision.

Type of institution. The type of institution was determined as part of census enumeration activities. For institutions that specialize in only one specific type of service, all patients or inmates were given the same classification. For institutions that had multiple types of major services (usually general hospitals and Veterans' Administration hospitals), patients were classified according to selected types of wards. For example, in psychiatric wards of hospitals, patients were classified in "mental (psychiatric) hospitals"; in general hospital wards for people with chronic diseases, patients were classified in "other hospitals for the chronically ill." Each patient or inmate was classified in only one type of institution. Institutions include the following types:

Correctional institutions. Includes prisons, federal detention centers, military disciplinary barracks and jails, police lockups, halfway houses used for correctional purposes, local jails, and other confinement facilities, including work farms.

Prisons. Where people convicted of crimes serve their sentences. In some census products, the prisons are classified by two types of control: (1) "federal" (operated by the Bureau of Prisons of the Department of Justice) and (2) "state." In census products this category includes federal detention centers. Residents who are criminally insane were classified on the basis of where they resided at the time of enumeration: (1) in institutions (or hospital wards) operated by departments of correction or similar agencies, or (2) in institutions operated by departments of mental health or similar agencies.

Federal detention centers. Operated by the Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) and the Bureau of Prisons. These facilities include: detention centers used by the Park Police; Bureau of Indian Affairs Detention Centers; INS Centers, such as the INS Federal Alien Detention Facility; INS Processing Centers; INS Contract Detention Centers used to detain aliens under exclusion or deportation proceedings, as well as those aliens who have not been placed into proceedings, such as custodial required departures; and INS Detention Centers operated within local jails, and state and federal prisons.

Military disciplinary barracks and jails. Operated by military police and used to hold people awaiting trial or convicted of violating military laws.

Local jails and other confinement facilities. Includes facilities operated by counties and cities that primarily hold people beyond arraignment, usually for more than 48 hours and police lockups operated by county and city police that hold people for 48 hours or less only if they

have not been formally charged in court. Also, includes work farms used to hold people awaiting trial or serving time on relatively short sentences and jails run by private businesses under contract for local governments (but not by state governments).

Halfway houses. Operated for correctional purposes and include probation and restitution centers, prerelease centers, and community-residential centers.

Other types of correctional institutions. Privately operated correctional facilities and correctional facilities specifically for alcohol or drug abuse.

Nursing homes. Comprises a heterogeneous group of places providing continuous nursing and other services to patients. The majority of patients are elderly, although people who require nursing care because of chronic physical conditions may be found in these homes regardless of their age. Included in this category are skilled-nursing facilities, intermediate-care facilities, long-term care rooms in wards or buildings on the grounds of hospitals, or long-term care rooms/nursing wings in congregate housing facilities. Also included are nursing, convalescent, and rest homes, such as soldiers', sailors', veterans', and fraternal or religious homes for the aged, with nursing care.

Mental (psychiatric) hospitals. Includes hospitals or wards for the criminally insane not operated by a prison and psychiatric wards of general hospitals and veterans' hospitals. Patients receive supervised medical/nursing care from formally trained staff.

Hospitals or wards for chronically ill. Includes hospitals for patients who require long-term care, including those in military hospitals and wards for the chronically ill located on military bases; or other hospitals or wards for the chronically ill, which include tuberculosis hospitals or wards; wards in general and Veterans' Administration hospitals for the chronically ill; neurological wards; hospices and homes for chronically ill patients; wards for patients with Hansen's Disease (leprosy) and other incurable diseases; and other unspecified wards for the chronically ill. Patients who had no usual home elsewhere were enumerated as part of the institutional population in the wards of general and military hospitals. Most hospital patients are at the hospital temporarily and were enumerated at their usual place of residence. In some census products, patients in hospitals or wards for the chronically ill are classified in three categories: (1) military hospitals or wards for chronically ill, (2) other hospitals or wards for chronically ill, and (3) hospices or homes for chronically ill.

Schools, hospitals, or wards for the mentally retarded. Includes those institutions, such as wards in hospitals for the mentally retarded and intermediate-care facilities for the mentally retarded that provide supervised medical/nursing care from formally trained staff.

Schools, hospitals, or wards for the physically handicapped. Includes three types of institutions: institutions for the blind, those for the deaf, and orthopedic wards and institutions for the physically handicapped. Institutions for people with speech problems are classified with "institutions for the deaf." The category "orthopedic wards and institutions for the physically handicapped" includes those institutions providing relatively long-term care to accident victims and to people with polio, cerebral palsy, and muscular dystrophy.

Hospitals and wards for drug/alcohol abuse. Includes hospitals and wards for drug/alcohol abuse. These facilities are equipped medically and designed for the diagnosis and treatment of medical or psychiatric illnesses associated with alcohol or drug abuse. Patients receive supervised medical care from formally trained staff.

Wards in general hospitals for patients who have no usual home elsewhere. Includes maternity, neonatal, pediatric (including wards for boarder babies), and surgical wards of hospitals and wards for people with infectious diseases. If not shown separately, this category includes wards in military hospitals for patients who have no usual home elsewhere.

Wards in military hospitals for patients who have no usual home elsewhere. (See above definition for "Wards in general hospitals for patients who have no usual home elsewhere.")

Juvenile institutions. Includes homes, schools, and other institutions providing care for children (short- or long-term care). Juvenile institutions include the following types:

Homes for abused, dependent, and neglected children. Includes orphanages and other institutions that provide long-term care (usually more than 30 days) for children.

Residential treatment centers. Includes those institutions that primarily serve children who, by clinical diagnosis, are moderately or seriously disturbed emotionally. Also, these institutions provide long-term treatment services, usually supervised or directed by a psychiatrist.

Training schools for juvenile delinquents. Includes residential training schools or homes and industrial schools, camps, or farms for juvenile delinquents.

Public training schools for juvenile delinquents. Usually operated by a state agency (for example, department of welfare, corrections, or a youth authority). Some are operated by county and city governments. These public training schools are specialized institutions serving delinquent children, generally between the ages of 10 and 17 years old, all of whom are committed by the courts.

Private training schools. Operated under private auspices. Some of the children they serve are committed by the courts as delinquents. Others are referred by parents or social agencies because of delinquent behavior. One difference between private and public training schools is that, by their administrative policy, private schools have control over their selection and intake.

Detention centers. Includes institutions providing short-term care (usually 30 days or less) primarily for delinquent children pending disposition of their cases by a court. This category also covers diagnostic centers. In practice, such institutions may be caring for both delinquent and neglected children pending court disposition.

Noninstitutionalized population. Includes people who live in group quarters other than institutions. Includes staff residing in military and nonmilitary group quarters on institutional grounds who provide formally authorized, supervised care or custody for the institutionalized population.

Group homes. Includes "community-based homes" that provide care and supportive services. Such places include homes for the mentally ill, mentally retarded, and physically handicapped; drug/alcohol halfway houses not operated for correctional purposes; communes; and maternity homes for unwed mothers.

Homes for the mentally ill. Includes community-based homes that provide care primarily for the mentally ill. Homes that combine treatment of the physically handicapped with treatment of the mentally ill are counted as homes for the mentally ill.

Homes for the mentally retarded. Includes community-based homes that provide care primarily for the mentally retarded. Homes that combine treatment of the physically handicapped with treatment of the mentally retarded are counted as homes for the mentally retarded.

Homes for the physically handicapped. Includes community-based homes for the blind, for the deaf, and other community-based homes for the physically handicapped. People with speech problems are classified with homes for the deaf. Homes that combine treatment of the physically handicapped with treatment of the mentally ill are counted as homes for the mentally ill. Homes that combine treatment of the physically handicapped with treatment of the mentally retarded are counted as homes for the mentally retarded.

Homes or halfway houses for drug/alcohol abuse. Includes people with no usual home elsewhere in places that provide community-based care and supportive services to people suffering from a drug/alcohol addiction and to recovering alcoholics and drug abusers. Places providing community-based care for drug and alcohol abusers include group homes, detoxification centers, quarterway houses (residential treatment facilities that work closely with accredited hospitals), halfway houses, and recovery homes for ambulatory, mentally competent recovering alcoholics and drug abusers who may be reentering the work force.

Other group homes. Includes people with no usual home elsewhere in communes, foster care homes, and maternity homes for unwed mothers. Most of these types of places provide communal living quarters, generally for people who have formed their own community in which they have common interests and often share or own property jointly. The maternity homes for unwed mothers provide domestic care for unwed mothers and their children. These homes may provide social services and postnatal care within the facility, or may make arrangements for women to receive such services in the community. Nursing services are usually available in the facility.

Religious group quarters. Includes, primarily, group quarters for nuns teaching in parochial schools and for priests living in rectories. It also includes other convents and monasteries, except those associated with a general hospital or an institution.

College quarters off campus. Includes university-owned off-campus housing, if the place is reserved exclusively for occupancy by college students who do not have their families living with them. In census products, people in this category are classified as living in a college dormitory.

College dormitories. Includes college students in dormitories (provided the dormitory is restricted to students who do not have their families living with them), fraternity and sorority houses, and on-campus residential quarters used exclusively for those in religious orders who are attending college. College dormitory housing includes university-owned, on-campus and off-campus housing for unmarried residents.

Military quarters. Includes military personnel living in barracks and dormitories on base, transient quarters on base for temporary residents (both civilian and military), and military ships. However, patients in military hospitals receiving treatment for chronic diseases or who had no usual home elsewhere, and people being held in military disciplinary barracks were included as part of the institutionalized population.

Agriculture workers' dormitories. Includes people in migratory farm workers' camps on farms, bunkhouses for ranch hands, and other dormitories on farms, such as those on "tree farms." (A tree farm is an area of forest land managed to ensure continuous commercial production.)

Other workers' dormitories. Includes people in logging camps, construction workers' camps, fire-house dormitories, job-training camps, energy enclaves (Alaska only), and nonfarm migratory workers' camps (for example, workers in mineral and mining camps).

Dormitories for nurses and interns in general and military hospitals. Includes group quarters for nurses and other staff members, excluding patients. If not shown separately, dormitories for nurses and interns in general and military hospitals are included in the category "Staff Residents of Institutions."

Job corps and vocational training facilities. Includes facilities that provide a full-time, year-round residential program offering a comprehensive array of training, education, and supportive services, including supervised dormitory housing, meals, and counseling for at-risk youth ages 16 through 24.

Emergency and transitional shelters (with sleeping facilities). Includes people without conventional housing who stayed overnight on March 27, 2000, in permanent and emergency housing, missions, Salvation Army shelters, transitional shelters, hotels and motels used to shelter people without conventional housing, and similar places known to have people without conventional housing staying overnight. Also included are shelters that operate on a first come, first-serve basis where people must leave in the morning and have no guaranteed bed for the next night OR where people know that they have a bed for a specified period of time (even if they leave the building every day). Shelters also include facilities that provide temporary shelter during extremely cold weather (such as churches). If shown, this category also includes shelters for children who are runaways, neglected, or without conventional housing.

Shelters for children who are runaways, neglected, or without conventional housing. Includes shelters/group homes that provide temporary sleeping facilities for juveniles. In census products, this category is included with emergency and transitional housing.

Shelters for abused women (shelters against domestic violence or family crisis centers). Includes community-based homes or shelters that provide domiciliary care for women who have sought shelter from family violence and who may have been physically abused. Most shelters also provide care for children of abused women. These shelters may provide social services, meals, psychiatric treatment, and counseling. In census products, this category is included with "other non-institutional group quarters."

Soup kitchens. Includes soup kitchens, food lines, and programs distributing prepared breakfasts, lunches, or dinners on March 28, 2000. These programs may be organized as food service lines, bag or box lunches, or tables where people are seated, then served by program personnel. These programs may or may not have a place for clients to sit and eat the meal. In census products, this category is included with "other noninstitutional group quarters." This category excludes regularly scheduled mobile food vans.

Regularly scheduled mobile food vans. Includes mobile food vans that are regularly scheduled to visit designated street locations for the primary purpose of providing food to people without conventional housing. In census products, this category is included with "other noninstitutional group quarters."

Targeted nonsheltered outdoor locations. Includes geographically identifiable outdoor locations open to the elements where there is evidence that people who do not usually receive services at soup kitchens, shelters, and mobile food vans lived on March 29, 2000, without paying to stay there. Sites must have a specific location description that allowed a census enumeration team to physically locate the site; for example, "the Brooklyn Bridge at the corner of Bristol Drive" or "the 700 block of Taylor Street behind the old warehouse." Excludes pay-for-use campgrounds; drop-in centers; post offices; hospital emergency rooms; and commercial sites, including all-night theaters and all-night diners. In census products, this category is included with "other noninstitutional group quarters."

Crews of maritime vessels. Includes officers, crew members, and passengers of maritime U.S. flag vessels. All ocean-going and Great Lakes ships are included.

Residential facilities providing "protective oversight." Includes facilities providing assistance to people with disabilities.

Staff residents of institutions. Includes staff residing in military and nonmilitary group quarters on institutional grounds who provide formally authorized, supervised care or custody for the institutionalized population.

Other nonhousehold living situations. Includes people with no usual home elsewhere enumerated at locations, such as YMCAs, YWCAs, and hostels. People enumerated at those places that did not have a usual home elsewhere are included in this category.

Living quarters for victims of natural disasters. Includes living quarters for people temporarily displaced by natural disasters.

Comparability. For Census 2000, the definition of the institutionalized population was consistent with the definition used in the 1990 census. As in 1990, the definition of "care" only includes people under organized medical or formally authorized, supervised care or custody.

In Census 2000, the 1990 and 1980 rule of classifying ten or more unrelated people living together as living in noninstitutional group quarters was dropped. In 1970, the criteria was six or more unrelated people.

Several changes have occurred in the tabulation of specific types of group quarters. In Census 2000, police lockups were included with local jails and other confinement facilities, and homes for unwed mothers were included in "Other group homes"; in 1990, these categories were shown separately. For the first time, Census 2000 tabulates separately the following types of group quarters: military hospitals or wards for the chronically ill, other hospitals or wards for the chronically ill, hospices or homes for the chronically ill, wards in military hospitals with patients who have no usual home elsewhere, wards in general hospitals with patients who have no usual home elsewhere, and job corps and vocational training facilities. For Census 2000, rooming and boarding houses were classified as housing units rather than group quarters as in 1990.

As in 1990, workers' dormitories were classified as group quarters regardless of the number of people sharing the dormitory. In 1980, ten or more unrelated people had to share the dorm for it to be classified as a group quarters. In 1960, data on people in military barracks were shown only for men. In subsequent censuses, they include both men and women.

The phrase "institutionalized persons" in 1990 data products was changed to "institutionalized population" for Census 2000. In 1990, the Census Bureau used the phrase "other persons in group quarters" for people living in noninstitutional group quarters. In 2000, this group is referred to as the "noninstitutionalized population." The phrase "staff residents" was used for staff living in institutions in both 1990 and 2000.

In Census 2000, the category "emergency and transitional shelters" includes emergency shelters, transitional shelters, and shelters for children who are runaways, neglected, or without conventional housing. Those people tabulated at shelters for abused women, soup kitchens, regularly scheduled mobile food vans, and targeted nonsheltered outdoor locations were included in the category "other noninstitutional group quarters." Each of these categories were enumerated from March 27-29, 2000, during Service-Based Enumeration. (For more information on the "Service-Based Enumeration" operation, see "Collection and Processing Procedures.")

Hispanic or Latino

The data on the Hispanic or Latino population were derived from answers to a question that was asked of all people. The terms "Spanish," "Hispanic origin," and "Latino" are used interchangeably. Some respondents identify with all three terms while others may identify with only one of these three specific terms. Hispanics or Latinos who identify with the terms "Spanish," "Hispanic," or "Latino" are those who classify themselves in one of the specific Spanish, Hispanic, or Latino categories listed on the questionnaire ("Mexican," "Puerto Rican," or "Cuban") as well as those who indicate that they are "other Spanish/Hispanic/Latino." People who do not identify with one of the specific origins listed on the questionnaire but indicate that they are "other Spanish, Hispanic, or Latino" are those whose origins are from Spain, the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, the Dominican Republic, or people identifying themselves generally as Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispanic, Hispano, Latino, and so on. All write-in responses to the "other Spanish/Hispanic/Latino" category were coded.

Origin can be viewed as the heritage, nationality group, lineage, or country of birth of the person or the person's parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. People who identify their origin as Spanish, Hispanic, or Latino may be of any race.

Some tabulations are shown by the origin of the householder. In all cases where the origin of households, families, or occupied housing units is classified as Spanish, Hispanic, or Latino, the origin of the householder is used. (See the discussion of householder under "Household Type and Relationship.")

If an individual could not provide a Hispanic origin response, their origin was assigned using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. For example, if origin was missing for a natural-born daughter in the household, then either the origin of the householder, another natural-born child, or spouse of the householder was assigned. If Hispanic origin was not reported for anyone in the household, the Hispanic origin of a householder in a previously processed household with the same race was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general imputation procedures described in "Accuracy of the Data" and is similar to those used in 1990, except for Census 2000 race and Spanish surnames were used to assist in assigning an origin (see the "Comparability" section below also).

Comparability. There are two important changes to the Hispanic origin question for Census 2000. First, the sequence of the race and Hispanic origin questions for Census 2000 differs from that in 1990; in 1990, the race question preceded the Hispanic origin question. Testing prior to Census 2000 indicated that response to the Hispanic origin question could be improved by placing it before the race question without affecting the response to the race question. Second, there is an instruction preceding the Hispanic origin question indicating that respondents should answer both the Hispanic origin and the race questions. This instruction was added to give emphasis to the distinct concepts of the Hispanic origin and race questions, and to emphasize the need for both pieces of information.

Furthermore, there has been a change in the processing of the Hispanic origin and race responses. In the 1990 census, respondents provided Hispanic origin responses in the race question and race responses in the Hispanic origin question. In 1990, the Hispanic origin question and the race question had separate edits; therefore, although information may have been present on the questionnaire, it was not fully utilized due to the discrete nature of the edits. However, for Census 2000 there is a joint race and Hispanic origin edit, which can utilize Hispanic origin and race information that was reported in the inappropriate question.

Household Type and Relationship

Household

A household includes all of the people who occupy a housing unit. A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a mobile home, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied (or if vacant, intended for occupancy) as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live separately from any other people in the building and that have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated people who share living quarters.

In 100-percent tabulations, the count of households or householders always equals the count of occupied housing units. In sample tabulations, the numbers may differ as a result of the weighting process.

Average household size. A measure obtained by dividing the number of people in households by the number of households (or householders). In cases where household members are tabulated by race or Hispanic origin, household members are classified by the race or Hispanic origin of the householder rather than the race or Hispanic origin of each individual.

Relationship to Householder

The phrase "Coverage Improvement Adjustment" was included in the table outlines and the technical documentation before the review, analysis, and recommendation on whether to adjust Census 2000 data for coverage improvement was completed. As the data are not adjusted, a zero (0) will appear. This phrase does not refer to any other outreach or collection opertions that were introduced to improve coverage in Census 2000.

Householder. The data on relationship to householder were derived from the question "How is this person related to Person 1," which was asked of Persons 2 and higher in housing units. One person in each household is designated as the householder (Person 1). In most cases, this is the person, or one of the people, in whose name the home is owned, being bought, or rented. If there is no such person in the household, any household member 15 years old or over could be designated as the householder (that is, Person 1).

Households are classified by type according to the sex of the householder and the presence of relatives. Two types of householders are distinguished: family householders and nonfamily householders. A family householder is a householder living with one or more people related to him or her by birth, marriage, or adoption. The householder and all of the people in the household related to him or her are family members. A nonfamily householder is a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only.

Spouse (husband/wife). Includes a person married to and living with a householder. This category includes people in formal marriages, as well as people in common-law marriages. The number of spouses is equal to the number of "married-couple families" or "married-couple households" in 100-percent tabulations. Marital status categories cannot be inferred from the 100-percent tabulations since the marital status item was not included on the 100-percent form.

Child. Includes a son or daughter by birth, a stepchild, or an adopted child of the householder, regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law, daughters-in-law, and foster children.

Natural-born son/daughter. A son or daughter of the householder by birth, regardless of the age of the child.

Adopted son/daughter. A son or daughter of the householder by legal adoption, regardless of the age of the child. If the stepson/stepdaughter of the householder has been legally adopted by the householder, the child is then classified as an adopted child.

Stepson/stepdaughter. A son or daughter of the householder through marriage but not by birth, regardless of the age of the child. If the stepson/stepdaughter of the householder has been legally adopted by the householder, the child is then classified as an adopted child.

Own child. A child under 18 years old who is a son or daughter by birth, marriage (a stepchild), or adoption. In certain tabulations, own children are further classified as living with two parents or with one parent only. For 100-percent tabulations, own children consist of all sons/daughters of householders who are under 18 years of age. For sample data, own children consist of sons/daughters of householders who are under 18 years of age and who have never been married, therefore, numbers of own children of householders may be different in these two tabulations.

"Related children" in a family include own children and all other people under 18 years of age in the household, who are related to the householder, except the spouse of the householder. Foster children are not included since they are not related to the householder.

Other relatives. Includes any household member related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption, but not included specifically in another relationship category. In certain detailed tabulations, the following categories may be shown:

Grandchild. The grandson or granddaughter of the householder.

Brother/sister. The brother or sister of the householder, including stepbrothers, stepsisters, and brothers and sisters by adoption. Brothers-in-law and sisters-in-law are included in the "Other relative" category on the questionnaire.

Parent. The father or mother of the householder, including a stepparent or adoptive parent. Fathers-in-law and mothers-in-law are included in the "Parent-in-law" category on the questionnaire.

Parent-in-law, Includes the mother-in-law or father-in-law of the householder.

Son-in-law/daughter-in-law. By definition, these are spouses of the children of the householder.

Other relatives. Anyone not listed in a reported category above who is related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption (brother-in-law, grandparent, nephew, aunt, cousin, and so forth).

Nonrelatives. Includes any household member who is not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption, including foster children. The following categories may be presented in more detailed tabulations:

Roomer, boarder. Includes roomers or boarders, who live in a room in the household of Person 1 (householder). Some sort of cash or noncash payment (e.g., chores) is usually made for their living accommodations.

Housemate or roommate. A person who is not related to the householder and who shares living quarters primarily to share expenses.

Unmarried partner. A person who is not related to the householder, who shares living quarters, and who has a close personal relationship with the householder.

Foster child. Foster children are people under 18 placed by the local government in a household to receive parental care. They may be living in the household for just a brief period or for several years. Foster children are nonrelatives of the householder. If the foster child is also related to the householder, the child should be classified as that specific relative.

Other nonrelatives. A person who is not related by birth, marriage, or adoption to the householder and who is not described by the categories given above.

When relationship is not reported for an individual, it is imputed according to the responses for the age and sex for that person while maintaining consistency with responses for other individuals in the household.

Unrelated Individual

An unrelated individual is: (1) a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only, (2) a household member who is not related to the householder, or (3) a person living in group quarters who is not an inmate of an institution.

Family Type

A family includes a householder and one or more other people living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. All people in a household who are related to the householder are regarded as members of his or her family. A household can contain only one family for purposes of census tabulations. Not all households contain families since a household may be a group of unrelated people or one person living alone.

Families are classified by type as either a "married-couple family" or an "other family" according to the presence of a spouse. "Other family" is further broken out according to the sex of the householder. The data on family type are based on answers to questions on sex and relationship that were asked on a 100-percent basis.

Married-couple family. A family in which the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household.

Other family

Male householder, no wife present. A family with a male householder and no spouse of the householder present.

Female householder, no husband present. A family with a female householder and no spouse of the householder present.

Nonfamily household. A householder living alone or with nonrelatives only.

Average family size. A measure obtained by dividing the number of people in families by the total number of families (or family householders). In cases where this measure is tabulated by race or Hispanic origin, the race or Hispanic origin refers to that of the householder rather than to the race or Hispanic origin of each individual.

Unmarried-Partner Household

An unmarried-partner household is a household other than a "married-couple household" that includes a householder and an "unmarried partner." An "unmarried partner" can be of the same sex or of the opposite sex of the householder. An "unmarried partner" in an "unmarried-partner household" is an adult who is unrelated to the householder, but shares living quarters and has a close personal relationship with the householder.

Comparability. The 1990 relationship category "Natural-born or adopted son/daughter" has been replaced by "Natural-born son/daughter" and "Adopted son/daughter." The following categories have been added: "Parent-in-law" and "Son-in-law/daughter-in-law." The 1990 nonrelative category, "Roomer, boarder, foster child" has been replaced by two categories, "Roomer, boarder" and "Foster child." In 2000, foster children had to be in the local governments' foster care system to be so classified. In 1990, foster children were estimated to be those children in households who were not related to the householder nor who had any people over 18 who may have been their parents. In 1990, stepchildren who were adopted by the householder were still classified as stepchildren. In 2000, stepchildren who were legally adopted by the householder were classified as adopted children.

Race

The data on race were derived from answers to the question on race that was asked of all people. The concept of race, as used by the Census Bureau, reflects self-identification by people according to the race or races with which they most closely identify. These categories are socio-political constructs and should not be interpreted as being scientific or anthropological in nature. Furthermore, the race categories include both racial and national-origin groups.

The racial classifications used by the Census Bureau adhere to the October 30, 1997, Federal Register Notice entitled, "Revisions to the Standards for the Classification of Federal Data on Race and Ethnicity" issued by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB). These standards govern the categories used to collect and present federal data on race and ethnicity. The OMB requires five minimum categories (White, Black or African American, American Indian or Alaska Native, Asian, and Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander) for race. The race categories are described below with a sixth category, "Some other race," added with OMB approval. In addition to the five race groups, the OMB also states that respondents should be offered the option of selecting one or more races.

If an individual did not provide a race response, the race or races of the householder or other household members were assigned using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. For example, if race was missing for a natural-born child in the household, then either the race or races of the householder, another natural-born child, or the spouse of the householder were assigned. If race was not reported for anyone in the household, the race or races of a householder in a previously processed household were assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general imputation procedures described in "Accuracy of the Data."

White. A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa. It includes people who indicate their race as "White" or report entries, such as Irish, German, Italian, Lebanese, Near Easterner, Arab, or Polish.

Black or African American. A person having origins in any of the Black racial groups of Africa. It includes people who indicate their race as "Black, African Am., or Negro," or provide written entries, such as African American, Afro American, Kenyan, Nigerian, or Haitian.

American Indian or Alaska Native. A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) and who maintain tribal affiliation or community attachment. It includes people who classified themselves as described below.

American Indian. Includes people who indicated their race as "American Indian," entered the name of an Indian tribe, or reported such entries as Canadian Indian, French American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian.

American Indian tribe. Respondents who identified themselves as American Indian were asked to report their enrolled or principal tribe. Therefore, tribal data in tabulations reflect the written entries reported on the questionnaires. Some of the entries (for example, Iroquois, Sioux, Colorado River, and Flathead) represent nations or reservations. The information on tribe is based on self identification and therefore does not reflect any designation of federally or state-recognized tribe. Information on American Indian tribes is presented in summary files. The information for Census 2000 is derived from the American Indian Tribal Classification List for the 1990 census that was updated based on a December 1997 Federal Register Notice, entitled "Indian Entities Recognized and Eligible to Receive Service From the United States Bureau of Indian Affairs," Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs, issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

Alaska Native. Includes written responses of Eskimos, Aleuts, and Alaska Indians as well as entries such as Arctic Slope, Inupiat, Yupik, Alutiiq, Egegik, and Pribilovian. The Alaska tribes are the Alaskan Athabascan, Tlingit, and Haida. The information for Census 2000 is based on the American Indian Tribal Classification List for the 1990 census, which was expanded to list the individual Alaska Native Villages when provided as a written response for race.

Asian. A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam. It includes "Asian Indian," "Chinese," "Filipino," "Korean," "Japanese," "Vietnamese," and "Other Asian."

Asian Indian. Includes people who indicated their race as "Asian Indian" or identified themselves as Bengalese, Bharat, Dravidian, East Indian, or Goanese.

Chinese. Includes people who indicate their race as "Chinese" or who identify themselves as Cantonese, or Chinese American. In some census tabulations, written entries of Taiwanese are included with Chinese while in others they are shown separately.

Filipino. Includes people who indicate their race as "Filipino" or who report entries such as Philipino, Philipine, or Filipino American.

Japanese. Includes people who indicate their race as "Japanese" or who report entries such as Nipponese or Japanese American.

Korean. Includes people who indicate their race as "Korean" or who provide a response of Korean American.

Vietnamese. Includes people who indicate their race as "Vietnamese" or who provide a response of Vietnamese American.

Cambodian. Includes people who provide a response such as Cambodian or Cambodia.

Hmong. Includes people who provide a response such as Hmong, Laohmong, or Mong.

Laotian. Includes people who provide a response such as Laotian, Laos, or Lao.

Thai. Includes people who provide a response such as Thai, Thailand, or Siamese.

Other Asian. Includes people who provide a response of Bangladeshi; Bhutanese; Burmese; Indochinese; Indonesian; Iwo Jiman; Madagascar; Malaysian; Maldivian; Nepalese; Okinawan; Pakistani; Singaporean; Sri Lankan; or Other Asian, specified and Other Asian, not specified.

Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander. A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands. It includes people who indicate their race as "Native Hawaiian," "Guamanian or Chamorro," "Samoan," and "Other Pacific Islander."

Native Hawaiian. Includes people who indicate their race as "Native Hawaiian" or who identify themselves as "Part Hawaiian" or "Hawaiian."

Guamanian or Chamorro. Includes people who indicate their race as such, including written entries of Chamorro or Guam.

Samoan. Includes people who indicate their race as "Samoan" or who identify themselves as American Samoan or Western Samoan.

Other Pacific Islander. Includes people who provide a write-in response of a Pacific Islander group, such as Carolinian, Chuukese (Trukese), Fijian, Kosraean, Melanesian, Micronesian, Northern Mariana Islander, Palauan, Papua New Guinean, Pohnpeian, Polynesian, Solomon Islander, Tahitian, Tokelauan, Tongan, Yapese, or Pacific Islander, not specified.

Some other race. Includes all other responses not included in the "White," "Black or African American," "American Indian or Alaska Native," "Asian," and "Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander" race categories described above. Respondents providing write-in entries such as multiracial, mixed, interracial, or a Hispanic/Latino group (for example, Mexican, Puerto Rican, or Cuban) in the "Some other race" write-in space are included in this category.

Two or more races. People may have chosen to provide two or more races either by checking two or more race response check boxes, by providing multiple write-in responses, or by some combination of check boxes and write-in responses. The race response categories shown on the questionnaire are collapsed into the five minimum race groups identified by the OMB, and the Census Bureau "Some other race" category. For data product purposes, "Two or more races" refers to combinations of two or more of the following race categories:

- 1. White
- 2. Black or African American
- 3. American Indian and Alaska Native
- 4 Asian
- 5. Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
- 6. Some other race

There are 57 possible combinations (see Figure B–1) involving the race categories shown above. Thus, according to this approach, a response of "White" and "Asian" was tallied as two or more races, while a response of "Japanese" and "Chinese" was not because "Japanese" and "Chinese" are both Asian responses. Tabulations of responses involving reporting of two or more races within the American Indian and Alaska Native, Asian, or Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander categories are available in other data products.

Given the many possible ways of displaying data on two or more races, data products will provide varying levels of detail. The most common presentation shows a single line indicating "Two or more races." Some data products provide totals of all 57 possible combinations of two or more races, as well as subtotals of people reporting a specific number of races, such as people reporting two races, people reporting three races, and so on.

In other presentations on race, data are shown for the total number of people who reported one of the six categories alone or in combination with one or more other race categories. For example, the category "Asian alone or in combination with one or more other races" includes people who reported Asian alone and people who reported Asian in combination with White, Black or African American, Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander, and Some other race. This number, therefore, represents the maximum number of people who reported as Asian in the question on race. When this data presentation is used, the individual race categories will add to more than the total population because people may be included in more than one category.

Coding of write-in entries. During 100-percent processing of Census 2000 questionnaires, subject-matter specialists reviewed and coded written entries from four response categories on the race item American Indian or Alaska Native, Other Asian, Other Pacific Islander, and Some other race. The Other Asian and Other Pacific Islander response categories shared the same write-in area on the questionnaire.

Comparability. The data on race in Census 2000 are not directly comparable to those collected in previous censuses. The October 1997 revised standards issued by the OMB led to changes in the question on race for Census 2000. The Census 2000 Dress Rehearsal data were the first to reflect these changes. First, respondents were allowed to select more than one category for race. Second, the sequence of the questions on race and Hispanic origin changed. In 1990, the question on race (Item 4) preceded the question on Hispanic origin (Item 7) with two intervening questions. For Census 2000, the question on race immediately follows the question on Hispanic origin. Third, there were terminology changes to the response categories, such as spelling out "American" instead of "Amer." for the American Indian or Alaska Native category; and adding "Native" to the Hawaiian response category. The 1990 category "Other race" was renamed "Some other race."

Other differences that may affect comparability involve the individual categories on the Census 2000 questionnaire. The 1990 category, "Asian and Pacific Islander" was separated into two categories, "Asian" and "Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander." Accordingly, on the Census 2000 questionnaire, there were seven Asian categories and four Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander categories. The two residual categories, "Other Asian" and "Other Pacific Islander," replaced the 1990 single category "Other API." The 1990 categories "American Indian," "Eskimo," and "Aleut" were combined into "American Indian and Alaska Native." American Indians and Alaska Natives can report one or more tribes.

As in 1990, people who reported a Hispanic or Latino ethnicity in the question on race and did not mark a specific race category were classified in the "Some other race" category ("Other race" in 1990). They commonly provided a write-in entry such as Mexican, Puerto Rican, or Latino. In the 1970 census, most of these responses were included in the "White" category. In addition, some ethnic entries that in 1990 may have been coded as White or Black are now shown in the "Some other race" group.

For Puerto Rico, separate questions on race and Hispanic origin were included on their Census 2000 questionnaire, identical to the questions used in the United States. The 1950 census was the last census to include these questions on the Puerto Rico questionnaire.

Census 2000 included an automated review, computer edit, and coding operation on a 100-percent basis for the write-in responses to the race question, similar to that used in the 1990 census. Write-in responses such as Laotian or Thai, and Guamanian or Tongan were reviewed, coded, and tabulated as "Other Asian" and "Other Pacific Islander," respectively, in the census. All tribal entries were coded as either American Indian or as Alaska Native.

Figure B-1. Two or More Races (57 Possible Specified Combinations)

- 1. White; Black or African American
- 2. White: American Indian and Alaska Native
- 3. White; Asian
- 4. White; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
- 5. White; Some other race
- 6. Black; American Indian and Alaska Native
- 7. Black; Asian
- 8. Black; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
- 9. Black; Some other race
- 10. American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian
- 11. American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander
- 12. American Indian and Alaska Native; Some other race
- 13. Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
- 14. Asian; Some other race
- 15. Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
- 16. White; Black; American Indian and Alaska Native
- 17. White; Black; Asian
- 18. White; Black; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander

Figure B-1. Two or More Races (57 Possible Specified Combinations)—Con.

- 19. White; Black; Some other race
- 20. White: American Indian and Alaska Native: Asian
- 21. White; American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
- 22. White; American Indian and Alaska Native; Some other race
- 23. White; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
- 24. White; Asian; Some other race
- 25. White; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
- 26. Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian
- 27. Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
- 28. Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Some other race
- 29. Black; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
- 30. Black; Asian; Some other race
- 31. Black; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
- 32. American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
- 33. American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Some other race
- 34. American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
- 35. Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
- 36. White; Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian
- 37. White; Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
- 38. White; Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Some other race
- 39. White; Black; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
- 40. White; Black; Asian; Some other race
- 41. White; Black; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
- 42. White; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
- 43. White; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Some other race
- 44. White; American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
- 45. White; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
- 46. Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
- 47. Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Some other race
- 48. Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
- 49. Black; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
- 50. American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
- 51. White; Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
- 52. White; Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Some other race
- 53. White; Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
- 54. White; Black; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
- 55. White; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
- 56. Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race
- 57. White; Black; American Indian and Alaska Native; Asian; Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander; Some other race

Sex

The data on sex were derived from answers to a question that was asked of all people. Individuals were asked to mark either "male" or "female" to indicate their sex. For most cases in which sex was not reported, it was determined by the appropriate entry from the person's given (i.e., first) name and household relationship. Otherwise, sex was imputed according to the relationship to the householder and the age of the person. (For more information on imputation, see "Accuracy of the Data.")

Sex ratio. A measure derived by dividing the total number of males by the total number of females and multiplying by 100.

Comparability. A question on the sex of individuals has been asked of the total population in every census.

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

Living Quarters

Living quarters are either housing units or group quarters. (For more information, see the discussion of "Group Quarters" under "Population Characteristics.") Living quarters are usually found in structures intended for residential use, but also may be found in structures intended for nonresidential use as well as in places such as tents, vans, emergency and transition shelters, dormitories, and barracks.

Housing unit. A housing unit may be a house, an apartment, a mobile home, a group of rooms, or a single room that is occupied (or, if vacant, is intended for occupancy) as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live separately from any other individuals in the building and that have direct access from outside the building or through a common hall. For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants.

Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory. Boats, recreational vehicles (RVs), vans, tents, and the like are housing units only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' lots, at the factory, or in storage yards are excluded from the housing inventory. Also excluded from the housing inventory are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

Occupied housing unit. A housing unit is occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of people living in it at the time of enumeration or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; that is, away on vacation or business. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated people who share living quarters.

Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; that is, people who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or who have no usual place of residence elsewhere.

If any of the occupants in rooming or boarding houses, congregate housing, or continuing care facilities live separately from others in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units.

The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered group quarters.

Vacant housing unit. A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by people who have a usual residence elsewhere are classified as vacant.

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place.

Vacant units are excluded from the housing inventory if they are open to the elements; that is, the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements. Also excluded are vacant units with a sign that they are condemned or they are to be demolished.

Comparability. The first Census of Housing in 1940 established the "dwelling unit" concept. Although the term became "housing unit" and the definition was modified slightly in succeeding censuses, the housing unit definition remained essentially comparable between 1940 and 1990. Since 1990, two changes were made to the housing unit definition.

The first change eliminated the concept of "eating separately." The elimination of the eating criterion is more in keeping with the United Nations' definition of a housing unit that stresses the entire concept of separateness rather than the specific "eating" element. Although we previously included the "eating separately" criterion in the definition of a housing unit, data were not collected that allowed us to distinguish whether the occupants ate separately from any other people in the building. (Questions that asked households about their eating arrangements have not been included in the census after 1970.) Therefore, the current definition better reflects the information that is used in the determination of a housing unit.

The second change for Census 2000 eliminated the "number of nonrelatives" criterion; that is, "9 or more people unrelated to the householder" which caused a conversion of housing units to group quarters. This change was prompted by the following considerations: (1) there were relatively few such conversions made as a result of this rule in 1990; (2) household relationship and housing data were lost by converting these units to group quarters; and (3) there was no empirical support for establishing a particular number of nonrelatives as a threshold for these conversions.

In 1960, 1970, and 1980, vacant rooms in hotels, motels, and other similar places where 75 percent or more of the accommodations were occupied by permanent residents were counted as part of the housing inventory. We intended to classify these vacant units as housing units in the 1990 census. However, an evaluation of the data collection procedures prior to the 1990 census indicated that the concept of permanency was a difficult and confusing procedure for enumerators to apply correctly. Consequently, in the 1990 census, vacant rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places were not counted as housing units. In Census 2000, we continued the procedure adopted in 1990.

Average Household Size of Owner-Occupied Unit

A measure obtained by dividing the number of people living in owner-occupied housing units by the number of owner-occupied housing units.

Average Household Size of Renter-Occupied Unit

A measure obtained by dividing the number of people living in renter-occupied housing units by the number of renter-occupied housing units.

Tenure

Tenure was asked at all occupied housing units. All occupied housing units are classified as either owner occupied or renter occupied.

Owner occupied. A housing unit is owner occupied if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. The owner or co-owner must live in the unit and usually is Person 1 on the questionnaire. The unit is "Owned by you or someone in this household

with a mortgage or loan" if it is being purchased with a mortgage or some other debt arrangement, such as a deed of trust, trust deed, contract to purchase, land contract, or purchase agreement. The unit is also considered owned with a mortgage if it is built on leased land and there is a mortgage on the unit.

A housing unit is "Owned by you or someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage or loan)" if there is no mortgage or other similar debt on the house, apartment, or mobile home including units built on leased land if the unit is owned outright without a mortgage. Although owner-occupied units are divided between mortgaged and owned free and clear on the questionnaire, census data products containing 100-percent data show only total owner-occupied counts. More extensive mortgage information is collected on the long-form questionnaire.

Renter occupied. All occupied housing units that are not owner occupied, whether they are rented for cash rent or occupied without payment of cash rent, are classified as renter occupied. "No cash rent" units are separately identified in the rent tabulations. Such units are generally provided free by friends or relatives or in exchange for services, such as resident manager, caretaker, minister, or tenant farmer. Housing units on military bases also are classified in the "No cash rent" category. "Rented for cash rent" includes units in continuing care, sometimes called life care arrangements. These arrangements usually involve a contract between one or more individuals and a service provider guaranteeing the individual shelter, usually a house or apartment, and services, such as meals or transportation to shopping or recreation.

Comparability. Data on tenure have been collected since 1890. In 1990, the response categories were expanded to allow the respondent to report whether the unit was owned with a mortgage or loan, or free and clear (without a mortgage). The distinction between units owned with a mortgage and units owned free and clear was added in 1990 to improve the count of owner-occupied units. Research after the 1980 census indicated some respondents did not consider their units owned if they had a mortgage. In Census 2000, we continued with the same tenure categories used in the 1990 census.

Vacancy Status

The data on vacancy status were obtained from Enumerator Questionnaire, Item C. Vacancy status and other characteristics of vacant units were determined by census enumerators obtaining information from landlords, owners, neighbors, rental agents, and others. Vacant units are subdivided according to their housing market classification as follows:

For rent. These are vacant units offered "for rent" and vacant units offered either "for rent or for sale."

For sale only. These are vacant units offered "for sale only," including units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "for sale only."

Rented or sold, not occupied. If any money rent has been paid or agreed upon but the new renter has not moved in as of the date of enumeration, or if the unit has recently been sold but the new owner has not yet moved in, the vacant unit is classified as "rented or sold, not occupied."

For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use. These are vacant units used or intended for use only in certain seasons, for weekends, or other occasional use throughout the year. Seasonal units include those used for summer or winter sports or recreation, such as beach cottages and hunting cabins. Seasonal units also may include quarters for such workers as herders and loggers. Interval ownership units, sometimes called shared-ownership or time-sharing condominiums, also are included in this category.

For migrant workers. These include vacant units intended for occupancy by migratory workers employed in farm work during the crop season. (Work in a cannery, a freezer plant, or a food-processing plant is not farm work.)

Other vacant. If a vacant unit does not fall into any of the classifications specified above, it is classified as "other vacant." For example, this category includes units held for occupancy by a caretaker or janitor, and units held for personal reasons of the owner.

Available housing. Available housing units are vacant units that are for sale only or for rent.

Available housing vacancy rate. The proportion of the housing inventory that is available for sale only or for rent. It is computed by dividing the number of available units by the sum of the occupied units and the number of available units, and then multiplying by 100.

Homeowner vacancy rate. The proportion of the homeowner housing inventory that is vacant for sale. It is computed by dividing the number of vacant units for sale only by the sum of the owner-occupied units and vacant units that are for sale only, and then multiplying by 100.

Rental vacancy rate. The proportion of the rental inventory that is vacant for rent. It is computed by dividing the number of vacant units for rent by the sum of the renter-occupied units and the number of vacant units for rent, and then multiplying by 100.

Comparability. Data on vacancy status have been collected since 1940. Since 1990, we have used the category "For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use." In earlier censuses, separate categories were used to collect data on these types of vacant units. Also, in 1970 and 1980, housing characteristics generally were presented only for year-round units. Beginning in 1990 and continuing into Census 2000, housing characteristics are shown for all housing units.

DERIVED MEASURES

Census data products include various derived measures, such as medians, means, and percentages, as well as certain rates and ratios. Derived measures that round to less than 0.1 are not shown but indicated as zero.

Average

See Mean.

Interpolation

Interpolation frequently is used in calculating medians based on interval data and in approximating standard errors from tables. Linear interpolation is used to estimate values of a function between two known values. This is the form of interpolation used to calculate median age.

Mean

This measure represents an arithmetic average of a set of values. It is derived by dividing the sum (or aggregate) of a group of numerical items by the total number of items in that group. For example, average family size is obtained by dividing the number of people in families by the total number of families (or family householders). (Additional information on means and aggregates is included in the separate explanations of many of the population and housing subjects.)

Median

This measure represents the middle value (if n is odd) or the average of the two middle values (if n is even) in an ordered list of n data values. The median divides the total frequency distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases fall below the median and one-half of the cases exceed the median. Each median is calculated using a standard distribution. (See also "Interpolation.")

For data products in publication or display table format, if the median falls within the upper interval of an open-ended distribution, the median is shown as the initial value of the interval followed by a plus sign (+), or if within the lower interval, the median is shown as the upper value of the category followed by a minus sign (-).

For products on CD-ROM and products that can be downloaded by a user as data files (no text, just numbers), if the median falls within the upper or lower interval, it is set to a specified value, but with no plus or minus symbol.

Percentage

This measure is calculated by taking the number of items in a group possessing a characteristic of interest and dividing by the total number of items in that group, and then multiplying by 100.

Rate

This is a measure of occurrences in a given period of time divided by the possible number of occurrences during that period. Rates are sometimes presented as percentages.

Appendix C. Data Collection and Processing Procedures

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ENUMERATION AND RESIDENCE RULES

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first U.S. census in 1790, each person was to be enumerated as an inhabitant of his or her "usual residence" in Census 2000. Usual residence is the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of rules for certain categories of people whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that people were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1, 2000).

United States

Enumeration rules. Each person whose usual residence was in the United States was to be included in the census, without regard to the person's legal status or citizenship. As in previous censuses, people specifically excluded from the census were citizens of foreign countries temporarily traveling or visiting in the United States who had not established a residence.

Americans temporarily overseas were to be enumerated at their usual residence in the United States. With some exceptions, Americans with a usual residence outside the United States were not enumerated in Census 2000. U.S. military personnel and federal civilian employees stationed outside the United States, and their dependents living with them, are included in the population counts for the 50 states for purposes of Congressional apportionment but are excluded from all other tabulations for states and their subdivisions. The counts of overseas U.S. military personnel,

federal civilian employees, and their dependents were obtained from administrative records maintained by the employing federal departments and agencies. Other Americans living overseas who were not affiliated with the U.S. government were not included in the census.

Residence rules. Each person included in the census was to be counted at his or her usual residence—the place where he or she lives and sleeps most of the time. If a person had no usual residence, the person was to be counted where he or she was staying on Census Day.

People temporarily away from their usual residence on Census Day, such as on a vacation or business trip, were to be counted at their usual residence.

Armed forces personnel in the United States. Members of the U.S. Armed Forces were counted at their usual residence (the place where they lived and slept most of the time), whether it was on or off the military installation. Family members of armed forces personnel were counted at their usual residence (for example, with the armed forces person or at another location).

Personnel assigned to each Navy and Coast Guard vessel with a U.S. homeport were given the opportunity to report an onshore residence where they usually stayed when they were off the ship. Those who reported an onshore residence were counted there; those who did not were counted at their vessel's homeport.

Personnel on U.S. flag merchant vessels. Crews of U.S. flag merchant vessels docked in a U.S. port, sailing from one U.S. port to another U.S. port, or sailing from a U.S. port to a Puerto Rico port were counted at their usual onshore residence if they reported one. Those who did not were counted as residents of the ship and were assigned as follows:

- The U.S. port, if the vessel was docked there on Census Day.
- The port of departure, if the ship was sailing from one U.S. port to another U.S. port, or from a U.S. port to a Puerto Rico port.

Crews of U.S. merchant ships docked in a foreign port (including the U.S. Virgin Islands, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and Guam), sailing from one foreign port to another foreign port, sailing from a U.S. port to a foreign port, or sailing from a foreign port to a U.S. port were not included in the census.

People away at school. College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since the 1950 census. Children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

People in institutions. People under formally authorized, supervised care or custody, such as in federal or state prisons; local jails; federal detention centers; juvenile institutions; nursing or convalescent homes for the aged or dependent; or homes, schools, hospitals, or wards for the physically handicapped, mentally retarded, or mentally ill; or in drug/alcohol recovery facilities were counted at these places.

People in general hospitals. People in general hospitals or wards (including Veterans Affairs hospitals) on Census Day were counted at their usual residence. Newborn babies were counted at the residence where they would be living.

People in shelters. People staying on Census Day at emergency or transitional shelters with sleeping facilities for people without housing, such as for abused women or runaway or neglected youth, were counted at the shelter.

People with multiple residences. People who lived at more than one residence during the week, month, or year were counted at the place where they lived most of the time. For example, commuter workers living away part of the week while working were counted at the residence where they stayed most of the week. Likewise, people who lived in one state but spent the winter in another state with a warmer climate ("snowbirds") were to be counted at the residence where they lived most of the year.

People away from their usual residence on Census Day. Temporary, migrant, or seasonal workers who did not report a usual U.S. residence elsewhere were counted as residents of the place where they were on Census Day.

In some areas, natural disasters (hurricanes, tornadoes, flooding, and so forth) displaced households from their usual place of residence. If these people reported a destroyed or damaged residence as their usual residence, they were counted at that location.

People away from their usual residence were counted by means of interviews with other members of their families, resident managers, or neighbors.

Puerto Rico

Enumeration rules. Each person whose usual residence was in Puerto Rico was to be included in the census, without regard to the person's legal status or citizenship. As in previous censuses, people specifically excluded from the census were citizens of foreign countries temporarily traveling or visiting in Puerto Rico who had not established a residence.

Americans usually living in Puerto Rico but temporarily overseas were to be enumerated at their usual residence in Puerto Rico. Americans with a usual residence outside Puerto Rico were not counted as part of the Puerto Rico resident population.

Residence rules. Each person included in the census was to be counted at his or her usual residence—the place where he or she lives and sleeps most of the time. If a person had no usual residence, the person was to be counted where he or she was staying on Census Day.

People temporarily away from their usual residence on Census Day were to be counted at their usual residence.

Armed forces personnel in Puerto Rico. Members of the U.S. Armed Forces were counted at their usual residence (the place where they lived and slept most of the time), whether it was on or off the military installation. Family members of armed forces personnel were counted at their usual residence (for example, with the armed forces person or at another location).

Personnel assigned to each Navy and Coast Guard vessel with a Puerto Rico homeport were given the opportunity to report an onshore residence where they usually stayed when they were off the ship. Those who reported an onshore residence were counted there; those who did not were counted at their vessel's homeport.

Personnel on U.S. flag merchant vessels. Crews of U.S. flag merchant vessels docked in a Puerto Rico port, sailing from one Puerto Rico port to another Puerto Rico port, or sailing from a Puerto Rico port to a U.S. port were counted at their usual onshore residence if they reported one. Those who did not were counted as residents of the ship and were assigned as follows:

- The Puerto Rico port if the vessel was docked there on Census Day.
- The port of departure if the ship was sailing from one Puerto Rico port to another Puerto Rico port or from a Puerto Rico port to a U.S. port.

Crews of U.S. merchant ships docked in a foreign port (including the U.S. Virgin Islands, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and Guam), sailing from a Puerto Rico port to a foreign port, or sailing from a foreign port to a Puerto Rico port were not included in the census.

People away at school. College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since the 1950 census. Children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

People in institutions. People under formally authorized, supervised care or custody, such as in federal or state prisons; local jails; federal detention centers; juvenile institutions; nursing or convalescent homes for the aged or dependent; or homes, schools, hospitals, or wards for the physically handicapped, mentally retarded, or mentally ill; or in drug/alcohol recovery facilities were counted at these places.

People in general hospitals. People in general hospitals or wards (including Veterans Affairs hospitals) on Census Day were counted at their usual residence. Newborn babies were counted at the residence where they would be living.

People in shelters. People staying on Census Day at emergency or transitional shelters with sleeping facilities for people without housing, such as for abused women or runaway or neglected youth, were counted at the shelter.

People with multiple residences. People who lived at more than one residence during the week, month, or year were counted at the place where they lived most of the time. For example, commuter workers living away part of the week while working were counted at the residence where they stayed most of the week.

People away from their usual residence on Census Day. Temporary, migrant, or seasonal workers who did not report a usual Puerto Rico residence elsewhere were counted as residents of the place where they were on Census Day.

In some areas, natural disasters (hurricanes, tornadoes, flooding, and so forth) displaced households from their usual place of residence. If these people reported a destroyed or damaged residence as their usual residence, they were counted at that location.

People away from their usual residence were counted by means of interviews with other members of their families, resident managers, or neighbors.

MAJOR COMPONENTS OF THE CENSUS 2000 PLAN

The Census Bureau prepared the Census 2000 plan to ensure the most accurate decennial census legally possible. This plan included data collection from 100 percent of households and housing units. In addition, the plan included an extensive statistical operation to measure and correct overall and differential coverage of U.S. residents in Census 2000. This operation consisted of a scientific sample of approximately 300,000 housing units and used regional groupings to generate corrected counts. To ensure that Census 2000 will be both more accurate and more cost-effective than the 1990 Census, the Census Bureau reviewed its procedures with input from a wide array of experts. In addition, the Census Bureau and Department of Commerce officials held more than 100 briefings for the members of Congress and their staff on the plan for Census 2000. The result has been an innovative departure from past practices that substantially increased overall accuracy and addressed the differential undercount of children, renters, and minorities. At the same time, the new methods of enumeration saved money and delivered results more quickly. The major components of the plan for Census 2000 included:

1. The Master Address File

To conduct Census 2000, the Census Bureau needed to identify and locate an estimated 118 million housing units in the Nation. The Census Bureau accomplished this goal by developing and maintaining the Master Address File (MAF). This vital operation took place with the assistance of the U.S. Postal Service (USPS); other federal agencies; tribal, state and local governments; community organizations; and by an intensive canvass of selected areas. The resulting file was more comprehensive than ever before.

In 1990, the Census Bureau relied on address lists purchased from vendors. As these lists were originally generated for marketing purposes, they proved to be less accurate in low-income areas. As a result, during the 1990 census, housing units were missed often enough to contribute notably to the undercount problem. Plans for Census 2000 were designed to address weaknesses found in the 1990 address list. The Census 2000 MAF started with the USPS address list, a list that

does not discriminate against certain areas because of their marketing potential. Partnerships with state and local officials, community organizations, and tribal governments also played an important role in making sure the MAF is accurate; the local officials who knew the areas best helped develop the MAF. Finally, the Bureau made intensive efforts to create address lists in rural areas well in advance of the census.

City-style addresses. The USPS uses the term "city-style" for an address such as "123 Main Street," even though such an address may occur in small towns and increasingly along country roads. In areas where the USPS delivers mail primarily to city-style addresses, the Census Bureau created the MAF by combining addresses from the 1990 Census Address Control File with those addresses in the USPS Delivery Sequence File (DSF). The DSF is a national file of individual delivery point addresses. As part of a cooperative agreement, the USPS provided the Census Bureau with updated DSFs on a regular basis. The Bureau then located these addresses in its computer mapping system called TIGER® (Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing). If an address could not be located, the location was researched and resolved through an office operation or through assistance from local partners. As a result of this research, the Bureau identified new features and corrected and added address ranges to the TIGER® database.

Noncity-style addresses. In late 1998 and early 1999, the Census Bureau launched a comprehensive effort to canvass areas where most residences did not have city-style addresses. Over 30,000 canvassers visited approximately 22 million residences without a street address to enter their locations in the TIGER® system. The combination of innovative use of computer data and technology along with these visits allowed the Bureau to construct the most accurate address list ever, giving field enumerators more time to meet other challenges presented by the 2000 count.

Remote areas. In a few extremely remote and sparsely settled areas, census enumerators created the address list at the time of the initial census data collection while canvassing their assignment area and picking up or completing unaddressed questionnaires that the USPS previously had delivered to each household.

Nontraditional living quarters. A separate operation built an inventory of all facilities that were not traditional living quarters; for example, prisons and hospitals. The Bureau interviewed an official at each location using a Facility Questionnaire. The responses to the questionnaire identified each group quarters and any housing units associated with the location. The Bureau classified each group quarters and its associated housing units at the location according to whether they would be enumerated as part of special place enumeration or through regular enumeration. The Bureau added these group quarters and housing units to the MAF and linked them to the TIGER® database.

Local government partnerships. The Bureau relied on local knowledge to build the MAF. State, local, and tribal governments; regional and metropolitan planning agencies; and related nongovernmental organizations were encouraged to submit locally developed and maintained city-style address lists to the Census Bureau to enhance the MAF. The Bureau matched the local lists both to the MAF and TIGER® database and verified the status of each newly identified address through ongoing matches to updated address information from the USPS, other independent sources, and its own field operations. The Local Update of Census Addresses (LUCA) program was a partnership that allowed local and tribal governments to designate a liaison to review the portion of the MAF that covered their jurisdiction to help ensure its completeness. After processing the LUCA input, the Census Bureau provided feedback on the status of the adds, deletes, and corrections of addresses to the liaisons. The updated address list then was used to deliver census questionnaires.

2. Public Outreach and Marketing

In 1990, the mail response rate dropped in spite of the Census Bureau's support of a public service announcement (PSA) effort that aired donated advertisements. Part of this drop was caused by the Bureau's inability to ensure that PSAs were broadcast at optimum times and in appropriate

markets. An evaluation of the 1990 PSA campaign noted that the ads were seldom placed at optimal times because decisions about when to air PSAs rested with local radio and television stations. Sixty percent of the U.S. population received 91 percent of the census advertising impact; 40 percent received only 9 percent. Based on its studies of prior outreach campaigns, the Bureau concluded that the professional control of a paid media campaign would produce the best results. Census 2000 launched a vigorous public outreach campaign to educate everyone about the importance of being counted. Among the improvements in public outreach and marketing were:

Partnerships/targeted community outreach. The Census Bureau built partnerships with local and tribal governments, businesses, and community groups to get the word out, to endorse the census, and to encourage constituents to respond. Beginning in 1996 and expanding in 1998, the Bureau hired government and community specialists to build relationships with local community and service-based organizations, focusing on groups representing traditionally undercounted populations. The Bureau deployed an extensive outreach program to reach schools, public sector employees, American Indians, and religious organizations. Businesses, nonprofit groups, and labor organizations also were asked to endorse participation and to publicize the census through employee newsletters, inserts with paychecks, and through communications with members and local chapters.

Direct mail. The census questionnaire and related materials delivered to individual addresses carried the same themes and messages as the overall campaign.

Public relations. The Census Bureau used public meetings and the news media to inform the public about the value of the census and to encourage response. Communications specialists were assigned to each field office to perform media outreach, to respond to media inquiries, and to coordinate the dissemination of the Census 2000 message. In many communities, the Census Bureau established local broadcaster/news director committees to emphasize Census 2000 to television viewers and radio listeners through broadcast segments and editorials in newspapers.

Paid advertising. The Census Bureau planned a targeted campaign to reach everyone through ads in newspapers, magazines, billboards, posters, radio, and television. A private advertising firm designed and implemented the Census 2000 advertising campaign. The Census Bureau conducted a first-ever paid advertising campaign, including a national media campaign aimed at increasing mail response. The campaign included advertising directed at raising mail response rates among historically undercounted populations, with special messages targeted to hard-to-enumerate populations. Advertising also focused on encouraging cooperation during the nonresponse follow-up procedures.

Media public relations. The Census Bureau assigned media specialists to the regional census centers to cultivate local press contacts and respond to local media inquiries.

Promotion and special events. A variety of special events, including parades, athletic events and public services television documentaries were cosponsored by state, local, and tribal governments and by community organizations and businesses to motivate people to respond.

More ways to respond. In 2000, in addition to mailing the census questionnaires, the Census Bureau made the forms available in stores and malls, in civic or community centers, in schools, and in other locations frequented by the public. A well-publicized, toll-free telephone number was available for those who wished to respond to the census by telephone. People also had the option to respond to the short form via the Internet.

Multiple languages. In 2000, as in all prior decennial censuses, questionnaires were in English (the Census Bureau has made Spanish-language questionnaires available in the past). However, for the first time in a decennial census, households had the option to request and receive questionnaires in five other languages (Spanish, Chinese, Korean, Tagalog, and Vietnamese). In addition, questionnaire assistance booklets were available in 49 languages.

3. Questionnaire Mailout/Mailback

In Census 2000, the questionnaire mailout/mailback system was the primary means of census-taking, as it has been since 1970. The short form was delivered to approximately 83 percent of all housing units. The short form asked only the basic population and housing questions, while the long form included additional questions on the characteristics of each person and of the housing unit. The long form was delivered to a sample of approximately 17 percent of all housing units.

USPS letter carriers delivered questionnaires to the vast majority of housing units that had city-style addresses. In areas without such addresses, enumerators hand delivered addressed census questionnaires to each housing unit. In very remote or sparsely populated areas, enumerators visited each housing unit and picked up or completed unaddressed questionnaires that the USPS previously delivered to each unit.

4. Collecting Data on Populations Living in Nontraditional Households

During a decennial census, the Census Bureau not only counts people living in houses and apartments, but also must count people who live in group quarters and other nontraditional housing units, as well as people with no usual residence. These units include nursing homes, group homes, college dormitories, migrant and seasonal farm worker camps, military barracks or installations, American Indian reservations, and remote areas in Alaska.

Some of the methods that were used for these special populations are listed below:

- The Census Bureau designed an operation for Census 2000 called Service-Based Enumeration (SBE) to improve the count of individuals who might not be included through standard enumeration methods. The SBE operation was conducted in selected service locations, such as shelters and soup kitchens, and at targeted outdoor locations.
- Another special operation counted highly transient individuals living at recreational vehicle campgrounds and parks, commercial or public campgrounds, marinas, and even workers' quarters at fairs and carnivals.
- The Census Bureau worked with tribal officials to select the appropriate data collection methodologies for American Indian reservations.
- Remote areas of Alaska, often accessible only by small airplanes, snowmobiles, four wheel-drive vehicles, or dogsleds, were enumerated beginning in mid-February. This special timing permitted travel to these areas while conditions are most favorable.
- The Census Bureau worked with the Department of Defense and the U.S. Coast Guard to count individuals living on military installations, and with the U.S. Maritime Administration to identify maritime vessels for enumeration.

5. Collecting Long Form Data to Meet Federal Requirements

The census is the only data gathering effort that collects the same information from enough people to get comparable data for every geographic area in the United States. The Census Bureau has used the long form on a sample basis since 1940 to collect more data, while reducing overall respondent burden. The Census 2000 long form asked questions addressing the same 7 subjects that appeared on the short form, plus an additional 27 subjects which were either specifically required by law to be included in the census or were required in order to implement other federal programs.

6. Retrieving and Processing the Data From the Returned Forms

The Census Bureau contracted with the private sector to secure the best available data capture technology. This technology allowed the Census Bureau to control, manage, and process Census 2000 data more efficiently.

The Census 2000 Data Capture System has been a complex network of operational controls and processing routines. The Census Bureau recorded a full electronic image of many of the questionnaires, sorted mail-return questionnaires automatically, used optical mark recognition for all check-box items, and used optical character recognition to capture write-in character based data

items. The system allowed the Census Bureau to reduce the logistical burdens associated with handling large volumes of paper questionnaires. Once forms were checked in, prepared, and scanned, all subsequent operations were accomplished using the electronic image and data capture.

7. Matching and Unduplication

One of the main goals of Census 2000 was to make it simpler for people to be counted by having census forms available in public locations and providing multiple language translations. Responses also were accepted over the telephone and, for the short form only, on the Internet. These options made it easier for everyone to be counted, but increased the possibility of multiple responses for a given person and household. Advances in computer technology in the areas of computer storage, retrieval, and matching, along with image capture and recognition, gave the Census Bureau the flexibility to provide multiple response options without incurring undue risk to the accuracy of the resulting census data. Unduplication of multiple responses in past censuses required massive clerical operations. Modern technology allowed the Census Bureau to spot and eliminate multiple responses from the same household.

8. Geographic Database Development—TIGER®

The Census Bureau's TIGER® (Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing) system provided the geographic structure for the control of the data collection, tabulation, and dissemination operations for Census 2000. The TIGER® system links each living quarter to a spatial location, each location to a specific geographic area, and each geographic area to the correct name or number and attributes. The database constantly changes; for example, when new streets are built and the names and address ranges of existing streets change. To ensure that the TIGER® database is complete and correct, the Census Bureau works with other federal agencies; state, local and tribal governments; and other public and private groups to update both its inventory of geographic features and its depiction of the boundaries, names, and attributes of the various geographic entities for which the Census Bureau tabulates data.

The Census Bureau obtains updates to the features in the TIGER® system, including associated address ranges, from its various address list improvement activities, from partnership efforts like the Local Update of Census Addresses (LUCA) program, from digital files provided by some local and tribal governments, and from local and tribal governments in response to a preview of the census map of their jurisdictions.

As a part of updating the TIGER® system, the Census Bureau conducted boundary surveys in 1998 and 1999 to determine the boundaries that were in effect on January 1, 2000, which were the official Census 2000 boundaries for functioning governments. The Census Bureau also relied on other programs to update the TIGER® boundaries data, including a program that allowed local or tribal officials to review proposed Census 2000 boundaries a program that allowed local and tribal participants the opportunity to delineate Census 2000 participant statistical areas (block groups, census county divisions, census designated places, and census tracts) and additional programs that offered participants the opportunity to identify other areas for which the Census Bureau would tabulate data (for example, traffic analysis zones).

9. Field Offices and Staffing

The Census Bureau opened a national network of temporary offices from which employees collected and processed the data for Census 2000. Establishing the office network required, for most offices, the leasing of office space, purchasing furniture and equipment, purchasing and installing computer hardware and software, and establishing voice and data line connections. The plan for the office structure included:

■ 12 Regional Census Centers (RCCs). Through a network of Census Field Offices, the RCCs managed all census field data collections operations, address listings, and address list enhancement for city-style address areas; coordinated the LUCA program; produced maps; updated TIGER®; worked with local participants in the Public Law 94–171 Redistricting Data Program; and recruited temporary staff.

- 402 Census Field Offices (CFOs). Opened in September 1998, these offices helped with address listing; conducted local recruiting; and performed clerical review of completed field address listing work.
- **520 Local Census Offices (LCOs).** These offices produced enumerator maps and assignments; conducted local recruiting; conducted outreach and promotion; conducted group quarters and service-based enumeration activities; conducted update/leave and list/enumerate operations; conducted nonresponse follow-up, coverage improvement follow-up, and address verifications; and performed the block canvass operations.
- 3 New Data Capture Centers (DCCs). These centers checked in mail returns, prepared questionnaires, and conducted data capture.
- 1 National Processing Center (NPC). In addition to performing the functions of a Data Processing Center, it processed address listing data and performed coding of questionnaire data.

To conduct a successful Census 2000, the Census Bureau recruited and tested hundreds of thousands of applicants for a wide range of positions, such as local census office managers, enumerators, partnership specialists, media specialists, and clerks. This required an extraordinary recruiting effort throughout the country. Every job applicant was required to pass a written test and was screened for criminal history. Applicants selected for employment had to take an oath of office and sign an affidavit agreeing not to disclose census information.

Many factors converged to present the Census Bureau with unprecedented challenges in hiring, retraining, and training the necessary employees for Census 2000. To address this challenge, the Census Bureau implemented several new approaches:

- Innovative methods of setting pay and incentives.
- Expanding the potential labor force by working with other federal agencies and state agencies to reduce barriers presented by various income transfer programs, and encouraging recipients of these programs to work for the Census Bureau. Consistent with these efforts, the Census Bureau hired more welfare-to-work employees than any other federal agency.
- Earlier and expanded training for enumerators.

10. Data Collection: Basic Enumeration Strategy

To ensure that the Census Bureau obtained a completed questionnaire from every household, or as close to that as possible, the Census Bureau developed a ten-part, integrated enumeration strategy.

- The first part of this strategy ensured that a questionnaire was delivered to every housing unit, by one of three data collection methods:
 - **Mailout/mailback.** U.S. Postal Service delivered questionnaires to every "city style" housing unit with a street name and house number.
 - **Update/leave.** Census enumerators delivered questionnaires to housing units without street names and house numbers to be mailed back, mainly in rural areas, and corrected and updated the address list and maps for any additions or errors.
 - **List/enumerate.** In remote and sparsely populated areas, enumerators visited every housing unit and completed the enumeration as delivered.
- The second part of this strategy provided people with assistance, as needed, to complete and return their questionnaires.
 - **Telephone questionnaire assistance (TQA).** The Census Bureau operated a toll-free TQA system, in English, Spanish, and several other languages, providing automated touchtone answers to common questions, personal operator answers to those requesting it, and special service for the hearing impaired to assist them in completing a short form. Callers also could request a questionnaire.

- **Internet.** Respondents were able to access an Internet Web site to both receive assistance and, for short forms, submit their responses.
- Questionnaire assistance centers. The Census Bureau opened Walk-In Questionnaire Assistance Centers in convenient locations to assist respondents with filling out questionnaires in person. Bilingual staff was available in these centers.
- **Questionnaire assistance guides.** Questionnaire Assistance Guides were available in 49 languages.
- The third part of this strategy provided a means for people who believed they had not received a questionnaire or were not included on one. Part of this operation was targeted to members of historically undercounted groups. The major element of this operation was the distribution of "Be Counted Questionnaires." The Census Bureau distributed these questionnaires at public locations, such as Walk-In Questionnaire Assistance Centers and some public and private facilities, staffed with bilingual competencies when appropriate. These forms were available in English, Spanish, Korean, Chinese, Vietnamese, and Tagalog.
- The fourth part of this strategy was designed to enumerate people who did not live in traditional housing units, including group quarters situations, such as nursing homes and college dormitories; people living in migrant farm worker camps, on boats, on military installations; and federal employees living overseas. This part of the strategy was expanded further because the Census 2000 Dress Rehearsal results indicated that, compared to 1990, many more people did not live in traditional housing units.
 - **Group quarters enumeration.** This operation identified the location of all group living quarters and made advance visits to each group quarter. Census staff listed all residents in April 2000 and distributed questionnaire packets.
 - **Transient night operation.** Transient night enumerated people living a mobile lifestyle by visiting and interviewing people at racetracks, commercial or public campgrounds and those for recreational vehicles, fairs and carnivals, and marinas.
 - **Remote Alaska enumeration.** This operation sent out enumerators to deliver and complete questionnaires for people living in outlying or remote settlements in Alaska.
 - **Domestic military/maritime enumeration.** The Census Bureau, in cooperation with the Department of Defense and U.S. Coast Guard, identified living quarters and housing units on military installations and ships assigned to a U.S. home port and used appropriate enumeration methods.
 - **Overseas enumeration.** The Census Bureau, in cooperation with the Department of Defense and other departments, counted federal employees assigned overseas (including members of the armed forces) and their dependents, for apportionment purposes.
- The fifth part of this strategy targeted people with no usual residence or address. This operation was conducted at selective service locations, such as shelters and soup kitchens and non-sheltered outdoor locations.
- The sixth part of this strategy deployed special data collection methods to improve cooperation and enumeration in certain hard-to-enumerate areas.
 - Regional Census Centers used the planning database and their knowledge of local conditions
 to identify appropriate areas for targeted methods. A team of enumerators then went to targeted areas, such as areas with high concentrations of multiunit buildings, safety concerns
 or low enumerator production rates, and conducted team enumerations.
 - Mail response rates and maps were available to local and tribal officials so they could work with Census Bureau staff to identify low-response areas and implement additional outreach and publicity efforts and targeted enumeration efforts.

- In partnership with local and tribal governments and community-based organizations, local census offices established Walk-In Questionnaire Assistance Centers in locations, such as community centers and large apartment buildings, to provide assistance in English, Spanish, and other and foreign languages.
- The Be Counted Program made unaddressed questionnaires available in the Walk-In Assistance Centers and other locations.
- Letters were mailed to managers of large multiunit structures and gated communities informing them of upcoming census operations.
- In preidentified census blocks, census enumerators canvassed the blocks, updated the address list, and delivered and completed census questionnaires for all housing units.
- In preidentified blocks originally classified as "Mailout/Mailback" areas, enumerators delivered the questionnaire and updated the address list (Urban Update/Leave).
- The seventh part of this strategy, coverage-edit and telephone follow-up, reviewed completed questionnaires for potential missing, incomplete, or inconsistent data.
 - **Coverage edit.** The Census Bureau checked completed questionnaires for discrepancies between the number of persons reported and the number of persons for whom information was provided, forms returned where population count was blank, and forms for certain households that contained complex living arrangements.
 - **Follow-up.** Telephone clerks contacted and reinterviewed the households with discrepancies identified after mail returns were data captured; field staff resolved discrepancies found on enumerator returned questionnaires.
 - **Content edit.** Computer operations identified missing or incomplete responses to population or housing units and used statistical imputation to complete the information.
- The eighth part of this strategy, nonresponse follow-up (NRFU), was the effort to secure a response in Census 2000 from every housing unit and resident. One hundred percent of nonresponding households were followed up.
 - In the initial period, the Census Bureau used reminder publicity urging people to return their questionnaires.
 - Following the period of mail response, nonresponding households were identified and listed.
 - Enumerators visited all nonresponding addresses to obtain a completed questionnaire for each household.
 - In mailout/mailback areas, enumerators also followed up 100 percent of housing units identified as nonexistent or vacant by the U.S. Postal Service.
 - In update/leave areas, enumerators followed up 100 percent of housing units where the Census Bureau was unable to deliver questionnaires.
 - The Census Bureau conducted quality assurance checks of NRFU to ensure the completeness and accuracy of the operations.
- The ninth part of strategy involved additional operations to improve the coverage of Census 2000.
 - In mailout/mailback areas, enumerators revisited addresses for which questionnaires were returned in NRFU reporting the housing unit as vacant or delete and which were not initially identified by the U.S. Postal Service as undeliverable as addressed.
 - In update/leave areas, enumerators revisited addresses for which a questionnaire was returned as vacant or nonexistent in NRFU, but the questionnaire was not returned as undeliverable during the update/leave operation.
 - In both mailout/mailback and update/leave areas, mail returns checked in but not data captured were rechecked and, if necessary, revisited.

The tenth part of this strategy was unduplication, which involved reviewing and selecting person information when more than one questionnaire data set was reported for a single address. Dress Rehearsal results showed that the multiple ways in which people could respond to the census increased the possibility of more than one response being submitted for a given person or household. Automated matching technologies allowed the Census Bureau to resolve situations where more than one form was received for an address.

11. Special Populations

American Indian and Alaska Native Areas and Hawaiian Home Lands

The Census Bureau based its strategy for enumerating the populations in the American Indian and Alaska Native Areas (AIANAs) and Hawaiian home lands on building partnerships for:

- Address list development. The Census Bureau used U.S. Postal Service's Delivery Sequence Files in AlaNAs and Hawaiian home lands where there were city-style addresses. In other areas, the census enumerators used the "update/leave" method where a form is left with the respondent for return by mail. In more remote areas, the census enumerator actually delivered the form and conducted the census interview all in one visit. Tribal governments had an opportunity to participate in the LUCA program. The Census Bureau worked with tribal officials to select the appropriate data collection methodology for each area.
- **Geographic programs.** There were many programs available to review and define geographic areas (see Appendix A for more details).
- Marketing. Census Bureau staff and tribal liaisons compiled lists of available media for paid advertising and promotion. The Census Bureau also enlisted the help of tribal liaisons and locally established "Complete Count Committees" to assist with promotional activities.
- **Field operations.** The Census Bureau worked with tribal governments to assist in all levels of field operations, including training local staff in cultural awareness, assisting in recruiting efforts, and identifying locations for census questionnaire assistance centers.
- **Data dissemination.** While most data were processed in the same way as data for rest of the nation, the Census Bureau worked with tribal governments to meet their data needs.

Puerto Rico

The Census 2000 operations in Puerto Rico were comparable to activities in the 50 states and the District of Columbia. The Census Bureau worked in partnership with the government of Puerto Rico to ensure that Census 2000 data met the federal legal requirements.

- Build partnerships at every stage of the process. The Census Bureau entered a Memorandum of Agreement with the governor of Puerto Rico which outlined mutual roles and responsibilities. In consultation with the government of Puerto Rico, census questionnaire content was developed to meet the legislative and programmatic needs of Puerto Rico. A separate advertisement and promotion campaign was conducted in Puerto Rico to build awareness of the census and boost participation. Address list development allowed Puerto Rico to participate in the LUCA program.
- **Census questionnaires.** Census questionnaires were readily available in Spanish and also in English, if requested. In Puerto Rico, only update/leave method was used to distribute questionnaires. However, questionnaires also were placed in Walk-In Questionnaire Assistance Centers and other locations identified through consultation with local partners.
- **Use of technology.** The Census Bureau made use of the same technological advances that were used in the United States. Many operations performed clerically in 1990 were automated. Data users have access to Census 2000 data products through the Internet using the American FactFinder® (AFF) system. The AFF offers a separate user interface utilizing the Spanish language for Census 2000 Puerto Rico data.

• Special techniques to improve coverage. The update/leave methodology for census data collection was used for the first time in Puerto Rico. Census enumerators updated the Master Address File for Puerto Rico while delivering questionnaires. Respondents had the opportunity to complete the census questionnaires and return them by mail.

Island Areas

The Census Bureau conducted the Census 2000 operations in American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, and the U.S. Virgin Islands (collectively referred to as the "Island Areas") in partnerships with the government of each area. These partnerships ensured that Census 2000 data met federal legal requirements, as well as the specific needs of each area. The Census 2000 operations in the Island Areas were built around the following:

- **Data collection.** Data collection in the Island Areas used the list/enumerate method. This decision was based on recommendations from Island Area representatives and an analysis of the various data collection methodologies. Unlike stateside list/enumerate procedures, the Census Bureau delivered Advance Census Reports before the list/enumerate operation and asked respondents to complete the form and hold it for enumerator to pick up.
- **Build partnerships at every stage of the process.** The Census Bureau developed and signed a Memorandum of Agreement with the governor of each Island Area that outlined mutual roles and responsibilities. In consultation with the governments of the Island Areas, census questionnaire content was developed to meet the legislative and programmatic needs of each Island Area. A separate advertisement and promotion campaign was developed for each Island Area to build awareness of the census and boost participation.
- **Census questionnaires.** Census questionnaires and other forms were readily available to respondents in convenient locations identified through consultation with local partners.
- **Use of technology.** The Census Bureau made greater use of the telephone to provide assistance to respondents with questions about Census 2000. Data users have access to Census 2000 data and products through the Internet using the American FactFinder system.

12. Telecommunications Support and Automated Data Processing

Using dedicated links and other secure lines, the Census 2000 telecommunications network linked all census offices including: Census Headquarters in Suitland, Maryland, the 520 Local Census Offices, the 12 Regional Census Centers, the Puerto Rico Area Office, the Maryland Computer Center in Bowie, the National Processing Center in Jeffersonville, Indiana, and the three contracted Data Capture Centers (Phoenix, AZ, Pomona, CA, and Essex, MD). The Census Bureau also established communication links with planned commercial telephone centers to assist with the Telephone Questionnaire Assistance program and the coverage edit follow-up program.

The use of electronic imaging reduced the logistical and staffing requirements of handling large volumes of paper questionnaires. Some components of data capture were performed by private-sector partners. The Census Bureau used commercially available advanced hardware and software rather than limiting itself to creating in-house solutions.

The most significant features of the Data Capture System included (1) work divided among four centers, (2) full electronic imaging and processing of questionnaires, (3) automated sorting of mailed responses, (4) optical mark recognition for check-box data, (5) optical character recognition for write-in data with automated processes to resolve difficult cases, and (6) quality assurance checks.

13. Quality Assurance

To detect, correct, and minimize performance errors in critical census operations, the Census Bureau developed individual quality assurance plans for all activities that could contribute to errors in outcome, such as misprinted census forms, inaccurate maps or address lists, faulty intelligent character recognition, inadequate training of enumerators, and miskeyed entries.

14. The Census 2000 Dress Rehearsal in 1998

A good dress rehearsal is crucial to a successful census, and the key to any dress rehearsal is making it as much like the actual event as possible. The Census Bureau conducted Census 2000 Dress Rehearsal in three sites: Sacramento, California; Columbia, South Carolina along with 11 surrounding counties in north central South Carolina; and the Menominee American Indian Reservation in northeastern Wisconsin.

Since the summer of 1996, the Census Bureau worked closely with local officials and community-based organizations in each of the three sites to plan and build the various infrastructures needed to ensure a successful dress rehearsal. These joint activities included refining the geographic database, building and refining the address list, and working with community and tribal organizations to plan effective outreach and promotion efforts. Also, the Census Bureau recruited staff in all three sites to complete address list development and verification.

The dress rehearsal allowed for a thorough demonstration of the most critical procedures for Census 2000. These procedures included address list development; marketing and promotion; and data collection, processing, and tabulation. The dress rehearsal plan also demonstrated the use of statistical sampling in four major census operations: nonresponse follow-up, housing units designated as undeliverable as addressed by the U.S. Postal Service, integrated coverage measurement (ICM), and the long form survey.

15. Data Dissemination Through the Internet

The census provides a wealth of data that researchers, businesses, and government agencies are eager to use. Taking advantage of modern computer and Internet capabilities, the Census Bureau planned to make data from Census 2000 more readily available than any previous decennial census data. The Census 2000 data are tabulated using the Data Products Production (DPP) system and disseminated using the American FactFinder (AFF) system on the Internet, in addition to CD-ROMs and DVDs. The AFF provides an interactive electronic system to allow data users to access data products, documents, and online help, as well as to build custom data products.

The Census Bureau solicited the advice and recommendations of data users throughout the planning, design, and testing stages of the AFF system (initially known as the Data Access and Dissemination System (DADS)). The system is accessible to the widest possible array of users through the Internet and all available intermediaries, including the nearly 1,800 data centers and affiliates, the 1,400 Federal Depository libraries and other libraries, universities, and private organizations. It also allows users to create customized products, such as tables, charts, graphs, and maps for census geographic areas of their choice, and access metadata that provide documentation and explanatory information for data subjects and geographic areas.

16. Evaluation and Preparation for 2010

After the completion of Census 2000, the Census Bureau plans to conduct a variety of post census evaluation studies, as it has after all the previous censuses. These studies will help data users, both within and outside the Census Bureau, to assess the data and plan for the 2010 Census. The evaluation studies generally rely on demographic analysis, statistical methods, and ethnographic analyses.

GLOSSARY

100-Percent Data

Information based on a limited number of basic population and housing questions collected from both the short form and the long form for every inhabitant and housing unit in the United States.

100-Percent Edited Detail File (HEDF)

Files composed of individual records of information on people and housing units for the 100-percent census data items from the census questionnaires. Estimation is included in these files. These files are used for tabulation purposes and are not released to the public.

Accuracy and Coverage Evaluation (A.C.E.)

The Accuracy and Coverage Evaluation (A.C.E.) is a survey designed to measure the undercount/overcount of the census. The A.C.E. was designed to assess the size and characteristics of the population missed or double-counted in Census 2000, similar to the originally planned Integrated Coverage Measurement (ICM) Survey.

Advance Notice Letter/Reminder Card (ANL/RC)

These are part of the questionnaire mailing strategy. In every area except list/enumerate, the Census Bureau sends an advance notice letter to every mailout address to alert households that the census form will be sent to them soon. Reminder Card is a postcard that is sent to addresses on the decennial Master Address File (see definition below) to remind respondents to return their census questionnaires or to thank them if they already have. All addresses in mailout/mailback areas receive a postcard. The Census Bureau also mails these postcards to postal patrons in update/leave areas.

American FactFinder® (AFF)

An electronic system for access and dissemination of Census Bureau data. The system is available through the Internet and offers prepackaged data products and the ability to build custom products. The system serves as the vehicle for accessing and disseminating data from Census 2000 (as well as economic censuses and the American Community Survey). The system was formerly known as the Data Access and Dissemination System (DADS).

Apportionment

Apportionment is the process of dividing up the 435 memberships, or seats, in the House of Representatives among the 50 states. The Census Bureau has a dual responsibility in this connection. It conducts the census at 10-year intervals. At the conclusion of each census, the Census Bureau uses the results for calculating the number of House memberships each state is entitled to have. The latter process is the initial use of the basic results of each census.

Be Counted Enumeration and Be Counted Form

The Be Counted enumeration procedure targets areas that are traditionally undercounted. Unaddressed census questionnaires (Be Counted forms) are placed at selected sites where people who believe they were not counted can pick them up, complete them, and mail them to the Census Bureau. The sites are in targeted areas that local governments and community groups, in conjunction with the Census Bureau, identify as traditionally undercounted.

Census 2000 Publicity Office (C2PO)

An office at the Census Bureau which developed, implemented, and coordinated an integrated marketing program for Census 2000, including paid advertising, direct mail, public relations, partnerships, and local outreach.

Census Address List Improvement Act of 1994

See Program for Address List Supplementation (PALS) below.

Census Edited File (CEF)

This file contains the 100-percent edited characteristics/records for all households and people in the census. The edits include consistency edits and imputation for items or persons where the data are insufficient. See descriptions for 100-percent data and census unedited file.

Census Information Center (CIC)

The Census Information Center Program (CIC) is the community-based component of the Census Bureau's data dissemination network. While census data are readily available on CD-ROM, the Census Bureau's Web site on the Internet, in its 12 Regional Offices, 1,400 Federal Depository Libraries, and 1,800 state and local government agencies participating in the State Data Center Program, the CICs provide access to local communities that might not have access through these traditional channels. CIC's goal is to provide efficient access to Census Bureau data and data products to organizations representing populations that have been traditionally undercounted in censuses and surveys.

Census Unedited File (CUF)

A file created by merging the control file for the decennial master address file with the decennial response file of unedited data after the primary selection algorithm has been applied. This file contains the final housing unit and person counts. It is used to generate apportionment data as well as related "raw" or unedited census data.

Computer-Assisted Personal Interview (CAPI)

A method of data collection consisting of the interviewer asking questions displayed on a laptop computer screen and entering the answers directly into the computer.

Computer-Assisted Telephone Interviewing (CATI)

A method of data collection using telephone interviews in which the questions to be asked are displayed on a computer screen and responses are entered directly into the computer.

Confidentiality

The guarantee made by law (Title 13, United States Code) to individuals who provide census information regarding nondisclosure of that information to others.

Confidentiality Edit

The name for the Census 2000 disclosure avoidance procedure.

Coverage Edit/Coverage Edit Follow-Up (CEFU)

An edit performed on the mailback census response universe. Census staff make telephone calls to resolve forms that are incomplete or have other coverage discrepancies, such as a difference between the number of people reported in that household and the number of people for whom census information was provided on the form. This edit includes the large household follow-up.

Coverage Improvement Adjustment

This phrase was included in the table outlines and the technical documentation before the review, analysis, and recommendation on whether to adjust Census 2000 data for coverage improvement was completed. As the data are not adjusted, a zero (0) will appear. This phrase does not refer to any other outreach or collection operations which were introduced to improve coverage in Census 2000.

Coverage Improvement Follow-Up (CIFU)

A procedure for the traditional census in which housing units with conflicting status information are followed up.

Data Access and Dissemination System (DADS)

The system is now known as the American FactFinder (AFF).

Data Capture Center (DCC)

A decentralized facility that checks in questionnaires returned by mail, creates images of all questionnaire pages, and converts data to computer readable format. The DCCs also perform other computer processing activities, including automated questionnaire edits, work flow management, and data storage. There is one permanent DCC, the National Processing Center in Jeffersonville, Indiana. For Census 2000, the Census Bureau set up three temporary DCCs. The temporary facilities were provided and operated by a private contractor through the Data Capture Services contract.

Data Capture System 2000 (DCS 2000)

The DCS 2000 is a data capture system that is used to capture information from census forms. For Census 2000, this system processed more than 150 million incoming forms, digitally captured and processed billions of bits of information on the forms, converted automatically the image of the form to text-based data, and edited/repaired data that the system was unable to decipher automatically.

Decennial Census

The census of population and housing, taken by the Census Bureau in years ending in 0 (zero). Article I of the Constitution requires that a census be taken every 10 years for the purpose of reapportioning the U.S. House of Representatives.

Decennial Master Address File (DMAF)

The decennial version of the Master Address File has features for controlling and tracking the long- and short-term operations and programs of the Census 2000. The DMAF contains the processing status information to support document mailouts; data capture progress control, tracking, and reporting; and field enumeration processes (notably follow-ups). The DMAF is limited to addresses that the Census Bureau has successfully linked to the TIGER® database. See Master Address File.

Decennial Response File (DRF)

Contains every response to the census from all sources. The primary selection algorithm is applied to this file to unduplicate people between multiple returns for a housing unit and to determine the housing unit record and the people to include at the housing unit. The DRF is then combined with the Decennial Master Address File to create the census unedited file (CUF).

Delivery Sequence File (DSF)

A computerized file containing all delivery point addresses serviced by the U.S. Postal Service (USPS). The USPS updates the DSF continuously as its letter carriers identify addresses for new delivery points or changes in the status of existing addresses.

Demographic Analysis (DA)

A method the Census Bureau uses to measure coverage at the national level. It differs from survey coverage estimates, such as Post-Enumeration Survey, Integrated Coverage Measurement, or Accuracy and Coverage Evaluation, in that it does not rely on case-by-case matching of census records. To produce an estimate of the total population, DA relies on administrative records to provide estimates of births, deaths, immigration, and emigration. DA provides estimates on the national level only.

Derived Measures

Census data products include various derived measures, such as medians, means, and percentages, as well as certain rates and ratios. Derived measures that round to less than 0.1 are normally indicated as 0.

Disclosure Avoidance (DA)

Statistical methods used in the tabulation of data prior to releasing data products to ensure the confidentiality of responses.

Dual-System Estimation (DSE)

The estimation methodology used for the Accuracy and Coverage Evaluation (A.C.E.). This operation uses a geographic sample of block clusters to find people missed by the census or A.C.E. and any errors from the census. The information is then processed using computer matching, clerical matching, and field follow-up to resolve discrepancies.

Family

A group of two or more people who reside together and who are related by birth, marriage, or adoption.

Geocoding

A code assigned to identify a geographic entity; to assign an address (such as housing unit, business, industry, farm) to the full set of geographic code(s) applicable to the location of that address on the surface of Earth.

Group Quarters

A facility where people live that is not a typical household-type living arrangement. The Census Bureau classifies all individuals not living in households as living in group quarters. There are two types of group quarters institutional (for example, correctional facilities, nursing homes, and mental hospitals) and noninstitutional (for example, college dormitories, military bases and ships, hotels, motels, rooming houses, group homes, missions, shelters, and flophouses).

Heterogeneity

Heterogeneity occurs when blocks of housing units assigned to sampling strata or groupings are not similar in terms of the likelihood of being included or missed by the census. Heterogeneity creates difficulty for the small area estimation process because the correction factor gets applied to all people with the specified characteristic in that sampling poststratum, even through some of them do not actually have the coverage characteristics.

Homogeneity

The assumption of homogeneity expects that all people in a particular sampling stratum or grouping will be very much alike in terms of their likelihood of being included or missed by the census. The grouping of people in a particular stratum is called poststratum, such as all White, non-Hispanic male renters ages 18-22 in a rural area. A lack of homogeneity in a particular sample block is not an error, but it does create difficulty for the small area estimation process. This happens because the correction factor gets applied to all people with the specified characteristic in that poststratum, even though some of them do not exhibit the same coverage characteristics.

Household

Household refers to all of the people who occupy a housing unit.

Housing Unit

A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a mobile home or trailer, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied as a separate living quarters, or if vacant, intended for occupancy as a separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live separately from any other individuals in the building and which have direct access from outside the building or through a common hall. For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible.

Imputation

When information is missing or inconsistent, the Census Bureau uses a method called imputation to assign values. Imputation relies on the statistical principle of "homogeneity," or the tendency of households within a small geographic area to be similar in most characteristics. For example, the value of "rented" is likely to be imputed for a housing unit not reporting on owner/renter status in a neighborhood with multiunits or apartments where other respondents reported "rented" on the census questionnaire. In past censuses, when the occupancy status or the number of residents was not known for a housing unit, this information was imputed.

Internet Questionnaire Assistance (IQA)

An operation which allows respondents to use the Census Bureau's Internet site to (1) ask questions and receive answers about the census form, job opportunities, or the purpose of the census and (2) provide responses to the short form.

Interpolation

Interpolation frequently is used in calculating medians or quartiles based on interval data and in approximating standard errors from tables. Linear interpolation is used to estimate values of a function between two known values. Pareto interpolation is an alternative to linear interpolation. In Pareto interpolation, the median is derived by interpolating between the logarithms of the upper and lower income limits of the median category. It is used by the Census Bureau in calculating median income within intervals wider than \$2,500.

List/Enumerate

A method of data collection in which temporary field staff, called enumerators, list each residential address, spot the location of each on a census map, and interview the residents of the household during a single visit. This completes the census address list for these areas and provides the information needed to update the TIGER® database and Master Address File (see definitions below).

Local Update of Census Addresses (LUCA)

A Census 2000 program, established in response to requirements of P. L. 103-430. It provided an opportunity for state, local, and tribal governments to review and update individual address information in the Master Address File and associated geographic information in the TIGER® database before using the addresses for questionnaire delivery. This improved the completeness and accuracy of both computer files and the census.

Long Form

The decennial census questionnaire, sent to approximately one in six households, contains all questions on the short form, as well as additional detailed questions relating to the social, economic, and housing characteristics of each individual and household. Information derived from the long form is referred to as sample data and is tabulated for geographic entities as small as the block group level.

Mailout/Mailback (MO/MB)

A method of data collection in which the U.S. Postal Service delivers addressed questionnaires to residents who are asked to complete and mail back the questionnaire to the appropriate Census Bureau office. This method is used for more than 80 percent of all households (usually with city-style addresses).

Master Address File (MAF)

A computer file based on a combination of the addresses in the 1990 census address file and current versions, supplemented by address information provided by state, local, and tribal governments. The MAF is continually updated to provide a basis for creating the Census 2000 address list, the address list for the American Community Survey, and the address list for the Census Bureau's other demographic surveys.

Metadata

Information about the content, quality, condition, and other characteristics of data.

Microdata

Nonaggregated data about the units sampled. For surveys of individuals, microdata contain records for each individual interviewed; for surveys of organizations, the microdata contain records for each organization.

Nongovernment Organization

The partnerships developed during Census 2000 planning include national and local organizations and community groups that are not governmental entities.

Nonresponse Follow-up

A census follow-up operation in which temporary field staff, known as enumerators, visit addresses from which no response was received.

Nonsampling Error

Errors that occur during the measuring or data collection process. Nonsampling errors can be the most serious types of errors because they yield biased results when most of the errors distort the results in the same direction. Unfortunately, the full extent of nonsampling error is unknown. Decennial censuses traditionally have experienced nonsampling errors, most notably undercount, resulting from people being missed in the enumeration processes.

Optical Character Recognition (OCR)

Technology that uses an optical scanner and computer software to "read" human handwriting.

Optical Mark Recognition (OMR)

Technology that uses an optical scanner and computer software to scan a page, recognize the presence of marks in predesignated areas, and assign a value to the mark depending on its specific location and intensity on a page.

Poststratum

Information about the current occupants of each housing unit in the Accuracy and Coverage Evaluation (A.C.E.) survey found during the A.C.E. interview is used to form groupings called "poststrata." This information, including the age of respondent, current owner/renter status, etc., is used to form homogeneous groupings and improve the estimation process. By contrast, the initial A.C.E. strata are formed using aggregate information about each block as of the 1990 census.

Primary Selection Algorithm (PSA)

Computer program applied to the decennial response file (DRF) to eliminate duplicate responses and to determine the housing unit record and the people to include at the housing unit. After this procedure, the DRF is merged with the Decennial Master Address File to create the census unedited file.

Program for Address List Supplementation (PALS)

A program providing all governmental units and regional and metropolitan agencies the opportunity to submit lists of individual addresses for their community to the Census Bureau for use in building the MAF. Ongoing submissions and feedback between the Census Bureau and local governments on this program, enabled by the Census Address List Improvement Act of 1994 (P.L. 103-430) help ensure the completeness and accuracy of the Master Address File and the TIGER® database.

Public Law (P.L.) 94-171

Public Law (P.L.) 94-171, enacted in 1975, directs the Census Bureau to make special preparations to provide redistricting data needed by the 50 states. Within a year following Census Day, the Census Bureau must send the data agreed upon to redraw districts for the state legislature to each state's governor and majority and minority legislative leaders.

To meet this legal requirement, the Census Bureau set up a voluntary program that enables participating states to receive data for voting districts (e.g., election precincts, wards, state house, and senate districts) in addition to standard census geographic areas, such as counties, cities, census tracts, and blocks.

Public Law (P.L.) 103-430

Public Law (P.L.) 103-430, enacted in 1994, amends Title 13, United States Code, to allow designated local and tribal officials access to the address information in the Master Address File to verify its accuracy and completeness. This law also requires the U.S. Postal Service to provide its address information to the Census Bureau to improve the Master Address File.

Public Law (P.L.) 105-119

Public Law (P.L.) 105-119, enacted in 1997, directs the Census Bureau to make publicly available a second version of Census 2000 data that does not include the corrections for overcounts and undercounts measured in the Accuracy and Coverage Evaluation (A.C.E.). The format, timing, geographic levels, and price of the P.L. 94-171 and these data are identical.

Public Use Microdata Area (PUMA)

An area that defines the extent of territory for which the Census Bureau tabulates public use microdata sample (PUMS) data.

Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS)

Hierarchical files containing small samples (5% and 1%) of individual records from the census long form showing characteristics of the housing units and people included on those forms.

Quality Assurance (QA)

Quality assurance represents a broad philosophy and specific procedures that are designed to build quality into the system, constantly improve the system, and integrate responsibility for quality with production.

Questionnaire Mailing Strategy

For Census 2000, an advance notice letter, a questionnaire, and a reminder/thank you postcard were sent to every mailout address.

Reapportionment

The redistribution of seats in the U.S. House of Representatives among several states on the basis of the most recent decennial census as required by Article 1, Section 2 of the Constitution. See apportionment and redistricting.

Redistricting

The process of revising the geographic boundaries of areas from which people elect representatives to the U.S. Congress, a state legislature, a county or city council, a school board, and the like to meet the legal requirement that such areas be as equal in population as possible following a census. See apportionment and reapportionment.

Sample Census Edited File (SCEF)

A file containing 100-percent and sample characteristics for housing units and people in the long form sample. Processing for the SCEF includes merging the results of industry and occupation coding and place of work and migration coding, coding several other items, and weighting the long forms.

Sample Edited Detail File (SEDF)

A file containing 100-percent and sample characteristics for housing units and people in the long form sample. The file is used for tabulation purposes only and is not released to the public.

Sampling Error

Errors that occur because only a part of the population is being contacted directly. With any sample, differences are likely to exist between the characteristics of the sampled population and the larger group from which the sample was chosen. However, sampling error, unlike nonsampling error, is readily measured.

Sampling Stratum

A sampling stratum, as used in the A.C.E., is a grouping or classification that has a similar set of characteristics, based on the 1990 census. For example, one might define a stratum as all blocks in large central cities with a 1990 census population that was 30 percent or more Black renters.

Scanner

Equipment used to capture images from documents for the purpose of entering the information into an electronic format. For Census 2000, scanners replaced some keying operations.

Seasonal/Recreational/Occasional Use

A housing unit held for occupancy only during limited portions of the year, such as a beach cottage, ski cabin, or time-share condominium.

Separate Living Quarters

Those living quarters in which the occupants live separately from any other individual in the building and which have direct access from outside the building or through a common hall. For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible.

Service-Based Enumeration (SBE)

An operation designed to enumerate people at facilities where they might receive services, such as shelters, soup kitchens, healthcare facilities, and other selected locations. This operation targets the types of services that primarily serve people who have no usual residence.

Service Locations

Locations where clients are enumerated during the service-based enumeration operation, such as emergency or transitional shelters, soup kitchens, regularly scheduled mobile food vans, and targeted nonsheltered outdoor locations.

Short Form

The decennial census questionnaire, sent to approximately 5 of 6 households, that contains population questions related to household relationship, age, sex, relationship, race, Hispanic origin, and tenure (i.e., whether home is owned or rented). The questions contained on the short form also are asked, along with additional questions, on the long form.

Simplified Enumerator Questionnaire (SEQ)

A questionnaire that enumerators use for transient, or T-night, enumeration and when conducting the nonresponse follow-up after the decennial census.

Soup Kitchens

Includes soup kitchens, food lines, and programs distributing prepared breakfasts, lunches, or dinners. These programs may be organized as food service lines, bag or box lunches, or tables where people are seated, then served by program personnel. These programs may or may not have a place for clients to sit and eat the meal. These are service locations.

Special Place

An institution that includes facilities where people live or stay other than the usual house, apartment, or mobile home. Examples are colleges and universities, nursing homes, hospitals, and prisons. Often the facilities that house people are group quarters, but they may include standard houses or apartments as well.

Special Place Facility Questionnaire (SPFQ)

A questionnaire used to interview an official at a special place for the purpose of collecting/updating address information for the special place and any associated group quarters and housing units, determining the type of special place/group quarters, and collecting additional administrative information about each group quarters at the special place.

State Data Center (SDC)

A state agency or university facility identified by the governor of each state and state equivalent to participate in the Census Bureau's cooperative network for the dissemination of census data. SDCs also provide demographic data to local agencies participating in the Census Bureau's statistical areas programs and assist the Census Bureau in the delineation and identification of statistical areas.

Summary File (SF)

A series of census summary tabulations of 100-percent and sample population and housing data available for public use on CD-ROM and the Internet. In 1990, these files were available on computer tapes and, as a result, were known as summary tape files (STF).

Summary Table

A collection of one or more data elements that are classified into some logical structure either as dimensions or data points.

Tabulation Block

A physical block that does not have any legal or statistical boundaries passing through it; or each portion of a physical block after the Census Bureau recognizes any legal or statistical boundaries that pass through it.

Targeted Nonsheltered Outdoor Location (TNSOL)

A geographically identifiable outdoor location open to the elements where there is evidence that people might be living without paying and who also do not usually receive services at soup kitchens, shelters, and mobile food vans. These sites must have a specific location description that allows a census enumeration team to physically locate the site and excludes pay-for-use campgrounds, drop-in centers, post offices, hospital emergency rooms, and commercial sites (including all-night theaters and all-night diners).

Telephone Questionnaire Assistance (TQA)

A toll-free service that was provided by a commercial phone center to answer questions about Census 2000 and the Census 2000 questionnaire and to take interviews from people who prefer to be interviewed over the telephone.

Thematic Map

A map that reveals the geographic patterns in statistical data.

Title 13 (United States Code)

The law under which the Census Bureau operates and that guarantees the confidentiality of census information and establishes penalties for disclosing this information.

Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing (TIGER®)

A computer database that contains a digital representation of all census-required map features (streets, roads, rivers, railroads, lakes, and so forth), the related attributes for each (street names, address ranges, etc.), and the geographic identification codes for all entities used by the Census Bureau to tabulate data for the United States, Puerto Rico, and the Island Areas. The TIGER® database records the interrelationships among these features, attributes, and geographic codes and provides a resource for the production of maps, entity headers for data tabulations, and automated assignment of addresses to a geographic location in a process known as "geocoding."

Transient Night (T-Night)/T-Night Enumeration (TNE)

A method of enumeration in which Census Bureau staff enumerate people at transient locations, such as campgrounds at race tracks, recreational vehicle campgrounds or parks, commercial or public campgrounds, fairs and carnivals, and marinas. Enumerators conduct a personal interview using Simplified Enumerator Questionnaire. No vacant units are generated by this operation.

Type of Enumeration Area (TEA)

A classification identifying how the Census Bureau takes the decennial census of a geographic area. Examples of TEAs include (1) the area inside the "blue line" - this is the mailout/mailback and urban update/leave operations area, (2) address listing areas, (3) list/enumerate areas, and (4) remote areas of Alaska.

Urban Update/Leave (UU/L)

Update/leave procedures are used in targeted urban areas where mail delivery may be a problem, such as an apartment building where the mail carrier may leave the forms in a common area. Enumerators deliver census questionnaires for residents to complete and mail back, update the address register, and update the census maps.

Usual Home Elsewhere (UHE)

A housing unit that is temporarily occupied by a person(s) who has a usual home elsewhere.

Usual Residence

The living quarters where a person spends more nights during a year than any other place.

Voting District (VTD)

Any of a variety of areas, such as election districts, precincts, legislative districts, or wards, established by states and local governments for voting purposes.

Whole Household Usual Home Elsewhere (WHUHE)

See Usual Home Elsewhere.



U.S. Department of Commerce • Bureau of the Census



easy, and your answers help your community go	for all the people at this address. It is quick and are protected by law. Complete the Census and et what it needs — today and in the future!
Please use a black or blue pen. 1. How many people were living or staying in this house, apartment, or mobile home on April 1, 2000? Number of people INCLUDE in this number: • foster children, roomers, or housemates • people staying here on April 1, 2000 who have no other permanent place to stay • people living here most of the time while working, even if they have another place to live DO NOT INCLUDE in this number: • college students living away while attending college • people in a correctional facility, nursing home, or mental hospital on April 1, 2000 • Armed Forces personnel living somewhere else • people who live or stay at another place most of the time	4. What is Person 1's telephone number? We may call this person if we don't understand an answer. Area Code + Number -
2. Is this house, apartment, or mobile home — Mark \(\) ONE box. Owned by you or someone in this household with a mortgage or loan? Owned by you or someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage or loan)? Rented for cash rent? Occupied without payment of cash rent?	7. Is Person 1 Spanish/Hispanic/Latino? Mark the "No" box if not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino. No, not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Mexican, Mexican Am., Chicano Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic/Latino — Print group.
3. Please answer the following questions for each person living in this house, apartment, or mobile home. Start with the name of one of the people living here who owns, is buying, or rents this house, apartment, or mobile home. If there is no such person, start with any adult living or staying here. We will refer to this person as Person 1. What is this person's name? Print name below. Last Name	What is Person 1's race? Mark (△) one or more races to indicate what this person considers himself/herself to be. White
OMB No. 0607-0856: Approval Expires 12/31/2000	→ If more people live here, continue with Person 2.

Questionnaire D-1

	Your answers are important! Person 2 Every person in the Census counts.	Person 3 Census information helps your community get financial assistance for roads, hospitals, schools, and more.	
1.	What is Person 2's name? Print name below. Last Name	1. What is Person 3's name? Print name below. Last Name	
	First Name MI	First Name MI	
2	How is this person related to Person 1? Mark X ONE box.	2. How is this person related to Person 1? Mark 🗵 ONE box.	
	Husband/wife	Husband/wife If NOT RELATED to Person 1: Natural-born son/daughter Roomer, boarder Adopted son/daughter Housemate, roommate Stepson/stepdaughter Unmarried partner Brother/sister Foster child Father/mother Other nonrelative Grandchild Parent-in-law Son-in-law/daughter-in-law Other relative — Print exact relationship.	
3.	What is this person's sex? Mark X ONE box.	3. What is this person's sex? Mark 🗷 ONE box.	
4	✓ Male✓ FemaleWhat is this person's age and what is this person's date	Male ☐ FemaleWhat is this person's age and what is this person's date	
Τ.	of birth? Print numbers in boxes. Age on April 1, 2000 Month Day Year of birth	of birth? Print numbers in boxes. Age on April 1, 2000 Month Day Year of birth	
_	NOTE: Blacco anguer POTH Quartiens F and 6	A MOTE, Diago anguer POTH Quantians E and 6	
-	NOTE: Please answer BOTH Questions 5 and 6. Is this person Spanish / Hispanic / Latino? Mark (X) the	NOTE: Please answer BOTH Questions 5 and 6. 5. Is this person Spanish / Hispanic / Latino? Mark (X) the	
-	NOTE: Please answer BOTH Questions 5 and 6. Is this person Spanish / Hispanic / Latino? Mark the "No" box if not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino. No, not Spanish/Hispanic / Latino Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Mexican, Mexican Am., Chicano Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic / Latino — Print group.	NOTE: Please answer BOTH Questions 5 and 6. 5. Is this person Spanish/Hispanic/Latino? Mark the "No" box if not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino. No, not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Mexican, Mexican Am., Chicano Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic/Latino — Print group.	
-	Is this person Spanish/Hispanic/Latino? Mark the "No" box if not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino. No, not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Mexican, Mexican Am., Chicano Yes, Cuban	5. Is this person Spanish/Hispanic/Latino? Mark the "No" box if not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino. No, not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Mexican, Mexican Am., Chicano Yes, Cuban	
5.	Is this person Spanish/Hispanic/Latino? Mark the "No" box if not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino. No, not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Mexican, Mexican Am., Chicano Yes, Cuban	5. Is this person Spanish/Hispanic/Latino? Mark "No" box if not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino. No, not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Mexican, Mexican Am., Chicano Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic/Latino — Print group. 6. What is this person's race? Mark one or more races to indicate what this person considers himself/herself to be. White Black, African Am., or Negro American Indian or Alaska Native — Print name of enrolled or principal tribe. American Indian or Alaska Native — Print name of enrolled or principal tribe. ■ Print name of enrolled or principal tribe.	
5.	Is this person Spanish / Hispanic / Latino? Mark the "No" box if not Spanish / Hispanic / Latino Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Mexican, Mexican Am., Chicano Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish / Hispanic / Latino Print group. What is this person's race? Mark one or more races to indicate what this person considers himself/herself to be. White Black, African Am., or Negro American Indian or Alaska Native — Print name of enrolled or principal tribe.	 5. Is this person Spanish/Hispanic/Latino? Mark the "No" box if not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino. No, not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Mexican, Mexican Am., Chicano Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic/Latino — Print group. 6. What is this person's race? Mark one or more races to indicate what this person considers himself/herself to be. White Black, African Am., or Negro American Indian or Alaska Native — Print name of enrolled or principal tribe. 	
5.	Is this person Spanish / Hispanic / Latino? Mark the "No" box if not Spanish / Hispanic / Latino Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Mexican, Mexican Am., Chicano Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish / Hispanic / Latino Print group. What is this person's race? Mark one or more races to indicate what this person considers himself / herself to be. White Black, African Am., or Negro American Indian or Alaska Native — Print name of enrolled or principal tribe. Asian Indian Japanese Native Hawaiian Ghinese Korean Guamanian or Chamorro Samoan	5. Is this person Spanish/Hispanic/Latino? Mark the "No" box if not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino. No, not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Mexican, Mexican Am., Chicano Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic/Latino — Print group. 6. What is this person's race? Mark one or more races to indicate what this person considers himself/herself to be. White Black, African Am., or Negro American Indian or Alaska Native — Print name of enrolled or principal tribe. Asian Indian Japanese Native Hawaiian Chinese Korean Guamanian or Chamorro Filipino Vietnamese Samoan	
5.	Is this person Spanish / Hispanic / Latino? Mark the "No" box if not Spanish / Hispanic / Latino Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Mexican, Mexican Am., Chicano Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish / Hispanic / Latino Print group. What is this person's race? Mark one or more races to indicate what this person considers himself / herself to be. White Black, African Am., or Negro American Indian or Alaska Native — Print name of enrolled or principal tribe. Asian Indian Japanese Native Hawaiian Ghinese Korean Guamanian or Chamorro Samoan	5. Is this person Spanish/Hispanic/Latino? Mark the "No" box if not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino. No, not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Mexican, Mexican Am., Chicano Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic/Latino — Print group. 6. What is this person's race? Mark one or more races to indicate what this person considers himself/herself to be. White Black, African Am., or Negro American Indian or Alaska Native — Print name of enrolled or principal tribe. Asian Indian Japanese Native Hawaiian Chinese Korean Guamanian or Chamorro Filipino Vietnamese Samoan	
5.	Is this person Spanish / Hispanic / Latino? Mark the "No" box if not Spanish / Hispanic / Latino Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Mexican, Mexican Am., Chicano Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish / Hispanic / Latino Print group. What is this person's race? Mark one or more races to indicate what this person considers himself / herself to be. White Black, African Am., or Negro American Indian or Alaska Native — Print name of enrolled or principal tribe. Asian Indian Japanese Native Hawaiian Guamanian or Chamorro Filipino Vietnamese Samoan Other Asian — Print race. Other Pacific Islander — Print race.	5. Is this person Spanish/Hispanic/Latino? Mark ☑ the "No" box if not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino. No, not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino ☐ Yes, Puerto Rican ☐ Yes, Mexican, Mexican Am., Chicano ☐ Yes, Cuban ☐ Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic/Latino — Print group. ☑ 6. What is this person's race? Mark ☒ one or more races to indicate what this person considers himself/herself to be. ☐ White ☐ Black, African Am., or Negro ☐ American Indian or Alaska Native — Print name of enrolled or principal tribe. ☑ ☐ Asian Indian ☐ Japanese ☐ Native Hawaiian ☐ Chinese ☐ Korean ☐ Guamanian or Chamorro ☐ Filipino ☐ Vietnamese ☐ Samoan ☐ Other Asian — Print race. ☑ ☐ Other Pacific Islander — Print race. ☑	

D-2 Questionnaire

1.	Person 4 Information about children helps your community plan for child care, education, and recreation. What is Person 4's name? Print name below. Last Name First Name MI	1.	Person 5 What is Person 5's name? Print name below. Last Name
2.	How is this person related to Person 1? Mark 🔀 ONE box. Husband/wife If NOT RELATED to Person 1: Natural-born son/daughter Roomer, boarder Adopted son/daughter Housemate, roommate Stepson/stepdaughter Unmarried partner Brother/sister Foster child Father/mother Other nonrelative Grandchild Parent-in-law Son-in-law/daughter-in-law Other relative — Print exact relationship.	2.	How is this person related to Person 1? Mark ONE box. Husband/wife
3.	What is this person's sex? Mark 🗵 ONE box.	3.	What is this person's sex? Mark 🗷 ONE box.
4.	Male Female What is this person's age and what is this person's date of birth? Print numbers in boxes. Age on April 1, 2000 Month Day Year of birth	4.	Male Female What is this person's age and what is this person's date of birth? Print numbers in boxes. Age on April 1, 2000 Month Day Year of birth
	NOTE: Please answer BOTH Questions 5 and 6.	→	NOTE: Please answer BOTH Questions 5 and 6.
5.	Is this person Spanish / Hispanic / Latino? Mark the "No" box if not Spanish / Hispanic / Latino. No, not Spanish / Hispanic / Latino Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Mexican, Mexican Am., Chicano Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish / Hispanic / Latino — Print group.	5.	Is this person Spanish/Hispanic/Latino? Mark "No" box if not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino. No, not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino
6.	What is this person's race? Mark ☑ one or more races to indicate what this person considers himself/herself to be. White Black, African Am., or Negro American Indian or Alaska Native — Print name of enrolled or principal tribe. Asian Indian Japanese Chinese Korean Guamanian or Chamorro Filipino Vietnamese Samoan Other Asian — Print race. Other Pacific Islander — Print race. Some other race — Print race. Some other race — Print race. Some	6.	What is this person's race? Mark ☑ one or more races to indicate what this person considers himself/herself to be. □ White □ Black, African Am., or Negro □ American Indian or Alaska Native — Print name of enrolled or principal tribe. □ Asian Indian □ Japanese □ Native Hawaiian □ Chinese □ Korean □ Guamanian or Chamorro □ Filipino □ Vietnamese □ Samoan □ Other Asian — Print race. □ Other Pacific Islander — Print race. □ Some other race — Print race. □ Some other race — Print race.
→	If more people live here, continue with Person 5.	7	If more people live here, continue with Person 6.

Questionnaire D-3

	Person 6 Your answers help your community plan for the future.
1.	What is Person 6's name? Print name below. Last Name
	First Name MI
2.	How is this person related to Person 1? Mark ☑ ONE box. ☐ Husband/wife ☐ If NOT RELATED to Person 1: ☐ Natural-born son/daughter ☐ Roomer, boarder ☐ Adopted son/daughter ☐ Housemate, roommate ☐ Stepson/stepdaughter ☐ Unmarried partner ☐ Brother/sister ☐ Foster child ☐ Father/mother ☐ Other nonrelative ☐ Grandchild ☐ Parent-in-law ☐ Son-in-law/daughter-in-law
	Other relative — Print
3.	what is this person's sex? Mark 🗷 ONE box.
٥.	☐ Male ☐ Female
4.	What is this person's age and what is this person's date of birth? Print numbers in boxes. Age on April 1, 2000 Month Day Year of birth
→ 5.	NOTE: Please answer BOTH Questions 5 and 6. Is this person Spanish/Hispanic/Latino? Mark the "No" box if not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino. No, not Spanish/Hispanic/Latino Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Mexican, Mexican Am., Chicano Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic/Latino — Print group.
6.	What is this person's race? Mark ✓ one or more races to indicate what this person considers himself/herself to be. White Black, African Am., or Negro American Indian or Alaska Native — Print name of enrolled or principal tribe. ▼
	Asian Indian ☐ Japanese ☐ Native Hawaiian ☐ Chinese ☐ Korean ☐ Guamanian or Chamorro ☐ Filipino ☐ Vietnamese ☐ Samoan ☐ Other Asian — Print race. ☐ ☐ Other Pacific Islander — Print race. ☐
	Some other race — Print race. ✓
→	If more people live here, list their names on the

Please turn to go to last page.

Form D-1

lives in this house or apartment, please list the others below. You may be contacted by the Census Bureau for the same information about these people.	10 minutes to complete, including the time for reviewing the instructions and answers. Comments about the estimate should be directed to the Associate Director for Finance and Administration, Attn: Paperwork Reduction Project
Person 7 — Last Name	0607-0856, Room 3104, Federal Building 3,
	Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.
First Name MI	Respondents are not required to respond to any information collection unless it displays a valid
	approval number from the Office of Management and Budget.
Person 8 — Last Name	
First Name MI	Thank you for
	completing your official
Person 9 — Last Name	U.S. Census 2000 form.
First Name MI	
Person 10 — Last Name	
Person 11 — Last Name	
First Name MI	
Person 12 — Last Name	
First Name MI	
	FOR OFFICE USE ONLY
	A. JIC1 B. JIC2 C. JIC3 D. JIC4
	ALL SIGHT DESIGNATION DESIGNATION

Questionnaire D-5



If you need help completing this form, call 1-800-471-9424 between 8:00 a.m. and 9:00 p.m., 7 days a week. The telephone call is free.

TDD — Telephone display device for the hearing impaired. Call 1-800-582-8330 between 8:00 a.m. and 9:00 p.m., 7 days a week. The telephone call is free.

¿NECESITA AYUDA? Si usted necesita ayuda para completar este cuestionario llame al 1-800-471-8642 entre las 8:00 a.m. y las 9:00 p.m., 7 días a la semana. La llamada telefónica es gratis.

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D-6 Questionnaire

Appendix E. Data Products and User Assistance

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Census 2000 Data Products	E-1
Census 2000 Maps and Geographic Products	E-3
Reference Materials	E-4
Sources of Assistance	E-4

CENSUS 2000 DATA PRODUCTS

The decennial census yields a wealth of data, which have virtually unlimited applications. A comprehensive data program offers census information on the Internet, in electronic media (CD-ROM/DVD), and in print. A complete list of Census 2000 data products, with their release status, is available at http://www.census.gov/population/www/censusdata/c2kproducts.html.

Detailed results of Census 2000 are contained in a series of five summary files. These are available on the Internet and on CD-ROM or DVD. In addition, three series of reports derived from these files are available in print and in Portable Document Format (PDF) on the Internet.

Internet and CD-ROM/DVD Products

Census 2000 data are available at several locations on the Census Bureau's Web site. The Census 2000 Gateway page provides links to Census 2000 data, information, and reference materials. It is accessed from the Census Bureau's home page (www.census.gov) or at http://www.census.gov/main/www/cen2000.html. Links from the Gateway page include American FactFinder®; State and County QuickFacts; other prepared Census 2000 tables, including rankings and comparisons; reference materials; user updates; and Census in the Schools.

American Factfinder (factfinder.census.gov) is the most comprehensive source of Census 2000 data, providing all summary file tables for all levels of census geography. Quick tables (single geography tables) and geographic comparison tables (data for more than one geographic area) are also available on American FactFinder.

Most Census 2000 tabulations are also available on CD-ROM and/or DVD. Software is included on the DVDs and most CDs. These may be ordered by phone through the Census Bureau's Customer Services Center on 301-763-4636, or via e-commerce by selecting Catalog from the Census Bureau's home page. For more information on the products and ordering options, access the Census Catalog's product order form at https://catalog.mso.census.gov.

Census 2000 Redistricting Data (Public Law 94-171) Summary File. The first Census 2000 data files released provide the data required for local redistricting. The data include tabulations of 63 race categories, cross-tabulated by Hispanic or Latino and not Hispanic or Latino for the total population and the population 18 years old and over. These tabulations are presented for areas as small as blocks, census tracts, and voting districts. They are available through the Internet (American FactFinder) and as a CD-ROM series (state files). In American FactFinder (factfinder.census.gov), all redistricting data tables are available by selecting Data Sets on the FactFinder main page. FactFinder also has one quick table and one geographic comparison table based on this file.

Summary File 1 (SF 1). This file presents counts and basic cross-tabulations of information collected from all people and housing units. This information includes age, sex, race, Hispanic or Latino origin, household relationship, and whether the residence is owned or rented. Data are available down to the block level for many tabulations, but only to the census-tract level for others. Summaries are included for other geographic areas, such as ZIP Code® Tabulation Areas

(ZCTAs[™]) and Congressional Districts (106th Congress). There are individual state files and two national files in this series. The final national file provides the first available urban and rural data. The complete Summary File 1 is available on the Internet (American FactFinder) and on CD-ROM/DVD.

Additional tables derived from this summary file are also available on the Census Bureau's Internet site. These can be located through the Census 2000 Gateway page at http://www.census.gov/main/www/cen2000.html. Related products include a demographic profile that provides a snapshot of the geographic area, quick tables, geographic comparison tables, and two printed report series, *Summary Population and Housing Characteristics* (PHC-1) and *Population and Housing Unit Counts* (PHC-3).

Summary File 2 (SF 2). This file presents data similar to the information included in Summary File 1, but the tables in this file are iterated for a selected list of race and Hispanic or Latino categories and for American Indian and Alaska Native tribes. These data are shown down to the census tract level for up to 250 race and ethnic categories that meet a specified minimum population size threshold of 100 in a geographic area. The complete SF 2 is available on the Internet (American FactFinder) and on CD-ROM/DVD. American FactFinder also offers various quick tables and geographic comparison tables derived from SF 2.

Summary File 3 (SF 3). This file is the first release of the information collected on a sample basis. It includes data on income, educational attainment, poverty status, home value, and population totals for foreign born and ancestry groups. Data are provided down to the block group level for many tabulations but only to the census tract level for others. SF 3 also includes data by ZCTAs and Congressional Districts (106th Congress).

Data for each state and a national file are available on the American Factfinder and on CD-ROM/DVD. Related products include a three-page demographic profile available on the Internet, various quick tables and geographic comparison tables available through American Factfinder, and a printed report series, *Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics* (PHC-2).

Summary File 4 (SF 4). This file includes tabulations of the population and housing data collected from a sample of the population. Just as in Summary File 2, the tables in SF 4 are iterated for a selected list of race and Hispanic or Latino origin groups and for American Indian and Alaska Native tribes. Tables are also iterated for 86 ancestry groups. The file is available on the Internet (American FactFinder) and on CD-ROM/DVD. American FactFinder also offers various quick tables and geographic comparison tables derived from Summary File 4.

Microdata. Microdata products allow users to prepare their own customized tabulations and cross tabulations of most population and housing subjects, using specially prepared microdata files. These files are the actual responses to census questionnaires, but with names or addresses removed and the geography sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality. Microdata are available on CD-ROM/DVD and may be available for query via the Internet.

Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) Files. There are two PUMS files: a 1-percent sample for developing tabulations for metropolitan areas and a 5-percent sample that provides tabulations for state and substate areas. Both files are available on CD-ROM/DVD.

Advanced Query Function. Tabulations can be prepared online using the full database of individual responses, subject to restrictions and filters required to protect the confidentiality of individual responses. The Internet availability of this function is subject to policy decisions on access and confidentiality.

Printed Reports and Profiles

There are three series of printed reports with one report per state and a national summary volume. These reports are sold through the U.S. Government Printing Office. Much of the information in these series is available earlier in other data products. For release and ordering information, see the Census Catalog (https://catalog.mso.census.gov/).

Profiles and other data tables are generally available on the Internet. Printed copies of the profiles are offered as a print-on-demand product. Contact the Customer Services Center (301-763-4636) for pricing and availability.

Summary Population and Housing Characteristics (PHC-1). This publication series includes information on the 100-percent population and housing subjects. The data are available for the United States, regions, divisions, states, counties, county subdivisions, places, metropolitan areas, urbanized areas, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, and Hawaiian home lands. This series is comparable to the 1990 CPH-1 report series, Summary Population and Housing Characteristics. The series is also available in PDF format on the Internet.

Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics (PHC-2). This publication series includes information on the sample population and housing subjects. Data are shown for the same geographic areas as Summary Population and Housing Characteristics (PHC-1) described above. This series is comparable to the 1990 CPH-5 report series, Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics. The series is available in PDF format on the Internet.

Population and Housing Unit Counts (PHC-3). This publication series includes population and housing unit counts for Census 2000 as well as the 1990 and earlier censuses. Information on area measurements and population density is included. There is one printed report for each state, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico plus a national report. The series is available in PDF format on the Internet.

Profiles and Other Data Tables. Demographic profiles, quick tables, and geographic comparison tables include predefined sets of data to meet the needs of the majority of data users. They are convenient and readily available sources when moderate subject and geographic detail is needed. Demographic profiles (PDF) are available on the Census Bureau's Web site. Demographic profiles as well as quick tables and geographic comparison tables are available through American FactFinder.

CENSUS 2000 MAPS AND GEOGRAPHIC PRODUCTS

A variety of maps, boundary files, and other geographic products are available to help users locate and identify geographic areas. These products are available in various media, such as the Internet, CD-ROM, DVD, and, for maps, as print-on-demand products. A complete description of Census 2000 geographic products and resources is available at www.census.gov/geo/www/.

TIGER/Line Files. These files contain geographic boundaries and codes, streets, address ranges, and coordinates for use with commercially available geographic information systems (GIS) for mapping and other applications.

Census Block Maps. These maps show the boundaries, names, and codes for American Indian and Alaska Native areas and Hawaiian home lands, states, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, and census blocks. This map series is also produced by specified governmental units (e.g., American Indian/Alaska Native areas, Hawaiian home lands, counties, incorporated places, and functioning minor civil divisions).

Census Tract Outline Maps. These county maps provide the boundaries and numbers of census tracts and names of features underlying the boundaries. They also show the boundaries, names, and codes for American Indian/Alaska Native areas, counties, county subdivisions, and places.

Reference Maps. This series shows the boundaries for tabulation areas including states, counties, American Indian reservations, county subdivisions (minor civil divisions (MCDs)/census county divisions (CCDs)), incorporated places, and census designated places. This series includes the state and county subdivision outline maps, urbanized area maps, and metropolitan area maps. These maps vary from page size to wall size.

Generalized Boundary Files. These files are designed for use in a geographic information system (GIS) or similar computer mapping software. Boundary files are available for most levels of census geography.

Thematic Maps. These colorful maps display Census 2000 data on such topics as population density and population distribution.

REFERENCE MATERIALS

The reference materials for Census 2000 are available at the Census Bureau's Internet site (www.census.gov) or, in the case of CD-ROMs/DVD, on the product itself.

Census 2000 Gateway. This page provides descriptions and links to Internet tables and reference materials relating to Census 2000. It is available at http://www.census.gov/main/ www/cen2000.html or by selecting the Census 2000 logo on the Census Bureau's home page (www.census.gov).

Census Online Catalog. Census 2000 data products, their availability, and their prices are described in the Catalog portion of the Web site. The catalog can be reached from the Census Bureau home page by selecting Catalog from the side bar or at https://catalog.mso.census.gov.

American FactFinder®. American FactFinder (AFF) is the system that presents, via the Internet, comprehensive data from Census 2000 and other Census Bureau data programs. Reference materials about the data, including subject and geographic glossaries, are included. In addition, AFF presents reference maps, which provide boundaries and features for the requested geography, and thematic maps, which offer data in a map presentation.

All data and all geography available in the Census 2000 Summary Files are accessible through AFF. FactFinder is available through the Census Bureau's home page (www.census.gov) or from factfinder.census.gov.

Technical Documentation. Technical documentation includes an abstract, a how-to-use chapter, the table layouts, the summary level sequence chart, the subject and geographic glossaries, accuracy of the data, and the data dictionary. CD-ROM and DVD products include the relevant technical documentation file on the disc. Technical documentation for files released on CD-ROM/DVD is also available on the Web site at http://www.census.gov/prod/cen2000/.

SOURCES OF ASSISTANCE

U.S. Census Bureau. Census 2000 CD-ROM and DVD products are available through the Census Bureau's Customer Services Center. These can be ordered via e-commerce from the Census Catalog at https://catalog.mso.census.gov/ or by telephoning Customer Services at 301-763-4636.

The Census Bureau also has an active customer information program in each of its 12 regions. This program, called the Partnership and Data Services (PDS) program, provides information about Census Bureau statistics and offers training and assistance to data users. The Partnership and Data Services specialists in the Census Bureau's 12 Regional Offices answer thousands of questions each year. State coverage for each region as well as contact information is available at http://www.census.gov/contacts/www/c-regoff.html.

Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office (GPO). The GPO (www.gpo.gov) handles the sale of most of the federal government's publications, including Census 2000 reports. For the current information on ordering publications from GPO, see http://bookstore.gpo.gov/prf/ordinfo.html.

State Data Centers. The Census Bureau furnishes data products, training in data access and use, technical assistance, and consultation to all states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands. State Data Centers (SDCs) offer publications for reference, specially prepared reports, maps, other

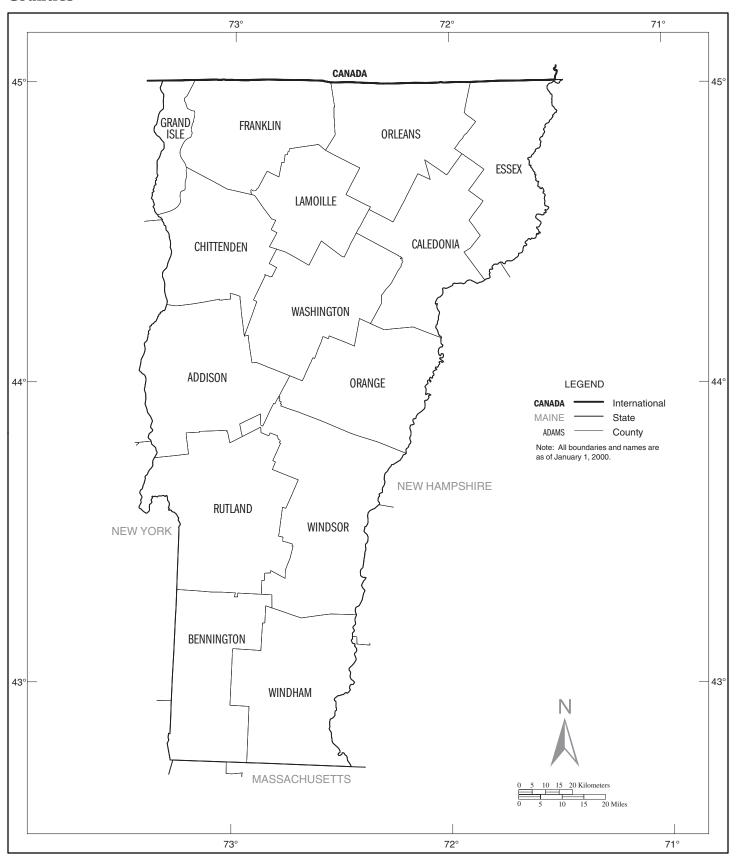
products, and assistance to data users. A component of the program is the Business and Industry Data Center (BIDC) Program, which supports the business community by expanding SDC services to government, academic, and nonprofit organizations that directly serve businesses. For a list of SDC/BIDCs, including their services and their Web sites, access http://www.census.gov/sdc/www/.

Census Information Centers. The Census Information Center (CIC) program is a cooperative activity between the Census Bureau and national nonprofit organizations representing interests of racial and ethnic communities. The program objective is to make census information and data available to the participating organizations for analysis, policy planning, and for further dissemination through a network of regional and local affiliates. For a listing of the organizations and the contacts, access http://www.census.gov/clo/www/cic.html.

The Census Bureau's Customer Liaison Office administers both the SDC and CIC programs. For more information on programs of that office, access http://www.census.gov/clo/www/clo.html.

Appendix F. Maps

Counties



County Subdivision Outline Map Legend and County Location Index

Map Legend _ . . . __ . . . __ . International State ----- ERIE County YORK County Subdivision¹ Incorporated Place¹ ROME ---- Zena Census Designated Place Large River, Lake, Water Body, or Shoreline Lake Erie A fishhook joins contiguous and/or discontiguous parts of the same geographic entity

Note: All legal boundaries and names are as of January 1, 2000. Where international, state, county, and/or county subdivision boundaries coincide, the map shows the boundary symbol for the highest level of these geographic entities. The county boundary is always shown. Where a county subdivision boundary coincides with a place boundary, the map does not show the place boundary symbol. Any geographic entity name may include '(pt.)' if some portion of the entity extends beyond the limits of the map area displayed on the page, or if multiple discontiguous pieces of the entity have been discretely labeled on the page. A geographic entity name may include '(pts.)' if many discontiguous pieces exist for that entity that cannot be discretely labeled. The boundaries shown on this map are for Census Bureau statistical data collection and tabulation purposes only; their depiction and designation for statistical purposes does not constitute a determination of jurisdictional authority or rights of ownership or entitlement.



County Location Index

This list presents the reference coordinates for each county on the county subdivision outline map. Map section numbers refer to the county subdivision outline maps only.

COUNTY	MAP SEC	MAP REF
Addison	1	LZ-BD
Bennington	2	LZ-BJ
Caledonia	1	MF-BB
Chittenden	1	LZ-BB
Essex	1	MH-AZ
Franklin	1	MA-AY
Grand Isle	1	LY-AZ
Lamoille	1	MC-BA
Orange	1	MD-BD
Orleans	1	ME-AZ
Rutland	2	LZ-BG
Washington	1	MC-BC
Windham	2	MB-BK
Windsor	2	MC-BG

F-2 Vermont Maps

¹ A ¹º following a place name indicates that the place is an independent place or independent city. An independent place is not part of any legal county subdivision and thus serves as the statistical equivalent of a legal county subdivision. An independent city is not part of any county or legal county subdivision and thus serves as both the statistical equivalent of a county and a legal county subdivision. The name for the county subdivision is always the same as that of the place and never shown separately on the map.

Counties, County Subdivisions, and Places - Section 1 В В СС В В 90, 94,0 71° | 30' <u>8</u> 71° 4VERILL UNENBURG ESSEV MH EAST HAVEN NORTON CONCORD BRIGHTON WEST BURKE BURKE DONIA LYNDONVILLE LYNDON / K HOLLAND 00 SUTTON 72° CALE RYEGATE ANS/ BROWNINGTO DANVILLE SHEFFIELD HILL BARTON (~) BARTON BRADFOR ORLEANS COVENTRY GROTON RASBURG **3REENSBOR** NORTH Memphre-TROY NEWPORT CORINTH CABOT (7) CABOT **B** 1400MJN /ALBANY MARSHFIELD HARDWICK WASHINGTON CHELSEA WESTFIELD LOWELL 72° |30' 30, λY HYDE PARK 72° 143MOSINON RANDOLPH MIDDLESEX NORTH-7/ FIELD (7/ NORTHFIELD JOHNSON ASH SEE SECTION 2 ENOSBURG (کیار) او ENOSBURG WATERBURY ROXBURY BERKSHIRE BAKERSHELD JEPPERSON-VILLE AMBRIDGE CAMBRIDGE Z **BRANVILLE** WARREN BOLTON FRANKLIN FAIRFIELD ANI HUNTINGTO ENDEA 9 RIPTON OROBENANIS GOSHEN 73° 00' 73° HINESBURG LEICESTER MIDDLEBURY MILTON Middlebury WHITING CORNWALL SHOREHAM ORWELL PANTON BRIDPOR **ADDISON** BURLINGTON 73° 30' 73°

30,0

ВВ

ВС

В

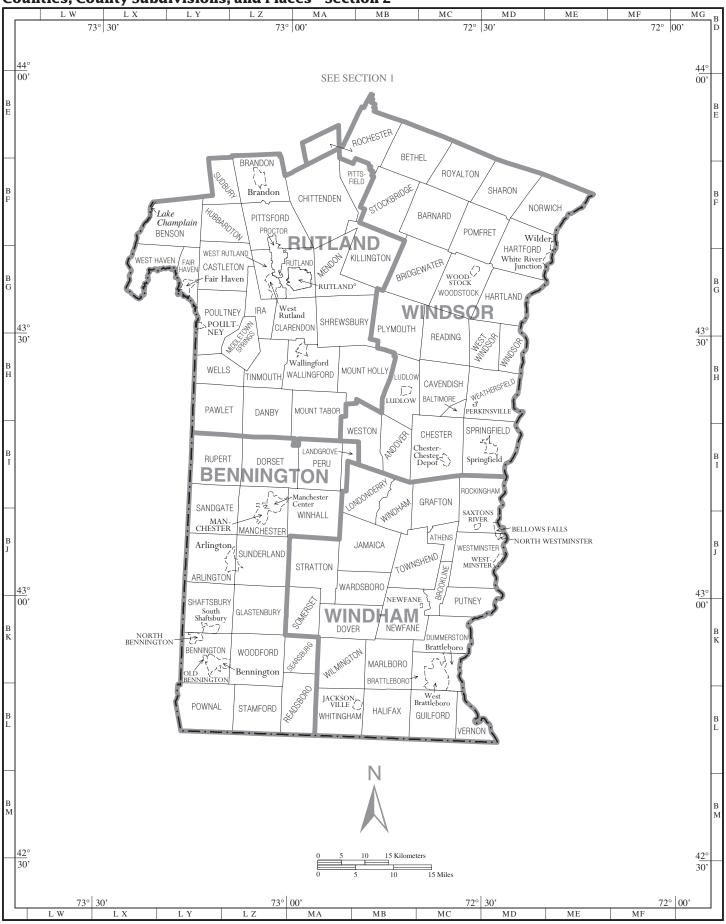
В

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В

Counties, County Subdivisions, and Places - Section 2



Appendix G. Accuracy of the Data

MASTER ADDRESS FILE AND ENUMERATION PROCEDURES

The majority of addresses in the United States are in what is known for census purposes as the mailout/mailback area, which in general consists of areas with predominantly city-style mailing addresses. The original source of addresses on the Master Address File (MAF) for the mailout/mailback areas was the 1990 Census address file, the Address Control File (ACF). The first update to the ACF addresses is a U.S. Postal Service (USPS) Delivery Sequence File (DSF) of addresses. The November 1997, September 1998, November 1999, and April 2000 DSFs were incorporated into the MAF.

Until shortly before the census, the ACF addresses and the November 1997 and September 1998 residential DSF addresses constituted the MAF. These addresses were tested against Census Bureau geographic information to determine their location at the census block level. The geographic information is maintained in the Census Bureau's Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding Referencing (TIGER®) system. When an address on the MAF can be uniquely matched to the address range in TIGER® for a street segment that forms one of the boundaries of a particular block, the address is said to be geocoded to that block. Valid and geocoded addresses appeared on each address list used for a field operation.

The Block Canvass operation was the next major address list operation in the mailout/mailback areas for Census 2000, taking place in January through May 1999. There was a 100-percent canvass of every block. Every geocoded address was printed in a block-by-block address register, and Block Canvassing listers identified the addresses as verified as a housing unit (with possible corrections to the address); a delete (no such address); a duplicate, implying the unit exists elsewhere on the list with a different, unmatchable designation, such as a different street name or building name; uninhabitable; or nonresidential.

Occurring in approximately the same time frame as Block Canvassing was a cooperative address list check with local governmental units throughout the country, called Local Update of Census Addresses (LUCA) 98. In LUCA 98, the participating governmental units received an address list and were asked for input mostly on added units but also on deleted units and corrected street names or directionals. The outcome of this operation was similar to that of Block Canvassing; units were added to and deleted from blocks, and address corrections were made.

The Decennial Master Address File (DMAF) was created in July 1999. This was the file used for printing most of the Census 2000 questionnaires. In the mailout/mailback areas, the operations that had yielded housing units and their status before this initial printing stage were the ACF, the November 1997 DSF, the September 1998 DSF, LUCA 98, and Block Canvassing.

Following the creation of the initial DMAF, there were updates to the DMAF. Addresses were added by the November 1999, February 2000, and April 2000 DSFs. Address update operations that occurred subsequent to the creation of the initial DMAF were the LUCA 98 field verification and appeal processes. Units receiving a conflicting status from the Block Canvassing and the LUCA 98 operation were sent for field verification by the Census Bureau; the results of the field verification were sent to the governmental units. At this stage the governmental unit could appeal the Census Bureau's findings for particular units. At an appeal, the Census Bureau and the governmental unit submitted their evidence of the status of a housing unit for independent review, and a ruling was issued. Both the field verification and the appeal process had the potential to change the status of a housing unit.

Accuracy of the Data G-1

A final operation in mailout/mailback areas that added addresses before Census Day was the New Construction operation, another cooperative effort with participating governmental units. This operation used governmental units' local knowledge to identify new housing units in February and March of 2000.

After mailout/mailback, the second most common method of questionnaire delivery was update/leave. The address list for update/leave areas was constructed during a Census Bureau field operation called Address Listing rather than from the ACF and DSF, because the addresses are primarily noncity-style. Census employees were sent to the field with maps of their assignment areas and were instructed to record the city-style address, noncity-style address or location description, or possibly some combination of the above, for every housing unit. In addition, the location of the unit was noted on the census map with what is known as a map spot. This operation took place in the fall of 1998.

At the completion of the processing of the address listing data, it was possible to tabulate the number of housing units in each block. Because the housing units in these areas may have non-standard mailing addresses and may be recorded in census files solely with a location description, the governmental units participating in the local review operation in these areas were sent lists of housing unit counts by block. This operation was called LUCA 99. When the LUCA 99 participant disagreed with a Census block count, that block was sent out for LUCA 99 recanvassing, in which census employees were redeployed to make updates to the address list. There was also a LUCA 99 appeal process for settling housing unit status discrepancies, which has the potential to add units to the address list. The LUCA 99 recanvassing and LUCA 99 appeal process took place at various times during the updating of the DMAF. Most of the LUCA 99 entities had their recanvassing results processed before creation of the initial DMAF, but many did not. There were DMAF updates designed specifically for getting late recanvassing and appeal results added into the census files in time for USPS delivery of a questionnaire.

The last address list-building operation in the update/leave areas was the Update/Leave operation itself. This operation was responsible for having a census questionnaire hand-delivered at every housing unit. In the process the MAF and the maps were updated.

In the most remote areas of the United States, the housing units were listed at the time of Census 2000 as the persons within them were enumerated. These operations were called List/Enumerate and Remote Alaska enumeration. This was the only source of addresses in these areas. All housing units were map spotted at the time of enumeration.

For some other regions of the country, where the address list had already been created, it was thought that an enumeration of the population would be more successful than mailback of the forms. Here an update/enumerate operation was instituted. There are two types of update/enumerate areas. The urban areas had passed through all the mailout/mailback operations up through the point of the creation of the initial DMAF, and the rural areas had passed through Address Listing, and sometimes LUCA 99, by the time of the creation of the initial DMAF. Because of these separate paths taken, it was necessary to distinguish between the urban and rural update/enumerate areas.

Another special enumeration is urban update/leave, which took place in areas where mail delivery was considered to be problematic. The addresses had passed through all the operations of the mailout/mailback areas up through the creation of the initial DMAF, but the area was visited by enumerators during the census, and, therefore, additions, deletions, and corrections to the address list were made.

People who did not receive a questionnaire at their house could submit a Be Counted Form, or they could call Telephone Questionnaire Assistance and have their information collected over the phone. Addresses from these operations that did not match those already on the DMAF were visited in a Field Verification operation to determine if they exist. Verified addresses were added to the address list.

One more source of information about housing units listed on the DMAF is the Nonresponse Follow-up (NRFU) operation. During NRFU, enumerators follow up on units that had not returned a

preaddressed census form. Units in NRFU can possibly be deleted or deemed vacant. At the same time, units that do not appear on the address list or maps could be added and enumerated concurrently. This operation occurs in mailout/mailback, update/leave, and urban update/leave areas.

SERVICE-BASED ENUMERATION

Service-Based Enumeration (SBE) was designed to account for persons without usual residence that use service facilities (i.e., shelters, soup kitchens, and mobile food vans). Only people using the service facility on the interview day were enumerated. In addition, people enumerated in targeted nonshelter outdoor locations and persons without usual residence that filed Be-Counted Forms (BCF) augmented the SBE count. The final total was included in the total population. This component of the enumeration should *not* be interpreted as a complete count of the homeless population.

CONFIDENTIALITY OF THE DATA

The Census Bureau has modified some data in this data release to protect confidentiality. Title 13, United States Code, Section 9, prohibits the Census Bureau from publishing results in which an individual's data can be identified.

The Census Bureau's internal Disclosure Review Board sets the confidentiality rules for all data releases. A checklist approach is used to ensure that all potential risks to the confidentiality of the data are considered and addressed. Questions about confidentiality may be addressed to: webmaster@census.gov Attention Policy.

Title 13, United States Code

Title 13 of the United States Code authorizes the Census Bureau to conduct censuses and surveys. Section 9 of the same Title requires that any information collected from the public under the authority of Title 13 be maintained as confidential. Section 214 of Title 13 and Sections 3559 and 3571 of Title 18 of the United States Code provide for the imposition of penalties of up to 5 years in prison and up to \$250,000 in fines for wrongful disclosure of confidential census information.

Disclosure Limitation

Disclosure limitation is the process for protecting the confidentiality of data. A disclosure of data occurs when someone can use published statistical information to identify an individual that has provided information under a pledge of confidentiality. Using disclosure limitation procedures, the Census Bureau modifies or removes the characteristics that put confidential information at risk for disclosure. Although it may appear that a table shows information about a specific individual, the Census Bureau has taken steps to disguise the original data while making sure the results are still useful.

Data Swapping

Data swapping is a method of disclosure limitation designed to protect confidentiality in tables of frequency data (the number or percentage of the population with certain characteristics). Data swapping is done by editing the source data or exchanging records for a sample of cases when creating a table. A sample of households is selected and matched on a set of selected key variables with households in neighboring geographic areas that have similar characteristics (such as the same number of adults and same number of children). Because the swap often occurs within a neighboring area, there is no effect on the marginal totals for the area or for totals that include data from multiple areas. Because of data swapping, users should not assume that tables with cells having a value of one or two reveal information about specific individuals.

NONSAMPLING ERROR

In any large-scale statistical operation, such as Census 2000, human- and computer-related errors occur. These errors are commonly referred to as nonsampling errors. Such errors include not enumerating every household or every person in the population, not obtaining all required information from the respondents, obtaining incorrect or inconsistent information, and recording information incorrectly. In addition, errors can occur during the field review of the enumerators' work, during clerical handling of the census questionnaires, or during the electronic processing of the questionnaires.

Accuracy of the Data G–3

While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the decennial census, the Census Bureau attempts to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. Described below are the primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted to control this error in Census 2000. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions actually were carried out during the census. As part of the Census 2000 evaluation program, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

Types of Nonsampling Error

Nonresponse. Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire or the failure to obtain any information for a housing unit allows for the introduction of bias into the data because the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any imputation procedure using respondent data may not completely reflect these differences either at the elemental level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing nonresponse. Characteristics for the nonresponses were imputed by using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics.

Respondent and enumerator error. The person answering the mail questionnaire for a household or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error. Although the question wording was extensively tested in several experimental studies prior to the census, the mail respondent may overlook or misunderstand a question, or answer a question in a way that cannot be interpreted correctly by the data capture system. The enumerator may also misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent, may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household, or may collect data for households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control problems such as these with the field enumeration, the work of enumerators was monitored carefully. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages that included hands-on experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by each enumerator was reinterviewed to control for the possibility of fabricated data being submitted by an enumerator.

Processing error. The many phases involved in processing the census data represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires completed by enumerators included field review by the crew leader, check-in, and transmittal of completed questionnaires. No field reviews were done on the mail return questionnaires for this census. Error may also be introduced by the misinterpretation of data by the data capture system or the failure to capture all the information that the respondents or enumerators provided on the forms. Write-in entries go through coding operations, which may also be a source of processing error in the data. Many of the various field, coding, and computer operations undergo a number of quality assurance and quality control checks to help ensure their accurate application.

Reduction of Nonsampling Error

To reduce various types of nonsampling errors, a number of techniques were implemented during the planning, development of the mailing address list, data collection, and data processing activities. Quality assurance methods were used throughout the data collection and processing phases of the census to improve the quality of the data. A reinterview program was implemented to minimize the errors in the data collection phase for enumerator-filled questionnaires.

Several coverage improvement programs were implemented during the development of the census address list and census enumeration and processing to minimize undercoverage of the population and housing units. These programs were developed based on experience from the 1990 census and results from the Census 2000 testing cycle.

Be Counted questionnaires, unaddressed forms requesting all short form items, plus a few additional items were available in public locations for people who believed they were not otherwise counted.

G-4 Accuracy of the Data

- An introductory letter was sent to all mailout/mailback addresses and many addresses in update/leave areas prior to the mailing of the census form. A reminder postcard was also sent to these addresses.
- Forms in Spanish or other languages were mailed to those who requested them by returning the introductory letter.
- A well-publicized, toll-free telephone number was available to answer questions about the forms. Also, responses of households who had received a short form could be taken over the phone.
- Under the Local Update of Census Addresses (LUCA) program, many local governments had the opportunity to address specific concerns about the accuracy and completeness of the Master Address File before mailings began.

Resolving Multiple Responses

With multiple ways for people to initiate their enumeration, as well as the field follow-up operations, it was very likely that some people would be enumerated more than once. A special computer process was implemented to control the extent of this type of nonsampling error by resolving situations where more than one form was received from an address. The process consisted of several steps. Addresses that had more than one viable return were analyzed. Housing data from one form were chosen as the housing data to use in subsequent census processing. Within each of these addresses, comparisons of the person records on each return were made against the person records on the other returns at the same address. People found to have been included on two or more different returns were marked as such, and only one of the person records was used in subsequent processing.

IMPUTING HOUSING UNIT STATUS AND POPULATION COUNTS

Following the completion of all data collection activities for Census 2000, a computer file of census housing units was created. For some housing units, information about whether the housing unit was occupied, vacant, or nonexistent was not available. These housing units were defined as "unclassified." Unclassified housing units were assigned a housing unit status of occupied, vacant, or nonexistent by assigning the status of a nearby housing unit to the unclassified unit. Additionally, the number of persons living in some housing units known to be occupied was unknown. Housing units with unknown population were assigned the population count of a nearby occupied housing unit. All other data for these housing units was assigned via substitution or allocation during the editing of unacceptable data described in the next section.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation was to produce a set of data that describes the population as accurately and clearly as possible. In a major change from past practice, the information on Census 2000 questionnaires generally was not edited during field data collection nor during data capture operations for consistency, completeness, and acceptability. Enumerator-filled questionnaires were reviewed by census crew leaders and local office clerks for adherence to specified procedures. No clerical review of mail return questionnaires was done to ensure that the information on the form could be data captured, nor were households contacted as in previous censuses to collect data that were missing from census returns.

Most census questionnaires received by mail from respondents as well as those filled by enumerators were processed through a new contractor-built image scanning system that used optical mark and character recognition to convert the responses into computer files. The optical character recognition, or OCR, process used several pattern and context checks to estimate accuracy thresholds for each write-in field. The system also used "soft edits" on most interpreted numeric write-in responses to decide whether the field values read by the machine interpretation were acceptable. If the value read had a lower than acceptable accuracy threshold or was outside of the soft edit range, the image of the item was displayed to a keyer, who then entered the response.

Accuracy of the Data G-5

To control the creation of possibly erroneous people from questionnaires completed incorrectly or containing stray marks, an edit on the number of people indicated on each mail return and enumerator-filled questionnaire was implemented as part of the data capture system. Failure of this edit resulted in the review of the questionnaire image at a workstation by an operator, that identified erroneous person records and corrected OCR interpretation errors in the population count field.

At Census Bureau headquarters, the mail response data records were subjected to a computer edit that identified households exhibiting a possible coverage problem and those with more than six household members—the maximum number of persons who could be enumerated on a mail questionnaire. Attempts were made to contact these households on the telephone to correct the count inconsistency and to collect the census data for those people for whom there was no room on the questionnaire.

Incomplete or inconsistent information on the questionnaire data records was assigned acceptable values using imputation procedures during the final automated edit of the collected data. Imputations, or computer assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries or blanks, are needed most often when an entry for a given item is lacking or when the information reported for a person on that item is inconsistent with other information for that person. This process is known as allocation. As in previous censuses, the general procedure for changing unacceptable entries was to assign an entry for a person that was consistent with entries for persons with similar characteristics. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries enhances the usefulness of the data. Allocation rates for census items are made available with the published census data.

Another way corrections were made during the computer editing process was through substitution; that is, the assignment of a full set of characteristics for people in a household. When there was an indication that a household was occupied by a specified number of people, but the questionnaire contained no information for the people within the household or the occupants were not listed on the questionnaire, a previously accepted household of the same size was selected as a substitute, and the full set of characteristics for the substitute was duplicated. Housing characteristics are not substituted. Table H18 in Summary File 1, Occupied Housing Units Substituted, represents a count of occupied housing units into which all persons have been substituted.

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