## Evaluating Eastern Gamagrass Stands When Planted in 28"- 40" Rows

Eastern gamagrass plant populations are a critical component in achieving good stands. Often, because of poor weather, planter problems, seed quality, and other factors, producers obtain final stands far less than desired. Since this can lower forage yield and allow non-desirable species to move into the planting, a careful evaluation is necessary to determine the actual population obtained.

Plantings of eastern gamagrass should be evaluated at the end of the first growing season and two to three months after green up the second year. Stands may be evaluated using the method outline below. The method involves stopping at randomly selected parts of the field and counting plants (that is, taking a sample) within rows. Table 1 recommends the number of samples to take, or stops to make, per field.

At each stop, count the number of plants in an area measuring 50 feet along the row. Total the number of plants counted at all stops and divide by the number of stops. This will be your average row count. Using Table 2, look under the proper row width column and find the number that is closest to the average counted. Then find the corresponding plant population to determine stand.

Table 1 - Number of Samples per Field

| No. Samples | Field Size (acres) ${ }^{*}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 7 | 1 to 15 |
| 12 | 16 to 30 |
| 17 | 31 to 50 |

[^0]Table 2 - Estimating Stand

|  | Row Width (Inches) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Plants <br> per Acre | 28 | 30 | 36 | 38 | 40 |  |
| (Average Number of Plants per 50 ft row) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2,000 | 5.5 | 6 | 7 | 7.5 | 8 |  |
| 2,500 | 7 | 7.5 | 9 | 9 | 9.5 |  |
| 3,000 | 8 | 8.5 | 10.5 | 11 | 11.5 |  |
| 3,500 | 10 | 10.5 | 12 | 13 | 13.5 |  |
| 4,000 | 11 | 11.5 | 14 | 14.5 | 15.5 |  |
| 4,500 | 12 | 13 | 15.5 | 16.5 | 17.5 |  |
| 5,000 | 14 | 14.5 | 17.5 | 18 | 19 |  |
| 5,500 | 15.5 | 16 | 19 | 20 | 21 |  |
| 6,000 | 17 | 17.5 | 21 | 22 | 23 |  |
| 6,500 | 18 | 19 | 22.5 | 24 | 25 |  |
| 7,000 | 19.5 | 20 | 24 | 25.5 | 27 |  |
| 7,500 | 21 | 22 | 26 | 27.5 | 29 |  |
| 8,000 | 22 | 23 | 28 | 29 | 31 |  |
| 8,500 | 24 | 24.5 | 29.5 | 31 | 32.5 |  |
| 9,000 | 25 | 26 | 31 | 33 | 34.5 |  |
| 9,500 | 26.5 | 27.5 | 33 | 34.5 | 36.5 |  |
| 10,000 | 28 | 29 | 34.5 | 36.5 | 38.5 |  |
| 10,500 | 29.5 | 30.5 | 36.5 | 38.5 | 40.5 |  |
| 11,000 | 31 | 32 | 38 | 40 | 42.5 |  |
| 11,500 | 32 | 33 | 40 | 42 | 44.5 |  |
| 12,000 | 33 | 35 | 42 | 43.5 | 46 |  |
| 12,500 | 33.5 | 37.5 | 43 | 45.5 | 48 |  |
| 13,000 | 35 | 37.5 | 45 | 47.5 | 49.5 |  |
| 13,500 | 36 | 38.5 | 46.5 | 49 | 51.5 |  |
| 14,000 | 37.5 | 40 | 48 | 51 | 53.5 |  |
| 14,500 | 39 | 41.5 | 50 | 53 | 55.5 |  |
| 15,000 | 40 | 43 | 51.5 | 54.5 | 57.5 |  |
| 15,500 | 41.5 | 44.5 | 53.5 | 56.5 | 59.5 |  |
| 16,000 | 43 | 46 | 55 | 58 | 61 |  |
| 16,500 | 44 | 46 | 57 | 60 | 78 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Red = plant population of 1 plant or less per 5 foot of row length, poor stand; need to consider re-establishment or reseeding.

Yellow = plant population averages 1 plant per 4 foot of row length, minimal stand; need to consider reseeding to enhance stand.

Blue = plant population averages 1 plant per 3 foot of row length, moderate stand; monitor planting and reseed as needed to fill in gaps

Green = plant population averages 1 plant per 2 foot of row length, good stand, adequate plant population to manage stand.

Purple $=$ plant population equal to or greater than 1 plant per foot of row, excellent stand.


[^0]:    * A field larger than 50 acres should be broken into 2 units.

    After taking samples remove the extreme high and low sample.

