Wildflower Plant Characteristics for Pollinator and Conservation Plantings in the Northeast

| scientific name | Common name | pollinator ranking* | USDA <br> hardiness zones | Bloom Time | bloom color | ht (ft) | Wetland <br> Indicator | ph | light <br> needs | Vegetative spread | seeds/\# | Cost (Ib) (\$) 2012** | other |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agastache scrophulariifolia | purple giant hyssop | very high | 4-6 | july-sept | purple | 2-4 | FACW | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 6.5- \\ 7.0 \end{array}$ | full | n/a | 1,488,000 | \$80 | attractive to bees and butterflies,birds, RARE |
| Apocynum cannabinum | indian hemp | very high | 4-8 | june-aug | white | 2-4 | FACU | 4.5-7 | full | some | 500,000 | \$280 | extensive root system, fairly aggressive |
| Asclepias syriaca | common milkweed | very high | 3-9 | june-aug | pink purple | 1-4 | FACU | $\begin{gathered} 5.6- \\ 7.5 \end{gathered}$ | full to partial | high | 64,000 | \$160 | attracts monarchs; cuttings will bloom in first year, seeds may not |
| Asclepias incarnata | swamp milkweed | very high | 3-7 | july-aug | pink | 2-4 | OBL | 5-8 | full to partial | slow | 75,000 | \$280 | good for wetlands; great for monarch; high deer resistant |
| Asclepias tuberosa | butterfly milkweed | very high | 4-9 | late juneaug | orange | 1-2 | FAC | $\begin{gathered} 4.8- \\ 6.8 \end{gathered}$ | full to partial | none | 70,000 | \$300 | attractive to monarchs |
| Baptisia australis | blue false indigo | medium | 3-8 | late mayjune | purple/ <br> blue | 3-5 | FACU | $\begin{gathered} 5.8-2 \\ 7.2 \end{gathered}$ | full | none | 63,140 | \$140 | native legume, great for mixes, bushy habit, good ground cover |
| Baptisia tinctoria | wild indigo | medium | 3-9 | june-aug | yellow | 1-3 | FAC- | 5.8-7 | full | none | 300,000 | \$400 | very low maintenance |
| Chelone glabra | white turtlehead | medium | 3-8 | july-aug | White | 2-4 | FACW | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 5.1- \\ 6.5 \end{array}$ | full-shade | slow | 1,560,000 | \$600 | good for shady woods |
| Chamaecrista fasciculata | partridge pea | high | 3-8 | june-aug | yellow | 2-5 | FACU | $\begin{array}{\|c} 5.5- \\ 7.5 \end{array}$ | full to partial | none | 65,000 | \$10 | good for wildlife and erosion control; legume, very prolific re-seeder (can become weedy) |
| Cichorium intybus | blue chicory | very low | 4-8 | july-sept | purple | 1-4 | FACU | $\begin{gathered} 6.0- \\ 7.5 \end{gathered}$ | full to partial | none | 426,400 | \$16 | roadsides, open fields |
| Coreopsis lanceolata | lanced-leaved coreopsis | medium | 3-8 | june-july | yellow | 2-4 | FACU | $\begin{gathered} 6.0- \\ 7.0 \end{gathered}$ | full | none | 210,000 | \$14 | can tolerate regular mowing |
| Coreopsis tinctoria | plains coreopsis | low | 4-6 | june-aug | yellow | 2-4 | FAC- | $\begin{gathered} 5.2- \\ 7.8 \end{gathered}$ | full | none | 3,222,222 | \$12 | flowers in short period of time, may become invasive |
| Desmodium canadense | showy tick trefoil | medium-low | 3-6 | july-sept | pink/ <br> purple | 2-5 | FAC | $\begin{gathered} 5.6- \\ 6.5 \end{gathered}$ | full to partial | n/a | 88,000 | \$140 | legume, can become invasive |
| Doellingeria umbellata | flat top white aster | medium-low | 3-8 | july-sept | white | 2-4 | FACW | $\begin{array}{r} 5.6- \\ 7.5 \end{array}$ | full | n/a | 859,000 | \$180 | host to pearl crescent, and silvery checkerspot |
| Echinacea purpurea | purple coneflower | high | 3-8 | july-oct | purple | 2-4 | FAC | $\begin{gathered} 6.5- \\ 7.2 \end{gathered}$ | full to <br> partial | mod | 115,000 | \$28 | easy to grow |

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| scientific name | Common name | pollinator ranking* | USDA hardiness zones | Bloom <br> Time | bloom color | ht (ft) | Wetland <br> Indicator | ph | light <br> needs | Vegetative spread | seeds/\# | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cost } \\ & \text { (lb) (\$) } \\ & \text { 2012** } \end{aligned}$ | other |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Eupatoriadelphus maculatus | spotted joe pye weed | high | 5-9 | july-aug | pink-purple | 2-5 | FACW | 5.5-7 | full to partial | slow | 2,880,000 | \$220 | attracts butterflies |
| Eupatorium perfoliatum | boneset | high | 4-7 | july-sept | white | 2-5 | FACW+ | $\begin{gathered} 6.1- \\ 7.8 \end{gathered}$ | full to partial | n/a | 1,520,000 | \$200 | from seed, flowers in 2nd to 3rd year. may attract pests |
| Eurybia macrophylla | bigleaf aster | medium | 3-8 | july-oct | purple | 2-4 | FACU | $\begin{gathered} 4.9- \\ 6.9 \end{gathered}$ | full | mod | 800,000 | \$240 | provides wildlife habitat, can tolerate some shade |
| Euthamia graminifolia | grass-leaved goldenrod | medium-low | 2-8 | aug-sep | yellow | 3-5 | FAC | n/a | full | fast | 5,600,000 | \$360 | food and cover for wildlife |
| Helenium autumnale | common sneezeweed | high | 3-8 | aug-sept | yellow | 2-5 | FACW+ | $\begin{gathered} 4.0- \\ 7.5 \end{gathered}$ | full | none | 2,000,000 | \$80 | attracts butterflies, flowers late |
| Helianthus giganteus | giant sunflower | medium | 5-11 | july-sept | yellow | 6-9 | FAC | $\begin{gathered} 6.1- \\ 7.8 \end{gathered}$ | full | none | 160000 | \$280 | large plant, small flowers |
| Helianthus mollis | ashy sunflower | medium | 4-10 | aug-sept | yellow | 2-6 | UPL | $\begin{gathered} 5.7- \\ 8.0 \end{gathered}$ | full | high | 125,000 | \$180 | covered with hairs |
| Heliopsis helianthoides | ox eye (false) sunflower | low | 3-9 | july-aug | yellow | 2-5 | FAC | $\begin{gathered} 6.1- \\ 7.8 \end{gathered}$ | full to partial | n/a | 103,900 | \$48 | deer and birds love this plant |
| Hypericum perforatum | St Johnswort | medium | 4-8 | july-oct | yellow | 1-3 | FAC | $\begin{gathered} 5.1- \\ 7.5 \end{gathered}$ | partial | slow | 1,800,000 | \$80 |  |
| Lespedeza capitata | round-headed <br> lespedeza | low | 4-6 | aug-sept | white | 2-4 | FACU- | $\begin{gathered} 5.7- \\ 8.2 \end{gathered}$ | full | none | 159,000 | \$180 | provides food for birds and small wildlife |
| Liatris aspera | tall (rough) blazing star | high | 3-8 | july-aug | purple | 2-4 | FACU | $\begin{gathered} 6.6- \\ 7.5 \end{gathered}$ | full | slow | 256,000 | \$400 | scarify seed helps, shortest and last to bloom of liatris |
| Liatris spicata | marsh blazing star | high | 3-9 | july-aug | purple | 2-4 | FAC+ | $\begin{gathered} 5.6- \\ 7.5 \end{gathered}$ | full to partial | slow | 100,000 | \$148 | good for rain gardens |
| Linum perenne | perennial blue flax | low | 4-9 | june-july | blue | 2-3 | FAC | $\begin{gathered} 6.1- \\ 7.8 \end{gathered}$ | full to partial | slow | 320,000 | \$20 | not native and short lived |
| Lobelia cardinalis | cardinal flower | high | 4-8 | june-aug | red | 1-4 | FACW+ | $\begin{gathered} 5.8- \\ 7.8 \end{gathered}$ | full to partial | none | 7,320,000 | \$560 | provides nectar for bees and hummingbirds, butterflies |
| Lobelia siphilitica | great blue lobelia | very high | 3-8 | july-sept | purple | 2-5 | FACW+ | $\begin{gathered} 6.0- \\ 7.5 \end{gathered}$ | full to partial | n/a | 6,400,000 | \$260 | takes a few years to establish |

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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lupinus perennis | wild lupine | high | 3-9 | late mayjune | blue | 1-2 | FACU | $\begin{gathered} 4.6- \\ 7.2 \end{gathered}$ | full to partial | none | 18,800 | \$200 | provides food and habitat for butterflies, not for restoration |
| Mimulus ringens | Alleghany monkey flower | medium | 3-9 | july-aug | light purple | 1-3 | OBL | $\begin{gathered} 5.6- \\ 7.5 \end{gathered}$ | full to <br> partial | n/a | 36,800,000 | \$160 | provides cover for wildlife |
| Monarda fistulosa | wild bergamot | very high | 3-7 | june-july | purple/ dark pink | 2-5 | UPL | 6-8 | full to <br> partial | mod | 1,200,000 | \$220 | provides nectar for bees and hummingbirds, butterflies |
| Monarda media | purple bergamot | very high | 4-9 | june-aug | purple | 2-4 | FACW | $\begin{gathered} 6.0- \\ 7.8 \end{gathered}$ | full to partial | mod | 1,120,000 | \$196 | attracts bees and butterflies |
| Monarda punctata | spotted beebalm | very high | 5-10 | july-aug | pink/ white | 1-3 | UPL | $\begin{aligned} & 6.8- \\ & 7.2 \end{aligned}$ | full | mod | 1,440,000 | \$180 | sensitive to overwatering |
| Oenothera biennis | evening primrose | medium | 4-8 | june-aug | yellow | 4-5 | FACU | $\begin{gathered} 6.1- \\ 7.8 \end{gathered}$ | full | none | 1,376,000 | \$32 | may become weedy or invasive |
| Oligoneuron riddellii | Riddell's Goldenrod | high | 3-7 | sept-oct | yellow | 2-4 | OBL | $\begin{array}{\|c} 7.0- \\ 8.0 \end{array}$ | full | some | 1,424,000 | \$200 | listed as species at risk, Not Native to NY |
| Penstemon digitalis | tall white beard tongue | high | 4-8 | may-july | white | 2-5 | FAC | 5.5-7 | full to partial | mod | 2,000,000 | \$108 | a durable early plant |
| Penstemon hirsutus | hairy beardtongue | high | 4-9 | july-aug | Pale violet | 2-3 | FACU | $\begin{gathered} 6.0- \\ 7.5 \end{gathered}$ | full-shade | none | 4,000,000 | \$240 | shorter stature than P. digitalis |
| Pycnanthemum virginianum | Virginia mountain mint | very high | 4-8 | july-aug | white | 1-3 | FAC | $\begin{array}{r} 5.0- \\ 7.5 \end{array}$ | full to partial | slow | 3,840,000 | \$480 | very fragrant |
| Ratibida pinnata | gray-headed coneflower | medium | 3-7 | july-aug | yellow | 3-5 | FAC | $\begin{gathered} 5.6- \\ 6.8 \end{gathered}$ | full to partial | none | 625,000 | \$48 |  |
| Rudbeckia hirta | black-eyed susan | medium-low | 5-9 | june-sept | yellow/ orange | 2-3 | FACU | 6-7 | full to partial | none | 1,500,000 | \$24 | food and cover for birds |
| Senna hebecarpa | wild senna | medium | 4-9 | july-aug | yellow | 4-6 | FAC | $\begin{gathered} 6.5- \\ 7.5 \end{gathered}$ | full to partial | n/a | 22,680 | \$20 | short flowering legumes |
| Solidago caesia | bluestem goldenrod | high | 3-9 | aug-oct | yellow | 1-4 | FACU | 5.5-7 | full to partial | slow | 4,640,000 | \$450 | wood edges |
| Solidago juncea | early goldenrod | high | 4-8 | july-sept | yellow | 2-5 | UPL | $\begin{gathered} 5.0- \\ 7.0 \end{gathered}$ | full to partial | n/a | 700,000 | \$200 | first goldenrod of the season to bloom |

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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Solidago nemoralis | gray goldenrod | high | 4-8 | aug-oct | yellow | 1-3 | UPL | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 6.5- \\ 7.5 \end{array}$ | full | rapid | 1,008,000 | \$240 | survives in low fertility soil, provides nectar for butterflies |
| Solidago patula | rough goldenrod | high | 3-8 | sept-oct | yellow | 4-5 | OBL | 4.5-7 | full- <br> partial | rapid | 700000 | \$320 |  |
| Solidago speciosa | showy goldenrod | high | 5-9 | aug-sept | yellow | 2-5 | UPL | $\begin{gathered} 5.1- \\ 7.5 \end{gathered}$ | full to partial | n/a | 1,600,000 | \$160 | very attractive to butterflies, bees, ants, beetles |
| Symphyotrichum laeve | smooth blue aster | high | 4-6 | aug-oct | blue/ purple | 2-5 | FACU | $\begin{gathered} 5.8- \\ 7.8 \end{gathered}$ | full | mod | 880,000 | \$200 | fibrous root system |
| Symphyotrichum lateriflorum | calico aster | high | 3-6 | aug-sept | white/ changing | 2-5 | FACW- | $\begin{gathered} 6.1- \\ 6.5 \end{gathered}$ | full-shade | some | 4,000,000 | \$260 | found in forested areas, horizontal branches |
| Symphyotrichum novaeangliae | new england aster | high | 4-8 | aug-oct | purple | 2-6 | FACW | $\begin{gathered} 5.6- \\ 7.5 \end{gathered}$ | full to partial | n/a | 700,000 | \$248 | provides food and cover for wildlife and butterflies |
| Symphyotrichum novibelgii | NY aster | high | 4-8 | aug-oct | purple | 3-5 | FACW | 5.5-7 | full | mod | 700000 | \$220 | prone to mildew |
| Symphyotrichum prenanthoides | zigzag (crooked stem) aster | high | 4-8 | july-sept | pink/ <br> purple | 2-4 | FAC | $\begin{gathered} 5.5- \\ 7.2 \end{gathered}$ | partial to shade | mod | 700,000 | \$180 | provides nectar for butterflies |
| Tradescantia ohiensis | Ohio spiderwort | high | 4-9 | late mayjuly | purple | 2-3 | FAC | $\begin{gathered} 6.6- \\ 7.5 \end{gathered}$ | full to partial | n/a | 128,000 | \$160 | self seeds, can become invasive |
| Tradescantia subaspera | zigzag spiderwort | high | 5-9 | late mayaug | purple | 2-3 | FACW | $\begin{array}{\|c} 5-6- \\ 7.8 \end{array}$ | partial | n/a | 130,000 | \$54 | bloom period fairly long. Pollinated by bees, sytphid flies |
| Trifolium hybridum | alsike clover | medium-high | 2-10 | early mayjune | pink-white | 1-3 | FAC | $\begin{gathered} 5.6- \\ 7.5 \end{gathered}$ | full | none | 680,400 | \$2 | introduced |
| Verbena hastata | blue vervain | medium | 3-8 | june-aug | purple | 2-5 | FACW+ | $\begin{gathered} 5.6- \\ 7.5 \end{gathered}$ | full to partial | n/a | 1,544,000 | \$54 | easily seeded |
| Verbena stricta | hoary vervain | medium | 3-9 | july-aug | purple | 4-6 | FACU | $\begin{gathered} 5.6- \\ 7.5 \end{gathered}$ | full | slow | 480,000 | \$80 | does not compete with vigorous grasses |
| Verbena urticifolia | white vervain | medium | 4-9 | june-aug | white | 3-5 | FACU | $\begin{gathered} 6.6- \\ 7.5 \end{gathered}$ | full to partial | n/a | 1,000,000 | \$120 | will flower in the first year |
| Verbesina alternifolia | wingstem | high | 4-6 | july-sept | yellow | 3-7 | FAC | n/a | full to <br> partial | n/a | 239,000 | \$140 | threatened in NYS |

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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Vernonia noveboracensis | NY ironweed | high | 5-9 | aug-sept | purple | 4-6 | FACW+ | $\begin{gathered} 5.1- \\ 7.5 \end{gathered}$ | full to partial | none | 300,000 | \$210 | deer and rabbit resistance |
| Veronicastrum virginicum | culver's root | high | 4-8 | july-aug | white | 2-5 | FAC | $\begin{gathered} 6.6- \\ 7.8 \end{gathered}$ | full to partial | n/a | 12,400,000 | \$640 | attracts butterflies and bees |
| Zizia aurea | golden alexanders | medium-low | 3-8 | late apriljune | yellow | 1-2 | FAC | $\begin{gathered} 6.1- \\ 7.8 \end{gathered}$ | full to partial | n/a | 176,000 | \$160 | one of the earliest blooming natives |

*Pollinator rankings are from Xerces Society and current and past research (values updated May 2012)
**All prices from Ernst Conservation Seed

| INFORMATION: | Xerces Society |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | NRCS PLANTS database <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> www.wildflower.org |

Michigan State University
pollinator.org
CT Botanical Society

Native Plant Network
USDA Forest Service
NYS Natural Heritage Program

## NYS Flora Atlas

New England Wildflower Society
Flora Of North America Association
$\sim$ Note that all native perennial wildflowers benefit from a period of cold stratification to improve germination and vigor


United States Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service


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