Monthly Energy Review

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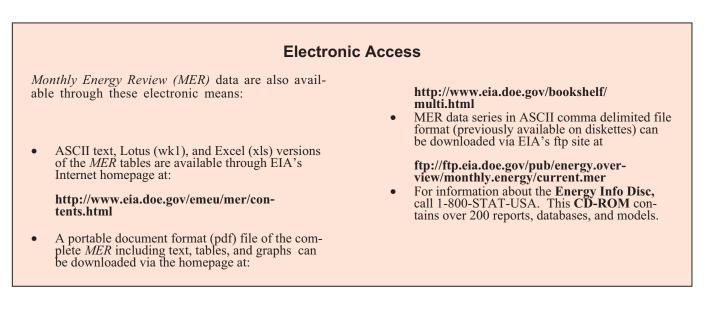
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Monthly Energy Review

October 1998

Energy Information Administration Office of Energy Markets and End Use U.S. Department of Energy Washington, DC 20585

This report was prepared by the Energy Information Administration, the independent statistical and analytical agency within the U.S. Department of Energy. The information contained herein should be attributed to the Energy Information Administration and should not be construed as advocating or reflecting any policy of the Department of Energy or any other organization.

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Section 1. Energy Overview

Energy production during July 1998 totaled 5.9 quadrillion Btu, a 0.9-percent increase from the level of production during July 1997. Production of coal increased 3.6 percent, crude oil and natural gas plant liquids combined decreased 3.2 percent, and natural gas increased 1.1 percent. Production of all other forms of energy combined were up 0.9 percent from the level of production during July 1997.

Energy consumption during July 1998 totaled 7.8 quadrillion Btu, 1.0 percent above the level of con-sumption during July 1997. Consumption of coal increased 2.6 percent, natural gas increased 0.9 percent, and petroleum products rose 0.2 percent. Consumption of all other forms of energy combined increased 0.6 percent from the level 1 year earlier.

Net imports of energy during July 1998 totaled 2.0 quadrillion Btu, 12.5 percent above the level of net imports 1 year earlier. Net imports of natural gas were down 0.4 percent but net imports of petroleum increased 13.0 percent. Net exports of coal fell 6.5 percent from the level in July 1997.

Table 1.1 Energy Summary for July 1998

(Quadrillion Btu)

		July		Cumulative January Through July						
	1998	1997	Percent Change ^a	1998	1998 Daily Rate	1997	1997 Daily Rate	Percent Change ^a		
Production	5.886	5.835	0.9	40.572	0.191	40.397	0.191	0.4		
Coal	1.967	1.899	3.6	13.691	.065	13.483	.064	1.5		
Natural Gas (Dry)	^E 1.654	1.636	1.1	E 11.361	^E .054	11.316	.053	.4		
Crude Oil ^b and Natural Gas Plant Liquids	^E 1.321	1.365	-3.2	^E 9.315	E.044	9.387	.044	8		
Other ^c	.944	.935	.9	6.205	.029	6.210	.029	1		
Consumption	7.766	7.691	1.0	52.902	.250	53.015	.250	2		
Coal	^E 1.998	1.948	2.6	E 12.244	E.058	11.961	.056	2.4		
Natural Gas ^d	F 1.604	1.589	.9	E 13.282	E.063	13.641	.064	-2.6		
Petroleum Products ^e	3.176	3.171	.2	20.983	.099	20.977	.099	.0		
Other ^f	.988	.983	.6	6.392	.030	6.436	.030	7		
Net Imports	1.979	1.760	12.5	12.485	.059	12.150	.057	2.8		
Coal ^g	148	159	-6.5	-1.063	005	-1.146	005	-7.2		
Natural Gas	E.230	.231	4	E 1.712	E.008	1.676	.008	2.1		
Petroleum ^h	1.854	1.640	13.0	11.649	.055	11.394	.054	2.2		
Other ⁱ	.044	.048	-6.8	.187	.001	.225	.001	-16.9		

^a Based on daily rates prior to rounding.

^b Includes lease condensate.

^c "Other" is hydroelectric and nuclear electric power, and electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy. ^d Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

^e Products obtained from the processing of crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas, and other hydrocarbon compounds.

"Other" is hydroelectric and nuclear electric power; electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy; and net imports of electricity and coal coke.

^g Minus sign indicates exports are greater than imports. h

Crude oil, lease condensate, petroleum products, pentanes plus, unfinished oils, gasoline blending components, and imports of crude oil for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

ⁱ "Other" is net imports of electricity and coal coke.

E=Estimate. F=Forecast.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent · Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of rounding. Columbia.

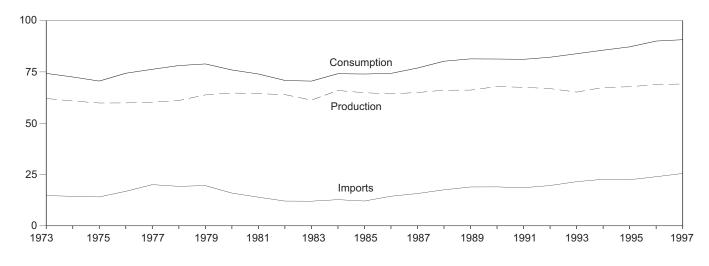
Sources: Tables 1.3, 1.4, and 1.5.

Please Read: Due to a lack of consistent monthly historical data, some renewable energy sources are not included in production and consumption. In 1997, for example, 3.9 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution is included, but an estimated 3.2 quadrillion Btu used by residential, commercial, and industrial consumers is not. See Note 12 at the end of Section 2 for details.

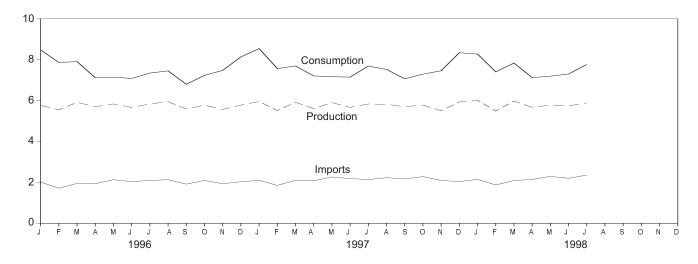
Figure 1.1 Energy Overview

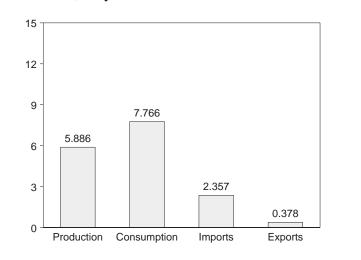
(Quadrillion Btu)

Consumption, Production, and Imports, 1973-1997



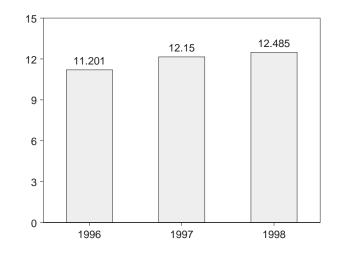
Consumption, Production, and Imports, Monthly





Overview, July 1998

Net Imports, January-July



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 1.2.

Table 1.2 Energy Overview

(Quadrillion Btu)

	Production	Consumption ^a	Imports	Exports	Net Imports
770 T-4-1	~~ ~~~	74.000	44 704	0.054	40.000
973 Total	62.060	74.282	14.731	2.051	12.680
974 Total	60.835	72.543	14.413	2.223	12.190
975 Total	59.860	70.546	14.111	2.359	11.752
976 Total	59.892	74.362	16.837	2.188	14.648
977 Total	60.219	76.288	20.090	2.071	18.019
978 Total	61.103	78.089	19.254	1.931	17.323
		78.898	19.616	2.870	16.746
979 Total	63.801				
980 Total	64.761	75.955	15.971	3.723	12.247
981 Total	64.421	73.990	13.975	4.329	9.646
982 Total	63.962	70.848	12.092	4.633	7.460
983 Total	61.279	70.524	12.027	3.717	8.310
984 Total	65.962	74.144	12.767	3.804	8.963
985 Total	64.871	73.981	12.103	4.231	7.872
986 Total	64.350	74.297	14.438	4.055	10.382
987 Total	64.952	76.894	15.764	3.853	11.911
988 Total	66.105	80.218	17.564	4.415	13.149
089 Total	66.160	81.358	18.950	4.767	14.182
990 Total	67.871	81.283	18.988	4.911	14.078
991 Total	67.505	81.138	18.579	5.221	13.358
992 Total	66.862	82.154	19.652	5.017	14.634
993 Total	65.171	83.871	21.531	4.351	17.181
994 Total	67.457	85.598	22.696	4.125	18.571
995 Total	67.760	87.205	22.469	4.580	17.890
96 January	5.766	8.480	2.010	.389	1.621
February	5.548	7.865	1.714	.376	1.338
March	5.909	7.908	1.947	.359	1.588
April	5.701	7.119	1.934	.378	1.556
May	5.836	7.142	2.131	.378	1.753
June	5.668	7.084	2.034	.387	1.647
July	5.834	7.347	2.094	.396	1.698
August	5.944	7.453	2.129	.381	1.748
September	5.589	6.796	1.912	.428	1.484
October	5.779	7.236	2.093	.425	1.669
November	5.569	7.476	1.935	.412	1.523
December	5.777	8.135	2.029	.399	1.630
Total	68.920	90.041	23.961	4.706	19.255
		P o E to			
997 January	5.960	^R 8.546	2.102	.396	1.705
February	5.512	^R 7.564	1.852	.337	1.515
March	5.920	^R 7.694	2.100	.372	1.728
April	5.604	^R 7.206	2.075	.359	1.716
		^R 7.168			
May	5.901		2.263	.363	1.900
June	5.665	^R 7.147	2.185	.359	1.826
July	5.835	^R 7.691	2.136	.376	1.760
August	5.817	^R 7.523	2.228	.440	1.788
September	5.699	^R 7.065	2.167	.381	1.786
•					
October	5.782	^R 7.294	2.281	.415	1.866
November	5.504	^R 7.460	2.093	.362	1.731
December	5.930	^R 8.341	2.037	.413	1.624
Total	69.128	^R 90.698	25.520	4.575	20.945
998 January	6 026	^R 8.275	2147	100	1 700
	6.026		2.147	.408	1.739
February	5.485	^R 7.405	1.873	.317	1.556
March	^R 5.979	^R 7.838	2.088	.357	1.731
April	^R 5.670	^R 7.125	2.144	.375	1.769
Mav	^R 5.782	^R 7.193	^R 2.293	.407	^R 1.886
					^R 1.825
June	5.743	^R 7.299	^R 2.199	^R .375	
July	5.886	7.766	2.357	.378	1.979
7-Month Total	40.572	52.902	15.102	2.616	12.485
997 7-Month Total	40.397	53.015	14.713	2.563	12.150
96 7-Month Total	40.263	52.945	13.863	2.565	11.201
	40.203	JZ.340	13.003	2.002	11.201

^a The sum of domestic energy production and net imports of energy does not equal domestic energy consumption. The difference is attributed to stock changes; losses and gains in conversion, transportation, and distribution; the addition of blending compounds shipments of anthracite to U.S. Armed Forces in Europe; and adjustments to account for discrepancies between reporting systems. R=Revised. Notes: • For definitions, see Notes 1 through 4 at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

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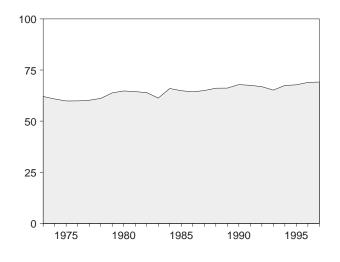
Sources: • Production: Table 1.3. • Consumption: Table 1.4. • Imports and Exports: Tables 3.1b, 4.2, 6.1, A2-A8, and Section 2, "Energy Consumption Notes and Sources," Notes 8 and 9. • Net Imports: Table 1.5.

Please Read: Due to a lack of consistent monthly historical data, some renewable energy sources are not included in production and consumption. In 1997, for example, 3.9 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution is included, but an estimated 3.2 quadrillion Btu used by residential, commercial, and industrial consumers is not. See Note 12 at the end of Section 2 for details.

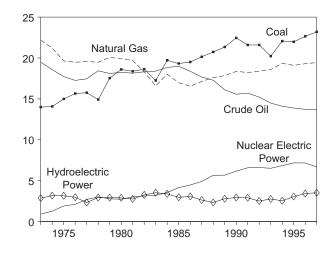
Figure 1.2 Energy Production

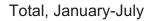
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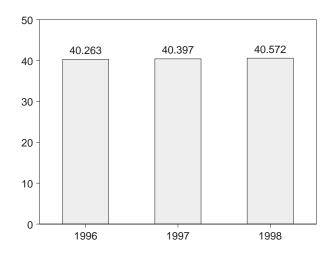
Total, 1973-1997



By Major Sources, 1973-1997

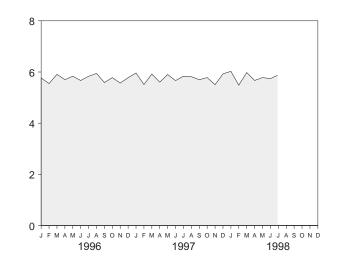




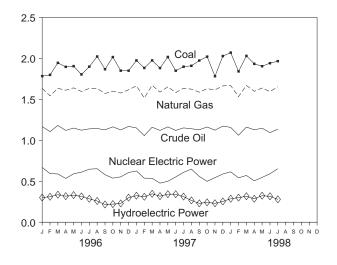


Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 1.3.

Total, Monthly



By Major Sources, Monthly



By Major Sources, July 1998

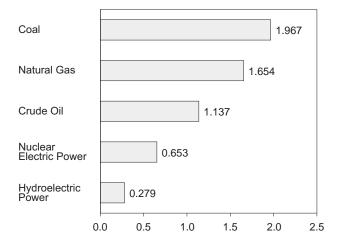


Table 1.3 Energy Production by Source

(Quadrillion Btu)

		Natural Gas	Crude	Natural Gas Plant	Nuclear Electric	Hydro- electric	Geothermal		
	Coal	(Dry)	Oila	Liquids	Power	Powerb	Energy	Other ^c	Total
73 Total	13.993	22.187	19.493	2.569	0.910	2.861	0.043	0.003	62.06
74 Total	14.074	21.210	18.575	2.471	1.272	3.177	.053	.003	60.83
75 Total	14.990	19.640	17.729	2.374	1.900	3.155	.070	.002	59.86
76 Total	15.654	19.480	17.262	2.327	2.111	2.976	.078	.002	59.892
77 Total	15.755	19.565	17.454	2.327	2.702	2.333	.077	.005	60.21
78 Total	14.910	19.485	18.434	2.245	3.024	2.937	.064	.003	61.10
79 Total	17.539	20.076	18.104	2.286	2.776	2.931	.084	.005	63.80 ⁻
80 Total	18.597	19.908	18.249	2.254	2.739	2.900	.110	.005	64.76
81 Total	18.376	19.699	18.146	2.307	3.008	2.758	.123	.004	64.42
82 Total	18.639	18.319	18.309	2.191	3.131	3.266	.105	.003	63.96
83 Total	17.246	16.593	18.392	2.184	3.203	3.527	.129	.004	61.27
84 Total		18.008		2.274			.165		65.96
	19.719		18.848		3.553	3.386		.009	
85 Total	19.325	16.980	18.992	2.241	4.149	2.970	.198	.015	64.87
86 Total	19.510	16.541	18.376	2.149	4.471	3.071	.219	.012	64.35
87 Total	20.142	17.136	17.675	2.215	4.906	2.635	.229	.016	64.95
88 Total	20.737	17.599	17.279	2.260	5.661	2.334	.217	.017	66.10
89 Total	21.345	17.847	16.117	2.158	5.677	2.798	.197	.021	66.16
90 Total	22.456	18.362	15.571	2.175	6.161	2.944	.181	.022	67.87
91 Total	21.594	18.229	15.701	2.306	6.579	2.905	.170	.021	67.50
992 Total	21.593	18.375	15.223	2.363	6.607	2.510	.169	.022	66.86
93 Total	20.221	18.584	14.494	2.408	6.519	2.765	.158	.021	65.17
94 Total	22.068	19.348	14.103	2.391	6.837	2.545	.145	.021	67.45
95 Total	21.978	19.101	13.887	2.442	7.177	3.058	.099	.017	67.76
96 January	1.784	1.634	1.168	.201	.669	.301	.007	.002	5.76
	1.799								
February		1.544	1.106	.184	.594	.311	.008	.001	5.54
March	1.946	1.635	1.182	.212	.589	.336	.007	.002	5.90
April	1.897	1.612	1.121	.209	.535	.318	.008	.001	5.70
May	1.906	1.641	1.150	.212	.591	.331	.005	.001	5.83
June	1.804	1.597	1.124	.208	.611	.315	.008	.002	5.66
July	1.900	1.634	1.140	.214	.648	.286	.012	.002	5.83
August	2.024	1.633	1.144	.218	.653	.259	.012	.002	5.94
September	1.868	1.572	1.128	.212	.580	.216	.010	.002	5.58
October	2.017	1.600	1.165	.224	.538	.221	.011	.002	5.779
November	1.850	1.578	1.127	.217	.554	.229	.011	.002	5.569
December	1.850	1.618	1.170	.220	.607	.300	.010	.002	5.77
Total	22.646	19.300	13.723	2.530	7.168	3.423	.110	.020	68.92
97 January	1.976	^E 1.665	1.151	.208	.626	.324	.009	.002	5.96
February	1.883	E 1.517	1.058	.197	.538	.311	.006	.002	5.51
March	1.976	^E 1.672	1.160	.219	.536	.347	.009	.002	5.92
April	1.882	^E 1.589	1.121	.206	.477	.318	.010	.002	5.60
May	2.018	^E 1.654	1.164	.212	.500	.342	.010	.002	5.90
June	1.850	^E 1.583	1.121	.206	.553	.342	.008	.002	5.66
July	1.899	E 1.636	1.152	.212	.609	.313	.011	.002	5.83
5		^E 1.625							
August	1.910		1.141	.214	.649	.266	.011	.002	5.81
September	1.974	E 1.588	1.129	.208	.559	.230	.010	.002	5.69
October	2.022	^E 1.631	1.163	.211	.499	.242	.010	.002	5.78
November	1.782	^E 1.616	1.124	.195	.544	.231	.010	.002	5.50
December	2.029	^E 1.665	1.174	.207	.589	.253	.011	.002	5.93
Total	23.201	E 19.441	13.658	2.495	6.678	3.519	.115	.021	69.12
98 January	2.071	^E 1.669	^E 1.158	.213	.615	.287	.010	.002	6.020
, ,		^E 1.534	^E 1.062						
February	1.841			.197	.542	.300	.008	.001	5.48
March	2.031	^{RE} 1.671	^E 1.162	.215	.571	.317	.010	.002	^R 5.97
April	1.934	^{RE} 1.599	^E 1.128	.210	.505	.286	.007	.002	^R 5.67
May	1.905	^{RE} 1.639	^E 1.148	.211	.547	.324	.006	.002	^R 5.78
June	1.942	E 1.595	E 1.094	.196	.592	.316	.007	.001	5.74
	1.942	^E 1.654	E 1.137			.279			
July				.184	.653		.009	.002	5.88
7-Month Total	13.691	E 11.361	E 7.889	1.426	4.024	2.110	.058	.012	40.572
97 7-Month Total	13.483	11.316	7.927	1.460	3.839	2.297	.063	.012	40.39

^a Includes lease condensate.

^b Electric utility and industrial generation.
 ^c "Other" production is electricity generated for distribution from wood,

waste, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.

R=Revised. E=Estimate.

Notes: • See Note 1 at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50

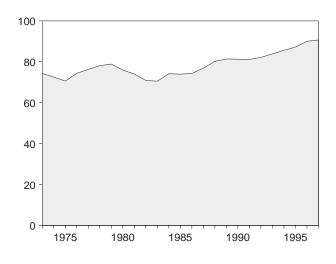
States and the District of Columbia.

States and the District of Columbia. Sources: • Coal: Tables 6.1 and A5-A7. • Natural Gas (Dry): Tables 4.1 and A4. • Crude Oil and Natural Gas Plant Liquids: Tables 3.1a and A2. • Nuclear Electric Power: Tables 7.1 and A8. • Hydroelectric Power: Table 7.1; Section 2, "Energy Consumption Notes and Sources," Note 8; and Table A8. • Geothermal Energy and Other: Section 2, "Energy Consumption Notes and Sources," Note 7, and Table A8.

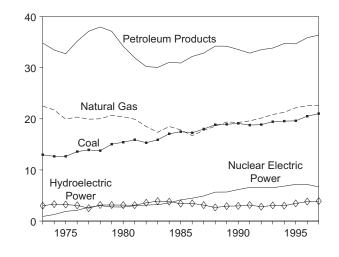
Please Read: Due to a lack of consistent monthly historical data, some renewable energy sources are not included in total production. In 1997, for example, 3.9 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution is included, but an estimated 3.2 quadrillion Btu used by residential, commercial, and industrial consumers is not. See Note 12 at the end of Section 2 for details.

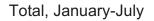
Figure 1.3 Energy Consumption (Quadrillion Btu)

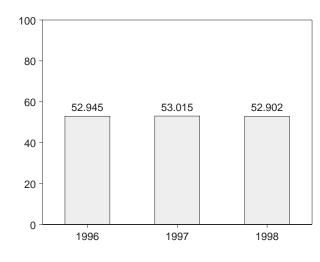
Total, 1973-1997



By Major Sources, 1973-1997

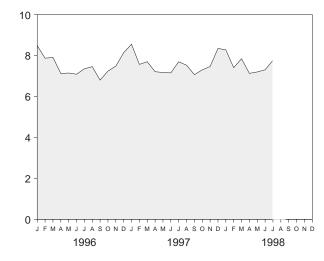




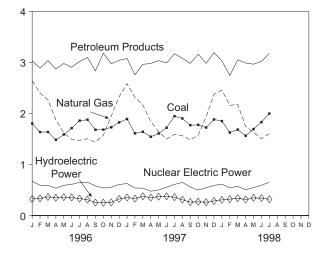


Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 1.4.

Total, Monthly



By Major Sources, Monthly



By Major Sources, July 1998

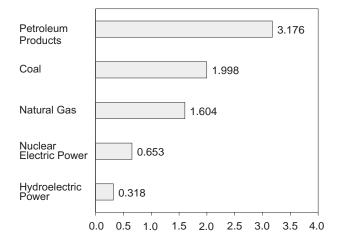


Table 1.4 Energy Consumption by Source

(Quadrillion Btu)

	Coal	Natural Gas ^a	Petroleum Products ^b	Nuclear Electric Power	Hydro- electric Power ^c	Geothermal Energy	Other ^d	Total
973 Total	12.971	22.512	34.840	0.910	3.010	0.043	-0.004	74.282
074 Total	12.663	21.732	33.455	1.272	3.309	.053	.059	72.543
75 Total	12.663	19.948	32.731	1.900	3.219	.070	.016	70.546
76 Total	13.584	20.345	35.175	2.111	3.066	.078	.003	74.362
77 Total	13.922	19.931	37.122	2.702	2.515	.077	.020	76.288
078 Total	13.765	20.000	37.965	3.024	3.141	.064	.128	78.089
079 Total	15.039	20.666	37.123	2.776	3.141	.084	.068	78.898
980 Total	15.423	20.394	34.202	2.739	3.118	.110	031	75.955
981 Total	15.907	19.928	31.931	3.008	3.105	.123	012	73.990
982 Total	15.322	18.505	30.231	3.131	3.572	.105	018	70.848
983 Total	15.894	17.357	30.054	3.203	3,899	.129	012	70.524
984 Total	17.071	18.507	31.051	3.553	3.800	.165	002	74.144
985 Total	17.478	17.834	30.922	4.149	3.398	.198	.001	73.981
986 Total	17.261	16.708	32.196	4.471	3.446	.219	004	74.297
987 Total	18.008	17.744	32.865	4.906	3.117	.229	.024	76.894
988 Total	18.846	18.552	34.222	5.661	2.662	.217	.057	80.218
989 Total	18.925	19.384	34.211	5.677	2.913	.197	.051	81.358
990 Total	19.101	19.296	33.553	6.161	2.964	.181	.026	81.283
991 Total	18.770	19.606	32.845	6.579	3.137	.170	.030	81.138
992 Total	18.868	20.131	33.527	6.607	2.803	.169	.049	82.154
993 Total	19.430	20.827	33.841	6.519	3.058	.158	.038	83.871
994 Total	19.544	21.288	34.735	6.837	3.005	.145	.044	85.598
995 Total	19.613	22.163	34.663	7.177	3.446	.099	.044	87.205
996 January	1.803	2.643	3.030	.669	.325	.007	.003	8.480
February	1.635	2.398	2.890	.594	.336	.008	.004	7.865
March	1.637	2.269	3.036	.589	.365	.007	.005	7.908
April	1.482	1.875	2.872	.535	.347	.008	.000	7.119
May	1.587	1.619	2.979	.591	.360	.005	.001	7.142
June	1.713	1.493	2.907	.611	.352	.008	001	7.084
July	1.859	1.474	3.021	.648	.332	.012	.002	7.347
August	1.878	1.504	3.096	.653	.311	.012	001	7.453
September	1.679	1.437	2.835	.580	.253	.010	.002	6.796
October	1.683	1.572	3.181	.538	.250	.011	.002	7.236
November	1.729	1.948	2.976	.554	.256	.011	.002	7.476
December	1.825	2.327	3.042	.607	.324	.010	.002	8.135
Total	20.509	2.327 22.560	35.864	7.168	.324 3.811	.110	.020	90.041
	_0.000				0.011			
997 January	^R 1.892	2.584	3.079	.626	.352	.009	.003	^R 8.546
February	^R 1.610	2.317	2.758	.538	.332	.006	.003	^R 7.564
March	^R 1.641	2.165	2.964	.536	.375	.009	.003	^R 7.694
April	^R 1.543	1.843	2.980	.477	.350	.010	.002	^R 7.206
	^R 1.607	1.644	3.036	.500	.368	.010	.002	^R 7.168
May								
June	^R 1.719	1.498	2.990	.553	.376	.008	.003	^R 7.147
July	^R 1.948	1.589	3.171	.609	.359	.011	.003	^R 7.691
August	^R 1.902	1.563	3.081	.649	.309	.011	.009	^R 7.523
September	^R 1.770	1.484	2.981	.559	.263	.010	001	^R 7.065
October	^R 1.776	1.572	3.165	.499	.268	.010	.004	^R 7.294
November	^R 1.724	1.936	2.983	.544	.260	.010	.003	^R 7.460
December	^R 1.882	2.377	3.194	.589	.285	.011	.002	^R 8.341
Total	R 21.016	22.573	36.381	6.678	3.897	.115	.039	R 90.698
998 January	^R 1.850	2.458	3.030	.615	.306	.010	.007	^R 8.275
February	^R 1.626	2.159	2.746	.542	.320	.008	.003	^R 7.405
March	^R 1.684	2.179	3.052	.571	.339	.010	.002	^R 7.838
April	^R 1.562	^R 1.747	2.991	.505	.313	.007	.001	^R 7.125
May	^R 1.694	^R 1.630	2.966	.547	.345	.006	.005	^R 7.193
June	1.830	^R 1.505	3.022	.592	.340	.007	.003	^R 7.299
Julv		^F 1.604						
July 7-Month Total	^E 1.998 ^E 12.244	^E 13.282	3.176 20.983	.653 4.024	.318 2.281	.009 .058	.007 .029	7.766 52.902
	12.244	13.202	20.303	7.024	2.201	.050	.025	32.302
97 7-Month Total	11.961	13.641	20.977	3.839	2.512	.063	.022	53.015
996 7-Month Total	11.716	13.772	20.735	4.236	2.417	.055	.014	52.945

^a Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

^b Products obtained from the processing of crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas, and other hydrocarbon compounds.
 ^c Electric utility and industrial generation and net imports of electricity.

^c Electric utility and industrial generation and net imports of electricity.
 ^d Net imports of coal coke and electricity generated for distribution from

wood, waste, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy. R=Revised. E=Estimate. F=Forecast.

Notes: • See Note 2 at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of

components due to independent rounding. $\bullet\,$ Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

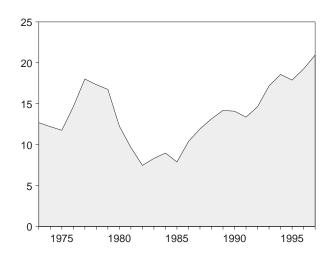
Sources: • Coal: Tables 6.1 and A5-A7. • Natural Gas: Tables 4.2 and A4. • Petroleum: Tables 3.1a and A3. • Nuclear Electric Power: Tables 7.1 and A8. • Hydroelectric Power: Table 7.1; Section 2, "Energy Consumption Notes and Sources," Note 8; and Table A8. • Geothermal Energy and Other: Section 2, "Energy Consumption Notes and Sources," Note 7, and Table A8.

Please Read: Due to a lack of consistent monthly historical data, some renewable energy sources are not included in total consumption. In 1997, for example, 3.9 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution is included, but an estimated 3.2 quadrillion Btu used by residential, commercial, and industrial consumers is not. See Note 12 at the end of Section 2 for details.

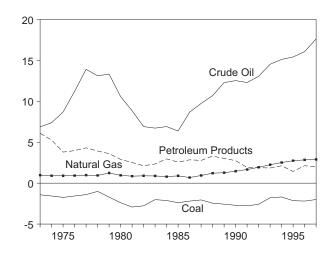
Figure 1.4 Energy Net Imports

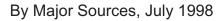
(Quadrillion Btu, Except as Noted)

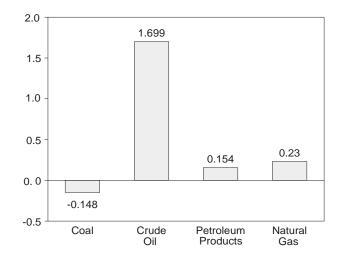
Total, 1973-1997



By Major Sources, 1973-1997

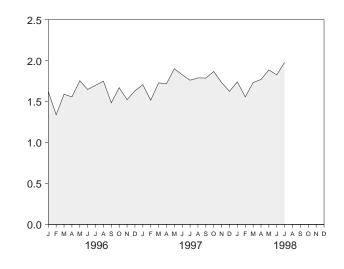




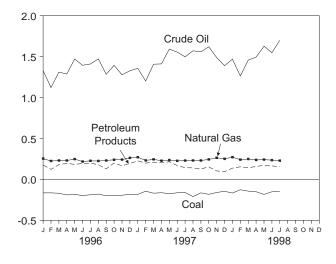


Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Tables 1.4 and 1.5.

Total, Monthly



By Major Sources, Monthly





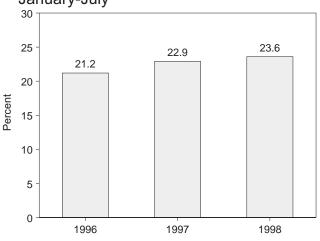


Table 1.5 Energy Net Imports by Source

(Quadrillion Btu)

	Coal	Natural Gas	Crude Oil ^a	Petroleum Products ^b	Electricity ^c	Coal Coke	Total
072 Total	-1.422	0.981	6.883	6.097	0.148	-0.007	12.680
973 Total							
974 Total	-1.568	.907	7.389	5.273	.133	.056	12.190
075 Total	-1.738	.904	8.708	3.800	.064	.014	11.752
976 Total	-1.567	.922	11.221	3.982	.089	(s)	14.648
77 Total	-1.401	.981	13.921	4.321	.182	.015	18.019
78 Total	-1.004	.941	13.125	3.932	.204	.125	17.323
79 Total	-1.702	1.243	13.328	3.603	.211	.063	16.746
80 Total	-2.391	.957	10.586	2.912	.217	035	12.247
81 Total	-2.918	.857	8.854	2.522	.347	016	9.646
82 Total	-2.768	.898	6.917	2.128	.306	022	7.460
83 Total	-2.013	.885	6.731	2.351	.372	016	8.310
84 Total	-2.119	.792	6.918	2.970	.414	011	8.963
85 Total	-2.389	.896	6.381	2.570	.428	013	7.872
86 Total	-2.193	.686	8.676	2.855	.375	017	10.382
87 Total	-2.049	.937	9.748	2.784	.483	.009	11.911
88 Total	-2.446	1.221	10.698	3.308	.328	.040	13.149
89 Total	-2.566	1.278	12.296	3.029	.115	.040	14.182
90 Total	-2.705	1.464	12.536	2.757	.021	.005	14.078
91 Total	-2.769	1.666	12.308	1.912	.232	.009	13.358
92 Total	-2.587	1.941	13.065	1.895	.293	.027	14.634
93 Total	-1.780	2.255	14.542	1.854	.293	.017	17.181
94 Total	-1.689	2.518	15.131	2.128	.460	.024	18.571
95 Total	-2.138	2.745	15.432	1.437	.388	.026	17.890
96 January	163	.255	1.328	.177	.024	.001	1.621
February	163	.226	1.123	.124	.025	.003	1.338
March	168	.232	1.311	.182	.029	.003	1.588
April	188	.232	1.287	.197	.029	001	1.556
May	181	.249	1.471	.185	.030	001	1.753
June	196	.243	1.394	.195	.037	002	1.647
July	186	.228	1.410	.201	.046	(s)	1.698
August	178	.226	1.472	.180	.052	003	1.748
September	199	.232	1.284	.130	.036	(s)	1.484
October	195	.241	1.393	.202	.029	(s)	1.669
November	192	.243	1.278	.167	.027	(s)	1.523
December	181	.264	1.327	.196	.024	001	1.630
Total	-2.190	2.847	16.075	2.135	.388	(s)	19.255
97 January	181	.272	1.357	.227	^E .028	.002	1.705
February	143	.233	1.202	.200	E.021	.002	1.515
March	167	.246	1.407	.212	E.028	.002	1.728
April	161	.240	1.411	.204	E.032	(s)	1.716
•					^E .026		
May	174	.237	1.592	.217		.002	1.900
June	162	.228	1.555	.171	E.034	.001	1.826
July	159	.231	1.497	.144	^E .046	.002	1.760
August	208	.232	1.571	.142	E.043	.007	1.788
September	163	.232	1.558	.129	E.033	003	1.786
October	181	.245	1.620	.154	E.025	.002	1.866
November	158	.245	1.489	.105	E.028	.001	1.731
					E.032		
December	144	.252	1.389	.095	E.378	.001	1.624
Total	-2.000	2.901	17.648	1.999		.018	20.945
98 January	165	.273	1.469	.139	^E .018 ^E .019	.005	1.739
February	125	.242	1.263	.155		.002	1.556
March	142	250	1.457	.144	E.022	(s)	1.731
April	149	^E .239	1.494	.159	E.027	001	1.769
May	182	^{RE} .243	1.627	.174	E.021	.003	^R 1.886
June	150	RE .236	1.548	.166	E.024	.001	^R 1.825
July	148	E.230	1.699	.154	E.039	.006	1.979
7-Month Total	-1.063	E 1.712	10.558	1.091	E .170	.008 .017	12.485
97 7-Month Total	-1.146	1.676	10.021	1.374	.215	.010	12.150
96 7-Month Total	-1.245	1.640	9.322		.220	.003	11.201

^a Crude oil, lease condensate, and imports of crude oil for the Strategic

Petroleum Reserve. ^b Petroleum products, unfinished oils, pentanes plus, and gasoline blending components.

^c Assumed to be hydroelectricity and estimated at the average input heat rate for fossil-fuel steam-electric power plant generation, which has ranged from 10.2 thousand Btu to 10.5 thousand Btu per kilowatthour since 1973. Actual heat rates applied in converting kilowatthours to Btu are listed by year in Table A8.

R=Revised. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than +0.5 trillion Btu and greater than

-0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • See Notes 3 and 4 at end of section. • Net imports equal imports minus exports. Minus sign indicates exports are greater than imports. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

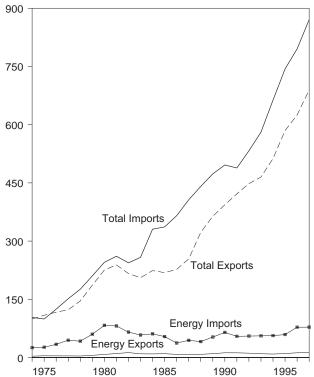
Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: • Coal: Tables 6.1 and A5-A7. • Natural Gas: Tables 4.2 and A4. • Crude Oil and Petroleum Products: Tables 3.1b and A2. • Electricity: Section 2, "Energy Consumption Notes and Sources," Note 8, and Table A8. • Coal Coke: Section 2, "Energy Consumption Notes and Sources," Note 9, and Table A7.

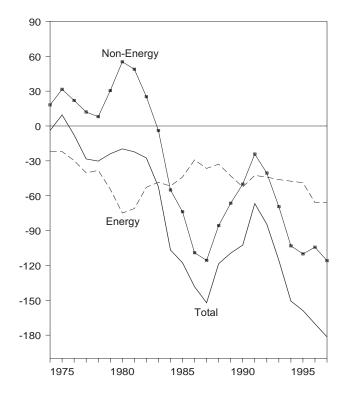
Figure 1.5 **Merchandise Trade Value**

(Billion Dollars)

Imports and Exports, 1974-1997

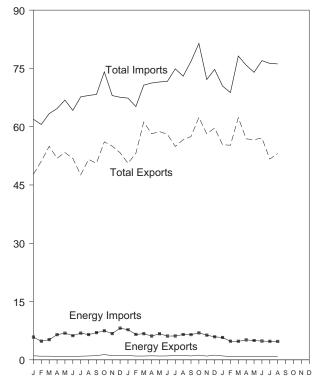


Trade Balance, 1974-1997



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 1.6.

Imports and Exports, Monthly



Trade Balance, Monthly

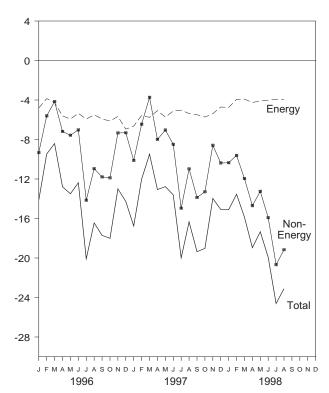


Table 1.6 Merchandise Trade Value

(Million Dollars)

		Petroleun	n ^a		Energy ^b		Non-	То	Total Merchandise			
	Exports	Imports	Balance	Exports	Imports	Balance	Energy Balance	Exports	Imports	Balance		
	700	24.668	22.976	2 4 4 4	0E 4E4	22.040	49 496	00 427	402 224	2 004		
974 Total	792		-23,876	3,444	25,454	-22,010	18,126	99,437	103,321	-3,884		
975 Total	907	25,197	-24,289	4,470	26,476	-22,006	31,557	108,856	99,305	9,551		
976 Total	998	32,226	-31,228	4,226	33,996	-29,770	21,950	116,794	124,614	-7,820		
977 Total	1,276	42,368	-41,093	4,184	44,537	-40,354	12,001	123,182	151,534	-28,353		
978 Total	1,561	39,526	-37,965	3,881	42,096	-38,215	8,010	145,847	176,052	-30,205		
979 Total	1,914	56,715	-54,801	5,621	59,998	-54,377	30,455	186,363	210,285	-23,922		
980 Total	2,833	78,637	-75,803	7,982	82,924	-74,942	55,246	225,566	245,262	-19,696		
981 Total	3,696	76,659	-72,963	10,279	81,360	-71,081	48,814	238,715	260,982	-22,267		
982 Total	5,947	60,458	-54,511	12,729	65,409	-52,680	25,170	216,442	243,952	-27,510		
983 Total	4,557	53,217	-48,659	9,500	57,952	-48,452	-3,957	205,639	258,048	-52,409		
984 Total	4,470	56,924	-52,454	9,311	60,980	-51,669	-55,033	223,976	330,678	-106,703		
									336,526			
985 Total	4,707	50,475	-45,768	9,971	53,917	-43,946	-73,765	218,815	,	-117,712		
986 Total	3,640	35,142	-31,503	8,115	37,310	-29,195	-109,084	227,159	365,438	-138,279		
987 Total	3,922	42,285	-38,363	7,713	44,220	-36,506	-115,613	254,122	406,241	-152,119		
988 Total	3,693	38,787	-35,094	8,235	41,042	-32,806	-85,720	322,426	440,952	-118,526		
989 Total	5,021	49,704	-44,683	9,869	52,779	-42,910	-66,490	363,812	473,211	-109,399		
990 Total	6,901	61,583	-54,682	12,233	64,661	-52,428	-50,068	393,592	496,088	-102,496		
991 Total	6,954	51,350	-44,396	12,081	54,629	-42,548	-24,175	421,730	488,453	-66,723		
992 Total	6,412	51,217	-44,805	11,254	55,256	-44,002	-40,500	448,164	532,665	-84,501		
993 Total	6,215	51,046	-44,831	9,756	55,900	-46,144	-69,425	465,091	580,659	-115,568		
994 Total	5,659	50,835	-45,176	8,911	56,391	-47,480	-103,149	512,626	663,256	-150,629		
995 Total	6,321	54,368	-48,047	10,358	59,109	-48,751	-110,050	584,742	743,543	-158,801		
96 January	722	5,327	-4,605	1,032	5,842	-4,810	-9,332	47,767	61,910	-14,142		
February	611	4,315	-3,704	932	4,791	-3,859	-5,609	51,112	60,580	-9,468		
March	612	4,679	-4,067	941	5,197	-4,256	-4,156	54,952	63,364	-8,412		
April	517	6,004	-5,487	864	6,472	-5,608	-7,184	51,872	64,664	-12,792		
May	574	6,421	-5,847	921	6,846	-5,925	-7,573	53,359	66,857	-13,498		
June	498	5,787	-5,289	867	6,217	-5,350	-7,025	51,821	64,196	-12,375		
July	592	6,407	-5,815	942	6,869	-5,927	-14,157	47,598	67,682	-20,084		
	640	6,006	-5,366	993	6,492	-5,499	-10,951	51,575	68,025	-16,450		
August												
September	695	6,557	-5,862	1,071	6,993	-5,922	-11,788	50,598	68,309	-17,710		
October	961	7,021	-6,060	1,353	7,480	-6,127	-11,883	56,107	74,118	-18,010		
November	724	6,147	-5,423	1,080	6,747	-5,667	-7,333	55,016	68,016	-13,000		
December	839	7,351	-6,512	1,185	8,141	-6,956	-7,318	53,295	67,570	-14,274		
Total	7,984	72,022	-64,038	12,181	78,086	-65,905	-104,309	625,075	795,289	-170,214		
997 January	777	6,824	-6,047	1,111	7,749	-6,638	-10,123	50,591	67,352	-16,761		
February	675	5,891	-5,216	965	6,534	-5,569	-6,450	53,153	65,171	-12,019		
March	637	6,256	-5,619	974	6,731	-5,757	-3,729	61,201	70,687	-9,486		
April	715	5,668	-4,953	1,035	6,115	-5,080	-7,990	58,180	71,250	-13,070		
May	655	6,252	-5,597	981	6,710	-5,729	-7,043	58,738	71,511	-12,772		
June	679	5,600	-3,597				-8,493		71.656	-12,772		
		,	,	1,000	6,115	-5,115	,	58,049)	,		
July	792	5,613	-4,821	1,110	6,133	-5,023	-14,964	54,909	74,896	-19,987		
August	744	5,985	-5,241	1,135	6,510	-5,375	-10,969	56,662	73,005	-16,344		
September	670	5,949	-5,279	994	6,481	-5,487	-13,874	57,470	76,831	-19,361		
October	787	6,279	-5,492	1,206	6,937	-5,731	-13,297	62,402	81,430	-19,028		
November	636	5,574	-4,938	959	6,342	-5,383	-8,584	58,164	72,130	-13,967		
December	828	5,262	-4,434	1,212	5,921	-4,709	-10,377	59,664	74,750	-15,086		
Total	8,592	71,152	-62,560	12,682	78,277	-65,595	-115,893	689,182	870,671	-181,488		
98 January	657	4,931	-4,274	994	5,749	-4,755	-10,355	55,350	70,459	-15,110		
	575	4,122	-3,547	854	4,789	-3,935	-9,608	55,236	68,779	-13,543		
February												
March	543	4,264	-3,721	863	4,770	-3,907	-11,958	62,329	78,194	-15,865		
April	577	4,661	-4,084	874	5,129	-4,255	-14,702	56,869	75,826	-18,957		
Мау	558	4,484	-3,926	882	4,971	-4,089	-13,250	56,661	74,000	-17,339		
June	509	4,297	-3,788	816	4,830	-4,014	-15,918	57,081	77,013	-19,932		
July	541	4,167	-3,626	836	4,763	-3,927	^R -20,682	^R 51,676	^R 76,285	^R -24,609		
August	487	4,133	-3,646	785	4,732	-3,947	-19,160	53,064	76,171	-23,107		
8-Month Total	4,447	35,062	-30,615	6,904	39,733	-32,829	-115,632	448,266	596,727	-148,461		
997 8-Month Total	5,674	48,089	-42,415	8,311	52,597	-44,286	-69,761	451,483	565,528	-114,047		
996 8-Month Total	4,766	46,089 44,946	-40,180	7,492	48,726	-44,200	-65,987	410,056	517,278	-107,221		

^a Crude oil, petroleum preparations, liquefied propane and butane, and other mineral fuels. ^b Petroleum, coal, natural gas, and electricity.

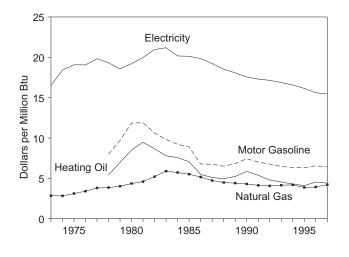
R=Revised.

Notes: • Monthly data are not adjusted for seasonal variations. • See Note 5 at end of section. \bullet Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. \bullet The U.S. import statistics reflect both government and nongovernment imports of merchandise from foreign countries into the U.S. customs territory, which comprises the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands.

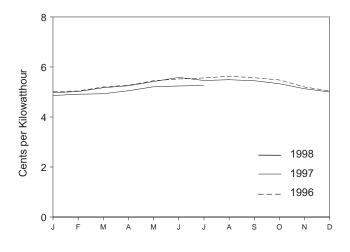
Sources: • U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Foreign Trade Division. For details, see "Sources for Table 1.6" at the end of this section.

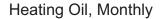
Figure 1.6 Cost of Fuels to End Users in Constant (1982-1984) Dollars

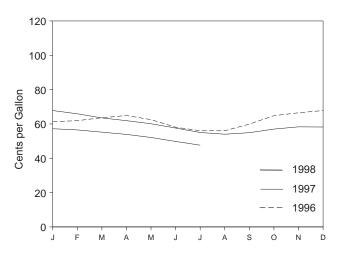
Costs, 1973-1997



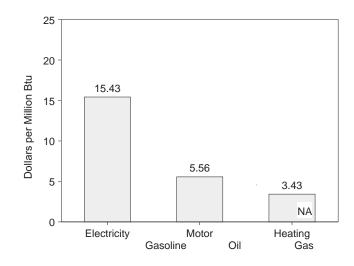
Electricity, Monthly



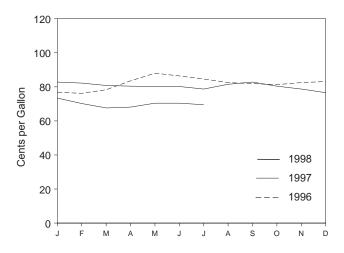


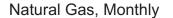


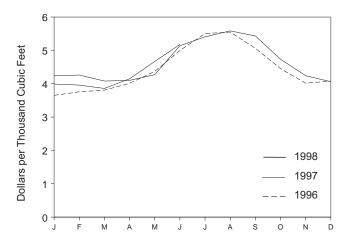
Costs, July 1998



Motor Gasoline, Monthly







NA=Not available.

Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 1.7.

	Consumer Price Index (Urban) ^a		Gasoline Types)		lential ng Oil		ential al Gas	Resid Elect	
	Index 1982-1984=100	Cents per Gallon	Dollars per Million Btu	Cents per Gallon	Dollars per Million Btu	Cents per Thousand Cubic Feet	Dollars per Million Btu	Cents per Kilowatthour	Dollars per Million Btu
1973 Average	44.4	NA	NA	NA	NA	290.5	2.85	5.6	16.50
1974 Average	49.3	NA	NA	NA	NA	290.1	2.83	6.3	18.43
1975 Average	53.8	NA	NA	NA	NA	317.8	3.12	6.5	19.07
1976 Average	56.9	NA	NA	NA	NA	348.0	3.41	6.5	19.06
1977 Average	60.6	NA	NA	NA	NA	387.8	3.81	6.8	19.83
1978 Average	65.2	100.0	8.00	75.2	5.42	392.6	3.86	6.6	19.33
1979 Average	72.6	121.5	9.71	97.0	6.99	410.5	4.03	6.3	18.57
1980 Average	82.4	148.2	11.85	118.2	8.52	446.6	4.36	6.6	19.21
1981 Average	90.9 96.5	148.8 132.7	11.90 10.61	131.4 120.2	9.47 8.67	471.9 535.8	4.60 5.22	6.8 7.2	19.99 20.96
1982 Average 1983 Average	99.6	123.0	9.83	120.2	7.80	608.4	5.22	7.2	20.90
1984 Average	103.9	115.3	9.22	105.0	7.57	589.0	5.72	6.88	20.17
1985 Average	107.6	111.2	8.89	97.9	7.06	568.8	5.52	6.87	20.13
1986 Average	109.6	84.9	6.79	76.3	5.50	531.9	5.17	6.77	19.84
1987 Average	113.6	84.2	6.74	70.7	5.10	487.7	4.73	6.56	19.22
1988 Average	118.3	81.4	6.51	68.7	4.96	462.4	4.49	6.32	18.53
1989 Average	124.0	85.5	6.83	72.6	5.23	454.8	4.41	6.17	18.08
1990 Average	130.7	93.1	7.44	81.3	5.86	443.8	4.31	5.99	17.56
1991 Average	136.2	87.8	7.02	74.8	5.39	427.3	4.14	5.90	17.30
1992 Average	140.3	84.8	6.78	66.6	4.80	419.8	4.07	5.85	17.15
1993 Average	144.5	81.2	6.49	63.0	4.55	426.3	4.15	5.76	16.88
1994 Average 1995 Average	148.2 152.4	79.2 79.1	6.33 6.32	59.6 56.9	4.30 4.10	432.5 397.6	4.20 3.87	5.65 5.51	16.57 16.15
1995 Average	152.4	75.1	0.32	50.9	4.10	397.0	5.67	5.51	10.15
1996 January	154.4	76.8	6.14	61.3	4.42	365.3	3.56	5.02	14.71
February	154.9	76.2	6.10	61.9	4.46	375.7	3.66	5.04	14.78
March	155.7	78.3	6.26	63.6	4.59	380.9	3.71	5.20	15.23
April	156.3	83.5	6.68	64.9	4.68	401.2	3.91	5.27	15.45
May	156.6	88.0	7.04	62.5	4.50	436.8	4.25	5.45	15.98
June	156.7	86.4	6.91	58.1	4.19	499.7	4.87	5.52	16.18
July	157.0	84.6 82.5	6.76	56.0	4.04	550.3	5.36	5.56	16.30 16.51
August September	157.3 157.8	82.5 81.9	6.60 6.55	56.0 59.9	4.04 4.32	555.0 506.3	5.40 4.93	5.63 5.57	16.33
October	158.3	81.3	6.50	64.8	4.67	445.4	4.34	5.48	16.05
November	158.6	82.5	6.59	66.5	4.79	401.6	3.91	5.20	15.25
December	158.6	83.1	6.64	67.8	4.89	407.9	3.97	5.04	14.77
Average	156.9	82.1	6.56	63.0	4.54	404.1	3.93	5.33	15.62
1007	159.1	82.8	6.62	67.8	4.89	423.6	4.12	4.97	14.55
1997 January February	159.6	82.0	6.57	65.9	4.69	425.0	4.12	4.97 5.02	14.55
March	160.0	80.8	6.46	63.5	4.58	408.1	3.97	5.17	15.15
April	160.2	80.4	6.43	61.9	4.46	410.1	3.99	5.25	15.39
May	160.1	80.2	6.41	60.1	4.34	427.2	4.16	5.42	15.89
June	160.3	80.2	6.41	57.6	4.15	514.0	5.01	5.58	16.35
July	160.5	78.7	6.29	55.0	3.97	540.8	5.27	5.46	16.01
August	160.8	81.5	6.51	54.0	3.90	558.5	5.44	5.49	16.09
September	161.2	82.8	6.62	54.9	3.96	543.4	5.29	5.45	15.96
October	161.6	80.4	6.43	57.0	4.11	473.4	4.61	5.33	15.63
November	161.5	78.7	6.29	58.3	4.20	424.1	4.13	5.13	15.03
December	161.3	76.6	6.13	58.2	4.19	406.1	3.95	5.00	14.65
Average	160.5	80.4	6.43	61.3	4.42	433.0	4.22	5.27	15.45
1998 January	161.6	73.4	5.87	57.2	4.13	399.1	3.89	4.86	14.26
February	161.9	70.2	5.62	56.5	4.07	395.9	3.86	4.91	14.39
March	162.2	67.6	5.41	55.2	3.98	385.9	3.76	4.93	14.46
April	162.5	68.1	5.44	53.9	3.89	414.8	4.04	5.05	14.81
May	162.8	70.4	5.63	52.1	3.76	466.8	4.55	5.21	15.27
June	163.0	70.4	5.63	49.8	3.59	517.8	5.04	5.24	15.36
July	163.2	69.5	5.56	47.6	3.43	NA	NA	5.26	15.43

Table 1.7 Cost of Fuels to End Users in Constant (1982-84) Dollars

 $^{\rm a}$ Consumer Price Index, All Urban Consumers, All Items, 1982-1984 = 100.0.

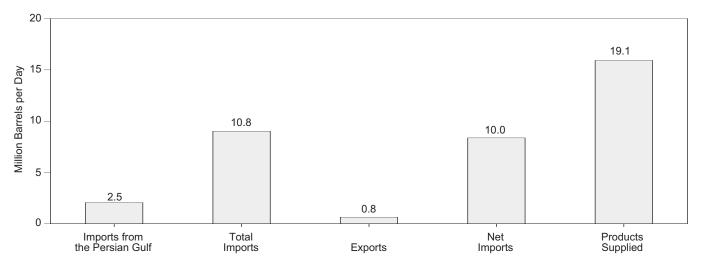
NA=Not available.

Notes: • Fuel costs are calculated by using the Urban Consumer Price Index (CPI) developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. • Annual averages may not equal average of months due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Sources: • Annual Data: Annual prices in Tables 9.4 (All Types), 9.8c, 9.11, and 9.9, adjusted by the CPI. • Monthly Data: Monthly prices in Tables 9.4 (All Types), 9.8c, 9.11, and 9.9, adjusted by the CPI. • CPI: 1973-1993—*Economic Report of the President*, February 1998, Table B-60. 1994 forward—Council of Economic Advisers, *Economic Indicators*, September 1998, "Consumer Prices - All Urban Consumers." • Conversion Factors: Tables A1, A4, and A8.

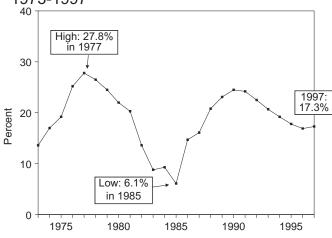
Figure 1.7 Overview of U.S. Petroleum Trade

(Quadrillion Btu)

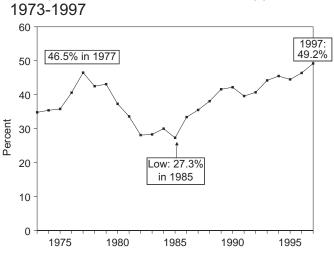
Overview, August 1998



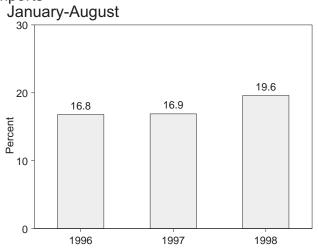
Imports from the Persian Gulf as a Share of Total Imports 1973-1997 Janua



Net Imports as Share of Product Supplied



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 1.8.



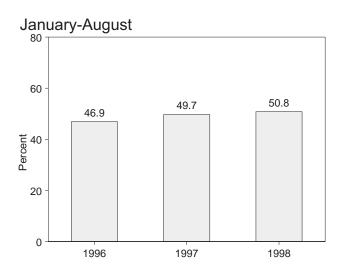


Table 1.8	Overview of	U.S.	Petroleum	Trade

	Imports					As Share of P	roducts Sup	plied	Imports from	
	from the Persian Gulf ^a	Total Imports	Exports	Net Imports	Products Supplied	Imports from the Persian Gulf ^a	Total Imports	Net Imports	the Persian Gulf ^a as a Share of Total Imports	
		Thous	and Barrels p	er Day		Percent				
1973 Average	848	6,256	231	6,025	17,308	4.9	36.1	34.8	13.6	
1974 Average	1,039	6,112	221	5,892	16,653	6.2	36.7	35.4	17.0	
1975 Average	1,165	6,056	209	5,846	16,322	7.1	37.1	35.8	19.2	
1976 Average	1,840	7,313	223	7,090	17,461	10.5	41.9	40.6	25.2	
1977 Average	2,448	8,807	243	8,565	18,431	13.3	47.8	46.5	27.8	
978 Average	2,219	8,363	362	8,002	18,847	11.8	44.4	42.5	26.5	
979 Average	2,069	8,456	471	7,985	18,513	11.2	45.7	43.1	24.5	
980 Average	1,519	6,909	544	6,365	17,056	8.9	40.5	37.3	22.0	
981 Average	1,219	5,996	595	5,401	16,058	7.6	37.3	33.6	20.3	
982 Average	696	5,113	815	4,298	15,296	4.5	33.4	28.1	13.6	
983 Average	442	5,051	739	4,312	15,231	2.9	33.2	28.3	8.8	
984 Average	506	5,437	722	4,715	15,726	3.2	34.6	30.0	9.3	
985 Average	311	5,067	781	4,286	15,726	2.0	32.2	27.3	6.1	
986 Average	912	6,224	785	5,439	16,281	5.6	38.2	33.4	14.7	
987 Average	1,077	6,678	764	5,914	16,665	6.5	40.1	35.5	16.1	
988 Average	1,541	7,402	815	6,587	17,283	8.9	42.8	38.1	20.8	
989 Average	1,861	8,061	859	7,202	17,325	10.7	46.5	41.6	23.1	
990 Average	1,966	8,018	857	7,161	16,988	11.6	47.2	42.2	24.5	
991 Average	1,845	7,627	1,001	6,626	16,714	11.0	45.6	39.6	24.2	
992 Average	1,778	7,888	950	6,938	17,033	10.4	46.3	40.7	22.5	
1993 Average	1,782	8,620	1,003	7,618	17,237	10.3	50.0	44.2	20.7	
1994 Average	1,728	8,996	942	8,054	17,718	9.8	50.8	45.5	19.2	
995 Average	1,573	8,835	949	7,886	17,725	8.9	49.8	44.5	17.8	
996 January	1,546	9,364	1,070	8,294	18,261	8.5	51.3	45.4	16.5	
February	1,344	8,390	1,048	7,342	18,620	7.2	45.1	39.4	16.0	
March	1,549	9,092	867	8,225	18,301	8.5	49.7	44.9	17.0	
April	1,506	9,429	976	8,453	17,885	8.4	52.7	47.3	16.0	
Мау	1,748	10,007	891	9,116	17,957	9.7	55.7	50.8	17.5	
June	1,537	9,938	895	9,043	18,107	8.5	54.9	49.9	15.5	
July	1,819	9,820	945	8,876	18,211	10.0	53.9	48.7	18.5	
August	1,747	9,986	896	9,090	18,658	9.4	53.5	48.7	17.5	
September	1,591	9,142	1,104	8,038	17,655	9.0	51.8	45.5	17.4	
October	1,635	9,837	1,045	8,792	19,171	8.5	51.3	45.9	16.6	
November	1,525	9,244	1,024	8,220	18,535	8.2	49.9	44.3	16.5	
December	1,675	9,417	1,013	8,404	18,334	9.1	51.4	45.8	17.8	
Average	1,604	9,478	981	8,498	18,309	8.8	51.8	46.4	16.9	
1997 January	1,553	9,763	1,038	8,725	18,554	8.4	52.6	47.0	15.9	
February	1,533	9,561	1,017	8,544	18,398	8.3	52.0	46.4	16.0	
March	1,641	9,833	933	8,900	17,863	9.2	55.0	49.8	16.7	
April	1,877	10,114	937	9,177	18,559	10.1	54.5	49.4	18.6	
May	1,706	10,818	876	9,941	18,293	9.3	59.1	54.3	15.8	
June	1,781	10,736	955	9,782	18,617	9.6	57.7	52.5	16.6	
July	1,746	10,008	1,012	8,996	19,107	9.1	52.4	47.1	17.4	
August	1,866	10,465	1,074	9,390	18,565	10.0	56.4	50.6	17.8	
September	1,921	10,537	997	9,540	18,562	10.3	56.8	51.4	18.2	
October	1,919	10,792	1,066	9,726	19,071	10.1	56.6	51.0	17.8	
November	1,748	9,948	934	9,014	18,578	9.4	53.5	48.5	17.6	
December	1,755	9,328	1,197	8,130	19,250	9.1	48.5	42.2	18.8	
Average	1,755	10,162	1,003	9,158	18,620	9.4	54.6	49.2	17.3	
998 January	1,729	9,893	1,083	8,811	18,256	9.5	54.2	48.3	17.5	
February	1,716	9,577	957	8,620	18,322	9.4	52.3	47.0	17.9	
March	1,956	9,694	919	8,775	18,393	10.6	52.7	47.7	20.2	
April	1,986	10,398	1,029	9,369	18,624	10.7	55.8	50.3	19.1	
May	1,905	10,903	1,027	9,876	17,876	10.7	61.0	55.2	17.5	
June	2,192	10,702	987	9,715	18,818	11.6	56.9	51.6	20.5	
July	2,336	11,151	998	10,152	19,140	12.2	58.3	53.0	21.0	
August	2,486	10,829	780	10,049	19,108	13.0	56.7	52.6	23.0	
8-Month Average	2,042	10,402	972	9,430	18,569	11.0	56.0	50.8	19.6	
997 8-Month Average	1,714	10,167	980	9,187	18,495	9.3	55.0	49.7	16.9	
996 8-Month Average	1,602	9,511	948	8,563	18,249	8.8	52.1	46.9	16.8	

^a Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates.

Emirates.
Notes: • Readers of Table 1.8 may be interested in a feature article,
"Measuring Dependence on Imported Oil," that was published in the August
1995 Monthly Energy Review. • Petroleum is crude oil, lease condensate,
unfinished oils, petroleum products, natural gas plant liquids, and
nonhydrocarbon compounds blended into finished petroleum products.
Beginning in October 1977, petroleum imported for the Strategic Petroleum
Reserves is included. • Annual averages may not equal average of months

due to independent rounding. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. U.S. exports include shipments to U.S. territories, and imports include receipts from U.S. territories.
Sources: • Column 1: Table 3.3b. • Columns 2 - 4: Table 3.1b.
Column 5: Table 3.1a. • Column 6: Column 1 divided by column 5 times 100. • Column 7: Column 2 divided by column 5 times 100. • Column 8: Column 4 divided by column 5 times 100. • Column 9: Column 1 divided by column 2 times 100.

Figure 1.8 Energy Consumption per Dollar of Gross Domestic Product

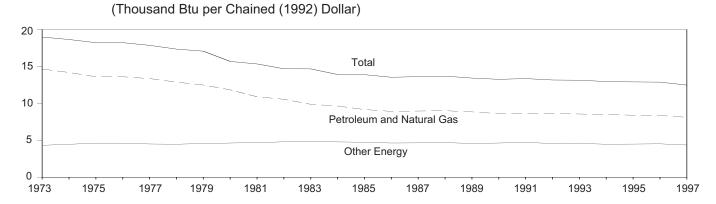


Table 1.9 Energy Consumption per Dollar of Gross Domestic Product

	Ene	rgy Consumptior	า	_	Energy Consumption per Dollar of GDP			
-	Petroleum and Natural Gas	Other Energy ^a	Total ^a	Gross Domestic Product (GDP)	Petroleum and Natural Gas	Other Energy ^a	Total ^a	
		Quadrillion Btu		Billion Chained (1992) Dollars	Thousand Btu per Chained (1992) Dollar			
973 Year	57.352	16.930	74.282	3,916.3	14.64	4.32	18.97	
974 Year	55.187	17.356	72.543	3,891.2	14.18	4.46	18.64	
975 Year	52.678	17.867	70.546	3,873.9	13.60	4.61	18.21	
976 Year	55.520	18.842	74.362	4,082.9	13.60	4.61	18.21	
977 Year	57.053	19.236	76.288	4,273.6	13.35	4.50	17.85	
978 Year	57.966	20.123	78.089	4,503.0	12.87	4.47	17.34	
979 Year	57.789	21.108	78.898	4,630.6	12.48	4.56	17.06	
980 Year	54.596	21.359	75.955	4,615.0	11.83	4.63	15.67	
981 Year	51.859	22.131	73.990	4,720.7	10.89	4.69	15.33	
982 Year	48.736	22.131	70.848	4,620.3	10.55	4.09	14.68	
983 Year	47.411	23.114	70.524	4,803.7	9.87	4.79	14.66	
	49.558	24.586	74.144	,	9.64	4.78	14.00	
984 Year				5,140.1				
985 Year	48.756	25.225	73.981	5,323.5	9.16	4.74	13.88	
986 Year	48.904	25.393	74.297	5,487.7	8.91	4.63	13.53	
987 Year	50.609	26.285	76.894	5,649.5	8.96	4.65	13.61	
988 Year	52.774	27.443	80.218	5,865.2	9.00	4.68	13.68	
989 Year	53.595	27.763	81.358	6,062.0	8.84	4.58	13.42	
990 Year	52.849	28.434	81.283	6,136.3	8.61	4.63	13.25	
991 Year	52.452	28.687	81.138	6,079.4	8.63	4.72	13.35	
992 Year	53.657	28.497	82.154	6,244.4	8.59	4.56	13.16	
993 Year	54.668	29.203	83.871	6,389.6	8.56	4.57	13.13	
994 Year	56.022	29.576	85.598	6,610.7	8.47	4.47	12.95	
995 Year	56.827	30.378	87.205	6,761.7	8.40	4.49	12.90	
996 1 st Quarter	59.282	31.628	90.910	6,882.0	8.61	4.60	13.21	
2 nd Quarter	58.591	31.967	90.558	6,983.9	8.39	4.58	12.97	
3 rd Quarter	57.442	31.208	88.650	7,020.0	8.18	4.45	12.63	
4 th Quarter	58.392	31.671	90.063	7,093.1	8.23	4.46	12.70	
Year	58.424	31.618	90.041	6,994.8	8.35	4.52	12.87	
997 1 st Quarter	58.520	^R 31.859	^R 90.379	7,166.7	8.17	^R 4.45	12.61	
2 nd Quarter	59.327	^R 31.612	^R 90.940	7,236.5	8.20	^R 4.37	^R 12.57	
3 rd Quarter	59.347	^R 31.720	^R 91.066	7,311.2	8.12	^R 4.34	^R 12.46	
4 th Quarter	58.617	^R 31.786	^R 90.402	7,364.6	7.96	^R 4.32	^R 12.28	
Year	58.954	^R 31.744	^R 90.698	7,269.8	8.11	^R 4.37	^R 12.48	
998 1 st Quarter	^R 57.695	^R 31.716	^R 89.411	7.464.7	7.73	^R 4.25	^R 11.98	
2 nd Quarter	^R 58.785	^R 32.524	^R 91.308	^R 7,498.6	^R 7.84	R 4.34	^R 12.18	

(Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates)

^a Due to a lack of consistent monthly historical data, some renewable energy sources are not included in other energy or total consumption. For example, in 1995, 3.4 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution is included, but an estimated 3.3 quadrillion Btu used by residential, commercial, and industrial consumers is not. See Note 12 at the end of Section 2 for details.

R=Revised.

Notes: • Quarterly data are seasonally adjusted and shown at annual rates. • Yearly data may not equal average of quarters due to seasonality

adjustments and independent rounding. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: • Energy Consumption: Table 1.4. • Gross Domestic Product: 1973-1996—U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*, August 1997, Table 2A. 1997 forward—U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, United States Department of Commerce News, September 24, 1998, Table 2.

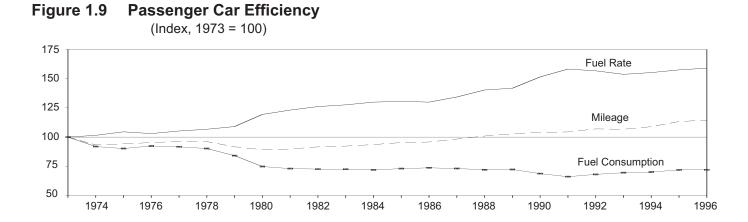


Table 1.10 Passenger Car Efficiency

	Mile	age	Fuel Co	nsumption	Fuel	Rate
	Miles per Car	Index 1973=100.0	Gallons per Car	Index 1973=100.0	Miles per Gallon	Index 1973=100.0
1973	9.884	100.0	737	100.0	13.4	100.0
974	9,221	93.3	677	91.9	13.6	101.5
975	9,309	94.2	665	90.2	14.0	104.5
976	9,418	95.3	681	92.4	13.8	103.0
977	9,517	96.3	676	91.7	14.1	105.2
978	9,500	96.1	665	90.2	14.3	106.7
979	9,062	91.7	620	84.1	14.6	109.0
980	8,813	89.2	551	74.8	16.0	119.4
981	8,873	89.8	538	73.0	16.5	123.1
982	9,050	91.6	535	72.6	16.9	126.1
983	9,118	92.3	534	72.5	17.1	127.6
984	9,248	93.6	530	71.9	17.4	129.9
985	9,419	95.3	538	73.0	17.5	130.6
986	9,464	95.8	543	73.7	17.4	129.9
987	9,720	98.3	539	73.1	18.0	134.3
988	9,972	100.9	531	72.0	18.8	140.3
989	10,157	102.8	533	72.3	19.0	141.8
990	10,277	104.0	506	68.7	20.3	151.5
991	10,322	104.4	487	66.1	21.2	158.2
992	10,571	107.0	502	68.1	21.0	156.7
993	10,545	106.7	512	69.5	20.6	153.7
994	10,759	108.9	517	70.1	20.8	155.2
995	11,203	113.3	530	71.9	21.1	157.5
996 ^a	11,314	114.5	531	72.0	21.3	159.0

^a Preliminary.

Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Sources: Indices are prepared from statistics published by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Federal Highway Statistics Division. • **1973-1994:** *Highway Statistics Summary to 1995,* Table VM-201A. • **1995 forward:** *Highway Statistics,* annual, Table VM-1.

	:	September 1	l through S	eptember 30)			Cumulative		
		1997		Percent	Change				Percent	Change
Census Divisions	Normala		1998	Normal to 1998	1997 to 1998	Normala	1997	1998	Normal to 1998	1997 to 1998
New England Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont	140	181	138	-1.4	-23.8	171	280	203	18.7	-27.5
Middle Atlantic New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania	89	134	82	(°)	(°)	105	186	106	1.0	-43.0
East North Central Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, Wisconsin	102	138	72	-29.4	-47.8	127	228	98	-22.8	-57.0
West North Central Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota	123	111	66	-46.3	-40.5	155	181	90	-41.9	-50.3
South Atlantic Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Maryland and the District of Columbia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia	19	30	14	(c)	(°)	20	35	16	(c)	(°)
East South Central Alabama, Kentucky, Mississippi, Tennessee	25	20	4	(°)	(°)	25	23	4	(°)	(°)
West South Central Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas	5	2	0	(°)	(°)	5	2	0	(°)	(°)
Mountain Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, Wyoming	134	95	70	-47.8	-26.3	173	131	81	-53.2	-38.2
Pacific ^b California, Oregon, Washington	61	31	42	(°)	(°)	104	66	71	-31.7	7.6
U.S. Average ^b	69	78	50	(°)	(°)	89	120	68	(°)	(°)

Table 1.11 Heating Degree-Days by Census Division

^a "Normal" is based on calculations of data from 1961 through 1990.

^b Excludes Alaska and Hawaii.

 $^{\rm C}$ Percent change is not meaningful: normal is less than 100 or ratio is incalculable.

Notes: Degree-days are relative measurements of outdoor air temperature used as an index for heating and cooling energy requirements. Heating degree-days are the number of degrees that the daily average temperature falls below 65° F. Cooling degree-days are the number of degrees that the

daily average temperature rises above 65° F. The daily average temperature is the mean of the maximum and minimum temperatures in a 24-hour period. For example, a weather station recording an average daily temperature of 40° F would report 25 heating degree-days for that day (and 0 cooling degree-days). If a weather station recorded an average daily temperature of 78° F, cooling degree-days for that station would be 13 (and 0 heating degree days).

Sources: See end of section.

	:	September	1 through Se	eptember 30)		January 1	Cumulative through Se		
				Percent	Change				Percent	Change
Census Divisions	Normala	1997	1998	Normal to 1998	1997 to 1998	Normala	1997	1998	Normal to 1998	1997 to 1998
New England Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont	25	21	35	(°)	(°)	419	411	450	7.4	9.5
Middle Atlantic New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania	68	45	95	(°)	(°)	669	577	757	13.2	31.2
East North Central Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, Wisconsin	69	42	122	(°)	(°)	725	521	856	18.1	64.3
West North Central Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota	94	87	177	(°)	(°)	964	788	1,088	12.9	38.1
South Atlantic Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Maryland and the District of Columbia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia	259	249	305	17.8	22.5	1,728	1,652	1,932	11.8	16.9
East South Central Alabama, Kentucky, Mississippi, Tennessee	218	243	303	48.6	58.0	1,498	1,259	1,770	18.2	40.6
West South Central Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas	349	393	481	37.8	22.4	2,279	2,069	2,718	19.3	31.4
Mountain Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, Wyoming	153	177	183	19.6	3.4	1,118	1,129	1,091	-2.4	-3.4
Pacific ^b California, Oregon, Washington	122	168	146	19.7	-13.1	651	737	652	.2	-11.5
U.S. Average ^b	154	156	208	35.1	33.3	1,120	1,021	1,265	12.9	23.9

Table 1.12 Cooling Degree-Days by Census Division

^a "Normal" is based on calculations of data from 1961 through 1990.

^b Excludes Alaska and Hawaii.

 $^{\rm C}$ Percent change is not meaningful: normal is less than 100 or ratio is incalculable.

Notes: Degree-days are relative measurements of outdoor air temperature used as an index for heating and cooling energy requirements. Cooling degree-days are the number of degrees that the daily average temperature rises above 65° F. Heating degree-days are the number of degrees that the

daily average temperature falls below 65° F. The daily average temperature is the mean of the maximum and minimum temperatures in a 24-hour period. For example, if a weather station recorded an average daily temperature of 78° F, cooling degree-days for that station would be 13 (and 0 heating degree-days). A weather station recording an average daily temperature of 40° F would report 25 heating degree-days for that day (and 0 cooling degree-days).

Sources: See end of section.

Energy Summary Notes

1. Energy Production: Production of energy includes production of coal, crude oil and lease condensate, natural gas plant liquids, natural gas (dry), electric utility and industrial production of hydroelectric power, and electricity generated from nuclear power. Production also includes electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy but excludes other energy obtained from those sources because consistent historical data are not available. Approximate heat contents (Btu values) are derived by using the conversion factors provided in Appendix A.

2. Energy Consumption: Consumption of energy includes consumption of coal, natural gas (including supplemental gaseous fuels), petroleum products supplied, electric utility and industrial production of hydroelectric power, net imports of electricity (assumed to be hydroelectricity), net imports of coal coke, and electricity generated from nuclear power. Consumption also includes electricity generated for distribution from geothermal, wood, waste, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy but excludes other energy obtained from those sources because consistent historical data are not available. Approximate heat contents (Btu values) are derived by using the conversion factors provided in Appendix A.

3. Energy Imports: Energy imports include imports of coal, crude oil (including crude oil imported for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve), petroleum products, natural gas, electricity (assumed to be hydroelectricity), and coal coke. Approximate heat contents (Btu values) are derived by using the conversion factors provided in Appendix A. For further information on electricity, see "Note for imports and exports of electricity" under Note 8 of Section 2, Energy Consumption Section Notes and Sources.

4. Energy Exports: Energy exports include coal, crude oil, petroleum products, natural gas, electricity produced from hydroelectric power, and coal coke. Approximate heat contents (Btu values) are derived by using the conversion factors provided in Appendix A. For more information on electricity, see "Note for imports and exports of electricity" under Note 8 of Section 2, Energy Consumption Section Notes and Sources.

5. Merchandise Trade Value: Import data presented are based on the customs value. That value does not include insurance and freight and is consequently lower than the cost, insurance, and freight (CIF) value, which is also reported by the Bureau of the Census. All export data, and import data prior to 1981, are on a free along-side ship (f.a.s.) basis.

"Balance" is exports minus imports; a positive balance indicates a surplus trade value and a negative balance indicates a deficit trade value. "Energy" includes mineral fuels, lubricants, and related material. "Non-Energy Balance" and "Total Merchandise" include foreign exports (i.e., re-exports) and nonmonetary gold and Department of Defense Grant-Aid shipments. The "Non-Energy Balance" is calculated by subtracting the "Energy" from the "Total Merchandise Balance."

"Imports" consist of government and nongovernment shipments of merchandise into the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and the U.S. Foreign Trade Zones. They reflect the total arrival from foreign countries of merchandise that immediately entered consumption channels, warehouses, the Foreign Trade Zones, or the Strategic Petroleum Reserve. They exclude shipments between the United States, Puerto Rico, and U.S. possessions, shipments to U.S. Armed Forces and diplomatic missions abroad for their own use, U.S. goods returned to the United States by its Armed Forces, and in-transit shipments.

Sources for Table 1.6

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Foreign Trade Division:

Petroleum Exports

1974-1987: "U.S. Exports," FT410, December issues. **1988:** "Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1988 Final Revisions."

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1993: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services, Annual Revision for 1993."

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1988: January-July, monthly FT-900 supplement, 1989 issues. August-December, monthly FT-900, 1989 issues.

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1993: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services, Annual Revision for 1993."

1994: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services, Annual Revision for 1994."

1995: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services, Annual Revision for 1995."

1996: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services, Annual Revision for 1996."

1997 and 1998: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services," FT-900, monthly.

Energy and Non-Energy Balances

Calculated by the Energy Information Administration.

Total Merchandise

1974-1987: U.S. merchandise trade press releases and

database printouts for adjustments.

1988: "Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1988 Final Revisions," August 18, 1989.

1989: "Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1989 Revisions," July 10, 1990.

1990: "U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1990 Final Report," May 10, 1991, and "U.S. Merchandise Trade, December 1992," February 18, 1993, page 3.

1991: "U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1992 Final Report," May 12, 1993.

1992: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services, Annual Revision for 1994."

1993 and 1994: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services, Annual Revision for 1995."

1995 and 1996: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services, Annual Revision for 1996."

1997 and 1998: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services," FT-900, monthly.

Sources for Tables 1.11 and 1.12

There are several degree-day databases maintained by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. The information published here is developed by the National Weather Service Climate Analysis Center, Camp Springs, MD. The data are available weekly with monthly summaries and are based on mean daily temperatures recorded at about 200 major weather stations around the country. The temperature information recorded at those weather stations is used to calculate statewide degree-day averages based on population.

The State figures are then aggregated into Census Divisions and into the national average. The population weights currently used represent resident State population data estimated for 1990 by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. The data provided here are available sooner than the Historical Climatology Series 5-1 (heating degree-days) and 5-2 (cooling degree-days) developed by the National Climatic Data Center, Asheville, NC, which compiles data from some 8,000 weather stations.

Section 2. Energy Consumption

U.S. total energy consumption in July 1998 was 7.8 quadrillion Btu. Petroleum products accounted for 41 percent of the energy consumed in July 1998, while coal accounted for 26 percent and natural gas accounted for 21 percent.

Residential and commercial sector consumption was 2.9 quadrillion Btu in July 1998, up 5 percent from the 1997 level. The sector accounted for 37 percent of total consumption, up 2 percentage points from its 35-percent share in July 1997.

Industrial sector consumption was 2.6 quadrillion Btu in July 1998, down 2 percent from the July 1997 level. The industrial sector accounted for 34 percent of total consumption, down 1 percentage point from its 35percent share in July 1997.

Transportation sector consumption of energy was 2.3 quadrillion Btu in July 1998, down slighty from the July 1997 level. The sector accounted for 29 percent of total consumption, down 1 percentage point from its 30-percent share in July 1997.

Electric utility consumption of energy totaled 3.4 quadrillion Btu in July 1998, up 4 percent from the July 1997 level. Coal contributed 53 percent of the energy consumed by electric utilities, while nuclear electric power contributed 19 percent; natural gas 14 percent; hydroelectric 9 percent; petroleum 4 percent; and all other, less than 1 percent.

Table 2.1 Energy Consumption Summary for July 1998

(Quadrillion Btu)

		End-Us	e Sectors				
Energy Source	Residential and Commercial Industrial		Transportation	Total ^a	Electric Utilities	Total	
Coal	^E 0.009	^E 0.185	(^b)	^E 0.202	1.797	E 1.998	
Natural Gas ^c	F.290	F.801	F.052	F 1.144	.460	F 1.604	
Petroleum Products ^d	.149	.672	2.209	3.029	.147	3.176	
Nuclear Electric Power	-	-	-	_	.653	.653	
Hydroelectric Power ^e	-	.003	-	.003	.315	.318	
Geothermal	-	-	-	_	.009	.009	
Net Imports of Coal Coke	-	.006		.006	-	.006	
Other ^f	-	-		_	.002	.002	
Primary Consumption	.448	1.667	2.260	4.384	3.383	7.766	
Electricity		.305	.001	1.059	_	-	
Net Consumption	1.201	1.972	2.261	5.443	-		
Electrical System Energy Losses	1.651	.670	.003	2.323	-		
Total Consumption	2.851	2.642	2.264	7.766	-		

^a Totals for coal and natural gas may not equal sum of sectors due to the use of sector-specific conversion factors.

^b Small amounts of coal consumed for transportation are reported as industrial sector consumption.

^c Includes supplemental gaseous fuels. Transportation sector is pipeline fuel only.

^d Products obtained from the processing of crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas, and other hydrocarbon compounds.

^e Includes net imports of electricity.

^f "Other" is electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.

– =Not applicable. (s)=Less than +0.5 trillion Btu and greater than -0.5 trillion Btu. E=Estimate. F=Forecast

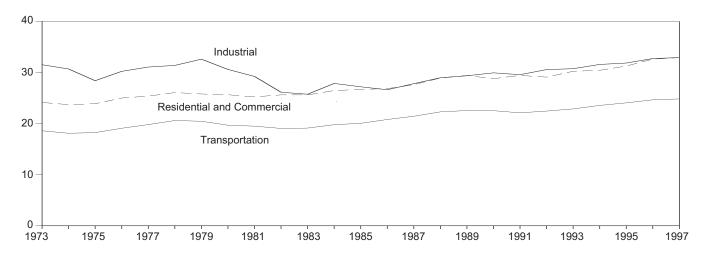
Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Additional Notes and Sources: See Tables 2.2-2.6 and end of section.

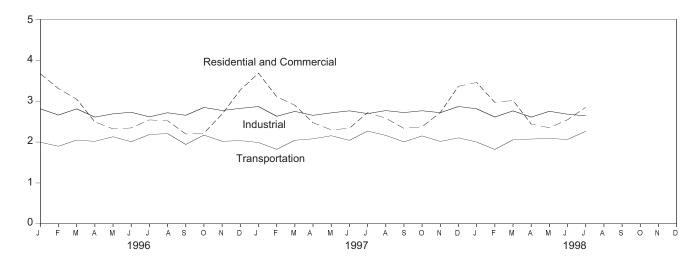
Please Read: Due to a lack of consistent monthly historical data, some renewable energy sources are not included in total consumption. For the full year of 1997, for example, 3.9 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution is included, but an estimated 3.2 quadrillion Btu used by residential, commercial, and industrial consumers is not. See Note 12 at the end of section for details.

Figure 2.1 Energy Consumption by End-Use Sector (Quadrillion Btu)

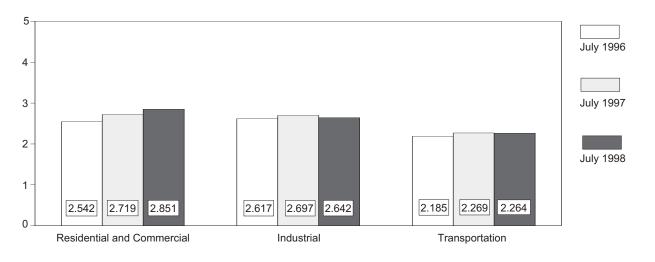
Overview, 1973-1997



Overview, Monthly







Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 2.2.

Table 2.2 Energy Consumption by End-Use Sector

(Quadrillion Btu)

	Residential a	nd Commercial	Indu	strial	Transp	ortation		
	Net	Total	Net	Total	Net	Total	Net	Total
973 Total	15.766	24.143	25.917	31.528	18.584	18.605	60.274	74.282
974 Total	15.246	23.725	24.994	30.694	18.095	18.117	58.341	72.543
							56.157	
975 Total	15.200	23.899	22.737	28.402	18.219	18.244		70.546
976 Total	15.997	25.018	24.038	30.236	19.076	19.101	59.119	74.362
977 Total	15.828	25.384	24.593	31.077	19.794	19.819	60.223	76.288
978 Total	16.023	26.084	24.637	31.392	20.589	20.611	61.251	78.089
979 Total	15.709	25.808	25.679	32.616	20.447	20.472	61.836	78.898
980 Total	15.075	25.655	23.854	30.606	19.669	19.695	58.597	75.955
981 Total	14.541	25.241	22.533	29.240	19.480	19.507	56.556	73.990
982 Total	14.629	25.629	20.020	26.145	19.043	19.069	53.697	70.848
983 Total	14.395	25.627	19.401	25.759	19.109	19.135	52.907	70.524
984 Total	14.964	26.474	21.184	27.867	19.773	19.801	55.923	74.144
985 Total	14.839	26.704	20.520	27.214	20.036	20.067	55.391	73.981
986 Total	14.791	26.852	20.101	26.630	20.781	20.812	55.676	74.297
987 Total	15.146	27.623	21.116	27.826	21.419	21.448	57.678	76.894
988 Total	16.004	28.925	22.085	28.986	22.274	22.305	60.366	80.218
989 Total	16.261	29.424	22.272	29.365	22.530	22.561	61.071	81.358
990 Total	15.568	28.798	22.841	29.942	22.504	22.535	60.922	81.283
991 Total	15.985	29.438	22.549	29.578	22.091	22.121	60.626	81.138
992 Total	16.089	29.106	23.499	30.581	22.432	22.462	62.025	82.154
993 Total	16.736	30.239	23.739	30.752	22.857	22.884	63.328	83.871
994 Total	16.760	30.440	24.414	31.585	23.544	23.573	64.719	85.598
995 Total	17.118	31.270	24.691	31.861	24.040	24.068	65.855	87.205
996 January	2.347	3.671	2.234	2.813	1.993	1.995	6.574	8.480
February	2.147	3.307	2.111	2.661	1.896	1.898	6.153	7.865
March	1.894	3.049	2.215	2.812	2.047	2.049	6.154	7.908
April	1.472	2.493	2.044	2.610	2.016	2.018	5.529	7.119
May	1.152	2.322	2.029	2.691	2.127	2.130	5.308	7.142
,	1.054	2.346	2.085	2.729	2.006	2.008	5.146	7.084
June								
July	1.085	2.542	1.964	2.617	2.182	2.185	5.235	7.347
August	1.083	2.523	2.061	2.717	2.206	2.208	5.354	7.453
September	1.026	2.197	2.079	2.655	1.940	1.942	5.047	6.796
October	1.133	2.218	2.234	2.847	2.168	2.171	5.536	7.236
November	1.568	2.685	2.161	2.772	2.016	2.019	5.746	7.476
December	2.027	3.275	2.217	2.824	2.034	2.036	6.278	8.135
Total	17.987	32.628	25.430	32.743	24.634	24.662	68.060	90.041
997 January	^R 2.332	^R 3.685	^R 2.271	^R 2.869	1.987	1.989	^R 6.593	^R 8.546
February	^R 2.024	^R 3.111	2.101	^R 2.631	1.820	1.822	^R 5.946	^R 7.564
	^R 1.747	^R 2.900		^R 2.750			^R 5.936	^R 7.694
March			^R 2.146		2.043	2.045		
April	^R 1.439	^R 2.474	2.068	^R 2.654	2.077	2.079	^R 5.583	^R 7.206
Мау	^R 1.183	^R 2.298	^R 2.067	^R 2.715	2.152	2.155	^R 5.403	^R 7.168
June	1.059	2.337	^R 2.095	^R 2.764	2.041	2.043	^R 5.199	^R 7.147
July	^R 1.146	2.719	^R 2.019	^R 2.697	2.266	2.269	^R 5.437	^R 7.691
August	1.108	^R 2.585	^R 2.099	^R 2.770	2.160	2.163	^R 5.373	^R 7.523
September	^R 1.069	^R 2.334	^R 2.112	^R 2.722	2.003	2.005	^R 5.188	^R 7.065
October	^R 1.204	2.374	^R 2.160	^R 2.766	2.148	2.151	^R 5.515	^R 7.294
	^R 1.591	^R 2.724	^R 2.114	^R 2.719			^R 5.719	^R 7.460
November		Z./Z4	2.114 R 0.050	2./ 19 R 0.070	2.014	2.016		
December	^R 2.059	^R 3.365	^R 2.252	^R 2.870	2.101	2.103	^R 6.415	^R 8.341
Total	^R 17.962	^R 32.906	^R 25.506	^R 32.925	24.812	24.841	^R 68.307	^R 90.698
998 January	2.157	3.457	^R 2.230	^R 2.814	1.998	2.000	^R 6.388	^R 8.275
February	1.886	2.971	^R 2.060	^R 2.612	1.818	1.820	^R 5.765	^R 7.405
March	1.815	3.018	^R 2.145	^R 2.763	2.053	2.056	^R 6.015	^R 7.838
April	1.390	2.441	^R 2.023	^R 2.610	2.072	2.074	^R 5.485	^R 7.125
May	^R 1.113	R 2.350	^R 2.061	^R 2.753	2.085	2.087	^R 5.261	^R 7.193
	^R 1.109	^R 2.546	^R 1.998	^R 2.681	^R 2.063	^R 2.066	^R 5.176	^R 7.299
June								
July 7-Month Total	1.201 10.670	2.851 19.635	1.972 14.489	2.642 18.876	2.261 14.350	2.264 14.366	5.443 39.534	7.766 52.902
997 7-Month Total	10.931 11.150	19.523 19.730	14.769 14.682	19.079 18.932	14.386 14.266	14.403 14.283	40.097 40.098	53.015 52.945

R=Revised.

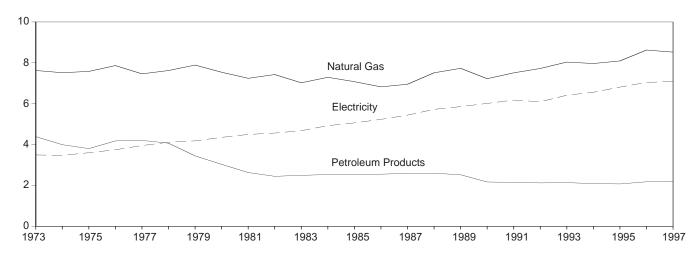
Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding and the use of sector-specific conversion factors for natural gas and

coal. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

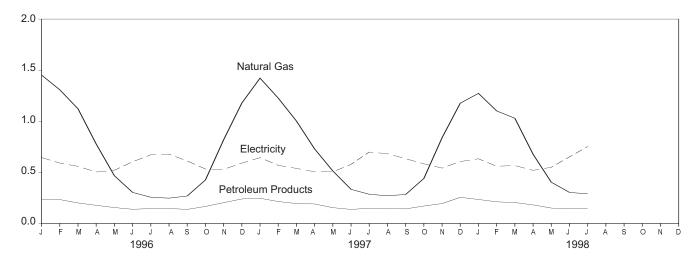
Please Read: Due to a lack of consistent monthly historical data, some renewable energy sources are not included in total consumption. In 1997, for example, 3.9 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution is included, but an estimated 3.2 quadrillion Btu used by residential, commercial, and industrial consumers is not. See Note 12 at the end of section for details.

Figure 2.2 Residential and Commercial Energy Consumption (Quadrillion Btu)

By Major Sources, 1973-1997



By Major Sources, Monthly



Total, January-July

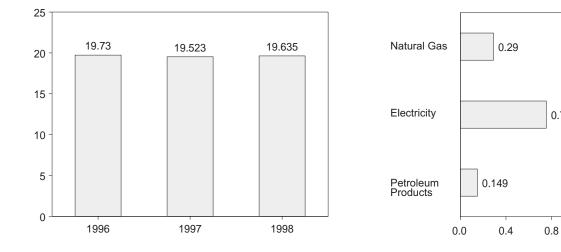
By Major Sources, July 1998

0.753

1.2

1.6

2.0



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 2.3.

Table 2.3 Residential and Commercial Energy Consumption

(Quadrillion Btu)

	Coal	Natural Gas ^a	Petroleum Products ^b	Primary Consumption	Electricity	Net Consumption	Electrical System Energy Losses	Total Consumptior
973 Total	0.254	7.626	4.391	12.270	3.495	15.766	8.377	24.143
974 Total	.257	7.518	3.996	11.771	3.475	15.246	8.480	23.725
975 Total	.209	7.581	3.805	11.595	3.604	15.200	8.700	23.899
976 Total	.203	7.866	4.181	12.250	3.747	15.997	9.021	25.018
977 Total	.205	7.461	4.206	11.873	3.955	15.828	9.556	25.384
978 Total	.214	7.624	4.070	11.908	4.116	16.023	10.061	26.084
979 Total	.187	7.891	3.448	11.525	4.184	15.709	10.100	25.808
980 Total	.145	7.540	3.035	10.721	4.355	15.075	10.580	25.655
981 Total	.167	7.243	2.634	10.043	4.497	14.541	10.700	25.241
982 Total	.187	7.427	2.449	10.063	4.566	14.629	11.000	25.629
983 Total	.192	7.024	2.498	9.715	4.680	14.395	11.232	25.627
984 Total	.209	7.292	2.535	10.036	4.928	14.964	11.510	26.474
985 Total	.176	7.079	2.522	9.777	5.061	14.839	11.865	26.704
986 Total	.176	6.825	2.555	9.556	5.235	14.791	12.061	26.852
987 Total	.162	6.954	2.587	9.703	5.443	15.146	12.477	27.623
988 Total	.168	7.513	2.600	10.280	5.724	16.004	12.920	28.925
989 Total	.146	7.731	2.525	10.402	5.859	16.261	13.163	29.424
990 Total	.156	7.224	2.173	9.553	6.015	15.568	13.229	28.798
991 Total	.141	7.510	2.154	9.805	6.180	15.985	13.453	29.438
992 Total	.142	7.725	2.126	9.993	6.096	16.089	13.017	29.106
993 Total	.143	8.037	2.140	10.320	6.416	16.736	13.503	30.239
994 Total	.139	7.967	2.094	10.200	6.560	16.760	13.680	30.440
995 Total	.134	8.094	2.076	10.305	6.813	17.118	14.153	31.270
996 January	.016	1.452	.234	1.702	.645	2.347	1.325	3.671
February	.013	1.308	.234	1.556	.591	2.147	1.160	3.307
March	.012	1.122	.201	1.335	.559	1.894	1.155	3.049
April	.011	.778	.178	.967	.504	1.472	1.022	2.493
May	.009	.467	.156	.631	.521	1.152	1.170	2.322
June	.007	.304	.139	.450	.604	1.054	1.292	2.346
July	.010	.257	.146	.413	.672	1.085	1.456	2.542
August	.010	.248	.147	.405	.678	1.083	1.440	2.523
September	.008	.269	.138	.415	.612	1.026	1.171	2.197
October	.008	.426	.167	.600	.533	1.133	1.085	2.218
November	.015	.819	.204	1.038	.530	1.568	1.117	2.685
December	.018	1.178	.240	1.436	.591	2.027	1.248	3.275
Total	.138	8.626	2.182	10.946	7.041	17.987	14.641	32.628
997 January	^R .019	1.422	.247	^R 1.688	.644	^R 2.332	1.352	^R 3.685
February	^R .014	1.227	.215	^R 1.455	.569	^R 2.024	1.086	R 3.111
March	R.012	1.002	.195	^R 1.208	.539	^R 1.747	1.153	^R 2.900
April	R.013	.729	.191	R.933	.506	^R 1.439	1.035	^R 2.474
May	R.009	.514	.155	^R .678	.505	^R 1.183	1.115	R 2.298
June	R.008	.334	.138	.480	.579	1.059	1.278	2.337
July	^R .012	.286	.149	^R .447	.699	^R 1.146	1.574	2.719
August	R.010	.271	.143	.425	.683	1.108	1.477	R 2.585
September	.008	.271	.144	^R .435	.634	^R 1.069	1.265	^R 2.334
October	R.009	.440	.143	.435	.584	^R 1.204	1.171	2.354
November	^R .009	.839	.171	^R 1.049	.584 .542	^R 1.591	1.133	^R 2.724
December	^R .021	1.177	.256	^R 1.454	.606	^R 2.059	1.306	^R 3.365
Total	R.149	8.524	2.198	^R 10.871	7.092	^R 17.962	14.943	^R 32.906
98 January	.016	1.273	.235	1.523	.633	2.157	1.301	3.457
February	.013	1.101	.212	1.326	.560	1.886	1.085	2.971
March	.013	1.030	.205	1.248	.567	1.815	1.203	3.018
April	.011	.677	.182	.870	.520	1.390	1.051	2.441
May	R.008	.404	.151	^R .562	.550	^R 1.113	1.237	^R 2.350
June	R.009	^R .304	.144	^R .457	.652	^R 1.109	1.437	^R 2.546
July	E.009	F.290	.149	.448	.753	1.201	1.651	2.851
7-Month Total	E.078	E 5.079	1.277	6.434	4.236	10.670	8.965	19.635
97 7-Month Total	.086	5.513	1.290	6.889	4.042	10.931	8.592	19.523
1977-INIONIN LOTAL							0.392	19.523

 ^a Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.
 ^b Products obtained from the processing of crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas, and other hydrocarbon compounds.

R=Revised. E=Estimate. F=Forecast.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent unding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of rounding. ${\ \bullet }$ Columbia.

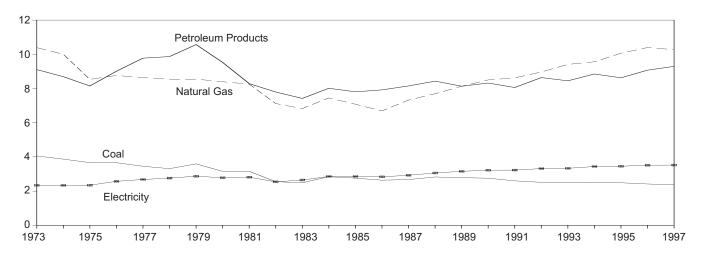
Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

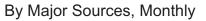
Please Read: Due to a lack of consistent monthly historical data, some renewable energy sources are not included in this table. In 1997, for example, an estimated 0.6 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy used by the residential and commercial sectors (primarily the residential sector) is not included. See Note 12 at the end of section for details.

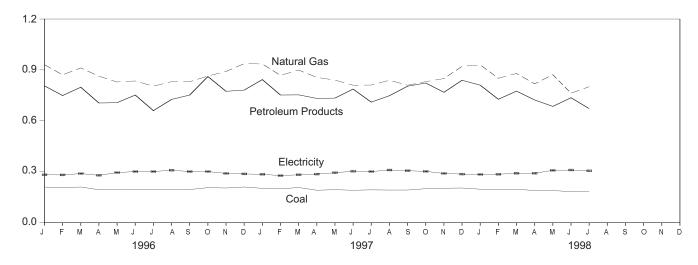
Figure 2.3 Industrial Energy Consumption

(Quadrillion Btu)

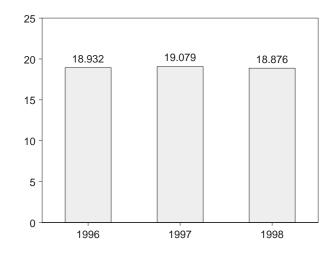
By Major Sources, 1973-1997







Total, January-July



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 2.4.

By Major Sources, July 1998

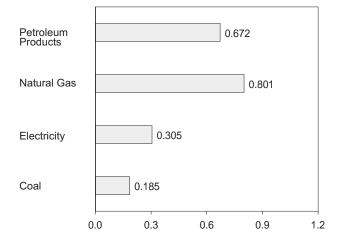


Table 2.4 Industrial Energy Consumption

(Quadrillion Btu)

	Coal	Natural Gas ^a	Petroleum Products ^b	Hydro- electric Power	Net Imports of Coal Coke	Primary Consumption	Electricity	Net Consumption	Electrical System Energy Losses	Total Consumption
1973 Total	4.057	10.388	9.104	0.035	-0.007	23.576	2.341	25.917	5.611	31.528
1974 Total	3.870	10.004	8.694	.033	.056	22.657	2.337	24.994	5.700	30.694
1975 Total	3.667	8.532	8.146	.032	.014	20.391	2.346	22.737	5.665	28.402
1976 Total	3.661	8.762	9.010	.033	(s)	21.465	2.573	24.038	6.198	30.236
1977 Total	3.454	8.635	9.774	.033	.015	21.911	2.682	24.593	6.484	31.077
1978 Total	3.314	8.539	9.867	.032	.125	21.876	2.761	24.637	6.755	31.392
1979 Total	3.593	8.549	10.568	.034	.063	22.807	2.873	25.679	6.936	32.616
1980 Total	3.155	8.395	9.525	.033	035	21.073	2.781	23.854	6.752	30.606
1981 Total	3.157	8.257	8.285	.033	016	19.715	2.817	22.533	6.707	29.240
1982 Total	2.552	7.121	7.794	.033	022	17.479	2.542	20.020	6.125	26.145
1983 Total	2.490	6.826	7.420	.033	016	16.753	2.648	19.401	6.359	25.759
1984 Total	2.842	7.448	8.014	.033	011	18.325	2.859	21.184	6.683	27.867
1985 Total	2.760	7.080	7.805	.033	013	17.665	2.855	20.520	6.694	27.214
1986 Total	2.640	6.690	7.920	.033	017	17.267	2.834	20.101	6.529	26.630
1987 Total	2.673	7.323	8.150	.033	.009	18.188	2.928	21.116	6.710	27.826
1988 Total 1989 Total	2.828	7.696 8.131	8.430 8.133	.033 .033	.040	19.026 19.114	3.059	22.085 22.272	6.901 7.093	28.986 29.365
1989 Total	2.787 2.756	8.502	8.319	.033	.030 .005	19.615	3.158 3.226	22.841	7.093	29.365
1991 Total	2.601	8.619	8.057	.033	.005	19.319	3.220	22.549	7.029	29.578
1992 Total	2.515	8.967	8.638	.033	.003	20.180	3.319	23.499	7.023	30.581
1993 Total	2.496	9.410	8.449	.033	.017	20.405	3.334	23.739	7.013	30.752
1994 Total	2.510	9.560	8.849	.033	.024	20.975	3.439	24.414	7.171	31.585
1995 Total	2.488	10.064	8.624	.033	.026	21.236	3.455	24.691	7.170	31.861
1996 January	.210	.931	.806	.003	.001	1.952	.282	2.234	.579	2.813
February	.205	.871	.749	.003	.003	1.830	.281	2.111	.551	2.661
March	.210	.912	.798	.003	.003	1.926	.289	2.215	.597	2.812
April	.194	.863	.705	.003	001	1.764	.279	2.044	.566	2.610
May	.196	.829	.707	.003	001	1.734	.295	2.029	.662	2.691
June	.197	.835	.752	.003	002	1.784	.301	2.085	.644	2.729
July August	.197 .195	.804 .831	.660 .726	.003 .002	(s) 003	1.663 1.752	.301 .309	1.964 2.061	.653 .656	2.617 2.717
September	.195	.830	.720	.002		1.779	.309	2.079	.575	2.655
October	.206	.864	.861	.002	(s) (s)	1.932	.301	2.234	.613	2.847
November	.200	.891	.774	.002	(s)	1.872	.290	2.161	.610	2.772
December	.210	.937	.781	.002	001	1.930	.287	2.217	.607	2.824
Total	2.418	10.394	9.071	.033	(s)	21.915	3.516	25.430	7.313	32.743
1997 January	.202	.935	.843	.003	.002	^R 1.986	.285	^R 2.271	.598	^R 2.869
February	.199	.868	.752	.003	.002	^R 1.824	.277	2.101	.530	^R 2.631
March	R.207	.899	.753	.003	.002	^R 1.864	.282	^R 2.146	.604	^R 2.750
April	^R .191	.856	.732	.003	(s)	1.782	.286	2.068	.585	^R 2.654
May	.194 ^R .191	.840	.734	.003	.002	R 1.774	.294	^R 2.067	.648	R 2.715
June	^R .191	.810	.787 .710	.003	.001	^R 1.792 ^R 1.719	.303 .301	^R 2.095 ^R 2.019	.668	^R 2.764 ^R 2.697
July August	^R .193	.811 .839	.710	.003 .002	.002 .007	^R 1.719	.301	^R 2.019	.677 .671	^R 2.770
September	^R .192	.839	.748 .804	.002	007	^R 1.806	.310	^R 2.112	.671	^R 2.722
October	R.200	.831	.823	.002	.003	^R 1.858	.300	^R 2.160	.606	^R 2.766
November	R.200	.849	.768	.002	.002	^R 1.824	.302	^R 2.114	.605	^R 2.719
December	R.200	.921	.839	.002	.001	^R 1.966	.286	R 2.252	.617	^R 2.870
Total	R 2.370	10.269	9.293	.033	.018	R 21.983	3.523	R 25.506	7.420	^R 32.925
1998 January	^R .197	.930	.810	.003	.005	^R 1.945	.284	^R 2.230	.584	^R 2.814
February	^R .194	.851	.727	.003	.002	^R 1.775	.285	^R 2.060	.552	^R 2.612
March	^R .197	.879	.775	.003	(s)	^R 1.854	.291	^R 2.145	.618	^R 2.763
April	^R .189	^R .818	.723	.003	001	^R 1.732	.291	^R 2.023	.587	^R 2.610
May	^R .189	^R .872	.685	.003	.003	^R 1.753	.308	^R 2.061	.692	^R 2.753
June	.183	^R .763	.736	.003	.001	R 1.687	.310	R 1.998	.683	^R 2.681
July 7-Month Total	^E .185 ^E 1.335	^F .801 E 5.914	.672 5.126	.003 .021	.006 .017	1.667 12.414	.305 2.075	1.972 14.489	.670 4.387	2.642 18.876
1997 7-Month Total 1996 7-Month Total	1.379 1.409	6.019 6.044	5.312 5.177	.021 .021	.010 .003	12.740 12.654	2.028 2.028	14.769 14.682	4.310 4.251	19.079 18.932

^a Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

^b Products obtained from the processing of crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas, and other hydrocarbon compounds.

R=Revised. E=Estimate. F=Forecast. (s)=Less than +0.5 trillion Btu and greater than -0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

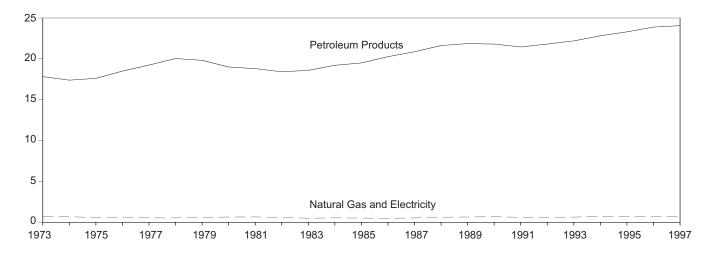
Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

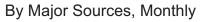
Please Read: Due to a lack of consistent monthly historical data, some renewable energy sources are not included in this table. In 1997, for example, an estimated 2.6 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy used by the industrial sector (primarily the pulp and paper industry) is not included. See Note 12 at the end of section for details.

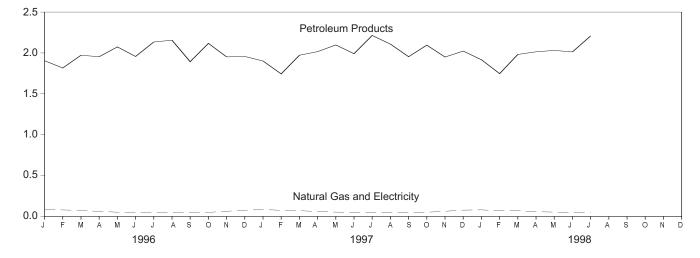
Figure 2.4 Transportation Energy Consumption

(Quadrillion Btu)

By Major Sources, 1973-1997



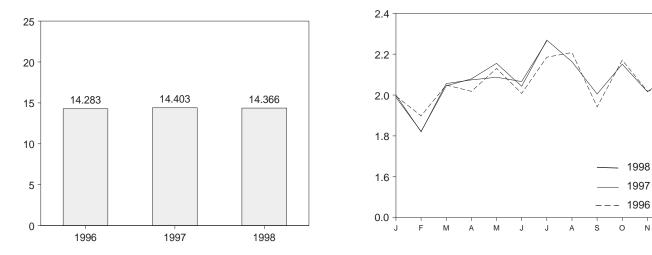




Total, January-July

Total, Monthly

D



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 2.5.

Table 2.5 Transportation Energy Consumption

(Quadrillion Btu)

	Coal	Natural Gas ^a	Petroleum Products ^{b,c}	Primary Consumption	Electricity	Net Consumption	Electrical System Energy Losses	Total Consumption
973 Total	0.003	0.743	17.831	18.576	0.008	18.584	0.020	18.605
974 Total	.002	.685	17.399	18.086	.009	18.095	.022	18.117
975 Total	.001	.595	17.614	18.209	.010	18.219	.025	18.244
976 Total	(s)	.559	18.506	19.065	.010	19.076	.025	19.101
977 Total	(s)	.543	19.241	19.784	.010	19.794	.025	19.819
78 Total	(d)	.539	20.041	20.580	.009	20.589	.022	20.611
79 Total	(d)	.612	19.825	20.436	.010	20.447	.025	20.472
80 Total	(d)	.650	19.008	19.658	.011	19.669	.026	19.695
81 Total	(d)	.658	18.811	19.469	.011	19.480	.026	19.507
82 Total	(d)	.612	18.420	19.032	.011	19.043	.026	19.069
983 Total 984 Total	(d)	.505 .545	18.593 19.216	19.098	.011 .012	19.109 19.773	.026 .028	19.135 19.801
85 Total		.545	19.504	19.761 20.024	.012	20.036	.028	20.067
986 Total	(d)	.499	20.269	20.024	.013	20.030	.030	20.812
987 Total		.535	20.209	21.406	.013	21.419	.029	21.448
88 Total		.632	21.629	22.260	.013	22.274	.025	22.305
89 Total		.649	21.868	22.200	.014	22.530	.031	22.561
90 Total		.680	21.808	22.317	.014	22.504	.031	22.535
90 Total	(d)	.620	21.456	22.490	.014	22.504	.031	22.535
92 Total		.606	21.450	22.419	.014	22.432	.030	22.462
93 Total		.643	22.201	22.843	.014	22.857	.029	22.884
94 Total	(d)	.707	22.824	23.531	.013	23.544	.028	23.573
95 Total	(d)	.722	23.305	24.027	.014	24.040	.028	24.068
••••••	()		_0.000					
96 January	(d)	.087	1.905	1.992	.001	1.993	.002	1.995
February	(d)	.079	1.816	1.895	.001	1.896	.002	1.898
March	(d)	.074	1.972	2.046	.001	2.047	.002	2.049
April	(d)	.061	1.954	2.015	.001	2.016	.002	2.018
May	(d)	.052	2.074	2.126	.001	2.127	.002	2.130
June	(d)	.048	1.957	2.004	.001	2.006	.002	2.008
July	(d)	.047	2.134	2.181	.001	2.182	.002	2.185
August	(d)	.048	2.156	2.204	.001	2.206	.003	2.208
September	(d)	.046	1.893	1.939	.001	1.940	.002	1.942
October	(d)	.050	2.117	2.167	.001	2.168	.002	2.171
November		.063	1.952	2.015	.001	2.016	.002	2.019
December	$\begin{pmatrix} d \\ d \end{pmatrix}$.076	1.957	2.033	.001 .013	2.034	.002	2.036
Total	(3)	.734	23.887	24.620	.013	24.634	.028	24.662
97 January	(^d)	.084	1.902	1.986	.001	1.987	.002	1.989
February	(d)	.075	1.744	1.819	.001	1.820	.002	1.822
March	(d)	.070	1.972	2.042	.001	2.043	.002	2.045
April	(d)	.060	2.016	2.075	.001	2.077	.002	2.079
May	(d)	.053	2.098	2.151	.001	2.152	.002	2.155
June	(d)	.048	1.991	2.040	.001	2.041	.002	2.043
July	(d)	.051	2.214	2.265	.001	2.266	.003	2.269
August	(d)	.051	2.108	2.159	.001	2.160	.003	2.163
September	(d)	.048	1.954	2.002	.001	2.003	.002	2.005
October	(d)	.051	2.096	2.147	.001	2.148	.002	2.151
November		.063	1.950	2.012	.001	2.014	.002	2.016
December	(d) (d)	.077	2.023	2.100	.001	2.101	.002	2.103
Total	(")	.731	24.068	24.799	.013	24.812	.028	24.841
98 January	(^d)	.080	1.917	1.996	.001	1.998	.002	2.000
February	(b)	.070	1.747	1.817	.001	1.818	.002	1.820
March	(d)	.071	1.982	2.052	.001	2.053	.002	2.056
April	(d)	.057	2.014	2.071	.001	2.072	.002	2.074
May	(d)	.053	2.031	^R 2.083	.001	2.085	.002	2.087
June	(d)	R.049	2.013	^R 2.062	.001	^R 2.063	.002	^R 2.066
July	(d)	F.052	2.209	2.260	.001	2.261	.003	2.264
7-Month Total	(d)	E .430	13.912	14.342	.008	14.350	.016	14.366
97 7-Month Total 96 7-Month Total	(^d) (^d)	.442	13.937	14.379	.008	14.386	.016	14.403
		.447	13.812	14.259	.008	14.266	.016	14.283

^a Natural gas consumed in the operation of pipelines (primarily in compressors) and small amounts consumed as vehicle fuel. See Table 4.4. ^b Products obtained from the processing of crude oil (including lease

^d Since 1978, the small amounts of coal consumed for transportation are reported as industrial sector consumption.

R=Revised. E=Estimate. F=Forecast. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

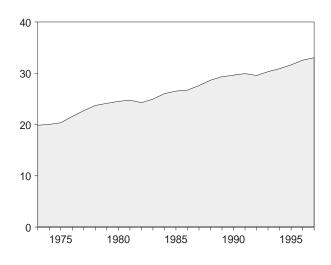
Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

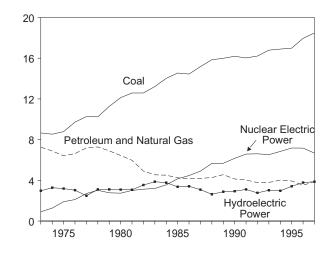
 ^c Includes small quantities (about 0.1 quadrillion Btu per year since 1990) of renewable energy in the form of ethanol blended into motor gasoline. See Note 12 at end of section.

Figure 2.5 Energy Input at Electric Utilities (Quadrillion Btu)

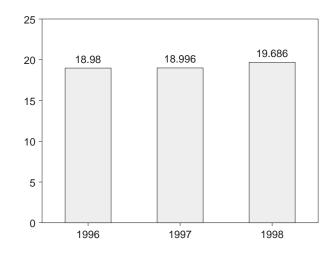
Total, 1973-1997



By Major Sources, 1973-1997

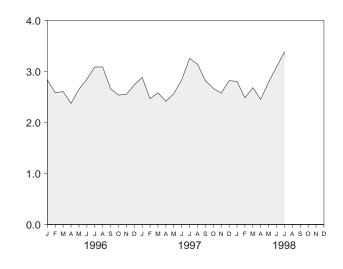


Total, January-July

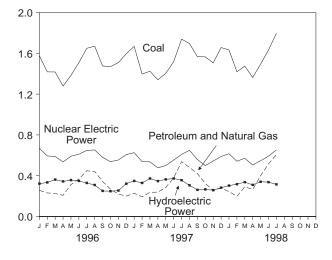


Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 2.6.

Total, Monthly



By Major Sources, Monthly



By Major Sources, July 1998

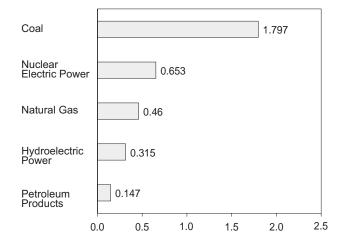


Table 2.6 Energy Input at Electric Utilities

(Quadrillion Btu)

	Coal	Natural Gas ^a	Petroleum Products ^b	Nuclear Electric Power	Hydro- electric Power ^c	Geothermal Energy	Other ^d	Total
	COal	Gas	Floaucis	Fower	Fower	Energy	Other *	I Uldi
73 Total	8.658	3.748	3.515	0.910	2.975	0.043	0.003	19.852
74 Total	8.534	3.519	3.365	1.272	3.276	.053	.003	20.022
75 Total	8.786	3.240	3.166	1.900	3.187	.070	.002	20.350
76 Total	9.720	3.152	3.477	2.111	3.032	.078	.003	21.574
77 Total	10.262	3.284	3.901	2.702	2.482	.077	.005	22.713
78 Total	10.238	3.297	3.987	3.024	3.110	.064	.003	23.724
79 Total	11.260	3.613	3.283	2.776	3.107	.084	.005	24.128
	12.123							
980 Total		3.810	2.634	2.739	3.085	.110	.005	24.505
981 Total	12.583	3.768	2.202	3.008	3.072	.123	.004	24.760
82 Total	12.582	3.342	1.568	3.131	3.539	.105	.003	24.270
983 Total	13.213	2.998	1.544	3.203	3.866	.129	.004	24.956
984 Total	14.020	3.220	1.286	3.553	3.767	.165	.009	26.020
985 Total	14.542	3.160	1.090	4.149	3.365	.198	.015	26.519
986 Total	14.444	2.691	1.452	4.471	3.413	.219	.012	26.703
987 Total	15.173	2.935	1.257	4.906	3.084	.229	.016	27.600
988 Total	15.850	2.709	1.563	5.661	2.630	.217	.017	28.648
989 Total	15.988	2.871	1.685	5.677	2.880	.197	.021	29.318
990 Total	16.189	2.882	1.250	6.161	2.932	.181	.022	29.617
991 Total	16.028	2.856	1.178	6.579	3.104	.170	.022	29.937
992 Total	16.211	2.836	.951	6.607	2.770	.169	.021	29.557
993 Total	16.790	2.741	1.052	6.519	3.026	.158	.021	30.307
994 Total	16.895	3.053	.968	6.837	2.972	.145	.021	30.892
995 Total	16.990	3.276	.658	7.177	3.413	.099	.017	31.632
96 January	1.577	.172	.085	.669	.322	.007	.002	2.834
February	1.418	.140	.091	.594	.334	.008	.001	2.585
March	1.417	.160	.066	.589	.362	.007	.002	2.603
	1.279	.174	.034	.535	.344	.007	.002	2.003
April								
May	1.383	.271	.042	.591	.357	.005	.001	2.651
June	1.508	.307	.060	.611	.349	.008	.002	2.845
July	1.649	.366	.082	.648	.329	.012	.002	3.087
August	1.670	.376	.066	.653	.309	.012	.002	3.087
September	1.476	.292	.052	.580	.251	.010	.002	2.662
October	1.469	.232	.036	.538	.248	.011	.002	2.536
November	1.509	.174	.046	.554	.254	.011	.002	2.551
December	1.596	.136	.064	.607	.322	.010	.002	2.736
Total	17.953	2.798	.725	7.168	3.778	.110	.020	32.552
07	4.000	4.40	007	<u></u>	0.40	000	000	0.000
997 January	1.668	.142	.087	.626	.349	.009	.002	2.883
February	1.397	.147	.046	.538	.329	.006	.002	2.465
March	1.424	.194	.044	.536	.373	.009	.002	2.581
April	1.340	.198	.041	.477	.347	.010	.002	2.415
May	1.404	.237	.048	.500	.364	.010	.002	2.565
June	1.518	.305	.074	.553	.373	.008	.002	2.832
July	1.739	.440	.098	.609	.356	.011	.002	3.255
August	1.696	.400	.081	.649	.306	.011	.002	3.145
September	1.567	.341	.080	.559	.261	.010	.002	2.819
October	1.565	.250	.000	.499	.266	.010	.002	2.667
November	1.506	.184	.073	.544	.258	.010	.002	2.007
December	1.656	.202	.077	.589	.283	.011	.002	2.818
Total	18.480	3.040	.822	6.678	3.864	.115	.021	33.019
98 January	1.633	.175	.069	.615	.303	.010	.002	2.806
February	1.419	.137	.061	.542	.317	.008	.001	2.485
March	1.474	.199	.091	.571	.337	.010	.002	2.682
April	1.363	.195	.071	.505	.310	.007	.002	2.002
May	1.494	.300	.100	.547	.341	.006	.002	2.792
June	1.632	.388	.129	.592	.337	.007	.001	3.087
July	1.797	.460	.147	.653	.315	.009	.002	3.383
7-Month Total	10.811	1.854	.668	4.024	2.259	.058	.012	19.686
97 7-Month Total	10.491	1.662	.438	3.839	2.491	.063	.012	18.996

^a Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

^b Includes residual and distillate fuel oils, petroleum coke, and small

amounts of kerosene and jet fuel.

 $^{\rm c}$ Includes net imports of electricity. $^{\rm d}$ "Other" is electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, wind,

photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. . Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

Please Read: This table reports energy input at electric utilities and does not include data on nonutility power producers (NUPP). NUPP data are collected by EIA on an annual basis starting in 1989. See EIA's *Electric Power Annual 1996, Volume II*, "Nonutility Power Producers" chapter for additional information.

Energy Consumption Notes and Sources

The data in this section of the *Monthly Energy Review* (MER) are obtained initially from a group of energyrelated surveys, typically called "supply surveys," conducted by the Energy Information Administration (EIA). Supply surveys are those surveys directed to suppliers and marketers of specific energy sources. They measure the quantities of specific energy sources produced, or the quantities supplied to the market, or both. The data obtained from the EIA's supply surveys are integrated to yield the summary consumption statistics published in this section (and in Section 1) of the *MER.* Users of the EIA's energy consumption statistics should be aware of a second group of energy-related surveys, typically called "consumption surveys." Consumption surveys gather information on the types of energy consumed by end users of energy, along with the characteristics of those end users that can be associated with energy use. For example, the Manufacturing Energy Consumption Survey belongs to the consumption survey group because it collects information directly from end users (the manufacturing establishments). There are important differences between the supply and consumption surveys that need to be taken into account in any analysis that uses both data sources. For information on those differences, see Energy Consumption by End-Use Sector, A Comparison of Measures by Consumption and Supply Surveys, DOE/EIA-0533, Energy Information Administration, Washington, DC, April 6, 1990. The numbered notes that follow elaborate on essential information in Section 2.

1. Total Energy Consumed: Total energy consumed includes coal, natural gas (including supplemental gaseous fuels), petroleum products supplied, electric utility and industrial generation of hydroelectric power, net imports of electricity generated from hydroelectric power, and electricity generated from nuclear power. Total energy consumed also includes electricity generated from geothermal, wood, waste, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy but excludes other energy obtained from those sources because consistent historical data are not available.

2. Economic Sectors: Energy use is assigned to the major economic sectors according to the following guidelines as closely as possible:

- Residential—All private residences, whether occupied or vacant, owned or rented, including single-family homes, multifamily housing units, and mobile homes. Secondary homes, such as summer homes, are also included. Institutional housing, such as school dormitories, hospitals, and military barracks, generally are not included in the residential sector; they are included in the commercial sector.
- Commercial—Business establishments that are not engaged in transportation or in manufacturing

or other types of industrial activity (agriculture, mining, or construction). Commercial establishments include hotels, motels, restaurants, wholesale businesses, retail stores, laundries, and other service enterprises; religious and nonprofit organizations; health, social, and educational institutions; and Federal, State, and local governments. Street lights, pumps, bridges, and public services are also included if the establishment operating them is considered commercial.

- Industrial—Manufacturing industries, which make up the largest part of the sector, along with mining, construction, agriculture, fisheries, and forestry. Establishments in this sector range from steel mills to small farms to companies assembling electronic components.
- Transportation—Private and public vehicles that move people and commodities. Included are automobiles, trucks, buses, motorcycles, railroads and railways (including streetcars), aircraft, ships, barges, and natural gas pipelines.
- Electric Utility—Privately and publicly owned establishments that generate, transmit, distribute, and sell electricity primarily for use by the public and meet the definition of an electric utility. Nonutility power producers are not included in the electric utility sector.

Although the end-use allocations are made according to these aggregations as closely as possible, some data are collected by using different classifications. For example, data on agricultural use of natural gas are collected and reported in the commercial sector, rather than in the industrial sector. Since agricultural use of natural gas cannot be identified separately, it is included in the commercial sector in this report. Another example is master-metered condominiums and apartments, and buildings with a combination of residential and commercial units. In many cases, the metering and billing practices cause residential energy usage of electricity, natural gas, or fuel oil to be included in the commercial sector. No adjustments for these discrepancies were made.

3. Conversion Factors: See the conversion factors listed in Appendix A.

4. Coal: Coal is anthracite, bituminous coal (including subbituminous coal), and lignite.

Sources:

1973-September 1977: U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), Bureau of Mines (BOM), *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*.

Electric Utilities

October 1977 forward: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-759 (formerly Federal Power Commission (FPC) Form FPC-4), "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Other Industrial

October 1977-December 1979: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Monthly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants."

January 1980 forward: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report -Manufacturing Plants," and Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report," quarterly.

Coke Plants

October 1977-December 1980: EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke and Coal Chemicals - Monthly/Annual." January 1981-December 1984: EIA, Form EIA-5/5A,

"Coke Plant Report - Quarterly/Annual Supplement"; January 1985 forward: EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke Plant Report -Quarterly."

Residential and Commercial

October 1977-December 1979: EIA, Form EIA-2, "Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers - Upper Lake Docks."

January 1980 forward: EIA, Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report," quarterly.

5. Natural Gas: Natural gas consumption by end use is based on data presented in Table 4.4 of this report. For Section 2 calculations, lease and plant fuel consumption are added to industrial deliveries, and pipeline fuel represents transportation use of natural gas. Values in Btu are derived by using the conversion factors provided in Appendix A.

Sources:

1973-1975: DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook*, "Natural Gas" chapter.

1976-1978: EIA, *Energy Data Reports*, "Natural Gas, Annual."

1979: EIA, *Natural Gas Production and Consumption 1979*.

1980-1996: EIA, Natural Gas Annual.

1997: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly.

Electric Utilities

1973-1976: Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

1977-1981: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." **1982 forward:** EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

American Gas Association, "Monthly Gas Utility Statistical Report," residential and commercial monthly sales data for 1973-1979, which are used to estimate monthly consumption values from EIA annual consumption values.

6. Petroleum: Petroleum consumption by end use is the sum of all individual petroleum products estimated

to be consumed in each end-use sector. First, total consumption by product is determined. Petroleum consumption in this section of the *Monthly Energy Review (MER)* is the series called "petroleum products supplied" in Section 3.

Sources for petroleum products supplied by individual products are:

1973-1975: DOI, BOM, Mineral Industry Surveys, "Petroleum Statement, Annual."
1976-1980: EIA, Energy Data Reports, "Petroleum Statement, Annual."
1981-1996: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual.
1997: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.

Specific petroleum products' end-use allocation procedures follow:

- Aviation Gasoline—All product supplied is assigned to the transportation sector.
- Asphalt—All product supplied is assigned to the industrial sector.
- **Distillate Fuel**—Product supplied is assigned to electric utilities and non-electric utilities as follows:

Electric Utilities, All Periods.

For 1973-1979, consumption of distillate fuel is assumed to be the amount of petroleum (minus small amounts of kerosene and kerosene-type jet fuel deliveries) consumed in gas turbine and internal combustion plants. For 1980 forward, consumption of distillate fuel is assumed to be the amount of light oil (minus small amounts of kerosene deliveries through 1982) consumed at electric utilities. (See Table 7.3)

Sources:

1973-September 1977: FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report";
October 1977-1981: FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
1982 forward: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Sectors Other Than Electric Utilities, Annual Estimates Through 1995.

The aggregate non-electric utility use of distillate fuel is total distillate fuel supplied minus the electric utility consumption. The non-electric utility annual consumption totals are allocated to the individual non-electric utility sectors (residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation) in proportion to the share of "adjusted sales" of each end-use sector, as reported in EIA's *Fuel Oil and Kerosene Sales* report series (DOE/EIA-0535), which is based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-821, previously Form EIA-172. "Adjusted sales" are sales that have been adjusted at the PAD district level to equal EIA volume estimates of petroleum products supplied in the U.S. market. Following are notes on the individual sector groupings:

- Since 1979, the residential sector adjusted sales total is directly from the *Sales* reports. Prior to 1979, each year's sales subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into residential, commercial, and industrial (including farm) in proportion to the 1979 shares.

- Since 1979, the commercial sector adjusted sales total is directly from the *Sales* reports. Prior to 1979, each year's sales subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into residential, commercial, and industrial (including farm) in proportion to the 1979 shares.

- Since 1979, the industrial sector adjusted sales total is the sum of the adjusted sales for industrial, farm, oil company, off-highway, diesel, and all other uses. Prior to 1979, each year's sales subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into residential, commercial, and industrial (including farm) in proportion to the 1979 shares, and this estimated industrial portion is added to oil company, off-highway diesel, and all other uses.

- The transportation sector adjusted sales total is the sum of the adjusted sales for railroad, vessel bunkering, on-highway diesel, and military uses for all years.

Sectors Other Than Electric Utilities, Monthly Estimates Through 1995.

- Residential and commercial monthly consumption is estimated by allocating the annual estimates, which are described above, into the months in proportion to each month's share of the year's sales of No. 2 heating oil. The years' sales totals are from the following sources: for 1973-1980, the Ethyl Corporation, *Monthly Report of Heating Oil Sales;* for 1981 and 1982, the American Petroleum Institute, *Monthly Report of Heating Oil Sales;* and for 1983-1995, EIA, Form EIA-782A, "Refiners'/Gas Plant Operators' Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report," No. 2 Fuel Oil Sales to End Users and for Resale.

- The transportation highway use portion is allocated into the months in proportion to each month's share of the year's total sales for highway use as reported by the Federal Highway Administration's Table MF-25, "Private and Commercial Highway Use of Special Fuels by Months." After 1993, the sales-for-highway-use data are no longer available as a monthly series; the 1993 data are used for allocating succeeding year's totals into months. The remaining transportation use of distillate fuel (i.e., for railroads, vessel bunkering, and military use) is evenly distributed over the months, adjusted for the number of days per month.

- Industrial monthly estimates are made by subtracting the residential and commercial, transportation, and electric utility sector estimates from each month's total distillate fuel supplied.

Sectors Other Than Electric Utilities, 1996 Forward.

Each month's non-electric utility consumption subtotal is disaggregated into the major end-use sectors in proportion to the shares each sector held of the non-electric utility subtotal in the same month in 1995.

- Jet Fuel—Through 1982, small amounts of kerosene-type jet fuel were consumed by electric utilities. Kerosene-type jet fuel deliveries to electric utilities as reported on the Form FERC-423 (formerly Form FPC-423) were used as estimates of this consumption. All remaining jet fuel (kerosene-type and naphtha-type) is consumed by the transportation sector.
- Kerosene—Total product supplied monthly is allocated to the major end-use sectors in proportion to annual sales grouped into end-use sectors from EIA's *Fuel Oil and Kerosene Sales* reports (based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-821, previously Form EIA-172), as follows:

- Residential deliveries are taken directly from the *Sales* reports for 1979-1995. Sales for 1995 are used as estimates for succeeding periods. Prior to 1979, each year's sales category called "heating" is split into residential, commercial, and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares.

- Commercial sales are directly from the *Sales* reports for 1979-1995. Sales for 1995 are used as estimates for succeeding periods. Prior to 1979, each year's sales category called "heating" is split into residential, commercial, and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares.

- Industrial sales are directly from the *Sales* reports for 1979-1995. Sales for 1995 are used as estimates for succeeding periods. Prior to 1979, each year's sales category called "heating" is split into residential, commercial and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares, and this estimated industrial (including farm) portion is added to all other uses.

• Liquefied Petroleum Gases (LPG)—The annual shares of LPG's total consumption that are estimated to be consumed by each end-use sector are applied to each month's total LPG consumption (i.e., product supplied) to create monthly end-use consumption estimates. The annual end-use shares are calculated in the following manner:

- Sales of LPG to the residential and commercial sector are converted from thousand gallons per year to thousand barrels per year and are assumed to be the annual consumption of LPG by the sector.

- The quantity of LPG sold each year for consumption in internal combustion engines is allocated between the transportation and industrial sectors on the basis of data for special fuels used on highways published by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, in *Highway Statistics*. The allocations of LPG sold for internal combustion engine use to the transportation sector range from a low of 37 percent in 1987 to a high of 73 percent in 1994.

- LPG consumed annually by the industrial sector is estimated as the difference between LPG total supplied and the estimated consumption of LPG by the sum of the residential and commercial sector and the transportation sector. The industrial sector includes LPG used by chemical plants as raw materials or solvents and used in the production of synthetic rubber; refinery fuel use; use as synthetic natural gas feedstock and use in secondary recovery projects; all farm use; LPG sold to gas utility companies for distribution through the mains; and a portion of the use of LPG as an internal combustion engine fuel.

Sources of the annual sales data for creating annual end-use shares are:

1973-1982: EIA's "Sales of Liquefied Petroleum Gases and Ethane" reports, based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-174.

1983: End-use consumption estimates for 1983 are based on 1982 end-use consumption because the collection of data under Form EIA-174 was discontinued after data year 1982.

1984-1994: American Petroleum Institute (API), "Sales of Natural Gas Liquids and Liquefied Refinery Gases," which is based on an LPG sales survey jointly sponsored by API, the Gas Processors Association, and the National Liquefied Petroleum Gas Association.

1994-1997: The 1993 source is used to estimate succeeding periods.

- Lubricants—Total product supplied is allocated to the industrial and transportation sectors for all months according to proportions developed from annual sales of lubricants to the two sectors from U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, *Current Industrial Reports*, "Sales of Lubricating and Industrial Oils and Greases." The 1973 shares are applied to 1973 and 1974; the 1975 shares are applied to 1975 and 1976; and the 1977 shares are applied to 1977 forward.
- Motor Gasoline—Total product supplied monthly is allocated to the major end-use sectors in proportion to aggregations of annual sales categories

created on the basis of the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, *Highway Statistics*, Tables MF-21, MF-24, and MF-25, as follows:

- Commercial sales are the sum of sales for public non-highway use and miscellaneous and unclassified uses.

- Industrial sales are the sum of sales for agriculture, construction, and industrial and commercial use as classified in the *Highway Statistics*.

- Transportation sales are the sum of sales for highway use (minus the sales of special fuels, which are primarily diesel fuel and are accounted for in the transportation sector of distillate fuel) and sales for marine use.

- **Petroleum Coke**—The portion consumed by electric utilities is from Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report" (formerly Form FPC-4). The remaining petroleum coke is assigned to the industrial sector.
- **Residual Fuel**—Product supplied is assigned to electric utilities and non-electric utilities as follows:

Electric Utilities, All Periods.

For 1973-1979, consumption of residual fuel is assumed to be the amount of petroleum consumed in steam-electric power plants. For 1980 forward, consumption of residual fuel is assumed to be the amount of heavy oil consumed at electric utilities. (See Table 7.3)

Sources:

1973-September 1977: Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

October 1977-1981: FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

1982 forward: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Sectors Other Than Electric Utilities, Annual Estimates Through 1995.

The aggregate non-electric utility use of residual fuel is total residual fuel supplied minus the electric utility consumption. The non-electric utility annual totals are allocated into the individual non-electric utility sectors in proportion to the amount of residual fuel sold to end users, grouped into sectors from EIA's *Fuel Oil and Kerosene Sales* reports (based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-821, previously Form EIA-172), as follows:

- Since 1979, commercial sales data are directly from the *Sales* reports. Prior to 1979, each year's sales subtotal of the heating plus industrial category

is split into commercial and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares.

- Since 1979, industrial sales data are the sum of sales for industrial, oil company, and all other uses. Prior to 1979, each year's sales subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into commercial and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares, and this estimated industrial portion is added to oil company and all other uses.

- Transportation sales are the sum of sales for railroad, vessel bunkering, and military uses for all years.

Sectors Other Than Electric Utilities, Monthly Estimates Through 1995.

- Commercial monthly consumption is estimated by allocating the annual estimates, which are described above, into the months in proportion to each month's share of the year's sales of No. 2 heating oil. The years' sales totals are from the following sources: for 1973-1980, the Ethyl Corporation, *Monthly Report of Heating Oil Sales*; for 1981 and 1982, the American Petroleum Institute, *Monthly Report of Heating Oil Sales*; and for 1983-1995, EIA, Form EIA-782A, "Refiners'/Gas Plant Operators' Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report," No. 2 Fuel Oil Sales to End Users and for Resale.

- Transportation monthly estimates are made by evenly distributing the annual sector estimate over the months, adjusting for the number of days per month.

- Industrial monthly estimates are made by subtracting the commercial, transportation, and electric utility sector estimates from each month's total residual fuel supplied.

Sectors Other Than Electric Utilities, 1996 Forward.

Each month's non-electric utility consumption subtotal is disaggregated into the major end-use sectors in proportion to the shares each sector held of the non-electric utility subtotal in the same month in 1995.

- **Road Oil**—All product supplied is assigned to the industrial sector.
- All Other Petroleum Products—The product supplied of all remaining petroleum products is assigned to the industrial sector.

7. Nuclear Electric Power, Geothermal, and Wood, Waste, Wind, Photovoltaic, and Solar Thermal

Energy Sources Connected to Electric Utility Distribution Systems:

Sources:

1973-1976: FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

1977-1981: FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

1982 forward: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

8. Hydroelectric Power: Includes electricity generated by hydroelectric power at electric utilities, small amounts in the industrial sector, and net imports of electricity, which are assumed to be generated by hydroelectric power and are included in the electric utilities sector.

Sources for Electric Utilities Sector

1973-1976: FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

1977-1981: FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

1982 forward: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Sources for Industrial Sector

1973-1978: FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report," for plants with generating capacity exceeding 10 megawatts, and FPC, Form FPC-12C, "Industrial Electric Generating Capacity," for all other plants. **1979:** FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Re-

1979: FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report," for plants with generating capacity exceeding 10 megawatts and EIA estimates for all other plants.

1980 forward: Annual generation estimated by EIA as the average generation over the 6-year period of 1974-1979; monthly generation estimated to be in proportion to each month's hydroelectricity generation in the electric utility industry in 1980.

Sources for Imports and Exports of Electricity

1973-September 1977: Unpublished Federal Power Commission data.

October 1977-1980: Unpublished Economic Regulatory Administration (ERA) data.

1981: DOE, Office of Energy Emergency Operations, "Report on Electric Energy Exchanges with Canada and Mexico for Calendar Year 1981," April 1982 (revised June 1982).

1982 and 1983: DOE, ERA, *Electricity Exchanges Across International Borders*.

1984-1986: DOE, ERA, *Electricity Transactions Across International Borders*.

1987 and 1988: DOE, ERA, Form ERA-781R, "Annual Report of International Electrical Export/Import Data." **1989-1993:** DOE, Assistant Secretary for Fossil Energy, Form FE-781-R, "Annual Report of International Electrical Export/Import Data." **1994 forward:** EIA estimates based on preliminary data from the National Energy Board of Canada and DOE, Assistant Secretary for Fossil Energy.

9. Net Imports of Coal Coke: Net imports means imports minus exports, and a minus sign indicates that exports are greater than imports.

Sources:

1973-1975: DOI, BOM, Minerals Yearbook, "Coke and Coal Chemicals" chapter.

1976-1980: EIA, Energy Data Report, "Coke and Coal Chemicals" annual.

1981: EIA, Energy Data Report, "Coke Plant Report," quarterly.

1982 forward: EIA, Quarterly Coal Report.

10. Electricity: End-use consumption of electricity is based on Table 7.2 sales data. "Other," which is primarily for use in government buildings, is added to the commercial sector, except for approximately 4 percent used by railroads and railways and attributed to the transportation sector. Kilowatthours are converted to Btu at the rate of 3,412 Btu per kilowatthour. See Table 7.2 for sources of the electricity sales data.

11. Electrical System Energy Losses: Electrical system energy losses are calculated as the difference between total energy input at electric utilities and the total energy content of electricity sold to end-use consumers. Most of those losses occur at steam-electric power plants (conventional and nuclear) in the conversion of heat energy into mechanical energy to turn electric generators. The loss is a thermodynamically necessary feature of the steam-electric cycle. Part of the energy input-to-output losses is a result of imputing fossil energy equivalent inputs for hydroelectric and

other energy sources, since there is no generally accepted practice for measuring those thermal conversion rates. In addition to conversion losses, other losses include power plant use of electricity, transmission and distribution of electricity from power plants to end-use consumers (also called "line losses"), and unaccounted for electricity. Total losses are allocated to the end-use sectors in proportion to each sector's share of total electricity sales. Overall, approximately 67 percent of total energy input is lost in conversion; of electricity generated, approximately 5 percent is lost in plant use and 9 percent is lost in transmission and distribution. Calculated electrical system energy losses may be less than actual losses, because primary consumption does not include the energy equivalent of utility purchases of electricity from non-electric utilities and from Canada and Mexico, although they are included in electricity sales.

12. Renewable Energy: Monthly Energy Review (MER) consumption and production totals currently capture about half of estimated total renewable energy resources. Coverage is complete for the electric utilities as reported under "Hydroelectric Power," "Geothermal Energy," and "Other" on Table 2.6. Small amounts of hydroelectric power (about 0.04 quadrillion Btu in 1997) included on Table 2.6 are used at pumped storage facilities and are not considered renewable. Small quantities of ethanol (about 0.10 quadrillion Btu in 1997) are blended into motor gasoline, which are accounted for under "Petroleum Products" on Table 2.5 for the transportation sector.

Renewable energy used by residential, commercial, and industrial consumers is not currently included in the MER data series because consistent monthly series are not available. On an annual basis, the estimated quantities in quadrillion Btu are:

	Resider	ntial and Co	mmercial			Industria	al		
Year	Biofuels	Solar Energy	Total	Biofuels	Geothermal Energy	Conventional Hydroelectric Power	Solar Energy	Wind Energy	Total
1990	0.581	0.056	0.645	1.948	0.155	0.085	0.007	0.023	2.217
1991	0.613	0.058	0.680	1.943	0.170	0.085	0.008	0.027	2.234
1992	0.645	0.060	0.714	2.042	0.182	0.098	0.008	0.030	2.360
1993	0.592	0.062	0.664	2.084	0.206	0.119	0.009	0.031	2.449
1994	0.582	0.064	0.656	2.138	0.214	0.136	0.008	0.036	2.533
1995	0.641	0.065	0.717	2.084	0.210	0.152	0.008	0.033	2.487
1996	0.644	0.066	0.722	2.200	0.217	0.171	0.009	0.035	2.633
1997 ^E	0.475	0.065	0.553	2.132	0.238	0.193	0.010	0.039	2.612

E=Estimate. Source: Energy Information Administration, Annual Energy Review 1997 (July 1998), Table 10.2.

Note: See the inside front cover of the Monthly Energy Review for information about ordering EIA reports, or, for direct access to several reports on the subject of renewable energy, go to our Web site at http://www.eia.doe.gov and tap "Renewables" under "Fuel Groups."

Section 3. Petroleum

Total petroleum imports¹ averaged 10.2 million barrels per day in September 1998, 6 percent lower than the previous month's rate and 3 percent lower than the September 1997 rate.

In September 1998, 18.7 million barrels per day of petroleum products were supplied for domestic use, 1 percent higher than the September 1997 rate. Motor gasoline accounted for 45 percent of the total; distillate fuel oil, 17 percent; and kerosene-type jet fuel, 8 percent.

Motor gasoline supplied during September 1998 averaged 8.3 million barrels per day, 2 percent lower than the previous month's rate but 4 percent higher than the September 1997 rate. Total motor gasoline stocks were 207 million barrels at the end of September 1998, 4 million barrels below the stock level in the previous month but 9 million barrels above the level 1 year earlier. Distillate fuel oil supplied during September 1998 averaged 3.2 million barrels per day, 6 percent lower than the previous month's rate and 2 percent lower than the September 1997 rate. Distillate fuel oil ending stocks for September 1998 were 152 million barrels, 2 million barrels above the stock level in the previous month and 13 million barrels above the level 1 year earlier.

Kerosene-type jet fuel supplied in September 1998 averaged 1.6 million barrels per day, 2 percent above the previous month's rate but 2 percent below the September 1997 rate. Kerosene-type jet fuel stocks measured 44 million barrels at the end of September 1998, 3 million barrels below the stock level in the previous month but 2 million barrels below the level 1 year earlier.

Estimates (except of crude production) for the most current month are based on Energy Information Administration (EIA) weekly data and will be revised to conform with data from the EIA Petroleum Reporting System as available. For the most recent month, crude production is an EIA estimate based on historical and provisional data through June 1998.

¹Total import data include imports into the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

		Field Productio	n	Stock	Change ^a		Ending Stocksb
-	Total Domestic ^c	Crude Oil	Natural Gas Plant Liquids	Crude Oil ^d	Petroleum Products	Petroleum Products Supplied	Crude Oil ^d and Petroleum Products
			Thousand Ba	arrels per Day			Million Barrels
1072 Average	10,975	0.208	1,738	-11	146	17,308	1,008
1973 Average 1974 Average	10,498	9,208 8,774	1,688	62	140	16,653	^e 1,074
1975 Average	10,045	8,375	1,633	e17	^e 15	16,322	1,133
1976 Average	9,774	8,132	^f 1,604	39	-96	17,461	1,112
1977 Average	9,913	8,245	1,618	170	378	18,431	1,312
1978 Average	10,328	8,707	1,567	78	-172	18,847	1,278
1979 Average	10,179	8,552	1,584	148	25	18,513	1,341
980 Average	10,214	8,597	1,573	98	42	17,056	e1,392
1981 Average	10,230	8,572	1,609	e290	e-130	16,058	1,484
1982 Average	10,252	8,649	1,550	136	-283	15,296	^e 1,430
1983 Average	10,299	8,688	1,559	^e 214	e-234	15,231	1,454
1984 Average	10,554	8,879	1,630	199	81	15,726	1,556
1985 Average	10,636	8,971	1,609	50	-153	15,726	1,519
	10,289	8,680	1,551	78	124	16,281	1,593
986 Average 987 Average	10,289	8,349	1,595	128	-87	16,665	1,607
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9,818		1,625	120	-29	,	1,597
988 Average		8,140 7,613		86	-29 -129	17,283 17,325	1,597
1989 Average	9,219	7,613	1,546			,	,
1990 Average	8,994	7,355	1,559	-35	142	16,988	1,621
991 Average	9,168	7,417	1,659	-42	32	16,714	1,617
992 Average	8,996	7,171	1,697	-1	-68	17,033	^e 1,592
1993 Average	^g 8,836	6,847	1,736	81	^e 70	17,237	^e 1,647
1994 Average	8,645	6,662	1,727	18	-2	17,718	1,653
995 Average	8,626	6,560	1,762	-93	-153	17,725	1,563
996 January	8,564	6,495	1,716	-8	-592	18,261	1,544
February	8,558	6,577	1,680	-63	-1,454	18,620	1,500
March	8,718	6,571	1,814	-132	-464	18,301	1,482
April	8,597	6,444	1,845	29	633	17,885	1,502
May	8,502	6,394	1,806	2	576	17,957	1,520
June	8,550	6,458	1,833	305	593	18,107	1,546
July	8,486	6,338	1,829	-244	358	18,211	1,550
August	8,535	6,360	1,858	-19	-130	18,658	1,545
	8,623	6,482	1,872	-499	701	17,655	1,551
September							
October	8,685	6,481	1,912	186	-630	19,171	1,538
November	8,730	6,476	1,915	-414	-117	18,535	1,522
December	8,738	6,506	1,876	-627	165	18,334	1,507
Average	8,607	6,465	1,830	-124	-28	18,309	1,507
1 997 January	8,470	6,402	1,782	462	-679	18,554	1,501
February	8,708	6,514	1,867	-122	-557	18,398	1,482
March	8,646	6,452	1,876	520	444	17,863	1,512
April	8,604	6,441	1,824	197	4	18,559	1,518
May	8,633	6,474	1,822	230	1,172	18,293	1,561
June	8,610	6,442	1,827	-199	658	18,617	1,575
July	8,608	6,409	1,821	-343	-167	19,107	1,559
August	8,535	6,347	1,831	-283	643	18,565	1,570
September	8,679	6,486	1,845	95	642	18,562	1,592
October	8,624	6,467	1,813	393	-214	19,071	1,598
November	8,565	6,459	1,728	252	-195	18,578	1,600
December	8,662	6,531	1,773	-608	-675	19,250	1,560
Average	8,611	6,452	1,817	51	93	18,620	1,560
	E O C / /	E 6 400	1 906	F00	64	10.056	1 576
998 January	^E 8,644 ^E 8,759	^E 6,438 ^E 6,538	1,826	522	-64	18,256	1,576
February			1,870	49	-169	18,322	1,572
March	E 8,608	E 6,465	1,846	457	59	18,393	1,588
April	E 8,656	E 6,484	1,859	492	358	18,624	1,614
May	E 8,515	E 6,384	1,808	47	1,247	17,876	1,654
June	^E 8,466	E 6,290	1,734	-656	642	18,818	1,654
July	^E 8,295	E 6,322	1,580	200	152	19,140	1,665
August	RE 8,368	RE 6,276	^R 1,713	^R -293	^R 517	^R 19,108	^R 1,672
September	^E 8,435	PE 6,299	^E 1,703	E-338	^E 268	^E 18,661	^E 1,654
9-Month Average	^E 8,525	PE 6,387	^E 1,770	^E 56	^E 339	^E 18,579	^E 1,654
997 9-Month Average	8,609	6,440	1,832	64	247	18,502	1,592
	-,	-,	-,				-,

Table 3.1a Petroleum Overview: Field Production, Stock Change, Petroleum Products Supplied, and Ending Stocks

^a A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase. ^b Stocks are totals as of end of period.

^c Includes crude oil, natural gas plant liquids, and other liquids.

^d Includes stocks located in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

^e See Note 4 at end of section.

f

f See Note 6 at end of section.
 g Beginning in 1993, includes fuel ethanol blended into finished motor

gasoline and oxygenate production from merchant MTBE (methyl tertiary butyl ether) plants.

PE=Preliminary estimate. R=Revised. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Crude oil includes lease condensate. • Geographic coverage is

the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Sources: • 1973-1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 1993, Table S1. • 1981 forward: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, October 1998, Table S1.

Table 3.1b Petroleum Overview: Imports, Exports, and Net Imports

973 Average	Total 6,256 6,112 6,056 7,313 8,807 8,363 8,456 8,456	Crude Oil ^a 3,244 3,477 4,105 5,287 6,615	3,012 2,635 1,951	Total ousand Barrels pe 231		Petroleum Products	Net Imports ^b
974 Average	6,112 6,056 7,313 8,807 8,363 8,456	3,477 4,105 5,287	3,012 2,635 1,951	231			
074 Average 075 Average 076 Average 077 Average 078 Average	6,112 6,056 7,313 8,807 8,363 8,456	3,477 4,105 5,287	2,635 1,951		-		
074 Average 075 Average 076 Average 077 Average 078 Average	6,112 6,056 7,313 8,807 8,363 8,456	3,477 4,105 5,287	2,635 1,951		2	229	6,025
075 Average 076 Average 077 Average 078 Average	6,056 7,313 8,807 8,363 8,456	4,105 5,287	1,951	221	3	218	5,892
076 Average 077 Average 078 Average	7,313 8,807 8,363 8,456	5,287		209	6	204	5,846
977 Average 978 Average	8,807 8,363 8,456	,	2,026	223	8	215	7,090
78 Average	8,363 8,456	-,	2,193	243	50	193	8,565
-	8,456	6,356	2,008	362	158	204	8,002
	,	6,519	1,937	^c 471	235	° 236	^c 7,985
980 Average	6,909	5,263	1,646	544	287	258	6,365
081 Average	5,996	4,396	1,599	595	228	367	5,401
982 Average	5,113	3,488	1,625	815	236	579	4,298
983 Average	5,051	3,329	1,722	739	164	575	4,312
984 Average	5,437	3,426	2,011	722	181	541	4,715
985 Average	5,067	3,201	1,866	781	204	577	4,286
986 Average	6,224	4,178	2,045	785	154	631	5,439
987 Average	6,678	4,674	2,004	764	151	613	5,914
988 Average	7,402	5,107	2,295	815	155	661	6,587
989 Average	8,061	5,843	2,217	859	142	717	7,202
990 Average	8,018	5,894	2,123	857	109	748	7,161
991 Average	7,627	5,782	1,844	1,001	116	885	6,626
992 Average	7,888	6,083	1,805	950	89	861	6,938
993 Average	8,620	6,787	1,833	1,003	98	904	7,618
994 Average	8,996	7,063	1,933	942	99	843	8,054
995 Average	8,835	7,230	1,605	949	95	855	7,886
96 January	9,364	7,303	2,061	1,070	89	981	8,294
February	8,390	6,612	1,778	1,048	92	956	7,342
March	9,092	7,215	1,877	867	94	773	8,225
April	9,429	7,371	2,058	976	148	828	8,453
May	10,007	8,029	1,977	891	37	854	9,116
June	9,938	7,958	1,980	895	130	766	9,043
July	9,820	7,800	2,020	945	139	806	8,876
August	9,986	8,041	1,944	896	44	852	9,090
September	9,142	7,353	1,789	1,104	147	957	8,038
October	9,837	7,701	2,136	1,045	134	911	8,792
November	9,244	7,344	1,900	1,024	172	852	8,220
December	9,417	7,307	2,110	1,013	96	917	8,404
Average	9,478	7,508	1,971	981	110	871	8,498
97 January	9,763	7,492	2,271	1,038	141	897	8,725
February	9,561	7,434	2,127	1,017	229	787	8,544
March	9,833	7,754	2,079	933 937	136 92	796	8,900
April	10,114 10,818	7,987	2,127	937 876	92 26	845 851	9,177
May	,	8,653 8,759	2,165 1,978	876 955	26 57	898	9,941 9,782
June July	10,736 10.008	8,178	1,830	955 1,012	57 70	942	9,782 8,996
August	10,465	8,621	1,844	1,072	110	942 964	8,990 9,390
September	10,537	8,840	1,697	997	122	875	9,390 9,540
October	10,792	8,927	1,865	1,066	152	914	9,540 9,726
November	9,948	8,366	1,582	934	32	901	9,720 9,014
December	9,328	7,653	1,675	1,197	131	1,066	8,130
Average	10,162	8,225	1,936	1,003	108	896	9,158
98 January	9,893	8,185	1,708	1,083	231	852	8,811
February	9,577	7,770	1,807	957	197	760	8,620
March	9,694	7,989	1,705	919	99	820	8,775
April	10,398	8,523	1,874	1,029	163	866	9,369
May	10,903	8,957	1,945	1,027	144	883	9,876
June	10,702	8,725	1,977	987	63	924	9,715
July	11,151	9,309	1,842	998	104	894	10,152
August	^R 10,829	^R 9,143	^R 1,686	^R 780	^R 51	^R 729	^R 10,049
September	^E 10,217	^E 8,378	^E 1,839	^E 988	^E 104	^E 883	E 9,229
9-Month Average	^E 10,382	^E 8,562	^E 1,820	^E 974	^E 128	^E 846	^E 9,408
997 9-Month Average 996 9-Month Average	10,208 9,471	8,195 7,527	2,013 1,944	982 965	108 102	874 863	9,226 8,506

^a Includes crude oil for storage in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

^b Net imports equals imports minus exports.

^c See Note 6 at end of section.

R=Revised. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Crude oil includes lease condensate. • Totals may not equal sum

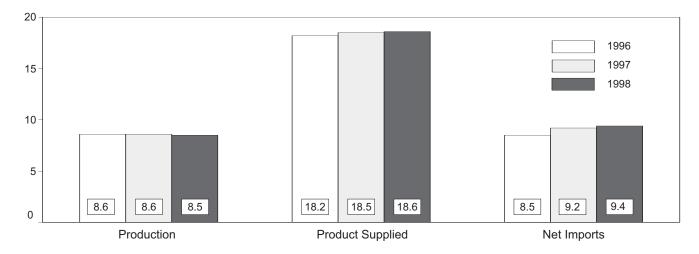
of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the

Sources: • 1973-1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 1993, Table S1. • 1981 forward: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, October 1998, Table S1.

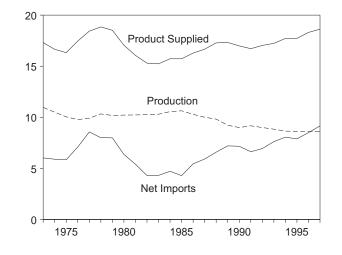
Figure 3.1 Petroleum Overview

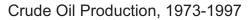
(Million Barrels per Day)

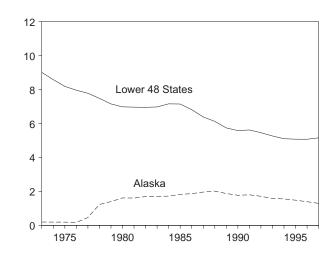
Overview, January-September





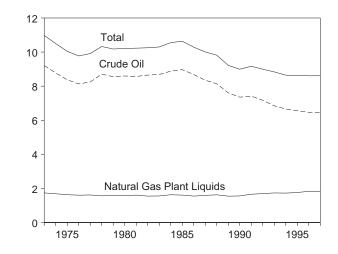


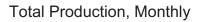




Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Tables 3.1a, 3.1b, and 3.2a.

Production, 1973-1997





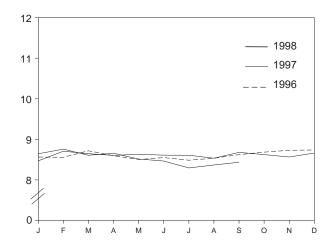
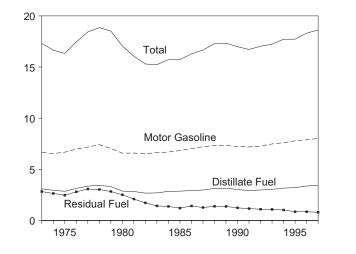


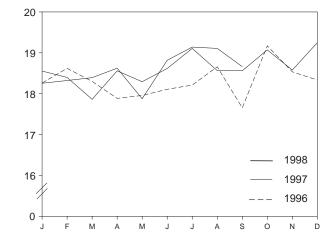
Figure 3.1 Petroleum Overview (Continued)

(Million Barrels per Day, Except as Noted)

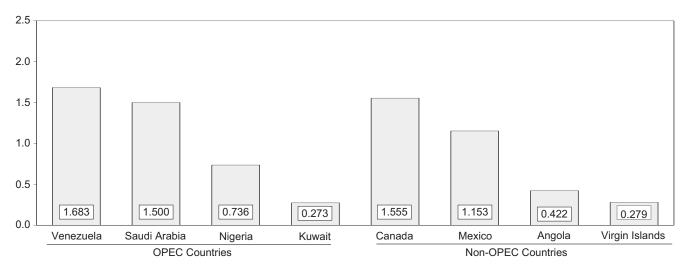
Product Supplied, 1973-1997



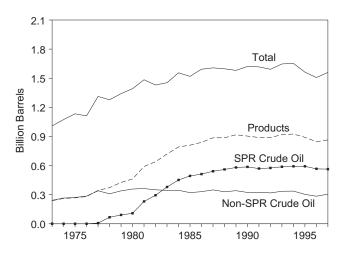
Product Supplied, Monthly



Imports from Selected Countries, August 1998

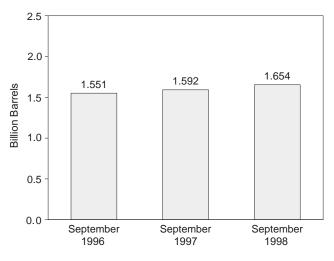






Notes: • OPEC = Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. • SPR = Strategic Petroleum Reserve. • Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Total Stocks, End of Month



Sources: Tables 3.1a, 3.2b, 3.3a, 3.3b, 3.3d-3.3h, 3.4, 3.5, and 3.6.

Table 3.2a Crude Oil Supply and Disposition: Supply

			1			- i	
	Field Pr	oduction		Imports			
	Total Domestic	Alaskan	Total	SPR ^a	Other	Unaccounted- for Crude Oil ^b	Crude Oi Used Directly ^c
			Tho	ousand Barrels per	Day		
973 Average	9,208	198	3,244	_	3,244	3	-19
974 Average	8,774	193	3,477	_	3,477	-25	-15
975 Average	8,375	191	4,105	_	4,105	17	-17
76 Average	8,132	173	5,287	_	5,287	77	^d -19
77 Average	8,245	464	6,615	21	6,594	-6	-14
78 Average	8,707	1,229	6,356	^d 161	6,195	-57	^d -15
79 Average	8,552	1,401	6,519	67	6,452	-11	^d -14
80 Average	8,597	1,617	5,263	44	5,219	34	^d -14
81 Average	8,572	1,609	4,396	256	4,141	83	-58
82 Average	8,649	1,696	3,488	165	3,323	71	-59
83 Average	8,688	1,714	3,329	234	3,096	114	-
84 Average	8,879	1,722	3,426	197	3,229	185	-
85 Average	8,971	1,825	3,201	118	3,083	145	-
86 Average	8,680	1,867	4,178	48	4,130	139	-
87 Average	8,349	1,962	4,674	73	4,601	145	_
88 Average	8,140	2,017	5,107	51	5,055	196	_
89 Average	7,613	1,874	5,843	56	5,787	200	_
90 Average	7,355	1,773	5,894	27	5,867	258	_
91 Average	7,355	1,798	5,782	0	5,782	195	_
	7,171	1,714	6,083	10	6,073	258	_
92 Average	6,847	1,582	6,787	15	6,772	168	_
93 Average	6,662	1,559	7,063	13	7,051	266	-
94 Average 95 Average	6,560	1,484	7,230	0	7,230	193	_
SS Average	0,500	1,404	7,230	Ū	7,230	195	_
96 January	6,495	1,444	7,303	0	7,303	20	_
February	6,577	1,482	6,612	0	6,612	413	-
March	6,571	1,454	7,215	0	7,215	-25	_
April	6,444	1,367	7,371	0	7,371	665	_
May	6,394	1,341	8,029	0	8,029	61	_
June	6,458	1,419	7,958	0	7,958	594	_
July	6,338	1,317	7,800	0	7,800	121	_
August	6,360	1,327	8.041	0	8,041	54	_
September	6,482	1,401	7,353	0	7,353	303	_
October	6,481	1,379	7,701	Ő	7,701	420	_
November	6,476	1,403	7,344	Ő	7,344	148	_
December	6,506	1,392	7,307	õ	7,307	-153	_
Average	6,465	1,393	7,508	ŏ	7,508	215	-
97 January	6,402	1,380	7,492	0	7,492	378	_
February	6,514	1,384	7,434	0	7,434	-350	_
March	6,452	1,331	7,754	0	7,754	501	_
April	6,441	1,330	7,754	0	7,754 7,987	167	_
	6,474		,	0	,	257	_
May	6,474	1,303	8,653 8,759	0	8,653 8,759	-170	_
June		1,260		-			-
July	6,409	1,238	8,178	0	8,178	136	-
August	6,347	1,200	8,621	0	8,621	130	-
September	6,486	1,276	8,840	0	8,840	199	_
October	6,467	1,286	8,927	0	8,927	5	_
November	6,459	1,278	8,366	0	8,366	164	_
December Average	6,531 6,452	1,290 1,296	7,653 8,225	0 0	7,653 8,225	267 145	_
0							
98 January	^E 6,438 ^E 6,538	^E 1,229 ^E 1,238	8,185	0	8,185	441	_
February			7,770	0	7,770	-27	_
March	^E 6,465	[⊨] 1,221	7,989	0	7,989	692	_
April	E 6,484	E 1,200	8,523	0	8,523	609	_
May	E 6,384	E 1,173	8,957	0	8,957	-46	-
June	^E 6,290	^E 1,135	8,725	0	8,725	-240	_
July	E 6,322	E 1,155	9,309	0	9,309	170	-
August	^{RE} 6,276	^{RE} 1,133	^R 9,143	_0	^R 9,143	R_(s)	_
September	PE 6,299	PE 1,093	E 8,378	E 0 E 0	E 8,378	^E 61	-
9-Month Average	PE 6,387	PE 1,175	[⊨] 8,562	- 0	[⊨] 8,562	E 187	-
97 9-Month Average	6,440	1,299	8,195	0	8,195	145	-

^a Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

^b A balancing item.

^c Beginning in January 1983, crude oil used directly as fuel is shown as product supplied. ^d See Note 6 at end of section.

PE=Preliminary estimate. R=Revised. - =Not applicable. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Crude oil includes lease condensate. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is

the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Sources: • **1973-1980:** Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, February 1993, Table S2. • **1981 forward:** EIA, *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, October 1998, Table S2.

Table 3.2b Crude Oil Supply and Disposition: Disposition and Ending Stocks

Thousand Barrels per Day Million Barrels Thousand Barrels per Day Adverage - 242 - 242 - 242 - 242 - 1464 - 1464 14 16 6 16 17 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14	Other Primar
974 Average 13 - 62 12,133 3 - 265 - 975 Average 13 - 17 12,442 6 - 271 - 976 Average 16 123 150 14,602 50 - 348 7 977 Average 16 163 14 1428 155 - 340 7 978 Average 16 163 14 1428 153 - 340 7 981 Average 14 145 52 13,441 287 - 1466 108 981 Average 3 174 -38 11,774 226 - 9644 239 982 Average 2 136 12,044 181 64 796 451 983 Average (a) 13,246 155 40 830 560 997 Average (b) 56 30 13,411 88 13 833 569 997 Average (b) 16 -51 13,409 109	
974 Average 13 - 62 12,133 3 - 265 - 975 Average 13 - 17 12,442 6 - 271 - 976 Average 16 23 150 14,602 50 - 348 7 977 Average 16 163 14 1428 155 - 340 7 980 Average 9 14 45 52 13,441 287 - 1466 108 981 Average 1 177 -236 - 944 294 293 294 11,855 14,461 141 146 64 796 451 982 Average 2 234 9.20 11,855 164 64 1294 481 44 430 441 985 Average (a) 12,267 151 32,46 155 40 890 560 336 14,11 88 33 569 336 569 336 569 336 569 336 569 336	242
975 Average 13 - 17 12,442 6 - 271 - 977 Average 16 120 150 14,602 50 - 348 7 977 Average 16 120 150 14,602 50 - 348 7 978 Average 16 16 7 84 1445 153 - 450 67 980 Average 5 336 14,612 12,642 12 - 694 230 982 Average 2 234 0 14,612 166 66 723 379 984 Average 2 136 4 12,044 181 64 734 451 987 Average (e) 50 22 13,244 151 34 890 560 988 Average (e) 56 30 13,401 142 28 921 580 988 Average (e) 15 -51 13,204 158 13 560 582 587 998 Average	265
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	271
977 Average 16 163 -84 14,739 158 - 376 67 980 Average 6 16 67 81 14,648 235 - 1466 108 980 Average 3 374 -38 11,774 236 - 644 230 982 Average 2 295 94 12,044 161 66 736 651 985 Average 2 295 94 12,044 161 66 736 651 986 Average (s) 50 28 12,716 154 49 843 512 987 Average (s) 50 28 12,716 154 49 843 512 987 Average (s) 16 -51 13,401 142 28 921 580 987 Average (s) 16 -51 13,401 142 28 921 580 997 Average (s) 16 -51 13,401 180 10 92 925 92 92 92 </td <td>285</td>	285
979 Average 16 67 81 14,648 235 - 430 91 881 Average 5 336 1-46 12,470 228 - 594 233 882 Average 2 234 9-20 11,685 164 66 723 379 883 Average 2 135 4 12,044 181 64 786 451 883 Average 1 117 -67 12,004 181 64 786 451 883 Average (s) 52 -51 13,246 155 40 890 561 898 Average (s) 56 30 13,401 142 28 921 580 999 Average (s) 16 -51 13,409 109 224 906 586 991 Average (s) 16 -51 13,401 142 28 921 580 992 Average (s) 13 5 13,301 116 18 883 5592 993 Average (s) <td>340</td>	340
B86 Average • <td< td=""><td>309</td></td<>	309
981 Average 5 336 1-46 12,470 228 - 594 230 982 Average 2 234 0-20 11,685 164 66 723 379 984 Average 2 117 -57 12,004 181 64 766 451 985 Average 1 117 -67 12,002 204 60 814 433 986 Average (s) 50 22716 151 44 843 512 987 Average (s) 56 30 13,401 142 28 921 580 998 Average (s) 16 -51 13,409 100 22 587 999 Average (s) 17 -18 13,411 89 10 922 582 998 Average (s) (s) 53 13,666 99 9229 592 592 996 Average (s) (s) -62 13,763 94 7 883 592 996 Average (s) (s) -62<	339 f 252
B82 Average 3 174 -38 11,774 236 - 9 644 224 B83 Average 2 195 4 12,042 186 66 723 379 B84 Average 2 195 4 12,042 186 66 723 379 B84 Average (s) 50 28 12,716 154 49 843 512 B87 Average (s) 50 28 12,716 154 49 843 512 B88 Average (s) 52 -51 13,246 153 40 890 560 B89 Average (s) 17 -51 3,401 102 22 527 592 B92 Average (s) 14 -7 18 13,411 18 18 893 592 <t< td=""><td>¹358</td></t<>	¹ 358
B83 Average 2 224 9-20 11685 164 66 723 379 B86 Average 2 195 4 12,044 181 64 766 451 B85 Average (s) 50 28 12,716 154 49 843 512 B87 Average (s) 56 30 13,401 142 28 921 580 B88 Average (s) 16 6-51 13,401 142 28 921 580 B91 Average (s) 17 -18 13,411 18 13 833 569 B92 Average (s) 13 5 13,503 95 7 895 592 B92 Average (s) (s) -8 13,728 89 11 895 592 B92 Average (s) (s) -62 13,564 92 8 883 592 B92 Average (s) (s) -68 13,728 89 11 895 592 B94 Average (s)	363 ^g 350
986 Average 2 195 4 12,042 181 64 796 451 986 Average (s) 50 28 12,716 154 49 843 512 986 Average (s) 50 28 12,716 154 49 843 512 986 Average (s) 52 -51 13,246 155 40 890 560 990 Average (s) 16 -51 13,401 142 28 921 580 990 Average (s) 16 -51 13,401 102 24 926 582 991 Average (s) 14 -47 13,613 89 19 322 587 984 Average (s) (s) -83 13,728 89 11 895 592 995 Average (s) (s) -81 13,728 89 11 885 592 996 January 0 (s) -81 13,733 94 7 893 589 March 0	344
B85 Average 1 117 -67 12,002 204 60 814 493 B86 Average (s) 50 28 12,716 154 49 843 512 B87 Average (s) 50 28 12,854 151 34 890 560 B88 Average (s) 56 30 13,401 142 28 921 580 B99 Average (s) 16 -51 13,401 18 13 893 575 B92 Average (s) 13 5 13,861 99 922 592 B92 Average (s) 13 5 13,861 99 922 592 B94 Average (s) (s) -33 13,973 94 7 895 592 B96 January 0 (s) -88 117 14,295 148 6 890 560 July (s) -50 13,764 92 1 895 592 July (s) -50 13,764 14<	345
986 Average (s) 50 28 12,716 154 49 843 512 987 Average (s) 52 -51 13,246 151 34 890 541 988 Average (s) 52 -51 13,246 155 40 890 550 990 Average (s) 16 -51 13,401 142 28 921 580 991 Average (s) 16 -51 13,401 116 18 893 569 992 Average (s) 17 -18 13,411 89 10 922 557 994 Average (s) (s) -53 13,973 95 7 895 592 996 Average (s) (s) -8 13,728 89 11 895 592 996 Average (s) (s) -8 13,728 89 11 895 592 996 Average (s) -50 -194 14,589 130 6 893 584 4µ/w (s)	321
B87 Average (s) 80 49 12,854 151 34 890 540 B88 Average (s) 56 30 13,401 142 28 921 580 B89 Average (s) 16 -51 13,401 142 28 921 580 B90 Average (s) 16 -51 13,401 142 28 921 580 B91 Average (s) 17 -18 13,411 18 13 893 575 B92 Average (s) 13 47 13,613 98 10 922 552 B96 Average (s) (s) -62 13,733 94 7 893 592 March 0 (s) -88 13,728 89 11 895 592 March 0 -62 13,733 94 7 889 589 June 0 -42 24 14,439 37 7 890 566 June 0 -172 153 14	331
888 Average (s) 56 30 13,401 142 28 921 580 990 Average (s) 16 -51 13,409 109 24 908 586 991 Average (s) 17 -18 13,411 89 13 893 559 992 Average (s) 13 5 13,613 96 10 922 557 993 Average (s) 13 5 13,666 99 9 922 552 994 Average (s) -8 13,728 89 11 895 552 996 January 0 (s) -8 13,733 94 7 893 5592 March 0 (s) -88 117 14,259 148 6 890 568 Jure 0 -22 24 14,359 130 6 897 582 July (s) -50 -194 14,359 130 6 897 582 574 July (s) -71<	349
990 Average (s) 16 -51 13,409 109 24 908 586 991 Average (s) 17 -18 13,411 89 13 893 559 992 Average (s) 13 5 13,866 99 9 922 552 994 Average (s) (s) -52 13,73 95 7 895 552 996 January 0 (s) -62 13,564 92 8 893 552 Pebruary 0 (s) -62 13,733 94 7 895 552 March 0 -88 117 14,255 148 6 890 586 May 0 -22 24 14,439 37 7 890 586 July (s) -50 -194 14,559 130 6 891 583 August 0 -172 153 14,424 144 6 897 574 October 0 -129 -498	330
991 Average (s) -47 5 13,301 116 18 893 569 992 Average (s) 17 -18 13,411 89 13 893 575 993 Average (s) 13 5 13,866 99 9 922 552 994 Average (s) (s) -8 13,728 89 11 895 552 996 January 0 (s) -8 13,733 95 7 895 552 996 January 0 (s) -8 13,733 94 7 895 552 996 January 0 (s) -82 13,733 94 7 895 552 March 0 -80 -52 13,766 92 8 893 552 March 0 -42 24 14,439 37 7 890 583 Jure 0 -42 34 14 6 891 578 Systember 0 -127 -134 14,424 144 </td <td>341</td>	341
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March0(s)52014,0471365877563April0(s)19714,303923883563May0(s)23015,123264890563June0(s)-19915,170572884563July0(s)-34314,994702873563August0(s)-28315,271110(s)864563September0(s)9515,308122(s)867563October0(s)39314,8541520879563October0(s)25214,706320887563November0(s)25214,706320887563Average0-75714,6621082868563Average0-75714,6621082868563March0049214,9341970886563March0049214,9611630915563March00(s)47715,1041440916563June0(s)47715,1041440916563June0(s)47715,1041440916563June <t< td=""><td>297</td></t<>	297
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998 January 0 (s) 522 14,313 231 0 884 563 February 0 (s) 50 14,034 197 0 886 563 March 0 0 457 14,590 99 0 900 563 April 0 0 492 14,961 163 0 915 563 May 0 (s) 47 15,104 1444 0 916 563 June 0 (s) 656 15,368 63 0 896 563 June 0 (s) (s) 201 15,496 104 0 903 563 July (s) (s) 201 15,496 104 0 903 563 August 0 R0 R-293 R15,660 R51 0 R894 563 September E0 E0 E-338 E14,971 E104 E0 E 885 E563 9-Month Average E(s) E(s)	305
February 0 (s) 50 14,034 197 0 886 563 March 0 0 457 14,590 99 0 900 563 April 0 0 457 14,590 99 0 900 563 May 0 0 492 14,961 163 0 915 563 May 0 (s) 47 15,104 144 0 916 563 June 0 (s) -656 15,368 63 0 896 563 July 0 (s) 201 15,496 104 0 903 563 August 0 R0 R-293 R 15,660 R 51 0 R 894 563 September E0 E0 E-338 E 14,971 E 104 E0 E 885 E 563 9-Month Average E (s) E (s) E 56 E 14,953 E 128 E 0 E 885 E 563	305
February 0 (s) 50 14,034 197 0 886 563 March 0 0 457 14,590 99 0 900 563 April 0 0 457 14,590 99 0 900 563 May 0 0 492 14,961 163 0 915 563 May 0 (s) 47 15,104 144 0 916 563 June 0 (s) -656 15,368 63 0 896 563 July 0 (s) (s) 201 15,496 104 0 903 563 August 0 R0 R-293 R 15,660 R 51 0 R 894 563 September E0 E0 E-338 E 14,971 E 104 E 0 E 885 E 563 9-Month Average E(s) E (s) E 56 E 14,953 E 128 E 0 E 885 E 563	321
April 0 0 492 14,961 163 0 915 563 May 0 (s) 47 15,104 144 0 916 563 June 0 (s) 47 15,104 144 0 916 563 June 0 (s) -656 15,368 63 0 896 563 July (s) (s) 201 15,496 104 0 903 563 August 0 R0 R-293 R15,660 R51 0 R894 563 September E0 E0 E-338 E14,971 E104 E0 E 885 E 563 9-Month Average E(s) E(s) E 56 E 14,953 E 128 E 0 E 885 E 563	322
May 0 (s) 47 15,104 144 0 916 563 June 0 (s) -656 15,368 63 0 896 563 July 0 (s) (s) 201 15,496 104 0 903 563 July 0 R0 R-293 R15,660 R51 0 R 894 563 August 0 R0 R-293 R 15,660 R 51 0 R 894 563 September E0 E0 E-338 E 14,971 E 104 E 0 E 885 E 563 9-Month Average E (s) E (s) E 56 E 14,953 E 128 E 0 E 885 E 563	336
June 0 (s) -656 15,368 63 0 896 563 July (s) (s) 201 15,496 104 0 903 563 August 0 R0 R-293 R15,660 R51 0 R894 563 September E0 E0 E-338 E14,971 E104 E0 E 885 E 563 9-Month Average E(s) E(s) E 56 E 14,953 E 128 E 0 E 885 E 563	351
July (s) (s) 201 15,496 104 0 903 563 August 0 R0 R-293 R15,660 R51 0 R894 563 September E0 E0 E-338 E14,971 E104 E0 E885 E563 9-Month Average E(s) E(s) E56 E14,953 E128 E0 E885 E563	353 333
August 0 R0 R-293 R15,660 R51 0 R894 563 September E0 E0 E-338 E14,971 E104 E0 E885 E563 9-Month Average E(s) E(s) E56 E14,953 E128 E0 E885 E563	339 339
September E0 E0 E-338 E 14,971 E 104 E0 E 885 E 563 9-Month Average E(s) E(s) E 56 E 14,953 E 128 E 0 E 885 E 563	R 330
9-Month Average ^E (s) ^E (s) ^E 56 ^E 14,953 ^E 128 ^E 0 ^E 885 ^E 563	E 322
	E 322
997 9-Month Average	304 302

^a Stocks are totals as of end of period.
 ^b A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.

^c Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

^d Beginning in January 1983, crude oil used directly as fuel is shown as product supplied.

 ^e See Note 6 at end of section.
 ^f Stocks of Alaskan crude oil in transit are included from January 1981 forward. See Note 5 at end of section.

^g See Note 4 at end of section.

⁹ See Note 4 at end of section.
 R=Revised. -=Not applicable. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than +500 barrels per day and greater than -500 barrels per day.
 Notes: • Crude oil includes lease condensate. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is

the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Sources: • **1973-1980**: Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, February 1993, Table S2. • **1981 forward:** EIA, *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, October 1998, Table S2.

Table 3.3a Petroleum Imports: Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, and Kuwait

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

			1	Persiar	n Gulf ^a			
	Ba	hrain	1	ran	lı	raq	Ku	wait ^b
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil
1973 Average	11	0	223	216	4	4	47	42
1974 Average	12	Ó	469	463	0	0	5	5
1975 Average	16	0	280	278	2	2	16	4
1976 Average	3	0	298	298	26	26	5	1
1977 Average	10	0	535	530	74	74	48	42
1978 Average	3	0	555	554	62	62	6	5
1979 Average	1	0	304	297	88	88	8	5
1980 Average	(s)	0	9	8	28	28	27	27
1981 Average	1	0	0	0	(s)	0	0	0
1982 Average	1	0	35	35	3	3	5	2
1983 Average	2	0	48	48	10	10	14	7
1984 Average	1	0	10	10	12	12	36	24
1985 Average	4	0	27	27	46	46	21	4
1986 Average	2	0	19	19	81	81	68	28
1987 Average	0	0	98	98	83	82	84	70
1988 Average	2	0	^c (s)	^c (s)	345	343	92	80
1989 Average	0	0	Ó	Ó	449	441	157	155
1990 Average	1	0	0	0	518	514	86	79
1991 Average	2	0	32	32	0	0	6	6
1992 Average	0	0	0	0	0	0	51	39
1993 Average	1	0	0	0	0	0	353	344
1994 Average	1	0	0	0	0	0	312	307
1995 Average	1	0	0	0	0	0	218	213
1996 January	0	0	0	0	0	0	148	145
February	0	0	0	0	0	0	216	216
March	0	0	0	0	0	0	127	127
April	17	0	0	0	0	0	201	201
May	0	0	0	0	0	0	230	230
June	0	0	0	0	0	0	388	388
July	0	0	0	0	0	0	266	266
August	0	0	0	0	0	0	271	266
September	0	0	0	0	0	0	236	236
October	0	0	0	0	0	0	260	260
November	0	0	0	0	0	0	228	228
December	0	0	0	0	14	14	262	262
Average	1	0	0	0	1	1	236	235
1997 January	0	0	0	0	0	0	209	209
February	0	0	0	0	0	0	172	172
March	0	0	0	0	35	35	315	315
April	0	0	0	0	84	84	204	204
May	0	0	0	0	102	102	128	128
June	0	0	0	0	115	115	361	361
July	0	0	0	0	88	88	331	331
August	0	0	0	0	(s)	(s)	229	229
September	0	0	0	0	0	0	322	322
October	0	0	0	0	177	177	349	349
November	0	0	0	0	220	220	220	220
December	0	0	0	0	240	240	188	188
Average	0	0	0	0	89	89	253	253
1998 January	0	0	0	0	36	36	194	194
February	0	0	0	0	0	0	283	283
March	0	0	0	0	127	127	307	307
April	0	0	0	0	233	233	262	262
May	17	0	0	0	137	137	399	399
June	0	0	0	0	270	270	275	275
July	0	0	0	0	277	277	435	435
August	0	0	0	0	713	713	273	273
8-Month Average	2	0	0	0	227	227	304	304
1997 8-Month Average 1996 8-Month Average	0 2	0 0	0 0	0	53 0	53 0	244 231	244 230

^a The country of origin for petroleum products may not be the country of origin for the crude oil from which the products were produced. For example, refined products imported from West European refining areas may have been produced from Middle East crude oil. ^b Imports from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia are

included in Saudi Arabia. ^C A small amount of Iranian crude oil entered the United States in January

1988 from the Virgin Islands. The oil originated in Iran and was exported to the Virgin Islands prior to the signing of Executive Order 12613 on October 29, 1987.

 (s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.
 Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports are included. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: • Bahrain: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-814, "Monthly Imports Report." • All Other Data: 1973-1980—EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 1993, Table S3. 1981 forward—EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, October 1998, Table S3.

Petroleum Imports: Qatar, Saudi Arabia, U.A.E., and Total Persian Gulf Table 3.3b

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

				Persian	n Gulf ^a			
	Q	atar	Saudi	Arabia ^b	United Ar	ab Emirates	т	otal ^a
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil
1973 Average	7	7	486	462	71	71	848	802
1973 Average	17	17	461	438	74	69	1,039	992
	18	18	715	701	117	117	1,165	1,121
1975 Average								,
976 Average	24	24	1,230	1,222	254	254	1,840	1,825
977 Average	67	67	1,380	1,373	335	333	2,448	2,418
978 Average	64	64	1,144	1,142	385	385	2,219	2,212
979 Average	31	31	1,356	1,347	281	281	2,069	2,049
980 Average	22	22	1,261	1,250	172	172	1,519	1,508
981 Average	7	7	1,129	1,112	81	77	1,219	1,196
982 Average	7	7	552	530	92	81	696	659
983 Average	(s)	0	337	321	30	18	442	405
984 Average	5	4	325	309	117	90	506	450
985 Average	(s)	0	168	132	45	35	311	244
986 Average	13	12	685	618	44	38	912	796
987 Average	0	0	751	642	61	56	1,077	949
988 Average	0	0	1,073	911	29	23	1,541	1,357
989 Average	2	2	1,224	1,116	28	21	1,861	1,734
1990 Average	4	4	1,339	1,195	17	9	1,966	1,801
1991 Average	Ö	Ö	1,802	1,703	3	2	1,845	1,743
992 Average	1	ŏ	1,720	1,597	6	ō	1,778	1,636
1993 Average	1	ŏ	1,414	1,282	14	12	1,782	1,637
	ò	0	1,402	,	13	11	1,728	,
1994 Average 1995 Average	0	0	1,344	1,297 1,260	10	5	1,573	1,615 1,479
1996 January	0	0	1,398	1,334	0	0	1,546	1,479
February	0	0	1,128	1,053	0	0	1,344	1,268
March	0	0	1,422	1,318	0	0	1,549	1,446
April	Ő	Ő	1,288	1,200	Ő	õ	1,506	1,401
May	0	0	1,518	1,414	0	0	1,748	1,643
	0	0	1,138	1,035	11	11	1,537	1,433
June	0	0	,		4			
July			1,548	1,371		4	1,819	1,642
August	0	0	1,477	1,333	0	0	1,747	1,599
September	0	0	1,355	1,255	0	0	1,591	1,491
October	0	0	1,357	1,209	17	17	1,635	1,486
November	0	0	1,297	1,201	0	0	1,525	1,429
December	0	0	1,400	1,236	0	0	1,675	1,511
Average	0	0	1,363	1,248	3	3	1,604	1,488
1997 January	0	0	1,344	1,253	0	0	1,553	1,462
February	0	0	1,361	1,250	0	0	1,533	1,421
March	0	0	1,292	1,157	0	0	1,641	1,506
April	15	0	1,573	1,408	0	0	1,877	1,697
May	0	0	1,475	1,333	0	0	1,706	1,564
June	0	0	1,299	1,174	6	0	1,781	1,650
July	0	0	1,313	1,188	14	0	1,746	1,607
August	0	0	1,636	1,516	0	0	1,866	1,746
September	Ō	0	1,599	1,511	Ō	0	1,921	1,833
October	16	Ő	1,377	1,282	Ő	Õ	1,919	1,808
November	0	Ő	1,308	1,257	Ő	õ	1,748	1,697
December	15	Õ	1,311	1,192	Ő	Õ	1,755	1,621
Average	4	Ő	1,407	1,293	2	Ő	1,755	1,635
998 January	0	0	1,500	1,422	0	0	1,729	1,652
February	18	18	1,415	1,305	0	0	1,716	1,606
March	0	0	1,508	1,359	13	13	1,956	1,807
April	Ō	Ō	1,470	1,305	20	20	1,986	1,821
May	Õ	Ő	1,352	1,273	0	0	1,905	1,808
June	15	Ő	1,631	1,550	0	0	2,192	2,096
July	15	0	1,609	1,575	0	0	2,336	2,090
August	0	0	1,500	1,468	0	0	2,330	2,453
8-Month Average	6	2	1, 499	1,408	4	4	2,400 2,042	2,455 1,945
997 8-Month Average	2	0	1,412	1,285	3	0	1,714	1,583
996 8-Month Average	Ō	Ō	1,368	1,260	2	2	1,602	1,491

^a The country of origin for petroleum products may not be the country of origin for the crude oil from which the products were produced. For example, refined products imported from West European refining areas may have been produced from Middle East crude oil.

(s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports are included. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: • **1973-1980:** Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, February 1993, Table S3. • **1981 forward:** EIA, *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, October 1998, Table S3.

included in Saudi Arabia.

Table 3.3c Petroleum Imports: Algeria, Ecuador, Gabon, Indonesia, and Libya

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

-					Other	OPEC ^a				
	Alg	geria	Ecu	ador ^b	Ga	bon ^c	Indo	onesia	Li	ibya
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil
1973 Average	136	120	48	47	0	0	213	200	164	133
1974 Average	190	180	42	42	23	23	300	284	4	4
1975 Average	282	264	57	57	27	27	390	379	232	223
1976 Average	432	408	51	51	28	26	539	537	453	444
1977 Average	559	544	57	55	42	35	541	507	723	704
1978 Average	649	634	54	38	41	38	573	533	654	638
1979 Average	636	608	42	30	42	42	420	380	658	642
1980 Average	488	456	27	17	26	25	348	314	554	548
1981 Average	311	261	48	38	35	35	366	318	319	317
	170	90	40	32	40	40	248	226	26	23
1982 Average				56	40 59	59	338	315	20	23
1983 Average	240	176	61							
1984 Average	323	194	55	47	58	57	343	304	1	0
1985 Average	187	84	67	56	52	51	314	292	4	0
1986 Average	271	78	77	64	26	25	318	297	0	0
1987 Average	295	115	29	23	35	35	285	262	0	0
1988 Average	300	58	47	33	16	15	205	186	0	0
1989 Average	269	60	89	80	50	49	183	158	0	0
1990 Average	280	63	49	38	64	64	114	98	0	0
1991 Average	253	44	63	53	84	84	111	102	0	0
1992 Average	196	24	65	62	124	123	78	70	0	0
1993 Average	220	24	(b)	(b)	152	151	81	65	0	0
1994 Average	243	21	}b{	(b)	194	194	111	92	Ó	Ó
1995 Average	234	27	(b)	(b)	(°)	(°)	88	64	Ō	0
1996 January	313	38	(b)	(b)	(^C)	(^C)	52	43	0	0
February	200	16	(b)	(b)	(°)	(°)	44	43	0	0
March	241	38	(b)	(b)	(°)	(°)	58	55	0	0
April	211	2	ζbί	ζbί	(c)	(c)	57	57	Ō	Ō
Mav	340	0	ζbί	ζb j	i cí	i cí	49	15	Õ	0
June	313	0) b (<pre>b</pre>	2c) c (72	65	0	0
	305	0) b ((b)			56	48	0	0
July		-	{b}	(b)						0
August	323	0	(b)	(b)			53	49	0	-
September	186	0	(b)	(b)	(°) (°)		26	26	0	0
October	209	0	(b)	(b)			125	82	0	0
November	214	3			()	()	36	12	0	0
December	214	0	(b)	(b)	(<mark>c</mark>)	(°)	81	32	0	0
Average	256	8	(́b)	(^b)	(°)	(°)	59	44	0	0
1997 January	282	0	(^b)	(^b)	(^c)	(^C)	55	38	0	0
February	319	0	(b)	(b)	(°)	(°)	51	39	0	0
March	309	0	(b)	(b)	(°)	(°)	18	15	0	0
April	320	23	(b)	(b)	(^c)	(c)	40	32	0	0
May	290	0	(b)	(b)	(°)	(°)	86	86	0	0
June	349	0	(b)	(b)	(°)	(°)	57	50	0	0
July	291	0	(b)	(b)	(°)	(°)	73	66	0	0
August	261	4	(b)	(b)	(°)	(°)	24	21	0	0
September	259	6	(b)	(b)	(°)	(°)	90	83	Õ	õ
October	272	3	ζb j	(b)	(c)	(c)	42	42	Õ	õ
November	267	7	ζb,	}b{	2c	(c)	79	74	0	0
December	208	28) b)	b			84	68	0	ň
Average	200 285	6	(b)	(b)	(°)	(c)	58	51	Ő	Ŏ
						. ,				
1998 January	306	9	(b)	(b)	(^C)	(^C)	36	33	0	0
February	295	7	(b)	(b)	(^C)	(<mark>c</mark>)	24	24	0	0
March	244	13	(b)	(b)	(°)	(°)	50	47	0	0
April	336	0	(b)	(b)	(°)	(°)	44	26	0	0
May	330	16	(b)	(b)	(°)	(°)	21	21	0	0
June	362	31	(b)	(b)	(°)	(°)	0	0	Õ	0
July	308	26	}b{	}b;	2c	2c	96	84	0	ŏ
August	264	10	;b;	ζbί	(c)		59	41	0	0
8-Month Average	305	14	(b)	(b)	(°)	(°)	42	35	0	0
1997 8-Month Average	302	3	(b) (b)	(b)	(°)	(°)	51	43	0	0
1996 8-Month Average	281	12) b ((b) (b)	(c) (c)	(c) (c)	55	47	ŏ	ŏ

^a The country of origin for petroleum products may not be the country of origin for the crude oil from which the products were produced. For example, refined products imported from West European refining areas may have been produced from Middle East crude oil. ^b Ecuador withdrew from OPEC on December 31, 1992. As of January

1993, imports from Ecuador appear on Table 3.3 funder "Non-OPEC." ^C Gabon withdrew from OPEC on December 31, 1994. As of January

1995, imports from Gabon appear on Table 3.3f under "Non-OPEC." Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports are included. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: • **1973-1980**: Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, February 1993, Table S3. • **1981 forward**: EIA, *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, October 1998, Table S3.

Table 3.3dPetroleum Imports: Nigeria, Venezuela, Total Other OPEC,
and Total OPEC

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

			Other	OPEC ^a				
	Ni	geria	Ven	ezuela	т	otal		otal PEC ^b
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil
973 Average	459	448	1,135	344	2,156	1,293	2,993	2,095
974 Average	713	697	979	319	2,253	1,549	3,280	2,540
	762	746	702	395	2,255	2,091	3,601	3,211
975 Average	1,025	1,014	702	241	3,229		,	4,545
976 Average						2,721	5,066	
977 Average	1,143	1,130	690	250	3,754	3,225	6,193	5,643
978 Average	919	910	646	181	3,536	2,972	5,751	5,184
979 Average	1,080	1,069	690	293	3,569	3,063	5,637	5,112
980 Average	857	841	481	156	2,781	2,356	4,300	3,864
981 Average	620	611	406	147	2,106	1,726	3,323	2,922
982 Average	514	510	412	155	1,451	1,075	2,146	1,734
983 Average	302	301	422	164	1,422	1,072	1,862	1,477
984 Average	216	207	548	253	1,544	1,062	2,049	1,512
985 Average	293	280	605	306	1,522	1,069	1,830	1,312
986 Average	440	437	793	416	1,926	1,317	2,837	2,113
987 Average	535	529	804	488	1,983	1,451	3.060	2,400
988 Average	618	607	794	439	1,981	1,339	3,520	2,696
	815	800	873	495	2,279	1,642	4,140	3,376
989 Average		784		495 666				
990 Average	800		1,025		2,332	1,713	4,296	3,514
991 Average	703	683	1,035	668	2,249	1,634	4,092	3,377
992 Average	681	665	1,170	826	2,313	1,770	4,092	3,406
993 Average	740	722	1,300	1,010	2,493	1,972	4,273	3,609
994 Average	637	624	1,334	1,034	2,520	1,965	4,247	3,580
995 Average	627	621	1,480	1,151	2,430	1,862	4,002	3,341
996 January	690	663	1,518	1,148	2,574	1,892	4,120	3,371
February	647	639	1,495	1,166	2,385	1,865	3,730	3,133
March	594	548	1,719	1,341	2,611	1,981	4,161	3,427
April	518	497	1,732	1,288	2,519	1,844	4,007	3,245
May	705	705	1,700	1,333	2,794	2.054	4,541	3,697
June	711	697	1,642	1,236	2,738	1,999	4,275	3,432
July	750	696	1,690	1,332	2,800	2,076	4,619	3,718
	793	785	1,749	1,431	2,918	2,265	4,665	
August								3,865
September	694	677	1,708	1,269	2,613	1,972	4,204	3,463
October	521	488	1,781	1,448	2,636	2,019	4,271	3,504
November	465	453	1,728	1,303	2,443	1,770	3,967	3,199
December	320	298	1,641	1,324	2,256	1,654	3,931	3,166
Average	617	595	1,676	1,303	2,609	1,950	4,211	3,438
997 January	548	522	1,641	1,215	2,525	1,775	4,078	3,237
February	625	620	1,601	1,262	2,597	1,920	4,130	3,341
March	542	541	1,769	1,348	2,638	1,904	4,279	3,410
April	756	747	1,695	1,319	2,811	2,121	4,688	3,818
May	992	975	1,927	1,449	3.295	2,510	5,001	4.073
June	919	919	1,893	1,508	3,218	2,478	4,999	4,128
July	580	571	1,738	1,418	2,683	2,055	4,429	3,662
	882	866	1,794	1,394	2,961	2,285	4,827	4,030
August								
September	769	769	1,822	1,478	2,939	2,336	4,860	4,168
October	688	675	1,991	1,605	2,994	2,326	4,913	4,134
November	649	649	1,689	1,418	2,683	2,147	4,431	3,845
December	423	423	1,699	1,304	2,413	1,823	4,168	3,444
Average	698	689	1,773	1,394	2,814	2,140	4,569	3,775
998 January	613	608	1,600	1,333	2,555	1,983	4,285	3,634
February	544	544	1,699	1,328	2,562	1,903	4,278	3,510
March	812	812	1,657	1,316	2,763	2,187	4,718	3,994
April	772	772	1,626	1,334	2,778	2,132	4,765	3,953
May	899	892	1,902	1,549	3,152	2,479	5,040	4,287
June	771	755	1,565	1,326	2,698	2,112	4,890	4,207
July	873	871	1,728	1,415	3,005	2,397	5,341	4,684
August	736	726	1,683	1,349	2,742	2,126	5,227	4,579
8-Month Average	755	750	1,683	1,370	2,785	2,168	4,825	4,114
997 8-Month Average	731	720	1,759	1,365	2,843	2,132	4,557	3,715
996 8-Month Average	677	654	1,657	1,286	2,670	1,999	4,270	3,490

^a The country of origin for petroleum products may not be the country of origin for the crude oil from which the products were produced. For example, refined products imported from West European refining areas may have been produced from Middle East crude oil.
 ^b OPEC includes the Persian Gulf nations that are displayed on Tables

Table 3.3f under "Non-OPEC." Imports from Bahrain are accounted for under "Other Non-OPEC" on Table 3.3h.

Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports are included. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

3.3a and 3.3b except Bahrain, which is not a member of OPEC, and the nations displayed under "Other OPEC" on Tables 3.3c and 3.3d. Ecuador withdrew from OPEC on December 31, 1992; as of January 1993, imports from Ecuador appear on Table 3.3f under "Non-OPEC." Gabon withdrew on December 31, 1994; as of January 1995, imports from Gabon appear on

Sources: **1973-1980:** Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, February 1993, Table S3. **1981 forward:** EIA, *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, October 1998, Table S3.

Table 3.3e Petroleum Imports: Angola, Australia, Bahama Islands, Brazil, Canada, and China

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

						Non-C	PECa					
	А	ngola	Au	Istralia		ahama lands	B	Brazil	C	anada	C	China
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil
1973 Average	49	49	2	0	174	0	9	0	1,325	1,001	(s)	0
1974 Average	49	48	1	ŏ	164	Ő	2	ő	1,070	791	(3)	ő
1975 Average	75	71	5	ŏ	152	ŏ	5	ŏ	846	600	ŏ	ŏ
1976 Average	12	7	2	ŏ	118	ŏ	Ő	ŏ	599	371	ō	ŏ
1977 Average	24	17	3	Ō	171	Ō	Ō	Ō	517	279	Ō	Ō
1978 Average	20	6	5	Ō	160	Ō	Ō	Ō	467	248	Ō	Ō
1979 Average	43	39	6	Ō	147	Ō	1	Ō	538	271	13	13
1980 Average	42	37	1	0	78	0	3	1	455	199	(s)	0
1981 Average	49	45	5	0	74	0	23	14	447	164	18	0
1982 Average	44	42	5	(s)	65	0	47	19	482	214	40	8
1983 Average	78	71	4	Ó	125	0	41	2	547	274	34	6
1984 Average	90	85	38	25	88	0	60	(s)	630	341	46	15
1985 Average	110	104	37	21	40	0	61	Ó	770	468	59	36
1986 Average	112	102	41	30	37	0	50	0	807	570	90	68
1987 Average	192	180	58	49	37	0	84	0	848	608	82	63
1988 Average	212	203	64	59	32	0	98	0	999	681	88	82
1989 Average	284	279	36	31	34	0	82	0	931	630	80	76
1990 Average	237	236	53	47	37	0	49	0	934	643	80	77
1991 Average	254	254	26	21	35	0	22	0	1,033	743	91	87
1992 Average	336	336	19	17	36	0	20	0	1,069	797	90	84
1993 Average	336	336	19	18	28	0	33	0	1,181	900	51	50
1994 Average	331	322	17	16	29	0	31	1	1,272	983	65	64
1995 Average	367	360	16	16	2	0	8	0	1,332	1,040	53	53
1996 January	312	312	21	21	0	0	1	0	1,490	1,117	86	86
February	195	195	0	0	0	0	4	0	1,413	1,026	42	42
March	257	257	0	0	12	0	1	0	1,322	1,001	53	53
April	244	233	22	22	0	0	(s)	0	1,427	1,030	18	18
Мау	403	379	22	22	0	0	9	0	1,373	1,056	19	19
June	356	356	56	47	1	0	10	0	1,395	1,091	37	37
July	292	292	11	0	0	0	28	0	1,393	1,093	78	78
August	480	456	43	43	0	0	38	0	1,393	1,042	73	73
September	391	391	47	27	0	0	13	0	1,276	1,000	64	64
October	502	485	79	65	0	0	1	0	1,407	1,059	36	36
November	353	353	35	25	0	0	1	0	1,516	1,151	104	104
December	420	405	39	21	0	0	3	0	1,675	1,232	78	78
Average	351	344	31	25	1	0	9	0	1,424	1,075	57	57
1997 January	485	485	21	21	0	0	1	0	1,571	1,162	84	84
February	422	422	0	0	13	0	0	0	1,605	1,155	65	65
March	467	461	37	37	0	0	4	0	1,508	1,158	120	120
April	435	422	22	22	0	0	0	0	1,454	1,063	46	46
May	374	369	61	44	0	0	0	0	1,571	1,203	21	21
June	480	480	23	23	0	0	20	0	1,546	1,184	44 0	44
July	416	416	77	48	0	-	21	0	1,547	1,201	-	0
August	323	323	91 67	60 27	0 0	0	4	0	1,630	1,275	42	42
September	428 537	428 537	67 92	27 53	0	0	3 6	0 0	1,577	1,250	49 48	43 47
October November			92 23		0	0	6		1,503	1,175	48 22	47 22
	480	480		23	0	0	2	0	1,559	1,213		
December	286 427	286 425	59 48	14 31	1	0	5	0 0	1,689	1,333 1,198	45 49	45 48
Average	421	423	40	31		U	5	0	1,563	1,190	49	40
1998 January	427	427	5	0	0	0	6	0	1,679	1,313	36	36
February	417	417	48	48	0	0	0	0	1,717	1,382	41	41
March	302	302	46	30	0	0	27	0	1,460	1,132	63	63
April	452	452	62	14	0	0	11	0	1,546	1,239	36	36
May	503	495	82	60	3	0	28	0	1,608	1,316	70	70
June	399	399	77	33	0	0	45	0	1,683	1,404	81	81
July	551	551	69	48	0	0	29	0	1,624	1,338	73	73
August	422	422	42	21	0	0	28	0	1,555	1,248	57	57
8-Month Average	434	433	54	32	(s)	0	22	0	1,608	1,295	57	57
1997 8-Month Average	425 319	422	42	32	1	0	6	0	1,554	1,176	53	53
1996 8-Month Average		311	22	20	2	0	12	0	1,401	1,057	51	51

^a The country of origin for petroleum products may not be the country of origin for the crude oil from which the products were produced. For example, refined products imported from West European refining areas may have been produced from Middle East crude oil.

(s)=Less than 500 barrels per day. Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports

are included. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: • **1973-1980:** Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, February 1993, Table S3. • **1981 forward:** EIA, *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, October 1998, Table S3.

Table 3.3f Petroleum Imports: Colombia, Ecuador, Gabon, Italy, Malaysia, and Mexico

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

						Non-	OPECa					
	Co	olombia	Ecu	uador ^b	Ga	abon ^c		Italy	Ма	laysia	Me	exico
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil
1973 Average	9	2	_	_	_	_	125	0	12	1	16	1
1974 Average	5	0	_	_	_	_	74	ŏ	12	1	8	2
1975 Average	9	ő	_	_	_	_	27	ŏ	8	5	71	70
1976 Average	21	ő	_	_	_	-	39	ŏ	18	16	87	87
1977 Average	17	0	_	_	_	-	51	0	66	55	179	177
1978 Average	20	0	-	-	-	-	38	0	42	37	318	316
1979 Average	18	0	-	-	-	-	30	0	66	52	439	437
1980 Average	4	0	-	-	-	-	4	0	70	61	533	507
1981 Average	1	0	-	-	-	-	11	0	36	33	522	469
1982 Average	5	0	-	-	-	-	18	(s)	20	18	685	645
1983 Average	10	0	-	-	-	-	18	(s)	4	3	826	766
1984 Average	8	0	-	-	-	-	45	(s)	1	0	748	659
1985 Average	23	0	-	-	-	-	60	(s)	3	1	816	715
1986 Average	87 148	57 115	_	-	_	_	76 54	0 1	12 13	11 12	699 655	621 602
1987 Average 1988 Average	146	106	_	_	_	_	54 65	5	13	12	655 747	674
1989 Average	172	136	_	_	_	_	34	3	39	39	767	716
1990 Average	182	140	_	_	_	_	58	2	41	40	755	689
1991 Average	163	123	_	_	_	_	47	3	24	24	807	759
1992 Average	126	102	_	_	_	_	55	ŏ	10	10	830	787
1993 Average	171	141	81	78	-	_	31	Ō	11	10	919	863
1994 Average	161	146	91	91	-	-	22	0	10	6	984	939
1995 Average	219	207	97	96	229	229	5	0	8	6	1,068	1,027
1996 January	186	183	126	120	171	171	2	0	0	0	1,281	1,245
February	149	139	81	81	191	191	0	0	24	17	1,083	1,062
March	262	250	131	125	154	154	13	0	4	0	1,176	1,165
April	280	280	158	143 95	212	212	(s)	0 0	0 47	0 40	1,303	1,273
May June	263 250	249 247	100 138	95 133	154 218	154 218	0 16	0	47	40 11	1,288 1,351	1,222 1,274
July	204	198	113	96	191	191	10	0	0	0	1,216	1,186
August	204	217	83	71	156	156	8	Ö	5	0	1,157	1,142
September	213	213	48	48	104	104	15	ŏ	0	õ	1,355	1,306
October	265	252	66	60	226	226	4	õ	31	õ	1,213	1,189
November	267	267	111	111	253	253	13	0	7	Õ	1,157	1,110
December	246	218	89	72	184	184	8	0	0	0	1,346	1,301
Average	234	226	104	96	184	184	8	0	11	6	1,244	1,207
1997 January	227	226	112	107	62	62	8	0	32	0	1,324	1,280
February	248	248	110	110	262	262	27	0	7	7	1,277	1,241
March	260	257 255	148	148	217	217	5	0 0	33 33	0 0	1,310	1,249
April May	255 272	255 266	73 109	73 104	203 210	203 210	26 9	0	33	0	1,448 1,429	1,416 1,408
June	272	200	132	132	210	210	9	0	32	24	1,429	1,382
July	235	225	122	122	335	335	Ő	ŏ	28	0	1,366	1,347
August	250	250	128	128	203	203	2	Ő	23	15	1,452	1,448
September	289	289	143	143	271	271	0	0	37	29	1,410	1,395
October	321	321	143	143	235	235	8	0	19	19	1,526	1,500
November	322	322	91	91	256	256	0	0	8	0	1,460	1,453
December	350	350	66	66	288	288	5	0	7	0	1,215	1,192
Average	271	270	115	114	230	230	7	0	23	8	1,385	1,360
1998 January	281	281	77 102	77	264	264	26	0	17	11	1,467	1,438
February March	243 261	235 261	103 75	103 75	244 312	244 312	6 12	0 0	64 10	49 10	1,214 1,235	1,197 1,220
April	348	348	88	81	256	256	2	0	29	13	1,235	1,220
Мау	394	385	114	105	194	194	35	0	63	55	1,377	1,359
June	340	333	75	67	110	110	18	0	14	0	1,400	1,379
July	229	229	89	89	197	197	8	ŏ	46	38	1,398	1,372
August	360	357	158	158	118	118	10	õ	11	4	1,153	1,139
8-Month Average	307	304	97	94	212	212	15	ŏ	31	22	1,340	1,319
1997 8-Month Average	247	244	117	116	214	214	10	0	25	6	1,377	1,347
1996 8-Month Average	227	221	116	108	181	181	7	0	12	8	1,232	1,197

^a The country of origin for petroleum products may not be the country of origin for the crude oil from which the products were produced. For example, refined products imported from West European refining areas may have been ^b Through 1992, Ecuador was a member of OPEC. See Table 3.3c.
 ^c Through December 1994, Gabon was a member of OPEC. See Table

3.3c.

 – =Not applicable. (s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.
 Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports are included.
 • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: • **1973-1980:** Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, February 1993, Table S3. • **1981 forward:** EIA, *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, October 1998, Table S3.

Petroleum Imports: Netherlands, Netherlands Antilles, Norway, Table 3.3g Puerto Rico, Russia, and Spain

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

-						Non-	OPECa					
	Neth	nerlands		nerlands ntilles	N	orway	Pue	rto Rico	Ru	issia ^b	S	Spain
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil
1973 Average	53	0	585	0	1	0	99	0	26	0	26	0
1974 Average	43	ŏ	511	0 0	1	1	90	0	20	0 0	12	Ő
1975 Average	19	4	332	ŏ	17	12	90	ŏ	14	ŏ	1	ő
1976 Average	8	Ö	275	ŏ	36	35	88	ŏ	11	2	1	ŏ
1977 Average	31	4	211	Õ	50	48	105	ŏ	12	2	10	õ
1978 Average	5	2	229	Ō	104	104	94	Ō	8	1	3	Ō
1979 Average	23	7	231	Ō	75	75	92	Ō	1	Ó	4	Ō
1980 Average	2	(s)	225	Ó	144	144	88	0	1	0	1	0
1981 Average	30	(s)	197	0	119	114	62	0	5	(s)	1	(s)
1982 Average	35	(s)	175	0	102	102	50	0	1	Ó	3	(s)
1983 Average	65	3	189	0	66	65	40	0	1	(s)	2	(s)
1984 Average	65	3	188	0	114	112	42	0	13	(s)	11	0
1985 Average	58	0	40	0	32	31	28	0	8	(s)	29	1
1986 Average	54	0	25	0	60	53	21	0	18	(s)	53	0
1987 Average	60	0	29	0	80	70	21	0	11	0	55	0
1988 Average	61	0	36	0	67	62	22	0	29	0	68	0
1989 Average	49	0	42	0	138	127	32	0	48	0	67	0
1990 Average	55	0	31	0	102	96	32	0	45	1	47	0
1991 Average	29	0	81	0	82	74	27	0	29	1	33	0
1992 Average	26	0	65	0	127	119	26	0	18	5	32	0
1993 Average	10	0	82	0	142	137	29	0	55	36	37	0
1994 Average	32	0	98	0	202	190	22	0	30	27	37	0
1995 Average	15	0	52	0	273	258	15	0	25	14	16	1
1996 January	16	0	59	0	199	178	6	0	11	0	23	0
February	38	0	101	0	236	221	17	0	14	0	23	0
March	35	0	35	0	284	264	24	0	18	0	58	0
April	20	0	50	0	375	357	17	0	0	0	36	0
May	9	0	47	0	380	364	22	0	63	63	21	0
June	26 7	0	52 45	0	434	408	25	0	14	14	12 47	0 10
July	7 14	0	45 53	0	375 369	359 362	25 33	0	42 32	33 32	47 21	10
August	14	0	56	0	274	254	22	0	32	32	21	0
September October	24	0	97	0	389	359	14	0	42	33	34	0
November	18	0	97 79	0	249	220	20	0	42	0	34	0
December	14	0	98	0	187	166	18	0	26	0	13	0
Average	19	0	64	Ŏ	313	293	20	Ŏ	25	18	29	1
1997 January	40	0	94	0	244	230	18	0	21	0	31	0
February	33	Ō	60	0	204	179	16	0	19	Ō	36	Ō
March	40	0	102	0	295	276	7	0	13	0	6	0
April	20	0	114	0	307	294	12	0	20	0	9	0
	13	0	116	0	388	366	21	0	0	0	23	0
June	37	0	66	0	329	318	13	0	8	0	45	0
July	5	0	61	0	386	360	24	0	9	0	6	0
August	15	0	65	0	321	320	20	0	32	19	41	0
September	54	0	71	0	285	265	14	0	0	0	21	0
October	13	0	46	0	346	312	19	0	13	6	12	0
November	28	0	33	0	316	276	23	0	21	7	19	0
December	1	0	54	0	275	249	10	0	0	0	5	0
Average	25	0	74	0	309	288	16	0	13	3	21	0
1998 January	6 18	0 0	87 85	0 0	217 169	208 169	18 21	0 0	0 12	0 0	15 13	0 0
February	18	0	85 90	32	210	198	21	0	12	0	0	0
March	э 36	0	90 63	32 0	210	232	5 4	0		0	9	0
April May	36 27	0	63 55	0	232 196	232 172	4 18	0	(s) 0	0	9 14	0
June	27 16	0	55 86	0	283	252	13	0	34	34	26	0
	59	0	00 24	0	203 318	252 311	21	0	54 69	34 69	26 34	0
July August	59 11	0	24 41	0	287	260	23	0	(s)	0	34 8	0
8-Month Average	22	0	66	4	207 240	200 226	23 15	0	(S) 15	13	15	0
1997 8-Month Average	25	0	85	0	310	294	16	0	15	2	25	0
1996 8-Month Average	20	0	55	0	332	315	21	0	24	18	30	1

^a The country of origin for petroleum products may not be the country of origin for the crude oil from which the products were produced. For example, refined products imported from West European refining areas may have been b Imports from Middle East crude oil. b Imports from other States in the former U.S.S.R. may be included in

Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports are included. . U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

imports from Russia for the years 1973 through 1992.

(s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Sources: • **1973-1980:** Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, February 1993, Table S3. • **1981 forward:** EIA, *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, October 1998, Table S3.

Table 3.3h Petroleum Imports: Trinidad and Tobago, United Kingdom, Virgin Islands, Other Non-OPEC, Total Non-OPEC, and Total Imports

(Thousand	Barrels	per Day)
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					Non	-OPEC ^a						
_		inidad Tobago		nited igdom	Virgi	n Islands		Other -OPEC ^b	-	Total		otal ports
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil
1973 Average	255	60	15	0	329	0	153	36	3,263	1,149	6,256	3,244
1974 Average	251	63	8	0	391	0	122	30	2,832	937	6,112	3,477
1975 Average	242	115	14	(s)	406	0	120	14	2,454	893	6,056	4,105
1976 Average	274	104	31	13	422	0	203	101	2,247	742	7,313	5,287
1977 Average	289	134	126	97	466	0	287	157	2,614	971	8,807	6,615
1978 Average	253	142	180	169	428	0	239	146	2,612	1,172	8,363	6,356
1979 Average	190 176	123 115	202 176	197 173	431 388	0 0	269 219	192 162	2,819 2,609	1,407 1,399	8,456 6,909	6,519 5,263
1980 Average 1981 Average	133	102	375	369	300	0	236	163	2,609	1,355	5,996	4,396
1982 Average	112	92	456	441	316	ŏ	306	174	2,968	1,754	5,113	3,488
1983 Average	96	83	382	365	282	ŏ	378	215	3,189	1,853	5,051	3,329
1984 Average	94	87	402	378	294	0	411	210	3,388	1,914	5,437	3,426
1985 Average	113	98	310	278	247	0	394	137	3,237	1,888	5,067	3,201
1986 Average	125	93	350	317	244	0	426	144	3,387	2,065	6,224	4,178
1987 Average	106	75	352	304	272	0	459	196	3,617	2,274	6,678	4,674
1988 Average	97	71	315	254	242	0	487	196	3,882	2,411	7,402	5,107
1989 Average	94	73	215	160	321 282	0 0	457	197	3,921	2,467	8,061	5,843
1990 Average	96 88	76 72	189 138	155 106	282	0	417 282	180 137	3,721 3,535	2,381 2,405	8,018	5,894 5,782
1991 Average 1992 Average	95	70	230	200	243	0	335	149	3,535	2,405	7,627 7,888	6,083
1993 Average	74	55	350	312	254	Ő	452	240	c4,347	c3,178	8,620	6,787
1994 Average	77	62	458	396	328	ŏ	450	239	4,749	3,483	8,996	7,063
1995 Average	70	62	383	341	278	Õ	302	181	4,833	3,889	8,835	7,230
1996 January	92	71	364	238	390	0	406	188	5,244	3,932	9,364	7,303
February	56	56	374	280	343	0	275	169	4,660	3,479	8,390	6,612
March	63	52	346	252	311	0	373	215	4,932	3,788	9,092	7,215
April	87	55	481	347	359	0	333	157	5,421	4,125	9,429	7,371
May	97	71	421	316	298	0	429	282	5,465	4,332	10,007	8,029
June	86	54	312	234	292	0	561	402	5,663	4,526	9,938	7,958
July	70	58	244	195	344	0	456	292	5,201	4,082	9,820	7,800
August	81 51	59 37	274 165	177 90	279 268	0 0	508 502	348 318	5,321 4,938	4,177 3,891	9,986 9,142	8,041 7,353
September October	70	55	264	136	325	0	477	240	5,566	4,196	9,837	7,333
November	96	75	199	160	253	Ő	513	318	5,277	4,145	9,244	7,344
December	58	54	253	167	294	Ő	438	245	5,487	4,142	9,417	7,307
Average	76	58	308	216	313	Ō	440	265	5,267	4,070	9,478	7,508
1997 January	74	55	400	333	335	0	502	210	5,685	4,255	9,763	7,492
February	69	61	236	172	341	0	380	170	5,431	4,093	9,561	7,434
March	56	55	236	161	254	0	437	206	5,554	4,344	9,833	7,754
April	69	62	159	70	321	0	401	242	5,426	4,169	10,114	7,987
May June	70 55	66 55	261 372	181 311	300 300	0 0	558 380	341 225	5,817 5,737	4,579 4,631	10,818 10,736	8,653 8,759
July	62	55 54	198	165	300	0	370	225	5,737	4,631	10,736	8,178
August	41	37	268	220	319	0	368	243	5,638	4,591	10,008	8,621
September	66	58	166	110	248	Ő	476	364	5,677	4,672	10,537	8,840
October	58	55	154	119	301	Ő	479	271	5,879	4,793	10,792	8,927
November	65	57	127	87	260	0	403	236	5,517	4,521	9,948	8,366
December	53	53	135	98	314	0	304	235	5,160	4,208	9,328	7,653
Average	61	56	226	169	300	0	422	250	5,593	4,450	10,162	8,225
1998 January	58	54	232	166	283	0	408	276	5,609	4,551	9,893	8,185
February	60	60	170	89	296	0	358	224	5,299	4,260	9,577	7,770
March	53	53	95	70	334	0	376	236	4,976	3,995	9,694	7,989
April	48	48	224	154	272	0	444	254	5,633	4,570	10,398	8,523
May	61	53	233	133	292	0	494	273	5,863	4,670	10,903	8,957
June	64 79	56 56	227 96	125 36	310 360	0 0	511 436	245 219	5,812 5,809	4,518 4,625	10,702 11,151	8,725 9,309
July August	63	50	371	295	279	0	436 607	435	5,609	4,625	10,829	9,309 9,143
8-Month Average	61	54	206	134	304	Ŏ	455	271	5,578	4,304	10,023 10,402	8,585
1997 8-Month Average	62	56	267	202	310	0	425	237	5,611	4,401	10,167	8,116
1996 8-Month Average	79	59	352	254	327	ŏ	418	257	5,241	4,058	9,511	7,548

^a The country of origin for petroleum products may not be the country of origin for the crude oil from which the products were produced. For example, refined products imported from West European refining areas may have been produced

from Middle East crude oil. ^b Includes Bahrain, which is shown on Table 3.3a. ^c As of January 1993, includes petroleum imported from Ecuador, which withdrew from OPEC on December 31, 1992. As of January 1995, includes petroleum imported from Gabon, which withdrew from OPEC on December 31, 1994.

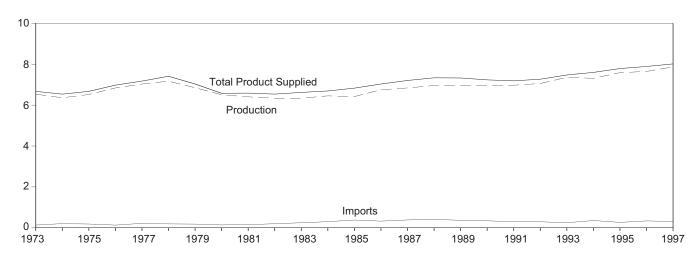
 (s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.
 Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports are included.
 • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
 • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia Columbia.

Sources: • **1973-1980**: Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, February 1993, Table S3. • **1981 forward:** EIA, *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, October 1998, Table S3.

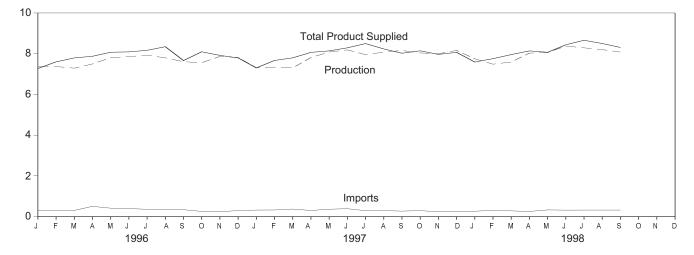
Figure 3.2 Finished Motor Gasoline

(Million Barrels per Day, Except as Noted)

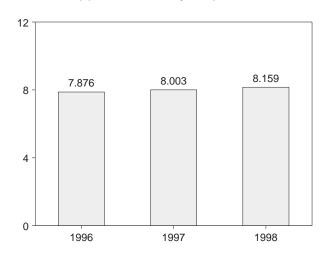
Overview, 1973-1997



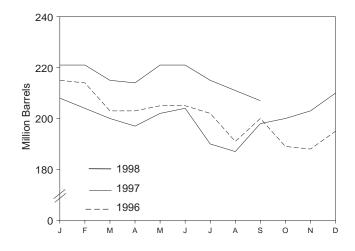




Product Supplied, January-September



Stocks, End of Month



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Tables $3.4\,$

F	Sup	ply	 	Disposition			Gasoline Stocks ^a	Oxygenates
	Total Production	Imports ^b	Stock Change ^{b,c}	Exports	Product Supplied	Total ^d	Finished	Ending Stocks ^a
	•	Thou	isand Barrels per	Day			Million Barrels	
1973 Average	6,535	134	-9	4	6,674	209	NA	NA
1974 Average	6,360	204	24	2	6,537	^e 218	NA	NA
1975 Average	6,520	184	e 28	2	6,675	235	NA	NA
1976 Average	6,841	131	-10	3	6,978	231	NA	NA
1977 Average	7,033	217	72	2	7,177	258	NA	NA
1978 Average	7,169	190	-54	1	7,412	238	NA	NA
1979 Average	6,852	181	-2	(s)	7,034	237	NA	NA
1980 Average	6,506	140	66	1	6,579	^e 261	NA	NA
1981 Average [†]	6,405	157	^e -28	2	6,588	253	203	NA
1982 Average	6,338	197	-25 ^e -45	20	6,539	^e 235 222	^e 194	NA
1983 Average	6,340 6,453	247 299	°-45 54	10 6	6,622	243	186 205	NA NA
1984 Average	,	381	-41	10	6,693	243	190	NA
1985 Average	6,419 6,752	326	-41	33	6,831 7,034	223	190	NA
1986 Average	6,841	384	-15	35	7,206	235	189	NA
1987 Average 1988 Average	6,956	405	-15	22	7,336	228	190	NA
1989 Average	6,963	369	-35	39	7,328	213	177	NA
1990 Average	6,959	342	-33	55	7,235	213	181	NA
1991 Average	6,975	297	3	82	7,188	219	182	NA
1992 Average	7,058	294	-11	96	7,268	216	178	NA
1993 Average	⁹ 7,360	247	26	105	⁹ 7,476	226	187	^h 13
1994 Average	7,312	356	-31	97	7,601	215	176	17
1995 Average	7,588	265	-40	104	7,789	202	161	12
1996 January	7,370	303	240	163	7,271	215	169	12
February	7,369	293	-10	72	7,599	214	168	12
March	7,289	303	-327	128	7,792	203	158	13
April	7,497	501	49	77	7,873	203	160	13
May	7,804	414	66	81	8,071	205	162	12
June	7,858	393	68	95	8,088	205	164	11
July	7,924	359	-5	123	8,165	202	164	11
August	7,796	346	-284	82	8,343	191	155	12
September	7,606	339	215	68	7,662	200	161	11
October	7,557	253	-396	113	8,093	189	149	11
November	7,864	234	55	128	7,915	188	151	12
December	7,815 7,647	298 336	202 -12	117 104	7,794 7,891	195 195	157 157	13 13
Average	7,047	330	-12	104	7,091	195	157	15
1997 January	7,307	320	250	75	7,301	208	165	13
February	7,341	324	-114	111	7,668	204	162	13
March	7,302	370	-247	123	7,796	200	154	14
April	7,811	300	-70	117	8,064	197	152	13
May	8,081	362	203	101	8,139	202	158	13
June	8,186	387	189	96	8,288	204	164	12
July	7,954	291	-414	164	8,496	190	151	13
August	8,075	292	-41	175	8,233	187	150	13
September	8,158	269	275	130	8,023	198	158	13
October	8,037	291	1	186	8,141	200	158	12
November	7,999	239	122	151	7,965	203	162	12
December Average	8,160 7,870	265 309	154 26	206 137	8,065 8,017	210 210	166 166	12 12
	7,749	265	296	128	7,590	221	175	13
1998 January February	7,485	303	-90	120	7,755	221	173	13
March	7,591	280	-205	124	7,956	215	166	13
April	8,029	253	64	81	8,137	213	168	13
Арш Мау	8,057	328	212	103	8,070	221	175	13
June	8,372	317	92	159	8,437	221	178	14
July	8,287	321	-168	117	8,659	215	172	13
August	^R 8,200	^R 321	^R -119	R 141	^R 8,500	^R 211	R 169	13
September	E 8,080	E 321	E-23	E 119	E 8,306	E 207	E 163	NĂ
9-Month Average	E 7,987	E 301	E 7	E 121	E 8,159	E 207	E 163	NA
1997 9-Month Average 1996 9-Month Average	7,804 7,614	324 361	3 (s)	122 99	8,003 7,876	198 200	158 161	13 11

Table 3.4 Finished Motor Gasoline Supply and Disposition

^a Stocks are totals as of end of period.
 ^b From 1981 forward, blending components are excluded.
 ^c A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.
 ^d Includes motor gasoline blending components and gasohol, but excludes oxygenates, which are reported separately.
 ^e See Note 4 at end of section

^e See Note 4 at end of section. ^f See Note 2 at end of section.

⁹ Beginning in 1993, motor gasoline production and product supplied include blending of fuel ethanol and an adjustment to correct for the

imbalance of motor gasoline blending components. See Note 2 at end of section. ^h See Note 1 at end of section. R=Revised. NA=Not available. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than 500 barrels per

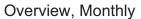
Adv.
 Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
 Sources: • 1973-1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA),
 Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 1993, Table S4. • 1981 forward: EIA,
 Petroleum Supply Monthly, October 1998, Table S4.

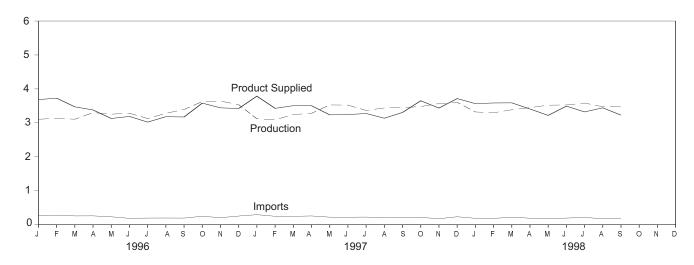
Figure 3.3 Distillate Fuel

(Million Barrels per Day, Except as Noted)

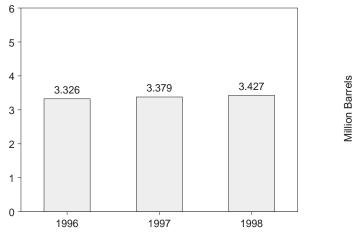
Overview, 1973-1997



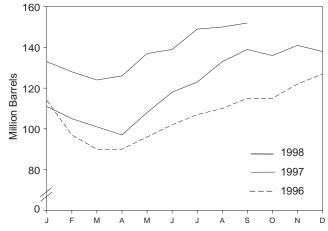




Product Supplied, January-September



Stocks, End of Month



Source: Table 3.5.

Crude Oil	Sulfur (Content		
Total Used Stock Product 0 Production Imports Directly ^b Change ^c Exports Supplied ^b Total	0.05 Percent or Less ^d	Greater Than 0.05 Percent ^d		
Thousand Barrels per Day	Million Barrels			
1973 Average 2,822 392 2 115 9 3,092 196	NA	NA		
1974 Average 2,669 289 2 ^e 10 2 2,948 ¹ 200	NA	NA		
1975 Average	NA	NA		
1976 Average 2,924 146 1 -62 1 3,133 186 1977 Average 3,278 250 1 176 1 3,352 250	NA NA	NA NA		
1978 Average	NA	NA		
1979 Average	NA	NA		
1980 Average 2,662 142 164 3 2,866 [†] 205	NA	NA		
1981 Average ^g 2,613 173 10 ^t -38 5 2,829 192	NA	NA		
1982 Average 2,606 93 10 -35 74 2,671 [†] 179	NA	NA		
1983 Average 2,456 174 – ¹ -124 64 2,690 140 1984 Average 2,681 272 – 57 51 2,845 161	NA NA	NA NA		
1984 Average	NA	NA		
1986 Average	NA	NA		
1987 Average 2,731 255 – -56 66 2,976 134	NA	NA		
1988 Average 2,859 302 – -30 69 3,122 124	NA	NA		
1989 Average 2,899 30649 97 3,157 106	NA	NA		
1990 Average 2,925 278 – 73 109 3,021 132 1991 Average 2,962 205 – 31 215 2,921 144	NA NA	NA		
1991 Average 2,962 205 – 31 215 2,921 144 1992 Average 2,974 216 – -8 219 2,979 141	NA	NA NA		
1993 Average	⁹ 64	977		
1994 Average	73	73		
1995 Average	67	63		
1996 January	58	55		
February	53	44		
March	49	40		
April	52	38		
May 3,256 231 – 182 176 3,128 96	57	39		
June	60	41		
July	62	45		
August	62 64	49 51		
October	60	54		
November	65	57		
December	68	58		
Average 3,316 230 – -10 190 3,365 127	68	58		
1997 January 3,119 293 – -508 133 3,786 111	60	51		
February	56	49		
March	58 59	43 39		
May	63	45		
June	65	53		
July	64	59		
August	69	64		
September	69	70		
October	63 68	73 73		
November	68	70		
Average	68	70		
1998 January	68	65		
February 3,297 183 – -183 79 3,585 128	65	63		
March	63	61		
April	63	63		
May	69 70	68		
June	70 76	69 73		
July	^R 73	⁷³ ^R 78		
September ^E 3.477 ^E 191 – ^E 264 ^E 177 ^E 3.227 ^E 152	E 74	E 78		
9-Month Average E 3,449 E 192 - E 71 E 143 E 3,427 E 152	E 74	E 78		

Table 3.5 Distillate Fuel Oil Supply and Disposition

^a Stocks are totals as of end of period. ^b Beginning in January 1983, crude oil used directly as distillate fuel oil is reported as crude oil product supplied on Table 3.2b rather than as distillate fuel oil product supplied. ^c A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates and a stocks as a stocks as a stock as a

235

229

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3,339

3,220

indicates an increase. ^d By weight.

1997 9-Month Average

1996 9-Month Average

^e See Note 6 at end of section.

^f See Note 4 at end of section.

 $^{\rm g}\,$ See Note 3 at end of section.

3,379

3,326

150

178

R=Revised. NA=Not available. – =Not applicable. E=Estimate. Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

139

115

69 64

Sources: • **1973-1980:** Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, February 1993, Table S5. • **1981 forward:** EIA, *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, October 1998, Table S5.

44

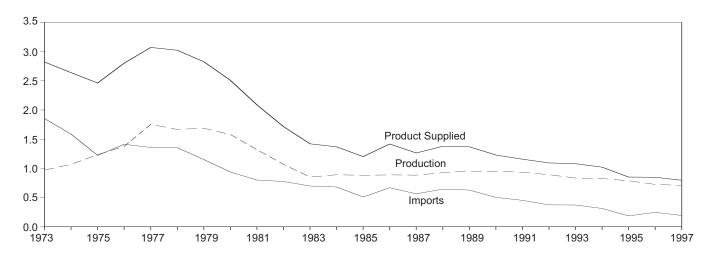
-56

70 51

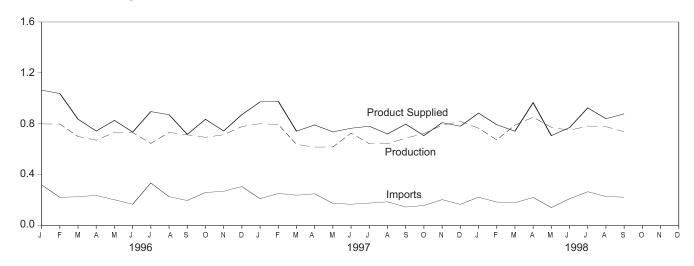
Figure 3.4 **Residual Fuel**

(Million Barrels per Day, Except as Noted)

Overview, 1973-1997

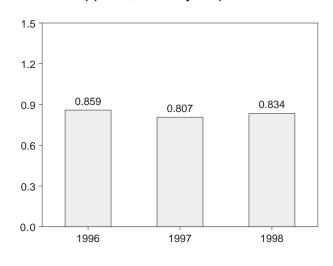


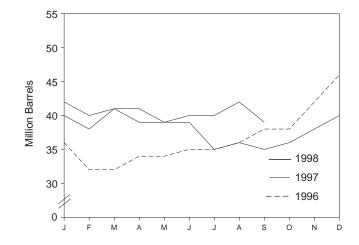




Product Supplied, January-September

Stocks, End of Month





Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 3.6.

1 1 1 1 5 23 2.822 53 1974 Average 1.235 1.235 1.231 17 4.5 2.462 74 1976 Average 1.235 1.223 15 4.2 15 2.462 74 1976 Average 1.377 1.413 11 5 12 2.801 73 1976 Average 1.667 1.355 13 1 13 3.023 90 1979 Average 1.667 1.551 12 15 9 2.826 96 1978 Average 1.667 1.511 12 15 9 2.826 96 1980 Average 1.662 1.667 -1.21 190 1.369 66 - - 4.22 166 78 2.926 78 466 4.22 1.99 1.414 47 68 1.99 4.21 469 4.21 4.69 1.99 1.414 47 4.44 47 4.44 47 4.44 47 4.44 47 4.44 47 4.44 <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th>Supply</th><th></th><th></th><th>Disposition</th><th></th><th></th></t<>			Supply			Disposition		
1 1 1 1 5 23 2.822 53 1974 Average 1.235 1.235 1.231 17 4.5 2.462 74 1976 Average 1.235 1.223 15 4.2 15 2.462 74 1976 Average 1.377 1.413 11 5 12 2.801 73 1976 Average 1.667 1.355 13 1 13 3.023 90 1979 Average 1.667 1.551 12 15 9 2.826 96 1978 Average 1.667 1.511 12 15 9 2.826 96 1980 Average 1.662 1.667 -1.21 190 1.369 66 - - 4.22 166 78 2.926 78 466 4.22 1.99 1.414 47 68 1.99 4.21 469 4.21 4.69 1.99 1.414 47 4.44 47 4.44 47 4.44 47 4.44 47 4.44 47 4.44 <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th>Imports</th><th>Used</th><th></th><th>Exports</th><th></th><th></th></t<>			Imports	Used		Exports		
1974 Average 1,070 1,587 13 17 14 2,639 d ⁶ 1976 Average 1,325 1,223 15 15 2,462 74 1976 Average 1,377 1,413 17 -5 12 2,401 72 1976 Average 1,377 1,413 17 -5 12 2,401 72 1976 Average 1,580 393 12 -10 33 2,268 96 1979 Average 1,580 393 12 -10 33 2,568 d ⁶ 2 16 176 d ⁶ 68 33 2,568 d ⁶ 2 16 1,460 d ⁸ 33 14 40 33 2,568 d ⁶ 2 16 1,460 d ⁸ d ⁸ 46 33 1,460 d ⁸ 46 33 176 45 168 1,460 d ⁸				Thousand Ba	arrels per Day			Million Barrels
1974 Average 1,070 1,587 13 17 14 2,639 d ⁶ 1975 Average 1,325 1,223 15 15 2,462 74 1976 Average 1,377 1,413 17 -5 12 2,401 72 1976 Average 1,587 1,151 12 15 9 2,228 96 1979 Average 1,687 1,151 12 15 9 2,268 96 1980 Average 1,680 339 12 -10 33 2,568 d ⁶ 2,868 78 1980 Average 853 669 - 4 14 2,088 78 1986 Average 882 669 - -8 1,471 1,418 47 1986 Average 885 669 - -8 1,477 1,418 47 1986 Average 895 663 - -8 1,471 1,418 47 1986 Average 895 663 - -8 1,477 1,418 47 1986	1070 A	074	4 959		-			50
1975 Average 1,235 1,223 15 0-2 15 2,462 74 1976 Average 1,377 1,413 17 -5 12 2,401 72 1977 Average 1,757 1,359 13 48 6 3,071 90 1970 Average 1,657 1,151 12 1 19 2,268 96 1980 Average 1,500 48 -327 118 2,088 78 1980 Average 652 689 - - 12 197 1,312 48 1982 Average 882 660 - 12 197 1,312 50 1986 Average 889 660 - 12 197 1,312 50 1986 Average 889 660 - - 147 1,418 47 1987 Average 882 462 - - 2 215 1,370 44 1986 Average 895 565 - (6) 186 1,464 47 1987 Average								53 d 60
1976 Average 1,377 1,413 17 -5 12 2,601 72 1977 Average 1,667 1,355 13 1 13 3,023 90 1978 Average 1,667 1,355 13 1 13 3,023 90 1980 Average 1,687 1,151 12 15 3 2,286 98 1980 Average 1,581 900 16 -37 198 1746 16 1983 Average 882 689 - -455 185 1,421 49 1985 Average 889 669 - -8 147 1,418 47 1986 Average 889 669 - -8 147 1,418 47 1987 Average 889 669 - -8 147 1,418 47 1987 Average 882 560 - -9 215 1,720 40 1980 Average 954 629 - -2 215 1,52 50 1994 Average 954					d_2			
1977 Average 1,754 1,359 13 48 6 3,071 90 978 Average 1,667 1,355 13 1 13 3,023 90 979 Average 1,667 1,355 13 1 13 3,023 90 979 Average 1,677 1,677 1,151 12 1,5 3 2,628 96 981 Average 1,070 900 16 -37 18 2,089 17,16 -6 982 Average 891 681 - 12 190 1,366 53 996 Average 882 669 - -6 144 1,418 47 996 Average 882 669 - -3 144 1,418 47 996 Average 9950 544 - -3 144 1,418 47 990 Average 9950 544 - -4 226 1,156 50 990 Average 892 313 - -4 226 1,168 50 990 Av								
978 Average 1,667 1,355 13 1 13 3,023 90 978 Average 1,580 939 12 -10 33 2,568 92 980 Average 1,321 880 48 -325 118 2,088 78 983 Average 1,052 779 48 -325 128 171 166 983 Average 881 669 - -7 197 1,202 50 986 Average 882 610 - -7 197 1,202 50 986 Average 882 669 - -8 147 1,414 47 987 Average 826 664 - -8 200 1,373 44 980 Average 826 664 - -8 200 1,373 44 991 Average 934 633 - -4 123 1,044 43 992 Average 825 375 - -20 133 1,064 43 993 Average 825 314 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>								
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981 Average 1,321 800 48 -3.7 118 2,088 78 982 Average 852 699 - -3.55 185 1,421 49 983 Average 882 569 - -7.7 197 1,203 537 985 Average 882 569 - -7.7 197 1,203 537 987 Average 982.6 644 - -6 200 1,378 45 989 Average 956 629 - -2.2 215 1,370 44 990 Average 954 629 - -2.2 215 1,370 44 990 Average 953 344 - 4 220 1,378 45 990 Average 825 375 - -2.2 215 1,370 44 991 Average 826 375 - -2.4 193 1,004 44 993 Average 826 375 - -4 125 1,001 42 995 Average 788 <td< td=""><td></td><td>1,687</td><td>1,151</td><td>12</td><td>15</td><td>9</td><td>2,826</td><td></td></td<>		1,687	1,151	12	15	9	2,826	
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9-Month Average E 768 E 209 – E 1 E 142 E 834 E 39	September	E 737	E 223	-	⊧-37	^E 119	E 878	E 39
997 9-Month Average 684 200 –41 118 807 35				-	^E 1	^E 142		^E 39
996 9-Month Average 724 238 – 2 101 859 38	997 9-Month Average	684	200	_	-41	118	807	35

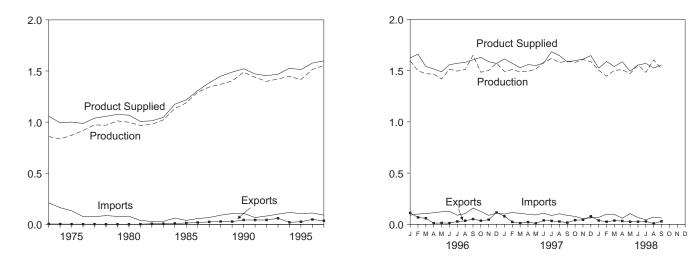
^a Beginning in January 1983, crude oil used directly as residual fuel oil is reported as crude oil product supplied on Table 3.2b rather than as residual fuel oil product supplied.
 ^b A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.
 ^c Stocks are totals as of end of period.
 ^d See Note 4 at end of section.

^e See Note 3 at end of section. R=Revised. – =Not applicable. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than +500 barrels per day and greater than -500 barrels per day. Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Sources: • 1973-1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 1993, Table S6. • 1981 forward: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, October 1998, Table S6.

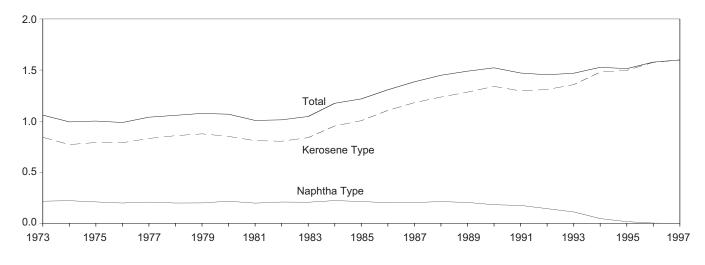
Figure 3.5 Jet Fuel

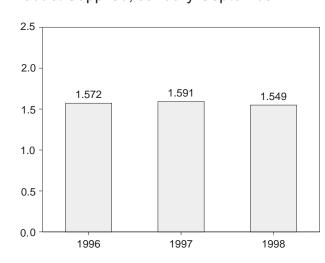
(Million Barrels per Day, Except as Noted)

Overview, 1973-1997



Product Supplied by Type, 1973-1997

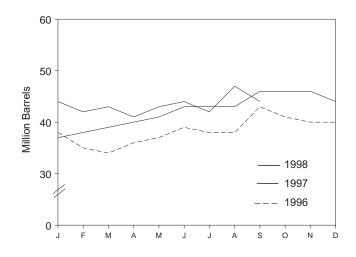




Product Supplied, January-September

Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 3.7.

Stocks, End of Month



Overview, Monthly

Table 3.7	Jet Fuel Supply and Disposition
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	P	roduction				Prod	luct Supplied	Ending Stocks ^a		
_	Total	Kerosene Type	Imports	Stock Change ^b	Exports	Total	Kerosene Type	Total	Kerosene Type	
			Thousa	and Barrels p	er Day			Million Barrels		
973 Average	859	679	212	8	4	1,059	842	29	23	
974 Average	836	641	163	2	3	993	771	^c 29	^c 24	
975 Average	871	691	133	^c 2	2	1,001	791	30	25	
976 Average	918	731	76	5	2	987	789	32	26	
977 Average	973	787	75	7	2	1,039	831	35	28	
978 Average	970	791	86	-2	1	1,057	858	34	28	
979 Average	1,012	835	78	13	1	1,076	876	39	33	
980 Average	999	811	80	10	1	1,068	851	^c 42	° 36	
1981 Average	968	775	38	^c -4	2	1,007	809	41	34	
982 Average	978	778	29	-12	6	1,013	804	° 37	° 31	
1983 Average	1,022	817	29	^с (s)	6	1,046	839	39	32	
984 Average	1,132	919	62	9	9	1,175	953	42	35	
985 Average	1,189 1,293	983 1,097	39 57	-4 25	13 18	1,218 1,307	1,005 1,105	40 50	34 43	
986 Average	1,293	1,138	57 67	25 (s)	24	1,307	1,181	50	43 42	
987 Average	1,343	1,164	90	-17	24	1,365	1,236	44	38	
1989 Average	1,403	1,197	106	-17	20	1,449	1,284	44	34	
990 Average	1,403	1,311	108	-0 31	43	1,409	1,340	52	46	
991 Average	1,438	1,274	67	-9	43	1,471	1,296	49	40	
992 Average	1,399	1,254	82	-16	43	1,454	1,310	43	39	
993 Average	1,422	1,309	100	-7	59	1,469	1,357	40	38	
1994 Average	1,448	1,410	117	18	20	1,527	1,480	40	46	
1995 Average	1,416	1,407	106	-19	26	1,514	1,497	40	39	
1996 January	1,596	1,593	89	-49	111	1,624	1,607	38	38	
February	1,499	1,495	100	-129	67	1,661	1,658	35	35	
March	1,470	1,468	105	-24	59	1,541	1,547	34	34	
April	1,466	1,464	113	51	11	1,517	1,515	36	35	
May	1,419	1,418	122	39	13	1,489	1,467	37	37	
June	1,514	1,512	127	71	11	1,558	1,556	39	39	
July	1,496	1,493	89	-14	27	1,572	1,569	38	38	
August	1,510	1,507	104	-2	34	1,582	1,580	38	38	
September	1,650	1,647	159	152	51	1,606	1,604	43	43	
October	1,485	1,484	126	-55	35	1,631	1,636	41	41	
November	1,501	1,500	87	-45	45	1,588	1,588	40	40	
December	1,575	1,574	110	(s)	115	1,570	1,573	40	40	
Average	1,515	1,513	111	(s)	48	1,578	1,575	40	40	
1 997 January	1,491	1,491	100	-101	78	1,615	1,614	37	37	
February	1,511	1,510	116	31	23	1,572	1,571	38	38	
March	1,488	1,487	106	55	11	1,529	1,528	39	39	
April	1,493	1,492	98	11	21	1,559	1,558	40	40	
May	1,515	1,514	91	46	9	1,551	1,551	41	41	
June	1,581	1,580	108	77	38	1,574	1,573	43	43	
July	1,619	1,618	86	-14	33	1,685	1,685	43	43	
August	1,580	1,579	103	7	27	1,648	1,648	43	43	
September	1,593	1,592	87	78	16	1,586	1,585	46	46	
October	1,581	1,580	77	19	40	1,599	1,599	46	46	
November	1,609	1,608	55	8	44	1,612	1,612	46	46	
December	1,588	1,588	63	-75	78	1,647	1,647	44	44	
Average	1,554	1,554	91	11	35	1,599	1,598	44	44	
1998 January	1,504	1,503	67	9	37	1,525	1,524	44	44	
February	1,447	1,447	99	-70	25	1,590	1,590	42	42	
March	1,504	1,503	96	24	36	1,540	1,547	43	43	
April	1,509	1,508	60	-51	32	1,588	1,588	41	41	
May	1,472	1,471	104	55	25	1,495	1,497	43	43	
June	1,555	1,555	66	42	25	1,555	1,555	44	44	
July	1,484	1,483	_ 45	-71	28	1,571	1,573	42	42	
August	^R 1,605	^R 1,604	^R 70	^R 140	^R 8	^R 1,526	^R 1,527	^R 47	^R 47	
September	^E 1,520	^E 1,519	E 62	E-4	E 29	^E 1,556	^E 1,556	E 44	E 44	
9-Month Average	^E 1,512	^E 1,511	^E 74	^E 9	E 27	^E 1,549	^E 1,550	^E 44	^E 44	
997 9-Month Average	1,541 1,513	1,541 1,511	99 112	21 11	28 43	1,591 1,572	1,591 1,567	46 43	46 43	

^a Stocks are totals as of end of period.
 ^b A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.
 ^c See Note 4 at end of section.

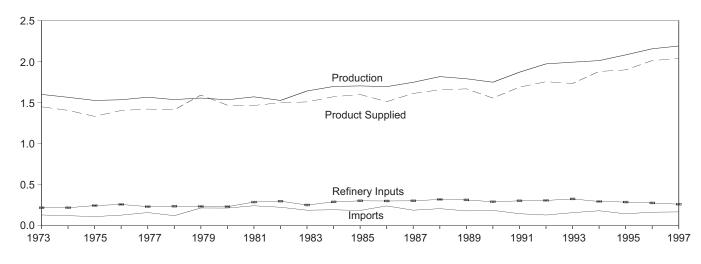
R=Revised. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than +500 barrels per day and greater

than -500 barrels per day.
Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
Sources: • 1973-1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA),
Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 1993, Table S7. • 1981 forward: EIA,
Petroleum Supply Monthly, October 1998, Table S7.

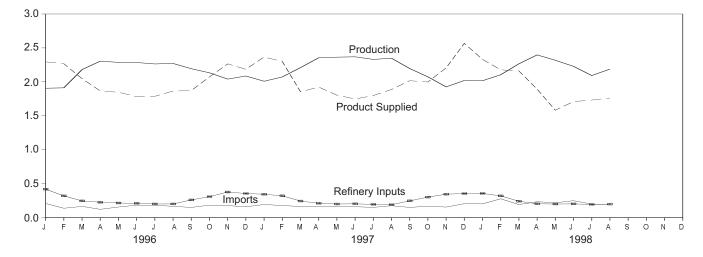
Figure 3.6 **Liquefied Petroleum Gases**

(Million Barrels per Day, Except as Noted)

Overview, 1973-1997

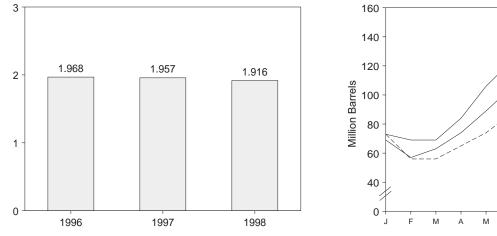




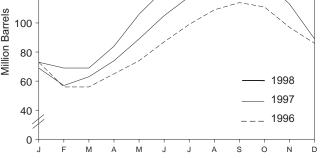


Product Supplied, January-August

Stocks, End of Month



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 3.8.



	Sup	ply		Dispo	sition		_
	Total Production	Imports	Stock Change ^a	Refinery Inputs	Exports	Product Supplied	Ending Stocks ^b
			Thousand Ba	arrels per Day			Million Barrels
973 Average	1,600	132	35	220	27	1,449	99
974 Average	1,565	123	38	220	25	1,406	^c 113
975 Average	1,527	112	° 35	246	26	1,333	125
976 Average	1,535	130	-24	260	25	1,404	116
977 Average	1,566	161	55	233	18	1,422	136
978 Average	1,537	123	-12	239	20	1,413	^c 132
979 Average	1,556	217	° -70	236	15	1,592	111
980 Average	1,535	216	27	233	21	1,469	^c 120
981 Average	1,571	244	^c 18	289	42	1,466	135
982 Average	^d 1,527	226	-111	300	65	1,499	^с 94
983 Average	1,642	190	^c -4	253	73	1,509	^с 101
984 Average	1,697	195	^c -19	291	48	1,572	101
985 Average	1,704	187	-75	304	62	1,599	74
986 Average	1,695	242	80	302	42	1,512	103
987 Average	1,748	190	-15	304	38	1,612	97
988 Average	1,817	209	1	321	49	1,656	97
989 Average	1,791	181	-47	315	35	1,668	80
990 Average	1,749	188	48	293	40	1,556	98
991 Average	1,871	147	-15	304	41	1,689	92
992 Average	1,972	131	-10	309	49	1,755	89
993 Average	1,993	160	49	327	43	1,734	106
994 Average	2,012	183	-19	296	38	1,880	99
995 Average	2,082	146	-17	289	58	1,899	93
996 January	1,906	208	-649	419	49	2,295	73
February	1,912	138	-596	320	60	2,267	56
March	2,181	165	15	246	38	2,047	56
April	2,305	122	279	226	56	1,867	65
May	2,287	156	315	215	67	1,846	74
June	2,285	184	439	211	36	1,783	87
July	2,264	182	385	201	72	1,787	99
August	2,271	166	321	201	50	1,864	109
September	2,194	150	165	260	47	1,871	114
October	2,133	183	-103	309	37	2,073	111
November	2,041	177	-466	377	41	2,265	97
December	2,086	159	-352	355	56	2,186	86
Average	2,156	166	-19	278	51	2,012	86
997 January	2,009	193	-543	344	36	2,365	69
February	2,072	178	-450	321	78	2,301	57
March	2,210	163	214	244	62	1,854	63
April	2,355	169	349	211	41	1,923	74
May	2,364	161	481	200	40	1,804	89
June	2,369	160	534	203	43	1,748	105
July	2,331	151	433	195	56	1,798	118
August	2,348	175	408	190	37	1,888	131
September	2,196	150	54	247	29	2,017	133
October	2,074	168	-100	302	42	1,998	129
November	1,926	155	-535	345	66	2,206	113
December	2,020	205	-770	354	74	2,567	89
Average	2,190	169	9	263	50	2,038	89
998 January	2,017	202	-522	356	53	2,331	73
February	2,105	277	-166	320	52	2,177	69
March	2,266	192	16	241	41	2,161	69
April	2,397	234	497	203	39	1,892	84
May	2,318	219	723	200	31	1,582	106
June	2,228	249	538	202	28	1,709	123
July	2,093	199	331	194	34	1,732	133
August 8-Month Average	2,188 2,202	196 220	398 229	199 239	25 38	1,762 1,916	145 145
_							
997 8-Month Average 996 8-Month Average	2,259 2,177	169 165	184 67	238 255	49 53	1,957	131 109

^a A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.
 ^b Stocks are totals as of end of period.
 ^c See Note 4 at end of section.
 ^d See Note 6 at end of section.

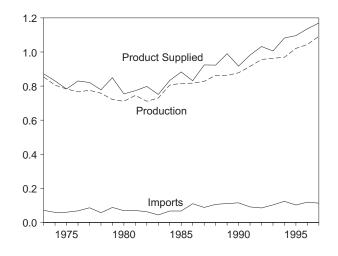
Notes: • Liquefied petroleum gases include ethane, ethylene, propane,

propylene, normal butane, butylene, isobutane and isobutylene.
Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Sources: • 1973-1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 1993, Table S8. • 1981 forward: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, October 1998, Table S9.

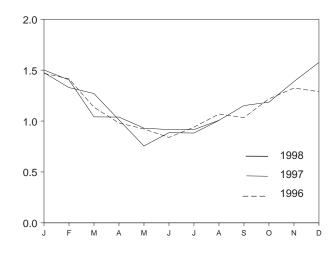
Figure 3.7 Propane and Propylene

(Million Barrels per Day, Except as Noted)

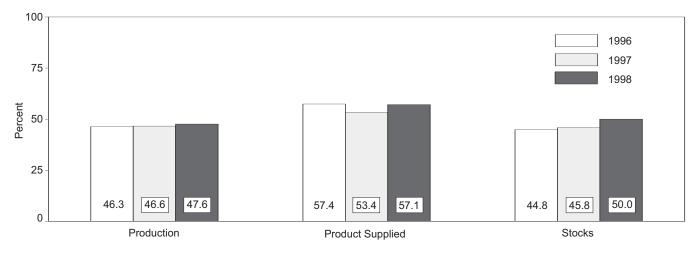
Overview, 1973-1997



Product Supplied, Monthly



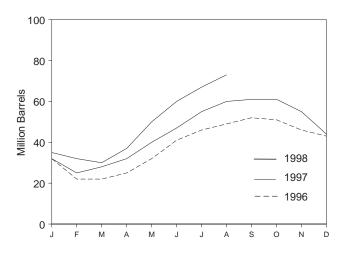
Share of Liquefied Petroleum Gases, August



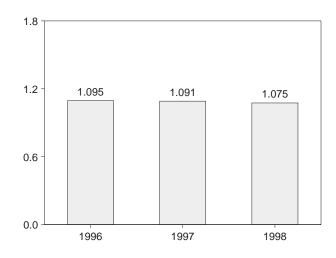
Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Sources: Table 3.9 and, for calculation of shares, data prior to rounding for publication in Tables 3.8 and 3.9.

Stocks, End of Month



Product Supplied, January-August



Total Imports Stock Change ³ Refinery mputs Exports Product Supplied Ending Supplied 1973 Average 854 71 30 8 15 572 657 1974 Average 805 59 11 9 14 530 69 1974 Average 783 66 32 12 13 783 61 1977 Average 775 86 21 10 10 821 61 1977 Average 775 86 21 10 10 821 64 1977 Average 775 78 57 15 13 9 775 64 1987 Average 730 44 6-24 4 43 751 64 1988 Average 806 67 7 4 30 833 83 1988 Average 823 166 7 8 31 923 50 1988 Average 826 116		Sup	ply		Dispo	sition		
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8-Month Average 1,058 156 117 0 22 1,075 73 1997 8-Month Average 1,082 109 69 0 30 1,091 60								
	1997 8-Month Average	1,082	109	69	0	30	1,091	60

Table 3.9 Propane and Propylene Supply and Disposition (A Subset of Table 3.8)

^a A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase. ^b Stocks are totals as of end of period.

^c See Note 4 at end of section.

(s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: • 1973 through 1975: U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Mines, *Mineral Industry Surveys*, "Petroleum Statement, Annual." • 1976 through 1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Energy Data Reports*, Petroleum Statement, Annual." • 1981 forward: EIA, *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, October 1998, Table S8.

	Sup	ply		Dispo	osition		
	Total Production	Imports	Stock Change ^a	Refinery Inputs	Exports	Products Supplied	Ending Stocks ^b
			Thousand Ba	arrels per Day			Million Barrels
1973 Average	2,833	290	1	750	162	2.211	179
1974 Average	2,722	269	25	665	172	2,129	° 188
1975 Average	2,547	144	°-6	537	158	2,001	188
1976 Average	2,725	129	(s)	524	172	2,158	188
1977 Average	2,939	130	20	514	164	2,371	195
1978 Average	3,076	80	-12	492	165	2,511	191
1979 Average	3,141	116	24	352	208	2,673	200
1980 Average	2,957	130	15	310	197	2,566	c 205
	2,937	188	^c -42	723	197	2,081	203
1981 Average	2,475	305	-68	723	205	^d 1,857	²⁴¹ 216
1982 Average	,	382	с-6	712	205		° 216 ° 217
1983 Average	2,437	503	°-32	791		1,877	
1984 Average	2,500				236	2,007	198
1985 Average	2,532	550	22	886	227	1,947	206
1986 Average	2,704	504 542	-15	888	291	2,045	201
1987 Average	2,737	543	-1	829	264	2,187	200
1988 Average	2,773	645	22	799	294	2,303	208
1989 Average	2,771	627	12	797	305	2,285	213
1990 Average	2,842	705	-32	887	289	2,402	201
1991 Average	2,826	675	18	936	277	2,269	208
1992 Average	2,928	707	-3	906	263	2,470	^c 207
1993 Average	^e 3,035	770	^c -2	1,081	^e 300	^e 2,426	206
1994 Average	2,973	761	24	861	329	2,518	215
1995 Average	3,031	708	-23	958	348	2,457	206
1996 January	2,833	873	448	613	335	2,311	220
February	2,817	745	-18	872	388	2,320	219
March	2,983	820	122	759	315	2,607	223
April	3,108	828	174	841	421	2,500	228
May	3,128	852	-45	1,010	427	2,588	227
June	3,227	923	-203	1,207	399	2,748	221
July	3,223	862	-170	1,131	361	2,764	216
August	3,332	907	-311	1,289	448	2,812	206
September	3,306	751	-56	1,083	410	2,620	200
	3,146	1,068	-84	1,023	323	2,952	204
October	3,093	928	-34		366		202
November			-34 42	1,113	321	2,576	201
December	3,088	982		1,224		2,485	
Average	3,108	879	-11	1,014	376	2,608	202
1997 January	2,945	1,154	354	831	403	2,511	213
February	2,953	1,010	239	944	332	2,448	220
March	3,078	955	514	697	391	2,431	236
April	3,136	1,054	-122	1,203	395	2,715	232
May	3,329	1,156	127	1,089	446	2,823	236
June	3,355	936	-468	1,345	417	2,997	222
July	3,402	903	-214	1,069	380	3,069	215
August	3,426	886	-83	994	460	2,940	213
September	3,390	836	101	841	450	2,834	216
October	3,227	957	-87	915	381	2,976	213
November	3,078	754	-7	919	369	2,551	213
December	3,113	744	3	981	396	2,476	213
Average	3,204	945	30	985	402	2,733	213
1000	2.000	305		005	070	0.004	000
1998 January	3,030	765 760	369	695 623	370	2,361	226
February	3,042		396	623	360	2,422	237
March	3,023	736	245	751	358	2,405	245
April	3,138	916	-133	1,195	360	2,634	241
May	3,263	974	-84	1,143	377	2,801	238
June	3,298	940	-146	1,118	412	2,855	234
July	3,451	799	-252	1,142	431	2,930	226
August	3,574	697	-18	951	300	3,038	225
8-Month Average	3,230	823	44	955	371	2,683	225
1997 8-Month Average	3,206	1,007	44	1,020	404	2,745	213

Table 3.10 Other Petroleum Products Supply and Disposition

^a A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number b Stocks are totals as of end of period.
 c See Note 4 at end of section.
 d See Note 6 at end of section.

 Beginning in 1993, other petroleum products production, exports, and products supplied include an adjustment to oxygenates and motor gasoline blending components.

(s)=Less than +500 barrels per day and greater than -500 barrels per day.

Other petroleum products include pentanes plus, other Notes: . hydrocarbons and alcohol, unfinished oils, gasoline blending components, and all finished petroleum products except finished motor gasoline, distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, jet fuel, liquefied petroleum gases, and crude oil that is used as fuel. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: • **1973-1980**: Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Petroleum Supply Monthly,* February 1993, Table S9. • **1981 forward:** EIA, *Petroleum Supply Monthly,* October 1998, Table S10.

Petroleum Notes

1. The Energy Information Administration (EIA) uses a number of sources and methods to maintain the survey respondent lists. On a regular basis, survey managers review such industry publications as the *Oil and Gas Journal* and *Oil Daily* for information on facilities or companies starting up or closing down operations. Those sources are augmented by articles in newspapers, letters from respondents indicating changes in status, and information received from survey systems.

To supplement routine frames maintenance and to provide more thorough coverage, a comprehensive frames investigation is conducted every 3 years. This investigation results in the reassessment and recompilation of the complete frame for each survey. The effort also includes the evaluation of the impact of potential frame changes on the historical time series of data from these respondents. The results of this frame study are usually implemented in January to provide a full year under the same frame.

In 1991, the EIA conducted a frame identifier survey of companies that produce, blend, store, or import oxygenates. A summary of the results from the identification survey was published in the *Weekly Petroleum Status Report* dated February 12, 1992, and in the February 1992 issue of the *Petroleum Supply Monthly*. In order to continue to provide relevant information about U.S. and regional gasoline supply, the EIA conducted a second frame identifier survey of those companies during 1992. As a result, numerous respondents were added to the monthly surveys effective in January 1993. See Explanatory Note 7 in the *Petroleum Supply Monthly*.

2. Motor Gasoline: Beginning in January 1981, the EIA expanded its universe to include non-refinery blenders and separated blending components from finished motor gasoline as a reporting category. Also, survey forms were modified to describe refinery operations more accurately.

Beginning with the reporting of January 1993 data, the EIA made adjustments to the product supplied series for finished motor gasoline. It was recognized that motor gasoline statistics published by the EIA through 1992 were underreported because the reporting system was (1) not collecting all fuel ethanol blending, and (2) there was a misreporting of motor gasoline blending components that were blended into finished gasoline. The adjustments are incorporated into EIA's data beginning in January 1993. To facilitate data analysis across the 1992-1993 period, EIA has prepared a table of 1992 data adjusted according to the 1993 basis. See *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, March 1993, Table H3.

3. Distillate and Residual Fuel Oils: The requirement to report crude oil in pipelines or burned on leases as either distillate or residual fuel oil has been eliminated. Prior to January 1981, the refinery input of unfinished oils typically exceeded the available supply of unfin-

ished oils. That discrepancy was assumed to be due to the redesignation of distillate and residual fuel oils received as such but used as unfinished oil inputs by the receiving refinery. The imbalance between supply and disposition of unfinished oils would then be subtracted from the production of distillate and residual fuel oils. Two-thirds of that difference was subtracted from distillate and one-third from residual. Beginning in January 1981, the EIA modified its survey forms to account for redesignated product and discontinued the abovementioned adjustment.

Beginning in January 1993, the end-of-month stocks of distillate fuel oil are split into two sulfur categories (0.05 percent sulfur or less and greater than 0.05 percent sulfur) to meet Environmental Protection Agency requirements effective in October 1992. For further details, see the EIA, *Petroleum Supply Monthly*.

4. New Stock Basis: In January 1975, 1979, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to bulk terminal and pipeline surveys, affecting subsequent stocks reported and stock change calculations. Using the expanded coverage (new basis), the end-of-year stocks, in million barrels, would have been:

- Crude Oil: 1982—645 (Total) and 351 (Other Primary).
- Crude Oil and Petroleum Products: 1974—1,121; 1980—1,425; and 1982—1,461.
- Motor Gasoline: 1974—225; 1980—263 (Total) and 214 (Finished); 1982—244 (Total) and 202 (Finished).
- Distillate Fuel Oil: 1974—224; 1980—205; and 1982—186.
- Residual Fuel Oil: 1974—75; 1980—91; and 1982—69.
- Jet Fuel: 1974—30 (Total) and 24 (Kerosene Type); 1980—42 (Total) and 36 (Kerosene Type); and 1982—39 (Total) and 32 (Kerosene Type).
- Liquefied Petroleum Gases: 1974—113; 1978 —136; 1980—128; and 1982—102.
- Propane and Propylene: 1978—86; 1980—69; and 1982—57.
- Other Petroleum Products: 1974—190; 1980 —207; and 1982—219.

Stock change calculations beginning in 1975, 1979, 1981, and 1983 were made by using new basis stock levels.

In January 1984, changes were made in the reporting of natural gas liquids. As a result, unfractionated stream, which was formerly included in the "Other Petroleum Products Supply and Disposition" table, is now reported on a component basis (ethane, propane, normal butane, isobutane, and pentanes plus). Most of these stocks now appear in the "Liquefied Petroleum Gases Supply and Disposition" table. This change affects stocks reported and stock change calculations in each table. Under the new basis, end-of-year 1983 stocks, in million barrels, would have been:

- Liquefied Petroleum Gases: 1983—108.
- Propane and Propylene: 1983—55.
- Other Petroleum Products: 1983–210.

In January 1993, changes were made in the monthly surveys to begin collecting bulk terminal and pipeline stocks of oxygenates. This change affected stocks reported and stock change calculations. However, a new basis stock level was not calculated for 1992 end-of-year stocks.

5. Stocks of Alaskan Crude Oil: Stocks of Alaskan Crude oil in transit were included for the first time in

January 1981. The major impact of this change is on the reporting of stock change calculations. Using the expanded coverage (new basis), 1980 end-of-year stocks, in million barrels, would have been 488 (Total) and 380 (Other Primary).

6. Data Discrepancies: Due to differences internal to EIA data processing systems, some small discrepancies exist between data in the *Monthly Energy Review (MER)* and the *Petroleum Supply Annual (PSA)* and *Petroleum Supply Monthly (PSM)*. The data that have discrepancies are footnoted in Section 3 tables and summarized here.

Table	Data Series	Year Average	<i>MER</i> Data	PSA and PSM Data
3.1a 3.1b 3.1b 3.2a 3.2a 3.2a 3.2a 3.2a 3.2a 3.2b 3.2b 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.8 3.10	Natural Gas Plant Production Exports, Total Exports, Petroleum Products Net Imports Crude Used Directly Imports, SPR Crude Used Directly Crude Used Directly Crude Used Directly Crude Losses Crude Losses Stock Change Stock Change Total Production Products Supplied	1976 1979 1979 1976 1978 1978 1978 1979 1980 1976 1980 1974 1975 1982 1982	1,604 471 236 7,985 -19 161 -15 -14 -14 14 14 14 10 -41 1,527 1,857	1,603 472 237 7,984 -18 162 -14 -13 -13 15 15 9 -40 1,525 1,856

Section 4. Natural Gas

Total dry natural gas production in the United States during September 1998 was forecast as 1.6 trillion cubic feet, 1 percent higher than production during the previous September. During the first 9 months of 1998, natural gas production was estimated as 14.2 trillion cubic feet, 1 percent higher than the first 9 months of 1997.

Consumption of natural and supplemental gas in September 1998 was forecast as 1.5 trillion cubic feet, slightly higher than the level in September 1997.

Deliveries to residential consumers in September 1998 were forecast as 130 billion cubic feet, the same as the previous September's deliveries. Total deliveries to industrial consumers during September 1998 were forecast as 690 billion cubic feet, slightly higher than the previous September's level.

Net imports of natural gas in September 1998 were forecast as 231 billion cubic feet, 2 percent higher than net imports in the previous September.

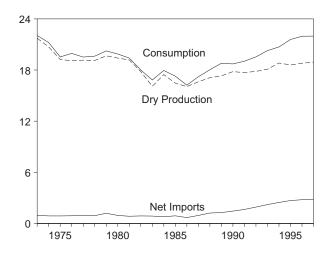
Stocks of working gas¹ in underground natural gas storage reservoirs at the end of September 1998 were forecast as 2.9 trillion cubic feet, 9 percent above the level of stocks available 1 year earlier. Net injections to storage during September 1998 were forecast as 230 billion cubic feet, 32 percent lower than the amount of net injections during the previous September.

¹Gas available for withdrawal.

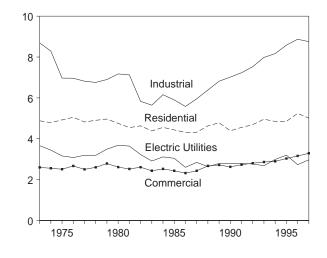
Figure 4.1 Natural Gas

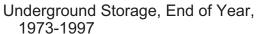
(Trillion Cubic Feet)

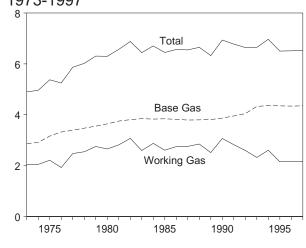
Overview, 1973-1997



Consumption by Sector, 1973-1997

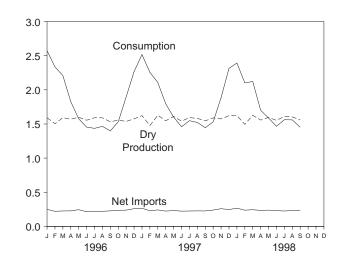




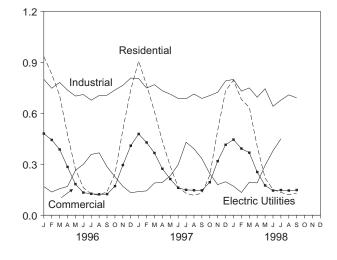


Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Tables 4.1, 4.3, 4.4, and 4.5.

Overview, Monthly



Consumption by Sector, Monthly



Underground Storage, End of Month

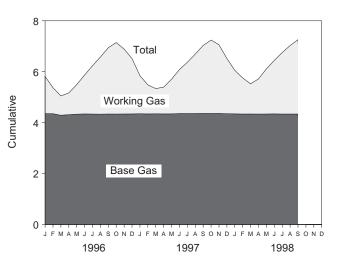


Table 4.1 **Natural Gas Overview**

(Billion Cubic Feet)

	Dry Gas Production ^a	Supplemental Gaseous Fuels ^b	Net Imports ^c	Net Withdrawals From Storage ^d	Balancing Item ^e	Consumption ^f
1973 Total	^g 21,731	NA	956	-442	-196	22,049
1974 Total	⁹ 20,713	NA	882	-84	-289	21,223
1975 Total	⁹ 19,236	NA	880	-344	-235	19,538
1976 Total	^g 19,098	NA	899	165	-235	19,946
1977 Total	⁹ 19,163	NA	955	-557	-210	19,521
1978 Total	⁹ 19,122	NA	913	-120	-287	19,627
1979 Total	^g 19,663	NA	1,198	-248	-372	20,241
1980 Total	19,403	155	936	-240	-640	19,877
1980 Total	,	176	845	-297	-500	,
	19,181					19,404
1982 Total	17,820	145	882	-308	9-537	18,001
1983 Total	16,094	132	864	447	⁹ -703	16,835
1984 Total	17,466	110	788	-197	-217	17,951
1985 Total	16,454	126	894	235	-428	17,281
1986 Total	16,059	113	689	-147	-493	16,221
1987 Total	16,621	101	939	-6	-444	17,211
1988 Total	17,103	101	1,220	59	-453	18,030
1989 Total	17,311	107	1,275	326	-218	18,801
1990 Total	17,810	123	1,447	-513	-149	18,716
1991 Total	17,698	113	1,644	80	-500	19,035
1992 Total	17,840	118	1,921	173	-508	19,544
1993 Total	18,095	119	2,210	-36	-110	20,279
1994 Total 1995 Total	18,821 18,599	111 110	2,462 2,687	-286 415	-400 -230	20,708 21,581
	-,		,			,
1996 January	1,591	12	249	723	-2	2,574
February	1,504	11	221	462	138	2,335
March	1,592	11	226	333	46	2,209
April	1,570	9	227	-119	139	1,826
May	1,598	6	244	-339	67	1,576
June	1,555	8	214	-388	65	1,454
July	1,591	8	222	-382	-3	1,436
August	1,590	8	221	-358	4	1,465
September	1,531	8	227	-379	12	1,399
October	1,558	9	236	-210	-62	1,531
November	1,537	10	238	272	-161	1,896
December	1,576	10	259	387	34	2,266
Total	18,793	109	2,784	2	279	21,967
1997 January	^E 1.622	^E 13	266	684	-68	2,516
February	E 1,477	E 11	228	358	181	2,256
March	E 1.628	E 10	241	155	74	2,108
April	E 1,547	Eg	224	-58	73	1,795
May	E 1,610	Eg	232	-321	70	1,601
June	E 1,541	E7	223	-364	52	1,459
July	E 1,593	E8	225	-281	2	1,548
August	E 1,582	Eg	227	-322	26	1,522
September	E 1,546	E7	226	-336	0	1,445
October	E 1,589	Eg	239	-211	-95	1,531
November	^E 1,574	E 11	259	189	-148	1,885
December	E 1,621	E 12	239	533	-98	2,314
Total	E 18,930	E 116	2,837	27	69	21,979
1008 January	^E 1,625	^E 12	267	466	23	
1998 January	E 1,494	E 10		466 299	23 63	2,393
February	^{RE} 1,627	E 11	237		^R -2	2,102
March	^{RE} 1,557	E 9	244 E 224	241	R 100	2,122 B 1 701
April	^{RE} 1,596	E 8	^E 234 ^{RE} 238	-198	^R 139	^R 1,701 ^R 1,587
May		E 7		-393	^R -2	
June	E 1,553	E 9	RE 231	-323 ^R -314	R 31	^R 1,466
July	E 1,611	F 9	E 225		F_9	RF 1,562
August	F 1,603		F 232	F-275		F 1,560
September	F 1,561	F 9 F 9 4	F 231	F-230	F-118	F 1,452
9-Month Total	^E 14,226	^E 84	^E 2,137	^E -726	E 225	^E 15,946
1997 9-Month Total	^E 14,147	E 84	2,093	-485	411	16,249
1996 9-Month Total	14,122	81	2,052	-447	466	16,273

a "Marketed Production (Wet)" minus "Extraction Loss." See Table 4.2.

^b See Note 4 at end of section.

^b See Note 4 at end of section.
 ^c "Imports" minus "Exports." See Table 4.3.
 ^d "Withdrawals" minus "Injections." Data for 1980-1996 cover underground storage and liquefied natural gas storage. All other time periods cover underground storage only. See also Note 8 at end of section.
 ^e See Note 7 at end of section. Since 1980, excludes transit shipments that cross the U.S.-Canada border (i.e., natural gas delivered to its destination with the periods.

via the other country). ^f See Note 6 at end of section.

^g May include unknown quantities of nonhydrocarbon gases.

R=Revised. NA=Not available. E=Estimate. F=Forecast.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. . Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: • 1973-1991: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Natural Gas Annual 1996, Table 100. • 1992 forward: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, September 1998, Table 2, except for Balancing Item and Consumption, which incorporate the most current electric utilities data from Table 4.4 of this report. Forecast values are derived from EIA's Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System. See Note 9 at end of section.

Table 4.2 Natural Gas Production

(Billion Cubic Feet)

	Gross Withdrawals ^a	Repressuring ^b	Nonhydro- carbon Gases Removed ^c	Vented and Flared ^d	Marketed Production (Wet) ^e	Extraction Loss ^f	Total Dry Gas Production
				1			
973 Total	24,067	1,171	NA	248	^h 22,648	917	^h 21,731
974 Total	22,850	1,080	NA	169	^h 21,601	887	^h 20,713
975 Total	21,104	861	NA	134	^h 20,109	872	^h 19,236
976 Total	20,944	859	NA	132	^h 19,952	854	^h 19,098
977 Total	21,097	935	NA	137	^h 20,025	863	^h 19,163
978 Total	21,309	1,181	NA	153	^h 19,974	852	^h 19,122
979 Total	21,883	1,245	NA	167	^h 20,471	808	^h 19,663
980 Total	21,870	1,365	199	125	20,180	777	19,403
981 Total	21,587	1,312	222	98	19,956	775	19,181
982 Total	20,272	1,388	208	93	18,582	762	17,820
983 Total	18,659	1,458	222	95	16,884	790	16,094
984 Total	20,267	1,630	224	108	18,304	838	17,466
985 Total	19,607	1,915	326	95	17,270	816	16,454
986 Total	19,131	1,838	337	98	16,859	800	16,059
987 Total	20,140	2,208	376	124	17,433	812	16,621
988 Total	20,999	2,478	460	143	17,918	816	17,103
989 Total	21,074	2,475	362	143	18,095	785	17,311
	21,523	,	289	142		785	
990 Total		2,489			18,594		17,810
991 Total	21,750	2,772	276	170	18,532	835	17,698
992 Total	22,132	2,973	280	168	18,712	872	17,840
993 Total	22,726	3,103	414	227	18,982	886	18,095
994 Total	23,581	3,231	412	228	19,710	889	18,821
995 Total	23,744	3,565	388	284	19,506	908	18,599
996 January	2,052	310	44	26	1,673	81	1,591
February	1,941	294	41	24	1,580	77	1,504
March	2,054	313	45	23	1,674	81	1,592
April	2,003	289	42	22	1,650	80	1,570
May	2,025	281	42	23	1,679	81	1,598
June	1,962	276	36	16	1,634	79	1,555
July	2,008	271	42	24	1,672	81	1,591
	2,000	281	45	24	1,671	81	1,590
August							
September	1,958	283	44	22	1,609	78	1,531
October	2,011	306	44	23	1,638	79	1,558
November	1,984	299	47	23	1,615	78	1,537
December	2,032	307	46	23	1,656	80	1,576
Total	24,052	3,510	518	272	19,751	958	18,793
97 January	E 2,094	E 327	^E 41	E 21	^E 1,704	E 83	^E 1,622
February	^E 1,910	^E 301	E 38	^E 19	^E 1,553	E 75	^E 1,477
March	E 2,098	E 322	E 43	^E 23	^E 1,711	E 83	^E 1,628
April	E 1,985	^E 296	^E 42	E 21	E 1,626	^E 79	^E 1,547
May	E 2.070	E 313	^E 42	^E 21	E 1,693	E 82	^E 1,610
June	E 1,975	E 294	E 40	E 21	E 1,620	E 79	E 1,541
July	E 2,032	E 295	E 42	E 22	E 1,674	E 81	E 1.593
August	E 2.009	E 283	E 42	E 22	E 1.663	E 81	E 1,582
	E 1,983	E 295	E 42	E 21	^E 1,625	E 79	^E 1,546
September							
October	E 2,054	E 318	E 44	E 23	E 1,669	E 81	E 1,589
November	E 2,026	E 308	E 43	E 22	^E 1,654	E 80	^E 1,574
December	_ ^E 2,106	_ ^E 334	_ ^E 44	_ ^E 24	_ ^E 1,704	_ ^E 83	_ ^E 1,621
Total	E 24,342	^E 3,685	^E 503	^E 258	^E 19,895	E 965	^E 18,930
98 January	E 2,107	E 331	E 45	E 22	E 1,708	E 83	E 1,625
February	E 1,923	E 293	^E 41	E 19	^E 1,570	E 76	E 1,494
March	^{RE} 2,097	E 320	^E 45	E 22	^{RE} 1,710	E 83	^{RE} 1,627
April	^{RE} 1,986	E 285	^E 43	^E 21	^{RE} 1.636	E 79	^{RE} 1,557
May	^{RE} 1,999	^{RE} 260	^{RE} 42	^{RE} 19	^{RE} 1,677	^{RE} 81	^{RE} 1,596
June	^{RE} 1,976	RE 281	RE 42	^{RE} 20	E 1,632	E 79	E 1,553
July	E 2,041	E 283	E 44	E 21	E 1.693	E 82	E 1,611
					F 1,685	F 82	F 1,603
August	NA	NA	NA	NA			
September	NA	NA	NA	NA	F 1,640	F 80	^F 1,561
9-Month Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	^E 14,951	^E 725	^E 14,226
97 9-Month Total	^E 18,156	^E 2,725	^E 373	E 190	E 14,868	^E 721	^E 14,147

^a Gas withdrawn from gas and oil wells.

^b The injection of natural gas into oil and gas formations for pressure maintenance and cycling purposes.

 ^c See Note 1 at end of section.
 ^d Vented: Natural gas released into the air on the base site or at processing plants. Flared: Natural gas burned in flares on the base site or at

^e "Gross Withdrawals" minus "Repressuring," "Nonhydrocarbon Gases
 Removed," and "Vented and Flared." See Note 2 at end of section.

^f See Note 3 at end of section.

^g "Marketed Production (Wet)" minus "Extraction Loss."

h May include unknown quantities of nonhydrocarbon gases.

R=Revised. NA=Not available. E=Estimate. F=Forecast.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. . Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: • 1973-1991: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Natural Gas Annual 1996, Table 99. • 1992 forward: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, September 1998, Table 1. Forecast values are derived from EIA's Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System. See Note 9 at end of section.

Table 4.3 Natural Gas Trade by Country

(Billion Cubic Feet)

			Imp	oorts				Exp	orts	
	Algeria a	Australia ^a	Canada ^b	Mexico ^b	United Arab Emirates ^a	Total	Canada ^b	Japan a	Mexico ^b	Tota
973 Total	3	0	1,028	2	0	1.033	15	48	14	77
974 Total	Ő	Ō	959	(s)	Ő	959	13	50	13	77
975 Total	5	ŏ	948	0	ŏ	953	10	53	9	73
976 Total	10	Ő	954	ŏ	ŏ	964	8	50	7	65
977 Total	11	0	997	2	0	1,011		50	4	56
						,	(s)		-	
978 Total	84	0	881	0	0	966	(s)	48	4	53
979 Total	253	0	1,001	0	0	1,253	(s)	51	4	56
980 Total	86	0	797	102	0	985	(s)	45	4	49
981 Total	37	0	762	105	0	904	(s)	56	3	59
982 Total	55	0	783	95	0	933	(s)	50	2	52
983 Total	131	0	712	75	0	918	(s)	53	2	55
984 Total	36	0	755	52	0	843	(s)	53	2	55
985 Total	24	0	926	0	0	950	(s)	53	2	55
986 Total	0	Ō	749	Ō	Ō	^c 750	9	50	2	61
987 Total	Ő	ŏ	993	Ő	ŏ	993	3	49	2	54
022 Total	17	-		0	0				2	
988 Total		0	1,276			1,294	20	52		
989 Total	42	0	1,339	0	0	1,382	38	51	17	107
990 Total	84	0	1,448	0	0	1,532	17	53	16	86
991 Total	64	0	1,710	0	0	1,773	15	54	60	129
992 Total	43	0	2,094	0	0	2,138	68	53	96	216
993 Total	82	0	2,267	2	0	2,350	45	56	40	140
994 Total	51	0	2,566	7	0	2,624	53	63	47	162
995 Total	18	0	2,816	7	0	2,841	28	65	61	154
996 January	2	0	260	1	0	264	7	6	2	14
February	3	0	231	1	0	234	5	6	2	13
March	3	0	238	1	0	242	7	6	3	15
April	5	0	231	1	0	237	2	6	2	1(
May	3	0	246	4	0	252	3	4	2	8
June	0	0	226	1	0	227	3	6	3	12
July	3	0	233	1	0	237	4	8	3	14
August	3	0	235	(s)	0	238	2	6	9	17
September	0	0	234	1	3	238	3	6	2	11
October	5	0 0	241	1	0	248	4	6	2	12
November	5	0	246	1	0	252	7	6	2	14
December	5	0	264	(s)	2	271	5	6	2	13
Total	35	0	2,883	14	5	2,937	52	68	34	153
997 January	8	0	267	2	2	278	4	6	2	12
February	8	0	230	3	0	241	5	6	2	12
March	3	0	251	3	0	257	9	6	1	16
April	3	0	235	(s)	0	238	5	6	3	14
	3	2	234	2	0	242	4	4	2	1(
June	5	0	225	2	Ő	232	3	4	3	10
July	5	0	229	1	Ő	236	3	4	3	10
							-			
August	8	0	237	(s)	0	245	4	8	6	18
September	5	2	232	(s)	0	239	3	4	6	13
October	5	0	246	1	0	252	2	6	4	12
November	8	5	258	2	0	272	6	6	2	1:
December	8	0	253	2	0	263	7	6	4	17
Total	66	10	2,899	17	2	2,994	56	62	38	15
998 January	10	0	273	(s)	0	283	5	7	4	17
February	8	2	235	3	0	248	4	4	3	1
March	5	ō	258	(s)	Ő	264	8	7	4	19
April	3	0	242	E 3	0	E 248	E 6	6	E 2	E 14
			^R 242	= 3 E 1		⁻ 248 ^{RE} 251	= 6 E 6		= 2 E 5	E 13
May	8	0			0			2		- 13 p=
June	5	2	RE 236	EO	0	RE 244	RE 3	6	E5	RE 13
July 7-Month Total	5 43	0 5	^E 234 ^E 1,721	E1 E 8	0 0	^E 240 E 1,777	^E 4 ^E 35	6 38	^E 6 ^E 30	E 14 E 10 3
	43	5	1,121	- 0	U	1,777	- 35	30	30	10.
97 7-Month Total	33	2	1,673	13	2	1,723	34	34	16	8
96 7-Month Total	17	0	1,663	11	0	1,691	31	39	17	8

^a As liquefied natural gas.

^b By pipeline, except for very small amounts of liquefied natural gas imported from Canada in 1973, 1977 and 1981. See Note 5 at end of section. ^c Includes 2 billion cubic feet of liquefied natural gas from Indonesia. R=Revised. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than 500 million cubic feet.

Notes: • See Note 5 at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of

components due to independent rounding. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Sources: • 1973-1991: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form

FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas."
1992 forward: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, September 1998, Tables 5 and 6.

Table 4.4 Natural Gas Consumption by End-Use Sector

(Billion Cubic Feet)

				De	elivered to Co	onsumers		-	
	Lease and Plant Fuel	Pipeline Fuel ^a	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Vehicles	Electric Utilities	Total	Total Consumption
1973 Total	1,496	728	4,879	2,597	8,689	NA	3,660	19,825	22,049
1974 Total	1,477	669	4,786	2,556	8,292	NA	3,443	19,077	21,223
1975 Total	1,396	583	4,924	2,508	6,968	NA	3,158	17,558	19,538
1976 Total	1,634	548	5,051	2,668	6,964	NA	3,081	17,764	19,946
1977 Total	1,659	533	4,821	2,501	6,815	NA	3,191	17,329	19,521
1978 Total	1,648	530	4,903	2,601	6,757	NA	3,188	17,449	19,627
1979 Total	1,499	601	4,965	2,786	6,899	NA	3,491	18,141	20,241
	,							,	
1980 Total	1,026	635	4,752	2,611	7,172	NA	3,682	18,216 17.834	19,877
981 Total	928	642	4,546	2,520	7,128	NA	3,640	,	19,404
982 Total	1,109	596	4,633	2,606	5,831	NA	3,226	16,295	18,001
1983 Total	978	490	4,381	2,433	5,643	NA	2,911	15,367	16,835
1984 Total	1,077	529	4,555	2,524	6,154	NA	3,111	16,345	17,951
1985 Total	966	504	4,433	2,432	5,901	NA	3,044	15,811	17,281
1986 Total	923	485	4,314	2,318	5,579	NA	2,602	14,814	16,221
1987 Total	1,149	519	4,315	2,430	5,953	NA	2,844	15,542	17,211
1988 Total	1,096	614	4,630	2,670	6,383	NA	2,636	16,320	18,030
1989 Total	1,070	629	4,781	2,718	6,816	NA	2,787	17,102	18,801
1990 Total	1,236	660	4,391	2,623	7,018	(s)	2,787	16,820	18,716
1991 Total	1,129	601	4,556	2,729	7,231	(s)	2,789	17,305	19,035
1992 Total	1,171	588	4,690	2,803	7,527	(3)	2,766	17,786	19,544
1993 Total	1,172	624	4,956	2,862	7,981	1	2,682	18,483	20,279
1994 Total	1,124	685	4,848	2,895	8,167	2	2,987	18,899	20,708
1995 Total	1,220	700	4,850	3,031	8,580	3	3,197	19,660	21,581
1996 January	106	85	934	480	800	NA	168	2,382	2,574
	100	77	831	443	747	NA	137	2,002	2,335
February		72							
March	106		705	387	781	NA	156	2,030	2,209
April	104	59	474	284	736	NA	170	1,663	1,826
May	106	50	271	183	701	NA	264	1,420	1,576
June	102	46	162	133	710	NA	299	1,305	1,454
July	105	46	124	126	677	NA	358	1,285	1,436
August	105	47	118	123	704	NA	367	1,312	1,465
September	102	45	138	124	706	NA	285	1,253	1,399
October	104	49	243	171	737	NA	226	1,378	1,531
November	103	62	503	295	764	NA	170	1,732	1,896
December	105	74	738	409	807	NA	132	2,086	2,266
Total	1,250	711	5,241	3,158	8,870	3	2,732	20,005	21,967
1997 January	^E 107	82	907	478	804	NA	139	2,328	2,516
February	^E 97	73	767	428	748	NA	143	2,086	2,256
March	E 107	68	609	366	768	NA	190	1,933	2,108
April	E 102	58	436	273	732	NA	193	1,635	1,795
May	E 106	52	288	213	712	NA	232	1,443	1,601
June	E 101	47	165	161	687	NA	297	1,310	1,459
July	E 105	50	129	149	685	NA	429	1,393	1,548
	^E 105	50 49	129	149	713	NA	429 391		1,546
August	^E 104							1,368	,
September	= 102 E 405	47	130	146	687	NA	333	1,296	1,445
October	E 105	50	235	194	704	NA	244	1,377	1,531
November	E 104	61	499	318	723	NA	180	1,720	1,885
December Total	^E 107 E 1,245	75 712	732 5,014	414 3,286	790 8,753	NA NA	197 2,968	2,133 20,022	2,314 21,979
				-	-				
1998 January	^E 107	78	794	445	799	NA	171	2,209	2,393
February	^E 98	68	681	392	730	NA	134	1,936	2,102
March	^E 107	69	635	368	749	NA	194	1,946	2,122
April	^E 102	55	405	254	694	NA	190	1,543	^R 1,701
May	^{RE} 105	51	219	175	744	NA	293	1,431	^R 1,587
June	^{RE} 102	^R 47	^R 151	^R 145	^R 641	NA	379	^R 1,316	^R 1,466
July	F 103	F 50	F 134	F 148	F 677	NA	^R 449	^{RF} 1,408	^{RF} 1,562
August	F 103	F 48	F 120	^F 145	F 708	NA	NA	F 1,409	F 1,560
September	F 101	F 48	F 130	^F 148	F 690	NA	NA	F 1,304	^F 1,452
9-Month Total	E 929	E 515	E 3,269	E 2,220	^E 6,431	NA	NA	E 14,502	E 15,946
1997 9-Month Total	^E 931	526	3,548	2,361	6,536	NA	2,347	14,792	16,249
1996 9-Month Total	938	527	3,758	2,283	6,562	NA	2,204	14,807	16,273

^a Natural gas consumed in the operation of pipelines, primarily in compressors.

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{R}}\xspace$ Revised. NA=Not available. E=Estimate. F=Forecast. (s)=Less than 500 million cubic feet.

Notes: • Natural gas includes supplemental gaseous fuels. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Sources: • 1973-1991: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Natural Gas Annual 1996, Table 101. • 1992 forward: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, September 1998, Table 3, except for the electric utilities values, which come from Table 7.3 of this report, and columns 8 and 9, which incorporate the values from column 7. Forecast values are derived from EIA's Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

Table 4.5 Natural Gas in Underground Storage

(Volumes in Billion Cubic Feet)

	U	Natural Gas in nderground Storag End of Period	e,	Change in W from Sam Previou	e Period	s	torage Activity	
-	Base Gas	Working Gas	Total ^a	Volume	Percent	Withdrawals	Injections	Net ^{b,c}
973 Total	2,864	2,034	4,898	305	17.6	1,533	1,974	-442
974 Total	2,912	2,050	4,962	16	.8	1,701	1,784	-84
975 Total	3,162	2,030	5,374	162	7.9	1,760	2,104	-344
	,	,				,	,	
976 Total	3,323	1,926	5,250	-286	-12.9	1,921	1,756	165
977 Total	3,391	2,475	5,866	549	28.5	1,750	2,307	-557
978 Total	3,473	2,547	6,020	72	2.9	2,158	2,278	-120
979 Total	3,553	2,753	6,306	207	8.1	2,047	2,295	-248
980 Total	3,642	2,655	6,297	-99	-3.6	1,910	1,896	14
981 Total	3,752	2,817	6,569	162	6.1	1,887	2,180	-293
982 Total	3,808	3,071	6,879	255	9.0	2,094	2,399	-306
983 Total	3,847	2,595	6,442	-476	-15.5	2,142	1,700	442
984 Total	3,830	2,876	6,706	281	10.8	2,064	2,252	-188
985 Total	3,842	2,607	6,448	-270	-9.4	2,359	2,128	231
	,	,	· ·				,	
986 Total	3,819	2,749	6,567	142	5.5	1,812	1,952	-140
987 Total	3,792	2,756	6,548	7	.3	1,881	1,887	-6
988 Total	3,800	2,850	6,650	94	3.4	2,244	2,174	69
989 Total	3,812	2,513	6,325	-337	-11.8	2,804	2,491	313
990 Total	3,868	3,068	6,936	555	22.1	1,934	2,433	-499
991 Total	3,954	2,824	6,778	-244	-8.0	2,689	2,608	80
992 Total	4,044	2,597	6,641	-227	-8.0	2,724	2,555	168
993 Total	4,327	2,322	6,649	-275	-10.6	2,717	2,760	-43
994 Total	4,360	2,606	6,966	284	12.2	2,508	2,796	-288
	,	,					,	
995 Total	4,349	2,153	6,503	-453	-17.4	2,974	2,566	408
996 January	4,354	1,462	5,817	-583	-28.5	749	49	700
February	4,349	1,021	5,369	-521	-33.8	544	97	447
March	4,290	758	5,048	-574	-43.1	403	80	323
April	4,312	854	5,166	-525	-38.1	112	227	-115
May	4,332	1,161	5,493	-507	-30.4	45	373	-328
June	4,341	1,529	5,870	-485	-24.1	35	410	-375
	,	,	,	-404				
July	4,336	1,898	6,234		-17.5	49	418	-370
August	4,332	2,245	6,577	-250	-10.0	54	400	-346
September	4,338	2,605	6,943	-197	-7.0	32	398	-366
October	4,335	2,810	7,145	-186	-6.2	73	276	-203
November	4,339	2,549	6,889	-179	-6.6	354	90	264
December	4,341	2,173	6,513	19	.9	461	86	374
Total	4,341	2,173	6,513	19	.9	2,911	2,906	6
997 January	4,348	1,496	5,844	34	2.3	752	69	684
February	4,342	1,140	5,482	120	11.7	413	55	358
	4,346	991	5,337	233	30.7	285	131	155
March								
April	4,342	1,051	5,393	197	23.1	146	205	-58
May	4,343	1,362	5,705	201	17.3	41	362	-321
June	4,357	1,730	6,087	201	13.2	41	405	-364
July	4,356	2,014	6,369	116	6.1	78	359	-281
August	4,357	2,336	6,693	92	4.1	56	378	-322
September	4,360	2,672	7,032	67	2.6	44	380	-336
October	4,358	2,886	7,244	75	2.7	84	295	-211
November	4,360	2,698	7,058	149	5.9	302	113	189
December	4,350	2,170	6,520	-2	1	579	45	533
Total	4,350 4,350	2,170 2,170	6,520 6,520	-2 -2	1	2,823	2,796	27
998 January	4,344	1,711	6,055	215	14.4	534	68	466
February	4,338	1,418	5,756	278	24.4	373	74	299
March	4,339	1,184	5,523	193	19.5	377	136	241
April	4,336	1,381	5,718	330	31.4	78	277	-198
May	4,338	1,773	6,111	412	30.2	42	435	-393
June	4,343	2,101	6,444	371	21.4	52	375	-323
	^R 4,343	^R 2,416	^R 6,753	^R 402	^R 20.0			-323 ^R -314
July	RE 4 007			RE OF A		52	366	-314 RF 07-
August	^{RF} 4,337	^{RF} 2,691	^{RF} 7,028	^{RF} 354	^{RF} 15.2	NA	NA	^{RF} -275
September	F 4,337	F 2,921	^F 7,258	F 249	F 9.3	NA	NA	F -230

^a For total underground storage capacity at the end of each calendar year, see Note 8 at end of section. ^b For 1980-1996, data differ from those shown on Table 4.1, which

includes liquefied natural gas storage for that period.

^c Positive numbers indicate that withdrawals are greater than injections. Negative numbers indicate that injections are greater than withdrawals. Net withdrawals or injections may not equal the difference between applicable ending stocks. See Note 8 at end of section. R=Revised. F=Forecast.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. . Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Natural Gas Notes

1. Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed: Annual data on nonhvdrocarbon removed from gases marketed production-carbon dioxide, helium, hydrogen sulfide, and nitrogen-are from the Energy Information Administration (EIA) Natural Gas Annual (NGA) 1992. Data are not available prior to 1980. Monthly data are reported by three States and computed for six States. Monthly data are preliminary until after publication of the EIA NGA. Differences between annual data published in the EIA NGA and the sum of the preliminary monthly data (January-December) are allocated proportionally to the months to create final monthly data. For further information on methods of estimating preliminary monthly data, see the EIA Natural Gas Monthly (NGM).

2. Production.

- Annual data: Final annual data are from the EIA NGA.
- Estimated monthly data: Data for the two most recent months presented are estimated. Some of the data for earlier months are also estimated or computed. For a discussion of computation and estimation procedures, see the EIA *NGM*.
- Preliminary monthly data: Monthly data are considered preliminary until after publication of the EIA NGA. Preliminary monthly data are gathered from reports to the Interstate Oil Compact Commission and the U.S. Minerals Management Service. Volumetric data are converted, as necessary, to a standard 14.73 psi pressure base. Unless there are major changes, data are not revised until after publication of the EIA NGA.
- Final monthly data: Differences between annual data in the EIA *NGA* and the sum of preliminary monthly data (January-December) are allocated proportionally to the months to create final monthly data.

3. Extraction Loss: Extraction loss is the reduction in volume of natural gas resulting from the removal of natural gas liquid constituents at natural gas processing plants.

Annual data are from the EIA NGA, where they are estimated on the basis of the type and quantity of liquid products extracted from the gas stream and the calculated volume of such products at standard conditions. For a detailed explanation of the calculations used to derive estimated extraction losses, see the EIA NGA.

Preliminary monthly data are estimated on the basis of extraction loss as an annual percentage of marketed production. This percentage is applied to each month's marketed production to estimate monthly extraction loss.

Monthly data are revised and considered final after the publication of the EIA NGA. Final monthly data are estimated by allocating annual extraction loss data to the months on the basis of total natural gas marketed production data from the EIA NGA.

4. Supplemental Gaseous Fuels: Any gaseous substance that, introduced into or commingled with natural gas, increases the volume available for disposition. Such substances include, but are not limited to, propane-air, refinery gas, coke oven gas, still gas, manufactured gas, biomass gas, or air or inert gases added for Btu stabilization.

Annual data beginning with 1980 are from the EIA *NGA*. Unknown quantities of supplemental gaseous fuels are included in consumption data for 1979 and earlier years.

Monthly data are considered preliminary until after the publication of the EIA NGA. Monthly estimates are based on the annual ratio of supplemental gaseous fuels to the sum of dry gas production, net imports, and net withdrawals from storage. The ratio is applied to the monthly sum of the three elements to compute a monthly supplemental gaseous fuels figure.

5. Imports and Exports: The United States imports natural gas via pipeline from Canada and Mexico. Liquefied natural gas (LNG) arrives via tanker from Algeria and United Arab Emirates. One shipment of LNG was received from Indonesia in December 1986. Very small amounts of LNG arrived from Canada in 1973 (667 million cubic feet), 1977 (572 million cubic feet), and 1981 (6 million cubic feet). The United States exports natural gas via pipeline to Canada and Mexico and LNG via tanker to Japan.

Annual and final monthly data are from the annual EIA Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas," which requires data to be reported by month for the calendar year.

Preliminary monthly data are EIA estimates. For a discussion of estimation procedures, see the EIA *NGM*. Preliminary data are revised after the publication of the EIA *U.S. Imports and Exports of Natural Gas*.

6. Consumption: Consumption includes pipeline fuel use, lease and plant fuel use, and deliveries to consuming sectors.

Final data are from the EIA *NGA*. Monthly data are considered preliminary until after publication of the EIA *NGA*. For more detailed information on the methods of estimating preliminary and final monthly data, see the EIA *NGM*.

7. Balancing Item: The balancing item for natural gas represents the difference between the sum of the components of natural gas supply and the sum of components of natural gas disposition. The differences may be due to quantities lost or to the effects of data reporting problems. Reporting problems include differences due to the net result of conversions of flow data metered at varying temperature and pressure bases and converted to a standard temperature and pressure base; the effect of variations in company accounting and billing practices; differences between billing cycle and calendar period time frames; and imbalances resulting from the merger of data reporting systems which vary in scope, format, definitions, and type of respondents.

The increase of 0.2 trillion cubic feet (Tcf) in the "Balancing Item" category in 1983, followed by a decline of 0.5 Tcf in 1984, reflected unusually large differences resulting from the use of the annual billing cycle (essentially December 15 through the following December 14) consumption data in conjunction with calendar year supply data. Record cold temperatures during the last half of December 1983 resulted in a reported 0.3 Tcf increase in net withdrawals from underground storage for peak shaving as compared with the same period in 1982, but the effect of this cold weather was reflected primarily in 1984 consumption data. For underground storage data, see Table F2 in the May 1985 *NGM*, which was published in July 1985.

8. Natural Gas Storage: Gas in storage at the end of a reporting period may not equal the quantity derived by adding or subtracting net injections or withdrawals from the quantity in storage at the end of the previous period. The difference is due to changes in the quantity of native gas included in the base gas and/or losses in base gas due to migration from storage reservoirs.

Monthly underground storage data are collected from the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) Forms FERC-8 (interstate data) and EIA-191 (intrastate data). Beginning in January 1991, all data are collected on the revised Form EIA-191. Injection and withdrawal data from the FERC-8/EIA-191 survey are adjusted to correspond to data from Form EIA-176 following publication of the EIA *NGA*.

The final monthly and annual storage and withdrawal data for 1980-1996 include both underground and liquefied natural gas (LNG) storage. Annual data on LNG additions and withdrawals are from Form EIA-176. Monthly data are estimated by computing the ratio of each month's underground storage additions and withdrawals to annual underground storage additions and withdrawals and applying the ratio to the annual LNG data.

Total underground storage capacity at the end of each calendar year since 1975 (first year data were available), in billion cubic feet, was:

1975	6,280	1986	8,145
1976	6,544	1987	8,124
1977	6,678	1988	8,124
1978	6,890	1989	8,124
1979	6,929	1990	8,125
1980	7,434	1991	7,993
1981	7,805	1992	7,932
1982	7,915	1993	7,989
1983	7,985	1994	8,043
1984	8,043	1995	7,953
1985	8,087	1996	7,980

Current capacity is 7,980 billion cubic feet.

9. Forecast Values: Data values preceded by "F" in this section are forecast values. They are derived from EIA's Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System (STIFS). The model is driven primarily by data and assumptions about

key macroeconomic variables, the world oil price, and weather. The natural gas forecast relies on other variables as well, such as gas wellhead prices, electric power generation by other sources, and U.S. gas import capacity. Each month, EIA staff review the model output and make adjustments, if appropriate, based on their knowledge of developments in the natural gas industry.

The STIFS model results are published quarterly in EIA's *Short-Term Energy Outlook*, which is available from the National Energy Information Center (202-586-8800) and accessible on the world wide web at http://www.eia.doe.gov. Documentation for the model and instructions for downloading and operating it on a personal computer are provided.

Sources for Table 4.5

Storage Activity

1973-1975 : Energy Information Administration (EIA) *Natural Gas Annual 1994, Volume 2,* Table 9. **1976-1979:** EIA, *Natural Gas Production and Consumption 1979*, Table 1.

1980-1991: EIA, *Historical Natural Gas Annual 1930 Through 1995*, Table 11.

1992 forward: EIA, *Natural Gas Monthly*, September 1998, Table 9. Forecast values are derived from EIA's Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System. See Note 9 on this page.

Other Data

1973 and 1974: American Gas Association (AGA), *Gas Facts, 1972 Data,* Table 57, *Gas Facts, 1973 Data,* Table 57, and *Gas Facts, 1974 Data,* Table 40. **1975 and 1976:** Federal Energy Administration (FEA), Form FEA-G318-M-O, "Underground Gas Storage Report," and Federal Power Commission (FPC), Form FPC-8, "Underground Gas Storage Report."

1977 and 1978: EIA, Form FEA-G-318-M-O, "Underground Gas Storage Report," and Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FERC-8, "Underground Gas Storage Report.

1979-1991: EIA, Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report," and FERC, Form FERC-8, "Underground Gas Storage Report."

1992 forward: EIA, *Natural Gas Monthly*, September 1998, Table 9. Forecast values are derived from EIA's Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System. See Note 9 on this page.

Section 5. Oil and Gas Resource Development

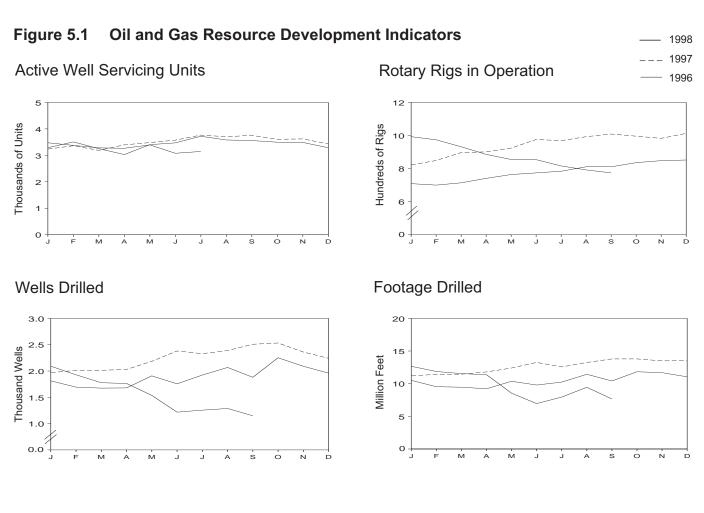
The September 1998 rotary rig count of 774 was 2 percent lower than the count in August and 23 percent lower than the count in September 1997. Of the total number of rigs in operation in September 1998, 656 were onshore and 118 were offshore. The number of onshore rigs fell 26 percent and the number of offshore rigs was down 8 percent from their September 1997 values.

Total footage drilled in September 1998 was 7.7 million feet, down 19 percent from the footage drilled in August 1998 and down 44 percent from that drilled in September 1997.

The estimated number of exploratory and development gas and oil wells drilled during September 1998 was 863,

8 percent lower than the number drilled in August 1998 and 57 percent lower than the number drilled in September 1997. The estimated number of oil wells drilled was 206, and the estimated number of gas wells was 657, 77 percent lower and 41 percent lower, respectively, than their September 1997 levels. The estimated number of dry holes drilled in September 1998 was 286, down 17 percent from the number drilled in August 1998 and down 44 percent from the number drilled in September 1997.

Data for well servicing units active in August and September 1998 were not available at time of publication.



Sources: Tables 5.1 and 5.2.

		ws Engaged mic Explorat			Rotary R	igs in Ope	eration ^a			
					Site		Гуре		Total Footage	Active Well Servicing
	Offshore	Onshore	Total	Offshore	Onshore	Oil	Gas	Total ^b	Drilled ^c	Unitsd
	IVIC	onthly Average	je		wee	ekly Avera	ge		Thousand Feet	Number
1973 Average 1974 Average	23 31	227 274	250 305	84 94	1,110 1,378	NA NA	NA NA	1,194 1,472	138,223 153,374	NA NA
1975 Average	30	254	284	106	1,554	NA	NA	1,660	180,494	NA
1976 Average	25	237	262	129	1,529	NA	NA	1,658	186,982	2,601
1977 Average	27	281	308	167	1,834	NA	NA	2,001	215,866	2,828
1978 Average	25	327	352	185	2,074	NA	NA	2,259	238,669	2,988
1979 Average	30	370	400	207	1,970	NA	NA	2,177	244,798	3,399
1980 Average	37	493	530	231	2,678	NA	NA	2,909	314,654	4,089
1981 Average 1982 Average	44 57	637 531	681 588	256 243	3,714 2,862	NA NA	NA NA	3,970 3,105	413,112 378,295	4,850 4,248
1983 Average	47	426	473	199	2,002	NA	NA	2,232	317,986	3,732
1984 Average	49	445	494	213	2,215	NA	NA	2,428	371,392	4,663
1985 Average	45	333	378	206	1,774	NA	NA	1,980	313,045	4,716
1986 Average	24	176	200	99	865	NA	NA	964	181,856	3,036
1987 Average	24	153	177	95	841	NA	NA	936	162,178	3,060
1988 Average	29	153	182	123	813	554	354	936	156,354	3,341
1989 Average	23	109	132	105	764	453	401	869	134,439	3,391
1990 Average 1991 Average	23 19	102 85	125 104	108 81	902 779	532 482	464 351	1,010 860	153,701 143,021	3,658 3,331
1992 Average	12	64	76	52	669	373	331	721	121,124	2,732
1993 Average	16	63	79	82	672	373	364	754	R 134,792	3,158
1994 Average	NA	NA	NA	102	673	335	427	775	124,403	2,961
1995 Average	NA	NA	NA	101	622	323	385	723	117,078	3,043
1996 January	NA	NA	NA	111	598	295	406	709	10,507	3,290
February	NA	NA	NA	102	598	283	411	700	9,532	3,509
March	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	96 113	618 628	286 286	421 446	714 741	9,462 9,218	3,253 3,031
April May	NA	NA	NA	115	648	288	440	741	10,368	3,405
June	NA	NA	NA	112	662	298	471	774	9,790	3,473
July	NA	NA	NA	107	677	290	488	784	10,242	3,723
August	NA	NA	NA	108	703	297	488	811	11,436	3,582
September	NA	NA	NA	109	702	301	505	811	^R 10,414	3,560
October	NA	NA	NA	108	728	328	499	836	11,823	3,498
November	NA	NA	NA	107	741	363	482	848	11,686	3,489
December Average	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	116 108	736 671	361 306	489 464	852 779	11,046 ^R 125,524	3,287 3,425
										-
1997 January	NA NA	NA	NA	110	712 742	342	478	822	11,224	3,237
February March	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	107 127	742 770	356 377	492 518	849 897	11,405 11,449	3,364 3,189
April	NA	NA	NA	127	775	373	526	901	11,794	3,398
May	NA	NA	NA	120	804	379	541	924	12,398	3,483
June	NA	NA	NA	121	855	396	577	976	13,248	3,575
July	NA	NA	NA	125	844	382	584	969	12,569	3,766
August	NA	NA	NA	125	868	409	581	993	13,242 R 40,700	3,705
September	NA	NA	NA	128	881	392	614	1,009	R 13,788	3,755
October November	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	121 126	875 857	390 354	602 625	996 983	13,792 13,493	3,607 3,622
December	NA	NA	NA	120	884	361	648	1,013	13,512	3,433
Average	NA	NA	NA	122	821	376	564	943	R 151,914	3,510
1998 January	NA	NA	NA	133	860	380	609	993	12,661	3,476
February	NA	NA	NA	139	835	380	589	974	11,863	3,378
March	NA	NA	NA	136	796	327	601	932	R 11,540	3,283
April	NA	NA	NA	138	748	291	591	886	11,372 B 8 5 2 0	3,268
May June	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	133 128	722 726	272 267	580 585	855 854	^R 8,539 ^R 6,953	3,396 3,079
July	NA	NA	NA	120	695	267	549	816	^R 7,949	3,147
August	NA	NA	NA	118	674	226	565	792	9,447	NA
September	NA	NA	NA	118	656	215	559	774	7,656	NA
9-Month Average	NA	NA	NA	129	747	292	581	876	87,980	NA
1997 9-Month Average 1996 9-Month Average	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	121 108	805 649	378 291	545 456	926 757	111,117 90,969	3,667 3,425

Table 5.1 Oil and Gas Drilling Activity Measurements

^a Rotary rigs in operation are reported weekly. Monthly data are averages of 4- or 5- week reporting periods, not calendar months. Multi-month data are averages of the reported data over the covered months, *not* averages of the weekly data. Annual data are rounded to the rearest whole number. ^b Sum of oil, gas, and miscellaneous other rigs (not shown). ^c Values shown are totals.

^d See Glossary. R=Revised. NA=Not available.

Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: • Crews Engaged in Seismic Exploration: Society of Exploration Geophysicists, Tulsa, Oklahoma, *Monthly Seismic Crew Count.* • Rotary Rigs in Operation: By Site - Baker Hughes, Inc., Houston, Texas, *Rotary Rigs Running--by State.* By Type - Baker Hughes, Inc., Houston, Texas, weekly phone recording. • Total Footage Drilled: Energy Information Administration computations, which are based on well reports submitted to the American Petroleum Institute by the Petroleum Information Corporation, Denver, Colorado. • Active Well Servicing Units: Association of Energy Service Companies, Dallas, Texas, *Field Reports.*

Table 5.2 Oil and Gas Wells Drilled

(Number of Wells)

		Explo	ratory			Develo	opment	_		Тс	otal	
	Oil	Gas	Dry	Total	Oil	Gas	Dry	Total	Oil	Gas	Dry	Total
1973 Total	642	1,067	5,952	7,661	9,525	5,866	4,368	19,759	10,167	6,933	10,320	27,420
1974 Total	859	1,190	6,833	8,882	12,788	5,948	5,283	24,019	13,647	7,138	12,116	32,901
1975 Total	982	1,248	7,129	9,359	15,966	6,879	6,517	29,362	16,948	8,127	13,646	38,721
1976 Total	1,086	1,346	6,772	9,204	16,602	8,063	6,986	31,651	17,688	9,409	13,758	40,855
1977 Total	1,164	1,548	7,283	9,995	17,581	10,574	7,702	35,857	18,745	12,122	14,985	45,852
1978 Total	1,171	1,771	7,965	10,907	18,010	12,642	8,586	39,238	19,181	14,413	16,551	50,145
1979 Total	1,321	1,907	7,437	10,665	19,530	13,347	8,662	41,539	20,851	15,254	16,099	52,204
1980 Total	1,764	2,081	9,039	12,884	30,875	15,252	11,599	57,726	32,639	17,333	20,638	70,610
1981 Total	2,636	2,514	12,349	17,499	40,962	17,652	15,440	74,054	43,598	20,166	27,789	91,553
1982 Total	2,431	2,125	11,247	15,803	36,768	16,854	14,972	68,594	39,199	18,979	26,219	84,397
1983 Total	2,023	1,593	10,148	13,764	35,097	12,971	14,005	62,073	37,120	14,564	24,153	75,837
1984 Total	2,197	1,521	11,278	14,996	40,408	15,606	14,403	70,417	42,605	17,127	25,681	85,413
1985 Total	1,679	1,189	8,924	11,792	33,439	12,979	12,132	58,550	35,118	14,168	21,056	70,342
1986 Total	1,084	793	5,549	7,426	18,013	7,719	7,112	32,844	19,097	8,512	12,661	40,270
1987 Total	925	^R 754	5,049	R 6,728	15,239	R 7,301	6,052	R 28,592	16,164	8,055	11,101	35,320
1988 Total	855	^R 731	4,691	^R 6,277	12,781	^R 7,824	5,350	R 25,955	13,636	8,555	10,041	32,232
1989 Total	607	R 705	3,924	^R 5,236	9,597	^R 8,834	4,264	R 22,695	10,204	9,539	8,188	27,931
1990 Total	653	R 692	3,715	R 5,060	11,545	R 10,352	4,594	R 26,491	12,198	11,044	8,309	31,551
1991 Total	R 592	^R 535	^R 3,314	^R 4,441	^R 11,178	^R 8,991	^R 4,285	^R 24,454	11,770	9,526	7,599	28,895
1992 Total	R 494	424	R 2,511	^R 3,429	R 8,263	7,785	R 3,607	R 19,655	8,757	8,209	6,118	23,084
1993 Total	^R 501	R 545	R 2,468	3,514	R 7,875	R 9,472	R 3,838	R 21,185	^R 8,376	R 10,017	^R 6,306	R 24,699
1994 Total	566	720	2,400	3,686	6,124	8,818	2,879	17,821	6,690	9,538	5,279	21,507
1995 Total	^R 542	^R 568	2,198	^R 3,308	^R 7,085	R 7,769	2,877	^R 17,731	7,627	8,337	5,075	21,039
1996 January	55	61	170	286	563	678	286	1,527	618	739	456	1,813
February	44	47	137	228	591	655	220	1,466	635	702	357	1,694
March	41	31	160	232	565	656	222	1,443	606	687	382	1,675
April	32	39	162	233	608	617	221	1,446	640	656	383	1,679
May	42	60	202	304	676	687	241	1,604	718	747	443	1,908
June	36	48	179	263	600	647	246	1,493	636	695	425	1,756
July	40	63	204	307	656	716	244	1,616	696	779	448	1,923
August	44	42	211	297	711	776	284	1,771	755	818	495	2,068
September	34	35	162	231	^R 618	^R 753	279	^R 1,650	^R 652	^R 788	441	^R 1,881
October	46	43	195	284	768	889	311	1,968	814	932	506	2,252
November	35	40	188	263	734	809	284	1,827	769	849	472	2,090
December	32	51	160	243	726	739	252	1,717	758	790	412	1,960
Total	481	560	2,130	3,171	^R 7,816	^R 8,622	3,090	^R 19,528	^R 8,297	^R 9,182	5,220	^R 22,699
1997 January	37	58	155	250	679	774	267	1,720	716	832	422	1,970
February	28	29	162	219	736	789	268	1,793	764	818	430	2,012
March	32	39	146	217	766	788	243	1,797	798	827	389	2,014
April	37	44	150	231	803	714	282	1,799	840	758	432	2,030
May	38	39	164	241	887	802	254	1,943	925	841	418	2,184
June	43	34	166	243	954	886	298	2,138	997	920	464	2,381
July	40	_ 43	145	228	879	908	315	2,102	919	951	460	2,330
August	30	^R 29	180	^R 239	851	^R 975	324	^R 2,150	881	1,004	504	2,389
September	37	55	221	313	^R 853	^R 1,054	^R 289	^R 2,196	^R 890	^R 1,109	^R 510	^R 2,509
October	26	45	228	299	840	1,106	288	2,234	866	1,151	516	2,533
November	35	61	178	274	807	974	306	2,087	842	1,035	484	2,361
December	35	57	184	276	771	917	278	1,966	806	974	462	2,242
Total	418	^R 533	2,079	^R 3,030	^R 9,826	^R 10,687	^R 3,412	^R 23,925	^R 10,244	^R 11,220	^R 5,491	^R 26,955
1998 January	48	47	138	233	760	857	242	1,859	808	904	380	2,092
February	_ 24	_ 33	119	176	665	791	296	1,752	689	824	415	1,928
March	^R 33	^R 32	125	^R 190	^R 620	^R 744	^R 224	^R 1,588	^R 653	^R 776	^R 349	^R 1,778
April	^R 22	33	111	^R 166	^R 532	848	217	^R 1,597	^R 554	881	328	^R 1,763
May	17	35	146	198	^R 424	658	257	^R 1,339	^R 441	693	403	^R 1,537
June	^R 20	^R 21	128	^R 169	^R 351	^R 495	203	^R 1,049	^R 371	^R 516	331	^R 1,218
July	^R 18	^R 30	118	^R 166	^R 320	^R 572	198	^R 1,090	^R 338	^R 602	316	^R 1,256
August	15	28	115	158	^R 294	^R 605	231	^R 1,130	R 309	^R 633	346	R 1,288
September	.0	24	96	129	197	633	190	1,020	206	657	286	1,149
9-Month Total	206	283	1,096	1,585	4,163	6,203	2,058	12,424	4,369	6,486	3,154	14,009
1997 9-Month Total	322	370	1,489	2,181	7,408	7,690	2,540	17,638	7,730	8,060	4,029	19,819
1996 9-Month Total	368	426	1,587	2,381	5,588	6,185	2,243	14,016	5,956	6,611	3,830	16,397

R=Revised.

Notes: • Service wells, stratigraphic tests, and core tests are excluded.
Due to the method of estimation, data shown on this page are frequently revised. See end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: Energy Information Administration computations, which are based on well reports submitted by the Petroleum Information Corporation, Denver, Colorado.

Oil and Gas Resource Development Notes

Three well types are considered in the *Monthly Energy Re-view* (*MER*) drilling statistics: "completed for oil," "completed for gas," and "dry hole." Wells that productively encounter both crude oil and natural gas are categorized as "completed for oil." Both development wells and exploratory wells (new field wildcats, new pool tests, and extension tests) are included in the statistics. All other classes of wells drilled in connection with the search for producible hydrocarbons are excluded.

Prior to the March 1985 *MER*, drilling statistics consisted of completion data for the above types and classes of wells as reported to the American Petroleum Institute (API) during a given month. Due to time lags between the date of well completion and the date of completion reporting to the API, as-reported well completions proved to be an inaccurate indicator of drilling activity. During 1982, for example, as-reported well completions rose, while the number of actual completions fell. Consequently, the drilling statistics published since the March 1985 *MER* are Energy Information Administration(EIA) estimates produced by statistically imputing well counts and footage based on the partial data available from the API. These estimates are subject to continuous revision as new data, some of which pertain to earlier months and years, become available. Additional information about the EIA estimation methodology may be found in "Estimating Well Completions," the feature article published in the March 1985 *MER*.

Users of the well completion and footage figures published by the Energy Information Administration (EIA) prior to August 1998 should be aware that these data have been revised. The published well completion and footage figures are produced by the Well Completion Estimation Procedure (WELCOM) based on drilling records provided under contract to the EIA. Problems in the files received by EIA necessitated revision of the historical series for well completions and footage drilled. Queries regarding this matter may be directed to William Trapmann (202-586-6408 or william.trapmann@eia.doe.gov).

Section 6. Coal

Coal production in September 1998 totaled 98 million short tons, 5 percent higher than the 93 million short tons produced in September 1997.

Electric utility coal consumption in July 1998 totaled 88 million short tons, 3 percent higher than the consumption level in July 1997. Electric utility coal stocks were 110

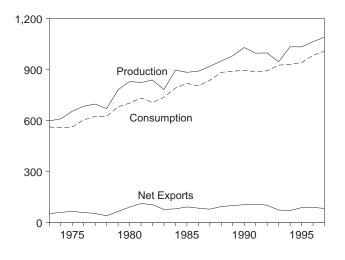
million short tons at the end of July 1998, slightly higher than the level a year ago.

Coal exports in July 1998 totaled 6 million short tons, 5 percent lower than exports in July 1997. Coal imports in July 1998 totaled 804 thousand short tons, 3 percent higher than imports in July 1997.

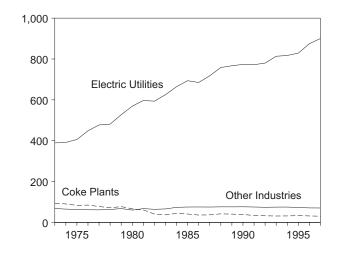
Figure 6.1 Coal

(Million Short Tons)

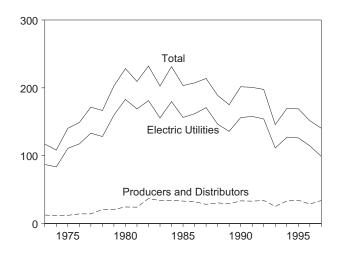
Overview, 1973-1997



Consumption by Sector, 1973-1997

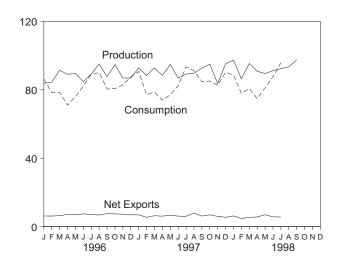


Stocks, End of Year, 1973-1997

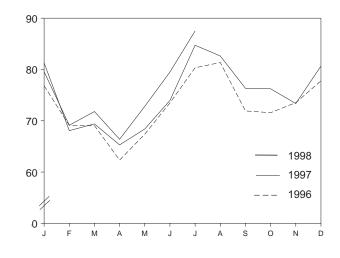


Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Tables 6.1, 6.2, and 6.3.

Overview, Monthly



Consumption by Electric Utilities, Monthly



Stocks at Electric Utilities, End of Month

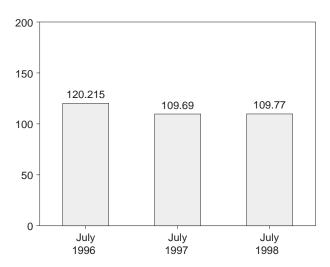


Table 6.1 Coal Overview

(Thousand Short Tons)

973 Total 974 Total 975 Total 975 Total 977 Total 977 Total 977 Total 977 Total 978 Total 979 Total 980 Total 980 Total 981 Total 982 Total 983 Total 984 Total 984 Total 985 Total 986 Total 986 Total	598,568 610,023 654,641 684,913 697,205 670,164 781,134 829,700 823,775 838,112 782,091 895,921	562,584 558,402 562,640 603,790 625,291 625,225 680,524 702,730 732,627 706,911	127 2,080 940 1,203 1,647 2,953 2,059 1,194	53,587 60,661 66,309 60,021 54,312 40,714 66,042	117,155 108,237 140,391 148,899 171,543
174 Total 175 Total 176 Total 177 Total 177 Total 178 Total 179 Total 179 Total 180 Total 181 Total 182 Total 183 Total 183 Total 184 Total 185 Total	610,023 654,641 684,913 697,205 670,164 781,134 829,700 823,775 838,112 782,091	558,402 562,640 603,790 625,291 625,225 680,524 702,730 732,627	2,080 940 1,203 1,647 2,953 2,059	60,661 66,309 60,021 54,312 40,714	108,237 140,391 148,899 171,543
975 Total 976 Total 977 Total 978 Total 978 Total 978 Total 978 Total 980 Total 981 Total 983 Total 983 Total 984 Total 985 Total	654,641 684,913 697,205 670,164 781,134 829,700 823,775 838,112 782,091	562,640 603,790 625,291 625,225 680,524 702,730 732,627	940 1,203 1,647 2,953 2,059	66,309 60,021 54,312 40,714	140,391 148,899 171,543
976 Total 977 Total 978 Total 978 Total 979 Total 880 Total 981 Total 982 Total 983 Total 984 Total 985 Total	684,913 697,205 670,164 781,134 829,700 823,775 838,112 782,091	603,790 625,291 625,225 680,524 702,730 732,627	1,203 1,647 2,953 2,059	60,021 54,312 40,714	148,899 171,543
177 Total 178 Total 178 Total 179 Total 180 Total 181 Total 182 Total 183 Total 183 Total 184 Total 185 Total	697,205 670,164 781,134 829,700 823,775 838,112 782,091	625,291 625,225 680,524 702,730 732,627	1,647 2,953 2,059	54,312 40,714	171,543
78 Total 79 Total	670,164 781,134 829,700 823,775 838,112 782,091	625,225 680,524 702,730 732,627	2,953 2,059	40,714	
78 Total 79 Total 80 Total 81 Total 82 Total 83 Total 84 Total	670,164 781,134 829,700 823,775 838,112 782,091	625,225 680,524 702,730 732,627	2,953 2,059	40,714	
79 Total 80 Total	781,134 829,700 823,775 838,112 782,091	680,524 702,730 732,627	2,059	,	166,606
80 Total	829,700 823,775 838,112 782,091	702,730 732,627			202,812
81 Total 82 Total 83 Total	823,775 838,112 782,091	732,627	1,194		
82 Total 83 Total 84 Total 85 Total	838,112 782,091		1	91,742	228,407
83 Total 84 Total 85 Total	782,091	706,911	1,043	112,541	209,423
84 Total 85 Total			742	106,277	232,038
85 Total		736,672	1,271	77,772	202,584
85 Total		791,296	1,286	81,483	231,300
	883,638	818,049	1,952	92,680	203,367
00 I Otal					
	890,315	804,231	2,212	85,518	207,319
87 Total	918,762	836,941	1,747	79,607	213,780
88 Total	950,265	883,642	2,134	95,023	188,831
89 Total	980,729	889,699	2,851	100,815	175,087
90 Total	1,029,076	895,480	2,699	105,804	201,629
91 Total	995,984	887,621	3,390	108,969	200,682
		-			
92 Total	997,545	892,421	3,803	102,516	197,685
93 Total	945,424	925,944	7,309	74,519	145,742
94 Total	1,033,504	930,201	7,584	71,359	169,358
95 Total	1,032,974	940,880	7,201	88,547	169,083
96 January	83,814	86,453	524	6,743	160,869
February	84,533	78.406	715	6,892	159.056
	91,409	78,501	474	,	161,343
March	,			6,880	
April	89,124	71,042	172	7,330	170,131
Мау	89,525	76,076	790	7,663	175,099
June	84,748	82,147	591	8,046	171,623
July	89,262	89,111	802	7,877	163,853
August	95,083	90,041	620	7,412	160,665
September	87,773	80,505	649	8,214	161,368
October	94,752	80,672	642	8,077	164,013
November	86,905	82,897	668	7,976	159,145
December	86,928	87,485	479	7,361	151,627
Total	1,063,856	983,334	7,126	90,473	151,627
97 January	92,828	^R 90.739	409	7,298	146,120
February	88,441	^R 77,194	338	5,778	149,806
March	92,812	^R 78,700	585	6,936	158,215
	,			,	
April	88,429	^R 73,996	528	6,657	164,365
May	94,783	^R 77,039	580	7,195	171,107
June	86,924	^R 82,428	599	6,751	170,117
July	89,195	^R 93,408	781	6,807	^R 158,079
August	89,742	^R 91,206	620	8,551	^R 151,172
September	92,713	^R 84,850	820	6,997	^R 148.627
October	95,010	^R 85,161	564	7,446	^R 147,291
November	83,728	^R 82,668	607	6,609	^R 143,936
December	95,328	^R 90,236	1,054	6,521	^R 140,374
Total	1,089,932	^R 1,007,626	7,487	83,545	^R 140,374
98 January	97,318	^R 88,691	705	6,980	^R 144,248
February	86,473	^R 77,974	447	5,217	^R 149,608
		^R 80,766			
March	95,400		687	6,097	^R 155,108
April	90,876	^R 74,908	792	6,466	^R 162,630
May	89,514	^R 81,201	475	7,415	^R 165,807
June	91,223	^R 87,721	925	6,619	^R 163,066
July	92,420	E 95,808	804	6,434	E 154,208
		,			
August	93,428	NA	NA	NA	NA
September 9-Month Total	97,572 834,223	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
97 9-Month Total 96 9-Month Total	815,866 795,271	749,560 732,281	5,261 5,336	62,969 67,059	148,627 161,368

^a Includes Puerto Rico.
 ^b Stocks held by electric utilities, coke plants, general industry, and coal producers and distributors at end of period. Excludes stocks held at retail dealers for consumption by the residential and commercial sector.
 R=Revised. NA=Not available. E=Estimate.
 Notes: • Data through 1995 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary.

• For methodology used to calculate production, consumption, and stocks, see Notes 1, 2, and 3 at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Table 6.2 Coal Consumption by End-Use Sector

(Thousand Short Tons)

		In	dustrial			
	Residential and Commercial	Coke Plants	Other Industrial Including Transportation	Electric Utilities	Total	
	Commercial	i iunto	mansportation	ounties	Iotai	
973 Total	11,117	94,101	68,154	389,212	562,584	
974 Total	11,417	90,191	64,983	391,811	558,402	
975 Total	9,410	83,598	63,670	405,962	562,640	
976 Total	8,916	84,704	61,799	448,371	603,790	
977 Total	8,954	77,739	61,472	477,126	625,291	
978 Total	9,511	71,394	63,085	481,235	625,225	
979 Total	8,388	77,368	67,717	527,051	680,524	
980 Total	6,452	66,657	60,347	569,274	702,730	
981 Total	7,421	61,014	67,395	596,797	732,627	
982 Total	8,240	40,908	64,097	593,666	706,911	
983 Total	8,448	37,033	65,980	625,211	736,672	
984 Total	9,130	44,022	73,745	664,399	791,296	
985 Total	7,779	41,056	75,372	693,841	818,049	
986 Total	7,667	35,924	75,583	685,056	804,231	
	'	,	,			
987 Total	6,914	36,957	75,175	717,894	836,941	
988 Total	7,130	41,888	76,252	758,372	883,642	
989 Total	6,167	40,508	76,134	766,888	889,699	
990 Total	6,724	38,877	76,330	773,549	895,480	
991 Total	6,094	33,854	75,405	772,268	887,621	
992 Total	6,153	32,366	74,042	779,860	892,421	
993 Total	6,221	31,323	74,892	813,508	925,944	
994 Total	6,013	31,740	75,179	817,270	930,201	
995 Total	5,807	33,011	73,055	829,007	940,880	
996 January	697	2,714	6,217	76,824	86,453	
February	578	2,523	6,202	69,103	78,406	
March	526	2,721	6,194	69,061	78,501	
April	496	2,611	5,601	62,334	71,042	
May	381	2,669	5,636	67,390	76,076	
June	324	2,686	5,651	73,487	82,147	
	443	2,708	5,630	80,330	89,111	
July		'	,		,	
August	424	2,676	5,584	81,357	90,041	
September	335	2,631	5,617	71,922	80,505	
October	342	2,572	6,183	71,575	80,672	
November	663	2,519	6,183	73,531	82,897	
December	797	2,675	6,244	77,769	87,485	
Total	6,006	31,706	70,941	874,681	983,334	
	0,000	51,700	70,341	074,001	303,334	
997 January	^R 828	2,515	^R 6.108	81,288	^R 90,739	
February	R 602	2,394	^R 6,123	68,076	^R 77,194	
March	^R 510		^R 6,120	69,389	^R 78,700	
		2,681				
April	^R 575	^R 2,426	^R 5,699	65,296	^R 73,996	
May	^R 379	^R 2,548	^R 5,709	68,402	^R 77,039	
June	^R 338	^R 2,436	^R 5,691	73,963	^R 82,428	
July	^R 501	R 2,590	^R 5,589	84,727	^R 93,408	
August	^R 430	^R 2,577	^R 5,567	82,631	^R 91,206	
	^R 361	2,311 R 2 5 2 2	B = 604			
September		R 2,532	^R 5,624	76,332	^R 84,850	
October	^R 386	^R 2,459	^R 6,084	76,232	^R 85,161	
November	^R 658	^R 2,522	^R 6,126	73,362	^R 82,668	
December	^R 896	^R 2,522	^R 6,157	80,661	^R 90,236	
Total	^R 6,463	R 30,203	R 70,599	900,361	^R 1,007,626	
. viui	0,700	55,205	10,000	500,501	1,007,020	
998 January	684	2,343	^R 6,092	79,571	^R 88,691	
February	559	2,220	^R 6,068	69,127	^R 77,974	
March	559	2,375	^R 6,032	71,800	^R 80,766	
	^R 479	^R 2,351	^R 5,687		^R 74,908	
April				66,392		
May	^R 332	^R 2,400	^R 5,659	72,809	^R 81,201	
June	^R 391	^R 2,177	^R 5,654	79,499	^R 87,721	
July	E 397	E 2,356	^E 5,534	87,521	^E 95,808	
7-Month Total	^E 3,400	E 16,223	^E 40,726	526,719	^E 587,069	
97 7-Month Total	3,733	17,590	41,040	511,142	573,505	
996 7-Month Total	3,446	18,632	41,131	498,527	561,735	

R=Revised. E=Estimate.Notes: • For sector-specific reporting and estimating information, see Note2 at end of section. • Data through 1994 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Table 6.3 Coal Stocks, End of Period

(Thousand Short Tons)

		Cons	umer		- Data durante	Total ^a	
	Coke Plants	Other Industrial	Electric Utilities	Totala	Producers and Distributors		
973 Year	6,998	10,370	86,967	104,625	12,530	117,155	
974 Year	6,209	6,605	83,509	96,603	11,634	108,237	
975 Year	8,797	8,529	110,724	128,283	12,108	140,391	
	,	,	,		,	,	
976 Year	9,902	7,100	117,436	134,678	14,221	148,899	
977 Year	12,816	11,063	133,219	157,318	14,225	171,543	
978 Year	8,278	9,048	128,225	145,911	20,695	166,606	
979 Year	10,155	11,777	159,714	181,986	20,826	202,812	
980 Year	9,067	11,951	183,010	204,028	24,379	228,407	
981 Year	6,475	9,906	168,893	185,274	24,149	209,423	
982 Year	4,642	9,479	181,132	195,254	36,784	232,038	
983 Year	4,346	8,710	155,598	168,654	33,931	202,584	
984 Year	6,166	11,317	179,727	197,211	34,090	231,300	
985 Year	3,420	10,438	156,376	170,234	33,133	203,367	
986 Year	2,992	10,429	161,806	175,226	32,093	207,319	
987 Year	3,884	10,777	170,797	185,459	28,321	213,780	
988 Year	3,137	8,768	146,507	158,413	30,418	188,831	
989 Year	2,864	7,363	135,860	146,087	29,000	175,087	
990 Year	3,329	8,716	156,166	168,210	33,418	201,629	
991 Year	2,773	7,061	157,876	167,711	32,971	200,682	
992 Year	2,597	6,965	154,130	163,692	33,993	197.685	
993 Year	2,401	6,716	111,341	120,458	25,284	145,742	
994 Year	2,657	6,585	126,897	136,139	33,219	169.358	
995 Year	2,632	5,702	126,304	134,639	34,444	169,083	
996 January	2,616	5,278	117,728	125,622	35,247	160,869	
February	2,600	4,855	115,553	123,007	36,049	159,056	
March	2,583	4,431	117,478	124,492	36,851	161,343	
April	2,589	4,476	126,051	133,116	37,015	170.131	
May	2,595	4,521	130,803	137,919	37,179	175,099	
June	2,601	4,565	127,113	134,280	37,344	171,623	
July	2,672	4,810	120,215	127,697	36,156	163,853	
August	2,743	5,055	117,899	125,697	34,968	160,665	
September	2,814	5,301	119,473	127,588	33,780	161,368	
			123,749	131,944	32,069		
October	2,765	5,430				164,013	
November December	2,716	5,559	120,512	128,787	30,359	159,145	
December	2,667	5,688	114,623	122,979	28,648	151,627	
997 January	2,569	5,316	106,621	114,506	31,614	146,120	
February	2,470	4,944	107,813	115,228	34,579	149,806	
March	2,372	4,572	113,727	120,671	37,544	158,215	
April	2,265	4,631	118,263	125,160	39,205	164,365	
May	2,158	4,691	123,391	130,240	40,867	171,107	
June	2,050	4,751	120,787	127,588	42,529	170,117	
July	^R 2,053	4,946	109,690	^R 116,690	41,389	^R 158,079	
August	R 2,056	5,142	103,724	^R 110,922	40,250	^R 151,172	
September	^R 2,059	5,338	102,119	^R 109,516	39,111	^R 148,627	
October	^R 2,032	5,424	102,436	^R 109,893	^R 37,398	^R 147,291	
November	R 2,005	5,511	100,735	^R 108,251	^R 35,685	^R 143,936	
December	^R 1,978	5,597	98,826	^R 106,401	^R 33,973	^R 140,374	
	2,272	5,261	100,402	107,935	^R 36,313	^R 144,248	
998 January					^R 38,653	^R 149,608	
February	2,129	4,924	103,902	110,955			
March	1,986	4,588 8 4 588	107,540	114,114 R 100 505	^R 40,994	R 155,108	
April	^R 1,946	^R 4,596	115,983	^R 122,525	^R 40,105	^R 162,630	
May	^R 1,907	^R 4,605	120,078	^R 126,590	^R 39,217	^R 165,807	
June	^R 1,868	^R 4,614	118,254	^R 124,735	^R 38,331	^R 163,066	
July	^E 1,836	^E 4,602	109,770	^E 116,208	^E 38,000	^E 154,208	

^a Includes stocks held at retail dealers for consumption by the residential and commercial sector in thousand short tons: 1973 290; 1974 280; 1975 233; 1976 240; 1977 220; 1978 360; and 1979 340.

R=Revised. E=Estimate.

Notes: • For sector-specific reporting and estimating information, see Note 3 at end of section. • Data through 1994 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Coal Notes

1. Production: Preliminary monthly estimates of national coal production are the sum of weekly estimates developed by the Energy Information Administration (EIA) and published in the Weekly Coal Production report. When a week extends into a new month, production is allocated on a daily basis and added to the appropriate month. Weekly estimates are based on Association of American Railroads data showing the number of railcars loaded with coal during the week by Class I and certain other railroads. This number is converted into tons of coal by EIA by using the average number of tons of coal per railcar loaded reported in the most recent "Quarterly Freight Commodity Statistics" from the Surface Transportation Board. If an average coal tonnage per railcar loaded is not available for a specific railroad, the national average is used. To derive the estimate of total weekly production, the total rail tonnage for the week is divided by the ratio of quarterly production shipped by rail and total quarterly production. Data for the corresponding quarter of previous years are used to derive this ratio. This method ensures that the seasonal variations are preserved in the production estimates.

When preliminary quarterly data become available, the monthly and weekly estimates are adjusted to conform to the quarterly figure. The adjustment procedure uses State-level production data and is explained in EIA's Quarterly Coal Report. Initial estimates of annual production published in January of the following year are based on preliminary production data covering the first 9 months (three quarters) and weekly/monthly estimates for the fourth quarter. The fourth quarter estimates may or may not be revised when preliminary data become available in March of the following year, depending on the magnitude of the difference between the estimates and the preliminary data. In any event, all quarterly, monthly, and weekly production figures are adjusted to conform to the final annual production data published in the Monthly Energy Review in the fall of the following year.

2. Consumption: Coal consumption data are reported by major end-use sector. Estimated data for the most recent months (designated by an "E") are derived from forecasted values shown in the EIA *Short-Term Energy Outlook* (DOE/EIA-0202) table titled "Supply and Disposition of Coal: Mid World Oil Price Case." The monthly estimates are one-third of the quarterly values shown in the then current issue of the publication, regularly released in February, May, October, and November. The estimates are revised quarterly as collected data become available from the data sources. Sector-specific information follows.

• Residential and Commercial—Prior to 1980, monthly consumption estimates for the residential and commercial sector were derived by using reported data to modify baseline figures developed by the Bureau of Mines. From 1980-1987, monthly estimates were derived by proportioning reported quarterly data by using the ratios of

monthly-to-quarterly consumption data in 1979, the last year in which monthly data were reported on Form EIA-2. During 1981 and 1982, the estimates were also modified to reflect air temperature degree-days. Quarterly consumption data were taken directly from reported data and were defined as distribution to the residential and commercial sector as reported by coal producers and distributors on Form EIA-6. Beginning in January 1988, monthly residential and commercial consumption estimates are derived from reported quarterly data by using monthly national average population weighted heating/cooling degree-days obtained from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. The monthly ratios are the monthly national sum of heating and cooling degree-days as a proportion of the quarterly national sum. Quarterly consumption data are taken directly from reported data.

- Coke Plants—Prior to 1980, monthly coke plant consumption data were taken directly from reported data. From 1980-1987, coke plant consumption estimates were derived by proportioning reported quarterly data by using the ratios of monthly-to-quarterly consumption data in 1979, the last year in which monthly data were reported. Beginning in January 1988, monthly coke plant consumption estimates are derived from the reported quarterly data by using monthly ratios of raw steel production data from the American Iron and Steel Institute. The ratios are the monthly raw steel production from open hearth and basic oxygen process furnaces as a proportion of the quarterly production from those kinds of furnaces.
- Other Industrial-Prior to 1978, monthly consumption data for the other industrial sector (all industrial users minus coke plants) were derived by using reported data to modify baseline consumption figures from the most recent Bureau of the Census Annual Survey of Manufactures or Census of Manufactures. For 1978 and 1979, monthly estimates were derived from data reported on Forms EIA-3 and EIA-6. From 1980-1987, monthly figures were estimated by proportioning quarterly data by using the ratios of monthly-to-quarterly consumption data in 1979, the last year in which monthly data were reported on Form EIA-3. Quarterly consumption data were derived by adding beginning stocks at manufacturing plants to current receipts and subtracting ending stocks at manufacturing plants. In this calculation, current receipts were the greater of either reported receipts from manufacturing plants (Form EIA-3) or reported shipments to the other industrial sector (Form EIA-6), thereby ensuring that agriculture, forestry, fishing, mining, and construction consumption data were included where appropriate. Starting in January 1988, monthly consumption for the other industrial sector is estimated from reported quarterly data by using ratios derived from industrial production indices published by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. Indices for six major industry groups are used as the basis for calculating the ratios: foods, Standard Industrial

Classification (SIC) 20; paper and products, SIC 26; chemicals and products, SIC 28; petroleum products, SIC 29; clay, glass, and stone products, SIC 32; and primary metals, SIC 33. The monthly ratios are computed as the monthly sum of the weighted indices as a proportion of the quarterly sum of the weighted indices by using the 1977 proportion as the weights.

• Electric Utilities—Monthly consumption data for electric utility plants are taken directly from reported data.

3. Stocks: Coal stocks data are reported by major end-use sector. Estimated data for the most recent months (designated by an "E") are derived from forecasted values shown in the EIA *Short-Term Energy Outlook* (DOE/EIA-0202) table titled "Supply and Disposition of Coal: Mid World Oil Price Case." The monthly estimates are one-third of the quarterly values shown in the then current issue of the publication, regularly released in February, May, October, and November. The estimates are revised quarterly as collected data become available from the data sources. Sector-specific information follows.

- Coke Plants—Prior to 1980, monthly stocks at coke plants were taken directly from reported data. From 1980 forward, coke plant stocks are estimated by using one-third of the current quarterly change to indicate the monthly change in stocks. Quarterly stocks are taken directly from data reported on Form EIA-5.
- Other Industrial—Prior to 1978, stocks for the other industrial sector were derived by using reported data to modify baseline figures from a one-time Bureau of Mines survey of consumers. For 1978-1982, monthly estimates were derived by judgmentally proportioning reported quarterly data based on representative seasonal patterns of supply and demand. From 1983 forward, other industrial coal stocks are estimated as indicated above for coke plants. Quarterly stocks are taken directly from data reported on Form EIA-3 and therefore include only manufacturing industries; data for agriculture, forestry, fishing, mining, and construction stocks are not available.
- Electric Utilities—Monthly stocks data at electric utility plants are taken directly from reported data.
- Producers and Distributors—Quarterly stocks at producers and distributors are taken directly from reported data. Monthly data are estimated by using one-third of the current quarterly change to indicate the monthly change in stocks.

4. Imports and Exports: All coal import and export figures are taken directly from data reported monthly by the Bureau of the Census.

5. Additional Information: EIA's *Quarterly Coal Report* provides additional information about coal data and estimation procedures.

Sources for Table 6.1

Production

1973-September 1977—U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Mines, *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*. **October 1977 forward**—Energy Information Ad-

October 1977 forward—Energy Information Administration, Weekly Coal Production.

Consumption

Table 6.2.

Imports and Exports

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Monthly Reports IM-145 (Imports) and EM-545 (Exports).

Stocks

Table 6.3.

Sources for Table 6.2

Residential and Commercial

1973-1976—U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), Bureau of Mines (BOM), *Minerals Yearbook*. **January-September 1977**—DOI, BOM, Form 6-1400, "Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers-Upper Lake Docks."

October 1977-1979—Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-2, "Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers-Upper Lake Docks."

1980 forward—EIA, Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report," quarterly.

Coke Plants

1973-September 1977—DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*. **October 1977-1980**—EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke and Coal Chemicals-Monthly/Annual Supplement." 1981-1984—EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke Plant Report-Quarterly/Annual Supplement." 1985 forward—EIA, Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report-Quarterly."

Other Industrial

1973-September 1977—DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*.

October 1977-1979—EIA, Form EIA-3, "Monthly Coal Consumption Report-Manufacturing Plants." **1980 forward**—EIA, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal

Consumption Report-Manufacturing Plants," and Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report," quarterly.

Electric Utilities

1973-September 1977—DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*.

October 1977 forward—EIA, Form EIA-759 (formerly Form FPC-4), "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Sources for Table 6.3

Coke Plants

1973-September 1977-U.S. Department of the Inte-

rior (DOI), Bureau of Mines (BOM), *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*.

October 1977-1980—Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke and Coal Chemicals-Monthly/Annual."

1981-1984—EIA, Form EIA 5/5A, "Coke Plant Report-Quarterly/Annual Supplement."

1985 forward—EIA, Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report-Quarterly."

Other Industrial

1973-September 1977—DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*.

October 1977-1979—EIA, Form EIA-3, "Monthly Coal Consumption Report-Manufacturing Plants."

1980 forward—EIA, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report-Manufacturing Plants," and Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report," quarterly.

Electric Utilities

1973-September 1977—DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*. **October 1977 forward**—EIA, Form EIA-759 (formerly Form FPC-4), "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Producers and Distributors

EIA, Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report," quarterly.

Section 7. Electricity

Electric Power Industry. Electricity is produced by electric utilities and nonutility power producers. Electric utilities are the traditional, highly regulated part of the industry, and nonutility power producers are the unregulated, competitive part of the industry. In general, the electric power industry is moving away from regulated entities, and the nonutility power producers are expanding rapidly.

The Energy Information Administration maintains comprehensive data about electric utilities, which still account for most electric power in the country. Less information is available about nonutility power production, but some data are beginning to become available that provide perspective on the overall industry.

While little monthly data are available on the activities of nonutility power producers, some annual data can be provided. *Monthly Energy Review* Tables 7.1, 7.5, and 7.6 now provide annual data about nonutility power net generation and fossil fuel consumption.

In 1997, the total electric power industry net generation was 3.5 trillion kilowatthours of electricity. Of that sum, 3.1 trillion kilowatthours, or 88 percent, was produced by electric utilities and 0.4 trillion kilowatthours, or 12 percent, from nonutility power producers. While electric utilities relied most heavily on coal for producing power, nonutilities derived most of their power from natural gas.

Electric Utility Net Generation. During July 1998, electric utilities generated 318 billion kilowatthours of electricity, 4 percent higher than in July 1997. Coalfired generation totaled 173 billion kilowatthours, 4 percent higher than the July 1997 level. Nuclear generation totaled 61 billion kilowatthours, 7 percent

higher than the level 1 year earlier. Hydroelectric generation totaled 27 billion kilowatthours, 11 percent less than the July 1997 level. Natural gas-fired generation was 42 billion kilowatthours, 4 percent higher than the July 1997 level. Petroleum-fired generation totaled 14 billion kilowatthours, 50 percent above the level 1 year earlier.

Electric Utility Sales. Electric utility sales of electricity to all ultimate consumers in the United States in July 1998 were 310 billion kilowatthours, 6 percent higher than sales during July 1997. Sales to residential consumers totaled 121 billion kilowatthours in July 1998, 11 percent above the level 1 year earlier. Industrial sales totaled 90 billion kilowatthours in July 1998, 2 percent higher than the level of sales during the previous year. Commercial sales totaled 91 billion kilowatthours, 4 percent above the level 1 year earlier. In July 1998, other sales totaled 9 billion kilowatthours, 1 percent lower than the July 1997 level.

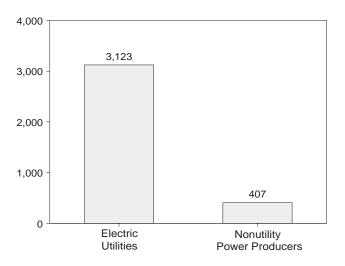
Electric Utility Consumption of Fossil Fuels. Electric utility consumption of coal during July 1998 was 88 million short tons, 3 percent higher than consumption in July 1997. Petroleum consumption (excluding petroleum coke) during July 1998 was 23 million barrels, 51 percent above the level of consumption in July 1997. During July 1998, electric utilities consumed 449 billion cubic feet of natural gas, 5 percent higher than the July 1997 consumption level.

Electric Utility Stocks of Coal and Petroleum. On July 31, 1998, electric utility stocks of all types of coal totaled 110 million short tons, slightly higher than the level on July 31, 1997. Stocks of petroleum (excluding petroleum coke) on July 31, 1998, totaled 47 million barrels, 2 percent above the level on July 31, 1997.

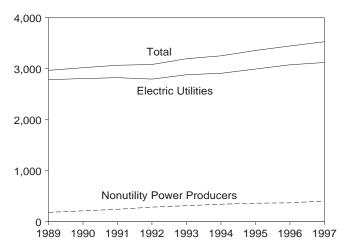
Figure 7.1 Electric Power Industry Net Generation

(Billion Kilowatthours)

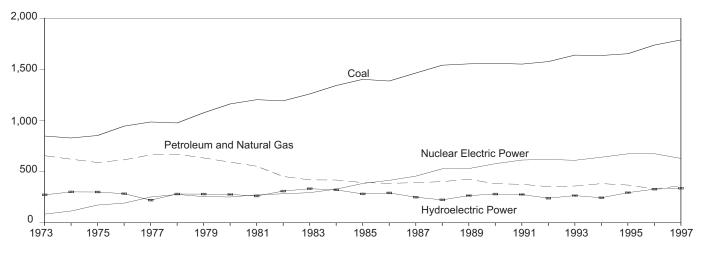
Electric Power Industry, 1997

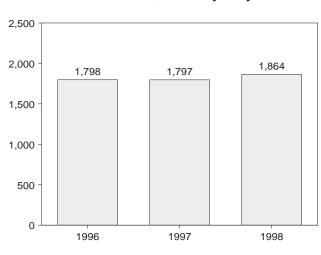


Electric Power Industry, 1989-1997



Electric Utilities by Source, 1973-1997





Electric Utilities Total, January-July

Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 7.1.

Electric Utilities Total, July 1998

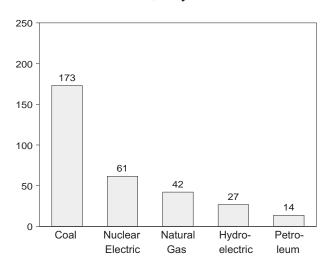


Table 7.1 Electric Power Industry Net Generation

(Million Kilowatthours)

	Electric Utilities										
	Coal	Natural Gas ^a	Petroleum ^b	Nuclear Electric Power	Hydro- electric Power	Geo- thermal Energy	Wood and Waste	Other ^c	Total	Nonutility Power Producers	Total Electric Power Industry
973 Total	847,651	340,858	314,343	83,479	272,083	1,966	328	0	1,860,710	NA	NA
974 Total 975 Total	828,433 852,786	320,065 299,778	300,931 289,095	113,976 172,505	301,032 300,047	2,453 3,246	251 191	0	1,867,140 1,917,649	NA NA	NA NA
976 Total	944,391	294,624	319,988	191,104	283,707	3,616	266	Ő	2,037,696	NA	NA
977 Total	985,219	305,505	358,179	250,883	220,475	3,582	481	ŏ	2,124,323	NA	NA
978 Total	975,742	305,391	365,060	276,403	280,419	2,978	338	Ō	2,206,331	NA	NA
979 Total	1,075,037	329,485	303,525	255,155	279,783	3,889	498	0	2,247,372	NA	NA
980 Total	1,161,562	346,240	245,994	251,116	276,021	5,073	433	0	2,286,439	NA	NA
981 Total	1,203,203	345,777	206,421	272,674	260,684	5,686	368	0	2,294,812	NA	NA
982 Total 983 Total	1,192,004 1,259,424	305,260 274.098	146,797 144,499	282,773	309,213 332,130	4,843 6,075	321 379	0 3	2,241,211 2.310.285	NA NA	NA NA
984 Total	1,341,681	297,394	119,808	293,677 327,634	321,150	7,741	886	12	2,310,285	NA	NA
985 Total	1,402,128	291,946	100,202	383,691	281,149	9,325	1,383	16	2,469,841	NA	NA
986 Total	1,385,831	248,508	136,585	414,038	290,844	10,308	1,177	18	2,487,310	NA	NA
987 Total	1,463,781	272,621	118,493	455,270	249,695	10,775	1,477	14	2,572,127	NA	NA
988 Total	1,540,653	252,801	148,900	526,973	222,940	10,300	1,674	10	2,704,250	NA	NA
989 Total	1,553,661	266,598	158,318	529,355	265,063	9,342	1,965	3	2,784,304	183,943	2,968,247
990 Total 991 Total	1,559,606 1,551,167	264,089 264,172	117,017 111,463	576,862 612,565	279,926 275,519	8,581 8,087	2,067 2,046	3 4	2,808,151 2.825.023	213,046 243,503	3,021,197 3,068,526
992 Total	1,575,895	263,872	88,916	618.776	239,559	8,104	2,040	3	2,797,219	286,148	3,083,367
993 Total	1,639,151	258,915	99,539	610,291	265,063	7,571	1,990	4	2,882,525	314,399	3,196,924
994 Total	1,635,493	291,115	91,039	640,440	243,693	6,941	1,988	4	2,910,712	343,087	3,253,799
995 Total	1,652,914	307,306	60,844	673,402	293,653	4,745	1,649	15	2,994,529	363,308	3,357,837
96 January	152,401	16,055	7,872	62,942	28,831	354	148	1	268,604	NA	NA
February	137,501	13,327	8,244	55,928	29,850	361	136	(s)	245,347	NA	NA
March	138,391	15,214	6,101	55,474	32,221	339	159	1	247,900	NA	NA
April	125,206	16,612	3,201	50,325	30,420	385	123	1	226,273	NA	NA
May	134,445	25,424	3,992	55,637	31,645	258	139	2	251,543	NA	NA
June	146,069	28,730	5,582	57,498	30,191	387 555	169 188	2 2	268,626	NA	NA NA
July August	158,517 161,782	34,129 35,233	7,583 6,330	60,953 61,477	27,352 24,835	575 574	172	2	289,279 290,404	NA NA	NA
September	142,326	27,254	4,855	54,593	20,706	496	165	1	250,397	NA	NA
October	142,625	21,812	3,359	50,612	21,165	531	203	1	240,308	NA	NA
November	145,208	16,525	4,295	52,132	21,956	538	190	(s)	240,844	NA	NA
December	152,983	12,414	5,933	57,159	28,798	456	174	(s)	257,917	NA	NA
Total	1,737,453	262,730	67,346	674,729	327,970	5,234	1,967	13	3,077,442	369,656	3,447,098
997 January	161,286	13,359	8,225	58,914	31,049	414	162	(s)	273,410	NA	NA
February	134,998	13,475	4,479	50,658	29,840	310	148	(s)	233,907	NA	NA
March	137,830	18,191	4,345	50,414	33,286	438 484	155 169	1	244,659	NA	NA NA
April May	131,744 136,110	18,870 22,192	3,926 4,452	44,883 47,032	30,436 32,709	484 471	169	1	230,512 243,143	NA NA	NA
June	146,009	28,456	6,728	52,095	32,769	385	152	1	266,588	NA	NA
July	167,087	40,403	9,072	57,352	30,034	512	167	1	304,628	NA	NA
August	162,384	37,237	7,711	61,084	25,462	505	173	1	294,557	NA	NA
September	151,427	32,281	7,688	52,586	22,031	482	153	1	266,649	NA	NA
October	152,004	23,276	7,094	46,981	23,240	477	193	1	253,267	NA	NA
November December	146,037 160,890	17,029	6,660 7,374	51,189 55,457	22,166 24,219	475 516	170 166	0 0	243,726 267.477	NA NA	NA NA
Total	1,787,806	18,855 283,625	77,753	628,644	337,233	5,469	1,983	9	3,122,522	E 407,026	E 3,529,549
998 January	156,540	16 206	6 160	57,889	27,518	491	172	0	265,384	NA	NIΛ
February	136,324	16,306 12,861	6,468 5,733	57,889 50,999	27,518 28,814	491 390	172	0	265,384 235,266	NA	NA NA
March	144,152	18,751	8,689	53,711	30,391	487	169	0	256,351	NA	NA
April	132,153	18,455	6,833	47,503	27,376	320	167	0	232,807	NA	NA
May	145,271	27,164	9,531	51,496	31,020	288	182	0	264,952	NA	NA
June	157,503	35,082	12,149	55,732	30,248	354	129	1	291,197	NA	NA
July 7-Month Total	173,093 1,045,035	42,120 170,740	13,617 63,019	61,499 378,829	26,734 202,101	448 2,779	172 1,135	1 3	317,684 1,863,641	NA NA	NA NA
997 7-Month Total								6			
997 7-Month Total	1,015,064 992,529	154,945 149,492	41,227 42,574	361,348 398,756	220,114 210,511	3,013 2,639	1,129 1,063	9	1,796,847 1,797,572	NA NA	NA NA

 a Includes supplemental gaseous fuel. b Includes fuel oil nos. 1, 2, 4, 5, and 6, crude oil, kerosene, and petroleum

coke. ^c "Other" is electricity produced from wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy sources connected to electric utility distribution systems.

NA=Not available. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than 500 thousand kilowatthours.
 Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Sources: See end of section.

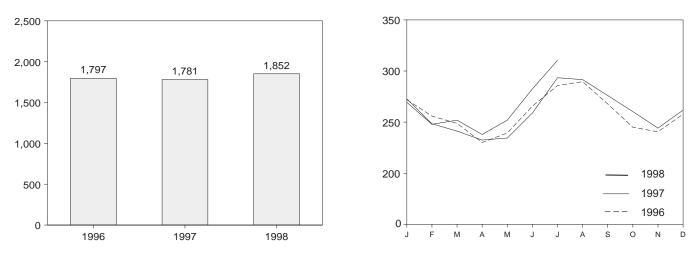
See Table 7.5 for nonutility power producers' annual net generation of electricity by source.

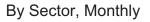
Figure 7.2 Electric Utility Retail Sales of Electricity

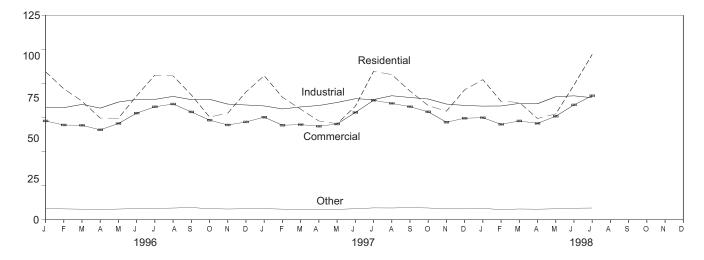
(Billion Kilowatthours)

Total, January-July



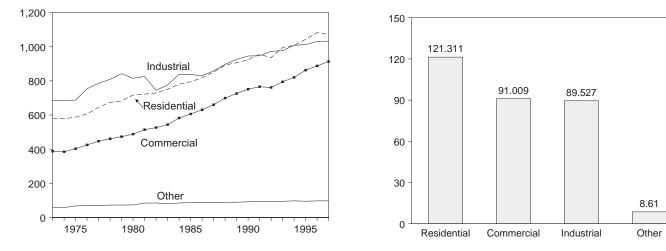






By Sector, 1973-1997

By Sector, July 1998



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 7.2.

Table 7.2 Electric Utility Retail Sales of Electricity by End-Use Sector

(Million Kilowatthours)

	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Othera	Total
973 Total	579,231	388,266	686,085	59,326	1,712,909
974 Total	578,184	384,826	684,875	58,039	1,705,924
			687.680		
975 Total	588,140	403,049		68,222	1,747,091
976 Total	606,452	425,094	754,069	69,631	1,855,246
977 Total	645,239	446,514	786,037	70,571	1,948,361
978 Total	674,466	461,163	809,078	73,215	2,017,922
979 Total	682,819	473,307	841,903	73,070	2,071,099
980 Total	717,495	488,155	815,067	73,732	2,094,449
981 Total	722,265	514,338	825.743	84,756	
	,	-	/ -	,	2,147,103
982 Total	729,520	526,397	744,949	85,575	2,086,441
983 Total	750,948	543,788	775,999	80,219	2,150,955
984 Total	780,092	582,621	837,836	85,248	2,285,796
985 Total	793,934	605,989	836,772	87,279	2,323,974
986 Total	819,088	630,520	830,531	88,615	2,368,753
987 Total	850,410	660,433	858,233	88,196	2,457,272
988 Total	892,866	699,100	896,498	89,598	2,578,062
989 Total	905,525	725,861	925,659	89,765	2,646,809
990 Total	924,019	751,027	945,522	91,988	2,712,555
991 Total	955,417	765,664	946,583	94,339	2,762,003
	,	2			2,763,365
992 Total	935,939	761,271	972,714	93,442	, ,
993 Total	994,781	794,573	977,164	94,944	2,861,462
994 Total	1,008,482	820,269	1,007,981	97,830	2,934,563
95 Total	1,042,501	862,685	1,012,693	95,407	3,013,287
996 January	108,619	72,499	82,610	8,173	271.901
February	96,116	69,524	82.245	7,956	255,841
March	87,038	69,328	84,610	7,776	248,752
	,		,	'	,
April	74,613	65,961	81,902	7,590	230,065
May	74,537	70,619	86,376	7,855	239,386
June	90,945	78,244	88,245	8,195	265,629
July	106,124	82,882	88,318	8,367	285,690
-	105,556	84,927	90,513	8,597	289,592
August					
September	91,584	79,093	88,113	8,955	267,744
October	75,377	73,076	88,358	8,140	244,951
November	78,253	69,526	84,862	7,879	240,520
December	93,729	71,746	84,205	8,058	257,738
Total	1,082,491	887,425	1,030,356	97,539	3,097,810
97 January	105,713	75,289	83,506	8,138	272,646
	,		,	'	,
February	89,890	69,385	81,306	7,805	248,385
March	81,094	69,779	82,774	7,508	241,155
April	72,450	68,630	83,840	7,507	232,427
	70,493	70,237	86,049	7,624	234,403
June	83,249	78,713	88,794	8,094	258,851
July	108,895	87,625	88,171	8,699	293,389
	,			'	
August	106,543	85,386	90,983	8,634	291,546
September	94,422	82,986	89,714	8,866	275,988
October	83,784	79,181	88,622	8,648	260,235
November	79,672	71,580	84,885	7,990	244,127
December	95,365	74,492	83,894	7,991	261,742
Total	1,071,569	913,283	1,032,538	97,504	3,114,894
00 1					
98 January	102,797	74,908	83,370	8,270	269,345
February	86,837	69,979	83,498	7,515	247,828
March	86,119	72,507	85,357	7,896	251,879
April	74,268	70,710	85,153	7,757	237,888
May	77,650	75,964	90,268	8,046	251,927
June	98,806	84,249	90,922	8,497	282,474
July 7-Month Total	121,311 647,788	91,009 539,325	89,527 608,094	8,610 56,591	310,456 1,851,798
	00,100	000,020	000,004	00,001	1,001,100
97 7-Month Total	611,783	519,658	594,440	55,375	1,781,256

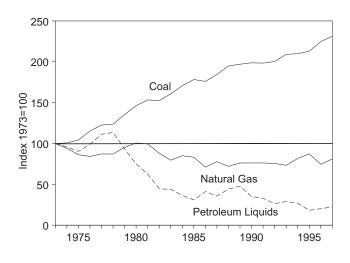
 ^a "Other" is public street and highway lighting, other sales to public authorities, sales to railroads and railways, and interdepartmental sales.
 Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: See end of section.

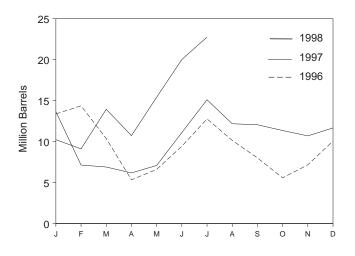
Please Read: This table reports electric utility retail sales of electricity. Retail sales include electricity that the utilities purchased from nonutility power producers (NUPP) for resale to the end-use sectors. It does not include NUPP-produced electricity for their own use (266,399 million kilowatthours estimated for 1997) or sold directly to other end-users (14,320 million kilowatthours estimated for 1997). See EIA's *Electric Power Annual 1996, Volume II*, the "U.S. Nonutility Power Producers" chapter for additional information.

Figure 7.3 Electric Utility Consumption and Stocks of Fossil Fuels

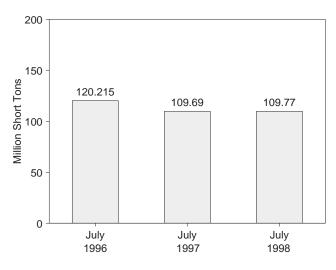
Fuels Consumed, 1973-1997



Petroleum Liquids Consumed, Monthly

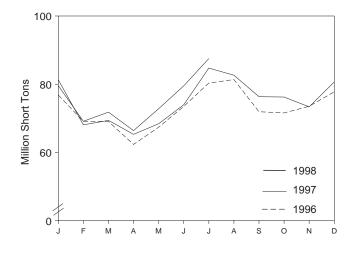




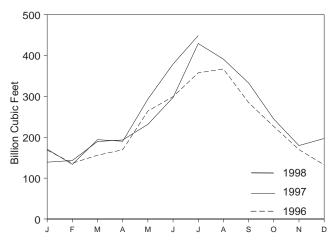


Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Tables 7.3 and 7.4.

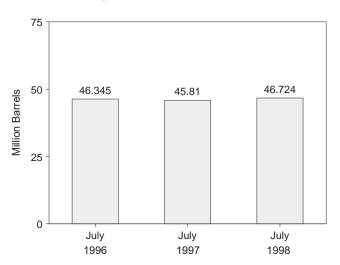
Coal Consumed, Monthly



Natural Gas Consumed, Monthly



Petroleum Liquids Stocks, End of Month



Energy Information Administration/Monthly Energy Review October 1998

Table 7.3 Electric Utility Consumption of Fossil Fuels To Generate Electricity

		Co	al								
					By T of Petr		By Pı Mover				
	Anthra- cite	Bituminous Coal	Lignite	Total	Heavy Oil ^a	Light Oil ^b	Steam Plants	GT/IC ^c	Total Liquids	Petroleum Coke	Natural Gas ^d
		Thousand S	Short Tons			Th	ousand Barr	els		Thousand Short Tons	Million Cubic Feet
973 Total	1,443	376,975	10,794	389,212	NA	NA	513,190	47,058	560,248	507	3.660.172
974 Total	1,498	378,643	11,670	391,811	NA	NA	483,146	53,128	536,274	625	3,443,428
975 Total	1,480	388,523	15,960	405,962	NA	NA	467,221	38,907	506,128	70	3,157,669
976 Total 977 Total	1,350 1,425	425,205 451,051	21,817 24,650	448,371 477,126	NA NA	NA NA	514,077 574,869	41,843 48,837	555,920 623,705	68 98	3,080,868 3,191,200
978 Total	1,423	448,763	31,407	481,235	NA	NA	588.319	40,037	635.839	398	3,188,363
979 Total	1,046	488,129	37,876	527,051	NA	NA	492,606	30,691	523,297	268	3,490,523
980 Total	951	526,680	41,642	569,274	391,163	29,051	401,863	18,351	420,214	179	3,681,595
981 Total	1,221	550,784	44,792	596,797	329,798	21,313	339,680	11,431	351,111	139	3,640,154
982 Total 983 Total	1,075 1,036	543,346 570,108	49,245 54,067	593,666 625,211	234,434 228,984	15,337 16,512	243,537 237,845	6,234 7,652	249,771 245,497	149 261	3,225,518 2,910,767
984 Total	1,030	606,339	56,990	664,399	189,289	15,190	197,050	7,429	204,479	252	3,111,342
985 Total	1,033	631,885	60,923	693,841	158,779	14,635	166,842	6,572	173,414	231	3,044,083
986 Total	829	616,134	68,093	685,056	216,156	14,326	222,500	7,983	230,482	313	2,602,370
987 Total	972	647,824	69,098	717,894	184,011	15,367	190,818	8,560	199,378	348	2,844,051
988 Total 989 Total	1,063 1,049	681,048 688,504	76,260 77,335	758,372 766,888	229,327 241,960	18,769 25,491	235,817 250,315	12,279 17,136	248,096 267,451	409 517	2,635,613 2,787,012
990 Total	1,031	694,317	78,201	773,549	181,231	14,823	187,531	8,523	196,054	819	2,787,332
991 Total	994	691,275	79,999	772,268	171,157	13,729	177,286	7,600	184,886	722	2,789,014
992 Total	986	698,626	80,248	779,860	135,779	11,556	141,163	6,172	147,335	999	2,765,608
993 Total	951	732,736	79,821	813,508	149,287	13,168	154,905	7,549	162,454	1,220	2,682,440
994 Total 995 Total	1,123 978	737,102 749,951	79,045 78,078	817,270 829,007	134,666 86,584	16,338 15,565	140,907 92,131	10,097 10,019	151,004 102,150	875 761	2,987,146 3,196,507
996 January	87	69,455	7,282	76,824	11,410	1,967	NA	NA	13,376	62	168,408
February	79	62,555	6,470	69,103	11,857	2,514	NA	NA	14,370	47	136,531
March	88	62,534	6,439	69,061	8,782	1,593	NA	NA	10,375	39	156,076
April	77	57,224	5,032	62,334	4,344	1,001	NA	NA	5,346	44	169,514
May	87 86	61,321 66,642	5,981 6,759	67,390 73,487	5,256 8,353	1,354 1.083	NA NA	NA NA	6,610 9,436	49 48	264,183 299,413
June July	89	73,036	7,204	80,330	11,444	1,322	NA	NA	12,766	71	357,600
August	97	74,140	7,120	81,357	9,031	1,123	NA	NA	10,154	86	367,063
September	97	65,500	6,325	71,922	6,821	1,193	NA	NA	8,014	71	284,744
October	66	65,199	6,309	71,575	4,509	1,076	NA	NA	5,585	59	226,376
November December	63 92	67,059 70,586	6,409 7,091	73,531 77,769	6,055 8,520	1,113 1,553	NA NA	NA NA	7,167 10,073	51 55	169,829 132,372
Total	1,009	795,252	78,421	874,681	96,382	16,892	NA	NA	113,274	681	2,732,107
997 January	97	74,109	7,082	81,288	11,944	1,708	NA	NA	13,652	56	139,036
February	86	61,786	6,204	68,076	6,282	861	NA	NA	7,143	55	143,185
March April	89 93	63,573 60,372	5,728 4,831	69,389 65,296	6,050 5,121	852 1,060	NA NA	NA NA	6,902 6,181	35 103	189,590 193,416
May	93 72	62,201	6,129	68,402	6,124	967	NA	NA	7,091	135	231,548
June	75	67,036	6,852	73,963	9,707	1,397	NA	NA	11,104	144	297,424
July	91	77,514	7,122	84,727	12,502	2,605	NA	NA	15,107	144	429,286
August	82	75,403	7,146	82,631	10,808	1,372	NA	NA	12,180	160	391,090
September October	85 88	69,710 69,729	6,537 6,415	76,332 76,232	11,005 10,237	1,053 1,118	NA NA	NA NA	12,058 11,354	161 140	332,781 244,394
November	67	66,904	6,392	73,362	9,647	1,053	NA	NA	10,700	135	179,723
December Total	89 1,014	73,486 821,823	7,086 77,524	80,661 900,361	10,564 109,989	1,110 15,157	NA NA	NA NA	11,674 125,146	132 1,400	196,980 2,968,453
998 January	84	72,435	7,051	79,571	9,014	1,226	NA	NA	10,240	156	170,946
February	75	63,091	5,960	69,127	8,186	933	NA	NA	9,119	122	133,700
March	84	66,667	5,050	71,800	12,709	1,235	NA	NA	13,944	125	194,113
April	75	61,587	4,730	66,392	9,723	1,011	NA	NA	10,734	143	190,266
May	83	67,175	5,551	72,809	13,365	2,045	NA	NA	15,410	146	293,378
June July	74 70	73,534 80,841	5,890 6,611	79,499 87,521	16,804 19,257	3,213 3,498	NA NA	NA NA	20,016 22,755	167 176	379,024 448,875
7-Month Total	546	485,329	40,844	526,719	89,057	13,161	NA	NA	102,218	1,035	1,810,301
997 7-Month Total 996 7-Month Total	603 594	466,591 452,767	43,948 45,166	511,142 498,527	57,729 61,446	9,450 10,834	NA NA	NA NA	67,180 72,280	672 360	1,623,484 1,551,723

^a Heavy oil includes fuel oil nos. 4, 5, and 6, and residual fuel oils.
^b Light oil includes fuel oil nos. 1 and 2, kerosene, and jet fuel.
^c GT/IC = Gas turbine and internal combustion plants.
^d Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.
NA=Not available.

Notes:
 Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
 Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: See end of section.

This table reports consumption of fossil fuels by electric utilities and does not include nonutility power producers. Please see Table 7.6 for annual consumption of fossil fuels by nonutility power producers.

Table 7.4 Electric Utility Stocks of Coal and Petroleum, End of Period

	Coal				Petroleum						
					By T of Petr			Prime r Type			
	Anthracite	Bituminous Coal	Lignite	Total	Heavy Oil ^a	Light Oil ^b	Steam Plants	GT/IC ^c	Total Liquids	Petroleum Coke	
		Thousand S	Short Tons			т	housand Barre	els		Thousand Short Tons	
1973 Total	1,066	84,941	961	86,967	NA	NA	79,121	10,095	89,216	312	
1974 Total	930	81,712	867	83,509	NA	NA	97,718	15,199	112,917	35	
1975 Total	982	107,927	1,815	110,724	NA	NA	108,825	16,432	125,257	31	
1976 Total	1,000	114,130	2,306	117,436	NA	NA	106,993	14,703	121,696	32	
1977 Total 1978 Total	2,321 2,178	128,210 123,020	2,688 3,027	133,219 128,225	NA NA	NA NA	124,750 102,402	19,281 16,386	144,031 118,788	44 198	
1979 Total	3,274	152,981	3,459	159,714	NA	NA	111,121	20,301	131,422	183	
1980 Total	4,741	174,154	4,115	183,010	105,351	30,023	117,227	18,147	135,374	52	
1981 Total	5,537	158,258	5,098	168,893	102,042	26,094	112,380	15,756	128,136	42	
1982 Total	6,080	170,480	4,573	181,132	95,515	23,369	105,287	13,597	118,884	41	
1983 Total	6,507	145,250	3,841	155,598	70,573	18,801	78,285	11,090	89,375	55	
1984 Total	6,710	167,118	5,899	179,727	68,503	19,116	76,836	10,784	87,619	50	
1985 Total 1986 Total	7,189 7,099	142,144 148.665	7,043 6,042	156,376 161,806	57,304 56,841	16,386 16,269	64,704 64,258	8,985 8,853	73,689 73,111	49 40	
1987 Total	6,940	156,670	7,187	170,797	55,069	15,759	61,705	9,123	70,827	51	
1988 Total	6,561	133,434	6,512	146,507	54,187	15,099	60,311	8,974	69,285	86	
1989 Total	6,403	122,967	6,490	135,860	47,446	13,824	53,309	7,962	61,270	105	
1990 Total	6,499	142,650	7,016	156,166	67,030	16,471	73,306	10,195	83,501	94	
1991 Total	6,513	145,367	5,996	157,876	58,636	16,357	65,032	9,961	74,993	70	
1992 Total	6,215	142,156	5,759	154,130	56,135	15,714	62,374	9,475	71,849	67	
1993 Total 1994 Total	5,639 4,879	98,560 115,325	7,142 6,693	111,341 126,897	46,769 46,342	15,674 16,644	53,360 52,814	9,083 10,172	62,443 62,986	89 69	
1995 Total	4,325	116,749	5,231	126,304	35,102	15,392	40,992	9,503	50,495	65	
1996 January	4,243	108,151	5,334	117,728	34,383	15,067	NA	NA	49,451	61	
February	4,090	105,817	5,646	115,553	30,715	14,495	NA	NA	45,211	57	
March	4,128	107,771	5,579	117,478	28,915	13,694	NA	NA	42,609	53	
April	4,080 4,026	115,991 120,977	5,980 5,800	126,051 130,803	31,507 32,421	13,428 13,521	NA NA	NA NA	44,935 45,942	47 38	
May June	3,969	117,658	5,487	127,113	32,110	14,239	NA	NA	46,349	64	
July	3,911	110,859	5,445	120,215	31,884	14,461	NA	NA	46,345	47	
August	3,853	108,638	5,408	117,899	32,718	14,651	NA	NA	47,369	35	
September	3,792	110,376	5,305	119,473	31,487	14,270	NA	NA	45,757	27	
October	3,765	114,657	5,327	123,749	33,269	14,490	NA	NA	47,758	45	
November	3,762	111,365	5,384	120,512	33,108	14,600	NA	NA	47,708	62	
December	3,687	105,807	5,129	114,623	32,473	15,216	NA	NA	47,690	91	
1997 January	3,609	98,043	4,969	106,621	29,742	14,766	NA	NA	44,508	136	
February	3,544	98,878	5,391	107,813	31,372	14,901	NA	NA	46,273	159	
March	3,479	104,650	5,599	113,727	31,425	15,226	NA	NA	46,651	177	
April	3,417	109,124	5,723	118,263	32,534	14,625	NA	NA	47,158	221	
May	3,374 3,323	114,257 111,761	5,760 5,704	123,391 120,787	33,213 32,129	14,685 14,824	NA NA	NA NA	47,898 46,953	253 229	
June July	3,323	100,691	5,704	120,787	30,990	14,820	NA	NA	40,955 45,810	308	
August	3,228	94,896	5,599	103,724	30,872	14,823	NA	NA	45,694	293	
September	3,166	93,456	5,496	102,119	29,064	14,832	NA	NA	43,896	308	
October	3,118	93,309	6,009	102,436	30,115	15,049	NA	NA	45,163	439	
November	3,075	92,566	5,093	100,735	32,255	15,214	NA	NA	47,469	450	
December	3,021	90,905	4,900	98,826	33,336	15,456	NA	NA	48,792	469	
1998 January	2,958	92,425	5,019	100,402	33,928	15,908	NA	NA	49,837	403	
February	2,906	96,107	4,890	103,902	33,898	15,789	NA	NA	49,687	358	
March	2,846	99,839	4,855	107,540	31,205	15,353	NA	NA	46,558	418	
April May	2,803 2,743	108,085 111,954	5,095 5,382	115,983 120,078	35,036 32,936	16,051 14,668	NA NA	NA NA	51,087 47,605	498 501	
June	2,743	110,499	5,382 5,056	120,078	32,936 30,056	14,666	NA	NA	47,605 44,545	683	
•••••	2,672	102,246	4,852	109,770	31,660	15,064	NA	NA	46,724	577	

 $^{\rm a}\,$ Heavy oil includes fuel oil nos. 4, 5, and 6, and residual fuel oils.

^b Light oil includes fuel oil nos. 1 and 2, kerosene, and jet fuel.

^c GT/IC = Gas turbine and internal combustion plants.

NA=Not available.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: See end of section.

Please Read: This table reports stocks at electric utilities only and does not include stocks held by nonutility power producers, which are not collected by EIA. See EIA's *Electric Power Annual 1996, Volume II*, the "U.S. Nonutility Power Producers" chapter for additional information.

Table 7.5 Nonutility Power Net Generation of Electricity

(Million Kilowatthours)

	Coala	Natural Gas ^b	Other Gas ^c	Petroleum ^d	Nuclear Electric Power ^e	Hydro- electric Power ^f	Geo- thermal Energy	Wood ^g and Waste ^h	Other ⁱ	Total
1989 Total	30,163	96,983	(^b)	5,543	47	7,053	5,254	34,909	3,990	183,943
990 Total	30,699	113,835	(b)	7,031	113	8,071	7,018	40,761	5,518	213,046
991 Total	38,773	128,230	(b)	7,494	77	8,098	7,773	46,221	6,837	243,503
992 Total	45,189	154,429	(b)	10,508	65	9,352	8,318	51,264	7,023	286,148
993 Total	50,859	169,502	(b)	12,814	76	11,396	9,454	53,318	6,981	314,399
994 Total	56,197	174,813	12,111	14,464	52	13,095	9,816	54,898	7,640	343,087
995 Total	57,261	191,235	13,569	14,416	0	14,626	9,614	54,962	7,625	363,308
1996 Total	58,304	193,155	14,315	14,329	0	16,390	9,892	55,400	7,872	369,656
1997 Total	E 64,324	E 213,533	^E 14,674	^E 16,548	E 0	E 18,515	E 10,876	E 59,789	^E 8,767	E 407,026

^a Coal, anthracite culm, and coal waste.

^b "Other Gas" data are included in "Natural Gas" for 1989-1993.

^c Butane, methane, propane, waste heat, and waste gases.

^d Petroleum, petroleum coke, diesel, kerosene, petroleum sludge and tar.

^e Nuclear reactor and generator at Argonne National Laboratory used primarily for research and development in testing reactor fuels as well as for training. Generation from the unit is for internal consumption.

^f Conventional hydropower only; there are no pumped storage projects among the nonutility power producers.

^g Wood, wood waste, peat, wood liquors, railroad ties, pitch, and wood sludge. ^h Municipal solid waste, agricultural waste, straw, tires, landfill gases, and other waste.

ⁱ Wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy; and hydrogen, sulfur, batteries, chemicals, fish oil, and spent liquor.

E=Estimate.

Note: Total may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: Energy Information Administration, estimated from Form EIA-867, "Annual Nonutility Power Producer Report."

Table 7.6 Electric Power Industry Consumption of Fossil Fuels To Generate Electricity

	Coal		Petroleum				Other Gas ^a			
	Electric Utilities	Nonutility Power Producers ^b	Total	Electric Utilities ^c	Nonutility Power Producers ^d	Total	Electric Utilities ^e	Nonutility Power Producers	Total	Nonutility Power Producers
	The	ousand Short T	ons	Т	housand Barre	ls		Million	Cubic Feet	
1989 Total	766,888	30,762	797,650	270,038	28,377	298,415	2,787,012	1,181,015	3,968,027	1,225,951
1990 Total	773,549	32,300	805,849	200,152	28,980	229,132	2,787,332	1,386,741	4,174,073	1,279,176
991 Total	772,268	38,113	810,381	188,494	29,509	218,003	2,789,014	1,569,850	4,358,864	1,364,697
992 Total	779,860	44,607	824,467	152,329	34,626	186,955	2,765,608	1,844,857	4,610,465	1,587,632
993 Total	813,508	48,343	861,851	168,556	40,142	208,698	2,682,440	2,013,788	4,696,228	1,681,916
994 Total	817,270	52,261	869,531	155,377	46,630	202,007	2,987,146	2,149,246	5,136,392	1,591,051
1995 Total	829,007	50,328	879,335	105,956	39,219	145,175	3,196,507	2,303,944	5,500,451	1,611,993
1996 Total	874,681	53,202	927,883	116,680	42,926	159,606	2,732,107	2,449,996	5,182,103	1,738,362
1997 Total	900.361	E 57.651	958.012	132,147	E 45.805	177.952	2.968.453	E 2,721,463	5.689.916	E 1,830,382

^a Butane, methane, propane, and other gases.

^b Coal, anthracite culm, and coal waste.

^c Includes petroleum coke (converted at 5 barrels per short ton).

^d Petroleum, diesel, kerosene, petroleum sludge, and tar. Does not include petroleum coke, which, in thousand barrels, was 23,700 in 1994; 20,940 in 1995; 22,420 in 1996; and an estimated 25,785 in 1997. ^e Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

E=Estimate. Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: • Electric Utilities: Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Electric Power Monthly*, October 1998, Table 14. • Nonutility Power Producers: EIA, estimated from Form EIA-867, "Annual Nonutility Power Producer Report" data.

Sources for Table 7.1

Electric Utilities

1973-September 1977—Federal Power Commission Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

October 1977-1979—Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

1980—Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Electric Power Monthly*, March 1991, Table 4, and (for geothermal energy and other) FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

1981—EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, March 1992, Table 4, and (for geothermal energy and other) FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

1982—EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, March 1993, Table 4, and (for geothermal energy and other) EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

1983-1989—EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, March 1994, Table 4, and (for geothermal energy and other) EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

1990 forward—EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, October 1998, Tables 4 and 5.

Nonutility Power Producers

EIA, estimated from Form EIA-867, "Annual Nonutility Power Producer Report."

Total Electric Power Industry

Sum of Electric Utilities and Nonutility Power Producers.

Sources for Table 7.2

1973-September 1977—Federal Power Commission (FPC), Form FPC-5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenue and Income."

October 1977-February 1980—Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FPC-5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenue and Income."

March 1980-1982—FERC, Form FPC-5, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement."

1983—Énergy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-826, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement."

1984-1987—EIA, Form EIA-861, "Annual Electric Utility Report."

1988 forward—EIA, *Electric Power Monthly,* October 1998, Table 44.

Sources for Table 7.3

Prime Mover Type Data

1973-September 1977—Federal Power Commission (FPC), Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
October 1977-1981—Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
1982 forward—Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

All Other Data

1973-September 1977—FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

October 1977-1979—FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

1980-1987—EIÂ, *Electric Power Monthly*, March issues. **1988 forward**—EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, October 1998, Table 14.

Sources for Table 7.4

Prime Mover Type Data

1973-September 1977—Federal Power Commission (FPC), Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
October 1977-1981—Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
1982 forward—Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

All Other Data

1973-September 1977—FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

October 1977-1979—FERC, Form FPC-4 "Monthly Power Plant Report."

1980-1987—EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, March issues. **1988 forward**—EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, October 1998, Table 21.

Section 8. Nuclear Energy

In July 1998, U.S. nuclear generating units produced a total of 61 net terawatthours (billion kilowatthours) of electricity, 7 percent higher than in July 1997. Nuclear units generated at an average capacity factor of 85.5 percent, 8.8 percentage points higher than in July 1997. Nuclear power supplied 19.4 percent of the total electric utility-generated electricity in July 1998 compared with 18.8 in July 1997.

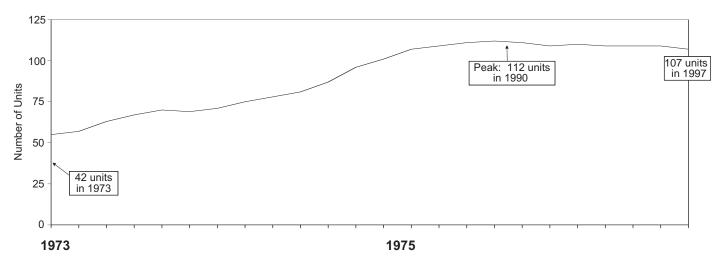
On July 31, 1998, there were 104 operable nuclear generating units in the United States, with a collective net summer capability of 96.6 million kilowatts of electricity. Of the 104 operable units, 14 units generated no electricity during the month because of maintenance, refueling, or repair outage. By comparison, a total of 69 units were reported operating at 90 percent of capacity or more in July. Of these 69 units, a total of 8 operated at 100 percent or greater (based on net summer capability).

In addition, there were 3 other units with construction permits, although construction for all 3 units has been halted. The design capacity of the 3 units with construction permits was 3.6 million kilowatts.

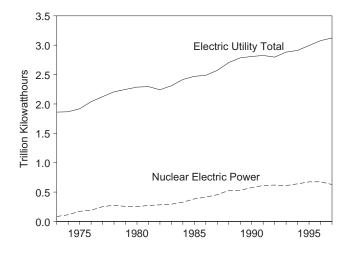
According to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Millstone 1 was permanently shut down in July 1998, reducing the number of total operable units to 104 in July 1998.

Figure 8.1 Nuclear Power Plant Operations

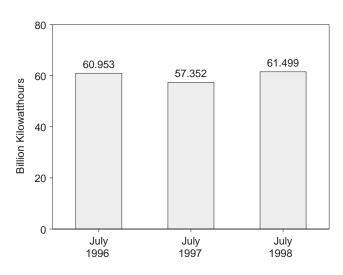
Operable Units,^a End of Year, 1973-1997



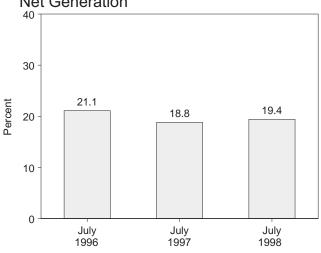
Electric Utility Net Generation, 1973-1997

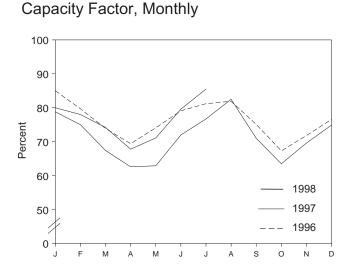






Nuclear Share of Electric Utility Net Generation





^aAll units that contributed power to the commercial grid whether or not they were owned by an electric utility. See Note 1 at end of section for additional information. ^bAt electric utilities. Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Tables 7.1 and 8.1.

	Nuclear Electricity Net Generation ^a	Nuclear Share of Electric Utility Net Generation	Net Summer Capability of Operable Units ^{a,b,c}	Capacity Factor ^{a,d}
	Million	Dereent	Million	Dercent
	Kilowatthours	Percent	Kilowatts	Percent
973 Year	83,479	4.5	22.683	53.5
974 Year	113,976	6.1	31.867	47.8
975 Year	172,505	9.0	37.267	55.9
976 Year	191,104	9.4	43.822	54.7
977 Year	250,883	11.8	46.303	63.3
978 Year	276,403	12.5	50.824	64.5
979 Year	255,155	11.4	49.747	58.4
980 Year	251,116	11.0	51.810	56.3
981 Year	272,674	11.9	56.042	58.2
982 Year	282,773	12.6	60.035	56.6
983 Year	293,677	12.7	63.009	54.4
984 Year	327,634	13.6	69.652	56.3
985 Year	383,691	15.5	79.397	58.0
986 Year	414,038	16.6	85.241	56.9
987 Year	455,270 526 973	17.7	93.583	57.4 63.5
988 Year 989 Year	526,973 529,355	19.5	94.695 98.161	63.5 62.2
989 Year	529,355 576,862	19.0 20.5	98.161	62.2
991 Year	612.565	20.5	99.589	70.2
992 Year	618,776	21.7	98.985	70.9
993 Year	610,291	21.2	99.041	70.5
994 Year	640,440	22.0	99.148	73.8
995 Year	673,402	22.5	99.515	77.4
	010,402	22.5	55.010	11.4
996 January	62.942	23.4	99.515	85.0
February	55,928	22.8	100.908	79.7
March	55,474	22.4	100.908	73.9
April	50,325	22.2	100.908	69.4
May	55,637	22.1	100.908	74.1
June	57,498	21.4	100.908	79.1
July	60,953	21.1	100.908	81.2
August	61,477	21.2	100.908	81.9
September	54,593	21.8	100.908	75.1
October	50,612	21.1	100.908	67.3
November	52,132	21.6	100.908	71.8
December	57,159	22.2	100.348	76.6
Year	674,729	21.9	100.348	76.2
997 January	58,914	21.5	100.348	78.8
February	50,658	21.7	100.348	75.0
March	50,414	20.6	100.348	67.4
April	44,883	19.5	100.348	62.6
May	47,032	19.3	100.348	62.9
June	52,095	19.5	100.348	72.0
July	57,352	18.8	100.348	76.7
August	61,084	20.7	99.383	82.5
September	52,586	19.7	99.383	71.0
October	46,981	18.6	99.383	63.5
November	51,189	21.0	99.383	69.6
December	55,457	20.7	99.383	74.9
Year	628,644	20.1	99.383	71.4
998 January	57,889	21.8	97.303	80.0
February	50,999	21.7	97.303	78.0
March	53,711	21.0	97.303	74.2
April	47,503	20.4	97.303	67.8
May	51,496	19.4	97.303	71.1
June	55,732	19.1	97.303	79.6
July	61,499	19.4	96.643	85.5
7-Month Total	378,829	20.3	96.643	76.6
997 7-Month Total	361,348	20.1	100.348	70.8
····	001,040	22.2	100.908	77.5

Table 8.1 Nuclear Power Plant Operations

a At electric utilities.

 ^b At end of period.
 ^c For the definition of "Net Summer Capability," see Note 3 at end of section d d For an explanation of the method of calculating the capacity

factor, see Note 2 at end of section.

Notes: • The performance data shown in this table are based on a universe of reactor units that differs in some respects

from the reactor universe used to profile the nuclear power industry in Table 8.2. See Note 1 at end of section for further discussion. • Nuclear electricity net generation totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. · Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Table 8.2	Nuclear Generating	Units
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	Orders ^a	Construction Permits ^b	Low Power Operating Licenses ^c	New Operable Units ^d	Shutdowns ^e	Total Operable Units ^f	Cancellations ^g	Cumulative Cancellation
973 Year	42	14	12	15	0	42	0	7
974 Year	28	23	14	15	2	55	9	16
975 Year	4	9	3	2	ō	57	13	29
976 Year	3	9	7	7	1	63	1	30
977 Year	4	15	4	4	Ó	67	10	40
978 Year	2	13	3	4	1	70	13	53
979 Year	ō	2	Ő	0 0	1	69	6	59
980 Year	ŏ	ō	5	2	O	71	15	74
981 Year	ŏ	Ő	3	4	ő	75	9	83
982 Year	ŏ	ŏ	6	4	1	78	18	101
983 Year	ŏ	ő	3	3	O	81	6	107
984 Year	ŏ	Ő	7	6	ő	87	ő	113
985 Year	Ő	0	7	9	0	96	2	115
986 Year	Ő	0	7	5	0	101	2	113
987 Year	Ő	0	6	8	2	107	0	117
988 Year	0	0	1	2	0	107	3	120
989 Year	0	0	3	4	2	109	3 0	120
	0	0	3	4	2	111	1	120
990 Year	0	0	0	2	1		0	
991 Year	-	-	-	-		111	-	121
992 Year	0	0	0	0	2	109	0	121
993 Year	0	0	1	1	0	110	0	121
994 Year	0	0	0	0	1	109	1	122
995 Year	0	0	1	0	0	109	2	124
996 January	0	0	0	0	0	109	0	124
February	0	0	0	1	0	110	0	124
March	0	0	0	0	0	110	0	124
April	0	0	0	0	0	110	0	124
	0	0	0	0	0	110	0	124
June	0	0	0	0	0	110	0	124
July	0	0	0	0	0	110	0	124
August	0	0	0	0	0	110	0	124
September	0	0	0	0	0	110	0	124
October	0	0	0	0	0	110	0	124
November	Ő	0	Õ	Õ	Ő	110	Õ	124
December	Ő	0 0	Ő	0	1	109	0 0	124
Year	Ő	Ő	Ő	1	1	109	Ő	124
	0	0	0	2	0	100	0	101
997 January	0	0	0	0	0	109	0	124
February	0	0	0	0	0	109	0	124
March	0	0	0	0	0	109	0	124
April	0	0	0	0	0	109	0	124
May	0	0	0	0	0	109	0	124
June	0	0	0	0	0	109	0	124
July	0	0	0	0	0	109	0	124
August	0	0	0	0	2	107	0	124
September	0	0	0	0	0	107	0	124
October	0	0	0	0	0	107	0	124
November	0	0	0	0	0	107	0	124
December	0	0	0	0	0	107	0	124
Year	0	0	0	0	2	107	0	124
998 January	0	0	0	0	2	105	0	124
February	Ő	0	0 0	Ő	0	105	Ő	124
March	0	0	0	0	0	105	0	124
April	0	0	0	0	0	105	0	124
•	0	0	0	0	0	105	0	124
May			-		-		-	
June	0	0	0	0	0	105	0	124
July	0	0	0	0	1	104	0	124

^a Placement of an order by a utility or government agency for a nuclear steam supply system. ^b Issuance by regulatory authority of a permit, or equivalent permission, to

begin construction. Numbers reflect permits issued in a given year, not extant permits. ^c Issuance by regulatory authority of license, or equivalent permission, to

^d Issuance by regulatory authority of full-power operating license, or equivalent permission. Units generally did not begin immediate operation. See Note 1 at end of section. ^e Ceased operating permanently, irrespective of intent.

^f Total of units holding full-power licenses, or equivalent permission to operate, at the end of the period. See Note 1 at end of section. ^g Cancellation by utilities of ordered units. Does not include three units

(Bellefonte 1 and 2 and Watts Bar 2) where construction has been stopped indefinitely.

Note: This table covers all units that contributed power to the commercial grid whether or not they were owned by an electric utility. See Note 1 at end of section for additional information.

Nuclear Energy Notes

1. In 1998 EIA undertook a major revision of the data categories in Table 8.2 to make them more relevant to current conditions and trends in the U.S. commercial nuclear electric power industry. To acquire the data for the revised categories it was necessary to develop a reactor unit database employing different sources than those used previously for Table 8.2 and still used for Table 8.1. Because of differences in definitions and tally protocols, the year-by-year tallies of operable reactors in the two databases diverge in some years, although this divergence does not change the overall trends.

The data in Table 8.2 apply to commercial nuclear power units, which means that the units contributed power to the commercial electricity grid whether or not they were owned by an electric utility. A total of 259 units ever ordered was identified. (Many of the orders were placed before 1973 and thus do not appear in the table. Annual data on orders and other characteristics from 1953 forward can be found in EIA's *Annual Energy Review 1997*, Tables 9.1 and 9.2.) Although most orders were placed by electric utilities, several units are or were ordered, owned, and operated wholly or in part by the Federal government, including BONUS (Boiling Nuclear Superheater Power Station), Elk River, Experimental Breeder Reactor 2, Hallam, Hanford N, Piqua, and Shippingport.

A reactor is generally defined as operable in Table 8.2 while it possessed a full-power license from the Nuclear Regulatory Commission or its predecessor the Atomic Energy Commission, or equivalent permission to operate, at the end of the year or month shown. The definition is liberal in that it does not exclude units retaining full-power licenses during long, non-routine shutdowns that for a time rendered them unable to generate electricity. For example:

- In 1985 the five then-active Tennessee Valley Authority units (Browns Ferry 1, 2, and 3 and Sequoyah 1 and 2) were shut down under a regulatory forced outage. Browns Ferry 1 remains shut down and has been defueled, while the other units were idle for several years, restarting in 1991, 1995, 1988, and 1988, respectively. All five units are counted as operable during the shutdowns.
- Shippingport was shut down from 1974 through 1976 for conversion to a light-water breeder reactor, but is counted as operable from 1957 until its retirement in 1982.

• Calvert Cliffs 2 was shut down in 1989 and 1990 for replacement of pressurizer heater sleeves but is counted as operable during those years.

Exceptions to the definition are Shoreham and Three Mile Island 2. Shoreham was granted a full-power license in April 1989, but was shut down two months later and never restarted. In 1991, the license was changed to Possession Only. Although not operable at the end of the year, Shoreham is treated as operable during 1989 and shut down in 1990, because counting it as operable and shut down in the same year would introduce a statistical discrepancy in the tallies. A major accident closed Three Mile Island 2 in 1979, and although the unit retained its full-power license for several years, it is considered permanently shut down since that year.

2. Capacity: Nuclear generating units may have more than one type of net capacity rating, including the following:

(a) Net Summer Capability—The steady hourly output that generating equipment is expected to supply to system load, exclusive of auxiliary power, as demonstrated by test at the time of summer peak demand. Auxiliary power of a typical nuclear power plant is about 5 percent of gross generation.

(b) Net Design Capacity or Net Design Electrical Rating (DER)—The nominal net electrical output of a unit, specified by the utility and used for plant design.

The monthly capacity factors are computed as the actual monthly generation divided by the maximum possible generation for that month. The maximum possible generation is the number of hours in the month multiplied by the net summer capability at the end of the month. That fraction is then multiplied by 100 to obtain a percentage. Annual capacity factors are averages of the monthly values for that year.

Sources for Table 8.1

Nuclear Electricity Net Generation and Nuclear Share of Electric Utility Net Generation: Table 7.1. Net Summer Capability of Operable Units: 1973-1982: Compiled from various sources, primarily DOE, Office of Nuclear Reactor Programs, "U.S. Central Station Nuclear Electric Generating Units: Significant Milestones." 1983 forward: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and monthly updates as appropriate. Capacity Factor: EIA, Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels.

Sources for Table 8.2

Orders: Energy Information Administration, *Commercial Nuclear Power 1991*, Appendix E, September 1991; Nuclear Energy Institute, *Historical Profile of U.S. Nuclear Power Development*, 1988 edition; U.S. Atomic Energy Commission, *1973 Annual Report to Congress, Volume 2, Regulatory Activities*; various utilities. **Construction Permits:** Nuclear Regulatory Commission, *Information Digest*, 1997 edition, Appendix A; Nuclear Energy Institute, *Historical Profile of U.S. Nuclear Power Development*, 1988 edition; various utility, Federal, and contractor officials. **Low-Power Operating Licenses:** Nuclear Energy Institute, *Historical Profile of U.S. Nuclear Power Development*, 1988 edition; U.S. Department of Energy, Nuclear Reactors Built, Being Built, and Planned: 1995; various utility, Federal, and contractor officials. New Operable Units: Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Information Digest, 1997 edition, Table 11 and Appendices A and B; various utility, Federal, and contractor officials. Shutdowns: Energy Information Administration, Commercial Nuclear Power 1991, Appendix E; Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Information Digest, 1997 edition, Appendix B; U.S. Department of Energy, Nuclear Reactors Built, Being Built, and Planned: 1995; Tennessee Valley Authority officials; various Nuclear Regulatory Commission documents. Total Operable Units: Running sum of new operable units minus permanent shutdowns. Cancellations: Energy Information Administration, Commercial Nuclear Power 1991, Appendix E, September 1991; Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Information Digest, 1997 edition, Appendix C; and Nuclear Energy Institute, Historical Profile of U.S. Nuclear Power Development, 1988 edition.

Section 9. Energy Prices

Crude Oil. The average price of domestic crude oil purchased at the wellhead was \$10.46 per barrel in July 1998, 34 percent lower than the level in July 1997. The refiner acquisition cost of imported crude oil in July 1998 was \$11.47 per barrel, 34 percent lower than the July 1997 level. The refiner acquisition cost of domestic crude oil in July 1998 was \$12.38, 33 percent lower than the July 1997 average.

Motor Gasoline. The national city average retail price of unleaded regular gasoline at all types of stations was \$1.05 per gallon in August 1998, 16 percent lower than the price in August 1997. The price of unleaded premium gasoline averaged \$1.24 per gallon in August 1998, 13 percent lower than the price in August 1997.

Residual Fuel Oil. The average price, excluding taxes, of residual fuel oil sold to end users in July 1998 was 32 cents per gallon, 1 percent higher than the previous month's price but 20 percent lower than the July 1997 average. The average resale price, excluding taxes, of residual fuel oil in July 1998 was 30 cents per gallon, 6 percent higher than the previous month's average but 19 percent lower than the price 1 year earlier.

Aviation Fuel. The average price, excluding taxes, of aviation gasoline sold to end users in July 1998 was 98 cents per gallon, 1 percent lower than the previous month's price and 13 percent lower than the July 1997 price. The average price, excluding taxes, of kerosene-type jet fuel sold to end users in July 1998 was 44 cents per gallon, 2 percent higher than the previous month's price but 23 percent lower than the July 1997 average price.

No. 2 Distillate Fuel Oil. The July 1998 national average price, excluding taxes, of heating oil sold to residential customers was 78 cents per gallon, 4 percent lower than the previous month's price and 12 percent lower than the price 1 year earlier. The average price of No. 2 fuel oil sold to all end users was 45 cents per gallon in July 1998, 2 percent lower than the previous

month's price and 22 percent lower than the July 1997 price.

Electricity. The average price of electricity sold by electric utilities to all ultimate consumers in the United States in July 1998 was 7.22 cents per kilowatthour, 1 percent lower than the July 1997 mean price. The price of electricity sold to residential consumers in July 1998 averaged 8.59 cents per kilowatthour, 2 percent lower than the July 1997 price. The price of electricity sold to commercial consumers averaged 7.72 cents per kilowatthour in July 1998, 2 percent lower than the July 1997 price. The price of electricity sold to other consumers was 7.02 cents per kilowatthour, 3 percent higher than the July 1997 price. The price of electricity sold to industrial users in July 1998 averaged 4.87 cents per kilowatthour, slightly higher than the price 1 year earlier.

Beginning with January 1986, new series of national average price estimates were based on a statistically derived sample of both publicly and privately owned electric utilities. Previously, average price estimates were derived from selected privately owned electric utilities and were not national averages.

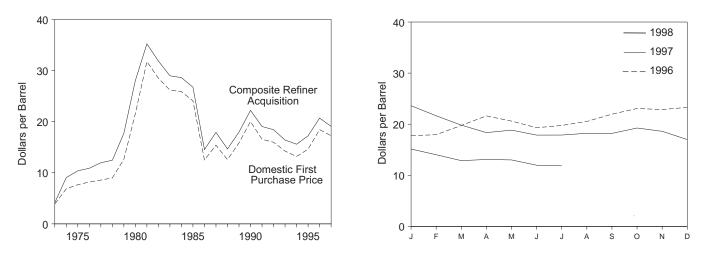
Natural Gas. The estimated average wellhead price of natural gas for June 1998 was \$1.71 per thousand cubic feet, 15 percent lower than the June 1997 price.

The average price of natural gas delivered to electric utility plants was \$2.46 per thousand cubic feet in May 1998 (latest date for which data are available), 2 percent below the May 1997 price. The average price of natural gas used by residential consumers in June 1998 was \$8.44 per thousand cubic feet, 2 percent higher than the June 1997 price. The average price of natural gas used by commercial consumers in June 1998 was \$5.53 per thousand cubic feet, 1 percent lower than the June 1997 price. The average price of natural gas used by industrial consumers in June 1998 was \$2.93 per thousand cubic feet, 5 percent below the June 1997 price.

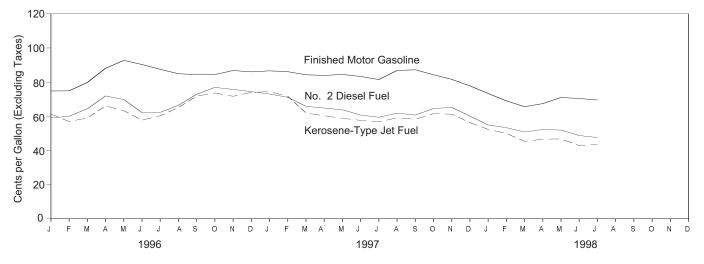
Figure 9.1 Petroleum Prices

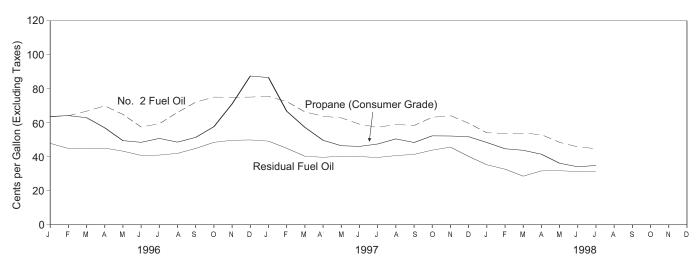
Crude Oil Prices, 1973-1997

Composite Refiner Acquisition Cost, Monthly



Refiner Prices to End Users: Motor Gasoline, Diesel Fuel, and Jet Fuel, Monthly





Refiner Prices to End Users: No. 2 Fuel Oil, Propane, and Residual Fuel, Monthly

Sources: Tables 9.1, 9.5, and 9.7.

Table 9.1 Crude Oil Price Summary

(Dollars per Barrel)

				Refiner Acquisition Cost ^a				
	Domestic First	F.O.B. Cost	Landed Cost					
	Purchase Priceb	of Imports ^c	of Imports ^d	Domestic	Imported	Composite		
973 Average	3.89	^e 5.21	^e 6.41	^E 4.17	^E 4.08	^E 4.15		
974 Average	6.87	10.91	12.32	7.18	12.52	9.07		
975 Average	7.67	11.18	12.70	8.39	13.93	10.38		
976 Average	8.19	12.15	13.32	8.84	13.48	10.89		
977 Average	8.57	13.24	14.36	9.55	14.53	11.96		
78 Average	9.00	13.29	14.35	10.61	14.57	12.46		
79 Average	12.64	20.07	21.45	14.27	21.67	17.72		
080 Average	21.59	32.37	33.67	24.23	33.89	28.07		
081 Average	31.77	35.15	36.47	34.33	37.05	35.24		
	28.52	32.02	33.18	31.22	33.55	31.87		
982 Average	26.19	27.81	28.93	28.87	29.30			
83 Average						28.99		
984 Average	25.88	27.60	28.54	28.53	28.88	28.63		
985 Average	24.09	25.84	26.67	26.66	26.99	26.75		
986 Average	12.51	12.52	13.49	14.82	14.00	14.55		
987 Average	15.40	16.69	17.65	17.76	18.13	17.90		
988 Average	12.58	13.25	14.08	14.74	14.56	14.67		
989 Average	15.86	16.89	17.68	17.87	18.08	17.97		
990 Average	20.03	20.37	21.13	22.59	21.76	22.22		
991 Average	16.54	16.89	18.02	19.33	18.70	19.06		
992 Average	15.99	16.77	17.75	18.63	18.20	18.43		
993 Average	14.25	14.71	15.72	16.67	16.14	16.41		
994 Average	13.19	14.18	15.18	15.67	15.51	15.59		
995 Average	14.62	15.69	16.78	17.33	17.14	17.23		
996 January	15.43	16.17	17.31	17.98	17.48	17.74		
February	15.54	16.86	17.81	18.10	17.77	17.95		
March	17.63	18.77	19.61	19.63	19.90	19.76		
April	19.58	19.56	20.73	21.88	21.33	21.63		
	17.94	18.34	19.61	21.15	20.12	20.61		
June	16.94	17.61	18.83	19.30	19.32	19.31		
July	17.63	18.21	19.35	19.91	19.60	19.76		
August	18.29	19.27	20.30	20.55	20.53	20.54		
September	19.93	21.03	21.95	21.87	22.04	21.96		
October	21.09	22.23	23.05	22.93	23.22	23.08		
November	20.20	21.31	22.24	23.08	22.66	22.87		
December	21.34	21.56	22.48	23.38	23.22	23.30		
Average	18.46	19.32	20.31	20.77	20.64	20.71		
997 January	21.76	21.31	22.31	24.29	23.05	23.62		
	19.38	18.99	19.98	22.47	20.92	21.65		
February March	17.85	17.11	18.45	20.57	19.16	19.82		
	16.64	16.20	17.52	20.57	17.85	19.62		
April								
May	17.24	16.81	17.87	19.20	18.54	18.84		
June	15.90	15.99	17.12	18.45	17.38	17.87		
July	15.91	16.38	17.28	18.35	17.48	17.88		
August	16.21	16.68	17.78	18.59	17.96	18.23		
September	16.44	16.76	17.85	18.49	17.96	18.20		
October	17.68	17.26	18.51	19.73	18.88	19.26		
November	16.84	16.13	17.35	19.23	18.08	18.61		
December	15.06	14.21	15.70	17.92	16.16	17.00		
Average	17.24	16.94	18.11	19.67	18.59	19.08		
98 January	13.48	12.76	14.12	15.87	14.55	15.14		
February	12.16	11.72	13.11	14.77	13.41	14.03		
March	11.53	11.08	12.39	13.52	12.36	12.87		
April	11.64	11.18	12.34	13.47	12.85	13.10		
	11.49	^R 11.28	^R 12.24	13.52	12.66	13.01		
June	10.00	^R 10.10	^R 11.24	^R 12.43	11.67	^R 11.98		
July	10.46	10.23	11.33	12.38	11.47	11.85		

^a See Note 4 at end of section.

^b See Note 1 at end of section.

^c See Note 2 at end of section.

^d See Note 3 at end of section.

^e Based on October, November, and December data only.
 R=Revised. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Values for Domestic First Purchase Price and Refiner Acquisition

Cost for the current month and for F.O.B. and Landed Costs of Imports for the current 2 months are preliminary. • F.O.B. and landed costs through 1980 reflect the period of reporting; prices since then reflect the period of loading. Annual averages are the averages of the monthly prices, weighted by volume.
 Geographic coverage is the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and all U.S. Territories and Possessions. Sources: See end of section.

Table 9.2 F.O.B. Costs of Crude Oil Imports From Selected Countries

(Dollars per Barrel)

			S	elected Cou	ntries			Burk		
	Angola	Colombia	Mexico	Nigeria	Saudi Arabia	United Kingdom	Venezuela	Persian Gulf Nations ^a	Total OPEC ^b	Total Non-OPEC
973 Average ^c	w	w	NA	7.81	3.25	NA	5.39	3.68	5.43	4.80
974 Average	11.87	W	W	12.44	10.17	NA	10.71	10.60	11.33	9.59
975 Average	10.97	(^d)	11.44	11.82	10.87	NA	11.04	10.88	11.34	10.62
976 Average	12.02	(ď)	12.22	13.08	11.62	w	11.39	11.65	12.23	11.70
977 Average	13.29	(ď)	13.42	14.44	12.38	14.11	12.63	12.56	13.29	12.97
978 Average	13.32	(d)	13.24	14.05	12.70	13.82	12.38	12.77	13.31	13.23
79 Average	19.85	(d)	20.27	21.69	17.28	21.70	16.90	18.77	19.88	20.92
980 Average	33.45	W	31.06	35.93	28.17	34.36	24.81	28.92	32.21	32.85
81 Average	35.55	(^d)	33.01	38.31	32.60	36.06	28.95	33.00	35.17	35.12
82 Average	31.86	(d)	28.08	35.13	33.73	33.42	23.74	33.55	33.48	30.58
83 Average	28.14	(d)	25.20	29.81	27.53	29.91	21.48	27.70	28.46	27.20
84 Average	27.46	(d)	26.39	29.51	27.67	28.87	24.23	27.48	27.79	27.45
85 Average	26.30	(d)	25.33	28.04	22.04	27.64	23.64	23.31	25.67	25.96
	13.30	12.34	11.84	14.35	11.36	13.84	10.92	11.35	12.21	12.87
86 Average	17.27	12.34	16.36	14.35	15.12	18.28	15.08	15.97		12.87
87 Average					12.16			12.38	16.43	
88 Average	13.70	13.61	12.18	15.16		14.80	12.96		13.43	13.05
89 Average	17.66	17.89	15.96	18.31	16.29	17.89	16.09	16.61	17.06	16.72
90 Average	20.23	20.75	19.26	22.46	20.36	23.43	19.55	18.54	20.40	20.32
91 Average	18.47	18.49	15.37	20.29	14.62	20.81	14.91	15.22	16.99	16.77
92 Average	18.41	18.02	15.26	19.98	15.85	19.61	14.39	16.35	16.87	16.66
93 Average	16.23	15.87	13.74	17.79	13.77	16.64	12.46	14.21	14.78	14.65
94 Average	15.40	14.99	13.68	16.32	14.12	15.66	12.21	13.97	14.00	14.34
95 Average	16.58	16.73	15.64	17.40	W	16.94	13.86	W	15.36	16.02
96 January	16.95	17.73	16.52	18.63	W	W	14.12	W	15.86	16.37
February	17.91	18.09	16.59	18.53	W	W	15.22	W	16.89	16.81
March	19.78	20.02	18.39	20.44	18.29	19.42	17.78	18.62	18.77	18.77
April	20.96	22.65	19.63	21.49	W	W	17.99	W	18.75	20.20
May	19.72	20.09	17.93	20.13	W	19.02	16.35	W	17.72	18.83
June	18.60	19.49	17.05	19.25	17.96	W	16.08	17.70	17.21	17.94
July	19.72	19.72	17.85	19.90	18.48	Ŵ	16.72	18.45	17.78	18.62
August	20.33	20.79	18.89	21.13	20.16	18.82	17.35	20.43	18.99	19.59
September	22.23	22.79	20.96	22.80	20.10	W	19.66	21.01	20.57	21.55
	23.05	23.57	20.90	22.00	20.00 W	Ŵ	20.29	21.01 W		22.59
October									21.85	
November	22.38	23.25	20.96	24.43	21.90	22.35	19.62	22.39	21.04	21.48
December	23.22	24.56	21.83	24.39	19.24	W	20.41	19.99	21.01	22.04
Average	20.70	21.33	19.14	21.27	19.28	19.43	17.73	19.30	18.94	19.65
97 January	23.20	24.14	21.09	24.52	17.37	W	19.35	17.37	20.37	21.93
February	21.35	21.12	18.57	21.53	W	W	16.68	W	17.96	19.71
March	18.66	19.41	17.00	19.02	W	NA	15.50	W	16.49	17.68
April	17.05	17.87	15.94	17.97	15.82	W	14.81	15.95	15.92	16.44
May	18.25	17.92	16.84	18.99	15.60	19.03	15.27	15.67	16.27	17.33
June	17.84	16.87	15.70	18.22	15.26	18.09	14.66	15.11	15.61	16.36
July	17.72	17.72	15.99	19.12	15.24	17.40	14.99	15.33	16.04	16.65
August	17.96	18.42	16.29	18.98	16.89	18.17	15.33	16.47	16.37	16.96
September	18.15	18.52	16.02	19.35	15.33	18.44	15.25	16.15	16.51	16.99
October	19.33	19.52	17.51	20.03	W	W	15.81	W	16.32	18.15
November	18.54	18.24	16.04	19.11	Ŵ	Ŵ	14.39	Ŵ	15.00	17.02
December	16.58	17.18	13.79	17.39	Ŵ	Ŵ	12.51	Ŵ	13.31	14.97
Average	18.81	18.84	16.73	19.46	15.17	18.59	12.51 15.33	15.26	16.27	14.97 17.52
98 January	14.47	15.36	12.11	15.21	W	W	11.29	W	12.24	13.12
	13.12	14.27		13.78	W	Ŵ	10.34	W	12.24	12.10
February			11.48							
March	12.53	13.10	9.77	13.56	W	W	9.70	W	10.92	11.22
April	12.93	13.48	11.01	13.86	W	W	10.32	7.92	10.60	11.63
May	^R 13.79	13.08	11.25	14.13	^R 7.63	W	9.78	^R 7.90	^R 10.53	^R 11.94
June	^R 11.33	^R 11.85	9.91	^R 11.57	^R 8.65	W	^R 9.16	^R 8.73	^R 9.78	^R 10.37
July	11.07	12.21	10.45	11.49	8.66	W	9.14	8.85	9.58	10.68

 $^{\rm a}$ Bahrain, Iran, Iran, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and United Arab Emirates.

^b Current members are Algeria, Indonesia, Iran, Iran, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela. Ecuador withdrew at the end of 1992 and Gabon withdrew at the end of 1994.

^c Based on October, November, and December data only.

^d No data reported.

R=Revised. NA=Not available. W=Value withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: • The Free on Board (F.O.B.) cost at the country of origin excludes all costs related to insurance and transportation. See Note 2 at end of

values for the current 2 months are preliminary.
Prices through 1980 reflect the period of reporting; prices since then reflect the period of loading.
Annual averages are averages of the monthly prices, including prices not published, weighted by volume.
Cargoes that are purchased on a "netback" basis, or under similar contractual arrangements whereby the actual purchase price is not established at the time the crude oil is acquired for importation into the United States, are not included in the published data until the actual prices have been determined and reported.
U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Table 9.3 Landed Costs of Crude Oil Imports From Selected Countries

(Dollars per Barrel)

				Selected	Countries				Dension		
	Angola	Canada	Colombia	Mexico	Nigeria	Saudi Arabia	United Kingdom	Venezuela	Persian Gulf Nations ^a	Total OPEC ^b	Total Non-OPEC
1973 Average ^c	w	5.33	w	NA	9.08	5.37	NA	5.99	5.91	6.85	5.64
1974 Average	12.48	11.48	w	w	13.16	11.63	NA	11.25	12.21	12.49	11.81
1975 Average	11.81	12.84	(^d)	12.61	12.70	12.50	NA	12.36	12.64	12.70	12.70
1976 Average	12.71	13.36	(d)	12.64	13.81	13.06	w	11.89	13.03	13.32	13.35
1977 Average	14.04	14.13	(d)	13.82	15.29	13.69	14.83	13.11	13.85	14.35	14.42
978 Average	14.07	14.41	(d)	13.56	14.88	13.94	14.53	12.84	14.01	14.34	14.38
1979 Average	21.06	20.22	(d)	20.77	22.97	18.95	22.97	17.65	20.42	21.29	22.10
1980 Average	34.76	30.11	W (^d)	31.77	37.15	29.80	35.68	25.92	30.59	33.56	33.99
1981 Average	36.84	32.32	$\begin{pmatrix} d \\ d \end{pmatrix}$	33.70	39.66	34.20	37.29	29.91	34.61	36.60	36.14
1982 Average	33.08	27.15		28.63	36.16	34.99	34.25	24.93	34.94	34.81	31.47
1983 Average	29.31	25.63		25.78	30.85	29.27	30.87	22.94	29.37	29.84	28.08
1984 Average	28.49 27.39	26.56 25.71	(d)	26.85 25.63	30.36 28.96	29.20 24.72	29.45 28.36	25.19 24.43	29.07 25.50	29.06 26.86	28.14 26.53
1985 Average	14.09	13.43	12.85	12.17	15.29	12.84	14.63	11.52	12.92	13.46	13.52
1986 Average 1987 Average	18.20	17.04	12.65	16.69	19.32	12.84	14.03	15.76	17.47	17.64	17.66
1988 Average	14.48	13.50	14.47	12.58	15.88	13.37	15.82	13.66	13.51	14.18	13.96
1989 Average	18.36	16.81	18.10	16.35	19.19	17.34	18.74	16.78	17.37	17.78	17.54
1990 Average	21.51	20.48	22.34	19.64	23.33	21.82	22.65	20.31	20.55	21.23	20.98
1991 Average	19.90	17.16	19.55	15.89	21.39	17.22	21.37	15.92	17.34	18.08	17.93
1992 Average	19.36	17.04	18.46	15.60	20.78	17.48	20.63	15.13	17.58	17.81	17.67
1993 Average	17.40	15.27	16.54	14.11	18.73	15.40	17.92	13.39	15.26	15.68	15.78
1994 Average	16.36	14.83	15.80	14.09	17.21	15.11	16.64	13.12	15.00	15.08	15.29
1995 Average	17.66	16.65	17.45	16.19	18.25	16.84	17.91	14.81	16.78	16.61	16.95
1996 January	18.16	16.07	18.55	16.95	19.65	17.98	18.49	15.12	17.73	17.41	17.20
February	18.82	16.33	18.82	17.07	19.47	18.76	19.39	16.02	18.78	18.06	17.58
March	20.85	18.55	20.57	18.95	21.25	19.59	19.25	18.63	19.87	19.81	19.42
April	21.41	21.10	23.37	20.23	22.32	20.55	20.76	19.14	20.48	20.26	21.11
May	20.88	20.16	21.04	18.67	21.17	19.55	21.22	17.42	19.44	19.17	19.97
June	19.62	19.20	20.08	17.75	20.11	18.92	20.40	17.14	18.79	18.64	19.00
July	20.70	19.72	20.62	18.55	20.85	19.77	19.79	17.55	19.61	19.15	19.54
August	21.58	20.44	21.47	19.51	21.95	20.70	20.56	18.22	20.42	20.16	20.36
September	23.40	21.85	23.47	21.59	23.40	21.81	21.69	20.37	21.80	21.66	22.36
October	23.94	22.53	24.42	22.84	25.57	22.91	23.12	20.89	22.77	22.78	23.30
November	23.47	21.33	23.81	21.22	25.19	22.66	24.10	20.40	22.67	22.15	22.30
December	24.48	21.32	25.20	22.06	25.42	21.93	24.23	21.23	22.16	22.22	22.73
Average	21.86	19.94	22.02	19.64	21.95	20.49	20.88	18.59	20.44	20.14	20.46
1997 January	24.45	21.79	24.98	21.60	25.52	21.04	24.18	20.43	21.01	21.64	22.89
February	22.54	19.75	21.72	19.11	23.26	18.37	24.33	17.58	18.37	19.20	20.59
March	20.34	18.43	20.39	17.43	20.58	18.04	23.59	16.57	18.13	18.05	18.83
April	18.70	17.22	18.76	16.60	19.27	17.56	18.80	16.05	17.39	17.46	17.57
May	19.59	17.46	18.78	17.59	19.87	17.08	20.04	16.38	17.07	17.57	18.16
June	19.33	16.31	17.74	16.24	19.57	16.93	19.54	15.70	16.85	17.01	17.23
July	18.59	16.61	18.56	16.50	20.02	17.07	18.59	15.96	16.86	17.14	17.40
August	19.14	17.16	18.98	16.85	20.01	18.33	19.33	16.22	18.05	17.80	17.76
September	19.50	16.97	19.36	16.69	20.35	18.01	19.56	16.14	17.84	17.85	17.84
October	20.83	18.33	20.45	18.11	21.14	17.10	18.85	16.76	17.35	17.79	19.19
November	19.64	16.78	19.28	16.84	20.55	15.43	19.93	15.41	15.75	16.63	17.99
December	18.24	15.13	18.12	14.45	19.03	14.79	18.61	13.42	15.06	15.01	16.30
Average	20.24	17.62	19.70	17.30	20.66	17.54	20.64	16.34	17.45	17.73	18.46
1998 January	16.14	13.25	16.39	12.69	17.00	13.43	W	12.30	13.49	13.89	14.29
February	14.52	12.18	15.37	12.12	15.32	13.05	15.63	11.28	13.01	12.98	13.24
March	14.06	11.57	13.84	10.37	14.71	12.28	14.82	10.66	12.38	12.44	12.35
April	14.25	11.42	14.17	11.65	14.67	11.31	15.19	11.16	11.53	11.98	12.67
May		11.28	13.75	11.76	^R 14.91	^R 10.69	14.52	^R 10.49	^R 10.75	^R 11.68	12.81
June		^R 10.87	R 12.45	10.58	R 13.32	^R 10.71	12.58	^R 9.92	^R 10.64	^R 11.06	^R 11.43
July	12.28	11.29	12.68	11.09	12.74	10.82	W	9.92	10.79	10.96	11.64

^a Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and United Arab

Emirates. ^b Current members are Algeria, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela. Ecuador withdrew at the end of 1992 and Gabon withdrew at the end of 1994.

^c Based on October, November, and December data only.

^d No data reported.

R=Revised. NA=Not available. W=Value withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: • See Note 3 at end of section. • Values for the current 2 months are preliminary. • Prices through 1980 reflect the period of reporting; prices since then reflect the period of loading. . Annual averages are averages of the monthly prices, including prices not published, weighted by volume. Cargoes that are purchased on a "netback" basis, or under similar contractual arrangements whereby the actual purchase price is not established at the time the crude oil is acquired for importation into the United States, are not included in the published data until the actual prices have been determined and reported. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: • October 1973-September 1977: Federal Energy, Administration, Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report." 1973-September 1977: Federal Energy • October 1977-December 1977: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report." • 1978 forward: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, October 1998, Table 25.

Table 9.4 Motor Gasoline Retail Prices, U.S. City Average

(Cents per Gallon, Including Taxes)

	Leaded Regular	Unleaded Regular	Unleaded Premium	All Types ^a
	20.0	NA	NA	
973 Average	38.8	NA	NA	NA
974 Average	53.2	NA	NA	NA
975 Average	56.7	NA	NA	NA
976 Average	59.0	61.4	NA	NA
977 Average	62.2	65.6	NA	NA
078 Average	62.6	67.0	NA	65.2
79 Average	85.7	90.3	NA	88.2
80 Average	119.1	124.5	NA	122.1
81 Average ^D	131.1	137.8	^c 147.0	135.3
82 Average	122.2	129.6	141.5	128.1
83 Average	115.7	124.1	138.3	122.5
	112.9	121.2	136.6	119.8
84 Average				
85 Average	111.5	120.2	134.0	119.6
86 Average	85.7	92.7	108.5	93.1
87 Average	89.7	94.8	109.3	95.7
88 Average	89.9	94.6	110.7	96.3
89 Average	99.8	102.1	119.7	106.0
90 Average	114.9	116.4	134.9	121.7
91 Average	NA	114.0	132.1	119.6
92 Average	NA	112.7	131.6	119.0
93 Average	NA	110.8	130.2	117.3
94 Average	NA	111.2	130.5	117.4
95 Average	NA	114.7	133.6	120.5
96 January	NA	112.9	131.7	118.6
	NA	112.4	131.1	118.1
February				
March	NA	116.2	134.8	121.9
April	NA	125.1	143.1	130.5
May	NA	132.3	150.7	137.8
June	NA	129.9	148.1	135.4
	NA	127.2	145.3	132.8
July				
August	NA	124.0	142.1	129.8
September	NA	123.4	141.7	129.3
October	NA	122.7	140.8	128.7
November	NA	125.0	142.8	130.8
December	NA	126.0	143.8	131.8
Average	NA	123.1	141.3	128.8
97 January	NA	126.1	144.1	131.8
February	NA	125.5	143.4	131.2
March	NA	123.5	141.5	129.3
April	NA	123.1	141.3	128.8
May	NA	122.6	140.9	128.4
June	NA	122.9	141.1	128.6
	NA	120.5	138.8	126.3
July				
August	NA	125.3	143.3	131.0
September	NA	127.7	145.8	133.4
October	NA	124.2	142.6	130.0
November	NA	121.3	139.7	127.1
	NA	117.7	136.3	123.6
December Average	NA	123.4	130.3 141.6	123.0 129.1
98 January	NA	112 1	121.0	118.6
5		113.1	131.9	
February	NA	108.2	127.1	113.7
March	NA	104.1	122.9	109.7
April	NA	105.2	123.7	110.6
•	NA	109.2	127.5	114.6
May				
June	NA	109.4	127.9	114.8
July	NA	107.9	126.8	113.4
August	NA	105.2	124.4	110.8
J				

^a Also includes types of motor gasoline not shown separately.

^b In September 1981, the Bureau of Labor Statistics changed the weights used in the calculation of average motor gasoline prices. From September 1981 forward, gasohol is included in the average for all types, and unleaded premium is weighted more heavily. ^c Based on September through December data only.

NA=Not available.

Notes: • See Note 5 at end of section. • Geographic coverage for

1973-1977 is 56 urban areas. Geographic coverage for 1978 forward is 85 urban areas.

Sources: • Monthly Data: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Consumer Prices: Energy. • Annual Data: 1973—Platt's Oil Price Handbook and Oilmanac, 1974, 51st Edition. 1974 forward-calculated by the Energy Information Administration as the simple averages of monthly data.

Table 9.5 Refiner Prices of Residual Fuel Oil

(Cents per Gallon, Excluding Taxes)

	Residual Fuel Oil Sulfur Content Less Than or Equal to 1 Percent		Sulfur	Il Fuel Oil Content an 1 Percent	Ave	erage
	Sales for Resale	Sales to End Users	Sales for Resale	Sales to End Users	Sales for Resale	Sales to End Users
978 Average	29.3	31.4	24.5	27.5	26.3	29.8
979 Average	45.0	46.8	36.6	38.9	39.9	43.6
980 Average	60.8	67.5	47.9	52.3	52.8	60.7
981 Average	74.8	82.9	62.2	67.3	66.3	75.6
982 Average	69.5	74.7	57.2	61.1	61.2	67.6
983 Average	64.3	69.5	59.1	61.1	60.9	65.1
984 Average	68.5	72.0	63.9	65.9	65.4	68.7
985 Average	61.0	64.4	56.0	58.2	57.7	61.0
986 Average	32.8	37.2	28.9	31.7	30.5	34.3
987 Average	41.2	44.7	36.2	39.6	38.5	42.3
988 Average	33.3	37.2	27.1	30.0	30.0	33.4
989 Average	40.7	43.6	33.1	34.4	36.0	38.5
990 Average	47.2	50.5	37.2	40.0	41.3	44.4
991 Average	36.4	40.2	29.2	30.6	31.4	34.0
992 Average	35.1	38.9	28.6	31.2	30.8	33.6
993 Average	33.7	39.7	25.6	30.3	29.3	33.7
994 Average	34.5	40.1	28.7	33.0	31.7	35.2
995 Average	38.3	43.6	33.8	37.7	36.3	39.2
996 January	49.9	54.8	38.0	44.7	45.2	47.9
February	42.6	53.2	36.8	41.7	40.1	44.9
March	47.1	51.9	36.0	42.1	42.0	44.7
April	48.3	51.1	39.9	43.0	43.7	45.1
May	45.0	51.1	36.9	41.4	41.0	43.3
June	40.4	47.3	35.0	38.4	37.4	40.8
July	41.4	48.6	37.3	38.7	38.9	41.0
August	41.9	49.8	37.2	39.5	39.0	42.0
September	42.6	51.2	40.3	43.2	41.2	44.9
October	47.8	54.7	43.1	47.1	45.0	48.5
November	49.2	57.0	44.5	48.0	46.3	49.7
December	51.4	58.6	43.0	47.5	46.0	49.9
Average	45.6	52.6	38.9	43.3	42.0	45.5
997 January	46.2	58.7	39.2	46.3	42.9	49.2
February	43.7	54.6	35.4	41.8	39.4	45.0
March	39.6	49.3	34.1	37.6	35.8	40.3
April	37.6	46.4	35.2	37.5	36.1	39.7
May	36.6	45.3	35.4	38.7	35.8	40.3
June	39.4	44.5	34.8	38.7	36.7	40.1
July	38.5	44.2	35.4	38.2	36.6	39.6
August	39.4	44.6	37.6	39.5	38.3	40.7
September	40.1	46.4	37.6	40.1	38.7	41.4
October	44.6	48.2	39.8	42.9	42.0	43.9
November	46.5	51.2	41.6	43.8	43.5	45.7
December	38.7	48.5	32.8	37.8	35.6	40.2
Average	41.5	48.8	36.6	40.4	38.7	42.3
998 January	35.2	44.7	28.9	32.5	31.1	35.3
February	30.7	39.6	26.6	30.6	28.2	32.7
March	29.4	35.6	24.0	26.0	26.4	28.6
April	32.9	35.9	28.8	30.4	30.3	31.7
May	31.9	37.6	28.2	30.1	29.4	31.8
June	29.3	36.1	27.0	29.6	27.9	31.3
July	31.2	35.2	28.4	30.2	29.6	31.5

Notes: • Sales for resale are those made to purchasers other than ultimate consumers. Sales to end users are those made directly to ultimate consumers, including bulk consumers (such as agriculture, industry, and electric utilities) and commercial consumers. • Values for the current month

are preliminary. \bullet Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration (EIA) estimates. See Note 6 at end of section. \bullet Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Source: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, October 1998, Table 19.

Table 9.6 Refiner Prices of Petroleum Products for Resale

(Cents per Gallon, Excluding Taxes)

	Finished Motor Gasoline ^a	Finished Aviation Gasoline	Kerosene- Type Jet Fuel	Kerosene	No. 2 Fuel Oil	No. 2 Diesel Fuel	Propane (Consume Grade)
978 Average	43.4	53.7	38.6	40.4	36.9	36.5	23.7
979 Average	63.7	72.1	66.0	62.4	56.9	57.4	29.1
980 Average	94.1	112.8	86.8	86.4	80.3	80.1	41.5
981 Average	106.4	125.0	101.2	106.6	97.6	97.2	46.6
982 Average	97.3	122.8	95.3	101.8	91.4	91.4	42.7
983 Average	88.2	117.8	85.4	89.2	81.5	80.8	48.4
84 Average	83.2	116.5	83.0	91.6	82.1	80.3	45.0
985 Average	83.5	113.0	79.4	87.4	77.6	77.2	39.8
986 Average	53.1	91.2	49.5	60.6	48.6	45.2	29.0
987 Average	58.9	85.9	53.8	59.2	52.7	53.4	25.2
988 Average	57.7	85.0	49.5	54.9	47.3	47.3	24.0
089 Average	65.4	95.0	58.3	66.9	56.5	56.7	24.7
990 Average	78.6	106.3	77.3	83.9	69.7	69.4	38.6
991 Average	69.9	100.1	65.0	72.2	62.2	61.5	34.9
992 Average	67.7	99.1	60.5	63.2	57.9	59.1	32.8
	62.6	96.5	57.7	60.4	54.4	57.0	35.1
993 Average	59.9	93.3	53.4	61.8	50.6	52.9	32.4
994 Average 995 Average	62.6	97.5	53.9	58.0	51.1	53.8	34.4
33 Average	02.0	51.5	55.5	56.0	51.1	55.0	54.4
996 January	61.0	94.7	60.3	65.8	56.8	56.2	41.6
February	61.6	96.5	57.3	65.7	58.9	57.9	44.2
March	67.9	100.6	59.6	68.0	62.8	61.9	41.1
April	76.1	107.5	65.3	75.1	67.5	70.1	37.8
May	78.0	110.0	62.2	66.1	61.1	66.8	36.2
June	73.0	107.0	57.5	59.8	53.7	59.1	36.2
July	72.3	105.3	59.6	61.7	57.1	60.0	36.9
August	71.1	107.1	64.5	66.6	62.1	64.9	38.9
September	71.6	106.8	71.6	75.6	68.7	71.7	45.2
October	72.8	107.1	73.6	80.7	72.7	75.4	51.1
November	74.5	108.4	72.2	79.7	71.4	73.3	57.9
December	73.1	107.1	73.0	79.0	71.2	71.0	67.7
Average	71.3	105.5	64.6	71.4	63.9	65.9	46.1
07 001/07/	74.8	109.0	73.5	77.7	69.8	69.9	59.9
397 January							
February	73.1	108.7	71.4 61.8	73.4 63.2	64.5 57.7	67.8	44.7
March	71.5	107.9			57.7	62.5	41.3
April	70.4	108.5	60.5	62.1	58.6	61.7	37.7
May	71.1	108.2	59.4	61.1	58.8	60.7	36.9
June	68.3	105.9	58.1	57.1	54.5	56.5	36.4
July	67.5	104.9	56.8	56.2	53.8	55.8	35.9
August	75.0	108.9	59.4	60.5	55.3	58.9	37.5
September	72.3	108.9	58.8	60.1	54.3	57.8	39.5
October	68.6	104.5	61.3	63.8	59.0	61.7	41.1
November	65.9	102.1	61.3	62.6	58.4	61.5	39.6
December	61.7	99.8	55.6	57.8	53.4	55.0	37.5
Average	70.0	106.6	61.2	65.1	58.9	60.6	41.6
98 January	57.6	96.2	53.4	52.8	48.9	49.6	35.4
February	55.1	92.0	50.2	51.6	47.7	48.3	33.1
March	52.3	90.4	45.7	47.6	44.9	45.8	31.2
April	54.9	90.9	46.6	46.3	44.9	48.2	30.3
May	57.9	94.0	46.9	45.8	43.4	47.0	29.3
June	55.6	^R 93.7	^R 43.5	^R 42.9	39.9	^R 43.6	^R 26.6
July	54.3	93.6	43.5	42.9	38.7	42.6	25.6
oury	JT.J	33.0	-3.5	71.3	50.7	72.0	20.0

 $^{\rm a}\,$ See Note 5 at end of section.

R=Revised.

Notes: • Sales for resale are those made to purchasers other than ultimate consumers. Sales to end users are shown in Table 9.7; they are sales made directly to ultimate consumers, including bulk consumers (such as agriculture, industry, and electric utilities) and residential and commercial

consumers. • Values for the current month are preliminary. • Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration (EIA) estimates. See Note 6 at end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Source: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, October 1998, Table 4.

Table 9.7 Refiner Prices of Petroleum Products to End Users

(Cents per Gallon, Excluding Taxes)

1978 Average 48.4 1979 Average 71.3 1980 Average 103.5 1981 Average 103.5 1981 Average 106.0 1982 Average 90.7 1983 Average 90.7 1984 Average 90.7 1985 Average 91.2 1986 Average 91.2 1986 Average 66.9 1987 Average 66.9 1988 Average 75.6 1989 Average 75.9 1990 Average 78.7 1992 Average 78.7 1993 Average 75.9 1994 Average 76.5 1995 Average 76.5 1996 January 74.8 February 74.8 February 74.8 March 79.8 April 88.1 May 92.7 June 90.3 July 87.5 August 84.4 October 84.4 October 84.4 November 86.6 Fe	51.6 68.9 108.4 130.3 131.2 125.5 123.4 120.1 101.1 90.7 89.1 99.5 112.0 104.7 102.7 99.0 95.7	38.7 54.7 86.8 102.4 96.3 87.8 84.2 79.6 52.9 54.3 51.3 59.2 76.6 65.2	42.1 58.5 90.2 112.3 108.9 96.1 103.6 103.0 79.0 77.0 73.8 70.9	40.0 51.6 78.8 91.4 90.5 91.6 91.6 84.9 56.0 58.1 54.4	37.7 58.5 81.8 99.5 94.2 82.6 82.3 78.9 47.8 55.1	33.5 35.7 48.2 56.5 59.2 70.9 73.7 71.7 74.5
979 Average 71.3 980 Average 103.5 981 Average 114.7 982 Average 106.0 983 Average 95.4 984 Average 90.7 985 Average 91.2 986 Average 91.2 986 Average 91.2 987 Average 66.9 988 Average 67.3 998 Average 75.6 990 Average 78.7 991 Average 78.7 993 Average 75.9 994 Average 73.8 995 Average 76.5 996 January 74.8 February 74.9 March 79.8 April 88.4 May 92.7 June 90.3 July 87.5 August 84.4 November 86.6 December 84.4 November 86.8 December 84.4 November 86.6 February 86.1 March 84.3<	68.9 108.4 130.3 131.2 125.5 123.4 120.1 101.1 99.7 89.1 99.5 112.0 104.7 102.7 99.0 95.7	54.7 86.8 102.4 96.3 87.8 84.2 79.6 52.9 54.3 51.3 59.2 76.6	58.5 90.2 112.3 108.9 96.1 103.6 103.0 79.0 77.0 73.8 70.9	51.6 78.8 91.4 90.5 91.6 91.6 84.9 56.0 58.1	58.5 81.8 99.5 94.2 82.6 82.3 78.9 47.8	35.7 48.2 56.5 59.2 70.9 73.7 71.7 74.5
980 Average 103.5 981 Average 114.7 982 Average 106.0 983 Average 95.4 984 Average 95.4 985 Average 91.2 986 Average 91.2 986 Average 61.9 987 Average 66.9 988 Average 67.3 989 Average 75.6 990 Average 78.7 991 Average 78.7 992 Average 75.6 994 Average 75.7 995 Average 76.5 996 January 74.8 February 74.9 March 79.8 April 88.1 May 92.7 June 90.3 July 87.5 August 84.4 October 84.4 October 84.4 October 84.4 Ortober 84.3 April 83.9 March 84.3 April 83.3 July 84.5	130.3 131.2 125.5 123.4 120.1 101.1 90.7 89.1 99.5 112.0 104.7 102.7 99.0 95.7	102.4 96.3 87.8 84.2 79.6 52.9 54.3 51.3 59.2 76.6	112.3 108.9 96.1 103.6 103.0 79.0 77.0 73.8 70.9	91.4 90.5 91.6 91.6 84.9 56.0 58.1	99.5 94.2 82.6 82.3 78.9 47.8	56.5 59.2 70.9 73.7 71.7 74.5
981 Average 114.7 982 Average 106.0 983 Average 95.4 984 Average 90.7 985 Average 91.2 986 Average 91.2 986 Average 66.9 988 Average 67.3 989 Average 66.9 980 Average 75.6 990 Average 88.3 991 Average 75.9 992 Average 78.7 993 Average 75.9 994 Average 73.8 995 Average 76.5 996 January 74.8 February 74.9 March 79.8 April 88.1 May 92.7 June 90.3 July 87.5 August 84.4 October 84.4 November 86.8 December 86.4 Average 84.7 997 January 86.6 February 86.1 May 84.5 June 83.3	130.3 131.2 125.5 123.4 120.1 101.1 90.7 89.1 99.5 112.0 104.7 102.7 99.0 95.7	96.3 87.8 84.2 79.6 52.9 54.3 51.3 59.2 76.6	112.3 108.9 96.1 103.6 103.0 79.0 77.0 73.8 70.9	90.5 91.6 91.6 84.9 56.0 58.1	94.2 82.6 82.3 78.9 47.8	56.5 59.2 70.9 73.7 71.7 74.5
982 Average 106.0 983 Average 95.4 984 Average 90.7 985 Average 91.2 986 Average 62.4 987 Average 62.4 988 Average 67.3 988 Average 67.3 989 Average 75.6 990 Average 78.7 991 Average 79.7 992 Average 78.7 993 Average 75.9 994 Average 75.9 995 Average 76.5 996 January 74.8 February 74.9 March 79.8 April 88.1 May 92.7 June 90.3 July 87.5 August 84.9 September 84.4 October 84.4 November 86.8 December 86.1 March 84.3 April 83.9 May 84.5 June 83.3 July 81.5 A	131.2 125.5 123.4 120.1 101.1 90.7 89.1 99.5 112.0 104.7 102.7 99.0 95.7	96.3 87.8 84.2 79.6 52.9 54.3 51.3 59.2 76.6	108.9 96.1 103.6 103.0 79.0 77.0 73.8 70.9	90.5 91.6 91.6 84.9 56.0 58.1	94.2 82.6 82.3 78.9 47.8	59.2 70.9 73.7 71.7 74.5
983 Average 95.4 984 Average 90.7 985 Average 90.7 986 Average 91.2 986 Average 62.4 987 Average 66.9 988 Average 67.3 998 Average 75.6 990 Average 78.7 991 Average 78.7 993 Average 78.7 993 Average 75.9 994 Average 73.8 995 Average 76.5 996 January 74.8 February 74.9 March 79.8 April 88.1 May 92.7 June 90.3 July 87.5 August 84.4 October 84.4 November 86.6 December 86.0 Average 84.7 997 January 86.6 May 84.3 April 83.9 May 84.5 June 83.3 July 81.5	125.5 123.4 120.1 101.1 90.7 89.1 99.5 112.0 104.7 102.7 99.0 95.7	87.8 84.2 79.6 52.9 54.3 51.3 59.2 76.6	96.1 103.6 103.0 79.0 77.0 73.8 70.9	91.6 91.6 84.9 56.0 58.1	82.6 82.3 78.9 47.8	70.9 73.7 71.7 74.5
984 Average 90.7 985 Average 91.2 986 Average 91.2 986 Average 66.9 987 Average 66.9 988 Average 67.3 989 Average 75.6 990 Average 78.7 991 Average 78.7 992 Average 78.7 993 Average 75.9 994 Average 78.7 995 Average 76.5 996 January 74.8 February 74.9 March 79.8 April 88.1 May 92.7 June 90.3 July 87.5 August 84.4 October 84.4 October 84.4 October 84.7 997 January 86.6 February 86.1 March 84.3 April 83.3 July 81.5 August 84.5 June	123.4 120.1 101.1 99.5 112.0 104.7 102.7 99.0 95.7	84.2 79.6 52.9 54.3 51.3 59.2 76.6	103.6 103.0 79.0 77.0 73.8 70.9	91.6 84.9 56.0 58.1	82.3 78.9 47.8	73.7 71.7 74.5
985 Average 91.2 986 Average 62.4 987 Average 66.9 988 Average 67.3 989 Average 75.6 990 Average 78.7 991 Average 78.7 993 Average 76.9 994 Average 73.8 995 Average 76.5 996 January 74.8 February 74.9 March 79.8 April 88.1 May 92.7 June 90.3 July 87.5 August 84.4 October 84.4 November 86.6 February 86.1 March 84.3 November 86.6 Average 84.7 997 January 86.6 February 86.1 March 84.3 April 83.9 May 84.5 June 83.3 July 81.5 August 84.5 June	120.1 101.1 90.7 89.1 99.5 112.0 104.7 102.7 99.0 95.7	79.6 52.9 54.3 51.3 59.2 76.6	103.0 79.0 77.0 73.8 70.9	84.9 56.0 58.1	78.9 47.8	71.7 74.5
986 Average 62.4 987 Average 66.9 988 Average 67.3 989 Average 75.6 990 Average 88.3 991 Average 75.7 992 Average 78.7 993 Average 75.9 994 Average 78.7 995 Average 76.5 996 January 74.8 February 74.9 March 79.8 April 88.1 May 92.7 June 90.3 July 87.5 August 84.4 November 86.6 December 84.4 November 86.6 February 86.1 March 84.3 November 86.6 December 86.1 March 84.3 April 83.9 May 84.5 June 83.3 July 81.5 August <td< td=""><td>101.1 90.7 89.1 99.5 112.0 104.7 102.7 99.0 95.7</td><td>52.9 54.3 51.3 59.2 76.6</td><td>79.0 77.0 73.8 70.9</td><td>56.0 58.1</td><td>47.8</td><td>74.5</td></td<>	101.1 90.7 89.1 99.5 112.0 104.7 102.7 99.0 95.7	52.9 54.3 51.3 59.2 76.6	79.0 77.0 73.8 70.9	56.0 58.1	47.8	74.5
987 Average 66.9 988 Average 67.3 988 Average 67.3 989 Average 75.6 990 Average 88.3 991 Average 79.7 992 Average 78.7 993 Average 75.9 994 Average 73.8 995 Average 76.5 996 January 74.8 February 74.9 March 79.8 April 88.1 May 92.7 June 90.3 July 87.5 August 84.4 October 84.4 November 86.8 December 86.0 April 83.9 May 84.5 June 83.3 July 81.5	90.7 89.1 99.5 112.0 104.7 102.7 99.0 95.7	54.3 51.3 59.2 76.6	77.0 73.8 70.9	58.1		
988 Average 67.3 989 Average 75.6 990 Average 78.7 991 Average 79.7 992 Average 78.7 993 Average 75.9 994 Average 78.7 995 Average 76.5 996 January 74.8 February 74.9 March 79.8 April 88.1 May 92.7 June 90.3 July 87.5 August 84.4 October 84.4 November 86.6 December 86.0 Average 84.7 997 January 86.6 February 84.3 April 83.9 May 84.5 June 83.3 July 81.5 August 86.8 September 86.1 March 84.3 April 83.3 July 81.5 August 86.8 September	89.1 99.5 112.0 104.7 102.7 99.0 95.7	51.3 59.2 76.6	73.8 70.9			70.1
989 Average 75.6 990 Average 88.3 991 Average 78.7 992 Average 78.7 993 Average 75.9 994 Average 78.7 995 Average 76.5 996 January 74.8 February 74.9 March 79.8 April 88.1 May 92.7 June 90.3 July 87.5 August 84.9 September 84.4 October 84.4 October 84.4 October 84.4 Opermeter 86.6 Petruary 86.6 February 86.6 March 84.3 March 84.3 Jule 83.9 May 84.5 June 83.9 May 84.5 Jule 81.5 August 86.8 September 87.2 October 84.3 April 83.9 </td <td>99.5 112.0 104.7 102.7 99.0 95.7</td> <td>59.2 76.6</td> <td>70.9</td> <td></td> <td>50.0</td> <td>71.4</td>	99.5 112.0 104.7 102.7 99.0 95.7	59.2 76.6	70.9		50.0	71.4
9990 Average 88.3 991 Average 79.7 992 Average 78.7 993 Average 75.9 994 Average 73.8 995 Average 76.5 996 January 74.8 February 74.9 March 79.8 April 88.1 May 92.7 June 90.3 July 87.5 August 84.4 October 84.4 November 86.8 December 84.4 November 86.6 February 86.1 March 84.3 Day 84.5 June 83.3 July 84.5	112.0 104.7 102.7 99.0 95.7	76.6		58.7	58.5	61.5
991 Average 79.7 992 Average 78.7 993 Average 75.9 993 Average 75.9 994 Average 73.8 995 Average 76.5 996 January 74.8 February 74.9 March 79.8 April 88.1 May 92.7 June 90.3 July 87.5 August 84.4 October 84.4 November 86.6 Pebruary 86.6 February 86.1 March 84.3 November 86.6 February 86.1 March 84.3 April 83.9 May 84.5 June 83.3 July 81.5 August 86.6 September 87.2 June 83.3 July 81.5 August 86.8 September 87.2 October 84.3	104.7 102.7 99.0 95.7		92.3	73.4	72.5	74.5
992 Average 78.7 993 Average 75.9 993 Average 75.9 994 Average 73.8 995 Average 76.5 996 January 74.8 February 74.9 March 79.8 April 88.1 May 92.7 June 90.3 July 87.5 August 84.4 October 84.4 November 86.6 December 86.1 March 84.3 April 83.9 May 84.5 June 83.3 July 81.5 August 84.5 June 83.3 July 81.5 August 86.6 September 83.3 July 81.5 August 86.6 September 87.2 October 84.3 April 83.3 July 81.5 August 86.8	102.7 99.0 95.7	0012	83.8	66.5	64.8	73.0
393 Average 75.9 394 Average 73.8 395 Average 76.5 396 January 74.8 February 74.9 March 79.8 April 88.1 May 92.7 June 90.3 July 87.5 August 84.9 September 84.4 October 84.4 November 86.6 Pecrmber 86.1 March 84.3 April 83.9 March 84.3 July 86.6 Pecember 86.1 March 84.3 April 83.3 July 81.5 August 84.5 June 83.3 July 81.5 August 86.8 September 87.2 October 87.2 July 81.5 August 86.8 September 87.2 October 87.2 <	99.0 95.7	61.0	78.8	62.7	61.9	64.3
994 Average 73.8 995 Average 76.5 996 January 74.8 February 74.9 March 79.8 April 88.1 May 92.7 June 90.3 July 87.5 August 84.9 September 84.4 October 84.4 November 86.6 Average 84.7 997 January 86.6 February 86.1 March 84.3 April 83.9 May 84.5 June 83.3 July 81.5 June 83.3 July 81.5 June 83.3 July 81.5 June 83.3 July 81.5 August 86.8 September 87.2 October 84.3 November 84.3	95.7	58.0	75.4	60.2	60.2	67.3
995 Average 76.5 996 January 74.8 February 74.9 March 79.8 April 88.1 May 92.7 June 90.3 July 87.5 August 84.4 October 84.4 November 86.8 December 86.4 Average 84.7 997 January 86.6 February 86.1 March 84.3 April 83.9 July 84.5 June 83.3 July 81.5 August 84.5 June 83.3 July 81.5 June 83.3 July 81.5 August 86.8 September 87.2 October 84.3 November 81.6		53.4	66.0	57.2	55.4	53.0
February 74.9 March 79.8 April 88.1 May 92.7 June 90.3 July 87.5 August 84.9 September 84.4 October 84.4 November 86.6 December 86.0 Average 84.7 997 January 86.6 February 86.1 March 84.3 April 83.9 May 84.5 June 83.3 July 81.5 August 86.8 September 87.2 October 87.2 June 83.3 July 81.5 August 86.8 September 87.2 October 87.2 October 84.3 November 81.6	100.5	54.0	58.9	56.2	56.0	49.2
February 74.9 March 79.8 April 88.1 May 92.7 June 90.3 July 87.5 August 84.9 September 84.4 October 84.4 November 86.6 December 86.6 February 86.6 February 86.1 March 84.3 April 83.9 May 84.5 June 83.3 July 81.5 August 86.6 September 87.2 October 84.3 April 83.3 July 81.5 August 86.8 September 87.2 October 87.2 October 84.3	101.2	61.3	71.8	63.5	59.0	63.7
March 79.8 April 88.1 May 92.7 June 90.3 July 87.5 August 84.9 September 84.4 October 84.4 November 86.8 December 86.0 Average 84.7 997 January 86.6 February 86.1 March 84.3 April 83.3 July 81.5 June 83.3 July 81.5 August 86.8 September 87.2 October 84.3 April 83.3 July 81.5 August 86.8 September 87.2 October 84.3 November 81.6	101.2	56.9	73.4	64.1	60.0	64.2
April 88.1 May 92.7 June 90.3 July 87.5 August 84.9 September 84.4 October 84.4 November 86.8 December 86.0 Average 84.7 Og7 January 86.6 February 86.1 March 84.3 April 83.9 July 81.5 June 83.3 July 81.5 August 86.8 September 87.2 October 84.3 November 81.5 August 86.8 September 87.2 October 84.3 November 81.6	105.0	59.0	69.0	66.8	64.4	63.0
May 92.7 June 90.3 July 87.5 August 84.9 September 84.4 October 84.4 November 86.8 December 86.0 Average 84.7 Og7 January 86.6 February 86.1 March 84.3 April 83.9 June 83.3 July 81.5 June 83.3 July 81.5 August 86.8 September 87.2 October 84.3 November 81.6						
June 90.3 July 87.5 August 84.9 September 84.4 October 84.4 November 86.6 December 84.4 November 86.6 Perage 84.7 997 January 86.6 February 86.1 March 84.3 April 83.9 May 84.5 June 83.3 July 81.5 August 86.8 September 87.2 October 87.2 November 81.6	111.4	66.0	80.5	69.9	71.9	57.0
July 87.5 August 84.9 September 84.4 October 84.4 November 86.8 December 86.0 Average 84.7 097 January 86.6 February 86.1 March 84.3 April 83.3 July 81.5 June 83.3 July 81.5 August 86.6 September 87.2 October 84.3	114.4	63.3	68.4	64.9	69.8	49.5
August 84.9 September 84.4 October 84.4 November 86.8 December 86.0 Average 84.7 997 January 86.6 February 86.1 March 84.3 April 83.3 June 83.3 July 81.5 August 86.8 September 87.2 October 84.6 November 81.6	113.5	57.7	58.5	57.5	62.2	48.5
September 84.4 October 84.4 November 86.8 December 86.0 Average 84.7 997 January 86.6 February 86.1 March 84.3 April 83.9 May 84.5 June 83.3 July 81.5 August 86.8 September 87.2 October 84.3 November 81.6	113.7	60.3	64.6	59.4	62.3	50.8
October 84.4 November 86.8 December 86.0 Average 84.7 997 January 86.6 February 86.1 March 84.3 April 83.9 May 84.5 June 83.3 July 81.5 August 86.8 September 87.2 October 84.5	114.4	65.1	69.5	66.1	66.4	48.6
November 86.8 December 86.0 Average 84.7 997 January 86.6 February 86.1 March 84.3 April 83.9 May 84.5 June 83.3 July 81.5 August 86.8 September 87.2 October 84.6 November 81.6	114.3	71.8	76.4	72.1	72.9	51.4
December 86.0 Average 84.7 997 January 86.6 February 86.1 March 84.3 April 83.3 June 83.3 July 81.5 August 86.8 September 87.2 October 84.3 November 81.5	115.0	73.6	87.1	75.1	76.9	57.7
Average 84.7 997 January 86.6 February 86.1 March 84.3 April 83.9 May 84.5 June 83.3 July 81.5 August 86.8 September 87.2 October 84.3 November 81.6	115.1	71.7	88.7	75.0	75.7	71.1
997 January 86.6 February 86.1 March 84.3 April 83.9 May 84.5 June 83.3 July 81.5 August 86.8 September 87.2 October 84.6 November 81.5	115.3	74.0	90.7	75.1	74.4	87.5
February 86.1 March 84.3 April 83.9 May 84.5 June 83.3 July 81.5 August 86.8 September 87.2 October 84.3 November 81.6	111.6	65.1	74.0	67.3	68.1	60.5
March 84.3 April 83.9 May 84.5 June 83.3 July 81.5 August 86.8 September 87.2 October 84.3 November 81.6	113.7	74.4	88.7	75.5	73.0	86.6
April 83.9 May 84.5 June 83.3 July 81.5 August 86.8 September 87.2 October 84.6 November 81.6	114.9	71.7	84.8	72.5	71.1	66.8
May 84.5 June 83.3 July 81.5 August 86.8 September 87.2 October 84.5 November 81.6	113.8	61.9	NA	66.4	65.8	57.3
June 83.3 July 81.5 August 86.8 September 87.2 October 84.3 November 81.6	114.7	60.3	69.8	63.8	64.8	49.7
July 81.5 August 86.8 September 87.2 October 84.3 November 81.6	115.7	58.8	68.4	62.9	63.8	46.5
August 86.8 September 87.2 October 84.3 November 81.6	114.6	57.6	64.3	59.2	60.7	46.1
September 87.2 October 84.3 November 81.6	112.5	56.7	63.1	57.3	59.4	47.5
September 87.2 October 84.3 November 81.6	114.6	59.1	64.9	59.0	61.8	50.5
October 84.3 November 81.6	115.6	58.2	63.4	58.4	60.7	48.4
	113.9	61.5	72.8	63.2	64.5	52.3
	113.0	61.2	77.9	64.2	65.2	52.2
December 77.8	107.7	56.3	75.1	59.7	60.1	51.8
Average 83.9	113.8	61.2	74.4	63.6	64.2	55.2
998 January 73.3	104.3	52.3	72.3	54.1	54.9	48.4
February	101.1	49.9	68.2	53.8	53.3	44.7
March	98.2	45.3	65.3	53.9	50.8	43.8
April	98.6	46.6	56.7	53.0	52.2	41.5
May 71.0	99.9	46.7	56.0	48.5	51.9	36.2
June ^R 70.4	99.9	42.8	46.1	^R 45.8	48.7	34.1
July	99.9 ^R 99.0	43.5	47.8	44.8	47.5	34.9

 $^{\rm a}\,$ See Note 5 at end of section.

R=Revised. NA=Not available.

Notes: • Sales to end users are those made directly to ultimate consumers, including bulk consumers (such as agriculture, industry, and electric utilities) and residential and commercial consumers. Sales for resale are shown in Table 9.6; they are sales made to purchasers other than

ultimate consumers. • Values for the current month are preliminary. • Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration (EIA) estimates. See Note 6 at end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Source: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, October 1998, Table 2.

Table 9.8a No. 2 Distillate Prices to Residences: Northeastern States

(Cents per Gallon, Excluding Taxes)

	Maine	New Hampshire	Vermont	Massachusetts	Rhode Island	Connecticut	New York	New Jersey	Pennsylvania
079 Average	48.6	50.3	50.8	48.8	50.7	50.1	50.1	49.6	48.8
978 Average		50.3 72.5	72.5	40.0	50.7 72.8	72.0	71.2	49.0 71.0	40.0 69.8
979 Average	68.8						98.2		
80 Average	96.3	100.4	101.5	97.8	101.1	98.3		97.9	96.4
81 Average	120.4	123.7	125.4	121.3	123.8	121.7	123.2	121.5	118.1
982 Average	115.5	117.4	120.1	117.6	120.1	118.3	120.5	117.4	113.7
983 Average	102.8	104.1	112.9	109.1	110.5	109.1	112.1	107.9	105.8
84 Average	103.9	108.4	111.9	111.6	111.4	112.1	115.5	111.0	107.9
985 Average	99.7	102.4	107.7	107.0	106.7	108.0	111.3	105.9	102.3
986 Average	74.4	75.9	86.6	82.1	82.8	89.0	91.1	90.2	81.4
987 Average	74.7	76.5	81.1	80.6	82.5	83.4	85.2	84.3	76.9
988 Average	77.7	78.2	82.6	82.1	83.6	85.3	86.3	84.8	77.8
989 Average	89.4	89.3	90.5	92.6	93.9	92.9	95.8	91.8	85.1
990 Average	98.9	102.8	107.0	108.4	108.6	109.8	112.5	108.7	102.6
991 Average	96.0	91.6	101.9	103.0	99.9	106.2	111.3	104.0	99.7
992 Average	87.1	85.6	92.1	92.5	91.2	94.7	102.8	93.9	89.0
993 Average	82.6	82.8	90.4	89.7	89.3	91.9	100.1	92.4	86.3
994 Average	81.8	79.2	87.6	87.0	88.5	89.0	96.6	89.5	85.7
995 Average	78.7	77.9	85.3	84.4	87.4	86.4	95.5	88.8	82.6
996 January	93.0	89.1	92.6	92.0	94.9	94.5	102.9	97.8	92.3
February	93.2	90.8	93.7	93.8	95.6	96.2	104.1	100.5	93.1
March	96.7	93.8	97.3	99.3	99.7	99.6	106.6	103.5	95.9
April	98.7	96.5	100.3	101.5	98.8	102.1	109.0	105.4	97.1
	95.4	93.6	98.8	95.9	94.9	96.8	105.2	98.2	92.9
June	90.1	87.2	92.2	87.9	88.7	88.8	101.4	91.8	83.9
July	87.5	83.6	88.5	87.5	87.7	84.9	97.2	89.7	79.4
August	89.5	85.1	89.0	89.0	88.3	84.0	93.4	90.6	82.0
September	96.4	91.9	94.4	93.1	96.6	92.5	99.1	97.3	88.9
October	101.1	99.1	100.7	103.0	104.0	103.0	107.9	105.7	99.4
November	103.4	99.7	101.9	103.7	104.5	105.0	111.6	108.8	102.2
December	105.1	101.6	103.6	105.9	106.4	108.1	114.4	111.1	104.0
Average	97.2	94.0	96.9	97.6	98.6	98.6	106.3	102.4	95.3
997 January	105.2	102.2	104.4	106.4	106.9	108.7	114.7	111.3	104.2
February	102.2	101.0	103.5	103.4	104.5	105.2	112.0	108.4	102.2
March	94.3	98.6	103.1	97.7	100.6	99.3	111.5	104.6	97.7
April	90.9	95.2	100.4	95.9	99.6	97.6	109.7	102.5	95.0
May	90.6	91.9	97.7	93.0	97.3	93.4	107.9	99.9	92.4
June	88.0	89.1	92.9	89.1	94.1	89.9	103.9	96.9	87.8
July	86.7	85.6	91.1	87.5	91.8	83.7	100.0	90.5	82.1
August	85.7	85.3	92.7	84.7	91.0	84.5	92.9	89.6	80.7
September	87.1	86.3	91.7	87.0	91.2	85.5	94.5	90.7	82.8
October	90.2	88.2	93.1	89.4	94.6	89.0	100.6	94.8	85.9
November	92.3	88.6	94.7	90.7	95.4	91.4	101.6	97.2	89.5
December	92.3 91.0	88.5	94.1	89.7	93.4 94.6	91.4	101.0	97.8	89.9
Average	94.3	94.2	98.7	96.0	99.0	96.3	106.6	102.9	94.9
998 January	88.7	87.4	92.9	88.8	93.4	91.4	101.4	96.2	89.2
February	85.7	86.7	92.9	87.6	92.6	90.0	100.8	95.4	88.5
March	83.0	84.4	91.7	86.6	92.0	88.6	98.3	93.4 92.6	86.3
	81.6	81.3	92.2 89.1	83.4	90.2 88.9	85.7	96.3 97.1	92.6 91.3	84.0
April	80.3	79.4	86.9	81.8	87.2	83.2	97.1 95.0	91.3 89.2	84.0 82.1
May									
June	^R 78.6	^R 75.6	84.3	^R 78.4	^R 84.4	78.1	92.1	^R 83.6	^R 75.7
July	76.0	70.9	81.4	76.1	82.8	74.3	89.0	79.8	70.1

R=Revised.

Notes: • States are grouped in Tables 9.8a, 9.8b, and 9.8c by geographic region of the country. • Values for the current month are preliminary.

• Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration (EIA) estimates. See Note 6 at end of section.

Source: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, October 1998, Table 18.

Table 9.8b No. 2 Distillate Prices to Residences: Selected South Atlantic and Midwestern States

(Cents per Gallon, Excluding Taxes)

	Delaware	District of Columbia	Maryland	Virginia	West Virginia	Ohio	Michigan	Indiana	Illinois	Wisconsin	Minnesot
978 Average	47.8	50.7	49.2	49.1	46.2	47.4	47.9	48.5	46.5	44.7	47.8
979 Average	68.2	74.2	70.1	70.4	65.1	68.6	70.9	72.7	68.8	67.3	72.4
980 Average	95.4	102.6	97.9	98.5	92.2	91.9	97.8	99.6	95.8	91.5	99.9
981 Average	117.3	127.4	121.4	120.5	115.0	113.2	118.3	118.5	114.9	109.1	118.4
82 Average	111.3	124.5	117.1	117.7	109.3	110.2	113.9	114.3	110.9	107.8	115.1
83 Average	106.0	117.0	110.3	108.7	101.0	101.3	106.4	100.7	100.4	101.2	103.1
084 Average	109.6	118.7	113.5	110.5	102.1	102.1	105.0	103.1	100.1	101.0	104.1
985 Average	104.6	114.3	108.8	106.3	98.0	99.7	102.1	99.1	97.5	98.3	101.9
86 Average	85.0	93.1	91.4	86.6	74.6	77.7	81.0	74.8	NA	75.6	79.2
987 Average	79.3	91.8	86.6	79.5	76.4	74.7	77.5	75.4	79.8	75.1	74.6
88 Average	80.1	91.6	87.0	80.5	74.2	74.7	77.5	75.4	77.6	73.9	73.5
989 Average	88.2	98.6	93.8	87.0	83.0	81.6	85.3	83.2	80.9	81.1	82.4
990 Average	105.8	107.8	111.9	110.6	99.1	98.1	100.9	99.3	96.1	94.2	101.4
991 Average	99.7	112.2	108.4	101.1	93.4	91.0	94.2	91.8	92.7	89.5	91.1
992 Average	92.3	105.7	100.0	92.8	86.4	83.6	87.2	81.2	87.7	81.6	82.6
993 Average	89.9	104.5	98.1	89.3	85.6	84.0	87.2	81.0	84.4	82.3	83.2
994 Average	89.4	100.0	95.0	85.3	80.9	81.2	86.3	81.2	78.4	81.1	80.6
995 Average	87.0	101.0	93.6	84.4	81.5	80.8	86.0	81.6	78.5	81.2	80.1
96 January	94.7	111.7	103.9	91.3	90.7	85.5	89.6	85.6	84.4	83.3	82.7
February	94.4	112.9	104.1	92.8	93.8	87.7	91.2	86.4	85.8	83.9	83.7
March	96.1	117.7	106.4	93.6	95.8	91.6	97.0	90.7	88.7	87.1	86.7
April	100.7	115.9	105.8	95.4	97.0	95.3	101.0	93.5	90.4	91.5	91.4
May	98.0	109.7	104.4	91.7	91.4	91.3	99.6	93.0	89.9	92.2	92.0
June	91.9	102.5	97.3	88.2	89.9	86.8	94.6	86.2	80.6	88.4	85.5
July	91.0	97.3	93.7	88.5	88.6	86.5	92.2	85.6	78.9	88.6	84.3
August	91.0	99.2	93.7	89.1	88.9	82.2	92.5	87.4	83.0	87.8	86.2
September	95.3	106.2	99.3	92.6	94.9	92.8	98.6	92.8	87.1	91.1	91.8
October	103.1	120.9	108.1	98.6	101.1	98.2	102.6	96.6	92.4	95.6	97.8
November	105.9	125.7	111.8	102.2	104.6	100.8	106.4	102.4	96.8	98.7	102.4
December	106.7	129.2	114.9	104.3	104.3	101.5	106.4	100.8	98.1	98.9	100.4
Average	98.4	117.8	106.3	95.2	96.0	92.1	97.7	91.2	89.3	89.9	90.9
97 January	106.5	130.9	117.0	105.5	103.8	100.7	105.6	100.9	98.8	98.3	99.2
February	104.2	127.0	115.0	102.6	101.2	98.4	104.4	97.0	93.3	96.8	96.9
March	99.4	122.1	108.1	100.4	98.1	92.6	NA	94.6	90.2	96.7	91.7
April	99.1	W	105.6	96.7	95.7	92.4	91.7	NA	83.4	92.9	89.7
May	95.0	108.6	101.9	89.9	92.9	90.1	90.7	88.4	79.9	93.4	89.1
June	89.8	99.9	98.0	87.8	90.6	86.8	88.3	84.0	79.7	90.8	87.4
July	87.3	99.9	96.1	85.9	87.4	83.1	84.9	79.7	78.4	86.7	84.8
August	87.8	W	93.8	85.2	85.0	81.7	87.4	83.6	81.2	86.5	86.0
September	87.8	96.6	94.5	85.2	87.5	84.3	88.3	80.2	77.4	88.0	84.9
October	88.1	W	97.8	90.3	88.3	88.2	88.9	84.0	82.6	89.6	87.1
November	92.0	W	100.3	91.8	92.2	89.3	93.6	85.0	81.6	89.7	87.0
December	94.3	W	100.9	92.6	93.6	85.8	88.8	81.8	82.1	88.6	84.9
Average	98.0	117.6	105.8	94.8	96.2	91.3	94.2	86.4	86.3	93.3	90.2
98 January	92.5	111.0	100.4	92.1	91.0	81.9	85.9	79.7	80.3	85.4	81.5
February	91.9	110.0	98.7	91.4	88.9	80.6	85.0	78.8	79.1	83.7	78.1
March	90.6	104.9	96.8	89.6	88.6	79.3	83.3	77.9	76.9	82.5	77.2
April	88.5	100.3	93.1	88.4	86.8	79.2	81.8	77.0	73.6	81.5	77.8
May	81.7	90.8	89.0	83.8	82.1	77.8	79.9	73.2	69.4	80.5	73.1
June	^R 79.9	89.8	85.8	^R 82.4	^R 79.9	^R 74.4	^R 79.3	^R 72.1	^R 66.4	78.8	69.3
July	74.1	84.0	81.2	81.2	73.7	72.5	76.5	69.8	69.5	77.7	69.7

R=Revised. NA=Not available. W=Value withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data. Notes: • States are grouped in Tables 9.8a, 9.8b, and 9.8c by geographic

region of the country. • Values for the current month are preliminary.

• Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration (EIA) estimates. See Note 6 at end of section.

Source: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, October 1998, Table 18.

Table 9.8c No. 2 Distillate Prices to Residences: Selected Western States and U.S. Average

(Cents per Gallon, Excluding Taxes)

	Idaho	Washington	Oregon	Alaska	U.S. Average
		3	5		
78 Average	43.6	48.6	45.8	53.2	49.0
979 Average	62.1	69.7	68.0	68.2	70.4
980 Average	91.6	100.8	97.3	97.8	97.4
981 Average	110.4	116.5	111.4	118.0	119.4
		117.6	111.4	117.4	116.0
982 Average	110.4				
983 Average	101.8	109.0	103.6	108.8	107.8
984 Average	98.5	102.6	99.3	106.9	109.1
985 Average	97.2	101.1	97.1	108.3	105.3
86 Average	73.8	77.5	70.4	94.9	83.6
987 Average	68.8	79.5	72.5	86.5	80.3
988 Average	68.8	78.5	70.9	86.9	81.3
89 Average	77.8	87.4	80.2	96.4	90.0
90 Average	97.4	102.9	97.0	110.1	106.3
91 Average	95.1	101.6	93.3	105.0	101.9
92 Average	85.7	94.0	87.6	94.1	93.4
993 Average	86.2	99.9	91.8	96.1	91.1
994 Average	78.9	95.0	88.7	86.5	88.4
995 Average	83.9	96.2	89.4	83.4	86.7
96 January	87.2	99.7	90.1	84.0	94.6
February	86.8	99.6	90.9	83.3	95.9
March	86.6	101.1	90.0	84.5	99.1
April	95.7	109.7	101.0	90.0	101.5
May	97.1	116.7	108.6	97.9	97.8
June	91.0	112.8	NA	96.2	91.0
July	92.3	103.8	96.4	92.7	87.9
August	98.4	99.8	94.3	92.3	88.1
September	101.3	115.8	109.1	95.7	94.5
	97.8	116.4	108.6	96.7	102.6
October					
November	98.1	115.3	107.5	96.9	105.4
December	95.4	114.9	105.1	96.4	107.5
Average	93.3	108.0	98.9	90.9	98.9
97 January	94.9	117.6	105.8	97.1	107.9
February	94.5	118.8	106.7	97.5	105.1
March	100.6	116.6	107.5	98.7	101.6
April	98.3	114.9	106.1	97.5	99.2
Артіі Мау	98.4	109.1	104.6	97.5 96.4	99.2 96.3
,		112.2			96.3 92.3
June	92.3		100.2	96.0	
July	90.3	108.3	96.9	97.5	88.3
August	90.5	108.8	99.2	96.4	86.9
September	91.2	110.9	101.5	96.6	88.5
October	93.6	111.9	102.0	97.7	92.1
November	94.3	112.8	102.6	98.0	94.1
December	93.4	109.0	98.5	96.3	93.8
Average	95.3	114.0	103.2	97.2	98.4
	95.0	10F 7	02.6	00.0	00 F
998 January	85.0	105.7	93.6	89.9	92.5
February	80.8	102.4	89.3	87.1	91.5
March	78.6	99.6	85.8	86.2	89.6
April	78.3	99.9	86.2	86.6	87.6
May	74.4	98.9	85.2	86.1	84.8
June	^R 69.6	91.5	81.8	85.8	81.1
July	66.7	87.1	80.6	81.8	77.7

NA=Not available.

Notes: • States are grouped in Tables 9.8a, 9.8b, and 9.8c by geographic region of the country. • Values for the current month are preliminary.

• Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration (EIA) estimates. See Note 6 at end of section.

Source: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, October 1998, Table 18.

Figure 9.2 Retail Prices of Electricity Sold by Electric Utilities (Cents per Kilowatthour)

By Sector, 1973-1997

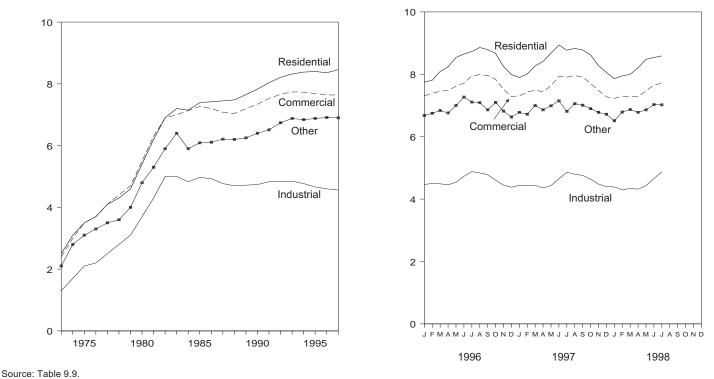
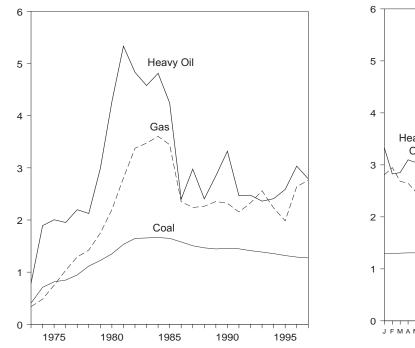


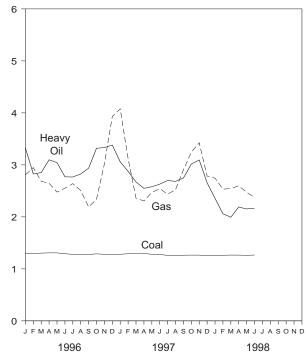
Figure 9.3 Cost of Fossil-Fuel Receipts at Steam-Electric Plants (Dollars per Million Btu)

Costs, 1973-1997



Costs, Monthly

By Sector, Monthly



Source: Table 9.10.

Table 9.9 Retail Prices of Electricity Sold by Electric Utilities

(Cents per Kilowatthour)

	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Other	Total
	2.5	2.4	1.3	2.1	2.0
973 Average					
074 Average	3.1	3.0	1.7	2.8	2.5
75 Average	3.5	3.5	2.1	3.1	2.9
76 Average	3.7	3.7	2.2	3.3	3.1
77 Average	4.1	4.1	2.5	3.5	3.4
78 Average	4.3	4.4	2.8	3.6	3.7
979 Average	4.6	4.7	3.1	4.0	4.0
	5.4	5.5	3.7	4.8	4.7
980 Average					
81 Average	6.2	6.3	4.3	5.3	5.5
982 Average	6.9	6.9	5.0	5.9	6.1
983 Average	7.2	7.0	5.0	6.4	6.3
984 Average	7.15	7.13	4.83	5.90	6.25
985 Average	7.39	7.27	4.97	6.09	6.44
986 Average	7.42	7.20	4.93	6.11	6.44
87 Average	7.45	7.08	4.77	6.21	6.37
988 Average	7.48	7.04	4.70	6.20	6.35
89 Average	7.65	7.20	4.72	6.25	6.45
990 Average	7.83	7.34	4.74	6.40	6.57
	8.04	7.53	4.83	6.51	6.75
991 Average					
992 Average	8.21	7.66	4.83	6.74	6.82
993 Average	8.32	7.74	4.85	6.88	6.93
994 Average	8.38	7.73	4.77	6.84	6.91
995 Average	8.40	7.69	4.66	6.88	6.89
-		_			
996 January	7.75	7.31	4.47	6.68	6.61
February	7.81	7.39	4.50	6.75	6.60
March	8.09	7.46	4.49	6.84	6.65
		7.48	4.46	6.76	6.63
April	8.24				
May	8.54	7.62	4.54	7.00	6.77
June	8.65	7.72	4.73	7.27	7.03
July	8.73	7.95	4.88	7.11	7.27
August	8.86	7.99	4.84	7.09	7.30
September	8.79	7.96	4.78	6.86	7.16
October	8.67	7.84	4.61	7.10	6.91
November	8.25	7.52	4.45	6.82	6.65
December	7.99	7.29	4.38	6.63	6.58
Average	8.36	7.64	4.60	6.91	6.86
		7.04		0.70	
997 January	7.90	7.31	4.44	6.78	6.64
February	8.01	7.43	4.44	6.72	6.64
March	8.27	7.49	4.44	7.00	6.69
April	8.41	7.44	4.36	6.86	6.61
May	8.68	7.63	4.43	6.99	6.75
June	8.94	7.93	4.65	7.15	7.11
July	8.77	7.91	4.86	6.81	7.28
August	8.83	7.96	4.80	7.06	7.26
September	8.78	7.91	4.76	7.01	7.15
October	8.62	7.71	4.64	6.90	6.93
November	8.28	7.48	4.48	6.78	6.68
December	8.06	7.28	4.40	6.72	6.62
Average	8.46	7.64	4.56	6.90	6.88
98 January	7.86	7.23	4.39	6.51	6.57
5					
February	7.95	7.30	4.30	6.79	6.50
March	8.00	7.29	4.34	6.87	6.52
April	8.21	7.28	4.32	6.78	6.49
May	8.48	7.47	4.43	6.86	6.67
2					
June	8.54	7.65	4.66	7.03	6.98
July	8.59	7.72	4.87	7.02	7.22
7-Month Average	8.25	7.44	4.48	6.84	6.73
977-Month Average	8.41	7.61	4.52	6.90	6.83
997 7-Month Average					
996 7-Month Average	8.35	7.62	4.60	6.96	6.84

Notes: • Prices are calculated by dividing revenue by sales. Revenue may not correspond to sales for a particular month because of electric utility billing and accounting procedures. That lack of correspondence could result in uncharacteristic increases or decreases in the monthly prices. See Note 7

at end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Table 9.10 Quantity and Cost of Fossil-Fuel Receipts at Steam-Electric Utility Plants

	Ce	pal		Petro	leum		Ga	s ^a	All Fossil Fuels ^b
			Heav	y Oil ^b	Tot	al ^{b,c}			
	Quantity (thousand short tons)	Cost (cents per million Btu)	Quantity (thousand barrels)	Cost (cents per million Btu)	Quantity (thousand barrels)	Cost (cents per million Btu)	Quantity (million cubic feet)	Cost (cents per million Btu)	Cost (cents per million Btu)
1973 Year	374,842	40.5	512,650	78.5	535,859	80.0	3,382,677	33.8	47.6
974 Year	384,868	70.9	479,166	189.0	515,217	191.0	3,225,203	48.2	91.4
975 Year	431,527	81.4	457,582	200.5	510,352	202.3	3,034,808	75.2	104.4
976 Year	454,858	84.8	495,363	195.2	549,973	199.0	2,962,811	103.4	111.9
977 Year	490,415	94.7	563,685	219.8	635,556	224.9	3,106,403	129.1	129.7
978 Year	476,169	111.6	546,197	212.5	616,040	219.1	3,140,654	142.2	141.1
979 Year	556,558	122.4	479,705	298.8	515,695	307.2	3,368,976	174.9	163.9
980 Year	593,995	135.1	394,159	426.7	419,140	435.1	3,588,814	219.9	192.8
981 Year 982 Year	579,374	153.2 164.7	327,477	533.4 483.2	345,544 239,111	542.5 492.2	3,573,558	280.5 337.6	225.6 224.9
983 Year	601,427 592,728	165.6	228,200 211,705	465.2	239,111	462.8	3,161,348 2,732,248	347.4	224.9
984 Year	684,111	166.4	193,832	481.2	202,372	486.3	2,878,808	360.3	219.1
985 Year	666,743	164.8	156,410	424.4	164,947	431.7	2,808,921	344.4	209.4
986 Year	686,964	157.9	220,585	240.1	228,522	243.7	2,387,622	235.1	175.0
987 Year	721,298	150.6	187,300	297.6	194,578	301.1	2,605,191	224.0	170.6
988 Year	727,775	146.6	230,234	240.5	236,924	243.9	2,362,721	226.3	164.3
989 Year	753,217	144.5	237,668	284.6	246,422	289.3	2,472,506	235.5	167.5
990 Year	786,627	145.5	202,281	331.9	209,350	338.4	2,490,979	232.1	168.9
991 Year	769,923	144.7	163,106	246.5	169,625	254.8	2,630,818	215.3	160.3
992 Year	775,963	141.2	138,537	247.5	144,390	255.1	2,637,678	232.8	159.0
993 Year	769,152	138.5	141,719	236.2	147,902	243.3	2,574,523	256.0	159.5
994 Year 995 Year	831,929 826,860	135.5 131.8	135,184 78,216	240.9 258.6	142,940 84,292	248.8 267.9	2,863,904 3,023,327	223.0 198.4	152.6 145.3
996 January	67,852	129.1	13,855	332.4	14,540	337.1	155,022	281.0	155.5
February	66,620	129.3	6,099	282.5	7,021	300.6	131,688	294.7	148.5
March	69,921	130.2	9,031	285.2	9,595	296.8	149,233	268.4	149.0
April	70,361	130.8	8,263	309.7	8,724	319.0	160,918	264.6	150.0
May	72,158	130.7	5,882	304.4	6,437	317.6	251,461	247.6	151.8
June	69,677	129.2	8,825	277.0	9,508	288.2	285,271	255.1	155.1
July	75,178 78,545	127.8 127.7	10,793 10,484	276.6 282.5	11,380 10,971	284.4 290.6	346,295 346,542	263.9 250.7	158.2 154.6
August September	72,730	127.5	5,538	293.6	5,926	307.1	269,988	219.1	145.3
October	75,756	128.9	5,675	331.9	6,407	354.7	217,115	233.8	146.6
November	71,375	127.9	6,382	333.3	7,159	354.4	162,258	301.9	151.0
December	72,525	127.6	8,098	338.1	8,961	355.2	128,870	393.1	156.1
Year	862,701	128.9	98,926	303.4	106,629	315.7	2,604,663	264.1	151.9
997 January	71,929	128.0	8,817	305.7	9,658	321.0	133,720	407.7	157.7
February	69,229	129.1	8,959	287.5	9,346	295.3	134,664	311.8	150.6
March	72,369	130.0	6,796	267.1	7,157	276.2	185,340	236.0	145.5
April	69,815	129.6	6,379	254.9	6,730	264.8	184,908	230.5	144.3
May	74,929	128.0	6,476	257.9	6,966	271.2	225,841	247.0	146.6 153.2
June July	70,479 74,065	127.9 125.7	9,253 10,818	262.9 269.9	10,010 11,689	274.4 280.4	278,304 373,646	254.3 243.7	153.2 154.6
August	76,352	125.2	11,049	268.3	11,618	275.5	360,018	252.2	154.0
September	75,091	126.3	8,880	274.7	9,332	281.3	313,132	290.5	158.3
October	75,593	126.4	10,161	301.6	10,715	309.1	219,342	324.3	157.0
November	72,558	126.4	12,218	309.3	12,818	315.4	168,754	342.4	156.4
December	78,179	125.2	11,101	265.4	11,750	273.3	187,065	278.4	146.9
Year	880,588	127.3	110,906	278.8	117,789	288.0	2,764,734	276.0	152.2
998 January	79,108	125.3	9,569	235.5	10,105	242.4	164,826	274.5	142.8
February	70,246	126.1	8,736	206.0	9,255	214.0	122,862	253.3	139.0
March	75,647	126.5	10,676	199.3	11,135	204.6	181,096	254.4	142.4
April	74,733	126.4	11,749	218.9	12,289	225.0	186,127	259.8	144.7
May June	76,123 76,493	126.0 126.6	11,554	215.3	12,185	221.5 222.4	252,716 330,939	247.1	146.5
6 Months	452,348	126.6 126.1	13,428 65,710	216.7 215.3	14,237 69,207	222.4 221.6	1,238,565	237.6 251.7	149.7 144.4
997 6 Months	428,751	128.8	46,679	274.5	49,867	285.8	1,142,777	270.6	149.6
996 6 Months	416,591	129.9	51,955	302.1	55,826	312.2	1,133,594	264.7	151.7

^a Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

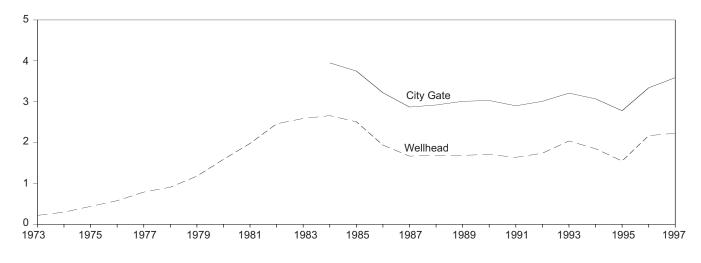
^b Heavy oil includes fuel oil nos. 4, 5, and 6, and topped crude oil. The weighted averages for petroleum and all fossil fuels include both heavy and light oil (fuel oil nos. 1 and 2, kerosene, and jet fuel) prices. Data do not ^c Data for 1973-1982 do not include small quantities of rerefined motor oil, bunker oil, and liquefied petroleum gas.

Notes: • Yearly costs are averages of monthly values, weighted by quantities in Btu. • See Note 8 at end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

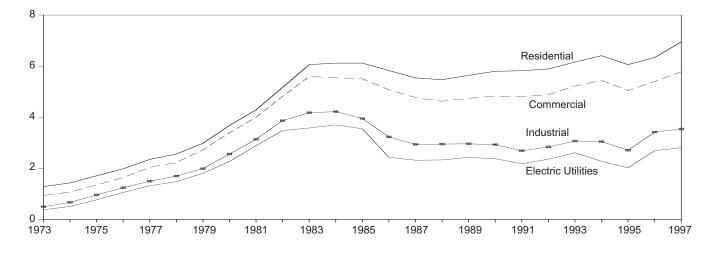
Figure 9.4 Natural Gas Prices

(Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)

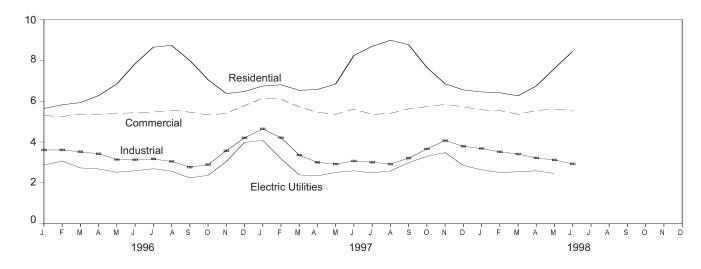
Selected Prices, 1973-1997



Delivered to Consumers, 1973-1997



Delivered to Consumers, Monthly



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 9.11.

Table 9.11 **Natural Gas Prices**

(Prices: Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet; Share of Volume Delivered: Percentage)

973 Average 974 Average 975 Average 976 Average 977 Average 978 Average 978 Average 978 Average 980 Average 981 Average 982 Average 983 Average 984 Average 985 Average 986 Average 987 Average 988 Average 998 Average 999 Average 990 Average 991 Average 992 Average 993 Average 993 Average 993 Average 993 Average 993 Average	Wellhead 0.22 .30 .44 .58 .79 .91 1.18 1.59 1.98 2.46 2.59 2.66 2.51 1.94 1.67	City Gate NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA	Residential 1.29 1.43 1.71 1.98 2.35 2.56 2.98 3.68 4.22	Cor Price 0.94 1.07 1.35 1.64 2.04 2.23	NMERCIAL Share of Total Volume Delivered NA NA NA	Price 0.50 .67 .96	dustrial Share of Total Volume Delivered NA NA	Electric Utilities ^c 0.38 .51
974 Average 975 Average 976 Average 977 Average 977 Average 978 Average 979 Average 979 Average 980 Average 981 Average 983 Average 984 Average 985 Average 986 Average 987 Average 988 Average 988 Average 999 Average 991 Average 992 Average 993 Average	0.22 .30 .44 .58 .79 .91 1.18 1.59 1.98 2.46 2.59 2.66 2.51 1.94	Gate NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA	1.29 1.43 1.71 1.98 2.35 2.56 2.98 3.68	0.94 1.07 1.35 1.64 2.04	Total Volume Delivered NA NA NA	0.50 .67 .96	Total Volume Delivered NA NA	Utilities ^c 0.38
974 Average 975 Average 976 Average 977 Average 977 Average 978 Average 979 Average 979 Average 980 Average 981 Average 983 Average 984 Average 985 Average 986 Average 987 Average 988 Average 988 Average 999 Average 991 Average 992 Average 993 Average	.30 .44 .58 .79 .91 1.18 1.59 1.98 2.46 2.59 2.66 2.51 1.94	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA	1.43 1.71 1.98 2.35 2.56 2.98 3.68	1.07 1.35 1.64 2.04	NA NA	.67 .96	NA	
974 Average 975 Average 976 Average 977 Average 977 Average 978 Average 979 Average 979 Average 980 Average 981 Average 983 Average 984 Average 985 Average 986 Average 987 Average 988 Average 988 Average 999 Average 991 Average 992 Average 993 Average	.30 .44 .58 .79 .91 1.18 1.59 1.98 2.46 2.59 2.66 2.51 1.94	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA	1.43 1.71 1.98 2.35 2.56 2.98 3.68	1.07 1.35 1.64 2.04	NA NA	.67 .96	NA	
976 Average 977 Average 977 Average 978 Average 979 Average 980 Average 981 Average 982 Average 983 Average 984 Average 985 Average 985 Average 986 Average 988 Average 988 Average 988 Average 999 Average 990 Average 991 Average 992 Average 993 Average	.58 .79 .91 1.18 1.59 1.98 2.46 2.59 2.66 2.51 1.94	NA NA NA NA NA NA	1.98 2.35 2.56 2.98 3.68	1.64 2.04			NI A	
977 Average 978 Average 979 Average 979 Average 980 Average 981 Average 982 Average 983 Average 984 Average 985 Average 985 Average 986 Average 986 Average 988 Average 988 Average 999 Average 991 Average 992 Average 993 Average 993 Average	.79 .91 1.18 1.59 1.98 2.46 2.59 2.66 2.51 1.94	NA NA NA NA NA	2.35 2.56 2.98 3.68	2.04	NA		NA	.77
078 Average 079 Average 079 Average 080 Average 081 Average 082 Average 083 Average 084 Average 085 Average 086 Average 086 Average 087 Average 088 Average 088 Average 089 Average 090 Average 091 Average 092 Average 093 Average	.91 1.18 1.59 1.98 2.46 2.59 2.66 2.51 1.94	NA NA NA NA	2.56 2.98 3.68			1.24	NA	1.06
979 Average 980 Average 981 Average 982 Average 983 Average 984 Average 985 Average 986 Average 987 Average 988 Average 988 Average 989 Average 990 Average 991 Average 993 Average	1.18 1.59 1.98 2.46 2.59 2.66 2.51 1.94	NA NA NA NA	2.98 3.68	2 2 2 2	NA	1.50	NA	1.32
980 Average 981 Average 981 Average 982 Average 983 Average 984 Average 984 Average 985 Average 986 Average 987 Average 988 Average 989 Average 989 Average 990 Average 991 Average 992 Average 993 Average	1.59 1.98 2.46 2.59 2.66 2.51 1.94	NA NA NA	3.68	2.23	NA	1.70	NA	1.48
981 Average 982 Average 983 Average 984 Average 985 Average 986 Average 987 Average 988 Average 989 Average 989 Average 990 Average 991 Average 992 Average 993 Average	1.98 2.46 2.59 2.66 2.51 1.94	NA NA		2.73	NA	1.99	NA	1.81
382 Average	2.46 2.59 2.66 2.51 1.94	NA	4 00	3.39	NA	2.56	NA	2.27
983 Average 984 Average 985 Average 986 Average 987 Average 988 Average 988 Average 989 Average 990 Average 991 Average 992 Average 993 Average	2.59 2.66 2.51 1.94		4.29	4.00	NA	3.14	NA	2.89
984 Average 985 Average 986 Average 987 Average 988 Average 988 Average 989 Average 990 Average 991 Average 992 Average 993 Average 993 Average	2.66 2.51 1.94	NA	5.17	4.82	NA	3.87	85.1	3.48
385 Average	2.51 1.94		6.06	5.59	NA	4.18	80.7	3.58
986 Average 987 Average 988 Average 989 Average 990 Average 991 Average 992 Average 993 Average	1.94	3.95	6.12	5.55	NA	4.22	74.7	3.70
387 Average		3.75	6.12	5.50	NA	3.95	68.8	3.55
988 Average 989 Average 990 Average 991 Average 992 Average 993 Average	1.67	3.22	5.83	5.08	NA	3.23	59.8	2.43
989 Average 990 Average 991 Average 992 Average 993 Average	4.00	2.87	5.54	4.77	93.1	2.94	47.4	2.32
990 Average 991 Average 992 Average 993 Average	1.69	2.92	5.47	4.63	90.8	2.95	42.6	2.33
991 Average 992 Average 993 Average	1.69	3.01	5.64	4.74	89.1	2.96	36.9	2.43
992 Average 993 Average	1.71	3.03	5.80	4.83	86.6	2.93	35.2	2.38
993 Average	1.64	2.90	5.82	4.81	85.1	2.69	32.7	2.18
	1.74	3.01	5.89	4.88	83.2	2.84	30.3	2.36
994 Average	2.04	3.21	6.16	5.22	83.9	3.07	29.7	2.61
995 Average	1.85 1.55	3.07 2.78	6.41 6.06	5.44 5.05	79.3 76.7	3.05 2.71	25.5 24.5	2.28 2.02
-	2.05	2.14	E 64	F 20	02.2	2.64	22.0	2.07
996 January	2.05	3.14	5.64	5.29	83.2	3.61	22.0	2.87
February	1.89	3.16	5.82	5.25	83.3	3.61	22.7	3.07
March	1.95	3.17	5.93	5.36	81.8	3.52	22.3	2.73
April	2.08	3.22	6.27	5.34	79.5	3.42	20.5	2.68
May	2.01	3.18	6.84	5.40 5.43	74.6 70.0	3.14	18.7 16.7	2.52
June	2.08 2.25	3.41 3.49	7.83 8.64	5.43	67.8	3.13 3.17	18.6	2.59 2.69
July	2.25	3.49	8.73	5.56	66.3	3.05	17.4	2.09
August September	1.85	3.05	7.99	5.46	67.1	2.77	16.9	2.37
October	1.94	2.94	7.05	5.33	69.1	2.89	17.2	2.24
November	2.50	3.46	6.37	5.40	75.7	3.57	18.5	3.04
December	3.26	3.40 4.18	6.47	5.78	78.1	4.20	20.0	3.04
Average	2.17	3.34	6.34	5.40	77.6	3.42	19.4	2.69
997 January	3.42	4.27	6.74	6.15	77.9	4.64	19.4	4.08
February	2.44	3.78	6.80	6.09	76.9	4.21	17.7	3.18
March	1.61	3.05	6.53	5.72	73.0	3.36	17.4	2.39
April	1.64	2.94	6.57	5.45	70.8	3.00	16.9	2.34
May	1.87	3.14	6.84	5.36	63.8	2.92	16.6	2.51
June	2.01	3.38	8.24	5.61	60.0	3.07	15.9	2.59
July	1.91	3.50	8.68	5.35	58.2	3.01	14.1	2.49
August	1.95	3.39	8.98	5.40	55.8	2.92	13.9	2.58
September	2.22	3.57	8.76	5.62	57.5	3.21	13.8	2.99
October	2.70	3.90	7.65	5.73	61.6	3.66	15.2	3.30
November	2.77	3.92	6.85	5.84	67.3	4.07	16.2	3.48
December	2.17	3.47	6.55	5.72	72.0	3.79	15.1	2.85
Average	2.23	3.59	6.95	5.78	69.3	3.54	16.1	2.81
998 January	^E 1.72	3.28	6.45	5.57	72.3	3.68	14.9	2.64
February	^E 1.64	3.08	6.41	5.54	70.5	3.52	15.3	2.51
March	^E 1.86	3.22	6.26	5.36	71.6	3.41	16.5	2.54
April	^E 1.89	3.22	6.74	5.54	67.0	3.22	15.0	2.59
Мау	^E 1.88	3.12	7.60	5.61	60.3	3.12	12.4	2.46
June	^E 1.71	2.97	8.44	5.53	60.0	2.93	14.1	NA
6-Month Average	E d To	3.17	6.63	5.52	68.8	3.34	14.7	NA
997 6-Month Average 996 6-Month Average	^E 1.78						14.7	

^a Includes supplemental gaseous fuels. ^b See Note 9 at end of section.

^c See Note 8 at end of section.

NA=Not available. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Prices shown on this page are intended to include all taxes. See

Note 9 at end of section. • Wellhead annual and year-to-date prices are simple averages of the monthly prices; all other annual and year-to-date prices are volume-weighted averages of the monthly prices. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Energy Prices Notes

1. The average domestic first purchase price represents the average price at which all domestic crude oil is purchased. Prior to February 1976, the price represented an estimate of the average of posted prices; beginning with February 1976, the price represents an average of actual first purchase prices. The data series was previously called "Actual Domestic Wellhead Price."

2. F.O.B. literally means "Free on Board." It denotes a transaction whereby the seller makes the product available with an agreement on a given port at a given price; it is the responsibility of the buyer to arrange for the transportation and insurance.

3. The landed cost of imported crude oil from selected countries does not represent the total cost of all imported crude. Prior to April 1975, imported crude costs to U.S. company-owned refineries in the Caribbean were not included in the landed cost, and costs of crude oil from countries that export only small amounts to the United States were also excluded. Beginning in March 1975, however, coverage was expanded to include U.S. company-owned refineries in the Caribbean. Landed costs do not include supplemental fees.

4. Beginning with January 1981, refiner acquisition costs of crude oil are from data collected on Energy Information Administration (EIA) Form EIA-14, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Report." Those costs were previously published from data collected on Economic Regulatory Administration (ERA) Form ERA-49, "Domestic Crude Oil Entitlements Program Refiners Monthly Report." Form ERA-49 was discontinued with the decontrol of crude oil on January 28, 1981. Crude oil purchases and costs are defined for Form EIA-14 in accordance with conventions used for Form ERA-49. The respondents for the two forms are also essentially the same. However, due to possible different interpretations of the filing requirements and a different method for handling prior period adjustments, care must be taken when comparing the data collected on the two forms.

The refiner acquisition cost of crude oil is the average price paid by refiners for crude oil booked into their refineries in accordance with accounting procedures generally accepted and consistently and historically applied by the refiners concerned. Domestic crude oil is that oil produced in the United States or from the outer continental shelf as defined in 43 USC Section 1331. Imported crude oil is either that oil reported on Form ERA-51, "Transfer Pricing Report," or any crude oil that is not domestic oil. The composite cost is the weighted average of domestic and imported crude oil costs.

Crude oil costs and volumes reported on Form ERA-49 excluded unfinished oils but included the Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR). Crude oil costs and volumes reported on Federal Energy Administration (FEA) Form FEA-P110-M-1, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Allocation Report," included unfinished oils but excluded SPR. Imported averages derived from Form ERA-49 exclude oil purchased for SPR, whereas the composite averages derived from Form ERA-49 include SPR. None of the prices derived from Form EIA-14 include either unfinished oils or SPR.

5. Several different series of motor gasoline prices are published in this section. U.S. City average retail prices of motor gasoline are calculated monthly by the Bureau of Labor Statistics during the development of the Consumer Price Index (CPI). These prices include all Federal, State, and local taxes paid at the time of sale. From 1974-1977, prices were collected in 56 urban areas. From 1978 forward, prices were collected from a new sample of service stations in 85 urban areas selected to represent all urban consumers-about 80 percent of the total U.S. population. The service stations are selected initially, and on a replacement basis, in such a way that they represent the purchasing habits of the CPI population. Service stations in the current sample include those providing all types of service (i.e., full-, mini-, and self-serve).

Refiner prices of finished motor gasoline for resale and to end users are determined by the EIA in a monthly survey of refiners and gas plant operators (Form EIA-782A). The prices do not include any Federal, State, or local taxes paid at the time of sale. Estimates of prices prior to January 1983 are based on Form FEA-P302-M-1/EIA-460, "Petroleum Industry Monthly Report for Product Prices," and also exclude all Federal, State, or local taxes paid at the time of sale. Sales for resale are those made to purchasers who are other-than-ultimate consumers. Sales to end users are sales made directly to the consumer of the product, including bulk consumers (such as agriculture, industry, and utilities) and residential and commercial consumers.

6. Starting in January 1983, Form EIA-782, "Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report," replaced 10 previous surveys. Every attempt was made to continue the most important price series. However, prices published through December 1982 and those published since January 1983 do not necessarily form continuous data series due to changes in survey forms, definitions, instructions, populations, samples, processing systems, and statistical procedures. To provide historical data, continuous series were generated for annual data 1978-1982 and for monthly data 1981 and 1982 by estimating the prices that would have been published had Form EIA-782 survey and system been in operation at that time. This form of estimation was performed after detailed adjustment was made for product and sales type matching and for discontinuity due to other factors. An important difference between the previous and present prices is the distinction between wholesale and resale and between retail and end user. The resale category continues to sales among resellers. However, sales to bulk consumers, such as utility, industrial, and commercial accounts previously included in the wholesale category are now counted as made to end users. The end-user category continues to include retail sales through company owned and operated outlets but also includes sales to the bulk consumers such as agriculture, industry, and electric utilities. Additional information may be found in "Estimated Historic Time Series for the EIA-

782," a feature article reprinted from the December 1983 [3] *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, published by EIA.

7. Preliminary monthly data are based on submissions from over 250 publicly and privately owned electric utilities reporting on Form EIA-826, "Monthly Electric Utility Sales and Revenue Report with State Distributions." These utilities are statistically chosen as a cutoff sample from more than 3,000 electric utilities that report annually on Form EIA-861, "Annual Electric Utility Report." Preliminary annual values are the sum of the monthly revenues divided by the sum of the monthly sales. When final Form EIA-861 annual data become available each year, their ratios to the preliminary Form EIA-826 values are used to derive adjusted final monthly values. Prior to January 1986, only privately owned electric utilities were included in the monthly survey and the sample was chosen using stratification techniques through December 1992.

8. Data for 1973-1982 cover all electric generating plants at which the generator nameplate capacity of all steamelectric units combined totaled 25 megawatts or greater. From 1974-1982, peaking units were included in the data and counted towards the 25-megawatt-or-greater total. Data for 1983-1990 cover all electric generating plants at which the generator nameplate capacity of all steamelectric units combined totaled 50 megawatts or greater. Data for 1991 forward cover all electric generating plants at which the generator nameplate capacity of all steamelectric units combined totaled 50 megawatts or greater. Data for 1991 forward cover all electric generating plants at which the generator nameplate capacity of all steamelectric units and combined-cycle units together totaled 50 megawatts or greater.

9. Natural gas prices are intended to include all taxes. Instructions on the data collection forms specifically direct that all Federal, State, and local taxes, surcharges, and/or adjustments billed to consumers are to be included. However, sales and other taxes itemized on more than 3,000 consumers' bills are sometimes excluded by the reporting utilities. Delivered-to-consumers prices for 1987 forward represent natural gas delivered and sold to residential, commercial, industrial, and electric utility consumers. They do not include the price of natural gas delivered to industrial and commercial consumers on behalf of third parties. Volumes of natural gas delivered on behalf of third parties are included in the consumption data shown in Table 4.4. Additional information is available in the EIA *Natural Gas Monthly*, Appendix C.

Sources for Table 9.1

Domestic First Purchase Price

1973-1976: U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), Bureau of Mines (BOM), *Minerals Yearbook*, "Crude Petroleum and Petroleum Products" chapter.

1977: Federal Energy Administration (FEA), based on Form FEA-P124, "Domestic Crude Oil Purchaser's Monthly Report."

1978 forward: Energy Information Administration

(EIA), *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, October 1998, Table 1.

F.O.B. and Landed Cost of Imports

December 1973-September 1977: Federal Energy Administration, Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report."

October-December 1977: EIA, Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report."

1978 forward: EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, October 1998, Table 1.

Refiner Acquisition Cost

1973: EIA estimates. The domestic price was derived by adding estimated transportation costs to the reported domestic first purchase price. The imported price was derived by adding an estimated ocean transport cost to the average "Free Alongside Ship" value published by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

1974-1976: DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook*, "Crude Petroleum and Petroleum Products" chapter.

1977: January-September, FEA, based on Form FEA-P110-M-1, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Allocation Report." October-December, EIA, based on Form FEA-P110-M-1, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Allocation Report."

1978 forward: EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, October 1998, Table 1.

Sources for Table 9.2

October 1973-September 1977: Federal Energy Administration, Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report."

October 1977-December 1977: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report."

1978 forward: EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, October 1998, Table 24.

Sources for Table 9.9

1973-September 1977: Federal Power Commission (FPC), Form FPC-5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenues and Income."

October 1977-February 1980: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FPC-5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenues and Income."

March 1980-1982: FERC, Form FERC-5, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement."

1983: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-826, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement." **1984-1986:** EIA, Form EIA-861, "Annual Electric Utility

Report." **1987 forward:** EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, October 1998, Table 52.

Sources for Table 9.10

1973-May 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-423, "Monthly Report on Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants."

June 1977-December 1977: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FERC-423, "Monthly Report on Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants."

1978 and 1979: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form FERC-423, "Monthly Report on Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants."

1980-1986: EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, April issues. **1987 forward**: EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, October 1998, Table 26.

Sources for Table 9.11

Prices, 1973-1989

Wellhead: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Natural Gas Annual 1994, Volume 1, Table 99. City Gate, 1984-1986: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, December 1989, Table 4. City Gate, 1987-1989: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, December 1994, Table 4. Delivered to Consumers, 1973-1990: EIA, Natural Gas Annual 1996, Table 102.

Prices, 1991 forward

EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, September 1998, Table 4.

Share of Total Volume Delivered, Annual

Calculated from EIA, *Natural Gas Annual, Volume 1*, report series, Table 1, "Summary Statistics for Natural Gas in the United States," as total amount of natural gas delivered to the sector's consumers minus the amount delivered for the account of others (to derive the amount on system) divided by the total amount delivered to the sector.

Share of Total Volume Delivered, Monthly

EIA, table titled, "Percentage of Total Deliveries Represented by Onsystem Sales, by State," in the *Natural Gas Monthly* issues as follows:

April 1988-March 1989	-	Table C-1
April 1989-December 1991	-	Table 33
January 1992-February 1993	-	Table 32
March 1993-October 1995	-	Table 28
November 1995-Present	-	Table 24

Section 10. International Energy

Crude Oil Production. World crude oil production during July 1998 was 67 million barrels per day, down 0.2 million barrels per day from the level in the previous month.

Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) production during July 1998 averaged 29 million barrels per day, down 0.1 million barrels per day from the level during the previous month. During July 1998, production increased in Iraq by 435 thousand barrels per day. Production decreased in Iran by 250 thousand barrels per day, Venezuela by 140 thousand barrels per day, Saudi Arabia and Nigeria each by 50 thousand barrels per day, Kuwait by 30 thousand barrels per day, the United Arab Emirates and Qatar each by 20 thousand barrels per day, and Algeria by 10 thousand barrels per day. Production remained unchanged in Indonesia and Libya.

Among the non-OPEC nations, production during July 1998 increased in Canada by 79 thousand barrels per day, Mexico by 70 thousand barrels per day, the United States by 32 thousand barrels per day, and slightly in the United Kingdom. Production decreased in Russia by 61 thousand barrels per day, China by 60 thousand barrels per day, and Norway by 20 thousand barrels per day. Production remained unchanged in Egypt.

Petroleum Consumption. In May 1998, consumption in all Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) countries was 39.0 million barrels per day, 2 percent lower than the May 1997 rate. The consumption rate was higher than it was 1 year ago in France (+6 percent)¹ and Italy (less than +1 percent). The consumption rate was lower in Germany and Japan (both -6 percent), Canada (-3 percent), the United States and the United Kingdom (both -2 percent), compared with the rate 1 year earlier.

Petroleum Stocks. For all OECD countries, petroleum stocks at the end of May 1998 totaled 3.8 billion barrels, 5 percent higher than the ending stock level in May 1997. Stocks were higher in Italy (+12 percent), Canada and the United States (both +6 percent), France and the United Kingdom (both +4 percent), and Japan (less than +1 percent). Stock levels were lower in Germany (-1 percent), compared with levels 1 year earlier.

Nuclear Electricity Generation. Based on *Nucleonics Week*² information for July 1998, all reporting countries with nuclear capacity generated 199.0 gross terawatthours (one terawatthour equals 1 billion kilowatthours) of nuclear-generated electricity.

As of July 31, 1998, there were 431 operable nuclear generating units in the world.

¹ Percentage changes are based on unrounded data.

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Table 10.1a World Oil Production: OPEC Members

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

									Court!	United		
	Algeria	Indonesia	Iran	Iraq	Kuwait ^a	Libya	Nigeria	Qatar	Saudi Arabia ^a	Arab Emirates	Venezuela	OPECb
973 Average	1,097	1,339	5,861	2,018	3,020	2,175	2,054	570	7,596	1,533	3,366	30,629
974 Average	1,009	1,375	6,022	1,971	2,546	1,521	2,255	518	8,480	1,679	2,976	30,351
975 Average	983	1,307	5,350	2,262	2,084	1,480	1,783	438	7,075	1,664	2,346	26,771
976 Average	1,075	1,504	5,883	2,415	2,145	1,933	2,067	497	8,577	1,936	2,294	30,327
977 Average	1,152	1,686	5,663	2,348	1,969	2,063	2,085	445	9,245	1,999	2,238	30,893
978 Average	1,231	1,635	5,242	2,563	2,131	1,983	1,897	487	8,301	1,831	2,165	29,464
979 Average	1,224	1,591	3,168	3,477	2,500	2,092	2,302	508	9,532	1,831	2,356	30,581
980 Average	1,106	1,577	1,662	2,514	1,656	1,787	2,055	472	9,900	1,709	2,168	26,606
981 Average	1,002	1,605	1,380	1,000	1,125	1,140	1,433	405	9,815	1,474	2,102	22,481
982 Average	987	1,339	2,214	1,012	823	1,150	1,295	330	6,483	1,250	1,895	18,778
983 Average	968	1,343	2,440	1,005	1,064	1,105	1,241	295	5,086	1,149	1,801	17,497
984 Average	1,014	1,412	2,174	1,209	1,157	1,087	1,388	394	4,663	1,146	1,798	17,442
985 Average	1,037	1,325	2,250	1,433	1,023	1,059	1,495	301	3,388	1,193	1,677	16,181
986 Average	945	1,390	2,035	1,690	1,419	1,034	1,467	308	4,870	1,330	1,787	18,275
987 Average	1,048	1,343	2,298	2,079	1,585	972	1,341	293	4,265	1,541	1,752	18,517
988 Average	1,040	1,342	2,240	2,685	1,492	1,175	1,450	346	5,086	1,565	1,903	20,324
989 Average 990 Average	1,095 1,175	1,409 1,462	2,810 3,088	2,897 2,040	1,783 1,175	1,150 1,375	1,716 1,810	380 406	5,064 6,410	1,860 2,117	1,907 2,137	22,071 23,195
991 Average	1,175			2,040 305	1,175							
991 Average	1,230	1,592 1,504	3,312 3,429	305 425	1,058	1,483 1,433	1,892 1,943	395 423	8,115 8,332	2,386 2,266	2,375 2,371	23,275 24,398
993 Average	1,162	1,511	3,540	512	1,852	1,435	1,943	423	8,198	2,200	2,450	24,398
994 Average	1,180	1,510	3,618	553	2,025	1,378	1,931	415	8,120	2,193	2,588	25,510
995 Average	1,202	1,503	3,643	560	2,057	1,390	1,993	442	8,231	2,233	2,750	26,004
996 January	1,220	1,540	3,735	550	2,038	1,400	2,160	500	8,118	2,290	2,940	26,490
February	1,220	1,540	3,685	550	2,057	1,400	2,180	500	8,248	2,265	2,940	26,585
March	1,210	1,540	3,715	550	2,057	1,400	2,190	500	8,248	2,285	2,990	26,685
April	1,230	1,530	3,685	550	2,067	1,400	2,160	505	8,088	2,250	2,990	26,455
May	1,245	1,530	3,635	550	2,055	1,400	2,200	505	8,135	2,275	2,990	26,520
June	1,250	1,550	3,685	550	2,065	1,400	2,200	505	8,195	2,270	2,990	26,660
July	1,250	1,520	3,685	550	2,065	1,400	2,170	505	8,295	2,260	3,040	26,740
August	1,250	1,540	3,715	550	2,040	1,400	2,190	505	8,220	2,260	3,090	26,760
September	1,250	1,560	3,735	550	2,070	1,400	2,150	525	8,200	2,310	3,090	26,840
October	1,260	1,580	3,635	550	2,075	1,400	2,210	525	8,255	2,310	3,140	26,940
November	1,260	1,570	3,685	550	2,075	1,400	2,220	505	8,255	2,250	3,190	26,960
December	1,260	1,570	3,635	887	2,077	1,410	2,225	545	8,358	2,305	3,240	27,512
Average	1,242	1,547	3,686	579	2,062	1,401	2,188	510	8,218	2,278	3,053	26,764
1997 January	1,260	1,570	3,685	1,085	2,085	1,430	2,280	585	8,265	2,300	3,190	27,735
February	1,270	1,590	3,685	1,125	2,077	1,430	2,310	585	8,408	2,330	3,190	28,000
March	1,280	1,600	3,685	1,175	2,105	1,440	2,240	585	8,515	2,360	3,200	28,185
April	1,280	1,560	3,685	1,275	2,107	1,450	2,310	585	8,568	2,360	3,220	28,400
May	1,280	1,580	3,635	1,325	2,027	1,450	2,270	605	8,548	2,210	3,240	28,170
June	1,260 1,280	1,530 1,530	3,735	605 605	2,050 2,070	1,450 1,450	2,340	690 685	8,540 8,560	2,325	3,260	27,785
July	1,280	1,530 1,530	3,685 3,685	605 1,515	2,070 2,070	1,450	2,330 2,350	685 685	8,560 8,660	2,325 2,325	3,270 3,390	27,790 28,940
August September	1,280	1,490	3,485	1,735	2,070	1,450	2,300	685	8,665	2,325	3,430	28,940
October	1,280	1,490	3,635	1,625	2,075	1,450	2,300	685	8,665	2,325	3,430	29,060
November	1,280	1,540	3,685	1,390	2,075	1,450	2,400	705	8,615	2,325	3,460	29,000
December	1,200	1,540	3,685	781	2,075	1,450	2,300	705	8,725	2,303	3,490	28,803
Average	1,277	1,546	3,664	1,187	2,083	1,446	2,317	649	8,562	2,316	3,315	28,362
998 January	1,290	1,520	3,635	1,261	2,215	1,450	2,208	715	8,765	2,435	3,440	28,934
February	1,290	1,520	3,635	1,703	2,210	1,450	2,253	735	8,760	2,435	3,410	29,401
March	1,290	1,520	3,635	1,825	2,210	1,450	2,370	735	8,460	2,480	3,410	29,385
April	1,270	1,520	3,835	1,985	2,115	1,400	2,228	705	8,585	2,420	3,240	29,303
May	1,250	1,520	3,635	2,245	2,105	1,360	2,220	705	8,625	2,330	3,240	29,235
June	1,240	1,490	3,835	1,920	2,105	1,360	2,200	705	8,325	2,300	3,210	28,690
July	1,230	1,490	3,585	2,355	2,075	1,360	2,150	685	8,275	2,280	3,070	28,555
7-Mo. Avg	1,265	1,511	3,684	1,901	2,147	1,404	2,233	712	8,540	2,382	3,287	29,068
997 7-Mo. Avg	1,273	1,566	3,685	1,027	2,074	1,443	2,297	617	8,487	2,315	3,225	28,009
1996 7-Mo. Avg	1,232	1,536	3,689	550	2,058	1,400	2,180	503	8,189	2,271	2,983	26,591

^a Includes about one-half of the production in the Kuwait-Saudi Arabia Neutral Zone from 1973 through July 1990 and in June 1991. Kuwaiti Neutral Zone output was discontinued following Iraq's invasion of Kuwait on August 2, 1990, but was resumed in June 1991. In July 1998, Neutral Zone production by both Kuwait and Saudi Arabia totaled about 550 thousand barrels per day. ^b Current members of OPEC are Algeria, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait,

^b Current members of OPEC are Algeria, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela. Ecuador and Gabon, which withdrew from OPEC membership at the end of 1992 and 1994, respectively, are excluded from all OPEC totals.

Notes: • Crude oil includes lease condensate but excludes natural gas plant liquids. • Monthly data are often preliminary figures and may not average to the annual totals because of rounding or because updates to the preliminary monthly data are not available.

Table 10.1b World Oil Production: Persian Gulf Nations, Non-OPEC, and World

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

					Selecte	ed Non-Ol	PEC Produc	cers					
	Persian Gulf Nations ^a	Canada	China	Egypt	Mexico	Norway	Former U.S.S.R.	Russia	United Kingdom	United States	Total Non- OPEC	World	
1973 Average	20,668	1,798	1,090	165	465	32	8,324	NA	2	9,208	25,050	55,679	
1974 Average	21,282	1,551	1,315	150	571	35	8,912	NA	2	8,774	25,366	55,716	
1975 Average	18,934	1,430 1,314	1,490	235 330	705 831	189 279	9,523 10,060	NA NA	12 245	8,375 8,132	26,058	52,828	
1976 Average 1977 Average	21,514 21,725	1,314	1,670 1,874	415	981	279	10,603	NA	768	8,245	27,018 28,814	57,344 59,707	
1978 Average	20,606	1,316	2,082	485	1,209	356	11,105	NA	1,082	8,707	30,694	60,158	
1979 Average	21,066	1,500	2,122	525	1,461	403	11,384	NA	1,568	8,552	32,094	62,674	
1980 Average	17,961	1,435	2,114	595	1,936	528	11,706	NA	1,622	8,597	32,994	59,600	
1981 Average	15,245	1,285	2,012	598	2,313	501	11,850	NA	1,811	8,572	33,595	56,076	
1982 Average	12,156	1,271	2,045	670	2,748	520	11,912	NA	2,065	8,649	34,703	53,481	
1983 Average	11,081	1,356	2,120	727	2,689	614	11,972	NA	2,291	8,688	35,759	53,256	
1984 Average	10,784	1,438	2,296	822	2,780	697	11,861	NA	2,480	8,879	37,047	54,489	
1985 Average	9,630 11,696	1,471	2,505	887 813	2,745	788 870	11,585	NA NA	2,530	8,971 8,680	37,801	53,982	
1986 Average 1987 Average	12,103	1,474 1,535	2,620 2,690	896	2,435 2,548	1,022	11,895 12,050	NA	2,539 2,406	8,349	37,952 38,149	56,227 56,666	
1988 Average	13,457	1,616	2,030	848	2,540	1,158	12,050	NA	2,400	8,140	38,413	58,737	
1989 Average	14,837	1,560	2,757	865	2,520	1,554	11,715	NA	1,802	7,613	37,792	59,863	
1990 Average	15,278	1,553	2,774	873	2,553	1,704	10,975	NA	1,820	7,355	37,371	60,566	
1991 Average	14,741	1,548	2,835	874	2,680	1,890	9,992	NA	1,797	7,417	36,932	60,207	
1992 Average	15,970	1,605	2,845	881	2,669	2,229	-	7,632	1,825	7,171	35,814	60,212	
1993 Average	16,715	1,679	2,890	890	2,673	2,350	-	6,730	1,915	6,847	35,119	60,238	
1994 Average	16,964	1,746	2,939	896	2,685	2,521	-	6,135	2,375	6,662	35,482	60,992	
1995 Average	17,208	1,805	2,990	920	2,618	2,768	-	5,995	2,489	6,560	36,327	62,331	
1996 January	17,265	1,788	3,115	920	2,795	3,085	-	5,839	2,600	6,495	36,964	63,455	
February	17,340	1,718	3,100	920	2,800	3,165	-	5,944	2,625	6,577	37,271	63,856	
March	17,390	1,814	3,050	920	2,870	2,990	-	5,830	2,570	6,571	37,019	63,704	
April	17,180 17,190	1,854 1,768	3,020	920 920	2,860 2,875	3,160	-	5,839 5,866	2,467	6,444	37,104	63,559	
May June	17,190	1,829	3,195 3,205	920 920	2,875	2,980 3,150	_	5,839	2,512 2,457	6,394 6,458	37,037 37,225	63,558 63,885	
July	17,395	1,808	3,150	920	2,870	3,201	_	5,813	2,537	6,338	37,236	63,976	
August	17,325	1,872	3,130	920	2,830	3,022	_	5,857	2,385	6,360	36,886	63,646	
September	17,425	1,854	3,140	920	2,860	3,095	_	5,826	2,517	6,482	37,271	64,111	
October	17,385	1,936	3,165	920	2,860	3,005	_	5,813	2,642	6,481	37,528	64,468	
November	17,355	1,889	3,190	930	2,860	3,210	-	5,909	2,743	6,476	37,966	64,926	
December Average	17,842 17,367	1,905 1,837	3,115 3,131	930 922	2,900 2,855	3,198 3,104		5,830 5,850	2,760 2,568	6,506 6,465	37,989 37,290	65,501 64,054	
Average	-	-				0,104		-		0,400			
1997 January	18,040	1,874	3,210	885	2,940	3,268	-	^E 5,789	2,693	6,402	37,941	65,676	
February	18,245	1,920	3,240	885	2,970	3,263	-	^E 5,729	2,660	6,514	38,041	66,041	
March	18,460	1,900	3,215	890	2,970	3,063	-	^E 5,772 ^E 5,893	2,638	6,452	37,833	66,018	
April May	18,615 18,385	1,823 1,737	3,230 3,275	890 880	2,945 2,990	3,388 3,194	_	^E 5,893	2,515 2,315	6,441 6,474	38,171 37,738	66,571 65,908	
June	17,980	1,835	3,275	870	2,990	3,025	_	E 5,902	2,135	6,442	37,343	65,128	
July	17,965	1,889	3,190	880	3,035	3,194	_	E 5,923	2,447	6,409	37,786	65,576	
August	18,975	1,895	3,190	870	3,080	2,890	_	^E 5,945	2,407	6,347	37,534	66,474	
September	19,005	1,930	3,195	860	3,105	2,927	-	^E 5,958	2,483	6,486	37,907	66,827	
October	19,045	1,956	3,195	860	3,087	3,209	-	^E 5,954	2,610	6,467	38,301	67,361	
November	18,810	1,970	3,158	860	3,085	3,192	-	^E 5,945	2,602	6,459	38,342	67,207	
December	18,416	1,985	3,090	860	3,056	3,229	-	^E 5,893	2,700	6,531	38,536	67,007	
Average	18,496	1,893	3,200	874	3,023	3,153	-	^E 5,884	2,517	6,452	37,955	66,317	
1998 January	19,061	1,912	3,240	860	3,085	3,293	-	^E 5,979	2,597	^E 6,438	^R 38,514	^R 67,448	
February	19,513	1,944	3,155	860	3,140	3,230	-	^E 5,997	2,583	^E 6,538	^R 38,578	^R 67,979	
March	19,380	1,952	3,170	860	3,160	3,123	-	E 5,962	2,600	^E 6,465	^R 38,468	^R 67,853	
April	19,680	1,988	3,140	860	3,140	3,160	-	E 5,876	2,602	E 6,484	^R 38,361	^R 67,664	
May June	19,680	1,943	3,210	870 870	3,149	2,917	-	^E 5,789 ^{RE} 5,928	2,499	^E 6,384 ^E 6,290	^R 37,918 ^R 38,184	^R 67,153	
July	19,225 19,290	1,932 2,011	3,260 3,200	870 870	3,050 3,120	3,140 3,120	_	E 5,867	2,495 2,496	E 6,322	38,184	^R 66,874 66,703	
7-Mo. Avg	19,290 19,402	1,955	3,200 3,197	870 864	3,120 3,121	3,120 3,139	_	E 5,913	2,490 2,553	E 6,416	38,307	67,375	
-								_					
1997 7-Mo. Avg	18,241	1,853	3,226	883 920	2,979 2,850	3,198	-	[⊨] 5,845	2,485	6,447	37,834	65,842	

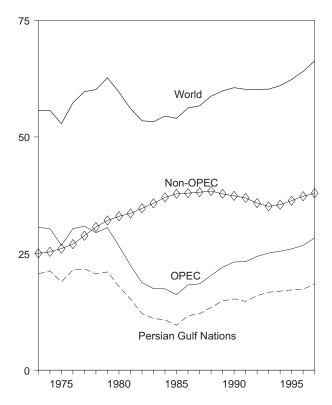
^a "The Persian Gulf Nations are Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates. Production from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia is included in "Persian Gulf Nations." R=Revised. NA=Not available. – =Not applicable. E=Estimate. average to the annual totals because of rounding or because updates to the preliminary monthly data are not available. • Data for countries may not sum to World totals due to independent rounding. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Notes: • Crude oil includes lease condensate but excludes natural gas plant liquids. • Monthly data are often preliminary figures and may not

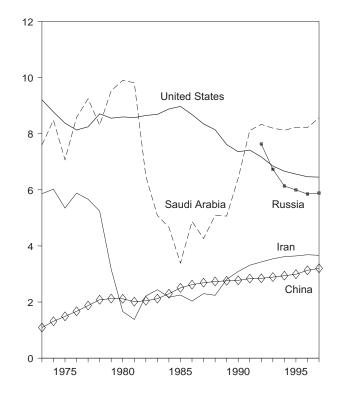
Figure 10.1 Crude Oil Production

(Million Barrels per Day)

World Production, 1973-1997

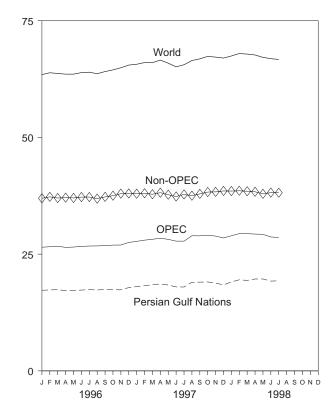


Selected Producers, 1973-1997



Note: OPEC is the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. Sources: Tables 10.1a and 10.1b.

World Production, Monthly



Selected Producers, Monthly

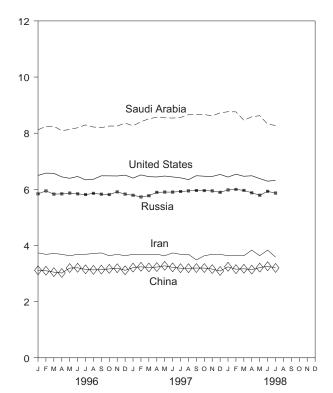


Figure 10.2 Crude Oil Production by Selected Country

2.011 Canada 1.889 July 1998 3.2 3.19 China Selected Non-OPEC Countries July 1997 0.87 0.88 Egypt 3.12 Mexico 3.035 3.12 3.194 Norway 5.867 5.923 Russia 2.496 2.447 United Kingdom 6.322 **United States** 6.409 1.23 1.28 Algeria 1.49 Indonesia 1.53 3.<u>5</u>85 3.685 Iran 2.355 Iraq 0.605 **OPEC** Countries 2.075 2.07 Kuwait 1.36 1.45 Libya 2.15 2.33 Nigeria 0.685 Qatar 0.685 <u>8</u>.275 Saudi Arabia 8.56 United Arab 2.28 2.325 Emirates

(Million Barrels per Day)

.

Note: OPEC is the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. Sources: Tables 10.1a and 10.1b.

0

Venezuela

3.07 3.27

4

6

8

2

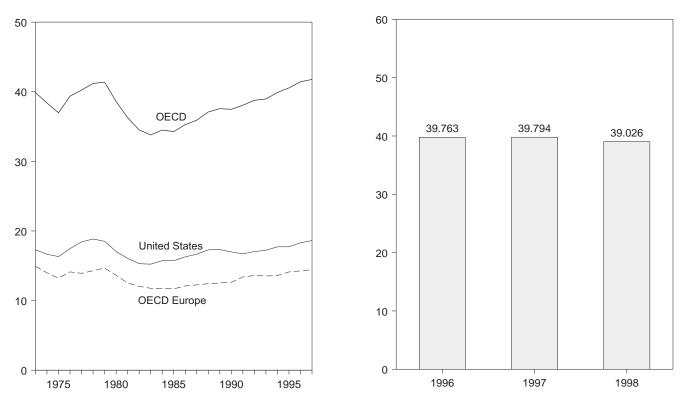
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Figure 10.3 Petroleum Consumption in OECD Countries

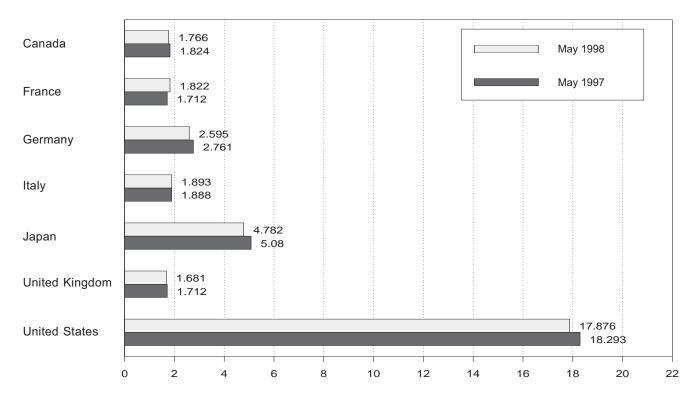
(Million Barrels per Day)

Overview, 1973-1997

OECD Total, May



By Selected OECD Country



Note: OECD is the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. Source: Table 10.2.

Table 10.2 Petroleum Consumption in OECD Countries

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Canada	France	Germany ^a	Italy	Japan	United Kingdom	United States	OECD Europe ^b	Other OECD ^c	OECDd
1973 Average	1,729	2,601	3,055	2,068	4,949	2,341	17,308	14,925	988	39,900
1974 Average	1,779	2,447	2,748	2,004	4,864	2,210	16,653	13,988	1,095	38,379
1975 Average	1,779	2,252	2,650	1,855	4,621	1,911	16,322	13,217	1,030	36,980
1976 Average	1,818	2,420	2,877	1,971	4,837	1,892	17,461	14,124	1,119	39,358
1977 Average	1,850	2,294	2,865	1,897	4,880	1,905	18,431	13,916	1,160	40,237
1978 Average	1,902	2,408	2,927	1,952	4,945	1,938	18,847	14,290	1,204	41,187
	1,971	2,400	3,003	2,039	5,050	1,930	18,513	14,667	1,178	41,379
1979 Average	1,873	2,403	2,707	1,934	4,960	1,725	17,056	13,634	1,072	38,595
1980 Average	1,768	2,023	2,449	1,934		1,590	16,058	12,515	1,072	36,269
1981 Average					4,848			,	1,000	
1982 Average	1,578	1,880	2,372	1,781	4,582	1,590	15,296	12,053	,	34,517
1983 Average	1,448	1,835	2,324	1,750	4,395	1,531	15,231	11,765	954	33,793
1984 Average	1,472	1,754	2,322	1,646	4,576	1,849	15,726	11,736	989	34,500
1985 Average	1,504	1,775	2,338	1,717	4,384	1,634	15,726	11,681	976	34,271
1986 Average	1,506	1,772	2,498	1,738	4,439	1,649	16,281	12,102	951	35,279
1987 Average	1,548	1,789	2,424	1,855	4,484	1,603	16,665	12,255	959	35,911
1988 Average	1,693	1,797	2,422	1,836	4,752	1,697	17,283	12,427	939	37,093
1989 Average	1,733	1,857	2,280	1,930	4,983	1,738	17,325	12,531	998	37,570
1990 Average	1,690	1,818	2,382	1,872	5,140	1,752	16,988	12,629	1,027	37,475
1991 Average	1,622	1,935	2,828	1,863	5,284	1,801	16,714	13,391	1,056	38,067
1992 Average	1,643	1,926	2,843	1,937	5,446	1,803	17,033	13,605	1,041	38,768
1993 Average	1,688	1,875	2,900	1,852	5,401	1,815	17,237	13,523	1,118	38,967
1994 Average	1,727	1,833	2,879	1,841	5,674	1,837	17,718	13,597	1,174	39,890
1995 Average	1,755	1,896	2,875	2,048	5,711	1,845	17,725	14,120	1,243	40,553
					-					-
1996 January	1,805	1,879	2,901	2,113	6,328	1,762	18,261	14,036	1,241	41,672
February	1,874	2,183	3,030	2,259	6,886	1,919	18,620	15,138	1,242	43,760
March	1,744	1,979	2,860	2,189	6,437	1,859	18,301	14,275	1,219	41,976
April	1,667	1,919	2,743	1,961	5,748	1,853	17,885	13,676	1,227	40,203
May	1,715	1,810	2,864	1,880	5,147	1,846	17,957	13,778	1,167	39,763
June	1,796	1,819	2,830	1,908	5,114	1,738	18,107	13,597	1,205	39,819
July	1,802	1,977	2,957	2,158	5,502	1,790	18,211	14,245	1,139	40,899
August	1,880	1,841	3,035	1,786	5,567	1,795	18,658	13,873	1,190	41,168
September	1,763	1,929	3,095	2,074	5,361	1,877	17,655	14,775	1,071	40,624
October	1,809	1,989	2,860	2,201	5,580	1,910	19,171	14,722	1,198	42,479
November	1,941	1,880	2,975	2,083	6,114	1,966	18,535	14,700	1,109	42,399
December	1,771	2,021	2,796	2,088	6,648	1,836	18,334	14,458	1,278	42,489
Average	1,797	1,935	2,911	2,058	5,867	1,845	18,309	14,269	1,191	41,432
007	4 000	0.470	0.004	0.000	0.004	4.050	10 55 4	11.000	4.445	40 500
1997 January	1,836	2,170	2,904	2,028	6,294	1,850	18,554	14,690	1,145	42,520
February	1,857	2,142	2,653	2,115	6,756	1,933	18,398	14,618	1,149	42,778
March	1,755	1,801	2,692	1,919	6,149	1,754	17,863	13,607	1,148	40,522
April	R 1,738	1,916	3,219	1,990	5,306	1,803	18,559	14,691	1,181	^R 41,475
May	1,824	1,712	2,761	1,888	5,080	1,712	18,293	13,525	1,073	39,794
June	^R 1,896	1,878	3,123	1,938	5,135	1,780	18,617	^R 14,382	1,097	^R 41,128
July	1,952	2,077	3,074	2,020	5,450	1,756	19,107	14,745	1,150	42,403
August	1,915	1,795	2,745	1,798	5,404	1,710	18,565	13,541	1,114	40,539
September	1,875	1,999	3,163	2,171	5,422	1,821	18,562	15,015	1,166	42,040
October	1,934	2,144	2,869	2,207	5,414	1,844	19,071	15,105	1,140	42,665
November	1,832	1,731	2,882	2,174	5,732	1,805	18,578	14,401	1,152	^R 41,696
December	1,876	2,107	2,761	2,299	6,453	1,835	19,250	14,983	1,146	43,708
Average	1,858	1,955	2,904	2,045	5,711	1,799	18,620	14,439	1,138	41,766
1008 January	1,888	2 0 4 0	2 724	2 020	6 100	1 770	18 256	^R 14,290	1 0 4 4	^R 41,588
1998 January		2,040	2,734	2,030	6,109	1,779	18,256	^R 15,193	1,044	^R 42,957
February	1,829	2,160	2,950	2,150	6,465	1,831	18,322		1,146	42,957 R 40 500
March	1,861 B 4 805	1,982	3,153	2,111	5,905 8 5 000	1,861	18,393	^R 15,133	1,228	^R 42,520
April	^R 1,805	1,999	2,840	2,016	^R 5,086	1,709	18,624	^R 14,237	^R 1,080	^R 40,833
May	1,766	1,822	2,595	1,893	4,782	1,681	17,876	13,487	1,116	39,026
5-Mo. Avg	1,830	1,997	2,853	2,038	5,658	1,771	18,291	14,455	1,123	41,357
1997 5-Mo. Avg	1,802	1,944	2,847	1,985	5,904	1,808	18,331	14,215	1,139	41,391
1996 5-Mo. Avg	1,760	1,951	2,878	2,079	6,101	1,847	18,201	14,172	1,219	41,453

^a Through December 1990, the data for Germany are for the former West Germany only. Beginning with January 1991, the data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.
 ^b "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France,

^D "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

Kingdom. ^c "Other OECD" consists of Australia, New Zealand, and the U.S. Territories.

^d The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD)

consists of Canada, Japan, the United States, "OECD Europe" and "Other $\ensuremath{\mathsf{OECD}}$."

R=Revised.

Notes: • Data through 1993 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary.

Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

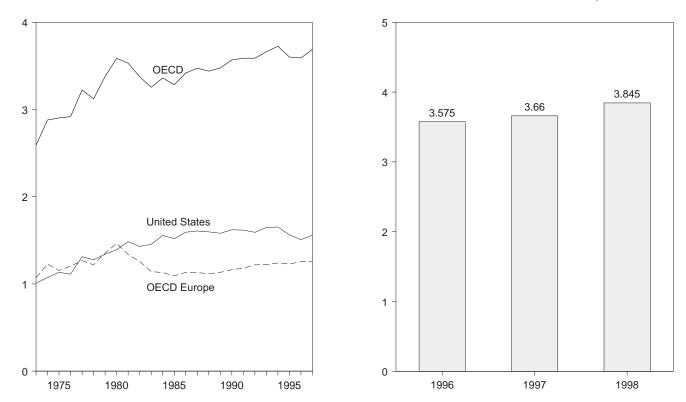
O.S. geographic coverage is the 50 states and the District of countries.
 Sources: • United States: Table 3.1a. • All Other Data:
 1973-1979—International Energy Agency (IEA), Annual Oil and Gas Statistics of OECD Countries.
 1980 forward—IEA, quarterly and monthly computer tapes supporting Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances.

Figure 10.4 Petroleum Stocks in OECD Countries

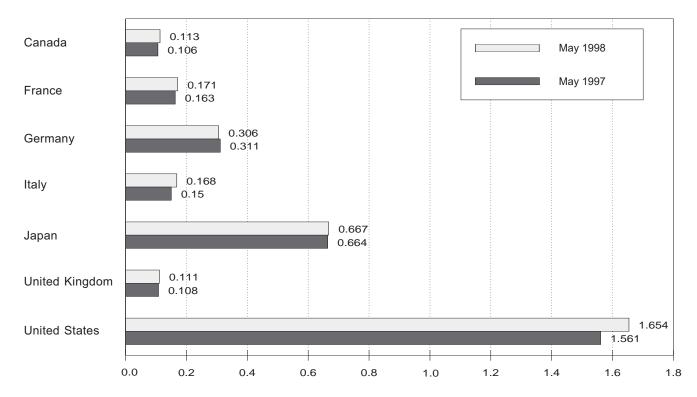
(Billion Barrels)

Overview, End of Year, 1973-1997

OECD Stocks, End of Month, May



By Selected Country, End of Month



Notes: • OECD is the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. • Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 10.3.

Table 10.3 Petroleum Stocks in OECD Countries, End of Period

(Million Barrels)

	Canada	France	Germany ^a	Italy	Japan	United Kingdom	United States	OECD Europe ^b	Other OECD ^c	OECD
72 Vaar	140	201	181	152	303	156	1.008	1.070	67	2 500
973 Year							,	,		2,588
74 Year	145	249	213	167	370	191	1,074	1,227	64	2,880
75 Year	174	225	187	143	375	165	1,133	1,154	67	2,903
76 Year	153	234	208	143	380	165	1,112	1,205	68	2,918
77 Year	167	239	225	161	409	148	1,312	1,268	68	3,224
78 Year	144	201	238	154	413	157	1,278	1,219	68	3,122
79 Year	150	226	272	163	460	169	1,341	1,353	75	3,379
80 Year	164	243	319	170	495	168	1,392	1,464	72	3,587
81 Year	161	214	297	167	482	143	1,484	1,337	67	3,531
82 Year	136	193	272	179	484	125	1,430	1,258	68	3,376
83 Year	121	153	249	149	470	118	1,454	1,142	68	3,255
84 Year	128	152	239	159	479	112	1,556	1,130	69	3,362
85 Year	113	139	233	157	494	123	1,519	1,092	66	3,284
986 Year	111	127	252	155	509	124	1,593	1,133	72	3,418
87 Year	126	127	259	169	540	121	1,607	1,130	71	3,474
88 Year	116	140	266	155	538	112	1,597	1,118	71	3,440
89 Year	114	138	200	164	577	112	1,581	1,133	71	3,440
	121	140	265	172	590	112	1,621	1,163	73	3,470
90 Year							,	,		
91 Year	119	153	288	160	606	119	1,617	1,181	65	3,588
92 Year	107	146	310	174	603	113	1,592	1,219	67	3,588
93 Year	105	158	309	163	618	118	1,647	1,221	69	3,661
94 Year	119	158	312	164	645	115	1,653	1,240	69	3,726
95 Year	109	159	301	162	630	107	1,563	1,228	71	3,601
96 January	104	154	301	157	638	107	1,544	1,236	73	3,596
February	102	156	298	156	615	103	1,500	1,224	69	3,511
March	109	156	296	153	627	106	1,482	1,212	70	3,500
April	109	165	298	150	622	109	1,502	1,236	72	3,540
May	107	163	295	157	641	105	1,520	1,233	75	3,575
June	107	160	296	158	640	104	1,546	1,229	73	3,597
July	110	162	297	155	637	105	1,550	1,242	83	3,621
August	110	160	295	159	658	101	1,545	1,237	79	3,629
September	113	152	295	162	664	105	1,551	1,229	83	3,641
October	111	152	296	155	673	103	1,538	1,237	82	3,640
			290	152	665		,		81	3,640
November	105	160				106	1,522	1,243		- ,
December	103	158	300	152	651	108	1,507	1,256	74	3,591
97 January	106	156	306	158	650	107	1,501	1,280	80	3,617
February	103	159	309	156	642	105	1,482	1,270	75	3,573
March	107	160	312	160	650	109	1,512	1,273	76	3,617
April	110	159	301	151	665	108	1,518	1,248	80	3,620
May	^R 106	163	311	150	664	108	1,561	1,248	81	^R 3,660
June	103	153	299	151	662	111	1,575	1,230	83	3,653
July	105	153	303	150	670	112	1,559	1,230	81	3,645
August	113	158	302	151	669	108	1,570	1,253	80	3,685
September	108	157	291	144	682	106	1,592	1,227	77	3,687
October	111	152	289	144	693	106	1,598	1,231	83	3,716
November	111	163	209	150	699	106	1,600	1,251	76	3,736
December	115	163 164	291 298	150 147	685	105	1,600 1,560	1,251 1,256	76 74	3,730 3,689
	110	162	208	154	672	111	1 576	^R 1,279	70	^R 3,717
98 January	112	163	298	154	673	111	1,576		78	B 0 000
February	110	161	290	155	664	108	1,572	^R 1,274	75	R 3,696
March	116	155	285	146	655	109	1,588	^R 1,249	73	^R 3,681
April	^R 116	163	292	161	658	106	1,614	^R 1,277	^R 75	^R 3,740
May	113	171	306	168	667	111	1,654	1,331	79	3,845

^a Through December 1990, the data for Germany are for the former West Germany only. Beginning with January 1991, the data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany. ^b "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France,

Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom. ^c "Other OECD" consists of Australia, New Zealand, and the U.S.

Territories.

^d The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) consists of Čanada, Japan, the United States, "OECD Europe" and "Other OECD.'

R=Revised.

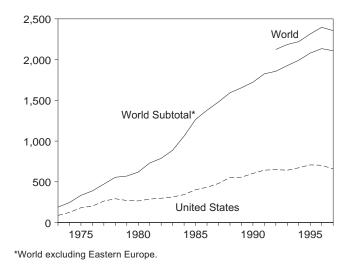
Notes: • Petroleum stocks include crude oil (including strategic reserves), unfinished oils, natural gas plant liquids, and refined products. Petroleum stocks include all nonmilitary petroleum held for storage, regardless of ownership, within each country in bulk terminals, refinery tanks, pipeline tankage, intercoastal tankers, tankers in port, and inland ship bunkers. Data exclude oil held in pipelines (except for those in the United States), rail and truck cars, sea-going ships' bunkers, service stations, retail stores, and tankers at sea. In the United States in January 1975, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to bulk terminal and pipeline surveys, thereby affecting subsequent stocks reported. New-basis end-of-year U.S. stocks, in million barrels, would have been 1,121 in 1974, 1,425 in 1980, and 1,461 in 1982. • Data through 1995 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

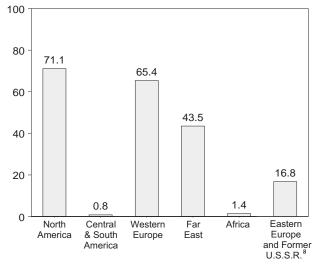
Sources: • United States: Table 3.1a. • All Other Data: International Energy Agency, quarterly and monthly computer tapes supporting Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances.

Figure 10.5 Nuclear Electricity Gross Generation

(Billion Kilowatthours)

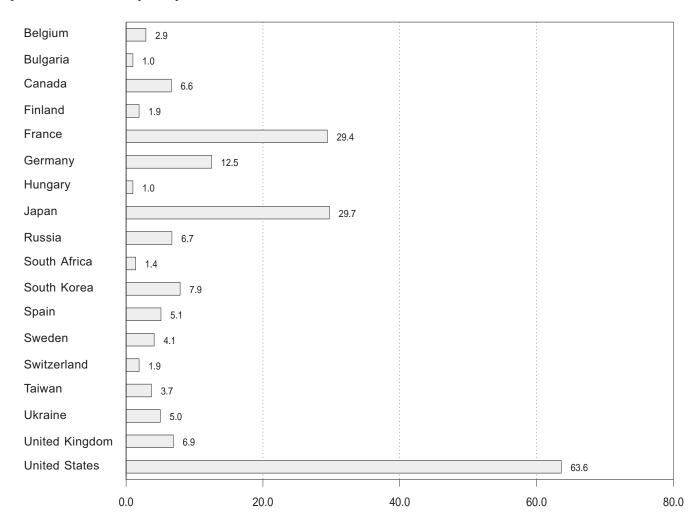
U.S. and World, 1973-1997





By Region, July 1998

^a Does not include Czech Republic or Kazakhstan. See Table 10.4e.



By Selected Country, July 1998

Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Tables 10.4a-10.4e.

Table 10.4a Nuclear Electricity Gross Generation: Regions and World

(Billion Kilowatthours)

1974 Total	103.1 139.7 195.5 219.8 325.4 309.0 305.8 331.8 341.2 366.6 397.6 405.6 5508.8 560.1 639.7 640.2 681.3 733.4 735.2 744.6 787.3 816.1 ^E 76.0 ^E 69.0 61.4 64.7 66.7 72.0	- 1.0 2.5 2.6 1.6 2.9 2.7 2.3 2.8 1.9 3.6 6.6 9.1 5.8 6.2 5.5 6.6 9.4 9.2 8.8 8.1 8.2 9.6 1.0 .8 .8 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7 .5 .8 .2 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5	73.9 83.9 111.7 126.2 148.1 166.9 184.3 214.2 293.4 321.8 ^b 377.2 ^b 485.4 ^b 582.8 ^b 631.5 ^b 648.3 ^b 688.1 ^b 732.2 ^b 738.6 ^b 769.7 787.8 820.9 820.2 ^E 835.7 ^E 83.4 ^E 76.2 ^E 77.6 ^E 73.2 ^E 68.1 ^E 63.7	12.3 21.4 24.4 40.3 31.5 60.6 74.7 97.4 102.9 123.6 140.1 167.7 202.0 223.6 259.5 248.5 263.4 284.3 303.3 315.2 E 345.2 E 345.2 E 366.7 E 407.0 C33.4 C33.5 C35.0 C33.1 C33.3 C34.2	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	189.3 246.0 334.1 388.9 472.0 555.9 570.7 619.8 730.9 788.5 887.5 1,061.5 1,265.4 1,378.9 1,480.7 1,592.8 1,654.1 1,722.5 1,825.2 1,856.9 E 1,926.6 E 1,926.6 E 1,926.6 E 1,926.6 E 2,080.2	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA N	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA N
1974 Total	139.7 195.5 219.8 325.4 309.0 305.8 331.8 341.2 366.6 397.6 465.6 508.8 560.1 640.2 681.3 733.4 735.2 744.6 787.3 816.1 ^E 76.0 ^E 69.0 ^E 69.0 ^E 69.0 64.7 66.7 72.0	2.5 2.6 1.6 2.9 2.7 2.3 2.8 1.9 3.6 6.6 9.1 5.8 6.2 5.5 6.6 9.4 9.2 8.8 8.1 8.2 9.6 1.0 .8 .8 .7 .7 .7 .7	83.9 111.7 126.2 148.1 166.9 184.3 214.2 293.4 321.8 ^b 377.2 ^b 485.4 ^b 582.8 ^b 631.5 ^b 648.3 ^b 688.1 ^b 732.2 ^b 738.6 ^b 769.7 787.8 820.9 820.2 ^E 83.4 ^E 76.6 ^E 77.6 ^E 73.2 ^E 68.1	21.4 24.4 40.3 31.5 60.6 74.7 97.4 102.9 123.6 140.1 167.7 202.0 223.6 259.5 248.5 263.4 284.3 303.3 315.2 E 345.2 E 345.2 E 345.2 E 366.7 E 407.0 C33.4 c33.5 C35.0 c33.1 c33.3	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	246.0 334.1 388.9 472.0 555.9 570.7 619.8 730.9 788.5 887.5 1,061.5 1,265.4 1,378.9 1,480.7 1,592.8 1,654.1 1,722.5 1,825.2 1,825.2 1,826.6 E 1,926.6 E 2,080.2	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA N	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA N
1976 Total 1 1977 Total 1 1977 Total 1 1978 Total 1 1979 Total 1 1980 Total 1 1981 Total 1 1982 Total 1 1983 Total 1 1984 Total 1 1985 Total 1 1986 Total 1 1985 Total 1 1986 Total 1 1987 Total 1 1988 Total 1 1990 Total 1 1991 Total 1 1992 Total 1 1995 Total 1 March 1 August September June 1 1997 January 1 February 1 May 1 May 1 May 1 <	219.8 290.8 325.4 309.0 305.8 331.8 341.2 366.6 397.6 465.6 5508.8 560.1 639.7 640.2 681.3 733.4 735.2 744.6 787.3 816.1 ^E 76.0 ^E 69.0 61.4 64.7 64.7 66.7 72.0	2.6 1.6 2.9 2.7 2.3 2.8 1.9 3.6 6.6 9.1 5.8 6.2 5.5 6.6 9.4 9.2 8.8 8.1 8.2 9.6 1.0 .8 .8 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7	126.2 148.1 166.9 184.3 214.2 293.4 321.8 ^b 377.2 ^b 485.4 ^b 582.8 ^b 631.5 ^b 648.3 ^b 688.1 ^b 732.2 ^b 738.6 ^b 769.7 787.8 820.9 820.2 ^E 835.7 ^E 83.4 ^E 73.2 ^E 77.6 E 73.2 E 68.1	40.3 31.5 60.6 74.7 97.4 102.9 123.6 140.1 167.7 202.0 223.6 259.5 248.5 263.4 284.3 303.3 315.2 E 345.2 E 345.2 E 345.2 E 366.7 E 407.0 °33.4 °30.5 °35.0 °33.1 °33.3	- - - - 4.2 5.9 9.3 6.6 11.1 11.7 8.9 9.7 9.9 7.7 10.3 11.9 .7 .7 1.1	388.9 472.0 555.9 570.7 619.8 730.9 788.5 887.5 1,061.5 1,265.4 1,378.9 1,480.7 1,592.8 1,654.1 1,722.5 1,825.2 1,856.9 E 1,926.6 E 1,926.6 E 2,080.2	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA N	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA N
1977 Total	290.8 325.4 309.0 305.8 331.8 341.2 366.6 397.6 465.6 5508.8 560.1 639.7 640.2 681.3 733.4 733.4 735.2 744.6 787.3 816.1 ^E 69.0 61.4 69.0 61.4 64.7 66.7 72.0	1.6 2.9 2.7 2.3 2.8 1.9 3.6 6.6 9.1 5.8 6.2 5.5 6.6 9.4 9.2 8.8 8.1 8.2 9.6 1.0 .8 .8 .7 .7 .7	148.1 166.9 184.3 214.2 293.4 321.8 ^b 377.2 ^b 485.4 ^b 582.8 ^b 631.5 ^b 648.3 ^b 688.1 ^b 732.2 ^b 738.6 ^b 769.7 787.8 820.9 820.2 ^E 835.7 ^E 83.4 ^E 77.6 ^E 77.6 ^E 73.2 ^E 68.1	31.5 60.6 74.7 97.4 102.9 123.6 140.1 167.7 202.0 223.6 259.5 248.5 263.4 284.3 303.3 315.2 E 345.2 E 345.2 E 345.2 E 407.0 C 33.4 C 30.5 C 35.0 C 33.1 C 33.3	- - - - 4.2 5.9 9.3 6.6 11.1 11.7 8.9 9.7 9.9 7.7 10.3 11.9 .7 .7 1.1	472.0 555.9 570.7 619.8 730.9 788.5 887.5 1,061.5 1,265.4 1,378.9 1,480.7 1,592.8 1,654.1 1,722.5 1,825.2 1,825.2 1,825.2 1,826.6 E 1,992.6 E 2,080.2	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA S 267.5 E 259.0 E 227.8 E 234.9 b 24.6 b 23.3 b 24.7 b 20.2	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA S 2,124.5 E 2,124.5 E 2,124.5 E 2,124.5 E 2,124.5 E 2,124.5 E 2,124.5 E 2,124.5 E 2,124.5 E 2,124.5 E 2,124.5 E 2,220.4 E 2,220.4 E 2,220.4 E 2,220.5 E 2,20.5 E 2,20 2,20 2,20 2,20 2,20 2,20 2,20 2,
978 Total 979 Total 979 Total 980 Total 980 Total 981 Total 981 Total 981 Total 983 Total 983 Total 983 Total 984 Total 984 Total 985 Total 985 Total 985 Total 986 Total 986 Total 987 Total 987 Total 998 Total 998 Total 990 Total 990 Total 991 Total 993 Total 993 Total 994 Total 994 Total 995 Total 995 Total 995 Total 996 January E February E April May June July August September October November December E Total E 997 January E February March April May April May April E May E	325.4 309.0 305.8 331.8 331.8 341.2 366.6 397.6 465.6 508.8 560.1 639.7 640.2 681.3 733.4 733.4 735.2 744.6 787.3 816.1 ^E 69.0 ^E 69.0 61.4 64.7 66.7 72.0	2.9 2.7 2.3 2.8 1.9 3.6 6.6 9.1 5.8 6.2 5.5 6.6 9.4 9.2 8.8 8.1 8.2 9.6 1.0 .8 .8 .7 .7 .7	166.9 184.3 214.2 293.4 321.8 ^b 377.2 ^b 485.4 ^b 582.8 ^b 631.5 ^b 648.3 ^b 688.1 ^b 732.2 ^b 738.6 ^b 769.7 787.8 820.9 820.2 ^E 835.7 ^E 83.4 ^E 76.2 ^E 77.6 ^E 77.6 ^E 73.2 ^E 68.1	60.6 74.7 97.4 102.9 123.6 140.1 167.7 202.0 223.6 259.5 248.5 263.4 284.3 303.3 315.2 E 345.2 E 345.2 E 366.7 E 407.0 °33.4 °33.5 °35.0 °33.1 °33.3	- - - 4.2 5.9 9.3 6.6 11.1 11.7 8.9 9.7 9.9 9.7 7.7 10.3 11.9 .7 .7 1.1	555.9 570.7 619.8 730.9 788.5 887.5 1,061.5 1,265.4 1,378.9 1,480.7 1,592.8 1,654.1 1,722.5 1,825.2 1,825.2 1,856.9 E 1,926.6 E 1,992.6 E 2,080.2	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA SE 267.5 E 259.0 E 227.8 E 234.9 D D 24.6 b 23.3 b 24.7 b 20.2	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA C 2,124.5 E 2,185.6 E 2,220.4 E 2,315.1 D 200.5 D 200.5 D 200.1 D 200.5 D 200.1 D
979 Total 980 Total 980 Total 981 Total 981 Total 982 Total 982 Total 983 Total 984 Total 985 Total 985 Total 986 Total 986 Total 986 Total 987 Total 986 Total 988 Total 998 Total 990 Total 991 Total 991 Total 992 Total 992 Total 993 Total 994 Total 995 Total 995 Total 995 Total 996 January 996 January June July July August September October November December Pebruary 997 January February 997 January March 997 January March 997 January March 998 February	309.0 305.8 331.8 341.2 366.6 397.6 465.6 508.8 560.1 640.2 681.3 733.4 743.6 787.3 816.1 ^E 69.0 ^E 69.0 ^E 69.0 61.4 64.7 66.7 72.0	2.7 2.3 2.8 1.9 3.6 6.6 9.1 5.8 6.2 5.5 6.6 9.4 9.2 8.8 8.1 8.2 9.6 1.0 .8 8.7 7 .7	184.3 214.2 293.4 321.8 ^b 377.2 ^b 485.4 ^b 582.8 ^b 631.5 ^b 648.3 ^b 688.1 ^b 732.2 ^b 738.6 ^b 769.7 787.8 820.9 820.2 ^E 835.7 ^E 83.4 ^E 76.2 E 77.6 E 73.2 E 68.1	74.7 97.4 102.9 123.6 140.1 167.7 202.0 223.6 259.5 248.5 263.4 284.3 303.3 315.2 E 345.2 E 345.2 E 366.7 E 407.0 $^{\circ}33.4$ $^{\circ}30.5$ $^{\circ}35.0$ $^{\circ}33.1$ $^{\circ}33.3$	- - 4.2 5.9 9.3 6.6 11.1 11.7 8.9 9.7 9.9 7.7 10.3 11.9 .7 .7 1.1	570.7 619.8 730.9 788.5 887.5 1,061.5 1,265.4 1,378.9 1,480.7 1,592.8 1,654.1 1,722.5 1,825.2 1,825.2 1,826.6 E 1,926.6 E 2,080.2	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA E 267.5 E 259.0 E 227.8 E 234.9 b24.6 b23.3 b24.7 b20.2	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA S S S S
980 Total 981 Total 981 Total 982 Total 982 Total 983 Total 983 Total 985 Total 984 Total 986 Total 985 Total 987 Total 987 Total 987 Total 988 Total 988 Total 998 Total 998 Total 999 Total 992 Total 991 Total 993 Total 993 Total 994 Total 994 Total 995 Total 995 Total 995 Total 996 January E February E May June July August September Cotober November E December E 997 January E February March April April May E June E Junary E Total E	305.8 331.8 341.2 366.6 397.6 465.6 508.8 560.1 640.2 681.3 735.2 744.6 787.3 816.1 ^E 69.0 ^E 69.0 61.4 64.7 66.7 72.0	2.3 2.8 1.9 3.6 6.6 9.1 5.8 6.2 5.5 6.6 9.4 9.2 8.8 8.1 8.2 9.6 1.0 .8 .8 .7 .7 .7	214.2 293.4 321.8 ^b 377.2 ^b 485.4 ^b 582.8 ^b 631.5 ^b 648.3 ^b 688.1 ^b 738.6 ^b 769.7 787.8 820.9 820.2 ^E 835.7 ^E 83.4 ^E 76.2 E 77.6 E 73.2 E 68.1	97.4 102.9 123.6 140.1 167.7 202.0 223.6 259.5 248.5 263.4 284.3 303.3 315.2 E 345.2 E 345.2 E 366.7 E 407.0 °33.4 °35.0 °35.0 °35.0 °33.1 °33.3	- - 4.2 5.9 9.3 6.6 11.1 11.7 8.9 9.7 9.9 7.7 10.3 11.9 .7 .7 1.1	619.8 730.9 788.5 887.5 1,061.5 1,265.4 1,378.9 1,480.7 1,592.8 1,654.1 1,722.5 1,825.2 1,856.9 E 1,926.6 E 1,926.6 E 2,080.2	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA E 267.5 E 259.0 E 227.8 E 234.9 b24.6 b23.3 b24.7 b20.2	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA C 2,124.5 E 2,185.6 E 2,220.4 E 2,315.1 D 200.5 D 200.5 D 200.5 D 200.5 D 200.5 D
980 Total 981 Total 981 Total 982 Total 982 Total 983 Total 983 Total 985 Total 985 Total 986 Total 986 Total 987 Total 987 Total 988 Total 988 Total 998 Total 998 Total 998 Total 999 Total 999 Total 991 Total 993 Total 993 Total 994 Total 994 Total 995 Total 995 Total 995 Total 996 January E February E March E August September October November December E 997 January E February E March E March E 997 January E May E June E June E March E May E June E 1000000000000000000000000000000000000	331.8 341.2 366.6 508.8 560.1 639.7 640.2 681.3 733.4 735.2 744.6 787.3 816.1 ^E 76.0 ^E 69.0 ^E 69.0 61.4 64.7 64.7 72.0	2.8 1.9 3.6 6.6 9.1 5.8 6.2 5.5 6.6 9.4 9.2 8.8 8.1 8.2 9.6 1.0 .8 .8 .7 .7 .7	293.4 321.8 b377.2 b485.4 b582.8 b631.5 b648.3 b688.1 b732.2 b738.6 b769.7 787.8 820.9 820.2 E 835.7 E 83.4 E 76.2 E 77.6 E 77.6 E 73.2 E 68.1	102.9 123.6 140.1 167.7 202.0 223.6 259.5 248.5 263.4 284.3 303.3 315.2 E 345.2 E 345.2 E 366.7 E 407.0 °33.4 °30.5 °35.0 °35.0 °33.1 °33.3	- - 4.2 5.9 9.3 6.6 11.1 11.7 8.9 9.7 9.9 7.7 10.3 11.9 .7 .7 1.1	730.9 788.5 887.5 1,061.5 1,265.4 1,378.9 1,480.7 1,592.8 1,654.1 1,722.5 1,825.2 1,856.9 E 1,926.6 E 1,992.6 E 2,080.2	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA E 267.5 E 259.0 E 227.8 E 234.9 b24.6 b23.3 b24.7 b24.7 b20.2	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA C 2,124.5 E 2,124.5 E 2,125.1 E 2,135.1 E 2,135.1 E 2,135.1 E 2,20.4 E 2,210.1 E 2,015.1 E 2,00.1 E 2,00.1 E 2,00.1 E 2,00.1 E 2,00.1 E
982 Total 983 Total 983 Total 984 Total 984 Total 985 Total 985 Total 985 Total 986 Total 987 Total 987 Total 987 Total 988 Total 998 Total 990 Total 990 Total 991 Total 991 Total 992 Total 993 Total 993 Total 993 Total 994 Total 995 Total 995 Total 995 Total 996 January E February E May June July August September E October E November E December E 997 January E February May May E June E June E 997 January E May E June E	341.2 366.6 397.6 465.6 508.8 560.1 639.7 640.2 681.3 733.4 735.2 744.6 787.3 816.1 ^E 69.0 ^E 69.0 61.4 64.7 66.7 72.0	1.9 3.6 6.6 9.1 5.8 6.2 5.5 6.6 9.4 9.2 8.8 8.1 8.2 9.6 1.0 .8 .8 .7 .7 .7	321.8 b377.2 b485.4 b582.8 b631.5 b648.3 b688.1 b732.2 b738.6 b769.7 787.8 820.9 820.2 E 835.7 E 83.4 E 76.2 E 77.6 E 73.2 E 68.1	123.6 140.1 167.7 202.0 223.6 259.5 248.5 263.4 284.3 303.3 315.2 E 345.2 E 345.2 E 407.0 C33.4 C30.5 C35.0 C33.1 C33.3	- 4.2 5.9 9.3 6.6 11.1 11.7 8.9 9.7 9.9 7.7 10.3 11.9 .7 .7 1.1 1.1	788.5 887.5 1,061.5 1,265.4 1,378.9 1,480.7 1,592.8 1,654.1 1,722.5 1,825.2 1,826.9 E 1,926.6 E 2,080.2 194.5 177.1 183.5 169.4	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA E 267.5 E 259.0 E 227.8 E 234.9 b24.6 b23.3 b24.7 b20.2	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA S S S S S S S S S S
983 Total 984 Total 984 Total 985 Total 985 Total 986 Total 987 Total 988 Total 988 Total 989 Total 990 Total 990 Total 991 Total 993 Total 992 Total 993 Total 993 Total 994 Total 994 Total 995 Total 995 Total 996 January February E March E April May July August September October November E Pecember E 997 January E February March April E March E March E March E May E June E June E Junany E September E December E Junaury E June E June	366.6 397.6 465.6 508.8 560.1 639.7 640.2 681.3 733.4 733.4 735.2 744.6 787.3 816.1 ^E 69.0 ^E 69.0 € 69.0 61.4 64.7 66.7 72.0	3.6 6.6 9.1 5.8 6.2 5.5 6.6 9.4 9.2 8.8 8.1 8.2 9.6 1.0 .8 .8 .7 .7 .7	^b 377.2 ^b 485.4 ^b 582.8 ^b 631.5 ^b 648.3 ^b 688.1 ^b 732.2 ^b 738.6 ^b 769.7 787.8 820.9 820.2 ^E 835.7 ^E 83.4 ^E 76.2 ^E 77.6 ^E 73.2 ^E 68.1	140.1 167.7 202.0 223.6 259.5 248.5 263.4 284.3 303.3 315.2 E 345.2 E 345.2 E 345.2 E 366.7 E 407.0 ^c 33.4 ^c 30.5 ^c 35.0 ^c 33.1 ^c 33.3	- 4.2 5.9 9.3 6.6 11.1 11.7 8.9 9.7 9.9 7.7 10.3 11.9 .7 .7 1.1 1.1	887.5 1,061.5 1,265.4 1,378.9 1,480.7 1,592.8 1,654.1 1,722.5 1,825.2 1,825.2 1,826.9 E 1,926.6 E 1,992.6 E 2,080.2 194.5 177.1 183.5 169.4	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA E 267.5 E 259.0 E 227.8 E 234.9 b24.6 b23.3 b24.7 b20.2	NA NA NA NA NA NA E 2,124.5 E 2,185.6 E 2,220.4 E 2,315.1 ^b 219.1 ^b 219.1 ^b 220.5 ^b 208.1 b189.6
984 Total 985 Total 985 Total 986 Total 986 Total 987 Total 987 Total 988 Total 988 Total 998 Total 999 Total 999 Total 991 Total 999 Total 992 Total 992 Total 993 Total 993 Total 994 Total 995 Total 995 Total 995 Total 996 January E April 995 Total June July July August September October November E December E 997 January E February March April April May E June E 997 January E March E May E June E June E	397.6 465.6 508.8 560.1 639.7 640.2 681.3 733.4 733.4 735.2 744.6 787.3 816.1 ^E 69.0 ^E 69.0 61.4 64.7 66.7 72.0	6.6 9.1 5.8 6.2 5.5 6.6 9.4 9.2 8.8 8.1 8.2 9.6 1.0 .8 .8 .7 .7 .7	^b 485.4 ^b 582.8 ^b 631.5 ^b 648.3 ^b 688.1 ^b 732.2 ^b 738.6 ^b 769.7 787.8 820.9 820.9 820.2 ^E 835.7 ^E 83.4 ^E 76.2 E 77.6 E 73.2 E 68.1	167.7 202.0 223.6 259.5 248.5 263.4 284.3 303.3 315.2 € 345.2 € 345.2 € 366.7 € 407.0 °33.4 °30.5 °35.0 °35.0 °33.1 °33.3	4.2 5.9 9.3 6.6 11.1 11.7 8.9 9.7 9.9 7.7 10.3 11.9 .7 .7 1.1 1.1	1,061.5 1,265.4 1,378.9 1,480.7 1,592.8 1,654.1 1,722.5 1,825.2 1,826.9 E 1,926.6 E 1,926.6 E 2,080.2 194.5 177.1 183.5 169.4	NA NA NA NA NA NA E 267.5 E 259.0 E 227.8 E 234.9 b24.6 b23.3 b24.7 b20.2	NA NA NA NA NA NA E 2,124.5 E 2,185.6 E 2,220.4 E 2,315.1 ^b 209.5 ^b 209.1 b ² 09.5
985 Total 986 Total 986 Total 987 Total 987 Total 988 Total 988 Total 989 Total 990 Total 990 Total 991 Total 991 Total 992 Total 993 Total 993 Total 993 Total 994 Total 995 Total 995 Total 996 January 996 January 996 January Barch 996 March May 996 January June 996 January June 996 January June 996 January February 997 January Betto Ber 997 January February 997 January March 997 January May 997 January May 997 January May 997 January September 997 January September <t< td=""><td>465.6 508.8 560.1 639.7 640.2 681.3 733.4 735.2 744.6 787.3 816.1 E 76.0 E 69.0 61.4 64.7 66.7 72.0</td><td>9.1 5.8 6.2 5.5 6.6 9.4 9.2 8.8 8.1 8.2 9.6 1.0 .8 .8 .7 .7 .7</td><td>^b582.8 ^b631.5 ^b648.3 ^b688.1 ^b732.2 ^b738.6 ^b769.7 787.8 820.9 820.2 ^E 835.7 ^E 83.4 ^E 76.2 E 77.6 E 73.2 ^E 68.1</td><td>202.0 223.6 259.5 248.5 263.4 284.3 303.3 315.2 5345.2 5366.7 5407.0 c33.4 c33.5 c35.0 c33.1 c33.3</td><td>5.9 9.3 6.6 11.1 11.7 8.9 9.7 9.9 7.7 10.3 11.9 .7 .7 1.1 1.1</td><td>1,265.4 1,378.9 1,480.7 1,592.8 1,654.1 1,722.5 1,825.2 1,856.9 E 1,926.6 E 1,926.6 E 2,080.2 194.5 177.1 183.5 169.4</td><td>NA NA NA NA NA E 267.5 E 259.0 E 227.8 E 234.9 b24.6 b23.3 b24.7 b20.2</td><td>NA NA NA NA NA E 2,124.5 E 2,185.6 E 2,220.4 E 2,315.1 ^b219.1 ^b200.5 ^b208.1 b189.6</td></t<>	465.6 508.8 560.1 639.7 640.2 681.3 733.4 735.2 744.6 787.3 816.1 E 76.0 E 69.0 61.4 64.7 66.7 72.0	9.1 5.8 6.2 5.5 6.6 9.4 9.2 8.8 8.1 8.2 9.6 1.0 .8 .8 .7 .7 .7	^b 582.8 ^b 631.5 ^b 648.3 ^b 688.1 ^b 732.2 ^b 738.6 ^b 769.7 787.8 820.9 820.2 ^E 835.7 ^E 83.4 ^E 76.2 E 77.6 E 73.2 ^E 68.1	202.0 223.6 259.5 248.5 263.4 284.3 303.3 315.2 5345.2 5366.7 5407.0 c33.4 c33.5 c35.0 c33.1 c33.3	5.9 9.3 6.6 11.1 11.7 8.9 9.7 9.9 7.7 10.3 11.9 .7 .7 1.1 1.1	1,265.4 1,378.9 1,480.7 1,592.8 1,654.1 1,722.5 1,825.2 1,856.9 E 1,926.6 E 1,926.6 E 2,080.2 194.5 177.1 183.5 169.4	NA NA NA NA NA E 267.5 E 259.0 E 227.8 E 234.9 b24.6 b23.3 b24.7 b20.2	NA NA NA NA NA E 2,124.5 E 2,185.6 E 2,220.4 E 2,315.1 ^b 219.1 ^b 200.5 ^b 208.1 b189.6
986 Total 987 Total 987 Total 988 Total 988 Total 9989 Total 990 Total 991 Total 991 Total 992 Total 992 Total 993 Total 993 Total 994 Total 994 Total 995 Total 995 Total 995 Total 996 January E March E April May June July June October November E Pebruary E Yetter E May E June July June E October E November E Pecember E Total E 997 January E March April May E June E June E 997 January E May E June E June E <td>508.8 560.1 639.7 640.2 681.3 733.4 735.2 744.6 787.3 816.1 ^E 76.0 ^E 69.0 61.4 64.7 66.7 72.0</td> <td>5.8 6.2 5.5 6.6 9.4 9.2 8.8 8.1 8.2 9.6 1.0 .8 .8 .7 .7 .7</td> <td>^b631.5 ^b648.3 ^b688.1 ^b732.2 ^b738.6 ^b769.7 787.8 820.9 820.2 ^E835.7 ^E83.4 ^E76.2 ^E77.6 ^E73.2 ^E68.1</td> <td>223.6 259.5 248.5 263.4 284.3 303.3 315.2 E 345.2 E 345.2 E 366.7 E 407.0 °33.4 °30.5 °35.0 °35.0 °33.1 °33.3</td> <td>9.3 6.6 11.1 11.7 8.9 9.7 9.9 7.7 10.3 11.9 .7 .7 1.1 1.1</td> <td>1,378.9 1,480.7 1,592.8 1,654.1 1,722.5 1,825.2 1,856.9 E 1,926.6 E 1,992.6 E 2,080.2 194.5 177.1 183.5 169.4</td> <td>NA NA NA NA E 267.5 E 259.0 E 227.8 E 234.9 b24.6 b23.3 b24.7 b20.2</td> <td>NA NA NA NA E 2,124.5 E 2,185.6 E 2,220.4 E 2,315.1 ^b219.1 ^b200.5 ^b208.1 b189.6</td>	508.8 560.1 639.7 640.2 681.3 733.4 735.2 744.6 787.3 816.1 ^E 76.0 ^E 69.0 61.4 64.7 66.7 72.0	5.8 6.2 5.5 6.6 9.4 9.2 8.8 8.1 8.2 9.6 1.0 .8 .8 .7 .7 .7	^b 631.5 ^b 648.3 ^b 688.1 ^b 732.2 ^b 738.6 ^b 769.7 787.8 820.9 820.2 ^E 835.7 ^E 83.4 ^E 76.2 ^E 77.6 ^E 73.2 ^E 68.1	223.6 259.5 248.5 263.4 284.3 303.3 315.2 E 345.2 E 345.2 E 366.7 E 407.0 °33.4 °30.5 °35.0 °35.0 °33.1 °33.3	9.3 6.6 11.1 11.7 8.9 9.7 9.9 7.7 10.3 11.9 .7 .7 1.1 1.1	1,378.9 1,480.7 1,592.8 1,654.1 1,722.5 1,825.2 1,856.9 E 1,926.6 E 1,992.6 E 2,080.2 194.5 177.1 183.5 169.4	NA NA NA NA E 267.5 E 259.0 E 227.8 E 234.9 b24.6 b23.3 b24.7 b20.2	NA NA NA NA E 2,124.5 E 2,185.6 E 2,220.4 E 2,315.1 ^b 219.1 ^b 200.5 ^b 208.1 b189.6
987 Total 988 Total 988 Total 989 Total 989 Total 990 Total 991 Total 991 Total 992 Total 992 Total 993 Total 993 Total 994 Total 994 Total 995 Total 995 Total 996 January 995 Total 996 January 995 Total March 996 March July 995 Total June 901 June July 901 September October 900 Cotober November 900 Cotober Pecember 997 January February 997 January March April May 997 January	560.1 639.7 640.2 681.3 733.4 735.2 744.6 787.3 816.1 ^E 76.0 ^E 69.0 61.4 64.7 66.7 72.0	6.2 5.5 6.6 9.4 9.2 8.8 8.1 8.2 9.6 1.0 .8 .8 .7 .7 .7	^b 648.3 ^b 688.1 ^b 732.2 ^b 738.6 ^b 769.7 787.8 820.9 820.2 ^E 835.7 ^E 83.4 ^E 76.2 ^E 77.6 E 73.2 ^E 68.1	259.5 248.5 263.4 284.3 303.3 315.2 E 345.2 E 345.2 E 366.7 E 407.0 °33.4 °30.5 °35.0 °35.0 °33.1 °33.3	6.6 11.1 11.7 8.9 9.7 9.9 7.7 10.3 11.9 .7 .7 1.1 1.1	1,480.7 1,592.8 1,654.1 1,722.5 1,825.2 1,856.9 E 1,926.6 E 1,992.6 E 2,080.2 194.5 177.1 183.5 169.4	NA NA NA NA E 267.5 E 259.0 E 227.8 E 234.9 b24.6 b23.3 b24.7 b20.2	NA NA NA NA ^E 2,124.5 ^E 2,185.6 ^E 2,220.4 ^E 2,315.1 ^b 219.1 ^b 200.5 ^b 208.1 ^b 189.6
988 Total 989 Total 999 Total 990 Total 990 Total 991 Total 991 Total 993 Total 993 Total 993 Total 993 Total 995 Total 994 Total 995 Total 995 Total 996 January February 996 January March 996 January April 996 January June 901 June July 300 June June 907 January February 907 January March 400 June April 400 June	639.7 640.2 681.3 733.4 735.2 744.6 787.3 816.1 ^E 76.0 ^E 69.0 61.4 64.7 66.7 72.0	5.5 6.6 9.4 9.2 8.8 8.1 8.2 9.6 1.0 .8 .8 .7 .7 .7	^b 688.1 ^b 732.2 ^b 738.6 ^b 769.7 787.8 820.9 820.2 ^E 835.7 ^E 83.4 ^E 76.2 ^E 77.6 ^E 73.2 ^E 68.1	248.5 263.4 284.3 303.3 315.2 5345.2 545.2 5407.0 c33.4 c30.5 c35.0 c35.0 c33.1 c33.3	11.1 11.7 8.9 9.7 9.9 7.7 10.3 11.9 .7 .7 1.1 1.1	1,592.8 1,654.1 1,722.5 1,825.2 1,856.9 E 1,926.6 E 2,080.2 194.5 177.1 183.5 169.4	NA NA NA E 267.5 E 259.0 E 227.8 E 234.9 b24.6 b23.3 b24.7 b20.2	NA NA NA E 2,124.5 E 2,185.6 E 2,220.4 E 2,315.1 ^b 219.1 ^b 200.5 ^b 208.1 b189.6
988 Total 989 Total 999 Total 990 Total 990 Total 991 Total 991 Total 993 Total 993 Total 993 Total 993 Total 995 Total 994 Total 995 Total 995 Total 996 January February 996 January March 996 January April 996 January June 901 June July 300 June June 907 January February 907 January March 400 June April 400 June	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{640.2} \\ \textbf{681.3} \\ \textbf{733.4} \\ \textbf{735.2} \\ \textbf{744.6} \\ \textbf{787.3} \\ \textbf{816.1} \\ \end{array}$	6.6 9.4 9.2 8.8 8.1 8.2 9.6 1.0 .8 .8 .7 .7 .7	^b 732.2 ^b 738.6 ^b 769.7 787.8 820.9 820.2 ^E 835.7 ^E 83.4 ^E 76.2 E 77.6 E 73.2 ^E 68.1	263.4 284.3 303.3 5.2 5366.7 5407.0 c33.4 c30.5 c35.0 c33.1 c33.3	11.7 8.9 9.7 9.9 7.7 10.3 11.9 .7 .7 1.1 1.1	1,654.1 1,722.5 1,825.2 1,856.9 E 1,926.6 E 1,992.6 E 2,080.2 194.5 177.1 183.5 169.4	NA NA E 267.5 E 259.0 E 227.8 E 234.9 b24.6 b23.3 b24.7 b20.2	NA NA E 2,124.5 E 2,185.6 E 2,220.4 E 2,315.1 ^b 219.1 ^b 200.5 ^b 208.1 b189.6
989 Total 990 Total 990 Total 991 Total 992 Total 992 Total 993 Total 993 Total 994 Total 995 Total 995 Total 996 January 996 January 996 January February 996 January March 996 January July 997 January February 997 January February 997 January March 997 January Mary 997 January Mary 997 January Mary 997 January Mary 907 January <t< td=""><td>681.3 733.4 735.2 744.6 787.3 816.1 ^E 76.0 ^E 69.0 61.4 64.7 66.7 72.0</td><td>9.4 9.2 8.8 8.1 8.2 9.6 1.0 .8 .8 .7 .7 .7</td><td>^b738.6 ^b769.7 787.8 820.9 820.2 ^E 835.7 ^E 83.4 ^E 76.2 E 77.6 E 73.2 ^E 68.1</td><td>284.3 303.3 315.2 5345.2 5366.7 5407.0 533.4 c33.4 c30.5 c35.0 c33.1 c33.3</td><td>8.9 9.7 9.9 7.7 10.3 11.9 .7 .7 1.1 1.1</td><td>1,654.1 1,722.5 1,825.2 1,856.9 E 1,926.6 E 1,992.6 E 2,080.2 194.5 177.1 183.5 169.4</td><td>NA NA E 267.5 E 259.0 E 227.8 E 234.9 b24.6 b23.3 b24.7 b20.2</td><td>NA NA E 2,124.5 E 2,185.6 E 2,220.4 E 2,315.1 ^b219.1 ^b200.5 ^b208.1 b189.6</td></t<>	681.3 733.4 735.2 744.6 787.3 816.1 ^E 76.0 ^E 69.0 61.4 64.7 66.7 72.0	9.4 9.2 8.8 8.1 8.2 9.6 1.0 .8 .8 .7 .7 .7	^b 738.6 ^b 769.7 787.8 820.9 820.2 ^E 835.7 ^E 83.4 ^E 76.2 E 77.6 E 73.2 ^E 68.1	284.3 303.3 315.2 5345.2 5366.7 5407.0 533.4 c33.4 c30.5 c35.0 c33.1 c33.3	8.9 9.7 9.9 7.7 10.3 11.9 .7 .7 1.1 1.1	1,654.1 1,722.5 1,825.2 1,856.9 E 1,926.6 E 1,992.6 E 2,080.2 194.5 177.1 183.5 169.4	NA NA E 267.5 E 259.0 E 227.8 E 234.9 b24.6 b23.3 b24.7 b20.2	NA NA E 2,124.5 E 2,185.6 E 2,220.4 E 2,315.1 ^b 219.1 ^b 200.5 ^b 208.1 b189.6
991 Total	733.4 735.2 744.6 787.3 816.1 ^E 76.0 ^E 69.0 ^E 69.0 61.4 64.7 66.7 72.0	9.2 8.8 8.1 8.2 9.6 1.0 .8 .8 .7 .7 .7	^b 769.7 787.8 820.9 820.2 E 835.7 E 83.4 E 76.2 E 77.6 E 77.6 E 73.2 E 68.1	303.3 315.2 E 345.2 E 366.7 E 407.0 C33.4 C30.5 C35.0 C33.1 C33.3	9.7 9.9 7.7 10.3 11.9 .7 .7 1.1 1.1	1,825.2 1,856.9 E 1,926.6 E 1,992.6 E 2,080.2 194.5 177.1 183.5 169.4	NA E 267.5 E 259.0 E 227.8 E 234.9 b24.6 b23.3 b24.7 b20.2	NA E 2,124.5 E 2,185.6 E 2,220.4 E 2,315.1 b219.1 b200.5 b208.1 b189.6
991 Total	735.2 744.6 787.3 816.1 ^E 76.0 ^E 69.0 ^E 69.0 61.4 64.7 66.7 72.0	8.8 8.1 8.2 9.6 1.0 .8 .8 .7 .7 .7	787.8 820.9 820.2 E 835.7 E 83.4 E 76.2 E 77.6 E 73.2 E 68.1	315.2 E 345.2 E 366.7 E 407.0 °33.4 °30.5 °35.0 °35.0 °33.1 °33.3	9.9 7.7 10.3 11.9 .7 .7 1.1 1.1	1,856.9 E 1,926.6 E 1,992.6 E 2,080.2 194.5 177.1 183.5 169.4	E 267.5 E 259.0 E 227.8 E 234.9 b24.6 b23.3 b24.7 b20.2	E 2,124.5 E 2,185.6 E 2,220.4 E 2,315.1 b219.1 b200.5 b208.1 b189.6
993 Total	744.6 787.3 816.1 ^E 76.0 ^E 69.0 ^E 69.0 61.4 64.7 66.7 72.0	8.1 8.2 9.6 1.0 .8 .8 .7 .7 .7	820.9 820.2 E 835.7 E 83.4 E 76.2 E 77.6 E 73.2 E 68.1	E 345.2 E 366.7 E 407.0 C33.4 C30.5 C35.0 C33.1 C33.3	7.7 10.3 11.9 .7 .7 1.1 1.1	E 1,926.6 E 1,992.6 E 2,080.2 194.5 177.1 183.5 169.4	E 259.0 E 227.8 E 234.9 b24.6 b23.3 b24.7 b20.2	E 2,185.6 E 2,220.4 E 2,315.1 b219.1 b200.5 b208.1 b189.6
993 Total 994 Total 994 Total 995 Total 995 Total 995 Total 996 January 996 January February 996 January March 996 January April 996 January June 996 January June 996 January June 996 January June 997 January February 997 January March 997 January	787.3 816.1 E 76.0 E 69.0 E 69.0 61.4 64.7 66.7 72.0	8.2 9.6 1.0 .8 .8 .7 .7 .7	820.2 E 835.7 E 83.4 E 76.2 E 77.6 E 73.2 E 68.1	^E 366.7 ^E 407.0 ^c 33.4 ^c 30.5 ^c 35.0 ^c 33.1 ^c 33.3	10.3 11.9 .7 .7 1.1 1.1	E 1,992.6 E 2,080.2 194.5 177.1 183.5 169.4	^E 227.8 ^E 234.9 ^b 24.6 ^b 23.3 ^b 24.7 ^b 20.2	^E 2,220.4 ^E 2,315.1 ^b 219.1 ^b 200.5 ^b 208.1 ^b 189.6
995 Total E 996 January E February E March E April July July July August September October Docember Docember E Total E 997 January E April Angust June E October E November E December E March E March E March E January E June E June E June E	816.1 E 76.0 E 69.0 E 69.0 61.4 64.7 66.7 72.0	9.6 1.0 .8 .7 .7 .7 .7	^E 835.7 ^E 83.4 ^E 76.2 ^E 77.6 ^E 73.2 ^E 68.1	^E 407.0 ^C 33.4 ^C 30.5 ^C 35.0 ^C 33.1 ^C 33.3	11.9 .7 .1 1.1 1.1	E 2,080.2 194.5 177.1 183.5 169.4	^E 234.9 ^b 24.6 ^b 23.3 ^b 24.7 ^b 20.2	^E 2,315.1 ^b 219.1 ^b 200.5 ^b 208.1 ^b 189.6
996 January E February E March E April E June July July September October December December E Total E 997 January E April E June June July E June E October E Pecember E Hortal E September E December E Hortal E September E June E	^E 76.0 ^E 69.0 ^E 69.0 61.4 64.7 66.7 72.0	1.0 .8 .7 .7 .7	^E 83.4 ^E 76.2 ^E 77.6 ^E 73.2 ^E 68.1	^c 33.4 ^c 30.5 ^c 35.0 ^c 33.1 ^c 33.3	.7 .7 1.1 1.1	194.5 177.1 183.5 169.4	^b 24.6 ^b 23.3 ^b 24.7 ^b 20.2	^b 219.1 ^b 200.5 ^b 208.1 ^b 189.6
February E March E April E June June July September October October November December December E 7041 E 997 January E April April E March April E	^E 69.0 ^E 69.0 61.4 64.7 66.7 72.0	.8 .8 .7 .7 .7	^E 76.2 ^E 77.6 ^E 73.2 ^E 68.1	^c 30.5 ^c 35.0 ^c 33.1 ^c 33.3	.7 1.1 1.1	177.1 183.5 169.4	^b 23.3 ^b 24.7 ^b 20.2	^b 200.5 ^b 208.1 ^b 189.6
March E April	^E 69.0 61.4 64.7 66.7 72.0	.8 .7 .7 .7	^E 77.6 ^E 73.2 ^E 68.1	^c 35.0 ^c 33.1 ^c 33.3	1.1 1.1	183.5 169.4	^b 24.7 ^b 20.2	^b 208.1 ^b 189.6
April May May June July July August September October November December E Total E 997 January E February April April E	61.4 64.7 66.7 72.0	.7 .7 .7	^E 73.2 ^E 68.1	^c 33.1 ^c 33.3	1.1	169.4	^b 20.2	^b 189.6
May June July July August September September December December E Total E 997 January E August E May E June E	64.7 66.7 72.0	.7 .7	^E 68.1	^c 33.3				
June July	66.7 72.0	.7			1.1	100 0		
July August August September October December November December December E 707 January February E March April June E	72.0		[⊨] 63.7			168.0	^b 17.2	
August September S		E			.8	166.0	^b 17.6	^b 183.6
September October November December December E Total E 397 January February E April May June E		.5	^E 65.9	^c 39.2	.6	178.2	^b 16.7	^b 194.9
October November December Total	71.5	.7	^E 65.7	^c 39.6	1.3	178.8	^b 15.4	^b 194.2
November E December E Total E 997 January E February March April May E June	63.6	.8	^E 69.3	^c 32.7	1.3	167.7	^b 14.9	^b 182.6
December E Total E 997 January E February E March E April E May E	61.2	1.0	^E 74.4	^c 31.3	1.4	169.3	^b 17.4	^b 186.7
Total Ea 997 January E February March April June	_ 62.4	1.1	^E 77.5	^c 33.0	1.4	_ 175.4	^b 19.9	^b 195.3
997 January February February March April May February	^E 69.0	1.2	^E 84.3	_ ^c 36.9	1.1	^E 192.5	^b 23.3	_ ^b 215.8
February March April May June	806.4	9.8	E 879.5	^E 426.4	12.5	^E 2,134.6	E 261.6	^E 2,396.2
March April May E June	E 70.8	.9	E 83.3	^c 36.3	1.1	192.4	^b 25.6	^b 218.0
April E May E June	62.1	.9	E 74.9	^c 32.6	.8	171.4	^b 23.9	^b 195.3
May E June	62.2	1.2	^E 79.4	^c 36.3	.7	179.7	^b 24.6	^b 204.3
June	56.7	1.0	E 76.7	E 35.3	1.1	170.9	^b 20.2	^b 191.2
-	E 56.8	.5	E 74.8	E 33.7	1.4	167.2	^b 18.3	^b 185.5
	E 60.7	1.1	E 66.5	E 36.0	1.3	165.7	^b 16.7	^b 182.3
	E 67.5	1.1	E 66.2	E 42.4	1.2	178.4	^b 16.9	^b 195.3
0	E 71.9	1.1	E 64.4	E 44.8	1.2	183.5	^b 17.7	^b 201.1
	E 63.2	.8	E 67.5	E 39.9	.7	172.2	^b 17.9	^b 190.1
	E 55.5	.7	E 74.5	E 38.1	.9	169.7	^b 19.9	^b 189.6
	E 59.9	.7	E 76.5	E 38.6	1.3	177.0	^b 20.5	^b 197.5
December	^E 65.6	1.0	^E 81.7	^E 40.2	1.4	189.9	^b 24.6	^b 214.5
	752.8	11.1	^E 886.5	^E 444.9	13.3	2,108.5	^E 246.8	E 2,355.3
	E 66.1	1.0	E 84.2	E 38.4	1.3	191.0	^b 24.0	^b 214.9
	E 60.2	.9	E 77.1	E 31.8	1.2	171.3	^b 23.3	^b 194.6
_	E 63.8	1.1	E 79.6	E 39.3	1.4	185.2	^b 24.6	^b 209.8
	E 56.0	1.1	E 72.2	E 40.1	1.2	170.6	^b 21.1	^b 191.7
,	E 59.4	1.0	E 69.7	E 40.2	.7	171.0	^b 18.9	^b 189.8
	E 63.9	1.0	E 66.5	E 38.6	1.2	171.1	^b 17.3	^b 188.4
July E	^E 71.1 440.5	.8 6.8	^E 65.4 ^E 514.7	^E 43.5 ^E 271.9	1.4 8.4	182.2 1,242.3	^b 16.8 ^b 146.0	^b 199.0 ^b 1,388.3
	436.7	6.8	^E 521.8	^E 252.7	7.7	1,225.7	^b 146.3	^b 1,372.0
996 7-Month Total		5.1	E 508.2	°238.6	6.1	1,225.7	^b 144.3	^b 1,380.9

^a See Table 10.4e for country-specific estimated annual generation and available monthly generation for Eastern Europe and Former U.S.S.R.. ^b Sum of available data only.

^c Total excluding China.

NA=Not available. -=Not applicable. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Net figures are generally less than gross figures by about 5 percent, the difference being the energy consumed by the generating plants

themselves. • Monthly data may not sum to annual totals due to independent rounding and because precommercial generation is included in some annual totals but not in the monthly data. • Data for regions may not sum to totals due to independent rounding.

Source: Based on data from Nucleonics Week, a copyrighted publication of The McGraw-Hill Publishing Companies, Inc. Used with permission.

Table 10.4b Nuclear Electricity Gross Generation: North, Central, and South America (Billion Kilowatthours)

	Canada	Mexico	United States	North America	Argentina	Brazil	Central and South Americ
1973 Total	15.3	_	87.8	103.1		_	•
		-	124.3	139.7	-	-	1.0
974 Total	15.4	-			1.0	-	
975 Total	13.2	-	182.3	195.5	2.5	-	2.5
976 Total	18.0	-	201.8	219.8	2.6	-	2.6
977 Total	26.6	-	264.2	290.8	1.6	-	1.6
978 Total	33.0	-	292.4	325.4	2.9	-	2.9
979 Total	38.4	-	270.6	309.0	2.7	-	2.7
980 Total	40.4	-	265.4	305.8	2.3	-	2.3
981 Total	43.3	-	288.5	331.8	2.8	-	2.8
982 Total	42.6	-	298.6	341.2	1.9	0.1	1.9
983 Total	53.0	_	313.6	366.6	3.4	.2	3.6
984 Total	53.8	_	343.8	397.6	4.5	2.1	6.6
985 Total	62.9		402.7	465.6	5.8	3.4	9.1
		-					
986 Total	74.6	-	434.1	508.8	5.7	.1	5.8
987 Total	80.6	-	479.5	560.1	5.2	1.0	6.2
988 Total	85.6	-	554.1	639.7	5.1	.3	5.5
989 Total	83.2	-	557.0	640.2	5.0	1.6	6.6
990 Total	75.8	2.1	603.4	681.3	7.4	2.0	9.4
991 Total	86.1	4.2	643.0	733.4	7.7	1.4	9.2
992 Total	81.3	3.9	650.0	735.2	7.1	1.8	8.8
993 Total	97.6	4.9	642.0	744.6	7.7	.4	8.1
994 Total	110.7	4.2	672.4	787.3	8.2	.0	8.2
995 Total	100.4	7.9	707.7	816.1	7.1	2.5	9.6
996 January	9.3	1.0	^E 65.7	^E 76.0	.7	.3	1.0
February	9.3	.9	^E 58.8	^E 69.0	.6	.2	.8
March	10.2	.9	^E 57.8	E 69.0	.7	.1	.8
April	8.1	.9	52.4	61.4	.7	.0	.7
May	6.1	.9	57.7	64.7	.7	.0	.7
June	5.9	.5	60.2	66.7	.7	.0	.7
July	7.7	.4	63.9	72.0	.5	.0	.5
August	8.0	.3	63.2	71.5	.6	.1	.7
September	6.7	.5	56.4	63.6	.3	.4	.8
October	7.6	.5	53.1	61.2	.5	.4	1.0
November	7.8	.5	54.1	62.4	.7	.4	1.1
December	8.5	.7	^E 59.8	^E 69.0	.7	.4	1.2
Total	95.2	7.9	^E 703.3	^E 806.4	7.4	2.4	9.8
997 January	8.3	1.0	^E 61.6	^E 70.8	.7	.3	.9
February	8.3	.8	52.9	62.1	.7	.3	.9
March	8.4	1.0	52.9	62.2	.7	.4	1.2
April	8.4	.9	47.4	56.7	.6	.4	1.0
May	5.7	.9	^E 50.2	E 56.8	.3	.3	.5
June	5.7	.9	E 54.1	E 60.7	.7	.5	1.1
July	6.8	.9	E 59.8	^E 67.5	.7	.3	1.1
August	7.2	.9	E 63.8	^E 71.9	.7	.5	1.1
September	6.1	.5	^E 56.7	^E 63.2	.7	.1	.8
	5.7	.5 .9	E 48.9	E 55.5	.7 .7	.0	.0 .7
October							
November	6.5	.9	^E 52.4	E 59.9	.7	.0	.7
December	7.2	.9	^E 57.5	^E 65.6	.7	.2	1.0
Total	84.1	10.4	^E 658.3	^E 752.8	8.0	3.2	11.1
998 January	6.1	.9	E 59.1	E 66.1	.7	.2	1.0
February	5.5	.8	^E 53.9	^E 60.2	.7	.2	.9
March	7.2	.9	^E 55.6	^E 63.8	.7	.4	1.1
April	6.0	.5	^E 49.5	^E 56.0	.7	.4	1.1
May	4.7	.8	^E 53.9	^E 59.4	.7	.3	1.0
June	5.6	.9	^E 57.4	^E 63.9	.7	.3	1.0
July	6.6	.9	E 63.6	E 71.1	.5	.3	.8
7-Month Total	41.6	5.8	E 393.0	^E 440.5	4.7	2.1	6.8
997 7-Month Total	51.4	6.4	^E 379.0	^E 436.7	4.4	2.4	6.8
996 7-Month Total	56.6	5.4	E 416.7	E 478.6	4.6	.6	5.1

- =Not applicable. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Net figures are generally less than gross figures by about 5 percent, the difference being the energy consumed by the generating plants themselves. • Monthly data may not sum to annual totals due to independent rounding and because precommercial generation is included in

some annual totals but not in the monthly data. • Data for countries may not sum to regional totals due to independent rounding. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Source: Based on data from *Nucleonics Week*, a copyrighted publication of The McGraw-Hill Publishing Companies, Inc. Used with permission.

Table 10.4c Nuclear Electricity Gross Generation: Western Europe

(Billion Kilowatthours)

	Belgium	Finland	France	Germany ^a	Italy ^b	Nether- lands	Slovenia	Spain	Sweden	Switzer- land	United Kingdom ^c	Wester Europe
973 Total	0.0	_	14.7	11.9	3.1	1.1	_	6.5	2.1	6.2	28.2	73.9
974 Total	.1	-	14.7	12.0	3.4	3.3	_	7.2	2.3	7.0	33.8	83.9
975 Total	6.8	_	18.3	21.7	3.8	3.3	_	7.5	12.0	7.7	30.5	111.7
976 Total	10.0	_	15.8	24.5	3.8	3.9	_	7.6	16.0	7.9	36.8	126.2
977 Total	11.9	2.7	17.9	36.0	3.4	3.7	_	6.5	19.9	8.1	38.1	148.1
978 Total	12.5	3.3	30.6	35.7	4.5	4.1	_	7.6	23.8	8.3	36.6	166.9
979 Total	11.4	6.7	39.9	42.2	2.6	3.5	_	6.7	21.0	11.8	38.5	184.3
980 Total	12.5	7.0	61.2	43.7	2.2	4.2	_	5.2	26.7	14.3	37.2	214.2
981 Total	12.8	14.5	105.2	53.4	2.7	3.7	_	9.4	37.7	15.2	38.9	293.4
982 Total	15.6	16.5	108.9	63.4	6.8	3.9	_	8.8	38.8	15.0	44.1	321.8
983 Total	24.1	17.4	144.2	65.8	5.8	3.6	NA	10.7	40.4	15.5	49.6	d377.2
984 Total	27.7	18.5	191.2	92.6	6.9	3.8	NA	23.1	51.3	16.3	54.1	d485.4
985 Total	34.5	18.8	224.0	125.8	7.0	3.9	NA	28.0	58.6	22.4	59.7	d582.8
986 Total	38.6	18.8	254.3	118.9	8.7	4.2	NA	37.5	69.9	22.5	58.2	d631.5
987 Total	41.9	19.4	265.5	130.2	.2	3.6	NA	41.2	67.2	23.0	56.2	d648.3
988 Total	43.1	19.3	274.9	145.2	.0	3.7	NA	50.4	69.4	22.7	59.4	d688.1
989 Total	41.2	18.8	302.5	149.6	.0	4.0	NA	56.1	65.6	22.8	71.6	d732.2
990 Total	42.7	18.9	314.1	147.2	.0	3.4	NA	54.3	68.2	23.6	66.1	d738.6
991 Total	42.9	19.2	331.4	147.3	.0	3.3	NA	55.6	76.8	22.9	70.4	d769.7
992 Total	43.5	19.0	337.6	158.8	.0	3.8	4.0	55.8	63.5	23.4	78.5	787.8
993 Total	41.9	19.6	366.7	153.5	.0	3.9	4.0	56.1	61.4	23.3	90.4	820.9
994 Total	40.6	19.1	359.1	151.1	.0	4.0	4.6	55.1	72.8	24.2	89.5	820.2
995 Total	41.4	18.9	377.6	154.3	.0	4.0	4.8	54.5	69.9	24.8	E 85.5	E 835.7
96 January	4.3	1.8	38.5	15.0	.0	.4	.5	5.4	7.4	2.4	E7.7	^E 83.4
February	4.1	1.7	35.5	12.7	.0	.1	.5	4.9	7.2	2.3	E7.4	^E 76.2
March	3.9	1.8	35.8	13.1	.0	.2	.5	4.9	7.5	2.4	^E 7.5	^E 77.6
April	3.4	1.7	33.3	12.6	.0	.4	.5	4.6	7.3	2.3	^E 7.0	^E 73.2
May	3.4	1.4	30.6	12.4	.0	.4	.3	5.3	5.0	2.3	E7.0	^E 68.1
June	3.2	1.4	27.7	12.0	.0	.4	.0	4.6	5.8	1.6	E7.0	^E 63.7
July	3.3	1.6	30.0	12.6	.0	.4	.1	4.6	4.7	1.6	E7.0	^E 65.9
August	3.1	1.4	29.9	13.1	.0	.4	.5	4.6	4.4	1.2	E7.0	^E 65.7
September	3.5	1.4	30.8	13.3	.0	.4	.5	4.6	5.7	2.0	^E 7.1	^E 69.3
October	3.3	1.7	34.0	13.8	.0	.4	.5	5.1	7.0	2.2	^E 6.6	^E 74.4
November	4.0	1.8	34.8	15.1	.0	.4	.5	4.8	6.9	2.3	E7.0	^E 77.5
December	3.7	1.8	36.3	15.9	.0	.4	.5	5.5	7.4	2.4	^E 10.4	^E 84.3
Total	43.3	19.5	397.0	161.7	.0	4.2	4.6	59.1	76.2	25.0	E 88.8	^E 879.5
97 January	4.4	1.8	37.1	16.2	.0	.3	.4	5.2	7.1	2.4	8.3	83.3
February	4.0	1.7	32.4	14.2	.0	.1	.4	4.6	_ 6.8	2.2	8.6	_74.9
March	4.4	1.9	33.8	15.3	.0	.4	.5	3.8	^E 7.3	2.4	_ 9.6	^E 79.4
April	3.8	1.8	_ 33.8	15.3	.0	4	.5	4.2	7.0	2.3	E 7.7	^E 76.7
May	4.3	1.4	E 33.8	13.4	.0	E (S)	.5	5.2	5.6	2.3	E 8.2	^E 74.8
June	2.9	1.5	28.0	13.0	.0	.0	.3	4.8	^E 5.0	1.6	9.3	^E 66.5
July	2.9	1.9	29.2	12.9	.0	2	.5	4.9	_ 4.0	1.9	E 7.6	E 66.2
August	3.6	1.6	28.7	12.4	.0	E.2	.5	4.9	^E 4.1	1.3	^E 7.1	^E 64.4
September	3.8	1.6	29.7	12.8	.0	.3	.5	4.4	4.5	2.1	^E 8.0	^E 67.5
October	4.3	2.0	_ 33.5	14.7	.0	.3	.5	4.2	6.2	2.1	^E 6.7	^E 74.5
November	4.3	1.9	E 33.7	14.9	.0	.3	.5	4.4	6.4	2.3	E 7.8	^E 76.5
December	4.5	2.0	35.8	15.4	.0	.4	.5	4.6	6.5	2.4	^E 9.7	^E 81.7
Total	47.4	20.9	E 389.3	170.4	.0	^E 3.1	5.4	55.4	E 70.6	25.3	^E 98.8	^E 886.5
98 January	4.4	2.0	37.5	15.9	.0	.3	.5	5.1	7.6	2.4	E 8.4	E 84.2
February	4.0	1.8	34.7 ^E 34.7	14.0	.0	.3	.4	5.1	6.7	2.2	^E 8.0 ^E 10.1	^E 77.1 ^E 79.6
March	3.7	2.0		14.0	.0	.4	.5	4.6	7.3	2.4		
April	3.3	1.9	31.2	14.1	.0	.3	.3 ^E .3	4.4	7.2	2.1	E7.4	E 72.2
May	4.0	1.4	29.9	12.2	.0	.3		4.8	6.9	2.1	E 7.6	E 69.7
June	3.5	1.6	28.7	10.8	.0	.1	.4	5.1	5.0	1.7	E 9.5	E 66.5
July 7-Month Total	2.9 25.7	1.9 12.6	29.4 ^E 226.1	12.5 93.4	0. .0	.3 2.1	.5 E 3.0	^E 5.1 ^E 34.3	4.1 44.9	1.9 14.8	^E 6.9 ^E 57.9	^E 65.4 ^E 514.7
997 7-Month Total	26.8	11.9	228.0	100.3	.0	1.5	3.0	32.8	42.9	15.1	^E 59.4	^E 521.8

^a Through December 1990, the data for Germany are for the former West Germany only. Beginning with January 1991, the data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

^b In 1987, Italy's citizens voted for a nuclear power moratorium, which shut down their nuclear power plants indefinitely. ^c Monthly data for the United Kingdom are totals for 4- or 5-week reporting

 Monthly data for the United Kingdom are totals for 4- or 5-week reporting periods, not calendar months.
 ^d Sum of available data only

NA=Not available. - =Not applicable. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than 0.05 billion

kilowatthours.

Notes: • Net figures are generally less than gross figures by about 5 percent, the difference being the energy consumed by the generating plants themselves.

• Monthly data may not sum to annual totals due to independent rounding and because precommercial generation is included in some annual totals but not in the monthly data. • Data for countries may not sum to regional totals due to independent rounding.

Source: Based on data from *Nucleonics Week*, a copyrighted publication of The McGraw-Hill Publishing Companies, Inc. Used with permission.

Table 10.4d Nuclear Electricity Gross Generation: Far East and Africa

(Billion Kilowatthours)

	China ^a	India	Japan	Pakistan	South Korea	Taiwan	Far East	South Africa ^b
973 Total	_	2.5	9.4	0.5	_	_	12.3	_
974 Total	_	1.9	18.9	.6	_	_	21.4	_
	_	2.5		.5	_	_	21.4	-
75 Total			21.3					_
76 Total	-	3.2	36.6	.5	_	-	40.3	-
77 Total	-	2.8	28.2	.3	0.1	0.1	31.5	-
78 Total	-	2.3	53.1	.2	2.3	2.7	60.6	-
79 Total	-	3.2	62.0	(s)	3.2	6.3	74.7	-
80 Total	-	2.9	82.8	.1	3.5	8.2	97.4	_
81 Total	_	3.1	86.0	.2	2.9	10.7	102.9	_
82 Total	_	2.2	104.5	.1	3.8	13.1	123.6	_
		2.9	109.1	.2	9.0	18.9	140.1	
83 Total	-							-
84 Total	-	4.1	127.2	.3	11.8	24.3	167.7	4.2
85 Total	-	4.5	152.0	.3	16.5	28.7	202.0	5.9
86 Total	-	5.1	164.8	.5	26.1	26.9	223.6	9.3
87 Total	-	5.5	182.8	.3	37.8	33.1	259.5	6.6
88 Total	_	6.1	173.6	.2	38.7	29.9	248.5	11.1
89 Total	_	4.0	183.7	.1	47.2	28.3	263.4	11.7
90 Total	_	6.3	191.9	.4	52.8	32.9	284.3	8.9
	_	5.4	205.8			35.3	303.3	9.7
91 Total				.4	56.3			
92 Total	_	6.3	218.0	.6	56.4	33.8	_ 315.2	9.9
93 Total	^E 2.6	6.2	243.5	.4	58.1	34.3	E 345.2	7.7
94 Total	^E 14.2	5.0	253.8	.6	58.3	34.8	E 366.7	10.3
95 Total	^E 13.0	^E 8.0	286.1	.5	64.0	35.3	^E 407.0	11.9
96 January	NA	.6	24.5	(s)	5.2	3.0	^c 33.4	.7
February	NA	.7	22.2	(s)	4.8	2.7	^c 30.5	.7
March	NA	.8	25.1	(s)	6.2	2.9	c35.0	1.1
April	NA	.8	24.1	(s)	5.6	2.5	^c 33.1	1.1
May		.6	23.5	. ,	5.8	3.3	c33.3	1.1
	NA			(s)				
June	NA	.7	23.7	(s)	6.5	3.2	^c 34.2	.8
July	NA	.4	27.9	(s)	7.3	3.7	^c 39.2	.6
August	NA	.4	29.0	(S)	6.6	3.5	^c 39.6	1.3
September	NA	.7	22.4	(s)	6.3	3.2	^c 32.7	1.3
October	NA	.9	21.1	(s)	5.8	3.4	^c 31.3	1.4
November	NA	.8	23.0	(s)	5.9	3.3	c33.0	1.4
December	NA	.9	26.7	.0	6.4	3.0	^c 36.9	1.1
Total	E 14.3	8.3	293.2	.4	72.5	37.8	E 426.4	12.5
97 January	NA	1.0	26.1	.0	6.1	3.1	^c 36.3	1.1
	NA	.9	22.7		6.1	2.9	^c 32.6	.8
February				(s)				
March	NA	.9	26.2	(s)	^E 6.1	3.1	^c 36.3	.7
April	.7	E.9	25.4	(s)	5.6	2.7	^E 35.3	1.1
May	_ 1.1	E.9	22.9	(s)	5.8	_ 2.9	^E 33.7	1.4
June	^E 1.1	^E .9	24.4	(s)	6.7	^E 2.9	^E 36.0	1.3
July	^E 1.1	E.9	29.0	(s)	7.8	3.5	E 42.4	1.2
August	E 1.1	1.0	31.2	(s)	7.8	E 3.5	E 44.8	1.2
September	E 1.1	1.0	27.7	(s)	7.0	E 2.9	E 39.9	.7
	E 1.1			()			^E 38.1	
October		1.0 F 1.0	26.9	(s)	6.1	3.0		.9
November	^E 1.1	^E 1.0	27.4	(s)	6.2	2.9	^E 38.6	1.3
December	E.7	.6	28.1	(s)	7.6	3.3	^E 40.2	1.4
Total	E.0	^E 11.0	318.0	.4	78.9	E 36.6	^E 444.9	13.3
98 January	^E 1.1	^E 1.0	25.2	(s)	7.3	3.7	^E 38.4	1.3
February	E.6	1.0	21.6	(s)	5.6	3.0	^E 31.8	1.2
March	.9	E 1.0	27.3	.0	6.7	3.4	E 39.3	1.4
April	1.3	E 1.0	28.2	.0	6.7	2.9	^E 40.1	1.4
May	E 1.3	.8	28.7	(s)	6.5	3.0	E 40.2	.7
June	_1.4	E.8	26.6	.1	6.4	3.3	^E 38.6	1.2
July	^E 1.4	^E .8	29.7	.1	7.9	3.7	^E 43.5	1.4
7-Month Total	^E 8.0	^E 6.3	187.3	.2	47.1	23.0	^E 271.9	8.4
97 7-Month Total	E 4.2	^E 6.4	176.7	.2	44.1	21.0	^E 252.7	7.7
96 7-Month Total	NA	4.6	171.0	.2	41.4	21.4	°238.6	6.1

^a The total gross generation estimate for China is calculated as 5 percent more than the annual net nuclear generation reported by the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) and is published in the Energy Information Administration annual reports-1993: World Nuclear Outlook 1994, December 1994, Table 1. 1994: Nuclear Power Generation and Fuel Cycle Report 1996, October 1996, Table 1. 1995 and 1996: Nuclear Power Generation and Fuel Cycle Report 1997, September 1997, Table D4. ^b South Africa comprises all of Africa's nuclear electricity generation.

^c Total excluding China.

NA=Not available. - =Not applicable. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than 0.05

billion kilowatthours

Notes: • Net figures are generally less than gross figures by about 5 percent, the difference being the energy consumed by the generating plants themselves. Monthly data may not sum to annual totals due to independent rounding and because precommercial generation is included in some annual totals but not in the monthly data. . Data for countries may not sum to regional totals due to independent rounding.

Source: • China: See footnote a. • All Other: Based on data from Nucleonics Week, a copyrighted publication of The McGraw-Hill Publishing Companies, Inc. Used with permission.

Table 10.4e Nuclear Electricity Gross Generation: Eastern Europe and Former U.S.S.R.

(Billion Kilowatthours)

	Armenia ^a	Bulgaria	Czech Republic ^b	Hungary	Kazakhstan ^b	Lithuania ^b	Romania	Russia	Slovakia ^b	Ukraine	Eastern Europe and Former U.S.S.R. ^b
1973 Total	_	_	_	_	NA	_	_	NA	NA	_	NA
1974 Total	_	NA	_	-	NA	-	_	NA	NA	_	NA
1975 Total	-	NA	-	-	NA	-	-	NA	NA	_	NA
1976 Total	-	NA	-	-	NA	-	-	NA	NA	-	NA
1977 Total	-	NA	-	-	NA	-	-	NA	NA	_	NA
1978 Total	-	NA	-	-	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA
1979 Total	-	NA	-	-	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA
1980 Total	-	NA	-	-	NA	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA
1981 Total 1982 Total	_	NA NA	_	-	NA NA	_	_	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
1983 Total	_	NA	_	NA	NA	_	_	NA	NA	NA	NA
1984 Total	_	NA	_	NA	NA	_	_	NA	NA	NA	NA
1985 Total	_	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	_	NA	NA	NA	NA
1986 Total	_	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	_	NA	NA	NA	NA
1987 Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA
1988 Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	_	NA	NA	NA	NA
1989 Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA
1990 Total	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	NA	NA
1991 Total	-		NA		NA	NA	-		NA		NA
1992 Total	-	E 12.2	^E 12.9	E 13.8	Ē.5	^E 16.4	-	E 125.6	^E 11.7	^E 74.6	E 267.5
1993 Total	-	14.0	E 13.2	13.8	E.4	E 12.9	-	120.4	E 11.6	E 72.7	E 259.0
1994 Total	_	14.9	E 12.7	14.0	^E .4 ^E .4	^E 7.0 ^E 9.7	_	97.7	^E 12.7 ^E 12.0	68.4	^E 227.8 ^E 234.9
1995 Total	-	17.2	^E 12.8	14.0	4	- 9.7	-	98.3	- 12.0	70.4	- 234.9
1996 January	NA	2.4	NA	1.4	NA	1.6	_	10.4	NA	8.8	^c 24.6
February	NA	2.1	NA	1.3	NA	1.6	_	10.3	NA	8.0	c23.3
March	NA	2.3	NA	1.3	NA	1.6	-	11.2	NA	8.3	^c 24.7
April	NA	1.8	NA	1.1	NA	1.0	-	9.1	NA	7.2	^c 20.2
May	NA	1.0	NA	1.2	NA	.8	-	8.3	NA	5.8	^c 17.2
June	NA	1.8	NA	1.1	NA	1.0	NA	7.7	NA	6.0	^c 17.6
July	NA	.9	NA	1.1	NA	.9	NA	7.9	NA	6.0	^c 16.7
August	NA	1.0	NA	1.0	NA	.8	NA	8.4	NA	4.3	^c 15.4
September	NA	1.0	NA	.9	NA	.8	NA	7.3	NA	4.9	^c 14.9
October	NA	1.3	NA	1.2	NA	1.0	NA	8.3	NA	5.5	^c 17.4
November December	NA NA	1.3 1.7	NA NA	1.3 1.4	NA NA	1.0 1.5	NA NA	9.2 10.5	NA NA	7.0 8.3	^c 19.9 ^c 23.3
Total	NA	18.7	E 13.5	14.2	E.1	E 13.6	E 1.0	108.8	E 11.8	80.0	E 261.6
					••						
1997 January	.2	1.7	NA	1.4	NA	1.5	NA	11.2	1.2	8.4	^c 25.6
February	.2	1.7	NA	1.2	NA	1.3	NA	9.9	1.2	8.4	^c 23.9
March	.3	1.8	NA	1.4	NA	1.3	NA	10.7	.9	8.4	^c 24.6
April	.2	1.2	NA	1.0	NA	.9	.3	8.5	.9	7.2	^c 20.2
May	.2	.9 E.9	NA	1.0	NA	.9	.4	7.8	.9	6.2	^c 18.3
June July	.1 .1	E.9	NA NA	1.0 1.0	NA NA	.8 .6	.5 .5	6.5 7.2	.8 .6	6.1 6.0	^c 16.7 ^c 16.9
August	.1	9	NA	.9	NA	.0	.5	7.2	.0	6.0	^c 17.7
September	.0	E 1.1	NA	1.0	NA	.9	.4	7.8	.9	5.7	^c 17.9
October	.0	1.1	NA	1.3	NA	1.0	.2	9.3	.9	5.9	°19.9
November	(s)	E 1.1	NA	1.3	NA	.9	.5	9.9	.9	5.7	°20.5
December	(s)	2.0	NA	1.3	NA	1.1	.5	11.5	1.2	6.9	^c 24.6
Total	1.4	E 15.5	NA	14.0	NA	12.1	3.9	108.1	11.0	80.8	E 246.8
											0-
1998 January	.3	1.1	NA	1.3	NA	1.3	.5	11.6	1.1	6.6	^c 24.0
February	.3	1.9	NA	1.2	NA	1.2	.4	10.6	.9	6.7	^c 23.3
March	.2	2.2	NA	1.1	NA	1.3	.5	11.1	.9	7.2	^c 24.6
April	.1	2.2	NA	.9	NA	1.0	.4	8.5	.9	7.1	^c 21.1
May	.1	2.2 1.0	NA	1.0	NA	1.1	.0	8.1	.8	5.6 ^E 5.0	^c 18.9 ^c 17.3
June July	.1 .1	1.0	.8 1.0	1.0 1.0	NA NA	.9 .9	.3 .3	7.4 6.7	.8 .8	E 5.0	°17.3 °16.8
7-Month Total	1.3	11.0 11.6	1.0 1.8	7.4	NA	.9 7.7	.3 2.5	64.0	.8 6.2	E 43.3	^c 146.0
i montri i otal			1.0				2.0	04.0	5.2		140.0
1997 7-Month Total	1.3	9.0	NA	8.1	NA	7.2	1.7	62.0	6.3	50.6	^c 146.3
1996 7-Month Total	NA	12.4	NA	8.4	NA	8.5	NA	64.9	NA	50.0	^c 144.3

a According to EIA's Nuclear Power Generation and Fuel Cycle Report 1996, Armenia has two units; one came on line in November 1995 but no data are available prior to 1997, and the other is projected to come on line in 2001. ^b The total gross generation estimate for Czech Republic, Kazakhstan,

Lithuania, Slovakia, and Eastern European countries is calculated as 5 percent Atomic Energy Agency and published in the Energy Information Administration annual reports—**1992 and 1993:** World Nuclear Outlook 1994, December 1994, Table 1. **1994:** Nuclear Power Generation and Fuel Cycle Report 1996, October 1996, Table 1. 1995 and 1996: Nuclear Power Generation and Fuel Cycle *Report 1997,* September 1997, Table D4. ^c Sum of available data only.

NA=Not available. - =Not applicable. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than 0.05 billion

kilowatthours.

Notes: • Net figures are generally less than gross figures by about 5 percent, the difference being the energy consumed by the generating plants themselves.

Monthly data may not sum to annual totals due to independent rounding and because precommercial generation is included in some annual totals but not in the monthly data. • Data for countries may not sum to regional totals due to independent rounding. Source: • Cze

Source: • Czech Republic, Kazakhstan, Lithuania, Slovakia, and Eastern European Countries: See footnote b. • All Other: Based on data from *Nucleonics Week*, a copyrighted publication of The McGraw-Hill Publishing Companies, Inc. Used with permission.

Sources for Tables 10.1a and 10.1b

United States

Table 3.1a.

Other Countries: Annual Data

1973-1979: Energy Information Administration (EIA), *International Energy Annual 1981*, Table 8.
1980-1996: Office of Energy Markets and End Use, International Energy Database, April 1998.
1997: Average of monthly data.

Other Countries: Monthly Data

1996-1998: *Petroleum Intelligence Weekly, the Oil and Gas Journal, and other industry sources.*

World: Annual Data

1973-1979: EIA, International Energy Annual 1981, Table 8.
1980-1996: Office of Energy Markets and End Use, International Energy Database, April 1998.
1997: Average of monthly data.

World: Monthly Data

1996-1998: EIA, *International Petroleum Statistics Report,* sum of all countries' monthly data.

Appendix A. Thermal Conversion Factors

In general, the annual thermal conversion factors presented in Tables A1 through A8 are computed from final annual data. However, if the current year's final data are not available in time for publication, thermal conversion factors for the current year are computed from the best available data and are labeled "preliminary." Usually, the previous year's factor is used as the preliminary value until data become available to calculate the factor appropriate to the year. The source of each factor is described in the section entitled "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A8 in this appendix.

Thermal conversion factors for hydrocarbon mixes (Table A1) are weighted averages of the thermal conversion factors for each hydrocarbon included in the mix. For example, in calculating the thermal conversion factor for a 60-40 butane-propane mixture, the thermal conversion factor for butane is weighted 1.5 times more heavily than the thermal conversion factor for propane.

Petroleum Product	Heat Content	Petroleum Product	Heat Content
Asphalt	6.636	Petrochemical Feedstocks	
Aviation Gasoline	5.048	Naphtha Less Than 401° F	5.248
Butane	4.326	Other Oils Equal to or Greater Than 401° F	5.825
Butane Propane Mixture ^a	4.130	Still Gas	6.000
Distillate Fuel Oil	5.825	Petroleum Coke	6.024
Ethane	3.082	Plant Condensate	5.418
Ethane-Propane Mixture ^b	3.308	Propane	3.836
Isobutane	3.974	Residual Fuel Oil	6.287
Jet Fuel, Kerosene Type	5.670	Road Oil	6.636
Jet Fuel, Naphtha Type	5.355	Special Naphthas	5.248
Kerosene	5.670	Still Gas	6.000
Lubricants	6.065	Unfinished Oils	5.825
Motor Gasoline	5.253	Unfractionated Stream	5.418
Natural Gasoline and Isopentane	4.620	Waxes	5.537
Pentanes Plus	4.620	Miscellaneous	5.796

Table A1. Approximate Heat Content of Petroleum Products

(Million Btu per Barrel)

^a 60 percent butane and 40 percent propane.

^b 70 percent ethane and 30 percent propane.

Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A8.

Table A2. Approximate Heat Content of Crude Oil, Crude Oil and Products, and Natural Gas Plant Liquids

(Million Btu per Barrel)

		Crude Oil		Crude Oil a	nd Products	Natural Gas
	Production	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Plant Liquids Production
1973	5.800	5.817	5.800	5.897	5.752	4.049
1974	5.800	5.827	5.800	5.884	5.774	4.011
975	5.800	5.821	5.800	5.858	5.748	3.984
976	5.800	5.808	5.800	5.856	5.745	3.964
977	5.800	5.810	5.800	5.834	5.797	3.941
978	5.800	5.802	5.800	5.839	5.808	3.925
979	5.800	5.810	5.800	5.810	5.832	3.955
980	5.800	5.812	5.800	5.796	5.820	3.914
981	5.800	5.818	5.800	5.775	5.821	3.930
982	5.800	5.826	5.800	5.775	5.820	3.872
983	5.800	5.825	5.800	5.774	5.800	3.839
984	5.800	5.823	5.800	5.745	5.850	3.812
985	5.800	5.832	5.800	5.736	5.814	3.815
986	5.800	5.903	5.800	5.808	5.832	3.797
987	5.800	5.901	5.800	5.820	5.858	3.804
988	5.800	5.900	5.800	5.820	5.840	3.800
989	5.800	5.906	5.800	5.833	5.857	3.826
990	5.800	5.934	5.800	5.849	5.833	3.822
991	5.800	5.948	5.800	5.873	5.823	3.807
992	5.800	5.953	5.800	5.877	5.777	3.804
993	5.800	5.954	5.800	5.883	5.779	3.801
994	5.800	5.950	5.800	5.861	5.781	3.794
995	5.800	5.924	5.800	5.849	5.751	3.796
996	5.800	5.935	5.800	5.843	5.745	3.777
997	5.800	5.954	5.800	5.863	5.734	3.762
998 ^a	5.800	5.954	5.800	5.863	5.734	3.762

^a Preliminary.
 Note: Crude oil includes lease condensate.
 Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A8.

Table A3. Approximate Heat Content of Petroleum Products, Weighted Averages

(Million Btu per Barrel)

_			Consumption					Linuation
	Residential and Commercial	Industrial	Transportation	Electric Utilities	Total	Imports	Exports	Liquefied Petroleum Gases Consumptio
973	5.387	5.568	5.395	6.245	5.515	5.983	5.752	3.746
974	5.377	5.538	5.394	6.238	5.504	5.959	5.773	3.730
975	5.358	5.528	5.392	6.250	5.494	5.935	5.747	3.715
976	5.383	5.538	5.395	6.251	5.504	5.980	5.743	3.711
977	5.389	5.555	5.400	6.249	5.518	5.908	5.796	3.677
978	5.382	5.553	5.404	6.251	5.519	5.955	5.814	3.669
979	5.471	5.418	5.428	6.258	5.494	5.811	5.864	3.680
980	5.468	5.376	5.440	6.254	5.479	5.748	5.841	3.674
981	5.409	5.313	5.432	6.258	5.448	5.659	5.837	3.643
982	5.392	5.263	5.422	6.258	5.415	5.664	5.829	3.615
983	5.286	5.273	5.415	6.255	5.406	5.677	5.800	3.614
984	5.384	5.223	5.422	6.251	5.395	5.613	5.867	3.599
985	5.326	5.221	5.423	6.247	5.387	5.572	5.819	3.603
986	5.357	5.286	5.427	6.257	5.418	5.624	5.839	3.640
987	5.316	5.253	5.430	6.249	5.403	5.599	5.860	3.659
988	5.320	5.248	5.434	6.250	5.410	5.618	5.842	3.652
989	5.257	5.233	5.440	6.241	5.410	5.641	5.869	3.683
990	5.208	5.272	5.445	6.247	5.411	5.614	5.838	3.625
991	5.163	5.192	5.442	6.248	5.384	5.636	5.827	3.614
992	5.169	5.188	5.445	6.243	5.378	5.623	5.774	3.624
993	5.148	5.200	5.438	6.241	5.379	5.620	5.777	3.606
994	5.154	5.171	5.442	6.231	5.371	5.538	5.779	3.635
995	5.126	5.141	5.444	6.210	5.358	5.511	5.746	3.623
996	5.114	5.119	5.446	6.212	5.352	5.495	5.738	3.613
997 ^a	5.111	5.132	5.442	6.212	5.353	5.478	5.726	3.616
998 ^a	5.111	5.132	5.442	6.212	5.353	5.478	5.726	3.616

^a Preliminary.
 Note: Weighted averages of the products included in each category are calculated by using heat content values shown in Table A1.
 Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A8.

Table A4. Approximate Heat Content of Natural Gas

(Btu per Cubic Foot)

	Prod	luction		Consumption			
	Dry	Marketed (Wet)	Sectors Other Than Electric Utilities	Electric Utilities	Total	Imports	Exports
973	1,021	1,093	1,020	1,024	1,021	1,026	1,023
974	1,024	1,097	1,024	1,024	1,024	1,027	1,016
975	1,021	1,095	1,024	1,026	1,024	1,026	1,014
976	1,020	1,093	1,019	1,023	1,020	1,025	1,013
977	1,021	1,093	1,019	1,029	1.021	1.026	1,013
978	1,019	1,088	1,016	1,034	1,019	1,030	1,013
979	1,021	1,092	1,018	1,035	1,021	1,037	1,013
980	1,026	1,098	1,024	1,035	1,026	1,022	1,013
981	1,027	1,103	1,025	1,035	1,027	1,014	1,011
982	1,028	1,107	1,026	1,036	1,028	1,018	1,011
983	1,031	1,115	1,031	1,030	1,031	1.024	1,010
984	1,031	1,109	1.030	1,035	1,031	1,005	1,010
985	1,032	1,112	1,031	1,038	1,032	1,002	1,011
986	1,030	1,110	1,029	1,034	1,030	997	1,008
987	1.031	1.112	1,031	1,032	1,031	999	1,011
988	1,029	1,109	1,029	1,028	1,029	1,002	1,018
989	1,031	1,107	1,031	1,030	1,031	1,004	1,019
990	1,031	1,105	1,030	1,034	1,031	1,012	1,018
991	1,030	1,108	1,031	1,024	1,030	1,014	1,022
992	1,030	1,110	1,031	1,022	1,030	1,011	1,018
993	1,027	1,106	1,028	1,022	1,027	1,020	1,016
994	1,028	1,105	1,029	1,022	1,028	1,022	1,011
995	1,027	1,106	1,027	1,025	1,027	1,021	1,011
996	1,027	1,109	1,027	1,024	1,027	1,022	1,011
997 ^a	1,027	1,109	1,027	1,024	1,027	1,022	1,011
998 ^a	1.027	1,109	1,027	1,024	1,027	1,022	1,011

^a Preliminary. Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A8.

Table A5. Approximate Heat Content of Coal

(Million Btu per Short Ton)

				Consumption				
	Production	Residential and Commercial	Coke Plants	Other Industrial ^a	Electric Utilities ^b	Total	Imports	Exports
1973	23.376	22.831	26.780	22.586	22.246	23.057	25.000	26.596
1974	23.072	22.479	26.778	22.419	21.781	22.677	25.000	26.700
1975	22.897	22.261	26.782	22.436	21.642	22.506	25.000	26.562
1976	22.855	22.774	26.781	22.530	21.679	22.498	25.000	26.601
1977	22.597	22.919	26.787	22.322	21.508	22.265	25.000	26.548
1978	22.248	22.466	26.789	22.207	21.275	22.017	25.000	26.478
1979	22.454	22.242	26.788	22.452	21.364	22.100	25.000	26.548
1980	22.415	22.543	26.790	22.690	21.295	21.947	25.000	26.384
1981	22.308	22.474	26.794	22.585	21.085	21.713	25.000	26.160
1982	22.239	22.695	26.797	22.712	21.194	21.674	25.000	26.223
1983	22.052	22.775	26.798	22.691	21.133	21.576	25.000	26.291
1984	22.010	22.844	26.799	22.543	21.101	21.573	25.000	26.402
1985	21.870	22.646	26.798	22.020	20.959	21.366	25.000	26.307
1986	21.913	22.947	26.798	22.198	21.084	21.462	25.000	26.292
1987	21.922	23.404	26.799	22.381	21.136	21.517	25.000	26.291
1988	21.823	23.571	26.799	22.360	20.900	21.328	25.000	26.299
1989	21.765	23.650	26.800	22.347	20.848	21.272	25.000	26.160
1990	21.822	23.137	26.799	22.457	20.929	21.331	25.000	26.202
1991	21.681	23.114	26.799	22.460	20.755	21.146	25.000	26.188
1992	21.646	23.105	26.799	22.250	20.787	21.143	25.000	26.161
1993	21.388	22.994	26.800	22.123	20.639	20.983	25.000	26.335
1994	21.352	23.112	26.800	22.068	20.673	21.010	25.000	26.329
995	21.277	23.118	26.800	21.950	20.495	20.845	25.000	26.180
1996	21.287	23.011	26.800	22.105	20.525	20.856	25.000	26.174
1997 ^c	21.287	23.011	26.800	22.105	20.525	20.856	25.000	26.174
1998 ^c	21.287	23.011	26.800	22.105	20.525	20.856	25.000	26.174

 ^a Includes transportation.
 ^b Data shown in this column are not the same as those shown in the *Electric Power Monthly* (EPM). The EPM data report coal receipts; the data shown here ^c Preliminary.
 Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A8.

Table A6. Approximate Heat Content of Bituminous Coal and Lignite

(Million Btu per Short Ton)

				Consumption				
	Production	Residential and Commercial	Coke Plants	Other Industrial ^a	Electric Utilities	Total	Imports	Exports
973	23.391	22.887	26.800	22.585	22.262	23.073	25.000	26.612
974	23.087	22.523	26.800	22.420	21.799	22.694	25.000	26.716
975	22.910	22.258	26.800	22.439	21.659	22.522	25.000	26.573
976	22.863	22.819	26.800	22.528	21.692	22.509	25.000	26.613
977	22.597	22.594	26.800	22.290	21.521	22.266	25.000	26.561
978	22.242	22.078	26.800	22.175	21.284	22.014	25.000	26.501
979	22.449	21.884	26.800	22.436	21.372	22.100	25.000	26.570
980	22.411	22.488	26.800	22.690	21.301	21.950	25.000	26.404
981	22.301	22.010	26.800	22.572	21.091	21.710	25.000	26.176
982	22.233	22.226	26.800	22.695	21.200	21.670	25.000	26.231
983	22.048	22.438	26.800	22.680	21.141	21.576	25.000	26.300
984	22.005	22.406	26.800	22.525	21.108	21.570	25.000	26.410
985	21.867	22.568	26.800	22.013	20.965	21.368	25.000	26.320
986	21.908	22.669	26.800	22.185	21.091	21.462	25.000	26.308
987	21.918	22.800	26.800	22.360	21.143	21.514	25.000	26.304
988 886	21.817	23.135	26.800	22.341	20.905	21.324	25.000	26.308
989	21.759	22.917	26.800	22.324	20.854	21.268	25.000	26.166
990	21.819	22.678	26.800	22.444	20.935	21.330	25.000	26.207
991	21.678	22.635	26.800	22.448	20.761	21.146	25.000	26.192
992	21.643	22.768	26.800	22.242	20.792	21.142	25.000	26.165
993	21.383	22.749	26.800	22.111	20.644	20.983	25.000	26.341
994	21.347	22.683	26.800	22.046	20.681	21.011	25.000	26.335
995	21.271	22.767	26.800	21.931	20.502	20.845	25.000	26.187
996	21.281	22.649	26.800	22.087	20.532	20.857	25.000	26.181
997 ^b	21.281	22.649	26.800	22.087	20.532	20.857	25.000	26.181
998 ^b	21.281	22.649	26.800	22.087	20.532	20.857	25.000	26.181

^a Includes transportation.
 ^b Preliminary.
 Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A8.

Table A7. Approximate Heat Content of Anthracite and Coal Coke

(Million Btu per Short Ton)

	Anthracite					
			Consumption	Consumption		
	Production	Sectors Other Than Electric Utilities	Electric Utilities	Total	Imports and Exports	Coal Coke Imports and Exports
1973	22.132	22.674	17.920	21.464	25.400	24.800
1974	21.711	22.330	17.200	20.919	25.400	24.800
1975	21.582	22.272	17.064	20.762	25.400	24.800
1976	22.045	22.618	17.526	21.254	25.400	24.800
1977	22.661	24.101	17.244	22.066	25.400	24.800
1978	23.079	24.388	17.104	22.398	25.400	24.800
979	23.170	24.272	17.454	22.069	25.400	24.800
980	22.869	22.719	17.652	21.405	25.400	24.800
981	23.291	23.749	18.168	22.080	25.400	24.800
982	23,289	24.578	18.160	22.518	25.400	24.800
983	22,734	24.536	16.516	21,583	25.400	24.800
984	23,107	25.128	17.018	22.322	25.400	24.800
985	22,428	23.031	16.784	20.817	25.400	24.800
986	23.084	24.399	15.578	21,512	25.400	24.800
987	23,108	26.293	15.962	22.435	25.400	24.800
988	23.266	26.021	17.312	22.423	25.400	24.800
989	23.385	27.196	16.310	22.623	25.400	24.800
990	22,574	25,199	16.140	21.668	25.400	24.800
991	22.573	25.268	15.858	21.410	25.400	24.800
992	22.572	24.617	16.944	21.423	25.400	24.800
993	22.573	24.096	16.534	21.262	25.400	24.800
994	22.572	25.037	14.680	20.828	25.400	24.800
995	22.572	24.696	14.572	20.808	25.400	24.800
996	22.573	24.638	14.360	20.652	25.400	24.800
997 ^a	22.573	24.638	14.360	20.652	25.400	24.800
998 ^a	22.573	24.638	14.360	20.652	25.400	24.800

^a Preliminary. Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A8.

Table A8. Approximate Heat Rates for Electricity

(Btu per Kilowatthour)

		Electricity Generation		
	Fossil-Fueled Steam-Electric Plants ^a	Nuclear Steam-Electric Plants	Geothermal Energy Plants	Electricity Consumptior
1973	10.389	10.903	21,674	3.412
1974	10,442	11,161	21,674	3.412
975	10,406	11.013	21.611	3.412
976	10,373	11.047	21,611	3,412
977	10,435	10.769	21,611	3.412
978	10,361	10,941	21,611	3,412
979	10,353	10,879	21,545	3.412
980	10,388	10,908	21,639	3,412
981	10,453	11,030	21.639	3.412
982	10,454	11,073	21,629	3,412
983	10,520	10.905	21.290	3.412
984	10,440	10,843	21,303	3.412
985	10,447	10,813	21.263	3,412
986	10,446	10,799	21.263	3.412
987	10,419	10,776	21.263	3,412
988	10,324	10.743	21.096	3.412
989	10,432	10,724	21,096	3.412
990	10,399	10,680	21,096	3,412
991	10,425	10,740	20,997	3,412
992	10,340	10,678	20,914	3,412
993	10,309	10,682	20,914	3,412
994	10,309	10,676	20,914	3.412
995	10,304	10,658	20,914	3,412
996	10,338	10,623	20.960	3.412
997 ^b	10,338	10,623	20,960	3,412
998 ^b	10,338	10,623	20,960	3,412

^a This thermal conversion factor is used for hydroelectric power generation and for biomass fuels, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy consumed at electric utilities.
 ^b Preliminary.
 Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows this table.

Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation

Approximate Heat Content of Petroleum and Natural Gas Plant Liquids

Asphalt. The Energy Information Administration (EIA) adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.636 million British thermal units (Btu) per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1956.*

Aviation Gasoline. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.048 million Btu per barrel for "Gasoline, Aviation" as published by the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation in Appendix V of *Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947-1985*, a 1968 release of historical and projected statistics.

Butane. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 4.326 million Btu per barrel in the *California Oil World and Petroleum Industry*, First Issue, April 1942.

Butane-Propane Mixture. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines calculation of 4.130 million Btu per barrel based on an assumed mixture of 60 percent butane and 40 percent propane. See **Butane** and **Propane**.

Crude Oil, Exports. Assumed by EIA to be 5.800 million Btu per barrel or equal to the thermal conversion factor for crude oil produced in the United States. See **Crude Oil and Lease Condensate, Production**.

Crude Oil, Imports. Calculated annually by EIA by weighting the thermal conversion factor of each type of crude oil imported by the quantity imported. Thermal conversion factors for each type were calculated on a foreign country basis, by determining the average American Petroleum Institute (API) gravity of crude imported from each foreign country from Form ERA-60 in 1977 and converting average API gravity to average Btu content by using National Bureau of Standards, Miscellaneous Publication No. 97, *Thermal Properties of Petroleum Products*, 1933.

Crude Oil and Lease Condensate, Production. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 5.800 million Btu per barrel as reported in a Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Values of Various Fuels, Adopted January 3, 1950."

Crude Oil and Petroleum Products, Exports. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each petroleum product exported and crude oil exported weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product and crude oil exported. See **Crude Oil, Exports** and **Petroleum Products, Exports**.

Crude Oil and Petroleum Products, Imports. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each petroleum product and each type of crude oil imported weighted by the quantity of

each petroleum product and each type of crude oil imported. See Crude Oil, Imports and Petroleum Products, Imports.

Distillate Fuel Oil. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.825 million Btu per barrel as reported in a Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Value of Various Fuels, Adopted January 3, 1950."

Ethane. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 3.082 million Btu per barrel in the *California Oil World and Petroleum Industry*, First Issue, April 1942.

Ethane-Propane Mixture. EIA calculated 3.308 million Btu per barrel based on an assumed mixture of 70 percent ethane and 30 percent propane. See **Ethane** and **Propane**.

Isobutane. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 3.974 million Btu per barrel in the *California Oil World and Petroleum Industry*, First Issue, April 1942.

Jet Fuel, Kerosene Type. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.670 million Btu per barrel for "Jet Fuel, Commercial" as published by the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation in Appendix V of *Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947-1985*, a 1968 release of historical and projected statistics.

Jet Fuel, Naphtha Type. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.355 million Btu per barrel for "Jet Fuel, Military" as published by the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation in Appendix V of *Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947-1985*, a 1968 release of historical and projected statistics.

Kerosene. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.670 million Btu per barrel as reported in a Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Values of Various Fuels, Adopted January 3, 1950."

Liquefied Petroleum Gases (LPG) Consumption. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors of each liquefied petroleum gas consumed, weighted by the quantity of each liquefied petroleum gas consumed.

Lubricants. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.065 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1956.*

Miscellaneous Products. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 5.796 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1956.*

Motor Gasoline. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.253 million Btu per barrel for "Gasoline, Motor Fuel" by the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation in Appendix V of *Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets* 1947-1985, a 1968 release of historical and projected statistics. **Natural Gas Plant Liquids, Production.** Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors of each natural gas plant liquid produced weighted by the quantity of each natural gas plant liquid produced.

Natural Gasoline. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 4.620 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1956.*

Pentanes Plus. EIA assumed the thermal conversion factor to be 4.620 million Btu per barrel or equal to that for natural gasoline. See **Natural Gasoline**.

Petrochemical Feedstocks, Naphtha Less Than 401 Degrees Fahrenheit. Assumed by EIA to be 5.248 million Btu per barrel, equal to the thermal conversion factor for special naphthas. See **Special Naphthas**.

Petrochemical Feedstocks, Oils Equal to or Greater Than 401 Degrees Fahrenheit. Assumed by EIA to be 5.825 million Btu per barrel, equal to the thermal conversion factor for distillate fuel oil. See **Distillate Fuel Oil**.

Petrochemical Feedstocks, Still Gas. Assumed by EIA to be 6.000 million Btu per barrel, equal to the thermal conversion factor for still gas. See **Still Gas**.

Petroleum Coke. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.024 million Btu per barrel as reported in Btu per short ton in the Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Value of Various Fuels, Adopted January 3, 1950." The Bureau of Mines calculated this factor by dividing 30,120,000 Btu per short ton, as given in the referenced Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, by 5.0 barrels per short ton, as given in the Bureau of Mines Form 6-1300-M and successor EIA forms.

Petroleum Products, Total Consumption. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed, weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product consumed.

Petroleum Products, Consumption by Electric Utilities. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed at electric utilities, weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product consumed at electric utilities. The quantity of petroleum consumed is estimated in the State Energy Data System as documented in the *State Energy Data Report.*

Petroleum Products, Consumption by Industrial Users. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed in the industrial sector, weighted by the estimated quantity of each petroleum product consumed in the industrial sector. The quantity of petroleum products consumed is estimated in the State Energy Data System as documented in the *State Energy Data Report.*

Petroleum Products, Consumption by Residential and Commercial Users. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed by the residential and commercial sector, weighted by the estimated quantity of each petroleum product consumed in the residential and commercial sector. The quantity of petroleum products consumed is estimated in the State Energy Data System as documented in the *State Energy Data Report*.

Petroleum Products, Consumption by Transportation Users. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factor for all petroleum products consumed in the transportation sector, weighted by the estimated quantity of each petroleum product consumed in the transportation sector. The quantity of petroleum products consumed is estimated in the State Energy Data System as documented in the *State Energy Data Report*.

Petroleum Products, Exports. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each petroleum product, weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product exported.

Petroleum Products, Imports. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each petroleum product imported, weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product imported.

Plant Condensate. Estimated to be 5.418 million Btu per barrel by EIA from data provided by McClanahan Consultants, Inc., Houston, Texas.

Propane. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 3.836 million Btu per barrel in the *California Oil World and Petroleum Industry*, First Issue, April 1942.

Residual Fuel Oil. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.287 million Btu per barrel as reported in the Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Values of Various Fuels, Adopted January 3, 1950."

Road Oil. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 6.636 million Btu per barrel, which was assumed to be equal to that of asphalt (see **Asphalt**) and was first published by the Bureau of Mines in the *Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1970.*

Special Naphthas. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.248 million Btu per barrel, which was assumed to be equal to that of total gasoline (aviation and motor) factor and was first published in the *Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1970.*

Still Gas. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines estimated thermal conversion factor of 6.000 million Btu per barrel and first published in the *Petroleum Statement*, *Annual*, 1970.

Unfinished Oil. EIA assumed the thermal conversion factor to be 5.825 million Btu per barrel or equal to that for distillate fuel oil (see **Distillate Fuel Oil**) and first published in the *Annual Report to Congress, Volume 3, 1977.*

Unfractionated Stream. EIA assumed the thermal conversion factor to be 5.418 million Btu per barrel or equal to that for plant condensate (see **Plant Condensate**) and first published in the *Annual Report to Congress, Volume 2, 1981.*

Waxes. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 5.537 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1956.*

Approximate Heat Content of Natural Gas

Natural Gas, Total Consumption. 1973-1979: EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor calculated annually by the American Gas Association (AGA) and published in *Gas Facts*, an AGA annual publication. 1980 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content of natural gas consumed by the total quantity of natural gas consumed. The heat content and quantity consumed are from Form EIA-176. Published sources are: 1980-1989: EIA, *Natural Gas Annual 1992, Volume 2*, Table 15. 1990-1992: EIA, *Natural Gas Annual 1992, Volume 2*, Table 16. 1993 forward: 1992 value used as an estimate.

Natural Gas, Consumption by Electric Utilities. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content of natural gas received at electric utilities by the total quantity received at electric utilities. The heat contents and receipts are from Form FERC-423 and predecessor forms.

Natural Gas, Consumption by Sectors Other Than Electric Utilities. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of all natural gas consumed less the heat content of natural gas consumed at electric utilities by the quantity of all natural gas consumed less the quantity of natural gas consumed at electric utilities. Data are from Forms EIA-176, FERC-423, EIA-759, and predecessor forms.

Natural Gas, Exports. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of exported natural gas by the quantity of natural gas exported, both reported on Form FPC-14.

Natural Gas, Imports. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of imported natural gas by the quantity of natural gas imported, both reported on Form FPC-14.

Natural Gas Production, Dry. Assumed by EIA to be equal to the thermal conversion factor for the consumption of dry natural gas. See **Natural Gas Total Consumption**.

Natural Gas Production, Marketed (Wet). Calculated annually by EIA by adding the heat content of dry natural gas production and the total heat content of natural gas plant liquids production and dividing this sum by the total quantity of marketed (wet) natural gas production.

Approximate Heat Content of Coal and Coal Coke

Anthracite, Total Consumption. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of anthracite consumed by electric utilities and all other sectors combined by the total quantity of anthracite consumed.

Anthracite, Consumption by Electric Utilities. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of anthracite receipts at electric utilities by the quantity of anthracite received at electric utilities. Heat contents and receipts are from Form FERC-423 and predecessor forms.

Anthracite, Consumption by Sectors Other Than Electric Utilities. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of anthracite production less the heat content of the anthracite consumed at electric utilities, net exports, and shipments to U.S. Armed Forces overseas by the quantity of anthracite consumed by sectors other than electric utilities less the quantity of anthracite stock changes, losses, and "unaccounted for."

Anthracite, Imports and Exports. EIA assumed the anthracite imports and exports to be freshly mined anthracite having an estimated heat content of 25.40 million Btu per short ton.

Anthracite, Production. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of freshly mined anthracite (estimated to have an average heat content of 25.400 million Btu per short ton) and the heat content of anthracite recovered from culm banks and river dredging (estimated to have a heat content of 17.500 million Btu per short ton) by the total quantity of anthracite production.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Total Consumption. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite consumed by electric utilities, coal coke plants, other industrial plants, the residential and commercial sector, and the transportation sector by the sum of their respective tonnages.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Consumption by Coke Plants. Estimated by EIA to be 26.800 million Btu per short ton on the basis of an input/output analysis of coal carbonization.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Consumption by Electric Utilities. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content of bituminous coal and lignite received at electric utilities by the total quantity received at electric utilities. Heat contents and receipts are from Form FERC-423 and predecessor forms.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Consumption by Other Industrial and Transportation Users. 1973: Calculated by EIA through regression analysis measuring the difference between the average Btu value of coal consumed by other industrial users and that of coal consumed at electric utilities in the 1974-1982 period. 1974 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by assuming that the bituminous coal and lignite delivered to other industrial users from each coal-producing area (reported on Form EIA-6 and predecessor Bureau of Mines Form 6-1419-Q) contained a heat value equal to that of bituminous coal and lignite received at electric utilities from each of the same coal-producing areas (reported on Form FERC-423). The average Btu value of coal by coal-producing area was applied to the volume of deliveries to other industrial users from each coal-producing area, and the sum total of the heat content was divided by the total volume of deliveries. Coal-producing areas are the Bureau of Mines coalproducing districts for 1974 through 1989 and coalproducing States for 1990 forward.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Consumption by Residential and Commercial Users. 1973: Calculated by EIA through regression analysis measuring the difference between the average Btu value of coal consumed by residential and commercial users and that of coal consumed by electric utilities in the 1974-1982 period. 1974 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by assuming that the bituminous coal and lignite delivered to residential and commercial users from each coalproducing area (reported on Form EIA-6 and predecessor Bureau of Mines Form 6-1419-Q) contained a heat value equal to that of bituminous coal and lignite received at electric utilities from each of the same coal-producing areas (reported on Form FERC-423). The average Btu value of coal by coal-producing area was applied to the volume of deliveries to residential and commercial users from each coal-producing area, and the total of the heat value was divided by the total volume of deliveries. Coal-producing areas are the Bureau of Mines coal-producing districts for 1974 through 1989 and coal-producing States for 1990 forward.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Exports. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of exported metallurgical coal (estimated to average 27.000 million Btu per short ton) and the heat content of exported steam coal (estimated to have an average thermal content of 25.000 million Btu per short ton) by the total quantity of bituminous coal and lignite exported.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Imports. EIA estimated the average thermal conversion factor to be 25.000 million Btu per short ton.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Production. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite consumption, net exports, stock changes, and unaccounted for by the sum of their respective tonnages. Consumers' stock changes by sectors were assumed to have the same conversion factor as that of the consumption sector. Producers' stock changes and unaccounted for were assumed to have the same conversion factor as that of the consumption sector. Producers' stock changes and unaccounted for were assumed to have the same conversion factor as that for consumption by all users.

Coal, Consumption. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite consumption by the sum of their respective tonnages.

Coal, Consumption by Electric Utilities. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite received at electric utilities by the sum of their respective tonnages received.

Coal, Consumption by Sectors Other Than Electric Utilities. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite consumed by sectors other than electric utilities by the sum of their respective tonnages.

Coal, Exports. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite exported by the sum of their respective tonnages.

Coal, Imports. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite imported by the sum of their respective tonnages.

Coal, Production. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the total heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite production by the sum of their respective tonnages.

Coal Coke, Imports and Exports. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines estimate of 24.800 million Btu per short ton.

Approximate Heat Rates for Electricity

Fossil-Fueled Steam-Electric Plant Generation. There is no generally accepted practice for measuring the thermal conversion rates for power plants that generate electricity from hydroelectric, wood and waste, wind, photovoltaic, or solar thermal energy sources. Therefore, EIA uses data from Form EIA-767 to calculate a rate factor that is equal to the prevailing annual average heat rate factor for fossil-fueled steam-electric power plants in the United States. By using that factor, it is possible to evaluate fossil fuel requirements for replacing those sources during periods of interruption such as droughts. The heat content of a kilowatthour of electricity produced, regardless of the generation process, is 3,412 Btu per kilowatthour. 1973-1991: The weighted annual average heat rate for fossil-fueled steam-electric power plants in the United States, as published by EIA in Electric Plant Cost and Power Production Expenses 1991, Table 9. 1992 forward: Unpublished factors calculated on the basis of data from Form EIA-767.

Geothermal Energy Plant Generation. 1973-1981: Calculated annually by EIA by weighting the annual average heat rates of operating geothermal units by the installed nameplate capacities as reported on Form FPC-12. 1982 forward: Estimated annually by EIA on the basis of an informal survey of relevant plants.

Nuclear Steam-Electric Plant Generation. 1973-1991: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content consumed in nuclear generating units by the total (net) electricity generated by nuclear generating units. The heat content and electricity generation are reported on Form FERC-1, "Annual Report of Major Electric Utilities, Licenses, and Others;" Form EIA-412, "Annual Report of Public Electric Utilities;" and predecessor forms. The factors, beginning with 1982 data, are published in the following EIA reports-1982: Historical Plant Cost and Annual Production Expenses for Selected Electric Plants 1982, page 215. 1983-1991: Electric Plant Cost and Power Production Expenses 1991, Table 13. 1992 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content of the steam leaving the nuclear generating units to generate electricity by the total (net) electricity generated by nuclear generating units. The heat content and electricity generation data are reported in Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Licensed Operating Reactors—Status Summary Report.

Appendix B. Metric and Other Physical Conversion Factors

Data presented in the *Monthly Energy Review* and in other Energy Information Administration publications are expressed predominately in units that historically have been used in the United States, such as British thermal units, barrels, cubic feet, and short tons. However, because U.S. commerce involves other nations, most of which use metric units of measure, the U.S. Government is committed to the transition to the metric system, as stated in the Metric Conversion Act of 1975 (Public Law 94–168), amended by the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988 (Public Law 100–418), and Executive Order 12770 of July 25, 1991.

The metric conversion factors presented in Table B1 can be used to calculate the metric-unit equivalents of values expressed in U.S. customary units. For example, 500 short tons are the equivalent of 453.6 metric tons (500 short tons x 0.9071847 metric tons/short ton = 453.6 metric tons). In the metric system of weights and measures, the names of multiples and subdivisions of any unit may be derived by combining the name of the unit with prefixes, such as deka, hecto, and kilo, meaning, respectively, 10, 100, 1,000, and deci, centi, and milli, meaning, respectively, one-tenth, one-hundredth, and one-thousandth. Common metric prefixes can be found in Table B2.

The conversion factors presented in Table B3 can be used to calculate equivalents in various physical units commonly used in energy analyses. For example, 10 barrels are the equivalent of 420 U.S. gallons (10 barrels x 42 gallons/barrel = 420 gallons).

Type of Unit	U.S. Unit	multiplied by	Conversion Factor	equals	Metric Unit
Mass	short tons (2,000) lb	х	0.907 184 7	=	metric tons (t)
	long tons	х	1.016 047	=	metric tons (t)
	pounds (lb)	х	.453 592 37ª	=	kilograms (kg)
	pounds uranium oxide (lb U_3O_8)	х	0.384 647 ^b	=	kilograms uranium (kgU)
	ounces, avoirdupois (avdp oz)	х	28.349 52	=	grams (g)
Volume	barrels of oil (bbl)	х	0.158 987 3	=	cubic meters (m ³)
	cubic yards (yd ³)	х	0.764 555	=	cubic meters (m ³)
	cubic feet (ft ³)	х	0.028 316 85	=	cubic meters (m ³)
	U.S. gallons (gal)	х	3.785 412	=	liters (L)
	ounces, fluid (fl oz)	х	29.573 53	=	milliliters (mL)
	cubic inches (in ³)	х	16.387 06	=	milliliters (mL)
Length	miles (mi)	х	1.609 344 ^a	=	kilometers (km)
-	yards (yd)	х	0.914 4 ^a	=	meters (m)
	feet (ft)	х	0.304 8 ^a	=	meters (m)
	inches (in)	х	2.54 ^b	=	centimeters (cm)
Area	acres	х	0.404 69	=	hectares (ha)
	square miles (mi ²)	х	2.589 988	=	square kilometers (km ²)
	square yards (yd²)	х	0.836 127 4	=	square meters (m ²)
	square feet (ft ²)	х	0.092 903 04 ^a	=	square meters (m ²)
	square inches (in ²)	х	6.451 6 ^b	=	square centimeters (cm ²)
Temperature	degrees Fahrenheit (°F)	х	5/9 (after subtracting 32) ^{a,c}	=	degrees Celsius (°C)
Energy	British thermal units (Btu)	х	1,055.055 852 62 ^{a,d}	=	joules (J)
	calories (cal)	х	4.186 8 ^a	=	joules (J)
	Kilowatthours (kWh)	х	3.6ª	=	megajoules (MJ)

Table B1. Metric Conversion Factors

^aExact conversion.

^bCalculated by the Energy Information Administration.

°To convert degrees Celsius (°C) to degrees Fahrenheit (°F) exactly, multiply by 9/5, then add 32.

^dThe Btu used in this table is the International Table Btu adopted by the Fifth International Conference on Properties of Steam, London, 1956. Notes: • Spaces have been inserted after every third digit to the right of the decimal for ease of reading. • Most metric units belong to the International System of Units (SI), and the liter, hectare, and metric ton are accepted for use with the SI units. For more information about the SI units, contact Dr. Barry Taylor at Building 221, Room B610, National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, MD 20899, or on telephone number 301–975–4220.

Sources: • General Services Administration, Federal Standard 376B, *Preferred Metric Units for General Use by the Federal Government* (Washington, DC, January 27, 1993), pp. 9–11, 13, and 16. • National Institute of Standards and Technology, Special Publications 330, 811, and 814. • American National Standards Institute/Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers, ANSI/IEEE Std 268–1992, pp. 28 and 29.

Table B2. Metric Prefixes

Unit Multiple	Prefix	Symbol	Unit Subdivision	Prefix	Symbol
10 ¹	deka	da	10 ⁻¹	deci	d
10 ²	hecto	h	10 ⁻²	centi	С
10 ³	kilo	k	10 ⁻³	milli	m
10 ⁶	mega	Μ	10 ⁻⁶	micro	μ
10 ⁹	giga	G	10 ⁻⁹	nano	n. n
10 ¹²	tera	Т	10 ⁻¹²	pico	р
10 ¹⁵	peta	Р	10 ⁻¹⁵	femto	f
10 ¹⁸	exa	E	10 ⁻¹⁸	atto	а
10 ²¹	zetta	Z	10 ⁻²¹	zepto	Z
10 ²⁴	yotta	Y	10 ⁻²⁴	yocto	у

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, National Institute of Standards and Technology, *The International System of Units (SI)*, NIST Special Publication 330, 1991 Edition (Washington, DC, August 1991), p.10.

Other Physical Conversion Factors Table B3.

Energy Source	Original Unit	multiplied by	Conversion Factor	equals	Final Unit
Petroleum	barrels (bbl)	х	42 ^a	=	U.S. gallons (gal)
Coal	short tons	x	2,000 ^a	=	pounds (lb)
	long tons	x	2,240 ^a	=	pounds (lb)
	metric tons (t)	x	1,000 ^a	=	kilograms (kg)
Wood	cords (cd)	x	1.25 ^b	=	shorts tons
	cords (cd)	x	128 ^a	=	cubic feet (ft ³)

^aExact conversion. ^bCalculated by the Energy Information Administration.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, National Institute of Standards and Technology, *Specifications, Tolerances, and Other Technical Requirements for Weighing and Measuring Devices,* NIST Handbook 44, 1994 Edition (Washington, DC, October 1993), pp. B-10, C-17 and C-21.

Appendix C. Carbon Dioxide Emission Factors for Coal

Table C1 presents U.S. average carbon dioxide emission factors for coal by sector. The factors measure the emissions produced during the combustion of coal and were derived by the Energy Information Administration (EIA) from 5,426 sample analyses in EIA's Coal Analysis File. The factors are ratios of the carbon dioxide emitted to the heat content of the coal burned, assuming complete combustion. Factors vary according to the rank and geographic origin of the coal. Sectoral factors reflect the rank and origin of the coal consumed in the sector.

Factors differ among sectors and within a sector over time for several reasons:

1. A higher average emission factor in the residential and commercial sector can be attributed to the steady consumption of bituminous coal and anthracite (presumably for home heating). 2. Virtually all of the coal consumed by coke plants comes from only a few States in the Appalachian Coal Basin (West Virginia, Virginia, and eastern Kentucky). Hence, the emission factors for this sector have remained fairly constant.

3. Other industrial users of coal (not coke plants) increased consumption of low-rank, high-emission western coals, which has contributed to a rise in their average emission factor.

4. Electric utilities, which account for most U.S. coal consumption, have shifted over time away from high-rank, low-emission bituminous coal to low-rank, high-emission subbituminous coal and lignite as reflected in a gradually rising weighted-average carbon dioxide emission factor.

		Indu	strial		
Year	Residential and Commercial	Coke Plants ^a	Other Coal	Electric Utilities	U.S. Average [⋼]
1980	210.6	205.8	205.9	206.7	206.5
1981	212.0	205.8	205.9	206.9	206.7
1982	210.4	205.7	206.0	207.0	206.9
1983	209.2	205.5	205.9	207.1	207.0
1984	209.5	205.6	206.2	207.1	207.0
1985	209.3	205.6	206.4	207.3	207.1
1986	209.2	205.4	206.5	207.3	207.1
1987	209.4	205.2	206.4	207.3	207.2
1988	209.1	205.3	206.4	207.6	207.3
1989	209.7	205.3	206.6	207.5	207.3
1990	209.5	206.2	206.8	207.6	207.4
1991	210.2	206.2	206.9	207.7	207.5
1992	211.2	206.2	207.1	207.7	207.6
1993	209.9	206.2	207.0	207.8	207.7
1994	209.8	206.3	207.2	207.9	207.8
1995	210.2	206.4	207.2	208.1	207.9
1996	209.5	206.5	207.0	208.1	208.0

Table C1. Average Carbon Dioxide Emission Factors for Coal by Sector (Pounds of Carbon Dioxide per Million Btu)

^aNo allowances have been made for carbon retained in non-energy coal chemical byproducts from the carbonization process. ^bWeighted average. The weights used are consumption values by sector.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels.

Appendix D. List of Features

The following is a complete list of features that have appeared in the *Monthly Energy Review* since the first issue was published in October 1974. There are several categories of features on the list: "Energy Plugs" are 1-page descriptions of recently released EIA products. "Articles" cover a wide range of energy-related subjects in depth; "Highlights" summarize the most important information presented in the subject Energy Information Administration (EIA) report; "Energy Previews" provide brief overviews of EIA preliminary energy data on a given topic; "EIA Data News" items present information on recent changes in the scope, design, methodology, and findings of EIA's energy surveys and databases; and "Energy Snapshots" use graphics to set off key data from EIA survey reports.

Feature

1998

Cover Date

Energy Plu Energy Plu Energy Plu Energy Plu Energy Plu Energy Plu Energy Plu	 g: Performance Profiles of Major Energy Producers 1996	January 1998 February 1998 April 1998 May 1998 June 1998 July 1998 August 1998 August 1998 September 1998
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Energy Plu Energy Plu	 g: Annual Energy Outlook 1997 g: The Changing Structure of the Electric Power Industry: An Update g: Performance Profiles of Major Energy Producers 1995 g: The Effects of Title IV of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 on Electric Utilities: An Update g: International Energy Outlook 1997 g: Restructuring Energy Industries: Lessons From Natural Gas g: An Analysis of U.S. Propane Markets: Winter 1996-97 g: State Energy Price and Expenditure Report 1994 g: Motor Gasoline Assessment 1997 g: Commercial Buildings Characteristics 1995 g: Household Vehicles Energy Consumption 1994 g: Petroleum 1996: Issues and Trends g: The Intricate Puzzle of Oil and Gas "Reserves Growth" g: Electricity Reform Abroad and U.S. Investment g: Annual Energy Outlook 1998 g: Oil and Gas Resources of the West Siberian Basin, Russia 	January 1997 January 1997 January 1997 March 1997 April 1997 June 1997 June 1997 July 1997 July 1997 July 1997 August 1997 August 1997 September 1997 September 1997 October 1997 November 1997 December 1997
Energy Plu Energy Plu Energy Plu Energy Sn Article: En Energy Plu Energy Plu Energy Plu Energy Plu	g: Renewable Energy Annual 1995 g: State Energy Price and Expenditure Report 1993 g: Annual Energy Outlook 1996 g: Alternatives to Traditional Transportation Fuels 1994, Volume 1 apshot: Describing Current and Potential Markets for Alternative-Fuel Vehicles ergy Equipment Choices: Fuel Costs and Other Determinants g: International Energy Outlook 1996 g: U.S. Electric Utility Demand-Side Management: Trends and Analysis g: Country Analysis Brief: Iraq g: Annual Energy Review 1995 g: Voluntary Reporting of Greenhouse Gases 1995	January 1996 January 1996 February 1996 March 1996 April 1996 May 1996 June 1996 July 1996 July 1996

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Energy Plug: EIA Electronic Media Meet Customer Needs	August 1996
Energy Plug: Alternatives to Traditional Transportation Fuels, Volume 2: Greenhouse Gas Emissions	September 1996
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Highlights: Reducing Home Heating and Cooling Costs	August 1994
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Glossary

Anthracite: The highest rank of coal. It is a hard, brittle, and black lustrous coal, often referred to as hard coal, containing a high percentage of fixed carbon and a low percentage of volatile matter. It is used primarily for residential and commercial space heating. The moisture content of fresh-mined anthracite generally is less than 15 percent. The heat content of anthracite ranges from 22 to 28 million Btu per ton on a moist, mineral-matter-free basis. The heat content of anthracite coal consumed in the United States averages 25 million Btu per ton, on the as-received basis (i.e., containing both inherent moisture and mineral matter). Note: Since the 1980s anthracite refuse or mine waste has been used for steam-electric power generation. This fuel typically has a heat content of 15 million Btu per ton or less.

Anthracite Culm: Waste from Pennsylvania anthracite preparation plants, consisting of coarse rock fragments containing as much as 30 percent small-sized coal; sometimes defined as including very fine coal particles called silt. Its heat value ranges from 8 to 17 million Btu per short ton.

Asphalt: A dark-brown-to-black cement-like material containing bitumens as the predominant constituents obtained by petroleum processing. The definition includes crude asphalt as well as the following finished products: cements, fluxes, the asphalt content of emulsions (exclusive of water), and petroleum distillates blended with asphalt to make cutback asphalts.

ASTM: The American Society for Testing and Materials.

Aviation Gasoline Blending Components: Naphthas that are used for blending or compounding into finished aviation gasoline (e.g., straight-run gasoline, alkylate, and reformate). Excludes oxygenates (alcohols and ethers), butane, and pentanes plus.

Aviation Gasoline, Finished: All special grades of gasoline used in aviation reciprocating engines, as given in ASTM Specification D910 and Military Specification MIL-G-5572. Excludes blending components that will be used in blending or compounding into finished aviation gasoline.

Barrel (petroleum): A unit of volume equal to 42 U.S. gallons.

Base (Cushion) Gas: The volume of gas needed as a permanent inventory to maintain adequate underground storage reservoir pressures and deliverability rates throughout the withdrawal season. All native gas is included in the base gas volume.

Bituminous Coal: A dense, black coal, often with well-defined bands of bright and dull material. Bituminous coal is the most abundant coal in active U.S. mining regions. It is used primarily as fuel in

steam-electric power generation, with substantial quantities also used for heat and power applications in manufacturing and to make coke. Its moisture content usually is less than 20 percent. The heat content of bituminous coal ranges from 21 to 30 million Btu per ton on a moist, mineral-matter-free basis. The heat content of bituminous coal consumed in the United States averages 24 million Btu per ton, on the as-received basis (i.e., containing both inherent moisture and mineral matter).

British Thermal Unit (Btu): The quantity of heat needed to raise the temperature of 1 pound of water by 1° F at or near 39.2° F. See **Heat Content of a Quantity of Fuel, Gross** and **Heat Content of a Quantity of Fuel, Net**.

Bunker Oil: Fuels supplied to ships and aircraft in international transportation, irrespective of the flag of the carrier, consisting primarily of residual, distillate, and jet fuel oils.

Butane: A normally gaseous straight-chain or branched-chain hydrocarbon (C_4H_{10}). It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams. It includes isobutane and normal butane and is designated in ASTM Specification D1835 and Gas Processors Association Specifications for commercial butane.

- *Isobutane:* A normally gaseous branched-chain hydrocarbon. It is a colorless paraffinic gas that boils at a temperature of 10.9° F. It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams.
- *Normal Butane*: A normally gaseous straight-chain hydrocarbon. It is a colorless paraffinic gas that boils at a temperature of 31.1° F. It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams.

Butylene: An olefinic hydrocarbon (C_4H_8) recovered from refinery processes.

Capacity Factor: The ratio of the electrical energy produced by a generating unit for a given period of time to the electrical energy that could have been produced at continuous full-power operation during the same period.

Chained Dollars: A measure used to express real prices. Real prices are those that have been adjusted to remove the effect of changes in the purchasing power of the dollar; they usually reflect buying power relative to a reference year. Prior to 1996, real prices were expressed in constant dollars, a measure based on the weights of goods and services in a single year, usually a recent year. In 1996, the U.S. Department of Commerce introduced the chained-dollar measure. The new measure is based on the average weights of goods and services in successive pairs of years. It is "chained" because the second year in each pair, with its weights, becomes the first year of the next pair. The advantage of using the chained-dollar measure is that it is more closely related to any given period and is therefore subject to less distortion over time.

CIF: See Cost, Insurance, Freight.

City Gate: A point or measuring station at which a distribution gas utility receives gas from a natural gas pipeline company or transmission system.

Coal: A readily combustible black or brownish-black rock whose composition, including inherent moisture, consists of more than 50 percent by weight and more than 70 percent by volume of carbonaceous material. It is formed from plant remains that have been compacted, hardened, chemically altered, and metamorphosed by heat and pressure over geologic time.

Coal Coke: See Coke, Coal.

Coal Rank: The classification of coals according to their degree of progressive alteration from lignite to anthracite. In the U.S. classification, the ranks include lignite, subbituminous coal, bituminous coal, and anthracite, and are based on fixed carbon, volatile matter, heating value, and agglomerating (or caking) properties.

Coal Stocks: Coal quantities that are held in storage for future use and disposition. Note: When coal data are collected for a particular reporting period (month, quarter, or year), coal stocks are commonly measured as of the last day of the period.

Cogenerator: A generating facility that produces electricity and another form of useful thermal energy (such as heat or steam) used for industrial, commercial, heating, or cooling purposes. See **Nonutility Power Producers.**

Coke, Coal: A solid carbonaceous residue derived from low-ash, low-sulfur bituminous coal from which the volatile constituents are driven off by baking in an oven at temperatures as high as 2,000° F so that the fixed carbon and residual ash are fused together. Coke is used as a fuel and as a reducing agent in smelting iron ore in a blast furnace. Coke (coal) has a heating value of 24.8 million Btu per ton.

Coke, Petroleum: A residue high in carbon content and low in hydrogen that is the final product of thermal decomposition in the condensation process in cracking. This product is reported as marketable coke or catalyst coke. The conversion is 5 barrels (42 U.S. gallons each) per short ton. Coke (petroleum) has a heating value of 6.024 million Btu per barrel.

Coking Coal: Bituminous coal suitable for making coke. See **Coke**, **Coal**.

Commercial Sector: Defined economically, consists of business establishments that are not engaged in transportation or in manufacturing or other types of industrial activity (agriculture, mining, or construction). Commercial establishments include hotels, motels, restaurants, wholesale businesses, retail stores, laundries, and other service enterprises; religious and nonprofit organizations; health, social, and educational institutions; and Federal, State, and local governments. Street lights, pumps, bridges, and public services are also included if the establishment operating them is considered commercial.

Completion: The installation of permanent equipment for the production of oil or gas. If a well is equipped to produce only oil or gas from one zone or reservoir,

the definition of a well (classified as an oil well or gas well) and the definition of a completion are identical. However, if a well is equipped to produce oil and/or gas separately from more than one reservoir, a well is not synonymous with a completion.

Constant Dollars: See Chained Dollars.

Conventional Gasoline: Finished motor gasoline not included in the oxygenated or reformulated gasoline categories. Note: This category excludes reformulated gasoline blendstock for oxygenate blending (RBOB) as well as other blendstock.

Conversion Factor: A number that translates units of one system into corresponding values of another system. Conversion factors can be used to translate physical units of measure for various fuels into Btu equivalents.

Cost, Insurance, Freight (CIF): A type of sale in which the buyer of the product agrees to pay a unit price that includes the f.o.b. value of the product at the point of origin plus all costs of insurance and transportation. This type of transaction differs from a "delivered" purchase in that the buyer accepts the quantity as determined at the loading port (as certified by the Bill of Loading and Quality Report) rather than paying on the basis of the quantity and quality ascertained at the unloading port. It is similar to the terms of an f.o.b. sale, except that the seller, as a service for which he is compensated, arranges for transportation and insurance.

Crude Oil: A mixture of hydrocarbons that exists in liquid phase in natural underground reservoirs and remains liquid at atmospheric pressure after passing through surface separating facilities. Crude oil may also include: (1) Small amounts of hydrocarbons that exist in the gaseous phase in natural underground reservoirs but are liquid at atmospheric pressure after being recovered from oil well (casinghead) gas in lease separators and that subsequently are commingled with the crude stream without being separately measured. (2) Small amounts of nonhydrocarbons produced with the oil, such as sulfur and other compounds. Note: In reporting crude oil data at various stages of the petroleum supply stream, EIA survey programs have definitional variations due to whether associated products or materials are counted with crude oil. Some products and other materials are either mixed with the crude oil and cannot be separately measured or they are logically associated with crude oil for accounting purposes. Crude oil reserves data contain separate estimates for lease condensate, whereas crude oil supply data include lease condensate. Crude oil supply data also include liquid hydrocarbons produced from tar sands, gilsonite, and oil shale.

Crude Oil f.o.b. Price: The crude oil price actually charged at the oil-producing country's port of loading. Includes deductions for any rebates and discounts or additions of premiums, where applicable. It is the actual price paid with no adjustment for credit terms.

Crude Oil (Including Lease Condensate): A mixture of hydrocarbons that exists in liquid phase in underground reservoirs and remains liquid at atmospheric pressure after passing through surface separating facilities. Included are lease condensate and liquid hydrocarbons produced from tar sands, gilsonite, and oil shale. Drip gases are also included, but topped crude oil (residual oil) and other unfinished oils are excluded. Where identifiable, liquids produced at natural gas processing plants and mixed with crude oil are likewise excluded.

Crude Oil Landed Cost: The price of crude oil at the port of discharge, including charges associated with the purchase, transporting, and insuring of a cargo from the purchase point to the port of discharge. The cost does not include charges incurred at the discharge port (e.g., import tariffs or fees, wharfage charges, and demurrage).

Crude Oil Refinery Input: The total crude oil put into processing units at refineries.

Crude Oil Stocks: Stocks of crude oil and lease condensate held at refineries, in pipelines, at pipeline terminals, and on leases.

Crude Oil Used Directly: Crude oil consumed as fuel by crude oil pipelines and on crude oil leases.

Cubic Foot (natural gas): A unit of volume equal to 1 cubic foot at a pressure base of 14.73 pounds standard per square inch absolute and a temperature base of 60° F.

Degree-Day Normals: Simple arithmetic averages of monthly or annual degree-days over a long period of time (usually the 30-year period 1961-1990). The averages may be simple degree-day normals or population-weighted degree-day normals.

Degree-Days, Cooling (CDD): The number of degrees per day that the daily average temperature is above 65° F. The daily average temperature is the mean of the maximum and minimum temperatures for a 24-hour period.

Degree-Days, Heating (HDD): The number of degrees per day that the daily average temperature is below 65° F. The daily average temperature is the mean of the maximum and minimum temperatures for a 24-hour period.

Degree-Days, Population-Weighted: Heating or cooling degree-days weighted by the population of the area in which the degree-days are recorded. To compute State population-weighted degree-days, each State is divided into from one to nine climatically homogeneous divisions, which are assigned weights based on the ratio of the population of the division to the total population of the State. Degree-day readings for each division are multiplied by the corresponding population weight for each division and those products are then summed to arrive at the State populationweighted degree-day figure. To compute national population-weighted degree-days, the Nation is divided into nine Census regions, each comprising from three to eight States, which are assigned weights based on the ratio of the population of the region to the total population of the Nation. Degree-day readings for each region are multiplied by the corresponding population weight for each region and those products are then summed to arrive at the national population-weighted degree-day figure.

Design Electrical Rating, Net: The nominal net electrical output of a nuclear unit as specified by the electric utility for the purpose of plant design.

Development Well: A well drilled within the proved area of an oil or gas reservoir to the depth of a stratigraphic horizon known to be productive.

Distillate Fuel Oil: A general classification for one of the petroleum fractions produced in conventional distillation operations. Included are products known as No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 fuel oils and No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 diesel fuels. It is used primarily for space heating, onand off-highway diesel engine fuel (including railroad engine fuel and fuel for agricultural machinery), and electric power generation.

Dry Hole: An exploratory or development well found to be incapable of producing either oil or gas in sufficient quantities to justify completion as an oil or gas well.

Electrical System Energy Losses: The amount of energy lost during generation, transmission, and distribution of electricity, including plant and unaccounted-for uses.

Electricity Generation: The process of producing electric energy or transforming other forms of energy into electric energy. It is also the amount of electric energy produced or expressed in watthours (Wh).

Electricity Generation, Gross: The total amount of electric energy produced by the generating station or stations, measured at the generator terminals.

Electricity Generation, Net: Gross generation less electricity consumed at the generating plant for station use. Electricity required for pumping at pumped-storage plants is regarded as plant use and is deducted from gross generation.

Electricity Production: Net electricity (gross electricity output measured at generator terminals minus power plant use) generated by publicly and privately owned electric utilities. Excludes industrial electricity generation (except autogeneration of hydroelectric power).

Electricity Sales: The amount of kilowatthours sold in a given period of time; usually grouped by classes of service, such as residential, commercial, industrial, and other. "Other" sales include sales for public street and highway lighting and other sales to public authorities, sales to railroads and railways, and interdepartmental sales.

Electric Power Plant: A station containing prime movers, electric generators, and auxiliary equipment for converting mechanical, chemical, and/or fission energy into electric energy.

Electric Utility: A corporation, person, agency, authority, or other legal entity or instrumentality that owns and/or operates facilities for the generation, transmission, distribution, or sale of electric energy, primarily for use by the public, and that files forms listed in the *Code of Federal Regulations*, Title 18, Part 141. Facilities that qualify as cogenerators or small power producers under the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act are not considered electric utilities.

Electric Utility Sector: Privately and publicly owned establishments that generate, transmit, distribute, or sell electricity primarily for use by the public and meet the definition of an electric utility. Nonutility power producers are not included in the electric utility sector.

End-Use Sectors: The residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation sectors of the economy.

Energy: The capacity for doing work as measured by the capability of doing work (potential energy) or the conversion of this capability to motion (kinetic energy). Energy has several forms, some of which are easily convertible and can be changed to another form useful for work. Most of the world's convertible energy comes from fossil fuels that are burned to produce heat that is then used as a transfer medium to mechanical or other means in order to accomplish tasks. Electrical energy is usually measured in kilowatthours, while heat energy is usually measured in British thermal units.

Energy Consumption: The use of energy as a source of heat or power or as an input in the manufacturing process.

Energy Consumption, End-Use: *Primary end-use energy consumption* is the sum of fossil fuel consumption by the four end-use sectors (residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation) and generation of hydroelectric power by nonelectric utilities. *Net end-use energy consumption* includes electric utility sales to those sectors but excludes electrical system energy losses. *Total end-use energy consumption* includes both electric utility sales to the four end-use sectors and electrical system energy losses.

Energy Consumption, Total: The sum of fossil fuel consumption by the five sectors (residential, commercial, industrial, transportation, and electric utility) plus hydroelectric power, nuclear electric power, net imports of coal coke, and electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.

Energy Source: A substance, such as petroleum, natural gas, or coal, that supplies heat or power. In Energy Information Administration reports, electricity and renewable forms of energy, such as biomass, geothermal, wind, and solar, are considered to be energy sources.

Ethane: A normally gaseous straight-chain hydrocarbon (C_2H_6). It is a colorless, paraffinic gas that boils at a temperature of -127.48° F. It is extracted from natural gas and refinery gas streams.

Ethanol: See Fuel Ethanol.

Ethylene: An olefinic hydrocarbon (C_2H_4) recovered from refinery processes or petrochemical processes.

Exploratory Well: A well drilled to find and produce oil or gas in an unproved area, to find a new reservoir in a field previously found to be productive of oil or gas in another reservoir, or to extend the limit of a known oil or gas reservoir.

Exports: Shipments of goods from the 50 States and the District of Columbia to foreign countries and to Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and other U.S. possessions and territories.

Extraction Loss: The reduction in volume of natural gas due to the removal of natural gas constituents, such as ethane, propane, and butane, at natural gas processing plants.

f.a.s.: See Free Alongside Ship.

Federal Energy Administration (FEA): A predecessor of the Energy Information Administration.

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC): The Federal agency with jurisdiction over interstate electricity sales, wholesale electric rates, hydroelectric licensing, natural gas pricing, oil pipeline rates, and gas pipeline certification. FERC is an independent regulatory agency within the Department of Energy and is the successor to the Federal Power Commission.

Federal Power Commission (FPC): The predecessor agency of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. The Federal Power Commission was created by an Act of Congress under the Federal Water Power Act on June 10, 1920. It was charged originally with regulating the electric power and natural gas industries. It was abolished on September 30, 1977, when the Department of Energy was created. Its functions were divided between the Department of Energy and the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, an independent regulatory agency.

First Purchase Price: The marketed first sales price of domestic crude oil, consistent with the removal price defined by the provisions of the Windfall Profits Tax on Domestic Crude Oil (Public Law 96-223, Sec. 4998 (c)).

Flared Natural Gas: Natural gas burned in flares on the base site or at gas processing plants.

f.o.b. See Free on Board.

Footage Drilled: Total footage for wells in various categories, as reported for any specified period, includes (1) the deepest total depth (length of well bores) of all wells drilled from the surface, (2) the total of all bypassed footage drilled in connection with reported wells, and (3) all new footage drilled for directional sidetrack wells. Footage reported for directional sidetrack wells does not include footage in the common bore, which is reported as footage for the original well. In the case of old wells drilled deeper, the reported footage is that which was drilled below the total depth of the old well.

Former U.S.S.R.: See U.S.S.R.

Fossil Fuel: Any naturally occurring organic fuel, such as petroleum, coal, and natural gas.

Fossil-Fueled Steam-Electric Power Plant: An electricity generation plant in which the prime mover is a turbine rotated by high-pressure steam produced in a boiler by heat from burning fossil fuels.

Free Alongside Ship (f.a.s.): The value of a commodity at the port of exportation, generally including the purchase price, plus all charges incurred in placing the commodity alongside the carrier at the port of exportation.

Free on Board (f.o.b.): A transaction whereby the seller makes the product available within an agreed-on period at a given port at a given price. It is the responsibility of the buyer to arrange for the transportation and insurance.

Fuel Ethanol: An anhydrous, denatured aliphatic alcohol (C_2H_5OH) intended for motor gasoline blending. See **Oxygenates.**

Full-Power Operation: Operation of a nuclear generating unit at 100 percent of its design capacity. Full-power operation precedes commercial operation.

Gasohol: A blend of finished motor gasoline containing 10 percent or less alcohol (generally ethanol but sometimes methanol). See **Oxygenated Gasoline**.

Gas-Turbine Electric Power Plant: A plant in which the prime mover is a gas turbine. A gas turbine typically consists of an axial-flow air compressor, one or more combustion chambers where liquid or gaseous fuel is burned and the hot gases expand to drive the generator and then are used to run the compressor.

Gas Well: A well completed for the production of natural gas from one or more gas zones or reservoirs. (Wells producing both crude oil and natural gas are classified as oil wells.)

Geothermal Energy: Energy from the internal heat of the Earth, which may be residual heat, friction heat, or a result of radioactive decay. The heat is found in rocks and fluids at various depths and can be extracted by drilling and/or pumping.

Gross Domestic Product (GDP): The total value of goods and services produced by labor and property located in the United States. As long as the labor and property are located in the United States, the supplier (that is, the workers and, for property, the owners) may be either U.S. residents or residents of foreign countries.

GT/IC: Gas turbine and internal combustion plants.

Heat Content of a Quantity of Fuel, Gross: The total amount of heat released when a fuel is burned. Coal, crude oil, and natural gas all include chemical compounds of carbon and hydrogen. When those fuels are burned, the carbon and hydrogen combine with oxygen in the air to produce carbon dioxide and water. Some of the energy released in burning goes into transforming the water into steam and is usually lost. The amount of heat spent in transforming the water into steam is counted as part of gross heat content but is not counted as part of net heat content. It is also referred to as the higher heating value. Btu conversion factors typically used in EIA represent gross heat content.

Heat Content of a Quantity of Fuel, Net: The amount of usable heat energy released when a fuel is burned under conditions similar to those in which it is normally used. Also referred to as the lower heating value. Btu conversion factors typically used in EIA represent gross heat content.

Heavy Oil: The fuel oils remaining after the lighter oils have been distilled off during the refining process. Except for start-up and flame stabilization, virtually all petroleum used in steam-electric power plants is heavy oil.

Hydrocarbon: An organic chemical compound of hydrogen and carbon in the gaseous, liquid, or solid phase. The molecular structure of hydrocarbon compounds varies from the simplest (methane, the primary constituent of natural gas) to the very heavy and very complex.

Hydroelectric Power: The production of electricity from the kinetic energy of falling water.

Hydroelectric Power Plant: A plant in which the turbine generators are driven by falling water.

Hydroelectric Pumped Storage: Hydroelectricity that is generated during peak load periods by using water previously pumped into an elevated storage reservoir during off-peak periods when excess generating capacity is available to do so. When additional generating capacity is needed, the water can be released from the reservoir through a conduit to turbine generators located in a power plant at a lower level.

Imports: Receipts of goods into the 50 States and the District of Columbia from foreign countries and from Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and other U.S. possessions and territories.

Independent Power Producer: Wholesale electricity producers (other than qualifying facilities under the Public Utilities Regulatory Policies Act of 1978) that are unaffiliated with franchised utilities in the area in which the independent power producers are selling power and that lack significant marketing power. Unlike traditional electric utilities, independent power producers do not possess transmission facilities that are essential to the customers and do not sell power in any retail service territory where they have a franchise. See **Nonutility Power Producer.**

Industrial Sector: Comprises manufacturing industries, which make up the largest part of the sector, along with mining, construction, agriculture, fisheries, and forestry. Establishments in this sector range from steel mills to small farms to companies assembling electronic components.

Injections (Natural Gas): Natural gas injected into storage reservoirs

Internal Combustion Electric Power Plant: A power plant in which the prime mover is an internal combustion engine. Diesel or gas-fired engines are the principal types used in electric power plants. The plant is usually operated during periods of high demand for electricity.

Isobutane: A normally gaseous branch-chain hydrocarbon. It is a colorless paraffinic gas that boils at a temperature of $10.9 \,^{\circ}$ F. It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams. See **Butane**.

Isobutylene: An olefinic hydrocarbon recovered from refinery processes or petrochemical processes.

Isopentane: A saturated branched-chain hydrocarbon obtained by fractionation of natural gasoline or isomerization of normal pentane.

Jet Fuel, Finished: A complex mixture of relatively volatile hydrocarbons with or without small quantities of additives, blended to form a fuel suitable for use in aviation reciprocating engines. Fuel specifications are provided in ASTM Specification D910 and Military Specification MIL-G-5572. Note: Data on blending components are not counted in data on finished aviation gasoline.

Jet Fuel, Kerosene-Type: A kerosene-based product with a maximum distillation temperature of 400° F at the 10-percent recovery point and a final maximum boiling point of 572° F. Fuel specifications are provided in ASTM Specification D 1655 and Military Specifications MIL-T-5624P and MIL-T-83133D (Grades JP-5 and JP-8). It is used primarily for commercial turbojet and turboprop aircraft engines.

Jet Fuel, Naphtha-Type: A fuel in the heavy naphtha boiling range, with an average gravity of 52.8 degrees API, 20 to 90 percent distillation temperatures of 290° to 470° F and meeting Military Specification MIL-T-5624L (Grade JP-4). It is used by the military for turbojet and turboprop engines.

Kerosene: A petroleum distillate having a maximum distillation temperature of 401° F at the 10-percent recovery point, a final boiling point of 572° F, and a minimum flash point of 100° F. Included are the two grades designated in ASTM D3699 (No. 1-K and No. 2-K) and all grades of kerosene called range or stove oil. Kerosene is used in space heaters, cook stoves, and water heaters; it is suitable for use as an illuminant when burned in wick lamps.

Kilowatthour (kWh): A measure of electricity defined as a unit of work or energy, measured as 1 kilowatt (1,000 watts) of power expended for 1 hour. One kilowatthour is equivalent to 3,412 Btu.

Landed Costs: The dollar-per-barrel price of crude oil at the port of discharge. Included are the charges associated with the purchase, transporting, and insuring of a cargo from the purchase point to the port of discharge. Not included are charges incurred at the discharge port (e.g., import tariffs or fees, wharfage charges, and demurrage charges).

Lease and Plant Fuel: Natural gas used in well, field, and lease operations (such as gas used in drilling operations, heaters, dehydrators, and field compressors) and used as fuel in natural gas processing plants.

Lease Condensate: A mixture consisting primarily of pentanes and heavier hydrocarbons, which is recovered as a liquid from natural gas in lease or field separation facilities. Note: This category excludes natural gas liquids, such as butane and propane, which are recovered at natural gas processing plants or facilities.

Light Oil: Lighter fuel oils distilled off during the refining process. Virtually all petroleum used in internal combustion and gas-turbine engines is light oil.

Lignite: The lowest rank of coal. Often referred to as brown coal, it is used almost exclusively as fuel for steam-electric power generation. It is brownish-black and has a high inherent moisture content, sometimes as high as 45 percent. The heat content of lignite ranges from 9 to 17 million Btu per ton on a moist, mineral-matter-free basis. The heat content of lignite consumed in the United States averages 14 million Btu per ton, on the as-received basis (i.e., containing both inherent moisture and mineral matter).

Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG): Natural gas (primarily methane) that has been liquefied by reducing its temperature to -260° F at atmospheric pressure.

Liquefied Petroleum Gases (LPG): Ethane, ethylene, propane, propylene, normal butane, butylene, and isobutane produced at refineries or natural gas processing plants, including plants that fractionate new natural gas plant liquids.

Low-Power Testing: The period of time between a nuclear generating unit's initial fuel loading date and

the issuance of its operating (full-power) license. The maximum level of operation during that period is 5 percent of the unit's design thermal rating.

Lubricants: Substances used to reduce friction between bearing surfaces or as process materials either incorporated into other materials used as processing aids in the manufacturing of other products or as carriers of other materials. Petroleum lubricants may be produced either from distillates or residues. Other substances may be added to impart or improve certain required properties. Excluded are byproducts of lubricating oil refining, such as aromatic extracts derived from solvent extraction or tars derived from deasphalting. Included are all grades of lubricating oils from spindle oil to cylinder oil and those used in greases. Lubricant categories are paraffinic and naphthenic.

Marketed Production: Gross withdrawals less gas used for repressuring, quantities vented and flared, and nonhydrocarbon gases removed in treating or processing operations. Includes all quantities of gas used in field and processing operations.

Metallurgical Coal: Coking coal and pulverized coal consumed in making steel.

Methane: A hydrocarbon gas (CH_4) that is the principal constituent of natural gas.

Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether: An ether, (CH₃)₃COCH₃, intended for motor gasoline blending. See Oxygenates.

Methanol: A light, volatile alcohol (CH₃OH) eligible for motor gasoline blending. See **Oxygenates.**

Miscellaneous Petroleum Products: All finished petroleum products not classified elsewhere—for example, petrolatum, lube refining byproducts (aromatic extracts and tars), absorption oils, ram-jet fuel, petroleum rocket fuels, synthetic natural gas feedstocks, and specialty oils.

Motor Gasoline (Finished): A complex mixture of relatively volatile hydrocarbons with or without small quantities of additives, blended to form a fuel suitable for use in spark-ignition engines. Motor gasoline, as defined in ASTM Specification D-4814 or Federal Specification VV-G-1690C, is characterized as having a boiling range of 122° to 158° at the 10-percent recovery point to 365° to 374° at the 90-percent recovery point. "Motor Gasoline" includes conventional gasoline, all types of oxygenated gasoline including gasohol, and reformulated gasoline, but excludes aviation gasoline. Note: Data on blending components, as well as oxygenates, are not counted in data on finished motor gasoline.

Motor Gasoline Blending: Mechanical mixing of motor gasoline blending components and oxygenates as required, to produce finished motor gasoline. Finished motor gasoline may be further mixed with other motor gasoline blending components or oxygenates, resulting in increased volumes of finished motor gasoline and/or changes in the formulation of finished motor gasoline (e.g., conventional motor gasoline mixed with MTBE to produce oxygenated motor gasoline).

Motor Gasoline Blending Components: Naphthas (e.g., straight-run gasoline, alkylate, reformate, benzene, toluene, xylene) used for blending or compounding into finished motor gasoline. These components include reformulated gasoline blendstock for oxygenate blending (RBOB) but exclude oxygenates (alcohols, ethers), butane, and pentanes plus. Note: Oxygenates are reported as individual components and are included in the total for other hydrocarbons, hydrogens, and oxygenates.

Motor Gasoline Grades: The classification of gasoline by octane ratings. Each type of gasoline (Conventional, Oxygenated, and Reformulated) is classified by three grades - Regular, Midgrade, and Premium. Note: Gasoline sales are reported by grade in accordance with their classification at the time of sale. In general, automotive octane requirements are lower at high altitudes. Therefore, in some areas of the United States, such as the Rocky Mountain States, the octane ratings for the gasoline grades may be 2 or more octane points lower.

Motor Gasoline, Midgrade: Gasoline having an antiknock index, i.e., octane rating, greater than or equal to 88 and less than or equal to 90. Note: Octane requirements may vary by altitude. See Motor Gasoline Grades.

Premium Gasoline: Gasoline having an antiknock index, i.e., octane rating, greater than 90. Note: Octane requirements may vary by altitude. See **Motor Gasoline Grades.**

Motor Gasoline, Reformulated: Finished motor gasoline formulated for use in motor vehicles, the composition and properties of which meet the requirements of the reformulated gasoline regulations promulgated by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency under Section 211(k) of the Clean Air Act. Note: This category includes oxygenated fuels program reformulated gasoline (OPRG) but excludes reformulated gasoline blendstock for oxygenate blending (RBOB).

Regular Gasoline: Gasoline having an antiknock index, i.e., octane rating, greater than or equal to 85 and less than 88. Note: Octane requirements may vary by altitude. See **Motor Gasoline Grades.**

Motor Gasoline Retail Prices: Motor gasoline prices calculated each month by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) in conjunction with the construction of the Consumer Price Index (CPI). Those prices are collected in 85 urban areas selected to represent all urban consumers—about 80 percent of the total U.S. population. The service stations are selected initially, and on a replacement basis, in such a way that they represent the purchasing habits of the CPI population. Service stations in the current sample include those providing all types of service (i.e., full-, mini-, and self-service).

Motor Gasoline, Total: For stock level data, a sum including finished motor gasoline stocks plus stocks of motor gasoline blending components but excluding stocks of oxygenates.

MTBE: See Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether.

Nameplate Capacity: The maximum design production capacity specified by the manufacturer of a processing unit or the maximum amount of a product that can be produced running the manufacturing unit at full capacity.

Naphtha: A genetic term applied to a petroleum fraction with an approximate boiling range between 122 and 400° F.

Natural Gas: A mixture of hydrocarbons (principally methane) and small quantities of various nonhydrocarbons existing in the gaseous phase or in solution with crude oil in underground reservoirs.

Natural Gas, Dry: The marketable portion of natural gas production, which is obtained by subtracting extraction losses, including natural gas liquids removed at natural gas processing plants, from total production.

Natural Gas Marketed Production: Gross withdrawals of natural gas from production reservoirs, less gas used for reservoir repressuring; nonhydrocarbon gases removed in treating and processing operations; and quantities vented and flared.

Natural Gas Wellhead Price: The wellhead price of natural gas is calculated by dividing the total reported value at the wellhead by the total quantity produced as reported by the appropriate agencies of individual producing States and the U.S. Minerals Management Service. The price includes all costs prior to shipment from the lease, including gathering and compression costs, in addition to State production, severance, and similar charges.

Natural Gasoline: A mixture of hydrocarbons (mostly pentanes and heavier) extracted from natural gas that meets vapor pressure, end-point, and other specifications for natural gasoline set by the Gas Processors Association. Includes isopentane, which is a saturated branch-chain hydrocarbon obtained by fractionation of natural gasoline or isomerization of normal pentane.

Net Summer Capability: The steady hourly output that generating equipment is expected to supply to system load, exclusive of auxiliary power, as demonstrated by testing at the time of summer peak demand.

Neutral Zone: A 6,200 square-mile area shared equally between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia under a 1992 agreement. The Neutral Zone contains an estimated 5 billion barrels of oil and 8 trillion cubic feet of natural gas.

Nonhydrocarbon Gases: Typical nonhydrocarbon gases that may be present in reservoir natural gas are carbon dioxide, helium, hydrogen sulfide, and nitrogen.

Nonutility Power Producer: A corporation, person, agency, authority, or other legal entity of instrumentality that owns electric generating capacity and is not an electric utility. Nonutility producers include qualifying cogenerators, qualifying small power producers, and other nonutility generators (including independent power producers) without a designated, franchised, service area that do not file forms listed in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 18, Part 141. See Cogenerator; Independent Power Producer; and Small Power Producer.

Nuclear Electric Power: Electricity generated by an electric power plant whose turbines are driven by steam generated in a reactor by heat from the fissioning of nuclear fuel.

Nuclear Electric Power Plant: A single-unit or multiunit facility in which heat produced in one or more reactors by the fissioning of nuclear fuel is used to drive one or more steam turbines. **Nuclear Reactor:** An apparatus in which the nuclear fission chain can be initiated, maintained, and controlled so that energy is released at a specific rate. The reactor includes fissionable material (fuel), such as uranium or plutonium; fertile material; moderating material (unless it is a fast reactor); a heavy-walled pressure vessel; shielding to protect personnel; provision for heat removal; and control elements and instrumentation.

Octane Rating: A number used to indicate gasoline's antiknock performance in motor vehicle engines. The two recognized laboratory engine test methods for determining the antiknock rating of gasolines are the Research method and the Motor method. To provide a single number as guidance to the consumer, the antiknock index (R + M)/2, which is the average of the Research and Motor octane numbers, was developed.

Offshore: That geographic area that lies seaward of the coastline. In general, the coastline is the line of ordinary low water along with that portion of the coast that is in direct contact with the open sea or the line marking the seaward limit of inland water.

Oil: See Crude Oil.

Oil Well: A well completed for the production of crude oil from one or more oil zones or reservoirs. Wells producing both crude oil and natural gas are classified as oil wells.

Operable Unit (Nuclear): In the United States, a nuclear generating unit that has completed low-power testing and been issued a full-power operating license by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, or equivalent permission to operate.

Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD): Members are Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Faroe Islands, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Greenland, Hawaiian Trade Zone, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Mexico, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, United Kingdom, and United States and its territories (Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands). In addition, Czech Republic, Hungary, Poland, and South Korea joined the OECD in 1996.

Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (**OPEC**): Countries that have organized for the purpose of negotiating with oil companies on matters of oil production, prices, and future concession rights. Current members are Algeria, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela.

Oxygenated Gasoline: Finished motor gasoline having an oxygen content of 1.8 percent or higher, by weight. This product is required by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to be sold in areas with higher-than-acceptable levels of carbon monoxide (CO), i.e., "nonattainment areas". These nonattainment areas are identified by EPA on the basis of detailed CO measurements and States are required to submit plans to improve air quality [State Implementation Plans (SIP)]. Such a program may, at the State's discretion, address an area larger than its officially-designated nonattainment area(s). Note: For data on sales of oxygenated gasoline, any gasoline meeting the oxygen content specification and intended

for use within the area designated by a SIP is counted as oxygenated gasoline. For data on production and supply of oxygenated gasoline, gasohol is included in the oxygenated gasoline category, regardless of where it is sold. Oxygenated gasoline excludes reformulated gasoline, oxygenated fuels program reformulated gasoline (OPRG), and reformulated gasoline blendstock for oxygenated blending (RBOB).

Oxygenates: Substances which, when added to gasoline, increase the amount of oxygen in that gasoline blend. Ethanol, MTBE, and methanol are common oxygenates.

PAD Districts: Petroleum Administration for Defense Districts. Geographic aggregations of the 50 states and the District of Columbia into five districts for the Petroleum Administration for Defense in 1950. The districts were originally instituted for economic and geographic reasons as Petroleum Administration for War (PAW) Districts, which were established in 1942.

Pentanes Plus: A mixture of hydrocarbons, mostly pentanes and heavier, extracted from natural gas. Includes isopentane, natural gasoline, and plant condensate.

Petrochemical Feedstocks: Chemical feedstocks derived from petroleum principally for the manufacture of chemicals, synthetic rubber, and a variety of plastics.

Petroleum: A generic term applied to oil and oil products in all forms, such as crude oil, lease condensate, unfinished oils, petroleum products, natural gas plant liquids, and nonhydrocarbon compounds blended into finished petroleum products.

Petroleum Coke: See Coke, Petroleum.

Petroleum Coke, Catalyst: The carbonaceous residue that is deposited on and deactivates the catalyst used in many catalytic operations (e.g., catalytic cracking). Carbon is deposited on the catalyst, thus deactivating the catalyst. The catalyst is reactivated by burning off the carbon, which is used as a fuel in the refining process. That carbon or coke is not recoverable in a concentrated form.

Petroleum Coke, Marketable: Those grades of coke produced in delayed or fluid cokers that may be recovered as relatively pure carbon. Marketable petroleum coke may be sold as is or may be further purified by calcining.

Petroleum Consumption: The sum of all refined petroleum products supplied. For each refined petroleum product, the amount supplied is calculated by adding production and imports, then subtracting changes in primary stocks (net withdrawals are a plus quantity and net additions are a minus quantity) and exports.

Petroleum Imports: Imports of petroleum into the 50 States and the District of Columbia from foreign countries and from Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and other U.S. territories and possessions. Included are imports for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve and withdrawals from bonded warehouses for onshore consumption, offshore bunker use, and military use. Excluded are receipts of foreign petroleum into bonded warehouses and into U.S. territories and U.S. Foreign Trade Zones.

Petroleum Products: Products obtained from the processing of crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas, and other hydrocarbon compounds. Petroleum products include unfinished oils, liquefied petroleum gases, pentanes plus, aviation gasoline, motor gasoline, naphtha-type jet fuel, kerosene-type jet fuel, kerosene, distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, petrochemical feedstocks, special naphthas, lubricants, waxes, petroleum coke, asphalt, road oil, still gas, and miscellaneous products.

Petroleum Products Supplied: An approximate measure of consumption. It measures the disappearance of the products from primary sources, i.e., refineries, blending plants, and bulk terminals. In general, products supplied in any given period is computed as follows: field production, plus imports, plus unaccounted-for crude oil (plus net receipts when calculated on a PAD District basis) minus stock change, minus crude oil losses, minus refinery inputs, and minus exports. See also **Petroleum Consumption**.

Petroleum Stocks, Primary: For individual products, quantities that are held at refineries, in pipelines, and at bulk terminals that have a capacity of 50,000 barrels or more, or that are in transit thereto. Stocks held by product retailers and resellers, as well as tertiary stocks held at the point of consumption, are excluded. Stocks of individual products held at gas processing plants are excluded from individual product estimates but are included in other oils estimates and total.

Photovoltaic Energy: Direct-current electricity generated from sunlight through solid-state semiconductor devices that have no moving parts.

Pipeline Fuel: Gas consumed in the operation of pipelines, primarily in compressors.

Plant Condensate: One of the natural gas liquids, mostly pentanes and heavier hydrocarbons, recovered and separated as liquid at gas inlet separators or scrubbers in processing plants.

Prime Mover: The engine, turbine, water wheel, or similar machine that drives an electric generator; or, for reporting purposes, a device that converts energy to electricity directly.

Primary Consumption: See Energy Consumption, End-Use.

Propane: A normally gaseous straight-chain hydrocarbon (C_3H_8). It is a colorless paraffinic gas that boils at a temperature of -43.67° F. It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams. It includes all products designated in ASTM Specification D1835 and Gas Processors Association Specifications for commercial propane and HD-5 propane.

Propylene: An olefinic hydrocarbon (C_3H_6) recovered from refinery or petrochemical processes.

Pumped Storage: See Hydroelectric Pumped Storage.

Refiner Acquisition Cost of Crude Oil: The cost of crude oil to the refiner, including transportation and fees. The composite cost is the weighted average of domestic and imported crude oil costs.

Refinery (petroleum): An installation that manufactures finished petroleum products from crude oil, unfinished oils, natural gas liquids, other hydrocarbons, and alcohol.

Renewable Energy: Energy obtained from sources that are essentially inexhaustible (unlike, for example,

the fossil fuels, of which there is a finite supply). Renewable sources of energy include wood, waste, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.

Repressuring: The injection of a pressurized fluid (such as air, gas, or water) into oil and gas reservoir formations to effect greater ultimate recovery.

Residential Sector: Consists of all private residences, whether occupied or vacant, owned or rented, including single-family homes, multifamily housing units, and mobile homes. Secondary homes, such as summer homes, are also included. Institutional housing, such as school dormitories, hospitals, and military barracks, generally are not included in the residential sector; they are included in the commercial sector.

Residual Fuel Oil: The heavier oils that remain after the distillate fuel oils and lighter hydrocarbons are distilled away in refinery operations and that conform to ASTM Specifications D396 and 975. Included are No. 5, a residual fuel oil of medium viscosity; Navy Special, for use in steam-powered vessels in government service and in shore power plants; and No. 6, which includes Bunker C fuel oil and is used for commercial and industrial heating, for electricity generation, and to power ships. Imports of residual fuel oil include imported crude oil burned as fuel.

Road Oil: Any heavy petroleum oil, including residual asphaltic oil used as a dust palliative and surface treatment on roads and highways. It is generally produced in six grades, from 0, the most liquid, to 5, the most viscous.

Rotary Rig: A machine used for drilling wells that employs a rotating tube attached to a bit for boring holes through rock.

Short Ton (coal): A unit of weight equal to 2,000 pounds.

SIC: See Standard Industrial Classification.

Small Power Producer: Under the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act, a small power production facility (small power producer) generates electricity by using waste or renewable energy (biomass, conventional hydroelectric, wind, solar, and geothermal) as a primary energy source. Fossil fuels can be used, but renewable resources must provide at least 75 percent of the total energy input. See **Nonutility Power Producer.**

Solar Energy: Electricity produced from solar energy that heats a medium that powers the electricity-generating device.

Special Naphthas: All finished products within the naphtha boiling ranges that are used as paint thinner, cleaners or solvents. Those products are refined to a specified flash point. Special naphthas include all commercial hexane and cleaning solvents conforming to ASTM Specifications D1836 and D484, respectively. Naphthas to be blended or marketed as motor gasoline or aviation gasoline, or that are to be used as petrochemical and synthetic natural gas (SNG) feedstocks, are excluded.

Spent Liquor: The liquid residue left after an industrial process; can be a component of waste materials used as fuel.

Standard Industrial Classification (SIC): A set of codes developed by the Office of Management and

Budget which categorizes industries into groups with similar economic activities.

Startup Test Phase of Nuclear Power Plant: A nuclear power plant that has been licensed by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission to operate but is still in the initial testing phase, during which the production of electricity may not be continuous. In general, when the electric utility is satisfied with the plant's performance, it formally accepts the plant from the manufacturer and places it in commercial operation status. A request is then submitted to the appropriate utility rate commission to include the power plant in the rate base calculation.

Steam Coal: All nonmetallurgical coal.

Steam-Electric Power Plant: A plant in which the prime mover is a steam turbine. The steam used to drive the turbine is produced in a boiler where fossil fuels are burned.

Still Gas (Refinery Gas): Any form or mixture of gas produced in refineries by distillation, cracking, reforming, and other processes. The principal constituents are methane, ethane, ethylene, normal butane, butylene, propane, and propylene. It is used primarily as refinery fuel and petrochemical feedstock.

Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR): Petroleum stocks maintained by the Federal Government for use during periods of major supply interruption.

Subbituminous Coal: A coal that ranges in properties from those of lignite to those of bituminous coal. It may be dull, dark brown or black, soft and crumbly, at the lower end of the range, to bright, jet black, hard, and relatively strong, at the upper end. It is used primarily as fuel for steam-electric power generation. Subbituminous coal contains 20 to 30 percent inherent moisture by weight. The heat content of subbituminous coal ranges from 17 to 24 million Btu per ton on a moist, mineral-matter-free basis. The heat content of subbituminous coal consumed in the United States averages 18 million Btu per ton, on the as-received basis (i.e., containing both inherent moisture and mineral matter).

Supplemental Gaseous Fuels: Any gaseous substance that, introduced into or commingled with natural gas, increases the volume available for disposition. Such substances include, but are not limited to, propane-air, refinery gas, coke oven gas, still gas, manufactured gas, biomass gas, or air or inert gases added for Btu stabilization.

Synthetic Natural Gas (SNG): A manufactured product chemically similar in most respects to natural gas, resulting from the conversion or reforming of petroleum hydrocarbons. It may easily be substituted for, or interchanged with, pipeline quality natural gas. Also referred to as substitute natural gas.

Terawatthours: Billion kilowatthours.

Thermal Conversion Factor: See Conversion Factor.

Total Consumption: See Energy Consumption, End-Use.

Transportation Sector: Consists of private and public vehicles that move people and commodities. Included are automobiles, trucks, buses, motorcycles,

railroads and railways (including streetcars), aircraft, ships, barges, and natural gas pipelines.

Unaccounted-for Crude Oil: Arithmetic difference between the calculated supply and the calculated disposition of crude oil. The calculated supply is the sum of crude oil production and imports, less changes in crude oil stocks. The calculated disposition of crude oil is the sum of crude oil input to refineries, crude oil exports, crude oil burned as fuel, and crude oil losses.

Unfinished Oils: All oils requiring further refinery processing expect those requiring only mechanical blending. Includes naphthas and lighter oils, kerosene and light gas oils, heavy gas oils and residuum.

Unfractionated Stream: Mixtures of unsegregated natural gas liquid components, excluding those in plant condensate. This product is extracted from natural gas.

Underground Storage: The storage of natural gas in underground reservoirs at a different location from which it was produced.

United States: Unless otherwise noted, "United States" in this publication means the 50 States and the District of Columbia. U.S. exports include shipments to U.S. territories, and imports include receipts from U.S. territories.

U.S.S.R.: The Union of Soviet Socialist Republics consisted of 15 constituent republics: Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Estonia, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Moldova, Russia, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, and Uzbekistan. As a political entity, the U.S.S.R. ceased to exist as of December 31, 1991.

Vented Natural Gas: Gas released into the air on the base site or at processing plants.

Vessel Bunkering: Includes sales for the fueling of commercial or private boats, such as pleasure craft, fishing boats, tugboats, and ocean-going vessels, including vessels operated by oil companies. Excluded are volumes sold to the U.S. Armed Forces.

Waste Energy: Garbage, bagasse, sewerage gas, and other industrial, agricultural, and urban refuse used to generate electricity.

Waxes: Solid or semisolid material derived from petroleum distillates or residues. Waxes are light-colored, more or less translucent crystalline masses, slightly greasy to the touch, consisting of a mixture of solid hydrocarbons in which the paraffin series predominates. Included are all marketable waxes, whether crude scale or fully refined. Waxes are used primarily as industrial coating for surface protection.

Wellhead Price: The value of crude oil or natural gas at the mouth of the well.

Well Servicing Unit: Truck-mounted equipment generally used for downhole services after a well is drilled. Services include well and recompletions, maintenance, repairs, workovers, and well plugging and abandonments. Jobs range from minor operations, such as pulling the rods and rod pumps out of an oil well, replacing the pump and rerunning the assemblage into the well, to major workovers, such as milling out and repairing collapsed casing. Well depth and characteristics determine the type of equipment used. **Wind Energy:** The kinetic energy of wind converted into mechanical energy by wind turbines (e.g., blades rotating from a hub) that drive generators to produce electricity.

Withdrawals (Natural Gas): Total volume of gas withdrawn during the applicable reporting period.

Wood Energy: Wood and wood products used as fuel, including round wood (cord wood), limb wood, wood

chips, bark, sawdust, forest residues, charcoal, pulp waste, and spent pulping liquor.

Working Gas: The gas in a reservoir that is in addition to the base (cushion) gas. It may or may not be completely withdrawn during any particular withdrawal season. Conditions permitting, the total working capacity could be used more than once during any given season.

Energy Plugs:

Impacts of the Kyoto Protocol Greenhouse Gas Emissions 1997