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Monthly Energy Review

Monthly Energy Review

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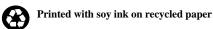
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February 1996

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Section 1. Energy Overview

Energy production during November 1995 totaled 5.6 quadrillion Btu, a 0.1-percent decrease from the level of production during November 1994. Coal production decreased 3.3 percent, production of natural gas increased 2.1 percent, and crude oil and natural gas plant liquids decreased 1.1 percent. All other forms of energy production combined were up 4.5 percent from the level of production during November 1994.

Energy consumption during November 1995 totaled 7.3 quadrillion Btu, 6.6 percent above the level of consumption during November 1994. Consumption of natural gas increased 11.0 percent, consumption of coal was up 8.1

percent, and petroleum products consumption rose 4.1 percent. Consumption of all other forms of energy combined increased 3.3 percent from the level 1 year earlier.

Net imports of energy during November 1995 totaled 1.5 quadrillion Btu, 0.2 percent above the level of net imports 1 year earlier. Net imports of natural gas were down 7.3 percent, and net imports of petroleum increased 4.4 percent. Net exports of coal rose 22.6 percent from the level in November 1994.

Table 1.1 Energy Summary for November 1995

(Quadrillion Btu)

		November		Cumulative January Through November					
	1995	1994	Percent Change ^a	1995	1995 Daily Rate	1994	1994 Daily Rate	Percent Change ^a	
Production ^b	5.550	5.557	-0.1	61.944	0.185	61.552	0.184	0.6	
Coal	1.792	1.853	-3.3	20.049	.060	20.184	.060	7	
Natural Gas (Dry)	1.588	1.555	2.1	17.576	.053	17.636	.053	3	
Crude Oilc and Natural Gas Plant Liquids	1.345	1.360	-1.1	14.892	.045	15.066	.045	-1.1	
Other ^d	.825	.790	4.5	9.426	.028	8.667	.026	8.8	
Consumption ^b	7.327	6.872	6.6	79.345	.238	77.887	.233	1.9	
Coal	1.625	1.503	8.1	18.014	.054	17.899	.054	.6	
Natural Gase	1.947	1.754	11.0	19.871	.059	19.191	.057	3.5	
Petroleum Products ^f	2.903	2.790	4.1	31.652	.095	31.685	.095	1	
Other ^g	.852	.825	3.3	9.808	.029	9.112	.027	7.6	
Net Imports	1.464	1.461	.2	16.413	.049	17.060	.051	-3.8	
Coal ^h	178	145	22.6	-1.926	006	-1.535	005	25.5	
Natural Gas	.196	.211	-7.3	2.382	.007	2.285	.007	4.3	
Petroleum ⁱ	1.420	1.360	4.4	15.575	.047	15.864	.047	-1.8	
Other ^j	.026	.035	-24.4	.382	.001	.446	.001	-14.3	

^a Based on daily rates prior to rounding.

h Minus sign indicates exports are greater than imports.

Sources: Tables 1.3, 1.4, and 1.5.

1

^b Due to a lack of consistent historical data, some renewable energy sources are not included. For example, in 1992, 3.0 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy consumed by U.S. electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution is included, but an estimated 3.0 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy used by other sectors is not included.

^c Includes lease condensate.

d "Other" is hydroelectric and nuclear electric power, and electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.

e Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

f Products obtained from the processing of crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas, and other hydrocarbon compounds.

^g "Other" is hydroelectric and nuclear electric power; electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy; and net imports of electricity and coal coke.

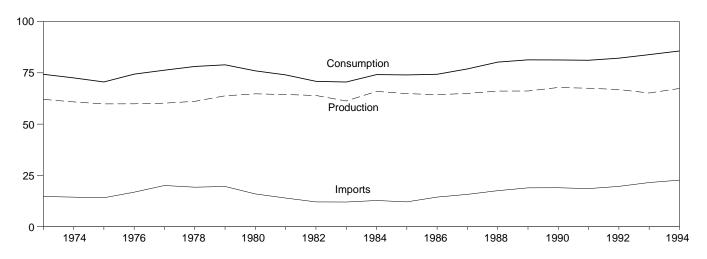
ⁱ Crude oil, lease condensate, petroleum products, pentanes plus, unfinished oils, gasoline blending components, and imports of crude oil for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

^j "Other" is net imports of electricity and coal coke.

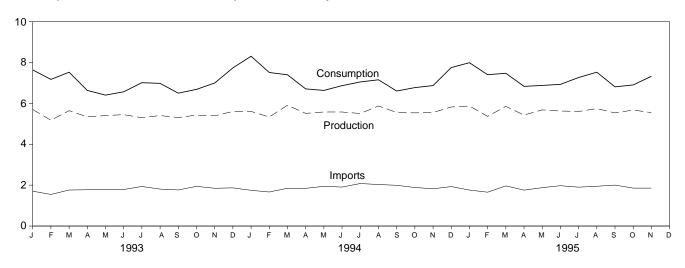
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Figure 1.1 Energy Overview

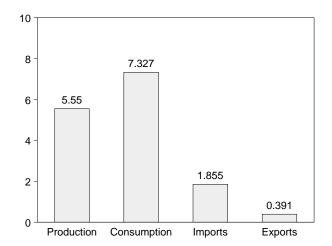
Consumption, Production, and Imports, 1973-1994



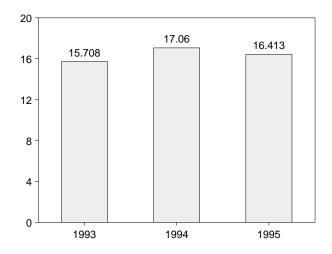
Consumption, Production, and Imports, Monthly



Overview, November 1995



Net Imports, January-November



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 1.2.

Table 1.2 Energy Overview

	Production ^a	Consumption ^{a,b}	Imports	Exports	Net Imports
77. T-1-1	00.000	74.000	44704	0.054	40.000
973 Total	62.060	74.282	14.731	2.051	12.680
74 Total	60.835	72.543	14.413	2.223	12.190
75 Total	59.860	70.546	14.111	2.359	11.752
976 Total	59.892	74.362	16.837	2.188	14.648
977 Total	60.219	76.288	20.090	2.071	18.019
978 Total	61.103	78.089	19.254	1.931	17.323
979 Total	63.801	78.898	19.616	2.870	16.746
980 Total	64.761	75.955	15.971	3.723	12.247
981 Total	64.421	73.990	13.975	4.329	9.646
982 Total	63.962	70.848	12.092	4.633	7.460
983 Total	61.279	70.524	12.027	3.717	8.310
984 Total	65.962	74.144	12.767	3.804	8.963
985 Total	64.871	73.981	12.103	4.231	7.872
986 Total	64.350	74.297	14.438	4.055	10.382
987 Total	64.952	76.894	15.764	3.853	11.911
988 Total	66.105	80.218	17.564	4.415	13.149
989 Total	66.129	81.325	18.947	4.765	14.181
990 Total	67.853	81.265	18.987	4.910	14.077
991 Total	67.484	81.116	18.577	5.220	13.357
992 Total	66.853	82.144	19.650	5.017	14.633
993 January	5.703	7.639	1.707	.399	1.308
February	5.180	7.174	1.545	.364	1.181
March	5.645	7.525	1.762	.347	1.414
April	5.342	6.635	1.775	.345	1.430
May	5.404	6.405	1.791	.382	1.408
June	5.450	6.568	1.786	.411	1.375
July	5.301	7.014	1.936	.376	1.560
August	5.406	6.980	1.807	.320	1.486
September	5.308	6.502	1.765	.339	1.426
October	5.428	6.686	1.941	.347	1.595
November	5.391	6.998	1.849	.324	1.524
December	5.607	7.737	1.867	.395	1.472
Total	65.163	83.862	21.530	4.350	17.180
204	5.000	0.000	4.740	007	
994 January	5.606	8.306	1.748	.307	1.441
February	5.335	7.512	1.666	.275	1.391
March	5.910	7.400	1.848	.349	1.498
April	5.512	6.709	1.845	.296	1.549
May	5.581	6.636	1.943	.326	1.617
June	5.579	6.869	1.906	.374	1.532
July	5.505	7.050	2.079	.329	1.751
August	5.875	7.155	2.032	.360	1.672
September	5.555	6.605	1.993	.366	1.627
		6.772	1.885	.363	1.522
October	5.537				
November	5.557	6.872	1.823	.362	1.461
December	5.825	7.754	1.931	.418	1.513
Total	67.378	85.641	22.697	4.125	18.573
995 January	^R 5.874	7.991	1.760	.361	1.399
February	^R 5.366	^R 7.404	1.656	.347	1.310
March	^R 5.854	7.474	1.964	.381	1.583
April	^R 5.429	6.833	1.757	.383	1.373
N.A.	R 5.683	6.880	1.877	.392	1.485
May	^R 5.627	R 6.932			
June	0.02 <i>1</i>	0.932 R 7.007	1.974	.396	1.578
July	R 5.605	^R 7.267	1.901	.357	1.545
August	^R 5.745	7.525	1.946	.363	1.582
September	^R 5.535	^R 6.809	2.003	.367	1.636
October	^R 5.675	^R 6.904	^R 1.855	.397	^R 1.458
November	5.550	7.327	1.855	.391	1.464
11-Month Total	61.944	79.345	20.548	4.135	16.413
004 44 Month Total	64 FEQ	77 007	20.767	2 707	47.000
994 11-Month Total 993 11-Month Total	61.552 50.556	77.887 76.125	20.767	3.707 3.955	17.060 15.708
ສສວ * V U	59.556	10.123	19.663	3.955	15.708

^a Due to a lack of consistent historical data, some renewable energy sources are not included. For example, in 1992, 3.0 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy consumed by U.S. electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution is included, but an estimated 3.0 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy used by other sectors is not included.

Forces in Europe; and adjustments to account for discrepancies between reporting systems.

R=Revised data.

energy used by other sectors is not included.

^b The sum of domestic energy production and net imports of energy does not equal domestic energy consumption. The difference is attributed to stock changes; losses and gains in conversion, transportation, and distribution; the addition of blending compounds; shipments of anthracite to U.S. Armed

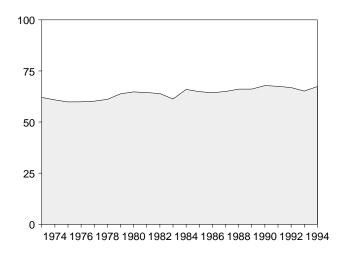
Notes: • For definitions, see Notes 1 through 4 at end of section.

<sup>Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.</sup>

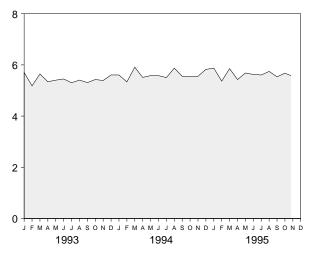
Sources: • Production: Table 1.3. • Consumption: Table 1.4. • Imports and Exports: Tables 3.1b, 4.2, 6.1, A2-A8, and Section 2, "Energy Consumption Notes and Sources," Notes 8 and 9. • Net Imports: Table 1.5.

Figure 1.2 Energy Production

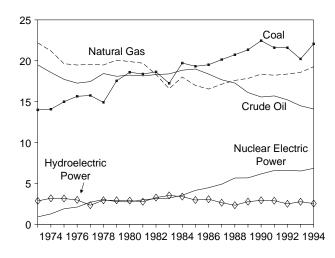
Total, 1973-1994



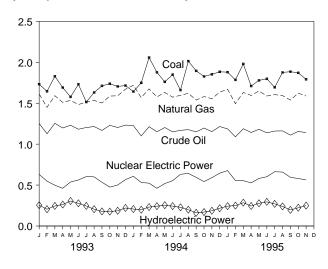
Total, Monthly



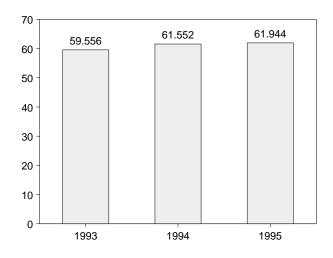
By Major Sources, 1973-1994



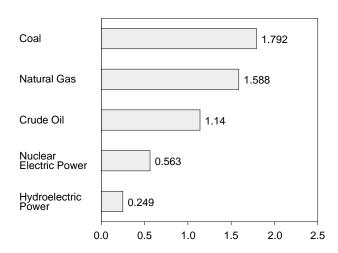
By Major Sources, Monthly



Total, January-November



By Major Sources, November 1995



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 1.3.

Table 1.3 Energy Production by Source

		Natural Gas	Crude	Natural Gas Plant	Nuclear Electric	Hydro- electric	Geothermal		
	Coal	(Dry)	Oila	Liquids	Power	Power ^b	Energy	Other ^C	Totald
973 Total	13.993	22.187	19.493	2.569	0.910	2.861	0.043	0.003	62.060
974 Total	14.074	21.210	18.575	2.471	1.272	3.177	.053	.003	60.835
975 Total	14.990	19.640	17.729	2.374	1.900	3.155	.070	.002	59.860
976 Total	15.654	19.480	17.262	2.327	2.111	2.976	.078	.003	59.892
	15.755	19.565	17.454	2.327	2.702	2.333	.077	.005	60.219
977 Total									
978 Total	14.910	19.485	18.434	2.245	3.024	2.937	.064	.003	61.103
979 Total	17.539	20.076	18.104	2.286	2.776	2.931	.084	.005	63.801
980 Total	18.597	19.908	18.249	2.254	2.739	2.900	.110	.005	64.761
981 Total	18.376	19.699	18.146	2.307	3.008	2.758	.123	.004	64.421
982 Total	18.639	18.319	18.309	2.191	3.131	3.266	.105	.003	63.962
983 Total	17.246	16.593	18.392	2.184	3.203	3.527	.129	.004	61.279
984 Total	19.719	18.008	18.848	2.274	3.553	3.386	.165	.009	65.962
985 Total	19.325	16.980	18.992	2.241	4.149	2.970	.198	.015	64.871
986 Total	19.510	16.541	18.376	2.149	4.471	3.071	.219	.012	64.350
987 Total	20.142	17.136	17.675	2.215	4.906	2.635	.229	.016	64.952
988 Total	20.737	17.599	17.279	2.260	5.661	2.334	.217	.017	66.105
989 Total	21.345	17.847	16.117	2.158	5.677	2.767	.197	.020	66.129
990 Total	22.456	18.362	15.571	2.175	6.161	2.926	.181	.021	67.853
991 Total	21.594	18.229	15.701	2.306	6.579	2.885	.170	.021	67.484
992 Total	21.593	18.375	15.223	2.363	6.607	2.501	.170	.022	66.853
993 January	1.732	1.613	1.252	.205	.631	.254	.014	.002	5.703
February	1.645	1.450	1.127	.189	.548	.205	.013	.002	5.180
March	1.829	1.592	1.254	.211	.498	.245	.014	.002	5.645
April	1.691	1.510	1.197	.205	.461	.262	.014	.002	5.342
May	1.577	1.535	1.231	.204	.538	.305	.012	.001	5.404
June	1.731	1.483	1.182	.200	.562	.277	.012	.001	5.450
July	1.514	1.515	1.203	.205	.604	.245	.013	.001	5.301
August	1.631	1.534	1.215	.206	.600	.205	.014	.002	5.406
September	1.712	1.503	1.168	.198	.534	.178	.013	.002	5.308
October	1.738	1.587	1.230	.208	.475	.176	.013	.002	5.428
November	1.705	1.591	1.203	.190	.501	.186	.013	.002	5.391
December	1.715	1.671	1.233	.186	.567	.220	.013	.002	5.607
Total	20.221	18.584	14.494	2.408	6.519	2.757	.158	.021	65.163
994 January	1.642	1.720	1.226	.190	.607	.207	.013	.002	5.606
February	1.749	1.568	1.100	.174	.532	.199	.012	.002	5.335
March	2.058	1.675	1.213	.196	.523	.231	.012	.002	5.910
April	1.877	1.577	1.151	.191	.461	.242	.012	.002	5.512
May	1.761	1.631	1.203	.201	.518	.254	.012	.002	5.581
June	1.849	1.574	1.150	.197	.553	.243	.011	.002	5.579
July	1.660	1.596	1.169	.206	.632	.228	.012	.002	5.505
August	2.014	1.621	1.177	.207	.642	.199	.013	.002	5.875
September	1.895	1.538	1.150	.204	.594	.161	.012	.002	5.555
October	1.827	1.581	1.197	.206	.542	.170	.012	.002	5.537
					.590	.170		.002	
November	1.853	1.555	1.153	.207			.012		5.557
December Total	1.884 22.068	1.635 19.272	1.215 14.103	.213 2.391	.646 6.841	.217 2.538	.012 .145	.002 .020	5.825 67.378
		^R 1.671							R 5.874
95 January	1.879		1.186	.209	.677	.243	.009	.001	
February	1.785	R 1.494	1.089	.188	.554	.249	.006	.001	R 5.366
March	1.980	^R 1.631	1.188	.209	.554	.285	.007	.001	R 5.854
April	1.710	^R 1.595	1.142	.204	.527	.244	.006	.002	K 5.429
May	1.779	^R 1.650	1.182	.210	.581	.277	.005	.001	R 5.683
June	1.798	R 1.588	1.138	.198	.602	.295	.006	.001	R 5.62
July	1.694	R 1.605	1.160	.206	.663	.270	.006	.002	R 5.60
,	1.876	R 1.593		.203		.239			R 5.74
August		1.593 R 4.500	1.162		.659		.011	.002	
September	1.885	R 1.538	1.110	.202	.595	.196	.008	.002	R 5.53
October	1.871	^R 1.623	1.156	.208	.580	.223	.013	.002	^R 5.67
November	1.792	1.588	1.140	.204	.563	.249	.012	.002	5.550
11-Month Total	20.049	17.576	12.651	2.241	6.554	2.768	.088	.016	61.944
994 11-Month Total	20.184	17.636	12.887	2.178	6.195	2.320	.133	.019	61.552
993 11-Month Total	18.506	16.913	13.261	2.222	5.952	2.538	.145	.019	59.55

R=Revised data.

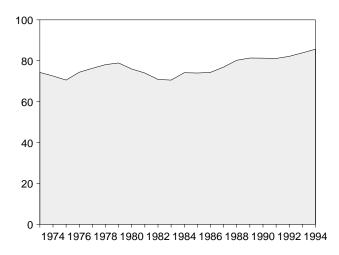
Notes: • See Note 1 at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: • Coal: Tables 6.1 and A5-A7. • Natural Gas (Dry): Tables 4.1 and A4. • Crude Oil and Natural Gas Plant Liquids: Tables 3.1a and A2. • Nuclear Electric Power: Tables 7.1 and A8. • Hydroelectric Power: Table 7.1; Section 2, "Energy Consumption Notes and Sources," Note 8; and Table A8. • Geothermal Energy and Other: Section 2, "Energy Consumption Notes and Sources," Note 7, and Table A8.

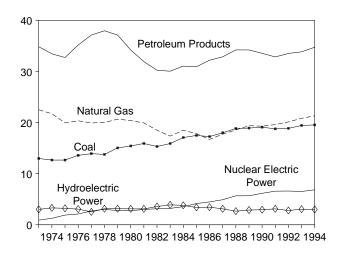
a Includes lease condensate.
b Electric utility and industrial generation.
c "Other" production is electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.
d Due to a lack of consistent historical data, some renewable energy sources are not included. For example, in 1992, 3.0 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy consumed by U.S. electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution is included, but an estimated 3.0 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy used by other sectors is not included.
R=Revised data

Figure 1.3 Energy Consumption

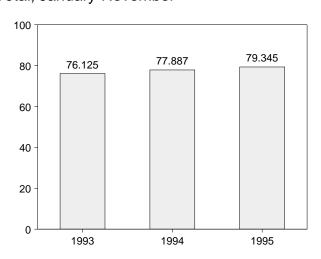
Total, 1973-1994



By Major Sources, 1973-1994

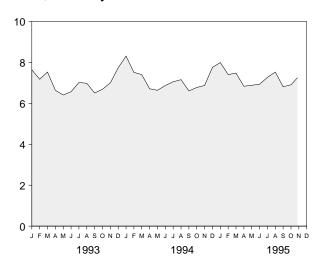


Total, January-November

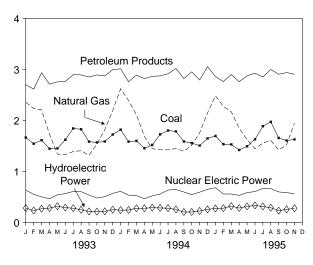


Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 1.4.

Total, Monthly



By Major Sources, Monthly



By Major Sources, November 1995

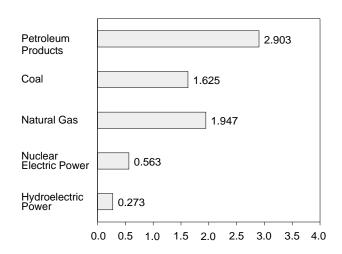


Table 1.4 Energy Consumption by Source

	Coal	Natural Gas ^a	Petroleum Products ^b	Nuclear Electric Power	Hydro- electric Power ^c	Geothermal Energy	O ther ^d	Total ^e
<u>'</u>			-					
1973 Total	12.971	22.512	34.840	0.910	3.010	0.043	-0.004	74.282
1974 Total	12.663	21.732	33.455	1.272	3.309	.053	.059	72.543
1975 Total	12.663	19.948	32.731	1.900	3.219	.070	.016	70.546
1976 Total	13.584	20.345	35.175	2.111	3.066	.078	.003	74.362
1977 Total	13.922	19.931	37.122	2.702	2.515	.077	.020	76.288
1978 Total	13.765	20.000	37.965	3.024	3.141	.064	.128	78.089
1979 Total	15.039	20.666	37.123	2.776	3.141	.084	.068	78.898
1980 Total	15.423	20.394	34.202	2.739	3.118	.110	031	75.955
								73.990
981 Total	15.907	19.928	31.931	3.008	3.105	.123	012	
982 Total	15.322	18.505	30.231	3.131	3.572	.105	018	70.848
983 Total	15.894	17.357	30.054	3.203	3.899	.129	012	70.524
984 Total	17.071	18.507	31.051	3.553	3.800	.165	002	74.144
1985 Total	17.478	17.834	30.922	4.149	3.398	.198	.001	73.981
1986 Total	17.261	16.708	32.196	4.471	3.446	.219	004	74.297
1987 Total	18.008	17.744	32.865	4.906	3.117	.229	.024	76.894
1988 Total	18.846	18.552	34.222	5.661	2.662	.217	.057	80.218
1989 Total	18.925	19.384	34.211	5.677	2.881	.197	.051	81.325
1990 Total	19.101	19.296	33.553	6.161	2.946	.181	.026	81.265
991 Total	18.770	19.296	32.845	6.579	3.115	.170	.030	81.116
992 Total	18.868	20.131	33.527	6.607	2.793	.170	.030	82.144
993 January	1.660	2.353	2.697	.631	.278	.014	.006	7.639
February	1.540	2.232	2.611	.548	.229	.013	.001	7.174
March	1.609	2.203	2.931	.498	.266	.014	.005	7.525
April	1.442	1.729	2.708	.461	.278	.014	.004	6.635
May	1.448	1.337	2.753	.538	.314	.012	.004	6.405
June	1.618	1.327	2.759	.562	.287	.012	.004	6.568
July	1.840	1.386	2.894	.604	.275	.013	.001	7.014
August	1.823	1.404	2.890	.600	.245	.014	.004	6.980
September	1.580	1.314	2.848	.534	.212	.013	.001	6.502
October	1.566	1.533	2.889	.475	.208	.013	.003	6.686
November	1.584	1.817	2.869	.501	.213	.013	.002	
								6.998
December Total	1.720 19.430	2.191 20.826	2.994 33.841	.567 6.519	.247 3.050	.013 .158	.004 . 038	7.737 83.862
004	4.040	0.040	0.000	007	207	040	222	0.000
1 994 January	1.816	2.618	3.009	.607	.237	.013	.006	8.306
February	1.580	2.390	2.758	.532	.240	.012	.001	7.512
March	1.596	2.109	2.883	.523	.274	.012	.003	7.400
April	1.450	1.688	2.818	.461	.275	.012	.004	6.709
May	1.515	1.441	2.861	.518	.286	.012	.003	6.636
June	1.724	1.425	2.871	.553	.281	.011	.004	6.869
July	1.799	1.419	2.911	.632	.275	.012	.002	7.050
	1.781	1.447	3.016	.642	.252	.013	.002	7.155
August								
September	1.584	1.392	2.818	.594	.201	.012	.004	6.605
October	1.551	1.509	2.950	.542	.202	.012	.007	6.772
November	1.503	1.754	2.790	.590	.221	.012	.001	6.872
December	1.645	2.144	3.050	.646	.252	.012	.004	7.754
Total	19.544	21.335	34.735	6.841	2.997	.145	.044	85.641
995 January	1.693	2.479	2.858	.677	.270	.009	.005	7.991
February	1.530	R 2.274	2.760	.554	.276	.006	.003	^R 7.404
March	1.527	2.168	2.898	.554	.316	.007	.004	7.474
April	1.417	R 1.845	2.756	.527	.279	.006	.003	6.833
Mav	1.489	R 1.620	2.871	.581	.309	.005	.006	6.880
	1.626	R 1.443	2.924	.602	.329	.005	.002	R 6.932
June								R 7.267
July	1.884	1.553	2.849	.663	.309	.006	.003	
August	1.968	1.604	2.996	.659	.285	.011	.003	7.525
September	1.653	1.420	2.902	.595	.228	.008	.004	R 6.809
October	1.602	1.519	2.935	.580	.251	.013	.004	^R 6.904
November	1.625	1.947	2.903	.563	.273	.012	.004	7.327
11-Month Total	18.014	19.871	31.652	6.554	3.125	.088	.041	79.345
1994 11-Month Total	17.899	19.191	31.685	6.195	2.744	.133	.040	77.887
1993 11-Month Total	17.709	18.634	30.848	5.952	2.802	.145	.034	76.125

energy used by other sectors is not included.

R=Revised data.

Notes: • See Note 2 at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50

components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: • Coal: Tables 6.1 and A5-A7. • Natural Gas: Tables 4.2 and A4. • Petroleum: Tables 3.1a and A3. • Nuclear Electric Power: Tables 7.1 and A8. • Hydroelectric Power: Table 7.1; Section 2, "Energy Consumption Notes and Sources," Note 8; and Table A8. • Geothermal Energy and Other: Section 2, "Energy Consumption Notes and Sources," Note 7, and Table A8.

a Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.
b Products obtained from the processing of crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas, and other hydrocarbon compounds.
c Electric utility and industrial generation and net imports of electricity.
d "Other" consumption is net imports of coal coke and electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal

energy.

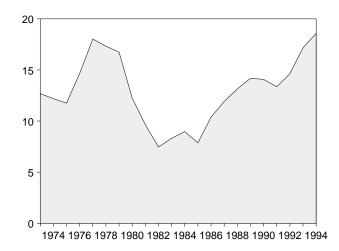
^e Due to a lack of consistent historical data, some renewable energy

For example in 1992, 3.0 quadrillion Btu of sources are not included. For example, in 1992, 3.0 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy consumed by U.S. electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution is included, but an estimated 3.0 quadrillion Btu of renewable

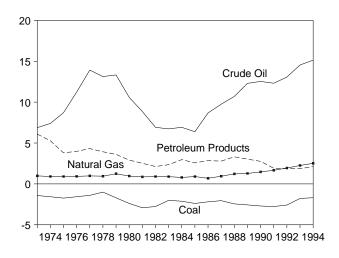
Figure 1.4 Energy Net Imports

(Quadrillion Btu, Except as Noted)

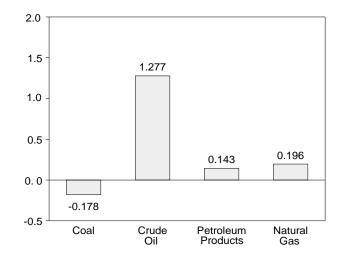
Total, 1973-1994



By Major Sources, 1973-1994

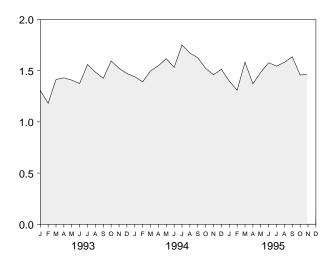


By Major Sources, November 1995

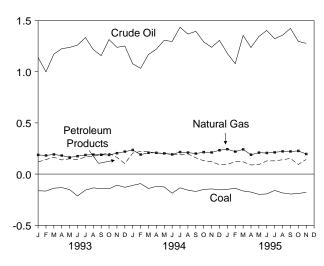


Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Tables 1.4 and 1.5.

Total, Monthly



By Major Sources, Monthly



As Share of Consumption, January-November

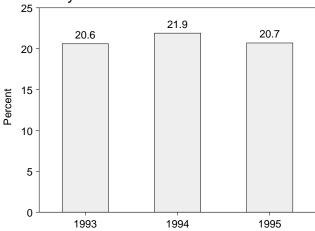


Table 1.5 Energy Net Imports by Source

		Gas	Oila	Products ^D	Electricity ^c	Coke	Total
1973 Total	-1.422	0.981	6.883	6.097	0.148	-0.007	12.680
1974 Total	-1.568	.907	7.389	5.273	.133	.056	12.190
1975 Total	-1.738	.904	8.708	3.800	.064	.014	11.752
1976 Total	-1.567	.922	11.221	3.982	.089	(s)	14.648
1977 Total	-1.401	.981	13.921	4.321	.182	.015	18.019
1977 Total	-1.004	.941	13.125	3.932	.204	.125	17.323
1979 Total	-1.702	1.243	13.328	3.603	.211	.063	16.746
1980 Total	-2.391	.957	10.586	2.912	.217	035	12.247
1981 Total	-2.918	.857	8.854	2.522	.347	016	9.646
1982 Total	-2.768	.898	6.917	2.128	.306	022	7.460
1983 Total	-2.013	.885	6.731	2.351	.372	016	8.310
1984 Total	-2.119	.792	6.918	2.970	.414	011	8.963
1985 Total	-2.389	.896	6.381	2.570	.428	013	7.872
1986 Total	-2.193	.686	8.676	2.855	.375	017	10.382
1987 Total	-2.049	.937	9.748	2.784	.483	.009	11.911
1988 Total	-2.446	1.221	10.698	3.308	.328	.040	13.149
1989 Total	-2.566	1.278	12.296	3.029	.113	.030	14.181
	-2.705	1.464	12.536		.020	.005	14.161
1990 Total				2.757			
1991 Total	-2.769	1.666	12.308	1.912	.231	.009	13.357
992 Total	-2.587	1.941	13.065	1.895	.292	.027	14.633
1993 January	163	.187	1.138	.118	.023	.004	1.308
February	166	.182	.999	.142	.023	(s)	1.181
March	138	.192	1.172	.164	.021	.003	1.414
April	132	.181	1.225	.138	.016	.002	1.430
May	152	.163	1.237	.149	.009	.002	1.408
June	214	.175	1.260	.140	.010	.003	1.375
July	157	.186	1.334	.168	.030	(s)	1.560
August	135	.190	1.216	.173	.040	.002	1.486
	142	.188	1.157	.191	.034	001	1.426
September							
October	144	.187	1.314	.204	.032	.001	1.595
November	108	.204	1.238	.163	.027	(s)	1.524
December	129	.219	1.251	.102	.028	.002	1.472
Total	-1.780	2.255	14.542	1.854	.292	.017	17.180
1994 January	111	.235	1.077	.205	.030	.004	1.441
February	093	.190	1.033	.221	.041	001	1.391
March	141	.208	1.168	.218	.044	.002	1.498
April	120	.207	1.221	.205	.033	.003	1.549
May	126	.202	1.307	.201	.032	.002	1.617
June	187	.192	1.295	.192	.037	.003	1.532
July	134	.215	1.434	.188	.047		1.751
						(s)	
August	157 170	.210	1.368	.197	.053	.002	1.672
September	170	.200	1.394	.159	.040	.003	1.627
October	150	.214	1.292	.130	.032	.005	1.522
November	145	.211	1.238	.122	.035	001	1.461
December	154	.233	1.306	.091	.035	.002	1.513
Total	-1.689	2.518	15.133	2.128	.459	.024	18.573
995 January	149	.243	1.179	.094	E .028	.004	1.399
February	139	.219	1.078	.122	E.027	.002	1.310
March	165	.241	1.355	.119	E.031	.003	1.583
April	176	.189	1.236	.089	E.035	.001	1.373
May	198	.209	1.344	.093	E .032	.004	1.485
June	194	.206	1.403	.129	E.034	.001	1.578
July	160	.212	1.322	.129	E .039	.002	1.545
August	184	.222	1.357	.140	E .046	.002	1.582
September	195	.221	1.423	.153	E .032	.002	1.636
October	190	R .226	1.296	.094	E .029	.003	R 1.458
November	178	.196	1.277	.143	E.024	.002	1.464
11-Month Total	-1.926	2.382	14.269	1.306	^E .357	.025	16.413
1994 11-Month Total 1993 11-Month Total	-1.535 -1.651	2.285 2.036	13.828 13.291	2.037 1.752	.424 .265	.021 .016	17.060 15.708

^a Crude oil, lease condensate, and imports of crude oil for the Strategic

R=Revised data. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than +0.5 trillion Btu and greater

than -0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • See Notes 3 and 4 at end of section. • Net imports equal

Petroleum Reserve.

b Petroleum products, unfinished oils, pentanes plus, and gasoline blending components.

C Assumed to be hydroelectricity and estimated at the average input heat

rate for fossil-fuel steam-electric power plant generation, which has ranged from 10.2 thousand Btu to 10.5 thousand Btu per kilowatthour since 1973. Actual heat rates applied in converting kilowatthours to Btu are listed by year in Table A8.

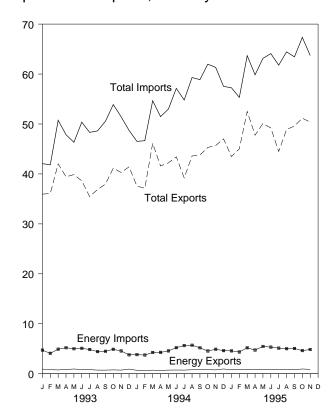
Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
 Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
 Sources: • Coal: Tables 6.1 and A5-A7. • Natural Gas: Tables 4.2 and A4. • Crude Oil and Petroleum Products: Tables 3.1b and A2. • Electricity: Section 2, "Energy Consumption Notes and Sources," Note 8, and Table A8. • Coal Coke: Section 2, "Energy Consumption Notes and Sources," Note 9, and Table A7.

Figure 1.5 Merchandise Trade Value (Billion Dollars)

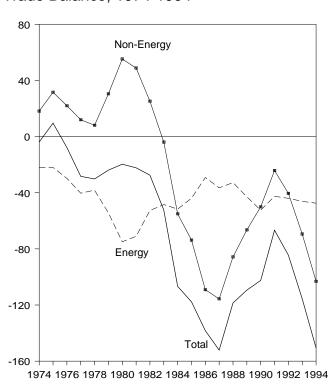
Imports and Exports, 1974-1994

700 600 500 400 Total Imports 100 Energy Imports 1974 1976 1978 1980 1982 1984 1986 1988 1990 1992 1994

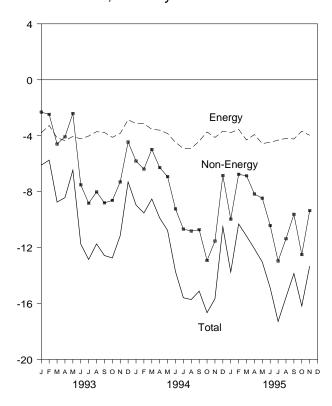
Imports and Exports, Monthly



Trade Balance, 1974-1994



Trade Balance, Monthly



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 1.6.

Table 1.6 Merchandise Trade Value

(Million Dollars)

		Petroleui	m		Energy		Non-	Total Merchandise		
	Exports	Imports	Balance	Exports	Imports	Balance	Energy Balance	Exports	Imports	Balance
1974 Total	792	24,668	-23,876	3,444	25,454	-22,010	18,126	99,437	103,321	-3,884
1975 Total	907	25,197	-24,289	4,470	26,476	-22,006	31,557	108,856	99,305	9,551
1976 Total	998	32,226	-31,228	4,226	33,996	-29,770	21,950	116,794	124,614	-7,820
1977 Total	1,276	42,368	-41,093	4,184	44,537	-40,354	12,001	123,182	151,534	-28,353
1978 Total	1,561	39,526					•		176,052	
		,	-37,965	3,881	42,096	-38,215	8,010	145,847	,	-30,205
1979 Total	1,914	56,715	-54,801	5,621	59,998	-54,377	30,455	186,363	210,285	-23,922
1980 Total	2,833	78,637	-75,803	7,982	82,924	-74,942	55,246	225,566	245,262	-19,696
1981 Total	3,696	76,659	-72,963	10,279	81,360	-71,081	48,814	238,715	260,982	-22,267
1982 Total	5,947	60,458	-54,511	12,729	65,409	-52,680	25,170	216,442	243,952	-27,510
1983 Total	4,557	53,217	-48,659	9,500	57,952	-48,452	-3,957	205,639	258,048	-52,409
1984 Total	4,470	56,924	-52,454	9,311	60,980	-51,669	-55,033	223,976	330,678	-106,703
1985 Total	4,707	50,475	-45,768	9,971	53,917	-43,946	-73,765	218,815	336,526	-117,712
1986 Total	3,640	35,142	-31,503	8,115	37,310	-29,195	-109,084	227,159	365,438	-138,279
1987 Total	3,922	42,285	-38,363	7,713	44,220	-36,506	-115,613	254,122	406,241	-152,119
1988 Total	3,693	38,787	-35,094	8,235	41,042	-32,806	-85,720	322,426	440,952	-118,526
1989 Total	5,021	49,704	-44,683	9,869	52,779	-42,910	-66,490	363,812	473,211	-109,399
1990 Total	6,901	61,583	-54,682	12,233	64,661	-52,428	-50,068	393,592	496,088	-102,496
1991 Total	6,954	51,350	-44,396	12,081	54,629	-42,548	-24,175	421,730	488,453	-66,723
1992 Total	6,412	51,217	-44,805	11,254	55,256	-44,002	-40,500	448,164	532,665	-84,501
1993 January	601	4,282	-3,681	923	4,711	-3,788	-2,313	35,958	42,058	-6,101
February	477	3,718	-3,241	807	4,075	-3,268	-2,478	36,070	41,817	-5,746
March	470	4,498	-4,028	753	4,904	-4,151	-4,596	41,999	50,745	-8,747
April	590	4,814	-4,225	844	5,194	-4,350	-4,081	39,421	47,851	-8,431
May	641	4,619	-3,978	939	4,990	-4,051	-2,410	39,870	46,331	-6,461
June	443	4,714	-4,272	843	5,069	-4,226	-7,513	38,624	50,362	-11,738
July	514	4,464	-3,950	819	4,845	-4,026	-8,826	35,465	48,317	-12,852
August	453	4,000	-3,547	714	4,426	-3,712	-8,022	36,876	48,611	-11,735
September	422	4,056	-3,634	712	4,480	-3,769	-8,802	37,956	50,526	-12,570
October	467	4,449	-3,982	761	4,876	-4,115	-8,626	41,148	53,889	-12,742
November	479	4,084	-3,605	720	4,553	-3,833	-7,307	40,294	51,434	-11,140
December	658	3,348	-2,690	922	3,778	-2,856	-4,452	41,412	48,719	-7,307
Total	6,215	51,046	-44,831	9,756	55,900	-46,144	-69,425	465,091	580,659	-115,568
1 994 January	450	3,272	-2,822	674	3,815	-3,141	-5,813	37,561	46,514	-8,954
February	381	3,243	-2,862	594	3,735	-3,141	-6,387	37,126	46,654	-9,528
March	440	3,695	-3,255	710	4,249	-3,539	-4,985	46,139	54,663	-8,524
April	426	3,790	-3,364	659	4,263	-3,604	-6,281	41,587	51,472	-9,885
May	483	4,115	-3,632	717	4,562	-3,845	-6,927	42,215	52,987	-10,772
June	413	4,794	-4,381	736	5,213	-4,477	-9,237	43,425	57,139	-13,714
July	450	5,168	-4,718	718	5,629	-4,911	-10,678	39,218	54,807	-15,589
	499	5,225	-4,716	793	5,691	-4,898	-10,817	43,589	59,304	-15,715
August September	499 472	4,773	-4,726 -4,301	793 792	5,185	-4,393	-10,721	43,766	58,880	-15,715
	530	4,773	-3,623	809		-4,393	-10,721		61,970	-16,657
October					4,543			45,314 45,674	,	
November	478 627	4,475	-3,997	764	4,890	-4,126 2,671	-11,534	45,674	61,334	-15,660
December Total	637 5,659	4,135 50,835	-3,498 -45,176	944 8,911	4,615 56,391	-3,671 -47,480	-6,847 -103,149	47,013 512,626	57,531 663,256	-10,518 -150,629
995 January	488	4,129	-3,641	783	4,568	-3,785	-9,967	43,496	57,249	-13,752
February	528	3,909	-3,381	798	4,345	-3,547	-6,761	45,010	55,318	-10,308
March	553	4,712	-4,159	879	5,188	-4,309	-6,867	52,503	63,679	-11,176
April	498	4,712	-3,839	814	4,732	-3,918	-8,170	47,761	59,848	-12,088
May	540	5,060	-4,520	886	5,453	-4,567	-8,470	50,099	63,136	-13,037
	513	4,957	-4,320 -4,444	863	5,322	-4,367 -4,459	-10,427		64,096	-13,037
June								49,210		
July	476 460	4,724	-4,248 4.110	794	5,116	-4,322	-12,959	44,495	61,776	-17,281
August	469	4,588	-4,119	816	5,003	-4,187	-11,368	48,888	64,443	-15,555
September	441	4,661	-4,220	806	5,041	-4,235	-9,622	49,584	63,441	-13,857
October	587	4,263	-3,676	941	4,622	-3,681	^R -12,502	R 51,162	R 67,345	R -16,183
November 11-Month Total	528 5,619	4,464 49,801	-3,936 -44,182	870 9,252	4,838 54,228	-3,968 -44,976	-9,357 -106,472	50,374 532,582	63,699 684,029	-13,325 -151,448
1994 11-Month Total	5,022	46,703	-41,681	7,966	51,775	-43,809	-96,303	465,614	605,724	-140,112
993 11-Month Total	5,022 5,557	46,703 47,699	-41,661 -42,142	8,834	52,122	-43,809 -43,288	-96,303 -64,973	403,679	531,940	-140,112

R=Revised data.

Notes: • Monthly data are not adjusted for seasonal variations. • See Note 5 at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • The U.S. import statistics reflect both government and nongovernment imports of merchandise from foreign countries into the

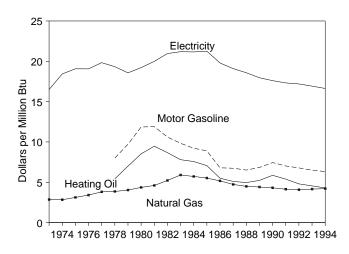
U.S. customs territory, which comprises the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands.

Sources:

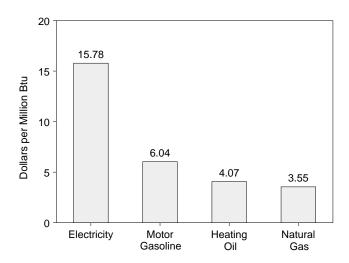
• U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Foreign Trade Division. For details, see "Sources for Table 1.6" at the end of this section.

Figure 1.6 Cost of Fuels to End-Users in Constant (1982-1984) Dollars

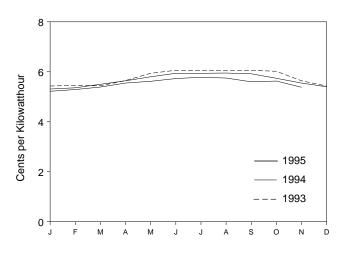
Costs, 1973-1994



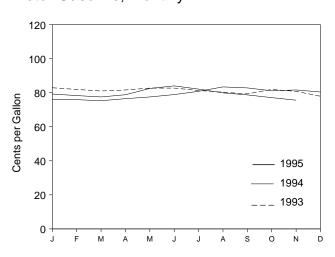
Costs, November 1995



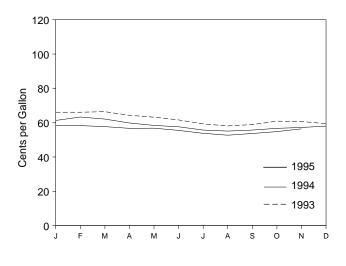
Electricity, Monthly



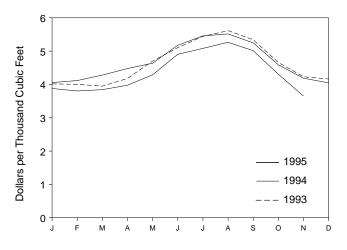
Motor Gasoline, Monthly



Heating Oil, Monthly



Natural Gas, Monthly



Source: Table 1.7.

Table 1.7 Cost of Fuels to End Users in Constant (1982-84) Dollars

	Consumer Price Index (Urban) ^a	l	Gasoline ypes)		lential ng Oil	1	lential al Gas	Resid Elect	
	Index 1982-1984=100	Cents per Gallon	Dollars per Million Btu	Cents per Gallon	Dollars per Million Btu	Cents per Thousand Cubic Feet	Dollars per Million Btu	Cents per Kilowatthour	Dollars pe Million Bt
1973 Average	44.4	NA	NA	NA	NA	290.5	2.85	5.6	16.50
974 Average	49.3	NA	NA	NA	NA	290.1	2.83	6.3	18.43
975 Average	53.8	NA	NA	NA	NA	317.8	3.12	6.5	19.07
976 Average	56.9 60.6	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	348.0 387.8	3.41 3.81	6.5 6.8	19.06 19.83
977 Average978 Average	65.2	100.0	8.00	75.2	5.42	392.6	3.86	6.6	19.33
979 Average	72.6	121.5	9.71	97.0	6.99	410.5	4.03	6.3	18.57
980 Average	82.4	148.2	11.85	118.2	8.52	446.6	4.36	6.6	19.21
981 Average	90.9	148.8	11.90	131.4	9.47	471.9	4.60	6.8	19.99
982 Average	96.5	132.7	10.61	120.2	8.67	535.8	5.22	7.2	20.96
1983 Average	99.6	123.0	9.83	108.2	7.80	608.4	5.90	7.2	21.19
984 Average	103.9	115.3	9.22	105.0	7.57	589.0	5.72	7.2	21.16
985 Average	107.6	111.2	8.89	97.9	7.06	568.8	5.52	7.2	21.25
986 Average	109.6	84.9	6.79	76.3	5.50	531.9	5.17	6.8	19.79
987 Average	113.6	84.2	6.74	70.7	5.10	487.7	4.73	6.5	19.09
1988 Average	118.3	81.4	6.51	68.7	4.96	462.4	4.49	6.3	18.58
989 Average	124.0	85.5	6.83	72.6	5.23	454.8	4.41	6.1	17.96
990 Average	130.7 136.2	93.1 87.8	7.44 7.02	81.3	5.86	443.8 427.3	4.31 4.14	6.01 5.91	17.60
1991 Average	140.3	84.8	6.78	74.8 66.6	5.39 4.80	427.3 419.8	4.14	5.87	17.32 17.19
_									
993 January	142.6	82.9	6.63	66.1	4.77	401.8	3.91	5.43	15.93
February	143.1	81.9	6.55	66.1	4.77	400.4	3.90	5.46	16.00
March	143.6	81.0	6.48	66.4	4.79	394.8	3.84	5.44	15.94
April	144.0	81.6 82.7	6.52	64.3	4.64	418.1	4.07	5.65 5.94	16.57
May June	144.2 144.4	82.7	6.61 6.61	63.2 61.6	4.56 4.44	470.2 510.4	4.57 4.96	6.06	17.42 17.76
July	144.4	81.3	6.50	59.3	4.27	544.3	5.29	6.05	17.74
August	144.8	80.3	6.42	58.1	4.19	561.5	5.46	6.04	17.69
September	145.1	79.3	6.34	58.9	4.25	534.1	5.20	6.06	17.77
October	145.7	81.9	6.55	60.9	4.39	466.0	4.53	6.02	17.64
November	145.8	80.8	6.46	60.7	4.38	423.2	4.12	5.64	16.52
December	145.8	77.9	6.23	59.4	4.28	416.3	4.05	5.43	15.92
Average	144.5	81.2	6.49	63.0	4.55	426.3	4.15	5.77	16.92
994 January	146.2	75.9	6.06	61.3	4.42	405.6	3.94	5.31	15.56
February	146.7	75.9	6.07	63.3	4.57	411.7	4.00	5.36	15.70
March	147.2	75.3	6.02	62.1	4.48	428.0	4.16	5.50	16.13
April	147.4	76.5	6.12	59.8	4.31	447.8	4.35	5.64	16.54
May	147.5	77.5	6.20	58.4	4.21	463.7	4.51	5.80	16.99
June	148.0	78.9	6.30	57.6	4.15	517.6	5.03	5.94	17.41
July	148.4	80.8	6.46	55.7	4.02	545.8	5.30	5.94	17.42
August	149.0	83.4	6.67	55.1	3.97	551.7	5.36	5.95	17.45
September	149.4	82.8	6.62	55.7	4.02	524.8	5.10	5.92	17.36
October	149.5	81.1	6.48	56.7	4.09	458.9	4.46	5.74	16.82
November December	149.7 149.7	81.6 80.4	6.53 6.43	57.2 58.0	4.13 4.18	418.8 404.8	4.07 3.93	5.55 5.40	16.27 15.82
Average	149.7 148.2	79.2	6.43	59.6	4.10 4.30	404.6 432.5	3.93 4.21	5.40 5.67	16.63
7.1.0.4ge			0.00	00.0		.02.0		0.0.	
995 January	150.3	79.2	6.33	58.2	4.19	387.9	3.77	5.22	15.31
February	150.9	78.3	6.26	58.3	4.20	380.4	3.70	5.29	15.50
March	151.4	77.5	6.19	57.7 56.7	4.16	384.4	3.74	5.39	15.80
April	151.9 152.2	78.8 82.5	6.30	56.7 56.8	4.09 4.09	397.6 429.0	3.87	5.55 5.62	16.27 16.46
May June	152.2	82.5 84.0	6.60 6.72	56.8 55.5	4.09	429.0 490.5	4.17 4.77	5.62 5.73	16.46
July	152.5	82.1	6.56	53.8	3.88	508.2	4.77	5.78	16.93
August	152.9	79.9	6.39	52.7	3.80	526.5	5.12	5.75	16.85
September	153.2	78.7	6.29	53.7	3.87	501.3	4.87	5.60	16.41
October	153.7	77.1	6.16	^R 54.8	3.95	430.7	4.19	5.63	16.51
November	153.6	75.6	6.04	56.4	4.07	365.2	3.55	5.38	15.78

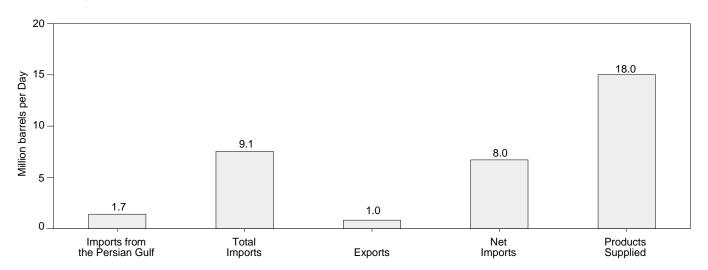
 $^{^{\}rm a}$ Consumer Price Index, All Urban Consumers, All Items, 1982-1984 = 100.0.

R=Revised data. NA=Not available.

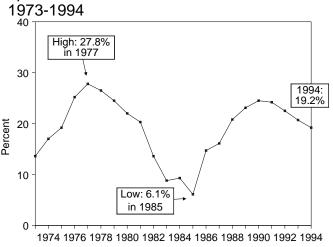
Notes: • Fuel costs are calculated by using the Urban Consumer Price Index (CPI) developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. • Annual averages may not equal average of months due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Sources: • Annual Data: Annual prices in Tables 9.4 (All Types), 9.8c, 9.11, and 9.9 (Monthly Series), adjusted by the CPI. • Monthly Data: Monthly prices in Tables 9.4 (All Types), 9.8c, 9.11, and 9.9 (Monthly Series), adjusted by the CPI. • CPI: 1973-1993—Economic Report of the President, February 1995, Table B-59. 1994 forward—Council of Economic Advisers, Economic Indicators, January 1996, "Consumer Prices - All Urban Consumers." • Conversion Factors: Tables A1, A4, and A8.

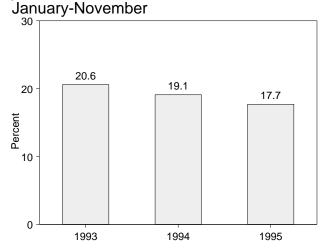
Figure 1.7 Overview of U.S. Petroleum Trade (Quadrillion Btu)

Overview, November 1995

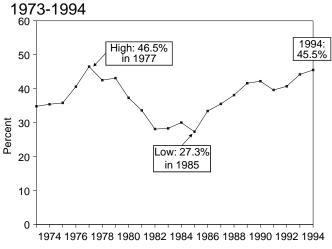


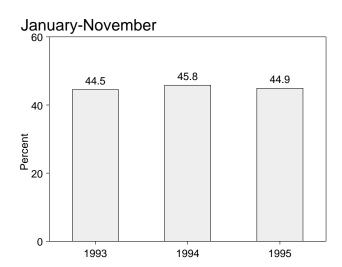
Imports from the Persian Gulf as a Share of Total Imports





Net Imports as Share of Product Supplied





Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 1.8.

Table 1.8 Overview of U.S. Petroleum Trade

	Imports from the					As Share of Products Supplied			Imports from the Persian Gulf ^a	
	Persian Gulf ^a	Total Imports	Exports	Net Imports	Products Supplied	Imports from the Persian Gulf ^a	Total Imports	Net Imports	as a Share of Total Imports	
	Thousand Barrels per Day					Percent				
973 Average	848	6,256	231	6,025	17,308	4.9	36.1	34.8	13.6	
974 Average	1,039	6,112	221	5,892	16,653	6.2	36.7	35.4	17.0	
975 Average	1,165	6,056	209	5,846	16,322	7.1	37.1	35.8	19.2	
976 Average	1,840	7,313	223	7,090	17,461	10.5	41.9	40.6	25.2	
977 Average	2,448	8,807	243	8,565	18,431	13.3	47.8	46.5	27.8	
978 Average	2,219	8,363	362	8,002	18,847	11.8	44.4	42.5	26.5	
979 Average	2,069	8,456	471	7,985	18,513	11.2	45.7	43.1	24.5	
980 Average	1,519	6,909	544	6,365	17,056	8.9	40.5	37.3	22.0	
981 Average	1,219	5,996	595	5,401	16,058	7.6	37.3	33.6	20.3	
982 Average	696	5,113	815	4,298	15,296	4.5	33.4	28.1	13.6	
983 Average	442	5,051	739	4,312	15,231	2.9	33.2	28.3	8.8	
984 Average	506	5,437	722	4,715	15,726	3.2	34.6	30.0	9.3	
985 Average	311	5,067	781	4,286	15,726	2.0	32.2	27.3	6.1	
986 Average	912	6,224	785	5,439	16,281	5.6	38.2	33.4	14.7	
987 Average	1,077	6,678	764	5,914	16,665	6.5	40.1	35.5	16.1	
988 Average	1,541	7,402	815	6,587	17,283	8.9	42.8	38.1	20.8	
989 Average	1,861	8,061	859	7,202	17,325	10.7	46.5	41.6	23.1	
1990 Average	1,966	8,018	857	7,161	16,988	11.6	47.2	42.2	24.5	
1991 Average	1,845	7,627	1,001	6,626	16,714	11.0	45.6	39.6	24.2	
992 Average	1,778	7,888	950	6,938	17,033	10.4	46.3	40.7	22.5	
993 January	1,831	8,004	1,135	6,869	16,173	11.3	49.5	42.5	22.9	
February	1,877	7,948	1,033	6,915	17,334	10.8	45.9	39.9	23.6	
March	1,811	8,285	970	7,315	17,575	10.3	47.1	41.6	21.9	
April	1,940	8,768	1,067	7,701	16,781	11.6	52.3	45.9	22.1	
May	1,805	8,663	1,082	7,581	16,508	10.9	52.5	45.9	20.8	
June	1,841	8,805	900	7,905	17,096	10.8	51.5	46.2	20.9	
July	1,671	9,219	1,001	8,218	17,357	9.6	53.1	47.3	18.1	
August	1,619	8,429	829	7,600	17,332	9.3	48.6	43.9	19.2	
September	1,774	8,531	902	7,629	17,650	10.1	48.3	43.2	20.8	
October	1,644	9,197	881	8,316	17,323	9.5	53.1	48.0	17.9	
November	1,767	8,903	980	7,923	17,780	9.9	50.1	44.6	19.9	
December	1,814	8,645	1,250	7,394	17,953	10.1	48.2	41.2	21.0	
Average	1,782	8,620	1,003	7,618	17,237	10.3	50.0	44.2	20.7	
994 January	1,630	7,993	927	7,066	18,072	9.0	44.2	39.1	20.4	
February	1,493	8,539	882	7,657	18,337	8.1	46.6	41.8	17.5	
March	1,617	8,574	936	7,638	17,313	9.3	49.5	44.1	18.9	
April	1,851	8,968	868	8,100	17,489	10.6	51.3	46.3	20.6	
May	1,800	9,213	929	8,284	17,181	10.5	53.6	48.2	19.5	
June	1,650	9,305	867	8,438	17,815	9.3	52.2	47.4	17.7	
July	1,812	9,779	877	8,902	17,485	10.4	55.9	50.9	18.5	
August	1,669	9,510	913	8,597	18,117	9.2	52.5	47.5	17.5	
September	1,887	9,693	891	8,802	17,490	10.8	55.4	50.3	19.5	
October	1,804	8,788	997	7,791	17,719	10.2	49.6	44.0	20.5	
November	1,726	8,707	1,000	7,707	17,315	10.0	50.3	44.5	19.8	
December	1,781	8,863	1,208	7,655	18,319	9.7	48.4	41.8	20.1	
Average	1,728	8,996	942	8,054	17,718	9.8	50.8	45.5	19.2	
995 January	1,459	7,955	978	6,977	17,167	8.5	46.3	40.6	18.3	
February	1,550	8,358	1,062	7,296	18,355	8.4	45.5	39.8	18.5	
March	1,788	9,020	948	8,073	17,403	10.3	51.8	46.4	19.8	
April	1,547	8,486	998	7,488	17,102	9.0	49.6	43.8	18.2	
May	1,490	8,736	876	7,860	17,241	8.6	50.7	45.6	17.1	
June	1,558	9,585	919	8,666	18,149	8.6	52.8	47.8	16.3	
July	1,460	8,845	894	7,950	17,113	8.5	51.7	46.5	16.5	
August	1,530	9,024	821	8,203	17,993	8.5	50.2	45.6	17.0	
September	1,680	9,726	805	8,921	18,011	9.3	54.0	49.5	17.3	
October	1,524	8,576	962	7,614	17,626	8.6	48.7	43.2	17.8	
November	1,699	9,052	1,002	8,050	18,018	9.4	50.2	44.7	18.8	
11-Month Average	1,571	8,851	932	7,919	17,644	8.9	50.2	44.9	17.7	
994 11-Month Average	1,723	9,009	918	8,091	17,662	9.8	51.0	45.8	19.1	
1993 11-Month Average	1,779	8,618	980	7,638	17,170	10.4	50.2	44.5	20.6	

 $^{^{\}rm a}$ Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates.

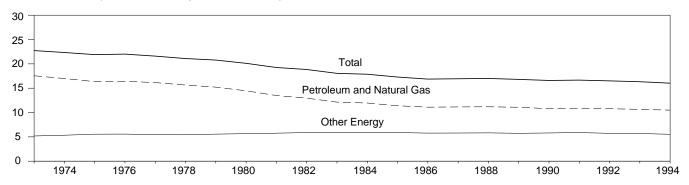
due to independent rounding. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. U.S. exports include shipments to U.S. territories, and imports include receipts from U.S. territories.

Notes: • Readers of Table 1.8 may be interested in a feature article, "Measuring Dependence on Imported Oil," that was published in the August 1995 Monthly Energy Review. • Petroleum is crude oil, lease condensate, unfinished oils, petroleum products, natural gas plant liquids, and nonhydrocarbon compounds blended into finished petroleum products. • Beginning in October 1977, petroleum imported for the Strategic Petroleum Reserves is included. • Annual averages may not equal average of months

Sources: • Column 1: Table 3.3b. • Columns 2 - 4: Table 3.1b. • Column 5: Table 3.1a. • Column 6: Column 1 divided by column 5 times 100. • Column 7: Column 2 divided by column 5 times 100. • Column 8: Column 4 divided by column 5 times 100. • Column 9: Column 1 divided by column 2 times 100.

Figure 1.8 Energy Consumption per Dollar of Gross Domestic Product

(Thousand Btu per 1987 Dollar)



Source: Table 1.8.

Table 1.9 Energy Consumption per Dollar of Gross Domestic Product

(Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates)

	Ene	ergy Consumptio	n		Energy Consumption per Dollar of GDP			
	Petroleum and Natural Gas	Other Energy	Totala	Gross Domestic Product (GDP)	Petroleum and Natural Gas	Other Energy	Total	
		Quadrillion Btu	,	Billion 1987 Dollars	Thousand Btu per 1987 Dollar			
		Quadrinion Dia		1007 Bollaro	Triododi	11a Dia poi 1007 Di	Jiidi	
973 Year	57.352	16.930	74.282	3,268.6	17.55	5.18	22.73	
974 Year	55.187	17.356	72.543	3,248.1	16.99	5.34	22.33	
75 Year	52.678	17.867	70.546	3,221.7	16.35	5.55	21.90	
76 Year	55.520	18.842	74.362	3,380.8	16.42	5.57	22.00	
77 Year	57.053	19.236	76.288	3,533.3	16.15	5.44	21.59	
78 Year	57.966	20.123	78.089	3,703.5	15.65	5.43	21.09	
79 Year	57.789	21.108	78.898	3,796.8	15.22	5.56	20.78	
80 Year	54.596	21.359	75.955	3,776.3	14.46	5.66	20.11	
81 Year	51.859	22.131	73.990	3,843.1	13.49	5.76	19.25	
82 Year	48.736	22.111	70.848	3,760.3	12.96	5.88	18.84	
83 Year	47.411	23.114	70.524	3,906.6	12.14	5.92	18.05	
84 Year	49.558	24.586	74.144	4,148.5	11.95	5.93	17.87	
85 Year	48.756	25.225	73.981	4,279.8	11.39	5.89	17.29	
86 Year	48.904	25.393	74.297	4,404.5	11.10	5.77	16.87	
87 Year	50.609	26.285	76.894	4,539.9	11.15	5.79	16.94	
88 Year	52.774	27.443	80.218	4,718.6	11.18	5.82	17.00	
89 Year	53.595	27.731	81.325	4.838.0	11.08	5.73	16.81	
90 Year	52.849	28.416	81,265	4,897.3	10.79	5.80	16.59	
91 Year	52.452	28.665	81,116	4,867.6	10.78	5.89	16.66	
92 Year	53.657	28.487	82.144	4,979.3	10.78	5.72	16.50	
93 1 st Quarter	55.300	29.275	84.575	5,075.3	10.90	5.77	16.66	
2 nd Quarter	53.653	29.581	83.235	5,105.4	10.51	5.79	16.30	
3 rd Quarter	54.487	29.094	83.581	5,139.4	10.60	5.66	16.26	
4 th Quarter	55.231	28.835	84.066	5,218.0	10.58	5.53	16.11	
Year	54.667	29.195	83.862	5,134.5	10.65	5.69	16.33	
94 1 st Quarter	57.846	29.905	87.752	5,261.1	11.00	5.68	16.68	
2 nd Quarter	55.871	30.025	85.896	5,314.1	10.51	5.65	16.16	
3 rd Quarter	55.709	29.239	84.948	5,367.0	10.38	5.45	15.83	
4th Quarter	54.889	29.126	84.016	5,433.8	10.10	5.36	15.46	
Year	56.070	29.571	85.641	5,344.0	10.49	5.53	16.03	
95 1st Quarter	^R 56.630	29.845	R 86.475	5,470.1	10.35	5.46	15.81	
2 nd Quarter	_ 57.405	R 30.372	^R 87.777	5,487.8	10.46	^R 5.53	16.00	
3 rd Quarter	^R 57.057	31.058	^R 88.115	5,544.6	10.29	5.60	15.89	

^a Excludes wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy, except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution.

Notes: • Quarterly data are seasonally adjusted and shown at annual rates. • Yearly data may not equal average of quarters due to seasonality adjustments and independent rounding. • Totals may not equal sum of

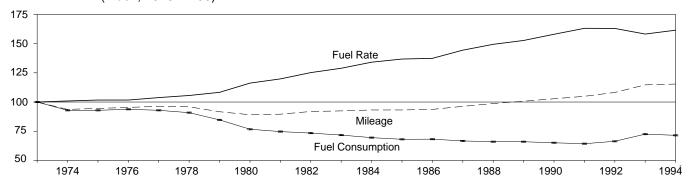
components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: • Energy Consumption: Table 1.4. • Gross Domestic Product: 1973-1992—U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Survey of Current Business, September 1994, Table 2. 1993 forward—U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, United States Department of Commerce News, October 27, 1995, Table 2.

R=Revised data.

Figure 1.9 Passenger Car Efficiency

(Index, 1973 = 100)



Source: Table 1.9.

Table 1.10 Passenger Car Efficiency

	Mileage		Fuel Co	nsumption	Fuel Rate		
	Miles per Car	Index 1973=100.0	Gallons per Car	Index 1973=100.0	Miles per Gallon	Index 1973=100.0	
973	10,256	100.0	771	100.0	13.30	100.0	
974	9,606	93.7	716	92.9	13.42	100.9	
975	9,690	94.5	716	92.9	13.52	101.7	
976	9,785	95.4	723	93.8	13.53	101.7	
977	9,879	96.3	716	92.9	13.80	103.8	
978	9,835	95.9	701	90.9	14.04	105.6	
979	9,403	91.7	653	84.7	14.41	108.3	
980	9,141	89.1	591	76.7	15.46	116.2	
981	9,186	89.6	576	74.7	15.94	119.8	
982	9,428	91.9	566	73.4	16.65	125.2	
983	9,475	92.4	553	71.7	17.14	128.9	
984	9,558	93.2	536	69.5	17.83	134.1	
985	9,560	93.2	525	68.1	18.20	136.8	
986	9,608	93.7	526	68.2	18.27	137.4	
987	9,878	96.3	514	66.7	19.20	144.4	
988	10,121	98.7	509	66.0	19.87	149.4	
989	10,332	100.7	509	66.0	20.31	152.7	
990	10,548	102.8	502	65.1	21.02	158.0	
991	10,757	104.9	496	64.3	21.69	163.1	
992	11,100	108.2	512	66.4	21.68	163.0	
993	11,760	114.7	559	72.5	21.04	158.2	
994 ^a	11,839	115.4	551	71.5	21.48	161.5	

^a Preliminary data.

Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Sources: Indices are prepared from statistics published by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Federal

Highway Statistics Division. • 1973-1985: Highway Statistics Summary to 1985, Table VM-201A. • 1986 forward: Highway Statistics, annual, Table VM-1.

Table 1.11 Heating Degree-Days by Census Division

	January 1 through January 31						Cumulative July 1 through January 31					
Census				Percent Change					Percent Change			
Divisions	Normal ^a	1995	1996	Normal to 1996	1995 to 1996	Normal ^a	1995	1996	Normal to 1996	1995 to 1996		
New England Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont	1,262	1,036	1,233	-2.3	19.0	3,702	3,262	3,834	3.6	17.5		
Middle Atlantic New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania	1,170	961	1,166	3	21.3	3,301	2,836	3,424	3.7	20.7		
East North Central Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, Wisconsin	1,315	1,199	1,296	-1.4	8.1	3,717	3,267	3,964	6.6	21.3		
West North Central Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota	1,398	1,292	1,462	4.6	13.2	3,994	3,563	4,209	5.4	18.1		
South Atlantic Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Maryland and the District of Columbia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia	670	577	668	3	15.8	1,754	1,477	1,920	9.5	30.0		
East South Central Alabama, Kentucky, Mississippi, Tennessee	844	755	829	-1.8	9.8	2,223	1,895	2,418	8.8	27.6		
West South Central Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas	620	509	587	-5.3	15.3	1,497	1,243	1,482	-1.0	19.2		
Mountain Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, Wyoming	991	881	942	-4.9	6.9	3,136	2,984	2,898	-7.6	-2.9		
Pacific ^b California, Oregon, Washington	573	501	523	-8.7	4.4	1,800	1,870	1,600	-11.1	-14.4		
U.S. Average ^b	948	826	932	-1.7	12.8	2,672	2,376	2,751	3.0	15.8		

^a "Normal" is based on calculations of data from 1961 through 1990.

Notes: Degree-days are relative measurements of outdoor air temperature used as an index for heating and cooling energy requirements. Heating degree-days are the number of degrees that the daily average temperature falls below 65° F. Cooling degree-days are the number of degrees that the daily average temperature rises above 65° F. The daily average temperature

is the mean of the maximum and minimum temperatures in a 24-hour period. For example, a weather station recording an average daily temperature of 40° F would report 25 heating degree-days for that day (and 0 cooling degree-days). If a weather station recorded an average daily temperature of 78° F, cooling degree-days for that station would be 13 (and 0 heating degree days).

Sources: See end of section.

b Excludes Alaska and Hawaii.

Table 1.12 Cooling Degree-Days by Census Division

	January 1 through January 31								
Census				Percent Change					
Divisions	Normal ^a	1995	1996	Normal to 1996	1995 to 1996				
New England Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont	0	0	0	(°)	(°)				
Middle Atlantic New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania	0	0	0	(°)	(°)				
East North Central Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, Wisconsin	0	0	0	(°)	(°)				
Vest North Central Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota	0	0	0	(°)	(°)				
Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Maryland and the District of Columbia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia	30	14	20	(°)	(°)				
iast South Central Alabama, Kentucky, Mississippi, Tennessee	7	1	0	(°)	(°)				
Vest South Central Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas	12	4	0	(°)	(°)				
Mountain Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, Wyoming	0	0	0	(°)	(c)				
Pacific ^b California, Oregon, Washington	1	0	0	(°)	(°)				
U.S. Average ^b	7	3	4	(°)	(°)				

^a "Normal" is based on calculations of data from 1961 through 1990.

Notes: Degree-days are relative measurements of outdoor air temperature used as an index for heating and cooling energy requirements. Cooling degree-days are the number of degrees that the daily average temperature rises above 65° F. Heating degree-days are the number of degrees that the

daily average temperature falls below 65° F. The daily average temperature is the mean of the maximum and minimum temperatures in a 24-hour period. For example, if a weather station recorded an average daily temperature of 78° F, cooling degree-days for that station would be 13 (and 0 heating degree-days). A weather station recording an average daily temperature of 40° F would report 25 heating degree-days for that day (and 0 cooling degree-days).

Sources: See end of section.

b Excludes Alaska and Hawaii.

^c Percent change is not meaningful: normal is less than 100 or ratio is not incalculable.

Energy Summary Notes

- 1. Energy Production: Production of energy includes production of coal, crude oil and lease condensate, natural gas plant liquids, natural gas (dry), electric utility and industrial production of hydroelectric power, and electricity generated from nuclear power. Production also includes electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy but excludes other energy obtained from those sources because consistent historical data are not available. Approximate heat contents (Btu values) are derived by using the conversion factors provided in Appendix A.
- 2. Energy Consumption: Consumption of energy includes consumption of coal, natural gas (including supplemental gaseous fuels), petroleum products supplied, electric utility and industrial production of hydroelectric power, net imports of electricity (assumed to be hydroelectricity), net imports of coal coke, and electricity generated from nuclear power. Consumption also includes electricity generated for distribution from geothermal, wood, waste, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy but excludes other energy obtained from those sources because consistent historical data are not available. Approximate heat contents (Btu values) are derived by using the conversion factors provided in Appendix A.
- **3. Energy Imports:** Energy imports include imports of coal, crude oil (including crude oil imported for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve), petroleum products, natural gas, electricity (assumed to be hydroelectricity), and coal coke. Approximate heat contents (Btu values) are derived by using the conversion factors provided in Appendix A. For further information on electricity, see "Note for imports and exports of electricity" under Note 8 of Section 2, Energy Consumption Section Notes and Sources.
- **4. Energy Exports:** Energy exports include coal, crude oil, petroleum products, natural gas, electricity produced from hydroelectric power, and coal coke. Approximate heat contents (Btu values) are derived by using the conversion factors provided in Appendix A. For more information on electricity, see "Note for imports and exports of electricity" under Note 8 of Section 2, Energy Consumption Section Notes and Sources.
- 5. Merchandise Trade Value: Import data presented are based on the customs value. That value does not include insurance and freight and is consequently lower than the cost, insurance, and freight (CIF) value, which is also reported by the Bureau of the Census. All export data, and import data prior to 1981, are on a free along-side ship (f.a.s.) basis.

"Balance" is exports minus imports; a positive balance indicates a surplus trade value and a negative balance indicates a deficit trade value. "Energy" includes mineral fuels, lubricants, and related material. "Non-Energy Balance" and "Total Merchandise" include foreign exports (i.e., re-exports) and nonmonetary gold and Department of Defense Grant-Aid shipments. The "Non-Energy Balance" is calculated by subtracting the "Energy" from the "Total Merchandise Balance."

"Imports" consist of government and nongovernment shipments of merchandise into the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and the U.S. Foreign Trade Zones. They reflect the total arrival from foreign countries of merchandise that immediately entered consumption channels, warehouses, the Foreign Trade Zones, or the Strategic Petroleum Reserve. They exclude shipments between the United States, Puerto Rico, and U.S. possessions, shipments to U.S. Armed Forces and diplomatic missions abroad for their own use, U.S. goods returned to the United States by its Armed Forces, and in-transit shipments.

Sources for Table 1.6

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Foreign Trade Division:

Petroleum Exports

1974-1987: "U.S. Exports," FT410, December issues. **1988:** "Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1988 Final Revisions."

1989: "Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1989 Revisions."

1990: "U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1990 Final Report."

1991: "U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1991 Final Report," May 13, 1992.

1992: "U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1992 Final Report," May 12, 1993.

1993: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services, Annual Revision for 1993."

1994: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services, Annual Revision for 1994."

1995: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services," FT900, monthly.

Petroleum Imports

1974-1987: "U.S. Merchandise Trade," FT900, December issues, 1975-1988.

1988: "Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1988 Final Revisions."

1989: "Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1989 Revisions."

1990: "U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1990 Final Report."

1991: "U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1991 Final Report," May 13, 1992, and "U.S. Merchandise Trade, October 1992," December 17, 1992, page 3.

1992: "U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1992 Final Report," May 12, 1993.

1993: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services, Annual Revision for 1993."

1994: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services, Annual Revision for 1994."

1995: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services," FT900, monthly.

Energy Exports and Imports

1974-1987: U.S. merchandise trade press releases and database printouts for adjustments.

1988: January-July, monthly FT900 supplement, 1989 issues. August-December, monthly FT900, 1989 issues.

1989: Monthly FT900, 1990 issues.

1990: "U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1990 Final Report."

1991: "U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1991 Final Report," May 13, 1992, and "U.S. Merchandise Trade, October 1992," December 17, 1992, page 3.

1992: "U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1992 Final Report," May 12, 1993.

1993: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services, Annual Revision for 1993."

1994: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services, Annual Revision for 1994."

1995: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services," FT900, monthly.

Total Merchandise

1974-1987: U.S. merchandise trade press releases and database printouts for adjustments.

1988: "Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1988 Final Revisions," August 18, 1989.

1989: "Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1989 Revisions," July 10, 1990.

1990: "U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1990 Final Report," May 10, 1991, and "U.S. Merchandise Trade, December 1992," February 18, 1993, page 3.

1991: "U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1992 Final Report,"

May 12, 1993.

1992-1994: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services. Annual Revision for 1994."

1995: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services," FT900, monthly.

Petroleum Balance, Energy Balance, and Non-Energy Balance

Calculated by the Energy Information Administration.

Sources for Tables 1.11 and 1.12

There are several degree-day databases maintained by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. The information published here is developed by the National Weather Service Climate Analysis Center, Camp Springs, MD. The data are available weekly with monthly summaries and are based on mean daily temperatures recorded at about 200 major weather stations around the country. The temperature information recorded at those weather stations is used to calculate statewide degree-day averages based on population.

The State figures are then aggregated into Census Divisions and into the national average. The population weights currently used represent resident State population data estimated for 1990 by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. The data provided here are available sooner than the Historical Climatology Series 5-1 (heating degree-days) and 5-2 (cooling degree-days) developed by the National Climatic Center, Asheville, NC, which compiles data from some 8.000 weather stations.

Section 2. Energy Consumption

U.S. total energy consumption in November 1995 was 7.3 quadrillion Btu. Petroleum products accounted for 40 percent of the energy consumed in November 1995, while natural gas accounted for 27 percent, and coal accounted for 22 percent.

Residential and commercial sector consumption was 2.6 quadrillion Btu in November 1995, up 12 percent from the November 1994 level. The sector accounted for 35 percent of November 1995 total consumption, up 1 percentage point from its 34-percent share in November 1994.

Industrial sector consumption was 2.8 quadrillion Btu in November 1995, up 3 percent from the November 1994 The industrial sector accounted for 38 percent of November 1995 total consumption, down 1 percentage point from its 39-percent share in November 1994.

Transportation sector consumption of energy was 2.0 quadrillion Btu in November 1995, up 5 percent from the November 1994 level. The sector accounted for 27 percent of November 1995 total consumption, about the same share as in November 1994.

Electric utility consumption of energy totaled 2.5 quadrillion Btu in November 1995, up 3 percent from the November 1994 level. Coal contributed 56 percent of the energy consumed by electric utilities in November 1995, while nuclear electric power contributed 23 percent; hydroelectric 11 percent; natural gas 8 percent; petroleum 2 percent; and geothermal, wood, waste, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy, 1 percent.

Energy Consumption Summary for November 1995 Table 2.1 (Quadrillion Btu)

		End-Use				
Energy Source	Residential and Commercial	Industrial	Transportation	Total ^a	Electric Utilities	Total
Coal	0.034	0.217	(b)	0.248	1.377	1.625
Natural Gas ^c	.813	.867	.064	1.744	.202	1.947
Petroleum Products ^d	.156	.816	1.892	2.864	.039	2.903
Nuclear Electric Power	_	_	_	_	.563	.563
Hydroelectric Power ^e	_	.002	_	.002	.271	.273
Geothermal	_	_	_	_	.012	.012
Net Imports of Coal Coke	_	.002	_	.002	-	.002
Other ^f	-	_	_	_	.002	.002
Primary Consumption	1.004	1.906	1.956	4.861	2.465	7.327
Electricity	.519	.282	.001	.802	_	_
Net Consumption	1.522	2.188	1.957	5.663	_	_
Electrical System Energy Losses	1.076	.585	.002	1.663	_	_
Total Consumptiong	2.598	2.773	1.960	7.327	_	_

a Totals for coal and natural gas may not equal sum of sectors due to the

use of sector-specific conversion factors.

^b Small amounts of coal consumed for transportation are reported as industrial sector consumption.

c Includes supplemental gaseous fuels. Transportation sector is pipeline

d Products obtained from the processing of crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas, and other hydrocarbon compounds.

Includes net imports of electricity.

Tother is electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.

g Due to a lack of consistent historical data, some renewable energy sources are not included. For example, in 1992, 3.0 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy consumed by U.S. electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution is included, but an estimated 3.0 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy used by other sectors is not included.

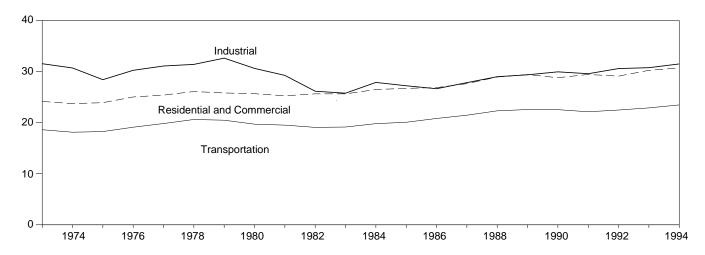
^{– =}Not applicable.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. · Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of

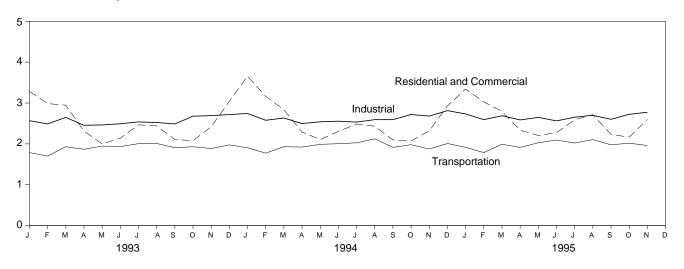
Additional Notes and Sources: See Tables 2.2-2.6 and end of section.

Figure 2.1 Energy Consumption by End-Use Sector

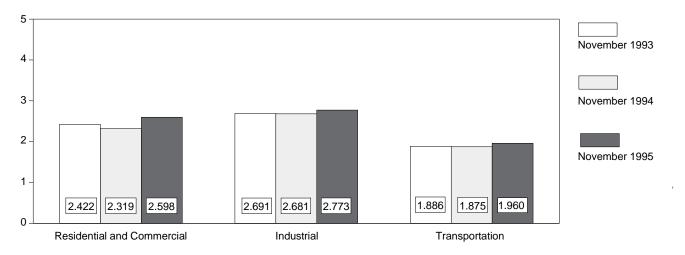
Overview, 1973-1994



Overview, Monthly



Overview, November



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Source: Table 2.2.

Table 2.2 Energy Consumption by End-Use Sector

1973 Total 1974 Total 1975 Total 1976 Total 1976 Total 1977 Total 1978 Total 1978 Total 1978 Total 1980 Total 1981 Total 1982 Total 1983 Total 1984 Total 1985 Total 1986 Total 1987 Total 1987 Total 1998 Total 1998 Total 1998 Total 1999 Total 1999 Total 1991 Total 1991 Total 1992 Total 1993 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total 1994 January February March April May June July September October November December Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September October Socioler	Net 15.766 15.246 15.246 15.200 15.997 15.828 16.023 15.709 15.075 14.541 14.629 14.395 14.791 15.146 16.004 16.261 15.568 15.986 16.090 2.081 1.946 1.859 1.380 1.012 .982 1.058 1.013 1.078 1.078 1.078 1.398	Total 24.143 23.725 23.899 25.018 25.384 26.084 25.808 25.655 25.241 25.629 25.627 26.474 26.704 26.852 27.623 28.925 29.404 28.786 29.424 29.100 3.285 2.986 2.947 2.315 2.000 2.140 2.466 2.441 2.108 2.079 2.422	Net 25.917 24.994 22.737 24.038 24.593 24.637 25.679 23.854 22.533 20.020 19.401 21.184 20.520 20.101 21.116 22.085 22.272 22.841 22.549 23.498 2.006 1.964 2.084 1.915 1.857 1.857 1.854 1.892 1.886 1.949 2.106	31.528 30.694 28.402 30.236 31.077 31.392 32.616 30.606 29.240 26.145 25.759 27.867 27.214 26.630 27.826 28.986 29.353 29.936 29.570 30.577 2.567 2.489 2.649 2.455 2.463 2.493 2.537 2.523 2.488 2.678	Net 18.584 18.095 18.219 19.076 19.794 20.589 20.447 19.669 19.480 19.043 19.109 19.773 20.036 20.781 21.419 22.274 22.530 22.504 22.090 22.432 1.785 1.700 1.928 1.866 1.943 1.933 2.003 2.008 1.903	Total 18.605 18.117 18.244 19.101 19.819 20.611 20.472 19.695 19.507 19.069 19.135 19.801 20.067 20.812 21.448 22.305 22.561 22.535 22.120 22.461 1.787 1.702 1.931 1.868 1.945 1.935 2.006 2.011 1.906	80.274 58.341 56.157 59.119 60.223 61.251 61.836 58.597 56.556 53.697 52.907 55.923 55.391 55.676 57.678 60.366 61.070 60.921 60.626 62.025 5.870 5.608 5.869 5.158 4.809 4.770 4.959 4.957 4.866	74.282 72.543 70.546 74.362 76.288 78.089 78.898 75.955 73.990 70.848 70.524 74.144 73.981 74.297 76.894 80.218 81.325 81.265 81.116 82.144 7.639 7.174 7.525 6.635 6.405 6.568 7.014 6.980 6.502
1974 Total 1975 Total 1976 Total 1976 Total 1977 Total 1978 Total 1978 Total 1979 Total 1980 Total 1981 Total 1982 Total 1983 Total 1983 Total 1985 Total 1986 Total 1987 Total 1987 Total 1987 Total 1989 Total 1998 Total 1999 Total 1991 Total 1991 Total 1992 Total 1993 January February March April May June July August September October Total 1994 January February March April Mary February March November December Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September October Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September September October Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September	15.246 15.200 15.997 15.828 16.023 15.709 15.075 14.541 14.629 14.395 14.964 14.839 14.791 15.146 16.004 16.261 15.568 15.986 16.090 2.081 1.946 1.859 1.380 1.012 .982 1.058 1.058 1.078 1.078 1.398	23.725 23.899 25.018 25.384 26.084 25.808 25.655 25.241 25.629 25.627 26.474 26.852 27.623 28.925 29.404 28.786 29.424 29.100 3.285 2.986 2.947 2.315 2.000 2.140 2.466 2.441 2.108 2.079	24.994 22.737 24.038 24.593 24.637 25.679 23.854 22.533 20.020 19.401 21.184 20.520 20.101 21.116 22.085 22.272 22.841 22.549 23.498 2.006 1.964 2.084 1.915 1.857 1.854 1.892 1.886 1.949	30.694 28.402 30.236 31.077 31.392 32.616 30.606 29.240 26.145 25.759 27.867 27.214 26.630 27.826 28.986 29.353 29.936 29.570 30.577 2.489 2.649 2.455 2.463 2.493 2.523 2.523 2.523 2.488	18.095 18.219 19.076 19.794 20.589 20.447 19.669 19.480 19.043 19.109 19.773 20.036 20.781 21.419 22.274 22.530 22.504 22.090 22.432 1.785 1.700 1.928 1.866 1.943 1.933 2.003 2.008 1.903	18.117 18.244 19.101 19.819 20.611 20.472 19.695 19.507 19.069 19.135 19.801 20.067 20.812 21.448 22.305 22.561 22.535 22.120 22.461 1.787 1.702 1.931 1.868 1.945 1.935 2.006 2.011	58.341 56.157 59.119 60.223 61.251 61.836 58.597 56.556 53.697 52.907 55.923 55.391 55.676 60.366 61.070 60.921 60.626 62.025 5.870 5.608 5.869 5.158 4.809 4.770 4.959 4.957	72.543 70.546 74.362 76.288 78.089 78.898 75.955 73.990 70.848 70.524 74.144 73.981 74.297 76.894 80.218 81.325 81.325 81.316 82.144 7.639 7.174 7.525 6.635 6.405 6.568 7.014 6.980
1974 Total 1975 Total 1976 Total 1976 Total 1977 Total 1978 Total 1978 Total 1979 Total 1980 Total 1981 Total 1982 Total 1983 Total 1983 Total 1985 Total 1986 Total 1987 Total 1987 Total 1987 Total 1989 Total 1998 Total 1999 Total 1991 Total 1991 Total 1992 Total 1993 January February March April May June July August September October Total 1994 January February March April Mary February March November December Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September October Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September September October Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September	15.246 15.200 15.997 15.828 16.023 15.709 15.075 14.541 14.629 14.395 14.964 14.839 14.791 15.146 16.004 16.261 15.568 15.986 16.090 2.081 1.946 1.859 1.380 1.012 .982 1.058 1.058 1.078 1.078 1.398	23.725 23.899 25.018 25.384 26.084 25.808 25.655 25.241 25.629 25.627 26.474 26.852 27.623 28.925 29.404 28.786 29.424 29.100 3.285 2.986 2.947 2.315 2.000 2.140 2.466 2.441 2.108 2.079	24.994 22.737 24.038 24.593 24.637 25.679 23.854 22.533 20.020 19.401 21.184 20.520 20.101 21.116 22.085 22.272 22.841 22.549 23.498 2.006 1.964 2.084 1.915 1.857 1.854 1.892 1.886 1.949	30.694 28.402 30.236 31.077 31.392 32.616 30.606 29.240 26.145 25.759 27.867 27.214 26.630 27.826 28.986 29.353 29.936 29.570 30.577 2.489 2.649 2.455 2.463 2.493 2.523 2.523 2.523 2.488	18.095 18.219 19.076 19.794 20.589 20.447 19.669 19.480 19.043 19.109 19.773 20.036 20.781 21.419 22.274 22.530 22.504 22.090 22.432 1.785 1.700 1.928 1.866 1.943 1.933 2.003 2.008 1.903	18.117 18.244 19.101 19.819 20.611 20.472 19.695 19.507 19.069 19.135 19.801 20.067 20.812 21.448 22.305 22.561 22.535 22.120 22.461 1.787 1.702 1.931 1.868 1.945 1.935 2.006 2.011	58.341 56.157 59.119 60.223 61.251 61.836 58.597 56.556 53.697 52.907 55.923 55.391 55.676 60.366 61.070 60.921 60.626 62.025 5.870 5.608 5.869 5.158 4.809 4.770 4.959 4.957	72.543 70.546 74.362 76.288 78.089 78.898 75.955 73.990 70.848 70.524 74.144 73.981 74.297 76.894 80.218 81.325 81.325 81.316 82.144 7.639 7.174 7.525 6.635 6.405 6.568 7.014 6.980
1975 Total 1976 Total 1976 Total 1977 Total 1978 Total 1978 Total 1979 Total 1980 Total 1981 Total 1982 Total 1983 Total 1985 Total 1985 Total 1986 Total 1986 Total 1987 Total 1997 Total 1998 Total 1998 Total 1998 Total 1998 Total 1998 Total 1999 Total 1999 Total 1991 Total 1992 Total 1993 January February March April May June July August September December Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September December Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September September October November December Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September September September	15.200 15.997 15.828 16.023 15.709 15.075 14.541 14.629 14.395 14.964 14.839 14.791 15.146 16.004 16.261 15.568 15.986 16.090 2.081 1.946 1.859 1.380 1.012 .982 1.058 1.058 1.078 1.078 1.398	23.899 25.018 25.384 26.084 25.808 25.655 25.241 25.629 25.627 26.474 26.704 26.852 27.623 28.925 29.404 29.100 3.285 2.986 2.947 2.315 2.000 2.140 2.466 2.441 2.108 2.079	22.737 24.038 24.593 24.637 25.679 23.854 22.533 20.020 19.401 21.184 20.520 20.101 21.116 22.085 22.272 22.841 22.549 23.498 2.006 1.964 2.084 1.915 1.857 1.857 1.854 1.892 1.886 1.949	28.402 30.236 31.077 31.392 32.616 30.606 29.240 26.145 25.759 27.867 27.214 26.630 27.826 28.986 29.353 29.936 29.570 30.577 2.567 2.489 2.649 2.455 2.463 2.493 2.523 2.523 2.488	18.219 19.076 19.794 20.589 20.447 19.669 19.480 19.043 19.109 19.773 20.036 20.781 21.419 22.274 22.530 22.504 22.090 22.432 1.785 1.700 1.928 1.866 1.943 1.933 2.003 2.008 1.903	18.244 19.101 19.819 20.611 20.472 19.695 19.507 19.069 19.135 19.801 20.067 20.812 21.448 22.305 22.561 22.535 22.120 22.461 1.787 1.702 1.931 1.868 1.945 1.935 2.006 2.011	56.157 59.119 60.223 61.251 61.836 58.597 56.556 53.697 52.907 55.923 55.391 55.676 60.366 61.070 60.921 60.626 62.025 5.870 5.608 5.869 5.158 4.809 4.770 4.959 4.957	70.546 74.362 76.288 78.089 78.898 75.955 73.990 70.848 70.524 74.144 73.981 74.297 76.894 80.218 81.325 81.265 81.116 82.144 7.639 7.174 7.525 6.635 6.405 6.568 7.014 6.980
1976 Total 1977 Total 1978 Total 1978 Total 1979 Total 1980 Total 1981 Total 1982 Total 1983 Total 1984 Total 1985 Total 1986 Total 1986 Total 1987 Total 1987 Total 1998 Total 1997 Total 1998 Total 1998 Total 1998 Total 1999 Total 1991 Total 1991 Total 1992 Total 1993 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September Jeember Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September September April May June July August September	15.997 15.828 16.023 15.709 15.075 14.541 14.629 14.395 14.964 14.839 14.791 15.146 16.004 16.261 15.568 15.986 16.090 2.081 1.946 1.859 1.380 1.012 .982 1.058 1.058 1.058 1.078 1.078 1.398	25.018 25.384 26.084 25.808 25.655 25.241 25.629 25.627 26.474 26.704 26.852 27.623 28.925 29.404 28.786 29.424 29.100 3.285 2.986 2.947 2.315 2.000 2.140 2.466 2.441 2.108 2.079	24.038 24.533 24.637 25.679 23.854 22.533 20.020 19.401 21.184 20.520 20.101 21.116 22.085 22.272 22.841 22.549 23.498 2.006 1.964 2.084 1.915 1.857 1.857 1.854 1.892 1.886 1.949	30.236 31.077 31.392 32.616 30.606 29.240 26.145 25.759 27.867 27.214 26.630 27.826 28.986 29.353 29.936 29.570 30.577 2.567 2.489 2.649 2.455 2.463 2.493 2.523 2.523 2.523 2.488	19.076 19.794 20.589 20.447 19.669 19.480 19.043 19.109 19.773 20.036 20.781 21.419 22.274 22.530 22.504 22.090 22.432 1.785 1.700 1.928 1.866 1.943 1.933 2.003 2.008 1.903	19.101 19.819 20.611 20.472 19.695 19.507 19.069 19.135 19.801 20.067 20.812 21.448 22.305 22.561 22.535 22.120 22.461 1.787 1.702 1.931 1.868 1.945 1.935 2.006 2.011	59.119 60.223 61.251 61.836 58.597 56.556 53.697 52.907 55.923 55.391 55.676 57.678 60.366 61.070 60.921 60.626 62.025 5.870 5.608 5.869 5.158 4.809 4.770 4.959 4.957	74.362 76.288 78.089 78.898 75.955 73.990 70.848 70.524 74.144 73.981 74.297 76.894 80.218 81.325 81.265 81.116 82.144 7.639 7.174 7.525 6.635 6.405 6.568 7.014 6.980
1977 Total 1978 Total 1979 Total 1980 Total 1981 Total 1981 Total 1983 Total 1983 Total 1984 Total 1985 Total 1985 Total 1986 Total 1987 Total 1987 Total 1989 Total 1999 Total 1990 Total 1991 Total 1991 Total 1992 Total 1992 Total 1993 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September September April May June July August September	15.828 16.023 15.709 15.075 14.541 14.629 14.395 14.964 14.839 14.791 15.146 16.004 16.261 15.568 15.986 16.090 2.081 1.946 1.859 1.380 1.012 .982 1.058 1.058 1.058 1.078 1.078 1.078 1.398	25.384 26.084 25.808 25.655 25.241 25.629 25.627 26.474 26.704 26.852 27.623 28.925 29.404 28.786 29.424 29.100 3.285 2.986 2.947 2.315 2.000 2.140 2.466 2.441 2.108 2.079	24.593 24.637 25.679 23.854 22.533 20.020 19.401 21.184 20.520 20.101 21.116 22.085 22.272 22.841 22.549 23.498 2.006 1.964 2.084 1.915 1.857 1.854 1.892 1.886 1.949	31.077 31.392 32.616 30.606 29.240 26.145 25.759 27.867 27.214 26.630 27.826 28.986 29.353 29.936 29.577 2.567 2.489 2.649 2.455 2.463 2.493 2.523 2.523 2.488	19.794 20.589 20.447 19.669 19.480 19.043 19.109 19.773 20.036 20.781 21.419 22.274 22.530 22.504 22.090 22.432 1.785 1.700 1.928 1.866 1.943 1.933 2.003 2.008 1.903	19.819 20.611 20.472 19.695 19.507 19.069 19.135 19.801 20.067 20.812 21.448 22.305 22.561 22.535 22.120 22.461 1.787 1.702 1.931 1.868 1.945 1.935 2.006 2.011	60.223 61.251 61.836 58.597 56.556 53.697 52.907 55.923 55.391 55.676 57.678 60.366 61.070 60.921 60.626 62.025 5.870 5.608 5.869 5.158 4.809 4.770 4.959 4.957	76.288 78.089 78.898 75.955 73.990 70.848 70.524 74.144 73.981 74.297 76.894 80.218 81.325 81.265 81.116 82.144 7.639 7.174 7.525 6.635 6.405 6.568 7.014 6.980
1978 Total 1978 Total 1979 Total 1980 Total 1981 Total 1982 Total 1983 Total 1984 Total 1985 Total 1986 Total 1986 Total 1987 Total 1987 Total 1989 Total 1990 Total 1991 Total 1991 Total 1992 Total 1993 January February March April May June July August September October Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September September September April May June July August September	16.023 15.709 15.075 14.541 14.629 14.395 14.964 14.839 14.791 15.146 16.004 16.261 15.568 15.986 16.090 2.081 1.946 1.859 1.380 1.012 .982 1.058 1.058 1.078 1.078 1.398	26.084 25.808 25.655 25.241 25.629 25.627 26.474 26.852 27.623 28.925 29.404 28.786 29.424 29.100 3.285 2.986 2.947 2.315 2.000 2.140 2.466 2.441 2.108 2.079	24.637 25.679 23.854 22.533 20.020 19.401 21.184 20.520 20.101 21.116 22.085 22.272 22.841 22.549 23.498 2.006 1.964 2.084 1.915 1.857 1.854 1.892 1.886 1.949	31.392 32.616 30.606 29.240 26.145 25.759 27.867 27.214 26.630 27.826 28.986 29.353 29.353 29.36 29.570 30.577 2.489 2.649 2.455 2.463 2.493 2.523 2.523 2.523 2.488	20.589 20.447 19.669 19.480 19.043 19.109 19.773 20.036 20.781 21.419 22.274 22.530 22.504 22.090 22.432 1.785 1.700 1.928 1.866 1.943 1.933 2.003 2.008 1.903	20.611 20.472 19.695 19.507 19.069 19.135 19.801 20.067 20.812 21.448 22.305 22.561 22.535 22.120 22.461 1.787 1.702 1.931 1.868 1.945 1.945 1.935 2.006 2.011	61.251 61.836 58.597 56.556 53.697 52.907 55.923 55.391 55.676 57.678 60.366 61.070 60.921 60.626 62.025 5.870 5.608 5.869 5.158 4.809 4.770 4.959 4.957	78.089 78.898 75.955 73.990 70.848 70.524 74.144 73.981 74.297 76.894 80.218 81.325 81.265 81.116 82.144 7.639 7.174 7.525 6.635 6.405 6.568 7.014 6.980
1979 Total 1980 Total 1981 Total 1982 Total 1983 Total 1983 Total 1985 Total 1986 Total 1986 Total 1987 Total 1987 Total 1988 Total 1989 Total 1999 Total 1999 Total 1990 Total 1991 Total 1992 Total 1993 January February March April May June July August September December Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September December Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September September Jebruary March April May June July August September September September September September September	15.709 15.075 14.541 14.629 14.395 14.964 14.839 15.146 16.004 16.261 15.586 16.090 2.081 1.946 1.859 1.380 1.012 .982 1.058 1.058 1.058 1.078 1.078 1.398	25.808 25.655 25.241 25.629 25.627 26.474 26.704 26.852 27.623 28.925 29.404 28.786 29.424 29.100 3.285 2.986 2.947 2.315 2.000 2.140 2.466 2.441 2.108 2.079	25.679 23.854 22.533 20.020 19.401 21.184 20.520 20.101 21.116 22.085 22.272 22.841 22.549 23.498 2.006 1.964 2.084 1.915 1.857 1.854 1.892 1.886 1.949	32.616 30.606 29.240 26.145 25.759 27.867 27.214 26.630 27.826 28.986 29.353 29.936 29.570 30.577 2.489 2.649 2.455 2.463 2.493 2.537 2.523 2.488	20.447 19.669 19.480 19.043 19.109 19.773 20.036 20.781 21.419 22.274 22.530 22.504 22.090 22.432 1.785 1.700 1.928 1.866 1.943 1.933 2.003 2.008 1.903	20.472 19.695 19.507 19.069 19.135 19.801 20.067 20.812 21.448 22.305 22.561 22.535 22.120 22.461 1.787 1.702 1.931 1.868 1.945 1.935 2.006 2.011	61.836 58.597 56.556 53.697 52.907 55.923 55.391 55.676 60.366 61.070 60.921 60.626 62.025 5.870 5.608 5.869 5.158 4.809 4.770 4.959 4.957	78.898 75.955 73.990 70.848 70.524 74.144 73.981 74.297 76.894 80.218 81.325 81.265 81.116 82.144 7.639 7.174 7.525 6.635 6.405 6.568 7.014 6.980
1980 Total 1981 Total 1982 Total 1983 Total 1984 Total 1985 Total 1986 Total 1986 Total 1987 Total 1988 Total 1988 Total 1998 Total 1998 Total 1998 Total 1999 Total 1991 Total 1991 Total 1992 Total 1992 Total 1993 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September September April May June July August September September September	15.075 14.541 14.629 14.395 14.964 14.839 14.791 15.146 16.004 16.261 15.568 15.986 16.090 2.081 1.946 1.859 1.380 1.012 .982 1.058 1.058 1.058 1.078 1.078 1.398	25.655 25.241 25.629 25.627 26.474 26.704 26.852 27.623 28.925 29.404 28.786 29.424 29.100 3.285 2.986 2.947 2.315 2.000 2.140 2.466 2.441 2.108 2.079	23.854 22.533 20.020 19.401 21.184 20.520 20.101 21.116 22.085 22.272 22.841 22.549 23.498 2.006 1.964 2.084 1.915 1.857 1.857 1.854 1.892 1.886 1.949	30.606 29.240 26.145 25.759 27.867 27.214 26.630 27.826 28.986 29.353 29.936 29.570 30.577 2.489 2.649 2.455 2.463 2.493 2.523 2.523 2.488	19.669 19.480 19.043 19.109 19.773 20.036 20.781 21.419 22.274 22.530 22.504 22.090 22.432 1.785 1.700 1.928 1.866 1.943 1.933 2.003 2.008 1.903	19.695 19.507 19.069 19.135 19.801 20.067 20.812 21.448 22.305 22.561 22.535 22.120 22.461 1.787 1.702 1.931 1.868 1.945 1.935 2.006 2.011	58.597 56.556 53.697 52.907 55.923 55.391 55.676 60.366 61.070 60.921 60.626 62.025 5.870 5.608 5.869 5.158 4.809 4.770 4.959 4.957	75.955 73.990 70.848 70.524 74.144 73.981 74.297 76.894 80.218 81.325 81.265 81.116 82.144 7.639 7.174 7.525 6.635 6.405 6.568 7.014 6.980
1981 Total 1982 Total 1983 Total 1983 Total 1984 Total 1985 Total 1986 Total 1986 Total 1987 Total 1988 Total 1998 Total 1999 Total 1990 Total 1991 Total 1992 Total 1993 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September September April May June July August September	14.541 14.629 14.395 14.964 14.839 14.791 15.146 16.004 16.261 15.568 15.986 16.090 2.081 1.946 1.859 1.380 1.012 .982 1.058 1.058 1.013 1.078 1.398	25.241 25.629 25.627 26.474 26.704 26.852 27.623 28.925 29.404 28.786 29.424 29.100 3.285 2.986 2.947 2.315 2.000 2.140 2.466 2.441 2.108 2.079	22.533 20.020 19.401 21.184 20.520 20.101 21.116 22.085 22.272 22.841 22.549 23.498 2.006 1.964 2.084 1.915 1.857 1.857 1.854 1.892 1.886 1.949	29.240 26.145 25.759 27.867 27.214 26.630 27.826 28.986 29.353 29.936 29.570 30.577 2.567 2.489 2.649 2.455 2.463 2.493 2.523 2.523 2.488	19.480 19.043 19.109 19.773 20.036 20.781 21.419 22.274 22.530 22.504 22.090 22.432 1.785 1.700 1.928 1.866 1.943 1.933 2.003 2.008 1.903	19.507 19.069 19.135 19.801 20.067 20.812 21.448 22.305 22.561 22.535 22.120 22.461 1.787 1.702 1.931 1.868 1.945 1.935 2.006 2.011	56.556 53.697 52.907 55.923 55.391 55.676 57.678 60.366 61.070 60.921 60.626 62.025 5.870 5.608 5.869 5.158 4.809 4.770 4.959 4.957	73.990 70.848 70.524 74.144 73.981 74.297 76.894 80.218 81.325 81.265 81.116 82.144 7.639 7.174 7.525 6.635 6.405 6.568 7.014 6.980
1982 Total 1983 Total 1984 Total 1985 Total 1986 Total 1987 Total 1988 Total 1989 Total 1999 Total 1990 Total 1991 Total 1992 Total 1993 January February March April May June July August September Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September September September April May June July August September	14.629 14.395 14.964 14.839 14.791 15.146 16.004 16.261 15.568 15.986 16.090 2.081 1.946 1.859 1.380 1.012 .982 1.058 1.058 1.013 1.078 1.398	25.629 25.627 26.474 26.704 26.852 27.623 28.925 29.404 28.786 29.424 29.100 3.285 2.986 2.947 2.315 2.000 2.140 2.466 2.441 2.108 2.079	20.020 19.401 21.184 20.520 20.101 21.116 22.085 22.272 22.841 22.549 23.498 2.006 1.964 2.084 1.915 1.857 1.854 1.892 1.886 1.949	26.145 25.759 27.867 27.214 26.630 27.826 28.986 29.353 29.936 29.570 30.577 2.489 2.649 2.455 2.463 2.493 2.523 2.523 2.488	19.043 19.109 19.773 20.036 20.781 21.419 22.274 22.530 22.504 22.090 22.432 1.785 1.700 1.928 1.866 1.943 1.933 2.003 2.008 1.903	19.069 19.135 19.801 20.067 20.812 21.448 22.305 22.561 22.535 22.120 22.461 1.787 1.702 1.931 1.868 1.945 1.935 2.006 2.011	53.697 52.907 55.923 55.391 55.676 57.678 60.366 61.070 60.921 60.626 62.025 5.870 5.608 5.869 5.158 4.809 4.770 4.959 4.957	70.848 70.524 74.144 73.981 74.297 76.894 80.218 81.325 81.265 81.116 82.144 7.639 7.174 7.525 6.635 6.405 6.568 7.014 6.980
1983 Total 1984 Total 1985 Total 1986 Total 1987 Total 1988 Total 1989 Total 1989 Total 1990 Total 1991 Total 1992 Total 1993 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September September April May June July August September September	14.395 14.964 14.839 14.791 15.146 16.004 16.261 15.586 16.090 2.081 1.946 1.859 1.380 1.012 .982 1.058 1.058 1.013 1.078 1.398	25.627 26.474 26.704 26.852 27.623 28.925 29.404 29.100 3.285 2.986 2.947 2.315 2.000 2.140 2.466 2.441 2.108 2.079	19.401 21.184 20.520 20.101 21.116 22.085 22.272 22.841 22.549 23.498 2.006 1.964 2.084 1.915 1.857 1.854 1.892 1.886 1.949	25.759 27.867 27.214 26.630 27.826 28.986 29.353 29.936 29.570 30.577 2.567 2.489 2.649 2.455 2.463 2.493 2.537 2.523 2.488	19.109 19.773 20.036 20.781 21.419 22.274 22.530 22.504 22.090 22.432 1.785 1.700 1.928 1.866 1.943 1.933 2.003 2.008 1.903	19.135 19.801 20.067 20.812 21.448 22.305 22.561 22.535 22.120 22.461 1.787 1.702 1.931 1.868 1.945 1.935 2.006 2.011	52.907 55.923 55.391 55.676 57.678 60.366 61.070 60.921 60.626 62.025 5.870 5.608 5.869 5.158 4.809 4.770 4.959 4.957	70.524 74.144 73.981 74.297 76.894 80.218 81.325 81.265 81.116 82.144 7.639 7.174 7.525 6.635 6.405 6.568 7.014 6.980
1984 Total 1985 Total 1986 Total 1986 Total 1987 Total 1988 Total 1998 Total 1998 Total 1999 Total 1990 Total 1991 Total 1992 Total 1993 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September September April May June July August September	14.964 14.839 14.791 15.146 16.004 16.261 15.568 15.986 16.090 2.081 1.946 1.859 1.380 1.012 .982 1.058 1.058 1.013 1.078 1.398	26.474 26.704 26.852 27.623 28.925 29.404 28.786 29.424 29.100 3.285 2.986 2.947 2.315 2.000 2.140 2.466 2.441 2.108 2.079	21.184 20.520 20.101 21.116 22.085 22.272 22.841 22.549 23.498 2.006 1.964 2.084 1.915 1.857 1.857 1.854 1.892	27.867 27.214 26.630 27.826 28.986 29.353 29.936 29.570 30.577 2.567 2.489 2.649 2.455 2.463 2.493 2.523 2.523 2.488	19.773 20.036 20.781 21.419 22.274 22.530 22.504 22.090 22.432 1.785 1.700 1.928 1.866 1.943 1.933 2.003 2.008 1.903	19.801 20.067 20.812 21.448 22.305 22.561 22.535 22.120 22.461 1.787 1.702 1.931 1.868 1.945 1.935 2.006 2.011	55.923 55.391 55.676 57.678 60.366 61.070 60.921 60.626 62.025 5.870 5.608 5.869 5.158 4.809 4.770 4.959 4.957	74.144 73.981 74.297 76.894 80.218 81.325 81.265 81.116 82.144 7.639 7.174 7.525 6.635 6.405 6.568 7.014 6.980
1985 Total 1986 Total 1987 Total 1988 Total 1989 Total 1990 Total 1990 Total 1991 Total 1992 Total 1993 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September Total 1994 January February March April May June July September Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September September	14.839 14.791 15.146 16.004 16.261 15.568 15.986 16.090 2.081 1.946 1.859 1.380 1.012 .982 1.058 1.058 1.013 1.078 1.398	26.704 26.852 27.623 28.925 29.404 28.786 29.424 29.100 3.285 2.986 2.947 2.315 2.000 2.140 2.466 2.441 2.108 2.079	20.520 20.101 21.116 22.085 22.272 22.841 22.549 23.498 2.006 1.964 2.084 1.915 1.857 1.854 1.892 1.886 1.949	27.214 26.630 27.826 28.986 29.353 29.936 29.570 30.577 2.567 2.489 2.649 2.455 2.463 2.493 2.523 2.523 2.488	20.036 20.781 21.419 22.274 22.530 22.504 22.090 22.432 1.785 1.700 1.928 1.866 1.943 1.933 2.003 2.008 1.903	20.067 20.812 21.448 22.305 22.561 22.535 22.120 22.461 1.787 1.702 1.931 1.868 1.945 1.935 2.006 2.011	55.391 55.676 57.678 60.366 61.070 60.921 60.626 62.025 5.870 5.608 5.869 5.158 4.809 4.770 4.959 4.957	73.981 74.297 76.894 80.218 81.325 81.265 81.116 82.144 7.639 7.174 7.525 6.635 6.405 6.568 7.014 6.980
1986 Total 1987 Total 1988 Total 1988 Total 1989 Total 1990 Total 1991 Total 1992 Total 1993 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September September Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September	14.791 15.146 16.004 16.261 15.568 15.986 16.090 2.081 1.946 1.859 1.380 1.012 .982 1.058 1.058 1.013 1.078 1.398	26.852 27.623 28.925 29.404 28.786 29.424 29.100 3.285 2.986 2.947 2.315 2.000 2.140 2.466 2.441 2.108 2.079	20.101 21.116 22.085 22.272 22.841 22.549 23.498 2.006 1.964 2.084 1.915 1.857 1.854 1.892 1.886 1.949	26.630 27.826 28.986 29.353 29.936 29.570 30.577 2.489 2.649 2.455 2.463 2.493 2.523 2.523 2.488	20.781 21.419 22.274 22.530 22.504 22.090 22.432 1.785 1.700 1.928 1.866 1.943 1.933 2.003 2.008 1.903	20.812 21.448 22.305 22.561 22.535 22.120 22.461 1.787 1.702 1.931 1.868 1.945 1.935 2.006 2.011	55.676 57.678 60.366 61.070 60.921 60.626 62.025 5.870 5.608 5.869 5.158 4.809 4.770 4.959 4.957	74.297 76.894 80.218 81.325 81.265 81.116 82.144 7.639 7.174 7.525 6.635 6.405 6.568 7.014 6.980
1987 Total 1988 Total 1989 Total 1990 Total 1991 Total 1992 Total 1993 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September	15.146 16.004 16.261 15.568 15.986 16.090 2.081 1.946 1.859 1.380 1.012 .982 1.058 1.058 1.013 1.078 1.398	27.623 28.925 29.404 28.786 29.424 29.100 3.285 2.986 2.947 2.315 2.000 2.140 2.466 2.441 2.108 2.079	21.116 22.085 22.272 22.841 22.549 23.498 2.006 1.964 2.084 1.915 1.857 1.854 1.892 1.886 1.949	27.826 28.986 29.353 29.936 29.570 30.577 2.567 2.489 2.649 2.455 2.463 2.493 2.537 2.523 2.488	21.419 22.274 22.530 22.504 22.090 22.432 1.785 1.700 1.928 1.866 1.943 1.933 2.003 2.008 1.903	21.448 22.305 22.561 22.535 22.120 22.461 1.787 1.702 1.931 1.868 1.945 1.935 2.006 2.011	57.678 60.366 61.070 60.921 60.626 62.025 5.870 5.608 5.869 5.158 4.809 4.770 4.959 4.957	76.894 80.218 81.325 81.265 81.116 82.144 7.639 7.174 7.525 6.635 6.405 6.568 7.014 6.980
1988 Total 1989 Total 1990 Total 1991 Total 1992 Total 1993 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September September Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September September April May June July August September	16.004 16.261 15.568 15.986 16.090 2.081 1.946 1.859 1.380 1.012 .982 1.058 1.058 1.013 1.078 1.398	28.925 29.404 28.786 29.424 29.100 3.285 2.986 2.947 2.315 2.000 2.140 2.466 2.441 2.108 2.079	22.085 22.272 22.841 22.549 23.498 2.006 1.964 2.084 1.915 1.857 1.854 1.892 1.886 1.949	28.986 29.353 29.936 29.570 30.577 2.567 2.489 2.649 2.455 2.463 2.493 2.537 2.523 2.488	22.274 22.530 22.504 22.090 22.432 1.785 1.700 1.928 1.866 1.943 1.933 2.003 2.008 1.903	22.305 22.561 22.535 22.120 22.461 1.787 1.702 1.931 1.868 1.945 1.935 2.006 2.011	60.366 61.070 60.921 60.626 62.025 5.870 5.608 5.869 5.158 4.809 4.770 4.959 4.957	80.218 81.325 81.265 81.116 82.144 7.639 7.174 7.525 6.635 6.405 6.568 7.014 6.980
1989 Total 1990 Total 1991 Total 1992 Total 1993 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September September July August September Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September September September September	16.261 15.568 15.986 16.090 2.081 1.946 1.859 1.380 1.012 .982 1.058 1.058 1.058 1.078 1.398	29.404 28.786 29.424 29.100 3.285 2.986 2.947 2.315 2.000 2.140 2.466 2.441 2.108 2.079	22.272 22.841 22.549 23.498 2.006 1.964 2.084 1.915 1.857 1.854 1.892 1.886 1.949	29.353 29.936 29.570 30.577 2.567 2.489 2.649 2.455 2.463 2.493 2.537 2.523 2.488	22.530 22.504 22.090 22.432 1.785 1.700 1.928 1.866 1.943 1.933 2.003 2.008 1.903	22.561 22.535 22.120 22.461 1.787 1.702 1.931 1.868 1.945 1.935 2.006 2.011	61.070 60.921 60.626 62.025 5.870 5.608 5.869 5.158 4.809 4.770 4.959 4.957	81.325 81.265 81.116 82.144 7.639 7.174 7.525 6.635 6.405 6.568 7.014 6.980
1990 Total 1991 Total 1992 Total 1993 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September September April May August September September	15.568 15.986 16.090 2.081 1.946 1.859 1.380 1.012 .982 1.058 1.058 1.013 1.078 1.398	28.786 29.424 29.100 3.285 2.986 2.947 2.315 2.000 2.140 2.466 2.441 2.108 2.079	22.841 22.549 23.498 2.006 1.964 2.084 1.915 1.857 1.854 1.892 1.886 1.949	29.936 29.570 30.577 2.567 2.489 2.649 2.455 2.463 2.493 2.537 2.523 2.488	22.504 22.090 22.432 1.785 1.700 1.928 1.866 1.943 1.933 2.003 2.008 1.903	22.535 22.120 22.461 1.787 1.702 1.931 1.868 1.945 1.935 2.006 2.011	60.921 60.626 62.025 5.870 5.608 5.869 5.158 4.809 4.770 4.959 4.957	81.265 81.116 82.144 7.639 7.174 7.525 6.635 6.405 6.568 7.014 6.980
1991 Total 1992 Total 1993 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September	15.986 16.090 2.081 1.946 1.859 1.380 1.012 .982 1.058 1.058 1.013 1.078 1.398	29.424 29.100 3.285 2.986 2.947 2.315 2.000 2.140 2.466 2.441 2.108 2.079	22.549 23.498 2.006 1.964 2.084 1.915 1.857 1.854 1.892 1.886 1.949	29.570 30.577 2.567 2.489 2.649 2.455 2.463 2.493 2.537 2.523 2.488	22.090 22.432 1.785 1.700 1.928 1.866 1.943 1.933 2.003 2.008 1.903	22.120 22.461 1.787 1.702 1.931 1.868 1.945 1.935 2.006 2.011	60.626 62.025 5.870 5.608 5.869 5.158 4.809 4.770 4.959 4.957	81.116 82.144 7.639 7.174 7.525 6.635 6.405 6.568 7.014 6.980
1992 Total 1993 January	2.081 1.946 1.859 1.380 1.012 .982 1.058 1.058 1.078 1.078 1.398	29.100 3.285 2.986 2.947 2.315 2.000 2.140 2.466 2.441 2.108 2.079	23.498 2.006 1.964 2.084 1.915 1.857 1.854 1.892 1.886 1.949	30.577 2.567 2.489 2.649 2.455 2.463 2.493 2.537 2.523 2.488	22.432 1.785 1.700 1.928 1.866 1.943 1.933 2.003 2.008 1.903	22.461 1.787 1.702 1.931 1.868 1.945 1.935 2.006 2.011	5.870 5.608 5.869 5.158 4.809 4.770 4.959 4.957	82.144 7.639 7.174 7.525 6.635 6.405 6.568 7.014 6.980
February March April May June July August September October November December Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September September Total September April May June July August September	1.946 1.859 1.380 1.012 .982 1.058 1.058 1.013 1.078 1.398	2.986 2.947 2.315 2.000 2.140 2.466 2.441 2.108 2.079	1.964 2.084 1.915 1.857 1.854 1.892 1.886 1.949	2.489 2.649 2.455 2.463 2.493 2.537 2.523 2.488	1.700 1.928 1.866 1.943 1.933 2.003 2.008 1.903	1.702 1.931 1.868 1.945 1.935 2.006 2.011	5.608 5.869 5.158 4.809 4.770 4.959 4.957	7.174 7.525 6.635 6.405 6.568 7.014 6.980
February March April May June July August September October November December Total 1994 January February March April May June July August September September Total September April May June July August September	1.946 1.859 1.380 1.012 .982 1.058 1.058 1.013 1.078 1.398	2.986 2.947 2.315 2.000 2.140 2.466 2.441 2.108 2.079	1.964 2.084 1.915 1.857 1.854 1.892 1.886 1.949	2.489 2.649 2.455 2.463 2.493 2.537 2.523 2.488	1.700 1.928 1.866 1.943 1.933 2.003 2.008 1.903	1.702 1.931 1.868 1.945 1.935 2.006 2.011	5.608 5.869 5.158 4.809 4.770 4.959 4.957	7.174 7.525 6.635 6.405 6.568 7.014 6.980
March	1.859 1.380 1.012 .982 1.058 1.058 1.013 1.078 1.398	2.947 2.315 2.000 2.140 2.466 2.441 2.108 2.079	2.084 1.915 1.857 1.854 1.892 1.886 1.949	2.649 2.455 2.463 2.493 2.537 2.523 2.488	1.928 1.866 1.943 1.933 2.003 2.008 1.903	1.931 1.868 1.945 1.935 2.006 2.011	5.869 5.158 4.809 4.770 4.959 4.957	7.525 6.635 6.405 6.568 7.014 6.980
April	1.380 1.012 .982 1.058 1.058 1.013 1.078 1.398	2.315 2.000 2.140 2.466 2.441 2.108 2.079	1.915 1.857 1.854 1.892 1.886 1.949	2.455 2.463 2.493 2.537 2.523 2.488	1.866 1.943 1.933 2.003 2.008 1.903	1.868 1.945 1.935 2.006 2.011	5.158 4.809 4.770 4.959 4.957	6.635 6.405 6.568 7.014 6.980
May	1.012 .982 1.058 1.058 1.013 1.078 1.398	2.000 2.140 2.466 2.441 2.108 2.079	1.857 1.854 1.892 1.886 1.949	2.463 2.493 2.537 2.523 2.488	1.943 1.933 2.003 2.008 1.903	1.945 1.935 2.006 2.011	4.809 4.770 4.959 4.957	6.405 6.568 7.014 6.980
June	.982 1.058 1.058 1.013 1.078 1.398	2.140 2.466 2.441 2.108 2.079	1.854 1.892 1.886 1.949	2.493 2.537 2.523 2.488	1.933 2.003 2.008 1.903	1.935 2.006 2.011	4.770 4.959 4.957	6.568 7.014 6.980
July	1.058 1.058 1.013 1.078 1.398	2.466 2.441 2.108 2.079	1.892 1.886 1.949	2.537 2.523 2.488	2.003 2.008 1.903	2.006 2.011	4.959 4.957	7.014 6.980
August	1.058 1.013 1.078 1.398	2.441 2.108 2.079	1.886 1.949	2.523 2.488	2.008 1.903	2.011	4.957	6.980
September	1.013 1.078 1.398	2.108 2.079	1.949	2.488	1.903			
October	1.078 1.398	2.079						U.JUZ
November	1.398				1.928	1.930	5.110	6.686
December			2.104	2.691	1.884	1.886	5.385	6.998
Total		3.044	2.123	2.717	1.974	1.976	5.966	7.737
February	16.732	30.229	23.743	30.753	22.856	22.883	63.326	83.862
March	2.354	3.657	2.168	2.744	1.902	1.905	6.425	8.306
April	2.095	3.163	2.068	2.578	1.771	1.773	5.932	7.512
May	1.749	2.837	2.060	2.633	1.930	1.932	5.738	7.400
June July August September	1.319	2.291	1.941	2.497	1.920	1.922	5.178	6.709
July August September	1.068	2.106	1.923	2.541	1.988	1.990	4.977	6.636
AugustSeptember	1.036	2.306	1.900	2.555	2.002	2.004	4.941	6.869
September	1.089	2.486	1.908	2.533	2.025	2.027	5.026	7.050
	1.086	2.432	1.943	2.593	2.124	2.126	5.156	7.155
October	.997	2.097	2.026	2.593	1.912	1.915	4.936	6.605
	1.053	2.073	2.130	2.719	1.978	1.980	5.160	6.772
November	1.297	2.319	2.089	2.681	1.872	1.875	5.256	6.872
December	1.770	2.931	2.220	2.814	2.008	2.010	5.996	7.754
Total	16.912	30.698	24.374	31.482	23.433	23.461	64.720	85.641
1995 January	2.123	3.343	2.155	2.732	1.915	1.917	R 6.191	7.991
February	1.973	3.026	R 2.068	R 2.593	1.784	1.786	^R 5.823	^R 7.404
March	1.721	2.797	2.106	R 2.688	1.989	1.991	5.813	7.474
April	1.367	2.335	2.019	2.587	1.912	1.914	5.295	6.833
May	1.134	2.205	2.015	R 2.649	2.025	2.027	R 5.173	6.880
June	1.068	2.274	R 1.929	R 2.562	2.092	2.094	R 5.090	R 6.932
July	1.110	2.590	1.992	2.653	2.018	2.021	5.124	^R 7.267
August	1.171	2.716	2.028	2.700	2.101	2.104	5.306	7.525
September	1.080	2.230	R 2.051	2.602	1.975	1.977	^R 5.105	R 6.809
October	1.098	2.166	R 2.129	R 2.724	2.016	2.018	R 5.239	R 6.904
November	1.522	2.598	2.188	2.773	1.957	1.960	5.663	7.327
11-Month Total	15.365	28.280	22.678	29.262	21.784	21.810	59.822	79.345
1994 11-Month Total 1993 11-Month Total	15.143	27.767	22.154 21.617	28.668	21.425 20.882	21.450 20.907	58.724 57.361	77.887 76.125

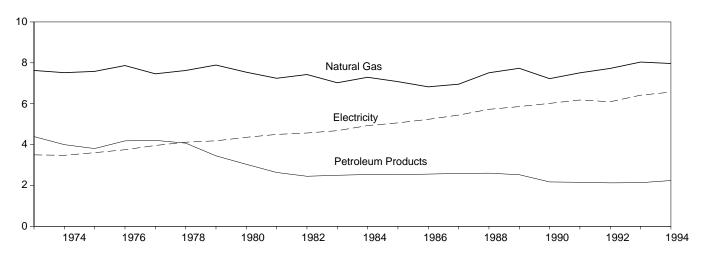
^a Due to a lack of consistent historical data, some renewable energy sources are not included. For example, in 1992, 3.0 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy consumed by U.S. electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution is included, but an estimated 3.0 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy used by other sectors is not included.

R=Revised data.

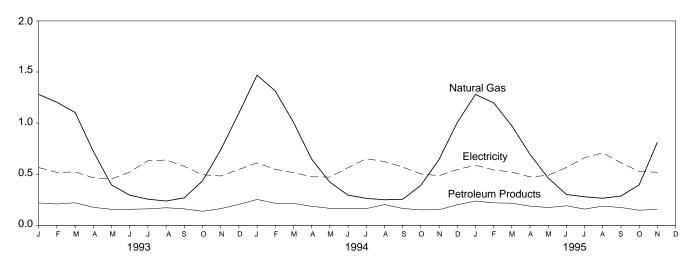
Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding and the use of sector-specific conversion factors for natural gas and coal. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

Figure 2.2 Residential and Commercial Energy Consumption

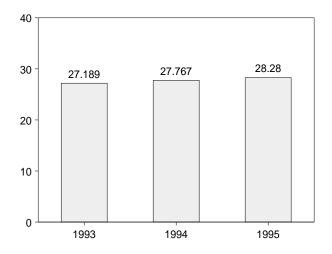
By Major Sources, 1973-1994



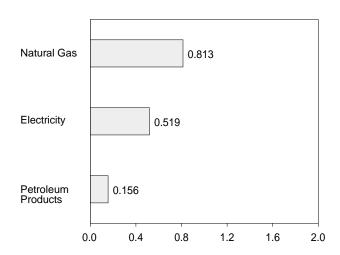
By Major Sources, Monthly



Total, January-November



By Major Sources, November 1995



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 2.3.

Table 2.3 Residential and Commercial Energy Consumption

	Coal	Natural Gas ^a	Petroleum Products ^b	Primary Consumption	Electricity	Net Consumption	Electrical System Energy Losses	Total Consumption ^c
1973 Total	0.254	7.626	4.391	12.270	3.495	15.766	8.377	24.143
1974 Total		7.518	3.996	11.771	3.475	15.246	8.480	23.725
1975 Total		7.581	3.805	11.595	3.604	15.200	8.700	23.899
1976 Total		7.866	4.181	12.250	3.747	15.997	9.021	25.018
1977 Total		7.461	4.206	11.873	3.955	15.828	9.556	25.384
1978 Total		7.624	4.070	11.908	4.116	16.023	10.061	26.084
1979 Total		7.891	3.448	11.525	4.184	15.709	10.100	25.808
1980 Total		7.540	3.035	10.721	4.355	15.075	10.580	25.655
1981 Total		7.243	2.634	10.043	4.497	14.541	10.700	25.241
1982 Total		7.427	2.449	10.063	4.566	14.629	11.000	25.629
1983 Total		7.024	2.498	9.715	4.680	14.395	11.232	25.627
1984 Total		7.292	2.535	10.036	4.928	14.964	11.510	26.474
1985 Total	.176	7.079	2.522	9.777	5.061	14.839	11.865	26.704
1986 Total		6.825	2.555	9.556	5.235	14.791	12.061	26.852
1987 Total		6.954	2.587	9.703	5.443	15.146	12.477	27.623
1988 Total		7.513	2.600	10.280	5.724	16.004	12.920	28.925
1989 Total		7.731	2.525	10.402	5.859	16.261	13.143	29.404
1990 Total		7.225	2.173	9.553	6.015	15.568	13.218	28.786
1991 Total		7.510	2.154	9.805	6.180	15.986	13.439	29.424
1992 Total		7.726	2.126	9.993	6.096	16.090	13.010	29.100
1993 January	.015	1.281	.219	1.516	.565	2.081	1.204	3.285
February	.015	1.204	.209	1.428	.518	1.946	1.040	2.986
March	.012	1.104	.221	1.337	.522	1.859	1.088	2.947
April	.014	.724	.176	.914	.466	1.380	.935	2.315
May	.007	.395	.157	.559	.453	1.012	.987	2.000
June	.010	.295	.157	.461	.521	.982	1.157	2.140
July	.010	.256	.161	.427	.632	1.058	1.408	2.466
August	.009	.238	.172	.419	.639	1.058	1.384	2.441
September	.007	.269	.161	.436	.577	1.013	1.095	2.108
October	.009	.435	.138	.582	.495	1.078	1.002	2.079
November	.015	.738	.163	.916	.483	1.398	1.024	2.422
December	.021	1.098	.205	1.325	.546	1.871	1.174	3.044
Total	.143	8.037	2.136	10.316	6.416	16.732	13.497	30.229
1994 January		1.470	.253	1.743	.611	2.354	1.303	3.657
February		1.315	.216	1.547	.548	2.095	1.068	3.163
March		1.008	.215	1.235	.515	1.749	1.087	2.837
April		.647	.186	.844	.475	1.319	.972	2.291
May		.422	.166	.596	.472	1.068	1.038	2.106
June		.295	.167	.471	.565	1.036	1.270	2.306
July		.264	.164	.438	.652	1.089	1.396	2.486
August		.250	.203	.462	.624	1.086	1.346	2.432
September		.255	.165	.426	.570	.997	1.100	2.097
October		.391	.151	.550	.503	1.053	1.021	2.073
November		.645	.153	.811	.486	1.297	1.022	2.319
December Total		1.005 7.967	.201 2.239	1.224 10.346	.546 6.567	1.770 16.912	1.161 13.786	2.931 30.698
1 995 January		1.281	.238	1.535	.588	2.123	1.220	3.343
February	.013	1.199	.220	1.432	.542	1.973	1.053	3.026
March		.974	.216	1.200	.521	1.721	1.076	2.797
April		.694	.188	.892	.474	1.367	.968	2.335
May		.463	.174	.645	.489	1.134	1.072	2.205
June		.302	.191	.500	.567	1.068	1.206	2.274
July		.279	.159	.448	.662	1.110	1.480	2.590
August		.265	.188	.462	.709	1.171	1.545	2.716
September		.287	.174	.468	.612	1.080	1.150	2.230
October		.396	.148	.571	.527	1.098	1.068	2.166
November		.813	.156	1.004	.519	1.522	1.076	2.598
11-Month Total	.147	6.955	2.053	9.155	6.210	15.365	12.915	28.280
1994 11-Month Total 1993 11-Month Total		6.962 6.939	2.039 1.934	9.122 8.995	6.021 5.870	15.143 14.865	12.624 12.324	27.767 27.189

sectors (primarily the residential sector) is not included.

Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

 $^{^{\}rm a}$ Includes supplemental gaseous fuels. $^{\rm b}$ Products obtained from the processing of crude oil (including lease

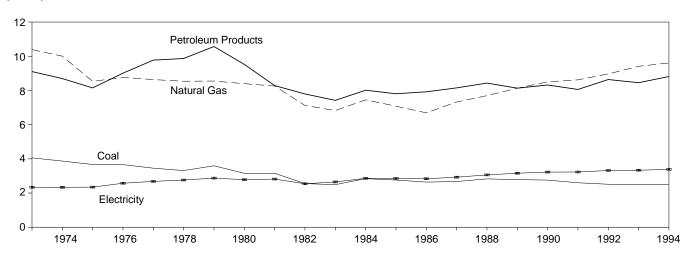
condensate), natural gas, and other hydrocarbon compounds.

Due to a lack of consistent historical data, some renewable energy sources are not included. For example, in 1992, an estimated 0.7 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy consumed by the U.S. residential and commercial

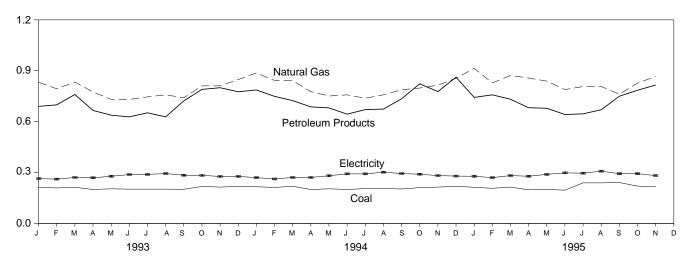
Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent bunding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of rounding. • Columbia.

Figure 2.3 Industrial Energy Consumption

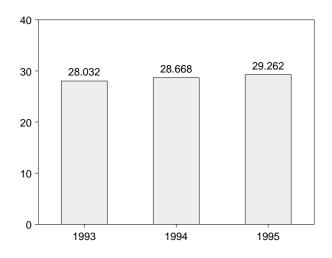
By Major Sources, 1973-1994



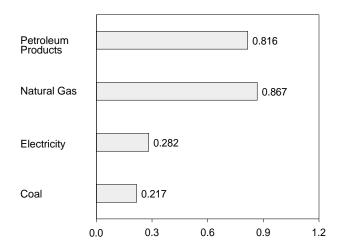
By Major Sources, Monthly



Total, January-November



By Major Sources, November 1995



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 2.4.

Table 2.4 Industrial Energy Consumption

	Coal	Natural Gas ^a	Petroleum Products ^b	Hydro- electric Power	Net Imports of Coal Coke	Primary Consumption	Electricity	Net Consumption	Electrical System Energy Losses	Total Consumption
973 Total	4.057	10.388	9.104	0.035	-0.007	23.576	2.341	25.917	5.611	31.528
974 Total	3.870	10.004	8.694	.033	.056	22.657	2.337	24.994	5.700	30.694
75 Total	3.667	8.532	8.146	.032	.014	20.391	2.346	22.737	5.665	28.402
976 Total	3.661	8.762	9.010	.033	(s)	21.465	2.573	24.038	6.198	30.236
977 Total	3.454	8.635	9.774	.033	.015	21.911	2.682	24.593	6.484	31.077
978 Total	3.314	8.539	9.867	.032	.125	21.876	2.761	24.637	6.755	31.392
979 Total	3.593	8.549	10.568	.034	.063	22.807	2.873	25.679	6.936	32.616
980 Total	3.155	8.395	9.525	.033	035	21.073	2.781	23.854	6.752	30.606
981 Total	3.157	8.257	8.285	.033	016	19.715	2.817	22.533	6.707	29.240
982 Total	2.552	7.121	7.794	.033	022	17.479	2.542	20.020	6.125	26.145
			7.420	.033		16.753				
983 Total	2.490	6.826			016		2.648	19.401	6.359	25.759
984 Total	2.842	7.448	8.014	.033	011	18.325	2.859	21.184	6.683	27.867
985 Total	2.760	7.080	7.805	.033	013	17.665	2.855	20.520	6.694	27.214
986 Total	2.640	6.690	7.920	.033	017	17.267	2.834	20.101	6.529	26.630
987 Total	2.673	7.323	8.150	.033	.009	18.188	2.928	21.116	6.710	27.826
988 Total	2.828	7.696	8.430	.033	.040	19.026	3.059	22.085	6.901	28.986
989 Total	2.787	8.131	8.133	.033	.030	19.113	3.158	22.272	7.082	29.353
990 Total	2.756	8.502	8.319	.033	.005	19.615	3.226	22.841	7.095	29.936
991 Total	2.601	8.619	8.057	.033	.009	19.319	3.230	22.549	7.021	29.570
992 Total	2.515	8.967	8.638	.033	.027	20.180	3.319	23.498	7.079	30.577
993 January	.213	.832	.690	.003	.004	1.742	.264	2.006	.562	2.567
February	.209	.794	.699	.003	(s)	1.703	.261	1.964	.524	2.489
March	.213	.833	.760	.003	.003	1.812	.271	2.084	.566	2.649
April	.200	.775	.666	.003	.002	1.646	.269	1.915	.540	2.455
May	.204	.731	.638	.003	.002	1.578	.278	1.857	.606	2.463
June	.202	.731	.628	.003	.003	1.566	.288	1.854	.639	2.493
July	.202	.746	.652	.003	(s)	1.603	.289	1.892	.645	2.537
	.202	.758	.628	.003	.002	1.592	.294	1.886	.637	2.523
August										
September	.201	.741	.722	.002	001	1.665	.284	1.949	.539	2.488
October	.218	.811	.790	.002	.001	1.823	.283	2.106	.572	2.678
November	.214	.811	.800	.002	(s)	1.827	.277	2.104	.587	2.691
December	.219	.848	.776	.002	.002	1.846	.277	2.123	.595	2.717
Total	2.496	9.410	8.453	.032	.017	20.409	3.334	23.743	7.010	30.753
994 January	.216	.887	.787	.003	.004	1.897	.270	2.168	.576	2.744
February	.212	.843	.749	.003	001	1.806	.262	2.068	.510	2.578
March	.219	.841	.724	.003	.002	1.789	.271	2.060	.573	2.633
April	.200	.777	.687	.003	.003	1.670	.271	1.941	.556	2.497
May	.204	.751	.681	.003	.002	1.642	.281	1.923	.619	2.541
June	.200	.758	.644	.003	.003	1.608	.292	1.900	.656	2.555
July	.205	.738	.671	.003	(s)	1.616	.292	1.908	.625	2.533
August	.205	.758	.674	.002	.002	1.641	.302	1.943	.650	2.593
September	.203	.788	.735	.002	.002	1.731	.294	2.026	.568	2.593
October	.211	.798	.823	.002	.005	1.840	.290	2.130	.589	2.719
November	.214	.815	.777	.002	001	1.807	.282	2.089	.592	2.681
December	.219	.856	.862	.002	.001	1.941	.279	2.220	.594	2.814
Total	2.510	9.609	8.813	.032	.024	20.988	3.386	24.374	7.108	31.482
NOE lanuari	242	01.1	740	002	004	4.077	270	2.455	F77	0.700
995 January	.213	.914	.743	.003	.004	1.877	.278	2.155	.577	2.732
February	.207	^R .828	./58	.003	.002	1.798	.270	``2.068	.525	°2.593
March	.214	R .872	.732	.003	.003	1.824	.282	2.106	.583	R 2.688
April	.198	.857	.682	.003	.001	1.741	.278	2.019	.568	2.587
May	.200	.839	.679	.003	.004	R 1.726	.289	2.015	.634	R 2.649
June	.196	R .789	.642	.003	.001	^R 1.631	.298	^R 1.929	.634	R 2.562
July	.239	.807	.646	.003	.002	1.696	.296	1.992	.661	2.653
August	.239	.807	.670	.002	.001	1.720	.308	2.028	.671	2.700
September	.241	.762	.750	.002	.002	1.757	.293	^R 2.051	.552	2.602
	.220	R .827	.785	.002	.003	R 1.836	.293	R 2.129	.594	R 2.724
October		.867	.816	.002	.002	1.906	.282	2.188	.585	2.773
	.217									
October	.217 2.383	9.170	7.902	.030	.025	19.510	3.168	22.678	6.583	29.262
October November					.025 .021	19.510 19.047	3.168 3.107	22.678 22.154	6.583 6.514	29.262 28.668

R=Revised data. (s)=Less than +0.5 trillion Btu and greater than -0.5 trillion Btu.

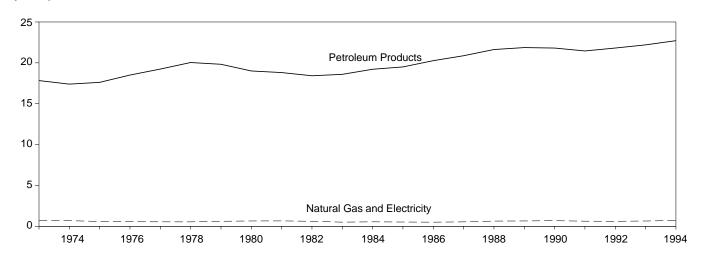
Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

a Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.
b Products obtained from the processing of crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas, and other hydrocarbon compounds.
c Due to a lack of consistent historical data, some renewable energy sources are not included. For example, in 1992, an estimated 2.3 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy consumed by the U.S. industrial sector (primarily the pulls and paper industry) is not included. the pulp and paper industry) is not included.

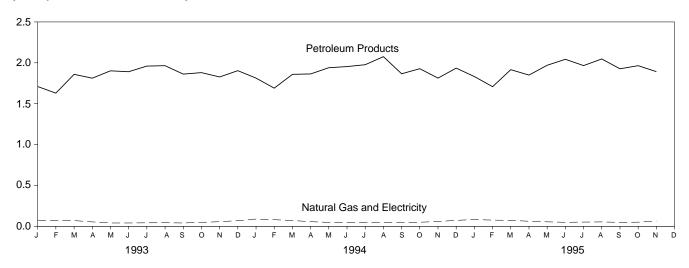
Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Notes: • rounding. • Columbia.

Figure 2.4 Transportation Energy Consumption

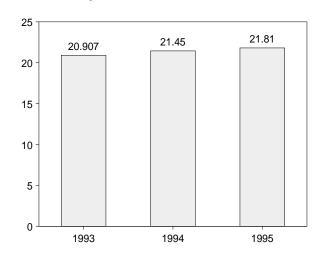
By Major Sources, 1973-1994



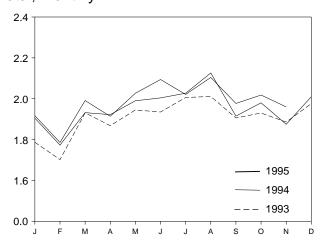
By Major Sources, Monthly



Total, January-November



Total, Monthly



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 2.5.

Table 2.5 Transportation Energy Consumption

	Coal	Natural Gas ^a	Petroleum Products ^b	Primary Consumption	Electricity	Net Consumption	Electrical System Energy Losses	Total Consumption ^c
1973 Total	0.003	0.743	17.831	18.576	0.008	18.584	0.020	18.605
1974 Total	.002	.685	17.399	18.086	.009	18.095	.022	18.117
1975 Total	.001	.595	17.614	18.209	.010	18.219	.025	18.244
1976 Total	(s)	.559	18.506	19.065	.010	19.076	.025	19.101
1977 Total	(s)	.543	19.241	19.784	.010	19.794	.025	19.819
1978 Total	(^d)	.539	20.041	20.580	.009	20.589	.022	20.611
1979 Total	(d)	.612	19.825	20.436	.010	20.447	.025	20.472
1980 Total	(d)	.650	19.008	19.658	.011	19.669	.026	19.695
1981 Total	(d)	.658	18.811	19.469	.011	19.480	.026	19.507
1982 Total	(ď)	.612	18.420	19.032	.011	19.043	.026	19.069
1983 Total	(ď)	.505	18.593	19.098	.011	19.109	.026	19.135
1984 Total	(ď)	.545	19.216	19.761	.012	19.773	.028	19.801
1985 Total	(d)	.519	19.504	20.024	.013	20.036	.030	20.067
1986 Total	(dí	.499	20.269	20.768	.013	20.781	.031	20.812
1987 Total	(d)	.535	20.871	21.406	.013	21.419	.029	21.448
1988 Total	(d)	.632	21.629	22.260	.014	22.274	.031	22.305
1989 Total	(b)	.649	21.868	22.517	.014	22.530	.031	22.561
1990 Total	(d)	.680	21.810	22.490	.014	22.504	.031	22.535
1991 Total	(d)	.620	21.456	22.076	.014	22.090	.030	22.120
1992 Total	(d)	.606	21.812	22.418	.014	22.432	.029	22.461
1993 January	(^d)	.074	1.710	1.784	.001	1.785	.002	1.787
February	ζd Ś	.070	1.629	1.699	.001	1.700	.002	1.702
March	ζd Ś	.069	1.859	1.927	.001	1.928	.002	1.931
April	ζd′	.053	1.812	1.865	.001	1.866	.002	1.868
May	ζd′	.040	1.902	1.942	.001	1.943	.002	1.945
June	ζd′	.040	1.891	1.931	.001	1.933	.002	1.935
July	}d ⟨	.042	1.960	2.002	.001	2.003	.003	2.006
August	} d {	.043	1.965	2.007	.001	2.008	.003	2.011
September	} d {	.040	1.862	1.902	.001	1.903	.002	1.906
October) d (.047	1.880	1.927	.001	1.928	.002	1.930
November	} d	.056	1.827	1.883	.001	1.884	.002	1.886
December	} d {	.068	1.904	1.973	.001	1.974	.002	1.976
Total	(d)	.642	22.201	22.842	.013	22.856	.028	22.883
1994 January	(d)	.088	1.813	1.901	.001	1.902	.002	1.905
February	}d ⟨	.080	1.690	1.770	.001	1.771	.002	1.773
March	\ d \	.070	1.859	1.929	.001	1.930	.002	1.932
April	(d)	.056	1.864	1.919	.001	1.920	.002	1.922
	(d)	.047	1.940	1.987	.001	1.988	.002	1.990
May	(d)							
June	(d)	.047	1.954	2.001	.001	2.002	.003	2.004
July	(d)	.046	1.977	2.024	.001	2.025	.003	2.027
August	(d)	.047	2.075	2.123	.001	2.124	.003	2.126
September	(d)	.045	1.866	1.911	.001	1.912	.002	1.915
October	(d)	.049	1.928	1.977	.001	1.978	.002	1.980
November	(d)	.058	1.813	1.871	.001	1.872	.002	1.875
December Total	(d)	.072 .705	1.935 22.714	2.007 23.420	.001 .013	2.008 23.433	.002 .028	2.010 23.461
	· d·							
1995 January	(d)	.082	1.832	1.913	.001	1.915	.002	1.917
February	(d)	.075	1.708	1.783	.001	1.784	.002	1.786
March	(a)	.072	1.916	1.988	.001	1.989	.002	1.991
April	(d)	.061	1.850	1.911	.001	1.912	.002	1.914
May	(d)	.054	1.970	2.024	.001	2.025	.002	2.027
June	(d)	.048	2.043	^R 2.090	.001	2.092	.002	2.094
July	(d)	.051	1.966	2.017	.001	2.018	.003	2.021
August	(d)	.053	2.047	2.100	.001	2.101	.003	2.104
September	(d)	.047	1.927	1.974	.001	1.975	.002	1.977
October	(b)	.050	1.965	2.015	.001	2.016	.002	2.018
November	λd ί	.064	1.892	1.956	.001	1.957	.002	1.960
11-Month Total	(d)	.657	21.115	21.771	.012	21.784	.026	21.810
1994 11-Month Total	(d) (d)	.634	20.779	21.413	.012	21.425	.025	21.450
1993 11-Month Total	\ d \	.574	20.779	20.870	.012	20.882	.025	20.907

a Pipeline fuel only, including supplemental gaseous fuels.
 b Products obtained from the processing of crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas, and other hydrocarbon compounds.
 C Due to a lack of consistent historical data, some renewable energy sources are not included. For example, in 1992, an estimated 0.1 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy consumed by the U.S. transportation sector is not included.

 $^{^{\}rm d}\,$ Since 1978, the small amounts of coal consumed for transportation are reported as industrial sector consumption.

R=Revised data. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

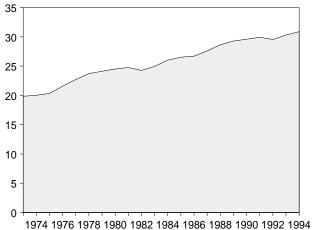
Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

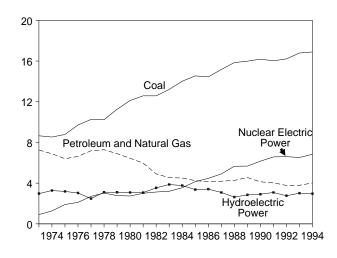
Energy Input at Electric Utilities Figure 2.5

(Quadrillion Btu)

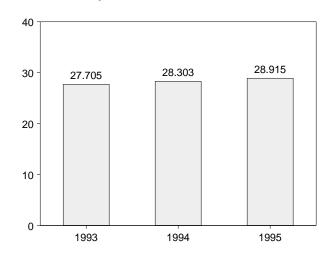
Total, 1973-1994



By Major Sources, 1973-1994

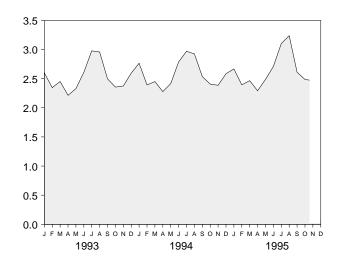


Total, January-November

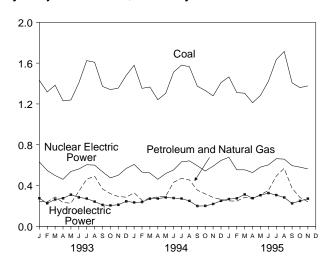


Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 2.6.

Total, Monthly



By Major Sources, Monthly



By Major Sources, November 1995

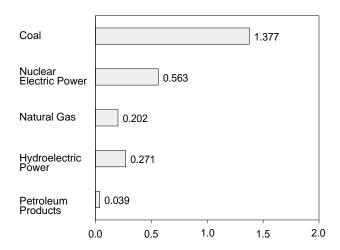


Table 2.6 Energy Input at Electric Utilities

	01	Natural	Petroleum	Nuclear Electric	Hydro- electric	Geothermal	Other and	T-1-1
	Coal	Gasa	Productsb	Power	Power ^c	Energy	Otherd	Total
1973 Total	8.658	3.748	3.515	0.910	2.975	0.043	0.003	19.852
1974 Total	8.534	3.519	3.365	1.272	3.276	.053	.003	20.022
1975 Total	8.786	3.240	3.166	1.900	3.187	.070	.002	20.350
1976 Total	9.720	3.152	3.477	2.111	3.032	.078	.003	21.574
1977 Total	10.262	3.284	3.901	2.702	2.482	.077	.005	22.713
1978 Total	10.238	3.297	3.987	3.024	3.110	.064	.003	23.724
1979 Total	11.260	3.613	3.283	2.776	3.107	.084	.005	24.128
1980 Total	12.123	3.810	2.634	2.739	3.085	.110	.005	24.505
1981 Total	12.583	3.768	2.202	3.008	3.072	.123	.004	24.760
1982 Total	12.582	3.342	1.568	3.131	3.539	.105	.003	24.270
1983 Total	13.213	2.998	1.544	3.203	3.866	.129	.004	24.956
1984 Total	14.020	3.220	1.286	3.553	3.767	.165	.009	26.020
1985 Total	14.542	3.160	1.090	4.149	3.365	.198	.015	26.519
1986 Total	14.444	2.691	1.452	4.471	3.413	.219	.012	26.703
1987 Total	15.173	2.935	1.257	4.906	3.084	.229	.016	27.600
1988 Total	15.850	2.709	1.563	5.661	2.630	.217	.017	28.648
1989 Total	15.988	2.871	1.685	5.677	2.848	.197	.020	29.286
1990 Total	16.189	2.882	1.250	6.161	2.914	.181	.021	29.599
1991 Total	16.028	2.856	1.178	6.579	3.083	.170	.021	29.915
1992 Total	16.211	2.826	.951	6.607	2.760	.170	.022	29.547
				0.007		•		20.0
1993 January	1.432	.168	.077	.631	.275	.014	.002	2.599
February	1.317	.165	.074	.548	.226	.013	.002	2.346
March	1.384	.198	.090	.498	.263	.014	.002	2.450
April	1.230	.178	.055	.461	.275	.014	.002	2.214
May	1.239	.171	.056	.538	.310	.012	.001	2.328
June	1.406	.260	.083	.562	.284	.012	.001	2.608
July	1.625	.341	.121	.604	.272	.013	.001	2.977
August	1.609	.365	.126	.600	.242	.014	.002	2.957
September	1.372	.264	.102	.534	.210	.013	.002	2.497
October	1.340	.240	.080	.475	.205	.013	.002	2.355
November	1.356	.213	.079	.501	.211	.013	.002	2.374
December	1.480	.178	.108	.567	.245	.013	.002	2.594
Total	16.790	2.741	1.052	6.519	3.017	.158	.021	30.299
1994 January	1.579	.174	.155	.607	.234	.013	.002	2.764
February	1.353	.152	.103	.532	.238	.012	.002	2.392
March	1.366	.190	.084	.523	.271	.012	.002	2.449
April	1.241	.208	.081	.461	.272	.012	.002	2.278
May	1.304	.221	.074	.518	.283	.012	.002	2.413
	1.512	.326	.106	.553	.277	.012	.002	2.786
June		.370				.012		
July	1.581		.100	.632	.272		.002	2.969
August	1.565	.391	.064	.642	.249	.013	.002	2.925
September	1.374	.302 .270	.053	.594 .542	.199 .200	.012	.002 .002	2.535 2.406
October	1.332		.048			.012		
November	1.279 1.409	.236	.047	.590	.219	.012	.002	2.386
December Total	1.409 16.895	.212 3.053	.052 .968	.646 6.841	.250 2.964	.012 .145	.002 . 020	2.584 30.887
1995 January	1.465	.203	.046	.677	.267	.009	.001	2.667
February	1.311	.172	.075	.554	.274	.006	.001	2.393
March	1.305	.251	.034	.554	.313	.007	.001	2.465
April	1.212	.234	.036	.527	.276	.006	.002	2.292
May	1.284	.263	.047	.581	.305	.005	.001	2.487
June	1.422	.303	.048	.602	.326	.006	.001	2.709
July	1.634	.414	.079	.663	.306	.006	.002	3.103
August	1.715	.477	.091	.659	.283	.011	.002	3.237
September	1.407	.323	.051	.595	.225	.008	.002	2.610
October	1.360	.245	.037	.580	.249	.013	.002	2.486
November	1.377	.202	.039	.563	.271	.012	.002	2.465
11-Month Total	15.492	3.087	.583	6.554	3.095	.088	.016	28.915
1994 11-Month Total	15.486	2.840	.916	6.195	2.714	.133	.019	28.303
1994 I I-WOILLI I OLAI	15.460	2.040	.510	0.133	2.7 14	.133	.019	20.303

photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

a Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.
 b Includes residual and distillate fuel oils, petroleum coke, and small amounts of kerosene and jet fuel.
 c Includes net imports of electricity.
 d "Other" is electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, wind,

Energy Consumption Notes and Sources

The data in this section of the Monthly Energy Review (MER) are obtained initially from a group of energy-related surveys, typically called "supply surveys," conducted by the Energy Information Administration (EIA). Supply surveys are those surveys directed to suppliers and marketers of specific energy sources. They measure the quantities of specific energy sources produced, or the quantities supplied to the market, or both. The data obtained from the EIA's supply surveys are integrated to yield the summary consumption statistics published in this section (and in Section 1) of the MER. Users of the EIA's energy consumption statistics should be aware of a second group of energy-related surveys, typically called "consumption surveys." Consumption surveys gather information on the types of energy consumed by end users of energy, along with the characteristics of those end users that can be associated with energy use. For example, the Manufacturing Energy Consumption Survey belongs to the consumption survey group because it collects information directly from end users (the manufacturing establishments). There are important differences between the supply and consumption surveys that need to be taken into account in any analysis that uses both data sources. For information on those differences, see Energy Consumption by End-Use Sector, A Comparison of Measures by Consumption and Supply Surveys, DOE/EIA-0533, Energy Information Administration, Washington, DC, April 6, 1990. The numbered notes that follow elaborate on essential information in Section 2.

- 1. Total Energy Consumed: Total energy consumed includes coal, natural gas (including supplemental gaseous fuels), petroleum products supplied, electric utility and industrial generation of hydroelectric power, net imports of electricity generated from hydroelectric power, and electricity generated from nuclear power. Total energy consumed also includes electricity generated from geothermal, wood, waste, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy but excludes other energy obtained from those sources because consistent historical data are not available.
- **2. Economic Sectors:** Energy use is assigned to the major economic sectors according to the following guidelines as closely as possible:
 - Residential—All private residences, whether occupied or vacant, owned or rented, including single-family homes, multifamily housing units, and mobile homes. Secondary homes, such as summer homes, are also included. Institutional housing, such as school dormitories, hospitals, and military barracks, generally are not included in the residential sector; they are included in the commercial sector.
 - Commercial—Business establishments that are not engaged in transportation or in manufacturing or

other types of industrial activity (agriculture, mining, or construction). Commercial establishments include hotels, motels, restaurants, wholesale businesses, retail stores, laundries, and other service enterprises; religious and nonprofit organizations; health, social, and educational institutions; and Federal, State, and local governments. Street lights, pumps, bridges, and public services are also included if the establishment operating them is considered commercial.

- Industrial—Manufacturing industries, which make up the largest part of the sector, along with mining, construction, agriculture, fisheries, and forestry. Establishments in this sector range from steel mills to small farms to companies assembling electronic components.
- Transportation—Private and public vehicles that move people and commodities. Included are automobiles, trucks, buses, motorcycles, railroads and railways (including streetcars), aircraft, ships, barges, and natural gas pipelines.
- Electric Utility—Privately and publicly owned establishments that generate, transmit, distribute, and sell electricity primarily for use by the public and meet the definition of an electric utility. Nonutility power producers are not included in the electric utility sector.

Although the end-use allocations are made according to these aggregations as closely as possible, some data are collected by using different classifications. For example, data on agricultural use of natural gas are collected and reported in the commercial sector, rather than in the industrial sector. Since agricultural use of natural gas cannot be identified separately, it is included in the commercial sector in this report. Another example is master-metered condominiums and apartments, and buildings with a combination of residential and commercial units. In many cases, the metering and billing practices cause residential energy usage of electricity, natural gas, or fuel oil to be included in the commercial sector. No adjustments for these discrepancies were made.

- **3. Conversion Factors:** See the conversion factors listed in Appendix A.
- **4. Coal:** Coal is anthracite, bituminous coal (including subbituminous coal), and lignite. Sources:
 - 1973-October 1977: U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), Bureau of Mines (BOM), *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*.
 - Electric Utilities—October 1977 forward: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-759 (formerly Federal Power Commission (FPC) Form FPC-4), "Monthly Power Plant Report."
 - Other Industrial—October 1977-December 1979: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Monthly Coal Consumption Report -Manufacturing Plants"; January 1980 for-

- ward: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report Manufacturing Plants," and Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report," quarterly.
- Coke Plants—October 1977-December 1980: EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke and Coal Chemicals - Monthly/Annual"; January 1981-December 1984: EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly/Annual Supplement"; January 1985 forward: EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly."
- Residential and Commercial—October 1977-December 1979: EIA, Form EIA-2, "Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers Upper Lake Docks"; January 1980 forward: EIA, Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report," quarterly.
- **5. Natural Gas:** Natural gas consumption by end use is based on data presented in Table 4.4 of this report. For Section 2 calculations, lease and plant fuel consumption are added to industrial deliveries, and pipeline fuel represents transportation use of natural gas. Values in Btu are derived by using the conversion factors provided in Appendix A. Sources:
 - 1973-1975: DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook*, "Natural Gas" chapter.
 - 1976-1978: EIA, Energy Data Reports, "Natural Gas, Annual."
 - 1979: EIA, Natural Gas Production and Consumption 1979.
 - 1980-1994: EIA, *Natural Gas Annual*.
 - 1995: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly.
 - Electric Utilities—1973-1976: Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; 1977-1981: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; 1982 forward: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
 - American Gas Association, "Monthly Gas Utility Statistical Report," residential and commercial monthly sales data for 1973-1979, which are used to estimate monthly consumption values from EIA annual consumption values.
- **6. Petroleum:** Petroleum consumption by end use is the sum of all individual petroleum products estimated to be consumed in each end-use sector. First, total consumption by product is determined. Petroleum consumption in this section of the *Monthly Energy Review (MER)* is the series called "petroleum products supplied" in Section 3. Sources for petroleum products supplied by individual products are:
 - 1973-1975: DOI, BOM, *Mineral Industry Surveys*, "Petroleum Statement, Annual."
 - 1976-1980: EIA, *Energy Data Reports*, "Petroleum Statement, Annual."
 - 1981-1994: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual.

• 1995: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.

Specific petroleum products' end-use allocation procedures follow:

- Aviation Gasoline—All product supplied is assigned to the transportation sector.
- Asphalt—All product supplied is assigned to the industrial sector.
- Distillate Fuel—Product supplied is assigned to electric utilities and non-electric utilities as follows:

Electric Utilities, All Periods.

For 1973-1979, consumption of distillate fuel is assumed to be the amount of petroleum (minus small amounts of kerosene and kerosene-type jet fuel deliveries) consumed in gas turbine and internal combustion plants. For 1980 forward, consumption of distillate fuel is assumed to be the amount of light oil (minus small amounts of kerosene deliveries through 1982) consumed at electric utilities. (See Table 7.3)

Sources: 1973-September 1977: FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; October 1977-1981: FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; 1982 forward: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Sectors Other Than Electric Utilities, Annual Estimates Through 1993.

The aggregate non-electric utility use of distillate fuel is total distillate fuel supplied minus the electric utility consumption. The non-electric utility annual consumption totals are allocated to the individual non-electric utility sectors (residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation) in proportion to the share of "adjusted sales" of each end-use sector, as reported in EIA's Fuel Oil and Kerosene Sales report series (DOE/EIA-0535), which is based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-821, previously Form EIA-172. "Adjusted sales" are sales that have been adjusted at the PAD district level to equal EIA volume estimates of petroleum products supplied in the U.S. market. Following are notes on the individual sector groupings:

- Since 1979, the residential sector adjusted sales total is directly from the *Sales* reports. Prior to 1979, each year's sales subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into residential, commercial, and industrial (including farm) in proportion to the 1979 shares.
- Since 1979, the commercial sector adjusted sales total is directly from the *Sales* reports. Prior to 1979, each year's sales subtotal of the heating plus

industrial category is split into residential, commercial, and industrial (including farm) in proportion to the 1979 shares.

- Since 1979, the industrial sector adjusted sales total is the sum of the adjusted sales for industrial, farm, oil company, off-highway, diesel, and all other uses. Prior to 1979, each year's sales subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into residential, commercial, and industrial (including farm) in proportion to the 1979 shares, and this estimated industrial portion is added to oil company, off-highway diesel, and all other uses.
- The transportation sector adjusted sales total is the sum of the adjusted sales for railroad, vessel bunkering, on-highway diesel, and military uses for all years.

Sectors Other Than Electric Utilities, Monthly Estimates Through 1993.

- Residential and commercial monthly consumption is estimated by allocating the annual estimates, which are described above, into the months in proportion to each month's share of the year's sales of No. 2 heating oil. The years' sales totals are from the following sources: for 1973-1980, the Ethyl Corporation, *Monthly Report of Heating Oil Sales;* for 1981 and 1982, the American Petroleum Institute, *Monthly Report of Heating Oil Sales;* and for 1983-1992, EIA, Form EIA-782A, "Refiners'/Gas Plant Operators' Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report," No. 2 Fuel Oil Sales to End Users and for Resale.
- The transportation highway use portion is allocated into the months in proportion to each month's share of the year's total sales for highway use as reported by the Federal Highway Administration's Table MF-25, "Private and Commercial Highway Use of Special Fuels by Months." The remaining transportation use of distillate fuel (i.e., for railroads, vessel bunkering, and military use) is evenly distributed over the months, adjusted for the number of days per month.
- Industrial monthly estimates are made by subtracting the residential and commercial, transportation, and electric utility sector estimates from each month's total distillate fuel supplied.

Sectors Other Than Electric Utilities, 1994 and 1995.

Each month's non-electric utility consumption subtotal is disaggregated into the major end-use sectors in proportion to the shares each sector held of the non-electric utility subtotal in the same month in 1993.

 Jet Fuel—Through 1982, small amounts of kerosene-type jet fuel were consumed by electric

- utilities. Kerosene-type jet fuel deliveries to electric utilities as reported on the Form FERC-423 (formerly Form FPC-423) were used as estimates of this consumption. All remaining jet fuel (kerosene-type and naphtha-type) is consumed by the transportation sector.
- Kerosene—Total product supplied monthly is allocated to the major end-use sectors in proportion to annual sales grouped into end-use sectors from EIA's Fuel Oil and Kerosene Sales reports (based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-821, previously Form EIA-172), as follows:
 - Residential deliveries are taken directly from the *Sales* reports for 1979-1993. Sales for 1993 are used as estimates for succeeding periods. Prior to 1979, each year's sales category called "heating" is split into residential, commercial, and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares.
 - Commercial sales are directly from the *Sales* reports for 1979-1993. Sales for 1993 are used as estimates for succeeding periods. Prior to 1979, each year's sales category called "heating" is split into residential, commercial, and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares.
 - Industrial sales are directly from the *Sales* reports for 1979-1993. Sales for 1993 are used as estimates for succeeding periods. Prior to 1979, each year's sales category called "heating" is split into residential, commercial and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares, and this estimated industrial (including farm) portion is added to all other uses.
- Liquefied Petroleum Gases (LPG)—The annual shares of LPG's total consumption that are estimated to be consumed by each end-use sector are applied to each month's total LPG consumption (i.e., product supplied) to create monthly end-use consumption estimates. The annual end-use shares are calculated in the following manner:
 - Sales of LPG to the residential and commercial sector are converted from thousand gallons per year to thousand barrels per year and are assumed to be the annual consumption of LPG by the sector.
 - The quantity of LPG sold each year for consumption in internal combustion engines is allocated between the transportation and industrial sectors on the basis of data for special fuels used on highways published by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, in *Highway Statistics*. The allocations of LPG sold for internal combustion engine use to the transportation sector range from a high of 67 percent in 1981 to a low of 37 percent in 1987.
 - LPG consumed annually by the industrial sector is estimated as the difference between LPG total supplied and the estimated consumption of LPG by the sum of the residential and commercial sector

and the transportation sector. The industrial sector includes LPG used by chemical plants as raw materials or solvents and used in the production of synthetic rubber; refinery fuel use; use as synthetic natural gas feedstock and use in secondary recovery projects; all farm use; LPG sold to gas utility companies for distribution through the mains; and a portion of the use of LPG as an internal combustion engine fuel.

The sources of the annual sales data for creating annual end-use shares are:

- 1973-1982: EIA's "Sales of Liquefied Petroleum Gases and Ethane" reports, based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-174.
- 1983: End-use consumption estimates for 1983 are based on 1982 end-use consumption because the collection of data under Form EIA-174 was discontinued after data year 1982.
- 1984-1993: American Petroleum Institute (API), "Sales of Natural Gas Liquids and Liquefied Refinery Gases," which is based on an LPG sales survey jointly sponsored by API, the Gas Processors Association, and the National Liquefied Petroleum Gas Association.
- 1994 and 1995: The 1993 source is used to estimate succeeding periods.
- Lubricants—Total product supplied is allocated to the industrial and transportation sectors for all months according to proportions developed from annual sales of lubricants to the two sectors from U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, *Current Industrial Reports*, "Sales of Lubricating and Industrial Oils and Greases." The 1973 shares are applied to 1973 and 1974; the 1975 shares are applied to 1975 and 1976; and the 1977 shares are applied to 1977 forward.
- Motor Gasoline—Total product supplied monthly is allocated to the major end-use sectors in proportion to aggregations of annual sales categories created on the basis of the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, *Highway Statistics*, Tables MF-21, MF-24, and MF-25, as follows:
 - Commercial sales are the sum of sales for public non-highway use and miscellaneous and unclassified uses.
 - Industrial sales are the sum of sales for agriculture, construction, and industrial and commercial use as classified in the *Highway Statistics*.
 - Transportation sales are the sum of sales for highway use (minus the sales of special fuels, which are primarily diesel fuel and are accounted

for in the transportation sector of distillate fuel) and sales for marine use.

- Petroleum Coke—The portion consumed by electric utilities is from Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report" (formerly Form FPC-4). The remaining petroleum coke is assigned to the industrial sector.
- Residual Fuel—Product supplied is assigned to electric utilities and non-electric utilities as follows:

Electric Utilities, All Periods.

For 1973-1979, consumption of residual fuel is assumed to be the amount of petroleum consumed in steam-electric power plants. For 1980 forward, consumption of residual fuel is assumed to be the amount of heavy oil consumed at electric utilities. (See Table 7.3)

Sources: 1973-September 1977: Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; October 1977-1981: FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; 1982 forward: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Sectors Other Than Electric Utilities, Annual Estimates Through 1993.

The aggregate non-electric utility use of residual fuel is total residual fuel supplied minus the electric utility consumption. The non-electric utility annual totals are allocated into the individual non-electric utility sectors in proportion to the amount of residual fuel sold to end users, grouped into sectors from EIA's *Fuel Oil and Kerosene Sales* reports (based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-821, previously Form EIA-172), as follows:

- Since 1979, commercial sales data are directly from the *Sales* reports. Prior to 1979, each year's sales subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into commercial and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares.
- Since 1979, industrial sales data are the sum of sales for industrial, oil company, and all other uses. Prior to 1979, each year's sales subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into commercial and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares, and this estimated industrial portion is added to oil company and all other uses.
- Transportation sales are the sum of sales for railroad, vessel bunkering, and military uses for all years.

Sectors Other Than Electric Utilities, Monthly Estimates Through 1993.

- Commercial monthly consumption is estimated by allocating the annual estimates, which are described above, into the months in proportion to each month's share of the year's sales of No. 2 heating oil. The years' sales totals are from the following sources: for 1973-1980, the Ethyl Corporation, *Monthly Report of Heating Oil Sales*; for 1981 and 1982, the American Petroleum Institute, *Monthly Report of Heating Oil Sales*; and for 1983-1992, EIA, Form EIA-782A, "Refiners'/Gas Plant Operators' Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report," No. 2 Fuel Oil Sales to End Users and for Resale.
- Transportation monthly estimates are made by evenly distributing the annual sector estimate over the months, adjusting for the number of days per month.
- Industrial monthly estimates are made by subtracting the commercial, transportation, and electric utility sector estimates from each month's total residual fuel supplied.

Sectors Other Than Electric Utilities, 1994 and 1995.

Each month's non-electric utility consumption subtotal is disaggregated into the major end-use sectors in proportion to the shares each sector held of the non-electric utility subtotal in the same month in 1993.

- Road Oil—All product supplied is assigned to the industrial sector.
- All Other Petroleum Products—The product supplied of all remaining petroleum products is assigned to the industrial sector.
- 7. Nuclear Electric Power, Geothermal, and Wood, Waste, Wind, Photovoltaic, and Solar Thermal Energy Sources Connected to Electric Utility Distribution Systems: Sources:
 - 1973-1976: FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
 - 1977-1981: FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
 - 1982 forward: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
- **8.** Hydroelectric Power: Includes electricity generated by hydroelectric power at electric utilities, small amounts in the industrial sector, and net imports of electricity, which are assumed to be generated by hydroelectric power and are included in the electric utilities sector.

Sources for electric utilities sector:

• 1973-1976: FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

- 1977-1981: FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
- 1982 forward: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Sources for industrial sector:

- 1973-1978: FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report," for plants with generating capacity exceeding 10 megawatts, and FPC, Form FPC-12C, "Industrial Electric Generating Capacity," for all other plants.
- 1979: FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report," for plants with generating capacity exceeding 10 megawatts and EIA estimates for all other plants.
- 1980 forward: Annual generation estimated by EIA as the average generation over the 6-year period of 1974-1979; monthly generation estimated to be in proportion to each month's hydroelectricity generation in the electric utility industry in 1980.

Sources for imports and exports of electricity:

- 1973-September 1977: Unpublished Federal Power Commission data.
- October 1977-1980: Unpublished Economic Regulatory Administration (ERA) data.
- 1981: DOE, Office of Energy Emergency Operations, "Report on Electric Energy Exchanges with Canada and Mexico for Calendar Year 1981," April 1982 (revised June 1982).
- 1982 and 1983: DOE, ERA, Electricity Exchanges Across International Borders.
- 1984-1986: DOE, ERA, Electricity Transactions Across International Borders.
- 1987 and 1988: DOE, ERA, Form ERA-781R, "Annual Report of International Electrical Export/Import Data."
- 1989-1992: DOE, Assistant Secretary for Fossil Energy, Form FE-781-R, "Annual Report of International Electrical Export/Import Data."
- 1993 forward: EIA estimates based on preliminary data from the National Energy Board of Canada and DOE, Assistant Secretary for Fossil Energy.
- **9. Net Imports of Coal Coke:** Net imports means imports minus exports, and a minus sign indicates that exports are greater than imports. Sources:
 - 1973-1975: DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook*, "Coke and Coal Chemicals" chapter.
 - 1976-1980: EIA, *Energy Data Report*, "Coke and Coal Chemicals" annual.

- 1981: EIA, *Energy Data Report*, "Coke Plant Report," quarterly.
- 1982 forward: EIA, Quarterly Coal Report.
- 10. Electricity: End-use consumption of electricity is based on Table 7.2 sales data. "Other," which is primarily for use in government buildings, is added to the commercial sector, except for approximately 4 percent used by railroads and railways and attributed to the transportation sector. For 1973-1983 and 1994, "Monthly Series" data are used directly. For 1984-1993, monthly estimates are created by dividing each month's "Monthly Series" value by the "Monthly Series" total for the year and multiplying by the "Annual Series" value for the year. Kilowatthours are converted to Btu at the rate of 3,412 Btu per kilowatthour. See Table 7.2 for sources of the electricity sales data.
- 11. Electrical System Energy Losses: Electrical system energy losses are calculated as the difference between total energy input at electric utilities and the total energy content of electricity sold to end-use consumers. Most of those losses occur at steam-electric

power plants (conventional and nuclear) in the conversion of heat energy into mechanical energy to turn electric generators. The loss is a thermodynamically necessary feature of the steam-electric cycle. Part of the energy input-to-output losses is a result of imputing fossil energy equivalent inputs for hydroelectric and other energy sources, since there is no generally accepted practice for measuring those thermal conversion rates. In addition to conversion losses, other losses include power plant use of electricity, transmission and distribution of electricity from power plants to end-use consumers (also called "line losses"), and unaccounted for electricity. Total losses are allocated to the end-use sectors in proportion to each sector's share of total electricity sales. Overall, approximately 67 percent of total energy input is lost in conversion; of electricity generated, approximately 5 percent is lost in plant use and 9 percent is lost in transmission and distribution. Calculated electrical system energy losses may be less than actual losses, because primary consumption does not include the energy equivalent of utility purchases of electricity from non-electric utilities and from Canada and Mexico, although they are included in electricity

Section 3. Petroleum

Total petroleum imports¹ averaged 8.6 million barrels per day in December 1995, 5 percent lower than the previous month's rate and 2 percent lower than the December 1994 rate.

In December 1995, 18.4 million barrels per day of petroleum products were supplied for domestic use, 1 percent higher than the December 1994 rate. Motor gasoline accounted for 42 percent of the total; distillate fuel oil, 20 percent; and residual fuel oil, 5 percent.

Motor gasoline supplied during December 1995 averaged 7.7 million barrels per day, 3 percent lower than both the previous month's rate and the December 1994 rate. Total motor gasoline stocks were 204 million barrels at the end of December 1995, 8 million barrels above the stock level in the previous month but 11 million barrels below the stock level 1 year earlier.

Distillate fuel oil supplied during December 1995 averaged 3.7 million barrels per day, 15 percent higher than the previous month's rate and 16 percent higher than the December 1994 rate. Distillate fuel oil ending stocks for December 1995 were 129 million barrels, 7 million barrels below the stock level in the previous month and 16 million barrels below the level 1 year earlier.

Residual fuel oil supplied in December 1995 averaged 0.9 million barrels per day, 19 percent higher than the previous month's rate but 5 percent lower than the December 1994 rate. Residual fuel oil stocks measured 37 million barrels at the end of December 1995, the same as the stock level in the previous month but 5 million barrels below the stock level 1 year earlier.

Estimates (except of crude production) for the most current month are based on Energy Information Administration (EIA) weekly data and will be revised to conform with data from the EIA Petroleum Reporting System as available. For the most recent month, crude production is an EIA estimate based on historical and provisional data through September 1995.

¹Total import data include imports into the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

Table 3.1a Petroleum Overview: Field Production, Stock Change, Petroleum Products **Supplied, and Ending Stocks**

		Field Productio	n	Stock	Change ^a		Ending Stocks ^b	
	Total Domestic ^c	Crude Oil	Natural Gas Plant Liquids	Crude Oil ^d	Petroleum Products	Petroleum Products Supplied	Crude Oil ^d and Petroleum Products	
			Thousand Ba	rels per Day			Million Barrels	
973 Average	10,975	9,208	1,738	-11	146	17,308	1,008	
974 Average	10,498	8,774	1,688	62	117	16,653	e1,074	
975 Average	10,045	8,375	1,633	e17	^e 15	16,322	1,133	
976 Average	9.774	8,132	^f 1,604	39	-96	17,461	1,112	
977 Average	9,913	8,245	1,618	170	378	18,431	1,312	
978 Average	10,328	8,707	1,567	78	-172	18,847	1,278	
979 Average	10,179	8,552	1,584	148	25	18,513	1,341	
	10,179	8,597	1,573	98	42	17,056	e1,392	
980 Average	,			e290	e-130		,	
981 Average	10,230	8,572	1,609			16,058	1,484	
982 Average	10,252	8,649	1,550	136	-283	15,296	^e 1,430	
983 Average	10,299	8,688	1,559	^e 214	^e -234	15,231	1,454	
984 Average	10,554	8,879	1,630	199	81	15,726	1,556	
985 Average	10,636	8,971	1,609	50	-153	15,726	1,519	
986 Average	10,289	8,680	1,551	78	124	16,281	1,593	
987 Average	10,008	8,349	1,595	128	-87	16,665	1,607	
988 Average	9,818	8,140	1,625	1	-29	17,283	1,597	
989 Average	9,219	7,613	1,546	86	-129	17,325	1,581	
990 Average	8,994	7,355	1,559	-35	142	16,988	1,621	
991 Average	9,168	7,417	1,659	-42	32	16,714	1,617	
992 Average	8,996	7,171	1,697	-1	-68	17,033	e1,592	
993 January	⁹ 9,254	6,961	1,737	295	^e 560	16,173	1,618	
February	8,907	6,943	1,777	219	-796	17,334	1,602	
	8,987	6,974	1,793	212	-602	17,575	1,590	
March	,		,				,	
April	8,897	6,881	1,802	523	356	16,781	1,617	
May	8,800	6,847	1,732	147	915	16,508	1,650	
June	8,747	6,795	1,753	2	573	17,096	1,667	
July	8,657	6,688	1,741	6	497	17,357	1,682	
August	8,720	6,758	1,747	-505	299	17,332	1,676	
September	8,652	6,712	1,732	-439	86	17,650	1,665	
October	8,893	6.839	1,768	328	403	17,323	1,688	
November	8,847	6,912	1,670	251	-320	17,780	1,686	
December	8,668	6,858	1,579	-53	-1,198	17,953	1,647	
Average	8,836	6,847	1,736	81	70	17,237	1,647	
994 January	8,694	6,817	1,615	90	-906	18,072	1,622	
February	8,611	6,770	1,633	-97	-1,190	18,337	1,586	
March	8,675	6,746	1,668	324	-379	17,313	1,584	
April	8,524	6,612	1,679	-68	284	17,489	1,591	
•								
May	8,614	6,688	1,711	-253 104	954 407	17,181	1,612	
June	8,586	6,611	1,733	-104	497	17,815	1,624	
July	8,550	6,501	1,753	148	824	17,485	1,654	
August	8,526	6,544	1,760	-129	291	18,117	1,659	
September	8,670	6,609	1,792	227	579	17,490	1,684	
October	8,683	6,658	1,748	255	-607	17,719	1,673	
November	8,758	6,628	1,815	102	380	17,315	1,687	
December	8,842	6,760	1,807	-292	-813	18,319	1,653	
Average	8,645	6,662	1,727	18	-2	17,718	1,653	
995 January	E 8,664	^E 6,596	1,773	-279	-117	17,167	1,641	
February	E 8,832	E 6,703	1,774	-48	-1,315	18,355	1,603	
March	E 8,625	E 6,606	1,773	344	-484	17,403	1,599	
April	E 8,680	^E 6,561	1,789	-101	123	17,102	1,600	
May	E 8,663	E 6,572	1,785	-111	494	17,241	1,611	
June	E 8,568	E 6,540	1,740	-135	39	18,149	1,609	
	E 8,500	E 6,449					,	
July	E 8,511	0,449 E 6,400	1,751	-415	885	17,113	1,623	
August	- 8,511 F 0 444	E 6,462	1,730	-247	-71	17,993	1,613	
September	E 8,444	E 6,380	1,773	-62	222	18,011	1,618	
October	E 8,519	^E 6,429	្ន 1,771	ຼ 112	534	17,626	_ 1,605	
November	RE 8.633	RE 6.554	^R 1,795	^R 286	^R -378	R 18,018	R 1,602	
December	E 8,517	PE 6,447	E 1,773	^E -459	E-707	^E 18,442	^E 1,568	
	E 8,594	PE 6,524	^E 1,769	^E -94	^E -146	E 17,712	E 1,568	

^a A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.

b Stocks are totals as of end of period.
c Includes crude oil, natural gas plant liquids, and other liquids.

gasoline and oxygenate production from merchant MTBE (methyl tertiary butyl ether) plants.

PE=Preliminary estimate. R=Revised data. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Crude oil includes lease condensate. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

d Includes stocks located in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

^e See Note 4 at end of section.

f See Note 6 at end of section.

^g Beginning in 1993, includes fuel ethanol blended into finished motor

Table 3.1b Petroleum Overview: Imports, Exports, and Net Imports

		Imports			Exports		
	Total	Crude Oil ^a	Petroleum Products	Total	Crude Oil	Petroleum Products	Net Imports
			Tho	usand Barrels p	per Day		
973 Average	6,256	3,244	3,012	231	2	229	6,025
	6,112	3,477	2,635	221	3	218	5,892
974 Average	•	,	,				,
975 Average	6,056	4,105	1,951	209	6	204	5,846
76 Average	7,313	5,287	2,026	223	8	215	7,090
977 Average	8,807	6,615	2,193	243	50	193	8,565
78 Average	8,363	6,356	2,008	362	158	204	8,002
079 Average	8,456	6,519	1,937	^c 471	235	^c 236	^c 7,985
080 Average	6,909	5,263	1,646	544	287	258	6,365
081 Average	5,996	4,396	1,599	595	228	367	5,401
82 Average	5,113	3,488	1,625	815	236	579	4,298
	5,051	3,329	1,722	739	164	575	4,312
83 Average							
984 Average	5,437	3,426	2,011	722	181	541	4,715
85 Average	5,067	3,201	1,866	781	204	577	4,286
86 Average	6,224	4,178	2,045	785	154	631	5,439
87 Average	6,678	4,674	2,004	764	151	613	5,914
88 Average	7,402	5,107	2,295	815	155	661	6,587
089 Average	8,061	5,843	2,217	859	142	717	7,202
	•	,	,				
990 Average	8,018	5,894	2,123	857	109	748	7,161
91 Average	7,627	5,782	1,844	1,001	116	885	6,626
92 Average	7,888	6,083	1,805	950	89	861	6,938
93 January	8,004	6,292	1,712	1,135	129	1,006	6,869
February	7,948	6,156	1,792	1,033	166	867	6,915
March	8,285	6,488	1,797	970	139	831	7,315
April	8,768	6,928	1,840	1,067	73	994	7,701
May	8,663	6,809	1,854	1,082	112	970	7,581
	,	,	,	,			,
June	8,805	7,201	1,604	900	150	750	7,905
July	9,219	7,289	1,930	1,001	62	938	8,218
August	8,429	6,641	1,789	829	55	774	7,600
September	8,531	6,581	1,950	902	107	795	7,629
October	9,197	7,181	2,015	881	62	819	8,316
November	8,903	6,997	1,906	980	67	913	7,923
December	8,645	6,838	1,807	1,250	63	1,188	7,394
Average	8,620	6,787	1,833	1,003	98	904	7,534 7,618
04 lanuary	7,993	E 04E	2.049	927	110	817	7.066
94 January	,	5,945	2,048				7,066
February	8,539	6,313	2,226	882	116	766	7,657
March	8,574	6,372	2,202	936	40	896	7,638
April	8,968	6,955	2,013	868	120	749	8,100
May	9,213	7,198	2,015	929	118	812	8,284
June	9,305	7,358	1,947	867	107	760	8,438
July	9,779	7,857	1,922	877	84	793	8,902
August	9,510	7,488	2,022	913	72	841	8,597
	,	,	,				,
September	9,693	7,868	1,825	891	61	830	8,802
October	8,788	7,136	1,651	997	138	859	7,791
November	8,707	7,034	1,674	1,000	102	898	7,707
December	8,863	7,193	1,670	1,208	118	1,090	7,655
Average	8,996	7,063	1,933	942	99	843	8,054
95 January	7,955	6,503	1,452	978	113	865	6,977
February	8,358	6,565	1,793	1,062	95	967	7,296
March	9,020	7,409	1,612	948	68	880	8,073
April	8,486	,		998		842	
•	,	7,073	1,413		155		7,488
May	8,736	7,354	1,382	876	73	803	7,860
June	9,585	7,957	1,629	919	101	818	8,666
July	8,845	7,265	1,579	894	103	792	7,950
August	9,024	7,415	1,609	821	61	759	8,203
September	9,726	8,041	1,685	805	75	731	8,921
				962	50	912	
October	8,576	7,075	1,501		8 4 4 0		7,614
November	R 9,052	^R 7,269	R 1,783	R 1,002	R 118	R 884	R 8,050
December	E 8,644	^E 7,040	E 1,604	[€] 860	^E 90	E 770	^E 7,784
Average	E 8,834	E 7,249	^E 1,585	^E 926	^E 91	^E 834	E 7,908

a Includes crude oil for storage in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.
 b Net imports equals imports minus exports.

^c See Note 6 at end of section.

R=Revised data. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Crude oil includes lease condensate. • Totals may not equal sum

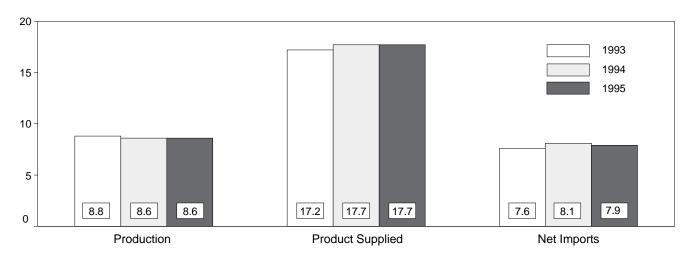
of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the

Sources: • 1973-1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 1993, Table S1. • 1981 forward: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, January 1996, Table S1.

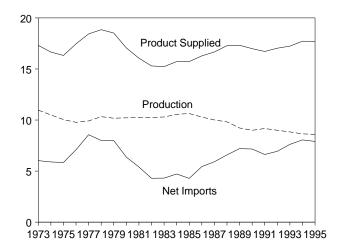
Figure 3.1 Petroleum Overview

(Million Barrels per Day)

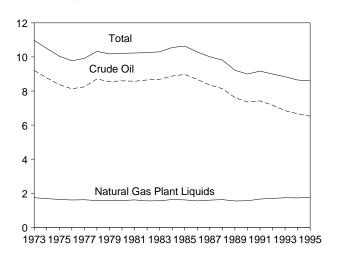
Overview, January-December



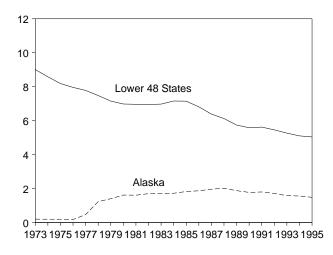
Overview, 1973-1995



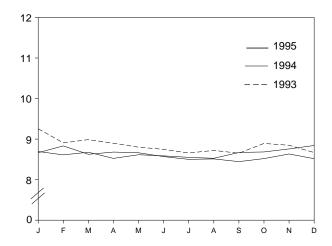
Production, 1973-1995



Crude Oil Production, 1973-1995



Total Production, Monthly

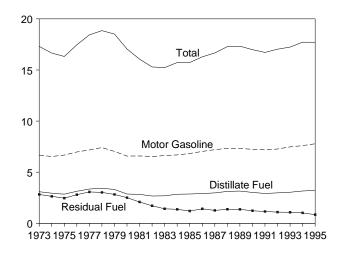


Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Tables 3.1a, 3.1b, and 3.2a.

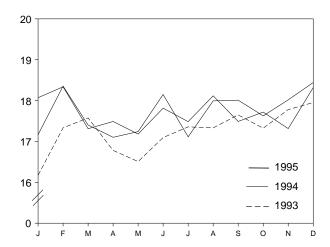
Figure 3.1 Petroleum Overview (Continued)

(Million Barrels per Day, Except as Noted)

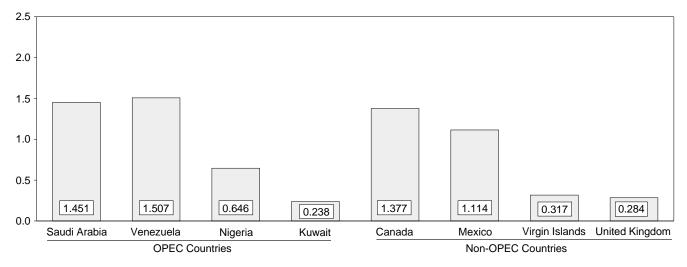
Product Supplied, 1973-1995



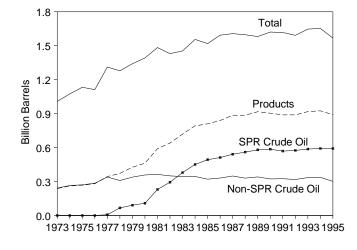
Product Supplied, Monthly



Imports from Selected Countries, November 1995

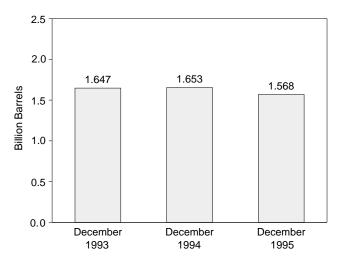


Stocks, End of Year, 1973-1995



Notes: • OPEC = Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. • SPR = Strategic Petroleum Reserve. • Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Total Stocks, End of Month



Sources: Tables 3.1a, 3.2b, 3.3a, 3.3b, 3.3d-3.3h, 3.4, 3.5, and 3.6.

Table 3.2a Crude Oil Supply and Disposition: Supply

				Supply			
	Field Pro	oduction		Imports		Unaccounted-	Crude O
	Total Domestic	Alaskan	Total	SPR ^a	Other	for Crude Oil ^b	Used Directly
			Tho	ousand Barrels per	Day		
973 Average	9,208	198	3,244	_	3,244	3	-19
974 Average	8,774	193	3,477	_	3,477	-25	-15
975 Average	8,375	191	4,105	-	4,105	17	₋ 17
976 Average	8,132	173	5,287	-	5,287	77	^d -19
977 Average	8,245	464	6,615	21	6,594	-6	-14
978 Average	8,707	1,229	6,356	d 161	6,195	-57	d -15
979 Average	8,552	1,401	6,519	67	6,452	-11	^d -14
980 Average	8,597	1,617	5,263	44	5,219	34	d -14
981 Average	8,572	1,609	4,396	256	4,141	83	-58
982 Average	8,649	1,696	3,488	165	3,323	71	-59
983 Average	8,688	1,714	3,329	234	3,096	114	_
084 Average	8,879	1,722	3,426	197	3,229	185	_
085 Average	8,971	1,825	3,201	118	3,083	145	-
086 Average	8,680	1,867	4,178	48	4,130	139	-
087 Average	8,349	1,962	4,674	73 54	4,601	145	-
88 Average	8,140	2,017	5,107	51 50	5,055	196	_
089 Average	7,613	1,874	5,843	56	5,787	200	_
90 Average	7,355	1,773	5,894	27	5,867	258	_
991 Average	7,417	1,798	5,782	0	5,782	195	_
992 Average	7,171	1,714	6,083	10	6,073	258	_
93 January	6,961	1,654	6,292	0	6,292	118	-
February	6,943	1,628	6,156	0	6,156	162	_
March	6,974	1,639	6,488	32	6,455	101	_
April	6,881	1,587	6,928	112	6,817	333	_
May	6,847	1,568	6,809	0	6,809	443	_
June	6,795	1,520	7,201	0	7,201	293	_
July	6,688	1,441	7,289	0	7,289	236	_
August	6,758	1,528	6,641	0	6,641	3	_
September	6,712	1,471	6,581	34	6,547	224	_
October	6,839	1,610	7,181	0	7,181	109	_
November	6,912	1,670	6,997	0	6,997	106	_
December	6,858	1,671	6,838	0	6,838	-98	_
Average	6,847	1,582	6,787	15	6,772	168	-
94 January	6,817	1,658	5,945	0	5,945	734	-
February	6,770	1,597	6,313	0	6,313	77	_
March	6,746	1,583	6,372	99	6,273	242	_
April	6,612	1,504	6,955	31	6,925	302	_
May	6,688	1,578	7,198	0	7,198	260	_
June	6,611	1,517	7,358	17	7,341	393	_
July	6,501	1,495	7,857	0	7,857	226	_
August	6,544	1,500	7,488	0	7,488	409	_
September	6,609	1,514	7,868	0	7,868	54	_
October	6,658	1,604	7,136	0	7,136	136	_
November	6,628	1,518	7,034	0	7,034	516	_
December Average	6,760 6,662	1,636 1,559	7,193 7,063	0 12	7,193 7,051	-165 266	_
_	•						
95 January	E 6,596	^E 1,575 ^E 1,578	6,503	0	6,503	352 155	_
February	E 6,703		6,565	0	6,565	155	_
March	E 6,606	E 1,525	7,409	0	7,409	-117	_
April	E 6,561	^E 1,511 ^E 1,518	7,073	0	7,073	243	_
May	E 6,572	- 1,518 E 4 404	7,354	0	7,354	343	_
June	E 6,540	E 1,484	7,957	0	7,957	42	_
July	E 6,449	E 1,401	7,265	0	7,265	360	_
August	E 6,462	E 1,432	7,415	0	7,415	189	_
September	E 6,380	E 1,377	8,041	0	8,041	(s)	_
October	E 6,429	E 1,475	7,075	0	7,075	291 R 400	_
November	RE 6,554	RE 1,472	^R 7,269	0	R 7,269	R 426	_
December	PE 6,447	PE 1,466	E 7,040	E 0	E 7,040	E 204	_
Average	PE 6,524	PE 1,484	E 7,249	^E 0	^E 7,249	^E 208	_

^a Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

Notes: • Crude oil includes lease condensate. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is

the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: • 1973-1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA),

Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 1993, Table S2. • 1981 forward: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, January 1996, Table S2.

b A balancing item.

^c Beginning in January 1983, crude oil used directly as fuel is shown as product supplied.

d See Note 6 at end of section.

PE=Preliminary estimate. R=Revised data. – =Not applicable. E=Estimate.

Table 3.2b Crude Oil Supply and Disposition: Disposition and Ending Stocks

			Dis	position			E	nding Stock	s a
	Crude		Change ^b	Refinery		Product			Other
	Losses	SPR ^c	Other	Inputs	Exports	Supplied	Total	SPR°	Primary
			I housand I	Barrels per Day				Million Barrel	S
973 Average	13	_	-11	12,431	2	_	242	_	242
974 Average	13	_	62	12,133	3	_	265	_	265
975 Average	13	_	17	12,442	6	_	271	_	271
976 Average	^e 14	_	39	13,416	8	_	285	_	285
977 Average	16	20	150	14,602	50	_	348	7	340
978 Average	16	163	-84	14,739	158	_	376	67	309
79 Average	ຼ 16	67	81	14,648	235	_	_, 430	91	_, 339
80 Average	^e 14	45	_, 52	13,481	287	_	¹ 466	108	「358
81 Average	5	336	^T -46	12,470	228	_	ຼ 594	230	ຼ 363
82 Average	3	174	ૂ -38	11,774	236	_	^g 644	294	^g 350
83 Average	2	234	g -20	11,685	164	66	723	379	344
84 Average	2	195	4	12,044	181	64	796	451	345
85 Average	.1	117	-67	12,002	204	60	814	493	321
86 Average	(s)	50	28	12,716	154	49	843	512	331
87 Average	(s)	80	49	12,854	151	34	890	541	349
88 Average	(s)	52	-51	13,246	155	40	890	560	330
89 Average	(s)	56	30	13,401	142	28	921	580	341
90 Average	(s)	16	-51	13,409	109	24	908	586	323
91 Average	(s)	-47	5	13,301	116	18	893	569	325
992 Average	(s)	17	-18	13,411	89	13	893	575	318
93 January	(s)	19	276	12,938	129	10	902	575	327
February	(s)	18	201	12,865	166	10	908	576	332
March	0	58	154	13,200	139	11	915	578	337
April	(s)	136	387	13,538	73	9	930	582	349
May	0	13	134	13,829	112	10	935	582	353
June	0	21	-20	14,129	150	8	935	583	352
July	0	19	-13	14,136	62	9	935	583	352
August	0	24	-529	13,844	55	8	920	584	335
September	(s)	52	-491	13,841	107	8	906	586	321
October	0	19	309	13,729	62	10	917	586	330
November	0	18	233	13,686	67	10	924	587	337
December	0	9	-62	13,571	63	16	922	587	335
Average	(s)	34	47	13,613	98	10	922	587	335
94 January	0	4	87	13,286	110	10	925	587	338
February	0	(s)	-97	13,130	116	12	923	587	335
March	(s)	99	226	12,985	40	10	933	590	342
April	(s)	31	-98	13,809	120	9	931	591	339
May	0	(s)	-253	14,272	118	9	923	591	332
June	(s)	16	-120	14,351	107	7	920	592	328
July	0	(s)	148	14,344	84	8	924	592	333
August	0	(s)	-129	14,491	72	7	920	592	329
September	0	0	227	14,234	61	9	927	592	335
October	0	0	255	13,529	138	8	935	592	343
November	0	(s)	102	13,968	102	7	938	592	346
December	0 (s)	(s) 13	-292 5	13,951 13,866	118 99	10 9	929 929	592 592	337 337
Average		13	J	13,000	פפ				
95 January	0	(s)	-279	13,610	113	7	920	592	328
February	0	(s)	-48	13,367	95	8	919	592	327
March	(s)	(s)	344	13,478	68 155	7	929	592	338
April	0	(s)	-101	13,816	155	7	926	592 502	335
May	0	(s)	-110	14,299	73	7	923	592	331
June	(s)	(s)	-135	14,568	101	5	919	592	327
July	(s)	(s)	-415	14,380	103	7	906	592	314
August	(s)	(s)	-247	14,245	61	6	898	592	307
September	(s)	(s)	-62	14,402	75	6	897	592	305
October	(s)	(s) R -1	112	13,626	50	_8	900	592	308
November	_0	Ĕ-1	^R 287	^R 13,838	^R 118	^R 7	^R 909	_ 592	_317
December	E 0	E (s)	E -458	^E 14,054	^E 90	^E 6	E 894	^E 592	E 302
December	E (s)	E (S)	^E -94	E 13,977	^E 91	E 7	E 894	E 592	E 302

a Stocks are totals as of end of period.
 b A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.

Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

d Beginning in January 1983, crude oil used directly as fuel is shown as product supplied.

See Note 6 at end of section.

f Stocks of Alaskan crude oil in transit are included from January 1981 forward. See Note 5 at end of section.

^g See Note 4 at end of section.

R=Revised data. — =Not applicable. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than +500 barrels per day and greater than -500 barrels per day.

Notes: • Crude oil includes lease condensate. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: • 1973-1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 1993, Table S2. • 1981 forward: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, January 1996, Table S2.

Table 3.3a Petroleum Imports: Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, and Kuwait

			Γ	Persia	n Gulf ^a		-	
	Bah	nrain	I	ran	lı	raq	Ku	wait ^b
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil
1973 Average	11	0	223	216	4	4	47	42
1974 Average	12	Ö	469	463	0	0	5	5
1975 Average	16	Ŏ	280	278	2	2	16	4
1976 Average	3	Ö	298	298	26	26	5	1
1977 Average	10	0	535	530	74	74	48	42
1978 Average	3	0	555	554	62	62	6	5
1979 Average	1	0	304	297	88	88	8	5
1980 Average	(s)	0	9	8	28	28	27	27
1981 Average	1	0	0	0	(s)	0	0	0
1982 Average	1	0	35	35	3	3	5	2
1983 Average	2	0	48	48	10	10	14	7
1984 Average	1	0	10	10	12	12	36	24
1985 Average	4	0	27	27	46	46	21	4
1986 Average	2	0	19	19	81	81	68	28
1987 Average	0	0	98	98	83	82	84	70
1988 Average	2	0	c (s)	c (s)	345	343	92	80
1989 Average	0	0	0	0	449	441	157	155
1990 Average	1	0	0	0	518	514	86	79
1991 Average	2	0	32	32	0	0	6	6
1992 Average	0	0	0	0	0	0	51	39
1993 January	0	0	0	0	0	0	144	129
February	0	0	0	0	0	0	251	229
March	9	0	0	0	0	0	316	300
April	0	0	0	0	0	0	279	279
May	0	0	0	0	0	0	222	222
June	0	0	0	0	0	0	235	235
July	0	0	0	0	0	0	368	362
August	0	0	0	0	0	0	467	451
September	0	0	0	0	0	0	445	431
October	0	0	0	0	0	0	530	526
November	0	0	0	0	0	0	486	470
December Average	0 1	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	484 353	484 344
1004 January	0	0	0	0	0	0	200	200
1994 January	0 0	0	0	0 0	0 0	0	309	309
February	8	0	0	0	0	0	423	423
March	0	0	0	0	0	0	476 261	476 238
April May	0	0	0	0	0	0	362	362
June	0	0	0	0	0	0	255	255
July	0	0	0	0	0	0	345	345
August	0	0	0	0	0	0	306	306
September	0	0	0	0	0	0	361	361
October	ő	ő	Ö	Ö	ő	Ö	165	148
November	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	249	240
December	Ō	Ö	Ö	Ō	0	Ō	240	227
Average	1	0	0	0	0	0	312	307
1995 January	0	0	0	0	0	0	130	120
February	11	0	0	0	0	0	346	324
March	0	0	0	0	0	0	252	252
April	0	0	0	0	0	0	171	164
May	ő	0	0	0	ő	Ö	208	204
June	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	260	259
July	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	195	195
August	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	180	175
September	0	0	Ō	Ō	0	Ō	187	182
October	0	0	0	0	0	0	250	244
November	0	0	0	0	0	0	238	238
11-Month Average	1	0	0	0	0	0	219	213
1994 11-Month Average	1	0	0	0	0	0	319	314
1993 11-Month Average	i	Ŏ	Ö	Ö	Ö	ŏ	341	331

^a Excludes petroleum imported into the United States indirectly from members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), primarily from Caribbean and West European areas, as petroleum products that were refined from crude oil produced by OPEC.

that were refined from crude oil produced by OPEC.

b Imports from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia are included in Saudi Arabia.

included in Saudi Arabia.

^C A small amount of Iranian crude oil entered the United States in January 1988 from the Virgin Islands. The oil originated in Iran and was exported to the Virgin Islands prior to the signing of Executive Order 12613 on October

^{29, 1987.}

⁽s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports are included. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: • Bahrain: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-814, "Monthly Imports Report." • All Other Data: 1973-1980—EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 1993, Table S3. 1981 forward—EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, January 1996, Table S3.

Petroleum Imports: Qatar, Saudi Arabia, U.A.E., and Total Persian Gulf Table 3.3b (Thousand Barrels per Day)

				Persiar	n Gulf ^a			
	Qa	atar	Saudi	Arabia ^b	United Ar	ab Emirates	To	otal ^a
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil
1973 Average	7	7	486	462	71	71	848	802
1974 Average	17	17	461	438	74	69	1,039	992
1975 Average	18	18	715	701	117	117	1,165	1,121
1976 Average	24	24	1,230	1,222	254	254	1,840	1,825
1977 Average	67	67	1,380	1,373	335	333	2,448	2,418
1978 Average	64	64	1,144	1,142	385	385	2,219	2,212
1979 Average	31	31	1,356	1,347	281	281	2,069	2,049
1980 Average	22	22	1,261	1,250	172	172	1,519	1,508
1981 Average	7	7	1,129	1,112	81	77	1,219	1,196
1982 Average	7	7	552	530	92	81	696	659
1983 Average	(s)	0	337	321	30	18	442	405
1984 Average	5	4	325	309	117	90	506	450
1985 Average	(s)	Ó	168	132	45	35	311	244
1986 Average	13	12	685	618	44	38	912	796
1987 Average	0	0	751	642	61	56	1,077	949
1988 Average	ŏ	ŏ	1,073	911	29	23	1,541	1,357
1989 Average	2	2	1,224	1,116	28	21	1,861	1,734
1990 Average	4	4	1,339	1,195	17	9	1,966	1,801
1991 Average	o O	Ô	1,802	1,703	3	2	1,845	1,743
1992 Average	1	Ŏ	1,720	1,597	6	ō	1,778	1,636
1993 January	0	0	1,688	1,571	0	0	1,831	1,700
February	0	0	1,626	1,480	0	0	1,877	1,709
March	6	0	1,479	1,349	0	0	1,811	1,649
April	0	0	1,644	1,515	17	17	1,940	1,811
May	0	0	1,524	1,361	59	59	1,805	1,642
June	0	0	1,540	1,413	66	66	1,841	1,714
July	0	0	1,283	1,171	19	0	1,671	1,533
August	0	0	1,151	1,036	0	0	1,619	1,487
September	0	0	1,329	1,181	0	0	1,774	1,612
October	0	0	1,115	969	0	0	1,644	1,494
November	0	0	1,281	1,152	1	0	1,767	1,621
December	0	0	1,330	1,205	0	0	1,814	1,689
Average	1	0	1,414	1,282	14	12	1,782	1,637
1994 January	0	0	1,320	1,175	0	0	1,630	1,484
February	0	0	1,071	1,023	0	0	1,493	1,446
March	0	0	1,132	1,055	0	0	1,617	1,531
April	0	0	1,586	1,428	4	0	1,851	1,666
May	0	0	1,438	1,394	0	0	1,800	1,757
June	0	0	1,395	1,277	0	0	1,650	1,533
July	0	0	1,414	1,310	53	53	1,812	1,708
August	0	0	1,363	1,271	0	0	1,669	1,577
September	0	0	1,486	1,364	40	40	1,887	1,766
October	0	0	1,601	1,500	38	23	1,804	1,671
November	0	0	1,477	1,357	0	0	1,726	1,597
December	0	0	1,526	1,388	15	15	1,781	1,631
Average	0	0	1,402	1,297	13	11	1,728	1,615
1995 January	0	0	1,309	1,251	20	20	1,459	1,391
February	0	0	1,181	1,134	13	13	1,550	1,471
March	0	0	1,535	1,410	0	0	1,788	1,662
April	0	0	1,375	1,321	0	0	1,547	1,485
May	0	0	1,281	1,237	0	0	1,490	1,441
June	0	0	1,287	1,221	12	1	1,558	1,481
July	0	0	1,265	1,165	0	0	1,460	1,360
August	0	0	1,340	1,245	10	10	1,530	1,430
September	Ö	Ō	1,464	1,357	29	0	1,680	1,539
October	Ō	0	1,260	1,181	14	0	1,524	1,426
November	Ö	Õ	1,451	1,326	10	10	1,699	1,574
11-Month Average	ŏ	ŏ	1,342	1,259	10	5	1,571	1,478
1994 11-Month Average 1993 11-Month Average	0 1	0 0	1,391 1,422	1,288 1,289	12 15	11 13	1,723 1,779	1,614 1,633

^a Excludes petroleum imported into the United States indirectly from members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), primarily from Caribbean and West European areas, as petroleum products that were refined from crude oil produced by OPEC.

^b Imports from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia are

Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports are included. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

included in Saudi Arabia.

⁽s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Table 3.3c Petroleum Imports: Algeria, Ecuador, Gabon, Indonesia, and Libya (Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Al	geria	Ecu	ador ^b	Ga	bon	Indo	nesia	L	ibya
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil
1973 Average	136	120	48	47	0	0	213	200	164	133
1974 Average	190	180	42	42	23	23	300	284	4	4
1975 Average	282	264	57	57	27	27	390	379	232	223
1976 Average	432	408	51	51	28	26	539	537	453	444
1977 Average	559	544	57	55	42	35	541	507	723	704
1978 Average	649	634	54	38	41	38	573	533	654	638
	636	608	42	30	42	42	420	380	658	642
1979 Average										
1980 Average	488	456	27	17	26	25	348	314	554	548
1981 Average	311	261	48	38	35	35	366	318	319	317
1982 Average	170	90	42	32	40	40	248	226	26	23
1983 Average	240	176	61	56	59	59	338	315	0	0
1984 Average	323	194	55	47	58	57	343	304	1	0
1985 Average	187	84	67	56	52	51	314	292	4	0
1986 Average	271	78	77	64	26	25	318	297	0	0
1987 Average	295	115	29	23	35	35	285	262	0	0
1988 Average	300	58	47	33	16	15	205	186	Ö	Ö
989 Average	269	60	89	80	50	49	183	158	Ŏ	ŏ
990 Average	280	63	49	38	64	64	114	98	0	0
	253	44	63	53	84	84	111	102	0	0
1991 Average	196	24	65	62	124	123	78	70	0	0
1992 Average	130	24	03	02	124	123	70	70	U	U
1993 January	153	28	(b)	(b)	90	89	37	37	0	0
February	256	0	ìbί	ζbí	88	88	52	51	Ö	Ō
March	185	7	}b{	} b ⟨	126	123	67	64	0	ő
	258	26) b () b (127	127	76	76	0	0
April			(b)	(b)						
May	228	3	(p)	(b)	169	169	82	82	0	0
June	169	32	(b)	(b)	107	107	97	67	0	0
July	246	6	(.)	(.)	168	166	55	55	0	0
August	241	28	(b)	(b)	152	152	95	80	0	0
September	192	0	(b)	(b)	211	211	51	40	0	0
October	317	80	(b)	(b)	242	242	131	82	0	0
November	222	52	(b)	(b)	143	136	74	34	0	0
December	169	25	įbί	įbί	191	191	156	114	0	0
Average	220	24	(b)	(b)	152	151	81	65	ŏ	Ŏ
1004	004	•	(b)	(b)			4.40	0.4		
1 994 January	224	8	(b)	(b)	144	144	140	81	0	0
February	226	20	(b)	(b)	212	208	103	59	0	0
March	278	0	(b)	(b)	91	91	112	50	0	0
April	245	30	(;)	(.)	288	288	88	88	0	0
May	261	0	(b)	(b)	187	187	94	76	0	0
June	178	2	(b)	(b)	223	223	155	155	0	0
July	301	38	(b)	(b)	216	216	178	178	0	0
August	282	39	(b)	(b)	142	142	119	112	0	0
September	237	20	(b)	(b)	194	194	61	61	0	0
October	217	38	ìb′	ζb′	235	235	96	89	Ö	Ö
November	203	20	}b′	, b ,	254	254	71	56	0	0
December	259	39) b () b (154	154	113	95	0	0
A	243	21	b'	b\				92	0	0
Average	243	21	(')	(")	194	194	111	92	U	U
995 January	168	0	(b)	(b)	224	224	38	38	0	0
February	358	64	}b∖	}b ∖	186	186	129	87	Ö	Ö
		19) b () b (51	29	0	0
March	196		(b)	(b)	159	159				
April	251	31	(b)	(b)	163	163	95	87	0	0
May	163	36	(b)	(b)	206	206	65	36	0	0
June	277	39	(5)	()	357	357	96	51	0	0
July	257	11	(b)	(b)	296	296	104	96	0	0
August	298	65	(b)	(b)	246	246	122	95	0	0
September	250	20	(b)	(b)	216	216	94	66	0	0
October	229	39	ìb;	ζb΄	270	270	87	68	0	0
November	241	0	}b{	} b	271	271	107	73	0	Ö
11-Month Average	241	29	(b)	(b)	236	236	89	66	0	0
month, ///orago	240	23			200	200	00	00	Ū	•
994 11-Month Average	242	20	(b)	(b)	198	198	111	92	0	0
1993 11-Month Average	224	24	(a)	(b)	148	147	74	61	0	0

^a Excludes petroleum imported into the United States indirectly from members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), primarily from Caribbean and West European areas, as petroleum products that were refined from crude oil produced by OPEC.

Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports are included. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of

that were refined from crude oil produced by OPEC.

^b Ecuador withdrew from OPEC on December 31, 1992. As of January 1993, imports from Ecuador appear on Table 3.3f under "Non-OPEC."

Table 3.3d Petroleum Imports: Nigeria, Venezuela, Total Other OPEC, and Total OPEC

			Other	OPECa				
	Ni	geria	Ven	ezuela	т	otal		otal PECb
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil
1973 Average	459	448	1,135	344	2,156	1,293	2,993	2,095
1974 Average	713	697	979	319	2,253	1,549	3,280	2,540
1975 Average	762	746	702	395	2,452	2,091	3,601	3,211
1976 Average	1,025	1,014	700	241	3,229	2,721	5,066	4,545
1977 Average	1,143	1,130	690	250	3,754	3,225	6,193	5,643
1978 Average	919	910	646	181	3,536	2,972	5,751	5,184
1979 Average	1,080	1,069	690	293	3,569	3,063	5,637	5,112
	857	841	481	156	2,781	2,356	4,300	3,864
1980 Average			406		,	,		
1981 Average	620	611		147	2,106	1,726	3,323	2,922
1982 Average	514	510	412	155	1,451	1,075	2,146	1,734
1983 Average	302	301	422	164	1,422	1,072	1,862	1,477
1984 Average	216	207	548	253	1,544	1,062	2,049	1,512
1985 Average	293	280	605	306	1,522	1,069	1,830	1,312
1986 Average	440	437	793	416	1,926	1,317	2,837	2,113
1987 Average	535	529	804	488	1,983	1,451	3,060	2,400
1988 Average	618	607	794	439	1,981	1,339	3,520	2,696
1989 Average	815	800	873	495	2,279	1,642	4,140	3,376
	800	784	1,025	666	2,332	1,713	4,296	3,514
1990 Average	703	683	1,025	668	2,332 2,249	1,634	4,296 4,092	3,377
1991 Average1992 Average	681	665	1,170	826	2,249	1,770	4,092 4,092	3,406
1332 Average	001	003	1,170	020	2,313	1,770	4,032	3,400
1993 January	729	729	1,397	1,038	2,407	1,920	4,238	3,620
February	927	913	1,296	925	2,619	1,976	4,496	3,685
March	928	892	1,173	835	2,480	1,921	4,282	3,570
April	892	871	1,314	1,023	2,667	2,122	4,608	3,934
May	760	741	1,264	992	2,504	1,988	4,309	3,630
June	848	827	1,292	999	2,512	2,032	4,353	3,746
	893				,	,		,
July		888	1,384	1,068	2,746	2,183	4,417	3,715
August	562	549	1,383	1,135	2,432	1,943	4,051	3,431
September	514	496	1,273	1,050	2,240	1,796	4,014	3,408
October	603	593	1,276	993	2,568	1,989	4,213	3,484
November	636	612	1,322	1,108	2,397	1,942	4,165	3,563
December	598	569	1,230	952	2,345	1,851	4,159	3,540
Average	740	722	1,300	1,010	2,493	1,972	4,273	3,609
1994 January	310	274	1,211	901	2.030	1.408	3,660	2.892
February	576	557	1,224	946	2,341	1,790	3,834	3,237
March	441	402	1,261	932	2,182	1,474	3,790	3,006
April	631	621	1,303	1,035	2,556	2,062	4,408	3,728
	732	730	1,334	1,022	2,608	2,014	4,409	3,771
May					,	,		,
June	842	837	1,469	1,088	2,868	2,305	4,518	3,838
July	703	694	1,296	1,029	2,694	2,154	4,506	3,861
August	1,037	1,010	1,255	982	2,834	2,284	4,503	3,861
September	578	578	1,428	1,106	2,498	1,959	4,386	3,725
October	569	559	1,385	1,101	2,501	2,022	4,304	3,693
November	485	478	1,432	1,084	2,445	1,891	4,171	3,488
December	739	739	1,405	1,183	2,671	2,210	4,451	3,840
Average	637	624	1,334	1,034	2,520	1,965	4,247	3,580
1995 January	583	575	1,355	1,059	2,369	1,897	3,828	3,288
February	463	463	1,439	1,083	2,575	1,883	4,114	3,354
March	687	676	1,499	1,209	2,591	2,092	4,379	3,754
April	467	458	1,374	1,100	2,350	1,840	3,897	3,324
May	603	592	1,498	1,193	2,535	2,064	4,025	3,505
June	696	696	1,479	1,209	2,905	2,352	4,463	3,833
July	711	711	1,536	1,162	2,903	2,276	4,363	3,636
August	482	463	1,447	1,162	2,596	2,030	4,126	3,460
September	851	841	1,655	1,288	3,067	2,431	4,747	3,970
October	649	649	1,453	1,159	2,688	2,431	4,212	3,610
November	646	637	1,507	1,140	2,772	2,122	4,471	3,695
11-Month Average	623	615	1,477	1,161	2,668	2,107	4,238	3,585
1994 11-Month Average	628	613	1,327	1,021	2,506	1,942	4,228	3,556
1993 11-Month Average	753	736	1,307	1,015	2,506	1,983	4,284	3,616

^a Excludes petroleum imported into the United States indirectly from members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), primarily from Caribbean and West European areas, as petroleum products that were refined from crude oil produced by OPEC.

are accounted for under "Other Non-OPEC" on Table 3.3h.

that we're refined from crude oil produced by OPEC.

^b OPEC includes the Persian Gulf nations that are displayed on Tables 3.3a and 3.3b except Bahrain, which is not a member of OPEC, and the nations displayed under "Other OPEC" on Tables 3.3c and 3.3d. Ecuador withdrew from OPEC on December 31, 1992; as of January 1993, imports from Ecuador appear on Table 3.3f under "Non-OPEC." Imports from Bahrain

Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports are included. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Table 3.3e Petroleum Imports: Angola, Australia, Bahama Islands, Brazil, Canada, and China

						Non-O	PECa					
	Aı	ngola	Αι	stralia		ahama lands	E	Brazil	C	anada	C	China
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil
1973 Average	49	49	2	0	174	0	9	0	1,325	1,001	(s)	0
1974 Average	49	48	1	0	164	Ō	2	0	1,070	791	`´o	Ō
1975 Average	75	71	5	0	152	0	5	0	846	600	0	0
1976 Average	12	7	2	0	118	0	0	0	599	371	0	0
1977 Average	24	17	3	0	171	0	0	0	517	279	0	0
1978 Average	20	6	5	0	160	0	0	0	467	248	0	0
1979 Average	43	39	6	0	147	0	1	0	538	271	13	13
1980 Average	42	37	1	0	78	0	3	1	455	199	(s)	0
1981 Average	49	45	5	.0	74	0	23	14	447	164	18	0
1982 Average	44	42	5	(s)	65	0	47	19	482	214	40	8
1983 Average	78	71	4	0	125	0	41	2	547	274	34	6
1984 Average	90	85	38	25	88	0	60	(s)	630	341	46	15
1985 Average	110	104	37	21	40	0	61	0	770	468	59	36
1986 Average	112 192	102 180	41 58	30 49	37 37	0	50 84	0 0	807 848	570 608	90 82	68
1987 Average	212	203	56 64	49 59	32	0	98	0	999	681	88	63 82
1988 Average	284	203 279	36	31	34	0	82	0	931	630	80	76
1989 Average	237	236	53	47	37	0	49	0	934	643	80	76 77
1990 Average1991 Average	254	254	26	21	35	0	22	0	1,033	743	91	87
1992 Average	336	336	19	17	36	Ŏ	20	Ŏ	1,069	797	90	84
1993 January	354	354	(s)	0	18	0	3	0	1,052	778	60	60
February	348	348	0	Ö	26	Ö	22	Ö	1,095	782	44	44
March	408	408	Ö	0	38	Ö	27	Ō	1,033	770	79	73
April	344	344	Ö	0	16	Ö	56	Ō	1,052	783	0	0
May	299	299	13	13	8	0	41	0	1,128	874	40	40
June	209	209	34	34	7	0	19	0	1,117	911	48	46
July	402	402	40	40	31	0	48	0	1,264	991	24	24
August	258	258	33	27	41	0	32	0	1,247	966	38	38
September	282	282	0	0	37	0	59	0	1,319	1,023	91	89
October	440	440	53	47	53	0	15	0	1,370	1,030	61	61
November	307	307	0	0	29	0	61	0	1,236	917	68	68
December	379	379	53	53	30	0	10	0	1,255	964	61	61
Average	336	336	19	18	28	0	33	0	1,181	900	51	50
1994 January	338	338	12	0	28	0	11	0	1,242	905	81	78
February	295	282	0	0	79	0	12	0	1,374	994	44	44
March	291	265	11	11	52	0	10	0	1,326	987	112	104
April	284	284	0	0	39	0	42	0	1,194	930	70	67
May	354	331	32	32	58	0	96	0	1,160	905	80	80
June	278	278	11	11	14	0	62	0	1,206	973	37	36
July	304	299	44	44	18	0	53	0	1,237	994	92	92
August September	358 455	347 448	13 35	13 35	20 17	0	38 21	0	1,357 1,300	1,059 1,031	64 63	64 63
October	455 286	286	35 22	22	17	0	18	0	1,238	982	18	18
November	328	328	22	22	8	0	0	0	1,251	988	79	79
December	402	380	0	0	6	0	8	8	1,388	1,054	40	40
Average	331	322	17	16	29	ŏ	31	1	1,272	983	65	64
1995 January	273	262	21	21	6	0	0	0	1,349	1,009	64	62
February	348	335	22	22	8	0	0	0	1,349	965	21	21
March	427	416	0	0	7	0	0	ő	1,206	891	54	54
April	412	402	33	33	0	Ö	Ö	ő	1,240	999	65	65
May	419	407	21	21	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	1,405	1,167	35	35
June	371	358	10	10	Ō	0	0	0	1,418	1,169	26	26
July	295	287	42	42	Ö	0	8	0	1,269	1,028	80	80
August	367	355	0	0	0	0	9	0	1,348	1,062	40	40
September	444	444	0	0	8	0	27	0	1,283	993	73	73
October	366	366	15	15	0	0	9	0	1,299	1,057	40	40
November	318	318	(s)	0	0	0	12	0	1,377	1,046	66	66
11-Month Average	367	359	15	15	3	0	6	0	1,318	1,036	52	51
1994 11-Month Average	325	317	18	17	31	0	33	0	1,261	977	68	66
1993 11-Month Average	332	332	16	15	28	0	35	0	1,175	894	50	49

^a Includes petroleum imported into the United States indirectly from members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), primarily from Caribbean and West European areas, as petroleum products that were refined from crude oil produced by OPEC.

are included. $\bullet~$ U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

⁽s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports

Table 3.3f Petroleum Imports: Colombia, Ecuador, Italy, Malaysia, Mexico, and Netherlands

	Non-OPEC ^a											
	Col	lombia	Ec	uadorb	ı	taly	Ma	alaysia	M	lexico	Netl	nerlands
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil
1973 Average	9	2	_	_	125	0	12	1	16	1	53	0
1974 Average	5	0	-	_	74	0	12	1	8	2	43	0
1975 Average	9	0	-	_	27	0	8	5	71	70	19	4
1976 Average	21	6	-	-	39	0	18	16	87	.87	8	0
1977 Average	17	0	-	-	51	0	66	55	179	177	31	4
1978 Average	20 18	0	_	_	38 30	0	42 66	37 52	318 439	316 437	5 23	2 7
1979 Average 1980 Average	4	0	_	_	4	Ö	70	61	533	507	23	(s)
1981 Average	1	0	_	_	11	Ö	36	33	522	469	30	(s)
1982 Average	5	ŏ	_	_	18	(s)	20	18	685	645	35	(s)
1983 Average	10	ŏ	_	_	18	(s)	4	3	826	766	65	3
1984 Average	8	Ö	_	_	45	(s)	1	Ö	748	659	65	3
1985 Average	23	Ö	_	_	60	(s)	3	1	816	715	58	Ö
1986 Average	87	57	_	_	76	``0	12	11	699	621	54	0
1987 Average	148	115	_	_	54	1	13	12	655	602	60	0
1988 Average	134	106	_	-	65	5	19	19	747	674	61	0
1989 Average	172	136	_	-	34	3	39	39	767	716	49	0
1990 Average	182	140	-	_	58	2	41	40	755	689	55	0
1991 Average	163	123	-	-	47	3	24	24	807	759	29	0
1992 Average	126	102	-	-	55	0	10	10	830	787	26	0
1993 January	188	167	76	70	56	0	0	0	858	820	11	0
February	148	137	14	14	34	0	0	0	807	748	18	0
March	161	129	59	59	43	0	11	10	844	798	10	0
April	178	165	74	62	14	0	8	8	832	796	0	0
May	147	90	56	56	26	0	21	10	917	846	10	0
June	176	143	75	75	25	0	0	0	987	959	10	0
July	204	184	96	96	25	0	11	11	943	878	21	0
August	131	101	121	121	50	0	14	14	862	809	17	0
September	224	170	49	49	32	0	28	28	929	867	22	0
October	192	182	146	135	40	0	14	10	1,013	951	0	0
November	164	143	115	106	30	0	0	0	1,116	1,041	(s)	0
December	134	85	84	84	0	0	28	28	909	837	6	0
Average	171	141	81	78	31	0	11	10	919	863	10	0
1994 January	182	149	128	128	8	0	11	11	971	945	37	0
February	184	131	96	96	35	0	19	15	967	926	43	0
March	188	167	37	37	16	0	13	0	1,067	1,014	43	0
April	241	197	52	52	13	0	3	0	987	963	24	0
May	105	75	85	85	19	0	0	0	975	934	79	0
June	112	101	72	72	12	0	10	10	1,040	974	38	0
July	127 181	127 181	144 115	144 115	35 52	0 0	36 13	36 7	926 894	889	35 33	0 0
August September	144	144	63	63	34	0	9	0	1,043	852 963	33 34	0
	215	215	110	110	21	0	0	0	940	881	18	0
October November	134	134	97	97	21 17	0	0	0	1,037	981	10	0
December	124	124	96	96	9	0	6	0	963	944	4	0
Average	161	146	91	91	22	ŏ	10	6	984	939	32	ŏ
1995 January	191	181	130	130	4	0	21	21	942	909	0	0
February	158	148	107	107	1	0	0	0	919	888	17	0
March	257	238	104	104	8	0	0	0	1,006	961	29	0
April	193	193	146	146	13	0	7	0	993	963	3	0
May	171	153	128	128	0	0	0	0	1,118	1,063	24	0
June	243	220	149	149	13	0	7	0	1,138	1,076	37	0
July	223	223	87	87	4	0	0	0	1,188	1,166	0	0
August	330	311	116	104	0	0	0	0	1,185	1,156	21	0
September	252	236	61	61	0	0	14	14	1,305	1,238	0	0
October	199	190	12	12	11	0	13	5	894	854	31	0
November	240	229	102	102	4	0	16	16	1,114	1,060	20	0
11-Month Average	224	212	104	102	5	0	7	5	1,074	1,031	17	0
1994 11-Month Average 1993 11-Month Average	165 174	148 146	91 81	91 77	24 34	0 0	10 10	7 8	986 919	938 865	35 11	0 0

a Includes petroleum imported into the United States indirectly from members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), primarily from Caribbean and West European areas, as petroleum products that were refined from crude oil produced by OPEC.

b Through 1992, Ecuador was a member of OPEC. See Table 3.3c.

-=Not applicable. (s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports are included. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Table 3.3g Petroleum Imports: Netherlands Antilles, Norway, Puerto Rico, Russia, Spain, and Trinidad and Tobago

						Non-	OPECa					
		nerlands ntilles	N	orway	Pue	rto Rico	Rı	ıssia ^b	s	pain		inidad Tobago
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil
1973 Average	585	0	1	0	99	0	26	0	26	0	255	60
1974 Average	511	ŏ	1	ĭ	90	ŏ	20	ŏ	12	ŏ	251	63
1975 Average	332	Ŏ	17	12	90	Ö	14	Ŏ	1	ŏ	242	115
1976 Average	275	Ö	36	35	88	Ö	11	2	1	Ö	274	104
1977 Average	211	Ö	50	48	105	Ö	12	2	10	Ö	289	134
1978 Average	229	0	104	104	94	0	8	1	3	Ō	253	142
1979 Average	231	0	75	75	92	0	1	0	4	0	190	123
1980 Average	225	0	144	144	88	0	1	0	1	0	176	115
1981 Average	197	0	119	114	62	0	5	(s)	1	(s)	133	102
1982 Average	175	0	102	102	50	0	1	0	3	(s)	112	92
1983 Average	189	0	66	65	40	0	1	(s)	2	(s)	96	83
1984 Average	188	0	114	112	42	0	13	(s)	11	0	94	87
1985 Average	40	0	32	31	28	0	8	(s)	29	1	113	98
1986 Average	25	0	60	53	21	0	18	(s)	53	0	125	93
1987 Average	29	0	80	70	21	0	11	0	55	0	106	75
1988 Average	36	0	67	62	22	0	29	0	68	0	97	71
1989 Average	42	0	138	127	32	0	48	0	67	0	94	73
1990 Average	31	0	102	96	32	0	45	1	47	0	96	76
1991 Average	81	0	82	74	27	0	29	1	33	0	88	72
1992 Average	65	0	127	119	26	0	18	5	32	0	95	70
1993 January	73	0	70	70	37	0	0	0	44	0	59	48
February	80	0	62	61	21	0	0	0	19	0	72	58
March	61	0	122	115	26	0	0	0	21	0	92	71
April	97	0	170	170	18	0	32	32	61	0	78	55
May	81	0	222	222	38	0	32	32	42	0	68	51
June	55	0	160	160	29	0	77	51	20	0	77	55
July	52	0	215	215	49	0	157	134	41	0	82	53
August	56	0	180	161	30	0	26	0	37	0	50	37
September	101	0	113	113	28	0	57	29	54	0	70	55
October	122	0	115	93	30	0	176	123	33	0	69	54
November	90	0	162	155	23	0	56	32	30	0	66	55 74
December Average	118 82	0 0	108 142	101 137	14 29	0 0	38 55	0 36	42 37	0 0	103 74	71 55
										_		
1994 January	189 119	0	101 199	96 166	26 19	0 0	11 14	0	26 31	0	90 92	60 80
March	112	0	108	108	21	0	34	34	37	0	68	54
April	73	0	205	184	17	0	0	0	45	0	76	56
May	70	0	159	159	21	0	32	32	53	0	68	58
June	69	0	176	158	42	0	133	133	50	0	106	79
July	121	0	276	257	43	0	82	82	25	0	69	55
August	114	Ö	206	198	23	ő	21	15	38	Ö	85	55
September	95	Ö	347	336	17	Õ	6	0	56	0	64	56
October	77	Ö	310	300	20	Õ	30	30	35	Ö	79	65
November	96	Ö	214	195	6	0	0	0	22	Ö	59	55
December	43	Ö	125	123	10	Õ	Ö	Ö	26	0	74	74
Average	98	Ō	202	190	22	Ō	30	27	37	Ō	77	62
1995 January	75	0	200	170	6	0	0	0	7	0	91	91
February	58	0	194	164	7	0	0	0	9	0	60	60
March	68	0	241	209	13	0	0	0	16	0	70	70
April	0	0	315	291	9	0	0	0	16	7	55	55
May	86	0	292	292	19	0	12	0	25	0	61	53
June	50	0	370	370	16	0	15	0	27	0	78	74
July	65	0	263	256	17	0	41	32	10	0	73	54
August	62	0	279	264	26	0	136	98	17	0	74	53
September	33	0	364	359	12	0	50	32	19	0	73	55
October	48	0	163	163	15	0	0	0	6	0	86	70
November	69	0	255	255	27	0	28	0	16	0	53	53
11-Month Average	56	0	267	254	15	0	26	15	15	1	71	63
1994 11-Month Average	103	0	209	196	23	0	33	30	38	0	78	61
1993 11-Month Average	79	0	145	140	30	0	56	40	37	0	71	54

^a Includes petroleum imported into the United States indirectly from members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), primarily from Caribbean and West European areas, as petroleum products that were refined from crude oil produced by OPEC.

Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports are included. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

that were refined from crude oil produced by OPEC.

b Imports from other States in the former U.S.S.R. may be included in imports from Russia for the years 1973 through 1992.

⁽s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Table 3.3h Petroleum Imports: United Kingdom, Virgin Islands, Other Non-OPEC, **Total Non-OPEC, and Total Imports**

				Non-O	PECa					
		nited igdom	Virgin	Islands		ther OPEC ^b	То	tal ^{b,c}		Total ports
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil
1973 Average	15	0	329	0	153	36	3,263	1,149	6,256	3,244
1974 Average	8	ŏ	391	ŏ	122	30	2,832	937	6,112	3,477
1975 Average	14	(s)	406	Ö	120	14	2,454	893	6,056	4,105
	31	13	422	0	203	101	2,434	742	7,313	5,287
1976 Average 1977 Average	126	97	466	0	287	157	2,614	971	8,807	6,615
	180	169	428	0	239	146	,	1,172		,
1978 Average							2,612	,	8,363	6,356
1979 Average	202	197	431	0	269	192	2,819	1,407	8,456	6,519
1980 Average	176	173	388	0	219	162	2,609	1,399	6,909	5,263
1981 Average	375	369	327	0	236	163	2,672	1,474	5,996	4,396
1982 Average	456	441	316	0	306	174	2,968	1,754	5,113	3,488
1983 Average	382	365	282	0	378	215	3,189	1,853	5,051	3,329
1984 Average	402	378	294	0	411	210	3,388	1,914	5,437	3,426
1985 Average	310	278	247	0	394	137	3,237	1,888	5,067	3,201
1986 Average	350	317	244	0	426	144	3,387	2,065	6,224	4,178
1987 Average	352	304	272	0	459	196	3,617	2,274	6,678	4,674
1988 Average	315	254	242	Ö	487	196	3,882	2,411	7,402	5,107
1989 Average	215	160	321	ŏ	457	197	3,921	2,467	8,061	5,843
1990 Average	189	155	282	0	417	180	3,721	2,381	8,018	5,894
	138	106	243	ŏ	282	137	3,535	2,405	7,627	5,782
1991 Average 1992 Average	230	200	249	0	335	149	3,796	2,676	7,888	6,083
1002 January	229	201	252	0	325	104	°3,766	°2,672	8,004	6 202
1993 January							,	,	,	6,292
February	173	127	244	0	223	151	3,452	2,471	7,948	6,156
March	332	298	244	0	393	186	4,003	2,918	8,285	6,488
April	413	337	245	0	472	243	4,161	2,995	8,768	6,928
May	522	495	279	0	363	152	4,353	3,179	8,663	6,809
June	458	408	290	0	581	405	4,452	3,455	8,805	7,201
July	292	247	202	0	600	299	4,801	3,574	9,219	7,289
August	343	323	256	0	556	356	4,378	3,210	8,429	6,641
September	286	217	184	0	552	251	4,517	3,173	8,531	6,581
October	353	338	236	0	453	233	4,984	3,698	9,197	7,181
November	351	340	330	0	503	270	4,739	3,434	8,903	6,997
December	432	403	288	0	394	231	4,486	3,298	8,645	6,838
Average	350	312	254	Ō	452	240	4,347	3,178	8,620	6,787
1994 January	205	161	276	0	361	181	4,333	3,053	7,993	5,945
February	290	232	351	0	441	111	4,705	3,077	8,539	6,313
March	459	394	325	0	453	191	4,784	3,366	8,574	6,372
April	377	282	325	0	496	212	4,561	3,227	8,968	6,955
	404	345	312	Ö	643	390	4,805	3,427	9,213	7,198
May	537	345 485	361	0	423	209	,	,	,	,
June							4,787	3,520	9,305	7,358
July	678	578	294	0	635	400	5,273	3,996	9,779	7,857
August	514	473	356	0	513	249	5,007	3,627	9,510	7,488
September	736	717	360	0	409	287	5,307	4,143	9,693	7,868
October	370	323	313	0	350	212	4,484	3,444	8,788	7,136
November	618	507	292	0	257	159	4,536	3,545	8,707	7,034
December	305	255	369	0	414	254	4,411	3,352	8,863	7,193
Average	458	396	328	0	450	239	4,749	3,483	8,996	7,063
1995 January	256	228	283	0	209	131	4,126	3,215	7,955	6,503
February	382	359	322	0	300	143	4,244	3,211	8,358	6,565
March	663	621	298	Ö	174	91	4,641	3,655	9,020	7,409
April	491	450	284	0	314	143	4,589	3,748	8,486	7,073
	405	366	203	0	286					
May						165	4,711	3,849	8,736	7,354
June	520	418	268	0	368	253	5,123	4,123	9,585	7,957
July	137	97	240	0	441	277	4,482	3,630	8,845	7,265
August	288	249	264	0	336	261	4,898	3,954	9,024	7,415
September	427	386	223	0	312	180	4,979	4,072	9,726	8,041
October	528	479	299	0	331	214	4,364	3,465	8,576	7,075
November	284	284	317	0	263	145	4,582	3,574	9,052	7,269
11-Month Average	398	358	272	Ō	303	182	4,613	3,683	8,851	7,268
1994 11-Month Average	472	409	324	0	453	238	4,781	3,495	9,009	7,051
1994 I I WOULI AVELAGE	414	409	324	U	433	230	4,/01	3,493	5,005	1,001

a Includes petroleum imported into the United States indirectly from members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), primarily from Caribbean and West European areas, as petroleum products that were refined from crude oil produced by OPEC.

b Includes Bahrain, which is shown on Table 3.3a.
c As of January 1993, includes petroleum imported from Ecuador, which withdrew from OPEC on December 31, 1992.
(s)—I ess than 500 barrels per day.

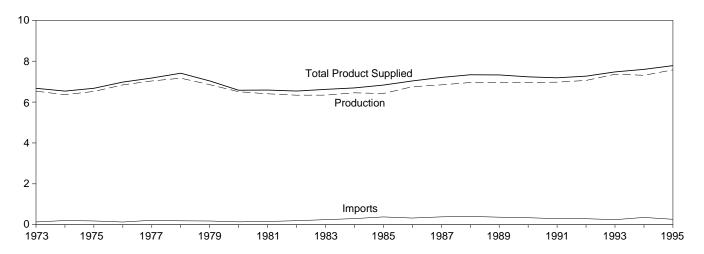
(s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports are included. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

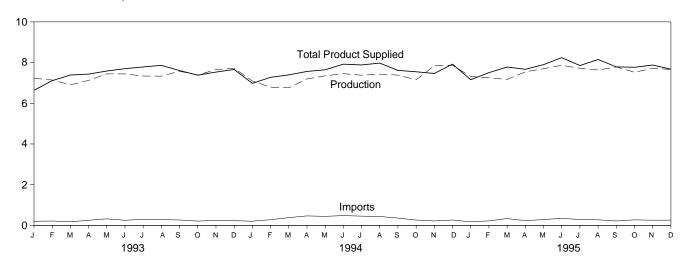
Figure 3.2 **Finished Motor Gasoline**

(Million Barrels per Day, Except as Noted)

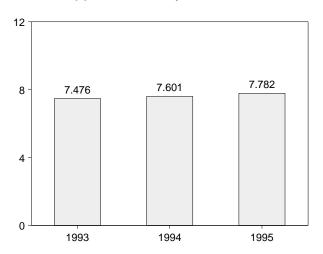
Overview, 1973-1995



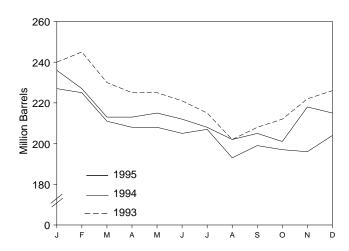
Overview, Monthly



Product Supplied, January-December



Stocks, End of Month



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Source: Table 3.4.

Table 3.4 Finished Motor Gasoline Supply and Disposition

	Sup	ply		Disposition			Gasoline Stocks ^a	Oxygenates
	Total Production	Imports ^b	Stock Change ^{b,c}	Exports	Product Supplied	Totald	Finished	Ending Stocks ^a
		Thou	ısand Barrels pei	Day			Million Barrels	
1072 Averege	C E2E	134	0	4	6.674	209	NA	NA
1973 Average	6,535		-9 24	4	6,674		NA NA	
1974 Average	6,360	204	24	2	6,537	^e 218	NA	NA
1975 Average	6,520	184	^e 28	2	6,675	235	NA	NA
1976 Average	6,841	131	-10	3	6,978	231	NA	NA
1977 Average	7,033	217	72	2	7,177	258	NA	NA
1978 Average	7,169	190	-54	1	7,412	238	NA	NA
1979 Average	6,852	181	-2	(s)	7,034	237	NA	NA
1980 Average	6,506	140	66	1	6,579	^e 261	NA	NA
1981 Average ^f	6,405	157	^e -28	2	6,588	253	203	NA
1982 Average	6,338	197	-25	20	6,539	^e 235	^e 194	NA
1983 Average	6,340	247	e-45	10	6,622	222	186	NA
1984 Average	6,453	299	54	6	6,693	243	205	NA
1985 Average	6,419	381	-41	10	6,831	223	190	NA NA
	6,752	326	11	33		233	194	NA NA
1986 Average	,				7,034			
1987 Average	6,841	384	-15	35	7,206	226	189	NA
1988 Average	6,956	405	3	22	7,336	228	190	NA
1989 Average	6,963	369	-35	39	7,328	213	177	NA
1990 Average	6,959	342	10	55	7,235	220	181	NA
1991 Average	6,975	297	3	82	7,188	219	182	NA
1992 Average	7,058	294	-11	96	7,268	216	178	NA
1993 January	⁹ 7,228	204	652	142	⁹ 6,639	240	198	^h 15
February	7,144	216	149	99	7,112	245	202	14
March	6,904	177	-417	109	7,389	230	189	15
April	7,126	253	-168	111	7,435	225	184	15
	,							
May	7,446	323	93	90	7,585	225	187	17
June	7,442	251	-88	81	7,700	221	184	18
July	7,337	300	-240	92	7,785	215	177	20
August	7,335	283	-323	77	7,864	202	167	21
September	7,573	267	148	85	7,607	208	171	19
October	7,394	210	142	80	7,382	212	176	18
November	7,652	252	245	126	7,533	222	183	16
December	7,725	231	132	162	7,661	226	187	13
Average	7,360	247	26	105	7,476	226	187	13
1994 January	7,097	206	227	97	6,980	236	194	11
	6,790	281	-281	77	7,275	227	186	11
February								
March	6,760	382	-341	88	7,395	213	176	13
April	7,195	467	26	73	7,564	213	176	15
May	7,348	446	85	64	7,644	215	179	16
June	7,455	483	-72	88	7,922	212	177	18
July	7,380	455	-127	78	7,884	208	173	22
August	7,432	439	-172	70	7,975	202	168	24
September	7,385	360	55	74	7,615	205	169	25
October	7,151	263	-244	110	7,548	201	162	23
November	7,849	219	496	108	7,464	218	177	20
December	7,849 7,867	265	-23	231	7,404 7,924	215	177	20 17
Average	7,312	356	-23 -31	97	7,924 7,601	215 215	176 176	17
1995 January	7,317	174	235	100	7,157	227	183	16
		223	-116	84		225	180	16
February	7,250				7,505			
March	7,171	336	-380	107	7,780	211	168	15
April	7,547	235	-26	139	7,670	208	167	15
May	7,697	286	18	67	7,898	208	168	15
June	7,866	347	-121	91	8,243	205	164	14
July	7,718	290	68	86	7,854	207	166	15
August	7,634	276	-343	103	8,151	193	155	16
September	7,785	219	122	94	7,788	199	159	15
								14
October	7,522 R 7,740	272	-98	121	7,770 R 7,070	197	156	
November	^R 7,716	R 256	R -24	R 118	R 7,878	R 196	^R 155	12
December	^E 7,664	^E 260	^E _145	^E 104	E 7,674	^E 204	E 161	NA
Average	^E 7,575	^E 265	^E -43	E 101	^E 7,782	^E 204	^E 161	NA

^a Stocks are totals as of end of period.

imbalance of motor gasoline blending components. See Note 2 at end of section.

h See Note 1 at end of section.

R=Revised data. NA=Not available. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Sources: • 1973-1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 1993, Table S4. • 1981 forward: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, January 1996, Table S4.

^b From 1981 forward, blending components are excluded.

^c A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number

indicates an increase.

d Includes motor gasoline blending components and gasohol, but excludes oxygenates, which are reported separately.

e See Note 4 at end of section.

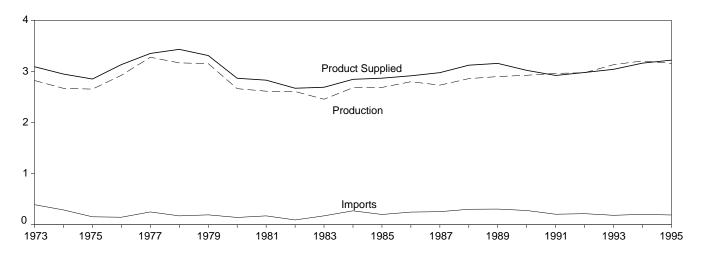
f See Note 2 at end of section.

^g Beginning in 1993, motor gasoline production and product supplied include blending of fuel ethanol and an adjustment to correct for the

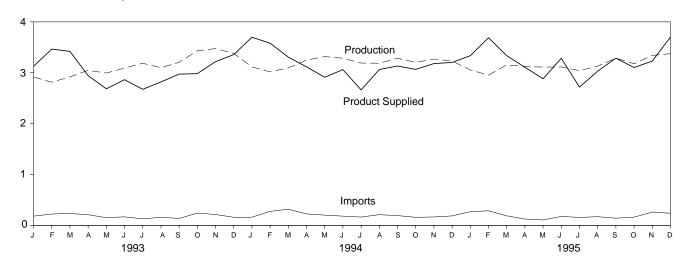
Figure 3.3 Distillate Fuel

(Million Barrels per Day, Except as Noted)

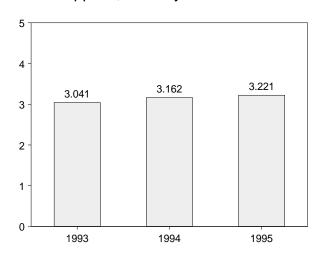
Overview, 1973-1995



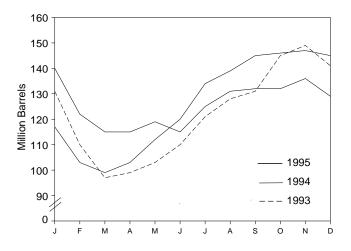
Overview, Monthly



Product Supplied, January-December



Stocks, End of Month



Source: Table 3.5.

Table 3.5 Distillate Fuel Oil Supply and Disposition

		Supply			Disposition			Ending Stock	s ^a	
			Crudo Oil					Sulfur	Content	
	Total Production	Imports	Crude Oil Used Directly ^b	Stock Change ^c	Exports	Product Supplied ^b	Total	0.05 Percent or Less ^d	Greater Than 0.05 Percent ^d	
			Thousand Ba	rrels per Day			Million Barrels			
1973 Average	2,822	392	2	115	9	3,092	196	NA	NA	
1974 Average	2,669	289	2	^e 10	2	2,948	^f 200	NA	NA	
1975 Average	2,654	155	2	^{e,f} -41	1	2,851	209	NA	NA	
1976 Average	2,924	146	1	-62	1	3,133	186	NA	NA	
1977 Average	3,278	250	1	176	1	3,352	250	NA	NA	
1978 Average1979 Average	3,167	173 193	1 1	-93 34	3 3	3,432	216 229	NA NA	NA NA	
1979 Average	3,153 2,662	142	1	-64	3 3	3,311 2,866	f 205	NA NA	NA NA	
1981 Average ^g	2,613	173	10	f -38	5	2,829	192	NA NA	NA NA	
1982 Average	2,606	93	10	-35	74	2,671	f 179	NA NA	NA NA	
1983 Average	2,456	174	_	^f -124	64	2,690	140	NA	NA	
1984 Average	2,681	272	_	57	51	2,845	161	NA	NA	
1985 Average	2,687	200	-	-48	67	2,868	144	NA	NA	
1986 Average	2,798	247	-	31	100	2,914	155	NA	NA	
1987 Average	2,731	255	-	-56	66	2,976	134	NA	NA	
1988 Average	2,859	302	-	-30	69	3,122	124	NA	NA	
1989 Average	2,899	306	-	-49 -70	97	3,157	106	NA	NA	
1990 Average	2,925	278 205	_	73 31	109 215	3,021	132 144	NA NA	NA NA	
1991 Average1992 Average	2,962 2,974	203 216	_	-8	219	2,921 2,979	141	NA NA	NA NA	
4002 January	2.014	100	_	240	207	2.420	101	⁹ 15	⁹ 115	
1993 January	2,914 2,815	182 224	_	-318 -727	287 301	3,128 3,465	131 110	12	99	
March	2,919	235	_	-420	154	3,420	97	11	87	
April	3,047	209	_	71	241	2,943	99	12	88	
May	2,994	153	_	106	355	2,685	103	12	91	
June	3,093	168	_	241	158	2,863	110	15	95	
July	3,186	130	_	346	296	2,674	121	21	100	
August	3,100	159	_	243	196	2,820	128	44	84	
September	3,205	137	_	102	267	2,973	131	48	84	
October	3,432	242	_	453	237	2,983	145	55	90	
November	3,474	214	_	127	342	3,218	149	64	85	
December Average	3,382 3,132	160 184	_	-267 1	453 274	3,357 3,041	141 141	64 64	77 77	
_	•					•				
1994 January	3,114	161	_	-754	332	3,698	117	55	62	
February	3,018 3,096	276 318	_	-521 -113	235 220	3,581 3,307	103 99	49 51	54 49	
March April	3,249	226	_	106	252	3,116	103	57	46	
May	3,317	202	_	318	289	2,912	112	61	51	
June	3,285	182	_	237	168	3,062	120	62	58	
July	3,191	164	_	472	220	2,663	134	69	65	
August	3,187	211	_	142	193	3,063	139	67	71	
September	3,285	193	_	205	140	3,133	145	66	78	
October	3,203	159	_	40	256	3,066	146	67	79	
November	3,270	166	_	45 69	211	3,180	147	70 72	77 72	
December Average	3,232 3,205	187 203	_	-68 12	284 234	3,203 3,162	145 145	73 73	73 73	
1005 January	3 055	270		-152	141	3 225	140	69	71	
1995 January	3,055 2,954	270 287	_	-152 -660	212	3,335 3,689	122	63	7 i 59	
March	3,156	188	_	-208	216	3,336	115	59	56	
April		125	_	-30	172	3,108	115	61	53	
May		108	_	135	202	2,883	119	62	56	
June		176	_	-132	137	3,284	115	59	56	
July	3,041	157	_	332	148	2,718	125	61	64	
August	,	171	_	186	84	3,031	131	61	70	
September	3,288	142	-	28	116	3,286	132	63	68	
October	3,176	162	_	-2	238	3,102	132	61	70 R 7 1	
November	R 3,341	R 262	_	R 137	R 236	R 3,230	R 136	65	R 71	
December	E 3,376	E 239	_	E -188 E -42	E 102	E 3,701	E 129	E 66	E 63	
Average	E 3,157	^E 190	-	42	^E 167	E 3,221	E 129	^E 66	^E 63	

a Stocks are totals as of end of period.
 b Beginning in January 1983, crude oil used directly as distillate fuel oil is reported as crude oil product supplied on Table 3.2b rather than as distillate

fuel oil product supplied.

^c A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.

^d By weight.

^e See Note 6 at end of section.

f See Note 4 at end of section.

^g See Note 3 at end of section.

R=Revised data. NA=Not available. -=Not applicable. E=Estimate.

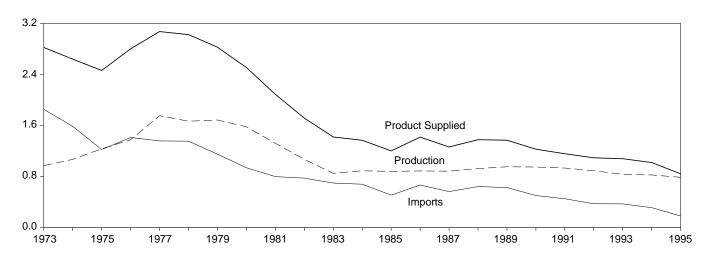
Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: • 1973-1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 1993, Table S5. • 1981 forward: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, January 1996, Table S5.

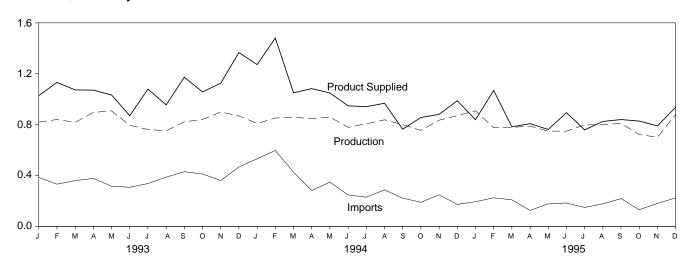
Figure 3.4 Residual Fuel

(Million Barrels per Day, Except as Noted)

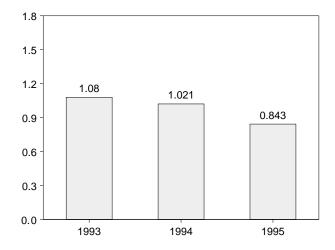
Overview, 1973-1995



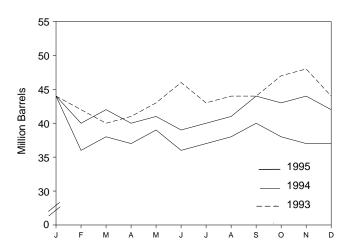
Overview, Monthly



Product Supplied, January-December



Stocks, End of Month



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 3.6.

Table 3.6 Residual Fuel Oil Supply and Disposition

		Supply			Disposition				
	Total Production	Imports	Crude Oil Used Directly ^a	Stock Change ^b	Exports	Product Supplied ^a	Ending Stocks ^c		
	<u>'</u>		Thousand Ba	rrels per Day			Million Barrels		
973 Average	971	1,853	17	-5	23	2,822	53		
1974 Average	1,070	1,587	13	17	14	2,639	d 60		
1975 Average	1,235	1,223	15	d -2	15	2,462	74		
1976 Average	1,377	1,413	17	- <u>2</u> -5	12	2,801	72		
1977 Average	1,754	1,359	13	-3 48	6	3,071	90		
1978 Average	1,667	1,355	13	1	13	3,023	90		
_	1,687	1,151	12	15	9	2,826	96		
1979 Average	1,580	939	12	-10	33	2,508	d 92		
1980 Average		800	48	d -37		2,088	78		
1981 Average ^e	1,321				118	•	d 66		
1982 Average	1,070	776	48	-32 d -55	209	1,716			
1983 Average	852	699	-		185	1,421	49		
1984 Average	891	681	_	12	190	1,369	53		
1985 Average	882	510	-	-7	197	1,202	50		
1986 Average	889	669	-	-8	147	1,418	47		
1987 Average	885	565	-	(s)	186	1,264	47		
1988 Average	926	644	-	-8	200	1,378	45		
1989 Average	954	629	-	-2	215	1,370	44		
1990 Average	950	504	_	13	211	1,229	49		
1991 Average	934	453	_	4	226	1,158	50		
1992 Average	892	375	-	-20	193	1,094	43		
1993 January	820	385	_	44	133	1,028	44		
February	840	332	_	-74	113	1,132	42		
March	818	360	_	-47	152	1,073	40		
April	896	377	_	32	169	1,071	41		
May	908	316	_	54	137	1,033	43		
June	795	308	_	87	147	870	46		
July	762	337	_	-102	122	1,079	43		
August	752	387	_	64	120	955	44		
September	822	430	_	-31	110	1,173	44		
October	841	412	_	103	94	1,057	47		
November	899	361	_	48	86	1,126	48		
December	869	467	_	-129	98	1,367	44		
Average	835	373	_	4	1 23	1,080	44		
1994 January	809	532	_	4	64	1,272	44		
February	852	597	_	-159	127	1,481	40		
March	859	426	_	61	175	1,050	42		
	846	282	_	-65	110	1,083	40		
April			-			,			
May	860	348	_	30	129	1,049	41		
June	779 807	247	_	-43 12	122	948	39		
July	807	230	_	12	83	941	40		
August	838	287	_	37	120	968	41		
September	800	222	_	117	141	764	44		
October	755	190	_	-45	134	856	43		
November	835	248	_	19	182	881	44		
December Average	871 826	173 314	_ _	-58 -6	115 125	988 1,021	42 42		
-									
1 995 January	909	194	_	60	203	839	44		
February	776	225	_	-275	208	1,069	36		
March	778	209	_	50	154	783	38		
April	789	126	_	-23	129	808	37		
May	749	177	_	48	115	762	39		
June	749	184	-	-82	120	894	36		
July	798	149	_	25	164	759	37		
August	799	177	_	28	122	825	38		
September	810	219	_	64	124	840	40		
October	722	131	_	-58	84	828	38		
November	701	^R 181	_	^R -19	R 111	^R 790	37		
December	^E 881	E 224	_	E-10	E 178	^E 937	E 37		
	E 789	E 183		E -14		E 843			

^a Beginning in January 1983, crude oil used directly as residual fuel oil is beginning in January 1983, crude oil used directly as residual rulei oil is reported as crude oil product supplied on Table 3.2b rather than as residual fuel oil product supplied.

A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.

Stocks are totals as of end of period.

See Note 4 at end of section.

e See Note 3 at end of section.

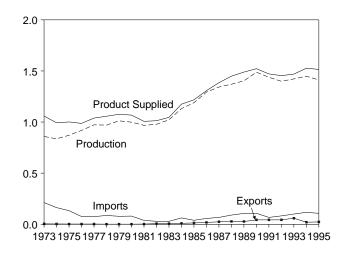
R=Revised data. — =Not applicable. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than +500 barrels per day and greater than -500 barrels per day.

Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Sources: • 1973-1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 1993, Table S6. • 1981 forward: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, January 1996, Table S6.

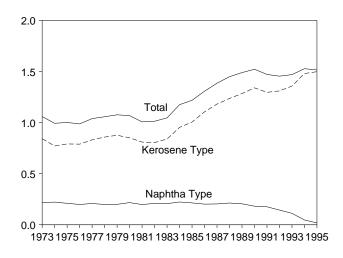
Figure 3.5 Jet Fuel

(Million Barrels per Day, Except as Noted)

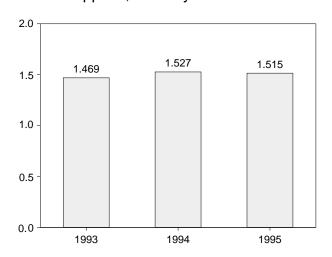
Overview, 1973-1995



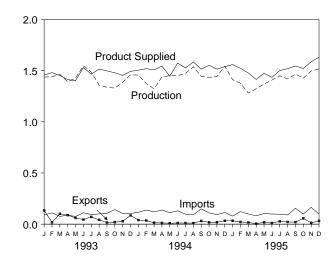
Product Supplied by Type, 1973-1995



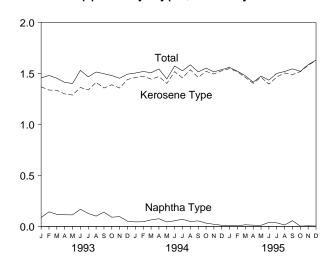
Product Supplied, January-December



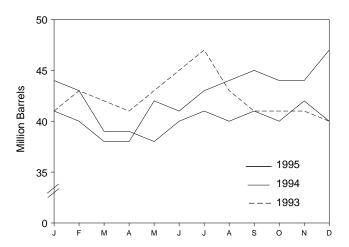
Overview, Monthly



Product Supplied by Type, Monthly



Stocks, End of Month



Source: Table 3.7.

Table 3.7 Jet Fuel Supply and Disposition

		Supply			Dis	sposition				
	Р	roduction				Prod	luct Supplied	Endi	ng Stocks ^a	
	Total	Kerosene Type	Imports	Stock Change ^b	Exports	Total	Kerosene Type	Total	Kerosene Type	
			Thous	and Barrels p	er Day			Million Barrels		
1973 Average	859	679	212	8	4	1,059	842	29	23	
1974 Average	836	641	163	2	3	993	771	^c 29	^c 24	
1975 Average	871	691	133	c 2	2	1,001	791	30	25	
1976 Average	918	731	76	5	2	987	789	32	26	
1977 Average	973	787	75	7	2	1,039	831	35	28	
1978 Average	970	791	86	-2	1	1,057	858	34	28	
1979 Average	1,012	835	78	13	1	1,076	876	ູ 39	ຼ33	
1980 Average	999	811	80	10	1	1,068	851	^c 42	^c 36	
1981 Average	968	775	38	^c -4	2	1,007	809	41	34	
1982 Average	978	778	29	-12	6	1,013	804	^c 37	^c 31	
1983 Average	1,022	817	29	c (s)	6	1,046	839	39	32	
1984 Average	1,132	919	62	9	9	1,175	953	42	35	
1985 Average	1,189	983	39	-4	13	1,218	1,005	40	34	
1986 Average	1,293	1,097	57	25	18	1,307	1,105	50	43	
1987 Average	1,343	1,138	67	(s)	24	1,385	1,181	50	42	
1988 Average	1,370	1,164	90	-17	28	1,449	1,236	44	38	
1989 Average	1,403	1,197	106	-8	27	1,489	1,284	41	34	
1990 Average	1,488	1,311	108	31	43	1,522	1,340	52	46	
1991 Average	1,438	1,274	67	-9	43	1,471	1,296	49	44	
1992 Average	1,399	1,254	82	-16	43	1,454	1,310	43	39	
1993 January	1,437	1,308	89	-64	134	1,456	1,369	41	36	
February	1,440	1,316	110	53	17	1,480	1,337	43	38	
March	1,463	1,332	76	-15	101	1,453	1,335	42	38	
April	1,391	1,265	88	-23	88	1,413	1,299	41	37	
May	1,427	1,302	75	42	60	1,401	1,288	43	38	
June	1,547	1,407	111	83	45	1,530	1,362	45	41	
July	1,485	1,359	94	42	71	1,466	1,338	47	43	
August	1,358	1,257	100	-98	42	1,514	1,413	43	40	
September	1,338	1,241	106	-69	16	1,497	1,357	41	38	
October	1,329	1,242	143	-27	20	1,479	1,389	41	37	
November	1,386	1,301	105	8	29	1,453	1,357	41	38	
December	1,459	1,382	105	-13	85	1,493	1,441	40	38	
Average	1,422	1,309	100	-7	59	1,469	1,357	40	38	
1994 January	1,456	1,394	116	29	40	1,504	1,460	41	39	
February	1,374	1,331	138	-43	35	1,519	1,473	40	38	
March	1,322	1,272	120	-80	14	1,507	1,444	38	36	
April	1,437	1,395	138	20	12	1,544	1,469	38	36	
May	1,451	1,403	112	108	9	1,446	1,402	42	40	
June	1,451	1,400	130	-2	11	1,573	1,518	41	40	
July	1,472	1,422	98	34	11	1,526	1,456	43	41	
August	1,538	1,498	91	33	10	1,585	1,536	44	42	
September	1,444	1,419	149	47	31	1,515	1,461	45	44	
October	1,434	1,409	110	-27	18	1,552	1,520	44	43	
November	1,442	1,433	93	(s)	19	1,515	1,494	44	43	
December Average	1,543 1,448	1,533 1,410	114 117	86 18	33 20	1,538 1,527	1,526 1,480	47 47	46 46	
_	•	•				•	·			
1995 January	1,412	1,402	79	-101	33	1,559	1,548	44	43	
February	1,376	1,366	123	-44	21	1,522	1,516	43	42	
March	1,281	1,272	99	-113	17	1,477	1,461	39	38	
April	1,322	1,318	82	-16	5	1,414	1,403	39	38	
May	1,368	1,356	104	-21	18	1,474	1,463	38	37	
June	1,408	1,395	99	62	11	1,434	1,395	40	39	
July	1,449	1,435	97	19	27	1,500	1,465	41	40	
August	1,419	1,411	90	-32	21	1,519	1,505	40	39	
September	1,466	1,460	155	56	20	1,545	1,489	41	41	
October	1,426	1,422	99	-54	57	1,521	1,518	40	39	
November	R 1,496	R 1,493	R 164	R 62	R 13	R 1,586	R 1,580	42	41	
December	E 1,517	E 1,509	E 100	E -46	E 32	E 1,631	E 1,627	E 40	E 40	
Average	E 1,412	^E 1,403	E 107	^E -19	^E 23	E 1,515	^E 1,498	E 40	E 40	

greater than -500 barrels per day.

Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Sources: • 1973-1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 1993, Table S7. • 1981 forward: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, January 1996, Table S7.

a Stocks are totals as of end of period.
 b A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.

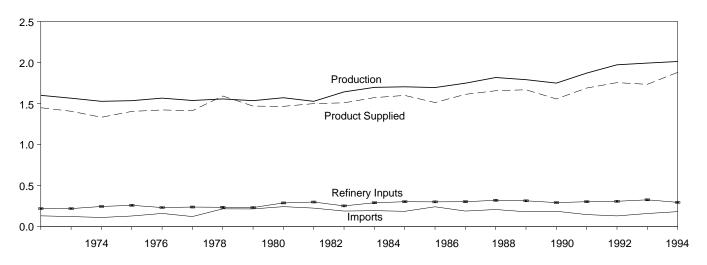
^c See Note 4 at end of section.

R=Revised data. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than +500 barrels per day and

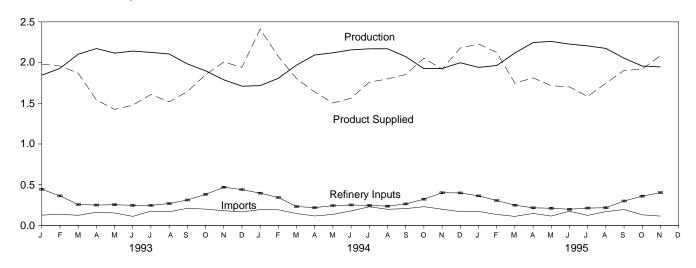
Figure 3.6 Liquefied Petroleum Gases

(Million Barrels per Day, Except as Noted)

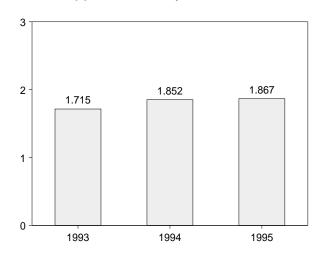
Overview, 1973-1994



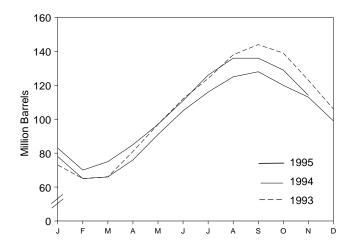
Overview, Monthly



Product Supplied, January-November



Stocks, End of Month



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 3.8.

Table 3.8 Liquefied Petroleum Gases Supply and Disposition

	Sup	ply		Disposition						
	Total Production	Imports	Stock Change ^a	Refinery Inputs	Exports	Product Supplied	Ending Stocks ^b			
			Thousand B	Million Barrels						
1973 Average	1,600	132	35	220	27	1,449	99			
	1,565	123	38	220	27 25	1,406	° 113			
974 Average		1123	^c 35	246	26 26					
975 Average	1,527					1,333	125			
976 Average	1,535	130	-24	260	25	1,404	116			
977 Average	1,566	161	55	233	18	1,422	136			
978 Average	1,537	123	-12	239	20	1,413	^c 132			
979 Average	1,556	217	^c -70	236	15	1,592	111			
980 Average	1,535	216	27	233	21	1,469	^c 120			
981 Average	1,571	244	^c 18	289	42	1,466	135			
982 Average	d 1,527	226	-111	300	65	1,499	^c 94			
983 Average	1,642	190	°-4	253	73	1,509	^c 101			
984 Average	1,697	195	^c -19	291	48	1,572	101			
985 Average	1,704	187	-75	304	62	1,599	74			
986 Average	1,695	242	80	302	42	1,512	103			
987 Average	1,748	190	-15	304	38	1,612	97			
988 Average	1,817	209	1	321	49	1,656	97			
989 Average	1,791	181	-47	315	35	1,668	80			
990 Average	1,749	188	48	293	40	1,556	98			
991 Average	1,871	147	-15	304	41	1,689	92			
992 Average	1,972	131	-10	309	49	1,755	89			
993 January	1,845	126	-492	444	39	1,980	73			
February	1,929	138	-309	363	55	1,958	65			
March	2,103	124	53	256	47	1,871	66			
April	2,172	161	472	250	69	1,542	81			
May	2,116	153	540	254	50	1,425	97			
June	2,141	111	489	247	41	1,476	112			
July	2,125	175	391	246	54	1,609	124			
August	2,105	168	442	269	45	1,517	138			
	1,984	210	204	312	35	1,644	144			
September	1,899	200	-154	381	21	1,851	139			
October		181	-154 -527	469	21		123			
November	1,789					2,007				
December Average	1,710 1,993	166 160	-545 49	440 327	40 43	1,942 1,734	106 106			
994 January	1,717	194	-923	396	28	2,410	78			
February	1,807	192	-463	343	44	2,075	65			
March	1,969	146	42	232	37	1,804	66			
April	2,093	116	323	218	29	1,639	76			
May	2,120	135	478	243	32	1,503	91			
June	2,156	178	480	251	41	1,562	105			
						,				
July	2,169	229	353 306	246	40 27	1,759	116 125			
August	2,170	198	296	236	37	1,799	125			
September	2,073	206	104	264	56	1,854	128			
October	1,926	230	-259	322	40	2,054	120			
November	1,927	199	-228	401	35	1,919	113			
December	1,998	169	-452	399	41	2,179	99			
Average	2,012	183	-19	296	38	1,880	99			
995 January	1,941	172	-542	363	64	2,228	83			
February	1,964	134	-456	306	122	2,125	70			
March	2,117	111	175	248	57	1,747	75			
April	2,246	147	323	216	43	1,812	85			
May	2,260	115	386	211	62	1,716	97			
June	2,227	174	447	198	55	1,701	111			
July	2,205	123	489	213	41	1,583	126			
August	2,174	169	322	217	57	1,747	136			
September	2,054	195	17	300	29	1,903	136			
October	1,957	130	-228	359 403	35 63	1,920	129			
November 11-Month Average	1,947 2,100	114 144	-491 44	403 276	63 57	2,086 1,867	114 114			
994 11-Month Average	2,013	184	21	286	38	1,852	113			
993 11-Month Average	2,013 2,020	159	104	266 317	36 43	1,002	123			

A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.
 Stocks are totals as of end of period.
 See Note 4 at end of section.
 See Note 6 at end of section.

Notes: • Liquefied petroleum gases include ethane, ethylene, propane,

propylene, normal butane, butylene, isobutane and isobutylene.

• Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources:

• 1973-1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA),

Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 1993, Table S8.

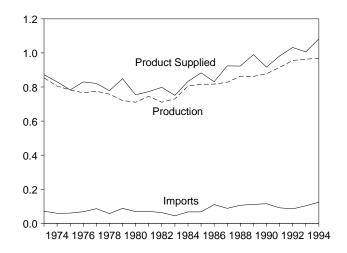
• 1981 forward: EIA,

Petroleum Supply Monthly, January 1996, Table S9.

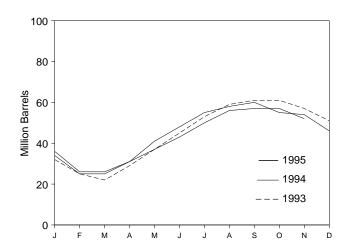
Figure 3.7 Propane and Propylene

(Million Barrels per Day, Except as Noted)

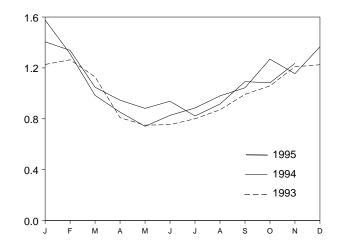
Overview, 1973-1994



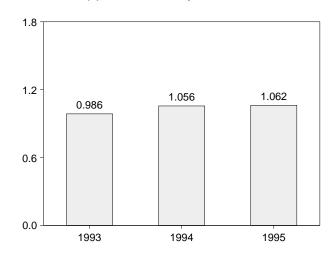
Stocks, End of Month



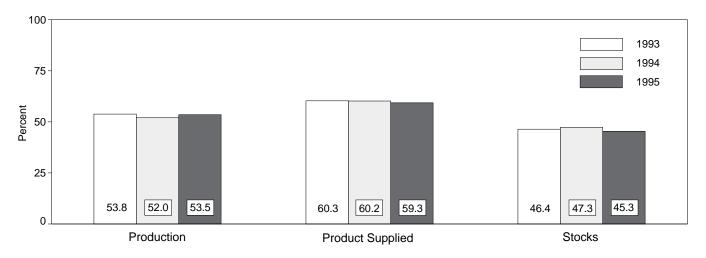
Product Supplied, Monthly



Product Supplied, January-November



Share of Liquefied Petroleum Gases, November



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Table 3.9 and, for calculation of shares, data prior to rounding for publication in Tables 3.8 and 3.9.

Table 3.9 Propane and Propylene Supply and Disposition (A Subset of Table 3.8)

	Sup	ply		Dispo	sition		
	Total Production	Imports	Stock Change ^a	Refinery Inputs	Exports	Product Supplied	Ending Stocks ^b
			Thousand B	arrels per Day			Million Barrels
1072 Average	854	71	30	8	15	872	65
1973 Average	805	59	30 11	9	14	830	69
	783	60	36	11	13	783	82
975 Average			-22	12	13	830	74
976 Average	766 775	68					
977 Average	775	86	21	10	10	821	81 ° 87
978 Average	758 704	57	15 ^c -61	13	9	778	
979 Average	721	88 69	4	14 12	8 10	849	64 ^c 65
980 Average	711 745	70	^c 18	5	18	754 773	76
981 Average	745 711	63	-59	4	31	773 798	° 54
982 Average		44	° -24	4			^c 48
983 Average	730		° 7	4	43	751	
984 Average	806	67			30	833	58
985 Average	816	67	-50	3	48	883	39
986 Average	817	110	64	4	28	831	63
987 Average	828	88	-41	8	24	924	48
988 Average	863	106	7	. 8	31	923	50
989 Average	862	111	-52	11	24	990	32
990 Average	878	115	48	(s)	28	917	49
991 Average	915	91	-3	(s)	28	982	48
992 Average	956	85	-24	(s)	33	1,032	39
993 January	968	79	-212	1	31	1,227	32
February	964	82	-255	(s)	37	1,264	25
March	966	85	-109	(s)	32	1,129	22
April	980	108	238	(s)	40	809	29
May	951	96	266	Ò	30	750	37
June	967	75	265	0	23	754	45
July	963	118	256	0	26	800	53
August	960	116	178	0	27	871	59
September	969	132	92	0	17	992	61
October	954	107	-11	0	13	1,059	61
November	963	138	-126	Ŏ	17	1,209	57
December	953	102	-195	Õ	25	1,225	51
Average	963	103	34	(s)	26	1,006	51
994 January	889	141	-566	0	19	1,577	34
February	905	128	-308	0	30	1,311	25
March	939	87	13	0	29	984	25
April	978	83	188	0	20	852	31
May	976	90	306	0	20	741	41
June	978	117	247	0	20	827	48
July	977	151	221	0	22	885	55
August	980	135	107	0	28	980	58
September	1,008	133	77	0	20	1,044	60
October	954	164	-175	0	24	1,269	55
November	1,002	137	-43	0	27	1,155	54
December	1,034	127	-233	0	29	1,366	46
Average	969	124	-13	0	24	1,082	46
995 January	1,002	108	-350	0	55	1,405	36
February	983	94	-361	0	100	1,338	26
March	1,013	90	16	(s)	39	1,048	26
April	1,029	107	159	0	31	946	31
May	1,042	73	204	0	29	882	37
June	1,038	114	187	0	27	938	43
July	1,011	73	235	0	27	822	50
August	1,009	107	176	0	24	916	56
September	1,023	145	51	0	25	1,092	57
October	998	97	-18	0	30	1,083	57
November	1,042	76	-155	0	37	1,236	52
11-Month Average	1,017	99	16	(s)	38	1,062	52
994 11-Month Average	963	124	7	0	24	1,056	54
993 11-Month Average	964	103	55	(s)	27	986	57

^a A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.

b Stocks are totals as of end of period.
c See Note 4 at end of section.
(s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.
Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: • 1973 through 1975: U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Mines, *Mineral Industry Surveys*, "Petroleum Statement, Annual." • 1976 through 1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Energy Data Reports*, Petroleum Statement, Annual." • 1981 forward: EIA, *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, January 1996, Table S8.

Table 3.10 Other Petroleum Products Supply and Disposition

	Sup	ply		Dispo	sition		
	Total Production	Imports	Stock Change ^a	Refinery Inputs	Exports	Products Supplied	Ending Stocks ^b
			Thousand B	arrels per Day			Million Barrels
973 Average	2,833	290	1	750	162	2,211	179
974 Average	2,722	269	25	665	172	2,129	^c 188
975 Average	2,547	144	°-6	537	158	2,001	188
976 Average	2,725	129	(s)	524	172	2,158	188
977 Average	2,939	130	20	514	164	2,371	195
	3,076	80	-12	492	165	2,511	191
978 Average979 Average	3,141	116	24	352	208	2,673	200
ū	2,957	130	15	310	197	2,566	° 205
980 Average	,	188	^c -42	723	197	,	241
1981 Average	2,771					2,081 d 1,857	° 216
982 Average	2,475	305	-68 ° -6	787	205		
983 Average	2,437	382		712	236	1,877	^c 217
1984 Average	2,500	503	^c -32	791	236	2,007	198
985 Average	2,532	550	22	886	227	1,947	206
986 Average	2,704	504	-15	888	291	2,045	201
987 Average	2,737	543	-1	829	264	2,187	200
1988 Average	2,773	645	22	799	294	2,303	208
1989 Average	2,771	627	12	797	305	2,285	213
1990 Average	2,842	705	-32	887	289	2,402	201
991 Average	2,826	675	18	936	277	2,269	208
992 Average	2,928	707	-3	906	263	2,470	^c 207
993 January	^e 3,147	726	^c 739	929	^e 271	^e 1,933	229
February	2,853	773	111	1,057	282	2,176	233
March	2,887	826	245	843	269	2,356	240
April	2,935	753	-29	1,033	315	2,368	239
May	2,941	834	80	1,048	278	2,368	242
June	3,099	654	-239	1,064	278	2,650	235
July	3,213	894	61	1,008	303	2,735	237
August	3,167	693	-28	940	294	2,654	236
September	3,067	800	-268	1,104	282	2,749	228
October	3,195	810	-114	1,189	369	2,561	224
November	3,080	795	-222	1,355	309	2,433	217
December	2,816	678	-376	1,403	349	2,117	206
Average	3,035	770	-2	1,081	300	2,426	206
994 January	2,712	838	511	585	256	2,198	222
February	2,790	743	277	613	248	2,394	229
March	2,777	810	52	934	361	2,241	231
April	2,914	783	-126	1,016	272	2,534	227
May	3,078	773	-64	1,009	288	2,617	225
June	3,131	726	-103	887	331	2,742	222
July	3,158	746	80	759	361	2,704	225
August	3,093	797	-46	803	411	2,721	223
September	3,088	695	50	745	388	2,600	225
October	3,067	700	-72	902	300	2,636	223
November	3,001	749	47	1,013	344	2,347	224
December	2,852	762	-298	1,049	386	2,478	215
Average	2,973	761	24	861	329	2,518	215
995 January	2,819	563	383	634	324	2,041	227
February	2,914	802	236	722	320	2,438	234
March	2,797	669	-8	873	329	2,273	234
April	2,843	699	-106	1,008	355	2,283	231
May	2,955	592	-72	780	339	2,501	228
June	3,099	649	-135	893	403	2,588	224
July	3,276	763	-48	1,069	326	2,692	223
August	3,246	727	-233	1,119	372	2,714	216
	3,216	756	-233 -64	1,045	348	2,643	214
September							214
October	2,912	708 806	-93	860	376	2,476	
November 11-Month Average	2,883 2,997	806 702	-43 -18	947 905	343 349	2,442 2,463	209 209
_							
994 11-Month Average 993 11-Month Average	2,984 3,055	761 778	54 32	844 1,051	324 296	2,522 2,454	224 217

^a A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.

Notes: • Other petroleum products include pentanes plus, other hydrocarbons and alcohol, unfinished oils, gasoline blending components, and all finished petroleum products except finished motor gasoline, distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, jet fuel, liquefied petroleum gases, and crude oil that is used as fuel. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: • 1973-1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 1993, Table S9. • 1981 forward: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, January 1996, Table S10.

b Stocks are totals as of end of period.
c See Note 4 at end of section.
d See Note 6 at end of section.

Beginning in 1993, other petroleum products production, exports, and products supplied include an adjustment to oxygenates and motor gasoline blending components.

(s)=Less than +500 barrels per day and greater than -500 barrels per day.

Petroleum Notes

1. The Energy Information Administration (EIA) uses a number of sources and methods to maintain the survey respondent lists. On a regular basis, survey managers review such industry publications as the *Oil and Gas Journal* and *Oil Daily* for information on facilities or companies starting up or closing down operations. Those sources are augmented by articles in newspapers, letters from respondents indicating changes in status, and information received from survey systems.

To supplement routine frames maintenance and to provide more thorough coverage, a comprehensive frames investigation is conducted every 3 years. This investigation results in the reassessment and recompilation of the complete frame for each survey. The effort also includes the evaluation of the impact of potential frame changes on the historical time series of data from these respondents. The results of this frame study are usually implemented in January to provide a full year under the same frame.

In 1991, the EIA conducted a frame identifier survey of companies that produce, blend, store, or import oxygenates. A summary of the results from the identification survey was published in the *Weekly Petroleum Status Report* dated February 12, 1992, and in the February 1992 issue of the *Petroleum Supply Monthly*. In order to continue to provide relevant information about U.S. and regional gasoline supply, the EIA conducted a second frame identifier survey of those companies during 1992. As a result, numerous respondents were added to the monthly surveys effective in January 1993. See Explanatory Note 7 in the *Petroleum Supply Monthly*.

2. Motor Gasoline: Beginning in January 1981, the EIA expanded its universe to include non-refinery blenders and separated blending components from finished motor gasoline as a reporting category. Also, survey forms were modified to describe refinery operations more accurately.

Beginning with the reporting of January 1993 data, the EIA made adjustments to the product supplied series for finished motor gasoline. It was recognized that motor gasoline statistics published by the EIA through 1992 were underreported because the reporting system was (1) not collecting all fuel ethanol blending, and (2) there was a misreporting of motor gasoline blending components that were blended into finished gasoline. The adjustments are incorporated into EIA's data beginning in January 1993. To facilitate data analysis across the 1992-1993 period, EIA has prepared a table of 1992 data adjusted according to the 1993 basis. See *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, March 1993, Table H3.

3. Distillate and Residual Fuel Oils: The requirement to report crude oil in pipelines or burned on leases as either distillate or residual fuel oil has been eliminated. Prior to January 1981, the refinery input of unfinished

oils typically exceeded the available supply of unfinished oils. That discrepancy was assumed to be due to the redesignation of distillate and residual fuel oils received as such but used as unfinished oil inputs by the receiving refinery. The imbalance between supply and disposition of unfinished oils would then be subtracted from the production of distillate and residual fuel oils. Two-thirds of that difference was subtracted from distillate and one-third from residual. Beginning in January 1981, the EIA modified its survey forms to account for redesignated product and discontinued the above-mentioned adjustment.

Beginning in January 1993, the end-of-month stocks of distillate fuel oil are split into two sulfur categories (0.05 percent sulfur or less and greater than 0.05 percent sulfur) to meet Environmental Protection Agency requirements effective in October 1992. For further details, see the EIA, *Petroleum Supply Monthly*.

- **4. New Stock Basis:** In January 1975, 1979, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to bulk terminal and pipeline surveys, affecting subsequent stocks reported and stock change calculations. Using the expanded coverage (new basis), the end-of-year stocks, in million barrels, would have been:
 - Crude Oil: 1982—645 (Total) and 351 (Other Primary).
 - Crude Oil and Petroleum Products: 1974—1,121; 1980—1,425; and 1982—1,461.
 - Motor Gasoline: 1974—225; 1980—263 (Total) and 214 (Finished); 1982—244 (Total) and 202 (Finished).
 - Distillate Fuel Oil: 1974—224; 1980—205; and 1982—186.
 - Residual Fuel Oil: 1974—75; 1980—91; and 1982—69.
 - Jet Fuel: 1974—30 (Total) and 24 (Kerosene Type); 1980—42 (Total) and 36 (Kerosene Type); and 1982—39 (Total) and 32 (Kerosene Type).
 - Liquefied Petroleum Gases: 1974—113; 1978
 —136; 1980—128; and 1982—102.
 - Propane and Propylene: 1978—86; 1980—69; and 1982—57.
 - Other Petroleum Products: 1974—190; 1980
 —207; and 1982—219.

Stock change calculations beginning in 1975, 1979, 1981, and 1983 were made by using new basis stock levels.

In January 1984, changes were made in the reporting of natural gas liquids. As a result, unfractionated stream, which was formerly included in the "Other Petroleum Products Supply and Disposition" table, is now reported on a component basis (ethane, propane, normal butane, isobutane, and pentanes plus). Most of these stocks now appear in the "Liquefied Petroleum Gases Supply and

Disposition" table. This change affects stocks reported and stock change calculations in each table. Under the new basis, end-of-year 1983 stocks, in million barrels, would have been:

• Liquefied Petroleum Gases: 1983—108.

• Propane and Propylene: 1983—55.

• Other Petroleum Products: 1983—210.

In January 1993, changes were made in the monthly surveys to begin collecting bulk terminal and pipeline stocks of oxygenates. This change affected stocks reported and stock change calculations. However, a new basis stock level was not calculated for 1992 end-of-year stocks.

- 5. Stocks of Alaskan Crude Oil: Stocks of Alaskan Crude oil in transit were included for the first time in January 1981. The major impact of this change is on the reporting of stock change calculations. Using the expanded coverage (new basis), 1980 end-of-year stocks, in million barrels, would have been 488 (Total) and 380 (Other Primary).
- **6. Data Discrepancies**: Due to differences internal to EIA data processing systems, some small discrepancies exist between data in the *Monthly Energy Review (MER)* and the *Petroleum Supply Annual (PSA)* and *Petroleum Supply Monthly (PSM)*. The data that have discrepancies are footnoted in Section 3 tables and summarized here.

Table	Data Series	Year Average	<i>MER</i> Data	PSA and PSM Data
3.1a	Natural Gas Plant Production	1976	1,604	1,603
3.1b	Exports, Total	1979	471	472
3.1b	Exports, Petroleum Products	1979	236	237
3.1b	Net Imports	1979	7,985	7,984
3.2a	Crude Used Directly	1976	-19	-18
3.2a	Imports, SPR	1978	161	162
3.2a	Crude Used Directly	1978	-15	-14
3.2a	Crude Used Directly	1979	-14	-13
3.2a	Crude Used Directly	1980	-14	-13
3.2b	Crude Losses	1976	14	15
3.2b	Crude Losses	1980	14	15
3.5	Stock Change	1974	10	9
3.5	Stock Change	1975	-41	-40
3.8	Total Production	1982	1,527	1,525
3.10	Products Supplied	1982	1,857	1,856

Section 4. Natural Gas

Total dry natural gas production in the United States during December 1995 was an estimated 1.6 trillion cubic feet, 2 percent higher than production during the previous December. During 1995, total dry gas production was an estimated 18.7 trillion cubic feet, slightly less than the 1994 production total.

Consumption of natural and supplemental gas in December 1995 was 2.3 trillion cubic feet, 12 percent above the level in December 1994. During 1995, consumption of natural gas was an estimated 21.7 trillion cubic feet, 4 percent above the level in 1994.

Deliveries to residential consumers in November 1995 (latest date for which data are available) were 490 billion cubic feet, 25 percent above the previous November's deliveries. Total deliveries to industrial customers during

November 1995 were 742 billion cubic feet, 6 percent higher than the previous November's level.

Imports of natural gas in December 1995 were 233 billion cubic feet, 5 percent lower than imports in the previous December. Total natural gas imports for 1995 were 2.7 trillion cubic feet, 3 percent more than imports in 1994.

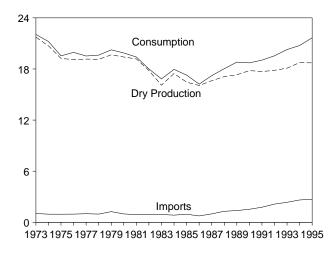
Stocks of working gas¹ in underground natural gas storage reservoirs at the end of December 1995 totaled 2.2 trillion cubic feet, 17 percent below the level of stocks available 1 year earlier. Net withdrawals from storage during December 1995 were 564 billion cubic feet, 45 percent higher than the amount of withdrawals during the previous December.

¹Gas available for withdrawal.

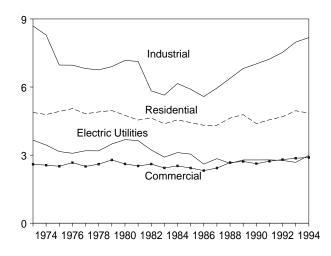
Figure 4.1 Natural Gas

(Trillion Cubic Feet)

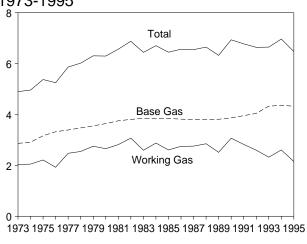
Overview, 1973-1995



Consumption by Sector, 1973-1994

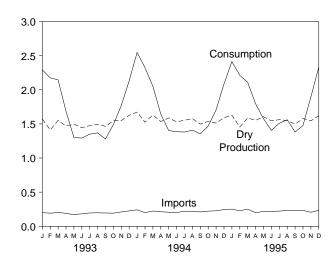


Underground Storage, End of Year, 1973-1995

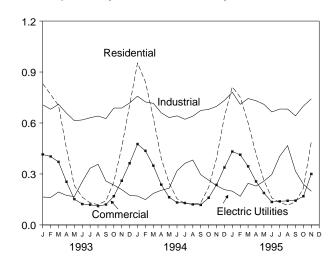


Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Tables 4.2, 4.4, and 4.5.

Overview, Monthly



Consumption by Sector, Monthly



Underground Storage, End of Month

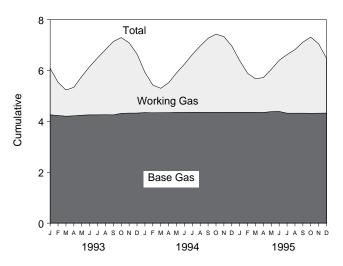


Table 4.1 Natural Gas Production

	Gross Withdrawals ^a	Repressuring ^b	Nonhydro- carbon Gases Removed ^c	Vented and Flared ^d	Marketed Production (Wet) ^e	Extraction Loss ^f	Total Dry Gas Production ⁹
		g	11011101100		(1101)		1100000000
1973 Total	24,067	1,171	NA	248	^h 22,648	917	^h 21,731
1974 Total	22,850	1,080	NA	169	^h 21,601	887	^h 20,713
1975 Total	21,104	861	NA	134	^h 20,109	872	^h 19,236
1976 Total	20,944	859	NA	132	^h 19,952	854	^h 19,098
1977 Total	21,097	935	NA	137	^h 20,025	863	^h 19,163
1978 Total	21,309	1,181	NA	153	^h 19,974	852	^h 19,122
1979 Total	21,883	1,245	NA	167	^h 20,471	808	^h 19,663
1980 Total	21,870	1,365	199	125	20,180	777	19,403
1981 Total	21,587	1,312	222	98	19,956	775	19,181
1982 Total	20,272	1,388	208	93	18,582	762	17,820
1983 Total	18,659	1,458	222	95	16,884	790	16,094
1984 Total	20,267	1,630	224	108	18,304	838	17,466
1985 Total	19,607	1,915	326	95	17,270	816	16,454
1986 Total	19,131	1,838	337	98	16,859	800	16,059
1987 Total	20,140	2,208	376	124	17,433	812	16,621
1988 Total	20,999	2,478	460	143	17,918	816	17,103
1989 Total	21,074	2,475	362	142	18,095	785	17,311
1990 Total	21,523	2,489	289	150	18,594	784	17,810
1991 Total	21,750	2,772	276	170	18,532	835	17,698
1992 Total	22,132	2,973	280	168	18,712	872	17,840
1993 January	1,965	264	35	19	1,648	77	1,571
February	1,768	236	31	19	1,481	69	1,412
March	1,943	264	35	18	1,626	76	1,550
April	1,843	248	33	19	1,542	70 72	1,470
May	,	256	35 35	20	,	72 73	
•	1,879	230	27	22	1,568	73 71	1,495
June	1,795				1,515		1,444
July	1,850	247	36	20	1,548	72 72	1,475
August	1,871	252	37	16	1,566	73	1,493
September	1,832	244	35	18	1,536	72	1,464
October	1,950	274	36	19	1,621	76 70	1,545
November	1,966	287	36	17	1,625	76	1,549
December	2,063	301	37	19	1,706	80	1,627
Total	22,726	3,103	414	227	18,982	886	18,095
1994 January	2,134	326	36	19	1,752	79	1,673
February	1,958	309	33	19	1,597	72	1,525
March	2,058	297	36	19	1,707	77	1,630
April	1,919	259	35	18	1,607	73	1,534
May	1,982	268	34	18	1,662	75	1,587
June	1,901	248	29	20	1,604	73	1,531
July	1,927	248	33	20	1,626	74	1,553
August	1,977	273	34	19	1,652	75	1,577
September	1,888	266	35	20	1,567	71	1,496
October	1,957	290	37	19	1,611	73	1,538
November	1,898	260	35	19	1,584	72	1,512
December	2,010	288	37	19	1,666	75	1,591
Total	23,609	3,333	412	228	19,635	889	18,747
1995 January	^R 2,071	R 324	32	10	^R 1,705	^R 79	R 1,626
February	R 1,858	R 297	28	9	R 1,525	R 71	R 1,454
March	R 2,015	R 312	30	R 9	R 1,664	78	R 1,587
April	R 1,969	302	30	10	R 1,627	76 76	R 1,551
Арпі Мау	R 2,036	313	31	R 9	R 1,683	78	R 1,605
June	R 1,954	R 292	29	R 13	R 1,620	^R 75	R 1,544
July	R 1,970	289	30	14	R 1,638	76	R 1,562
August	R 1,964			R 14	R 1,626		R 1,552
	R 1,895	296	29 ^R 29		1,020 R 1 500	76	R 1,496
September	"1,895 R o 040	283 R 245	R 31	13 ^R 14	R 1,569	73 ^R 77	1,490 R 4 570
October	R 2,016	R 315	E 29	E 13	R 1,656	E 75	R 1,579
November	E 1,955	E 293		- 13 F 4 4	E 1,620	- /5 F 70	E 1,545
December	E 2,054	E 312	E 31	E 14	E 1,697	E 79	E 1,618
Total	E 23,755	E 3,625	^E 358	^E 142	E 19,630	^E 915	^E 18,715

 $^{^{\}rm a}$ Gas withdrawn from gas and oil wells. $^{\rm b}$ The injection of natural gas into oil and gas formations for pressure maintenance and cycling purposes.

^c See Note 1 at end of section.

d Vented: Natural gas released into the air on the base site or at processing plants. Flared: Natural gas burned in flares on the base site or at

gas processing plants.

e "Gross Withdrawals" minus "Repressuring," "Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed," and "Vented and Flared." See Note 2 at end of section.

f See Note 3 at end of section.

g "Marketed Production (Wet)" minus "Extraction Loss."
 h May include unknown quantities of nonhydrocarbon gases. R=Revised data. NA=Not available. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: • 1973-1988: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Natural Gas Annual 1994, Volume 1, Table 99. • 1989 forward: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, February 1996, Table 1.

Table 4.2 Natural Gas Supply and Disposition

1973 Total				Supply					Dispositio	n
1974 Total		Dry Gas	from	Gaseous	Imports ^C		Supply/	to	Exports ^c	Consumptionb
1974 Total	4072 T-4-1	E 04 704	4.500	NA	4.000	400	04.404	4.074	77	22.040
1975 Total					,		,	,		22,049
1976 Total										21,223 19,538
1977 Total			,				,	,		19,946
1978 Total		e 19,030								19,521
1978 Total		e 19.122			,		,			19,627
1980 Total										20,241
1981 Total										19,877
1982 Total		,	,	176				,	59	19,404
1984 Total		17,820	2,164	145	933	-537	20,525	2,472	52	18,001
1985 Total	1983 Total	16,094	2,270	132	918		18,712	1,822	55	16,835
1986 Total	1984 Total		2,098	110			20,300	2,295		17,951
1987 Total 16,621 1,905 101 993 -444 19,176 1,911 54 17, 1988 Total 17,103 2,270 101 1,294 -453 20,315 2,211 74 18, 1989 Total 17,810 1,986 123 1,532 -218 21,435 2,528 107 18, 1991 Total 17,810 1,986 123 1,532 -149 21,302 2,499 86 18, 1991 Total 17,840 2,772 113 1,773 -500 21,836 2,672 129 19, 1992 Total 17,840 2,772 118 2,138 -508 22,360 2,599 216 19, 1993 January 1,571 644 13 200 -95 2,333 25 17 2, 1995 January 1,412 620 11 191 -38 2,196 10 12 2, 2, 2, 228 67 16 2, 2, 228 67 16 2, 2, 228 67 16 2, 2, 228 67 16 2, 2, 228 67 16 2, 2, 228 67 16 2, 2, 2, 228 67 16 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2,										17,281
1988 Total 17,103 2,270 101 1,294 -453 20,315 2,211 74 18, 1990 Total 17,311 2,254 107 1,382 -218 21,435 2,528 107 18, 1990 Total 17,809 1,310 1,986 123 1,532 -149 21,302 2,499 86 18, 1991 Total 17,809 2,752 113 1,773 -500 21,836 2,672 129 19, 1992 Total 17,840 2,772 118 2,138 -508 22,360 2,599 216 19, 1992 Total 17,840 2,772 118 2,138 -508 22,360 2,599 216 19, 1992 Total 17,840 2,772 118 2,138 -508 22,360 2,599 216 19, 1992 Total 17,840 2,772 118 2,138 -508 22,360 2,599 216 19, 1993 January 1,571 644 13 200 95 2,333 25 17 2, 2, 196 10 12 2, 196										16,221
1989 Total 17,311 2,854 107 1,382 -218 21,435 2,528 107 18, 1991 Total 17,810 1,986 123 1,532 -149 21,302 2,499 86 18, 1991 Total 17,840 2,772 118 2,138 -500 21,836 2,672 129 19, 1992 Total 17,840 2,772 118 2,138 -500 22,360 2,599 216 19, 1992 Total 1,474 620 111 191 38 2,138 2,196 10 12 2, March 1,550 405 12 204 57 2,228 67 16 2, April 1,470 90 10 189 148 1,907 212 111 1, June 1,447 90 10 189 148 1,907 212 11 1, June 1,444 23 9 182 81 1,740 437 11 1, June 1,444 23 9 182 81 1,740 437 11 1, June 1,444 13 8 197 32 1,772 410 13 1, August 1,493 33 8 197 32 1,773 385 11 1, September 1,464 13 8 194 14 1,692 403 10 1, September 1,545 90 10 192 -75 1,762 261 9 1, November 1,549 312 11 210 -209 1,873 94 10 1, December 1,549 312 11 210 -209 1,873 94 10 1, December 1,549 312 11 210 -209 1,873 94 10 1, December 1,525 598 11 199 2,350 -111 23,253 2,835 140 20, April 1,534 61 19 8 22 19 11 2,350 385 11 1, September 1,545 598 11 199 48 2,350 -111 23,253 2,835 140 20, April 1,534 61 9 9 12 11 29 48 2,586 29 11 2, April 1,555 598 11 199 48 2,350 -111 23,253 2,835 140 20, April 1,534 61 9 8 22 19 18 2,250 38 1,857 447 8 1, June 1,534 61 9 22 12 130 1,945 294 9 1, August 1,587 17 8 206 38 1,857 447 8 1, June 1,534 61 9 22 22 10 1 1,796 397 13 1, July 1,553 19 8 221 19 1,820 429 11 2, August 1,537 17 8 206 38 1,857 447 8 1, June 1,531 30 8 201 26 1,796 397 13 1, July 1,553 19 8 221 19 1820 429 11 1,534 61 9 212 130 1,945 294 9 1, August 1,587 17 8 206 38 1,857 447 8 1, June 1,531 30 8 201 26 1,796 397 13 1, July 1,553 19 8 221 19 1,820 429 11 1,700 19 1,000 19 2,000 19 1,000 19 1,000 19 1,000 19 1,000 19 1,000 19 1,000 19 1,000 19 1,000 19 1,			,				,			17,211
1990 Total										18,030
1991 Total		•	,				,			18,801
1992 Total										18,716
1993 January										19,035
February 1,412 620 11 191 -38 2,196 10 12 2, March 1,550 405 12 204 57 2,228 67 16 2, April 1,470 90 10 189 148 1,907 212 11 11, May 1,495 17 7 171 111 1,801 488 11 1, June 1,444 23 9 182 81 1,740 437 11 1, June 1,444 23 9 182 81 1,740 437 11 1, August 1,493 33 8 195 72 1,772 410 13 1, August 1,493 33 8 197 32 1,763 385 11 1, September 1,464 13 8 194 14 1,692 403 10 1, September 1,546 90 10 192 -75 1,762 261 9 1, November 1,549 312 11 210 -209 1,873 94 10 1, December 1,549 312 11 210 -209 1,873 94 10 1, December 1,549 312 11 210 -209 1,873 94 10 1, December 1,549 312 11 220 -209 1,873 94 10 1, December 1,549 312 11 220 -209 1,873 94 10 2, Total 18,095 2,799 119 2,350 -111 23,253 2,835 140 20, Total 1,534 61 9 212 130 1,945 294 9 1, April 1,525 598 11 199 48 2,381 44 13 2, April 1,534 61 9 212 130 1,945 294 9 1, April 1,534 61 9 212 130 1,945 294 9 1, June 1,531 30 8 201 26 1,796 397 13 1, June 1,531 30 8 201 26 1,796 397 13 1, June 1,531 30 8 201 26 1,796 397 13 1, August 1,577 22 8 219 -16 1,810 388 14 1, August 1,577 22 8 219 -16 1,810 388 14 1, August 1,577 22 8 219 -16 1,810 388 14 1, August 1,577 22 8 219 -16 1,810 388 14 1, August 1,577 22 8 219 -16 1,810 388 14 1, August 1,577 22 8 219 -16 1,810 388 14 1, August 1,577 22 8 219 -16 1,810 388 14 1, August 1,577 22 8 219 -16 1,810 388 14 1, August 1,577 22 8 219 -16 1,810 388 14 1, August 1,577 22 8 219 -16 1,810 388 14 1, August 1,577 22 8 219 -16 1,810 388 14 1, August 1,577 22 8 219 -16 1,810 388 14 1, August 1,577 22 8 219 -16 1,810 388 14 1, August 1,577 22 8 219 -16 1,810 388 14 1, August 1,577 22 8 22 8 219 -16 1,810 388 14 1, August 1,577 22 8 22 8 219 -16 1,810 388 14 1, August 1,577 22 8 22 8 219 -16 1,810 388 14 1, August 1,577 22 8 229 22 -105 1,710 229 13 1, August 1,577 22 8 228 8 219 -16 1,810 388 14 1, August 1,577 22 8 228 8 219 -16 1,810 388 14 1, August 1,577 22 8 224 8 219 -16 1,810 388 14 1, August 1,577 22 8 224 8 219 -16 1,810 388 14 1, August 1,577 22 8 224 8 219 -16 1,810 338 14 14 1, August 1,577 22 8 8 219 -16 1,810 338 14 14 14 2	1992 Total	17,040	2,112	110	2,130	-506	22,360	2,599	210	19,544
March		,					,			2,291
April 1,470 90 10 189 148 1,907 212 11 1 1, May 1,495 17 7 171 111 1,801 488 11 1, 1, June 1,444 23 9 182 81 1,740 437 11 1, June 1,444 23 9 182 81 1,740 437 11 1, July 1,475 22 8 195 72 1,772 410 13 1, August 1,493 33 8 197 32 1,763 385 11 1, September 1,464 13 8 194 14 1,692 403 10 1, October 1,545 90 10 192 -75 1,762 261 9 1, November 1,549 312 11 210 -209 1,873 94 10 1, December 1,627 530 13 225 -208 2,186 42 10 2, Total 18,095 2,799 119 2,350 -111 23,253 2,835 140 20, 1994 January 1,673 841 13 241 -182 2,586 29 11 2, February 1,525 598 11 199 48 2,381 44 13 2, March 1,630 243 10 223 65 2,170 100 19 2, April 1,534 61 9 212 130 1,945 294 9 1, May 1,587 17 8 206 38 201 26 1,796 397 13 1, July 1,553 19 8 201 26 1,796 397 13 1, July 1,553 19 8 201 26 1,796 397 13 1, July 1,553 19 8 201 26 1,796 397 13 1, July 1,553 19 8 201 26 1,796 397 13 1, July 1,553 19 8 201 26 1,796 397 13 1, August 1,577 22 8 29 8 219 -16 1,810 388 14 1, October 1,531 30 8 201 26 1,796 397 33 1, July 1,553 19 8 201 26 1,796 397 33 1, July 1,553 19 8 201 26 1,796 397 33 1, July 1,553 19 8 201 26 1,796 397 33 1, July 1,553 19 8 201 26 1,796 397 33 1, July 1,553 19 8 201 26 1,796 397 33 1, July 1,553 19 8 201 26 1,796 397 33 1, July 1,553 19 8 201 26 1,796 397 33 1, July 1,553 19 8 201 26 1,796 397 33 1, July 1,553 19 46 14 8 219 -16 1,810 388 14 1, October 1,538 47 9 222 -105 1,710 229 13 1, November 1,591 465 11 2,624 -264 23,780 2,865 162 20, 1995 January 1,562 500 14 228 8 31 8,267 42 13 8,2 6 5 162 20, 1995 January 1,562 501 10 222 8 8 11 8,267 42 13 8,2 6 5 162 20, 1995 January 1,562 501 10 222 8 24 1,869 344 15 81, July 1,550 83 10 217 82 81 81 81, July 1,550 83 10 217 82 81 81 82, July 1,557 31 41 12 82 81 83 81 82		,								2,174
May 1,495 17 7 171 111 1,801 488 11 1, June 1,444 23 9 182 81 1,740 437 11 1, June 1,444 23 9 182 81 1,740 437 11 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1										2,145
June										1,683
July 1,475 22 8 195 72 1,772 410 13 1, August 1,493 33 8 197 32 1,763 385 11 1, August 1,493 33 8 197 32 1,763 385 11 1, August 1,493 33 8 194 14 1,692 403 10 1, October 1,545 90 10 192 -75 1,762 261 9 1, December 1,549 312 11 210 -209 1,873 94 10 1, December 1,627 530 13 225 -208 2,186 42 10 2, Total 18,095 2,799 119 2,350 -111 23,253 2,835 140 20, 1994 January 1,673 841 13 241 -182 2,586 29 11 2, February 1,525 598 11 199 48 2,381 44 13 2, February 1,525 598 11 199 48 2,381 44 13 2, April 1,534 61 9 212 130 1,945 294 9 1, May 1,587 17 8 206 38 1,857 447 8 1, June 1,531 30 8 201 26 1,796 397 13 1, July 1,553 19 8 221 19 1,820 429 11 1, August 1,577 22 8 219 -16 1,810 429 11 1, August 1,577 22 8 219 -16 1,810 388 14 1, September 1,496 14 8 210 1 1,729 360 14 1, September 1,496 14 8 210 1 1,729 360 14 1, November 1,512 204 9 226 -127 1,825 100 19 1, December 1,591 465 11 245 -161 2,152 49 18, April 1,512 204 9 226 -127 1,825 100 19 1, December 1,591 465 11 245 -161 2,152 49 18, April 1,510 18, April 2,562 51 11 2,624 -264 23,780 2,865 162 20, 1995 January 1,587 314 12 250 8 61 8 22 8 8 31 8 2,244 11 14 2, April 1,512 204 9 1, April 2,524 11 2,524		,								1,301
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September R 1,496 27 9 228 R -44 R 1,716 323 12 1, October R 1,579 65 R 11 R 233 R -141 R 1,746 257 12 R 1, November E 1,545 346 E 12 R 205 R -115 R 1,993 85 E 14 R 1.		1,002 R 1 550								R 1,561
October		R 1 406				R_1/1	R 1 716			1,381
November E1.545 346 E12 R205 R-115 R1.993 85 E14 R1.		R 1 570		R 11	R 223	R ₋₁₄₁	R 1 746			R 1,477
F1010 010 F2 200 110 13000 00 117 17		E 1 545		E 12		R ₋₁₁₅				R 1,894
December 1.618 613 13 233 -86 2.391 49 10 2	December	E 1,618	613	E 13	233	-86	2,391	49	E 10	E 2,332
Total E18,715 2,851 E131 2,714 -160 24,252 2,428 E161 E21,		E 18.715		E 131	2.714					E 21,662

^a Data for 1980-1994 include underground storage and liquefied natural gas storage. All other data include underground storage only. Computation procedures are discussed in Note 8 at end of section.

b See Notes at end of section.
c See Table 4.3.

d Data for 1978 forward do not include in-transit receipts and deliveries.

^e May include unknown quantities of nonhydrocarbon gases.

f See Note 7 at end of section.

R=Revised data. NA=Not available. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: See end of section.

Table 4.3 Natural Gas Trade by Country

		lm	ports			Exp	orts	
	Canada ^a	Algeria ^b	Otherc	Total	Canada ^a	Mexicoa	Japan b	Total
973 Total	1,028	3	2	1,033	15	14	48	77
974 Total	959	Ö	(s)	959	13	13	50	77
975 Total	948	5	0	953	10	9	53	73
976 Total	954	10	Ŏ	964	8	7	50	65
977 Total	997	11	2	1,011	(s)	4	52	56
978 Total	881	84	0	966	(s)	4	48	53
979 Total	1,001	253	0	1,253	(s)	4	51	56
980 Total	797	86	102	985	(s)	4	45	49
981 Total	762	37	105	904	(s)	3	56	59
982 Total	783	55	95	933	(s)	2	50	52
983 Total	712	131	75	918	(s)	2	53	55
984 Total	755	36	52	843	(s)	2	53	55
985 Total	926	24	0	950	(s)	2	53	55
986 Total	749	0	2	750	`9	2	50	61
987 Total	993	0	0	993	3	2	49	54
988 Total	1,276	17	0	1,294	20	2	52	74
989 Total	1,339	42	0	1,382	38	17	51	107
990 Total	1,448	84	Ō	1,532	17	16	53	86
991 Total	1,710	64	0	1,773	15	60	54	129
992 Total	2,094	43	Ō	2,138	68	96	53	216
993 January	195	5	0	200	4	8	4	17
February	183	8	0	191	6	2	4	12
March	199	5	0	204	7	4	6	16
April	181	8	0	189	4	3	4	11
May	166	5	0	171	3	4	4	11
June	175	8	Ö	182	3	4	3	11
July	187	8	Ö	195	4	4	5	13
August	192	5	Ö	197	3	3	5	11
September	184	10	Ö	194	2	2	5	10
October	187	5	Ö	192	3	2	3	9
November	202	8	Ö	210	3	2	5	10
December	216	8	R 0	225	3	1	7	10
Total	2,267	82	2	2,350	45	40	56	140
994 January	229	10	2	241	4	2	5	11
February	193	5	1	199	8	1	4	13
March	213	8	2	223	12	1	6	19
April	204	8	0	212	4	1	4	9
May	199	5	2	206	3	2	4	8
June	194	5	1	201	6	1	6	13
July	213	8	0	221	3	2	6	11
August	219	0	0	219	1	7	6	14
September	207	3	0	210	2	7	6	14
October	222	0	0	222	2	6	6	13
November	226	0	0	226	4	9	6	19
December	245	0	0	245	4	6	7	18
Total	2,566	51	7	2,624	53	47	63	162
995 January	248	3	(s)	251	3	6	6	14
February	225	3	Ò	228	2	6	6	13
March	247	3	(s)	250	3	7	6	15
April	199	0	Ó	199	3	6	6	14
May	215	3	0	217	2	7	4	13
June	217	0	0	217	3	8	6	16
July	222	0	0	222	3	7	6	15
August	227	3	1	231	3	3	8	14
September	224	0	4	228	4	2	6	12
October	R 233	Ō	0	R 233	3	6	4	12
November	R 202	2	1	R 205	E 3	E 4	8	^E 14
December	E 231	3	ΕÔ	233	E 3	ΕΊ	6	E 10
			 					

 ^a By pipeline, except for very small amounts of liquefied natural gas imported from Canada in 1973, 1977 and 1981. See Note 5 at end of section.
 ^b As liquefied natural gas.
 ^c Other imports are from Mexico, except for 1986, when they came from ladacaid.

R=Revised data. (s)=Less than 500 million cubic feet.

Notes: • See Note 5 at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of

components due to independent rounding. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: • 1973-1988: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas." • 1989 forward: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, February 1996, Tables 5 and 6.

Table 4.4 Natural Gas Consumption by End-Use Sector

				Deliv	ered to Consume	ers		
	Lease and Plant Fuel	Pipeline Fuel ^a	Residential	Commercial ^b	Industrial	Electric Utilities	Total	Total Consumption
1973 Total	1,496	728	4,879	2,597	8,689	3,660	19,825	22,049
974 Total	1,477	669	4,786	2,556	8,292	3,443	19,077	21,223
1975 Total	1,396	583	4,924	2,508	6,968	3,158	17,558	19,538
976 Total	1,634	548	5,051	2,668	6,964	3,081	17,764	19,946
1977 Total	1,659	533	4,821	2,501	6,815	3,191	17,329	19,521
1978 Total	1,648	530	4,903	2,601	6,757	3,188	17,449	19,627
979 Total	1,499	601	4,965	2,786	6,899	3,491	18,141	20,241
980 Total	1,026	635	4,752	2,611	7,172	3,682	18,216	19,877
981 Total	928	642	4,546	2,520	7,128	3,640	17,834	19,404
982 Total	1,109	596	4,633	2,606	5,831	3,226	16,295	18,001
983 Total	978	490	4,381	2,433	5,643	2,911	15,367	16,835
984 Total	1,077	529	4,555	2,524	6,154	3,111	16,345	17,951
985 Total	966	504	4,433	2,432	5,901	3,044	15,811	17,281
986 Total	923	485	4,314	2,318	5,579	2,602	14,814	16,221
987 Total	1,149	519	4,315	2,430	5,953	2,844	15,542	17,211
988 Total	1,096	614	4,630	2,670	6,383	2,636	16,320	18,030
989 Total	1,070	629	4,781	2,718	6,816	2,787	17,102	18,801
990 Total	1,236	660	4,391	2,623	7,018	2,787	16,820	18,716
991 Total	1,129	601	4,556	2,729	7,231	2,789	17,305	19,035
992 Total	1,171	588	4,690	2,803	7,527	2,766	17,786	19,544
993 January	101	72	831	415	707	164	2,118	2,291
February	91	68	768	403	681	162	2,014	2,174
March	100	67	703	371	710	194	1,978	2,145
April	95	52	450	254	658	174	1,536	1,683
May	97	39	232	152	614	167	1,165	1,301
June	93	39	164	123	618	255	1,160	1,292
July	95	41	130	119	631	334	1,213	1,350
August	97	42	120	111	641	357	1,229	1,368
September	95	39	142	120	626	258	1,146	1,279
October	100	45	254	169	688	235	1,346	1,492
November	101	55	457	260	688	208	1,614	1,770
December Total	106 1,172	66 624	705 4,956	363 2,862	718 7,981	174 2,682	1,961 18,482	2,134 20,278
004 January	104	85	953	476	758	170	2,357	2,546
994 January	96	78	842	436	724	149	2,151	2,324
February March	101	68	631	349	716	186	1,882	2,051
	95	54	392	237	660	204	1,493	1,642
April May	98	46	247	163	632	216	1,258	1,402
June	94	45	154	132	642	319	1,247	1,386
July	95	45 45	127	129	622	362	1,247	1,380
	95 97	46	122	121	640	382	1,264	1,408
August September	93	46 44	130	121	674	382 296	1,204	1,408
October	96	48	221	160	680	264	1,324	1,468
November	93	56	391	236	698	231	1,557	1,706
December	99	69	638	338	733	208	1,917	2,085
Total	1,161	685	4,848	2,895	8,178	2,987	18,908	20,754
995 January	107	80	813	432	781	199	2,225	2,412
February	R 95	73	752	413	710	169	2,043	R 2,212
March	^R 104	70	601	345	744	245	1,935	2.109
April	102	59	418	256	731	229	1,634	^R 1,795
May	105	52	262	188	710	258	1,418	R 1,576
June	^R 101	46	159	135	665	297	1,256	^R 1,404
July	103	50	133	139	682	405	1,358	^R 1,510
August	102	52	116	142	682	467	1,407	^R 1,561
September	98	46	136	143	642	316	1,238	1,381
October	^R 104	49	216	169	700	240	1,325	R 1,477
November	101	63	490	300	742	198	1,730	1,894
11-Month Total	1,123	638	4,096	2,663	7,788	3,021	17,569	19,330
994 11-Month Total	1,062	616	4,210	2,557	7,445	2,779	16,991	18,668
993 11-Month Total	1,066	558	4,251	2,498	7,263	2,508	16,521	18,145

 $^{^{\}rm a}$ Natural gas consumed in the operation of pipelines, primarily in

not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: • 1973-1988: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Natural Gas Annual 1994, Volume 1, Table 101. • 1989 forward: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, February 1996, Table 3.

compressors.

^b Small quantities of natural gas delivered for use as vehicle fuel are included in the 1990-1994 annual totals but not in the monthly data.

R=Revised data.

Notes: • Natural gas includes supplemental gaseous fuels. • Totals may

Table 4.5 Natural Gas in Underground Storage

(Volumes in Billion Cubic Feet)

	U	Natural Gas in nderground Storago End of Period	e,	Change in W from Sam Previou	e Period	Storage Activity			
	Base Gas	Working Gas	Totala	Volume	Percent	Injections ^b	Withdrawalsb	Net ^C	
973 Total	2,864	2,034	4,898	305	17.6	1,974	1,533	442	
974 Total	2,912	2,050	4,962	16	.8	1,784	1,701	84	
975 Total	3,162	2,212	5,374	162	7.9	2,104	1,760	344	
976 Total	3,323	1,926	5,250	-286	-12.9	1,756	1,921	-165	
977 Total	3,391	2,475	5,866	549	28.5	2,307	1,750	557	
978 Total	3,473	2,547	6,020	72	2.9	2,278	2,158	120	
979 Total	3,553	2,753	6,306	207	8.1	2,295	2,047	248	
980 Total	3,642	2,655	6,297	-99	-3.6	1,896	1,910	-14	
981 Total	3,752	2,817	6,569	162	6.1	2,180	1,887	293	
982 Total	3,808	3,071	6,879	255	9.0	2,399	2,094	306	
983 Total	3,847	2,595	6,442	-476	-15.5	1,700	2,142	-442	
984 Total	3,830	2,876	6,706	281	10.8	2,252	2,064	188	
985 Total	3,842	2,607	6,448	-270	-9.4	2,128	2,359	-231	
986 Total	3,819	2,749	6,567	142	5.5	1,952	1,812	140	
	,	,		7	.3				
987 Total	3,792 3,800	2,756 2,850	6,548 6,650	94	.3 3.4	1,887 2,174	1,881 2,244	-69	
989 Total	3,812	2,513	6,325	-337	-11.8	2,491	2,804	-313	
990 Total	3,868	3,068	6,936	555	22.1	2,433	1,934	499	
991 Total	3,954	2,824	6,778	-244	-8.0	2,608	2,689	-80	
992 Total	4,044	2,597	6,641	-227	-8.0	2,555	2,724	-168	
993 January	4,259	1,827	6,085	-389	-17.6	37	592	-555	
February	4,231	1,303	5,533	-535	-29.1	22	569	-547	
March	4,204	1,029	5,233	-516	-33.4	79	383	-304	
April	4,219	1,120	5,340	-453	-28.8	212	103	109	
May	4,244	1,521	5,765	-327	-17.7	456	30	426	
June	4,257	1,895	6,151	-258	-12.0	410	36	374	
July	4,256	2,240	6,497	-219	-8.9	385	35	350	
August	4,263	2,554	6,817	-207	-7.5	364	45	319	
September	4,256	2,884	7,140	-160	-5.3	378	26	353	
October	4,315	2,978	7,140	-245	-7.6	256	103	153	
November	4,326	2,762	7,088	-292	-7.6 -9.5	106	303	-197	
December	4,327	2,702	6,649	-2 9 2 -275	-10.6	54	492	-439	
Total	4,327 4,327	2,322 2,322	6,649	-275 -275	-10.6	2,760	2,717	43	
994 January	4,348	1,579	5,927	-247	-13.5	35	792	-758	
February	4,337	1,091	5,428	-212	-16.3	50	567	-517	
	4,343	958	5,301	-71	-6.9	106	240	-135	
March				-7 i 51	-6.9 4.6	286	68	218	
April	4,345	1,172	5,517						
May	4,352	1,554	5,906	33	2.2	427	25	403	
June	4,352	1,896	6,248	2	.1	381	37	344	
July	4,355	2,273	6,629	33	1.5	410	26	384	
August	4,355	2,607	6,961	52	2.1	373	30	343	
September	4,353	2,912	7,266	28	1.0	345	21	324	
October	4,354	3,075	7,429	97	3.3	224	54	170	
November	4,353	2,978	7,331	215	7.8	105	204	-99	
December	4,360	2,606	6,966	284	12.2	54 2 70 6	443	-389	
Total	4,360	2,606	6,966	284	12.2	2,796	2,508	288	
995 January	4,356	2,032	6,388	453	28.7	41	620	-579	
February	4,359	1,531	5,890	440	40.4	42	543	-501	
March	4,353	1,323	5,676	366	38.2	101	314	-214	
April	4,351	1,371	5,723	199	17.0	168	121	47	
May	4,384	1,661	6,045	106	6.8	351	31	320	
June	4,390	2,011	6,401	114	6.0	391	37	353	
July	4,323	2,301	6,624	27	1.2	344	51	292	
August	4,322	2,499	6,821	-108	-4.1	278	83	195	
September	4,323	2,790	7,113	-122	-4.2	323	27	296	
October	4,319	2,992	7,311	-83	-2.7	257	65	192	
November	4,322	2,723	7,046	-255	-8.5	85	346	-261	
December	4,326	2,150	6,475	-456	-17.5	49	613	-564	

 ^a For total underground storage capacity at the end of each calendar year, see Note 8 at end of section.
 ^b For 1980-1994, data differ from those shown on Table 4.2, which includes liquefied natural gas storage for that period.
 ^c Positive numbers indicate injections are greater than withdrawals.
 Negative numbers indicate withdrawals are greater than injections. Net

injections or withdrawals may not equal the difference between applicable ending stocks. See Note 8 at end of section.

Notes:

Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Natural Gas Notes

1. Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed: Annual data on nonhydrocarbon gases removed from marketed production—carbon dioxide, helium, hydrogen sulfide, and nitrogen—are from the Energy Information Administration (EIA) Natural Gas Annual (NGA) 1992. Data are not available prior to 1980. Monthly data are reported by three States and computed for six States. Monthly data are preliminary until after publication of the EIA NGA. Differences between annual data published in the EIA NGA and the sum of the preliminary monthly data (January-December) are allocated proportionally to the months to create final monthly data. For further information on methods of estimating preliminary monthly data, see the EIA Natural Gas Monthly (NGM).

2. Production.

- Annual data: Final annual data are from the EIA NGA.
- Estimated monthly data: Data for the two most recent months presented are estimated. Some of the data for earlier months are also estimated or computed. For a discussion of computation and estimation procedures, see the EIA *NGM*.
- Preliminary monthly data: Monthly data are considered preliminary until after publication of the EIA NGA. Preliminary monthly data are gathered from reports to the Interstate Oil Compact Commission and the U.S. Minerals Management Service. Volumetric data are converted, as necessary, to a standard 14.73 psi pressure base. Unless there are major changes, data are not revised until after publication of the EIA NGA.
- Final monthly data: Differences between annual data in the EIA NGA and the sum of preliminary monthly data (January-December) are allocated proportionally to the months to create final monthly data.
- **3. Extraction Loss:** Extraction loss is the reduction in volume of natural gas resulting from the removal of natural gas liquid constituents at natural gas processing plants.

Annual data are from the EIA NGA, where they are estimated on the basis of the type and quantity of liquid products extracted from the gas stream and the calculated volume of such products at standard conditions. For a detailed explanation of the calculations used to derive estimated extraction losses, see the EIA NGA.

Preliminary monthly data are estimated on the basis of extraction loss as an annual percentage of marketed production. This percentage is applied to each month's marketed production to estimate monthly extraction loss.

Monthly data are revised and considered final after the publication of the EIA NGA. Final monthly data are es-

timated by allocating annual extraction loss data to the months on the basis of total natural gas marketed production data from the EIA *NGA*.

4. Supplemental Gaseous Fuels: Any gaseous substance that, introduced into or commingled with natural gas, increases the volume available for disposition. Such substances include, but are not limited to, propaneair, refinery gas, coke oven gas, still gas, manufactured gas, biomass gas, or air or inert gases added for Btu stabilization.

Annual data beginning with 1980 are from the EIA *NGA*. Unknown quantities of supplemental gaseous fuels are included in consumption data for 1979 and earlier years.

Monthly data are considered preliminary until after the publication of the EIA NGA. Monthly estimates are based on the annual ratio of supplemental gaseous fuels to the sum of dry gas production, net imports, and net withdrawals from storage. The ratio is applied to the monthly sum of the three elements to compute a monthly supplemental gaseous fuels figure.

5. Imports and Exports: The United States imports natural gas via pipeline from Canada. Prior to 1985, it also imported natural gas via pipeline from Mexico. Liquefied natural gas (LNG) arrives via tanker from Algeria. One shipment of LNG was received from Indonesia in December 1986. Very small amounts of LNG arrived from Canada in 1973 (667 million cubic feet), 1977 (572 million cubic feet), and 1981 (6 million cubic feet). The United States exports natural gas via pipeline to Canada and Mexico and LNG via tanker to Japan.

Annual and final monthly data are from the annual EIA Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas," which requires data to be reported by month for the calendar year.

Preliminary monthly data are EIA estimates. For a discussion of estimation procedures, see the EIA *NGM*. Preliminary data are revised after the publication of the EIA *U.S. Imports and Exports of Natural Gas*.

6. Consumption: Consumption includes pipeline fuel use, lease and plant fuel use, and deliveries to consuming sectors.

Final data are from the EIA *NGA*. Monthly data are considered preliminary until after publication of the EIA *NGA*. For more detailed information on the methods of estimating preliminary and final monthly data, see the EIA *NGM*.

7. Balancing Item: The balancing item for natural gas represents the difference between the sum of the components of natural gas supply and the sum of components of natural gas disposition. The differences may be due to quantities lost or to the effects of data reporting problems. Reporting problems include differences due to the

net result of conversions of flow data metered at varying temperature and pressure bases and converted to a standard temperature and pressure base; the effect of variations in company accounting and billing practices; differences between billing cycle and calendar period time frames; and imbalances resulting from the merger of data reporting systems which vary in scope, format, definitions, and type of respondents.

The increase of 0.2 trillion cubic feet (Tcf) in the "Balancing Item" category in 1983, followed by a decline of 0.5 Tcf in 1984, reflected unusually large differences resulting from the use of the annual billing cycle (essentially December 15 through the following December 14) consumption data in conjunction with calendar year supply data. Record cold temperatures during the last half of December 1983 resulted in a reported 0.3 Tcf increase in net withdrawals from underground storage for peak shaving as compared with the same period in 1982, but the effect of this cold weather was reflected primarily in 1984 consumption data. For underground storage data, see Table F2 in the May 1985 *NGM*, which was published in July 1985.

8. Natural Gas Storage: Gas in storage at the end of a reporting period may not equal the quantity derived by adding or subtracting net injections or withdrawals from the quantity in storage at the end of the previous period. The difference is due to changes in the quantity of native gas included in the base gas and/or losses in base gas due to migration from storage reservoirs.

Monthly underground storage data are collected from the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) Forms FERC-8 (interstate data) and EIA-191 (intrastate data). Beginning in January 1991, all data are collected on the revised Form EIA-191. Injection and withdrawal data from the FERC-8/EIA-191 survey are adjusted to correspond to data from Form EIA-176 following publication of the EIA *NGA*.

The final monthly and annual storage and withdrawal data for 1980-1994 include both underground and liquefied natural gas (LNG) storage. Annual data on LNG additions and withdrawals are from Form EIA-176. Monthly data are estimated by computing the ratio of each month's underground storage additions and withdrawals to annual underground storage additions and withdrawals and applying the ratio to the annual LNG data.

Total underground storage capacity at the end of each calendar year since 1975 (first year data were available), in billion cubic feet, was:

,	***************************************		
1975	6,280	1985	8,087
1976	6,544	1986	8,145
1977	6,678	1987	8,124
1978	6,890	1988	8,124
1979	6,929	1989	8,124
1980	7,434	1990	8,125
1981	7,805	1991	7,993
1982	7,915	1992	7,932
1983	7,985	1993	7,989
1984	8,043	1994	8,043

Current capacity is 8,043 billion cubic feet.

Sources for Table 4.2

1973-1988

Total Dry Gas Production: Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Natural Gas Annual 1994, Volume 1*, Table 99.

Withdrawals from Storage, 1973-1975 and 1980-1988: EIA, *Natural Gas Annual 1994*, *Volume 1*, Table 100.

Withdrawals from Storage, 1976-1979: EIA, Natural Gas Production and Consumption 1979, Table 1.

Supplemental Gaseous Fuels: EIA, Natural Gas Annual 1994, Volume 2, Table 12.

Imports, Additions to Storage, Exports, and Consumption: EIA, Natural Gas Annual 1994, Volume 1, Table 100.

Total Supply/Disposition: Sum of disposition items. **Balancing Item**: Total supply/disposition minus all other supply items.

1989 forward

EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, February 1996, Table 2.

Sources for Table 4.5

Storage Activity

1973-1975: Energy Information Administration (EIA) *Natural Gas Annual 1994, Volume 2,* Table 9.

1976-1979: EIA, Natural Gas Production and Consumption 1979, Table 1.

1980-1988: EIA, *Natural Gas Annual 1994*, Volume 2 Table 11.

1989 forward: EIA, *Natural Gas Monthly*, February 1996, Table 9.

Other Data

1973 and 1974: American Gas Association (AGA), *Gas Facts*, 1972 Data, Table 57, Gas Facts, 1973 Data, Table 57, and Gas Facts, 1974 Data, Table 40.

1975 and 1976: Federal Energy Administration (FEA), Form FEA-G318-M-O, "Underground Gas Storage Report," and Federal Power Commission (FPC), Form FPC-8, "Underground Gas Storage Report."

1977 and 1978: EIA, Form FEA-G-318-M-O, "Underground Gas Storage Report," and Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FERC-8, "Underground Gas Storage Report.

1979-1988: EIA, Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report," and FERC, Form FERC-8, "Underground Gas Storage Report."

1989 forward: EIA, *Natural Gas Monthly*, February 1996, Table 9.

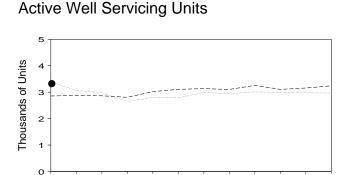
Section 5. Oil and Gas Resource Development

The January 1996 rotary rig count of 709 was 7 percent less than the count in the previous month and 5 percent lower than the count in January 1995. Of the total number of rigs in operation, 598 were onshore and 111 were offshore. The number of onshore rigs was down 7 percent from the number in January 1995, while the number of offshore rigs was up 4 percent.

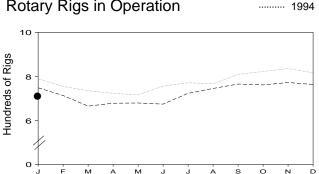
Updates were not available in time for inclusion in this issue of the Monthly Energy Review for total footage drilled and the estimated number of exploratory and development oil, gas, and dry wells drilled during January 1996.

Seismic activity statistics are not available for this month. The Society of Exploration Geophysics, source of these data, is reorganizing its survey effort. An alternative source of seismic crew data is the World Geophysical Report by Petroleum Information Corporation.

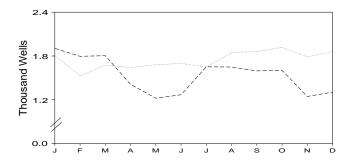
Figure 5.1 Oil and Gas Resource Development Indicators



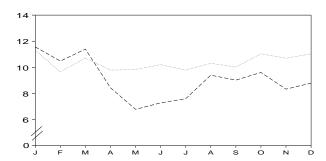
Rotary Rigs in Operation



Wells Drilled



Footage Drilled



Sources: Tables 5.1 and 5.2.

1996 1995

Table 5.1 Oil and Gas Drilling Activity Measurements

		ews Engaged smic Explora			Rotary F	Rigs in Ope	rationa			
					Site	ВуТ			Total Footage	Active Well Servicing
	Offshore Ma	Onshore onthly Avera	Total	Offshore	Onshore	Oil ekly Averag	Gas	Total ^b	Drilled ^c Thousand Feet	Units ^d Number
4070 4								4 404		<u> </u>
1973 Average1974 Average	23 31	227 274	250 305	84 94	1,110 1,378	NA NA	NA NA	1,194 1,472	139,427 153,791	NA NA
1975 Average	30	254	284	106	1,554	NA	NA	1,660	181,046	NA NA
1976 Average	25	237	262	129	1,529	NA	NA	1,658	187,291	2,601
1977 Average	27	281	308	167	1,834	NA	NA	2,001	215,696	2,828
1978 Average	25	327	352	185	2,074	NA	NA	2,259	238,388	2,988
1979 Average	30	370	400	207	1,970	NA	NA	2,177	243,686	3,399
1980 Average	37	493	530	231	2,678	NA	NA	2,909	312,303	4,089
1981 Average	44	637	681	256	3,714	NA	NA	3,970	408,842	4,850
1982 Average	57	531	588	243	2,862	NA	NA	3,105	378,437	4,248
1983 Average	47	426	473	199	2,033	NA	NA	2,232	318,585	3,732
1984 Average	49	445	494	213	2,215	NA	NA	2,428	370,730	4,663
1985 Average	45	333	378	206	1,774	NA	NA	1,980	312,569	4,716
1986 Average	24	176	200	99	865	NA	NA	964	177,486	3,036
1987 Average	24	153	177	95	841	NA	NA 254	936	161,226	3,060
1988 Average	29	153	182	123	813	554	354	936	153,340	3,341
1989 Average	23	109	132	105	764	453	401	869	133,383	3,391
1990 Average	23 19	102 85	125 104	108 81	902 779	532 482	464 351	1,010 860	154,632 146,383	3,658 3,331
1991 Average 1992 Average	12	64	76	52	669	373	331	721	124,879	2,732
1993 January	17	55	72	72	752	335	454	824	11,972	2,807
February	15	63	78	69	615	311	334	684	11,720	2,899
March	16	55	71	62	549	315	268	611	11,850	2,829
April	14	63	77	69	543	320	270	612	11,424	2,703
May	15	64	79	73	564	323	294	637	10,915	2,848
June	17	65	82	83	612	350	327	695	11,020	3,087
July	15	65	80	85	656	368	360	741	11,601	3,178
August	16 18	66 66	82 84	87 89	710 759	397 418	390 421	797 848	11,332 11,864	3,423 3,341
September October	15	66	81	93	767	441	411	860	12,647	3,519
November	17	65	82	99	769	453	408	868	11,905	3,604
December	18	66	84	103	754	425	426	857	12,080	3,662
Average	16	63	79	82	672	373	364	754	140,330	3,158
1994 January	18	60	78	99	690	356	425	789	11,312	3,386
February	18	69	87	95	659	337	405	754	9,655	3,063
March	19	75	94	99	636	323	403	735	10,704	2,977
April	20 22	68	88	106	617	314	398	723 716	9,790	2,649
May June	20	65 69	87 89	104 113	612 643	320 331	382 408	716 756	9,839 10,206	2,798 2,785
July	23	64	87	107	664	341	415	771	9,790	2,765
August	NA	NA	NA	95	671	320	433	766	10,311	2,941
September	NA	NA	NA	97	712	325	471	809	10,026	3,010
October	NA	NA	NA	99	723	342	467	822	11,036	2,991
November	NA	NA	NA	106	729	361	460	835	10,697	2,977
December	NA	NA	NA	107	709	354	447	816	11,033	2,964
Average	NA	NA	NA	102	673	335	427	775	124,399	2,961
1995 January	NA	NA	NA	106	642	325	411	748	11,567	2,855
February	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	100 90	613 575	326	375	713	10,482	2,877
March April	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	90 91	575 587	322 328	331 336	665 678	11,394 8,437	2,862 2,806
May	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	100	579	326 325	335	679	6,783	3,020
June	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	96	578	301	352	674	7,281	3,107
July	NA	NA	NA	104	619	301	399	723	7,598	3,133
August	NA	NA	NA	103	642	327	399	745	9,400	3,103
September	NA	NA	NA	103	662	333	413	765	9,021	3,255
October	NA	NA	NA	105	656	332	414	761	9,608	3,105
November	NA	NA	NA	104	668	330	430	772	8,331	3,157
December	NA	NA	NA	109	654	325	427	763	8,789	^R 3,239
Average	NA	NA	NA	101	622	323	385	723	108,691	R 3,043
1996 January	NA	NA	NA	111	598	295	406	709	NA	3,290

^a Monthly data are averages of 4- or 5-week reporting periods, not calendar months. Annual data are averages of 52- or 53-week reporting periods not calendar years

Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Sources: • Crews Engaged in Seismic Exploration: Society of

Exploration Geophysicists, Tulsa, Oklahoma, *Monthly Seismic Crew Count.*• Rotary Rigs in Operation: By Site - Baker Hughes, Inc., Houston, Texas, *Rotary Rigs Running--by State.* By Type - Baker Hughes, Inc., Houston, Texas, weekly phone recording. • Total Footage Drilled: Energy Information Administration computations, which are based on well reports submitted to the American Petroleum Institute by the Petroleum Information Corporation, Denver, Colorado. • Active Well Servicing Units: American Association of Oilwell Servicing Contractors, Dallas, Texas, *Well Servicing.*

periods, not calendar years.

b Sum of oil, gas, and miscellaneous other rigs, which is not shown.

c Values shown are totals.

d See Glossary.

R=Revised data. NA=Not available.

Table 5.2 Oil and Gas Wells Drilled

(Number of Wells)

		Exploratory				Development				Total			
		Oil	Gas	Dry	Total	Oil	Gas	Dry	Total	Oil	Gas	Dry	Total
1973 T	otal	654	1,079	6,038	7,771	9,597	5,896	4,428	19,921	10,251	6,975	10,466	27,692
	otal	870	1,205	6,894	8,969	12,794	5,965	5,311	24,070	13,664	7,170	12,205	33,039
	otal	991	1,263	7,207	9,461	15,988	6,907	6,529	29,424	16,979	8,170	13,736	38,885
	otal	1,100	1,362	6,854	9,316	16,597	8,076	6,951	31,624	17,697	9,438	13,805	40,940
	otal	1,183	1,562	7,402	10,147	17,517	10,557	7,634	35,708	18,700	12,119	15,036	45,855
	otal	1,191	1,792	8,054	11,037	17,874	12,613	8,537	39,024	19,065	14,405	16,591	50,061
	otal	1,335	1,920	7,478	10,733	19,368	13,250	8,560	41,178	20,703	15,170	16,038	51,911
	otal	1,781	2,094	9,035	12,910	30,497	15,129	11,302	56,928	32,278	17,223	20,337	69,838
	otal	2,667	2,533	12,297	17,497	40,176	17,374	14,987	72,537	42,843	19,907	27,284	90,034
	otal	2,470	2,168	11,346	15,984	36,672	16,776	15,036	68,484	39,142	18,944	26,382	84,468
	otal	2,113	1,660	10,271	14,044	35,086	12,896	14,065	62,047	37,199	14,556	24,336	76,091
	otal	2,335	1,599	11,482	15,416	40,250	15,413	14,315	69,978	42,585	17,012	25,797	85,394
	otal	1,879	1,282	9,445	12,606	33,142	12,970	11,763	57,875	35,021	14,252	21,208	70,481
	otal	988	733	5,511	7,232	17,713	7,402	7,255	32,370	18,701	8,135	12,766	39,602
	otal	859	673	5,179	6,711	15,327	7,084	6,302	28,713	16,186	7,757	11,481	35,424
	otal	792	663	4,766	6,221	12,530	7,575	5,476	25,581	13,322	8,238	10,242	31,802
	otal	580	654	4,001	5,235	9,759	8,571	4,490	22,820	10,339	9,225	8,491	28,055
	otal	628	641	3,855	5,124	11,522	10,064	4,757	26,343	12,150	10,705	8,612	31,467
	otal	573	534	3,393	4,500	11,335	8,918	4,521	24,774	11,908	9,452	7,914	29,274
	otal	505	411	2,656	3,572	8,518	7,680	3,991	20,189	9,023	8,091	6,647	23,761
				,	-,-	-,-	,	-,	,	-,-	-,	-,-	-, -
	anuary	47	41	162	250	662	973	290	1,925	709	1,014	452	2,175
	ebruary	33	48	177	258	615	971	330	1,916	648	1,019	507	2,174
	larch	28	35	184	247	677	963	248	1,888	705	998	432	2,135
	pril	51	30	218	299	615	676	338	1,629	666	706	556	1,928
	lay	44	43	175	262	636	705	421	1,762	680	748	596	2,024
Jı	une	47	35	225	307	657	689	352	1,698	704	724	577	2,005
	uly	37	35	264	336	716	611	490	1,817	753	646	754	2,153
	ugust	30	44	237	311	769	694	346	1,809	799	738	583	2,120
	eptember	39	38	231	308	736	745	397	1,878	775	783	628	2,186
	ctober	46	56	210	312	777	824	353	1,954	823	880	563	2,266
	ovember	38	47	212	297	705	710	323	1,738	743	757	535	2,035
	ecember	42	43	219	304	682	746	326	1,754	724	789	545	2,058
Te	otal	482	495	2,514	3,491	8,247	9,307	4,214	21,768	8,729	9,802	6,728	25,259
1994 Ja	anuary	51	51	196	298	616	647	243	1,506	667	698	439	1,804
	ebruary	28	38	123	189	524	606	209	1,339	552	644	332	1,528
M	larch	32	62	154	248	517	666	242	1,425	549	728	396	1,673
	pril	54	52	161	267	489	644	242	1,375	543	696	403	1,642
	lay	45	45	177	267	436	653	325	1,414	481	698	502	1,681
	une	53	51	215	319	458	664	257	1,379	511	715	472	1,698
J١	uly	53	75	177	305	435	667	242	1,344	488	742	419	1,649
A ⁻	ugust	48	55	201	304	567	695	279	1,541	615	750	480	1,845
S	eptember	50	46	197	293	517	781	270	1,568	567	827	467	1,861
0	ctober	48	61	182	291	564	777	286	1,627	612	838	468	1,918
N	ovember	64	77	200	341	507	703	238	1,448	571	780	438	1,789
D	ecember	77	116	217	410	535	664	253	1,452	612	780	470	1,862
T	otal	603	729	2,200	3,532	6,165	8,167	3,086	17,418	6,768	8,896	5,286	20,950
1995 J	anuary	85	105	223	413	551	721	219	1,491	636	826	442	1,904
	ebruary	79	82	177	338	537	641	280	1,458	616	723	457	1,796
	larch	56	60	160	276	598	726	204	1,528	654	786	364	1,804
	pril	61	54	154	269	499	436	208	1,143	560	490	362	1,412
	lay	51	39	122	212	448	384	178	1,010	499	423	300	1,222
	une	69	52	128	249	463	393	164	1,020	532	445	292	1,269
	uly	68	41	216	325	536	511	280	1,327	604	552	496	1,652
	ugust	63	64	182	309	560	544	236	1,340	623	608	418	1,649
	eptember	62	85	188	335	558	508	195	1,261	620	593	383	1,596
	october	59	68	153	280	560	582	181	1,323	619	650	334	1,603
	ovember	55	64	144	263	401	464	118	983	456	528	262	1,246
	ecember	58	72	144	274	393	493	145	1,031	451	565	289	1,305
	otal	766	786	1,991	3,543	6,104	6,403	2,408	14,915	6,870	7,189	4,399	18,458

Notes: • Service wells, stratigraphic tests, and core tests are excluded.
• Due to the method of estimation, data shown on this page are frequently revised. See end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: Energy Information Administration computations, which are based on well reports submitted by the Petroleum Information Corporation, Denver, Colorado.

An update was not available in time for inclusion in this issue of the Monthly Energy Review.

Oil and Gas Resource Development Notes

Three well types are considered in the *Monthly Energy Review (MER)* drilling statistics: "completed for oil," "completed for gas," and "dry hole." Wells that productively encounter both crude oil and natural gas are categorized as "completed for oil." Both development wells and exploratory wells (new field wildcats, new pool tests, and extension tests) are included in the statistics. All other classes of wells drilled in connection with the search for producible hydrocarbons are excluded.

Prior to the March 1985 MER, drilling statistics consisted of completion data for the above types and classes of wells as reported to the American Petroleum Institute (API) during a given month. Due to time lags between the date of well completion and the date of completion reporting to the API, as-reported well completions proved to be an inaccurate indicator of drilling activity. During 1982, for example, as-reported well completions rose, while the number of actual completions fell. Consequently, the drilling statistics published since the March 1985 MER are

Energy Information Administration-generated (EIA) estimates produced by statistically imputing well counts and footage based on the partial data available from the API

Estimates for a given month are first published in the MER for that month. Revisions of the "oil," "gas," and "dry" components are made in the 6th, 12th, and 24th subsequent months, as newly reported data allow refinement of the estimates. Unscheduled revisions may also occur when the latest estimate differs by more than 15 percent during the first 5 months, more than 10 percent during the next 6 months, or more than 2 percent thereafter through 5 years. After 5 years, the reported API data are published in lieu of EIA-generated estimates. A comprehensive, one-time reestimation of Total Footage Drilled (Table 5.1) and Oil and Gas Wells Drilled (Table 5.2) from 1990 through March 1995 was published in the June 1995 MER.

Additional information about the EIA estimation methodology may be found in "Estimating Well Completions," the feature article published in the March 1985 *MER*.

Section 6. Coal

Coal production in December 1995 totaled 79 million short tons, 11 percent lower than the rate in December 1994. During 1995 coal production totaled 1,021 million short tons compared with 1,034 million short tons during 1994.

Electric utility coal consumption in November 1995 totaled 67 million short tons, 9 percent higher than the consump-

tion level in November 1994.

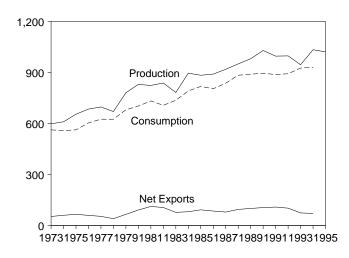
Electric utility coal stocks were 130 million short tons at the end of November 1995, up 5 percent from the 123 million short tons at the end of November 1994.

Coal exports in November 1995 totaled 7 million short tons, 23 percent higher than exports in November 1994. Coal imports in November 1995 totaled 721 thousand short tons, 20 percent higher than imports in November 1994.

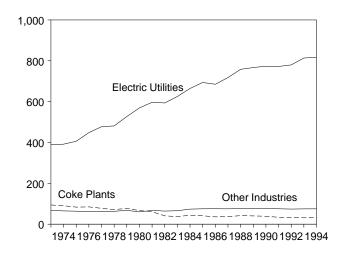
Figure 6.1 Coal

(Million Short Tons)

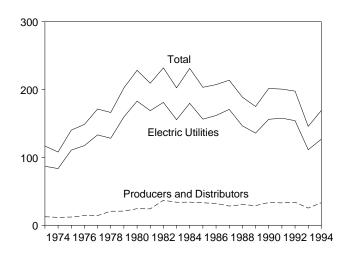
Overview, 1973-1995



Consumption by Sector, 1973-1994

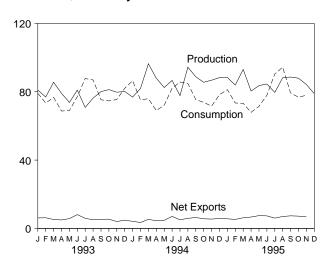


Stocks, End of Year, 1973-1994

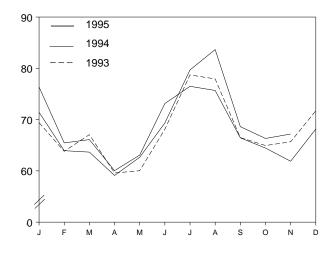


Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Tables 6.1, 6.2, and 6.3.

Overview, Monthly



Consumption by Electric Utilities, Monthly



Stocks at Electric Utilities, End of Month

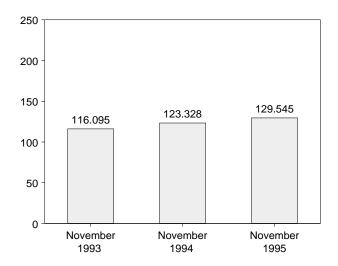


Table 6.1 Coal Overview

(Thousand Short Tons)

	Production	Consumption	Imports ^a	Exports	Stocksb
072 Total	Eno Eco	E62 E94	127	E2 E97	116 965
973 Total	598,568	562,584	127	53,587	116,865
974 Total	610,023	558,402	2,080	60,661	107,957
975 Total	654,641	562,640	940	66,309	140,158
976 Total	684,913	603,790	1,203	60,021	148,659
977 Total	697,205	625,291	1,647	54,312	171,323
978 Total	670,164	625,225	2,953	40,714	166,246
979 Total	781,134	680,524	2,059	66,042	202,472
	829,700				
980 Total	•	702,730	1,194	91,742	228,407
981 Total	823,775	732,627	1,043	112,541	209,423
982 Total	838,112	706,911	742	106,277	232,038
983 Total	782,091	736,672	1,271	77,772	202,584
984 Total	895,921	791,296	1,286	81,483	231,300
985 Total	883,638	818,049	1,952	92,680	203,367
	890,315	804,231			207,319
986 Total			2,212	85,518	
987 Total	918,762	836,941	1,747	79,607	213,780
988 Total	950,265	883,642	2,134	95,023	188,831
989 Total	980,729	889,699	2,851	100,815	175,087
990 Total	1,029,076	895,480	2,699	105,804	201,629
991 Total	995,984	887,621	3,390	108,969	200,682
992 Total	997,545	·			
77£ IUldi	99 <i>1</i> ,040	892,421	3,803	102,516	197,685
993 January	80,982	79,116	344	6,506	195,037
February	76,919	73,372	454	6,715	192,442
March	85,516	76,677	415	5,648	191,072
April	79,074	68,719	281	5,268	194,213
	,	,			
May	73,728	68,998	298	6,060	195,654
June	80,948	77,102	514	8,619	189,669
July	70,798	87,695	643	6,573	168,179
August	76,277	86,870	747	5,830	152,790
September	80.056	75,306	753	6,120	149,092
October	81,232	74,635	1,054	6,485	150,745
		,			,
November	79,720	75,471	970	5,019	151,116
December	80,176	81,981	836	5,677	145,742
Total	945,424	925,944	7,309	74,519	145,742
994 January	76,886	86,432	540	4,731	134,972
February	81,895	75,215	753	4,252	136,693
•					
March	96,372	75,949	557	5,894	146,417
April	87,903	69,007	456	4,976	155,498
May	82,470	72,092	550	5,326	163,660
June	86,591	82,046	571	7,637	162,451
July	77,758	85,644	833	5,882	152,748
		84,791	731		
August	94,338	,		6,670	151,381
September	88,757	75,385	740	7,152	154,180
October	85,538	73,799	434	6,110	158,738
November	86,756	71,556	601	6,098	165,592
December	88,240	78,285	819	6,630	169,358
Total	1,033,504	930,201	7,584	71,359	169,358
205 1	00.000	04.405	500	0.404	470.000
995 January	88,333	81,185	530	6,184	170,609
February	83,891	73,378	486	5,774	177,765
March	93,038	73,241	780	7,029	185,796
April	80,386	67,956	525	7,212	193,465
May	83,587	71,423	517	8,036	198,177
June	84,523	77,959	567	7,935	193,930
July	79,601	90,366	566	6,632	178,733
August	88,172	94,356	547	7,530	166,720
September	88,590	79,262	613	8,012	167,829
		E 76,838			E 171,423
October	87,932		613	7,823	1/1,423
November	84,221	E 77,926	721	7,494	E 175,004
December	78,843	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total	1,021,119	NA	NA	NA	NA

NA=Not available. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Data through 1994 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary.

a Includes Puerto Rico.

Stocks held by electric utilities, coke plants, general industry, and coal

Stocks held by electric utilities, coke plants, general industry, and coal

Evolutes stocks held at retail producers and distributors at end of period. Excludes stocks held at retail dealers for consumption by the residential and commercial sector.

For methodology used to calculate production, consumption, and stocks, see Notes 1, 2, and 3 at end of section.
 Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
 Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Table 6.2 Coal Consumption by End-Use Sector

(Thousand Short Tons)

		In	dustrial			
	Residential and Commercial	Coke Plants	Other Industrial Including Transportation	Electric Utilities	Total	
<u>'</u>						
973 Total	11,117	94,101	68,154	389,212	562,584	
974 Total	11,417	90,191	64,983	391,811	558,402	
975 Total	9,410	83,598	63,670	405,962	562,640	
976 Total	8,916	84,704	61,799	448,371	603,790	
977 Total	8,954	77,739	61,472	477,126	625,291	
978 Total	9,511	71,394	63,085	481,235	625,225	
979 Total	8,388	77,368	67,717	527,051	680,524	
980 Total	6,452	66,657	60,347	569,274	702,730	
981 Total	7,421	61,014	67,395	596,797	732,627	
982 Total	8,240	40,908	64,097	593,666	706,911	
983 Total	8,448	37,033	65,980	625,211	736,672	
984 Total	9,130	44,022	73,745	664,399	791,296	
985 Total	7,779	41,056	75,372	693,841	818,049	
986 Total	7,667	35,924	75,583	685,056	804,231	
987 Total	6,914	36,957	75,175	717,894	836,941	
988 Total	7,130	41,888	76,252	758,372	883,642	
989 Total	6,167	40,508	76,134	766,888	889,699	
990 Total	6,724	38,877	76,330	773,549	895,480	
991 Total	6,094	33,854	75,405	772,268	887,621	
992 Total	6,153	32,366	74,042	779,860	892,421	
993 January	662	2,674	6,380	69,400	79,116	
February	641	2,468	6,451	63,812	73.372	
March	514	2,640	6,450	67,073	76,677	
April	613	2,578	5,931	59,596	68,719	
May	323	2,719	5,925	60,032	68,998	
June	418	2,588	5,978	68,118	77,102	
July	424	2,678	5,876	78,717	87,695	
August	382	2,664	5,892	77,932	86,870	
September	288	2,618	5,907	66,493	75,306	
	386	2,660	6,647	64,941	74,635	
October	649		6,697		75,471	
November	921	2,447 2,587	6,757	65,677 71,717		
December Total	6, 221	2,507 31,323	74,892	813,508	81,981 925,944	
	•	•				
994 January	854	2,619	6,598	76,362	86,432	
February	669	2,481	6,610	65,455	75,215	
March	493	2,654	6,703	66,098	75,949	
April	455	2,632	5,880	60,040	69,007	
May	334	2,742	5,931	63,084	72,092	
June	398	2,591	5,928	73,130	82,046	
July	456	2,673	6,027	76,489	85,644	
August	392	2,659	6,057	75,682	84,791	
September	288	2,613	6,039	66,445	75,385	
October	337	2,643	6,371	64,447	73,799	
November	541	2,666	6,473	61,877	71,556	
December	796	2,767	6,562	68,161	78,285	
Total	6,013	31,740	75,179	817,270	930,201	
995 January	638	2,758	6,358	71,431	81,185	
February	572	2,549	6,317	63,940	73,378	
March	428	2,833	6,321	63,659	73,241	
April	449	2,769	5,629	59,110	67,956	
May	291	2,820	5,656	62,656	71,423	
June	292	2,702	5,623	69,342	77,959	
July	396	2,739	7,544	79,688	90,366	
August	398	2,787	7,514	83,658	94,356	
September	267	2,804	7,566	68,624	79.262	
October	E 1,094	E 2,757	^E 6,661	66,326	E 76,838	
November	E 1,410	E 2,671	E 6,660	67,185	E 77,926	
11-Month Total	E 6,235	E 30,189	E 71,848	755,620	E 863,891	
994 11-Month Total	5,217	28,973	68,617	749,109	851,916	
993 11-Month Total						
JJJ 11-INIOHIH 10lal	5,301	28,736	68,135	741,791	843,963	

E=Estimate.

Notes: • For sector-specific reporting and estimating information, see Note 2 at end of section. • Data through 1994 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent

rounding. $\bullet \;\;$ Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Table 6.3 Coal Stocks, End of Period

(Thousand Short Tons)

		Cons	umer		」 .		
	Coke	Other	Electric		Producers and		
	Plants	Industrial	Utilities	Totala	Distributors	Totala	
973 Year	6,998	10,370	86,967	104,335	12,530	116,865	
974 Year	6,209	6,605	83,509	96,323	11,634	107,957	
975 Year	8,797	8,529	110,724	128,050	12,108	140,158	
976 Year	9,902	7,100	117,436	134,438	14,221	148,659	
977 Year	12.816	11,063	133,219	157,098	14,225	171.323	
978 Year	8,278	9,048	128,225	145,551	20,695	166,246	
979 Year	10,155	11,777	159,714	181,646	20,826	202,472	
980 Year	9,067	11,951	183,010	204,028	24,379	228,407	
981 Year	6,475	9,906	168,893	185,274	24,149	209,423	
982 Year	4,642	9,479	181,132	195,254	36,784	232,038	
983 Year	4,346	8,710	155,598	168,654	33,931	202,584	
984 Year	6,166	11,317	179,727	197,211	34,090	231,300	
985 Year	3,420	10,438	156,376	170,234	33,133	203,367	
986 Year	2,992	10,429	161,806	175,226	32,093	207,319	
987 Year	3,884	10,777	170,797	185,459	28,321	213,780	
988 Year	3,137	8,768	146,507	158,413	30,418	188,831	
989 Year	2.864	7,363	135.860	146.087	29.000	175.087	
990 Year	3,329	8,716	156,166	168,210	33,418	201,629	
991 Year	2.773	7,061	157,876	167,711	32,971	200,682	
992 Year	2,597	6,965	154,130	163,692	33,993	197,685	
993 January	2,668	6,587	150,302	159,557	35,480	195,037	
February	2,739	6,209	146,528	155,476	36,967	192,442	
March	2,809	5,831	143,978	152,619	38,453	191.072	
April	2,879	5,911	148,178	156,968	37,245	194,213	
May	2,949	5,990	150,678	159,618	36,036	195,654	
June	3,020	6,070	145,753	154,842	34,827	189,669	
July	2,858	6,227	126,815	135,900	32,279	168,179	
August	2,697	6,383	113,978	123,058	29,731	152,790	
September	2,536	6,540	112,833	121,909	27,183	149,092	
October	2,491	6,599	115,105	124,195	26,550	150,745	
November	2,446	6,657	116,095	125,199	25,917	151,116	
December	2,401	6,716	111,341	120,458	25,284	145,742	
994 January	2,345	6,097	98,294	106,736	28,236	134,972	
February	2,289	5,478	97,739	105,506	31,188	136,693	
March	2,232	4,859	105,186	112,278	34,139	146,417	
April	2,408	5,087	113,324	120,819	34,679	155,498	
May	2,583	5,315	120,543	128,442	35,218	163,660	
June	2,759	5,543	118,391	126,694	35,758	162,451	
July	2,741	5,764	109,419	117,925	34,823	152,748	
August	2,724	5,985	108,783	117,492	33,889	151,381	
September	2.706	6.206	112.314	121.225	32.955	154.180	
October	2,690	6,332	116,673	125,695	33,043	158,738	
November	2,690	6,459	123,328	132.461	33,043	165,592	
December	2,657	6,585	126,89 7	136,139	33,219	169,358	
995 January	2,678	6,198	125,475	134,350	36,259	170,609	
February	2,698	5,810	129,957	138,465	39,300	177,765	
March	2,719	5,422	135,315	143,456	42,340	185,796	
April	2,687	5,486	143.033	151,206	42,340	193,465	
May	2,656	5,549	147,794	155,999	42,178	198,177	
June	2,624	5,612	143,596	151,833	42,097	193,930	
July	2,575	5,720	130,311	138,605	40,128	178,733	
August	2,525	5,827	120,208	128,560	38,160	166,720	
September	_ 2,476	_ 5,934	123,227	_ 131,637	_ 36,191	_ 167,829	
October	^E 2,249	^E 6,379	126,795	E 135,423	E 36,000	E 171,423	
November	E 2,390	E 7,069	129,545	E 139.004	E 36,000	E 175.004	

^a Excludes stocks held at retail dealers for consumption by the residential and commercial sector.

preliminary. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of rounding. Columbia.

Notes: • For sector-specific reporting and estimating information, see Note at end of section. • Data through 1994 are final. Subsequent data are

Coal Notes

1. Production: Preliminary monthly estimates of national coal production are the sum of weekly estimates developed by the Energy Information Administration (EIA) and published in the Weekly Coal Production report. When a week extends into a new month, production is allocated on a daily basis and added to the appropriate month. Weekly estimates are based on Association of American Railroads data showing the number of railcars loaded with coal during the week by Class I and certain other railroads. This number is converted into tons of coal by EIA by using the average number of tons of coal per railcar loaded reported in the most recent "Quarterly Freight Commodity Statistics" from the Interstate Commerce Commission. If an average coal tonnage per railcar loaded is not available for a specific railroad, the national average is used. To derive the estimate of total weekly production, the total rail tonnage for the week is divided by the ratio of quarterly production shipped by rail and total quarterly production. Data for the corresponding quarter of previous years are used to derive this ratio. This method ensures that the seasonal variations are preserved in the production estimates.

When preliminary quarterly data become available, the monthly and weekly estimates are adjusted to conform to the quarterly figure. The adjustment procedure uses State-level production data and is explained in EIA's Quarterly Coal Report. Initial estimates of annual production published in January of the following year are based on preliminary production data covering the first 9 months (three quarters) and weekly/monthly estimates for the fourth quarter. The fourth quarter estimates may or may not be revised when preliminary data become available in March of the following year, depending on the magnitude of the difference between the estimates and the preliminary data. In any event, all quarterly, monthly, and weekly production figures are adjusted to conform to the final annual production data published in the Monthly Energy Review in the fall of the following year.

- 2. Consumption: Coal consumption data are reported by major end-use sector. Estimated data for the most recent months (designated by an "E") are derived from forecasted values shown in the EIA Short-Term Energy Outlook (DOE/EIA-0202) table titled "Supply and Disposition of Coal: Mid World Oil Price Case." The monthly estimates are one-third of the quarterly values shown in the then current issue of the publication, regularly released in February, May, October, and November. The estimates are revised quarterly as collected data become available from the data sources. Sector-specific information follows.
 - Residential and Commercial—Prior to 1980, monthly consumption estimates for the residential and commercial sector were derived by using reported data to modify baseline figures developed by the Bureau of Mines. From 1980-1987,

- monthly estimates were derived by proportioning reported quarterly data by using the ratios of monthly-to-quarterly consumption data in 1979, the last year in which monthly data were reported on Form EIA-2. During 1981 and 1982, the estimates were also modified to reflect air temperature degree-days. Quarterly consumption data were taken directly from reported data and were defined as distribution to the residential and commercial sector as reported by coal producers and distributors on Form EIA-6. Beginning in January 1988, monthly residential and commercial consumption estimates are derived from reported quarterly data by using monthly national average population weighted heating/cooling degree-days obtained from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. The monthly ratios are the monthly national sum of heating and cooling degree-days as a proportion of the quarterly national sum. Quarterly consumption data are taken directly from reported data.
- Coke Plants—Prior to 1980, monthly coke plant consumption data were taken directly from reported data. From 1980-1987, coke plant consumption estimates were derived by proportioning reported quarterly data by using the ratios of monthly-to-quarterly consumption data in 1979, the last year in which monthly data were reported. Beginning in January 1988, monthly coke plant consumption estimates are derived from the reported quarterly data by using monthly ratios of raw steel production data from the American Iron and Steel Institute. The ratios are the monthly raw steel production from open hearth and basic oxygen process furnaces as a proportion of the quarterly production from those kinds of furnaces.
- Other Industrial—Prior to 1978, monthly consumption data for the other industrial sector (all industrial users minus coke plants) were derived by using reported data to modify baseline consumption figures from the most recent Bureau of the Census Annual Survey of Manufactures or Census of Manufactures. For 1978 and 1979, monthly estimates were derived from data reported on Forms EIA-3 and EIA-6. From 1980-1987, monthly figures were estimated by proportioning quarterly data by using the ratios of monthly-to-quarterly consumption data in 1979, the last year in which monthly data were reported on Form EIA-3. Quarterly consumption data were derived by adding beginning stocks at manufacturing plants to current receipts and subtracting ending stocks at manufacturing plants. In this calculation, current receipts were the greater of either reported receipts from manufacturing plants (Form EIA-3) or reported shipments to the other industrial sector (Form EIA-6), thereby ensuring that agriculture, forestry, fishing, mining, and construction consumption data were included where appropriate. Starting in January 1988, monthly consumption for the other industrial sector is estimated from reported quarterly data by using ratios derived from industrial production indices published by the Board of

Governors of the Federal Reserve System. Indices for six major industry groups are used as the basis for calculating the ratios: foods, Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) 20; paper and products, SIC 26; chemicals and products, SIC 28; petroleum products, SIC 29; clay, glass, and stone products, SIC 32; and primary metals, SIC 33. The monthly ratios are computed as the monthly sum of the weighted indices as a proportion of the quarterly sum of the weighted indices by using the 1977 proportion as the weights.

- Electric Utilities—Monthly consumption data for electric utility plants are taken directly from reported data.
- 3. Stocks: Coal stocks data are reported by major enduse sector. Estimated data for the most recent months (designated by an "E") are derived from forecasted values shown in the EIA Short-Term Energy Outlook (DOE/EIA-0202) table titled "Supply and Disposition of Coal: Mid World Oil Price Case." The monthly estimates are one-third of the quarterly values shown in the then current issue of the publication, regularly released in February, May, October, and November. The estimates are revised quarterly as collected data become available from the data sources. Sector-specific information follows.
 - Coke Plants—Prior to 1980, monthly stocks at coke plants were taken directly from reported data.
 From 1980 forward, coke plant stocks are estimated by using one-third of the current quarterly change to indicate the monthly change in stocks.
 Quarterly stocks are taken directly from data reported on Form EIA-5.
 - Other Industrial—Prior to 1978, stocks for the other industrial sector were derived by using reported data to modify baseline figures from a one-time Bureau of Mines survey of consumers. For 1978-1982, monthly estimates were derived by judgmentally proportioning reported quarterly data based on representative seasonal patterns of supply and demand. From 1983 forward, other industrial coal stocks are estimated as indicated above for coke plants. Quarterly stocks are taken directly from data reported on Form EIA-3 and therefore include only manufacturing industries; data for agriculture, forestry, fishing, mining, and construction stocks are not available.
 - Electric Utilities—Monthly stocks data at electric utility plants are taken directly from reported data.
 - Producers and Distributors—Quarterly stocks at producers and distributors are taken directly from reported data. Monthly data are estimated by using one-third of the current quarterly change to indicate the monthly change in stocks.
- **4. Imports and Exports:** All coal import and export figures are taken directly from data reported monthly by the Bureau of the Census.

5. Additional Information: EIA's *Quarterly Coal Report* provides additional information about coal data and estimation procedures.

Sources for Table 6.1

Production

1973-September 1977—U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Mines, *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*.

October 1977 forward—Energy Information Administration, *Weekly Coal Production*.

Consumption

Table 6.2.

Imports and Exports

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Monthly Reports IM-145 (Imports) and EM-545 (Exports).

Stocks

Table 6.3.

Sources for Table 6.2

Residential and Commercial

1973-1976—U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), Bureau of Mines (BOM), *Minerals Yearbook*.

January-September 1977—DOI, BOM, Form 6-1400, "Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers-Upper Lake Docks."

October 1977-1979—Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-2, "Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers-Upper Lake Docks."

1980 forward—EIA, Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report," quarterly.

Coke Plants

1973-September 1977—DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*

October 1977-1980—EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke and Coal Chemicals-Monthly/Annual Supplement."

1981-1984—EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke Plant Report-Quarterly/Annual Supplement."

1985 forward—EIA, Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report-Quarterly."

Other Industrial

1973-September 1977—DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*.

October 1977-1979—EIA, Form EIA-3, "Monthly Coal Consumption Report-Manufacturing Plants."

1980 forward—EIA, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report-Manufacturing Plants," and Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report," quarterly.

Electric Utilities

1973-September 1977—DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*.

October 1977 forward—EIA, Form EIA-759 (formerly Form FPC-4), "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Sources for Table 6.3

Coke Plants

1973-September 1977—U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), Bureau of Mines (BOM), *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*.

October 1977-1980—Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke and Coal Chemicals-Monthly/Annual."

1981-1984—EIA, Form EIA 5/5A, "Coke Plant Report-

Quarterly/Annual Supplement."

1985 forward—EIA, Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report-Ouarterly."

Other Industrial

1973-September 1977—DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*.

October 1977-1979—EIA, Form EIA-3, "Monthly Coal Consumption Report-Manufacturing Plants."

1980 forward—EIA, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report-Manufacturing Plants," and Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report," quarterly.

Electric Utilities

1973-September 1977—DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*.

October 1977 forward—EIA, Form EI-A759 (formerly Form FPC-4), "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Producers and Distributors

EIA, Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report," quarterly.

Section 7. Electricity

During November 1995, electric utilities generated 234 billion kilowatthours of electricity, 4 percent more than in November 1994. Coal-fired generation totaled 134 billion kilowatthours, 8 percent above the November 1994 level. Nuclear generation totaled 53 billion kilowatthours, 5 percent below the level 1 year earlier. Hydroelectric generation totaled 24 billion kilowatthours, 35 percent higher than the November 1994 level. Natural gas-fired generation was 19 billion kilowatthours, 15 percent lower than the November 1994 level. Petroleum-fired generation totaled 4 billion kilowatthours, 21 percent below the level 1 year earlier.

Sales of electricity to all ultimate consumers in the United States in November 1995 were 235 billion kilowatthours, 4 percent higher than sales during November 1994. Sales to industrial consumers totaled 83 billion kilowatthours in November 1995, slightly higher than the level 1 year earlier. Sales to residential consumers during November 1995 were 77 billion kilowatthours, 9 percent higher than the level of sales during the previous year. Commercial sales were 67 billion kilowatthours, 5 percent higher than

the level of commercial sales during the previous year. In November 1995, other sales totaled 8 billion kilowatthours, 4 percent higher than the November 1994 level.

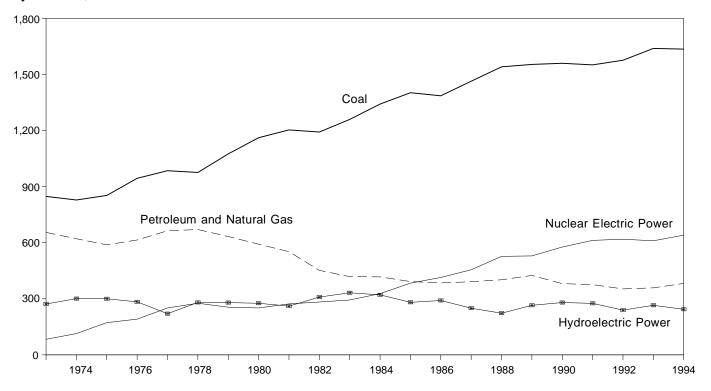
Electric utility consumption of coal during November 1995 was 67 million short tons, 9 percent above consumption in November 1994. Petroleum consumption (excluding petroleum coke) during November 1995 was 6 million barrels, 20 percent below the level of consumption in November 1994. During November 1995, electric utilities consumed 198 billion cubic feet of natural gas, 14 percent below the November 1994 consumption level.

On November 30, 1995, electric utility stocks of all types of coal totaled 130 million short tons, 5 percent above the level on November 30, 1994. Stocks of petroleum (excluding petroleum coke) on November 30, 1995, totaled 54 million barrels, 13 percent below the level on November 30, 1994.

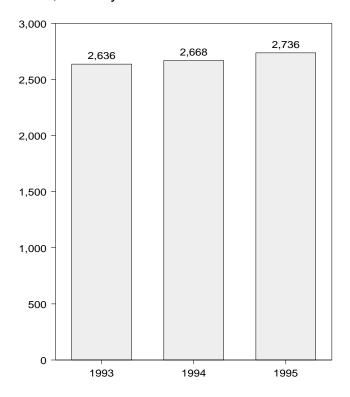
Figure 7.1 Electric Utility Net Generation of Electricity

(Billion Kilowatthours)

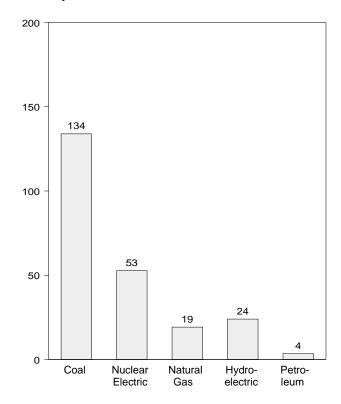
By Source, 1973-1994



Total, January-November



Total by Source, November 1995



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 7.1.

Table 7.1 Electric Utility Net Generation of Electricity

(Million Kilowatthours)

				Nuclear	Hydro-			
		Natural	1	Electric	Electric	Geothermal		
	Coal	Gasa	Petroleumb	Power	Power	Energy	Other ^C	Total
1973 Total	847,651	340,858	314,343	83,479	272,083	1,966	328	1,860,710
1974 Total	828,433	320,065	300,931	113,976	301,032	2,453	251	1,867,140
1975 Total	852,786	299,778	289,095	172,505	300,047	3,246	191	1,917,649
1976 Total	944,391	294,624	319,988	191,104	283,707	3,616	266	2,037,696
1977 Total	985,219	305,505	358,179	250,883	220,475	3,582	481	2,124,323
1978 Total	975,742	305,391	365,060	276,403	280,419	2,978	338	2,206,331
1979 Total	1,075,037	329,485	303,525	255,155	279,783	3,889	498	2,247,372
1980 Total	1,161,562	346,240	245,994	251,116	276,021	5,073	433	2,286,439
1981 Total	1,203,203	345,777	206,421	272,674	260,684	5,686	368	2,294,812
1982 Total	1,192,004	305,260	146,797	282,773	309,213	4,843	321	2,241,211
1983 Total	1,259,424	274,098	144,499	293,677	332,130	6,075	381	2,310,285
1984 Total	1,341,681	297,394	119,808	327,634	321,150	7,741	898	2,416,304
1985 Total	1,402,128	291,946	100,202	383,691	281,149	9,325	1,399	2,469,841
1986 Total	1,385,831	248,508	136,585	414,038	290,844	10,308	1,195	2,487,310
1987 Total	1,463,781	272,621	118,493	455,270	249,695	10,775	1,491	2,572,127
1988 Total	1,540,653	252,801	148,900	526,973	222,940	10,300	1,684	2,704,250
1989 Total	1,553,661	266,598	158,318	529,355	265,063	9,342	1,968	2,784,304
1990 Total	1,559,606	264,089	117,017	576,862	279,926	8,581	2,070	2,808,151
1991 Total	1,551,167	264,172	111,463	612,565	275,519	8,087	2,050	2,825,023
1992 Total	1,575,895	263,872	88,916	618,776	239,559	8,104	2,096	2,797,219
1993 January	138,354	15,807	7,239	59,076	24,453	651	202	245,782
February	130,069	15,768	6,939	51,319	19,722	633	167	224,617
March	136,404	18,783	8,569	46,606	23,587	659	193	234,801
April	120,325	16,684	5,205	43,199	25,160	654	148	211,374
May	120,878	15,845	5,267	50,367	29,323	582	135	222.396
June	137,485	24,393	7,809	52,620	26,600	586	139	249,633
July	158,400	31,705	11,341	56.502	23,556	643	144	282,292
August	156,197	34,263	11,975	56,209	19,667	653	167	279,132
September	134,001	24,978	9,759	49,989	17,073	630	173	236,603
October	130,926	22,912	7,659	44,434	16,899	625	174	223,629
November	132,288	20,535	7,479	46,862	17,898	618	174	225,855
December	143,824	17,242	10,299	53,108	21,125	637	178	246,412
Total	1,639,151	258,915	99,539	610,291	265,063	7,571	1,994	2,882,525
1994 January	152,752	16,847	14,600	56,847	19,843	631	177	261,697
February	131,138	14,523	9,655	49,821	19,146	574	154	225,011
March	133,528	18,177	7,960	48,969	22,161	578	170	231,544
April	119,755	20,235	7,674	43,192	23,219	592	150	214,817
May	126,454	20,676	6,991	48,525	24,329	581	147	227,703
June	147,440	30,744	9,887	51,751	23,360	522	154	263,859
July	152,182	34,857	9,317	59,123	21,938	553	179	278,149
August	151,389	37,195	6,064	60,104	19,119	610	164	274,645
September	132,059	28,803	5,027	55,628	15,431	564	151	237,663
October	129,637	25,936	4,566	50,703	16,368	578	184	227,972
November	123,604	22,774	4,480	55,280	17,858	572	177	224,746
December	135,556	20,348	4,815	60,497	20,919	584	187	242,906
Total	1,635,493	291,115	91,039	640,440	243,693	6,941	1,992	2,910,712
1995 January	142,412	19,338	4,159	63,342	23,299	408	126	253,085
February	128,917	16,422	7,042	51,858	23,953	296	106	228,594
March	126,978	23,844	3,080	51,880	27,465	326	117	233,689
April	118,787	22,082	3,310	49,321	23,474	282	151	217,408
May	126,013	24,656	4,390	54,387	26,570	255	104	236,375
June	138,090	28,368	4,422	56,381	28,395	281	129	256,066
July	158,378	38,410	7,321	62,037	25,942	305	157	292,550
August	166,630	44,330	8,296	61,661	22,999	524	165	304,605
September	135,241	30,479	4,850	55,690	18,805	367	149	245,580
October	131,318	23,076	3,499	54,293	21,447	619	163	234,416
November	133,899	19,248	3,521	52,708	24,025	554	155	234,110
11-Month Total	1,506,663	290,253	53,891	613,558	266,374	4,217	1,521	2,736,478
1994 11-Month Total	1,499,937	270.767	86,223	579.943	222,774	6,356	1,805	2,667,806

systems.

a Includes supplemental gaseous fuel.
 b Includes fuel oil nos. 1, 2, 4, 5, and 6, crude oil, kerosene, and petroleum

coke.

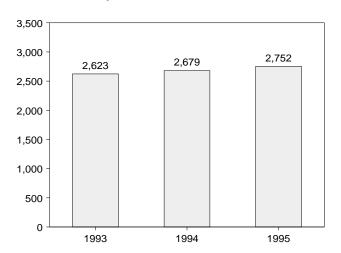
C "Other" is electricity produced from biomass fuels, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy sources connected to electric utility distribution

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

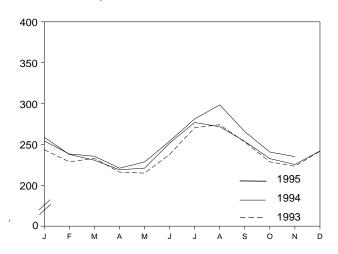
Figure 7.2 Electric Utility Retail Sales of Electricity

(Billion Kilowatthours)

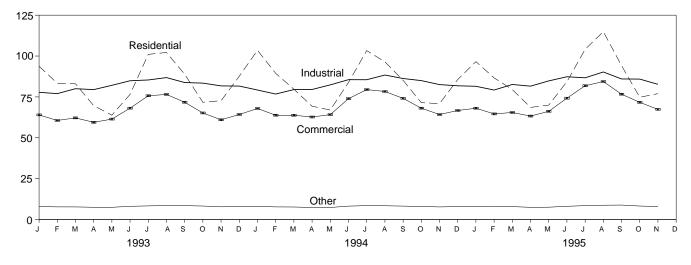
Total, January-November



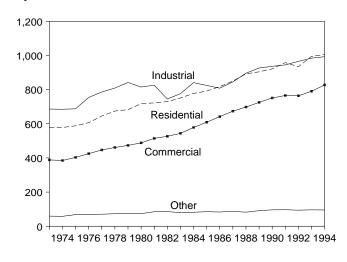
Total, Monthly



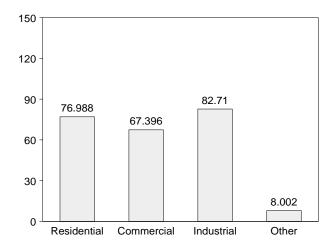
By Sector, Monthly



By Sector, 1973-1994



By Sector, November 1995



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 7.2, Monthly Series.

Table 7.2 Electric Utility Retail Sales of Electricity by End-Use Sector

(Million Kilowatthours)

		Reside	ential	Comn	nercial	Indu	strial	Oth	er ^a	То	tal
		Monthly Series ^b	Annual Series								
1973 To	tal	579,231	NA	388,266	NA	686,085	NA	59,326	NA	1,712,909	NA
	tal	578,184	NA	384,826	NA	684,875	NA	58,039	NA	1,705,924	NA
	tal	588,140	NA	403,049	NA	687,680	NA	68,222	NA	1,747,091	NA
	tal	606,452	NA	425,094	NA	754,069	NA	69,631	NA	1,855,246	NA
	tal	645,239	NA	446,514	NA	786,037	NA	70,571	NA	1,948,361	NA
	tal	674,466	NA	461,163	NA	809,078	NA	73,215	NA	2,017,922	NA
	tal	682,819	NA	473,307	NA	841,903	NA	73,070	NA	2,071,099	NA
1980 To	tal	717,495	NA	488,155	NA	815,067	NA	73,732	NA	2,094,449	NA
1981 To	tal	722,265	NA	514,338	NA	825,743	NA	84,756	NA	2,147,103	NA
1982 To	tal	729,520	NA	526,397	NA	744,949	NA	85,575	NA	2,086,441	NA
1983 To	tal	750,948	NA	543,788	NA	775,999	NA	80,219	NA	2,150,955	NA
1984 To	tal	777,654	780,092	578,281	582,621	840,588	837,836	81,849	85,248	2,278,372	2,285,796
1985 To	tal	790,977	793,934	608,968	605,989	824,523	836,772	85,075	87,279	2,309,543	2,323,974
1986 To	tal	817,663	819,088	641,469	630,520	808,292	830,531	83,409	88,615	2,350,835	2,368,753
1987 To	tal	849,613	850,410	673,707	660,433	845,266	858,233	86,854	88,196	2,455,440	2,457,272
1988 To	tal	892,125	892,866	697,711	699,100	895,751	896,498	82,362	89,598	2,567,949	2,578,062
	tal	903,979	905,525	725,229	725,861	926,376	925,659	91,066	89,765	2,646,651	2,646,809
	tal	921,473	924,019	750,835	751,027	936,428	945,522	95,936	91,988	2,704,672	2,712,555
	tal	957,801	955,417	765,476	765,664	944,684	946,583	96,513	94,339	2,764,474	2,762,003
1992 To	tal	934,044	935,939	763,664	761,271	965,356	972,714	94,003	93,442	2,757,067	2,763,365
1993 Jai	nuary	93,740	_	63,998	_	77,832	_	7,930	_	243,499	_
Fe	bruary	83,376	_	60,609	_	77,008	_	7,752	_	228,745	_
Ma	arch	83,023	-	62,169	_	80,028	_	7,734	_	232,954	-
Ар	oril	69,669	_	59,479	-	79,465	_	7,511	_	216,123	_
Ma	ay	63,852	-	61,430	_	82,090	_	7,496	_	214,868	-
Jui	ne	76,555	_	68,107	_	84,887	_	8,088	_	237,637	_
Jul	ly	101,026	-	75,706	-	85,371	-	8,351	-	270,454	_
	ıgust	102,181	_	76,533	_	86,814	-	8,551	_	274,080	_
	ptember	88,884	_	71,734	-	83,804	_	8,525	_	252,948	-
	tober	71,731	_	65,180	-	83,443	_	8,271	_	228,625	-
	vember	72,687	_	61,023	-	81,738	_	7,795	_	223,244	-
	ecember	87,656 994,380	_ 994,781	64,257 790,225	_ 794,573	81,632 984,111	_ 977,164	8,059 96,065	_ 94,944	241,604 2,864,782	2,861,462
10	ıtaı	994,300	334,701	190,223	134,313	304,111	377,104	30,003	34,344	2,004,702	2,001,402
1994 Jai	nuary	103,502	_	67,928	_	79,231	-	8,046	_	258,706	-
Fe	bruary	89,432	_	63,815	_	76,758	_	7,746	_	237,750	_
Ma	arch	79,708	-	63,786	_	79,494	_	7,676	_	230,664	-
Ap	oril	69,318	_	62,713	_	79,556	_	7,389	_	218,976	_
Ma	ay	66,991	-	64,174	-	82,362	-	7,403	-	220,931	_
Jui	ne	83,868	_	73,936	_	85,553	-	8,214	_	251,570	_
	ly	103,327	_	79,470	_	85,517	-	8,530	_	276,844	_
	igust	96,486	-	78,336	-	88,378	_	8,441	_	271,641	_
	ptember	85,122	_	74,120	_	86,257	_	8,220	-	253,720	_
	ctober	71,511	_	68,107	_	84,979	_	8,004	-	232,602	_
	vember	70,901	_	64,226	_	82,534	_	7,728	_	225,388	_
	ecember	85,637 1.005.804	_ NA	66,698	_ NA	81,803	_ NA	7,929	- NA	242,068	-
10	tal	1,005,804	NA	827,309	NA	992,422	NA	95,326	NA	2,920,860	NA
_	nuary	96,576	-	68,089	-	81,499	-	8,061	-	254,226	-
	bruary	86,648	_	64,616	_	79,214	_	7,809	-	238,286	_
	arch	79,503	_	65,482	_	82,624	_	7,924	_	235,533	_
	oril	68,593	_	63,278	_	81,583	_	7,479	-	220,933	_
	ay	69,975	_	66,185	_	84,791	-	7,554	-	228,506	-
	ne	84,288	_	74,221	_	87,333	-	8,124	-	253,967	_
	ly	104,131	-	81,832	-	86,685	_	8,503 8,765	-	281,151	_
	igust	114,935	-	84,412	-	90,257	_	8,765	-	298,369	_
	eptember	94,154	-	76,657	-	85,997		8,872	-	265,680	_
	ovember	74,789 76,088	-	71,706	-	85,903 82,710	-	8,264	-	240,661	_
	-Month Total	76,988 950,580	_	67,396 783,874	_	82,710 928,596	_	8,002 89,358	_	235,096 2,752,408	_
				•		,000		-		_,. 0_,-00	
	Manth Tatal	000 466		700 040		040 040				0.070.700	
1994 11	-Month Total	920,166 906,725	_	760,610 725,968	_	910,619 902,479	_	87,397 88,006	_	2,678,792 2,623,178	_

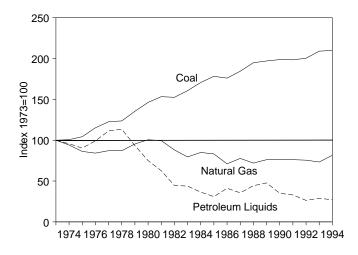
^a "Other" is public street and highway lighting, other sales to public authorities, sales to railroads and railways, and interdepartmental sales.
^b Annual totals are the sums of the monthly values.

NA=Not available.

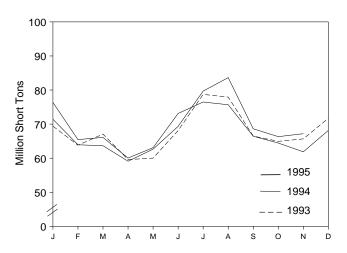
Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Figure 7.3 Electric Utility Consumption and Stocks of Fossil Fuels

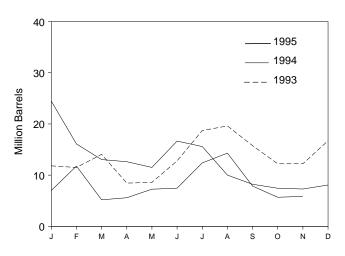
Fuels Consumed, 1973-1994



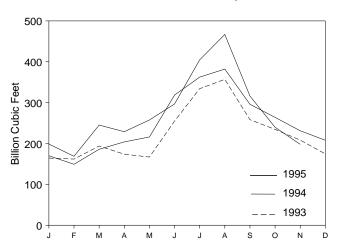
Coal Consumed, Monthly



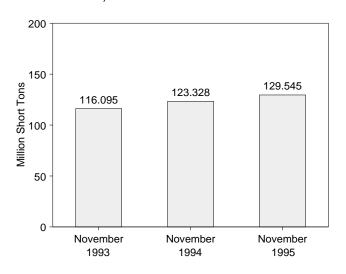
Petroleum Liquids Consumed, Monthly



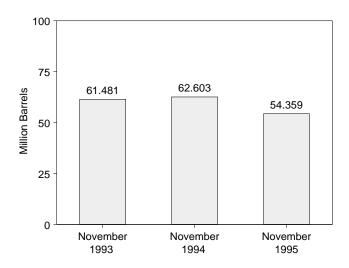
Natural Gas Consumed, Monthly



Coal Stocks, End of Month



Petroleum Liquids Stocks, End of Month



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Tables 7.3 and 7.4.

Table 7.3 Electric Utility Consumption of Fossil Fuels To Generate Electricity

		Со	al								
					By T of Petr		By P Mover				
	Anthra- cite	Bituminous Coal	Lignite	Total	Heavy Oil ^a	Light Oil ^b	Steam Plants	GT/IC ^c	Total Liquids	Petroleum Coke	Natural Gas ^d
		Thousand S	Short Tons			Th	ousand Barr	els		Thousand Short Tons	Million Cubic Feet
1973 Total	1,443	376,975	10,794	389,212	NA	NA	513,190	47,058	560,248	507	3,660,172
1974 Total	1,498	378,643	11,670	391,811	NA	NA	483,146	53,128	536,274	625	3,443,428
1975 Total	1,480	388,523	15,960	405,962	NA	NA	467,221	38,907	506,128	70	3,157,669
1976 Total 1977 Total	1,350 1,425	425,205 451,051	21,817 24,650	448,371 477,126	NA NA	NA NA	514,077 574,869	41,843 48,837	555,920 623,705	68 98	3,080,868 3,191,200
1978 Total	1,064	448,763	31,407	481,235	NA	NA	588,319	47,520	635,839	398	3,188,363
1979 Total	1,046	488,129	37,876	527,051	NA	NA	492,606	30,691	523,297	268	3,490,523
1980 Total	951	526,680	41,642	569,274	391,163	29,051	401,863	18,351	420,214	179	3,681,595
1981 Total	1,221	550,784	44,792	596,797	329,798	21,313	339,680	11,431	351,111	139	3,640,154
1982 Total	1,075	543,346	49,245	593,666	234,434	15,337	243,537	6,234	249,771	149	3,225,518
1983 Total 1984 Total	1,036 1,070	570,108 606,339	54,067 56,990	625,211 664,399	228,984 189,289	16,512 15,190	237,845 197,050	7,652 7,429	245,497 204,479	261 252	2,910,767 3,111,342
1985 Total	1,033	631,885	60,923	693,841	158,779	14,635	166,842	6,572	173,414	231	3,044,083
1986 Total	829	616,134	68,093	685,056	216,156	14,326	222,500	7,983	230,482	313	2,602,370
1987 Total	972	647,824	69,098	717,894	184,011	15,367	190,818	8,560	199,378	348	2,844,051
1988 Total	1,063	681,048	76,260	758,372 766.888	229,327	18,769	235,817	12,279	248,096	409	2,635,613
1989 Total 1990 Total	1,049 1,031	688,504 694,317	77,335 78,201	773,549	241,960 181,231	25,491 14,823	250,315 187,531	17,136 8,523	267,451 196,054	517 819	2,787,012 2,787,332
1991 Total	994	691,275	79,999	772,268	171,157	13,729	177,286	7,600	184,886	722	2,789,014
1992 Total	986	698,626	80,248	779,860	135,779	11,556	141,163	6,172	147,335	999	2,765,608
1993 January	79	61,703	7,617	69,400	10,804	1,013	11,265	552	11,817	92	164,374
February March	88 101	57,293 60,969	6,431 6,002	63,812 67,073	10,569 12,784	935 1,277	11,002 13,313	503 748	11,504 14,061	81 87	161,928 193,811
April	84	53,755	5,757	59,596	7,629	819	8,094	354	8,448	79	173,834
May	81	53,380	6,570	60,032	7,722	868	8,198	392	8,590	86	166,840
June	80	61,090	6,948	68,118	11,756	1,033	12,249	540	12,789	98	254,823
July	73	71,134	7,511	78,717	16,896	1,817	17,406	1,306	18,713	125	334,101
August	67	70,241	7,624	77,932	18,044	1,566	18,509	1,101	19,610	112	357,027
September October	60 64	60,143 59,125	6,289 5,752	66,493 64,941	14,730 11,318	1,031 897	15,111 11,771	650 444	15,761 12,216	129 112	258,325 234,544
November	81	59,385	6,211	65,677	11,339	886	11,781	444	12,225	101	208,335
December	92	64,516	7,109	71,717	15,694	1,027	16,206	514	16,720	120	174,498
Total	951	732,736	79,821	813,508	149,287	13,168	154,905	7,549	162,454	1,220	2,682,440
1994 January	82 98	69,022	7,257	76,362	20,743	3,709	21,602	2,850	24,452 16,094	112	169,983
February March	100	58,843 59.696	6,514 6,303	65,455 66,098	14,697 12,026	1,397 1,014	15,242 12,532	851 509	13,040	88 93	149,156 185,924
April	88	54,246	5,706	60,040	11,585	1,041	12,043	583	12,626	71	203,934
May	89	56,482	6,513	63,084	10,346	1,164	10,839	670	11,510	59	216,022
June	87	66,162	6,881	73,130	14,775	1,871	15,369	1,278	16,646	71	318,528
July August	98 92	69,428 68,713	6,964 6,877	76,489 75.682	14,062 8,992	1,530 1,021	14,576 9,453	1,016 559	15,592 10,013	76 65	362,444 382,114
September	93	59,873	6,479	66,445	7,346	870	7,759	456	8,216	62	295,956
October	107	58,011	6,330	64,447	6,634	811	7,057	387	7,444	62	263,958
November	90	55,542	6,245	61,877	6,432	863	6,910	385	7,294	59	231,242
December Total	100 1,123	61,084 737,102	6,977 79,045	68,161 817,270	7,029 134,666	1,048 16,338	7,523 140,907	554 10,097	8,077 151,004	57 875	207,886 2,987,146
	•				•		•	•	•		
1995 January February	75 82	64,253 58,129	7,103 5,729	71,431 63,940	5,955 10,457	1,057 1,316	6,380 10,883	632 890	7,012 11,773	64 61	198,657 168,710
March	83	57,885	5,692	63,659	4,276	907	4,730	452	5,183	52	245,166
April	77	53,889	5,144	59,110	4,673	918	5,111	480	5,591	36	228,820
May	86	57,068	5,502	62,656	6,121	1,133	6,648	607	7,254	59	257,592
June	72 67	62,422	6,849	69,342	6,262	1,194	6,828	628	7,456	68 57	296,692
July August	67 79	72,082 76,043	7,539 7,536	79,688 83,658	10,507 11,446	1,884 2,853	10,949 11,934	1,441 2,365	12,390 14,299	57 80	404,725 466,821
September	87	61,631	6,906	68,624	6,964	903	7,355	512	7,867	66	316,096
October	86	59,747	6,492	66,326	4,747	931	5,192	486	5,679	74	239,686
November	93	60,843	6,249	67,185	4,812	1,051	5,290	573	5,863	83	198,002
11-Month Total	886	683,993	70,741	755,620	76,220	14,148	81,301	9,067	90,368	699	3,020,967
1994 11-Month Total 1993 11-Month Total	1,023 859	676,018 668,220	72,068 72,712	749,109 741,791	127,637 133,593	15,290 12,141	133,383 138,699	9,544 7,035	142,927 145,734	818 1,100	2,779,261 2,507,942

a Heavy oil includes fuel oil nos. 4, 5, and 6, and residual fuel oils.
 b Light oil includes fuel oil nos. 1 and 2, kerosene, and jet fuel.
 c GT/IC = Gas turbine and internal combustion plants.
 d Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.
 NA=Not available.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Table 7.4 Electric Utility Stocks of Coal and Petroleum, End of Period

		Co	al		Petroleum							
						Гуре roleum		rime r Type				
	Anthracite	Bituminous Coal	Lignite	Total	Heavy Oil ^a	Light Oil ^b	Steam Plants	GT/IC ^c	Total Liquids	Petroleum Coke		
		Thousand S	Short Tons			Т	housand Barre	els		Thousand Short Tons		
1973 Total	1,066	84,941	961	86,967	NA	NA	79,121	10,095	89,216	312		
1974 Total	930	81,712	867	83,509	NA	NA	97,718	15,199	112,917	35		
1975 Total	982	107,927	1,815	110,724	NA	NA	108,825	16,432	125,257	31		
1976 Total	1,000	114,130	2,306	117,436	NA	NA	106,993	14,703	121,696	32		
1977 Total	2,321	128,210	2,688	133,219	NA	NA	124,750	19,281	144,031	44		
1978 Total	2,178	123,020	3,027	128,225	NA	NA	102,402	16,386	118,788	198		
1979 Total 1980 Total	3,274 4,741	152,981 174,154	3,459 4,115	159,714 183,010	NA 105,351	NA 30,023	111,121 117,227	20,301 18,147	131,422 135,374	183 52		
1981 Total	5,537	158,258	5,098	168,893	102,042	26,094	112,380	15,756	128,136	42		
1982 Total	6,080	170,480	4,573	181,132	95,515	23,369	105,287	13,597	118,884	41		
1983 Total	6,507	145,250	3,841	155,598	70,573	18,801	78,285	11,090	89,375	55		
1984 Total	6,710	167,118	5,899	179,727	68,503	19,116	76,836	10,784	87,619	50		
1985 Total	7,189	142,144	7,043	156,376	57,304	16,386	64,704	8,985	73,689	49		
1986 Total	7,099	148,665	6,042	161,806	56,841	16,269	64,258	8,853	73,111	40		
1987 Total	6,940	156,670	7,187	170,797	55,069	15,759	61,705	9,123	70,827	51		
1988 Total	6,561	133,434	6,512	146,507	54,187	15,099	60,311	8,974	69,285	86 105		
1989 Total 1990 Total	6,403 6,499	122,967 142,650	6,490 7,016	135,860 156,166	47,446 67,030	13,824 16,471	53,309 73,306	7,962 10,195	61,270 83,501	94		
1991 Total	6,513	145,367	5,996	157.876	58,636	16,357	65,032	9,961	74,993	70		
1992 Total	6,215	142,156	5,759	154,130	56,135	15,714	62,374	9,475	71,849	67		
1993 January	6,166	138,615	5,521	150,302	53,781	15,840	60,193	9,428	69,620	65		
February	6,107	135,063	5,357	146,528	50,005	15,131	56,303	8,833	65,136	60		
March	6,036	132,183	5,758	143,978	45,313	14,914	51,528	8,698	60,227	66		
April	5,802	136,199	6,177	148,178	47,356	14,856	53,475	8,736	62,211	77		
May	5,773 5,766	138,668	6,238 6,009	150,678 145,753	50,422 49,294	14,669	56,495 55,604	8,596	65,091	82 92		
June July	5,766 5,755	133,977 115,383	5,677	126,815	49,294 47,401	14,936 14,618	53,639	8,626 8,380	64,230 62,019	90		
August	5,745	102,582	5,651	113,978	43,943	14,842	50,223	8,562	58,785	99		
September	5,735	100,951	6,147	112,833	45,913	14,774	52,071	8,617	60,687	62		
October	5,718	102,700	6,687	115,105	46,298	14,822	52,385	8,735	61,120	69		
November	5,693	103,447	6,955	116,095	46,603	14,878	52,812	8,668	61,481	84		
December	5,639	98,560	7,142	111,341	46,769	15,674	53,360	9,083	62,443	89		
1994 January	5,576	86,043	6,676	98,294	42,781	15,127	49,922	7,986	57,908	83		
February	5,496	85,523	6,720	97,739	44,764	15,289	51,209	8,843	60,053	73		
March April	5,420 5,360	92,333 100,161	7,433 7,803	105,186 113,324	45,750 44,221	15,024 14,937	51,950 50,528	8,824 8,630	60,774 59,158	89 103		
May	5,309	107,716	7,518	120,543	46,104	15,170	52,623	8,651	61,274	78		
June	5,275	105,668	7,449	118,391	44,719	15,541	51,361	8,898	60,259	63		
July	5,214	96,502	7,704	109,419	44,259	15,323	50,654	8,928	59,582	37		
August	5,173	95,932	7,679	108,783	46,420	15,509	52,643	9,286	61,929	25		
September	5,133	99,793	7,388	112,314	47,111	15,586	53,261	9,437	62,697	35		
October	5,080	104,432	7,161	116,673	45,971	15,930	52,182	9,720	61,902	33		
November	4,903	110,569	7,856	123,328	46,475	16,128	52,730	9,873	62,603	51		
December	4,879	115,325	6,693	126,897	46,342	16,644	52,814	10,172	62,986	69		
1995 January	4,849	114,316	6,309	125,475	45,428	16,615	51,758	10,285	62,043	75 05		
February March	4,791 4,748	118,880 124,452	6,286 6,115	129,957 135,315	39,922 41,032	16,005 15,608	46,101 47,073	9,826 9,568	55,927 56,641	95 128		
April	4,740	132,108	6,215	143,033	38,859	15,447	44,832	9,474	54,306	162		
May	4,656	136,770	6,369	147,794	38,280	15,560	44,284	9,556	53,840	173		
June	4,634	132,778	6,184	143,596	39,810	15,793	45,749	9,854	55,603	144		
July	4,608	119,991	5,712	130,311	37,561	15,613	43,824	9,351	53,175	117		
August	4,591	110,183	5,435	120,208	37,122	15,454	43,440	9,135	52,576	98		
September	4,551	113,604	5,073	123,227	37,397	15,338	43,538	9,197	52,735	90		
October	4,514	117,137	5,145	126,795	37,861	15,601	43,942	9,520	53,462	71		
November	4,396	119,912	5,238	129,545	38,916	15,442	44,850	9,508	54,359	42		

a Heavy oil includes fuel oil nos. 4, 5, and 6, and residual fuel oils.
 b Light oil includes fuel oil nos. 1 and 2, kerosene, and jet fuel.
 c GT/IC = Gas turbine and internal combustion plants.
 NA=Not available.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent bunding.
• Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of rounding. • Columbia.

Sources for Table 7.1

1973-September 1977—Federal Power Commission Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

October 1977-1979—Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

1980—Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Electric Power Monthly*, March 1991, Table 4, and (for geothermal energy and other) FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

1981—EIA, Electric Power Monthly, March 1992, Table 4, and (for geothermal energy and other) FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
1982—EIA, Electric Power Monthly, March 1993, Table 4, and (for geothermal energy and other) EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
1983-1992—EIA, Electric Power Monthly, March 1994, Table 4, and (for geothermal energy and other) EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
1993 and 1994—EIA, Electric Power Monthly, May 1995, Tables 4 and 5.

1995—EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Sources for Table 7.2

1973-September 1977—Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenue and Income."

October 1977-1979—Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FERC-5, "Electric Operating Revenue and Income."

1980—Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Electric Power Monthly*, March 1991, Table 51.

1981—EIA, Electric Power Monthly, March 1992, Table 51.

1982—EIA, Electric Power Monthly, March 1993, Table 51.

1983 and 1992 monthly data—EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, March 1994, Table 51.

1984 forward (except 1992 monthly data)—EIA, Electric Power Monthly, February 1996, Table 52.

Sources for Table 7.3

Prime Mover Type Data

1973-September 1977—Federal Power Commission (FPC), Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

October 1977-1981—Federal Energy Regulatory

Commission (FERC), Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

1982 forward—Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

All Other Data

1973-September 1977—FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

October 1977-1979—FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

1980—EIA, Electric Power Monthly, March 1991, Table 17.

1981—EIA, Electric Power Monthly, March 1992, Table 17.

1982—EIA, Electric Power Monthly, March 1993, Table 17.

1983—EIA, Electric Power Monthly, March 1994, Table 18.

1984—EIA, Electric Power Monthly, March 1995, Table 18.

1985 forward—EIA, Electric Power Monthly, February 1996, Table 18.

Sources for Table 7.4

Prime Mover Type Data

1973-September 1977—Federal Power Commission (FPC), Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

October 1977-1981—Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

1982 forward— Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

All Other Data

1973-September 1977—FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

October 1977-1979—FERC, Form FPC-4 "Monthly Power Plant Report."

1980—EIA, Electric Power Monthly, March 1991, Table 29.

1981—EIA, Electric Power Monthly, March 1992, Table 29.

1982—EIA, Electric Power Monthly, March 1993, Table 29.

1983 and 1992 monthly data—EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, March 1994, Table 29.

1984 forward (except 1992 monthly data)—EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, February 1996, Table 29.

Section 8. Nuclear Energy

In November 1995, U.S. nuclear generating units produced a total of 53 net terawatthours (billion kilowatthours) of electricity, 5 percent lower than in November 1994. Nuclear units generated at an average capacity factor of 73.8 percent, 3.7 percentage points lower than in November 1994. Nuclear power supplied 22.5 percent of the total electric utility-generated electricity in November 1995, compared with 24.6 percent in November 1994.

No full-power licenses for nuclear power plants were issued by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission during November 1995. On November 9, 1995, a low-power license was issued to Watts Bar-1, operated by the Tennessee Valley Authority.

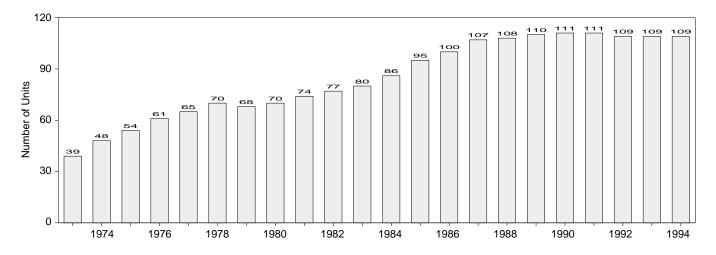
On November 30, 1995, there were 109 operable nuclear generating units in the United States, with a collective net summer capability of 99.1 million kilowatts of electricity. Of the 109 operable units, 21 units generated at less than

25 percent of capacity because of maintenance, refueling, or repair outage, and 12 of the 21 units generated no electricity during the month including one operable unit, Browns Ferry 1, shut down since March 1985. Browns Ferry 3, formerly shut down, has restarted.

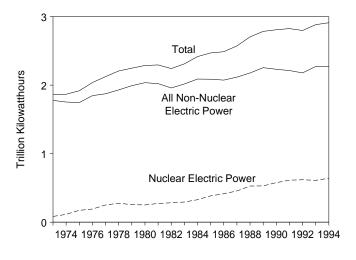
As of November 30, 1995, there were 116 domestic nuclear generating units in all stages of construction and operation. Six units possess construction permits, although construction for all 6 was canceled or halted. The aggregate net design capacity of the 109 operable units was 101.1 million kilowatts; the design capacity of the 6 units with construction permits was 7.4 million kilowatts; and the design capacity for the one unit with a low-power license was 1.2 million kilowatts, for a total design capacity of 109.6 million kilowatts.

Figure 8.1 Nuclear Power Plant Operations

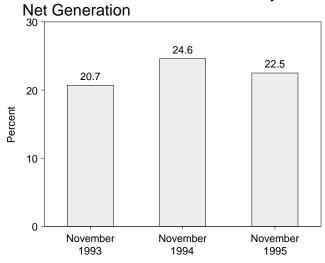
Operable Units, End of Year, 1973-1994



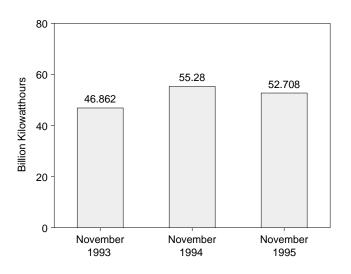
Net Generation of Electricity, 1973-1994



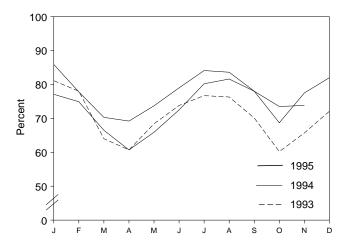
Nuclear Portion of Domestic Electricity



Nuclear Electricity Net Generation



Capacity Factor, Monthly



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Tables 7.1 and 8.1.

Table 8.1 Nuclear Power Plant Operations

	Operable Units ^{a,b}	Nuclear Electricity Net Generation	Nuclear Portion of Domestic Electricity Net Generation	Net Summer Capability of Operable Units ^{a,c}	Capacity Factor ^d
	Number	Million Kilowatthours	Percent	Million Kilowatts	Percent
1973 Year	39	83,479	4.5	22.683	53.5
1974 Year	48	113,976	6.1	31.867	47.8
1975 Year	54	172,505	9.0	37.267	55.9
1976 Year	61	191,104	9.4	43.822	54.7
977 Year	65	250,883	11.8	46.303	63.3
978 Year	70 68	276,403	12.5	50.824	64.5
979 Year980 Year	70	255,155 251,116	11.4 11.0	49.747 51.810	58.4 56.3
981 Year	74	272,674	11.9	56.042	58.2
982 Year	77	282,773	12.6	60.035	56.6
983 Year	80	293,677	12.7	63.009	54.4
984 Year	86	327,634	13.6	69.652	56.3
985 Year	95	383,691	15.5	79.397	58.0
986 Year	100	414,038	16.6	85.241	56.9
987 Year	107	455,270 526,073	17.7 10.5	93.583	57.4 62.5
988 Year989 Year	108 110	526,973 529,355	19.5 19.0	94.695 98.161	63.5 62.2
990 Year	111	576,862	20.5	99.624	66.0
991 Year	111	612,565	21.7	99.589	70.2
992 Year	109	618,776	22.1	98.985	70.9
993 January	108	59,076	24.0	97.881	81.1
February	108	51,319	22.8	97.881	78.0
March	108	46,606	19.8	97.881	64.0
April	109 109	43,199 50,367	20.4 22.6	99.031	60.7 68.4
May June	109	50,367 52,620	22.6	99.031 99.031	73.8
July	109	56,502	20.0	99.031	76.7
August	109	56,209	20.1	99.031	76.3
September	109	49,989	21.1	99.031	70.1
October	109	44,434	19.9	99.094	60.2
November	109	46,862	20.7	99.094	65.7
December Year	109 109	53,108 610,291	21.6 21.2	99.041 99.041	72.1 70.5
994 January	109	56,847	21.7	99.041	77.1
February	109	49,821	22.1	99.041	74.9
March	109	48,969	21.1	99.041	66.5
April	109	43,192	20.1	99.041	60.7
May	109	48,525	21.3	99.041	65.9
June	109	51,751	19.6	99.041	72.5
July	109	59,123	21.3	99.041	80.2
August	109	60,104 55,638	21.9	99.041	81.6
September October	109 109	55,628 50,703	23.4 22.2	99.041 99.041	78.0 68.7
November	109	55,280	24.6	99.041	77.5
December	109	60,497	24.9	99.148	82.0
Year	109	640,440	22.0	99.148	73.8
995 January	109	63,342	25.0	99.148	85.9
February	109	51,858	22.7	99.148	77.8
March	109	51,880 40,331	22.2	99.148	70.3
April May	109 109	49,321 54,387	22.7 23.0	99.148 99.148	69.2 73.7
June	109	56,381	22.0	99.148	79.0
July	109	62,037	21.2	99.148	84.1
August	109	61,661	20.2	99.148	83.6
September	109	55,690	22.7	99.148	78.0
October	109	54,293	23.2	99.148	73.5
November	109	52,708	22.5	99.148	73.8
11-Month Total	109	613,558	22.4	99.148	77.2
994 11-Month Total	109	579,943	21.7	99.041	73.0
993 11-Month Total	109	557,183	21.1	99.094	70.4

Note 4 at end of section.

Notes: • Nuclear electricity net generation totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: See end of section.

a At end of period.
 b See Note 1 at end of section.
 c For the definition of "Net Summer Capability," see Note 3 at end of section . $\ensuremath{^{\text{d}}}$ For an explanation of the method of calculating the capacity factor, see

Table 8.2 Nuclear Generating Units, End of Period

		nsed eration		ruction mits				Total
	Operable ^a	In Startup ^b	Granted	Pending	On Order	Announced	Total	Design Capacity ^c
				Number of Units	i			Million Kilowatts
1973 Year	39	2	57	52	49	9	208	198
1974 Year	48	5	62	75	30	6	226	223
1975 Year	54	2	69	69	14	5	213	212
1976 Year	61	1	71	63	16	2	214	211
1977 Year	65	2	78	49	13	2	209	203
1978 Year	70	0	88	32	5	0	195	191
1979 Year	68	0	90	24	3	0	185	180
1980 Year	70	1	82	12	3	0	168	162
1981 Year	74	0	76	11	2	0	163	157
1982 Year	77	2	60	3	2	0	144	134
1983 Year	80	3	53	0	2	0	138	129
1984 Year	86	6	38	0	2	0	132	123
1985 Year	95	3	30	0	2	0	130	121
1986 Year	100	7	19	0	2	0	128	119
1987 Year	107	4	14	0	2	0	127	119
1988 Year	108	3	12	0	0	0	123	115
1989 Year	110	1	10	0	0	0	121	113
1990 Year	111	0	8	0	0	0	119	111
1991 Year	111	0	8	0	0	0	119	111
1992 Year	109	0	8	0	0	0	117	111
1993 January	108	0	8	0	0	0	116	110
February	108	1	7	0	0	0	116	110
March	108	1	7	0	0	0	116	110
April	109	0	7	0	0	0	116	110
May	109	0	7	0	0	0	116	110
June	109	0	7	0	0	0	116	110
July	109	0	7	0	0	0	116	110
August	109	0	7	0	0	0	116	110
September	109	0	7	0	0	0	116	110
October	109	0	7	0	0	0	116	110
November	109	0	7	0	0	0	116	110
December	109	0	7	0	0	0	116	110
1994 January	109	0	7	0	0	0	116	110
February	109	0	7	0	0	0	116	110
March	109	0	7	0	0	0	116	110
April	109	0	7	0	0	0	116	110
May	109	0	7	0	0	0	116	110
June	109	0	7	0	0	0	116	110
July	109	0	7	0	0	0	116	110
August	109	0	7	0	0	0	116	110
September	109	0	7	0	0	0	116	110
October	109	0	7	0	0	0	116	110
November	109	0	7	0	0	0	116	110
December	109	0	7	0	0	0	116	110
1995 January	109	0	7	0	0	0	116	110
February	109	0	7	0	0	0	116	110
March	109	0	7	0	0	0	116	110
April	109	0	7	0	0	0	116	110
May	109	0	7	0	0	0	116	110
June	109	0	7	0	0	0	116	110
July	109	0	7	0	0	0	116	110
August	109	0	7	0	0	0	116	110
September	109	0	7	0	0	0	116	110
October	109	0	7	0	0	0	116	110
November	109	1	6	0	0	0	116	110

at end of section.

Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: See end of section.

a See Note 1 at end of section.
 b See Note 2 at end of section.
 c Net design electrical rating (DER) is used because many of the units were canceled prior to being assigned a net summer capability. See Note 3

Nuclear Energy Notes

1. Operable Units: Nuclear generating units that have been issued a full-power license by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC).

Exceptions: The Shippingport (60 megawatts (MW)) and the Hanford-N (840 MW) nuclear units were included in the operable units until 1982 and 1988, respectively. The Shippingport unit was excluded from the operable category during March 1974-October 1977 due to a major core modification outage. Hanford-N, an unlicensed unit used for defense materiel production, was included in the operable category because power was produced as by-product and sold commercially. Three Mile Island 2 (880 MW) experienced a major accident in 1979 and, although that unit still retains its operating license and site cleanup continues, there is no plan to restart it. Therefore, it has not been included in the operable category since March 1979. Although Shoreham received a full-power license in April 1989, the unit is not currently scheduled to operate and, therefore, has not been included in the operable category. Rancho Seco (873 MW) was shut down by the Sacramento Municipal Utility District (SMUD) in June 1989 following a referendum on its continued operation. Because there are currently no plans to operate it as a nuclear unit, it is no longer included as an operable unit but is identified as a unit shut down for an extended period. As soon as SMUD and the NRC formalize the plant's official retirement, it will be noted as such in this report. The Department of Energy-operated Experimental Breeder Reactor 2 unit is not a commercial reactor and is therefore not included in the operable category.

In addition, nine units have been retired and therefore removed from the operable category. Those units are: Peach Bottom 1 (40 MW) and Indian Point 1 (265 MW), both retired in 1974; Humboldt Bay (65 MW), officially retired in 1976; Dresden 1 (200 MW), retired in October 1979; LaCrosse (51 MW), retired in May 1987; Fort Saint Vrain (217 MW), retired in October 1989; Yankee Rowe 1 (185 MW), retired in February 1992; San Onofre 1 (436 MW), retired in December 1992; and Trojan (1,104 MW), retired in January 1993.

- 2. In Startup: The period of time between a nuclear generating unit's initial fuel loading date and the issuance of its full-power license. During that period, the unit is undergoing low-power testing and the maximum level of operation is 5 percent of the unit's design thermal rating.
- **3. Capacity:** Nuclear generating units may have more than one type of net capacity rating, including the following:
- (a) Net Summer Capability—The steady hourly output that generating equipment is expected to supply to system load, exclusive of auxiliary power, as demonstrated by test at the time of summer peak demand. Auxiliary

power of a typical nuclear power plant is about 5 percent of gross generation.

- (b) Net Design Capacity or Net Design Electrical Rating (DER)—The nominal net electrical output of a unit, specified by the utility and used for plant design.
- 4. Monthly Capacity Factors: The monthly capacity factors are computed as the actual monthly generation divided by the maximum possible generation for that month. The maximum possible generation is the number of hours in the month multiplied by the net summer capability at the end of the month. That fraction is then multiplied by 100 to obtain a percentage. Annual capacity factors are averages of the monthly values for that year.

Sources for Table 8.1

Operable Units

1973-1982: U.S. Department of Energy (DOE), Office of Nuclear Programs, "U.S. Central Station Nuclear Electric Generating Units: Significant Milestones." **1983 forward:** Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC), "Licensed Operating Reactors" (NUREG-0020).

Nuclear Electricity Net Generation

Table 7.1.

Nuclear Portion of Domestic Electricity Net Generation

Calculated from data in Table 7.1.

Net Summer Capability of Operable Units

1973-1982: Compiled from various sources, primarily DOE, Office of Nuclear Reactor Programs, "U.S. Central Station Nuclear Electric Generating Units: Significant Milestones."

1983 forward: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and monthly updates as appropriate.

Capacity Factor

EIA, Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels.

Sources for Table 8.2

Licensed for Operation

1973-1982: U.S. Department of Energy (DOE), Office of Nuclear Programs, "U.S. Central Station

Nuclear Electric Generating Units: Significant Milestones."

1983 forward: Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC), "Licensed Operating Reactors" (NUREG-0020).

Construction Permits, On Order, and Announced

1973-1982: Compiled from various sources, primarily DOE, Office of Nuclear Reactor Programs, "U.S. Central Station Nuclear Electric Generating Units: Significant Milestones"; Energy Information Administration (EIA), Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels (CNEAF), "Nuclear Steam-Electric Units That Have Been in Operation as of 1957-1989"; EIA, CNEAF, "Nuclear Plant Cancellations: Causes, Costs, and Consequences"; and Utility Data Institute, Inc., "U.S. Nuclear Plant Statistics, 1987.

1983 forward: NRC, "Summary Information Report"

(NUREG-0871); NRC, "Licensed Operating Reactors" (NUREG-0020); and various journals.

Total Design Capacity

1973-1982: Compiled from various sources, primarily DOE, Office of Nuclear Reactor Programs, "U.S. Central Station Nuclear Electric Generating Units: Significant Milestones"; EIA, CNEAF, "Nuclear Steam-Electric Units That Have Been in Operation as of 1957-1987"; EIA, CNEAF, "Monthly Report for Electric Utilities-Power Generation"; EIA, CNEAF, "Nuclear Plant Cancellations: Causes, Costs, and Consequences"; and Utility Data Institute, Inc., "U.S. Nuclear Plant Statistics, 1987."

1983 forward: NRC, "Summary Information Report" (NUREG-0871); NRC, "Licensed Operating Reactors" (NUREG-0020); and EIA, Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report."

Section 9. Energy Prices

Crude Oil. The average price of domestic crude oil purchased at the wellhead was \$14.03 per barrel in November 1995, 1 percent lower than the level in November 1994. The refiner acquisition cost of imported crude oil in November 1995 was \$16.50 per barrel, slightly higher than the November 1994 level. The average cost of domestic crude oil in November 1995 was \$16.74, 1 percent higher than the November 1994 average.

Motor Gasoline. The national city average retail price of unleaded regular gasoline at all types of stations was \$1.10 per gallon in December 1995, 4 percent lower than the price in December 1994. The price of unleaded premium gasoline averaged \$1.29 per gallon in December 1995, 4 percent lower than the price in December 1994.

Residual Fuel Oil. The average price, excluding taxes, of residual fuel oil sold to end users in November 1995 was 37 cents per gallon, 4 percent higher than the previous month's price and 1 percent above the November 1994 average. The average resale price, excluding taxes, of residual fuel oil in November 1995 was 34 cents per gallon, 1 percent higher than the previous month's average and slightly higher than the price 1 year earlier.

Aviation Fuel. The average price, excluding taxes, of aviation gasoline sold to end users in November 1995 was 95 cents per gallon, 1 percent lower than the previous month's price and 5 percent lower than the November 1994 price. The average price, excluding taxes, of kerosene-type jet fuel sold to end users in November 1995 was 57 cents per gallon, 4 percent higher than the previous month's price but slightly lower than the November 1994 average price.

No. 2 Distillate Fuel Oil. The November 1995 national average price, excluding taxes, of heating oil sold to residential customers was 87 cents per gallon, 3 percent higher than the previous month's price and 1 percent higher than the price 1 year earlier. The average price of No. 2 fuel oil sold to all end users was 59 cents per gallon in November 1995, 9 percent higher than the October 1995 price and 4 percent higher than the November 1994 price.

Electricity. The average price of electricity sold to all ultimate consumers in the United States in November 1995 was 6.71 cents per kilowatthour, 1 percent higher than the November 1994 mean price. The price of electricity sold to residential consumers in November 1995 averaged 8.27 cents per kilowatthour, slightly lower than the November 1994 price. The price of electricity sold to commercial consumers averaged 7.61 cents per kilowatthour in November 1995, 1 percent more than the November 1994 price. The price of electricity sold to other consumers was 6.65 cents per kilowatthour, the same as the November 1994 price. The price of electricity sold to industrial users in November 1995 averaged 4.54 cents per kilowatthour, the same as the price 1 year earlier.

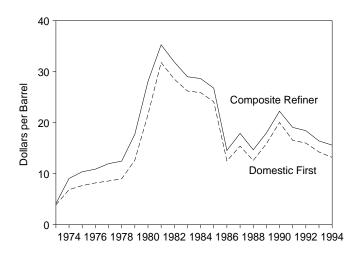
Beginning with January 1986, new series of national average price estimates were based on a statistically derived sample of both publicly and privately owned electric utilities. Previously, average price estimates were derived from selected privately owned electric utilities and were not national averages.

Natural Gas. The estimated average wellhead price of natural gas for November 1995 was \$1.72 per thousand cubic feet, the same as the November 1994 price.

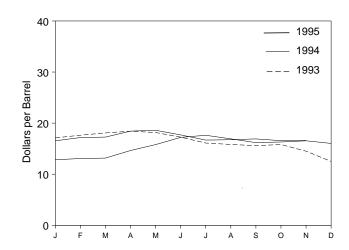
The average price of natural gas delivered to electric utility plants was \$2.08 per thousand cubic feet in October 1995 (latest date for which data are available) 7 percent above the October 1994 price. The average price of natural gas used by residential consumers in November 1995 was \$5.61 per thousand cubic feet, 11 percent lower than the November 1994 price. The average price of natural gas used by commercial consumers in November 1995 was \$4.80 per thousand cubic feet, 8 percent lower than the November 1994 price. The average price of natural gas used by industrial consumers in November 1995 was \$2.70 per thousand cubic feet, 6 percent below the November 1994 price.

Figure 9.1 Petroleum Prices

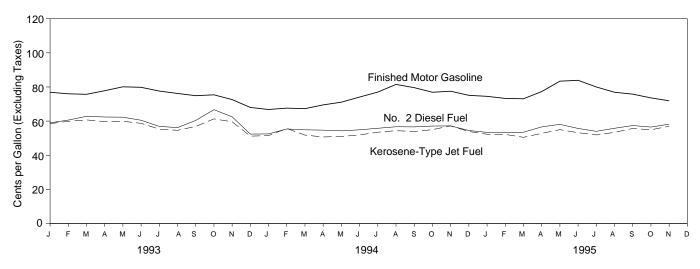
Crude Oil Prices, 1973-1994



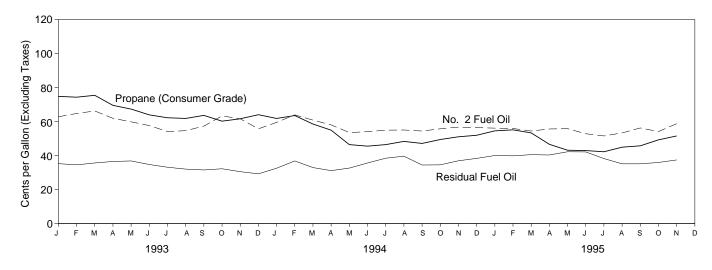
Composite Refiner Acquisition Cost, Monthly



Refiner Prices to End Users: Motor Gasoline, Diesel Fuel, and Jet Fuel, Monthly



Refiner Prices to End Users: No. 2 Fuel Oil, Propane, and Residual Fuel, Monthly



Sources: Tables 9.1, 9.5, and 9.7.

Table 9.1 Crude Oil Price Summary

(Dollars per Barrel)

				Re	efiner Acquisition Co	St ^a
	Domestic First Purchase Price ^b	F.O.B. Cost of Imports ^c	Landed Cost of Imports ^d	Domestic	Imported	Composite
973 Average	3.89	e 5.2 1	^e 6.41	^E 4.17	E 4.08	^E 4.15
974 Average	6.87	10.91	12.32	7.18	12.52	9.07
975 Average	7.67	11.18	12.70	8.39	13.93	10.38
. •	8.19	12.15	13.32	8.84	13.48	10.89
976 Average		13.24		9.55		
977 Average	8.57		14.36		14.53	11.96
978 Average	9.00	13.29	14.35	10.61	14.57	12.46
979 Average	12.64	20.07	21.45	14.27	21.67	17.72
980 Average	21.59	32.37	33.67	24.23	33.89	28.07
981 Average	31.77	35.15	36.47	34.33	37.05	35.24
982 Average	28.52	32.02	33.18	31.22	33.55	31.87
983 Average	26.19	27.81	28.93	28.87	29.30	28.99
984 Average	25.88	27.60	28.54	28.53	28.88	28.63
985 Average	24.09	25.84	26.67	26.66	26.99	26.75
986 Average	12.51	12.52	13.49	14.82	14.00	14.55
987 Average	15.40	16.69	17.65	17.76	18.13	17.90
988 Average	12.58	13.25	14.08	14.74	14.56	14.67
989 Average	15.86	16.89	17.68	17.87	18.08	17.97
990 Average	20.03	20.37	21.13	22.59	21.76	22.22
991 Average	16.54	16.89	18.02	19.33	18.70	19.06
992 Average	15.99	16.77	17.75	18.63	18.20	18.43
993 January	14.70	15.24	16.36	17.40	16.80	17.11
February	15.53	16.09	17.12	17.84	17.41	17.64
March	15.94	16.60	17.56	18.31	17.82	18.08
	16.15	16.30	17.55	18.49	18.35	18.42
April						
May	16.03	16.19	17.30	18.44	17.89	18.16
June	15.06	15.10	16.32	17.70	16.80	17.26
July	13.83	14.23	15.45	16.39	15.81	16.10
August	13.75	14.19	15.26	16.01	15.64	15.83
September	13.39	14.09	14.95	15.82	15.32	15.59
October	13.72	14.12	15.01	16.04	15.59	15.81
November	12.45	12.90	13.83	14.99	14.05	14.51
December	10.38	11.63	12.33	12.46	12.56	12.51
Average	14.25	14.71	15.72	16.67	16.14	16.41
994 January	10.49	12.07	12.74	12.73	12.93	12.83
February	10.71	12.05	12.71	13.24	12.90	13.07
March	10.94	12.38	13.00	13.14	13.18	13.16
April	12.31	13.55	14.30	14.74	14.54	14.64
May	14.02	14.67	15.62	15.86	15.74	15.80
June	14.93	15.44	16.51	17.38	17.04	17.21
July	15.34	16.10	17.15	17.74	17.52	17.62
August	14.50	14.94	16.07	17.74	16.66	16.92
September	13.62	14.32	15.47	16.46	15.91	16.18
		14.74	15.66	16.35	16.27	
October	13.84					16.31
November	14.14	14.88	15.98	16.63	16.46	16.54
December	13.43	14.46	15.61	16.22	15.78	16.03
Average	13.19	14.18	15.18	15.67	15.51	15.59
995 January	14.00	15.08	16.23	16.52	16.56	16.54
February	14.69	15.63	16.73	17.16	17.21	17.18
March	14.68	15.88	17.04	17.31	17.22	17.27
April	15.84	17.28	18.26	18.20	18.73	18.44
May	15.85	17.30	18.18	18.68	18.51	18.60
June	15.02	15.91	17.07	17.94	17.44	17.69
July	14.01	14.82	15.94	16.85	16.50	16.68
August	14.13	15.05	16.10	16.96	16.54	16.75
September	14.49	^R 15.24	16.38	17.12	16.71	16.91
October	R 13.68	R 14.65	R 15.83	R 16.82	R 16.30	R 16.56
	14.03	15.15				

See Note 2 at end of section.
 d See Note 3 at end of section.
 e Based on October, November, and December data only.
 R=Revised data. E=Estimate.
 Notes: • Values for Domestic First Purchase Price and Refiner Acquisition

Cost for the current month and for F.O.B. and Landed Costs of Imports for the current 2 months are preliminary. • F.O.B. and landed costs through 1980 reflect the period of reporting; prices since then reflect the period of loading.
• Annual averages are the averages of the monthly prices, weighted by volume. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and all U.S. Territories and Possessions. Sources: See end of section.

a See Note 4 at end of section.
 b See Note 1 at end of section.
 c See Note 2 at end of section.

Table 9.2 F.O.B. Costs of Crude Oil Imports from Selected Countries

(Dollars per Barrel)

						Saudi	United		Other	Arab	Total
	Algeria	Indonesia	Irana	Mexico	Nigeria	Arabia	Kingdom	Venezuela	Countries	OPEC ^b	OPEC°
1973 Averaged	7.23	5.67	4.24	NA	7.81	3.25	NA	5.39	4.84	4.06	5.43
1974 Average	13.23	11.99	10.85	W	12.44	10.17	NA	10.71	10.02	10.96	11.33
1975 Average	11.93	12.55	10.81	11.44	11.82	10.87	NA	11.04	10.86	11.18	11.34
1976 Average	13.05	12.76	11.61	12.22	13.08	11.62	W	11.39	11.92	12.06	12.23
1977 Average	14.35	13.57	12.68	13.42	14.44	12.38	14.11	12.63	13.19	13.13	13.29
1978 Average	14.12	13.61	12.65	13.24	14.05	12.70	13.82	12.38	13.35	13.28	13.31
1979 Average	20.53	19.03	22.93	20.27	21.69	17.28	21.70	16.90	21.10	19.27	19.88
1980 Average	36.67	32.17	NA	31.06	35.93	28.17	34.36	24.81	34.34	31.57	32.21
1981 Average	39.08	35.62	(^e)	33.01	38.31	32.60	36.06	28.95	36.69	34.79	35.17
1982 Average	34.20	35.11	30.97	28.08	35.13	33.73	33.42	23.74	31.96	33.84	33.48
1983 Average	30.09	29.92	28.39	25.20	29.81	27.53	29.91	21.48	27.96	28.28	28.46
1984 Average	28.34	29.13	27.42	26.39	29.51	27.67	28.87	24.23	27.79	27.79	27.79
1985 Average	26.89	27.12	W W	25.33	28.04	22.04	27.64	23.64	26.12	24.34	25.67
1986 Average	13.62	13.19	W	11.84	14.35	11.36	13.84	10.92	13.32	11.59	12.21
	16.79	17.40	W	16.36	18.47	15.12	18.28	15.08	17.11	15.80	16.43
1987 Average	W										
1988 Average	W	13.81 17.01	(e)	12.18 15.96	15.16 18.31	12.16 16.29	14.80 17.89	12.96 16.09	13.45 17.12	12.57 16.72	13.43 17.06
1989 Average	W	21.29	(e)	19.26	22.46	20.36	23.43	19.55	17.12	18.84	20.40
1990 Average	W		15.58								
1991 Average	W	18.69		15.37	20.29	14.62	20.81	14.91	17.79	15.59	16.99
1992 Average		17.06	(°)	15.26	19.98	15.85	19.61	14.39	17.65	16.50	16.87
1993 January	(e)	W	(^e) (^e)	14.14	17.95	15.55	18.29	12.99	15.19	15.63	15.63
February	(·)	W	(e)	14.64	19.06	16.13	18.13	13.68	16.51	16.36	16.49
March		W	(e)	15.16	19.33	16.34	18.51	14.22	16.84	16.73	16.91
April	(e)	W	(e)	15.04	19.21	15.23	18.36	14.52	16.76	15.46	16.41
May	(e)	19.14	(0)	15.15	18.90	13.62	18.29	13.89	16.63	14.09	16.16
June	\ /	W	(e) (e)	14.04	18.00	W	17.03	12.44	15.86	14.20	14.95
July	W	16.48	(0)	13.09	17.46	W	16.07	11.96	14.97	13.67	14.19
August	(e)	17.74	(e) (e)	13.20	17.42	W	16.73	12.56	14.68	14.13	14.18
September	W	W	(e)	13.50	16.73	W	16.06	12.72	14.23	12.72	14.13
October	W	W	(e)	13.74	17.02	11.16	16.31	11.87	14.88	12.94	13.75
November	W	W	(0)	12.27	15.80	11.15	15.29	9.97	13.85	12.19	12.45
December	W	W	(e)	11.19	14.21	W	14.19	9.34	11.86	11.47	11.44
Average	W	17.13	(e)	13.74	17.79	13.77	16.64	12.46	15.17	14.25	14.78
1994 January	W	W	(e)	11.26	15.02	10.29	W	10.93	12.16	10.73	12.35
February	(^e)	14.46	(a)	11.44	14.00	12.81	W	10.35	12.16	12.19	11.96
March	W	W	(a)	11.68	14.27	14.19	13.68	11.09	12.36	13.70	12.58
April	W	13.52	(a)	12.88	15.65	14.91	W	11.81	13.73	14.53	13.75
May	(e)	15.26	(a)	13.67	16.77	15.59	15.77	12.80	15.23	15.72	14.73
June	W	15.91	(a)	15.02	17.32	14.83	16.53	13.21	16.11	15.21	15.24
July	W	17.56	(a)	15.70	18.02	W	17.29	14.28	16.71	14.76	15.76
August	W	W	(a)	14.57	16.69	14.14	16.70	12.31	15.95	14.09	14.29
September	(e)	W	(a) (a)	13.51	16.35	14.80	15.41	12.09	15.44	14.82	13.91
October	(e)	W	(a)	14.42	17.01	14.22	16.42	12.90	15.29	14.20	14.48
November	(e)	W	(a)	15.19	17.13	W	17.01	11.93	15.82	W	14.30
December	W	W	(a)	14.74	16.18	W	15.75	12.38	15.14	14.65	13.94
Average	W	15.57	(a)	13.68	16.32	14.12	15.66	12.21	14.68	14.05	14.00
1995 January	(^e)	W	(a)	14.98	17.13	W	W	12.61	15.57	W	14.79
February	(e)	W	(a)	15.79	17.43	W	16.84	13.02	16.41	15.88	15.09
March	(e)	W	(a)	15.74	17.19	W	W	14.23	16.62	W	15.47
April	W	W	(a)	17.16	18.96	W	W	15.97	17.51	17.33	17.18
May	W	W	(a)	17.20	18.66	W	18.42	15.76	17.96	16.69	16.93
June	(^e)	17.71	(a)	16.07	17.66	14.90	W	13.80	16.63	14.84	15.47
July	(e)	W	(a)	14.77	15.97	W	W	13.33	15.54	W	14.43
August	`W´	W	(a)	14.54	16.48	W	16.23	13.73	15.68	15.13	14.88
September	W	W	(a)	15.24	16.91	W	16.47	13.29	16.06	^R 14.97	^R 14.77
October	(^e)	W	(a)	R 15.02	R 16.54	W	R 16.41	R 12.40	^R 15.14	W	R 14.20
November	(e)	W	(a)	15.26	17.32	15.66	W	13.51	15.42	15.59	14.98
110101111001	()	••	()	10.20	17.02	10.00	••	10.01	10.12	10.00	

^a Beginning with February 1994, data for Iran are no longer reported in the

section. • Values for the current 2 months are preliminary. • Prices through 1980 reflect the period of reporting; prices since then reflect the period of loading. • Annual averages are averages of the monthly prices, including prices not published, weighted by volume. • Cargoes that are purchased on a "netback" basis, or under similar contractual arrangements whereby the actual purchase price is not established at the time the crude oil is acquired for importation into the United States, are not included in the published data until the actual prices have been determined and reported. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: October 1973-September 1977: Federal Energy Administration, Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report." • October **1977-December 1977:** Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report." • **1978 forward:** EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, February 1996, Table 24.

Petroleum Marketing Monthly.

b The Arab members of OPEC are Algeria, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Qatar,

Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates.

^c Current members of OPEC are Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Nigeria, and Venezuela, as well as the Arab members. Prior to 1993, Ecuador was also a member. The cost of imports from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia is included in the cost of imports from "Total OPEC."

d Rasad on October Neurostics.

Based on October, November, and December data only.

e No data reported.

R=Revised data. NA=Not available. W=Value withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: • The Free on Board (F.O.B.) cost at the country of origin excludes all costs related to insurance and transportation. See Note 2 at end of

Table 9.3 Landed Costs of Crude Oil Imports from Selected Countries

(Dollars per Barrel)

		l			l		Saudi	United		Other	Arab	Total
	Algeria	Canada	Indonesia	Iran ^a	Mexico	Nigeria	Arabia	Kingdom	Venezuela	Countries	OPEC ^b	OPEC ^c
1973 Averaged	8.39	5.33	7.22	6.48	NA	9.08	5.37	NA	5.99	6.99	5.92	6.85
1974 Average	13.97	11.48	13.20	12.48	W	13.16	11.63	NA	11.25	12.93	12.39	12.49
1975 Average	12.86	12.84	13.83	12.51	12.61	12.70	12.50	NA	12.36	12.66	12.71	12.70
1976 Average	13.90	13.36	13.85	12.86	12.64	13.81	13.06	W	11.89	13.36	13.31	13.32
1977 Average	15.24	14.13	14.65	13.86	13.82	15.29	13.69	14.83	13.11	14.56	14.30	14.35
1978 Average	14.93	14.41	14.65	13.89	13.56	14.88	13.94	14.53	12.84	14.58	14.36	14.34
1979 Average	21.88	20.22	20.63	24.21	20.77	22.97	18.95	22.97	17.65	22.86	20.79	21.29
1980 Average	37.92	30.11	33.92	NA	31.77	37.15	29.80	35.68	25.92	36.15	32.97	33.56
1981 Average	40.46	32.32	37.31	(^e)	33.70	39.66	34.20	37.29	29.91	38.54	36.22	36.60
1982 Average	35.35	27.15	36.70	32.46	28.63	36.16	34.99	34.25	24.93	34.03	35.15	34.81
1983 Average	31.26	25.63	31.57	29.81	25.78	30.85	29.27	30.87	22.94	29.68	29.87	29.84
1984 Average	29.06	26.56	30.87	28.70	26.85	30.36	29.20	29.45	25.19	29.21	29.10	29.06
1985 Average	27.51	25.71	28.67	25.79	25.63	28.96	24.72	28.36	24.43	27.33	25.90	26.86
1986 Average	14.82	13.43	14.63	12.38	12.17	15.29	12.84	14.63	11.52	14.25	13.14	13.46
1987 Average	17.87	17.04	18.49	18.28	16.69	19.32	16.81	18.78	15.76	18.30	17.32	17.64
1988 Average	W	13.50	15.15	W	12.58	15.88	13.37	15.82	13.66	14.45	13.60	14.18
1989 Average	19.13	16.81	18.35	(^e)	16.35	19.19	17.34	18.74	16.78	18.08	17.41	17.78
1990 Average	W	20.48	22.50	(e)	19.64	23.33	21.82	22.65	20.31	20.52	20.64	21.23
1991 Average	w	17.16	20.20	17.54	15.89	21.39	17.22	21.37	15.92	19.73	17.45	18.08
1992 Average	w	17.04	18.76	(^e)	15.60	20.78	17.48	20.63	15.13	19.25	17.63	17.81
1002 Average		17.04			13.00	20.70	17.40	20.00	10.10	13.23	17.00	17.01
1993 January	(e)	15.28	W	(e)	14.50	18.94	16.46	19.12	14.07	17.22	16.49	16.67
February	(e)	15.84	W	(e)	14.98	19.92	17.30	19.28	14.60	18.17	17.30	17.44
March	W	16.48	W	(e)	15.50	20.25	17.56	19.43	15.14	18.44	17.62	17.84
April	W	16.79	20.01	(e)	15.56	20.18	17.46	19.32	15.55	18.41	17.45	17.71
May	W	16.82	20.67	(e)	15.57	19.83	16.45	19.33	14.91	18.33	16.56	17.22
June	(^e)	16.25	W	(e)	14.49	18.94	15.83	18.67	13.49	17.42	15.92	16.06
July	W	15.30	17.86	(e)	13.44	18.31	14.95	17.51	12.92	16.45	14.98	15.32
August	(e)	14.94	19.28	(e)	13.66	18.10	15.04	17.56	13.32	16.04	15.09	15.23
September	W	14.56	W	(e)	13.83	17.65	14.31	16.95	13.46	15.53	14.34	14.85
October	W	15.14	W	(e)	14.11	17.98	14.13	16.67	12.70	15.68	14.34	14.70
November	W	14.28	W	(e)	12.63	16.72	13.03	16.57	10.81	14.74	13.15	13.34
December	W	12.44	15.72	(e)	11.39	15.09	11.74	15.14	10.14	12.82	11.67	12.05
Average	17.34	15.27	18.55	(e)	14.11	18.73	15.40	17.92	13.39	16.44	15.28	15.68
1994 January	W	12.13	W	(e)	11.61	15.76	11.66	14.98	11.78	13.52	11.86	12.94
February	(^e)	12.05	16.17	(a)	11.73	14.68	12.32	15.40	11.12	13.60	12.24	12.59
March	W	11.92	W	(a)	11.97	15.13	13.31	14.67	11.87	13.33	12.85	13.05
April	W	13.43	15.08	(a)	13.23	16.46	14.30	15.31	12.72	15.09	14.21	14.47
May	(^e)	15.25	16.42	(a)	14.10	17.36	15.81	16.33	13.53	16.48	15.72	15.62
June	W	16.45	17.00	(a)	15.44	18.21	16.60	17.40	14.15	17.18	16.58	16.48
July	W	17.53	18.41	(a)	16.17	18.74	16.81	17.96	15.02	17.73	16.86	16.88
August	W	16.51	19.96	(a)	14.97	17.78	15.68	17.41	13.24	16.92	15.72	15.69
September	W	15.50	W	(a)	14.04	17.39	15.62	16.62	13.04	16.38	15.46	15.25
October	W	15.54	W	(a)	14.82	17.85	15.41	17.06	13.85	16.28	15.34	15.51
November	W	16.06	W	(a)	15.61	18.04	15.85	17.19	13.03	16.97	15.84	15.63
December	W	15.41	16.99	(a)	15.56	17.24	15.56	16.84	13.50	16.45	15.56	15.34
Average	W	14.83	16.91	(a)	14.09	17.21	15.11	16.64	13.12	15.95	15.02	15.08
1995 January	W	16.03	W	(a)	15.52	17.64	16.66	17.35	13.66	16.94	16.65	16.14
February	W	16.74	W	(a)	16.23	18.24	17.11	17.70	14.01	17.57	17.03	16.49
March	W	16.88	18.78	(a)	16.34	18.13	17.41	18.00	15.29	17.78	17.33	16.86
April	W	18.27	W	(a)	17.56	19.82	18.45	18.53	16.95	18.55	18.41	18.34
May	W	18.44	W	(a)	17.69	19.45	17.71	19.16	16.68	18.86	17.70	17.90
June	(^e)	17.28	18.98	(a)	16.58	18.74	16.39	18.71	14.85	17.96	16.41	16.62
July	W	16.33	17.27	(a)	15.28	17.29	15.73	17.44	14.21	16.72	15.74	15.69
August	W	16.35	17.47	(a)	15.12	17.39	_ 16.16	17.28	14.68	_ 16.68	16.12	16.04
September	W	_ 16.37	W	(a)	_ 15.74	_ 17.86	^R 16.35	^R 17.44	14.28	R 17.12	R 16.35	^R 16.22
October	W	^R 15.37	W	(a)	^R 15.61	^R 17.49	^R 15.89	^R 17.31	R 13.33	^R 16.73	^R 15.86	^R 15.55
November	(^e)	15.39	W	(a)	15.84	17.96	16.62	17.10	14.35	16.81	16.51	16.23
INOVERIDER	()	10.03	V V	()	13.04	17.30	10.02	17.10	14.55	10.01	10.51	10.2

^a Beginning with February 1994, data for Iran are no longer reported in the

Notes: • See Note 3 at end of section. • Values for the current 2 months are preliminary. • Prices through 1980 reflect the period of reporting; prices

since then reflect the period of loading. • Annual averages are averages of the monthly prices, including prices not published, weighted by volume. • Cargoes that are purchased on a "netback" basis, or under similar

Sources: • October 1973-September 1977: Federal Energy Administration, Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report." • October 1977-December 1977: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report." • 1978 forward: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, February 1996, Table 25.

Petroleum Marketing Monthly.

^b The Arab members of OPEC are Algeria, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates.

^c Current members of OPEC are Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Nigeria, and

Current members of OPEC are Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Nigeria, and Venezuela, as well as the Arab members. Prior to 1993, Ecuador was also a member. The cost of imports from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia is included in the cost of imports from "Total OPEC."

^d Based on October, November, and December data only.

e No data reported.

R=Revised data. NA=Not available. W=Value withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Cargoes that are purchased on a "netback" basis, or under similar contractual arrangements whereby the actual purchase price is not established at the time the crude oil is acquired for importation into the United States, are not included in the published data until the actual prices have been determined and reported.
 U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Table 9.4 Motor Gasoline Retail Prices, U.S. City Average

	Leaded Regular	Unleaded Regular	Unleaded Premium	All Types ^a
270 4	20.0	N/A	N/A	A14
73 Average	38.8	NA NA	NA NA	NA
74 Average	53.2	NA NA	NA	NA
75 Average	56.7	NA	NA	NA
76 Average	59.0	61.4	NA	NA
77 Average	62.2	65.6	NA	NA
78 Average	62.6	67.0	NA	65.2
79 Average	85.7	90.3	NA	88.2
80 Average	119.1	124.5	NA	122.1
81 Average ^b	131.1	137.8	° 147.0	135.3
82 Average	122.2	129.6	141.5	128.1
B3 Average	115.7	124.1	138.3	122.5
84 Average	112.9	121.2	136.6	119.8
85 Average	111.5	120.2	134.0	119.6
86 Average	85.7	92.7	108.5	93.1
87 Average	89.7	94.8	109.3	95.7
38 Average	89.9	94.6	110.7	96.3
	99.8	102.1	119.7	106.0
89 Average				
90 Average	114.9	116.4	134.9	121.7
91 Average	NA	114.0	132.1	119.6
92 Average	NA	112.7	131.6	119.0
93 January	NA	111.7	131.3	118.2
February	NA	110.8	130.1	117.2
March	NA	109.8	129.4	116.3
April	NA	111.2	130.4	117.5
May	NA	112.9	131.9	119.3
June	NA	113.0	132.1	119.4
July	NA	110.9	130.5	117.4
August	NA	109.7	129.4	116.3
September	NA	108.5	128.2	115.1
October	NA	112.7	132.3	119.3
November	NA	111.3	130.5	117.8
December	NA	107.0	126.8	113.6
Average	NA	110.8	130.2	117.3
94 January	NA	104.3	124.0	110.9
February	NA	105.1	124.5	111.4
March	NA NA	104.5	124.3	110.9
April	NA	106.4	126.0	112.8
May	NA	108.0	127.4	114.3
June	NA	110.6	130.0	116.7
July	NA	113.6	132.7	119.9
August	NA	118.2	136.7	124.3
September	NA	117.7	136.4	123.7
October	NA NA	117.7	134.5	121.2
November	NA	116.3	135.4	122.2
December	NA	114.3	133.7	120.3
Average	NA	111.2	130.5	117.4
95 January	NA	112.9	132.4	119.0
February	NA	112.0	131.6	118.1
March	NA	111.5	130.6	117.3
April	NA	114.0	132.5	119.7
May	NA	120.0	138.3	125.6
June	NA	122.6	141.1	128.1
July	NA	119.5	138.4	125.2
August	NA	116.4	135.2	122.2
September	NA	114.8	133.2	120.6
October	NA	112.7	131.5	118.5
November	NA NA	110.1	129.2	
				116.1
December	NA	110.1	129.0	116.0
Average	NA	114.7	133.6	120.5

Notes: • See Note 5 at end of section. • Geographic coverage for

1973-1977 is 56 urban areas. Geographic coverage for 1978 forward is $85\,$ urban areas.

Sources: • Monthly Data: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Consumer Prices: Energy. • Annual Data: 1973—Platt's Oil Price Handbook and Oilmanac, 1974, 51st Edition. 1974 forward—calculated by the Energy Information Administration as the simple averages of monthly data.

^a Also includes types of motor gasoline not shown separately.

^b In September 1981, the Bureau of Labor Statistics changed the weights used in the calculation of average motor gasoline prices. From September 1981 forward, gasohol is included in the average for all types, and unleaded premium is weighted more heavily.

^C Based on September through December data only.

NA=Not available.

Table 9.5 Refiner Prices of Residual Fuel Oil

	Residual Fuel Oil Sulfur Content Less Than or Equal to 1 Percent		Sulfur	ll Fuel Oil Content an 1 Percent	Average		
	Sales for Resale	Sales to End Users	Sales for Resale	Sales to End Users	Sales for Resale	Sales to End Users	
978 Average	29.3	31.4	24.5	27.5	26.3	29.8	
979 Average	45.0	46.8	36.6	38.9	39.9	43.6	
980 Average	60.8	67.5	47.9	52.3	52.8	60.7	
981 Average	74.8	82.9	62.2	67.3	66.3	75.6	
982 Average	69.5	74.7	57.2	61.1	61.2	67.6	
983 Average	64.3	69.5	57.2 59.1	61.1	60.9	65.1	
_	68.5	72.0	63.9	65.9	65.4	68.7	
984 Average							
985 Average	61.0	64.4	56.0	58.2	57.7	61.0	
986 Average	32.8	37.2	28.9	31.7	30.5	34.3	
987 Average	41.2	44.7	36.2	39.6	38.5	42.3	
988 Average	33.3	37.2	27.1	30.0	30.0	33.4	
989 Average	40.7	43.6	33.1	34.4	36.0	38.5	
990 Average	47.2	50.5	37.2	40.0	41.3	44.4	
991 Average	36.4	40.2	29.2	30.6	31.4	34.0	
992 Average	35.1	38.9	28.6	31.2	30.8	33.6	
993 January	36.8	40.7	27.3	32.3	31.5	35.2	
February	35.5	40.8	26.7	31.0	30.9	34.5	
March	39.1	42.6	27.5	31.6	32.9	35.6	
April	38.4	43.6	29.0	32.4	33.3	36.5	
May	34.8	41.9	27.8	34.1	31.1	36.8	
June	33.7	40.6	26.7	31.5	30.2	34.7	
	32.7	40.2	24.6	28.5	27.5	33.1	
July	32.7 31.6	36.4	23.7	28.7	27.5 27.2	32.0	
August							
September	31.9	37.0	24.1	28.6	27.1	31.5	
October	32.1	38.3	25.7	29.6	28.7	32.2	
November	30.7	38.1	22.5	27.5	26.2	30.5	
December	27.5	35.1	21.8	25.8	24.8	29.2	
Average	33.7	39.7	25.6	30.3	29.3	33.7	
994 January	33.6	39.1	22.8	27.8	28.3	32.5	
February	39.3	44.8	25.7	31.3	33.8	36.8	
March	30.0	39.9	24.3	29.5	27.4	32.9	
April	29.4	35.2	25.8	29.5	27.5	31.1	
May	31.7	35.9	27.5	31.1	29.5	32.6	
June	35.8	38.6	31.1	34.2	33.5	35.6	
July	37.8	41.2	34.5	37.2	36.2	38.4	
August	37.1	43.0	32.7	38.2	35.2	39.6	
September	32.6	41.1	27.8	32.2	30.1	34.4	
October	32.6	38.7	30.6	33.0	31.6	34.5	
November	35.6	40.0	32.9	35.7	34.2	36.9	
		40.0 42.2			34.2 34.1	36.9 38.3	
December Average	36.9 34.5	42.2 40.1	32.0 28.7	36.9 33.0	34.1 31.7	35.3 35.2	
995 January	38.4	46.0	33.3	37.7	35.9	40.0	
February	37.1	43.7	33.3	38.2	35.4	39.8	
						39.6 40.5	
March	38.3	43.4	35.2	39.6	37.0		
April	36.8	42.6	36.1	39.6	36.5	40.3	
May	40.4	43.6	37.3	41.7	38.8	42.2	
June	39.9	45.1	36.9	41.3	38.7	42.1	
July	36.8	42.9	32.5	36.5	35.3	38.2	
August	35.2	39.1	30.0	33.7	33.1	35.1	
September	36.4	39.0	30.5	34.0	33.8	35.1	
October	35.2	41.7	R 32.4	34.5	34.0	R 35.9	
November	36.5	43.4	31.8	35.5	34.3	37.4	

R=Revised data.

Notes: • Sales for resale are those made to purchasers other than ultimate consumers. Sales to end users are those made directly to ultimate consumers, including bulk consumers (such as agriculture, industry, and electric utilities) and commercial consumers. • Values for the current month

are preliminary. • Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration (EIA) estimates. See Note 6 at end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Source: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, February 1996, Table 19.

Table 9.6 Refiner Prices of Petroleum Products for Resale

	Finished Motor Gasoline ^a	Finished Aviation Gasoline	Kerosene- Type Jet Fuel	Kerosene	No. 2 Fuel Oil	No. 2 Diesel Fuel	Propane (Consume Grade)
	Gasonne	Gasonne	Jet Fuel	Refuserie	Oii	ruei	Grade)
1978 Average	43.4	53.7	38.6	40.4	36.9	36.5	23.7
979 Average	63.7	72.1	66.0	62.4	56.9	57.4	29.1
980 Average	94.1	112.8	86.8	86.4	80.3	80.1	41.5
981 Average	106.4	125.0	101.2	106.6	97.6	97.2	46.6
982 Average	97.3	122.8	95.3	101.8	91.4	91.4	42.7
983 Average	88.2	117.8	85.4	89.2	81.5	80.8	48.4
984 Average	83.2	116.5	83.0	91.6	82.1	80.3	45.0
985 Average	83.5	113.0	79.4	87.4	77.6	77.2	39.8
986 Average	53.1	91.2	49.5	60.6	48.6	45.2	29.0
987 Average	58.9	85.9	53.8	59.2	52.7	53.4	25.2
988 Average	57.7	85.0	49.5	54.9	47.3	47.3	24.0
989 Average	65.4	95.0	58.3	66.9	56.5	56.7	24.7
990 Average	78.6	106.3	77.3	83.9	69.7	69.4	38.6
991 Average	69.9	100.1	65.0	72.2	62.2	61.5	34.9
992 Average	67.7	99.1	60.5	63.2	57.9	59.1	32.8
	VI.II	55.1	55.5		01.0	55.1	32.0
993 January	63.8	96.9	57.7	61.4	54.4	54.9	40.2
February	63.8	96.5	60.4	63.7	56.9	57.4	36.7
March	65.2	97.4	60.3	65.4	59.0	60.0	38.2
April	67.7	97.7	59.8	60.8	57.5	59.8	36.2
May	69.1	99.4	60.1	58.3	56.9	59.6	34.0
	66.2	99.1		56.9			33.8
June			58.5		55.0	57.2	
July	62.7	97.9	55.1	53.6	51.0	53.2	33.3
August	62.9	96.9	55.1	55.6	51.0	53.2	33.3
September	61.5	96.3	56.6	58.7	54.8	58.9	34.1
October	61.7	95.0	60.5	65.5	58.1	65.8	34.7
November	57.0	92.7	58.7	62.4	53.1	58.9	33.6
December	50.3	87.4	51.0	53.6	45.1	46.8	30.9
Average	62.6	96.5	57.7	60.4	54.4	57.0	35.1
004 (50.0	07.4	50.0	05.7	50.7	40.4	20.0
994 January	52.2	87.1	52.9	65.7	50.7	49.1	32.3
February	54.6	87.8	56.0	73.5	54.2	52.8	34.0
March	54.9	87.4	52.5	59.9	49.7	52.9	31.8
April	57.9	89.5	50.9	55.1	48.9	52.3	30.4
May	59.2	91.2	50.6	53.2	49.0	51.7	30.4
June	62.6	93.2	51.5	53.9	49.8	52.3	29.9
July	65.4	96.1	53.8	55.1	50.9	53.7	29.8
August	67.8	98.5	54.4	55.1	51.4	54.1	31.0
September	61.0	97.3	54.0	55.3	50.1	54.2	31.7
	61.4	95.4	54.4		50.8	55.2	33.5
October				59.1			
November	62.2	95.2	56.3	60.7	51.0	55.1	35.0
December Average	58.0 59.9	94.2 93.3	53.1 53.4	57.4 61.8	49.5 50.6	51.0 52.9	35.7 32.4
Avelage	55.5	33.3	33.4	01.0	30.0	32.3	32.4
995 January	60.1	92.9	52.3	56.7	49.4	50.1	35.6
February	60.3	93.2	52.1	55.2	49.1	50.6	34.5
March	60.0	93.1	50.1	52.8	48.1	51.2	34.3
April	66.5	96.6	52.6	56.0	50.4	54.8	33.0
May	71.8	102.2	54.7	57.7	52.4	55.9	33.2
	68.2	102.2	54.7 53.1		52.4 49.3		33.2 32.6
June				53.2		52.6	
July	62.9	100.1	51.3	52.3	48.1	51.4	32.1
August	62.0	98.9	53.1	54.9	51.0	54.2	33.2
September	62.3	98.7	55.2	58.0	52.0	55.7	33.8
October	58.8	95.8	54.1	57.0	50.5	54.6	34.4
November	58.1	93.8	56.2	60.5	53.3	56.3	34.6

a See Note 5 at end of section.

Notes: ■ Sales for resale are those made to purchasers other than ultimate consumers. Sales to end users are shown in Table 9.7; they are sales made directly to ultimate consumers, including bulk consumers (such as agriculture, industry, and electric utilities) and residential and commercial

consumers. • Values for the current month are preliminary. • Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration (EIA) estimates. See Note 6 at end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Source: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, February 1996, Table 4.

Table 9.7 Refiner Prices of Petroleum Products to End Users

	Finished Motor Gasoline ^a	Finished Aviation Gasoline	Kerosene- Type Jet Fuel	Kerosene	No. 2 Fuel Oil	No. 2 Diesel Fuel	Propane (Consumer Grade)
978 Average	48.4	51.6	38.7	42.1	40.0	37.7	33.5
979 Average	71.3	68.9	54.7	58.5	51.6	58.5	35.7
980 Average	103.5	108.4	86.8	90.2	78.8	81.8	48.2
981 Average	114.7	130.3	102.4	112.3	91.4	99.5	56.5
982 Average	106.0	131.2	96.3	108.9	90.5	94.2	59.2
983 Average	95.4	125.5	87.8	96.1	91.6	82.6	70.9
984 Average	90.7	123.4	84.2	103.6	91.6	82.3	73.7
985 Average	91.2	120.1	79.6	103.0	84.9	78.9	71.7
986 Average	62.4	101.1	52.9	79.0	56.0	47.8	74.5
987 Average	66.9	90.7	54.3	77.0	58.1	55.1	70.1
988 Average	67.3	89.1	51.3	73.8	54.4	50.0	71.4
989 Average	75.6	99.5	59.2	70.9	58.7	58.5	61.5
990 Average	88.3	112.0	76.6	92.3	73.4	72.5	74.5
991 Average	79.7	104.7	65.2	83.8	66.5	64.8	73.0
992 Average	78.7	102.7	61.0	78.8	62.7	61.9	64.3
993 January	76.9	100.3	58.5	81.4	62.8	59.0	74.8
February	76.0	99.9	59.9	81.3	64.7	60.6	74.3
March	75.7	99.4	60.7	83.2	66.2	62.8	75.4
April	77.8	100.7	59.7	77.0	61.9	62.4	69.5
May	80.1	102.2	59.9	68.8	59.8	62.3	67.3
June	79.8	102.5	58.7	65.3	57.6	60.5	63.9
July	77.6	99.7	55.3	61.4	54.1	56.9	62.2
August	76.2	98.8	54.6	61.9	54.6	56.2	61.8
September	74.9	98.2	56.9	66.5	57.3	60.4	63.6
October	75.4	98.0	61.3	77.5	63.3	66.7	60.2
November	72.6	95.7	59.6	79.4	61.6	62.5	61.6
December	68.0	91.2	51.2	72.5	55.7	52.4	64.0
Average	75.9	99.0	58.0	75.4	60.2	60.2	67.3
994 January	66.8	88.6	51.5	79.5	59.5	52.5	61.8
February	67.6	88.4	55.7	84.1	63.9	55.4	63.5
March	67.3 69.5	89.0	51.8 50.7	78.2 69.7	60.8 58.0	54.9 54.7	58.5
April	69.5 71.1	91.3			58.0 53.5		54.9 46.4
May	71.1 74.1	92.3 95.6	51.0 51.9	55.2 54.5	53.5 54.0	54.3 54.9	46.4 45.5
June	74.1 77.0	95.6 97.4		54.5 60.4	54.0 54.9		
July	81.5	101.7	53.5 54.4	57.8	55.0	55.8 56.7	46.4 48.3
August September	79.6	101.7	53.9	58.3	54.4	56.6	47.1
October	76.9	100.0	55.0	61.5	55.7	57.1	49.4
November	76.9 77.5	100.0	55.0 57.2	64.0	56.7	57.1 57.2	51.0
December	77.5 75.1	99.2	57.2 53.9	64.7	56. <i>7</i> 56.4	54.5	51.0 51.9
Average	73.8	95.7	53.4	66.0	57.2	55.4	53.0
995 January	74.5	99.6	52.3	67.4	56.1	53.4	54.5
February	73.3	99.8	52.2	62.7	55.9	53.3	55.1
March	73.1	99.0	50.5	59.4	54.4	53.5	53.3
April	77.3	101.3	52.8	56.1	55.6	56.6	46.6
May	83.4	105.8	55.0	51.8	55.8	58.1	43.1
June	83.9	106.4	53.2	54.9	52.8	55.7	42.9
July	80.0	101.8	51.9	51.3	51.5	54.0	42.2
August	76.9	99.2	53.4	53.3	53.3	55.8	44.9
September	75.8	101.3	55.7	57.3	56.2	57.4	45.7
October	^R 73.6	96.8	54.9	56.5	54.1	56.5	49.2
		00.0		55.0	U 1. 1		

 $^{^{\}rm a}\,$ See Note 5 at end of section.

Notes: • Sales to end users are those made directly to ultimate consumers, including bulk consumers (such as agriculture, industry, and electric utilities) and residential and commercial consumers. Sales for resale are shown in Table 9.6; they are sales made to purchasers other than

ultimate consumers. • Values for the current month are preliminary. • Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration (EIA) estimates. See Note 6 at end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Source: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, February 1996, Table 2.

R=Revised data.

Table 9.8a No. 2 Distillate Prices to Residences: Northeastern States

	Maine	New Hampshire	Vermont	Massachusetts	Rhode Island	Connecticut	New York	New Jersey	Pennsylvania
1978 Average	48.6	50.3	50.8	48.8	50.7	50.1	50.1	49.6	48.8
•	68.8	72.5	72.5	70.9	72.8	72.0	71.2	71.0	69.8
979 Average									
980 Average	96.3	100.4	101.5	97.8	101.1	98.3	98.2	97.9	96.4
981 Average	120.4	123.7	125.4	121.3	123.8	121.7	123.2	121.5	118.1
982 Average	115.5	117.4	120.1	117.6	120.1	118.3	120.5	117.4	113.7
983 Average	102.8	104.1	112.9	109.1	110.5	109.1	112.1	107.9	105.8
984 Average	103.9	108.4	111.9	111.6	111.4	112.1	115.5	111.0	107.9
1985 Average	99.7	102.4	107.7	107.0	106.7	108.0	111.3	105.9	102.3
986 Average	74.4	75.9	86.6	82.1	82.8	89.0	91.1	90.2	81.4
1987 Average	74.7	76.5	81.1	80.6	82.5	83.4	85.2	84.3	76.9
1988 Average	77.7	78.2	82.6	82.1	83.6	85.3	86.3	84.8	77.8
1989 Average	89.4	89.3	90.5	92.6	93.9	92.9	95.8	91.8	85.1
1990 Average	98.9	102.8	107.0	108.4	108.6	109.8	112.5	108.7	102.6
1991 Average	96.0	91.6	101.9	103.0	99.9	106.2	111.3	104.0	99.7
1992 Average	87.1	85.6	92.1	92.5	91.2	94.7	102.8	93.9	89.0
1993 January	85.2	87.1	93.4	94.0	91.7	94.9	104.4	96.2	88.6
February	85.4	86.9	93.3	94.4	91.8	96.2	104.2	96.4	89.1
March	86.4	86.6	93.7	94.8	92.4	96.7	104.3	96.2	89.8
April	83.0	84.5	91.2	91.5	90.4	93.6	100.4	95.0	89.0
May	81.7	83.9	91.3	91.1	90.7	91.6	99.5	91.6	86.7
June	81.1	82.4	89.7	88.6	87.6	88.6	97.8	87.1	83.9
July	78.5	78.3	85.5	83.9	85.2	86.5	95.1	87.4	78.8
August	77.4	76.0	85.6	83.4	82.7	84.0	92.7	85.3	77.1
September	78.3	74.9	86.6	83.8	84.8	84.2	93.6	85.9	80.4
October	82.9	77.0	87.6	86.1	86.0	88.6	96.3	89.7	83.2
November	80.8	76.9	86.6	85.7	87.8	88.8	95.9	89.4	84.7
December	79.6	70.9 77.5	86.9	83.9	85.9	88.2	93.9	87.3	84.2
Average	82.6	82.8	90.4	89.7	89.3	91.9	100.1	92.4	86.3
1 994 January	83.8	80.4	88.8	88.4	87.3	90.2	97.2	91.7	87.7
February	90.4	86.6	92.3	91.3	91.4	93.8	101.7	94.8	92.5
March	85.9	83.6	91.0	88.3	89.4	92.1	100.3	93.9	90.4
	80.8	78.2	88.3	86.0	85.1	89.4	96.4	90.7	86.2
April	76.8	75.4	86.7	85.1	83.3	85.4	96.3	85.4	83.7
May									
June	75.6	73.1	84.6	83.7	82.3	86.1	96.8	83.5	80.1
July	75.6	71.8	83.0	82.1	81.6	84.2	93.9	82.9	75.7
August	78.0	72.8	83.8	78.7	84.0	79.7	89.1	85.9	77.9
September	78.5	72.9	83.3	81.1	84.7	80.5	90.8	85.4	79.1
October	77.5	74.0	83.9	83.0	84.4	83.7	92.9	86.8	80.2
November	77.7	73.7	84.3	83.6	85.8	84.0	93.3	88.6	81.4
December Average	77.5 81.8	77.3 79.2	85.3 87.6	84.2 87.0	87.2 88.5	86.1 89.0	94.6 96.6	89.6 89.5	82.0 85.7
_									
1 995 January	77.8	78.4	85.8	84.8	87.3	86.7	95.6	NA	83.1
February	77.4	78.5	85.9	84.9	87.3	87.8	97.0	NA	83.4
March	76.3	77.7	85.6	83.7	87.0	87.0	97.0	NA	82.3
April	76.7	76.6	84.8	83.3	86.5	85.2	94.8	NA	80.9
May	78.7	75.8	84.5	85.4	86.1	86.5	96.0	87.8	81.1
June	78.0	74.5	83.7	84.0	83.2	84.2	95.9	87.4	79.5
July	76.9	72.9	81.6	80.6	81.7	79.4	92.9	85.3	75.8
August	76.6	73.1	81.7	80.9	85.3	77.4	90.3	81.9	75.5
September	76.2	73.8	82.5	81.8	84.5	79.2	91.1	83.7	77.2
October	75.8	73.9	82.5	R 82.3	R 85.7	R 82.9	^R 94.7	85.0	^R 79.5
	79.0	77.2	84.5	83.8	87.4	85.3	96.4	88.1	82.0

R=Revised data. NA=Not available.

Notes: • States are grouped in Tables 9.8a, 9.8b, and 9.8c by geographic region of the country. • Values for the current month are preliminary.

Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration (EIA) estimates. See Note 6 at end of section. Source: EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, February 1996, Table 18.

Table 9.8b No. 2 Distillate Prices to Residences: Selected South Atlantic and Midwestern States

	Delaware	District of Columbia	Maryland	Virginia	West Virginia	Ohio	Michigan	Indiana	Illinois	Wisconsin	Minnesota
1978 Average	47.8	50.7	49.2	49.1	46.2	47.4	47.9	48.5	46.5	44.7	47.8
1979 Average	68.2	74.2	70.1	70.4	65.1	68.6	70.9	72.7	68.8	67.3	72.4
1980 Average	95.4	102.6	97.9	98.5	92.2	91.9	97.8	99.6	95.8	91.5	99.9
1981 Average	117.3	127.4	121.4	120.5	115.0	113.2	118.3	118.5	114.9	109.1	118.4
1982 Average	111.3	124.5	117.1	117.7	109.3	110.2	113.9	114.3	110.9	107.8	115.1
1983 Average	106.0	117.0	110.3 113.5	108.7 110.5	101.0 102.1	101.3	106.4 105.0	100.7 103.1	100.4 100.1	101.2 101.0	103.1 104.1
1984 Average 1985 Average	109.6 104.6	118.7 114.3	108.8	106.3	98.0	102.1 99.7	103.0	99.1	97.5	98.3	104.1
1986 Average	85.0	93.1	91.4	86.6	74.6	77.7	81.0	74.8	NA	75.6	79.2
1987 Average	79.3	91.8	86.6	79.5	76.4	74.7	77.5	75.4	79.8	75.1	74.6
1988 Average	80.1	91.6	87.0	80.5	74.2	74.7	77.5	75.4	77.6	73.9	73.5
1989 Average	88.2	98.6	93.8	87.0	83.0	81.6	85.3	83.2	80.9	81.1	82.4
1990 Average	105.8	107.8	111.9	110.6	99.1	98.1	100.9	99.3	96.1	94.2	101.4
1991 Average	99.7	112.2	108.4	101.1	93.4	91.0	94.2	91.8	92.7	89.5	91.1
1992 Average	92.3	105.7	100.0	92.8	86.4	83.6	87.2	81.2	87.7	81.6	82.6
1993 January	91.2	105.2	100.5	92.4	88.5	84.2	88.1	81.8	87.3	82.8	82.9
February	90.8	106.8	101.4	93.5	88.8	85.5	87.5	82.3	88.2	83.3	83.0
March	92.4 91.6	108.5 106.7	101.7 99.2	94.2 90.3	90.1 87.6	86.6 86.9	89.9 90.5	83.1 84.9	90.0 86.5	84.0 84.6	83.9 83.4
April May	89.4	106.7	96.2	90.3 88.4	87.0	86.0	90.5 89.2	83.6	84.8	84.9	84.3
June	90.6	100.4	94.7	85.7	87.0	86.5	87.2	82.0	81.3	84.0	83.6
July	86.4	100.2	92.3	84.5	81.0	79.2	83.2	79.1	79.4	84.0	82.4
August	83.5	96.1	91.3	84.0	80.1	78.6	82.1	76.7	77.4	78.6	79.9
September	84.6	95.5	92.4	84.9	80.5	81.4	85.5	79.3	81.2	82.6	83.1
October	87.4	102.1	94.1	85.1	84.3	85.5	89.9	82.7	87.2	81.6	87.0
November	88.3	100.9	95.8	84.2	84.3	84.5	86.3	80.2	82.4	82.5	84.8
December	88.6	100.5	94.6	85.5	84.8	80.9	82.0	77.1	78.6	78.6	80.6
Average	89.9	104.5	98.1	89.3	85.6	84.0	87.2	81.0	84.4	82.3	83.2
1994 January	92.1	102.5	98.8	88.6	86.3	81.3	85.6	79.1	78.8	79.9	80.5
February	91.5	105.5	99.5	88.6	86.3	84.2	88.0	82.0	82.2	81.8	80.6
March	91.2 89.2	102.0 93.7	96.3 92.4	86.6 83.0	85.0 77.8	82.5 82.7	87.7 87.7	81.0 81.2	78.7 76.1	82.4 81.4	80.0 80.3
April May	84.4	83.1	86.8	82.2	73.5	83.3	87.3	79.9	73.3	80.8	79.9
June	82.0	W	87.7	79.7	72.4	82.2	86.9	81.5	75.5	79.9	79.7
July	80.5	W	87.8	79.6	72.9	76.8	87.7	80.0	75.3	81.4	79.8
August	82.3	81.9	86.0	80.5	74.8	76.0	84.3	81.6	77.2	79.1	80.8
September	83.1	86.2	87.8	80.4	76.2	79.9	84.2	82.6	76.6	79.8	81.2
October	84.9	95.5	90.0	82.3	79.3	79.8	85.2	81.7	77.6	80.7	81.4
November	86.0	97.7	92.4	84.1	81.4	79.8	85.9	81.2	80.8	80.9	81.2
December Average	86.1 89.4	101.3 100.0	94.3 95.0	84.8 85.3	81.3 80.9	81.1 81.2	86.1 86.3	82.4 81.2	80.4 78.4	81.2 81.1	80.3 80.6
_											
1995 January	88.5 88.6	102.4 103.4	94.2 95.0	84.9 84.6	82.1 82.3	81.2 80.9	86.2 85.8	81.7 80.1	82.0 80.8	81.1 80.3	80.1 79.1
February March	88.6 87.6	103.4	95.0 94.2	84.0	82.3 81.4	80.9 80.4	85.8 85.7	82.3	76.6	80.3 80.4	79.1 80.4
April	87.0	100.0	91.3	84.0	80.2	81.9	86.3	82.7	81.5	81.1	80.5
May	85.2	93.3	89.6	83.0	76.2	80.8	86.1	83.9	81.6	81.5	80.5
June	83.2	NA	86.7	82.3	77.3	78.8	83.5	83.7	77.0	81.3	77.3
July	80.0	85.1	83.2	81.2	75.3	76.6	82.0	82.0	76.6	81.0	76.5
August	82.2	W	82.6	80.8	74.3	72.6	82.1	79.3	72.9	78.5	77.3
September	82.4	86.1	85.5	81.6	76.0	77.5	84.5	81.0	75.6	80.7	79.5
October	83.1	NA	R 89.5	82.5	77.1	79.0	R 83.9	82.1	74.6	80.4	80.1
November	84.0	100.2	93.1	84.0	80.8	81.6	86.9	83.5	78.9	81.5	80.4

R=Revised data. NA=Not available. W=Value withheld to avoid disclosure

Notes: • States are grouped in Tables 9.8a, 9.8b, and 9.8c by geographic region of the country. • Values for the current month are preliminary.

[•] Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration (EIA) estimates. See Note 6 at end of section.

Source: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, February 1996, Table 18.

Table 9.8c No. 2 Distillate Prices to Residences: Selected Western States and U.S. Average

	Idaho	Washington	Oregon	Alaska	U.S. Average
			<u>_</u>	1	
978 Average	43.6	48.6	45.8	53.2	49.0
979 Average	62.1	69.7	68.0	68.2	70.4
080 Average	91.6	100.8	97.3	97.8	97.4
981 Average	110.4	116.5	111.4	118.0	119.4
	110.4	117.6	111.6	117.4	116.0
82 Average					
83 Average	101.8	109.0	103.6	108.8	107.8
84 Average	98.5	102.6	99.3	106.9	109.1
85 Average	97.2	101.1	97.1	108.3	105.3
86 Average	73.8	77.5	70.4	94.9	83.6
87 Average	68.8	79.5	72.5	86.5	80.3
88 Average	68.8	78.5	70.9	86.9	81.3
89 Average	77.8	87.4	80.2	96.4	90.0
	97.4	102.9	97.0	110.1	106.3
90 Average					
991 Average	95.1	101.6	93.3	105.0	101.9
92 Average	85.7	94.0	87.6	94.1	93.4
193 January	85.0	100.5	91.7	95.1	94.3
February	84.1	101.6	89.9	95.1	94.6
March	87.8	99.0	90.7	96.9	95.4
	84.6	100.5	90.7	96.1	92.6
April					
May	83.2	99.1	91.3	96.8	91.1
June	82.8	95.1	90.3	98.1	88.9
July	80.0	91.3	86.1	98.0	85.6
August	77.0	89.3	83.5	99.7	84.1
September	85.3	97.1	92.0	95.2	85.5
October	94.7	105.4	100.2	98.6	88.7
November	97.4	103.7	97.4	95.0	88.5
December	81.1	96.6	87.8	91.7	86.6
Average	86.2	99.9	91.8	96.1	91.1
94 January	73.2	92.8	86.0	88.8	89.6
February	73.7	96.3	88.3	88.6	92.9
March	77.4	97.1	88.4	89.2	91.4
April	76.2	97.5	88.1	88.6	88.2
May	76.9	96.2	87.6	90.0	86.1
June	72.8	93.1	85.1	87.7	85.2
July	74.6	NA	82.5	88.2	82.7
August	80.8	NA	NA	80.8	82.1
September	83.1	90.2	87.8	83.4	83.2
October	85.8	96.2	91.1	85.1	84.7
	84.8	99.0	91.6	86.6	85.7
November					
December	84.6	97.3	89.4	84.7	86.8
Average	78.9	95.0	88.7	86.5	88.4
95 January	80.3	95.4	88.5	83.5	87.4
February	79.7	94.8	87.0	84.0	87.9
March	80.0	94.5	88.8	84.2	87.4
April	81.0	NA	90.4	82.8	86.2
May	83.2	NA	91.5	82.3	86.4
June	82.8	NA	89.9	82.7	84.7
July	82.9	94.0	NA	81.7	82.0
August	83.5	91.2	86.3	81.7	80.6
September	86.6	95.5	87.1	83.1	82.3
October	R 88.8	R 97.8	^R 90.6	R 83.5	R 84.2
November	87.9	99.5	92.7	84.7	86.7

R=Revised data. NA=Not available.

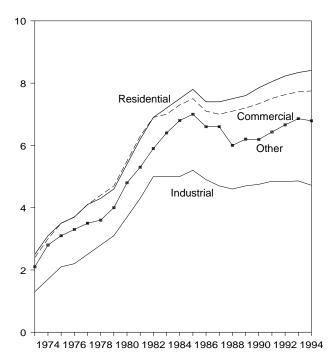
Notes: • States are grouped in Tables 9.8a, 9.8b, and 9.8c by geographic region of the country. • Values for the current month are preliminary.

[•] Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration (EIA) estimates. See Note 6 at end of section.
Source: EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, February 1996, Table 18.

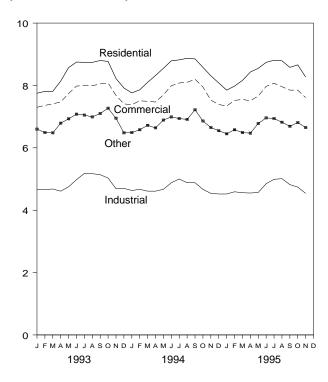
Figure 9.2 Retail Prices of Electricity Sold by Electric Utilities

(Cents per Kilowatthour)

By Sector, 1973-1994



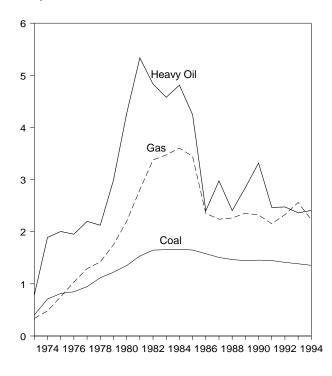
By Sector, Monthly



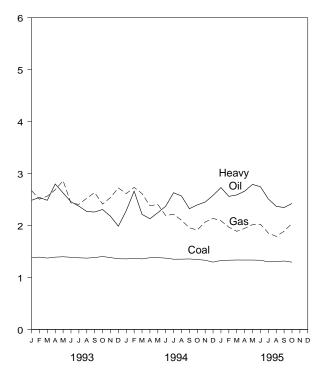
Source: Table 9.9, Monthly Series.

Figure 9.3 Cost of Fossil-Fuel Receipts at Steam-Electric Plants
(Dollars per Million Btu)

Costs, 1973-1994



Costs, Monthly



Source: Table 9.10.

Table 9.9 Retail Prices of Electricity Sold by Electric Utilities

(Cents per Kilowatthour)

	Resid	ential	Comm	ercial	Indus	strial	Oth	er ^a	Tot	al ^b
	Monthly Series ^c	Annual Series								
1973 Average	2.5	NA	2.4	NA	1.3	NA	2.1	NA	2.0	NA
1974 Average	3.1	NA	3.0	NA	1.7	NA	2.8	NA	2.5	NA
1975 Average	3.5	NA NA	3.5	NA	2.1	NA NA	3.1	NA	2.9	NA
					2.1					
1976 Average	3.7	NA	3.7	NA		NA	3.3	NA	3.1	NA
1977 Average	4.1	NA	4.1	NA	2.5	NA	3.5	NA	3.4	NA
1978 Average	4.3	NA	4.4	NA	2.8	NA	3.6	NA	3.7	NA
1979 Average	4.6	NA	4.7	NA	3.1	NA	4.0	NA	4.0	NA
1980 Average	5.4	NA	5.5	NA	3.7	NA	4.8	NA	4.7	NA
1981 Average	6.2	NA	6.3	NA	4.3	NA	5.3	NA	5.5	NA
1982 Average	6.9	NA	6.9	NA	5.0	NA	5.9	NA	6.1	NA
1983 Average	7.2	NA	7.0	NA	5.0	NA	6.4	NA	6.3	NA
1984 Average	7.5	7.15	7.3	7.13	5.0	4.83	6.8	5.90	6.5	6.25
1985 Average	7.8	7.39	7.5	7.27	5.2	4.97	7.0	6.09	6.7	6.44
1986 Average	7.4	7.42	7.1	7.20	4.9	4.93	6.6	6.11	6.4	6.44
	7.4	7.45	7.0	7.08	4.7	4.77	6.6	6.21	6.3	6.37
1987 Average										
1988 Average	7.5	7.48	7.1	7.04	4.6	4.70	6.0	6.20	6.3	6.35
1989 Average	7.6	7.65	7.2	7.20	4.7	4.72	6.2	6.25	6.4	6.45
1990 Average	7.85	7.83	7.34	7.34	4.75	4.74	6.19	6.40	6.57	6.57
1991 Average	8.05	8.04	7.51	7.53	4.85	4.83	6.43	6.51	6.75	6.75
1992 Average	8.23	8.21	7.63	7.66	4.84	4.83	6.66	6.74	6.83	6.82
1993 January	7.75	_	7.30	_	4.66	_	6.60	_	6.61	_
February	7.81	_	7.36	_	4.66	_	6.49	_	6.59	_
	7.81	_	7.41	_	4.68	_	6.48	_	6.58	_
March					4.61		6.79			_
April	8.14	_	7.47	_		_		_	6.61	_
May	8.57	_	7.74	-	4.75	_	6.93	_	6.81	_
June	8.75	_	7.98	-	4.98	_	7.08	_	7.13	_
July	8.74	_	8.00	_	5.18	_	7.05	_	7.36	_
August	8.74	_	7.99	_	5.17	_	6.99	_	7.35	_
September	8.80	_	8.05	_	5.14	_	7.10	_	7.32	_
October	8.77	_	8.08	_	5.03	_	7.27	_	7.15	_
November	8.22	_	7.68	_	4.69	_	6.95	_	6.74	_
December	7.92	_	7.41	_	4.70	_	6.48	_	6.65	_
Average	8.34	8.32	7.72	7.74	4.86	4.85	6.86	6.88	6.92	6.93
1004 January	7.76	_	7.38		4.63	_	6.49		6.66	
1994 January				_				_		_
February	7.86	_	7.51	-	4.67	_	6.58	_	6.69	_
March	8.10	_	7.49	_	4.61	_	6.72	_	6.68	_
April	8.32	-	7.47	_	4.61	_	6.64	_	6.67	_
May	8.55	_	7.70	_	4.67	_	6.89	_	6.80	_
June	8.79	_	7.99	-	4.88	_	6.99	_	7.17	_
July	8.82	_	8.08	_	5.00	_	6.94	_	7.37	_
August	8.87	_	8.10	_	4.88	_	6.91	_	7.29	_
September	8.85	_	8.20	_	4.88	_	7.22	_	7.25	_
October	8.58	_	7.95	_	4.67	_	6.86	_	6.91	_
November	8.31	_	7.53	_	4.54	_	6.65	_	6.65	_
	8.08	_	7.39	_	4.52	_		_		
December Average	8.41	NA	7.39 7.75	NA	4.72	NA	6.55 6.79	NA	6.64 6.92	NA
_										
1995 January	7.85	_	7.34	-	4.52	_	6.45	-	6.60	_
February	7.98	_	7.52	-	4.59	_	6.58	_	6.68	_
March	8.16	_	7.55	_	4.56	_	6.49	_	6.67	_
April	8.43	_	7.51	_	4.55	_	6.47	_	6.67	_
May	8.55	_	7.66	_	4.57	_	6.78	_	6.76	_
June	8.74	_	7.97	_	4.85	_	6.96	_	7.12	_
July	8.81	_	8.07	_	4.99	_	6.94	_	7.36	_
August	8.79	_	7.96	_	5.01	_	6.82	_	7.36	_
September	8.58	_	7.85	_	4.82	_	6.69	-	7.09	-
October	8.66	_	7.85	-	4.74	_	6.81	-	6.95	_
November	8.27	_	7.61	-	4.54	_	6.65	_	6.71	_
11-Month Average	8.45	-	7.74	-	4.71	-	6.70	-	6.93	-
1994 11-Month Average	8.44	_	7.78	_	4.74	_	6.81	_	6.94	_
1993 11-Month Average	8.38		7.76 7.75	_	4.74 4.87	_	6.89	_	6.94 6.95	_
	× 4×	_	/ /5	_	4 X /	_	กหฯ	_		_

a "Other" is public street and highway lighting, other sales to public authorities, sales to railroads and railways, and interdepartmental sales.
 b Average price for total sales to ultimate consumers.

NA=Not available. -=Not applicable.

Notes: • Prices are calculated by dividing revenue by sales. Revenue may not correspond to sales for a particular month because of electric utility billing and accounting procedures. That lack of correspondence could result in uncharacteristic increases or decreases in the monthly prices. See Note 7 at end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
Sources: See end of section.

Annual values are the sum of the monthly revenue divided by the sum of the monthly sales. Data through 1979 cover privately owned electric utilities in Classes A and B. Data for 1980-1985 cover selected privately owned electric utilities in Class A whose electric operating revenue was \$100 million or more during the previous year. See Note 7 at end of section.

Table 9.10 Quantity and Cost of Fossil-Fuel Receipts at Steam-Electric Utility Plants

(thou short 1973 Year	14,842 14,848 14,868 11,527 14,858 11,527 14,858 13,995 16,558 13,995 16,558 13,995 11,427 12,728 14,111 16,964 11,298 17,775 16,627 19,923 15,219 19,225 13,381 14,219 19,225 13,381 14,2568	Cost (cents per million Btu) 40.5 70.9 81.4 84.8 94.7 111.6 122.4 135.1 153.2 164.7 165.6 166.4 164.8 157.9 150.6 146.6 144.5 145.5 144.7 141.2	Quantity (thousand barrels) 512,650 479,166 457,582 495,363 563,685 546,197 479,705 394,159 327,477 228,200 211,705 193,832 156,410 220,585 187,300 230,234 237,668 202,281 163,106 138,537	78.5 189.0 200.5 195.2 219.8 212.5 298.8 426.7 533.4 483.2 457.8 481.2 424.4 240.1 297.6 240.5 284.6 331.9 246.5 247.5	Tot Quantity (thousand barrels) 535,859 515,217 510,352 549,973 635,556 616,040 515,695 419,140 345,544 239,111 219,652 202,372 164,947 228,522 194,578 236,924 246,422 209,350 169,625	Rost (cents per million Btu) 80.0 191.0 202.3 199.0 224.9 219.1 307.2 435.1 542.5 492.2 462.8 486.3 431.7 243.7 301.1 243.9 289.3 338.4 255.4.8	Quantity (million cubic feet) 3,382,677 3,225,203 3,034,808 2,962,811 3,106,403 3,140,654 3,368,976 3,588,814 3,573,558 3,161,348 2,732,248 2,878,808 2,808,921 2,387,622 2,605,191 2,362,721 2,472,506 2,490,979 2,630,818	Cost (cents per million Btu) 33.8 48.2 75.2 103.4 129.1 142.2 174.9 219.9 280.5 337.6 347.4 360.3 344.4 235.1 224.0 226.3 235.5 232.1	Cost (cents per million Btu) 47.6 91.4 104.4 111.9 129.7 141.1 163.9 192.8 225.6 224.9 220.6 219.1 209.4 175.0 170.6 164.3 167.5 168.9
1973 Year	ousand rt tons) 14,842 14,868 11,527 14,858 10,6169 16,558 13,995 11,427 12,728 14,111 16,964 11,298 17,775 13,217 16,627 19,923 15,963 15,219 19,225 13,957 13,814	(cents per million Btu) 40.5 70.9 81.4 84.8 94.7 111.6 122.4 135.1 153.2 164.7 165.6 166.4 164.8 157.9 150.6 146.6 144.5 144.5 144.7 141.2	(thousand barrels) 512,650 479,166 457,582 495,363 563,685 546,197 479,705 394,159 327,477 228,200 211,705 193,832 156,410 220,585 187,300 230,234 237,668 202,281 163,106 138,537	(cents per million Btu) 78.5 189.0 200.5 195.2 219.8 212.5 298.8 426.7 533.4 483.2 457.8 481.2 424.4 240.1 297.6 240.5 284.6 331.9 246.5	(thousand barrels) 535,859 515,217 510,352 549,973 635,556 616,040 515,695 419,140 345,544 239,111 219,652 202,372 164,947 228,522 194,578 236,924 246,422 209,350	(cents per million Btu) 80.0 191.0 202.3 199.0 224.9 219.1 307.2 435.1 542.5 492.2 462.8 486.3 431.7 243.7 301.1 243.9 289.3 338.4	(million cubic feet) 3,382,677 3,225,203 3,034,808 2,962,811 3,106,403 3,140,654 3,368,976 3,588,814 3,573,558 3,161,348 2,732,248 2,878,808 2,808,921 2,387,622 2,605,191 2,362,721 2,472,506 2,490,979	(cents per million Btu) 33.8 48.2 75.2 103.4 129.1 142.2 174.9 219.9 280.5 337.6 347.4 360.3 344.4 235.1 224.0 226.3 235.5	(cents per million Btu) 47.6 91.4 104.4 111.9 129.7 141.1 163.9 192.8 225.6 224.9 220.6 219.1 209.4 175.0 170.6 164.3 167.5
1974 Year 384 1975 Year 431 1976 Year 454 1977 Year 490 1978 Year 556 1979 Year 556 1980 Year 553 1981 Year 579 1982 Year 601 1983 Year 684 1985 Year 666 1986 Year 721 1988 Year 721 1988 Year 753 1990 Year 769 1991 Year 769 1992 Year 775 1993 January 65 February 63 April 63 May 62 June 63 August 65 September 65 October 67 November 66 Year 769 1994 January 62 February 64 March 72 April 67	14,868 11,527 14,858 14,858 16,6169 16,558 13,995 11,427 12,728 11,427 12,728 11,427 12,728 11,427 12,728 11,777 16,627 19,923 15,963 15,219 19,225 13,957 13,814	70.9 81.4 84.8 94.7 111.6 122.4 135.1 153.2 164.7 165.6 166.4 164.8 157.9 150.6 146.6 144.5 144.5 144.7 141.2	479,166 457,582 495,363 563,685 546,197 479,705 394,159 327,477 228,200 211,705 193,832 156,410 220,585 187,300 230,234 237,668 202,281 163,106 138,537	189.0 200.5 195.2 219.8 212.5 298.8 426.7 533.4 483.2 457.8 481.2 424.4 240.1 297.6 240.5 284.6 331.9 246.5	515,217 510,352 549,973 635,556 616,040 515,695 419,140 345,544 239,111 219,652 202,372 164,947 228,522 194,578 236,924 246,422 209,350	191.0 202.3 199.0 224.9 219.1 307.2 435.1 542.5 492.2 462.8 486.3 431.7 243.7 301.1 243.9 289.3 338.4	3,225,203 3,034,808 2,962,811 3,106,403 3,140,654 3,568,976 3,588,814 3,573,558 3,161,348 2,732,248 2,808,921 2,387,622 2,605,191 2,362,721 2,472,506 2,490,979	48.2 75.2 103.4 129.1 142.2 174.9 219.9 280.5 337.6 347.4 360.3 344.4 235.1 224.0 226.3 235.5	91.4 104.4 111.9 129.7 141.1 163.9 192.8 225.6 224.9 220.6 219.1 209.4 175.0 170.6 164.3 167.5
1974 Year 384 1975 Year 451 1976 Year 451 1976 Year 454 1977 Year 450 1978 Year 556 1979 Year 556 1980 Year 579 1982 Year 601 1983 Year 668 1986 Year 688 1987 Year 721 1988 Year 721 1989 Year 769 1991 Year 769 1992 Year 769 1991 Year 769 1991 Year 769 1991 Year 769 1992 Year 769 1991 Year 769 1992 Year 775 1993 January 65 February 56 March 63 May 62 June 63 July 56 September 65 October 67 November 65 December 66 Year 769 1994 January 64 February 64 March 72 April 63 November 65 December 66 Year 769 1994 January 64 March 72 April 67 May 71 June 70 July 67 August 75 September 66 October 66	11,527 44,858 6,169 66,558 3,995 11,427 12,728 14,111 66,743 16,964 11,298 17,775 13,217 16,627 19,923 5,963 15,219 19,225 33,957 33,814	81.4 84.8 94.7 111.6 122.4 135.1 153.2 164.7 165.6 166.4 164.8 157.9 150.6 146.6 144.5 144.5 144.7 141.2	479,166 457,582 495,363 563,685 546,197 479,705 394,159 327,477 228,200 211,705 193,832 156,410 220,585 187,300 230,234 237,668 202,281 163,106 138,537	200.5 195.2 219.8 212.5 298.8 426.7 533.4 483.2 457.8 481.2 424.4 240.1 297.6 240.5 284.6 331.9 246.5	515,217 510,352 549,973 635,556 616,040 515,695 419,140 345,544 239,111 219,652 202,372 164,947 228,522 194,578 236,924 246,422 209,350	202.3 199.0 224.9 219.1 307.2 435.1 542.5 492.2 462.8 486.3 431.7 243.7 301.1 243.9 289.3 338.4	3,225,203 3,034,808 2,962,811 3,106,403 3,140,654 3,568,976 3,588,814 3,573,558 3,161,348 2,732,248 2,808,921 2,387,622 2,605,191 2,362,721 2,472,506 2,490,979	75.2 103.4 129.1 142.2 174.9 219.9 280.5 337.6 347.4 360.3 344.4 235.1 224.0 226.3 235.5	104.4 111.9 129.7 141.1 163.9 192.8 225.6 224.9 220.6 219.1 209.4 175.0 170.6 164.3 167.5
1976 Year	i4,858 0,415 6,6169 6,6558 13,995 9,374 11,427 12,728 14,111 16,743 16,964 17,775 13,217 16,627 19,923 15,963 15,963 15,963 16,964 16,963 16,9	84.8 94.7 111.6 122.4 135.1 153.2 164.7 165.6 166.4 164.8 157.9 150.6 144.5 144.5 144.5 145.5 144.7 141.2	495,363 563,685 546,197 479,705 394,159 327,477 228,200 211,705 193,832 156,410 220,585 187,300 230,234 237,668 202,281 163,106 138,537	195.2 219.8 212.5 298.8 426.7 533.4 483.2 457.8 481.2 424.4 240.1 297.6 240.5 284.6 331.9 246.5	549,973 635,556 616,040 515,695 419,140 345,544 239,111 219,652 202,372 164,947 228,522 194,578 236,924 246,422 209,350	199.0 224.9 219.1 307.2 435.1 542.5 492.2 462.8 486.3 431.7 243.7 301.1 243.9 289.3 338.4	2,962,811 3,106,403 3,140,654 3,368,976 3,588,814 3,573,558 3,161,348 2,732,248 2,878,808 2,808,921 2,387,622 2,605,191 2,362,721 2,472,506 2,490,979	103.4 129.1 142.2 174.9 219.9 280.5 337.6 347.4 360.3 344.4 235.1 224.0 226.3 235.5	111.9 129.7 141.1 163.9 192.8 225.6 224.9 220.6 219.1 209.4 175.0 170.6 164.3 167.5
1977 Year 490 1978 Year 476 1979 Year 556 1980 Year 593 1981 Year 579 1982 Year 601 1983 Year 582 1984 Year 686 1985 Year 686 1986 Year 721 1988 Year 727 1988 Year 753 1990 Year 786 1991 Year 769 1992 Year 775 1993 January 65 February 59 March 63 April 63 July 59 August 65 September 65 October 67 November 65 October 67 March 72 April 67 March 72 April 67 March 72 April 67 March	0,415 6,169 6,558 3,995 9,374 11,427 22,728 44,111 16,743 16,964 11,298 17,775 13,217 16,627 19,593 15,963 15,219 19,225 13,957 13,814	94.7 111.6 122.4 135.1 153.2 164.7 165.6 166.4 164.8 157.9 150.6 146.6 144.5 145.5 144.7 141.2	563,685 546,197 479,705 394,159 327,477 228,200 211,705 193,832 156,410 220,585 187,300 230,234 237,668 202,281 163,106 138,537	219.8 212.5 298.8 426.7 533.4 483.2 457.8 481.2 424.4 240.1 297.6 240.5 284.6 331.9 246.5	635,556 616,040 515,695 419,140 345,544 239,111 219,652 202,372 164,947 228,522 194,578 236,924 246,422 209,350	224.9 219.1 307.2 435.1 542.5 492.2 462.8 486.3 431.7 243.7 301.1 243.9 289.3 338.4	3,106,403 3,140,654 3,368,976 3,588,814 3,573,558 3,161,348 2,732,248 2,878,808 2,808,921 2,387,622 2,605,191 2,362,721 2,472,506 2,490,979	129.1 142.2 174.9 219.9 280.5 337.6 347.4 360.3 344.4 235.1 224.0 226.3 235.5	129.7 141.1 163.9 192.8 225.6 224.9 220.6 219.1 209.4 175.0 170.6 164.3 167.5
1978 Year 476 1979 Year 556 1980 Year 593 1981 Year 579 1982 Year 601 1983 Year 684 1984 Year 686 1986 Year 686 1987 Year 721 1988 Year 722 1989 Year 783 1990 Year 786 1991 Year 769 1992 Year 775 1993 January 65 February 55 March 63 April 63 May 62 Jule 65 September 65 October 67 November 65 December 66 Year 769 1994 January 62 February 64 March 72 April 67 May 71 June 70 July<	6,169 6,558 3,395 3,374 11,427 2,728 4,411 6,743 66,964 11,298 7,7775 3,217 66,627 19,923 5,963 5,963 15,219 19,225 3,957 3,814	111.6 122.4 135.1 153.2 164.7 165.6 166.4 164.8 157.9 150.6 146.6 144.5 144.5 144.7 141.2	546,197 479,705 394,159 327,477 228,200 211,705 193,832 156,410 220,585 187,300 230,234 237,668 202,281 163,106 138,537	212.5 298.8 426.7 533.4 483.2 457.8 481.2 424.4 240.1 297.6 240.5 284.6 331.9 246.5	616,040 515,695 419,140 345,544 239,111 219,652 202,372 164,947 228,522 194,578 236,924 246,422 209,350	219.1 307.2 435.1 542.5 492.2 462.8 486.3 431.7 243.7 301.1 243.9 289.3 338.4	3,140,654 3,368,976 3,588,814 3,573,558 3,161,348 2,732,248 2,808,921 2,387,622 2,605,191 2,362,721 2,472,506 2,490,979	142.2 174.9 219.9 280.5 337.6 347.4 360.3 344.4 235.1 224.0 226.3 235.5	141.1 163.9 192.8 225.6 224.9 220.6 219.1 209.4 175.0 170.6 164.3 167.5
1979 Year 556 1980 Year 593 1981 Year 593 1981 Year 601 1983 Year 601 1983 Year 684 1984 Year 686 1986 Year 686 1986 Year 721 1988 Year 721 1988 Year 721 1989 Year 786 1990 Year 786 1991 Year 786 1991 Year 765 April 63 April 63 April 63 July 58 August 65 September 65 October 67 November 65 December 66 Year 769 1994 January 62 February 64 March 72 April 63 April 63 July 59 August 65 September 65 October 67 November 65 December 66 Year 769	16,558 3,995 9,374 11,427 12,728 44,111 16,964 11,298 17,775 3,217 16,627 19,923 5,963 15,219 19,225 3,3957 33,957	122.4 135.1 153.2 164.7 165.6 166.4 164.8 157.9 150.6 146.6 144.5 144.5 144.7 141.2	479,705 394,159 327,477 228,200 211,705 193,832 156,410 220,585 187,300 230,234 237,668 202,281 163,106 138,537	298.8 426.7 533.4 483.2 457.8 481.2 424.4 240.1 297.6 240.5 284.6 331.9 246.5	515,695 419,140 345,544 239,111 219,652 202,372 164,947 228,522 194,578 236,924 246,422 209,350	307.2 435.1 542.5 492.2 462.8 486.3 431.7 243.7 301.1 243.9 289.3 338.4	3,368,976 3,588,814 3,573,558 3,161,348 2,732,248 2,808,921 2,387,622 2,605,191 2,362,721 2,472,506 2,490,979	174.9 219.9 280.5 337.6 347.4 360.3 344.4 235.1 224.0 226.3 235.5	163.9 192.8 225.6 224.9 220.6 219.1 209.4 175.6 164.3 167.5
1980 Year 593 1981 Year 579 1982 Year 601 1983 Year 592 1984 Year 684 1985 Year 686 1986 Year 72 1988 Year 727 1989 Year 753 1990 Year 786 1991 Year 769 1992 Year 775 1993 January 65 February 58 March 63 April 63 July 59 August 65 September 65 October 67 November 65 December 66 Year 769 1994 January 62 February 64 March 72 April 67 May 71 June 70 July 67 May 71 June	3,995 9,374 11,427 12,728 14,111 16,743 16,964 11,1298 17,775 13,217 16,627 19,923 15,219 19,923 15,219 19,925 13,957 13,814	135.1 153.2 164.7 165.6 166.4 164.8 157.9 150.6 146.6 144.5 145.5 144.7 141.2	394,159 327,477 228,200 211,705 193,832 156,410 220,585 187,300 230,234 237,668 202,281 163,106 138,537	426.7 533.4 483.2 457.8 481.2 424.4 240.1 297.6 240.5 284.6 331.9 246.5	419,140 345,544 239,111 219,652 202,372 164,947 228,522 194,578 236,924 246,422 209,350	435.1 542.5 492.2 462.8 486.3 431.7 243.7 301.1 243.9 289.3 338.4	3,588,814 3,573,558 3,161,348 2,732,248 2,878,808 2,808,921 2,387,622 2,605,191 2,362,721 2,472,506 2,490,979	219.9 280.5 337.6 347.4 360.3 344.4 235.1 224.0 226.3 235.5	192.8 225.6 224.9 220.6 219.1 209.4 175.0 170.6 164.3 167.5
1981 Year 579 1982 Year 601 1983 Year 692 1984 Year 684 1985 Year 666 1986 Year 722 1987 Year 721 1988 Year 727 1989 Year 753 1990 Year 769 1991 Year 769 1992 Year 775 1993 January 65 February 59 March 63 April 63 August 65 September 65 October 67 November 65 December 66 Year 769 1994 January 62 February 64 March 72 April 67 May 71 July 67 May 71 July 67 May 71 July	9,374 11,427 12,728 44,111 66,743 66,964 11,298 57,775 33,217 66,627 95,963 55,963 55,219 99,225 33,957 33,814	153.2 164.7 165.6 166.4 164.8 157.9 150.6 146.6 144.5 145.5 144.7 141.2	327,477 228,200 211,705 193,832 156,410 220,585 187,300 230,234 237,668 202,281 163,106 138,537	533.4 483.2 457.8 481.2 424.4 240.1 297.6 240.5 284.6 331.9 246.5	345,544 239,111 219,652 202,372 164,947 228,522 194,578 236,924 246,422 209,350	542.5 492.2 462.8 486.3 431.7 243.7 301.1 243.9 289.3 338.4	3,573,558 3,161,348 2,732,248 2,878,808 2,808,921 2,387,622 2,605,191 2,362,721 2,472,506 2,490,979	280.5 337.6 347.4 360.3 344.4 235.1 224.0 226.3 235.5	225.6 224.9 220.6 219.1 209.4 175.0 170.6 164.3 167.5
1982 Year 601 1983 Year 592 1984 Year 684 1985 Year 666 1986 Year 721 1988 Year 722 1989 Year 753 1990 Year 786 1991 Year 769 1992 Year 775 1993 January 65 February 55 March 63 April 63 May 62 June 63 August 65 September 65 October 67 November 65 December 66 Year 769 1994 January 62 February 64 March 72 April 67 May 71 June 70 July 67 May 71 June 70 July 67 <td>11,427 12,728 14,111 16,743 16,964 11,298 17,775 13,217 16,627 19,923 15,963 15,219 19,225 13,957 13,814</td> <td>164.7 165.6 166.4 166.8 157.9 150.6 146.6 144.5 144.5 144.7 141.2</td> <td>228,200 211,705 193,832 156,410 220,585 187,300 230,234 237,668 202,281 163,106 138,537</td> <td>483.2 457.8 481.2 424.4 240.1 297.6 240.5 284.6 331.9 246.5</td> <td>239,111 219,652 202,372 164,947 228,522 194,578 236,924 246,422 209,350</td> <td>492.2 462.8 486.3 431.7 243.7 301.1 243.9 289.3 338.4</td> <td>3,161,348 2,732,248 2,878,808 2,808,921 2,387,622 2,605,191 2,362,721 2,472,506 2,490,979</td> <td>337.6 347.4 360.3 344.4 235.1 224.0 226.3 235.5</td> <td>224.9 220.6 219.1 209.4 175.0 170.6 164.3 167.5</td>	11,427 12,728 14,111 16,743 16,964 11,298 17,775 13,217 16,627 19,923 15,963 15,219 19,225 13,957 13,814	164.7 165.6 166.4 166.8 157.9 150.6 146.6 144.5 144.5 144.7 141.2	228,200 211,705 193,832 156,410 220,585 187,300 230,234 237,668 202,281 163,106 138,537	483.2 457.8 481.2 424.4 240.1 297.6 240.5 284.6 331.9 246.5	239,111 219,652 202,372 164,947 228,522 194,578 236,924 246,422 209,350	492.2 462.8 486.3 431.7 243.7 301.1 243.9 289.3 338.4	3,161,348 2,732,248 2,878,808 2,808,921 2,387,622 2,605,191 2,362,721 2,472,506 2,490,979	337.6 347.4 360.3 344.4 235.1 224.0 226.3 235.5	224.9 220.6 219.1 209.4 175.0 170.6 164.3 167.5
1983 Year 592 1984 Year 684 1985 Year 666 1986 Year 72 1987 Year 721 1988 Year 753 1990 Year 786 1991 Year 765 1992 Year 775 1993 January 65 February 59 March 63 April 63 July 59 August 65 September 65 October 67 November 65 December 66 Year 769 1994 January 62 February 64 March 72 April 67 May 71 June 70 July 67 August 75 September 66 October 67	12,728 14,111 16,743 16,964 11,298 17,775 13,217 16,627 19,923 15,963 15,219 19,225 13,957 13,814	165.6 166.4 164.8 157.9 150.6 146.6 144.5 145.5 144.7 141.2	211,705 193,832 156,410 220,585 187,300 230,234 237,668 202,281 163,106 138,537	457.8 481.2 424.4 240.1 297.6 240.5 284.6 331.9 246.5	219,652 202,372 164,947 228,522 194,578 236,924 246,422 209,350	462.8 486.3 431.7 243.7 301.1 243.9 289.3 338.4	2,732,248 2,878,808 2,808,921 2,387,622 2,605,191 2,362,721 2,472,506 2,490,979	347.4 360.3 344.4 235.1 224.0 226.3 235.5	220.6 219.1 209.4 175.0 170.6 164.3 167.5
1984 Year 684 1985 Year 666 1986 Year 686 1987 Year 721 1988 Year 727 1999 Year 753 1990 Year 769 1991 Year 769 1992 Year 775 1993 January 65 February 58 March 63 April 63 July 59 August 65 October 67 November 65 December 65 Year 769 1994 January 62 February 64 March 72 April 67 May 71 June 70 July 67 August 75 September 68 October 68	14,111 16,743 16,964 11,298 17,775 13,217 16,627 19,923 15,963 15,219 19,225 13,957 13,814	166.4 164.8 157.9 150.6 146.6 144.5 144.7 141.2	193,832 156,410 220,585 187,300 230,234 237,668 202,281 163,106 138,537	481.2 424.4 240.1 297.6 240.5 284.6 331.9 246.5	202,372 164,947 228,522 194,578 236,924 246,422 209,350	486.3 431.7 243.7 301.1 243.9 289.3 338.4	2,878,808 2,808,921 2,387,622 2,605,191 2,362,721 2,472,506 2,490,979	360.3 344.4 235.1 224.0 226.3 235.5	219.1 209.4 175.0 170.6 164.3 167.5
1985 Year 666 1986 Year 686 1987 Year 721 1988 Year 727 1989 Year 753 1990 Year 769 1991 Year 769 1992 Year 775 1993 January 65 February 59 March 63 April 63 April 63 May 62 July 59 August 65 October 67 November 65 December 66 Year 769 1994 January 62 February 64 March 72 April 67 May 71 June 70 July 67 August 75 September 65 October 66	66,743 66,964 11,298 17,775 13,217 16,627 19,923 15,963 15,219 19,225 13,957 13,814	164.8 157.9 150.6 146.6 144.5 145.5 144.7 141.2	156,410 220,585 187,300 230,234 237,668 202,281 163,106 138,537	424.4 240.1 297.6 240.5 284.6 331.9 246.5	164,947 228,522 194,578 236,924 246,422 209,350	431.7 243.7 301.1 243.9 289.3 338.4	2,808,921 2,387,622 2,605,191 2,362,721 2,472,506 2,490,979	344.4 235.1 224.0 226.3 235.5	209.4 175.0 170.6 164.3 167.5
1986 Year 686 1987 Year 721 1988 Year 7221 1989 Year 753 1990 Year 786 1991 Year 769 1992 Year 775 1993 January 65 February 59 March 63 April 63 May 62 June 63 July 55 August 65 September 65 October 67 November 65 December 66 Year 769 1994 January 62 February 64 March 72 April 67 May 71 June 70 July 67 August 75 September 68 October 68	36,964 21,298 27,775 33,217 66,627 99,923 75,963 55,219 99,225 33,957 33,814	157.9 150.6 146.6 144.5 145.5 144.7 141.2 138.5 139.3 137.5	220,585 187,300 230,234 237,668 202,281 163,106 138,537	240.1 297.6 240.5 284.6 331.9 246.5	228,522 194,578 236,924 246,422 209,350	243.7 301.1 243.9 289.3 338.4	2,387,622 2,605,191 2,362,721 2,472,506 2,490,979	235.1 224.0 226.3 235.5	175.0 170.6 164.3 167.5
1987 Year 721 1988 Year 727 1989 Year 753 1990 Year 786 1991 Year 768 1992 Year 775 1993 January 65 February 59 March 63 April 63 June 63 July 59 August 65 September 65 October 67 November 65 December 66 Year 769 1994 January 62 February 64 March 72 April 67 May 71 June 70 July 67 August 75 September 68 October 69	21,298 27,775 33,217 66,627 99,923 25,963 55,219 99,225 33,957 33,814	150.6 146.6 144.5 145.5 144.7 141.2 138.5 139.3 137.5	187,300 230,234 237,668 202,281 163,106 138,537	297.6 240.5 284.6 331.9 246.5	194,578 236,924 246,422 209,350	301.1 243.9 289.3 338.4	2,605,191 2,362,721 2,472,506 2,490,979	224.0 226.3 235.5	170.6 164.3 167.5
1988 Year 727 1989 Year 753 1990 Year 786 1991 Year 769 1992 Year 775 1993 January 65 February 59 March 63 April 63 July 59 August 65 October 67 November 65 December 66 Year 769 1994 January 62 February 64 March 72 April 67 May 71 June 70 July 67 August 75 September 68 October 69	27,775 33,217 36,627 39,923 25,963 35,219 39,225 33,957 33,814	146.6 144.5 145.5 144.7 141.2 138.5 139.3 137.5	230,234 237,668 202,281 163,106 138,537	240.5 284.6 331.9 246.5	236,924 246,422 209,350	243.9 289.3 338.4	2,362,721 2,472,506 2,490,979	226.3 235.5	164.3 167.5
1989 Year 753 1990 Year 786 1991 Year 769 1992 Year 775 1993 January 65 February 58 March 63 April 63 April 63 July 59 August 65 September 65 October 67 November 65 December 66 Year 769 1994 January 62 February 64 March 72 April 67 May 71 June 70 July 67 August 75 September 68 October 68	3,217 6,627 9,923 5,963 5,219 9,225 3,957 3,814	144.5 145.5 144.7 141.2 138.5 139.3 137.5	237,668 202,281 163,106 138,537	284.6 331.9 246.5	246,422 209,350	289.3 338.4	2,472,506 2,490,979	235.5	167.5
1990 Year 786 1991 Year 769 1992 Year 775 1993 January 65 February 59 March 63 April 63 May 62 June 63 July 55 August 65 September 65 October 67 November 65 December 66 Year 769 1994 January 62 February 64 March 72 April 67 May 71 June 70 July 67 August 75 September 68 October 68	66,627 69,923 75,963 65,219 69,225 63,957 63,814	145.5 144.7 141.2 138.5 139.3 137.5	202,281 163,106 138,537 8,437	331.9 246.5	209,350	338.4	2,490,979		
1991 Year 769 1992 Year 775 1993 January 65 February 58 March 63 April 63 May 62 June 63 July 59 August 65 September 65 October 67 November 65 December 66 Year 769 1994 January 62 February 64 March 72 April 67 May 71 June 70 July 67 August 75 September 68 October 68	69,923 65,963 65,219 69,225 63,957 63,814	144.7 141.2 138.5 139.3 137.5	163,106 138,537 8,437	246.5			, ,	202.1	
1992 Year 775 1993 January 65 February 59 March 63 April 63 May 62 June 63 July 59 August 65 September 65 October 67 November 65 Year 769 1994 January 62 February 64 March 72 April 67 May 71 June 70 July 67 August 75 September 68 October 69	7 5,963 65,219 69,225 63,957 63,814	141.2 138.5 139.3 137.5	138,537 8,437					215.3	160.3
February 55 March 63 April 63 May 62 June 63 July 55 August 65 September 65 October 67 November 65 December 66 Year 769 1994 January 62 February 64 March 72 April 67 May 71 June 70 July 67 August 75 September 68 October 68	9,225 3,957 3,814	139.3 137.5			144,390	255.1	2,637,678	232.8	159.0
March 63 April 63 May 62 June 63 July 59 August 65 September 65 October 67 November 65 December 66 Year 769 1994 January 62 February 64 March 72 April 67 May 71 June 70 July 67 August 75 September 68 October 68	3,957 3,814	137.5	7 002	248.7	9,027	259.1	159,320	267.3	156.2
April 63 May 62 June 63 July 59 August 65 September 65 October 67 November 65 December 66 Year 769 1994 January 62 February 64 March 72 April 67 May 71 June 70 July 67 August 75 September 68 October 66	3,814		7,002	254.1	7,421	263.8	153,537	250.7	155.6
May 62 June 63 July 58 August 65 September 65 October 67 November 65 December 66 Year 769 1994 January 62 February 64 March 72 April 67 May 71 June 70 July 67 August 75 September 68 October 68		120.2	8,548	248.6	9,022	258.8	185,876	256.7	156.4
June 63 July 55 August 65 September 65 October 67 November 65 December 66 Year 769 1994 January 62 February 64 March 72 April 67 May 71 June 70 July 67 August 75 September 68 October 68	2 562	139.3	10,074	280.0	10,534	286.5	169,838	268.9	159.9
July 59 August 65 September 65 October 67 November 65 December 66 Year 769 1994 January 62 February 64 March 72 April 67 May 71 June 70 July 67 August 75 September 68 October 68		140.0	10,378	262.7	10,803	269.3	163,917	286.3	161.7
August 65 September 65 October 67 November 65 December 66 Year 769 1994 January 62 February 64 March 72 April 67 May 71 June 70 July 67 August 75 September 68 October 65	3,702	139.0	10,638	245.8	11,149	254.2	244,015	243.2	159.9
September 65 October 67 November 65 December 66 Year 769 1994 January 62 February 64 March 72 April 67 May 71 June 70 July 67 August 75 September 68 October 68	9,853	138.0	15,424	237.3	16,045	243.3	313,392	240.9	164.5
October 67 November 65 December 66 Year 769 1994 January 62 February 64 March 72 April 67 May 71 June 70 July 67 August 75 September 68 October 68	5,843	137.4	15,099	227.0	15,624	232.2	340,505	252.6	165.1
November 65 December 66 Year 769 1994 January 62 February 64 March 72 April 67 May 71 June 70 July 67 August 75 September 68 October 68	5,357	138.5	15,324	226.1	15,766	231.0	250,296	263.6	162.8
December 66 Year 769 1994 January 62 February 64 March 72 April 67 May 71 June 70 July 67 August 75 September 68 October 68	7,123	140.5	13,596	231.0	14,005	236.6	226,238	241.3	159.1
Year 769 1994 January 62 February 64 March 72 April 67 May 71 June 70 July 67 August 75 September 68 October 69	5,938	138.4	10,868	218.0	11,420	227.3	201,903	254.0	156.9
February 64 March 72 April 67 May 71 June 70 July 67 August 75 September 68 October 68	66,552 6 9,152	136.2 138.5	16,331 141,719	198.8 236.2	17,085 147,902	205.5 243.3	165,685 2,574,523	272.4 256.0	154.9 159.5
February 64 March 72 April 67 May 71 June 70 July 67 August 75 September 68 October 68	2,611	135.9	16,700	228.6	17,781	238.0	160,361	261.5	156.7
March 72 April 67 May 71 June 70 July 67 August 75 September 69 October 69	4,409	136.8	16,554	266.2	17,543	274.4	142,783	273.5	159.0
April 67 May 71 June 70 July 67 August 75 September 68 October 69	2,960	135.9	12,796	221.6	13,318	227.7	179,910	261.5	153.1
May 71 June 70 July 67 August 75 September 68 October 69	7,380	138.1	9,904	213.1	10,400	220.9	199,349	238.2	153.6
June 70 July 67 August 75 September 69 October 69	1,130	138.3	13,291	224.8	13,892	231.3	211,907	240.6	155.2
August	0,066	137.4	13,461	237.3	14,333	246.1	302,900	219.2	156.4
August	7,619	135.3	14,215	263.2	14,771	267.9	347,984	221.9	158.9
September 69 October 69	5,308	135.4	11,135	256.9	11,562	262.1	360,874	210.3	153.8
	9,922	135.8	8,495	232.5	8,966	240.2	283,747	195.7	148.8
	9,323	134.8	4,689	239.8	5,187	253.9	252,845	191.6	145.6
	8,846	133.3	6,313	245.2	6,852	256.9	221,118	206.8	146.3
	'2,354 8 1,929	129.7 135.5	7,630 135,184	258.1 240.9	8,336 142,940	268.6 248.8	200,126 2,863,904	213.9 223.0	143.8 152.6
	9,981	132.9	5,565	273.1	6,114	282.7	188,389	209.2	145.2
	5,789	133.4	6,150	256.2	6,535	263.1	163,598	197.0	143.2
	5,789 59,027	133.4	5,040	259.0	5,451	267.6	233,406	189.0	143.6
	6,167	133.7	2,849	266.2	3,222	280.4	222,405	194.5	144.3
	88,501	133.7	5,864	279.2	6,212	286.0	247,211	201.9	147.3
	64,483	133.3	8,476	274.8	9,083	282.4	281,754	202.6	150.3
	57,734	130.3	8,367	251.3	8,838	257.7	376,164	185.6	146.0
	3,242	130.9	9,284	237.0	10,022	247.6	424,323	179.1	145.0
	0,923	131.8	9,036	234.7	9,432	241.3	302,769	189.2	145.1
		129.6	5,553	242.5	6,060	253.8	228,603	204.1	142.6
	0,140	132.3	66,184	255.3	70,969	263.8	2,668,621	193.3	145.4
1994 10 Months 690 1993 10 Months 636	0,140 5,985		121,241 114,520	239.6 243.3	127,753 119,396	247.1 250.2	2,442,661 2,206,935	225.2 255.0	154.1 160.2

Sources: See end of section.

^a Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

^b Heavy oil includes fuel oil nos. 4, 5, and 6, and topped crude oil. The weighted averages for petroleum and all fossil fuels include both heavy and light oil (fuel oil nos. 1 and 2, kerosene, and jet fuel) prices. Data do not include petroleum coke.

 $^{^{\}rm C}\,$ Data for 1973-1982 do not include small quantities of rerefined motor oil,

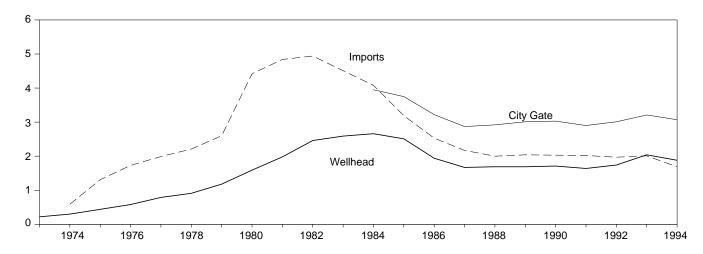
bunker oil, and liquefied petroleum gas.

Notes: • See Note 8 at end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

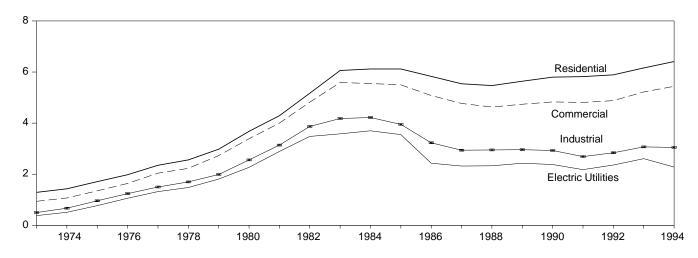
Figure 9.4 Natural Gas Prices

(Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)

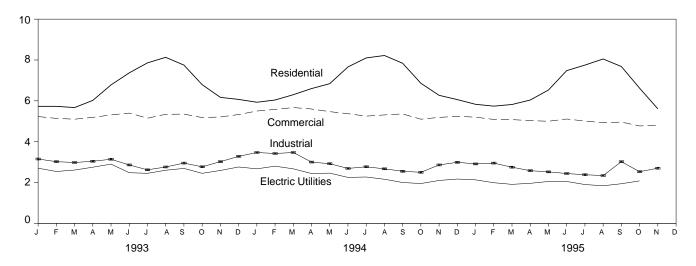
Selected Prices, 1973-1994



Delivered to Consumers, 1973-1994



Delivered to Consumers, Monthly



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 9.11.

Table 9.11 Natural Gas Prices

(Prices: Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet; Share of Volume Delivered: Percentage)

					Delivered to Co	nsumers ^{a,b}		
				Cor	nmercial	In	dustrial	
	Wellhead	City Gate	Residential	Price	Share of Total Volume Delivered	Price	Share of Total Volume Delivered	Electric Utilities ^c
1973 Average	0.22	NA	1.29	0.94	NA	0.50	NA	0.38
1974 Average	.30	NA	1.43	1.07	NA	.67	NA	.51
1975 Average	.44	NA	1.71	1.35	NA	.96	NA	.77
1976 Average	.58	NA	1.98	1.64	NA	1.24	NA	1.06
1977 Average	.79	NA	2.35	2.04	NA	1.50	NA	1.32
1978 Average	.91	NA	2.56	2.23	NA	1.70	NA	1.48
1979 Average	1.18	NA	2.98	2.73	NA	1.99	NA	1.81
1980 Average	1.59	NA	3.68	3.39	NA	2.56	NA	2.27
1981 Average	1.98	NA	4.29	4.00	NA	3.14	NA 05.4	2.89
1982 Average	2.46	NA	5.17	4.82	NA NA	3.87	85.1	3.48
1983 Average	2.59	NA 2.05	6.06	5.59	NA NA	4.18	80.7	3.58
1984 Average	2.66	3.95	6.12 6.12	5.55	NA NA	4.22	74.7 68.8	3.70
1985 Average	2.51 1.94	3.75 3.22	5.83	5.50 5.08	NA NA	3.95	59.8	3.55 2.43
1986 Average	1.94	3.22 2.87	5.54	5.08 4.77	93.1	3.23 2.94	59.8 47.4	2.43
1987 Average	1.69	2.87	5.47	4.77	93.1	2.94 2.95	47.4 42.6	2.32
	1.69	3.01	5.64	4.74	89.1	2.96	36.9	2.43
1989 Average	1.71	3.03	5.80	4.74	86.6	2.90	35.2	2.43
1991 Average	1.64	2.90	5.82	4.81	85.1	2.69	32.7	2.18
1992 Average	1.74	3.01	5.89	4.88	83.2	2.84	30.3	2.36
993 January	2.03	3.11	5.73	5.23	86.6	3.15	32.6	2.70
February	1.93	2.94	5.73	5.14	86.3	3.02	32.9	2.54
March	2.00	3.06	5.67	5.10	86.4	2.98	32.0	2.61
April	2.06	3.24	6.02	5.19	84.9	3.04	30.7	2.75
May	2.18	3.58	6.78	5.31	82.2	3.14	29.6	2.90
June	1.98	3.44	7.37	5.40	79.0	2.86	27.4	2.48
July	1.99	3.34	7.86	5.15	79.2	2.62	28.3	2.45
August	2.04	3.35	8.13	5.34	78.0	2.76	27.6	2.60
September	2.09	3.54	7.75	5.35	78.3	2.95	27.0	2.69
October	2.02	3.15	6.79	5.18	79.9	2.77	28.1	2.45
November	2.03	3.15	6.17	5.21	83.0	3.02	29.8	2.59
December	2.15	3.27	6.07	5.33	85.1	3.28	29.5	2.76
Average	2.04	3.21	6.16	5.22	83.9	3.07	29.7	2.61
994 January	2.00	3.04	5.93	5.50	83.8	3.47	27.6	2.67
February	1.88	3.26	6.04	5.58	83.9	3.42	29.7	2.80
March	1.86	3.33	6.30	5.67	83.0	3.47	28.3	2.67
April	1.94	3.15	6.60	5.60	78.8	3.00	26.8	2.44
May	1.87	3.17	6.84	5.47	74.1	2.92	25.5	2.46
June	1.84	3.17	7.66	5.37	70.0	2.69	23.3	2.25
July	1.80	3.12	8.10	5.25	68.8	2.77	24.0	2.27
August September	2.02 1.90	3.15 2.92	8.22 7.84	5.31 5.36	71.8 72.2	2.67 2.55	23.6 22.2	2.16 2.00
October	1.81	2.92	6.86	5.30	74.0	2.50	23.9	1.95
November	1.72	2.84	6.27	5.10	74.0 77.9	2.86	24.1	2.10
December	1.84	2.86	6.06	5.24	82.3	2.99	25.7	2.10
Average	1.88	3.07	6.41	5.44	79.3	3.05	25.5	2.28
995 January	1.65	2.79	5.83	5.20	80.6	2.91	25.4	2.13
February	1.46	2.71	5.74	5.09	81.1	2.95	24.8	1.99
March	1.48	2.74	5.82	5.08	80.4	2.75	24.6	1.91
April	1.48	2.70	6.04	5.03	76.4	2.58	23.6	1.96
May	1.63	2.75	6.53	5.00	70.3	2.52	22.1	2.05
June	1.66	2.90	7.48	5.11	70.5	2.44	22.9	2.05
July	1.45	2.90	7.75	5.01	64.7	2.38	21.0	1.90
August	1.37	2.89	8.05	4.93	62.2	2.34	20.8	1.84
September	_ 1.56	2.87	7.68	4.96	59.7	3.02	19.5	1.94
October	R 1.60	2.88	6.62	4.77	65.4	2.53	18.5	2.08
November	E 1.72	2.68	5.61	4.80	70.5	2.70	21.1	NA
11-Month Average	^E 1.55	2.78	6.14	5.03	74.0	2.66	22.2	NA
994 11-Month Average	1.88	3.10	6.46	5.46	78.9	2.99	25.1	2.29
1993 11-Month Average	2.03	3.20	6.18	5.20	83.7	2.95	29.3	2.60

a Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.
 b See Note 9 at end of section.
 c See Note 8 at end of section.

Note 9 at end of section. • Wellhead annual and year-to-date prices are simple averages of the monthly prices; all other annual and year-to-date prices are volume-weighted averages of the monthly prices. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

R=Revised data. NA=Not available. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Prices shown on this page are intended to include all taxes. See

Sources: See end of section.

Energy Prices Notes

- 1. The average domestic first purchase price represents the average price at which all domestic crude oil is purchased. Prior to February 1976, the price represented an estimate of the average of posted prices; beginning with February 1976, the price represents an average of actual first purchase prices. The data series was previously called "Actual Domestic Wellhead Price."
- **2.** F.O.B. literally means "Free on Board." It denotes a transaction whereby the seller makes the product available with an agreement on a given port at a given price; it is the responsibility of the buyer to arrange for the transportation and insurance.
- 3. The landed cost of imported crude oil from selected countries does not represent the total cost of all imported crude. Prior to March 1975, imported crude costs to U.S. company-owned refineries in the Caribbean were not included in the landed cost, and costs of crude oil from countries that export only small amounts to the United States were also excluded. Beginning in March 1975, however, coverage was expanded to include U.S. company-owned refineries in the Caribbean. Landed costs do not include supplemental fees.
- 4. Beginning with January 1981, refiner acquisition costs of crude oil are from data collected on Energy Information Administration (EIA) Form EIA-14, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Report." Those costs were previously published from data collected on Economic Regulatory Administration (ERA) Form ERA-49, "Domestic Crude Oil Entitlements Program Refiners Monthly Report." Form ERA-49 was discontinued with the decontrol of crude oil on January 28, 1981. Crude oil purchases and costs are defined for Form EIA-14 in accordance with conventions used for Form ERA-49. The respondents for the two forms are also essentially the same. However, due to possible different interpretations of the filing requirements and a different method for handling prior period adjustments, care must be taken when comparing the data collected on the two

The refiner acquisition cost of crude oil is the average price paid by refiners for crude oil booked into their refineries in accordance with accounting procedures generally accepted and consistently and historically applied by the refiners concerned. Domestic crude oil is that oil produced in the United States or from the outer continental shelf as defined in 43 USC Section 1331. Imported crude oil is either that oil reported on Form ERA-51, "Transfer Pricing Report," or any crude oil that is not domestic oil. The composite cost is the weighted average of domestic and imported crude oil costs.

Crude oil costs and volumes reported on Form ERA-49 excluded unfinished oils but included the Strategic Pe-

troleum Reserve (SPR). Crude oil costs and volumes reported on Federal Energy Administration (FEA) Form FEA-P110-M-1, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Allocation Report," included unfinished oils but excluded SPR. Imported averages derived from Form ERA-49 exclude oil purchased for SPR, whereas the composite averages derived from Form ERA-49 include SPR. None of the prices derived from Form EIA-14 include either unfinished oils or SPR.

5. Several different series of motor gasoline prices are published in this section. U.S. City average retail prices of motor gasoline are calculated monthly by the Bureau of Labor Statistics during the development of the Consumer Price Index (CPI). These prices include all Federal, State, and local taxes paid at the time of sale. From 1974-1977, prices were collected in 56 urban areas. From 1978 forward, prices were collected from a new sample of service stations in 85 urban areas selected to represent all urban consumers—about 80 percent of the total U.S. population. The service stations are selected initially, and on a replacement basis, in such a way that they represent the purchasing habits of the CPI population. Service stations in the current sample include those providing all types of service (i.e., full-, mini-, and self-serve).

Refiner prices of finished motor gasoline for resale and to end users are determined by the EIA in a monthly survey of refiners and gas plant operators (Form EIA-782A). The prices do not include any Federal, State, or local taxes paid at the time of sale. Estimates of prices prior to January 1983 are based on Form FEA-P302-M-1/EIA-460, "Petroleum Industry Monthly Report for Product Prices," and also exclude all Federal, State, or local taxes paid at the time of sale. Sales for resale are those made to purchasers who are other-than-ultimate consumers. Sales to end users are sales made directly to the consumer of the product, including bulk consumers (such as agriculture, industry, and utilities) and residential and commercial consumers.

6. Starting in January 1983, Form EIA-782, "Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report," replaced 10 previous surveys. Every attempt was made to continue the most important price series. However, prices published through December 1982 and those published since January 1983 do not necessarily form continuous data series due to changes in survey forms, definitions, instructions, populations, samples, processing systems, and statistical procedures. To provide historical data, continuous series were generated for annual data 1978-1982 and for monthly data 1981 and 1982 by estimating the prices that would have been published had Form EIA-782 survey and system been in operation at that time. This form of estimation was performed after detailed adjustment was made for product and sales type matching and for discontinuity due to other factors. An important difference between the previous and present prices is the distinction between wholesale and resale and between retail and end user. The resale category continues to sales among resellers. However, sales to bulk consumers, such as utility, industrial, and commercial accounts previously included in the wholesale category are now counted as made to end users. The end-user category continues to include retail sales through company owned and operated outlets but also includes sales to the bulk consumers such as agriculture, industry, and electric utilities. Additional information may be found in "Estimated Historic Time Series for the EIA-782," a feature article reprinted from the December 1983 [3] *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, published by EIA.

- 7. National average electricity prices are shown in two data series. The "Annual Series" is based on data from publicly and privately owned electric utilities that report on Form EIA-861, "Annual Electric Utility Report." The "Monthly Series" is based on data from over 250 utilities statistically chosen as a sample of the utilities that report on Form EIA-861. The selected utilities report monthly on Form EIA-826, "Monthly Electric Utility Sales and Revenue Report with State Distributions," formerly the "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement." Annual values shown for the monthly series are the sum of the monthly revenue divided by the sum of the monthly sales. Prior to January 1986, only privately owned utilities were included in the monthly survey and the sample was chosen by using cut-off techniques; from January 1986 through 1992, the sample was chosen using stratification techniques.
- 8. Data for 1973-1982 cover all electric generating plants at which the generator nameplate capacity of all steam-electric units combined totaled 25 megawatts or greater. From 1974-1982, peaking units were included in the data and counted towards the 25-megawatt-orgreater total. Data for 1983-1990 cover all electric generating plants at which the generator nameplate capacity of all steam-electric units combined totaled 50 megawatts or greater. Data for 1991 forward cover all electric generating plants at which the generator nameplate capacity of all steam-electric units and combined-cycle units together totaled 50 megawatts or greater.
- 9. Natural gas prices are intended to include all taxes. Instructions on the data collection forms specifically direct that all Federal, State, and local taxes, surcharges, and/or adjustments billed to consumers are to be included. However, sales and other taxes itemized on more than 3,000 consumers' bills are sometimes excluded by the reporting utilities. Delivered-to-consumers prices for 1987 forward represent natural gas delivered and sold to residential, commercial, industrial, and electric utility consumers. They do not include the price of natural gas delivered to industrial and commercial consumers on behalf of third parties. Volumes of natural gas delivered on behalf of third parties are included in the consumption data shown in Table 4.4. Additional information is available in the EIA *Natural Gas Monthly*, Appendix C.

Sources for Table 9.1

Domestic First Purchase Price

1973-1976: U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), Bureau of Mines (BOM), *Minerals Yearbook*, "Crude Petroleum and Petroleum Products" chapter. 1977: Federal Energy Administration (FEA), based on Form FEA-P124, "Domestic Crude Oil Purchaser's Monthly Report."

1978 forward: Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, February 1996, Table 1.

F.O.B. and Landed Cost of Imports

October 1973-September 1977: Federal Energy Administration, Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report."

October-December 1977: EIA, Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report."

1978 forward: EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, February 1996, Table 1.

Refiner Acquisition Cost

1973: EIA estimates. The domestic price was derived by adding estimated transportation costs to the reported domestic first purchase price. The imported price was derived by adding an estimated ocean transport cost to the average "Free Alongside Ship" value published by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

1974-1976: DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook*, "Crude Petroleum and Petroleum Products" chapter.

1977: January-September, FEA, based on Form FEA-P110-M-1, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Allocation Report." October-December, EIA, based on Form FEA-P110-M-1, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Allocation Report."

1978 forward: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, February 1996, Table 1.

Sources for Table 9.9

Monthly Series

1973-September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenue and Income."

October 1977-February 1980: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FERC-5, "Electric Operating Revenue and Income."

March 1980-December 1980: FERC, Form FERC-5, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement."

1981: Energy Information Administration (EIA) *Electric Power Monthly*, March 1992, Table 59. 1982: EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, March 1993 Table 59.

1983: EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, March 1994, Table 59.

1984 (and **1993** monthly data): EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, March 1995, Table 60.

1985 forward (except 1993 monthly data): EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, February 1996, Table 60.

Annual Series

1973-1993: EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, February 1996, Table 60.

Sources for Table 9.10

1973-1979: Annual data for quantity are simple sums of unrounded monthly values and for cost are averages of monthly values, weighted by quantities of Btu, from the following:

1973-May 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-423, "Monthly Report on Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants."

June 1977-December 1977: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FERC-423, "Monthly Report on Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants." 1978 and 1979: Energy Information Administration

(EIA), Form FERC-423, "Monthly Report on Cost and Ouality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants."

1980: EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, April 1991, Table 33.

1981: EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, April 1992, Table 33.

1982: EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, April 1993, Table 33.

1983: EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, April 1994, Table 34

1984 forward: EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, February 1996, Table 34.

Sources for Table 9.11

1973-1988

Wellhead: Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Natural Gas Annual 1994, Volume 1*, Table 99.

City Gate, 1984-1986: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, December 1989, Table 4.

City Gate, 1987-1988: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, December 1994, Table 4.

Delivered to Consumers, 1973-1988: EIA, *Natural Gas Annual 1994, Volume 1,* Table 102.

1989 forward

EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, February 1996, Table 4.

Section 10. International Energy

Crude Oil Production. World crude oil production during November 1995 was 63 million barrels per day, up 04 million barrels per day from the level in the previous month.

Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) production during November 1995 averaged 27 million barrels per day, down 0.3 million barrels per day from the level during the previous month. Production by the Arab members of OPEC in November 1995 averaged 16 million barrels per day, down 0.3 million barrels per day from the October 1995 level. During November 1995, production increased in both Algeria and Qatar by 10 thousand barrels per day and Kuwait by 5 thousand barrels per day. Production decreased in Saudi Arabia by 295 thousand barrels per day. Production remained unchanged in Iraq, Libya, and the United Arab Emirates. Among the non-Arab members of OPEC, production during November 1995 increased in Nigeria by 50 thousand barrels per day and decreased in Iran by 100 thousand barrels per day. Production remained unchanged in Indonesia and Venezuela.

Among the non-OPEC nations, production during November 1995 increased in Mexico by 655 thousand barrels per day and the United States by 125 thousand barrels per day. Production decreased in the former U.S.S.R. by 60 thousand barrels per day and the United Kingdom by 55 thousand barrels per day. Production remained the same in Canada, China, and, Ecuador.

Petroleum Consumption. In September 1995, consumption in all Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) countries was 40.4 million barrels per day, 1 percent higher than the September 1994 rate. The consumption rate was higher than it was 1 year ago in the

United States (+3 percent)¹, Italy (+2 percent), and Japan (+1 percent). The consumption rate was lower in Germany (-3 percent), the United Kingdom and France (both -2 percent), and Canada (slightly less), compared with the rate 1 year earlier.

Petroleum Stocks. For all OECD countries, petroleum stocks at the end of September 1995 totaled 3.7 billion barrels, slightly lower than the ending stock level in September 1994. Stock levels were higher in Canada (+7 percent), Japan (+5 percent), and France and Italy (both +2 percent). Stocks were lower in the United Kingdom and the United States (both -4 percent) and Germany (-1 percent), compared with levels 1 year earlier.

Nuclear Electricity Generation. Based on *Nucleonics Week* information for November 1995, all reporting countries with nuclear capacity generated 192.0 gross terawatthours (one terawatthour equals 1 billion kilowatthours) of nuclear-generated electricity.

During the first 11 months of 1995, four nuclear units became operable: Kakrapar-2 in India during January; Sizewell-B in the United Kingdom during February; Onagawa-2 in Japan during March; and Zaporozhe-6 in the Ukraine during November. One unit was permanently shutdown: Wuergassen, in Germany during June.

As of November 30, 1995, there were 435 operable nuclear generating units in the world.

¹ Percentage changes are based on unrounded data.

Table 10.1a World Crude Oil Production: Algeria Through Venezuela

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

						Saudi	United Arab	Arab				
	Algeria	Iraq	Kuwait ^a	Libya	Qatar	Arabia	Emirates	OPECb	Indonesia	Iran	Nigeria	Venezuela
1973 Average	1,097	2,018	3,020	2,175	570	7,596	1,533	18,009	1,339	5,861	2,054	3,366
974 Average	1,009	1,971	2,546	1,521	518	8,480	1,679	17,724	1,375	6,022	2,255	2,976
975 Average	983	2,262	2,084	1,480	438	7,075	1,664	15,985	1,307	5,350	1,783	2,346
976 Average	1,075	2,415	2,145	1,933	497	8,577	1,936	18,579	1,504	5,883	2,067	2,294
977 Average	1,152	2,348	1,969	2,063	445	9,245	1,999	19,221	1,686	5,663	2,085	2,238
978 Average	1,231	2,563	2,131	1,983	487	8,301	1,831	18,525	1,635	5,242	1,897	2,165
979 Average	1,224	3,477	2,500	2,092	508	9,532	1,831	21,163	1,591	3,168	2,302	2,356
980 Average	1,106	2,514	1,656	1,787	472	9,900	1,709	19,144	1,577	1,662	2,055	2,168
981 Average	1,002	1,000	1,125	1,140	405	9,815	1,474	15,961	1,605	1,380	1,433	2,102
982 Average	987	1,012	823	1,150	330	6,483	1,250	12,035	1,339	2,214	1,295	1,895
983 Average	968	1,005	1,064	1,105	295	5,086	1,149	10,672	1,343	2,440	1,241	1,801
984 Average	1,014	1,209	1,157	1,087	394	4,663	1,146	10,670	1,412	2,174	1,388	1,798
985 Average	1,037	1,433	1,023	1,059	301	3,388	1,193	9,434	1,325	2,250	1,495	1,677
986 Average	945	1,690	1,419	1,034	308	4,870	1,330	11,596	1,390	2,035	1,467	1,787
987 Average	1,048	2,079	1,585	972	293	4,265	1,541	11,783	1,343	2,298	1,341	1,752
988 Average	1,040	2,685	1,492	1,175	346	5,086	1,565	13,389	1,342	2,240	1,450	1,903
989 Average	1,095	2,897	1,783	1,150	380	5,064	1,860	14,229	1,409	2,810	1,716	1,907
990 Average	1,175	2,040	1,175	1,375	406	6,410	2,117	14,698	1,462	3,088	1,810	2,137
991 Average	1,230	305	190	1,483	395	8,115	2,386	14,104	1,592	3,312	1,892	2,375
992 Average	1,214	425	1,058	1,433	423	8,332	2,266	15,151	1,504	3,429	1,943	2,371
993 January	1,210	500	1,675	1,480	456	8,500	2,244	16,065	1,572	3,650	2,125	2,484
February	1,210	500	1,865	1,425	436	8,440	2,254	16,130	1,552	3,750	2,105	2,464
March	1,200	500	1,650	1,350	406	8,300	2,219	15,625	1,521	3,700	2,075	2,412
April	1,200	500	1,645	1,350	406	8,000	2,219	15,320	1,501	3,500	2,025	2,412
May	1,200	500	1,712	1,350	426	8,000	2,180	15,369	1,531	3,650	2,025	2,412
June	1,200	500	1,775	1,350	406	8,150	2,180	15,561	1,531	3,650	1,995	2,412
July	1,180	500	1,940	1,350	416	8,240	2,161	15,786	1,531	3,800	1,975	2,464
August	1,180	500	2,045	1,370	416	8,345	2,161	16,016	1,531	3,500	2,025	2,464
September	1,180	530	2,020	1,370	416	8,270	2,170	15,956	1,531	3,650	2,045	2,453
October	1,180	530	2,045	1,390	416	8,145	2,170	15,876	1,501	3,700	2,005	2,474
November	1,170	540	2,045	1,370	416	7,995	2,170	15,706	1,501	3,550	2,025	2,474
December	1,170	540	2,050	1,370	416	8,000	2,170	15,716	1,531	3,700	2,175	2,474
Average	1,190	512	1,872	1,377	419	8,198	2,191	15,759	1,528	3,650	2,050	2,450
994 January	1,170	545	1,995	1,370	445	8,095	2,250	15,870	1,510	3,635	2,200	2,490
February	1,170	545	1,998	1,370	430	8,088	2,275	15,875	1,510	3,585	2,200	2,490
March	1,170	545	2,005	1,370	445	8,095	2,250	15,880	1,510	3,685	2,150	2,490
April	1,170	555	2,020	1,370	445	8,110	2,250	15,920	1,510	3,535	2,070	2,480
May	1,170	555	2,050	1,370	445	8,090	2,260	15,940	1,510	3,585	2,100	2,500
June	1,170	555	2,050	1,370	455	8,090	2,280	15,970	1,510	3,685	2,090	2,500
July	1,170	555	2,050	1,380	475	8,100	2,280	16,010	1,510	3,585	1,990	2,520
August	1,170	555	2,050	1,390	435	8,120	2,280	16,000	1,530	3,635	1,630	2,540
September	1,170	555	2,050	1,370	445	8,180	2,280	16,050	1,510	3,685	2,010	2,540
October	1,170	555	2,045	1,390	385	8,245	2,240	16,030	1,520	3,635	2,080	2,540
November	1,170	555	2,045	1,390	455	8,245	2,240	16,100	1,520	3,735	1,980	2,540
December	1,170	555	2,050	1,390	465	8,300	2,270	16,200	1,520	3,635	1,965	2,530
Average	1,170	553	2,034	1,378	444	8,147	2,263	15,988	1,514	3,635	2,037	2,514
995 January	1,180	555	2,070	1,390	455	8,120	2,280	16,050	1,520	3,585	2,000	2,600
February	1,180	555	2,070	1,390	475	8,220	2,280	16,170	1,500	3,685	1,980	2,600
March	1,180	555	2,060	1,390	485	8,110	2,280	16,060	1,510	3,485	1,890	2,600
April	1,180	555	2,070	1,390	485	8,220	2,280	16,180	1,510	3,635	2,050	2,670
May	1,180	555	2,050	1,390	485	8,400	2,280	16,340	1,510	3,835	2,080	2,790
June	1,180	555	2,050	1,390	485	8,100	2,280	16,040	1,510	3,585	1,960	2,790
July	1,210	555	2,060	1,390	485	8,410	2,280	16,390	1,510	3,535	1,980	2,790
August	1,210	555	2,075	1,390	485	8,425	2,280	16,420	1,510	3,685	2,035	2,790
September	1,210	555	2,035	1,390	485	8,315	2,280	16,270	1,510	3,635	2,040	2,790
October	1,210	555	2,065	1,390	485	8,315	2,280	16,300	1,560	3,735	2,060	2,840
November 11-Mo. Avg.	1,220 1,195	555 555	2,070 2,061	1,390 1,390	495 482	8,020 8,242	2,280 2,280	16,030 16,206	1,560 1,519	3,635 3,639	2,110 2,017	2,840 2,737
_	•					•						
994 11-Mo. Avg. 993 11-Mo. Avg.	1,170 1,192	552 509	2,033 1,856	1,376 1,378	442 419	8,133 8,216	2,262 2,193	15,968 15,763	1,514 1,528	3,635 3,645	2,044 2,038	2,512 2,448

^a Includes about one-half of the production in the Kuwait-Saudi Arabia Neutral Zone from 1973 through July 1990 and in June 1991. Kuwaiti Neutral Zone output was discontinued following Iraq's invasion of Kuwait on August 2, 1990, but was resumed in June 1991. In November 1995, Neutral Zone production by both Kuwait and Saudi Arabia totaled about 440 thousand barrels per day.

Arab Emirates. Production in the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia is included in "Arab OPEC."

Notes: • Crude oil includes lease condensate but excludes natural gas plant liquids. • Monthly data are often preliminary figures and may not average to the annual totals because of rounding or because updates to the preliminary monthly data are not available.

Sources: See end of section.

barrels per day.

b The Arab members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) are Algeria, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United

Table 10.1b World Crude Oil Production: Total OPEC, Ecuador Through Former U.S.S.R., and World

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

			Persian								
	Total OPEC ^a	Ecuadora	Gulf Nations ^b	Canada	China	Mexico	United Kingdom	United States	Former U.S.S.R.	Other ^C	World
1973 Average	30,779	209	20,668	1,798	1,090	465	2	9,208	8,324	3,804	55,679
1974 Average	30,552	177	21,282	1,551	1,315	571	2	8,774	8,912	3,862	55,716
1975 Average	26,994	161	18,934	1,430	1,490	705	12	8,375	9,523	4,139	52,828
1976 Average	30,549	188	21,514	1,314	1,670	831	245	8,132	10,060	4,355	57,344
1977 Average	31,115	183	21,725	1,321	1,874	981	768	8,245	10,603	4,616	59,707
1978 Average	29,673	202	20,606	1,316	2,082	1,209	1,082	8,707	11,105	4,782	60,158
1979 Average	30,784	214	21,066	1,500	2,122	1,461	1,568	8,552	11,384	5,089	62,674
1980 Average	26,781	204	17,961	1,435	2,114	1,936	1,622	8,597	11,706	5,204	59,599
1981 Average	22,632	211	15,245	1,285	2,012	2,313	1,811	8,572	11,850	5,390	56,076
1982 Average	18,934	211	12,156	1,271	2,045	2,748	2,065	8,649	11,912	5,646	53,481
1983 Average	17,654	237	11,081	1,356	2,120	2,689	2,291	8,688	11,972	6,248	53,255
1984 Average	17,599	258	10,784	1,438	2,296	2,780	2,480	8,879	11,861	6,897	54,488
1985 Average	16,353	281	9,630	1,471	2,505	2,745	2,530	8,971	11,585	7,540	53,981
1986 Average		293			,	2,435	,			•	
	18,441		11,696	1,474	2,620		2,539	8,680	11,895	7,850	56,227
1987 Average	18,672	174	12,103	1,535	2,690	2,548	2,406	8,349	12,050	8,242	56,666
1988 Average	20,483	302	13,457	1,616	2,730	2,512	2,232	8,140	12,053	8,669	58,737
1989 Average	22,279	279	14,837	1,560	2,757	2,520	1,802	7,613	11,715	9,338	59,863
1990 Average	23,465	285	15,278	1,553	2,774	2,553	1,820	7,355	10,975	9,785	60,566
1991 Average	23,569	299	14,741	1,548	2,835	2,680	1,797	7,417	9,992	10,074	60,210
1992 Average	24,695	318	16,104	1,598	2,838	2,668	1,825	7,171	8,931	10,169	60,213
1993 January	26,213	330	17,066	1,572	2,885	2,605	1,821	6,961	8,249	10,478	61,113
February	26,317	330	17,285	1,612	2,875	2,610	1,931	6,943	8,233	10,618	61,468
March	25,650	330	16,816	1,637	2,885	2,635	1,715	6,974	8,127	10,782	60,736
April	25.075	330	16,311	1,607	2,900	2,674	1,701	6,881	8,106	10,750	60,024
May	/	345	16,509	1,662	2,925	2,673	1,751	6,847	7,926	10,781	60,213
June		350	16,702	1,727	2,960	2,675	1,680	6,795	7,826	10,460	59,939
July	25.863	350	17,097	1,712	2,930	2,650	1,936	6,688	7,530	10,400	60,533
August	25.843	350	17,007	1,772	2,855	2,650	1,946	6,758	7,429	10,748	60,351
September	25,942	350	17,007	1,742	2,895	2,700	1,951	6,712	7,313	10,740	60,368
	25,863	360	17,037								
October				1,727	2,975	2,700	2,067	6,839	7,308	10,987	60,824
November	25,563	360	16,757	1,677	2,945	2,730	2,202	6,912	7,313	11,179	60,879
December	25,903	360	16,917	1,712	2,898	2,745	2,277	6,858	7,281	11,237	61,270
Average	25,748	346	16,883	1,680	2,911	2,671	1,915	6,847	7,717	10,806	60,640
1994 January	25,995	360	17,000	1,669	2,900	2,745	2,280	6,817	6,985	11,114	60,864
February	25,950	360	16,955	1,722	2,920	2,710	2,280	6,770	6,715	11,270	60,697
March	26,025	360	17,060	1,706	2,920	2,685	2,315	6,746	6,660	11,190	60,608
April	25,845	365	16,950	1,671	2,940	2,700	2,340	6,612	6,485	11,200	60,158
May	25,975	365	17,020	1,706	2,940	2,690	2,345	6,688	6,635	11,250	60,594
June	26,095	375	17,150	1,729	2,950	2,675	2,340	6,611	6,650	11,488	60,912
July	25,955	385	17,080	1,801	2,940	2,675	2,275	6,501	6,540	11,445	60,517
August	25,675	385	17,110	1,790	2,950	2,675	2,315	6,544	6,520	11,535	60,389
September	26,135	400	17,230	1,817	2,910	2,680	2,475	6,609	6,480	11,515	61,021
October	26,145	395	17,140	1,735	2,950	2,685	2,435	6,658	6,560	11,950	61,514
November	26,215	395	17,310	1,778	2,970	2,675	2,485	6,628	6,580	11,960	61,686
December	26,190	395	17,310	1,793	2,980	2,675	2,605	6,760	6,520	12,094	62,011
Average	26,017	378	17,110	1,743	2,939	2,689	2,375	6,662	6,611	11,503	60,916
1995 January	26,090	400	17,100	1,792	2,950	2,680	2,520	E 6,596	6,445	12,088	61,561
February	26,270	400	17,320	1,774	3,000	2,645	2,610	E 6,703	6,655	12,013	62,071
March	25,880	400	17,010	1,739	3,000	2,670	2,565	E 6,606	6,445	12,124	61,429
April	26,380	400	17,280	1,811	3,000	2,670	2,570	^E 6,561	6,550	12,230	62,172
May	26,890	400	17,640	1,754	2,980	2,680	2,305	E 6,572	6,655	11,919	62,155
June	26,220	390	17,090	1,847	2,980	2,700	1,855	E 6,540	6,650	12,135	61,317
July	26,540	385	17,360	1,843	2,980	2,705	2,350	E 6,449	6,560	12,133	62,322
August	26,790	375	17,540	1,805	3,015	2,703	2,405	E 6,462	6,610	12,292	62,464
				R 1,890				E 6,380		R 12,517	R 62,811
September	26,595	390	17,340		3,070	2,740	2,655		6,574 R 6 500	12,317 R 42.705	
October	26,845	390	17,470	^R 1,840	3,070	1,900	2,740	E 6,429	R 6,590	R 12,795	R 62,599
November	26,525	390	17,090	1,840	3,070	2,555	2,685	E 6,554	6,530	12,815	62,964
11-Mo. Avg	26,459	393	17,295	1,812	3,010	2,604	2,477	^E 6,531	6,569	12,314	62,169
1994 11-Mo. Avg 1993 11-Mo. Avg	26,001 25,734	377 344	17,092 16,880	1,738 1,677	2,936 2,912	2,690 2,664	2,353 1,881	6,652 6,846	6,619 7,757	11,448 10,766	60,814 60,582

a "Total OPEC" consists of Algeria, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela. Production from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia is included in "Total OPEC." Although Ecuador belonged to OPEC from November 19, 1973, until December 31, 1992, when it formally withdrew, it is not included in "Total OPEC."

b The Persian Gulf Nations are Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates. Production from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia is included in "Possion Culf Nations"

and the sum of production in "Total OPEC," Ecuador, Canada, China, Mexico, the United Kingdom, the United States, and the former U.S.S.R.

R=Revised data. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Crude oil includes lease condensate but excludes natural gas plant liquids. • Monthly data are often preliminary figures and may not average to the annual totals because of rounding or because updates to the preliminary monthly data are not available. • Data for countries may not sum to World totals due to independent rounding. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: See end of section.

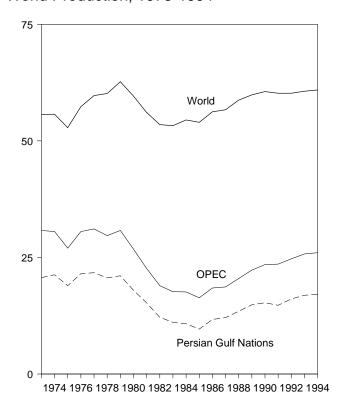
between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia is included in "Persian Gulf Nations."

^C "Other" is a calculated total derived from the difference between "World"

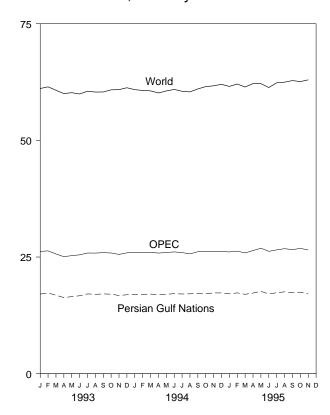
Figure 10.1 Crude Oil Production

(Million Barrels per Day)

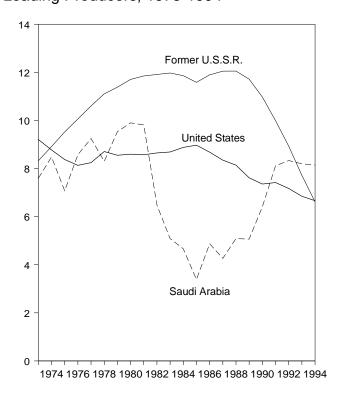
World Production, 1973-1994



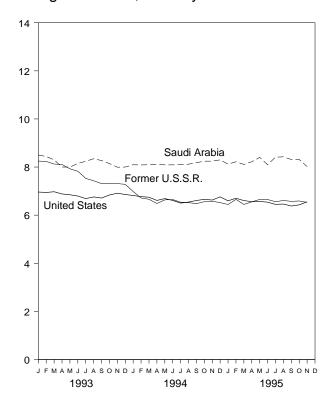
World Production, Monthly



Leading Producers, 1973-1994



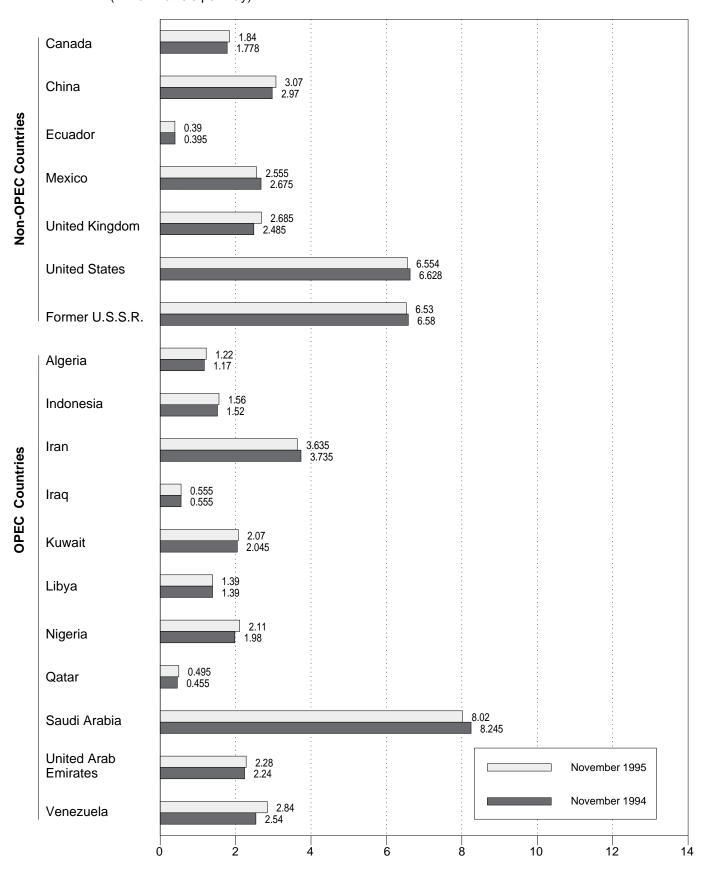
Leading Producers, Monthly



Note: OPEC is the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. Sources: Tables 10.1a and 10.1b.

Figure 10.2 Crude Oil Production by Selected Country

(Million Barrels per Day)

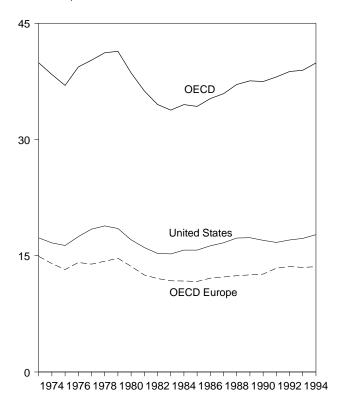


Note: OPEC is the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. Sources: Tables 10.1a and 10.1b.

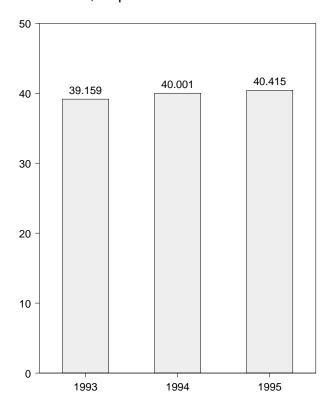
Figure 10.3 Petroleum Consumption in OECD Countries

(Million Barrels per Day)

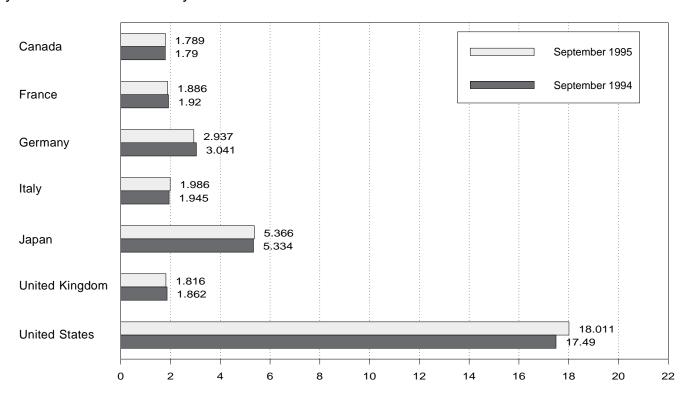
Overview, 1973-1994



OECD Total, September



By Selected OECD Country



Note: OECD is the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. Source: Table 10.2.

Table 10.2 Petroleum Consumption in OECD Countries

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Canada	France	G ermany ^a	Italy	Japan	United Kingdom	United States	OECD Europe ^b	Other OECD ^c	OECD d
I.					-	_		-	1	I
1973 Average	1,729	2,601	3,055	2,068	4,949	2,341	17,308	14,925	988	39,900
1974 Average	1,779	2,447	2,748	2,004	4,864	2,210	16,653	13,988	1,095	38,379
1975 Average	1,779	2,252	2,650	1,855	4,621	1,911	16,322	13,217	1,041	36,980
1976 Average	1,818	2,420	2,877	1,971	4,837	1,892	17,461	14,124	1,119	39,358
1977 Average	1,850	2,294	2,865	1,897	4,880	1,905	18,431	13,916	1,160	40,237
1978 Average	1,902	2,408	2,927	1,952	4,945	1,938	18,847	14,290	1,204	41,187
1979 Average	1,971	2,463	3,003	2,039	5,050	1,971	18,513	14,667	1,178	41,379
1980 Average	1,873	2,256	2,707	1,934	4,960	1,725	17,056	13,634	1,072	38,595
1981 Average	1,768	2,023	2,449	1,874	4,848	1,590	16,058	12,515	1,080	36,269
					,		15,296	,		
1982 Average	1,578	1,880	2,372	1,781	4,582	1,590	,	12,053	1,008	34,517
1983 Average	1,448	1,835	2,324	1,750	4,395	1,531	15,231	11,765	954	33,793
1984 Average	1,472	1,754	2,322	1,646	4,576	1,849	15,726	11,736	989	34,500
1985 Average	1,504	1,775	2,338	1,717	4,384	1,634	15,726	11,681	976	34,271
1986 Average	1,506	1,772	2,498	1,738	4,439	1,649	16,281	12,102	951	35,279
1987 Average	1,548	1,789	2,424	1,855	4,484	1,603	16,665	12,255	959	35,911
1988 Average	1,693	1,797	2,422	1,836	4,752	1,697	17,283	12,427	939	37,093
1989 Average	1,733	1,857	2,280	1,930	4,983	1,738	17,325	12,531	998	37,570
1990 Average	1,690	1,818	2,382	1,872	5,140	1,752	16,988	12,629	1,027	37,475
1991 Average	1,622	1,935	2,828	1,863	5,284	1,801	16,714	13,391	1,056	38,067
1992 Average	1,643	1,926	2,843	1,937	5,446	1,803	17,033	13,605	1,041	38,768
1993 January	1,592	1,922	2,530	1,835	5,956	1,729	16,173	12,718	958	37,398
February	1,704	2,103	2,895	1,941	6,306	1,878	17,334	13,904	1,121	40,370
March	1,698	1,981	2,929	1,915	6,252	1,888	17,575	13,915	1,156	40,596
April	1,596	1,901	2,817	1,681	5,459	1,730	16,781	13,019	1,123	37,978
_ :	1,601	1,668	2,587	1,662	4,770	1,676	16,508	11,999	1,147	36,024
May										
June	1,706	1,930	3,043	1,709	4,963	1,809	17,096	13,526	1,110	38,401
July	1,681	1,824	2,965	1,773	4,864	1,806	17,357	13,502	1,053	38,457
August	1,730	1,626	2,893	1,691	4,796	1,792	17,332	12,945	1,120	37,922
September	1,715	1,761	3,163	1,894	4,775	1,845	17,650	13,923	1,096	39,159
October	1,708	1,789	2,814	1,885	4,998	1,803	17,323	13,368	1,109	38,506
November	1,759	2,045	3,057	2,066	5,502	1,983	17,780	14,535	1,125	40,701
December	1,770	1,983	3,123	2,181	6,234	1,846	17,953	14,619	1,290	41,866
Average	1,688	1,875	2,900	1,852	5,401	1,815	17,237	13,492	1,117	38,935
1994 January	1,701	1,840	2,492	1,774	5,913	1,743	18,072	12,771	1,031	39,488
February	1,795	1,966	2,994	1,907	6,524	1,920	18,337	14,223	1,156	42,036
March	1,701	1,825	3,062	1,891	6,269	1,954	17,313	13,910	1,209	40,402
April	1,590	1,850	2,900	1,816	5,294	1,809	17,489	13,475	1,157	39,005
May	1,658	1,675	2,746	1,674	4,853	1,770	17,181	12,665	1,186	37,543
June	1,690	1,811	3,000	1,683	5,132	1,880	17,815	13,621	1,228	39,487
July	1,717	1,771	2,817	1,702	5,577	1,748	17,485	12,980	1,183	38,943
August	1,786	1,736	2,905	1,699	5,595	1,747	18,117	13,294	1,137	39,928
September	1,790	1,920	3,041	1,945	5,334	1,862	17,490	14,199	1,187	40,001
	1,790		2,884			,	,	,	,	39,545
October	,	1,844	,	1,873	5,363	1,853	17,719	13,648	1,084	
November	1,749	1,811	2,914	2,070	5,860	1,954	17,315	14,162	1,268	40,353
December	1,819	1,961	2,820	2,070	6,421	1,818	18,319	14,161	1,250	41,970
Average	1,727	1,833	2,879	1,841	5,674	1,837	17,718	13,584	1,173	39,876
1995 January	1,671	1,949	2,730	1,944	6,075	1,754	17,167	R 13,516	1,123	R 39,552
February	1,857	1,895	2,802	2,128	6,787	1,953	18,355	R 13,890	1,175	R 42,065
March	1,704	2,002	3,188	1,993	6,378	1,972	17,403	R 14,584	1,241	R 41,310
April	1,559	1,843	2,854	1,837	5,576	1,780	17,102	R 13,454	1,170	R 38,862
May	1,715	1,764	2,940	1,829	5,030	1,770	17,241	^R 13,412	1,263	R 38,661
June	1,757	1,850	2,874	1,884	5,004	1,801	18,149	R 13,689	1,219	^R 39,818
July	1 754	1,939	2,826	1,885	5,129	1,735	17,113	R 13,462	1.161	R 38,620
August	R 1,811	1,784	2,932	1,745	R 5,546	1,794	17,993	R 13,578	R 1,223	R 40,150
September	1,789	1,886	2,937	1,986	5,366	1,816	18,011	14,024	1,224	40,415
9-Mo. Average	1,734	1,879	2,899	1,913	5,646	1,818	17,605	13,733	1,200	39,918
1994 9-Mo. Average	1,714	1,820	2,882	1,786	5,604	1,825	17,694	13,448	1,164	39,623
1993 9-Mo. Average	1,669	1,854	2,868	1,788	5,342	1,794	17,086	13,263	1,098	38,457

^a Through December 1990, the data for Germany are for the former West Germany only. Beginning with January 1991, the data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

consists of Canada, Japan, the United States, "OECD Europe" and "Other OECD." $\begin{tabular}{ll} \end{tabular} \label{table_equation} \end{tabular}$

R=Revised data.

the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

b "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

Kingdom.

^c "Other OECD" consists of Australia, New Zealand, and the U.S. Territories.

d The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD)

Notes: • Data through 1992 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary.

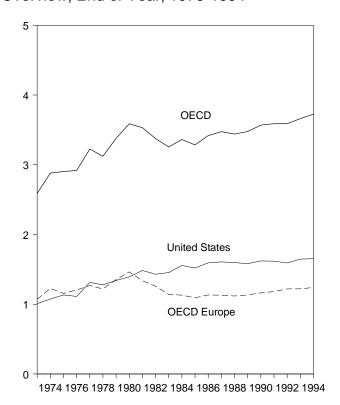
Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
 Sources:
 United States:
 Table 3.1a.
 All Other Data:
 1973-1979—International Energy Agency (IEA), Annual Oil and Gas Statistics of OECD Countries.
 1980 forward—IEA, quarterly and monthly computer tapes supporting Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances.

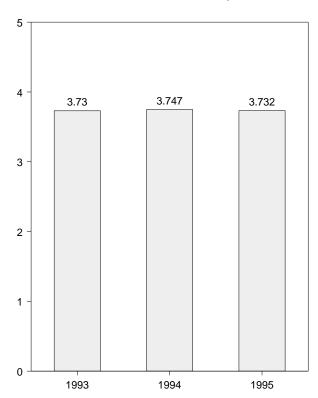
Figure 10.4 Petroleum Stocks in OECD Countries

(Billion Barrels)

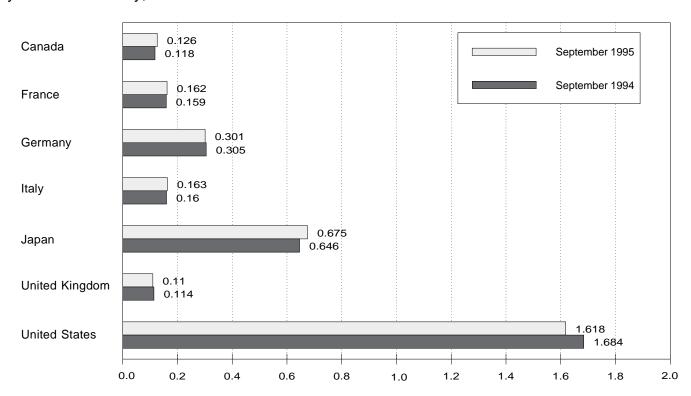
Overview, End of Year, 1973-1994



OECD Stocks, End of Month, September



By Selected Country, End of Month



Note: OECD is the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. Source: Table 10.3.

Table 10.3 Petroleum Stocks in OECD Countries, End of Period

(Million Barrels)

	Canada	France	Germanya	Italy	Japan	United Kingdom	United States	OECD Europe ^b	Other OECD ^C	OECD ^d
			- 1							
1973 Year	140	201	181	152	303	156	1,008	1,070	67	2,588
1974 Year	145	249	213	167	370	191	1,074	1,227	64	2,880
1975 Year	174	225	187	143	375	165	1,133	1,154	67	2,903
1976 Year	153	234	208	143	380	165	1,112	1,205	68	2,918
1977 Year	167	239	225	161	409	148	1,312	1,268	68	3,224
1978 Year	144	201	238	154	413	157	1,278	1,219	68	3,122
1979 Year	150	226	272	163	460	169	1,341	1,353	75	3,379
1980 Year	164	243	319	170	495	168	1,392	1,464	72	3,587
1981 Year	161	214	297	167	482	143	1,484	1,337	67	3,531
1982 Year	136	193	272	179	484	125	1,430	1,258	68	3,376
1983 Year	121	153	249	149	470	118	1,454	1,142	68	3,255
1984 Year	128	152	239	159	479	112	1,556	1,130	69	3,362
1985 Year	113	139	233	157	494	123	1,519	1,092	66	3,284
1986 Year	111	127	252	155	509	124	1,593	1,133	72	3,418
1987 Year	126	127	259	169	540	121	1,607	1,130	71	3,474
1988 Year	116	140	266	155	538	112	1,597	1,118	71	3,440
1989 Year	114	138	271	164	577	118	1,581	1,133	71	3,476
1990 Year	121	140	265	172	590	112	1,621	1,163	73	3,568
1991 Year	119	153	288	160	606	119	1,617	1,181	65	3,588
1992 Year	107	146	310	174	603	113	1,592	1,219	67	3,588
1993 January	107	162	318	171	614	119	1,618	1,243	68	3,651
February	102	156	316	166	606	119	1,602	1,229	68	3,607
March	103	154	310	163	593	119	1,590	1,213	66	3,565
April	105	154	310	165	584	115	1,617	1,208	73	3,586
May	106	161	319	170	592	116	1,650	1,220	68	3,635
June	107	156	309	166	601	118	1,667	1,201	69	3,645
July	113	155	311	167	616	114	1,682	1,200	70	3,681
August	114	167	314	169	633	116	1,676	1,240	69	3,733
September	111	164	314	161	647	115	1,665	1,229	77	3,730
October	110	166	316	160	652	110	1,688	1,225	78	3,752
November	111	156	309	164	643	115	1,686	1,212	78	3,730
December	105	158	309	163	618	118	1,647	1,221	69	3,661
1994 January	104	165	322	166	616	118	1,622	1,248	70	3,660
	97	159	315	157	610	111	1,586	1,206	68	3,567
February			306	154					72	,
March	103	152 151	309	154	602	109	1,584 1,591	1,181	72	3,542 3,567
April	108 109	155	309 314	160	611 627	108 116		1,185	73 71	
May	112	161	308	158	630	112	1,612 1,624	1,213 1,216	71	3,632 3,652
June	120	159	313	156	623	114	1,654	1,216	70 75	3,700
July	115	164	310	162	632	116	,		75 74	3,700
August	118	159	305	160	646	114	1,659 1,684	1,243 1,227	74	3,747
September							,		73 74	
October	119	163	307	160	655	111	1,673	1,229		3,749
November	118	168	309	162	656	112	1,687	1,229	72	3,762
December	119	158	312	164	645	115	1,653	1,240	69	3,726
1995 January	121	160	314	167	650	113	1,641	R 1,243	69	R 3,724
February	121	164	317	163	631	114	1,603	R 1,248	64	R 3,667
March	124	152	305	159	636	105	1,599	R 1,193	68	R 3,620
April	119	156	306	159	642	107	1,600	^R 1,198	71	R 3,629
May	116	153	304	161	652	112	1,611	1,206	72	R 3,657
June	115	166	301	168	657	102	1,609	1,209	71	_ 3,660
July	129	160	304	171	բ 667	110	1,623	R 1,244	77	R 3,740
August		400	304	171	K 671	109	1,613	^R 1,244	^R 72	べつ フつに
September	126 126	160 162	304	174 163	^R 671 675	110	1,618	1,236	77	^R 3,725 3,732

^a Through December 1990, the data for Germany are for the former West Germany only. Beginning with January 1991, the data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.
^b "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France,

R=Revised data.

Notes: • Petroleum stocks include crude oil (including strategic reserves), unfinished oils, natural gas plant liquids, and refined products. Petroleum stocks include all nonmilitary petroleum held for storage, regardless of

ownership, within each country in bulk terminals, refinery tanks, pipeline tankage, intercoastal tankers, tankers in port, and inland ship bunkers. Data exclude oil held in pipelines (except for those in the United States), rail and truck cars, sea-going ships' bunkers, service stations, retail stores, and tankers at sea. • In the United States in January 1975, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to bulk terminal and pipeline surveys, thereby affecting subsequent stocks reported. New-basis end-of-year U.S. stocks, in million barrels, would have been 1,121 in 1974, 1,425 in 1980, and 1,461 in 1982. • Data through 1992 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: • United States: Table 3.1a. • All Other Data: International Energy Agency, quarterly and monthly computer tapes supporting *Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances*.

OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

Kingdom.

^c "Other OECD" consists of Australia, New Zealand, and the U.S. Territories.

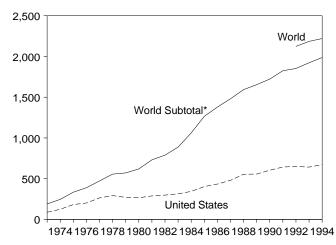
Territories.

^d The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) consists of Canada, Japan, the United States, "OECD Europe" and "Other OECD."

Figure 10.5 Nuclear Electricity Gross Generation

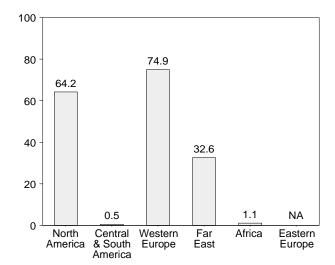
(Billion Kilowatthours)

U.S. and World, 1973-1994



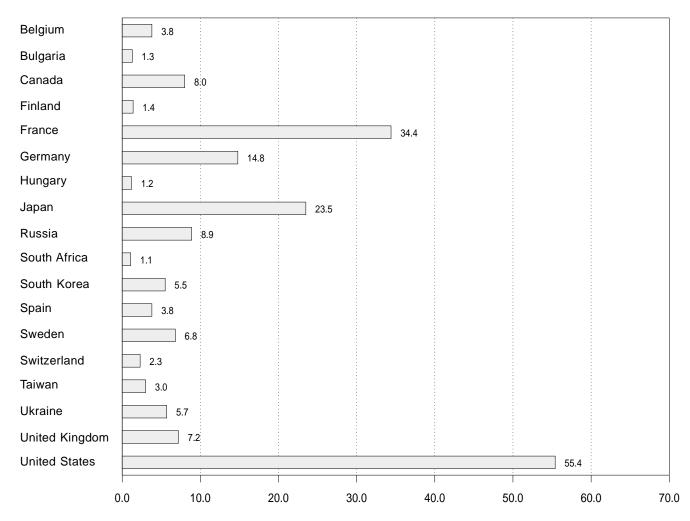
^{*}World excluding Eastern Europe.

By Region, November 1995



NA = Not available.

By Selected Country, November 1995



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Tables 10.4a-10.4e.

Table 10.4a Nuclear Electricity Gross Generation: Regions and World

	North America	Central and South America	Western Europe	Far East	Africa	Subtotal	Eastern Europe ^a	World
072 Tetal	402.4		72.0	40.0		400.2	. NA	NIA
973 Total	103.1	-	73.9	12.3	-	189.3	NA NA	NA
974 Total	139.7	1.0	83.9	21.4	-	246.0	NA	NA
975 Total	195.5	2.5	111.7	24.4		334.1	NA	NA
976 Total	219.8	2.6	126.2	40.3	-	388.9	NA	NA
977 Total	290.8	1.6	148.1	31.5	_	472.0	NA	NA
978 Total	325.4	2.9	166.9	60.6	-	555.9	NA	NA
979 Total	309.0	2.7	184.3	74.7	_	570.7	NA	NA
980 Total	305.8	2.3	214.2	97.4	_	619.8	NA	NA
981 Total	331.8	2.8	293.4	102.9	_	730.9	NA	NA
982 Total	341.2	1.9	321.8	123.6	_	788.5	NA	NA
983 Total	366.6	3.6	377.2	140.1	-	887.5	NA	NA
984 Total	397.6	6.6	485.4	167.7	4.2	1,061.5	NA	NA
985 Total	465.6	9.1	582.8	202.0	5.9	1,265.4	NA	NA
986 Total	508.8	5.8	631.5	223.6	9.3	1,378.9	NA	NA
987 Total	560.1	6.2	648.3	259.5	6.6	1,480.7	NA	NA
988 Total	639.7	5.5	688.1	248.5	11.1	1,592.8	NA	NA
989 Total	640.2	6.6	732.2	263.4	11.7	1,654.1	NA	NA
990 Total	681.3	9.4	738.6	284.3	8.9	1,722.5	NA	NA
991 Total	733.4	9.2	769.7	303.3	9.7	1,825.2	NA	NA
992 Total	735.2	8.8	783.9	315.2	9.9	1,852.9	E 271.5	E 2,124.
993 January	70.5	.8	78.9	28.1	.6	178.9	NA	NA
February	61.5	.6	72.6	25.3	.6	160.6	NA	NA
March	57.7	.6	76.3	26.9	.5	162.1	NA	NA
April	53.2	.7	68.6	25.6	.6	148.7	NA	NA
May	60.0	.7	60.1	E 25.9	.8	E 147.5	NA	NA
June	63.0	.7	60.7	E 26.0	.5	E 151.0	NA	NA
July	68.6	.7	60.8	E 31.8	1.0	E 163.1	NA	NA
	68.5	.7	57.9	E 33.3	.9	E 161.2	NA	NA
August		.7 .7		E 28.5	.5	E 154.4	NA NA	
September	60.8		63.9	E 28.5		E 154.4		NA
October	55.8	.4	65.7		.4		NA	NA
November	57.7	.6	70.6	E 27.9	.4	E 157.2	NA	NA
December Total	65.5 744.6	.7 8.1	81.0 817.0	^E 30.0 ^E 345.2	.8 7.7	E 178.1 E 1,922.7	NA E 263.0	NA ^E 2,185. 6
	00.5	7	70.0		0	•		
994 January	69.5	.7	76.3	E 28.6	.9	E 176.0	NA	NA
February	61.3	.7	67.5	E 25.0	.8	E 155.2	NA	NA
March	61.8	.7	70.3	E 27.0	.8	^E 160.5	NA	NA
April	55.0	.7	66.8	E 28.3	1.0	^E 151.8	NA	NA
May	60.3	.7	60.2	E 28.2	1.3	^E 150.7	NA	NA
June	63.6	.7	59.9	E 28.0	1.1	E 153.3	NA	NA
July	72.1	.7	60.2	E 33.6	1.1	E 167.7	NA	NA
August	73.3	.7	62.6	E 36.2	.9	E 173.8	NA	NA
September	67.6	.5	66.9	E 29.6	.4	E 165.0	NA	NA
October	62.5	.7	70.0	E 28.6	.5	E 162.3	NA	NA
November	67.4	.7	72.6	E 28.5	.6	E 169.8	NA	NA
December	72.9	.7	82.4	E 30.9	.8	E 187.7	NA	NA
Total	787.3	8.2	815.5	^E 366.7	10.3	E 1,988.0	^E 232.4	E 2,220.4
995 January	75.7	1.1	81.4	E 31.2	1.0	E 190.4	NA	NA
February	63.1	1.0	69.8	E 29.3	.7	E 163.9	NA	NA
March	64.5	1.0	73.9	E 32.1	.7	E 172.1	NA	NA
April	59.8	.9	69.3	E 30.8	.7	E 161.4	NA	NA
May	64.2	.9	62.9	^E 31.5	.8	E 160.3	NA	NA
June	67.3	.9	61.1	E 30.2	.o 1.1	E 160.7	NA NA	NA
			E 60.6	E 36.5		E 174.3		
July	75.1	1.0	- 6U.6		1.1		NA	NA
August	E 75.6	.6	E 62.0	E 39.3	1.2	E 178.6	NA	NA
September	E 68.6	.9	E 63.5	E 32.4	1.3	E 166.7	NA	NA
October	E 66.0	.4	E 71.0	E 32.5	1.2	E 171.1	NA	NA
November	_ ^E 64.2	.5	_ ^E 74.9	E 32.6	1.1	_ ^E 173.2	NA	NA
11-Month Total	E 744.0	9.1	^E 750.4	E 358.4	10.9	E 1,872.8	NA	NA
994 11-Month Total	714.3	7.6	733.2	^E 321.6	9.5	^E 1,786.1	NA	NA
993 11-Month Total	677.3	7.4	736.0	^E 307.7	6.9	E 1,735.3	NA	NA

themselves. • Monthly data may not sum to annual totals due to independent rounding and because precommercial generation is included in some annual totals but not in the monthly data. • Data for regions may not sum to totals due to independent rounding.

Source: McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, *Nucleonics Week*.

 ^a See Table 10.4e for country-specific estimated annual generation and available monthly generation for Eastern Europe.
 NA=Not available. -=Not applicable. E=Estimate.
 Notes: • Net figures are generally less than gross figures by about 5 percent, the difference being the energy consumed by the generating plants

Table 10.4b Nuclear Electricity Gross Generation: North, Central, and South America (Billion Kilowatthours)

	Canada	Mexico	United States	North America	Argentina	Brazil	Central and South America
1973 Total	15.3	_	87.8	103.1	_	_	_
1974 Total	15.4	_	124.3	139.7	1.0	_	1.0
1975 Total	13.2	_	182.3	195.5	2.5	_	2.5
1976 Total	18.0	_	201.8	219.8	2.6	_	2.6
	26.6	_	264.2	290.8	1.6	_	1.6
977 Total		_			2.9	_	
978 Total	33.0		292.4	325.4		_	2.9
1979 Total	38.4	_	270.6	309.0	2.7	-	2.7
980 Total	40.4	_	265.4	305.8	2.3	_	2.3
981 Total	43.3	_	288.5	331.8	2.8	_	2.8
982 Total	42.6	_	298.6	341.2	1.9	0.1	1.9
983 Total	53.0	_	313.6	366.6	3.4	.2	3.6
984 Total	53.8	_	343.8	397.6	4.5	2.1	6.6
985 Total	62.9	-	402.7	465.6	5.8	3.4	9.1
986 Total	74.6	_	434.1	508.8	5.7	.1	5.8
987 Total	80.6	_	479.5	560.1	5.2	1.0	6.2
988 Total	85.6	_	554.1	639.7	5.1	.3	5.5
989 Total	83.2	_	557.0	640.2	5.0	1.6	6.6
990 Total	75.8	2.1	603.4	681.3	7.4	2.0	9.4
991 Total	86.1	4.2	643.0	733.4	7.7	1.4	9.2
992 Total	81.3	3.9	650.0	735.2	7.1	1.8	8.8
993 January	8.2	.5	61.8	70.5	.6	.2	.8
February	7.4	.3	53.7	61.5	.4	.2	.6
March	7.8	.1	49.8	57.7	.6	(s)	.6
April	7.3	.5	45.4	53.2	.7	.0	.7
May	6.7	.5	52.8	60.0	.7	.0	.7
June	7.1	.5	55.4	63.0	.7	.0	.7
July	9.3	.5	58.9	68.6	.7	.0	.7
August	9.1	.5	58.9	68.5	.7	.0	.7
	7.9	.5	52.5	60.8	.7 .7	.0	.7
September							
October	8.5	.4	46.9	55.8	.4	.0	.4
November	8.2	.4	49.1	57.7	.6	.0	.6
December Total	9.2 97.6	.4 4.9	55.9 642.0	65.5 744.6	.7 7.7	.0 .4	.7 8.1
994 January	9.7	.2	59.6	69.5	.7	.0	.7
	9.1	.0	52.2	61.3	.7 .7	.0	.7
February							
March	10.5	(s)	51.3	61.8	.7	.0	.7
April	9.1	.4	45.4	55.0	.7	.0	.7
May	8.8	.4	51.1	60.3	.7	.0	.7
June	8.7	.5	54.5	63.6	.7	.0	.7
July	9.5	.5	62.2	72.1	.7	.0	.7
August	9.7	.4	63.1	73.3	.7	.0	.7
September	8.8	.4	58.3	67.6	.5	.0	.5
October	8.8	.5	53.2	62.5	.7	.0	.7
November	9.0	.4	58.0	67.4	.7	.0	.7
December	9.0	.4	63.5	72.9	.7	.0	.7
Total	110.7	4.2	672.4	787.3	8.2	.0	8.2
995 January	9.0	.3	66.4	75.7	.7	.4	1.1
February	8.4	.4	54.3	63.1	.6	.3	1.0
March	9.5	.4	54.6	64.5	.7	.3	1.0
April	7.6	.6	51.7	59.8	.7	.2	.9
May	6.7	.5	57.1	64.2	.7	.2	.9
June	7.8	.5	59.0	67.3	.7	.2	.9
July	9.1	.9	65.1	75.1	.7	.2	1.0
August	^E 9.5	.8	E 65.3	E 75.6	.6	.1	.6
September	E 8.6	.8	E 59.3	E 68.6	.0 .7	.2	.9
October	E 8.1	.9	^E 56.9	E 66.0	.3	.2 .1	.4
	8.0	.9 .8	E 55.4	E 64.2	.s .2		.5
November 11-Month Total	E 92.0	7. 0	E 645.0	E 744.0	.∠ 6.8	.2 2.3	.5 9.1
994 11-Month Total	101.7	3.8	608.9	714.3	7.6	.0	7.6
993 11-Month Total	87.5	4.6	585.3	677.3	7.0 7.0	.4	7.4

 ⁻⁼Not applicable. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than 0.05 billion kilowatthours.
 Notes:

 Net figures are generally less than gross figures by about 5 percent, the difference being the energy consumed by the generating plants themselves.
 Monthly data may not sum to annual totals due to independent rounding and because precommercial generation is included in

some annual totals but not in the monthly data. • Data for countries may not sum to regional totals due to independent rounding. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Source: McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, Nucleonics Week.

Table 10.4c Nuclear Electricity Gross Generation: Western Europe

	Belgium	Finland	France	Germanya	Italyb	Netherlands	Spain	Sweden	Switzerland	United Kingdom ^c	Western Europe
4070 7 4 1			44-	44.0							
1973 Total	0.0	-	14.7	11.9	3.1	1.1	6.5	2.1	6.2	28.2	73.9
1974 Total	.1 6.8	-	14.7	12.0	3.4	3.3 3.3	7.2	2.3	7.0 7.7	33.8	83.9
1975 Total		_	18.3	21.7	3.8		7.5 7.6	12.0		30.5	111.7 126.2
1976 Total	10.0		15.8	24.5	3.8	3.9		16.0	7.9	36.8	148.1
1977 Total 1978 Total	11.9 12.5	2.7 3.3	17.9 30.6	36.0 35.7	3.4 4.5	3.7 4.1	6.5 7.6	19.9 23.8	8.1 8.3	38.1 36.6	166.9
1979 Total	11.4	6.7	39.9	42.2	2.6	3.5	6.7	21.0	11.8	38.5	184.3
1980 Total	12.5	7.0	61.2	43.7	2.0	4.2	5.2	26.7	14.3	37.2	214.2
1981 Total	12.3	14.5	105.2	53.4	2.7	3.7	9.4	37.7	15.2	38.9	293.4
1982 Total	15.6	16.5	103.2	63.4	6.8	3.9	8.8	38.8	15.0	44.1	321.8
1983 Total	24.1	17.4	144.2	65.8	5.8	3.6	10.7	40.4	15.5	49.6	377.2
1984 Total	27.7	18.5	191.2	92.6	6.9	3.8	23.1	51.3	16.3	54.1	485.4
1985 Total	34.5	18.8	224.0	125.8	7.0	3.9	28.0	58.6	22.4	59.7	582.8
1986 Total	38.6	18.8	254.3	118.9	8.7	4.2	37.5	69.9	22.5	58.2	631.5
1987 Total	41.9	19.4	265.5	130.2	.2	3.6	41.2	67.2	23.0	56.2	648.3
1988 Total	43.1	19.3	274.9	145.2	.0	3.7	50.4	69.4	22.7	59.4	688.1
1989 Total	41.2	18.8	302.5	149.6	.0	4.0	56.1	65.6	22.8	71.6	732.2
1990 Total	42.7	18.9	314.1	147.2	.0	3.4	54.3	68.2	23.6	66.1	738.6
1991 Total	42.7	19.2	331.4	147.2	.0	3.3	55.6	76.8	22.9	70.4	769.7
1992 Total	43.5	19.0	337.6	158.8	.0	3.8	55.8	63.5	23.4	78.5	783.9
1003 January	4.3	1.8	36.3	15.1	.0	.4	5.4	5.8	2.3	7.6	78.9
1993 January	3.7	1.6	32.7	13.1	.0	.3	4.3	5.9	2.1	7.0	72.6
March	3.4	1.8	34.3	14.2	.0	.1	4.9	7.1	2.3	8.3	76.3
April	3.3	1.7	30.5	12.4	.0	.1	4.2	6.6	2.0	7.7	68.6
May	3.1	1.3	26.9	11.8	.0	.4	4.1	4.6	1.9	6.0	60.1
June	3.0	1.6	25.4	12.0	.0	.4	4.4	4.7	1.2	8.2	60.7
July	3.2	1.8	26.9	12.3	.0	.4	5.0	3.1	1.8	6.4	60.8
August	3.4	1.5	25.9	11.1	.0	.4	5.1	3.2	1.1	6.1	57.9
September	3.4	1.3	28.8	11.2	.0	.4	4.6	4.1	1.7	8.4	63.9
October	3.2	1.8	29.1	12.6	.0	.4	4.7	4.7	2.2	6.9	65.7
November	3.7	1.7	33.7	12.6	.0	.4	4.2	5.3	2.3	6.7	70.6
December	4.3	1.8	36.2	14.3	.0	.4	5.2	6.3	2.4	10.2	81.0
Total	41.9	19.6	366.7	153.5	.0	3.9	56.1	61.4	23.3	90.4	817.0
1994 January	4.3	1.8	34.1	13.8	.0	.4	5.1	6.9	2.4	7.6	76.3
February	3.5	1.6	30.8	12.1	.0	.1	4.1	6.7	2.1	6.6	67.5
March	3.6	1.8	30.5	12.7	.0	.1	4.1	7.2	2.3	7.9	70.3
April	3.3	1.7	28.6	12.0	.0	.4	4.3	6.9	2.3	7.3	66.8
May	2.8	1.1	25.3	11.2	.0	.4	4.7	5.6	2.0	7.2	60.2
June	2.4	1.6	25.5	11.8	.0	.4	4.1	4.3	1.4	8.5	59.9
July	2.6	1.5	28.0	10.6	.0	.4	4.8	4.4	1.5	6.5	60.2
August	3.3	1.4	28.1	11.5	.0	.4	5.3	4.5	1.2	7.0	62.6
September	3.2	1.4	28.7	12.3	.0	.3	5.1	5.5	2.1	8.3	66.9
October	3.5	1.8	30.8	13.7	.0	.4	4.1	6.7	2.4	6.5	70.0
November	4.0	1.7	31.7	14.1	.0	.4	4.2	7.1	2.3	7.1	72.6
December	4.3	1.8	37.1	15.2	.0	.4	5.3	7.0	2.4	8.8	82.4
Total	40.6	19.1	359.1	151.1	.0	4.0	55.1	72.8	24.2	89.5	815.5
1995 January	4.2	1.6	38.7	15.2	.0	.3	5.4	7.2	2.4	6.4	81.4
February	3.7	1.5	31.7	13.1	.0	(s)	4.6	6.2	2.2	6.8	69.8
March	3.6	1.8	34.4	12.4	.0	.1	4.6	6.6	2.4	8.0	73.9
April	4.0	1.7	30.6	12.2	.0	.4	4.3	6.5	2.0	7.5	69.3
May	3.4	1.3	28.3	10.2	.0	.4	5.0	5.6	2.1	6.5	62.9
June	3.1	1.6	27.1	11.3	.0	.4	4.7	3.5	1.6	_ 7.9	_61.1
July	2.5	1.7	28.2	11.2	.0	.4	4.3	4.0	1.6	^E 6.8	E 60.6
August	2.5	1.4	29.0	12.1	.0	.4	4.3	4.5	1.3	^E 6.4	E 62.0
September	2.7	1.6	27.9	12.5	.0	.4	4.0	5.2	2.0	E 7.2	^E 63.5
October	3.7	1.6	31.1	13.9	.0	.4	4.1	6.6	2.4	E 7.2	E 71.0
November	3.8	1.4	34.4	14.8	.0	.4	3.8	6.8	2.3	E 7.2	E 74.9
11-Month Total	37.2	17.2	341.3	139.0	.0	3.6	49.1	62.7	22.4	E 77.8	E 750.4
1994 11-Month Total 1993 11-Month Total	36.3 37.6	17.3 17.8	322.0 330.6	135.9 139.2	.0 .0	3.6 3.5	49.8 50.8	65.7 55.1	21.9 20.9	80.6 80.2	733.2 736.0

^a Through December 1990, the data for Germany are for the former West Germany only. Beginning with January 1991, the data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

^b In 1987, Italy's citizens voted for a nuclear power moratorium, which shut down their nuclear power plants indefinitely.

^c Monthly data for the United Kingdom are totals for 4- or 5-week reporting periods, not calendar months.

—=Not applicable. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than 0.05 billion kilowatthours.

Notes: • Net figures are generally less than gross figures by about 5 percent, the difference being the energy consumed by the generating plants themselves. • Monthly data may not sum to annual totals due to independent rounding and because precommercial generation is included in some annual totals but not in the monthly data. • Data for countries may not sum to regional totals due to independent rounding.

Source: McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, Nucleonics Week.

Table 10.4d Nuclear Electricity Gross Generation: Far East and Africa

	China ^a	India	Japan	Pakistan	South Korea	Taiwan	Far East	South Africa ^b
973 Total	_	2.5	9.4	0.5	_	_	12.3	_
974 Total	_	1.9	18.9	.6	_	_	21.4	_
975 Total	_	2.5	21.3	.5	_	_	24.4	_
976 Total	_	3.2	36.6	.5	_	_	40.3	_
977 Total	_	2.8	28.2	.3	0.1	0.1	31.5	_
978 Total	_	2.3	53.1	.2	2.3	2.7	60.6	_
	_	2.3 3.2	62.0		2.3 3.2		74.7	_
979 Total				(s)		6.3		_
980 Total	-	2.9	82.8	.1	3.5	8.2	97.4	_
981 Total	-	3.1	86.0	.2	2.9	10.7	102.9	_
982 Total	-	2.2	104.5	.1	3.8	13.1	123.6	_
983 Total	_	2.9	109.1	.2	9.0	18.9	140.1	_
984 Total	-	4.1	127.2	.3	11.8	24.3	167.7	4.2
985 Total	_	4.5	152.0	.3	16.5	28.7	202.0	5.9
986 Total	_	5.1	164.8	.5	26.1	26.9	223.6	9.3
987 Total	_	5.5	182.8	.3	37.8	33.1	259.5	6.6
988 Total	_	6.1	173.6	.2	38.7	29.9	248.5	11.1
989 Total	_	4.0	183.7	.1	47.2	28.3	263.4	11.7
990 Total	_	6.3	191.9	.4	52.8	32.9	284.3	8.9
	_							
991 Total		5.4	205.8	.4	56.3	35.3	303.3	9.7
992 Total	-	6.3	218.0	.6	56.4	33.8	315.2	9.9
993 January	-	.7	19.5	(s)	4.8	3.0	28.1	.6
February	-	.6	17.4	.1	4.5	2.7	25.3	.6
March	_	.6	18.9	.1	4.6	2.8	26.9	.5
April	_	.2	17.6	.1	4.8	2.8	25.6	.6
May	NA	.4	17.4	(s)	5.3	2.7	E 25.9	.8
June	NA	.5	17.9	(s)	5.1	2.6	E 26.0	.5
July	NA	.7	22.3	.1	5.5	3.4	E 31.8	1.0
August	NA NA	.5	24.2		4.9	3.6	E 33.3	.9
			20.5	(s)	4.6	2.9	E 28.5	.5 .5
September	NA	.4		.1				
October	NA	.5	20.6	(s)	4.6	2.8	E 28.5	.4
November	NA	.5	20.9	.0	4.2	2.3	E 27.9	.4
December	_NA	.6	21.5	(s)	5.1	2.8	^E 30.0	.8
Total	E 2.6	6.2	243.5	.4	58.1	34.3	^E 345.2	7.7
994 January	NA	.4	20.5	.1	5.0	2.6	E 28.6	.9
February	NA	.3	17.8	(s)	4.1	2.8	E 25.0	.8
March	NA	.4	19.0	.1	4.6	2.9	E 27.0	.8
April	NA	.4	20.2	(s)	4.9	2.7	E 28.3	1.0
	NA	.5	19.8		4.9	2.9	E 28.2	1.3
May		.5 .5		.1			E 28.0	
June	NA		19.4	.1	5.0	2.9		1.1
July	NA	.4	24.3	(s)	5.5	3.3	E 33.6	1.1
August	NA	.5	26.9	(s)	5.3	3.5	E 36.2	.9
September	NA	.3	21.7	(s)	4.8	2.9	^E 29.6	.4
October	NA	.3	20.5	.1	5.0	2.8	E 28.6	.5
November	NA	.5	20.6	(s)	4.7	2.7	^E 28.5	.6
December	NA	.6	23.1	.1	4.3	2.9	E 30.9	.8
Total	E 14.2	5.0	253.8	.6	58.3	34.8	E 366.7	10.3
995 January	NA	.7	23.1	(s)	4.8	2.5	E 31.2	1.0
February	NA NA	.5	21.5	(s)	4.9	2.3	E 29.3	.7
March	NA NA	.6	23.6	1 1	5.1	2.7	E 32.1	.7
				(s)			_	
April	NA NA	.6	22.6	(s)	4.9	2.7	5 30.8	.7
May	NA	.7	22.1	(s)	5.4	3.2	E 31.5	.8
June	NA	.7	20.6	.1	5.5	3.4	E 30.2	1.1
July	NA	8	26.3	.1	6.1	3.3	^E 36.5	1.1
August	NA	E .8	29.0	.1	5.9	3.4	^E 39.3	1.2
September	NA	E .8	23.9	(s)	4.8	2.8	E 32.4	1.3
October	NA	.5	23.8	<u>`.1</u>	5.1	3.0	^Ŀ 32.5	1.2
November	NA	.5	23.5	(s)	5.5	3.0	E 32.6	1.1
11-Month Total	NA	7.4	260.1	.5	58.1	32.4	E 358.4	10.9
994 11-Month Total	NA	4.4	230.6	.5	54.0	32.0	E 321.6	9.5
993 11-Month Total	NA NA	4.4 5.6	230.6 217.2	.5 .4	53.0	32.0 31.5	E 307.7	9.5 6.9

^a The total gross generation estimate for 1993 and 1994 for China is calculated as 5 percent more than the annual net nuclear generation reported by the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) and is published in the Energy Information Administration annual report, *World Nuclear Outlook 1995*, October 1995 Table 1

NA=Not available. – =Not applicable. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than 0.05 billion kilowatthours.

Notes: • The Philippines has a nuclear generating unit under construction.

Its earliest initial commercial operation is projected to be in 1996. • Net figures are generally less than gross figures by about 5 percent, the difference being the energy consumed by the generating plants themselves. • Monthly data may not sum to annual totals due to independent rounding and because precommercial generation is included in some annual totals but not in the monthly data. • Data for countries may not sum to regional totals due to independent rounding.

independent rounding.
Source: McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, Nucleonics Week.

October 1995, Table 1.

^b South Africa comprises all of Africa's nuclear electricity generation.

NA=Not available. — =Not applicable. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than 0.05

Table 10.4e Nuclear Electricity Gross Generation: Eastern Europe

	Bulgaria	Czech Republic ^a	Hungary	Kazakhstan ^a	Lithuania ^a	Romania ^b	Russia	Slovakia ^a	Slovenia	Ukraine	Eastern Europe ^c
1973 Total	_	_	_	NA	_	_	NA	NA	_	_	NA
1974 Total	NA	-	_	NA	_	-	NA	NA	-	-	NA
1975 Total	NA	_	_	NA	_	_	NA	NA	_	-	NA
1976 Total	NA	_	-	NA	-	_	NA	NA	_	-	NA
1977 Total	NA	_	-	NA	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	NA
1978 Total	NA	-	-	NA	-	_	NA	NA	-	NA	NA
1979 Total	NA	_	-	NA	_	-	NA	NA	-	NA	NA
1980 Total	NA	-	-	NA	-	-	NA	NA	_	NA	NA
1981 Total	NA NA	_	_	NA NA	_	_	NA NA	NA NA	_	NA NA	NA NA
1982 Total1983 Total	NA	_	NA	NA NA	_	_	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA
1984 Total	NA	_	NA	NA NA	_	_	NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA
1985 Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	_	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1986 Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	_	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1987 Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	_	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1988 Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	_	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1989 Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	_	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1990 Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	_	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1991 Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	_	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1992 Total	E 12.2	^E 12.9	^E 13.8	^E .5	^E 16.4	-	E 125.6	^E 11.7	^E 4.0	^E 74.6	E 271.5
1993 January	E 1.5	NA	1.4	NA	NA	-	11.0	NA	.5	E 7.8	NA
February	E 1.5	NA	1.2	NA	NA	_	9.8	NA	.4	E 7.8	NA
March	E 1.5	NA	1.2	NA	NA	_	10.6	NA	.4	7.8	NA
April	E 1.5	NA	1.0	NA	NA	_	10.3	NA	.5	5.5	NA
May	1.2	NA	1.0	NA NA	NA	_	9.6	NA NA	.2 .0	5.1	NA
June	.8 .9	NA NA	1.0 1.0	NA NA	NA NA	_	10.1 8.4	NA NA	.0 (s)	5.0 5.6	NA NA
July August	.9 .9	NA NA	1.0	NA NA	NA NA	_	9.5	NA NA	(8)	6.0	NA NA
September	1.1	.9	1.0	NA	NA	_	9.3	NA	.5	5.1	NA
October	.6	.9	1.2	NA	NA	_	9.7	NA	.5	5.3	NA
November	.9	1.0	1.3	NA	NA	_	10.4	NA	.4	5.3	NA
December	1.6	.9	1.4	NA	NA	_	11.9	NA	.3	6.3	NA
Total	14.0	E 13.2	13.8	E.4	E 12.9	-	120.4	E 11.6	4.0	E 72.7	E 263.0
1994 January	1.6	1.2	1.4	NA	NA	_	11.0	NA	.3	7.6	NA
February	1.4	1.2	1.2	NA	NA	-	10.0	NA	.4	6.7	NA
March	1.6	1.3	1.2	NA	NA	-	9.5	NA	.4	6.5	NA
April	1.1	1.3	1.0	NA	NA	_	8.0	NA	.5	5.8	NA
May	1.1	1.3	1.0	NA	NA	-	7.5	NA	.5	6.2	NA
June	.8	1.3	1.0	NA	NA	_	7.0	NA	.5	5.8	NA
July	.6	1.3	1.1	NA	NA	_	7.2	NA	.4 .3	3.7	NA
August September	.9 .8	NA NA	1.0 1.0	NA NA	NA NA	_	6.0 6.5	NA NA		2.9 3.6	NA NA
October	1.2	NA	1.3	NA	NA	_	7.5	NA	(s) .4	5.4	NA
November	1.6	NA	1.3	NA	NA	_	8.4	NA	.5	6.7	NA
December	2.0	NA	1.4	NA	NA	_	9.2	NA	.5	7.4	NA
Total	14.9	E 12.7	14.0	E.4	E 7.0	-	97.7	E 12.7	4.6	68.4	E 232.4
1995 January	2.2	NA	1.4	NA	NA	_	10.7	NA	.5	8.5	NA
February	2.1	NA	1.1	NA	NA	_	8.9	NA	.4	7.5	NA
March	1.9	NA	1.3	NA	.9	-	9.0	NA	.5	7.3	NA
April	1.5	NA	1.1	NA	.7	-	7.8	NA	.3	6.5	NA
May	1.3	NA	1.1	NA	.8	_	7.2	NA	.0	4.8	NA
June	.9	NA	1.0	NA	.7	-	6.6	NA	.4	4.4	NA
July	1.0	NA NA	1.1	NA NA	.8 1.0	-	7.4	NA NA	.5	4.0 4.8	NA NA
August	.8 1.0	NA NA	1.0			_	7.2		.4 .4	4.8 4.1	
September	1.0 1.2	NA NA	1.1	NA NA	.9 1.0	_	6.5 7.8	NA NA		4.1 5.1	NA NA
October November	1.2	NA NA	1.3 1.2	NA NA	1.0 1.3	_	7.8 8.9	NA NA	.5 .5	5.7	NA NA
11-Month Total	15.2	NA NA	12.7	NA NA	NA	_	87.9	NA NA	4.3	62.7	NA NA
1994 11-Month Total 1993 11-Month Total	12.9 12.4	NA NA	12.6 12.4	NA NA	NA NA	_	88.5 108.5	NA NA	4.1 3.7	61.0 66.4	NA NA

 $^{^{\}rm a}$ The total gross generation estimate for 1993 and 1994 for Czech Republic, Kazakhstan, Lithuania, and Slovakia is calculated as 5 percent more than the annual net nuclear generation reported by the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) and is published in the Energy Information annual report, *World Nuclear Outlook 1995*, October 1995, Table 1.

b Romania has a nuclear generating unit under construction. Its earliest

Requirements 1993, November 1993, Table 10.

NA=Not available. - =Not applicable. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than 0.05 billion kilowatthours.

Notes: • Armenia has two nuclear generating units under construction. The earliest commercial operation for one unit is projected to be in 2000. Net figures are generally less than gross figures by about 5 percent, the difference being the energy consumed by the generating plants themselves. Monthly data may not sum to annual totals due to independent rounding and because precommercial generation is included in some annual totals but not in the monthly data. • Data for countries may not sum to regional totals due to independent rounding.

Romania has a nuclear generating unit under construction. Its earliest initial operation is projected to be in 1995.

^c The total gross generation estimate for 1992 for Eastern European countries are calculated as 5 percent more than the annual net nuclear generation reported by the IAEA and published in the Energy Information Administration annual report, World Nuclear Capacity and Fuel Cycle

Sources for Tables 10.1a and 10.1b

United States

Table 3.1a.

Other Countries: Annual Data

1973-1979: Energy Information Administration (EIA), *International Energy Annual 1981*, Table 8.

1980: EIA, International Energy Annual 1989, Table 1. 1981: EIA, International Energy Annual 1990, Table 1.

1982: EIA, International Energy Annual 1991, Table 1.

1983-1992: EIA, International Energy Annual 1992, Table 1.

1993: EIA, *International Energy Annual 1993*, Table 2.2.

1994: Average of monthly data.

Other Countries: Monthly Data

1993-1995: Petroleum Intelligence Weekly, the Oil and Gas Journal, and other industry sources.

World: Annual Data

1973-1979: EIA, *International Energy Annual 1981*, Table 8.

1980: EIA, International Energy Annual 1989, Table 1. 1981: EIA, International Energy Annual 1990, Table 1. 1982: EIA, International Energy Annual 1991, Table 1983-1992: EIA, International Energy Annual 1992, Table 1.

1993: EIA, *International Energy Annual 1993*, Table 2.2.

1994: Average of monthly data.

World: Monthly Data

1993-1995: EIA, *International Petroleum Statistics Report*, sum of all countries' monthly data.

Appendix A. Thermal Conversion Factors

The thermal conversion factors presented in the following eight tables can be used to estimate the heat content in British thermal units (Btu) of a given amount of energy measured in physical units, such as barrels or cubic feet. For example, 10 barrels of asphalt have a heat content of approximately 66.36 million Btu (10 barrels x 6.636 million Btu/barrel = 66.36 million Btu).

Thermal conversion factors for hydrocarbon mixes (Table A1) are weighted averages of the thermal conversion factors for each hydrocarbon included in the mix. For example, in calculating the thermal conversion factor for a 60-40 butane-propane mixture,

the thermal conversion factor for butane is weighted 1.5 times more heavily than the thermal conversion factor for propane.

In general, the annual thermal conversion factors presented in Tables A1 through A8 are computed from final annual data. However, if the current year's final data are not available in time for publication, thermal conversion factors for the current year are computed from the best available data and are labeled "preliminary." The source of each factor is described in the section entitled "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A8 in this appendix.

Table A1. Approximate Heat Content of Petroleum Products
(Million Btu per Barrel)

Petroleum Product	Heat Content	Petroleum Product He	eat Content
Asphalt	6.636	Petrochemical Feedstocks	
Aviation Gasoline		Naphtha Less Than 401° F	5.248
Butane	4.326	Other Oils Equal to or Greater Than 401° F	5.825
Butane-Propane Mixture ^a	4.130	Still Gas	6.000
Distillate Fuel Oil	5.825	Petroleum Coke	6.024
Ethane	3.082	Plant Condensate	5.418
Ethane-Propane Mixture ^b	3.308	Propane	3.836
Isobutane	3.974	Residual Fuel Oil	6.287
Jet Fuel, Kerosene Type	5.670	Road Oil	6.636
Jet Fuel, Naphtha Type	5.355	Special Naphthas	5.248
Kerosene	5.670	Still Gas	6.000
Lubricants	6.065	Unfinished Oils	5.825
Motor Gasoline	5.253	Unfractionated Stream	5.418
Natural Gasoline and Isopentane	4.620	Waxes	5.537
Pentanes Plus	4.620	Miscellaneous	5.796

^a 60 percent butane and 40 percent propane.

Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A8.

^b 70 percent ethane and 30 percent propane.

Table A2. Approximate Heat Content of Crude Oil, Crude Oil and Products, and Natural Gas Plant Liquids

(Million Btu per Barrel)

		Crude Oil		Crude Oil a	nd Products	Natural Gas
	Production	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Plant Liquids Production
1973	5.800	5.817	5.800	5.897	5.752	4.049
1974	5.800	5.827	5.800	5.884	5.774	4.011
1975	5.800	5.821	5.800	5.858	5.748	3.984
1976	5.800	5.808	5.800	5.856	5.745	3.964
1977	5.800	5.810	5.800	5.834	5.797	3.941
1978	5.800	5.802	5.800	5.839	5.808	3.925
1979	5.800	5.810	5.800	5.810	5.832	3.955
980	5.800	5.812	5.800	5.796	5.820	3.914
1981	5.800	5.818	5.800	5.775	5.821	3.930
982	5.800	5.826	5.800	5.775	5.820	3.872
983	5.800	5.825	5.800	5.774	5.800	3.839
984	5.800	5.823	5.800	5.745	5.850	3.812
985	5.800	5.832	5.800	5.736	5.814	3.815
1986	5.800	5.903	5.800	5.808	5.832	3.797
1987	5.800	5.901	5.800	5.820	5.858	3.804
1988	5.800	5.900	5.800	5.820	5.840	3.800
1989	5.800	5.906	5.800	5.833	5.857	3.826
1990	5.800	5.934	5.800	5.849	5.833	3.822
991	5.800	5.948	5.800	5.873	5.823	3.807
992	5.800	5.953	5.800	5.877	5.777	3.804
1993	5.800	5.954	5.800	5.883	5.779	3.801
1994 ^a	5.800	5.951	5.800	5.862	5.781	3.794
1995 ^a	5.800	5.951	5.800	5.862	5.781	3.794

^a Preliminary.

Note: Crude oil includes lease condensate.

Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A8.

Table A3. Approximate Heat Content of Petroleum Products, Weighted Averages (Million Btu per Barrel)

			Consumption					
	Residential and Commercial	Industrial	Transportation	Electric Utilities	Total	Imports	Exports	Liquefied Petroleum Gases Consumption
1973	5.387	5.568	5.395	6.245	5.515	5.983	5.752	3.746
974	5.377	5.538	5.394	6.238	5.504	5.959	5.773	3.730
975	5.358	5.528	5.392	6.250	5.494	5.935	5.747	3.715
976	5.383	5.538	5.395	6.251	5.504	5.980	5.743	3.711
977	5.389	5.555	5.400	6.249	5.518	5.908	5.796	3.677
978	5.382	5.553	5.404	6.251	5.519	5.955	5.814	3.669
979	5.471	5.418	5.428	6.258	5.494	5.811	5.864	3.680
980	5.468	5.376	5.440	6.254	5.479	5.748	5.841	3.674
981	5.409	5.313	5.432	6.258	5.448	5.659	5.837	3.643
982	5.392	5.263	5.422	6.258	5.415	5.664	5.829	3.615
983	5.286	5.273	5.415	6.255	5.406	5.677	5.800	3.614
984	5.384	5.223	5.422	6.251	5.395	5.613	5.867	3.599
985	5.326	5.221	5.423	6.247	5.387	5.572	5.819	3.603
986	5.357	5.286	5.427	6.257	5.418	5.624	5.839	3.640
987	5.316	5.253	5.430	6.249	5.403	5.599	5.860	3.659
988	5.320	5.248	5.434	6.250	5.410	5.618	5.842	3.652
989	5.257	5.233	5.440	6.241	5.410	5.641	5.869	3.683
990	5.208	5.272	5.445	6.247	5.411	5.614	5.838	3.625
991	5.163	5.192	5.442	6.248	5.384	5.636	5.827	3.614
992	5.169	5.188	5.445	6.243	5.378	5.623	5.774	3.624
993	5.148	5.200	5.438	6.241	5.379	5.620	5.777	3.606
994a	5.122	5.181	5.441	6.231	5.371	5.538	5.779	3.635
995a	5.122	5.181	5.441	6.231	5.371	5.538	5.779	3.635

Preliminary.

Note: Weighted averages of the products included in each category are calculated by using heat content values shown in Table A1. Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A8.

Table A4. Approximate Heat Content of Natural Gas

(Btu per Cubic Foot)

	Prod	uction		Consumption			
	Dry	Marketed (Wet)	Sectors Other Than Electric Utilities	Electric Utilities	Total	Imports	Exports
973	1,021	1,093	1,020	1,024	1,021	1,026	1,023
974	1,021	1,093	1,024	1,024	1,024	1,027	1,016
975	1,021	1,095	1,020	1,026	1,021	1,026	1,014
976	1,020	1,093	1,019	1,023	1,020	1,025	1,013
977	1,020	1,093	1.019	1,029	1,021	1,026	1,013
978	1,019	1,088	1,016	1,034	1,019	1,030	1,013
979	1,021	1.092	1,018	1.035	1.021	1.037	1,013
980	1,026	1,098	1,024	1,035	1,026	1,022	1,013
981	1,027	1,103	1,025	1,035	1,027	1,014	1,011
982	1,028	1,107	1,026	1,036	1,028	1,018	1,011
983	1,031	1,115	1,031	1,030	1,031	1,024	1,010
984	1,031	1,109	1,030	1,035	1,031	1,005	1,010
985	1,032	1,112	1,031	1,038	1,032	1,002	1,011
986	1,030	1,110	1,029	1,034	1,030	997	1,008
987	1,031	1,112	1,031	1,032	1,031	999	1,011
988	1,029	1,109	1,029	1,028	1,029	1,002	1,018
989	1,031	1,107	1,031	1,030	1,031	1,004	1,019
990	1,031	1,105	1,030	1,034	1,031	1,012	1,018
991	1,030	1,108	1,031	1,024	1,030	1,014	1,022
992	1,030	1,110	1,031	1,022	1,030	1,011	1,018
993	1,027	1,106	1,028	1,022	1,027	1,020	1,016
994 ^a	1,028	1,105	1,029	1,022	1,028	1,022	1,011
995 ^a	1,028	1,105	1,029	1,022	1,028	1,022	1,011

^a Preliminary. Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A8.

Table A5. Approximate Heat Content of Coal

(Million Btu per Short Ton)

				Consumption				
	Production	Residential and Commercial	Coke Plants	Other Industrial ^a	Electric Utilities ^b	Total	Imports	Exports
973	23.376	22.831	26.780	22.586	22.246	23.057	25.000	26.596
974	23.072	22.479	26.778	22.419	21.781	22.677	25.000	26.700
975	22.897	22.261	26.782	22.436	21.642	22.506	25.000	26.562
976	22.855	22.774	26.781	22.530	21.679	22.498	25.000	26.601
977	22.597	22.919	26.787	22.322	21.508	22.265	25.000	26.548
978	22.248	22.466	26.789	22.207	21.275	22.017	25.000	26.478
979	22.454	22.242	26.788	22.452	21.364	22.100	25.000	26.548
980	22.415	22.543	26.790	22.690	21.295	21.947	25.000	26.384
981	22.308	22.474	26.794	22.585	21.085	21.713	25.000	26.160
982	22.239	22.695	26.797	22.712	21.194	21.674	25.000	26.223
983	22.052	22.775	26.798	22.691	21.133	21.576	25.000	26.291
984	22.010	22.844	26.799	22.543	21.101	21.573	25.000	26.402
985	21.870	22.646	26.798	22.020	20.959	21.366	25.000	26.307
986	21.913	22.947	26.798	22.198	21.084	21.462	25.000	26.292
987	21.922	23.404	26.799	22.381	21.136	21.517	25.000	26.291
988	21.823	23.571	26.799	22.360	20.900	21.328	25.000	26.299
989	21.765	23.650	26.800	22.347	20.848	21.272	25.000	26.160
990	21.822	23.137	26.799	22.457	20.929	21.331	25.000	26.202
991	21.681	23.114	26.799	22.460	20.755	21.146	25.000	26.188
992	21.646	23.105	26.799	22.250	20.787	21.143	25.000	26.161
993	21.388	22.994	26.800	22.123	20.639	20.983	25.000	26.335
994	21.352	23.112	26.800	22.068	20.673	21.010	25.000	26.329
995 ^c	21.278	23.165	26.800	21.909	20.502	20.852	25.000	26.207

^a Includes transportation.

b Data shown in this column are not the same as those shown in the *Electric Power Monthly* (EPM). The EPM data report coal receipts; the data shown here represent coal consumption.

c Preliminary.

Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A8.

Table A6. Approximate Heat Content of Bituminous Coal and Lignite

(Million Btu per Short Ton)

				Consumption				
	Production	Residential and Commercial	Coke Plants	Other Industrial ^a	Electric Utilities	Total	Imports	Exports
1973	23.391	22.887	26.800	22.585	22.262	23.073	25.000	26.612
1974	23.087	22.523	26.800	22.420	21.799	22.694	25.000	26.716
1975	22.910	22.258	26.800	22.439	21.659	22.522	25.000	26.573
1976	22.863	22.819	26.800	22.528	21.692	22.509	25.000	26.613
1977	22.597	22.594	26.800	22.290	21.521	22.266	25.000	26.561
1978	22.242	22.078	26.800	22.175	21.284	22.014	25.000	26.501
1979	22.449	21.884	26.800	22.436	21.372	22.100	25.000	26.570
1980	22.411	22.488	26.800	22.690	21.301	21.950	25.000	26.404
1981	22.301	22.010	26.800	22.572	21.091	21.710	25.000	26.176
1982	22.233	22.226	26.800	22.695	21.200	21.670	25.000	26.231
1983	22.048	22.438	26.800	22.680	21.141	21.576	25.000	26.300
1984	22.005	22.406	26.800	22.525	21.108	21.570	25.000	26.410
1985	21.867	22.568	26.800	22.013	20.965	21.368	25.000	26.320
1986	21.908	22.669	26.800	22.185	21.091	21.462	25.000	26.308
1987	21.918	22.800	26.800	22.360	21.143	21.514	25.000	26.304
1988	21.817	23.135	26.800	22.341	20.905	21.324	25.000	26.308
1989	21.759	22.917	26.800	22.324	20.854	21.268	25.000	26.166
1990	21.819	22.678	26.800	22.444	20.935	21.330	25.000	26.207
1991	21.678	22.635	26.800	22.448	20.761	21.146	25.000	26.192
1992	21.643	22.768	26.800	22.242	20.792	21.142	25.000	26.165
1993	21.383	22.749	26.800	22.111	20.644	20.983	25.000	26.341
1994	21.347	22.683	26.800	22.046	20.681	21.011	25.000	26.335
1995 ^b	21.272	22.785	26.800	21.887	20.509	20.852	25.000	26.212

a Includes transportation.
 b Preliminary.
 Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A8.

Table A7. Approximate Heat Content of Anthracite and Coal Coke

(Million Btu per Short Ton)

			Anthracite			
			Consumption			Carl Calva
	Production	Sectors Other Than Electric Utilities	Electric Utilities	Total	Imports and Exports	Coal Coke Imports and Exports
973	22.132	22.674	17.920	21,464	25.400	24.800
974	21.711	22.330	17.200	20.919	25.400	24.800
975	21.582	22.272	17.064	20.762	25.400	24.800
976	22.045	22.618	17.526	21.254	25.400	24.800
977	22.661	24.101	17.244	22.066	25.400	24.800
978	23.079	24.388	17.104	22.398	25.400	24.800
979	23.170	24.272	17.454	22.069	25.400	24.800
980	22.869	22.719	17.652	21.405	25.400	24.800
981	23.291	23.749	18.168	22.080	25.400	24.800
982	23.289	24.578	18.160	22.518	25.400	24.800
983	22.734	24.536	16.516	21.583	25.400	24.800
984	23.107	25.128	17.018	22.322	25.400	24.800
985	22.428	23.031	16.784	20.817	25.400	24.800
986	23.084	24.399	15.578	21.512	25.400	24.800
987	23.108	26.293	15.962	22.435	25.400	24.800
988	23.266	26.021	17.312	22.423	25.400	24.800
989	23.385	27.196	16.310	22.623	25.400	24.800
990	22.574	25.199	16.140	21.668	25.400	24.800
991	22.573	25.268	15.858	21.410	25.400	24.800
992	22.572	24.617	16.944	21.423	25.400	24.800
993	22.573	24.096	16.534	21.262	25.400	24.800
994	22.572	25.037	14.680	20.828	25.400	24.800
1995 ^a	22.573	24.872	14.568	20.860	25.400	24.800

^a Preliminary. Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A8.

Table A8. Approximate Heat Rates for Electricity

(Btu per Kilowatthour)

	Electricity Generation			
	Fossil-Fueled Steam-Electric Plants ^a	Nuclear Steam-Electric Plants	Geothermal Energy Plants	Electricity Consumption
973	10.389	10.903	21.674	3,412
974	10,442	11.161	21.674	3,412
975	10,406	11.013	21.611	3,412
976	10,373	11.047	21.611	3.412
977	10,435	10.769	21,611	3,412
978	10,361	10.941	21.611	3.412
979	10.353	10.879	21.545	3.412
980	10,388	10.908	21.639	3,412
981	10.453	11.030	21.639	3.412
982	10,454	11,073	21,629	3,412
983	10,520	10.905	21,290	3,412
984	10.440	10.843	21.303	3,412
985	10,447	10,813	21,263	3,412
986	10,446	10,799	21,263	3,412
987	10,419	10,776	21,263	3,412
988	10,324	10,743	21,096	3,412
989	10,317	10,724	21,096	3,412
990	10,335	10,680	21,096	3,412
991	10,352	10,740	20,997	3,412
992	10,302	10,678	20,914	3,412
993	10,280	10,682	20,914	3,412
994 ^b	10,280	10,682	20,914	3,412
995 ^b	10,280	10,682	20,914	3,412

a This thermal conversion factor is used for hydroelectric power generation and for biomass fuels, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy consumed at electric utilities.

b Preliminary.

Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows this table.

Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation

Approximate Heat Content of Petroleum and Natural Gas **Plant Liquids**

Asphalt. The Energy Information Administration (EIA) adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.636 million British thermal units (Btu) per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1956.

Aviation Gasoline. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.048 million Btu per barrel for "Gasoline, Aviation" as published by the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation in Appendix V of Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947-1985, a 1968 release of historical and projected statistics.

Butane. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 4.326 million Btu per barrel in the California Oil World and Petroleum Industry, First Issue, April 1942.

Butane-Propane Mixture. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines calculation of 4.130 million Btu per barrel based on an assumed mixture of 60 percent butane and 40 percent propane. See Butane and Propane.

Crude Oil, Exports. Assumed by EIA to be 5.800 million Btu per barrel or equal to the thermal conversion factor for crude oil produced in the United States. See Crude Oil and Lease Condensate, Production.

Crude Oil, Imports. Calculated annually by EIA by weighting the thermal conversion factor of each type of crude oil imported by the quantity imported. Thermal conversion factors for each type were calculated on a foreign country basis, by determining the average American Petroleum Institute (API) gravity of crude imported from each foreign country from Form ERA-60 in 1977 and converting average API gravity to average Btu content by using National Bureau of Standards, Miscellaneous Publication No. 97, Thermal Properties of Petroleum Products, 1933.

Crude Oil and Lease Condensate, Production. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 5.800 million Btu per barrel as reported in a Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Values of Various Fuels, Adopted January 3, 1950."

Crude Oil and Petroleum Products, Exports. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each petroleum product

exported and crude oil exported weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product and crude oil exported. See Crude Oil, Exports and Petroleum Products, Exports.

Crude Oil and Petroleum Products, Imports. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each petroleum product and each type of crude oil imported weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product and each type of crude oil imported. See Crude Oil, Imports and Petroleum Products, Imports.

Distillate Fuel Oil. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.825 million Btu per barrel as reported in a Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Value of Various Fuels, Adopted January 3, 1950."

Ethane. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 3.082 million Btu per barrel in the *California Oil World and Petroleum Industry*, First Issue, April 1942.

Ethane-Propane Mixture. EIA calculated 3.308 million Btu per barrel based on an assumed mixture of 70 percent ethane and 30 percent propane. See **Ethane** and **Propane**.

Isobutane. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 3.974 million Btu per barrel in the *California Oil World and Petroleum Industry*, First Issue, April 1942.

Jet Fuel, Kerosene Type. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.670 million Btu per barrel for "Jet Fuel, Commercial" as published by the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation in Appendix V of Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947-1985, a 1968 release of historical and projected statistics.

Jet Fuel, Naphtha Type. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.355 million Btu per barrel for "Jet Fuel, Military" as published by the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation in Appendix V of *Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947-1985*, a 1968 release of historical and projected statistics.

Kerosene. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.670 million Btu per barrel as reported in a Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Values of Various Fuels, Adopted January 3, 1950."

Liquefied Petroleum Gases (LPG) Consumption. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors of each liquefied petroleum gas consumed, weighted by the quantity of each liquefied petroleum gas consumed.

Lubricants. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.065 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1956.*

Miscellaneous Products. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 5.796 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement*, *Annual*, 1956.

Motor Gasoline. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.253 million Btu per barrel for "Gasoline, Motor Fuel" by the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation in Appendix V of *Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets* 1947-1985, a 1968 release of historical and projected statistics.

Natural Gas Plant Liquids, Production. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors of each natural gas plant liquid produced weighted by the quantity of each natural gas plant liquid produced.

Natural Gasoline. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 4.620 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement*, *Annual*, 1956.

Pentanes Plus. EIA assumed the thermal conversion factor to be 4.620 million Btu per barrel or equal to that for natural gasoline. See **Natural Gasoline**.

Petrochemical Feedstocks, Naphtha Less Than 401 Degrees Fahrenheit. Assumed by EIA to be 5.248 million Btu per barrel, equal to the thermal conversion factor for special naphthas. See **Special Naphthas.**

Petrochemical Feedstocks, Oils Equal to or Greater Than 401 Degrees Fahrenheit. Assumed by EIA to be 5.825 million Btu per barrel, equal to the thermal conversion factor for distillate fuel oil. See Distillate Fuel Oil.

Petrochemical Feedstocks, Still Gas. Assumed by EIA to be 6.000 million Btu per barrel, equal to the thermal conversion factor for still gas. See **Still Gas**.

Petroleum Coke. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.024 million Btu per barrel as reported in Btu per short ton in the Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Value of Various Fuels, Adopted January 3, 1950." The Bureau of Mines calculated this factor by dividing 30,120,000 Btu per short ton, as given in the referenced Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, by 5.0 barrels per short ton, as given in the Bureau of Mines Form 6-1300-M and successor EIA forms.

Petroleum Products, Total Consumption. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products

consumed, weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product consumed.

Petroleum Products, Consumption by Electric Utilities. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed at electric utilities, weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product consumed at electric utilities. The quantity of petroleum consumed is estimated in the State Energy Data System as documented in the State Energy Data Report.

Petroleum Products, Consumption by Industrial Users. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed in the industrial sector, weighted by the estimated quantity of each petroleum product consumed in the industrial sector. The quantity of petroleum products consumed is estimated in the State Energy Data System as documented in the State Energy Data Report.

Petroleum Products, Consumption by Residential and Commercial Users. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed by the residential and commercial sector, weighted by the estimated quantity of each petroleum product consumed in the residential and commercial sector. The quantity of petroleum products consumed is estimated in the State Energy Data System as documented in the State Energy Data Report.

Petroleum Products, Consumption by Transportation Users. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factor for all petroleum products consumed in the transportation sector, weighted by the estimated quantity of each petroleum product consumed in the transportation sector. The quantity of petroleum products consumed is estimated in the State Energy Data System as documented in the State Energy Data Report.

Petroleum Products, Exports. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each petroleum product, weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product exported.

Petroleum Products, Imports. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each petroleum product imported, weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product imported.

Plant Condensate. Estimated to be 5.418 million Btu per barrel by EIA from data provided by McClanahan Consultants, Inc., Houston, Texas.

Propane. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 3.836 million Btu per barrel in the *California Oil World and Petroleum Industry*, First Issue, April 1942.

Residual Fuel Oil. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.287 million Btu per barrel as reported in the Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Values of Various Fuels, Adopted January 3, 1950."

Road Oil. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 6.636 million Btu per barrel, which was assumed to be equal to that of asphalt (see **Asphalt**) and was first published by the Bureau of Mines in the *Petroleum Statement*, *Annual*, 1970.

Special Naphthas. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.248 million Btu per barrel, which was assumed to be equal to that of total gasoline (aviation and motor) factor and was first published in the *Petroleum Statement*, *Annual*, 1970.

Still Gas. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines estimated thermal conversion factor of 6.000 million Btu per barrel and first published in the *Petroleum Statement*, *Annual*, 1970.

Unfinished Oil. EIA assumed the thermal conversion factor to be 5.825 million Btu per barrel or equal to that for distillate fuel oil (see **Distillate Fuel Oil**) and first published in the *Annual Report to Congress*, *Volume 3*, 1977.

Unfractionated Stream. EIA assumed the thermal conversion factor to be 5.418 million Btu per barrel or equal to that for plant condensate (see **Plant Condensate**) and first published in the *Annual Report to Congress, Volume 2, 1981.*

Waxes. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 5.537 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement*, *Annual*, 1956.

Approximate Heat Content of Natural Gas

Natural Gas, Total Consumption. 1973-1979: EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor calculated annually by the American Gas Association (AGA) and published in Gas Facts, an AGA annual publication. 1980 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content of natural gas consumed by the total quantity of natural gas consumed. The heat content and quantity consumed are from Form EIA-176. Published sources are: 1980-1989: EIA, Natural Gas Annual 1992, Volume 2, Table 15. 1990-1992: EIA, Natural Gas Annual 1992, Volume 2, Table 16. 1993 forward: 1992 value used as an estimate.

Natural Gas, Consumption by Electric Utilities. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content of natural gas received at electric utilities by the total quantity received at electric utilities. The

heat contents and receipts are from Form FERC-423 and predecessor forms.

Natural Gas, Consumption by Sectors Other Than Electric Utilities. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of all natural gas consumed less the heat content of natural gas consumed at electric utilities by the quantity of all natural gas consumed less the quantity of natural gas consumed at electric utilities. Data are from Forms EIA-176, FERC-423, EIA-759, and predecessor forms.

Natural Gas, Exports. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of exported natural gas by the quantity of natural gas exported, both reported on Form FPC-14.

Natural Gas, Imports. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of imported natural gas by the quantity of natural gas imported, both reported on Form FPC-14.

Natural Gas Production, Dry. Assumed by EIA to be equal to the thermal conversion factor for the consumption of dry natural gas. See Natural Gas Total Consumption.

Natural Gas Production, Marketed (Wet). Calculated annually by EIA by adding the heat content of dry natural gas production and the total heat content of natural gas plant liquids production and dividing this sum by the total quantity of marketed (wet) natural gas production.

Approximate Heat Content of Coal and Coal Coke

Anthracite, Total Consumption. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of anthracite consumed by electric utilities and all other sectors combined by the total quantity of anthracite consumed.

Anthracite, Consumption by Electric Utilities. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of anthracite receipts at electric utilities by the quantity of anthracite received at electric utilities. Heat contents and receipts are from Form FERC-423 and predecessor forms.

Anthracite, Consumption by Sectors Other Than Electric Utilities. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of anthracite production less the heat content of the anthracite consumed at electric utilities, net exports, and shipments to U.S. Armed Forces overseas by the quantity of anthracite consumed by sectors other than electric utilities less the quantity of anthracite stock changes, losses, and "unaccounted for."

Anthracite, Imports and Exports. EIA assumed the anthracite imports and exports to be freshly mined

anthracite having an estimated heat content of 25.40 million Btu per short ton.

Anthracite, Production. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of freshly mined anthracite (estimated to have an average heat content of 25.400 million Btu per short ton) and the heat content of anthracite recovered from culm banks and river dredging (estimated to have a heat content of 17.500 million Btu per short ton) by the total quantity of anthracite production.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Total Consumption. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite consumed by electric utilities, coal coke plants, other industrial plants, the residential and commercial sector, and the transportation sector by the sum of their respective tonnages.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Consumption by Coke Plants. Estimated by EIA to be 26.800 million Btu per short ton on the basis of an input/output analysis of coal carbonization.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Consumption by Electric Utilities. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content of bituminous coal and lignite received at electric utilities by the total quantity received at electric utilities. Heat contents and receipts are from Form FERC-423 and predecessor forms.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Consumption by Other Industrial and Transportation Users. 1973: Calculated by EIA through regression analysis measuring the difference between the average Btu value of coal consumed by other industrial users and that of coal consumed at electric utilities in the 1974-1982 period. 1974 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by assuming that the bituminous coal and lignite delivered to other industrial users from each coal-producing area (reported on Form EIA-6 and predecessor Bureau of Mines Form 6-1419-Q) contained a heat value equal to that of bituminous coal and lignite received at electric utilities from each of the same coal-producing areas (reported on Form FERC-423). The average Btu value of coal by coal-producing area was applied to the volume of deliveries to other industrial users from each coal-producing area, and the sum total of the heat content was divided by the total volume of deliveries. Coal-producing areas are the Bureau of Mines coal-producing districts for 1974 through 1989 and coal-producing States for 1990 forward.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Consumption by Residential and Commercial Users. 1973: Calculated by EIA through regression analysis measuring the difference between the average Btu value of coal consumed by residential and commercial users and that of coal consumed by electric utilities

in the 1974-1982 period. 1974 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by assuming that the bituminous coal and lignite delivered to residential and commercial users from each coal-producing area (reported on Form EIA-6 and predecessor Bureau of Mines Form 6-1419-Q) contained a heat value equal to that of bituminous coal and lignite received at electric utilities from each of the same coal-producing areas (reported on Form FERC-423). The average Btu value of coal by coal-producing area was applied to the volume of deliveries to residential and commercial users from each coal-producing area, and the total of the heat value was divided by the total volume of deliveries. Coal-producing areas are the Bureau of Mines coal-producing districts for 1974 through 1989 and coal-producing States for 1990 forward.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Exports. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of exported metallurgical coal (estimated to average 27.000 million Btu per short ton) and the heat content of exported steam coal (estimated to have an average thermal content of 25.000 million Btu per short ton) by the total quantity of bituminous coal and lignite exported.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Imports. EIA estimated the average thermal conversion factor to be 25.000 million Btu per short ton.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Production. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite consumption, net exports, stock changes, and unaccounted for by the sum of their respective tonnages. Consumers' stock changes by sectors were assumed to have the same conversion factor as that of the consumption sector. Producers' stock changes and unaccounted for were assumed to have the same conversion factor as that for consumption by all users.

Coal, Consumption. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite consumption by the sum of their respective tonnages.

Coal, Consumption by Electric Utilities. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite received at electric utilities by the sum of their respective tonnages received.

Coal, Consumption by Sectors Other Than Electric Utilities. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite consumed by sectors other than electric utilities by the sum of their respective tonnages.

Coal, Exports. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite exported by the sum of their respective tonnages.

Coal, Imports. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite imported by the sum of their respective tonnages.

Coal, Production. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the total heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite production by the sum of their respective tonnages.

Coal Coke, Imports and Exports. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines estimate of 24.800 million Btu per short ton.

Approximate Heat Rates for Electricity

Fossil-Fueled Steam-Electric Plant Generation. There is no generally accepted practice for measuring the thermal conversion rates for power plants that generate electricity from hydroelectric, wood and waste, wind, photovoltaic, or solar thermal energy sources. Therefore, EIA uses data from Form EIA-767 to calculate a rate factor that is equal to the prevailing annual average heat rate factor for fossil-fueled steam-electric power plants in the United States. By using that factor, it is possible to evaluate fossil fuel requirements for replacing those sources during periods of interruption such as droughts. The heat content of a kilowatthour of electricity produced, regardless of the generation process, is 3,412 Btu per kilowatthour. 1973-1991: The weighted annual average heat rate for fossil-fueled steam-electric power plants in the United States, as published by EIA in Electric Plant Cost and Power Production Expenses 1991, Table 9. 1992 forward: Unpublished factors

Geothermal Energy Plant Generation. 1973-1981: Calculated annually by EIA by weighting the annual average heat rates of operating geothermal units by the installed nameplate capacities as reported on Form FPC-12. 1982 forward: Estimated annually by EIA on the basis of an informal survey of relevant plants.

calculated on the basis of data from Form EIA-767.

Nuclear Steam-Electric Plant Generation. 1973-1991: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content consumed in nuclear generating units by the total (net) electricity generated by nuclear generating units. The heat content and electricity generation are reported on Form FERC-1, Form EIA-412, and predecessor forms. The factors, beginning with 1982 data, are published in the following EIA reports—1982: Historical Plant Cost and Annual Production Expenses for Selected Electric Plants 1982, page 215. 1983-1991: Electric Plant Cost and Power Production Expenses 1991, Table 13. 1992 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content of the steam leaving the nuclear generating units to generate electricity by the total (net) electricity generated by nuclear generating units. The heat content and electricity generation data are reported in Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Licensed Operating Reactors—Status Summary Report.

Appendix B. Metric and Other Physical Conversion Factors

Data presented in the *Monthly Energy Review* and in other Energy Information Administration publications are expressed predominately in units that historically have been used in the United States, such as British thermal units, barrels, cubic feet, and short tons. However, because U.S. commerce involves other nations, most of which use metric units of measure, the U.S. Government is committed to the transition to the metric system, as stated in the Metric Conversion Act of 1975 (Public Law 94–168), amended by the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988 (Public Law 100–418), and Executive Order 12770 of July 25, 1991.

The metric conversion factors presented in Table B1 can be used to calculate the metric-unit equivalents of values expressed in U.S. customary units. For example, 500 short tons are the equivalent of 453.6 metric tons (500 short tons x 0.9071847 metric tons/short ton = 453.6 metric tons).

In the metric system of weights and measures, the names of multiples and subdivisions of any unit may be derived by combining the name of the unit with prefixes, such as deka, hecto, and kilo, meaning, respectively, 10, 100, 1,000, and deci, centi, and milli, meaning, respectively, one-tenth, one-hundredth, and one-thousandth. Common metric prefixes can be found in Table B2.

The conversion factors presented in Table B3 can be used to calculate equivalents in various physical units commonly used in energy analyses. For example, 10 barrels are the equivalent of 420 U.S. gallons (10 barrels x 42 gallons/barrel = 420 gallons).

Table B1. Metric Conversion Factors

Type of Unit	U.S. Unit	multiplied by	Conversion Factor	equals	Metric Unit
Mass	short tons (2,000 lb)	х	0.907 184 7	=	metric tons (t)
	long tons	Χ	1.016 047	=	metric tons (t)
	pounds (lb)	x	0.453 592 37 ^a	=	kilograms (kg)
	pounds uranium oxide (lb U ₃ O ₈)	X	0.384 647 ^b	=	kilograms uranium (kgU)
	ounces, avoirdupois (avdp oz)	X	28.349 52	=	grams (g)
Volume	barrels of oil (bbl)	x	0.158 987 3	=	cubic meters (m ³)
	cubic yards (yd ³)	Х	0.764 555	=	cubic meters (m ³)
	cubic feet (ft ³)	Х	0.028 316 85	=	cubic meters (m ³)
	U.S. gallons (gal)	Х	3.785 412	=	liters (L)
	ounces, fluid (fl oz)	Х	29.573 53	=	milliliters (mL)
	cubic inches (in ³)	X	16.387 06	=	milliliters (mL)
Length	miles (mi)	x	1.609 344 ^a	=	kilometers (km)
	yards (yd)	Χ	0.914 4 ^a	=	meters (m)
	feet (ft)	Χ	0.304 8 ^a	=	meters (m)
	inches (in)	X	2.54 ^b	=	centimeters (cm)
Area	acres	x	0.404 69	=	hectares (ha)
	square miles (mi ²)	Χ	2.589 988	=	square kilometers (km²)
	square yards (yd ²)	x	0.836 127 4	=	square meters (m ²)
	square feet (ft ²)	x	0.092 903 04 ^a	=	square meters (m ²)
	square inches (in ²)	Х	6.451 6 ^b	=	square centimeters (cm ²)
Temperature	degrees Fahrenheit (°F)	х	5/9 (after subtracting 32) ^{a,c}	=	degrees Celsius (°C)
Energy	British thermal units (Btu)	x	1, 055.055 852 62 ^{a,d}	=	joules (J)
	calories (cal)	X	4.186 8 ^a	=	joules (J)
	kilowatthours (kWh)	Х	3.6 ^a	=	megajoules (MJ)

^aExact conversion.

^bCalculated by the Energy Information Administration.

^cTo convert degrees Celsius (^oC) to degrees Fahrenheit (^oF) exactly, multiply by 9/5, then add 32.

^dThe Btu used in this table is the International Table Btu adopted by the Fifth International Conference on Properties of Steam, London, 1956.

Notes: • Spaces have been inserted after every third digit to the right of the decimal for ease of reading. • Most metric units belong to the International System of Units (SI), and the liter, hectare, and metric ton are accepted for use with the SI units. For more information about the SI units, contact Dr. Barry Taylor at Building 221, Room B610, National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, MD 20899, or on telephone number 301–975–4220.

Sources: • General Services Administration, Federal Standard 376B, *Preferred Metric Units for General Use by the Federal Government* (Washington, DC, January 27, 1993), pp. 9–11, 13, and 16. • National Institute of Standards and Technology, Special Publications 330, 811, and 814. • American National Standards Institute/Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers, ANSI/IEEE Std 268–1992, pp. 28 and 29.

Table B2. Metric Prefixes

Unit Multiple	Prefix	Symbol	Unit Subdivision	Prefix	Symbol
10_1	deka	da	10-1	deci	d
10 ²	hecto	h	10 ⁻²	centi	С
10 ³	kilo	k	10 ⁻³	milli	m
10 ⁶	mega	M	10 ⁻⁶	micro	μ
10.	giga	G	10 ⁻⁹	nano	n
10.12	tera	Т	10 ⁻¹²	pico	р
10 ¹⁵	peta	Р	10 ⁻¹⁵	femto	f
10 ¹⁸	exa	E	10 ⁻¹⁸	atto	а
10 ²¹	zetta	Z	10 ⁻²¹	zepto	Z
10 ²⁴	yotta	Υ	10 ⁻²⁴	yocto	У

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, National Institute of Standards and Technology, *The International System of Units (SI)*, NIST Special Publication 330, 1991 Edition (Washington, DC, August 1991), p. 10.

Table B3. Other Physical Conversion Factors

Energy Source	Original Unit	multiplied by	Conversion Factor	equals	Final Unit
Petroleum	barrels (bbl)	х	42 ^a	=	U.S. gallons (gal)
Coal	short tons	x	2,000 ^a	=	pounds (lb)
	long tons	x	2,240 ^a	=	pounds (lb)
	metric tons (t)	x	1,000 ^a	=	kilograms (kg)
Wood	cords (cd)	x	1.25 ^b	=	short tons
	cords (cd)	x	128 ^a	=	cubic feet (ft ³)

^aExact conversion.

^bCalculated by the Energy Information Administration.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, National Institute of Standards and Technology, *Specifications, Tolerances, and Other Technical Requirements for Weighing and Measuring Devices*, NIST Handbook 44, 1994 Edition (Washington, DC, October 1993), pp. B–10, C–17 and C–21.

Appendix C. Carbon Dioxide Emission Factors for Coal

The need for accurate estimates of carbon dioxide emissions produced during the combustion of coal has led the Energy Information Administration (EIA) to develop basic emission factors. Basic emission factors reflect the carbon-to-heat-content ratio of coal, a ratio which measures carbon dioxide emissions per unit of energy (pounds per million Btu), assuming complete combustion. These basic factors are derived from 5,426 sample analyses maintained in EIA's Coal Analysis File. Variations in the carbon-to-heat-content of different coals were observed to follow coal rank and geographic origin, leading EIA to develop basic emission factors specific to the rank and the State of origin of the coal.

On the basis of these rank- and State-specific basic emission factors for coal, EIA has also developed emission factors by sector. These sectoral emission factors weight the coal consumed in a given sector by its rank and State of origin. Table C1 presents the U.S. average carbon dioxide emission factors for coal by sector. Emission factors differ among sectors and within a given sector over time for a number of reasons:

- A higher average emission factor in the residential and commercial sector can be attributed to the steady consumption of bituminous coal and anthracite (presumably for home heating).
- Virtually all of the coal consumed by coke plants comes from only a few States in the Appalachian Coal Basin (West Virginia, Virginia, and eastern Kentucky). Hence, the emission factors for this sector have remained fairly constant.
- Other industrial users of coal (not coke plants) increased consumption of low-rank, high-emission western coals, which has contributed to a rise in their average emission factor.
- Electric utilities, which account for most U.S. coal consumption, have shifted over time away from highrank, low-emission bituminous coal to low-rank, highemission subbituminous coal and lignite as reflected in a gradually rising weighted-average carbon dioxide emission factor.

Table C1. Average Carbon Dioxide Emission Factors for Coal by Coal-Consuming Sector (Pounds of Carbon Dioxide per Million Btu)

		Indus	trial		
Year	Residential and Commercial	Coke Plants ^a	Other Coal	Electric Utilities	U.S. Average ^b
1980	210.6	205.8	205.9	206.7	206.5
1981	212.0	205.8	205.9	206.9	206.7
1982	210.4	205.7	206.0	207.0	206.9
1983	209.2	205.5	205.9	207.1	207.0
1984	209.5	205.6	206.2	207.1	207.0
1985	209.3	205.6	206.4	207.3	207.1
1986	209.2	205.4	206.5	207.3	207.1
1987	209.4	205.2	206.4	207.3	207.2
1988	209.1	205.3	206.4	207.6	207.3
1989	209.7	205.3	206.6	207.5	207.3
1990	209.5	206.2	206.8	207.6	207.4
1991	210.2	206.2	206.9	207.7	207.5
1992	211.2	206.2	207.1	207.7	207.6
1993	209.9	206.2	207.0	207.8	207.7
1994	209.8	206.3	207.2	207.9	207.8

^aNo allowances have been made for carbon retained in non-energy coal chemical byproducts from the coal carbonization process.

^bWeighted average. The weights used are consumption values by sector.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels.

Appendix D. List of Features

The following is a complete list of features that have appeared in the *Monthly Energy Review* since the first issue was published in October 1974. There are five categories of features on the list. "Articles" cover a wide range of energy-related subjects in depth. "Highlights" summarize the most important information presented in the subject Energy Information Administration (EIA) report. "Energy Previews" provide brief overviews of EIA preliminary energy data on a given topic.

"EIA Data News" items present information on recent changes in the scope, design, methodology, and findings of EIA's energy surveys and databases. "Energy Snapshots" use graphics to set off key data from EIA survey reports. Questions and comments about features may be directed to Barbara T. Fichman by telephone at 202-586-5737, by fax at 202-586-0018, or by Internet E-Mail at bfichman@eia.doe.gov.

Feature	Cover Date
1996 Energy Plug: Renewable Energy Annual 1995	January 1996 January 1996
Highlights: Manufacturing Consumption of Energy 1991. Article: U.S. Wind Energy Potential: The Effect of the Proximity of Wind Resources to Transmission Lines. EIA Data News: The Response Analysis Survey: Evaluating Manufacturing Energy Consumption Survey Methodology. Energy Preview: Electric Utility Fleet Survey 1993, Preliminary Estimates: Assessing the Market for Alternative-Fuel Vehicles Highlights: Commercial Buildings Energy Consumption and Expenditures 1992 Article: Measuring Dependence on Imported Oil Energy Preview: Household Energy Consumption and Expenditures 1993, Preliminary Estimates. Energy Snapshot: Housing Characteristics 1993 Highlights: State Energy Data Report 1993, Consumption Estimates Special Communication: Results of the Monthly Energy Paview Features Peadership Survey	January 1995 February 1995 March 1995 April 1995 April 1995 August 1995 August 1995 September 1995 October 1995
Special Communication: Results of the <i>Monthly Energy Review</i> Features Readership Survey Highlights: <i>Annual Energy Review 1994</i> Energy Preview: Alternative Fuel Providers Fleet Surveys, Preliminary Data	November 1995 November 1995 November 1995 November 1995 December 1995
1994 Energy Preview: Commercial Buildings Energy Consumption Survey, Preliminary Estimates, 1992 Highlights: Household Vehicles Energy Consumption 1991 Highlights: Energy Use and Carbon Emissions: Some International Comparisons Highlights: Commercial Buildings Characteristics 1992 Article: Demand, Supply, and Price Outlook for Reformulated Motor Gasoline 1995 Article: Commercial Nuclear Electric Power in the United States: Problems and Prospects Highlights: Reducing Home Heating and Cooling Costs Energy Preview: Commercial Buildings Energy Consumption and Expenditures 1992,	January 1994 February 1994 April 1994 June 1994 July 1994 August 1994 August 1994
Preliminary Estimates	September 1994 September 1994 October 1994 October 1994
Energy Consumption Survey Article: Comparability of Supply- and Consumption-Derived Estimates of Manufacturing Energy Consumption. Energy Preview: Housing Characteristics 1993, Selected Preliminary Estimates. Energy Preview: Propane-Provider Fleet Survey 1993, Preliminary Estimates. Energy Preview: Atlanta Private Fleet Survey 1994, Preliminary Estimates.	October 1994 October 1994 November 1994 November 1994 December 1994

Feature	Cover Date
Energy Preview: Residential Transportation Energy Consumption Survey, Preliminary Estimates, 1991 EIA Data News: Natural Gas Transported for the Account of Others Highlights: Federal Energy Subsidies: Direct and Indirect Interventions in Energy Markets Highlights: Household Energy Consumption and Expenditures 1990 Article: Demand, Supply, and Price Outlook for Low-Sulfur Diesel Fuel Energy Preview: Manufacturing Energy Consumption Survey, Preliminary Estimates, 1991 Highlights: Natural Gas 1992: Issues and Trends Highlights: International Energy Outlook 1993 Highlights: The Changing Structure of the U.S. Coal Industry: An Update Highlights: Emissions of Greenhouse Gases in the United States 1985-1990 Highlights: Assessment of Energy Use in Multibuilding Facilities	January 1993 February 1993 July 1993 August 1993 August 1993 September 1993 September 1993 October 1993 November 1993 December 1993
1992 Energy Preview: Residential Energy Consumption and Expenditures Preliminary Estimates, 1990 EIA Data News: Oxygenate Data Collection Begins Highlights: Lighting in Commercial Buildings Article: Demand, Supply, and Price Outlook for Oxygenated Gasoline, Winter 1992-1993 EIA Data News: EIA Statistics on Electric Utility Demand-Side Management EIA Data News: EIA Statistics on Nonutility Power Producers Highlights: Derived Annual Estimates of Manufacturing Energy Consumption, 1974-1988 Article: Energy Efficiency in the Manufacturing Sector	April 1992 May 1992 June 1992 August 1992 September 1992 October 1992 November 1992 December 1992
1991 Highlights: U.S. Energy Industry Financial Developments, 1990 Fourth Quarter Article: U.S. Wholesale Electricity Transactions	March 1991 April 1991
1990 Article: Refining Results Highlight Energy Companies' First-Half Profit Performance	June 1990 August 1990
Article: A Review of Valdez Oil Spill Market Impacts Article: Monthly U.S. Crude Oil Production Estimates Article: Superconductivity and Energy Production and Consumption Highlights: Commercial Buildings Consumption and Expenditures 1986 Article: Higher Prices Yield Improved Energy Industry Financial Results in the First Half of 1989 Article: The Future Structure of the U.S. Commercial Nuclear Power Equipment Manufacturing Industry Highlights: Potential Costs of Restricting Chlorofluorocarbon Use Highlights: Manufacturing Energy Consumption Survey: Changes in Energy Efficiency, 1980-1985 Highlights: Household Energy Consumption and Expenditures 1987, Part 1: National Data Article: Improved Energy Profits Offset by Refining Results in 1989	March 1989 March 1989 May 1989 May 1989 June 1989 July 1989 September 1989 October 1989 November 1989 December 1989
Article: Measures of Energy Consumption, Expenditures, and Prices Highlights: Characteristics of Commercial Buildings 1986 Article: The U.S. Energy Industry's Financial Recovery Continued in the First Half of 1988 Article: A U.S. Perspective on Condensate Article: State Energy Severance Taxes, 1972-1987 Highlights: Manufacturing Energy Consumption Survey: Consumption of Energy, 1985 Highlights: Profiles of Foreign Direct Investment in U.S. Energy 1987 Highlights: Manufacturing Energy Consumption Survey: Fuel Switching, 1985 Article: Increased Refining Income Led U.S. Energy Industry Financial Recovery in 1988	May 1988 June 1988 June 1988 June 1988 July 1988 September 1988 October 1988 November 1988 December 1988

Feature	Cover Date
1987 Article: Manufacturing Sector Energy Consumption, 1985 Provisional Estimates	January 1987
Part 1: National Data	April 1987
Part 2: Regional Data Article: U.S. Energy Industry Financial Developments, 1987 Second Quarter Article: End-Use Consumption of Residential Energy Highlights: Uranium Industry Annual 1986 Highlights: Potential Oil Production from ANWR Highlights: Profiles of Foreign Direct Investment in U.S. Energy 1986 Article: The U.S. Energy Industry in 1987: A Slow Recovery	May 1987 June 1987 July 1987 September 1987 October 1987 November 1987 December 1987
Article: State Motor Gasoline Taxes, 1960-1985. Article: The Impact of Low Oil Prices on Electric Utility Fuel Choice Article: U.S. Energy Industry Financial Developments, 1986 Second Quarter Highlights: International Energy Annual 1985 Article: U.S. Energy Industry Financial Developments, 1986	March 1986 June 1986 June 1986 September 1986 December 1986
Highlights: Annual Energy Review 1984 Highlights: Performance Profiles of Major Energy Producers 1983 Article: Estimating Well Completions Highlights: State Energy Price and Expenditure Report 1970-1982 Highlights: State Energy Data Report, Consumption Estimates, 1960-1983 Highlights: Annual Outlook for U.S. Electric Power 1985 Highlights: Short-Term Energy Outlook, Volume 1, October 1985 Highlights: Analysis of Growth in Electricity Demand, 1980-1984 Highlights: Profiles of Foreign Direct Investment in U.S. Energy 1984 Highlights: Performance Profiles of Major Energy Producers 1984	January 1985 February 1985 March 1985 March 1985 April 1985 June 1985 August 1985 August 1985 November 1985 December 1985
Highlights: Annual Energy Review 1983 Highlights: Annual Energy Outlook 1983 Highlights: State Energy Data Report, Consumption Estimates, 1960-1982 Highlights: State Energy Price and Expenditure Report, 1970-1981 Highlights: Solar Collector Manufacturing Activity 1983 Highlights: International Energy Annual 1983 Highlights: Estimates of U.S. Wood Energy Consumption, 1980-1983 Highlights: Energy Conservation Indicators 1983 Annual Report Highlights: Annual Energy Outlook 1984	February 1984 March 1984 March 1984 May 1984 June 1984 September 1984 September 1984 November 1984 December 1984
Highlights: Residential Energy Consumption Survey: Consumption and Expenditures Highlights: Residential Energy Consumption Survey: Housing Characteristics Article: The Effect of Weather on Energy Use Article: Trends in U.S. Energy Since 1973 Article: Data Series on Petroleum Use at Electric Utilities Highlights: Energy Price and Expenditure Data Report, 1970-1980 Highlights: Railroad Deregulation: Impact on Coal Highlights: Port Deepening and User Fees: Impact on U.S. Coal Exports Highlights: U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, 1982 Annual Report Article: Residential Energy Consumption, 1978 Through 1981 Article: Exploring for Oil and Gas Article: The Influence of Federal Actions on Petroleum Exploration Article: Aggregate Statistics: Accurate or Misleading?	January 1983 February 1983 April 1983 May 1983 July 1983 July 1983 August 1983 August 1983 September 1983 September 1983 December 1983[2] December 1983[3]

Feature	Cover Date
Article: The Interstate and Intrastate Natural Gas Markets Article: Natural Gas Drilling and Production Under the Natural Gas Policy Act Highlights: U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, 1981 Annual Report Article: Impacts of Financial Constraints on the Electric Utility Industry Highlights: Energy Company Development Patterns in the Postembargo Era	January 1982 February 1982 September 1982 October 1982 November 1982
1981 Article: Changes in 1981 Petroleum Data Series Article: Information Services of the Energy Information Administration Article: An Overview of Natural Gas Markets	May 1981 September 1981 December 1981
Article: The Solar Collector Industry and Solar Energy Article: Trends in the Installation of Energy Using Equipment in New Residential Buildings Article: The Energy Information Administration's Oil and Gas Reserves Program—The First Year's Report Article: Energy From Urban Waste Article: Natural Gas Liquids: Revisions to 1979 Data Article: EIA Weekly Petroleum Data: Data Collection and Methods of Estimation Article: The Department of Energy Disclosure Policy for Individually Identifiable Information Maintained by the Energy Information Administration	February 1980 March 1980 June 1980 August 1980 October 1980 November 1980 December 1980
1979 Article: The Energy Requirements of U.S. Agriculture	July 1979 October 1979 December 1979
1978 Article: Short-Term Petroleum Supply and Demand	May 1978
1977 Article: Crude Oil Entitlements Program	January 1977 July 1977
1976 Article: Curtailments of Natural Gas Service Article: Home Heating Conservation Alternatives and the Solar Collector Industry Article: Trends in United States Petroleum Imports	January 1976 March 1976 September 1976
Article: Energy Consumption Article: Nuclear Power Article: The Price of Crude Oil Article: U.S. Coal Resources and Reserves Article: Propane—A National Energy Resource Article: Short-Term Energy Supply and Demand Forecasting at FEA	March 1975 April 1975 June 1975 July 1975 September 1975 October 1975

Glossary

Anthracite: A hard, black, lustrous coal containing a high percentage of fixed carbon and a low percentage of volatile matter. Often referred to as hard coal. It conforms to ASTM Specification D388-84 for anthracite, meta-anthracite, and semianthracite.

Asphalt: A dark-brown-to-black cement-like material containing bitumens as the predominant constituents obtained by petroleum processing. The definition includes crude asphalt as well as the following finished products: cements, fluxes, the asphalt content of emulsions (exclusive of water), and petroleum distillates blended with asphalt to make cutback asphalts.

ASTM: The American Society for Testing and Materials.

Aviation Gasoline Blending Components: Naphthas that are used for blending or compounding into finished aviation gasoline (e.g., straight-run gasoline, alkylate, and reformate). Excludes oxygenates (alcohols and ethers), butane, and pentanes plus.

Aviation Gasoline, Finished: All special grades of gasoline for use in aviation reciprocating engines, as given in ASTM Specification D910 and Military Specification MIL-G-5572. Excludes blending components that will be used in blending or compounding into finished aviation gasoline.

Barrel (**petroleum**): A unit of volume equal to 42 U.S. gallons.

Base (Cushion) Gas: The volume of gas needed as a permanent inventory to maintain adequate underground storage reservoir pressures and deliverability rates throughout the withdrawal season. All native gas is included in the base gas volume.

Bituminous Coal: A dense black coal, often with well-defined bands of bright and dull material, with a moisture content usually less than 20 percent. Often referred to as soft coal. It is the most common coal and is used primarily for generating electricity, making coke, and space heating. It conforms to ASTM Specification D388-84 for bituminous coal. In this report, bituminous coal includes subbituminous coal.

British Thermal Unit (Btu): The quantity of heat needed to raise the temperature of 1 pound of water by 1° F at or near 39.2° F. See Heat Content of a Quantity of Fuel, Gross and Heat Content of a Quantity of Fuel, Net.

Butane: A normally gaseous straight-chain or branched-chain hydrocarbon (C_4H_{10}). It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams. It includes isobutane and normal butane and is designated in ASTM Specification D1835 and Gas Processors Association Specifications for commercial butane.

- *Isobutane:* A normally gaseous branched-chain hydrocarbon. It is a colorless paraffinic gas that boils at a temperature of 10.9° F. It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams.
- Normal Butane: A normally gaseous straight-chain hydrocarbon. It is a colorless paraffinic gas that boils at a temperature of 31.1° F. It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams.

Butylene: An olefinic hydrocarbon (C₄H₈) recovered from refinery processes.

Capacity Factor: The ratio of the electrical energy produced by a generating unit for a given period of time to the electrical energy that could have been produced at continuous full-power operation during the same period.

CIF: See Cost, Insurance, Freight.

City Gate: A point or measuring station at which a distribution gas utility receives gas from a natural gas pipeline company or transmission system.

Coal: A black or brownish-black solid, combustible substance formed by the partial decomposition of vegetable matter without access to air. The rank of coal, which includes anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, and lignite, is based on fixed carbon, volatile matter, and heating value. Coal rank indicates the progressive alteration, or coalification, from lignite to anthracite. Lignite contains approximately 9 to 17 million Btu per ton. The heat contents of subbituminous and bituminous coal range from 16 to 24 million Btu per ton, and from 19 to 30 million Btu per ton, respectively. Anthracite contains approximately 22 to 28 million Btu per ton.

Coal Coke: A hard, porous product made from baking bituminous coal in ovens at temperatures as high as 2,000° F. It is used both as a fuel and as a reducing agent in smelting iron ore in a blast furnace.

Commercial Sector: The commercial sector, as defined economically, consists of business establishments that are not engaged in transportation or in manufacturing or other types of industrial activity (agriculture, mining, or construction). Commercial establishments include hotels, motels, restaurants,

wholesale businesses, retail stores, laundries, and other service enterprises; religious and nonprofit organizations; health, social, and educational institutions; and Federal, State, and local governments. Street lights, pumps, bridges, and public services are also included if the establishment operating them is considered commercial.

Completion: The installation of permanent equipment for the production of oil or gas. If a well is equipped to produce only oil or gas from one zone or reservoir, the definition of a well (classified as an oil well or gas well) and the definition of a completion are identical. However, if a well is equipped to produce oil and/or gas separately from more than one reservoir, a well is not synonymous with a completion.

Conversion Factor: A number that translates units of one system into corresponding values of another system. Conversion factors can be used to translate physical units of measure for various fuels into Btu equivalents.

Cost, Insurance, Freight (CIF): A type of sale in which the buyer of the product agrees to pay a unit price that includes the f.o.b. value of the product at the point of origin plus all costs of insurance and transportation. This type of transaction differs from a "delivered" purchase in that the buyer accepts the quantity as determined at the loading port (as certified by the Bill of Loading and Quality Report) rather than pay on the basis of the quantity and quality ascertained at the unloading port. It is similar to the terms of an f.o.b. sale, except that the seller, as a service for which he is compensated, arranges for transportation and insurance.

Crude Oil f.o.b. Price: The crude oil price actually charged at the oil-producing country's port of loading. Includes deductions for any rebates and discounts or additions of premiums, where applicable. It is the actual price paid with no adjustment for credit terms.

Crude Oil (Including Lease Condensate): A mixture of hydrocarbons that exists in liquid phase in underground reservoirs and remains liquid at atmospheric pressure after passing through surface separating facilities. Included are lease condensate and liquid hydrocarbons produced from tar sands, gilsonite, and oil shale. Drip gases are also included, but topped crude oil (residual oil) and other unfinished oils are excluded. Where identifiable, liquids produced at natural gas processing plants and mixed with crude oil are likewise excluded.

Crude Oil Landed Cost: The price of crude oil at the port of discharge, including charges associated with the purchase, transporting, and insuring of a cargo from the purchase point to the port of discharge. The cost does not include charges incurred at the discharge port (e.g., import tariffs or fees, wharfage charges, and demurrage).

Crude Oil Refinery Input: The total crude oil put into processing units at refineries.

Crude Oil Stocks: Stocks of crude oil and lease condensate held at refineries, in pipelines, at pipeline terminals, and on leases.

Crude Oil Used Directly: Crude oil consumed as fuel by crude oil pipelines and on crude oil leases.

Cubic Foot (natural gas): A unit of volume equal to 1 cubic foot at a pressure base of 14.73 pounds standard per square inch absolute and a temperature base of 60° F.

Degree-Day Normals: Simple arithmetic averages of monthly or annual degree-days over a long period of time (usually the 30-year period 1961-1990). The averages may be simple degree-day normals or population-weighted degree-day normals.

Degree-Days, Cooling (CDD): The number of degrees per day that the daily average temperature is above 65° F. The daily average temperature is the mean of the maximum and minimum temperatures for a 24-hour period.

Degree-Days, Heating (HDD): The number of degrees per day that the daily average temperature is below 65° F. The daily average temperature is the mean of the maximum and minimum temperatures for a 24-hour period.

Degree-Days. Population-Weighted: Heating or cooling degree-days weighted by the population of the area in which the degree-days are recorded. To compute State population-weighted degree-days, each State is divided into from one to nine climatically homogeneous divisions, which are assigned weights based on the ratio of the population of the division to the total population of the State. Degree-day readings for each division are multiplied by the corresponding population weight for each division and those products are then summed to arrive at the State population-weighted degree-day figure. To compute national population-weighted degree-days, the Nation is divided into nine Census regions, each comprising from three to eight States, which are assigned weights based on the ratio of the population of the region to the total population of the Nation. Degree-day readings for each region are multiplied by the corresponding population weight for each region and those products are then summed to arrive at the national population-weighted degree-day figure.

Design Electrical Rating, Net: The nominal net electrical output of a nuclear unit as specified by the electric utility for the purpose of plant design.

Development Well: A well drilled within the proved area of an oil or gas reservoir to the depth of a stratigraphic horizon known to be productive.

Distillate Fuel Oil: A general classification for one of the petroleum fractions produced in conventional distillation operations. Included are products known as No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 fuel oils and No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 diesel fuels. It is used primarily for space heating, on- and off-highway diesel engine fuel (including railroad engine fuel and fuel for agricultural machinery), and electric power generation.

Dry Hole: An exploratory or development well found to be incapable of producing either oil or gas in sufficient quantities to justify completion as an oil or gas well.

Dry Natural Gas Production (as a decrement from gas reserves): The volume of natural gas withdrawn from reservoirs during the report year less (1) the volume returned to such reservoirs in cycling, repressuring of oil reservoirs, and conservation operations; (2) shrinkage resulting from the removal of lease condensate and plant liquids; and (3) nonhydrocarbon gases, where they occur in sufficient quantity to render the gas unmarketable. Volumes of gas withdrawn from gas storage reservoirs and native gas that has been transferred to the storage category are not considered production. This is not the same as marketed production, since the latter also excludes vented and flared gas but contains liquids.

Dry Natural Gas Production (as an increment to gas supply): Gross withdrawals from production reservoirs less gas used in reservoir repressuring, amounts vented and flared, nonhydrocarbons removed, and various natural gas constituents, such as ethane, propane, and butane, removed at natural gas processing plants. The parameters for measurement are 60° F and 14.73 pounds standard per square inch absolute.

Electrical System Energy Losses: The amount of energy lost during generation, transmission, and distribution of electricity, including plant and unaccounted-for uses.

Electricity Generation: The process of producing electric energy or transforming other forms of energy into electric energy. Also the amount of electric energy produced or expressed in watthours (Wh).

Electricity Generation, Gross: The total amount of electric energy produced by the generating station or stations, measured at the generator terminals.

Electricity Generation, Net: Gross generation less electricity consumed at the generating plant for station use. Electricity required for pumping at pumped-storage plants is regarded as plant use and is deducted from gross generation.

Electricity Production: Net electricity (gross electricity output measured at generator terminals minus power plant use) generated by publicly and

privately owned electric utilities. Excludes industrial electricity generation (except autogeneration of hydroelectric power).

Electricity Sales: The amount of kilowatthours sold in a given period of time; usually grouped by classes of service, such as residential, commercial, industrial, and other. "Other" sales include sales for public street and highway lighting and other sales to public authorities, sales to railroads and railways, and interdepartmental sales.

Electric Power Plant: A station containing prime movers, electric generators, and auxiliary equipment for converting mechanical, chemical, and/or fission energy into electric energy.

Electric Utility: A corporation, person, agency, authority, or other legal entity or instrumentality that owns and/or operates facilities for the generation, transmission, distribution, or sale of electric energy, primarily for use by the public, and that files forms listed in the *Code of Federal Regulations*, Title 18, Part 141. Facilities that qualify as cogenerators or small power producers under the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act are not considered electric utilities.

Electric Utility Sector: The electric utility sector consists of privately and publicly owned establishments that generate, transmit, distribute, or sell electricity primarily for use by the public and that meet the definition of an electric utility. Nonutility power producers are not included in the electric utility sector.

End-Use Sectors: The residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation sectors of the economy.

Energy: The capacity for doing work as measured by the capability of doing work (potential energy) or the conversion of this capability to motion (kinetic energy). Energy has several forms, some of which are easily convertible and can be changed to another form useful for work. Most of the world's convertible energy comes from fossil fuels that are burned to produce heat that is then used as a transfer medium to mechanical or other means in order to accomplish tasks. Electrical energy is usually measured in kilowatthours, while heat energy is usually measured in British thermal units.

Energy Consumption: The use of energy as a source of heat or power or as an input in the manufacturing process.

Energy Consumption, End-Use: Primary end-use energy consumption is the sum of fossil fuel consumption by the four end-use sectors (residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation) and generation of hydroelectric power by nonelectric utilities. Net end-use energy consumption includes

electric utility sales to those sectors but excludes electrical system energy losses. *Total end-use energy consumption* includes both electric utility sales to the four end-use sectors *and* electrical system energy losses.

Energy Consumption, Total: The sum of fossil fuel consumption by the five sectors (residential, commercial, industrial, transportation, and electric utility) plus hydroelectric power, nuclear electric power, net imports of coal coke, and electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.

Energy Source: A substance, such as petroleum, natural gas, or coal, that supplies heat or power. In Energy Information Administration reports, electricity and renewable forms of energy, such as biomass, geothermal, wind, and solar, are considered to be energy sources.

Ethane: A normally gaseous straight-chain hydrocarbon (C_2H_6) . It is a colorless, paraffinic gas that boils at a temperature of -127.48° F. It is extracted from natural gas and refinery gas streams.

Ethylene: An olefinic hydrocarbon (C₂H₄) recovered from refinery processes or petrochemical processes.

Exploratory Well: A well drilled to find and produce oil or gas in an unproved area, to find a new reservoir in a field previously found to be productive of oil or gas in another reservoir, or to extend the limit of a known oil or gas reservoir.

Exports: Shipments of goods from the 50 States and the District of Columbia to foreign countries and to Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and other U.S. possessions and territories.

f.a.s.: See Free Alongside Ship.

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC): The Federal agency with jurisdiction over interstate electricity sales, wholesale electric rates, hydroelectric licensing, natural gas pricing, oil pipeline rates, and gas pipeline certification. FERC is an independent regulatory agency within the Department of Energy and is the successor to the Federal Power Commission.

Federal Power Commission (FPC): The predecessor agency of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. The Federal Power Commission was created by an Act of Congress under the Federal Water Power Act on June 10, 1920. It was charged originally with regulating the electric power and natural gas industries. It was abolished on September 30, 1977, when the Department of Energy was created. Its functions were divided between the Department of

Energy and the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, an independent regulatory agency.

First Purchase Price: The marketed first sales price of domestic crude oil, consistent with the removal price defined by the provisions of the Windfall Profits Tax on Domestic Crude Oil (Public Law 96-223, Sec. 4998 (c)).

Flared Natural Gas: Natural gas burned in flares on the base site or at gas processing plants.

f.o.b.: See Free on Board.

Footage Drilled: Total footage for wells in various categories, as reported for any specified period, includes (1) the deepest total depth (length of well bores) of all wells drilled from the surface, (2) the total of all bypassed footage drilled in connection with reported wells, and (3) all new footage drilled for directional sidetrack wells. Footage reported for directional sidetrack wells does not include footage in the common bore, which is reported as footage for the original well. In the case of old wells drilled deeper, the reported footage is that which was drilled below the total depth of the old well.

Former U.S.S.R.: See U.S.S.R.

Fossil Fuel: Any naturally occurring organic fuel, such as petroleum, coal, and natural gas.

Fossil Fuel Steam-Electric Power Plant: An electricity generation plant in which the prime mover is a turbine rotated by high-pressure steam produced in a boiler by heat from burning fossil fuels.

Free Alongside Ship (f.a.s.): The value of a commodity at the port of exportation, generally including the purchase price, plus all charges incurred in placing the commodity alongside the carrier at the port of exportation.

Free on Board (f.o.b.): A transaction whereby the seller makes the product available within an agreed-on period at a given port at a given price. It is the responsibility of the buyer to arrange for the transportation and insurance.

Fuel Ethanol: An anhydrous, denatured aliphatic alcohol (C_2H_5OH) intended for motor gasoline blending. See **Oxygenates.**

Full-Power Operation: Operation of a nuclear generating unit at 100 percent of its design capacity. Full-power operation precedes commercial operation.

Gasohol: A blend of finished motor gasoline (leaded or unleaded) and alcohol (generally ethanol but sometimes methanol) limited to 10 percent by volume

of alcohol. Gasohol is included in finished leaded and unleaded motor gasoline.

Gas-Turbine Electric Power Plant: A plant in which the prime mover is a gas turbine. A gas turbine typically consists of an axial-flow air compressor, one or more combustion chambers where liquid or gaseous fuel is burned and the hot gases expand to drive the generator and then are used to run the compressor.

Gas Well: A well completed for the production of natural gas from one or more gas zones or reservoirs. (Wells producing both crude oil and natural gas are classified as oil wells.)

Geothermal Energy: Energy from the internal heat of the Earth, which may be residual heat, friction heat, or a result of radioactive decay. The heat is found in rocks and fluids at various depths and can be extracted by drilling and/or pumping.

Geothermal Energy (as used at electric utilities): Hot water or steam extracted from geothermal reservoirs in the Earth's crust and supplied to steam turbines at electric utilities that drive generators to produce electricity.

Gross Domestic Product (GDP): The total value of goods and services produced by labor and property located in the United States. As long as the labor and property are located in the United States, the supplier (that is, the workers and, for property, the owners) may be either U.S. residents or residents of foreign countries.

Heat Content of a Quantity of Fuel, Gross: The total amount of heat released when a fuel is burned. Coal, crude oil, and natural gas all include chemical compounds of carbon and hydrogen. When those fuels are burned, the carbon and hydrogen combine with oxygen in the air to produce carbon dioxide and water. Some of the energy released in burning goes into transforming the water into steam and is usually lost. The amount of heat spent in transforming the water into steam is counted as part of gross heat content but is not counted as part of net heat content. Also referred to as the higher heating value. Btu conversion factors typically used in EIA represent gross heat content.

Heat Content of a Quantity of Fuel, Net: The amount of usable heat energy released when a fuel is burned under conditions similar to those in which it is normally used. Also referred to as the lower heating value. Btu conversion factors typically used in EIA represent gross heat content.

Heavy Oil: The fuel oils remaining after the lighter oils have been distilled off during the refining process. Except for start-up and flame stabilization, virtually all petroleum used in steam-electric power plants is heavy oil.

Hydrocarbon: An organic chemical compound of hydrogen and carbon in the gaseous, liquid, or solid phase. The molecular structure of hydrocarbon compounds varies from the simplest (methane, the primary constituent of natural gas) to the very heavy and very complex.

Hydroelectric Power: The production of electricity from the kinetic energy of falling water.

Hydroelectric Power Plant: A plant in which the turbine generators are driven by falling water.

Imports: Receipts of goods into the 50 States and the District of Columbia from foreign countries and from Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and other U.S. possessions and territories.

Industrial Sector: The industrial sector comprises manufacturing industries, which make up the largest part of the sector, along with mining, construction, agriculture, fisheries, and forestry. Establishments in this sector range from steel mills, to small farms, to companies assembling electronic components.

Internal Combustion Electric Power Plant: A power plant in which the prime mover is an internal combustion engine. Diesel or gas-fired engines are the principal types used in electric power plants. The plant is usually operated during periods of high demand for electricity.

Jet Fuel: The term includes kerosene-type jet fuel and naphtha-type jet fuel. Kerosene-type jet fuel is a kerosene-quality product used primarily for commercial turbojet and turboprop aircraft engines. Naphtha-type jet fuel is a fuel in the heavy naphthas range used primarily for military turbojet and turboprop aircraft engines.

Kerosene: A petroleum distillate that has a maximum distillation temperature of 401° F at the 10-percent recovery point, a final boiling point of 572° F, and a minimum flash point of 100° F. Included are the two grades designated in ASTM D3699 (No. 1-K and No. 2-K) and all grades of kerosene called range or stove oil. Kerosene is used in space heaters, cook stoves, and water heaters; it is suitable for use as an illuminant when burned in wick lamps.

Lease and Plant Fuel: Natural gas used in well, field, and lease operations (such as gas used in drilling operations, heaters, dehydrators, and field compressors), and as fuel in natural gas processing plants.

Lease Condensate: A natural gas liquid recovered from gas well gas (associated and non-associated) in lease separators or natural gas field facilities. Lease condensate consists primarily of pentanes and heavier hydrocarbons.

Light Oil: Lighter fuel oils distilled off during the refining process. Virtually all petroleum used in internal combustion and gas-turbine engines is light oil.

Lignite: A brownish-black coal of low rank with a high content of moisture and volatile matter. Often referred to as brown coal. It is used almost exclusively for electric power generation. It conforms to ASTM Specification D388-84 for lignite.

Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG): Natural gas (primarily methane) that has been liquefied by reducing its temperature to -260° F at atmospheric pressure.

Liquefied Petroleum Gases (LPG): Ethane, ethylene, propane, propylene, normal butane, butylene, and isobutane produced at refineries or natural gas processing plants, including plants that fractionate new natural gas plant liquids.

Low-Power Testing: The period of time between a nuclear generating unit's initial fuel loading date and the issuance of its operating (full-power) license. The maximum level of operation during that period is 5 percent of the unit's design thermal rating.

Lubricants: Substances used to reduce friction between bearing surfaces or as process materials either incorporated into other materials used as processing aids in the manufacturing of other products or as carriers of other materials. Petroleum lubricants may be produced either from distillates or residues. Other substances may be added to impart or improve certain required properties. Excluded are byproducts of lubricating oil refining, such as aromatic extracts derived from solvent extraction or tars derived from deasphalting. Included are all grades of lubricating oils from spindle oil to cylinder oil and those used in greases. Lubricant categories are paraffinic and naphthenic.

Marketed Production: Gross withdrawals less gas used for repressuring, quantities vented and flared, and nonhydrocarbon gases removed in treating or processing operations. Includes all quantities of gas used in field and processing operations.

Methanol: A light, volatile alcohol (CH₃OH) eligible for motor gasoline blending. See **Oxygenates.**

Miscellaneous Petroleum Products: All finished petroleum products not classified elsewhere—for example, petrolatum, lube refining byproducts (aromatic extracts and tars), absorption oils, ram-jet fuel, petroleum rocket fuels, synthetic natural gas feedstocks, and specialty oils.

Motor Gasoline Blending Components: Naphthas that will be used for blending or compounding into finished motor gasoline (e.g., straight-run gasoline, alkylate, reformate, benzene, toluene, and zylene).

Excluded are oxygenates (alcohols and ethers), butane, and pentanes plus.

Motor Gasoline, Finished: A complex mixture of relatively volatile hydrocarbons, with or without small quantities of additives, that has been blended to form a fuel suitable for use in spark-ignition engines. Motor gasoline, as given in ASTM Specification D439 or Federal Specification VV-G-1690B, includes a range in distillation temperatures from 122 to 158° F at the 10-percent recovery point and from 365 to 374° F at the 90-percent recovery point. Motor gasoline includes reformulated motor gasoline, oxygenated motor gasoline, and other finished motor gasoline. Blendstock is excluded until blending has been completed.

- Reformulated Motor Gasoline: Motor gasoline, formulated for use in motor vehicles, the composition and properties of which are certified as "reformulated motor gasoline" by the Environmental Protection Agency.
- Oxygenated Motor Gasoline: Motor gasoline, formulated for use in motor vehicles, that has an oxygen content of 1.8 percent or higher by weight.
- Other Finished Motor Gasoline: Motor gasoline that is not included in the reformulated or oxygenated categories.

Motor Gasoline, Finished Gasohol: A blend of finished motor gasoline (leaded or unleaded) and alcohol (generally ethanol, but sometimes methanol) in which 10 percent or more of the product is alcohol.

Motor Gasoline, Finished Leaded: Motor gasoline that contains more than 0.05 gram of lead per gallon or more than 0.005 gram of phosphorus per gallon. Premium and regular grades are included, depending on the octane rating. Includes leaded gasohol. Blendstock is excluded until blending has been completed. Alcohol that is to be used in the blending of gasohol is also excluded.

Motor Gasoline, Finished Leaded Premium: Motor gasoline having an antiknock index, calculated as (R+M)/2, greater than 90 and containing more than 0.05 gram of lead per gallon or more than 0.005 gram of phosphorus per gallon.

Motor Gasoline, Finished Leaded Regular: Motor gasoline having an antiknock index, calculated as (R+M)/2, greater than or equal to 87 and less than or equal to 90 and containing more than 0.05 gram of lead or 0.005 gram of phosphorus per gallon.

Motor Gasoline, Finished Unleaded: Motor gasoline containing not more than 0.05 gram of lead per gallon and not more than 0.005 gram of phosphorus per gallon. Premium and regular grades are included, depending on the octane rating. Includes unleaded gasohol. Blendstock is excluded until blending has

been completed. Alcohol that is to be used in the blending of gasohol is also excluded.

Motor Gasoline, Finished Unleaded Midgrade: Motor gasoline having an antiknock index, calculated as (R+M)/2, greater than or equal to 88 and less than or equal to 90 and containing not more than 0.05 gram of phosphorus per gallon.

Motor Gasoline, Finished Unleaded Premium: Motor gasoline having an antiknock index, calculated as (R+M)/2, greater than 90 and containing not more than 0.05 gram of lead or 0.005 gram of phosphorus per gallon.

Motor Gasoline, Finished Unleaded Regular: Motor gasoline having an antiknock index, calculated as (R+M)/2, of 87 containing not more than 0.05 gram of lead per gallon and not more than 0.005 gram of phosphorus per gallon.

Motor Gasoline Retail Prices: Motor gasoline prices calculated each month by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) in conjunction with the construction of the Consumer Price Index (CPI). Those prices are collected in 85 urban areas selected to represent all urban consumers—about 80 percent of the total U.S. population. The service stations are selected initially, and on a replacement basis, in such a way that they represent the purchasing habits of the CPI population. Service stations in the current sample include those providing all types of service (i.e., full-, mini-, and self-service).

Motor Gasoline, Total: Includes finished leaded motor gasoline (premium and regular), finished unleaded motor gasoline (premium, midgrade, and regular), motor gasoline blending components, and gasohol.

MTBE (Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether): An ether, $(CH_3)_3COCH_3$, intended for motor gasoline blending. See Oxygenates.

Naphtha: A genetic term applied to a petroleum fraction with an approximate boiling range between 122 and 400° F.

Natural Gas: A mixture of hydrocarbons (principally methane) and small quantities of various nonhydrocarbons existing in the gaseous phase or in solution with crude oil in underground reservoirs.

Natural Gas, Dry: The marketable portion of natural gas production, which is obtained by subtracting extraction losses, including natural gas liquids removed at natural gas processing plants, from total production.

Natural Gas Marketed Production: Gross withdrawals of natural gas from production reservoirs, less gas used for reservoir repressuring;

nonhydrocarbon gases removed in treating and processing operations; and quantities vented and flared

Natural Gas Plant Liquids (NGPL): Natural gas liquids recovered from natural gas in processing plants and, in some situations, from natural gas field facilities, as well as those extracted by fractionators. Natural gas plant liquids are defined according to the published specifications of the Gas Processors Association and the American Society for Testing and Materials as follows: ethane, propane, normal butane, isobutane, pentanes plus, and other products from natural gas processing plants (i.e., products meeting the standards for finished petroleum products produced at natural gas processing plants, such as finished motor gasoline, finished aviation gasoline, special naphthas, kerosene, distillate fuel oil, and miscellaneous products).

Natural Gas Wellhead Price: The wellhead price of natural gas is calculated by dividing the total reported value at the wellhead by the total quantity produced as reported by the appropriate agencies of individual producing States and the U.S. Minerals Management Service. The price includes all costs prior to shipment from the lease, including gathering and compression costs, in addition to State production, severance, and similar charges.

Natural Gas, Wet: Natural gas prior to the extraction of liquids and other miscellaneous products.

Net Consumption: See Energy Consumption, End-Use.

Nonhydrocarbon Gases: Typical nonhydrocarbon gases that may be present in reservoir natural gas are carbon dioxide, helium, hydrogen sulfide, and nitrogen.

Nuclear Electric Power: Electricity generated by an electric power plant whose turbines are driven by steam generated in a reactor by heat from the fissioning of nuclear fuel.

Nuclear Electric Power Plant: A single-unit or multiunit facility in which heat produced in one or more reactors by the fissioning of nuclear fuel is used to drive one or more steam turbines.

Nuclear Reactor: An apparatus in which the nuclear fission chain can be initiated, maintained, and controlled so that energy is released at a specific rate. The reactor includes fissionable material (fuel), such as uranium or plutonium; fertile material; moderating material (unless it is a fast reactor); a heavy-walled pressure vessel; shielding to protect personnel; provision for heat removal; and control elements and instrumentation.

Offshore: That geographic area that lies seaward of the coastline. In general, the coastline is the line of ordinary low water along with that portion of the coast that is in direct contact with the open sea or the line marking the seaward limit of inland water.

Oil: See Crude Oil (Including Lease Condensate).

Oil Well: A well completed for the production of crude oil from one or more oil zones or reservoirs. Wells producing both crude oil and natural gas are classified as oil wells.

Operable (nuclear): A U.S. nuclear generating unit is considered operable after it completes low-power testing and is issued a full-power operating license by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission. A foreign nuclear generating unit is considered operable once it has generated electricity to the grid.

Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD): Current members are Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Mexico, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom, the United States and its territories (Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands), and Germany.

Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC): Countries that have organized for the purpose of negotiating with oil companies on matters of oil production, prices, and future concession rights. Current members are Algeria, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela.

Oxygenated Motor Gasoline: See Motor Gasoline, Finished.

Oxygenates: Any substance which, when added to motor gasoline, increases the amount of oxygen in that motor gasoline blend. Through a series of waivers and interpretive rules, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has determined the allowable limits for oxygenates in unleaded gasoline. The "Substantially Similar" Interpretive Rules (56 FR [February 11, 1991]) allows blends of aliphatic alcohols other than methanol and aliphatic ethers, provided the oxygen content does not exceed 2.7 percent by weight. The "Substantially Similar" Interpretive Rules also provide for blends of methanol up to 0.3 percent by volume exclusive of other oxygenates, and butanol or alcohols of a higher molecular weight up to 2.75 percent by weight. Individual waivers pertaining to the use of oxygenates in unleaded motor gasoline have been issued by the EPA. They include:

- Fuel Ethanol. Blends of up to 10 percent by volume anhydrous ethanol (200 proof).
- Methanol. Blends of methanol and gasoline-grade tertiary butyl alcohol (GTBA)

such that the total oxygen content does not exceed 3.5 percent by weight and the ratio of methanol to GTBA is less than or equal to 1. It is also specified that this blended fuel must meet ASTM volatility specifications.

Blends of up to 5.0 percent by volume methanol with a minimum of 2.5 percent by volume cosolvent alcohols having carbon number of 4 or less (i.e., ethanol, propanol, butanol, and/or GTBA). The total oxygen must not exceed 3.7 percent by weight, and the blend must meet ASTM volatility specifications as well as phase separation and alcohol purity specifications.

• MTBE (Methyl tertiary butyl ether). Blends up to 15.0 percent by volume MTBE that must meet the ASTM D4814 specifications. Blenders must take precautions that the blends are not used as base gasolines for other oxygenated blends.

Pentanes Plus: A mixture of hydrocarbons, mostly pentanes and heavier, extracted from natural gas. Includes isopentane, natural gasoline, and plant condensate.

Petrochemical Feedstocks: Chemical feedstocks derived from petroleum principally for the manufacture of chemicals, synthetic rubber, and a variety of plastics.

Petroleum: A generic term applied to oil and oil products in all forms, such as crude oil, lease condensate, unfinished oils, petroleum products, natural gas plant liquids, and nonhydrocarbon compounds blended into finished petroleum products.

Petroleum Coke: A residue that is the final product of the condensation process in cracking. The product is either marketable petroleum coke or catalyst petroleum coke.

Petroleum Coke, Catalyst: The carbonaceous residue that is deposited on and deactivates the catalyst used in many catalytic operations (e.g., catalytic cracking). Carbon is deposited on the catalyst, thus deactivating the catalyst. The catalyst is reactivated by burning off the carbon, which is used as a fuel in the refining process. That carbon or coke is not recoverable in a concentrated form.

Petroleum Coke, Marketable: Those grades of coke produced in delayed or fluid cokers that may be recovered as relatively pure carbon. Marketable petroleum coke may be sold as is or further purified by calcining.

Petroleum Consumption: The sum of all refined petroleum products supplied. For each refined petroleum product, the amount supplied is calculated by adding production and imports, then subtracting changes in primary stocks (net withdrawals are a plus

quantity and net additions are a minus quantity) and exports.

Petroleum Imports: Imports of petroleum into the 50 States and the District of Columbia from foreign countries and from Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and other U.S. territories and possessions. Included are imports for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve and withdrawals from bonded warehouses for onshore consumption, offshore bunker use, and military use. Excluded are receipts of foreign petroleum into bonded warehouses and into U.S. territories and U.S. Foreign Trade Zones.

Petroleum Products: Products obtained from the processing of crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas, and other hydrocarbon compounds. Petroleum products include unfinished oils, liquefied petroleum gases, pentanes plus, aviation gasoline, motor gasoline, naphtha-type jet fuel, kerosene-type jet fuel, kerosene, distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, petrochemical feedstocks, special naphthas, lubricants, waxes, petroleum coke, asphalt, road oil, still gas, and miscellaneous products.

Petroleum Products Supplied: See Petroleum Consumption.

Petroleum Stocks, Primary: For individual products, quantities that are held at refineries, in pipelines, and at bulk terminals that have a capacity of 50,000 barrels or more, or that are in transit thereto. Stocks held by product retailers and resellers, as well as tertiary stocks held at the point of consumption, are excluded. Stocks of individual products held at gas processing plants are excluded from individual product estimates but are included in other oils estimates and total.

Photovoltaic and Solar Thermal Energy (as used at electric utilities): Energy radiated by the sun as electromagnetic waves (electromagnetic radiation) that is converted at electric utilities into electricity by means of solar (photovoltaic) cells or concentrating (focusing) collectors.

Pipeline Fuel: Gas consumed in the operation of pipelines, primarily in compressors.

Primary Consumption: See **Energy Consumption, End-Use.**

Propane: A normally gaseous straight-chain hydrocarbon (C_3H_8). It is a colorless paraffinic gas that boils at a temperature of -43.67° F. It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams. It includes all products designated in ASTM Specification D1835 and Gas Processors Association Specifications for commercial propane and HD-5 propane.

Propylene: An olefinic hydrocarbon (C₃H₆) recovered from refinery or petrochemical processes.

Refiner Acquisition Cost of Crude Oil: The cost of crude oil to the refiner, including transportation and fees. The composite cost is the weighted average of domestic and imported crude oil costs.

Refinery (petroleum): An installation that manufactures finished petroleum products from crude oil, unfinished oils, natural gas liquids, other hydrocarbons, and alcohol.

Renewable Energy: Energy obtained from sources that are essentially inexhaustible (unlike, for example, the fossil fuels, of which there is a finite supply). Renewable sources of energy include wood, waste, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.

Repressuring: The injection of a pressurized fluid (such as air, gas, or water) into oil and gas reservoir formations to effect greater ultimate recovery.

Residential Sector: The residential sector is considered to consist of all private residences, whether occupied or vacant, owned or rented, including single-family homes, multifamily housing units, and mobile homes. Secondary homes, such as summer homes, are also included. Institutional housing, such as school dormitories, hospitals, and military barracks, generally are not included in the residential sector; they are included in the commercial sector.

Residual Fuel Oil: The heavier oils that remain after the distillate fuel oils and lighter hydrocarbons are distilled away in refinery operations and that conform to ASTM Specifications D396 and 975. Included are No. 5, a residual fuel oil of medium viscosity; Navy Special, for use in steam-powered vessels in government service and in shore power plants; and No. 6, which includes Bunker C fuel oil and is used for commercial and industrial heating, electricity generation, and to power ships. Imports of residual fuel oil include imported crude oil burned as fuel.

Road Oil: Any heavy petroleum oil, including residual asphaltic oil used as a dust palliative and surface treatment on roads and highways. It is generally produced in six grades, from 0, the most liquid, to 5, the most viscous.

Rotary Rig: A machine used for drilling wells that employs a rotating tube attached to a bit for boring holes through rock.

Short Ton (coal): A unit of weight equal to 2,000 pounds.

SIC: See Standard Industrial Classification.

Solar Energy: The radiant energy of the sun, which can be converted into other forms of energy, such as heat or electricity.

Standard Industrial Classification (SIC): A set of codes developed by the Office of Management and Budget which categorizes industries into groups with similar economic activities.

Startup Test Phase of Nuclear Power Plant: A nuclear power plant that has been licensed by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission to operate but is still in the initial testing phase, during which the production of electricity may not be continuous. In general, when the electric utility is satisfied with the plant's performance, it formally accepts the plant from the manufacturer and places it in commercial operation status. A request is then submitted to the appropriate utility rate commission to include the power plant in the rate base calculation.

Steam-Electric Power Plant: A plant in which the prime mover is a steam turbine. The steam used to drive the turbine is produced in a boiler where fossil fuels are burned.

Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR): Petroleum stocks maintained by the Federal Government for use during periods of major supply interruption.

Supplemental Gaseous Fuels: Any gaseous substance that, introduced into or commingled with natural gas, increases the volume available for disposition. Such substances include, but are not limited to, propane-air, refinery gas, coke oven gas, still gas, manufactured gas, biomass gas, or air or inert gases added for Btu stabilization.

Synthetic Natural Gas (SNG): A manufactured product chemically similar in most respects to natural gas, resulting from the conversion or reforming of petroleum hydrocarbons. It may easily be substituted for, or interchanged with, pipeline quality natural gas. Also referred to as substitute natural gas.

Total Consumption: See Energy Consumption, End-Use.

Transportation Sector: The transportation sector consists of private and public vehicles that move people and commodities. Included are automobiles, trucks, buses, motorcycles, railroads and railways (including streetcars), aircraft, ships, barges, and natural gas pipelines.

Unaccounted-for Crude Oil: Arithmetic difference between the calculated supply and the calculated disposition of crude oil. The calculated supply is the sum of crude oil production and imports, less changes in crude oil stocks. The calculated disposition of crude oil is the sum of crude oil input to refineries, crude oil exports, crude oil burned as fuel, and crude oil losses.

Underground Storage: The storage of natural gas in underground reservoirs at a different location from which it was produced.

United States: Unless otherwise noted, "United States" in this publication means the 50 States and the District of Columbia. U.S. exports include shipments to U.S. territories, and imports include receipts from U.S. territories.

U.S.S.R.: The Union of Soviet Socialist Republics consisted of 15 constituent republics: Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Estonia, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Moldova, Russia, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, and Uzbekistan. As a political entity, the U.S.S.R. ceased to exist as of December 31, 1991.

Vented Natural Gas: Gas released into the air on the base site or at processing plants.

Wellhead Price: The value of crude oil or natural gas at the mouth of the well.

Well Servicing Unit: Truck-mounted equipment generally used for downhole services after a well is drilled. Services include well completions and recompletions, maintenance, repairs, workovers, and well plugging and abandonments. Jobs range from minor operations, such as pulling the rods and rod pumps out of an oil well, replacing the pump and rerunning the assemblage into the well, to major workovers, such as milling out and repairing collapsed casing. Well depth and characteristics determine the type of equipment used.

Wind Energy (as used at electric utilities): The kinetic energy of wind converted at electric utilities into mechanical energy by wind turbines (i.e., blades rotating from a hub) that drive generators to produce electricity for distribution.

Wood and Waste (as used at electric utilities): Wood energy, garbage, bagasse, sewerage gas, and other industrial, agricultural, and urban refuse used to generate electricity for distribution.

Wood Energy: Wood and wood products used as fuel, including round wood (cord wood), limb wood, wood chips, bark, sawdust, forest residues, charcoal, pulp waste, and spent pulping liquor.

Working Gas: The gas in a reservoir that is in addition to the base (cushion) gas. It may or may not be completely withdrawn during any particular withdrawal season. Conditions permitting, the total working capacity could be used more than once during any given season.