Monthly Energy Review



January 1994

In this issue: Commercial buildings energy survey

Energy Information Administration

Ordering Information

This publication and other Energy Information Administration (EIA) publications may be purchased from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office.

All telephone orders should be directed to:

U.S. Government Printing Office McPherson Square Bookstore 1510 H Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20005 202-653-2050 FAX: 202-376-5055 9 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., eastern time, M-F

Superintendent of Documents U.S. Government Printing Office Washington, DC 20402 202-783-3238 FAX: 202-512-2233 8 a.m. to 4 p.m., eastern time, M-F

All mail orders should be directed to:

U.S. Government Printing Office P.O. Box 371954 Pittsburgh, PA 15250-7954

Complimentary subscriptions and single issues are available to certain groups of subscribers, such as public and academic libraries, Federal, State, local, and foreign governments, EIA survey respondents, and the media. For further information, and for answers to questions on energy statistics, please contact EIA's National Energy Information Center. Address, telephone numbers, and hours are as follows:

National Energy Information Center, EI-231 Energy Information Administration Forrestal Building, Room 1F-048 Washington, DC 20585 202-586-8800 TTY: For people who are deaf or hard of hearing: 202-586-1181 9 a.m. to 5 p.m., eastern time, M-F

Electronic Access

Monthly Energy Review (MER) data are also available electronically. Page images of all MER tables are available via modem on the Energy Information Administration Electronic Publication System (202-586-2557) and images of selected tables are available on the U.S. Department of Commerce Electronic Bulletin Board (202-482-3870). The data shown in the tables are also available in database format via modem on the U.S. Government Printing Office (GPO) Federal Bulletin Board (202-512-1524) and on personal computer diskettes by mail from the GPO (202-512-1530) and from the National Technical Information Service (703-487-4650).

The Monthly Energy Review (ISSN 0095-7356) is published monthly by the Energy Information Administration, 1000 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, DC 20585, and sells for \$77.00 per year (price is subject to change without advance notice). Second-class postage rates are paid at Washington, DC 20066-9998, and at additional mailing offices. POSTMASTER: Send address changes to Monthly Energy Review, Energy Information Administration, EI-231, 1000 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, DC 20585.



Monthly Energy Review

January 1994

Energy Information Administration Office of Energy Markets and End Use U.S. Department of Energy Washington, DC 20585

This report was prepared by the Energy Information Administration, the independent statistical and analytical agency within the Department of Energy. The information contained herein should not be construed as advocating or reflecting any policy position of the Department of Energy or any other organization.

Contacts

The Monthly Energy Review is prepared by the Energy Information Administration. General information may be obtained from W. Calvin Kilgore, Director, Office of Energy Markets and End Use, 202-586-1617; Lynda T. Carlson, Director, Energy End Use and Integrated Statistics Division, 202-586-1112; and Katherine E. Seiferlein, Chief, Integrated Statistics Branch, 202-586-5692. Questions and comments concerning the contents of the Monthly Energy Review may be directed to the Principal Analyst, Chuck Allen, 202-586-5692, or to Diane D. Perritt, 202-586-2788, Carol Swiggins, 202-586-5743, or the following subject specialists:

Features	. Barbara T. Fichman	202-586-5737
Section 1. Energy Overview		
Tables 1.1-1.5	. Alethea K. Jennings	202-586-9160
Tables 1.6-1.12	. Dianne R. Dunn	202-586-2792
Section 2. Energy Consumption	. Alethea K. Jennings	202-586-9160
Section 3. Petroleum	. Christine D. Gray	202-586-8995
Section 4. Natural Gas	. Donna Guerrina	202-586-6135
Section 5. Oil and Gas Resource Development	. Herbert T. Black	202-586-4055
Section 6. Coal	. Paulette Young	202-254-5481
Section 7. Electricity	. Deborah Bolden	202-254-5663
Section 8. Nuclear Energy	. Douglas C. Bonnar	202-254-5560
Section 9. Energy Prices		
Petroleum	. Elizabeth Scott	202-586-1258
Natural Gas	. Donna Guerrina	202-586-6135
Electricity		
Retail Prices	. Deborah Bolden	202-254-5663
Fossil-Fuel Receipts	. Sandra Smith	202-254-5632
Section 10. International Energy		
Petroleum		
Production	Patricia Smith	202-586-6925
Consumption and Stocks	H. Vicky McLaine	202-586-9412
Nuclear Electricity Gross Generation	Douglas C. Bonnar	202-254-5560

Requests for additional information on other energy statistics available from the Energy Information Administration and questions concerning subscriptions and report distribution may be directed to the National Energy Information Center, 202-586-8800 (TTY, for people who are deaf or hard of hearing, 202-586-1181).

Contents

Page

Energy Preview: Commercial Buildings Energy Consumption Survey,	
Preliminary Estimates, 1992	1
Section 1. Energy Overview	5
Section 2. Energy Consumption	25
Section 3. Petroleum	43
Section 4. Natural Gas	73
Section 5. Oil and Gas Resource Development	83
Section 6. Coal	87
Section 7. Electricity	95
Section 8. Nuclear Energy	105
Section 9. Energy Prices	111
Section 10. International Energy	131
Appendix A. Thermal Conversion Factors	145
Appendix B. Metric and Other Physical Conversion Factors	155
Appendix C. List of Features	157
Glossary	161

t

Tables

Section 1.1	1.	Energy Overview	Page
1.2		Energy Summary for October 1993 Energy Overview	5 7
1.3 1.4		Energy Production by Source Energy Consumption by Source	9
1.5		Energy Net Imports by Source	11 13
1.6 1.7		Merchandise Trade Value	15
1.8		Energy Consumption per Dollar of Gross Domestic Product U.S. Dependence on Petroleum Net Imports	16 17
1.9 1.10		Cost of Fuels to End Users in Constant (1982-1984) Dollars	18
1.10		Passenger Car Efficiency Population-Weighted Heating Degree-Days	19 20
1.12		Population-Weighted Cooling Degree-Days	21
Section	2.	Energy Consumption	
2.1 2.2		Energy Consumption Summary for October 1993	25
2.2		Energy Consumption by End-Use Sector	27 29
2.4		Industrial Energy Consumption	29 31
2.5		Transportation Energy Consumption	33
2.6		Energy Input at Electric Utilities	35
	3.	Petroleum	
3.1		Petroleum Overview 3.1a Field Production, Stock Change, Petroleum Products Supplied, and Ending Stocks	44
		3.1b Imports, Exports, and Net Imports	44
3.2		Crude Oil Supply and Disposition	
		3.2aSupply3.2bDisposition and Ending Stocks	48
3.3		Petroleum Imports	49
		3.3a Algeria, Iraq, Kuwait, and Libya	50
		 3.3b Qatar, Saudi Arabia, U.A.E., and Total Arab OPEC 3.3c Ecuador, Gabon, Indonesia, and Iran 	51
		3.3d Nigeria, Venezuela, Total Non-Arab OPEC, and Total OPEC	52 53
		3.3e Angola, Australia, Bahama Islands, Brazil, Canada, and China	54
		3.3f Colombia, Ecuador, Italy, Malaysia, Mexico, and Netherlands	55
		 3.3g Netherland Antilles, Norway, Puerto Rico, Russia, Spain, and Trinidad and Tobago 3.3h United Kingdom, Virgin Islands, Other Non-OPEC, Total Non-OPEC, and Total 	56
3.4		Imports Finished Motor Gasoline Supply and Disposition	57
3.5		Distillate Fuel Oil Supply and Disposition	59 61
3.6		Residual Fuel Oil Supply and Disposition	63
3.7		Jet Fuel Supply and Disposition	65
3.8 3.9		Liquefied Petroleum Gases Supply and Disposition Propane and Propylene Supply and Disposition	67 69
3.10		Other Petroleum Products Supply and Disposition	70
Section	4.	Natural Gas	
4.1		Natural Gas Production	75
4.2		Natural Gas Supply and Disposition	76
4.3 4.4		Natural Gas Trade by Country Natural Gas Consumption by End-Use Sector	77 79
4.5		Natural Gas in Underground Storage	78 79
Section	5.	Oil and Gas Resource Development	
5.1		Oil and Gas Drilling Activity Measurements	84
5.2		Oil and Gas Wells Drilled	85

,

,

٠

Tables (Continued)

١

Section	6	Coal	Page
6.1 6.2 6.3	0.	Coal Overview Coal Consumption by End-Use Sector Coal Stocks, End of Period	89 90 91
Section 7.1 7.2 7.3 7.4	7.	Electric Utility Net Generation of Electricity Electricity Sales by End-Use Sector Electric Utility Consumption of Fossil Fuels to Generate Electricity Electric Utility Stocks of Coal and Petroleum, End of Period	97 99 101 102
Section 8.1 8.2	8.	Nuclear Energy Nuclear Power Plant Operations Nuclear Generating Units, End of Period	107 108
9.1 9.2 9.3 9.4 9.5 9.6 9.7 9.8 9.9 9.9	9.	Energy Prices Crude Oil Price Summary F.O.B. Cost of Crude Oil Imports from Selected Countries Landed Cost of Crude Oil Imports from Selected Countries Motor Gasoline Retail Prices, U.S. City Average Refiner Prices of Residual Fuel Oil Refiner Prices of Petroleum Products for Resale Refiner Prices of Petroleum Products to End Users No. 2 Distillate Prices to Residences 9.8a Northeastern States 9.8b Selected South Atlantic and Midwestern States 9.8c Selected Western States and U.S. Average Electricity Retail Prices Quantity and Cost of Fossil-Fuel Receipts at Steam-Electric Utility Plants Natural Gas Prices	124
9.11 Section 10.1	10.	International Energy World Crude Oil Production	
10.2 10.3 10.4		10.1aAlgeria Through Venezuela10.1bTotal OPEC, Canada Through Former U.S.S.R., and WorldPetroleum Consumption in OECD CountriesPetroleum Stocks in OECD Countries, End of PeriodNuclear Electricity Gross Generation10.4aArgentina Through India10.4bItaly Through Spain10.4cSweden Through United States and Total	133 137 139 141 142
Append	lix /	A. Thermal Conversion Factors	
A1. A2. A3. A4. A5. A6. A7. A8.		Approximate Heat Content of Petroleum Products	145 146 147 147 147 148 148 149
Append B1. B2. B3.	lix]	B. Metric and Other Physical Conversion Factors Metric Conversion Factors Other Physical Conversion Factors Metric Prefixes	155 156 156

v

Figures

Section 1.	Energy Overview	Page
1.1	Energy Overview	-
1.2	Energy Production	6
1.3		8
1.4	Energy net mipolds	10
1.5		12 14
1.6	Energy Consumption per Donar of Gross National Product	14
1.7	o.s. Dependence on redoleum Net Imports	10
1.8	Cost of Theirs to End Users III Constant (1982-1984) Dollars	18
1.9	Passenger Car Efficiency	19
Section 2.		19
2.1	Energy Consumption	
2.2	Energy Consumption by End-Use Sector	26
2.3	Residential and Commercial Energy Consumption	28
2.5	Industrial Energy Consumption	30
2.5	mansportation Energy Consumption	32
2.5	Energy Input at Electric Utilities	34
Section 3.	Petroleum	
3.1	Petroleum Overview	
3.2	Finished Motor Gasoline	46
3.3	Distillate Fuel	58
3.4	Residual Fuel	60 (2
3.5		62
3.6	Liquefied Petroleum Gases	64
3.7	Propane and Propylene	66 68
Section 4.		68
4.1	Natural Gas	
4.1	Natural Gas	74
Section 5.		
5.1	Oil and Gas Resource Development	
5.1	Oil and Gas Resource Development Indicators	83
Section 6.	Coal	
6.1	Coal	00
.		88
Section 7.	Electricity	
7.1	Electric Utility Net Generation of Electricity	96
7.2	Liccularly Sales	00
7.3	Electric Utility Consumption and Stocks of Fossil Fuels	100
Section 8.	Nuclear Energy	
8.1	Nuclear Power Plant Operations	
a		106
Section 9.	Energy Prices	
9.1	Petroleum Prices	12
9.2	Liccurchy Retail Prices	23
9.3	cost of Possil-Fuel Receipts at Steam-Electric Plants	23
9.4	INALITAL LTAS PRICES	26
Section 10.	International Energy	-
10.1	Crude Oil Production	
10.2	Crude Oil Production by Selected Country	.34
10.3		35
10.4		36
10.5		38
		40

.

Commercial Buildings Energy Consumption Survey

Preliminary Estimates, 1992

The Commercial Buildings Energy Consumption Survey (CBECS) is conducted by the Energy Information Administration (EIA) every 3 years to provide data on energy consumption and expenditures for U.S. commercial buildings and on energy-related characteristics of those buildings. Data from the 1989 CBECS indicate that commercial buildings consumed about 5.8 quadrillion Btu that year (the most recent year for which such data are available).

The CBECS is a national multistage probability sample survey that is conducted in two parts. The first part is a personal interview with building managers, tenants, or owners. The interview collects data about the physical characteristics of the building, such as size, year constructed, and predominant wall and roof materials; how the building is used; the energy sources and energy-related equipment used; and conservation measures undertaken for the building. The second part of CBECS is a mail survey of the energy suppliers to the buildings. The energy suppliers' survey collects data about energy consumption and expenditures.

The 1992 survey collected new data on energy management in commercial buildings (including demand-side management

participation and the presence of a building energy manager); energy-related equipment, such as water heaters, computers, and heating, ventilating, and cooling systems; and energy-related space functions.

The commercial buildings sector, more than the residential or manufacturing sectors, displays a diversity of building structures, activities, and energy-related characteristics. Preliminary estimates indicate that in 1992 there were approximately 4.8 million buildings, representing approximately 67.9 billion square feet of commercial floorspace, in the United States (Figure 1). Energy-related characteristics of commercial buildings located throughout the United States varied widely (Table 1). The preliminary estimates presented in this *Energy Preview* may be revised prior to publication of the two reports based on the survey results: *Commercial Buildings Characteristics 1992* and *Commercial Buildings Consumption and Expenditures 1992*.

EIA Contact:

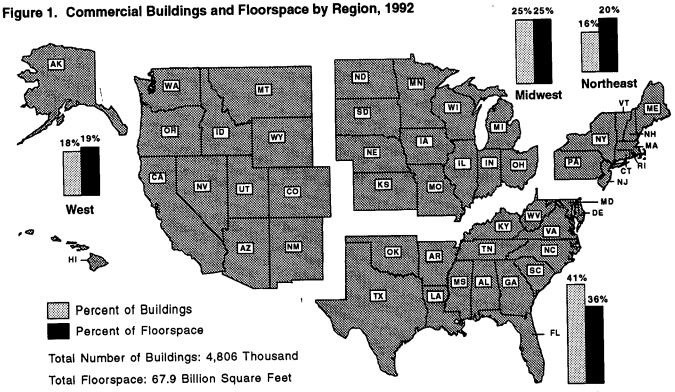
Telephone:

Fax:

Martha M. Johnson

202-586-1135

202-586-0018



South

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EtA-871A, "Building Questionnaire," 1992 Commercial Buildings Energy Consumption Survey.

Table 1	Colorial Duildun Obarra 1. 1. 1.	•		
Table I.	Selected Building Characteristics b	v Census Region	Proliminary Estimator	1002
		y conodo negion		133Z

			of Buildin usand)	gs		Total Floorspace (million square feet)				
Building Characteristics	All Buildings	Northeast	Midwest	South	West	All Buildings	Northeast	Midwest	South	West
All Buildings	4,806	771	1,202	1,963	870	67,876	13,400	17,280	24,577	12,619
Building Floorspace (square feet)						·	-,	,		12,010
1,001 to 5,000	2,681	383	676	1,171	451	7,327	1 074	4 000		
5,001 to 10,000	975	180	241	370	184	7,327	1,074	1,889	3,155	1,208
10,001 to 25,000	647	109	163	239	136	•	1,337	1,763	2,723	1,376
25,001 to 50,000	280	54	66	106	56	10,375	1,663	2,689	3,782	2,241
50,001 to 100,000		25	29	41	20	10,069 8,062	1,976	2,353	3,696	2,043
100,001 to 200,000	71	12	15	26	18	9,678	1,752	2,097	2,842	1,371
200,001 to 500,000	26	5	10	6	5	•	1,598	2,048	3,720	2,311
Over 500,000	9	2	2	4	1	7,889 7,278	1,696 2,303	2,839 1,601	1,968 2,691	1,386 683
Principal Building Activity										
Education	301	38	46	112	104	8,470	1,968	2,386	2,620	1,496
Food Sales	130	Q	29	57	32	757	,,500 Q	182	2,820	209
Food Service	260	54	73	83	50	1,491	445	432	407	209
Health Care	63	12	14	15	23	1,763	386	432 487	407 597	
Lodging	154	31	26	56	41	2,891	616	407 577	1,043	292
Mercantile and Service	1,272	246	329	510	187	12,402	2,798	3,156	4,233	654
Office	749	126	170	299	154	12,319	2,525	2,804		2,214
Parking	24	5	11	2	5	1,652	2,323 Q		4,152	2,838
Public Assembly	278	40	76	120	43	4,556	777	Q	Q	272
Public Order and Safety	60	16	Q	24	Q	4,330 820	269	861	2,269	649
Religious Worship	366	30	86	194	56	3,747		Q	238	Q
Warehouse	761	109	233	316	103		452	1,137	1,366	792
Other	69	16	18	21	15	11,484	1,763	3,108	4,964	1,649
Vacant	319	36	80	153	50	1,130 4,396	199 708	301 1,043	383 1,604	248 1,041
Year Constructed									ŗ	
1899 or Before	169	52	78	26	Q	1,721	676	700	107	•
1900 to 1919	255	62	105	66	22	3,608		720	167	Q
1920 to 1945	724	166	193	257	109	8,712	1,052	1,246	788	522
1946 to 1959	880	124	208	368	179	10,421	2,655	2,296	2,646	1,115
1960 to 1969	783	122	174	324	163	12,612	2,070	2,629	3,898	1,825
1970 to 1979	982	118	248	426	190	14,014	2,485	2,652	4,914	2,562
1980 to 1989	884	112	158	444	170	14,014	2,123	4,086	4,940	2,865
1990 to 1992	128	14	38	51	25	2,502	2,053 286	2,982 670	6,317 906	2,934 639
Energy Sources										
more than one may apply)										
Electricity	4,616	755	1,139	1,876	845	66,549	13,235	16,914	23,985	12,415
Natural Gas	2,665	370	847	888	560	45,097	8,559	13,838	13,408	9,292
Fuel OII	559	284	79	182	14	13,218	5,535	2,541	3,582	1,559
District Heat	95	23	24	28	21	5,339	1,560	1,884	983	912
District Chilled Water	28	2	7	10	9	2,066	302	684	659	421
Propane	337	71	80	153	Q	3,393	1,041	579	1,514	260
Any Other	163	33	46	62	23	1,551	444	254	446	407
Energy End Use										
more than one may apply)	=.									
Heated Buildings	4,178	694	1,047	1,687	750	61,996	12,858	16,303	21,659	11,176
Air-Conditioned Buildings	3,502	521	784	1,569	627	57,041	11,158	14,383	21,205	10,296
Buildings with Water Heating	3,502	625	906	1,307	664	58,479	12,410	15,460	19,592	11,017
Buildings with Cooking	734	142	201	257	134	23,065	5,740	5,800	7,768	3,757
Buildings with Manufacturing	121	26	38	37	19	3,174	756	895	1,039	484
Percent of Floorspace Heated										
Not Heated	628	76	155	276	121	5,880	542	978	2,918	1,443
1 to 50	699	98	171	300	130	11,312	2,497	2,120	4,425	2,270
51 to 99	620	111	143	229	136	10,223	2,114	2,249	3,115	2,270
100	2,858	484		1,157	484	40,461	8,247	11,933	14,120	6,162
Percent of Floorspace Cooled										
Not Cooled	1,304	250	417	394	243	10,835	2,242	2,898	3,372	2,323
1 to 50	1,176	241	287	486	161	21,715	5,640	6,318	6,482	3,275
51 to 99	658	125	170	244	119	13,872	3,049	3,825	4,097	2,902
100	1,668	155	327	839	347	21,454	2,469	4,240	10,627	4,118

Q = Data withheid because either the relative standard error was greater than 50 percent or fewer than 20 buildings were sampled.

Table 1. Selected Building Characteristics by Census Region, Preliminary Estimates, 1992 (Continued)

			of Building Susand)	js	Total Floorspace (million square feet)					
Building Characteristics	All Buildings	Northeast	Midwest	t South	West	All Buildings	Northeast	Midwest	South	West
Percent Lit When Open	381	42	124	167	48	2,316	373	773	731	440
Not Lit	794	152	226	304	112	6,344	1,235	1,645	2,274	1,191
1 to 50			200	268	145	11,518	2,926	3,163	3,001	2,427
51 to 99	788 2,683	174 390	626	1,116	552	31,994	6,050	8,106	11,510	6,329
Heating Equipment	·									
(more than one may apply)							1 0 4 0	1 0 1 0	0.740	1,601
Heat Pumps	450	40	28	281	100	6,909	1,349	1,218	2,740	
Furnaces	1,676	290	592	548	247	11,762	2,131	4,501	3,043	2,088
Individual Space Heaters	1,465	220	377	621	247	17,714	3,641	5,281	5,747	3,046
District Steam or Hot Water	106	30	26	29	21	5,242	1,593	1,892	875	882
Boilers	638	263	194	112	69	16,875	5,214	5,308	3,888	2,465
Packaged Heating Units	815	85	123	395	212	12,800	2,118	2,798	4,833	3,051
Other	38	11	10	Q	Q	722	95	210	Q	Q
Cooling Equipment (more than one may apply)										
Residential-Type Central Air										
Conditioners	816	96	277	370	82	7,474	1,350	2,721	2,572	831
Heat Pumps	457	42	30	289	97	6,901	1,293	1,230	2,764	1,614
Individual Air Conditioners	1,025	276	232	427	90	12,655	4,552	3,861	3,080	1,162
District Chilled Water	32	2	7	13	10	1,961	248	574	724	415
Central Chillers	145	29	34	56	26	11,071	2,436	2,894	3,517	2,224
Packaged Air-Conditioning Units		208	334	555	301	22,060	4,729	5,574	7,218	4,539
Swamp Coolers		Q	Q	31	130	1,648	Q	Q	308	1,191
Other		â	Q	Q	Q	338	Q	Q	Q	Q
Building Shell Conservation Features										
(more than one may apply)	0.404	500	011	1,260	559	39,976	8,261	10,701	13,084	7,931
Roof or Ceiling Insulation		500 355	811 550	877	341	25,895	5,802	6,792	8,265	5,036
Wall Insulation				422	183	23,822	6,900	7,965	6,029	2,928
Storm or Multiple Glazing		422	615			•	3,742	5,795	6,403	5,205
Tinted Reflective or Shading Glass	1,054	117	237	434	267	21,144	3,742	5,735	0,400	5,205
Exterior or Interior Shading		070	400	717	200	07 741	5,420	6,910	9,212	6,200
or Awnings		278 468	432 548	717 727	398 372	27,741 22,537	6,228	6,339	6,590	3,380
Windows That Open	2 ,113	400	540		0/2	,	-,	.,		-
HVAC [®] Conservation Features										
(more than one may apply)				~~		11 757	2,665	3,714	2,653	2,726
Variable Air-Volume System		46	66	69	82	11,757		5,497	3,571	3,225
Economizer Cycle		64	125	111	101	15,849 40,232	3,555 9,236	10,710	12,067	8,219
HVAC [®] Maintenance	2,501	506	589	923	483	40,232	9,200	10,710	12,007	0,210
Lighting Conservation Features				•						
(more than one may apply)								e e e = =	0 400	A 474
Specular Reflectors		117	142	181	113	12,612	3,065	3,387	3,488	2,672
Natural Lighting Control	. 76	13	23	20	20	3,224	613	1,373	577	660
Occupancy Sensors	. 59	9	17	7	27	3,601	963	780	627	1,231
Time Clock		73	74	88	98	9,625	2,053	2,043	2,418	3,111
Manual Dimmer Switches		77	121	110	90	9,499	2,126	3,015	2,292	2,066
Other		20	17	12	32	2,697	691	722	422	861
Energy Conservation Features										
(more than one may apply)	4 004	704	1,094	1,656	806	51,225	10,619	13,741	16,631	10,234
Any Conservation Features		724	•			49,386	10,327	13,341	15,964	9,754
Building Shell		707	1,069	1,575	774	•		10,954	12,354	8,359
HVAC ^a		514	618	954	509	41,055	9,388 5.403	6,630	5,878	5,94
Lighting		241	299	343	259	23,944	5,493	,	1,300	950
Other	. 260	57	67	82	55	4,673	1,293	1,130	1,000	300

^aHeating, ventilation, and air conditioning. Q = Data withheid because either the relative standard error was greater than 50 percent or fewer than 20 buildings were sampled.

•

Table 1.	Selected Building Characteristics by Census Region, Preliminary Estimates, 1992 (Continued	、

			of Buildin Susand)	gs		Total Floorspace (million square feet)				
Building Characteristics	All Buildings	Northeast	Midwest	South	West	All Buildings	Northeast	Midwest	South	West
Energy Management Practices										
(more than one may apply)										
Computerized Energy Management										
Control System	248	41	72	72	62	13,580	2,724	4 404	9 4 9 1	0.054
Demand-Side Management					UL	10,000	2,124	4,424	3,481	2,951
Participation	337	104	70	82	82	10.000	3,087	2.647	2,337	1 000
Building Shell Program	39	14	10	9	7	1,205	217	2,647 516	2,337	1,929
HVAC ^a Program	165	32	35	55	43	5,904	1.475	1,745		218
Lighting Program	244	89	50	52	53	7.663	2,693	2,077	1,479	1,205
Other Programs	122	32	28	38	24	5,455	1,455		1,439	1,453
Energy Audit	456	124	112	112	98	12,248		1,553	1,541	906
Building Energy Manager		8	11	16		1,746	3,525 291	3,741 512	2,754 634	2,228
0 0,000		, T		10	14	1,740	291	512	634	309
Predominant Wall Materials										
Masonry	3,115	503	759	1,261	592	48,585	9,981	12,914	17,174	8,517
Siding or Shingles		176	198	257	133	3,873	1,008	1,017	1,052	•
Metal Panels	745	68	215	372	90	7,392	930	1,774	•	796
Concrete Panels	87	6	12	36	34	4.961	1,003		3,900	789
Window Glass	46	12	ā	18	8	2.028	372	741 524	1,461 709	1,755
Other		6	9	19	13	1,037	106	310	281	423 Q
Predominant Roof Materiais										
Built-Up	1.642	226	346	665	405	30,257	4,889	6,375	11,653	7,341
Shingles (Not Wood)		278	369	532	202	10,570	2,434	3,213	3,168	1,755
Metal Surfacing	1.037	106	269	537	126	9,019	853	2,064	5,098	1,755
Synthetic or Rubber		100	152	98	35	11,702	3,757	4,318	2,615	1,004
Slate or Tile	155	40	23	45	47	1,998	526	385	577	511
Concrete		2	5	20	9	2,544	556	Q ·	917	506
Other	167	19	38	65	46	1,786	384	361	551	490
wnership and Occupancy										
Nongovernment Owned	4,206	683	1.070	1 700	705	50 750	0.070	10 107		
Owner Occupied	3,192	552	844	1,729	725	52,752	9,978	13,127	19,480	10,167
Nonowner Occupied	817	552 112		1,267	529	38,403	7,311	10,421	13,503	7,168
Unoccupied	197	112	173 53	361 101	171	12,273	2,350	2,211	5,177	2,534
Government Owned	599	88	132	234	24	2,077	316	495	800	465
		00	132	234	146	15,124	3,422	4,153	5,097	2,452

^aHeating, ventilation, and air conditioning.

Q = Data withheld because either the relative standard error was greater than 50 percent or fewer than 20 buildings were sampled. Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-871A, "Building Questionnaire," 1992 Commercial Buildings Energy Consumption Survey.

Section 1. Energy Overview

Energy production during October 1993 totaled 5.5quadrillion Btu, a 3.0-percent decrease from the level of production during October 1992. Coal production decreased 5.6 percent, petroleum production decreased 3.4 percent, and natural gas production increased 1.9 percent. All other forms of energy production combined were down 6.0 percent from the level of production during October 1992.

Energy consumption during October 1993 totaled 6.7 quadrillion Btu, 0.9 percent above the level of consumption during October 1992. Natural gas consumption increased 6.5 percent, coal consumption rose 2.9 percent, and petroleum consumption was down 1.3 percent. Consumption of all other forms of energy combined decreased 5.5 percent from the level 1 year earlier.

Net imports of energy during October 1993 totaled 1.6 quadrillion Btu, 12.6 percent above the level of net imports 1 year earlier. Net imports of petroleum increased 8.6 percent, and net imports of natural gas were up 10.3 percent. Net exports of coal fell 21.7 percent from the level in October 1992.

		October			Cumulative January Through October					
	1993	1992	Percent Change ^a	1993	1993 Daily Rate	1992	1992 Daily Rate	Percent Change ^a		
Production ^b	5.476	5.644	-3.0	54.736	0.180	55.625	0.182	-1.3		
Coal	1.765	1.869	-5.6	17.027	.056	18.055	.059	-5.4		
Natural Gas (Dry)	1.609	1.579	1.9	15.641	.051	15.190	.050	3.3		
Petroleum ^c	1.434	1.484	-3.4	14.069	.046	14.681	.048	-3.9		
Other ^d	.669	.712	-6.0	8.000	.026	7.699	.025	4.3		
Consumption ^b	6.652	6.593	.9	69.274	.228	67.614	.222	2.8		
Coal	1.576	1.531	2.9	16.295	.054	15.661	.051	4.4		
Natural Gas ^e	1.501	1.409	6.5	16.819	.055	16.226	.053	4.0		
Petroleum	2.871	2.908	-1.3	27.903	.092	27.770	.091	.8		
Other ^f	.704	.745	-5.5	8.256	.027	7.957	.026	4.1		
Net imports	1.575	1.399	12.6	13.943	.046	12.187	.040	14.8		
Coal ^g	143	183	-21.7	-1.532	-,005	-2.164	007	-29.0		
Natural Gas	.175	.159	10.3	1.740	.006	1.554	.005	12.3		
Petroleum ^h	1.509	1.389	8.6	13.478	.044	12.538	.041	7.8		
Other ^I	.035	.033	3.9	.257	.001	.258	.001	3		

Table 1.1 Energy Summary for October 1993 (Oundrillion Btu)

(Quadrillion Btu)

^a Based on daily rates prior to rounding.

^b Due to a lack of consistent historical data, some renewable energy sources are not included. For example, in 1991, 3.3 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy consumed by U.S. electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution is included, but an estimated 3.4 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy used by other sectors is not included.

^c Includes crude oil, lease condensate, and natural gas plant liquids.

^d Other^a is hydroelectric and nuclear electric power, and electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.

^e Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

¹ "Other" is hydroelectric and nuclear electric power; electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy; and net imports of electricity and coal coke.

⁹ Minus sign indicates exports are greater than imports.

^h Includes crude oil, lease condensate, petroleum products, pentanes plus, untinished oils, gasoline blending components, and imports of crude oil for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

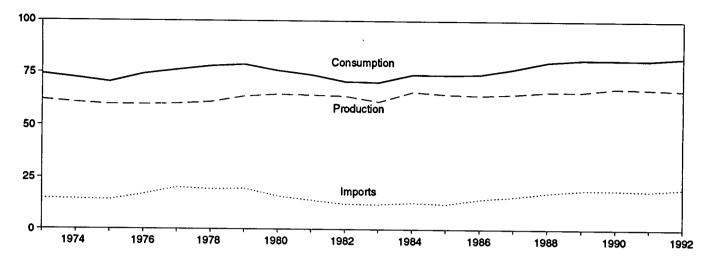
ⁱ "Other" is net imports of electricity and coal coke.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

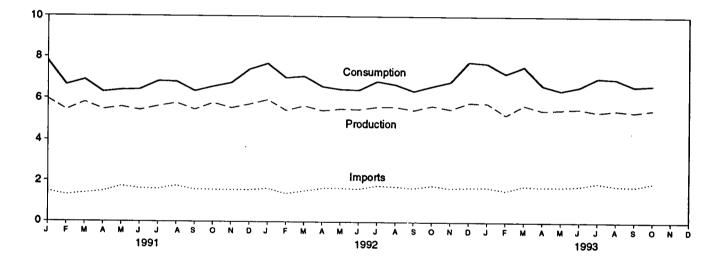
Sources: Tables 1.3, 1.4, and 1.5.

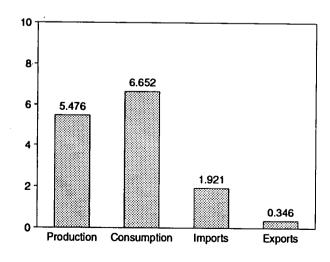
Figure 1.1 Energy Overview (Quadrillion Btu)

Consumption, Production, and Imports, 1973-1992



Consumption, Production, and Imports, Monthly





Overview, October 1993

Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 1.2.

Net Imports, January-October

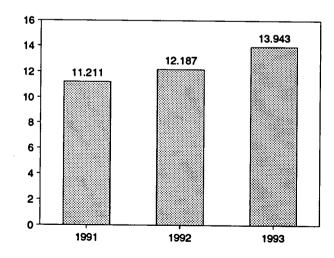


Table 1.2 Energy Overview

(Quadrillion Btu)

I.	Production ^a	Consumption ^{a,b}	Imports	Exports	Net Imports
973 Total	62.060	74.282	14.731	2.051	12.680
974 Total	60.835	72.543	14.413	2.223	12.190
975 Total	59.860	70.546	14.111		
976 Total	59.892			2.359	11.752
977 Total		74.362	16.837	2.188	14.648
	60.219	76.288	20.090	2.071	18.019
978 Total	61.103	78.089	19.254	1.931	17.323
979 Total	63.801	78.898	19.616	2.870	16.746
980 Total	64.761	75.955	15.971	3.723	12.247
981 Total	64.421	73.990	13.975	4.329	9.646
982 Total	63.962	70.848	12.092	4.633	7.460
83 Total	61.279	70.524	12.027	3.717	8.310
984 Total	65.962	74.144	12.767	3.804	8.963
985 Total	64.871	73.981	12.103	4.231	7.872
86 Total	64.350	74.297	14.438		
87 Total	64.952			4.055	10.382
		76.894	15.764	3.853	11.911
988 Total	66.105	80.218	17.564	4.415	13.149
989 Total	66.129	81.325	18.947	4.765	14.181
90 Total	67.853	81.265	18.987	4.910	14.077
91 January	5.941	7.795	1.483	.397	1.085
February	5.438	6.643	1.294	.462	.832
March	5.803	6.893	1.391	.395	.996
April	5,460	6.302	1.482	.326	1.156
May	5.578	6.394	1.731		
June				.489	1.241
	5.429	6.421	1.622	.423	1.199
July	5.613	6.818	1.593	.457	1.136
August	5.763	6.798	1.754	.448	1.306
September	5.450	6.344	. 1.562	.432	1.130
October	5.771	6.561	1.562	.432	1.130
November	5.530	6.740	1.548	.464	1.084
December	5.708	7.408	1.556	.495	1.062
Total	67.484	81.116	18.577	5.220	13.357
92 January	^R 5.923	^R 7.682	1.615	.458	1.157
February	R5.419	R 6.993	1.377	.450	
March	^R 5.634	^R 7.073			1.005
	^R 5.411		1.500	.416	1.084
April	¹¹ 5.411	^R 6.568	1.639	.413	1.226
May	^R 5.495	^R 6.438	1.642	.434	1.207
June	^R 5.465	^R 6.406	1.610	.426	1.183
July	^R 5.592	^R 6.826	1.770	.441	1.329
August	^R 5.598	^R 6.676	1.727	.367	1.360
September	^R 5.443	^R 6.359	1.654	.417	1.237
October	^R 5.644	R 6.593	1.782	.383	1.399
November	^R 5.483	^R 6.801	_		
December	⁹ 5.796	^R 7.769	1.650	.428	1.221
Total	^R 66.904	^R 82.184	1.688 19.652	.462 ^R 5.017	^R 1.227 ^R 14.635
		_	10.VJE	5.017	14.033
93 January	^P 5.773	^R 7.696	1.695	.398	1.297
February	^R 5.214	^R 7.211	1.530	.362	1.168
March	^R 5.681	^R 7.552	1.763	.347	1.416
April	^R 5.432	P 6.633	1.719	.344	1.376
May	R 5.472	^R 6.394	1.722	.382	
June	^R 5.520	6.573			1.340
	^R 5.359	0.0/J B7.044	1.767	.406	1.361
July	0.359 Br. 4	^R 7.011	1.914	.375	1.540
August	^R 5.447	6.959	1.779	.317	1.462
September	^R 5.361	6.593	1.745	.337	1.408
October	5.476	6.652	1.921	.346	1.575
10-Month Total	54.736	69.274	17.556	3.613	13.943
92 10-Month Total	55.625	67.614	16 314	A 107	10 107
91 10-Month Total			16.314	4.127	12.187
	56.246	66.968	15.473	4.262	11.211

^a Due to a tack of consistent historical data, some renewable energy sources are not included. For example, in 1991, 3.3 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy consumed by U.S. electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution is included, but an estimated 3.4 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy used by other sectors is not included. ^b The sum of domestic energy production and net imports of energy does

^D The sum of domestic energy production and net imports of energy does not equal domestic energy consumption. The difference is attributed to stock changes; losses and gains in conversion, transportation, and distribution; the addition of blending compounds; shipments of anthracite to U.S. Armed Forces in Europe; and adjustments to account for discrepancies between reporting systems.

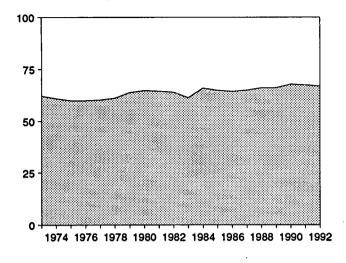
R=Revised data.

Notes: • For definitions, see Notes 1 through 4 at end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

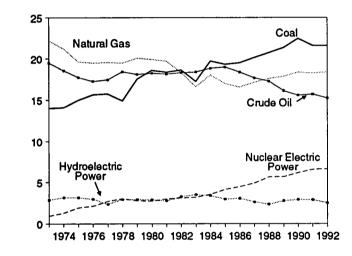
Sources: • Production: Table 1.3. • Consumption: Table 1.4. • Imports and Exports: Tables 3.1b, 4.2, 6.1, A2-A8, and Section 2, "Energy Consumption Notes and Sources," Notes 8 and 9. • Net Imports: Table 1.5.

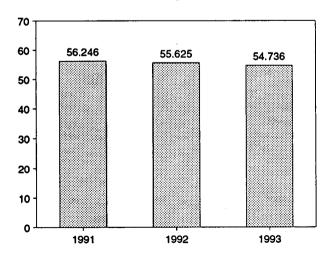
Figure 1.2 Energy Production (Quadrillion Btu)

Total Production, 1973-1992



Production by Major Sources, 1973-1992

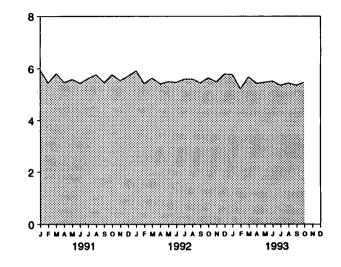




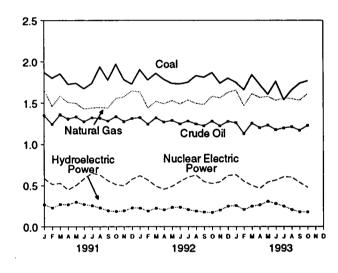
Total Production, January-October

Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 1.3.

Total Production, Monthly



Production by Major Sources, Monthly



Production by Major Sources, October 1993

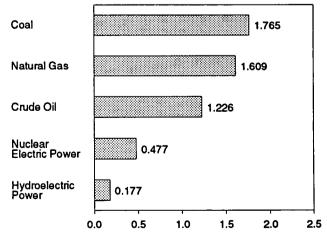


Table 1.3 Energy Production by Source

(Quadrillion Btu)

	Coal	Natural Gas (Dry)	Crude Oil ^a	Natural Gas Plant Liquids	Nuclear Electric Power	Hydro- electric Power ^b	Geothermal Energy	Other ^c	Total
70 Total	13.993	22.187	19.493	2,569	0.910	2.861	0.043	0.003	62.06
73 Total	14.074	21.210	18.575	2.471	1.272	3.177	.053	.003	60.83
74 Total			17.729	2.374	1.900	3.155	.070	.002	59.86
75 Total	14.990	19.640		2.374	2.111	2.976	.078	.003	59.89
76 Total	15.654	19.480	17.262		2.702	2.333	.077	.005	60.21
77 Total	15.755	19.565	17.454	2.327	3.024	2.335	.064	.003	61.10
78 Total	14.910	19.485	18.434	2.245	2.776	2.937	.084	.005	63.80
79 Total	17.539	20.076	18.104	2.286			.110	.005	64.76
80 Total	18.597	19.908	18.249	2.254	2.739	2.900	.123	.003	64.42
B1 Total	18.376	19.699	18.146	2.307	3.008	2.758	.105	.004	63.96
62 Total	18.639	18.319	18.309	2.191	3.131	3.266			61.27
83 Total	17.246	16.593	18.392	2.184	3.203	3.527	.129	.004	
84 Total	19.719	18.008	18.848	2.274	3.553	3.386	.165	.009	65.96
35 Total	19.325	16.980	18.992	2.241	4.149	2.970	.198	.015	64.87
86 Total	19.510	16.541	18.376	2.149	4.471	3.071	.219	.012	64.35
87 Total	20.142	17.136	17.675	2.215	4.906	2.635	.229	.016	64.95
38 Total	20.737	17.599	17.279	2.260	5.661	2.334	.217	.017	66.10
9 Total	21.345	17.847	16.117	2.158	5.677	2.767	.197	.020	66.12
90 Total	22.456	18.362	15.571	2.175	6.161	2.926	.181	.021	67.85
91 January	1.870	1.658	1.348	.194	.584	.269	.015	.002	5.94
February	1.800	1.459	1.240	.181	.514	.229	.013	.002	5.43
March	1.853	1.581	1.357	.199	.528	.270	.015	.002	5.80
April	1.727	1.506	1.306	.190	.447	.269	.013	.002	5.46
May	1.739	1.497	1.332	.196	.502	.298	.014	.002	5.57
June	1.673	1.427	1.274	.186	.582	.271	.014	.002	5.42
July	1.738	1.441	1.321	.191	.652	.254	.014	.002	5.61
August	1.937	1.447	1.315	.192	.628	.228	.014	.002	5.76
September	1.777	1.440	1.282	.185	.557	.193	.013	.002	5.45
October	1,969	1.554	1.337	.199	.512	.184	.014	.002	5.77
November	1.782	1.574	1.275	.194	.497	.192	.015	.002	5.53
December	1.730	1.645	1.312	.199	.576	.229	.015	.002	5.70
Total	21.594	18.229	15.701	2.306	6.579	2.885	.170	.021	67.48
92 January	^R 1.904	1.633	1.323	.199	.621	.226	.015	.002	^R 5.92
February	^R 1.778	1.440	1.243	.187	.567	.189	.013	.002	^R 5.41
March	^R 1.859	1.519	1.321	.200	.492	.226	.015	.002	^R 5.63
April	^R 1.785	1.491	1.269	.193	.454	.204	.014	.001	^R 5.41
May	^R 1.737	1.529	1.289	.200	.490	.234	.014	.002	^R 5.49
June	^R 1.732	1.488	1.247	.194	.550	.238	.014	.002	^R 5.46
July	^R 1.750	1.536	1.282	.198	.602	.207	.014	.002	^R 5.59
August	^R 1.830	1.495	1.245	.193	.630	.189	.014	.002	^R 5.59
September	^R 1.811	1.481	1.223	.189	.547	.177	.013	.002	^R 5.44
October	^R 1.869	1.579	1.281	.203	.524	.172	.014	.002	^R 5.64
November	^R 1.739	1.559	1.222	.200	.545	.202	.014	.002	^R 5.48
December	^R 1.799	1.626	1.277	.206	.624	.249	.014	.002	^R 5.79
Total	^R 21.593	18.375	15.223	2.363	6.646	2.513	.170	.022	^A 66.90
3 January	^R 1.749	1.654	1.260	.204	.634	.256	.014	.002	^R 5.77
February	^R 1.658	^R 1.465	1.130	.188	.551	.207	.013	.002	^R 5.21
March	^A 1.841	1.610	1.254	.212	.501	.247	.014	.002	^R 5.66
April	^R 1.721	1.564	1.200	.204	.464	.264	.014	.002	^R 5.43
May	^R 1.603	1.576	1.229	.203	.541	.307	.012	.001	R 5.47
June	^R 1.760	1.529	1.176	.198	.565	.279	.012	.001	R 5.52
July	^R 1.537	1.554	1.196	.203	.607	.247	.014	.001	R 5.35
	^R 1.656	^R 1.552	1.210	.200	.604	.206	.014	.002	R 5.44
August September	^R 1.737	R 1.522	1.168	.196	.537	.179	.013	.002	R 5.36
		1.609	1.226	.208	.477	.177	.013	.002	5.47
October 10-Month Total	1.765 17.027	15.641	12.048	2.020	.477 5.481	2.369	.133	.017	54.73
92 10-Month Total	18.055	15.190	12.724	1.957	5.477	2.062	.142	.018	55.62

^a Includes lease condensate.

^b Electric utility and industrial generation.
 ^c "Other" production is electricity generated for distribution from wood,

waste, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy. ^d Due to a lack of consistent historical data, some renewable energy sources are not included. For example, in 1991, 3.3 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy consumed by U.S. electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution is included, but an estimated 3.4 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy used by other sectors is not included.

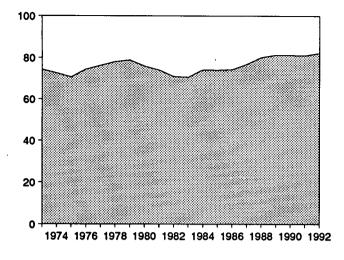
R=Revised data.

Notes: • See Note 1 at end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. . Totals may not equal sum of

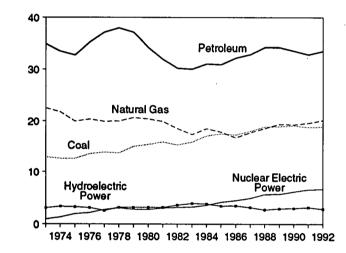
components due to independent rounding. Sources: • Coal: Tables 6.1 and A5-A7. • Natural Gas (Dry): Tables 4.1 and A4. • Crude Oil and Natural Gas Plant Liquids: Tables 3.1a and A2. • Nuclear Electric Power: Tables 7.1 and A8. • Hydroelectric Power: Table 7.1; Section 2, Energy Consumption Notes and Sources, Note 8; and Table A8. • Geothermal Energy and Other: Section 2, "Energy Consumption Notes and Sources," Note 7, and Table A8.

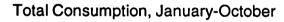
Figure 1.3 Energy Consumption (Quadrillion Btu)

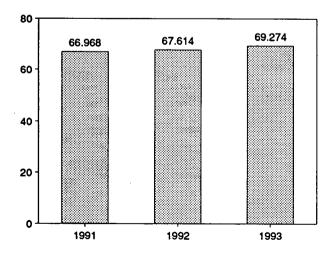
Total Consumption, 1973-1992



Consumption by Major Sources, 1973-1992

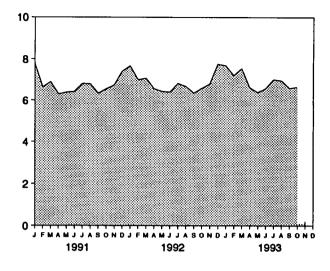




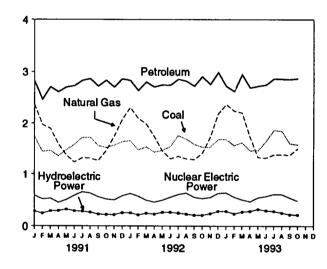


Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 1.4.

Total Consumption, Monthly



Consumption by Major Sources, Monthly



Consumption by Major Sources, October 1993

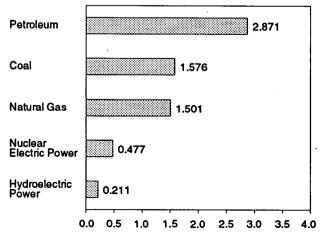


Table 1.4 Energy Consumption by Source

(Quadrillion Btu)

	Coal	Natural Gas ^a	Petroleum	Nuclear Electric Power	Hydro- electric Power ^b	Geothermal Energy	Other ^c	Totald
				0.010	3.010	0.043	-0.004	74.282
73 Total	12.971	22.512	34.840	0.910 1.272	3.309	.053	.059	72.543
74 Total	12.663	21.732	33.455		3.219	.070	.016	70.546
75 Total	12.663	19.948	32.731	1.900	3.066	.078	.003	74.362
76 Total	13.584	20.345	35.175	2.111 2.702	2.515	.077	.020	76.288
77 Total	13.922	19.931	37.122		3.141	.064	.128	78.089
'8 Total	13.765	20.000	37.965	3.024	3.141	.084	.068	78.89
'9 Total	15.039	20.666	37.123	2.776	3.141	.110	031	75.95
0 Total	15.423	20.394	34.202	2.739	3.105	.123	012	73.99
31 Total	15.907	19.928	31.931	3.008		.105	018	70.84
32 Total	15.322	18.505	30.231	3.131	3.572	.129	012	70.52
3 Total	15.894	17.357	30.054	3.203	3.899	.165	002	74.14
34 Total	17.071	18.507	31.051	3.553	3.800	.198	.001	73.98
35 Total	17.478	17.834	30.922	4.149	3.398		004	74.29
36 Total	17.261	16.708	32.196	4.471	3.446	.219		76.89
37 Total	18.008	17.744	32.865	4.906	3.117	.229	.024	80.21
38 Total	18.846	18,552	34.222	5.661	2.662	.217	.057	81.32
89 Total	18.925	19.384	34.211	5.677	2.881	.197	.051	81.32
90 Total	19.101	19.296	33.553	6.161	2.946	.181	.026	01.20
91 January	1.728	2.367	2.819	.584	.278	.015	.003	7.79
February	1.444	1.969	2.463	.514	.237	.013	.002	6.64
March	1.463	1.895	2.706	.528	.283	.015	.003	6.89
April	1.357	1.589	2.607	.447	.287	.013	.002	6.30
May	1.480	1.377	2.702	.502	.317	.014	.002	6.39
June	1.577	1.235	2.726	.582	.286	.014	.000	6.42
July	1.718	1.322	2.832	.652	.275	.014	.005	6.81
	1.717	1.312	2.868	.628	.259	.014	.000	6.79
August	1.558	1.268	2.721	.557	.221	.013	.006	6.34
September	1.523	1.461	2.837	.512	.213	.014	.001	6.56
October		1.742	2.702	.497	.211	.015	.003	6.74
November	1.570	2.069	2.862	.576	.249	.015	.002	7.40
December	1.635 18.770	19.606	32.845	6.579	3.115	.170	.030	81.11
	P. ere		0.005	.621	.247	.015	.006	^R 7.68
92 January	^R 1.653	2.306	2.835	.567	.206	.013	.004	R 6.99
February	R 1.477	2.091	2.634		.238	.015	.005	P7.07
March	^R 1.535	1.984	2.804	.492	.238	.013	.005	R 6.5
April	^R 1.434	1.735	2.704	.454	.223	.014	.002	R 6.4
May	^R 1.468	1.460	2.747	.490		.014	.005	R 6.4
June	^R 1.539	1.302	2.738	.550	.258	.014	.003	R 6.8
July	^R 1.756	1.351	2.857	.602	.243	.014	.003	^R 6.6
August	^R 1.686	1.302	2.821	.630	.221		.003	R 6.3
September	^R 1.583	1.286	2.722	.547	.205	.013	.003	R 6.5
October	^R 1.531	1.409	2.908	.524	.203	.014	.004	R 6.8
November	^R 1.529	1.722	2.756	.545	.231	.014		P7.7
December	_ ^R 1.678	2.182	2.988	.624	.276	.014	.007	R 82.1
Total	^R 18.868	20.131	33.514	6.646	2.806	.170	.049	
93 January	^R 1.677	2.366	2.720	.634	.279	.014	.006	^R 7.6
February	^R 1.561	^R 2.236	2.619	.551	.229	.013	.001	P7.2
March		R 2.200	2.948	.501	.266	.014	.005	^R 7.5
April	D	1.723	2.689	.464	.279	.014	.004	R 6.6
May	D	1.330	2.723	.541	.318	.012	.004	^R 6.3
June	D	^R 1.318	2.747	.565	.290	.012	.004	_ 6.5
		1.384	2.868	.607	.278	.014	.001	^R 7.0
July		^R 1.385	2.862	.604	.248	.014	.004	6.9
August		^R 1.365	2.856	.537	.213	.013	.001	6.5
September			2.850	.477	.211	.013	.003	6.6
October 10-Month Total		1.501 16.819	27.903	5.481	2.610	.133	.033	69.2
92 10-Month Total	15.661	16.226	27.770	5.477	2.299	.142	.039	67.6

^a Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

 ^b Electric utility and industrial generation and net imports of electricity.
 ^c "Other" consumption is net imports of coal coke and electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, wind, photovoltaic, and solar

thermal energy. ^d Due to a lack of consistent historical data, some renewable energy sources are not included. For example, in 1991, 3.3 quadrillion Blu of renewable energy consumed by U.S. electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution is included, but an estimated 3.4 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy used by other sectors is not included.

R=Revised data.

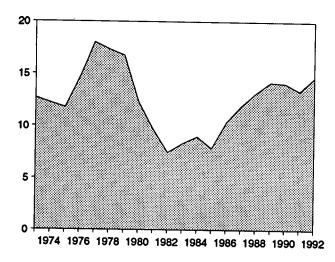
Notes: • See Note 2 at end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: • Coal: Tables 6.1 and A5-A7. • Natural Gas: Tables 4.2 and A4. • Petroleum: Tables 3.1a and A3. • Nuclear Electric Power: Tables 7.1 and A8. • Hydroelectric Power: Table 7.1; Section 2, "Energy Consumption Notes and Sources," Note 8; and Table A8. • Geothermal Energy and Other: Section 2, "Energy Consumption Notes and Sources," Note 7, and Table A8.

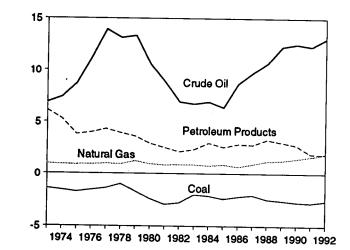
Figure 1.4 Energy Net Imports

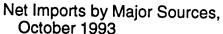
(Quadrillion Btu, Except as Noted)

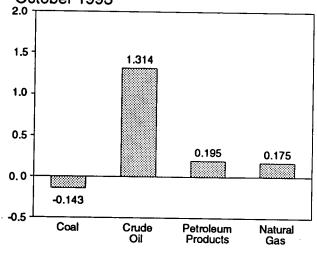
Total Net Imports, 1973-1992



Net Imports by Major Sources, 1973-1992

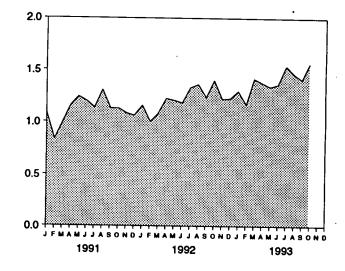




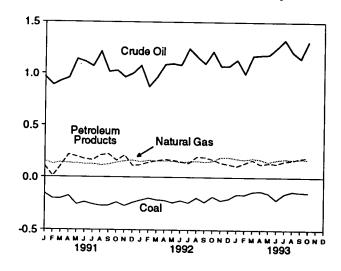


Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Tables 1.4 and 1.5.

Net Imports, Monthly



Net Imports by Major Sources, Monthly



Net Imports as Share of Consumption, January-October

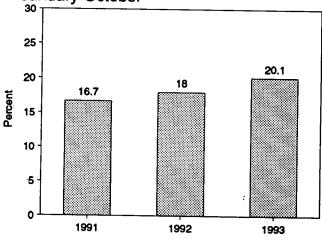


Table 1.5 Energy Net Imports by Source

(Quadrillion Btu)

	Coal	Natural Gas	Crude Oil ^a	Petroleum Products ^b	Electricity ^c	Coal Coke	Total
			0.000	6.007	0.148	-0.007	12.680
73 Total	-1.422	0.981	6.883	6.097	.133	.056	12.190
74 Total	-1.568	.907	7.389	5.273		.014	11.752
5 Total	-1.738	.904	8.708	3.800	.064		14.648
6 Total	-1.567	.922	11.221	3.982	.089	(8)	
7 Total	-1.401	.981	13.921	4.321	.182	.015	18.019
8 Total	-1.004	.941	13.125	3.932	.204	.125	17.323
9 Total	-1.702	1.243	13.328	3.603	.211	.063	16.746
0 Total	-2.391	.957	10.586	2.912	.217	035	12.247
1 Total	-2.918	.857	8.854	2.522	.347	016	9.646
2 Total	-2.768	.898	6.917	2.128	.306	022	7.460
	-2.013	.885	6.731	2.351	.372	016	8.310
3 Total	-2.119	.792	6.918	2.970	.414	011	8.963
4 Total		.896	6.381	2.570	.428	013	7.872
5 Total	-2.389		8.676	2.855	.375	017	10.382
6 Total	-2.193	.686		2.784	.483	.009	11.911
7 Total	-2.049	.937	9.748		.328	.040	13.149
8 Total	-2.446	1.221	10.698	3.308		.030	14.181
9 Total	-2.566	1.278	12.296	3.029	.113		
0 Total	-2.705	1.464	12.536	2.757	.020	.005	14.077
1 January	156	.156	.967	.108	.009	.001	1.085
February	202	.129	.889	.008	.007	.001	.832
March	203	.143	.928	.113	.013	.002	.996
April	176	.137	.958	.219	.018	.001	1.156
May	256	.135	1.144	.199	.019	.001	1.241
June	236	.128	1,117	.176	.016	001	1.199
July	256	.129	1.073	.166	.021	.003	1.136
	270	.119	1.215	.212	.031	002	1.306
August	267	.125	1.018	.223	.028	.004	1.130
September		.144	1.031	.162	.029	001	1.130
October	237			.213	.019	.001	1.084
November	270	.156	.965		.013	(s)	1.062
December	240	.165	1.002	.114		.009	13.357
Total	-2.769	1.666	12.308	1.912	.231	.008	15.551
2 January	218	.150	1.078	.122	.021	.004	1.157
February	198	.163	.873	.146	.018	.003	1.00
March	^R 214	.160	.963	.160	.012	.003	1.084
April	219	.160	1.090	.173	.019	.003	1.220
May	240	.157	1.099	.168	.022	.001	1.207
June	221	.146	1.084	.152	.020	.003	1.183
	- 241	.153	1.245	.137	.036	.001	1.329
July	194	.158	1.168	.197	.031	.001	1.36
August	235	.149	1.099	.195	.028	.001	1.23
September		.149	1.217	.173	.031	.002	1.39
October	183		1.074	.142	.029	.001	1.22
November	219	.194		.142	.023	.005	R 1.22
December	204 -2.587	.193 1.941	1.076 13.065	1.895	.293	.027	R 14.63
Total	•2.507	1.041	10.000				
93 January	•.162	.182	1.138	.111	^E .023 ^E .022	.004 (s)	1.29) 1.16
February	164	.172	.999	.139	E.019	.003	1.41
March	137	.184	1.177	.170	E.016	.003	1.37
April	131	.175	1.184	.129	UI6		
May	•.151	.150	1.188	.140	E.011	.002	1.34
June	213	.170	1.255	.135	E.011	.003	1.36
July	156	.178	1.329	.158	E.031	(s)	1.54
August	134	.175	1.211	.167	E.041	.002	1.46
September	- 141	.179	1.153	.186	E.033	001	1.40
	143	.175	1.314	.195	E.033	.001	1.57
October 10-Month Total	-1.532	1.740	11.948	1.530	E.241	.016	13.94
			40.048	1 604	007	.021	12.18
92 10-Month Total	-2.164	1.554	10.915	1.624	.237 .191	.021	11.21
91 10-Month Total	-2.258	1.346	10.341	1.585	.191	.007	11.41

^a Crude oil, lease condensate, and imports of crude oil for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

^b Petroleum products, unfinished oils, pentanes plus, and gasoline blending components.

^c Assumed to be hydroelectricity and estimated at the average input heat rate for fossil-fuel steam-electric power plant generation, which has ranged from 10.2 thousand Btu to 10.5 thousand Btu per kilowatthour since 1973. Actual heat rates applied in converting kilowatthours to Btu are listed by year in Table A8.

E=Estimate. (s)=Less than +0.5 trillion Btu and greater than -0.5 trillion Btu.

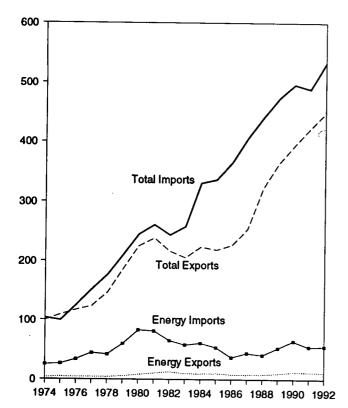
Notes: • See Notes 3 and 4 at end of section. • Net imports equal imports minus exports. Minus sign indicates exports are greater than imports. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

• Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

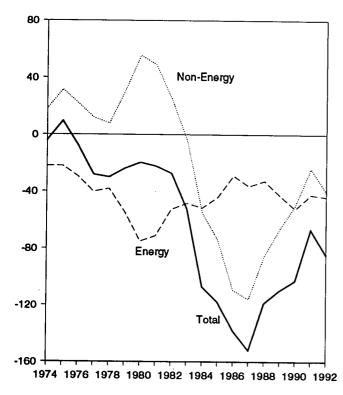
Sources: • Coal: Tables 6.1 and A5-A7. • Natural Gas: Tables 4.2 and A4. • Crude Oil and Petroleum Products: Tables 3.1b and A2. • Electricity: Section 2, "Energy Consumption Notes and Sources," Note 8, and Table A8. • Coal Coke: Section 2, "Energy Consumption Notes and Sources," Note 9, and Table A7.

Figure 1.5 Merchandise Trade Value (Billion Dollars)

Imports and Exports, 1974-1992

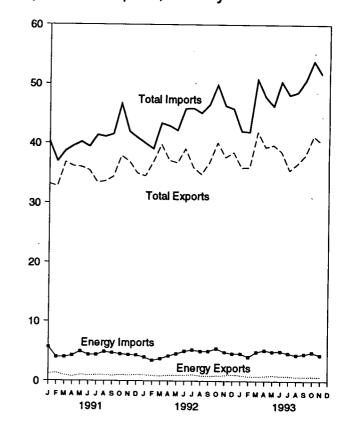


Trade Balance, 1974-1992



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 1.6.

Imports and Exports, Monthly



Trade Balance, Monthly

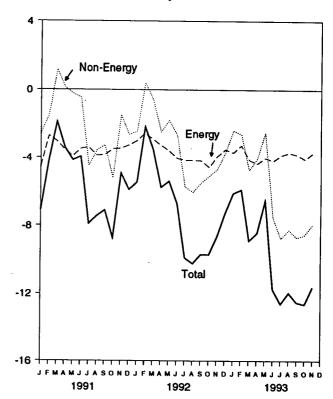


Table 1.6 Merchandise Trade Value

(Million Dollars)

		Petroleur	n		Energy		Non-	Te	tal Merchandl	80
	Exports	Imports	Balance	Exports	Imports	Balance	Energy Balance	Exports	Imports	Balance
					05 45 A	00.010	18,126	99,437	103,321	-3,884
974 Total	792	24,668	-23,876	3,444	25,454	-22,010	31,557	108,856	99,305	9,551
975 Total	907	25,197	-24,289	4,470	26,476	-22,006	21,950	116,794	124,614	-7,820
76 Total	998	32,226	-31,228	4,226	33,996	-29,770		123,182	151,534	-28,353
77 Total	1,276	42,368	-41,093	4,184	44,537	-40,354	12,001		176,052	-30,205
78 Total	1,561	39,526	-37,965	3,881	42,096	-38,215	8,010	145,847		-23,922
79 Total	1,914	56,715	-54,801	5,621	59,998	-54,377	30,455	186,363	210,285	
80 Total	2,833	78,637	-75,803	7,982	82,924	-74,942	55,246	225,568	245,262	-19,696
81 Total	3,696	76,659	-72,963	10,279	81,360	-71,081	48,814	238,715	260,982	-22,267
82 Total	5,947	60,458	-54,511	12,729	65,409	-52,680	25,170	216,442	243,952	-27,510
	4,557	53,217	-48,659	9,500	57,952	-48,452	-3,957	205,639	258,048	-52,409
983 Total	•	56,924	-52,454	9,311	60,980	-51,669	-55,033	223,976	330,678	-106,703
984 Total	4,470	• • • •		9,971	53,917	-43,946	-73,765	218,815	336,526	-117,712
985 Total	4,707	50,475	-45,768		•	-29,195	-109,084	227,159	365,438	-138,279
986 Total	3,640	35,142	-31,503	8,115	37,310	•		254,122	406,241	-152,119
987 Total	3,922	42,285	-38,363	7,713	44,220	-36,506	-115,613	•	440,952	-118,526
988 Total	3,693	38,787	-35,094	8,235	41,042	-32,806	-85,720	322,426		-109,399
989 Total	5,021	49,704	-44,683	9,869	52,779	-42,910	-66,490	363,812	473,211	
990 Total	6,901	61,583	-54,682	12,233	64,661	-52,428	-50,068	393,592	496,088	-102,498
01 Jonuary	881	5,361	-4,480	1,188	5,698	-4,509	-2,569	33,165	40,244	-7,079
191 January			-2,813	1,327	4,032	-2,705	-1,496	32,775	36,976	-4,20
February		3,741	•	951	4,003	-3.051	1,163	36,820	38,708	-1,889
March		3,729	-3,164			-3,538	128	36,137	39,548	-3,411
April		4,030	-3,633	748	4,286		-231	36,024	40,181	-4,158
May	562	4,699	-4,137	1,031	4,957	-3,926		35,480	39,428	-3,94
June	506	4,177	-3,671	936	4,408	-3,473	-476			-7,894
July		4,133	-3,620	987	4,388	-3,401	-4,493	33,444	41,338	
August		4,641	-4,146	998	4,876	-3,87 9	-3,571	33,633	41,082	-7,450
September		4,475	-4,060	884	4,723	-3,839	-3,271	34,391	41,502	-7,11
October		4,226	-3,642	1.031	4,533	-3,502	-5,232	37,897	46,631	-8,73
		4,112	-3,623	943	4,399	-3,456	-1,486	36,970	41,911	-4,94
November		4,028	-3,408	1,058	4,326	-3,268	-2,640	34,996	40,904	-5,90
December Total		51,350	-44,396	12,081	54,629	-42,548	-24,175	421,730	488,453	-66,72
		-			4.040	0.000	-2,461	34,514	39,984	-5,47
992 January	602	3,683	-3,082	1,007	4,016	-3,009		36,898	39,075	-2,17
February	. 454	3,165	-2,711	879	3,452	-2,573	396	•		-3,52
March		3,477	-3,058	831	3,762	-2,931	-596	39,817	43,344	
April		3,931	-3,420	932	4,215	-3,283	-2,489	37,154	42,925	-5,77
May		4,274	-3,738	968	4,573	-3,605	-1,804	36,737	42,146	-5,40
		4,713	-4,165	958	5,007	-4,049	-2,669	39,094	45,812	-6,71
June		4,912	-4,258	1,067	5,222	-4,155	-5,738	35,979	45,872	-9,89
July			-4,199	867	5,034	-4,167	-6,051	34,838	45,055	-10,21
August		4,702	•	839	5,026	-4,187	-5,506	36,811	46,503	-9,69
September		4,680	-4,252	839	5,026	-4,582	-5,124	40,115	49,820	-9,70
October		5,047	-4,541		•	-3,933	-4,711	37,670	46,314	-8,64
November		4,462	-3,912	940	4,873		-3,747	38,537	45,813	-7,27
December	. 700	4,172	-3,471	1,093	4,621	-3,529		448,164	532,665	-84,50
Total	. 6,412	51,217	-44,805	11,254	55,256	-44,002	-40,500	440,104	552,005	-04,00
002 Januan/	. 617	4,254	-3,637	936	4,642	-3,706	-2,407	35,922	42,035	-6,11
993 January	. 467	3,699	-3,232	789	4,070	-3,281	-2,625	36,004	41,909	-5,90
February	•	4,492	-4,004	768	4,910	-4,142	-4,745	41,895	50,781	-8,8
March				835	5,191	-4,357	-4,072	39,374	47,802	-8,42
April			-4,262			-4,024	-2,518	39,751	46,293	-6,54
Мау		4,614	-3,967	944	4,969			38,616	50,365	-11,74
June	439		-4,269	826		-4,197	-7,552		48,138	-12,60
July		4,320	-3,806	818	4,679	-3,862	-8,747	35,529		
August			-3,587	703	4,404	-3,700	-8,249	36,624	48,573	-11,94
September			-3,735	723	4,549	-3,826	8,690	38,052	50,567	-12,5
October			-3,983	759		-4,094	^R -8,543	^R 41,230	^R 53,867	^R -12,6
			-3,512	716		-3,702	-7,917	40,136	51,756	-11,6
November 11-Month Total			-41,994	8,818		-42,890	-66,064	423,132	532,086	-108,9
						40 470	90 7E4	409,627	486,852	-77,22
1992 11-Month Total	5,711	47,045	-41,334	10,161	50,634	-40,473	-36,753	400,047		-60,8

R=Revised data.

Notes:
 Monthly data are not adjusted for seasonal variations.
 The U.S. import statistics reflect both government and nongovernment imports of merchandise from foreign countries into the U.S. customs territory, which

comprises the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands. • See Note 5 at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: See end of section.



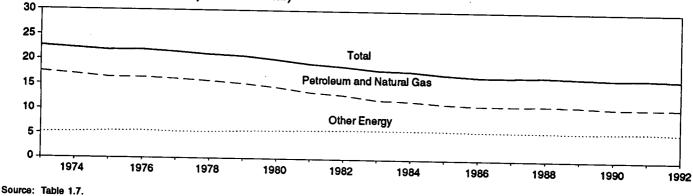


Table 1.7 Energy Consumption per Dollar of Gross Domestic Product

	En	ergy Consumptio	on		Energy Cons	umption per Dol	lar of GDP
	Petroleum and Natural Gas	Other Energy	Total ^a	Gross Domestic Product (GDP)	Petroleum and Natural Gas	Other Energy	Total
		Quadrillion Btu		Trillion 1987 Dollars	Thousa	nd Btu per 1987 D	ollar
1973 Year	57.352	16.930	74 000				
1974 Year	55,187		74.282	3.269	17.5	5.2	22.7
1975 Year	52.678	17.356 17.868	72.543	3.248	17.0	5.3	22.3
976 Year	55.520	18.842	70.546	3.222	16.4	5.5	21.9
977 Year	57.053	19.235	74.362	3.381	16.4	5.6	22.0
978 Year	57.966	20.123	76.288	3.533	16.1	5.4	21.6
979 Year	57.789	20.123	78.089	3.704	15.7	5.4	21.1
980 Year	54.596		78.898	3.797	15.2	5.6	20.8
981 Year	51.859	21.359	75.955	3.776	14.5	5.7	20.1
982 Year	48.736	22.131	73.990	3.843	13.5	5.8	19.3
983 Year	47.411	22.112 23.113	70.848	3.760	13.0	5.9	18.8
984 Year	49.558	23.113	70.524	3.907	12.1	5.9	18.1
985 Year	48.756	24.500	74.144	4.149	11.9	5.9	17.9
986 Year	48.904	25.225	73.981	4.280	11.4	5.9	17.3
987 Year	50.609	25.383 26.285	74.297	4.405	11.1	5.8	16.9
988 Year	52.774	20.205	76.894	4.540	11.1	5.8	16.9
989 Year	53.595	27.730	80.218	4.719	11.2	5.8	17.0
990 Year	52.849	27.730	81.325	4.838	11.1	5.7	16.8
	52.048	20.410	81.265	4.897	10.8	5.8	16.6
991 1 st Quarter	52.305	28.372	00 0 77				
2 nd Quarter	51.934		80.677	4.838	10.8	5.9	16.7
3 rd Quarter	52.687	29.116 28.771	81.050	4.856	10.7	6.0	16.7
4 th Quarter	52.869		81.458	4.873	10.8	5.9	16.7
Year	52.452	28.399	81.268	4.880	10.8	5.8	16.7
	UZ.4JZ	28.664	81.116	4.861	10.8	5.9	16.7
992 1 st Quarter	^R 53.705	^R 28.134	Barass				
2 nd Quarter	^R 53.987	^R 28.596	^R 81.839	4.922	10.9	5.7	16.6
3 rd Quarter	^R 52.819	^R 28.345	^R 82.583	4.957	10.9	5.8	^R 16.7
4 th Quarter	^R 54.073	29.077	^R 81.164	4.998	10.6	5.7	^R 16.2
Year	53.645	^R 28.539	^R 83.150	5.068	10.7	5.7	16.4
	03.043	20.338	^R 82.184	4.986	10.8	5.7	16.5
993 1 st Quarter	^R 55.853	^A 29.525	^R 85.378	F 070			
2 nd Quarter	^R 53.158	R 29.990	^R 83.148	5.078	11.0	5.8	16.8
3 rd Quarter	^R 54.286	^R 29.454	¹¹ 83.148 8 00 740	5.102	10.4	5.9	16.3
	J-4.200	29.404	^R 83.740	^B 5.138	10.6	5.7	16.3

(Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates)

^a Excludes wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy, except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution. R=Revised data.

 Yearly data may not equal average of quarters due to seasonality adjustments and independent rounding.

Notes: • Quarterly data are seasonally adjusted and shown at annual rates. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: • Energy Consumption: Table 1.4. • Gross Domestic Product: 1973-1991—U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Survey of Current Business, September 1993, Table 2. 1992 forward—U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, United States Department of Commerce News, December 22, 1993, Table 2.

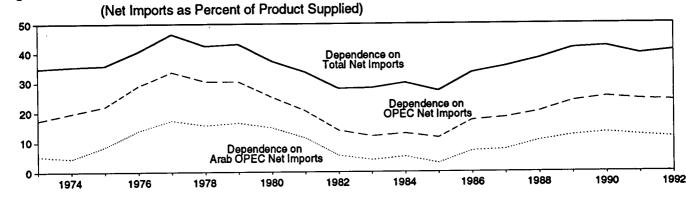


Figure 1.7 U.S. Dependence on Petroleum Net Imports

Source: Table 1.8.

Table 1.8 U.S. Dependence on Petroleum Net Imports

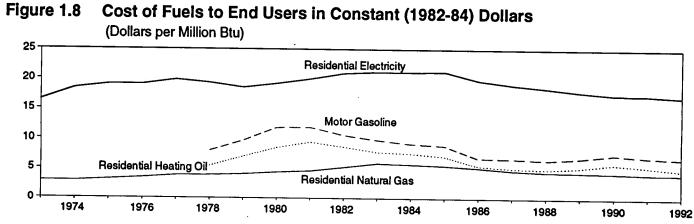
		Net Imports ^a				oorts as Percen oum Products S	
	From Arab OPEC ^b	From OPEC ^c	From All Countries	Petroleum Products Supplied	From Arab OPEC ^b	From OPEC ^c	From All Countries
Annual Rate		Thousand Ba	rrels per Day			Percent	
• 7 • •	914	2.991	6.025	17,308	5.3	17.3	34.8
973 Average	752	3,277	5,892	16.653	4.5	19.7	35.4
974 Average		3,599	5,846	16,322	8.5	22.0	35.8
75 Average	1,382	5,063	7.090	17,461	13.9	29.0	40.6
976 Average	2,423	6,190	8,565	18.431	17.3	33.6	46.5
77 Average	3,184	5,747	8,002	18,847	15.7	30.5	42.5
978 Average	2,962	5,633	7,985	18,513	16.5	30.4	43.1
979 Average	3,054		6,365	17.056	14.9	25.2	37.3
980 Average	2,549	4,293	•	16,058	11.5	20.6	33.6
981 Average	1,844	3,315	5,401 4,298	15,296	5.6	14.0	28.1
982 Average	852	2,136		15,231	4.1	12.1	28.3
983 Average	630	1,843	4,312		5.2	13.0	30.0
984 Average	817	2,037	4,715	15,726	3.0	11.6	27.3
985 Average	470	1,821	4,286	15,726	7.1	17.4	33.4
986 Average	1,160	2,828	5,439	16,281	7.6	18.3	35.5
987 Average	1,272	3,053	5,914	16,665	10.6	20.3	38.1
988 Average	1,837	3,513	6,587	17,283		23.8	41.6
989 Average	2,128	4,124	7,202	17,325	12.3		41.0
990 Average	2,243	4,285	7,161	16,988	13.2	25.2	42.2
991 1 st Quarter	1,978	3,727	5,686	16,486	12.0	22.6	34.5
2 nd Quarter	2,253	4,301	7,127	16,400	13.7	26.2	43.5
3rd Quarter	2,026	4,252	7,224	17,002	11.9	25.0	42.5
4 th Quarter	1,971	3,974	6,452	16,959	11.6	23.4	38.0
Average	2,057	4,064	6,626	16,714	12.3	24.3	39.6
992 1 st Quarter	2,052	3,783	6,239	16,910	12.1	22.4	36.9
2 nd Quarter	1,922	4,056	7,027	16,740	11.5	24.2	42.0
3rd Quarter	1,910	4,230	7,451	16,984	11.2	24.9	43.9
4 th Quarter	2,005	4,210	7,029	17,493	11.5	24.1	40.2
Average	1,972	4,071	6,938	17,033	11.6	23.9	40.7
993 1 st Quarter	2,025	4,311	7,038	17,126	11.8	25.2	41.1
2 nd Quarter	2,053	4,352	7,507	16,678	12.3	26.1	45.0
3 rd Quarter	1,907	4,129	7,750	17,360	11.0	23.8	44.6

^a "Net imports" are imports minus exports. Imports from members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) exclude indirect imports, which are petroleum products primarily from Caribbean and West European areas and refined from crude oil produced by OPEC.
 ^b The Arab members of OPEC are Alardia in the interval of the termination of termina

^b The Arab members of OPEC are Algeria, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates. Net imports from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia are included in net imports from Arab OPEC.

OPEC. ^c OPEC currently consists of Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Nigeria, and Venezuela, as well as the Arab members. Notes:
 Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserves are included.
 Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
 Annual averages may not equal average of quarters due to independent rounding.

Sources: • Imports: Tables 3.3a-3.3h. • Exports: 1973-1976—U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Mines, *Mineral Industry Surveys*. 1977-1980—Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Energy Data Reports*, *Petroleum Statement, Annual.* 1981-1992—EIA, *Petroleum Supply Annual*. 1993 forward—EIA, *Petroleum Supply Monthly*. • Petroleum Products Supplied: Table 3.1a.



Source: Table 1.9.

Table 1.9 Cost of Fuels to End Users in Constant (1982-84) Dollars

	Motor	Gasoline		idential ting Oil	Residenti Natural G		Resid Elect	
	Cents per Gallon	Dollars per Million Btu	Cents per Gallon	Dollars per Million Btu	Cents per Thousand Cubic Feet	Dollars per Million Btu	Cents per Kilowatthour	Dollars pe Million Btu
973 Average	NA	NA	NA	NA	290.5	0.05		
974 Average	NA	NA	NA	NA	290.5	2.85	5.6	16.50
975 Average	NA	NA	NA	NA	317.8	2.83	6.3	18.43
976 Average	NA	NA	NA	NA	348.0	3.12	6.5	19.07
977 Average	NA	NA	NA	ŇĂ	348.0	3.41	6.5	19.06
978 Average	100.0	8.00	75.2	5.42	392.6	3.81	6.8	19.83
979 Average	121.5	9.71	97.0	6.99	410.5	3.86	6.6	19.33
980 Average	148.2	11.85	118.2	8.52	446.6	4.03	6.3	18.57
981 Average	148.8	11.90	131.4	9.47	440.0	4.36	6.6	19.21
982 Average	132.7	10.61	120.2	8.67	535.8	4.60	6.8	19.99
983 Average	123.0	9.83	108.2	7.80	608.4	5.22	7.2	20.96
984 Average	115.3	9.22	105.0	7.57	589.0	5.90	7.2	21.19
85 Average	111.2	8.89	97.9	7.06	568.8	5.72	7.2	21.16
86 Average	84.9	6.79	76.3	5.50	531.9	5.52	7.2	21.25
987 Average	84.2	6.74	70.7	5.10	487.7	5.17	6.8	19.79
88 Average	81.4	6.51	68.7	4.96	462.4	4.73 4.49	6.5	19.09
989 Average	85.5	6.83	72.6	5.23	454.8		6.3	18.58
990 Average	93.1	7.44	81.3	5.86	443.8	4.41	6.1	17.96
-			••	0.00	443.0	4.31	6.0	17.49
991 1 st Quarter	90.0	7.19	81.7	5.89	413.2	4.01	5.0	
2 nd Quarter	88.1	7.04	68.5	4.94	470.5	4.01	5.6	16.52
3 rd Quarter	87.3	6.98	64.2	4.63	524.5	4.57 5.09	6.0	17.72
4 th Quarter	86.1	6.88	69.7	5.03	416.8	5.09 4.04	6.1	18.01
Average	87.8	7.02	74.8	5.39	427.3	4.04	5.8	17.03
-				0.00	427.3	4.14	5.9	17.43
992 1 st Quarter	81.1	6.49	67.7	4.88	398.0	0.00		
2 nd Quarter	85.3	6.82	66.0	4.76	443.5	3.86 4.30	5.6	16.48
3 rd Quarter	87.1	6.96	63.7	4.59	443.5 517.4	4.30	5.9	17.40
4 th Quarter	85.6	6.84	66.5	4.79	429.2	5.02 4.16	6.1	17.89
Average	84.8	6.78	66.6	4.80	419.8	4.16	5.8 5.8	16.94 17.13
93 1 st Quarter	81.9	6.55	66.2	4.78	397.6			
2 nd Quarter	82.3	6.58	63.0	4.54	463.2	3.86	5.5	15.98
3rd Quarter	80.3	6.42	^R 58.7	^{4.34} ^R 4.23	463.2 544.9	4.49	5.9	17.28
		W. TL	50.7	4.20	244.8	5.29	6.0	17.61

R=Revised data. NA=Not available.

Notes: • Fuel costs are calculated by using the Urban Consumer Price Index (CPI) developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. See Note 6 at end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Annual averages may not equal average of quarters due to independent rounding.

Sources: • Annual Data: Annual prices in Tables 9.4 (All Types), 9.8c,

9.11, and 9.9 (Monthly Series), adjusted by the CPI. • Quarterly Data: Simple averages of monthly prices in Tables 9.4 (All Types), 9.8c, 9.11, and 9.9 (Monthly Series), adjusted by the CPI. • CPI: 1973-1990—*Economic Report of the President*, February 1993, Table B-56. 1991 forward—Council of Economic Advisers, *Economic Indicators*, December 1993, "Consumer Prices - All Urban Consumers." • Conversion Factors: Tables A1, A4, and A8.

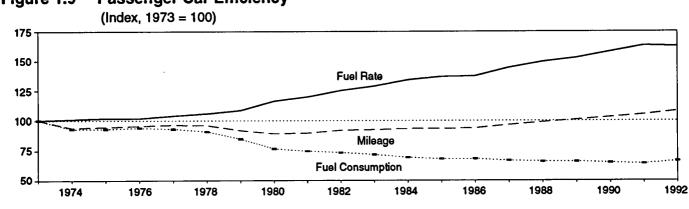


Figure 1.9 Passenger Car Efficiency

Source: Table 1.10.

Table 1.10 Passenger Car Efficiency

	Mi	eage	Fuel Co	nsumption	Fuel	Rate
	Miles per Car	Index 1973=100.0	Gallons per Car	Index 1973=100.0	Miles per Gallon	Index 1973=100.0
973	10,256	100.0	771	100.0	13.30	100.0
974	9,606	93.7	716	92.9	13.42	100.9
975	9,690	94.5	716	92.9	13.52	101.7
976	9,785	95.4	723	93.8	13.53	101.7
977	9,879	96.3	716	92.9	13.80	103.8
978	9,835	95.9	701	90.9	14.04	105.6
979	9,403	91.7	653	84.7	14.41	108.3
980	9,141	89.1	591	76.7	15.46	116.2
981	9,186	89.6	576	74.7	15.94	119.8
982	9,428	91.9	566	73.4	16.65	125.2
983	9,475	92.4	553	71.7	17.14	128.9
984	9,558	93.2	536	69.5	17.83	134.1
985	9,560	93.2	525	68.1	18.20	136.8
986	9,608	93.7	526	68.2	18.27	137.4
987	9,878	96.3	514	66.7	19.20	144.4
988	10,121	98.7	509	66.0	19.87	149.4
989	10,332	100.7	509	66.0	20.31	152.7
990	10,548	102.8	502	65.1	21.02	158.0
991	10,757	104.9	496	64.3	21.69	163.1
992 ^a	11,063	107.9	512	66.4	21.60	162.4

^a Preliminary data.

Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Sources: Indices are prepared from statistics published by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Federal Highway Statistics Division. • 1973-1985: Highway Statistics Summary to 1985, Table VM-201A. • 1986 forward: Highway Statistics, annual, Table VM-1.

Table 1.11 Population-Weighted Heating Degree-Days

•		December	1 through D	December 31			July 1	Cumulativ through Dec	e ember 31	
Consus				Percen	t Change				Percen	t Change
Divisions	Normal ^a	1992	1993	Normal to 1993	1992 to 1993	Normal ^a	1992	1993	Normal to 1993	1992 to 1993
New England Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont	1 1 10	1.040	1.057							
	1,110	1,043	1,057	-4.8	1.3	2,440	2,566	2,475	1.4	-3.5
Middle Atlantic New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania	1,012	947	981	-3.1	3.6	2,132	2,231	2,150	.8	-3.6
East North Central Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio,										
Wisconsin	1,143	1,052	1,077	-5.8	2.4	2,403	2,499	2,509	4.4	.4
West North Central Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota	1,247	1,201	1,127	-9.6	-6.2	2.596	2,763	2,757	6.2	-2
South Atlantic Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Maryland and the District of Columbia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia	571	541	600	5.1	10.9	1,083				
East South Central				5.1	10.9	1,083	1,092	1,127	4.1	3.2
Alabama, Kentucky, Mississippi, Tennessee	718	677	719	.1	6.2	1,379	1,390	1,478	7.2	6.3
West South Central Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas	523	450	473	-9.6	5.1	877	881	1,017	16.0	15.4
Mountain Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, Wyoming	950	999	864	-9.1	-13.5	2,145	2.223	2,206	2.8	•.8
Pacific						_,	-1-64	2,200	2.0	0
California, Oregon, Washington	564	591	537	-4.8	-9.1	1,226	1,088	1,084	-11.6	4
U.S. Average ^b	836	795	800	-4.3	.6	1,724	1,760	1,769	2.6	.5

^a "Normal" is based on calculations of data from 1961 through 1990.
 ^b Excludes Alaska and Hawaii.

Source: See Note 7 at end of section.

Table 1.12 Population-Weighted Cooling Degree-Days

		December	1 through D	ecember 31				Cumulative through De		
Census				Percent	Change				Percent	Change
Divisions	Normal ^a	1992	1993	Normal to 1993	1992 to 1993	Normala	1992	1993	Normal to 1993	1992 to 1993
New England Connecticut, Maine,										
Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont	0	0	0	(°)	(°)	420	326	581	38.3	78.2
Middle Atlantic	Ū		<u> </u>							
New Jersey, New York,										
Pennsylvania	0	0	0	(°)	(°)	675	596	860	27.4	44.3
East North Central Illinois, Indiana,										
Michigan, Ohio, Wisconsin	0	0	0	(°)	(°)	736	473	770	4.6	62.8
West North Central Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota	0	0	0	(°)	(°)	980	614	798	-18.6	30.0
South Atlantic Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Maryland and the District of Columbia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia	30	30	16	(°)	(°)	1,925	1,839	2,115	9.9	15.0
-										
East South Central Alabama, Kentucky, Mississippi, Tennessee	3	o	o	(°)	(°)	1,565	1,336	1,683	7.5	26.0
West South Central Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas	10	4	2	(°)	(°)	2,460	2,242	2,438	9	8.7
Mountain Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana,										
Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, Wyoming	0	0	0	(°)	(°)	1,172	1,216	1,115	-4.9	-8.3
Pacific California, Oregon, Washington	0	0	0	(°)	(°)	692	679	509	-26.4	-25.0
							$\mathbb{N}^{}$			
U.S. Average ^b	7	6	3	(°)	(°)	1,192	1,051	1,229	3.1	16.9

^a "Normal" is based on calculations of data from 1961 through 1990.
 ^b Excludes Alaska and Hawaii.

^c Percent change is not meaningful: normal is less than 100 or ratio is

incalculable.

Source: See Note 7 at end of section.

Energy Summary Notes

1. Energy Production: Production of energy includes production of coal, crude oil and lease condensate, natural gas plant liquids, natural gas (dry), electric utility and industrial production of hydroelectric power, and electricity generated from nuclear power. Production also includes electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy but excludes other energy obtained from those sources because consistent historical data are not available. Approximate heat contents (Btu values) are derived by using the conversion factors provided in Appendix A.

2. Energy Consumption: Consumption of energy includes consumption of coal, natural gas (including supplemental gaseous fuels), petroleum products supplied, electric utility and industrial production of hydroelectric power, net imports of electricity (assumed to be hydroelectricity), net imports of coal coke, and electricity generated from nuclear power. Consumption also includes electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy but excludes other energy obtained from those sources because consistent historical data are not available. Approximate heat contents (Btu values) are derived by using the conversion factors provided in Appendix A.

3. Energy Imports: Energy imports include imports of coal, crude oil (including crude oil imported for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve), petroleum products, natural gas, electricity (assumed to be hydroelectricity), and coal coke. Approximate heat contents (Btu values) are derived by using the conversion factors provided in Appendix A. For further information on electricity, see "Note for imports and exports of electricity" under Note 8 of the Notes and Sources for the Energy Consumption Section.

4. Energy Exports: Energy exports include coal, crude oil, petroleum products, natural gas, electricity produced from hydroelectric power, and coal coke. Approximate heat contents (Btu values) are derived by using the conversion factors provided in Appendix A. For more information on electricity, see "Note for imports and exports of electricity" under Note 8 of the Notes and Sources for the Energy Consumption Section.

5. Merchandise Trade Value: Import data presented are based on the customs value. That value does not include insurance and freight and is consequently lower than the cost, insurance, and freight (CIF) value, which is also reported by the Bureau of the Census. All export data, and import data prior to 1981, are on a free alongside ship (f.a.s.) basis.

"Balance" is exports minus imports; a positive balance indicates a surplus trade value and a negative balance indicates a deficit trade value. "Energy" includes mineral fuels, lubricants, and related material. "Non-Energy Balance" and "Total Merchandise" include foreign exports (i.e., reexports) and nonmonetary gold and Department of Defense Grant-Aid shipments. The "Non-Energy Balance" is calculated by subtracting the "Energy" from the "Total Merchandise Balance."

"Imports" consist of government and nongovernment shipments of merchandise into the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and the U.S. Foreign Trade Zones. They reflect the total arrival from foreign countries of merchandise that immediately entered consumption channels, warehouses, the Foreign Trade Zones, or the Strategic Petroleum Reserve. They exclude shipments between the United States, Puerto Rico, and U.S. possessions, shipments to U.S. Armed Forces and diplomatic missions abroad for their own use, U.S. goods returned to the United States by its Armed Forces, and in-transit shipments.

6. The Consumer Price Index: The values for the Consumer Price Index, All Urban Consumers, All Items, 1982-84=100, are as follows:

1973	44.4	1991	1st Quarter	134.8
1974	49.3		2nd Quarter	135.6
1975	53.8		3rd Quarter	136.7
1976	56.9		4th Quarter	137.7
1977	60.6		Ycar	136.2
1978	65.2	1992	1st Quarter	138.7
1979	72.6		2nd Quarter	139.8
1980	82.4		3rd Quarter	140.9
1981	90.9		4th Quarter	141.9
1982	96.5		Year	140.3
1983	99.6	1993	1st Quarter	143.1
1984	103.9		2nd Quarter	144.2
1985	107.6		3rd Quarter	144.8
1986	109.6			
1987	113.6			
1988	118.3			
1989	124.0			
1990	130.7			

7. Degree-Days: Degree-days are relative measurements of outdoor air temperature. Cooling degree-days are defined as deviations of the mean daily temperature at a sampling station above a base temperature equal to 65° F by convention. Heating degree-days are deviations of the mean daily temperature below 65° F. For example, if a weather station recorded a mean daily temperature of 78° F, cooling degree-days for that station would be 13 (and heating degree-days, 0). A weather station recording a mean daily temperature of 40° F would report 25 heating degree-days (and 0 cooling degree-days).

There are several degree-day databases maintained by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. The information published in the *Monthly Energy Review (MER)* is developed by the National Weather Service Climate Analysis Center, Camp Springs, MD. The data are available weekly with monthly summaries and are based on mean daily temperatures recorded at about 200 major weather stations around the country. The temperature information recorded at those weather stations is used to calculate statewide degree-day averages based on population. The State figures are then aggregated into Census Divisions and into the national average. The population weights currently used represent resident State population data estimated for 1990 by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. The data shown in the *MER* are available sooner than the Historical Climatology Series 5-1 and 5-2 developed by the National Climatic Center, Asheville, NC, which compiles data from some 8,000 weather stations.

Sources for Table 1.6

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Foreign Trade Division:

• Petroleum Exports—1974-1987: "U.S. Exports," FT410, December issues. 1988: "Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1988 Final Revisions." 1989: "Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1989 Revisions." 1990: "U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1990 Final Report." 1991: "U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1991 Final Report." May 13, 1992. 1992: "U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1992 Final Report," May 12, 1993. 1993: "U.S. Merchandise Trade," FT900, monthly.

• Petroleum Imports—1974-1987: "U.S. Merchandise Trade," FT900, December issues, 1975-1988. 1988: "Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1988 Final Revisions." 1989: "Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1989 Revisions." 1990: "U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1990 Final Report." 1991: "U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1991 Final Report," May 13, 1992, and "U.S. Merchandise Trade, October 1992," December 17, 1992, page 3. 1992: "U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1992 Final Report," May 12, 1993. 1993: "U.S. Merchandise Trade," FT900, monthly.

• Energy Exports and Imports—1974-1987: U.S. merchandise trade press releases and database printouts for adjustments. 1988: January-July, monthly FT900 supplement, 1989 issues. August-December, monthly FT900, 1989 issues. 1989: Monthly FT900, 1990 issues. 1990: "U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1990 Final Report." 1991: "U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1991 Final Report." May 13, 1992, and "U.S. Merchandise Trade, 0ctober 1992," December 17, 1992, page 3. 1992: "U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1992 Final Report," May 12, 1993. 1993: "U.S. Merchandise Trade," FT900, monthly.

• Total Merchandise—1974-1987: U.S. merchandise trade press releases and database printouts for adjustments. 1988: "Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1988 Final Revisions," August 18, 1989. 1989: "Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1989 Revisions," July 10, 1990. 1990: "U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1990 Final Report," May 10, 1991, and "U.S. Merchandise Trade, December 1992," February 18, 1993, page 3. 1991-1992: "U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1992 Final Report," May 12, 1993. 1993: "U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1990, monthly.

• Petroleum Balance, Energy Balance, and Non-Energy Balance—Calculated by the Energy Information Administration.

· · ·

Section 2. Energy Consumption

U.S. total energy consumption in October 1993 was 6.7 quadrillion Btu. Petroleum products accounted for 43 percent¹ of the energy consumed in October 1993, while coal accounted for 24 percent and natural gas accounted for 23 percent.

Residential and commercial sector consumption was 2.1 quadrillion Btu in October 1993, up 2 percent from the October 1992 level. The sector accounted for 32 percent of October 1993 total consumption, about the same share as in October 1992.

Industrial sector consumption was 2.6 quadrillion Btu in October 1993, up 1 percent from the October 1992 level. The industrial sector accounted for 40 percent of October 1993 total consumption, up 1 percentage point from its 39-percent share in October 1992. Transportation sector consumption of energy was 1.9 quadrillion Btu in October 1993, down 1 percent from the October 1992 level. The sector accounted for 28 percent of October 1993 total consumption, down 1 percentage point from its 29-percent share in October 1992.

Electric utility consumption of energy totaled 2.4 quadrillion Btu in October 1993, up 1 percent from the October 1992 level. Coal contributed 57 percent of the energy consumed by electric utilities in October 1993, while nuclear electric power contributed 20 percent; natural gas 10 percent; hydroelectric power 9 percent; petroleum 3 percent; and geothermal, wood, waste, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy, about 1 percent.

Table 2.1 Energy Consumption Summary for October 1993 (Quadrillion Btu)

		End-Us	e Sectors			
Energy Source	Residential and Commercial	Industrial	Transportation	Totaja	Electric Utilities	Total
Coal	0.010	0.217	(*)	0.226	1.349	1.576
Natural Gas ^c	.437	.779	.045	1.262	.238	1.501
Petroleum	.176	.774	1.842	2.792	.080	2.871
Nuclear Electric Power	-	_		-	.477	.477
Hydroelectric Power ^d	-	.002	-	.002	.208	.211
Geothermal	-	-	-	-	.013	.013
Net Imports of Coal Coke	-	.001	-	.001	-	.001
Other ^e		-	-	-	.002	.002
Primary Consumption	.623	1.774	1.887	4.284	2.368	6.652
Electricity	.494	.284	.001	.780	-	-
Net Consumption	1.118	2.058	1.888	5.064	-	-
Electrical System Energy Losses	1.006	.579	.002	1.588	-	-
Total Consumption ¹	2.124	2.637	1.891	6.652	-	-

^a Totals for coal and natural gas may not equal sum of sectors due to the use of sector-specific conversion factors.

^b Small amounts of coal consumed for transportation are reported as industrial sector consumption.

^c Includes supplemental gaseous fuels. Transportation sector is pipeline fuel only.

^d Includes net imports of electricity.

^e "Other" is electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.

¹ Due to a lack of consistent historical data, some renewable energy

sources are not included. For example, in 1991, 3.3 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy consumed by U.S. electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution is included, but an estimated 3.4 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy used by other sectors is not included.

- =Not applicable. (s)=Less than +0.5 trillion Btu and greater than -0.5 trillion Btu.

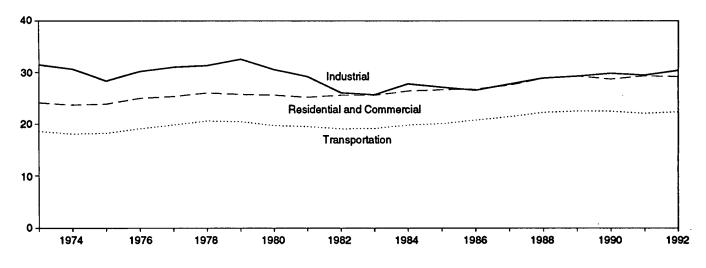
Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Additional Notes and Sources: See Tables 2.2-2.6 and end of section.

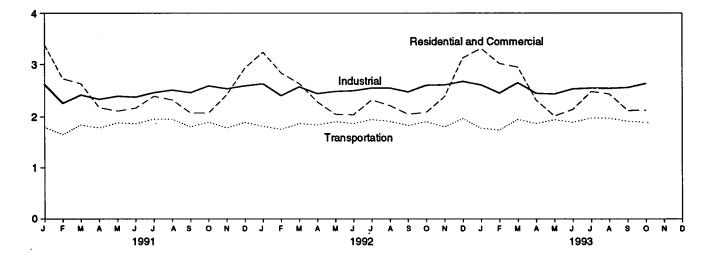
¹Percentage changes are based on numbers in the following tables.

Figure 2.1 Energy Consumption by End-Use Sector (Quadrillion Btu)

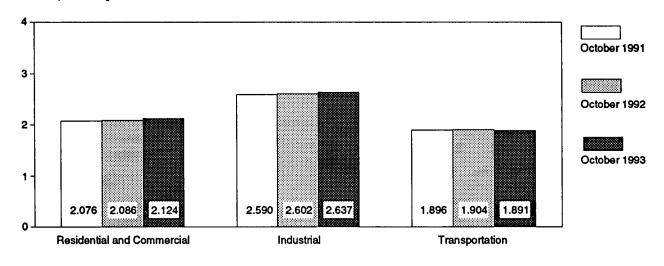
Consumption by End-Use Sector, 1973-1992



Consumption by End-Use Sector, Monthly



Consumption by End-Use Sector, October



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 2.2.

Table 2.2 Energy Consumption by End-Use Sector

(Quadrillion Btu)

	Residential and Commercial		Industrial		Transportation			
	Net	Total	Net	Total	Net	Total	Not	Total ^a
73 Total	15.766	24.143	25.917	31.528	18.584	18.605	60.274	74.282
	15.246	23.724	24.994	30.696	18.095	18.117	58.341	72.543
74 Total	15.200	23.900	22.737	28.401	18.219	18.244	56.157	70.546
75 Total	15.997	25.020	24.038	30.234	19.076	19.101	59.119	74.362
76 Total				31.075	19.794	19.819	60.223	76.288
77 Total	15.828	25.387	24.593		20.589	20.611	61.251	78.089
78 Total	16.023	26.088	24.637	31.388	20.447	20.472	61.836	78.898
79 Total	15.709	25.809	25.679	32.615	19.669	19.695	58.597	75.955
30 Total	15.075	25.653	23.854	30.609	19.480	19.507	56.556	73.990
B1 Total	14.541	25.243	22.533	29.238	19.043	19.069	53.697	70.848
32 Total	14.629	25.630	20.020	26.144		19.135	52.907	70.524
83 Total	14.395	25.630	19.401	25.756	19.109	19.801	55.923	74.144
84 Total	14.964	26.478	21.184	27.862	19.773		55.391	73.981
85 Total	14.839	26.704	20.520	27.213	20.036	20.067		74.297
86 Total	14.791	26.852	20.101	26.629	20.781	20.812	55.676	76.894
87 Total	15.146	27.621	21.116	27.828	21.419	21.448	57.678	
88 Total	16.004	28.922	22.085	28.988	22.274	22.305	60.366	80.218
89 Total	16.261	29.402	22.272	29.355	22.530	22.561	61.070	81.325
90 Total	15.568	28.790	22.841	29.932	22.504	22.535	60.921	81.265
91 January	2.141	3.376	2.048	2.620	1.795	1.798	5.984	7.795
February	1.754	2.729	1.765	2.261	1.653	1.655	5.170	6.643
March	1.585	2.632	1.856	2.420	1.842	1.844	5.280	6.893
April	1.234	2.179	1.788	2.339	1.784	1.786	4.805	6.302
May	1.024	2.111	1.757	2.397	1.882	1.885	4,663	6.394
June	.972	2.171	1.764	2.381	1.863	1.866	4.603	6.421
July	1.029	2.396	1.822	2.463	1.952	1.955	4.808	6.818
August	1.002	2.327	1.869	2.511	1.953	1.956	4.828	6.798
September	.982	2.078	1.906	2.461	1.802	1.804	4.690	6.344
October	1.063	2.076	2.001	2.590	1.893	1.896	4.956	6.561
November	1.406	2.421	1.960	2.536	1.783	1.785	5.146	6.740
December	1.793	2.928	2.014	2.591	1.888	1.891	5.694	7.408
Total	15.986	29.424	22.549	29.571	22.090	22.120	60.626	81.116
92 January	2.040	^R 3.236	2.060	^R 2.630	1.815	1.817	^R 5.913	^R 7.682
February	1.828	^R 2.837	1.889	^R 2.405	1.750	1.753	5.465	^R 6.993
March	1.610	^R 2.635	1,997	^R 2.572	1.865	1.868	5.470	P 7.073
April	1.343	2.286	^R 1.895	R2.443	1.838	1.840	5.075	^R 6.568
May	1.060	^R 2.048	R 1.887	2.485	1.903	1.906	4.850	^R 6.438
June	.943	P 2.039	1.864	2.497	1.866	1.869	4.675	R 6.40
July	1.018	R 2.324	1.894	2.549	1.946	1.948	^R 4.862	^R 6.82(
August	.987	2.216	^R 1.922	2.548	1.907	1.910	^R 4.819	R 6.67
September	.961	R 2.050	R 1.895	R2.476	1.828	1.830	4.687	R 6.35
October	1.096	^R 2.086	2.023	R 2.602	1.902	1.904	^R 5.021	^R 6.59
November	1.372	^R 2.388	2.023	R 2.609	1.802	1.804	5,187	^R 6.80
December	1.919	^R 3.126	2.085	2.677	1.963	1.965	^R 5.967	^R 7.76
Total	^A 16.177	R 29.269	R 23.425	R 30.495	22.384	22.414	R 61.992	R 82.18
03 January	2.099	^R 3.309	^R 2.037	^A 2.608	1.776	1.778	^R 5.912	R 7.69
93 January	1.966	^R 3.016	^R 1.920	R 2.453	^R 1.739	^R 1.742	^R 5.625	R7.21
February		^R 2.949	2.082	^R 2.652	^R 1.948	^R 1.951	^R 5.883	P 7.55
March		^R 2.319	1.900	2.448	1.865	1.868	^R 5.144	^R 6.63
April		^R 2.016	1.821	R 2.436	1.941	1.944	4.783	R 6.39
May		^R 2.143	^R 1.886	2.533	1.891	1.894	^R 4.759	6.57
June			^R 1.893	^{2.535} ^R 2.547	1.973	1.976	R 4.940	P 7.01
July		2.482 ^R 2.437	^R 1.893	^R 2.547	1.973	1.972	R 4.919	6.95
August		- 2.437 Bo 404				1.913	R 4.945	6.59
September		^R 2.121	^R 2.011	^H 2.557	1.910 1.888	1.891	5.064	6.65
October 10-Month Total		2.124 24.917	2.058 19.506	2.637 25.415	18.901	18.927	51.975	69.27
						18 646	50.837	67.61
92 10-Month Total 91 10-Month Total	12.885 12.787	23.757 24.076	19.326 18.576	25.207 24.444	18.620 18.419	18.645 18.444	49.786	66.96

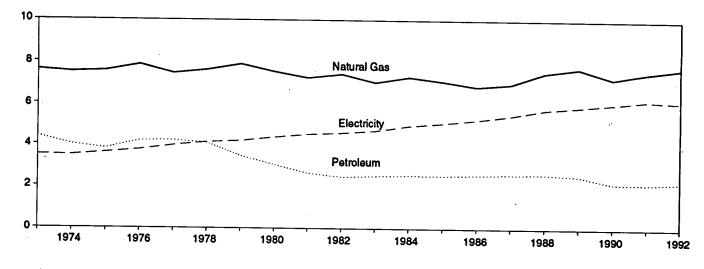
^a Due to a lack of consistent historical data, some renewable energy sources are not included. For example, in 1991, 3.3 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy consumed by U.S. electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution is included, but an estimated 3.4 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy used by other sectors is not included.

R=Revised data.

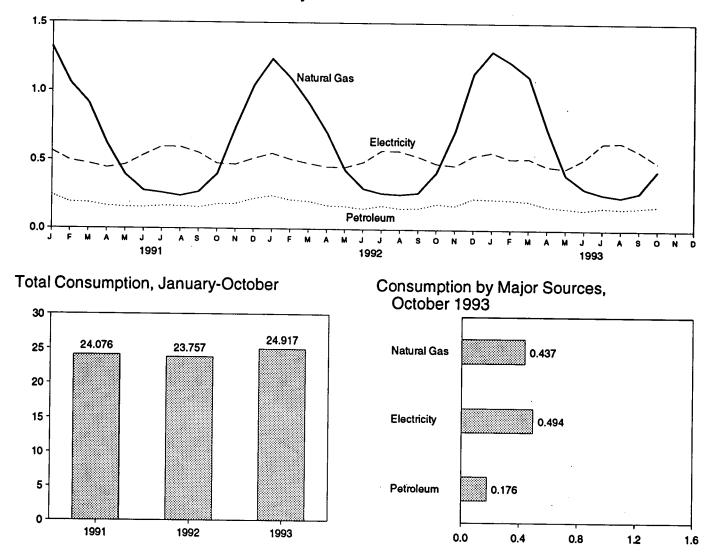
Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding and the use of sector-specific conversion factors for natural gas and coal. Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

Figure 2.2 Residential and Commercial Energy Consumption (Quadrillion Btu)

Consumption by Major Sources, 1973-1992



Consumption by Major Sources, Monthly



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 2.3.

Table 2.3 Residential and Commercial Energy Consumption

(Quadrillion Btu)

	Coal	Natural Gas ^a	Petroleum	Primary Consumption	Electricity	Net Consumption	Electrical System Energy Losses	Total Consumption ^b
1973 Total	0.254	7.626	4.391	12.270	3.495	15.766	8.377	24.143
1973 Total	.257	7.518	3.996	11.771	3.475	15.246	8.478	23.724
1975 Total	.209	7.581	3.805	11.595	3.604	15.200	8.700	23.900
1976 Total	.203	7.866	4.181	12.250	3.747	15.997	9.023	25.020
1977 Total	.205	7.461	4.206	11.873	3.955	15.828	9.559	25.387
1978 Total	.214	7.624	4.070	11.908	4.116	16.023	10.065	26.088
1979 Total	.187	7.891	3.448	11.525	4.184	15.709	10.101	25.809
1980 Total	.145	7.540	3.035	10.721	4.355	15.075	10.578	25.653
1981 Total	.167	7.243	2.634	10.043	4.497	14.541	10.703	25.243
1982 Total	.187	7.427	2.449	10.063	4.566	14.629	11.001	25.630
1983 Total	.192	7.024	2.498	9.715	4.680	14.395	11.235	25.630
1984 Total	.209	7.292	2.535	10.036	4.928	14.964	11.514	26.478
1985 Total	.176	7.079	2.522	9.777	5.061	14.839	11.866	26.704
1986 Total	.176	6.825	2.555	9.556	5.235	14.791	12.061	26.852
1987 Total	.162	6.954	2.587	9.703	5.443	15.146	12.475	27.621
1988 Total	.168	7.513	2.600	10.280	5.724	16.004	12.918	28.922
1989 Total	.146	7.731	2.525	10.402	5.859	16.261	13.141	29.402
1990 Total	.156	7.225	2.173	9.553	6.015	15.568	13.221	28.790
1001 January	.020	1.317	.242	1.579	.562	2.141	1.236	3.376
1991 January February	.014	1.055	.190	1.259	.495	1.754	.975	2.729
March	.012	.911	.187	1.111	.474	1.585	1.047	2.632
April	.009	.617	.164	.790	.444	1.234	.945	2.17 9
May	.008	.394	.156	.558	.466	1.024	1.088	2.111
June	.007	.275	.155	.437	.535	.972	1.199	2.171
July	.010	.259	.164	.433	.596	1.029	1.367	2.396
August	.009	.238	.163	.410	.593	1.002	1.325	2.327
September	.007	.267	.155	.429	.553	.982	1.096	2.078
October	.008	.400	.178	.586	.477	1.063	1.013	2.076
November	.016	.737	.182	.934	.471	1.406	1.015	2.421
December	.020	1.040	.219	1.279	.514	1.793	1.134	2.928
Total	.141	7.510	2.154	9.806	6.180	15.986	13.438	29.424
1992 January	.017	1.233	.240	1.490	.550	2.040	^R 1.196	^A 3.236
February	^R .013	1.095	.211	1.319	.509	1.828	^R 1.009	R 2.837
March	.012	.916	.202	1.131	.479	1.610	1.026	^R 2.635
April	.012	.703	.172	.887	.456	1.343	.943	2.286
May	.007	.434	.165	.607	.453	1.060	^R .988	R 2.048
June	.007	.296	.150	.453	.490	.943	^R 1.096	R 2.039
July	.011	.262	.172	.445	.573	1.018	^R 1.306	P 2.324
August	.009	.254	.153	.417	.570	.987	^R 1.229	2.216 B 2 050
September	009	.266	.155	.429	.532	.961	^R 1.089	^R 2.050
October	^R .008	.419	.186	.614	.482	1.096	^R .990	^R 2.086 ^R 2.388
November	.015	.714	.175	.904	.468	1.372	^R 1.016 ^R 1.207	^R 3.126
December	.021	1.132	.227	1.380	.539	1.919 Ban and	R 13.092	R 29.269
Total	R.142	7.726	2.210	10.078	6.099	^R 16.177		
1993 January	.017	1.294	.223	1.534	.564	2.099	^R 1.210	^R 3.309
February	.017	1.215	.218	1.449	.517	1.966	^H 1.050	^R 3.016
March	.013	1.110	.208	1.332	.521	1.853	^R 1.096	R 2.949
April	.017	.729	.170	.916	.465	1.381	^R .938	R2.319
May	.009	.402	.159	.570	.452	1.022	.994	^R 2.016
June	011	.300	.147	.458	.520	.979	^R 1.164	^R 2.143
July	^R .011	.261	.165	.436	.631	_ 1.067	^R 1.415	2.482
August	P .009	R.242	.157	R.408	.638	^R 1.046	^R 1.391	^R 2.437
September	R.007	.273	.165	^R .445	.576	^R 1.022	^R 1.100	^R 2.121
October	.010	.437	.176	.623	.494	1.118	1.006	2.124
10-Month Total	.122	6.264	1.787	8.172	5.380	13.553	11.364	24.917
1992 10-Month Total	.106	5.879	1.808 1.754	7.793	5.093 5.195	12.885 12.787	10.872 11.28 9	23.757 24.076

^a includes supplemental gaseous fuels. ^b Due to a lack of consistent historical data, some renewable energy sources are not included. For example, in 1991, an estimated 0.7 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy consumed by the U.S. residential and commercial sectors (primarily the residential sector) is not included.

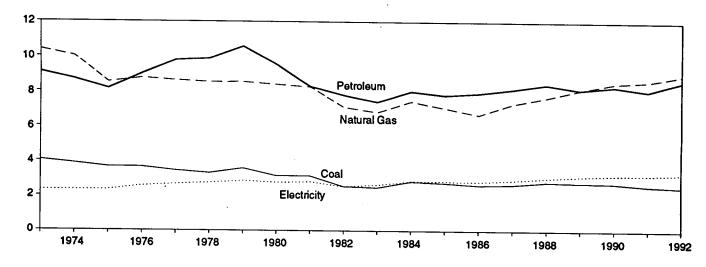
R=Revised data.

Notes:

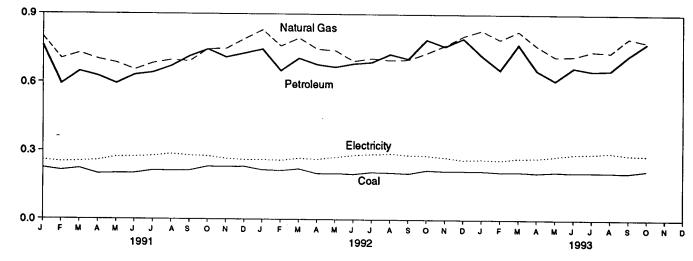
Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

Figure 2.3 Industrial Energy Consumption (Quadrillion Btu)

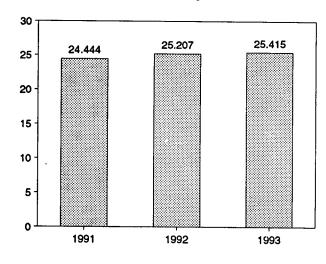
Consumption by Major Sources, 1973-1992



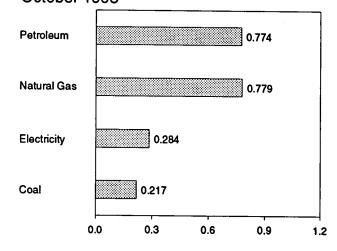
Consumption by Major Sources, Monthly



Total Consumption, January-October



Consumption by Major Sources, October 1993



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 2.4.

Table 2.4 Industrial Energy Consumption

(Quadrillion Btu)

		Coal	Natural Gas ^a	Petroleum	Hydro- electric Power	Net Imports of Coal Coke	Primary Consumption	Electricity	Net Consumption	Electrical System Energy Losses	Total Consumption ^t
		4.057	10.388	9.104	0.035	-0.007	23.576	2.341	25.917	5.611	31.528
	'otal 'otal	3.870	10.004	8.694	.033	.056	22.657	2.337	24.994	5.701	30.696
	lotal	3.667	8.532	8.146	.032	.014	20.391	2.346	22.737	5.664	28.401
	Total	3.661	8.762	9.010	.033	(8)	21.465	2.573	24.038	6.196	30.234
	fotal	3.454	8.635	9.774	.033	.015	21.911	2.682	24.593	6.481	31.075
	Total	3.314	8.539	9.867	.032	.125	21.876	2.761	24.637	6.751	31.388 32.615
1979 1	Total	3.593	8.549	10.568	.034	.063	22.807	2.873	25.679 23.854	6.935 6.755	30.609
1980	lotal	3.155	8.395	9.525	.033	035	21.073	2.781 2.817	23.654	6.705	29.238
	fotal	3.157	8.257	8.285	.033	016	19.715 17.479	2.542	20.020	6.124	26.144
	Total	2.552	7.121	7.794	.033 .033	022 016	16.753	2.648	19.401	6.356	25.756
	Total	2.490	6.826	7.420 8.014	.033	018	18.325	2.859	21.184	6.679	27.862
	lotal	2.842	7.448 7.080	7.805	.033	013	17.665	2.855	20.520	6.693	27.213
	Total	2.760 2.640	6.690	7.920	.033	017	17.267	2.834	20.101	6.529	26.629
	Total Total	2.640	7.323	8.150	.033	.009	18.188	2.928	21.116	6.711	27.828
	Total	2.828	7.696	8.430	.033	.040	19.026	3.059	22.085	6.903	28.988
	Total	2.787	8.131	8.133	.033	.030	19.113	3.158	22.272	7.084	29.355
	Total	2.756	8.502	8.319	.033	.005	19.615	3.226	22.841	7.091	29.932
1001	January	.225	.798	.761	.003	.001	1.788	.260	2.048	.572	2.620
	February	.214	.703	.592	.003	.001	1.513	.252	1.765	.496	2.261
	March	.223	.727	.646	.003	.002	1.601	.255	1.856	.564	2.420
	April	.199	.701	.626	.003	.001	1.529	.259	1.788	.550	2.339
	May	.201	.684	.594	.003	.001	1.482	.274	1.757	.640	2.397
	June	.202	.654	.631	.003	001	1.489	.275	1.764	.617	2.381 2.463
	July	.214	.683	.641	.003	.003	1.543	.279	1.822	.641	2.403
	August	.213	.697	.670	.002	002	1.581	.287	1.869 1.906	.642 .556	2.461
	September	.214	.692	.714	.002	.004	1.625	.280 .278	2.001	.589	2.590
	October	.232	.745	.744	.002	001	1.723 1.692	.278	1.960	.576	2.536
	November	.231	.747	.710	.002 .002	.001 (s)	1.752	.262	2.014	.577	2.591
	December	.232 2.601	.790 8.619	.727 8.057	.002	(S) .009	19.319	3.230	22.549	7.022	29.571
							4 700	.262	2.060	.570	^R 2,630
1992	January	.217	.830	.745	.003	.004	1.798 1.629	.262	1.889	.517	R2.405
	February	.214	.759	.650	.003	.003 .003	^R 1.728	.269	1.997	R.575	R 2.572
	March	.222	.795	.706 .678	.003 .003	.003	1.631	.265	R 1.895	.548	R2.443
	April	.201	.746	.667	.003	.000	1.614	.274	^R 1.887	^R .597	2.485
	May	.202 .199	.740 .694	.682	.003	.003	1.581	.283	1.864	.633	2.497
	June	^R .208	.694	.689	.003	.000	1.607	.287	1.894	.655	2.549
	July	R.206	.700	.725	.002	.001	^R 1.632	.290	^P 1.922	R.625	2.548
	September	R .202	.701	.705	.002	.001	^R 1.611	.284	^R 1.895	.581	R 2.476
	October	P.217	.730	.789	.002	.002	1.741	.282	2.023	R.579	R 2.602
	November	.214	.763	.759	.002	.001	^R 1.739	.274	2.014	R.595	^R 2.609
	December	.214	.805	.795	.002	.005	1.821	.264	2.085	.592	2.677 ^R 30.495
	Total	^R 2.515	8.967	8.589	.033	.027	^R 20.131	3.294	^R 23.425	^R 7.070	
1993	January	.214	.830	.720	.003		1.771	.266	R 2.037	.571 B.coo	^R 2.608 ^R 2.453
	February	^R .209	.790	.656	.003		^R 1.657	.263	^R 1.920	^R .533 ^R .570	^R 2.652
	March	.210	.826	.768	.003			.271	2.082	.548	2.448
	April	^R .206	.762	.654	.003			.272	1.900 1.821	.546	0
	May	.210	.715	.610	.003			.280 .289	^R 1.886	.647	2.533
	June	.208	^R .717	.666	.003		^R 1.597 ^R 1.602	.289	^R 1.893	.654	D
	July	R.208	.739	.652	.003		D	.291	^R 1.897	.646	0
	August	.208 1.207 ^A	^R .734 ^R .797	.654 .721	.002 .002			.286	^R 2.011	.546	n
	September	.207	.779	.721	.002			.284	2.058	.579	
	October 10-Month Total	.217 2.098	7.688	6.876	.028			2.799	19.506	5.909	
					.028	.021	16.571	2.755	19.326	5.880	25.207
4000	10-Month Total	2.088	7.400	7.035	.028	.021	10.971	2.701	18.576	5.868	

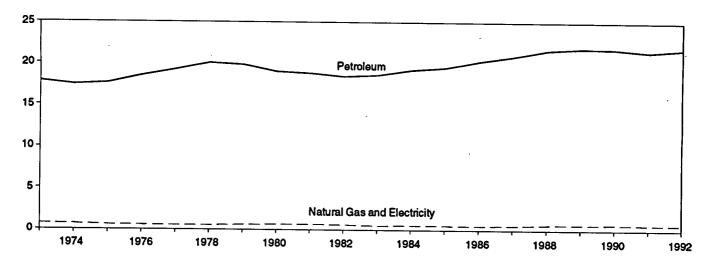
^a Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

^b Due to a lack of consistent historical data, some renewable energy sources are not included. For example, in 1991, an estimated 2.7 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy consumed by the U.S. industrial sector (primarily the pulp and paper industry) is not included. R=Revised data. (s)=Less than +0.5 trillion Btu and greater than -0.5 trillion Btu.

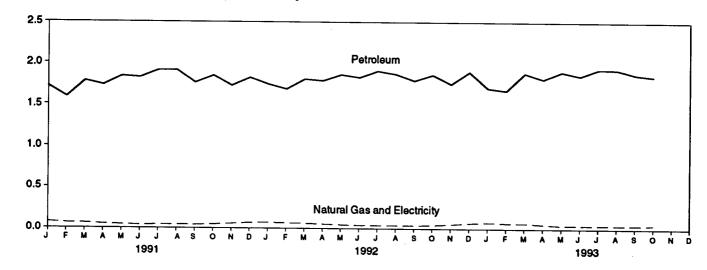
Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

Figure 2.4 Transportation Energy Consumption (Quadrillion Btu)

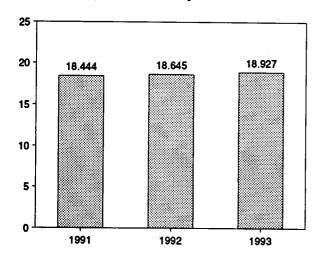
Consumption by Major Sources, 1973-1992



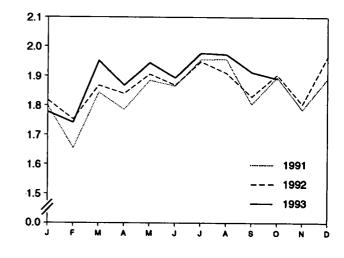
Consumption by Major Sources, Monthly



Total Consumption, January-October



Total Consumption, Monthly



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 2.5.

Table 2.5Transportation Energy Consumption
(Quadrillion Btu)

Electrical System Energy Total Net Primary Natural Consumptionb Petroleum Consumption Electricity Consumption Losses Coal Gasa 0.008 18.584 0.020 18.605 0.003 0.743 17.831 18.578 1973 Total 18.095 .022 18.117 .009 17.399 18.086 1974 Total002 .685 18.244 .025 18.219 17.614 18.209 .010 .001 .595 1975 Total 19.101 19.076 .025 18.506 19.065 .010 .559 (s) 1976 Total010 19.794 .025 19.819 (s) (°) (°) 19.784 1977 Total543 19.241 .022 20.611 20.589 .539 20.041 20.580 .009 1978 Total025 20.472 19.825 .612 20.436 .010 20.447 1979 Total 19.695 ì°ز 19.669 .026 650 19.008 19.658 .011 1980 Total (°) (°) .026 19.507 19.469 .011 19.480 1981 Total658 18.811 19.069 19.043 .026 .011 18.420 19.032 .612 1982 Total 19.109 .026 19.135 ì°ز 19.098 .011 .505 18.593 1983 Total (°) (°) 19.801 .012 19.773 .028 19.761 .545 19.216 1984 Total013 20.036 .030 20.067 20.024 .519 19.504 1985 Total (°) (°) (°) 20.812 .013 20.781 .031 .499 20.269 20.768 1986 Total029 21.448 21.419 .535 20.871 21.406 .013 1987 Total 22,305 .014 22.274 .031 21.629 22.260 1988 Total 632 $\binom{1}{(\circ)}$ 22.561 22.530 .031 22.517 .014 21.868 1989 Total649 .031 22.535 .014 22.504 22.490 1990 Total680 21.810 1.795 .003 1.798 (°) 1.794 .001 .076 1.718 1991 January (°) (°) (°) .002 1.655 .001 1.653 1.588 1.652 .063 February 1.844 1.842 .002 1.780 1.840 .001 .060 March 1.786 .002 1.783 .001 1.784 .050 1.732 April .003 1.885 (°) (°) (°) .001 1.882 1.838 1.881 .043 May 1.863 003 1.866 1.862 .001 .038 1.823 June 1.955 1.951 .001 1.952 .003 1.910 .041 July 1.956 .003 .001 1.953 .041 1.911 1.952 August 1.804 1.802 .002 .001 .040 1.761 1.800 September002 1.896 1.893 1.892 .001 .046 1.846 October002 1 785 1.783 1.782 .001 .055 1.726 November002 1.891 .001 1.888 .066 1.821 1.887 December 22.120 ł۹ .014 22.090 .030 .620 21.456 22.076 Total 1.815 1.817 (°) .002 1.813 .001 .070 1.743 1992 January 1.753 (°) (°) .002 .001 1.750 1.685 1.749 February 064 .002 1.868 .001 1.865 1.864 1.804 March060 (°) 1.840 .002 .001 1.838 April052 1.785 1.837 1.906 1.903 .003 1.859 1.902 .001 .044 May 1.869 (°) (°) (°) 1.865 .001 1 866 003 .039 1.826 June003 1.948 .001 1.946 1.904 1.944 .040 July 1.910 1.907 .003 .001 1 906 August039 1.867 .003 1.830 (°) 1.828 .038 1.788 1.826 .001 September002 1.904 1.901 .001 1.902 1.859 042 October 20 1.802 .002 1.804 1.749 1.801 .001 .052 November (°) (°) 1.963 .003 1.965 .001 1.962 December066 1.895 22.384 .030 22.414 .606 21.765 22.371 .014 Total 1.778 (°) 1.776 .003 .001 1.700 1.775 .075 1993 January ^R 1.742 (\circ) R .067 ^R 1.738 R 1.739 .002 .001 1.671 February R 1.951 R 1.948 ^R 1.947 .002 R .066 ì۰ .001 1.881 March 1.865 .002 1.868 ¢٥ .054 1.810 1.864 .001 Aprii 1.944 ìc 1.940 .001 1.941 .002 .042 1.898 May 1.894 ì۰ 1.891 .003 1.890 .001 1.850 .040 June \sim .003 1.976 1.973 .001 .042 1.930 1.972 July003 1.972)° (° 1.969 .042 1.926 1.968 .001 August 1.913 .002 1.867 1.909 .001 1.910 041 September ì٩ 1.887 .001 1.888 .002 1.891 1.842 .045 October 18.901 .025 18.927 ì۹ .012 18.889 18.375 10-Month Total514 .025 18.645 18.608 .012 18.620 (°) .488 18.121 1992 10-Month Total 18.444 (°) 17.908 18.407 .012 18.419 .025 .499 1991 10-Month Total

^a Pipeline fuel only, including supplemental gaseous fuels.

^b Due to a lack of consistent historical data, some renewable energy sources are not included. For example, in 1991, an estimated 0.1 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy consumed by the U.S. transportation sector is not included. reported as industrial sector consumption.

R=Revised data. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

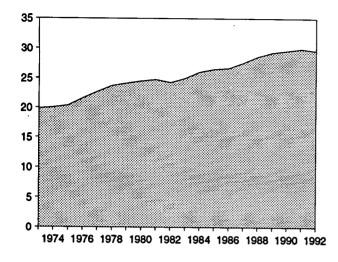
Notes: . Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

 Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

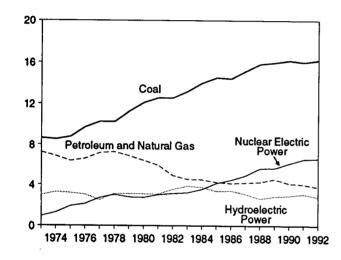
^c Since 1978, the small amounts of coal consumed for transportation are

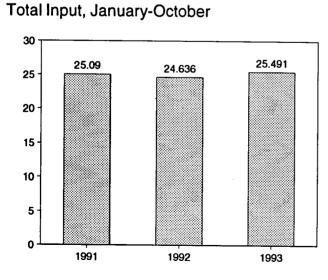
Figure 2.5 **Energy Input at Electric Utilities** (Quadrillion Btu)

Total Input, 1973-1992

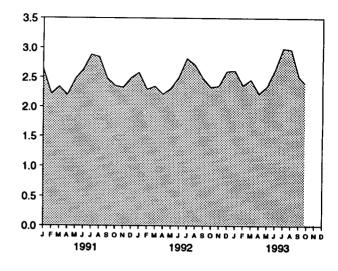


Input by Major Sources, 1973-1992

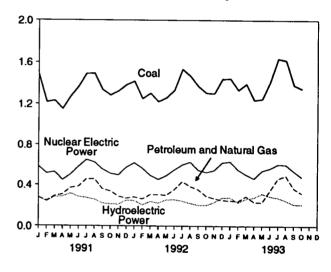


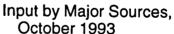


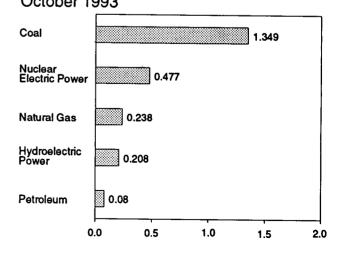
Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 2.6.



Input by Major Sources, Monthly







Total Input, Monthly

Table 2.6 Energy Input at Electric Utilities

(Quadrillion Btu)

973 Total 8.658 974 Total 8.534 975 Total 9.786 976 Total 9.720 977 Total 10.262 977 Total 10.262 977 Total 10.262 978 Total 10.262 977 Total 10.262 980 Total 12.123 981 Total 12.582 982 Total 12.582 983 Total 13.213 984 Total 14.542 986 Total 14.542 986 Total 14.542 986 Total 15.850 989 Total 15.850 989 Total 15.850 989 Total 15.850 989 Total 15.988 990 Total 15.173 981 January 1.482 February 1.217 March 1.230 April 1.151 May 1.271 June 1.366 July 1.442 November 1.324 November 1.324 Novembe	Gas ^a	Petroleum ^b	Electric Power	electric Power ^c	Geothermal Energy	Other ^d	Total
974 Total 8.534 975 Total 8.786 975 Total 9.720 977 Total 10.262 978 Total 10.238 979 Total 12.123 981 Total 12.263 982 Total 13.213 983 Total 13.213 984 Total 14.542 986 Total 14.542 986 Total 15.850 989 Total 15.850 989 Total 15.850 989 Total 15.850 989 Total 15.988 990 Total 15.988 990 Total 15.989 990 Total 15.989 990 Total 14.444 981 Total 15.988 990 Total 15.988 990 Total 15.989 1991 January 1.482 February 1.271 June 1.3366 July 1.491 August 1.492 September 1.324 December 1.324 December 1.333	0.740	3.515	0.910	2.975	0.043	0.003	19.852
875 Total 8.786 876 Total 9.720 877 Total 10.262 878 Total 12.123 880 Total 12.123 881 Total 12.583 882 Total 12.583 883 Total 14.542 984 Total 14.020 985 Total 14.542 986 Total 14.542 986 Total 15.973 989 Total 15.989 990 Total 16.189 990 Total 16.189 990 Total 1.598 990 Total 1.511 March 1.230 April 1.151 May 1.271 June 1.366 July 1.491 August 1.492 September 1.337 October 1.284 November 1.324 December 1.325 March	3.748 3.519	3.365	1.272	3.276	.053	.003	20.022
76 Total 9.720 77 Total 10.262 778 Total 10.238 779 Total 11.260 980 Total 12.123 981 Total 12.583 982 Total 12.583 983 Total 13.213 984 Total 14.020 985 Total 14.542 986 Total 15.173 988 Total 15.173 988 Total 15.850 989 Total 15.988 990 Total 16.189 991 January 1.482 February 1.217 March 1.230 April 1.151 May 1.271 June 1.366 July 1.491 August 1.492 September 1.337 October 1.324 December 1.384 Total 16.028 992 January R 1.261 March R 1.303 April R 1.261 March R 1.333 July R		3,166	1.900	3.187	.070	.002	20.350
77 Total 10.262 78 Total 10.238 79 Total 11.260 180 Total 12.123 181 Total 12.582 182 Total 12.582 183 Total 12.582 184 Total 12.582 183 Total 13.213 184 Total 14.542 185 Total 14.542 186 Total 14.444 187 Total 15.173 188 Total 15.850 189 Total 15.988 189 Total 16.189 199 January 1.482 February 1.217 March 1.230 April 1.151 May 1.271 June 1.337 October 1.337 October 1.334 Total 16.028 692 January R 1.419 February R 1.222 May	3.240	3.477	2.111	3.032	.078	.003	21.574
78 Total 10.238 79 Total 11.260 80 Total 12.123 81 Total 12.583 82 Total 12.583 83 Total 12.582 83 Total 12.582 84 Total 13.213 84 Total 14.542 85 Total 14.542 86 Total 14.444 86 Total 15.173 88 Total 15.173 88 Total 15.988 990 Total 15.173 980 Total 15.988 990 Total 16.189 990 Total 1.511 March 1.230 April 1.151 May 1.271 June 1.366 July 1.491 August 1.492 September 1.337 October 1.284 December 1.334 Total 16.028 992 January R 1.419 February R 1.260 June R 1.261 June R 1.260<	3.152	3.901	2.702	2.482	.077	.005	22.713
79 Total 11.260 80 Total 12.123 81 Total 12.583 82 Total 12.582 83 Total 13.213 84 Total 14.542 86 Total 15.173 88 Total 15.850 89 Total 15.989 90 Total 16.189 90 Total 16.189 90 Total 1.511 May 1.271 June 1.366 July 1.491 August 1.492 September 1.337 October 1.284 November 1.324 December 1.384 Total 16.028 892 January R 1.419 February R 1.260 June R 1.303 July R 1.303 July R 1.303 July R 1.302 December R 1.303 <td>3.284</td> <td>3.987</td> <td>3.024</td> <td>3.110</td> <td>.064</td> <td>.003</td> <td>23.724</td>	3.284	3.987	3.024	3.110	.064	.003	23.724
80 Total 12.123 81 Total 12.583 82 Total 12.583 83 Total 13.213 84 Total 14.542 86 Total 14.542 86 Total 14.542 86 Total 14.542 86 Total 14.444 87 Total 15.173 88 Total 15.989 90 Total 16.189 90 Total 1.271 June 1.366 July 1.491 August 1.492 September 1.337 October 1.284 November 1.324 December 1.384 Total 16.028 092 January R 81.419 R February R 81.222 May May R 90 June R	3.297		2.776	3.107	.084	.005	24.128
81 Total 12.583 82 Total 13.213 84 Total 13.213 84 Total 14.020 85 Total 14.542 86 Total 14.542 86 Total 14.542 86 Total 14.444 87 Total 15.173 88 Total 15.173 88 Total 15.898 90 Total 16.189 91 January 1.482 February 1.217 March 1.230 April 1.151 May 1.271 June 1.366 July 1.491 August 1.492 September 1.337 October 1.284 November 1.324 December 1.384 Total 6.028 992 January R 81.202 May 982 January R 81.202 May 992 January R 993 January R 993 January R 1	3.613	3.283 2.634	2.739	3.085	.110	.005	24.505
82 Total 12.582 83 Total 13.213 84 Total 14.020 85 Total 14.542 86 Total 14.444 87 Total 15.173 88 Total 15.173 88 Total 15.173 88 Total 15.850 89 Total 15.988 90 Total 16.189 91 January 1.482 February 1.217 March 1.230 April 1.151 May 1.271 June 1.366 July 1.491 August 1.492 September 1.337 October 1.324 December 1.324 December 1.324 December 1.333 April R 1.260 March R 1.303 April R 1.260 June R 1.260 June R 1.260 June R 1.260 July R 1.418 September R 1.333	3.810		3.008	3.072	.123	.004	24.760
83 Total 13.213 84 Total 14.020 85 Total 14.542 86 Total 14.542 86 Total 14.444 87 Total 15.173 88 Total 15.173 88 Total 15.173 88 Total 15.988 90 Total 16.189 91 January 1.482 February 1.217 March 1.230 April 1.151 May 1.271 June 1.366 July 1.492 September 1.337 October 1.224 December 1.334 Total 16.028 992 January R 1.419 February R 1.260 June R 1.261 June R 1.260 June R 1.261 June R 1.261 November R 1.303 April R 1.468 September R 1.302 December R 1.302 December R 1.302 <td>3.768</td> <td>2.202</td> <td>3.131</td> <td>3.539</td> <td>.105</td> <td>.003</td> <td>24.270</td>	3.768	2.202	3.131	3.539	.105	.003	24.270
84 Total 14.020 85 Total 14.542 86 Total 14.542 86 Total 15.850 89 Total 15.850 89 Total 15.988 90 Total 16.199 91 January 1.482 February 1.217 March 1.230 April 1.151 May 1.271 June 1.366 July 1.492 September 1.337 October 1.284 November 1.324 December 1.384 Total 16.028 992 January R 1.419 February R 1.251 March R 1.303 July R 1.260 June R 1.333 July R 1.260 June R 1.303 July R 1.300 November R 1.302 December R 1.302 December R 1.302 December R 1.302 December R 1.303	3.342	1.568	3.203	3.866	.129	.004	24.956
85 Total 14.542 86 Total 14.444 87 Total 15.173 88 Total 15.850 89 Total 15.988 90 Total 15.989 90 Total 16.189 91 January 1.482 February 1.217 March 1.230 April 1.151 May 1.491 August 1.492 September 1.337 October 1.284 November 1.324 December 1.384 Total 16.028 992 January R 1.419 February R 1.221 March R 1.303 April R 1.2251 March R 1.303 June R 1.226 May R 1.260 June R 1.323 July R 1.368 September R 1.371 October R 1.302 December R 1.371 October R 1.320 December R 1.321 <td>2.998</td> <td>1.544</td> <td>3.553</td> <td>3.767</td> <td>.165</td> <td>.009</td> <td>26.020</td>	2.998	1.544	3.553	3.767	.165	.009	26.020
88 Total 14.444 87 Total 15.173 88 Total 15.850 89 Total 15.850 89 Total 15.988 90 Total 16.189 91 January 1.482 February 1.217 March 1.230 April 1.151 May 1.271 June 1.366 July 1.491 August 1.492 September 1.337 October 1.384 Total 16.028 992 January R R 1.419 R February R R 1.221 May March R March R 992 January R R 1.222 May April R March R 910 June R 9110 Cotober R 91110 Cotober R 91110 Sanuary R 91110 Sanuary R 91110 Sanuary <td< td=""><td>3.220</td><td>1.286</td><td>4.149</td><td>3.365</td><td>.198</td><td>.015</td><td>26.519</td></td<>	3.220	1.286	4.149	3.365	.198	.015	26.519
87 Total 15.173 88 Total 15.850 89 Total 15.988 90 Total 16.189 91 January 1.482 February 1.217 March 1.230 April 1.151 May 1.271 June 1.366 July 1.491 August 1.492 September 1.337 October 1.284 November 1.324 December 1.384 Total 16.028 992 January R R 1.419 February R March R March R March R May R July R March R May R July R May R July R March R September R September R November	3.160	1.090	4.471	3.413	.219	.012	26.703
88 Total 15.850 89 Total 15.988 90 Total 16.189 91 January 1.482 February 1.217 March 1.230 April 1.151 May 1.271 June 1.366 July 1.491 August 1.492 September 1.337 October 1.284 December 1.334 Total 16.028 92 January R 1.419 February R 1.251 March R 1.303 April R 1.222 May R 1.221 March R 1.303 July R 1.468 September R 1.333 July R 1.468 September R 1.302 December R 1.303 April R 1.422 May R 1.423 May R 1.2261 November R 1.303 December R 1.302 December R 1.302	2.691	1.452		3.084	.229	.016	27.600
89 Total 15.988 90 Total 16.189 91 January 1.482 February 1.217 March 1.230 April 1.151 May 1.271 June 1.366 July 1.492 September 1.337 October 1.284 November 1.324 December 1.384 Total 16.028 992 January R 1.419 February R 1.222 May R 1.260 June R 1.303 July R 1.303 July R 1.360 November R 1.302 December R 1.	2.935	1.257	4.906 5.661	2.630	.217	.017	28.648
90 Total 16.189 91 January 1.482 February 1.217 March 1.230 April 1.151 May 1.271 June 1.366 July 1.491 August 1.492 September 1.337 October 1.284 November 1.324 December 1.384 Total 16.028 992 January R R 1.419 February R March R May R June R June R May R R 1.303 July R May R May R June R R 1.302 December R September R November R R 1.302 December R R 1.324	2.709	1.563	5.661	2.848	.197	.020	29.286
91 January 1.482 February 1.217 March 1.230 April 1.151 May 1.271 June 1.366 July 1.491 August 1.492 September 1.337 October 1.284 November 1.324 December 1.384 Total 16.028 992 January R Pebruary R R 1.251 March R May R July R July R July R H 3.03 April R May R May R July R July R September R R 1.302 December R R 1.302 December R R 1.321 903 January R	2.871	1.685	5.677	2.914	.181	.021	29.599
February 1.217 March 1.230 April 1.151 May 1.271 June 1.366 July 1.491 August 1.492 September 1.337 October 1.284 November 1.324 December 1.334 Total 16.028 992 January R 1.419 February R 1.251 March R 1.303 April R 1.222 May R 1.260 June R 1.260 June R 1.303 July R 1.534 August R 1.454 August R 1.306 November R 1.302 December R 1.303	2.882	1.250	6.161	2.914			
February 1.217 March 1.230 April 1.151 May 1.271 June 1.366 July 1.491 August 1.492 September 1.337 October 1.284 November 1.324 December 1.384 Total 16.028 92 January R 1.419 February R 1.251 March R 1.303 April R 1.260 June R 1.260 June R 1.419 September R 1.303 April R 1.222 May R 1.260 June R 1.418 September R 1.333 July R 1.534 August R 1.468 September R 1.302 December R 1.302 December R 1.302 December R 1.302 December R 1.421 February R 1.425 September R 1.326 <	.177	.099	.584	.275	.015	.002	2.634
March 1.230 April 1.151 May 1.271 June 1.366 July 1.491 August 1.491 August 1.492 September 1.337 October 1.284 November 1.324 December 81.251 March R 1.222 May R 1.260 June R 1.333 July R 1.534 August R 1.456 September R 1.306 November R 1.306 November R 1.302 December R 1.302 December R 1.422 Total R 1.6211 903 January R 1.445 February R 1.335 March R 1.394 April R 1.249	.150	.092	.514	.234	.013	.002	2.221
April 1.151 May 1.271 June 1.366 July 1.491 August 1.492 September 1.337 October 1.284 November 1.324 December 1.384 Total 16.028 992 January R 1.419 February R 1.251 March R 1.303 April R 1.260 June R 1.333 July R 1.534 August R 1.460 June R 1.302 December R	.198	.092	.528	.280	.015	.002	2.344
May 1.271 June 1.366 July 1.491 August 1.492 September 1.337 October 1.284 November 1.324 December 1.384 Total 16.028 92 January R 1.419 February R 1.222 May R 1.221 March R 1.303 July R 1.222 May R 1.222 May R 1.260 June R 1.333 July R 1.534 August R 1.468 September R 1.371 October R 1.302 December R 1.321 903 January R 1.423 May R 1.238 May R 1.238 May R 1.249	.221	.084	.447	.284	.013	.002	2.201
June 1.366 July 1.491 August 1.491 August 1.491 August 1.337 October 1.284 November 1.324 December 1.384 Total 16.028 92 January R 1.419 February R 1.251 March R 1.303 April R 1.260 June R 1.261 July R 1.534 August R 1.468 September R 1.302 December R 1.328 March R 1.335 March R 1.334 April R 1.288 May R 1.245 Septurat R 1.249	.255	.115	.502	.314	.014	.002	2.472
July 1.491 August 1.492 September 1.337 October 1.284 November 1.324 December 1.324 Total 16.028 92 January R 1.419 February R 1.251 March R 1.303 April R 1.222 May R 1.260 June R 1.534 August R 1.468 September R 1.333 July R 1.534 August R 1.468 September R 1.306 November R 1.306 November R 1.306 November R 1.302 December R 1.421 Total R 16.211 993 January R 1.445 February R 1.335 March R 1.394 April R 1.238 May R 1.245 June R 1.416 June R 1.636	.266	.117	.582	.283	.014	.002	2.631
August 1.492 September 1.337 October 1.284 November 1.324 December 1.324 March R 1.419 February R 1.4251 March R 1.303 June R 1.222 May R 1.260 June R 1.333 July R 1.534 August R 1.456 September R 1.302 December R 1.302 March R 1.315 March R 1.335 March R 1.314 May R 1.248 May R 1.249 <td>.338</td> <td>.118</td> <td>.652</td> <td>.272</td> <td>.014</td> <td>.002</td> <td>2.887</td>	.338	.118	.652	.272	.014	.002	2.887
September 1.337 October 1.284 November 1.324 December 1.384 Total 16.028 92 January R 1.419 February R 1.221 March R 1.303 April R 1.222 May R 1.260 June R 1.333 July R 1.534 August R 1.466 September R 1.371 October R 1.302 December R 1.302 March R 1.335 March R 1.335 March R 1.334 April R 1.238 May R 1.416 June R 1.416 </td <td>.335</td> <td>.123</td> <td>.628</td> <td>.256</td> <td>.014</td> <td>.002</td> <td>2.851</td>	.335	.123	.628	.256	.014	.002	2.851
October 1.284 November 1.324 December 1.384 Total 16.028 92 January R1.419 February R1.251 March R1.303 April R1.260 June R1.534 August R1.333 July R1.534 August R1.306 November R1.302 December R1.302 December R1.303 August R1.468 September R1.302 December R1.302 December R1.302 December R1.442 Total R16.211 903 January R1.445 February R1.335 March R1.334 April R1.249 June R1.416 June R1.416 June R1.416	.269	.091	.557	.218	.013	.002	2.48
November 1.324 December 1.384 Total 16.028 92 January R1.419 February R1.251 March R1.303 April R1.222 May R1.260 June R1.333 July R1.534 August R1.468 September R1.302 December R1.302 December R1.302 December R1.422 May.ust R1.468 September R1.302 December R1.302 December R1.302 December R1.442 Total R16.211 993 January R1.445 February R1.335 March R1.394 April R1.238 May R1.416 June R1.416 July R1.636	.270	.068	.512	.211	.014	.002	2.36
December 1.384 Total 16.028 192 January R 1.419 February R 1.251 March R 1.303 April R 1.260 June R 1.333 July R 1.534 August R 1.468 September R 1.306 November R 1.302 December R 1.422 May R 1.468 September R 1.306 November R 1.302 December R 1.422 Total R 1.423 March R 1.335 March R 1.336 May R 1.421 February R 1.335 March R 1.394 April R 1.249 June R 1.416 July R 1.636	.203	.084	.497	.209	.015	.002	2.33
Total 16.028 992 January R 1.419 February R 1.251 March R 1.303 April R 1.222 May R 1.260 June R 1.333 July R 1.534 August R 1.456 September R 1.302 December R 1.302 December R 1.422 Total R 1.422 May R 1.306 November R 1.302 December R 1.422 Total R 1.422 March R 1.335 March R 1.335 March R 1.334 April R 1.249 June R 1.416 July R 1.636	.174	.094	.576	.247	.015	.002	2.492
February R 1.251 March R 1.303 April R 1.222 May R 1.222 May R 1.220 May R 1.220 May R 1.260 June R 1.333 July R 1.534 August R 1.468 September R 1.371 October R 1.302 December R 1.302 December R 1.442 Total R 1.421 993 January R 1.445 February R 1.394 April R 1.288 May R 1.249 June R 1.416 July R 1.636	2.856	1.178	6.579	3.083	.170	.021	29.915
February R 1.251 March R 1.303 April R 1.222 May R 1.222 May R 1.222 May R 1.260 June R 1.333 July R 1.534 August R 1.468 September R 1.371 October R 1.302 December R 1.302 December R 1.422 Total R 1.421 993 January R 1.435 March R 1.394 April R 1.249 June R 1.415 June R 1.428 May R 1.394	.173	.108	.621	.243	.015	.002	^R 2.582
March A 1.303 April R 1.222 May R 1.333 July R 1.333 July R 1.453 September R 1.306 November R 1.302 December R 1.442 Total R 1.442 February R 1.335 March R 1.336 May R 1.249 June R 1.249 June R 1.416 July R 1.636	.174	.087	.567	.204	.013	.002	R 2.298
April April April May R1.222 May R1.260 June R1.333 July R1.534 August R1.458 September R1.371 October R1.306 November R1.302 December R1.422 Total R16.211 993 January R1.445 February R1.335 March R1.394 April R1.249 June R1.416 July R1.416	.212	.092	.492	.235	.015	.002	P 2.35
May A 1.260 June R 1.333 July R 1.534 August R 1.468 September R 1.371 October R 1.302 December R 1.422 Total R 1.6211 993 January R 1.335 March R 1.394 April R 1.249 June R 1.416 July R 1.636	.234	.069	.454	.220	.014	.001	^R 2.214
June A 1.333 July R 1.534 August R 1.688 September R 1.371 October R 1.302 December R 1.302 December R 1.422 Total R 1.435 February R 1.335 March R 1.394 April R 1.248 June R 1.416	.242	.056	.490	.252	.014	.002	R 2.31
July R 1.534 August R 1.468 September R 1.371 October R 1.301 December R 1.302 December R 1.422 Total R 1.421 993 January R 1.445 February R 1.335 March R 1.394 April R 1.238 May R 1.249 June R 1.636	.272	.080	.550	.255	.014	.002	R 2.50
August R 1.468 September R 1.371 October R 1.301 Docember R 1.302 December R 1.442 Total R 1.335 March R 1.394 April R 1.249 June R 1.416	.341	.092	.602	.240	.014	.002	R 2.82
September R 1.371 October R 1.306 November R 1.302 December R 1.422 Total R 1.6211 993 January R 1.435 February R 1.335 March R 1.394 April R 1.249 June R 1.416 July R 1.636	.309	.076	.630	.218	.014	.002	R2.71
October R 1.306 November R 1.302 December R 1.422 Total R 16.211 993 January R 1.335 March R 1.394 April R 1.238 May R 1.249 June R 1.636	.280	.074	.547	.202	.013	.002	P2.48
November R 1.302 December R 1.442 Total R 1.6211 993 January R 1.335 March R 1.394 April R 1.249 June R 1.445	.217	.073	.524	.201	.014	.002	^R 2.33
December R 1.442 Total R 16.211 993 January R 1.445 February R 1.335 March R 1.394 April R 1.249 June R 1.416 July R 1.636	.193	.074	.545	.228	.014	.002	^R 2.35
Total R 16.211 993 January R 1.445 February R 1.335 March R 1.394 April R 1.238 May R 1.249 June R 1.416 July R 1.636	.130	.070	.624	.274	.014	.002	^R 2.60
993 January R 1.445 February R 1.335 March R 1.394 April R 1.238 May R 1.249 June R 1.416 July R 1.636	2.826	.951	6.646	2.773	.170	.022	^R 29.59
February H 1.335 March R 1.394 April R 1.238 May R 1.241 June R 1.416 July R 1.636	400	.077	.634	.276	.014	.002	^R 2.61
March H 1.394 April R 1.238 May R 1.238 May R 1.249 June R 1.416 July R 1.636	.168	.074	.551	.227	.013	.002	^R 2.36
April ^R 1.238 May ^R 1.249 June ^R 1.416 July ^R 1.636	.165	.074	.501	.263	.014	.002	^R 2.46
May ^R 1.249 June ^R 1.416 July ^R 1.636	.198	.090	.464	.200	.014	.002	R 2.22
June ^R 1.416 July ^R 1.636	.178		.404 .541	.314	.012	.001	R 2.34
July ^R 1.636	.171	.056	.565	.287	.012	.001	R 2.62
D	.260	.083	.607	.275	.012	.001	R 2.99
August "1.620	.341	.121	.604	.245	.014	.002	^R 2.97
	.365	.126		.245	.013	.002	R 2.51
September P 1.383	.265	.102	.537	.208	.013	.002	2.36
October 1.349	.238	.080	.477		.133	.002	25.49
10-Month Total 14.065	2.348	.865	5.481	2.582	. 100		
992 10-Month Total 13.468	2.454 2.479	.807 1.000	5.477 5.506	2.271 2.627	.142 .140	.018 .017	24.63 25.09

 a Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.
 b Petroleum products reported as "oil consumed in steam plants" through 1979 and "heavy oil" from 1980 forward, which are assumed to be residual fuel oil; petroleum products reported as "oil consumed in gas turbine and internal combustion engine plants" through 1979 and "light oil" from 1980 forward, which are assumed to be distillate fuel oil, kerosene, and petroleum coke.

 $^{\rm c}$ Includes net imports of electricity. $^{\rm d}$ "Other" is electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.

R=Revised data.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. •

Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

Energy Consumption Notes and Sources

The data in this section of the Monthly Energy Review (MER) are obtained initially from a group of energy-related surveys, typically called "supply surveys," conducted by the Energy Information Administration (EIA). Supply surveys are those surveys directed to suppliers and marketers of specific energy sources. They measure the quantities of specific energy sources produced, or the quantities supplied to the market, or both. The data obtained from the EIA's supply surveys are integrated to yield the summary consumption statistics published in this section (and in Section 1) of the MER. Users of the EIA's energy consumption statistics should be aware of a second group of energy-related surveys, typically called "consumption surveys." Consumption surveys gather information on the types of energy consumed by end users of energy, along with the characteristics of those end users that can be associated with energy use. For example, the Manufacturing Energy Consumption Survey belongs to the consumption survey group because it collects information directly from end users (the manufacturing establishments). There are important differences between the supply and consumption surveys that need to be taken into account in any analysis that uses both data sources. For information on those differences, see Energy Consumption by End-Use Sector, A Comparison of Measures by Consumption and Supply Surveys, DOE/EIA-0533, Energy Information Administration, Washington, DC, April 6. 1990. The numbered notes that follow elaborate on essential information in Section 2.

1. Total Energy Consumed: Total energy consumed includes coal, natural gas (including supplemental gaseous fuels), petroleum products supplied, electric utility and industrial generation of hydroelectric power, net imports of electricity generated from hydroelectric power, and electricity generated from nuclear power. Total energy consumed also includes electricity generated from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy but excludes other energy obtained from those sources because consistent historical data are not available.

2. Economic Sectors: Energy use is assigned to the major economic sectors according to the following guidelines as closely as possible:

- Residential—All private residences, whether occupied or vacant, owned or rented, including single-family homes, multifamily housing units, and mobile homes. Secondary homes, such as summer homes, are also included. Institutional housing, such as school dormitories, hospitals, and military barracks, generally are not included in the residential sector; they are included in the commercial sector.
- Commercial—Business establishments that are not engaged in transportation or in manufacturing or

other types of industrial activity (agriculture, mining, or construction). Commercial establishments include hotels, motels, restaurants, wholesale businesses, retail stores, laundries, and other service enterprises; religious and nonprofit organizations; health, social, and educational institutions; and Federal, State, and local governments. Street lights, pumps, bridges, and public services are also included if the establishment operating them is considered commercial.

- Industrial—Manufacturing industries, which make up the largest part of the sector, along with mining, construction, agriculture, fisheries, and forestry. Establishments in the sector range from steel mills to small farms to companies assembling electronic components.
- Transportation—Private and public vehicles that move people and commodities. Included are automobiles, trucks, buses, motorcycles, railroads and railways (including streetcars), aircraft, ships, barges, and natural gas pipelines.
- Electric Utility—Privately and publicly owned establishments that generate, transmit, distribute, and sell electricity primarily for use by the public and meet the definition of an electric utility. Nonutility power producers are not included in the electric utility sector.

Although the end-use allocations are made according to these aggregations as closely as possible, some data are collected by using different classifications. For example, data on agricultural use of natural gas are collected and reported in the commercial sector, rather than in the industrial sector. Since agricultural use of natural gas cannot be identified separately, it is included in the commercial sector in this report. Another example is master-metered condominiums and apartments, and buildings with a combination of residential and commercial units. In many cases, the metering and billing practices cause residential energy usage of electricity, natural gas, or fuel oil to be included in the commercial sector. No adjustments for these discrepancies were made.

3. Conversion Factors: See the conversion factors listed in Appendix A.

4. Coal: Coal is anthracite, bituminous coal (including subbituminous coal), and lignite. Sources:

- 1973-September 1977: U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), Bureau of Mines (BOM), Minerals Yearbook and Minerals Industry Surveys.
- Electric Utilities—October 1977 forward: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-759 (formerly Form FPC-4), "Monthly Power Plant Report."
- Other Industrial—October 1977-December 1979: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Monthly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; January 1980 for-

ward: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants," and Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report."

- Coke Plants—October 1977-December 1980: EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke and Coal Chemicals - Monthly/Annual"; January 1981-December 1984: EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke Plant Report -Quarterly/Annual Supplement"; January 1985 forward: EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke Plant Report," quarterly.
- Residential and Commercial—October 1977-December 1979: EIA, Form EIA-2, "Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers - Upper Lake Docks"; January 1980 forward: EIA, Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report."

5. Natural Gas: Natural gas consumption by end use is based on data presented in Table 4.3 of this report. For Section 2 calculations, lease and plant fuel consumption are added to industrial deliveries, and pipeline fuel represents transportation use of natural gas. Values in Btu are derived by using the conversion factors provided in Appendix A. Sources:

- 1973-1975: DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook*, "Natural Gas" chapter.
- 1976-1978: EIA, "Energy Data Reports," Natural Gas, Annual.
- 1979: EIA, Natural Gas Production and Consumption 1979.
- 1980-1992: EIA, Natural Gas Annual.
- 1993: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly.
- Electric Utilities—1973-1976: Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; 1977-1981: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; 1982 forward: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
- American Gas Association, "Monthly Gas Utility Statistical Report," residential and commercial monthly sales data for 1973-1979, which are used to estimate monthly consumption values from EIA annual consumption values.

6. Petroleum: Petroleum consumption by end use is the sum of all individual petroleum products estimated to be consumed in each end-use sector. First, total consumption by product is determined. Petroleum consumption in this section of the *Monthly Energy Review (MER)* is the series called "petroleum products supplied" in Section 3. Sources for petroleum products supplied by individual products are:

- 1973-1975: DOI, BOM, Mineral Industry Surveys, "Petroleum Statement, Annual."
- 1976-1980: EIA, Energy Data Reports, "Petroleum Statement, Annual."
- 1981-1991: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual.
- 1992 and 1993: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.

Specific petroleum products' end-use allocation procedures follow:

- Aviation Gasoline—All product supplied is assigned to the transportation sector.
- Asphalt—All product supplied is assigned to the industrial sector.
- Distillate Fuel—Product supplied is assigned to electric utilities and non-electric utilities as follows:

Electric Utilities, All Periods.

Monthly and annual consumption for 1973-1979 is assumed to be the amount of oil (minus small amounts of kerosene and kerosene-type jet fuel deliveries) reported as consumed in internal combustion and gas turbine engine plants. From January 1980, electric utility consumption of distillate fuel is assumed to be the petroleum products reported as "light oil" (minus small amounts of kerosene deliveries through 1982) consumed at electric utilities.

Sources: 1973-September 1977: FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; October 1977-1981: FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; 1982 forward: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Sectors Other Than Electric Utilities, Annual Estimates Through 1991.

The aggregate non-electric utility use of distillate fuel is total distillate fuel supplied minus the electric atility consumption. The non-electric utility annual consumption totals are allocated to the individual non-electric utility sectors (residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation) in proportion to the share of "adjusted sales" of each end-use sector, as reported in EIA's Fuel Oil and Kerosene Sales (Sales) report series (DOE/EIA-0535), which is based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-821, previously Form EIA-172. "Adjusted sales" are sales that have been adjusted at the PAD district level to equal EIA volume estimates of petroleum products supplied in the U.S. market. Following are notes on the individual sector groupings:

- Since 1979, the residential sector adjusted sales total is directly from the *Sales* reports. Prior to 1979, each year's sales subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into residential, commercial, and industrial (including farm) in proportion to the 1979 shares.

- Since 1979, the commercial sector adjusted sales total is directly from the *Sales* reports. Prior to 1979, each year's sales subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into residential, commer-

cial, and industrial (including farm) in proportion to the 1979 shares.

- Since 1979, the industrial sector adjusted sales total is the sum of the adjusted sales for industrial, farm, oil company, off-highway, diesel, and all other uses. Prior to 1979, each year's sales subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into residential, commercial, and industrial (including farm) in proportion to the 1979 shares, and this estimated industrial portion is added to oil company, off-highway diesel, and all other uses.

- The transportation sector adjusted sales total is the sum of the adjusted sales for railroad, vessel bunkering, on-highway diesel, and military uses for all years.

Sectors Other Than Electric Utilities, Monthly Estimates Through 1991.

- Residential and commercial monthly consumption is estimated by allocating the annual estimates described above into months in proportion to each month's share of the year's sales of No. 2 heating oil as reported in the "Monthly Report of Heating Oil Sales" by the Ethyl Corporation from 1973-1980 and the American Petroleum Institute for 1981 and 1982, and the EIA, Form EIA-782A, "Refiners'/Gas Plant Operators' Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report," No. 2 Fuel Oil Sales to End Users and for Resale, since 1983.

- The transportation highway use portion is allocated into the months in proportion to each month's share of the year's total sales for highway use as reported by the Federal Highway Administration's Table MF-25, "Private and Commercial Highway Use of Special Fuels by Months." The remaining transportation use of distillate fuel (i.e., for railroads, vessel bunkering, and military use) is evenly distributed over the months, adjusted for the number of days per month.

- Industrial monthly estimates are made by subtracting the residential and commercial, transportation, and electric utility sector estimates from each month's total distillate fuel supplied.

Sectors Other Than Electric Utilities, 1992 and 1993

Each month's non-electric utility consumption subtotal is disaggregated into the major end-use sectors in proportion to the shares each sector held of the non-electric utility subtotal in the same month in 1991.

• Jet Fuel—Through 1982, small amounts of kerosene-type jet fuel were consumed by electric utilities. Kerosene-type jet fuel deliveries to electric utilities as reported on the Form FERC-423 (formerly Form FPC-423) were used as estimates of this consumption. All remaining jet fuel (kerosene-type and naphtha-type) is consumed by the transportation sector.

• Kerosene—Total product supplied monthly is allocated to the major end-use sectors in proportion to annual sales grouped into end-use sectors from EIA's *Fuel Oil and Kerosene Sales* (Sales) reports (based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-821, previously Form EIA-172), as follows:

- Residential deliveries are directly from the Sales reports for 1979-1991. Sales for 1991 are used as estimates for succeeding periods. Prior to 1979, each year's sales category called "heating" is split into residential, commercial, and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares.

- Commercial sales are directly from the Sales reports for 1979-1991. Sales for 1991 are used as estimates for succeeding periods. Prior to 1979, each year's sales category called "heating" is split into residential, commercial, and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares.

- Industrial sales are directly from the *Sales* reports for 1979-1991. Sales for 1991 are used as estimates for succeeding periods. Prior to 1979, each year's sales category called "heating" is split into residential, commercial and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares, and this estimated industrial (including farm) portion is added to all other uses.

• Liquefied Petroleum Gases (LPG)—The annual shares of LPG's total consumption that are estimated to be consumed by each end-use sector are applied to each month's total LPG consumption (i.e., product supplied) to create monthly end-use consumption estimates. The annual enduse shares are calculated in the following manner:

- Sales of LPG to the residential and commercial sector are converted from thousand gallons per year to thousand barrels per year and are assumed to be the annual consumption of LPG by the sector.

- The quantity of LPG sold each year for consumption in internal combustion engines is allocated between the transportation and industrial sectors on the basis of data for special fuels used on highways published by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, in *Highway Statistics*. The allocations of LPG sold for internal combustion engine use to the transportation sector range from a high of 67 percent in 1981 to a low of 37 percent in 1987.

- LPG consumed annually by the industrial sector is estimated as the difference between LPG total supplied and the estimated consumption of LPG by the sum of the residential and commercial sector and the transportation sector. The industrial sector includes LPG used by chemical plants as raw materials or solvents and used in the production of synthetic rubber; refinery fuel use; use as synthetic natural gas feedstock and use in secondary recovery projects; all farm use; LPG sold to gas utility companies for distribution through the mains; and a portion of the use of LPG as an internal combustion engine fuel.

The sources of the annual sales data for creating annual end-use shares are:

- 1973-1982: EIA's "Sales of Liquefied Petroleum Gases and Ethane" reports, based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-174.

- 1983: End-use consumption estimates for 1983 are based on 1982 end-use consumption because the collection of data under Form EIA-174 was discontinued after data year 1982.

- 1984-1991: American Petroleum Institute (API), "Sales of Natural Gas Liquids and Liquefied Refinery Gases," which is based on an LPG sales survey jointly sponsored by API, the Gas Processors Association, and the National Liquefied Petroleum Gas Association.

- 1992 and 1993: The 1991 source is used to estimate succeeding periods.

- Lubricants—Total product supplied is allocated to the industrial and transportation sectors for all months according to proportions developed from annual sales of lubricants to the two sectors from U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, *Current Industrial Reports*, "Sales of Lubricating and Industrial Oils and Greases." The 1973 shares are applied to 1973 and 1974; the 1975 shares are applied to 1975 and 1976; and the 1977 shares are applied to 1977 forward.
- Motor Gasoline—Total product supplied monthly is allocated to the major end-use sectors in proportion to aggregations of annual sales categories created on the basis of the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, *Highway Statistics*, Tables MF-21, MF-24, and MF-25, as follows:

- Commercial sales are the sum of sales for public non-highway use and miscellaneous and unclassified uses.

- Industrial sales are the sum of sales for agriculture, construction, and industrial and commercial use as classified in the *Highway Statistics*.

- Transportation sales are the sum of sales for highway use (minus the sales of special fuels, which are primarily diesel fuel and are accounted for in the transportation sector of distillate fuel) and sales for marine use.

• Petroleum Coke—The portion consumed by electric utilities is from Form EIA-759, "Monthly

Power Plant Report" (formerly Form FPC-4). The remaining petroleum coke is assigned to the industrial sector.

• Residual Fuel—Product supplied is assigned to electric utilities and non-electric utilities as follows:

Electric Utilities, All Periods.

Monthly and annual consumption for 1973-1979 is assumed to be the amount of oil reported as consumed in steam-electric power plants. From January 1980 forward, electric utility consumption of residual fuel is assumed to be the petroleum products reported as heavy oil consumed at electric utilities.

Sources: 1973-September 1977: Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; October 1977-1981: FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; 1982 forward: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Sectors Other Than Electric Utilities, Annual Estimates Through 1991.

The aggregate non-electric utility use of residual fuel is total residual fuel supplied minus the electric utility consumption. The non-electric utility annual totals are allocated into the individual non-electric utility sectors in proportion to the amount of residual fuel sold to end users, grouped into sectors from EIA's *Fuel Oil and Kerosene Sales (Sales)* reports (based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-821, previously Form EIA-172), as follows:

- Since 1979, commercial sales data are directly from the *Sales* reports. Prior to 1979, each year's sales subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into commercial and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares.

- Since 1979, industrial sales data are the sum of sales for industrial, oil company, and all other uses. Prior to 1979, each year's sales subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into commercial and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares, and this estimated industrial portion is added to oil company and all other uses.

- Transportation sales are the sum of sales for railroad, vessel bunkering, and military uses for all years.

Sectors Other Than Electric Utilities, Monthly Estimates Through 1991.

- Commercial sector monthly consumption is estimated by allocating the annual commercial sector estimates described above into months in proportion to each month's share of the year's sales of No. 2 fuel oil as reported in the "Monthly Report of Heating Oil Sales" by the Ethyl Corporation for 1973-1980 and the American Petroleum Institute for 1981 and 1982, and the EIA, Form EIA-782A, "Refiners'/Gas Plant Operators' Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report," No. 2 Fuel Oil Sales to End Users and for Resale, since 1983.

- Transportation monthly estimates are made by evenly distributing the annual sector estimate over the months, adjusting for the number of days per month.

- Industrial monthly estimates are made by subtracting the commercial, transportation, and electric utility sector estimates from each month's total residual fuel supplied.

Sectors Other Than Electric Utilities, 1992 and 1993

Each month's non-electric utility consumption subtotal is disaggregated into the major end-use sectors in proportion to the shares each sector held of the non-electric utility subtotal in the same month in 1991.

- Road Oil—All product supplied is assigned to the industrial sector.
- All Other Petroleum Products—The product supplied of all remaining petroleum products is assigned to the industrial sector.

7. Nuclear Electric Power and Wood, Waste, Geothermal, Wind, Photovoltaic, and Solar Thermal Energy Sources Connected to Electric Utility Distribution Systems: Sources:

- 1973-1976: FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
- 1977-1981: FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
- 1982 forward: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

8. Hydroelectric Power: Includes electricity generated by hydroelectric power at electric utilities, small amounts in the industrial sector, and net imports of electricity, which are assumed to be generated by hydroelectric power and are included in the electric utilities sector.

Sources for electric utilities sector:

- 1973-1976: FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
- 1977-1981: FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
- 1982 forward: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Sources for industrial sector:

- 1973-1978: FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report," for plants with generating capacity exceeding 10 megawatts, and FPC, Form FPC-12C, "Industrial Electric Generating Capacity," for all other plants.
- 1979: FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report," for plants with generating capacity exceeding 10 megawatts and EIA estimates for all other plants.
- 1980 forward: Annual generation estimated by EIA as the average generation over the 6-year period of 1974-1979; monthly generation estimated to be in proportion to each month's hydroelectricity generation in the electric utility industry in 1980.

Sources for imports and exports of electricity:

- 1973-September 1977: Unpublished Federal Power Commission data.
- October 1977-1980: Unpublished Economic Regulatory Administration (ERA) data.
- 1981: DOE, Office of Energy Emergency Operations, "Report on Electric Energy Exchanges with Canada and Mexico for Calendar Year 1981," April 1982 (revised June 1982).
- 1982 and 1983: DOE, ERA, Electricity Exchanges Across International Borders.
- 1984-1986: DOE, ERA, Electricity Transactions Across International Borders.
- 1987 and 1988: DOE, ERA, Form ERA-781R, "Annual Report of International Electrical Export/Import Data."
- 1989-1991: DOE, Assistant Secretary for Fossil Energy, Form FE-781-R, "Annual Report of International Electrical Export/Import Data."
- 1992 forward: EIA estimates based on preliminary data from the National Energy Board of Canada and DOE, Assistant Secretary for Fossil Energy.

9. Net Imports of Coal Coke: Net imports means imports minus exports, and a minus sign indicates that exports are greater than imports. Sources:

- 1973-1975: DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook*, "Coke and Coal Chemicals" chapter.
- 1976-1980: EIA, *Energy Data Report*, "Coke and Coal Chemicals" annual.
- 1981: EIA, *Energy Data Report*, "Coke Plant Report," quarterly.
- 1982 forward: EIA, Quarterly Coal Report.

10. Electricity: End-use consumption of electricity is based on Table 7.2 sales data. "Other," which is primarily for use in government buildings, is added to the commercial sector, except for approximately 4 per-

cent used by railroads and railways and attributed to the transportation sector. For 1973-1983 and 1992 forward, "Monthly Series" data are used directly. For 1984-1991, monthly estimates are created by dividing each month's "Monthly Series" value by the "Monthly Series" total for the year and multiplying by the "Annual Series" value for the year. Kilowatthours are converted to Btu at the rate of 3,412 Btu per kilowatthour. See Table 7.2 for sources of the electricity sales data.

11. Electrical System Energy Losses: Electrical system energy losses are calculated as the difference between total energy input at electric utilities and the total energy content of electricity sold to end-use consumers. Most of those losses occur at steam-electric power plants (conventional and nuclear) in the conversion of heat energy into mechanical energy to turn electric generators. The loss is a thermodynamically necessary feature of the steam-electric cycle. Part of the energy input-to-output losses is a result of imputing fossil energy equivalent inputs for hydroelectric and other energy sources, since there is no generally accepted practice for measuring those thermal conversion rates. In addition to conversion losses, other losses include power plant use of electricity, transmission and distribution of electricity from power plants to end-use consumers (also called "line losses"), and unaccounted for electricity. Total losses are allocated to the end-use sectors in proportion to each sector's share of total electricity sales. Overall, approximately 67 percent of total energy input is lost in conversion; of electricity generated, approximately 5 percent is lost in plant use and 9 percent is lost in transmission and distribution. Calculated electrical system energy losses may be less than actual losses, because primary consumption does not include the energy equivalent of utility purchases of electricity from non-electric utilities and from Canada and Mexico, although they are included in electricity sales.

.

-

•

Section 3. Petroleum

Total petroleum imports² averaged 8.3 million barrels per day in December 1993, 5 percent³ lower than the previous month's rate but 5 percent higher than the December 1992 rate.

In December 1993, 17.7 million barrels per day of petroleum products were supplied for domestic use, 1 percent lower than the December 1992 rate. Motor gasoline accounted for 43 percent of the total; distillate fuel oil, 19 percent; and residual fuel oil, 6 percent.

Motor gasoline supplied during December 1993 averaged 7.7 million barrels per day, 1 percent higher than the previous month's rate and 3 percent higher than the December 1992 rate. Total motor gasoline stocks were 226 million barrels at the end of December 1993, 6 million barrels above the stock level in the previous month and 10 million barrels above the level 1 year earlier. Distillate fuel oil supplied during December 1993 averaged 3.4 million barrels per day, 7 percent higher than the previous month's rate and 3 percent higher than the December 1992 rate. Distillate fuel oil ending stocks for December 1993 were 144 million barrels, 6 million barrels below the stock level in the previous month but 3 million barrels above the stock level 1 year earlier.

Residual fuel oil supplied in December 1993 averaged 1.0 million barrels per day, 4 percent lower than the previous month's rate and 21 percent lower than the December 1992 rate. Residual fuel oil stocks measured 45 million barrels at the end of December 1993, 4 million barrels below the stock level in the previous month but 2 million barrels above the stock level 1 year earlier.

Estimates (except of crude production) for the most current month are based on Energy Information Administration (EIA) weekly data and will be revised to conform with data from the EIA Petroleum Reporting System as available. For the most recent month, crude production is an EIA estimate based on historical and provisional data through September 1993.

²Total import data include imports into the Strategic Petroleum Reserve. ³Percentage changes are based on numbers shown in the following tables.

		Field Production	n	Stock	Change ^a		Ending Stocksb
	Total Domestic ^c	Crude Oil	Natural Gas Plant Production	Crude Oil ^d	Petroleum Products	Petroleum Products Supplied	Crude Oil ^d and Petroleum Products
			Thousand Ba	rrels per Day			Million Barrels
1973 Average	10,975	9,208	1,738	-11	146	17,308	1,008
1974 Averáge	10,498	8,774	1,688	62	117	16,653	⁹ 1,074
1975 Average	10,045	8,375	1,633	°17	e15	16,322	1,133
1976 Average	9,774	8,132	1,604	39	-96	17,461	1,112
1977 Average	9,913	8,245	1,618	170	378	18,431	1,312
1978 Average	10,328	8,707	1,567	78	-172	18,847	1,278
1979 Average	10,179	8,552	1,584	148	25	18,513	1,341
1980 Average	10,214	8,597	1,573	98	42	17,05 6	^e 1,392
1981 Average	10,230	8,572	1,609	^e 290	^e -130	16,058	1,484
1982 Average	10,252	8,649	1,550	136	-283	15,296	^e 1,430
1983 Average	10,299	8,688	1,559	⁶ 214	^e -234	15,231	1,454
1984 Average	10,554	8,879	1,630	199	81	15,726	1,556
1985 Average	10,636	8,971	1,609	50	-153	15,726	1,519
1986 Average	10,289	8,680 8,349	1,551 1,595	78	124	16,281	1,593
1988 Average	9,818	8,140	1,625	128 1	-87	16,665	1,607
1989 Average	9,219	7,613	1,546	86	-29 -129	17,283	1,597
1990 Average	8,994	7,355	1,559	-35	142	17,325	1,581
	0,004	1,000	1,000	-35	142	16,988	1,621
1991 January	9,255	7,500	1.647	-71	-1.027	16,893	1,587
February	9,424	7,637	1,695	231	-704	16,339	1,573
March	9,301	7,546	1.683	-239	-268	16,212	1,558
April	9,262	7,509	1.665	50	628	16,139	1,578
May	9,157	7,409	1,657	566	988	16,189	1,626
June	9,032	7.320	1,627	-299	546	16,878	1,634
Juty	9,056	7,347	1,622	-153	199	16,971	1,635
August	9,027	7,316	1,627	103	316	17,183	1,648
September	9,088	7,368	1,623	-156	653	16,848	1,663
October	9,212	7,437	1,686	51	-659	16,996	1,644
November	9,129	7,328	1,697	43	62	16,730	1,647
December	9,089	7,299	1,686	-611	-365	17,145	1,617
Average	9,168	7,417	1,659	-42	32	16,714	1,617
1992 January	9,176	7,361	1,688	540	-757	17,012	1,610
February	9,175	7,389	1,696	171	-951	16,893	1,588
March	9,123	7,348	1,694	-250	-291	16,825	1,571
April	9,072	7,293	1,693	315	92	16,764	1,583
Мау	8,949	7,169	1,695	-144	770	16,485	1,602
June	8,968	7,167	1,701	-581	604	16,978	1,603
July	8,961	7,131	1,683	244	290	17,143	1,620
August	8,678	6,922	1,638	-124	161	16,929	1,621
September	8,843	7,030	1,660	-160	653	16,876	1,636
October	9,025	7,126	1,722	411	-258	17,448	1,640
November	8,975	7,024	1,754	-227	77	17,091	1,636
December Average	9,019 8,996	7,103 7,171	1,744 1,697	-212 -1	-1,203 -68	17,928 17,033	°1,592 ^e 1,592
1993 January	E 99,257	_ `					
1993 January	E 8,948	^E 7,008 ^E 6,957	1,728	264	⁹ 370	16,320	1,611
February March	E 9,009	E 6,957	1,761 1,799	219	-799	17,397	1,595
April	E 8,904	E 6,897	1,799	246 537	-619	17,688	1,584
May	E 8,775	E 6,833	1,719	133	388 897	16,673	1,611
June	E 8,697	£6,756	1,738	-15	586	16,340 17,032	1,643
Juty	E 8,599	E 6,654	1,723	-15	560	17,208	1,660
August	E 8,691	E 6,732	1,732	-524	386	17,176	1,678 1,674
September	E 8,670	E 6.711	1,717	-439	7	17,709	1,661
October	E 8.847	E 6,816	1,765	333	420	17,230	1,685
November	RE 8,823	RE 6.888	^R 1,674	R 251	^R -286	^R 17,688	^R 1,684
December	E 8,880	PE 6,886	E 1,740	E 93	E-446	E 17,721	E 1,669
Average	E 8,841	PE 6,842	E 1,741	E 94	E 127	E 17,179	E 1,669

Table 3.1a Petroleum Overview: Field Production, Stock Change, Petroleum Products Supplied, and Ending Stocks Supplied Stock

^a A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.

^b Stocks are totals as of end of period.

c Includes crude oil, natural gas plant liquids, and other liquids.

d Includes stocks located in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

^e See Note 4 at end of section.

¹ See Note 6 at end of section.

⁹ Beginning in 1993, includes fuel ethanol blended into finished motor gasoline and oxygenate production from merchant MTBE (methyl tertiary butyl ether) plants.

PE=Preliminary estimate. R=Revised data. NA=Not available. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Crude oil includes lease condensate. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Table 3.1b Petroleum Overview: Imports, Exports, and Net Imports

		Imports					
	Total	Crude Oil ^a	Petroleum Products	Total	Crude Oil	Petroleum Products	Not Imports
			Tho	usand Barrels pe	ar Day		
3 Average	6,256	3,244	3.012	231	2	229	6,025
Average	6,112	3,477	2,635	221	3	218	5,892
5 Average	6,056	4,105	1,951	209	6	204	5,846
3 Average	7,313	5,287	2,026	223	8	215	7.090
	8,807	6,615	2,193	243	50	193	8,565
7 Average	8,363	6,356	2,008	362	158	204	8,002
Average	•	6,519	1,937	° 471	235	c 236	^c 7,985
Average	8,456			544	287	258	6,365
Average	6,909	5,263	1,646		228	367	5,401
Average	5,996	4,396	1,599	595		579	•
Average	5,113	3,488	1,625	815	236		4,298
Average	5,051	3,329	1,722	739	164	575	4,312
Average	5,437	3,426	2,011	722	181	541	4,715
Average	5,067	3,201	1,866	781	204	577	4,286
Average	6,224	4,178	2,045	785	154	631	5,439
Average	6,678	4,674	2,004	764	151	613	5,914
Average	7,402	5,107	2,295	815	155	661	6,587
Average	8,061	5,843	2,217	859	142	717	7,202
Average	8,018	5,894	2,123	857	109	748	7,161
January	7,103	5,296	1,808	1,199	50	1,149	5,904
February	6,865	5,485	1,380	1,441	152	1,288	5,424
March	6,646	5,166	1,480	944	137	807	5,702
April	7,418	5,529	1,888	737	162	575	6,680
May	8,518	6,363	2,155	1,149	165	984	7,369
	8,245	6,334	1,911	921	78	843	7,323
June		5,955	1,801	963	139	824	6,793
July	7,755	•	•		55	783	7,832
August	8,670	6,645	2,025	837			•
September	7,826	5,812	2,015	785	109	676	7,042
October	7,467	5,683	1,784	918	92	826	6,550
November	7,615	5,528	2,087	926	126	800	6,690
December	7,337	5,565	1,772	1,213	133	1,081	6,124
Average	7,627	5,782	1,844	1,001	116	885	6,626
2 January	7,712	5,956	1,756	1,144	118	1,026	6,568
February	6,827	5,079	1,748	852	22	829	5,975
March	7,068	5,321	1,747	912	105	807	6,156
April	8,092	6,127	1,966	937	23	. 914	7,155
May	7,823	6,060	1,763	885	106	779	6,939
June	7,946	6,171	1,775	957	107	850	6,989
July	8,479	6,796	1,683	929	53	876	7,550
August	8,260	6,457	1,803	789	133	657	7,470
September	8,178	6,218	1,960	848	68	780	7,330
	8,505	6,696	1,810	902	106	796	7,603
October		•		995	111	885	6,877
November	7,872	6,121	1,751				0.000
Average	7,839 7,888	5,937 6,083	1,901 1,805	1,237 950	107 89	1,130 861	6,602 6,938
	7,964	6,292	1,672	1,135	129	1,006	6,830
3 January	7,984 7,930	6,156	1,775	1,033	166	867	6,897
February		•		970	139	831	7,373
March	8,342	6,513	1,829			994	7,418
April	8,485	6,698	1,787	1,067	73		
May	8,348	6,549	1,799	1,082	112	970	7,266
June	8,745	7,175	1,569	899	150	750	7,845
July	9,145	7,262	1,883	1,013	62	950	8,132
August	8,360	6,614	1,746	823	55	768	7,537
September	8,476	6,558	1,918	902	107	796	7,574
October	9,147	7,181	1,966	889	62	827	8,258
November	^R 8,725	^R 6.892	R 1,833	^R 965	R 67	^R 898	^R 7.760
December	E 8,259	E 6,667	E 1,592	€ 870	E 117	E 754	E 7,389
	0.233	^E 6,716	E 1,781	E 970		E 868	E 7,527

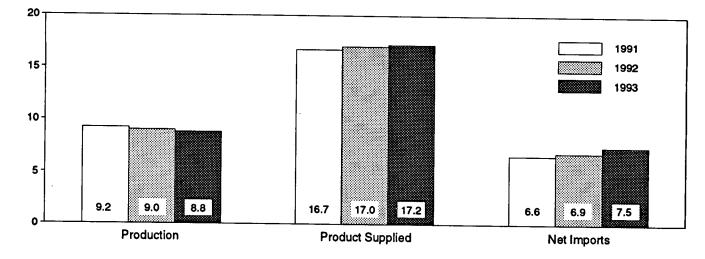
a Includes crude oil for storage in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.
 b Net imports equats imports minus exports.
 c See Note 6 at end of section.

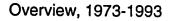
R=Revised data. E=Estimate. Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: • 1973-1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 1993, Table S1. • 1981 forward: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, January 1994, Table S1.

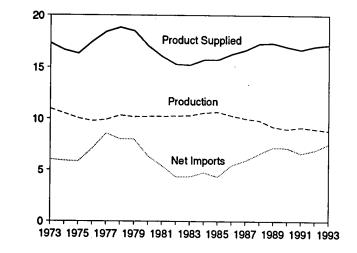
Figure 3.1 **Petroleum Overview**

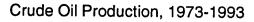
(Million Barrels per Day)

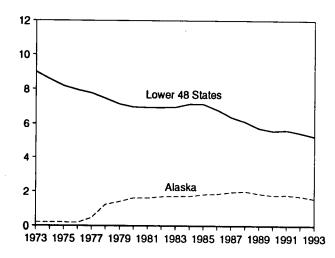
Overview, January-December



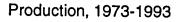


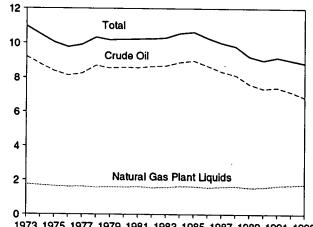






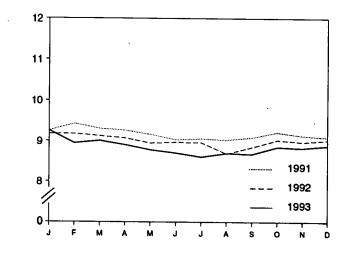
Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Tables 3.1a, 3.1b, and 3.2a.





1973 1975 1977 1979 1981 1983 1985 1987 1989 1991 1993

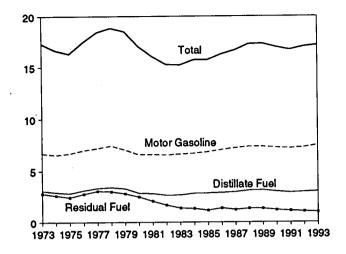
Total Production, Monthly



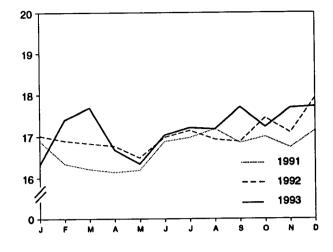
Petroleum Overview (Continued) Figure 3.1

(Million Barrels per Day, Except as Noted)

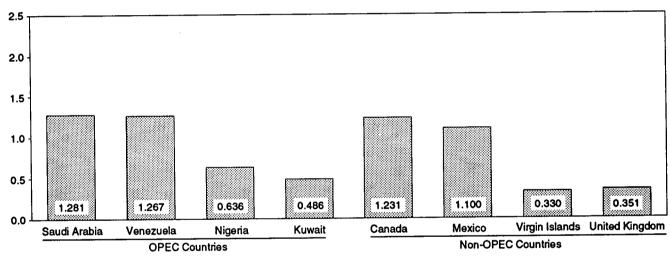
Product Supplied, 1973-1993



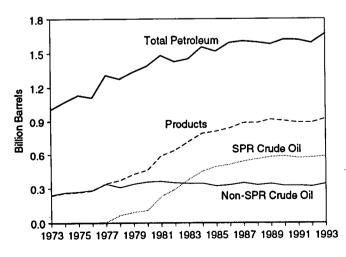
Total Product Supplied, Monthly



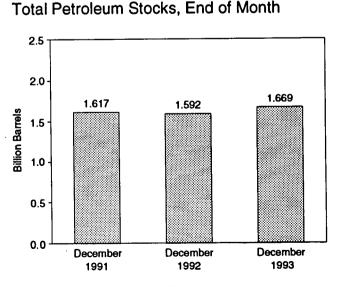
Imports from Selected Countries, November 1993







Note: OPEC = Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Tables 3.1a, 3.2b, 3.3a, 3.3b, 3.3d-3.3h, 3.4, 3.5, and 3.6.



Note: SPR = Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

Table 3.2a Crude Oil Supply and Disposition: Supply

				Supply			
	Fleid Pi	oduction		Imports			
	Total Domestic	Alaskan	Total	SPRª	Other	Unaccounted- for Crude Oll ^b	Crude Oil Used Directly ^c
			The	ousand Barrels pe	or Day		
973 Average	9,208	100					
974 Average	8,774	198 . 193	3,244	-	3,244	3	-19
975 Average	8,375	193	3,477	-	3,477	-25	-15
976 Average	8,132		4,105	-	4,105	17	17
77 Average	8,245	173 464	5,287	-	5,287	77	d-19
78 Average	8,707		6,615	21	6,594	-6	14
79 Average		1,229	6,356	d 161	6,195	-57	d -15
	8,552	1,401	6,519	67	6,452	-11	d-14
80 Average	8,597	1,617	5,263	44	5,219	34	d-14
81 Average	8,572	1,609	4,396	256	4,141	83	-58
82 Average	8,649	1,696	3,488	165	3,323	71	-59
83 Average	8,688	1,714	3,329	234	3,096	114	-50
184 Average	8,879	1,722	3,426	197	3,229	185	
85 Average	8,971	1,825	3,201	118	3,083		-
86 Average	8,680	1,867	4,178	48	4,130	145	-
87 Average	8,349	1,962	4,674	73	•	139	-
988 Average	8,140	2,017	5,107	73 51	4,601	145	-
989 Average	7,613	1,874	5,843		5,055	196	-
990 Average	7,355	1,773		56	5,787	200	-
•	1,000	1,775	5,894	27	5,867	258	-
91 January	7,500	1,848	5,296	0	5,296	-59	_
February	7,637	1,908	5,485	Ō	5,485	324	-
March	7,546	1,887	5,166	ŏ	5,166	43	-
April	7,509	1,798	5,529	ŏ	5,529		-
May	7,409	1,771	6,363	Ö		236	-
June	7,320	1,757	6,334	Ő	6,363	513	-
July	7,347	1,775		-	6,334	59	-
August	7.316		5,955	0	5,955	403	-
September	• • • •	1,731	6,645	0	6,645	11	-
Octobor	7,368	1,787	5,812	0	5,812	484	-
October	7,437	1,843	5,683	0	5,683	-59	-
November	7,328	1,765	5,528	0	5,528	263	-
December	7,299	1,718	5,565	0	5,565	146	-
Average	7,417	1,798	5,782	0	5,782	195	-
92 January	7,361	1,789	5,956	0	5 050	000	
February	7,389	1,808	5,079	0	5,956	290	-
March	7,348	1,785	5,321	0	5,079	229	-
April	7,293	1,741	•	-	5,321	287	-
May	7,169	1,682	6,127	0	6,127	189	-
June	7,167	1,703	6,060	0	6,060	421	-
July	•		6,171	34	6,138	259	-
August	7,131	1,655	6,796	0	6,796	332	-
	6,922	1,635	6,457	18	6,439	65	-
September	7,030	1,700	6,218	16	6,202	385	-
October	7,126	1,696	6,696	49	6,647	290	_
November	7,024	1,674	6,121	0	6,121	296	_
December	7,103	1,705	5,937	0	5,937	61	_
Average	7,171	1,714	6,083	10	6,073	258	_
3 January	^E 7,008	^E 1,654	6,292	0	c		
February	E 6,957	E 1,628		0	6,292	82	-
March	E 6,976	E 1,639	6,156	0	6,156	206	-
April	E 6,897	E 1 507	6,513	32	6,481	156	-
	= 6,897 E 6,833	E 1,587	6,698	112	6,586	535	_
May	- 0,033 E 0.700	E 1,566	6,549	0	6,549	575	-
June	E 6,756	^E 1,520	7,175	0	7,175	336	-
July	^E 6,654	^E 1,441	7,262	0	7,262	311	_
August	E 6,732	E 1,527	6,614	0	6,614	32	_
September	^E 6,711	^E 1,470	6,558	34	6,524	253	_
October	E 6,816	^E 1.614	7,181	Ő	7,181	143	-
November	HE 6.888	^{HE} 1.675	^R 6.892	ŏ	^R 6,892	P239	-
	DE			~	0,032	233	_
December	PE 6,886 PE 6,842	PE 1,670 PE 1,582	^E 6,667	٤O	E 6,667	E 326	-

^a Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

^b A balancing item.

^c Beginning in January 1983, crude oil used directly as fuel is shown as product supplied. ^d See Note 6 at end of section.

PE=Preliminary estimate. R=Revised data. - =Not applicable. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Crude oil includes lease condensate. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. . Totals may not equal sum of

components due to independent rounding. Sources: • 1973-1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 1993, Table S2. • 1981 forward: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, January 1994, Table S2.

Table 3.2b Crude Oil Supply and Disposition: Disposition and Ending Stocks

			Disp	osition			E	nding Stock	6 8
	Crude	Stock	Change ^b	Refinery		Product			Other
	Losses	SPRC	Other	Inputs	Exports	Supplied ^d	Total	SPR°	Primary
			Thousand I	Barrels per Day				Million Barrel	S
73 Average	13	-	-11	12,431	2	-	242	-	242
74 Average	13	-	62	12,133	3	-	265	-	265
75 Average	13	-	17	12,442	6	-	271	-	271
76 Average	° 14	-	39	13,416	8	-	285	-	285
77 Average	16	20	150	14,602	50	-	348	7	340
78 Average	16	163	-84	14,739	158	-	376	67	309
79 Average	16	67	81	14,648	235	-	430	91	,339
80 Average	^e 14	45	, 52	13,481	287	-	466	108	1358
81 Average	5	336	¹ -46	12,470	228	-	594	230	_ 363
82 Average	3	174	-38	11,774	236	-	9644	294	^g 350
83 Average	2	234	^g -20	11,685	164	66	723	379	344
84 Average	2	195	4	12,044	181	64	796	451	345
85 Average	1	117	-67	12,002	204	60	814	493	321
86 Average	(8)	50	28	12,716	154	49	843	512	331
87 Average	(8)	80	49	12,854	151	34	890	541	349
88 Average	(8)	52	-51	13,246	155	40	890	560	330
189 Average	(8)	56	30	13,401	142	28	921	580	341
90 Average	(8)	16	-51	13,409	109	24	908	586	323
991 January	0	0	-71	12,735	50	23	906	586	320
February	0	-147	379	13,046	152	17	913	582	331
March	(s)	-422	183	12,839	137	18	905	568	337
April	(s)	0	50	13,042	162	21	907	568	338
May	(s)	ŏ	566	13,539	165	15	924	568	356
June	(S)	(s)	-299	13,918	78	16	915	568	347
July	(3)	(S)	-153	13,703	139	15	911	569	342
	ŏ		103	13,800	55	13	914	569	345
August	ŏ	(s) 0	-156		109	16	909	569	341
September				13,694	92	22	911	569	342
October	(s)	(s)	51	12,896	. –		912	569	344
November	(s)	(s)	43	12,929	126 133	22 23	893	569	325
December Average	0 (s)	(s) -47	-611 5	13,465 13,301	116	18	893	569	325
	0	(s)	540	12,923	118	26	910	569	341
992 January February	(s)	(3)	171	12,486	22	17	915	569	346
March	(s)	(s)	-250	13,083	105	18	907	569	339
	(5)	(3)	315	13,260	23	11	917	569	348
April	ŏ		-145	13,679	106	10	912	569	344
May	-	(s)					895	570	325
	(s)	34	-615	14,059	107	12		570	333
July	0	(s)	244	13,953	53	9	902		
August	(s)	20	-144	13,426	133	8	898	570	328
September	0	43	-204	13,714	68	11	893	571	322
October	(s)	69	342	13,584	106	10	906	574	333
November	(s)	15	-243	13,547	111	10	899	574	325
December	(S) 0	22 17	-234 -18	13,194 13,411	107 89	12 13	893 893	575 575	318 318
Average	-								
93 January	(s)	.19	245	12,980	129	10	901	575 576	326 331
February	(s)	18	202	12,923	166	10	907	576	
March	0	58	188	13,249	139	11	915	578	337
April	(s)	136	401	13,512	73	9	931	582	349
May	0	13	120	13,701	112	10	935	582	353
June	0	21	-37	14,125	150	8	935	583	352
July	0	19	22	14,114	62	9	936	583	352
August	0	24	-548	13,839	55	8	920	584	335
September	(s)	52	-491	13,845	107	9	906	586	321
October	Ó	19	314	13,733	62	12	917	586	_ 330
November	Õ	^R 18	^R 233	^R 13,689	R 67	^R 13	R 924	587	R 337
December	εŏ	Ēg	E 84	E 13,660	E 117	E 10	E 928	^E 587	E 341
	E (8)	E 34	E 60	E 13,618	E 103	E 10	E 928	E 587	E 341

^a Stocks are totals as of end of period.

^b A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.

^c Strategic Petroleum Reserve.
^d Beginning in January 1983, crude oil used directly as fuel is shown as product supplied.

^e See Note 6 at end of section.

1 Stocks of Alaskan crude oil in transit are included from January 1981 forward. See Note 5 at end of section.

^g See Note 4 at end of section.

R=Revised data. - =Not applicable. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than +500 barrels per day and greater than -500 barrels per day. Notes: • Crude oil includes lease condensate. • Geographic coverage is

the 50 States and the District of Columbia. . Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Table 3.3a Petroleum Imports: Algeria, Iraq, Kuwait, and Libya (Thousand Barrels per Day)

Т

-	<u> </u>			Arab C	OPECa			
	A	geria		raq	Ku	waitb		ibya
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil
1973 Average	136	100				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
1974 Average	190	120 180	4	4	47	42	164	133
1975 Average	282	264	2	0	5	5	4	4
1976 Average	432	408	26	2	16	4	232	223
1977 Average	559	544	26 74	26	5	1	453	444
1978 Average	649	634	62	74	48	42	723	704
979 Average	636	608	88	62	6	5	654	638
980 Average	488	456	28	88	8	5	658	642
981 Average	311	261		28	27	27	554	548
982 Average	170	90	(8)	0	0	0	319	.317
983 Average	240	176	3	3	5	2	26	23
984 Average	323	194	10	10	14	7	0	0
985 Average	187	84	12	12	36	24	1	0
986 Average	271	84 78	46	46	21	4	4	0
987 Average	295		81	81	68	28	0	0
988 Average		115	83	82	84	70	0	Ō
989 Average	300	58	345	343	92	80	Ō	ŏ
990 Average	269 280	60	449	441	157	155	Ō	ŏ
	200	63	518	514	86	79	0	Ō
991 January	327	48	0	0	0	0	•	-
February	246	20	ō	ŏ	ŏ	0	0	0
March	222	45	Ō	õ	ő	ő	0	0
April	282	74	õ	ŏ	0	0	0	0
Мау	308	72	ŏ	ŏ	ő	0	0	0
June	304	37	ŏ	ŏ	ő	•	0	0
July	202	28	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	0	0	0
August	182	16	ŏ	ŏ	0	-	0	0
September	205	19	ŏ	0	-	0	0	0
October	235	53	ŏ	0	34	34	0	0
November	278	58	ŏ	0	33	33	0	0
December	247	54	ŏ	0	0	0	0	0
Average	253	44	0	0	· 0 6	0 6	0	0
992 January	206	37	0	0	•	-	·	•
February	218	57	0	0	0	0	0	0
March	215	37	-	0	0	0	0	0
April	182	19	0	0	0	0	0	0
May	202	7	0	0	0	0	0	0
June	144		0	0	0	0	0	0
July	179	12 37	0	0	0	0	0	0
August	261		0	0	58	23	0	0
September		45	0	0	66	33	0	0
October	184 186	19	0	0	70	33	Ō	ō
November		8	0	0	137	109	0	ŏ
December	171	0	0	0	117	117	Ó	ŏ
Average	203 196	9 24	0	0	165 51	149	Ö	Ō
•			•	v	51	39	0	0
93 January	153	28	0	0	144	129	0	0
February	256	0	0	0	251	229	ŏ	ŏ
March	185	7	0	0	316	300	ŏ	ŏ
April	274	26	0	0	262	262	ŏ	ŏ
May	228	3	0	0	222	222	ŏ	Ő
June	169	32	0	0	235	235	ŏ	ŏ
July	246	6	0	0	368	362	ŏ	ŏ
August	241	28	0	0	467	451	ő	Ö
September	192	0	0	Õ	445	431	ŏ	0
October	317	80	Ō	ŏ	530	526	ő	0
November	217	47	Ō	õ	486	470	ŏ	0
11-Month Average	225	23	Ō	ō	339	329	0	0
92 11-Month Average 91 11-Month Average	195	25	0	0	41	29	0	•
	254	43	ō	-				

a Excludes petroleum imported into the United States indirectly from members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), primarily from Caribbean and West European areas, as petroleum products that were refined from crude oil produced by OPEC. ^b Imports from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia are

Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports are included. . Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

included in Saudi Arabia.

(s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Table 3.3b Petroleum Imports: Qatar, Saudi Arabia, U.A.E., and Total Arab OPEC (Thousand Barrels per Day)

			Arab	OPEC ^a				
	Q	atar	Saudi	Arabia ^b	United Arr	ab Emirates	Total Arab OPEC ^a	
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude O
73 Average	7	7	486	462	71	71	915	838
74 Average	17	17	461	438	74	69	752	713
75 Average	. 18	18	715	701	117	117	1,383	1,330
76 Average	24	24	1,230	1,222	254	254	2,424	2,378
	67	67	1,380	1,373	335	333	3,185	3,136
7 Average	64	64	1,144	1,142	385	385	2,963	2,930
'8 Average	31	31	1,356	1,347	281	281	3,058	3,002
9 Average	22	22	1,261	1,250	172	172	2,551	2,503
O Average		7	1,129	1,112	81	77	1,848	1,774
1 Average	7	7	552	530	92	81	854	736
2 Average	7		337	321	30	18	632	533
3 Average	(8)	0			117	90	819	634
34 Average	5	4	325	309		35	472	300
5 Average	(8)	0	168	132	45		1,162	854
6 Average	13	12	685	618	44	38	1,102	965
37 Average	0	0	751	642	61	56	•	1,415
8 Average	0	0	1,073	911	29	23	1,839	
39 Average	2	2	1,224	1,116	28	21	2,130	1,794
0 Average	4	4	1,339	1,195	17	9	2,244	1,864
91 January	0	0	1,934	1,782	0	0	2,261	1,830
	ŏ	ŏ	1,566	1,538	0	0	1,812	1,559
February	0 0	ő	1,683	1,646	Ō	0	1,905	1,691
March	-	ŏ	1,764	1,702	ŏ	Ō	2,046	1,776
April	0	-		2,053	ŏ	ŏ	2,566	2,124
Мау	0	0	2,258		Ő	ő	2,145	1,832
June	0	0	1,841	1,795	0	ŏ	1,928	1,670
July	0	0	1,725	1,641		. 0	2,208	1,980
August	0	0	2,019	1,964	7	-		
September	0	0	1,708	1,562	0	0	1,947	1,615
October	0	0	1,671	1,545	18	18	1,956	1,649
November	0	0	1,778	1,626	16	0	2,072	1,684
December	0	0	1,645	1,566	0	0	1,892	1,620
Average	Ō	0	1,802	1,703	3	2	2,064	1,754
92 January	0	0	2.017	1,900	18	0	2,241	1,937
February	ō	Ō	1,776	1,687	0	0	1,995	1,745
	ŏ	ō	1,707	1,568	0	0	1,922	1,605
March	ŏ	ŏ	1,734	1,524	0	0	1,916	1,543
April	0	ŏ	1,764	1,584	Ō	0	1,966	1,591
May	0	ŏ	1,744	1,610	ŏ	ŏ	1,888	1,621
June	-	-		•	ŏ	ŏ	1,958	1,659
July	8	0	1,713	1,599	7	ŏ	1,929	1,55
August	0	0	1,594	1,473	0	Ö	1,847	1,529
September	0	0	1,593	1,477	-	-	•	1,52
October	0	0	1,593	1,482	4	0	1,920	
November	0	0	1,608	1,540	17	0	1,913	1,65
December	0	0	1,793	1,725	28	0	2,188	1,88
Average	1	0	1,720	1,597	6	0	1,974	1,660
93 January	0	0	1,687	1,571	0	0	1,984	1,72
February	ŏ	ŏ	1,626	1,480	0	0	2,133	1,70
March	ĕ	ŏ	1,479	1,349	0	0	1,987	1,65
	ŏ	ŏ	1,606	1,478	17	17	2,161	1,78
April	0	ŏ	1,524	1,361	59	59	2,034	1,64
May	0	0	1,523	1,396	66	66	1,993	1,72
June	-	0	1,270	1,171	19	Ő	1,904	1,53
July	0	-			0	ŏ	1,859	1,51
August	0	0	1,151	1,036	Ö	ŏ	1,966	1,61
September	0	0	1,329	1,181	-	ů ů	1,961	1,57
October	0	0	1,115	969	0			
November	0	0	1,281	1,152	1	0	1,984	1,66
11-Month Average	1	0	1,415	1,284	15	13	1,995	1,65
992 11-Month Average	1	0	1,713	1,586	4	0	1,955	1,64
		ŏ		1,716	4	2	2,080	1,76

^a Excludes petroleum imported into the United States indirectly from members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), primarily from Caribbean and West European areas, as petroleum products that were relined from crude oil produced by OPEC.

Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports are included. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

that were refined from crude oil produced by OPEC. ^D Imports from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia are included in Saudi Arabia.

(s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Table 3.3c Petroleum Imports: Ecuador, Gabon, Indonesia, and Iran (Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Non-Arab OPEC ^a									
	Ecu	ador ^b	Gi	abon	Ind	onesia	1	ran		
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude O		
73 Average	40	47	•	•						
73 Average	48	47	0	0	213	200	223	216		
74 Average	42	42	23	23	300	284	469	463		
75 Average	57	57	27	27	390	379	280	278		
76 Average	51	51	28	26	539	537	298	298		
7 Average	57	55	42	35	541	507	535	530		
'8 Average	54	38	41	38	573	533	555	554		
'9 Average	42	30	42	42	420	380	304	297		
0 Average	27	17	26	25	348	314	9	8		
1 Average	48	38	35	35	366	318	Ó	Ō		
2 Average	42	32	40	40	248	226	35	35		
3 Average	61	56	59	59	338	315	48	48		
4 Average	55	47	58	57	343	304	10	10		
5 Average	67	56	52	51	314	292	27	27		
6 Average	77	64	26	25	318					
7 Average	29	23	35			297	19	19		
				35	285	262	98	98		
8 Average	47	33	16	15	205	186	^c (s)	^c (s)		
9 Average	89	80	50	49	183	158	0	0		
0 Average	49	38	64	64	114	98	0	0		
1 January	18	6	41	41	70	70	0	0		
February	66	55	95	95	162	153	0	0		
March	67	58	29	29	93	93	0	0		
April	35	24	72	72	69	69	0	Ō		
Мау	109	103	96	96	97	97	Ō	ŏ		
June	129	126	70	70	187	187	ŏ	ŏ		
July	62	47	137	137	88	88	81	81		
August	112	93	56	56	93	87				
September	31	25	91				48	48		
October	30			91	83	64	152	152		
	55	24	137	137	118	91	43	43		
November		48	91	91	120	96	64	64		
December	41	23	91	91	163	134	0	0		
Average	63	53	84	84	111	102	32	32		
2 January	56	56	91	91	125	117	0	0		
February	61	48	105	105	39	39	0	0		
March	26	26	25	25	85	83	0	0		
April	53	46	186	186	54	49	0	0		
Мау	51	51	135	135	155	133	Ō	ō		
June	105	101	129	129	109	102	ŏ	ŏ		
July	111	111	143	143	65	65	ő	ŏ		
August	99	93	108	108	91	85	0	0		
September	97	97	165		57		-			
October	42	36	165	158		38	0	0		
November	42 53			167	54	43	0	0		
		53	114	114	36	23	0	0		
December Average	24 65	24 62	120 124	120 123	60 78	60 70	0	0		
•	(b)	, h ,					•	v		
3 January	())	(٢)	90	89	37	37	0	0		
February	- C 1	(٢)	88	88	52	51	0	0		
March	(þ)	(^b)	126	123	67	64	Ó	Ō		
April	(Ľ)	(^D)	127	127	76	76	Ō	õ		
May	(Þ)	(^D)	169	169	82	82	ŏ	ŏ		
June	(Þ)	(Þ)	107	107	97	67	ŏ	ŏ		
July	<u>}</u> b{	ζÞί	168	166	55	55	ő	0		
August	}ь(ζbζ	152	152	95	55 80	0			
September)b(<u>}ь{</u>	211					0		
October)b()b(211	51	40	0	0		
November	E	SP (242	242	131	82	0	0		
11-Month Average	(b)	(Ĕ) (Ď)	143 148	136 147	74 74	34 61	0	0		
-	. ,	. ,						-		
2 11-Month Average 1 11-Month Average	69 65	65 55	124	123	80	71	0	0		

a Excludes petroleum imported into the United States indirectly from members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), primarily from Caribbean and West European areas, as petroleum products that were refined from crude oil produced by OPEC. b Ecuador withdrew from OPEC on December 31, 1992. As of January

29, 1987.

(s)=Less than 500 barrels per day. Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports are included. . Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

1993, imports from Ecuador appear on Table 3.3f under "Non-OPEC." ^C A small amount of Iranian crude oil entered the United States in January

1988 from the Virgin Islands. The oil originated in Iran and was exported to the Virgin Islands prior to the signing of Executive Order 12613 on October

Table 3.3d Petroleum Imports: Nigeria, Venezuela, Total Non-Arab OPEC, and Total OPEC

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

		Non-Arat	OPECa					
	Nig	jeria	Ven	ezuela	Non-Ara	otal b OPECa,b		otal EC ^{a,b}
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude O
973 Average	459	448	1,135	344	2,078	1,257	2,993	2,095
974 Average	713	697	979	319	2,527	1,827	3,280	2,540
975 Average	762	746	702	395	2,219	1,882	3,601	3,211
976 Average	1,025	1,014	700	241	2,642	2,167	5,066	4,545
77 Average	1,143	1,130	690	250	3,008	2,507	6,193	5,643
78 Average	919	910	646	181	2,788	2,254	5,751	5,184
79 Average	1,080	1,069	690	293	2,579	2,110	5,637	5,112
80 Average	857	841	481	156	1,749	1,361	4,300	3,864
81 Average	620	611	406	147	1,476	1,149	3,323	2,922
82 Average	514	510	412	155	1,291	998	2,146	1,734
83 Average	302	301	422	164	1,231	944	1,862	1,477
84 Average	216	207	548	253	1,230	878	2,049	1,512
85 Average	293	280	605	306	1,358	1,012	1,830	1,312
86 Average	440	437	793	416	1,674	1,259	2,837	2,113
87 Average	535	529	804	488	1,787	1,435	3,060	2,400
	618	607	794	439	1,681	1,281	3,520	2,696
88 Average	815	800	873	495	2,010	1,582	4,140	3,376
B9 Average	800	784	1,025	666	2,052	1,650	4,296	3,514
90 Average	800	704	1,020		_,	.,	· • -	
Od Jamuani	504	481	1,005	673	1,637	1,271	3,898	3,101
91 January	721	717	959	686	2,003	1,705	3,815	3,264
February	531	531	998	631	1,718	1,342	3,623	3,033
March	677	649	845	470	1,698	1,283	3,744	3,059
April		838	997	581	2,158	1,715	4,724	3,839
May	860			705	2,354	1,915	4,498	3,747
June	832	827	1,135	683	2,304	1,855	4,232	3,525
July	833	817	1,102	701	2,304	1,966	4,602	3,946
August	1,016	983	1,070	790	2,009	1,589	3,956	3,204
September	489	467	1,163			1,694	4,023	3,343
October	651	623	1,087	777	2,067		4,023	3,328
November	704	674	1,065	671	2,099	1,644	•	3,116
December Average	617 703	593 683	987 1,035	655 668	1,899 2,028	1,496 1,622	3,791 4,092	3,377
-				787	1,984	1,617	4,224	3,554
92 January	593	566	1,119	655	1,555	1,150	3,549	2,895
February	322	303	1,028	793	1,684	1,336	3,606	2,941
March	441	409	1,106	793	2,169	1,791	4,085	3,334
April	798	788	1,079	745	2,152	1,837	4,118	3,428
May	773	773	1,038	745	2,132	1,809	4,029	3,430
June	740	740	1,059				4,339	3,772
July	900	883	1,163	912	2,382	2,114		3,473
August	815	795	1,102	841	2,215	1,922	4,144	3,473
September	774	754	1,333	953	2,426	2,001	4,274	3,531
October	827	813	1,497	1,073	2,587	2,133	4,507	
November	626	608	1,343	921	2,173	1,719	4,086	3,376
December	549	532	1,164	763	1,917	1,499	4,105	3,381
Average	681	665	1,170	826	2,117	1,746	4,092	3,406
93 January	729	729	1,385	1,038	^b 2,241	^b 1,892	^b 4,225	^b 3,620
February	927	913	1,290	925	2,358	1,976	4,491	3,685
March	928	892	1,208	817	2,330	1,897	4,317	3,552
April	892	871	1,297	1,006	2,392	2,080	4,553	3,863
May	741	723	1,226	954	2,219	1,929	4,253	3,574
June	848	827	1,277	992	2,329	1,992	4,321	3,721
July	893	888	1,384	1,068	2,500	2,177	4,404	3,715
August	562	549	1,375	1,135	2,183	1,915	4,043	3,431
September	514	496	1,243	1,033	2,018	1,779	3,984	3,391
October	603	593	1,267	993	2,242	1,910	4,203	3,484
November	636	612	1,267	1,073	2,120	1,855	4,104	3,523
11-Month Average	751	734	1,293	1,003	2,266	1,946	4,262	3,595
92 11-Month Average	693	677	1,170	832	2,136	1,769	4,090	3,409
	711	692	1,039	670	2,040	1,634	4,120	3,401
991 11-Month Average		~~2			_,	•	•	

^a Excludes petroleum imported into the United States indirectly from members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), primarily from Caribbean and West European areas, as petroleum products that were refined from crude oil produced by OPEC.

that were refined from crude oil produced by OPEC. ^b As of January 1993, excludes petroleum imported from Ecuador, which withdrew from OPEC on December 31, 1992.

Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports

are included. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Table 3.3ePetroleum Imports: Angola, Australia, Bahama Islands, Brazil,
Canada, and China

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

						Non-O	PECa					
	A	ngola	Au	Istralia		ahama lands	E	Brazil	Ca	anada		China
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil
1973 Average	49	49	2	0	174	0	9	0	1 225	1 001		
1974 Average	49	48	1	ŏ	164	ů	2	ů 0	1,325 1,070	1,001	(s)	0
1975 Average	75	71	5	ŏ	152	ŏ	5	ŏ	•	791	0	0
1976 Average	12	7	2	ŏ	118	ŏ	0	0	846 599	600	0	0
1977 Average	24	17	3	ŏ	171	ŏ	ŏ	0	588	371 279	0	0
1978 Average	20	6	5	ŏ	160	ŏ	ő	ŏ	467		0	0
1979 Average	43	39	6	ŏ	147	ő	1	ŏ		248		0
1980 Average	42	37	1	ŏ	78	0	3	1	538	271	13	13
1981 Average	49	45	5	ŏ	74	ŏ	23	14	455 447	199	(8)	0
1982 Average	44	42	5	(s)	65	ŏ	47	19	447	164	18	0
1983 Average	78	71	4	(3)	125	ů ů	41	2	402 547	214	40	8
1984 Average	90	85	38	25	88	ŏ	60	(8)	547 630	274 341	34	6
1985 Average	110	104	37	21	40	ő	61	(8)			46	15
1986 Average	112	102	41	30	37	ŏ	50	0	770 807	468 570	59	36
1987 Average	192	180	58	49	37	ŏ	84	ŏ	807	570 608	90 82	68 63
1988 Average	212	203	64	59	32	ŏ	98	ŏ	999	681	82 88	82
1989 Average	284	279	36	31	34	ŏ	82	ŏ	931	630	80 80	82 76
1990 Average	237	236	53	47	37	ŏ	49	ŏ	934	643	80 80	76 77
1991 January	232	232	21	21	25	0	31	0	978	718	68	63
February	202	202	0	0	14	0	13	0	1,135	881	102	96
March	186	186	0	0	0	0	0	Ō	1,058	764	96	96
April	337	337	55	55	35	0	17	Ō	1,103	768	113	113
Мау	220	220	64	57	42	0	31	Ó	1.027	752	119	113
June	205	205	43	31	30	ŏ	41	ŏ	986	705	144	139
July	264	264	20	20	19	0	21	ō	848	615	88	88
August	298	298	37	22	78	ō	27	ŏ	1,011	694	85	75
September	230	230	24	24	29	õ	19	ŏ	1,137	849	91	86
October	300	300	13	0	51	ŏ	16	ŏ	936	639	29	24
November	213	213	25	13	46	ŏ	45	ŏ	1,107	796	96	96
December	359	359	13	13	53	ŏ	8	ŏ	1,083	759	65	65
Average	254	254	26	21	35	ŏ	22	ŏ	1,033	743	91	87
1992 January	360	360	11	11	63	0	18	0	1,045	786	144	144
February	246	246	10	10	47	0	12	0	1,147	834	80	69
March	339	339	0	0	76	0	(s)	0	1,100	832	75	75
April	381	381	39	22	67	0	17	0	1,121	835	86	69
May	264	264	0	0	46	0	18	0	1,013	779	129	114
June	286	286	21	21	57	0	28	0	970	736	110	95
July	443	443	20	20	22	0	25	0	1,044	798	68	64
August	335	323	21	21	8	0	10	0	1,038	762	66	66
September	248	248	0	0	8	0	21	0	1,131	839	80	75
October	395	395	11	11	1	0	10	0	1,063	761	61	61
November	458	458	53	49	20	0	32	0	1,037	784	86	86
December Average	279 336	279 336	38 19	38 17	19 36	0	50	0	1,122	816	97	90
						- -	20	0	1,069	797	90	84
1993 January	354	354	0	0	18	0	3	0	1,034	778	60	60
February	348	348	0	0	19	0	22	0	1,084	782	44	44
March	408	408	0	0	30	0	27	0	1,065	814	79	73
April	322	322	0	0	16	0	56	0	1,032	783	0	0
May	287	287	13	13	8	0	41	0	1,119	874	40	40
June	209	209	34	34	7	0	19	0	1,111	910	48	46
July	386	386	40	40	31	0	48	0	1,247	991	24	24
August	258	258	33	27	37	0	32	0	1,237	966	38	38
September	282	282	0	0	27	0	59	0	1,309	1,018	91	89
October	440	440	53	47	42	0	15	0	1,367	1,030	61	61
November 11-Month Average	283 326	283 326	0 16	0 15	26 24	0 0	51 34	0	1,231 1,168	917 897	68 50	68 49
1992 11-Month Average	342	341	17	15	38	0	17	0	-			
1991 11-Month Average	245	245	28	22	38	0	24	0	1,064 1,028	795 742	90 93	84 90
					••	•		•	1,020	. 74	4 4	U U

^a Includes petroleum imported into the United States indirectly from members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), primarily from Caribbean and West European areas, as petroleum products that were refined from crude oil produced by OPEC.

(s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports

are included. $\bullet\,$ Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Table 3.3f Petroleum Imports: Colombia, Ecuador, Italy, Malaysia, Mexico, and Netherlands

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

		Non-OPEC ^a											
		Col	ombia	Ecu	uadorb	I	italy	Ma	laysia	N	lexico	Not	nerlands
		Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil
1973 Aver	age	9	2	-	-	125	0	12	1	16	1	53	0
1974 Aver	age	5	0	-	-	74	0	12	1	8	2 70	43 19	0
1975 Avera	age	9	0	-	-	27	0	8	5	71	87	8	0
1976 Avera	age	21	6	-	-	39	0	18	16	87		31	
1977 Avera	age	17	0	-	-	51	0	66	55	179	177	5	4
1978 Aver	age	20	0	-	-	38	0	42	37	318	316	-	7
1979 Avera	age	18	0	-	-	30	0	66	52	439	437	23	*
1980 Aver	age	4	0	-	-	4	0	70	61	533	507	2	(8)
1981 Aver	age	1	0	-	-	11	0	36	33	522	469	30	(8)
1982 Aver	age	5	0	-	-	18	(8)	20	18	685	645	35	(8)
1983 Aver	age	10	0	-	-	18	(8)	4	3	826	766	65	3
1984 Aver	age	8	0	-	-	45	(8)	1	0	748	659	65	3
1985 Aver	age	23	0	-	-	60	(8)	3	1	816	715	58	Ű
1986 Avera	ago	87	57	-	-	76	0	12	11	699	621	54	0
1987 Aver	age	148	115	-	-	54	1	13	12	655	602	60	0
1988 Aver	age	134	106	-	-	65	5	19	19	747	674	61	0
1989 Aver	age	172	136	-	-	34	3	39	39	767	716	49	U O
1990 Aver	age	182	140	-	-	58	2	41	40	755	689	55	U
1991 Janu	ary	194	174	-		25	0	0	0	798	778	6	0
	uary	151	98	_	-	42	13	9	9	742	693	17	0
	h	157	127	-	-	29	0	21	21	795	772	33	0
		163	131	-	-	41	12	0	0	891	819	35	0
		163	112	-	-	60	0	66	66	757	736	45	0
		169	124	-	-	46	0	63	63	919	872	49	0
		163	111	_	_	54	Ō	9	9	835	748	47	0
	ist	219	162	-	_	57	11	14	14	878	797	30	0
	ember	168	103	-	-	89	0	10	10	805	768	44	0
	ber	128	80	-	_	41	ŏ	64	64	811	754	16	0
	ember	145	135	_	-	15	Ō	10	10	716	656	24	0
	ember	138	117	_	_	61	Ó	14	14	732	708	4	0
	age	163	123	· _	-	47	3	24	24	807	759	29	0
1992 Janu	ary	158	111	_	_	51	0	0	0	764	721	31	0
	uary	114	92	_	_	48	0	0	0	838	807	9	0
		101	74	_	_	44	0	0	0	846	809	34	0
		150	129	_	-	75	0	0	0	857	795	8	0
•		57	46	-	-	57	0	5	. 5	788	764	27	0
		135	114	-	-	69	0	8	8	905	883	25	0
		103	93	-	-	36	0	40	40	830	788	21	0
		156	142	_	_	94	0	22	22	857	790	45	0
	ember	190	179	_	-	81	ō	17	17	755	720	39	0
	ber	153	132	-	-	37	0	17	17	829		18	
	ember	127	84	-	-	33	0	8	8	762	700	26	
	ember	66	34	_	-	37	Õ	4	4	930		33	0
•	rage	126	102	-	-	55	0	10	10	830	787	26	0
1003 Janu	iary	188	167	76	70	48	0	0	0	858	820	11	0
	uary	148	137	14	14	34	ŏ	ŏ		807		18	0
			129	59	59	43	ŏ	11	10	861		11	
	ch		138	74	62	14	ŏ			844		. 0	
			90	56	56	18	ŏ	21	10	907		10	0
			143	75	75	22	ŏ	0		995		10	
			143	85	85	25	ŏ	11	11	943		20	
			104	121	121	50	ŏ	14		862		17	
	usti lember		170	49	49	32	-	28		929		22	
			182	146	135	30	ŏ	10		1,013		Č	
	ombor		143	140	106	25	ŏ	0		1,100		(s)	ŏ
	ember Aonth Average		143	80	76	31	ŏ	9		920		11	
	-		400			57	0	11	11	821	778	26	. 0
1992 11-N	Ionth Average	131	109	-	-	ə/	v			941		24	Ŏ

a Includes petroleum imported into the United States indirectly from members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), primarily from Caribbean and West European areas, as petroleum products that were refined from crude oil produced by OPEC. ^b Through 1992, Ecuador was a member of OPEC. See Table 3.3c.

- =Not applicable. (s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports are included. . Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Table 3.3gPetroleum Imports: Netherlands Antilles, Norway, Puerto Rico, Russia,
Spain, and Trinidad and Tobago

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Non-OPEC ^a											
		herlands ntilles	N	orway	Pue	rto Rico	R	ussia ^b		Spain		inidad Tobago
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil
1973 Average	585	. 0	1	0	99	0	06	•	-			
1974 Average	511	ŏ	i	1	90	0	26 20	0	26	0	255	60
1975 Average	332	ŏ	17	12	90	0	14	0	12	0	251	63
1976 Average	275	ŏ	36	35	88	ů ů	11	2	1	0	242	115
1977 Average	211	ŏ	50	48	105	ő	12	2	1	0	274	104
1978 Average	229	ŏ	104	104	94	0		-	10	0	289	134
1979 Average	231	ŏ	75	75	94	0	8 1	1	3	0	253	142
1980 Average	225	ŏ	144	144	88	0	1	0	4	0	190	123
1981 Average	197	ŏ	119	114	62	0	5	•	1	0	176	115
1982 Average	175	ŏ	102	102	50	0	1	(8)	1	(8)	133	102
1983 Average	189	ŏ	66	65	40	0	1	0	3	(8)	112	92
1984 Average	188	õ	114	112		0	-	(8)	2	(8)	96	83
1985 Average	40	ŏ	32	31	42 28	0	13	(s)	11	0	94	87
1986 Average	25	ŏ	60	53		-	8	(8)	29	1	113	98
1987 Average	29	. 0	80	53	21 21	0	18	(8)	53	0	125	93
1988 Average	36		67	62	21	0	11	0	55	0	106	75
1989 Average	42	ŏ	138	127	32	0	29	0	68	0	97	71
1990 Average	31	õ	102	96	32	0	48 45	0 1	67 47	0 0	94 96	73 76
1991 January	103	0	45	34	22	0	28	0	26	0	75	64
February	23	Ō	37	37	20	ŏ	17	ŏ	18	ŏ	76	76
March	56	0	25	16	14	ō	13	ŏ	13	ŏ	86	73
April	61	0	51	35	23	ŏ	39	ŏ	66	ŏ	84	64
May	113	0	165	156	42	ŏ	42	ŏ	53	ŏ`	61	61
June	84	0	99	84	19	õ	Ō	ŏ	41	ŏ	118	104
July	86	0	69	63	25	ŏ	58	õ	22	ŏ	91	72
August	100	0	142	136	42	ŏ	80	11	48	ŏ	91	66
September	67	0	79	72	34	ŏ	23	Ö	42	ŏ	119	75
October	90	Ō	98	98	12	ŏ	13	ŏ	24	ő	88	75
November	100	Ó	73	65	35	ŏ	16	ŏ	19	ŏ	77	69
December	88	0	94	88	36	ō	16	ŏ	26	ŏ	87	71
Average	81	0	82	74	27	ŏ	29	· 1	33	ŏ	88	72
1992 January	40	0	25	17	32	0	17	0	35	0	108	79
February	82	0	11	0	23	0	3	Ō	16	ō	109	76
March	49	0	11	0	18	0	0	0	37	Õ	105	85
April	73	0	155	147	14	0	0	0	35	ŏ	79	75
Мау	59	0	210	200	22	0	0	0	30	Õ	69	54
June	83	0	234	225	36	0	0	0	46	Ō	94	• 74
July	49	0	186	179	11	0	72	32	18	ŏ	103	78
August	65	0	142	134	38	Ō	62	31	29	ŏ	106	54
September	60	0	103	102	37	Ō	53	0	56	ŏ	84	56
October	90	0	190	177	29	0	9	ō	32	ŏ	108	71
November	56	0	111	104	26	Ō	Ō	ō	36	ŏ	85	62
December	80	0	140	133	28	0	0	Ó	17	ō	91	71
Average	65	0	127	119	26	0	18	5	32	Ō	95	70
1993 January	73	0	70	70	37	0	0	0	44	0	59	48
February	80	0	62	61	21	0	0	0	25	0	72	58
	61	0	122	115	26	0	0	0	21	0	92	71
April	86	0	109	109	18	0	16	16	61	0	78	55
May	77	0	65	65	38	0	32	32	34	0	61	51
June	55	0	160	160	29	0	59	34	20	0	77	55
July	52	0	215	215	49	0	157	134	41	0	82	53
August	52	0	180	161	30	0	26	0	. 37	0	50	37
September	97	0	113	113	28	0	57	29	54	0	70	55
October	111	0	115	93	30	0	176	123	33	0	69	54
November	83	0	162	155	23	0	56	32	30	0	66	55
11-Month Average	75	0	125	120	30	0	53	37	36	0	71	54
1992 11-Month Average	64	0	126	117	26	0	20	6	34	0	96	70
1991 11-Month Average	81	0	81	73	26	0	30	1	34	0	88	73

^a Includes petroleum imported into the United States indirectly from members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), primarily from Caribbean and West European areas, as petroleum products that were refined from crude oil produced by OPEC. ^b Imports from other States in the former U.S.S.R. may be included in

Imports from other States in the former U.S.S.R. may be included in imports from Russia for the years 1973 through 1992.

(s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports are included. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Table 3.3hPetroleum Imports: United Kingdom, Virgin Islands, Other Non-OPEC,
Total Non-OPEC, and Total Imports

177 Average 15 0 322 0 15 35 36 3.263 1.149 6.256 3.24 197 Average 18 0 391 0 122 30 2.332 112 347 6.12 347 6.12 347 6.12 347 6.12 347 6.12 347 6.12 347 7.22 7.313 5.28 6.05 6.05 7.67 6.12 347 7.42 7.313 5.28 6.05 6.05 6.05 6.05 7.74 7.42 7.313 5.28 6.05 6.05 6.05 6.05 6.05 6.05 6.05 6.05 6.05 6.05 6.05 6.05 6.05 6.05 6.05 6.05 6.05 6.05 6.05 7.42 7.43 8.05 6.05 7.42 7.43 8.05 6.07 7.42 6.05 7.44 5.09 6.05 7.42 5.05 3.22 7.47 5.03 7.44 5.05				Non							
172 Average 15 0 324 0 153 35 3.263 1.149 6.256 3.24 1974 Average 14 (6) 406 122 30 2.332 507 6.112 3.47 1975 Average 13 13 422 0 203 101 2.247 7.313 5.26 1976 Average 160 169 428 0 239 144 2.412 1.72 8.433 6.55 1976 Average 157 3.03 327 0 226 163 2.2471 1.54.55 5.513 3.348 1982 Average 310 279 247 0 3348 1.914 5.651 3.24 1985 Average 310 279 247 0 344 137 3.237 2.846 5.671 3.247 1986 Average 315 254 242 0 467 <				Virgir	ı Islands						
ipri Average ipri Average<		Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oi
1974 Average 6 0 391 0 122 300 2,832 807 6,112 3,47 1975 Average 31 19 4262 0 200 141 2,484 893 6,555 4,100 1976 Average 180 169 428 0 229 167 2,812 1,172 8,833 6,555 4,555 4,555 4,555 4,555 4,555 5,555 5,555 5,555 5,555 5,555 5,555 5,555 5,555 5,555 5,555 5,555 5,555 5,528 5,549 141 2,317 2,456 5,728 4,17 5,956 5,228 5,748 4,17 3,229 5,556 4,167 3,227 2,451 5,749 4,16 5,185 <	1973 Average	15	-								3,244
1976 Average 31 13 422 0 203 101 2.27 7.42 7.313 5.28 1977 Average 126 97 466 0 2.97 157 2.614 6.71 6.80 6.81 1978 Average 120 167 431 0 2.98 162 2.819 1.407 6.456 6.55 1980 Average 176 173 384 0 219 162 2.809 1.393 6.009 5.26 1981 Average 452 444 312 0 307 114 5.363 5.051 3.39 1982 Average 310 276 247 0 344 3.387 1.864 5.067 3.24 1.477 5.364 4.47 3.42 1985 Average 310 276 247 0 342 1.447 3.437 3.42 4.471 3.42 1.464 3.387 2.065 5.24 4.47 1.42 1.467 4.56 5.44 4.71 4.904 5.96 9.917 3.247 2.447	1974 Average	-			-					•	3,477
1977 Average 126 97 466 0 287 157 2,614 971 6,807 6,81 1978 Average 202 197 431 0 289 146 2,812 1,172 8,353 6,33 1978 Average 202 197 431 0 269 142 2,809 1,309 6,909 5,228 1981 Average 345 456 441 316 0 306 174 2,968 1,774 5,183 3,489 1,414 5,505 3,239 1,414 5,505 3,239 1,414 5,505 3,239 1,414 5,677 3,232 1983 Average 315 234 0 446 147 3,339 1,414 5,677 3,232 1983 Average 315 254 242 0 4471 196 3,6877 2,274 6,767 4,67 1988 Average 315 254 242 0 4471 196 3,682 2,411 7,402 5,10 1989 Average 115 215	1975 Average				-						4,105
1978 Average 180 169 428 0 299 146 2,812 1,172 6,353 6,35 1978 Average 176 173 388 0 219 162 2,819 1,407 6,456 6,51 1980 Average 375 360 327 0 226 163 2,672 1,474 5,996 4,319 1981 Average 342 355 282 0 376 216 1,518 1,518 1,513 3,48 1983 Average 343 350 317 244 0 446 1,387 2,065 6,224 4,71 1985 Average 352 304 272 0 456 146 3,387 2,665 6,224 4,71 1985 Average 315 254 242 0 457 196 3,617 2,717 2,746 6,678 4,57 1985 Average 315 254 242 0 457 197 3,921 2,467 6,061 5,44 1990 Average 315 254					-						5,287
1979 Average 202 197 431 0 269 192 2,819 1,407 6,456 6,51 1960 Average 375 369 327 0 236 163 2,672 1,474 5,996 4,39 1981 Average 345 346 441 316 0 306 174 2,968 1,754 5,113 3,48 1983 Average 342 355 222 0 378 2115 3,198 1,415 3,137 3,247 3,427 3,48 1,914 5,437 3,42 1985 Average 310 277 247 0 487 197 3,237 1,848 5,057 3,317 3,44 3,47 3,447 4,647 5,646 5,46 1985 Average 315 254 242 0 467 196 3,827 7,103 5,29 5,89 191 3,025 2,167 7,103 5,29 1986 Average 155 282 0 417 180 3,051 2,216 6,865 5,48	1977 Average				-						6,615
1980 Average 176 173 388 0 219 162 2,609 1,389 6,309 5,26 1981 Average 355 366 327 0 236 163 2,672 1,474 5,505 3,489 1982 Average 362 355 282 0 376 3,686 1,914 5,437 3,429 1984 Average 310 278 294 0 411 210 3,388 1,914 5,437 3,42 1986 Average 310 278 244 0 425 144 3,387 2,055 6,224 4,17 1986 Average 315 250 341 0 417 160 3,027 2,247 6,056 5,44 1980 Average 189 155 251 0 417 160 3,271 2,361 6,018 5,89 1990 January 32 19 261 0 235 13 3,051 2,213 6,646 5,16 1991 January 32 221 1,802 0					-				•	•	6,356
1981 Average 375 369 327 0 236 163 2,272 1,274 5,996 4,39 1982 Average 382 365 282 0 376 215 3,189 1,754 5,113 3,48 1983 Average 310 278 247 0 344 137 3,237 1,848 5,667 3,20 1986 Average 315 254 244 0 426 144 3,987 2,065 6,224 4,17 1987 Average 315 254 242 0 437 196 3,882 2,211 6,678 4,67 1988 Average 315 254 242 0 447 196 3,882 2,211 6,678 4,67 1988 Average 315 254 242 0 417 180 3,721 2,818 8,018 5,694 1980 Average 315 221 0 437 197 3,205 2,161 7,402 5,10 1980 Average 316 132 241 0	1979 Average				-	- · ·					6,519
1982 Average 456 441 316 0 306 174 2,068 1,754 5,113 3,44 1983 Average 310 278 224 0 317 3,227 1,653 5,061 3,22 1985 Average 310 278 244 0 434 137 3,237 1,688 5,067 3,20 1986 Average 350 317 244 0 459 1964 3,817 2,065 6,224 4,17 1986 Average 315 254 242 0 457 197 3,822 2,461 6,061 5,44 1989 Average 116 0 235 91 3,205 2,195 7,103 5,29 1991 January 32 19 261 0 235 91 3,205 2,195 7,103 5,29 1991 January 32 19 261 0 236 93,074 2,540 6,55 4,40 1914 January 32 19 246 0 239 69 3,674 2,		176	173	388	-	- · ·					5,263
1983 Average 382 365 282 0 378 215 3,188 1,683 5,051 3,328 1986 Average 310 278 247 0 344 137 3,327 1,888 5,067 3,20 1986 Average 350 317 244 0 426 144 3,387 1,888 5,067 3,20 1986 Average 315 254 242 0 457 197 3,821 2,411 7,402 5,101 1989 Average 1199 15 224 0 457 197 3,821 2,467 8,061 5,44 1989 Average 1199 15 224 0 457 197 3,221 2,467 8,061 5,44 1980 Average 199 261 0 255 91 3,205 2,217 6,65 5,46 1980 Average 130 252 0 130 96 3,205 2,217 6,65 5,46 1990 Average 322 19 244 0 259 <td< td=""><td>1981 Average</td><td>375</td><td>369</td><td>327</td><td>-</td><td>236</td><td>163</td><td>2,672</td><td></td><td>5,996</td><td>4,396</td></td<>	1981 Average	375	369	327	-	236	163	2,672		5,996	4,396
1984 Average 402 378 294 0 411 210 3,388 1,914 5,437 3,428 1985 Average 310 278 247 0 344 137 3,237 1,888 5,067 3,20 1986 Average 352 304 272 0 459 196 3,617 2,247 6,678 4,47 1986 Average 315 254 242 0 447 196 3,882 2,411 7,402 5,10 1986 Average 119 155 282 0 417 190 3,721 2,381 8,018 5,89 1991 Average 189 155 282 0 417 190 3,203 2,133 6,446 5,16 1991 Average 131 245 0 256 99 3,674 2,624 8,518 6,36 1991 Average 105 70 234 0 3,444 2,440 7,418 5,56 </td <td>1982 Average</td> <td>456</td> <td>441</td> <td>316</td> <td>0</td> <td>306</td> <td>174</td> <td>2,968</td> <td>1,754</td> <td>5,113</td> <td>3,488</td>	1982 Average	456	441	316	0	306	174	2,968	1,754	5,113	3,488
1984 Average	1983 Average	382	365	282	0	378	215	3,189	1,853	5,051	3,329
1966 Average 350 317 244 0 426 144 3,387 2,065 6,224 4,47 1968 Average 315 254 242 0 447 196 3,682 2,411 7,402 5,10 1969 Average 215 160 321 0 457 197 3,921 2,467 6,661 5,44 1980 Average 189 155 282 0 417 180 3,721 2,381 8,018 5,89 1981 Average 32 19 261 0 235 91 3,205 2,195 7,103 5,29 February 34 21 222 180 66 3,051 2,221 6,865 5,48 March 48 19 214 0 179 60 3,023 2,133 6,646 5,16 April 611 37 245 0 236 3,744 2,524 8,518 6,33 June 105 70 234 0 346 247 7,425		402	378	294	0	411	210	3,388	1,914	5,437	3,426
1986 Average 350 317 244 0 426 144 3,867 2,065 6,224 4,47 1986 Average 315 254 242 0 459 196 3,862 2,411 7,402 5,10 1988 Average 215 160 210 457 197 3,921 2,467 6,667 5,44 1990 Average 199 155 282 0 417 180 3,721 2,381 8,018 5,48 1990 Average 32 19 261 0 235 91 3,205 2,195 7,103 5,29 February 34 21 222 180 96 3,024 2,427 0,466 5,64 March 48 19 214 0 179 60 3,023 2,133 6,644 5,16 June 105 70 234 0 349 129 3,444 2,524 8,518 6,33 July 254 217 208 0 3,44 2,304 7,457 </td <td>1985 Average</td> <td>310</td> <td>278</td> <td>247</td> <td>0</td> <td>394</td> <td>137</td> <td>3,237</td> <td>1,888</td> <td>5,067</td> <td>3,201</td>	1985 Average	310	278	247	0	394	137	3,237	1,888	5,067	3,201
1987 Average 352 304 272 0 459 196 3,617 2,274 6,678 4,677 1988 Average 215 160 321 0 457 197 3,921 2,467 6,061 5,44 1980 Average 1189 155 282 0 417 180 3,212 2,381 6,016 5,48 1990 Average 189 12 222 0 180 96 3,051 2,221 6,665 5,44 March 48 19 214 0 79 60 3,051 2,222 8,665 5,44 March 48 19 214 0 79 60 3,051 2,224 8,618 6,36 June 105 70 234 0 349 180 3,747 2,687 8,248 6,33 July 228 164 191 0 344 275 3,524 2,407 7,55 5,56 Aquest 2261 134 0,867 197 3,617 <		350	317	244	0	426	144	3,387	2,065	6,224	4,178
1988 Average 315 254 242 0 487 196 3,842 2,411 7,402 5,10 1980 Average 199 155 282 0 417 190 3,721 2,381 8,018 5,84 1990 Average 199 155 282 0 417 190 3,721 2,381 8,018 5,84 March 44 19 214 0 179 60 3,023 2,133 6,646 5,64 April 61 37 245 0 256 99 3,674 2,470 7,418 5,52 May 222 188 264 0 239 63 3,794 2,524 8,518 6,33 Jule 224 164 191 0 344 27,40 7,455 5,55 August 2254 2,17 208 369 197 4,667 2,699 8,670 6,44 Soptember 210 166 262 0 352 139 3,444 2,340 <td< td=""><td></td><td>352</td><td>304</td><td>272</td><td>0</td><td>459</td><td>196</td><td>3,617</td><td>2,274</td><td>6,678</td><td>4,674</td></td<>		352	304	272	0	459	196	3,617	2,274	6,678	4,674
1989 Average 215 160 321 0 457 197 3,921 2,467 8,061 5,89 1990 Average 199 155 282 0 417 180 3,721 2,381 8,016 5,89 1991 January 32 19 261 0 235 91 3,205 2,195 7,103 5,229 March 48 19 214 0 179 60 3,051 2,221 6,865 5,44 March 61 37 245 0 256 99 3,674 2,424 8,516 6,36 June 105 70 234 0 349 189 3,747 2,567 8,548 6,33 July 228 164 191 0 344 275 3,524 2,430 7,457 5,565 August 254 217 206 0 369 197 4,067 2,689 8,670 6,86 59 3,444 2,300 7,647 5,565 Average <t< td=""><td></td><td>315</td><td>254</td><td>242</td><td>0</td><td>487</td><td>196</td><td>3,882</td><td>2,411</td><td>7,402</td><td>5,107</td></t<>		315	254	242	0	487	196	3,882	2,411	7,402	5,107
1990 Average 189 155 282 0 417 180 3,721 2,381 8,018 5,89 1991 January 32 19 261 0 235 91 3,205 2,195 7,103 5,29 March 48 19 214 0 179 60 3,051 2,221 6,665 5,44 Ayril 61 37 245 0 236 63 3,674 2,470 7,418 5,52 May 222 189 264 0 239 63 3,747 2,587 8,445 6,33 July 228 164 191 0 384 275 3,524 2,400 7,457 6,46 September 218 194 269 0 374 197 3,517 2,508 6,464 November 84 18 264 0 335 130 3,444 2,340 7,467 5,568 Decomber 154 151 260 229 104 3,548 2,402 <td></td> <td>215</td> <td>160</td> <td>321</td> <td>0</td> <td>457</td> <td>197</td> <td>3,921</td> <td>2,467</td> <td>8,061</td> <td>5,843</td>		215	160	321	0	457	197	3,921	2,467	8,061	5,843
Fabruary 34 21 222 0 180 96 3.051 2.221 6.865 5.46 March 48 19 214 0 179 60 3.023 2.133 6.44 5.16 May 222 188 264 0 239 63 3.794 2.524 8.518 6.33 June 105 70 234 0 349 189 3.744 2.547 6.245 6.33 July 228 164 191 0 384 275 3.524 2.430 7.755 5.56 August 2281 164 191 0 384 2.300 7.667 5.68 August 2281 164 191 0 384 2.300 7.615 5.562 August 231 166 229 104 3.535 2.405 7.627 5.76 Isoz 153 152 0 2.08					0	417	180		2,381	8,018	5,894
February 34 21 222 0 180 96 3.051 2.221 6.865 5.48 March 61 37 245 0 256 99 3.674 2.470 7.418 5.22 May 222 188 264 0 239 63 3.794 2.524 8.518 6.33 June 105 70 234 0 349 189 3.747 2.587 8.245 6.33 July 228 164 191 0 344 275 3.524 2.430 7.755 5.55 August 228 164 191 0 344 2.400 7.615 5.62 Cotober 201 168 262 0 229 104 3.544 2.300 7.615 5.52 December 154 151 260 0 229 104 3.644 2.000 7.617 5.78 Average 138 106 243 0 282 137 3.535 2.402 7	1991 January	32	19	261	0	235	91	3,205	2,195	7,103	5,296
April 61 37 245 0 256 99 3.674 2.470 7.418 5.52 May 222 188 244 0 349 63 3.794 2.524 8.518 6.53 July 228 164 191 0 384 275 3.524 2.430 7.755 5.55 August 228 164 191 0 384 275 3.524 2.430 7.755 5.56 August 228 184 191 0 384 275 3.524 2.430 7.467 5.68 November 211 166 229 0 3.444 2.000 7.615 5.52 December 154 151 260 2282 137 3.535 2.405 7.627 5.78 Average 138 106 243 0 282 137 3.535 2.405 7.617 5.65 5.67 Ma		34	21	222	0	180	96	3,051	2,221	6,865	5,485
May 222 188 264 0 239 63 3,784 2,524 8,518 6,56 June 105 70 234 0 349 169 3,747 2,587 8,245 6,33 July 228 164 191 0 344 275 3,524 2,430 7,755 5,55 August 254 217 208 0 369 197 4,067 2,699 8,670 6,64 September 218 184 269 0 374 197 3,671 2,608 7,825 5,56 December 154 151 286 0 229 104 3,546 2,448 7,337 5,56 Average 138 106 243 0 222 194 3,544 2,402 7,712 5,56 February 63 0 222 0 345 114 3,462 2,402 7,625 5,72	March	48	19	214	0	179	60	3,023	2,133	6,646	5,166
May	April	61	37	245	0	256	99	3,674	2,470	7,418	5,529
June 105 70 234 0 349 189 3,747 2,587 8,245 6,33 July 228 164 191 0 384 275 3,524 2,430 7,555 5,585 August 254 217 208 0 369 197 4,067 2,699 8,670 6,644 September 218 194 269 0 374 197 3,871 2,608 7,826 5,618 November 84 18 264 0 335 130 3,444 2,400 7,615 5,528 December 154 151 286 0 229 104 3,546 2,402 7,712 5,56 Average 138 106 243 0 282 137 3,535 2,405 7,627 5,78 1982 January 129 115 250 0 208 0 3,458 2,402 7,762		222	188	264	0	239	63	3,794	2,524	8,518	6,363
July 228 164 191 0 384 275 3,524 2,430 7,755 5,95 August 254 217 208 0 369 197 4,067 2,698 6,670 6,64 September 218 194 289 0 374 197 3,871 2,608 7,626 5,81 October 201 166 262 0 252 139 3,444 2,340 7,467 5,68 November 154 151 286 0 229 104 3,546 2,448 7,337 5,56 Average 138 106 243 0 222 137 3,535 2,405 7,627 5,78 1992 January 129 115 250 0 208 59 3,448 2,402 7,712 5,85 Aprid 79 52 202 0 345 114 3,462 2,330 7,068 5,32 Aprid 157 128 234 0 458 212 <td></td> <td>105</td> <td>70</td> <td>234</td> <td>0</td> <td>349</td> <td>189</td> <td>3,747</td> <td>2,587</td> <td>8,245</td> <td>6,334</td>		105	70	234	0	349	189	3,747	2,587	8,245	6,334
August 254 217 208 0 369 197 4,067 2,699 8,670 6,64 September 218 164 269 0 374 197 3,871 2,608 7,826 5,81 October 201 166 262 0 252 139 3,444 2,340 7,467 5,68 November 154 151 286 0 229 104 3,546 2,448 7,317 5,56 Average 138 106 243 0 222 137 3,535 2,405 7,627 5,76 February 63 0 222 0 146 3,462 2,340 7,687 5,32 Max 157 128 234 0 458 212 4,007 2,793 8,092 6,12 May 188 180 246 0 4457 253 7,052 2,633 7,823 6,06		228	164	191	0	384	275	3.524		7,755	5,955
Soptember 218 194 269 0 374 197 3,871 2,608 7,826 5,81 October 201 166 262 0 252 139 3,444 2,340 7,467 5,88 November 154 151 286 0 229 104 3,546 2,448 7,337 5,552 December 138 106 243 0 282 137 3,555 2,405 7,577 1992 January 63 0 222 0 345 114 3,462 2,380 7,068 5,328 April 157 128 234 0 456 212 4,007 2,731 6,962 6,17 3,071 2,403 7,627 5,727 May 198 180 246 0 467 225 3,705 2,633 7,823 6,06 Jure 248 206 266 0 297 95		254	217	208	0	369	197	4,067	2,699	8,670	6,645
October 201 166 262 0 252 138 3,444 2,340 7,467 5,68 November 154 151 286 0 325 130 3,444 2,200 7,615 5,52 December 154 151 286 0 229 104 3,546 2,448 7,337 5,56 Average 138 106 243 0 282 137 3,535 2,405 7,527 5,78 1992 January 63 0 222 0 196 50 3,278 2,184 6,627 5,07 March 79 52 202 0 345 114 3,462 2,380 7,068 5,32 April 157 128 234 0 458 212 4,007 2,783 8,092 6,17 June 248 206 266 0 297 95 3,917 2,741 7,946 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>ō</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td><td></td><td>5,812</td></td<>					ō				•		5,812
November 64 18 264 0 335 130 3444 2200 7,615 552 December 154 151 286 0 229 104 3,546 2,448 7,337 5,56 Average 138 106 243 0 222 137 3,535 2,405 7,627 5,78 1992 January 129 115 250 0 208 59 3,488 2,402 7,712 5,95 February 63 0 222 0 196 50 3,278 2,184 6,827 5,07 March 79 52 202 0 345 212 4,007 2,793 8,082 6,12 May 198 180 246 0 467 225 3,705 2,633 7,823 6,06 Jure 248 206 266 297 95 3,917 2,741 7,946 6,74 <					-						5,683
December 154 151 286 0 229 104 3,546 2,448 7,337 5,56 Average 138 106 243 0 282 137 3,535 2,405 7,627 5,76 1982 January 129 115 250 0 282 137 3,535 2,405 7,627 5,76 February 63 0 222 0 196 50 3,278 2,184 6,827 5,07 March 79 52 202 0 345 114 3,462 2,380 7,068 5,32 May 198 180 246 0 457 25,330 7,823 6,06 July 354 337 280 0 415 152 4,100 3,024 8,479 6,79 August 295 282 263 0 464 357 4,116 2,984 8,260 6,45 Sep					-					•	5,528
Average 138 106 243 0 282 137 3,535 2,405 7,627 5,78 1992 January 129 115 250 0 208 59 3,488 2,402 7,712 5,95 February 63 0 222 0 196 50 3,278 2,184 6,827 5,07 March 79 52 202 0 3451 114 3,462 2,380 7,068 5,32 May 198 180 246 0 467 225 3,705 2,633 7,823 6,06 June 248 206 266 0 297 95 3,917 2,741 7,946 6,17 July 354 337 280 0 415 152 4,140 3,024 8,479 6,79 August 295 282 263 0 464 357 4,116 2,984 8,505 6,66 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>ŏ</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>5,565</td>					ŏ						5,565
February 63 0 222 0 196 50 3278 2,184 6,827 5,07 March 79 52 202 0 345 114 3,462 2,380 7,068 5,32 May 198 180 246 0 458 212 4,007 2,793 8,092 6,16 June 248 206 266 0 297 95 3,917 2,741 7,946 6,17 July 354 337 280 0 415 152 4,140 3,024 8,479 6,79 August 295 282 263 0 464 357 4,116 2,984 8,260 6,45 September 341 291 217 0 382 160 3,904 2,687 8,178 6,21 October 411 411 254 0 219 124 3,786 2,745 7,872 6,12 December 336 285 274 0 219 124 3					-						5,782
February 63 0 222 0 196 50 3,278 2,184 6,827 5,07 March 79 52 202 0 345 114 3,462 2,380 7,068 5,32 April 157 128 234 0 458 212 4,007 2,793 8,092 6,06 June 248 206 266 0 297 95 3,917 2,741 7,946 6,17 July 354 337 280 0 415 152 4,140 3,024 8,479 6,79 August 295 282 263 0 464 357 4,116 2,984 8,260 6,45 September 341 291 217 0 382 160 3,904 2,687 8,178 6,21 October 411 411 254 0 279 144 3,998 2,964 8,505 6,69 November 336 285 274 0 219 124 <t< td=""><td>1992 January</td><td>129</td><td>115</td><td>250</td><td>0</td><td>208</td><td>59</td><td>3,488</td><td>2,402</td><td></td><td>5,956</td></t<>	1992 January	129	115	250	0	208	59	3,488	2,402		5,956
April 157 128 234 0 458 212 4,007 2,793 6,092 6,12 May 198 180 246 0 467 225 3,705 2,633 7,823 6,062 June 248 206 266 0 297 95 3,917 2,741 7,946 6,17 July 354 337 280 0 415 152 4,140 3,024 8,479 6,79 August 295 282 263 0 464 357 4,116 2,984 8,260 6,45 September 341 291 217 0 382 160 3,904 2,667 8,178 6,21 October 411 411 254 0 279 144 3,998 2,964 8,505 6,69 November 336 285 274 0 219 124 3,786 2,745 7,872 6,12 December 148 110 273 0 235 104		63	0	222	0	196	50	3,278			5,079
April 157 128 234 0 458 212 4,007 2,793 8,092 6,12 May 198 180 246 0 467 225 3,705 2,633 7,623 6,06 June 248 206 266 0 297 95 3,917 2,741 7,946 6,17 July 354 337 280 0 415 152 4,140 3,024 8,479 6,79 August 295 282 263 0 464 357 4,116 2,984 8,260 6,45 September 341 291 217 0 382 160 3,904 2,687 8,178 6,21 October 411 411 254 0 279 144 3,998 2,964 8,505 6,69 November 336 285 274 0 219 124 3,786 2,745 7,872 6,12 December 148 110 273 0 283 151	March	79	52	202	0	345	114	3,462	2,380	7,068	5,321
June 248 206 266 0 297 95 3,917 2,741 7,946 6,17 July 354 337 280 0 415 152 4,140 3,024 8,479 6,79 August 295 282 263 0 464 357 4,116 2,984 8,260 6,45 September 341 291 217 0 382 160 3,904 2,687 8,178 6,21 October 411 411 254 0 279 144 3,998 2,964 8,505 6,69 November 336 285 274 0 219 124 3,786 2,745 7,872 6,12 December 148 110 273 0 283 92 3,734 2,556 7,839 5,93 January 228 201 252 0 325 104 *3,739 *2,672 7,964 6,29 February 173 127 244 0 390 186 </td <td></td> <td>157</td> <td>128</td> <td>234</td> <td>0</td> <td>458</td> <td>212</td> <td>4,007</td> <td>2,793</td> <td>8,092</td> <td>6,127</td>		157	128	234	0	458	212	4,007	2,793	8,092	6,127
July 354 337 280 0 415 152 4,140 3,024 8,479 6,79 August 295 282 263 0 464 357 4,116 2,984 8,260 6,45 September 341 291 217 0 382 160 3,904 2,687 8,178 6,21 October 411 411 254 0 279 144 3,998 2,964 8,505 6,69 November 336 285 274 0 219 124 3,786 2,745 7,872 6,12 December 148 110 273 0 283 92 3,734 2,556 7,839 5,93 Average 230 200 249 0 335 149 3,796 2,676 7,888 6,08 1993 January 228 201 252 0 325 104 ^b 3,739 ^b 2,672 7,964 6,29 February 173 127 244 0 390	May	198	180	246	0	467	225	3,705	2,633	7,823	6,060
August 295 262 263 0 464 357 4,116 2,984 8,260 6,45 September 341 291 217 0 382 160 3,904 2,687 8,178 6,21 October 411 411 254 0 279 144 3,998 2,964 8,505 6,69 November 336 285 274 0 219 124 3,786 2,745 7,872 6,19 December 148 110 273 0 283 92 3,734 2,556 7,839 5,93 Average 230 200 249 0 335 149 3,796 2,676 7,868 6,08 1993 January 228 201 252 0 325 104 ^b 3,739 ^b 2,672 7,964 6,29 February 173 127 244 0 390 186 4,026 2,961 8,342 6,51 April 348 281 245 0	June	248	206	266	0	297	95	3,917	2,741	7,946	6,171
August 295 282 263 0 464 357 4,116 2,984 8,260 6,45 September 341 291 217 0 382 160 3,904 2,687 8,178 6,21 October 411 411 254 0 279 144 3,998 2,964 8,505 6,69 November 336 285 274 0 219 124 3,786 2,745 7,872 6,12 December 148 110 273 0 283 92 3,734 2,556 7,839 5,93 Average 230 200 249 0 335 149 3,796 2,676 7,864 6,29 February 173 127 244 0 223 151 3,439 2,471 7,930 6,15 March 315 281 244 0 390 186 4,026 2,961 8,342 6,51 April 348 645 279 0 356<	July	354	337	280	0	415	152	4,140	3,024	8,479	6,796
September 341 291 217 0 382 160 3,904 2,687 6,178 6,21 October 411 411 254 0 279 144 3,998 2,964 8,505 6,69 November 336 285 274 0 219 124 3,786 2,745 7,872 6,12 December 148 110 273 0 283 92 3,734 2,556 7,839 5,93 Average 230 200 249 0 335 149 3,796 2,676 7,868 6,08 1993 January 228 201 252 0 325 104 *3,739 *2,672 7,964 6,29 February 173 127 244 0 223 151 3,439 2,471 7,930 6,15 March 315 281 244 0 390 186 4,026 2,961 8,342 6,51 April 348 281 245 0		295	282	263	0	464	357	4,116	2,984	8,260	6,457
October 411 411 254 0 279 144 3,998 2,964 8,505 6,69 November 336 285 274 0 219 124 3,786 2,745 7,872 6,12 December 148 110 273 0 283 92 3,734 2,556 7,839 5,93 Average 230 200 249 0 335 149 3,796 2,676 7,868 6,08 1993 January 228 201 252 0 325 104 ^b 3,739 ^b 2,672 7,964 6,29 February 173 127 244 0 223 151 3,439 2,471 7,930 6,15 March 315 281 244 0 390 186 4,026 2,961 8,342 6,51 April 348 281 245 0 455 243 3,933 2,836 8,485 6,69 May 486 458 279 0 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>_</td><td>Ō</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>6,218</td></t<>				_	Ō						6,218
November 336 285 274 0 219 124 3,786 2,745 7,872 6,12 December 148 110 273 0 283 92 3,734 2,556 7,839 5,93 Average 230 200 249 0 335 149 3,796 2,676 7,888 6,08 1993 January 228 201 252 0 325 104 ^b 3,739 ^b 2,672 7,964 6,29 February 173 127 244 0 223 151 3,439 2,471 7,930 6,15 March 315 281 244 0 390 186 4,026 2,961 8,342 6,51 April 348 281 245 0 455 243 3,933 2,836 8,485 6,69 May 486 458 279 0 356 152 4,095 2,974 8,348 6,54 June 458 408 290 0 570 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td>6,696</td>					-			•		•	6,696
December 148 110 273 0 283 92 3,734 2,556 7,839 5,93 Average 230 200 249 0 335 149 3,796 2,676 7,888 6,08 1993 January 228 201 252 0 325 104 ⁵ 3,739 ⁵ 2,672 7,964 6,29 February 173 127 244 0 223 151 3,439 2,471 7,930 6,15 March 315 281 244 0 390 186 4,026 2,961 8,342 6,51 April 348 281 245 0 455 243 3,933 2,836 8,485 6,69 May 486 458 279 0 356 152 4,095 2,974 8,348 6,54 June 458 408 290 0 570 405 4,423 3,454 9,145 7,26 August 343 323 256 0 520					-						6,121
Average 230 200 249 0 335 149 3,796 2,676 7,888 6,08 1993 January 228 201 252 0 325 104 b3,739 b2,672 7,964 6,29 February 173 127 244 0 223 151 3,439 2,471 7,930 6,15 March 315 281 244 0 390 186 4,026 2,961 8,342 6,51 April 348 281 245 0 455 243 3,933 2,836 8,485 6,69 May 486 458 279 0 356 152 4,095 2,974 8,348 6,54 June 458 408 290 0 570 405 4,423 3,454 9,145 7,26 August 343 323 256 0 520 329 4,318 3,184 8,360 6,615 October 352 338 236 0 453 233 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>5,937</td>					•						5,937
February 173 127 244 0 223 151 3,439 2,471 7,930 6,15 March 315 281 244 0 390 186 4,026 2,961 8,342 6,51 April 348 281 245 0 455 243 3,933 2,836 8,485 6,69 May 486 458 279 0 356 152 4,095 2,974 8,348 6,54 June 458 408 290 0 570 405 4,423 3,454 8,745 7,17 July 292 247 202 0 585 299 4,741 3,546 9,145 7,26 August 343 323 256 0 520 329 4,318 3,184 8,360 6,61 September 286 217 184 0 551 251 4,493 3,167 8,476 6,55 October 351 340 330 0 468 246				-	-						6,083
February 173 127 244 0 223 151 3,439 2,471 7,930 6,15 March 315 281 244 0 390 186 4,026 2,961 8,342 6,51 April 348 281 245 0 455 243 3,933 2,836 8,485 6,69 May 486 458 279 0 356 152 4,095 2,974 8,745 7,17 June 458 408 290 0 570 405 4,423 3,454 8,745 7,17 July 292 247 202 0 585 299 4,711 3,546 9,145 7,26 August 343 323 256 0 520 329 4,318 3,184 8,360 6,61 September 286 217 184 0 551 251 4,493 3,167 8,476 6,55 October 352 338 236 0 453 233	993 January	228	201	252	0	325	104	^b 3,739	^b 2,672	7,964	6,292
March 315 281 244 0 390 186 4,026 2,961 8,342 6,51 April 348 281 245 0 455 243 3,933 2,836 8,485 6,69 May 486 458 279 0 356 152 4,095 2,974 8,348 6,54 June 458 408 290 0 570 405 4,423 3,454 8,745 7,17 July 292 247 202 0 585 299 4,741 3,546 9,145 7,26 August 343 323 256 0 520 329 4,318 3,184 8,360 6,61 September 286 217 184 0 551 251 4,493 3,167 8,476 6,55 October 352 338 236 0 453 233 4,944 3,698 9,147 7,18 November 351 340 330 0 468 246			127	244	0	223	151	3,439	2,471	7,930	6,156
April 348 281 245 0 455 243 3,933 2,836 8,485 6,69 May 486 458 279 0 356 152 4,095 2,974 8,348 6,54 June 458 408 290 0 570 405 4,423 3,454 8,745 7,17 July 292 247 202 0 585 299 4,741 3,546 9,145 7,26 August 343 323 256 0 520 329 4,318 3,184 8,360 6,615 September 286 217 184 0 551 251 4,493 3,167 8,476 6,55 October 352 338 236 0 453 233 4,944 3,698 9,147 7,18 November 351 340 330 0 468 246 4,621 3,369 8,725 6,89 11-Month Average 331 294 251 0 446 236					0						6,513
May 486 458 279 0 356 152 4,095 2,974 8,348 6,54 June 458 408 290 0 570 405 4,423 3,454 8,745 7,17 July 292 247 202 0 585 299 4,741 3,546 9,145 7,26 August 343 323 256 0 520 329 4,318 3,184 8,360 6,61 September 286 217 184 0 551 251 4,493 3,167 8,476 6,55 October 352 338 236 0 453 233 4,944 3,698 9,147 7,18 November 351 340 330 0 468 246 4,621 3,369 8,725 8,89 11-Month Average 331 294 251 0 446 236 4,258 3,126 8,519 6,72 1992 11-Month Average 238 209 246 0					0	455	243				6,698
June 458 408 290 0 570 405 4,423 3,454 8,745 7,17 July 292 247 202 0 585 299 4,741 3,546 9,145 7,26 August 343 323 256 0 520 329 4,318 3,184 8,360 6,61 September 286 217 184 0 551 251 4,493 3,167 8,476 6,55 October 352 338 236 0 453 233 4,944 3,698 9,147 7,18 November 351 340 330 0 468 246 4,621 3,369 8,725 76,89 11-Month Average 331 294 251 0 446 236 4,258 3,126 8,519 6,72 1992 11-Month Average 238 209 246 0 340 154 3,802 2,688 7,892 6,09											6,549
July 292 247 202 0 585 299 4,741 3,548 9,145 7,26 August 343 323 256 0 520 329 4,318 3,184 8,360 6,61 September 286 217 184 0 551 251 4,493 3,167 8,476 6,55 October 352 338 236 0 453 233 4,944 3,698 9,147 7,18 November 351 340 330 0 468 246 4,621 3,369 8,725 8,689 11-Month Average 331 294 251 0 446 236 4,258 3,126 8,519 6,72 992 11-Month Average 238 209 246 0 340 154 3,802 2,688 7,892 6,09					0						7,175
August 343 323 256 0 520 329 4,318 3,184 8,360 6,61 September 286 217 184 0 551 251 4,493 3,167 8,476 6,55 October 352 338 236 0 453 233 4,944 3,698 9,147 7,18 November 351 340 330 0 468 246 4,621 3,369 R,725 R,689 11-Month Average 331 294 251 0 446 236 4,258 3,126 8,519 6,72 992 11-Month Average 238 209 246 0 340 154 3,802 2,688 7,892 6,09					-						7,262
September 286 217 184 0 551 251 4,493 3,167 8,476 6,55 October 352 338 236 0 453 233 4,944 3,698 9,147 7,18 November 351 340 330 0 468 246 4,621 3,369 8,725 8,699 11-Month Average 331 294 251 0 446 236 4,258 3,126 8,519 6,72 992 11-Month Average 238 209 246 0 340 154 3,802 2,688 7,892 6,09					-					-	6,614
October 352 338 236 0 453 233 4,944 3,698 9,147 7,18 November 351 340 330 0 468 246 4,621 3,369 ^R 8,725 ^R 6,89 11-Month Average 331 294 251 0 446 236 4,258 3,126 8,519 6,72 992 11-Month Average 238 209 246 0 340 154 3,802 2,688 7,892 6,09					-						
November 351 340 330 0 468 246 4,621 3,369 ^R 8,725 ^R 6,89 11-Month Average 331 294 251 0 446 236 4,258 3,126 8,519 6,72 1992 11-Month Average 238 209 246 0 340 154 3,802 2,688 7,892 6,09											
11-Month Average 331 294 251 0 446 236 4,258 3,126 8,519 6,72 1992 11-Month Average 238 209 246 0 340 154 3,802 2,688 7,892 6,09					-					R 8 725	RAROO
					-		-				6,721
	1992 11-Month Average	228	200	246	٥	340	154	3,802	2.68A	7,892	6,096
NALLENGTUR AVERTER 135 107 738 0 787 140 3.344 7.401 7.654 3.80	991 11-Month Average	136	102	239	0	287	140	3,534	2,401	7,654	5,802

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

^a Includes petroleum imported into the United States indirectly from members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), primarily from Caribbean and West European areas, as petroleum products that were refined from crude oil produced by OPEC.

Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports are included. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

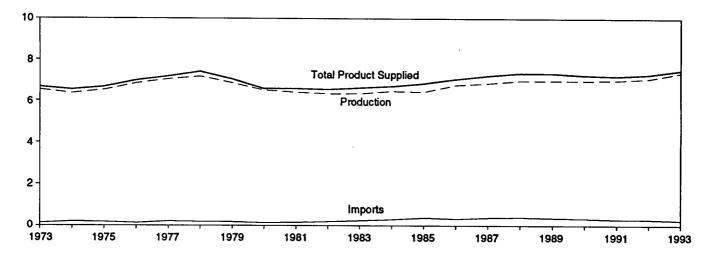
that were refined from crude oil produced by OPEC. ^b As of January 1993, includes petroleum imported from Ecuador, which withdrew from OPEC on December 31, 1992.

R=Revised data. (s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

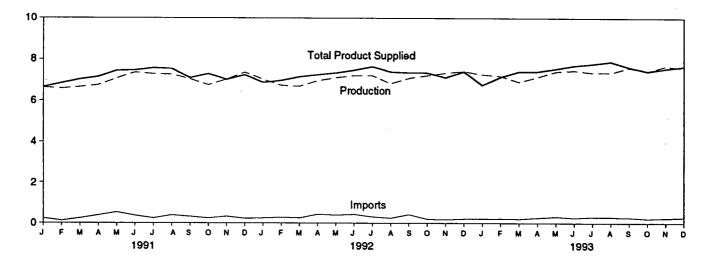
Figure 3.2 **Finished Motor Gasoline**

(Million Barrels per Day, Except as Noted)

Overview, 1973-1993

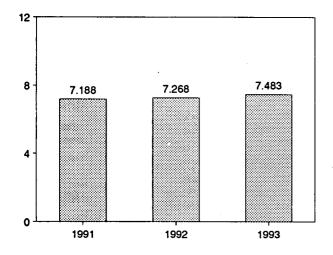


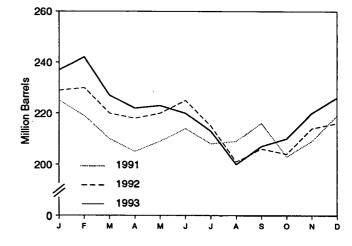
Overview, Monthly



Total Product Supplied, January-December

Total Stocks, End of Month





Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 3.4.

	Sup	oply		Disposition			Gasoline Stocks ^a	Oxygenates
	Total Production				Totald	Finished	Ending Stocks ^a	
		Tho	usand Barrels pe	r Day			Million Barrels	
	6,535	134	-9	4	6,674	209	NA	NA
973 Average	6,360	204	24	2	6,537	^e 218	NA	NA
974 Average	•		e28	2	6,675	235	NA	NA
975 Average	6,520	184		3	6,978	231	NA	NA
976 Average	6,841	131	-10			258	NA	NA
977 Average	7,033	217	72	2	7,177		NA	NA
978 Average	7,169	190	-54	1	7,412	238		NA
979 Average	6,852	181	-2	(8)	7,034	237	NA	
980 Average	6,506	140	66	1	6,579	° 261	NA	NA
B81 Average ^f	6,405	157	^e -28	2	6,588	253	203	NA
	6,338	197	-25	20	6,539	^e 235	^e 194	NA
982 Average		247	°-45	10	6,622	222	186	NA
983 Average	6,340		54	6	6,693	243	205	NA
984 Average	6,453	299			6,831	223	190	NA
985 Average	6,419	381	-41	10		233	194	NA
986 Average	6,752	326	11	33	7,034			NA
987 Average	6,841	384	-15	35	.7,206	226	189	• • • •
988 Average	6,956	405	3	22	7,336	228	190	NA
89 Average	6,963	369	-35	39	7,328	213	177	NA
90 Average	6,959	342	10	55	7,235	220	181	NA
	6,629	228	162	50	6,645	225	186	NA
991 January	•	115	-252	102	6,838	219	179	NA
February	6,573			97	7,017	210	171	NA
March	6,643	235	-236		•	205	169	NA
April	6,742	381	-67	53	7,137	-	172	NA
May	7,063	528	95	59	7,437	209		
June	7,351	364	160	99	7,456	214	177	NA
	7,274	232	-177	122	7,561	208	172	NA
July	7,247	385	7	98	7,528	209	172	NA
August		312	195	63	7,083	216	178	NA
September	7,030		-354	58	7,281	203	167	NA
October	6,749	236			7,008	209	173	NA
November	7,018	322	228	104		219	182	NA
December	7,354	216	267	79	7,224		182	NA
Average	6,975	297	3	82	7,188	219	102	14
992 January	7,013	246	304	87	6,869	229	191	NA NA
February		275	-22	59	6,963	230	191	
March		247	-278	71	7,137	220	182	NA
		428	54	90	7,238	218	183	NA
April	~ ~~~	392	74	82	7,328	220	186	NA
May				86	7,460	225	188	NA
June		424	76		7,639	215	180	NA
July		303	-249	108			167	NA
August	6,817	240	-446	123	7,380	201		NA
September		418	60	85	7,344	206	168	
October		193	-41	94	7,338	204	167	NA
		170	318	74	7,102	214	177	NA
November		202	32	184	7,396	216	178	NA
December Average		294	-11	96	7,268	216	178	NA
-	(han an a	004	571	142	⁹ 6,746	237	195	^h 14
993 January	97,254	204			7,129	242	200	13
February	7,172	216	160	99			187	14
March		198	-411	109	7,397	227		
April		253	-137	111	7,401	222	183	15
May		308	80	90	7,531	223	185	17
June		251	-75	81	7,692	220	183	18
		292	-242	100	7,777	213	176	20
July				77	7,885	200	165	21
August		283	-336			207	170	20
September		269	154	85	7,612		174	17
October	. 7.409	210	_ 127	80	7,411	210		
November	D	^R 237	^R 237	R 123	^R 7,541	^R 220	^R 181	15
		E 267	E 122	E 72	^E 7,650	E 226	^E 186	NA
December	. ^E 7,351	€ 249	£ 20	E 97	E 7,483	^E 226	E 186	NA

Table 3.4 Finished Motor Gasoline Supply and Disposition

^a Stocks are totals as of end of period.

^b From 1981 forward, blending components are excluded.

^c A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number

Indicates an Increase. d Includes motor gasoline blending components, but excludes oxygenates, which are reported separately.

^e See Note 4 at end of section.

t See Note 2 at end of section.

⁹ Beginning in 1993, motor gasoline production and product supplied include blending of fuel ethanol and an adjustment to correct for the

imbalance of motor gasoline blending components. See Note 2 at end of section. ^h See Note 1 at end of section.

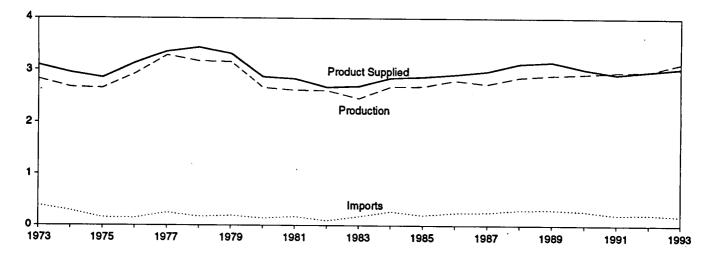
R=Revised data. NA=Not available. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

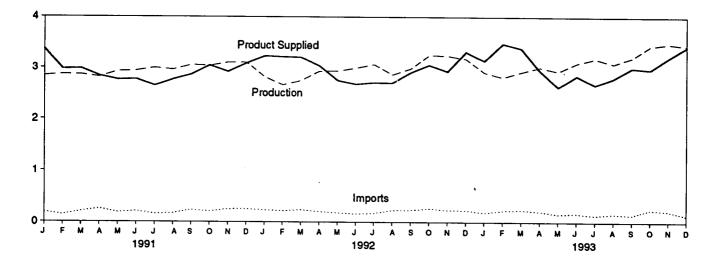
Figure 3.3 Distillate Fuel

(Million Barrels per Day, Except as Noted)

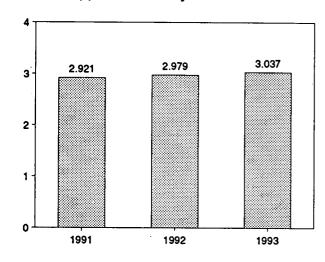
Overview, 1973-1993



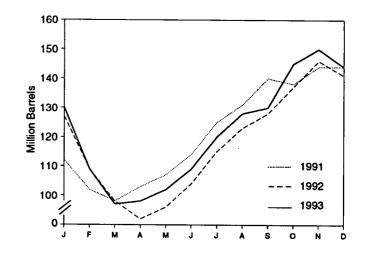
Overview, Monthly



Product Supplied, January-December



Stocks, End of Month



Source: Table 3.5.

		Supply			Disposition		Ending Stocks ^a			
								Sulfur Content		
	Total	Importo	Crude Oil Used Directly ^b	Stock Change ^c	Exports	Product Supplied ^b	Total	0.05 Percent or Less ^d	Greater Than 0.05 Percent ^d	
	Production	Imports		arrels per Day	LAPOILS	<u>Supplied</u>		Million Barre		
			Thousand De				L			
73 Average	2,822	392	2	115 ^e 10	9 2	3,092 2,948	196 ¹ 200	NA NA	NA NA	
74 Average	2,669	289	2	^{e,†} -41	∠ 1	2,948	209	NA	NA	
75 Average	2,654	155 146	1	-62	i	3,133	186	NA	NA	
76 Average	2,924 3,278	250	i	176	i	3,352	250	NA	NA	
77 Average	3,167	173	i	-93	3	3,432	216	NA	NA	
78 Average	3,153	193	1	34	3	3,311	, 229	NA	NA	
80 Average	2,662	142	1	-64	3	2,866	' 205	NA	NA	
81 Average ⁹	2,613	173	10	^f -38	5	2,829	, 192	NA	NA	
82 Average	2,606	93	10	-35	74	2,671	179	NA	NA	
83 Average	2,456	174	-	[†] -124	64	2,690	140	NA	NA	
84 Average	2,681	272	-	57	51	2,845	161	NA	NA	
85 Average	2,687	200	-	-48	67	2,868	144	NA	NA NA	
86 Average	2,798	247	-	31	100	2,914	155	NA	NA	
87 Average	2,731	255	-	-56	66	2,976	134	NA NA	NA	
188 Average	2,859	302	-	-30	69	3,122	124 106	NA	' NA	
89 Average	2,899	306	-	-49	97	3,157	132	NA	NA	
90 Average	2,925	278	-	73	109	3,021	132			
991 January	2,845	192	-	-662	332	3,367	112	NA	NA NA	
February	2,870	139	-	-359	393	2,976	102	NA NA	NA	
March		206	-	-112	198	2,984	98 103	NA	NA	
April		258	-	156	81	2,839	103	NA	NA	
May	2,929	186	-	132	218	2,765 2,775	114	NA	NA	
June		209	-	225	150 149	2,648	125	NA	NA	
July		155	-	356	149	2,770	131	NA	NA	
August		168	-	214 291	136	2,865	140	NA	NA	
September		237	-	-59	259	3,047	138	NA	NA	
October		207	-	206	224	2,921	144	NA	NA	
November		249 252	-	-30	302	3,087	144	NA	NA	
Average		205	-	31	215	2,921	144	NA	NA	
	• • • •	222	_	-541	360	3,231	127	NA	NA	
992 January		232 217	_	-619	278	3,219	109	NA	NA	
February		238	_	-358	138	3,207	98	NA	NA	
March		202	-	-185	278	3,039	92	NA	NA	
April	0.000	179	-	139	222	2,753	96	NA	NA	
May	a'aar	157	_	268	205	2,679	104	NA	NA	
June July	-	172	-	328	201	2,710	115	NA	NA	
August		229	-	262	127	2,705	123	NA	NA	
September		237	-	168	145	2,908	128	NA	NA	
October		263	-	290	169	3,056	137	NA	NA	
November	3,240	236	-	316	230	2,929	146	NA	NA	
December	3,179	229	-	-183	276	3,316	141	NA	NA	
Average		216	-	-8	219	2,979	141	NA	NA	
993 January	2,909	182	-	-336	287	3,141	130	⁹ 22	⁹ 108	
February		224	-	-742	301	3,478	109	16	94	
March		235	-	-386	154	3,386	97	12	85	
April		209	-	30	241	2,949	98	13	86	
May		153	-	104	355	2,624	102	14	87	
June		168	-	263	158	2,843	109	17	92	
July		130	-	348	298	2,669	120	23	97	
August	. 3,084	159	-	249	197	2,797	128	45	83	
September		137	-	80	262	3,001	130	47	84	
October	. 3,435	_242	-	467	241	2,968	145 B 150	55 ^R 64	90 85	
November	. ^R 3,478	^R 214	-	^R 156	^B 330	R 3,206	R 150	₽ 64 ^E 63	⁸⁵ ^E 81	
December	. ^E 3,439	^E 125	-	E-30	E 175	E 3,420	E 144		-81	
Average	6	^E 181	-	^E 22	^E 250	^E 3,037	^E 144	63	01	

Table 3.5 Distillate Fuel Oil Supply and Disposition

 ^a Stocks are totals as of end of period.
 ^b Beginning in January 1983, crude oil used directly as distillate fuel oil is reported as crude oil product supplied on Table 3.2b rather than as distillate ^C A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number

Indicates an increase. ^d By weight.

^e See Note 6 at end of section.

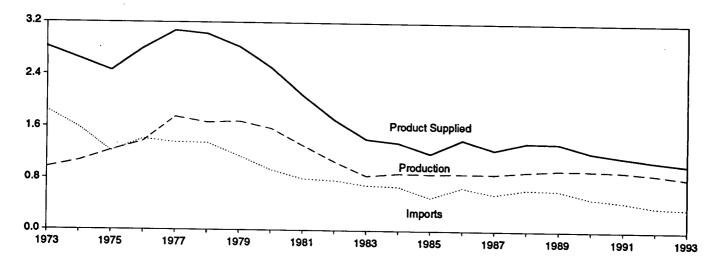
¹ See Note 4 at end of section.

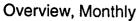
⁹ See Note 3 at end of section.

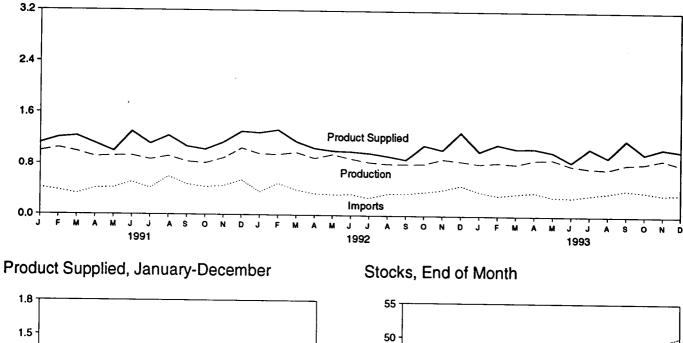
R=Revised data. NA=Not available. - =Not applicable. E=Estimate. Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Figure 3.4 Residual Fuel (Million Barrels per Day, Except as Noted)

Overview, 1973-1993







45

40

35

30

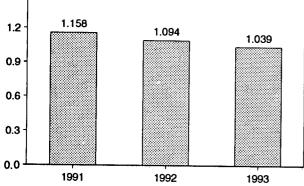
0

1991

1992 1993

O N

Million Barrels



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 3.6.

		Supply			4		
	Total Production	Imports	Crude Oil Used Directly ^a	Stock Change ^b	Exports	Product Supplied ^a	Ending Stocks ^c
F			Thousand Ba	arrels per Day	······································		Million Barrel
70 Averene	971	1,853	17	-5	23	2,822	53
973 Average 974 Average	1,070	1,587	13	17	14	2,639	d 60
	1,235	1,223	15	d-2	15	2,462	74
975 Average	1,377	1,413	17	-5	12	2,801	72
976 Average	1,754	1,359	13	48	6	3,071	90
77 Average	1,667	1.355	13	1	13	3,023	90
78 Average	1,687	1,151	12	15	9	2,826	_ 96
•	1,580	939	12	-10	33	2,508	d 92
80 Average	1,321	800	48	d -37	118	2,088	.78
81 Average ^e	1,070	776	48	-32	209	1,716	d 66
82 Average	852	699	-	d_55	185	1,421	49
83 Average		681		12	190	1,369	53
84 Average	891		_	-7	197	1,202	50
85 Average	882	510	-	-8	147	1,418	47
86 Average	889	669	-		186	1,264	47
987 Average	885	565	-	(8)	200	1,378	45
988 Average	926	644	-	-8		1,370	44
89 Average	954	629	-	-2	215 211	1,229	49
90 Average	950	504	-	13	211	1,223	
191 January	1.001	425	-	-19	320	1,124	48
February	1,050	384	-	-76	299	1,211	46
March	995	332	-	-85	178	1,234	43
	916	416	-	68	145	1,119	45
April	929	425	_	50	300	1,003	47
Мау		512	_	-103	245	1,303	44
June	933	420		-1	176	1,117	44
July	871		-	68	216	1,240	46
August	925	599	-	78	168	1.074	48
September	838	481	-	6	217	1,029	48
October	814	438	-	24	189	1,139	49
November	896	455	-	24 28	264	1,307	50
December	1,051	547 453	-	20 4	204	1,158	50
Average	934	433	-	·	-	-	45
992 January	965	364	-	-144	184	1,289	45 44
February	957	498	-	-55	176	1,334	41
March	990	397	-	-77	310	1,154	
April	900	342	-	-78	265	1,055	39
May	964	328	-	67	207	1,019	41
June	894	334	· –	-11	230	1,009	41
July	838	280	-	-37	169	986	40
August	815	347	-	125	96	941	44
September	810	349	· 🛥	123	149	887	47
October	818	376	-	-72	156	1,110	45
November	895	411	-	49	216	1,041	47
	862	481	_	-127	158	1,312	43
Average	892	375	-	-20	193	1,094	43
993 January	820	383	-	49	133	1,020	44
	841	325	-	-75	113	1,128	42
February	819	352	_	-46	152	1,065	41
March	-	377	_	24	169	1,070	41
April	~~~	308	-	53	137	1,014	43
May			_	92	147	857	46
June		299	-	-101	122	1,075	43
July		337	-		120	935	45
August		370	-	61	110	1,205	42
September		420	-	-73		995	47
October	839	391	-	141 Bos	94 _ ^R 86	⁹⁹⁵ ^R 1,077	R 49
November	^R 901	^R 347	-	^R 85	86		E 45
December	E818	E 358	-	€-31	E 169	E 1,038	
Average	E	^E 356	-	^E 15	^E 129	^E 1,039	^E 45

Table 3.6 Residual Fuel Oil Supply and Disposition

^a Beginning in January 1983, crude oil used directly as residual fuel oil is reported as crude oil product supplied on Table 3.2b rather than as residual

fuel oil product supplied. ^b A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.

^c Stocks are totals as of end of period. ^d See Note 4 at end of section.

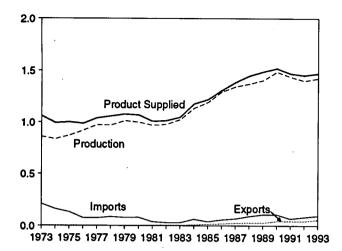
See Note 3 at end of section.
 R=Revised data. - =Not applicable. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than +500 barrels per day.
 barrels per day and greater than -500 barrels per day.

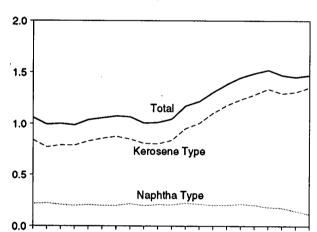
Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 states and the District of Columbia. Sources: • 1973-1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 1993, Table S6. • 1981 forward: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, January 1994, Table S6.

Figure 3.5 **Jet Fuel**

(Million Barrels per Day, Except as Noted)

Total Jet Fuel Overview, 1973-1993

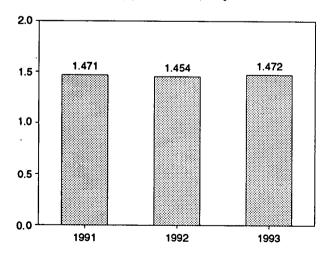




Product Supplied by Type, 1973-1993

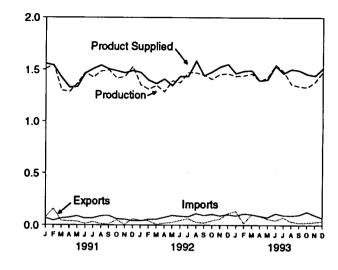
Total Product Supplied, January-December

1973 1975 1977 1979 1981 1983 1985 1987 1989 1991 1993

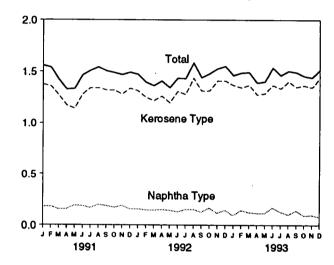


Source: Table 3.7.

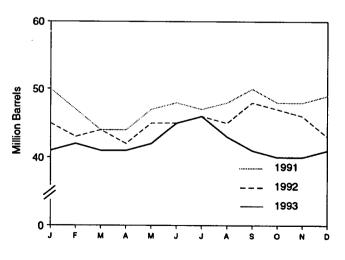
Total Jet Fuel Overview, Monthly



Product Supplied by Type, Monthly



Total Stocks, End of Month



		Supply			Dia	position			
	Pr	oduction				Prod	uct Supplied	Endi	ng Stocks ^a
F	Total	Kerosene Type	Imports	Stock Change ^b	Exports	Total	Kerosene Type	Total	Kerosene Typ
-			Thous	and Barrels p	er Day			Maa	on Barrels
973 Average	859	679	212	8	4	1,059	842	29	23
974 Average	836	641	163	2	3	993	771	° 29	° 24
975 Average	871	691	133	°2	2	1,001	791	30	25
976 Average	918	731	76	5	2	987	789	32	26 28
977 Average	973	787	75	7	2	1,039	831	35	28
978 Average	970	791	86	-2	1	1,057	858	34 39	33
979 Average	1,012	835	78	13	1	1,076	876 851	° 42	°36
980 Average	999	811	80	10 ° -4	1	1,068	809	41	34
981 Average	968	775	38	-	2 6	1,007	804	° 37	° 31
982 Average	978	778	29	-12 ¢ (a)	6	1,013 1,046	839	39	32
983 Average	1,022	817	29	(*)	9	1,175	953	42	35
984 Average	1,132	919	62 39	9 -4	13	1,218	1,005	40	34
985 Average	1,189	983	39 57	25	13	1,307	1,105	50	43
986 Average	1,293	1,097 1,138	57 67	∡5 (8)	24	1,385	1,181	50	42
987 Average	1,343 1,370	1,138	90	-17	28	1,449	1,236	44	38
988 Average	1,403	1,197	106	-8	27	1,489	1,284	41	34
989 Average 990 Average	1,488	1,311	108	31	43	1,522	1,340	52	46
991 January	1,509	1,354	67	-55	73	1,559	1,378	50	44
February	1,548	1,384	44	-108	159	1,541	1,360	47	41
March	1,299	1,157	65	-99	40	1,423	1,270	44	38
April	1,286	1,135	73	-8	38	1,329	1,173	44	38
May	1,367	1,191	87	85	35	1,334	1,143	47	41
June	1,473	1,300	64	58	13	1,465	1,280	48	43
July	1,426	1,255	67	-47	31	1,509	1,343	47	41
August	1,486	1,316	88	21	11	1,543	1,343	48	42 45
September	1,495	1,322	92	71	10	1,506	1,321	50 48	45
October	1,415	1,253	59	-66	50	1,489	1,319	40	43
November	1,433	1,276	56	15	5	1,469	1,282	40	44
December	1,530	1,357	42	22	59	1,492	1,338 1,296	49	44
Average	1,438	1,274	67	-9	43	1,471			
1992 January	1,352	1,200	39	-127	44 42	1,473 1,398	1,314 1,250	45 43	40 38
February	1,311	1,164	56	-73	42 7	1,355	1,218	44	. 39
March	1,347	1,215	56	31 -68	18	1,305	1,262	42	37
April	1,286	1,131	74		26	1,405	1,198	45	40
May	1,393	1,214	93 86	114 -21	20 45	1,436	1,308	45	39
June	1,374	1,234 1,328	81	59	62	1,433	1,280	46	42
July	1,473	1,328	111	-32	28	1,585	1,438	45	41
August	1,471 1,448	1,339	93	78	20	1,442	1,313	48	43
September	1,448	1,290	105	-12	44	1,480	1,315	47	43
October	1,408	1,319	90	-41	59	1,528	1,411	46	41
November	1,450	1,336	102	-101	112	1,553	1,410	43	39
Average	1,399	1,254	82	-16	43	1,454	1,310	43	39
1993 January	1,437	1,306	89	-73	134	1,464	1,371	41	36
February	1,442	1,318	110	46	17	1,488	1,346	42	38
March	1,463	1,332	102	-29	101	1,493	1,371	41	37
April	1,390	1,262	88	-4	88	1,393	1,278	41	37
May	1,426	1,300	75	37	60	1,404	1,289	42	38
June	1,549	1,409	111	78	45	1,538	1,370	45	41
July	1,485	1,359	94	41	73	1,465	1,337	46	42
August	1,358	1,257	91	-91	34	1,506	1,405	43	39
September	1,339	1,242	97	-78	21	1,493	1,352	41	38
October	1,330	_1,242	127	-24	23	1,457	1,367	40 ^R 40	37 R 37
November	^R 1,383	^R 1,298	^P 96	^R 6	^R 29	^R 1,443	R 1,347	" 40 F 41	E 39
December	E 1,482	^E 1,417	E 68	Ę-5	E 39	E 1,516	E 1,438	^E 41	
Average	E 1,424	^E 1,312	^E 95	^E -8	^E 56	^E 1,472	^E 1,356	^E 41	E 39

Table 3.7 Jet Fuel Supply and Disposition

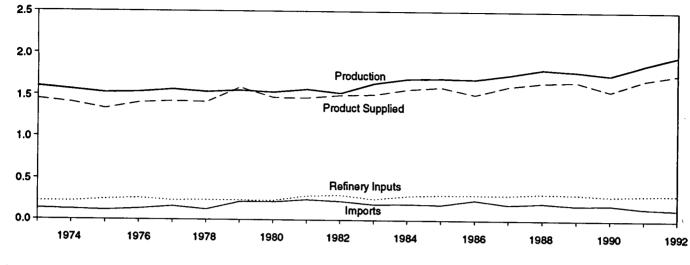
^a Stocks are totals as of end of period.
 ^b A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.
 ^c See Note 4 at end of section.
 R=Revised data. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than +500 barrels per day and

greater than -500 barrels per day. Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Sources: • 1973-1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 1993, Table S7. • 1981 forward: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, January 1994, Table S7.

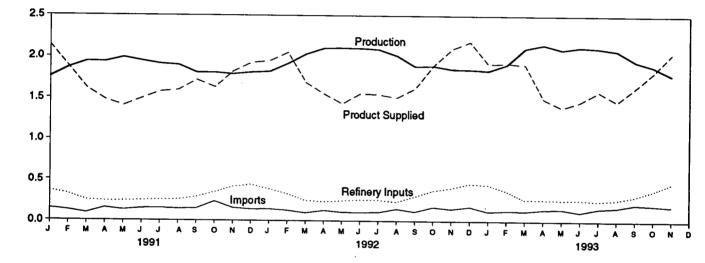
Figure 3.6 Liquefied Petroleum Gases

(Million Barrels per Day, Except as Noted)

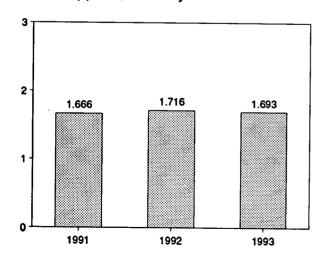




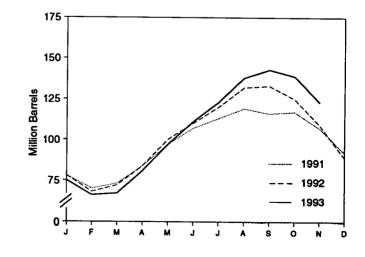
Overview, Monthly



Product Supplied, January-November



Stocks, End of Month



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 3.8.

Table 3.8 Liquefied Petroleum Gases Supply and Disposition

	Sup	ply		Dispo	sition		
	Total Production	Imports	Stock Change ^a	Refinery Inputs	Exports	Product Supplied	Ending Stocks ^b
-			Thousand Ba	arrels per Day			Million Barrel
•	4 000	132	35	220	27	1,449	99
973 Average	1,600 1,565	123	38	220	25	1,406	^c 113
974 Average	1,505	112	° 35	246	26	1,333	125
975 Average		130	-24	260	25	1,404	116
976 Average	1,535 1,566	161	55	233	18	1,422	136
977 Average	1,537	123	-12	239	20	1,413	^c 132
978 Average	1,556	217	° -70	236	15	1,592	111
979 Average	1,535	216	27	233	21	1,469	^c 120
980 Average	1,535	244	¢ 18	289	42	1,466	135
981 Average	^d 1,527	226	-111	300	65	1,499	^c 94
982 Average		190	°_4	253	73	1,509	^c 101
983 Average	1,642		^c -19	291	48	1,572	101
984 Average	1,697	195	-15 -75	304	62	1,599	74
985 Average	1,704	187	80	302	42	1,512	103
986 Average	1,695	242		304	38	1,612	97
987 Average	1,748	190	-15	321	49	1,656	97
988 Average	1,817	209	1		35	1,668	80
989 Average	1,791	181	-47	315	40	1,556	98
990 Average	1,749	188	48	293	40	1,000	
991 January	1,753	148	-658	364	56	2,139	78
February	1,865	126	-271	322	60	1,880	70
March	1,942	91	113	249	56	1,615	73
April	1,937	154	346	237	31	1,477	84
May	1,989	129	428	239	45	1,407	97
June	1,949	148	. 328	245	32	1,492	107
July	1,913	151	211	253	24	1,575	113
August	1,899	143	175	255	18	1,594	119
September	1,806	147	-84	288	31	1,718	116
October	1,805	233	33	345	31	1,629	117
November	1,789	156	-330	413	40	1,821	107
December	1,810	139	-488	437	73	1,927	92
Average	1,871	147	-15	304	41	1,689	92
000 (1.820	142	-452	384	80	1,950	78
992 January		126	-365	326	33	2,051	68
February	1,917	97	153	247	43	1,687	72
March	2,033	127	401	233	45	1,549	84
April	2,102		489	245	44	1,433	100
May	2,106	106		243	59	1,556	110
June	2,102	104	334	255	55	1,544	120
July	2,090	106	345 369	233	55	1,507	132
August	2,016	148		233	45	1,620	133
September	1,886	114	37	299 369	45 39	1,898	125
October	1,892	171	-242	403	43	2,097	109
November	1,854	148	-541 -660	403	43	2,184	89
December	1,849 1,972	176 131	-660	309	49	1,755	89
					~		. 75
993 January	1,837	117	-441	440	39 55	1,917 1,928	66
February	1,912	128	-310	367		1,928	67
March	2,106	123	9	263	47		81
April	2,151	142	466	263	69 50	1,495	97
May	2,091	148	538	258	50	1,393	
June	2,122	111	469	260	41	1,463	111
July	2,108	155	380	246	54	1,583	123
August	2,078	167	475	263	45	1,462	138
September	1,952	206	188	304	35	1,632	143
October	1,887	195	-129	372	21	1,819	139
November	1,781	180	-560	458	21	2,042	123
11-Month Average	2,003	152	102	317	43	1,693	123
1992 11-Month Average	1,984	126	50	295	49	1,716	109
		148	29	291	39	1,666	107
1991 11-Month Average	.,	1.10				-	

A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.
 b Stocks are totals as of end of period.

Stocks are totals as of end of period.

^c See Note 4 at end of section. ^d See Note 6 at end of section.

Notes: • Liquefied petroleum gases include ethane, ethylene, propane,

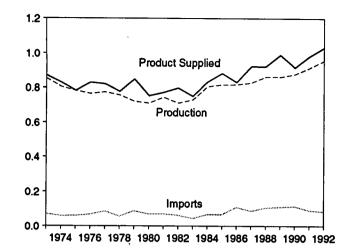
)

propylene, normal butane, butylene, isobutane and isobutylene.
Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Sources: • 1973-1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 1993, Table S8. • 1981 forward: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, January 1994, Table S9.

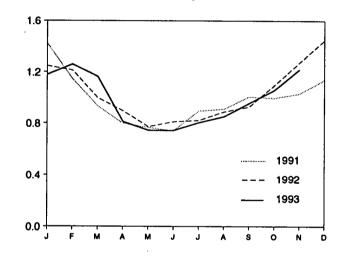
Figure 3.7 Propane and Propylene

(Million Barrels per Day, Except as Noted)

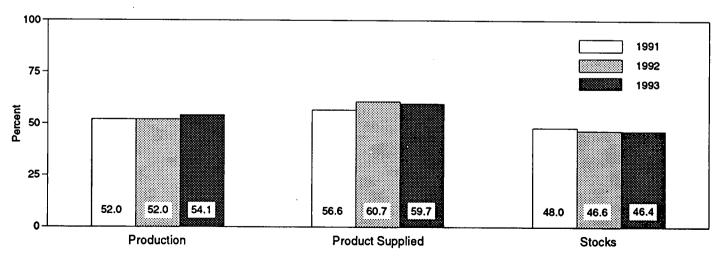
Overview, 1973-1992



Product Supplied, Monthly



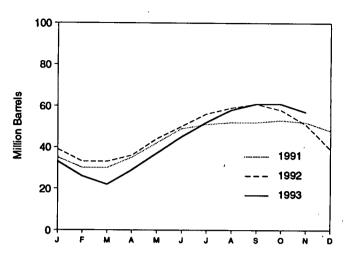
Share of Liquefied Petroleum Gases, November



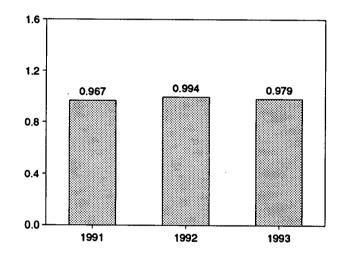
Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Sources: Table 3.9 and, for calculation of shares, data prior to rounding for publication in Tables 3.8 and 3.9.

Stocks, End of Month



Product Supplied, January-November



	Sup	ply		Dispo	sition		
	Total Production	Imports	Stock Change ^a	Refinery Inputs	Exports	Products Supplied	Ending Stocks ^b
			Thousand Ba	arrels per Day			Million Barrels
A 700 A	054	71	30	8	15	872	65
973 Average	854			9	14	830	69
974 Average	805	59	11		13	783	82
975 Average	783	60	36	11			
976 Average	766	68	-22	12	13	830	74
977 Average	775	86	21	10	10	821	81
978 Average	758	57	15	13	9	778	° 87
979 Average	721	88	°-61	14	8	849	64
980 Average	711	69	4	12	10	754	° 65
981 Average	745	70	^c 18	5	18	773	76
982 Average	711	63	-59	4	31	798	° 54
983 Average	730	44	^c -24	4	43	751	^c 48
984 Average	806	67	°7	4	30	833	58
985 Average	816	67	-50	3	48	883	39
	817	110	64	4	28	831	63
986 Average	828	88	-41	8	24	924	48
987 Average	863	106	7	8	31	923	50
988 Average			-52	11	24	990	32
989 Average	862	111	-52 48		28	917	49
990 Average	878	115	40	(8)	20		
991 January	920	105	-449	0	51	1,422	35 30
February	923	90	-174	0	40	1,147	
March	912	56	-10	0	45	933	30
April	900	101	179	0	25	798	35
May	922	90	214	0	31	767	42
June	906	81	223	0	,22	741	49
July	901	91	81	0	15	895	51
August	891	73	40	0	13	910	52
September	905	92	-22	Ó	14	1,006	52
	902	146	35	ō	18	995	53
October		82	-37	ŏ	20	1,030	52
November	930	86	-128	(s)	38	1,139	48
December Average	964 915	91	-3	(8)	28	982	48
	949	90	-282	(s)	72	1,249	39
992 January			-202		27	1,214	33
February		86		(s) (a)	26	997	33
March		68	-15	(s)	24	896	36
April	961	80	120	0		773	44
May		72	253	(s)	23 27	811	50
June		66	206	(s)			56
July	964	68	176	(s)	35	821	
August	946	85	117	(s)	25	889	59
September	931	71	51	(s)	25	927	61
October	933	104	-88	(s)	30	1,095	58
November	964	99	-243	Ó	33	1,273	51
December	977	131	-385	0	45	1,448	39
Average	956	85	-24	(8)	33	1,032	39
	065	72	-173	1	31	1,179	33
993 January		72	-261	(s)	37	1,261	26
February					32	1,165	22
March		85	-140	(S)		812	29
April		112	233	(s)	40 30	746	29 37
Мау		96	262	0			45
June		75	266	0	23	744	
July	956	105	232	0	26	804	52
August		116	184	0	27	851	58
September		132	116	0	17	955	61
October		107	-10	0	13	1,057	61
November		138	-136	Ō	17	1,220	57
11-Month Average		101	54	(8)	27	979	57
992 11-Month Average	954	81	10	(8)	32	994	51

Table 3.9 Propane and Propylene Supply and Disposition (A Subset of Table 3.8)

^a A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase. ^b Stocks are totals as of end of period.

^c See Note 4 at end of section.

(s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: • 1973 through 1975: U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Mines, *Mineral Industry Surveys*, "Petroleum Statement, Annual." • 1976 through 1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Energy Data Reports*, Petroleum Statement, Annual." • 1981 forward: EIA, *Petroleum* Supply Monthly, January 1994, Table S8.

Table 3.10 Other Petroleum Products Supply and Disposition

	Sup	ply		Dispo	sition		1
	Total Production	Imports	Stock Change ^a	Refinery Inputs	Exports	Products Supplied	Ending Stocks ^b
			Thousand Ba	urrels per Day	·····	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Million Barrek
973 Average	2,833	290	1	750	100	0.044	
974 Average	2,722	269	25	750	162	2,211	179
975 Average	2,547	144	°-6	665	172	2,129	^c 188 .
976 Average	2,725			537	158	2,001	188
		129	(8)	524	172	2,158	188
377 Average	2,939	130	20	514	164	2,371	195
078 Average	3,076	80	-12	492	165	2,511	191
979 Average	3,141	116	24	352	208	2,673	200
80 Average	2,957	130	15	310	197	2,566	° 205
981 Average	2,771	188	¢-42	723	197	2,081	241
982 Average	2,475	305	-68	787	205	^d 1,857	° 216
983 Average	2,437	382	°-6	712	236	1,877	^c 217
984 Average	2,500	503	^c -32	791	236	2,007	198
985 Average	2,532	550	22	886	227	1,947	206
986 Average	2,704	504	15	888	291	2,045	201
987 Average	2,737	543	-1	829	264	2,187	200
988 Average	2,773	645	22	799	294	2,303	208
989 Average	2,771	627	12	797	305	2,285	213
990 Average	2,842	705	-32	887	289	2,402	213
-	•			•••	200	4,7VE	201
991 January	2,653	748	204	844	317	2,036	207
February	2,668	573	363	726	275	1,876	217
March	2,576	551	151	819	239	-	
April	2,724	607	133	753	228	1,919	222
May	2,853	800	198			2,217	226
June	3,030	615		900	327	2,228	232
July	3,029		-123	1,092	304	2,372	228
	•	776	-143	1,081	321	2,545	224
August	2,993	642	-169	1,013	296	2,496	219
September	3,010	746	101	802	267	2,586	222
October	2,824	611	-218	944	211	2,498	215
November	2,750	850	-81	1,093	238	2,349	213
December	2,797	577	-163	1,147	304	2,085	208
Average	2,826	675	18	936	277	2,269	208
92 January	2,702	734	203	787	272	2,175	214
February	2,642	575	183	883	240	1,911	219
March	2,752	713	238	730	239	2,258	227
April	2,900	793	-31	1.043	217	2,464	226
May	2,929	665	-113	910	199	2,598	222
June	3,126	669	-42	787	225	2,826	221
July	3,207	740	-156	996	284	2,822	216
August	3,068	729	-116	884	227	2,802	210
September	3,114	748	188	675	336	2,663	212
October	2,923	701	-182	954	295		
November	2,915	697	-24			2,557	212
December	2,853	711	-24 -165	989	264	2,383	212
Average	2,855 2,928	707	-165 - 3	1,223 906	352 263	2,154 2,470	° 207 ° 207
93 January	^e 3,026	698	° 600	829	^e 271	^e 2,023	225
February	2,815	773	122	949	282	2,235	225
March	2,866	818	243	545 747	269		
April	2,862	719	240	900	315	2,425	236
May	2,899	808	85	979	278	2,357	236
June	3,022	630	-240	981	278	2,364	239
July	3,116	875	116	945		2,632	231
August	3,094	676			302	2,628	235
			27	865	295	2,583	236
September	3,016	789	-265	1,031	282	2,757	228
October	3,108	802	-164	1,138	369	2,567	223
November	2,978	760	-210	1,274	309	2,365	217
11-Month Average	2,984	759	31	966	296	2,450	217
92 11-Month Average	2,935	706	12	876	254	2,499	212
91 11-Month Average	2,829	684	35	917	275	2,286	213

^a A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.

Stocks are totals as of end of period.

c See Note 4 at end of section.

^d See Note 6 at end of section.

^e Beginning in 1993, other petroleum products production, exports, and products supplied include an adjustment to oxygenates and motor gasoline blending components.

(s)=Less than +500 barrels per day and greater than -500 barrels per day.

Notes: • Other petroleum products include pertanes plus, other hydrocarbons and oxygenates, unfinished oils, gasoline blending components, and all finished petroleum products except finished motor gasoline, distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, jet fuel, and liquefied petroleum gases. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: • 1973-1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 1993, Table S9. • 1981 forward: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, January 1994, Table S10.

Petroleum Notes

1. The Energy Information Administration (EIA) uses a number of sources and methods to maintain the survey respondent lists. On a regular basis, survey managers review such industry publications as the Oil and Gas Journal and Oil Daily for information on facilities or companies starting up or closing down operations. Those sources are augmented by articles in newspapers, letters from respondents indicating changes in status, and information received from survey systems.

To supplement routine frames maintenance and to provide more thorough coverage, a comprehensive frames investigation is conducted every 3 years. This investigation results in the reassessment and recompilation of the complete frame for each survey. The effort also includes the evaluation of the impact of potential frame changes on the historical time series of data published from these respondents. The results of this frame study are usually implemented in January to provide a full year under the same frame.

In 1991, the EIA conducted a frame identifier survey of companies that produce, blend, store, or import oxygenates. A summary of the results from the identification survey was published in the Weekly Petroleum Status Report dated February 12, 1992, and in the February 1992 issue of the Petroleum Supply Monthly. In order to continue to provide relevant information about U.S. and regional gasoline supply, the EIA conducted a second frame identifier survey of those companies during 1992. As a result, numerous respondents were added to the monthly surveys effective in January 1993. See Explanatory Note 7 in the Petroleum Supply Monthly.

2. Motor Gasoline: Beginning in January 1981, the EIA expanded its universe to include non-refinery blenders and separated blending components from finished motor gasoline as a reporting category. Also, survey forms were modified to describe refinery operations more accurately.

Beginning with the reporting of January 1993 data, the EIA made adjustments to the product supplied series for finished motor gasoline. It was recognized that motor gasoline statistics published by the EIA through 1992 were underreported because the reporting system was (1) not collecting all fuel ethanol blending, and (2) there was a misreporting of motor gasoline blending components that were blended into finished gasoline. The adjustments are incorporated into EIA's data beginning in January 1993. To facilitate data analysis across the 1992-1993 period, EIA has prepared a table of 1992 data adjusted according to the 1993 basis. See Petroleum Supply Monthly, March 1993, Table H3.

3. Distillate and Residual Fuel Oils: The requirement to report crude oil in pipelines or burned on leases as either distillate or residual fuel oil has been eliminated. Prior to January 1981, the refinery input of unfinished oils typically exceeded the available supply of unfinished oils. That discrepancy was assumed to be due to the redesignation of distillate and residual fuel oils received as such but used as unfinished oil inputs by the receiving refinery. The imbalance between supply and disposition of unfinished oils would then be subtracted from the production of distillate and residual fuel oils. Two-thirds of that difference was subtracted from distillate and one-third from residual. Beginning in January 1981, the EIA modified its survey forms to account for redesignated product and discontinued the above-mentioned adjustment.

Beginning in January 1993, the end-of-month stocks of distillate fuel oil are split into two sulfur categories (0.05 percent sulfur or less and greater than 0.05 percent sulfur) to meet Environmental Protection Agency requirements effective in October 1992. For further details, see the EIA, *Petroleum Supply Monthly*.

4. New Stock Basis: In January 1975, 1979, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to bulk terminal and pipeline surveys, affecting subsequent stocks reported and stock change calculations. Using the expanded coverage (new basis), the end-of-year stocks, in million barrels, would have been:

- Crude Oil: 1982-645 (Total) and 351 (Other Primary).
- Crude Oil and Petroleum Products: 1974-1,121; 1980-1,425; and 1982-1,461.
- Motor Gasoline: 1974—225; 1980—263; 1982— 244 (Total) and 202 (Finished).
- Distillate Fuel Oil: 1974-224; 1980-205; and 1982-186.
- Residual Fuel Oil: 1974-75; 1980-91; and 1982-69.
- Jet Fuel: 1974—30 (Total) and 24 (Kerosene Type); 1980—42 (Total) and 36 (Kerosene Type); and 1982—39 (Total) and 32 (Kerosene Type).
- Liquefied Petroleum Gases: 1974—113; 1978— 136; 1980—128; and 1982—102.
- Propane and Propylene: 1978—86; 1980—69; and 1982—57.
- Other Petroleum Products: 1974—190; 1980— 207; and 1982—219.

Stock change calculations beginning in 1975, 1979, 1981, and 1983 were made by using new basis stock levels.

In January 1984, changes were made in the reporting of natural gas liquids. As a result, unfractionated stream, which was formerly included in the "Other Petroleum Products Supply and Disposition" table, is now reported on a component basis (ethane, propane, normal butane, isobutane, and pentanes plus). Most of these stocks now appear in the "Liquefied Petroleum Gases Supply and Disposition" table. This change affects stocks reported and stock change calculations in each table. Under the new basis, end-of-year 1983 stocks, in million barrels, would have been:

- Liquefied Petroleum Gases: 1983-108.
- Propane and Propylene: 1983—55.
- Other Petroleum Products: 1983-210.

In January 1993, changes were made in the monthly surveys to begin collecting bulk terminal and pipeline stocks of oxygenates. This change affected stocks reported and stock change calculations. However, a new basis stock level was not calculated for 1992 end-of-year stocks. 5. Stocks of Alaskan Crude Oil: Stocks of Alaskan Crude oil in transit were included for the first time in January 1981. The major impact of this change is on the reporting of stock change calculations. Using the expanded coverage (new basis), 1980 end-of-year stocks, in million barrels, would have been 488 (Total) and 380 (Other Primary).

6. Data Discrepancies: Due to differences internal to EIA data processing systems, some small discrepancies exist between data in the Monthly Energy Review (MER) and the Petroleum Supply Annual (PSA) and Petroleum Supply Monthly (PSM). The data that have discrepancies are footnoted in Section 3 tables and summarized here.

Table	Data Series	Year Average	MER Data	PSA and PSM Data
3.1a	Natural Gas Plant Production	1976	1,604	1,603
3.1b	Exports, Total	1979	471	472
3.1b	Exports, Petroleum Products	1979	236	237
3.1b	Net Imports	1979	7,985	7,984
3.2a	Crude Used Directly	1976	-19	-18
3.2a	Imports, SPR	1978	161	162
3.2a	Crude Used Directly	1978	-15	-14
3.2a	Crude Used Directly	1979	-14	-13
3.2a	Crude Used Directly	1980	-14	-13
3.2b	Crude Losses	1976	14	15
3.2b	Crude Losses	1980	14	15
3.5	Stock Change	1974	10	9
3.5	Stock Change	1975	-41	-40
3.8	Total Production	1982	1,527	1,525
3.10	Products Supplied	1982	1,857	1,856

Section 4. Natural Gas

Total dry natural gas production in the United States during November 1993 was an estimated 1.5 trillion cubic feet, 2 percent⁴ higher than production during the previous November.

Consumption of natural and supplemental gas in November 1993 was 1.7 trillion cubic feet, 3 percent above the level in November 1992.

Deliveries to residential consumers in October 1993 (latest date for which data are available) were 252 billion cubic feet, 5 percent higher than the previous October's deliveries. Total deliveries to industrial consumers during October 1993 were 653 billion cubic feet, 7 percent more than the previous October's level.

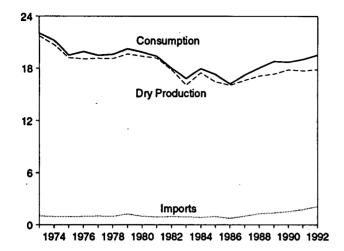
Imports of natural gas in November 1993 were 182 billion cubic feet, 13 percent lower than imports in the previous November.

Stocks of working gas^5 in underground natural gas storage reservoirs at the end of November 1993 totaled 2.8 trillion cubic feet, 9 percent below the level of stocks available 1 year earlier. Net withdrawals from storage during November 1993 were 204 billion cubic feet, 13 percent above the amount of withdrawals during the previous November.

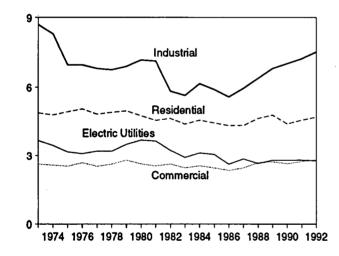
⁴Percentage changes are based on unrounded data. ⁵Gas available for withdrawal.

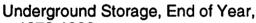
Figure 4.1 Natural Gas (Trillion Cubic Feet)

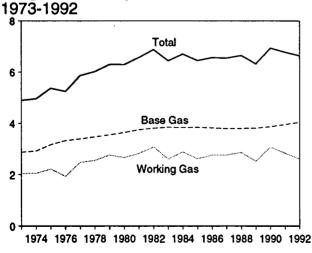
Overview, 1973-1992



Consumption by Sector, 1973-1992

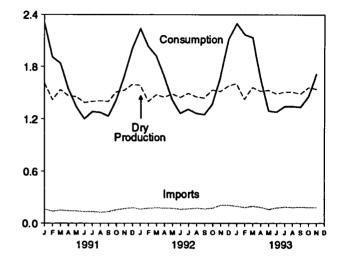




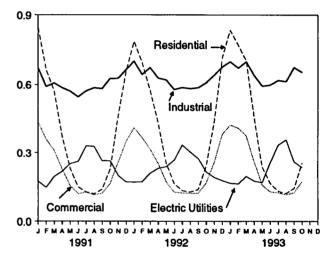


Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Tables 4.2, 4.4, and 4.5.

Overview, Monthly



Consumption by Sector, Monthly



Underground Storage, End of Month

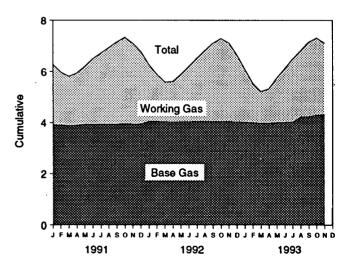


Table 4.1 Natural Gas Production

(Billion Cubic Feet)

	Gros s Withdrawals ^a	Repressuring ^b	Nonhydro- carbon Gases Removed ^c	Vented and Flared ^d	Marketed Production (Wet) ^e	Extraction Loss ¹	Total Dry Gas Production
	24,067	1,171	NA	248	^h 22,648	917	^h 21,731
73 Total		1,080	NA	169	h 21,601	887	h 20,713
74 Total	22,850		NA	134	h 20,109	872	h 19,236
75 Total	21,104	861			^h 19,952	854	^h 19,098
76 Total	20,944	859	NA	132			
77 Total	21,097	935	NA	137	^h 20,025	863	ⁿ 19,163
78 Total	21,309	1,181	NA	153	ⁿ 19,974	852	^h 19,122
79 Total	21,883	1,245	NA	167	^h 20,471	808	^h 19,663
80 Total	21,870	1,365	199	125	20,180	777	19,403
81 Total	21,587	1,312	222	98	19,956	775	19,181
	20,272	1,388	208	93	18,582	762	17,820
82 Total		1,458	222	95	16,884	790	16,094
83 Total	18,659				18,304	838	17,466
84 Total	20,267	1,630	224	108	•		•
85 Total	19,607	1,915	326	95	17,270	816	16,454
86 Total	19,131	1,838	337	98	16,859	800	16,059
87 Total	20,140	2,208	376	124	17,433	812	16,621
88 Total	20,999	2,478	460	143	17,918	816	17,103
89 Total	21,074	2,475	362	142	18,095	785	17,311
90 Total	21,523	2,489	289	150	18,594	784	17,810
	4 050	005	24	13	1,686	76	1,610
91 January	1,958	235				67	1,417
February	1,738	221	22	12	1,483		
March	1,889	245	24	13	1,607	72	1,535
April	1,800	234	21	14	1,531	69	1,462
May	1,786	227	23	15	1,522	69	1,453
June	1,713	226	22	14	1,451	65	1,385
		236	23	16	1,465	66	1,399
July	1,740		23	15	1,471	66	1,405
August	1,741	231			•	66	1,398
September	1,716	214	24	14	1,464		
October	1,864	245	23	15	1,580	71	1,509
November	1.864	226	23	15	1,600	72	1,528
December	1,942	231	24	15	1,673	75	1,597
Total	21,750	2,772	276	170	18,532	835	17,698
92 January	1,952	251	24	14	1,663	77	1,586
	1,748	247	22	13	1,467	68	1,398
February		-	22	14	1,547	72	1,475
March	1,837	254			•	71	1,447
April	1,801	246	24	13	1,518		•
May	1,842	248	24	12	1,557	73	1,485
June	1,800	246	23	15	1,515	71	1,444
July	1,842	238	24	16	1,564	73	1,491
August	1,799	237	24	15	1,522	71	1,451
÷ .	1,786	242	21	15	1,508	70	1,437
September		253	25	13	1,608	75	1,533
October	1,899			14	1,588	74	1,514
November	1,871	246	23			74	1,514
December	1,956	263	24 280	14 168	1,656 18,712	872	1,579
Total	22,132	2,973	200	100	10,718	0.2	
93 January	_1,991	270	22	15	1,684 B 4 492	78	1,606 B 1,422
February	^R 1,773	246	21	14	^R 1,492	70	^R 1,423
March	1,940	266	21	14	^R 1,639	76	1,563
April	1,885	256	22	16	1,592	74	1,518
May	1,901	261	21	15	1,605	75	1,530
	1,835	242	21	15	1.557	73	1,484
	^R 1,867	242	22	15	^R 1,583	74	1.509
July	B 4 007	²⁴⁸ ^R 248	R22	15	P 1,580	74	R 1,507
August	^R 1,865				1,000 R 4 667	R 73	^R 1,485
September	^R 1,847	P 255	_21	_ 14	R 1,557	- /3	- 1,485 F 1 500
October	E 1.933	E 257	E 22	E 15	^E 1,638	E 76	E 1,562
November	E 1,913	E 257	E 22	E 15	^E 1,618	_ ^E 75	E 1,543
11-Month Total	E 20,750	E 2,807	E 237	E 161	^E 17,546	E 818	^E 16,728
					17,056	795	16,261
92 11-Month Total	20,176	2,710	257	154			

^a Gas withdrawn from gas and oil wells.

^b The injection of natural gas into oil and gas formations for pressure maintenance and cycling purposes.

See Note 1 at end of section.

d Vented: Natural gas released into the air on the base site or at processing plants. Flared: Natural gas burned in flares on the base site or at

gas processing plants. ⁹ 'Gross Withdrawals' minus 'Repressuring,' 'Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed,' and 'Vented and Flared.' See Note 2 at end of section.

^f See Note 3 at end of section.

"Marketed Production (Wet)" minus "Extraction Loss."
 May include unknown quantities of nonhydrocarbon gases.

R=Revised data. NA=Not available. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. ٠

Sources: • 1973-1986: Energy information Administration (EIA), Natural Gas Annual 1991, Table 95. • 1987 forward: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, January 1994, Table 1.

Table 4.2 Natural Gas Supply and Disposition

(Billion Cubic Feet)

		· _ ·	Supply					Dispositio	n
	Total Dry Gas Production	Withdrawals from Storage ^a	Supplemental Gaseous Fuels ^b	Imports ^c	Balancing Item ^b	Total Supply/ Disposition ^d	Additions to Storage ^a	Exportsc	Consumption
1973 Total	^e 21,731	1,533	NA	1,033	-196	24,101	1 074		
974 Total	^e 20,713	1,701	NA	959	-289		1,974	77	22,049
975 Total	^e 19,236	1,760	NA	953	-235	23,084	1,784	77	21,223
976 Total	^e 19,098	1,921	NA	964	-235	21,714	2,104	73	19,538
1977 Total	^e 19,163	1,750	NA	1,011	-41	21,767	1,756	65	19,946
1978 Total	^e 19,122	2,158	NA	966	-287	21,883	2,307	56	19,521
1979 Total	^e 19,663	2,047	NA	1,253	-372	21,958	2,278	53	19,627
1980 Total	19,403	1,972	155	985	-372 -640	22,591	2,295	56	20,241
1981 Total	19,181	1,930	176	904		21,875	1,949	49	19,877
1982 Total	17,820	2,164	145	904	-500	21,691	2,228	59	19,404
1983 Total	16,094	2,270	132		-537	20,525	2,472	52	18,001
1984 Total	17,466	2,098		918	-703	18,712	1,822	55	16,835
985 Total			110	843	1-217	20,300	2,295	55	17,951
986 Total	16,454	2,397	126	950 750	-428	19,499	2,163	55	17,281
987 Total	16,059 16,621	1,837	113	750	-493	18,266	1,984	61	16,221
988 Total		1,905	101	993	-444	19,176	1,911	54	17,211
989 Total	17,103	2,270	101	1,294	-453	20,315	2,211	74	18,030
990 Total	17,311	2,854	107	1,382	-218	21,435	2,528	107	18,801
	17,810	1,986	123	1,532	-149	21,302	2,499	86	18,716
991 January	1,610	682	12	163	-44	2,423	115	10	2,299
February	1,417	409	10	138	62	2,035	112	11	1,912
March	1,535	297	11	151	-15	1,979	129	10	1,840
April	1,462	104	9	144	65	1,785	234	9	1,542
Мау	1,453	58	9	141	13	1,675	331	8	1,337
June	1,385	42	8	133	-37	1,531	326	7	1,199
July	1,399	75	9	135	-28	1,590	299	8	1,283
August	1,405	82	9	127	-48	1,574	290	10	1,274
September	1,398	78	8	134	-72	1,545	304	11	1,231
October	1,509	103	10	157	-88	1,691	258	14	1,419
November	1,528	360	9	169	-209	1,856	150	15	1,691
December	1,597	461	11	181	-98	2,151	125	18	2,009
Total	17,698	2,752	113	1,773	-500	21,836	2,672	129	19,035
992 January	1,586	624	12	165	-71	2,315	60	16	0.000
February	1,398	463	11	175	42	2,089	45	14	2,239
March	1,475	397	ii	180	-42	2,022	45 74		2,031
April	1,447	142	10	176	89	•		23	1,926
May	1,485	44	9	174		1,864	161	18	1,685
June	1,444	35	8	162	68 16	1,780	344	19	1,418
July	1,491	42	8	162	-8	1,666	384	18	1,264
August	1,451	42	8			1,700	373	16	1,311
September	1,437	40 40	8	175 166	-19	1,662	380	18	1,264
October	1,437	40 70			-24	1,629	362	18	1,249
November			10	176	-130	1,659	271	19	1,368
December	1,514	282	11	210	-239	1,778	88	19	1,672
Total	1,579 17,840	587 2,772	12 118	209 2,138	-191 -508	2,195 22,360	58 2,599	19 216	2,119 19,544
	•						·	210	
993 January	1,606	605	13	198	-58	2,364	50	18	2,297
February	^R 1,423	578	12	183	R 15	^R 2,210	27	13	^R 2,171
March	1,563	381	12	199	^R 75	^R 2,230	78	17	^R 2,136
April	1,518	111	10	185	79	1,904	219	12	1,673
May	1,530	25	8	160	28	1,751	447	12	1,291
June	1,484	43	10	178	^R _10	^R 1,706	416	11	^R 1,280
July	1,509	48	9	190	_ ^R -1	1,755	398	14	1,343
August	^R 1,507	98	9	184	R-23	_ 1,774	419	11	1.344
September		25	9	188	^R 18	^R 1,725	378	11	^R 1.336
October	^E 1,562	97	10	183	^R •139	^R 1,714	247	10	R 1,457
November	E 1,543	315	12	182	-217	1,834	110	10	1,714
11-Month Total	^E 16,728	2,327	114	2,031	-233	20,967	2,787	137	18,043
992 11-Month Total	16,261	2,186	106	1,928	-316	20,165	2,541	198	17,426
991 11-Month Total	16,100	2,291	102	1,593	-401	19,685	2,547	111	17,026

a Data for 1980-1992 include underground storage and liquefied natural gas storage. All other data include underground storage only. Computation procedures are discussed in Note 8 at end of section. ^b See Notes at end of section.

- C See Table 4.3.
- d Data for 1978 forward do not include in-transit receipts and deliveries.
- Ð May include unknown quantities of nonhydrocarbon gases.
- t See Note 7 at end of section.

R=Revised data. NA=Not available. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: • 1973-1986: Total Dry Gas Production—Energy Information Administration (EIA), Natural Gas Annual 1991, Table 95. Withdrawals from Storage, 1973-1975 and 1980-1986-EIA, Natural Gas Annual 1991, Table 96. Withdrawals from Storage, 1976-1979-EIA, Natural Gas Production Supplemental Gaseous Fuels, and Consumption 1979, Table 1. 1980-1986-EIA, Natural Gas Annual 1990, Volume 2, Table 12. Imports, Additions to Storage, Exports, and Consumption—EIA, Natural Gas Annual 1991, Table 96. Total Supply/Disposition—Sum of disposition items. Balancing Item—Total supply/disposition minus all other supply items. • 1987 forward: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, January 1994, Table 2.

Table 4.3 Natural Gas Trade by Country

(Billion Cubic Feet)

		lm	ports			Exp	orts	
	Canada ^a	Algeria ^b	Other ^c	Total	Canada ^a	Mexico ^a	Japan ^b	Total
73 Total	1.028	3	2	1,033	15	14	48	77
74 Total	959	ŏ	(8)	959	13	13	50	77
75 Total	948	5	0	953	10	9	53	73
	954	10	ŏ	964	8	7	50	65
76 Total		• -	2		(8)	Å	52	56
77 Total	997	11		1,011		7	48	53
78 Total	881	84	0	966	(8)	4		
79 Total	1,001	253	0	1,253	(8)	4	51	56
80 Total	797	86	102	985	(8)	4	45	49
81 Total	762	37	105	904	(\$)	3	56	59
82 Total	783	55	95	933	(\$)	2	50	52
83 Total	712	131	75	918	(8)	2	53	55
84 Total	755	36	52	843	(8)	2	53	55
85 Total	926	24	0	950	(s)	2	53	55
66 Total	749	0	2	750	9	2	50	61
87 Total	993	ŏ	ō	993	3	2	49	54
		17	ŏ	1,294	20	2	52	74
88 Total	1,276		-		38	17	51	107
89 Total	1,339	42	0	1,382			53	86
90 Total	1,448	84	0	1,532	17	16	23	00
91 January	156	8	0	163	2	3	4	10
February	133	5	0	138	3	3	4	11
March	146	- 5	Ō	151	1	4	4	10
	139	5	ŏ	144	(s)	3	6	9
April		5	ŏ	141	(s)	5	3	8
May	136		-			4	3	7
June	131	3	0	133	(s)	•	3	8
July	130	5	0	135	(s)	3	4	
August	127	0	0	127	1	3	6	10
September	131	3	0	134	(s)	6	4	11
October	146	10	0	157	2	8	4	14
November	164	5	0	169	2	8	4	15
December	170	10	0	181	3	10	6	18
Total	1,710	64	Ō	1,773	15	60	54	129
192 January	157	8	0	165	2	10	4	16
February	170	5	0	175	4	6	4	14
March	178	3	Ō	180	11	7	4	23
	174	3	ŏ	176	6	7	Å	18
April		0	ő	174	ő	7	é	19
May	174		•		6	7		18
June	160	3	0	162	-	-	4	
July	167	0	0	167	5	6	4	16
August	172	2	0	175	5	9	4	18
September	164	3	0	166	6	8	4	18
October	174	3	0	176	6	· 10	3	19
November	203	8	Ō	210	3	11	4	19
December	202	8	ŏ	209	7	8	4	19
Total	2,094	43	ō	2,138	68	96	53	216
93 January	193	5	0	198	6	8	4	18
February	175	8	0	183	6	2	4	13
March	194	5	ŏ	199	8	3	6	17
April	178	8	ŏ	185	5	3	4	12
•		5	ŏ	. 160	4	3	Å	12
May	155				4	4	3	11
June	171	8	0	178	4	4	5	14
July	183	8	0	190				
August	_ 179	5	0	184	4	3	5	11
September	^R 178	10	0	188	4	2	5	11
October	178	5	0	183	4	3	3	10
November	174	8	0	182	4	1	5	10
11-Month Total	1,957	74	ō	2,031	52	36	49	137
992 11-Month Total	1,893	35	0	1,928	61	88	48	198
91 11-Month Total	1,539	53	0	1,593	12	51	48	111

^a By pipeline, except for very small amounts of liquefied natural gas imported from Canada in 1973, 1977 and 1981. See Note 5 at end of section.
 ^b As liquefied natural gas.
 ^c For 1973-1984, imports are from Mexico; for 1986, imports are from

Indonesia.

R=Revised data. (s)=Less than 500 million cubic feet.

Notes: • See Note 5 at end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Natural Gas Monthly, January 1994, Tables 5 and 6.

.

Table 4.4 Natural Gas Consumption by End-Use Sector

(Billion Cubic Feet)

				Deliv	vered to Consume	ers		
	Lease and Plant Fuel	Pipelin e Fuel ^a	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Electric Utilities	Total	Total Consumptio
973 Total	1,496	728	4,879	2,597	8,689	3,660	19,825	22,049
974 Total	1,477	669	4,786	2,556	8,292	3,443	19,077	21,223
975 Total	1,396	583	4,924	2,508	6,968	3,158	17,558	19,538
76 Total	1,634	548	5,051	2,668	6,964	3,081	17,764	19,946
77 Total	1,659	533	4,821	2,501	6,815	3,191	17,329	19,521
78 Total	1,648	530	4,903	2,601	6,757	3,188	17,449	19,627
79 Total	1,499	601	4,965	2,786	6,899	3,491	18,141	20,241
80 Total	1,026	635	4,752	2,611	7,172	3,682	18,216	19,877
81 Total	928	642	4,546	2,520	7,128	3,640	17,834	19,404
82 Total	1,109	596	4,633	2,606	5,831	3,226	16,295	18,001
83 Total	978	490	4,381	2,433	5,643	2,911	15,367	16,835
84 Total	1,077	529	4,555	2,524	6,154	3,111	16,345	17,951
85 Total	966	504	4,433	2,432	5,901	3,044	15,811	17,281
86 Total	923	485	4,314	2,318	5,579	2,602	14,814	16,221
87 Total	1,149	519	4,315	2,430	5,953	2,844	15,542	17,211
88 Total	1,096	614	4,630	2,670	6,383	2,636	16,320	18,030
89 Total	1,070	629	4,781	2,718	6,816	2,787	17,102	18,801
90 Total	1,236	660	4,391	2,623	7,018	2,787	16,820	18,716
91 January	102	74	844	434	672	173	2,123	2,299
February	90	61	664	359	591	146	1,761	1,912
March	98	58	573	310	607	193	1,683	1,840
April	93	49	373	225	586	216	1,400	1,542
May	93	42	229	154	571	249	1,202	1,337
June	89	37	148	119	546	260	1,073	1,199
July	90	40	126	125	572	330	1,153	1,283
August	90	40	118	113	586	328	1,144	1,274
September	89	38	138	121	582	263	1,103	1,231
October	97	44	225	163	626	263	1,278	1,419
November December	97 101	54 64	459	256	627	198	1,540	1,691
Total	1,129	601	658 4,556	350 2,729	665 7,231	170 2,789	1,843 17,305	2,009 19,035
92 January	104	68	786	410	701	169	0.067	0.000
February	92	62	696	366	644	170	2,067 1,876	2,239
March	97.	58	574	315	674	208		2,031
April	95	51	431	250	628	208	1,770 1,539	1,926 1,685
May	97	42	251	170	620	236	1,278	1,418
June	95	37	162	125	578	266	1,278	1,418
July	98	39	132	122	587	334	1,132	1,311
August	95	37	126	121	582	303	1,175	1,264
September	94	37	137	121	586	274	1,131	1,249
October	101	41	241	166	608	213	1,227	1,368
November	99	50	437	256	641	189	1,523	1,672
December	104	64	717	381	677	176	1,951	2,119
Total	1,171	588	4,690	2,803	7,527	2,766	17,786	19,544
93 January	105	73	834	421	699	164	2,119	2,297
February	^R 93	P 65	770	408	672	162	2,012	^R 2.171
March	103	^R 64	703	374	699	194	1,969	^R 2,136
April	100	53	450	257	639	174	1,521	1,673
May	100	41	234	156	ຼ 593	167	1,150	1.291
June	97	38	164	127	^R 598	255	^R 1,144	^R 1,280
July	99	40	130	123	618	333	1.204	1,343
August	99	40	120	115	^R 613	357	^R 1,205	1.344
September	^R 97	40	142	123	675	259	1,198	^R 1,336
October	103	44	252	172	653.	233	1,311	1,457
10-Month Total	997	499	3,798	2,277	6,460	2,298	14,833	16,329
92 10-Month Total	968	473	3,536	2,166	6,209	2,401	14,312	15,753
91 10-Month Total	931	484	3,438	2,123	5,939	2,421	13,921	15,336

^a Natural gas consumed in the operation of pipelines, primarily in compressors.

R=Revised data.

Notes:
 Natural gas includes supplemental gaseous fuels.
 Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
 Totals may not

equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: • 1973-1986: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Natural Gas Annual 1991, Table 97. • 1987 forward: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, January 1994, Table 3.

Table 4.5 Natural Gas in Underground Storage

(Volumes in Billion Cubic Feet)

	U	Natural Gas in nderground Storag End of Period	8,	Change in We from Same Previous	e Period		Storage Activity	
F	Base Gas	Working Gas	Total ^a	Volume	Percent	Injections ^b	Withdrawals ^b	Net ^c
A			4 000	305	17.6	1,974	1,533	442
973 Total	2,864	2,034	4,898	16	.8	1,784	1,701	84
974 Total	2,912	2,050	4,962				1,760	344
975 Total	3,162	2,212	5,374	162	7.9	2,104		-165
76 Total	3,323	1,026	5,250	-286	-12.9	1,756	1,921	
77 Total	3,391	2,475	5,866	549	28.5	2,307	1,750	557
78 Total	3,473	2,547	6,020	72	2.9	2,278	2,158	120
79 Total	3,553	2,753	6,306	207	8.1	2,295	2,047	24
	3,642	2,655	6,297	-99	-3.6	1,896	1,910	-14
180 Total	3,752	2,817	6,569	162	6.1	2,180	1,887	293
81 Total			6,879	255	9.0	2,399	2,094	30
82 Total	3,808	3,071	•	-476	-15.5	1,700	2,142	-44
983 Total	3,847	2,595	6,442		10.8	2,252	2,064	18
984 Total	3,830	2,876	6,706	281			2,359	-23
85 Total	3,842	2,607	6,448	-270	-9.4	2,128		14
86 Total	3,819	2,749	6,567	142	5.5	1,952	1,812	
987 Total	3,792	2,756	6,548	7	.3	1,887	1,881	
988 Total	3,800	2,850	6,650	94	3.4	2,174	2,244	-6
989 Total	3,812	2,513	6,325	-337	-11.8	2,491	2,804	-31
990 Total	3,868	3,068	6,936	555	22.1	2,433	1,934	49
	3,911	2,362	6,273	92	4.1	115	660	-54
991 January	•		5.972	59	3.0	112	397	-28
February	3,908	2,063	•	37	2.0	129	291	-16
March	3,895	1,912	5,806		4.7	228	104	12
April	3,898	2,037	5,935	91		319	58	26
May	3,931	2,273	6,204	93	4.3		42	27
June	3,939	2,553	6,492	68	2.7	314		_
July	3,942	2,771	6,713	-20	7	290	75	21
August	3,949	2,978	6,927	-93	-3.0	282	82	20
September	3,950	3,201	7,151	-120	-3.6	294	78	21
	3,961	3,369	7,330	-98	-2.8	251	103	14
October		3,148	7,100	-324	-9.3	150	352	-20
November	3,952		6,778	-244	-8.0	125	448	-32
December	3,954	2,824		-244	-8.0	2,608	2,689	-8
Total	3,954	2,824	6,778	-244	-0.0	2,000	·	
992 January	4,061	2,216	6,277	-146	-6.2	68 52	591 441	-52 -38
February	4,057	1,837	5,894	-226	-10.9			-30
March	4,046	1,545	5,591	-367	-19.2	81	381	
April	4,038	1,573	5,611	-463	-22.8	167	150	
May	4,044	1,848	5,892	-425	-18.7	330	53	27
June	4,050	2,153	6,203	-400	•15.7	366	43	34
	4,064	2,460	6,524	-311	-11.2	357	50	- 30
July	4,064	2,761	6,823	-217	-7.3	364	54	30
August		•	7,105	-157	-4.9	346	48	29
September	4,061	3,044		-146	-4.3	264	78	18
October	4,065	3,223	7,288				276	-1
November	4,061	3,054	7,115	-94	-3.0	95		-4
December	4,044	2,597	6,641	•227	-8.0	65	557	
Total	4,044	2,597	6,641	-227	-8.0	2,555	2,724	-14
993 January	4,040	2,045	6,086	-170	•7.7	50	605	-5
	4,014	1,519	5,532	-319	•17.3	27	578	-5
February		1,237	5,230	-308	-19.9	78	381	-3
March		1,335	5,334	-238	-15.1	219	111	1
April	3,999			-111	-6.0	447	25	4
Мау	4,017	1,738	5,755			416	43	3
June		2,100	6,128	-53	-2.5		48	3
July	4,030	2,465	6,495	5	.2	398		3
August	4,254	2,566	6,820	-195	-7.1	419	98	
September		2,901	7,155	-143	-4.7	378	25	3
October		2,992	7,305	-232	-7.2	247	97	1
November		2,781	7,104	-273	-8.9	110	315	-2

^a Total underground storage capacity at the end of each calendar year (in billion cubic feet): 1975--6,280 (first year for which data are available); 1976--6,544; 1977--6,678; 1978--6,890; 1979--6,929; 1980--7,434; 1981--7,805; 1982--7,915; 1983--7,985; 1984--8,043; 1985--8,087; 1986--8,145; 1987, 1988, and 1989--8,124; 1990--8,125; 1991--7,993; and 1992--7,932. Current capacity remains at 7,932. ^b For 1980-1991, data differ from those shown on Table 4.2, which

^b For 1980-1991, data differ from those shown on Table 4.2, which includes liquefied natural gas storage for that period.

^c Positive numbers indicate injections are greater than withdrawals. Negative numbers indicate withdrawals are greater than injections. Net injections or withdrawals may not equal the difference between applicable ending stocks. See Note 8 at end of section.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: • Storage Activity: 1973-1975-Energy Information

Administration (EIA), Natural Gas Annual 1990, Volume 2, Table 9. 1976-1979—EIA, Natural Gas Production and Consumption 1979, Table 1. 1980-1986—EIA, Natural Gas Annual 1990, Volume 2, Table 11. 1987 forward—EIA, Natural Gas Annual 1990, Volume 2, Table 11. 1987 forward—EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, January 1994, Table 13. • Other Data: 1973 and 1974—American Gas Association (AGA), Gas Facts, 1972 Data, Table 57, Gas Facts, 1973 Data, Table 57, and Gas Facts, 1974 Data, Table 40. 1975 and 1976—Federal Energy Administration (FEA), Form FEA-G318-M-0, "Underground Gas Storage Report," and Federal Power Commission (FPC), Form FPC-8, "Underground Gas Storage Report." 1977 and 1978—EIA, Form FEA-G318-M-0, "Underground Gas Storage Report," and Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FERC-8, "Underground Gas Storage Report." 1979-1986—EIA, Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report," and FERC, Form FERC-8, "Underground Gas Storage Report." 1987 forward—EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, January 1994, Table 13.

Natural Gas Notes

1. Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed: Annual data on nonhydrocarbon gases removed from marketed production—carbon dioxide, helium, hydrogen sulfide, and nitrogen—are from the Energy Information Administration (EIA) Natural Gas Annual (NGA) 1991. Data are not available for periods prior to 1980. Monthly data are reported by three States and computed for six States. Monthly data are preliminary until after publication of the EIA NGA. Differences between annual data published in the EIA NGA and the sum of the preliminary monthly data (January-December) are allocated proportionally to the months to create final monthly data. For further information on methods of estimating preliminary monthly data, see the EIA Natural Gas Monthly (NGM).

2. Production.

- Annual data: Final annual data are from the EIA NGA.
- Estimated monthly data: Data for the two most recent months presented are estimated. Some of the data for earlier months are also estimated or computed. For a discussion of computation and estimation procedures, see the EIA NGM.
- Preliminary monthly data: Monthly data are considered preliminary until after publication of the EIA NGA. Preliminary monthly data are gathered from reports to the Interstate Oil Compact Commission and the U.S. Minerals Management Service. Volumetric data are converted, as necessary, to a standard 14.73 psi pressure base. Unless there are major changes, data are not revised until after publication of the EIA NGA.
- Final monthly data: Differences between annual data in the EIA NGA and the sum of preliminary monthly data (January-December) are allocated proportionally to the months to create final monthly data.

3. Extraction Loss: Extraction loss is the reduction in volume of natural gas resulting from the removal of natural gas liquid constituents at natural gas processing plants.

Annual data for extraction loss are from the EIA NGA, where they are estimated on the basis of the type and quantity of liquid products extracted from the gas stream and the calculated volume of such products at standard conditions. For a detailed explanation of the calculations used to derive estimated extraction losses, see the EIA NGA.

Preliminary monthly data are estimated on the basis of extraction loss as an annual percentage of marketed production. This percentage is applied to each month's marketed production to estimate monthly extraction loss.

Monthly data are revised and considered final after the publication of the EIA NGA. Final monthly data are estimated by allocating annual extraction loss data to the months on the basis of total natural gas marketed production data from the EIA NGA.

4. Supplemental Gaseous Fuels: Any gaseous substance that, introduced into or commingled with natural gas, increases the volume available for disposition. Such substances include, but are not limited to, propane-air, refinery gas, coke oven gas, still gas, manufactured gas, biomass gas, or air or inert gases added for Btu stabilization.

Annual data beginning with 1980 are from the EIA NGA. Unknown quantities of supplemental gaseous fuels are included in consumption data for 1979 and earlier years.

Monthly data are considered preliminary until after the publication of the EIA NGA. Monthly estimates are based on the annual ratio of supplemental gaseous fuels to the sum of dry gas production, net imports, and net withdrawals from storage. The ratio is applied to the monthly sum of the three elements to compute a monthly supplemental gaseous fuels figure.

5. Imports and Exports: The United States imports natural gas via pipeline from Canada. Prior to 1985, it also imported natural gas via pipeline from Mexico. Liquefied natural gas (LNG) arrives via tanker from Algeria. One shipment of LNG was received from Indonesia in December 1986. Very small amounts of LNG arrived from Canada in 1973 (667 million cubic feet), 1977 (572 million cubic feet), and 1981 (6 million cubic feet). The United States exports natural gas via pipeline to Canada and Mexico and LNG via tanker to Japan.

Annual and final monthly data are from the annual Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas," which requires data to be reported by month for the calendar year.

Preliminary monthly data are EIA estimates. For a discussion of estimation procedures, see the EIA NGM. Preliminary data are revised after the publication of the EIA U.S. Imports and Exports of Natural Gas.

6. Consumption: Consumption includes pipeline fuel use, lease and plant fuel use, and deliveries to consuming sectors.

Final data are from the EIA NGA. Monthly data are considered preliminary until after publication of the EIA NGA. For more detailed information on the methods of

estimating preliminary and final monthly data, see the EIA NGM.

7. Balancing Item: The balancing item for natural gas represents the difference between the sum of the components of natural gas supply and the sum of components of natural gas disposition. The differences may be due to quantities lost or to the effects of data reporting problems. Reporting problems include differences due to the net result of conversions of flow data metered at varying temperature and pressure bases and converted to a standard temperature and pressure base; the effect of variations in company accounting and billing practices; differences between billing cycle and calendar period time frames; and imbalances resulting from the merger of data reporting systems which vary in scope, format, definitions, and type of respondents.

The increase of 0.2 trillion cubic feet (Tcf) in the "Balancing Item" category in 1983, followed by a decline of 0.5 Tcf in 1984, reflected unusually large differences resulting from the use of the annual billing cycle (essentially December 15 through the following December 14) consumption data in conjunction with calendar year supply data. Record cold temperatures during the last half of December 1983 resulted in a reported 0.3 Tcf increase in net withdrawals from underground storage for peak shaving as compared with the same period in 1982, but the effect of this cold

...

weather was reflected primarily in 1984 consumption data. For underground storage data, see Table F2 in the May 1985 NGM, which was published in July 1985.

8. Natural Gas Storage: Gas in storage at the end of a reporting period may not equal the quantity derived by adding or subtracting net injections or withdrawals from the quantity in storage at the end of the previous period. The difference is due to changes in the quantity of native gas included in the base gas and/or losses in base gas due to migration from storage reservoirs.

Monthly underground storage data are collected from the Forms FERC-8 (interstate data) and EIA-191 (intrastate data). Beginning in January 1991, all data are collected on the revised Form EIA-191. Injection and withdrawal data from the FERC-8/EIA-191 survey are adjusted to correspond to data from Form EIA-176 following publication of the EIA NGA.

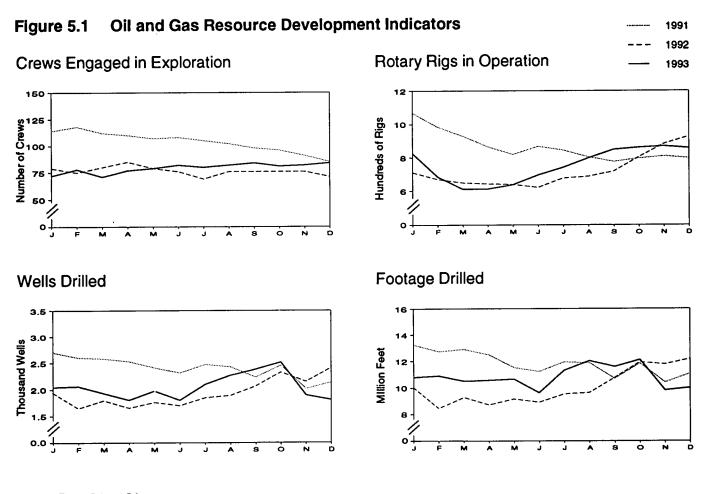
The final monthly and annual storage and withdrawal data for 1980-1989 include both underground and liquefied natural gas (LNG) storage. Annual data on LNG additions and withdrawals are from Form EIA-176. Monthly data are estimated by computing the ratio of each month's underground storage additions and withdrawals to annual underground storage additions and withdrawals and applying the ratio to the annual LNG data. · · ·

Section 5. Oil and Gas Resource Development

A total of 84 seismic exploration crews were active in December 1993, 13 more crews than were active a year earlier. Of the total, 66 were land crews and 18 were aboard marine vessels. The number of land crews increased by 8 and the number of operating marine vessels increased by 5 vessels from the December 1992 count.

The December 1993 rotary rig count of 857 was 1 percent lower than the count in the previous month and 7 percent lower than the count in December 1992. Of the total number of rigs in operation, 754 were onshore and 103 were offshore. The number of onshore rigs was down 13 percent from the number in December 1992, but the number of offshore rigs was up 75 percent. Total footage drilled in December 1993 was 10.0 million feet, up 2 percent from footage drilled in November 1993 but down 18 percent from that drilled in December 1992.

The estimated number of exploratory and development oil and gas wells drilled during December 1993 was 1,263, 2 percent lower than the number drilled in November 1993 and 30 percent lower than the number drilled in December 1992. The estimated number of oil wells drilled was 561 and the estimated number of gas wells was 702, 29 percent lower and 30 percent lower, respectively, from the December 1992 levels. The estimated number of dry holes drilled in December 1993 was 546, 11 percent lower than the number drilled in both November 1993 and December 1992.



Sources: Tables 5.1 and 5.2.

		ews Engage smic Explore			Rotary R	ligs in Ope	erationa			
				By	Site	By 1	Гуре		Total	Active
· ·	Offshore	Onshore	Total	Offshore	Onshore	Oll	Gas	Total ^b	Footage Drilled ^c	Well Servicing Units ^d
	. Mo	onthiy Avera	ge		Wee	okly Avera	ge		Thousand Feet	Number
1973 Average	23	227	250	84	1,110	NA	NA	1,194	139,427	NA
1974 Average	31	274	305	94	1,378	NA	NA	1,472	153,791	NA
1975 Average	30	254	284	106	1,554	NA	NA	1,660	181,046	NA
1976 Average	25	237	262	129	1,529	NA	NA	1,658	187,291	2,601
1977 Average	27	281	308	167	1,834	NA	NA	2,001	215,696	2,828
1978 Average	25	327	352	185	2,074	NA	NA	2,259	238,388	2,988
1979 Average	30	370	400	207	1,970	NA	NA	2,177	243,686	3,399
1980 Average	37	493	530	231	2,678	NA	NA	2,909	312,303	4,089
1981 Average	44	637	681	256	3,714	NA	NA	3,970	408,842	•
1982 Average	57	531	588	243	2,862	NA	NA	3,105	378,437	4,850
1983 Average	47	426	473	199	2,033	NA	NA	2,232	318,585	4,248
1984 Average	49	445	494	213	2,215	NA	NA		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3,732
1985 Average	45	333	378	206	1,774	NA	NA	2,428	370,730	4,663
1986 Average	24	176	200	89	865	NA	NA	1,980 964	312,569	4,716
1987 Average	24	153	177	95	841	NA	NA	936	177,486	3,036
988 Average	29	153	182	123	813	554			161,226	3,060
1989 Average	23	109	132	105	764		354	936	153,340	3,341
1990 Average	23	102	132	105	902	453 532	401 464	869 1,010	133,383 149,378	3,391 3,658
	22	00							•	-
1991 January		92	114	91	977	633	413	1,068	13,243	3,579
February March	21	97	118	88	896	564	405	984	12,738	3,512
	24	88	112	81	848	520	389	929	12,905	3,444
April	23	87	110	95	770	469	374	865	12,490	3,416
May	22	85	107	98	721	430	354	819	11,514	3,394
June	21	87	108	93	774	483	342	867	11,214	3,363
July	16	89	105	80	764	472	332	844	11,940	3,369
August	15	87	102	68	735	451	326	803	11,861	3,257
September	14	84	98	71	704	433	314	775	10,669	3,208
October	15	81	96	68	727	433	330	795	11,830	3,138
November	18	73	91	72	736	457	328	808	10,395	3,113
December	19	66	85	65	731	469	308	796	^R 11,049	3,183
Average	19	85	104	81	779	482	351	860	^R 141,848	3,331
1992 January	18	61	79	56	654	400	294	710	10.017	2,912
February	13	62	75	51	618	378	277	669	8,456	2,704
March	13	67	80	54	594	381	250	648	9,289	2,592
April	13	72	85	55	587	370	251	642	8,726	2,727
May	13	66	79	47	591	358	260	638	9,158	
June	12	64	76	44	577	343	260	621		2,264
July	9	60	69	48	628	349	310	676	8,915 9,529	2,369
August	9	67	76	51	635	334	331	686		2,492
September	10	66	76	45	672	345	356		9,635	2,630
October	10	66	76	40 53	750	345	399	717	10,748	2,825
November	15	61	76	53 60	822	392 418		803	11,925	3,076
December	13	58	70	59	822 867	418 397	451	882	11,764 B10,467	2,977
Average	12	64	76	52	669	397	509 331	926 721	^R 12,167 ^R 120,329	3,218 2,732
993 January	17	55	72	70	750					
February	15	55 63	72	72	752	335	454	824	10,784	2,807
March	16	55		69 62	615	311	334	684	10,891	2,899
April	14		71	62	549	315	268	611	10,501	2,829
May		63	77	69 70	543	320	270	612	10,553	2,703
	15	64	79	73	564	323	294	637	10,644	2,848
June	17	65	82	83	612	350	327	695	^R 9,620	3,087
July	15	65	80	85	656	368	360	741	11,308	3,178
August	16	66	82	87	710	397	390	797	12,023	3,423
September	18	66	84	89	759	418	421	848	11,575	3,341
October	15	66	81	93	767	441	411	860	12,110	3,519
November	17	65	82	99	769	453	408	868	9,810	^R 3,604
December	18	66	84	103	754	425	426	857	9,995	E 3,600

Table 5.1 Oil and Gas Drilling Activity Measurements

^a Monthly data are averages of 4- or 5-week reporting periods, not calendar months. Annual data are averages of 52- or 53-week reporting b Sum of oil, gas, and miscellaneous other rigs, which is not shown.

^c Values shown are totals.

d See Glossary.

R=Revised data. NA=Not available. E=Estimate.

Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: • Crews Engaged in Seismic Exploration: Society of Exploration Geophysicists, Tulsa, Oklahoma, Monthly Seismic Crew Count. Rotary Rigs in Operation: Baker Hughes, Inc., Houston, Texas, Rotary Rigs Running-by State.
 Total Footage Drilled: Energy Information Administration computations, which are based on well reports submitted to the American Petroleum Institute by the Petroleum Information Corporation, Denver, Colorado. • Active Well Servicing Units: American Association of Oilwell Servicing Contractors, Dallas, Texas, *Well Servicing*.

. !

Table 5.2 Oil and Gas Wells Drilled

(Number of Wells)

		Explo	ratory			Develo	pment			To	tal	
	Oil	Gas	Dry	Total	Oil	Gas	Dry	Total	Oil	Gas	Dry	Total
973 Total	654	1,079	6,038	7,771	9,597	5,896	4,428	19,921	10,251	6,975	10,466	27,69
74 Total	870	1,205	6,894	8,969	12,794	5,965	5,311	24,070	13,664	7,170	12,205	33,03
75 Total	991	1,263	7,207	9,461	15,988	6,907	6,529	29,424	16,979	8,170	13,736	38,88
76 Total	1,100	1,362	6,854	9,316	16,597	8,076	6,951	31,624	17,697	9,438	13,805	40,94
	1,183	1,562	7,402	10,147	17,517	10,557	7,634	35,708	18,700	12,119	15,036	45,85
77 Total			•					39,024	19,065	14,405	16,591	50,06
78 Total	1,191	1,792	8,054	11,037	17,874	12,613	8,537		•		-	
79 Total	1,335	1,920	7,478	10,733	19,368	13,250	8,560	41,178	20,703	15,170	16,038	51,91
80 Total	1,781	2,094	9,035	12,910	30,497	15,129	11,302	56,928	32,278	17,223	20,337	69,83
81 Total	2,667	2,533	12,297	17,497	40,176	17,374	14,987	72,537	42,843	19,907	27,284	90,03
82 Total	2,470	2,168	11,346	15,984	36,672	16,776	15,036	68,484	39,142	18,944	26,382	84,46
983 Total	2,113	1,660	10,271	14,044	35,086	12,896	14,065	62,047	37,199	14,556	24,336	76,09
984 Total	2,335	1,599	11,482	15,416	40,250	15,413	14,315	69,978	42,585	17,012	25,797	85,39
85 Total	1,879	1,282	9,445	12,606	33,142	12,970	11,763	57,875	35,021	14,252	21,208	70,48
86 Total	988	733	5,511	7,232	17,713	7,402	7,255	32,370	18,701	8,135	12,768	39,60
87 Total	859	673	5,179	6,711	15,327	7,084	6,302	28,713	16,186	7,757	11,481	35,42
88 Total	792	663	4,766	6,221	12,530	7,575	5,476	25,581	13,322	8,238	10,242	31,80
89 Total	580	652	4,001	5,233	9,759	8,573	4,490	22.822	10,339	9,225	8.491	28.05
990 Total	617	579	3,782	4,978	11,533	9,861	R 4,832	^R 26,226	12,150	10,440	^R 8,614	^R 31,20
91 January	56	46	247	349	1,166	834	352	2,352	1,222	880	599	2,70
February	47	47	271	365	1,173	681	382	2,236	1,220	728	653	2,60
March	53	32	267	352	1,098	753	379	2,230	1,151	785	646	2,58
April	55	36	279	370	1,063	704	392	2,159	1,118	740	671	2,52
May	39	34	263	336	996	692	387	2,075	1,035	726	650	2,41
June	51	42	251	344	878	727	365	1,970	929	769	616	2,31
July	56	36	301	393	903	775	401	2,079	959	811	702	2,47
	48	37	309	394	921	755	357	2,033	969	792	666	2,42
August		30	255	324	816	716	374	1,906	855	746	629	2,23
September	39					767			943	812	699	2,45
October	32	45	286	363	911		413	2,091	750	606	659	
November	25	35	302 ^R 272	362 ^R 358	725 ^R 714	571	357 ^R 368	1,653 _ ^R 1,774	P 757	735	R 640	2,01 _ ^R 2,13
December Total	43 544	43 463	R 3,303	R 4,310	^R 11,364	692 8,667	^R 4,527	R 24,558	^R 11,908	9,130	^R 7,830	R 28,86
92 January	46	32	218	296	740	586	317	1,643	786	618	535	1,93
February	34	30	167	231	590	553	273	1,416	624	583	440	1,64
	38	30	205	273	721	482	320	1,523	759	512	525	1,79
March	32	22	233		656	415	297	1,368	688	437	530	1,65
Aprii				287					671	492	599	1,76
May	35	22	225	282	636	470	374	1,480				
June	41	32	209	282	626	462	330	1,418	667	494	539	1,70
July	43	30	256	329	664	543	312	1,519	707	573	568	1,84
August	42	32	241	_ 315	617	600	357	1,574	659	632	598	1,88
September	36	P 23	222	^R 281	785	^R 659	339	^R 1,783	821	682	561	2,06
October	28	35	205	268	750	948	358	2,056	778	983	563	2,32
November	38	. 30	165	233	_ 690	_ 893	331	1,914	728	923	496	2,14
December	43	_ 33	225	301	_ ^R 743	^R 973	391	R 2,107	R 786	^R 1,006	616	R 2,40
Total	456	R351	2,571	^R 3,378	^R 8,218	^R 7,584	3,999	^R 19,801	^R 8,674	^R 7,935	6,570	R23,17
93 January	41	35	162	238	614	902	290	1,806	655	937	452	2,04
February	32	42	171	245	551	917	346	1,814	583	959	517	2,05
March	23	28	175	226	593	875	236	1,704	616	903	411	1,93
Aprii	41	28	205	274	562	614	355	1,531	603	642	560	1,80
May	36	_ 33	176	_ 245	_ 588	679	462	_ 1,729	_624	_712	_ 638	1,97
June	35	R 31	193	R 259	^R 611	^R 558	^R 374	^R 1,543	^R 646	^R 589	^R 567	R 1,80
July	34	26	254	314	706	549	527	1,782	740	575	781	2,09
August	20	36	226	282	665	937	381	1,983	685	973	607	2,20
September	^R 28	29	253	R310	P 797	838	435	P 2,070	825	867	688	2,3
	32	36	278	346	818	840	511	2,169	850	876	789	2,5
October												
November	24	28	214	266	582	650	397	1,629	606	678	611	1,89
December	25	29	193	247	536	673	353	1,562	561	702	546	1,8
Total	371	381	2,500	3,252	7,623	9,032	4,667	21,322	7,994	9,413	7,167	24,5

.

Revised data.
Notes: • Service wells, stratigraphic tests, and core tests are excluded.
Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Due to the method of estimation, data shown on this page are frequently revised.

See end of section.

Sources: Energy Information Administration computations, which are based on well reports submitted to the American Petroleum Institute by the Petroleum Information Corporation, Denver, Colorado.

Oil and Gas Resource Development Notes

Three well types are considered in the Monthly Energy Review (MER) drilling statistics: "completed for oil," "completed for gas," and "dry hole." Wells that productively encounter both crude oil and natural gas are categorized as "completed for oil." Both development wells and exploratory wells (new field wildcats, new pool tests, and extension tests) are included in the statistics. All other classes of wells drilled in connection with the search for producible hydrocarbons are excluded.

Prior to the March 1985 *MER*, drilling statistics consisted of completion data for the above types and classes of wells as reported to the American Petroleum Institute (API) during a given month. Due to time lags between the date of well completion and the date of completion reporting to the API, as-reported well completions proved to be an inaccurate indicator of drilling activity. During 1982, for example, as-reported well completions rose, while the number of actual completions fell. Consequently, the drilling statistics published since the March 1985 *MER* are Energy Information Administration-generated (EIA) estimates produced by statistically imputing well counts and footage based on the partial data available from the API.

Estimates for a given month are first published in the MER for that month. Revisions of the "oil," "gas," and "dry" components are made in the 6th, 12th, and 24th subsequent months, as newly reported data allow refinement of the estimates. Unscheduled revisions may also occur when the latest estimate differs by more than 15 percent during the first 5 months, more than 10 percent during the next 6 months, or more than 2 percent thereafter through 5 years. After 5 years, the reported API data are published in lieu of EIA-generated estimates. Additional information about the EIA estimation methodology may be found in "Estimating Well Completions," the feature article published in the March 1985 MER.

Section 6. Coal

Coal production in November 1993 totaled 80 million short tons, 1 percent⁶ lower than coal production in November 1992.

.

Electric utility coal consumption in October 1993 totaled 65 million short tons, 3 percent higher than the consumption level in October 1992.

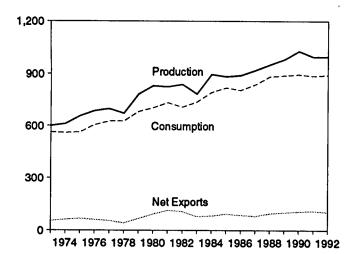
Electric utility coal stocks were 115 million short tons at the end of October 1993, down from 157 million short tons at the end of October 1992.

Coal exports in October 1993 totaled 6 million short tons, 13 percent lower than exports in October 1992. Coal imports in October 1993 totaled 1 million short tons, more than double the amount of coal imported in October 1992.

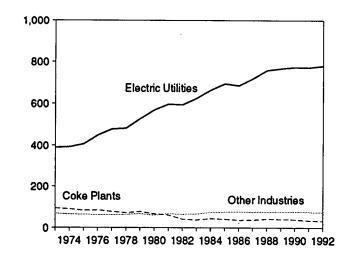
⁶Percentage changes are based on unrounded data.

Figure 6.1 Coal (Million Short Tons)

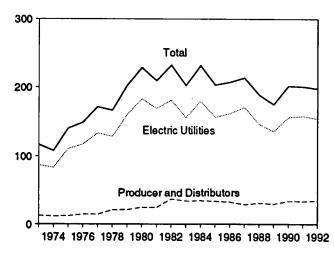
Overview, 1973-1992



Consumption by Sector, 1973-1992

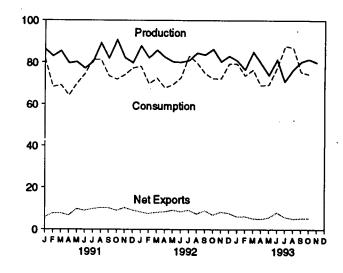




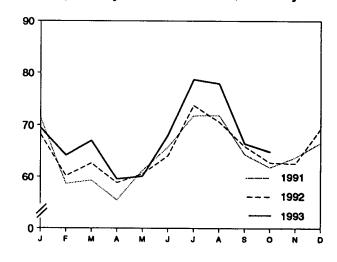


Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Tables 6.1, 6.2, and 6.3.

Overview, Monthly



Consumption by Electric Utilities, Monthly



Stocks at Electric Utilities, End of Month

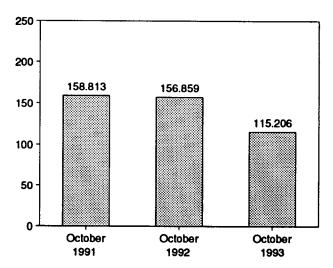


Table 6.1 Coal Overview

(Thousand Short Tons)

	Production	Consumption	Imports ^a	Exports	Stocksb	
	598,568	562,584	127	53,587	116,865	
73 Total	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,080	60,661	107,957	
74 Total	610,023	558,402	940	66,309	140,158	
75 Total	654,641	562,640		•		
76 Total	684,913	603,790	1,203	60,021	148,659	
77 Total	697,205	625,291	1,647	54,312	171,323	
78 Total	670,164	625,225	2,953	40,714	166,246	
79 Total	781,134	680,524	2,059	66,042	202,472	
80 Total	829,700	^c 702,729	1,194	91,742	228,407	
81 Total	823,775	^c 732,628	1,043	112,541	209,423	
82 Total	° 838,111	^c 706,910	742	106,277	^c 232,037	
83 Total	782,091	^c 736,671	1,271	77,772	^c 202,585	
	895,921	791,296	1,286	81,483	231,300	
84 Total		818,049	1,952	92,680	203,367	
85 Total	883,638	•		85,518	207,319	
86 Total	890,315	804,231	2,212		213,780	
87 Total	918,762	836,941	1,747	79,607		
88 Total	950,265	883,642	2,134	95,023	188,831	
89 Total	980,729	889,699	2,851	100,815	175,087	
990 Total	1,029,076	895,480	2,699	105,804	201,629	
991 January	86,261	81,738	263	6,214	199,927	
February	83,036	68,282	- 429	8,127	206,312	
March	85,450	69,188	246	7,977	213,647	
April	79,633	64,184	198	6,917	218,443	
	80,190	69,981	248	10,018	219,221	
May			284	9,278	214,716	
June	77,182	74,592	348	10,099	204,378	
July	80,151	81,221		-	199,237	
August	89,321	81,196	248	10,541		
September	81,966	73,676	387	10,557	197,488	
October	90,821	72,018	214	9,244	202,136	
November	82,194	74,239	298	10,602	201,670	
December	79,779	77,305	225	9,393	200,682	
Total	995,984	887,621	3,390	108,969	200,682	
	87,948	78,162	272	8,590	200,325	
992 January		69,837	213	7,759	204,716	
February	82,139		193	8,383	208,485	
March	85,869	72,595			211,429	
April	82,449	67,802	239	8,616		
May	80,250	69,430	339	9,483	214,714	
June	80,036	72,804	466	8,911	213,783	
July	80,862	83,074	362	9,572	202,271	
August	84,537	79,736	197	7,605	198,710	
September	83,657	74,888	323	9,304	197,076	
October	86,364	72,405	471	7,443	200,971	
November	80,335	72,329	377	8,718	201,683	
	83,100	79,359	351	8,134	197,685	
December Total	997,545	892,421	3,803	102,516	197,685	
An Innuny	80,780	79,309	344	6,506	195,074	
993 January	76,608	73,834	454	6,715	191,990	
February			415	5,648	190,977	
March	85,072	76,552		5,268	194,014	
April	79,504	69,032	281			
May	74,063	69,362	298	6,060	195,001	
June	_ 81,307	_77,408	514	8,619	189,344	
July	^R 70,994	^R 87,970	643	6,573	^R 167,968	
August	^R 76,485	^R 87,166	747	5,830	^R 152,778	
September	^R 80,237	^R 75,576	753	6,120	^R 148,980	
October	81,525	74,522	1,054	6,485	150,834	
	79,912	NA	NA	NA	NA	
November 11-Month Total	79,912 866,488	NA	NA	NA	NA	
992 11-Month Total	914,445	813,062	3,452	94,383	201,683	
		810,316	3,164	99,575	201,670	
991 11-Month Total	916,205	010,010	v1 1 V 4			

⁸ Includes Puerto Rico.

^b Stocks held by electric utilities, coke plants, general industry, and coal producers and distributors at end of period. Stocks held at retail dealers for consumption by the residential and commercial sector are excluded.

^c See Note 6 at end of section.

R=Revised data. NA=Not available. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Data through 1991 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

• For methodology used to calculate production, consumption, and stocks, see Notes 1, 2, and 3 at end of section.

Sources: • Production: 1973-September 1977—U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Mines, *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*. October 1977 forward—Energy Information Administration, *Weekly Coal Production.* • Consumption: Table 6.2. • Imports and Exports: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Monthly Reports IM-145 (Imports) and EM-522 (Exports). • Stocks: Table 6.3.

Table 6.2 Coal Consumption by End-Use Sector

(Thousand Short Tons)

		In	dustrial			
	Residential and	Coke	Other industrial Including	Electric		
	Commercial	Plants	Transportation	Utilities	Total	
973 Total	** ***	04 101				
974 Total	11,117	94,101	68,154	389,212	562,584	
	11,417	90,191	64,983	391,811	558,402	
975 Total	9,410	83,598	63,670	405,962	562,640	
976 Total	8,916	84,704	61,799	448,371	603,790	
977 Total	8,954	77,739	61,472	477,126	625,291	
978 Total	9,511	71,394	63,085	481,235	625,225	
979 Total	8,388	77,368	67,717	527,051	680,524	
180 Total	⁸ 6,452	66,657	60,347	569,274	⁸ 702,729	
981 Total	^a 7,422	^a 61,015	67,395	596,797	⁸ 732,628	
982 Total	8,240	40,908	^a 64,096	593,666	^a 706,910	
983 Total	8,448	37,033	^a 65,979	625,211	^a 736,671	
84 Total	9,130	44,022	73,745	664,399	791,296	
85 Total	7,779	41,056	75,372	693,841		
986 Total	7,667	35,924	75,583		818,049	
987 Total	6,914	•		685,056 717 894	804,231	
988 Total	7,130	36,957	75,175	717,894	836,941	
	•	41,888	76,252	758,372	883,642	
989 Total	6,167	40,508	76,134	766,888	889,699	
90 Total	6,724	38,877	76,330	773,549	895,480	
191 January	862	2,928	6,541	71,406	81,738	
February	605	2,479	6,584	58,614	68,282	
March	541	2,883	6,492	59,272	69,188	
April	403	2,675	5,663	55,443	64,184	
May	330	2,710	5,713	61,228	69,981	
June	322	2,690	5,763	65,817	74,592	
July	427	2,929	6,014	71,852		
August	386	2,916	-		81,221	
	319	2,932	6,011	71,884	81,196	
September			6,026	64,397	73,676	
October	353	2,902	6,880	61,883	72,018	
November	677	2,896	6,852	63,814	74,239	
December	868	2,913	6,865	66,659	77,305	
Total	6,094	33,854	75,405	772,268	887,621	
92 January	735	2,783	6,379	68,264	78,162	
February	582	2,656	6,416	60,183	69,837	
March	526	2,901	6,464	62,705	72,595	
April	532	2,723	5,754	58,794	67,802	
May	321	2,757	5,762	60,591	69,430	
June	296	2,617	5,769		72.804	
July	474	2,802	5,983	64,122		
August	393			73,815	83,074	
		2,773.	5,933	70,637	79,736	
September	368	2,625	5,927	65,967	74,888	
October	367	2,586	6,645	62,806	72,405	
November	642	2,562	6,513	62,612	72,329	
December	916	2,581	6,497	69,365	79,359	
Totai	6,153	32,366	74,042	779,860	892,421	
93 January	747	2,674	6,397	69,490	79,309	
February	725	2,468	6,440	64,201	73,834	
March	580	2,640	6,259	67,073	76,552	
April	721	2,578	6,168	59,563	69,032	
May	380	2,719	6,162	60,102	69,362	
June	492	2,588				
July	⁴⁹² ^R 457	2,500 R2,678	6,215 ^P 6,128	68,113 78,709	77,408	
	^R 411	2,070 Bacca	0,120 Be 150	78,708	^R 87,970	
August	2411 Boso	^R 2,664	^R 6,159	77,932	^H 87,166	
September	R 310	^R 2,618	^R 6,143	66,504	^R 75,576	
October	438	2,779	6,396	64,909	74,522	
10-Month Total	5,261	26,408	62,467	676,595	770,731	
92 10-Month Total	4,595	27,223	61,032	647,883	740,734	

^a See Note 6 at end of section.

R=Revised data. E=Estimate.

Notes: • For sector-specific reporting and estimating information, see Note 2 at end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Data through 1991 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: • Residential and Commercial: 1973-1976—U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), Bureau of Mines (BOM), *Minerals Yearbook.* January-September 1977—DOI, BOM, Form 6-1400, *Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers-Upper Lake Docks.* October 1977-1979—Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-2, *Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers-Upper Lake Docks.* 1980 forward—EIA, Form EIA-6, *Coal Distribution Report.* • Coke Plants: 1973-September 1977—DOI,

BOM, Minerals Yearbook and Minerals Industry Surveys. October 1977-1980-EIA, Monthly/Annual.* Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke and Coal Chemicals-1981-1984-EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke Plant Report-Quarterly/Annual Supplement.* 1985 forward-EIA, Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report," quarterly. • Other Industrial: 1973-September 1977-DOI, BOM, Minerals Yearbook and Minerals Industry Surveys. October 1977-1979—EIA, Form EIA-3, "Monthly Coal Consumption Report-Manufacturing Plants." 1980 forward—EIA, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report-Manufacturing Plants, and Form EIA-6, Coal Distribution Report." . Electric Utilities: 1973-September 1977-DOI, BOM, Minerals Yearbook and Minerals Industry Surveys. October 1977 forward-EIA, Form EIA-759 (formerly Form FPC-4), "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Table 6.3 Coal Stocks, End of Period

(Thousand Short Tons)

		Cons	Producers	ł			
	Coke Plants	Other Industrial	Electric Utilities	Total ^a	and Distributors	Total ^a	
		40.070		104,335	12,530	116,865	
973 Year	6,998	10,370	86,967	•	11,634	107,957	
974 Year	6,209	6,605	83,509	96,323		140,158	
975 Year	8,797	8,529	110,724	128,050	12,108	•	
976 Year	9,902	7,100	117,436	134,438	14,221	148,659	
977 Year	12,816	11,063	133,219	157,098	14,225	171,323	
978 Year	8,278	9,048	128,225	145,551	20,695	166,248	
979 Year	10,155	11,777	159,714	181,646	20,826	202,472	
980 Year	9,067	11,951	183,010	204,028	24,37 9	228,407	
981 Year	6,475	9,906	168,893	185,274	24,149	209,423	
962 Year	4,642	9,479	181,132	^b 195,253	36,784	^b 232,037	
983 Year	4,346	8,710	155,598	168,654	33,931	^b 202,585	
	6,166	11,317	179,727	197,211	34,090	231,300	
984 Year	3,420	10,438	156,376	170,234	33,133	203,367	
985 Year		10,429	161,806	175,226	32,093	207,319	
986 Year	2,992		170,797	185,459	28,321	213,780	
987 Year	3,884	10,777		158,413	30,418	188,831	
988 Year	3,137	8,768	146,507		29,000	175,087	
989 Yoar	2,864	7,363	135,860	146,087	33,418	201,629	
990 Year	3,329	8,716	156,166	168,210	JJ,410		
991 January	3,262	8,234	152,097	163,594	36,333	199,927	
February	3,196	7,753	156,116	167,065	39,248	206,312	
March	3,130	7,271	161,084	171,485	42,162	213,647	
April	3,181	7,154	166,315	176,650	41,793	218,443	
May	3,232	7,038	167,528	177,797	41,423	219,221	
	3,283	6,921	163,459	173,663	41,054	214,716	
	3,087	7,033	155,680	165,800	38,578	204,378	
July	2,891	7,145	153,097	163,133	36,103	199,237	
August	•		153,907	163,860	33,628	197,488	
September	2,695	7,258		168,726	33,409	202,136	
October	2,721	7,192	158,813 158,605	168,479	33,190	201,670	
November December	2,747 2,773	7,127 7,061	157,876	167,711	32,971	200,682	
				405 000	05 005	200,325	
992 January	2,807	6,616	155,637	165,060	35,265		
February	2,841	6,171	158,145	167,157	37,559	204,716	
March	2,875	5,725	160,032	168,632	39,853	208,48	
April	2,842	5,923	162,591	171,356	40,073	211,429	
May	2,809	6,100	165,512	174,421	40,293	214,714	
June	2,776	6,317	164,176	173,270	40,513	213,78	
July	2,589	6,538	154,403	163,530	38,741	202,27	
August	2,402	6,758	152,580	161,740	36,970	198,710	
September	2,215	6,979	152,685	161,878	35,198	197,070	
October	2,342	6,974	156,859	166,175	34,796	200,97	
	2,470	6,969	157,849	167,288	34,395	201,68	
November December	2,597	6,965	154,130	163,692	33,993	197,68	
,	0.000	6 600	150,371	159,639	35,435	195,074	
993 January	2,668	6,600		155,113	36,877	191,99	
February	2,739	6,236	146,139		38,319	190,97	
March	2,809	5,872	143,978	152,659		194,014	
April	2,879	5,931	148,049	156,859	37,155		
May	2,949	5,990	150,070	159,010	35,991	195,00	
June	3,020	_ 6,049	145,448	154,517	34,827	189,34	
July	^R 2,858	^R 6,195	126,635	^R 135,689	R 32,279	^R 167,96	
August	^R 2,697	^R 6,342	114,008	^R 123,047	^R 29,731	R 152,77	
September	R 2,536	^R 6,488	112,773	^R 121,796	^R 27,183	^R 148,98	
	2,304	6,324	115,206	123,834	27,000	150,83	

^a Excludes stocks held at retail dealers for consumption by the residential and commercial sector.

See Note 6 at end of section.

R=Revised data. E=Estimate.

Notes: • For sector-specific reporting and estimating information, see Note 3 at end of section. . Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Data through 1991 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: • Coke Plants: 1973-September 1977-U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), Bureau of Mines (BOM), Minerals Yearbook and Minerals Industry Surveys. October 1977-1980-Energy Information Administration

(EIA), Form EIA-5/5A, *Coke and Coal Chemicals-Monthly/Annual.* 1981-1984—EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, *Coke Plant Report-Quarterly/Annual Supplement." 1985 forward—EIA, Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report," quarterly. • Other Industrial: 1973-September 1977—DOI, BOM, Minerals Yearbook and Minerals Industry Surveys. October 1977-1979-EIA, Form EIA-3, "Monthly Coal Consumption Report-Manufacturing Plants." 1980 forward—EIA, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report-Manufacturing Plants," and Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report." • Electric Utilities: 1973-September 1977—DOI, BOM, Minerals Yearbook and Minerals Industry Surveys. October 1977 forward-EIA, Form EIA-759 (formerly Form FPC-4), "Monthly Power Plant Report." · Producers and Distributors: EIA, Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report."

Coal Notes

1. Production: Preliminary monthly estimates of national coal production are the sum of weekly estimates developed by the Energy Information Administration-(EIA) and published in the Weekly Coal Production report. When a week extends into a new month, production is allocated on a daily basis and added to the appropriate month. Weekly estimates are based on Association of American Railroads data showing the number of railcars loaded with coal during the week by Class I and certain other railroads. This number is converted into tons of coal by EIA by using the average number of tons of coal per railcar loaded reported in the most recent "Quarterly Freight Commodity Statistics" from the Interstate Commerce Commission. If an average coal tonnage per railcar loaded is not available for a specific railroad, the national average is used. To derive the estimate of total weekly production, the total rail tonnage for the week is divided by the ratio of quarterly production shipped by rail and total quarterly production. Data for the corresponding quarter of previous years are used to derive this ratio. This method insures that the seasonal variations are preserved in the production estimates.

When preliminary quarterly data become available, the monthly and weekly estimates are adjusted to conform to the quarterly figure. The adjustment procedure uses State-level production data and is explained in EIA's Quarterly Coal Report. Initial estimates of annual production published in January of the following year are based on preliminary production data covering the first 9 months (three quarters) and weekly/monthly estimates for the fourth quarter. The fourth quarter estimates may or may not be revised when preliminary data become available in March of the following year, depending on the magnitude of the difference between the estimates and the preliminary data. In any event, all quarterly, monthly, and weekly production figures are adjusted to conform to the final annual production data published in the Monthly Energy Review in the fall of the following year.

2. Consumption: Coal consumption data are reported by major end-use sector. Estimated data for the most recent months (designated by an "E") are derived from forecasted values shown in the EIA Short-Term Energy Outlook (DOE/EIA-0202) table titled "Supply and Disposition of Coal: Mid World Oil Price Case." The monthly estimates are one-third of the quarterly values shown in the then current issue of the publication, regularly released in February, May, August, and November. The estimates are revised quarterly as collected data become available from the data sources. Sector-specific information follows.

• Residential and Commercial—Prior to 1980, monthly consumption estimates for the residential and commercial sector were derived by using reported data to modify baseline figures developed by the Bureau of Mines. From 1980-1987, monthly estimates were derived by proportioning reported quarterly data by using the ratios of monthly-to-quarterly consumption data in 1979, the last year in which monthly data were reported on Form EIA-2. During 1981 and 1982, the estimates were also modified to reflect air temperature degree-days. Quarterly consumption data were directly from reported data and were defined as distribution to the residential and commercial sector as reported by coal producers and distributors on Form EIA-6. Beginning in January 1988, monthly residential and commercial consumption estimates are derived from reported quarterly data by using monthly national average population weighted heating/cooling degree-days obtained from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. The monthly ratios are the monthly national sum of heating and cooling degree-days as a proportion of the quarterly national sum. Quarterly consumption data are directly from reported data.

- Coke Plants—Prior to 1980, monthly coke plant consumption data were taken directly from reported data. From 1980-1987, coke plant consumption estimates were derived by proportioning reported quarterly data by using the ratios of monthly-to-quarterly consumption data in 1979, the last year in which monthly data were reported. Beginning in January 1988, monthly coke plant consumption estimates are derived from the reported quarterly data by using monthly ratios of raw steel production data from the American Iron and Steel Institute. The ratios are the monthly raw steel production from open hearth and basic oxygen process furnaces as a proportion of the quarterly production from those kinds of furnaces.
- Other Industrial—Prior to 1978, monthly consumption data for the other industrial sector (i.e., all industrial users minus coke plants) were derived by using reported data to modify baseline consumption figures from the most recent Bureau of the Census Annual Survey of Manufactures or Census of Manufactures. For 1978 and 1979, monthly estimates were derived from data reported on Forms EIA-3 and EIA-6. From 1980-1987, monthly figures were estimated by proportioning quarterly data by using the ratios of monthly-toquarterly consumption data in 1979, the last year in which monthly data were reported on Form EIA-3. Quarterly consumption data were derived by adding beginning stocks at manufacturing plants to current receipts and subtracting ending stocks at manufacturing plants. In this calculation, current receipts were the greater of either reported receipts from manufacturing plants (Form EIA-3) or reported shipments to the other industrial sector (Form EIA-6), thereby ensuring that agriculture, forestry, fishing, mining, and construction consumption data were included where appropriate. Starting in January 1988, monthly consumption for the other industrial sector is estimated from reported quarterly data by using

ratios derived from industrial production indices published by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. Indices for six major industry groups are used as the basis for calculating the ratios: foods, Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) 20; paper and products, SIC 26; chemicals and products, SIC 28; petroleum products, SIC 29; clay, glass, and stone products, SIC 32; and primary metals, SIC 33. The monthly ratios are computed as the monthly sum of the weighted indices as a proportion of the quarterly sum of the weighted indices by using the 1977 proportion as the weights.

• Electric Utilities—Monthly consumption data for electric utility plants are directly from reported data.

3. Stocks: Coal stocks data are reported by major enduse sector. Estimated data for the most recent months (designated by an "E") are derived from forecasted values shown in the EIA Short-Term Energy Outlook (DOE/EIA-0202) table titled "Supply and Disposition of Coal: Mid World Oil Price Case." The monthly estimates are one-third of the quarterly values shown in the then current issue of the publication, regularly released in February, May, August, and November. The estimates are revised quarterly as collected data become available from the data sources. Sector-specific information follows.

• Coke Plants—Prior to 1980, monthly stocks at coke plants were taken directly from reported data. From 1980 forward, coke plant stocks are estimated by using one-third of the current quarterly change to indicate the monthly change in stocks. Quarterly stocks are directly from data reported on Form EIA-5.

- Other Industrial—Prior to 1978, stocks for the other industrial sector were derived by using reported data to modify baseline figures from a one-time Bureau of Mines survey of consumers. For 1978-1982, monthly estimates were derived by judgmentally proportioning reported quarterly data based on representative seasonal patterns of supply and demand. From 1983 forward, other industrial coal stocks are estimated as indicated above for coke plants. Quarterly stocks are taken directly from data reported on Form EIA-3 and therefore include only manufacturing industries; data for agriculture, forestry, fishing, mining, and construction stocks are not available.
- Electric Utilities—Monthly stocks data at electric utility plants are taken directly from reported data.
- Producers and Distributors—Quarterly stocks at producers and distributors are taken directly from reported data. Monthly data are estimated by using one-third of the current quarterly change to indicate the monthly change in stocks.

4. Imports and Exports: All coal import and export figures are taken directly from data reported monthly by the Bureau of the Census.

5. Additional Information: EIA's Quarterly Coal Report provides additional information about coal data and estimation procedures.

6. Data Discrepancies: Due to differences internal to EIA data processing systems, some small discrepancies exist between data in the Monthly Energy Review (MER) and the Quarterly Coal Report (QCR). The data that have discrepancies are footnoted in Section 6 tables and summarized here.

Table	Data Series	Year	<i>MER</i> Data	QCR Data	
6.1	Consumption	1980	702,729	702,730	
6.1	Consumption	1981	732,628	732,627	
6.1	Production	1982	838,111	838,112	
6.1	Consumption	1982	706,910	706,911	
6.1	Stocks	1982	232,037	232,038	
6.1	Consumption	1983	736,671	736,672	
6.1	Stocks	1983	202,585	202,584	
6.2	Residential and Commercial	1980	6,452	6,451	
6.2	Total	1980	702,729	702,730	
6.2	Residential and Commercial	1981	7,422	7,421	
6.2	Coke Plants	1981	61,015	61,014	
6.2	Total	1981	732,628	732,627	
6.2	Other Industrial	1982	64,096	64,097	
6.2	Total	1982	706,910	706,911	
6.2	Other Industrial	1983	65,979	65,980	
6.2	Total	1983	736,671	736,672	
6.3	Consumer, Total	1982	195,253	195,254	
6.3	Total	1982	232,037	232,038	
6.3	Total	1983	202,585	202,584	

Section 7. Electricity

During October 1993, electric utilities generated 224 billion kilowatthours of electricity, 1 percent⁷ more than in October 1992. Coal-fired generation totaled 131 billion kilowatthours, 2 percent more than in October 1992. Nuclear generation totaled 44 billion kilowatthours, 9 percent below the level 1 year earlier. Natural gas-fired generation was 23 billion kilowatthours, 12 percent higher than the October 1992 level. Hydroelectric generation totaled 17 billion kilowatthours, 3 percent above the October 1992 level. Petroleum-fired generation totaled 8 billion kilowatthours, 11 percent above the level 1 year earlier.

Sales of electricity to all ultimate consumers in the United States in October were 229 billion kilowatthours, 2 percent more than sales during October 1992. Sales to industrial consumers totaled 83 billion kilowatthours in October 1993, 1 percent above the level a year ago. Sales to residential consumers during October 1993 were 72 billion kilowatthours, 3 percent above the level of sales during the previous year. Commercial sales were 65 billion kilowatthours, 2 percent above the level of commercial sales 1 year earlier. In October 1993, other sales totaled 8 billion kilowatthours, 6 percent above the October 1992 level.

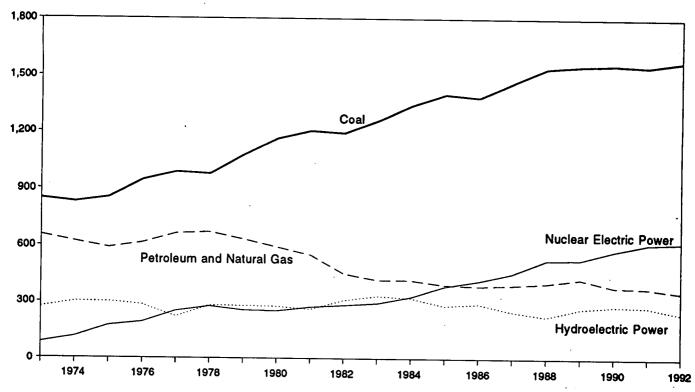
Electric utility consumption of coal during October 1993 was 65 million short tons, 3 percent above consumption in October 1992. Petroleum consumption (excluding petroleum coke) during October 1993 was 12 million barrels, 9 percent above the October 1992 level. During October 1993, electric utilities consumed 233 billion cubic feet of natural gas, 10 percent above the October 1992 consumption level.

On October 31, 1993, electric utility stocks of all types of coal totaled 115 million short tons, 27 percent below the level on October 31, 1992. Stocks of petroleum (excluding petroleum coke) on October 31, 1993, totaled 61 million barrels, 10 percent below the level on October 31, 1992.

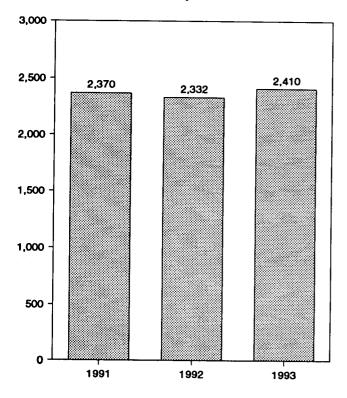
⁷Percentage changes are based on numbers shown in the following tables.

Figure 7.1 Electric Utility Net Generation of Electricity (Billion Kilowatthours)

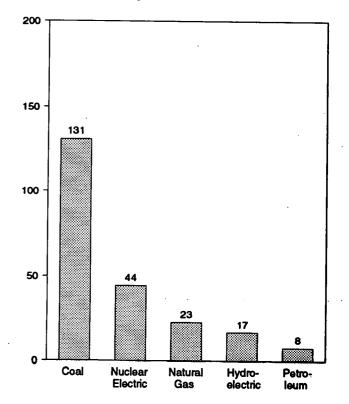
Net Generation by Source, 1973-1992



Net Generation, January-October



Net Generation by Source, October 1993



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 7.1.

Table 7.1 Electric Utility Net Generation of Electricity

(Million Kilowatthours)

		Natural		Nuclear Electric	Hydro- Electric	Geothermal	Other ^c	Totai
	Coal	Gasa	Petroleum ^b	Power	Power	Energy	Other	
73 Total	847,651	340,858	314,343	83,479	272,083	1,966	328	1,860,710
74 Total	828,433	320,065	300,931	113,976	301,032	2,453	251	1,867,140
75 Total	852,786	299,778	289,095	172,505	300,047	3,246	191	1,917,649
76 Total	944,391	294,624	319,988	191,104	283,707	3,616	266	2,037,69
77 Total	985,219	305,505	358,179	250,883	220,475	3,582	481	2,124,32
78 Total	975,742	305,391	365,060	276,403	280,419	2,978	338	2,206,33
79 Total	1,075,037	329,485	303,525	255,155	279,783	3,889	498	2,247,37
80 Total	1,161,562	346,240	245,994	251,116	276,021	5,073	433	2,286,43
B1 Total	1,203,203	345,777	206,421	272,674	260,684	5,686	368	2,294,81
82 Total	1,192,004	305,260	146,797	282,773	309,213	4,843	321	2,241,21
83 Total	1,259,424	274,098	144,499	293,677	332,130	6,075	381	2,310,28
84 Total	1,341,681	297,394	119,808	327,634	321,150	7,741	898	2,416,30
	1,402,128	291,946	100,202	383,691	281,149	9,325	1,399	2,469,84
85 Total	1,385,831	248,508	136,585	414,038	290,844	10,308	1,195	2,487,31
86 Total	1,463,781	272,621	118,493	455,270	249,695	10,775	1,491	2,572,12
87 Total	• •	252,801	148,900	526,973	222,940	10,300	1,684	2,704,25
88 Total	1,540,653	266,598	158,318	529,355	265,063	9,342	1,968	2,784,30
89 Total 90 Total	1,553,661 1,559,606	266,598	117,017	576,862	279,926	8,581	2,070	2,808,15
	• •	10 040	9,222	54,369	25,676	704	192	248,45
91 January	141,945	16,348	9,222 8,689	47,863	21,915	614	149	210,82
February	117,867	13,723	· · · · ·	47,863 49,121	25.820	701	162	221,40
March	118,366	18,446	8,785		25,620	629	151	209,00
April	112,418	20,504	7,984	41,631	28,455	644	164	234,37
Мау	123,906	23,455	10,995	46,755	25,830	686	162	248,42
June	131,964	24,417	11,159	54,208		686	153	271,97
July	143,997	31,145	11,010	60,735	24,250	679	186	268,11
August	144,194	30,970	11,866	58,473	21,747	637	193	233,88
September	129,141	24,966	8,646	51,874	18,428	673	171	223,43
October	125,523	25,390	6,483	47,653	17,538	704	179	221,37
November	129,125	18,990	7,784	46,295	18,300	704	187	233,76
December	132,721	15,819	8,841	53,589	21,873	8,087	2,050	2,825,02
Total	1,551,167	264,172	111,463	612,565	275,519	0,007		
992 January	137,327	16,178	10,202	57,849	21,502	711	202 172	243,97 217,76
February	121,732	16,165	8,296	52,804	17,966	626		224,66
March	127,678	19,906	8,809	45,835	21,566	713	158	
Aprii	119,909	21,913	6,505	42,268	19,454	645	143	210,83
May	123,768	22,689	5,156	45,627	22,285	683	147	220,35
June	129,607	24,997	7,508	51,185	22,698	675	170	236,84
July	149,028	31,950	8,540	56,049	19,711	685	184	266,14
August	141,900	28,778	6,923	58,656	18,062	690	195	255,20
September	133,239	26,099	6,841	50,919	16,838	642	183	234,70
October	127,940	20,420	6,908	48,784	16,375	677	185	221,20
November	125,535	18,031	6,838	50,726	19,294	675	165	221,20
December	138,234	16,744	6,390	58,075	23,808	682	192	244,12
Total	1,575,895	263,872	88,916	618,776	239,559	8,104	2,096	2,797,2
993 January	138,357	15,811	7,226	59,076	24,474	651	202	245,79
February	130,078	15,773	6,950	51,319	19,743	633	167	224,6
March	136,280	18,740	8,569	46,606	23,583	659	193	234,6
April	120,325	16,591	5,205	43,199	25,171	654	148	211,2
May	120,878	15,843	5,268	50,367	29,323	582	135	222,3
June	137,464	24,391	7,819	52,620	26,606	586	139	249,6
July	158,380	31,684	11,341	56,502	23,575	643	144	282,2
August	156,193	34,262	11,978	56,209	19,685	653	167	279,1
September	133,856	25,020	9,759	49,989	17,089	630	173	236,5
October	130,926	22,906	7,659	44,434	16,899	625	174	223,6
10-Month Total	1,362,736	221,022	81,774	510,321	226,149	6,316	1,642	2,409,9
992 10-Month Total	1,312,126	229,096	75,688	509,975	196,458	6,747	1,740	2,331,8

^a includes supplemental gaseous fuel.

Includes fuel oil nos. 1, 2, 4, 5, and 6, crude oil, kerosene, and petroleum coke.

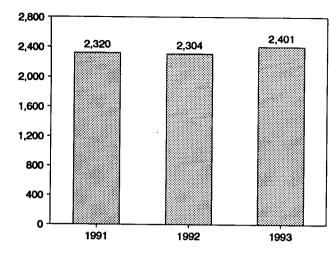
coke. ^o "Other" is electricity produced from wood, waste, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy sources connected to electric utility distribution systems. Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

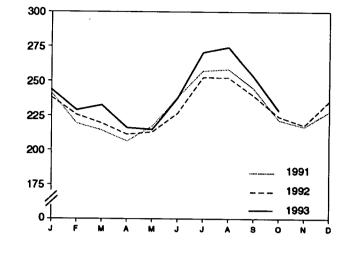
Sources: • 1973-September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • October 1977-1979: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report.* • 1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Electric Power Monthly*, March 1991, Table 4, and (for geothermal energy and other) FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report.* • 1981: EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, March 1992, Table 4, and (for geothermal energy and other) FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report.* • 1982 and 1991 monthly data: EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, March 1993, Table 4, and (for geothermal energy and other) EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report.* • 1983 forward (except 1991 monthly data): EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, January 1994, Table 4, and (for geothermal energy and other) EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report.*

Figure 7.2 Electricity Sales (Billion Kilowatthours)

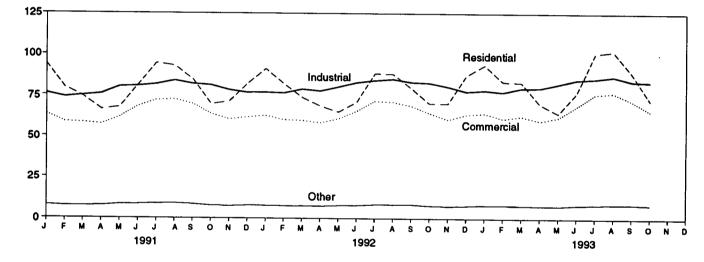
Total Sales, January-October

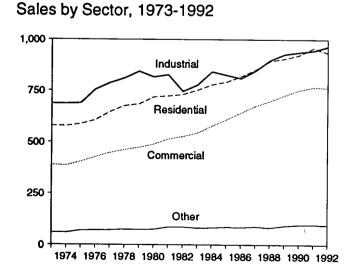


Total Sales, Monthly



Sales by Sector, Monthly





Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 7.2, Monthly Series.

Sales by Sector, October 1993

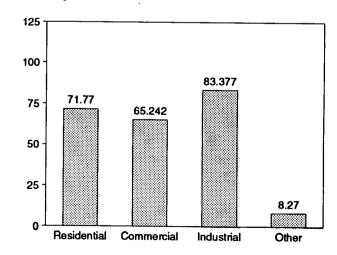


Table 7.2 Electricity Sales by End-Use Sector

(Million Kilowatthours)

	Resid	lential	Commercial		Indu	Industrial		Other ^a		Total	
	Monthly Series ^b	Annual Series	Monthly Series ^b	Annual Series	Monthly Series ^b	Annual Series	Monthly Series ⁵	Annual Series	Monthly Series ^b	Annual Series	
1079 Totol	579,231	NA	388,266	NA	686,085	NA	59,326	NA	1,712,909	NA	
1973 Total 1974 Total	575,231	NA	384,826	NA	684,875	NA	58,039	NA	1,705,924	NA	
	578,184	NA	403,049	NA	687,680	NA	68,222	NA	1,747,091	NA	
1975 Total	606,452	NA	425,094	NA	754,069	NA	69,631	NA	1,855,246	NA	
1976 Total		NA	446,514	NA	786,037	NA	70,571	NA	1,948,361	NA	
1977 Total	645,239			NA	809,078	NA	73,215	NA	2,017,922	NA	
1978 Total	674,466	NA	461,163	NA		NA	73,070	NA	2,071,099	NA	
1979 Total	682,819	NA	473,307		841,903	NA	73,732	NA	2,094,449	NA	
1980 Total	717,495	NA	488,155	NA	815,067			NA	2,094,449	NA	
1981 Total	722,265	NA	514,338	NA	825,743	NA	84,756		2,086,441	NA	
1982 Total	729,520	NA	526,397	NA	744,949	NA	85,575	NA		NA	
1983 Total	750,948	NA	543,788	NA	775,999	NA	80,219	NA	2,150,955		
1984 Total	777,654	780,092	578,281	582,621	840,588	837,836	81,849	85,248	2,278,372	2,285,796	
1985 Total	790,977	793,934	608,968	605,989	824,523	836,772	85,075	87,279	2,309,543	2,323,974	
1986 Total	817,663	819,088	641,469	630,520	808,292	830,531	83,409	88,615	2,350,835	2,368,753	
1987 Total	849,613	850,410	673,707	660,433	845,266	858,233	86,854	88,196	2,455,440	2,457,272	
1988 Total	892,125	892,866	697,711	699,100	895,751	896,498	82,362	89,598	2,567,949	2,578,062	
1989 Total	903,979	905,525	725,229	725,861	926,376	925,659	91,066	89,765	2,646,651	2,646,809	
1990 Total	921,473	924,019	750,835	751,027	936,428	945,522	95,936	91,988	2,704,672	2,712,555	
1991 January	94,144	-	63,336	-	76,111	-	7,905	-	241,497	-	
February	79,676	-	58,582	-	73,715	-	7,424	-	219,397	-	
March	74,078	-	58,157	-	74,720	-	7,459	-	214,414	-	
April	66,079	-	57,155	-	75,706	-	7,600	-	206,541	-	
May	67,450	-	61,434	-	80,236	-	8,378	-	217,498	-	
June	81,116	-	67,991	-	80,569	-	8,502	-	238,177	-	
July	94,738	-	71,872	_	81,700	-	8,877	-	257,187	-	
August		-	72,360	-	83,974	-	8,986	-	258,447	-	
September	84,696	_	69,501	-	81,967	_	8,476	-	244,639	-	
· · ·	69,422	_	63,439	_	81,209	-	7,654		221,723	-	
October		_	60,133	-	78,176	-	7,463	_	216,886	-	
November December		-	61,516	-	76,601	_	7,790	-	228,068	-	
Total	957,801	955,417	765,476	765,664	944,684	946,583	96,513	94,339	2,764,474	2,762,003	
1000 (01 210		62,441	· –	76,760	-	7,725	_	238,235	-	
1992 January	91,310	-	59,876	-	76,312	_	7,507	_	225,717	-	
February				_	78,741	-	7,542	-	219,491	-	
March		-	59,574		77,607	-	7,448	_	211,458	-	
April		-	58,081	-			7,767	_	213,179	-	
May		-	60,559	-	80,191	-	7,901	_	226,755	_	
June		-	65,209	-	82,900		8,392		252,541	_	
July		-	71,445	-	84,195	-		-	252,435	_	
August		-	70,844	-	85,013	-	8,327	-		-	
September	79,400	-	68,437	-	83,182	-	8,441	-	239,460	-	
October		-	63,985		82,678	-	7,766	-	224,267		
November		-	60,131	-	80,421	-	7,462	-	217,984	-	
December	87,378	-	63,082	-	77,358	-	7,725		235,543		
Total	934,044	NA	763,664	NA	965,356	NA	94,003	NA	2,757,067	NA	
1993 January	93,739	-	63,930	-	78,074	-	8,113	-	243,856	-	
February		-	60,624	-	77,017	-	7,940	-	228,997	-	
March		-	62,169	-	79,504	-	7,919	-	232,615	-	
April		-	59,389	-	79,593	-	7,588	-	216,238	-	
May		_	61,420	-	82,100	-	7,602	-	214,975	-	
June		_	68,171	-	84,768	-	8,138	-	237,662	-	
July		-	75,704	_	85,370	-	8,457	-	270,555	-	
August		_	76,551	-	86,832	-	8,609	-	274,206	-	
September		_	71,708	-	83,839	-	8,699	· _	253,130	-	
October		_	65,242	-	83,377	-	8,270	-	228,660	-	
10-Month Total	834,174	-	664,909	-	820,476	-	81,335	-	2,400,894	-	
•			CAO 454		907 577	_	79 016	_	2,303,539	_	
1992 10-Month Total	776,696	-	640,451	-	807,577	-	78,816	-		-	
1991 10-Month Total	804,527	-	643,827	-	789,907	-	81,260	-	2,319,520	-	

^a Other^a is public street and highway lighting, other sales to public authorities, sales to railroads and railways, and interdepartmental sales.
 ^b Annual totals are the sums of the monthly values.

NA=Not available. - =Not applicable.

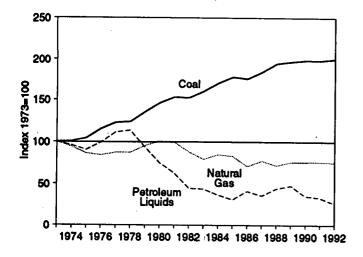
Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: • 1973-September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenue and Income."

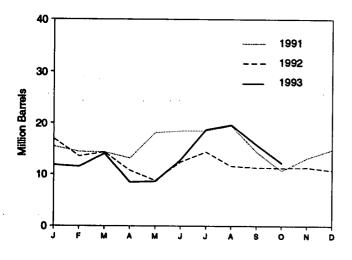
October 1977-1979: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FERC-5, "Electric Operating Revenue and Income." • 1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Electric Power Monthly, March 1991, Table 51. • 1981: EIA, Electric Power Monthly, March 1992, Table 51. • 1982 and 1991 monthly data: EIA, Electric Power Monthly, March 1993, Table 51. • 1983 forward (except 1991 monthly data): EIA, Electric Power Monthly, January 1994, Table 51.

Figure 7.3 Electric Utility Consumption and Stocks of Fossil Fuels

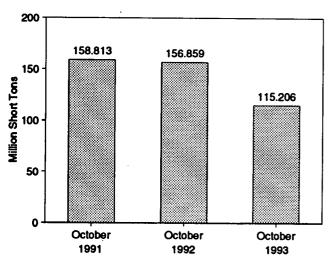
Fuels Consumed, 1973-1992



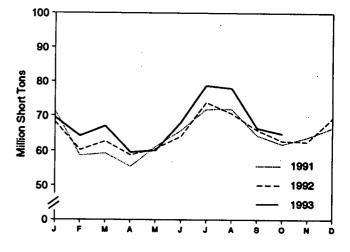
Petroleum Liquids Consumed, Monthly



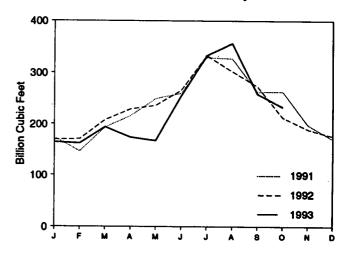




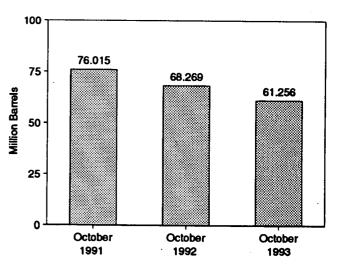
Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Tables 7.3 and 7.4. Coal Consumed, Monthly



Natural Gas Consumed, Monthly



Petroleum Liquids Stocks, End of Month



Energy Information Administration/Monthly Energy Review January 1994

Table 7.3 Electric Utility Consumption of Fossil Fuels To Generate Electricity

	Anthra- cite	Bituminous Coal			By T of Petr		By Pr				
						oleum	Mover	туре			
			Lignite	Total	Heavy Oil ^a	Light Oli ^b	Steam Plants	GT/IC¢	Total Liquids	Petroleum Coke	Natural Gas ^d
		Thousand S	Short Tons			ከ	ousand Barr	els		Thousand Short Tons	Million Cubic Fee
							E10 100	47.050		507	3,660,172
973 Total 974 Total	1,443 1,498	376,975 378,643	10,794 11.670	389,212 391,811	NA NA	NA NA	513,190 483,146	47,058 53,128	560,248 536,274	507 625	3,443,428
975 Total	1,480	388,523	15,960	405,962	NA	NA	467,221	38,907	506,128	70	3,157,669
976 Total	1,350	425,205	21,817	448,371	NA	NA	514,077	41,843	555,920	68	3,080,868
977 Total	1,425	451,051	24,650	477,126	NA	NA	574,869	48,837	623,705	98	3,191,200
978 Total		448,763	31,407	481,235	NA	NA	588,319	47,520	635,839	398 268	3,188,363 3,490,523
979 Total		488,129	37,876	527,051	NA 201.162	NA 20.051	492,606	30,691 18,351	523,297 420,214	200 179	3,480,523
980 Total	951	526,680	41,642 44,792	569,274 596,797	391,163 329,798	29,051 21,313	401,863 339,680	11,431	351,111	139	3,640,154
981 Total 982 Total		550,784 543,346	49,245	593,666	234,434	15,337	243,537	6,234	249,771	149	3,225,518
983 Total		570,108	54,067	625,211	228,984	16,512	237,845	7,652	245,497	261	2,910,767
984 Total		606,339	56,990	664,399	189,289	15,190	197,050	7,429	204,479	252	3,111,342
985 Total		631,885	60,923	693,841	158,779	14,635	166,842	6,572	173,414	231	3,044,083
986 Total	829	616,134	68,093	685,056	216,156	14,326	222,500	7,983	230,482	313	2,602,370
987 Total		647,824	69,098	717,894	184,011	15,367	190,818	8,560	199,378	348	2,844,051
988 Total		681,048	76,260	758,372	229,327	18,769	235,817 250,315	12,279 17,136	248,096 267,451	409 517	2,635,613 2,787,012
989 Total 990 Total	1,049 1,031	688,504 694,317	77,335 78,201	766,888 773,549	241,960 181,231	25,491 14,823	187,531	8,523	196,054	819	2,787,332
	1,001	004,011			-	-	•	,	•		
991 January		63,779	7,553	71,406	14,264	1,187	14,911	541	15,452	74	173,138
February		52,090	6,456	58,614	13,595	804	14,021	377	14,398	57 73	146,266
March		52,924	6,255	59,272	13,513	828	13,999	341 519	14,340	73	192,899 215,659
April		50,131	5,219	55,443	12,142 16,312	1,019 1,814	12,641 16,919	1,208	13,161 18,126	66	249,454
May		55,229 58,455	5,926 7,290	61,228 65,817	17,325	1,122	17,845	602	18,447	50	260,153
June July		64,202	7,548	71,852	17,289	1,218	17,737	770	18,507	61	329,86
August		64,280	7,514	71,884	18,041	1,380	18,500	921	19,421	56	327,621
September		57,474	6,833	64,397	13,209	1,165	13,634	740	14,374	52	262,825
October		55,586	6,212	61,883	9,791	902	10,289	403	10,693	50	263,376
November		57,662	6,073	63,814	12,020	1,146	12,575	591	13,166	52	197,831
December		59,462	7,120	66,659	13,656	1,143	14,214	586	14,800 184,886	59 722	169,931 2,789,014
Total	994	691,275	79,999	772,268	171,157	13,729	177,286	7,600	104,000	/22	Z1/08/01-
992 January	80	60,881	7,304	68,264	15,811	1,103	16,332	582	16,915	71	169,125
February		53,687	6,415	60,183	12,730	806	13,093	444	13,536	76	170,293
March		56,243	6,368	62,705	13,492	843	13,932	404 404	14,336 10,740	· 83 66	207,650 229,012
April		53,314 54,664	5,407 5,858	58,794 60,591	9,929 7,910	811 843	10,335 8,385	367	8,752	50	236,31
May June		54,004	6,859	64,122	11,372	1.077	11,881	568	12,449	66	265,88
Juty			7,407	73,815	12,939	1,428	13,392	974	14,367	72	333,56
August		62,937	7,616	70,637	10,607	1,011	11,067	551	11,619	116	302,54
September			6,985	65,967	10,456	849	10,820	485	11,305	98	273,67
October			6,356	62,806	10,454	792	10,867	379	11,246	103	212,64
November	74	56,186	6,352	62,612	10,330	1,004	10,803	531	11,333	93	189,29
December		•	7,321	69,365	9,749	989	10,256	482	10,737	105	175,60
Total	986	698,626	80,248	779,860	135,779	11,556	141,163	6,172	147,335	999	2,765,600
993 January	79	61,793	7,617	69,490	10,804	1,011	11,265	550	11,815	92	164,40
February	88		6,431	64,201	10,591	934	11,023	502	11,525	81	161,77
March	101		6,002	67,073	12,784	1,277	13,313	748	14,062	87	193,79
April		•	5,757	59,563	7,629	819	8,094	354	8,448	79	173,70
May			6,570	60,102	7,722	867	8,198	392 621	8,590 12,870	86 98	167,14 254,60
June			6,948 7 51 1	68,113 78,708	11,756 16,896	1,113 1,815	12,249 17,406	621 1,305	18,711	125	254,60
July August		•	7,511 7,624	77,932	18,044	1,570	18,515	1,099	19,614	112	356,69
September		•	6,289	66,504	14,730	1,030	15,111	649	15,760	129	258,81
October		•	5,752	64,909	11,324	897	11,777	444	12,221	112	233,19
10-Month Tota	-	•	66,502	676,595	122,281	11,334	126,951	6,664	133,615	999	2,297,53
		E00 400	00 PMP	647 000	112 704	0 664	100 105	E 100	105 064	001	2 400 70
992 10-Month Tota 991 10-Month Tota			66,575 66,806	647,883 641,795	115,701 145,480	9,564 11,439	120,105 150,497	5,160 6,422	125,264 156,920	801 611	2,400,70 2,421,25

Heavy oil includes fuel oil nos. 4, 5, and 6, and residual fuel oils.
 Light oil includes fuel oil nos. 1 and 2, kerosene, and jet fuel.

GT/IC = Gas turbine and internal combustion plants.

d Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

NA=Not available.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: See end of section.

Table 7.4 Electric Utility Stocks of Coal and Petroleum, End of Period

		Co	al				Petro	nnei		
						Type roleum		Prime r Type		
	Anthracite	Bituminous Coal	Lignite	Total	Heavy Oil ^a	Light Oil ^b	Steam Plants	GT/IC°	Total Liquids	Petroleum Coke
	;	Thousand	Short Tons			1	housand Barre	əls	•	Thousand Short Tons
1973 Total	1,066	84,941	961	86,967	NA	NA	79,121	10,095	89,216	312
1974 Total	930	81,712	867	83,509	NA	NA	97,718	15,199	112,917	312
1975 Total	982	107,927	1,815	110,724	NA	NA	108,825	16,432	125,257	31
1976 Total	1,000	114,130	2,306	117,436	NA	NA	106,993	14,703	121,696	32
1977 Total	2,321	128,210	2,688	133,219	NA	NA	124,750	19,281	144,031	44
1978 Total	2,178	123,020	3,027	128,225	NA	NA	102,402	16,386	118,788	198
1979 Total	3,274	152,981	3,459	159,714	NA	NA	111,121	20,301	131,422	183
1980 Total	4,741	174,154	4,115	183,010	105,351	30,023	117,227	18,147	135,374	52
1981 Total	5,537	158,258	5,098	168,893	102,042	26,094	112,380	15,756	128,136	42
1982 Total	6,080	170,480	4,573	181,132	95,515	23,369	105,287	13,597	118,884	41
1983 Total 1984 Total	6,507	145,250	3,841	155,598	70,573	18,801	78,285	11,090	89,375	55
1985 Total	6,710	167,118	5,899	179,727	68,503	19,116	76,836	10,784	87,619	50
1986 Total	7,189	142,144	7,043	156,376	57,304	16,38 6	64,704	8,985	73,689	49
1987 Total	7,099	148,665	6,042	161,806	56,841	16,269	64,258	8,853	73,111	40
1988 Total	6,940	156,670	7,187	170,797	55,069	15,759	61,705	9,123	70,827	51
1989 Total	6,561 6,403	133,434	6,512	146,507	54,187	15,099	60,311	8,974	69,285	86
1990 Total	6,403	122,967	6,490	135,860	47,446	13,824	53,309	7,962	61,270	105
	0,455	142,650	7,016	156,166	67,030	16,471	73,306	10,195	83,501	94
1991 January	6,470	138,220	7,407	152,097	64,344	16,601	70,744	10.001	00.045	100
February	6,442	142,454	7,220	156,116	60,490	16,892	67,367	10,201	80,945	103
March	6,384	147,469	7,231	161,084	58,172	16,376	64,699	10,014	77,382	111
April	6,347	152,833	7,135	166,315	58,835	16,175	65,393	9,848	74,547	101
May	6,387	154,172	6,968	167,528	57,247	15,574	63,531	9,618 9,290	75,011	90
June	6,441	150,554	6,463	163,459	58,345	15,680	64,604	9,421	72,822	81
July	6,484	142,804	6,392	155,680	57,932	15,654	64,119	9,467	74,025 73,586	89
August	6,506	140,320	6,272	153,097	56,588	15,596	62,813	9,370		86
September	6,514	141,463	5,930	153,907	59,035	15,514	65,186	9,363	72,183 74,550	79 70
October	6,544	146,178	6,090	158,813	60,225	15,790	66,257	9,758	76,015	73
November	6,533	145,775	6,298	158,605	58,814	15,780	64,963	9,631		64
December	6,513	145,367	5,996	157,876	58,636	16,357	65,032	9,961	74,594 74,993	75 70
1992 January	6,488	143,466	5,683	155 007	50 400				-	
February	6,455	146,338	5,352	155,637 158,145	53,136	15,712	59,340	9,509	68,849	75
March	6,398	147,978	5,656	160,032	54,750	15,655	61,085	9,321	70,406	62
April	6,379	149,824	6,387	162,591	54,513 52,815	15,589	60,840 50.044	9,262	70,103	56
May	6,370	152,275	6,867	165,512	52,015	15,371 15,214	59,044	9,143	68,186	47
June	6,355	151,224	6,596	164,176	53,794	15,214	61,145 59.648	9,214	70,358	63
July	6,341	141,613	6,449	154,403	53,445	14,995	59,648 59,273	9,263	68,910 68,440	67
August	6,343	140,166	6,071	152,580	54,434	15,456	60,644	9,167 9,246	68,440	56
September	6,329	140,409	5,946	152,685	52,731	15,251	58,646	9,246 9,336	69,890 67,982	46
October	6,304	144,068	6,487	156,859	52,919	15,351	58,869	9,336 9,400	67,982 68.260	51
November	6,273	145,406	6,169	157,849	53,632	15,302	59,535	9,400	68,269 68,934	55 59
December	6,215	142,156	5,759	154,130	56,135	15,714	62,374	9,475	71,849	59 67
1993 January	6,166	100 605	5 504	450.074					•	
February	6,107	138,685	5,521	150,371	53,781	15,956	60,209	9,527	69,736	65
March	6,036	134,674 132,183	5,357 5,758	146,139	50,008	15,205	56,306	8,907	65,213	60
April	5,802	136,159	5,758	143,978	45,313	15,001	51,528	8,785	60,314	66
May	5,773	138,165	6,088 6,132	148,049	47,958	14,835	54,069	8,724	62,793	77
June	5,766	133,673	6,009	150,070 145 448	50,422	14,682	56,512	8,591	65,103	82
July	5,755	115,194	5,686	145,448	49,294	14,923	55,595	8,621	64,217	92
August	5,745	102,612	5,651	126,635	47,401	14,605	53,631	8,376	62,007	73
September	5,735	100,891	6,147	114,008 112,773	43,943	14,830	50,223	8,550	58,772	99
October	5,718	102,801	6,687	115,206	45,913	14,760	52,071	8,603	60,673	62
	0,110	.02,001	0,007	110,200	46,293	14,963	52,380	8,876	61,256	69

^a Heavy oil includes fuel oil nos. 4, 5, and 6, and residual fuel oils.

^b Light oil includes fuel oil nos. 1 and 2, kerosene, and jet fuel.

^c GT/IC = Gas turbine and internal combustion plants.

NA=Not available.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: • Prime Mover Type Data: 1973-September 1977-Federal Power Commission (FPC), Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." October 1977-1981—Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." 1982 forward—Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • All Other Data: 1973-September 1977—FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." October 1977-1979—FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." 1980—EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, March 1991, Table 28. 1981—EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, March 1992, Table 28. 1983 1981—EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, March 1993, Table 28. 1983 forward (except 1991 monthly data)—EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, January 1994, Table 28.

Sources for Table 7.3

• Prime Mover Type Data: 1973-September 1977— Federal Power Commission (FPC), Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." October 1977-1981— Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." 1982 forward—Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

z

.

• All Other Data: 1973-September 1977—FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." October 1977-1979—FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." 1980—EIA, Electric Power Monthly, March 1991, Table 17. 1981—EIA, Electric Power Monthly, March 1992, Table 17. 1982 and 1991 monthly data—EIA, Electric Power Monthly, March 1993, Table 17. 1983 forward (except 1991 monthly data)—EIA, Electric Power Monthly, January 1994, Table 17. .

. .

•

.

Section 8. Nuclear Energy

In October 1993, U.S. nuclear generating units produced a total of 44 net terawatthours (billion kilowatthours) of electricity, 9 percent⁸ less than in October 1992. Nuclear units generated at an average capacity factor of 60.2 percent, 6 percentage points lower than in October 1992. Nuclear power supplied 19.9 percent of the total electric utility-generated electricity in October 1993, compared with 22.0 percent in October 1992.

No low- or full power licenses for nuclear power plants were issued by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission during October 1993.

On October 31, 1993, there were 109 operable nuclear generating units in the United States, with a collective net summer capability of 99.0 million kilowatts of

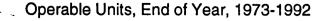
electricity. Of the 109 operable units, 31 units generated at less than 25 percent of capacity because of maintenance, refueling, or repair outage, and 19 of the 31 units generated no electricity during the month.

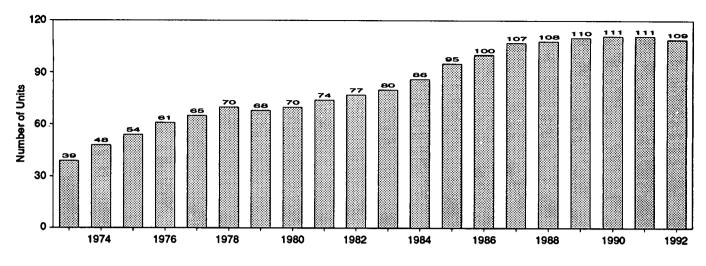
Two operable units, Browns Ferry 1 and 3, have been shut down since March 1985. Each unit had a capacity of 1,065 megawatts electric.

As of October 31, there were 116 domestic nuclear generating units in all stages of construction and operation. The aggregate net design capacity of operable units was 101.1 million kilowatts, and the design capacity of units under construction was 8.5 million kilowatts, for a total design capacity of 109.6 million kilowatts.

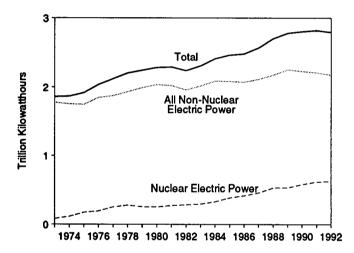
⁶Percentage changes are based on numbers shown in the following tables.

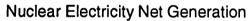
Figure 8.1 Nuclear Power Plant Operations

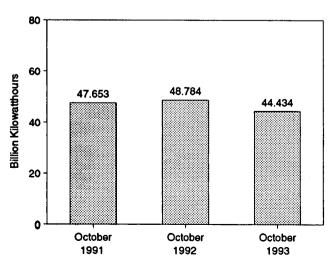




Net Generation of Electricity, 1973-1992

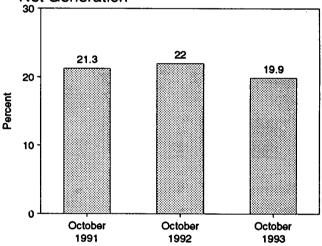


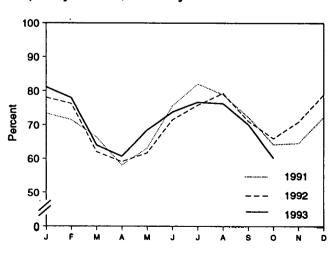




Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Tables 7.1 and 8.1.

Nuclear Portion of Domestic Electricity Net Generation





Capacity Factor, Monthly

Table 8.1 Nuclear Power Plant Operations

	Operable Units ^{a,b}	Nuclear Electricity Net Generation	Nuclear Portion of Domestic Electricity Net Generation	Net Summer Capability of Operable Units ^{a,c}	Capacity Factor ^d
	Number	Million Kilowatthours	Percent	Million Kilowatts	Percent
					53.5
3 Year	39	83,479	4.5	22.683 31.867	47.8
4 Year	48	113,976	6.1	37.267	55.9
5 Year	54	172,505	9.0 9.4	43.822	54.7
6 Year	61	191,104	11.8	46.303	63.3
7 Year	65	250,883	12.5	50.824	64.5
8 Year	70	276,403	11.4	49.747	58.4
9 Year	68	255,155	11.0	51.810	56.3
0 Year	70	251,116	11.9	56.042	58.2
1 Year	74	272,674	12.6	60.035	56.6
2 Year	77	282,773	12.7	63.009	54.4
3 Year	80	293,677	13.6	69.652	56.3
4 Year	86	327,634 383,691	15.5	79.397	58.0
5 Year	95	414,038	16.6	85.241	56.9
6 Year	100 107	455,270	17.7	93.583	57.4
7 Year	107	526,973	19.5	94.695	63.5
8 Year	110	529,355	19.0	98.161	62.2
9 Year	111	576,862	20.5	99.624	66.0
0 Year	111	010,000			
1 January	111	54,369	21.9	99.624	73.4
February	111	47,863	22.7	99.624	71.5
March	111	49,121	22.2	99.624	66.3
April	111	41,631	19.9	99.624	58.1
May	111	46,755	19.9	99.624	63.1
June	111	54,208	21.8	99.624	75.6
July	111	60,735	22.3	99.589	82.0
August	111	58,473	21.8	99.589	78.9
September	111	51,874	22.2	99.589	72.3
October	111	47,653	21.3	99.589	64.2
November	111	46,295	20.9	99.589	64.6 70.0
December	111	53,589	22.9	99.589	72.3 70.2
Year	111	612,565	21.7	99.589	70.4
		57,849	23.7	99.589	78.1
2 January	111 110	52,804	24.2	99.422	76.3
February		45,835	20.4	99.422	62.0
March	110 110	43,855	20.0	99.422	59.1
April	110	45,627	20.7	99.422	61.7
May	110	51,185	21.6	99.422	71.5
June	110	56,049	21.1	99.422	75.8
July	110	58,656	23.0	99.422	79.3
August	110	50,919	21.7	99.422	71.1
September	110	48,784	22.0	99.422	65.9
October	110	50.726	22.9	99.422	70.9
November	109	58,075	23.8	98.986	78.9
December Year	109	618,776	22.1	98.986	70.9
93 January	108	59,076	24.0	97.882	81.1 78.0
February	108	51,319	22.8	97.882	64.0
March	108	46,606	19.9	97.882	60.7
April	109	43,199	20.4	99.032 99.032	68.4
May	109	50,367	22.6	99.032 99.032	73.8
June	109	52,620	21.1		76.7
July	109	56,502	20.0	99.031	76.3
August	109	56,209	20.1	99.031	70.1
September	109	49,989	21.1	99.031	60.2
October	109	44,434	19.9	.99.031	70.9
10-Month Total	109	510,321	21.2	99.031	10.0
			21.9	99.422	70.1
92 10-Month Total	110	509,975			

^a At end of period.

^b See Note 1 at end of section.

c For the definition of "Net Summer Capability," see Note 3 at end of section.

^d For an explanation of the method of calculating the capacity factor, see Note 4 at end of section.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Nuclear electricity net generation totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: • Operable Units: 1973-1982-U.S. Department of Energy (DOE), Office of Nuclear Programs, *U.S. Central Station Nuclear Electric Generating Units: Significant Milestones." 1983 forward—Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC), "Licensed Operating Reactors" (NUREG-0020). • Nuclear Electricity Net Generation: Table 7.1. • Nuclear Portion of Domestic Electricity Net Generation: Calculated from data in Table 7.1. • Net Summer Capability of Operable Units: 1973-1982—Compiled from various sources, primarily DOE, Office of Nuclear Reactor Programs, "U.S. Central Station Nuclear Electric Generating Units: Significant Milestones." 1983 forward—Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generation Report," and monthly updates as appropriate. • Capacity Factor: EIA, Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels.

Table 8.2 Nuclear Generating Units, End of Period

		ensed eration		ruction mits				Total
	Operable ⁸	In Startup ^b	Granted	Pending	On Order	Announced	Total	Design Capacity
				Number of Units	i			Million Kilowatts
973 Year	39	2	57	52	40			
974 Year	48	5	62	75	49	9	208	198
975 Year	54	2	69	69	30	6	226	223
976 Year	61	1	71	63	14	5	213	212
977 Year	65	2	78	49	16	2	214	211
978 Year	70	Ō	88		13	2	209	203
979 Year	68	ŏ		32	5	0	195	191
)80 Year	70	1	90	24	3	0	185	180
981 Year		•	82	12	3	0	168	162
	74	0	76	11	2	0	163	157
82 Year	77	2	60	3	2	0	144	134
983 Year	. 80	. 3	53	• 0	2	0	138	129
84 Year	86	6	38	0	2	0	132	123
185 Year	95	3	30	0	2	0	130	121
86 Year	100	7	19	0	2	0	128	119
87 Year	107	4	14	0	2	Ō	127	119
988 Year	108	3	12	0	0	Ö	123	115
89 Year	110	1	10	0	Ó	ō	121	113
90 Year	111	0	8	Ō	ō	õ	119	111
91 January	111	0	8	0	0	0	119	111
February	. 111	0	8	0	0	0	119	. 111
March	111	0	8	0	0	0	119	111
April	111	0	8	0	0	0	119	111
Мау	111	. 0	8	0	0	Ō	119	111
June	111	0	8	0	Ō	ō	119	iii
July	111	0	8	Ō	ŏ	ŏ	119	111
August	111	0	8	Ō	ō	ŏ	119	111
September	111	0	8	ŏ	ŏ	. 0	119	111
October	111	ō	8	ŏ	õ	0		
November	111	õ	ĕ	Ö	Ö	0	119	111
December	111	õ	8	ŏ	0	0	119 119	111 111
92 January	111	0	8	0	0	0	119	111
February	110	0	8	Ō	ŏ	õ	118	111
March	110	0	8	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	118	111
April	110	0	8	Ō	ŏ	ŏ	118	111
Мау	110	0	8	Ō	õ	ŏ	118	111
June	110	0	8	ō	ŏ	ŏ	118	111
July	110	0	. 8	ŏ	ő	õ	118	
August	110	ō	8	ŏ	ŏ	Ö	118	111
September	110	õ	8	ŏ	Ö	0 ·		111
October	110	· ŏ	8	ŏ	ŏ	0	118	111
November	110	ŏ	8	Ö	0	0	118	111
December	109	ŏ	8	0	0	0	118 117	111 111
3 January	108	0	_			-		
February	108	1	8	0	0	0	116	110
March		•	7	0	0	0	116	110
	108	1	7	0	0	0	116	110
April	109	0	7	0	0	0	116	110
May	109	0	7	0	0	0	116	110
June	109	0	7	0	0	0	116	110
July	109	0	7	0	0	0	116	110
August	109	0	7	0	0	0	116	110
September	109	0	7	0	0	Ō	116	110
October	109	0	7	Ō		-		

^a See Note 1 at end of section.

^b See Note 2 at end of section.

^c Net design electrical rating (DER) is used because many of the units were canceled prior to being assigned a net summer capability. See Note 3 at end of section.

Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Sources: • Licensed for Operation: 1973-1982-U.S. Department of Energy (DOE), Office of Nuclear Programs, 'U.S. Central Station Nuclear Electric Generating Units: Significant Milestones.' 1983 forward-Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC), 'Licensed Operating Reactors' (NUREG-0020). • Construction Permits, On Order, and Announced: 1973-1982-Compiled from various sources, primarily DOE, Office of Nuclear Reactor Programs, 'U.S. Central Station Nuclear Electric Generating Units: Significant Milestones'; Energy Information Administration (EIA), Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels (CNEAF), 'Nuclear Steam-Electric Units That Have Been in Operation as of 1957-1989"; EIA, CNEAF, "Nuclear Plant Cancellations: Causes, Costs, and Consequences"; and Utility Data Institute, Inc., "U.S. Nuclear Plant Statistics, 1987." 1983 forward—NRC, "Summary Information Report" (NUREG-0871); NRC, "Licensed Operating Reactors" (NUREG-0020); and various journals. • Total Design Capacity: 1973-1982—Compiled from various sources, primarily DOE, Office of Nuclear Reactor Programs, "U.S. Central Station Nuclear Electric Generating Units: Significant Milestones"; EIA, CNEAF, "Nuclear Steam-Electric Units That Have Been in Operation as of 1957-1987"; EIA, CNEAF, "Monthly Report for Electric Utilities-Power Generation"; EIA, CNEAF, "Nuclear Plant Cancellations: Causes, Costs, and Consequences"; and Utility Data Institute, Inc., "U.S. Nuclear Plant Statistics, 1987." 1983 forward—NRC, "Summary Information Report" (NUREG-0871); NRC, "Licensed Operating Reactors" (NUREG-0020); and EIA, Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report."

Nuclear Energy Notes

1. Operable Units: Nuclear generating units that have been issued a full-power license by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC).

Exceptions: The Shippingport (60 megawatts (MW)) and the Hanford-N (840 MW) nuclear units were included in the operable units until 1982 and 1988, respectively. The Shippingport unit was excluded from the operable category during March 1974-August 1977 due to a major core modification outage. Hanford-N, an unlicensed unit used for defense material production, was included in the operable category because power was produced as by-product and sold commercially. Three Mile Island 2 (880 MW) experienced a major accident in 1979 and, although that unit still retains its operating license and site cleanup continues, there is no plan to restart it. Therefore, it has not been included in the operable category since March 1979. Although Shoreham received a full-power license in April 1989, the unit is not currently scheduled to operate and, therefore, has not been included in the operable category. Rancho Seco (873 MW) was shut down by the Sacramento Municipal Utility District (SMUD) in June 1989 following a referendum on its continued operation. Because there are currently no plans to operate it as a nuclear unit, it is no longer included as an operable unit but is identified as a unit shut down for an extended period. As soon as SMUD and the NRC formalize the plant's official retirement, it will be noted as such in this report. The Department of Energy-operated Experimental Breeder Reactor 2 unit is not a commercial reactor and is therefore not included in the operable category.

In addition, nine units have been retired and therefore removed from the operable category. Those units are: Peach Bottom 1 (40 MW) and Indian Point 1 (265 MW), both retired in 1974; Humboldt Bay (65 MW), officially retired in 1976; Dresden 1 (200 MW), retired in August 1979; LaCrosse (51 MW), retired in May 1987; Fort Saint Vrain (217 MW), retired in August 1989; Yankee Rowe 1 (185 MW), retired in February 1992; San Onofre 1 (436 MW), retired in December 1992; and Trojan (1,104 MW), retired in January 1993.

2. In Startup: The period of time between a nuclear generating unit's initial fuel loading date and the issuance of its full-power license. During that period, the unit is undergoing low-power testing and the maximum level of operation is 5 percent of the unit's design thermal rating.

3. Capacity: Nuclear generating units may have more than one type of net capacity rating, including the following:

(a) Net Summer Capability—The steady hourly output that generating equipment is expected to supply to system load, exclusive of auxiliary power, as demonstrated by test at the time of summer peak demand. Auxiliary power of a typical nuclear power plant is about 5 percent of gross generation.

(b) Net Design Capacity or Net Design Electrical Rating (DER)—The nominal net electrical output of a unit, specified by the utility and used for plant design.

4. Monthly Capacity Factors: The monthly capacity factors are computed as the actual monthly generation divided by the maximum possible generation for that month. The maximum possible generation is the number of hours in the month multiplied by the net summer capability at the end of the month. That fraction is then multiplied by 100 to obtain a percentage. Annual capacity factors are averages of the monthly values for that year.

.

Section 9. Energy Prices

Crude Oil. The average price of domestic crude oil purchased at the wellhead was \$13.80 per barrel in October 1993, 20 percent below the level in October 1992. The refiner acquisition cost of imported crude oil in October 1993 was \$15.48 per barrel, 20 percent below the October 1992 level. The average cost of domestic crude oil in October 1993 was \$16.09, 18 percent less than the October 1992 average.

Motor Gasoline. The national city average retail price of unleaded regular gasoline at all types of stations was \$1.11 per gallon in November 1993, 4 percent lower than the price in November 1992. The price of unleaded premium gasoline averaged \$1.31 per gallon in November 1993, 3 percent lower than the price in November 1992.

Residual Fuel Oil. The average price, excluding taxes, of residual fuel oil sold to end users in October 1993 was 32 cents per gallon, 1 percent higher than the previous month's price and 19 percent lower than the October 1992 average. The average resale price, excluding taxes, of residual fuel oil in October 1993 was 28 cents per gallon, 6 percent above the September 1993 average but 24 percent below the price 1 year earlier.

Aviation Fuel. The average price, excluding taxes, of aviation gasoline sold to end users in October 1993 was 98 cents per gallon, slightly lower than the previous month's price and 6 percent lower than the October 1992 price. The average price, excluding taxes, of kerosene-type jet fuel sold to end users in October 1993 was 61 cents per gallon, 8 percent higher than the previous month's average price but 8 percent lower than the October 1992 average price.

No. 2 Distillate Fuel Oil. The October 1993 national average price, excluding taxes, of heating oil sold to residential customers was 89 cents per gallon, 4 percent higher than the September 1993 price but 5 percent lower than the October 1992 price. The average price of No. 2 fuel oil sold to all end users was 63 cents per gallon in October 1993, 11 percent higher than the September 1993 price but 7 percent lower than the October 1992 price.

Electricity. The average price of electricity sold to all ultimate consumers in the United States in October 1993 was 7.2 cents per kilowatthour, 4 percent above the October 1992 mean price. The price of electricity sold to residential consumers in Octobber 1993 averaged 8.8 cents per kilowatthour, 4 percent above the October 1992 price. The price of electricity sold to commercial consumers averaged 8.1 cents per kilowatthour in October 1993, 3 percent above the October 1992 price. The price of electricity sold to other consumers was 7.3 cents per kilowatthour, 6 percent above the October 1992 price. The price of electricity sold to other consumers was 7.3 cents per kilowatthour, 6 percent above the October 1992 price. The price of electricity sold to industrial users in October 1993 averaged 5.0 cents per kilowatthour, 2 percent above the price 1 year earlier.

Beginning with January 1986, there were new series of national average price estimates based on a statistically derived sample of both publicly and privately owned electric utilities. Previously, average price estimates were derived from selected privately owned electric utilities and were not national averages.

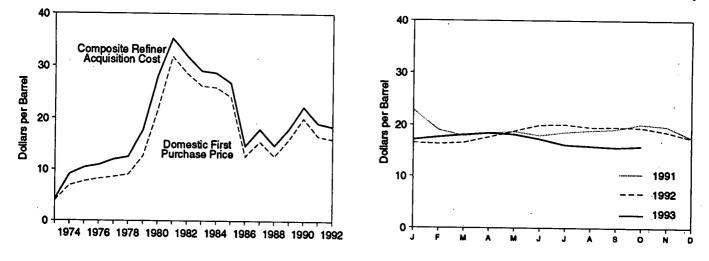
Natural Gas. The estimated average wellhead price of natural gas for October 1993 was \$1.99 per thousand cubic feet, 16 percent below the October 1992 price.

The average price of natural gas delivered to electric utility plants was \$2.69 per thousand cubic feet in September 1993 (latest date for which data are available), 7 percent above the September 1992 price. The average price of natural gas used by residential consumers in October 1993 was \$6.75 per thousand cubic feet, 4 percent above the October 1992 price. The average price of natural gas used by commercial consumers in October 1993 was \$5.12 per thousand cubic feet, 4 percent higher than the October 1992 price. The average price of natural gas used by industrial consumers in October 1993 was \$2.88 per thousand cubic feet, 10 percent below the October 1992 price.

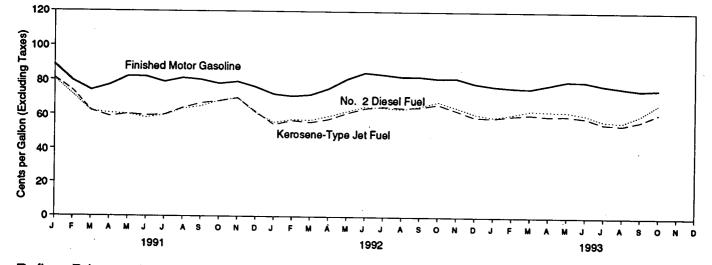
Figure 9.1 Petroleum Prices

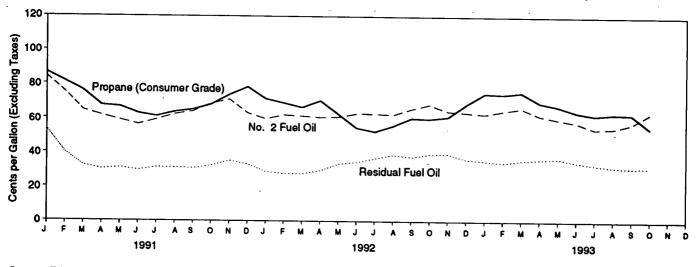
Crude Oil Prices, 1973-1992

Composite Refiner Acquisition Cost, Monthly



Refiner Prices to End Users: Motor Gasoline, Diesel Fuel, and Jet Fuel, Monthly





Refiner Prices to End Users: No. 2 Fuel Oil, Propane, and Residual Fuel, Monthly

Sources: Tables 9.1, 9.5, and 9.7.

Table 9.1 Crude Oil Price Summary

(Dollars per Barrel)

				R	efiner Acquisition Co	st ^a
	Domestic First Purchase Price ^b	F.O.B. Cost of Imports ^c	Landed Cost of Imports ^d	Domestic	Imported	Composite
		^e 5.21	^e 6.41	^E 4.17	^E 4.08	^E 4.15
973 Average	3.89	10.91	12.32	7.18	12.52	9.07
974 Average	6.87		12.70	8.39	13.93	10.38
975 Average	7.67	11.18	13.32	8.84	13.48	10.89
976 Average	8.19	12.15	14.36	9.55	14.53	11.96
977 Average	8.57	13.24		10.61	14.57	12.46
978 Average	9.00	13.29	14.35	14.27	21.67	17.72
979 Average	12.64	20.07	21.45	24.23	33.89	28.07
980 Average	21.59	32.37	33.67	34.33	37.05	35.24
981 Average	31.77	35.15	36.47		33.55	31.87
982 Average	28.52	32.02	33.18	31.22	29.30	28.99
983 Average	26.19	27.81	28.93	28.87		28.63
984 Average	25.88	27.60	28.54	28.53	28.88	_
985 Average	24.09	25.84	26.67	26.66	26.99	26.75
986 Average	12.51	12.52	13.49	14.82	14.00	14.55
987 Average	15.40	16.69	17.65	17.76	18.13	17.90
988 Average	12.58	13.25	14.08	14.74	14.56	14.67
989 Average	15.86	16.89	17.68	17.87	18.08	17.97
990 Average	20.03	20.37	21.13	22.59	21.76	22.22
001	19.60	19.95	20.86	23.25	22.30	22.85
991 January	16.28	16.31	17.26	19.55	18.30	19.03
February	15.13	15.89	17.16	18.12	17.58	17.89
March	16.16	16.58	17.78	18.56	18.32	18.46
April		16.45	17.82	18.98	18.36	18.70
May	16.44	15.81	17.16	18.16	17.78	17.98
June	15.58	16.73	17.84	18.91	18.14	18.57
July	16.36	16.99	18.20	19.10	18.71	18.92
August	16.60		18.63	19.31	19.00	19.17
September	16.71	17.48	19.03	20.39	19.86	20.16
October	17.72	18.12	18.33	20.03	19.35	19.72
November	17.12	17.51	16.19	17.84	17.17	17.56
December	14.68	15.11	18.02	19.33	18.70	19.06
Average	16.54	16.89	10.02	10.00		
992 January	13.99	14.32	15.28	16.80	16.10	16.50
February	14.04	14.68	15.60	16.54	16.00	16.30 16.56
March	14.12	14.96	16.00	16.71	16.36	
April	15.36	16.57	17.40	17.88	17.37	17.66
May	16.38	17.56	18.38	18.86	18.79	18.83
June	17.96	18.38	19.44	20.13	19.83	19.99
July	17.80	18.01	19.13	20.42	19.74	20.10
August	17.07	17.65	18.74	19.84	19.25	19.56
September	17.20	18.04	18.90	19.88	19.26	19.59
October	17.16	17.68	18.75	19.64	19.34	19.49
November	16.00	16.49	17.64	18.90	18.40	18.66
	14.94	15.62	16.58	17.85	16.94	17.43
December	15.99	16.77	17.75	18.63	18.20	18.43
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~				47.40	10 70	17 10
1993 January	14.64	15.24	16.34 17.12	17.40 17.84	16.78 17.41	17.10 17.64
February	15.47	16.09		18.31	17.82	18.08
March	15.88	16.61	17.56		18.35	18.42
April	16.08	16.39	17.58	18.49	17.89	18.16
May	15.97	16.27	17.35	18.43	16.80	17.26
June	15,00	15.12	16.31	17.70		16.10
July	13.78	14.23	15.44	16.36	15.82	15.84
August	13.69	_ 14.21	^R 15.26	16.03	15.62 B 45.00	
September		^R 14.19	^R 15.00	^R 15.82	R 15.32	15.59
October	13.80	14.31	15.24	16.09	15.48	15.81

^a See Note 4 at end of section.

^b See Note 1 at end of section.

^c See Note 2 at end of section.

^d See Note 3 at end of section.

^e Based on October, November, and December data only.

R=Revised data. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States, the District of Columbia,

Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and all U.S. Territories and Possessions. • Values for Domestic First Purchase Price and Refiner Acquisition Cost for the current month and for F.O.B. and Landed Costs of Imports for the current 2 months are preliminary. • F.O.B. and landed costs through 1980 reflect the period of reporting; prices after 1980 reflect the period of loading • Annual averages are the averages of the monthly prices, weighted by volume. Sources: See end of section.

	Algeria	Indonesia	Iran	Mexico	Nigeria	Saudi Arabia	United Kingdom	Venezuela	Other Countries	Arab OPEC ^a	Tota OPEC
73 Average ^c	7.23	5.67	4.24	NA	7.81	3.25	NA	5.39	4.84	4.08	
74 Average	13.23	11.99	10.85	W	12.44	10.17	NA	10.71	10.02	4.06 10.96	5.43
75 Average	11.93	12.55	10.81	11.44	11.82	10.87	NA	11.04	10.86		11.33
76 Average	13.05	12.76	11.61	12.22	13.08	11.62	Ŵ	11.39	11.92	11.18 12.06	11.34
77 Average	14.35	13.57	12.68	13.42	14.44	12.38	14.11	12.63	13.19		12.23
78 Average	14.12	13.61	12.65	13.24	14.05	12.70	13.82	12.38	13.35	13.13	13.20
79 Average	20.53	19.03	22.93	20.27	21.69	17.28	21.70	16.90	21.10	13.28	13.31
80 Average	36.67	32.17	NA	31.06	35.93	28.17	34.36	24.81		19.27	19.8
B1 Average	39.08	35.62	( ^d )	33.01	38.31	32.60	36.06	28.95	34.34	31.57	32.2
B2 Average	34.20	35.11	30.97	28.08	35.13	33.73	33.42		36.69	34.79	35.1
83 Average	30.09	29.92	28.39	25.20	29.81			23.74	31.96	33.84	33.40
84 Average	28.34	29.13	27.42	26.39		27.53	29.91	21.48	27.96	28.28	28.46
85 Average	26.89	27.12	W		29.51	27.67	28.87	24.23	27.79	27.79	27.70
66 Average	13.62	13.19	Ŵ	25.33	28.04	22.04	27.64	23.64	26.12	24.34	25.67
87 Average	16.79	17.40	Ŵ	11.84	14.35	11.36	13.84	10.92	13.32	11.59	12.21
B8 Average	W		( ⁴ )	16.36	18.47	15.12	18.28	15.08	17.11	15.80	16.4:
		13.81		12.18	15.16	12.16	14.80	12.96	13.45	12.57	13.4:
89 Average	W	17.01	(2)	15.96	18.31	16.29	17.89	16.09	17.12	16.72	17.0
0 Average	w	21.29	(ď)	19.26	22.46	20.36	23.43	19.55	19.88	18.84	20.4
91 January	W	W	(d)	19.39	24.68	12.69	w	17.04	21.24	16.04	19.45
February	W	20.82	(ď)	13.62	20.48	14.06	w	14.50	17.12	14.56	16.73
March	W	w	(ď)	13.59	19.44	W	24.50	14.90	16.18	15.24	16.4
April	w	16.85	(°)	15.34	19.12	15.14	w	15.38	16.90	15.72	16.8
May	w	W	Ŵ	15.24	19.35	15.15	w	14.68	16.95	15.71	16.7
June	w	16.77	( ^d )	14.68	18.38	14.54	w	13.62	16.33	15.29	16.04
July	W	W	W.	15.24	19.44	W	19.45	14.85	17.41	15.86	16.86
August	w	w	w	15.34	20.20	16.35	W	14.64	17.82	16.81	17.23
September	w	w	w	15.40	21.10	15.85	20.24	15.53	18.79	16.76	17.57
October	w	18.50	w	16.91	22.55	14.61	W	16.44	19.42	15.76	
November	W	W		16.30	21.63	13.33	21.67	14.77	18.97		18.12
December	w	Ŵ	(d) (d)	13.47	18.99	12.72	W 21.07	12.62	16.57	15.02	17.03
Average	w	18.69	15.58	15.37	20.29	14.62	20.81	14.91		14.32	15.03
-						14.72		14.01	17.79	15.59	16.96
2 January	W	W	( ^d )	12.45	18.58	w	( ^d )	12.32	15.44	14.07	14.50
February	W	W	(ď)	12.40	18.28	14.61	W	12.53	16.04	15.35	15.04
March	( ^d )	W	(ʰ)	12.68	18.10	14.87	w	12.45	16.01	15.20	15.28
April	W	16.23	(ª)	14.11	19.59	w	w	14.38	17.10	17.26	17.25
Мау	w	W	(a)	16.05	20.47	17.61	w	15.03	18.35	18.13	17.83
June	w	w	(ď)	17.09	21.42	w	20.14	15.33	19.20	17.95	18.44
July	w	w	(d)	16.88	20.83	17.60	w	15.10	18.74	18.20	18.09
August	w.	w	(ď)	16.36	20.33	w	20.00	15.38	18.43	17.99	17.69
September	(ġ)	W	(d)	16.88	20.84	16.69	20.20	16.21	18.65	17.11	18.01
October	(e)	w	(d)	16.90	20.76	W	w	15.40	18.70	15.89	17.42
November	(°)	w	(ª)	15.78	20.00	14.62	19.82	13.82	17.57	15.12	15.97
December	w	w	(°)	14.79	18.42	15.62	W	13.38	16.13	15.91	15.60
Average	W	17.06	(°)	15.26	19.98	15.85	19.61	14.39	17.65	16.50	16.87
3 January	( ^d )	· w	(d)	14.14	17.95	15.55	18.29	12.99	15 17	15 60	15 01
February	2ª5	ŵ	(a)	14.64	19.06				15.17	15.60	15.62
March	`w′	ŵ	)a(	15.17	19.08	16.17 16.45	18.13	13.68	16.51	16.39	16.49
April	(ä)	ŵ	(d) (d) (d)	15.04			18.51	14.22	16.85	16.83	16.92
May	(d) (d) (d)	19.14	)a(		19.19	16.03	18.36	14.52	16.90	16.24	16.59
June	)a(	19.14 W		15.15	18.92	14.54	18.29	13.89	16.73	15.03	16.32
July	`w′	16.48		14.06	18.01	W	17.15	12.47	15.89	14.29	14.94
	( ^d )			13.09	17.46	W	16.07	11.96	14.96	13.56	14.18
August	\./	17.74		13.20 B to 50	17.42	W	16.73	12.56	14.68	14.40	14.24
September	W	W	(d) (d)	^R 13.50	^R 16.72	W	^R 16.06	12.72	^R 14.29	13.97	14.37
October	w	w	(~)	13.72	17.03	12.91	16.31	12.16	14.82	14.06	14.21

### Table 9.2 F.O.B. Costs of Crude Oil Imports from Selected Countries (Dollars per Barrel)

^a The Arab members of OPEC are Algeria, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates.
 ^b Current members of OPEC are Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Nigeria, and

⁶ Current members of OPEC are Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Nigeria, and Venezuela, as well as the Arab members. Prior to 1993, Ecuador was also a member. The cost of imports from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia is included in the cost of imports from "Total OPEC."

^c Based on October, November, and December data only.

d No data reported.

R=Revised data. NA=Not available. W=Value withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: • The Free on Board (F.O.B.) cost at the country of origin excludes all costs related to insurance and transportation. See Note 2 at end of section. • Values for the current 2 months are preliminary. • Prices through 1980 reflect the period of reporting; prices after 1980 reflect the period of loading. • Annual averages are averages of the monthly prices, including prices not published, weighted by volume. • Cargoes that are purchased on a "netback" basis, or under similar contractual arrangements whereby the actual purchase price is not established at the time the crude oil is acquired for importation into the United States, are not included in the published data until the actual prices have been determined and reported.

Sources: • October 1973-September 1977: Federal Energy Administration, Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report." • October 1977-December 1977: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report." • 1978 forward: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, January 1994, Table 21.

### Table 9.3 Landed Costs of Crude Oil Imports from Selected Countries

(Dollars per Barrel)

	-							T	1 ····			
			[ · [				Saudi	United		Other	Arab	Total
	Algeria	Canada	Indonesia	Iran	Mexico	Nigeria	Arabia	Kingdom	Venezuela	Countries	OPEC ^a	OPEC
			· · · · ·									0.05
1973 Average ^c	8.39	5.33	7.22	6.48	NA	9.08	5.37	NA	5.99	6.99	5.92	6.85
1974 Average	13.97	11.48	13.20	12.48	w	13.16	11.63	NA	11.25	12.93	12.39	12.49
1975 Average	12.86	12.84	13.83	12.51	12.61	12.70	12.50	NA	12.36	12.66	12.71	12.70
1976 Average	13.90	13.36	13.85	12.86	12.64	13.81	13.06	W	11.89	13.36	13.31	13.32
1977 Average	15.24	14.13	14.65	13.86	13.82	15.29	13.69	14.83	13.11	14.56	14.30	14.35
	14.93	14.41	14.65	13.89	13.56	14.88	13.94	14.53	12.84	14.58	14.36	14.34
1978 Average	21.88	20.22	20.63	24.21	20.77	22.97	18.95	22.97	17.65	22.86	20.79	21.29
1979 Average	37.92	30.11	33.92	NA	31.77	37.15	29.80	35.68	25.92	36.15	32.97	33.56
1980 Average		32.32	37.31	( ^b )	33.70	39.66	34.20	37.29	29.91	38.54	36.22	36.60
1981 Average	40.46	27.15	36.70	32.46	28.63	36.16	34.99	34.25	24.93	34.03	35.15	34.81
1982 Average	35.35			29.81	25.78	30.85	29.27	30.87	22.94	29.68	29.87	29.84
1983 Average	31.26	25.63	31.57		26.85	30.36	29.20	29.45	25.19	29.21	29.10	29.06
1984 Average	29.06	26.56	30.87	28.70		28.96	24.72	28.36	24.43	27.33	25.90	26.86
1985 Average	27.51	25.71	28.67	25.79	25.63		12.84	14.63	11.52	14.25	13.14	13.46
1986 Average	14.82	13.43	14.63	12.38	12.17	15.29		18.78	15.76	18.30	17.32	17.64
1987 Average	17.87	17.04	18.49	18.28	16.69	19.32	16.81		13.66	14.45	13.60	14.18
1988 Average	W	13.50	15.15	.W.	12.58	15.88	13.37	15.82	16.78	18.08	17.41	17.78
1989 Average	19.13	16.81	18.35	( ^a )	16.35	19.19	17.34	18.74	20.31	20.52	20.64	21.23
1990 Average	W	20.48	22.50	(ª)	19.64	23.33	21.82	22.65	20.31	20.52	20.04	
1001 Innuani	w	20.81	w	( ^d )	19.98	26.00	18.53	w	18.35	24.08	18.94	20.16
1991 January		17.05	22.61	ζdί	14.23	21.66	16.18	w	15.76	19.42	16.29	17.43
February			20.03	) d (	14.15	20.60	17.08	25.77	16.18	18.59	17.23	17.88
March	W	15.20		(a)	15.85	20.31	17.54	20.56	16.35	18.77	17.65	18.17
April		16.26	18.85	· · · ·	15.81	20.50	17.34	20.21	15.74	19.53	17.49	17.98
May		16.28	W	W, d	15.20	19.79	16.85	19.35	14.61	18.38	17.01	17.32
June		16.19	18.25	( ^d )		20.73	17.48	20.47	15.92	18.82	17.61	17.96
July		17.14	17.76	17.56	15.89			20.71	15.64	19.30	18.17	18.40
August		17.61	W	W	15.78	21.29	18.04		16.44	20.35	18.42	18.70
September		17.84	W	W	15.82	22.13	18.19	21.16		20.91	17.97	19.03
October	w	18.38	19.85	W	17.34	23.68	17.62	22.07	17.26	20.91	16.90	17.95
November	w	17.53	21.05	(d)	16.53	22.71	16.46	22.71	15.66	18.67	15.49	15.94
December	w	15.87	W	(°)	13.96	19.96	15.03	20.29	13.46		17.45	18.08
Average	W	17.16	20.20	17.54	15.89	21.39	17.22	21.37	15.92	19.73	17.45	10.00
1000 (	w	14.83	w	( ^d )	13.02	19.34	14.81	w	13.20	17.46	15.16	15.38
1992 January		15.57	ŵ	201	12.78	19.10	15.61	w	13.47	17.64	15.85	15.87
February		15.68	ŵ	) a (	13.06	19.05	16.05	18.83	13.41	17.44	16.14	16.29
March			17.76	) d (	14.40	20.32	18.01	18.97	15.06	18.10	18.11	18.07
April		16.42	17.66	)a(	16.39	21.25	18.62	19.99	15.73	19.58	18.80	18.65
May		17.35		)a(	17.41	22.11	19.49	20.85	16.01	20.93	19.60	19.57
June		18.40	19.60	)a(	17.20	21.49	19.00	21.45	15.78	20.49	19.15	19.06
July		18.50	21.06	) d (		21.45	18.45	21.37	16.10	20.10	18.79	18.70
August	. <u>W</u>	18.28	21.26		16.74	21.05	18.45	20.72	16.89	20.12	18.51	18.83
September		18.35	W		17.34			20.72	16.14	20.09	18.08	18.56
October	. W	18.35	W	(a) (a)	17.26	21.60	17.96	21.17	14.51	19.25	17.05	17.28
November		17.26	W	(")	16.18	20.79	17.02			17.80	16.69	16.62
December	. W	15.85	W	(ʰ)	15.12	19.32	16.64	19.46	14.07		17.63	17.81
Average	. W	17.04	18.76	(°)	15.60	20.78	17.48	20.63	15.13	19.25	17.03	17.01
1000 10000-	/ d \	15.27	w	(d)	14.50	18.96	16.36	19.12	14.07	17.21	16.39	16.64
1993 January		15.27	Ŵ	(d) (d)	14.98	19.92	17.29	19.28	14.60	18.17	17.29	17.43
February		16.48	Ŵ	, <b>n</b> ,	15.50	20.25	17.56	19.43	15.14	18.43	17.63	17.83
March		16.40	19.89	(°) (d) (d)	15.55	20.18	17.56	19.32	15.54	18.48	17.55	17.77
April			20.57	) a (	15.57	19.79	16.64	19.33	14.91	18.41	16.79	17.30
May	. <u>W</u>	16.82		) a (	14.50	18.93	15.72	18.67	13.53	17.44	15.86	16.03
June		16.25	W 17.96	(d) (d)	13.44	18.31	14.94	17.51	12.92	16.44	14.96	15.30
July	. W.	15.30	17.86	Sal.	^R 13.66	18.08	R 15.11	17.56	13.32	^R 16.01	^R 15.11	^R 15.24
August		^R 14.94	19.28	(d) (d)	840.04		^R 14.67	^я 17.04	^R 13.46	^R 15.55	^R 14.59	R 14.98
September		^R 14.56	W	(")	^R 13.81	^R 17.62			12.98	15.77	14.98	15.15
October	. W	15.13	W	(°)	14.06	17.97	14.96	16.82	12.50	13.11	. 4.00	

^a The Arab members of OPEC are Algeria, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates.
^b Current members of OPEC are Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Nigeria, and

^b Current members of OPEC are Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Nigeria, and Venezuela, as well as the Arab members. Prior to 1993, Ecuador was also a member. The cost of imports from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia is included in the cost of imports from "Total OPEC."

^c Based on October, November, and December data only.

^d No data reported.

R-Revised data. NA=Not available. W=Value withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: • See Note 3 at end of section. • Values for the current 2 months are preliminary. • Prices through 1980 reflect the period of reporting; prices

since then reflect the period of loading. • Annual averages are averages of the monthly prices, including prices not published, weighted by volume.

 Cargoes that are purchased on a "netback" basis, or under similar contractual arrangements whereby the actual purchase price is not established at the time the crude oil is acquired for importation into the United States, are not included in the published data until the actual prices have been determined and reported.

Sources: • October 1973-September 1977: Federal Energy Administration, Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report." • October 1977-December 1977: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report." • 1978 forward: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, January 1994, Table 22.

### Table 9.4 Motor Gasoline Retail Prices, U.S. City Average

(Cents per Gallon, Including Taxes)

	Leaded Regular	Unieaded Regular	Unleaded Premium	All Types ^a
70 4				
73 Average	38.8	NA	NA	NA
74 Average	53.2	NA	NA	NA
75 Average	56.7	NA	NA	NA
76 Average	59.0	61.4	NA	NA
77 Average	62.2	65.6	NA	NA
78 Average	62.6	67.0	NA	65.2
79 Average	85.7	90.3	NA	88.2
BO Average	119.1	124.5	NA	122.1
B1 Average ^b	131.1	137.8	^c 147.0	
32 Average	122.2	129.6		135.3
33 Average	115.7	124.1	141.5	128.1
64 Average	112.9		138.3	122.5
35 Average	111.5	121.2	136.6	119.8
36 Average		120.2	134.0	119.6
	85.7	92.7	108.5	93.1
37 Average	89.7	94.8	109.3	95.7
38 Average	89.9	94.6	110.7	96.3
39 Average	99.8	102.1	119.7	106.0
00 Average '	114.9	116.4	134.9	121.7
1 January	124.6	124.7	143.1	130.4
February	113.7	114.3	132.1	119.8
March	104.7	108.2	126.4	113.8
April	106.2	110.4	128.1	
May	NA	115.6		115.9
June	NA	116.0	133.1	120.9
July	NA		133.8	121.4
August	NA	112.7	131.3	118.5
September		114.0	131.8	119.6
	NA	114.3	132.4	119.9
October	NA	112.2	130.7	118.0
November	NA	113.4	131.8	119.3
December	NA	112.3	130.9	118.2
Average	NA	114.0	132.1	119.6
2 January	NA	107.3	126.7	113.5
February	NA	105.4	124.8	111.7
March	NA	105.8	125.0	112.2
April	NA	107.9	126.8	
May	NA	113.6	131.7	114.3
June	NA	117.9	131.7	119.7
July	NA	117.5		123.9
August	NA	115.8	136.3	123.8
September	NA		134.8	122.1
October	NA	115.8	134.6	122.2
November		115.4	134.5	121.9
	NA	115.9	135.1	122.3
December	NA	113.6	133.0	120.1
Average	NA	112.7	131.6	119.0
January	NA	111.7	131.3	118.2
February	NA	110.8	130.1	117.2
March	NA	109.8	129.4	116.3
April	NA	111.2	130.4	117.5
Мау	NA	112.9	131.9	
June	NA	113.0	132.1	119.3
July	NA	110.9		119.4
August	NA	109.7	130.5	117.4
September	NA		129.4	116.3
October		108.5	128.2	115.1
November	NA	112.7	132.3	119.3
	NA	111.3	130.5	117.8

a Also includes types of motor gasoline not shown separately.

In September 1981, the Bureau of Labor Statistics changed the weights used in the calculation of average motor gasoline prices. From September 1981 forward, gasohol is included in the average for all types, and unleaded premium is weighted more heavily. ^c September through December data only.

· · ·

NA=Not available.

Notes: . See Note 5 at end of section. . Geographic coverage for

1973-1977 is 56 urban areas. Geographic coverage for 1978 forward is 85 urban areas.

Sources: . Monthly Data: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Consumer Prices: Energy. • Annual Data: 1973-Platt's Oil Price Handbook and Oilmanac, 1974, 51st Edition. 1974 forward-calculated by the Energy Information Administration as the simple averages of monthly data.

#### Table 9.5 Refiner Prices of Residual Fuel Oil

(Cents per Gallon, Excluding Taxes)

	Sulfur Co	I Fuel Oil ntent Less al to 1 Percent	Sulfur	l Fuel Oil Content an 1 Percent	Ave	rage
	Sales for Resale	Sales to End Users	Sales for Resale	Sales to End Users	Sales for Resale	Sales to End Users
978 Average	29.3	31.4	24.5	27.5	26.3	29.8
979 Average	45.0	46.8	36.6	38.9	39.9	43.6
980 Average	60.8	67.5	47.9	52.3	52.8	60.7
981 Average	74.8	82.9	62.2	67.3	66.3	75.6
982 Average	69.5	74.7	57.2	61.1	61.2	67.6
983 Average	64.3	69.5	59.1	61.1	60.9	65.1
984 Average	68.5	72.0	63.9	65.9	65.4	68.7
985 Average	61.0	64.4	56.0	58.2	57.7	61.0
986 Average	32.8	37.2	28.9	31.7	30.5	34.3
987 Average	41.2	44.7	36.2	39.6	38.5	42.3
988 Average	33.3	37.2	27.1	30.0	30.0	33.4
989 Average	40.7	43.6	33.1	34.4	36.0	38.5
990 Average	47.2	50.5	37.2	40.0	41.3	44.4
991 January	52.1	59.8	49.2	49.7	50.2	53.4
February	36.5	44.4	32.0	37.1	33.4	39.8
March	36.0	38.3	24.2	28.2	28.2	32.3
April	33.6	37.8	25.8	27.0	28.7	30.2
May	36.6	36.6	27.7	27.6	30.3	31.0
June	32.1	35.3	28.6	26.9	29.7	29.5
July	32.6	36.4	27.4	28.2	28.8	31.2
August	33.4	36.8	25. <del>9</del>	27.7	27.9	31.1
September	33.7	36.8	25.4	27.3	27.9	30.6
October	34.1	38.5	27.6	29.7	29.5	32.3
November	36.6	40.8	27.9	31.8	30.7	35.1
December	34.8	40.0	26.1	28.8	28.9	33.1
Average	36.4	40.2	29.2	30.6	31.4	34.0
992 January	30.3	35.7	21.1	24.7	24.4	28.8
February	32.7	36.2	20.9	23.6	25.6	27.7
March	30.8	34.8	21.1	24.4	24.6	27.7
April	31.6	35.3	25.2	27.5	27.4	29.6
May	33.1	37.2	29.1	32.0	30.2	33.4
June	35.9	38.8	30.7	33.1	32.5	34.5
July	38.0	41.4	33.3	34.9	34.7	36.7
August	37.7	42.1	33.2	37.0	34.7	38.8
September	37.9	42.0	32.9	35.3	34.8	37.5
October	41.4	44.7	35.5	37.3	37.4	39.2
November	39.2	42.8	33.8	37.6	35.9	39.4
December	35.9	40.2	28.1	33.4	30.6	36.2
Average	35.4	38.9	28.4	31.3	30.7	33.8
993 January	36.6	40.8	27.2	32.4	31.2	35.3
February	35.5	40.8	27.1	30.8	31.1	34.4
March	39.0	42.6	27.5	31.6	32.9	35.6
April	38.4	43.6	29.2	32.2	33.6	36.3
May	34.7	41.9	27.8	34.1	31.0	36.8
June	33.7	40.6	26.4	31.5	30.0	34.7
July	32.7	41.9	24.6	28.5	27.4	33.2
August	31.5	37.2	23.7	28.7	26.9	31.9
September	31.9	37.7	24.0	28.6	26.8	31.5
October	31.8	38.7	25.7	29.1	28.4	31.7

Notes: • Sales for resale are those made to purchasers other than ultimate consumers. Sales to end users are those made directly to the ultimate consumer, including bulk customers, such as agriculture, industry, and electric utilities, as well as commercial customers. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Values for the current month are preliminary. • Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration (EIA) estimates. See Note 6 at end of section.

Source: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, January 1994, Table 17.

.

#### Table 9.6 Refiner Prices of Petroleum Products for Resale

Finished Finished Kerosene-No. 2 No. 2 Propane Motor Aviation Туре Fuel Diesel (Consumer Gasoline^a Gasoline Jet Fuel Kerosene Oil Fuel Grade) 1978 Average ..... 43.4 53.7 38.6 40.4 36.9 36.5 23.7 1979 Average ..... 63.7 72.1 66.0 62.4 56.9 57.4 29.1 1980 Average ..... 94.1 112.8 86.8 86.4 80.3 80.1 41.5 1981 Average ..... 106.4 125.0 101.2 106.6 97.6 97.2 46.6 1982 Average ..... 97.3 122.8 95.3 101.8 91.4 91.4 42.7 1983 Average ..... 88.2 117.8 85.4 89.2 81.5 80.8 48.4 1984 Average ..... 83.2 116.5 83.0 91.6 82.1 80.3 45.0 1985 Average ..... 83.5 113.0 79.4 87.4 77.6 77.2 39.8 1986 Average ..... 53.1 91.2 49.5 60.6 48.6 45.2 29.0 1987 Average ..... 58.9 85.9 53.8 59.2 52.7 53.4 25.2 1988 Average ..... 57.7 85.0 49.5 54.9 47.3 47.3 24.0 1989 Average ..... 95.0 65.4 58.3 66.9 56.5 56.7 24.7 1990 Average ..... 78.6 106.3 77.3 83.9 69.7 69.4 38.6 1991 January ..... 76.2 1112 82.0 88.0 766 75.5 42.2 February ..... 68.0 104.2 74.0 76.1 67.9 67.4 31.6 March ..... 67.3 97.4 62.4 66.2 59.6 57.7 31.3 April ..... 70.7 97.8 58.9 63.0 57.2 57.4 31.8 May ..... 100.3 74.2 60.8 61.4 56.0 57.2 31.9 June ..... 70.5 99.5 58.8 59.0 54.0 54.5 29.3 July ..... 69.1 98.9 59.4 62.6 56.7 57.1 27.6 August ..... 72.7 100.2 63.3 67.1 60.6 61.9 29.6 September ..... 69.1 99.9 65.9 68.9 62.1 62.9 34.9 October ..... 68 B 98.8 67.1 73.5 66.3 65.6 40.2 November ..... 69.9 99.5 68.2 74.6 66.6 66.5 43.0 December ..... 97.3 62.9 60.1 62.6 55.9 55.6 37.7 Average ..... 69.9 100.1 65.0 72.2 62.2 61.5 34.9 1992 January ..... 60.0 94.9 53.9 59.9 51.9 51.4 30.9 February ..... 61.7 93.1 55.2 62.0 54.0 54.1 30.2 March ..... 62.7 92.5 54.6 59 1 53.7 54.0 29.5 April ..... 66.6 96.4 56.9 61.6 56.5 57.0 29.0 May ..... 71.5 100.5 60.8 62.1 58.8 60.1 29.4 101.5 June ..... 74.2 63.3 63.7 61.7 62.7 31.6 July ..... 71.0 102.0 64.8 65.7 61.3 61.8 31.5 August ..... 70.6 102 6 63.9 64.2 60.1 60.4 32.9 September ..... 71.0 102.3 64.3 68.8 62.7 63.3 35.4 October ..... 70.4 100.5 66.0 70.1 64.6 65.5 36.6 November ..... 68.1 99.7 61.5 64.5 58.8 60.4 36.2 December ..... 63.8 97.6 58.9 62.8 55.7 56 4 36.3 Average ..... 67.7 99.1 60.4 63.2 57.9 59.0 32.8 1993 January ..... 63.8 96.9 57.7 61.4 54.4 54.9 40.2 February ..... 63.8 96.5 60.5 63.7 56.9 57.4 36.7 March ..... 65.2 97.4 60.3 65.4 59.0 60.0 38.2 April ..... 67.7 97.7 59.9 60.8 57.5 59.9 36.2 69.2 99.4 60.1 May ..... 58.3 56.9 59.6 34.0 June ..... 66.2 99.1 58.4 56.9 54 9 57.2 33.8 July ..... 62.7 97.9 55.1 53.6 51.0 53.1 33.3 August ..... 62.9 96.9 55.2 55.6 51.0 53.2 33.3 September ..... 61.5 96.3 56.8 58.8 54.8 58.8 34.1 October ..... 61.7 94.8 60.7 65.6 59.7 66.1 34.7

(Cents per Gallon, Excluding Taxes)

^a See Note 5 at end of section.

Notes: • Sales for resale are those made to purchasers other than ultimate consumers. Sales to end users are shown in Table 9.7; they are sales made directly to the ultimate consumer, including bulk customers, such as agriculture, industry, and electric utilities, as well as residential and

commercial customers. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Values for the current month are preliminary. • Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration (EIA) estimates. See Note 6 at end of section.

Source: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, January 1994, Table 4.

#### Table 9.7 Refiner Prices of Petroleum Products to End Users

(Cents per Gallon, Excluding Taxes)

	Finished Motor Gasoline ^a	Finished Aviation Gasoline	Kerosene- Type Jet Fuel	Kerosene	No. 2 Fuel Oil	No. 2 Diesel Fuel	Propane (Consume Grade)
78 Average	48.4	51.6	38.7	42.1	40.0	37.7	33.5
79 Average	71.3	68.9	54.7	58.5	51.6	58.5	35.7
80 Average	103.5	108.4	86.8	90.2	78.8	81.8	48.2
61 Average	114.7	130.3	102.4	112.3	91.4	99.5	56.5
82 Average	106.0	131.2	96.3	108.9	90.5	94.2	59.2
83 Average	95.4	125.5	87.8	96.1	91.6	82.6	70.9
84 Average	90.7	123.4	84.2	103.6	91.6	82.3	73.7
85 Average	91.2	120.1	79.6	103.0	84.9	78.9	71.7
86 Average	62.4	101.1	52.9	79.0	56.0	47.8	74.5
87 Average	66.9	90.7	54.3	77.0	58.1	55.1	70.1
88 Average	67.3	89.1	51.3	73.8	54.4	50.0	71.4
89 Average	75.6	99.5	59.2	70.9	58.7	58.5	61.5
90 Average	88.3	112.0	76.6	92.3	73.4	72.5	74.5
ov Maaigla		112.0	70.0	92.J	/ 3.4	14.5	74.5
91 January	88.8	112.1	81.1	105.0	84.3	80.5	86.7
February	79.5	106.4	73.7	96.9	75.2	71.4	81.4
March	74.0	101.3	62.1	88.8	64.5	61.8	76.0
April	77.0	101.2	58.7	73.8	61.6	60.6	67.4
May	82.0	105.3	60.1	69.3	58.9	60.1	66.7
June	81.9	105.2	59.2	62.3	56.3	57.9	62.8
July	78.9	103.6	59.7	64.7	59.1	59.5	61.1
August	81.1	105.8	63.8	68.7	62.3	63.3	63.6
September	80.2	105.7	66.6	73.6	63.9	64.8	65.0
October	<b>77.9</b>	104.6	67.8	81.6	68.5	68.0	68.0
November	7 <del>9</del> .1	104.3	69.6	94.3	70.9	69.7	73.7
December	76.0	102.0	61.5	85.8	63.0	60.9	78.2
Average	79.7	104.7	65.2	83.8	66.5	64.8	73.0
92 January	71.9	98.5	54.2	83.3	59.7	55.5	71.3
February	70.8	98.5	56.5	78.3	62.0	57.1	NA
March	71.6	98.0	55.5	80.2	61.4	56.8	66.4
April	75.2	99.1	57.3	78.3	60.6	59.2	70.3
May	80.8	102.4	61.0	73.3	60.9	62.1	62.5
June	84.5	106.4	63.9	68.7	62.9	64.9	54.5
July	83.5	106.8	64.9	70.5	62.8	64.5	52.3
August	82.3	105.7	64.2	69.0	62.3	63.4	55.8
September	82.3	104.9	64.6	70.5	65.6	65.3	60.3
October	81.3	104.3	66.4	87.2	68.2	67.8	59.9
November	81.5	103.4	62.7	83.3	64.3	64.5	61.1
December	78.5	101.3	58.9	84.0	63.6	60.8	68.4
Average	78.4	102.7	61.0	78.6	62.7	61.8	66.2
93 January	76.9	100.3	58.5	82.4	62.7	59.0	74.8
February	76.1	99.9	59.8	81.3	64.6	60.6	74.3
March	75.7	.99.4	60.6	83.2	66.2	62.9	75.4
April	77.8	100.7	59.7	77.0	61.9	62.5	69.4
May	80.1	102.2	59.9	68.8	59.8	62.3	67.3
June	79.8	102.5	58.7	65.3	57.9	60.5	63.9
July	77.6	99.7	55.3	61.4	54.1	56.9	62.2
August	76.2	98.8	54.6	61.9	54.6	56.2	63.1
September	74.9	98.2	56.9	66.5	⁸ 57.3	^R 60.4	^R 62.8
October	74.9	98.0	61.4	75.5	63.4	67.0	54.6

^a See Note 5 at end of section. R=Revised data. NA=Not available.

Notes: • Sales to end users are those made directly to the ultimate consumer, including bulk customers, such as agriculture, industry, and electric utilities, as well as residential and commercial customers. Sales for resale are shown in Table 9.6; they are sales made to purchasers other than ultimate consumers. . Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Values for the current month are preliminary. • Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration (EIA) estimates. See Note 6 at end of section.

Source: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, January 1994, Table 2.

.

### Table 9.8a No. 2 Distillate Prices to Residences: Northeastern States

(Cents per Gallon, Excluding Taxes)

	Maine	New Hampshire	Vermont	Massachusetts	Rhode Island	Connecticut	New York	New Jersey	Pennsylvani
978 Average	48.6	50.3	50.8	48.8	50.7	50.1	50.1	49.6	48.8
979 Average	68.8	72.5	72.5	70.9	72.8	72.0	71.2	71.0	69.8
80 Average	96.3	100.4	101.5	97.8	101.1	98.3	98.2	97.9	
81 Average	120.4	123.7	125.4	121.3	123.8	121.7	123.2		96.4
82 Average	115.5	117.4	120.1	117.6	120.1	118.3		121.5	118.1
83 Average	102.8	104.1	112.9	109.1			120.5	117.4	113.7
	102.0	108.4			110.5	109.1	112.1	107.9	105.8
84 Average	99.7		111.9	111.6	111.4	112.1	115.5	111.0	107.9
85 Average		102.4	107.7	107.0	106.7	108.0	111.3	105.9	102.3
86 Average	74.4	75.9	86.6	82.1	82.8	89.0	91.1	90.2	81.4
87 Average	74.7	76.5	81.1	80.6	82.5	83.4	85.2	84.3	76.9
88 Average	77.7	78.2	82.6	82.1	83.6	85.3	86.3	84.8	77.8
89 Average	89.4	89.3	90.5	92.6	93.9	92.9	95.8	91.8	85.1
90 Average	98.9	102.8	107.0	108.4	108. <del>6</del> ·	109.8	112.5	108.7	102.6
91 January	114.4	107.2	117.7	118.1	113.3	122.5	124.6	119.6	117.7
February	105.9	100.7	111.3	111.3	109.5	116.0	120.2	113.2	110.9
March	95.4	90.5	104.4	102.6	101.8	109.0	112.8	104.3	101.8
April	87.1	83.9	98.5	96.1	94.7	101.4	106.7	98.6	95.5
May	81.9	79.4	93.5	91.7	89.7	96.5	101.2	94.4	89.9
June	79.6	77.3	91.3	88.9	87.1	92.7	98.1	90.3	85.7
July	82.3	77.6	88.1	88.5	88.8	90.0	93.9	88.5	80.8
August	83.4	80.6	88.6	88.7	88.7	89.7	93.0	89.0	81.8
September	87.3	84.2	91.9	90.9	90.3	92.0	98.7	92.2	83.4
October	91.3	87.8	93.9	94.9	94.9	96.3	103.3	96.9	88.8
November	95.1	90.1	95.7	97.5	95.8	99.8	108.1	100.7	93.6
December	89.3	88.8	94.1	95.8	93.4	98.3	105.7	96.6	93.1
Average	96.0	91.6	101.9	103.0	99.9	106.2	111.3	104.0	93.1 99.7
92 January	87.7	88.1	92.4	93.2	90.7	96.4	103.4	95.6	91.4
February	88.2	86.5	92.8	92.5	91.7	95.5	103.8	95.1	91.5
March	86.4	83.3	92.2	91.5	90.9	94.0	102.1	93.5 ·	90.1
April	85.5	81.8	91.7	91.4	90.4	93.3	102.1	92.9	89.4
May	85.5	81.7	91.5	91.0	90.9	93.1	101.1	89.2	
June	87.1	82.9	90.7	91.3	89.7	91.8	101.7	90.4	88.6 86.5
July	87.7	82.3	89.1	90.4	89.9	93.1			
August	87.8	81.8	89.4	89.6	89.4		100.7	90.3	83.0
September	86.8	83.0	91.6	90.7		90.5	99.0	88.1	81.7
October	89.3	87.6	91.0		89.8	91.8	99.7	90.8	84.4
November	88.3	87.6		93.5	92.7	94.9	102.7	94.0	87.5
December	85.7		92.6	93.8	92.5	95.8	104.7	94.6	89.6
Average	87.1	87.7 85.6	92.9 <b>92.2</b>	93.5 92.4	91.5 91.2	95.2 94.7	104.3 102.8	95.4 93.9	89.3 88.9
93 January	85.2	87.1	93.4	94.0	017				
February	85.4	87.0	93.4 93.3	94.0 94.4	91.7	94.9	104.3	96.5	89.0
March	86.5	86.6	93.3 93.7		91.8	96.2	104.2	96.7	89.1
Anril	83.0			94.8	92.4	96.7	104.2	96.2	89.8
April		85.0	91.2	91.3	90.3	93.6	100.1	95.1	89.0
May	81.5	83.8	91.2	90.9	90.6	91.7	99.3	91.6	86.6
June	80.8	82.5	89.7	88.6	87.6	88.6	97.8	88.0	84.0
July	78.2	78.0	85.5	83.9	85.2	86.5	95.2	87.9	78.8
August	77.3	76.1	85.6	83.4	82.7	84.0	92.9	_ 85.7	_ 77.0
September	78.3	^R 75.2	^R 86.6	83.8	^R 84.1	84.3	^R 93.5	^R 85.9	^R 80.4
October	83.0	77.2	86.8	86.3	85.7	88.5	96.1	88.7	83.2

R=Revised data.

 Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration (EIA) estimates. See Note 6 at end of section.

Notes: • States are grouped in Tables 9.8a, 9.8b, and 9.8c by geographic region of the country. • Values for the current month are preliminary.

Source: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, January 1994, Table 16.

#### Table 9.8b No. 2 Distillate Prices to Residences: Selected South Atlantic and Midwestern States

	Delaware	District of Columbia	Maryland	Virginia	West Virginia	Ohio	Michigan	Indiana	Illinois	Wisconsin	Minnesota
1978 Average	47.8	50.7	49.2	49.1	46.2	47.4	47.9	48.5	46.5	44.7	47.8
1979 Average	68.2	74.2	70.1	70.4	65.1	68.6	70.9	40.5 72.7	68.8	67.3	72.4
1980 Average	95.4	102.6	97.9	98.5	92.2	91.9	97.8	99.6	95.8	91.5 ···	99.9
981 Average	117.3	127.4	121.4	120.5	115.0	113.2	118.3	118.5	114.9	109.1	118.4
1982 Average	111.3	124.5	117.1	117.7	109.3	110.2	113.9	114.3	110.9	107.8	115.1
1983 Average	106.0	117.0	110.3	108.7	101.0	101.3	106.4	100.7	100.4	101.2	103.1
1984 Average	109.6	118.7	113.5	110.5	102.1	101.0	105.0	103.1	100.1	101.0	104.1
1985 Average	103.6	114.3	108.8	106.3	98.0	99.7	102.1	99.1	97.5	98.3	101.9
986 Average	85.0	93.1	91.4	86.6	74.6	77.7	81.0	74.8	NA	75.6	79.2
1987 Average	79.3	91.8	86.6	79.5	76.4	74.7	77.5	75.4	79.8	75.1	74.6
1988 Average	80.1	91.6	87.0	80.5	74.2	74.7	77.5	75.4	77.6	73.9	73.5
1989 Average	88.2	98.6	93.8	87.0	83.0	81.6	85.3	83.2	80.9	81.1	82.4
990 Average	105.8	107.8	111.9	110.6	99.1	98.1	100.9	99.3	96.1	94.2	101.4
1000 Avdidye	103.0	107.0		110.0	88. I	80.1	100.8		<b>2</b> 0, 1	44.2	101.4
1991 January	113.0	124.1	122.0	117.2	110.5	105.5	109.8	105.9	102.5	102.4	105.4
February	105.4	118.6	116.1	110.3	101.5	94.6	98.5	95.4	92.9	92.4	93.5
March	98.4	112.3	107.7	102.4	90.8	85.7	91.5	87.9	86.5	87.8	87.2
April	92.3	105.6	102.7	96.1	87.6	83.2	90.7	<b>B6</b> .0	88.3	84.0	87.8
May	91.5	101.1	98.7	90.7	85.8	83.1	88.1	86.3	88.5	82.9	88.1
June	84.0	95.3	96.2	87.8	83.6	80.7	87.4	80.3	86.8	80.9	87.1
July	81.5	98.6	93.7	86.9	81.7	79.6	83.3	78.8	82.2	78.0	84.4
August	86.0	98.6	94.0	87.5	82.4	81.1	84.4	85.5	86.5	78.8	86.3
September	87.3	101.7	96.8	90.4	84.8	84.8	86.8	85.5	87.3	82.7	84.0
October	92.8	104.0	100.1	93.6	89.7	88.7	89.5	86.7	88.4	85.7	86.8
November	96.9	107.3	103.2	97.0	91.8	91.8	92.8	87.8	92.4	89.9	89.2
December	94.9	107.7	102.6	95.2	89.0	86.0	89.9	83.3	89.9	85.4	84.4
Average	99.7	112.2	108.4	101.1	93.4	91.0	94.2	91.8	92.7	89.5	91.1
1992 January	94.4	107.3	101.6	94.3	85.5	82.0	86.6	77.8	85.2	80.1	79.4
February	92.7	107.3	100.9	93.7	86.9	83.0	86.5	78.7	85.6	79.8	79.6
March	92.4	105.3	100.3	93.7	86.6	82.5	86.6	79.5	88.1	79.2	79.7
April	91.5	104.7	99.0	92.6	85.6	82.9	86.7	80.2	88.4	80.4	81.8
May	90.2	102.3	97.2	91.7	84.2	83.5	86.4	81.2	89.0	81.5	83.9
June	91.4	102.7	97.6	89.6	86.5	85.3	86.1	79.6	90.8	81.9	82.9
July	90.6	102.0	95.7	90.2	82.3	81.7	85.0	82.4	87.9	81.1	84.5
August	89.5	101.9	95.2	88.4	81.4	82.3	85.7	83.1	86.4	80.6	84.1
September	90.3	101.2	95.7	89.4	85.4	84.7	88.2	84.8	88.9	83.6	85.0
October	93.7	104.0	98.8	91.9	88.3	86.4	90.0	85.8	90.8	84.1	87.1
November	92.8	105.7	100.4	92.1	88.0	84.6	88.2	82.7	90.4	83.7	86.0
December	90.9	105.4	100.4	93.3	89.0	84.5	87.9	81.8	88.2	84.3	83.1
Average	92.4	105.7	99.9	92.8	86.4	83.6	87.1	81.1	87.6	81.8	82.3
993 January	90.8	105.2	100.5	92.4	88.3	84.2	88.3	81.8	87.2	82.1	82.9
February	90.8	106.8	101.3	93.5	88.6	85.5	87.6	82.3	88.2	83.3	83.0
March	92.4	108.5	101.6	94.2	89.9	86.6	90.1	83.1	90.0	84.0	83.9
April	91.6	107.1	99.2	90.3	86.9	86.9	90.8	84.9	NA	84.7	83.3
May	89.4	104.3	96.2	88.6	84.8	86.0	89.8	83.6	84.8	84.9	84.1
June	90.9	100.4	95.2	86.0	86.7	85.7	87.4	82.1	81.2	84.2	83.4
July	90.2	100.2	92.3	84.7	81.2	79.3	83.4	79.0	79.4	84.1	82.0
August	83.5	96.1	91.3	84.0	79.1	78.6	82.1	76.6	77.2	78.7	80.0
September	R 85.0	^R 95.0	^R 92.6	^R 84.9	79.2	^R 81.4	R 85.5	R 80.3	R 80.9	82.8	83.1
October	88.6	102.3	94.2	85.2	83.6	85.5	90.0	83.1	87.6	82.0	86.8

(Cents per Gallon, Excluding Taxes)

R=Revised data. NA=Not available.

Notes: • States are grouped in Tables 9.8a, 9.8b, and 9.8c by geographic region of the country. • Values for the current month are preliminary.

• Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration (EIA) estimates.

See Note 6 at end of section. Source: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, January 1994, Table 16.

# Table 9.8c No. 2 Distillate Prices to Residences: Selected Western States and U.S. Average

(Cents per Gallon, Excluding Taxes)

	Idaho	Washington	Oregon	Alaska	U.S. Average
				L	1
78 Average	43.6	48.6	45.8	53.2	49.0
79 Average	62.1	69.7	68.0	68.2	70.4
80 Average	91.6	100.8	97.3	97.8	97.4
B1 Average	110.4	116.5	111.4	118.0	119.4
2 Average	110.4	117.6	111.6	117.4	
3 Average	101.8	109.0	103.6		116.0
34 Average	98.5			108.8	107.8
		102.6	99.3	106.9	109.1
5 Average	97.2	101.1	97.1	108.3	105.3
6 Average	73.8	77.5	70.4	94.9	83.6
7 Average	68.8	79.5	72.5	86.5	80.3
8 Average	68.8	78.5	70.9	86.9	81.3
9 Average	77.8	87.4	80.2	96.4	90.0
0 Average	97.4	102.9	97.0	110.1	106.3
1 January	110.8	118.4	108.4	129.3	117.1
February	97.3	112.0	102.9	122.8	110.5
March	84.0	95.3	88.8	109.5	102.6
April	83.4	93.5	86.4	109.5	96.9
May	84.4	94.9	86.5		
June	83.4	91.7		101.3	92.5
	80.0		85.6	98.2	89.3
July		85.5	83.6	98.6	86.6
August	84.6	92.6	87.3	96.8	87.0
September	87.4	93.5	90.8	92.4	89.7
October	87.6	95.2	89.1	91.3	94.0
November	93.3	99.5	90.6	96.0	98.0
December	94.7	96.2	87.0	95.2	95.9
Average	95.1	101.6	93.3	105.0	101.9
2 January	86.1	92.0	85.3	92.7	94.2
February	79.2	90.9	83.5	91.1	94.2
March	82.2	91.8	82.6	93.0	93.2
April	84.2	92.0	85.5	92.1	
	86.1				92.5
May		94.3	88.9	93.6	92.3
June	84.6	90.6	89.2	93.9	92.0
July	86.1	88.0	87.3	93.0	90.4
August	79.4	84.0	84.0	96.8	88.6
September	86.0	90.3	87.6	93.4	90.1
October	89.6	94.5	91.7	96.8	93.7
November	91.7	98.7	92.8	97.7	94.8
December	86.8	99.7	91.5	95.8	94.5
Average	85.7	94.3	87.8	94.0	93.4
3 January	84.8	100.6	91.7	95.1	94.3
February	84.2	101.4	89.9	95.1	94.6
March	87.8	99.7	90.7	94.2	94.0 95.4
April	84.1	101.5	92.1		
May	82.9			94.7	92.5
		100.3	91.3	96.6	91.0
June	82.8	95.1	90.2	97.1	88.9
July	80.0	91.3	86.1	95.3	85.6
August	77.0	89.3	ຼ83.5	95.5	_ 84.1
September	85.3	^R 97.1	^R 92.0	P 94.8	^R 85.4
October	94.8	105.5	100.2	96.5	88.6

R=Revised data.

Notes: • States are grouped in Tables 9.8a, 9.8b, and 9.8c by geographic region of the country. • Values for the current month are preliminary.

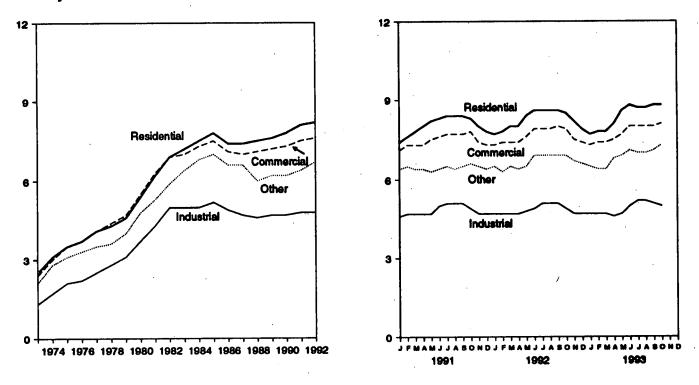
• Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration (EIA) estimates. See Note 6 at end of section.

Source: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, January 1994, Table 16.

#### Figure 9.2 Electricity Retail Prices

(Cents per Kilowatthour)

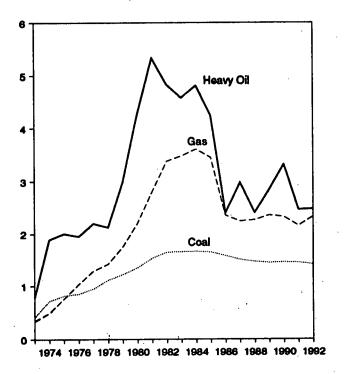
Prices by Sector, 1973-1992



Source: Table 9.9, Monthly Series.

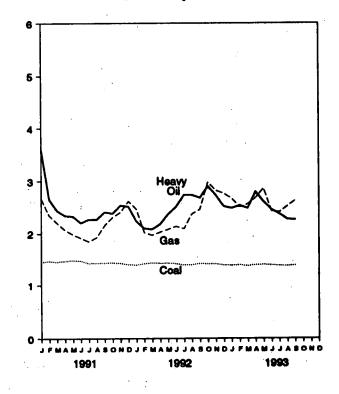
#### Figure 9.3 Cost of Fossil-Fuel Receipts at Steam-Electric Plants (Dollars per Million Btu)

Fossil Fuels Costs, 1973-1992



Fossil Fuel Costs, Monthly

Prices by Sector, Monthly



#### Table 9.9 Electricity Retail Prices

(Cents per Kilowatthour)

	Resid	ential	Comm	ercial	Indus	striai	Othera		Total ^b	
	Monthly Series ^c	Annual Series	Monthly Series ^c	Annua Series						
1973 Average	2.5	NA	2.4	NA	1.3	NA	2.1	NA		
974 Average	3.1	NA	3.0	NA	1.5	NA		NA	2.0	NA
975 Average	3.5	NA	3.5				2.8	NA	2.5	NA
				NA	2.1	NA	3.1	NA	2.9	NA
976 Average	3.7	NA	3.7	NA	2.2	NA	3.3	NA	3.1	NA
977 Average	4.1	NA	4.1	NA	2.5	NA	3.5	NA	3.4	NA
978 Average	4.3	NA	4.4	NA	2.8	NA	3.6	NA	3.7	NA
979 Average	4.6	NA	4.7	NA	3.1	NA	4.0	NA	4.0	NA
980 Average	5.4	NA	5.5	NA	3.7	NA	4.8	NA	4.7	NA
981 Average	6.2	NA	6.3	NA	4.3	NA	5.3	NA	5.5	NA
982 Average	6.9	NA	6.9	NA	5.0	NA	5.9			
983 Average	7.2	NA	7.0	NA				NA	6.1	NA ~
	7.5				5.0	NA	6.4	NA	6.3	NA
984 Average		7.2	7.3	7.1	5.0	4.8	6.8	5.9	6.5	6.3
985 Average	7.8	7.4	7.5	7.3	5.2	5.0	7.0	6.1	6.7	6.4
986 Average	7.4	7.4	7.1	7.2	4.9	4.9	6.6	6.1	6.4	6.4
987 Average	7.4	7.4	7.0	7.1	4.7	4.8	6.6	6.2	6.3	6.4
988 Average	7.5	7.5	7.1	7.0	4.6	4.7	6.0	6.2	6.3	6.4
989 Average	7.6	7.6	7.2	7.2	4.7	4.7	6.2	6.2	6.4	6.5
990 Average	7.8	7.8	7.3	7.3	4.7	4.7	6.2	6.4	6.4 6.6	6.6
991 January	7.4	_	71		4.6		<b>.</b>			
		-	7.1	-	4.6	-	6.4	-	6.4	. –
February	7.6	-	7.3	-	4.7	-	6.5	-	6.5	-
March	7.8	-	7.3	-	4.7	-	6.4	-	6.6	-
April	8.0	-	7.3	-	4.7	-	6.4	_	6.5	-
Мау	8.2	-	7.5	-	4.7	-	6.3	_	6.6	_
June	8.3	-	7.6	_	5.0	_	6.4	_		-
July	8.4		7.7						6.9	-
		-		-	5.1	-	6.5	-	7.1	-
August	8.4	-	7.7	-	5.1	-	6.4	-	7.1	-
September	8.4	-	7.7	-	5.1	-	6.5	-	, 7.0	-
October	8.3	-	7.8	-	4.9	-	6.6	-	6.9	_
November	8.0	-	7.4	-	4.7	-	6.5	-	6.6	-
December	7.8	-	7.3	-	4.7	-	6.4	_	6.6	-
Average	8.1	8.0	7.5	7.5	4.8	4.8	6.4	6.5	6.8	6.7
992 January	7.7	_	7.3	-	4.7	_	6.5	-	6.6	_
February	7.8	_	7.4	-	4.7	-	6.3	-	6.6	_
March	8.0	_	7.4	_	4.7					-
		-				-	6.5	-	6.6	-
April	8.0	-	7.4	-	4.7	-	6.4	-	6.6	-
May	8.4	-	7.6	-	4.8	-	6.5	-	6.7	-
June	8.6	-	7.9	-	4.9	-	6.9	_	7.0	-
July	8.6	~	7.9	-	5.1	-	6.9	-	7.2	-
August	8.6	-	7.9	-	5.1	_	6.9	_	7.2	_
September	8.6	-	8.0	-	5.1	_	6.9	_	7.2	_
October	8.5	-	7.9	_	4.9	_	6.9	_		-
November	8.2	_	7.5	-					6.9	-
		-			4.7	-	6.7	-	6.6	-
December Average	7.9 8.2	NA	7.4 7.6	NA	4.7 4.8	NA	6.6 <b>6.7</b>	NA	6.7 6.8	NA
93 January	7.7	-	7.3	-	4.7	-	6.5	-	6.6	-
February	7.8	-	7.4		4.7	-	6.4	-	6.6	-
March	7.8	-	7.4		4.7	-	6.4	-	6.6	-
April	8.1	-	7.5	-	4.6	-	6.8	-	6.6	-
May	8.6	-	7.7	-	4.7	_	6.9	_	6.8	_
June	8.8	_	8.0	-	5.0		7.1	_	7.1	-
July	8.7	_	8.0	_	5.0	_		_		-
August		-					7.0		7.4	-
	8.7	-	8.0	-	5.2	-	7.0	-	7.3	-
September	8.8	-	8.0	-	5.1	-	7.1	-	7.3	-
October	8.8	-	8.1	-	5.0	-	7.3	-	7.2	-
10-Month Average	8.4	-	7.8	-	4.9	-	6.9	-	7.0	-
992 10-Month Average	8.3	-	7.7	_	4.9	-	6.7	-	6.9	_
91 10-Month Average	8.1	-	7.5	_	4.9	-	6.4	_	6.8	-
			1.14	_	···			_		

a "Other" is public street and highway lighting, other sales to public authorities, sales to railroads and railways, and interdepartmental sales.

^b Average price for total sales to ultimate consumers.

^c Annual values are the sum of the monthly revenue divided by the sum of the monthly sales. Data through 1979 cover privately owned electric utilities in Classes A and B. Data for 1980-1985 cover selected privately owned electric utilities in Class A whose electric operating revenue was \$100 million or more during the previous year. See Note 7 at end of section.

NA=Not available. -=Not applicable.

Notes: . Prices are calculated by dividing revenue by sales. Revenue may not correspond to sales for a particular month because of electric utility billing and accounting procedures. That lack of correspondence could result in uncharacteristic increases or decreases in the monthly prices. See Note 7

at end of section. . Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: • Monthly Series: 1973-September 1977—Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenue and Income." October 1977-February 1980—Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FERC-5, "Electric Operating Revenue and Income." March 1980-December 1980—FERC, Form FERC-5, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement." 1981—Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Electric Power Monthly*, March 1992, Table 59, 1982 and 1991 monthly data-EIA, Electric Power Monthly, March 1993, Table 59. 1983 forward (except 1991 monthly data)—ElA, Electric Power Monthly, January 1994, Table 59. • Annual Series: ElA, Electric Power Monthly, January 1994, Table 59.

# Table 9.10 Quantity and Cost of Fossil-Fuel Receipts at Steam-Electric Utility Plants

	Ca	pal		Petro	leum		Ga	ç ^a	All Fossii Fuois ^b
			Heav	y Oil ^b	Tot	al ^{b,c}			
	Quantity (thousand short tons)	Cost (cents per million Btu)	Quantity (thousand barrels)	Cost (cents per million Btu)	Quantity (thousand barrels)	Cost (cents per million Btu)	Quantity (million cubic feet)	Cost (cents per million Btu)	Cost (cents per million Btu)
	<u> </u>					80.0	3,382,677	33.8	47.6
973 Year	374,842	40.5	512,650	78.5	535,859 515 217	191.0	3,225,203	48.2	91.4
1974 Year	384,868	70.9	479,166	189.0	515,217 510,352	202.3	3,034,808	75.2	104.4
1975 Year	431,527	81.4	457,582	200.5 195.2	549,973	199.0	2,962,811	103.4	111.9
1976 Year	454,858	84.8	495,363 563,685	219.8	635,556	224.9	3,106,403	129.1	129.7
1977 Year	490,415	94.7	546,197	212.5	616,040	219.1	3,140,654	142.2	141.1
1978 Year	476,169	111.6 122.4	479,705	298.8	515,695	307.2	3,368,976	174.9	163.9
1979 Year	556,558 593,995	135.1	394,159	426.7	419,140	435.1	3,588,814	219.9	192.8
1980 Year	579,374	153.2	327,477	533.4	345,544	542.5	3,573,558	280.5	225.6
1981 Year	601,427	164.7	228,200	483.2	239,111	492.2	3,161,348	337.6	224.9
1982 Year 1983 Year	592,728	165.6	211,705	457.8	219,652	462.8	2,732,248	347.4	220.6
1984 Year	684,111	166.4	193,832	481.2	202,372	486.3	2,878,808	360.3	219.1
1985 Year	666,743	164.8	156,410	424.4	164,947	431.7	2,808,921	344.4	209.4
1986 Year	686,964	157.9	220,585	240.1	228,522	243.7	2,387,622	235.1	175.0 170. <del>8</del>
1987 Year	721,298	150.6	187,300	297.6	194,578	301.1	2,605,191	224.0 226.3	164.3
1988 Year	727,775	146.6	230,234	240.5	236,924	243.9	2,362,721	235.5	167.5
1989 Year	753,217	144.5	237,668	284.6	246,422	289.3	2,472,506	235.5	168.9
1990 Year	786,627	145.5	202,281	331.9	209,350	338.4	2,490,979	252.1	100.0
1991 January	63,732	145.4	11,466	359.4	12,315	373.8	165,100	267.1	169.8
February	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	147.0	10,429	265.8	10,899	276.0	137,568	234.8	161.3
March	~~ ~~ ~	145.5	11,269	244.2	11,672	251.3	182,853	220.0	159.3 160.3
April	a	147.3	13,119	234.2	13,479	239.7	203,893	206.7	160.3
May		148.3	14,711	233.1	15,256	240.1	233,667	198.2 191.2	159.5
June	04 074	147.4	17,122	220.2	17,675	226.1	244,386	184.6	156.0
July		142.7	17,169	227.2	17,703	233.1	310,738 306,418	192.7	156.6
August	69,794	143.1	16,831	226.7	17,323	232.6 247.7	248,899	215.4	160.2
September		143.3	15,590	241.4	16,063 10,287	253.1	251,458	231.0	160.9
October		143.6	9,658	238.6	11,835	264.8	186,722	240.7	160.4
November		142.8	11,289	253.9 252.2	15,120	260.3	159,115	262.0	159.5
December		140.0	14,453 163,106	246.5	169,625	254.8	2,630,818	215.3	160.3
Year	. 769,923	144.7	103,100	240.0	,				455.0
1992 January	. 64,678	139.6	12,039	223.2	12,539	230.0	159,815 160,328	247.1 201.7	155.2 152.7
February		142.1	13,634	209.8	14,107	216.1	198,040	196.8	153.7
March		143.4	12,779	208.2	13,186	214.1 225.7	218,468	202.6	154.8
April	. 60,661	142.7	10,144	217.8	10,555	245.1	227,857	207.8	156.4
May		142.9	10,079	237.1	10,498 11,352	260.0	254,025	213.6	158.3
June		141.9	10,888	251.4 274.1	13,217	281.2	315,543	208.9	159.2
July	80.044	139.3	12,706	274.1	12,664	281.2	287,373	237.3	161.6
August		139.6	12,152 8,883	268.5	9,319	277.6	259,771	246.3	163.0
September		142.0	10,772	290.5	11,221	297.7	205,039	297.9	167.5
October		141.3 141.5	11,161	230.5	11,636	280.5	182,505	282.6	164.5
November		138.6	13,302	252.1	14,097	261.9	168,913	276.5	160.0
December Year		141.2	138,537	247.5	144,390	255.1	2,637,678	232.8	159.0
			0 407	040 7	9,026	259.1	159,318	267.3	156.2
1993 January		138.5	8,437	248.7 254.1	9,020 7,421	263.8	153,681	250.8	155.6
February		139.3	7,002	248.6	9,022	258.8	186,075	256.6	156.5
March		137.6	8,548 10,074	280.0	10,539	286.6	169,844	268.9	159.9
April		139.3 139.9	10,074	261.2	10,825	268.1	163,925	286.3	161.6
May		139.0	10,633	245.8	11,144	254.2	243,599	243.2	159.8
June		139.0	15,419	237.3	16,040	243.3	312,270	241.0	164.4
July		137.4	15,099	227.0	15,624	232.2	339,454	252.5	165.1
August		138.5	15,324	226.1	15,766	231.0	249,708	263.6	162.9
September 9 Months	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	138.6	100,927	244.8	105,407	251.9	1,977,873	256.6	160.4
			103 300	239.5	107,436	246.9	2,081,221	218.5	157.4
1992 9 Months 1991 9 Months		141.5 145.5	103,302 127,707	239.5	132,383	253.5	2,033,522	207.4	160.3

a Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

 b Heavy oil includes fuel oil nos. 4, 5, and 6, and topped crude oil. The weighted averages for petroleum and all fossil fuels include both heavy and light oil (No. 2 fuel oil, kerosene, and jet fuel) prices. Data do not include petroleum coke.

^c Data for 1973-1982 do not include small quantities of rerefined motor oil, bunker oil, and liquefied petroleum gas.

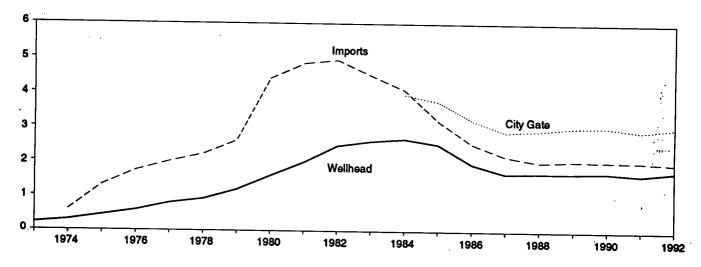
Notes: • See Note 8 at end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: See end of section.

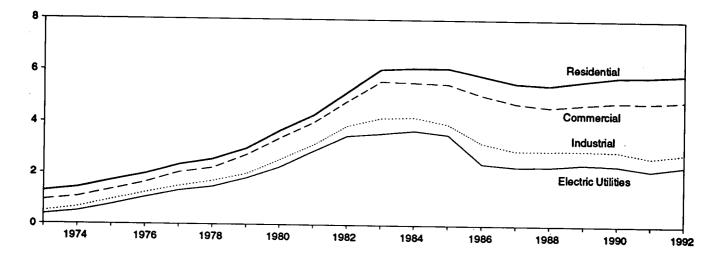
#### Figure 9.4 Natural Gas Prices

(Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)

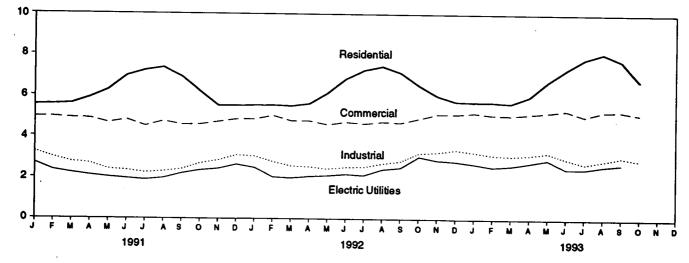
Selected Prices, 1973-1992



Delivered to Consumers, 1973-1992



Delivered to Consumers, Monthly



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 9.11.

#### Table 9.11 Natural Gas Prices

(Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)

Weilnead         Imports         Producers         Cast         Restance           1973 Average					or interstate ne Companies		Delivered to Consumers ^{a,b}					
1973 Average       0.22       NA       NA       NA       1.07       1.35         1975 Average			Wellhead	Imports			Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Electric Utilities		
PTA Average         D. 22         PA           B01         Average <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>NA</td> <td>NA</td> <td>1.29</td> <td>0.94</td> <td>0.50</td> <td>0.38</td>					NA	NA	1.29	0.94	0.50	0.38		
PT Average									.67	.51		
Average	974 Aver	age							.96	.77		
376       Average       .58       1.73       .42       NA       2.25       2.04         376       Average       .01       2.21       .83       NA       2.86       2.23         376       Average       .16       2.21       .83       NA       2.86       2.23         376       Average       .16       4.42       1.83       NA       2.86       2.33         380       Average       .266       4.44       2.72       NA       6.06       5.59         383       Average       .266       4.08       2.91       3.95       6.12       5.55         384       Average       .261       .173       2.27       8.54       4.77         385       Average       .167       2.17       2.18       3.27       5.84       4.77         386       Average       .169       2.04       2.18       3.03       5.84       4.74         380       Average       .169       2.04       2.18       3.03       5.84       4.74         380       Average       .169       2.02       2.73       5.60       4.87         March       .149       .92       2.02       2	975 Aver	age							1.24	1.06		
NYT Average       .79       1.99       .70       NA       2.56       2.23         NYT Average       .13       2.60       1.22       NA       2.56       2.73         NYT Average       .160       4.44       2.15       NA       2.56       4.00         DB1 Average       .2.66       4.04       2.15       NA       6.55         DB2 Average       .2.66       4.04       2.17       NA       6.05       5.55         DB2 Average       .2.66       4.08       2.01       3.05       6.12       5.55         DB2 Average       .2.66       4.08       2.01       3.03       3.22       5.83       5.00         DB2 Average       .1.69       2.00       2.13       2.02       5.44       4.74         DB0 Average       .1.69       2.00       2.19       3.06       5.54       4.94         Fobruary       .1.96       2.20       2.19       3.06       5.54       4.94         Fobruary       .1.69       2.00       1.81       3.01       5.64       4.84         DB1 Average       .1.69       2.02       2.74       5.60       4.89         Aprid       .1.50       2.03	976 Aver	rage							1.50	1.32		
978 Average       .91       2.21       .93       NA       2.88       2.73         980 Average       1.59       4.42       1.63       NA       3.86       3.39         980 Average       1.98       4.42       1.63       NA       4.20       4.00         981 Average       2.46       4.94       2.72       NA       6.06       5.59         982 Average       2.66       4.06       2.01       3.05       6.12       5.55         984 Average       2.61       3.19       2.25       3.75       5.44       4.77         986 Average       1.67       2.17       2.10       2.87       5.54       4.77         980 Average       1.68       2.04       2.18       3.03       5.84       4.74         980 Average       1.62       2.10       1.93       2.94       5.56       4.94         March       1.49       1.92       2.02       2.78       5.56       4.94         March       1.49       1.92       2.02       2.78       5.50       4.87         March       1.49       1.92       2.02       2.74       5.50       4.89         March       1.49       1.92	)77 Aver	age							1.70	1.48		
777 Average       1.18       2.00       1.22       tra       tra       3.88       3.38         881 Average       1.69       4.42       1.63       NA       4.29       4.00         881 Average       2.46       4.94       2.15       NA       6.06       5.59         883 Average       2.66       4.08       2.01       3.95       6.12       5.55         883 Average       2.66       4.08       2.01       3.95       6.12       5.56         885 Average       1.67       2.17       2.10       2.87       5.54       4.77         886 Average       1.69       2.00       2.13       3.03       5.60       4.83         890 Average       1.69       2.00       2.18       3.01       5.64       4.94         990 Average       1.69       2.02       2.19       3.08       5.54       4.94         990 Average       1.69       2.02       2.19       3.08       5.54       4.94         990 Average       1.69       2.00       2.14       3.01       5.64       4.85         990 Average       1.69       2.02       2.19       3.06       5.54       4.94         990 Avera	78 Avor	rage	.91						1.99	1.81		
Bit Average       1.59       4.42       1.63       NA       3.00       3.24         Bit Average       2.46       4.44       2.72       NA       6.17       4.20         Bit Average       2.66       4.66       2.91       3.95       6.12       5.55         Bit Average       2.66       4.66       2.91       3.95       6.12       5.55         Bit Average       2.61       3.19       2.85       3.75       6.12       5.50         Bit Average       1.64       2.53       2.39       3.22       5.83       5.00         Bit Average       1.67       2.17       2.10       2.87       5.54       4.97         Bit Average       1.68       2.00       2.13       2.92       6.47       4.83         Bit Average       1.69       2.00       2.19       3.03       5.80       4.83         Bit Average       1.62       2.10       1.93       2.94       5.56       4.94         Fobruary       1.82       2.00       1.97       2.74       5.90       4.87         Adrid       1.49       1.92       2.02       2.78       7.36       4.65         July       1.43	79 Aver	rage	1.18	2.60					2.56	2.27		
Bit Average         1.88         4.44         2.15         NA         4.23         4.24           Bit Average         2.46         4.54         2.72         NA         6.06         5.59           Bit Average         2.56         4.51         2.93         NA         6.06         5.59           Bit Average         2.56         4.51         2.93         NA         6.06         5.50           Bit Average         1.64         2.53         2.56         3.75         6.12         5.55           Bit Average         1.69         2.04         2.18         3.01         5.64         4.77           Bit Average         1.59         2.04         2.18         3.01         5.64         4.94           Bit Average         1.77         2.03         2.19         3.08         5.56         4.94           Bit Average         1.77         2.03         1.87         2.74         5.90         4.83           Bit Average         1.77         2.03         1.87         2.74         5.90         4.87           Bit Average         1.62         2.00         1.87         2.74         5.90         4.87           Bit Average         1.62	80 Aver	rage	1.59	4.42					3.14	2.89		
Bit2       Average       2.46       4.44       2.72       NA       5.77       4.22         Bit3       Average       2.66       4.61       2.93       NA       6.06       5.56         Bit4       Average       2.66       4.08       2.91       3.95       6.12       5.55         Bit4       2.53       2.39       3.22       5.33       6.08         Bit4       2.53       2.39       3.22       5.43       6.09         Bit4       2.57       5.54       4.77       4.83         Bit4       Average       1.68       2.00       2.13       2.92       6.47       4.83         Bit4 Average       1.69       2.04       2.16       3.01       5.64       4.94         Bit4 Average       1.69       2.04       2.19       3.08       5.54       4.94         Bit4 Average       1.60       2.00       1.93       2.94       5.56       4.89         April       1.60       2.00       1.87       2.74       5.90       4.87         April       1.42       2.00       1.75       2.86       6.97       4.80         April       1.43       2.01       1.76			1.98	4.84					3.87	3.48		
Bit Average         2.59         4.51         2.93         NA         c.00         2.55           Bit Average         2.66         4.08         2.91         3.95         6.12         5.55           Bit Average         2.51         3.19         2.65         3.75         6.12         5.56           Bit Average         1.67         2.17         2.10         2.87         6.54         4.77           Bit Average         1.69         2.04         2.18         3.01         6.64         4.74           Bit Average         1.69         2.04         2.18         3.01         6.64         4.74           Bit Average         1.77         2.03         2.79         3.06         5.54         4.94           Bit Average         1.77         2.03         2.78         5.60         4.83           Bit Average         1.62         2.02         2.74         5.90         4.83           March         1.49         1.92         2.02         2.74         5.90         4.87           May         1.44         1.99         1.96         2.76         6.28         4.65           June         1.43         2.03         1.77         2.66	982 Aver	rage	2.46	4.94					4.18	3.58		
Bit Average         2.66         4.08         2.81         3.85         6.12         5.53           Bit Average         1.94         2.53         2.39         3.22         5.83         6.09           Bit Average         1.67         2.17         2.10         2.87         5.84         4.77           Bit Average         1.69         2.00         2.13         2.92         5.47         4.83           Bit Average         1.69         2.00         2.13         2.92         5.47         4.83           Bit Average         1.66         2.00         2.19         3.03         5.80         4.83           Bit Average         1.62         2.10         1.93         2.94         5.56         4.94           February         1.62         2.03         1.87         2.74         5.80         4.89           April         1.50         2.03         1.87         2.74         7.33         4.50           August         1.43         1.71         1.71         2.76         6.28         4.85           June         1.43         2.03         1.75         2.86         6.97         4.80           August         1.43         1.71			2.59	4.51	2.93					3.70		
B86 Average       2.51       3.19       2.85       3.76       6.12       5.00         B86 Average       1.67       2.17       2.10       2.87       5.54       4.77         B86 Average       1.67       2.17       2.10       2.87       5.54       4.77         B86 Average       1.69       2.04       2.18       3.01       5.64       4.74         B86 Average       1.69       2.04       2.18       3.03       5.80       4.83         B90 Average       1.71       2.03       2.19       3.08       5.54       4.94         February       1.62       2.00       2.78       5.60       4.83         B91 January       1.62       2.00       2.74       5.80       4.87         April       1.50       2.03       1.77       2.86       6.87       4.80         June       1.43       2.03       1.71       1.71       2.78       7.36       4.73         August       1.44       1.99       1.96       2.91       6.92       4.51         June       1.59       1.84       1.76       2.91       6.92       4.57         October       1.89       1.90       2.61 <td></td> <td></td> <td>2.66</td> <td>4.08</td> <td>2.91</td> <td></td> <td>•••=</td> <td></td> <td>4.22</td> <td></td>			2.66	4.08	2.91		•••=		4.22			
Bits         Average         1.64         2.53         2.39         3.22         5.83         6.08           Bits         Average         1.67         2.17         2.10         2.87         5.54         4.77           Bits         Average         1.69         2.00         2.13         2.92         5.47         4.63           Bits         Average         1.69         2.04         2.16         3.03         5.80         4.83           Bits         Average         1.62         2.10         1.93         2.94         5.56         4.94           March         1.49         1.92         2.02         2.78         5.60         4.89           March         1.49         1.92         2.02         2.78         7.66         4.84           March         1.43         2.03         1.67         2.74         7.23         4.50           June         1.43         2.03         1.75         2.86         6.87         4.80           July         1.34         2.11         1.79         2.74         7.23         4.50           August         1.43         1.71         1.71         2.78         5.85         4.73			2.51	3.19	2.85	3.75			3.95	3.55		
Bit Average         167         2.17         2.10         2.47         5.54         4.77           Bit Average         1.69         2.00         2.13         2.92         5.47         4.83           Bit Average         1.69         2.04         2.18         3.01         5.60         4.83           Bit Average         1.71         2.03         2.19         3.03         5.80         4.83           Bit Average         1.71         2.03         2.19         3.06         5.54         4.94           Bit Average         1.71         2.03         2.94         5.56         4.94           March         1.40         1.92         2.02         2.78         5.60         4.89           April         1.43         2.03         1.75         2.86         6.97         4.80           June         1.34         2.11         1.79         2.74         7.23         4.50           July         1.34         2.01         1.71         2.78         7.36         4.73           August         1.43         2.01         1.74         2.80         6.92         4.57           October         1.89         2.00         2.92         5.51 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2.39</td> <td>3.22</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>3.23</td> <td>2.43</td>					2.39	3.22			3.23	2.43		
Bit Average         1.68         2.00         2.13         2.92         5.47         4.63           BBB Average         1.69         2.04         2.18         3.01         5.64         4.74           BBD Average         1.71         2.03         2.19         3.03         5.80         4.83           BBD Average         1.71         2.03         2.19         3.08         5.54         4.94           February         1.62         2.10         1.93         2.94         5.56         4.84           March         1.49         1.92         2.02         2.78         5.60         4.89           April         1.50         2.03         1.87         2.74         5.90         4.87           June         1.43         2.03         1.75         2.86         6.97         4.80           July         1.34         2.11         1.71         2.78         7.36         4.73           September         1.59         1.84         1.76         2.91         6.92         4.57           October         1.82         2.00         1.94         2.92         6.51         4.71           December         1.89         2.02         2.10 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2.87</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2.94</td> <td>2.32</td>						2.87			2.94	2.32		
Bigs Average         1.69         2.04         2.18         3.01         5.64         4.74           B00 Average         1.71         2.03         2.19         3.03         5.80         4.83           B01 January         1.96         2.20         2.19         3.08         5.54         4.94           February         1.62         2.10         1.93         2.94         5.56         4.84           March         1.49         1.92         2.02         2.78         5.60         4.89           April         1.50         2.03         1.87         2.74         5.90         4.87           May         1.44         1.99         1.96         2.76         6.28         4.65           July         1.34         2.03         1.75         2.86         6.97         4.80           July         1.34         2.01         1.79         2.74         7.23         4.50           August         1.43         2.03         1.94         2.92         6.20         4.57           October         1.82         2.00         1.94         2.92         5.51         4.71           December         2.00         2.09         5.53						2.92	5.47		2.95	2.33		
Bit Average         1.71         2.03         2.19         3.03         5.80         4.83           901 January         1.96         2.20         2.19         3.08         5.54         4.94           February         1.62         2.10         1.93         2.94         5.66         4.89           March         1.49         1.92         2.02         2.78         5.60         4.89           April         1.50         2.03         1.87         2.74         5.80         4.87           March         1.43         2.03         1.75         2.86         6.677         4.80           Jule         1.43         2.03         1.75         2.86         6.677         4.80           July         1.34         2.11         1.79         2.74         7.36         4.73           August         1.43         2.01         1.94         2.92         6.20         4.55           October         1.82         2.00         1.94         2.92         6.20         4.56           November         1.64         2.02         1.02         2.90         5.53         4.84           Average         1.54         2.02         1.02         <						3.01	5.64	4.74	2.96	2.43		
991 January       1.96       2.20       2.19       3.00       5.56       4.94         March       1.49       1.92       2.02       2.78       5.60       4.89         Apri       1.50       2.03       1.87       2.74       5.90       4.87         May       1.44       1.99       1.96       2.76       6.28       4.65         June       1.43       2.03       1.75       2.86       6.97       4.80         June       1.43       2.11       1.79       2.74       7.23       4.50         August       1.43       1.71       1.71       2.78       7.36       4.73         August       1.43       1.71       1.71       2.78       7.36       4.73         September       1.82       2.00       1.94       2.92       6.20       4.57         October       1.88       2.00       2.90       5.51       4.84         Average       1.64       2.02       1.92       2.90       5.82       4.81         922 January       1.74       2.20       2.10       2.90       5.53       4.65         March       1.35       1.45       1.90       2.66       <						3.03	5.80	4.83	2.93	2.38		
991 January       1.96       2.20       2.13       3.20       5.56       4.94         March       1.49       1.92       2.02       2.78       5.60       4.89         April       1.50       2.03       1.87       2.74       5.90       4.87         May       1.44       1.99       1.96       2.76       6.28       4.65         June       1.43       2.01       1.75       2.86       6.97       4.80         June       1.43       2.11       1.79       2.74       7.23       4.50         August       1.43       1.71       1.71       2.78       7.36       4.73         September       1.59       1.84       1.76       2.91       6.92       4.57         October       1.82       2.00       1.94       2.92       6.20       4.58         November       2.00       2.02       2.92       5.51       4.84         Average       1.64       2.02       1.92       2.90       5.82       4.81         1992 January       1.74       2.20       2.10       2.90       5.53       4.85         June       1.62       2.03       2.16       3.00			4.00	0.00	2 10	3.08	5.54	4.94	3.25	2.70		
February         1.62         2.10         1.83         2.05         5.60         4.89           March         1.49         1.92         2.02         2.78         5.60         4.87           March         1.48         1.99         1.96         2.76         6.28         4.85           Jure         1.43         2.03         1.75         2.86         6.97         4.80           July         1.34         2.01         1.79         2.74         7.23         4.50           August         1.43         1.71         1.71         2.76         7.36         4.73           August         1.43         1.71         1.71         2.76         7.36         4.73           August         1.43         2.00         2.91         6.92         4.57           October         1.82         2.00         2.92         5.51         4.81           November         2.00         2.02         2.92         5.53         4.85           Polcober         1.82         2.00         2.90         5.53         4.85           Parti         1.26         1.98         1.70         2.70         5.54         5.03           March		•							2.97	2.35		
March       1.49       1.92       2.02       1.05       5.05       4.87         April       1.50       2.03       1.87       2.74       5.90       4.87         May       1.43       2.03       1.75       2.86       6.97       4.80         July       1.34       2.11       1.79       2.74       7.23       4.50         August       1.43       1.71       1.71       2.76       6.92       4.57         September       1.59       1.84       1.76       2.91       6.92       4.57         October       1.82       2.00       1.94       2.92       6.20       4.58         November       1.89       2.00       2.02       2.92       5.51       4.71         December       2.00       2.09       2.11       3.05       5.53       4.84         Average       1.64       2.02       1.92       2.90       5.82       4.81         Ise       1.74       2.20       2.10       2.70       5.54       5.03         March       1.35       1.45       1.90       2.61       5.50       4.77         April       1.42       2.01       1.73       2.7						_	-		2.75	2.21		
April       1.50       2.03       1.67       2.76       6.28       4.85         May       1.44       1.99       1.96       2.76       6.28       4.80         June       1.43       2.03       1.75       2.86       6.97       4.80         July       1.34       2.11       1.79       2.74       7.23       4.50         August       1.43       1.71       1.71       2.76       6.28       4.80         August       1.43       1.71       1.71       2.78       7.36       4.73         September       1.62       2.00       1.94       2.92       6.20       4.58         November       1.82       2.00       1.94       2.92       6.20       4.58         November       1.89       2.20       2.02       2.92       5.51       4.84         Average       1.64       2.02       1.92       2.90       5.82       4.81         1992       January       1.26       1.98       1.70       2.70       5.54       5.03         March       1.35       1.45       1.90       2.61       5.50       4.77         March       1.36       1.45       1.	Man	ch							2.68	2.10		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Apri			-					2.40	2.01		
June         1.43         2.03         1.73         2.04         7.23         4.50           July         1.34         2.11         1.79         2.74         7.23         4.50           August         1.43         1.71         1.71         2.78         7.36         4.73           September         1.59         1.84         1.76         2.91         6.92         4.57           October         1.82         2.00         1.94         2.92         6.20         4.58           November         1.89         2.20         2.02         2.92         5.51         4.71           December         2.00         2.09         2.11         3.05         5.51         4.84           Average         1.64         2.02         1.92         2.90         5.82         4.81           992 January         1.74         2.20         2.10         2.90         5.53         4.85           February         1.26         1.98         1.70         2.70         5.54         5.03           March         1.35         1.45         1.90         2.61         5.50         4.77           April         1.42         2.01         1.73 <t< td=""><td>May</td><td>/</td><td>1.48</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>2.34</td><td>1.94</td></t<>	May	/	1.48						2.34	1.94		
July         1.33         2.11         1.71         2.78         7.36         4.73           August         1.43         1.71         1.71         2.78         7.36         4.73           September         1.59         1.84         1.76         2.91         6.92         4.57           October         1.82         2.00         1.94         2.92         6.20         4.58           November         1.89         2.20         2.92         5.51         4.71           December         2.00         2.09         2.11         3.05         5.51         4.84           Average         1.64         2.02         1.92         2.90         5.53         4.85           992 January         1.74         2.20         2.10         2.90         5.53         4.85           March         1.35         1.45         1.90         2.61         5.50         4.77           Mary         1.51         1.79         1.99         2.90         6.15         4.59           June         1.62         2.03         2.16         3.00         6.84         4.72           July         1.55         1.89         1.86         3.01         7.2	June	θ							2.23	1.88		
August       1.43       1.71       1.71       2.10       6.92       4.57         September       1.82       2.00       1.94       2.92       6.20       4.58         November       1.89       2.20       2.02       2.92       5.51       4.71         December       2.00       2.02       1.92       2.551       4.84         Average       1.64       2.02       1.92       2.90       5.82       4.81         992 January       1.74       2.20       2.10       2.90       5.53       4.85         February       1.26       1.98       1.70       2.70       5.54       5.03         March       1.35       1.45       1.90       2.61       5.50       4.77         April       1.42       2.01       1.73       2.74       5.62       4.77         May       1.51       1.79       1.99       2.90       6.15       4.59         June       1.62       2.03       2.16       3.00       6.84       4.72         June       1.82       2.14       3.18       7.45       4.73         June       1.82       2.14       3.18       7.45       4.73 </td <td>July</td> <td></td> <td>1.34</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2.29</td> <td>1.96</td>	July		1.34						2.29	1.96		
September         1.59         1.84         1.76         2.91         0.92         4.57           October         1.82         2.00         1.94         2.92         6.20         4.58           November         1.89         2.20         2.02         2.92         5.51         4.71           December         2.00         2.09         2.11         3.05         5.51         4.84           Average         1.64         2.02         1.92         2.90         5.82         4.81           1992 January         1.74         2.20         2.10         2.90         5.53         4.85           February         1.26         1.98         1.70         2.70         5.54         5.03           March         1.35         1.45         1.90         2.61         5.50         4.77           April         1.42         2.01         1.73         2.74         5.62         4.77           May         1.51         1.79         1.99         2.90         6.15         4.59           June         1.62         2.03         2.16         3.00         6.84         4.72           July         1.55         1.89         1.86	Aug	ust	1.43	1.71					2.40	2.19		
October         1.82         2.00         1.94         2.92         6.20         4.35           November         1.89         2.20         2.02         2.92         5.51         4.71           December         2.00         2.09         2.11         3.05         5.51         4.84           Average         1.64         2.02         1.92         2.90         5.82         4.81           1992 January         1.74         2.20         2.10         2.90         5.53         4.85           February         1.26         1.98         1.70         2.70         5.54         5.03           March         1.35         1.45         1.90         2.61         5.50         4.77           May         1.51         1.79         1.99         2.90         6.15         4.59           June         1.62         2.03         2.16         3.00         6.84         4.72           June         1.62         2.03         2.16         3.00         6.84         4.73           September         1.92         2.05         2.13         3.23         7.15         4.69           October         2.38         2.13         2.69 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>1.59</td><td>1.84</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>2.69</td><td>2.35</td></t<>			1.59	1.84					2.69	2.35		
November         1.89         2.20         2.02         2.92         5.51         4.71           December         2.00         2.09         2.11         3.05         5.51         4.84           Average         1.64         2.02         1.92         2.90         5.82         4.81           1992 January         1.74         2.20         2.10         2.90         5.53         4.85           February         1.26         1.98         1.70         2.70         5.54         5.03           March         1.35         1.45         1.90         2.61         5.62         4.77           April         1.42         2.01         1.73         2.74         5.62         4.77           May         1.51         1.79         1.99         2.90         6.15         4.59           June         1.62         2.03         2.16         3.00         6.84         4.72           July         1.55         1.89         1.86         3.01         7.27         4.64           August         1.84         1.85         2.14         3.18         7.45         4.73           September         1.92         2.05         2.13         3			1.82	2.00	1.94				2.84	2.43		
December         2.00         2.09         2.11         3.05         5.51         4.84           Average         1.64         2.02         1.92         2.90         5.82         4.81           1992 January         1.26         1.98         1.70         2.70         5.54         5.03           February         1.26         1.98         1.70         2.70         5.54         5.03           March         1.35         1.45         1.90         2.61         5.50         4.77           April         1.42         2.01         1.73         2.74         5.62         4.77           May         1.51         1.79         1.99         2.90         6.15         4.59           June         1.62         2.03         2.16         3.00         6.84         4.72           July         1.55         1.89         1.86         3.01         7.27         4.64           August         1.84         1.85         2.14         3.18         7.45         4.73           Geoteber         2.33         2.13         2.69         3.50         6.52         4.90           November         2.07         1.92         2.40         3.				2.20	2.02					2.40		
Average         1.64         2.02         1.92         2.90         5.82         4.81           1992 January         1.74         2.20         2.10         2.90         5.53         4.85           February         1.26         1.98         1.70         2.70         5.54         5.03           March         1.35         1.45         1.90         2.61         5.50         4.77           April         1.42         2.01         1.73         2.74         5.62         4.77           May         1.51         1.79         1.99         2.90         6.15         4.59           June         1.62         2.03         2.16         3.00         6.84         4.72           July         1.55         1.89         1.86         3.01         7.27         4.64           August         1.84         1.85         2.14         3.18         7.45         4.73           September         1.92         2.05         2.13         3.23         7.15         4.69           October         2.38         2.13         2.69         3.50         6.52         4.90           November         2.13         2.32         2.37         3.				2.09	2.11	3.05			3.09			
992 January       1.74       2.20       2.10       2.00       2.10       1.01         February       1.26       1.98       1.70       2.70       5.54       5.03         March       1.35       1.45       1.90       2.61       5.50       4.77         March       1.42       2.01       1.73       2.74       5.62       4.77         May       1.51       1.79       1.99       2.90       6.15       4.59         June       1.62       2.03       2.16       3.00       6.84       4.72         July       1.55       1.89       1.86       3.01       7.27       4.64         August       1.84       1.85       2.14       3.18       7.45       4.73         September       1.92       2.05       2.13       3.23       7.15       4.69         October       2.38       2.13       2.69       3.50       6.52       4.90         November       2.07       1.92       2.40       3.17       5.74       5.11         December       2.07       1.92       2.40       3.01       5.89       4.88         1993 January       1.96       2.02       2.17				2.02	1.92	2.90	5.82	4.81	2.69	2.18		
February       1.26       1.98       1.70       2.70       5.54       5.03         March       1.35       1.45       1.90       2.61       5.50       4.77         April       1.42       2.01       1.73       2.74       5.62       4.77         May       1.51       1.79       1.99       2.90       6.15       4.59         June       1.62       2.03       2.16       3.00       6.84       4.72         July       1.55       1.89       1.86       3.01       7.27       4.64         August       1.84       1.85       2.14       3.18       7.45       4.73         September       1.92       2.05       2.13       3.23       7.15       4.69         October       2.38       2.13       2.69       3.50       6.52       4.90         November       2.13       2.32       2.37       3.33       6.02       5.12         Decomber       2.07       1.92       2.40       3.17       5.74       5.11         Average       1.74       1.97       2.10       3.01       5.89       4.88         1993 January       1.96       2.02       2.17	<b>992</b> Jan	uary	1.74	2.20					3.04 2.78	2.49 2.03		
March1.351.451.902.615.504.77April1.422.011.732.745.624.77May1.511.791.992.906.154.59June1.622.032.163.006.844.72July1.551.891.863.017.274.64August1.841.852.143.187.454.73September1.922.052.133.237.154.69October2.382.132.693.506.524.90November2.132.322.373.336.025.12December2.071.922.403.175.745.11Average1.741.972.103.015.894.881993 January1.962.022.173.115.715.18March1.891.782.203.065.665.06April2.052.133.245.995.13May1.962.022.173.115.715.18March1.891.782.203.065.665.06April2.052.133.245.995.13May2.302.132.813.586.725.21May2.302.132.813.586.725.21June1.871.952.033.447.325.31June1.87 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1.98</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1.99</td></t<>				1.98						1.99		
April       1.42       2.01       1.73       2.74       5.62       4.77         May       1.51       1.79       1.99       2.90       6.15       4.59         June       1.62       2.03       2.16       3.00       6.84       4.72         July       1.55       1.89       1.86       3.01       7.27       4.64         July       1.55       1.89       1.86       3.01       7.27       4.64         August       1.84       1.85       2.14       3.18       7.45       4.73         September       1.92       2.05       2.13       3.23       7.15       4.69         October       2.38       2.13       2.69       3.50       6.52       4.90         November       2.13       2.32       2.37       3.33       6.02       5.12         December       2.07       1.92       2.40       3.17       5.74       5.11         Average       1.74       1.97       2.10       3.01       5.89       4.68         1993 January       1.96       2.02       2.17       3.11       5.71       5.08         March       1.89       1.78       2.20       <				1.45	1.90				2.58	2.07		
May       1.51       1.79       1.99       2.90       6.15       4.39         June       1.62       2.03       2.16       3.00       6.84       4.72         July       1.55       1.89       1.86       3.01       7.27       4.64         August       1.84       1.85       2.14       3.18       7.45       4.73         August       1.84       1.85       2.14       3.18       7.45       4.69         October       2.38       2.13       2.69       3.50       6.52       4.90         November       2.13       2.32       2.37       3.33       6.02       5.12         December       2.07       1.92       2.40       3.17       5.74       5.11         Average       1.74       1.97       2.10       3.01       5.89       4.88         1993 January       1.96       2.02       2.17       3.11       5.71       5.08         March       1.89       1.78       2.20       3.06       5.66       5.06         April       2.05       2.13       2.81       3.58       6.72       5.21         May       2.30       2.13       2.81       3				2.01	1.73				2.54	2.07		
June       1.62       2.03       2.16       3.00       6.84       4.72         July       1.55       1.89       1.86       3.01       7.27       4.64         August       1.84       1.85       2.14       3.18       7.45       4.73         September       1.92       2.05       2.13       3.23       7.15       4.69         October       2.38       2.13       2.69       3.50       6.52       4.90         November       2.13       2.32       2.37       3.33       6.02       5.12         December       2.07       1.92       2.40       3.17       5.74       5.11         Average       1.74       1.97       2.10       3.01       5.89       4.88         1993 January       1.96       2.02       2.17       3.11       5.71       5.08         February       1.72       1.91       1.94       2.94       5.71       5.08         March       1.89       1.78       2.20       3.06       5.66       5.06         April       2.05       2.15       2.34       3.24       5.99       5.13         May       2.00       2.13       2.81				1.79	1.99	2.90			2.44			
July       1.55       1.89       1.86       3.01       7.27       4.64         August       1.84       1.85       2.14       3.18       7.45       4.73         September       1.92       2.05       2.13       3.23       7.15       4.69         October       2.38       2.13       2.69       3.50       6.52       4.90         November       2.13       2.32       2.37       3.33       6.02       5.12         December       2.07       1.92       2.40       3.17       5.74       5.11         Average       1.74       1.97       2.10       3.01       5.89       4.88         1993 January       1.96       2.02       2.17       3.11       5.71       5.18         February       1.72       1.91       1.94       2.94       5.71       5.08         March       1.89       1.78       2.20       3.06       5.66       5.06         April       2.05       2.15       2.34       3.24       5.99       5.13         May       2.30       2.13       2.81       3.58       6.72       5.21         May       2.30       2.13       2.81				2.03	2.16				2.53	2.18		
August       1.84       1.85       2.14       3.18       7.45       4.73         September       1.92       2.05       2.13       3.23       7.15       4.69         October       2.38       2.13       2.69       3.50       6.52       4.90         November       2.13       2.32       2.37       3.33       6.02       5.12         December       2.07       1.92       2.40       3.17       5.74       5.11         Average       1.74       1.97       2.10       3.01       5.89       4.68         1993 January       1.96       2.02       2.17       3.11       5.71       5.18         February       1.72       1.91       1.94       2.94       5.71       5.08         March       1.89       1.78       2.20       3.06       5.66       5.06         March       1.89       1.78       2.02       3.34       5.99       5.13         June       1.87       1.95       2.03       3.44       7.32       5.31         June       1.87       1.95       2.03       3.44       7.83       5.03         July       1.91       1.78       2.02					1.86				2.54	2.13		
September       1.92       2.05       2.13       3.23       7.15       4.69         October       2.38       2.13       2.69       3.50       6.52       4.90         November       2.13       2.32       2.37       3.33       6.02       5.12         December       2.07       1.92       2.40       3.17       5.74       5.11         Average       1.74       1.97       2.10       3.01       5.89       4.88         1993 January       1.96       2.02       2.17       3.11       5.71       5.08         February       1.72       1.91       1.94       2.94       5.71       5.08         March       1.89       1.78       2.20       3.06       5.66       5.06         April       2.05       2.15       2.34       3.24       5.99       5.13         June       1.87       1.95       2.03       3.44       7.32       5.31         June       1.87       1.95       2.03       3.44       7.32       5.31         June       1.87       1.95       2.03       3.34       7.83       5.03         July       1.91       1.78       2.02					2.14				2.71	2.42		
October       2.38       2.13       2.69       3.50       6.52       4.90         November       2.13       2.32       2.37       3.33       6.02       5.12         December       2.07       1.92       2.40       3.17       5.74       5.11         Average       1.74       1.97       2.10       3.01       5.89       4.88         1993 January       1.96       2.02       2.17       3.11       5.71       5.18         February       1.72       1.91       1.94       2.94       5.71       5.08         March       1.89       1.78       2.20       3.06       5.66       5.06         April       2.05       2.15       2.34       3.24       5.99       5.13         May       2.30       2.13       2.81       3.58       6.72       5.21         June       1.87       1.95       2.03       3.44       7.32       5.31         July       1.91       1.78       2.02       3.35       8.10       5.26         September       E2.11       2.17       2.58       3.52       7.74       F5.27         October       1.99       NA       NA					2.13	3.23			2.82	2.51		
Course         2.13         2.32         2.37         3.33         6.02         5.12           November         2.07         1.92         2.40         3.17         5.74         5.11           Average         1.74         1.97         2.10         3.01         5.89         4.88           1993 January         1.96         2.02         2.17         3.11         5.71         5.18           February         1.72         1.91         1.94         2.94         5.71         5.08           March         1.89         1.78         2.20         3.06         5.66         5.06           April         2.05         2.15         2.34         3.24         5.99         5.13           May         2.30         2.13         2.81         3.58         6.72         5.21           June         1.87         1.95         2.03         3.44         7.82         5.03           July         1.91         1.78         2.02         3.35         8.10         5.26           September         2.00         2.02         2.35         3.35         8.10         5.26           September         5.21         2.17         2.58						3.50	6.52		3.21	3.04		
November       2.07       1.92       2.40       3.17       5.74       5.11         December       2.07       1.92       2.40       3.01       5.89       4.88         1993 January       1.74       1.97       2.10       3.01       5.89       4.88         1993 January       1.96       2.02       2.17       3.11       5.71       5.18         February       1.72       1.91       1.94       2.94       5.71       5.08         March       1.89       1.78       2.20       3.06       5.66       5.06         April       2.05       2.15       2.34       3.24       5.99       5.13         May       2.30       2.13       2.81       3.58       6.72       5.21         June       1.87       1.95       2.03       3.44       7.32       5.31         July       1.91       1.78       2.02       3.34       7.63       5.03         August       2.00       2.02       2.35       3.35       8.10       5.26         September       E2.11       2.17       2.58       3.52       7.74       F5.27         October       1.99       NA       NA						3.33	6.02		3.26	2.87		
December       2.07       1.02       2.10       3.01       5.89       4.88         Average       1.74       1.97       2.10       3.01       5.89       4.88         1993 January       1.96       2.02       2.17       3.11       5.71       5.18         February       1.72       1.91       1.94       2.94       5.71       5.08         March       1.89       1.78       2.20       3.06       5.66       5.06         April       2.05       2.15       2.34       3.24       5.99       5.13         May       2.05       2.13       2.81       3.58       6.72       5.21         June       1.87       1.95       2.03       3.44       7.32       5.31         July       1.91       1.78       2.02       3.34       7.83       5.03         July       1.91       1.78       2.02       3.35       8.10       5.26         September       E.211       2.17       2.58       3.52       7.74       F5.27         October       1.99       NA       NA       3.15       6.75       5.12							5.74	5.11	3.38	2.81		
1993 January       1.96       2.02       2.11       1.11       1.71       5.08         February       1.72       1.91       1.94       2.94       5.71       5.08         March       1.89       1.78       2.20       3.06       5.66       5.06         April       2.05       2.15       2.34       3.24       5.99       5.13         May       2.30       2.13       2.81       3.58       6.72       5.21         June       1.87       1.95       2.03       3.44       7.32       5.31         July       1.91       1.78       2.02       3.34       7.83       5.03         August       2.00       2.02       2.35       3.35       8.10       5.26         September       E2.11       2.17       2.58       3.52       7.74       F5.27         October       1.99       NA       NA       3.15       6.75       5.12	_						5.89	4.88	2.84	2.3		
February       1.72       1.91       1.94       2.94       5.71       5.08         March       1.89       1.78       2.20       3.06       5.66       5.06         April       2.05       2.15       2.34       3.24       5.99       5.13         May       2.30       2.13       2.81       3.58       6.72       5.21         June       1.87       1.95       2.03       3.44       7.32       5.31         July       1.91       1.78       2.02       3.34       7.83       5.03         August       2.00       2.02       2.35       3.35       8.10       5.26         September       E2.11       2.17       2.58       3.52       7.74       F5.27         October       1.99       NA       NA       3.15       6.75       5.12	1993 Jar	nuary	. 1.96	2.02					3.26	2.7		
March       1.89       1.78       2.20       3.06       5.66       5.06         April       2.05       2.15       2.34       3.24       5.99       5.13         May       2.30       2.13       2.81       3.58       6.72       5.21         June       1.87       1.95       2.03       3.44       7.32       5.31         July       1.91       1.78       2.02       3.34       7.83       5.03         August       2.00       2.02       2.35       3.35       8.10       5.26         September       E2.11       2.17       2.58       3.52       7.74       F5.27         October       1.99       NA       NA       3.15       6.75       5.12		•		1.91	1.94				3.12	2.5		
April         2.05         2.15         2.34         3.24         5.99         5.13           May         2.30         2.13         2.81         3.58         6.72         5.21           June         1.87         1.95         2.03         3.44         7.32         5.31           July         1.91         1.78         2.02         3.34         7.63         5.03           August         2.00         2.02         2.35         3.35         8.10         5.26           September         E.2.11         2.17         2.58         3.52         7.74         F5.27           October         1.99         NA         NA         3.15         6.75         5.12					2.20				3.08	2.6		
May         2.30         2.13         2.81         3.58         6.72         5.21           June         1.87         1.95         2.03         3.44         7.32         5.31           July         1.91         1.78         2.02         3.34         7.83         5.03           August         2.00         2.02         2.35         3.35         8.10         5.26           September         E.11         2.17         2.58         3.52         7.74         F5.27           October         1.99         NA         NA         3.15         6.75         5.12					2.34				3.13	- 2.7		
June         1.87         1.95         2.03         3.44         7.32         5.31           June         1.91         1.78         2.02         3.34         7.83         5.03           July         1.91         1.78         2.02         3.34         7.83         5.03           August         2.00         2.02         2.35         3.35         8.10         5.26           September         E.2.11         2.17         2.58         3.52         7.74         F5.27           October         1.99         NA         NA         3.15         6.75         5.12					2.81	3.58			3.24	2.9		
July         1.91         1.78         2.02         3.34         7.83         5.03           August         2.00         2.02         2.35         3.35         8.10         5.26           September         E.11         2.17         2.58         3.52         7.74         F5.27           October         1.99         NA         NA         3.15         6.75         5.12		•				3.44			2.95	2.4		
August         2.00         2.02         2.35         3.35         8.10         5.26           August         E2.11         2.17         2.58         3.52         7.74         #5.27           October         1.99         NA         NA         3.15         6.75         5.12						3.34	7.83		2.71	2.4		
Function         E2.11         2.17         2.58         3.52         7.74         F5.27           September							8.10	_5.26	2.86	2.6		
September         2.11         2.11           October         1.99         NA         NA         3.15         6.75         5.12			· · · · · ·				7.74		3.03	2.6		
								5.12	2.88	NA		
								5.14	3.04	• <b>NA</b>		
1992 10-Month Average 1.66 1.94 2.04 2.94 5.90 4.81 1991 10-Month Average 1.57 1.99 1.89 2.88 5.92 4.82	1992 10	-Month Average	1.66						2.73 2.63	2.2 2.1		

^a Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

^b See Note 9 at end of section.

^c See Note 8 at end of section.

R=Revised data. NA=Not available. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Prices shown on this page are intended to include all taxes. See Note 9 at end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Wellhead annual and year-to-date prices are simple averages of the monthly prices; all other annual and year-to-date prices are volume-weighted averages of the monthly prices.

Sources: • 1973-1986: Wellhead-Energy Information Administration

(EIA), Natural Gas Annual 1991, Table 95. Major Interstate Pipeline Companies, 1974-1977—Calculated from revenue and sales data reported to the Federal Power Commission (FPC), Form FPC-11, "Natural Gas Pipeline Company Monthly Statement." Major Interstate Pipeline Companies, 1978-1983—EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, December 1984, Table 10. Major Interstate Pipeline Companies, 1984-1986—EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, December 1989, Table 4. City Gate, 1984-1986—EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, December 1989, Table 4. Delivered to Consumers, 1973-1986—EIA, Natural Gas Annual 1991, Table 98. • 1987 forward: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, January 1994, Table 4.

١

. . . .

### **Energy Prices Notes**

1. The average domestic first purchase price represents the average price at which all domestic crude oil is purchased. Prior to February 1976, the price represented an estimate of the average of posted prices; beginning with February 1976, the price represents an average of actual first purchase prices. The data series was previously called "Actual Domestic Wellhead Price."

2. F.O.B. literally means "Free on Board." It denotes a transaction whereby the seller makes the product available with an agreement on a given port at a given price; it is the responsibility of the buyer to arrange for the transportation and insurance.

**3.** The landed cost of imported crude oil from selected countries does not represent the total cost of all imported crude. Prior to March 1975, imported crude costs to U.S. company-owned refineries in the Caribbean were not included in the landed cost, and costs of crude oil from countries that export only small amounts to the United States were also excluded. Beginning in March 1975, however, coverage was expanded to include U.S. company-owned refineries in the Caribbean. Landed costs do not include supplemental fees.

4. Beginning with January 1981, refiner acquisition costs of crude oil are from data collected on Form EIA-14, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Report." Those costs were previously published from data collected on Form ERA-49, "Domestic Crude Oil Entitlements Program Refiners Monthly Report." Form ERA-49 was discontinued with the decontrol of crude oil on January 28, 1981. Crude oil purchases and costs are defined for Form EIA-14 in accordance with conventions used for Form ERA-49. Also, the respondents for the two forms are essentially the same. However, due to possible different interpretations of the filing requirements and a different method for handling prior period adjustments, care must be taken when comparing the data collected on the two forms.

The refiner acquisition cost of crude oil is the average price paid by refiners for crude oil booked into their refineries in accordance with accounting procedures generally accepted and consistently and historically applied by the refiners concerned. Domestic crude oil is that oil produced in the United States or from the outer continental shelf as defined in 43 USC Section 1331. Imported crude oil is either that oil reported on Form ERA-51, "Transfer Pricing Report," or any crude oil that is not domestic oil. The composite cost is the weighted average of domestic and imported crude oil costs.

Crude oil costs and volumes reported on Form ERA-49 excluded unfinished oils but included the Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR). Crude oil costs and volumes reported on Form FEA-P110-M-1, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Allocation Report," included unfinished oils but excluded SPR. Imported averages derived from Form ERA-49 exclude oil purchased for SPR, whereas the composite averages derived from Form ERA-49 include SPR. None of the prices derived from Form EIA-14 include either unfinished oils or SPR.

5. Several different series of motor gasoline prices are published in this section. U.S. City Average Retail Prices of Motor Gasoline are calculated monthly by the Bureau of Labor Statistics during the development of the Consumer Price Index (CPI). These prices include all Federal, State, and local taxes paid at the time of sale. For the period 1974-1977, prices were collected in 56 urban areas. For the period 1978 forward, prices were collected from a new sample of service stations in 85 urban areas selected to represent all urban consumersabout 80 percent of the total U.S. population. The service stations are selected initially, and on a replacement basis, in such a way that they represent the purchasing habits of the CPI population. Service stations in the current sample include those providing all types of service (i.e., full-, mini-, and self-serve).

Refiner prices of finished motor gasoline for resale and to end users are determined by the Energy Information Administration (EIA) in a monthly survey of refiners and gas plant operators (Form EIA-782A). The prices do not include any Federal, State, or local taxes paid at the time of sale. Estimates of prices prior to January 1983 are based on Form FEA-P302-M-1/EIA-460, "Petroleum Industry Monthly Report for Product Prices," and also exclude all Federal, State, or local taxes paid at the time of sale. Sales for resale are those made to purchasers who are other-than-ultimate consumers. Sales to end users are sales made directly to the consumer of the product, including bulk consumers, such as agriculture, industry, and utilities, as well as residential and commercial consumers.

6. Starting in January 1983, Form EIA-782, "Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report," replaced 10 previous surveys. Every attempt was made to continue the most important price series. However, prices published through December 1982 and those published since January 1983 do not necessarily form continuous data series due to changes in survey forms, definitions, instructions, populations, samples, processing systems, and statistical procedures. To provide historical data, continuous series were generated for annual data 1978-1982 and for monthly data 1981 and 1982 by estimating the prices that would have been published had Form EIA-782 survey and system been in operation at that time. This form of estimation was performed after detailed adjustment was made for product and sales type matching and for discontinuity due to other factors. An important difference between the previous and present prices is the distinction between wholesale and resale and between retail and end user. The resale category continues to include sales among resellers. However, bulk sales to utility, industrial, and commercial accounts previously included in the wholesale category are now counted as made to end users. The end-user category continues to include retail sales through company owned and operated

outlets but also includes the bulk utility, industrial, and commercial sales. Additional information may be found in Estimated Historic Time Series for the EIA-782, a feature article reprinted from the December 1983 [3] *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, published by EIA.

7. National average electricity prices are shown in two data series. The "Annual Series" is based on data from more than 3,000 publicly and privately owned electric utilities that report on Form EIA-861, "Annual Electric Utility Report." The "Monthly Series" is based on data from over 400 utilities statistically chosen as a stratified sample of the utilities that report on Form EIA-861. The selected utilities report monthly on Form EIA-826. "Monthly Electric Utility Sales and Revenue Report with State Distributions," formerly the "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement." Annual values shown for the monthly series are the sum of the monthly revenue divided by the sum of the monthly sales. Prior to January 1986, only privately owned utilities were included in the monthly survey and the sample was chosen by using cut-off, rather than stratification, techniques.

8. Data for 1973-1982 cover all electric generating plants at which the generator nameplate capacity of all steam-electric units combined totaled 25 megawatts or greater. From 1974-1982, peaking units were included in the data and counted towards the 25-megawatt-orgreater total. Data for 1983-1990 cover all electric generating plants at which the generator nameplate capacity of all steam-electric units combined totaled 50 megawatts or greater. Data for 1991 forward cover all electric generating plants at which the generator nameplate capacity of all steam-electric units and combined-cycle units together totaled 50 megawatts or greater.

9. Natural gas prices are intended to include all taxes. Instructions on the data collection forms specifically direct that all Federal, State, and local taxes, surcharges, and/or adjustments billed to consumers are to be included. However, sales and other taxes itemized on consumers' bills are sometimes excluded by the reporting utilities.

Delivered-to-consumers prices for 1987 forward represent natural gas delivered and sold to residential, commercial, industrial, and electric utility consumers. They do not include the price of natural gas delivered to industrial and commercial consumers on behalf of third parties. Volumes of natural gas delivered on behalf of third parties are included in the consumption data shown in Table 4.3. Additional information is available in the EIA Natural Gas Monthly, Appendix C.

#### Sources for Table 9.1

• Domestic First Purchase Price: 1973-1976—U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), Bureau of Mines

(BOM), Minerals Yearbook, "Crude Petroleum and Petroleum Products" chapter. 1977—Federal Energy Administration (FEA), based on Form FEA-P124, "Domestic Crude Oil Purchaser's Monthly Report." 1978 forward—Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Marketing Monthly, January 1994, Table 1.

• F.O.B. and Landed Cost of Imports: October 1973-September 1977—FEA, Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report." October-December 1977—EIA, Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report." 1978 forward—EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, January 1994, Table 1.

• Refiner Acquisition Cost: 1973—EIA estimates. The domestic price was derived by adding estimated transportation costs to the reported domestic first purchase price. The imported price was derived by adding an estimated ocean transport cost to the average "Free Alongside Ship" value published by the U.S. Bureau of the Census. 1974-1976—DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook*, "Crude Petroleum and Petroleum Products" chapter. 1977—January-September, FEA, based on Form FEA-P110-M-1, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Allocation Report." October-December, EIA, based on Form FEA-P110-M-1, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Allocation Report." 1978 forward—EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, January 1994, Table 1.

#### Sources for Table 9.10

• 1973-1979: Annual data for quantity are simple sums of unrounded monthly values and for cost are averages of monthly values, weighted by quantities of Btu, from the following: 1973-May 1977—Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-423, "Monthly Report on Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants." June 1977-December 1977—Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FERC-423, "Monthly Report on Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants." 1978 and 1979—Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form FERC-423, "Monthly Report on Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants."

• 1980: EIA, Electric Power Monthly, April 1991, Table 33.

• 1981: EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, April 1992, Table 33.

• 1982 and 1991 monthly data: EIA, *Electric Power* Monthly, April 1993, Table 33.

• 1983 forward: (except 1991 monthly data): EIA, Electric Power Monthly, January 1994, Table 33.

. , • •

# Section 10. International Energy

**Crude Oil Production**. World crude oil production during October 1993 was 60 million barrels per day, up 0.4 million barrels per day from the level in the previous month.

Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) production during October 1993 averaged 26 million barrels per day, down 0.1 million barrels per day from the level during the previous month. Production by the Arab members of OPEC in October 1993 averaged 16 million barrels per day, down 0.1 million barrels per day from the September 1993 level. During October 1993, production increased in Kuwait by 25 thousand barrels per day and in Libya by 20 thousand barrels per day. Production decreased in Saudi Arabia by 125 thousand barrels per day. Production remained unchanged in Algeria, Iraq, Qatar, and the United Arab Emirates. Among the non-Arab members of OPEC, production during October 1993 increased in Iran by 50 thousand barrels per day and in Venezuela by 20 thousand barrels per day. Production decreased in Nigeria by 40 thousand barrels per day and in Indonesia by 30 thousand barrels per day.

Among the non-OPEC nations, production during October 1993 increased in the United Kingdom by 115 thousand barrels per day and in the United States by 105 thousand barrels per day. Production decreased in Mexico by 50 thousand barrels per day and in the former U.S.S.R. by 15 thousand barrels per day. Production remained unchanged in Canada and China.

Petroleum Consumption. In August 1993, consumption in all Organization for Economic Cooperation and

Development (OECD) countries was 37.9 million barrels per day, 1 percent⁹ higher than the August 1992 rate. The consumption rate was higher than it was 1 year ago in Canada (+9 percent), Italy and the United Kingdom (each +5 percent), Germany (+3 percent), and the United States (+1 percent). Consumption was lower in Japan and France (each -5 percent).

**Petroleum Stocks.** For all OECD countries, petroleum stocks at the end of August 1993 totaled 3.7 billion barrels, 2 percent higher than the ending stock level in August 1992. Stock levels were higher than the levels 1 year ago in Japan (+5 percent), Germany (+4 percent), the United States (+3 percent), Italy (+1 percent), and slightly higher in the United Kingdom. Stocks were lower in France (-6 percent) and Canada (-1 percent) compared with levels 1 year earlier.

Nuclear Electricity Generation. Based on Nucleonics Week information for October 1993, reporting countries with nuclear capacity generated 151 gross terawatthours of nuclear-generated electricity, slightly more than in October 1992.

A new nuclear unit became operable during October 1993. Japan's Hamaoka-4, a 1,137-gross megawatt boiling-water reactor, became commercially operable on September 3, 1993.

As of October 31, 1993, there were 359 operable nuclear generating units in the reporting countries. The units had a collective gross generating capacity of 305.8 gigawatts. The 109 U.S. units accounted for 105.3 gross gigawatts, 34.4 percent of the total reported nuclear generating capacity.

¹²One gigawatt equals 1 million kilowatts.

⁹ Percentage changes are based on unrounded data.

¹⁰One terawatthour equals 1 billion kilowatthours.

¹¹One megawatt equals 1 thousand kilowatts.

### Table 10.1a World Crude Oil Production: Algeria Through Venezuela

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Algoria	Iron	Kunada	1 16	0.000	Saudi	United Arab	Arab		_		
	Algeria	Iraq	Kuwait ^a	Libya	Qatar	Arabia ^a	Emirates	OPEC	Indonesia	Iran	Nigeria	Venezuela
1973 Average	1,097	2,018	3,020	2,175	570	7,596	1,533	18,009	1,339	5,861	2,054	3,366
1974 Average	1,009	1,971	2,546	1,521	518	8,480	1,679	17,724	1,375	6,022	2,255	2,976
1975 Average 1976 Average	983 1,075	2,262	2,084	1,480	438	7,075	1,664	15,985	1,307	5,350	1,783	2,346
1977 Average	1,152	2,415 2,348	2,145 1,969	1,933 2,063	497 445	8,577	1,936	18,579	1,504	5,883	2,067	2,294
1978 Average	1,231	2,563	2,131	1,983	445	9,245 8,301	1,999 1,831	19,221 18,525	1,686	5,663	2,085	2,238
1979 Average	1,224	3,477	2,500	2,092	508	9,532	1,831	21,163	1,635 1,591	5,242 3,168	1,897	2,165
1980 Average	1,106	2,514	1,656	1,787	472	9,900	1,709	19,144	1,577	1,662	2,302 2,055	2,356 2,168
1981 Average	1,002	1,000	1,125	1,140	405	9,815	1,474	15,961	1,605	1,380	1,433	2,102
1982 Average	987	1,012	823	1,150	330	6,483	1,250	12,035	1,339	2,214	1,295	1,895
1983 Average	968	1,005	1,064	1,105	295	5,086	1,149	10,672	1,343	2,440	1,241	1,801
1984 Average 1985 Average	1,014	1,209	1,157	1,087	394	4,663	1,146	10,670	1,412	2,174	1,388	1,798
1986 Average	1,037 945	1,433 1,690	1,023	1,059	301	3,388	1,193	9,434	1,325	2,250	1,495	1,677
1987 Average	1,048	2,079	1,419 1,585	1,034 972	308 293	4,870 4,265	1,330 1,541	11,596 11,783	1,390	2,035	1,467	1,787
1988 Average	1,040	2,685	1,492	1,175	346	5,086	1,541	13,389	1,343 1,342	2,298	1,341	1,752
1989 Average	1,095	2,897	1,783	1,150	380	5,064	1,860	14,229	1,342	2,240 2,810	1,450 1,716	1,903 1,907
1990 Average	1,175	2,040	1,175	1,375	406	6,410	2,117	14,698	1,462	3,088	1,810	2,137
1991 January	1,230	^A 256	^R 51	1,500	^R 366	^R 8,075	^R 2,448	^R 13,925	^R 1,608	^R 3,179	1,906	2,396
February	1,230	0	· 0	1,500	R 407	^R 8,134	^R 2.472	^R 13.743	^R 1.608	^R 3.278	1,906	2,396
March	1,230	0 ^R 205	0	1,450	^R 407	^A 7,936	^R 2,496	^H 13.519	^R 1.608	^R 3.378	1,906	2,396
April May	1,230 1,230	R 358	0 0	1,450	^R 407 ^R 407	^R 7,341	R 2,496	^R 13,129	^R 1,608	ⁿ 3.278	1,906	2,346
June	1,230	R 358	^R 76	1,450 1,450	^R 407	^R 7,341 ^R 8,085	^R 2,301	^R 13,088	^R 1,608	R 3,278	1,906	2,346
July	1,230	P 410	^R 167	1,450	R 407	^R 8,407	^R 2,301 ^R 2,301	^R 13,908 ^R 14,373	^R 1,608	^R 3,278	1,858	2,346
August	1,230	R 410	^R 198	1,450	R 407	^R 8,397	^R 2,301	^R 14,373	^R 1,658 ^R 1,608	^R 3,378	1,858	2,346
September	1,230	^R 410	^R 304	1,500	P 407	^R 8,332	R 2,292	^R 14,475	^R 1,559	^R 3,378 ^R 3,278	1,906 1,906	2,346
October	1,230	^R 410	^R 436	1,500	^R 407	^R 8,382	^R 2,379	R 14,744	^R 1,510	^B 3,278	1,908	2,346 2,396
November	1,230	^R 410	^R 507	1,550	^R 386	^R 8.372	^R 2,443	^R 14.898	^R 1,559	^R 3,278	1,906	2,396
December	. 1,230	^R 410	^R 527	1,550	^R 324	^R 8,571	^R 2,409	^H 15.020	^R 1,559	^R 3.477	^R 1,930	2,446
Average	1,230	^R 305	^R 190	1,483	^R 395	^R 8,115	^R 2,386	^R 14,104	^R 1,592	R 3,312	1,892	2,375
1992 January		450	565	1,550	350	8,790	2,435	15,370	1,580	3,500	1,975	2,390
February March	1,230	450	630	1,550	325	8,640	2,425	15,250	1,605	3,500	1,925	2,340
April	1,230 1,230	450 450	735 863	1,450	375	8,260	2,300	14,800	1,630	3,350	1,900	2,190
May	1,210	450	915	1,500 1,450	375 375	8,213 8,265	2,300	14,930	1,605	3,250	1,925	2,190
June	1,210	450	1,015	1,450	375	8,315	2,300 2,275	14,965 15,090	1,530	3,250	1,925	2,290
July	1,210	450	1,080	1,450	400	8,350	2,300	15,240	1,560 1,550	3,250 3,300	1,925 1,975	2,290
August	1,210	450	1,130	1,425	425	8,400	2,330	15,370	1,540	3,300	2,000	2,290 2,340
September	1,210	450	1,200	1,475	425	8,450	2,320	15,530	1,550	3,450	2,000	2,390
October	1,210	450	1,280	1,500	440	8,505	2,310	15,695	1,550	3,650	2,050	2,440
November	1,210	450	1,375	1,500	440	8,500	2,305	15,780	1,550	3,650	2,050	2,440
December Average	1,210 <b>1,217</b>	450 <b>450</b>	1,550 <b>1,029</b>	1,500 <b>1,483</b>	440 <b>396</b>	8,575 8,438	2,305 2,325	16,030 1 <b>5,338</b>	1,550 1, <b>566</b>	3,550 <b>3,429</b>	2,100 1,982	2,415 2,334
1993 January	1,210	500	1,675	1.480	450	8,500					-	
February	1,210	500	1,865	1,400	430	8,440	2,295 2,305	16,110	1,550	3,650	2,125	2,410
March	1,200	500	1,650	1,350	400	8,300	2,305	16,175 15,670	1,530 1,500	3,750 3,700	2,105 2,075	2,390
April	1,200	500	1,645	1,350	400	8,000	2,270	15,365	1,480	3,500	2,075	2,340 2,340
May	1,200	500	1,713	1,350	420	8,000	2,230	15,413	1,510	3,650	2,025	2,340
June	1,200	500	1,775	1,350	400	8,150	2,230	15,605	1,510	3,650	1,995	2,340
July	1,180	500	1,940	1,350	410	8,240	2,210	15,830	1,510	3,800	1,975	2,390
August September	1,180	500 ^R 530	2,045	1,370	410	8,345	2,210	16,060	1,510	3,500	2,025	2,390
October	1,180 1,180	530	2,020	1,370	410	8,270	2,220	^R 16,000	1,510	3,650	2,045	2,380
10-Mo. Avg.	1,194	506	2,045 1 <b>,837</b>	1,390 1,378	410 414	8,145 <b>8,238</b>	2,220 2,245	15,920 <b>15,813</b>	1,480 1,50 <del>9</del>	3,700 3,655	2,005 2,040	2,400 2,372
1992 10-Mo. Avg.	1,218	450	942	1,480	387	8,418	2,329	15,224				
1991 10-Mo. Avg.	1,230	284	124	1,400	403	8,043	2,329 2,378	15,224	1,570 1,599	3,395 3,299	1,963 1,886	2,315 2,366

^a Includes about one-half of the production in the Kuwait-Saudi Arabia Neutral Zone from 1973 through July 1990 and in June 1991. Kuwaiti Neutral Zone output was discontinued following Iraq's invasion of Kuwait on August 2, 1990, but was resumed in June 1991. In October 1993, Neutral Zone production by both Kuwait and Saudi Arabia totaled about 390 thousand barrels per day.

barrels per day. ^b The Arab members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) are Algeria, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates. Production in the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia is included in "Arab OPEC."

R=Revised data.

Notes: • Crude oil includes lease condensate but excludes natural gas plant liquids. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Monthly data are often preliminary figures and may not average to the annual totals because of rounding or because updates to the preliminary monthly data are not available.

Sources: See end of section.

Revisions reflect data published in the EIA International Energy Annual 1992.

#### Table 10.1b World Crude Oil Production: Total OPEC, Canada Through Former U.S.S.R., and World

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Total	Persian Gulf Nations ^b	Canada	Mexico	United Kingdom	United States	China	Former U.S.S.R.	Other ^c	World
	OPECa	Nations	Canaoa	MIGAICO	Kinguom		<b>U</b>			<u> </u>
73 Average	30,779	20,668	1,798	465	2	9,208	1,090	8,324	4,013	55,679
4 Average	30,552	21,282	1,551	571	2	8,774	1,315	8,912	4,039	55,716
5 Average	26,994	18,934	1,430	705	12	8,375	1,490	9,523	4,300	52,828
6 Average	30,549	21,514	1,314	831	245	8,132	1,670	10,060	4,543	57,344
7 Average	31,115	21,725	1,321	981	768	8,245	1,874	10,603	4,799	59,707
8 Average	29,673	20,606	1,316	1,209	1,082	8,707	2,082	11,105	4,984	60,15
Average	30,784	21,066	1,500	1,461	1,568	8,552	2,122	11,384	5,303	62,67
0 Average	26,781	17,961	1,435	1,936	1,622	8,597	2,114	11,706	5,408	59,59
1 Average	22,632	15,245	1,285	2,313	1,811	8,572	2,012	11,850	5,601	56,07
2 Average	18,934	12,156	1,271	2,748	2,065	8,649	2,045	11,912	5,857	53,48
3 Average	17,654	11,081	1,356	2,689	2,291	8,688	2,120	11,972	6,485	53,25
4 Average	17,599	10,784	1,438	2,780	2,480	8,879	2,296	11,861	7,155	54,48
5 Average	16,353	9,630	1,471	2,745	2,530	8,971	2,505	11,585	7,821	53,98
6 Average	18,441	11,696	1,474	2,435	2,539	8,680	2,620	11,895	8,143	56,22
7 Average	18,672	12,103	1,535	2,548	2,406	8,349	2,690	11,985	8,416	56,60
8 Average	20,483	13,457	1,616	2,512	2,232	8,140	2,730	11,978	8,971	58,66
9 Average	22,279	14,837	1,560	2,520	1,802	7,613	2,757	11,625	9,617	59,77
0 Average	23,465	15,278	1,553	2,553	1,820	7,355	2,774	10,880	10,070	60,47
1 January	^R 23,327	^R 14,413	1,561	^R 2,664	1,675	7,500	^R 2,822	10,663	^R 10,404	^R 60,61
February	^R 23,245	^R 14,330	1,621	^R 2,678	1,904	7,637	^B 2,832	9,943	^R 10,444	^R 60,30
March	R 23,095	^R 14,258	1,546	^R 2,673	2,068	7,546	^R 2,827	10,367	^R 10,438	^R 60,55
April	^R 22,555	^R 13,766	1,445	^R 2.659	1,526	7,509	^R 2,832	10,310	^R 10,326	^R 59,16
May	^R 22,513	^R 13,726	1,505	^R 2,699	1,396	7,409	^B 2,832	10,222	^R 10,408	^R 58,98
June	^R 23,285	^R 14,541	1,525	^R 2,724	1,525	7,320	^R 2,842	9,808	^R 10,147	^R 59,17
July	^R 23.898	^R 15,106	1,535	^R 2,694	1,805	7,347	^R 2,842	9,808	^R 10,239	^R 60,16
August	R 23,918	^R 15,127	1,581	^R 2,664	1,827	7,316	^R 2,842	9,420	^R 9,906	^R 59,47
September	^R 23,852	R 15,061	1,551	^P 2,679	1,896	7,368	^R 2,837	9,886	^R 10,445	^R 60,51
October	R 24,035	^R 15.329	1,505	^R 2,684	1,990	7,437	^R 2,837	9,492	^R 10,487	^R 60,46
November	^R 24.335	^R 15,434	1,621	^R 2,664	1,975	7,328	^R 2,842	9,378	10,570	^R 60,71
December	^R 24,730	^R 15,755	1,586	^R 2,679	1,979	7,299	^R 2,837	9,347	^R 10,664	^R 61,12
Average	^R 23,569	^R 14,741	1,548	^R 2,680	1,797	7,417	^R 2,835	9,887	^R 10,373	^R 60,10
2 January	25,100	16,130	1,585	2,675	1,920	7,361	2,830	9,115	10,821	61,40
February	24,880	16,010	1,560	2,665	1,905	7,389	2,865	8,650	10,670	60,58
March	24,170	15,510	1,620	2,680	1,755	7,348	2,835	8,760	10,744	59,91
April	24,205	15,487	1,535	2,680	1,835	7,293	2,855	9,025	10,838	^R 60,26
May	24,265	15,592	1,510	2,660	1,700	7,169	2,835	8,455	10,566	59,16
June	24,420	15,716	1,560	2,680	1,545	7,167	2,830	8,440	10,758	59,40
July	24,660	15,916	1,630	2,660	1,780	7,131	2,825	8,365	10,818	59,86
August	25,005	16,220	1,675	2,685	1,825	6,922	2,815	8,130	10,802	59,85
September	25,245	16,330	1,620	2,685	1,830	7,030	2,860	7,980	10,873	60,12
October	25,685	16,670	1,665	2,655	1,930	7,126	2,875	7,965	11,017	60,91
November	25,770	16,755	1,640	2,640	1,945	7,024	2,845	7,910	10,847	60,62
December	25,945	16,905	1,575	2,655	1,935	7,103	2,785	7,870	11,074	60,94
Average	24,947	16,104	1,598	2,668	1,825	7,171	2,838	8,388	10,820	60,25
93 January	26,145	17,105	1,570	2,605	^R 1,815	^E 7,008	2,885	7,800	10,736	P 60,56
February	26,250	17,325	1,610	2,610	^R 1,925	E 6,957	2,875	7,785	10,877	^R 60,88
March	25,585	16,855	1,635	2,635	1,710	^E 6,976	2,885	7,685	_11,044	_60,15
April	25,010	16,350	1,605	2,674	1,695	E 6.897	2,900	7,665	^R 11,009	^R 59,45
May	25,238	16,548	1,660	2,673	1,745	E 6,833	2,925	7,495	^H 11,048	^R 59,61
June		16,740	1,725	2,675	1,675	E 6,756	2,960	7,400	^R 10,731	^R 59,32
July		17,135	1,710	2,650	1,930	E 6,654	2,930	7,120	^R 11,145	^R 59,93
August		17,045	P 1,770	2.650	1,940	^E 6,732	2,855	7,025	^R 11,026	^R 59,77
September	D	^R 17,135	^R 1,755	^R 2,700	1,945	E6,711	2,860	^R 6,915	^R 11,008	^R 59,76
October		17,085	1,755	2,650	2,060	^E 6,816	2,860	6,900	11,301	60,13
10-Mo. Avg		16,930	1,680	2,652	1,844	^E 6,833	2,894	7,376	10,995	59,9
92 10-Mo. Avg		15,959	1,596	2,672	1,802	7,192	2,842	8,488	10,791	60,14
WY 10. NO AVA	24 / 64	13,838	1.370	£.91£	1,004		_,			

^a "Total OPEC" consists of Algeria, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela. Production from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi b The Persian Gult Nations are Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi

Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates. Production from the Neutral Zone

between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia is included in "Persian Gulf Nations." ^c "Other" is a calculated total derived from the difference between "World" and the sum of production in "Total OPEC," Canada, Mexico, the United

Kingdom, the United States, China, and the former U.S.S.R.

R=Revised data. E=Estimate.

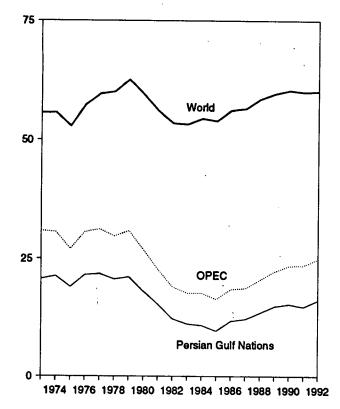
Notes: • Crude oil includes lease condensate but excludes natural gas plant liquids. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. . Monthly data are often preliminary figures and may not average to the annual totals because of rounding or because updates to the preliminary monthly data are not available.

Sources: See end of section.

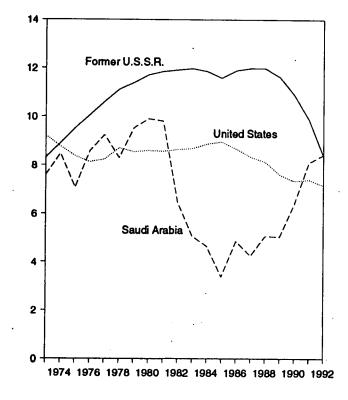
Revisions reflect data published in the EIA International Energy Annual 1992.



### World Production, 1973-1992

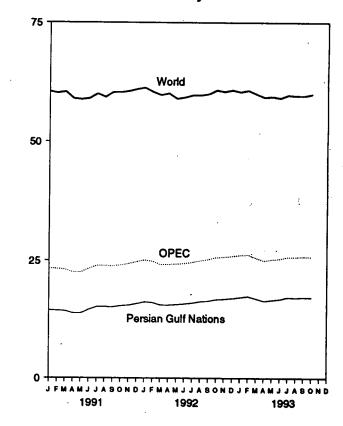


#### Leading Producers, 1973-1992

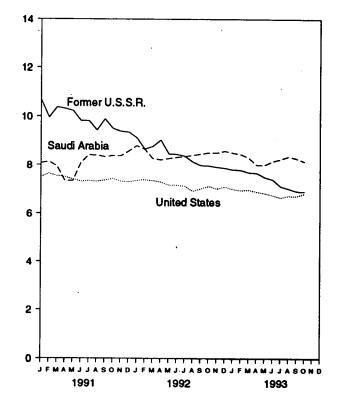


#### Note: OPEC is the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. Sources: Tables 10.1a and 10.1b.

#### World Production, Monthly

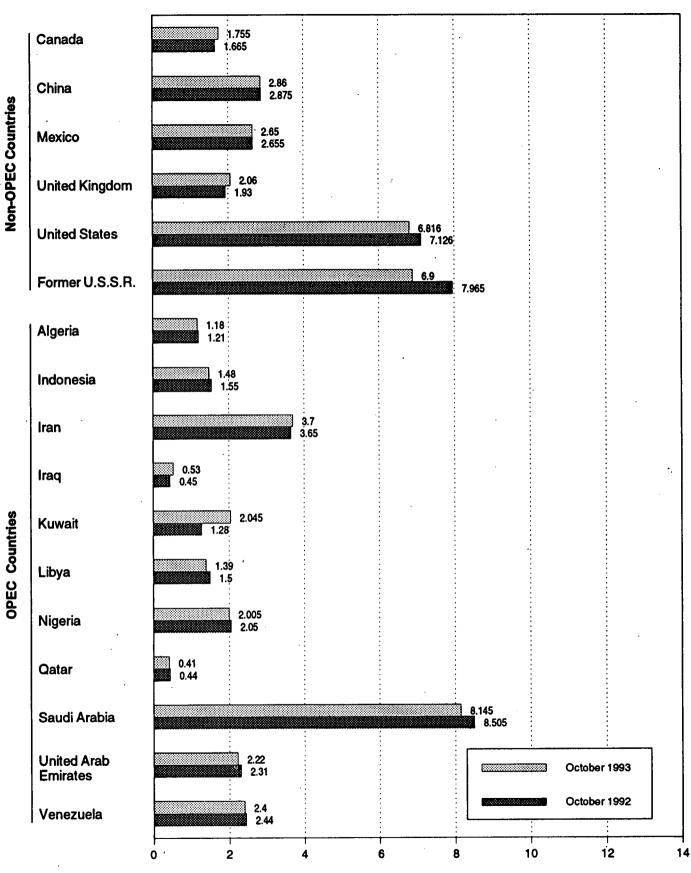


#### Leading Producers, Monthly



# Figure 10.2 Crude Oil Production by Selected Country



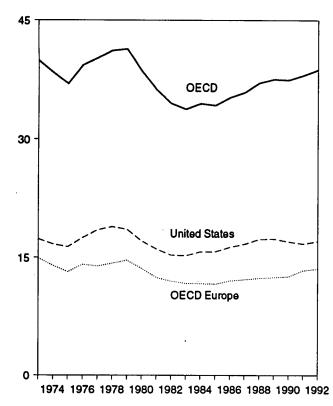


Note: OPEC is the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. Sources: Tables 10.1a and 10.1b.

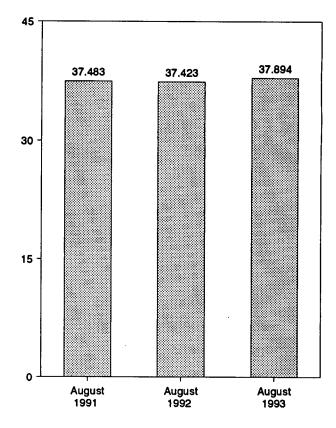
### Figure 10.3 Petroleum Consumption in OECD Countries

(Million Barrels per Day)

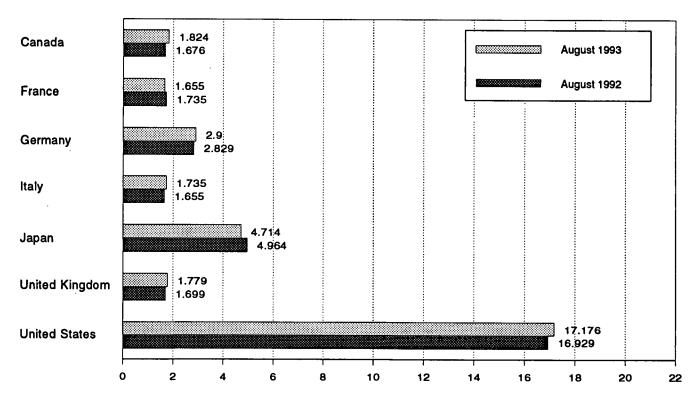
#### OECD Consumption, 1973-1992



**OECD** Consumption



#### Consumption by Selected OECD Country



Note: OECD is the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. Source: Table 10.2.

### Table 10.2 Petroleum Consumption in OECD Countries

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Canada	France	Germany ^a	Italy	Japan	United Kingdom	United States	OECD Europe ^b	Other OECD ^c	OEC
	4 7 4 4									
73 Average	1,729	2,601	3,055	2,068	4,949	2,341	17,308	14,925	988	39,900
74 Average	1,779	2,447	2,748	2,004	4,864	2,210	16,653	13,988	1,095	38,379
75 Average	1,779	2,252	2,650	1,855	4,621	1,911	16,322	13,217	1,041	36,980
76 Average	1,818	2,420	2,877	1,971	4,837	1,892	17,461	14,124	1,119	39,358
7 Average	1,850	2,294	2,865	1,897	4,880	1,905	18,431	13,916	1,160	40,237
'8 Average	1,902	2,408	2,927	1,952	4,945	1,938	18,847	14,290	1,204	41,187
'9 Average	1,971	2,463	3,003	2,039	5,050	1,971	18,513	14,667	1,178	41,370
0 Average	1,873	2,256	2,707	1,934	4,960	1,725	17,056	13,634	1,072	38,59
1 Average	1,768	2,023	2,449	1,874	4,848	1,590	16,058	12,515	1,080	36,26
2 Average	1,578	1,880	2,372	1,781	4,582	1,590	15,296	12,053	1,008	34,51
3 Average	1,448	1,835	2,324	1,750	4,395	1,531	15,231	11,765	954	33,79
4 Average	1,472	1,754	2,322	1,646	4,576	1,849	15,726	11,736	989	34,50
5 Average	1,504	1,775	2,338	1,717	4,384	1,634	15,726	11,681	976	34,27
6 Average	1,506	1,772	2,498	1,738	4,439	1,649	16,281	12,102	951	35,27
7 Average	1,548	1,789	2,424	1,855	4,484	1,603	16,665	12,255	958	35,91
8 Average	1,693	1,797	2,422	1,836	4,752	1,697	17,283	12,427	939	37,09
9 Average	1,733	1,857	2,280	1,930	4,983	1,738	17,325	12,531	998	37,57
	1,690	1,818								
0 Average	1,000	1,010	2,382	1,872	5,140	1,752	16,988	12,629	1,027	37,47
1 January	1,599	2,294	2,998	2,185	5,852	1,819	16,893	14,564	^R 1,067	R 39,97
February	1,613	2,009	2,783	2,025	6,155	1,837	16,339	13,804	^R 1,043	^R 38,95
March	1,484	1,759	2,858	1,660	5,789	1,725	16,212	12,609	^R 1,096	^R 37,19
April	1,595	1,808	2,953	1,813	5,025	1,793	16,139	13,073	^R 1,087	R 36,91
May	1,637	1,773	2,912	1,722	4,880	1,799	16,189	12,965	^R 1,108	R 36,78
June	1,589	1,807	3,269	1,535	4,765	1,769	16,878	13,184	^R 950	R 37,36
July	1,707	1,989		1,665					^R 1,005	^R 37,33
			2,272		5,000	1,853	16,971	12,648	R 992	R 37,48
August	1,693	1,795	2,609	1,546	4,888	1,812	17,183	12,727	^R 1,028	^R 37,18
September	1,583	1,824	2,679	1,824	4,724	1,753	16,848	12,999	B 4 4 4 7	
October	1,693	2,075	2,919	2,126	4,848	1,864	16,996	14,178	^R 1,117	R 38,83
November	1,602	1,953	2,860	2,031	5,581	1,829	16,730	13,736	^R 1,132	^R 38,78
December	1,662	2,132	2,829	2,231	5,952	1,765	17,145	14,228	^R 1,047	^H 40,03
Average	1,622	1,935	2,828	1,863	5,284	1,801	16,714	13,391	^R 1,056	^R 38,06
2 January	1,627	2,213	2,968	2,237	5,776	1,832	17,012	14,459	1,014	39,88
February	1,623	2,108	2,814	2,149	6,347	1,819	16,893	14,052	1,045	39,95
March	1,595	1,939	2,809	1,886	5,873	1,818	16,825	13,682	1,054	39,02
April	1,581	1,993	2,893	1,891	5,212	1,858	16,764	13,667	1,042	38,26
May	1,589	1,632	2,588	1,671	4,845	1,694	16,485	12,347	1,002	36,26
June	1,647	1,817	2,699	1,801	4,949	1,725	16,978	13,036	1,086	37,69
July	1,642	1,929	3,029	1,900	5,124	1,804	17,143	13,662	1,027	38,60
August	1,676	1,735	2,829	1,655	4,964	1,699	16,929	12,909	946	37,42
September	1,655	1,956	3,072	2,003	5,147	1,870	16,876	14,224	1,046	38,94
October	1,705	1,942	2,752	1,930	5,310	1,825	17,448	13,475	1,014	38,95
November	1,705	1,890	2,823	2,053	5,644	1,852	17,091	13,806	1,049	39,30
										•
December	1,670	2,000	2,841	2,076	6,285	1,839	17,928	13,991	1,103	40,97
Average	1,644	1,929	2,843	1,936	5,454	1,803	17,033	13,606	1,035	38,77
3 January	1,591	1,950	2,521	1,859	5,937	1,721	16,320	12,823	944	37,61
February	1,728	2,138	2,931	2,106	6,286	1,872	17,397	14,214	1,104	40,72
March	1,696	2,010	2,954	2,005	6,238	1,881	17,688	14,036	1,144	40,80
April	1,614	1,930	2,814	1,805	^R 5,456	1,726	16,673	^R 13,337	1,099	^R 38,18
May	1,622	1,695	2,584	1,701	^R 4.765	1,671	16,340	^R 12,140	1,110	^A 35,97
June	1,713	1,970	3,037	1,856	^R 4,963	1,802	17,032	^R 13,841	1,091	^R 38,63
July	^R 1,739	1,854	2,950	1,815	R 4,855	R 1,800	17,208	^R 13.645	^R 1,027	^R 38,47
August	1,824	1,655	2,900	1,735	4,714	1,779	17,176	13,083	1,097	37,89
• •	•	•		•		1,781	16,975	13,378	1,057	38,51
8-Mo. Average	1,691	1,897	2,835	1,857	5,392	1,701	10,070	13,370	1,077	30,31
2 8-Mo. Average	1,623	1,919	2,829	1,897	5,381	1,781	16,879	13,473	1,027	38,38
91 8-Mo. Average	1,615	1,904	2,830	1,766	5,287	1,801	16,604	13,190	1,044	37,74

^a Through December 1990, the data for Germany are for the former West Germany only. Beginning with January 1991, the data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

the unitied Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany. ^b 'OECD Europe' consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

Kingdom. ^c "Other OECD" consists of Australia, New Zealand, and the U.S. Territories.

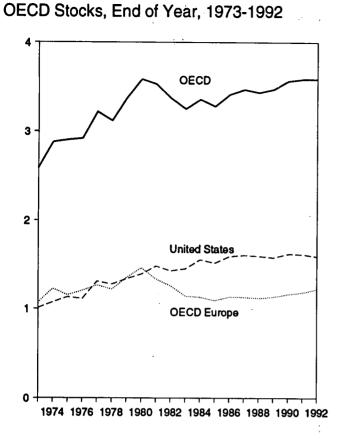
R=Revised data.

Notes: • The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) consists of Canada, Japan, and the United States, as well as "OECD Europe" and "Other OECD." • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Data through 1991 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary.

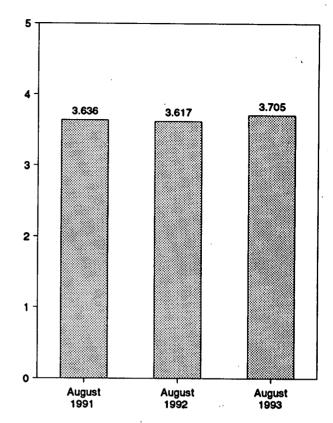
Sources: • United States: Table 3.1a. • All Other Data: 1973-1979—International Energy Agency (IEA), Annual Oil and Gas Statistics of OECD Countries. 1980 forward—IEA, quarterly and monthly computer tapes supporting Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances.

Revisions reflect data published in the EIA International Energy Annual 1992.

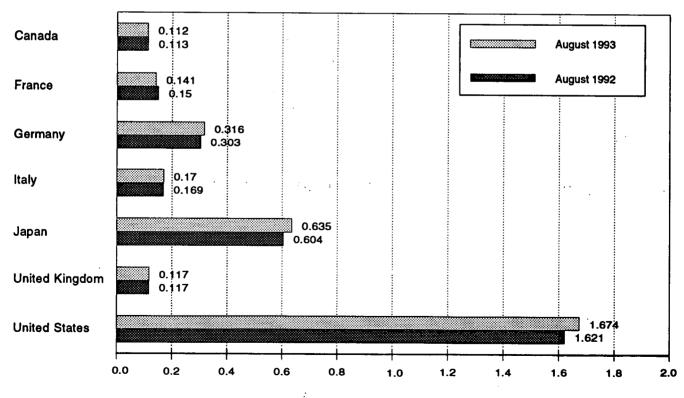
### Figure 10.4 Petroleum Stocks in OECD Countries (Billion Barrels)



OECD Stocks, End of Month



### Stocks by Selected Country, End of Month



Note: OECD is the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. Source: Table 10.3.

	Canada	France	Germany ^a	Italy	Japan	United Kingdom	United States	OECD Europe ^b	Other OECD ^c	OECD
973 Year	140	201	181	152	303	156	1,008	1,070	67	2,588
974 Year	145	249	213	167	370	191	1,074	1,227	64	2,880
975 Year	174	225	187	143	375	165	1,133	1,154	67	2,903
976 Year	153	234	208	143	380	165	1,112	1,205	68	2,918
977 Year	167	239	225	161	409	148	1,312	1,268	68	3,224
	144	201	238	154	408				68	3,122
978 Year	150	226	238	163	413	157 169	1,278	1,219	75	
979 Year	164	243	319	103	400		1,341	1,353	75 72	3,379
980 Year	164					168	1,392	1,464		3,587
981 Year		214	297	167	482	143	1,484	1,337	67	3,531
982 Year	136	193	272	179	484	125	1,430	1,258	68	3,376
983 Year	121	153	249	149	470	118	1,454	1,142	68	3,255
984 Year	128	152	239	159	479	112	1,556	1,130	69	3,362
985 Year	113	139	233	157	494	123	1,519	1,092	66	3,284
986 Year	111	127	252	155	509	124	1,593	1,133	72	3,418
887 Yoar	126	127	259	169	540	121	1,607	1,130	72	3,474
988 Year	116	140	266	155	538	112	1,597	1,118	71	3,440
989 Year	114	138	271	164	577	118	1,581	1,133	71	3,476
990 Year	121	140	265	172	590	112	1,621	1,163	73	3,568
991 January	116	133	278	174	591	116	1,587	1,164	73	3,531
February	114	137	278	169	572	119	1,573	1,162	72	3,493
March	117	142	280	178	593	124	1,558	1,178	75	3,521
April	110	138	277	177	585	119	1,578	1,161	75	3,509
Мау	107	138	279	174	586	113	1,626	1,157	75	3,551
June	107	144	274	173	590	118	1,634	1,161	72	3,564
July	118	145	285	169	594	113	1,635	1,170	73	3,590
August	116	152	284	171	610	118	1,648	1,186	76	3,636
September	117	150	287	170	622	120	1,663	1,195	74	3,671
October	118	148	286	165	625	119	1,644	1,190	71	3,649
November	122	152	289	163	607	120	1,647	1,198	70	3,643
December	119	153	288	160	607	119	1,617	1,182	65	3,589
992 January	117	149	293	167	601	116	1,610	1,168	68	3,564
February	111	145	303	172	596	118	1,588	1,181	66	3,542
March	111	142	303	169	586	115	1,571	1,162	66	3,495
April	111	140	307	165	578	115	1,583	1,172	62	3,505
May	108	147	311	171	588	115	1,602	1,189	63	3,551
June	112	148	307	166	583	114	1,603	1,190	69	3,557
Juty	110	146	299	166	586	120	1,620	1,182	67	3,565
August	113	150	303	169	604	117	1,621	1,211	69	3,617
September	110	148	299	165	608	112	1,636	1,194	69	3,616
October	108	148	302	166	613	113	1,640	1,201	69	3,631
November	110	149	306	172	611	116	1,636	1,207	71	3,634
December	107	146	310	174	603	113	1,592	1,219	67	3,589
993 January	110	148	319	171	614	120	1,611	1,231	68	3,635
February	106	142	317	163	606	120	1,595	1,213	68	3,588
March	107	138	311	156	593	120	1,584	1,192	66	3,541
April	110	139	311	158	584	116	1.611	^R 1,185	73	^R 3,563
May	106	145	320	164	592	117	1,643	^R 1,198	69	^R 3,608
June	108	139	310	164	601	119	1,660	1,185	69	3.623
July	R 113	141	312	R 169	^R 617	115	1,678	^R 1,194	70	^R 3,673
August	112	141	316	170	635	117	1,674	1,215	70	3,705

### Table 10.3 Petroleum Stocks in OECD Countries, End of Period (Million Barrels)

^a Through December 1990, the data for Germany are for the former West Germany only. Beginning with January 1991, the data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.
 ^b "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France,

^b "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

^e "Other OECD" consists of Australia, New Zealand, and the U.S. Territories.

R=Revised data.

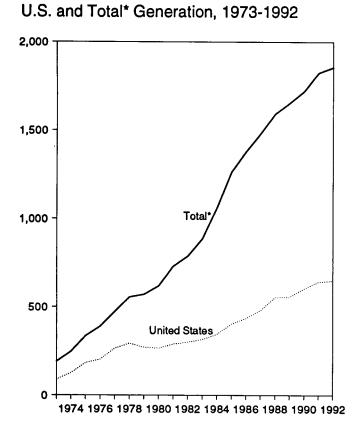
Notes: • Petroleum stocks include crude oil (including strategic reserves), unfinished oils, natural gas plant liquids, and refined products. Petroleum stocks include all nonmilitary petroleum held for storage, regardless of ownership, within each country in bulk terminals, refinery tanks, pipeline tankage, intercoastal tankers, tankers in port, and inland ship bunkers. Data exclude oil held in pipelines (except for those in the United States), rail and truck cars, sea-going ships' bunkers, service stations, retail stores, and tankers at sea. • The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) consists of Canada, Japan, and the United States, as well as "OECD Europe" and "Other OECD." • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • In the United States in January 1975, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to bulk terminal and pipeline surveys, thereby affecting subsequent stocks reported. Newbasis end-of-year U.S. stocks, in million barrels, would have been 1,121 in 1974, 1,425 in 1980, and 1,461 in 1982. • Data through 1991 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary.

Sources: • United States: Table 3.1a. • All Other Data: International Energy Agency, quarterly and monthly computer tapes supporting *Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances.* 

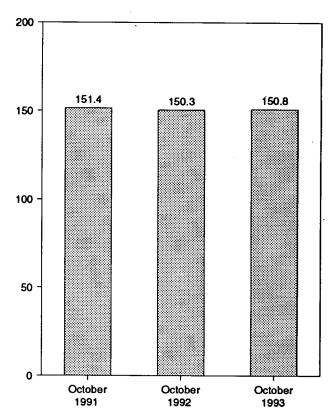
Revisions reflect data published in the EIA International Energy Annual 1992.

## Figure 10.5 Nuclear Electricity Gross Generation

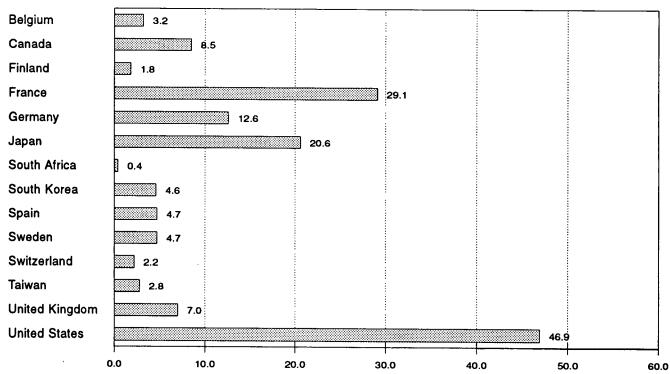
(Billion Kilowatthours)



### **Total* Generation**



### Generation by Selected Country, October 1993



**Total* equals nuclear-generated electricity from all countries except Bulgaria, China, Cuba, the former Czechoslovakia, Hungary, North Korea, Poland, Romania, the former U.S.S.R., and Slovenia (part of the former Yugoslavia). Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Tables 10.4a-10.4c.

	Argentina	Belgium	Brazil	Canada	Finland	France	Germany ^a	India
• <b>7</b> - 4-1	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.3	0.0	14.7	11.9	2.
3 Total		.1	.0	15.4	.0	14.7	12.0	1.9
4 Total	1.0	6.8	.0	13.2	.0	18.3	21.7	2.
5 Total	2.5		 0.	18.0	.0	15.8	24.5	3.
B Total	2.6	10.0		26.6	2.7	17.9	36.0	2.
7 Total	1.6	11.9	.0	-	3.3	30.6	35.7	2.
8 Total	2.9	12.5	.0	33.0		39.9	42.2	3.
9 Total	2.7	11.4	.0	38.4	6.7		43.7	2.
0 Total	2.3	12.5	.0	40.4	7.0	61.2	43.7 53.4	3.
1 Total	2.8	12.8	.0	43.3	14.5	105.2		3. 2.
2 Total	1.9	15.6	.1	42.6	16.5	108.9	63.4	-
3 Total	3.4	24.1	.2	53.0	17.4	144.2	65.8	2.
4 Total	4.5	27.7	2.1	53.8	18.5	191.2	92.6	4.
5 Total	5.8	34.5	3.4	62.9	18.8	224.0	125.8	4.
6 Total	5.7	38.6	.1	74.6	18.8	254.3	118.9	5.
7 Total	5.2	41.9	1.0	80.6	19.4	265.5	130.2	5.
8 Total	5.1	43.1	.3	85.6	19.3	274.9	145.2	6.
	5.0	41.2	1.6	83.2	18.8	302.5	149.6	4.
9 Total 0 Total	7.4	42.7	2.0	75.8	18.9	314.1	147.2	6.
			-			00.5	15.0	
1 January	.5	4.2	.2	7.6	1.8	33.5	15.2	
February	.6	3.9	.2	7.3	1.6	30.0	13.6	
March	.6	4.2	.2	7.8	1.8	28.4	14.3	
April	.7	3.5	.2	6.7	1.4	25.3	12.5	
May	.7	3.4	.2	7.2	1.5	25.3	10.6	
June	.7	2.9	.2	7.1	1.6	23.6	10.0	
July	.7	3.5	.2	7.7	1.7	23.9	11.7	
	.7	3.8	.0	8.6	1.4	24.5	10.0	
August	.,	3.0	.0	6.7	1.3	25.8	10.8	
September		3.0	0. 0.	6.6	1.7	28.4	11.7	
October	.7			6.3	1.7	29.8	12.9	
November	.7	3.3	.0	÷	1.7	32.8	14.2	
December	5	4.0	.0	6.5		331.4	147.3	5.
Total	7.7	42.9	1.4	86.1	19.2	331.4	147.5	
2 January	.6	4.3	.0	6.9	1.8	33.5	15.6	
February	.7	4.0	.0	6.4	1.7	29.8	15.2	
March	.6	4.0	.0	. 7.4	1.8	30.7	15.8	
April	.6	3.4	.0	6.4	1.7	28.0	14.1	
May	.5	3.8	.0	4.8	1.3	25.6	11.8	
	.5 .6	3.6	.1	5.6	1.4	22.4	11.8	
June	.8 .7	3.1	.3	7.2	1.6	23.7	12.0	
July				6.9	1.4	24.6	10.9	
August	.7	3.4	.4	6.9	1.4	24.0	11.6	
September	.7	3.1	.3	6.9 7.2	1.6	28.5	13.2	
October	.3	3.6	.1			28.5	13.0	
November	4	3.3	.3	7.4	1.7	29.5	13.8	
December	E.6	3.9	.1	8.0	1.8			6
Total	E 7.1	43.5	1.8	86.4	19.0	337.6	158.8	Ū.
3 January	.6	4.3	.2	8.2	1.8	36.3	15.1	
	.5	3.7	.2	7.4	1.6	32.7	13.9	
February	.4	3.4	.z (s)	7.8	1.8	34.3	14.2	
March	.6		(5)	7.3	1.7	30.5	12.4	
April	.7	3.3		6.7	1.3	26.9	11.8	
May	.7	3.1	.0			25.4	12.0	
June	.7	3.0	.0	7.1	1.6		12.0	
July	.7	3.2	.0	9.3	1.8	26.9		
August	.7	3.4	.0	9.1	1.5	25.9	11.1	
September	.7	3.4	.0	7.9	1.3	28.8	11.2	
October	.4	3.2	.0	8.5	1.8	29.1	12.6	
10-Month Total	6.4	34.0	.4	79.3	16.1	296.8	126.6	5
								4
92 10-Month Total	6.0	36.2	1.4	65.9	15.5	272.4	132.1	

### Table 10.4a Nuclear Electricity Gross Generation: Argentina Through India (Billion Kilowatthours)

^a Through December 1990, the data for Germany are for the former West Germany only. Beginning with January 1991, the data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Net figures are generally less than gross figures by about 5 percent, the difference being the energy consumed by the generating plants

themselves. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Monthly data may not sum to annual totals due to independent rounding and because precommercial generation is included in some annual totals but not in the monthly data.

Source: McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, Nucleonics Week.

	Italy	Japan	Mexico	Netherlands	Pakistan	South Africa	South Korea	Spain
973 Total	3.1	9.4	0.0	1.1		·		
974 Total	3.4	18.9	.0	3.3	0.5 .6	0.0	0.0	6.5
975 Total	3.8	21.3	.0	3.3	.0	.0	.0	7.2
76 Total	3.8	36.6	.0	3.9	.5	.0	.0	7.5
977 Total	3.4	28.2	.0	3.7	.5 .3	.0	.0	7.6
978 Total	4.5	53.1	.0	4.1	.3 .2	.0	.1	6.5
979 Total	2.6	62.0	.0	3.5		.0	2.3	7.6
980 Total	2.2	82.8	.0 .0	4.2	(8)	.0	3.2	6.7
981 Total	2.7	86.0	.0	3.7	.1	.0	3.5	5.2
982 Total	6.8	104.5	.0	3.9	.2	.0	2.9	9.4
83 Total	5.8	109.1	.0	3.6	.1	.0	3.8	8.8
984 Total	6.9	127.2	.0		.2	.0	9.0	10.7
985 Total	7.0	152.0	.0	3.8	.3	4.2	11.8	23.1
86 Total	8.7	164.8		3.9	.3	5.9	16.5	28.0
987 Total	.2	182.8	.0	4.2	.5	9.3	26.1	37.5
988 Total	.0		.0	3.6	.3	6.6	37.8	41.2
089 Total		173.6	.0	3.7	.2	11.1	38.7	50.4
90 Total	.0	183.7	.0	4.0	.1	11.7	47.2	56.1
	.0	191.9	2.1	3.4	.4	8.9	52.8	54.3
91 January	.0	18.0	.5	.3	(s)	.6	4.1	5.3
February	.0	15.2	.4	.2	(s)	.5	4.5	4.6
March	.0	15.6	.5	.1	(s)	1.1	4.5	4.3
April	.0	12,8	.5	.2	(s)	.7	4.1	4.2
Мау	.0	12.6	.5	.4	.1	.7	4.1	4.8
June	.0	14.8	.4	.4	(s)	.6	4.8	4.4
July	.0	19.5	.4	.4	(s)	.0	5.5	4.4
August	.0	22.1	.4	.4	(s)	.7	5.2	4.7 5.2
September	.0	19.7	.0	.1	(s)	.,	4.7	
October	.0	19.1	.0	(s)	.1	.0 1.2	4.7	4.5 4.7
November	.0	17.6	.2	.4	(s)	1.1	4.9	
December	.0	18.9	.5	.4	(s)	1.1		4.4
Total	.0	205.8	4.2	3.3	.4	9.7	5.2 56.3	4.7 55.6
92 January	.0	18.5	.5	.4	(s)	.9	4.6	5.4
February	.0	17.1	.4	.3	.0	.3		
March	.0	17.9	.5	.1			4.0	4.6
April	.0	16.0	.5	.1	(s)	.4	4.2	4.2
May	.0	16.3	.5	.3	(s)	.4	4.5	3.6
June	.0	17.1	.3		(s)	.7	4.5	4.3
July	.0	21.1	.3	.3	.1	1.2	4.5	4.5
August	.0	23.1	.3	.4	.1	1.3	5.3	5.0
September	.0			.4	.1	1.0	5.4	5.2
October	.0	17.2	.0	.4	.1	1.1	4.6	4.2
November	.0	16.2	(s)	.4	.1	1.0	4.9	5.0
December	.0 .0	16.3	.4	.4	.1	.6	4.7	4.4
Total	.0 .0	19.1 <b>215.8</b>	.4 3.9	.4 3.8	.1 .6	.8 9.9	5.1 56.4	5.4 55.8
93 January	~	10.5						
Eobriger	.0	19.5	.5	.4	(s)	.6	4.8	5.4
February	.0	17.4	.3	.3	.1	.6	4.5	4.3
March	.0	18.9	.1	.1	.1	.5	4.6	4.9
April	.0	17.6	.5	.1	.1	.6	4.8	4.2
May	.0	17.4	.5	.4	(s)	.8	5.3	4.1
June	.0	17.9	.5	.4	(s)	.5	5.1	4.4
July	.0	22.3	.5	.4	<b>.</b> í	1.0	5.5	5.0
August	.0	_24.2	.5	.4	(s)	.9	4.9	5.1
September	.0	^R 20.5	.5	.4	.1	.5	4.6	4.6
October	.0	20.6	.4	.4	(s)	.4	4.6	4.0
10-Month Total	.0	196.3	4.2	3.2	.4	6.5	48.8	4.7 46.6
92 10-Month Total	.0	180.4	3.1	3.0	• .4	8.5	46.6	46.0
91 10-Month Total	.0	169.3	3.5	2.6	.4	7.6	46.3	46.0 46.5

### Table 10.4b Nuclear Electricity Gross Generation: Italy Through Spain (Billion Kilowatthours)

R=Revised data. (s)=Less than 0.05 billion kilowatthours.

Notes: • Net figures are generally less than gross figures by about 5 percent, the difference being the energy consumed by the generating plants themselves. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of

Columbia. • Monthly data may not sum to annual totals due to independent rounding and because precommercial generation is included in some annual totals but not in the monthly data.

Source: McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, Nucleonics Week.

## Table 10.4c Nuclear Electricity Gross Generation: Sweden Through United States and Total Image: State Stat

				United	Total ^b	United	
	Sweden	Switzerland	Talwan	Kingdom ^a	Excluding U.S.	States	Total ^b
73 Total	2.1	6.2	0.0	28.2	101.4	87.8	189.3
74 Total	2.3	7.0	.0	33.8	121.7	124.3	246.0
75 Total	12.0	7.7	.0	30.5	151.8	182.3	334.1
76 Total	16.0	7.9	.0	36.8	187.1	201.8	388.9
77 Total	19.9	8.1	.1	38.1	207.8	264.2	472.0
	23.8	8.3	2.7	36.6	263.5	292.4	555.9
78 Total	23.8	11.8	6.3	38.5	300.1	270.6	570.7
79 Total	26.7	14.3	8.2	37.2	354.3	265.4	619.8
80 Total			_	38.9	442.4	288.5	730.9
81 Total	37.7	15.2	10.7	44.1	489.9	298.6	788.5
82 Total	38.8	15.0	13.1	49.6	573.9	313.6	887.5
83 Total	40.4	15.5	18.9			343.8	1,061.5
84 Total	51.3	16.3	24.3	54.1	717.7		•
85 Total	58.6	22.4	28.7	59.7	862.7	402.7	1,265.4
86 Total	69.9	22.5	26.9	58.2	944.8	434.1	1,378.9
87 Total	67.2	23.0	33.1	56.2	1,001.2	479.5	1,480.7
88 Total	69.4	22.7	29.9	59.4	1,038.7	554.1	1,592.8
89 Total	65.6	22.8	28.3	71.6	1,097.1	557.0	1,654.1
90 Total	68.2	23.6	32.9	66.1	1,119.1	603.4	1,722.5
91 January	7.6	2.3	2.4	6.6	111.2	56.6	167.8
February	6.9	2.1	2.2	6.8	101.1	50.2	151.3
March	7.6	2.3	2.9	6.7	103.3	51.6	154.9
April	6.9	2.2	2.5	5.0	89.6	43.8	133.4
	5.7	2.0	2.8	4.5	87.3	49.2	136.6
May	4.7	1.1	3.2	6.1	87.0	56.9	143.9
June		1.5	3.2	5.1	95.4	63.7	159.1
July	4.6		3.6	5.4	98.6	61.4	160.0
August	5.2	1.0			95.3	54.4	149.7
September	5.5	1.8	3.1	6.6		50.2	151.4
October	7.2	2.3	3.1	5.9	101.2		150.4
November	7.3	2.2	3.0	5.2	101.7	48.7	
December	7.6	2.3	3.2	6.6	110.5	56.3	166.8
Total	76.8	22.9	35.3	70.4	1,182.2	643.0	1,825.2
92 January	7.6	2.3	3.1	6.5	113.1	60.6	173.7
February	6.8	2.1	2.2	6.3	102.6	55.4	158.1
March	7.1	2.2	2.2	8.3	107.8	48.3	156.1
April	6.7	1.9	2.6	5.0	95.9	44.3	140.2
May	4.7	1.9	2.6	6.0	90.1	48.1	138.2
June	3.9	1.3	2.9	7.0	88.9	53.7	142.7
	3.6	1.7	3.3	4.9	96.0	59.0	155.0
July	3.5	1.1	3.6	5.5	97.9	61.6	159.5
August		2.0	2.8	6.9	93.2	53.2	146.4
September	3.9		2.8	5.7	98.8	51.5	150.3
October	5.2	2.3			99.9	53.2	153.1
November	5.2	2.2	3.2	6.1	⁶ 114.1	53.2 61.0	E 175.1
December	5.4	2.3	2.6	10.4	- 114.1 E 1 000 0		E 1,856.0
Total	63.5	23.4	33.8	78.5	^E 1,206.0	650.0	- 1,050.0
193 January	5.8	2.3	3.0	7.6	117.0	61.8	178.9
February	5.9	2.1	2.7	7.9	106.9	53.7	160.6
March	7.1	2.3	2.8	8.3	112.3	49.8	162.1
April	6.6	2.0	2.8	7.7	103.2	45.4	148.7
May	4.6	1.9	2.7	6.0	_ 94.6	52.7	_ 147.3
June	4.7	1.2	2.6	^R 8.2	^R 95.6	55.4	^R 151.0
July	3.1	1.8	3.4	R 6.4	^R 104.2	58.9	163.1
	3.2	1.1	3.6	6.1	^R 102.3	58.9	161.2
August		1.7	2.9	R 8.4	R 102.0	52.5	^R 154.4
September	4.1			E 7.0	E 103.9	46.9	E 150.8
October	4.7	2.2	2.8	E 73.6	^E 1,042.0	536.1	E 1,578.2
10-Month Total	49.8	18.7	29.2	- /3.0	- 1,042.0	930.1	1,070.8
92 10-Month Total	53.0	18.9	28.1	62.0	984.3	535.7	1,520.0
991 10-Month Total	61.9	18.4	29.1	58.6	970.0	538.0	1,508.0

(Billion Kilowatthours)

^a Monthly data for the United Kingdom are totals for 4- or 5-week reporting periods, not calendar months. ^b "Total" equals nuclear-generated electricity from all countries except

^b "Total" equals nuclear-generated electricity from all countries except Bulgaria, China, Cuba, the former Czechoslovakia, Hungary, North Korea, Poland, Romania, the former U.S.S.R., and Slovenia (part of the former Yugoslavia).

R=Revised data. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Net figures are generally less than gross figures by about 5

percent, the difference being the energy consumed by the generating plants themselves. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Monthly data may not sum to annual totals due to independent rounding and because precommercial generation is included in some annual totals but not in the monthly data. • Data for countries may not sum to world totals due to independent rounding.

Source: McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, Nucleonics Week.

.

## Sources for Tables 10.1a and 10.1b

• United States: Table 3.1a.

• Other Countries: Annual Data: 1973-1979—Energy Information Administration (EIA), International Energy Annual 1981, Table 8. 1980—EIA, International Energy Annual 1989, Table 1. 1981—EIA, International Energy Annual 1990, Table 1. 1982— EIA, International Energy Annual 1991, Table 1. 1983-1992—EIA, International Energy Annual 1992, Table 1. Monthly Data: Petroleum Intelligence Weekly, the Oil and Gas Journal, and other industry sources.

• World: Annual Data: 1973-1979—EIA, International Energy Annual 1981, Table 8. 1980—EIA, International Energy Annual 1989, Table 1. 1981— EIA, International Energy Annual 1990, Table 1. 1982—EIA, International Energy Annual 1991, Table 1. 1983-1992—EIA, International Energy Annual 1992, Table 1. Monthly Data: EIA, International Petroleum Statistics Report, sum of all countries' monthly data.

## **Appendix A. Thermal Conversion Factors**

The thermal conversion factors presented in the following eight tables can be used to estimate the heat content in British thermal units (Btu) of a given amount of energy measured in physical units, such as barrels or cubic feet. For example, 10 barrels of asphalt have a heat content of approximately 66.36 million Btu (10 barrels x 6.636 million Btu/barrel = 66.36 million Btu).

Thermal conversion factors for hydrocarbon mixes (Table A1) are weighted averages of the thermal conversion factors for each hydrocarbon included in the mix. For example, in calculating the thermal conversion factor for a 60-40 butane-propane mixture,

the thermal conversion factor for butane is weighted 1.5 times more heavily than the thermal conversion factor for propane.

In general, the annual thermal conversion factors presented in Tables A1 through A8 are computed from final annual data. However, if the current year's final data are not available in time for publication, thermal conversion factors for the current year are computed from the best available data and are labeled "preliminary." The source of each factor is described in the section entitled "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A8 in this appendix.

## Table A1. Approximate Heat Content of Petroleum Products

Petroleum Product	Heat Content	Petroleum Product	Heat Conten
Asphalt	6.636	Petrochemical Feedstocks	
Aviation Gasoline	5 0 10	Naphtha Less Than 401° F	5.248
	4 000	Other Olls Equal to or Greater Than 401° F	5.825
Butane-Propane Mixture ^a		Still Gas	6.000
Distillate Fuel Oil		Petroleum Coke	6.024
thane	0.000	Plant Condensate	5.418
Inane-Propane Mbture ^b		Propane	3.836
•	0.074	Residual Fuel Oil	6.287
sobutane	r 070	Road Oil	6.636
let Fuel, Kerosene Type		Special Naphthas	5.248
let Fuel, Naphtha Type	E 670	Still Gas	6.000
(erosene	6 06E	Unfinished Oils	5.825
Lubricants	5.050	Unfractionated Stream	5.418
Actor Gasoline	4 000	Waxes	5.537
Natural Gasoline and Isopentane Pentanes Plus		Miscellaneous	5.796

(Million Btu per Barrel)

^a 60 percent butane and 40 percent propane.
 70 percent ethane and 30 percent propane.

Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A8.

### Table A2. Approximate Heat Content of Crude Oil, Crude Oil and Products, and Natural Gas Plant Liquids

-		Crude Oil		Crude Oil a	nd Products	Natural Gas
	Production	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Plant Liquids
973	5.800	5.817	5,800	5.897	5.752	4.040
974	5.800	5.827	5.800	5.884	5.774	4.049
975	5.800	5.821	5.800	5.858	5.748	4.011
976	5.800	5.808	5.800	5.856	5.746	3.984
977	5.800	5.810	5.800	5.834	5.797	3.964
978	5.800	5.802	5.800	5.839	5.808	3.941
979	5.800	5.810	5.800	5.810	5.832	3.925
	5.800	5.812	5.800	5.796		3.955
981	5.800	5.818	5.800	5.775	5.820	3.914
982	5.800	5.826	5.800	5.775	5.821	3.930
983	5.800	5.825	5.800	5.774	5.820	3.872
984	5.800	5.823	5.800	5.745	5.800	3.839
)85	5.800	5.832	5.800		5.850	3.812
386	5.800	5.903	5.800	5.736	5.814	3.815
987	5.800	5.901		5.808	5.832	3.797
988	5.800	5.900	5.800	5.820	5.858	3.804
989	5.800	5.906	5.800	5.820	5.840	3.800
90	5.800	5.934	5.800	5.833	5.857	3.826
91	5.800	5.948	5.800	5.849	5.833	3.822
92	5.800	5.953	5.800	5.873	5.823	3.807
993 ^a	5.800		5.800	5.877	5.777	3.804
	5.000	5.953	5.800	5.877	5.777	3.804

(Million Btu per Barrel)

^a Preliminary.

Note: Crude oil includes lease condensate.

Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A8.

### Table A3. Approximate Heat Content of Petroleum Product Weighted Averages (Million Btu per Barrel)

			Consumption					
	Residential and Commercial	Industrial	Transportation	Electric Utilities	Total	Imports	Exports	LPG Consumption
1973	5.387	5.568	5.395	6.245	5.515	E 000	5 750	
1974	5.377	5.538	5.394	6.238	5.504	5.983	5.752	3.746
1975	5.358	5.528	5.392	6.250	5.494	5.959	5.773	3.730
1976	5.383	5.538	5.395	6.251	5.494	5.935	5.747	3.715
1977	5.389	5.555	5.400	6.249	5.504	5.980	5.743	3.711
1978	5.382	5.553	5.404	6.251	5.518	5.908	5.796	3.677
1979	5.471	5.418	5.428	6.258		5.955	5.814	3.669
1980	5.468	5.376	5.440		5.494	5.811	5.864	3.680
1981	5.409	5.313	5.432	6.254	5.479	5.748	5.841	3.674
1982	5.392	5.263		6.258	5.448	5.659	5.837	3.643
1983	5.286		5.422	6.258	5.415	5.664	5.829	3.615
4004		5.273	5.415	6.255	5.406	5.677	5.800	3.614
1005	5.384	5.223	5.422	6.251	5.395	5.613	5.867	3.599
4000	5.326	5.221	5.423	6.247	5.387	5.572	5.819	3.603
	5.357	5.286	5.427	6.257	5.418	5.624	5.839	3.640
1987	5.318	5.253	5.430	6.249	5.403	5.599	5.860	3.659
1988	5.323	5.247	5.434	6.250	5.410	5.618	5.842	3.652
1989	5.260	5.233	5.440	6.241	5.410	5.641	5.869	3.683
1990	5.212	5.272	5.445	6.247	5.411	5.614	5.838	3.625
1991	5.163	5.192	5.442	6.248	5.384	5.636	5.827	3.614
1992 ^a	5.158	5.188	5.444	6.243	5.376	5.623	5.774	3.624
1993 ^a	5.158	5.188	5.444	6.243	5.376	5.623	5.774	3.624

^a Preliminary.

Note: Weighted averages of the products included in each category are calculated by using heat content values shown in Table A1. Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A8.

### Table A4. Approximate Heat Content of Natural Gas

(Btu per Cubic Foot)

	Prod	uction		Consumption		_	
	Dry	Marketed (Wet)	Sectors Other Than Electric Utilities	Electric Utilities	Total	Imports	Exports
973	1,021	1,093	1,020	1,024	1,021	1.026	1,023
974	1.024	1.097	1.024	1.022	1,024	1.027	1,016
975	1.021	1,095	1,020	1.026	1.021	1,026	1,014
976	1.020	1,093	1.019	1.023	1,020	1,025	1,013
977	1.021	1,093	1.019	1,029	1.021	1,026	1.013
978	1,019	1,088	1,016	1,034	1,019	1,030	1,013
979	1,021	1,092	1.018	1,035	1,021	1,037	1,013
980	1,026	1,098	1,024	1,035	1,026	1,022	1,013
981	1,027	1,103	1,025	1,035	1,027	1,014	1,011
982	1,028	1,107	1,026	1,036	1,028	1,018	1,011
983	1,031	1,115	1.031	1.030	1,031	1,024	1,010
984	1,031	1,109	1.030	1.035	1,031	1,005	1,010
985	1.032	1,112	1.031	1,038	1.032	1.002	1 011
986	1.030	1,110	1,029	1,034	1,030	997	1,008
987	1.031	1,112	1,031	1,032	1,031	999	1,011
988	1,029	1,109	1,029	1,028	1,029	1,002	1,018
989	1,031	1,107	1,031	1,030	1,031	1,004	1,019
990	1,031	1,105	1,030	1,034	1,031	1,012	1,018
991	1,030	1,108	1,031	1,024	1,030	1,014	1,022
992 ^a	1,030	1,110	1,031	1,022	1,030	1,011	1,018
993 ^a	1,030	1,110	1,031	1,022	1,030	1,011	1,018

^a Preliminary. Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A8.

### Table A5. Approximate Heat Content of Coal

(Million Btu per Short Ton)

				Consumption				
	Production	Residential and Commercial	Coke Plants	Other Industrial ^a	Electric Utilities ^b	Total	imports	Exporte
1973	23.376	22.831	26.780	22.586	22.246	23.057	25.000	26.596
1974	23.072	22.479	26.778	22.419	21.781	22.677	25.000	26,700
1975	22.897	22.261	26.782	22.436	21.642	22.506	25.000	26.562
1976	22.855	22.774	26.781	22,530	21.679	22.498	25.000	26.601
1977	22.597	22.919	26.787	22.322	21.508	22.265	25.000	26.548
978	22.248	22.466	26.789	22.207	21.275	22.017	25.000	26.478
979	22.454	22.242	26.788	22.452	21.364	22.100	25.000	26.548
980	22.415	22.543	26.790	22.690	21.295	21.947	25.000	26.384
981	22.308	22.474	26.794	22.585	21.085	21.713	25.000	26.160
982	22.239	22.695	26.797	22.712	21.194	21.674	25.000	26.223
983	22.052	22.775	26.798	22.691	21.133	21.576	25.000	26.291
984	22.010	22.844	26.799	22.543	21.101	21.573	25.000	26.402
985	21.870	22.646	26.798	22.020	20.959	21.366	25.000	26.307
986	21.913	22.947	26.798	22,198	21.084	21.462	25.000	26.292
987	21.922	23.404	26,799	22.381	21,136	21.517	25.000	26.291
988	21.823	23.571	26.799	22.360	20.900	21.328	25.000	26.299
989	21.765	23.650	26.800	22.347	20.848	21.272	25.000	26,160
990	21.822	23.137	26.799	22.457	20.929	21.331	25.000	26.202
991	21.681	23,114	26.799	22.460	20.755	21.146	25.000	26,188
992	^R 21.646	^R 23.105	26.799	R 22.250	^R 20,787	^R 21,143	25.000	R 26,161
1993°	^A 21.646	^R 23.105	26.799	R 22.250	^R 20.787	^R 21.143	25.000	^R 26,161

^a Includes transportation.

^b Data shown in this column are not the same as those shown in the *Electric Power Monthly* (EPM). The EPM data report coal receipts; the data shown here represent coal consumption. ^o Preliminary. R=Revised data.

Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A8.

### Table A6. Approximate Heat Content of Bituminous Coal and Lignite

(Million Btu per Short Ton)

				Consumption				
	Production	Residential and Commercial	Coke Plants	Other Industrial ^a	Electric Utilities	Total	Imports	Exporte
973	23.391	22.887	26.800	22.585	22.262	23.073	25.000	26.612
974	23.087	22.523	26.800	22.420	21.799	22.694	25.000	26.716
975	22.910	22.258	26.800	22.439	21.659	22.522	25.000	26.573
976	22.863	22.819	26.800	22.528	21.692	22.509	25.000	26.613
977	22.597	22.594	26.800	22.290	21.521	22.266	25.000	26.561
978	22.242	22.078	26.800	22.175	21.284	22.014	25.000	26.501
979	22.449	21.884	26.800	22.436	21.372	22.100	25.000	26.570
980	22.411	22.488	26.800	22.690	21.301	21.950	25.000	26.404
981	22.301	22.010	26.800	22.572	21.091	21.710	25.000	26.176
982	22.233	22.226	26.800	22.695	21.200	21.670	25.000	26.231
983	22.048	22.438	26.800	22.680	21.141	21.576	25.000	26.300
984	22.005	22.406	26.800	22.525	21.108	21.570	25.000	26.410
985	21.867	22.568	26.800	22.013	20.965	21.368	25.000	26.320
986	21.908	22.669	26,800	22.185	21.091	21.462	25.000	26.308
987	21,918	22.800	26.800	22.360	21.143	21.514	25.000	26.304
988	21.817	23.135	26.800	22.341	20.905	21.324	25.000	26.304
989	21.759	22.917	26.800	22.324	20.854	21.268	25.000	26.166
990	21,819	22.678	26.800	22.444	20.935	21.330	25.000	26.207
991	21.678	22.635	26.800	22.448	20.761	21.146	25,000	26.192
992	^R 21.643	R 22.768	26.800	R 22.242	R 20.792	^R 21.142	25.000	^R 26.165
993 ^b	^R 21.643	^R 22.768	26.800	R 22.242	R 20.792	R 21.142	25.000	^R 26.165

a Includes transportation.

^b Preliminary.

R=Revised data.

Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A8.

### Table A7. Approximate Heat Content of Anthracite and Coal Coke (Million Btu per Short Ton)

			Anthracite			
			Consumption			]
	Production	Sectors Other Than Electric Utilities	Electric Utilities	Total	Imports and Exports	Coal Coke Imports and Exports
973	22.132	22.674	17.920	21.464	25,400	24.800
974	21.711	22.330	17.200	20.919	25.400	24.800
975	21.582	22.272	17.064	20.762	25.400	24.800
976	22.045	22.618	17.526	21.254	25,400	24.800
977	22.661	24.101	17.244	22.066	25,400	24.800
978	23.079	24.388	17.104	22.398	25.400	24.800
979	23.170	24.272	17.454	22.069	25,400	24.800
980	22.869	22.719	17.652	21.405	25.400	24.800
981	23.291	23.749	18.168	22.080	25,400	24.800
982	23.289	24.578	18,160	22.518	25.400	24.800
983	22.734	24.536	16.516	21.583	25.400	24.800
984	23.107	25.128	17.018	22.322	25,400	24.800
985	22.428	23.031	16.784	20.817	25.400	24.800
986	23.084	24.399	15.578	21.512	25.400	24.800
987	23.108	26.293	15.962	22.435	25.400	24.800
988	23.266	26.021	17.312	22.423	25.400	24.800
989	23.385	27.196	16.310	22.623	25,400	24.800
990	22.574	25.199	16.140	21.668	25.400	24.800
991	22.573	25.268	15.858	21.410	25.400	24.800
992	^R 22.572	^R 24.617	^R 16.944	^R 21.423	25.400	24.800
993 ^a	R 22.572	^R 24.617	^R 16.944	R21.423	25.400	24.800

^a Preliminary.

R=Revised data.

Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A8.

### Table A8. Approximate Heat Rates for Electricity

(Btu per Kilowatthour)

	Electricity Generation			
	Fossil-Fueled Steam-Electric Plants ^a	Nuclear Steam-Electric Plants	Geothermal Energy Plants	Electricity Consumption
973	10,389	10,903	21,674	3,412
974	10,442	11,161	21,674	3,412
975	10,406	11,013	21,611	3,412
976	10,373	11,047	21,611	3,412
977	10,435	10,769	21,611	3,412
978	10,361	10,941	21,611	3,412
979	10,353	10,879	21,545	3,412
980	10,388	10,908	21,639	3,412
981	10,453	11,030	21,639	3,412
982	10,454	11.073	21,629	3,412
983	10,520	10,905	21,290	3,412
984	10,440	10,843	21,303	3,412
985	10,447	10,813	21,263	3,412
986	10,446	10,799	21,263	3,412
987	10,419	10,776	21,263	3,412
988	10,324	10,743	21,096	3,412
989	10,317	10,724	21,096	3,412
990	10,335	10,680	21,096	3,412
991	10,352	10,740	20,997	3,412
992 ^b	10,352	10,740	20,997	3,412
1993 ^b	10,352	10,740	20,997	3,412

^a This thermal conversion factor is used for hydroelectric power generation and for wood and waste, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy consumed at electric utilities.
^b Preliminary.

Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows this table.

### Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation

### Approximate Heat Content of Petroleum and Natural Gas Plant Liquids

**Asphalt.** The Energy Information Administration (EIA) adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.636 million British thermal units (Btu) per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement*, Annual, 1956.

Aviation Gasoline. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.048 million Btu per barrel as published for "Gasoline, Aviation" by the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation in Appendix V of Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947-1985, a 1968 release of historical and projected statistics.

**Butane.** EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 4.326 million Btu per barrel as published in the *California Oil World and Petroleum Industry*, First Issue, April 1942.

Butane-Propane Mixture. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines calculation of 4.130 million Btu per barrel

based on an assumed mixture of 60 percent butane and 40 percent propane. See Butane and Propane.

Crude Oil, Exports. Assumed by EIA to be 5.800 million Btu per barrel or equal to the thermal conversion factor for crude oil produced in the United States. See Crude Oil and Lease Condensate, Production.

Crude Oil, Imports. Calculated annually by EIA by weighting the thermal conversion factor of each type of crude oil imported by the quantity imported. Thermal conversion factors for each type were calculated on a foreign country basis, by determining the average American Petroleum Institute (API) gravity of crude imported from each foreign country from Form ERA-60 in 1977 and converting average API gravity to average Btu content by using National Bureau of Standards, Miscellaneous Publication No. 97, Thermal Properties of Petroleum Products, 1933.

Crude Oil and Lease Condensate, Production. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 5.800 million Btu per barrel as reported in a Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Values of Various Fuels, adopted January 3, 1950."

Crude Oil and Petroleum Products, Exports. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each petroleum product exported and crude oil exported weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product and crude oil exported. See Crude Oil, Exports and Petroleum Products, Exports.

**Crude Oil and Petroleum Products, Imports.** Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each petroleum product and each type of crude oil imported weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product and each type of crude oil imported. See Crude Oil, Imports and Petroleum Products, Imports.

Distillate Fuel Oil. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.825 million Btu per barrel as reported in a Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Value of Various Fuels, adopted January 3, 1950."

Ethane. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 3.082 million Btu per barrel as published in the *California Oil World and Petroleum Industry*, First Issue, April 1942.

**Ethane-Propane Mixture**. EIA calculated 3.308 million Btu per barrel based on an assumed mixture of 70 percent ethane and 30 percent propane. See **Ethane and Propane**.

**Isobutane.** EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 3.974 million Btu per barrel as published in the *California Oil World and Petroleum Industry*, First Issue, April 1942.

Jet Fuel, Kerosene Type. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.670 million Btu per barrel as published for "Jet Fuel, Commercial" by the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation in Appendix V of Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947-1985, a 1968 release of historical and projected statistics.

Jet Fuel, Naphtha Type. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.355 million Btu per barrel as published for "Jet Fuel, Military" by the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation in Appendix V of Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947-1985, a 1968 release of historical and projected statistics.

Kerosene. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.670 million Btu per barrel as reported in a Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Values of Various Fuels, adopted January 3, 1950."

Liquefied Petroleum Gases (LPG) Consumption. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors of each liquefied petroleum gas consumed, weighted by the quantity of each liquefied petroleum gas consumed. Lubricants. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.065 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1956.* 

Miscellaneous Products. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 5.796 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement*, Annual, 1956.

Motor Gasoline. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.253 million Btu per barrel as published for "Gasoline, Motor Fuel" by the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation in Appendix V of Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947-1985, a 1968 release of historical and projected statistics.

Natural Gas Plant Liquids, Production. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors of each natural gas plant liquid produced weighted by the quantity of each natural gas plant liquid produced.

Natural Gasoline. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 4.620 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement*, Annual, 1956.

**Pentanes Plus.** EIA assumed the thermal conversion factor to be 4.620 million Btu per barrel or equal to that for natural gasoline. See Natural Gasoline.

Petrochemical Feedstocks, Naphtha Less Than 401 Degrees Fahrenheit. Assumed by EIA to be 5.248 million Btu per barrel, equal to the thermal conversion factor for special naphtha. See Special Naphtha.

Petrochemical Feedstocks, Oils Equal to or Greater Than 401 Degrees Fahrenheit. Assumed by EIA to be 5.825 million Btu per barrel, equal to the thermal conversion factor for distillate fuel oil. See Distillate Fuel Oil.

Petrochemical Feedstocks, Still Gas. Assumed by EIA to be 6.000 million Btu per barrel, equal to the thermal conversion factor for still gas. See Still Gas.

**Petroleum Coke.** EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.024 million Btu per barrel as reported in Btu per short ton in the Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Value of Various Fuels, adopted January 3, 1950." The Bureau of Mines calculated this factor by dividing 30,120,000 Btu per short ton, as given in the referenced Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, by 5.0 barrels per short ton, as given in the Bureau of Mines Form 6-1300-M and successor EIA forms.

Petroleum Products, Total Consumption. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed, weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product consumed.

**Petroleum Products, Consumption by Electric Utilities.** Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed at electric utilities, weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product consumed at electric utilities. The quantity of petroleum consumed is estimated in the State Energy Data System as documented in the *State Energy Data Report*.

Petroleum Products, Consumption by Industrial Users. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed in the industrial sector, weighted by the estimated quantity of each petroleum product consumed in the industrial sector. The quantity of petroleum products consumed is estimated in the State Energy Data System as documented in the State Energy Data Report.

Petroleum Products, Consumption by Residential and Commercial Users. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed by the residential and commercial sector, weighted by the estimated quantity of each petroleum product consumed in the residential and commercial sector. The quantity of petroleum products consumed is estimated in the State Energy Data System as documented in the State Energy Data Report.

**Petroleum Products, Consumption by Transportation Users.** Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factor for all petroleum products consumed in the transportation sector, weighted by the estimated quantity of each petroleum product consumed in the transportation sector. The quantity of petroleum products consumed is estimated in the State Energy Data System as documented in the State Energy Data Report.

**Petroleum Products, Exports.** Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each petroleum product, weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product exported.

**Petroleum Products, Imports.** Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each petroleum product imported, weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product imported.

**Plant Condensate.** Estimated to be 5.418 million Btu per barrel by EIA from data provided by McClanahan Consultants, Inc., Houston, Texas.

**Propane.** EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 3.836 million Btu per barrel as published in the *California Oil World and Petroleum Industry*, First Issue, April 1942.

**Residual Fuel Oil.** EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.287 million Btu per barrel as reported in the Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Values of Various Fuels, adopted January 3, 1950."

**Road Oil.** EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 6.636 million Btu per barrel, which was assumed to be equal to that of asphalt (see Asphalt) and was first published by the Bureau of Mines in the *Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1970.* 

Special Naphtha. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.248 million Btu per barrel, which was assumed to be equal to that of total gasoline (aviation and motor) factor and was first published in the *Petroleum Statement*, Annual, 1970.

Still Gas. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines estimated thermal conversion factor of 6.000 million Btu per barrel and first published in the *Petroleum Statement*, *Annual*, 1970.

Unfinished Oil. EIA assumed the thermal conversion factor to be 5.825 million Btu per barrel or equal to that for distillate fuel oil (see Distillate Fuel Oil) and first published in the Annual Report to Congress, Volume 3, 1977.

Unfractionated Stream. EIA assumed the thermal conversion factor to be 5.418 million Btu per barrel or equal to that for plant condensate (see Plant Condensate) and first published in the Annual Report to Congress, Volume 2, 1981.

Waxes. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 5.537 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement*, Annual, 1956.

## Approximate Heat Content of Natural Gas

Natural Gas, Total Consumption. 1973-1979: EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor calculated annually by the American Gas Association (AGA) and published in *Gas Facts*, an AGA annual publication. 1980 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content of natural gas consumed by the total quantity of natural gas consumed. The heat content and quantity consumed are from Form EIA-176. Published sources are: 1980-1990: EIA, *Natural Gas Annual 1990, Volume 2*, Table 15. 1991 forward: 1990 value used as an estimate.

Natural Gas, Consumption by Electric Utilities. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content of natural gas received at electric utilities by the total quantity received at electric utilities. The heat contents and receipts are from Form FERC-423 and predecessor forms. Natural Gas, Consumption by Sectors Other Than Electric Utilities. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of all natural gas consumed less the heat content of natural gas consumed at electric utilities by the quantity of all natural gas consumed less the quantity of natural gas consumed at electric utilities. Data are from Forms EIA-176, FERC-423, EIA-759, and predecessor forms.

Natural Gas, Exports. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of exported natural gas by the quantity of natural gas exported, both reported on Form FPC-14.

Natural Gas, Imports. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of imported natural gas by the quantity of natural gas imported, both reported on Form FPC-14.

Natural Gas Production, Dry. Assumed by EIA to be equal to the thermal conversion factor for the consumption of dry natural gas. See Natural Gas Consumption.

Natural Gas Production, Marketed (Wet). Calculated annually by EIA by adding the heat content of dry natural gas production and the total heat content of natural gas plant liquids production and dividing this sum by the total quantity of marketed (wet) natural gas production.

## Approximate Heat Content of Coal and Coal Coke

Anthracite, Total Consumption. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of anthracite consumed by electric utilities and all other sectors combined by the total quantity of anthracite consumed.

Anthracite, Consumption by Electric Utilities. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of anthracite receipts at electric utilities by the quantity of anthracite received at electric utilities. Heat contents and receipts are from Form FERC-423 and predecessor forms.

Anthracite, Consumption by Sectors Other Than Electric Utilities. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of anthracite production less the heat content of the anthracite consumed at electric utilities, net exports, and shipments to U.S. Armed Forces overseas by the quantity of anthracite consumed by sectors other than electric utilities less the quantity of anthracite stock changes, losses, and "unaccounted for."

Anthracite, Imports and Exports. EIA assumed the anthracite imports and exports to be freshly mined anthracite having an estimated heat content of 25.40 million Btu per short ton.

Anthracite, Production. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of freshly mined anthracite (estimated to have an average heat content of 25.400 million Btu per short ton) and the heat content of anthracite recovered from culm banks and river dredging (estimated to have a heat content of 17.500 million Btu per short ton) by the total quantity of anthracite production.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Total Consumption. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite consumed by electric utilities, coal coke plants, other industrial plants, the residential and commercial sector, and the transportation sector by the sum of their respective tonnages.

**Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Consumption by Coke Plants.** Estimated by EIA to be 26.800 million Btu per short ton on the basis of an input/output analysis of coal carbonization.

**Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Consumption by Electric Utilities.** Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content of bituminous coal and lignite received at electric utilities by the total quantity received at electric utilities. Heat contents and receipts are from Form FERC-423 and predecessor forms.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Consumption by Other Industrial and Transportation Users. 1973: Calculated by EIA through regression analysis measuring the difference between the average Btu value of coal consumed by other industrial users and that of coal consumed at electric utilities in the 1974-1982 period. 1974 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by assuming that the bituminous coal and lignite delivered to other industrial users from each coal-producing area (reported on Form EIA-6 and predecessor Bureau of Mines Form 6-1419-Q) contained a heat value equal to that of bituminous coal and lignite received at electric utilities from each of the same coal-producing areas (reported on Form FERC-423). The average Btu value of coal by coal-producing area was applied to the volume of deliveries to other industrial users from each coal-producing area, and the sum total of the heat content was divided by the total volume of deliveries. Coal-producing areas are the Bureau of Mines coal-producing districts for 1974 through 1989 and coal-producing States for 1990 forward.

**Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Consumption by Residential and Commercial Users.** 1973: Calculated by EIA through regression analysis measuring the difference between the average Btu value of coal consumed by residential and commercial users and that of coal consumed by electric utilities in the 1974-1982 period. 1974 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by assuming that the bituminous coal and lignite delivered to residential and commercial users from each coal-producing area (reported on Form EIA-6 and predecessor Bureau of Mines Form 6-1419-Q) contained a heat value equal to that of bituminous coal and lignite received at electric utilities from each of the same coal-producing areas (reported on Form FERC-423). The average Btu value of coal by coal-producing area was applied to the volume of deliveries to residential and commercial users from each coal-producing area, and the total of the heat value was divided by the total volume of deliveries. Coal-producing areas are the Bureau of Mines coal-producing districts for 1974 through 1989 and coal-producing States for 1990 forward.

**Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Exports.** Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of exported metallurgical coal (estimated to average 27.000 million Btu per short ton) and the heat content of exported steam coal (estimated to have an average thermal content of 25.000 million Btu per short ton) by the total quantity of bituminous coal and lignite exported.

**Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Imports.** EIA estimated the average thermal conversion factor to be 25.000 million Btu per short ton.

**Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Production.** Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite consumption, net exports, stock changes, and unaccounted for by the sum of their respective tonnages. Consumers' stock changes by sectors were assumed to have the same conversion factor as that of the consumption sector. Producers' stock changes and unaccounted for were assumed to have the same conversion factor as that for consumption by all users.

**Coal, Consumption.** Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite consumption by the sum of their respective tonnages.

**Coal, Consumption by Electric Utilities.** Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite received at electric utilities by the sum of their respective tonnages received.

**Coal, Consumption by Sectors Other Than Electric Utilities.** Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite consumed by sectors other than electric utilities by the sum of their respective tonnages.

**Coal, Exports.** Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous

coal and lignite and anthracite exported by the sum of their respective tonnages.

Coal, Imports. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite imported by the sum of their respective tonnages.

Coal, Production. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the total heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite production by the sum of their respective tonnages.

Coal Coke, Imports and Exports. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines estimate of 24.800 million Btu per short ton.

### Approximate Heat Rates for Electricity

Fossil-Fueled Steam-Electric Plant Generation. There is no generally accepted practice for measuring the thermal conversion rates for power plants that generate electricity from hydroelectric, wood and waste, wind, photovoltaic, or solar thermal energy sources. Therefore, EIA has selected a rate that is equal to the prevailing annual average heat rate factor for fossil-fueled steam-electric power plants in the United States. By using that factor, it is possible to evaluate fossil fuel requirements for replacing those sources during periods of interruption such as droughts. The heat content of a kilowatthour of electricity produced, regardless of the generation process, is 3,412 Btu per kilowatthour. 1973-1990: The weighted annual average heat rate for fossil-fueled steam-electric power plants in the United States, as published by EIA in Electric Plant Cost and Power Production Expenses 1990, Table 11. 1991 forward: 1990 value used as an estimate.

Geothermal Energy Plant Generation. 1973-1981: Calculated annually by EIA by weighting the average annual heat rates of operating geothermal units by the installed nameplate capacities as reported on Form FPC-12. 1982 forward: Estimated annually by EIA on the basis of an informal survey of relevant plants.

Nuclear Steam-Electric Plant Generation. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content consumed in nuclear generating units by the total (net) electricity generated by nuclear generating units. The heat content and electricity generation are reported on Form FERC-1, Form EIA-412, and predecessor forms. The factors, beginning with 1982 data, are published in the following EIA reports—1982: Historical Plant Cost and Annual Production Expenses for Selected Electric Plants 1982, page 215. 1983-1990: Electric Plant Cost and Power Production Expenses 1990, Table 15. 1991 forward: 1990 value used as an estimate.

. . **`** • .

### Appendix B. Metric and Other Physical Conversion Factors

Data presented in the Monthly Energy Review and in other Energy Information Administration publications are expressed in units, such as British thermal units, barrels, cubic feet, and short tons, that historically have been used in the United States. However, because U.S. activities involve foreign nations, most of which use metric units of measure, the United States is committed to making the transition to the metric system.

The metric conversion factors presented in Table B1 can be used to calculate the metric-unit equivalents of values expressed in U.S. customary units. For example, 500 short tons are the equivalent of 453.6 metric tons (500 short tons X 0.9071847 metric tons/short ton = 453.6 metric tons). Most of the

metric units shown in Table B1 belong to the International System of Units.

The conversion factors presented in Table B2 can be used to calculate equivalents in various physical units commonly used in energy analyses. For example, 10 barrels are the equivalent of 420 U.S. gallons (10 barrels X 42 gallons/barrel = 420 gallons).

In the metric system of weights and measures, designations of multiples and subdivisions of any unit may be arrived at by combining the name of the unit with prefixes, such as deka, hecto, and kilo, meaning, respectively, 10, 100, and 1,000, and deci, centi, and milli, meaning, respectively, one-tenth, one-hundredth, and one-thousandth. Common metric prefixes can be found in Table B3.

#### **Metric Unit Conversion Factor** Type of Unit U.S. Unit 0.907 184 7 metric tons (t) Х short tons (2,000 lb) = Mass XXXXXX 0.769^a metric tons uranium (tU) short tons uranium oxide (U₃O₈) = 0.613^a metric tons uranium (tU) short tons uranium fluoride ( $UF_6$ ) = 1.016 047 = metric tons (t) lona tons 0.453 592 37^b kilograms (kg) pounds (lb) . pounds uranium oxide (lb U₃O₈) kilograms uranium (kgU) 0.384 645^a х ounces, avoirdupois (avdp oz) 28.349 52 grams (g) Х 0.158 987 3 cubic meters (m³) barrels of oil (bbl) Volume X X X cubic meters (m³) 0.764 555 cubic yards (yd³) = cubic meters (m³) cubic feet (ft³) 0.028 316 85 = liters (L) 3.785 412 U.S. gallons (gal) = Х 29.573 53ª . milliliters (mL) ounces, fluid (fl oz) X milliliters (mL) 16.387 064 cubic inches (in³) = 1.609 344^b Х kilometers (km) miles (mi) = Length X 0.914 4^b meters (m) = yards (yd) X 0.304 8^b meters (m) feet (ft) = X 2.54^b centimeters (cm) = inches (in) hectares (ha) Х 0.404 69 = Area acres XXX square kilometers (km²) 2.589 988 square miles (mi²) = square meters (m²) 0.836 127 4 square yards (yd²) = 0.092 903 04^b square feet (ft²) Х == square meters (m²) Х 6.451 6^b square centimeters (cm²) square inches (in²) _ degrees Celsius (° C) Х 5/9 (after subtracting 32)^b degrees Fahrenheit^c (° F) = Temperature 1, 055.055 852 62 ^{b, d} joules (J) British thermal units (Btu) Х = Energy Х 4.186 8^d joules (J) calories (cal) = Х megajoules (MJ) kilowatthours (kWh) 3.6 =

#### Table B1. Metric Conversion Factors

*Calculated by the Energy Information Administration.

Exact conversion.

"To convert degrees Celsius (° C) to degrees Fahrenheit (° F) exactly, multiply by 9/5, then add 32.

^dThe International Table conversion (5th International Conference on the Properties of Steam, London, 1956).

Sources: • General Services Administration, Federal Standard 376B, preprint copy of Preferred Metric Units for General Use by the Federal Government (Washington, DC, January 27, 1993), pp. 9-11, 13, and 16. • National Institute of Standards and Technology, Special Publications 330, 811, and 814. • American National Standards Institute/Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers, ANSI/IEEE Std. 268-1992, pp. 28 and 29.

Energy Source	Original Unit		<b>Conversion Factor</b>		Final Unit
Crude Oil (Average Gravity)	barrels (bbl)	x	42 ^a	=	U.S. gallons (gal)
Coal	short tons long tons metric tons (t)	x x x	2, 000 ^a 2, 240 ^a 1, 000 ^a		pounds (Ib) pounds (Ib) kilograms (kg)
Wood (Average Dry Hardwood)	cords (cd) cords (cd)	X X	1.25 ^b 128 ^a	8	short tons cubic feet (ft ³ )

### Table B2. Other Physical Conversion Factors

*Exact conversion.

^bCalculated by the Energy Information Administration.

Source: National Institute of Standards and Technology, NIST Handbook 44 (1993 Edition) (Washington, DC, October 1992), pp. C-17 and C-21.

### **Table B3. Metric Prefixes**

Unit Multiple	Prefix	Symbol	Unit Subdivision	Prefix	Symbol
10 ²⁴ 10 ²¹	yotta	Y	10 ⁻¹	deci	d
10-18	zetta	Z	10 ⁻²	centi	c
10 ¹⁸ 10 ¹⁵	exa	E	10 ⁻³	milli	m
10 ¹² 10 ¹²	peta	· P	10 6	micro	μ
	tera	Т	10-9	nano	n
10°	giga	G	10-12	pico	p
10 ⁶	mega	M	10-18	femto	ŕ
10 ³	kilo	k	1 10	atto	а
10 ²	hecto	h	10-21	zepto	Z
10'	deka	da	10 ⁻²⁴	yocto	У

Source: National Institute of Standards and Technology, NIST Special Publication 330 (Washington, DC, August 1991), p. 10.

For information regarding the International System of Units, contact Dr. Barry N. Taylor at Building 221, Room B160, National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, MD 20899, or on telephone number 301-975-4220.

## **Appendix C. List of Features**

The following is a complete list of features that have appeared in the Monthly Energy Review since the first issue was published in October 1974. There are four categories of features on the list. "Articles" cover a wide range of energyrelated subjects in depth. "Highlights" summarize the most important information presented in the subject Energy Information Administration (EIA) report. "Energy Previews"

provide brief overviews of EIA preliminary energy data on a given topic. "EIA Data News" items present information on recent changes in the scope, design, methodology, and findings of the EIA's energy surveys and data bases. Questions and comments about features may be directed to Barbara T. Fichman by telephone on 202-586-5737 or by fax on 202-586-0018.

#### Feature

### **Cover Date**

#### ----

1993 Energy Preview: Residential Transportation Energy Consumption Survey,	
Preliminary Estimates, 1991	January 1993 February 1993
Highlights: Federal Energy Subsidies: Direct and Indirect Interventions in Energy Markets	July 1993
Highlighter Household Energy Consumption and Expenditures 1990	August 1993 August 1993
Article: Demand, Supply, and Price Outlook for Low-Sulfur Diesel Fuel	September 1993
Highlights: Natural Gas 1992: Issues and Trends	September 1993
Highlights: International Fnergy Outlook 1993	October 1993 November 1993
Highlights: The Changing Structure of the U.S. Coal Industry: An Update	December 1993
Highlights: Assessment of Energy Use in Multibuilding Facilities	December 1993
1992	
Energy Preview: Residential Energy Consumption and Expenditures Preliminary Estimates, 1990	April 1992
EIA Data News: Oxygenate Data Collection Begins	May 1992
Highlights: Lighting in Commercial Buildings	June 1992
Article: Demand Supply and Price Outlook for Oxgenated Gasoline, Winter 1992-1993	August 1992 September 1992
EIA Data News: EIA Statistics on Electric Utility Demand-Side Management	October 1992
Highlights: Derived Appual Estimates of Manufacturing Energy Consumption, 1974-1988	November 1992
Article: Energy Efficiency in the Manufacturing Sector	December 1992
1991	March 1991
Highlights:         U.S. Energy Industry Financial Developments, 1990 Fourth Quarter           Article:         U.S. Wholesale Electricity Transactions	April 1991
<b>1990</b> Article: Refining Results Highlight Energy Companies' First-Half Profit Performance	June 1990
Highlights: U.S. Oil and Gas Reserves by Year of Field Discovery	August 1990
1989	March 1989
Article: A Review of Valdez Oil Spill Market Impacts         Article: Monthly U.S. Crude Oil Production Estimates	March 1989
Article: Superconductivity and Energy Production and Consumption	May 1989
Highlights: Commercial Buildings Consumption and Expenditures 1986	May 1989
Article: Higher Prices Yield Improved Energy Industry Financial Results	June 1989
in the First Half of 1989 Article: The Future Structure of the U.S. Commercial Nuclear Power Equipment	Julie 1909
Manufacturing Industry	July 1989
Highlights: Potential Costs of Restricting Chlorofluorocarbon Use	September 1989
Lististan Manufacturing Energy Consumption Survey: Changes in	October 1989
Highlights: Manufacturing Energy Consumption Curvey. Changes in         Energy Efficiency, 1980-1985         Highlights: Household Energy Consumption and Expenditures 1987, Part 1: National Data	November 1989
Article: Improved Energy Profits Offset by Refining Results in 1989	December 1989
• ••	

### Feature

### **Cover Date**

1988         Article: Measures of Energy Consumption, Expenditures, and Prices         Highlights: Characteristics of Commercial Buildings 1986         Article: The U.S. Energy Industry's Financial Recovery Continued in the First Half of 1988         Article: A U.S. Perspective on Condensate         Article: State Energy Severance Taxes, 1972-1987         Highlights: Manufacturing Energy Consumption Survey: Consumption of Energy, 1985         Highlights: Profiles of Foreign Direct Investment in U.S. Energy 1987         Highlights: Manufacturing Energy Consumption Survey: Fuel Switching, 1985         Article: Increased Refining Income Led U.S. Energy Industry Financial Recovery in 1988	May 1988 June 1988 June 1988 June 1988 July 1988 September 1988 October 1988 November 1988 December 1988
<b>1987</b> Article: Manufacturing Sector Energy Consumption, 1985 Provisional Estimates Highlights: Consumption and Expenditures, April 1984 Through March 1985, <i>Part 1: National Data</i>	January 1987 April 1987
Highlights: Consumption and Expenditures, April 1984 Through March 1985,         Part 2: Regional Data         Article: U.S. Energy Industry Financial Developments, 1987 Second Quarter         Article: End-Use Consumption of Residential Energy         Highlights: Uranium Industry Annual 1986         Highlights: Potential Oil Production from ANWR         Highlights: Profiles of Foreign Direct Investment in U.S. Energy 1986         Article: The U.S. Energy Industry in 1987: A Slow Recovery	May 1987 June 1987 July 1987 September 1987 October 1987 November 1987 December 1987
<b>1986</b> Article: State Motor Gasoline Taxes, 1960-1985Article: The Impact of Low Oil Prices on Electric Utility Fuel ChoiceArticle: U.S. Energy Industry Financial Developments, 1986 Second QuarterHighlights: International Energy Annual 1985Article: U.S. Energy Industry Financial Developments, 1986	March 1986 June 1986 June 1986 September 1986 December 1986
<b>1985</b> Highlights: Annual Energy Review 1984Highlights: Performance Profiles of Major Energy Producers 1983Article: Estimating Well CompletionsHighlights: State Energy Price and Expenditure Report 1970-1982Highlights: State Energy Data Report, Consumption Estimates, 1960-1983Highlights: Annual Outlook for U.S. Electric Power 1985Highlights: Short-Term Energy Outlook, Volume 1, October 1985Highlights: Analysis of Growth in Electricity Demand, 1980-1984Highlights: Profiles of Foreign Direct Investment in U.S. Energy 1984Highlights: Performance Profiles of Major Energy Producers 1984	January 1985 February 1985 March 1985 March 1985 April 1985 June 1985 August 1985 August 1985 November 1985 December 1985
<b>1984</b> Highlights: Annual Energy Review 1983Highlights: Annual Energy Outlook 1983Highlights: State Energy Data Report, Consumption Estimates, 1960-1982Highlights: State Energy Price and Expenditure Report, 1970-1981Highlights: Solar Collector Manufacturing Activity 1983Highlights: International Energy Annual 1983Highlights: Estimates of U.S. Wood Energy Consumption, 1980-1983Highlights: Energy Conservation Indicators 1983 Annual ReportHighlights: Annual Energy Outlook 1984	February 1984 March 1984 March 1984 May 1984 June 1984 September 1984 September 1984 November 1984 December 1984

.

### Feature

.

.

### **Cover Date**

<b>1983</b> Highlights: Residential Energy Consumption Survey: Consumption and Expenditures         Highlights: Residential Energy Consumption Survey: Housing Characteristics         Article: The Effect of Weather on Energy Use         Article: Trends in U.S. Energy Since 1973         Article: Data Series on Petroleum Use at Electric Utilities         Highlights: Energy Price and Expenditure Data Report, 1970-1980         Highlights: Railroad Deregulation: Impact on Coal         Highlights: V.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves,         1982 Annual Report         Article: Residential Energy Consumption, 1978 Through 1981	January 1983 February 1983 April 1983 May 1983 July 1983 July 1983 August 1983 August 1983 September 1983 September 1983 November 1983 December 1983[2]
Article: The Influence of Federal Actions on Petroleum Exploration         Article: Aggregate Statistics: Accurate or Misleading?	December 1983[3]
<b>1982</b> Article: The Interstate and Intrastate Natural Gas Markets         Article: Natural Gas Drilling and Production Under the Natural Gas Policy Act         Highlights: U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, 1981 Annual Report         Article: Impacts of Financial Constraints on the Electric Utility Industry         Highlights: Energy Company Development Patterns in the Postembargo Era	January 1982 February 1982 September 1982 October 1982 November 1982
<b>1981</b> Article: Changes in 1981 Petroleum Data Series         Article: Information Services of the Energy Information Administration         Article: An Overview of Natural Gas Markets	May 1981 September 1981 December 1981
<b>1980</b> Article: The Solar Collector Industry and Solar EnergyArticle: Trends in the Installation of Energy Using Equipment in New Residential BuildingsArticle: The Energy Information Administration's Oil and Gas Reserves	February 1980 March 1980
Program—The First Year's Report	June 1980
Article: Energy From Urban Waste	August 1980 October 1980
Article: EIA Weekly Petroleum Data: Data Collection and Methods of Estimation	November 1980
Article: The Department of Energy Disclosure Policy for Individually Identifiable Information Maintained by the Energy Information Administration	December 1980
1979	
Article: The Energy Requirements of U.S. Agriculture	July 1979
on the Nation's Short-Term Electric Utility Fuel Outlook	October 1979
Article: Reduction in Natural Gas Requirements Due to Fuel Switching	December 1979
1978 Article: Short-Term Petroleum Supply and Demand	May 1978
<b>1977</b> Article: Crude Oil Entitlements Program         Article: Motor Gasoline Supply and Demand	January 1977 July 1977

·

### Feature

### **Cover Date**

<b>1976</b> Article: Curtailments of Natural Gas Service Article: Home Heating Conservation Alternatives and the Solar Collector Industry Article: Trends in United States Petroleum Imports	January 1976 March 1976 September 1976
1975         Article: Energy Consumption         Article: Nuclear Power         Article: The Price of Crude Oil         Article: U.S. Coal Resources and Reserves         Article: Propane—A National Energy Resource         Article: Short-Term Energy Supply and Demand Forecasting at FEA	March 1975 April 1975 June 1975 July 1975 September 1975 October 1975

### Glossary

Anthracite: A hard, black, lustrous coal containing a high percentage of fixed carbon and a low percentage of volatile matter. Often referred to as hard coal. It conforms to ASTM Specification D388-84 for anthracite, meta-anthracite, and semianthracite.

Asphalt: A dark-brown-to-black cement-like material containing bitumens as the predominant constituents obtained by petroleum processing. The definition includes crude asphalt as well as the following finished products: cements, fluxes, the asphalt content of emulsions (exclusive of water), and petroleum distillates blended with asphalt to make cutback asphalts.

ASTM: The American Society for Testing and Materials.

Aviation Gasoline Blending Components: Naphthas that are used for blending or compounding into finished aviation gasoline (e.g., straight-run gasoline, alkylate, and reformate). Excludes oxygenates (alcohols and ethers), butane, and pentanes plus.

Aviation Gasoline, Finished: All special grades of gasoline for use in aviation reciprocating engines, as given in ASTM Specification D910 and Military Specification MIL-G-5572. Excludes blending components that will be used in blending or compounding into finished aviation gasoline.

**Barrel (petroleum):** A unit of volume equal to 42 U.S. gallons.

**Base (Cushion) Gas:** The volume of gas needed as a permanent inventory to maintain adequate underground storage reservoir pressures and deliverability rates throughout the withdrawal season. All native gas is included in the base gas volume.

**Bituminous Coal:** A dense black coal, often with well-defined bands of bright and dull material, with a moisture content usually less than 20 percent. Often referred to as soft coal. It is the most common coal and is used primarily for generating electricity, making coke, and space heating. It conforms to ASTM Specification D388-84 for bituminous coal. In this report, bituminous coal includes subbituminous coal.

British Thermal Unit (Btu): The quantity of heat needed to raise the temperature of 1 pound of water by 1° F at or near 39.2° F. See Heat Content of a Quantity of Fuel, Gross and Heat Content of a Quantity of Fuel, Net. **Butane:** A normally gaseous straight-chain or branched-chain hydrocarbon ( $C_4H_{10}$ ). It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams. It includes isobutane and normal butane and is designated in ASTM Specification D1835 and Gas Processors Association Specifications for commercial butane.

- Isobutane: A normally gaseous branched-chain hydrocarbon. It is a colorless paraffinic gas that boils at a temperature of 10.9° F. It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams.
- Normal Butane: A normally gaseous straight-chain hydrocarbon. It is a colorless paraffinic gas that boils at a temperature of 31.1° F. It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams.

Butylene: An olefinic hydrocarbon  $(C_4H_8)$  recovered from refinery processes.

**Capacity Factor:** The ratio of the electrical energy produced by a generating unit for a given period of time to the electrical energy that could have been produced at continuous full-power operation during the same period.

CIF: See Cost, Insurance, Freight.

City Gate: A point or measuring station at which a distribution gas utility receives gas from a natural gas pipeline company or transmission system.

**Coal:** A black or brownish-black solid, combustible substance formed by the partial decomposition of vegetable matter without access to air. The rank of coal, which includes anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, and lignite, is based on fixed carbon, volatile matter, and heating value. Coal rank indicates the progressive alteration, or coalification, from lignite to anthracite. Lignite contains approximately 9 to 17 million Btu per ton. The heat contents of subbituminous and bituminous coal range from 16 to 24 million Btu per ton, and from 19 to 30 million Btu per ton, respectively. Anthracite contains approximately 22 to 28 million Btu per ton.

**Coal Coke:** A hard, porous product made from baking bituminous coal in ovens at temperatures as high as  $2,000^{\circ}$  F. It is used both as a fuel and as a reducing agent in smelting iron ore in a blast furnace.

Commercial Sector: The commercial sector, as defined economically, consists of business establishments that are not engaged in transportation or in manufacturing or other types of industrial activity (agriculture, mining, or construction). Commercial establishments include hotels, motels, restaurants, wholesale businesses, retail stores, laundries, and other service enterprises; religious and nonprofit organizations; health, social, and educational institutions; and Federal, State, and local governments. Street lights, pumps, bridges, and public services are also included if the establishment operating them is considered commercial.

**Completion:** The installation of permanent equipment for the production of oil or gas. If a well is equipped to produce only oil or gas from one zone or reservoir, the definition of a well (classified as an oil well or gas well) and the definition of a completion are identical. However, if a well is equipped to produce oil and/or gas separately from more than one reservoir, a well is not synonymous with a completion.

**Conversion Factor:** A number that translates units of one system into corresponding values of another system. Conversion factors can be used to translate physical units of measure for various fuels into Btu equivalents.

**Cost, Insurance, Freight (CIF):** A type of sale in which the buyer of the product agrees to pay a unit price that includes the f.o.b. value of the product at the point of origin plus all costs of insurance and transportation. This type of transaction differs from a "delivered" purchase in that the buyer accepts the quantity as determined at the loading port (as certified by the Bill of Loading and Quality Report) rather than pay on the basis of the quantity and quality ascertained at the unloading port. It is similar to the terms of an f.o.b. sale, except that the seller, as a service for which he is compensated, arranges for transportation and insurance.

**Crude Oil f.o.b. Price:** The crude oil price actually charged at the oil-producing country's port of loading. Includes deductions for any rebates and discounts or additions of premiums, where applicable. It is the actual price paid with no adjustment for credit terms.

**Crude Oil (Including Lease Condensate):** A mixture of hydrocarbons that exists in liquid phase in underground reservoirs and remains liquid at atmospheric pressure after passing through surface separating facilities. Included are lease condensate and liquid hydrocarbons produced from tar sands, gilsonite, and oil shale. Drip gases are also included, but topped crude oil (residual oil) and other unfinished oils are excluded. Where identifiable, liquids produced at natural gas processing plants and mixed with crude oil are likewise excluded.

**Crude Oil Landed Cost:** The price of crude oil at the port of discharge, including charges associated with the purchase, transporting, and insuring of a cargo from the purchase point to the port of discharge. The cost does not include charges incurred at the discharge port (e.g., import tariffs or fees, wharfage charges, and demurrage). Crude Oil Refinery Input: The total crude oil put into processing units at refineries.

Crude Oil Stocks: Stocks of crude oil and lease condensate held at refineries, in pipelines, at pipeline terminals, and on leases.

Crude Oil Used Directly: Crude oil consumed as fuel by crude oil pipelines and on crude oil leases.

Cubic Foot (natural gas): A unit of volume equal to 1 cubic foot at a pressure base of 14.73 pounds standard per square inch absolute and a temperature base of  $60^{\circ}$  F.

**Degree-Day Normals:** Simple arithmetic averages of monthly or annual degree-days over a long period of time (usually the 30-year period 1951-1980). The averages may be simple degree-day normals or population-weighted degree-day normals.

**Degree-Days, Cooling (CDD):** The number of degrees per day that the daily average temperature is above 65° F. The daily average temperature is the mean of the maximum and minimum temperatures for a 24-hour period.

Degree-Days, Heating (HDD): The number of degrees per day that the daily average temperature is below  $65^{\circ}$  F. The daily average temperature is the mean of the maximum and minimum temperatures for a 24-hour period.

Degree-Days, Population-Weighted: Heating or cooling degree-days weighted by the population of the area in which the degree-days are recorded. To compute State population-weighted degree-days, each State is divided into from one to nine climatically homogeneous divisions, which are assigned weights based on the ratio of the population of the division to the total population of the State. Degree-day readings for each division are multiplied by the corresponding population weight for each division and those products are then summed to arrive at the State population-weighted degree-day figure. To compute national population-weighted degree-days, the Nation is divided into nine Census regions comprised of from three to eight States, which are assigned weights based on the ratio of the population of the region to the total population of the Nation. Degree-day readings for each region are multiplied by the corresponding population weight for each region and those products are then summed to arrive at the national population-weighted degree-day figure.

Design Electrical Rating, Net: The nominal net electrical output of a nuclear unit as specified by the electric utility for the purpose of plant design.

Development Well: A well drilled within the proved area of an oil or gas reservoir to the depth of a stratigraphic horizon known to be productive. **Distillate Fuel Oil:** A general classification for one of the petroleum fractions produced in conventional distillation operations. Included are products known as No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 fuel oils and No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 diesel fuels. It is used primarily for space heating, on- and off-highway diesel engine fuel (including railroad engine fuel and fuel for agricultural machinery), and electric power generation.

Dry Hole: An exploratory or development well found to be incapable of producing either oil or gas in sufficient quantities to justify completion as an oil or gas well.

Dry Natural Gas Production (as a decrement from gas reserves): The volume of natural gas withdrawn from reservoirs during the report year less (1) the volume returned to such reservoirs in cycling, repressuring of oil reservoirs, and conservation operations; (2) shrinkage resulting from the removal of lease condensate and plant liquids; and (3) nonhydrocarbon gases, where they occur in sufficient quantity to render the gas unmarketable. Volumes of gas withdrawn from gas storage reservoirs and native gas that has been transferred to the storage category are not considered production. This is not the same as marketed production, since the latter also excludes vented and flared gas but contains liquids.

Dry Natural Gas Production (as an increment to gas supply): Gross withdrawals from production reservoirs less gas used in reservoir repressuring, amounts vented and flared, nonhydrocarbons removed, and various natural gas constituents, such as ethane, propane, and butane, removed at natural gas processing plants. The parameters for measurement are 60° F and 14.73 pounds standard per square inch absolute.

Electrical System Energy Losses: The amount of energy lost during generation, transmission, and distribution of electricity, including plant and unaccounted-for uses.

**Electricity Generation:** The process of producing electric energy or transforming other forms of energy into electric energy. Also the amount of electric energy produced or expressed in watthours (Wh).

**Electricity Generation, Gross:** The total amount of electric energy produced by the generating station or stations, measured at the generator terminals.

Electricity Generation, Net: Gross generation less electricity consumed at the generating plant for station use. Electricity required for pumping at pumped-storage plants is regarded as plant use and is deducted from gross generation.

**Electricity Production:** Net electricity (gross electricity output measured at generator terminals minus power plant use) generated by publicly and privately owned electric utilities. Excludes industrial electricity generation (except autogeneration of hydroelectric power).

Electricity Sales: The amount of kilowatthours sold in a given period of time; usually grouped by classes of service, such as residential, commercial, industrial, and other. "Other" sales include sales for public street and highway lighting and other sales to public authorities, sales to railroads and railways, and interdepartmental sales.

Electric Power Plant: A station containing prime movers, electric generators, and auxiliary equipment for converting mechanical, chemical, and/or fission energy into electric energy.

Electric Utility: A corporation, person, agency, authority, or other legal entity or instrumentality that owns and/or operates facilities for the generation, transmission, distribution, or sale of electric energy, primarily for use by the public, and that files forms listed in the *Code of Federal Regulations*, Title 18, Part 141. Facilities that qualify as cogenerators or small power producers under the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act are not considered electric utilities.

Electric Utility Sector: The electric utility sector consists of privately and publicly owned establishments that generate, transmit, distribute, or sell electricity primarily for use by the public and that meet the definition of an electric utility. Nonutility power producers are not included in the electric utility sector.

End-Use Sectors: The residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation sectors of the economy.

Energy: The capacity for doing work as measured by the capability of doing work (potential energy) or the conversion of this capability to motion (kinetic energy). Energy has several forms, some of which are easily convertible and can be changed to another form useful for work. Most of the world's convertible energy comes from fossil fuels that are burned to produce heat that is then used as a transfer medium to mechanical or other means in order to accomplish tasks. Electrical energy is usually measured in kilowatthours, while heat energy is usually measured in British thermal units.

Energy Consumption: The use of energy as a source of heat or power or as an input in the manufacturing process.

Energy Consumption, End-Use: Primary end-use energy consumption is the sum of fossil fuel consumption by the four end-use sectors (residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation) and generation of hydroelectric power by nonelectric utilities. Net end-use energy consumption includes electric utility sales to those sectors but excludes electrical system energy losses. *Total end-use energy consumption* includes both electric utility sales to the four end-use sectors *and* electrical system energy losses.

Energy Consumption, Total: The sum of fossil fuel consumption by the five sectors (residential, commercial, industrial, transportation, and electric utility) plus hydroelectric power, nuclear electric power, net imports of coal coke, and electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.

**Energy Source:** A substance, such as petroleum, natural gas, or coal, that supplies heat or power. In Energy Information Administration reports, electricity and renewable forms of energy, such as biomass, geothermal, wind, and solar, are considered to be energy sources.

**Ethane:** A normally gaseous straight-chain hydrocarbon ( $C_2H_6$ ). It is a colorless, paraffinic gas that boils at a temperature of -127.48° F. It is extracted from natural gas and refinery gas streams.

**Ethylene:** An olefinic hydrocarbon  $(C_2H_4)$  recovered from refinery processes or petrochemical processes.

**Exploratory Well:** A well drilled to find and produce oil or gas in an unproved area, to find a new reservoir in a field previously found to be productive of oil or gas in another reservoir, or to extend the limit of a known oil or gas reservoir.

**Exports:** Shipments of goods from the 50 States and the District of Columbia to foreign countries and to Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and other U.S. possessions and territories.

f.a.s.: See Free Alongside Ship.

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC): The Federal agency with jurisdiction over interstate electricity sales, wholesale electric rates, hydroelectric licensing, natural gas pricing, oil pipeline rates, and gas pipeline certification. FERC is an independent regulatory agency within the Department of Energy and is the successor to the Federal Power Commission.

Federal Power Commission (FPC): The predecessor agency of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. The Federal Power Commission was created by an Act of Congress under the Federal Water Power Act on June 10, 1920. It was charged originally with regulating the electric power and natural gas industries. It was abolished on September 30, 1977, when the Department of Energy was created. Its functions were divided between the Department of Energy and the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, an independent regulatory agency.

First Purchase Price: The marketed first sales price of domestic crude oil, consistent with the removal price defined by the provisions of the Windfall Profits Tax on Domestic Crude Oil (Public Law 96-223, Sec. 4998 (c)).

Flared Natural Gas: Natural gas burned in flares on the base site or at gas processing plants.

f.o.b.: See Free on Board.

Footage Drilled: Total footage for wells in various categories, as reported for any specified period, includes (1) the deepest total depth (length of well bores) of all wells drilled from the surface, (2) the total of all bypassed footage drilled in connection with reported wells, and (3) all new footage drilled for directional sidetrack wells. Footage reported for directional sidetrack wells does not include footage in the common bore, which is reported as footage for the original well. In the case of old wells drilled deeper, the reported footage is that which was drilled below the total depth of the old well.

Former U.S.S.R.: See U.S.S.R.

Fossil Fuel: Any naturally occurring organic fuel, such as petroleum, coal, and natural gas.

Fossil Fuel Steam-Electric Power Plant: An electricity generation plant in which the prime mover is a turbine rotated by high-pressure steam produced in a boiler by heat from burning fossil fuels.

Free Alongside Ship (f.a.s.): The value of a commodity at the port of exportation, generally including the purchase price, plus all charges incurred in placing the commodity alongside the carrier at the port of exportation.

Free on Board (f.o.b.): A transaction whereby the seller makes the product available within an agreed-on period at a given port at a given price. It is the responsibility of the buyer to arrange for the transportation and insurance.

Fuel Ethanol: An anhydrous, denatured aliphatic alcohol ( $C_2H_5OH$ ) intended for motor gasoline blending. See Oxygenates.

Full-Power Operation: Operation of a nuclear generating unit at 100 percent of its design capacity. Full-power operation precedes commercial operation.

Gasohol: A blend of finished motor gasoline (leaded or unleaded) and alcohol (generally ethanol but sometimes methanol) limited to 10 percent by volume of alcohol. Gasohol is included in finished leaded and unleaded motor gasoline.

Gas-Turbine Electric Power Plant: A plant in which the prime mover is a gas turbine. A gas turbine typically consists of an axial-flow air compressor, one or more combustion chambers where liquid or gaseous fuel is burned and the hot gases expand to drive the generator and then are used to run the compressor.

Gas Well: A well completed for the production of natural gas from one or more gas zones or reservoirs. (Wells producing both crude oil and natural gas are classified as oil wells.)

Geothermal Energy: Energy from the internal heat of the Earth, which may be residual heat, friction heat, or a result of radioactive decay. The heat is found in rocks and fluids at various depths and can be extracted by drilling and/or pumping.

Geothermal Energy (as used at electric utilities): Hot water or steam extracted from geothermal reservoirs in the Earth's crust and supplied to steam turbines at electric utilities that drive generators to produce electricity.

**Gross Domestic Product (GDP):** The total value of goods and services produced by labor and property located in the United States. As long as the labor and property are located in the United States, the supplier (that is, the workers and, for property, the owners) may be either U.S. residents or residents of foreign countries.

Heat Content of a Quantity of Fuel, Gross: The total amount of heat released when a fuel is burned. Coal, crude oil, and natural gas all include chemical compounds of carbon and hydrogen. When those fuels are burned, the carbon and hydrogen combine with oxygen in the air to produce carbon dioxide and water. Some of the energy released in burning goes into transforming the water into steam and is usually lost. The amount of heat spent in transforming the water into steam is counted as part of gross heat content but is not counted as part of net heat content. Also referred to as the higher heating value. Btu conversion factors typically used in EIA represent gross heat content.

Heat Content of a Quantity of Fuel, Net: The amount of usable heat energy released when a fuel is burned under conditions similar to those in which it is normally used. Also referred to as the lower heating value. Btu conversion factors typically used in EIA represent gross heat content.

Heavy Oil: The fuel oils remaining after the lighter oils have been distilled off during the refining process. Except for start-up and flame stabilization, virtually all petroleum used in steam-electric power plants is heavy oil. Hydrocarbon: An organic chemical compound of hydrogen and carbon in the gaseous, liquid, or solid phase. The molecular structure of hydrocarbon compounds varies from the simplest (methane, the primary constituent of natural gas) to the very heavy and very complex.

Hydroelectric Power: The production of electricity from the kinetic energy of falling water.

Hydroelectric Power Plant: A plant in which the turbine generators are driven by falling water.

Imports: Receipts of goods into the 50 States and the District of Columbia from foreign countries and from Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and other U.S. possessions and territories.

Industrial Sector: The industrial sector comprises manufacturing industries, which make up the largest part of the sector, along with mining, construction, agriculture, fisheries, and forestry. Establishments in the sector range from steel mills, to small farms, to companies assembling electronic components.

Internal Combustion Electric Power Plant: A power plant in which the prime mover is an internal combustion engine. Diesel or gas-fired engines are the principal types used in electric power plants. The plant is usually operated during periods of high demand for electricity.

Jet Fuel: The term includes kerosene-type jet fuel and naphtha-type jet fuel. Kerosene-type jet fuel is a kerosene-quality product used primarily for commercial turbojet and turboprop aircraft engines. Naphtha-type jet fuel is a fuel in the heavy naphthas range used primarily for military turbojet and turboprop aircraft engines.

Kerosene: A petroleum distillate that has a maximum distillation temperature of  $401^{\circ}$  F at the 10-percent recovery point, a final boiling point of  $572^{\circ}$  F, and a minimum flash point of  $100^{\circ}$  F. Included are the two grades designated in ASTM D3699 (No. 1-K and No. 2-K) and all grades of kerosene called range or stove oil. Kerosene is used in space heaters, cook stoves, and water heaters; it is suitable for use as an illuminant when burned in wick lamps.

Lease and Plant Fuel: Natural gas used in well, field, and lease operations (such as gas used in drilling operations, heaters, dehydrators, and field compressors), and as fuel in natural gas processing plants.

Lease Condensate: A natural gas liquid recovered from gas well gas (associated and non-associated) in lease separators or natural gas field facilities. Lease condensate consists primarily of pentanes and heavier hydrocarbons. Light Oil: Lighter fuel oils distilled off during the refining process. Virtually all petroleum used in internal combustion and gas-turbine engines is light oil.

Lignite: A brownish-black coal of low rank with a high content of moisture and volatile matter. Often referred to as brown coal. It is used almost exclusively for electric power generation. It conforms to ASTM Specification D388-84 for lignite.

Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG): Natural gas (primarily methane) that has been liquefied by reducing its temperature to  $-260^{\circ}$  F at atmospheric pressure.

Liquefied Petroleum Gases (LPG): Ethane, ethylene, propane, propylene, normal butane, butylene, and isobutane produced at refineries or natural gas processing plants, including plants that fractionate new natural gas plant liquids.

Low-Power Testing: The period of time between a nuclear generating unit's initial fuel loading date and the issuance of its operating (full-power) license. The maximum level of operation during that period is 5 percent of the unit's design thermal rating.

Lubricants: Substances used to reduce friction between bearing surfaces or as process materials either incorporated into other materials used as processing aids in the manufacturing of other products or as carriers of other materials. Petroleum lubricants may be produced either from distillates or residues. Other substances may be added to impart or improve certain required properties. Excluded are byproducts of lubricating oil refining, such as aromatic extracts derived from solvent extraction or tars derived from deasphalting. Included are all grades of lubricating oils from spindle oil to cylinder oil and those used in greases. Lubricant categories are paraffinic and naphthenic.

**Marketed Production:** Gross withdrawals less gas used for repressuring, quantities vented and flared, and nonhydrocarbon gases removed in treating or processing operations. Includes all quantities of gas used in field and processing operations.

**Methanol:** A light, volatile alcohol (CH₃OH) eligible for motor gasoline blending. See Oxygenates.

Miscellaneous Petroleum Products: All finished petroleum products not classified elsewhere—for example, petrolatum, lube refining byproducts (aromatic extracts and tars), absorption oils, ram-jet fuel, petroleum rocket fuels, synthetic natural gas feedstocks, and specialty oils.

Motor Gasoline Blending Components: Naphthas that will be used for blending or compounding into finished motor gasoline (e.g., straight-run gasoline, alkylate, reformate, benzene, toluene, and zylene). Excluded are oxygenates (alcohols and ethers), butane, and pentanes plus.

Motor Gasoline, Finished: A complex mixture of relatively volatile hydrocarbons, with or without small quantities of additives, that has been blended to form a fuel suitable for use in spark-ignition engines. Motor gasoline, as given in ASTM Specification D439 or Federal Specification VV-G-1690B, includes a range in distillation temperatures from 122 to 158° F at the 10-percent recovery point and from 365 to 374° F at the 90-percent recovery point. Motor gasoline includes reformulated motor gasoline, oxygenated motor gasoline, and other finished motor gasoline. Blendstock is excluded until blending has been completed.

- Reformulated Motor Gasoline: Motor gasoline, formulated for use in motor vehicles, the composition and properties of which are certified as "reformulated motor gasoline" by the Environmental Protection Agency.
- Oxygenated Motor Gasoline: Motor gasoline, formulated for use in motor vehicles, that has an oxygen content of 1.8 percent or higher by weight.
- Other Finished Motor Gasoline: Motor gasoline that is not included in the reformulated or oxygenated categories.

Motor Gasoline, Finished Gasohol: A blend of finished motor gasoline (leaded or unleaded) and alcohol (generally ethanol, but sometimes methanol) in which 10 percent or more of the product is alcohol.

Motor Gasoline, Finished Leaded: Motor gasoline that contains more than 0.05 gram of lead per gallon or more than 0.005 gram of phosphorus per gallon. Premium and regular grades are included, depending on the octane rating. Includes leaded gasohol. Blendstock is excluded until blending has been completed. Alcohol that is to be used in the blending of gasohol is also excluded.

Motor Gasoline, Finished Leaded Premium: Motor gasoline having an antiknock index, calculated as (R+M)/2, greater than 90 and containing more than 0.05 gram of lead per gallon or more than 0.005 gram of phosphorus per gallon.

Motor Gasoline, Finished Leaded Regular: Motor gasoline having an antiknock index, calculated as (R+M)/2, greater than or equal to 87 and less than or equal to 90 and containing more than 0.05 gram of lead or 0.005 gram of phosphorus per gallon.

Motor Gasoline, Finished Unleaded: Motor gasoline containing not more than 0.05 gram of lead per gallon and not more than 0.005 gram of phosphorus per gallon. Premium and regular grades are included, depending on the octane rating. Includes unleaded gasohol. Blendstock is excluded until blending has been completed. Alcohol that is to be used in the blending of gasohol is also excluded.

Motor Gasoline, Finished Unleaded Midgrade: Motor gasoline having an antiknock index, calculated as (R+M)/2, greater than or equal to 88 and less than or equal to 90 and containing not more than 0.05 gram of phosphorus per gallon.

Motor Gasoline, Finished Unleaded Premium: Motor gasoline having an antiknock index, calculated as (R+M)/2, greater than 90 and containing not more than 0.05 gram of lead or 0.005 gram of phosphorus per gallon.

Motor Gasoline, Finished Unleaded Regular: Motor gasoline having an antiknock index, calculated as (R+M)/2, of 87 containing not more than 0.05 gram of lead per gallon and not more than 0.005 gram of phosphorus per gallon.

Motor Gasoline Retail Prices: Motor gasoline prices calculated each month by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) in conjunction with the construction of the Consumer Price Index (CPI). Those prices are collected in 85 urban areas selected to represent all urban consumers—about 80 percent of the total U.S. population. The service stations are selected initially, and on a replacement basis, in such a way that they represent the purchasing habits of the CPI population. Service stations in the current sample include those providing all types of service (i.e., full-, mini-, and self-service).

Motor Gasoline, Total: Includes finished leaded motor gasoline (premium and regular), finished unleaded motor gasoline (premium, midgrade, and regular), motor gasoline blending components, and gasohol.

MTBE (Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether): An ether,  $(CH_3)_3COCH_3$ , intended for motor gasoline blending. See Oxygenates.

Naphtha: A genetic term applied to a petroleum fraction with an approximate boiling range between 122 and 400° F.

Natural Gas: A mixture of hydrocarbons (principally methane) and small quantities of various nonhydrocarbons existing in the gaseous phase or in solution with crude oil in underground reservoirs.

Natural Gas, Dry: The marketable portion of natural gas production, which is obtained by subtracting extraction losses, including natural gas liquids removed at natural gas processing plants, from total production.

Natural Gas Marketed Production: Gross withdrawals of natural gas from production reservoirs, less gas used for reservoir repressuring; nonhydrocarbon gases removed in treating and processing operations; and quantities vented and flared.

Natural Gas Plant Liquids (NGPL): Natural gas liquids recovered from natural gas in processing plants and, in some situations, from natural gas field facilities, as well as those extracted by fractionators. Natural gas plant liquids are defined according to the published specifications of the Gas Processors Association and the American Society for Testing and Materials as follows: ethane, propane, normal butane, isobutane, pentanes plus, and other products from natural gas processing plants (i.e., products meeting the standards for finished petroleum products produced at natural gas processing plants, such as finished motor gasoline, finished aviation gasoline, special naphthas, kerosene, distillate fuel oil, and miscellaneous products).

Natural Gas Wellhead Price: The wellhead price of natural gas is calculated by dividing the total reported value at the wellhead by the total quantity produced as reported by the appropriate agencies of individual producing States and the U.S. Minerals Management Service. The price includes all costs prior to shipment from the lease, including gathering and compression costs, in addition to State production, severance, and similar charges.

Natural Gas, Wet: Natural gas prior to the extraction of liquids and other miscellaneous products.

Net Consumption: See Energy Consumption, End-Use.

Nonhydrocarbon Gases: Typical nonhydrocarbon gases that may be present in reservoir natural gas are carbon dioxide, helium, hydrogen sulfide, and nitrogen.

Nuclear Electric Power: Electricity generated by an electric power plant whose turbines are driven by steam generated in a reactor by heat from the fissioning of nuclear fuel.

Nuclear Electric Power Plant: A single-unit or multiunit facility in which heat produced in one or more reactors by the fissioning of nuclear fuel is used to drive one or more steam turbines.

Nuclear Reactor: An apparatus in which the nuclear fission chain can be initiated, maintained, and controlled so that energy is released at a specific rate. The reactor includes fissionable material (fuel), such as uranium or plutonium; fertile material; moderating material (unless it is a fast reactor); a heavy-walled pressure vessel; shielding to protect personnel; provision for heat removal; and control elements and instrumentation. Offshore: That geographic area that lies seaward of the coastline. In general, the coastline is the line of ordinary low water along with that portion of the coast that is in direct contact with the open sea or the line marking the seaward limit of inland water.

Oil: See Crude Oil (Including Lease Condensate).

Oil Well: A well completed for the production of crude oil from one or more oil zones or reservoirs. Wells producing both crude oil and natural gas are classified as oil wells.

**Operable (nuclear):** A U.S. nuclear generating unit is considered operable after it completes low-power testing and is issued a full-power operating license by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission. A foreign nuclear generating unit is considered operable once it has generated electricity to the grid.

Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD): Current members are Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom, the United States and its territories (Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands), and Germany.

Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC): Countries that have organized for the purpose of negotiating with oil companies on matters of oil production, prices, and future concession rights. Current members are Algeria, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela.

Oxygenated Motor Gasoline: See Motor Gasoline, Finished.

Oxygenates: Any substance which, when added to motor gasoline, increases the amount of oxygen in that motor gasoline blend. Through a series of waivers and interpretive rules, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has determined the allowable limits for oxygenates in unleaded gasoline. The "Substantially Similar" Interpretive Rules (56 FR [February 11, 1991]) allows blends of aliphatic alcohols other than methanol and aliphatic ethers, provided the oxygen content does not exceed 2.7 percent by weight. The "Substantially Similar" Interpretive Rules also provide for blends of methanol up to 0.3 percent by volume exclusive of other oxygenates, and butanol or alcohols of a higher molecular weight up to 2.75 percent by weight. Individual waivers pertaining to the use of oxygenates in unleaded motor gasoline have been issued by the EPA. They include: • Fuel Ethanol. Blends of up to 10 percent by

- Fuel Ethanol. Blends of up to 10 percent by volume anhydrous ethanol (200 proof).
- Methanol. Blends of methanol and gasoline-grade tertiary butyl alcohol (GTBA)

such that the total oxygen content does not exceed 3.5 percent by weight and the ratio of methanol to GTBA is less than or equal to 1. It is also specified that this blended fuel must meet ASTM volatility specifications. Blends of up to 5.0 percent by volume methanol with a minimum of 2.5 percent by volume cosolvent alcohols having carbon number of 4 or less (i.e., ethanol, propanol, butanol, and/or GTBA). The total oxygen must not exceed 3.7 percent by weight, and the blend must meet ASTM volatility specifications as well as phase separation and alcohol purity specifications.

• MTBE (Methyl tertiary butyl ether). Blends up to 15.0 percent by volume MTBE that must meet the ASTM D4814 specifications. Blenders must take precautions that the blends are not used as base gasolines for other oxygenated blends.

Pentanes Plus: A mixture of hydrocarbons, mostly pentanes and heavier, extracted from natural gas. Includes isopentane, natural gasoline, and plant condensate.

Petrochemical Feedstocks: Chemical feedstocks derived from petroleum principally for the manufacture of chemicals, synthetic rubber, and a variety of plastics. The categories reported are naphthas less than 401° F endpoint and other oils equal to or greater than 401° F endpoint.

Petroleum: A generic term applied to oil and oil products in all forms, such as crude oil, lease condensate, unfinished oils, petroleum products, natural gas plant liquids, and nonhydrocarbon compounds blended into finished petroleum products.

Petroleum Coke: A residue that is the final product of the condensation process in cracking. The product is either marketable petroleum coke or catalyst petroleum coke.

Petroleum Coke, Catalyst: The carbonaceous residue that is deposited on and deactivates the catalyst used in many catalytic operations (e.g., catalytic cracking). Carbon is deposited on the catalyst, thus deactivating the catalyst. The catalyst is reactivated by burning off the carbon, which is used as a fuel in the refining process. That carbon or coke is not recoverable in a concentrated form.

Petroleum Coke, Marketable: Those grades of coke produced in delayed or fluid cokers that may be recovered as relatively pure carbon. Marketable petroleum coke may be sold as is or further purified by calcining.

Petroleum Consumption: The sum of all refined petroleum products supplied. For each refined petroleum product, the amount supplied is calculated by adding production and imports, then subtracting changes in primary stocks (net withdrawals are a plus quantity and net additions are a minus quantity) and exports.

**Petroleum Imports:** Imports of petroleum into the 50 States and the District of Columbia from foreign countries and from Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and other U.S. territories and possessions. Included are imports for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve and withdrawals from bonded warehouses for onshore consumption, offshore bunker use, and military use. Excluded are receipts of foreign petroleum into bonded warehouses and into U.S. territories and U.S. Foreign Trade Zones.

**Petroleum Products:** Products obtained from the processing of crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas, and other hydrocarbon compounds. Petroleum products include unfinished oils, liquefied petroleum gases, pentanes plus, aviation gasoline, motor gasoline, naphtha-type jet fuel, kerosene-type jet fuel, kerosene, distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, petrochemical feedstocks, special naphthas, lubricants, waxes, petroleum coke, asphalt, road oil, still gas, and miscellaneous products.

Petroleum Products Supplied: See Petroleum Consumption.

**Petroleum Stocks, Primary:** For individual products, quantities that are held at refineries, in pipelines, and at bulk terminals that have a capacity of 50,000 barrels or more, or that are in transit thereto. Stocks held by product retailers and resellers, as well as tertiary stocks held at the point of consumption, are excluded. Stocks of individual products held at gas processing plants are excluded from individual product estimates but are included in other oils estimates and total.

Photovoltaic and Solar Thermal Energy (as used at electric utilities): Energy radiated by the sun as electromagnetic waves (electromagnetic radiation) that is converted at electric utilities into electricity by means of solar (photovoltaic) cells or concentrating (focusing) collectors.

**Pipeline Fuel:** Gas consumed in the operation of pipelines, primarily in compressors.

Primary Consumption: See Energy Consumption, End-Use.

**Propane:** A normally gaseous straight-chain hydrocarbon  $(C_3H_8)$ . It is a colorless paraffinic gas that boils at a temperature of -43.67° F. It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams. It includes all products designated in ASTM Specification D1835 and Gas Processors Association Specifications for commercial propane and HD-5 propane.

**Propylene:** An olefinic hydrocarbon  $(C_3H_6)$  recovered from refinery or petrochemical processes.

**Refiner Acquisition Cost of Crude Oil:** The cost of crude oil to the refiner, including transportation and fees. The composite cost is the weighted average of domestic and imported crude oil costs.

**Refinery (petroleum):** An installation that manufactures finished petroleum products from crude oil, unfinished oils, natural gas liquids, other hydrocarbons, and alcohol.

**Renewable Energy:** Energy obtained from sources that are essentially inexhaustible (unlike, for example, the fossil fuels, of which there is a finite supply). Renewable sources of energy include wood, waste, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.

**Repressuring:** The injection of a pressurized fluid (such as air, gas, or water) into oil and gas reservoir formations to effect greater ultimate recovery.

Residential Sector: The residential sector is considered to consist of all private residences, whether occupied or vacant, owned or rented, including single-family homes, multifamily housing units, and mobile homes. Secondary homes, such as summer homes, are also included. Institutional housing, such as school dormitories, hospitals, and military barracks, generally are not included in the residential sector; they are included in the commercial sector.

**Residual Fuel Oil:** The heavier oils that remain after the distillate fuel oils and lighter hydrocarbons are distilled away in refinery operations and that conform to ASTM Specifications D396 and 975. Included are No. 5, a residual fuel oil of medium viscosity; Navy Special, for use in steam-powered vessels in government service and in shore power plants; and No. 6, which includes Bunker C fuel oil and is used for commercial and industrial heating, electricity generation, and to power ships. Imports of residual fuel oil include imported crude oil burned as fuel.

Road Oil: Any heavy petroleum oil, including residual asphaltic oil used as a dust palliative and surface treatment on roads and highways. It is generally produced in six grades, from 0, the most liquid, to 5, the most viscous.

Rotary Rig: A machine used for drilling wells that employs a rotating tube attached to a bit for boring holes through rock.

Short Ton (coal): A unit of weight equal to 2,000 pounds.

SIC: See Standard Industrial Classification.

Solar Energy: The radiant energy of the sun, which can be converted into other forms of energy, such as heat or electricity. Standard Industrial Classification (SIC): A set of codes developed by the Office of Management and Budget which categorizes industries into groups with similar economic activities.

Startup Test Phase of Nuclear Power Plant: A nuclear power plant that has been licensed by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission to operate but is still in the initial testing phase, during which the production of electricity may not be continuous. In general, when the electric utility is satisfied with the plant's performance, it formally accepts the plant from the manufacturer and places it in commercial operation status. A request is then submitted to the appropriate utility rate commission to include the power plant in the rate base calculation.

Steam-Electric Power Plant: A plant in which the prime mover is a steam turbine. The steam used to drive the turbine is produced in a boiler where fossil fuels are burned.

Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR): Petroleum stocks maintained by the Federal Government for use during periods of major supply interruption.

Supplemental Gaseous Fuels: Any gaseous substance that, introduced into or commingled with natural gas, increases the volume available for disposition. Such substances include, but are not limited to, propane-air, refinery gas, coke oven gas, still gas, manufactured gas, biomass gas, or air or inert gases added for Btu stabilization.

Synthetic Natural Gas (SNG): A manufactured product chemically similar in most respects to natural gas, resulting from the conversion or reforming of petroleum hydrocarbons. It may easily be substituted for, or interchanged with, pipeline quality natural gas. Also referred to as substitute natural gas.

Total Consumption: See Energy Consumption, End-Use.

**Transportation Sector:** The transporation sector consists of private and public vehicles that move people and commodities. Included are automobiles, trucks, buses, motorcycles, railroads and railways (including streetcars), aircraft, ships, barges, and natural gas pipelines.

Unaccounted-for Crude Oil: Arithmetic difference between the calculated supply and the calculated disposition of crude oil. The calculated supply is the sum of crude oil production and imports, less changes in crude oil stocks. The calculated disposition of crude oil is the sum of crude oil input to refineries, crude oil exports, crude oil burned as fuel, and crude oil losses. Underground Storage: The storage of natural gas in underground reservoirs at a different location from which it was produced.

United States: Unless otherwise noted, "United States" in this publication means the 50 States and the District of Columbia. U.S. exports include shipments to U.S. territories, and imports include receipts from U.S. territories.

U.S.S.R.: The Union of Soviet Socialist Republics consisted of 15 constituent republics: Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belorussia, Estonia, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kirghizia, Latvia, Lithuania, Moldavia, Russia, Tadzhikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, and Uzbekistan. As a political entity, the U.S.S.R. ceased to exist as of December 31, 1991.

Vented Natural Gas: Gas released into the air on the base site or at processing plants.

Wellhead Price: The value of crude oil or natural gas at the mouth of the well.

Well Servicing Unit: Truck-mounted equipment generally used for downhole services after a well is drilled. Services include well completions and recompletions, maintenance, repairs, workovers, and well plugging and abandonments. Jobs range from minor operations, such as pulling the rods and rod pumps out of an oil well, replacing the pump and rerunning the assemblage into the well, to major workovers, such as milling out and repairing collapsed casing. Well depth and characteristics determine the type of equipment used.

Wind Energy (as used at electric utilities): The kinetic energy of wind converted at electric utilities into mechanical energy by wind turbines (i.e., blades rotating from a hub) that drive generators to produce electricity for distribution.

Wood and Waste (as used at electric utilities): Wood energy, garbage, bagasse, sewerage gas, and other industrial, agricultural, and urban refuse used to generate electricity for distribution.

Wood Energy: Wood and wood products used as fuel, including round wood (cord wood), limb wood, wood chips, bark, sawdust, forest residues, charcoal, pulp waste, and spent pulping liquor.

Working Gas: The gas in a reservoir that is in addition to the base (cushion) gas. It may or may not be completely withdrawn during any particular withdrawal season. Conditions permitting, the total working capacity could be used more than once during any given season.

# What is... Fast, Cheap, and Available NOW?! COGIS (Comprehensive Oil and Gas

**COGIS** (Comprehensive Oil and Gas Information Source) offers the latest oil and gas data published by the Energy Information Administration (EIA) through the Economic Bulletin Board (EBB). Selected data series from the Petroleum Supply Monthly, the Petroleum Marketing Monthly, the Natural Gas Monthly, the Weekly Petroleum Status Report, and the Winter Fuels Report are now available.

Why wait days or weeks, when current data are available now? Anyone with a workstation connected to an Internet node, or with a personal computer and modem, can have immediate access to oil and gas industry information.

For information, call EIA's National Energy Information Center, 202-586-8800. To open an account, call the U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Analysis, 202-482-1986.

Current fee schedule is listed below.

		Means Used to Access the EBB			
	<b>Charge</b> Annual Fee Connect Charge Credit	Up to 2400 Baud \$45.00 \$20.00	9600 Baud \$45.00 \$20.00	Internet (telnet only) \$45.00 \$20.00	
	Connect Charges (per minute based on eastern time) Weekdays: 8:00 a.m noon Noon - 6:00 p.m. 6:00 p.m 8:00 a.m. (Also weekends and holid	\$0.20 \$0.15 \$0.05 Jays)	\$0.40 \$0.25 \$0.10	\$0.40 \$0.25 \$0.10	
	Annual Flat Fee Option (cannot use account between 8:00 a.m. and noon) Maximum 1 hour per day Maximum 4 hours per day	\$250.00 \$400.00	\$250.00 \$400.00	\$250.00 \$400.00	

Energy Information Administration U.S. Department of Energy Forrestal Building, El-231 Washington, DC 20585

OFFICIAL BUSINESS PENALTY FOR PRIVATE USE, \$300 SECOND-CLASS MAIL POSTAGE & FEES PAID U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY ISSN 0095-7356

