DOE/EIA-0035(93/03)

# Monthly Energy Review



New Data Series
Rotary Rigs by Type and Active Well Servicing Units (Table 5.1)
Exploratory and Development Wells (Table 5.2)



## March 1993



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## **Monthly Energy Review**

**March 1993** 

Energy Information Administration Office of Energy Markets and End Use U.S. Department of Energy Washington, DC 20585

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## Section 1. Energy Overview

Energy production during December 1992 totaled 5.7 quadrillion Btu, a 0.5-percent increase compared with the level of production during December 1991. Coal production increased 2.1 percent, natural gas production dropped 2.9 percent, and petroleum production decreased 1.7 percent. All other forms of energy production combined were up 8.2 percent from the level of production during December 1991.

Energy consumption during December 1992 totaled 7.8 quadrillion Btu, 5.3 percent above the level of consumption during December 1991. Natural gas

consumption increased 6.4 percent, petroleum consumption was up 4.3 percent, and coal consumption rose 3.6 percent. Consumption of all other forms of energy combined increased 9.3 percent compared with the level 1 year earlier.

Net imports of energy during December 1992 totaled 1.2 quadrillion Btu, 12.9 percent above the level of net imports 1 year earlier. Net imports of petroleum increased 7.8 percent, and net imports of natural gas were up 1.8 percent. Net exports of coal fell 15.0 percent compared with the level in December 1991.

#### Table 1.1 Energy Summary for December 1992 (Quadrillion Btu)

		December			Cumulative	January Throug	h December	
	1992	1991	Percent Change <sup>a</sup>	1992	1992 Daily Rat <del>e</del>	1991	1991 Daily Rate	Percent Change
Production <sup>b</sup>	5.744	5.714	0.5	66.724	0.182	67.539	0.185	-1.5
Coal	1.766	1.730	2.1	21.557	.059	21.594	.059	4
Natural Gas (Dry)	1.603	1.651	-2.9	18.271	.050	18.284	.050	3
Petroleum <sup>c</sup>	1.486	1.511	-1.7	17.545	.048	18.007	.049	-2.8
Other <sup>d</sup>	.889	.822	8.2	9.350	.026	9.655	.026	-3.4
Consumption <sup>b</sup>	7.802	7.409	5.3	82.360	.225	81.138	.222	1.2
Coal	1.693	1.635	3.6	18.916	.052	18,770	.051	.5
Natural Gas <sup>e</sup>	2.202	2.070	6.4	20.323	.056	19.628	.054	3.3
Petroleum	2.986	2.862	4.3	33.467	.091	32.845	.090	1.6
Other <sup>1</sup>	.921	.842	9.3	9.654	.026	9.894	.027	-2.7
let Imports	1.200	1.062	12.9	14.422	.039	13.357	.037	7.7
Coal <sup>9</sup>	204	240	-15.0	-2.590	007	-2.769	008	-6.7
Natural Gas	.168	.165	1.8	1.840	.005	1.666	.005	10.3
Petroleum <sup>h</sup>	1.204	1,117	7.8	14.867	.041	14.220	.039	4.3
Other <sup>4</sup>	.032	.021	54.6	.304	.001	.239	.001	26.7

<sup>a</sup> Based on daily rates prior to rounding.

<sup>b</sup> Production and consumption totals exclude wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy, except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution.

<sup>c</sup> Includes crude oil, lease condensate, and natural gas plant liquids.

<sup>d</sup> "Other" is hydroelectric and nuclear electric power, and electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.

<sup>e</sup> Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

"Other" is hydroelectric and nuclear electric power; electricity generated

for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy; and net imports of electricity and coal coke.

<sup>9</sup> Minus sign indicates exports are greater than imports.

<sup>h</sup> Includes crude oil, lease condensate, petroleum products, pentanes plus, unfinished oils, gasoline blending components, and imports of crude oil for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

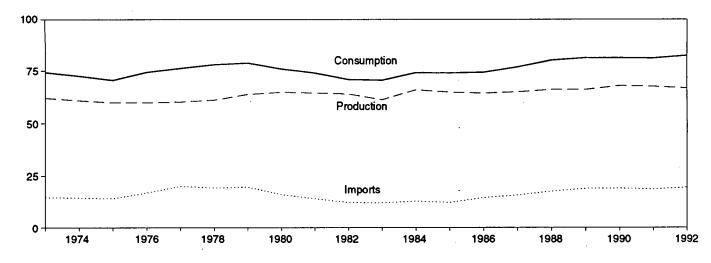
"Other" is net imports of electricity and coal coke.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

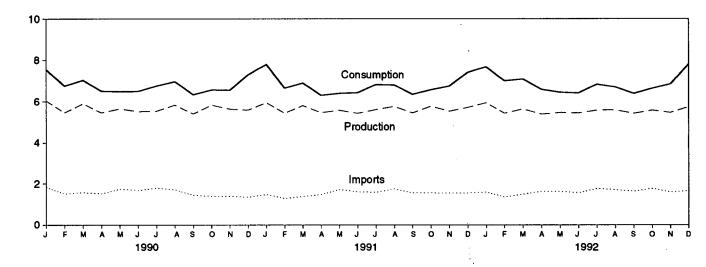
Sources: Tables 1.3, 1.4, and 1.5.

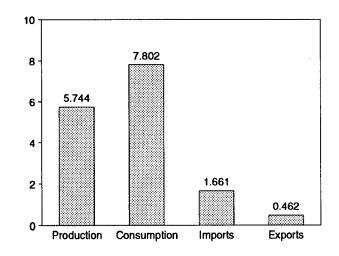
#### Figure 1.1 Energy Overview (Quadrillion Btu)

Consumption, Production, and Imports, 1973-1992



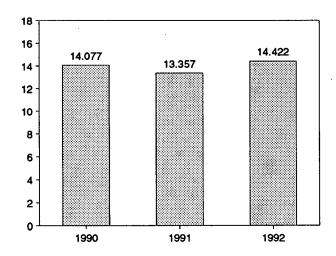
#### Consumption, Production, and Imports, Monthly





Overview, December 1992

#### Net Imports, January-December



Energy Information Administration/Monthly Energy Review March 1993

#### Table 1.2 Energy Overview

#### (Quadrillion Btu)

	Productiona	Consumption <sup>a,b</sup>	Imports	Exports	Net Imports
70 7-4-1	62.060	74.282	14.731	2.051	12.680
73 Total	60.835	72.543	14.413	2.223	12.190
74 Total		70.546	14.111	2.359	11.752
75 Total	59.860	74.362	16.837	2.188	14.648
76 Total	59.892			2.071	18.019
77 Total	60.219	76.288	20.090		
78 Total	61.103	78.089	19.254	1.931	17.323
79 Total	63.801	78.898	19.616	2.870	16.746
80 Total	64.761	75.955	15.971	3.723	12.247
81 Total	64.421	73.990	13.975	4.329	9.646
82 Total	63.962	70.848	12.092	4.633	7.460
83 Total	61.279	70.524	12.027	3.717	8.310
84 Total	65.962	74.144	12.767	3.804	8.963
85 Total	64.871	73.981	12.103	4.231	7.872
86 Total	64.350	74.297	14.438	4.055	10.382
87 Total	64.952	76.895	15.764	3.853	11.911
	66.105	80.218	17.564	4.415	13.149
88 Total 89 Total	66.129	81.326	18.947	4.765	14.181
00 100000	6.034	7.547	1.829	.361	1,468
90 January	5,463	6.753	1.512	.330	1.182
February	5.895	7.033	1.587	.428	1.159
			1.524	.387	1.136
April	5.460	6.501			1.335
Мау	5.652	6.484	1.747	.412	
June	5.520	6.494	1.679	.412	1.267
July	5.539	6.752	1.798	.386	1.412
August	5.833	6.966	1.716	.438	1.277
September	5.402	6.330	1.448	.441	1.007
October	5.829	6.557	1.397	.418	.979
November	5.637	6.546	1.396	.460	.936
December	5.589	7.302	1.355	.437	.918
Total	67.853	81.264	18.987	4.910	14.077
91 January	<sup>R</sup> 5.947	<sup>R</sup> 7,798	1.482	.398	1.084
February	<sup>R</sup> 5.442	<sup>R</sup> 6.646	1.294	.463	.831
March	R 5.807	<sup>R</sup> 6.894	1.390	.395	.995
April	<sup>R</sup> 5.465	<sup>R</sup> 6.304	1.482	.326	1.156
	<sup>R</sup> 5.583	P 6.395	1.730	.490	1.241
May	<sup>R</sup> 5.433	<sup>R</sup> 6.423	1.622	.424	1,198
June		<sup>R</sup> 6.820	1.593	.457	1.136
July	<sup>P</sup> 5.617				<sup>R</sup> 1.306
August	<sup>R</sup> 5.766	<sup>R</sup> 6.800	1.754	.448	
September	<sup>R</sup> 5.454	<sup>R</sup> 6.346	1.562	.432	1.130
October	<sup>R</sup> 5.775	<sup>R</sup> 6.562	1.563	.432	1.131
November	<sup>R</sup> 5.536	<sup>R</sup> 6.741	1.548	.464	1.084
December	<sup>R</sup> 5.714	<sup>R</sup> 7.409	1.557	.495	1.062
Total	<sup>R</sup> 67.539	<sup>R</sup> 81.138	<sup>R</sup> 18.577	5,220	<sup>R</sup> 13.357
192 January	<sup>R</sup> 5.939	<sup>R</sup> 7.678	<sup>R</sup> 1.599	<sup>R</sup> .454	<sup>R</sup> 1.145
February	<sup>R</sup> 5.435	<sup>R</sup> 6.997	1.357	<sup>R</sup> .368	<sup>R</sup> .988
March	<sup>R</sup> 5.641	7.083	<sup>R</sup> 1.491	<sup>R</sup> .418	<sup>R</sup> 1.073
April	<sup>R</sup> 5.391	6.580	1.638	<sup>R</sup> .414	<sup>R</sup> 1.224
May	<sup>R</sup> 5.467	6.441	<sup>R</sup> 1.628	P 434	1.194
June	<sup>R</sup> 5.446	6.406	1.568	<sup>R</sup> .430	<sup>R</sup> 1.138
	<sup>R</sup> 5.582	6.829	R 1.770	<sup>R</sup> .445	<sup>R</sup> 1.324
July	<sup>R</sup> 5.597	<sup>R</sup> 6.692	<sup>R</sup> 1.717	P.370	<sup>R</sup> 1.347
August			<sup>R</sup> 1.647	P.420	<sup>R</sup> 1.227
September	<sup>R</sup> 5.428	6.383	01.04/ B 4 774	R 384	<sup>R</sup> 1.389
October	<sup>R</sup> 5.583	R 6.628	<sup>R</sup> 1.774		
November	<sup>R</sup> 5.470	<sup>R</sup> 6.841	<sup>R</sup> 1.604	R.430	<sup>R</sup> 1.174
December	5.744	7.802	1.661	.462	1.200
Total	66.724	82.360	19.453	5.030	14.422

<sup>a</sup> Excludes wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy, except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution.
 <sup>b</sup> The sum of domestic energy production and net imports of energy does

reporting systems. R=Revised data.

Notes: • For definitions, see Notes 1 through 4 at end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

<sup>b</sup> The sum of domestic energy production and net imports of energy does not equal domestic energy consumption. The difference is attributed to stock changes; losses and gains in conversion, transportation, and distribution; the addition of blending compounds; shipments of anthracite to U.S. Armed Forces in Europe; and adjustments to account for discrepancies between

.

may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: • Production: Table 1.3. • Consumption: Table 1.4. • Imports and Exports: Tables 3.1b, 4.2, 6.1, A3-A9, and Section 2, "Energy Consumption Notes and Sources," Notes 8 and 9. • Net Imports: Table 1.5.

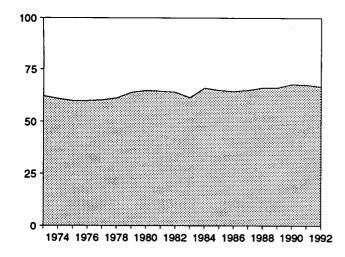
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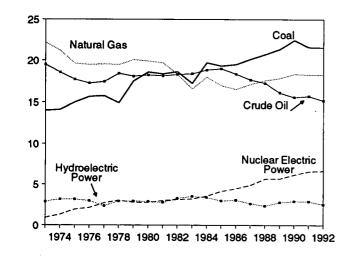
## Figure 1.2 Energy Production

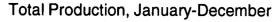
(Quadrillion Btu)

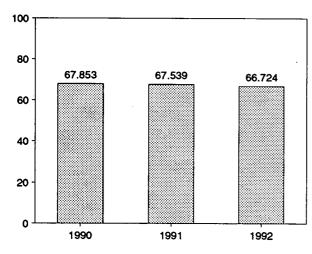
Total Production, 1973-1992



Production by Major Sources, 1973-1992

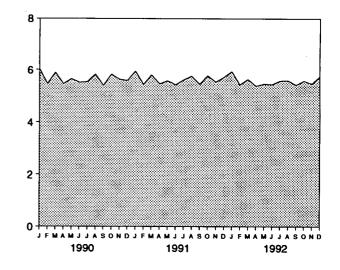




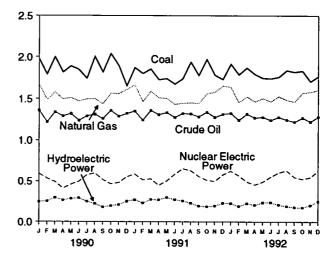


Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 1.3.

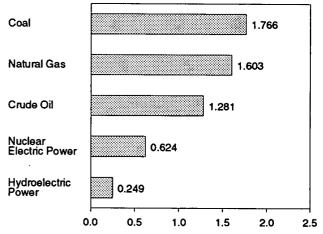
#### **Total Production, Monthly**



#### Production by Major Sources, Monthly



#### Production by Major Sources, December 1992



#### Table 1.3 Energy Production by Source

(Quadrillion Btu)

	Coal	Naturai Gas (Dry)	Crude Oil <sup>a</sup>	Natural Gas Plant Liquids	Nuclear Electric Power	Hydro- electric Power <sup>b</sup>	Other <sup>c</sup>	Total <sup>d</sup>
			۸	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
973 Total	13.993	22.187	19.493	2.569	0.910	2.861	0.046	62.060
074 Total	14.074	21.210	18.575	2.471	1.272	3.177	.056	60.835
75 Total	14.990	19.640	17.729	2.374	1.900	3.155	.072	59.860
76 Total	15.654	19.480	17.262	2.327	2.111	2.976	.081	59.892
77 Total	15.755	19.565	17.454	2.327	2.702	2.333	.082	60.219
78 Total	14.910	19.485	18.434	2.245	3.024	2.937	.068	61.103
79 Total	17.539	20.076	18.104	2.286	2.776	2.931	.089	63.801
80 Total	18.597	19.908	18.249	2.254	2.739	2.900	.114	64.761
81 Total	18.376	19.699	18.146	2.307	3.008	2.758	.127	64.421
82 Total	18.639	18.319	18.309	2.191	3.131	3.266	.108	63.962
83 Total	17.246	16.593	18.392	2.184	3.203	3.527	.133	61.279
84 Total	19.719	18.008	18.848	2.274	3.553	3.386	.174	65.962
85 Total	19.325	16.980	18.992	2.241	4.149	2.970	.213	64.871
86 Total	19.520	16.541	18.376	2.149	4.471	3.071	.232	64.350
			17.675	2.215	4.906	2.635	.245	64.952
987 Total	20.142	17.136						
988 Total	20.737	17.599	17.279	2.260	5.661	2.334	.235	66.105
89 Total	21.345	17.847	16.117	2.158	5.677	2.767	.217	66.129
90 January	1.976	1.667	1.357	.183	.589	.245	.018	6.034
February	1.790	1.486	1.218	.168	.534	.252	.016	5.463
March	1.999	1.575	1.337	.181	.492	.293	.018	5.895
April	1.815	1.494	1.289	.171	.411	.265	.014	5.460
May	1.888	1.510	1.318	.178	.459	.282	.017	5.652
June	1.846	1.469	1.236	.167	.495	.290	.017	5.520
July	1.741	1.494	1.290	.176	.573	.247	.017	5.539
	2.004	1.499	1.310	.187	.595	.220	.017	5.833
August						.178	.016	5.402
September	1.814	1.436	1.257	.183	.518			
October	2.039	1.562	1.356	.198	.463	.194	.017	5.829
November	1.893	1.559	1.285	.194	.481	.209	.016	5.637
December	1.651	1.610	1.319	.190	.551	.250	.017	5.589
Total	22.456	18.362	15.571	2.175	6.161	2.926	.202	67.853
91 January	1.870	1.664	1.348	.194	<sup>R</sup> .584	<sup>R</sup> .269	.017	<sup>R</sup> 5.947
February	1.800	1.463	1.240	.181	<sup>R</sup> .514	.229	.014	<sup>R</sup> 5.442
March	1.853	1.585	1.357	.199	<sup>R</sup> .528	.270	.016	<sup>R</sup> 5.807
April	1.727	1.511	1.306	.190	<sup>R</sup> .447	.269	.015	<sup>R</sup> 5.465
May	1.739	1.502	1.332	.196	<sup>R</sup> .502	.298	.015	<sup>R</sup> 5.583
June	1.673	1.431	1.274	.186	R.582	R.271	.016	R 5.433
July	1.738	1.445	1.321	.191	R.652	.254	.016	R 5.617
	1.937	1.450	1.315	.192	R.628	R.228	.016	<sup>R</sup> 5.766
August					<sup>R</sup> .557	.193	.018	R 5.454
September	1.777	1.444	1.282	.185	<sup>R</sup> .512	<sup>R</sup> .184		R 5.775
October	1.969	1.558	1.337	.199	B 407	<sup>P</sup> .184 <sup>R</sup> .192	.016	Bc cov
November	1.782	1.579	1.275	.194	R.497	··.192	.017	R 5.536
December	1.730	1.651	1.312	.199	<sup>R</sup> .576	R.229	.017 8 101	<sup>R</sup> 5.714
Total	21.594	18.284	15.701	2.306	<sup>R</sup> 6.579	R 2.885	<sup>H</sup> .191	<sup>R</sup> 67.539
92 January	1.913	1.639	1.324	.199	<sup>R</sup> .622	.226	.017	<sup>R</sup> 5.939
February	1.786	<sup>R</sup> 1.452	1.240	.187	<sup>R</sup> .567	.188	.015	<sup>R</sup> 5.43
March	1.867	1.524	1.315	.200	R.492	.226	.017	<sup>R</sup> 5.64
April	1.792	<sup>R</sup> 1.463	1.269	R.194	<sup>R</sup> .454	.204	.015	<sup>H</sup> 5.39
May	1.745	1.504	1.278	.201	<sup>R</sup> .490	.234	.016	<sup>R</sup> 5.467
June	1.740	<sup>R</sup> 1.466	1.242	.194	<sup>R</sup> .550	238	.016	R5.44
July	1.758	<sup>R</sup> 1.526	1.276	.197	<sup>R</sup> .602	R.207	.016	R 5.58
August	1.837	<sup>R</sup> 1.485	1.246	.193	R.630	.189	.017	R 5.59
	1.818	1.461	1.240	<sup>R</sup> .189	<sup>R</sup> .547	.176	.017	R 5.42
September					R.524	R.172		R 5.58
October	1.831	1.568 B1 591	1.270	.203 B 100		.1/2	.016	
November	1.704	<sup>R</sup> 1.581	1.223	<sup>R</sup> .199	<sup>R</sup> .545	.202	.016	R 5.470
December	1.766	1.603	1.281	.205	.624	.249	.016	5.744
Total	21.557	18.271	15.185	2.360	6.646	2.512	.192	66.724

<sup>a</sup> Includes lease condensate.

<sup>b</sup> Electric utility and industrial production of hydroelectric power.
 <sup>c</sup> "Other" production is electricity generated for distribution from wood,

waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy. <sup>d</sup> Excludes wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy, except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution.

R=Revised data.

Notes: • See Note 1 at end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50

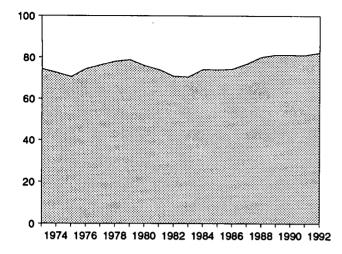
States and the District of Columbia. . Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: • Coal: Tables 6.1 and A6-A8. • Natural Gas (Dry): Tables 4.1 and A5. • Crude Oil and Natural Gas Plant Liquids: Tables 3.1a and A3. • Nuclear Electric Power: Tables 7.1 and A9. • Hydroelectric Power: Table 7.1; Section 2, 'Energy Consumption Notes and Sources,' Note 7; and Table A9. • Other: Section 2, 'Energy Consumption Notes and Sources," Note 8, and Table A9.

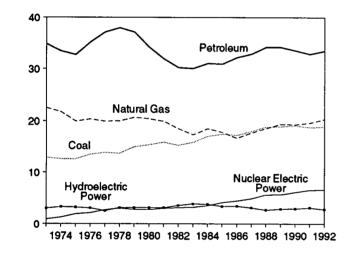
## Figure 1.3 Energy Consumption

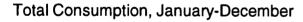
(Quadrillion Btu)

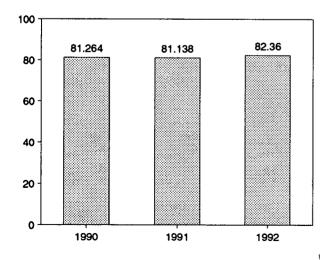
#### Total Consumption, 1973-1992



Consumption by Major Sources, 1973-1992

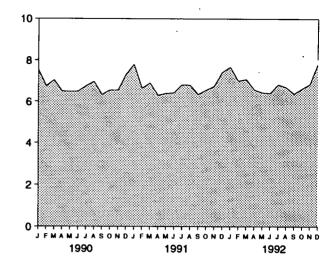




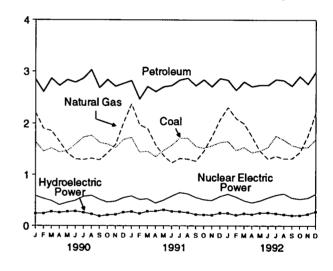


Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 1.4.

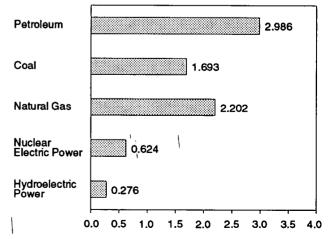
#### Total Consumption, Monthly



#### Consumption by Major Sources, Monthly



#### Consumption by Major Sources, December 1992



#### Table 1.4 Energy Consumption by Source

(Quadrillion Btu)

	01	Natural Gas <sup>a</sup>	Detector	Nuclear Electric Power	Hydro- electric Power <sup>b</sup>	Other <sup>c</sup>	Totald
	Coal	689~	Petroleum	Power	Power		
73 Total	12.971	22.512	34.840	0.910	3.010	0.039	74.282
74 Total	12.663	21.732	33.455	1.272	3.309	.112	72.543
75 Total	12.663	19.948	32.731	1.900	3.219	.086	70.546
76 Total	13.584	20.345	35.175	2.111	3.066	.081	74.362
	13.922	19.931	37.122	2.702	2.515	.097	76.288
77 Total	13.765	20.000	37.965	3.024		.193	78.089
78 Total	15.039				3.141		
79 Total		20.666	37.123	2.776	3.141	.152	78.896
80 Total	15.423	20.394	34.202	2.739	3.118	.079	75.95
81 Total	15.907	19.928	31.931	3.008	3.105	.111	73.990
62 Total	15.322	18.505	30.231	3.131	3.572	.086	70.840
83 Total	15.894	17.357	30.054	3.203	3.899	.118	70.524
64 Total	17.071	18.507	31.051	3.553	3.800	.163	74.144
85 Total	17.478	17.834	30.922	4.149	3.398	.199	73.981
86 Total	17.261	16.708	32.196	4.471	3.446	.215	74.297
87 Total	18.008	17.745	32.865	4.906	3.117	.253	76.895
88 Total	18.846	18.552	34.222	5.661	2.662	.274	80.218
89 Total	18.925	19.384	34.211	5.677	2.881	.248	81.326
90 January	1.646	2.207	2.846	.589	.242	.018	7.547
February	1.460	1,899	2.602	.534	.241	.016	6.753
March	1.523	1.855	2.866	.492	.278	.019	7.033
April	1.445	1.650	2.724	.411	.258	.014	6.501
May	1.472	1.423	2.837	.459	.276	.017	6.484
June	1.599	1.311	2.786	.495	.285	.018	6.494
July	1.734	1,300	2.866	.573	.259	.021	6.752
August	1.769	1.327	3.028	.595	.230	.017	6.966
September	1.634	1.294	2.680	.518	.187	.017	6.330
October	1.599	1.427	2.841	.463	.210	.018	6.557
						.015	6.546
November	1.530	1.591	2.710	.481	.219		
December	1.691	2.013	2.767	.551	.263	.018	7.302
Total	19.101	19.296	33.553	6.161	2.946	.207	81.264
91 January	1.728	2.371	2.819	<sup>R</sup> .584	P.278	<sup>R</sup> .017	<sup>R</sup> 7.798
February	1.444	1.972	2.463	<sup>R</sup> .514	<sup>R</sup> .237	.015	<sup>P</sup> 6.646
March	1.463	1.896	2.706	<sup>R</sup> .528	.283	.018	R 6.894
April	1.357	1.590	2.607	<sup>R</sup> .447	<sup>R</sup> .287	.016	<sup>R</sup> 6.304
May	1.480	1.378	2.702	<sup>R</sup> .502	<sup>R</sup> .317	.016	<sup>R</sup> 6.395
June	1.577	1.236	2.726	<sup>R</sup> .582	.286	.015	<sup>R</sup> 6.423
July	1.718	1.324	2.832	<sup>R</sup> .652	.275	.019	<sup>R</sup> 6.820
August	1.717	1.314	2.868	R.628	<sup>R</sup> .259	.014	<sup>R</sup> 6.800
September	1.558	1.270	2.721	R.557	<sup>R</sup> .221	.019	<sup>R</sup> 6.346
October	1.523	1.463	2.837	<sup>R</sup> .512	.213	.015	<sup>R</sup> 6.562
November	1.570	1.743	2.702	<sup>R</sup> .497	.211	.018	R 6.741
December	<sup>R</sup> 1.635	2.070	2.862	<sup>R</sup> .576	.249	.017	<sup>R</sup> 7.409
Total	<sup>P</sup> 18.770	19.628	32.845	<sup>R</sup> 6.579	<sup>R</sup> 3.115	<sup>R</sup> .200	<sup>R</sup> 81.138
92 January	1.655	2.303	<sup>R</sup> 2.831	<sup>R</sup> .622	.246	.021	<sup>R</sup> 7.678
92 January	1.480	P 2.093	<sup>R</sup> 2.633	567	.246	.018	<sup>R</sup> 6.997
February March		1.995	R 2.798	<sup>R</sup> .492	.208	.020	7.083
	1.540		<sup>R</sup> 2.798	<sup>R</sup> .454	R.223		
April	1.435	1.745	80 700	0.454 B 400	R.255	.018	6.580
May	1.475	1.468	<sup>R</sup> 2.736	<sup>R</sup> .490	8.255 B.050	.017	6.441
June	1.540	1.311	<sup>R</sup> 2.731	R.550	<sup>R</sup> .256	.019	6.406
July	1.759	1.369	<sup>R</sup> 2.844	<sup>R</sup> .602	<sup>R</sup> .239	.017	6.829
August	1.684	<sup>R</sup> 1.318	<sup>R</sup> 2.823	R.630	<sup>R</sup> .219	.017	<sup>R</sup> 6.692
September	1.580	1.319	<sup>R</sup> 2.718	<sup>R</sup> .547	.202	.016	6.383
October	1.536	1.443	<sup>R</sup> 2.906	<sup>R</sup> .524	.200	.018	<sup>R</sup> 6.628
November	1.538	<sup>R</sup> 1.755	<sup>R</sup> 2.756	<sup>R</sup> .545	.230	.017	<sup>R</sup> 6.841
December	1.693	2.202	2.986	.624	.276	.021	7.802
Total	18.916	20.323	33.467	6.646	2.789	.219	82.360

<sup>a</sup> Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

<sup>b</sup> Electric utility and industrial production and net imports of electricity.

<sup>c</sup> "Other" consumption is net imports of coal coke and electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.

and solar thermal energy. <sup>d</sup> Excludes wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy, except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution.

R=Revised data.

Notes: • See Note 2 at end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

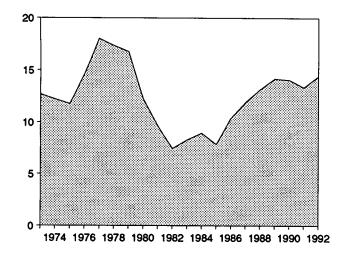
States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: • Coal: Tables 6.1 and A6-A8. • Natural Gas: Tables 4.2 and A5. • Petroleum: Tables 3.1a and A4. • Nuclear Electric Power: Tables 7.1 and A9. • Hydroelectric Power: Table 7.1; Section 2, "Energy Consumption Notes and Sources," Note 8; and Table A9. • Other: Section 2, "Energy Consumption Notes and Sources," Note 7, and Table A9.

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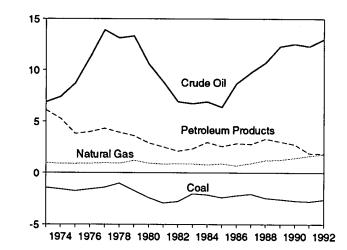
#### Figure 1.4 Energy Net Imports

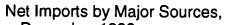
(Quadrillion Btu, Except as Noted)

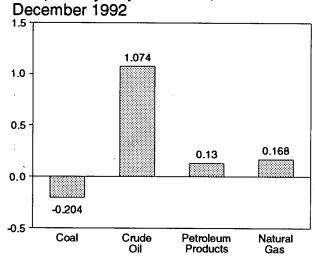
Total Net Imports, 1973-1992



Net Imports by Major Sources, 1973-1992

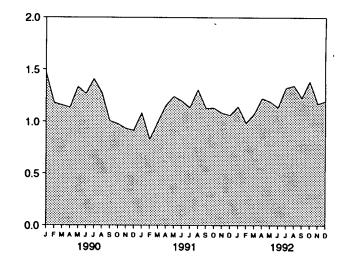




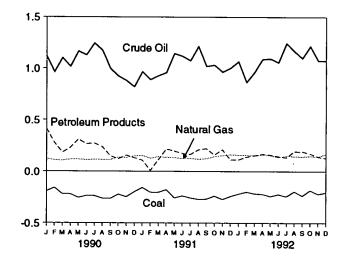


Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Tables 1.4 and 1.5.

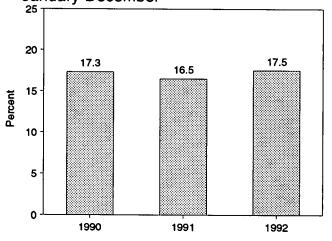
#### Net Imports, Monthly



Net Imports by Major Sources, Monthly



Net Imports as Share of Consumption, January-December



#### Table 1.5 Energy Net Imports by Source

(Quadrillion Btu)

	Coal	Natural Gas	Crude Oil <sup>a</sup>	Petroleum Products <sup>b</sup>	Electricity <sup>c</sup>	Coal Coke	Total
	1 400	0.981	6 003	6.097	0.148	-0.007	12.680
73 Total	-1.422		6.883		.133	.056	12.000
74 Total	-1.568	.907	7.389	5.273		.036	
75 Total	-1.738	.904	8.708	3.800	.064		11.752
76 Total	-1.567	.922	11.221	3.982	.089	(8)	14.648
77 Total	-1.401	.981	13.921	4.321	.182	.015	18.019
78 Total	-1.004	.941	13.125	3.932	.204	.125	17.323
79 Total	-1.702	1.243	13.328	3.603	.211	.063	16.746
80 Total	-2.391	.957	10.586	2.912	.217	035	12.247
81 Total	-2.918	.857	8.854	2.522	.347	016	9.646
82 Total	-2.768	.898	6.917	2.128	.306	022	7.460
83 Total	-2.013	.885	6.731	2.351	.372	016	8.310
84 Total	-2.119	.792	6.918	2.970	.414	011	8.963
85 Total	-2.389	.896	6.381	2.570	.428	013	7.872
86 Total	-2.193	.686	8.676	2.855	.375	017	10.382
87 Total	-2.049	.937	9.748	2.784	.483	.009	11.911
88 Total	-2.446	1.221	10.698	3.308	.328	.040	13.149
89 Total	-2.566	1.278	12.296	3.029	.113	.030	14.181
90 January	191	.127	1.119	.415	003	(s)	1.468
February	157	.111	.963	.276	011	(s)	1.182
March	220	.106	1.101	.186	015	.001	1.159
April	220	.118	1.015	.231	•.007	001	1.136
May	254	.118	1.167	.310	006	(s)	1.335
June	<ul> <li>.235</li> </ul>	.112	1.128	.266	005	.001	1.267
July	236	.116	1.245	.272	.011	.003	1.412
August	261	.114	1.175	.239	.010	001	1.277
September	263	.114	.996	.150	.009	.001	1.007
October	222	.138	.925	.123	.015	.001	.979
November	246	.136	.881	.157	.010	001	.936
December	198	.151	.819	.133	.013	.001	.918
Total	-2.705	1.464	12.536	2.757	.020	.005	14.077
	150	166	067	109	000	001	1.084
91 January	156	.155	.967	.108	.009	.001	.831
February	202	.129	.889	.008	.007	.001	
March	203	.143	.928	.113	.013	.002	.995
April	176	.137	.958	.219	.018	.001	1.156
May	256	.135	1,144	.199	.019	.001	1.241
June	236	.128	1.117	.176	.016	001	1.198
July	256	.129	1.073	.166	.021	.003	1.136
August	270	.119	1.215	.212	.031	002	<sup>R</sup> 1.306
September	267	.125	1.018	.223	.028	.004	1.130
October	237	.145	1.031	.162	.029	001	1.131
November	270	.156	.965	.213	.019	.001	1.084
December	240	.165	1.002	.114	.021	(s)	1.062
Total	-2.769	1.666	12.308	1.912	<sup>R</sup> .231	.009	<sup>R</sup> 13.357
92 January	218	<sup>R</sup> .160	<sup>R</sup> 1.065	<sup>R</sup> .114	<sup>E</sup> .020	.004	<sup>R</sup> 1.145
February	198	.159	<sup>R</sup> .865	<sup>R</sup> .142	<sup>E</sup> .018	.003	<sup>R</sup> .988
March	215	.155	<sup>R</sup> .963	.155	E.011	.003	R 1.073
April	220	.163	P 1.088	.171	E.018	.003	R 1.224
May	240	<sup>R</sup> .157	R 1.093	<sup>R</sup> .162	E.021	.000	1.194
June	222	<sup>R</sup> .137	<sup>R</sup> 1.056	P.147	E.018	.003	R 1.138
July	242	R.153	<sup>R</sup> 1.245	<sup>R</sup> .136	E.032	.003	<sup>R</sup> 1.324
			<sup>R</sup> 1.168				R 1.347
August	194	.147 8 145	B 4 007	.196	000	.001	1.34/ B.( 007
September	236		R 1.097	<sup>R</sup> .195	.020	.001	R 1.227
October	183	<sup>R</sup> .150	<sup>R</sup> 1.217	175	E.028	.002	<sup>R</sup> 1.389
November	219	<sup>R</sup> .147	<sup>R</sup> 1.074	<sup>R</sup> .143	E.028	.001	<sup>R</sup> 1.174
December	204	.168	1.074	.130	E.027	.005	1.200
Total	-2.590	1.840	13.003	1.865	E.277	.027	14.422

<sup>a</sup> Crude oil, lease condensate, and imports of crude oil for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve. <sup>b</sup> Petroleum products, unfinished oils, pentanes plus, and gasoline

<sup>D</sup> Petroleum products, unfinished oils, pentanes plus, and gasoline blending components.

<sup>c</sup> Assumed to be hydroelectricity and estimated at the average input heat rate for fossil-fuel steam-electric power plant generation, which has ranged from 10.2 thousand Btu to 10.5 thousand Btu per kilowatthour since 1973. Actual heat rates applied in converting kilowatthours to Btu are listed by year in Table A9.

R=Revised data. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than +0.5 trillion Btu and greater

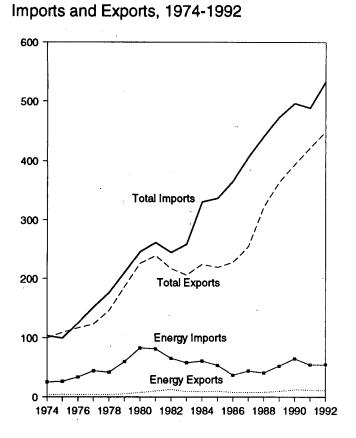
than -0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • See Notes 3 and 4 at end of section. • Net imports equals imports minus exports. Minus sign indicates exports are greater than imports. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

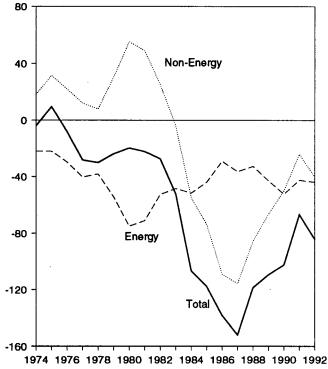
Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: • Coal: Tables 6.1 and A6-A8. • Natural Gas: Tables 4.2 and A5. • Crude Oil and Petroleum Products: Tables 3.1b and A3. • Electricity: Section 2, "Energy Consumption Notes and Sources," Note 8, and Table A9. • Coal Coke: Section 2, "Energy Consumption Notes and Sources," Note 9, and Table A8.

#### Figure 1.5 **Merchandise Trade Value** (Billion Dollars)

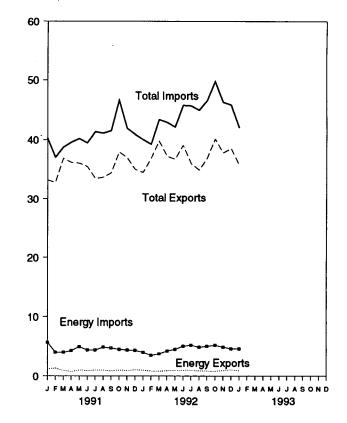


#### Trade Balance, 1974-1992

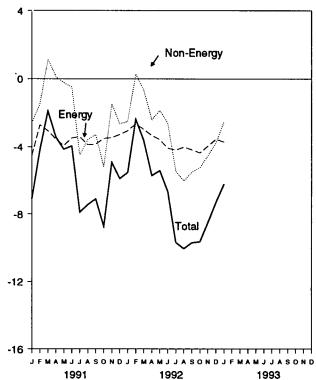


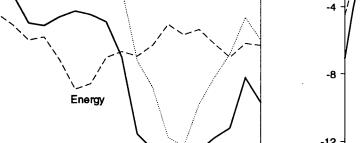
Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 1.6.

Imports and Exports, Monthly



Trade Balance, Monthly





#### Table 1.6 Merchandise Trade Value

(Million Dollars)

		Petroleur	n		Energy		Non-	T	otal Merchand	ise
	Exports	Imports	Balance	Exports	Imports	Balance	Energy Balance	Exports	Imports	Balance
74 7-4-1	792	24,668	-23,876	3,444	25,454	-22,010	18,126	99,437	103,321	-3,884
974 Total			-23,878	4,470	26,476	-22,006	31,557	108,856	99,305	9,551
975 Total	907	25,197			•			116,794	124,614	-7,820
976 Total	998	32,226	-31,228	4,226	33,996	-29,770	21,950		•	
977 Total	1,276	42,368	-41,093	4,184	44,537	-40,354	12,001	123,182	151,534	-28,353
978 Total	1,561	39,526	-37,965	3,881	42,096	-38,215	8,010	145,847	176,052	-30,205
979 Total	1,914	56,715	-54,801	5,621	59,998	-54,377	30,455	186,363	210,285	-23,922
	2,833	78,637	-75,803	7,982	82,924	-74,942	55,246	225,566	245,262	-19.696
980 Total	•		•	•	•	-71,081	48,814	238,715	260,982	-22,267
981 Total	3,696	76,659	-72,963	10,279	81,360			•	243,952	-27,510
982 Total	5,947	60,458	-54,511	12,729	65,409	-52,680	25,170	216,442	•	
983 Total	4,557	53,217	-48,659	9,500	57,952	-48,452	-3,957	205,639	258,048	-52,409
984 Total	4,470	56,924	-52,454	9,311	60,980	-51,669	-55,033	223,976	330,678	-106,703
985 Total	4,707	50,475	-45,768	9,971	53,917	-43,946	-73,765	218,815	336,526	-117,712
986 Total	3,640	35,142	-31,503	8,115	37,310	-29,195	-109,084	227,159	365,438	-138,279
	•			7,713	44,220	-36,506	-115,613	254,122	406,241	-152,119
987 Total	3,922	42,285	-38,363					•		
988 Total	3,693	38,787	-35,094	8,235	41,042	-32,807	-85,720	322,426	440,952	-118,526
989 Total	5,021	49,704	-44,683	9,869	52,779	-42,910	-66,490	363,812	473,211	-109,399
990 January	486	5,923	-5,437	881	6,171	-5,290	-4,349	30,664	40,304	-9,640
February	436	4,704	-4,269	781	4,938	-4,157	-1,993	30,962	37,112	-6,150
March	514	4,867	-4,352	976	5,205	-4,229	-2,140	35,971	42,339	-6,369
	392	3,970	-3,578	828	4,101	-3,274	-3,327	32,617	39,217	-6,600
April				872	4,913	-4,041	-3,339	33,539	40,918	-7,380
May	390	4,650	-4,259		•				41,028	-6,558
June	388	4,062	-3,674	866	4,286	-3,420	-3,138	34,470		
July	385	4,238	-3,853	837	4,482	-3,645	-7,234	30,736	41,615	-10,879
August	568	5,380	-4,812	1,055	5,601	-4,546	-6,039	31,723	42,309	-10,586
September	682	5,797	-5,115	1,175	6,050	-4,875	-4,375	31,444	40,695	-9,251
October	893	6,331	-5,438	1,332	6,659	-5,327	-6,858	35,310	47,495	-12,184
	961	6.371	-5,410	1,426	6,673	-5,247	-5,377	33,267	43,891	-10,624
November		•					•	32,889	39,166	-6,277
December	807	5,292	-4,485	1,204	5,581	-4,377	-1,900	•	·	
Total	6,901	61,583	-54,682	12,233	64,661	-52,428	-50,068	393,592	496,088	-102,496
991 January	881	5,361	-4,480	1,188	5,698	-4,509	-2,570	33,165	40,244	-7,079
February	928	3,741	-2,813	1,327	4,032	-2,705	-1,496	32,775	36,976	-4,201
March	565	3,729	-3,164	951	4,003	-3,051	1,163	36,820	38,708	-1,889
	~~-	4,030	-3,633	748	4,286	-3,538	128	36,137	39,548	-3,411
April			•		•	-3,926	-231	36,024	40,181	-4,158
May		4,699	-4,137	1,031	4,957					-3,948
June	506	4,177	-3,671	936	4,408	-3,473	-476	35,480	39,428	
July	513	4,133	-3,620	987	4,388	-3,401	-4,493	33,444	41,338	-7,894
August		4,641	-4,146	998	4,876	-3,879	-3,571	33,633	41,082	-7,450
September	415	4,475	-4,060	884	4,723	-3,839	-3,271	34,391	41,502	-7,111
		4,226	-3,642	1,031	4,533	-3,502	-5,232	37,897	46,631	-8,734
October			-3,642	943	4,399	-3,456	-1,486	36,970	41,911	-4,942
November		4,112	•					34,996	40,904	-5,908
December	620	4,028	-3,408	1,058	4,326	-3,268	-2,640		•	
Total	6,954	51,350	-44,396	12,081	54,629	-42,548	-24,175	421,730	488,453	-66,723
992 January	604	3,704	-3,100	1,001	4,042	-3,041	-2,504	34,469	40,014	-5,545
February		3,180	-2,729	864	3,516	-2,652	288	36,860	39,223	-2,363
		3,462	-3,045	817	3,777	-2,960	-654	39,784	43,398	-3,614
March		3,914	-3,398	924	4,245	-3,321	-2,409	37,173	42,903	-5,730
April		3,914					-1,867	36,696	42,129	-5,433
May		4,222	-3,701	947	4,512	-3,566				
June		4,752	-4,193	960	5,043	-4,083	-2,594	39,055	45,732	-6,677
July		4,932	-4,325	1,015	5,218	-4,202	-5,480	35,979	45,661	-9,683
August		4,611	-4,100	868	4,887	-4,020	-6,036	34,887	44,943	-10,056
September		4,748	-4,288	865	5,044	-4,179	-5,518	36,839	46,536	-9,697
						-4,377	-5,267	40,135	49,779	-9,644
October		4,910	-4,419	840	5,217					-8,504
November		4,570	-4,010	946	4,903	-3,957	-4,548	37,761	46,265 B 45 707	
December	686	4,207	-3,521	1,077	4,626	-3,549	R-3,771	<sup>R</sup> 38,478	<sup>R</sup> 45,797	P-7,320
Total		51,212	-44,829	11,122	55,028	-43,906	<sup>R</sup> -40,359	<sup>R</sup> 448,115	<sup>R</sup> 532,380	<sup>R</sup> -84,265
993 January	617	4,254	-3,637	936	4,642	-3,706	-2,527	35,799	42,032	-6,233

R=Revised data.

Notes: • Monthly data are not adjusted for seasonal variations. • The U.S. import statistics reflect both government and nongovernment imports of merchandise from foreign countries into the U.S. customs territory, which

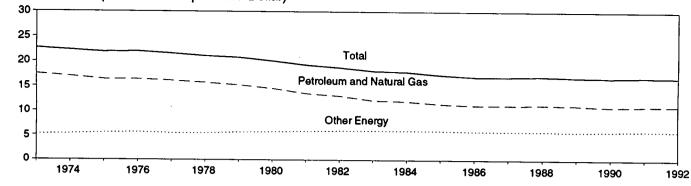
comprises the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands.
See Note 5 at end of section.
Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: See end of section.

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#### Figure 1.6 Energy Consumption per Dollar of Gross Domestic Product (Thousand Btu per 1987 Dollar)



Source: Table 1.7.

## Table 1.7 Energy Consumption per Dollar of Gross Domestic Product

	En	ergy Consumptio	n		Energy Consumption per Dollar of GDP			
	Petroleum and Natural Gas	Other Energy	Total <sup>a</sup>	Gross Domestic Product (GDP)	Petroleum and Natural Gas	Other Energy T		
	Quadrillion Btu			Trillion 1987 Dollars	Thousa	nd Btu per 1987 D	ollar	
973 Year	57.352	16.930	74.282	3.269				
974 Year	55.187	17.356	72.543		17.5	5.2	22.7	
975 Year	52.678	17.868	70.546	3.248	17.0	5.3	22.3	
976 Year	55.520	18.842	74.362	3.222 3.381	16.4	5.5	21.9	
977 Year	57.053	19.235	76.288		16.4	5.6	22.0	
978 Year	57.966	20.123	78.089	3.533	16.1	5.4	21.6	
979 Year	57.789	21.109	78.898	3.704	15.7	5.4	21.1	
980 Year	54.596	21.359	75.955	3.797	15.2	5.6	20.8	
981 Year	51.859	22.131	73.990	3.776	14.5	5.7	20.1	
982 Year	48.736	22.131		3.843	13.5	5.8	19.3	
983 Year	47.411	23.112	70.848 70.524	3.760	13.0	5.9	18.8	
984 Year	49.558	24.586	70.524	3.907	12.1	5.9	18.1	
985 Year	48.756	25.225	73.981	4.149	11.9	5.9	17.9	
986 Year	48.904	25.393	73.901	4.280	11.4	5.9	17.3	
987 Year	50.610	26.285	76.895	4.405	11.1	5.8	16.9	
988 Year	52.775	27.443	80.218	4.540	11.1	5.8	16.9	
989 Year	53.595	27.731	81.326	4.719 4.838	11.2	5.8	17.0	
·····	00.000	21.151	01.320	4.0.30	11.1	5.7	16.8	
990 1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter	52.601	27.890	80.491	4.891	10.0			
2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter	53.956	28.610	82.566	4.903	10.8	5.7	16.5	
3rd Quarter	53.286	28.526	81.812	4.883	11.0	5.8	16.8	
4th Quarter	51.560	28.621	80.181	4.834	10.9	5.8	16.8	
Year	52.849	28.415	81.264	4.834	10.7	5.9	16.6	
	02.045	20.415	01.204	4.070	10.8	5.8	16.7	
991 1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter	52.673	28.041	80.714	4,797	11.0	F 0		
2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter	51.886	<sup>R</sup> 29.184	<sup>R</sup> 81.070	4.797	11.0	5.8	16.8	
3rd Quarter	52.473	<sup>R</sup> 28.954	<sup>R</sup> 81.427	4.832	10.8	6.1	16.8	
4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter		R 28.470	<sup>R</sup> 81.328	4.832	10.9	6.0	<sup>R</sup> 16.9	
Year	52.473	R 28.903	<sup>R</sup> 81.376	4.839	10.9	5.9 Bco	16.8	
	¥6.77 ¥	20.000	01.370	4.021	10.9	R 6.0	<sup>R</sup> 16.9	
992 1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter	<sup>R</sup> 53.637	<sup>R</sup> 28.279	<sup>R</sup> 81.916	4.874	<sup>R</sup> 11.0	<sup>R</sup> 5.8		
2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter	<sup>R</sup> 54.039	<sup>R</sup> 28.512	<sup>R</sup> 82.551	4.892	11.0	<sup>R</sup> 5.8	16.8	
3rd Quarter	<sup>R</sup> 53.042	R 28.294	R 81.336	4.934	<sup>R</sup> 10.8		16.9 B 4 6 5	
4th Quarter	54.439	29.192	83.631	4.992	10.9	5.7 5.8	<sup>R</sup> 16.5	
Year	53.790	28.570	82.360	4.923	10.9 10.9		16.8	
	00.100	20.070	04.300	4.323	10.9	5.8	16.7	

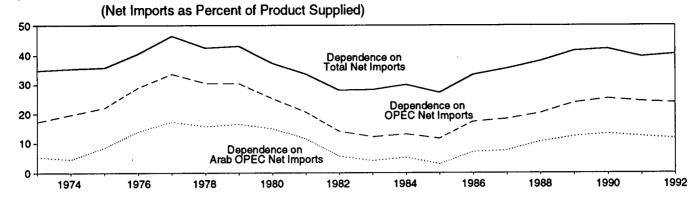
(Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates)

<sup>a</sup> Excludes wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy, except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution.

R=Revised data.

Notes: • Quarterly data are seasonally adjusted and shown at annual rates. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Yearly data may not equal average of quarters due to seasonality adjustments and independent rounding.

Sources: • Energy Consumption: Table 1.4. • Gross Domestic Product: 1973-1991—U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Survey of Current Business, December 1992, Table 2. 1992 forward—U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, United States Department of Commerce News, February 26, 1993, Table 2.



#### Figure 1.7 U.S. Dependence on Petroleum Net Imports

Source: Table 1.8.

#### Table 1.8 U.S. Dependence on Petroleum Net Imports

		Net Imports <sup>a</sup>		Detectory		ports as Percen sum Products S	
	From Arab OPEC <sup>b</sup>	From OPEC <sup>c</sup>	From All Countries	Petroleum Products Supplied	From Arab OPEC <sup>b</sup>	From OPEC <sup>c</sup>	From All Countries
Annual Rate		Thousand Ba	urrels per Day	Percent			
973 Average	914	2,991	6.025	17,308	5.3	17.3	34.8
974 Average	752	3.277	5,892	16,653	4.5	19.7	35.4
975 Average	1,382	3.599	5,846	16,322	8.5	22.0	35.8
976 Average	2,423	5,063	7,090	17,461	13.9	29.0	40.6
977 Average	3,184	6,190	8,565	18,431	17.3	33.6	46.5
978 Average	2,962	5,747	8,002	18,847	15.7	30.5	42.5
979 Average	3,054	5,633	7,985	18,513	16.5	30.4	43.1
980 Average	2,549	4,293	6,365	17,056	14.9	25.2	37.3
	1,844	3,315	5,401	16,058	11.5	20.6	33.6
981 Average	852	2,136	4,298	15,296	5.6	14.0	28.1
982 Average	630	1,843	4,312	15,231	4.1	12.1	28.3
983 Average	817	2,037	4,715	15,726	5.2	13.0	30.0
984 Average	470	1,821	4,286	15,726	3.0	11.6	27.3
985 Average	1,160	2,828	5,439	16,281	7.1	17.4	33.4
986 Average	1,130	3.053	5,914	16,665	7.6	18.3	35.5
987 Average	1,837	3,513	6,587	17,283	10.6	20.3	38.1
988 Average	2,128	4,124	7,202	17,325	12.3	23.8	41.6
989 Average	2,120	4,124	7,202	17,525	12.5	20.0	
990 1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter	2,420	4,617	7,721	17,072	14.2	27.0	45.2
2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter	2,245	4,397	7,733	16,952	13.2	25.9	45.6
3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter	2,514	4,621	7,565	17,223	14.6	26.8	43.9
4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter	1,795	3,513	5,643	16,708	10.7	21.0	33.8
Average	2,243	4,285	7,161	16,988	13.2	25.2	42.2
991 1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter	1,978	3.727	5,686	16,486	12.0	22.6	34.5
2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter	2,253	4,301	7,127	16,400	13.7	26.2	43.5
3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter	2,026	4,252	7,224	17,002	11.9	25.0	42.5
4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter	1,971	3,974	6,452	16,959	11.6	23.4	38.0
Average	2,057	4,064	6,626	16,714	12.3	24.3	39.6
992 1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter	2,040	3,738	6,164	16,885	12.1	22.1	36.5
2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter	1,922	4,029	6,933	16,701	11.5	24.1	41.5
3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter	1,910	4,232	7,442	16,950	11.3	25.0	43.9
4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter	2,005	4,216	7,031	17,482	11.5	24.1	40.2
Average	1,969	4,055	6,895	17,006	11.6	23.8	40.5

<sup>a</sup> Net Imports is imports minus exports. Imports from members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) exclude indirect imports, which are petroleum products primarily from Caribbean and West European areas and refined from crude oil produced by OPEC.

<sup>b</sup> The Arab members of OPEC are Algeria, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates. Net imports from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia are included in net imports from Arab OPEC.

OPEC. <sup>c</sup> OPEC consists of Ecuador, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Nigeria, and Venezuela, as well as the Arab members. Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserves are included. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Annual averages may not equal average of quarters due to independent rounding.

Sources: • Imports: Tables 3.3a-3.3h. • Exports: 1973-1976-U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Mines, Mineral Industry Surveys. 1977-1980-Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, "Petroleum Statement, Annual." 1981-1989-EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual. 1990 forward-EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly. • Petroleum Products Supplied: Table 3.1a.

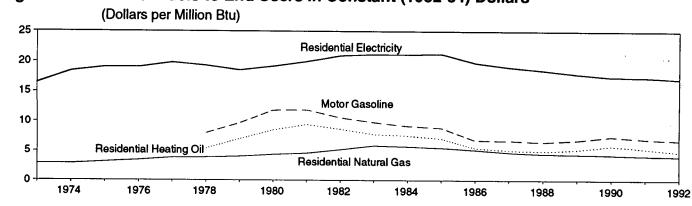


Figure 1.8 Cost of Fuels to End Users in Constant (1982-84) Dollars

Source: Table 1.9.

#### Table 1.9 Cost of Fuels to End Users in Constant (1982-84) Dollars

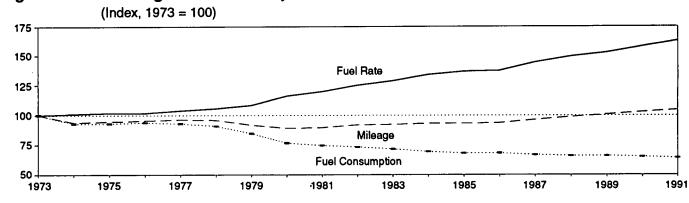
	Motor	Gasoline		idential ting Oil	Residenti Natural G		Residential Electricity		
	Cents per Gallon	Dollars per Million Btu	Cents per Gallon	Dollars per Million Btu	Cents per Thousand Cubic Feet	Dollars per Million Btu	Cents per Kilowatthour	Dollars per Million Btu	
973 Average	NA	NA	NA	NA	290.5	2.85	5.6	16.50	
974 Average	NA	NA	NA	NA	290.1	2.83	6.3	18.43	
975 Average	NA	NA	NA	NA	317.8	3.12	6.5	19.07	
976 Average	NA	NA	NA	NA	348.0	3.41	6.5	19.06	
977 Average	NA	NA	NA	NA	387.8	3.81	6.8	19.83	
978 Average	100.0	8.00	75.2	5.42	392.6	3.86	6.6	19.83	
979 Average	121.5	9.71	97.0	6.99	410.5	4.03	6.3	19.33	
980 Average	148.2	11.85	118.2	8.52	446.6	4.36	6.6	19.21	
981 Average	148.8	11.90	131.4	9.47	471.9	4.60	6.8	19.99	
982 Average	132.7	10.61	120.2	8.67	535.8	5.22	7.2	20.96	
983 Average	123.0	9.83	108.2	7.80	608.4	5.90	7.2	20.96	
984 Average	115.3	9.22	105.0	7.57	589.0	5.72	7.2		
985 Average	111.2	8.89	97.9	7.06	568.8	5.52	7.2	21.16 21.25	
986 Average	84.9	6.79	76.3	5.50	531.9	5.17	6.8		
987 Average	84.2	6.74	70.7	5.10	487.7	4.73	6.5	19.79	
988 Average	81.4	6.51	68.7	4.96	462.4	4.49	6.3	19.09 18.58	
989 Average	85.5	6.83	72.6	5.23	454.8	4.41	6.1	17.96	
990 1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter	84.7	6.77	79.5	5.73	434,4	4.22	5.8	17.02	
2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter	86.4	6.91	69.7	5.02	469.5	4.56	6.1	17.98	
3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter	94.5	7.56	75.2	5.42	532.7	5.17	6.3	18.34	
4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter	106.5	8.52	92.1	6.64	435.3	4.23	5.9	17.17	
Average	93.1	7.44	81.3	5.86	443.8	4.31	6.0	17.49	
991 1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter	90.0	7.19	81.7	5.89	413.2	4.01	5.6	16.52	
2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter	88.1	7.04	68.5	4.94	471.2	4.57	6.0	17.72	
3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter	87.3	6.98	64.2	4.63	524.5	5.09	6.1	18.01	
4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter	86.1	6.88	69.7	5.03	416.8	4.04	5.8	17.03	
Average	87.8	7.02	74.8	5.39	427.3	4.14	5.9	17.43	
992 1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter	81.1	6.49	67.6	4.87	397.3	3.85	5.6	16.48	
2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter	85.3	6.82	66.0	4.76	442.8	4.29	5.9	17.40	
3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter	87.1	6.96	63.7	4.59	<sup>R</sup> 513.8	R 4.98	6.1	17.89	
4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter	85.6	6.84	66.5	4.80	426.4	4.14	5.8	16.94	
Average	84.8	6.78	66.6	4.80	418.4	4.06	5.8	17.13	

R=Revised data. NA=Not available.

Notes: • Fuel costs are calculated by using the Urban Consumer Price Index (CPI) developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. See Note 6 at end of section. . Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Annual averages may not equal average of quarters due to independent rounding.

Sources: • Annual Data: Annual prices in Tables 9.4 (All Types), 9.8c,

9.11, and 9.9 (Monthly Series), adjusted by the CPI. . Quarterly Data: Simple averages of monthly prices in Tables 9.4 (All Types), 9.8c, 9.11, and 9.9 (Monthly Series), adjusted by the CPI. • CPI: 1973-1990-Economic Report of the President, February 1993, Table B-56. 1991 forward-Council of Economic Advisers, Economic Indicators, February 1993, Consumer Prices - All Urban Consumers." . Conversion Factors: Tables A2, A5, and A9.



#### Figure 1.9 Passenger Car Efficiency

Source: Table 1.10.

Table 1.10 Passenger Car Efficiency

	Mil	eage	Fuel Co	nsumption	Fuel	Rate
	Miles per Car	Index 1973=100.0	Gallons per Car	Index 1973=100.0	Miles per Gallon	Index 1973=100.0
973	10,256	100.0	771	100.0	13.30	100.0
974	9,606	93.7	716	92.9	13.42	100.9
975	9,690	94.5	716	92.9	13.52	101.7
976	9,785	95.4	723	93.8	13.53	101.7
977	9,879	96.3	716	92.9	13.80	103.8
78	9,835	95.9	701	90.9	14.04	105.6
79	9,403	91.7	653	84.7	14.41	108.3
80	9,141	89.1	591	76.7	15.46	116.2
81	9,186	89.6	576	74.7	15.94	119.8
82	9,428	91.9	566	73.4	16.65	125.2
83	9,475	92.4	553	71.7	17.14	128.9
84	9,558	93.2	536	69.5	17.83	134.1
985	9,560	93.2	525	68.1	18.20	136.8
986	9,608	93.7	526	68.2	18.27	137.4
987	9,878	96.3	514	66.7	19.20	144.4
88	10,121	98.7	509	66.0	19.87	149.4
89	10,332	100.7	509	66.0	20.31	152.7
90	10,548	102.8	502	65.1	21.02	158.0
991 <sup>a</sup>	10,728	104.6	495	64.2	21.68	163.0

<sup>a</sup> Preliminary data.

Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Sources: Indices are prepared from statistics published by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Federal Highway Statistics Division. • 1973-1985: Highway Statistics Summary to 1985, Table VM-201A. • 1986 forward: Highway Statistics, Table VM-1.

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## Table 1.11 Population-Weighted Heating Degree-Days

÷ .		February	1 through F	ebruary 28			July 1 (	Cumulative hrough Feb		
Census				Percent	Change				Percent	Change
Divisions	<b>Normai<sup>a</sup></b>	1992	1993	Normal to 1993	1992 to 1993	Normal <sup>a</sup>	1992	1993	Normal to 1993	1992 to 1993
New England Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire,										
Rhode Island, Vermont	1,074	992	1,188	10.6	19.8	4,723	4,427	4,846	2.6	9.5
Middle Atlantic New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania	999	895	1,082	8.3	20.9	4,293	3,890	4,221	-1.7	8.5
			1,002	0.0	20.3	4,235	3,050	4,221	-1.7	0.5
East North Central Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio,										
Wisconsin	1,076	875	1,123	4.4	28.3	4,736	4,361	4,707	6	7.9
West North Central Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota	1,107	842	1,185	7.0	40.7	5,061	4,619	5,306	4.8	14.9
South Atlantic Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Maryland and the District of Columbia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia,										
West Virginia	551	445	574	4.2	29.0	2,364	2,089	2,235	-5.5	7.0
East South Central Alabama, Kentucky, Mississippi, Tennessee	639	484	662	3.6	36.8	0.007	0.540	0.040		5.0
	039	404	002	3.0	30.8	2,827	2,518	2,649	-6.3	5.2
West South Central Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas	435	299	429	-1.4	43.5	1,930	1,745	1,853	-4.0	6.2
Mountain Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico,										
Utah, Wyoming	793	666	860	8.4	29.1	4,004	3,809	4,230	5.6	→ <b>11.1</b> ·
Pacific California, Oregon, Washington	453	347	468	3.3	34.9	2,239	1,933	2,199	-1.8	13.8
-							1,300	2,133	•1.0	13.0
U.S. Average <sup>b</sup>	785	644	830	5.7	28.9	3,504	3,182	3,477	8	9.3

<sup>a</sup> "Normal" is based on calculations of data from 1951 through 1980.
 <sup>b</sup> Excludes Alaska and Hawaii.

Source: See Note 7 at end of section.

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#### Table 1.12 Population-Weighted Cooling Degree-Days

		February	1 through F	ebruary 28			January 1	Cumulative through Fe		
Сепзив				Percent	Change				Percent	Change
Divisions	<b>Normal<sup>a</sup></b>	1992	1993	Normal to 1993	1992 to 1993	Normal <sup>a</sup>	1992	1993	Normal to 1993	1992 to 1993
New England Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire,										
Rhode Island, Vermont	0	0	0	(°)	(°)	0	0	0	(°)	(°)
Middle Atlantic New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania	0	0	0	(°)	(°)	0	0	0	(°)	(°)
r ennsylvania	v		U		()		U	0		(-)
East North Central Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, Wisconsin	0	0	0	(°)	(°)	0	0	, 0	(°)	(°)
West North Central Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota	0	0	0	(°)	(°)	0	0	0	(°)	(°)
South Atlantic Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Maryland and the District of Columbia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia	16	29	17	(°)	(°)	33	47	57	(°)	(°)
·								0,		( )
East South Central Alabama, Kentucky, Mississippi, Tennessee	З	0	0	(°)	(°)	6	0	0	(°)	(°)
West South Central Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas	0	7	3	(°)	(°)	0	7	5	(°)	(°)
Mountain Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, Wyoming	0	0	0	(°)	(°)	0	0	0	(°)	(°)
		-	-	1 ` ′	. /	-	-			
Pacific California, Oregon, Washington	0	0	0	(°)	(°)	0	0	, 0	(°)	(°)
U.S. Average <sup>b</sup>	2	5	3	(°)	(°)	5	8	10	(°)	(°)
2.5. Melago	-	3	3		(C)	5	ō	10	(7)	(*)

<sup>a</sup> "Normal" is based on calculations of data from 1951 through 1980.
 <sup>b</sup> Excludes Alaska and Hawaii.

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incalculable.

Source: See Note 7 at end of section.

<sup>c</sup> Percent change is not meaningful: normal is less than 100 or ratio is

### **Energy Summary Notes**

1. Energy Production: Production of energy includes production of coal, crude oil and lease condensate, natural gas plant liquids, natural gas (dry), electric utility and industrial production of hydroelectric power, and electricity generated from nuclear power. Production also includes electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy but excludes other energy obtained from those sources because consistent historical data are not available. Approximate heat contents (Btu values) are derived by using the conversion factors provided in Appendix A.

2. Energy Consumption: Consumption of energy includes consumption of coal, natural gas (including supplemental gaseous fuels), petroleum products supplied, electric utility and industrial production of hydroelectric power, net imports of electricity (assumed to be hydroelectricity), net imports of coal coke, and electricity generated from nuclear power. Consumption also includes electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy but excludes other energy obtained from those sources because consistent historical data are not available. Approximate heat contents (Btu values) are derived by using the conversion factors provided in Appendix A.

**3. Energy Imports:** Energy imports include imports of coal, crude oil (including crude oil imported for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve), petroleum products, natural gas, electricity (assumed to be hydroelectricity), and coal coke. Approximate heat contents (Btu values) are derived by using the conversion factors provided in Appendix A. For further information on electricity, see "Note for imports and exports of electricity" under Note 8 of the Notes and Sources for the Energy Consumption Section.

4. Energy Exports: Energy exports include coal, crude oil, petroleum products, natural gas, electricity produced from hydroelectric power, and coal coke. Approximate heat contents (Btu values) are derived by using the conversion factors provided in Appendix A. For more information on electricity, see "Note for imports and exports of electricity" under Note 8 of the Notes and Sources for the Energy Consumption Section.

5. Merchandise Trade Value: Import data presented are based on the customs value. That value does not include insurance and freight and is consequently lower than the cost, insurance, and freight (CIF) value, which is also reported by the Bureau of the Census. All export data, and import data prior to 1981, are on a free alongside ship (f.a.s.) basis.

"Balance" is exports minus imports; a positive balance indicates a surplus trade value and a negative balance indicates a deficit trade value. "Energy" includes mineral fuels, lubricants, and related material. "Non-Energy Balance" and "Total Merchandise" include foreign exports (i.e., reexports) and nonmonetary gold and Department of Defense Grant-Aid shipments. The "Non-Energy Balance" is calculated by subtracting the "Energy" from the "Total Merchandise Balance."

"Imports" consist of government and nongovernment shipments of merchandise into the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and the U.S. Foreign Trade Zones. They reflect the total arrival from foreign countries of merchandise that immediately entered consumption channels, warehouses, the Foreign Trade Zones, or the Strategic Petroleum Reserve. They exclude shipments between the United States, Puerto Rico, and U.S. possessions, shipments to U.S. Armed Forces and diplomatic missions abroad for their own use, U.S. goods returned to the United States by its Armed Forces, and in-transit shipments.

6. The Consumer Price Index: The values for the Consumer Price Index, All Urban Consumers, All Items, 1982-84=100, are as follows:

1973	44.4	1990:	1st Quarter	128.0
1974	49.3		2nd Quarter	129.3
1975	53.8		3rd Quarter	131.6
1976	56.9		4th Quarter	133.7
1977	60.6		Year	130.7
1978	65.2	1991:	1st Quarter	134.8
1979	72.6		2nd Quarter	135.6
1980	82.4		3rd Quarter	136.7
1981	90.9		4th Quarter	137.7
1982	96.5		Year	136.2
1983	99.6	1992:	1st Quarter	138.7
1984	103.9		2nd Quarter	139.8
1985	107.6		3rd Quarter	140.9
1986	109.6		4th Quarter	141.9
1987	113.6		Year	140.3
1988	118.3			
1989	124.0			

7. Degree-Days: Degree-days are relative measurements of outdoor air temperature. Cooling degree-days are defined as deviations of the mean daily temperature at a sampling station above a base temperature equal to  $65^{\circ}$  F by convention. Heating degree-days are deviations of the mean daily temperature below  $65^{\circ}$  F. For example, if a weather station recorded a mean daily temperature of  $78^{\circ}$  F, cooling degree-days for that station would be 13 (and heating degree-days, 0). A weather station recording a mean daily temperature of  $40^{\circ}$  F would report 25 heating degree-days (and 0 cooling degree-days).

There are several degree-day databases maintained by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. The information published in the *Monthly Energy Review (MER)* is developed by the National Weather Service Climate Analysis Center, Camp Springs, MD. The data are available weekly with monthly summaries and are based on mean daily temperatures recorded at about 200 major weather stations around the country. The temperature information recorded at those weather stations is used to calculate statewide degree-day averages based on population. The State figures are then aggregated into Census Divisions and into the national average. The population weights currently used represent resident State population data estimated for 1980 by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. The data shown in the *MER* are available sooner than the Historical Climatology Series 5-1 and 5-2 developed by the National Climatic Center, Asheville, NC, which compiles data from some 8,000 weather stations.

#### Sources for Table 1.6

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Foreign Trade Division:

• Petroleum Exports—1974-1987: "U.S. Exports," FT410, December issues. 1988: "Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade 1988 Final Revisions." 1989: "Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade 1989 Revisions." 1990: "U.S. Merchandise Trade: 1990 Final Report." 1991: "U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1991 Final Report." May 13, 1992. 1992: "U.S. Merchandise Trade," FT900, monthly.

• Petroleum Imports—1974-1987: "U.S. Merchandise Trade," FT900, December issues, 1975-1988. 1988: "Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade 1988 Final Revisions." 1989: "Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade 1989 Revisions." 1990: "U.S. Merchandise Trade:

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1990 Final Report." 1991: "U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1991 Final Report," May 13, 1992, and "U.S. Merchandise Trade: October 1992," December 17, 1992, page 3. 1992: "U.S. Merchandise Trade," FT900, monthly.

• Energy Exports and Imports—1974-1987: U.S. merchandise trade press releases and database printouts for adjustments. 1988: January-July, monthly FT900 supplement, 1989 issues. August-December, monthly FT900, 1989 issues. 1989: Monthly FT900, 1990 issues. 1990: "U.S. Merchandise Trade: 1990 Final Report." 1991: "U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1991 Final Report," May 13, 1992, and "U.S. Merchandise Trade: October 1992," December 17, 1992, page 3. 1992: Monthly FT900 issues.

• Total Merchandise—1974-1987: U.S. merchandise trade press releases and database printouts for adjustments. 1988: "Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade 1988 Final Revisions," August 18, 1989. 1989: "Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade 1989 Revisions," July 10, 1990. 1990: "U.S. Merchandise Trade: 1990 Final Report," May 10, 1991, and "U.S. Merchandise Trade: December 1992," February 18, 1993, page 3. 1991: U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1991 Final Report," May 13, 1992; "U.S. Merchandise Trade: October 1992," December 17, 1992, page 3; and "U.S. Merchandise Trade: December 1992," February 18, 1993, page 3. 1992: Monthly FT900 issues.

• Petroleum Balance, Energy Balance, and Non-Energy Balance—Calculated by the Energy Information Administration and "U.S. Merchandise Trade: December 1992," February 18, 1993, page 3. .

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## Section 2. Energy Consumption

U.S. total energy consumption in 1992 was 82.4 quadrillion Btu. Petroleum products accounted for 41 percent<sup>1</sup> of the energy consumed in 1992, while natural gas accounted for 25 percent, and coal accounted for 23 percent.

Residential and commercial sector consumption was 29.2 quadrillion Btu in 1992, down 1 percent from the 1991 level. The sector accounted for 35 percent of 1992 total consumption, down 1 percentage point from its 36-percent share in 1991.

Industrial sector consumption was 30.6 quadrillion Btu in 1992, up 3 percent from the 1991 level. The industrial sector accounted for 37 percent of 1992 total consumption, up 1 percentage point from its 36-percent share in 1991.

Transportation sector consumption of energy was 22.5 quadrillion Btu in 1992, up 2 percent from the 1991 level. The sector accounted for 27 percent of 1992 total consumption, about the same share as in 1991.

Electric utility consumption of energy totaled 29.6 quadrillion Btu in 1992, down 1 percent from the 1991 level. Coal contributed 55 percent of the energy consumed by electric utilities in 1992, while nuclear electric power contributed 22 percent; natural gas 10 percent; hydroelectric power 9 percent; petroleum 3 percent; and wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy, about 1 percent.

#### Table 2.1 Energy Consumption Summary for 1992 (Quadrillion Btu)

		End-Ua	e Sectors				
Energy Source	Residential and Commercial	Industrial	Transportation	Totala	Electric Utilities	Total	
Coal	0.142	2.584	( <sup>b</sup> )	2.731	16.185	18.916	
Natural Gas <sup>c</sup>	7.707	9.069	717	17.492	2.831	20.323	
Petroleum	2.217	8.528	21.775	32.520	.947	33,467	
Nuclear Electric Power	-	-	-	_	6.646	6.646	
lydroelectric Power	-	.033	-	.033	2.756	2.789	
let Imports of Coal Coke	-	.027	-	.027	_	.027	
Dther <sup>d</sup>	-	-	-	-	.192	.192	
Primary Consumption	10.065	20.241	22.492	52.803	29.557	82.360	
lectricity	6.096	3.293	.014	9.403	-	- 1	
Net Consumption	16.161	23.534	22.506	62.206	-	-	
Electrical System Energy Losses	13.065	7.059	.030	20.154	-	- 1	
Total Consumption <sup>e</sup>	29.226	30.593	22.535	82.360	-	-	

<sup>a</sup> Totals for coal and natural gas may not equal sum of sectors due to the use of sector-specific conversion factors.

Small amounts of coal consumed for transportation are reported as industrial sector consumption.

<sup>c</sup> Includes supplemental gaseous fuels. Transportation sector is pipeline

fuel only. <sup>d</sup> Other is electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy,

<sup>e</sup> Excludes wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy, except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution. - =Not applicable.

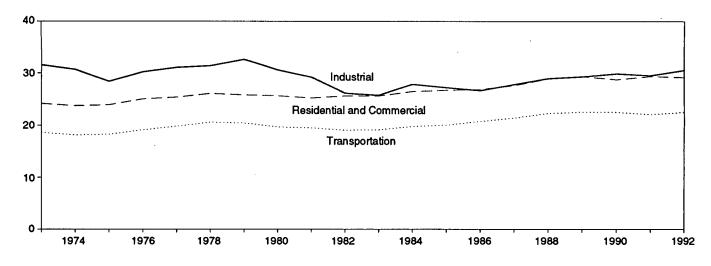
Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding

Additional Notes and Sources: See Tables 2.2-2.6 and end of section.

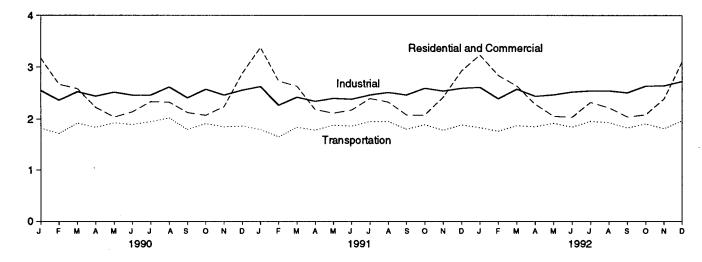
<sup>1</sup>Percentage changes are based on numbers in the following tables.

#### Figure 2.1 Energy Consumption by End-Use Sector (Quadrillion Btu)

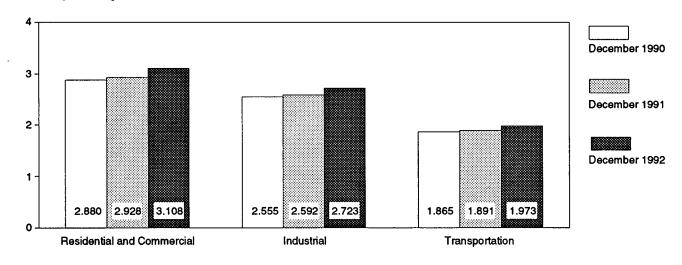
Consumption by End-Use Sector, 1973-1992



#### Consumption by End-Use Sector, Monthly



Consumption by End-Use Sector, December



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 2.2.

#### Table 2.2 Energy Consumption by End-Use Sector

(Quadrillion Btu)

	Residential a	nd Commercial	Indu	Istrial	Trans	portation		
	Net	Total	Net	Total	Net	Total	Net	Total
973 Total	15.766	24.143	25.917	31.528	18.584	18.605	60.074	74 00
974 Total	15.246	23.724	24.994	30.696	18.095		60.274	74.28
975 Total	15.200	23.900				18.117	58.341	72.54
976 Total	15.997	25.020	22.737	28.401	18.219	18.244	56.157	70.54
			24.038	30.234	19.076	19.101	59.119	74.36
977 Total	15.828	25.387	24.593	31.075	19.794	19.819	60.223	76.28
978 Total	16.023	26.088	24.637	31.388	20.589	20.611	61.251	78.089
979 Total	15.709	25.809	25.67 <del>9</del>	32.615	20.447	20.472	61.836	78.898
980 Total	15.075	25.653	23.854	30.609	19.669	19.695	58.597	75.95
981 Total	14.541	25.243	22.533	29.238	19.480	19.507	56.556	73.990
982 Total	14.629	25.630	20.020	26.144	19.043	19.069	53.697	70.848
83 Total	14.395	25.630	19.401	25.756	19.109	19.135	52.907	70.524
984 Total	14.964	26.478	21.184	27.862	19.773	19.801	55.923	
85 Total	14.839	26.704	20.520	27.213	20.036			74.144
86 Total	14.791	26.852	20.320			20.067	55.391	73.981
087 Total	<sup>R</sup> 15.146	<sup>R</sup> 27.621	<sup>R</sup> 21.116	26.629	20.781	20.812	55.676	74.297
		P 27.621		R 27.828	<sup>R</sup> 21.419	R21.448	57.678	76.895
988 Total	<sup>R</sup> 16.004	R 28.922	<sup>R</sup> 22.085	R 28.988	P22.274	<sup>R</sup> 22.305	60.366	80.218
989 Total	<sup>R</sup> 16.261	R 29.402	<sup>R</sup> 22.272	<sup>R</sup> 29.355	<sup>R</sup> 22.530	<sup>R</sup> 22.561	61.071	81.326
90 January	<sup>R</sup> 2.014	<sup>R</sup> 3.172	<sup>R</sup> 2.025	2.551	<sup>R</sup> 1.820	1.822	5.859	7.547
February	1.689	<sup>R</sup> 2.670	1.834	2.363	<sup>R</sup> 1.718	1.720	5.240	6.753
March	<sup>R</sup> 1.545	<sup>R</sup> 2.585	1.942	2.526	<sup>R</sup> 1.921	1.923	5.406	7.033
April	<sup>R</sup> 1.275	<sup>R</sup> 2.219	1.882	2.442	1.838	<sup>R</sup> 1.841	4,994	6.501
May	<sup>R</sup> 1.026	P 2.037	1.901	2.518	<sup>R</sup> 1.928	1.930	4.853	
June	<sup>P</sup> .957	<sup>R</sup> 2.136	<sup>R</sup> 1.808	2.459	<sup>R</sup> 1.894	<sup>R</sup> 1.897		6.484
July	1.010	<sup>R</sup> 2.335	1.829	2.459	<sup>R</sup> 1.949	<sup>R</sup> 1.952	4.660	6.494
August	R 1.006	R 2.324	1.955	<sup>R</sup> 2.616	P 2.020	1.952 B 0.000	4.792	6.752
September	<sup>R</sup> 1.001			80.400		R 2.023	4.985	6.966
	<sup>R</sup> 1.050	2.121 <sup>P</sup> 2.070	1.849	R 2.409	<sup>R</sup> 1.796	1.798	4.648	6.330
October		<sup>n</sup> 2.070	1.976	2.573	<sup>R</sup> 1.912	1.914	4.938	6.557
November	1.272	<sup>R</sup> 2.235	<b>1.894</b>	2.461	<sup>R</sup> 1.849	_ 1.851	5.013	6.546
December	<sup>R</sup> 1.724	_ <sup>R</sup> 2.880	<sup>R</sup> 1.946	<sup>R</sup> 2.555	<sup>R</sup> 1.862	<sup>R</sup> 1.865	5.535	7.302
Total	<sup>A</sup> 15.568	<sup>R</sup> 28.790	R 22.841	<sup>R</sup> 29.932	<sup>R</sup> 22.504	R 22.535	60.921	81.264
91 January	<sup>R</sup> 2.141	<sup>R</sup> 3.377	<sup>R</sup> 2.051	<sup>R</sup> 2.624	1.796	1.798	<sup>R</sup> 5.988	<sup>R</sup> 7.798
February	<sup>R</sup> 1.754	<sup>R</sup> 2.729	<sup>R</sup> 1.768	<sup>R</sup> 2.264	1.652	1.655	<sup>R</sup> 5.173	<sup>R</sup> 6.646
March	<sup>R</sup> 1.585	<sup>R</sup> 2.632	<sup>R</sup> 1.858	R 2.421	1.841	R 1.843	<sup>R</sup> 5.281	<sup>R</sup> 6.894
April	<sup>R</sup> 1.234	R 2.179	<sup>R</sup> 1.790	P 2.340	1.784			80.094
May	1.024	<sup>R</sup> 2.111	<sup>R</sup> 1.758	<sup>P</sup> 2.398		1.786	4.806	<sup>R</sup> 6.304
	<sup>R</sup> .972		B 4 700	B 2.398	1.882	1.885	<sup>R</sup> 4.664	<sup>P</sup> 6.395
June	P 1.029	<sup>R</sup> 2.171	R 1.766	<sup>R</sup> 2.383	1.863	1.866	<sup>R</sup> 4.604	<sup>R</sup> 6.423
July	B 1.029	<sup>R</sup> 2.396	R 1.824	R 2.465	1.952	1.955	_4.809	<sup>R</sup> 6.820
August	<sup>R</sup> 1.002	<sup>R</sup> 2.327	<sup>R</sup> 1.870	<sup>R</sup> 2.512	1.954	1.957	<sup>R</sup> 4.830	<sup>R</sup> 6.800
September	R.982	<sup>R</sup> 2.078	<sup>R</sup> 1.908	<sup>R</sup> 2.464	1.801	1.804	<sup>R</sup> 4.692	<sup>R</sup> 6.346
October	<sup>R</sup> 1.063	<sup>R</sup> 2.077	P2.003	<sup>R</sup> 2.592	1.893	1.895	<sup>R</sup> 4.957	<sup>R</sup> 6.562
November	1.406	R 2.421	<sup>H</sup> 1.961	<sup>R</sup> 2.538	1.782	<sup>R</sup> 1.784	<sup>R</sup> 5.147	<sup>R</sup> 6.741
December	<sup>R</sup> 1.793	<sup>R</sup> 2.928	<sup>R</sup> 2.015	<sup>R</sup> 2.592	1.888	1.891	<sup>R</sup> 5.695	<sup>R</sup> 7.409
Total	<sup>R</sup> 15.987	<sup>R</sup> 29.425	<sup>R</sup> 22.570	<sup>R</sup> 29.592	22.090	<sup>R</sup> 22.120	<sup>R</sup> 60.647	R81.138
92 January	2.036	<sup>R</sup> 3.231	R 2.043	<sup>R</sup> 2.610	1.834	1.836	<sup>R</sup> 5.912	<sup>R</sup> 7.678
February	1.832	<sup>R</sup> 2.840	<sup>R</sup> 1.877	<sup>R</sup> 2.392	1.765	1.767	R 5.472	<sup>R</sup> 6.997
March	1.610	R 2.635	R 2.000	R 2.574	1.874	1.876	<sup>R</sup> 5.482	
April	1.342	R 2.284	<sup>R</sup> 1.896	<sup>R</sup> 2.441			5.482	7.083
Мау		R 2.052	<sup>R</sup> 1.896	C.441	1.854	1.856	<sup>A</sup> 5.091	6.580
	1.059	2.002	B 1.009	<sup>R</sup> 2.467	1.919	1.922	<sup>R</sup> 4.847	6.441
June	.941	P 2.035	<sup>R</sup> 1.889	<sup>R</sup> 2.521	1.845	1.848	<sup>R</sup> 4.678	6.406
July	1.016	<sup>R</sup> 2.321	<sup>R</sup> 1.888	<sup>R</sup> 2.542	1.958	1.961	<sup>R</sup> 4.868	6.829
August	986	<sup>R</sup> 2.212	_ 1.917	<sup>R</sup> 2.541	1.932	1.935	<sup>R</sup> 4.839	<sup>R</sup> 6.692
September	<sup>P</sup> .960	<sup>R</sup> 2.042	<sup>R</sup> 1.926	<sup>R</sup> 2.506	1.829	1.832	<sup>R</sup> 4.719	6.383
October	1.096	<sup>R</sup> 2.083	<sup>R</sup> 2.057	<sup>R</sup> 2.635	1.910	1.912	<sup>R</sup> 5.062	<sup>R</sup> 6.628
November	<sup>R</sup> 1.372	<sup>R</sup> 2.387	<sup>R</sup> 2.045	<sup>R</sup> 2.640	1.815	1.818	<sup>R</sup> 5.229	<sup>R</sup> 6.841
December	1.913	3.108	2.125	2.723	1.970	1.973	6.008	7 000
Total	16.161	29.226	23.534					7.802
	10.101	23.220	23.334	30.593	22.506	22.535	62.206	82.360

R=Revised data.

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Notes: 

 Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

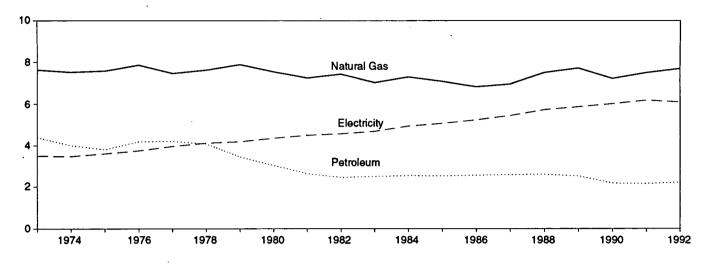
 Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding and

the use of sector-specific conversion factors for natural gas and coal. Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

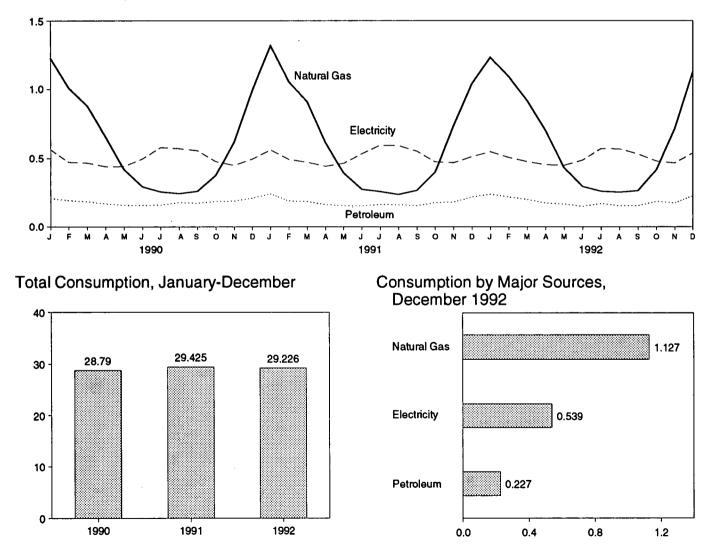
Table 2.2 incorporates revisions from Tables 2.3-2.5.

#### Figure 2.2 Residential and Commercial Energy Consumption (Quadrillion Btu)

Consumption by Major Sources, 1973-1992



Consumption by Major Sources, Monthly



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 2.3.

## Table 2.3 Residential and Commercial Energy Consumption

(Quadrillion Btu)

	Coal	Natural Gas <sup>a</sup>	Petroleum	Primary Consumption	Electricity	Net Consumption	Electrical System Energy Losses	Total Consumption <sup>b</sup>
1973 Total	0.254	7.626	4.391	12.270	3.495	15.766	8.377	24.143
1974 Total	.257	7.518	3.996	11.771	3.475	15.246	8.478	23.724
1975 Total	.209	7.581	3.805	11.595	3.604	15.200	8.700	23.900
1976 Total	.203	7.866	4.181	12.250	3.747	15.997	9.023	25.020
1977 Total	.205	7.461	4.206	11.873	3.955	15.828	9.559	25.387
1978 Total	.214	7.624	4.070	11.908	4.116	16.023	10.065	26.088
1979 Total	.187	7.891	3.448	11.525	4.184	15.709	10.101	25.809
1980 Total	.145	7.540	3.035	10.721	4.355	15.075	10.578	25.653
1981 Total	.167	7.243	2.634	10.043	4.497	14.541	10.703	25.243
1982 Total	.187	7.427	2.449	10.063	4.566	14.629	11.001	25.630
1983 Total	.192	7.024	2.498	9.715	4.680	14.395	11.235	25.630
1984 Total	.209	7.292	2.535	10.036	4.928			
1985 Total	.176	7.079	2.522			14.964	11.514	26.478
1986 Total	.176	6.825	2.522	9.777	5.061	14.839	11.866	26.704
1987 Total	.162	6.954	<sup>R</sup> 2.587	9.556 <sup>R</sup> 9.703	5.235	14.791 B45.440	12.061	26.852
1988 Total	.162	6.954 7.513	R 2.600	<sup>R</sup> 10.280	5.443	R 15.146	12.475	<sup>R</sup> 27.621
1989 Total	.168	7.513	<sup>P</sup> 2.525	<sup>R</sup> 10.280	5.724	R 16.004	12.918	R 28.922
	.140	7.731	2.323	10.402	5.859	<sup>R</sup> 16.261	13.141	<sup>R</sup> 29.402
1990 January	.016	1.224	R.209	<sup>R</sup> 1.450	.564	<sup>R</sup> 2.014	1.158	<sup>R</sup> 3.172
February	.015	1.008	<sup>R</sup> .193	<sup>R</sup> 1.216	.472	1.689	.982	<sup>R</sup> 2.670
March	.013	.880	<sup>R</sup> .185	1.078	.467	<sup>R</sup> 1.545	1.041	<sup>R</sup> 2.585
April	.012	.655	<sup>R</sup> .169	<sup>R</sup> .836	.439	<sup>R</sup> 1.275	.945	R 2.219
May	.008	.418	<sup>R</sup> .159	.586	.441	<sup>R</sup> 1.026	1.011	R 2.037
June	.009	.293	<sup>R</sup> .157	<sup>R</sup> .459	.498	P.957	1.179	R 2.136
July	.012	.257	<sup>R</sup> .160	.430	.580	1.010	1.325	<sup>R</sup> 2.335
August	.012	.244	<sup>P</sup> .179	R.434	.572	R 1.006	1.318	<sup>R</sup> 2.324
September	.009	.261	<sup>R</sup> .174	P.445	.557	<sup>R</sup> 1.001		
October	.010	.376	R.187	P.572	.478	<sup>R</sup> 1.050	1.119	2.121
November	.014	.617	R.190	_ <sup>R</sup> .821	.478		1.020	R 2.070
December	.024	.991	<sup>R</sup> .211	R 1.227	.450 .497	1.272 B 1 704	.964	R 2.235
Total	.156	7.225	R 2.173	R 9.553	6.015	<sup>R</sup> 1.724 <sup>R</sup> 15.568	1.156 13.221	<sup>R</sup> 2.880 <sup>R</sup> 28.790
1001					· • -			
1991 January	.020	1.317	.242	1.579	<sup>R</sup> .562	<sup>R</sup> 2.141	1.236	<sup>R</sup> 3.377
February	.014	1.055	.190	1.259	<sup>R</sup> .495	<sup>R</sup> 1.754	.975	<sup>R</sup> 2.729
March	.012	.911	.187	1.111	<sup>R</sup> .474	<sup>R</sup> 1.585	R 1.047	<sup>R</sup> 2.632
April	.009	.617	.164	.790	<sup>R</sup> .444	<sup>R</sup> 1.234	<sup>R</sup> .945	<sup>R</sup> 2.179
May	.008	.394	.156	.558	<sup>R</sup> .466	1.024	<sup>R</sup> 1.088	<sup>R</sup> 2.111
June	.007	.275	.155	.437	R.535	<sup>R</sup> .972	<sup>H</sup> 1.199	<sup>R</sup> 2.171
July	.010	.259	.164	.433	<sup>R</sup> .596	<sup>R</sup> 1.029	<sup>R</sup> 1.367	<sup>R</sup> 2.396
August	.009	.238	.163	.410	<sup>R</sup> .593	<sup>R</sup> 1.002	<sup>R</sup> 1.325	R 2.327
September	.007	.267	.155	.429	553	<sup>R</sup> .982	<sup>R</sup> 1.096	P 2.078
October	.008	.400	.178	.586	<sup>R</sup> .477	<sup>R</sup> 1.063	<sup>R</sup> 1.013	<sup>R</sup> 2.077
November	.016	.737	.182	.935	R.471	1.406	<sup>R</sup> 1.015	R 2.421
December	.020	1.040	.219	1,279	<sup>R</sup> .514	<sup>R</sup> 1.793	<sup>R</sup> 1.134	R 2.928
Total	.141	7.511	2.154	9.806	<sup>R</sup> 6.180	<sup>R</sup> 15.987	<sup>R</sup> 13.438	R 29.425
1992 January	.017	1 001	220	Bit and				
		1.231	.239	<sup>R</sup> 1.486	.549	2.036	<sup>R</sup> 1.195	<sup>R</sup> 3.231
February March	.013	1.091	.219	1.323	.508	1.832	<sup>R</sup> 1.008	R 2.840
March	.012	.918	.201	1.131	.479	1.610	<sup>R</sup> 1.025	<sup>R</sup> 2.635
April	.012	.700	.174	.886	.456	1.342	<sup>R</sup> .942	<sup>R</sup> 2.284
May	.007	.433	.167	.607	.452	1.059	<sup>R</sup> .993	<sup>H</sup> 2.052
June	.007	.294	.150	.451	.489	.941	<sup>R</sup> 1.094	R 2.035
July	.011	.261	.171	.444	.572	1.016	<sup>R</sup> 1.305	<sup>R</sup> 2.321
August	.009	.254	.154	<sup>R</sup> .416	.569	.986	<sup>R</sup> 1.226	<sup>R</sup> 2.212
September	.009	.265	.155	<sup>R</sup> .428	.532	<sup>R</sup> .960	<sup>R</sup> 1.082	<sup>R</sup> 2.042
October	.011	.418	.186	.614	.482	1.096	<sup>R</sup> .986	<sup>R</sup> 2.083
November	.014	<sup>R</sup> .715	.175	<sup>R</sup> .904	.468	R 1.372	<sup>R</sup> 1.015	R 2.387
December	.020	1.127	.227	1.374	.539	1.913	1.195	3.108
Total	.142	7.707	2.217	10.065	6.096	16.161	13.065	29.226

<sup>a</sup> Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.
 <sup>b</sup> Excludes wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy, except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution.

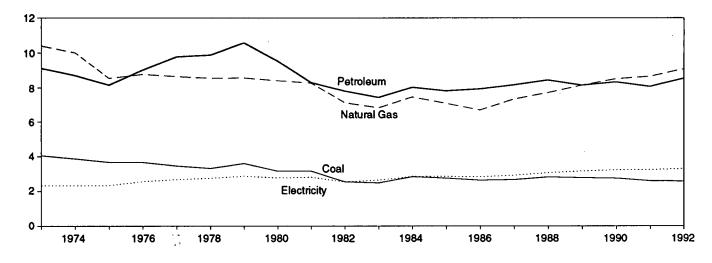
R=Revised data.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

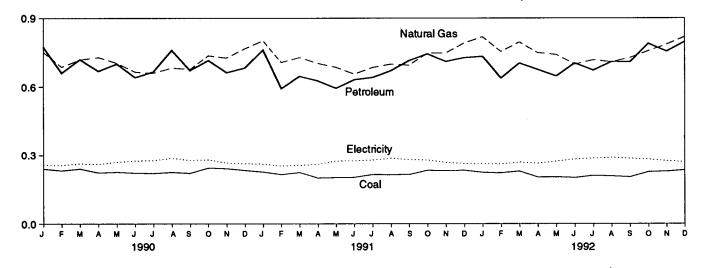
Petroleum revisions incorporate reallocation of residual fuel oil consumed by end-use sector.

#### Figure 2.3 Industrial Energy Consumption (Quadrillion Btu)

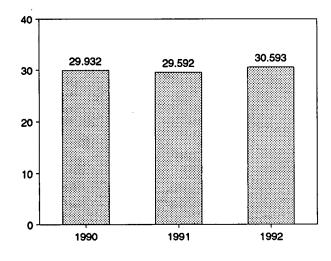
Consumption by Major Sources, 1973-1992



Consumption by Major Sources, Monthly

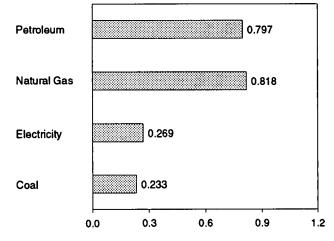


Total Consumption, January-December



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 2.4.

#### Consumption by Major Sources, December 1992



#### Table 2.4 Industrial Energy Consumption

(Quadrillion Btu)

	Coal	Natural Gas <sup>a</sup>	Petroleum	Hydro- electric Power	Net Imports of Coal Coke	Primary Consumption	Electricity	Net Consumption	Electrical System Energy Losses	Total Consumption <sup>b</sup>
1973 Total	4.057	10.388	9.104	0.035	-0.007	23.576	2.341	25.917	5.611	31.528
1974 Total	3.870	10.004	8.694	.033	.056	22.657	2.337	24.994	5.701	30.696
1975 Total	3.667	8.532	8.146	.032	.014	20.391	2.346	22.737	5.664	28.401
1976 Total	3.661	8.762	9.010	.033	(8)	21.465	2.573	24.038	6.196	30.234
1977 Total	3.454	8.635	9.774	.033	.015	21.911	2.682	24.593	6.481	31.075
1978 Total	3.314	8.539	9.867	.032	.125	21.876	2.761	24.637	6.751	31.388
1979 Total	3.593	8,549	10.568	.034	.063	22.807	2.873	25.679	6.935	32.615
1980 Total	3.155	8.395	9.525	.033	035	21.073	2.781	23.854	6.755	30.609
1981 Total	3.157	8.257	8.285	.033	016	19.715	2.817	22.533	6.705	29.238
1982 Total	2.552	7.121	7.794	.033	022	17.479	2.542	20.020	6.124	26.144
1983 Total	2.490	6.826	7.420	.033	016	16.753	2.648	19.401	6.356	25.756
1984 Total	2.842	7.448	8.014	.033	011	18.325	2.859	21.184	6.679	27.862
1985 Total	2.760	7.080	7.805	.033	013	17.665	2.855	20.520	6.693	27.213
1986 Total	2.640	6.690	7.920	.033	017	17.267	2.834	20.101		
1987 Total	2.673	7.323	<sup>R</sup> 8.150	.033	.009	<sup>R</sup> 18.188	2.034	<sup>R</sup> 21.116	6.529 6.711	26.629 <sup>R</sup> 27.828
1988 Total	2.828	7.696	<sup>R</sup> 8.430	.033	.009	<sup>R</sup> 19.026	3.059	R 22.085	6.903	R 28.988
1989 Total	2.787	8.131	<sup>R</sup> 8.133	.033	.030	<sup>R</sup> 19.113	3.158	R 22.272	7.084	R 29.355
1990 January	.239	.752	.774	.003	(s)	1.768	.257	<sup>R</sup> 2.025	.527	2.551
February	.231	.686	.660	.003	(s)	<sup>R</sup> 1.580	.255	1.834	.529	2.363
March	.239	.718	.719	.003	.001	1.680	.262	1.942	.584	2.526
April	.222	.729	.668	.003	001	1.622	.260	1.882	.560	2.442
Мау	.225	.703	.700	.003	(s)	1.632	.269	1.901	.617	2.518
June	.221	.665	.641	.003	.001	1.532	.275	<sup>R</sup> 1.808	.652	2.459
July	.220	.660	.666	.003	.003	1.552	.277	1.829	.632	2.461
August	.224	.682	.760	.002	001	1.668	.287	1.955	.661	<sup>R</sup> 2.616
September	.220	.676	.671	.002	.001	1.570	.278	1.849	.560	<sup>R</sup> 2.409
October	.243	.736	.715	.002	.001	1.696	.280	1.976	.597	2.573
November	.240	.726	<sup>R</sup> .662	.002	001	1.629	.265	1.894	.567	2.461
December	.232	.767	<sup>R</sup> .682	.002	.001	<sup>R</sup> 1.684	.262	<sup>R</sup> 1.946	.609	R 2.555
Total	2.756	8.502	<sup>R</sup> 8.319	.033	.005	<sup>R</sup> 19.614	3.226	<sup>R</sup> 22.841	7.091	R 29.932
1991 January	.225	.801	.761	.003	.001	1.791	<sup>R</sup> .260	<sup>R</sup> 2.051	R.572	<sup>R</sup> 2.624
February	.214	.706	.592	.003	.001	1.516	R.252	<sup>P</sup> 1.768	<sup>R</sup> .496	<sup>R</sup> 2.264
March	.223	.728	.646	.003	.002	1.602	<sup>R</sup> .255	<sup>R</sup> 1.858	<sup>R</sup> .564	<sup>A</sup> 2.421
April	.199	.702	.626	.003	.001	1.531	<sup>R</sup> .259	<sup>R</sup> 1.790	<sup>R</sup> .550	<sup>R</sup> 2.340
May	.201	.685	.594	.003	.001	1.483	R.274	<sup>R</sup> 1.758	<sup>R</sup> .640	<sup>R</sup> 2.398
June	.202	.656	.631	.003	001	1.490	R.275	<sup>R</sup> 1.766	<sup>R</sup> .617	R 2.383
July	.214	.684	.641	.003	.003	1.545	R.279	<sup>R</sup> 1.824	<sup>R</sup> .641	<sup>H</sup> 2.465
August	.213	.699	.670	.002	002	1.583	P.287	<sup>R</sup> 1.870	<sup>R</sup> .642	<sup>R</sup> 2.512
September	.214	.694	.714	.002	.004	1.628	<sup>R</sup> .280	<sup>R</sup> 1.908	R.556	<sup>R</sup> 2.464
October	.232	.747	.744	.002	001	1.725	R.278	<sup>R</sup> 2.003	<sup>A</sup> .589	<sup>R</sup> 2.592
November	.231	.748	.710	.002	.001	1.694	R.267	<sup>R</sup> 1.961	<sup>A</sup> .576	<sup>R</sup> 2.538
December	.232	.791	.727	.002	(s)	1.753	<sup>R</sup> .262	<sup>R</sup> 2.015	<sup>R</sup> .577	<sup>P</sup> 2.592
Total	2.601	<sup>R</sup> 8.640	8.057	.033	.009	<sup>R</sup> 19.340	<sup>R</sup> 3.230	<sup>R</sup> 22.570	<sup>R</sup> 7.022	<sup>R</sup> 29.592
1992 January	.223	.818 B 754	<sup>R</sup> .733	.003	.004	<sup>R</sup> 1.782	.261	<sup>R</sup> 2.043	<sup>R</sup> .568	<sup>R</sup> 2.610
February	.221	.734	<sup>R</sup> .638	.003	.003	<sup>R</sup> 1.617	.260	<sup>R</sup> 1.877	<sup>R</sup> .515	<sup>R</sup> 2.392
March	.228	.795	<sup>R</sup> .703	.003	.003	<sup>n</sup> 1.732	.268	<sup>R</sup> 2.000	<sup>R</sup> .574	<sup>R</sup> 2.574
April	.202	.749	<sup>R</sup> .675	.003	.003	<sup>H</sup> 1.633	.263	<sup>H</sup> 1.896	<b>n</b> .545	<sup>H</sup> 2.441
May	.203	.741	<sup>R</sup> .647	.003	.001	<sup>R</sup> 1.596	.272	<sup>R</sup> 1.869	<sup>R</sup> .598	<sup>R</sup> 2.467
June	.200	.698	R.703	.003	.003	<sup>R</sup> 1.607	.282	<sup>R</sup> 1.889	<sup>R</sup> .631	<sup>R</sup> 2.521
July	.209	.717	R.672	.003	.001	<sup>R</sup> 1.602	.286	<sup>R</sup> 1.888	<sup>R</sup> .654	<sup>R</sup> 2.542
August	.207	<sup>R</sup> .708	<sup>R</sup> .709	.002	.001	<sup>R</sup> 1.627	.290	1.917	<sup>R</sup> .624	R 2.541
September	.203	.727	<sup>R</sup> .708	.002	.001	<sup>R</sup> 1.642	.285	<sup>R</sup> 1.926	<sup>R</sup> .579	<sup>R</sup> 2.506
October	.225	.757	<sup>R</sup> .789	.002	.002	<sup>R</sup> 1.775	.282	R 2.057	<sup>R</sup> .578	<sup>R</sup> 2.635
November	.227	.785	<sup>R</sup> .755	.002	.001	<sup>R</sup> 1.770	.274	R 2.045	<sup>R</sup> .595	R 2.640
December	.233	.818	.797	.002	.005	1.856	.269	2.125	.597	2.723
Total	2.584	9.069	8.528	.033	.027	20.241	3.293	23.534	7.059	30.593

<sup>a</sup> Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

<sup>b</sup> Excludes wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy, except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution.

R=Revised data. (s)=Less than +0.5 trillion Btu and greater than -0.5

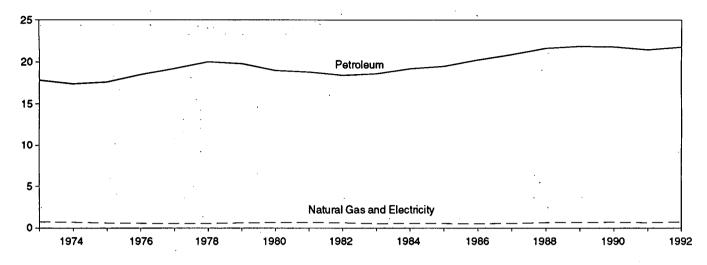
trillion Btu.

Notes: 
• Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
• Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

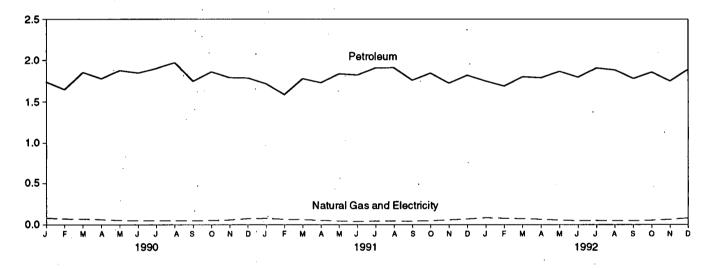
Petroleum revisions incorporate reallocation of residual fuel oil consumed by end-use sector.

#### Figure 2.4 Transportation Energy Consumption (Quadrillion Btu)

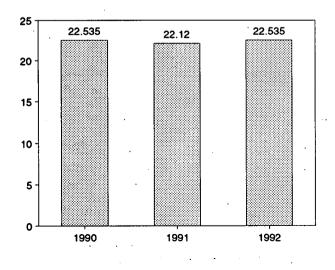
Consumption by Major Sources, 1973-1992





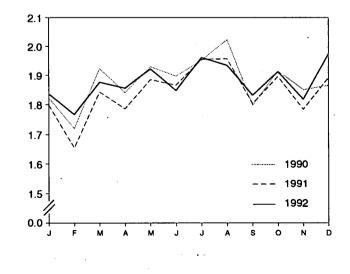


Total Consumption, January-December



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 2.5.

Total Consumption, Monthly



### Table 2.5 Transportation Energy Consumption

(Quadrillion Btu)

	Coal	Natural Gas <sup>a</sup>	Petroleum	Primary Consumption	Electricity	Net Consumption	Electrical System Energy Losses	Total Consumption
973 Total	0.003	0.743	17.831	18.576	0.008	18.584	0.020	18.605
974 Total	.002	.685	17.399	18.086	.009	18.095	.022	18.117
975 Total	.001	.595	17.614	18,209	.010	18.219	.025	18.244
976 Total	(S)	.559	18.506	19.065	.010	19.076	.025	19.101
977 Total	(s)	.543	19.241	19.784	.010	19.794	.025	19.819
78 Total	(°)	.539	20.041	20.580	.009	20.589	.025	
79 Total	isi	.612	19.825	20.436	.010	20.385	.022	20.611
80 Total	(°)	.650	19.008	19.658	.010	19.669	.025	20.472
81 Total	ici	.658	18.811	19.469	.011	19.480	.026	19.695
82 Total	205	.612	18.420	19.032	.011			19.507
83 Total	205	.505	18.593	19.098		19.043	.026	19.069
84 Total	201	.545	19.216		.011	19.109	.026	19.135
985 Total	205			19.761	.012	19.773	.028	19.801
86 Total		.519	19.504	20.024	.013	20.036	.030	20.067
87 Total		.499	20.269	20.768	.013	20.781	.031	20.812
	$\begin{pmatrix} c \\ c \end{pmatrix}$	.535	R 20.871	R 21.406	.013	<sup>R</sup> 21.419	.029	R21.448
988 Total		.632	R 21.629	R 22.260	.014	<sup>R</sup> 22.274	.031	<sup>R</sup> 22.305
89 Total	(°)	.649	<sup>R</sup> 21.868	R 22.517	.014	<sup>R</sup> 22.530	.031	<sup>R</sup> 22.561
90 January	(°) (°)	.079	1.739	<sup>P</sup> 1.819	.001	<sup>R</sup> 1.820	.002	1.822
February		.068	<sup>R</sup> 1.649	<sup>R</sup> 1.717	.001	<sup>R</sup> 1.718	.002	1.720
March	(°)	.066	<sup>R</sup> 1.854	1.919	.001	<sup>R</sup> 1.921	.002	1.923
April	(°)	.059	<u>P</u> 1.779	1.837	.001	1.838	.002	<sup>R</sup> 1.841
May	(°)	.049	<sup>R</sup> 1.877	1.926	.001	<sup>R</sup> 1.928	.003	1.930
June	(°)	.045	1.847	<sup>R</sup> 1.893	.001	<sup>R</sup> 1.894	.003	<sup>R</sup> 1.897
July	(°)	.045	1.902	1.947	.001	<sup>R</sup> 1.949	.003	<sup>R</sup> 1.952
August	(°)	.046	<sup>R</sup> 1.972	2.018	.001	<sup>R</sup> 2.020	.003	R 2.023
September	(°)	.045	1.749	<sup>R</sup> 1.795	.001	<sup>R</sup> 1.796	.002	1.798
October	(°)	.049	1.861	<sup>R</sup> 1.911	.001	<sup>R</sup> 1.912	.003	1,914
November	(°)	.056	1.792	<sup>R</sup> 1.848	.001	<sup>R</sup> 1.849	.002	1.851
December	(°)	.072	<sup>R</sup> 1.789	<sup>R</sup> 1.861	.001	<sup>R</sup> 1.862	.003	<sup>R</sup> 1.865
Total	(°)	.680	<sup>R</sup> 21.810	R 22.490	.014	R 22.504	.031	R 22.535
91 January	(°)	.076	1.718	1.795	.001	1.796	.003	1.798
February	(°)	.063	1.588	1.651	.001	1.652	.002	1.655
March	(°)	.060	1.780	1.840	.001	1.841	P.002	<sup>R</sup> 1.843
April	(°)	.051	1.732	1.783	.001	1.784	.002	1.786
May	ic)	.043	1.838	1.881	.001	1.882	.003	1.885
June	(°)	.038	1.823	1.862	.001	1.863	.003	1.866
July	ici	.041	1.910	1.951	.001	1.952	.003	
August	2°í	.041	1.911	1.952	.001	1.952	.003	1.955 1.957
September	isi	.039	1.761	1.800	.001	1.801	R.003	
October	(°)	.045	1.846	1.892	.001			1.804
November	(°)	.045	1.726	1.781		1.893	.002	1.895
December	203	.055	1.821		.001	1.782	.002	<sup>R</sup> 1.784
Total	201	.620		1.887	.001	1.888	<sup>R</sup> .002	1.891
	• •	.620	21.456	22.076	<sup>R</sup> .014	22.090	<sup>R</sup> .030	<sup>R</sup> 22.120
92 January	(°)	.081	1.751	1.833	.001	1.834	.002	1.836
February		.074	1.690	1.764	.001	1.765	.002	1.767
March	(°)	.070	1.803	1.873	.001	1.874	.002	1.876
April	(°) (°) (°)	.062	1.791	1.853	.001	1.854	.002	1.856
Мау	(*)	.052	1.867	1.918	.001	1.919	.003	1.922
June	(~)	.046	1.798	1.844	.001	1.845	.003	1.848
July	(°)	.048	1.908	1.957	.001	1.958	.003	1.961
August	(°)	.046	1.885	1.931	.001	1.932	.003	1.935
September	(°) (°) (°)	.046	1.782	1.828	.001	1.829	.003	1.832
October	(°)	.051	1.858	1.909	.001	1.910	.002	1.912
November	(°)	.062	1.752	1.814	.001	1.815	.002	1.818
December	(°)	.077	1.892	1.969	.001	1.970	.002	1.973
Total	ici	.717	21.775	22.492	.014	22.506	.003	22.535

<sup>a</sup> Pipeline fuel only, including supplemental gaseous fuels.

<sup>b</sup> Excludes wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy, except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution. <sup>c</sup> Since 1978, the small amounts of coal consumed for transportation are

reported as industrial sector consumption.

R=Revised data. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

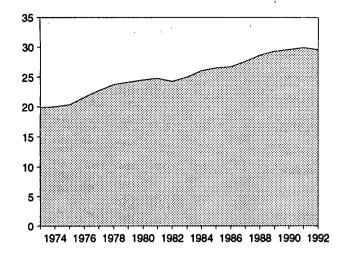
Notes: . Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

Petroleum revisions incorporate reallocation of residual fuel oil consumed by end-use sector.

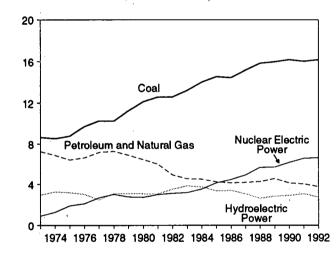
### Figure 2.5 Energy Input at Electric Utilities (Quadrillion Btu)

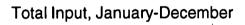


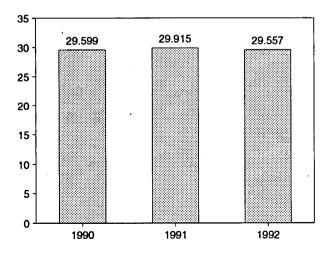
Total Input, 1973-1992



Input by Major Sources, 1973-1992

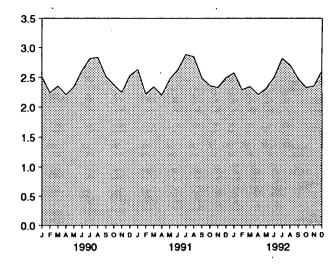




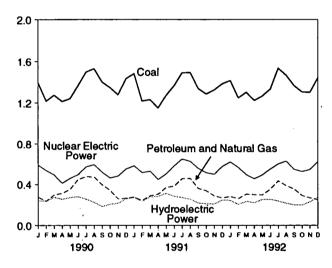


Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 2.6.

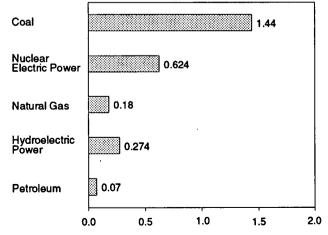
Total Input, Monthly



Input by Major Sources, Monthly



### Input by Major Sources, December 1992



### Table 2.6 Energy Input at Electric Utilities

(Quadrillion Btu)

	Coal	Natural Gas <sup>a</sup>	Petroleum <sup>b</sup>	Nuclear Electric Power	Hydro- electric Power <sup>c</sup>	Other <sup>d</sup>	Total
<u> </u>							1
973 Total	8.658	3.748	3.515	0.910	2.975	0.046	19.852
974 Total	8.534	3.519	3.365	1.272	3.276	.056	20.022
75 Total	8.786	3.240	3.166	1.900	3.187	.072	20.350
76 Total	9.720	3.152	3.477	2.111	3.032	.081	21.574
77 Total	10.262	3.284	3.901	2.702	2.482	.082	22.713
78 Total	10.238	3.297	3.987	3.024			
79 Total	11.260	3.613			3.110	.068	23.724
			3.283	2.776	3.107	.089	24.128
80 Total	12.123	3.810	2.634	2.739	3.085	114	24.505
81 Total	12.583	3.768	2.202	3.008	3.072	.127	24.760
82 Total	12.582	3.342	1.568	3.131	3.53 <del>9</del>	.108	24.270
83 Total	13.213	2.998	1.544	3.203	3.866	.133	24.956
84 Total	14.020	3.220	1.286	3.553	3.767	.174	26.020
85 Total	14.542	3.160	1.090	4.149	3.365	.213	26.519
86 Total	14.444	2.691	1.452	4.471	3.413	.232	26.703
87 Total	15.173	2.935	1.257	4.906	3.084	.245	27.600
88 Total	15.850	2.709	1.563	5.661	2.630	.235	28.648
89 Total	15.988	2.871	1.685	5.677	2.848	.235 .217	28.646
	÷ .	2.017		0.077	2.040	.2.11	23.200
90 January	1.391	.151	.123	.589	.239	.018	2.510
February	1.216	.136	.100	.534	.238	.016	2.241
March	1.274	.190	.108	.492	.275	.018	2.358
April	1.213	.206	.108	.411	.255	.014	2.207
May	1.240	.252	.101	.459	.273	.014	2.341
June	1.367	.307	.141	.495			
	1.497	.337			.281	.017	2.608
July			.138	.573	.256	.017	2.819
August	1.530	.355	.117	.595	.227	.017	2.842
September	1.402	.311	.086	.518	.184	.016	2.518
October	1.347	.266	.077	.463	.207	.017	2.378
November	1.278	.191	.067	.481	.217	.016	2.249
December	1.434	.181	.085	.551	.260	.017	2.528
Total	16.189	2.882	1.250	6.161	2.914	.202	29.599
91 January	1.482	.177	.099	<sup>R</sup> .584	<sup>R</sup> .275	.017	<sup>R</sup> 2.634
February	1.217	.150	.092	<sup>R</sup> .514			
				<sup>0</sup> .514 B.coo	.234	.014	<sup>R</sup> 2.221
March	1.230	.198	.092	<sup>R</sup> .528	.280	.016	<sup>R</sup> 2.344
April	1.151	.221	.084	<sup>R</sup> .447	<sup>R</sup> .284	.015	<sup>R</sup> 2.201
Мау	1.271	.255	.115	<sup>R</sup> .502	<sup>R</sup> .314	.015	<sup>H</sup> 2.472
June	1.366	.266	.117	<sup>B</sup> .582	.283	.016	<sup>R</sup> 2.631
July	1.491	.338	.118	R.652	.272	.016	<sup>R</sup> 2.887
August	1.492	.335	.123	R.628	.256	.016	R 2.851
September	1.337	.269	.091	<sup>R</sup> .557	.218	.015	R 2.488
October	1.284	.270	.068	R.512	P.211	.016	R 2.361
November	1.324	.203	.084	P.497	P.209	.017	P 2.333
December	<sup>H</sup> 1.384	.174	.004	<sup>R</sup> .576	.205	.017	<sup>R</sup> 2.492
Total	<sup>R</sup> 16.028	<sup>R</sup> 2.856	1.178	<sup>R</sup> 6.579	R 3.083	<sup>R</sup> .191	R 29.915
2 January	1.414	.173	.108	<sup>R</sup> .622	243	.017	<sup>R</sup> 2.577
February	1.247	.174	.087	<sup>R</sup> .567	<sup>R</sup> .204	.015	<sup>R</sup> 2.295
March	1.301	.213	.092	P 492	.234	.017	<sup>. R</sup> 2.349
April	1.221	.234	.066	<sup>R</sup> .454	<sup>R</sup> .220	.015	<sup>R</sup> 2.209
May	1.265	.242	.055	R.490	R.252	.016	R 2.319
June	1.331	.272	.080	R.550	P.253	.016	<sup>R</sup> 2.501
July	1.534			P.602	.200 B 000		80.001
		.341	.092	002 B coo	R.236	.016	<sup>R</sup> 2.821
August	1.464	.310	.076	P.630	.216	.017	<sup>P</sup> 2.713
September	1.365	.280	.074	<sup>R</sup> .547	200	.015	<sup>R</sup> 2.482
October	1.303	.218	.073	<sup>R</sup> .524	<sup>R</sup> .198	.016	<sup>R</sup> 2.332
November	1.300	.194	.074	<sup>R</sup> .545	<sup>R</sup> .228	.016	<sup>R</sup> 2.356
December	1.440	.180	.070	.624	.274	.016	2.604
Total	16.185	2.831	.947	6.646	2.756	.192	29.557

<sup>a</sup> Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

 <sup>a</sup> Includes supplemental gaseous ruels.
 <sup>b</sup> Petroleum products reported as "oil consumed in steam plants" through 1979 and "heavy oil" from 1980 forward, which are assumed to be residual fuel oil; petroleum products reported as "oil consumed in gas turbine and "heavy betroleum products reported as "oil consumed in gas turbine and "heavy betroleum products reported as "oil consumed in gas turbine and "heavy betroleum products" through 1070 and "light oil" from 1980 internal combustion engine plants" through 1979 and "light oil" from 1980 forward, which are assumed to be distillate fuel oil, kerosene, and petroleum coke.

<sup>c</sup> Includes net imports of electricity. <sup>d</sup> "Other" is electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy. R=Revised data.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section. ٠

### Table 2.7 Energy Consumption Summary for December 1992

(Quadrillion Btu)

· ·							
Energy Source	Residential and Commercial	Industrial	Transportation	Total <sup>a</sup>	Electric Utilities	Total	
	0.000		(b)	0.050		4 000	
Coal	0.020	0.233	( <sup>b</sup> )	0.253	1.440	1.693	
latural Gas <sup>c</sup>	1.127	.818	.077	2.022	.180	2.202	
Petroleum	.227	.797	1.892	2.916	.070	2.986	
luclear Electric Power	· -	-	-		.624	.624	
vdroelectric Power	-	.002		.002	.274	.276	
let Imports of Coal Coke	-	.005		.005	_	.005	
)ther <sup>d</sup>	-	-	-	_	.016	.016	
Primary Consumption	1.374	1.856	1.969	5.199	2.604	7.802	
lectricity	.539	.269	.001	.809		-	
	1.913	2.125	1.970	6.008		_	
Net Consumption					-	-	
lectrical System Energy Losses	1.195	.597	.003	1.795	1	-	
Total Consumption <sup>e</sup>	3.108	2.723	1.973	7.802	1 - 1	-	

<sup>a</sup> Totals for coal and natural gas may not equal sum of sectors due to the use of sector-specific conversion factors. <sup>b</sup> Small amounts of coal consumed for transportation are reported as

industrial sector consumption. <sup>c</sup> Includes supplemental gaseous fuels. Transportation sector is pipeline

fuel only. <sup>d</sup> "Other" is electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.

<sup>e</sup> Excludes wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy, except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution.

 - =Not applicable.
 Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Additional Notes and Sources: See Tables 2.2-2.6 and end of section.

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# Energy Consumption Notes and Sources

The data in this section of the Monthly Energy Review (MER) are obtained initially from a group of energyrelated surveys, typically called "supply surveys," conducted by the Energy Information Administration (EIA). Supply surveys are those surveys directed to suppliers and marketers of specific energy sources. They measure the quantities of specific energy sources produced, or the quantities supplied to the market, or both. The data obtained from the EIA's supply surveys are integrated to yield the summary consumption statistics published in this section (and in Section 1) of the MER. Users of the EIA's energy consumption statistics should be aware of a second group of energy-related surveys, typically called "consumption surveys." Consumption surveys gather information on the types of energy consumed by end users of energy, along with the characteristics of those end users that can be associated with energy use. For example, the Manufacturing Energy Consumption Survey belongs to the consumption survey group because it collects information directly from end users (the manufacturing establishments). There are important differences between the supply and consumption surveys that need to be taken into account in any analysis that uses both data sources. For information on those differences, see Energy Consumption by End-Use Sector, A Comparison of Measures by Consumption and Supply Surveys, DOE/EIA-0533, Energy Information Administration, Washington, DC, April 6, 1990. The numbered notes that follow elaborate on essential information in Section 2

1. Total Energy Consumed: Total energy consumed includes coal, natural gas (including supplemental gaseous fuels), petroleum products supplied, electric utility and industrial generation of hydroelectric power, net imports of electricity generated from hydroelectric power, and electricity generated from nuclear power. Total energy consumed also includes electricity generated from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy but excludes other energy obtained from those sources because consistent historical data are not available.

**2. Economic Sectors:** Energy use is assigned to the major economic sectors according to the following guidelines as closely as possible:

• Residential—All private residences, whether occupied or vacant, owned or rented, including single-family homes, multifamily housing units, and mobile homes. Secondary homes, such as summer homes, are also included. Institutional housing, such as school dormitories, hospitals, and military barracks, generally are not included in the residential sector; they are included in the commercial sector. The SIC code used to classify an establishment as residential is 88 (Household).

- Commercial—Business establishments that are not engaged in transportation or in manufacturing or other types of industrial activity (agriculture, mining, or construction). Commercial establishments include hotels, motels, restaurants, wholesale businesses, retail stores, laundries, and other service enterprises; religious and nonprofit organizations; health, social, and educational institutions; and Federal, State, and local governments. Street lights, pumps, bridges, and public services are also included if the establishment operating them is considered commercial. SIC codes used to classify an establishment as commercial are 50 through 87, 89, and 91 through 97.
- Industrial—Manufacturing industries, which make up the largest part of the sector, along with mining, construction, agriculture, fisheries, and forestry. Establishments in the sector range from steel mills to small farms to companies assembling electronic components. The SIC codes used to classify establishments as industrial are 1 through 39.
- Transportation—Private and public vehicles that move people and commodities. Included are automobiles, trucks, buses, motorcycles, railroads and railways (including streetcars), aircraft, ships, barges, and natural gas pipelines. The SIC codes used to classify establishments as belonging to the transportation sector are 40 through 49.
- Electric Utility—Privately and publicly owned establishments that generate, transmit, distribute, and sell electricity primarily for use by the public and meet the definition of an electric utility. Nonutility power producers are not included in the electric utility sector.

Although the end-use allocations are made according to these aggregations as closely as possible, some data are collected by using different classifications. For example, data on agricultural use of natural gas are collected and reported in the commercial sector, rather than in the industrial sector. Since agricultural use of natural gas cannot be identified separately, it is included in the commercial sector in this report. Another example is master-metered condominiums and apartments, and buildings with a combination of residential and commercial units. In many cases, the metering and billing practices cause residential energy usage of electricity, natural gas, or fuel oil to be included in the commercial sector. No adjustments for these discrepancies were made.

**3.** Conversion Factors: See the conversion factors listed in Appendix A.

4. Coal: Coal is anthracite, bituminous coal (including subbituminous coal), and lignite. Sources:

- 1973-September 1977: U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), Bureau of Mines (BOM), Minerals Yearbook and Minerals Industry Surveys.
- Electric Utilities—October 1977 forward: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-759 (formerly Form FPC-4), "Monthly Power Plant Report."
- Other Industrial—October 1977-December 1979: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Monthly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; January 1980 forward: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants" and Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report."
- Coke Plants—October 1977-December 1980: EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke and Coal Chemicals
  Monthly/Annual"; January 1981-December 1984: EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke Plant Report
  Quarterly/Annual Supplement"; January 1985 forward: EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke Plant Report," quarterly.
- Residential and Commercial—October 1977-December 1979: EIA, Form EIA-2, "Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers - Upper Lake Docks"; January 1980 forward: EIA, Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report."

5. Natural Gas: Natural gas consumption by end use is based on data presented in Table 4.3 of this report. For Section 2 calculations, lease and plant fuel consumption are added to industrial deliveries, and pipeline fuel represents transportation use of natural gas. Values in Btu are derived by using the conversion factors provided in Appendix A. Sources:

- 1973-1975: DOI, BOM, Minerals Yearbook, "Natural Gas" chapter.
- 1976-1978: EIA, Energy Data Reports, "Natural Gas, Annual."
- 1979: EIA, Natural Gas Production and Consumption 1979.
- 1980-1991: EIA, Natural Gas Annual.
- 1992: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly.
- Electric Utilities—1973-1976: Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; 1977-1981: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; 1982 forward: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
- American Gas Association, "Monthly Gas Utility Statistical Report," residential and commercial monthly sales data for 1973-1979, which are used to estimate monthly consumption values from EIA annual consumption values.

6. Petroleum: Petroleum consumption by end use is the sum of all individual petroleum products estimated to be consumed in each end-use sector. First, total consumption by product is determined. Petroleum consumption in this section of the *Monthly Energy Review (MER)* is the series called "petroleum products supplied" in Section 3. Sources for petroleum products supplied by individual products are:

- 1973-1975: DOI, BOM, Mineral Industry Surveys, "Petroleum Statement, Annual."
- 1976-1980: EIA, Energy Data Reports, "Petroleum Statement, Annual."
- 1981-1991: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual.
- 1992: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.

Specific petroleum products' end-use allocation procedures follow:

- Aviation Gasoline—All product supplied is assigned to the transportation sector.
- Asphalt—All product supplied is assigned to the industrial sector.
- Distillate Fuel—Product supplied is assigned to electric utilities and non-electric utilities as follows:

#### Electric Utilities, All Periods.

Monthly and annual consumption for 1973-1979 is assumed to be the amount of oil (minus small amounts of kerosene and kerosene-type jet fuel deliveries) reported as consumed in internal combustion and gas turbine engine plants. From January 1980, electric utility consumption of distillate fuel is assumed to be the petroleum products reported as "light oil" (minus small amounts of kerosene deliveries through 1982) consumed at electric utilities.

Sources: 1973-September 1977: FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; October 1977-1981: FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; 1982 forward: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

### Non-Electric Utilities, Annual Estimates Through 1991.

The aggregate non-electric utility use of distillate fuel is total distillate fuel supplied minus the electric utility consumption. The non-electric utility annual consumption totals are allocated to the individual non-electric utility sectors (residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation) in proportion to the share of "adjusted sales" of each end-use sector, as reported in EIA's Fuel Oil and Kerosene Sales report series (DOE/EIA-0535), which is based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-821, previously Form EIA-172. "Adjusted sales" are sales that have been adjusted at the PAD district level to equal EIA volume estimates of petroleum products supplied in the U.S. market. Following are notes on the individual sector groupings:

- Since 1979, the residential sector adjusted sales total is directly from the *Sales* reports. Prior to 1979, each year's sales subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into residential, commercial, and industrial (including farm) in proportion to the 1979 shares.

- Since 1979, the commercial sector adjusted sales total is directly from the *Sales* reports. Prior to 1979, each year's sales subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into residential, commercial, and industrial (including farm) in proportion to the 1979 shares.

- Since 1979, the industrial sector adjusted sales total is the sum of the adjusted sales for industrial, farm, oil company, off-highway, diesel, and all other uses. Prior to 1979, each year's sales subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into residential, commercial, and industrial (including farm) in proportion to the 1979 shares, and this estimated industrial portion is added to oil company, off-highway diesel, and all other uses.

- The transportation sector adjusted sales total is the sum of the adjusted sales for railroad, vessel bunkering, on-highway diesel, and military uses for all years.

#### Non-Electric Utilities, Monthly Estimates Through 1991.

- Residential and commercial monthly consumption is estimated by allocating the annual estimates described above into months in proportion to each month's share of the year's sales of No. 2 heating oil as reported in the "Monthly Report of Heating Oil Sales" by the Ethyl Corporation from 1973-1980 and the American Petroleum Institute for 1981 and 1982, and the EIA, Form EIA-782A, "Refiners/Gas Plant Operators' Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report," No. 2 Fuel Oil Sales to End Users and for Resale, since 1983.

- The transportation highway use portion is allocated into the months in proportion to each month's share of the year's total sales for highway use as reported by the Federal Highway Administration's Table MF-25, "Private and Commercial Highway Use of Special Fuels by Months." The remaining transportation use of distillate fuel (i.e., for railroads, vessel bunkering, and military use) is evenly distributed over the months, adjusted for the number of days per month.

- Industrial monthly estimates are made by subtracting the residential and commercial, transportation, and electric utility sector estimates from each month's total distillate fuel supplied.

#### Non-Electric Utilities, 1992

Each month's non-electric utility consumption subtotal is disaggregated into the major end-use sectors in proportion to the shares each sector held of the non-electric utility subtotal in the same month in 1991.

- Jet Fuel—Through 1982, small amounts of kerosene-type jet fuel were consumed by electric utilities. Kerosene-type jet fuel deliveries to electric utilities as reported on the Form FERC-423 (formerly Form FPC-423) were used as estimates of this consumption. All remaining jet fuel (kerosene-type and naphtha-type) is consumed by the transportation sector.
- Kerosene—Total product supplied monthly is allocated to the major end-use sectors in proportion to annual sales grouped into end-use sectors from EIA's *Fuel Oil and Kerosene Sales* (*Sales*) reports (based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-821, previously Form EIA-172), as follows:

- Residential deliveries are directly from the Sales reports for 1979-1991. Sales for 1991 are used as estimates for succeeding periods. Prior to 1979, each year's sales category called "heating" is split into residential, commercial, and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares.

- Commercial sales are directly from the Sales reports for 1979-1991. Sales for 1991 are used as estimates for succeeding periods. Prior to 1979, each year's sales category called "heating" is split into residential, commercial, and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares.

- Industrial sales are directly from the *Sales* reports for 1979-1991. Sales for 1991 are used as estimates for succeeding periods. Prior to 1979, each year's sales category called "heating" is split into residential, commercial and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares, and this estimated industrial (including farm) portion is added to all other uses.

• Liquefied Petroleum Gases (LPG)—The annual shares of LPG's total consumption that are estimated to be consumed by each end-use sector are applied to each month's total LPG consumption (i.e., product supplied) to create monthly end-use consumption estimates. The annual enduse shares are calculated in the following manner:

- Sales of LPG to the residential and commercial sector are converted from thousand gallons per year to thousand barrels per year and are assumed to be the annual consumption of LPG by the sector.

- The quantity of LPG sold each year for consumption in internal combustion engines is allocated between the transportation and industrial sectors on the basis of data for special fuels used on highways published by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, in *Highway Statistics*. The allocations of LPG sold for internal combustion engine use to the transportation sector range from a high of 67 percent in 1981 to a low of 37 percent in 1987. - LPG consumed annually by the industrial sector is estimated as the difference between LPG's total supplied and the estimated consumption by the sum of the residential and commercial sector and the transportation sector. The industrial sector includes LPG used by chemical plants as raw materials or solvents and for use in the production of synthetic rubber; refinery fuel use; use as synthetic natural gas feedstock and use in secondary recovery projects; all farm use; LPG sold to gas utility companies for distribution through the mains; and a portion of the use of LPG as an internal combustion engine fuel.

The sources of the annual sales data for creating annual end-use shares are:

- 1973-1982: EIA's "Sales of Liquefied Petroleum Gases and Ethane" reports, based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-174.

- 1983: End-use consumption estimates for 1983 are based on 1982 end-use consumption because the collection of data under Form EIA-174 was discontinued after data year 1982.

- 1984-1991: American Petroleum Institute (API), "Sales of Natural Gas Liquids and Liquefied Refinery Gases," which is based on an LPG sales survey jointly sponsored by API, the Gas Processors Association, and the National Liquefied Petroleum Gas Association.

- 1992: The 1991 source is used to estimate succeeding periods.

- Lubricants—Total product supplied is allocated to the industrial and transportation sectors for all months according to proportions developed from annual sales of lubricants to the two sectors from U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, *Current Industrial Reports*, "Sales of Lubricating and Industrial Oils and Greases." The 1973 shares are applied to 1973 and 1974; the 1975 shares are applied to 1975 and 1976; and the 1977 shares are applied to 1977 forward.
- Motor Gasoline—Total product supplied monthly is allocated to the major end-use sectors in proportion to aggregations of annual sales categories formed from the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, *Highway Statistics*, Tables MF-21, MF-24, and MF-25, as follows:

- Commercial sales are the sum of sales for public non-highway use and miscellaneous and unclassified uses.

- Industrial sales are the sum of sales for agriculture, construction, and industrial and commercial use as classified in the *Highway Statistics*.

- Transportation sales are the sum of sales for highway use (minus the sales of special fuels, which are primarily diesel fuel and are accounted for in the transportation sector of distillate fuel) and sales for marine use.

- Petroleum Coke—The portion consumed by electric utilities is from Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report" (formerly Form FPC-4). The remaining petroleum coke is assigned to the industrial sector.
- **Residual Fuel**—Product supplied is assigned to electric utilities and non-electric utilities as follows:

#### Electric Utilities, All Periods.

Monthly and annual consumption for 1973-1979 is assumed to be the amount of oil reported as consumed in steam-electric power plants. From January 1980 forward, electric utility consumption of residual fuel is assumed to be the petroleum products reported as heavy oil consumed at electric utilities.

Sources: 1973-September 1977: Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; October 1977-1981: FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; 1982 forward: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

### Non-Electric Utilities, Annual Estimates Through 1991.

The aggregate non-electric utility use of residual fuel is total residual fuel supplied minus the electric utility consumption. The non-electric utility annual totals are allocated into the individual non-electric utility sectors in proportion to the amount of residual fuel sold to end users, grouped into sectors from EIA's *Fuel Oil and Kerosene Sales (Sales)* reports (based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-821, previously Form EIA-172), as follows:

- Since 1979, commercial sales data are directly from the *Sales* reports. Prior to 1979, each year's sales subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into commercial and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares.

- Since 1979, industrial sales data are the sum of sales for industrial, oil company, and all other uses. Prior to 1979, each year's sales subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into commercial and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares, and this estimated industrial portion is added to oil company and all other uses.

- Transportation sales are the sum of sales for railroad, vessel bunkering, and military uses for all years.

#### Non-Electric Utilities, Monthly Estimates Through 1991.

- Commercial sector monthly consumption is estimated by allocating the annual commercial sector estimates described above into months in proportion to each month's share of the year's sales of No. 2 fuel oil as reported in the "Monthly Report of Heating Oil Sales" by the Ethyl Corporation for 1973-1980 and the American Petroleum Institute for 1981 and 1982, and the EIA, Form EIA-782A, "Refiners/Gas Plant Operators' Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report," No. 2 Fuel Oil Sales to End Users and for Resale, since 1983.

- Transportation monthly estimates are made by evenly distributing the annual sector estimate over the months, adjusting for the number of days per month.

- Industrial monthly estimates are made by subtracting the commercial, transportation, and electric utility sector estimates from each month's total residual fuel supplied.

#### Non-Electric Utilities, 1992

Each month's non-electric utility consumption subtotal is disaggregated into the major end-use sectors in proportion to the shares each sector held of the non-electric utility subtotal in the same month in 1991.

- Road Oil—All product supplied is assigned to the industrial sector.
- All Other Petroleum Products—The product supplied of all remaining petroleum products is assigned to the industrial sector.

7. Nuclear Electric Power and Wood, Waste, Geothermal, Wind, Photovoltaic, and Solar Thermal Energy Sources Connected to Electric Utility Distribution Systems: Sources:

- 1973-1976: FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
- 1977-1981: FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
- 1982 forward: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

8. Hydroelectric Power: Includes electricity generated by hydroelectric power at electric utilities, small amounts in the industrial sector, and net imports of electricity, which are assumed to be generated by hydroelectric power and are included in the electric utilities sector.

Sources for electric utilities sector:

- 1973-1976: FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
- 1977-1981: FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
- 1982 forward: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

- 1973-1978: FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report," for plants with generating capacity exceeding 10 megawatts, and FPC, Form FPC-12C, Industrial Electric Generating Capacity, for all other plants.
- 1979: FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report," for plants with generating capacity exceeding 10 megawatts and EIA estimates for all other plants.
- 1980 forward: Annual generation estimated by EIA as the average generation over the 6-year period of 1974-1979; monthly generation estimated to be in proportion to each month's hydroelectricity generation in the electric utility industry in 1980.

Sources for imports and exports of electricity:

- 1973-September 1977: Unpublished Federal Power Commission data.
- October 1977-1980: Unpublished Economic Regulatory Administration (ERA) data.
- 1981: DOE, Office of Energy Emergency Operations, "Report on Electric Energy Exchanges with Canada and Mexico for Calendar Year 1981," April 1982 (revised June 1982).
- 1982 and 1983: DOE, ERA, Electricity Exchanges Across International Borders.
- 1984-1986: DOE, ERA, Electricity Transactions Across International Borders.
- 1987 and 1988: DOE, ERA, Form ERA-781R, "Annual Report of International Electrical Export/Import Data."
- 1989-1991: DOE, Assistant Secretary for Fossil Energy, Form FE-781-R, "Annual Report of International Electrical Export/Import Data."
- 1992 forward: EIA estimates based on preliminary data from the National Energy Board of Canada and DOE, Assistant Secretary for Fossil Energy.

9. Net Imports of Coal Coke: Net imports means imports minus exports, and a minus sign indicates that exports are greater than imports. Sources:

- 1973-1975: DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook*, "Coke and Coal Chemicals" chapter.
- 1976-1980: EIA, *Energy Data Report*, "Coke and Coal Chemicals" annual.
- 1981: EIA, *Energy Data Report*, "Coke Plant Report," quarterly.
- 1982 forward: EIA, Quarterly Coal Report.

**10. Electricity:** End-use consumption of electricity is based on Table 7.2 sales data. "Other," which is primarily for use in government buildings, is added to the commercial sector, except for approximately 4 per-

Sources for industrial sector:

cent used by railroads and railways and attributed to the transportation sector. For 1973-1983 and 1992 forward, "Monthly Series" data are used directly. For 1984-1991, monthly estimates are created by dividing each month's "Monthly Series" value by the "Monthly Series" total for the year and multiplying by the "Annual Series" value for the year. Kilowatthours are converted to Btu at the rate of 3,412 Btu per kilowatthour. See Table 7.2 for sources of the electricity sales data.

11. Electrical System Energy Losses: Electrical system energy losses are calculated as the difference between total energy input at electric utilities and the total energy content of electricity sold to end-use consumers. Most of those losses occur at steam-electric power plants (conventional and nuclear) in the conversion of heat energy into mechanical energy to turn electric generators. The loss is a thermodynamically necessary feature of the steam-electric cycle. Part of

the energy input-to-output losses is a result of imputing fossil energy equivalent inputs for hydroelectric and other energy sources, since there is no generally accepted practice for measuring those thermal conversion rates. In addition to conversion losses, other losses include power plant use of electricity, transmission and distribution of electricity from power plants to end-use consumers (also called "line losses"), and unaccounted for electricity. Total losses are allocated to the end-use sectors in proportion to each sector's share of total electricity sales. Overall, approximately 67 percent of total energy input is lost in conversion; of electricity generated, approximately 5 percent is lost in plant use and 9 percent is lost in transmission and distribution. Calculated electrical system energy losses may be less than actual losses, because primary consumption does not include the energy equivalent of utility purchases of electricity from non-electric utilities and from Canada and Mexico, although they are included in electricity sales.

### Section 3. Petroleum

Total petroleum imports<sup>2</sup> averaged 8.3 million barrels per day in January 1993, 6 percent<sup>3</sup> higher than the previous month's rate and 9 percent higher than the January 1992 rate.

In January 1993, 16.9 million barrels per day of petroleum products were supplied for domestic use, 6 percent lower than the previous month's rate and 1 percent lower than the January 1992 rate. Motor gasoline accounted for 41 percent of the total; distillate fuel oil, 20 percent; and residual fuel oil, 6 percent.

Motor gasoline supplied during January 1993 averaged 6.9 million barrels per day, 7 percent lower than the previous month's rate and slightly lower than the January 1992 rate. Total motor gasoline stocks were 235 million barrels at the end of January 1993, 18 million barrels above the stock level in the previous

month and 6 million barrels above the level 1 year earlier.

Distillate fuel oil supplied during January 1993 averaged 3.4 million barrels per day, 4 percent higher than the previous month's rate and 6 percent higher than the January 1992 rate. Distillate fuel oil ending stocks for January 1993 were 128 million barrels, 13 million barrels below the stock level in the previous month but 1 million barrels above the stock level 1 year earlier.

Residual fuel oil supplied in January 1993 averaged 0.9 million barrels per day, 28 percent lower than both the previous month's rate and the January 1992 rate. Residual fuel oil stocks measured 45 million barrels at the end of January 1993, 2 million barrels above the stock level in the previous month and 1 million barrels above the stock level 1 year earlier.

An update to Section 3 was not available in time for inclusion in this issue of the *Monthly Energy Review*.

Estimates (except of crude production) for the most current month are based on Energy Information Administration (EIA) weekly data and will be revised to conform with data from the EIA Petroleum Reporting System as available. For the most recent month, crude production is an EIA estimate based on historical and provisional data through October 1992.

<sup>2</sup>Total import data include imports into the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.
<sup>3</sup>Percentage changes are based on numbers shown in the following tables.

		Field Production	n	Stock	Change <sup>a</sup>		Ending Stocks
	Total Domestic <sup>c</sup>	Crude Oil	Natural Gas Plant Production	Crude Oil <sup>d</sup>	Petroleum Products	Petroleum Products Supplied	Crude Oil <sup>d</sup> and Petroleum Products
			Thousand Ba	rrels per Day			Million Barrels
1973 Average	10.975	9,208	1,738	-11	146	17,308	1,008
1974 Average	10,498	8,774	1,688	62	117	16,653	<sup>e</sup> 1.074
1975 Average	10,045	8,375	1,633	e17	<sup>e</sup> 15	16,322	1,133
1976 Average	9,774	8,132	<sup>†</sup> 1,604	39	-96	17,461	1,112
1977 Average	9,913	8,245	1,618	170	378	18,431	1,312
1978 Average	10,328	8,707	1,567	78	-172	18,847	1,278
979 Average	10,179	8,552	1,584	148	25	18,513	1,341
980 Average	10,214	8,597	1,573	98	42	17,056	<sup>e</sup> 1,392
981 Average	10,230	8,572	1,609	<sup>e</sup> 290	<sup>e</sup> -130	16,058	_1,484
982 Average	10,252	8,649	1,550	136	-283	15,296	<sup>e</sup> 1,430
983 Average	10,299	8,688	1,559	<sup>e</sup> 214	<sup>e</sup> -234	15,231	1,454
984 Average 985 Average	10,554 10,636	8,879 8,971	1,630	199	81	15,726	1,556
986 Average	10,289	8,680	1,609 1,551	50 78	-153	15,726	1,519
987 Average	10,008	8,349	1,595	128	124 -87	16,281	1,593
988 Average	9,818	8,140	1,625	128	-87 -29	16,665	1,607
989 Average	9,219	7,613	1,546	86	-29 -129	17,283 17,325	1,597 1,581
-		.,	.,			,020	1,001
990 January	9,178	7,546	1,541	273	1,284	16,964	1,630
February	9,147	7,497	1,570	-330	507	17,175	1,635
March	9,034	7,433	1,526	1,057	-823	17,087	1,642
April	8,979	7,407	1,493	26	-83	16,778	1,640
Мау	8,923	7,328	1,502	479	532	16,915	1,672
June	8,645	7,106	1,458	72	378	17,165	1,685
July	8,735	7,173	1,484	-154	929	17,084	1,709
August	8,931	7,287	1,575	-227	-113	18,050	1,699
September	8,891	7,224	1,597	-896	887	16,512	1,698
October	9,301	7,542	1,667	111	-879	16,934	1,674
November	9,155	7,387	1,690	-364	-322	16,695	1,654
December	9,019	7,338	1,604	-528	-544	16,494	1,621
Average	8,994	7,355	1,559	-35	.142	16,988	1,621
991 January	9,255	7,500	1.647	-71	-1,027	16,893	1,587
February	9,424	7,637	1,695	231	-704	16,339	1,573
March	9,301	7,546	1,683	-239	-268	16,212	1,558
April	9,262	7,509	1,665	50	628	16,139	1,578
Мау	9,157	7,409	1,657	566	988	16,189	1,626
June	9,032	7,320	1,627	-299	546	16,878	1,634
July	9,056	7,347	1,622	-153	199	16,971	1,635
August	9,027	7,316	1,627	103	316	17,183	1,648
September	9,088	7,368	1,623	-156	653	16,848	1,663
October	9,212	7,437	1,686	51	-659	16,996	1,644
November	9,129	7,328	1,697	43	62	16,730	1,647
December	9,089	7,299	1,686	-611	-365	17,145	1,617
Average	9,168	7,417	1,659	-42	32	16,714	1,617
92 January	<sup>E</sup> 9,184	E 7,363	1,686	534	-773	16,982	1,608
February	E 9,170	E 7,373	1,694	176	-967	16,885	1,585
March	E 9,119	E 7,315	1,695	-247	-273	16,789	1,569
April	<sup>E</sup> 9,086	E 7,291	1,704	310	75	16,772	1,581
Мау	<sup>E</sup> 8,902	E7,110	1,701	-150	811	16,412	1,601
June	E 8,926	<sup>E</sup> 7,138	1,701	-577	604	16,928	1,602
July	E 8,905	<sup>E</sup> 7,096	1,669	249	342	17,060	1,620
August	E 8,677	E 6,928	1,635	-109	131	16,937	1,621
September	<sup>E</sup> 8,824	<sup>E</sup> 7,019	1,660	-180	641	16,851	1,635
October	<sup>E</sup> 8,971	E 7,065	1,719	410	-230	17,437	1,640
November	E 8,967	E 7,027	<b>1,748</b>	<u>_</u> -241	67	17,084	1,635
December	RE 9,034	RE 7,125	<sup>R</sup> 1,739	<sup>R</sup> -195	<sup>R</sup> -1,209	<sup>R</sup> 17,913	<sup>R</sup> 1,592
Average	RE 8,980	<sup>RE</sup> 7,153	<sup>R</sup> 1,696	<sup>R</sup> -1	<sup>R</sup> -65	<sup>R</sup> 17,006	<sup>R</sup> 1,592
993 January	PE 8,940	PE 7,023	<sup>E</sup> 1,728	<sup>E</sup> 271	<sup>E</sup> -324	E to cor	F 4 444
993 January	0,540	1,020	1,720	-2/1		<sup>E</sup> 16,885	<sup>E</sup> 1,608

### Table 3.1a Petroleum Overview: Field Production, Stock Change, Petroleum Products Supplied, and Ending Stocks

<sup>a</sup> A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase. <sup>b</sup> Stocks are totals as of end of period.

<sup>c</sup> Includes crude oil, natural gas plant liquids, other hydrocarbons, and

<sup>f</sup> See Note 6 at end of section. PE=Preliminary estimate. R=Revised data. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Crude oil includes lease condensate. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. . Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

alcohol. <sup>d</sup> Includes stocks located in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

<sup>e</sup> See Note 4 at end of section.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 1993, Table S1.

### Table 3.1b Petroleum Overview: Imports, Exports, and Net Imports

		Imports			Exports		
	Total	Crude Oil <sup>a</sup>	Petroleum Products	Total	Crude Oil	Petroleum Products	Net Imports <sup>t</sup>
		•	Th	ousand Barrels p	ər Day		
)73 Average	6.256	3,244	3.012	231	2	229	6,025
974 Average	6,112	3,477	2,635	221	3	218	5,892
975 Average	6,056	4,105	1,951	209	6	204	5,846
76 Average	7,313	5,287	2.026	223	8	215	7.090
	8,807	6,615	2,193	243	50	193	8,565
77 Average		•	•	362	158	204	
78 Average	8,363	6,356	2,008			° 236	8,002
79 Average	8,456	6,519	1,937	° 471	235		<sup>c</sup> 7,985
80 Average	6,909	5,263	1,646	544	287	258	6,365
81 Average	5,996	4,396	1,599	595	228	367	5,401
82 Average	5,113	3,488	1,625	815	236	579	4,298
83 Average	5,051	3,329	1,722	739	164	575	4,312
84 Average	5,437	3,426	2.011	722	181	541	4,715
85 Average	5.067	3,201	1.866	781	204	577	4,286
86 Average	6,224	4,178	2,045	785	154	631	5,439
				764	154	613	5,439
187 Average	6,678	4,674	2,004				
88 Average	7,402	5,107	2,295	815	155	661	6,587
89 Average	8,061	5,843	2,217	859	142	717	7,202
90 January	9,197	6,212	2.985	709 <sup>.</sup>	132	578	8,488
February	8,399	5,895	2,505	822	102	720	7,577
March	7,965	6,117	1.848	880	132	748	7,084
	7,858	5,813	2,045	761	111	649	7,097
April		•				578	•
May	8,834	6,454	2,380	690	112		8,144
June	8,747	6,423	2,323	803	88	715	7,944
July	9,048	6,855	2,193	696	89	606	8,353
August	8,644	6,452	2,192	850	64	785	7,794
September	7,361	5,664	1,698	847	68	779	6,514
October	6,717	5,132	1,585	949	104	844	5,768
November	7.003	5,085	1,918	1,085	137	948	5,918
December	6,439	4,611	1,828	1,187	162	1,026	5,252
Average	8,018	5,894	2,123	857	109	748	7,161
91 January	7,103	5,296	1,808	1,199	50	1,149	5,904
	6,865	5,485	1,380	1,441	152	1,288	5,424
February		•	•				5,702
March	6,646	5,166	1,480	944	137	807	
April	7,418	5,529	1,888	737	162	575	6,680
Мау	8,518	6,363	2,155	1,149	165	984	7,369
June	8,245	6,334	1,911	921	78	843	7,323
July	7,755	5,955	1,801	963	139	824	6,793
August	8,670	6,645	2,025	837	55	783	7,832
September	7,826	5,812	2,015	785	109	676	7,042
October	7,467	5,683	1,784	918	92	826	6.550
November	7.615	5,528	2.087	926	126	800	6,690
		5,565	1,772		133	1.081	6,124
December Average	7,337 <b>7,627</b>	5,565 5,782	1,844	1,213 1,001	116	885	6,124 6,626
	7 500	E 005	1 700	1 1 4 4	140	1.000	e 110
92 January	7,593	5,885	1,708	1,144	118	1,026	6,449
February	6,754	5,033	1,721	852	22	829	5,902
March	7,036	5,319	1,718	912	105	807	6,124
April	8,067	6,113	1,954	937	23	914	7,129
May	7,754	6,025	1,729	885	106	779	6,869
June	7,761	6,019	1,742	957	107	850	6,804
July	8,474	6,796	1,678	929	53	876	7,544
August	8,256	6,457	1,799	789	133	657	7,467
							•
September	8,160	6,206	1,954	848	68	780	7,312
October	8,520	6,696	1,824	902	106	796	7,617
November	7,877	_6,121	_1,756	995	<b>_</b> 111	885	<b>_6,881</b>
December	<sup>R</sup> 7,828	<sup>R</sup> 5,927	<sup>B</sup> 1,901	<sup>R</sup> 1,237	<sup>R</sup> 111	<sup>R</sup> 1,126	<sup>R</sup> 6,591
Average	<sup>R</sup> 7,844	<sup>R</sup> 6,054	<sup>R</sup> 1,790	<sup>R</sup> 950	<sup>R</sup> 89	<sup>R</sup> 861	<sup>R</sup> 6,895
93 January	<sup>E</sup> 8,302	<sup>E</sup> 6,544	<sup>E</sup> 1,758	<sup>E</sup> 981	<sup>E</sup> 114	<sup>E</sup> 867	<sup>E</sup> 7,321

a Includes crude oil for storage in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.
 b Net imports equals imports minus exports.
 c See Note 6 at end of section.

R=Revised data. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Source: Energy Information Administration, *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, February 1993, Table S1.

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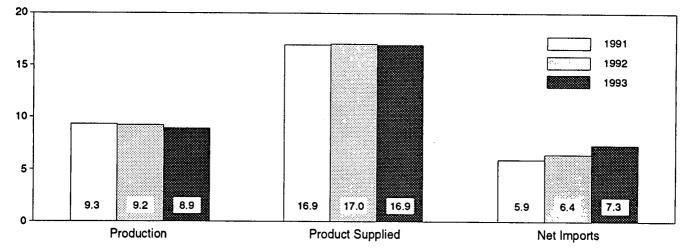
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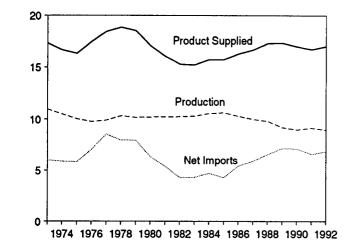
#### Figure 3.1 **Petroleum Overview**

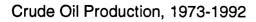
(Million Barrels per Day)

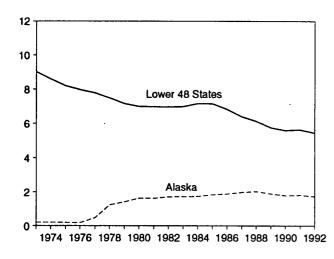
Overview, January



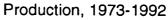


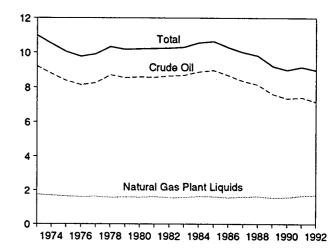


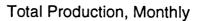


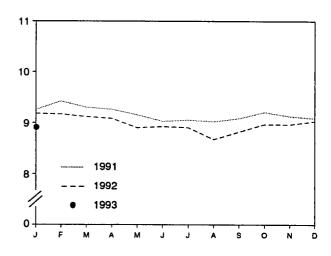


Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Tables 3.1a, 3.1b, and 3.2a.





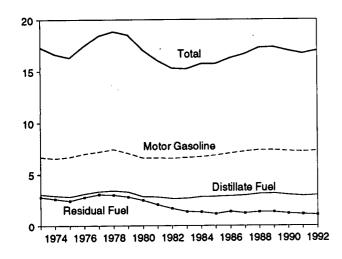




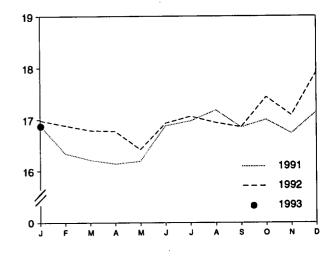
### Figure 3.1 Petroleum Overview (Continued)

(Million Barrels per Day, Except as Noted)

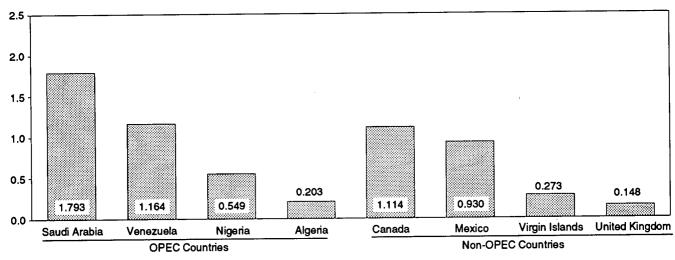
Product Supplied, 1973-1992



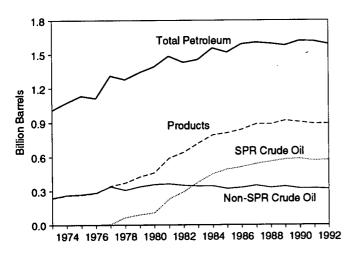
Total Product Supplied, Monthly





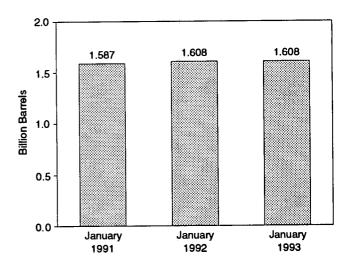






Note: OPEC = Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. Note: SPR = Strategic Petroleum Reserve. Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared Sources: Tables 3.1a, 3.2b, 3.3a, 3.3b, 3.3d-3.3h, 3.4, 3.5, and 3.6. Total Petroleum Stocks, End of Month



Energy Information Administration/Monthly Energy Review March 1993

### Table 3.2a Crude Oil Supply and Disposition: Supply

	•			Supply			
	Field P	oduction		Imports			
	Total Domestic	Alaskan	Total	SPRª	Other	Unaccounted- for Crude Oil <sup>b</sup>	Crude Oi Used Directly <sup>c</sup>
	. •		The	ousand Barrels pe	r Day		
973 Average	9,208	198	3 044				
974 Average	8,774	193	3,244 3,477	-	3,244	3	-19
975 Average	8,375	191	4,105	-	3,477	-25	-15
76 Average	8,132	173	5,287	-	4,105	17	-17
77 Average	8,245	464	6,615	21	5,287	77	<sup>d</sup> -19
78 Average	8,707	1,229	6,356	d 161	6,594	-6	-14 <sup>d</sup> -15
79 Average	8,552	1,401	6,519	67	6,195 6,452	-57	<sup>15</sup> <sup>d</sup> -14
980 Average	8,597	1,617	5,263	44	5,219	-11	<sup>d</sup> -14
81 Average	8,572	1,609	4,396	256	4,141	34 83	
82 Average	8,649	1.696	3,488	165	3,323		-58
83 Average	8,688	1,714	3,329	234	•	71	-59
84 Average	8,879	1,722	3,426	197	3,096	114	-
85 Average	8,971	1,825	3,201	118	3,229	185	-
86 Average	8,680	1,867	4,178		3,083	145	-
87 Average	8,349	1,962	4,178	48	4,130	139	-
988 Average	8,140	2.017	4,674 5,107	73 51	4,601	145	-
89 Average	7,613	1,874	5,843	56	5,055 5,787	196	-
	.,	1,014	3,043	50	5,787	200	-
90 January	7,546	1,864	6,212	24	6,188	178	-
February	7,497	1,834	5,895	12	5,883	-98	-
March	7,433	1,819	6,117	44	6,073	540	-
April	7,407	1,802 ,	5,813	38	5,775	-9	-
May	7,328	1,765	6,454	89	6,365	225	-
June	7,106	1,612	6,423	17	6,407	349	-
July	7,173	1,687	6,855	0	6,855	150	-
August	7,287	1,727	6,452	95	6,357	259	-
September	7,224	1,702	5,664	0	5,664	402	<del>.</del> .
October	7,542	1,884	5,132	0	5,132	382	-
November	7,387	1,746	5,085	0	5,085	269	-
December	7,338	1,838	4,611	0	4,611	409	. –
Average	7,355	1,773	5,894	27	5,867	258	-
91 January	7,500	1,848	5,296	0	5,296	-59	_
February	7,637	1,908	5,485	0	5,485	324	
March	7,546	1,887	5,166	0	5,166	43	
April	.7,509	1,798	5,529	ŏ	5,529	236	_
Мау	7,409	1,771	6,363	õ	6,363	513	_
June	7,320	1,757	6,334	ŏ	6,334	59	_
July	7,347	1,775	5,955	ŏ	5,955	403	_
August	7,316	1,731	6,645	ŏ	6,645	403	-
September	7,368	1,787	5,812	ŏ	5,812	484	-
October	7,437	1,843	5,683	, Ö	5,683	-59	-
November	7,328	1,765	5,528	Ŏ	5,528	263	
December	7,299	1,718	5,565	Ō	5,565	446	· · _
Average	7,417	1,798	5,782	Ō	5,782	146 195	_
92 January	E 7,363	E 1,789	5,885	0	5,885	050	
February	E 7,373	E 1,808	5,033	0	5,033	353	-
March	E 7.315	E 1,785	5,319	0	5,319	298	-
April	<sup>E</sup> 7.291	E 1,741	6,113	0		320	-
May	E7,110	E 1,682	6,025	0	6,113	194	-
June	E7,138	E 1,703	6,019	34	6,025	504	-
July	E 7,096	E 1,654	6,796		5,986	443	-
August	E 6,928	E 1,635		0	6,796	370	-
September	E7,019	E 1,700	6,457	18	6,439	71	-
October	E7,065	E 1,696	6,206	16	6,189	384	-
November	E 7,027	<sup>E</sup> 1,696	6,696	49	6,647	350	-
December	RE 7,125	RE 1,704	6,121 <sup>R</sup> 5,927	0	6,121	279	-
Average	RE 7,153	<sup>RE</sup> 1,714	<sup>R</sup> 6,054	0 10	<sup>R</sup> 5,927 <sup>R</sup> 6,045	<sup>R</sup> 57 <sup>R</sup> 302	-
							-
3 January	<sup>PE</sup> 7,023	<sup>PE</sup> 1,663	<sup>E</sup> 6,544	E O	<sup>E</sup> 6,544	<sup>E</sup> -123	

<sup>a</sup> Strategic Petroleum Reserve.
 <sup>b</sup> A balancing item.

<sup>c</sup> Beginning in January 1983, crude oil used directly as fuel is shown as product supplied. <sup>d</sup> See Note 6 at end of section. PE=Preliminary estimate. R=Revised data. – =Not applicable. E=Estimate.

•

Notes: • Crude oil includes lease condensate. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. . Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 1993, Table S2.

### Table 3.2b Crude Oil Supply and Disposition: Disposition and Ending Stocks

Į			Disp	osition			Ending Stocks <sup>a</sup>			
	Crude	Stock (	Change <sup>b</sup>	Refinery		Product			Other	
	Losses	SPRC	Other	Input	Exports	Suppliedd	Total	SPR <sup>c</sup>	Primary	
			Thousand &	Barrels per Day			Million Barrels			
73 Average	13	-	-11	12,431	2	-	242	-	242	
74 Average	13	-	62	12,133	3	-	265	-	265 271	
75 Average	13	-	17	12,442	6	-	271 285	-	285	
76 Average	<sup>e</sup> 14	-	39	13,416	8	-	265 348	7	340	
77 Average	16	20	150	14,602	50	-	348	67	340	
78 Average	16	163	-84	14,739	158	-	430	91	339	
79 Average	16	67	81	14,648	235	-	1466		1358	
80 Average	<sup>e</sup> 14	45	, 52	13,481	287	-		108		
81 Average	5	336	f -46	12,470	228	-	594	230	363	
82 Average	3	174	-38	11,774	236	-	9 644	294	<sup>9</sup> 350	
83 Average	2	234	<sup>9</sup> -20	11,685	164	66	723	379	344	
84 Average	2	195	4	12,044	181	64	796	451	345	
85 Average	1	117	-67	12,002	204	60	814	493	321	
86 Average	(8)	50	28	12,716	154	49	843	512	331	
87 Average	(8)	80	49	12,854	151	34	890	541	349	
88 Average	(8)	52	-51	13,246	155	40	890	560	330	
89 Average	(8)	56	30	13,401	142	28	921	580	341	
						40	000	581	349	
90 January	(s)	24	249	13,491	132	40	930		339	
February	0	12	-342	13,487	102	36	920	581	371	
March	0	44	1,013	12,876	132	24	953	582		
April	(s)	38	-12	13,051	111	24	954	583	370	
May	0	89	389	13,386	112	30	969	586	383	
June	(s)	16	56	13,689	88	29	971	587	384	
July	Ŭ.	0	-154	14,212	89	31	966	587	379	
August	(s)	94	-321	14,142	64	18	959	590	370	
September	(s)	(s)	-897	14,104	68	14	932	590	343	
October	(s)	-8	120	12,825	104	15	936	589	346	
November	(s)	-111	-253	12,953	137	13	925	586	339	
December	(s)	-10	-517	12,708	162	15	908	586	323	
Average	(8)	16	-51	13,409	109	24	908	586	323	
201 Innun	0	0	-71	12,735	50	23	906	586	320	
991 January	Ő	-147	379	13,046	152	17	913	582	331	
February			183	12,839	137	18	905	568	337	
March	(s)	-422			162	21	907	568	336	
April	(s)	0	50	13,042		15	924	568	356	
Мау	(s)	0	566	13,539	165				347	
June	(s)	(s)	-299	13,918	78	16	915	568		
July	0	(s)	-153	13,703	139	15	911	569	342	
August	0	(s)	103	13,800	55	13	914	569	34!	
September	0	0	-156	13,694	109	16	909	569	34	
October	(s)	(s)	51	12,896	92	22	911	569	342	
November	(s)	(s)	43	12,929	126	22	912	569	344	
December	ò	(s)	-611	13,465	133	23	893	569	32	
Average	(8)	-47	5	13,301	116	18	893	569	32	
02 100000	0	(e)	534	12,923	118	26	910	569	34	
992 January		(s) 0	176	12,488	22	17	915	569	34	
February	(s)		-247	13,077	105	18	907	569	33	
March	0	(s)	-247 310	13,254	23	11	916	569	34	
April	0	0			106	10	912	569	34	
May	0	(s)	-150	13,673			894	570	32	
June	(s)	34	-611	14,058	107	12			33	
July	0	(s)	249	13,950	53	9	902	570		
August	(s)	20	-129	13,425	133	8	899	570	32	
September	0	43	-224	13,710	68	11	893	571	32	
October	(s)	69	341	13,584	106	10	906	574	33	
November	Ö	15	-257	13,547	_ 111	_ 10	_ 899	574	_ 32	
December	(s)	P 22	<sup>R</sup> -217	<sup>R</sup> 13,181	<sup>R</sup> 111	<sup>R</sup> 12	<sup>R</sup> 893	575	R 31	
Average	(8)	17	R-18	<sup>R</sup> 13,408	R 89	13	<sup>R</sup> 893	575	R 31	
-						<sup>E</sup> 10		<sup>E</sup> 575	<sup>E</sup> 32	

<sup>a</sup> Stocks are totals as of end of period.

<sup>b</sup> A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.

Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

<sup>d</sup> Beginning in January 1983, crude oil used directly as fuel is shown as product supplied.

See Note 6 at end of section.

<sup>1</sup> Stocks of Alaskan crude oil in transit are included from January 1981 forward. See Note 5 at end of section.

<sup>9</sup> Stock change is calculated by using new basis stock levels. See Note 4 at end of section.

R=Revised data. - =Not applicable. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Notes: • Crude oil includes lease condensate. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. . Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 1993, Table S2.

## Table 3.3a Petroleum Imports: Algeria, Iraq, Kuwait, and Libya

(Thousand	Barrels	per	Day)	
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T

ļ		Arab OPEC <sup>a</sup>										
	Alg	eria		raq	Ku	wait <sup>b</sup>	L	ibya				
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil				
1973 Average	136	120	4	4	47	40						
1974 Average	190	180	Õ	0	47 5	42 5	164	133				
1975 Average	282	264	2	2	16	5	4	4				
1976 Average	432	408	26	26	5	4	232	223				
1977 Average	559	544	74	74	48	-	453	444				
1978 Average	649	634	62	62	40	42	723	704				
1979 Average	636	608	88	88	8	5	654	638				
1980 Average	488	456	28	28	27	5	658	642				
1981 Average	311	261	(8)	28		27	554	548				
1982 Average	170	90	(3)	3	0 5	0	319	317				
1983 Average	240	176	10	10		2	26	23				
1984 Average	323	194	12	12	36	7	0	0				
1985 Average	187	84	46	46		24	1	0				
1986 Average	271	78	46	46 81	21	4	4	0				
1987 Average	295	115	83	81	68	28	0	0				
1988 Average	300	58	83 345		84	70	0	0				
1989 Average	269	60 ·	345 449	343 441	92 157	80 155	0 0	0 0				
1990 January	413	97	690	657	250	250	0	0				
February	282	47	500	488	150	140	ő					
March	301	67	585	580	100	82	0	0				
April	234	62	588	588	50		-	0				
May	259	38	727	724	64	50	0	0				
June	333	72	708	708	105	64	0	0				
July	308	70	1,120	1,120		94	0	0				
August	360	80	966	966	43 243	33	0	0				
September	279	69	318	318		207	0	0				
October	173	15	0		33	33	0	0				
November	177	46	0	0	0	0	0	0				
December	242	92	0	0	0	0	0	0				
Average	280	63	518	0 514	0 86	0 79	0	0 0				
1991 January	327	48	0	0	0	0	0	0				
February	246	20	õ	õ	ŏ	ŏ	0 0	-				
March	222	45	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	0	0	0				
April	282	74	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	Ő	0	0				
May	308	72	ŏ	ŏ	ő	ŏ	ŏ	-				
June	304	37	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	Ö	0	0				
July	202	28	ŏ	0	ő	0	0	0				
August	182	16	ŏ	0	ő	0	-	0				
September	205	19	ŏ	0	34	0 34	0	0				
October	235	53	ŏ	0	34	34 33	0	0				
November	278	58	ŏ	0	0	33	0	0				
December	247	54	ŏ	0		-	0	0				
Average	253	44	Ő	ŏ	0 6	0 6	0 0	0 0				
1992 January	217	37	0	n	0		•	•				
February	218	57	0	0	0	· 0	0	0				
March	215	37	ŏ	0	0	0	0	0				
April	182	19	Ö	0	0	0	0	0				
May	202	7	ő	0	0	0	0	0				
June	144	12	0	0	-	0	0	0				
July	179	37	0	-	0	0	0	0				
August	261	45	0	0	58	23	0	0				
September	184	45 19	0	0	66	33	0	0				
October	186	19		0	70	33	0	0				
November	171	-	0	0	137	109	0	0				
December		0	0	0	117	117	0	0				
	203	9	0	0	165	149	0	0				
Average	197	24	0	0	51	39	0	0				

<sup>a</sup> Excludes petroleum imported into the United States indirectly from members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), primarily from Caribbean and West European areas, as petroleum products that were refined from crude oil produced by OPEC. b imports from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia are

included in Saudi Arabia.

(s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports are included. . Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 1993, Table S3.

### Table 3.3b Petroleum Imports: Qatar, Saudi Arabia, U.A.E., and Total Arab OPEC (Thousand Barrels per Day)

			Arab	OPECa				
	Q	atar	Saudi	Arabia <sup>b</sup>	United Ar	ab Emirates		otal OPEC <sup>a</sup>
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Ťotal	Crude O
73 Average	7	7	486	462	71	71	915	838
74 Average	17	17	461	438	74	69	752	713
	18	18	715	701	117	117	1,383	1,330
75 Average	24	24	1,230	1,222	254	254	2,424	2,378
76 Average	67	67	1,380	1,373	335	333	3,185	3,136
77 Average		64	1,144	1,142	385	385	2,963	2,930
78 Average	64	31	1,356	1,347	281	281	3,058	3,002
79 Average	31			1,250	172	172	2,551	2,503
BO Average	22	22	1,261		81	77	1,848	1,774
31 Average	7	7	1,129	1,112		81	854	736
32 Average	7	7	552	530	92		632	533
33 Average	(8)	0	337	321	30	18		533 634
34 Average	5	4	325	309	117	90	819	
35 Average	(8)	0	168	132	45	35	472	300
36 Average	13	12	685	618	44	38	1,162	854
37 Average	0	0	751	642	61	56	1,274	965
58 Average	0	0	1,073	911	29	23	1,839	1,415
39 Average	2	2	1,224	1,116	28	21	2,130	1,794
0 January	0	0	1,214	1,055	37	0	2,605	2,060
February	0	0	1,557	1,372	18	18	2,506	2,065
March	0	0	1,157	1,060	17	17	2,161	1,805
April	43	43	1,149	950	9	0	2,073	1,693
May	0	0	1,225	1,076	73	60	2,349	1,963
	ŏ	õ	1,153	1.041	20	0	2,318	1,916
June	ŏ	ŏ	1,369	1,242	13	13	2,853	2.478
July	0	ŏ	1,189	1,052	Ö	Ŏ	2,757	2,305
August					ŏ	ŏ	1,915	1,588
September	0	0	1,286	1,168	ő	ŏ	1,792	1,488
October	0	0	1,619	1,473	-	-		1,400
November	0	0	1,581	1,431	0	0	1,758	
December	0	0	1,587	1,431	14	0	1,843	1,523
Average	4	4	1,339	1,195	17	9	2,244	1,864
91 January	0	0	1,934	1,782	0	0	2,261	1,830
February	0	0	1,566	1,538	0	0	1,812	1,559
March	0	0	1,683	1,646	0	0	1,905	1,691
April	0	0	1,764	1,702	0	0	2,046	1,776
May	0	0	2,258	2,053	0	0	2,566	2,124
June	0	0	1,841	1,795	0	0	2,145	1,832
July	ŏ	ŏ	1,725	1.641	0	0	1,928	1,670
	ŏ	ŏ	2,019	1,964	7	0	2,208	1,980
August	ŏ	ŏ	1,708	1,562	Ó	0	1,947	1,615
September	ŏ	ŏ	1,671	1,545	18	18	1,956	1,649
October	0	0	1,778	1,626	16	Ŭ <sup>1</sup>	2,072	1,684
November	0	ő		1,566	0	ŏ	1,892	1,620
December	-		1,645	•	3	ž	2,064	1,754
Average	0	0	1,802	1,703	3	2	2,004	1,104
92 January	0	0	1,971	1,865	18 0	0	2,206 1,995	1,902 1,745
February	0	0	1,776	1,687		ő		1,605
March	0	0	1,707	1,568	0		1,922	
April	0	0	1,734	1,524	0	0	1,916	1,543
May	0	0	1,764	1,584	0	0	1,966	1,591
June	0	0	1,744	1,610	0	0	1,888	1,621
July	8	0	1,713	1,599	0	0	1,958	1,659
August	Ō	0	1,594	1,473	7	0	1,929	1,551
September	Ŏ	ō	1,593	1,477	0	0	1,847	1,529
October	ŏ	ŏ	1,593	1,482	4	Ō	1,920	1,599
November	0	ŏ	1,608	1,540	17	ŏ	1,913	1,657
	0	0	1,793	1,725	28	ŏ	2,188	1,882
December					20 6	ŏ	1,971	1,657
Average	1	0	1,716	1,595	0		1,3/1	1,007

<sup>a</sup> Excludes petroleum imported into the United States indirectly from members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), primarily from Caribbean and West European areas, as petroleum products that were refined from crude oil produced by OPEC.

<sup>b</sup> Imports from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia are included in Saudi Arabia.

(s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports are included. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 1993, Table S3.

### Table 3.3c Petroleum Imports: Ecuador, Gabon, Indonesia, and Iran

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

Ļ				Non-Ara	b OPEC <sup>a</sup>			
	Ecu	lador	G	abon	Ind	onesia		ran
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil
1973 Average	48	47	0	0	213	200	000	
1974 Average	42	42	23	23	300	200	223	216
1975 Average	57	57	27	23	390	379	469	463
1976 Average	51	51	28	26	539	537	280	278
1977 Average	57	55	42	35	541	507	298	298
1978 Average	54	38	41	38	573	533	535	530
1979 Average	42	30	42	42	420	380	555 304	554
1980 Average	27	17	26	25	348	314		297
1981 Average	48	38	35	35	346	314	9 0	8
1982 Average	42	32	40	40	248		-	0
1983 Average	61	56	59	59		226	35	35
1984 Average	55	47	59	59 57	338	315	48	48
1985 Average	67	56			343	304	10	10
1986 Average	87 77	56 64	52	51	314	292	27	27
1987 Average	29		26	25	318	297	19	19
		23	35	35	285	262	98	98
1988 Average	47	33	16	15	205	186	<sup>b</sup> (s)	<sup>b</sup> (s)
1989 Average	89	80	50	49	183	158	0	0
1990 January	48	35	75	75	153	118	0	0
February	60	40	43	43	254	189	0	0
March	49	38	134	134	138	97	0	Ó
April	31	29	32	28	88	80	0	Ó
Мау	17	12	27	27	85	77	0	Ő
June	98	86	59	59	138	129	Ō	ŏ
July	60	43	69	69	143	137	ŏ	ŏ
August	81	69	119	119	69	55	ŏ	ŏ
September	43	37	59	59	111	111	õ	ŏ
October	49	43	50	50	88	88	ŏ	ŏ
November	13	13	71	71	72	72	ŏ	ŏ
December	35	12	30	30	45	36	ŏ	ŏ
Average	49	38	64	64	114	98	Ö	ő
1991 January	18	6	41	41	70	70	0	0
February	66	55	95	95	162	153	0	0
March	67	58	29	29	93	93	ŏ	0
April	35	24	72	72	69	69	Ő	0
May	109	103	96	96	97	97	ŏ	0
June	129	126	70	70	187	187	0	0
July	62	47	137	137	88	88	81	-
August	112	93	56	56	93	87	48	81
September	31	25	91	91	83	64		48
October	30	24	137	137	118	91	152	152
November	55	48	91	91			43	43
December	41	23			120	96	64	64
Average	63	23 53	91 84	91	163	134	0	0
Average	03	53	. 84	84	111	102	32	32
1992 January	23	23	91	91	125	117	0	0
February	37	24	105	105	39	39	ŏ	ŏ
March	26	26	25	25	85	83	ŏ	ő
April	53	46	186	186	54	49	ŏ	ŏ
May	51	51	135	135	155	133	ŏ	ő
June	105	101	129	129	109	102	ŏ	Ő
July	111	111	143	143	65	65	ŏ	0
August	99	93	108	108	91	85	ŏ	ő
September	97	97	165	158	57	38	ŏ	0
October	42	36	167	167	54	43	0	0
November	53	53	114	114	36	43 23	0	-
December	24	24	120	120		23 60	-	0
Average	60	57	124	123	78		0	0
			127	123	10	70	0	0

<sup>a</sup> Excludes petroleum imported into the United States indirectly from members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), primarily from Caribbean and West European areas, as petroleum products that were refined from crude oil produced by OPEC.

<sup>D</sup> A small amount of Iranian crude oil entered the United States in January 1988 from the Virgin Islands. The oil originated in Iran and was exported to the Virgin Islands prior to the signing of Executive Order 12613 on October 29, 1987. (s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports are included. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration, *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, February 1993, Table S3.

### Table 3.3d Petroleum Imports: Nigeria, Venezuela, Total Non-Arab OPEC, and Total OPEC

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

		Non-Arat	OPEC <sup>a</sup>					
	Nig	eria	Ven	zuela		otal Ib OPEC <sup>a</sup>		otal PEC <sup>a</sup>
	Totai	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oi
973 Average	459	448	1,135	344	2,078	1,257	2,993	2.095
974 Average	713	697	979	319	2,527	1.827	3,280	2,540
975 Average	762	746	702	395	2,219	1,882	3,601	3,211
976 Average	1,025	1,014	700	241	2.642	2,167	5,066	4,545
				250		•		•
77 Average	1,143	1,130	690		3,008	2,507	6,193	5,643
978 Average	919	910	646	181	2,788	2,254	5,751	5,184
79 Average	1,080	1,069	690	293	2,579	2,110	5,637	5,112
980 Average	857	841	481	156	1,749	1,361	4,300	3,864
81 Average	620	611	406	147	1,476	1,149	3,323	2,922
82 Average	514	510	412	155	1,291	998	2,146	1,734
83 Average	302	301	422	164	1,231	944	1,862	1,477
084 Average	216	207	548	253	1,230	878	2,049	1,512
	293	280	605	306	1,358	1,012	1,830	1,312
85 Average						•		•
86 Average	440	437	793	416	1,674	1,259	2,837	2,113
187 Average	535	529	804	488	1,787	1,435	3,060	2,400
88 Average	618	607	794 -	439	1,681	1,281	3,520	2,696
89 Average	815	800	873	495	2,010	1,582	4,140	3,376
90 January	830	830	1,155	696	2,260	1,754	4,865	3,813
February	833	816	898	564	2.088	1,652	4,594	3,717
March	1,054	1,031	893	543	2,268	1,843	4,429	3,648
April	969	941	1.005	692	2,125	1,772	4,198	3,465
	1,008	997		705	2,225	1,818	4,574	3,781
May			1,087		•			
June	778	760	1,070	704	2,142	1,737	4,460	3,653
July	860	855	1,007	665	2,139	1,769	4,992	4,246
August	881	881	1,014	617	2,164	1,741	4,921	4,046
September	755	743	1,062	740	2,029	1,690	3,944	3,277
October	557	536	982	717	1,725	1,434	3,517	2,921
November	574	555	1,142	725	1.871	1,435	3,629	2,912
December	499	461	975	616	1,585	1,155	3,428	2.678
Average	800	784	1,025	666	2,052	1,650	4,296	3,514
01 January	504	481	1,005	673	1,637	1,271	3,898	3,101
91 January		717		686	•	1,705	3,815	
February	721		959		2,003	,	•	3,264
March	531	531	998	631	1,718	1,342	3,623	3,033
April	677	649	845	470	1,698	1,283	3,744	3,059
Мау	860	838	997	581	2,158	. 1,715	4,724	3,839
June	832	827	1,135	705	2,354	1,915	4,498	3,747
July	833	817	1,102	683	2,304	1,855	4,232	3,525
August	1,016	983	1.070	701	2,394	1,966	4,602	3,946
September	489	467	1,163	790	2,009	1,589	3,956	3,204
	469 651	623	•	790		1,694	4,023	3,204
October			1,087		2,067	•	•	•
November	704	674	1,065	671	2,099	1,644	4,171	3,328
December	617	593	987	655	1,899	1,496	3,791	3,116
Average	703	683	1,035	668	2,028	1,622	4,092	3,377
92 January	593	566	1,105	787	1,935	1,583	4,141	3,485
February	322	303	1,008	655	1,511	1,126	3,506	2,871
March	441	409	1,098	793	1,676	1,336	3,598	2,941
April	798	788	1,058	710	2,148	1,779	4,064	3,322
	773	773	1,031	745	2,145	1,837	4,111	3,428
May								
June	740	740	1,007	694	2,089	1,765	3,978	3,387
July	900	883	1,163	912	2,381	2,114	4,339	3,772
August	815	795	1,102	. 841	2,214	1,922	4,143	3,473
September	774	754	1,341	953	2,434	2,001	4,281	3,531
October	827	813	1,513	1,073	2,602	2,133	4,522	3,732
November	626	608	1,344	921	2,174	1,719	4,087	3,376
December	549	532	1,164	763	1,917	1,499	4,105	3,381
Average	681	665	1,162	822	2,104	1,737	4,076	3,394

<sup>a</sup> Excludes petroleum imported into the United States indirectly from members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), primarily from Caribbean and West European areas, as petroleum products that were refined from crude oil produced by OPEC. Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports

are included. . Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 1993, Table S3.

# Table 3.3ePetroleum Imports: Angola, Australia, Bahama Islands, Brazil,<br/>Canada, and China

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

973 Average 974 Average 975 Average 976 Average 977 Average 978 Average 979 Average	Total 49 49 75 12 24	Angola Crude Oil 49 48 71 71 7	Au Total 2 1	istralia Crude Oil		hama lands	8	razil	Ca	anada	C	China (1997)
974 Average           975 Average           976 Average           977 Average           978 Average           978 Average           979 Average	49 49 75 12 24	49 48 71	2	Įi	Total							
974 Average           975 Average           976 Average           977 Average           978 Average           978 Average           979 Average	49 75 12 24	48 71		-		Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil
975 Average           976 Average           977 Average           978 Average           979 Average           979 Average	75 12 24	71	1	0	174	0	9	0	1,325	1,001	(8)	0
976 Average 977 Average 978 Average 979 Average	12 24			0	164	0	2	0	1,070	791	ÌΟ	Ó
977 Average 978 Average 979 Average	24	7	5	0	152	0	5	0	846	600	0	0
978 Average			2	0	118	0	0	0	599	371	0	0
979 Average	20	17	3	0	171	0	0	0	517	279	0	0
		6	5	0	160	0	0	0	467	248	0	0
980 Average		39	6	0	147	0	1	0	538	271	13	13
		37	1	0	78	0	3	1	455	199	(8)	0
981 Average	49	45	5	0	74	0	23	14	447	164	18	0
982 Average		42	5	(8)	65	0	47	19	482	214	40	8
1983 Average		71	4	0	125	0	41	2	547	274	34	6
1984 Average		85	38	25	88	0	60	(8)	630	341	46	15
985 Average		104	37	21	40	0	61	0	770	468	59	36
986 Average		102	41	30	37	0	50	0	807	570	90	68
987 Average		180	58	49	37	0	84	0	848	608	82	63
988 Average		203	64	59	32	• 0	98	0	999	681	88	82
1989 Average	284	279	36	31	34	0	82	0	931	630	80	76
990 January		262	41	41	80	0	48	0	982	605	121	121
February		346	58	55	78	0	45	0	946	585	53	51
March	296	296	41	41	35	0	8	0	850	583	83	83
April	281	281	25	20	51	0	40	0	925	617	80	74
May	235	235	69	69	29	0	114	0	981	654	66	65
June	260	260	44	44	36	0	82	0	942	699	49	43
July	303	303	126	101	25	0	93	0	899	659	132	122
August	134	134	56	33	40	0	45	0	952	676	79	77
September	135	123	57	45	45	0	8	0	924	632	47	42
October	139	139	31	31	9	0	12	0	917	636	85	85
November	238	238	28	28	0	0	74	0	902	645	113	113
December	224	224	64	60	13	0	16	0	987	713	47	47
Average	237	236	53	47	37	0	49	0	934	643	80	π
991 January	232	232	21	21	25	0	31	0	978	718	68	63
February	202	202	0	0	14	0	13	0	1,135	881	102	96
March	186	186	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,058	764	96	96
April	337	337	55	55	35	0	17	0	1,103	768	113	113
May	220	220	64	57	42	0	31	0	1,027	752	119	113
June	205	205	43	31	30	0	41	0	986	705	144	139
July		264	20	20	19	0	21	0	848	615	88	88
August		298	37	22	78	0	27	0	1,011	694	85	75
September		230	24	24	29	0	19	0	1,137	849	91	86
October		300	13	0	51	0	16	0	936	639	29	24
November		213	25	13	46	0	45	0	1,107	796	96	96
December		359	13	13	53	0	8	0	1,083	759	65	65
Average	254	254	26	21	35	0	22	0	1,033	743	91	87
1992 January		360	11	11	63	0	18	0	1,023	783	144	144
February		246	10	10	47	0	12	0	1,143	831	75	69
March		339	0	0	76	0	0	0	1,094	829	75	75
April	381	381	39	22	67	0	17	0	1,111	833	86	69
May	264	264	0	0	46	0	18	0	972	756	124	114
June	286	286	21	21	57	0	28	0	868	645	106	95
July		443	20	20	22	0	25	0	1,036	798	68	64
August	335	323	21	21	8	0	10	0	1,030	762	66	66
September		248	0	0	8	0	21	0	1,121	839	80	75
October	395	395	11	11	1	0	10	0	1,054	761	61	61
November		458	53	49	20	Ó	32	Ō	1,032	784	86	86
December	279	279	27	27	19	0	50	0	1,114	816	97	90
Average		336	18	16	36	Ō	20	ŏ	1,049	787	89	84

<sup>a</sup> Includes petroleum imported into the United States indirectly from members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), primarily from Caribbean and West European areas, as petroleum products that were refined from crude oil produced by OPEC.

(s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports

are included. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration, *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, February 1993, Table S3.

### Table 3.3f Petroleum Imports: Colombia, Italy, Malaysia, Mexico, and Netherlands

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

					Non-	OPECa				
	Col	ombia	I	taly	Ма	laysia	M	exico	Neth	erlands
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil						
1973 Average	9	2	125	0	12	1	16	1	53	0
1974 Average	5	0	74	0	12	1	8	2	43	0
1975 Average	9	0	27	0	- 8	5	71	70	19	4
1976 Average	21	6	39	0	18	16	87	87	8	0
1977 Average	17	0	51	0	66	55	179	177	31	4
1978 Average	20	0	38	0	42	37	318	316	5	27
1979 Average	18	0	30	0	66	52	439	437	23	•
1980 Average	4	0	4	0	70	61	533	507	2	(8)
1981 Average	1	0	11	0	36	33	522	469	30	(8)
1982 Average	5	0	18	(8)	20	18	685	645	35	(8)
1983 Average	10	0	18	(8)	4	3	826	766	65	3
1984 Average	8	0	45	(8)	1	0	748	659	65	3
1985 Average	23	0	60	(8)	3	1	816	715	58	0
1986 Average	87	57	76	0	12	11	699	621	54	-
1987 Average	148	115	54	1	13	12	655	602	60 61	0
1988 Average	134	106	65	5	19	19	747	674	61 49	0
1989 Average	172	136	34	3	39	39	767	716	49	U
1990 January	188	146	124	0	14	14	776	691	129	0
February	203	168	76	Ó	42	38	725	669	80	0
March	177	146	47	0	28	28	815	757	21	0
April	198	143	53	0	38	38	466	414	47	0
May	220	175	101	10	0	0	788	688	63	0
June	180	117	95	0	9	9	912	815	92	0
July	169	111	56	11	20	20	706	651	54	0
August	203	132	43	0	142	142	773	676	39	0
September	97	84	38	Ō	105	105	871	807	20	0
October	183	159	21	ŏ	78	78	828	793	37	0
November	209	177	32	ŏ	8	8	761	706	49	0
December	161	121	13	Ō	6	6	637	595	28	0
Average	182	140	58	2	41	40	755	689	55	0
1991 January	194	174	25	0	0	0	798	778	6	0
February	151	98	42	13	9	9	742	693	17	0
March	157	127	29	0	21	21	795	772	33	0
April	163	131	41	12	Ō	0	891	819	35	0
May	163	112	60	0	66	66	757	736	45	0
June	169	124	46	ō	63	63	919	872	49	0
July	163	111	54	Ō	9	9	835	748	47	0
August	219	162	57	11	14	14	878	797	30	0
September	168	103	89	0	10	10	805	768	44	0
October	128	80	41	Ó	64	64	811	754	16	0
November	145	135	15	Ō	10	10	716	656	24	0
December	138	117	61	Ō	14	14	732	708	4	0
Average	163	123	47	3	24	24	807	759	29	0
1002 January	158	111	40	0	0	· n	764	721	31	0
1992 January	114	92	48	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	819	788	9	ŏ
February March	101	74	44	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	846	809	34	ŏ
April	150	129	75	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	857	795	8	Ō
May	57	46	57	ŏ	5	5	788	764	27	Ō
June	135	114	68	ŏ	8	8	887	865	25	ŏ
July	103	93	36	ŏ	40	40	830	788	21	Ō
	156	142	94	ŏ	22	22	857	790	44	ŏ
August	156	167	81	ŏ	17	17	755	720	38	ŏ
September	153	132	37	ŏ	17	17	829	783	18	ŏ
October	129	84	33	0	8	8	762	700	26	ŏ
November		84 34	33	0	4	4	930	888	33	ő
December	66		54	0	10	10	827	785	26	ő
Average	125	101	34	v	10	10	021	100	20	J

<sup>a</sup> Includes petroleum imported into the United States indirectly from members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), primarily from Caribbean and West European areas, as petroleum products that were refined from crude oil produced by OPEC.

(s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

are included. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 1993, Table S3.

Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports

# Table 3.3gPetroleum Imports: Netherlands Antilles, Norway, Puerto Rico, Spain,<br/>Trinidad and Tobago, and United Kingdom

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

						Non-	OPECa					
		erlands ntilles	N	orway	Pue	rto Rico	s	ipain		inidad Tobago		Inited ngdom
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil
1973 Average	585	0	1	0	99	0	26	0	255	60	15	0
1974 Average	511	0	1	1	90	0	12	Ō	251	63	8	ŏ
1975 Average	332	0	17	12	90	0	1	0	242	115	14	(8)
1976 Average	275	0	36	35	88	0	1	0	274	104	31	13
1977 Average	211	0	50	48	105	0	10	0	289	134	126	97
1978 Average	229	0	104	104	94	0	3	0	253	142	180	169
1979 Average	231	0	75	75	92	0	4	0	190	123	202	197
1980 Average	225	0	144	144	88	0	1	0	176	115	176	173
1981 Average	197	0	119	114	62	0	1	(8)	133	102	375	369
1982 Average	175	0	102	102	50	0	3	(8)	112	92	456	441
1983 Average	189	0	66	65	40	0	2	(8)	96	83	382	365
1984 Average	188	0	114	112	42	0	11	0	94	87	402	378
1985 Average	40	0	32	31	28	0	29	1	113	98	310	278
1986 Average	25	0	60	53	21	0	53	0	125	93	350	317
1987 Average	29	0	80	70	21	0	55	0	106	75	352	304
1988 Average	. 36	0	67	62	22	0	68	0	97	71	315	254
1989 Average	42	0	138	127	32	0	67	0	94	73	215	160
1990 January	9	0	75	67	35	0	60	0	109	84	219	147
February	27	0	43	37	32	0	53	0	89	67	74	23
March	10	0	50	50	32	0	13	0	103	96	257	221
April	40	0	134	118	33	0	17	0	114	81	304	288
May	20	0	166	166	38	0	87	0	88	58	369	305
June	21	0	209	199 ·	27	0	66	0	118	83	249	233
July	30	0	129	129	35	0	104	0	107	73	224	179
August	41	0	159	159	29	0	54	0	108	91	183	179
September	33	0	125	119	20	0	23	0	89	70	155	155
October	43	0	67	67	29	0	21	0	83	76	81	44
November	46	0	17	17	50	0	25	0	81	73	112	56
December Average	53 <b>31</b>	0	43 102	17 96	29 32	0	38 47	0	62 <b>96</b>	62 76	33	19
	•••	Ū	102	30	JZ	v	47	U	90	/0	189	155
1991 January	103	0	45	34	22	0	26	0	75	64	32	19
February	23	0	37	37	20	0	18	0	76	76	34	21
March	56	0	· 25	16	14	0	13	0	86	73	48	19
April	61	0	51	35	23	0	66	0	84	64	61	37
May	113	0	165	156	42	0	53	0	61	61	222	188
June	84	0	99	84	19	0	41	0	118	104	105	70
July	86	0	69	63	25	0	22	0	91	72	228	164
August	100	0	142	136	42	0	48	0	91	66	254	217
September	67	0	79	72	34	0	42	0	119	75	218	194
October	90	0	98	98	12	0	24	· 0	88	76	201	166
November	100	0	73	65	35	0	19	0	77	69	84	18
December	88 81	0	94	88	36	0	26	0	87	71	154	151
Average	81	0	82	74	27	0	33	0	88	72	138	106
1992 January	40	0	25	17	32	0	35	0	108	79	128	115
February	82	0	11	0	23	0	16	0	109	76	63	0
March	49	0	11 -	-	18	0	37	0	105	85	79	52
April	73	0	162	147	14	0	35	0	79	75	157	128
May	59	0	209	200	22	0	30	0	69	54	198	180
June	91	0	234	225	28	0	45	0	94	74	248	206
July	49	0	194	179	11	0	18	0	103	78	353	337
August	65	0	151	134	38	0	29	0	106	54	295	282
September	60	0	112	102	37	0	56	0	84	56	341	291
October	90	0	198	177	29	0	32	0	108	71	411	411
November	56	0	120	104	26	0	36	0	85	62	336	285
December	80	0	148	133	28	0	17	0	91	71	148	110
Average	66	0	131	119	26	0	32	0	95	70	230	200

<sup>a</sup> Includes petroleum imported into the United States indirectly from members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), primarily from Caribbean and West European areas, as petroleum products that were refined from crude oil produced by OPEC.

(s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports

are included. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 1993, Table S3.

# Table 3.3h<sup>°</sup> Petroleum Imports: Former U.S.S.R., Virgin Islands, Total Non-OPEC, and Total Imports

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

, ·			Non	-OPEC <sup>a</sup>					-	
, i		ermer S.S.R.	Virgir	islands		ther OPEC		otal OPEC <sup>a</sup>		iotal Iports
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil
1973 Average	26	0	329	0	153	36	3,263	1,149	6,256	3,244
974 Average	20	0	391	0	122	30	2,832	937	6,112	3,477
975 Average	14	0	406	0	120	14	2,454	893	6,056	4,105
976 Average	11	2	422	0	203	101	2,247	742	7,913	5.287
977 Average	12	2	466	0	287	157	2,614	971	8,807	6,615
978 Average	8	1	428	Ó	239	146	2,612	1.172	8.363	6,356
979 Average	1	0	431	0	269	192	2,819	1,407	8,456	6.519
980 Average	1	0	388	Ó	219	162	2,609	1,399	6,909	5,263
981 Average	5	(8)	327	Ō	236	163	2,672	1.474	5,996	4.396
982 Average	1	Ò	316	0	306	174	2,968	1,754	5,113	3,488
983 Average	1	(8)	282	0	378	215	3,189	1,853	5,051	3,329
984 Average	13	(8)	294	0	411	210	3,388	1,914	5,437	3,426
985 Average	8	(8)	247	0	394	137	3,237	1,888	5,067	3,201
986 Average	18	(8)	244	0	426	144	3,387	2,065	6,224	4,178
987 Average	10	0	272	0	459	196	3,617	2,274	6,678	4,674
988 Average	29	0	242	0	487	196	3,882	2,411	7,402	5,107
989 Average	48	0	321	0	457	197	3,921	2,467	8,061	5,843
990 January	62	0	409	0	588	220	4,332	2,399	9,197	6,212
February	40	0	323	0	471	139	3,805	2,177	8,399	5,895
March	0	0	264	0	405	168	3,536	2,469	7,965	6,117
April	20	0	283	0	513	275	3,660	2,348	7,858	5,813
May	0	0	285	0	541	248	4,260	2,673	8,834	6,454
June	19	0	299	0	579	270	4,287	2,771	8,747	6,423
July	92	0	252	0	500	251	4,057	2,609	9,048	6,855
August	73	0	230	0	340	107	3,722	2,406	8,644	6,452
September	49	0	240	0	336	206	3,417	2,386	7,361	5,664
October	87	10	204	0	245	92	2,199	2,210	6,717	5,132
November	63	0	312	0	254	112	3,374	2,173	7,003	5,085
December Average	34 <b>4</b> 5	0 1	291 282	0	233 , 417	70 <b>180</b>	3,011 3,721	1,933 <b>2,381</b>	6,439 8,018	4,611 5,894
991 January	28	0	261	0	235	91	3,205	2,195	7,103	5,296
February	17	ŏ	222	ŏ	180	96	3,051	2,221	6,865	5,485
March	13	Ō	214	Ó	179	60	3,023	2,133	6,646	5,166
April	39	0	245	0	256	99	3,674	2,470	7,418	5,529
May	42	0	264	0	239	63	3,794	2,524	8,518	6,363
June	0	0	234	0	349	189	3,747	2,587	8,245	6,334
July	58	0	191	0	384	275	3,524	2,430	7,755	5,955
August	80	11	208	0	369	197	4,067	2,699	8,670	6,645
September	23	0	269	0	374	197	3,871	2,608	7,826	5,812
October	13	0	262	0	252	139	3,444	2,340	7,467	5,683
November	16	0	264	0	335	130	3,444	2,200	7,615	5,528
December	16	0	286	0	229	104	3,546	2,448	7,337	5,565
Average	29	1	243	0	282	137	3,535	2,405	7,627	5,782
992 January	17	0	250	0	206	59	3,452	2,399	7,593	5,885
February	3	0	222	0	195	50	3,248	2,162	6,754	5,033
March	0	0	202	0	328	.114	3,438	2,378	7,036	5,319
April	0	0	234	0	457	212	4,002	2,791	8,067	6,113
May	0	0	246	0	452	213	3,643	2,597	7,754	6,025
June	0	0	266	0	289	95	3,783	2,633	7,761	6,019
July	72	32	278	0	412	152	4,134	3,024	8,474	6,796
August	62 52	31	263	0	462	357	4,113	2,984	8,256	6,457
September	53 9	0	217	0	372	160	3,879	2,675	8,160	6,206
October	0	0	254	0	279	144	3,998	2,964	8,520	6,696
November December	0	0	274	0	219	124	3,790	2,745	7,877 87,820	6,121 B5 027
	18	5	273 <b>248</b>	0	283 <b>330</b>	92	3,723	2,546	R 7,828	R 5,927
Average	10	3	240	v	330	148	3,769	2,660	7,844	6,054

Includes petroleum imported into the United States indirectly from members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), primarily from Caribbean and West European areas, as petroleum products that were refined from crude oil produced by OPEC.

R=Revised data. (s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports

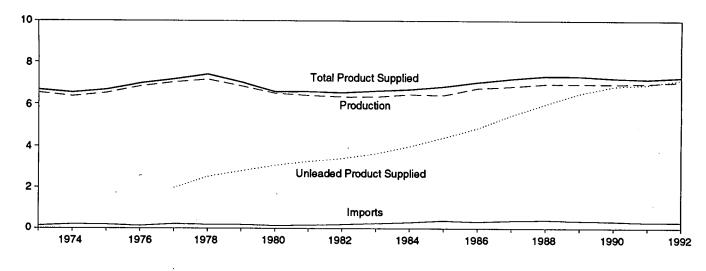
are included. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

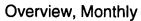
Source: Energy Information Administration, Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 1993, Table S3.

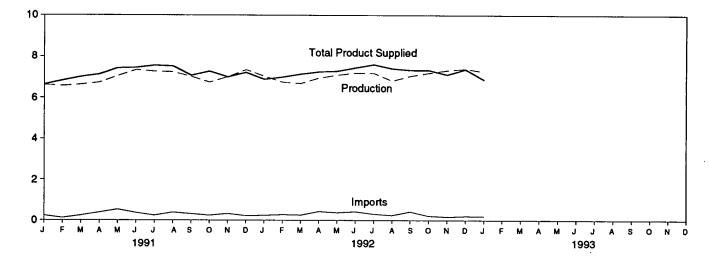
### Figure 3.2 Finished Motor Gasoline

(Million Barrels per Day, Except as Noted)

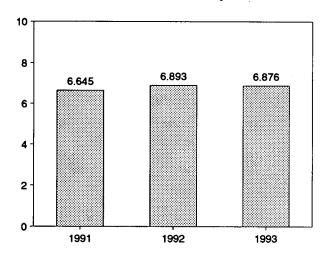
Overview, 1973-1992





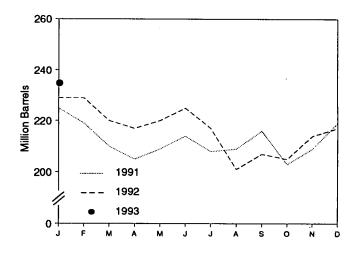


Total Product Supplied, January



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 3.4.

Total Stocks, End of Month



### Table 3.4 Finished Motor Gasoline Supply and Disposition

	Sup	ply			Dispositio	n i		Ending	Stocks <sup>a</sup>
	Total		Stock		l	Product Suppli	ed	Total Motor	Finishe Motor
	Total Production	Imports <sup>b</sup>	Stock Change <sup>b,c</sup>	Exports	Total	Unleaded <sup>d</sup>	Unleaded	Gasoline <sup>e</sup>	Gasolin
			Thousand Ba	rrels per Day			Percent of Total	Million	Barrels
973 Average	6,535	134	-9	4	6,674	_	_	209	_
974 Average	6,360	204	24	2	6,537	-	-	1218	-
975 Average	6,520	184	<sup>†</sup> 28	2	6,675	-	_	235	_
976 Average	6,841	131	-10	3	6,978	-	-	231	-
977 Average	7,033	217	72	2	7,177	1,976	27.5	258	-
978 Average	7,169	190	-54	1	7,412	2,521	34.0	238	-
979 Average	6,852	181	-2	(8)	7,034	2,798	39.8	237	-
980 Average	6,506	140	66	1	6,579	3,067	46.6	<sup>f</sup> 261	-
81 Average <sup>g</sup>	6,405	157	f-28	2	6,588	3,264	49.5	253	203
82 Average	6,338	197	-25	20	6,539	3,409	52.1	1235	<sup>†</sup> 194
83 Average	6,340	247	<sup>†</sup> -45	10	6,622	3,647	55.1	222	186
84 Average	6,453	299	54	6	6,693	3,987	59.6	243	205
85 Average	6,419	381	-41	10	6,831	4,406	64.5	223	190
86 Average	6,752	326	11	33	7,034	4,854	69.0	233	194
87 Average	6,841	384	-15	35	7,206	5,470	75.9	226	189
88 Average	6,956	405	3	22	7,336	5,995	81.7	228	190
89 Average	6,963	369	-35	39	7,328	6,507	88.8	213	177
90 January	6,879	417	621	31	6,643	6,246	94.0	236	196
February	6,989	411	169	53	7,179	6,703	93.4	245	201
March	6,613	270	-499	45	7,338	6,894	93.9	227	186
April	6,775	328	-45	28	7,121	6,704	94.1	223	184
May	6,610	585	-189	25	7,358	6,937	94.3	217	178
June	7,101	376	-93	52	7,519	7,099	94.4	213	176
July	7,238	432	133	41	7,496	7,090	94.6	218	180
August	7,326	313	-233	77	7,796	7,383	94.7	210	172
September	7,274	254	511	103	6,914	6,589	95.3	229	188
October	6,880	192	-244	90	7,226	6,883	95.3	220	180
November	6,940	259	-108	66	7,241	6,940	95.8	217	177
Average	6,887 6,959	264 342	119 10	53 55	6,978 <b>7,235</b>	6,713 6,850	96.2 94.7	220 220	181 181
-		. –			•				
91 January	6,629	228	162	50	6,645	6,365	95.8	225	186
February	6,573	115	-252	102	6,838	6,577	96.2	219	179
March	6,643	235	-236	97	7,017	6,747	96.1	210	171
April	6,742	381	-67	53	7,137	6,863	96.2	205	169
May	7,063	528	95	59	7,437	7,156	96.2	209	172
June	7,351	364	160	99	7,456	7,184	96.4	214	177
July	7,274	232	-177	122	7,561	7,270	96.2	208	172
August	7,247	385	7	98	7,528	7,248	96.3	209	172
September	7,030	312	195	63	7,083	6,828	96.4	216	178
October	6,749	236 322	-354 228	58	7,281	7,038	96.7	203	167
November December	7,018 7,354	322 216	228 267	104 79	7,008	6,829 7,083	97.4 98.0	209 219	173 182
Average	6,975	297	3	82	7,224 7,188	6,935	98.0 96.5	219	182
92 January	7,043	237	300	87	6,893	6,761	98.1	229	191
February	6,753	270	-41	59	7,004	6,875	98.2	229	190
March	6,694	247	-275	71	7,145	7,010	98.1	220	181
April	6,958	428	41	90	7,255	7,138	98.4	217	183
May	7,100	370	101	82	7,288	7,178	98.5	220	186
June	7,201	419	83	86	7,451	7,344	98.6	225	186
July	7,197	303	-215	108	7,607	7,492	98.5	217	181
August	6,818	240	-480	123	7,414	7,298	98.4	201	167
September	7,057	418	51	85	7,339	7,230	98.5	207	168
October	7,198	209	-23	94	7,336	7,237	98.7	205	167
November	7,323	170	299	74	7,119	7,039	98.9	214	176
December	R7,398	R 202	<sup>R</sup> 38	<sup>R</sup> 184	P7,377	P7,299	<sup>R</sup> 98.9	217	P 178
Average	<sup>R</sup> 7,062	292	<sup>R</sup> -11	P 96	R 7,270	R7,160	98.5	217	<sup>R</sup> 178
93 January	<sup>E</sup> 7,260	<sup>E</sup> 189	<sup>E</sup> 487	<sup>E</sup> 86	<sup>E</sup> 6.876	<sup>E</sup> 6,820	<sup>E</sup> 99.2	<sup>E</sup> 235	<sup>E</sup> 192

<sup>a</sup> Stocks are totals as of end of period.

 <sup>b</sup> From 1981 forward, blending components are excluded.
 <sup>c</sup> A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.

e Includes motor gasoline blending components.

1 See Note 4 at end of section.

<sup>9</sup> In January 1981, survey forms were modified. See Notes 1 and 2 at end

of section.

R=Revised data. - =Not applicable. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

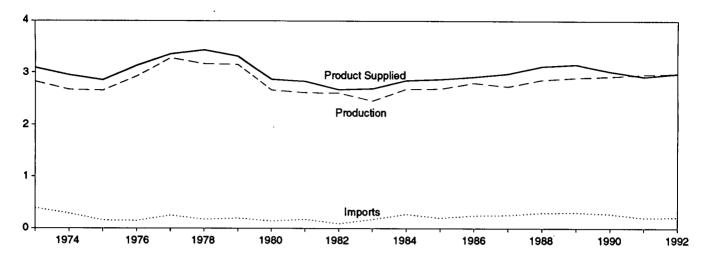
Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

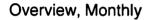
Source: Energy Information Administration, Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 1993, Table S4.

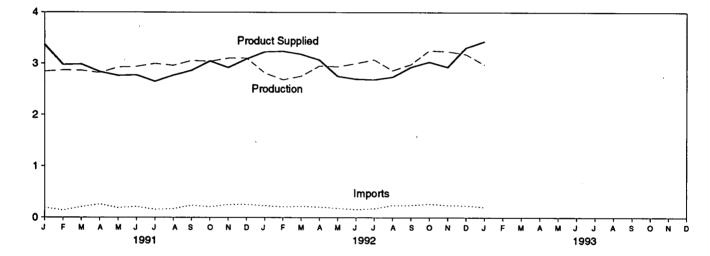
### Figure 3.3 Distillate Fuel

(Million Barrels per Day, Except as Noted)

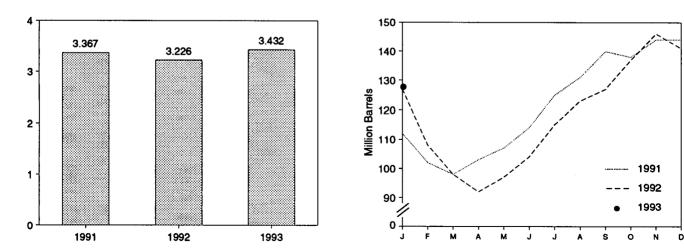
Overview, 1973-1992







Stocks, End of Month



Product Supplied, January

Source: Table 3.5.

### Table 3.5 Distillate Fuel Oil Supply and Disposition

		Supply			Disposition		
	Total Production	Imports	Crude Oil Used Directly <sup>a</sup>	Stock Change <sup>b</sup>	Exports	Product Supplied <sup>a</sup>	Ending Stocks <sup>c</sup>
· · · · ·			Thousand Ba	rrels per Day		1,	Million Barrel
			_		_		
1973 Average	2,822 2,669	392 289	2	115 <sup>d</sup> 10	. 9	3,092	196 <sup>e</sup> 200
1974 Average 1975 Average	2,654	155	2	<sup>d,e</sup> -41	2 1	2,948 2,851	200
1976 Average	2,924	146	1	-62	1	3,133	186
1977 Average	3,278	250	i	176	ť	3,352	250
1978 Average	3,167	173	1	-93	3	3,432	216
1979 Average	3,153	193	1	34	3	3,311	229
1980 Average	2,662	142	1	-64	3	2,866	<sup>e</sup> 205
1981 Average <sup>f</sup>	2,613	173	10	<sup>e</sup> -38	5	2,829	192
1982 Average	2,606	93	10	-35	74	2,671	<sup>e</sup> 179
1983 Average	2,456	174	-	<sup>e</sup> -124	64	2,690	140
1984 Average	2,681	272	-	57	51	2,845	161
985 Average	2,687	200	-	-48	67	2,868	144
986 Average	2,798	247	-	31	100	2,914	155
987 Average	2,731	255	-	-56	66	2,976	134
988 Average	2,859	302	-	-30	69	3,122	124
989 Average	2,899	306	-	-49	97	3,157	106
990 January	3,130	505	-	388	62	3,185	118
February	2,753	357	-	-215	65	3,260	112
March	2,657	281	-	-415	75	3,277	99
April	2,803	308	-	9	59	3,043	99
May	2,874	209		108	75	2,900	103
June	2,996	257	-	246	84	2,923	110
July	3,008	236	-	487	30	2,726	125
August	3,131	293	-	156	51	3,218	130
September	2,968	226	-	207	123	2,864	136
October	2,928	190	-	8	150	2,960	136
November	2,915	238	-	-129	188 •	3,094	132
December Average	2,917 <b>2,925</b>	239 278	-	-7 73	347 109	2,816 <b>3,021</b>	132 132
	2.945	100					
991 January	2,845	192	-	-662	332	3,367	112
February March	2,870 2,865	139 206	-	-359	393	2,976	102
April	2,805	208	_	-112 156	198 81	2,984 2,839	98 103
May	2,929	186	_	132	218	2,765	103
June	2,941	209	_	225	150	2,775	114
July	2,998	155	_	356	149	2,648	125
August	2,961	168	_	214	144	2,770	131
September	3,055	237	-	291	136	2,865	140
October	3,040	207	-	-59	259	3,047	138
November	3,103	249	-	206	235	2,921	138
December	3,107	252	_	-30	302	3,087	144
Average	2,962	205	-	31	215	2,921	144
992 January	2,818	227	_	-541	360	3,226	· 127
February	2,681	207	-	-629	278	3,238	108
March	2,753	218	_	-346	138	3,179	98
April	2,954	202	-	-190	278	3,068	92
May	2,939	179	-	146	222	2,751	97
June	3,002	157	-	258	205	2,696	104
July	3,073	172	_	359	201	2,685	115
August	2,864	236	-	237	127	2,736	123
September	2,982	237	-	143	145	2,930	127
October	3,251	262	-	312	169	3,032	137
November	3.236	236	-	312	230	2,930	146
December	<sup>R</sup> 3,179	R 229	-	<sup>R</sup> -175	<sup>R</sup> 276	<sup>R</sup> 3,308	<sup>R</sup> 141
Average	<sup>R</sup> 2,979	<sup>R</sup> 214	• -	<sup>R</sup> -8	<sup>R</sup> 219	<sup>R</sup> 2,981	<sup>R</sup> 141
993 January	E 2,978 ·	<sup>E</sup> 202	· _	E-435	<sup>E</sup> 183	E 3,432	<sup>E</sup> 128

<sup>a</sup> Beginning in January 1983, product supplied for distillate fuel oil does not include crude oil used directly.
 <sup>b</sup> A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number

<sup>b</sup> A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.

<sup>c</sup> Stocks are totals as of end of period.

d See Note 6 at end of section.

<sup>9</sup> In January 1975, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to surveys, thereby affecting stocks reported and stock change calculations. See Note 4 at end of section.  $^{\rm f}$  Beginning in January 1981, survey forms were modified. See Note 1 at end of section.

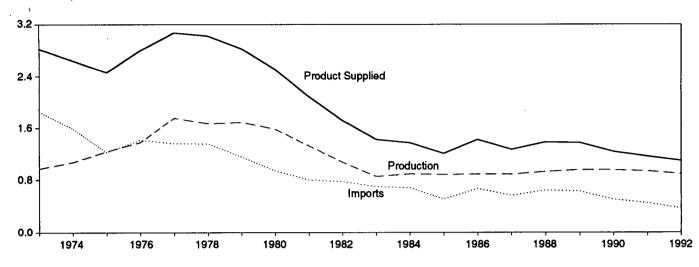
R=Revised data. - =Not applicable. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than 500 barrels per day. Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of

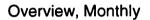
Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

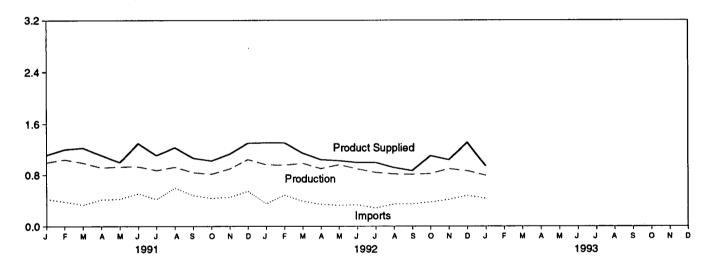
Source: Energy Information Administration, *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, February 1993, Table S5.

### Figure 3.4 Residual Fuel (Million Barrels per Day, Except as Noted)

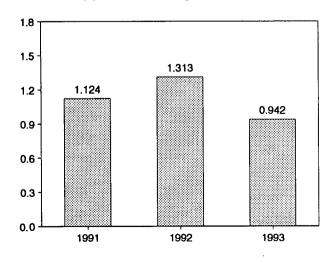
Overview, 1973-1992





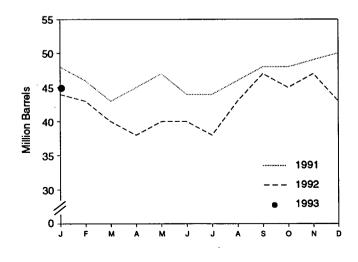


Product Supplied, January



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 3.6.

Stocks, End of Month



### Table 3.6 Residual Fuel Oil Supply and Disposition

		Supply		•	Disposition		
	Total Production	Imports	Crude Oil Used Directly <sup>a</sup>	Stock Change <sup>b</sup>	Exports	Product Supplied <sup>a</sup>	Ending Stocks <sup>c</sup>
	A		Thousand Ba	urrels per Day		1	Million Barre
973 Average	971	1,853	17	-5	23	2,822	53
974 Average	1,070	1,587	13	17	14	2,639	d 60
975 Average	1,235	1,223	15	d -2	15	2,462	74
976 Average	1,377	1,413	17	-5	12	2,801	72
977 Average	1,754	1,359	13	48	6	3,071	90
978 Average	1,667	1,355	13	1	13	3,023	90
979 Average	1,687	1,151	12	15	9	2,826	96
980 Average	1,580	939	12	-10	33	2,508	<sup>d</sup> 92
981 Average <sup>e</sup>	1,321	800	48	d -37	118	2,088	78
982 Average	1,070	776	48	-32	209	1,716	d 66
983 Average	852	699	-	d -55	185	1,421	49
984 Average	891	681	-	12	190	1,369	53
985 Average	882	510	-	-7	197	1,202	50
986 Average	889	669	_	-8	147	1,418	47
987 Average	885	565	_	-0 (s)	186	1,264	47
988 Average	926	644	-	-8	200	1,378	45
989 Average	954	629	-	-2	215	1,370	44
90 January	1,163	825	_	205	186	1 507	50
February	1,060	663	-	36	214	1,597	50
March	976	335	-	-158	214	1,474	51
April	882	559	_	90	200		46
May	884	507	_	22	141	1,151 1,227	49 50
June	926	485	_	-98	207	1,302	47
July	987	536	-	-98	171		
August	944	574	_	-1	280	1,280	49
September	909	313	-	15		1,238	49
October	799	383	-		200	1,007	49
November	846	387	-	-3	160	1,026	49
December	1,021	484	-	25	243	965	50
Average	950	504	-	-50 13	259 <b>211</b>	1,296 1, <b>229</b>	49 <b>49</b>
101 Jonuon	1.001	405		40	666		
191 January	1,001	425	-	-19	320	1,124	48
February	1,050	384	-	-76	299	1,211	46
March	995	332	-	-85	178	1,234	43
April	916	416	-	68	145	1,119	45
May	929	425	-	50	300	1,003	47
	933	512	-	-103	245	1,303	44
July	871	420	-	-1	176	1,117	44
August	925	599	-	68	216	1,240	46
September	838	481	-	78	168	1,074	48
October	814	438		6	217	1,029	48
November December	896 1,051	455	-	24	189	1,139	49
Average	934	547 <b>453</b>	-	28 4	264 226	1,307 <b>1,158</b>	50 50
•						.,	
92 January	964	352	-	-180	184	1,313	44
February	956	487	-	-46	176	1,314	43
March	989	392	-	-82	310	1,153	40
April	899	342	-	-72	265	1,048	38
Мау	964	328	-	55	207	1,030	40
June	894	334	-	-2	230	1,000	40
July	838	280	-	-50	169	1,000	38
August	815	347	-	149	96	916	43
September	809	349	-	145	149	865	47
October	820	376	-	-71	156	1,110	45
November	_ 896	_ 416	-	50	216	1.045	47
December	<sup>R</sup> 863	<sup>R</sup> 481	-	<sup>R</sup> -126	<sup>R</sup> 155	<sup>R</sup> 1,316	R 43
Average	<sup>R</sup> 892	373	-	<sup>R</sup> -20	<sup>P</sup> 193	<sup>R</sup> 1,092	<sup>R</sup> 43
93 January	<sup>E</sup> 792	<sup>E</sup> 433		E31	<sup>E</sup> 251	<sup>E</sup> 942	€ 45

<sup>a</sup> Beginning in January 1983, product supplied for residual fuel oil does not include crude oil used directly. <sup>b</sup> A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number

indicates an increase. C Stocks are totals as of end of period.

In January 1975, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to See Note 4 at end of section. <sup>9</sup> Beginning in January 1981, survey forms were modified. See Note 1 at

end of section.

R=Revised data. - =Not applicable. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

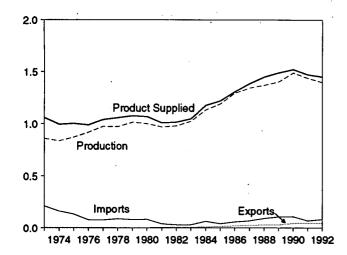
Notes: . Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. . Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 1993, Table S6.

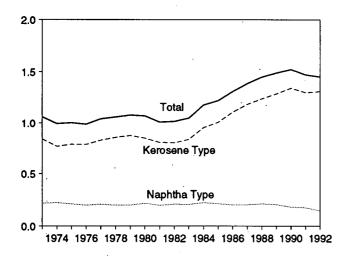
### Figure 3.5 Jet Fuel

(Million Barrels per Day, Except as Noted)

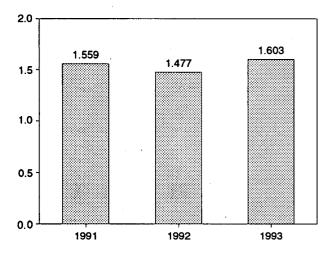
Total Jet Fuel Overview, 1973-1992



### Product Supplied by Type, 1973-1992

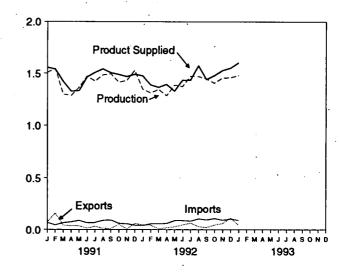




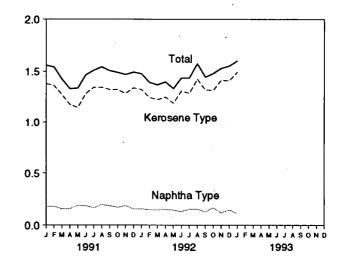


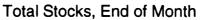
Source: Table 3.7.

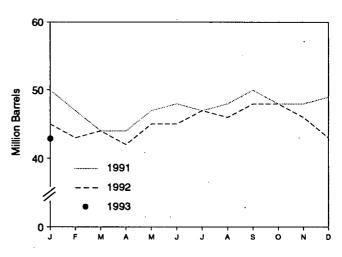
Total Jet Fuel Overview, Monthly



### Product Supplied by Type, Monthly







### Table 3.7 Jet Fuel Supply and Disposition

		Supply			Di	sposition			
	P	roduction		Steak		Prod	uct Supplied	Endi	ing Stocks <sup>a</sup>
	Total	Kerosene Type	Imports	Stock Change <sup>b</sup>	Exports	Total	Kerosene Type	Total	Kerosene Typ
			Thous	and Barrels p	er Day	-		Mill	ion Barrels
973 Average	859	679	212	8	4	1,059	842	29	23
974 Average	836	641	163	2	3	993	771	<sup>c</sup> 29	<sup>c</sup> 24
975 Average	871	<b>691</b>	133	° 2	2	1,001	791	30	25
976 Average	918	731	76	5	2	987	789	32	26
977 Average	973	787	75	7	2	1,039	831	35	28
978 Average	970	791	86	-2	1	1,057	858	34	28
979 Average	1,012	835	78	13	1	1,076	876	39	33
980 Average	999	811	80	_10	1	1,068	851	° 42	° 36
981 Average	968	775	38	°_4	2	1,007	809	41	34
982 Average	978	778	29	-12 ° (a)	6	1,013	804	° 37	° 31
983 Average	1,022	817	29	(8)	6	1,046	839	39	32
984 Average	1,132	919	62	9	9	1,175	953	42	35
985 Average	1,189	983	39	-4	13	1,218	1,005	40	34
986 Average	1,293	1,097	57	25	18	1,307	1,105	50	43
987 Average	1,343	1,138	67	(8)	24	1,385	1,181	50	42
988 Average	1,370	1,164	90 106	-17 -8	28 ··· 27	1,449	1,236	44 41	38 34
989 Average	1,403	1,197	106	-0	~ 21	1,489	1,284	41	34
390 January	1,527	1,340	163	76	30	1,584	1,404	43	37
February	1,530	1,330	158	120	50	1,519	1,316	47	40
March	1,457	1,256	120	92	30	1,455	1,289	49	42
April	1,357	1,179	103	-91	19	1,531	1,335	47	40
Мау	1,392	1,194	119	8	8	1,495	1,313	47	40
June	1,388	1,214	125	13	10	1,490	1,320	47	40
July	1,434	1,307	99	117	10	1,406	1,259	51	45
August	1,424	1,250	83	-82	37	1,552	1,363	48	43
September	1,548	1,339	81	48	47	1,534	1,329	50	44
October	1,630	1,463	71	39	77	1,585	1,406	51	45
November	1,606	1,445	93	-19	141	1,578	1,369	50	45
December Average	1,570 <b>1,488</b>	1,411 1,311	82 108	51 <b>31</b>	60 <b>43</b>	1,541 1,522	1,378 <b>1,340</b>	52 <b>52</b>	46 46
-	•			~~	70		•	50	
991 January	1,509	1,354	67	-55	73	1,559	1,378	50	44
February	1,548	1,384	44	-108	159	1,541	1,360	47	41
March	1,299	1,157	65	-99	40	1,423	1,270	44	38
April	1,286	1,135	73	-8	38	1,329	1,173	44	38
May	1,367	1,191	87	85	35	1,334	1,143	47	41
June	1,473	1,300	64	58	13	1,465	1,280	48	43
July	1,426	1,255	67	-47	31	1,509	1,343	47	41
August	1,486	1,316	88 92	21	11	1,543	1,343	48	42 45
September	1,495	1,322		71	10	1,506	1,321	50	
October	1,415 1,433	1,253	59 56	-66 15	50 5	1,489	1,319	48 48	43
November December	1,433	1,276 1,357	50 42	22	59	1,469 1,492	1,282 1,338	48 49	44 44
Average	1,438	1,274	42 67	-9	43	1,492	1,296	49	44
992 January	1,350	1,199	39	-133	44	1,477	1,321	45	40
992 January February	1,313	1,166	56	-63	44 42	1,477	1,243	43	40 38
March	1,347	1,215	56	-03	42	1,390	1,243	44	39
April	1,347	1,131	59	-71	18	1,396	1,247	44	39
May	1,390	1,214	86	120	26	1,390	1,186	42	40
June	1,374	1,234	86	-20	45	1,435	1,306	45	39
July	1,473	1,328	81	-20	43 62	1,435	1,284	45	42
August	1,473	1,339	103	-29	28	1,435	1,423	47	42
September	1,471	1,296	93	-29	20	1,575	1,317	40 48	41
October	1,448	1,265	107	-9	20 44	1,443	1,313	40 48	43
November	1,408	1,319	90	-9 -41	44 59	1,479	1,413	46	43 42
December	<sup>R</sup> 1,457	<sup>R</sup> 1,333	<sup>90</sup> <sup>90</sup>	<sup>R</sup> -101	<sup>9</sup> 112	<sup>R</sup> 1,529	<sup>R</sup> 1,407	<sup>46</sup> <sup>R</sup> 43	42 P 39
Average	<sup>R</sup> 1,398	<sup>P</sup> 1,254	80	<sup>R</sup> -15	R 43	<sup>R</sup> 1,451	<sup>R</sup> 1,307	R 43	R 39
						1,101			
993 January	<sup>E</sup> 1,480	<sup>E</sup> 1,341	E 89	<sup>E</sup> -76	<sup>E</sup> 42	<sup>E</sup> 1,603	<sup>E</sup> 1,492	E 43	E 37

 <sup>a</sup> Stocks are totals as of end of period.
 <sup>b</sup> A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase. <sup>c</sup> In January 1975, 1981, and 1983, a new stock basis was established,

thereby affecting stocks reported and stock change calculations. See Note 4 at end of section.

R=Revised data. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

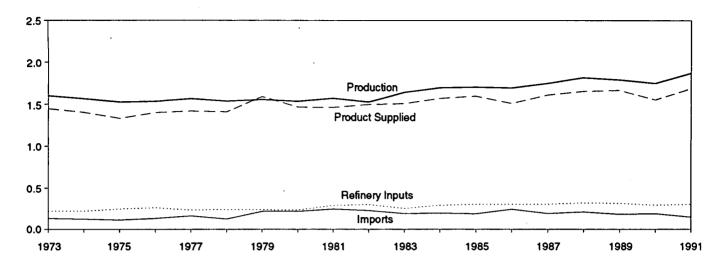
Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 1993, Table S7.

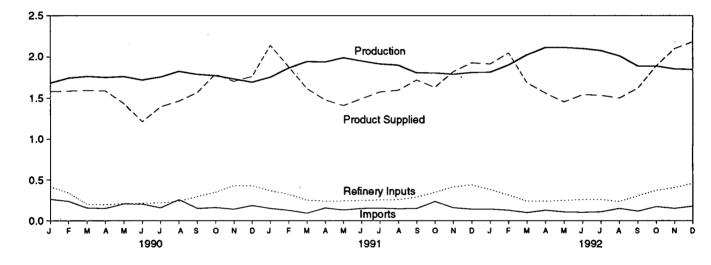
### Figure 3.6 Liquefied Petroleum Gases

(Million Barrels per Day, Except as Noted)

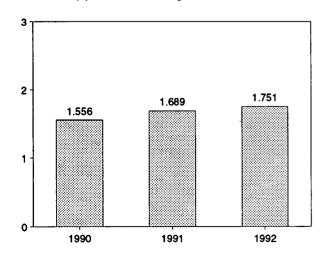
Overview, 1973-1991





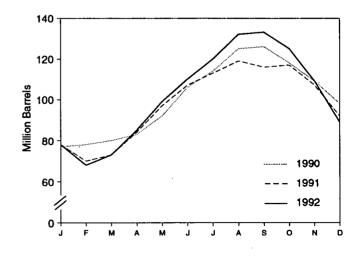


Product Supplied, January-December



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 3.8.

Stocks, End of Month



### Table 3.8 Liquefied Petroleum Gases Supply and Disposition

	Sup	ply		Dispo	sition		
Ĩ	Total Production	Imports	Stock Change <sup>a</sup>	Refinery Inputs	Exports	Product Supplied	Ending Stocks <sup>b</sup>
			Thousand Ba	arrels per Day	•		Million Barrel
1973 Average	1,600	132	35	220	27	1,449	99
		123	38		25		<sup>c</sup> 113
974 Average	1,565		° 35	220	—	1,406	
975 Average	1,527	112		246	26	1,333	125
976 Average	1,535	130	-24	260	25	1,404	116
977 Average	1,566	161	55	233	18	1,422	_ 136
978 Average	1,537	123	-12	239	20	1,413	<sup>c</sup> 132
979 Average	1,556	217	<sup>c</sup> -70	236	15	1,592	111
980 Average	1,535	216	27	233	21	1,469	<sup>c</sup> 120
981 Average	1.571	244	° 18	289	42	1,466	135
982 Average	<sup>d</sup> 1,527	226	-111	300	65	1,499	<sup>c</sup> 94
983 Average	1,642	190	°_4	253	73	1,509	¢ 101
984 Average	1,697	195	<sup>c</sup> -19	291	48	1,572	101
985 Average	1,704	187	-75	304	62	1,599	74
986 Average	1,695	242	80	302	42	1,512	103
987 Average	1,748	<b>190</b> `	-15	304	38	1,612	97
988 Average	1,817	209	1	321	49	1,656	97
989 Average	1,791	181	-47	315	35	1,668	80
990 January	1,684	261	-92	414	44	1,580	77
February	1,743	235	11	339	42	1,587	78
March	1,763	155	80	199	44	1,595	80
	1,751	150	91	195	25		83
April						1,589	
May	1,761	204	287	209	36	1,433	92
June	1,719	202	469	212	28	1,211	106
July	1,756	157	268	217	36	1,392	114
August	1,825	256	339	236	43	1,463	125
September	1,789	149	37	293	41	1,567	126
October	1,773	159	-243	348	38	1,790	118
November	1,731	140	-296	427	39	1,702	109
December	1,692	184	-370	427	58	1,762	98
Average	1,749	188	48	293	40	1,556	98
001 (0000)	1 750	148	650	264	EC	2 120	70
991 January	1,753		-658	364	56	2,139	78
February	1,865	126	-271	322	60	1,880	70
March	1,942	91	113	249	56	1,615	73
April	1,937	154	346	237	31	1,477	84
Мау	1,989	129	428	239	45	1,407	97
June	1,949	148	328	245	32	1,492	107
July	1,913	151	211	· 253	24	1,575	113
August	1,899	143	175	255	18	1,594	119
September	1,806	147	-84	288	31	1,718	116
	1,805	233	33	345	31		
October						1,629	117
November	1,789	156	-330	413	40	1,821	107
December	1,810	139	-488	437	73	1,927	92
Average	1,871	147	-15	304	41	1,689	92
992 January	1,814	139	-417	378	80	1,912	78
February	1,901	126	-366	312	33	2,048	68
March	2,025	97	158	236	43	1,684	73
April	2,114	126	401	235	45	1,559	85
May	2,114	105	401	235	45 44	1,452	99
	•						
June	2,101	100	344	257	59	1,541	110
July	2,077	106	343	255	52	1,533	120
August	2,013	148	372	233	55	1,501	132
September	1,888	114	36	302	45	1,620	133
October	1,888	170	-239	368	39	1,892	125
November	1,853	148	-546	403	43	2,100	109
December	1,846	176	-659	451	49	2,182	89
Average		130			49		89
waalafia	1,970	130	-7	306	49	1,751	89

<sup>a</sup> A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.

 $^{\rm b}$  Stocks are totals as of end of period.  $^{\rm c}$  In January 1975, 1979, 1981, 1983, and 1984, a new stock basis was established, thereby affecting stocks reported and stock change calculations. See Note 4 at end of section.

See Note 6 at end of section.

Notes: • Liquefied petroleum gases include ethane, propane, normal butane, and isobutane. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to

independent rounding. Source: Energy Information Administration, *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, February 1993, Table S8.

i

### Table 3.9 Other Petroleum Products Supply and Disposition

· · ·	Sup	ply		Dispo	sition		
	Total Production	Imports	Stock Change <sup>a</sup>	Refinery Inputs	Exports	Products Supplied	Ending Stocks <sup>b</sup>
			Thousand Ba	urrels per Day		<b>4</b>	Million Barrek
							-
973 Average	2,833	290	1	750	162	2,211	179
974 Average	2,722	269	25	665	172	2,129	<sup>c</sup> 188
975 Average	2,547	144	° -6	537	158	2,001	188
976 Average	2,725	129	(8)	524	172	2,158	188
977 Average	2,939	130	20	514	164	2,371	195
978 Average	3,076	80	-12	492	165	2,511	191
979 Average	3,141	116	24	352	208	2,673	200
980 Average	2,957	130	15	310	197	2,566	<sup>c</sup> 205
981 Average	2,771	188	<sup>c</sup> -42	723	197	2,081	241
982 Average	2,475	305	-68	787	205	<sup>d</sup> 1,857	<sup>c</sup> 216
983 Average	2,437	382	°-6	712	236	1,877	° 217
984 Average	2,500	503	°-32	791	236	2,007	198
985 Average	2,532	550	22	886	227	1,947	206
986 Average	2,704	504	-15	888	291	2,045	201
987 Average	2,737	543	-1	829	264	2,187	200
988 Average	2,773	645	22	799	294	2,303	208
989 Average	2,771	627	12	797	305	2,285	213
990 January	2,567	814	86	735	225	2,335	215
February	2,781	680	387	654	298	2,122	226
March	2,670	687	78	795	276	2,207	229
April	2,774	596	-138	869	318	2,320	224
May	2,847	756	295	544	292	2,471	. 234
June	2,907	879	-160	919	334	2,692	229
July	3,146	732	-148	958	317	2,752	224
August	3,097	673	-291	998	297	2,766	215
September	3.029	674	68	760	265	2,611	217
October	2,848	590	-436	1,211	329	2,334	204
November		800	206	1.010	270	2,102	210
December	2,644	575	-288	1,172	249	2,087	201
Average	2,842	705	-32	887	289	2,402	201
99,1 January	2,653	748	204	844	317	2,036	207
February	2,668	573	363	726	275	1,876	217
March	2,576	551	151	819	239	1,919	222
April	2,724	607	133	753	228	2,217	226
May	2,853	800	198	900	327	2,228	232
June	3,030	615	-123	1,092	304	2,372	228
July	3,029	· 776	-143	1,081	321	2,545	224
August	2,993	642	-169	1.013	296	2,496	219
September	3,010	746	101	802	267	2,586	222
October	2,824	611	-218	944	211	2,498	215
November	2,750	850	-81	1,093	238	2,349	213
December	2,797	577	-163	1,147	304	2,085	208
Average	2,826	675	18	936	277	2,269	208
992 January	2,704	713	197	815	272	2,135	214
February	2,645	574	177	928	240	1,875	· 219
March	2,735	710	243	721	239	2,242	226
April	2,869	797	-34	1,047	217	2,436	225
May	2,901	661	-87	899	199	2,551	223
June	3,078	645	-60	765	225	2,793	221
July	3,162	735	-152	973	284	2,791	216
August	3,019	726	-118	850	227	2,785	213
September	3,064	744	189	640	336	2,642	218
October	2,899	701	-199	927	295	2,578	212
November	2,875	697	-7	964	264	2,350	212
December	2,875	711	-185	1,210	352	2,350	212
Average	2,899	702	-185	895	263		206 206
	2,033	102		923	203	2,447	200

<sup>a</sup> A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.

Stocks are totals as of end of period.

<sup>c</sup> In January 1975, 1981, 1983, and 1984, a new stock basis was established, thereby affecting stocks reported and stock change calculations. See Note 4 at end of section. <sup>d</sup> See Note 6 at end of section. .

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(s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Notes: • Other petroleum products include pentanes plus, other hydrocarbons and alcohol, unfinished oil, gasoline blending components, and all finished petroleum products except finished motor gasoline, distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, jet fuel, and liquefied petroleum gases. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not

equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Source: Energy Information Administration, Petroleum Supply Monthly, February 1993, Table S9.

# **Petroleum Notes**

1. The Energy Information Administration (EIA) uses a number of sources and methods to maintain the survey respondent lists. On a regular basis, survey managers review such industry publications as the *Oil* and Gas Journal and Oil Daily for information on facilities or companies starting up or closing down operations. Those sources are augmented by articles in newspapers, letters from respondents indicating changes in status, and information received from survey systems.

Every 3 years an extensive survey is conducted to update the frames completely. The updating involves consolidating information from every known source, including State agencies, Federal agencies (e.g., Environmental Protection Agency, Corps of Engineers, Census Bureau, etc.), and private industry directories. The effort also includes the evaluation of the impact of potential frame changes on the historical time series of data published from these respondents. The results of this frame study are usually implemented in January to provide a full year under the same frame.

2. Motor Gasoline: Beginning in January 1981, the EIA expanded its universe to include non-refinery blenders; redefined motor gasoline into two categories (finished leaded and finished unleaded); and separated blending components from finished motor gasoline as a reporting category. Also, survey forms were modified to describe refinery operations more accurately. For further details, see the EIA, *Petroleum Supply Monthly*.

3. Distillate and Residual Fuel Oils: The requirement to report crude oil in pipelines or burned on leases as either distillate or residual fuel oil has been eliminated. Prior to January 1981, the refinery input of unfinished oils number typically exceeded the number for available supply of unfinished oils. That discrepancy was assumed to be due to the redesignation of distillate and residual fuel oils received as such but used as unfinished oil inputs by the receiving refinery. The imbalance between supply and disposition of unfinished oils would then be subtracted from the production of distillate and residual fuel oils. Twothirds of that difference was subtracted from distillate and one-third from residual. Beginning in January 1981, the EIA modified its survey forms to account for redesignated product and discontinued the above-mentioned adjustment. For further details, see the EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.

4. New Stock Basis: In January 1975, 1979, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to bulk terminal and pipeline surveys, affecting subsequent

stocks reported and stock change calculations. Using the expanded coverage (new basis), the end-of-year stocks, in million barrels, would have been:

- Crude Oil: 1982-645 (Total) and 351 (Other Primary).
- Crude Oil and Petroleum Products: 1974-1,121; 1980-1,425; and 1982-1,461.
- Motor Gasoline: 1974—225; 1980—263; 1982— 244 (Total) and 202 (Finished).
- Distillate Fuel Oil: 1974—224; 1980—205; and 1982—186.
- Residual Fuel Oil: 1974-75; 1980-91; and 1982-69.
- Jet Fuel: 1974—30 (Total) and 24 (Kerosene Type); 1980—42 (Total) and 36 (Kerosene Type); and 1982—39 (Total) and 32 (Kerosene Type).
- Liquefied Petroleum Gases: 1974-113; 1978-136; 1980-128; and 1982-102.
- Other Petroleum Products: 1974—190; 1980—207; and 1982—219.

Stock change calculations beginning in 1975, 1981, and 1983 were made by using new basis stock levels.

In January 1984, changes were made in the reporting of natural gas liquids. As a result, unfractionated stream, which was formerly included in the "Other Petroleum Products Supply and Disposition" table, is now reported on a component basis (ethane, propane, normal butane, isobutane, and pentanes plus). Most of these stocks now appear in the "Liquefied Petroleum Gases Supply and Disposition" table. This change affects stocks reported and stock change calculations in each table. Under the new basis, end-of-year 1983 stocks, in million barrels, would have been:

- Liquefied Petroleum Gases: 1983-108.
- Other Petroleum Products: 1983-210.

5. Stocks of Alaskan Crude Oil: Stocks of Alaskan Crude oil in transit were included for the first time in January 1981. The major impact of this change is on the reporting of stock change calculations. Using the expanded coverage (new basis), 1980 end-of-year stocks, in million barrels, would have been 488 (Total) and 380 (Other Primary).

6. Data Discrepancies: Due to differences internal to EIA data processing systems, some small discrepancies exist between data in the *Monthly Energy Review* and the *Petroleum Supply Annual* and *Petroleum Supply Monthly*. The data that have discrepancies are noted with an asterisk in Section 3 tables and are summarized on the following page.

Table	Data Series	Year Average	MER Data	<i>PSA/PSM</i> Data
3.1a	Natural Gas Plant Production	1976	1,604	1,603
3.1b	Exports, Total	1979	471	472
3.1b	Exports, Petroleum Products	1979	236	237
3.1b	Net Imports	1979	7,985	7,984
3.2a	Crude Used Directly	1976	-19	-18
3.2a	Imports, SPR	1978	161	162
3.2a	Crude Used Directly	1978	-15	-14
3.2a	Crude Used Directly	1979	-14	-13
3.2a	Crude Used Directly	1980	-14	-13
3.2b	Crude Losses	1976	14	15
3.2b	Crude Losses	1980	14	15
3.5	Stock Change	1974	10	9
3.5	Stock Change	1975	-41	-40
3.8	Total Production	1982	1,527	1,525
3.9	Products Supplied	1982	1,857	1,856

6. Data Discrepancies (Continued). This listing summarizes the data discrepancies between the Monthly Energy Review (MER) and the Petroleum Supply Annual (PSA) and Petroleum Supply Monthly (PSM).

# Section 4. Natural Gas

Total dry natural gas production in the United States during January 1993 was an estimated 1.6 trillion cubic feet, slightly higher than production during the previous January.

Consumption of natural and supplemental gas in January 1993 was 2.3 million cubic feet, 5 percent<sup>4</sup> above the level in January 1992.

Deliveries to residential consumers in December 1992 (latest date for which data are available) were 719 billion cubic feet, 9 percent above the previous December deliveries. Total deliveries to industrial consumers during December 1992 were 693 billion cubic feet, 4 percent above the previous December's level.

Imports of natural gas in January 1993 were 185 billion cubic feet, 6 percent higher than imports in the previous January.

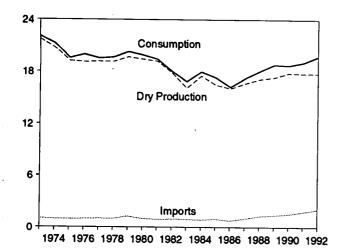
Stocks of working gas<sup>5</sup> in underground natural gas storage reservoirs at the end of January 1993 totaled 2.1 trillion cubic feet, 7 percent below the level of stocks available 1 year earlier. Net withdrawals from storage during January 1993 were 551 billion cubic feet, 7 percent above the amount of withdrawals during the previous January.

<sup>4</sup>Percentage changes are calculated by using unrounded data. <sup>5</sup>Gas available for withdrawal.

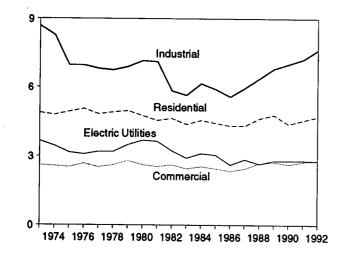
# Figure 4.1 Natural Gas

(Trillion Cubic Feet)

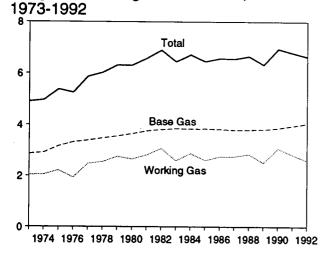
Overview, 1973-1992



# Consumption by Sector, 1973-1992

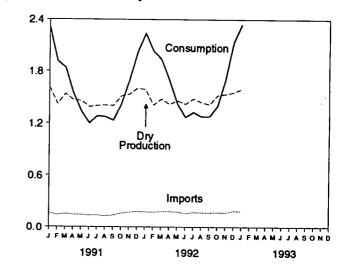




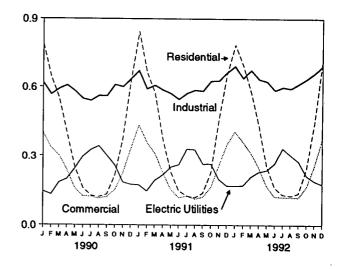


Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Tables 4.2, 4.3, and 4.4.

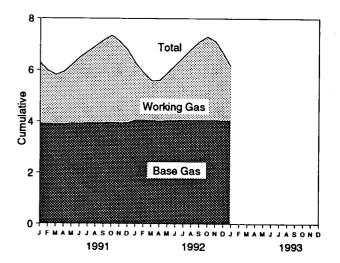
**Overview**, Monthly



# Consumption by Sector, Monthly



# Underground Storage, End of Month



#### Table 4.1 Natural Gas Production

	1	_		<u> </u>		V	
	Gross Withdrawals <sup>a</sup>	Repressuring <sup>b</sup>	Nonhydro- carbon Gases Removed <sup>c</sup>	Vented and Flared <sup>d</sup>	Marketed Production (Wet) <sup>e</sup>	Extraction Loss <sup>1</sup>	Total Dry Gas Productior
	04.007	4 474	NA	248	<sup>h</sup> 22.648	917	<sup>h</sup> 21,731
73 Total	24,067	1,171		169	h 21,601	887	h 20,713
74 Total	22,850	1,080	NA		<sup>h</sup> 20.109	872	<sup>h</sup> 19.236
75 Total	21,104	861	NA	134			
76 Total	20,944	859	NA	132	<sup>h</sup> 19,952	854	<sup>h</sup> 19,098
7 Total	21,097	935	NA	137	ຼື 20,025	863	<sup>n</sup> 19,163
78 Total	21,309	1,181	NA	153	<sup>n</sup> 19,974	852	<sup>h</sup> 19,122
79 Total	21,883	1,245	NA	167	<sup>h</sup> 20,471	808	<sup>h</sup> 19,663
30 Total	21,870	1,365	199	125	20,180	777	19,403
	21,587	1,312	222	98	19,956	775	19,181
81 Total			208	93	18,582	762	17,820
62 Total	20,272	1,388					
<b>B3 Total</b>	18,659	1,458	222	95	16,884	790	16,094
84 Total	20,267	1,630	224	108	18,304	838	17,466
85 Total	19,607	1,915	326	95	17,270	816	16,454
86 Total	19,131	1,838	337	98	16,859	800	16,059
87 Total	20,140	2,208	376	124	17,433	812	16,621
	•		460	143	17,918	816	17,103
88 Total	20,999	2,478			•		
89 Total	21,074	2,475	362	142	18,095	785	17,311
90 January	1,939	212	25	16	1,688	71	1,617
February	1,720	183	22	10	1,504	63	1,441
March	1,842	211	24	11	1,596	67	1,528
	1,753	206	24	11	1,513	64	1,449
April	•			13	1,530	65	1,465
Мау	1,781	213	26				
June	1,712	191	24	9	1,487	63	1,425
July	1,757	207	26	13	1,512	64	1,449
August	1,765	207	25	14	1,518	64	1,454
September	1.691	199	24	13	1,454	61	1,393
October	1,842	224	23	13	1,582	67	1,515
	1,826	211	23	13	1,579	67	1,512
November					1,631	69	1,562
December	1,895	225	23	14			
Total	21,523	2,489	289	150	18,594	784	17,810
91 January	1,963	236	24	13	1,692	76	1,616
February	1,741	221	22	12	1,487	67	1,420
March	1,894	245	24	13	1,612	72	1,539
	1,804	234	21	14	1,536	69	1,467
April		227	23	15	1,526	69	1,458
May	1,791						
June	1,717	226	22	14	1,455	65	1,389
July	1,744	236	23	16	1,469	66	1,403
August	1,744	231	23	15	1,474	66	1,408
September	1,720	214	24	14	1,468	66	1,402
October	1,868	245	23	15	1,585	71	1,513
	1,869	226	23	15	1,605	72	1,533
November		220	23	14	1,678	75	1,603
December Total	1,948 <b>21,803</b>	2,772	276	170	18,586	835	17,751
92 January	1,948 B 4 704	242 <sup>R</sup> 213	25 <sup>P</sup> 21	15	1,666 <sup>R</sup> 1,477	75 67	1,591 <sup>R</sup> 1,410
February	R 1,724			13			
March	_1,808	ຼ221	23	14	1,550	70	1,480
April	<sup>R</sup> 1,734	<sup>R</sup> 212	22	13	<sup>R</sup> 1,487	67	<sup>R</sup> 1,420
May	1,787	221	_ 23	14	_ 1,529	69	_1;460
June	<sup>R</sup> 1,740	<sup>R</sup> 215	<sup>R</sup> 22	13	<sup>R</sup> 1,490	67	<sup>R</sup> 1,423
July	<sup>R</sup> 1,812	R 223	R23	R 14	<sup>R</sup> 1,552	70	<sup>R</sup> 1,482
	<sup>R</sup> 1,762	P 217	P 22	R 13	R 1,510	68	<sup>R</sup> 1,442
August	B 4 702						
September	<sup>R</sup> 1,732	210	24	_ 13	1,485	67	1,418
October	<sup>R</sup> 1,860	P 228	<sup>R</sup> 24	<sup>R</sup> 14	_1,594	72	1,522
November	<sup>H</sup> 1.874	<sup>H</sup> 228	<sup>R</sup> 25	<sup>R</sup> 14	<sup>R</sup> 1,607	P72	<sup>R</sup> 1,535.
December	E 1,900	E 229	E 27	E 14	E 1,630	E 74	<sup>E</sup> 1,556
	E 21,681	E 2,659	E 281	E 164	E 18,577	E 838	E 17,739
Total	- « 1,001		201				
93 January	<sup>E</sup> 1,949	<sup>E</sup> 235	E 28	<sup>E</sup> 14	<sup>E</sup> 1,672	<sup>E</sup> 75	<sup>E</sup> 1,597

<sup>a</sup> Gas withdrawn from gas and oil wells.

 Gas withdrawn from gas and on webs.
 The injection of natural gas into oil and gas formations for pressure maintenance and cycling purposes.

See Note 1 at end of section.

<sup>d</sup> Vented: Natural gas released into the air on the base site or at processing plants. Flared: Natural gas burned in flares on the base site or at

gas processing plants. <sup>e</sup> "Gross Withdrawals" minus "Repressuring," "Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed," and "Vented and Flared." See Note 2 at end of section.

f See Note 3 at end of section.

<sup>9</sup> "Marketed Production (Wet)" minus "Extraction Loss."

ĥ May include unknown quantities of nonhydrocarbon gases.

R=Revised data. NA=Not available. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. ٠

Sources: • 1973-1985: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Natural Gas Annual 1990, Volume 1, Table 95. • 1986 forward: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, March 1993, Table 1.

## Table 4.2 Natural Gas Supply and Disposition

1

(Billion Cubic Feet)

			Supply	$\checkmark$			7	Dispositio	n
	Total Dry Gas Production	Withdrawals from Storage <sup>a</sup>	Supplemental Gaseous Fuels <sup>b</sup>	Imports <sup>b</sup>	Balancing Item <sup>b</sup>	Total Supply/	Additions to		
	Troduction	Storage	rueis-	Imports	item*	Disposition <sup>c</sup>	Storage <sup>a</sup>	Exports <sup>b</sup>	Consumption <sup>b</sup>
1973 Total	<sup>d</sup> 21,731	1,533	NA	1,033	-196	24,101	1,974	77	
1974 Total	d 20.713	1,701	NA	959	-289	23,084	1,784	77 77	22,049 21,223
1975 Total	<sup>d</sup> 19.236	1,760	NA	953	-235	21,714	2,104	73	19,538
1976 Total	<sup>d</sup> 19.098	1,921	NA	964	-216	21,767	1,756	65	19,946
1977 Total	<sup>d</sup> 19,163	1,750	NA	1,011	-41	21,883	2,307	56	19,521
1978 Total	<sup>d</sup> 19,122	2,158	NA	966	-287	21,958	2,278	53	19,627
1979 Total	<sup>d</sup> 19,663	2,047	NA	1,253	-372	22,591	2,295	56	20,241
1980 Total	19,403	1,972	155	985	-640	21,875	1,949	49	19,877
1981 Total 1982 Total	19,181	1,930	176	904	-500	21,691	2,228	59	19,404
1983 Total	17,820 16,094	2,164 2,270	145	933	-537	20,525	2,472	52	18,001
1984 Total	17,466	2,098	132 110	918 843	<sup>6</sup> -703	18,712	1,822	55	16,835
1985 Total	16,454	2,397	126	950	<sup>e</sup> -217 -428	20,300	2,295	55	17,951
1986 Total	16,059	1,837	113	750	-493	19,499 18,266	2,163	55	17,281
1987 Total	16,621	1,905	101	993	-888	10 176	1,984 1,911	61 54	16,221 17,211
1988 Total	17,103	2,270	101	1,294	-452 -453	20,315	2,211	54 74	18,030
1989 Total	17,311	2,854	107	1,382	-218	21,435	2,528	107	18,801
1990 January	1,617	354	12	140	125	2,248	93	14	2,141
February	1,441	345	11	118	5	1,920	70	8	1,842
March	1,528	265	11	116	15	1,935	125	11	1,799
April	1,449	138	11	123	75	1,796	190	6	1,600
May	1,465	43	9	123	50	1,690	304	6	1,380
June July	1,425 1,449	40 26	9 10	117	23	1,614	336	6	1,272
August	1,454	39	9	120 118	· 0 3	1,605	339	5	1,261
September	1,393	35	9	120	3 1	1,623 1,558	331 296	5 7	1,287
October	1,515	62	10	142	-125	1,604	296	6	1,255
November	1,512	146	10	140	-126	1,682	133	6	1,384 1,543
December	1,562	493	12	156	-196	2 026	68	7	1,952
Total	17,810	1,986	123	1,532	-150 - 149	21,301 21 302	2,499	86	18,716
1991 January	1,616	683	11	163	-46	2,427	115	10	2,302
February	1,420	409	10	138	61	2,038	112	11	1,915
March	1,539	298	11	151	-19	1,980	129	10	1,841
April May	1,467 1,458	104 58	10 9	144	61	1,786	233	9	1,544
June	1,389	42	8	141 133	11 -39	1,677	331	8	1,338
July	1,403	75	9	135	-39	1,533 1,592	326 299	7 8	1,200
August	1,408	82	9	127	-49	1,577	299	10	1,285 1,276
September	1,402	78	8	134	-74	1,548	304	11	1,233
October	1,513	102	10	157	-90	1,692	258	14	1,420
November	1,533	360	9	169	-214	1,857	150	15	1,692
December	1,603	461	11	181	-104	2,152	124	18	2,010
Total	17,751	2,752	113	1,773	-532 - 533	21,857 <i>2185</i> 6	2,672	129	19,056 /9055
1992 January	1,591 <sup>R</sup> 1,410	572	12	R 175	R-40 874	2,310	57	17	2,236
February March	1,410	436 370	11	171	<sup>R</sup> 71 <sup>R</sup> -4	<sup>R</sup> 2,099	53	14 Bos	<sup>R</sup> 2,032
April	<sup>R</sup> 1,420	140	11 10	178 179	<sup>R</sup> 122	<sup>R</sup> 2,035 1,871	73	<sup>R</sup> 25	1,937
Мау	1,460	50	9	175	R 72	<sup>R</sup> 1,766	159 321	18 <sup>R</sup> 20	1,694 1,425
June	<sup>R</sup> 1.423	40	8	157	<sup>R</sup> 25	<sup>R</sup> 1,653	358	R22	1,273
July	<sup>H</sup> 1,482	52	8	<sup>R</sup> 171	<sup>R</sup> -12	1,701	352	20	1,329
August	<sup>R</sup> 1,442	62	9	167	<sup>R</sup> -20	<sup>R</sup> 1,660	358	22	<sup>R</sup> 1,280
September	1,418	51	9	<sup>R</sup> 166	<sup>R</sup> -4	1.640	336	23	1,281
October	1,522	79	10	170	R-97	<sup>R</sup> 1,684	261	R22	1,401
November	R 1,535	267 8 5 4 4	11	167	<sup>R</sup> -160	<sup>R</sup> 1,820	94	<sup>R</sup> 22	<sup>R</sup> 1,704
December	<sup>E</sup> 1,556 <sup>E</sup> 17,739	<sup>R</sup> 544 <sup>R</sup> 2,664	12	186 B a aca	<sup>R</sup> -83	<sup>R</sup> 2,215	<sup>R</sup> 57 .	20	<sup>R</sup> 2,138
Total			120	<sup>R</sup> 2,062	<sup>R</sup> -131	<sup>R</sup> 22,454	R 2,479	245	<sup>R</sup> 19,731
1993 January	<sup>E</sup> 1,597	599	12	185	15	2,408	48	- 19	2,341

a Data for 1980-1991 include underground storage and liquefied natural gas storage. All other data include underground storage only. Computation procedures are discussed in Note 8 at end of section.

See Notes at end of section.

<sup>c</sup> Data for 1978 forward do not include in-transit receipts and deliveries.

d May include unknown quantities of nonhydrocarbon gases.

e See Note 7 at end of section.

R=Revised data. NA=Not available. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

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 Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: • 1973-1985: Supplemental Gaseous Fuels—Energy Information Administration (EIA), Natural Gas Annual 1990, Volume 2, December 1991, Table 12. All Other Data—EIA, Natural Gas Annual 1990, Volume 2, December 1991, Table 2. • 1986 forward: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, March 1993, Table 2.

## Table 4.3 Natural Gas Consumption by End-Use Sector

(Billion Cubic Feet)

				Deliv	vered to Consume	ərs		
	Lease and Plant Fuel	Pipeline Fuel <sup>a</sup>	Residential	/ Commercial	Industrial	Electric Utilities	Total	Total Consumption
			<b>.</b>			١		
1973 Total	1,496	728	4,879	2,597	8,689	3,660	19,825	22,049
1974 Total	1,477	669	4,786	2,556	8,292	3,443	19,077	21,223
1975 Total	1,396	583	4,924	2,508	6,968	3,158	17,558	19,538
1976 Total	1,634	548	5,051	2,668	6,964	3,081	17,764	19,946
977 Total	1,659	533	4,821	2,501	6,815	3,191	17,329	19,521
978 Total	1,648	530	4,903	2,601	6,757	3,188	17,449	19,627
979 Total	1,499	601	4,965	2,786	6,899	3,491	18,141	20,241
	1,026	635	4,752	2,611	7,172	3,682	18,216	19,877
1980 Total				2,520	7,128	3,640	17.834	19,404
1981 Total	928	642	4,546			•		18,001
1982 Total	1,109	596	4,633	2,606	5,831	3,226	16,295	
1983 Total	978	490	4,381	2,433	5,643	2,911	15,367	16,835
1984 Total	1,077	529	4,555	2,524	6,154	3,111	16,345	17,951
1985 Total	966	504	4,433	2,432	5,901	3,044	15,811	17,281
1986 Total	923	485	4,314	2,318	5,579	2,602	14,814	16,221
1987 Total	1,149	519	4,315	2,430	5,953	2,844	15,542	17,211
1988 Total	1,096	614	4,630	2,670	6,383	2,636	16,320	18,030
1989 Total	1,070	629	4,781	2,718	6,816	2,787	17,102	18,801
1990 January	112	77	789	400	618	146	1,952	2,141
February	99	66	643	336	567	132	1,677	1,842
	106	64	552	302	591	184	1,629	1,799
March		57	400	236	607	199	1,442	1,600
April	101						1,230	1,380
May	102	48	248	158	581	244		
June	98	44	161	124	548	297	1,130	1,272
July	101	44	127	123	540	326	1,116	1,261
August	101	45	121	115	561	343	1,141	1,287
September	97	44	132	121	560	301	1,114	1,255
October	105	48	214	151	609	257	1,231	1,384
November	105	54	376	224	600	185	1,384	1,543
December	109	70	630	332	635	175	1,773	1,952
Total	1,236	660	4,391	2,623	7,018	2,787	16,820	18,716
1991 January	104	74	844	434	672	173	2,123	2,302
February	92	61	664	359	591	146	1,761	1,915
March	100	58	573	311	607	193	1,683	1,841
April	95	49	373	226	586	216	1,400	1,544
May	94	42	229	154	571	249	1,202	1,338
	90	37	148	119	546	260	1,073	1,200
June			126	125	572	330	1,153	1,285
July	92	40						1,276
August	92	40	118	113	586	328	1,144	
September	91	38	138	121	582	263	1,104	1,233
October	98	44	225	163	626	263	1,278	1,420
November	99	53	459	256	627	198	1,540	1,692
December	103	64	658	350	665	170	1,843	2,010
Total	1,150	601	4,556	2,730	7,231	<sup>R</sup> 2,789	17,305	19,056 /9
1992 January	103	79	788	406	R 692	169	<sup>P</sup> 2,055	2,236
February	92	72	696	362	<sup>R</sup> 639	170	<sup>н</sup> 1,868	<sup>H</sup> 2,032
March	96	68	578	313	R 675	208	1,773	1,937
April	R 92	60	432	247	634	229	1,542	1,694
May	95	50	252	168	624	236	1,280	1,425
June	92	45	162	123	585	266	1,136	1,273
	96	47	132	R 121	599	333	1,186	1,329
July	80 R 94			R 120	R 593	303	R 1,141	R 1,280
August		45	126	<sup>R</sup> 119		274	<sup>R</sup> 1,143	1,280
September	92	45	137		613			
October	99	49	241	164	635	213	1,253	1,401
November	<sup>R</sup> 100	60	<sup>R</sup> 440	<sup>R</sup> 254	661	189	<sup>R</sup> 1,544	<sup>R</sup> 1,704
December	101	75	719	374	693	176	1,962	<sup>R</sup> 2,138
Total	1,152	695	4,703	2,772	7,644	2,765	17,884	<sup>R</sup> 19,731

 $^{\rm a}$  Natural gas consumed in the operation of pipelines, primarily in compressors.

R=Revised data.

Notes: • Natural gas includes supplemental gaseous fuels. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not

equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: • 1973-1985: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Natural Gas Annual 1990, Volume 2, Table 3. • 1986 forward: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, March 1993, Table 3.

# Table 4.4 Natural Gas in Underground Storage

(Volumes in Billion Cubic Feet)

	U	Natural Gas in nderground Storag End of Period	je,	Change in W from Sam Previous	e Period	, v	Storage Activity	~
	Base Gas	Working Gas	Totala	Volume	Percent	Injections <sup>b</sup>	Withdrawals <sup>b</sup>	Net <sup>c</sup>
1973 Total	2,864	2,034	4 800	005				
1974 Total	2,912	2,050	4,898	305	17.6	1,974	1,533	442
1975 Total	3,162	•	4,962	.16	.8	1,784	1,701	84
1976 Total	•	2,212	5,374	162	7.9	2,104	1,760	344
1977 Total	3,323	1,926	5,250	-286	-12.9	1,756	1,921	-165
1978 Total	3,391	2,475	5,866	549	28.5	2,307	1,750	557
1979 Total	3,473	2,547	6,020	72	2.9	2,278	2,158	120
1000 Tetel	3,553	2,753	6,306	207	8.1	2,295	2,047	248
1980 Total	3,642	2,655	6,297	-99	-3.6	1,896	1,910	-14
1981 Total	3,752	2,817	6,569	162	6.1	2,180	1,887	293
1982 Total	3,808	3,071	6,879	255	9.0	2,399	2,094	306
1983 Total	3,847	2,595	6,442	-476	-15.5	1,700	2,142	-442
1984 Total	3,830	2,876	6,706	281	10.8	2,252	2,064	188
1985 Total	3,842	2,607	6,448	-270	`- <b>9.</b> 4	2,128	2,359	-231
1986 Total	3,819	2,749	6,567	142	5.5	1,952	1,812	140
1987 Total	3,792	2,756	6,548	7	.3	1,887	1,881	6
1988 Total	3,800	2,850	6,650	94	3.4	2,174	2,244	-69
1989 Total	3,812	2,513	6,325	-337	-11.8	2,491	2,804	-313
1990 January	3,818	2,270	6,088	-239	•9.5	93	342	-249
February	3,814	2,004	5,818	10	.5	70	332	-262
March	3,818	1,875	5,693	99	5.6	125	258	-133
April	3,839	1,946	5,785	123	6.7	188	138	50
May	3,823	2,180	6,003	118	5.7	293	43	250
June	3,844	2,485	6,329	111	4.7	324	40	284
July	3,850	2,791	6,641	147	5.6	326	26	300
August	3,851	3,071	6,922	133	4.5	318	39	279
September	3,852	3,321	7,173	134	4.2	284	35	
October	3,852	3,467	7,319	199	6.1	209	63	249
November	3,868	3,472	7,340	273	8.5	134		146
December	3,868	3,068	6,936	555			145	-11
Total	3,868	3,068	6,936	555	22.1 <b>22.1</b>	69 2,433	473 1 <b>,93</b> 4	-404 <b>499</b>
1991 January	3,911	2,362	6,273	92	4.1	115	650	F 45
February	3,908	2,063	5,972	59	2.9	115	659	-545
March	3,895	1,912	5,806	33	2.9	112	397	-285
April	3,898	2,037	5,935	91		129	291	-162
May	3,931	2,273	6,204	93	4.7	228	104	124
June	3,939	2,553	6,492	58	4.3	319	58	261
July	3,942	2,330	6,713		2.7	314	42	272
August	3,949	2,978		-20	7	289	. 75	214
September	3,950	3,201	6,927	-93	-3.0	282	82	200
October	3,961	3,369	7,151	-120	-3.6	294	78	216
November	3,952	•	7,330	-98	-2.8	251	103	148
December	3,952 3,954	3,148 2,824	7,100	-324	-9.3	150	352	-202
Total	•		6,778	-244	-8.0	125	448	-323
	3,954	2,824	6,778	-244	-8.0	2,608	2,689	-80
1992 January	4,060	2,214	6,274	-148	-6.3	57	572	-515
February	4,056	1,841	5,897	-222	-10.8	53	436	-383
March	4,045	1,544	5,589	-368	-19.2	73	370	
April	4,037	1,570	5,607	-467	-22.9	159		-297
May	4,043	1,845	5,888	-428	-18.8	321	140	19
June	4,049	2,150	6,198	-403	-15.8	358	50	271
July	4,063	2,456	6,519	-403			40	318
August	4,060	2,758	6,818	-220	-11.4	. 352	52	299
September	4,055	3,047	7,102		-7.4	358	62	296
October	4,062	3,222	7,284	-154	-4.8	336	51	285
November	4,059	3,051		-147	-4.4	261	79	182
December	<sup>R</sup> 4,045	<sup>R</sup> 2,593	7,110 <sup>R</sup> 6,638	-97 <sup>P</sup> -231	-3.1 <sup>R</sup> -8.2	94 8 c 7	267	-173
Total	<sup>R</sup> 4,045	R 2,593	<sup>R</sup> 6,638	<sup>R</sup> -231 <sup>R</sup> -231	<sup>n</sup> -8.2 <sup>R</sup> -8.2	<sup>R</sup> 57 <sup>R</sup> 2,479	<sup>R</sup> 536 <sup>R</sup> 2,657	<sup>R</sup> -479 <sup>R</sup> -178
1993 January	4,044	2,056	6,100	-158	-7.1	48	599	-551

<sup>a</sup> Total underground storage capacity at the end of each calendar year (in billion cubic feet): 1975--6,280 (first data available); 1976--6,544; 1977--6,678; 1978--6,890; 1979--6,929; 1980--7,434; 1981--7,805; 1982--7,915; 1983--7,985; 1984--8,043; 1985--8,087; 1986--8,145; 1987, 1988, and 1989--8, 124; and 1990--8, 125 Current capacity remains at 8, 125

1988, and 1989--8, 124; and 1990--8, 125. Current capacity remains at 8, 125. <sup>b</sup> For 1980-1991, data differ from those shown on Table 4.2, which include liquefied natural gas storage for that period. <sup>c</sup> Positive numbers indicate injections are greater than withdrawals.

Positive numbers indicate injections are greater than withdrawals. Negative numbers indicate withdrawals are greater than injections. Net injections or withdrawals may not equal the difference between applicable ending stocks. See Note 8 at end of section.

R=Revised data.

Notes: 
• Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
• Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: • Storage Activity: 1973-1975—Energy Information Administration (EIA), Natural Gas Annual 1990, Volume 2, Table 9. 1976-1979—EIA, Natural Gas Production and Consumption 1979, Table 1. 1980-1985—EIA, Natural Gas Annual 1990, Volume 2, Table 11. 1986 forward—EIA, Natural Gas Annual 1990, Volume 2, Table 11. 1986 forward—EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, March 1993, Table 17. • Other Data: 1973—American Gas Association (AGA), Gas Facts, 1972 Data, Table 57, and Gas Facts, 1973 Data, Table 57. 1974—AGA, Gas Facts, 1974 Data, Table 40. 1975 and 1976—Federal Energy Administration, Form FEA-G318-M-O, and Federal Power Commission (FPC), Form FPC-8. 1977 and 1978—EIA, Form FEA-G318-M-O, and Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FERC-8. 1979-1985—EIA, Form EIA-191, and FERC, Form FERC-8. 1986 forward—EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, March 1993, Table 17.

# **Natural Gas Notes**

1. Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed: Annual data on nonhydrocarbon gases removed from marketed production—carbon dioxide, helium, hydrogen sulfide, and nitrogen—are from the Energy Information Administration (EIA) Natural Gas Annual (NGA) 1991. Data are not available for periods prior to 1980. Monthly data are reported by three States and computed for six States. Monthly data are preliminary until after publication of the EIA NGA. Differences between annual data published in the EIA NGA and the sum of the preliminary monthly data (January-December) are allocated proportionally to the months to create final monthly data. For further information on methods of estimating preliminary monthly data, see the EIA Natural Gas Monthly (NGM).

#### 2. Production.

- Annual data: Final annual data are from the EIA NGA.
- Estimated monthly data: Data for the two most recent months presented are estimated. Some of the data for earlier months are also estimated or computed. For a discussion of computation and estimation procedures, see the EIA NGM.
- Preliminary monthly data: Monthly data are considered preliminary until after publication of the EIA NGA. Preliminary monthly data are gathered from reports to the Interstate Oil Compact Commission and the U.S. Minerals Management Service. Volumetric data are converted, as necessary, to a standard 14.73 psi pressure base. Unless there are major changes, data are not revised until after publication of the EIA NGA:
- Final monthly data: Differences between annual data in the EIA NGA and the sum of preliminary monthly data (January-December) are allocated proportionally to the months to create final monthly data.

3. Extraction Loss: Extraction loss is the reduction in volume of natural gas resulting from the removal of natural gas liquid constituents at natural gas processing plants.

Annual data for extraction loss are from the EIA NGA, where they are estimated on the basis of the type and quantity of liquid products extracted from the gas stream and the calculated volume of such products at standard conditions. For a detailed explanation of the calculations used to derive estimated extraction losses, see the EIA NGA.

Preliminary monthly data are estimated on the basis of extraction loss as an annual percentage of marketed production. This percentage is applied to each month's marketed production to estimate monthly extraction loss. Monthly data are revised and considered final after the publication of the EIA NGA. Final monthly data are estimated by allocating annual extraction loss data to the months on the basis of total natural gas marketed production data from the EIA NGA.

4. Supplemental Gaseous Fuels: Supplemental gaseous fuels are mainly synthetic natural gas, propaneair, and refinery gas. Other gases, such as coke oven gas, biomass gas, manufactured gas, and air injected for Btu stabilization, may also be included.

Annual data beginning with 1980 are from the EIA NGA. Unknown quantities of supplemental gaseous fuels are included in consumption data for 1979 and earlier years.

Monthly data are considered preliminary until after the publication of the EIA NGA. Monthly estimates are based on the annual ratio of supplemental gaseous fuels to the sum of dry gas production, net imports, and net withdrawals from storage. The ratio is applied to the monthly sum of the three elements to compute a monthly supplemental gaseous fuels figure.

5. Imports and Exports: The United States imported natural gas via pipeline from Mexico (until 1984) and Canada and liquefied natural gas (LNG) (except in 1986) via tanker from Algeria. One shipment of LNG was received in December 1986 from Indonesia. The United States exports natural gas via pipeline to Mexico and Canada and LNG via tanker to Japan.

Annual and final monthly data are from the annual Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas," which requires data to be reported by month for the calendar year.

Preliminary monthly data are EIA estimates. For a discussion of estimation procedures, see the EIA NGM. Preliminary data are revised after the publication of the EIA U.S. Imports and Exports of Natural Gas.

6. Consumption: Consumption includes pipeline fuel use, lease and plant fuel use, and deliveries to consuming sectors.

Final data are from the EIA NGA. Monthly data are considered preliminary until after publication of the EIA NGA. For more detailed information on the methods of estimating preliminary and final monthly data, see the EIA NGM.

7. Balancing Item: The balancing item for natural gas represents the difference between the sum of the components of natural gas supply and the sum of components of natural gas disposition. The differences may be due to quantities lost or to the effects of data reporting problems. Reporting problems include differences due to the net result of conversions of flow data

metered at varying temperature and pressure bases and converted to a standard temperature and pressure base; the effect of variations in company accounting and billing practices; differences between billing cycle and calendar period time frames; and imbalances resulting from the merger of data reporting systems which vary in scope, format, definitions, and type of respondents.

The increase of 0.2 trillion cubic feet (Tcf) in the "Balancing Item" category in 1983, followed by a decline of 0.5 Tcf in 1984, reflected unusually large differences resulting from the use of the annual billing cycle (essentially December 15 through the following December 14) consumption data in conjunction with calendar year supply data. Record cold temperatures during the last half of December 1983 resulted in a reported 0.3 Tcf increase in net withdrawals from underground storage for peak shaving as compared with the same period in 1982, but the effect of this cold weather was reflected primarily in 1984 consumption data. For underground storage data, see Table F2 in the May 1985 *NGM*, which was published in July 1985.

8. Natural Gas Storage: Gas in storage at the end of a reporting period may not equal the quantity derived

by adding or subtracting net injections or withdrawals from the quantity in storage at the end of the previous period. The difference is due to changes in the quantity of native gas included in the base gas and/or losses in base gas due to migration from storage reservoirs.

Monthly underground storage data are collected from the Forms FERC-8 (interstate data) and EIA-191 (intrastate data). Beginning in January 1991, all data are collected on the revised Form EIA-191. Injection and withdrawal data from the FERC-8/EIA-191 survey are adjusted to correspond to data from Form EIA-176 following publication of the EIA NGA.

The final monthly and annual storage and withdrawal data for 1980-1989 include both underground and liquefied natural gas (LNG) storage. Annual data on LNG additions and withdrawals are from Form EIA-176. Monthly data are estimated by computing the ratio of each month's underground storage additions and withdrawals to annual underground storage additions and withdrawals and applying the ratio to the annual LNG data.

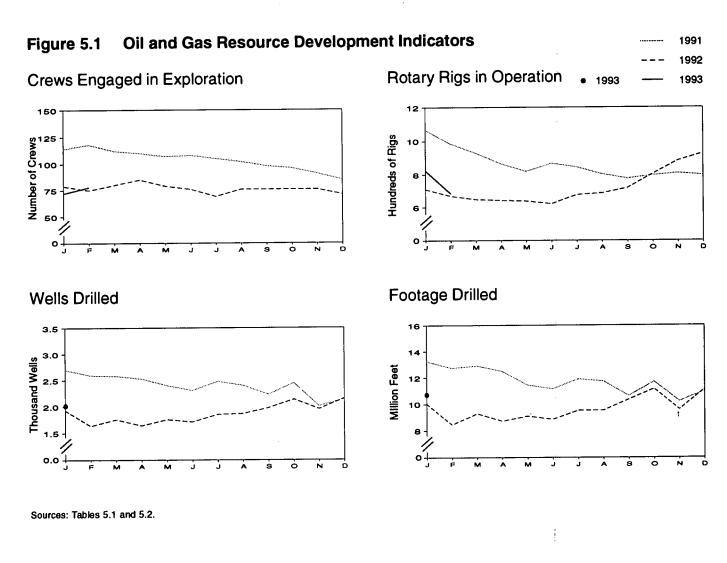
# Section 5. Oil and Gas Resource Development

A total of 78 seismic exploration crews was active in February 1993, 3 more than a year earlier. Of the total, 63 were land crews and 15 were aboard marine vessels. The number of land crews was up by 1, and the number of operating marine vessels increased by 2 vessels from the February 1992 count.

The February 1993 rotary rig count of 684 was 17 percent lower than the count in the previous month but 2 percent higher than the count in February 1992. Of the total number of rigs in operation, 615 were onshore and 69 were offshore. The number of onshore rigs was down slightly from the number in February 1992, but the number of offshore rigs was up 35 percent.

Total footage drilled in January 1993 was 10.70 million feet, down 4 percent from footage drilled in December 1992 but up 7 percent from that drilled in January 1992.

The estimated number of exploratory and development gas and oil wells drilled during January 1993 was 1,518, 1 percent lower than the number drilled in December 1992 but 9 percent higher than the number drilled in January 1992. The estimated number of oil wells drilled was 797 and the estimated number of gas wells was 721, up 1 percent and 19 percent, respectively, from the January 1992 levels. The estimated number of dry holes drilled in January 1993 was 507, 18 percent lower than the number drilled in December 1992 and 5 percent lower than the number drilled in January 1992.



	Cre Seis	ws Engaged mic Explora	l in tion		Rotary F	ligs in Ope	eration <sup>a</sup>			
				Ву	Site	By 1	Гуре		Total Footage	Active
	Offshore	Onshore	Total	Offshore	Onshore	Oil	Gas	Total <sup>b</sup>	Drilled <sup>c</sup>	Well Servicing Units <sup>d</sup>
	Ma	onthly Avera	ge		Wee	kly Avera	ge		Thousand Feet	Number
1973 Average	23	227	250	84	1,110	NA	NA	1,194	<sup>R</sup> 139,427	
1974 Average	31	274	305	94	1,378	NA	NA	1,472		NA
1975 Average	30	254	284	106	1,554	NA	NA	1,472	153,791	NA
1976 Average	25	237	262	129	1,529	NA	NA	1,658	181,046	NA
1977 Average	27	281	. 308	167	1,834	NA	NA	2,001	187,291	2,601
1978 Average	25	327	352	185	2,074	NA	NA		215,696	2,828
1979 Average	30	370	400	207	1,970	NA		2,259	238,388	2,988
1980 Average	37	493	530	231	2,678	NA	NA	2,177	243,686	3,399
1981 Average	44	637	681	256	3,714		NA	2,909	312,303	4,089
1982 Average	57	531	588	243	2,862	NA	NA	3,970	408,842	4,850
1983 Average	47	426	473	243 199		NA	NA	3,105	R 378,437	4,248
1984 Average	49	445	473		2,033	NA	NA	2,232	<sup>R</sup> 318,585	3,732
1985 Average	45	333	378	213	2,215	NA	NA	2,428	<sup>R</sup> 370,730	4,663
1986 Average	24	176	R 200	206	1,774	NA	NA	1,980	<sup>R</sup> 312,569	4,716
1987 Average	24		B 4 7 7	99	865	NA	NA	964	<sup>R</sup> 177,486	3,036
1988 Average		153	R 177	95	841	NA	NA	936	<sup>R</sup> 161,226	3,060
1989 Average	29	153	182	123	813	554	354	936	<sup>R</sup> 153.340	3,341
1000 Average	23	109	132	105	764	453	401	869	<sup>R</sup> 133,383	3,391
1990 Average	23	102	125	108	902	532	464	1,010	<sup>R</sup> 149,378	3,658
1991 January	22	92	114	91	977	633	413	1,068	<sup>R</sup> 13,243	3,579
February	21	97	118	· 88	896	564	405	984	R 12,738	
March	24	88	112	81	848	520	389	929	R 12,905	3,512
April	23	87	110	95	770	469	374	865	<sup>R</sup> 12,490	3,444
Мау	22	85	107	98	721	430	354	819	<sup>R</sup> 11,447	3,416
June	21	87	108	93	774	483	342	867	R 11,157	3,394
July	16	89	105	80	764	472	332		B 11,157	3,363
August	15	87	102	68	735	451		844	<sup>H</sup> 11,895	3,369
September	14	84	98	71	704	433	326	803	<sup>R</sup> 11,726	3,257
October	15	81	96	68	727		314	775	R 10,623	3,208
November	18	73	90 91			433	330	795	<sup>R</sup> 11,694	3,138
December	19	66	85	72	736	457	328	808	<sup>R</sup> 10,215	3,113
Average	19	85		65	731	469	308	796	<sup>R</sup> 10,980	3,183
	13	05	104	81	779	482	351	860	<sup>R</sup> 141,113	3,331
1992 January	18	61	79	56	654	400	294	710	<sup>R</sup> 10,017	0.010
February	13	62	75	51	618	378	277	669	<sup>R</sup> 8,456	2,912
March	13	67	80	54	594	381	250	648	<sup>R</sup> 9,289	2,704
April	13	72	85	55	587	370	251	642	<sup>9</sup> ,289 <sup>8</sup> 8,717	2,592
Мау	13	66	79	47	591	358	260	638	<sup>B</sup> 9,098	2,727
June	12	64	76	44	577	343	260	621	<sup>R</sup> 8,855	2,264
July	9	60	69	48	628	349	310	676	<sup>A</sup> 9,515	2,369
August	9	67	76	51	635	334	331	686		2,492
September	10	66	76	- 45	672	345	356		<sup>R</sup> 9,523	2,630
October	10	66	76	53	750	345	399	717	<sup>R</sup> 10,348	2,825
November	15	61	76	60	822	392 418		803	<sup>R</sup> 11,156	3,076
December	13	58	70	59	867		451	882	<sup>R</sup> 9,587	2,977
Average	12	64	R 76	59 52	669	397 <b>373</b>	509 331	926 721	<sup>R</sup> 11,129 <sup>R</sup> 115,690	3,218 2,732
993 January	47	Er	70						110,030	· E,/JE
February	17	55	72	72	752	335	454	824	10,698	2,807
2-Month Average	15 <b>16</b>	63 59	78 75	69 71	615 683	311 <b>323</b>	334	684 754	NA	NA
-				· ·	003	JZJ	394	754	NA	NA
992 2-Month Average 991 2-Month Average	16 22	62	78	53	638	391	287	691	18,473	2,808
Average	~~	95	117	89	937	599	409	1,026	25,981	3,546

# Table 5.1 Oil and Gas Drilling Activity Measurements

<sup>a</sup> Monthly data are averages of 4- or 5-week reporting periods, not calendar months. Annual data are averages of 52- or 53-week reporting periods, not calendar years.

<sup>b</sup> Sum of oil, gas, and miscellaneous other rigs, which are not shown.

<sup>c</sup> Values shown are totals.

d See Glossary.

R=Revised data. NA=Not available.

Notes: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: • Crews Engaged in Seismic Exploration: Society of Exploration Geophysicists, Tulsa, Oklahoma, Monthly Seismic Crew Count. • Rotary Rigs in Operation: Baker Hughes, Inc., Houston, Texas, Rotary Rigs Running-by State. • Total Footage Drilled: Energy Information Administration computations, which are based on well reports submitted to the American Petroleum Institute by the Petroleum Information Corporation, Denver, Colorado. • Active Well Servicing Units: American Association of Oilwell Servicing Contractors, Dallas, Texas, Well Servicing.

Rotary rigs in operation by type and active well servicing units data series are new in this issue of the *Monthly Energy Review*. Total footage drilled data are moved from Table 5.2 and are presented with greater precision.

# Table 5.2 Oil and Gas Wells Drilled

(Number of Wells)

		Explo	ratory			Develo	pment			To	otal	
	Oil	Gas	Dry	Total	Oil	Gas	Dry	Total	Oil	Gas	Dry	Total
973 Total	654	1,079	6.038	7,771	9,597	5,896	4,428	19,921	10,251	6,975	10,466	27,692
974 Total	870	1,205	6,894	8,969	12,794	5,965	5,311	24,070	13,664	7,170	12,205	33,039
975 Total	991	1,263	7,207	9,461	15,988	6,907	6,529	29,424	16,979	8,170	13,736	38,885
976 Total	1,100	1,362	6,854	9,316	16,597	8,076	6,951	31,624	17,697	9,438	13,805	40,940
977 Total	1,183	1,562	7,402	10,147	17,517	10,557	7,634	35,708	18,700	12,119	15,036	45,855
978 Total	1,191	1,792	8,054	11,037	17,874	12,613	8,537	39,024	19,065	14,405	16,591	50,061
979 Total	1,335	1,920	7,478	10,733	19,368	13,250	8,560	41,178	20,703	15,170	16,038	51,911
980 Total	1,781	2,094	9,035	12,910	30,497	15,129	11,302	56,928	32,278	17,223	20,337	69,838
981 Total	2.667	2,533	12,297	17,497	40,176	17,374	14,987	72,537	42,843	19,907	27,284	90,034
982 Total	2,470	2,168	11,346	15,984	36,672	16,776	15,036	68,484	<sup>R</sup> 39,142	18,944	26,382	<sup>R</sup> 84,468
983 Total	2,113	1,660	10,271	14,044	35,086	12,896	14,065	62,047	<sup>R</sup> 37,199	<sup>R</sup> 14,556	<sup>R</sup> 24,336	<sup>R</sup> 76,091
	2,335	1,599	11,482	15,416	40,250	15,413	14,315	69,978	<sup>R</sup> 42,585	R 17,012	R 25,797	R 85,394
984 Total	2,335	1,355	9,445	12,606	33,142	12,970	11,763	57,875	R 35,021	<sup>R</sup> 14,252	R 21,208	R 70,481
985 Total	988	733		7,232	17,713	7,402	7,255	32,370	<sup>R</sup> 18,701	<sup>R</sup> 8,135	<sup>R</sup> 12,766	<sup>R</sup> 39,602
986 Total			5,511	•	15,327	7,084	6,302	28,713	<sup>R</sup> 16,186	R7,757	<sup>R</sup> 11,481	R 35,424
987 Total	859	673	5,179	6,711		7,575	5,476	25,581	<sup>R</sup> 13,322	<sup>R</sup> 8,238	<sup>R</sup> 10,242	R 31,802
988 Total	792	663	4,766	6,221	12,530	8,575	4,490	22,824	<sup>R</sup> 10,339	R 9,225	R 8,491	R 28,055
989 Total	580	650	4,001	5,231	9,759			26,024	<sup>R</sup> 12,150	<sup>R</sup> 10,395	<sup>R</sup> 8,464	R 31,009
990 Total	617	577	3,763	4,957	11,533	9,818	4,701	20,032	-	10,335	0,707	31,003
991 January	56	46	247	349	1,166	834	352	2,352	<sup>R</sup> 1,222	R 880	<sup>R</sup> 599	2,701
February	47	47	271	365	1,173	672	382	2,227	<sup>H</sup> 1,220	719	653	<sup>A</sup> 2,592
March	53	31	267	351	1,098	754	379	2,231	1,151	<sup>R</sup> 785	<sup>R</sup> 646	2,582
April	55	35	279	369	1,063	705	392	2,160	1,118	740	<sup>R</sup> 671	<sup>R</sup> 2,529
May	39	34	263	336	995	680	390	2,065	<sup>R</sup> 1,034	<sup>R</sup> 714	<sup>R</sup> 653	<sup>R</sup> 2,401
June	51	39	248	338	878	727	367	1,972	<sup>R</sup> 929	_766	_615	R 2,310
July	56	34	300	390	903	777	407	2,087	<sup>R</sup> 959	<sup>R</sup> 811	<sup>R</sup> 707	<sup>H</sup> 2,477
August	48	34	308	390	923	731	358	2,012	_ 971	<sup>R</sup> 765	_ 666	P 2,402
September	39	29	254	322	816	715	379	1,910	<sup>R</sup> 855	<sup>R</sup> 744	<sup>R</sup> 633	<sup>R</sup> 2,232
October	32	44	286	362	911	758	417	2,086	<sup>R</sup> 943	<sup>R</sup> 802	<sup>R</sup> 703	2,448
November	25	34	302	361	726	572	347	1,645	<sup>R</sup> 751	<sup>R</sup> 606	649	<sup>R</sup> 2,006
December	43	41	271	355	718	694	375	1,787	<sup>R</sup> 761	R735	646	R 2,142
Total	544	448	3,296	4,288	11,370	8,619	4,545	24,534	<sup>R</sup> 11,914	<sup>R</sup> 9,067	<sup>R</sup> 7,841	<sup>R</sup> 28,822
992 January	46	30	218	294	740	578	317	1.635	<sup>R</sup> 786	<sup>R</sup> 608	<sup>R</sup> 535	<sup>R</sup> 1,929
February	33	27	167	227	591	545	273	1,409	R 624	572	R 440	<sup>R</sup> 1,636
March	38	30	205	273	721	443	320	1,484	R 759	473	525	R 1,757
April	31	21	233	285	662	398	297	1.357	<sup>R</sup> 693	R419	<sup>R</sup> 530	<sup>R</sup> 1,642
	33	21	225	279	638	463	374	1,475	R 671	484	599	<sup>R</sup> 1,754
May	41	28	209	278	633	466	334	1,433	674	R 494	<sup>R</sup> 543	<sup>R</sup> 1,711
June	41	28	209	327	676	537	312	1,525	R719	R 565	R 568	<sup>R</sup> 1,852
July	43	28	235	302	615	590	360	1,525	654	R 618	<sup>R</sup> 595	1.867
August			235	277	756	603	339	1,505	792	R 622	<sup>R</sup> 561	P 1,975
September	36	19		217	643	905	333	1,881	<sup>P</sup> 672	R 933	<sup>R</sup> 531	<sup>R</sup> 2.136
October	29	28	198	255 297	669	905 656	333	1,655	R701	<sup>933</sup> <sup>R</sup> 679	<sup>B</sup> 572	<sup>R</sup> 1,952
November	32	23	242					•	R768	R770	_ <sup>R</sup> 616	<sup>R</sup> 2,154
December	43	27	265	335	725	743	351	1,819	Ba 540	B7 007	<sup>R</sup> 6,615	Baa acc
Total	444	310	2,675	3,429	8,069	6,927	3,940	18,936	<sup>R</sup> 8,513	<sup>R</sup> 7,237		<sup>R</sup> 22,365
993 January	49	28	199	276	748	693	308	1,749	797	721	507	2.025

R=Revised data.

Notes: • Service wells, stratigraphic tests, and core tests are excluded. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Due to the method of estimation, data shown on this page are frequently revised. See end of section.

Sources: Energy Information Administration computations, which are based on well reports submitted to the American Petroleum Institute by the Petroleum Information Corporation, Denver, Colorado.

Exploratory and development data series are new in this issue of the *Monthly Energy Review*. Also, previously released data are presented with greater precision.

# Oil and Gas Resource Development Notes

Three well types are considered in the Monthly Energy Review (MER) drilling statistics: "completed for oil," "completed for gas," and "dry hole." Wells that productively encounter both crude oil and natural gas are categorized as "completed for oil." Both development wells and exploratory wells (new field wildcats, new pool tests, and extension tests) are included in the statistics. All other classes of wells drilled in connection with the search for producible hydrocarbons are excluded.

Prior to the March 1985 *MER*, drilling statistics consisted of completion data for the above types and classes of wells as reported to the American Petroleum Institute (API) during a given month. Due to time lags between the date of well completion and the date of completion reporting to the API, as-reported well completions proved to be an inaccurate indicator of drilling activity. During 1982, for example, as-reported well completions rose, while the number of actual completions fell. Consequently, the drilling statistics published since the March 1985 *MER* are Energy Information Administration-generated (EIA) estimates produced by statistically imputing well counts and footage based on the partial data available from the API.

Estimates for a given month are first published in the *MER* for that month. Revisions are made in the 6th, 12th, and 24th subsequent months, as newly reported data allow refinement of the estimates. Unscheduled revisions may also occur when the latest estimate differs by more than 15 percent during the first 5 months, more than 10 percent during the next 6 months, or more than 2 percent thereafter through 5 years. After 5 years, the reported API data are published in lieu of EIA-generated estimates. Additional information about the EIA estimation methodology may be found in "Estimating Well Completions," the feature article published in the March 1985 *MER*.

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# Section 6. Coal

Coal production in January 1993 totaled 80 million short tons, 10 percent<sup>6</sup> lower than coal production in January 1992.

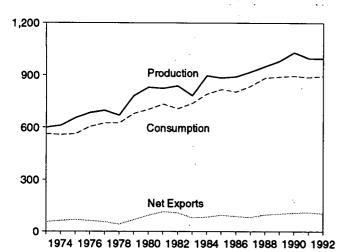
Electric utility coal consumption in December 1992 totaled 69 million short tons, 4 percent higher than the consumption level in December 1991. Total 1992 coal consumption at electric utilities was 780 million short tons, 1 percent above the 772 million short tons consumed during 1991. Electric utility coal stocks were 154 million short tons at the end of December 1992, compared to 158 million short tons at the end of December 1991.

Coal exports in December 1992 totaled 8 million short tons, 13 percent lower than exports in December 1991. Coal exports for 1992 totaled 103 million short tons, 6 percent lower than exports for 1991. Coal imports in December 1992 totaled 351 thousand short tons, 56 percent higher than imports in December 1991. Coal imports for 1992 totaled 4 million short tons, 12 percent higher than imports during 1991.

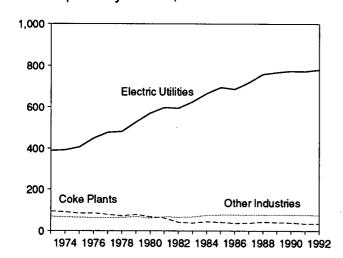
<sup>6</sup>Calculated values are computed using unrounded data.

# Figure 6.1 Coal (Million Short Tons)

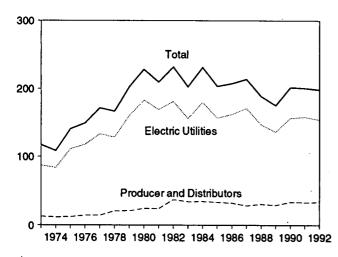
### Overview, 1973-1992



Consumption by Sector, 1973-1992







Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Tables 6.1, 6.2, and 6.3.

Overview, Monthly
Production
60
Consumption
40
20
Net Exports

# Consumption by Electric Utilities, Monthly

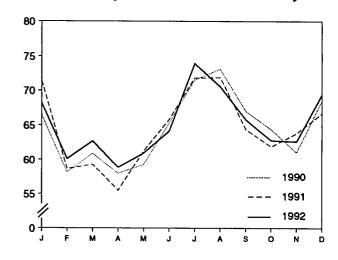
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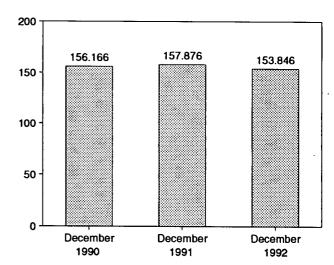
1992

0

1991



# Stocks at Electric Utilities, End of Month



# Table 6.1 Coal Overview

(Thousand Short Tons)

	Production	Consumption	Imports <sup>a</sup>	Exports	Stocks <sup>b</sup>
973 Total	598,568	562,584	127	53,587	116,865
974 Total	610,023	558,402	2,080	60,661	107,957
975 Total	654,641	562,640	940		
				66,309	140,158
76 Total	684,913	603,790	1,203	60,021	148,659
77 Total	697,205	625,291	1,647	54,312	171,323
78 Total	670,164	625,225	2,953	40,714	166,246
79 Total	781,134	680,524	2,059	66,042	202,472
80 Total	829,700	702,729	1,194	91,742	228,407
81 Total	823,775	732,628	1,043	112,541	209,423
82 Total	838,111	706,910	742	106,277	232,037
83 Total	782,091	736,671	1,271	77,772	202,585
84 Total	895,921	791,296	1,286	81,483	231,300
85 Total	883,638	818,049	1,952	92,680	203.367
86 Total	890,315	804,231	2,212	85,518	207,319
87 Total	918,762	836,941	1,747	79,607	213,780
988 Total	950,265	883,642	2,134	95,023	188,831
89 Total	980,729	889,699	2,851	100,815	175,087
90 January	90,561	77,143	175	7,447	179,459
February	82,021	68,461	268	6,243	186,448
March	91,602	71,410	292	8,693	195,842
April	83,167	67,721	182	8,590	203,424
May	86,519	68,992	144	9,827	210,094
June	84,592	74,953	348	9,316	209,956
July	79,798	81,280	200	9,194	200,970
August	91,842	82,954	120	10,065	197,284
September	83,120	76,587	194	10,238	195,298
October	93,424	74,966	284	8,756	201,683
November	86,763	71,727	224	9,621	206,348
December	75,666	79.285	268	7,813	201,629
Total	1,029,076	895,480	2,699	105,804	201,629
91 January	86,261	81,738	263	6,214	<sup>R</sup> 199,927
February	83,036	68,282	429	8,127	R 206.312
March	85,450	69,188	246	7,977	R 213,647
					<sup>P</sup> 218,443
April	79,633	64,184	198	6,917	
May	80,190	69,981	248	10,018	<sup>R</sup> 219,221
June	77,182	74,592	284	9,278	<sup>R</sup> 214,716
July	80,151	81,221	348	10,099 '	204,378
August	89,321	81,196	248	10,541	199,237
September	81,966	73,676	387	10,557	197,488
October	90,821	72,018	. 214	9,244	202,136
November	82,194	74,239	298	10,602	201,670
December	79,779	<sup>R</sup> 77.305	225		R 200.682
Total	995,984	<sup>R</sup> 887,621	3,390	108,969	R 200,682
			·		
92 January	88,226	78,280	272	8,590	200,069
February	82,360	70,001	213	7,759	204,541
March	86,114	72,817	193	8,383	208,441
April	82,660	67,848	239	8,616	211,405
1 Anna	80,471	69,773	339	0,400	040 <sup>'</sup> 005
May				9,483	213,325
June	80,255	72,819	466	8,911	213,638
July	81,071	83,181	362	9,572	201,830
August	84,736	79,648	197	7,605	198,655
September	83,863	_74,708	. 323	9,304	_ 196,187
October	84,465	<sup>E</sup> 72,651	471	7,443	E 200,666
November	78,620	E 72,738	377	8,718	E 202,237
December	81,470	E 80,068	351	8,134	E 198,365
Total	994,311	E 894,532	3,803	102,516	E 198,365
		00 .,00L	0,000		.00,000
93 January	79,535	NA	NA	NA	NA

<sup>a</sup> Includes Puerto Rico.

 b Stocks held by electric utilities, coke plants, general industry, and coal producers and distributors at end of period. Excludes stocks held at retail dealers for consumption by the residential and commercial sector. R=Revised data. NA=Not available. E=Estimate.

Notes: . Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Data through 1991 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary. Annual and year-to-date totals are rounded sums of rounded data. Accordingly, they may not equal the sum of the months and may differ from values published elsewhere by the Energy Information Administration (EIA). • For methodology used to calculate production, consumption, and stocks, see Notes 1, 2, and 3 at end of section.

Sources: • Production: 1973-September 1977-U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Mines, Minerals Yearbook and Minerals Industry Surveys. October 1977 forward—EIA, Weekly Coal Production. • Consumption: Table 6.2. • Imports and Exports: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Monthly Reports IM-145 (Imports) and EM-522 (Exports). • Stocks: Table 6.3.

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#### Table 6.2 Coal Consumption by End-Use Sector

(Thousand Short Tons)

		In	dustrial		
	Residential		Other Industrial		
	and	Coke	Including	Electric	
	Commercial	Plants	Transportation	Utilities	Total
973 Total	11,117	94,101	68,154	389,212	562,584
974 Total	11,417	90,191	64,983	391,811	558,402
975 Total	9,410	83,598	63,670	405,962	562,640
976 Total	8,916	84,704	61,799	448,371	603,790
977 Total	8,954	77,739	61,472	477,126	625,291
978 Total	9,511	71,394	63,085	481,235	625,225
979 Total	8,388	77,368	67,717	527,051	680,524
980 Total	6,452	66,657	60,347	569,274	702,729
981 Total	7,422	61,015	67,395	596,797	732,628
982 Total	8,240	40,908	64,096	593,666	706,910
983 Total	8,448	37,033	65,979	•	
				625,211	736,671
984 Total	9,130 7,770	44,022	73,745	664,399	791,296
985 Total	7,779	41,056	75,372	693,841	818,049
986 Total	7,667	35,924	75,583	685,056	804,231
987 Total	6,914	36,957	75,175	717,894	836,941
988 Total	7,130	41,888	76,252	758,372	883,642
989 Total	6,167	40,508	76,134	766,888	889,699
990 January	713	3,456	6,533	66,441	77,143
February	656	3,117	6,576	58,112	68,461
March	551	3,471	6,504	60,885	71,410
April	532	3,227	6,025	57,937	67,721
May	360	3,365	6.007	59,260	68,992
June	373	3,203	÷		
July	535		6,037	65,340	74,953
		3,119	6,075	71,551	81,280
August	498	3,236	6,113	73,106	82,954
September	409	3,120	6,056	67,001	76,587
October	413	3,319	6,853	64,381	74,966
November	624	3,223	6,838	61,041	71,727
December	1,059	3,020	6,713	68,493	79,285
Total	6,724	38,877	76,330	773,549	895,480
991 January	862	2,928	6,541	71,406	81,738
February	605	2,479	6,584	58,614	68,282
March	541	2,883	6,492	59,272	69,188
April	403	2,675	5,663	55,443	64,184
May	330	2,710	5,713	61,228	69,981
June	322	2,690	5,763	65,817	74,592
July	427	2,929	6,014	71,852	81,221
August	386	2,916	6,011	71,884	
September	319		-	•	81,196
	353	2,932	6,026	64,397	73,676
October		2,902	6,880	61,883	72,018
November	677	2,896	6,852	63,814	74,239
December	868	2,913	6,865	<sup>R</sup> 66,659	<sup>R</sup> 77,305
Total	6,094	33,854	75,405	<sup>R</sup> 772,268	<sup>R</sup> 887,621
992 January	735	2,783	6,624	68,137	78,280
February	582	2,656	6,663	60,100	70,001
March	526	2,901	6,712	62,678	72,817
April	532	2,723	5,763	58,831	67,848
May	321	2,757	5,771		
June	296	2,617		60,924 64 128	69,773 72,910
	474		5,778	64,128	72,819
July		2,802	5,979	73,926	83,181
August	393	2,773	5,929	70,553	79,648
September	_ 368	2,625	5,924	65,791	_74,708
October	<sup>E</sup> 456	E 3,083	E6,338	62,774	E 72,651
November	E 605	E 2,959	E6,560	62,614	<sup>E</sup> 72,738
December	_ <sup>E</sup> 858	_ <sup>E</sup> 2,811	<sup>2</sup> 7,025	69,374	E 80,068
Total	<sup>E</sup> 6,146	<sup>E</sup> 33,490	<sup>E</sup> 75,066	779,830	<sup>E</sup> 894,532

R=Revised data. E=Estimate.

Notes: • For sector-specific reporting and estimating information, see Note 2 at end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Data through 1991 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary. • Annual and year-to-date totals are rounded sums of rounded data. Accordingly, they may not equal the sum of the months and may differ from values published elsewhere by the Energy Information Administration (EIA).

Sources: • Residential and Commercial: 1973-1976—U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), Bureau of Mines (BOM), Minerals Yearbook. January-September 1977—DOI, BOM, Form 6-1400, "Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers-Upper Lake Docks." October 1977-1979—EIA, Form EIA-2, "Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers-Upper Lake Docks." 1980 forward—EIA, Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report." • Coke Plants: 1973-September 1977-DOI, BOM, Minerals Yearbook and Minerals Industry Surveys. October 1977-1980-EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke and Coal Chemicals-Monthly/Annual." 1981-1984-EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke Plant Report-Quarterly/Annual Supplement." 1985 forward-EIA Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report," quarterly. • Other Industrial: 1973-September 1977-DOI, BOM, Minerals Yearbook and Minerals Industry Surveys. October 1977-1979-EIA, Form EIA-3, "Monthly Coal Consumption Report-Manufacturing Plants." 1980 forward-EIA, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report-Manufacturing Plants," and Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report." • Electric Utilities: 1973-September 1977-DOI, BOM, Minerals Yearbook and Minerals Industry Surveys. October 1977 forward-EIA, Form EIA-759 (formerly Form FPC-4), "Monthly Power Plant Report."

#### Table 6.3 Coal Stocks, End of Period

(Thousand Short Tons)

		Con	sumer		- Decentered	
	Coke Plants	Other Industrial	Electric Utilities	Totala	Producers and Distributors	Total <sup>a</sup>
			· · · · · ·	• · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
973 Year	6,998	10,370	86,967	104,335	12,530	116,865
974 Year	6,209	6,605	83,509	96,323	11,634	107,957
975 Year	8,797	8,529	110,724	128,050	12,108	140,158
976 Year	9,902	7,100	117,436	134,438	14,221	148,659
977 Year	12,816	11,063	133,219	157,098	14,225	171,323
978 Year	8,278	9,048	128,225	145,551	20,695	166,246
979 Year	10,155	11,777	159,714	181,646	20,826	202,472
980 Year	9,067	11,951	183,010	204,028	24,379	228,407
	6.475					
981 Year	•	9,906	168,893	185,274	24,149	209,423
982 Year	4,642	9,479	181,132	195,253	36,784	232,037
983 Year	4,346	8,710	155,598	168,654	33,931	202,585
984 Year	6,166	11,317	179,727	197,211	34,090	231,300
985 Year	3,420	10,438	156,376	170,234	33,133	203,367
986 Year	2,992	10,429	161,806	175,226	32,093	207,319
987 Year	3,884	10,777	170,797	185,459	28,321	213,780
988 Year	3,137	8,768	146,507	158,413	30,418	188,831
989 Year	2,864	7,363	135,860	146,087	29,000	175,087
990 January	3,123	7,237	138,067	148,426	31,033	179,459
February	3.382	7,110	142,890	153,382	33,066	186,448
March	3,641	6,984	150,118	160,743	35,099	195,842
April	3,674	7,127	156,925	167,726	35,698	203,424
May	3,706	7,270	162,821	173,798	36,296	210,094
June	3,739	7,413	161,908	173,061	36,895	209,956
						•
July	3,387	7,810	153,957	165,153	35,816	200,970
August	3,255	8,206	151,085	162,546	34,738	197,284
September	3,124	8,603	149,913	161,639	33,659	195,298
October	3,192	8,640	156,271	168,104	33,579	201,683
November	3,260	8,678	160,911	172,850	33,499	206,348
December	3,329	8,716	156,166	168,210	33,418	201,629
91 January	3,262	8,234	<sup>R</sup> 152,097	<sup>R</sup> 163,594	36,333	<sup>R</sup> 199,927
February	3,196	7,753	<sup>R</sup> 156,116	<sup>R</sup> 167,065	39,248	<sup>R</sup> 206,312
March	3,130	7,271	<sup>R</sup> 161.084	<sup>R</sup> 171,485	42,162	<sup>R</sup> 213.647
April	3,181	7,154	<sup>R</sup> 166,315	R 176,650	41,793	<sup>R</sup> 218,443
May	3,232	7,038	<sup>R</sup> 167,528	R 177,797	41,423	<sup>R</sup> 219,221
June	3,283	6,921	<sup>R</sup> 163,459	<sup>R</sup> 173,663	41,054	<sup>R</sup> 214,716
July	3,087	7,033	155,680	165,800	38,578	204,378
August	2,891	7,145	153,097		36,103	
				163,133		199,237
September	2,695	7,258	153,907	163,860	33,628	197,488
October	2,721	7,192	158,813	168,726	33,409	202,136
November	2,747	7,127	158,605	168,479	33,190	201,670
December	2,773	7,061	<sup>R</sup> 157,876	<sup>R</sup> 167,711	32,971	<sup>R</sup> 200,682
92 January	2,807	6,613	155,395	164,815	35,254	200,069
February	2,841	6,165	157,997	167,004	37,537	204,541
March	2,875	5,717	160,028	168,621	39,820	208,441
April	2,828	5,888	162,636	171,352	40,053	211,405
Мау	2,802	6,058	164,179	173,039	40,285	213,325
June	2,776	6,229	164,115	173,120	40,518	213,638
July	2,589	6,445	154,051	163,086	38,745	201,830
August	2,402	6,662	152,619	161,683	36,971	198,655
September	2,215	6,879	151,895	160,989	35,198	196,187
	E 3,236	E 8,037		<sup>E</sup> 167,541	E 33,125	
October	- 3,230 E 0,000	- 0,UJ/ E0.014	156,268	- 10/,541 E 400,440	- 33,125 E 00,105	E 200,666
November	E 3,202	E8,314	157,596	<sup>E</sup> 169,112	E 33,125	E 202,237
December	<sup>E</sup> 2,987	<sup>E</sup> 8,407	153,846	<sup>E</sup> 165,240	<sup>E</sup> 33,125	<sup>E</sup> 198,365

<sup>a</sup> Excludes stocks held at retail dealers for consumption by the residential and commercial sector.

R=Revised data. E=Estimate.

Notes: • For sector-specific reporting and estimating information, see Note 3 at end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Data through 1991 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: • Coke Plants: 1973-September 1977-U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), Bureau of Mines (BOM), *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys.* October 1977-1980—Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke and Coal Chemicals-Monthly/Annual." 1981-1984—EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke Plant Report-Quarterly/Annual Supplement." 1985 forward—EIA Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report," quarterly. • Other Industrial: 1973-September 1977-DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*. October 1977-1979—EIA, Form EIA-3, "Monthly Coal Consumption Report-Manufacturing Plants," and Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report." • Electric Utilities: 1973-September 1977—DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*. October 1977-EIA, Form EIA-759 (formerly *Surveys*. October 1977 – DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*. October 1977 forward—EIA, Form EIA-759 (formerly Form FIC-4), "Monthly Power Plant Report." • Producers and Distributors: EIA, Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report."

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# **Coal Notes**

1. Production: Preliminary monthly estimates of national coal production are the sum of weekly estimates developed by the Energy Information Administration (EIA) and published in the Weekly Coal Production report. When a week extends into a new month, production is allocated on a daily basis and added to the appropriate month. Weekly estimates are based on Association of American Railroads data showing the number of railcars loaded with coal during the week by Class I and certain other railroads. This number is converted into tons of coal by EIA by using the average number of tons of coal per railcar loaded reported in the most recent "Quarterly Freight Commodity Statistics" from the Interstate Commerce Commission. If an average coal tonnage per railcar loaded is not available for a specific railroad, the national average is used. To derive the estimate of total weekly production, the total rail tonnage for the week is divided by the ratio of quarterly production shipped by rail and total quarterly production. Data for the corresponding quarter of previous years are used to derive this ratio. This method insures that the seasonal variations are preserved in the production estimates.

When preliminary quarterly data become available, the monthly and weekly estimates are adjusted to conform to the quarterly figure. The adjustment procedure uses State-level production data and is explained in EIA's Quarterly Coal Report. Initial estimates of annual production published in January of the following year are based on preliminary production data covering the first 9 months (three quarters) and weekly/monthly estimates for the fourth quarter. The fourth quarter estimates may or may not be revised when preliminary data become available in March of the following year. depending on the magnitude of the difference between the estimates and the preliminary data. In any event, all quarterly, monthly, and weekly production figures are adjusted to conform to the final annual production data published in the Monthly Energy Review in the fall of the following year.

2. Consumption: Coal consumption data are reported by major end-use sector. Estimated data for the most recent months (designated by an "E") are derived from forecasted values shown in the EIA Short-Term Energy Outlook (DOE/EIA-0202) table titled "Supply and Disposition of Coal: Mid World Oil Price Case." The monthly estimates are one-third of the quarterly values shown in the then current issue of the publication, regularly released in February, May, August, and November. The estimates are revised quarterly as collected data become available from the data sources. Sector-specific information follows.

• Residential and Commercial—Prior to 1980, monthly consumption estimates for the residential and commercial sector were derived by using reported data to modify baseline figures developed by the Bureau of Mines. From 1980-

1987, monthly estimates were derived by proportioning reported quarterly data by using the ratios of monthly-to-quarterly consumption data in 1979, the last year in which monthly data were reported on Form EIA-2. During 1981 and 1982, the estimates were also modified to reflect air temperature degree-days. Ouarterly consumption data were directly from reported data and were defined as distribution to the residential and commercial sector as reported by coal producers and distributors on Form EIA-6. Beginning in January 1988, monthly residential and commercial consumption estimates are derived from reported quarterly data by using monthly national average population weighted heating/cooling degree-days obtained from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. The monthly ratios are the monthly national sum of heating and cooling degree-days as a proportion of the quarterly national sum. Quarterly consumption data are directly from reported data.

- Coke Plants—Prior to 1980, monthly coke plant consumption data were taken directly from reported data. From 1980-1987, coke plant consumption estimates were derived by proportioning reported quarterly data by using the ratios of monthly-to-quarterly consumption data in 1979, the last year in which monthly data were reported. Beginning in January 1988, monthly coke plant consumption estimates are derived from the reported quarterly data by using monthly ratios of raw steel production data from the American Iron and Steel Institute. The ratios are the monthly raw steel production from open hearth and basic oxygen process furnaces as a proportion of the quarterly production from those kinds of furnaces.
- Other Industrial—Prior to 1978, monthly consumption data for the other industrial sector (i.e., all industrial users minus coke plants) were derived by using reported data to modify baseline consumption figures from the most recent Bureau of the Census Annual Survey of Manufactures or Census of Manufactures. For 1978 and 1979, monthly estimates were derived from data reported on Forms EIA-3 and EIA-6. From 1980-1987, monthly figures were estimated by proportioning quarterly data by using the ratios of monthly-to-quarterly consumption data in 1979, the last year in which monthly data were reported on Form EIA-3. Ouarterly consumption data were derived by adding beginning stocks at manufacturing plants to current receipts and subtracting ending stocks at manufacturing plants. In this calculation, current receipts were the greater of either reported receipts from manufacturing plants (Form EIA-3) or reported shipments to the other industrial sector (Form EIA-6), thereby ensuring that agriculture, forestry, fishing, mining, and construction consumption were included where appropriate. Starting in January 1988, monthly consumption for the other industrial sector is estimated from reported

quarterly data by using ratios derived from industrial production indices published by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. Indices for six major industry groups are used as the basis for calculating the ratios: foods (SIC 20); paper and products (SIC 26); chemicals and products (SIC 28); petroleum products (SIC 29); clay, glass, and stone products (SIC 32); and primary metals (SIC 33). The monthly ratios are computed as the monthly sum of the weighted indices as a proportion of the quarterly sum of the weighted indices by using the 1977 proportion as the weights.

• Electric Utilities—Monthly consumption data for electric utility plants are directly from reported data.

**3.** Stocks: Coal stocks data are reported by major end-use sector. Estimated data for the most recent months (designated by an "E") are derived from forecasted values shown in the EIA *Short-Term Energy Outlook* (DOE/EIA-0202) table titled "Supply and Disposition of Coal: Mid World Oil Price Case." The monthly estimates are one-third of the quarterly values shown in the then current issue of the publication, regularly released in February, May, August, and November. The estimates are revised quarterly as collected data become available from the data sources. Sector-specific information follows.

• Coke Plants—Prior to 1980, monthly stocks at coke plants were taken directly from reported data. From 1980 forward, coke plant stocks are estimated by using one-third of the current quarterly change to indicate the monthly change in stocks. Quarterly stocks are directly from data reported on Form EIA-5.

- Other Industrial—Prior to 1978, stocks for the other industrial sector were derived by using reported data to modify baseline figures from a one-time Bureau of Mines survey of consumers. For 1978-1982, monthly estimates were derived by judgmentally proportioning reported quarterly data based on representative seasonal patterns of supply and demand. From 1983 forward, other industrial coal stocks are estimated as indicated above for coke plants. Quarterly stocks are taken directly from data reported on Form EIA-3 and therefore include only manufacturing industries; data for agriculture, forestry, fishing, mining, and construction stocks are not available.
- Electric Utilities—Monthly stocks data at electric utility plants are taken directly from reported data.
- Producers and Distributors—Quarterly stocks at producers and distributors are taken directly from reported data. Monthly data are estimated by using one-third of the current quarterly change to indicate the monthly change in stocks.

4. Imports and Exports: All coal import and export figures are taken directly from data reported monthly by the Bureau of the Census.

**5.** Additional Information: EIA's *Quarterly Coal Report* provides additional information about coal data and estimation procedures.

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# Section 7. Electricity

During December 1992, electric utilities generated 244 billion kilowatthours of electricity, 4 percent<sup>7</sup> above the December 1991 generation level. Coal-fired generation totaled 138 billion kilowatthours, 4 percent above the December 1991 level. Nuclear generation totaled 58 billion kilowatthours, 8 percent above the level 1 year earlier. Hydroelectric generation totaled 24 billion kilowatthours, 9 percent above the December 1991 level. Natural gas-fired generation was 17 billion kilowatthours, 6 percent above the December 1991 level. Petroleum-fired generation totaled 6 billion kilowatthours, 28 percent below the level 1 year earlier.

During 1992, electric utilities generated 2,796 billion kilowatthours of electricity, 1 percent below the 1991 generation level. Coal-fired generation totaled 1,575 billion kilowatthours, 2 percent above the 1991 level. Nuclear generation totaled 619 billion kilowatthours, 1 percent above the level 1 year earlier. Natural gasfired generation totaled 264 billion kilowatthours, slightly below the 1991 level. Hydroelectric generation totaled 239 billion kilowatthours, 13 percent below the 1991 level. Petroleum-fired generation totaled 88 billion kilowatthours, 21 percent below the level 1 year earlier.

Sales of electricity to all ultimate consumers in the United States in December were 237 billion kilowatthours, 4 percent higher than sales during the December 1991 level. Sales to residential consumers during December 1992 were 87 billion kilowatthours, 6 percent above the level of sales during the previous year. Sales to industrial consumers totaled 79 billion kilowatthours in December 1992, 3 percent above the level a year ago. Commercial sales were 63 billion kilowatthours, 3 percent above the level of commercial sales 1 year earlier. In December 1992, other sales totaled 8 billion kilowatthours, slightly above the December 1991 level. During 1992, sales of electricity to all ultimate consumers in the United States were 2,756 billion kilowatthours, slightly below the level of sales during 1991. Sales to industrial consumers totaled 965 billion kilowatthours during 1992, 2 percent higher than the level 1 year ago. Sales to residential consumers during 1992 were 934 billion kilowatthours, 3 percent below the level of sales during the previous year. Commercial sales were 763 billion kilowatthours, slightly below the level of commercial sales 1 year earlier. During 1992, other sales totaled 94 billion kilowatthours, 3 percent below the level of sales 1 year earlier.

Electric utility consumption of coal during December 1992 was 69 million short tons, 4 percent above consumption in December 1991. Petroleum consumption (excluding petroleum coke) during December 1992 was 11 million barrels, 27 percent below the December 1991 level. During December 1992, electric utilities consumed 176 billion cubic feet of natural gas, 3 percent above the December 1991 consumption level.

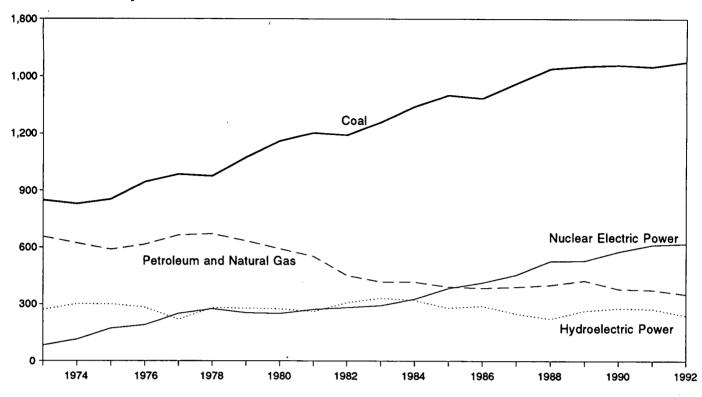
During 1992 electric utility consumption of coal was 780 million short tons, 1 percent above consumption in 1991. Petroleum consumption (excluding petroleum coke) during 1992 was 147 million barrels, 21 percent below the 1991 level. During 1992, electric utilities consumed 2,765 billion cubic feet of natural gas, 1 percent below the 1991 consumption level.

On December 31, 1992, electric utility stocks of all types of coal totaled 154 million short tons, 3 percent below the level on December 31, 1991. Stocks of petroleum (excluding petroleum coke) on December 31, 1992, totaled 72 million barrels, 4 percent below the level on December 31, 1991.

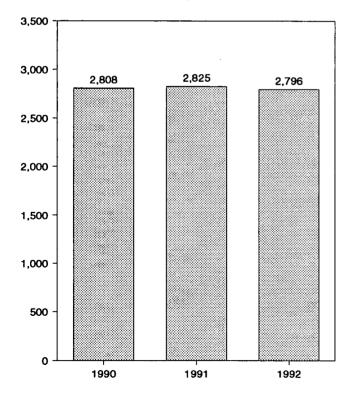
<sup>7</sup>Percentage changes are based on numbers shown in the following tables.

# Figure 7.1 Electric Utility Net Generation of Electricity (Billion Kilowatthours)

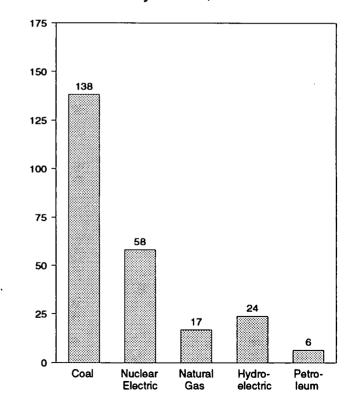
Net Generation by Source, 1973-1992



#### Net Generation, January-December



Net Generation by Source, December 1992



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 7.1.

#### Table 7.1 Electric Utility Net Generation of Electricity

(Million Kilowatthours)

	<b>•</b> ·	Natural		Nuclear Electric	Hydro- Electric		<b>_</b>
	Coal	Gasa	Petroleum <sup>b</sup>	Power	Power	Other <sup>c</sup>	Total
73 Total	847,651	340,858	314,343	83,479	272,083	2,294	1,860,710
74 Total	828,433	320,065	300,931	113,976	301,032	2,703	1,867,140
75 Total	852.786	299,778	289,095	172,505	300,047	3,437	1,917,649
76 Total	944,391	294,624	319,988	191,104	283,707	3,883	2,037,696
77 Total	985,219	305,505	358,179	250,883	220,475	4,063	2,124,323
78 Total	975,742	305,391	365,060	276,403	280,419	3,315	2,206,331
79 Total	1,075,037	329,485	303,525	255,155	279,783	4,387	2,247,372
80 Total	1.161.562	346,240	245,994	251,116	276,021	5,506	2,286,439
Bt Total	1,203,203	345,777	206,421	272,674	260,684	6,054	2,294,812
82 Total	1,192,004	305,260	146,797	282,773	309,213	5,164	2,241,211
83 Total	1,259,424	274,098	144,499	293,677	332,130	6,456	2,310,285
84 Total	1,341,681	297,394	119,808	327,634	321,150	8,638	2,416,304
	1,402,128	291,946		383,691	281,149		
85 Total			100,202	•		10,724	2,469,841
86 Total	1,385,831	248,508	136,585	414,038	290,844	11,503	2,487,310
87 Total	1,463,781	272,621	118,493	455,270	249,695	12,267	2,572,127
88 Total	1,540,653	252,801	148,900	526,973	222,940	11,984	2,704,250
89 Total	1,553,661	266,598	158,318	529,355	265,063	11,309	2,784,304
90 January	132,623	13,687	11,515	55,119	23,412	933	237,289
February	116,071	12,450	9,385	49,963	24,151	861	212,880
March	123,139	17,647	10,172	46,087	28,042	948	226,034
April	117,260	18,991	10,141	38,516	25,387	775	211,070
May	119,785	22,867	9,442	42,945	27,001	868	222,908
June	132,624	28,280	13,348	46,332	27,708	883	249,175
Juty	144,359	30,983	12,824	53,645	23,658	907	266,375
August	147,305	32,610	10,887	55,758	21,048	919	268,527
September	135,493	28,212	7,981	48,485	16,971	875	238,017
October	130,182	24,408	7,198	43,395	18,605	905	224,694
November	124,003	17,637	6,221	45,034	19,993	860	213,748
December	136,762	16,317	7,902	51,582	23,952	919	237,434
Total	1,559,606	264,089	117,017	576,862	279,926	10,651	2,808,151
91 January	<sup>R</sup> 141,945	<sup>R</sup> 16,348	<sup>R</sup> 9,222	54,369	25,676	897	<sup>R</sup> 248,455
February	<sup>R</sup> 117,867	<sup>R</sup> 13,723	8,689	47,863	21,915	764	210,821
March	<sup>R</sup> 118,366	<sup>R</sup> 18,446	<sup>R</sup> 8,785	49,121	25,820	863	R 221,400
April	R 112,418	20,504	7,984	41,631	25,687	780	R 209,004
May	<sup>R</sup> 123,906	23,455	10,995	46,755	R 28,455	808	R 234,373
June	<sup>R</sup> 131,964	24,417	11,159	54,208	25,830	848	R 248,427
July	<sup>R</sup> 143,997	<sup>R</sup> 31,145	P 11,010	60,735	24,250	839	<sup>R</sup> 271,976
August	<sup>R</sup> 144,194	30,970	<sup>R</sup> 11,866	58,473	24,250	865	<sup>R</sup> 268,115
September	<sup>R</sup> 129,141	24,966	<sup>R</sup> 8,646	51,874	18,428	830	<sup>R</sup> 233,885
October	<sup>R</sup> 125,523	25,390	6,483	47,653	17,538	843	P 223,430
November	<sup>R</sup> 129,125	18,990	7,784	46,295	<sup>R</sup> 18,300	883	<sup>R</sup> 221,377
December	<sup>R</sup> 132,721	<sup>R</sup> 15,819	8,841	53,589	21,873	916	<sup>R</sup> 233,760
Total	<sup>R</sup> 1,551,167	<sup>R</sup> 264,172	111,463	612,565	<sup>R</sup> 275,519	10,137	R 2,825,023
		-				•	
92 January	137,181	16,176	10,197	57,878	21,535	910	243,877
February	121,733	16,157	8,306	52,804	17,958	798	217,756
March	127,678	19,906	8,811	45,835	21,553	871	224,655
April	120,014	21,871	6,157	42,268	19,439	788	210,538
May	123,778	22,682	5,041	45,627	22,270	830	220,229
June	129,611	24,981	7,510	51,185	22,685	846	236,818
July	148,854	31,922	8,540	56,049	19,697	869	265,931
August	141,883	28,760	6,932	58,656	18,045	885	255,161
September	133,060	26,089	6,842	50,919	16,824	825	234,560
October	127,939	20,398	6,908	48,784	16,362	862	221,253
November	125,363	18,015	6,850	50,726	19,295	840	221,088
December	138,220	16,731	6,392	58,075	23,806	874	244,099
Total	1,575,313	263,690	88,487	618,806	239,470	10,198	2,795,964

a Includes supplemental gaseous fuel.

b Includes fuel oil Nos. 2, 4, 5, and 6, crude oil, kerosene, and petroleum

coke. <sup>C</sup> "Other" is electricity produced from geothermal, wood, waste, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy sources connected to electric utility distribution systems.

R=Revised data.

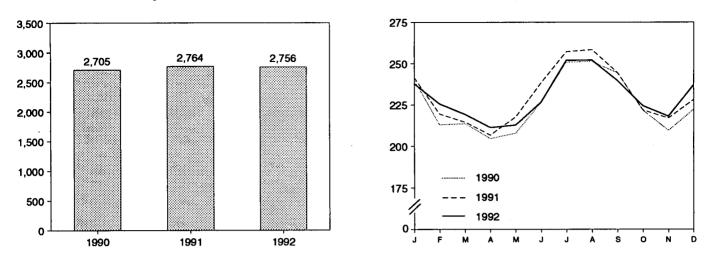
Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

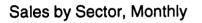
• Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: • 1973-September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • October 1977-1979: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • 1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Electric Power Monthly*, March 1901, Table 4, a 1980, and 1900, marthly data, "The Float Report." March 1991, Table 4. • 1981 and 1990 monthly data: EIA, Electric Power Monthly, March 1992, Table 4. • 1982 forward (except 1990 monthly data): EIA, Electric Power Monthly, March 1993, Table 4.

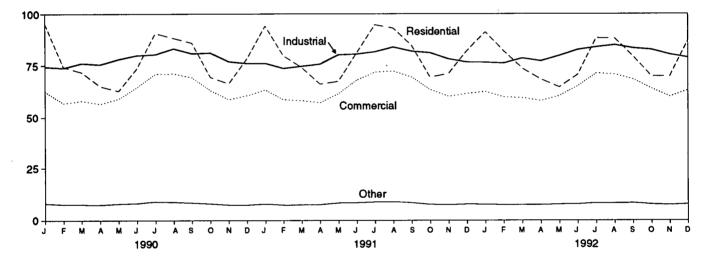
# Figure 7.2 Electricity Sales (Billion Kilowatthours)

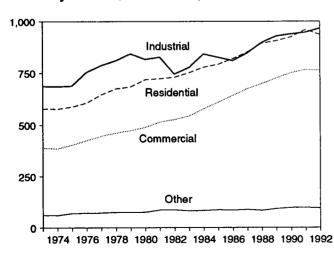
Total Sales, January-December

## Total Sales, Monthly



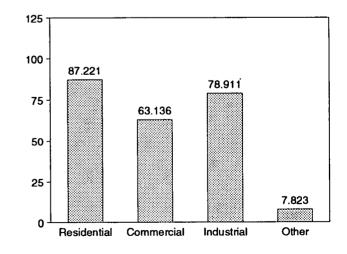






Sales by Sector, 1973-1992

Sales by Sector, December 1992



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 7.2, Monthly Series.

# Table 7.2 Electricity Sales by End-Use Sector

(Million Kilowatthours)

1865 Total       790,977       793,934       606,969       624,523       2836,531       634,772       65,075       67,276       2,306,635         1867 Total       644,613       645,266       656,233       66,854       66,152       2,305,31       634,162       2,355,1635       186,152       2,356,935       186,711       660,433       645,266       856,233       66,854       68,156       2,565,7449       186,744       646,853       62,322       836,562       2,646,651       186,744       186,744       65,650       7,5891       -       7,643       -       2,262       837,655       2,446,651       196,934       -       2,464,651       196,934       -       2,464,651       -       2,464,651       -       2,46,651       -       1,477       -       5,690       -       7,613       -       2,13,462       -       2,44,65       3,452       -       8,402       -       2,44,645       -       2,56,59       -       7,479       -       2,04,645       -       2,56,277       -       7,113       -       7,80,21       -       7,919       -       2,14,645       -       2,56,277       -       7,103       -       8,764       -       2,250,655       -       2,26,627<		Resi	dential	Com	nercial	Indu	strial	Ot	her <sup>a</sup>	т	otal
1974 Total       578,164       NA       343,826       NA       664,675       NA       65,222       NA       1,765,264         1975 Total       666,452       NA       425,064       NA       75,660       NA       66,851       NA       1,747,064         1977 Total       674,665       NA       445,154       NA       466,237       NA       73,070       NA       2,017,822         1977 Total       674,466       NA       461,153       NA       806,071       NA       73,377       NA       2,017,822         1987 Total       774,464       NA       451,153       NA       351,077       NA       73,770       NA       2,017,822         1983 Total       776,044       NA       574,261       S50,221       338,772       85,075       NA       2,171,108         1983 Total       776,044       NA       554,221       505,58       37,138       84,663       61,464       656,632       261,440,222       282,565       91,245,246       282,737       22,556       651,232,568,55       657,244       55,258       567,245       55,258       2,57,548       64,651       2,52,558       567,246       55,558       2,57,548       64,512       2,556       512,556											Annual Series
1974 Total       578,164       NA       344,826       NA       664,675       NA       56,222       NA       1,765,264         1976 Total       666,652       NA       420,044       NA       754,069       NA       667,560       NA       668,521       NA       1,727,061         1977 Total       646,220       NA       442,514       NA       466,037       NA       773,070       NA       2,017,822         1977 Total       674,466       NA       461,183       NA       806,071       NA       73,070       NA       2,017,822         1987 Total       774,666       NA       461,183       NA       815,077       NA       73,727       NA       2,017,822         1983 Total       770,048       NA       452,877       NA       24,449       NA       84,758       NA       2,171,108         1983 Total       770,946       NA       452,827       NA       28,772       85,049       1,84,845       1,84,964       1,84,961       2,84,973       2,84,973       83,472       86,612       2,86,951       1,84,964       2,452,40       2,71,372       1,84,945       1,84,945       1,84,945       1,84,945       1,84,945       1,84,945       1,84,945	73 Total	579 231	NA	388 266	NA	696 095	NA	50 208	NA	1 710 000	
1975 Total       588,140       NA       425,044       NA       667,650       NA       68,631       NA       15,52,246         1977 Total       645,239       NA       446,514       NA       766,037       NA       76,711       NA       1,845,361         1977 Total       645,239       NA       445,118       NA       960,078       NA       73,715       NA       1,945,307         1978 Total       642,619       NA       431,003       NA       73,721       NA       2,071,096         1978 Total       772,225       NA       53,307       NA       841,003       NA       73,722       NA       2,044,449         1981 Total       777,464       NA       55,378       NA       775,988       NA       85,242       2,773,727       NA       2,046,441         1985 Total       777,464       NA       55,578       MA       775,988       NA       85,242       2,773,727       2,306,453         1986 Total       647,653       810,644       650,500       660,453       857,559       81,646       82,462       85,643       1,774,72       2,306,543       1,986,468       2,462,198       2,467,643       1,217,917       2,306,543       1,986,468	74 Total			•				•			NA
1978 Total       606,452       NA       425,094       NA       754,099       NA       754,099       NA       754,019       NA       755,718       854,019       NA       755,718       854,019       NA       755,718       854,019       757       854,019       757       854,019       757       854,019       757       854,019       757       854,019       757       854,019       757       854,019       757<								•			NA
1977 Total       645,239       NA       446,514       NA       796,037       NA       70,571       NA       1,849,381         1978 Total       682,619       NA       473,307       NA       641,603       NA       73,215       NA       2,071,082         1978 Total       722,225       NA       541,338       NA       625,743       NA       744,469       NA       23,576       NA       24,446         1983 Total       722,225       NA       543,376       NA       744,449       NA       85,575       NA       2,162,631         1983 Total       750,648       NA       526,221       640,558       857,75       NA       2,462,513       83,407       85,482       2,278,372       2,309,543         1986 Total       780,677       789,834       668,668       605,828       85,718       86,648       83,168       2,352,853       83,408       83,565       2,564,651       189,008       89,751       86,648       83,168       2,455,435       189,648       83,168       2,455,445       189,576       89,576       86,648       83,168       2,356,855       18,466       89,765       2,646,651       19,769       1,7479       2,042,621       74,479       -       2											NA
1978 Total       674,466       NA       451,163       NA       906,078       NA       73,215       NA       2,017,026         1980 Total       717,495       NA       483,155       NA       815,067       NA       73,720       NA       2,004,46         1980 Total       722,525       NA       554,397       NA       83,755       NA       2,056,41         1982 Total       728,520       NA       552,621       840,588       837,836       81,642       85,755       NA       2,056,431         1983 Total       770,644       746,062       576,281       562,621       840,588       837,836       81,642       85,764       82,727,82,500,653         1986 Total       817,663       810,080       641,469       630,520       606,222       830,551       840,661       2,350,835       186,54       88,166       2,357,84       52,555       91,066       88,165       2,457,442       189,098       2,657,448       2,457,448       2,462,454       440,513       180,755       180,465       12,761       180,755       180,465       12,761       180,755       180,468       180,755       180,468       2,457,448       180,468       180,465       12,761       180,468       180,468 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>NA</td></t<>											NA
1979 Total       662,019       NA       473,307       NA       841,603       NA       73,070       NA       2,071,095         1980 Total       772,2265       NA       541,339       NA       825,743       NA       847,565       NA       2,147,103         1981 Total       772,250       NA       526,375       NA       2,206,441       NA       52,575       NA       2,106,461         1983 Total       776,944       NA       523,751       524,521       837,836       81,440       85,275       87,272       2,309,643         1986 Total       970,977       793,934       608,966       605,699       824,523       836,721       85,055       87,272       2,309,643         1986 Total       687,615       686,612       280,531       89,664       2,455,440       198,966       2,455,440         1988 Total       690,522       725,229       725,661       -74,472       -       8,068       -       2,40,212         February       74,343       -       56,390       -       7,614       -       2,12,61         1980 January       95,190       -       62,462       -       74,472       -       8,068       -       2,240,212											NA
1980 Total 717,465 NA 448,155 NA 615,067 NA 73,752 NA 2,094,449 1981 Total 722,255 NA 526,397 NA 744,449 NA 65,775 NA 2,147,103 1982 Total 7729,520 NA 526,397 NA 744,449 NA 60,219 NA 2,150,955 1984 Total 777,654 780,092 578,281 552,521 640,588 837,636 11,449 85,575 NA 2,206,441 1985 Total 617,663 19,068 441,469 630,520 802,222 830,531 84,068 48,166 2,390,335 1986 Total 648,613 850,410 673,707 660,433 84,266 852,333 66,854 88,266 89,762 2,309,543 1986 Total 648,613 850,410 673,707 660,433 84,266 852,333 66,854 88,166 2,362,335 1986 Total 602,125 892,666 697,711 609,100 305,751 806,438 48,166 2,455,40 1988 Total 603,197 905,525 725,227 725,861 928,378 925,659 91,066 89,765 2,466,51 1980 January 95,150 - 62,462 - 74,472 - 8,088 - 240,212 Fobruary 74,343 - 56,905 - 73,891 - 7,643 - 212,781 March 77,747 - 57,990 - 76,114 - 7,631 - 213,482 April 65,048 - 56,490 - 75,528 - 7,479 - 204,545 May 62,731 - 58,996 - 76,921 - 79,91 - 204,545 May 62,731 - 58,996 - 76,921 - 79,91 - 204,545 August 88,257 - 71,103 - 63,322 - 8,764 - 250,855 August 88,257 - 71,103 - 63,322 - 8,764 - 250,855 August 88,257 - 71,103 - 63,322 - 8,764 - 251,336 Cotober 69,410 - 63,091 - 81,152 - 7,979 - 224,438 Cotober 69,410 - 63,091 - 81,152 - 7,979 - 224,438 Cotober 69,410 - 63,091 - 81,152 - 7,979 - 224,433 Cotober 69,2410 - 63,336 - 70,570 - 76,509 - 7,404 - 222,216 December 78,286 - 66,71 - 76,509 - 7,404 - 222,216 December 78,286 - 66,71 - 76,509 - 7,404 - 221,336 Cotober 69,410 - 63,336 - 70,717 - 74,24 - 71,939 - 224,438 Cotober 69,410 - 63,091 - 81,152 - 7,979 - 221,433 Cotober 69,410 - 63,091 - 81,152 - 7,979 - 221,433 Cotober 78,286 - 66,957 - 76,509 - 7,404 - 222,216 December 78,286 - 66,957 - 76,509 - 7,404 - 222,216 December 78,286 - 66,957 - 76,509 - 7,404 - 222,216 December 78,286 - 76,930 - 76,710 - 7,270 - 244,348 Cotober 78,286 - 76,930 - 76,710 - 7,270 - 244,348 Cotober 79,404 - 60,133 - 7,770 - 224,34 Cotober 79,404 - 225,216 December 79,260 - 76,510 - 7,770 - 224,34 Dure 79,710 - 7,718 - 225,467 May 79,67,50 - 76,510 - 77,705 -											NA
1981 Total       722,265       NA       514,338       NA       82,753       NA       24,756       NA       2,147,103         1982 Total       7760,949       NA       526,379       NA       774,949       NA       557,57       NA       2,106,441         1984 Total       7770,947       780,984       608,966       605,989       824,523       836,721       85,075       87,278       2,309,543         1986 Total       970,977       783,934       608,966       605,989       824,523       836,721       85,075       87,278       2,369,835         1987 Total       948,613       850,410       673,707       660,433       845,268       852,339       96,854       88,166       2,465,440         1988 Total       903,979       905,525       725,229       725,861       926,378       925,659       91,066       89,765       2,486,651         1989 Total       903,979       905,525       725,229       725,861       926,378       925,659       91,066       89,765       2,486,651         1989 Total       96,054       -       74,472       -       8,068       -       202,122         March       71,147       -       57,990       -       76,14											NA
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $						•				2,094,449	NA
1983 Total       750,948       NA       253,768       NA       775,969       NA       80,219       NA       2,150,955         1984 Total       770,677       763,834       603,666       605,969       824,523       836,773       85,075       67,279       2,309,543         1985 Total       844,613       850,410       673,707       660,433       845,266       858,233       86,654       89,166       2,455,440         1988 Total       842,127       823,654       86,164       84,265,440       845,266       857,149       86,654       89,765       2,666,651         1989 Total       903,879       905,525       725,229       725,661       925,859       91,066       89,765       2,646,651         1980 January       95,190       -       62,462       -       74,472       -       8,068       -       212,761         March       71,747       -       57,990       -       76,114       -       7,631       -       213,482         June       73,661       -       64,771       -       79,900       -       76,114       -       20,762       25,085         July       90,550       -       71,012       -       80,345										2,147,103	NA
1984 Total       777,654       780,092       578,281       582,621       840,588       837,772       85,776       97,777       2308,543         1986 Total       841,663       850,410       673,707       660,433       843,656       858,233       86,845       86,165       2365,353         1987 Total       846,18       852,410       673,707       660,433       845,265       858,233       86,454       86,166       285,440         1989 Total       963,979       905,525       725,229       725,861       926,879       926,659       91,666       98,765       2,846,651         1989 Total       903,979       905,525       725,229       725,861       926,879       91,666       98,765       2,846,651         1989 January       74,343       -       56,930       -       76,114       -       7,631       -       212,761         March       71,747       -       58,936       -       78,021       -       7,479       -       226,027         July       90,500       -       70,112       -       80,313       -       8,009       -       226,027         July       90,500       -       71,103       -       82,322       8,	82 Total			526,397		744,949	NA	85,575	NA	2,086,441	NA
1984 Total       777,654       780,082       578,281       562,621       840,586       837,872       85,776       87,277       2,306,853         1986 Total       817,663       819,086       641,649       630,520       806,822       830,572       85,776       87,277       2,306,853         1987 Total       849,613       850,410       673,707       660,433       845,262       830,531       83,409       68,615       2,350,835         1988 Total       802,125       892,866       667,711       660,433       845,263       81,664       81,682       2,664,661         1988 Total       903,879       905,525       725,229       725,561       925,659       91,666       89,765       2,664,661         1980 January       74,343       -       56,900       -       76,114       -       7,631       -       212,761         March       71,747       -       56,900       -       76,224       -       7,447       -       8,088       -       220,525         July       90,550       -       70,901       -       8,194       -       226,327         July       90,550       -       71,103       -       80,222       -       8,76		750,948	NA	543,788	NA	775,999	NA	80,219	NA	2,150,955	NA
1985 Total       760,977       793,934       600,666       605,969       624,523       836,772       65,075       67,276       2,306,643         1987 Total       6446,613       685,0410       677,777       660,433       645,266       852,333       66,854       88,166       2,455,440         1987 Total       690,977       905,525       725,229       725,861       925,659       91,066       89,765       2,446,651         1989 Total       903,979       905,525       725,229       725,861       925,659       91,066       89,765       2,446,651         1980 Total       903,979       905,525       725,229       725,861       925,378       925,659       91,066       89,765       2,464,651         1980 Total       71,747       -       57,990       -       76,114       -       7,643       -       213,482         March       71,747       -       58,936       -       76,021       -       7,914       -       207,602         June       73,661       -       64,571       -       79,001       -       8,196       2,562,627         July       90,590       -       70,912       -       80,345       -       9,764       <		777,654	780,092	578,281	582,621	840,588	837,836	81,849	85.248		2,285,796
1986 Total       617,653       819,068       641,456       630,520       800,292       830,531       63,400       64,613       855,440         1987 Total       646,813       850,410       677,777       660,433       645,848       62,352       88,564       88,564       85,5440         1988 Total       903,979       905,525       725,229       725,861       926,659       91,066       88,765       2,646,551         1980 January       95,190       -       62,462       -       7,472       -       8,088       -       240,212         February       74,343       -       55,990       -       75,528       -       7,479       -       204,645         March       71,747       -       59,900       -       75,528       -       7,479       -       204,565         July       90,590       -       70,912       -       80,345       -       9,009       -       251,356         August       68,257       -       71,103       -       81,365       -       8,764       -       221,325         July       90,590       -       76,901       -       8,165       -       21,326       -       21,326	85 Total	790,977	793,934	608,968	605,989	824,523	836,772	85,075			2,323,974
1987 Total       846,813       845,266       852,323       66,853       861,954       861,956       761,944       861,954       861,954       861,957       861,957       861,457       861,457       871,957       761,954       861,467       871,957       861,426       861,872       871,977       861,426       861,872       871,977       861,426       861,892       871,956       871,972       871,976	86 Total	817,663	819,088	641,469	630,520	808.292	•				2,368,753
1988 Total       962,125       892,866       692,771       699,376       995,376       996,525       725,229       725,861       926,376       992,589       91,066       68,765       2,646,651         1989 Total       903,979       905,525       725,229       725,861       926,376       992,589       91,066       68,765       2,646,651         1990 January       74,443       -       56,905       -       73,891       -       7,631       -       212,781         March       71,747       -       56,905       -       76,814       -       7,631       -       213,482         May       62,731       -       56,905       -       76,801       -       7,479       -       20,4545         June       73,661       -       64,571       -       79,901       -       8,196       -       250,655         August       88,257       -       71,103       -       8,262       -       22,44,385       October       69,410       -       60,222       -       244,385       October       -       744,385       -       209,766       -       7,404       -       22,2163       November       762,826       -       60,474			•		•				•	• •	2,457,272
1989 Total         903,979         905,525         725,229         725,861         925,659         91,066         99,765         2,046,651           1990 January         95,190         -         62,462         -         74,472         -         8,068         -         212,12           February         74,343         -         56,905         -         73,891         -         7,643         -         212,781           March         65,048         -         57,990         -         75,114         -         7,643         -         213,482           June         -         73,661         -         64,571         -         79,901         -         8,196         -         226,855           August         88,257         -         71,103         -         83,232         -         8,764         -         250,855           August         88,257         -         69,244         -         80,4013         -         8,402         -         224,4385           October         69,410         -         63,091         -         81,152         -         7,979         -         222,216           December         78,288         -         60,474 </td <td></td> <td>2,578,062</td>											2,578,062
February       74,343       -       56,905       -       73,891       -       7,643       -       212,781         March       71,747       -       57,990       -       76,114       -       7,631       -       234,842         May       .       62,731       -       58,936       -       78,021       -       7,914       -       207,602         June       .       73,661       -       64,571       -       79,901       -       81,965       -       226,827         July       .       90,590       -       70,912       -       80,345       -       9,009       -       250,855         August       .       .       62,927       -       69,244       -       80,813       -       8,402       -       221,633         November       .<			•								2,646,809
February       74,343       -       56,905       -       73,891       -       7,643       -       212,781         March       71,747       -       57,990       -       76,114       -       7,631       -       234,822         May       62,731       -       58,936       -       78,021       -       7,914       -       207,602         June       73,661       -       64,571       -       79,901       -       81,965       -       226,827         July       90,580       -       70,912       -       80,345       -       9,009       -       250,855         August       88,257       -       61,244       -       80,813       -       8,402       -       241,385         October       69,410       -       63,091       -       81,52       -       7,979       -       22,163         November       66,282       -       58,657       -       76,009       -       7,428       -       209,276         December       78,288       -       60,474       -       76,050       -       7,404       -       22,216         March       P41,473       924	90 January	95,190	_	62.462	-	74 472	_	8 098	_	240 212	-
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			-		_		_	•	_		_
April       65 (048       -       56 (40)       -       75 (528       -       7, 479       -       200, 545         May       62, 731       -       58 (936       -       78 (021       -       7, 914       -       207, 602         June       -       73, 661       -       64, 571       -       79, 901       -       81, 96       -       226, 627         July       .       90, 590       -       70, 912       -       80, 345       -       9,009       -       250, 655         August       88, 257       -       69, 244       -       80, 313       -       8, 402       -       243, 385         October       69, 410       -       63, 091       -       81, 152       -       7, 797       -       221, 633         November       .       66, 282       -       58, 657       -       76, 050       -       7, 404       -       222, 216         December       78, 288       -       60, 744       -       76, 050       -       74, 407       -       62, 822       95, 8548       91, 988       2, 704, 672       2         1991 January       .       .       .       .					_				_		_
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									-		-
July       90,590       -       70,912       -       80,345       -       9,009       -       250,855         August       88,257       -       71,103       -       83,232       -       8,764       -       251,356         September       69,410       -       63,991       -       81,152       -       7,979       -       221,633         October       69,410       -       63,091       -       81,152       -       7,404       -       222,216         December       78,288       -       60,474       -       76,050       -       7,404       -       222,216         Total       921,473       924,019       750,835       751,027       936,428       945,522       95,936       91,988       2,704,672       2         1991       January       R       R       76,336       -       R7,6111       -       R7,905       -       R241,497         February       R       79,676       -       R56,157       -       R7,720       -       R7,459       -       R214,414         April       R       66,079       -       R5,157       -       R7,450       -       R214,414										•	-
August       88,257       -       71,103       -       83,232       -       8,764       -       251,356         September       65,927       -       69,214       -       80,813       -       8,402       -       224,335         October       68,410       -       63,091       -       81,152       -       7,979       -       221,633         November       66,282       -       58,657       -       76,050       -       7,428       -       209,276         December       78,288       -       60,474       -       76,050       -       7,428       -       222,216         Total       921,473       924,019       750,835       751,027       936,428       945,522       95,936       91,998       2,704,672       2         1901 January       R9,676       -       R56,157       -       R7,4720       -       R7,424       -       R214,414         April       R6,7676       -       R56,157       -       R7,4720       -       R7,424       -       R206,541         March       R6,7676       -       R56,157       -       R7,4720       -       R6,77       -       R26,541						-					-
September       65,927       -       69,244       -       80,813       -       8,402       -       244,385         October       69,410       -       63,091       -       81,152       -       7,979       -       221,633         November       66,282       -       58,657       -       7,6909       -       7,404       -       222,216         December       78,288       -       60,474       -       76,050       -       7,404       -       222,216         Total       921,473       924,019       750,635       751,027       986,428       945,522       95,936       91,998       2,704,672       2         1991       January       R       P4,144       -       R 63,336       -       R 76,111       -       R 7,905       -       R 214,472         February       R 70,676       -       R 53,157       -       R 74,720       -       R 7,459       -       R 214,414         April       -       66,079       -       R 61,727       -       R 74,720       -       R 7,600       -       R 23,78       -       R 214,414         April       -       R 66,079       -       R 61,520<										•	-
October       69,410       -       63,091       -       81,152       -       7,979       -       221,633         November       66,282       -       58,657       -       76,909       -       7,428       -       209,276         December       78,288       -       60,474       -       76,050       -       7,428       -       222,163         Total       921,473       924,019       750,835       751,027       936,428       945,522       95,936       91,998       2,704,672       2         1991       January       R9,144       -       R63,336       -       R76,111       -       R7,905       -       R241,497         February       R9,676       -       R58,157       -       R77,770       -       R241,414         April       R67,450       -       R61,434       -       R80,569       -       R8,502       -       R21,498         June       R91,738       -       R71,872       -       R81,700       -       R8,976       -       R21,498         June       R94,738       -       R71,872       -       R81,970       -       R8,986       -       R25,171						<b>.</b> .			-		-
November         66.282         -         58.657         -         76.909         -         7.428         -         209.276           December         78.288         -         60.474         -         76.050         -         7.404         -         222.216           1901         January         921.473         924.019         750.835         751.027         936.428         945.522         95.936         91.988         2.704.672         2           1901         January         P.94.144         -         P63.336         -         P.76.11         -         P.7.905         -         R21.497           March         P.74.676         -         P58.582         -         P.73.715         -         P.7.424         -         P219.397           March         P.74.676         -         P57.155         -         P.74.720         -         P.7.459         -         P21.414           April         P.66.7450         -         P61.434         -         P.80.528         -         P.8.77         P.27.1498           June         P64.738         -         P71.872         -         P81.900         -         P.8.906         -         P.25.187           A								•	-	244,385	-
December         78,288         -         60,474         -         76,050         -         7,404         -         222,216           Total         921,473         924,019         750,835         751,027         936,428         945,522         95,936         91,988         2,704,672         2           1991         January         R         94,144         -         R         63,336         -         R76,111         -         R7,905         -         R241,497           February         R         79,676         -         958,582         -         R73,715         -         R7,424         -         P21,474           April         R         66,079         -         R57,155         -         R75,706         -         R3,78         -         R21,414           June         R         81,116         -         R67,991         -         80,269         -         R8,502         -         R38,171           July         R94,738         -         R71,872         -         R81,967         -         R8,476         -         R258,447           September         R94,696         -         R69,501         -         R181,967         -         R,476							-		-		-
Total         921,473         924,019         750,835         751,027         936,428         945,522         95,936         91,988         2,704,672         2           1891 January         R 94,144         -         R 63,336         -         R 76,111         -         R 7,905         -         R 241,497           February         R 79,676         -         R 58,582         -         R 73,715         -         R 7,459         -         R 219,397           March         R 74,078         -         R 58,157         -         R 74,720         -         R 7,459         -         R 214,414           April         R 66,079         -         R 51,155         -         R 75,706         -         R 7,600         -         R 206,561           May         R 67,450         -         R 61,434         -         R 80,569         -         R 257,187           July         R 94,738         -         R 71,872         -         R 81,700         -         R 8,977         -         R 257,187           August         R 94,738         -         R 65,01         -         R 61,997         -         R 244,639           October         R 69,422         -         R 63,439 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>7,428</td> <td>-</td> <td>209,276</td> <td>-</td>					-		-	7,428	-	209,276	-
1991 January $\stackrel{R}{P}94, 144$ $\stackrel{R}{-}$ $\stackrel{R}{63, 336}$ $\stackrel{R}{-}$ $\stackrel{R}{76, 111}$ $\stackrel{R}{-}$ $\stackrel{R}{7, 124}$ $\stackrel{R}{-}$ $\stackrel{R}{219, 397}$ March $\stackrel{R}{74, 078}$ $\stackrel{R}{-}$ $\stackrel{R}{58, 582}$ $\stackrel{R}{-}$ $\stackrel{R}{74, 720}$ $\stackrel{R}{-}$ $\stackrel{R}{7, 424}$ $\stackrel{R}{-}$ $\stackrel{R}{219, 397}$ March $\stackrel{R}{-}$ $\stackrel{R}{67, 450}$ $\stackrel{R}{-}$ $\stackrel{R}{67, 450}$ $\stackrel{R}{-}$ $\stackrel{R}{75, 706}$ $\stackrel{R}{-}$ $\stackrel{R}{7, 600}$ $\stackrel{R}{-}$ $\stackrel{R}{217, 498}$ June $\stackrel{R}{-}$ $\stackrel{R}{67, 450}$ $\stackrel{R}{-}$ $\stackrel{R}{71, 872}$ $\stackrel{R}{-}$ $\stackrel{R}{81, 700}$ $\stackrel{R}{-}$ $\stackrel{R}{8, 236}$ $\stackrel{R}{-}$ $\stackrel{R}{238, 177}$ $\stackrel{R}{-}$ $\stackrel{R}{23, 27}$ $\stackrel{R}{-}$ $\stackrel{R}{23, 27}$ $\stackrel{R}{-}$ $\stackrel{R}{72, 360}$ $\stackrel{R}{-}$ $\stackrel{R}{8, 986}$ $\stackrel{R}{-}$ $\stackrel{R}{244, 639}$ October $\stackrel{R}{-}$ $\stackrel{R}{69, 422}$ $\stackrel{R}{-}$ $\stackrel{R}{63, 439}$ $\stackrel{R}{-}$ $\stackrel{R}{7, 654}$ $\stackrel{R}{-}$ $\stackrel{R}{244, 639}$ $\stackrel{R}{-}$ <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td><td></td><td>•</td><td>-</td><td>7,404</td><td>-</td><td>222,216</td><td>-</td></td<>				•		•	-	7,404	-	222,216	-
February $^{h}79,676$ $^{h}78,852$ $^{h}73,715$ $^{h}74,24$ $^{h}224$ $^{h}219,997$ March $^{h}74,078$ $^{h}78,8157$ $^{h}74,270$ $^{h}7,459$ $^{h}214,414$ April $^{h}66,079$ $^{h}57,155$ $^{h}75,706$ $^{h}7,600$ $^{h}206,5414$ May $^{h}67,450$ $^{h}61,434$ $^{h}80,236$ $^{h}8,378$ $^{h}212,498$ June $^{h}81,116$ $^{h}67,991$ $^{h}80,569$ $^{h}8,502$ $^{h}2238,177$ July $^{h}94,738$ $^{h}71,872$ $^{h}81,700$ $^{h}8,877$ $^{h}2257,187$ August $^{h}94,738$ $^{h}71,872$ $^{h}81,700$ $^{h}8,877$ $^{h}2257,187$ August $^{h}94,738$ $^{h}72,2360$ $^{h}81,967$ $^{h}8,877$ $^{h}2257,187$ September $^{h}84,696$ $^{h}69,501$ $^{h}81,967$ $^{h}8,876$ $^{h}222,728,6447$ September $^{h}84,696$ $^{h}69,501$ $^{h}81,209$ $^{h}7,654$ $^{h}222,728,6447$ November $^{h}77,114$ $^{h}66,133$ $^{h}76,5476$ $^{h}76,564$ $^{h}7,463$ $^{h}222,728,668$ Total $^{h}99,7801$ $^{h}955,417$ $^{h}765,476$ $^{h}76,504$ $^{h}7,718$ 237,880February $^{9}2,228$ $^{h}59,817$ $^{h}76,560$ $^{h}7,539$ $^{h}219,998$ January $^{9}1,207$ $^{h}62,450$ $^{h}76,566$ $^{h}7,650$ $^{h}7,539$ $^{h}219,692$ March $^{h}73,607$ $^{h}59,493$ $^{h}79,766$ $^{h}7,539$ $^{h}219,198$ <tr< td=""><td>Total</td><td>921,473</td><td>924,019</td><td>750,835</td><td>751,027</td><td>936,428</td><td>945,522</td><td>95,936</td><td>91,988</td><td>2,704,672</td><td>2,712,555</td></tr<>	Total	921,473	924,019	750,835	751,027	936,428	945,522	95,936	91,988	2,704,672	2,712,555
March $^{\text{h}}74,078$ $^{\text{h}}$ $^{\text{h}}58,157$ $^{\text{h}}$ $^{\text{h}}74,720$ $^{\text{h}}7,459$ $^{\text{h}}7,459$ $^{\text{h}}214,414$ April $^{\text{h}}66,079$ $^{\text{h}}8,7155$ $^{\text{h}}75,766$ $^{\text{h}}7,600$ $^{\text{h}}206,541$ May $^{\text{h}}67,450$ $^{\text{h}}61,434$ $^{\text{h}}80,236$ $^{\text{h}}8,378$ $^{\text{h}}217,498$ June $^{\text{h}}81,116$ $^{\text{h}}67,991$ $^{\text{h}}80,569$ $^{\text{h}}8,378$ $^{\text{h}}217,498$ July $^{\text{h}}94,738$ $^{\text{h}}71,872$ $^{\text{h}}81,700$ $^{\text{h}}88,502$ $^{\text{h}}228,177$ August $^{\text{h}}93,127$ $^{\text{h}}72,360$ $^{\text{h}}83,974$ $^{\text{h}}8,986$ $^{\text{h}}225,1187$ September $^{\text{h}}84,696$ $^{\text{h}}69,501$ $^{\text{h}}81,967$ $^{\text{h}}8,476$ $^{\text{h}}224,4639$ October $^{\text{h}}69,422$ $^{\text{h}}63,439$ $^{\text{h}}81,209$ $^{\text{h}}7,654$ $^{\text{h}}221,223$ November $^{\text{h}}71,114$ $^{\text{h}}60,133$ $^{\text{h}}76,601$ $^{\text{h}}7,463$ $^{\text{h}}221,223$ November $^{\text{h}}71,114$ $^{\text{h}}60,133$ $^{\text{h}}765,664$ $^{\text{h}}944,694$ $^{\text{h}}946,583$ $^{\text{h}}96,513$ $^{\text{h}}94,339$ Poto $^{\text{h}}228,604$ $^{\text{h}}765,476$ $^{\text{h}}765,064$ $^{\text{h}}944,694$ $^{\text{h}}946,583$ $^{\text{h}}96,513$ $^{\text{h}}94,339$ $^{\text{h}}2,764,474$ $^{\text{h}}22$ Poto $^{\text{h}}225,417$ $^{\text{h}}765,476$ $^{\text{h}}76,506$ $^{\text{h}}7,737$ 212,564June $^{\text{h}}3,607$ $^{\text{h}}59,933$ $^{\text{h}}79,566$ $^{\text{h}}7,737$ </td <td></td> <td><sup>R</sup>94,144</td> <td></td> <td><sup>R</sup>63,336</td> <td>-</td> <td><sup>R</sup>76,111</td> <td>-</td> <td><sup>R</sup>7,905</td> <td>-</td> <td>R241,497</td> <td>_</td>		<sup>R</sup> 94,144		<sup>R</sup> 63,336	-	<sup>R</sup> 76,111	-	<sup>R</sup> 7,905	-	R241,497	_
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	February	279,676	-	<sup>H</sup> 58,582	-	<sup>H</sup> 73,715	-	<sup>R</sup> 7,424	-	<sup>R</sup> 219,397	-
April <sup>n</sup> <sup>66,079</sup> <sup>n</sup> <sup>67,155</sup> <sup>n</sup> <sup>77,5706</sup> <sup>n</sup> <sup>77,600</sup> <sup>n</sup> <sup>77,600</sup> <sup>n</sup> <sup>77,6707</sup> <sup>n</sup> <sup>77,6707</sup> <sup>n</sup> <sup>77,6707</sup> <sup>n</sup> <sup>77,6707</sup> <sup>n</sup> <sup>77,6707</sup> <sup>n</sup> <sup>87,6738</sup> <sup>n</sup> <sup>77,6747</sup> <sup>n</sup> <sup>88,177</sup> <sup>n</sup> <sup>88,177</sup> <sup>n</sup> <sup>82,57,187          August          <sup>n</sup> <sup>93,127</sup> <sup>n</sup> <sup>77,1872</sup> <sup>n</sup> <sup>88,177</sup> <sup>n</sup> <sup>82,57,187          August          <sup>n</sup> <sup>93,127</sup> <sup>n</sup> <sup>77,1872</sup> <sup>n</sup> <sup>81,967</sup> <sup>n</sup> <sup>88,977</sup> <sup>n</sup> <sup>82,58,447          September          <sup>n</sup> <sup>84,496</sup> <sup>n</sup> <sup>77,654</sup> <sup>n</sup> <sup>81,967</sup> <sup>n</sup> <sup>84,763</sup> <sup>n</sup> <sup>22,1,723          November          <sup>n</sup> <sup>82,111</sup> <sup>n</sup> <sup>63,133</sup> <sup>n</sup> <sup>77,65476             <sup>n</sup> <sup>77,65637           <sup>n</sup> </sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup>		<sup>H</sup> 74,078	-	<sup>H</sup> 58,157	-	<sup>R</sup> 74,720	-	<sup>R</sup> 7,459	-	<sup>R</sup> 214.414	-
May       n=67,450       -       n=61,134       -       n=60,236       -       n=8,378       -       n=217,498         June       n=61,116       -       n=67,991       -       R=0,569       -       R=0,502       -       R=238,177         July       n=94,738       -       n=71,872       -       R=81,700       -       R=8,877       -       R=257,187         August       n=93,127       -       n=72,360       -       n=81,967       -       n=8,876       -       n=258,447         September       n=84,696       -       n=69,501       -       n=81,967       -       n=8,476       -       n=221,723         Novernber       n=64,22       -       n=63,439       -       n=81,967       -       n=8,476       -       n=221,723         Novernber       n=61,516       -       n=76,601       -       n=7,654       -       n=216,886         December       n=62,7801       n=955,417       n=765,664       n=944,684       n=946,593       n=96,513       n=94,339       n=2,764,474       n_2         1992       January       91,207       -       62,450       -       76,504       -       7,718       -	April	<sup>H</sup> 66,079	-	<sup>R</sup> 57,155	-	<sup>H</sup> 75,706	-	<sup>R</sup> 7,600	· _	<sup>R</sup> 206,541	-
June       n81,116       -       n67,991       -       n80,569       -       n8,502       -       n238,177         July       n94,738       -       n71,872       -       n81,700       -       n8,502       -       n257,187         August       n93,127       -       n72,360       -       n83,974       -       n8,877       -       n258,447         September       n84,696       -       n69,501       -       n81,967       -       n8,476       -       n224,639         October       n69,422       -       n63,439       -       n81,209       -       n7,654       -       n221,723         November       n71,114       -       n60,133       -       n78,176       -       n7,463       -       n228,068         Total       -       n957,801       n955,417       n765,476       n765,664       n944,684       n946,583       n96,513       n94,339       n2,764,474       n2         1992 January       91,207       -       62,450       -       n6,504       -       n,718       -       237,880         February       82,028       -       59,817       -       76,504       -       n,735	May	<sup>H</sup> 67,450	-		-	<sup>R</sup> 80,236		<sup>R</sup> 8.378	_	<sup>R</sup> 217,498	-
July       #94,738       -       #71,872       -       #81,700       -       #8,877       -       #257,187         August	June	<sup>R</sup> 81,116	-	<sup>R</sup> 67,991	-	<sup>R</sup> 80,569	-	<sup>H</sup> 8,502	· _	R 238, 177	-
August       R 93,127       -       R 72,360       -       R 83,974       -       R 8,986       -       R 258,447         September       R 84,696       -       R 69,501       -       R 81,967       -       R 8,476       -       R 244,639         October       R 69,422       -       R 63,439       -       R 81,209       -       R 7,654       -       R 221,723         November       R 71,114       -       R 60,133       -       R 78,176       -       R 7,463       -       R 216,886         December       R 82,160       -       R 61,516       -       R 76,601       -       R 7,790       -       R 228,068         Total       R 957,801       R 955,417       R 765,476       R 765,664       R 944,684       R 946,583       R 96,513       R 94,339       R 2,764,474       R 2         1992       January       91,207       -       62,450       -       76,504       -       7,718       -       237,880         February       82,028       -       59,817       -       76,504       -       7,539       -       219,198         April       68,430       -       58,024       -       77,195	July	<sup>R</sup> 94,738	-	<sup>R</sup> 71,872	-	<sup>R</sup> 81,700	-	<sup>R</sup> 8.877	-	R 257, 187	-
September       #84,696       -       #69,501       -       #81,967       -       #8,476       -       #244,639         October       #69,422       -       #63,439       -       *81,209       -       #7,654       -       #221,723         November       #71,114       -       #60,133       -       #78,176       -       #7,463       -       #216,886         December       #82,160       -       #61,516       -       #76,601       -       #7,790       -       #228,068         Total       #957,801       #955,417       #765,476       #765,664       #944,694       #946,583       #96,513       #94,339       #2,764,474       #2         1992       January       91,207       -       62,450       -       76,504       -       7,718       -       237,880         February       82,028       -       59,817       -       76,560       -       7,539       -       219,198         April       68,430       -       58,024       -       77,195       -       7,450       -       211,098         May       68,430       -       58,024       -       79,766       -       7,737       -	August	<sup>H</sup> 93,127	-	<sup>R</sup> 72,360	-	<sup>R</sup> 83,974	-	<sup>R</sup> 8.986	-	R 258.447	_
October       "69,422       -       "63,439       -       "81,209       -       "7,654       -       "821,723         November       "71,114       -       "60,133       -       "78,176       -       "7,463       -       "8216,886         December       "821,600       -       "61,516       -       "76,601       -       "7,790       -       "8228,068         Total       "9957,801       "9955,417       "765,676       "765,664       "944,694       "946,583       "96,513       "94,339       "2,764,474       "2         1992       January       91,207       -       62,450       -       76,504       -       7,718       -       237,880         February       82,028       -       59,817       -       76,560       -       7,539       -       219,198         April	September	<sup>R</sup> 84,696	-	<sup>R</sup> 69,501		<sup>R</sup> 81,967	-	<sup>R</sup> 8.476		R 244 639	_
November         R         71,114          R         60,133          R         78,176          R         7,463          R         216,886           December         R         82,160          R         61,516          R         76,601          R         77,90          R         228,068           Total         R         957,801         R         955,417         R         765,476         R         765,664         R         944,684         R         96,513         R         94,339         R         2764,474         R           1992         January         91,207          62,450          76,504          7,718          237,880           February         82,028	October	<sup>R</sup> 69,422	-	<sup>R</sup> 63,439	-	<sup>R</sup> 81.209		<sup>R</sup> 7.654	-	R 221 723	_
December       H 82,160       -       R 61,516       -       R 76,601       -       R 7,790       -       R 228,068         Total       R 957,801       R 955,417       R 765,476       R 765,664       R 944,684       R 946,583       R 96,513       R 94,339       R 2,764,474       R 2         1992 January       91,207       -       62,450       -       76,504       -       7,718       -       237,880         February       82,028       -       59,817       -       76,504       -       7,501       -       225,467         March       73,607       -       59,493       -       78,560       -       7,539       -       219,198         April       68,430       -       58,024       -       77,195       -       7,450       -       21,098         May       64,631       -       60,430       -       79,766       -       7,737       -       212,564         June       70,712       -       65,177       -       82,712       -       7,847       -       226,447         July       88,321       -       71,330       -       83,957       -       8,353       -       252,168 <td>November</td> <td><sup>R</sup>71.114</td> <td>-</td> <td><sup>R</sup> 60, 133</td> <td>-</td> <td>R 78 176</td> <td></td> <td>R 7 463</td> <td>_</td> <td>R 216 886</td> <td>_</td>	November	<sup>R</sup> 71.114	-	<sup>R</sup> 60, 133	-	R 78 176		R 7 463	_	R 216 886	_
Total       "957,801       "955,417       "765,476       "765,664       "944,684       "946,583       "96,513       "94,339       "2,764,474       "2         1992 January       91,207       -       62,450       -       76,504       -       7,718       -       237,880         February       82,028       -       59,817       -       76,122       -       7,501       -       225,467         March       73,607       -       59,493       -       78,560       -       7,539       -       219,198         April       68,430       -       58,024       -       77,166       -       7,737       -       212,564         June       70,712       -       65,177       -       82,712       -       7,847       -       226,447         July       88,321       -       71,330       -       83,957       -       8,353       -       251,962         August       88,160       -       70,806       -       84,944       -       8,258       -       252,168         September       79,409       -       68,450       -       83,445       -       8,409       -       239,713	December	<sup>R</sup> 82 160	_	<sup>R</sup> 61 516	_	R 76 601	_	R 7 700	_	R 229 069	-
1992 January       91,207       -       62,450       -       76,504       -       7,718       -       237,880         February       82,028       -       59,817       -       76,122       -       7,501       -       225,467         March       73,607       -       59,493       -       78,560       -       7,539       -       219,198         April       68,430       -       58,024       -       77,195       -       7,450       -       211,098         May       64,631       -       60,430       -       79,766       -       7,737       -       212,564         June       70,712       -       65,177       -       82,712       -       7,847       -       226,447         July       88,321       -       70,806       -       83,957       -       8,353       -       251,962         August       88,160       -       70,806       -       84,944       -       8,258       -       252,168         September       79,409       -       68,450       -       83,445       -       8,409       -       239,713         October       69,842       <	Total	<sup>R</sup> 957,801	<sup>R</sup> 955.417	R 765 476	R 765 664	R 944 684	R 046 593	R 06 513	B 04 320	R 0 764 474	R 2,762,003
February       82,028       -       59,817       -       76,122       -       7,501       -       225,467         March       73,607       -       59,493       -       78,560       -       7,539       -       219,198         April       68,430       -       58,024       -       77,195       -       7,450       -       211,098         May       64,631       -       60,430       -       79,766       -       7,737       -       212,564         June			,	,		044,004	040,000	00,010	04,000	2,704,474	2,702,003
March       73,607       -       59,493       -       78,560       -       7,539       -       219,198         April       68,430       -       58,024       -       77,195       -       7,450       -       211,098         May       64,631       -       60,430       -       79,766       -       7,737       -       212,564         June		•	-	62,450	-	76,504	-	7,718	-	237,880	-
March       73,607       -       59,493       -       78,560       -       7,539       -       219,198         April       68,430       -       58,024       -       77,195       -       7,450       -       211,098         May       64,631       -       60,430       -       79,766       -       7,737       -       212,564         June	February		-		-		-		-	225,467	-
May       64,631       -       60,430       -       79,766       -       7,737       -       212,564         June       70,712       -       65,177       -       82,712       -       7,847       -       226,447         July       88,321       -       71,330       -       83,957       -       8,353       -       251,962         August       88,160       -       70,806       -       84,944       -       8,258       -       252,168         September       79,409       -       68,450       -       83,445       -       8,409       -       239,713         October       69,842       -       63,965       -       82,737       -       7,760       -       224,314         November       69,943       -       60,133       -       80,413       -       7,463       -       217,952         December       87,221       -       63,136       -       78,911       -       7,823       -       237,091	March						-		-	219,198	-
May       64,631       -       60,430       -       79,766       -       7,737       -       212,564         June       70,712       -       65,177       -       82,712       -       7,847       -       226,447         July       88,321       -       71,330       -       83,957       -       8,353       -       251,962         August       88,160       -       70,806       -       84,944       -       8,258       -       252,168         September       79,409       -       68,450       -       83,445       -       8,409       -       239,713         October       69,842       -       63,965       -       82,737       -       7,760       -       224,314         November       69,943       -       60,133       -       80,413       -       7,463       -       217,952         December       87,221       -       63,136       -       78,911       -       7,823       -       237,091	April				-	77,195	-	7,450	. —	211,098	-
June       70,712       -       65,177       -       82,712       -       7,847       -       226,447         July       88,321       -       71,330       -       83,957       -       8,353       -       251,962         August       88,160       -       70,806       -       84,944       -       8,258       -       252,168         September       79,409       -       68,450       -       83,445       -       8,409       -       239,713         October       69,842       -       63,965       -       82,737       -       7,770       -       224,314         November       69,943       -       60,133       -       80,413       -       7,463       -       217,952         December       87,221       -       63,136       -       78,911       -       7,823       -       237,091			-		-	79,766	-	7,737			-
July       88,321       -       71,330       -       83,957       -       8,353       -       251,962         August       88,160       -       70,806       -       84,944       -       8,258       -       252,168         September       79,409       -       68,450       -       83,445       -       8,409       -       239,713         October       69,842       -       63,965       -       82,737       -       7,770       -       224,314         November       69,943       -       60,133       -       80,413       -       7,463       -       217,952         December       87,221       -       63,136       -       78,911       -       7,823       -       237,091		70,712	-	65,177	-	82,712	-				_
August       88,160       -       70,806       -       84,944       -       8,258       -       252,168         September       79,409       -       68,450       -       83,445       -       8,409       -       239,713         October       69,842       -       63,965       -       82,737       -       7,770       -       224,314         November       69,943       -       60,133       -       80,413       -       7,463       -       217,952         December       87,221       -       63,136       -       78,911       -       7,823       -       237,091	July	88,321		71,330	-		-		-		_
September         79,409         -         68,450         -         83,445         -         8,409         -         232,713           October         69,842         -         63,965         -         82,737         -         7,770         -         224,314           November         69,943         -         60,133         -         80,413         -         7,463         -         217,952           December         87,221         -         63,136         -         78,911         -         7,823         -         237,091	August	88,160	-				-				-
October         69,842         -         63,965         -         82,737         -         7,770         -         224,314           November         69,943         -         60,133         -         80,413         -         7,463         -         217,952           December	September	79,409									_
November										•	_
December											-
									_		-
									02 060		2,755,853

<sup>a</sup> "Other" is public street and highway lighting, other sales to public authorities, sales to railroads and railways, and interdepartmental sales. <sup>b</sup> Annual totals are the sums of the monthly values.

R=Revised data. NA=Not available. - =Not applicable.

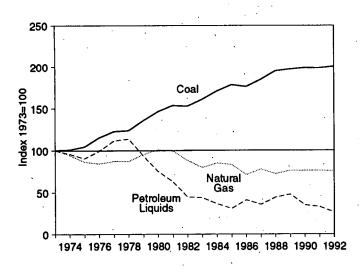
Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: • 1973-September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form

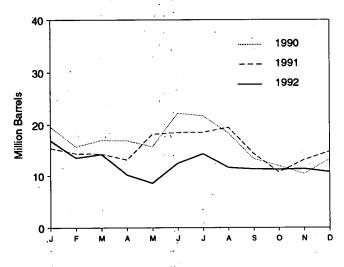
FPC-5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenue and Income." October 1977-1979: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FERC-5, 'Electric Operating Revenue and Income.' • 1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Electric Power Monthly*, March 1991, Table 51. • 1981 and 1990 monthly data: EIA, Electric Power Monthly, March 1992, Table 51. • 1982 forward (except 1990 monthly data): EIA, Electric Power Monthly, March 1993, Table 51.

# Figure 7.3 Electric Utility Consumption and Stocks of Fossil Fuels

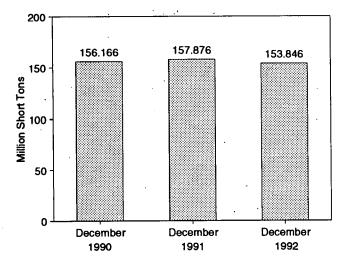
Fuels Consumed, 1973-1992



Petroleum Liquids Consumed, Monthly

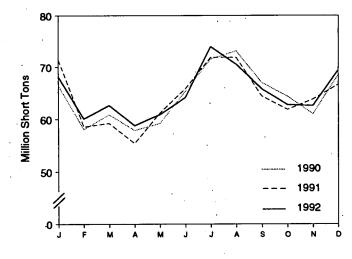


Coal Stocks, End of Month

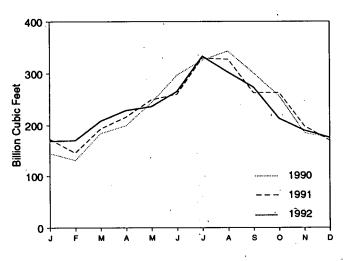


Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Tables 7.3 and 7.4.

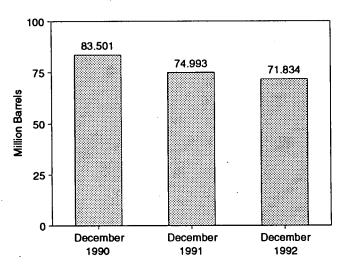
Coal Consumed, Monthly



# Natural Gas Consumed, Monthly



# Petroleum Liquids Stocks, End of Month



# Table 7.3 Electric Utility Consumption of Fossil Fuels To Generate Electricity

	Coal				Petroleum						
			•	. · ·	By 1 of Petr		By P Mover				
	Anthra- cite	Bituminous Coal	Lignite	Total	Heavy Oil <sup>a</sup>	Light Oil <sup>b</sup>	Steam Plants	GT/IC°	Total Liquids	Petroleum Coke	Natural Gas <sup>d</sup>
<u> </u>		Thousand S	Short Tons			Th	ousand Barr	rels		Thousand Short Tons	Million Cubic Feet
973 Total	1,443	376,975	10,794	389,212	NA	NA	513,190	47,058	560,248	507	3,660,172
974 Total	1,498	378,643	11,670	391,811	NA	NA	483,146	53,128	536.274	625	3,443,428
975 Total		388,523	15,960	405,962	NA	NA	467,221	38,907	506,128	70	3,157,669
976 Total	1,350	425,205	21,817	448,371	NA	NA	514,077	41,843	555,920	68	3,080,868
977 Total 978 Total	1,425 1.064	451,051 448,763	24,650	477,126	NA	NA	574,869	48,837	623,705	98	3,191,200
979 Total	1,084	448,129	31,407 37,876	481,235 527,051	NA NA	NA NA	588,319 492,606	47,520 30,691	635,839 522,207	398	3,188,363
980 Total		526,680	41,642	569,274	391,163	29,051	492,000	18,351	523,297 420,214	268 179	3,490,523 3,681,595
981 Total	1,221	550,784	44,792	596,797	329,798	21,313	339,680	11,431	351,111	139	3,640,154
982 Total	1,075	543,346	49,245	593,666	234,434	15,337	243,537	6,234	249,771	149	3,225,518
983 Total	1,036	570,108	54,067	625,211	228,984	16,512	237,845	7,652	245,497	261	2,910,767
984 Total	1,070	606,339 621,885	56,990	664,399	189,289	15,190	197,050	7,429	204,479	252	3,111,342
985 Total 986 Total	1,033 829	631,885 616,134	60,923	693,841	158,779	14,635	166,842	6,572	173,414	231	3,044,083
987 Total	972	647,824	68,093 69,098	685,056 717,894	216,156 184,011	14,326 15,367	222,500 190,818	7,983	230,482	313	2,602,370
988 Total	1,063	681.048	76,260	758,372	229,327	18,769	235,817	8,560 12,279	199,378 248,096	348 409	2,844,051 2,635,613
989 Total		688,504	77,335	766,888	241,960	25,491	250,315	17,136	267,451	517	2,787,012
990 January	92	59,129	7,220	66,441	18,291	1,237	18,900	628	19,528	40	145,649
February	85	51,715	6,313	58,112	14,769	974	15,194	549	15,743	62	131,592
March		54,693	6,101	60,885	16,068	916	16,541	442	16,984	62	183,983
April		52,480	5,376	57,937	15,882	1,035	16,364	554	16,917	61	198,994
May		53,182	5,988	59,260	14,586	1,146	15,113	619	15,732	77	243,781
June July		58,357 64,272	6,892	65,340	20,619	1,555	21,145	1,028	22,174	66	297,036
August		65,696	7,183 7,317	71,551 73,106	20,041 16,715	1,615 1,618	20,514 17,212	1,141	21,655	74	326,087
September	84	60,461	6,455	67,001	12,037	1,318	12,491	1,121 863	18,333 13,354	72 79	342,965 300,858
October	82	58,118	6,181	64,381	10,772	1,186	11,272	686	11,958	86	256,797
November		54,927	6,043	61,041	9,473	910	9,998	385	10,383	61	184,695
December	75	61,287	7,132	68,493	11,979	1,313	12,785	507	13,292	78	174,893
Total	1,031	694,317	78,201	773,549	181,231	14,823	187,531	8,523	196,054	819	2,787,332
991 January	74	63,779	7,553	71,406	14,264	1,187	14,911	541	15,452	74	<sup>R</sup> 173,138
February	68	52,090	6,456	58,614	13,595	804	14,021	377	14,398	57	<sup>A</sup> 146,266
March April	93 92	52,924 50,131	6,255 5,219	59,272 55,443	13,513 12,142	828	13,999	341	14,340	73	<sup>R</sup> 192,899
May	73	55,229	5,219	55,443 61,228	16,312	1,019 1,814	12,641	519	13,161 18,126	72	215,659
June	72	58,455	7,290	65,817	17,325	1,122	16,919 17,845	1,208 602	18,126	66 50	249,454 260,153
July	101	64,202	7,548	71,852	17,289	1,218	17,737	770	18,507	50 61	329,861
August	90	64,280	7,514	71,884	18,041	1,380	18,500	921	19,421	56	327,621
September	90	57,474	6,833	64,397	13,209	1,165	13,634	740	14,374	52	262,825
October	86	55,586	6,212	61,883	9,791	902	10,289	403	10,693	50	263,376
November	79	57,662	6,073	63,814	12,020	1,146	12,575	591	13,166	52	197,831
December Total	77 994	<sup>R</sup> 59,462 <sup>R</sup> 691,275	7,120 79,999	<sup>R</sup> 66,659 <sup>R</sup> 772,268	13,656 171,157	1,143 13,729	<sup>R</sup> 14,214 177,286	586 <b>7,600</b>	14,800 184,886	59 <b>722</b>	<sup>R</sup> 169,931 <sup>R</sup> 2,789,014
992 January	80	60,754	7,304			-		·			
February	80	53,605	6,415	.68,137 60,100	15,811 12,741	1,103 809	16,332 13,104	582 446	16,914 13,550	68 76	169,302
March	93	56,217	6,368	62,678	13,415	843	13,104	446	13,550 14,259	83	170,286 207,854
April	73	53,351	5,407	58,831	9,422	794	9,826	390	10,216	66	228,590
May	69	54,998	5,858	60,924	7,734	854	8,221	367	8,587	50	236,175
June	84	57,185	6,859	64,128	11,384	1,079	11,895	568	12,463	66	265,529
July	90	66,428	7,407	73,926	12,930	1,425	13,382	973	14,355	72	333,360
August	84	62,853	7,616	70,553	10,607	1,011	11,067	551	11,619	116	302,591
September	83	58,723	6,985	65,791	10,456	850	10,822	485	11,307	98	273,728
October November	85 74	56,334 56,188	6,356 6,352	62,774	10,454	792	10,867	379	11,246	103	212,517
December	93	61,960	0,352 7,321	62,614 69,374	10,331 9,736	1,030 1,018	10,831 10,273	530 481	11,362	93 105	189,461
Total		51,550	1,021		3,130	1,010	10,213	40 i	10,754	105	175,669

<sup>a</sup> Heavy oil includes Grade Nos. 4, 5, and 6, and residual fuel oils.

<sup>b</sup> Light oil includes Grade No. 2 heating oil, kerosene, and jet fuel.

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GT/IC = Gas turbine and internal combustion plants.
 d Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

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R=Revised data. NA=Not available. Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: See end of section.

		Coal				Petroleum						
	•						Type roleum		Prime r Type			
	11 T	Anthracite	Bituminous Coal	Lignite	Total	Heavy Oil <sup>a</sup>	Light Oil <sup>b</sup>	Steam Plants	GT/IC°	Total Liquids	Petroleum Coke	
		Thousand Short Tons					Thousand Short Tons					
1973 Yea	ar	1,066	84,941	961	86,967	NA	NA	79,121	10,095	89,216	312	
	ar	930	81,712	867	83,509	NA	NA	97,718	15,199	112,917	35	
	ar	982	107,927	1,815	110,724	NA	NA	108,825	16,432	125,257	31	
	ar	1,000	114,130	2,306	117,436	NA	NA	106,993	14,703	121,696	32	
	ar	2,321	128,210	2,688	133,219	NA	NA	124,750	19,281	144,031	44	
	ar	2,178	123,020	3,027	128,225	NA	NA	102,402	16,386	118,788	198 183	
	B <b>F</b>	3,274	152,981	3,459	159,714	NA 105,351	NA 30,023	111,121 117,227	20,301 18,147	131,422 135,374	52	
	ar	4,741	174,154	4,115 5,098	183,010 168,893	105,351	26,023	112,380	15,756	128,136	42	
	87 87	5,537 6,080	158,258 170,480	4,573	181,132	95,515	23,369	105,287	13,597	118,884	41	
	ar	•	145,250	3,841	155,598	70,573	18,801	78,285	11,090	89,375	55	
	ar	6,710	167,118	5,899	179,727	68,503	19,116	76,836	10,784	87,619	50	
1985 Yes	ar	7,189	142,144	7,043	156,376	57,304	16,386	64,704	8,985	73,689	49	
	Br	7,099	148,665	6,042	161,806	56,841	16,269	64,258	8,853	73,111	40	
	ar	6,940	156,670	7,187	170,797	55,069	15,759	61,705	9,123	70,827	51	
1988 Yea	ar	6,561	133,434	6,512	146,507	54,187	15,099	60,311	8,974	69,285	86	
1989 Yea	ar	6,403	122,967	6,490	135,860	47,446	13,824	53,309	7,962	61,270	105	
1990 Jan	nuary	6,360	125,226	6,482	138,067	54,365	15,410	60,421	9,353	69,775	114	
	bruary		130,281	6,294	142,890	58,169	15,622	64,454	9,337	73,791	108	
	rch	6,294	137,522	6,302	150,118	57,728	15,249	63,746	9,231	72,977	104	
Apr	ril	6,298	143,648	6,979	156,925	55,419	14,837	61,314	8,942	70,256	93	
Mag	y		149,130	7,377	162,821	56,321	15,432	62,341	9,412	71,753	102	
	10		148,278	7,255	161,908	53,347	15,356	59,397	9,306	68,703	110	
	y		140,429	7,108	153,957	56,294	15,618	62,386	9,525	71,911	109 113	
	gust		137,678	6,966	151,085	57,320 60,274	15,468 15,574	63,342 66,336	9,446 9,512	72,788 75,848	95	
	ptember		136,716 142,465	6,711 7,294	149,913 156,271	61,835	16,142	68,143	9,833	77,977	83	
	tober vember		147,112	7,254	160,911	65,160	16,411	71,414	10,157	81,571	84	
	cember		142,650	7,016	156,166	67,030	16,471	73,306	10,195	83,501	94	
1991 Jan	nuary	6,470	<sup>R</sup> 138,220	<sup>R</sup> 7,407	<sup>R</sup> 152,097	64,344	16,601	70,744	10,201	80,945	103	
	bruary		<sup>R</sup> 142,454	<sup>P</sup> 7,220	<sup>R</sup> 156,116	60,490	16,892	67,367	10,014	77,382	111	
Ma	rch		<sup>R</sup> 147,469	<sup>R</sup> 7,231	<sup>R</sup> 161,084	58,172	16,376	64,699	9,848	74,547	101	
	ril		<sup>R</sup> 152,833	<sup>R</sup> 7,135	<sup>R</sup> 166,315	58,835	16,175	65,393	9,618	75,011	90	
	ı <b>y</b>		<sup>R</sup> 154,172	R 6,968	R 167,528	57,247 B co 045	15,574	63,531	9,290	72,822 <sup>R</sup> 74,025	81	
	ne		<sup>R</sup> 150,554	<sup>R</sup> 6,463	R 163,459	<sup>R</sup> 58,345 57,932	15,680 15,654	<sup>R</sup> 64,604 64,119	9,421 9,467	73,586	89 86	
	y avet		142,804 140,320	6,392 6,272	155,680 153,097	56,588	15,654	62,813	9,370	72,183	79	
	gust ptember	•	141,463	5,930	153,907	59,035	15,514	65,186	9,363	74,550	73	
	tober		146,178	6,090	158,813	60,225	15,790	66,257	9,758	76,015	64	
	vember		145,775	6,298	158,605	58,814	15,780	64,963	9,631	74,594	75	
	cember		<sup>R</sup> 145,367	5,996	<sup>R</sup> 157,876	58,636	16,357	65,032	9,961	74,993	70	
1992 Jar	nuary	6,488	143,224	5,683	155,395	52,593	16,105	58,924	9,775	68,698	72	
	bruary		146,190	5,352	157,997	54,560	15,668	60,905	9,323	70,228	62	
	arch	6,398	147,974	5,656	160,028	54,513	15,601	60,851	9,264	70,115	56	
	ril		149,870	6,387	162,636	52,817	15,398	59,060	9,155	68,215	47	
	ay		150,942	6,867	164,179	55,160	15,205	61,161	9,204	70,365	63 67	
	ne	-	151,221	6,538	164,115	53,784	15,110	59,638	9,256	68,895	67	
	y		141,262	6,449	154,051	53,445	14,974	59,256	9,163 9,250	68,419 69,869	56 46	
	gust		140,205	6,071	152,619 151,895	54,434 52,731	15,435	60,619 58,656	9,250 9,328	69,869 67,984	46 51	
	ptember		139,619	5,946 6,487	151,895	52,731 52,745	15,254 15,400	58,705	9,320	68,144	55	
	tober vernber		143,477 145,153	6,467	150,200	53,630	15,400	59,518	9,427	68,944	59	
	cember	•	141,873	5,759	153,846	56,135	15,699	62,355	9,480	71,834	67	

# Table 7.4 Electric Utility Stocks of Coal and Petroleum, End of Period

<sup>a</sup> Heavy oil includes Grade Nos. 4, 5, and 6, and residual fuel oils.

<sup>b</sup> Light oil includes Grade No. 2 heating oil, kerosene, and jet fuel.

<sup>c</sup> GT/IC = Gas turbine and internal combustion plants.

R=Revised data. NA=Not available.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: • Prime Mover Type Data: 1973-September 1977–Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." October 1977-1981—Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." 1982 forward—Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • All Other Data: 1973-September 1977—Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." October 1977-1979—Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." 1980—Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Electric Power Monthly*, March 1991, Table 28. 1981 and 1990 monthly data—EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, March 1992, Table 28. 1982 forward (except 1990 monthly data)—EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, March 1993, Table 28. • Prime Mover Type Data: 1973-September 1977— Federal Power Commission (FPC), Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." October 1977-1981— Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." 1982 forward—Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

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• All Other Data: 1973-September 1977—FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." October 1977-1979—FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." 1980—EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, March 1991, Table 17. 1981 and 1990 monthly data— EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, March 1992, Table 17. 1982 forward (except 1990 monthly data)—EIA, *Electric Power Monthly, March 1993, Table 17.* 

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# Section 8. Nuclear Energy

In December 1992, U.S. nuclear generating units produced a total of 58 net terawatthours (billion kilowatthours) of electricity, 8 percent<sup>8</sup> more than in December 1991. Nuclear units generated at an average capacity factor of 78.9 percent, 7 percentage points higher than in December 1991. Nuclear power supplied 23.8 percent of the total electric utilitygenerated electricity in December 1992, compared with 22.9 percent in December 1991.

Nuclear generation, average capacity factor, and share of electricity were higher in 1992, compared with 1991. Specifically, nuclear generation for 1992 increased 1.0 percent, compared with 1991. The average capacity factor for U.S. nuclear units was 70.9 percent in 1992 and 70.2 percent in 1991. The 1992 capacity factor for U.S. nuclear units is the highest average ever recorded. The previous high was 70.2 percent in 1991. The record generation contributed to an average nuclear share of total electric utility-generated electricity of 22.1 percent in 1992, compared with 21.7 in 1991.

No low- or full-power licenses for nuclear power plants were issued by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) during December 1992; however, eight units remain in either the Under Construction or Indefinitely Deferred status at the end of 1992. Currently, one U.S. nuclear unit (Commanche Peak 2) is on the NRC operating license hearing schedule for 1993. The San Onofre 1 nuclear unit, owned by Southern California Edison (SCE), stopped commercial service on December 1, 1992. SCE was issued a contingent possession-only-license for San Onofre 1 in December 1992 for the unloading of nuclear fuel from San Onofre 1.

On December 31, 1992, there were 109 operable nuclear generating units in the United States, with a collective net summer capability of 99.0 million kilowatts of electricity. Of the 109 operable units, 15 units generated at less than 25 percent of capacity because of maintenance, refueling, or repair outage, and 12 of the 15 units generated no electricity during the month.

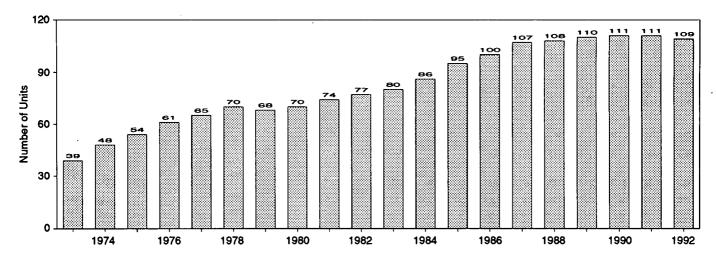
Two operable units, Browns Ferry 1 and 3, have been shut down since March 1985. Each unit had a capacity of 1,065 megawatts electric.

As of December 31, there were 117 domestic nuclear generating units in all stages of construction and operation. The aggregate net design capacity of operable units was 101.0 million kilowatts, and the design capacity of units under construction was 9.7 million kilowatts, for a total design capacity of 110.7 million kilowatts.

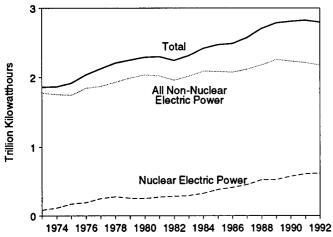
<sup>8</sup>Percentage changes are based on numbers shown in the following tables.

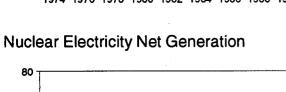
### Figure 8.1 Nuclear Power Plant Operations

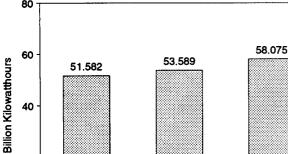
# Operable Units, End of Year, 1973-1992

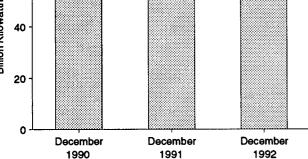


Net Generation of Electricity, 1973-1992



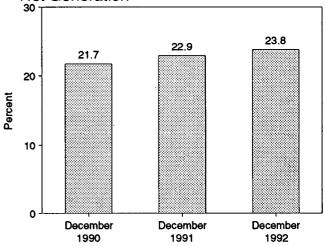


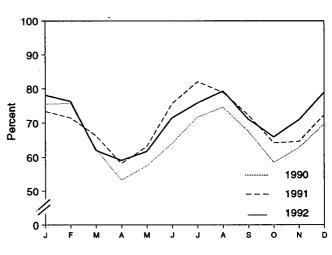




Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Tables 7.1 and 8.1.

Nuclear Portion of Domestic Electricity Net Generation





### Capacity Factor, Monthly

# Table 8.1 Nuclear Power Plant Operations

	Operable Units <sup>a,b</sup>	Electricity Net Generation	Domestic Electricity Net Generation	Capability of Operable Units <sup>a,c</sup>	Capacity Factor <sup>d</sup>	
	Number	Million Kilowatthours	Percent	Million Kilowatts	Percent	
			·			
'3 Year	39	83,479	4.5	22.683	53.5	
'4 Year	48	113,976	6.1	31.867	47.8	
'5 Year	54	172,505	9.0	37.267	55.9	
76 Year	61	191,104	9.4	43.822	54.7	
7 Year	65	250,883	11.8	46.303	63.3	
78 Year	70	276,403	12.5	50.824	64.5	
79 Year	68	255,155	11.4	49.747	58.4	
0 Year	70	251,116	11.0	51.810	56.3	
31 Year	74	272,674	11.9	56.042	58.2	
2 Year	$\overline{n}$	282,773	12.6	60.035	56.6	
	80	293,677	12.7	63.009	54.4	
33 Year	86	327,634	13.6	69.652	56.3	
34 Year			15.5	79.397	58.0	
35 Year	95	383,691	15.5	85.241	56.9	
36 Year	100	414,038		93.583	57.4	
37 Year	107	455,270	17.7	93.583 94.695	63.5	
38 Year	108	526,973	19.5	94.695 98.161	62.2	
39 Year	110	529,355	19.0	98.101	02.2	
90 January	110	55,119	23.2	98.161	75.5	
February	110	49,963	23.5	98.161	75.7	
March	111	46,087	20.4	99.311	62.4	
April	112	38,516	18.2	100.461	53.3	
May	112	42,945	19.3	100.461	57.5	
June	112	46,332	18.6	100.461	64.1	
	112	53,645	20.1	100.497	71.7	
July		•	20.8	100.497	74.6	
August	112	55,758	20.8	99.624	67.5	
September	111	48,485		1	58.5	
October	111	43,395	19.3	99.624		
November	111	45,034	21.1	99.624	62.8	
December	111	51,582	21.7	99.624	69.6	
Year	111	576,862	20.5	99.624	66.0	
91 January	111	54,369	21.9	99.624	73.4	
February	111	47,863	22.7	99.624	71.5	
March	111	49,121	22.2	99.624	66.3	
April	111	41,631	19.9	99.624	58.2	
May	111	46,755	R 19.9	99.624	63.1	
June	111	54,208	21.8	99.624	75.6	
July	iii	60,735	22.3	99.589	82.0	
August	111	58,473	21.8	99.589	78.9	
•	111	51,874	22.2	99.589	72.3	
September			21.3	99.589	64.2	
October	111	47,653	21.3	99.589	64.6	
November	111	46,295		99.589	72.3	
December Year	111 <b>111</b>	53,589 <b>612,565</b>	22.9 <b>21.7</b>	99.589	70.2	
	•					
92 January	111	57,878	23.7	99.589	78.1	
February	110	52,804	24.2	99.422	<sup>R</sup> 76.3	
March	110	45,835	20.4	99.422	62.0	
April	110	42,268	20.1	99.422	59.1	
May	110	45,627	20.7	99.422	61.7	
June	110	51,185	21.6	99.422	71.5	
July	110	56,049	21.1	99.422	75.8	
August	110	58,656	23.0	99.422	79.3	
	110	50,919	21.7	99.422	71.1	
September		48,784	22.0	99.422	65.9	
October	110	•	22.9	99.422	70.9	
November	110	50,726		98.986	78.9	
December Year	109 <b>109</b>	58,075 <b>618,806</b>	23.8 <b>22.1</b>	98.986	70.9	

<sup>a</sup> At end of period. <sup>b</sup> See Note 1 at end of section.

<sup>c</sup> For the definition of "Net Summer Capability," see Note 3 at end of

section . <sup>d</sup> For an explanation of the method of calculating the capacity factor, see Note 4 at end of section.

R=Revised data.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
Nuclear electricity net generation totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: See end of section.

	Licensed for Operation		Construction Permits					Total
	Operable <sup>a</sup>	In Startup <sup>b</sup>	Granted	Pending	On Order	Announced	Total	Design Capacity <sup>c</sup>
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Number of Units				Million Kilowatts
1973 Year	39	2	57	52	49	9		400
1974 Year	48	5	62	75	49 30	9 6	208 226	198
1975 Year	54	2	69	69	14	6 5		223
1976 Year	61	1	71	63	16	2	213 214	212
1977 Year	65	2	78	49	13	2	209	211 203
1978 Year	70	0	88	32	5	ō	195	191
1979 Year	68	0	90	24	3	ŏ	185	180
1980 Year	70	1	82	12	3	ŏ	168	162
1981 Year	74	0	76	11	2	ŏ	163	157
1982 Year	77	2	60	3	2	ŏ	144	134
1983 Year	80	3	53	0	2	ŏ	138	129
1984 Year	86	6	38	Ō	2	õ	132	123
1985 Year	95	3	30	Ó	2	ŏ	130	123
1986 Year	100	7	19	Ó	2	ŏ	128	119
1987 Year	107	4	14	Ō	2	ŏ	127	119
1988 Year	108	3	12	0	ō	õ	123	115
1989 Year	110	1	10	0	0	Ō	121	113
1990 January	110	1	10	0	•			
February	110	2	9	0	0	0	121	113
March	111	1	9	0	0	0	121	113
April	112	ò	9	0	0	0	121	113
May	112	0	9	0	0	0	121	113
June	112	Ő	9	0	0	0	121	113
July	112	0	9	0	0	0	121	113
August	112	ŏ	9	Ö	0	0	121	113
September	d 111	ŏ	9	0	0	0	121 d 120	113
October	111	ŏ	9	ŏ	ő	0		113
November	111	ŏ.	9	ŏ	ő	0	120	113
December	111	Ō	8	Ő	ŏ	0	120 119	113 111
1991 January	111	0	8	0	0	•	440	
February	111	ŏ	8	ŏ	ŏ	0	119	- 111
March	111	ŏ	8	ŏ	ŏ	0	119	111
April	111	õ	8	ŏ	ŏ	0	119	111
May	111	Ō	8	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	119 119	111
June	111	Ó	8	ŏ	ŏ	Ö	119	111 111
July	111	0	8	ō	ŏ	ő	119	111
August	111	0	8	õ	õ	ŏ	119	111
September	111	0	8	õ	ŏ	ŏ	119	111
October	111	0	8	Ō	õ	ŏ	119	111
November	111	0	. 8	Ó	ŏ	ŏ	119	111
December	111	0	8	0	Ō	ŏ	119	- 111
1992 January	111	0	0	•	•	_		
February	110	0	8	0	0	0	119	111
March	110	0	8 8	0	0	0	118	111
April	110	0	8	0	0	0	118	111
May	110	0	8	0	0	0	118	111
June	110	0	8	0	0	0	118	111
July	110	0	8	0	0	0	118	111
August	110	ŏ	8	0	0	0	118	111
September	110	Ŏ	8	0	0	0	118	111
October	110	ŏ	8	0	0	0	118	111
November	110	ŏ	. 8	0	0	0	118	111
····		~	. 0	U	U	0	118	111

# Table 8.2 Nuclear Generating Units, End of Period

See Note 1 at end of section.

November .....

December .....

See Note 2 at end of section. c

Net design electrical rating (DER) is used because many of the units were canceled prior to being assigned a net summer capability. See Note 3 at end of section.

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As of September 1990, Rancho Seco is deleted from this category, because the unit is not currently scheduled to operate.

Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: . Licensed for Operation: 1973-1982-U.S. Department of Energy (DOE), Office of Nuclear Programs, "U.S. Central Station Nuclear Electric Generating Units: Significant Milestones." 1983 forward-Nuclear (NRC), Regulatory Commission "Licensed Reactors\* Operating (NUREG-0020). • Construction Permits, On Order, and Announced: 1973-1982-Compiled from various sources, primarily DOE, Office of Nuclear Reactor Programs, "U.S. Central Station Nuclear Electric Generating Units: Significant Milestones"; EIA, Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate

Fuels (CNEAF), "Nuclear Steam-Electric Units That Have Been in Operation as of 1957-1989"; EIA, CNEAF, "Nuclear Plant Cancellations: Causes, Costs, and Consequences"; and Utility Data Institute, Inc., "U.S. Nuclear Plant Statistics, 1987." 1983 forward—NRC, "Summary Information Report" (NUREG-0871); NRC, "Licensed Operating Reactors" (NUREG-0020); and various journals. • Total Design Capacity: 1973-1982-Compiled from various sources, primarily DOE, Office of Nuclear Reactor Programs, "U.S. Central Station Nuclear Electric Generating Units: Significant Milestones\*; EIA, CNEAF, "Nuclear Steam-Electric Units That Have Been in Operation as of 1957-1987"; EIA, CNEAF, "Monthly Report for Electric Utilities-Power Generation"; EIA, CNEAF, "Nuclear Plant Cancellations: Causes, Costs, and Consequences"; and Utility Data Institute, Inc., "U.S. Nuclear Plant Statistics, 1987. 1983 forward---NRC, "Summary Information Report" (NUREG-0871); NRC, "Licensed Operating Reactors" (NUREG-0020); and EIA, Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report."

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# **Nuclear Energy Notes**

**1. Operable Units:** Nuclear generating units that have been issued a full-power license by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC).

Exceptions: The Shippingport (60 MWe) and the Hanford-N (840 MWe) nuclear units were included in the operable units until 1982 and 1988, respectively. The Shippingport unit was excluded from the operable category during March 1974-August 1977 due to a major core modification outage. Hanford-N, an unlicensed unit used for defense material production, was included in the operable category because power was produced as by-product and sold commercially. Three Mile Island 2 (880 MWe) experienced a major accident in 1979 and, although that unit still retains its operating license and site cleanup continues, there is no plan to restart it. Therefore, it has not been included in the operable category since March 1979. Although Shoreham received a full-power license in April 1989, the unit is not currently scheduled to operate and, therefore, has not been included in the operable category. Rancho Seco (873 MWe) was shut down by the Sacramento Municipal Utility District (SMUD) in June 1989 following a referendum on its continued operation. Because there are currently no plans to operate it as a nuclear unit, it is no longer included as an operable unit but is identified as a unit shut down for an extended period. As soon as SMUD and the NRC formalize the plant's official retirement, it will be noted as such in this report. The Department of Energyoperated Experimental Breeder Reactor 2 (EBR-2) unit is not a commercial reactor and is therefore not included in the operable category.

In addition, seven units have been retired and therefore removed from the operable category. Those units are: Peach Bottom 1 (40 MWe) and Indian Point 1 (265 MWe), both retired in 1974; Humboldt Bay (65 MWe), officially retired in 1976; Dresden 1 (200 MWe), retired in August 1979; LaCrosse (51 MWe), retired in May 1987; Fort Saint Vrain (217 MWe), retired in August 1989; Yankee Rowe 1 (185 MWe), retired in February 1992; and San Onofre 1 (436 MWe), retired in December 1992.

2. In Startup: The period of time between a nuclear generating unit's initial fuel loading date and the issuance of its full-power license. During that period, the unit is undergoing low-power testing and the maximum level of operation is 5 percent of the unit's design thermal rating.

3. Capacity: Nuclear generating units may have more than one type of net capacity rating, including the following:

(a) Net Summer Capability—The steady hourly output that generating equipment is expected to supply to system load, exclusive of auxiliary power, as demonstrated by test at the time of summer peak demand. Auxiliary power of a typical nuclear power plant is about 5 percent of gross generation.

(b) Net Design Capacity or Net Design Electrical Rating (DER)—The nominal net electrical output of the unit, specified by the utility and used for plant design.

4. Monthly Capacity Factors: The monthly capacity factors are computed as the actual monthly generation divided by the maximum possible generation for that month. The maximum possible generation is the number of hours in the month multiplied by the net summer capability at the end of the month. That fraction is then multiplied by 100 to obtain a percentage. Annual capacity factors are averages of the monthly values for that year.

#### Sources for Table 8.1

• Operable Units: 1973-1982—U.S. Department of Energy (DOE), Office of Nuclear Programs, "U.S. Central Station Nuclear Electric Generating Units: Significant Milestones." 1983 forward—Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC), "Licensed Operating Reactors" (NUREG-0200).

• Nuclear Electricity Net Generation: Table 7.1.

• Nuclear Portion of Domestic Electricity Net Generation: Calculated from data in Table 7.1.

• Net Summer Capability of Operable Units: 1973-1982—Compiled from various sources, primarily DOE, Office of Nuclear Reactor Programs, "U.S. Central Station Nuclear Electric Generating Units: Significant Milestones." 1983 forward—Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generation Report," and monthly updates, as appropriate, from the NRC.

• Capacity Factor: EIA, Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric, and Alternate Fuels.

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# **Section 9. Energy Prices**

**Crude Oil.** The average price of domestic crude oil purchased at the wellhead was \$14.93 per barrel in December 1992, 2 percent above the level in December 1991. The refiner acquisition cost of imported crude oil in December 1992 was \$16.94 per barrel, 1 percent below the December 1991 level. The average cost of domestic crude oil in December 1992 was \$17.85, almost the same as the December 1991 average.

Motor Gasoline. The national city average retail price of unleaded regular gasoline at all types of stations was \$1.12 per gallon in January 1993, 4 percent higher than the price in January 1991. The price of unleaded premium gasoline averaged \$1.31 per gallon in January 1993, 4 percent higher than the price in January 1992.

**Residual Fuel Oil.** The average price, excluding taxes, of residual fuel oil sold to end users in December 1992 was 36 cents per gallon, 8 percent lower than the previous month's price but 9 percent above the December 1991 average. The average resale price, excluding taxes, of residual fuel oil in December 1992 was 31 cents per gallon, 15 percent lower than the November 1992 average but 6 percent above the price 1 year earlier.

Aviation Fuel. The average price, excluding taxes, of aviation gasoline sold to end users in December 1992 was \$1.01 per gallon, 2 percent lower than the previous month's price and 1 percent lower than the December 1991 price. The average price, excluding taxes, of kerosene-type jet fuel sold to end users in December 1992 was 59 cents per gallon, 6 percent lower than the previous month's price and 4 percent lower than the December 1991 average price.

No. 2 Distillate Fuel Oil. The December 1992 national average price, excluding taxes, of heating oil sold to residential customers was 95 cents per gallon, slightly lower than the November 1992 price and 1 percent lower than the December 1991 price. The average price of No. 2 fuel oil sold to all end users was 63 cents per gallon in December 1992, 2 percent lower than the November 1992 price but slightly higher than the December 1991 price.

Electricity. The average price of electricity sold to all ultimate consumers in the United States in December 1992 was 6.6 cents per kilowatthour, the same as the December 1991 mean price. The price of electricity sold to residential consumers in December 1992 averaged 7.9 cents per kilowatthour, 1 percent above the December 1991 price. The price of electricity sold to commercial consumers averaged 7.4 cents per kilowatthour in December 1992, 1 percent above the December 1991 price. The price of electricity sold to other consumers was 6.6 cents per kilowatthour, 3 percent higher than the December 1991 price. The price of electricity sold to industrial users in December 1992 averaged 4.7 cents per kilowatthour, the same as the price 1 year earlier.

Beginning with January 1986, there were new series of national average price estimates based on a statistically derived sample of both publicly and privately owned electric utilities. Previously, average price estimates were derived from selected privately owned electric utilities and were not national averages.

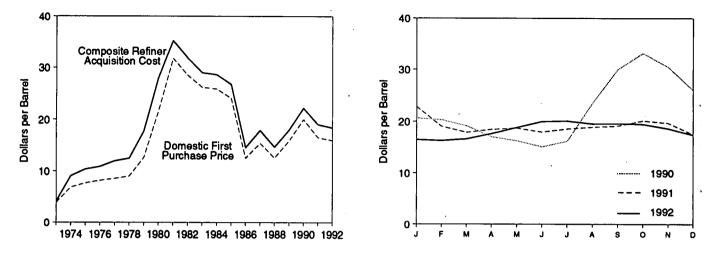
Natural Gas. The estimated average wellhead price of natural gas for December 1992 was \$2.20 per thousand cubic feet, 10 percent above the December 1991 price.

The average price of natural gas delivered to electric utility plants was \$2.87 per thousand cubic feet in November 1992 (latest date for which data are available), 18 percent above the November 1991 price. The average price of natural gas used by residential consumers in December 1992 was \$5.71 per thousand cubic feet, 4 percent above the December 1991 price. The average price of natural gas used by commercial consumers in December 1992 was \$5.11 per thousand cubic feet, 6 percent higher than the December 1991 price. The average price of natural gas used by industrial consumers in December 1992 was \$3.34 per thousand cubic feet, 8 percent above the December 1991 price.

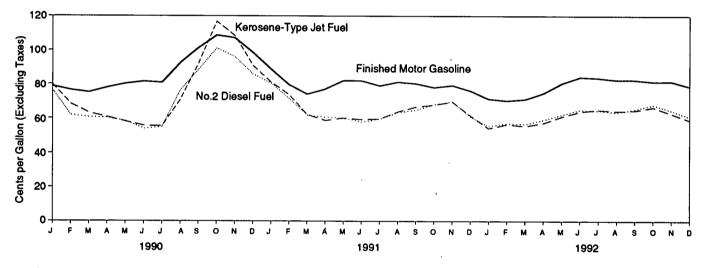
### Figure 9.1 Petroleum Prices

Crude Oil Prices, 1973-1992

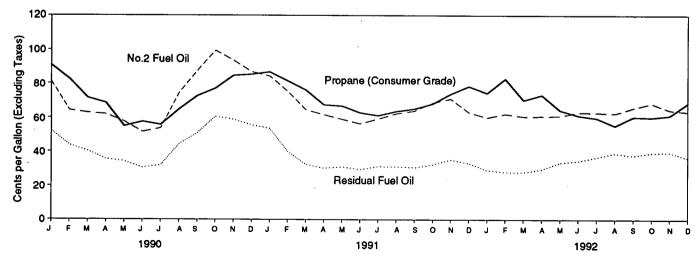
### **Composite Refiner Acquisition Cost, Monthly**



Refiner Prices to End Users: Motor Gasoline, Diesel Fuel, and Jet Fuel, Monthly



Refiner Prices to End Users: No. 2 Fuel Oil, Propane, and Residual Fuel, Monthly



Sources: Tables 9.1, 9.5, and 9.7.

### Table 9.1 Crude Oil Price Summary

(Dollars per Barrel)

				Re	efiner Acquisition Co	st <sup>a</sup>
	Domestic First	F.O.B. Cost	Landed Cost			
	Purchase Price <sup>b</sup>	of Imports <sup>c</sup>	of Imports <sup>d</sup>	Domestic	Imported	Composite
73 Average	3.89	<sup>e</sup> 5.21	<sup>e</sup> 6.41	<sup>E</sup> 4.17	<sup>E</sup> 4.08	<sup>E</sup> 4.15
974 Average	6.87	10.91	12.32	7.18	12.52	9.07
Ŷ	7.67	11.18	12.70	8.39	13.93	10.38
75 Average			13.32	8.84	13.48	10.89
976 Average	8.19	12.15			14.53	11.96
977 Average	8.57	13.24	14.36	9.55		
978 Average	9.00	13.29	14.35	10.61	14.57	12.46
979 Average	12.64	20.07	21.45	14.27	21.67	17.72
980 Average	21.59	32.37	33.67	24.23	33.89	28.07
981 Average	31.77	35.15	36.47	34.33	37.05	35.24
982 Average	28.52	32.02	33.18	31.22	33.55	31.87
983 Average	26.19	27.81	28.93	28.87	29.30	28.99
984 Average	25.88	27.60	28.54	28.53	28.88	28.63
985 Average	24.09	25.84	26.67	26.66	26.99	26.75
986 Average	12.51	12.52	13.49	14.82	14.00	14.55
	15.40	16.69	17.65	17.76	18.13	17.90
987 Average		13.25	14.08	14.74	14.56	14.67
988 Average	12.58			17.87	18.08	17.97
989 Average	15.86	16.89	17.68	17.07	10.00	11.01
990 January	18.49	18.81	19.81	20.75	20.51	20.64
February	18.16	18.01	18.96	20.75	19.78	20.31
March	16.57	16.91	17.93	19.32	18.94	19.14
April	14.52	14.94	15.96	17.37	16.66	17.05
May	13.82	14.50	15.30	16.45	16.07	16.27
June	12.79	13.84	14.99	15.06	15.15	15.11
July	14.03	16.52	17.65	15.86	16.54	16.19
	21.87	23.84	24.63	22.96	24.26	23.55
August	28.46	29.07	29.48	30.14	29.88	30.03
September		30.75	31.47	33.32	32.88	33.14
October	30.86		28.34	30.75	30.19	30.52
November	27.53	27.55			25.56	26.09
December	22.63	23.24	24.05	26.46		20.09
Average	20.03	20.37	21.13	22.59	21.76	££.££
991 January	19.60	19.95	20.86	23.25	22.30	22.85
February	16.28	16.31	17.26	19.55	18.30	19.03
March	15.13	15.89	17.16	18.12	17.58	17.89
April	16.16	16.58	17.78	18.56	18.32	18.46
May	16.44	16.45	17.82	18.98	18.36	18.70
June	15.58	15.81	17.16	18.16	17.78	17.98
	16.36	16.73	17.84	18.91	18.14	18.57
July	16.60	16.99	18.20	19.10	18.71	18.92
August	16.71	17.48	18.63	19.31	19.00	19.17
September		18.12	19.03	20.39	19.86	20.16
October	17.72				19.35	19.72
November	17.12	17.51	18.33	20.01		17.56
December	14.68	15.11	16.19	17.84	17.17	
Average	16.54	16.89	18.02	19.33	18.70	19.06
992 January	13.93	14.30	15.25	16.75	16.10	16.47
February	14.07	14.58	15.52	16.49	16.00	16.28
March	14.12	14.93	15.97	16.81	16.36	16.62
April	15.37	16.53	17.31	17.88	17.37	17.66
	16.38	17.49	18.32	18.86	18.79	18.83
May			19.44	20.13	19.83	19.99
June	17.95	18.43			19.83	20.10
July	17.80	18.00	19.12	20.42		
August	17.08	17.66	18.72	19.84	19.25	19.56
September	17.20	18.13	18.97	19.88	19.26	19.59
October	17.17	<sup>R</sup> 17.75	<sup>R</sup> 18.76	19.64	19.34	19.49
November	<sup>R</sup> 16.01	<sup>R</sup> 16.61	<sup>A</sup> 17.77	<sup>R</sup> 18.90	<sup>R</sup> 18.40	<sup>R</sup> 18.66
December	14.93	15.49	16.48	17.85	16.94	17.43
Average	15.98	16.77	17.75	18.63	18.20	18.43

<sup>a</sup> See Note 4 at end of section.

<sup>b</sup> See Note 1 at end of section.

<sup>c</sup> See Note 2 at end of section.

<sup>d</sup> See Note 3 at end of section.

<sup>e</sup> Based on October, November, and December data only.

R=Revised data. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States, the District of Columbia,

k

 Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and all U.S. Territories and Possessions.
 Values for Domestic First Purchase Price and Refiner Acquisition Cost for the current month and for F.O.B. and Landed Cost of Imports for the current 2 months are preliminary.
 F.O.B. and Landed costs through 1980 reflect the period of reporting; prices after 1980 reflect the period of loading
 Annual averages are the averages of the monthly prices, weighted by volume. Sources: See end of section.

# Table 9.2 F.O.B. Costs of Crude Oil Imports from Selected Countries

(Dollars per Barrel)

	Algeria	Indonesia	Iran	Mexico	Nigeria	Saudi Arabia	United Kingdom	Venezuela	Other Countries	Arab OPEC <sup>a</sup>	Tota OPEC
73 Average <sup>c</sup>	7.23	5.67	4.24	NA	7.81	3.25	NA	5.39	4.84	4.06	5.4
74 Average	13.23	11.99	10.85	W	12.44	10.17	NA	10.71	10.02	10.96	11.3
5 Average	11.93	12.55	10.81	11.44	11.82	10.87	NA	11.04	10.86	11.18	11.3
6 Average	13.05	12.76	11.61	12.22	13.08	11.62	Ŵ	11.39	11.92	12.06	12.2
7 Average	14.35	13.57	12.68	13.42	14.44	12.38	14.11	12.63	13.19	13.13	13.2
8 Average	14.12	13.61	12.65	13.24	14.05	12.70	13.82	12.38	13.35	13.28	13.2
9 Average	20.53	19.03	22.93	20.27	21.69	17.28	21.70	16.90	21.10		
O Average	36.67	32.17	NA	31.06	35.93	28.17	34.36	24.81	34.34	19.27	19.8
1 Average	39.08	35.62	( <sup>d</sup> )	33.01	38.31	32.60	36.06	28.95		31.57	32.2
2 Average	34.20	35.11	30.97	28.08	35.13	33.73	33.42	28.95	36.69	34.79	35.1
3 Average	30.09	29.92	28.39	25.20	29.81	27.53	29.91		31.96	33.84	33.4
4 Average	28.34	29.13	27.42	26.39	29.51	27.67		21.48	27.96	28.28	28.4
5 Average	26.89	27.12	W	25.33	28.04	22.04	28.87	24.23	27.79	27.79	27.7
6 Average	13.62	13.19	Ŵ	11.84	14.35		27.64	23.64	26.12	24.34	25.6
7 Average	16.79	17.40	Ŵ			11.36	13.84	10.92	13.32	11.59	12.2
8 Average	W		( <sup>d</sup> )	16.36	18.47	15.12	18.28	15.08	17.11	15.80	16.4
D Average		13.81		12.18	15.16	12.16	14.80	12.96	13.45	12.57	13.4
9 Average	w	17.01	(°)	15.96	18.31	16.29	17.89	16.09	17.12	16.72	17.0
0 January	W	19.25	(d)	18.04	21.22	W	21.00	16.73	19.13	17.96	18.6
February	W	19.43		16.68	20.41	w	w	16.01	18.36	16.64	18.1
March	W	18.98		16.24	18.41	W	w	15.95	16.82	14.98	16.8
April	W	17.38		13.30	16.79	11.44	16.13	15.57	14.77	13.02	15.0
May	W	16.19		12.11	16.50	12.97	15.69	14.60	14.19	12.42	14.6
June	W	15.20	(ʰ)	10.74	15.58	w	W	13.11	13.89	14.56	14.5
July	W	15.06	(þ)	12.84	17.12	w	15.10	16.66	17.79	20.27	18.1
August	W	19.12	(ď)	21.16	25.65	31.09	21.18	24.33	22.63	28.97	25.4
September	w	W	(°)	27.04	32.74	W	33.05	27.71	30.02	28.02	29.2
October	w	35.41	(°)	29.15	37.31	28.73	32.53	26.39	33.13	29.85	30.3
November	w	w	(þ)	27.18	33.56	21.20	w	22.96	29.56	23.39	26.7
December	w	W ·	(d)	22.58	29.38	14.41	w	20.41	25.32	16.17	21.8
Average	W	21.29	(°)	19.26	22.46	20.36	23.43	19.55	19.88	18.84	20.4
I January	w	w	( <sup>d</sup> )	19.39	24.68	12.69	w	17.04	21.24	16.04	19.4
February	w	20.82	(þ)	13.62	20.48	14.06	w	14.50	17.12	14.56	16.7
March	w	w	(°)	13.59	19.44	w	24.50	14.90	16.18	15.24	16.4
April	w	16.85	}¤ý	15.34	19.12	15.14	W	15.38	16.90	15.72	16.8
May	w	W	`w′	15.24	19.35	15.15	Ŵ	14.68	16.95	15.71	16.7
June	w	16.77	( <sup>d</sup> )	14.68	18.38	14.54	ŵ	13.62	16.33	15.29	16.0
July	w	W	`w′	15.24	19.44	Ŵ	19.45	14.85	17.41	15.86	
August	ŵ	ŵ	ŵ	15.34	20.20	16.35	W	14.65	17.82	16.81	16.80 17.23
September	ŵ	ŵ	ŵ	15.40	21.10	15.85	20.24	15.53	18.79	16.76	17.5
October	ŵ	18.50	ŵ	16.91	22.55	14.61	20.24 W	16.44	19.42	15.76	17.5/
November	ŵ	W	(d)	16.30	21.63	13.33	21.67	14.77	19.42	15.76	
December	ŵ	ŵ	(a)	13.47	18.99	12.72	21.07 W	12.62	16.57	15.02	17.03 15.03
Average	W	18.69	15.58	15.37	20.29	14.62	20.81	14.91	17.79	15.59	16.99
2 January	w	w	( <sup>d</sup> )	12.45	18.58	13.11	( <sup>d</sup> )	12.32	15.36	14.27	14.55
February	ŵ	. w	(a)	12.40	18.28	14.23	`w′	12.52	15.95	14.27	
March	( <sup>'d'</sup> )	Ŵ	(d)	12.67	18.07	14.23	Ŵ	12.55	16.01		14.9
April	`w′	16.23	idi	14.15	19.58	16.14	Ŵ	12.45		15.05	15.2
May	ŵ	W	(a)	16.04	20.47	16.83	Ŵ	14.37	17.12	16.59	17.10
June	Ŵ	ŵ	20	17.09					18.35	17.53	17.70
July	Ŵ	Ŵ	(d)	16.89	21.42	17.81	20.14	15.30	19.20	18.30	18.53
August	Ŵ	Ŵ	(d)		20.83	17.51	W	15.10	18.74	18.09	18.00
September	( <sup>0</sup> )	Ŵ		16.36	20.33	17.10	20.00	15.42	18.45	18.02	17.7
	) a (			16.86	20.84 B 20.70	17.76 B 40.40	20.20	16.21	18.68	17.97	_ 18.18
October	(d) (d)	W	( ] ) ( ] )	16.90 B 15.00	<sup>R</sup> 20.79	<sup>R</sup> 16.18	W	15.40	18.74	<sup>R</sup> 16.70	<sup>R</sup> 17.56
November	(_)	w	(2)	<sup>R</sup> 15.80	R 20.00	<sup>R</sup> 16.11	R 19.82	<sup>R</sup> 13.84	<sup>H</sup> 17.56	<sup>H</sup> 16.30	<sup>R</sup> 16.2
December	W	W	(d) (d)	14.74	18.47	15.46	( <sup>d</sup> )	13.58	16.08	15.92	15.64
Average	W	17.05	(~)	15.26	20.00	15.96	19.78	14.41	17.66	16.58	16.89

<sup>a</sup> The Arab members of OPEC are Algeria, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates.

<sup>b</sup> "Total OPEC" consists of Ecuador, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Nigeria, and Venezuela, as well as the Arab members. The cost of imports from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia is included in the cost of imports from "Total OPEC."

- <sup>c</sup> Based on October, November, and December data only.
- d No data reported.

 $R{=}Revised$  data. NA=Not available. W=Value withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: • The Free on Board (F.O.B) cost at the country of origin excludes all costs related to insurance and transportation. See Note 2 at end of section. • Values for the current 2 months are preliminary. • Prices through 1980 reflect the period of reporting; prices after 1980 reflect the period of loading. • Annual averages are averages of the monthly prices, including prices not published, weighted by volume. • Cargoes that are purchased on a "netback" basis, or under similar contractual arrangements whereby the actual purchase price is not established at the time the crude oil is acquired for importation into the United States, are not included in the published data until the actual prices have been determined and reported.

Sources: • October 1973-September 1977: Federal Energy Administration, Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report." • October 1977-December 1977: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report." • 1978 forward: EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, March 1993, Table 21.

# Table 9.3 Landed Costs of Crude Oil Imports from Selected Countries

(Dollars per Barrel)

							Saudi	United		Other	Arab	Total
	Algeria	Canada	Indonesia	lran	Mexico	Nigeria	Arabia	Kingdom	Venezuela	Countries	OPEC <sup>a</sup>	OPEC
1973 Average <sup>c</sup>	8.39	5.33	7.22	6.48	NA	9.08	5.37	NA	5.99	6.99	5.92	6.85
1974 Average	13.97	11.48	13.20	12.48	w	13.16	11.63	NA	11.25	12.93	12.39	12.49
1975 Average	12.86	12.84	13.83	12.51	12.61	12.70	12.50	NA	12.36	12.66	12.71	12.70
1976 Average	13.90	13.36	13.85	12.86	12.64	13.81	13.06	W	11.89	13.36	13.31	13.32
1977 Average	15.24	14.13	14.65	13.86	13.82	15.29	13.69	14.83	13.11	14.56	14.30	14.35
1978 Average	14.93	14.41	14.65	13.89	13.56	14.88	13.94	14.53	12.84	14.58	14.36	14.34
1979 Average	21.88	20.22	20.63	24.21	20.77	22.97	18.95	22.97	17.65	22.86	20.79	21.29
1980 Average	37.92	30.11	33.92	NA	31.77	37.15	29.80	35.68	25.92	36.15	32.97	33.56
1981 Average	40.46	32.32	37.31	(°)	33.70	39.66	34.20	37.29	29.91	38.54	36.22	36.60
1982 Average	35.35	27.15	36.70	32.46	28.63	36.16	34.99	34.25	24.93	34.03	35.15	34.81
1983 Average	31.26	25.63	31.57	29.81	25.78	30.85	29.27	30.87	22.94	29.68	29.87	29.84
1984 Average	29.06	26.56	30.87	28.70	26.85	30.36	29.20	29.45	25.19	29.21	29.10	29.06
1985 Average	27.51	25.71	28.67	25.79	25.63	28.96	24.72	28.36	24.43	27.33	25.90	26.86
1986 Average	14.82	13.43	14.63	12.38	12.17	15.29	12.84	14.63	11.52	14.25	13.14	13.46
1987 Average	17.87	17.04	18.49	18.28	16.69	19.32	16.81	18.78	15.76	18.30	17.32	17.64
1988 Average	W	13.50	15.15	Ŵ	12.58	15.88	13.37	15.82	13.66	14.45	13.60	14.18
1989 Average	19.13	16.81	18.35	( <sup>d</sup> )	16.35	19.19	17.34	18.74	16.78	18.08	17.41	17.78
1990 January	w	18.52	20.86	( <sup>d</sup> )	18.49	22.36	19.18	21.56	17.86	20.45	19.33	19.77
February	w	18.52	21.21	(ª)	17.13	21.46	18.32	W	16.69	19.56	18.27	18.98
March	w	17.30	20.65	(ď)	16.64	19.69	16.63	20.61	16.64	18.22	16.65	17.68
April	w	15.65	18.98	(þ)	13.79	18.06	14.50	17.92	16.30	16.18	14.68	15.83
May	w	15.44	17.83	(₫)	12.76	17.53	14.21	17.10	15.47	15.27	14.02	15.15
June	w	14.00	16.43	(ľ)	11.29	16.62	16.31	17.24	14.00	15.21	15.53	15.53
July	17.67	15.01	15.96	(ď)	13.37	18.04	19.89	16.68	17.40	18.57	19.85	19.01
August	w	21.26	20.23	(ď)	21.50	26.71	28.84	23.80	25.08	23.23	26.97	26.31
September	w	27.80	26.88	(ď)	27.38	33.41	30.06	30.26	28.56	29.46	30.10	30.27
October	w	31.04	36.61	(ď)	29.61	37.72	30.46	33.75	27.00	34.51	30.75	31.08
November	w	28.60	w	(ª)	27.64	34.55	26.37	W	23.77	30.42	26.71	27.77
December	w	23.60	28.53	(ď)	23.00	30.45	20.92	W	21.30	27.59	21.35	23.26
Average	W	20.48	22.50	(ª)	19.64	23.33	21.82	22.65	20.31	20.52	20.64	21.23
1991 January	w	20.81	w	( <sup>d</sup> )	19.98	26.00	18.53	W	18.35	24.08	18.94	20.16
February	w	17.05	22.61	(ʰ)	14.23	21.66	16.18	W	15.76	19.42	16.29	17.43
March	w	15.20	20.03	(ʰ)	14.15	20.60	17.08	25.77	16.18	18.59	17.23	17.88
April	w	16.26	18.85	(°)	15.85	20.31	17.54	20.56	16.35	18.77	17.65	18.17
May	w	16.28	w	Ŵ	15.81	20.50	17.34	20.21	15.74	19.53	17.49	17.98
June	w	16.19	18.25	( <sup>d</sup> )	15.20	19.79	16.85	19.35	14.61	18.38	17.01	17.32
July	w	17.14	17.76	17.56	15.89	20.73	17.48	20.47	15.92	18.82	17.61	17.96
August	W	17.61	W	W	15.78	21.29	18.04	20.71	15.64	19.30	18.17	18.40
September	W	17.84	W	W	15.82	22.13	18.19	21.16	16.44	20.35	18.42	18.70
October	W	18.38	19.85	W	17.34	23.68	17.62	22.07	17.26	20.91	17.97	19.03
November	W	17.53	21.05	( <sup>d</sup> )	16.53	22.71	16.46	22.71	15.66	21.04	16.90	17.95
December Average	w	15.87 17.16	W 20.20	(d) 17.54	13.96 15.89	19.96 <b>21.39</b>	15.03 17.22	20.29 21.37	13.46 15.92	18.67 19.73	15.49 1 <b>7.45</b>	15.94 18.08
-												
1992 January	W	14.83	W	(d)	13.02	19.34	14.80	W	13.20	17.40	15.15	15.38
February	W	15.57	W	(d)	12.78	19.10	15.44	W	13.47	17.56	15.70	15.78
March	( <sup>`d`</sup> )	15.68	W	(ď)	13.02	18.92	16.03	18.83	13.41	17.44	16.12	16.26
April	W	16.41	17.76	(ď)	14.36	20.28	17.71	18.97	15.06	18.09	17.82	17.93
May	W	17.35	17.45	(d)	16.38	21.23	18.41	19.99	15.73	19.57	18.60	18.55
June	W	18.40	19.62	(d)	17.38	22.08	19.47	20.85	15.97	20.91	19.58	19.57
July	W	18.50	21.06	(d)	17.20	21.49	18.97	21.45	15.78	20.49	19.12	19.04
August	W	18.28	21.16	(d)	16.72	21.05	18.42	21.37	16.14	20.06	18.73	18.68
September	( <sup>ă</sup> )	18.35	W	(ª)	17.31	21.57	18.73	20.72	16.89	20.12	18.77 B 10.10	18.96
October	W.	18.35	W	(d) (d)	17.25	<sup>P</sup> 21.57	<sup>R</sup> 18.03	21.17	16.14	<sup>R</sup> 20.07	<sup>R</sup> 18.16	<sup>A</sup> 18.58
November	( <sup>d</sup> )	17.27	W	( <u>"</u> )	<sup>R</sup> 16.19	<sup>R</sup> 20.79	<sup>R</sup> 17.41	<sup>R</sup> 21.00	<sup>R</sup> 14.54	<sup>R</sup> 19.51	<sup>R</sup> 17.48	<sup>R</sup> 17.50
December	W	15.84	W	(d)	15.17	19.39	16.50	20.18	14.24	17.78	16.60	16.58
Average	W	17.04	18.73	(°)	15.60	20.78	17.47	20.71	15.15	19.28	17.64	17.82

<sup>a</sup> The Arab members of OPEC are Algeria, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates.
 <sup>b</sup> "Total OPEC" consists of Ecuador, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Nigeria, and

<sup>b</sup> "Total OPEC" consists of Ecuador, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Nigeria, and Venezuela, as well as the Arab members. The cost of imports from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia is included in the cost of imports from "Total OPEC."

<sup>c</sup> Based on October, November, and December data only.

R=Revised data. NA=Not available. W=Value withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: • See Note 3 at end of section. • Values for the current 2 months are preliminary. • Prices through 1980 reflect the period of reporting; prices

since then reflect the period of loading. • Annual averages are averages of the monthly prices, including prices not published, weighted by volume. • Cargoes that are purchased on a "netback" basis, or under similar contractual arrangements whereby the actual purchase price is not established at the time the crude oil is acquired for importation into the United States, are not included in the published data until the actual prices have been determined and reported.

Sources: • October 1973-September 1977: Federal Energy Administration, Form FEA-F701-M-0, 'Transfer Pricing Report.' • October 1977-December 1977: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form FEA-F701-M-0, 'Transfer Pricing Report.' • 1978 forward: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, March 1993, Table 22.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> No data reported.

# Table 9.4 Motor Gasoline Retail Prices, U.S. City Average

(Cents per Gallon, Including Taxes)

	Leaded Regular	Unleaded Regular	Unleaded Premium	All Types <sup>a</sup>
973 Average	38.8	NA	N.A.	
974 Average	53.2	NA	NA	NA
975 Average	56.7	NA NA	NA	NA
976 Average	59.0		NA	NA
77 Average	62.2	61.4	NA	NA
78 Average	62.6	65.6 67.0	NA	NA
979 Average		67.0	NA	65.2
80 Average	85.7	90.3	NA	88.2
081 Average <sup>b</sup>	119.1	124.5	NA	122.1
	131.1	137.8	<sup>c</sup> 147.0	135.3
82 Average	122.2	129.6	141.5	128.1
083 Average	115.7	124.1	138.3	122.5
084 Average	112.9	121.2	136.6	119.8
85 Average	111.5	120.2	134.0	119.6
86 Average	85.7	92.7	108.5	93.1
87 Average	89.7	94.8	109.3	95.7
88 Average	89.9	94.6	110.7	96,3
89 Average	99.8	102.1	119.7	106.0
90 January	100.6	104.2	123.0	109.0
February	101.1	103.7	122.7	108.6
March	99.9	102.3	121.8	107.6
April	102.7	104.4	123.3	109.6
Мау	104.4	106.1	124.8	111.4
June	107.7	108.8	127.1	114.0
July	108.9 ·	108.4	127.2	113.9
August	119.8	119.0	136.9	124.6
September	129.7	129.4	146.7	134.7
October	135.4	137.8	155.4	143.1
November	135.1	137.7	155.9	
December	133.5	135.4	153.7	143.2
Average	114.9	116.4	134.9	141.0 121.7
91 January	124.6	124.7	140 1	
February	113.7	114.3	143.1	130.4
March	104.7	108.2	132.1	119.8
April	106.2	110.4	126.4	113.8
May	NA		128.1	115.9
June	NA	115.6	133.1	120.9
		116.0	133.8	121.4
July	NA	112.7	131.3	118.5
August	NA	114.0	131.8	119.6
September	NA	114.3	132.4	119.9
October November	NA	112.2	130.7	118.0
	NA	113.4	131.8	119.3
December Average	NA NA	112.3 114.0	130.9 <b>132.1</b>	118.2 <b>119.6</b>
				113.0
92 January	NA	107.3	126.7	113.5
February	NA	105.4	124.8	111.7
March	NA	105.8	125.0	112.2
April	NA	107.9	126.8	114.3
Мау	NA	113.6	131.7	119.7
June	NA	117.9	135.9	123.9
July	NA	117.5	136.3	123.8
August	NA	115.8	134.8	122.1
September	NA	115.8	134.6	122.2
October	NA	115.4	134.5	121.9
November	NA	115.9	135.1	121.9
December	NA	113.6	133.0	122.3
Average	NA	112.7	131.6	119.0
93 January				

<sup>a</sup> Also includes types of motor gasoline not shown separately.

<sup>b</sup> In September 1981, the Bureau of Labor Statistics changed the weights used in the calculation of average motor gasoline prices. From September 1981 forward, gasohol is included in the average for all types, and unleaded premium is weighted more heavily.

<sup>c</sup> Based on September through December data only.

NA=Not available.

Notes: • See Note 5 at end of section. • Geographic coverage for

1973-1977 is 56 urban areas. Geographic coverage for 1978 forward is 85 urban areas.

Sources: • Monthly Data: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS), Consumer Prices: Energy. • Annual Data: 1973—Platt's Oil Price Handbook and Oilmanac, 1974, 51st Edition. 1974 forward—calculated by the Energy Information Administration as the simple averages of monthly data.

### Table 9.5 Refiner Prices of Residual Fuel Oil

(Cents per Gallon, Excluding Taxes)

	Sulfur Co	l Fuel Oil ntent Less al to 1 Percent	Sulfur	l Fuel Oil Content an 1 Percent	Ave	rage
	Sales for Resale	Sales to End Users	Sales for Resale	Sales to End Users	Sales for Resale	Sales to End Users
978 Average	29.3	31.4	24.5	27.5	26.3	29.8
979 Average	45.0	46.8	36.6	38.9	39.9	43.6
980 Average	60.8	67.5	47.9	52.3	52.8	60.7
981 Average	74.8	82.9	62.2	67.3	66.3	75.6
982 Average	69.5	74.7	57.2	61.1	61.2	67.6
983 Average	64.3	69.5	59.1	61.1	60.9	65.1
984 Average	68.5	72.0	63.9	65.9	65.4	68.7
985 Average	61.0	64.4	56.0	58.2	57.7	61.0
986 Average	32.8	37.2	28.9	31.7	30.5	34.3
987 Average	41.2	44.7	36.2	39.6	38.5	42.3
988 Average	33.3	37.2	27.1	30.0	30.0	33.4
989 Average	40.7	43.6	33.1	34.4	36.0	38.5
990 January	56.0	60.1	42.0	45.2	48.2	52.2
February	44.4	51.5	34.6	37.3	38.1	43.7
March	39.7	45.4	31.9	35.5	34.8	40.2
April	36.1	39.6	31.2	32.6	33.4	35.5
May	34.5	37.9	28.3	31.4	30.5	34.1
June	31.1	34.2	24.8	27.6	27.1	30.4
July	33.2	36.3	25.4	28.4	29.1	31.9
August	49.1	50.7	41.4	39.4	44.5	44.1
September	56.4	59.4	46.1	46.2	50.9	50.7
October	64.1	68.6	53.1	54.8	57.7	60.5
November	63.3	66.5	49.7	53.9	55.6	58.7
December	57.6	62.2	43.0	50.2	48.6	55.5
Average	47.2	50.5	37.2	40.0	41.3	44.4
991 January	52.1	59.8	49.2	49.7	50.2	53.4
February	36.5	44.4	32.0	37.1	33.4	39.8
March	36.0	38.3	24.2	28.2	28.2	32.3
April	33.6	37.8	25.8	27.0	28.7	30.2
May	36.6	36.6	27.7	27.6	30.3	31.0
June	32.1	35.3	28.6	26.9	29.7	29.5
July	32.6	36.4	27.4	28.2	28.8	31.2
August	33.4	36.8	25.9	27.7	27.9	31.1
September	33.7	36.8	25.4	27.3	27.9	30.6
October	34.1	38.5	27.6	29.7	29.5	32.3
November	36.6	40.8	27.9	31.8	30.7	35.1
December	34.8	40.0	26.1	28.8	28.9	33.1
Average	36.4	40.2	29.2	30.6	31.4	34.0
992 January	30.7	35.7	21.3	24.7	24.1	29.1
February	33.4	36.2	20.8	23.7	25.1	28.0
March	31.2	34.8	21.4	24.4	24.5	27.9
April	32.0	35.3	25.6	27.4	27.6	29.7
May	33.7	37.2	29.3	31.9	30.5	33.4
June	36.3	38.8	30.9	33.0	32.7	34.5
July	38.6	41.4	33.5	34.7	34.9	36.7
August	37.7	42.3	33.2	37.0	34.6	38.9
September	37.9	42.0	32.9	35.3	34.8	37.5
October	41.4	44.7	35.5	37.3	37.4	39.2
November	39.4	42.8	33.8	37.6	36.0	39.4
December	35.1	40.5	28.1	33.3	30.6	36.2
Average	35.4	39.0	28.4	31.3	30.7	33.8

Notes: • Sales for resale are those made to purchasers other than ultimate consumers. Sales to end users are those made directly to the ultimate consumer, including bulk customers, such as agriculture, industry, and electric utilities, as well as commercial customers. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Values for the current month are preliminary. • Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration estimates. See Note 6 at end of section.

Source: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Marketing Monthly, March 1993, Table 17.

# Table 9.6 Refiner Prices of Petroleum Products for Resale

(Cents per Gallon, Excluding Taxes)

	Finished Motor Gasoline <sup>a</sup>	Finished Aviation Gasoline	Kerosene- Type Jet Fuel	Kerosene	No. 2 Fuel Oil	No. 2 Diesel Fuel	Propane (Consume Grade)
1978 Average	43.4	53.7	38.6	40.4	36.9	36.5	23.7
979 Average	63.7	72.1	66.0	62.4	56.9	57.4	29.1
980 Average	94.1	112.8	86.8	86.4	80.3	80.1	41.5
981 Average	106.4	125.0	101.2	106.6	97.6	97.2	46.6
982 Average	97.3	122.8	95.3	101.8	91.4	97.2 91.4	40.0
983 Average	88.2	117.8	85.4	89.2	81.5	80.8	
984 Average	83.2	116.5	83.0	91.6	82.1	80.3	48.4
985 Average	83.5	113.0	79.4	87.4	77.6		45.0
986 Average	53.1	91.2	49.5	60.6	48.6	77.2	39.8
987 Average	58.9	85.9	53.8	59.2		45.2	29.0
988 Average	57.7	85.0	49.5		52.7	53.4	25.2
989 Average	65.4			54.9	47.3	47.3	24.0
SOS Avelage	03.4	95.0	58.3	66.9	56.5	56.7	24.7
990 January	69.2	96.8	76.6	87.1	73.8	69.3	54.4
February	67.2	95.0	66.7	67.9	57.8	57.1	34.4
March	66.3	93.8	61.6	64.8	57.9	57.6	27.1
April	69.7	96.4	59.5	62.4	57.4	57.6	25.2
May	72.7	97.4	57.1	59.2	54.5	55.4	
June	72.3	99.5	54.6	53.9	49.4		24.0
July	70.6	100.2	55.5	57.1	49.4 51.9	50.5	24.9
August	85.5	110.4	71.4			52.0	27.3
September	94.9	122.2	92.9	80.7	72.1	73.7	36.3
October	98.6			100.4	85.3	87.2	43.5
November	95.4	127.9	114.7	115.7	95.0	99.4	53.5
		126.2	107.0	106.6	90.6	93.6	50.5
December	80.2	116.1	90.1	92.6	80.9	79.8	44.6
Average	78.6	106.3	77.3	83.9	69.7	69.4	38.6
991 January	76.2	111.2	82.0	88.0	76.6	75.5	42.2
February	68.0	104.2	74.0	76.1	67.9	67.4	31.6
March	67.3	97.4	62.4	66.2	59.6	57.7	31.3
April	70.7	97.8	58.9	63.0	57.2	57.4	31.8
May	74.2	100.3	60.8	61.4	56.0	57.2	31.9
June	70.5	99.5	58.8	59.0	54.0	54.5	29.3
July	69.1	98.9	59,4	62.6	56.7	57.1	29.5
August	72.7	100.2	63.3	67.1	60.6	61.9	
September	69.1	99.9	65.9	68.9	62.1		29.6
October	68.8	98.8	67.1	73.5	66.3	62.9	34.9
November	69.9	99.5	68.2	73.5	66.6	65.6 66 F	40.2
December	62.9	97.3	60.2	74.6 62.6		66.5	43.0
Average	69.9	100.1	65.0	72.2	55.9 62.2	55.6 61.5	37.7 <b>34.9</b>
							04.0
992 January	59.9	94.9	53.9	60.0	52.0	51.4	30.9
February	61.7	93.1	55.2	62.2	54.1	54.1	30.2
March	62.4	92.5	54.6	58.4	53.6	53.9	29.4
April	66.6	96.4	56.5	61.7	56.6	57.0	29.0
Мау	71.4	100.4	60.8	62.3	58.8	60.1	29.4
June	74.1	101.3	63.3	63.8	61.8	62.7	31.5
July	70.9	101.9	64.9	65.8	61.4	61.8	31.5
August	70.6	102.4	63.9	64.3	60.1	60.4	32.9
September	71.0	102.3	64.3	68.8	62.7	63.3	35.4
October	70.4	100.5	66.0	70.1	64.6	65.5	36.6
November	68.1	99.7	61.5	64.5	<sup>R</sup> 58.8	60.4	36.2
December	63.8	97.6	58.9	62.8	55.7	56.4	36.1
Average	67.7	99.1	60.4	63.2	. <b>57.9</b>	59.0	32.8

<sup>a</sup> See Note 5 at end of section.

R=Revised data. Notes: • Sales for resale are those made to purchasers other than ultimate consumers. Sales to end users are those made directly to the ultimate consumer, including bulk customers, such as agriculture, industry, and plate utilize are unline residential and a second the second sec and electric utilities, as well as residential and commercial customers.

· Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Values for the current month are preliminary. 
• Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration estimates. See Note 6 at end of section.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, March 1993, Table 4.

# Table 9.7 Refiner Prices of Petroleum Products to End Users

(Cents per Gallon, Excluding Taxes)

	Finished Motor Gasoline <sup>a</sup>	Finished Aviation Gasoline	Kerosene- Type Jet Fuel	Kerosene	No. 2 Fuel Oil	No. 2 Diesel Fuel	Propane (Consume Grade)
978 Average	48.4	51.6	38.7	42.1	40.0	37.7	33.5
79 Average	71.3	68.9	54.7	58.5	51.6	58.5	35.7
30 Average	103.5	108.4	86.8	90.2	78.8	81.8	48.2
81 Average	114.7	130.3	102.4	112.3	91.4	99.5	56.5
· · · · ·	106.0	131.2	96.3	108.9	90.5	94.2	59.2
82 Average	95.4	125.5	87.8	96.1	91.6	82.6	70.9
33 Average				103.6	91.6	82.3	73.7
84 Average	90.7	123.4	84.2			78.9	71.7
85 Average	91.2	120.1	79.6	103.0	84.9		
86 Average	62.4	101.1	52.9	79.0	56.0	47.8	74.5
87 Average	66.9	90.7	54.3	77.0	58.1	55.1	70.1
88 Average	67.3	89.1	51.3	73.8	54.4	50.0	71.4
89 Average	75.6	99.5	59.2	70.9	58.7	58.5	61.5
90 January	78.8	102.0	79.8	101.7	81.2	76.5	90.8
February	76.5	102.4	68.4	82.6	64.3	61,9	82.6
March	75.1	100.9	63.2	84.1	62.8	60.6	71.5
April	77.9	101.4	60.7	76.6	61.9	60.3	68.5
May	80.2	103.6	58.1	67.0	57.5	58.4	54.8
June	81.5	104.2	55.7	59.9	51.4	54.0	57.4
July	80.8	103.9	55.4	60.0	53.6	55.0	55.6
August	92.4	112.8	70.7	90.6	74.2	76.2	64.7
	101.2	125.6	92.1	104.4	87.3	88.4	72.5
September	108.7	134.4	116.8	121.2	99.4	101.0	76.9
October		131.7	108.4	119.6	93.5	96.0	84.6
November	107.2		90.9	112.1	86.8	85.9	85.3
December	98.4	122.5		92.3	73.4	72.5	74.5
Average	88.3	112.0	76.6	92.3	73.4	12.5	
191 January	88.8	112.1	81.1	105.0	84.3	80.5	86.7
February	79.5	106.4	73.7	96.9	75.2	71.4	81.4
March	74.0	101.3	62.1	88.8	64.5	61.8	76.0
April	77.0	101.2	58.7	73.8	61.6	60.6	67.4
May	82.0	105.3	60.1	69.3	58.9	60.1	66.7
June	81.9	105.2	59.2	62.3	56.3	57.9	62.8
July	78.9	103.6	59.7	64.7	59.1	59.5	61.1
August	81.1	105.8	63.8	68.7	62.3	63.3	63.6
September	80.2	105.7	66.6	73.6	63.9	64.8	65.0
October	77.9	104.6	67.8	81.6	68.5	68.0	68.0
	79.1	104.3	69.6	94.3	70.9	69.7	73.7
November	76.0	104.3	61.5	85.8	63.0	60.9	78.2
December	76.0 <b>79.7</b>	102.0 104.7	65.2	83.8	66.5	64.8	73.0
Average	79.7	104.7	63.2	03.0	66.5		
992 January	71.2	98.5	54.2	82.7	59.9	55.5	74.2
February	70.2	98.5	56.5	78.0	62.0	57.1	82.6
March	71.0	98.0	55.5	79.1	60.5	56.6	70.1
April	74.6	99.1	57.3	77.9	60.6	59.1	73.1
May	80.3	102.4	61.0	73.2	60.9	62.1	64.2
June	84.0	106.4	63.9	68.7	62.9	64.9	61.1
July	83.5	106.8	64.9	70.6	62.8	64.5	59.6
August	82.3	105.7	64.2	69.0	62.3	63.4	55.1
September	82.3	104.9	64.6	70.5	65.6	65.3	60.3
October	81.3	104.5	66.4	87.3	68.2	67.8	60.0
	<sup>R</sup> 81.4	103.4	62.7	R83.3	64.3	64.5	61.1
November	78.5	103.4	58.9	84.0	63.3	60.7	68.4
December						61.8	66.2
Average	78.4	102.7	61.0	78.6	62.6	01.0	00.2

<sup>a</sup> See Note 5 at end of section.

R=Revised data.

Notes: • Sales for resale are those made to purchasers other than ultimate consumers. Sales to end users are those made directly to the ultimate consumer, including bulk customers, such as agriculture, industry, and electric utilities, as well as residential and commercial customers.

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· Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Values for the current month are preliminary. • Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration estimates. See Note 6 at end of section. Source: Energy Information Administration, Petroleum Marketing Monthly,

March 1993, Table 2.

# Table 9.8a No. 2 Distillate Prices to Residences: Northeastern States

	Maine	New Hampshire	Vermont	Massachusetts	Rhode Island	Connecticut	New York	New Jersey	Pennsylvania
1978 Average	48.6	50.0	50.0						
976 Average	48.6 68.8	50.3 72.5	50.8	48.8	50.7	50.1	50.1	49.6	48.8
979 Average			72.5	70.9	72.8	72.0	71.2	71.0	69.8
80 Average	96.3	100.4	101.5	97.8	101.1	98.3	98.2	97. <del>9</del>	96.4
81 Average	120.4	123.7	125.4	121.3	123.8	121.7	123.2	121.5	118.1
82 Average	115.5	117.4	120.1	117.6	120.1	118.3	120.5	117.4	113.7
83 Average	102.8	104.1	112.9	109.1	110.5	109.1	112.1	107.9	105.8
84 Average	103.9	108.4	111.9	111.6	111.4	112.1	115.5	111.0	107.9
85 Average	99.7	102.4	107.7	107.0	106.7	108.0	111.3	105.9	102.3
86 Average	74.4	75.9	86.6	82.1	82.8	89.0	91.1	90.2	81.4
87 Average	74.7	76.5	81.1	80.6	82.5	83.4	85.2	84.3	76.9 .
88 Average	77.7	78.2	82.6	82.1	83.6	85.3	86.3	84.8	77.8
89 Average	89.4	89.3	90.5	92.6	93.9	92.9	95.8	91.8	85.1
90 January	116.1	118.5	121.5	117.0	122.5	120.0	122.2	117.3	113.7
February	85.4	96.2	98.7	99.8	98.5	100.8	103.2	99.5	93.4
March	84.0	93.2	95.6	98.7	97.3	97.7	101.6	98.5	90.3
April	83.2	90.1	94.2	95.1	95.9	96.3	100.2	96.5	87.6
May	81.2	87.0	91.7	92.4	93.9	92.7	98.9	94.4	84.4
June	76.7	82.8	87.2	88.9	89.1	87.1	94.5	88.6	78.3
July	74.2	80.7	85.4	88.0	86.9	85.4	93.0	85.4	74.3
August	97.7	99.2	97.4	102.3	102.3	104.1	102.3	102.1	92.5
September	118.4	110.9	114.4	118.1	118.8	114.7	117.9	117.2	108.7
October	126.0	119.8	124.2	126.8	120.1	128.2	130.2	129.4	122.3
November	116.4	116.2	123.7	122.8	119.5	128.1	129.6		
December	113.4	111.2	119.6	120.0	115.3			126.8	122.5
Average	98.9	102.8	107.0	108.4	108.6	124.7 109.8	126.6 <b>112.5</b>	122.2 108.7	119.3 <b>102.6</b>
91 January	114.4	107.2	117.7	118.1	113.3	122.5	124.6	119.6	117.7
February	105.9	100.7	111.3	111.3	109.5	116.0	124.0		
March	95.4	90.5	104.4	102.6	103.5			113.2	110.9
April	87.1	83.9	98.5	96.1	94.7	109.0	112.8	104.3	101.8
	81.9	79.4	93.5			101.4	106.7	98.6	95.5
May	79.6			91.7	89.7	96.5	101.2	94.4	89.9
June		77.3	91.3	88.9	87.1	92.7	98.1	90.3	85.7
July	82.3	77.6	88.1	88.5	88.8	90.0	93.9	88.5	80.8
August	83.4	80.6	88.6	88.7	88.7	89.7	93.0	89.0	81.8
September	87.3	84.2	91.9	90.9	90.3	92.0	98.7	92.2	83.4
October	91.3	87.8	93.9	94.9	94.9	96.3	103.3	96.9	88.8
November	95.1	90.1	95.7	97.5	95.8	99.8	108.1	100.7	93.6
December	89.3	88.8	94.1	95.8	93.4	98.3	105.7	96.6	93.1
Average	96.0	91.6	101.9	103.0	99.9	106.2	111.3	104.0	99.7
92 January	87.6	88.3	92.4	93.1	90.4	96.4	103.3	95.8	91.4
February	88.1	86.5	92.8	92.3	91.8	95.5	103.7	95.3	91.3
March	86.4	83.4	92.2	91.5	90.9	94.0	102.0	93.1	89.9
April	85.5	81.9	91.7	91.4	90.4	93.0	101.1	92.8	89.3
Мау	85.5	81.7	91.5	91.0	90.6	92.9	101.1	89.2	88.4
June	86.9	82.9	90.8	91.3	89.7	91.8	102.2	90.4	86.3
July	87.7	82.3	89.0	90.4	89.9	93.0	100.6	91.0	82.8
August	87.8	81.8	89.5	89.6	89.4	91.1	98.9	88.2	81.7
September	86.8	83.0	91.8	90.7	89.8	92.1	99.6	90.8	84.4
October	89.3	87.6	92.1	93.6	92.7	94.9	102.9	94.0	87.5
November	88.3	<sup>R</sup> 87.6	R 92.8	93.8	92.5	95.8	R 104.6	<sup>R</sup> 94.7	89.6
December	85.7	87.7	93.0	93.5	92.5 91.5	95.8 95.2	104.0	94.7	89.2
Average	87.1	85.7	92.2						
~***iayo	07.1	00.7	32.4	92.4	91.1	94.7	102.8	93.9	88.9

(Cents per Gallon, Excluding Taxes)

R=Revised data.

Note 6 at end of section.

Notes: • States are grouped in Tables 9.8a, 9.8b, and 9.8c by geographic region of the country. • Values for the current month are preliminary. • Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration estimates. See

Source: Energy Information Administration, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, March 1993, Table 16.

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### Table 9.8b No. 2 Distillate Prices to Residences: Selected South Atlantic and Midwestern States

(Cents per Gallon, Excluding Taxes)

	Delaware	District of Columbia	Maryland	Virginia	West Virginia	Ohio	Michigan	Indiana	Illinois	Wisconsin	Minnesot
978 Average	47.8	50.7	49.2	49.1	46.2	47.4	47.9	48.5	46.5	44.7	47.8
979 Average	68.2	74.2	70.1	70.4	65.1	68.6	70.9	72.7	68.8	67.3	72.4
980 Average	95.4	102.6	97.9	98.5	92.2	91.9	97.8	99.6	95.8	91.5	99.9
981 Average	117.3	127.4	121.4	120.5	115.0	113.2	118.3	118.5	114.9	109.1	118.4
982 Average	111.3	124.5	117.1	117.7	109.3	110.2	113.9	114.3	110.9	107.8	115.1
983 Average	106.0	117.0	110.3	108.7	101.0	101.3	106.4	100.7	100.4	101.2	103.1
984 Average	109.6	118.7	113.5	110.5	102.1	102.1	105.0	103.1	100.1	101.0	104.1
985 Average	104.6	114.3	108.8	106.3	98.0	99.7	102.1	99.1	97.5	98.3	101.9
986 Average	85.0	93.1	91.4	86.6	74.6	77.7	81.0	74.8	ŇA	75.6	79.2
987 Average	79.3	91.8	86.6	79.5	76.4	74.7	77.5	75.4	79.8	75.1	74.6
988 Average	80.1	91.6	87.0	80.5	74.2	74.7	77.5	75.4	77.6	73.9	73.5
989 Average	88.2	98.6	93.8	87.0	83.0	81.6	85.3	83.2	80.9	81.1	82.4
990 January	119.4	119.0	119.8	117.8	109.2	96.0	103.5	99.8	94.9	91.6	99.7
February	97.1	96.4	100.9	102.9	89.5	82.8	92.1	86.2	83.1	83.9	88.1
March	93.2	94.4	98.8	97.9	87.1	82.5	88.7	83.8	83.4	83.1	85.6
April	91.8	93.1	97.5	94.9	83.7	82.3	86.5	84.1	82.2	82.9	85.6
Мау	90.1	94.2	94.9	90.4	83.0	83.1	83.7	82.4	78.3	81.0	85.1
June	83.2	93.2	89.4	88.0	83.4	82.6	81.1	72.8	73.8	79.5	80.3
July	77. <del>9</del>	97.6	86.2	89.8	79.2	81.6	82.4	74.7	76.7	77.6	82.8
August	93.1	107.1	100.2	102.4	98.1	93.3	100.3	98.0	96.9	92.0	101.4
September	112.0	116.1	115.7	114.7	116.3	115.3	113.2	110.7	NA	107.1	111.6
October	119.8	134.3	130.8	128.3	124.4	120.9	124.1	123.3	116.9	117.2	120.7
November	118.8	133.3	130.4	125.6	121.7	117.0	121.2	117.8	113.1	114.4	119.8
December	113.7	128.4	125.3	122.8	113.1	111.8	113.5	111.3	104.9	108.3	111.2
Average	105.8	107.8	111.9	110.6	99.1	98.1	100.9	99.3	96.1	94.2	101.4
991 January	113.0	124.1	122.0	117.2	110.5	105.5	109.8	105.9	102.5	102.4	105.4
February	105.4 98.4	118.6	116.1	110.3	101.5	94.6	98.5	95.4	92.9	92.4	93.5
March	92.3	112.3 105.6	107.7	102.4	90.8	85.7	91.5	87.9	86.5	87.8	87.2
April			102.7	96.1	87.6	83.2	90.7	86.0	88.3	84.0	87.8
May	91.5 84.0	101.1 95.3	98.7 96.2	90.7 87.8	85.8	83.1	88.1	86.3	88.5	82.9	88.1
June	84.0	95.3 98.6	96.2 93.7	86.9	83.6	80.7	87.4	80.3	86.8	80.9	87.1
July August	86.0	98.6 98.6	93.7 94.0	86.9 87.5	81.7 82.4	79.6	83.3	78.8	82.2	78.0	84.4
	87.3	101.7	94.0 96.8	87.5 90.4		81.1	84.4	85.5	86.5	78.8	86.3
September	92.8	101.7	100.1	90.4 93.6	84.8 89.7	84.8 88.7	86.8 89.5	85.5	87.3	82.7	84.0
October November	96.9	104.0	103.2	93.8 97.0	91.8	91.8	89.5 92.8	86.7	88.4	85.7	86.8
December	94.9	107.7	103.2	95.2	89.0	86.0	92.8 89.9	87.8 83.3	92.4 89.9	89.9 85.4	89.2 84.4
Average	99.7	112.2	108.4	101.1	93.4	91.0	94.2	91.8	92.7	89.5	91.1
992 January	94.4	107.3	101.5	94.2	85.5	81.9	86.6	77.0	. 85.2	80.6	79.5
February	92.7	107.3	100.8	93.7	86.9	83.0	86.5	78.7	85.6	80.4	79.6
March	92.4	105.3	100.2	93.7	86.6	82.5	86.6	79.7	88.1	79.3	79.0
April	91.5	104.7	99.1	92.6	85.6	82.8	86.7	81.1	87.7	80.9	81.0
May	90.2	102.4	97.2	91.7	84.2	83.4	86.4	81.7	89.0	81.5	83.1
June	91.4	102.8	97.5	90.2	86.5	85.2	86.1	79.6	90.8	81.8	82.7
Juty	90.6	102.0	95.8	90.3	82.3	81.7	84.7	82.4	87.9	81.0	83.4
August	89.5	101.9	95.2	88.5	81.4	82.4	85.5	82.9	86.4	80.5	83.5
September	90.4	101.2	95.7	89.5	85.4	84.7	88.1	84.2	88.9	83.4	84.6
October	94.6	104.0	98.8	92.0	88.3	86.5	90.0	85.8	90.8	84.0	86.5
November	92.8	105.7	<sup>R</sup> 100.4	92.1	87.9	R 85.5	88.2	<sup>R</sup> 81.9	<sup>R</sup> 90.4	83.7	<sup>R</sup> 86.0
December	90.7	105.4	100.4	93.6	88.9	84.5	87.8	80.6	88.2	84.2	83.3
Average	92.4	105.7	99.9	92.9	86.4	83.6	87.1	80.8	87.6	81.8	82.3

R=Revised data.

Notes: • States are grouped in Tables 9.8a, 9.8b, and 9.8c by geographic region of the country. • Values for the current month are preliminary. • Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration estimates. See

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Note 6 at end of section. Source: Energy Information Administration, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, March 1993, Table 16.

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### Table 9.8c No. 2 Distillate Prices to Residences: Selected Western States and U.S. Average

(Cents per Gallon, Excluding Taxes)

	Idaho	Washington	Oregon	Alaska	U.S. Average
78 Average	43.6	48.6	45.8	53.2	49.0
79 Average	62.1	69.7	68.0	68.2	70.4
80 Average	91.6	100.8	97.3	97.8	97.4
81 Average	110.4	116.5	111.4	118.0	119.4
82 Average	110.4	117.6	111.6	117.4	116.0
83 Average	101.8	109.0	103.6	108.8	107.8
84 Average	98.5	102.6	99.3	106.9	109.1
	97.2	102.0	97.1	108.3	105.3
85 Average	73.8	77.5	70.4	94.9	83.6
86 Average					
87 Average	68.8	79.5	72.5	86.5	80.3
88 Average	68.8	78.5	70.9	86.9	81.3
89 Average	77.8	87.4	80.2	96.4	. 90.0
90 January	85.8	96.0	88.7	96.5	114.0
February	80.9	89.0	83.9	97.4	96.5
March	80.9	88.6	84.3	102.6	94.9
April	81.7	90.0	85.0	96.5	93.2
May	79.5	84.9	84.6	99.3	90.7
June	74.8	85.0	81.9	100.5	86.4
	70.5	76.2	79.3	93.5	83.7
July					98.8
August	90.7	89.5	95.3	113.7	
September	108.3	115.8	111.9	122.3	114.2
October	121.0	133.3	128.1	129.7	125.8
November	127.3	134.2	127.1	128.6	124.1
December	119.9	121.9	109.2	128.2	119.7
Average	97.4	102.9	97.0	110.1	106.3
91 January	110.8	118.4	108.4	129.3	117.1
February	97.3	112.0	102.9	122.8	110.5
March	84.0	95.3	88.8	109.5	102.6
April	83.4	93.5	86.4	101.9	96.9
May	84.4	94.9	86.5	101.3	92.5
	83.4	91.7	85.6	98.2	89.3
June					
July	80.0	85.5	83.6	98.6	86.6
August	84.6	92.6	87.3	96.8	87.0
September	87.4	93.5	90.8	92.4	89.7
October	87.6	95.2	89.1	91.3	94.0
November	93.3	99.5	90.6	96.0	98.0
December	94.7	96.2	87.0	95.2	95.9
Average	95.1	101.6	93.3	105.0	101.9
92 January	86.1	92.3	84.8	92.5	94.1
February	79.2	91.4	83.6	91.0	94.1
March	82.2	92.3	82.8	92.8	93.0
April	84.2	92.5	86.9	91.9	92.5
May	84.4	95.2	91.8	93.4	92.3
	84.6	92.6	92.8	93.9	92.2
June					
July	85.1	87.9	91.0	93.0	90.4
August	79.2	84.2	84.1	96.7	88.6
September	85.9	90.9	87.6	93.4	90.1
October	89.6	95.1	ຼ91.7	_ 96.7	ຼ93.8
November	91.8	98.6	<sup>R</sup> 92.8	<sup>R</sup> 97.5	<sup>R</sup> 94.9
December	86.9	99.6	91.5	95.7	94.5
Average	85.7	94.4	87.8	94.0	93.4

R=Revised data.

Note 6 at end of section.

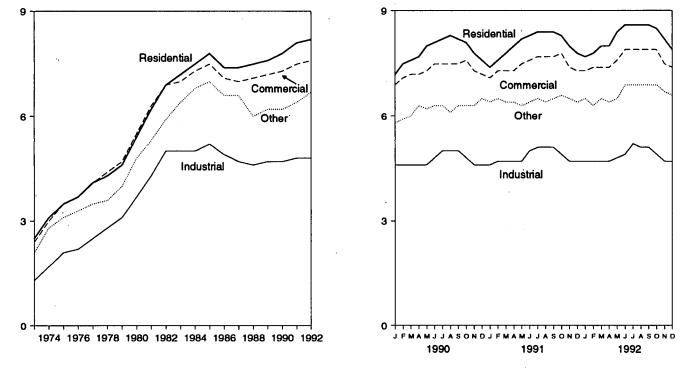
Notes: • States are grouped in Tables 9.8a, 9.8b, and 9.8c by geographic region of the country. • Values for the current month are preliminary. • Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration estimates. See

Source: Energy Information Administration, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, March 1993, Table 16.

### Figure 9.2 Electricity Retail Prices

(Cents per Kilowatthour)

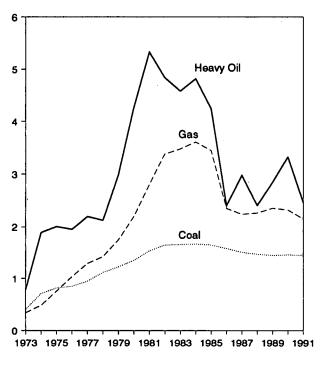
Prices by Sector, 1973-1992



Source: Table 9.9, Monthly Series.

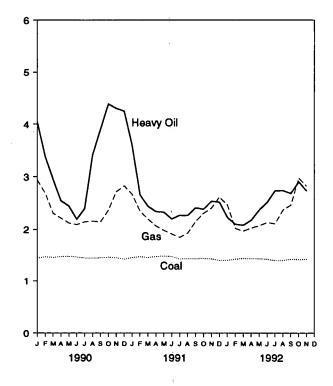
### Figure 9.3 Cost of Fossil-Fuel Receipts at Steam-Electric Plants (Dollars per Million Btu)

Fossil Fuels Costs, 1973-1991



Fossil Fuel Costs, Monthly

Prices by Sector, Monthly



Source: Table 9.10.

### Table 9.9 Electricity Retail Prices

(Cents per Kilowatthour)

	Resid	ential	Comm	ercial	Indus	strial	Oth	er <sup>a</sup>	Tot	ai <sup>b</sup>
	Monthly Series <sup>c</sup>	Annual Series								
973 Average	2.5	NA	2.4	NA	· 1.3	NA	2.1	NA	2.0	NA
974 Average	3:1	NA	3.0	NA	1.7	NA	2.8	NA	2.5	NA
975 Average	3.5	NA	3.5	NA	2.1	NA	3.1	NA		
	3.7	NA	3.7	NA	2.1	NA	3.3	NA	2.9	NA
976 Average	4.1	NA							3.1	NA
977 Average			4.1	NA	2.5	NA	3.5	NA	3.4	NA
978 Average	4.3	NA	4.4	NA	2.8	NA	3.6	NA	3.7	NA
979 Average	4.6	NA	4.7	NA	3.1	NA	4.0	NA	4.0	NA
980 Average	<b>5.4</b> .	NA	5.5	NA	3.7	NA	4.8	NA	4.7	NA
981 Average	6.2	NA	6.3	NA	4.3	NA	5.3	NA	5.5	NA
982 Average	6.9	NA	6.9	NA	. 5.0	NA	5.9	NA	6.1	NA
983 Average	7.2	NA	7.0	NA	5.0	NA	6.4	NA	6.3	NA
984 Average	7.5	7.2	7.3	7.1	5.0	4.8	6.8	5,9	6.5	6.3
985 Average	7.8	7.4	7.5	7.3	5.2	5.0	7.0	6.1		
									6.7	6.4
086 Average	7.4	7.4	7.1	• • • •	4.9	4.9	6.6	6.1	6.4	6.4
987 Average	7.4	7.4	7.0	7.1	4.7	4.8	6.6	6.2	6.3	6.4
88 Average	7.5	7.5	7.1	7.0	4.6	4.7	6.0	6.2	6.3	6.4
89 Average	7.6	. 7.6	7.2	7.2	4.7	4.7	6.2	6.2	6.4	6.5
90 January	7.2		6.9	-	4.6	-	5.8	-	6.3	- '
February	7.5		7.1	-	4.6	-	5.9	-	6.3	-
March	7.6	-	7.2	-	4.6	-	6.0	_	6.4	-
April	7.7	-	7.2	_	4.6	-	6.3	-	6.4	_
May	8.0	_	7.3	-	4.6	_	6.2	_	6.5	-
		-		-						-
June	8.1	-	, 7.5	-	4.8	-	6.3	-	6.7	-
July	8.2	-	7.5	-	. 5.0	-	6.3	-	6.9	-
August	8.3	-	7.5	-	5.0	-	6.1	-	6.9	-
September	8.2	-	7.5	-	- 5.0	-	6.3	-	6.9	-
October	8.1	-	7.6	-	4.8	-	6.3	-	6.7	-
November	7.8	-	7.3	-	4.6	-	6.3	_	6.5	_
December	7.6	_	7.2	· _	4.6	_	6.5	_	6.4	_
Average	7.8	7.8	7.3	7.3	. 4.7	4.7	6.2	6.4	6.6	6.6
	7.4		. 71		4.6		6.4		64	
991 January		-	7.1	-		-	6.4	-	6.4	-
February	7.6	-	7.3	-	4.7	-	6.5	-	6.5	-
March	7.8	-	7.3	-	4.7	-	6.4	-	6.6	
April	8.0	-	7.3	-	_ 4.7	-	6.4	-	6.5	-
Мау	8.2	-	7.5	<del></del>	<sup>R</sup> 4.7	-	6.3		<sup>R</sup> 6.6	-
June	8.3	-	7.6	-	5.0	-	6.4	-	6.9	-
July	8.4	. –	7.7	-	5.1	-	<sup>R</sup> 6.5	-	7.1	-
August	8.4	-	7.7	_	5.1	_	6.4	_	7.1	-
September	8.4	-	7.7	-	5.1	_	6.5	_	7.0	_
October	8.3	_	7.8	_	4.9	_	6.6	_	6.9	_
		-		•				-		-
November	8.0	-	7.4	-	4.7	-	6.5	-	6.6	-
December	7.8	-	7.3	-	_4.7	-	6.4		6.6	-
Average	8.1	8.0	7.5	7.5	<sup>R</sup> 4.8	4.8	6.4	6.5	6.8	6.7
92 January	7.7 -	-	7.3	-	4.7	-	6.5	<u> </u>	6.6	-
February	7.8	-	7.4	-	4.7	_	6.3	-	6.6	-
March	8.0	_	7.4	-	4.7	_	6.5	_	6.6	_
April	8.0	_	7.4	-	4.7	_	6.4	_	6.6	_
May	8.4	<b>-</b> ·	7.6	_	4.8	_	6.5	-	6.7	-
	0.4 8.6	-		-						-
June		-	7.9	-	4.9	-	6.9	-	7.0	-
July	8.6	-	7.9	. –	5.2	-	6.9	-	7.2	-
August	8.6	-	7.9	-	5.1	-	6.9	-	7.2	-
September	8.6	-	7. <del>9</del>	-	5.1	-	6.9	-	7.1	-
October	8.5	<del>-</del> .	7.9		4.9	-	6.9	-	6.9	-
November	8.2	-	7.5	-	4.7	_	6.7	-	6.6	-
December	7.9	_	7.4	_	4.7	_	6.6	-	6.6	_
Average	8.2	NA	7.6	NA	4.8	NA	6.7	NA	6.8	NA
				, 177	7.0		<b>U</b> .7	1174	0.0	11/1

<sup>a</sup> "Other" is public street and highway lighting, other sales to public authorities, sales to railroads and railways, and interdepartmental sales.
<sup>b</sup> Average price for total sales to utimate consumers

<sup>b</sup> Average price for total sales to utimate consumers.
 <sup>c</sup> Annual values are the sum of the monthly revenue divided by the sum of the monthly sales. Data through 1979 cover privately owned electric utilities in Classes A and B. Data for 1980-1985 cover selected privately owned electric utilities in Class A whose electric operating revenue was \$100 million or more during the previous year. See Note 7 at end of section.

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R=Revised data. NA=Not available. - =Not applicable.

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Notes: • Prices are calculated by dividing revenue by sales. Revenue may not correspond to sales for a particular month because of electric utility billing and accounting procedures. That lack of correspondence could result in uncharacteristic increases or decreases in the monthly prices. See Note 7 at end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: See end of section.

#### Table 9.10 Quantity and Cost of Fossil-Fuel Receipts at Steam-Electric Utility Plants

	C	oal		Petro	leum ·		Ga	<b>8</b> <sup>8</sup>	All Fossil Fuels <sup>b</sup>
1			Heav	y Oil <sup>b</sup>	Tot	al <sup>b,c</sup>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
· ·	Quantity (thousand short tons)	Cost (cents per million Btu)	Quantity (thousand barrels)	Cost (cents per million Btu)	Quantity (thousand barrels)	Cost (cents per million Btu)	Quantity (million cubic feet)	Cost (cents per million Btu)	Cost (cents per million Btu)
1973 Year	374.842	40.5	512,650	78.5	535,859	80.0	3,382,677	33.8	47.6
1974 Year	384,868	70.9	479,166	189.0	515,217	191.0	3,225,203	48.2	91.4
1975 Year	431,527	81.4	457,582	200.5	510,352	202.3	3,034,808	75.2	104.4
1976 Year	454,858	84.8	495,363	195.2	549,973	199.0	2,962,811	103.4	111.9
1977 Year	490,415	94.7	563,685	219.8	635,556	224.9	3,106,403	129.1	129.7
1978 Year	476,169	111.6	546,197 470 705	212.5	616,040	219.1	3,140,654	142.2	141.1
1979 Year 1980 Year	556,558 593,995	122.4 135.1	479,705	298.8 426.7	515,695	307.2	3,368,976	174.9	163.9
1981 Year	555,555 579,374	153.2	394,159 327,477	533.4	419,140 345,544	435.1 542.5	3,588,814 3,573,558	219.9 280.5	192.8 225.6
1982 Year	601.427	164.7	228,200	483.2	239,111	492.2	3,161,348	337.6	223.8
1983 Year	592,728	165.6	211,705	457.8	219,652	462.8	2,732,248	347.4	220.6
1984 Year	684,111	166.4	193,832	481.2	202,372	486.3	2,878,808	360.3	219.1
1985 Year	666,743	164.8	156,410	424.4	164,947	431.7	2,808,921	344.4	209.4
1986 Year	686,964	157.9	220,585	240.1	228,522	243.7	2,387,622	235.1	175.0
1987 Year	721,298	150.6	187,300	297.6	194,578	301.1	2,605,191	224.0	170.6
1988 Year	727,775	146.6	230,234	240.5	236,924	243.9	2,362,721	226.3	164.3
1989 Year	753,217	144.5	237,668	284.6	246,422	289.3	2,472,506	235.5	167.5
1990 January	67,636	144.6	26,481	403.9	27,415	409.6	126,806	293.8	182.3
February	62,296 67,536	146.6	19,190	338.2	19,683	340.7	113,552	269.3	171.2
March April	63,888	145.7 147.3	15,023	295.2 254.7	15,494	299.3 260.4	166,055	231.0	163.1
May	64,958	147.8	13,521 15.000	254.7	13,977 15,534	250.4	181,153 220,420	221.7 212.5	162.1 162.4
June	63,649	146.6	18,068	219.4	18,612	224.1	267,995	209.3	161.9
July	63,427	144.6	22,149	239.9	22,783	243.8	294,671	214.6	164.8
August	70,571	144.5	18,773	341.1	19,321	346.2	304,429	215.9	169.1
September	65,715	144.7	13,520	389.9	14,038	397.8	269,002	214.3	168.6
October	69,170	146.2	13,254	438.8	13,969	452.4	225,855	236.8	173.2
November	65,393	144.8	13,378	430.1	13,900	439.0	164,781	271.9	174.0
December Year	62,386 <b>786,627</b>	142.4 145.5	13,923 <b>202,281</b>	424.7 331.9	14,625 <b>209,350</b>	434.0 <b>338.4</b>	156,262 <b>2,490,979</b>	283.1 232.1	174.3 168.9
10ai			202,201		203,330		2,430,373	232.1	100.9
1991 January	63,732	145.4	11,466	359.4	12,315	373.8	165,100	267.1	169.8
February	61,407	147.0	10,429	265.8	10,899	276.0	137,568	234.8	161.3
March	63,825	145.5	11,269	244.2	11,672	251.3	182,853	220.0	159.3
April	61,093	147.3 148.3	13,119	234.2	13,479	239.7	203,893	206.7	160.3
May June	63,259 61,674	146.3	14,711 17,122	233.1 220.2	15,256 17,675	240.1 226.1	233,667 244,386	198.2	160.8
July	65,105	142.7	17,169	227.2	17,703	233.1	310,738	191.2 184.6	159.5 156.0
August	69,794	143.1	16,831	226.7	17,323	232.6	306,418	192.7	156.6
September	65,273	143.3	15,590	241.4	16,063	247.7	248,899	215.4	160.2
October	66,445	143.6	9,658	238.6	10,287	253.1	251,458	231.0	160.9
November	62,779	142.8	11,289	253.9	11,835	264.8	186,722	240.7	160.4
December	65,538	140.0	14,453	252.2	15,120	260.3	159,115	262.0	159.5
Year	769,923	144.7	163,106	246.5	169,625	254.8	2,630,818	215.3	160.3
1992 January	64,551	139.9	12,039	223.2	12,535	229.9	159,873	247.0	155.5
February		142.4	13,634	210.0	14,105	216.3	160,427,	201.7	153.0
	63,808	143.7	12,779	208.2	13,184	214.0	198,183	196.8	153.9
April	60,632	142.9	10,144	217.8	10,553	225.6	218,648	202.5	155.0
May June	63,408 63 686	143.2	10,079	237.1	10,496	245.0	228,118	207.3	156.6
July	63,686 64,423	142.1 139.4	10,888 12,706	251.4 273.7	11,344 13,189	259.9 280.3	254,584 315,590	213.3 210.9	158.4 159.6
August	70,186	139.7	12,152	273.7	12,638	280.3	287,379	237.2	161.6
September	66,518	142.0	8,881	268.5	9,319	277.6	259,771	246.2	162.9
October	66,936	141.4	10,772	290.5	11,221	297.7	205,040	297.7	167.5
November	63,825	141.7	11,161	273.5	11,636	280.5	182,771	282.3	164.6
11 Months	709,504	141.6	125,234	246.9	130,220	254.2	2,470,385	229.9	159.1
1991 11 Months	704,385	145.1	148,653	245.9	154,505	254.3	2,471,703	212.3	160.3
1990 11 Months	724,241	145.8	188,358	325.1	194,725	331.2	2,334,717	228.7	168.4

<sup>a</sup> Includés supplemental gaseous fuels.

<sup>b</sup> Heavy fuel oil includes fuel oils No. 4, No. 5, and No. 6, and topped crude oil. The weighted averages for petroleum and all fossil fuels include both heavy and light oil (No. 2 fuel oil, kerosene, and jet fuel) prices. Data do not include petroleum coke.
 <sup>c</sup> Data for 1973-1982 do not include small quantities of rerefined motor oil,

<sup>c</sup> Data for 1973-1982 do not include small quantities of rerefined motor oil, bunker oil, and liquefied petroleum gas.

Notes: • Data for 1973-1982 cover all electric generating plants at which the generator nameplate capacity of all steam-electric units combined totaled

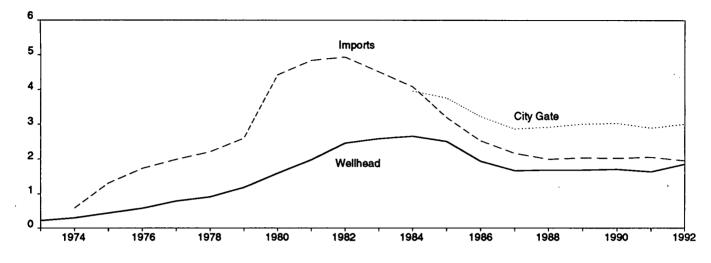
25 megawatts or greater. From 1974-1982, peaking units were included in the data and counted towards the 25-megawatt-or-greater total. Data for 1983-1990 cover all electric generating plants at which the generator nameplate capacity of all steam-electric units combined totaled 50 megawatts or greater. Data for 1991 forward cover all electric generating plants at which the generator nameplate capacity of all steam-electric units and combined-cycle units combined totaled 50 megawatts or greater. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: See end of section.

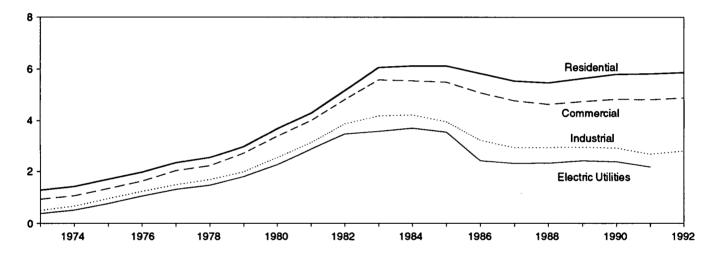
### Figure 9.4 Natural Gas Prices

(Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)

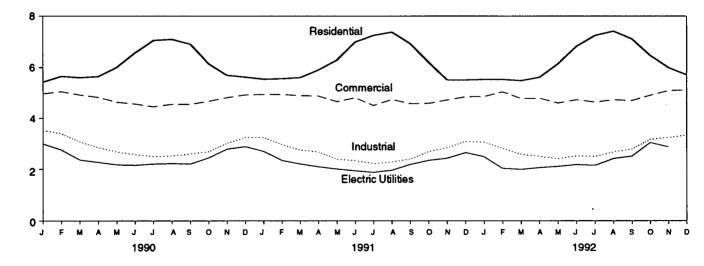
Selected Prices, 1973-1992



### Delivered to Consumers, 1973-1992







Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 9.11.

#### Table 9.11 Natural Gas Prices

(Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)

973 Average       974 Average         974 Average       975 Average         975 Average       976 Average         977 Average       977 Average         978 Average       978 Average         979 Average       980 Average         980 Average       983 Average         983 Average       984 Average         984 Average       985 Average         985 Average       986 Average         986 Average       988 Average         987 Average       988 Average         988 Average       989 Average         990 January       2         February       March         April       May         June       1         June       1         October       1         December       2         Average       1         991 January       1         February       1         March       1         April       1         May       1         June       1         June       1         June       1         June       1         June       1         June <t< th=""><th>/ellhead 0.22 .30 .44 .58 .79 .91 1.18 1.59 1.98 2.46 2.59 2.66 2.51 1.94 1.67 1.69 1.69 1.69 2.23 1.85 1.55 1.49 1.47 1.48 1.49</th><th>Imports NA .59 1.31 1.73 1.99 2.21 2.60 4.42 4.84 4.94 4.51 4.08 3.19 2.53 2.17 2.00 2.04 2.25 1.99 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2</th><th>Purchases from Producers NA .27 .37 .48 .70 .83 1.22 1.63 2.15 2.72 2.93 2.91 2.85 2.39 2.10 2.13 2.18 2.18 2.18 2.42 2.17 1.94 2.17</th><th>City Gate NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA</th><th>Residential 1.29 1.43 1.71 1.98 2.35 2.56 2.98 3.68 4.29 5.17 6.06 6.12 6.12 6.12 5.83 5.54 5.47 5.64 5.43 5.43</th><th>Commercial 0.94 1.07 1.35 1.64 2.04 2.23 2.73 3.39 4.00 4.82 5.59 5.55 5.50 5.08 4.77 4.63 4.74 4.97</th><th>Industrial 0.50 .67 .96 1.24 1.50 1.70 1.99 2.56 3.14 3.87 4.18 4.22 3.95 3.23 2.94 2.95 2.96</th><th>Electric Utilities<sup>b</sup> 0.38 .51 .77 1.06 1.32 1.48 1.81 2.27 2.89 3.48 3.58 3.58 3.58 3.55 2.43 2.32 2.33 2.43</th></t<>	/ellhead 0.22 .30 .44 .58 .79 .91 1.18 1.59 1.98 2.46 2.59 2.66 2.51 1.94 1.67 1.69 1.69 1.69 2.23 1.85 1.55 1.49 1.47 1.48 1.49	Imports NA .59 1.31 1.73 1.99 2.21 2.60 4.42 4.84 4.94 4.51 4.08 3.19 2.53 2.17 2.00 2.04 2.25 1.99 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2	Purchases from Producers NA .27 .37 .48 .70 .83 1.22 1.63 2.15 2.72 2.93 2.91 2.85 2.39 2.10 2.13 2.18 2.18 2.18 2.42 2.17 1.94 2.17	City Gate NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA	Residential 1.29 1.43 1.71 1.98 2.35 2.56 2.98 3.68 4.29 5.17 6.06 6.12 6.12 6.12 5.83 5.54 5.47 5.64 5.43 5.43	Commercial 0.94 1.07 1.35 1.64 2.04 2.23 2.73 3.39 4.00 4.82 5.59 5.55 5.50 5.08 4.77 4.63 4.74 4.97	Industrial 0.50 .67 .96 1.24 1.50 1.70 1.99 2.56 3.14 3.87 4.18 4.22 3.95 3.23 2.94 2.95 2.96	Electric Utilities <sup>b</sup> 0.38 .51 .77 1.06 1.32 1.48 1.81 2.27 2.89 3.48 3.58 3.58 3.58 3.55 2.43 2.32 2.33 2.43
974 Average         975 Average         976 Average         976 Average         977 Average         978 Average         979 Average         979 Average         980 Average         981 Average         982 Average         983 Average         984 Average         985 Average         986 Average         986 Average         987 Average         988 Average         989 Average         980 January         2         990 January         2         990 January         2         990 January         2         990 January         3         990 January         2         February         March         April         May         June         July         Average         991 January         1         February         March         April         May         June         June         June         June <th>.30 .44 .58 .79 .91 1.18 1.59 1.98 2.46 2.59 2.66 2.51 1.94 1.67 1.69 1.69 1.85 1.85 1.85 1.85 1.85 1.49 1.47 1.48 1.49</th> <th>.59 1.31 1.73 2.21 2.60 4.42 4.84 4.94 4.51 4.08 3.19 2.53 2.17 2.00 2.04 2.04 2.25 1.99 2.00 2.08</th> <th>.27 .37 .48 .70 .83 1.22 1.63 2.15 2.72 2.93 2.91 2.85 2.39 2.10 2.13 2.18 2.42 2.17 1.94 2.17</th> <th>NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA 3.95 3.75 3.22 2.87 2.92 3.01 3.24 3.10</th> <th>1.43 1.71 1.98 2.35 2.56 2.98 3.68 4.29 5.17 6.06 6.12 6.12 6.12 5.83 5.54 5.47 5.64</th> <th>1.07 1.35 1.64 2.04 2.23 2.73 3.39 4.00 4.82 5.59 5.55 5.50 5.55 5.50 5.08 4.77 4.63 4.74</th> <th>.67 .96 1.24 1.50 1.70 1.99 2.56 3.14 3.87 4.18 4.22 3.95 3.23 2.94 2.95 2.96</th> <th>.51 .77 1.06 1.32 1.48 1.81 2.27 2.89 3.48 3.58 3.58 3.58 3.50 3.55 2.43 2.32 2.33</th>	.30 .44 .58 .79 .91 1.18 1.59 1.98 2.46 2.59 2.66 2.51 1.94 1.67 1.69 1.69 1.85 1.85 1.85 1.85 1.85 1.49 1.47 1.48 1.49	.59 1.31 1.73 2.21 2.60 4.42 4.84 4.94 4.51 4.08 3.19 2.53 2.17 2.00 2.04 2.04 2.25 1.99 2.00 2.08	.27 .37 .48 .70 .83 1.22 1.63 2.15 2.72 2.93 2.91 2.85 2.39 2.10 2.13 2.18 2.42 2.17 1.94 2.17	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA 3.95 3.75 3.22 2.87 2.92 3.01 3.24 3.10	1.43 1.71 1.98 2.35 2.56 2.98 3.68 4.29 5.17 6.06 6.12 6.12 6.12 5.83 5.54 5.47 5.64	1.07 1.35 1.64 2.04 2.23 2.73 3.39 4.00 4.82 5.59 5.55 5.50 5.55 5.50 5.08 4.77 4.63 4.74	.67 .96 1.24 1.50 1.70 1.99 2.56 3.14 3.87 4.18 4.22 3.95 3.23 2.94 2.95 2.96	.51 .77 1.06 1.32 1.48 1.81 2.27 2.89 3.48 3.58 3.58 3.58 3.50 3.55 2.43 2.32 2.33
974 Average         975 Average         976 Average         977 Average         978 Average         979 Average         980 Average         981 Average         982 Average         983 Average         984 Average         985 Average         986 Average         987 Average         988 Average         989 Average         980 January         Yebruary         March         April         June         July         August         September         October         December         Average         991 January         February         March         Average         991 January         Tebruary         March         April         June         June         June         June         July         August <td>.30 .44 .58 .79 .91 1.18 1.59 1.98 2.46 2.59 2.66 2.51 1.94 1.67 1.69 1.69 1.85 1.85 1.85 1.85 1.85 1.49 1.47 1.48 1.49</td> <td>.59 1.31 1.73 2.21 2.60 4.42 4.84 4.94 4.51 4.08 3.19 2.53 2.17 2.00 2.04 2.04 2.25 1.99 2.00 2.08</td> <td>.27 .37 .48 .70 .83 1.22 1.63 2.15 2.72 2.93 2.91 2.85 2.39 2.10 2.13 2.18 2.42 2.17 1.94 2.17</td> <td>NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA 3.95 3.75 3.22 2.87 2.92 3.01 3.24 3.10</td> <td>1.43 1.71 1.98 2.35 2.56 2.98 3.68 4.29 5.17 6.06 6.12 6.12 6.12 5.83 5.54 5.47 5.64</td> <td>1.07 1.35 1.64 2.04 2.23 2.73 3.39 4.00 4.82 5.59 5.55 5.50 5.55 5.50 5.08 4.77 4.63 4.74</td> <td>.67 .96 1.24 1.50 1.70 1.99 2.56 3.14 3.87 4.18 4.22 3.95 3.23 2.94 2.95 2.96</td> <td>.51 .77 1.06 1.32 1.48 1.81 2.27 2.89 3.48 3.58 3.58 3.58 3.50 3.55 2.43 2.32 2.33</td>	.30 .44 .58 .79 .91 1.18 1.59 1.98 2.46 2.59 2.66 2.51 1.94 1.67 1.69 1.69 1.85 1.85 1.85 1.85 1.85 1.49 1.47 1.48 1.49	.59 1.31 1.73 2.21 2.60 4.42 4.84 4.94 4.51 4.08 3.19 2.53 2.17 2.00 2.04 2.04 2.25 1.99 2.00 2.08	.27 .37 .48 .70 .83 1.22 1.63 2.15 2.72 2.93 2.91 2.85 2.39 2.10 2.13 2.18 2.42 2.17 1.94 2.17	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA 3.95 3.75 3.22 2.87 2.92 3.01 3.24 3.10	1.43 1.71 1.98 2.35 2.56 2.98 3.68 4.29 5.17 6.06 6.12 6.12 6.12 5.83 5.54 5.47 5.64	1.07 1.35 1.64 2.04 2.23 2.73 3.39 4.00 4.82 5.59 5.55 5.50 5.55 5.50 5.08 4.77 4.63 4.74	.67 .96 1.24 1.50 1.70 1.99 2.56 3.14 3.87 4.18 4.22 3.95 3.23 2.94 2.95 2.96	.51 .77 1.06 1.32 1.48 1.81 2.27 2.89 3.48 3.58 3.58 3.58 3.50 3.55 2.43 2.32 2.33
975 Average         976 Average         977 Average         977 Average         977 Average         978 Average         979 Average         980 Average         981 Average         982 Average         983 Average         984 Average         985 Average         986 Average         987 Average         988 Average         989 Average         990 January         2         990 January         301         302 Average         990 January         301         302         302         303         304         304         305         306         307         308         309         309         300         300         300         300         301         3	.44 .58 .79 .91 1.18 1.59 1.98 2.46 2.59 2.66 2.51 1.94 1.67 1.69 1.69 2.23 1.85 1.55 1.49 1.47 1.48 1.49	1.31 1.73 1.99 2.21 2.60 4.42 4.84 4.94 4.51 4.08 3.19 2.53 2.17 2.00 2.04 2.04 2.25 1.99 2.00 2.08	.37 .48 .70 .83 1.22 1.63 2.15 2.72 2.93 2.91 2.85 2.39 2.10 2.13 2.18 2.42 2.17 1.94 2.17	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA S.95 3.75 3.22 2.87 2.92 3.01 3.24 3.10	1.71 1.98 2.35 2.56 2.98 3.68 4.29 5.17 6.06 6.12 6.12 6.12 5.83 5.54 5.47 5.64	1.35 1.64 2.04 2.23 2.73 3.39 4.00 4.82 5.59 5.55 5.50 5.50 5.08 4.77 4.63 4.74	.96 1.24 1.50 1.99 2.56 3.14 3.87 4.18 4.22 3.95 3.23 2.94 2.95 2.96	.77 1.06 1.32 1.48 1.81 2.27 2.89 3.48 3.58 3.70 3.55 2.43 2.32 2.33
976 Average         977 Average         978 Average         979 Average         980 Average         981 Average         982 Average         983 Average         984 Average         985 Average         986 Average         987 Average         988 Average         989 Average         980 January         990 January         991 January	.58 .79 .91 1.59 1.59 2.46 2.59 2.66 2.51 1.94 1.67 1.69 1.69 2.23 1.85 1.55 1.49 1.47 1.48 1.49	1.73 1.99 2.21 2.60 4.42 4.84 4.94 4.51 4.08 3.19 2.53 2.17 2.00 2.04 2.04 2.25 1.99 2.00 2.08	.48 .70 .83 1.22 1.63 2.15 2.72 2.93 2.91 2.85 2.39 2.10 2.13 2.18 2.42 2.17 1.94 2.17	NA NA NA NA NA NA 3.95 3.75 3.22 2.87 2.92 3.01 3.24 3.10	1.98 2.35 2.56 2.98 3.68 4.29 5.17 6.06 6.12 6.12 5.83 5.54 5.47 5.64 5.43	1.64 2.04 2.23 2.73 3.39 4.00 4.82 5.59 5.55 5.50 5.50 5.08 4.77 4.63 4.74	1.24 1.50 1.70 2.56 3.14 3.87 4.18 4.22 3.95 3.23 2.94 2.95 2.96	1.06 1.32 1.48 1.81 2.27 2.89 3.48 3.58 3.70 3.55 2.43 2.32 2.33
977       Average         978       Average         979       Average         980       Average         981       Average         982       Average         983       Average         984       Average         985       Average         986       Average         987       Average         986       Average         986       Average         985       Average         986       Average         987       Average         988       Average         989       Average         989       Average         990       January         April       May         June       July         August       September         October       November         December       Average         991       January         February       March         May       June         June       June         June       June         June       June         June       June         June       September	.79 .91 1.18 1.59 2.46 2.59 2.66 2.51 1.94 1.67 1.69 1.69 2.23 1.85 1.55 1.45 1.47 1.48 1.49	1.99 2.21 2.60 4.42 4.84 4.94 4.51 4.08 3.19 2.53 2.17 2.00 2.04 2.04 2.25 1.99 2.00 2.08	.70 .83 1.22 1.63 2.15 2.72 2.93 2.91 2.85 2.39 2.10 2.13 2.18 2.42 2.17 1.94 2.17	NA NA NA NA NA 3.95 3.75 3.22 2.87 2.92 3.01 3.24 3.10	2.35 2.56 2.98 3.68 4.29 5.17 6.06 6.12 5.83 5.54 5.43	2.04 2.23 2.73 3.39 4.00 4.82 5.59 5.55 5.50 5.08 4.77 4.63 4.74	1.50 1.70 1.99 2.56 3.14 3.87 4.18 4.22 3.95 3.23 2.94 2.95 2.96	1.32 1.48 1.81 2.27 2.89 3.48 3.58 3.70 3.55 2.43 2.32 2.33
976 Average       979 Average         979 Average       980 Average         981 Average       982 Average         982 Average       988 Average         983 Average       988 Average         984 Average       988 Average         985 Average       988 Average         986 Average       988 Average         987 Average       988 Average         988 Average       988 Average         989 Average       990 January         990 January       2         February       990 January         March       4         April       991 January         June       902 January         September       900 October         October       900 October         November       900 October         991 January       1000 October         991 January </td <td>.91 1.18 1.59 2.46 2.59 2.66 2.51 1.94 1.67 1.69 1.69 2.23 1.85 1.55 1.49 1.47 1.48 1.49</td> <td>2.21 2.60 4.42 4.84 4.94 4.51 4.08 3.19 2.53 2.17 2.00 2.04 2.04 2.25 1.99 2.00 2.08</td> <td>.83 1.22 1.63 2.15 2.72 2.93 2.91 2.85 2.39 2.10 2.13 2.18 2.42 2.17 1.94 2.17</td> <td>NA NA NA NA 3.95 3.75 3.22 2.87 2.92 3.01 3.24 3.10</td> <td>2.56 2.98 3.68 4.29 5.17 6.06 6.12 6.12 5.83 5.54 5.54 5.47 5.64</td> <td>2.23 2.73 3.39 4.00 4.82 5.59 5.55 5.50 5.08 4.77 4.63 4.74</td> <td>1.70 1.99 2.56 3.14 3.87 4.18 4.22 3.95 3.23 2.94 2.95 2.96</td> <td>1.48 1.81 2.27 2.89 3.48 3.58 3.70 3.55 2.43 2.32 2.32 2.33</td>	.91 1.18 1.59 2.46 2.59 2.66 2.51 1.94 1.67 1.69 1.69 2.23 1.85 1.55 1.49 1.47 1.48 1.49	2.21 2.60 4.42 4.84 4.94 4.51 4.08 3.19 2.53 2.17 2.00 2.04 2.04 2.25 1.99 2.00 2.08	.83 1.22 1.63 2.15 2.72 2.93 2.91 2.85 2.39 2.10 2.13 2.18 2.42 2.17 1.94 2.17	NA NA NA NA 3.95 3.75 3.22 2.87 2.92 3.01 3.24 3.10	2.56 2.98 3.68 4.29 5.17 6.06 6.12 6.12 5.83 5.54 5.54 5.47 5.64	2.23 2.73 3.39 4.00 4.82 5.59 5.55 5.50 5.08 4.77 4.63 4.74	1.70 1.99 2.56 3.14 3.87 4.18 4.22 3.95 3.23 2.94 2.95 2.96	1.48 1.81 2.27 2.89 3.48 3.58 3.70 3.55 2.43 2.32 2.32 2.33
779 Average	1.18 1.59 1.98 2.46 2.59 2.66 2.51 1.94 1.67 1.69 1.69 2.23 1.85 1.55 1.49 1.47 1.48 1.49	2.60 4.42 4.84 4.94 4.51 4.08 3.19 2.53 2.17 2.00 2.04 2.25 1.99 2.00 2.08	1.22 1.63 2.15 2.72 2.93 2.91 2.85 2.39 2.10 2.13 2.18 2.42 2.17 1.94 2.17	NA NA NA NA 3.95 3.75 3.22 2.87 2.92 3.01 3.24 3.10	2.98 3.68 4.29 5.17 6.06 6.12 6.12 5.83 5.54 5.54 5.47 5.64	2.73 3.39 4.00 4.82 5.59 5.55 5.50 5.08 4.77 4.63 4.74	1.99 2.56 3.14 3.87 4.18 4.22 3.95 3.23 2.94 2.95 2.96	1.81 2.27 2.89 3.48 3.58 3.70 3.55 2.43 2.32 2.32
180       Average         181       Average         182       Average         183       Average         183       Average         184       Average         185       Average         186       Average         187       Average         188       Average         189       Average         190       January         August       September         October       November         10       December         10       December         10       August         11       April         12       August         13       September         14       August         15       September         16       November         17       September         18       September         <	1.59 1.98 2.46 2.59 2.66 2.51 1.94 1.67 1.69 1.69 2.23 1.85 1.55 1.49 1.47 1.48 1.49	4.42 4.84 4.94 4.51 4.08 3.19 2.53 2.17 2.00 2.04 2.25 1.99 2.00 2.08	1.63 2.15 2.72 2.93 2.91 2.85 2.39 2.10 2.13 2.13 2.18 2.42 2.17 1.94 2.17	NA NA NA 3.95 3.75 3.22 2.87 2.92 3.01 3.24 3.10	3.68 4.29 5.17 6.06 6.12 6.12 5.83 5.54 5.54 5.64 5.43	3.39 4.00 4.82 5.59 5.55 5.50 5.08 4.77 4.63 4.74	2.56 3.14 3.87 4.18 4.22 3.95 3.23 2.94 2.95 2.96	2.27 2.89 3.48 3.58 3.70 3.55 2.43 2.32 2.33
881 Average       882 Average         882 Average       883 Average         884 Average       886 Average         885 Average       887 Average         886 Average       888 Average         887 Average       888 Average         888 Average       888 Average         989 Average       990 January         990 January       2         February       90         March       90         June       90         June       90         June       90         June       90         June       90         August       90         September       90         October       90         November       90         August       90         August       90         August       90         Auerage       90         November       90         August       90         June       90         June       90         June       90         September       90         October       90         November       90         August	1.98 2.46 2.59 2.66 2.51 1.94 1.67 1.69 1.69 2.23 1.85 1.55 1.49 1.47 1.48 1.49	4.84 4.94 4.51 2.53 2.17 2.00 2.04 2.25 1.99 2.00 2.08	2.15 2.72 2.93 2.91 2.85 2.39 2.10 2.13 2.18 2.42 2.17 1.94 2.17	NA NA 3.95 3.75 3.22 2.87 2.92 3.01 3.24 3.10	4.29 5.17 6.06 6.12 6.12 5.83 5.54 5.47 5.64 5.43	4.00 4.82 5.59 5.55 5.50 5.08 4.77 4.63 4.74	3.14 3.87 4.18 4.22 3.95 3.23 2.94 2.95 2.96	2.89 3.48 3.58 3.70 3.55 2.43 2.32 2.33
182 Average       183 Average         183 Average       184 Average         184 Average       185 Average         185 Average       186 Average         186 Average       188 Average         187 Average       188 Average         188 Average       188 Average         189 Average       189 Average         189 Average       189 Average         189 Average       189 Average         190 January       190 January         April       100 January         June       101 July         June       100 July         August       100 Jermeter         December       100 Jermeter         December       100 Jermeter         100 January       100 Jermeter         101 January       100 Jermeter         102 June       100 June         103 June       100 June         104 June       100 June         104 June       100 June         104 June       100 June         105 Potember       100 June         106 June       100 June         107 June       100 June         108 June       100 June         109 June       100 June      <	2.46 2.59 2.66 2.51 1.94 1.67 1.69 1.69 2.23 1.85 1.55 1.49 1.47 1.48 1.49	4.94 4.51 4.08 3.19 2.53 2.17 2.00 2.04 2.25 1.99 2.00 2.08	2.72 2.93 2.91 2.85 2.39 2.10 2.13 2.18 2.42 2.17 1.94 2.17	NA NA 3.95 3.75 3.22 2.87 2.92 3.01 3.24 3.10	5.17 6.06 6.12 5.83 5.54 5.47 5.64 5.43	4.82 5.59 5.55 5.08 4.77 4.63 4.74	3.87 4.18 4.22 3.95 3.23 2.94 2.95 2.96	3.48 3.58 3.70 3.55 2.43 2.32 2.33
183 Average       184 Average         184 Average       185 Average         185 Average       186 Average         186 Average       188 Average         187 Average       188 Average         188 Average       189 Average         189 Average       189 Average         189 Average       189 Average         189 Average       189 Average         189 Average       190 January         April       191 March         June       191 January         Pebruary       192 January         November       193 January         Pebruary       194 Average         191 January       194 February         March       194 Average         191 January       11 February         March       12 April         May       12 June         June       12 June         June       12 June         June       12 Juny         August       13 September         September       14 November         14 November       14 November	2.59 2.66 2.51 1.94 1.67 1.69 1.69 2.23 1.85 1.55 1.49 1.47 1.48 1.49	4.51 4.08 3.19 2.53 2.17 2.00 2.04 2.24 2.25 1.99 2.00 2.08	2.93 2.91 2.85 2.39 2.10 2.13 2.18 2.42 2.17 1.94 2.17	NA 3.95 3.75 3.22 2.87 2.92 3.01 3.24 3.10	6.06 6.12 6.12 5.83 5.54 5.47 5.64 5.43	5.59 5.55 5.50 5.08 4.77 4.63 4.74	4.18 4.22 3.95 3.23 2.94 2.95 2.96	3.58 3.70 3.55 2.43 2.32 2.33
184 Average       185 Average         185 Average       186 Average         186 Average       187 Average         188 Average       188 Average         189 Average       188 Average         190 January       191 August         August       100 Average         191 January       11 February         191 January       11 February         191 January       11 February         191 January       11 Average         191 January       12 February         191 January       13 Average         191 January       14 Average         191 January       15 Average         191 January       14 Average         191 January       15 Average	2.66 2.51 1.94 1.67 1.69 1.69 2.23 1.85 1.55 1.49 1.47 1.48 1.49	4.08 3.19 2.53 2.17 2.00 2.04 2.25 1.99 2.00 2.08	2.91 2.85 2.39 2.10 2.13 2.18 2.42 2.17 1.94 2.17	3.95 3.75 3.22 2.87 2.92 3.01 3.24 3.10	6.12 6.12 5.83 5.54 5.47 5.64 5.43	5.55 5.50 5.08 4.77 4.63 4.74	4.22 3.95 3.23 2.94 2.95 2.96	3.70 3.55 2.43 2.32 2.33
185 Average       2         186 Average       188         187 Average       188         188 Average       188         188 Average       188         190 January       2         February       1         March       1         March       1         May       1         June       1         June       1         June       1         July       1         August       1         September       1         October       1         November       1         December       2         Average       1         191 January       1         February       1         May       1         June       1         September       1         October       1         November       1	2.51 1.94 1.67 1.69 1.69 2.23 1.85 1.55 1.49 1.47 1.48 1.49	3.19 2.53 2.17 2.00 2.04 2.25 1.99 2.00 2.08	2.85 2.39 2.10 2.13 2.18 2.42 2.17 1.94 2.17	3.75 3.22 2.87 2.92 3.01 3.24 3.10	6.12 5.83 5.54 5.47 5.64 5.43	5.50 5.08 4.77 4.63 4.74	3.95 3.23 2.94 2.95 2.96	3.55 2.43 2.32 2.33
186 Average         187 Average           187 Average         188 Average           188 Average         189 Average           189 Average         190 January           190 January         1           March         1           April         1           May         1           June         1           July         1           August         1           September         1           October         1           November         1           December         2           Average         1           191 January         1           February         1           March         1           April         1           May         1           June         1           June         1           June         1           June         1           June         1           June         1           September         1           September         1           November         1	1.94 1.67 1.69 1.69 2.23 1.85 1.55 1.49 1.47 1.48 1.49	2.53 2.17 2.00 2.04 2.25 1.99 2.00 2.08	2.39 2.10 2.13 2.18 2.42 2.17 1.94 2.17	3.22 2.87 2.92 3.01 3.24 3.10	5.83 5.54 5.47 5.64 5.43	5.08 4.77 4.63 4.74	3.23 2.94 2.95 2.96	2.43 2.32 2.33
N87 Average         N88 Average           N88 Average         N89 Average           N89 Average         N89 Average           N90 January         Yebruary           February         Yebruary           March         Yebruary           March         Yebruary           June         Yebruary           June         Yebruary           June         Yebruary           June         Yebruary           June         Yebruary           July         Yebruary           August         Yebruary           November         Yebruary           November         Yebruary           March         Yebruary           March         Yebruary           June         Yebruary           September         Yebruary           November         Yebruary	1.67 1.69 1.69 2.23 1.85 1.55 1.49 1.47 1.48 1.49	2.17 2.00 2.04 2.25 1.99 2.00 2.08	2.10 2.13 2.18 2.42 2.17 1.94 2.17	2.87 2.92 3.01 3.24 3.10	5.54 5.47 5.64 5.43	4.77 4.63 4.74	2.94 2.95 2.96	2.32 2.33
N88 Average         199           N89 Average         199           January         2           February         1           March         1           April         1           May         1           June         1           October         1           December         2           Average         1           191         January         1           February         1           March         1           April         1           May         1           June         1           June         1           June         1           July         1           August         1           September         1           October         1           November         1	1.69 1.69 2.23 1.85 1.55 1.49 1.47 1.48 1.49	2.00 2.04 2.25 1.99 2.00 2.08	2.13 2.18 2.42 2.17 1.94 2.17	2.92 3.01 3.24 3.10	<b>5.47</b> <b>5.64</b> 5.43	4.63 4.74	2.95 2.96	2.33
189 Average       2         February       2         March       3         April       3         June       3         June       3         July       3         August       3         September       3         October       3         November       3         December       3         Average       1         191 January       1         February       1         March       1         May       1         June       1         May       1         September       1         August       1         May       1         June       1         September       1         October       1         <	1.69 2.23 1.85 1.55 1.49 1.47 1.48 1.49	2.04 2.25 1.99 2.00 2.08	2.18 2.42 2.17 1.94 2.17	3.01 3.24 3.10	<b>5.64</b> 5.43	4.74	2.96	
190 January       2         February       3         March       3         April       3         May       3         June       3         October       3         November       3         December       3         Average       3         191 January       3         February       3         March       3         June       3         June       3         June       3         September       3         October       3         November       3	2.23 1.85 1.55 1.49 1.47 1.48 1.49	2.04 2.25 1.99 2.00 2.08	2.42 2.17 1.94 2.17	3.24 3.10	5.43			2.43
February       March         April       May         June       June         July       August         September       October         November       December         December       Average         191 January       February         March       March         June       June         June       June         December       December         December       December         June       June         June       June         June       June         June       Detember         October       November	1.85 1.55 1.49 1.47 1.48 1.49	2.25 1.99 2.00 2.08	2.17 1.94 2.17	3.10		4.97	_	
March       April         April       May         June       July         July       September         October       December         November       December         Poterage       1         March       April         March       April         June       July         September       December         Average       1         March       April         June       July         June       July         September       1         October       1         November       1	1.55 1.49 1.47 1.48 1.49	1.99 2.00 2.08	1.94 2.17		E 05		3.53	3.00
April         May           June         June           July         July           August         September           October         December           November         December           Poterage         1           March         March           June         June           June         June           October         September	1.49 1.47 1.48 1.49	2.00 2.08	2.17	2.94	5.65	5.05	3.41	2.76
May	1.47 1.48 1.49	2.08			5.60	4.92	3.08	2.37
June         July           July         August           September         October           November         December           December         Average           191 January         February           March         April           June         June           June         July           Jone         September           Jone         July           November         November	1.48 1.49		4 ***	2.83	5.64	4.82	2.85	2.28
July August	1.49	1.91	1.98	2.81	6.00	4.63	2.68	2.18
July			2.18	3.00	6.56	4.56	2.58	2.16
August         September           September         September           November         September           December         September           January         September           March         March           June         July           June         September           September         September		1.88	2.00	3.03	7.04	4.45	2.50	2.21
September	1.51	1.93	1.86	2.91	7.08	4.55	2.52	2.23
October       1         November       1         December       2         Average       1         191 January       1         February       1         March       1         April       1         June       1         June       1         July       1         September       1         October       1	1.56	1.89	1.93	2.92	6.90	4.55	2.60	2.21
November       1         December       2         Average       1         191 January       1         February       1         March       1         April       1         June       1         June       1         June       1         September       1         October       1         November       1	1.76	1.90	2.18	2.81	6.14	4.66	2.69	2.45
December         2           Average         1           991 January         1           February         1           March         1           April         1           May         1           June         1           July         1           August         1           October         1	1.94	2.21	2.45	3.14	5.69	4.81	3.02	2.45
Average         1           991 January         1           February         1           March         1           March         1           May         1           June         1           July         1           September         1           October         1	2.04	2.27	2.58	3.19	5.62	4.92	3.25	2.89
February         1           March         1           April         1           May         1           June         1           July         1           August         1           September         1           October         1           November         1	1.71	2.03	2.19	3.03	5.80	4.83	2.93	2.39
February         1           March         1           April         1           May         1           June         1           July         1           August         1           September         1           October         1           November         1	1.96	2.24	2.23	3.08	5.54	4.94	3.25	2.70
March         1           April         1           May         1           June         1           July         1           August         1           September         1           October         1	1.62	2.12	1.98	2.94	5.56	4.94	2.97	2.35
April         1           May         1           June         1           July         1           August         1           September         1           October         1           November         1	1.49	1.94	2.06	2.78	5.60	4.89	2.75	2.21
May         1           June         1           July         1           August         1           September         1           October         1           November         1	1.50	2.05	1.91	2.74	5.90	4.87	2.68	2.10
June         1           July         1           August         1           September         1           October         1           November         1	1.48	2.00	2.04	2.76	6.28	4.65	2.40	2.01
July         1           August         1           September         1           October         1           November         1	1.43	2.05	1.98	2.86	6.98	4.80		
August	1.34	2.13	1.87	2.74	7.23		2.34	1.94
September						4.50	2.23	1.88
October 1 November 1	1.43	1.71	1.77	2.78	7.36	4.73	2.29	1.96
November 1	1.59	1.85	1.81	2.91	6.92	4.57	2.40	2.19
	1.82	2.24	1.96	2.92	6.20	4.58	2.69	2.35
	1.89	2.20	2.01	2.92	5.51	4.71	2.84	2.43
_	2.00 1.64	2.09 <b>2.06</b>	2.13 <b>2.01</b>	3.05 <b>2.90</b>	5.51 <b>5.82</b>	4.84 <b>4.81</b>	3.09 2.69	2.65 2 · 2.18
-								
	1.77	2.20	2.10	2.91	5.53	4.85	3.06	2.49
	1.37	1.98	1.70	2.74	5.53	5.04	2.81	2.03
	1.46	1.45	1.90	2.61	5.48	4.77	2.58	1.99
	1.51	2.01	1.84	2.75	5.61	4.78	2.50	2.06 <i>2 i</i> (
	1.63	1.79	1.99	2.90	6.14	4.59	2.41	2.11
	1.75	2.03	2.16	3.00	6.82	4.72	2.52	2.18
	1.67	1.89	1.86	2.99	_ 7.23	4.63	2.50	2.15
	1.98	1.82	2.14	3.15	<sup>P</sup> 7.40	4.72	2.67	2.42
	2.08	2.05	2.13	3.26	<sup>R</sup> 7.10	4.69	2.79	2.51
October 2	2.56	2.13	2.69	3.49	6.46	4.90	3.17	3.04
November <sup>R</sup> 2	<sup>R</sup> 2.27	2.32	2.37	3.28	<sup>R</sup> 5.99	<sup>R</sup> 5.09	<sup>R</sup> 3.24	P 2.87
	£ 2.20	1.92	2.40	3.16	5.71	5.11	3.34	NA 2
Average E1		1.96	2.10	3.01	5.87	4.88	2.82	NA 2,

Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

ь See Note 8 at end of section.

R=Revised data. NA=Not available. E=Estimate.

Notes: . Prices shown on this page are intended to include all taxes. See Note 8 at end of section. 
• Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. 
• Data through 1991 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary. • Wellhead annual and year-to-date prices are simple averages of the monthly prices; all other annual and year-to-date prices are volume-weighted averages of the monthly prices. . •

Sources: • Wellhead: 1973-1985-Energy Information Administration (EIA), Natural Gas Annual 1990, Volume 2, Table 7. • Major Interstate Pipeline Companies: 1974-1977—Calculated from revenue and sales data reported to the Federal Power Commission (FPC) on Form FPC-11, 'Natural Gas Pipeline Company Monthly Statement." 1978-1983—EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, December 1984, Table 10. • Delivered to Consumers: 1973-1985—EIA, Natural Gas Annual 1990, Volume 2, Table 4. • All Other Data: 1984 and 1985-EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, January 1991, Table 4. 1986 forward-EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, March 1993, Table 4.

# Energy Prices Notes

1. The average domestic first purchase price represents the average price at which all domestic crude oil is purchased. Prior to February 1976, the price represented an estimate of the average of posted prices; beginning with February 1976, the price represents an average of actual first purchase prices. The data series was previously called "Actual Domestic Wellhead Price."

2. F.O.B. literally means "Free on Board." It denotes a transaction whereby the seller makes the product available with an agreement on a given port at a given price; it is the responsibility of the buyer to arrange for the transportation and insurance.

3. The landed cost of imported crude oil from selected countries does not represent the total cost of all imported crude. Prior to March 1975, imported crude costs to U.S. company-owned refineries in the Caribbean were not included in the landed cost, and costs of crude oil from countries that export only small amounts to the United States were also excluded. Beginning in March 1975, however, coverage was expanded to include U.S. company-owned refineries in the Caribbean. Landed costs do not include supplemental fees.

4. Beginning with January 1981, refiner acquisition costs of crude oil are from data collected on Form EIA-14, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Report." Those costs were previously published from data collected on Form ERA-49, "Domestic Crude Oil Entitlements Program Refiners Monthly Report." Form ERA-49 was discontinued with the decontrol of crude oil on January 28, 1981. Crude oil purchases and costs are defined for Form EIA-14 in accordance with conventions used for Form ERA-49. Also, the respondents for the two forms are essentially the same. However, due to possible different interpretations of the filing requirements and a different method for handling prior period adjustments, care must be taken when comparing the data collected on the two forms.

The refiner acquisition cost of crude oil is the average price paid by refiners for crude oil booked into their refineries in accordance with accounting procedures generally accepted and consistently and historically applied by the refiners concerned. Domestic crude oil is that oil produced in the United States or from the outer continental shelf as defined in 43 USC Section 1331. Imported crude oil is either that oil reported on Form ERA-51, "Transfer Pricing Report," or any crude oil that is not domestic oil. The composite cost is the weighted average of domestic and imported crude oil costs.

Crude oil costs and volumes reported on Form ERA-49 excluded unfinished oils but included the Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR). Crude oil costs and volumes reported on Form FEA-P110-M-1, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Allocation Report," included unfinished oils but excluded SPR. Imported averages derived from Form ERA-49 exclude oil purchased for SPR, whereas the composite averages derived from Form ERA-49 include SPR. None of the prices derived from Form EIA-14 include either unfinished oils or SPR.

5. Several different series of motor gasoline prices are published in this section. U.S. City Average Retail Prices of Motor Gasoline are calculated monthly by the Bureau of Labor Statistics during the development of the Consumer Price Index (CPI). These prices include all Federal, State, and local taxes paid at the time of sale. For the period 1974-1977, prices were collected in 56 urban areas. For the period 1978 forward, prices were collected from a new sample of service stations in 85 urban areas selected to represent all urban consumers—about 80 percent of the total U.S. population. The service stations are selected initially, and on a replacement basis, in such a way that they represent the purchasing habits of the CPI population. Service stations in the current sample include those providing all types of service (i.e., full-, mini-, and self-serve).

Refiner prices of finished motor gasoline for resale and to end users are determined by the Energy Information Administration (EIA) in a monthly survey of refiners and gas plant operators (Form EIA-782A). The prices do not include any Federal, State, or local taxes paid at the time of sale. Estimates of prices prior to January 1983 are based on Form FEA-P302-M-1/EIA-460, "Petroleum Industry Monthly Report for Product Prices," and also exclude all Federal, State, or local taxes paid at the time of sale. Sales for resale are those made to purchasers who are other-than-ultimate consumers. Sales to end users are sales made directly to the consumer of the product, including bulk consumers, such as agriculture, industry, and utilities, as well as residential and commercial consumers.

6. Starting in January 1983, Form EIA-782, "Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report," replaced 10 previous surveys. Every attempt was made to continue the most important price series. However, prices published through December 1982 and those published since January 1983 do not necessarily form continuous data series due to changes in survey forms, definitions, instructions, populations, samples, processing systems, and statistical procedures. To provide historical data, continuous series were generated for annual data 1978-1982 and for monthly data 1981 and 1982 by estimating the prices that would have been published had Form EIA-782 survey and system been in operation at that time. This form of estimation was performed after detailed adjustment was made for product and sales type matching and for discontinuity due to other factors. An important difference between the previous and present prices is the distinction between wholesale and resale and between retail and end user. The resale category continues to include sales among resellers. However, bulk sales to utility, industrial, and commercial accounts previously included in the wholesale category are now counted as made to end users. The end-user category continues to include retail sales through company owned and operated outlets but also includes the bulk utility, industrial, and commercial sales. Additional information may be found in Estimated Historic Time Series for the EIA-782, a feature article reprinted from the December 1983 [3] *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, published by EIA.

7. National average electricity prices are shown in two data series. The "Annual Series" is based on data from more than 3,000 publicly and privately owned electric utilities that report on Form EIA-861, "Annual Electric Utility Report." The "Monthly Series" is based on data from over 400 utilities statistically chosen as a stratified sample of the utilities that report on Form EIA-861. The selected utilities report monthly on Form EIA-826, "Monthly Electric Utility Sales and Revenue Report with State Distributions," formerly the "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement." Annual values shown for the monthly series are the sum of the monthly revenue divided by the sum of the monthly sales. Prior to January 1986, only privately owned utilities were included in the monthly survey and the sample was chosen by using cut-off, rather than stratification, techniques.

8. Natural gas prices are intended to include all taxes. Instructions on the data collection forms specifically direct that all U.S., State, and local taxes, surcharges, and/or adjustments billed to consumers are to be included. However, sales and other taxes itemized on consumers' bills are sometimes excluded by the reporting utilities.

Delivered-to-consumers prices for 1987 forward represent natural gas delivered and sold to residential, commercial, industrial, and electric utility consumers. They do not include the price of natural gas delivered to industrial and commercial consumers on behalf of third parties. Volumes of natural gas delivered on behalf of third parties are included in the consumption data shown in Table 4.3. Additional information is available in the EIA Natural Gas Monthly, Appendix C.

Electric utility data for 1973-1982 cover all electric generating plants at which the generator nameplate capacity of all steam-electric units combined totaled 25 megawatts or greater. From 1974-1982, peaking units were included in the data and counted towards the 25-megawatt-or-greater total. Data for 1983-1990 cover all electric generating plants at which the generator nameplate capacity of all steam-electric units combined totaled 50 megawatts or greater. Data for 1991 cover all electric generating plants at which the generator nameplate capacity of all steam-electric units combined totaled 50 megawatts or greater. Data for 1991 cover all electric generating plants at which the generator nameplate capacity of all steam-electric units and combined-cycle units together totaled 50 megawatts or greater.

### Sources for Table 9.1

• Domestic First Purchase Price: 1973-1976-U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), Bureau of Mines (BOM), *Minerals Yearbook*, "Crude Petroleum and Petroleum Products" chapter. 1977-Federal Energy Administration (FEA), based on Form FEA-P124, "Domestic Crude Oil Purchaser's Monthly Report." 1978 forward-Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, March 1993, Table 1.

• F.O.B. and Landed Cost of Imports: October 1973-September 1977—FEA, Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report." October-December 1977— EIA, Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report." 1978 forward—EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, March 1993, Table 1.

• Refiner Acquisition Cost: 1973—EIA estimates. The domestic price was derived by adding estimated transportation costs to the reported domestic first purchase price. The imported price was derived by adding an estimated ocean transport cost to the average "Free Alongside Ship" value published by the U.S. Bureau of the Census. 1974-1976—DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook*, "Crude Petroleum and Petroleum Products" chapter. 1977—January-September—FEA, based on Form FEA-P110-M-1, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Allocation Report." October-December—EIA, based on Form FEA-P110-M-1, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Allocation Report." 1978 forward—EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, March 1993, Table 1.

### Sources for Table 9.9

• Monthly Series: 1973-September 1977—Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenue and Income." October 1977-February 1980—Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FERC-5, "Electric Operating Revenue and Income." March 1980-December 1980—FERC, Form FERC-5, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement." 1981 and 1990 monthly data—Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Electric Power Monthly*, March 1992, Table 59. 1982 forward (except 1990 monthly data)—EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, March 1993, Table 59.

• Annual Series: EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, March 1993, Table 59.

# Sources for Table 9.10

• 1973-1979—Annual data for quantity are simple sums of unrounded monthly values and for cost are averages of monthly values, weighted by quantities, from the following: 1973-May 1977— Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-423, "Monthly Report on Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants." June 1977-December 1977—Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FERC-423, "Monthly Report on Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants." 1978 and 1979—Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form FERC-423, "Monthly Report on Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants." • 1980: EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, April 1991, Table 33.

• 1981 forward: EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, March 1993, Table 33.

# Section 10. International Energy

**Crude Oil Production**. World crude oil production during December 1992 was 61 million barrels per day, up 0.2 million barrels per day from the level in the previous month. World crude oil production during 1992 averaged 60 million barrels per day, down less than one percent compared with production in 1991.

Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) production during December 1992 averaged 26 million barrels per day, up 0.1 million barrels per day from the level during the previous month. OPEC production during 1992 averaged 25 million barrels per day, a 5-percent increase, compared with production in the previous year. Production by the Arab members of OPEC during December 1992 averaged 16 million barrels per day, up 0.2 million barrels per day from the November 1992 level. During December 1992, production increased in Kuwait by 125 thousand barrels per day and in Saudi Arabia by 75 thousand barrels per day. Production remained unchanged in Algeria, Iraq, Libya, Qatar, and the United Arab Emirates. Among the non-Arab members of OPEC, production during December 1992 increased in Nigeria by 25 thousand barrels per day. Production decreased in Iran by 100 thousand barrels per day and in Venezuela by 25 thousand barrels per day, but remained unchanged in Indonesia.

Among the non-OPEC nations, production during December 1992 increased in the United States by 98 thousand barrels per day and in both Canada and Mexico by 10 thousand barrels per day. Production decreased in the former U.S.S.R. by 150 thousand barrels per day and in the United Kingdom by 10 thousand barrels per day. Production remained unchanged in China.

**Petroleum Consumption**. In October 1992, consumption in all Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) countries was 38.7 million barrels per day, slightly lower than the October 1991 level. Consumption levels were higher than a year ago in Japan (+6 percent) and in the United States (+3 percent). Canada's level of consumption was slightly higher, compared with the level 1 year earlier. Consumption levels were lower than a year ago in Italy (-10 percent), France and Germany (each -6 percent), and in the United Kingdom (-2 percent), compared with levels 1 year earlier.

**Petroleum Stocks.** For all OECD countries, petroleum stocks at the end of October 1992 totaled 3.6 billion barrels, 1 percent lower than the ending stock level in October 1991. Stock levels were lower than 1 year ago in most countries: Canada (-10 percent); United Kingdom (-6 percent); and Japan (-2 percent). France's and the United States' stock levels were slightly lower. Germany's stock level was higher (+6 percent) and only slightly higher in Italy compared with levels 1 year earlier.

Nuclear Electricity Generation. Based on *Nucleonics Week* information for December 1992, reporting countries with nuclear capacity generated 175 gross terawatthours<sup>9</sup> of nuclear-generated electricity, 5 percent more than in December 1991.

Canada's new unit Darlington 1, a 936-megawatt pressurized heavy-water reactor, was declared in commercial service on November 14, 1992.

A U.S. unit, San Onofre 1, a 456-megawatt pressurized light-water reactor, shut down on December 1, 1992, after 26 years of commercial service.

As of December 31, 1992, there were 354 operable nuclear generating units in the reporting countries. The units had a collective gross generating capacity of 300.4 gigawatts.<sup>11</sup> The 109 U.S. units accounted for 105.4 gross gigawatts, 35.1 percent of the total reported nuclear generating capacity.

Total nuclear generation for 1992 is estimated to be 1,856 gross terawatthours, 1.7 percent more than in 1991. Three nuclear units became operable in the reporting countries in 1992: India's Narora 2; France's Penly 2; and Canada's Darlington 1. However, three units retired in 1992: Yankee Rowe and San Onofre 1 in the United States and Saint-Laurent A-2 in France.

<sup>9</sup>One terawatthour equals 1 billion kilowatthours.

<sup>10</sup>One megawatt equals 1 thousand kilowatts.

<sup>11</sup>One gigawatt equals 1 million kilowatts.

### Table 10.1a World Crude Oil Production: Algeria Through Venezuela

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Algeria	Iraq	Kuwait <sup>a</sup>	Libya	Qatar	Saudi Arabia <sup>a</sup>	United Arab Emirates	Arab OPEC <sup>b</sup>	indonesia	Iran	Nigeria	Venezuela
973 Average	1,097	2,018	3,020	2,175	570	7,596	1,533	18,009	1,339	5.861	2,054	3,366
974 Average	1,009	1,971	2,546	1,521	518	8,480	1,679	17,724	1,375	6,022	2,255	2,976
975 Average	983	2,262	2,084	1,480	438	7,075	1,664	15,985	1,307	5,350	1,783	2,346
976 Average	1,075	2,415	2,145	1,933	497	8,577	1,936	18,579	1,504	5,883	2,067	2,294
977 Average	1,152	2,348	1,969	2,063	445	9,245	1,999	19,221	1,686	5,663	2,085	2,238
978 Average	1,231	2,563	2,131	1,983	487	8,301	1,831	18,525	1,635	5,242	1,897	2,165
979 Average	1,224	3,477	2,500	2,092	508	9,532	1,831	21,163	1,591	3,168	2,302	2,356
980 Average	1,106	2,514	1,656	1,787	472	9,900	1,709	19,144	1,577	1,662	2,055	2,168
981 Average	1,002	1,000	1,125	1,140	405	9,815	1,474	15,961	1,605	1,380	1,433	2,102
982 Average	987	1,012	823	1,150	330	6,483	1,250	12,035	1,339	2,214	1,295	1,895
983 Average	968	1,005	1,064	1,105	295	5,086	1,149	10,672	1,343	2,440	1,241	1,801
984 Average	1,014	1,209	1,157	1,087	394	4,663	1,146	10,670	1,412	2,174	1,388	1,798
985 Average	1,037	1,433	1,023	1,059	301	3,388	1,193	9,434	1,325	2,250	1,495	1,677
986 Average	945	1,690	1,419	1,034	308	4,870	1,330	11,596	1,390	2,035	1,467	1,787
987 Average	1,048	2,079	1,585	972	293	4,265	1,541	11,783	1,343	2,298	1,341	1,752
988 Average	1,040	2,685	1,492	1,175	346	5,086	1,565	13,389	1,342	2,240	1,450	1,903
989 Average	1,095	2,897	1,783	1,150	380	5,064	1,860	14,229	1,409	2,810	1,716	1,907
990 January	1,160	2,946	2,003	1,222	390	5,537	2,052	15,312	1,306	2,700	1,731	1,990
February	1,160	2,946	2,003	1,375	401	5,636	2,027	15,549	1,306	3,000	1,731	2,140
March	1,160	2,946	2,184	1,324	422	5,765	2,052	15,853	1,411	3,000	1,731	2,040
April	1,160	2,997	1,958	1,273	422	5,888	2,097	15,796	1,463	2,900	1,830	2,040
May	1,160	3,150	1,958	1,273	385	5,394	2,107	15,427	1,411	3,200	1,731	2,040
June	1,160	3,251	1,762	1,273	385	5,398	2,047	15,277	1,411	3,100	1,731	2,040
July	1,160	3,454	1,858	1,273	390	5,394	2,047	15,576	1,442	3,050	1,731	2,040
August	1,160	1,016	100	1,426	422	5,789	1,648	11,561	1,516	3,300	1,830	2,090
September	1,190	508	100	1,426	422	7,660	2,197	13,503	1,536	3,300	1,880	2,290
October	1,210	457	75	1,579	422	7,729	2,307	13,779	1,542	3,000	1,929	2,275
November	1,210	432	75	1,528	422	8,224	2,372	14,263	1,568	3,200	1,929	2,320
December	1,210	432	75	1,528	390	8,481	2,447	14,563	1,620	3,300	1,929	2,340
Average	1,175	2,040	1,175	1,375	406	6,410	2,117	14,698	1,462	3,088	1,810	2,137
991 January	1,230	250	50	1,500	361	8,140	2,510	14,041	1,630	3,200	1,906	2,396
February	1,230	0	0	1,500	402	8,200	2,535	13,867	1,630	3,300	1,906	2,396
March	1,230	0	0	1,450	402	8,000	2,560	13,642	1,630	3,400	1,906	2,396
April	1,230	200	0	1,450	402	7,400	2,560	13,242	1,630	3,300	1,906	2,346
May	1,230	350	0	1,450	402	7,400	2,360	13,192	1,630	3,300	1,906	2,346
June	1,230	350	75	1,450	402	8,150	2,360	14,017	1,630	3,300	1,858	2,346
July	1,230	400	165	1,450	402	8,475	2,360	14,482	1,680	3,400	1,858	2,346
August	1,230	400	195	1,450	402	8,465	2,360	14,502	1,630	3,400	1,906	2,346
September	1,230	400	299	1,500	402	8,400	2,350	14,582	1,580	3,300	1,906	2,346 2,396
October	1,230	400	429	1,500	402	8,450	2,440	14,851	1,530	3,300 3,300	1,809 1,906	2,396
November	1,230	400	499	1,550	382 320	8,440	2,505 2,470	15,005 15,129	1,580 1,580	3,300	1,906	2,396 2,446
December Average	1,230 1,230	400 <b>298</b>	519 187	1,550 <b>1,483</b>	320 390	8,640 8,181	2,470	14,216	1,613	3,334	1,892	2,375
		400	565	1,550	350	8,790	2,435	15,320	1,580	3,500	1,975	2,390
1992 January	1,230	400	565 630	1,550	325	8,640	2,435	15,320	1,605	3,500	1,925	2,340
February	1,230 1,230	400	735	1,550	375	8,260	2,300	14,750	1,630	3,350	1,900	2,190
March	1,230	400	863	1,500	375	8,213	2,300	14,880	1,605	3,250	1,925	2,190
April May	1,230	400	915	1,450	375	8,265	2,300	14,935	1,530	3,250	1,925	2,290
June	1,230	400	1,015	1,450	375	8,315	2,275	15,040	1,505	3,250	1,925	2,290
July	1,210	400	1,080	1,450	400	8,350	2,300	15,190	1,480	3,300	1,975	2,290
August	1,210	400	1,130	1,425	425	8,400	2,330	15,320	1,540	3,450	2,000	2,340
September	1,210	400	1,200	1,475	425	8,450	2,320	15,480	1,550	3,450	2,025	2,390
October	1,210	400	1,280	1,500	440	8,505	2,320	15,655	1,550	3,650	2,050	2,440
November	1,210	400	1,375	1,500	440	8,500	2,320	15,745	1,550	3,650	2,050	2,440
December	1,210	400	1,500	1,500	440	8,575	2,320	15,945	1,550	3,550	2,075	2,415
Average	1,218	400	1,025	1,483	396	8,438	2,328	15,289	1,556	3,429	1,979	2,334

<sup>a</sup> Includes about one-half of the production in the Kuwait-Saudi Arabia Neutral Zone from 1973 through July 1990 and in June 1991. Kuwaiti Neutral Zone output was discontinued following Iraq's invasion of Kuwait on August 2, 1990, but was resumed in June 1991. In December 1992, Neutral Zone production by both Kuwait and Saudi Arabia totaled about 450 thousand barrels per day.
 <sup>b</sup> The Arab members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries

<sup>b</sup> The Arab members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) are Algeria, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United

Arab Emirates. Production in the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia is included in "Arab OPEC."

Notes: • Crude oil includes lease condensate but excludes natural gas plant liquids. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Monthly data are often preliminary figures and may not average to the annual totals because of rounding or because updates to the preliminary monthly data are not available.

Sources: See end of section.

# Table 10.1b World Crude Oil Production: Total OPEC, Canada Through Former U.S.S.R., and World

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Total OPECª	Persian Gulf Nations <sup>b</sup>	Canada	Mexico	United Kingdom	United States	China	Former U.S.S.R.	Other <sup>c</sup>	World
ł		1			<u> </u>					
73 Average	30,988	20,668	1,798	465	2	9,208	1,090	8,324	3,804	55,679
74 Average	30,729	21,282	1,551	571	2	8,774	1,315	8,912	3,862	55,716
5 Average	27,154	18,934	1,430	705	12	8,375	1,490	9,523	4,139	52,828
'6 Average	30,737	21,514	1,314	831	245	8,132	1,670	10,060	4,355	57,344
77 Average	31,299	21,725	1,321	981	768	8,245	1,874	10,603	4,616	59,707
8 Average	29,875	20,606	1,316	1,209	1,082	8,707	2,082	11,105	4,782	60,158
9 Average	30,998	21,066	1,500	1,461	1,568	8,552	2,122	11,384	5,089	62,674
0 Average	26,985	17,961	1,435	1,936	1,622	8,597	2,114	11,706	5,204	59,599
1 Average	22,843	15,245	1,285	2,313	1,811	8,572	2,012	11,850	5,390	56,076
2 Average	19,145	12,156	1,271	2,748	2,065	8,649	2,045	11,912	5,646	53,481
3 Average	17,891	11,081	1,356	2,689	2,291	8,688	2,120	11,972	6,248	53,255
4 Average	17,857	10,784	1,438	2,780	2,480	8,879	2,296	11,861	6,897	54,488
5 Average	16,634	9,630	1,471	2,745	2,530	8,971	2,505	11,585	7,540	53,981
6 Average	18,734	11,696	1,474	2,435	2,539	8,680	2,620	11,895	7,850	56,227
7 Average	18,846	12,103	1,535	2,548	2,406	8,349	2,690	11,985	8,242	56,601
8 Average	20,785	13,457	1,616	2,512	2,232	8,140	2,730	11,978	8,669	58,662
9 Average	22,558	14,837	1,560	2,520	1,802	7,613	2,757	11,625	9,338	59,773
0 January	23,573	15,673	1,483	2,520	1,918	7,546	2,805	11,470	9,579	60,895
February	24,270	16,055	1,503	2,520	1,818	7,497	2,785	11,101	9,656	61,153
March	24,589	16,411	1,610	2,510	1,943	7,433	2,755	11,470	9,745	62,056
April	24,583	16,304	1,554	2,510	1,923	7,407	2,755	11,280	9,767	61,779
Мау	24,333	16,235	1,534	2,485	1,893	7,328	2,755	11,108	9,775	61,212
June	24,103	15,987	1,514	2,465	1,838	7,106	2,765	10,932	9,660	60,383
July	24,384	16,235	1,549	2,485	1,750	7,173	2,725	10,843	9,578	60,488
August	20,861	12,318	1,549	2,535	1,630	7,287	2,760	10,723	9,596	56,941
September	23,073	14,230	1,554	2,626	1,760	7,224	2,820	10,633	9,799	59,488
October	23,103	14,034	1,605	2,646	1,865	7,542	2,785	10,362	9,921	59,826
November	23,862	14,767	1,575	2,666	1,827	7,387	2,810	10,309	10,211	60,646
December	24,335	15,168	1,600	2,666	1,677	7,338	2,770	10,338	10,134	60,858
Average	23,750	15,278	1,553	2,553	1,820	7,355	2,774	10,880	9,785	60,471
1 January	23,777	14,553	1,561	2,660	1,675	7,500	2,792	10,663	10,109	60,736
February	23,709	14,477	1,621	2,674	1,904	7,637	2,802	9,943	10,144	60,433
March	23,558	14,405	1,546	2,669	2,068	7,546	2,797	10,367	10,137	60,687
April	23,007	13,903	1,445	2,655	1,526	7,509	2,802	10,310	10,025	59,279
May	22,937	13,854	1,505	2,695	1,396	7,409	2,802	10,222	10,127	59,093
June	23,714	14,674	1,525	2,720	1,525	7,320	2,812	9,808	9,863	59,288
July	24,348	15,240	1,535	2,690	1,805	7,347	2,812	9,808	9,935	60,281
August	24,367	15,260	1,581	2,660	1,827	7,316	2,812	9,420	9,602	59,584
September	24,297	15,191	1,551	2,675	1,896	7,368	2,807	9,886	10,139	60,616
October	24,480	15,459	1,505	2,680	1,990	7,437	2,807	9,492	10,189	60,580
November	24,781	15,565	1,621	2,660	1,975	7,328	2,812	9,378	10,275	60,830
December	25,179	15,889	1,586	2,675	1,979	7,299	2,807	9,347	10,368	61,239
Average	24,016	14,876	1,548	2,676	1,797	7,417	2,805	9,887	10,076	60,221
2 January	25,345	16,080	1,585	2,675	1,920	<sup>E</sup> 7,363	2,830	9,115	10,526	61,359
February	25,125	15,960	1,560	2,665	1,905	E 7,373	2,865	8,650	10,375	60,518
March	24,435	15,460	1,620	2,680	1,755	E 7,315	2,835	8,760	10,429	59,829
April	24,470	15,437	1,535	2,680	1,835	<sup>E</sup> 7.291	2,855	9,025	10,523	60,214
Мау	24,550	15,542	1,510	2,660	1,700	E7,110	2,835	8,455	10,251	59,071
June	24,630	15,666	1,560	2,680	1,545	E 7,138	2,830	8,440	10,443	59,266
July	24,860	15,866	1,630	2,660	1,780	E 7,096	2,825	8,365	10,498	59,714
August	25,285	16,170	1,675	2,685	1,825	<sup>E</sup> 6,928	2,815	8,130	10,472	59,815
September	25,525	16,280	<sup>R</sup> 1,620	2,685	1,830	E 7,019	2,860	7,980	<sup>R</sup> 10,543	<sup>R</sup> 60.062
October	25,975	16,630	<sup>R</sup> 1,665	2.655	1.930	€ 7,065	2,875	7,965	<sup>R</sup> 10,704	<sup>R</sup> 60,834
November	26,065	16,720	<sup>R</sup> 1,615	<sup>R</sup> 2,640	<sup>R</sup> 1,945	E 7,027	2,845	<sup>R</sup> 7,765	<sup>R</sup> 10,509	<sup>R</sup> 60,411
December	26,165	16,820	1,625	2,650	1,935	E 7,125	2,845	7,615	10,646	60,606
Average	25,203	16,053	1,600	2,668	1,825	E 7,153	2,843	8,354	10,494	60,141

<sup>a</sup> "Total OPEC" consists of Algeria, Ecuador, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela. Production from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia is included in "Total OPEC."

Arabia is included in "Total OPEC." <sup>b</sup> The Persian Gulf Nations are Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates. Production from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia is included in "Persian Gulf Nations." <sup>c</sup> "Other" is a calculated total derived from the difference between "World"

<sup>c</sup> "Other" is a calculated total derived from the difference between "World" and the sum of production in "Total OPEC," Canada, Mexico, the United Kingdom, the United States, China, and the former U.S.S.R.

R=Revised data. E=Estimate.

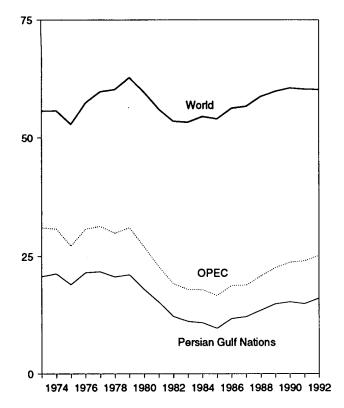
Notes: • Crude oil includes lease condensate but excludes natural gas plant liquids. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Monthly data are often preliminary figures and may not average to the annual totals because of rounding or because updates to the preliminary monthly data are not available.

Sources: See end of section.

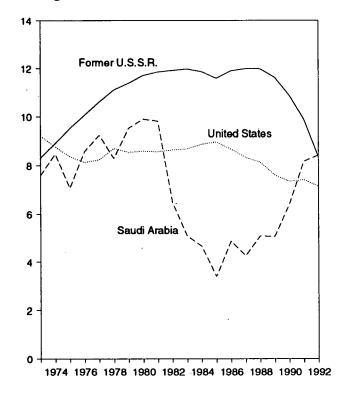
# Figure 10.1 Crude Oil Production

(Million Barrels per Day)

### World Production, 1973-1992

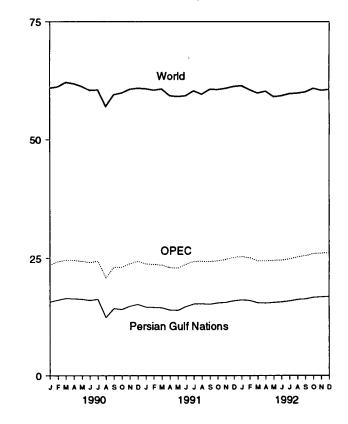


### Leading Producers, 1973-1992

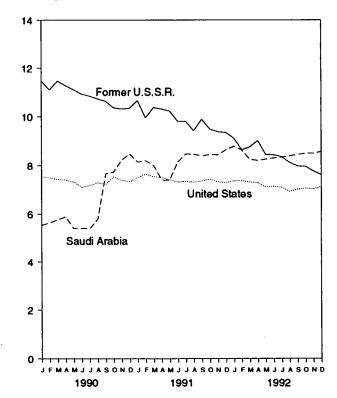


# Note: OPEC is the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. Sources: Tables 10.1a and 10.1b.

### World Production, Monthly

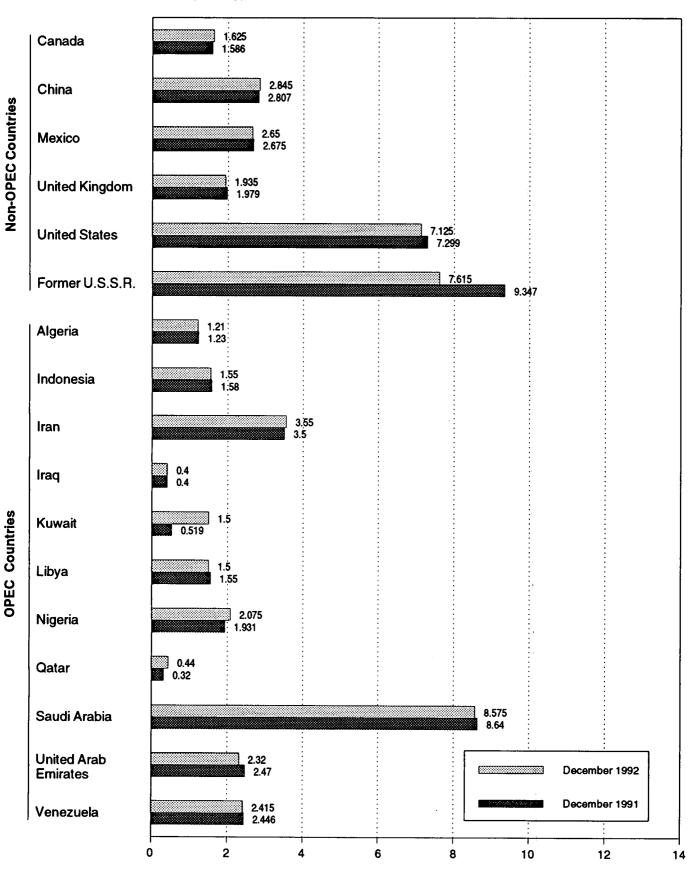


### Leading Producers, Monthly



# Figure 10.2 Crude Oil Production by Selected Country

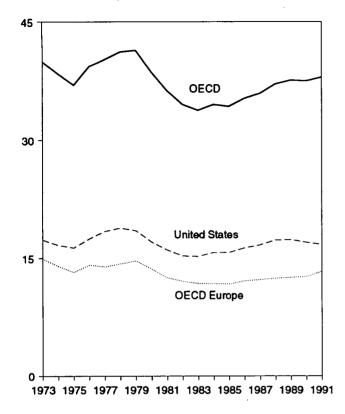
(Million Barrels per Day)



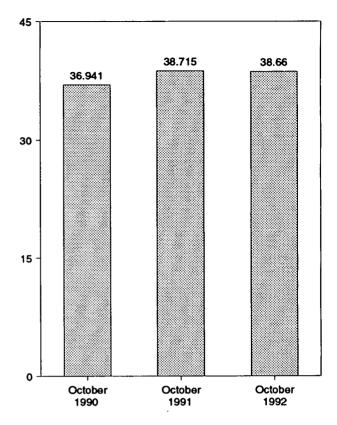
Note: OPEC is the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. Sources: Tables 10.1a and 10.1b.

### Figure 10.3 Petroleum Consumption in OECD Countries (Million Barrels per Day)

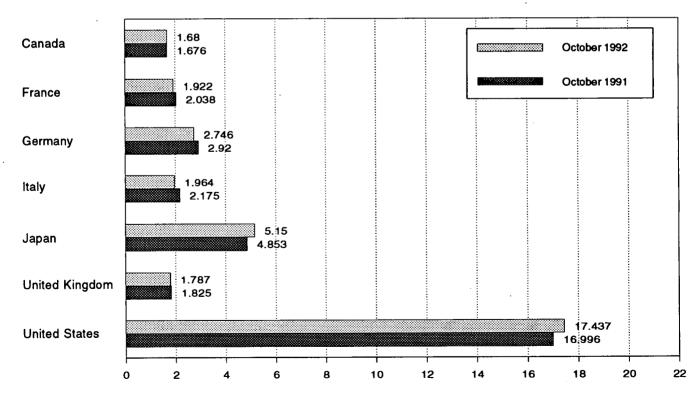
OECD Consumption, 1973-1991



**OECD** Consumption



### Consumption by Selected OECD Country



Note: OECD is the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. Source: Table 10.2.

#### Table 10.2 Petroleum Consumption in OECD Countries

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

						United	United	OECD	Other	
	Canada	France	Germany <sup>a</sup>	Italy	Japan	Kingdom	States	Europeb	OECD°	OECD
973 Average	1,729	2,601	3,055	2,068	4,949	2,341	17,308	14,925	988	39,900
974 Average	1,779	2,447	2,748	2,004	4,864	2,210	16,653	13,988	1,095	38,379
975 Average	1,779	2,252	2,650	1,855	4,621	1,911	16,322	13,217	1,041	36,980
076 Average	1,818	2,420	2,877	1,971	4,837	1,892	17,461	14,124	1,119	39,358
977 Average	1,850	2,294	2,865	1,897	4,880	1,905	18,431	13,916	1,160	40,237
978 Average	1,902	2,408	2,927	1,952	4,945	1,938	18,847	14,290	1,204	41,187
979 Average	1,971	2,463	3,003	2,039	5,050	1,971	18,513	14,667	1,178	41,379
980 Average	1,873	2,256	2,707	1,934	4,960	1,725	17,056	13,634	1,072	38,595
	1,768	2,023	2,449	1,874	4,848	1,590	16,058	12,515	1,080	36,269
981 Average	1,578	1.880		•	• • •	•	15,296	•	•	
982 Average			2,372	1,781	4,582	1,590	•	12,053	1,008	34,517
983 Average	1,448	1,835	2,324	1,750	4,395	1,531	15,231	11,765	954	33,793
984 Average	1,472	1,754	2,322	1,646	4,576	1,849	15,726	11,736	989	34,500
985 Average	1,504	1,775	2,338	1,717	4,384	1,634	15,726	11,681	976	34,271
986 Average	1,506	1,772	2,498	1,738	4,439	1,649	16,281	12,102	951	35,279
987 Average	1,548	1,789	2,424	1,855	4,484	1,603	16,665	12,255	958	35,911
988 Average	1,693	1,797	2,422	1,836	4,752	1,697	17,283	12,427	939	37,093
989 Average	1,733	1,857	2,280	1,930	4,983	1,738	17,325	12,531	998	37,570
990 January	1,659	2,026	2,208	2,148	5,541	1,735	16,964	12,905	967	38,037
February	1,757	1,928	2,390	2,005	5,865	1,845	17,175	12,996	990	38,783
March	1,696	1,872	2,343	1,823	5,491	1,933	17,087	12,673	1,078	38,024
April	1,591	1,784	2,299	1,581	4,668	1,756	16,778	12,162	960	36,159
May	1,671	1,608	2,382	1,747	4,476	1,781	16,915	12,181	1,034	36,277
June	1,630	1,774	2,504	1,755	4,536	1,828	17,165	12,724	1,014	37,070
July	1,708	1,860	2,688	1,832	4,960	1,841	17,084	13,135	1,007	37,894
August	1,843	1,778	2,383	1,694	5,212	1,762	18,050	12,785	1,123	39,013
September	1,676	1,682	2,280	1,824	4,991	1,629	16,512	12,079	1,010	36,267
October	1,760	1,698	2,320	1,946	4,909	1,600	16,934	12,293	1,045	36,941
November	1,706	1,834	2,434	2,057	5,161	1,709	16,695	12,795	1,031	37,387
December	1,586	1,971	2,353	2,054	5,903	1,614	16,494	12,831	1,065	37,880
Average	1,690	1,818	2,382	1,872	5,140	1,752	16,988	12,629	1,027	37,475
991 January	1,609	2,258	<sup>R</sup> 3,000	2,237	<sup>R</sup> 5,838	<sup>R</sup> 1,782	16,893	<sup>R</sup> 14,481	<sup>R</sup> 1,046	<sup>R</sup> 39,866
February	1,627	1,970	<sup>R</sup> 2,786	<sup>R</sup> 2,083	<sup>R</sup> 6,121	<sup>R</sup> 1,796	16,339	<sup>R</sup> 13,713	<sup>R</sup> 1,022	<sup>R</sup> 38,822
March	1.467	1,724	<sup>R</sup> 2,859	1,712	<sup>R</sup> 5,803	<sup>R</sup> 1.688	16,212	<sup>R</sup> 12,527	1,075	<sup>R</sup> 37.084
April	1,574	1,774	<sup>R</sup> 2.955	1,866	<sup>R</sup> 4,997	<sup>R</sup> 1,751	16,139	<sup>R</sup> 12,986	<sup>R</sup> 1,065	<sup>R</sup> 36,762
May	1,618	1,739	<sup>R</sup> 2,913	1,773	<sup>R</sup> 4,870	<sup>R</sup> 1,761	16,189	12,882	1,091	<sup>R</sup> 36,651
June	1 576	1,769	R 3,270	1,589	<sup>R</sup> 4,751	<sup>R</sup> 1,732	16,878	<sup>R</sup> 13.096	<sup>R</sup> 931	<sup>R</sup> 37,233
July	<sup>R</sup> 1,702	1,953	<sup>R</sup> 2,273	1,716	<sup>R</sup> 4,973	<sup>R</sup> 1,813	16,971	<sup>R</sup> 12,569	987	P 37,202
August	<sup>R</sup> 1,693	1,759	<sup>R</sup> 2,610	1,598	<sup>R</sup> 4,856	<sup>R</sup> 1,774	17,183	R 12,641	977	P 37,350
September	<sup>R</sup> 1,578	1,787	<sup>R</sup> 2,681	1,876	R 4,708	<sup>R</sup> 1,715	16,848	R 12,918	1,009	<sup>A</sup> 37,062
October	<sup>R</sup> 1,676	<sup>R</sup> 2,038	<sup>R</sup> 2,920	2,175	4,853	1,825	16,996	R 14,093	1,003	<sup>R</sup> 38,715
November	<sup>R</sup> 1,566	<sup>R</sup> 1,915	R 2,860	2,082	5,578	1,789	16,730	<sup>R</sup> 13,644	1,113	<sup>R</sup> 38,631
December	<sup>R</sup> 1,627	P 2,096	<sup>R</sup> 2,831	2,082	5,945	1,725	17,145	R 14,147	1,027	P 39,890
Average	1,610	1,899	R 2,829	1,915	<sup>R</sup> 5,270	R 1,763	16,714	<sup>R</sup> 13,306	1,037	<sup>R</sup> 37,937
992 January	1,676	2,147	<sup>R</sup> 2.963	2,287	5,679	1,793	16,982	<sup>R</sup> 14,334	992	<sup>R</sup> 39,663
February	1,614	2,147	2,903	2,207	6,253			<sup>R</sup> 14,013		<sup>R</sup> 39,794
	-	<sup>P</sup> 1,934	<sup>R</sup> 2,804		•	1,777	16,885	14,013 Bancoa	1,029	800 707
March	1,606 <sup>R</sup> 1,575			1,924 B1 042	5,770	1,781	16,789	R 13,524	1,038	R 38,727
April	1,5/5	1,929	2,888	R 1,943	5,122	1,817	16,772	R 13,504	1,026	R 37,998
May	<sup>R</sup> 1,564	1,575 B 1 01 4	2,584	<sup>R</sup> 1,721	4,745	1,657	16,412	R 12,224	990	<sup>R</sup> 35,935
June	<sup>R</sup> 1,609	<sup>R</sup> 1,814	2,693	<sup>R</sup> 1,853	4,849	1,693	16,928	<sup>R</sup> 12,932	1,071	R 37,389
July	<sup>R</sup> 1,649	<sup>R</sup> 1,907	<sup>R</sup> 3,023	<sup>R</sup> 1,949	<sup>R</sup> 5,002	<sup>R</sup> 1,768	17,060	<sup>R</sup> 13,555	<sup>R</sup> 1,016	<sup>R</sup> 38,283
August	<sup>R</sup> 1,686	<sup>R</sup> 1,724	<sup>R</sup> 2,826	<sup>R</sup> 1,706	<sup>R</sup> 4,840	<sup>R</sup> 1,664	16,937	<sup>H</sup> 12,815	<sup>R</sup> 925	<sup>R</sup> 37,203
September	<sup>R</sup> 1,661	<sup>R</sup> 1,929	<sup>A</sup> 3,065	<sup>R</sup> 2,055	<sup>н</sup> 5,038	<sup>R</sup> 1,830	16,851	<sup>R</sup> 14,047	1,043	<sup>R</sup> 38,640
October	1,680	1,922	2,746	1,964	5,150	1,787	17,437	13,387	1,006	38,660
10-Mo. Average	1,632	1,899	2,840	1,959	5,241	1,756	16,906	13,429	1,013	38,221
991 10-Mo. Average	1,612	1,877	2,826	1,861	5,171	1,764	16,668	13,187	1,031	37,670
990 10-Mo. Average	1,699	1,800	2,380	1,835	5,060	1,770	17,068	12,592	1,023	37,443

<sup>a</sup> Through December 1990, the data for Germany are for the former West Germany only. Beginning with January 1991, the data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.
 <sup>b</sup> "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France,

<sup>o</sup> "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.
<sup>c</sup> "Other OECD" consists of Australia, New Zealand, and the U.S.

Other OECD consists of Australia, New Zealand, and the U.S Territories.
R=Revised data.

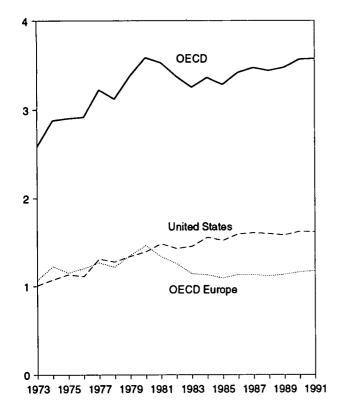
Notes: • The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development

(OECD) consists of Canada, Japan, and the United States, as well as "OECD Europe" and "Other OECD." • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. due to independent rounding. • Data through 1990 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary.

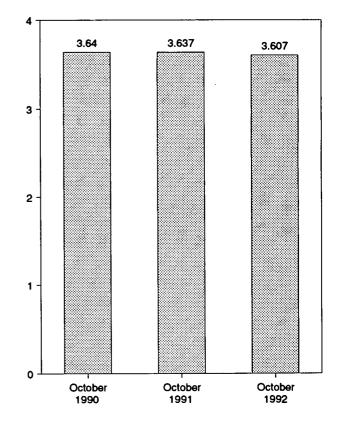
Sources: • United States: Table 3.1a. • All Other Data: 1973-1979—International Energy Agency, Annual Oil and Gas Statistics of OECD Countries. 1980 forward—International Energy Agency, quarterly and monthly computer tapes supporting Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances of OECD Countries.

### Figure 10.4 Petroleum Stocks in OECD Countries (Billion Barrels)

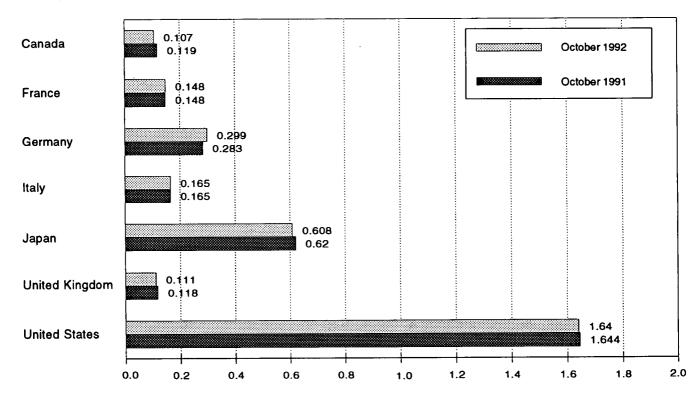
### OECD Stocks, End of Year, 1973-1991



# OECD Stocks, End of Month



### Stocks by Selected Country, End of Month



Note: OECD is the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. Source: Table 10.3.

## Table 10.3 Petroleum Stocks in OECD Countries, End of Period

(Million Barrels)

	Canada	France	Germany <sup>a</sup>	Italy	Japan	United Kingdom	United States	OECD Europe <sup>b</sup>	Other OECD <sup>c</sup>	OECI
······································	ł		· · · ·		· · · · ·			•		
973 Year	140	201	181	152	303	156	1,008	1.070	67	2.58
974 Year	145	249	213	167	370	191	1,074	1,227	64	2.880
75 Year	174	225	187	143	375	165	1,133	1,154	67	2,903
76 Year	153	234	208	143	380	165	1,112	1,205	68	2,91
77 Year	167	239	225	161	409	148	1,312	1,268	68	3,22
78 Year	144	201	238	154	413	157	1,278	1,219	68	3,12
79 Year	150	226	272	163	460	169	1,278	•	75	
80 Year	164	243	319	170	495	168	•	1,353		3,37
)81 Year	161	214	297	167			1,392	1,464	72	3,58
	136				482	143	1,484	1,337	67	3,53
182 Year		193	272	179	484	125	1,430	1,258	68	3,37
83 Year	121	153	249	149	470	118	1,454	1,142	68	3,25
184 Year	128	152	239	159	479	112	1,556	1,130	69	3,36
85 Year	113	139	233	157	494	123	1,519	1,092	66	3,284
986 Year	111	127	252	155	509	124	1,593	1,133	72	3,41
987 Year	126	127	259	169	540	121	1,607	1,130	72	3,47
)88 Year	116	140	266	155	538	112	1.597	1,118	71	3,44
89 Year	114	138	271	164	577	118	1,581	1,133	71	3,47
90 January	112	133	273	162	574	119	1,630	1,128	68	3,513
February	116	134	267	158	569	116	1,635	1,134	74	3,52
March	121	131	268	163	581	121	1,642	1,126	71	3,54
April	126	135	270	159	578	114	1,640	1,146	77	3,56
May	121	146	268	155	590	125	1,672	1,174	77	3,634
June	119	147	270	160	579	120	1,685	1,179	75	3,63
July	117	149	271	155	578	119	1,709	1,169	71	3,64
August	114	150	274	167	583	122	1,699	1,181	72	3,64
September	112	150	269	173	585	123	1,698	1,177	73	
October	113	148	268	172	592		,	•		3,64
Nevember	115	140	263		_	119	1,674	1,184	76	3,640
November				167	596	117	1,654	1,150	72	3,587
December	121	140	265	172	590	112	1,621	1,163	73	3,568
91 January	115	132	276	173	585	115	1,587	1,158	73	3,518
February	114	136	276	169	567	118	1,573	1,156	71	3,48
March	117	141	278	177	587	123	1,558	1,172	74	3,508
April	111	137	274	176	579	119	1,578	1,155	74	3,497
May	107	137	277	173	580	112	1,626	1,151	74	3,539
June	108	143	272	172	585	117	1,634	1,154	71	3,552
July	119	145	283	168	588	112	1,635	1,164	72	3,578
August	117	151	282	170	604	117	1.648	1,179	76	3,624
September	118	150	285	169	616	119	1,663	1,189	74	3,660
October	<sup>R</sup> 119	148	283	165	620	118	1,644	1,183	71	3,637
November	122	151	287	162	601	120	1,647	1,191	70	3,631
December	119	153	286	160	601	118	1,617	1,175	65	3,576
92 January	116	148	291	156	595	116	1,608	1,151	68	3,538
February	109	144	301	162	590	117	1,585	1,163	66	3,513
March	109	142	300	158	580	115	1,569	1,143	66	3,513
April	109	140	305	155	573	114	1,589		62	•
May	105	140	305	160				1,150		3,474
					582	115	1,601	1,167	63	3,520
June	113	147	304	156	578	113	1,602	1,168	68	3,529
July	111	145	296	156	580	119	1,620	<sup>R</sup> 1,162	67	<sup>R</sup> 3,540
August	114	149	301	158	<sup>R</sup> 599	116	1,621	<sup>R</sup> 1,189	69	<sup>R</sup> 3,592
September	120	147	297	155	602	111	1,635	1,166	69	<sup>R</sup> 3,592
October	107	148	299	165	608	111	1,640	1,184	68	3,607

<sup>a</sup> Through December 1990, the data for Germany are for the former West Germany only. Beginning with January 1991, the data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany. <sup>b</sup> "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France,

Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

"Other OECD" consists of Australia, New Zealand, and the U.S. Territories.

R=Revised data.

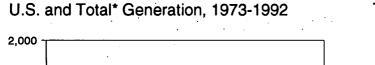
Notes: • Petroleum stocks include crude oil (including strategic reserves), unfinished oils, natural gas plant liquids, and refined products. Petroleum stocks include all nonmilitary petroleum held for storage, regardless of ownership, within each country in bulk terminals, refinery tanks, pipeline tankage, intercoastal tankers, tankers in port, and inland ship bunkers. Data

exclude oil held in pipelines (except for the United States), rail and truck cars, sea-going ships' bunkers, service stations, retail stores, and tankers at sea. The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) • and "Other OECD." • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • In the United States in January 1975, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to bulk terminal and pipeline surveys, thereby affecting subsequent stocks reported. Using the new basis, the end-of-year U.S. stocks, in million barrels, would have been 1,121 in 1974, 1,425 in 1980, and 1,461 in 1982. • Data through 1990 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary. Sources: • United States: Table 3.1a. • All Other Data: International

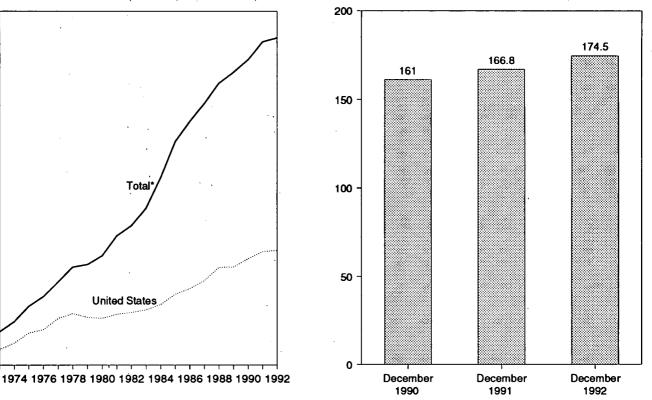
Energy Agency, quarterly and monthly computer tapes supporting Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances of OECD Countries.

# Figure 10.5 Nuclear Electricity Gross Generation

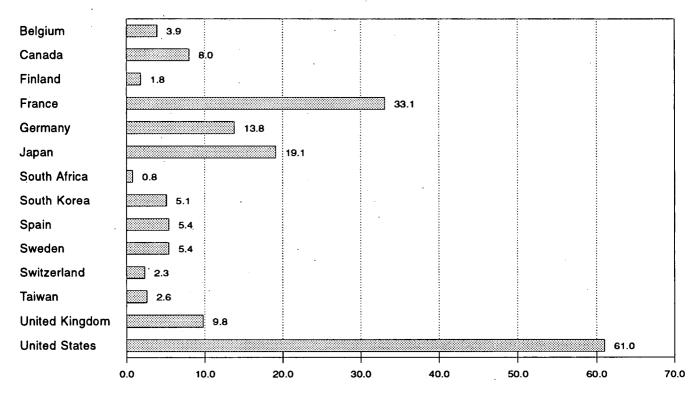
(Billion Kilowatthours)







### Generation by Selected Country, December 1992



\*"Total" equals nuclear-generated electricity from all countries except Bulgaria, China, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, North Korea, Poland, Romania, the former U.S.S.R., and Slovenia (formerly Yugoslavia).

Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Tables 10.4a-10.4c.

1,500

1,000

500

0

### Table 10.4a Nuclear Electricity Gross Generation: Argentina Through India (Billion Kilowatthours)

Argentina Belgium Brazil Finland Canada Germanva India France 1973 Total ..... 0.0 0.0 0.0 15.3 0.0 14.7 11.9 2.5 1974 Total ..... 10 .0 15.4 .0 14.7 12.0 1.9 .1 1975 Total ..... 2.5 2.5 6.8 0. 13.2 0. 18.3 21.7 1976 Total ..... 10.0 .0 2.6 18.0 .0 15.8 24.5 3.2 1977 Total ..... 1.6 11.9 .0 26.6 2.7 17.9 36.0 2.8 1978 Total ..... .0 2.9 12.5 33.0 3.3 30.6 35.7 2.3 1979 Total ..... 2.7 11.4 .0 38.4 6.7 39.9 42.2 3.2 1980 Total ..... 2.3 12.5 .0 40.4 7.0 61.2 43.7 2.9 1981 Total ..... .0 2.8 12.8 43.3 14.5 105.2 53.4 3.1 1982 Total ..... 1.9 15.6 .1 42.6 16.5 108.9 63.4 2.2 1983 Total ..... 3.4 .2 24.1 53.0 17.4 144.2 65.8 2.9 1984 Total ..... 27.7 2.1 4.5 53.8 18.5 191.2 92.6 4.1 1985 Total ..... 5.8 34.5 3.4 62.9 18.8 224.0 125.8 4.5 1986 Total ..... 5.7 38.6 .1 74.6 18.8 254.3 118.9 5.1 1987 Total ..... 5.2 41.9 1.0 80.6 19.4 265.5 130.2 5.5 1988 Total ..... 85.6 5.1 43.1 .3 19.3 274.9 145.2 6.1 1989 Total ..... 5.0 41.2 1.6 83.2 18.8 302.5 149.6 4.0 1990 January ..... .5 3.9 .1 7.3 1.8 28.7 15.4 .4 February ..... .4 .7 3.5 .2 5.8 1.6 23.5 12.8 .5 March ..... .0 42 6.2 1.7 25.8 13.2 .5 April ..... .6 3.6 .1 5.8 1.7 26.6 12.8 .5 May ..... .6 2.9 .2 4.4 23.9 .4 1.3 12.2 .7 2.9 .2 June ..... 5.1 1.3 23.3 9.8 .4 .5 .5 July ..... .7 3.5 .1 23.9 6.6 1.6 10.0 .7 .3 August ..... 3.7 62 1.2 23.3 9.3 September ..... .5 3.3 .1 .5 5.5 1.4 26.5 9.6 October ..... .6 3.4 .2 7.1 1.8 27.6 13.0 .5 .7 November ..... 3.6 .3 7.0 1.7 25.8 .5 13.9 December ..... .2 .7 4.3 7.2 1.8 30.4 .6 15.2 <sup>R</sup>314.1 <sup>R</sup> 6.3 Total ..... 7.4 42.7 2.0 75.8 18.9 147.2 1991 January ..... .5 4.2 .2 1.8 33.5 .5 7.6 15.2 <sup>R</sup>7.3 .6 February ..... .2 3.9 1.6 30.0 13.6 .4 March ..... .6 4.2 .2 7.8 1.8 28.4 14.3 .6 April ..... .7 3.5 2222 6.7 1.4 25.3 12.5 .4 .7 May ..... 3.4 7.2 1.5 25.3 10.6 .4 .7 .7 June ..... 2.9 7.1 1.6 23.6 10.0 .4 July ..... 3.5 7.7 1.7 23.9 11.7 .3 August ..... .7 3.8 .0 .4 8.6 1.4 24.5 10.0 E .4 .5 September ..... .7 3.0 .0 6.7 1.3 25.8 10.8 Е.́В R 28.4 October ..... 3.2 .0 6.6 1.7 11.7 E.7 November ..... 3.3 .0 63 29.8 .6 1.7 12.9 <sup>E</sup>.5 December ..... 4.0 .0 6.5 17 32.8 14.2 .5 <sup>E</sup>8.1 <sup>R</sup> 86.1 <sup>R</sup> 331.4 Total ..... 42.9 1.4 19.2 5.4 147.3 1992 January ..... 4.3 .6 .0 6.9 1.8 33.5 .5 15.6 February ..... .7 4.0 .0 6.4 29.8 .5 1.7 15.2 March ..... .6 4.0 .0 7.4 1.8 30.7 15.8 .5 April ..... .6 3.4 .0 6.4 1.7 28.0 14.1 .4 May ..... .5 3.8 .0 25.6 .4 4.8 1.3 11.8 June ..... .6 .3 3.6 .1 5.6 1.4 22.4 11.8 July ..... .7 3.1 .3 7.2 1.6 23.7 12.0 .4 August ..... .7 3.4 .4 6.9 24.6 .5 1.4 10.9 September ..... .7 .3 3.1 6.9 1.3 25.6 11.6 .5 October ..... .3 3.6 .1 7.2 1.6 28.5 .6 13.2 <sup>R</sup>.3 <sup>R</sup>7.4 November ..... 3.3 .4 1.7 29.5 .7 13.0 <sup>E</sup>.6 December ..... 3.9 8.0 1.8 33.1 .1 13.8 .8 E7.1 Total ..... 43.5 1.8 86.4 19.0 337.6 158.8 6.5

<sup>a</sup> Through December 1990, the data for Germany are for the former West Germany only. Beginning with January 1991, the data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany. R=Revised data. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Net figures are generally less than gross figures by about 5 percent, the difference being the energy consumed by the generating plants

themselves. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Monthly data may not sum to annual totals due to independent rounding and because precommercial generation is included in the annual totals but not in the monthly data.

Source: McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, Nucleonics Week.

### Table 10.4b Nuclear Electricity Gross Generation: Italy Through Spain

(Billion Kilowatthours)

	italy	Japan	Mexico	Netherlands	Pakistan	South Africa	South Korea	Spair
· · ·				I				6
3 Total	3.1	9.4	0.0	1.1	0.5	0.0	0.0	6.
Total	3.4	18.9	.0	3.3	.6	.0	.0	7.
5 Total	3.8	21.3	.0	3.3	.5	.0	.0	7.
5 Total	3.8	36.6	.0	3.9	.5	.0	.0	7.
7 Total	3.4	28.2	.0	3.7	.3	.0	.1	6.
3 Total	4.5	53.1	.0	4.1	.2	.0	2.3	7.
9 Total	2.6	62.0	.0	3.5	(8)	.0	3.2	6.
) Total	2.2	82.8	.0	4.2	.1	.0	3.5	5.
I Total	2.7	<b>86.0</b> .	.0	3.7	.2	.0	2.9	9
2 Total	6.8	104.5	.0	3.9	.1	.0	3.8	8
3 Total	5.8	<b>109.1</b>	.0	3.6	.2	.0	9.0	10.
4 Total	6.9	127:2	.0	3.8	.3	4.2	11.8	23.
5 Total	7.0	152.0	.0	3.9	.3	5.9	16.5	28.
6 Total	8.7	164.8	.0	4.2	.5	9.3	26.1	37
7 Total	.2	182.8	.0	3.6	.3	6.6	37.8	41
8 Total	.0	173.6	.0	3.7	.2	11.1	38.7	50
	.0	183.7	.0	4.0	.1	11.7	47.2	56
9 Total	.0	163.7	.0	4.0	••		47.2	50
0 January	.0	15.0	.0	.3	(s)	.6 .5	4.0 4.6	5. 4.
February	.0	12.0	.0	(s)	(s)			
March	.0	14.6	.0	(s)	(s)	.5	4.8	4
April	.0	15.6	.0	(s)	(s)	.6	4.3	4
Мау	.0	16.6	.0	4	.1	1.2	4.0	4
June	.0	16.0	.0	.3	.1	1.2	4.4	3
July	.0	18.5	.0	.4	.1	1.1	_ 5.1	4
August	.0	19.2	. 4	.4	.1	.8	<sup>R</sup> 5.1	5
September	.0	15.8	.4	.4	(s)	.6	4.2	4
October	.0	15.8	.5	.4	.0	.6	4.4	- 3
November	.0	14.8	.4	.4	(s)	.5	4.0	4
December	.0	16.7	.4	.4	(s)	.6	3.8	5
Total	.0	191.9	2.1	<sup>R</sup> 3.4	.4	8.9	R 52.8	<sup>R</sup> 54
1 January	.0	18.0	.5	.3	(s)	.6	4.1	5
February	.0	15.2	.4	.2	(s)	.5	4.5	4
March	.0	15.6	.5	.1	(s)	1.1	4.5	4
April	.0	12.8	.5	.2	(s)	.7	4.1	4
May	.0	12.6	.5	.4	.1	.7	4.1	4
June	.0	14.8	.4	.4	(s)	.6	4.8	4
	.0 .0	19.5	.4	.4	(s)	.0	5.5	4
July	.0	22.1	.4	.4	(s)	.7	5.2	5
August	0. 0	19.7	.4	.1	(S)	.8	4.7	4
September	.0 .0	19.7	.0	(s)	.1	1.2	4.9	4
October November	.0 .0	17.6	.0 .2	(5)	. I (S)	1.1	4.8	4
	.0 .0	17.6	.2	.4	(S) (S)	1.1	5.2	4
December Total	.0 .0	205.8	.5	3.3	(3) .4	9.7	56.3	55
2 100000	.0	18.5	.5	.4	(e)	.9	4.6	5
2 January			.5 .4	.4 .3	(s) .0	.9	4.0	4
February	.0	17.1	.4			.4 .4	4.0	4
March	.0	17.9		.1	(s)			
April	.0	16.0	.5	.1	. (s)	.4 .7	4.5	3
May	.0	16.3	.5	.3	(s)		4.5	4
June	.0	17.1	.3	.3	.1	1.2	4.5	4
July	.0	21.1	.3	.4	.1	1.3	5.3	5
August	.0	23.1	.2	.4	.1	1.0	5.4	5
September	.0	17.2	.0	.4	.1	1.1	4.6	4
October	.0	16.2	(s)	.4	.1	1.0	4.9	5
November	.0	16.3	.4	.4	.1	.6	4.7	. 4
December	.0	19.1	.4	.4	.1	.8	5.1	5
Total	.0	215.8	3.9	3.8	.6	9.9	56.4	55

R=Revised data. (s)=Less than 0.05 billion kilowatthours.

Notes: • Net figures are generally less than gross figures by about 5 percent, the difference being the energy consumed by the generating plants themselves. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of

Columbia. • Monthly data may not sum to annual totals due to independent rounding and because precommercial generation is included in the annual totals but not in the monthly data.

Source: McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, Nucleonics Week.

### Table 10.4c Nuclear Electricity Gross Generation: Sweden Through United States and Total

(Billion Kilowatthours)

	Sweden	Switzerland	Taiwan	United Kingdom <sup>a</sup>	Total <sup>b</sup> Excluding U.S.	United States	Total <sup>b</sup>
73 Total	2.1	6.2	0.0	28.2	101.4	87.8	189.3
	2.3	7.0	.0	33.8	121.7	124.3	246.0
74 Total							
75 Total	12.0	7.7	.0	30.5	151.8	182.3	334.1
76 Total	16.0	7.9	.0	36.8	187.1	201.8	388.9
77 Total	19.9	8.1	.1	38.1	207.8	264.2	472.0
78 Total	23.8	8.3	2.7	36.6	263.5	292.4	555.9
79 Total	21.0	11.8	6.3	38.5	300.1	270.6	570.7
30 Total	26.7	14.3	8.2	37.2	354.3	265.4	619.8
81 Total	37.7	15.2	10.7	38.9	442.4	288.5	730.9
82 Total	38.8	15.0	13.1	44.1	489. <del>9</del>	298.6	788.5
33 Total	40.4	15.5	18. <del>9</del>	49.6	573.9	313.6	887.5
84 Total	51.3	16.3	24.3	54.1	717.7	343.8	1,061.5
85 Total	58.6	22.4	28.7	59.7	862.7	402.7	1,265.4
36 Total	69.9	22.5	26.9	58.2	944.8	434.1	1,378.9
87 Total	67.2	23.0	33.1	56.2	1,001.2	479.5	1,480.7
38 Total	69.4	22.7	29.9	59.4	1,038.7	554.1	1,592.8
89 Total	65.6	22.8	28.3	71.6	1,097.1	557.0	1,654.1
	03.0	22.0	20.J	/1.0	1,037.1	J37.V	1,034.1
90 January	7.4	2.3	2.6	6.0	101.7	57.7	159.4
February	6.6	2.1	2.1	5.8	86.6	52.3	138.8
March	6.4	2.3	2.6	6.2	94.2	48.4	142.6
April	5.4	2.2	2.2	5.2	92.1	40.6	132.7
May	4.8	2:1	2.8	5.2	. 87.2	45.1	132.3
June	4.3	1.3	2.9	5.2	82.9	48.5	131.4
July	·2.7	1.7	3.5	R 4.2	R 88.8	54.7	R 143.5
	4.2	1.0	3.4	4.9	89.7	57.9	140.5
August							
September	5.2	1.9	3.0	5.9	88.9	51.1	140.0
October	6.7	2.3	3.0	4.8	96.4	45.6	142.0
November	7.0	. 2.2	2.3	<sup>R</sup> 6.0	<sup>R</sup> 95.9	47.4	<sup>R</sup> 143.2
December	7.4	2.3	2.4	_ 6.9	106.8	54.2	161.0
Total	68.2	23.6	32.9	<sup>R</sup> 66.1	<sup>R</sup> 1,119.1	603.4	<sup>R</sup> 1,722.5
91 January	7.6	2.3	2.4	6.6	111.2	56.6	167.8
February	6.9	2.1	2.2	6.8	<sup>R</sup> 101.1	50.2	<sup>R</sup> 151.3
March	7.6	2.3	2.9	6.7	103.3	51.6	154.9
April	6.9	2.2	2.5	5.0	89.6	43.8	133.4
May	5.7	2.0	2.8	4.5	87.3	49.2	136.6
	4.7				87.0		
June		1.1	3.2	6.1		56.9	143.9
July	4.6	1.5	3.2	5.1	95.4	63.7	159.1
August	5.2	1.0	3.6	5.4	98.6	61.4	_ 160.0
September	5.5	1.8	3.1	6.6	E 95.5	54.4	<sup>E</sup> 150.0
October	7.2	2.3	3.1	5.9	RE 101.3	50.2	RE 151.5
November	7.3	2.2	3.0	5.2	E 101.7	48.7	E 150.4
December	7.6	2.3	3.2	6.6	<sup>E</sup> 110.5	56.3	<sup>E</sup> 166.8
Total	76.8	22.9	35.3	70.4	RE 1,182.6	643.0	<sup>RE</sup> 1,825.6
92 January	7.6	2.3	3.1	6.5	113.1	60.6	173.7
February	6.8	2.5	2.2	6.3	102.6	55.4	158.1
	7.1	2.1	2.2	8.3	102.8	48.3	156.1
March							
April	6.7	1.9	2.6	5.0	95.9	44.3	140.2
Мау	4.7	1.9	2.6	6.0	90.1	48.1	138.2
June	3.9	1.3	2.9	7.0	88.9	53.7	142.7
July	3.6	1.7	3.3	4.9	96.0	59.0	155.0
August	3.5	1.1	3.6	5.5	97.9	61.6	159.5
September	3.9	2.0	2.8	6.9	93.2	53.2	146.4
October	5.2	2.3	2.9	5.7	98.8	51.5	150.3
November	5.2	2.2	3.2	6.1	R 99.9	53.2	R 153.1
December	5.4	2.3	2.6	10.4	E 114.1	61.0	<sup>E</sup> 175.1
					E 1,206.0		E 1,856.0
Total	63.5	23.4	33.8	78.5	- I,200.0	650.0	- 1,856.0

<sup>a</sup> Monthly data for the United Kingdom are totals for 4- or 5-week reporting periods, not calendar months. <sup>b</sup> "Total" equals nuclear-generated electricity from all countries except

<sup>b</sup> "Total" equals nuclear-generated electricity from all countries except Bulgaria, China, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, North Korea, Poland, Romania, the former U.S.S.R., and Slovenia (formerty Yugoslavia). R=Revised data. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Net figures are generally less than gross figures by about 5

percent, the difference being the energy consumed by the generating plants themselves. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Monthly data may not sum to annual totals due to independent rounding and because precommercial generation is included in the annual totals but not in the monthly data. • Data for countries may not sum to world totals due to independent rounding.

Source: McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, Nucleonics Week.

· · ·

• United States: Table 3.1a.

.

• Other Countries: Annual Data: 1973-1979— Energy Information Administration (EIA), International Energy Annual 1981, Table 8. 1980—EIA, International Energy Annual 1989, Table 1. 1981—EIA, International Energy Annual 1990, Table 1. 1982-1991—EIA, International Energy Annual 1991, Table 1. 1992—Average of monthly data. Monthly Data: Petroleum Intelligence Weekly, the Oil and Gas Journal, and other industry sources.

• World: Annual Data: 1973-1979—EIA, International Energy Annual 1981, Table 8. 1980—EIA, International Energy Annual 1989, Table 1. 1981— EIA, International Energy Annual 1990, Table 1. 1982-1991—EIA, International Energy Annual 1991, Table 1. 1992—Average of monthly data. Monthly data—EIA, International Petroleum Statistics Report, sum of all countries' monthly data.

## **Appendix A.** Conversion Factors

### **Using Conversion Factors**

Physical conversion factors can be used to compare energy quantities expressed in units of volume and weight. For example, 6.65 barrels of crude oil weighs approximately 1 short ton, as indicated in Table A1.

However, the heat content of a "short ton" of crude oil is greater than the heat content of a short ton of coal. The heat content, measured in British thermal units (Btu), of a given quantity of energy can be calculated by using the thermal conversion factors presented in Tables A2 through A9.

Based on the thermal conversion factor shown for crude oil (production) in Table A3, a short ton of crude oil has a heat content of approximately 39 million Btu (6.65 barrels times 5.8 million Btu per barrel equals 38.57 million Btu). As calculated from the thermal conversion factor for coal (production) in Table A6, a short ton of coal in 1988 had a heat content of 22 million Btu (1 short ton times 21.823 million Btu per short ton equals 21.823 million Btu). In 1988, therefore, a short ton of crude oil had a heat content almost two times greater than a short ton of coal.

Thermal conversion factors for hydrocarbon mixes (Table A2) are weighted averages of the thermal conversion factors for each hydrocarbon included in the mix. For example, in calculating the thermal conversion factor for a 60/40 butane/propane mixture, the thermal conversion factor for butane is weighted 1.5 times more heavily than the thermal conversion factor for propane.

The thermal conversion factors in Tables A2 through A9 are computed from final annual data wherever possible. When the current year's final data are not yet available for publication, thermal conversion factors for the current year are computed from the best available data and are noted as "preliminary." Sources are described in the section entitled "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A9 in this appendix.

#### Table A1. Physical Conversion Factors for Energy Units

Unit	Unit Equivalent						
Crude Oi	Crude Oil (Average Gravity)						
1 U.S. barrel	42	U.S.gallons					
1 short ton	6.65	barrels					
1 metric ton	7.33	barrels					
	Coal						
1 short ton	2,000	pounds					
1 long ton	2,240	pounds					
1 metric ton	2,204.62	pounds					
1 metric ton	1,000	kilograms					
	Uranium						
1 short ton U <sub>3</sub> O <sub>8</sub>	0.769	metric ton of uranium					
1 short ton UF6	0.613	metric ton of uranium					
1 metric ton UFs	0.676	metric ton of uranium					
Wood (Ave	erage Dry Hardw	ood)					
1 cord	1.25	short tons					
1 cord	128	cubic feet					
1 cubic foot	0.028	cubic meters					

#### Table A2. Approximate Heat Content of Petroleum Products

(Million Btu per Barrel)

Petroleum Product	Heat Content	Petroleum Product	Heat Content
Asphalt	6.636	Petrochemical Feedstocks	
Aviation Gasoline	5.048	Naphtha Less Than 401° F	5.248
Butane	4.326	Other Oils Equal to or Greater Than 401° F	5.825
Butane-Propane Mixture <sup>a</sup>	4.130	Still Gas	6.000
Distillate Fuel Oil	5.825	Petroleum Coke	6.024
thane	3.082	Plant Condensate	5.418
thane-Propane Mixture <sup>b</sup>	3.308	Propane	3.836
sobutane	3.974	Residual Fuel Oil	6.287
et Fuel, Kerosene Type	5.670	Road Oil	6.636
et Fuel, Naphtha Type	5.355	Special Naphthas	5.248
erosene	5.670	Still Gas	6.000
ubricants	6.065	Unfinished Oils	5.825
Aotor Gasoline	5.253	Unfractionated Stream	5.418
latural Gasoline and Isopentane	4.620	Waxes	5.537
Pentanes Plus	4.620	Miscellaneous	5.796

 $^{a}_{b}$  60 percent butane and 40 percent propane. 70 percent ethane and 30 percent propane.

.

Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A9.

## Table A3. Approximate Heat Content of Crude Oil, Crude Oil and Products, and **Natural Gas Plant Liquids**

(Million Btu per Barrel)

	Crude Oil			Crude Oil a	Natural Gas	
	Production	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Plant Liquids
1973	5.800	5.817	5.800	5.897	5.752	4.049
1974	5.800	5.827	5.800	5.884	5.774	4.011
975	5.800	5.821	5.800	5.858	5.748	3,984
976	5.800	5.808	5,800	5.856	5.745	3.964
977	5.800	5.810	5.800	5.834	5.797	3.941
978	5.800	5.802	5.800	5.839	5.808	3.925
979	5.800	5.810	5.800	5.810	5.832	3.955
980	5.800	5.812	5.800	5.796	5.820	3.914
981	5.800	5.818	5.800	5.775	5.821	3.930
982	5.800	5.826	5.800	5.775	5.820	3.872
983	5.800	5.825	5.800	5.774	5.800	3.839
984	5.800	5.823	5.800	5.745	5.850	3.812
985	5.800	5.832	5.800	5.736	5.814	3.815
986	5.800	5.903	5.800	5.808	5.832	3.797
987	5.800	5.901	5.800	5.820	5.858	3.804
988	5.800	5.900	5.800	5.820	5.840	3.800
989	5.800	5.906	5.800	5.833	5.857	3.826
990	5.800	5.934	5.800	5.849	5.833	3.822
991	5.800	5.948	5.800	5.873	5.823	3.807
1992 <sup>a</sup>	5.800	<sup>R</sup> 5.953	5.800	<sup>R</sup> 5.874	<sup>R</sup> 5.776	<sup>R</sup> 3.803

<sup>a</sup> Preliminary.

R=Revised data.

Note: Crude oil includes lease condensate.

Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A9.

## Table A4. Approximate Heat Content of Petroleum Product Weighted Averages

			Consumption				Exports	LPG Consumption
	Residential and Commercial	Industrial	Transportation	Electric Utilities	Total	Imports		
973	5.387	5.568	5.395	6.245	5.515	5.983	5.752	3.746
974	5.377	5.538	5.394	6.238	5.504	5.959	5.773	3.730
975	5.358	5.528	5.392	6.250	5.494	5.935	5.747	3.715
976	5.383	5.538	5.395	6.251	5.504	5.980	5.743	3.711
977	5.389	5.555	5.400	6.249	5.518	5.908	5.796	3.677
978	5.382	5.553	5.404	6.251	5.519	5.955	5.814	3.669
979	5.471	5.418	5.428	6.258	5.494	5.811	5.864	3.680
980	5.468	5.376	5.440	6.254	5.479	5.748	5.841	3.674
981	5,409	5.313	5.432	6.258	5.448	5.659	5.837	3.643
982	5.392	5.263	5.422	6.258	5.415	5.664	5.829	3.615
983	5.286	5,273	5.415	6.255	5.406	5.677	5.800	3.614
984	5.384	5.223	5.422	6.251	5.395	5.613	5.867	3.599
985	5.326	5.221	5.423	6.247	5.387	5.572	5.819	3.603
986	5.357	5.286	5.427	6.257	5.418	5.624	5.839	3.640
987	5.318	5.253	5.430	6.249	5.403	5.599	5.860	3.659
988	5.323	5.247	5.434	6.250	5.410	5.618	5.842	3.652
989	5.260	5.233	5.440	6.241	5.410	5.641	5.869	3.683
990	5.212	5.272	5.445	6.247	5.411	5.614	5.838	3.625
991	5,163	<sup>R</sup> 5.191	5.442	6.248	5.384	5.636	5.827	3.614
992 <sup>a</sup>	<sup>R</sup> 5.157	<sup>R</sup> 5.191	<sup>R</sup> 5.444	<sup>R</sup> 6.243	<sup>R</sup> 5.377	<sup>R</sup> 5.623	<sup>R</sup> 5.774	<sup>R</sup> 3.608

(Million Btu per Barrel)

<sup>a</sup> Preliminary. R=Revised data.

Note: Weighted averages of the products included in each category are calculated by using heat content values shown in Table A1. Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A9.

## Table A5. Approximate Heat Content of Natural Gas

(Btu per Cubic Foot)

	Prod	uction		Consumption			
	Dry	Marketed (Wet)	Non-Electric Utility Users	Electric Utilities	Total	Imports	Exports
973	1,021	1,093	1,020	1,024	1,021	1,026	1,023
974	1,024	1,097	1,024	1,022	1,024	1,027	1,016
975	1,021	1.095	1,020	1,026	1,021	1,026	1,014
976	1,020	1,093	1,019	1,023	1,020	1,025	1,013
977	1,021	1,093	1,019	1,029	1,021	1,026	1,013
978	1;019	1,088	1,016	1,034	1,019	1,030	1,013
979	1,021	1,092	1,018	1,035	1,021	1,037	1,013
980	1,026	1,098	1,024	1,035	1,026	1,022	1,013
981	1,027	1,103	1,025	1,035	1,027	1,014	1,011
982	1,028	1,107	1,026	1,036	1,028	1,018	1,011
983	1,031	1,115	1,031	1,030	1,031	1,024	1,010
984	1,031	1,109	1,030	1,035	1,031	1,005	1,010
985	1,032	1,112	1,031	1,038	1,032	1,002	1,011
986	1,030	1,110	1,029	1,034	1,030	997	1,008
987	1,031	1,112	1,031	1,032	1,031	999	1,011
988	1,029	1,109	1,029	1,028	1,029	1,002	1,018
989	1,031	1,107	1,031	1,030	1,031	1,004	1,019
990	1,031	1,105	1,030	1,034	1,031	1,012	1,018
991	1,030	1,108	1,031	1,024	1,030	1,014	1,022
992 <sup>a</sup>	1,030	1,108	1,031	1,024	1,030	1,014	1,022

<sup>a</sup> Preliminary.

Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A9.

## Table A6. Approximate Heat Content of Coal

(Million Btu per Short Ton)

			Consumption					
· · · ·	Production	Residential and Commercial	Coke Plants	Other Industrial <sup>a</sup>	Electric Utilities <sup>b</sup>	Total	Imports	Exports
1973	23.376	22.831	26,780	22.586	22.246	00.057		
1974	23.072	22.479	26,778	22.586	22.246	23.057	25.000	26.596
1975	22.897	22.261	26.782	22.419	21.781 21.642	22.677	25.000	26.700
976	22.855	22.774	26.782	22.438	21.642	22.506	25.000	26.562
977	22.597	22.919	26.787	22.330		22.498	25.000	26.601
978	22.248	22.466	26.789		21.508	22.265	25.000	26.548
979	22.454	22.242	26.789	22.207	21.275	22.017	25.000	26.478
980	22.415	22.543	26.790	22.452	21.364	22.100	25.000	26.548
981	22.308	22.343		22.690	21.295	21.947	25.000	26.384
982	22.239	22.695	26.794	22.585	21.085	21.713	25.000	26.160
983	22.052		26.797	22.712	21.194	21.674	25.000	26.223
984		22.775	26.798	22.691	21.133	21.576	25.000	26.291
	22.010	22.844	26.799	22.543	21.101	21.573	25.000	26.402
985	21.870	22.646	26.798	22.020	20.959	21.366	25.000	26.307
986	21.913	22.947	26.798	22.198	21.084	21.462	25.000	26.292
987	21.922	23.404	26.799	22.381	21.136	21.517	25,000	26.291
988	21.823	23.571	26.799	22.360	20.900	21.328	25.000	26.299
989	21.765	23.650	26.800	22.347	20.848	21.272	25.000	26.160
990	21.822	23.137	26.799	22.457	20.929	21.331	25.000	26.202
991	21.681	23.114	26.799	22.460	20.755	21.146	25.000	26.188
992°	21.681	23.114	26.799	22.460	20.755	21.146	25.000	26.188

<sup>a</sup> Includes transportation.

<sup>b</sup> Data shown in this column are not the same as those shown in the *Electric Power Monthly* (EPM). The EPM data report coal receipts; the data shown here represent coal consumption. <sup>c</sup> Preliminary. Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A9.

## Table A7. Approximate Heat Content of Bituminous Coal and Lignite

(Million Btu per Short Ton)

			Consumption					
	Production	Residential and Commercial	Coke Plants	Other Industrial <sup>a</sup>	Electric Utilities	, Total	Imports	Exports
1973	23.391	22.887	26.800	22.585	22.262	23.073	05 000	00.010
974	23.087	22.523	26.800	22.303	21.799	23.073	25.000 25.000	26.612
975	22.910	22.258	26.800	22.439	21.659	22.522	25.000	26.716
976	22.863	22.819	26.800	22.528	21.692	22.509	25.000	26.573 26.613
977	22.597	22.594	26.800	22.290	21.521	22.266	25.000	26.561
978	22.242	22.078	26.800	22.175	21.284	22.014	25.000	26.501
979	22.449	21.884	26.800	22.436	21.372	22.014	25.000	
980	22.411	22.488	26.800	22.690	21.301	21.950	25.000	26.570 26.404
981	22.301	22.010	26.800	22.572	21.091	21.330	25.000	
982	22.233	22.226	26.800	22.695	21.091	21.670		26.176
983	22.048	22.438	26.800	22.680	21.141	21.576	25.000	26.231
984	22.005	22.406	26.800	22.525	21,108	21.570	25.000	26.300
985	21.867	22.568	26.800	22.013	20.965		25.000	26.410
986	21.908	22.669	26.800	22.013	20.905	21.368	25.000	26.320
987	21.918	22.800	26.800	22.165		21.462	25.000	26.308
988	21.817	23.135	26.800	22.360	21.143 20.905	21.514	25.000	26.304
989	21.759	22.917	26.800	22.341		21.324	25.000	26.308
990	21.819	22.678	26.800	22.324 22.444	20.854 20.935	21.268	25.000	26.166
991	21.678	22.635	26.800	22.444	20.935	21.330 21.146	25.000	26.207
992b	21.678	22.635	26.800	22.448	20.761	21.146	25.000 25.000	26.192 26.192

a Includes transportation.

<sup>b</sup> Preliminary.

Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A9.

#### Table A8. Approximate Heat Content of Anthracite and Coal Coke

(Million Btu per Short Ton)

			Anthracite					
		Consumption			Importo	Coal Coke		
	Production	Non-Electric Utility Users	Electric Utilities	Total	Imports and Exports	Imports and Exports		
973	22.132	22.674	17.920	21.464	25.400	24.800		
974	21.711	22.330	17.200	20.919	25,400	24.800		
975	21.582	22.272	17.064	20.762	25.400	24.800		
976	22.045	22.618	17.526	21.254	25.400	24.800		
977	22.661	24.101	17.244	22.066	25,400	24.800		
978	23.079	24.388	17.104	22.398	25.400	24.800		
979	23.170	24.272	17.454	22.069	25.400	24.800		
980	22.869	22.719	17.652	21.405	25.400	24.800		
981	23.291	23.749	18.168	22.080	25.400	24.800		
982	23.289	24.578	18.160	22.518	25.400	24.800		
983	22.734	24,536	16.516	21.583	25.400	24.800		
984	23.107	25.128	17.018	22.322	25,400	24.800		
985	22.428	23.031	16.784	20.817	25.400	24.800		
986	23.084	24.399	15.578	21.512	25.400	24.800		
987	23,108	26.293	15.962	22.435	25.400	24.800		
988	23.266	26.021	17.312	22.423	25.400	24.800		
989	23.385	27.196	16.310	22.623	25.400	24.800		
990	22.574	25.199	16.140	21.668	25.400	24.800		
991	22.573	25.268	15.858	21.410	25.400	24.800		
992 <sup>a</sup>	22.573	25.268	15.858	21.410	25.400	24.800		

<sup>a</sup> Preliminary.

Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A9.

#### Table A9. Approximate Heat Rates for Electricity

(Btu per Kilowatthour)

		Electricity Generation	F	
	Fossil-Fueled Steam-Electric Plants <sup>a</sup>	Nuclear Steam-Electric Plants	Geothermal Energy Plants	Electricity Consumption
•				
1973	10,389	10,903	21,674	3,412
1974	10,442	11,161	21,674	3,412
1975	10,406	11,013	21,611	3,412
1976	10,373	11,047	21,611	3,412
1977	10,435	10,769	21,611	3,412
978	10,361	10,941	21,611	3,412
979	10,353	10,879	21,545	3,412
980	10,388	10,908	21,639	3,412
981	10,453	11,030	21,639	3,412
982	10,454	11.073	21,629	3,412
983	10,520	10,905	21,290	3,412
984	10,440	10.843	21,303	3,412
985	10,447	10,813	21,263	3,412
986	10,446	10,799	21,263	3,412
987	10,419	10,776	21,263	3,412
988	10,324	10,743	21,096	3.412
989	10,317	10,724	21,096	3,412
990	10,335	10,680	21,096	3,412
991	<sup>R</sup> 10,352	<sup>R</sup> 10,740	<sup>R</sup> 20.997	3,412
992 <sup>b</sup>	<sup>R</sup> 10,352	<sup>R</sup> 10,740	<sup>R</sup> 20,997	3,412

<sup>a</sup> This thermal conversion factor is used for hydroelectric power generation and for wood and waste, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy consumed at electric utilities.

<sup>b</sup> Preliminary.

R=Revised data.

Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows this table.

## Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation

#### Approximate Heat Content of Petroleum and Natural Gas Plant Liquids

Asphalt. The Energy Information Administration (EIA) adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.636 million British thermal units (Btu) per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1956.* 

Aviation Gasoline. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.048 million Btu per barrel as published for "Gasoline, Aviation" by the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation in Appendix V of Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947-1985, a 1968 release of historical and projected statistics.

**Butane**. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 4.326 million Btu per barrel as published in the *California Oil World and Petroleum Industry*, First Issue, April 1942.

**Butane-Propane Mixture**. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines calculation of 4.130 million Btu per barrel based on an assumed mixture of 60 percent butane and 40 percent propane. See "Butane" and "Propane."

**Crude Oil, Exports.** Assumed by EIA to be 5.800 million Btu per barrel or equal to the thermal conversion factor for crude oil produced in the United States. See Crude Oil and Lease Condensate, Production.

**Crude Oil, Imports.** Calculated annually by EIA by weighting the thermal conversion factor of each type of crude oil imported by the quantity imported. Thermal conversion factors for each type were calculated on a foreign country basis, by determining the average American Petroleum Institute (API) gravity of crude imported from each foreign country from Form ERA-60 in 1977 and converting average API gravity to average Btu content by using National Bureau of Standards, Miscellaneous Publication No. 97, *Thermal Properties of Petroleum Products*, 1933.

**Crude Oil and Lease Condensate, Production.** EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 5.800 million Btu per barrel as reported in a Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Values of Various Fuels, adopted January 3, 1950."

**Crude Oil and Petroleum Products, Exports.** Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each petroleum product exported and crude oil exported weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product and crude oil exported. See "Crude Oil, Exports" and "Petroleum Products, Exports."

**Crude Oil and Petroleum Products, Imports.** Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each petroleum product and each type of crude oil imported weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product and each type of crude oil imported. See "Crude Oil, Imports" and "Petroleum Products, Imports."

**Distillate Fuel Oil.** EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.825 million Btu per barrel as reported in a Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Value of Various Fuels, adopted January 3, 1950."

Ethane. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 3.082 million Btu per barrel as published in the *California Oil World and Petroleum Industry*, First Issue, April 1942.

**Ethane-Propane Mixture**. EIA calculated 3.308 million Btu per barrel based on an assumed mixture of 70 percent ethane and 30 percent propane. See "Ethane" and "Propane."

**Isobutane**. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 3.974 million Btu per barrel as published in the *California Oil World and Petroleum Industry*, First Issue, April 1942.

Jet Fuel, Kerosene Type. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.670 million Btu per barrel as published for "Jet Fuel, Commercial" by the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation in Appendix V of Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947-1985, a 1968 release of historical and projected statistics.

Jet Fuel, Naphtha Type. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.355 million Btu per barrel as published for "Jet Fuel, Military" by the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation in Appendix V of Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947-1985, a 1968 release of historical and projected statistics.

Kerosene. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.670 million Btu per barrel as reported in a Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Values of Various Fuels, adopted January 3, 1950."

Lubricants. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.065 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1956.* 

Miscellaneous Products. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 5.796 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement*, Annual, 1956.

Motor Gasoline. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.253 million Btu per barrel as published for "Gasoline, Motor Fuel" by the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation in Appendix V of Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947-1985, a 1968 release of historical and projected statistics.

Natural Gas Plant Liquids, Production. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors of each natural gas plant liquid produced weighted by the quantity of each natural gas plant liquid produced.

**Natural Gasoline.** EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 4.620 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement*, Annual, 1956.

**Pentanes Plus.** EIA assumed the thermal conversion factor to be 4.620 million Btu per barrel or equal to that for natural gasoline. See "Natural Gasoline."

**Petrochemical Feedstocks, Naphtha Less Than 401 Degrees Fahrenheit.** Assumed by EIA to be 5.248 million Btu per barrel, equal to the thermal conversion factor for special naphtha. See "Special Naphtha."

**Petrochemical Feedstocks, Oils Equal to or Greater Than 401 Degrees Fahrenheit.** Assumed by EIA to be 5.825 million Btu per barrel, equal to the thermal conversion factor for distillate fuel oil. See "Distillate Fuel Oil."

**Petrochemical Feedstocks, Still Gas.** Assumed by EIA to be 6.000 million Btu per barrel, equal to the thermal conversion factor for still gas. See "Still Gas."

**Petroleum Coke.** EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.024 million Btu per barrel as reported in Btu per short ton in the Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Value of Various Fuels, adopted January 3, 1950." The Bureau of Mines calculated this factor by dividing the 30,120,000 Btu per short ton as given in the referenced Bureau of Mines internal memorandum by 5.0 barrels per short ton as given in the Bureau of Mines Form 6-1300-M and successor EIA forms.

**Petroleum Products, Consumption**. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed, weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product consumed. **Petroleum Products, Consumption by Electric Utilities.** Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed at electric utilities, weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product consumed at electric utilities. The quantity of petroleum consumed is estimated in the State Energy Data System as documented in the *State Energy Data Report*.

**Petroleum Products, Consumption by Industrial** Users. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed in the industrial sector, weighted by the estimated quantity of each petroleum product consumed in the industrial sector. The quantity of petroleum products consumed is estimated in the State Energy Data System as documented in the State Energy Data Report.

Petroleum Products, Consumption by Residential and Commercial Users. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed by the residential and commercial sector, weighted by the estimated quantity of each petroleum product consumed in the residential and commercial sector. The quantity of petroleum products consumed is estimated in the State Energy Data System as documented in the State Energy Data Report.

Petroleum Products, Consumption by Transportation Users. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factor for all petroleum products consumed in the transportation sector, weighted by the estimated quantity of each petroleum product consumed in the transportation sector. The quantity of petroleum products consumed is estimated in the State Energy Data System as documented in the State Energy Data Report.

**Petroleum Products, Exports.** Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each petroleum product, weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product exported.

**Petroleum Products, Imports.** Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each petroleum product imported, weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product imported.

**Petroleum Products, Liquefied Petroleum Gases** (LPG) Consumption. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors of each liquefied petroleum gas consumed, weighted by the quantity of each liquefied petroleum gas consumed.

**Plant Condensate.** Estimated to be 5.418 million Btu per barrel by EIA from data provided by McClanahan Consultants, Inc., Houston, Texas.

**Propane**. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 3.836 million Btu per barrel as

published in the California Oil World and Petroleum Industry, First Issue, April 1942.

**Residual Fuel Oil.** EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.287 million Btu per barrel as reported in the Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Values of Various Fuels, adopted January 3, 1950."

**Road Oil.** EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 6.636 million Btu per barrel, which was assumed to be equal to that of asphalt (see "Asphalt") and was first published by the Bureau of Mines in the *Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1970.* 

**Special Naphtha**. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.248 million Btu per barrel, which was assumed to be equal to that of total gasoline (aviation and motor) factor and was first published in the *Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1970.* 

Still Gas. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines estimated thermal conversion factor of 6.000 million Btu per barrel and first published in the Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1970.

**Unfinished Oil.** EIA assumed the thermal conversion factor to be 5.825 million Btu per barrel or equal to that for distillate fuel oil (see "Distillate Fuel Oil") and first published in the Annual Report to Congress, Volume 3, 1977.

Unfractionated Stream. EIA assumed the thermal conversion factor to be 5.418 million Btu per barrel or equal to that for plant condensate (see "Plant Condensate") and first published in the Annual Report to Congress, Volume 2, 1981.

Waxes. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 5.537 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum* Statement, Annual, 1956.

# Approximate Heat Content of Natural Gas

**Natural Gas, Consumption.** 1973-1979: EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor calculated annually by the American Gas Association (AGA) and published in *Gas Facts*, an AGA annual publication. 1980 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content of natural gas consumed by the total quantity of natural gas consumed. The heat content and quantity consumed are from Form EIA-176. Published sources are: 1980-1990: EIA, *Natural Gas Annual 1990, Volume 2*, Table 15. 1991 forward: 1990 value used as an estimate.

Natural Gas, Consumption by Electric Utilities. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content of natural gas received at electric utilities by the total quantity received at electric utilities. The heat contents and receipts are from Form FERC-423 and predecessor forms.

Natural Gas, Consumption by Non-Electric Utility Users. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of natural gas consumed by non-electric utility consumers by the quantity of non-electric utility natural gas consumed. Data are from Forms EIA-176, FERC-423, EIA-759, and predecessor forms.

Natural Gas, Exports. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of exported natural gas by the quantity of natural gas exported, both reported on Form FPC-14.

Natural Gas, Imports. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of imported natural gas by the quantity of natural gas imported, both reported on Form FPC-14.

Natural Gas Production, Dry. Assumed by EIA to be equal to the thermal conversion factor for the consumption of dry natural gas. See "Natural Gas, Consumption."

Natural Gas Production, Marketed (Wet). Calculated annually by EIA by adding the heat content of dry natural gas production and the total heat content of natural gas plant liquids production and dividing this sum by the total quantity of marketed (wet) natural gas production.

# Approximate Heat Content of Coal and Coal Coke

Anthracite, Consumption. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of anthracite consumed by electric utilities and non-electric utilities by the total quantity of anthracite consumed.

Anthracite, Consumption by Electric Utilities. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of anthracite receipts at electric utilities by the quantity of anthracite received at electric utilities. Heat contents and receipts are from Form FERC-423 and predecessor forms.

Anthracite, Consumption by Non-Electric Utility Users. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of anthracite production less the heat content of the anthracite consumed at electric utilities, net exports, and shipments to U.S. Armed Forces overseas by the quantity of non-electric utility anthracite consumption less the quantity of anthracite stock changes, losses, and unaccounted for.

Anthracite, Imports and Exports. EIA assumed the anthracite imports and exports to be freshly mined

anthracite having an estimated heat content of 25.40 million Btu per short ton.

Anthracite, Production. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of freshly mined anthracite (estimated to have an average heat content of 25.400 million Btu per short ton) and the heat content of anthracite recovered from culm banks and river dredging (estimated to have a heat content of 17.500 million Btu per short ton) by the total quantity of anthracite production.

**Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Consumption.** Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite consumed by electric utilities, coal coke plants, other industrial plants, the residential and commercial sector, and the transportation sector by the sum of their respective tonnages.

**Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Consumption by Coke Plants.** Estimated by EIA to be 26.800 million Btu per short ton on the basis of an input/output analysis of coal carbonization.

**Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Consumption by Electric Utilities.** Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content of bituminous coal and lignite received at electric utilities by the total quantity received at electric utilities. Heat contents and receipts are from Form FERC-423 and predecessor forms.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Consumption by Other Industrial and Transportation Users. 1973: Calculated by EIA through regression analysis measuring the difference between the average Btu value of coal consumed by other industrial users and that of coal consumed at electric utilities in the 1974-1982 period. 1974 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by assuming that the bituminous coal and lignite delivered to other industrial users from each coal-producing area (reported on Form EIA-6 and predecessor Bureau of Mines Form 6-1419-Q) contained a heat value equal to that of bituminous coal and lignite received at electric utilities from each of the same coal-producing areas (reported on Form FERC-423). The average Btu value of coal by coal-producing area was applied to the volume of deliveries to other industrial users from each coal-producing area, and the sum total of the heat content was divided by the total volume of deliveries. Coal-producing areas are the Bureau of Mines coal-producing districts for 1974 through 1989 and coal-producing States for 1990 forward.

**Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Consumption by Residential and Commercial Users.** 1973: Calculated by EIA through regression analysis measuring the difference between the average Btu value of coal consumed by residential and commercial users and that of coal consumed by electric utilities in the 1974-1982 period. 1974 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by assuming that the bituminous coal and lignite delivered to residential and commercial users from each coal-producing area (reported on Form EIA-6 and predecessor Bureau of Mines Form 6-1419-Q) contained a heat value equal to that of bituminous coal and lignite received at electric utilities from each of the same coal-producing areas (reported on Form FERC-423). The average Btu value of coal by coal-producing area was applied to the volume of deliveries to residential and commercial users from each coal-producing area, and the total of the heat value was divided by the total volume of deliveries. Coal-producing areas are the Bureau of Mines coal-producing districts for 1974 through 1989 and coal-producing States for 1990 forward.

**Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Exports.** Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of exported metallurgical coal (estimated to average 27.000 million Btu per short ton) and the heat content of exported steam coal (estimated to have an average thermal content of 25.000 million Btu per short ton) by the total quantity of bituminous coal and lignite exported.

**Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Imports.** EIA estimated the average thermal conversion factor to be 25.000 million Btu per short ton.

**Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Production.** Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite consumption, net exports, stock changes, and unaccounted for by the sum of their respective tonnages. Consumers' stock changes by sectors were assumed to have the same conversion factor as that of the consumption sector. Producers' stock changes and unaccounted for were assumed to have the same conversion factor as that for consumption by all users.

**Coal, Consumption.** Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite consumption by the sum of their respective tonnages.

**Coal, Consumption by Electric Utilities.** Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite received at electric utilities by the sum of their respective tonnages received.

**Coal, Consumption by Non-Electric Utility Users.** Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite consumed by non-electric utility users by the sum of their respective tonnages.

**Coal, Exports.** Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite exported by the sum of their respective tonnages.

**Coal, Imports.** Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite imported by the sum of their respective tonnages.

**Coal, Production.** Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the total heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite production by the sum of their respective tonnages.

**Coal Coke, Imports and Exports.** EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines estimate of 24.800 million Btu per short ton.

#### Approximate Heat Rates for Electricity

Fossil-Fueled Steam-Electric Plant Generation. There is no generally accepted practice for measuring the thermal conversion rates for power plants that generate electricity from hydroelectric, wood and waste, wind, photovoltaic, or solar thermal energy sources. EIA has selected a rate that is equal to the prevailing annual average heat rate factor for fossil-fueled steam-electric power plants in the United States. By using that factor, it is possible to evaluate fossil fuel requirements for replacing those sources during periods of interruption such as droughts. The heat content of a kilowatthour of electricity produced, regardless of the generation process, is 3,412 Btu per kilowatthour. 1973-1990: The weighted annual average heat rate for fossil-fueled steam-electric power plants in the United States, as published by EIA in *Electric Plant Cost and Power Production Expenses* 1990, Table 11. 1991 forward: 1990 value used as an estimate.

Geothermal Energy Plant Generation. 1973-1981: Calculated annually by EIA by weighting the average annual heat rates of operating geothermal units by the installed nameplate capacities as reported on Form FPC-12. 1982 forward: Estimated annually by EIA on the basis of an informal survey of relevant plants.

Nuclear Steam-Electric Plant Generation. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content consumed in nuclear generating units by the total (net) electricity generated by nuclear generating units. The heat content and electricity generation are reported on Form FERC-1, Form EIA-412, and predecessor forms. The factors, beginning with 1982 data, are published in the following EIA reports—1982: Historical Plant Cost and Annual Production Expenses for Selected Electric Plants 1982, page 215. 1983-1990: Electric Plant Cost and Power Production Expenses 1990, Table 15. 1991 forward: 1990 value used as an estimate.

# **Appendix B. List of Special Features**

The following is a complete list of all the special features that have appeared in the Monthly Energy Review since the first issue was published in October 1974. There are four categories of special features on the list. "Feature Articles" cover a wide range of energy-related subjects in depth. "Highlights" summarize the most important information presented in the subject Energy Information Administration (EIA) report. "Energy Previews" provide brief overviews of EIA preliminary energy data on a given topic. "EIA Data News" items present information on recent changes in the scope, design, methodology, and findings of the EIA's energy surveys and data bases. Questions and comments about special features may be directed to Barbara T. Fichman by telephone on 202-586-5737 or by FAX on 202-586-0018.

#### **Special Feature**

#### **Cover Date**

#### 1993

<b>1993</b> Energy Preview: Residential Transportation Energy Consumption Survey,         Preliminary Estimates, 1991         EIA Data News: Natural Gas Transported for the Account of Others	January 1993 February 1993
<b>1992</b> Energy Preview: Residential Energy Consumption and Expenditures         Preliminary Estimates, 1990         EIA Data News: Oxygenate Data Collection Begins         Highlights: Lighting in Commercial Buildings         Feature Article: Demand, Supply, and Price Outlook for Oxgenated Gasoline,         Winter 1992-1993         EIA Data News: EIA Statistics on Electric Utility Demand-Side Management         EIA Data News: EIA Statistics on Nonutility Power Producers         Highlights: Derived Annual Estimates of Manufacturing Energy Consumption, 1974-1988	April 1992 May 1992 June 1992 August 1992 September 1992 October 1992 November 1992
Highlights: Derived Annual Estimates of Manufacturing Energy Consumption, 1974 1966 1971         Feature Article: Energy Efficiency in the Manufacturing Sector <b>1991</b> Highlights: U.S. Energy Industry Financial Developments, 1990 Fourth Quarter         Feature Article: U.S. Wholesale Electricity Transactions	March 1991 April 1991
<b>1990</b> Feature Article: Refining Results Highlight Energy Companies' First-Half Profit Performance Highlights: U.S. Oil and Gas Reserves by Year of Field Discovery	June 1990 August 1990
<b>1989</b> Feature Article: A Review of Valdez Oil Spill Market Impacts         Feature Article: Monthly U.S. Crude Oil Production Estimates         Feature Article: Superconductivity and Energy Production and Consumption         Highlights: Commercial Buildings Consumption and Expenditures 1986         Feature Article: Higher Prices Yield Improved Energy Industry Financial Results         in the First Half of 1989	March 1989 March 1989 May 1989 May 1989 June 1989
Feature Article: The Future Structure of the U.S. Commercial Nuclear Power Equipment         Manufacturing Industry         Highlights: Potential Costs of Restricting Chlorofluorocarbon Use         Highlights: Manufacturing Energy Consumption Survey: Changes in         Energy Efficiency, 1980-1985	July 1989 September 1989 October 1989
Highlights: Household Energy Consumption and Expenditures 1987,         Part 1: National Data         Feature Article: Improved Energy Profits Offset by Refining Results in 1989	November 1989 December 1989

## **Special Feature**

#### **Cover Date**

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1988	
Feature Article: Measures of Energy Consumption, Expenditures, and Prices	May 1988
Highlights: Characteristics of Commercial Buildings 1986	June 1988
Feature Article: The U.S. Energy Industry's Financial Recovery Continued	
in the First Half of 1988	June 1988
Feature Article: A U.S. Perspective on Condensate	June 1988
Feature Article:         State Energy Severance Taxes, 1972-1987	July 1988
Highlights: Manufacturing Energy Consumption Survey: Consumption of Energy, 1985	September 1988
Highlights: Profiles of Foreign Direct Investment in U.S. Energy 1987	October 1988
Highlights: Manufacturing Energy Consumption Survey: Fuel Switching, 1985	November 1988
Feature Article: Increased Refining Income Led U.S. Energy Industry Financial Recovery	
in 1988	December 1988
1987	
Feature Article: Manufacturing Sector Energy Consumption,	
1985 Provisional Estimates	lanuari 1007
Highlights: Consumption and Expenditures, April 1984 Through March 1985,	January 1987
Part 1: National Data	April 1097
Highlights: Consumption and Expenditures, April 1984 Through March 1985.	April 1987
Part 2: Regional Data	May 1987
Feature Article: U.S. Energy Industry Financial Developments, 1987 Second Quarter	June 1987
Feature Article: End-Use Consumption of Residential Energy	July 1987
Highlights: Uranium Industry Annual 1986	September 1987
Highlights: Potential Oil Production from ANWR	October 1987
Highlights: Profiles of Foreign Direct Investment in U.S. Energy 1986	November 1987
Feature Article: The U.S. Energy Industry in 1987: A Slow Recovery	December 1987
1986	
Feature Article: State Motor Gasoline Taxes, 1960-1985	March 1986
Feature Article: The Impact of Low Oil Prices on Electric Utility Fuel Choice	June 1986
Feature Article: U.S. Energy Industry Financial Developments, 1986 Second Quarter	June 1986
Highlights: International Energy Annual 1985	September 1986
Feature Article: U.S. Energy Industry Financial Developments, 1986	December 1986
1985	
Highlights: Annual Energy Review 1984	January 1985
Highlights: Performance Profiles of Major Energy Producers 1983           Feature Article: Estimating Well Completions	February 1985
Highlights: State Energy Price and Expenditure Report 1970-1982	March 1985
Highlights: State Energy Data Report, Consumption Estimates, 1960-1983	March 1985
Highlights: Annual Outlook for U.S. Electric Power 1985	April 1985 June 1985
Highlights: Short-Term Energy Outlook, Volume 1, October 1985	August 1985
Highlights: Analysis of Growth in Electricity Demand, 1980-1984	August 1985
Highlights: Profiles of Foreign Direct Investment in U.S. Energy 1984	November 1985
Highlights: Performance Profiles of Major Energy Producers 1984	December 1985
1984	
Highlights: Annual Energy Review 1983	February 1984
Highlights: Annual Energy Outlook 1983	March 1984
	March 1984
Highlights: State Energy Data Report, Consumption Estimates, 1960-1982	March 1984
Highlights: State Energy Data Report, Consumption Estimates, 1960-1982         Highlights: State Energy Price and Expenditure Report, 1970-1981	March 1984 May 1984
Highlights:       State Energy Data Report, Consumption Estimates, 1960-1982         Highlights:       State Energy Price and Expenditure Report, 1970-1981         Highlights:       Solar Collector Manufacturing Activity 1983	May 1984 June 1984
Highlights:       State Energy Data Report, Consumption Estimates, 1960-1982         Highlights:       State Energy Price and Expenditure Report, 1970-1981         Highlights:       Solar Collector Manufacturing Activity 1983         Highlights:       International Energy Annual 1983	May 1984
Highlights: State Energy Data Report, Consumption Estimates, 1960-1982         Highlights: State Energy Price and Expenditure Report, 1970-1981         Highlights: Solar Collector Manufacturing Activity 1983         Highlights: International Energy Annual 1983         Highlights: Estimates of U.S. Wood Energy Consumption, 1980-1983	May 1984 June 1984 September 1984 September 1984
Highlights:       State Energy Data Report, Consumption Estimates, 1960-1982         Highlights:       State Energy Price and Expenditure Report, 1970-1981         Highlights:       Solar Collector Manufacturing Activity 1983         Highlights:       International Energy Annual 1983	May 1984 June 1984 September 1984

## **Special Feature**

### **Cover Date**

### 1983

1983	1000
Highlights: Residential Energy Consumption Survey: Consumption and Expenditures	January 1983
Highlights: Residential Energy Consumption Survey: Housing Characteristics	February 1983
Feature Article: The Effect of Weather on Energy Use	April 1983
Feature Article: Trends in U.S. Energy Since 1973	May 1983
Feature Article: Data Series on Petroleum Use at Electric Utilities	July 1983
Highlights: Energy Price and Expenditure Data Report, 1970-1980	July 1983
Highlights: Railroad Deregulation: Impact on Coal	August 1983
Highlights: Port Deepening and User Fees: Impact on U.S. Coal Exports	August 1983
Highlights: U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves,	<b>o</b> , <b>i</b> , <b>o o o</b>
1982 Annual Report	September 1983
Feature Article: Residential Energy Consumption, 1978 Through 1981	September 1983
Feature Article: Exploring for Oil and Gas	November 1983
Feature Article: The Influence of Federal Actions on Petroleum Exploration	December 1983[2]
Feature Article: Aggregate Statistics: Accurate or Misleading?	December 1983[3]
1982	
Feature Article: The Interstate and Intrastate Natural Gas Markets	January 1982
Feature Article: Natural Gas Drilling and Production Under the Natural Gas	
Policy Act	February 1982
Highlights: U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, 1981 Annual	
Report	September 1982
Feature Article: Impacts of Financial Constraints on the Electric Utility Industry	October 1982
Highlights: Energy Company Development Patterns in the Postembargo Era	November 1982
1981	
Feature Article: Changes in 1981 Petroleum Data Series	May 1981
Feature Article: Information Services of the Energy Information Administration	September 1981
Feature Article: An Overview of Natural Gas Markets	December 1981
1980	<b></b>
Feature Article: The Solar Collector Industry and Solar Energy	February 1980
Feature Article: Trends in the Installation of Energy Using Equipment in New Residential	
Buildings	March 1980
Feature Article: The Energy Information Administration's Oil and Gas Reserves	
Program—The First Year's Report	June 1980
Feature Article: Energy From Urban Waste	August 1980
Feature Article: Natural Gas Liquids: Revisions to 1979 Data	October 1980
Feature Article: EIA Weekly Petroleum Data: Data Collection and	
Methods of Estimation	November 1980
Feature Article: The Department of Energy Disclosure Policy for Individually Identifiable	
Information Maintained by the Energy Information Administration	December 1980
1979	
Feature Article: The Energy Requirements of U.S. Agriculture	July 1979
Feature Article: Three Mile Island—Possible Regulatory Responses and Their Impacts	
on the Nation's Short-Term Electric Utility Fuel Outlook	October 1979
Feature Article: Reduction in Natural Gas Requirements Due to Fuel Switching	December 1979
1978	
Feature Article: Short-Term Petroleum Supply and Demand	May 1978
1977	
Feature Article: Crude Oil Entitlements Program	January 1977
Feature Article: Motor Gasoline Supply and Demand	July 1977

## Special Feature

## **Cover Date**

### 1976

Feature Article: H	Curtailments of Natural Gas Service	January 1976
Industry Feature Article: 1	Frends in United States Petroleum Imports	March 1976 September 1976
<b>1975</b> Feature Article: E Feature Article: N Feature Article: U Feature Article: U Feature Article: F	Energy Consumption	March 1975 April 1975 June 1975 July 1975 September 1975

## Glossary

Anthracite: A hard, black, lustrous coal containing a high percentage of fixed carbon and a low percentage of volatile matter. Often referred to as hard coal. It conforms to ASTM Specification D388-84 for anthracite, meta-anthracite, and semianthracite.

Asphalt: A dark-brown-to-black cement-like material containing bitumens as the predominant constituents obtained by petroleum processing. The definition includes crude asphalt as well as the following finished products: cements, fluxes, the asphalt content of emulsions (exclusive of water), and petroleum distillates blended with asphalt to make cutback asphalts.

**ASTM:** The American Society for Testing and Materials.

Aviation Gasoline Blending Components: Naphthas that are used for blending or compounding into finished aviation gasoline (e.g., straight-run gasoline, alkylate, and reformate). Excluded are oxygenates (alcohols and ethers), butane, and pentanes plus.

Aviation Gasoline, Finished: All special grades of gasoline for use in aviation reciprocating engines, as given in ASTM Specification D910 and Military Specification MIL-G-5572. Excludes blending components that will be used in blending or compounding into finished aviation gasoline.

**Barrel (petroleum):** A unit of volume equal to 42 U.S. gallons.

**Base (Cushion) Gas:** The volume of gas needed as a permanent inventory to maintain adequate underground storage reservoir pressures and deliverability rates throughout the withdrawal season. All native gas is included in the base gas volume.

**Bituminous Coal:** A dense black coal, often with well-defined bands of bright and dull material, with a moisture content usually less than 20 percent. Often referred to as soft coal. It is the most common coal and is used primarily for generating electricity, making coke, and space heating. It conforms to ASTM Specification D388-84 for bituminous coal.

British Thermal Unit (Btu): The quantity of heat needed to raise the temperature of 1 pound of water by  $1^{\circ}$  F at or near 39.2° F. See Heat Content of a

Quantity of Fuel, Gross and Heat Content of a Quantity of Fuel, Net.

**Butane:** A normally gaseous straight-chain or branched-chain hydrocarbon  $(C_4H_{10})$ . It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams. It includes isobutane and normal butane and is designated in ASTM Specification D1835 and Gas Processors Association Specifications for commercial butane.

*Isobutane:* A normally gaseous branched-chain hydrocarbon. It is a colorless paraffinic gas that boils at a temperature of  $10.9^{\circ}$  F. It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams.

Normal Butane: A normally gaseous straight-chain hydrocarbon. It is a colorless paraffinic gas that boils at a temperature of  $31.1^{\circ}$  F. It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams.

**Butylene:** An olefinic hydrocarbon  $(C_4H_8)$  recovered from refinery processes.

**Capacity Factor:** The ratio of the electrical energy produced by a generating unit for the period of time considered to the electrical energy that could have been produced at continuous full-power operation during the same period.

CIF: See Cost, Insurance, Freight.

City Gate: A point or measuring station at which a distribution gas utility receives gas from a natural gas pipeline company or transmission system.

Coal: A black or brownish-black solid, combustible substance formed by the partial decomposition of vegetable matter without access to air. The rank of coal, which includes anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, and lignite, is based on fixed carbon, volatile matter, and heating value. Coal rank indicates the progressive alteration, or coalification, from lignite to anthracite. Lignite contains approximately 9 to 17 million Btu per ton. The heat contents of subbituminous and bituminous coal range from 16 to 24 million Btu per ton, and from 19 to 30 million Btu per ton, respectively. Anthracite contains approximately 22 to 28 million Btu per ton.

**Coal Coke:** A hard, porous product made from baking bituminous coal in ovens at temperatures as high as  $2,000^{\circ}$  F. It is used both as a fuel and as a reducing agent in smelting iron ore in a blast furnace.

**Commercial Sector:** The commercial sector, as defined economically, consists of business establishments that are not engaged in transportation or in manufacturing or other types of industrial activity (agriculture, mining, or construction). Commercial establishments include hotels, motels, restaurants, wholesale businesses, retail stores, laundries, and other service enterprises; religious and nonprofit organizations; health, social, and educational institutions; and Federal, State, and local governments. Street lights, pumps, bridges, and public services are also included if the establishment operating them is considered commercial. SIC codes used to classify an establishment as commercial are 50 through 87, 89, and 91 through 97.

**Completion:** The installation of permanent equipment for the production of oil or gas. If a well is equipped to produce only oil or gas from one zone or reservoir, the definition of a well (classified as an oil well or gas well) and the definition of a completion are identical. However, if a well is equipped to produce oil and/or gas separately from more than one reservoir, a well is not synonymous with a completion.

**Conversion Factor:** A number that translates units of one system into corresponding values of another system. Conversion factors can be used to translate physical units of measure for various fuels into Btu equivalents.

Cost, Insurance, Freight (CIF): A type of sale in which the buyer of the product agrees to pay a unit price that includes the f.o.b. value of the product at the point of origin plus all costs of insurance and transportation. This type of transaction differs from a "delivered" purchase in that the buyer accepts the quantity as determined at the loading port (as certified by the Bill of Loading and Quality Report) rather than pay on the basis of the quantity and quality ascertained at the unloading port. It is similar to the terms of an f.o.b. sale, except that the seller, as a service for which he is compensated, arranges for transportation and insurance.

**Crude Oil f.o.b. Price:** The crude oil price actually charged at the oil-producing country's port of loading. Includes deductions for any rebates and discounts or additions of premiums, where applicable. It is the actual price paid with no adjustment for credit terms.

**Crude Oil (Including Lease Condensate):** A mixture of hydrocarbons that exists in liquid phase in underground reservoirs and remains liquid at atmospheric pressure after passing through surface separating facilities. Included are lease condensate and liquid hydrocarbons produced from tar sands, gilsonite, and oil shale. Drip gases are also included, but topped crude oil (residual oil) and other unfinished oils are excluded. Where identifiable, liquids produced at natural gas processing plants and mixed with crude oil are likewise excluded. **Crude Oil Landed Cost:** The price of crude oil at the port of discharge, including charges associated with the purchase, transporting, and insuring of a cargo from the purchase point to the port of discharge. Does not include charges incurred at the discharge port (e.g., import tariffs or fees, wharfage charges, and demurrage).

**Crude Oil Refinery Input:** The total crude oil put into processing units at refineries.

**Crude Oil Stocks:** Stocks of crude oil and lease condensate held at refineries, in pipelines, at pipeline terminals, and on leases.

Crude Oil Used Directly: Crude oil consumed as fuel by crude oil pipelines and on crude oil leases.

**Cubic Foot (natural gas):** A unit of volume equal to 1 cubic foot at a pressure base of 14.73 pounds standard per square inch absolute and a temperature base of  $60^{\circ}$  F.

**Degree-Day Normals:** Simple arithmetic averages of monthly or annual degree-days over a long period of time (usually the 30-year period 1951-1980). The averages may be simple degree-day normals or population-weighted degree-day normals.

**Degree-Days, Cooling (CDD):** The number of degrees per day that the daily average temperature is above  $65^{\circ}$  F. The daily average temperature is the mean of the maximum and minimum temperatures for a 24-hour period.

**Degree-Days, Heating (HDD):** The number of degrees per day that the daily average temperature is below 65° F. The daily average temperature is the mean of the maximum and minimum temperatures for a 24-hour period.

Degree-Days, Population-Weighted: Heating or cooling degree-days weighted by the population of the area in which the degree-days are recorded. To compute State population-weighted degree-days, each State is divided into from one to nine climatically homogeneous divisions, which are assigned weights based on the ratio of the population of the division to the total population of the State. Degree-day readings for each division are multiplied by the corresponding population weight for each division and those products are then summed to arrive at the State population-weighted degree-day figure. To compute national population-weighted degree-days, the Nation is divided into nine Census regions comprised of from three to eight States, which are assigned weights based on the ratio of the population of the region to the total population of the Nation. Degree-day readings for each region are multiplied by the corresponding population weight for each region and those products are then summed to arrive at the national population-weighted degree-day figure.

**Design Electrical Rating, Net:** The nominal net electrical output of a nuclear unit as specified by the electric utility for the purpose of plant design.

**Development Well:** A well drilled within the proved area of an oil or gas reservoir to the depth of a stratigraphic horizon known to be productive.

**Distillate Fuel Oil:** A general classification for one of the petroleum fractions produced in conventional distillation operations. Included are products known as No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 fuel oils and No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 diesel fuels. It is used primarily for space heating, on-and off-highway diesel engine fuel (including railroad engine fuel and fuel for agricultural machinery), and electric power generation.

**Dry Hole:** An exploratory or development well found to be incapable of producing either oil or gas in sufficient quantities to justify completion as an oil or gas well.

Dry Natural Gas Production (as a decrement from gas reserves): The volume of natural gas withdrawn from reservoirs during the report year less (1) the volume returned to such reservoirs in cycling, repressuring of oil reservoirs, and conservation operations; (2) shrinkage resulting from the removal of lease condensate and plant liquids; and (3) nonhydrocarbon gases, where they occur in sufficient quantity to render the gas unmarketable. Volumes of gas withdrawn from gas storage reservoirs and native gas that has been transferred to the storage category are not considered production. This is not the same as marketed production, since the latter also excludes vented and flared gas but contains liquids.

Dry Natural Gas Production (as an increment to gas supply): Gross withdrawals from production reservoirs less gas used in reservoir repressuring, amounts vented and flared, nonhydrocarbons removed, and various natural gas constituents, such as ethane, propane, and butane, removed at natural gas processing plants. The parameters for measurement are  $60^{\circ}$  F and 14.73 pounds standard per square inch absolute.

**Electrical System Energy Losses:** The amount of energy lost during generation, transmission, and distribution of electricity, including plant and unaccounted-for uses.

**Electricity Generation:** The process of producing electric energy or transforming other forms of energy into electric energy. Also the amount of electric energy produced or expressed in watthours (Wh).

**Electricity Generation, Gross:** The total amount of electric energy produced by the generating station or stations, measured at the generator terminals.

Electricity Generation, Net: Gross generation less electricity consumed at the generating plant for station use. Electricity required for pumping at pumped-storage plants is regarded as plant use and is deducted from gross generation.

Electricity Production: Net electricity (gross electricity output measured at generator terminals minus power plant use) generated by publicly and privately owned electric utilities. Excludes industrial electricity generation (except autogeneration of hydroelectric power).

**Electricity Sales:** The amount of kilowatthours sold in a given period of time; usually grouped by classes of service, such as residential, commercial, industrial, and other. "Other" sales include sales for public street and highway lighting and other sales to public authorities, sales to railroads and railways, and interdepartmental sales.

Electric Power Plant: A station containing prime movers, electric generators, and auxiliary equipment for converting mechanical, chemical, and/or fission energy into electric energy.

Electric Utilities: All privately owned companies and all publicly owned agencies engaged in the generation, transmission, or distribution of electric power for public use. Publicly owned agencies include municipal electric utilities; Federal power projects, such as the Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA); rural electrification cooperatives; power districts; and State power projects.

Electric Utility: A corporation, person, agency, authority, or other legal entity or instrumentality that owns and/or operates facilities within the United States, its territories, or Puerto Rico for the generation, transmission, distribution, or sale of electric energy, primarily for use by the public. An entity that solely operates qualifying facilities under the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 is not considered an electric utility.

**Electric Utility Sector:** Privately and publicly owned establishments that generate electricity primarily for use by the public.

End-Use Sectors: The residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation sectors of the economy.

Energy: The capacity for doing work as measured by the capability of doing work (potential energy) or the conversion of this capability to motion (kinetic energy). Energy has several forms, some of which are easily convertible and can be changed to another form useful for work. Most of the world's convertible energy comes from fossil fuels that are burned to produce heat that is then used as a transfer medium to mechanical or other means in order to accomplish tasks. Electrical energy is usually measured in kilowatthours, while heat energy is usually measured in British thermal units.

**Energy Consumption:** The use of energy as a source of heat or power or as an input in the manufacturing process.

Energy Consumption, End-Use: Primary end-use energy consumption is the sum of fossil fuel consumption by the four end-use sectors (residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation) and generation of hydroelectric power by nonelectric utilities. Net end-use energy consumption includes electric utility sales to those sectors but excludes electrical system energy losses. Total end-use energy consumption includes both electric utility sales to the four end-use sectors and electrical system energy losses.

**Energy Consumption, Total:** The sum of fossil fuel consumption by the five sectors (residential, commercial, industrial, transportation, and electric utility) plus hydroelectric power, nuclear electric power, net imports of coal coke, and electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.

Energy Source: A substance, such as petroleum, natural gas, or coal, that supplies heat or power. In Energy Information Administration reports, electricity and renewable forms of energy, such as biomass, geothermal, wind, and solar, are considered to be energy sources.

Ethane: A normally gaseous straight-chain hydrocarbon ( $C_2H_6$ ). It is a colorless, paraffinic gas that boils at a temperature of -127.48° F. It is extracted from natural gas and refinery gas streams.

Ethylene: An olefinic hydrocarbon  $(C_2H_4)$  recovered from refinery processes or petrochemical processes.

**Exploratory Well:** A well drilled to find and produce oil or gas in an unproved area, to find a new reservoir in a field previously found to be productive of oil or gas in another reservoir, or to extend the limit of a known oil or gas reservoir.

**Exports:** Shipments of goods from the 50 States and the District of Columbia to foreign countries and to Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and other U.S. possessions and territories.

f.a.s.: See Free Alongside Ship.

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC): The Federal agency with jurisdiction over interstate electricity sales, wholesale electric rates, hydroelectric licensing, natural gas pricing, oil pipeline rates, and gas pipeline certification. FERC is an independent regulatory agency within the Department of Energy and is the successor to the Federal Power Commission.

Federal Power Commission (FPC): The predecessor agency of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. The Federal Power Commission was created by an Act of Congress under the Federal Water Power Act on June 10, 1920. It was charged originally with regulating the electric power and natural gas industries. It was abolished on September 30, 1977, when the Department of Energy was created. Its functions were divided between the Department of Energy and the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, an independent regulatory agency.

**First Purchase Price:** The marketed first sales price of domestic crude oil, consistent with the removal price defined by the provisions of the Windfall Profits Tax on Domestic Crude Oil (Public Law 96-223, Sec. 4998 (c)).

Flared Natural Gas: Natural gas burned in flares on the base site or at gas processing plants.

f.o.b.: See Free on Board.

Footage Drilled: Total footage for wells in various categories, as reported for any specified period, includes (1) the deepest total depth (length of well bores) of all wells drilled from the surface, (2) the total of all bypassed footage drilled in connection with reported wells, and (3) all new footage drilled for directional sidetrack wells. Footage reported for directional sidetrack wells does not include footage in the common bore, which is reported as footage for the original well. In the case of old wells drilled deeper, the reported footage is that which was drilled below the total depth of the old well.

Former U.S.S.R.: See U.S.S.R.

Fossil Fuel: Any naturally occurring organic fuel, such as petroleum, coal, and natural gas.

Fossil Fuel Steam-Electric Power Plant: An electricity generation plant in which the prime mover is a turbine rotated by high-pressure steam produced in a boiler by heat from burning fossil fuels.

**Free Alongside Ship (f.a.s.):** The value of a commodity at the port of exportation, generally including the purchase price, plus all charges incurred in placing the commodity alongside the carrier at the port of exportation.

Free on Board (f.o.b.): A transaction whereby the seller makes the product available within an agreed-on period at a given port at a given price. It is the responsibility of the buyer to arrange for the transportation and insurance. **Full-Power Operation:** Operation of a nuclear generating unit at 100 percent of its design capacity. Full-power operation precedes commercial operation.

**Gasohol:** A blend of finished motor gasoline (leaded or unleaded) and alcohol (generally ethanol but sometimes methanol) limited to 10 percent by volume of alcohol. Gasohol is included in finished leaded and unleaded motor gasoline.

**Gas-Turbine Electric Power Plant:** A plant in which the prime mover is a gas turbine. A gas turbine typically consists of an axial-flow air compressor, one or more combustion chambers where liquid or gaseous fuel is burned and the hot gases expand to drive the generator and then are used to run the compressor.

Gas Well: A well completed for the production of natural gas from one or more gas zones or reservoirs. (Wells producing both crude oil and natural gas are classified as oil wells.)

Geothermal Energy: Energy from the internal heat of the Earth, which may be residual heat, friction heat, or a result of radioactive decay. The heat is found in rocks and fluids at various depths and can be extracted by drilling and/or pumping.

Geothermal Energy (as used at electric utilities): Hot water or steam extracted from geothermal reservoirs in the Earth's crust that is supplied to steam turbines at electric utilities that drive generators to produce electricity.

**Gross National Product (GNP):** The total value of goods and services produced by the Nation's economy, before deduction of depreciation charges and other allowances for capital consumption. It includes the total purchases of goods and services by private consumers and government, gross private domestic capital investment, and net foreign trade.

Heat Content of a Quantity of Fuel, Gross: The total amount of heat released when a fuel is burned. Coal, crude oil, and natural gas all include chemical compounds of carbon and hydrogen. When those fuels are burned, the carbon and hydrogen combine with oxygen in the air to produce carbon dioxide and water. Some of the energy released in burning goes into transforming the water into steam and is usually lost. The amount of heat spent in transforming the water into steam is counted as part of gross heat content but is not counted as part of net heat content. Also referred to as the higher heating value. Btu conversion factors typically used in EIA represent gross heat content.

Heat Content of a Quantity of Fuel, Net: The amount of useable heat energy released when a fuel is burned under conditions similar to those in which it is normally used. Also referred to as the lower heating value. Btu conversion factors typically used in EIA represent gross heat content.

Heavy Oil: The fuel oils remaining after the lighter oils have been distilled off during the refining process. Except for start-up and flame stabilization, virtually all petroleum used in steam-electric power plants is heavy oil.

Hydrocarbon: An organic chemical compound of hydrogen and carbon in the gaseous, liquid, or solid phase. The molecular structure of hydrocarbon compounds varies from the simplest (methane, the primary constituent of natural gas) to the very heavy and very complex.

Hydroelectric Power: The production of electricity from the kinetic energy of falling water.

Hydroelectric Power Plant: A plant in which the turbine generators are driven by falling water.

**Imports:** Receipts of goods into the 50 States and the District of Columbia from foreign countries and from Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and other U.S. possessions and territories.

Industrial Sector: The industrial sector comprises manufacturing industries, which make up the largest part of the sector, along with mining, construction, agriculture, fisheries, and forestry. Establishments in the sector range from steel mills, to small farms, to companies assembling electronic components. The SIC codes used to classify establishments as industrial are 1 through 39.

Internal Combustion Electric Power Plant: A power plant in which the prime mover is an internal combustion engine. Diesel or gas-fired engines are the principal types used in electric power plants. The plant is usually operated during periods of high demand for electricity.

Jet Fuel: The term includes kerosene-type jet fuel and naphtha-type jet fuel. Kerosene-type jet fuel is a kerosene-quality product used primarily for commercial turbojet and turboprop aircraft engines. Naphtha-type jet fuel is a fuel in the heavy naphthas range used primarily for military turbojet and turboprop aircraft engines.

Kerosene: A petroleum distillate that has a maximum distillation temperature of  $401^{\circ}$  F at the 10-percent recovery point, a final boiling point of  $572^{\circ}$  F, and a minimum flash point of  $100^{\circ}$  F. Included are the two grades designated in ASTM D3699 (No. 1-K and No. 2-K) and all grades of kerosene called range or stove oil. Kerosene is used in space heaters, cook stoves, and water heaters; it is suitable for use as an illuminant when burned in wick lamps.

Lease and Plant Fuel: Natural gas used in well, field, and lease operations (such as gas used in drilling operations, heaters, dehydrators, and field compressors), and as fuel in natural gas processing plants.

Lease Condensate: A natural gas liquid recovered from gas well gas (associated and non-associated) in lease separators or natural gas field facilities. Lease condensate consists primarily of pentanes and heavier hydrocarbons.

Light Oil: Lighter fuel oils distilled off during the refining process. Virtually all petroleum used in internal combustion and gas-turbine engines is light oil.

Lignite: A brownish-black coal of low rank with a high content of moisture and volatile matter. Often referred to as brown coal. It is used almost exclusively for electric power generation. It conforms to ASTM Specification D388-84 for lignite.

Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG): Natural gas (primarily methane) that has been liquefied by reducing its temperature to  $-260^{\circ}$  F at atmospheric pressure.

Liquefied Petroleum Gases (LPG): Ethane, ethylene, propane, propylene, normal butane, butylene, and isobutane produced at refineries or natural gas processing plants, including plants that fractionate new natural gas plant liquids.

Low-Power Testing: The period of time between a nuclear generating unit's initial fuel loading date and the issuance of its operating (full-power) license. The maximum level of operation during that period is 5 percent of the unit's design thermal rating.

Lubricants: Substances used to reduce friction between bearing surfaces or as process materials either incorporated into other materials used as processing aids in the manufacturing of other products or as carriers of other materials. Petroleum lubricants may be produced either from distillates or residues. Other substances may be added to impart or improve certain required properties. Excluded are byproducts of lubricating oil refining, such as aromatic extracts derived from solvent extraction or tars derived from deasphalting. Included are all grades of lubricating oils from spindle oil to cylinder oil and those used in greases. Lubricants categories are paraffinic and naphthenic.

Miscellaneous Petroleum Products: All finished petroleum products not classified elsewhere—for example, petrolatum, lube refining byproducts (aromatic extracts and tars), absorption oils, ram-jet fuel, petroleum rocket fuels, synthetic natural gas feedstocks, and specialty oils. Motor Gasoline Blending Components: Naphthas that will be used for blending or compounding into finished motor gasoline (e.g., straight-run gasoline, alkylate, and reformate). Excluded are oxygenates (alcohols and ethers), butane, and pentanes plus.

Motor Gasoline, Finished: A complex mixture of relatively volatile hydrocarbons, with or without small quantities of additives, that has been blended to form a fuel suitable for use in spark-ignition engines. Motor gasoline, as given in ASTM Specification D439 or Federal Specification VV-G-1690B, includes a range in distillation temperatures from 122 to  $158^{\circ}$  F at the 10-percent recovery point and from 365 to  $374^{\circ}$  F at the 90-percent recovery point. The Reid Vapor Pressure ranges from 9 to 15 pounds per square inch. Motor gasoline includes finished leaded gasoline, finished unleaded gasoline, and gasohol. Blendstock is excluded until blending has been completed. Alcohol that is to be used in the blending of gasohol is also excluded.

Motor Gasoline, Finished Gasohol: A blend of finished motor gasoline (leaded or unleaded) and alcohol (generally ethanol, but sometimes methanol) in which 10 percent or more of the product is alcohol.

Motor Gasoline, Finished Leaded: Motor gasoline that contains more than 0.05 gram of lead per gallon or more than 0.005 gram of phosphorus per gallon. Premium and regular grades are included, depending on the octane rating. Includes leaded gasohol. Blendstock is excluded until blending has been completed. Alcohol that is to be used in the blending of gasohol is also excluded.

Motor Gasoline, Finished Leaded Premium: Motor gasoline having an antiknock index, calculated as (R+M)/2, greater than 90 and containing more than 0.05 gram of lead per gallon or more than 0.005 gram of phosphorus per gallon.

Motor Gasoline, Finished Leaded Regular: Motor gasoline having an antiknock index, calculated as (R+M)/2, greater than or equal to 87 and less than or equal to 90 and containing more than 0.05 gram of lead or 0.005 gram of phosphorus per gallon.

Motor Gasoline, Finished Unleaded: Motor gasoline containing not more than 0.05 gram of lead per gallon and not more than 0.005 gram of phosphorus per gallon. Premium and regular grades are included, depending on the octane rating. Includes unleaded gasohol. Blendstock is excluded until blending has been completed. Alcohol that is to be used in the blending of gasohol is also excluded.

Motor Gasoline, Finished Unleaded Midgrade: Motor gasoline having an antiknock index, calculated as (R+M)/2, greater than or equal to 88 and less than or equal to 90 and containing not more than 0.05 gram of phosphorus per gallon. Motor Gasoline, Finished Unleaded Premium: Motor gasoline having an antiknock index, calculated as (R+M)/2, greater than 90 and containing not more than 0.05 gram of lead or 0.005 gram of phosphorus per gallon.

Motor Gasoline, Finished Unleaded Regular: Motor gasoline having an antiknock index, calculated as (R+M)/2, of 87 containing not more than 0.05 gram of lead per gallon and not more than 0.005 gram of phosphorus per gallon.

Motor Gasoline Retail Prices: Motor gasoline prices calculated each month by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) in conjunction with the construction of the Consumer Price Index (CPI). Those prices are collected in 85 urban areas selected to represent all urban consumers—about 80 percent of the total U.S. population. The service stations are selected initially, and on a replacement basis, in such a way that they represent the purchasing habits of the CPI population. Service stations in the current sample include those providing all types of service (i.e., full-, mini-, and self-service).

Motor Gasoline, Total: Includes finished leaded motor gasoline (premium and regular), finished unleaded motor gasoline (premium, midgrade, and regular), motor gasoline blending components, and gasohol.

Natural Gas: A mixture of hydrocarbons (principally methane) and small quantities of various nonhydrocarbons existing in the gaseous phase or in solution with crude oil in underground reservoirs.

Natural Gas, Dry: The marketable portion of natural gas production, which is obtained by subtracting extraction losses, including natural gas liquids removed at natural gas processing plants, from total production.

Natural Gas Marketed Production: Gross withdrawals of natural gas from production reservoirs, less gas used for reservoir repressuring; nonhydrocarbon gases removed in treating and processing operations; and quantities vented and flared.

Natural Gas Plant Liquids (NGPL): Natural gas liquids recovered from natural gas in processing plants and, in some situations, from natural gas field facilities, as well as those extracted by fractionators. Natural gas plant liquids are defined according to the published specifications of the Gas Processors Associations and the American Society for Testing and Materials as follows: ethane, propane, normal butane, isobutane, pentanes plus, and other products from natural gas processing plants (i.e., products meeting the standards for finished petroleum products produced at natural gas processing plants, such as finished motor gasoline, finished aviation gasoline, special naphthas, kerosene, distillate fuel oil, and miscellaneous products).

Natural Gas Wellhead Price: The wellhead price of natural gas is calculated by dividing the total reported value at the wellhead by the total quantity produced as reported by the appropriate agencies of individual producing States and the U.S. Minerals Management Service. The price includes all costs prior to shipment from the lease, including gathering and compression costs, in addition to State production, severance, and similar charges.

Natural Gas, Wet: Natural gas prior to the extraction of liquids and other miscellaneous products.

Net Consumption: See Energy Consumption, End-Use.

Nuclear Electric Power: Electricity generated by an electric power plant whose turbines are driven by steam generated in a reactor by heat from the fissioning of nuclear fuel.

Nuclear Electric Power Plant: A single-unit or multiunit facility in which heat produced in one or more reactors by the fissioning of nuclear fuel is used to drive one or more steam turbines.

Nuclear Reactor: An apparatus in which the nuclear fission chain can be initiated, maintained, and controlled so that energy is released at a specific rate. The reactor includes fissionable material (fuel), such as uranium or plutonium; fertile material; moderating material (unless it is a fast reactor); a heavy-walled pressure vessel; shielding to protect personnel; provision for heat removal; and control elements and instrumentation.

**Offshore:** That geographic area that lies seaward of the coastline. In general, the coastline is the line of ordinary low water along with that portion of the coast that is in direct contact with the open sea or the line marking the seaward limit of inland water.

Oil: See Crude Oil (Including Lease Condensate).

Oil Well: A well completed for the production of crude oil from one or more oil zones or reservoirs. Wells producing both crude oil and natural gas are classified as oil wells.

**Operable (nuclear):** A U.S. nuclear generating unit is considered operable after it completes low-power testing and is issued a full-power operating license by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission. A foreign nuclear generating unit is considered operable once it has generated electricity to the grid.

Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD): Current members are Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom, the United States and its territories (Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands), and Germany.

**Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries** (OPEC): Countries that have organized for the purpose of negotiating with oil companies on matters of oil production, prices, and future concession rights. Current members are Algeria, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela.

**Pentanes Plus:** A mixture of hydrocarbons, mostly pentanes and heavier, extracted from natural gas. Includes isopentane, natural gasoline, and plant condensate.

**Petroleum:** A generic term applied to oil and oil products in all forms, such as crude oil, lease condensate, unfinished oils, petroleum products, natural gas plant liquids, and nonhydrocarbon compounds blended into finished petroleum products.

**Petroleum Coke:** A residue that is the final product of the condensation process in cracking. The product is either marketable petroleum coke or catalyst petroleum coke.

**Petroleum Coke, Catalyst:** The carbonaceous residue that is deposited on and deactivates the catalyst used in many catalytic operations (e.g., catalytic cracking). Carbon is deposited on the catalyst, thus deactivating the catalyst. The catalyst is reactivated by burning off the carbon, which is used as a fuel in the refining process. That carbon or coke is not recoverable in a concentrated form.

**Petroleum Coke, Marketable:** Those grades of coke produced in delayed or fluid cokers that may be recovered as relatively pure carbon. Marketable petroleum coke may be sold as is or further purified by calcining.

**Petroleum Consumption:** The sum of all refined petroleum products supplied. For each refined petroleum product, the amount supplied is calculated by adding production and imports, then subtracting changes in primary stocks (net withdrawals are a plus quantity and net additions are a minus quantity) and exports.

**Petroleum Imports:** Imports of petroleum into the 50 States and the District of Columbia from foreign countries and from Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and other U.S. territories and possessions. Included are imports for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve and withdrawals from bonded warehouses for onshore consumption, offshore bunker use, and military use. Excluded are receipts of foreign petroleum into bonded warehouses and into U.S. territories and U.S. Foreign Trade Zones.

**Petroleum Products:** Products obtained from the processing of crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas, and other hydrocarbon compounds. Petroleum products include unfinished oils, liquefied petroleum gases, pentanes plus, aviation gasoline, motor gasoline, naphtha-type jet fuel, kerosene-type jet fuel, kerosene, distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, petrochemical feedstocks, special naphthas, lubricants, waxes, petroleum coke, asphalt, road oil, still gas, and miscellaneous products.

# Petroleum Products Supplied: See Petroleum Consumption.

**Petroleum Stocks, Primary:** For individual products, quantities that are held at refineries, in pipelines, and at bulk terminals that have a capacity of 50,000 barrels or more, or that are in transit thereto. Stocks held by product retailers and resellers, as well as tertiary stocks held at the point of consumption, are excluded. Stocks of individual products held at gas processing plants are excluded from individual product estimates but are included in other oils estimates and total.

Photovoltaic and Solar Thermal Energy (as used at electric utilities): Energy radiated by the sun as electromagnetic waves (electromagnetic radiation) that is converted at electric utilities into electricity by means of solar (photovoltaic) cells or concentrating (focusing) collectors.

Primary Consumption: See Energy Consumption, End-Use.

**Propane:** A normally gaseous straight-chain hydrocarbon ( $C_3H_8$ ). It is a colorless paraffinic gas that boils at a temperature of -43.67° F. It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams. It includes all products designated in ASTM Specification D1835 and Gas Processors Association Specifications for commercial propane and HD-5 propane.

**Propylene:** An olefinic hydrocarbon  $(C_3H_6)$  recovered from refinery or petrochemical processes.

**Refiner Acquisition Cost of Crude Oil:** The cost of crude oil to the refiner, including transportation and fees. The composite cost is the weighted average of domestic and imported crude oil costs.

**Refinery (petroleum):** An installation that manufactures finished petroleum products from crude oil, unfinished oils, natural gas liquids, other hydrocarbons, and alcohol.

**Renewable Energy:** Energy obtained from sources that are essentially inexhaustible (unlike, for example, the fossil fuels, of which there is a finite supply).

Renewable sources of energy include wood, waste, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.

**Reservoir Repressuring:** The injection of a pressurized fluid (such as air, gas, or water) into oil and gas reservoir formations to effect greater ultimate recovery.

**Residential Sector:** The residential sector is considered to consist of all private residences, whether occupied or vacant, owned or rented, including single-family homes, multifamily housing units, and mobile homes. Secondary homes, such as summer homes, are also included. Institutional housing, such as school dormitories, hospitals, and military barracks, generally are not included in the residential sector; they are included in the commercial sector. The SIC code used to classify an establishment as residential is 88 (Household).

**Residual Fuel Oil:** The heavier oils that remain after the distillate fuel oils and lighter hydrocarbons are distilled away in refinery operations and that conform to ASTM Specifications D396 and 975. Included are No. 5, a residual fuel oil of medium viscosity; Navy Special, for use in steam-powered vessels in government service and in shore power plants; and No. 6, which includes Bunker C fuel oil and is used for commercial and industrial heating, electricity generation, and to power ships. Imports of residual fuel oil include imported crude oil burned as fuel.

**Road Oil:** Any heavy petroleum oil, including residual asphaltic oil used as a dust palliative and surface treatment on roads and highways. It is generally produced in six grades, from 0, the most liquid, to 5, the most viscous.

Rotary Rig: A machine used for drilling wells that employs a rotating tube attached to a bit for boring holes through rock.

Short Ton (coal): A unit of weight equal to 2,000 pounds.

#### SIC: See Standard Industrial Classification.

Solar Energy: The radiant energy of the sun, which can be converted into other forms of energy, such as heat or electricity.

Standard Industrial Classification (SIC): A set of codes developed by the Office of Management and Budget which categorizes industries into groups with similar economic activities.

Startup Test Phase of Nuclear Power Plant: A nuclear power plant that has been licensed by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission to operate but is still in the initial testing phase, during which the production of electricity may not be continuous. In general, when the electric utility is satisfied with the plant's performance, it formally accepts the plant from the manufacturer and places it in commercial operation status. A request is then submitted to the appropriate utility rate commission to include the power plant in the rate base calculation.

Steam-Electric Power Plant: A plant in which the prime mover is a steam turbine. The steam used to drive the turbine is produced in a boiler where fossil fuels are burned.

Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR): Petroleum stocks maintained by the Federal Government for use during periods of major supply interruption.

Subbituminous Coal: A dull, black coal of rank intermediate between lignite and bituminous coal. It conforms to ASTM Specification D388-84 for subbituminous coal.

Supplemental Gaseous Fuels: Any gaseous substance that, introduced into or commingled with natural gas, increases the volume available for disposition. Such substances include, but are not limited to, propane-air, refinery gas, coke oven gas, still gas, manufactured gas, biomass gas, or air or inert gases added for Btu stabilization.

Synthetic Natural Gas (SNG): A manufactured product chemically similar in most respects to natural gas, resulting from the conversion or reforming of petroleum hydrocarbons. It may easily be substituted for or interchanged with pipeline quality natural gas. Also referred to as substitute natural gas.

# Total Consumption: See Energy Consumption, End-Use.

**Transportation Sector:** Private and public vehicles that move people and commodities. Included are automobiles, trucks, buses, motorcycles, railroads and railways (including streetcars), aircraft, ships, barges, and natural gas pipelines. The SIC codes used to classify establishments as belonging to the transportation sector are 40 through 49.

Unaccounted-for Crude Oil: Arithmetic difference between the calculated supply and the calculated disposition of crude oil. The calculated supply is the sum of crude oil production phase imports, less changes in crude oil stocks. The calculated disposition of crude oil is the sum of crude oil input to refineries, crude oil exports, crude oil burned as fuel, and crude oil losses.

**Underground Storage:** The storage of natural gas in underground reservoirs at a different location from which it was produced.

United States: Unless otherwise noted, "United States" in this publication means the 50 States and the District of Columbia. U.S., exports include shipments

to U.S. territories, and imports include receipts from U.S. territories.

U.S.S.R.: The Union of Soviet Socialist Republics consisted of 15 constituent republics: Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belorussia, Estonia, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kirghizia, Latvia, Lithuania, Moldavia, Russia, Tadzhikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, and Uzbekistan. As a political entity, the U.S.S.R. ceased to exist as of December 31, 1991.

Vented Natural Gas: Gas released into the air on the base site or at processing plants.

Wellhead Price: The value of crude oil or natural gas at the mouth of the well.

Well Servicing Unit: Truck-mounted equipment generally used for downhole services after a well is drilled. Services include well completions and recompletions, maintenance, repairs, workovers, and well plugging and abandonments. Jobs range from minor operations, such as pulling the rods and rod pumps out of an oil well, replacing the pump and rerunning the assemblage into the well, to major workovers, such as milling out and repairing collapsed casing. Well depth and characteristics determine the type of equipment used.

Wind Energy (as used at electric utilities): The kinetic energy of wind converted at electric utilities into mechanical energy by wind turbines (i.e., blades rotating from a hub) that drive generators to produce electricity for distribution.

Wood and Waste (as used at electric utilities): Wood energy, garbage, bagasse, sewerage gas, and other industrial, agricultural, and urban refuse used to generate electricity for distribution.

Wood Energy: Wood and wood products used as fuel, including round wood (cord wood), limb wood, wood chips, bark, sawdust, forest residues, charcoal, pulp waste, and spent pulping liquor.

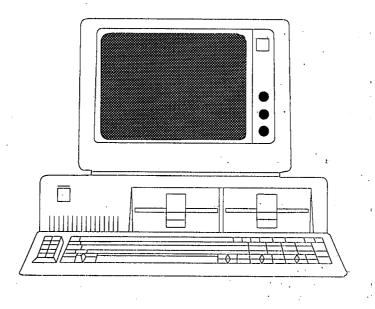
Working Gas: The gas in a reservoir that is in addition to the base (cushion) gas. It may or may not be completely withdrawn during any particular withdrawal season. Conditions permitting, the total working capacity could be used more than once during any given season.

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# Monthly Energy Review

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