# Monthly Energy Review

July 1992

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# **Monthly Energy Review**

**July 1992** 

Energy Information Administration
Office of Energy Markets and End Use
U.S. Department of Energy
Washington, DC 20585

#### **Contacts**

The Monthly Energy Review is prepared by the Energy Information Administration. General information may be obtained from W. Calvin Kilgore, Director, Office of Energy Markets and End Use, 202-586-1617; Lynda T. Carlson, Director, Energy End Use and Integrated Statistics Division, 202-586-1112; and Katherine E. Seiferlein, Chief, Integrated Statistics Branch, 202-586-5692. Questions and comments concerning the contents of the Monthly Energy Review may be directed to the Principal Analyst, Chuck Allen, 202-586-5692, or to Diane D. Perritt, 202-586-2788, Carol Swiggins, 202-586-5743, or the following subject specialists:

Special Features	Barbara T. Fichman	202-586-5737
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### **Special Features**

The following is a complete list of all the special features that have appeared in the *Monthly Energy Review (MER)* since the first issue was published in October 1974. There are four categories of special features on the list. "Feature Articles" cover a wide range of energy-related subjects in depth. "Highlights" summarize the most important information presented in the subject Energy Information Administration (EIA) report. "Energy Previews" belong to a new category of special feature in the *MER*; the first one was published in the April 1992 issue. "Energy Previews" provide brief overviews of EIA preliminary energy data on a given topic. "EIA Data News" items belong to a second new category, which first appeared in the May 1992 *MER*. "EIA Data News" items present information on changes in the scope, methodology, and other aspects of EIA's energy surveys and data bases. Questions and comments about special features may be directed to Barbara T. Fichman on 202-586-5737.

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Feature Article: Energy Consumption	March 1975
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Feature Article: U.S. Coal Resources and Reserves	July 1975
Feature Article: Propane—A National Energy Resource	September 1975 October 1975
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Feature Article: Curtailments of Natural Gas Service	March 1976
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Feature Article: Short-Term Petroleum Supply and Demand	May 1978
Feature Article: The Energy Requirements of U.S. Agriculture	July 1979
Feature Article: Three Mile Island-Possible Regulatory Responses and Their Impacts on the	•
Nation's Short-Term Electric Utility Fuel Outlook	October 1979
Feature Article: Reduction in Natural Gas Requirements Due to Fuel Switching	December 1979
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Energy Preview: Residential Energy Consumption and Expenditures Preliminary
Estimates, 1990
EIA Data News: Oxygenate Data Collection Begins
Highlights: Lighting in Commercial BuildingsJune 1992

# Section 1. Energy Summary

The United States produced 2.4 percent less energy during the first four months of 1992 than during the same period in 1991, and U.S. consumption was up 1.5 percent. Net imports of all energy were 8.3 percent higher than during the first 4 months of 1991.

Energy production during April 1992 totaled 5.4 quadrillion Btu, a 1.1-percent decrease compared with the level of production during April 1991. Petroleum production decreased 2.2 percent, natural gas production rose 1.4 percent, and coal production increased 0.5 percent. All other forms of energy production combined were down 7.9 percent from the level of production during April 1991.

Energy consumption during April 1992 totaled 6.6 quadrillion Btu, 4.3 percent above the level of consumption during April 1991. Natural gas consumption increased 8.1 percent, coal consumption rose 6.6 percent, and petroleum consumption was up 3.9 percent. Consumption of all other forms of energy combined decreased 7.0 percent compared with the level 1 year earlier.

Net imports of energy during April 1992 totaled 1.2 quadrillion Btu, 5.8 percent above the level of net imports 1 year earlier. Net imports of petroleum increased 6.8 percent, and net imports of natural gas were up 18.2 percent. Net exports of coal rose 24.7 percent compared with the level in April 1991.

Table 1.1 Energy Summary for April 1992 (Quadrillion Btu)

		April			Cumulative January Through April				
:	1992	1991	Percent Change <sup>a</sup>	1992	1992 Daily Rate	1991	1991 Daily Rate	Percent Change <sup>a</sup>	
Production <sup>b</sup>	5.395	5.458	-1.1	22,287	0.184	22.635	0.189	-2.4	
Coal	1.732	1.724	.5	7,083	.059	7.239	.060	-3.0	
Natural Gas (Dry)	1.530	1.509	1.4	6.246	052	6.221	.052	4	
Petroleum <sup>c</sup>	1.463	1.497	-2.2	5.928	.049	6.016	.050	-2.3	
Other <sup>d</sup>	.670	.728	-7.9	3.030	.025	3.159	.026	-4.9	
Consumption <sup>b</sup>	6.613	6.342	4.3	28.433	.235	27.770	.231	1.5	
Coal	1.449	1.359	6.6	6.134	.051	5.999	.050	1.4	
Natural Gase	1.764	1.632	8.1	8.205	.068	7.973	.066	2.1	
Petroleum	2.709	2.607	3.9	10.985	.091	10.595	.088	2.8	
Other <sup>f</sup>	.692	.744	-7.0	3.110	.026	3.203	.027	-3.7	
Net Imports	1,223	1.156	5.8	4,415	.036	4.045	.034	8.3	
Coal9	220	176	24.7	850	007	737	006	14.4	
Natural Gas	.164	.139	18.2	.628	.005	.548	.005	13.6	
Petroleumh	1.257	1.177	6.8	4.558	.038	4.190	.035	7.9	
Other <sup>i</sup>	.021	.016	31.9	.080	.001	.044	.000	80.8	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Based on daily rates prior to rounding.

c Includes crude oil, lease condensate, and natural gas plant liquids.

e includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

h Includes crude oil, lease condensate, petroleum products, pentanes plus, unfinished oils, gasoline blending components, and imports of crude oil for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

Other" is net imports of electricity and coal coke.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Tables 1.3, 1.4, and 1.5.

b Production and consumption totals exclude wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy, except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution.

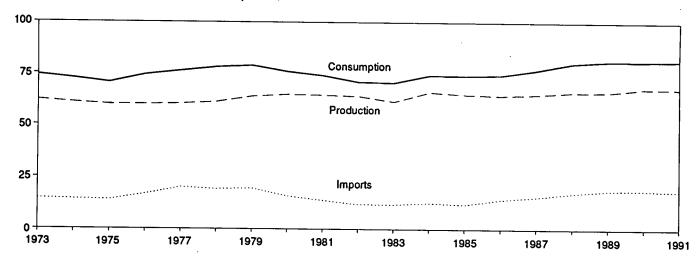
d "Other" is hydroelectric and nuclear electric power, and electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.

t "Other" is hydroelectric and nuclear electric power; electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy; and net imports of electricity and coal coke.

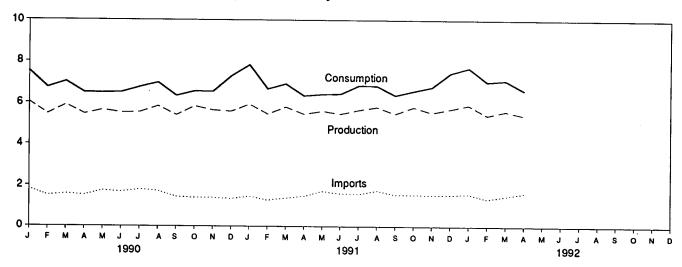
9 Minus sign indicates exports are greater than imports.

Figure 1.1 Energy Overview

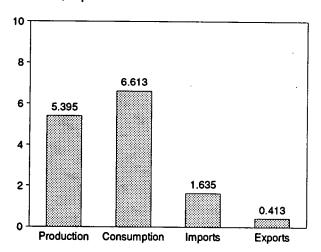
Consumption, Production, and Imports, 1973-1991



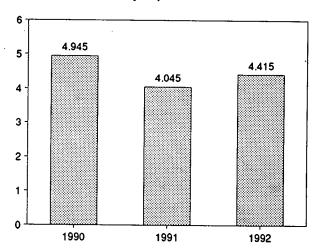
#### Consumption, Production, and Imports, Monthly



#### Overview, April 1992



Net Imports, January-April



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 1.2.

**Table 1.2 Energy Overview** 

	Production <sup>a</sup>	Consumption <sup>a,b</sup>	Imports	Exports	Net Imports
	62.060	74.282	14.731	2.051	12.680
73 Total	60.835	72.543	14.413	2.223	12.190
74 Total	59.860	72.545	14.111	2.359	11,752
75 Total		74.362	16.837	2.188	14.648
76 Total	59.892	74.302 76.288	20.090	2.071	18.019
77 Total	60.219	78.089	19.254	1.931	17.323
78 Total	61.103		19.616	2.870	16.746
79 Total	63.801	78.898		3.723	12.247
80 Total	64.761	75.955	15.971	4.329	9.646
81 Total	64.421	73.990	13.975		7.460
82 Total	63.962	70.848	12.092	4.633	
83 Total	61.279	70.524	12.027	3.717	8.310
84 Total	65.962	74.144	12.767	3.804	8.963
85 Total	64.871	73.981	12.103	4.231	7.872
086 Total	64.350	74.297	14.438	4.055	10.382
987 Total	64.952	76.895	15.764	3.853	11.911
986 Total	66.105	80.218	17.564	4.415	13.149
089 Total	66.129	81.326	18.947	4.765	14.181
990 January	6.035	7.533	1.829	.361	1.468
February	5.462	6.741	1.512	.330	1.182
March	5.895	7.025	1.587	.428	1.159
April	5.460	6.497	1.524	.387	1.136
Mav	5.651	6.491	1.747	.412	1.335
June	5.519	6.505	1.679	.412	1.267
July	5.539	6.761	1,798	.386	1.412
August	5.833	6.976	1.716	.438	1.277
September	5.405	6.338	1.448	.441	1.007
October	5.830	6.559	1.397	.418	.979
November	5.639	6.546	1.396	.460	.936
	5.585	7.289	1.355	.437	.918
Total	67.853	81.262	18.987	4.910	14.077
991 January	5.923	R 7.834	1.474	.401	1.073
February	5.461	R 6.676	1,288	.462	.826
March	5.794	6.919	1.387	.397	.990
April	5.458	6.342	1.479	.324	1.156
	5.603	6.417	1.718	.486	1.231
May	5.468	6.439	1,609	.424	1.185
June	5.656	R 6.843	1.584	.456	1.129
July	5.794	6.823	1,751	.444	1.307
August	5.794 5.479	R 6.373	1.556	.430	1.126
September	5.479 R 5.795	6,582	1.558	.427	1.131
October	5.535	8 6.774	1,540	.458	1.082
November		7.441	1.552	.485	1.067
Total	5.708 R <b>67.675</b>	R 81.464	18.497	5.194	13.303
	R 5.889	<sup>R</sup> 7.698	1.589	.456	1.133
992 January	R 5.402	<sup>R</sup> 7.025	1.357	.370	.988
February	R 5.601	R 7.025	1.490	.418	1.072
March			1.635	.413	1.223
April	5.395	6.613		1.656	4,415
4-Month Total	22.287	28.433	6.071	1.030	
991 4-Month Total	22.635	27.770	5.628	1.583	4.045
1990 4-Month Total	22.852	27.796	6.451	1.506	4.945

a Excludes wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy, except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for

distribution.

The sum of domestic energy production and net imports of energy does not equal domestic energy consumption. The difference is attributed to stock

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The sum of domestic energy production and net imports of energy does not equal domestic energy consumption. changes; losses and gains in conversion, transportation, and distribution; the addition of blending compounds; shipments of anthracite to U.S. Armed Forces in Europe; and adjustments to account for discrepancies between reporting systems.

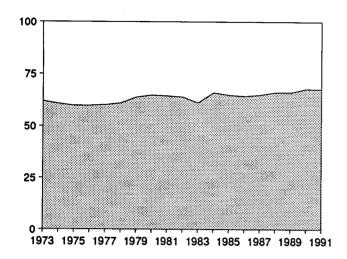
R=Revised data.

Notes: • For definitions, see Notes 1 through 4 at end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

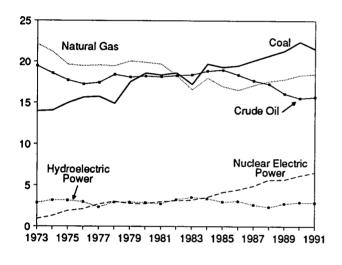
Sources: • Production: Table 1.3. • Consumption: Table 1.4. • Imports and Exports: Tables 3.1b, 4.2, 6.1, A3-A9, and Section 2, "Energy Consumption Notes and Sources," Notes 8 and 9. • Net Imports: Table 1.5.

Figure 1.2 Energy Production

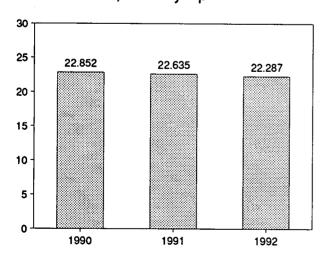
#### Total Production, 1973-1991



#### Production by Major Sources, 1973-1991

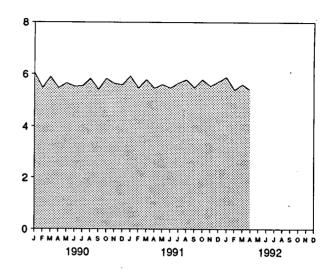


#### Total Production, January-April

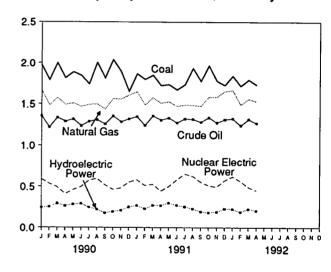


Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 1.3.

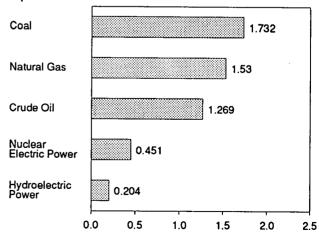
#### Total Production, Monthly



#### Production by Major Sources, Monthly



#### Production by Major Sources, April 1992



**Table 1.3 Energy Production by Source** 

	Coal	Natural Gas (Dry)	Crude Oil <sup>a</sup>	Natural Gas Plant Liquids	Nuclear Electric Power	Hydro- electric Power <sup>b</sup>	Other <sup>c</sup>	Total <sup>d</sup>
77 Total	13,993	22.187	19.493	2.569	0.910	2.861	0.046	62.060
73 Total	14.074	21.210	18.575	2.471	1.272	3.177	.056	60.835
74 Total			17.729	2.374	1.900	3.155	.072	59.860
75 Total	14.990	19.640		2.327	2.111	2.976	.081	59.892
76 Total	15.654	19.480	17.262			2.333	.082	60.219
777 Total	15.755	19.565	17.454	2.327	2.702		.068	61.103
78 Total	14.910	19.485	18.434	2.245	3.024	2.937		
79 Total	17.539	20.076	18.104	2.286	2.776	2.931	.089	63.801
80 Total	18.597	19.908	18.249	2.254	2.739	2.900	.114	64.761
81 Total	18.376	19.699	18.146	2.307	3.008	2.758	.127	64.421
82 Total	18.639	18.319	18.309	2.191	3.131	3.266	.108	63.962
83 Total	17.246	16.593	18.392	2.184	3.203	3.527	.133	61.279
	19.719	18.008	18.848	2.274	3.553	3.386	.174	65.962
84 Total	19.325	16.980	18.992	2.241	4.149	2.970	.213	64.871
85 Total				2.149	4.471	3.071	.232	64.350
986 Total	19.510	16.541	18.376		••••	2.635	.245	64.952
987 Total	20.142	17.136	17.675	2.215	4.906			66.105
88 Total	20.737	17.599	17.279	2.260	5.661	2.334	.235	
89 Total	21.345	17.847	16.117	2.158	5.677	2.767	.217	66.129
90 January	1.976	1.668	1.357	.183	.589	.245	.018	6.035
February	1.790	1.485	1.218	.168	.534	.252	.016	5.462
March	1.999	1,575	1.337	.181	.492	.293	.018	5.895
April	1.815	1,494	1.289	.171	.411	.265	.014	5.460
	1.888	1.509	1,318	.178	.459	.282	.017	5.651
May		1.468	1.236	.167	.495	.290	.017	5.519
June	1.846			.176	.573	.247	.017	5.539
July	1.741	1.494	1.290			.220	.017	5.833
August	2.004	1.499	1.310	.187	.595		.017	5.405
September	1.814	1.439	1.257	.183	.518	.178		
October	2.039	1.563	1.356	.198	.463	.194	.017	5.830
November	1.893	1.560	1.285	.194	.481	.209	.016	5.639
December	1.651	1.606	1.319	.190	.551	.250	.017	5.585
Total	22.456	18.362	15.571	2.175	6.161	2.926	.202	67.853
91 January	1.867	1.647	1.348	.194	.581	.268	.017	5.923
February	1.797	1.488	1.240	.181	.511	.229	.014	5.461
March	1.850	1.577	1.357	.199	.525	.270	.016	5.794
	1.724	1.509	1.306	.190	.445	.269	.015	5.458
April	1.736	1.527	1,332	.196	.499	.298	.015	5.603
May			1,274	.186	.579	.270	.016	5.468
June	1.671	1.472			.649	.254	.016	5.656
July	1.735	1.490	1.321	.191			.016	5.794
August	1.934	1.485	1.315	.192	.624	.227		
September	1.775	1.475	1.282	.185	.554	.193	.015	5.479 B 5.705
October	1.966	<sup>R</sup> 1.585	1.337	.199	.509	.183	.016	R 5.795
November	1.779	1.585	1.275	.194	.494	.191	.017	5.535
December	1.727	1.652	1.312	.199	.572	.228	.017	5.708
Total	21.563	R 18.491	15.701	2.306	6.542	2.880	.192	R 67.675
92 January	1.841	R 1.664	1.324	.199	.618	.226	.017	R 5.889
February	1.717	R 1.491	1.240	.187	.564	.188	.015	R 5.402
March	1.793	R 1.561	1.315	.200	.490	.226	.017	R 5.601
	1.732	1.530	1.269	.195	.451	.204	.015	5.395
April 4-Month Total	7.083	6.246	5.148	.780	2.123	.843	.064	22.287
		0.004	F 050	764	2.061	1.026	.063	22.635
991 4-Month Total 990 4-Month Total	7.239 7.580	6.221 6.222	5.252 5.200	.764 .703	2.061 2.026	1.036 1.055	.063	22.852

a Includes lease condensate.

Electric utility and industrial production of hydroelectric power.

"Other" production is electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.

Excludes wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy, except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for

R=Revised data.

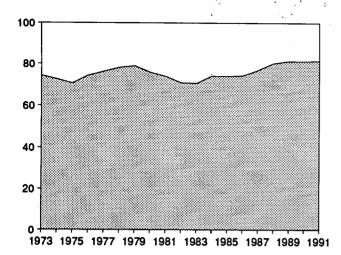
Notes: • See Note 1 at end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: • Coal: Tables 6.1 and A6-A8. • Natural Gas (Dry): Tables 4.1 and A5. • Crude Oil and Natural Gas Plant Liquids: Tables 3.1a and A3.

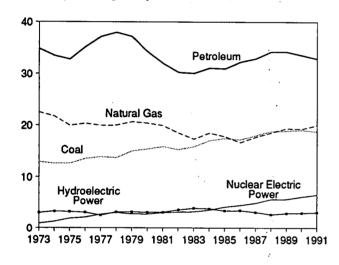
<sup>•</sup> Nuclear Electric Power: Tables 7.1 and A9. • Hydroelectric Power: Table 7.1; Section 2, "Energy Consumption Notes and Sources," Note 7; and Table A9. • Other: Section 2, "Energy Consumption Notes and Sources," Note 8, and Table A9.

Figure 1.3 Energy Consumption

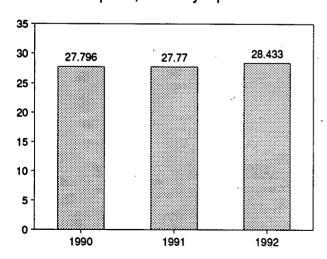
#### Total Consumption, 1973-1991



#### Consumption by Major Sources, 1973-1991

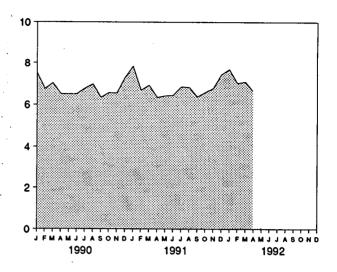


Total Consumption, January-April

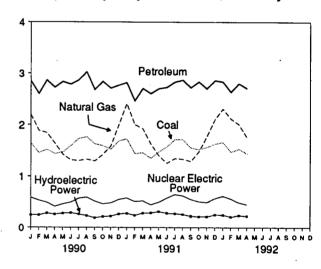


Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 1.4.

Total Consumption, Monthly



Consumption by Major Sources, Monthly



Consumption by Major Sources, April 1992

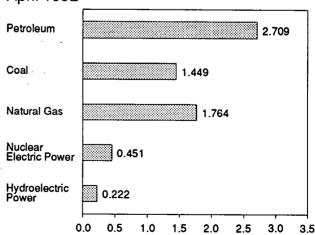


Table 1.4 Energy Consumption by Source

	Coal	Natural Gas <sup>a</sup>	Petroleum	Nuclear Electric Power	Hydro- electric Power <sup>b</sup>	Other <sup>c</sup>	Totald
73 Total	12.971	22.512	34.840	0.910	3.010	0.039	74.282
74 Total	12.663	21.732	33.455	1,272	3,309	.112	72.543
	12.663	19.948	32.731	1.900	3.219	.086	70.546
75 Total	13.584	20.345	35.175	2.111	3.066	.081	74.362
76 Total		19.931	37.122	2.702	2.515	.097	76.288
77 Total	13.922		37.965	3.024	3.141	,193	78.089
78 Total	13.765	20.000		2.776	3.141	.152	78.898
79 Total	15.039	20.666	37.123	2.779	3.118	.079	75.955
80 Total	15.423	20.394	34.202		3.115	.111	73.990
81 Total	15.907	19.928	31.931	3.008		.086	70.848
82 Total	15.322	18.505	30.231	3,131	3.572		
83 Total	15.894	17.357	30.054	3.203	3.899	.118	70.524
84 Total	17.071	18.507	31.051	3.553	3.800	.163	74.144
85 Total	17.478	17.834	30.922	4.149	3.398	.199	73.981
86 Total	17.261	16.708	32.196	4.471	3.446	.215	74.297
987 Total	18.008	17.745	32.865	4.906	3.117	.253	76.895
	18.846	18.552	34.222	5.661	2.662	.274	80.218
988 Total	18.925	19.384	34.211	5.677	2.881	.248	81.326
989 Total	10.925	19.304	34.211	0.077	2.00		
990 January	1.646	2.194	2.846	.589	.242	.018	7.533
February	1.460	1.888	2,602	.534	.241	.016	6.741
	1.523	1.847	2.866	.492	.278	.019	7.025
March	1.445	1.645	2.724	.411	.258	.014	6.497
April	1.472	1.430	2.837	.459	.276	.017	6.491
May				.495	.285	.018	6.505
June	1.599	1.323		.573	.259	.021	6.761
July	1.734	1.309	2.866		.230	.017	6.976
August	1.769	1.337	3.028	.595		.017	6.338
September	1.634	1.302	2.680	.518	.187		6.559
October	1.599	1.429	2.841	.463	.210	.018	
November	1.530	1.591	2.710	.481	.219	.015	6.546
December	1.691	1.999	2.767	.551	.263	.018	7.289
Total	19.101	19.294	33.553	6.161	2.946	.207	81.262
	4 700	- R 2.409	2.819	.581	.277	.018	<sup>R</sup> 7.834
991 January	1.730		2.463	.511	.235	.015	R 6.676
February	1.445	R 2.006		.525	.280	.018	6.919
March	1.465	1.925	2.706	.525 .445	.284	.016	6.342
April	1.359	1.632	2.607		.204	.016	6.417
May	1.481	1.407	2.702	.499	.311	.015	6.439
June	1.579	1.262	2.726	.579		.019	R 6.843
July	1.719	R 1.353	2.832	.649	.271		6.823
August	1.719	_ 1.341	2.868	.624	.256	.014	8 6.373
September	1.560	<sup>R</sup> 1.298	2.721	.554	.221	.019	
October	1.525	_ 1.486	2.837	.509	.211	.015	6.582
November	1.572	R 1.777	2.702	.494	.211	.018	R 6.774
December	1.637	2.104	2.862	.572	.248	.017	7.441
Total	18.791	R 20.002	32.845	6.542	3.082	.201	R 81.464
300 lanuaru	1.668	R 2.309	2.836	.618	.246	.021	R 7.698
992 January		R 2.121	2.638	.564	.206	.018	R 7.025
February	1.479			.490	.237	.020	R 7.096
March	1.537	R 2.010	2.802		.237	.018	6.613
April	1.449	1.764	2.709	.451			28.433
4-Month Total	6.134	8.205	10.985	2.123	.910	.077	20,433
991 4-Month Total	5.999	7.973	10.595	2.061	1.075	.067	27.770
990 4-Month Total	6.074	7.574	11.038	2.026	1.019	.067	27.796

a Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

Electric utility and industrial production and net imports of electricity.

c "Other" consumption is net imports of coal coke and electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal

energy.

d Excludes wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy, except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution.

R=Revised data.

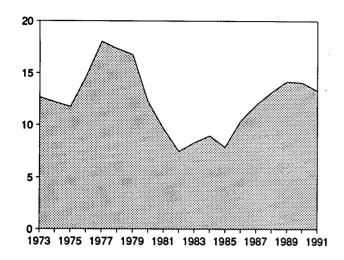
Notes: • See Note 2 at end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: • Coal: Tables 6.1 and A6-A8. • Natural Gas: Tables 4.2 and A5. • Petroleum: Tables 3.1a and A4. • Nuclear Electric Power: Tables 7.1 and A9. • Hydroelectric Power: Table 7.1; Section 2, "Energy Consumption Notes and Sources," Note 8; and Table A9. • Other: Section 2, "Energy Consumption Notes and Sources," Note 8; and Table A9. • Other: Section 2, "Energy Consumption Notes and Sources," Note 7, and Table A9.

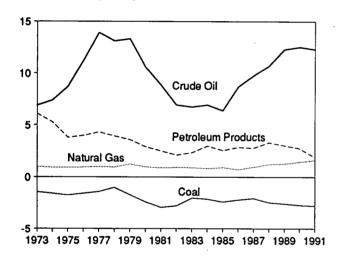
Figure 1.4 Energy Net Imports

(Quadrillion Btu, Except as Noted)

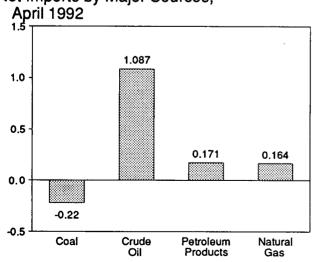
#### Total Net Imports, 1973-1991



#### Net Imports by Major Sources, 1973-1991

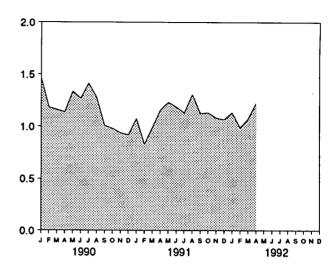


## Net Imports by Major Sources,

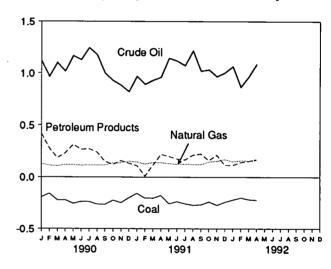


Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Tables 1.4 and 1.5.

#### Net Imports, Monthly



#### Net Imports by Major Sources, Monthly



#### Net Imports as Share of Consumption, January-April

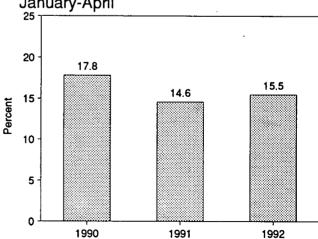


Table 1.5 Energy Net Imports by Source

	Coal	Natural Gas	Crude Oil <sup>a</sup>	Petroleum Products <sup>b</sup>	Electricity <sup>c</sup>	Coal Coke	Total
	COAI	l Gas					
70 T-4-1	-1.422	0.981	6.883	6.097	0.148	-0.007	12.680
73 Total	-1.568	.907	7.389	5.273	.133	.056	12.190
74 Total	-1.738	.904	8.708	3.800	.064	.014	11.752
75 Total		.922	11.221	3.982	.089	(s)	14.648
76 Total	-1.567		13.921	4.321	.182	.015	18.019
77 Total	-1.401	.981		3.932	.204	.125	17.323
78 Total	-1.004	.941	13.125	3.603	.211	.063	16,746
79 Total	-1.702	1.243	13.328		.217	035	12.247
80 Total	-2.391	.957	10.586	2.912	.347	016	9.646
81 Total	-2.918	.857	8.854	2.522		022	7.460
82 Total	-2.768	.898	6.917	2.128	.306		8.310
83 Total	-2.013	.885	6.731	2.351	.372	016	
84 Total	-2.119	.792	6.918	2.970	.414	011	8.963
85 Total	-2.389	.896	6.381	2.570	.428	013	7.872
86 Total	-2.193	.686	8.676	2.855	.375	017	10.382
87 Total	-2.049	.937	9.748	2.784	.483	.009	11.911
88 Total	-2.446	1,221	10.698	3.308	.328	.040	13.149
89 Total	-2.566	1.278	12.296	3.029	.113	.030	14.181
90 January	191	.127	1.119	.415	003	(s)	1.468
	157	.111	.963	.276	-,011	(s)	1.182
February	220	.106	1,101	.186	015	.001	1.159
March	220	.118	1.015	.231	007	001	1,136
April		.118	1.167	.310	006	(s)	1,335
May	254		1.128	.266	005	.001	1.267
June	235	.112	1.245	.272	.011	.003	1,412
July	236	.116		.239	.010	001	1.277
August	261	.114	1.175	.150	.009	.001	1.007
September	263	.114	.996		.015	.001	.979
October	222	.138	.925	.123	.010	001	.936
November	246	.136	.881	.157			.918
December	198	.151	.819	.133	.013	.001	
Total	-2.705	1.464	12.536	2.757	.020	.005	14.077
991 January	156	.145	.967	.108	E 008	.001	1.073
February	202	.125	.889	.008	.000	.001	.826
March	203	.140	.928	.113	E.011	.002	.990
April	176	.139	.958	.219	E.015	.001	1.156
May	256	.131	1.144	.199	E.014	.001	1.231
June	236	.122	1.117	.176	E.008	001	1.185
July	256	.125	1.073	.166	E.017	.003	1.129
August	270	.122	1,215	.212	€.029	002	1.307
	267	.120	1,018	.223	E.028	.004	1.126
September	237	.147	1.031	.162	E.028	001	1.131
October	237 270	.154	.965	.213	E.019	.001	1.082
November	270 240	.171	1.002	.114	E .020	(s)	1.067
Total	240 <b>-2</b> .769	1.641	12.308	1.912	E .202	.009	13.303
		450	1.064	.114	€ .020	.004	1.133
992 January	218	.150		.114	E .018	.003	.988
February	198	.159	.864		E.011	.003	1.072
March	215	.156	.962	.154	E.018	.003	1.22
April	220	.164	1.087	.171			4.41
4-Month Total	850	.628	3.977	.581	<sup>E</sup> .067	.013	4,418
991 4-Month Total	737	.548	3.743	.447	E.040	.004	4.04
990 4-Month Total	789	.463	4.199	1.108	037	(s)	4.94

a Crude oil, lease condensate, and imports of crude oil for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

Petroleum products, unfinished oils, pentanes plus, and gasoline blending components.

Assumed to be hydroelectricity and estimated at the average input heat rate for fossil-fuel steam-electric power plant generation, which has ranged from 10.2 Assumed to be hydroelectricity and estimated at the average input heat rate for fossil-fuel steam-electric power plant generation, which has ranged from 10.2 Assumed to be hydroelectricity and estimated at the average input heat rate for fossil-fuel steam-electric power plant generation, which has ranged from 10.2 Particles and the product of t thousand Btu to 10.5 thousand Btu per kilowatthour since 1973. Actual heat rates applied in converting kilowatthours to Btu are listed by year in Table A9.

Notes: • See Notes 3 and 4 at end of section. • Net imports equals imports minus exports. Minus sign indicates exports are greater than imports.
• Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: • Coal: Tables 6.1 and A6-A8. • Natural Gas: Tables 4.2 and A5. • Crude Oil and Petroleum Products: Tables 3.1b and A3.

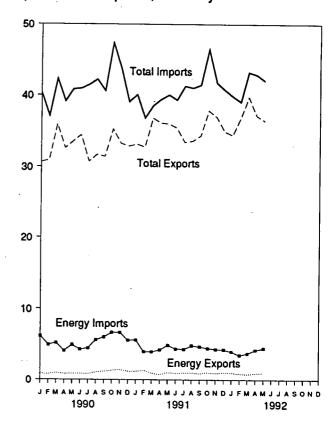
<sup>•</sup> Electricity: Section 2, "Energy Consumption Notes and Sources," Note 8, and Table A9. • Coal Coke: Section 2, "Energy Consumption Notes and Sources," Note 9, and Table A8.

Figure 1.5 Merchandise Trade Value (Billion Dollars)

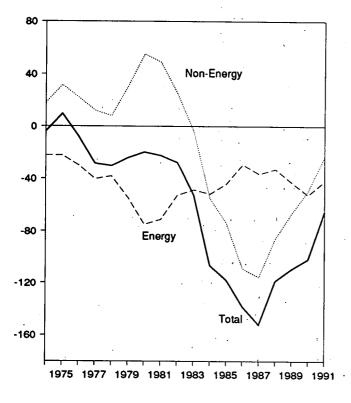
Imports and Exports, 1974-1991

# 500 - Total Imports 300 - Total Exports 100 Energy Exports 0 1975 1977 1979 1981 1983 1985 1987 1989 1991

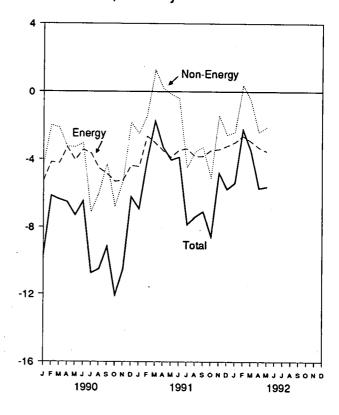
Imports and Exports, Monthly



Trade Balance, 1974-1991



Trade Balance, Monthly



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 1.6.

Table 1.6 Merchandise Trade Value

(Million Dollars)

		Petroleun	n		Energy		Non-	To	tal Merchand	se
	Exports	Imports	Balance	Exports	Imports	Balance	Energy Balance	Exports	Imports	Balance
974 Total	792	24,668	-23,876	3,444	25,454	-22,010	18,126	99,437	103,321	-3,884
975 Total	907	25,197	-24,289	4,470	26,476	-22,006	31,557	108,856	99,305	9,551
	998	32,226	-31,228	4,226	33,996	-29,770	21,950	116,794	124,614	-7,820
976 Total	1,276	42,368	-41.093	4,184	44,537	-40,354	12,001	123,182	151,534	-28,353
977 Total		39,526	-37,965	3.881	42,096	-38,215	8,010	145,847	176,052	-30,205
978 Total	1,561			5,621	59,998	-54,377	30,455	186,363	210,285	-23,922
979 Total	1,914	56,715	-54,801 -75,803	7,982	82,924	-74,942	55,246	225,566	245,262	-19,696
980 Total	2,833	78,637	•	10,279	81,360	-71,081	48,814	238,715	260,982	-22,267
981 Total	3,696	76,659	-72,963	•	65,409	-52,680	25,170	216,442	243,952	-27,510
982 Total	5,947	60,458	-54,511	12,729		-48,452	-3,957	205,639	258.048	-52,409
983 Total	4,557	53,217	-48,659	9,500	57,952		-55,033	223,976	330,678	-106,703
984 Total	4,470	56,924	-52,454	9,311	60,980	-51,669	-73,765	218,815	336,526	-117,712
985 Total	4,707	50,475	-45,768	9,971	53,917	-43,946			365,438	-138,279
986 Total	3,640	35,142	-31,503	8,115	37,310	-29,195	-109,084	227,159	406,241	-152,119
987 Total	3,922	42,285	-38,363	7,713	44,220	-36,506	-115,613	254,122		
988 Total	3,693	38,787	-35,094	8,235	41,042	-32,807	-85,720	322,426	440,952	-118,526
989 Total	5,021	49,704	-44,683	9,869	52,779	-42,910	-66,490	363,812	473,211	-109,399
1999 January	486	5.923	-5,437	881	6,171	-5,290	-4,349	30,664	40,304	-9,640
1990 January	436	4,704	-4,269	781	4.938	-4,157	-1,993	30,962	37,112	-6,150
February		4,704	-4,253	976	5,205	-4,229	-2,140	35,971	42,339	-6,369
March	514			828	4,101	-3,274	-3,253	32,617	39,144	-6.527
April		3,970	-3,578	872	4,913	-4,041	-3,267	33,539	40,846	-7,308
May	390	4,650	-4,259	866	4,913	-3,420	-3,056	34,470	40,946	-6,476
June		4,062	-3,674			-3,420	-7,114	30.736	41,495	-10,759
July		4,238	-3,853	837	4,482		-5,963	31,723	42,232	-10,509
August		5,380	-4,812	1,055	5,601	-4,546	-4,282	31,444	40,602	-9,157
September		5,797	-5,115	1,175	6,050	-4,875		35,310	47,395	-12,085
October	893	6,331	-5,438	1,332	6,659	-5,327	-6,758 5,000		43,796	-10,529
November		6,371	-5,410	1,426	6,673	-5,247	-5,282	33,267	39,100	6,211
December		5,292	-4,485	1,204	5,581	-4,377	-1,834	32,889		
Total	6,901	61,583	-54,682	12,233	64,661	-52,428	-49,290	393,592	495,311	-101,718
1991 January	881	5,291	-4,410	1,188	5,627	-4,439	-2,492	33,165	40,095	-6,930 -4,056
February	928	3,667	-2,739	1,327	3,958	-2,631	-1,424	32,775	36,830	
March	. 565	3,698	-3,133	951	3,971	-3,020	1,267	36,820	38,573	-1,753
April		3,976	-3,579	748	4,232	-3,484	198	36,137	39,424	-3,287
May		4,646	-4,084	1,031	4,904	-3,873	-159	36,024	40,056	-4,033
June		4,155	-3,649	936	4,387	-3,451	-413	35,480	39,344	-3,864
July		4,092	-3,579	987	4,347	-3,360	-4,493	33,444	41,297	-7,853
August		4,589	-4,094	998	4,824	-3,826	-3,571	33,633	41,030	-7,397
September		4,451	-4,036	884	4,699	-3,815	-3,271	34,391	41,478	-7,087
October		4,182	-3,598	1,031	4,490	-3,459	-5,111	37,897	46,466	-8,570
November		4,059	-3,570	943	4,346	-3,403	-1,406	36,970	41,778	-4,808
December		3.973	-3,353	1,058	4,271	-3,213	-2,549	34,996	40,758	-5,762
Total		50,777	-43,823	12,081	54,056	-41,974	-23,425	421,730	487,129	-65,399
1992 January	. 604	3,654	-3,050	1,001	3,992	-2,991	-2,407	34,469	39,867	-5,398
	·	3,154	-2,703	864	3,490	-2,626	386	36,860	39,099	-2,240
February		3,134	-3,017	817	3,748	-2,931	-537	39,784	43,252	-3,468
March			-3,017 -3,374	924	4,220	-3,297	R-2,409	R 37,173	R 42.878	R-5,70
April		3,890		947	4,468	-3,521	-2,103	36,462	42,086	-5.62
May 5-Month Total		4,178 18,310	-3,657 <b>-15,801</b>	4,552	19,919	-3,321 -15,367	-7,069	184,748	207,183	-22,43
	•	·	-	·	22 602	-17 // 10	-2,610	174,920	194,979	-20,05
1991 5-Month Total	. 3,333	21,277	-17,944 -21,896	5,245 4,338	22,693 25,329	-17,448 -20,991	-2,810 -15,002	163,752	199,745	-35,99

Notes: • Monthly data are not adjusted for seasonal variations. • The U.S. import statistics reflect both government and nongovernment imports of merchandise from foreign countries into the U.S. customs territory, which comprises the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands. See Note 5 at end of section.
 Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: • U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Foreign Trade Division: Petroleum Exports—1974-1987—"U.S. Exports," FT410, December issues. 1988—"Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade 1988 Final Revisions." 1989—"Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade 1989 Revisions." 1990—"U.S. December issues. 1988—"Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade 1988 Final Revisions." 1989—"Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade 1989 Revisions." 1990—"U.S. Merchandise Trade. 1990 Final Report." 1991—"U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1991 Final Report." May 13, 1992. 1992—"U.S. Merchandise Trade, "FT900, monthly. Petroleum Imports—1974-1987—"U.S. Merchandise Trade 1988 Final Revisions." 1989—"Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade 1988 Persisions." 1989—"Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade 1989 Revisions." 1990—"U.S. Merchandise Trade. 1990 Final Report." 1991—"U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1991 Final Report." May 13, 1992. 1992—"U.S. Merchandise Trade, "FT900, monthly. Energy Exports and Imports—1974-1987—U.S. merchandise trade press releases and database printouts for adjustments. 1988—January-July, monthly FT900 supplement, 1989 issues. August-December, monthly FT900, 1989 issues. 1990—"U.S. Merchandise Trade: 1990 Final Report." 1991—"U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1991 Final Report," May 13, 1992—Monthly FT900 issues. Total Merchandise—1974-1987—U.S. merchandise trade press releases and database printouts for adjustments. 1988—"Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade 1988 Revisions." July 10, 1990. "Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade 1988 Revisions." July 10, 1990. "Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade 1988 Revisions." July 10, 1990. 1988—"Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade 1988 Final Revisions," August 18, 1989. 1989—"Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade 1989 Revisions," July 10, 1990. 1990—"U.S. Merchandise Trade: 1990 Final Report," May 10, 1991. 1991—"U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1991 Final Report," May 13, 1992. 1992—Monthly FT900 issues. Petroleum Balance, Energy Balance, and Non-Energy Balance—Calculated by the Energy Information Administration.

**Energy Consumption per Dollar of Gross Domestic Product** Figure 1.6

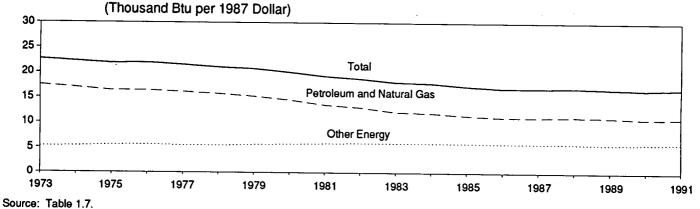


Table 1.7

**Energy Consumption per Dollar of Gross Domestic Product** (Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates)

	En	ergy Consumptic	on .	1 _	Energy Cons	umption per Doll	ar of GDP
	Petroleum and Natural Gas	Other Energy	Total <sup>a</sup>	Gross Domestic Product (GDP)	Petroleum and Natural Gas	Other Energy	Total
		Quadrillion Btu		Trillion 1987 Dollars	Thousar	nd Btu per 1987 D	ollar
973 Year	57.352	16.930	74,282	3.269	17.5		
974 Year	55.187	17.356	72.543	3.248	17.5 17.0	5.2	22.7
975 Year	52.678	17.868	70.546	3.222	17.0	5.3	22.3
976 Year	55.520	18.842	74.362	3.381	16.4	5.5	21.9
977 Year	57.053	19.235	76.288	3.533	16.1	5.6	22.0
78 Year	57.966	20.123	78.089	3.704	15.7	5.4	21.6
79 Year	57.789	21.109	78.898	3.704 3.797	15.7 15.2	5.4	21.1
380 Year	54.596	21.359	75.955	3.797 3.776	15.2	5.6	20.8
81 Year	51.859	22.131	73.990	3.843	13.5	5.7	20.1
82 Year	48.736	22.112	70.848	3.760	13.0	5.8	19.3
83 Year	47.411	23.113	70.524	3.907	12.1	5.9 5.9	18.8
84 Year	49.558	24.586	74.144	4.149	11.9	5.9 5.9	18.1
85 Year	48.756	25.225	73.981	4.280	11.4	5.9 5.9	17.9
986 Year	48.904	25.393	74.297	4.405	11.1	5.9 5.8	17.3
87 Year	50.610	26.285	76.895	4.540	11.1	5.8 5.8	16.9
988 Year	52.775	27.443	80.218	4.719	11.2		16.9
989 Year	53.595	27.731	81.326	4.837	11.1	5.8 5.7	17.0 16.8
990 1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter	52.073	28.426	80.499	4.881	10.7	5.8	16.5
2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter	54.124	28.438	82.562	4.900	11.0	5.8	16.8
3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter	53.492	28.367	81.859	4.903	10.9	5.8	16.7
4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter	51.691	28.438	80.129	4.855	10.6	5.9	16.5
Year	52.847	28.415	81.262	4.885	10.8	5.8	16.6
91 1st Quarter	<sup>R</sup> 52.524	R 28.336	R 80.860	4.824	10.9	5.9	16.8
2nd Quarter	52.392	<sup>R</sup> 28.983	<sup>R</sup> 81.375	4.841	10.8	6.0	16.8
3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter	R 53.088	R 28.712	<sup>R</sup> 81.800	4.863	10.9	5.9	16.8
4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter	<sup>R</sup> 53.369	<sup>R</sup> 28.435	R 81.804	4.868	11.0	5.8	16.8
Year	<sup>R</sup> 52.848	28.616	<sup>R</sup> 81.464	4.849	10.9	5.9	16.8
992 1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter	<sup>R</sup> 53.734	<sup>R</sup> 28.174	<sup>R</sup> 81.908	<sup>R</sup> 4.901	11.0	R 5.7	<sup>R</sup> 16.7

a Excludes wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy, except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution.

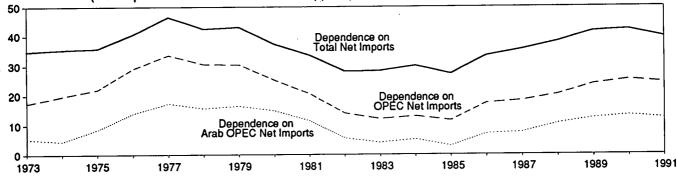
R=Revised data.

Notes: • Quarterly data are seasonally adjusted and shown at annual rates. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Yearly data may not equal average of quarters due to seasonality adjustments and independent rounding.

Sources: • Energy Consumption: Table 1.4. • Gross Domestic Product: 1973-1990-U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Survey of Current Business, November 1991, Table 2. 1991 forward—U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, United States Department of Commerce News, June 25, 1992, Table 2.

**U.S. Dependence on Petroleum Net Imports** Figure 1.7

(Net Imports as Percent of Product Supplied)



Source: Table 1.8.

Table 1.8 U.S. Dependence on Petroleum Net Imports

		Net Imports <sup>a</sup>				ports as Percen eum Products S		
	From Arab OPEC <sup>b</sup>	From OPEC <sup>c</sup>	From All Countries	Petroleum Products Supplied	From Arab OPEC <sup>b</sup>	From OPEC <sup>c</sup>	From All Countries	
Annual Rate		Thousand Ba	rrels per Day		Percent			
1070 Average	914	2,991	6,025	17,308	5.3	17.3	34.8	
973 Average	752	3,277	5,892	16,653	4.5	19.7	35.4	
974 Average	1,382	3,599	5,846	16,322	8.5	22.0	35.8	
975 Average	2,423	5,063	7,090	17,461	13.9	29.0	40.6	
976 Average	3,184	6,190	8,565	18,431	17.3	33.6	46.5	
977 Average	2,962	5,747	8,002	18,847	15.7	30.5	42.5	
978 Average	3,054	5,633	7,985	18,513	16.5	30.4	43.1	
979 Average	3,054 2,549	4,293	6.365	17,056	14.9	25.2	37.3	
980 Average	2,549 1,844	3,315	5,401	16,058	11.5	20.6	33.6	
981 Average	1,044 852	2,136	4,298	15,296	5.6	14.0	28.1	
982 Average	630	1,843	4,312	15,231	4.1	12.1	28.3	
983 Average	817	2,037	4,715	15,726	5.2	13.0	30.0	
984 Average	470	1,821	4,286	15,726	3.0	11.6	27.3	
985 Average	1,160	2,828	5,439	16,281	7.1	17.4	33.4	
986 Average		3,053	5,43 <del>5</del> 5,914	16,665	7.6	18.3	35.5	
987 Average	1,272	3,513	6,587	17,283	10.6	20.3	38.1	
1988 Average 1989 Average	1,837 2,128	4,124	7,202	17,325	12.3	23.8	41.6	
990 1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter	2,420	4,617	7,721	17,072	14.2	27.0	45.2	
2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter	2,245	4,397	7,733	16,952	13.2	25.9	45.6	
3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter	2.514	4,621	7,565	17,223	14.6	26.8	43.9	
4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter	1,795	3,513	5,643	16,708	10.7	21.0	33.8	
Average	2,243	4,285	7,161	16,988	13.2	25.2	42.2	
1991 1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter	1,978	3,727	5,686	16,486	12.0	22.6	34.5	
2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter	2,253	4,301	7,127	16,400	13.7	26.2	43.5	
3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter	2,026	4,252	7,224	17,002	11.9	25.0	42.5	
4th Quarter	1,971	3,974	6,452	16,959	11.6	23.4	38.0	
Average	2,057	4,064	6,626	16,714	12.3	24.3	39.6	
1992 1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter	2,040	3,738	6,164	16,885	12.1	22.1	36.5	

a Net Imports is imports minus exports. Imports from members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) exclude indirect imports, which are petroleum products primarily from Caribbean and West European areas and refined from crude oil produced by OPEC.

The Arab members of OPEC are Alexis from 1/2 and 1/2 and

The Arab members of OPEC are Algeria, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates. Net imports from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia are included in net imports from Arab OPEC.

C OPEC consists of Ecuador, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Nigeria, and Venezuela, as well as the Arab members.

Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserves are included. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Annual averages may not equal average of quarters due to independent rounding.

Sources: • Imports: Tables 3.3a-3.3h. • Exports: 1973-1976—U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Mines, Mineral Industry Surveys. 1977-1980—Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, "Petroleum Statement, Annual." 1981-1989—EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual. 1990 forward—EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly. • Petroleum Products Supplied: Table 3.1a.

Cost of Fuels to End Users in Constant (1982-84) Dollars Figure 1.8

(Dollars per Million Btu) 25 Residential Electricity 20 15 Motor Gasoline 10 Residential Heating Oil 5 Residential Natural Gas 1973 1975 1977 1979 1981 1983

1985

1987

1989

1991

Source: Table 1.9.

Table 1.9 Cost of Fuels to End Users in Constant (1982-84) Dollars

	Motor	Gasoline		dential ling Oil	Residenti Natural Ga		Resid Elect	
	Cents per Gallon	Dollars per Million Btu	Cents per Gallon	Dollars per Million Btu	Cents per Thousand Cubic Feet	Dollars per Million Btu	Cents per Kilowatthour	Dollars per Million Btu
1973 Average	. NA	NA	NA	NA	290.5	2.85	5.6	16.50
1974 Average	NA	NA	NA	NA	290.1	2.83	6.3	18.43
1975 Average	NA	NA	NA	NA	317.8	3.12	6.5	19.07
1976 Average	NA	NA	NA	NA	348.0	3.41	6.5	19.06
1977 Average	NA	NA	NA	NA	387.8	3.81	6.8	19.83
1978 Average	100.0	8.00	75.2	5.42	392.6	3.86	6.6	19.33
1979 Average	121.5	9.71	97.0	6.99	410.5	4.03	6.3	18.57
1980 Average	148.2	11.85	118.2	8.52	446.6	4.36	6.6	19.21
1981 Average	148.8	11.90	131.4	9.47	471.9	4.60	6.8	19.99
1982 Average	132.7	10.61	120.2	8.67	535.8	5.22	7.2	20.96
1983 Average	123.0	9.83	108.2	7.80	608.4	5.90	7.2	21.19
1984 Average	115.3	9.22	105.0	7.57	589.0	5.72	7.2	21.16
1985 Average	111.2	8.89	97.9	7.06	568.8	5.52	7.2	21.25
1986 Average	84.9	6.79	76.3	5.50	531.9	5.17	6.8	19.79
1987 Average	84.2	6.74	70.7	5.10	487.7	4.73	6.5	19.09
1988 Average	81.4	6.51	68.7	4.96	462.4	4.49	6.3	18.58
1989 Average	85.5	6.83	72.6	5.23	454.8	4.41	6.1	17.96
1990 1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter	84.7	6.77	79.5	5.73	434.4	4.22	5.8	17.02
2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter	86.4	6.91	69.7	5.02	469.5	4.56	6.1	17.98
3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter	94.5	7.56	75.2	5.42	531.9	5.16	6.3	18.34
4th Quarter	106.5	8.52	92.1	6.64	435.3	4.23	5.9	17.17
Average	93.1	7.44	81.3	5.86	443.8	4.31	6.0	17.49
1991 1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter	90.0	7.19	81.5	5.88	412.5	4.00	5.6	16.52
2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter	88.1	7.04	68.5	4.94	470.5	4.57	6.0	17.72
3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter	87.3	6.98	64.2	4.63	524.5	5.09	6.1	18.01
4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter	86.1	6.88	69.6	5.02	416.8	4.05	5.8	17.03
Average	87.8	7.02	, <b>74.7</b>	5.39	427.3	4.15	5.9	17.43
1992 1st Quarter	81.1	6.49	67.6	4.87	397.3	3.86	5.6	16.48

NA=Not available.

Notes: • Fuel costs are calculated by using the Urban Consumer Price Index (CPI) developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. See Note 6 at end of section. · Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. · Annual averages may not equal average of quarters due to independent rounding. Sources: • Annual Data: Annual prices in Tables 9.4 (All Types), 9.8c, 9.11, and 9.9 (Monthly Series), adjusted by the CPI. • Quarterly Data: Simple averages of monthly prices in Tables 9.4 (All Types), 9.8c, 9.11, and 9.9 (Monthly Series), adjusted by the CPI. • CPI: 1973-1989—Economic Report of the President, February 1992, Table B-56. 1990 forward—Council of Economic Advisers, Economic Indicators, June 1992, "Consumer Prices - All Urban Consumers." • Conversion Factors: Tables A2, A5, and A9.

Figure 1.9 Passenger Car Efficiency

(Index, 1973 = 100)

Fuel Rate

Mileage

**Fuel Consumption** 

Source: Table 1.10.

Table 1.10 Passenger Car Efficiency

	Mi	eage	Fuel Cor	sumption	. Fuel	Rate
	Miles per Car	Index 1973=100.0	Gallons per Car	Index 1973=100.0	Miles per Gallon	Index 1973=100.0
1973	10,256	100.0	771	100.0	13.30	100.0
974	9,606	93.7	716	92.9	13.42	100.9
975	9,690	94.5	716	92.9	13.52	101.7
1976	9,785	95.4	723	93.8	13.53	101.7
977	9,879	96.3	716	92.9	13.80	103.8
978	9,835	95.9	701	90.9	14.04	105.6
979	9,403	91.7	653	84.7	14.41	108.3
980	9,141	89.1	591	76.7	15.46	116.2
981	9,186	89.6	576	74.7	15.94	119.8
982	9,428	91.9	566	73.4	16.65	125.2
983	9,475	92.4	553	71.7	17.14	128.9
1984	9,558	93.2	536	69.5	17.83	134.1
985	9,560	93.2	525	68.1	18.20	136.8
986	9,608	93.7	526	68.2	18.27	137.4
987	9,878	96.3	514	66.7	19.20	144.4
988	10,121	98.7	509	66.0	19.87	149.4
1989	10,332	100.7	509	66.0	20.31	152.7
1990 <sup>a</sup>	10,556	102.9	505	65.5	20.92	157.3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Preliminary data.

Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: Indices are prepared from statistics published by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Federal Highway Statistics

Division. • 1973-1985: Highway Statistics Summary to 1985, Table VM-201A. • 1986 forward: Highway Statistics, Table VM-1.

**Table 1.11 Population-Weighted Heating Degree-Days** 

		June '	1 through J	une 30			July '	Cumulative I through Je		
Census				Percent	Change				Percent	Change
Divisions	Normal <sup>a</sup>	1991	1992	Normal to 1992	1991 to 1992	Normal <sup>a</sup>	1991	1992	Normal to 1992	1991 to 1992
New England Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont	73	57	69	(°)	(°)	6,576	5,676	6,459	-1.8	13.8
Middie Atlantic New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania	49	14	35	(°)	(°)	5,860	4,885	5,548	-5.3	13.6
East North Central Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, Wisconsin	37	15	69	(°)	(°)	6,369	5,704	6,064	-4.8	6.3
West North Central Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota	44	19	68	(°)	(°)	6,652	6,087	6,127	-7.9	.7
South Atlantic Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Maryland and the District of Columbia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia,				460	460					
West Virginia  East South Central Alabama, Kentucky, Mississippi, Tennessee	· 6	6	13 5	(°)	(°)	3,018 3,575	2,398	2,822 3,247	-6.5 -9.2	17.7
West South Central Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas	0	0	2	(°)	(°)	2,307	2,055	2,054	-11.0	.0
Mountain Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, Wyoming	81	80	79	(°)	(°)	5,505	5,358	4,962	-9.9	-7.4
Pacific California, Oregon, Washington	51	88	38	(°)	(°)	3,236	3,254	2,583	-20.2	-20.6
U.S. Average <sup>b</sup>	34	26	39	(°)	(°)	4,690	4,138	4,341	-7.4	4.9

a "Normal" is based on calculations of data from 1951 through 1980.
Excludes Alaska and Hawaii.

Source: See Note 7 at end of section.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Percent change not meaningful: normal less than 100 or ratio incalculable.

Table 1.12 Population-Weighted Cooling Degree-Days

		June 1	l through Ju	une 30				Cumulative 1 through		
Census				Percent	Change				Percent	Change
Divisions	Normal <sup>a</sup>	1991	1992	Normal to 1992	1991 to 1992	Normal <sup>a</sup>	1991	1992	Normal to 1992	1991 to 1992
New England Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont	71	109	52	(°)	(°)	76	158	66	(°)	(°)
Middle Atlantic New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania	138	191	101	-26.8	-47.1	165	337	123	-25.5	-63.5
East North Central Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, Wisconsin	163	231	95	-41.7	-58.9	214	419	136	-36.4	-67.5
West North Central lowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota	197	264	126	-36.0	-52.3	310	442	192	-38.1	-56.6
South Atlantic Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Maryland and the District of Columbia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia,	005		000	40.4	00.7	540	070	557	-13.8	-36.4
West Virginia  East South Central Alabama, Kentucky, Mississippi, Tennessee	305 309	338	268 245	-12.1 -20.7	-20.7 -28.2	646 524	876 672	404	-13.8	-39.9
West South Central Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas	443	452	415	-6.3	-8.2	861	991	766	-11.0	-22.7
Mountain Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, Wyoming	191	173	195	2.1	12.7	288	280	350	21.5	25.0
Pacific California, Oregon, Washington	79	38	83	(°)	(°)	87	52	133	(°)	(°)
U.S. Average <sup>b</sup>	209	239	171	-18.2	-28.5	351	488	298	-15.1	-38.9

Source: See Note 7 at end of section.

a "Normal" is based on calculations of data from 1951 through 1980.
 b Excludes Alaska and Hawaii.
 c Percent change is not meaningful: normal is less than 100 or ratio is incalculable.

#### **Energy Summary Notes**

- 1. Energy Production: Production of energy includes production of coal, crude oil and lease condensate, natural gas plant liquids, natural gas (dry), electric utility and industrial production of hydroelectric power, and electricity generated from nuclear power. Production also includes electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy but excludes other energy obtained from those sources because consistent historical data are not available. Approximate heat contents (Btu values) are derived by using the conversion factors provided in the Appendix.
- 2. Energy Consumption: Consumption of energy includes consumption of coal, natural gas (including supplemental gaseous fuels), petroleum products supplied, electric utility and industrial production of hydroelectric power, net imports of electricity (assumed to be hydroelectricity), net imports of coal coke, and electricity generated from nuclear power. Consumption also includes electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy but excludes other energy obtained from those sources because consistent historical data are not available. Approximate heat contents (Btu values) are derived by using the conversion factors provided in the Appendix.
- 3. Energy Imports: Energy imports include imports of coal, crude oil (including crude oil imported for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve), petroleum products, natural gas, electricity (assumed to be hydroelectricity), and coal coke. Approximate heat contents (Btu values) are derived by using the conversion factors provided in the Appendix. For further information on electricity, see "Note for imports and exports of electricity" under Note 8 of the Notes and Sources for the Energy Consumption Section.
- 4. Energy Exports: Energy exports include coal, crude oil, petroleum products, natural gas, electricity produced from hydroelectric power, and coal coke. Approximate heat contents (Btu values) are derived by using the conversion factors provided in the Appendix. For more information on electricity, see "Note for imports and exports of electricity" under Note 8 of the Notes and Sources for the Energy Consumption Section.
- 5. Merchandise Trade Value: Import data presented are based on the customs value. That value does not include insurance and freight and is consequently lower than the cost, insurance, and freight (CIF) value, which is also reported by the Bureau of the Census. All export data, and import data prior to 1981, are on a free alongside ship (f.a.s.) basis.

"Balance" is exports minus imports; a positive balance indicates a surplus trade value and a negative balance

indicates a deficit trade value. "Energy" includes mineral fuels, lubricants, and related material. "Non-Energy Balance" and "Total Merchandise" include foreign exports (i.e., reexports) and nonmonetary gold and Department of Defense Grant-Aid shipments. The "Non-Energy Balance" is calculated by subtracting the "Energy" from the "Total Merchandise Balance."

"Imports" consist of government and nongovernment shipments of merchandise into the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and the U.S. Foreign Trade Zones. They reflect the total arrival from foreign countries of merchandise that immediately entered consumption channels, warehouses, the Foreign Trade Zones, or the Strategic Petroleum Reserve. They exclude shipments between the United States, Puerto Rico, and U.S. possessions, shipments to U.S. Armed Forces and diplomatic missions abroad for their own use, U.S. goods returned to the United States by its Armed Forces, and in-transit shipments.

6. The Consumer Price Index: The values for the Consumer Price Index, All Urban Consumers, All Items, 1982-84=100, are as follows:

1973	44.4	1989:	1st Quarter	121.7
1974	49.3		2nd Quarter	123.7
1975	53.8		3rd Quarter	124.7
1976	56.9		4th Quarter	125.9
1977	60.6		Year	124.0
1978	65.2	1990:	1st Quarter	128.0
1979	72.6		2nd Quarter	129.3
1980	82.4		3rd Quarter	131.6
1981	90.9		4th Quarter	133.7
1982	96.5		Year	130.7
1983	99.6	1991:	1st Quarter	134.8
1984	103.9		2nd Quarter	135.6
1985	107.6		3rd Quarter	136.7
1986	109.6		4th Quarter	137.7
1987	113.6		Year	136.2
1988	118.3	1992:	1st Quarter	138.7

7. Degree-Days: Degree-days are relative measurements of outdoor air temperature. Cooling degree-days are defined as deviations of the mean daily temperature at a sampling station above a base temperature equal to 65° F by convention. Heating degree-days are deviations of the mean daily temperature below 65° F. For example, if a weather station recorded a mean daily temperature of 78° F, cooling degree-days for that station would be 13 (and heating degree-days, 0). A weather station recording a mean daily temperature of 40° F would report 25 heating degree-days (and 0 cooling degree-days).

There are several degree-day databases maintained by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. The information published in the *Monthly Energy Review (MER)* is developed by the National Weather Service Climate Analysis Center, Camp Springs, MD. The data are available weekly with monthly summaries and are based on mean daily temperatures recorded at about 200 major weather stations around the country. The temperature information recorded at those weather stations is used to calculate statewide degree-day averages based on population. The State figures are then aggregated into Census Divisions and into the national average. The population weights currently used

represent resident State population data estimated for 1980 by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. The data shown in the MER are available sooner than the Historical Climatology Series 5-1 and 5-2 developed by the National Climatic Center, Asheville, NC, which compiles data from some 8,000 weather stations.

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# Section 2. Energy Consumption

U.S. total energy consumption in April 1992 was 6.6 quadrillion Btu. Petroleum products accounted for 41 percent<sup>1</sup> of the energy consumed in April 1992, while natural gas accounted for 27 percent and coal accounted for 22 percent.

Residential and commercial sector consumption was 2.3 quadrillion Btu in April 1992, up 5 percent from the April 1991 level. The sector accounted for 35 percent of April 1992 total consumption, up 1 percentage point from its 34 percent share in April 1991.

Industrial sector consumption was 2.5 quadrillion Btu in April 1992, up 4 percent from the April 1991 level. The industrial sector accounted for 37 percent of April 1992 total consumption, about the same share as in April 1991.

Transportation sector consumption of energy was 1.9 quadrillion Btu in April 1992, up 4 percent from the April 1991 level. The sector accounted for 28 percent of April 1992 total consumption, about the same share as in April 1991.

Electric utility consumption of energy totaled 2.2 quadrillion Btu in April 1992, up slightly from the April 1991 level. Coal contributed 55 percent of the energy consumed by electric utilities in April 1992, while nuclear electric power contributed 20 percent; natural gas 11 percent; hydroelectric power 10 percent; petroleum 3 percent; and wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy, about 1 percent.

 Table 2.1 Energy Consumption Summary for April 1992

(Quadrillion Btu)

		End-Us	e Sectors			
Energy Source	Residential and Commercial	Industrial	Transportation	Total <sup>a</sup>	Electric Utilities	Total
Coal	0.014	0.214	(6)	0.225	1.224	1.449
Natural Gasc	.704	.761	.062	1.528	.236	1.764
Petroleum	.172	.676	1.795	2.643	.066	2.709
Nuclear Electric Power	_	_	_	<del>-</del>	.451	.451
lydroelectric Power	_	.003	_	.003	.219	.222
Net Imports of Coal Coke	_	.003	-	.003	_	.003
Otherd	-	_	-	_	.015	.015
Primary Consumption	.890	1.657	1.857	4.402	2.211	6.613
lectricity	.456	.263	.001	.720	_	_
Net Consumption	1.346	1.921	1.858	5.122	-	_
lectrical System Energy Losses	.943	.545	.002	1.491	-	_
Total Consumption <sup>e</sup>	2.289	2.466	1.861	6.613	-	_

a Totals for coal and natural gas may not equal sum of sectors due to the use of sector-specific conversion factors.

b Small amounts of coal consumed for transportation are reported as industrial sector consumption.

c Includes supplemental gaseous fuels. Transportation sector is pipeline fuel only.

d "Other" is electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Excludes wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy, except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution.

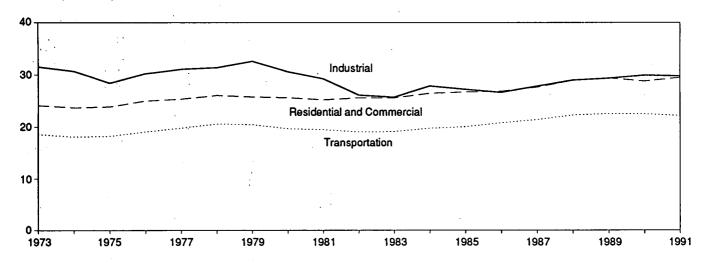
<sup>- =</sup>Not applicable.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Additional Notes and Sources: See Tables 2.2-2.6 and end of section.

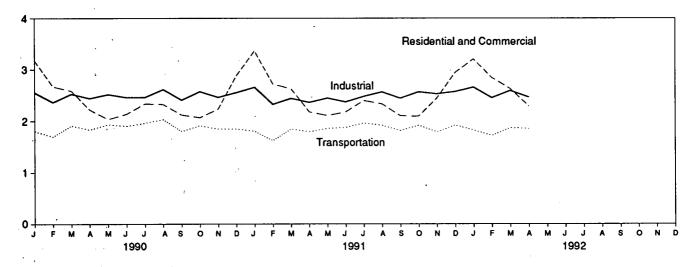
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Percentage changes are based on numbers in the following tables.

Figure 2.1 Energy Consumption by End-Use Sector

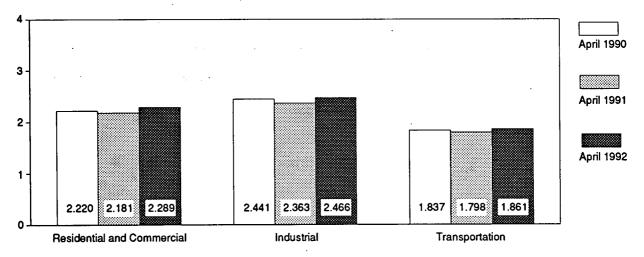
#### Consumption by End-Use Sector, 1973-1991



#### Consumption by End-Use Sector, Monthly



#### Consumption by End-Use Sector, April



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 2.2.

Table 2.2 Energy Consumption by End-Use Sector

	Residential a	nd Commercial	Indu	ustrial	Transı	oortation		
	Net	Total	Net	Total	Net	Total	Net	Total
973 Total	15.766	24.143	25.917	31.528	18.584	18.605	60.274	74.282
74 Total	15.246	23.724	24.994	30.696	18.095	18.117	58.341	72.543
75 Total	15.200	23.900	22.737	28,401	18.219	18.244	56.157	70.546
76 Total	15.997	25.020	24.038	30.234	19.076	19.101	59.119	74.362
77 Total	15.828	25.387	24.593	31.075	19.794	19.819	60.223	76.288
77 Total	16.023	26.088	24.637	31.388	20.589	20.611	61.251	78.089
	15.709	25.809	25.679	32.615	20.447	20.472	61.836	78.898
79 Total							58.597	75.955
180 Total	15.075	25.653	23.854	30.609 29.238	19.669	19.695		73.990
981 Total	14.541	25.243	22.533		19.480	19.507	56.556	
82 Total	14.629	25.630	20.020	26.144	19.043	19.069	53.697	70.848
83 Total	14.395	25.630	19.401	25.756	19.109	19.135	52.907	70.524
84 Total	14.964	26.478	21.184	27.862	19.773	19.801	55.923	74.144
85 Total	14.839	26.704	20.520	27.213	20.036	20.067	55.391	<b>73.98</b> 1
986 Total	14.791	26.852	20.101	26.629	20.781	20.812	55.676	74.297
87 Total	15.152	27.628	21.114	27.825	21.415	21.444	57.678	76.895
988 Total	16.012	28,930	22.082	28.985	22.269	22.300	60.366	80.218
989 Total	16.270	29.411	22.269	29.353	22.524	22.554	61.071	81.326
90 January	2.014	3.173	2.025	2.552	1.806	1.808	5.846	7.533
February	1.689	2.671	1.835	2.364	1.705	1.707	5.228	6.741
March	1.545	2.586	1.942	2.526	1.912	1.914	5.397	7.029
April	1.275	2.220	1.881	2.441	1.835	1.837	4.990	6.497
May	1.027	2.038	1.901	2.518	1.934	1.937	4.860	6.491
June	.958	2.137	1.808	2.460	1.904	1.907	4.671	6.505
July	1.010	2.335	1.828	2.460	1.959	1.962	4.801	6.761
August		2.325	1.955	2.615	2.029	2.032	4.995	6.976
September	1.002	2.121	1.849	2,408	1.804	1.806	4.657	6.338
October	1.051	2.071	1.976	2.573	1.913	1.916	4.940	6.559
November	1.272	2.236	1.895	2.462	1.847	1.850	5.013	6.546
December	1.725	2.881	1.945	2.554	1.849	1.852	5.521	7.289
Total	15.576	28.797	22.838	29.929	22.497	22.528	60.919	81.262
91 January	2.124	3.364	2.089	2.659	R 1.807	R 1.809	R 6.022	<sup>R</sup> 7.834
	1.745	2.721	R 1.831	R 2.325	1.627	1.630	R 5.203	R 6.676
February	1.579	2.628	1.880	2.323	1.849	1.851	5.306	6.919
March								
April	1.234	2.181	1.815	2.363	1.796	1.798	4.844	6.342
May	1.018	2.108	1.811	2.447	1.859	1.862	4.689	6.417
June	.983	2.181	1.761	2.373	1.879	1.882	4.625	6.439
July	1.027	2.398	R 1.844	R 2.480	1.959	1.963	R 4.833	R 6.843
August		2.333	1.928	2.567	1.918	1.921	4.852	6.823
September	1.005	2.106	R 1.890	R 2.444	1.820	1.823	R 4.715	R 6.373
October	1.078	2.095	1.981	2.568	1.919	1.921	4.976	6.582
November	1.428	2.448	R 1.956	R 2.530	1.794	1.797	R 5.178	R 6.774
December	1.805	2.943	1.998	2.573	1.922	1.925	5.725	7.441
Total	16.029	29.504	22.784	29.771	R 22.150	R 22.182	R 60.969	R 81.464
92 January	2.011	3.207	R 2.093	R 2.661	1.828	1.831	R 5.932	R 7.698
February	1.835	2.843	R 1.939	<sup>R</sup> 2.454	1.725	1.728	<sup>R</sup> 5.499	R 7.025
March	1.604	2.630	<sup>R</sup> 2.019	<sup>R</sup> 2.593	1.872	1.875	<sup>R</sup> 5.493	R7.096
April	1.346	2.289	1.921	2.466	1.858	1.861	5.122	6.613
4-Month Total	6.795	10.969	7.971	10.174	7.284	7.294	22.047	28.433
91 4-Month Total	6.682	10.894	7.615	9.786	7.079	7.089	21.376	27.770
90 4-Month Total	6.524	10.649	7.683	9.883	7.257	7.267	21.461	27.79

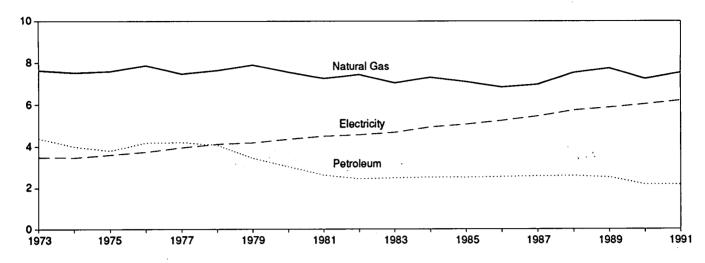
R=Revised data.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding and the use of sector-specific conversion factors for natural gas and coal.

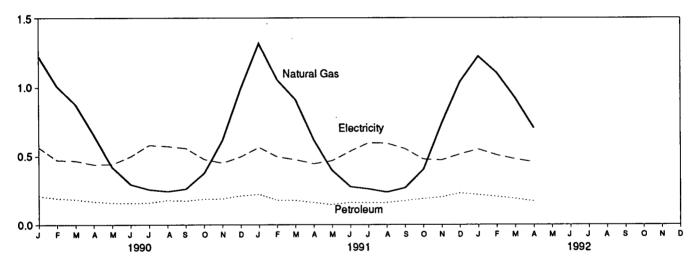
Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

Figure 2.2 Residential and Commercial Energy Consumption (Quadrillion Btu)

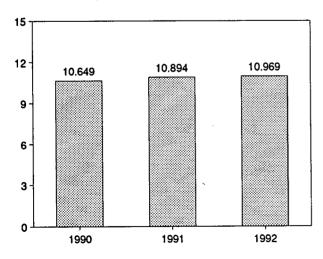
Consumption by Major Sources, 1973-1991



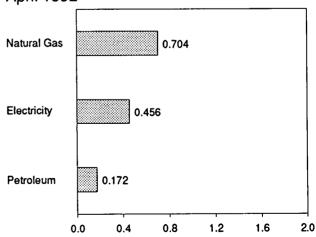
#### Consumption by Major Sources, Monthly



Total Consumption, January-April



Consumption by Major Sources, April 1992



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 2.3.

**Table 2.3 Residential and Commercial Energy Consumption** 

	Coal	Natural Gas <sup>a</sup>	Petroleum	Primary Consumption	Electricity	Net Consumption	Electrical System Energy Losses	Total Consumption <sup>b</sup>
1070 Total	0.254	7.626	4.391	12.270	3.495	15.766	8.377	24.143
1973 Total	.257	7.518	3.996	11.771	3.475	15.246	8.478	23.724
1974 Total	.257 .209	7.516 7.581	3.805	11.595	3.604	15.200	8.700	23.900
1975 Total			4.181	12.250	3.747	15.997	9,023	25.020
1976 Total	.203	7.866			3.955	15.828	9.559	25.387
1977 Total	.205	7.461	4.206	11.873			10.065	26.088
1978 Total	.214	7.624	4.070	11.908	4.116	16.023		25.809
1979 Total	.187	7.891	3.448	11.525	4.184	15.709	10.101	
1980 Total	.145	7.540	3.035	10.721	4.355	15.075	10.578	25.653
1981 Total	.167	7.243	2.634	10.043	4.497	14.541	10.703	25.243
1982 Total	.187	7.427	2.449	10.063	4.566	14.629	11.001	25.630
1983 Total	.192	7.024	2.498	9.715	4.680	14.395	11.235	25.630
1984 Total	.209	7.292	2.535	10.036	4.928	14.964	11.514	26.478
1985 Total	.176	7.079	2.522	9.777	5.061	14.839	11.866	26.704
1986 Total	.176	6.825	2.555	9.556	5.235	14.791	12.061	26.852
1987 Total	.162	6.954	2.593	9.709	5.443	15.152	12.475	27.628
1988 Total	.168	7.513	2.608	10.288	5.724	16.012	12.918	28.930
1989 Total	.146	7.731	2.535	10.411	5.859	16.270	13.141	29.411
1990 January	.016	1.224	.210	1.450	.564	2.014	1.158	3.173
February	.015	1.008	.194	1.217	.472	1.689	.982	2.671
March	.013	.879	.186	1.078	.467	1.545	1.041	2.586
April	.012	.655	.170	.837	.439	1.275	.945	2.220
May	.008	.418	.160	.586	.441	1.027	1.011	2.038
June	.009	.293	.158	.460	.498	.958	1.179	2.137
July	.012	.257	.161	.430	.580	1.010	1.325	2.335
August	.012	.244	°.180	.435	.572	1.007	1.318	2.325
September	.009	.261	.175	.445	.557	1.002	1.119	2.121
•	.010	.375	.188	.573	.478	1.051	1.020	2.071
October			.191	.822	.450	1.272	.964	2.236
November	.014	.617					1.156	2.881
December Total	.024 .156	.991 <b>7.222</b>	.212 <b>2.182</b>	1.227 9.560	.497 <b>6.015</b>	1.725 <b>15.576</b>	13.221	28.797
1004 (	.020	1,318	.223	1.561	.563	2.124	1.239	3.364
1991 January		1.056	.179	1.249	.496	1.745	.977	2.721
February	.014		.179	1.104	.496 .475	1,579	1.049	2.628
March	.013	.912					.947	2.181
April	.009	.618	.162	.789	.445	1.234	.947 1.089	2.108
May	.008	.395	.149	.552	.467	1.018		
June	.007	.276	.163	.447	.536	.983	1.199	2.181
July	.010	.260	.160	.430	.597	1.027	1.371	2.398
August	.009	.238	.162	.410	.594	1.003	1.329	2.333
September	.007	.268	.176	.451	.553	1.005	1.101	2.106
October	.008	.401	.191	.600	.478	1.078	1.017	2.095
November	.016	.738	.202	.956	.472	1.428	1.020	2.448
December	.020	1.039	.231	1.290	.515	1.805	1.138	2.943
Total	.141	7.519	2.178	9.838	6.190	16.029	13.476	29.504
1992 January	.019	1.224	.219	1.462	.549	2.011	1.196	3.207
February	.016	1.105	.205	1.326	.508	1.835	1.009	2.843
March	.012	.923	.191	1.125	.479	1.604	1.026	2.630
April	.014	.704	.172	.890	.456	1.346	.943	2.289
4-Month Total	.061	3.955	.787	4.803	1.992	6.795	4.174	10.969
1991 4-Month Total	.056	3.904	.743	4.703	1.978	6.682	4.213	10.894
		3.766	.759	4.581	1.943	6.524	4.125	10.649

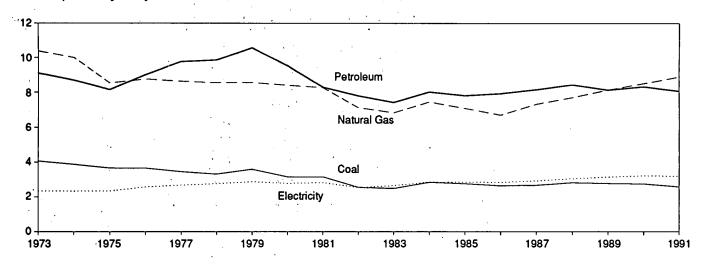
a Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

b Excludes wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy, except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for

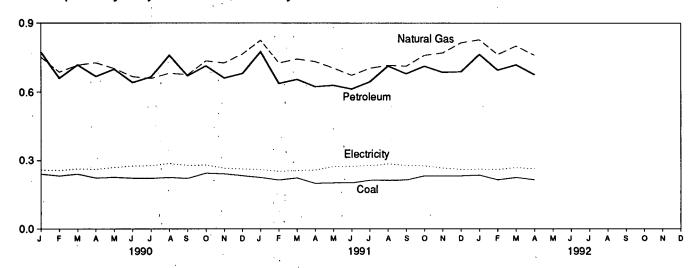
Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

Figure 2.3 Industrial Energy Consumption

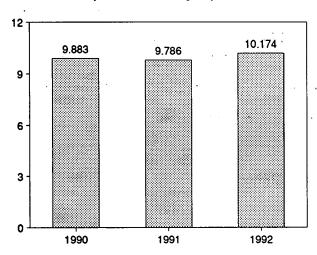
Consumption by Major Sources, 1973-1991



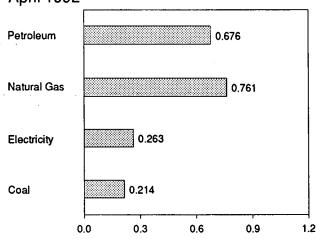
#### Consumption by Major Sources, Monthly







#### Consumption by Major Sources, April 1992



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 2.4.

**Table 2.4 Industrial Energy Consumption** 

	Coal	Natural Gas <sup>a</sup>	Petroleum	Hydro- electric Power	Net Imports of Coal Coke	Primary Consumption	Electricity	Net Consumption	Electrical System Energy Losses	Total Consumption <sup>b</sup>
1973 Total	4.057	10.388	9.104	0.035	-0.007	23.576	2.341	25.917	5.611	31.528
1974 Total	3.870	10.004	8.694	.033	.056	22.657	2.337	24.994	5.701	30.696
1975 Total	3.667	8.532	8.146	.032	.014	20.391	2.346	22.737	5.664	28.401
1976 Total	3.661	8.762	9.010	.033	(s)	21.465	2.573	24.038	6.196	30,234
1977 Total	3.454	8.635	9.774	.033	.015	21.911	2.682	24.593	6.481	31.075
1978 Total	3.314	8.539	9.867	.032	.125	21.876	2.761	24.637	6.751	31.388
1979 Total	3.593	8.549	10.568	.034	.063	22.807	2.873	25.679	6.935	32.615
1980 Total	3.155	8.395	9.525	.033	035	21.073	2.781	23.854	6.755	30,609
1981 Total	3.157	8.257	8.285	.033	016	19.715	2.817	22.533	6.705	29,238
1982 Total	2.552	7.121	7.794	.033	022	17.479	2.542	20.020	6.124	26.144
1983 Total	2.490	6.826	7.420	.033	016	16.753	2.648	19.401	6.356	25.756
1984 Total	2.842	7.448	8.014	.033	011	18.325	2.859	21.184	6.679	27.862
1985 Total	2.760	7.080	7.805	.033	013	17.665	2.855	20.520	6.693	27.213
1986 Total	2.640	6.690	7.920	.033	017	17.267	2.834	20.101	6.529	26.629
1987 Total	2.673	7.323	8.148	.033	.009	18.185	2.928	21.114	6.711	27.825
1988 Total	2.828	7.696	8.427	.033	.040	19.023	3.059	22.082	6.903	28.985
1989 Total	2.787	8.131	8.130	.033	.030	19.111	3.158	22.269	7.084	29.353
1990 January	.239	.752	.774	.003	(s)	1.768	.257	2.025	.527	2.552
February	.231	.687	.660	.003	(s)	1,581	.255	1.835	.529	2.364
March	.239	.718	.719	.003	.001	1.680	.262	1.942	.584	2.526
April	.222	.728	.668	.003	-,001	1.621	.260	1.881	.560	2.441
May	.225	.703	.700	.003	(s)	1.632	.269	1.901	.617	2.518
June	.221	.667	.641	.003	.001	1.533	.275	1.808	.652	2.460
July	.220	.659	.666	.003	.003	1.551	.277	1.828	.632	2.460
August	.224	.682	.760	.002	001	1.668	.287	1.955	.661	2.615
September	.220	.676	.671	.002	.001	1.570	.278	1.849	.560	2.408
October	.243	.736	.715	.002	.001	1.696	.280	1.976	.597	2.573
November	.240	.727	.661	.002	001	1.630	.265	1.895	.567	2.462
December	.232	.766	.681	.002	.001	1.683	.262	1.945	.609	2.554
Total	2.756	8.502	8.316	.033	.005	19.612	3.226	22.838	7.091	29.929
1991 January	.224	826	.776	.003	.001	_1.831	.259	2.089	.570	2.659
February	.213	R .727	.637	.003	.001	<sup>R</sup> 1.580	.251	R 1.831	.494	<sup>R</sup> 2.325
March	.222	.744	.655	.003	.002	1.626	.254	1.880	.561	2.441
April	.198	.733	.623	.003	.001	1.557	.257	1.815	.548	2.363
May	.200	.705	.629	.003	.001	1.538	.273	1.811	.636	2.447
June	.200	.673	.613	.003	001	_ 1.488	.274	ຼ 1.761	.612	2.373
July	.212	R .704	.644	.003	.003	R 1.567	.277	R 1.844	.636	R 2.480
August	.212	.717	.714	.002	002	1.643	.285	1.928	.639	2.567
September	.213	<sup>R</sup> .713	.680	.002	.004	R 1.612	.278	R 1.890	.554	R 2.444
October	.231	.760	.713	.002	001	1.705	.276	1.981	.587	2.568
November	.230	R .771	.686	.002	.001	R 1.691	.266	R 1.956	.574	R 2.530
December	.231	.815	.689	.002	(s)	1.737	.260	1.998	.575	2.573
Total	2.587	8.887	8.059	.033	.009	19.575	3.209	22.784	6.987	29.771
1992 January	.234	R .828	.764	.003	.004	R 1.832	.261	R 2.093	.568	R 2.661
February	.214	R.764	.696	.003	.003	R 1.679	.260	R 1.939	.515	R 2.454
March	.224	R .801	.719	.003	.003	R 1.751	.268	R 2.019	.574	R 2.593
April	.214	.761	.676	.003	.003	1.657	.263	1.921	.545	2.466
4-Month Total	.887	3.154	2.854	.012	.013	6.919	1.052	7.971	2.203	10.174
1991 4-Month Total	.857	3.030	2.692	.012	.004	6.594	1.020	7.615	2.172	9.786
1990 4-Month Total	.931	2.886	2.821	.012	(s)	6.650	1.034	7.683	2.200	9.883

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

Excludes wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy, except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution.

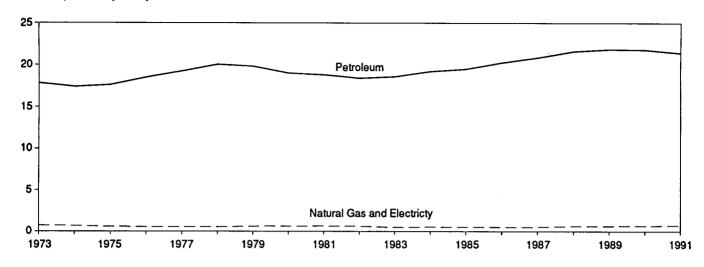
R=Revised data. (s)=Less than +0.5 trillion Btu and greater than -0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

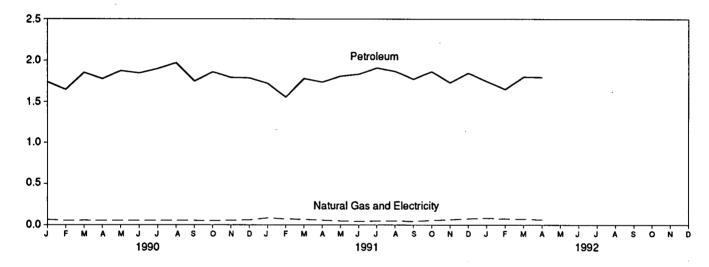
Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

Figure 2.4 Transportation Energy Consumption

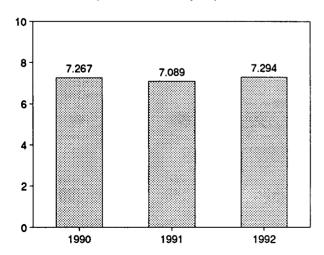
Consumption by Major Sources, 1973-1991



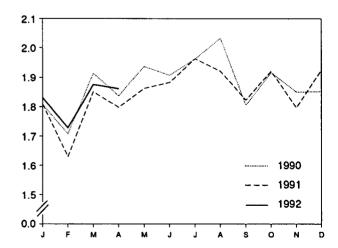
# Consumption by Major Sources, Monthly



Total Consumption, January-April



Total Consumption, Monthly



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 2.5.

**Table 2.5 Transportation Energy Consumption** 

	Coal	Natural Gas <sup>a</sup>	Petroleum	Primary Consumption	Electricity	Net Consumption	Electrical System Energy Losses	Total Consumption <sup>b</sup>
1973 Total	0.003	0.743	17.831	18.576	0.008	18.584	0.020	18.605
1974 Total	.002	.685	17.399	18.086	.009	18.095	.022	18.117
1975 Total	.001	.595	17.614	18.209	.010	18.219	.025	18.244
1976 Total	(s)	.559	18.506	19.065	.010	19.076	.025	19,101
1977 Total	(s)	.543	19.241	19.784	.010	19.794	.025	19.819
1978 Total	(8)	.539	20.041	20.580	.009	20.589	.022	20.611
1979 Total	}c{	.612	19.825	20.436	.010	20.447	.025	20,472
1980 Total	<b>}</b> c{	.650	19.008	19.658	.011	19.669	.026	19.695
1981 Total	<b>}</b> o{	.658	18,811	19.469	.011	19.480	.026	19.507
	<b>}</b> c{	.612	18.420	19.032	.011	19.043	.026	19.069
1982 Total	}c{	.505	18.593	19.098	.011	19.109	.026	19.135
1983 Total	) c {	.545		19.761	.012	19.773	.028	19.801
1984 Total	(=)	•	19.216 19.504	20.024	.013	20.036	.030	20.067
1985 Total	\c\ \c\	.519					.031	20.812
1986 Total	(°)	.499	20.269	20.768	.013 .013	20.781 21.415	.029	21.444
1987 Total	(2)	.535	20.867	21.402				
1988 Total	(°)	.632	21.624	22.255	.014	22.269	.031	22.300 22.554
1989 Total	(°)	.649	21.861	22.510	.014	22.524	.031	22.554
1990 January	(°)	.066	1.739	1.805	.001	1.806	.002	1.808
February	(°)	.056	1.648	1.704	.001	1.705	.002	1.707
March	(°)	.058	1.853	1.911	.001	1.912	.002	1.914
April	(°)	.056	1.778	1.834	.001	1.835	.002	1.837
May	}°5	.057	1.876	1.933	.001	1.934	.003	1.937
June	(°)	.056	1.847	1.903	.001	1.904	.003	1.907
July	(°)	.056	1.902	1.957	.001	1.959	.003	1.962
August	}¢{	.057	1.971	2.028	.001	2.029	.003	, 2.032
September	}¢;	.054	1.749	1.802	.001	1.804	.002	1.806
October	(°)	.052	1.861	1.912	.001	1.913	.003	1.916
November	· ici	.055	1.792	1.846	.001	1.847	.002	1.850
December	įci	.060	1.788	1.848	.001	1.849	.003	1.852
Total	(°)	.680	21.804	22.483	.014	22.497	.031	22.528
991 January	(°)	R .084	1.721	R 1.806	.001	R 1.807	.003	R 1.809
February	(°)	.071	1.555	1.626	.001	1.627	.002	1.630
March	761	.068	1.780	1.848	.001	1.849	.003	1.851
April	(°)	.058	1.737	1.795	.001	1.796	.002	1.798
	\c\	.038	1.809	1.858	.001	1.859	.002	1.862
May	(°)	.049	1.833	1.877	.001	1.879	.003	1.882
June	(°)	.047	1.933	1.958	.001	1.959	.003	1.963
July	(°)	.047	1.869	1.916	.001	1.918	.003	1.921
August	\c\ }		1.773	1.819	.001	1.820	.003	1.823
September	(°)	.045			.001	1.919	.003	1.921
October	(°)	.053	1.865	1.918			.002	1.797
November	(°)	.063	1.730	1.793	.001	1.794	.002	1.925
December Total	(°)	.074 R <b>.705</b>	1.847 <b>21.431</b>	1.921 R <b>22.135</b>	.001 .015	1.922 <sup>R</sup> <b>22.150</b>	.032	R 22.182
10(a)		.,,,,	21.401	22.100				
1992 January	(°)	.081	1.745	1.827	.001	1.828	.003	1.831
February	(°) (°)	.074	1.650	1.724	.001	1.725	.002	1.728
March	(°)	.071	1.800	1.871	.001	1.872	.002	1.875
April	(°)	.062	1.795	1.857	.001	1.858	.002	1.861
4-Month Total	(°)	.288	6.991	7.279	.005	7.284	.010	7.294
1991 4-Month Total	(°)	.281	6.793	7.074	.005	7.079	.010	7.089
1990 4-Month Total	ici	.235	7.018	7.253	.005	7.257	.010	7.267

a Pipeline fuel only, including supplemental gaseous fuels.
Excludes wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy, except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution.

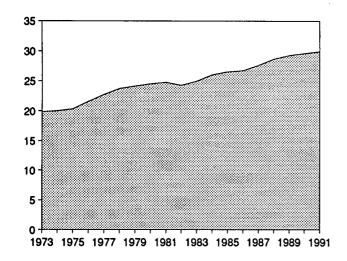
<sup>c</sup> Since 1978, the small amounts of coal consumed for transportation are reported as industrial sector consumption.

R=Revised data. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

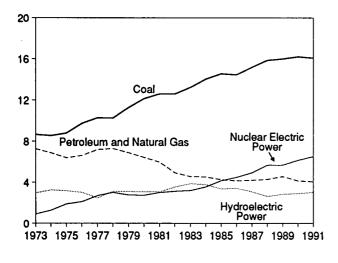
Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

Figure 2.5 Energy Input at Electric Utilities (Quadrillion Btu)

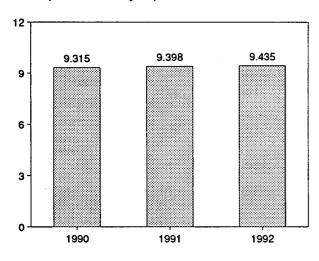
# Total Input, 1973-1991



# Input by Major Sources, 1973-1991

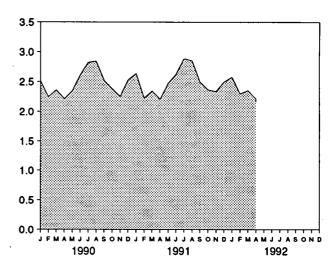


# Total Input, January-April

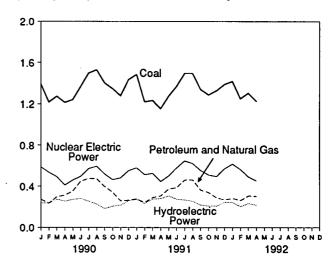


Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 2.6.

Total Input, Monthly



Input by Major Sources, Monthly



Input by Major Sources, April 1992

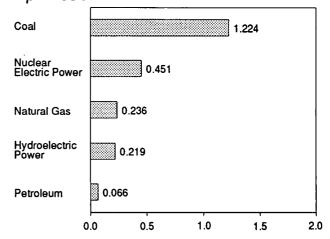


Table 2.6 Energy Input at Electric Utilities

	Coal	Natural Gas <sup>a</sup>	Petroleum <sup>b</sup>	Nuclear Electric Power	Hydro- electric Power <sup>c</sup>	Other <sup>d</sup>	Total
·····		I		<u> </u>	<u></u>		
1973 Total	8.658	3.748	3.515	0.910	2.975	0.046	19.852
1974 Total	8.534	3.519	3.365	1.272	3.276	.056	20.022
1975 Total	8.786	3.240	3.166	1.900	3.187	.072	20.350
1976 Total	9.720	3.152	3.477	2.111	3.032	.081	21.574
1977 Total	10.262	3.284	3.901	2.702	2.482	.082	22.713
978 Total	10.238	3.297	3.987	3.024	3.110	.068	23.724
979 Total	11.260	3.613	3,283	2.776	3.107	.089	24.128
980 Total	12.123	3.810	2.634	2.739	3.085	.114	24.505
981 Total	12.583	3.768	2.202	3,008	3.072	.127	24.760
982 Total	12.582	3.342	1.568	3,131	3.539	.108	24.270
983 Total	13.213	2.998	1.544	3,203	3.866	.133	24.956
984 Total	14.020	3.220	1.286	3.553	3.767	.174	26.020
	14.542	3.160	1.090	4.149	3.365	.213	26.519
985 Total	14.444	2.691	1.452	4,471	3.413	.232	26.703
986 Total	15.173	2.935	1.257	4.906	3.084	.245	27.600
1987 Total		2.709	1.563	5.661	2.630	.235	28.648
988 Total	15.850		1.685	5.677	2.848	.217	29.286
989 Total	15.988	2.871	1.005	5.077	2.040	.217	23.200
990 January	1.391	.151	.123	.589	.239	.018	2.510
February	1.216	.136	.100	.534	.238	.016	2.241
March	1.274	.190	.108	.492	.275	.018	2.358
April	1.213	.206	.108	.411	.255	.014	2.207
May	1.240	.252	.101	.459	.273	.017	2.341
June	1.367	.307	.141	.495	.281	.017	2.608
July	1.497	.337	.138	.573	.256	.017	2.819
August	1.530	.355	.117	.595	.227	.017	2.842
September	1.402	.311	.086	.518	.184	.016	2.518
October	1,347	.266	.077	.463	.207	.017	2.378
November	1.278	.191	.067	.481	.217	.016	2.249
December	1.434	.181	.085	.551	.260	.017	2.528
Total	16.189	2.882	1.250	6.161	2.914	.202	29.599
991 January	1.485	.179	.099	.581	.274	.017	2.634
February	1.219	.151	.092	.511	.232	.014	2.220
March	1.233	.199	.092	.525	.278	.016	2.343
April	1.153	.223	.084	.445	.281	.015	2.201
May	1.274	.258	.115	.499	.308	.015	2.469
June	1.369	.269	.117	.579	.275	.016	2.625
July	1.495	.341	.118	.649	.268	.016	2.886
August	1.495	.339	.123	.624	.254	.016	2.851
September	1.339	.272	.091	.554	.219	.015	2.491
October	1.287	.272	.068	.509	.209	.016	2.362
November	1.327	.205	.084	.494	.208	.017	2.335
December	1.388	.175	.094	.572	.246	.017	2.493
Total	16.065	2.883	1.178	6.542	3.050	.192	29.909
							0.535
992 January	1.417	.175	.108	.618	.243 .203	.017 .015	2.578 2.296
February	1.250	.176	.087	.564			
March	1.304	.215	.092	.490	.234	.017	2.350
April	1.224	.236	.066	.451	.219	.015	2.211
4-Month Total	5.195	.802	.353	2.123	.899	.064	9.435
991 4-Month Total	5.091	.752	.367	2.061	1.064	.063	9.398
990 4-Month Total	5.093	.683	.440	2.026	1.007	.067	9.315

a includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

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b Petroleum products reported as "oil consumed in steam plants" through 1979 and "heavy oil" from 1980 forward, which are assumed to be residual fuel oil; petroleum products reported as "oil consumed in gas turbine and internal combustion engine plants" through 1979 and "light oil" from 1980 forward, which are

petroleum products reported as on consumed in gas turbine and internal combustion engine plants. Includes destinate fuel oil and kerosene; and petroleum coke.

Includes net imports of electricity.

"Other" is electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

# Energy Consumption Notes and Sources

The data in this section of the Monthly Energy Review (MER) are obtained initially from a group of energyrelated surveys, typically called "supply surveys," conducted by the Energy Information Administration (EIA). Supply surveys are those surveys directed to suppliers and marketers of specific energy sources. They measure the quantities of specific energy sources produced, or the quantities supplied to the market, or both. The data obtained from the EIA's supply surveys are integrated to yield the summary consumption statistics published in this section (and in Section 1) of the MER. Users of the EIA's energy consumption statistics should be aware of a second group of energy-related surveys, typically called "consumption surveys." Consumption surveys gather information on the types of energy consumed by end users of energy, along with the characteristics of those end users that can be associated with energy use. For example, the Manufacturing Energy Consumption Survey belongs to the consumption survey group because it collects information directly from end users (the manufacturing establishments). There are important differences between the supply and consumption surveys that need to be taken into account in any analysis that uses both data sources. For information on those differences, see Energy Consumption by End-Use Sector, A Comparison of Measures by Consumption and Supply Surveys, DOE/EIA-0533, Energy Information Administration, Washington, DC, April 6, 1990. The numbered notes that follow elaborate on essential information in Section 2.

- 1. Total Energy Consumed: Total energy consumed includes coal, natural gas (including supplemental gaseous fuels), petroleum products supplied, electric utility and industrial generation of hydroelectric power, net imports of electricity generated from hydroelectric power, and electricity generated from nuclear power. Total energy consumed also includes electricity generated from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy but excludes other energy obtained from those sources because consistent historical data are not available.
- 2. Economic Sectors: Energy use is assigned to the major economic sectors according to the following guidelines as closely as possible:
  - Residential—All private residences, whether occupied or vacant, owned or rented, including single-family homes, multifamily housing units, and mobile homes. Secondary homes, such as summer homes, are also included. Institutional housing, such as school dormitories, hospitals, and military barracks, generally are not included in the residential sector; they are included in the commercial sector. The SIC code used to classify an establishment as residential is 88 (Household).

- Commercial—Business establishments that are not engaged in transportation or in manufacturing or other types of industrial activity (agriculture, mining, or construction). Commercial establishments include hotels, motels, restaurants, wholesale businesses, retail stores, laundries, and other service enterprises; religious and nonprofit organizations; health, social, and educational institutions; and Federal, State, and local governments. Street lights, pumps, bridges, and public services are also included if the establishment operating them is considered commercial. SIC codes used to classify an establishment as commercial are 50 through 87, 89, and 91 through 97.
- Industrial—Manufacturing industries, which make up the largest part of the sector, along with mining, construction, agriculture, fisheries, and forestry. Establishments in the sector range from steel mills to small farms to companies assembling electronic components. The SIC codes used to classify establishments as industrial are 1 through 39.
- Transportation—Private and public vehicles that move people and commodities. Included are automobiles, trucks, buses, motorcycles, railroads and railways (including streetcars), aircraft, ships, barges, and natural gas pipelines. The SIC codes used to classify establishments as belonging to the transportation sector are 40 through 49.
- Electric Utility—Privately and publicly owned establishments that generate electricity primarily for use by the public.

Although the end-use allocations are made according to these aggregations as closely as possible, some data are collected by using different classifications. For example, data on agricultural use of natural gas are collected and reported in the commercial sector, rather than in the industrial sector. Since agricultural use of natural gas cannot be identified separately, it is included in the commercial sector in this report. Another example is master-metered condominiums and apartments, and buildings with a combination of residential and commercial units. In many cases, the metering and billing practices cause residential energy usage of electricity, natural gas, or fuel oil to be included in the commercial sector. No adjustments for these discrepancies were made.

- 3. Conversion Factors: See the conversion factors listed in the Appendix.
- 4. Coal: Coal is anthracite, bituminous coal (including subbituminous coal), and lignite. Sources:
  - 1973-September 1977: U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), Bureau of Mines (BOM), Minerals Yearbook and Minerals Industry Surveys.

- Electric Utilities—October 1977 forward: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-759 (formerly Form FPC-4), "Monthly Power Plant Report."
- Other Industrial—October 1977-December 1979: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Monthly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; January 1980 forward: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants" and Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report."
- Coke Plants—October 1977-December 1980:
   EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke and Coal Chemicals
   Monthly/Annual"; January 1981-December 1984:
   EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke Plant Report
   Quarterly/Annual Supplement"; January 1985 forward:
   EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke Plant Report," quarterly.
- Residential and Commercial—October 1977-December 1979: EIA, Form EIA-2, "Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers - Upper Lake Docks"; January 1980 forward: EIA, Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report."
- 5. Natural Gas: Natural gas consumption by end use is based on data presented in Table 4.3 of this report. For Section 2 calculations, lease and plant fuel consumption are added to industrial deliveries, and pipeline fuel represents transportation use of natural gas. Values in Btu are derived by using the conversion factors provided in the Appendix. Sources:
  - 1973-1975: DOI, BOM, Minerals Yearbook, "Natural Gas" chapter.
  - 1976-1978: EIA, Energy Data Reports, "Natural Gas, Annual."
  - 1979: EIA, Natural Gas Production and Consumption 1979.
  - 1980-1990: EIA, Natural Gas Annual.
  - 1991 forward: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly.
  - Electric Utilities—1973-1976: Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; 1977-1981: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; 1982 forward: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
  - American Gas Association, "Monthly Gas Utility Statistical Report," residential and commercial monthly sales data for 1973-1979, which are used to estimate monthly consumption values from EIA annual consumption values.
- 6. Petroleum: Petroleum consumption by end use is the sum of all individual petroleum products estimated to be consumed in each end-use sector. First, total consumption by product is determined. Petroleum consumption in this section of the Monthly Energy Review (MER) is the series called "petroleum products"

supplied" in Section 3. Sources for petroleum products supplied by individual products are:

- 1973-1975: DOI, BOM, Mineral Industry Surveys, "Petroleum Statement, Annual."
- 1976-1980: EIA, Energy Data Reports, "Petroleum Statement, Annual."
- 1981-1990: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual.
- 1991 forward: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.

Specific petroleum products' end-use allocation procedures follow:

- Aviation Gasoline—All product supplied is assigned to the transportation sector.
- Asphalt—All product supplied is assigned to the industrial sector.
- Distillate Fuel—Product supplied is assigned to electric utilities and non-electric utilities as follows:

### Electric Utilities, All Periods.

Monthly and annual consumption for 1973-1979 is assumed to be the amount of oil (minus small amounts of kerosene and kerosene-type jet fuel deliveries) reported as consumed in internal combustion and gas turbine engine plants. From January 1980, electric utility consumption of distillate fuel is assumed to be the petroleum products reported as "light oil" (minus small amounts of kerosene deliveries through 1982) consumed at electric utilities.

Sources: 1973-September 1977: FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; October 1977-1981: FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; 1982 forward: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

# Non-Electric Utilities, Annual Estimates Through 1990.

The aggregate non-electric utility use of distillate fuel is total distillate fuel supplied minus the electric utility consumption. The non-electric utility annual totals are allocated into the individual non-electric utility sectors in proportion to the amount of distillate fuel delivered to end users, grouped into sectors from EIA's "Deliveries of Fuel Oil and Kerosene" ("Deliveries") reports (based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-821, previously Form EIA-172) as follows:

- Since 1979, residential deliveries data are directly from the "Deliveries" reports. Prior to 1979, each year's deliveries subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into residential, commercial, and industrial (including farm) in proportion to the 1979 shares.
- Since 1979, commercial deliveries data are directly from the "Deliveries" reports. Prior to

1979, each year's deliveries subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into residential, commercial, and industrial (including farm) in proportion to the 1979 shares.

- Since 1979, industrial deliveries data are the sum of deliveries for industrial, farm, oil company, off-highway, diesel, and all other uses. Prior to 1979, each year's deliveries subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into residential, commercial, and industrial (including farm) in proportion to the 1979 shares, and this estimated industrial portion is added to oil company, off-highway diesel, and all other uses.
- Transportation deliveries are the sum of deliveries for railroad, vessel bunkering, and onhighway diesel, and military uses for all years.

# Non-Electric Utilities, Monthly Estimates Through 1990.

- Residential and commercial monthly consumption is estimated by allocating the annual estimates described above into months in proportion to each month's share of the year's sales of No. 2 heating oil as reported in the "Monthly Report of Heating Oil Sales" by the Ethyl Corporation from 1973-1980 and the American Petroleum Institute for 1981 and 1982, and the EIA, Form EIA-782A, "Refiners/Gas Plant Operators' Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report," No. 2 Fuel Oil Sales to End Users and for Resale, since 1983.
- The transportation highway use portion is allocated into the months in proportion to each month's share of the year's total sales for highway use as reported by the Federal Highway Administration's Table MF-25, "Private and Commercial Highway Use of Special Fuels by Months." The remaining transportation use of distillate fuel (i.e., for railroads, vessel bunkering, and military use) is evenly distributed over the months, adjusted for the number of days per month.
- Industrial monthly estimates are made by subtracting the residential and commercial, transportation, and electric utility sector estimates from each month's total distillate fuel supplied.

### Non-Electric Utilities, 1991 Forward.

Each month's non-electric utility consumption subtotal is disaggregated into the major end-use sectors in proportion to the shares each sector held of the non-electric utility subtotal in the same month in 1990.

• Jet Fuel—Through 1982, small amounts of kerosene-type jet fuel were consumed by electric utilities. Kerosene-type jet fuel deliveries to electric utilities as reported on the Form FERC-423 (formerly Form FPC-423) were used as estimates of this consumption. All remaining jet fuel (kerosene-type and naphtha-type) is consumed by the transportation sector.

- Kerosene—Total product supplied monthly is allocated to the major end-use sectors in proportion to annual deliveries grouped into end-use sectors from EIA's "Deliveries of Fuel Oil and Kerosene" ("Deliveries") reports (based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-821, previously Form EIA-172), as follows:
  - Residential deliveries are directly from the "Deliveries" reports for 1979-1990. Deliveries for 1990 are used as estimates for succeeding periods. Prior to 1979, each year's deliveries category called "heating" is split into residential, commercial, and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares.
  - Commercial deliveries are directly from the "Deliveries" reports for 1979-1990. Deliveries for 1990 are used as estimates for succeeding periods. Prior to 1979, each year's deliveries category called "heating" is split into residential, commercial, and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares.
  - Industrial deliveries are directly from the "Deliveries" reports for 1979-1990. Deliveries for 1990 are used as estimates for succeeding periods. Prior to 1979, each year's deliveries category called "heating" is split into residential, commercial and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares, and this estimated industrial (including farm) portion is added to all other uses.
- Liquefied Petroleum Gases (LPG)—The annual shares of LPG's total consumption that are estimated to be consumed by each end-use sector are applied to each month's total LPG consumption (i.e., product supplied) to create monthly end-use consumption estimates. The annual enduse shares are calculated in the following manner:
  - Sales of LPG to the residential and commercial sector are converted from thousand gallons per year to thousand barrels per year and are assumed to be the annual consumption of LPG by the sector.
  - The quantity of LPG sold each year for consumption in internal combustion engines is allocated between the transportation and industrial sectors on the basis of data for special fuels used on highways published by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, in *Highway Statistics*. The allocations of LPG sold for internal combustion engine use to the transportation sector range from a high of 67 percent in 1981 to a low of 37 percent in 1987.
  - LPG consumed annually by the industrial sector is estimated as the difference between LPG's total supplied and the estimated consumption by the sum of the residential and commercial sector and the transportation sector. The industrial sector includes LPG used by chemical plants as raw materials or solvents and for use in the production of synthetic rubber; refinery fuel use; use as syn-

thetic natural gas feedstock and use in secondary recovery projects; all farm use; LPG sold to gas utility companies for distribution through the mains; and a portion of the use of LPG as an internal combustion engine fuel.

The sources of the annual sales data for creating annual end-use shares are:

- 1973-1982: EIA's "Sales of Liquefied Petroleum Gases and Ethane" reports, based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-174.
- 1983: End-use consumption estimates for 1983 are based on 1982 end-use consumption because the collection of data under Form EIA-174 was discontinued after data year 1982.
- 1984-1990: American Petroleum Institute (API), "Sales of Natural Gas Liquids and Liquefied Refinery Gases," which is based on an LPG sales survey jointly sponsored by API, the Gas Processors Association, and the National Liquefied Petroleum Gas Association.
- 1991 forward: The 1990 source is used to estimate succeeding periods.
- Lubricants—Total product supplied is allocated to the industrial and transportation sectors for all months according to proportions developed from annual sales of lubricants to the two sectors from U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Industrial Reports, "Sales of Lubricating and Industrial Oils and Greases." The 1973 shares are applied to 1973 and 1974; the 1975 shares are applied to 1975 and 1976; and the 1977 shares are applied to 1977 forward.
- Motor Gasoline—Total product supplied monthly is allocated to the major end-use sectors in proportion to aggregations of annual sales categories formed from the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Highway Statistics, Tables MF-21, MF-24, and MF-25, as follows:
  - Commercial sales are the sum of sales for public non-highway use and miscellaneous and unclassified uses.
  - Industrial sales are the sum of sales for agriculture, construction, and industrial and commercial use as classified in the *Highway Statistics*.
  - Transportation sales are the sum of sales for highway use (minus the sales of special fuels, which are primarily diesel fuel and are accounted for in the transportation sector of distillate fuel) and sales for marine use.
- Petroleum Coke—The portion consumed by electric utilities is from Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report" (formerly Form FPC-4). The remaining petroleum coke is assigned to the industrial sector.

 Residual Fuel—Product supplied is assigned to electric utilities and non-electric utilities as follows:

# Electric Utilities, All Periods.

Monthly and annual consumption for 1973-1979 is assumed to be the amount of oil reported as consumed in steam-electric power plants. From January 1980 forward, electric utility consumption of residual fuel is assumed to be the petroleum products reported as heavy oil consumed at electric utilities.

Sources: 1973-September 1977: Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; October 1977-1981: FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; 1982 forward: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

# Non-Electric Utilities, Annual Estimates Through 1990.

The aggregate non-electric utility use of residual fuel is total residual fuel supplied minus the electric utility consumption. The non-electric utility annual totals are allocated into the individual non-electric utility sectors in proportion to the amount of residual fuel delivered to end users, grouped into sectors from EIA's "Deliveries of Fuel Oil and Kerosene" ("Deliveries") reports (based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-821, previously Form EIA-172), as follows:

- Since 1979, commercial deliveries data are directly from the "Deliveries" reports. Prior to 1979, each year's deliveries subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into commercial and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares.
- Since 1979, industrial deliveries data are the sum of deliveries for industrial, oil company, and all other uses. Prior to 1979, each year's deliveries subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into commercial and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares, and this estimated industrial portion is added to oil company and all other uses.
- Transportation deliveries are the sum of deliveries for railroad, vessel bunkering, and military uses for all years.

# Non-Electric Utilities, Monthly Estimates Through 1990.

- Commercial sector monthly consumption is estimated by allocating the annual commercial sector estimates described above into months in proportion to each month's share of the year's sales of No. 2 fuel oil as reported in the "Monthly Report of Heating Oil Sales" by the Ethyl Corporation for 1973-1980 and the American Petroleum Institute for 1981 and 1982, and the EIA, Form EIA-782A, "Refiners/Gas Plant Operators' Monthly Petroleum Product Sales

Report," No. 2 Fuel Oil Sales to End Users and for Resale, since 1983.

- Transportation monthly estimates are made by evenly distributing the annual sector estimate over the months, adjusting for the number of days per month.
- Industrial monthly estimates are made by subtracting the commercial, transportation, and electric utility sector estimates from each month's total residual fuel supplied.

## Non-Electric Utilities, 1991 Forward.

Each month's non-electric utility consumption subtotal is disaggregated into the major end-use sectors in proportion to the shares each sector held of the non-electric utility subtotal in the same month in 1990.

- Road Oil—All product supplied is assigned to the industrial sector.
- All Other Petroleum Products—The product supplied of all remaining petroleum products is assigned to the industrial sector.
- 7. Nuclear Electric Power and Wood, Waste, Geothermal, Wind, Photovoltaic, and Solar Thermal Energy Sources Connected to Electric Utility Distribution Systems: Sources:
  - 1973-1976: FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
  - 1977-1981: FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
  - 1982 forward: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
- 8. Hydroelectric Power: Includes electricity generated by hydroelectric power at electric utilities, small amounts in the industrial sector, and net imports of electricity, which are assumed to be generated by hydroelectric power and are included in the electric utilities sector.

### Sources for electric utilities sector:

- 1973-1976: FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
- 1977-1981: FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
- 1982 forward: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

### Sources for industrial sector:

• 1973-1978: FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report," for plants with generating capacity exceeding 10 megawatts, and FPC, Form FPC-12C, Industrial Electric Generating Capacity, for all other plants.

- 1979: FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report," for plants with generating capacity exceeding 10 megawatts and EIA estimates for all other plants.
- 1980 forward: Annual generation estimated by EIA as the average generation over the 6-year period of 1974-1979; monthly generation estimated to be in proportion to each month's hydroelectricity generation in the electric utility industry in 1980.

Sources for imports and exports of electricity:

- 1973-September 1977: Unpublished Federal Power Commission data.
- October 1977-1980: Unpublished Economic Regulatory Administration (ERA) data.
- 1981: DOE, Office of Energy Emergency Operations, "Report on Electric Energy Exchanges with Canada and Mexico for Calendar Year 1981," April 1982 (revised June 1982).
- 1982 and 1983: DOE, ERA, Electricity Exchanges Across International Borders.
- 1984-1986: DOE, ERA, Electricity Transactions Across International Borders.
- 1987 and 1988: DOE, ERA, Form ERA-781R, "Annual Report of International Electrical Export/Import Data."
- 1989: DOE, Assistant Secretary for Fossil Energy, Form FE-781-R, "Annual Report of International Electrical Export/Import Data."
- 1990 forward: EIA estimates based on preliminary data from the National Energy Board of Canada and DOE, Assistant Secretary for Fossil Energy.
- 9. Net Imports of Coal Coke: Net imports means imports minus exports, and a minus sign indicates that exports are greater than imports. Sources:
  - 1973-1975: DOI, BOM, Minerals Yearbook, "Coke and Coal Chemicals" chapter.
  - 1976-1980: EIA, Energy Data Report, "Coke and Coal Chemicals" annual.
  - 1981: EIA, Energy Data Report, "Coke Plant Report," quarterly.
  - 1982 forward: EIA, Quarterly Coal Report.
- 10. Electricity: End-use consumption of electricity is based on Table 7.2 sales data. "Other," which is primarily for use in government buildings, is added to the commercial sector, except for approximately 4 percent used by railroads and railways and attributed to the transportation sector. For 1973-1983 and 1992 forward, "Monthly Series" data are used directly. For 1984-1991, monthly estimates are created by dividing each month's "Monthly Series" value by the "Monthly Series" total for the year and multiplying by the

"Annual Series" value for the year. Kilowatthours are converted to Btu at the rate of 3,412 Btu per kilowatthour. See Table 7.2 for sources of the electricity sales data.

11. Electrical System Energy Losses: Electrical system energy losses are calculated as the difference between total energy input at electric utilities and the total energy content of electricity sold to end-use consumers. Most of those losses occur at steam-electric power plants (conventional and nuclear) in the conversion of heat energy into mechanical energy to turn electric generators. The loss is a thermodynamically necessary feature of the steam-electric cycle. Part of the energy input-to-output losses is a result of imputing fossil energy equivalent inputs for hydroelectric and other energy sources, since there is no generally

accepted practice for measuring those thermal conversion rates. In addition to conversion losses, other losses include power plant use of electricity, transmission and distribution of electricity from power plants to end-use consumers (also called "line losses"), and unaccounted for electricity. Total losses are allocated to the end-use sectors in proportion to each sector's share of total electricity sales. Overall, approximately 67 percent of total energy input is lost in conversion; of electricity generated, approximately 5 percent is lost in plant use and 9 percent is lost in transmission and distribution. Calculated electrical system energy losses may be less than actual losses, because primary consumption does not include the energy equivalent of utility purchases of electricity from non-electric utilities and from Canada and Mexico, although they are included in electricity sales.

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# Section 3. Petroleum

Total petroleum imports<sup>2</sup> averaged 7.5 million barrels per day in June 1992, 3 percent<sup>3</sup> lower than the May 1992 rate and 9 percent lower than the June 1991 rate.

In June 1992, 16.2 million barrels per day of petroleum products were supplied for domestic use, 1 percent lower than the previous month and 4 percent lower than the June 1991 rate. Motor gasoline accounted for 46 percent of the total; distillate fuel oil, 17 percent; and residual fuel oil, 5 percent.

Motor gasoline supplied during June 1992 averaged 7.4 million barrels per day, 2 percent higher than the previous month but 1 percent lower than the June 1991 rate. Total motor gasoline stocks were 228 million barrels at the end of June 1992, 8 million barrels above the stock level in the previous month and 14 million barrels above the level 1 year earlier.

Distillate fuel oil supplied during June 1992 averaged 2.7 million barrels per day, 1 percent lower than the previous month and 2 percent below the June 1991 rate. Distillate fuel oil ending stocks for June 1992 were 106 million barrels, 9 million barrels above the stock level in the previous month but 8 million barrels below the stock level 1 year earlier.

Residual fuel oil supplied in June 1992 averaged 0.9 million barrels per day, 14 percent lower than the previous month and 32 percent lower than the June 1991 rate. Residual fuel oil stocks measured 43 million barrels at the end of June 1992, 3 million barrels above the stock level in the previous month but 1 million barrels below the stock level 1 year earlier.

Estimates (except of crude production) for the most current month are based on Energy Information Administration (EIA) weekly data and will be revised to conform with data from the EIA Petroleum Reporting System as available. For the most recent month, crude production is an EIA estimate based on historical and provisional data through March 1992.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Total import data include imports into the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Percentage changes are based on numbers shown in the following tables.

Table 3.1a Petroleum Overview: Field Production, Stock Change, Petroleum Products Supplied, and Ending Stocks

		Field Productio	n .	Stock	Change <sup>a</sup>		Ending Stocks
	Total Domestic <sup>c</sup>	Crude Oil	Natural Gas Plant Production	Crude Oil <sup>d</sup>	Petroleum Products	Petroleum Products Supplied	Crude Oil <sup>d</sup> an Petroleum Products
·			Thousand Ba	rrels per Day			Million Barrels
1973 Average	10.075	0.000	4 700				
1973 Average	10,975 10,498	9,208 8,774	1,738	-11	146	17,308	1,008
975 Average	10,045	8,375	1,688	62 <sup>9</sup> 17	117	16,653	<sup>9</sup> 1,074
976 Average	9,774	8,132	1,633 * 1,604		<sup>9</sup> 15	16,322	1,133
977 Average	9,913	8,245	1,618	39 170	-96	17,461	1,112
978 Average	10,328	8,707	1,567	170	378	18,431	1,312
979 Average	10,179	8,552	•	78 149	-172	18,847	1,278
980 Average	10,214	8,597	1,584	148	25	18,513	1,341
981 Average	10,230	8,572	1,573	98 <sup>9</sup> 290	42	17,056	<sup>9</sup> 1,392
982 Average	10,252		1,609		<sup>9</sup> -130	16,058	1,484
983 Average	10,299	8,649	1,550	136	-283	15,296	<sup>g</sup> 1,430
984 Average	•	8,688	1,559	<sup>9</sup> 214	9 -234	15,231	1,454
985 Average	10,554	8,879	1,630	199	81	15,726	1,556
OSE Average	10,636	8,971	1,609	50	-153	15,726	1,519
986 Average	10,289	8,680	1,551	78	124	16,281	1,593
987 Average	10,008	8,349	1,595	128	-87	16,665	1,607
988 Average	9,818	8,140	1,625	1	-29	17,283	1,597
989 Average	9,219	7,613	1,546	86	-129	17,325	1,581
990 January	9,178	7,546	1,541	273	1,284	16,964	1,630
February	9,147	7,497	1,570	-330	507	17,175	1,635
March	9,034	7,433	1,526	1,057	-823	17,087	1,642
April	8,979	7,407	1,493	26	-83	16,778	1,640
May	8,923	7,328	1,502	479	532	16,915	1,672
June	8,645	7,106	1,458	72	378	17,165	1,685
July	8,735	7,173	1,484	-154	929	17,084	1,709
August	8,931	7,287	1,575	-227	-113	18,050	1,699
September	8,891	7,224	1,597	-896	887	16,512	1,698
October	9,301	7,542	1,667	111	-879	16,934	1,674
November	9,155	7,387	1,690	-364	-322	16,695	1,654
December	9,019	7,338	1,604	-528	-544	16,494	1,621
Average	8,994	7,355	1,559	-35	142	16,988	1,621
91 January	9,255	7,500	1,647	-71	-1,027	16,893	1,587
February	9,424	7,637	1,695	231	-704	16,339	1,573
March	9,301	7,546	1,683	-239	-268	16,212	1,558
April	9,262	7,509	1,665	50	628	16,139	1,578
May	9,157	7,409	1,657	566	988	16,189	1,626
June	9,032	7,320	1,627	-299	546	16,878	1,634
July	9,056	7,347	1,622	-153	199	16,971	1,635
August	9,027	7,316	1,627	103	316	17,183	1,635
September	9,088	7,368	1,623	-156	653	16,848	1,663
October	9,212	7,437	1,686	51	-659	16,996	1,644
November	9,129	7,328	1,697	43	62	16,730	1,644
December	9,089	7,299	1,686	-611	-365		• • •
Average	9,168	7,417	1,659	-42	32	17,145 <b>16,714</b>	1,617 <b>1,617</b>
92 January	E 9,184	E 7,363		E04			
February	E9,170	E 7,363	1,686	534	-773	16,982	1,608
March	-9,170 E9,119	- /,3/3 E7 21 E	1,694	176	-967	16,885	1,585
April	E 9,086	E 7,315	1,695	-247	-273	16,789	1,569
	RE 8,902	E 7,291	1,704	310	75	16,772	1,581
May	PE 9,018	RE 7,110 PE 7,217	R 1,701	R-150	R811	R 16,412	R 1,601
June 6-Month Average	PE 9,079	PE 7,217	<sup>E</sup> 1,699 <sup>E</sup> 1,696	<sup>E</sup> -532 <sup>E</sup> 15	E 1,236 E 22	E 16,210 E 16,674	E 1,615 E 1,615
•			·	13	22	10,074	- 1,015
91 6-Month Average	9,237	7,485 7,386	1,662	38	33	16,443	1,634
990 6-Month Average	8,983	7,386	1,515	275	298	17,012	1,685

<sup>\*</sup> Due to differences internal to Energy Information Administration data processing systems, some small discrepancies exist between the data in this table and the data in the Petroleum Supply Annual and Petroleum Supply Monthly. See Note 6 at end of section.

a A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.

Stocks are totals as of end of period.

Includes crude oil, natural gas plant liquids, other hydrocarbons, and alcohol.

d Includes stocks located in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

Footnotes continued on following page.

Table 3.1b Petroleum Overview: Imports, Exports, and Net Imports

		Imports			Exports		
<u> </u>	Total	Crude Oil <sup>e</sup>	Petroleum Products	Total	Crude Oil	Petroleum Products	Net Imports
			Tho	usand Barrels pe	r Day		
Average	6,256	3,244	3,012	231	2	229	6,025
Average	6,112	3,477	2,635	221	3	218	5,892
Average	6,056	4,105	1,951	209	6	204	5,846
Average	7,313	5,287	2,026	223	8	215	7,090
Average	•	6,615	2,193	243	50	193	8,565
Average	8,807	6,356	2,008	362	158	204	8,002
Average	8,363	6,519	1,937	* 471	235	* 236	* 7,985
Average	8,456		1,646	544	287	258	6,365
Average	6,909	5,263	•	595	228	367	5,401
Average	5,996	4,396	1,599	815	236	579	4,298
Average	5,113	3,488	1,625		164	575	4,312
Average	5,051	3,329	1,722	739		541	4,715
Average	5,437	3,426	2,011	722	181		4,286
Average	5,067	3,201	1,866	781	204	577	
Average	6,224	4,178	2,045	785	154	631	5,439
Average	6,678	4,674	2,004	764	151	613	5,914
Average	7,402	5,107	2,295	815	155	661	6,587
Average	8,061	5,843	2,217	859	142	717	7,202
January	9.197	6,212	2,985	709	132	578	8,488
February	8,399	5,895	2,505	822	102	720	7,57
March	7,965	6,117	1,848	880	132	748	7,08
	7.858	5,813	2,045	761	111	649	7,09
April	8.834	6,454	2,380	690	112	578	8,14
May	8,747	6.423	2,323	803	88	715	7,94
June		6,855	2,193	696	89	606	8,35
July	9,048		2,192	850	64	785	7,79
August	8,644	6,452		847	68	779	6.514
September	7,361	5,664	1,698	949	104	844	5.76
October	6,717	5,132	1,585		137	948	5.91
November	7,003	5,085	1,918	1,085	162	1,026	5,25
December	6,439	4,611	1,828	1,187		748	7,16
Average	8,018	5,894	2,123	857	109	740	7,10
January	7,103	5,296	1,808	1,199	50	1,149 1,288	5,90 5,42
February	6,865	5,485	1,380	1,441	152	807	5,70
March	6,646	5,166	1,480	944	137		6.68
April	7,418	5,529	1,888	737	162	575	
May	8,518	6,363	2,155	1,149	165	984	7,36
June	8,245	6,334	1,911	921	78	843	7,32
July	7,755	5,955	1,801	963	139	824	6,79
August	8,670	6,645	2,025	837	55	783	7,83
September	7,826	5,812	2,015	785	109	676	7,04
October	7.467	5,683	1,784	918	92	826	6,55
	7,615	5,528	2,087	926	126	800	6,69
November	7,337	5,565	1,772	1,213	133	1,081	6,12
December		5,782	1,844	1,001	116	885	6,62
Average	7,627	5,702	1,044				
January	7,593 6.754	5,885 5,033	1,708 1,721	1,144 852	118 22	1,026 829	6,44 5,90
February	6,754		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	912	105	807	6,12
March	7,036	5,319	1,718	937	23	914	7,12
April	8,067	6,113	1,954 8 4 700	885 R 885	R 106	R 779	R 6,86
May	R 7,754	R 6,025	R 1,729		E 110	E 732	€ 6,69
June	€ 7,539	E 5,872	E 1,667	E 842		E 848	E 6,53
6-Month Average	<sup>E</sup> 7,461	E 5,712	E 1,749	E 930	E 81	- 640	- 0,33
6-Month Average	7,472	5,696	1,775	1,062	124	938	6,41
0 6-Month Average	8,504	6,157	2,347	777	113	664	7,72

Footnotes continued.

9 Includes crude oil for storage in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

Net imports equals imports minus exports.

<sup>9</sup> In January 1975, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to surveys affecting stocks reported and stock change calculations. See Note 4 at end of section.

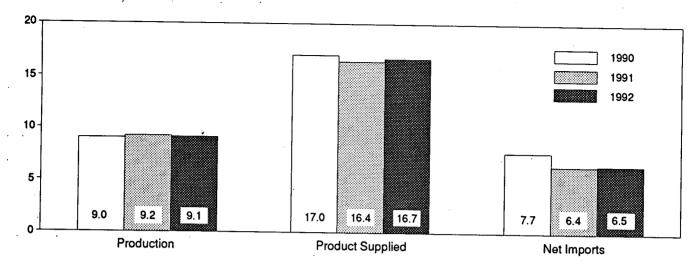
PE=Preliminary estimate. R=Revised data. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Crude oil includes lease condensate. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

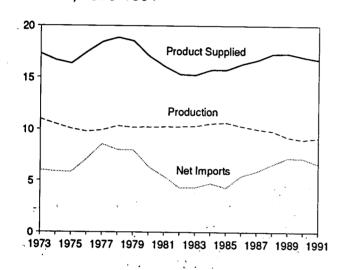
Source: Energy Information Administration, Petroleum Supply Monthly, July 1992, Table S1.

Figure 3.1 Petroleum Overview (Million Barrels per Day)

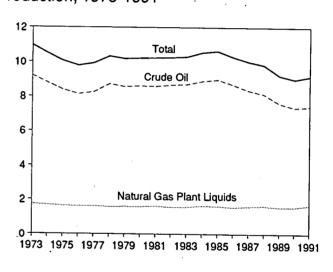
# Overview, January-June



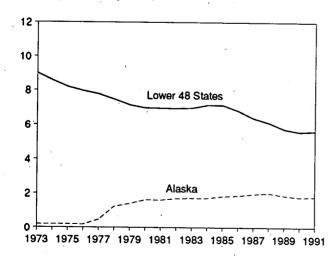
# Overview, 1973-1991



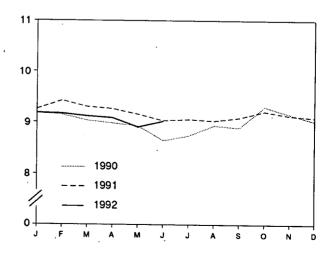
Production, 1973-1991



Crude Oil Production, 1973-1991



Total Production, Monthly



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Tables 3.1a, 3.1b, and 3.2a.

Figure 3.1 Petroleum Overview (Continued)

Distillate Fuel

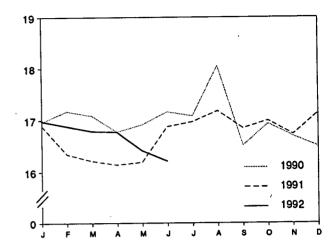
Product Supplied, 1973-1991

Residual Fuel

# 15 - Total

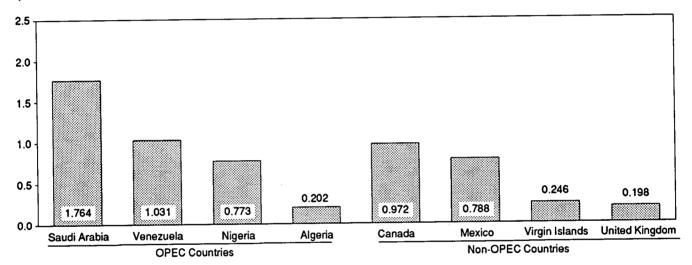
Motor Gasoline

Total Product Supplied, Monthly

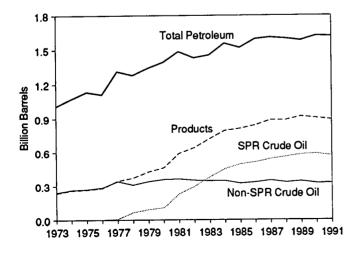


Imports from Selected Countries, May 1992

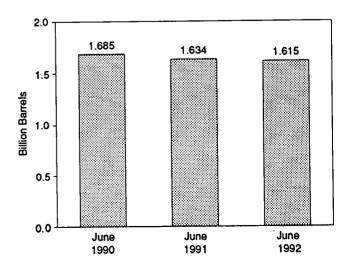
1973 1975 1977 1979 1981 1983 1985 1987 1989



Stocks, End of Year, 1973-1991



Total Petroleum Stocks, End of Month



Note: OPEC = Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries.

Note: SPR = Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Tables 3.1a, 3.2b, 3.3a, 3.3b, 3.3d-3.3h, 3.4, 3.5, and 3.6.

Table 3.2a Crude Oil Supply and Disposition: Supply

	34,			Supply			
	Field Pr	roduction		Imports			
	Total Domestic	Alaskan	Total	SPRC	Other	Unaccounted- for Crude Oil <sup>d</sup>	Crude Oil Used Directly <sup>e</sup>
			The	ousand Barrels per	Day		
1973 Average	9,208	198	3,244		2.244		
1974 Average	8,774	193	3,477	-	3,244	3	-19
1975 Average	8,375	191	4,105	_	3,477	-25	-15
1976 Average	8,132	173	5,287	_	4,105	<u>17</u>	-17
1977 Average	8,245	464	6,615	21	5,287 6.504	77	* -19
1978 Average	8,707	1,229	6,356	* 161	6,594	<u>-6</u>	-14
1979 Average	8,552	1,401	6,519	67	6,195	-57	<b>*</b> -15
1980 Average	8,597	1,617	5,263	44	6,452 5 310	-11	*-14
1981 Average	8,572	1,609	4,396	256	5,219	34	* -14
1982 Average	8,649	1,696	3,488		4,141	83	-58
1983 Average	8,688	1,714	3,329	165	3,323	71	-59
1984 Average	8,879	1,722	•	234	3,096	114	-
1985 Average	8,971	1,825	3,426 3,201	197	3,229	185	-
1986 Average	8,680	1,867	•	118	3,083	145	-
1987 Average	8,349	1,962	4,178 4,674	48	4,130	139	-
1988 Average	8,140	2,017	_*	73	4,601	145	-
1989 Average	7,613	1,874	5,107 5,843	51 56	5,055 5,787	196 200	-
1990 January	7,546	1,864	6,212	24	6,188	178	
February	7,497	1,834	5,895	12	5,883		_
March	7,433	1,819	6,117	44	6,073	-98 540	-
April	7,407	1,802	5,813	38	5,775	540	-
May	7,328	1,765	6,454	89	6,365	-9 225	-
June	7,106	1,612	6,423	17			_
July	7,173	1,687	6,855	· ′ ′ ′ ′ ′ ′ ′ ′ ′ ′ ′ ′ ′ ′ ′ ′ ′ ′ ′	6,407	349	-
August	7,287	1,727	6,452	95	6,855	150	-
September	7,224	1,702	5,664	0	6,357 5,004	259	-
October	7,542	1,884	5,132	0	5,664	402	-
November	7,387	1,746	5,085	0	5,132	382	
December	7,338	1,838	4,611	0	5,085	269	-
Average	7,355	1,773	5,894	27	4,611 <b>5,867</b>	409 <b>258</b>	_
1991 January	7,500	1,848	5,296	0	5,296	-59	
February	7,637	1,908	5,485	ŏ	5,485	324	-
March	7,546	1,887	5,166	ő	5,166	324 43	-
April	7,509	1,798	5,529	ŏ	5,529	236	-
May	7,409	1,771	6,363	ŏ	6,363	513	_
June	7,320	1,757	6,334	Ō	6,334	59	_
July	7,347	1,775	5,955	ō	5,955	403	_
August	7,316	1,731	6,645	ŏ	6,645	11	-
September	7,368	1,787	5,812	Ö	5,812	484	-
October	7,437	1,843	5,683	ő	5,683	-59	_
November	7,328	1,765	5,528	ŏ	5,528	263	_
December	7,299	1,718	5,565	Õ	5,565		_
Average	7,417	1,798	5,782	ŏ	5,782	146 <b>195</b>	-
1992 January	E 7,363	E 1,789	5,885	0	5,885	353	
February	E 7,373	<sup>E</sup> 1.808	5,033	ŏ	5,033	298	<del>-</del>
March	E 7.315	E 1.785	5,319	ŏ	5,319	320	
April	E 7,291	E 1.741	6.113	ŏ	6,113	194	<del>-</del>
May	RE 7.110	HE 1.682	<sup>R</sup> 6.025	Õ	R 6,025	R 504	<del>-</del>
June	PE 7 217	PE 1.710	<sup>£</sup> 5.872	E 34	E 5,838	E 481	<del>-</del>
6-Month Average	PE 7,277	PE 1,752	E 5,712	E 6	<sup>E</sup> 5,706	E 359	-
1991 6-Month Average	7,485	1,827	5,696	0	5,696	184	_
1990 6-Month Average	7,386	1,783	6,157	38	6,119	203	-

<sup>•</sup> Due to differences internal to Energy Information Administration data processing systems, some small discrepancies exist between the data in this table and the data in the Petroleum Supply Annual and Petroleum Supply Monthly. See Note 6 at end of section.

a Stocks are totals as of end of period.

b A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.

<sup>c</sup> Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

d A balancing item.

A balancing item.
 Beginning in January 1983, crude oil used directly as fuel is shown as product supplied.
 Stocks of Alaskan crude oil in transit are included beginning in January 1981. See Note 5 at end of section.
 Stock change is calculated by using new basis stock levels. See Note 4 at end of section.
 Footnotes continued on following page.

Table 3.2b Crude Oil Supply and Disposition: Disposition and Ending Stocks

			Disp	osition			E	nding Stocks	
	Crude		change <sup>b</sup>	Refinery	F	Product	Total	SPRC	Other Primar
	Losses	SPR	Other Thousand B	Input Sarrels per Day	Exports	Supplied <sup>9</sup>		Million Barrels	L
'3 Average	13	-	-11	12,431	2	-	242	_	242 265
74 Average	13	-	62	12,133	3	-	265 271	_	271
75 Average	13	-	17	12,442	6	-		_	285
76 Average	*14	-	39	13,416	.8	-	285	7	340
77 Average	16	20	150	14,602	50	-	348	6 <b>7</b>	309
'8 Average	16	163	. <b>-84</b>	14,739	158	_	376		339
79 Average	16	67	81	14,648	235	-	430	91	
10 Average	* 14	45	52	13,481	287	-	1 466	108	1358
1 Average	5	336	<sup>1</sup> -46	12,470	228	_	594	230	363
	3	174	-38	11,774	236	-	<sup>9</sup> 644	294	9 350
2 Average	2	234	9 -20	11,685	164	66	723	379	34
3 Average		195	4	12,044	181	64	796	451	34
4 Average	2		-67	12,002	204	60	814	493	32
5 Average	.1	117			154	49	843	512	33
6 Average	(s)	50	28	12,716		34	890	541	34
7 Average	(s)	80	49	12,854	151	40	890	560	33
8 Average	(s)	52	-51	13,246	155		921	580	34
9 Average	(s)	56	30	13,401	142	28	921	300	54
0 January	(s)	24	249	13,491	132	40	930	581	34
February	Ö	12	-342	13,487	102	36	920	581	33
March	0	44	1,013	12,876	132	24	953	582	37
April	(s)	38	-12	13,051	111	24	954	583	37
May	)	89	389	13,386	112	30	969	586	38
	(s)	16	56	13,689	88	29	971	587	38
June	(3)	0	-154	14,212	89	31	966	587	37
July		94	-321	14,142	64	18	959	590	37
August	(s)			•	68	14	932	590	34
September	(s)	(s)	-897	14,104	104	15	936	589	34
October	(s)	-8	120	12,825		13	925	586	33
November	(s)	-111	-253	12,953	137	15	908	586	32
December	(s)	-10	-517	12,708	162			586	32
Average	(s)	16	-51	13,409	109	24	908	300	34
1 January	0	0	-71	12,735	50	23	906	586	32 33
February	0	-147	379	13,046	152	17	913	582	
March	(s)	-422	183	12,839	137	18	905	568	33
April	(s)	0	50	13,042	162	. 21	907	568	3
May	(s)	0	566	13,539	165	15	924	568	3
June	(s)	(s)	-299	13,918	78	16	915	568	34
July	, o	(s)	-153	13,703	139	15	911	569	34
	ŏ	(s)	103	13,800	55	13	914	569	34
August	ő	(0)	-156	13,694	109	16	909	569	34
September	_		51	12,896	92	22	911	569	34
October	(s)	(s)			126	22	912	569	34
November	(s)	(s)	43	12,929	133	23	893	569	3
December	0	(s)	-611	13,465		18	893	569	32
Average	(s)	-47	5	13,301	116	10	033	303	•
92 January	0	(s)	534	12,923	118	26	910	569 5 <b>*</b> 0	34
February	(s)	0	176	12,488	22	17	915	5169	3.
March	`ó	(s)	-247	13,077	105	18	907	569	33
April	Ö	0	310	13.254	23	_ 11	_916	569	_ 34
May	RÕ	R (s)	R-150	R 13,673	<sup>R</sup> 106	R 10	R912	<b>_</b> 569	P 34
	E (S)	E 34	E -566	E 13,979	E 110	E 15	E 901	€ 570	E 30
June 6-Month Average	ε (s)	Ĕ <b>6</b>	E 9	E 13,236	E 81	E 16	<sup>E</sup> 901	<sup>E</sup> 570	€ 3:
•		0.E	133	13,185	124	18	915	568	34
91 6-Month Average	(s) (s)	-95 38	237	13,165	113	30	971	587	3

Footnotes continued.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Petroleum Supply Monthly, July 1992, Table S2.

PE=Preliminary estimate. R=Revised data. -=Not applicable. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Notes: • Crude oil includes lease condensate. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Table 3.3a Petroleum Imports: Algeria, Iraq, Kuwait, and Libya

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

_				Arab C	PECa			
	Alg	geria		Iraq	Ku	waitc	L	ibya
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil
1973 Average	136	120	4	4	47	42	164	133
1974 Average	190	180	0	Ö	5	5	4	155
1975 Average	282	264	2	2	16	4	232	223
1976 Average	432	408	26	26	5	i	453	444
1977 Average	559	544	74	74	48	42	723	
1978 Average	649	634	62	62	6	5	654	704
1979 Average	636	608	88	88	8	5		638
1980 Average	488	456	28	28	27		658	642
1981 Average	311	261	(s)	0	0	27	554	548
1982 Average	170	90	3	3	_	0	319	317
1983 Average	240	176		-	5	2	26	23
1984 Average	323		10	10	14	7	0	0
1984 Average		194	12	12	36	24	1	0
1985 Average	187	84	46	46	21	4	4	0
1986 Average	271	.78	81	81	68	28	0	0
1987 Average	295	115	83	82	84	70	0	0
1988 Average	300	58	345	343	92	80	0	0
1989 Average	269	60	449	441	157	155	0	0
1990 January	413	97	690	657	250	250	0	0
February	282	47	500	488	150	140	Ö	ō
March	301	67	585	580	100	82	ŏ	ŏ
April	234	62	588	588	50	50	ŏ	ŏ
May	259	38	727	724	64	64	ŏ	ŏ
June	333	72	708	708	105	94	ŏ	ŏ
July	308	70	1,120	1,120	43	33	0	0
August	360	80	966	966	243	207	ő	-
September	279	69	318	318	33	33	0	0
October	173	15	0	0	33	33 0	Ö	0
November	177	46	ŏ	Ö	_	-	•	0
December	242	92	0	0	0	0	0	0
Average	280	63	518	514	0 <b>86</b>	0 <b>7</b> 9	0 <b>0</b>	0
1991 January	327	48	0	•		_	_	
	246		-	0	0	0	0	0
February		. 20	0	0	0	0	0	0
March	222	45	0	0	0	0	0	0
April	282	74	0	0	0	0	0	0
May	308	72	0	0	0	0	0	0
June	304	37	0	0	0	0	0	0
July	202	28	0	0	0	0	0	0
August	182	16	0	0	0	0	0	0
September	205	19	0	0	34	34	0	0
October	235	53	0	0	33	33	0	O
November	278	58	0	0	0	0	Ö	Õ
December	247	54	0	0	0	Ö	ō	ŏ
Average	253	44	0	0	6	6	Ŏ	ŏ
1992 January	217	37	0	0	0	0	0	0
February	218	57	ŏ	Ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ő
March	215	37	ŏ	Ö	Ö	Ö	0	_
April	182	19	ŏ	Ö	Ö	0	0	0
May	202	7	ő	0	0		_	0
5-Month Average	207	31	0	0	0	0 <b>0</b>	0 <b>0</b>	0 <b>0</b>
1991 5-Month Average	278	52	. 0	•	•	_	-	•
1990 5-Month Average	299	63	-	0 610	0	0	0	0
manni vaci aña	233	03	621	610	123	117	0	0

Table 3.3b Petroleum Imports: Qatar, Saudi Arabia, U.A.E., and Total Arab OPEC (Thousand Barrels per Day)

			Arab	OPECa				
	Q	ıtar	Saudi	Arabia <sup>c</sup>	United Ara	ab Emirates		otal OPEC <sup>a</sup>
	Total	Crude Oli	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oi
973 Average	7	7	486	462	71	71	915	838
974 Average	17	17	461	438	74	69	752	713
975 Average	18	18	715	701	117	117	1,383	1,330
76 Average	24	24	1,230	1,222	254	254	2,424	2,378
	67	67	1,380	1,373	335	333	3,185	3,136
77 Average	64	64	1,144	1,142	385	385	2,963	2,930
78 Average	31	31	1,356	1,347	281	281	3,058	3,002
79 Average				1,250	172	172	2,551	2,503
980 Average	22	22	1,261		81	'77	1,848	1,774
81 Average	7	7	1,129	1,112			854	736
982 Average	. 7	7	552	530	92	81		533
983 Average	(s)	0	337	321	30	18	632	
84 Average	5	4	325	309	117	90	819	634
85 Average	(s)	0	168	132	45	35	472	300
986 Average	13	12	685	618	44	38	1,162	854
987 Average	0	0	751	642	61	56	1,274	965
988 Average	0	0	1,073	911	29	23	1,839	1,415
989 Average	2	2	1,224	1,116	28	21	2,130	1,794
90 January	0	0	1,214	1,055	37	0	2,605	2,060
February	0	0	1,557	1,372	18	18	2,506	2,065
March	0	0	1,157	1,060	17	17	2,161	1,805
April	43	43	1,149	950	9	0	2,073	1,693
May	Ö	0	1,225	1,076	73	60	2,349	1,963
June	ŏ	ŏ	1,153	1,041	20	0	2,318	1,916
	ŏ	ŏ	1,369	1,242	13	13	2,853	2,478
July	ŏ	ŏ	1,189	1,052	ō	Ö	2,757	2,305
August	Ö	0	1,286	1,168	ŏ	ŏ	1,915	1,588
September	0	0	1,619	1,473	ŏ	ŏ	1,792	1,488
October	-			1,473	ő	ŏ	1,758	1,477
November	0	0	1,581	•	14	ŏ	1,843	1,523
Average	0 4	0 4	1,587 <b>1,339</b>	1,431 <b>1,195</b>	17	9	2,244	1,864
-	0	0	1,934	1,782	0	0	2,261	1,830
991 January	-		•	1,538	ŏ	Ö	1,812	1,559
February	0	0	1,566	•	ŏ	ŏ	1,905	1,691
March	0	0	1,683	1,646	_	0		1,776
April	0	0	1,764	1,702	. 0	-	2,046	•
May	0	0	2,258	2,053	0	0	2,566	2,124
June	0	0	1,841	1,795	0	0	2,145	1,832
July	O	0	1,725	1,641	0	0	1,928	1,670
August	0	0	2,019	1,964	7	0	2,208	1,980
September	0	0	1,708	1,562	0	0	1,947	1,615
October	0	0	1,671	1,545	18	18	1,956	1,649
November	0	0	1,778	1,626	16	0	2,072	1,684
December	0	0	1,645	1,566	0	0	1,892	1,620
Average	Ō	0	1,802	1,703	3	2	2,064	1,754
992 January	0	0	1,971	1,865	18	0	2,206	1,902
February	0	0	1,776	1,687	0	0	1,995	1,745
March	Ö	0	1,707	1,568	0	0	1,922	1,605
April	ŏ	ō	1,734	1,524	0	0	1,916	1,543
May	ŏ	ŏ	1,764	1,584	Ō	Ō	1,966	1,591
5-Month Average	ŏ	ŏ	1,791	1,646	4	ō	2,002	1,677
991 5-Month Average	0	0	1,847	1,749	0	0	2,125	1,801
990 5-Month Average	9	9	1,255	1,098	31	19	2,337	1,916

Table 3.3c Petroleum Imports: Ecuador, Gabon, Indonesia, and Iran (Thousand Barrels per Day)

<u> </u>				Non-Ara	o OPECa		<u> </u>	
	Ecu	uador	G	abon	Indo	nesia	ı	lran .
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil
1973 Average	48	47	0	0	213	200	223	216
1974 Average	42	42	23	23	300	284	469	463
1975 Average	57	57	27	27	390	379		
976 Average	51	51	28	26	539		280	278
977 Average	57	55	42	26 35	539 541	537	298	298
978 Average	54	38	41	38		507	535	530
979 Average	42	30	42		573	533	555	554
980 Average	27	17	26	42 25	420	380	304	297
981 Average	48	38		25 25	348	314	9	8
	42		35	35	366	318	0	0
982 Average		32	40	40	248	226	35	35
983 Average	61	56	59	59	338	315	48	48
984 Average	55	47	58	57	343	304	10	10
985 Average	67	56	52	51	314	292	27	27
986 Average	77	64	26	25	318	297	19	19
987 Average	29	23	35	35	285	262	98	98
988 Average	47	33	16	15	205	186	d (s)	<sup>d</sup> (s)
989 Average	89	80	50	49	183	158	Ò	Ö
990 January	48	35	75	75	153	118	0	0
February	60	40	43	43	254	189	0	0
March	49	38	134	134	138	97	ō	ŏ
April	31	29	32	28	88	80	ŏ	ŏ
May	17	12	27	27	85	77	ő	ő
June	98	86	59	59	138	129	Ö	0
July	60	43	69	69	143	137	ő	0
August	81	69	119	119	69	55	Ö	_
September	43	37	59	59	111		_	0
October	49	43	50	59 50		111	0	0
November	13	13	71		88	88	0	0
				71	72	72	0	0
December Average	35 49	12 38	30 <b>64</b>	30 <b>64</b>	45 114	36 98	0 <b>0</b>	0 <b>0</b>
991 January	18	6	41	41	70	70	•	
February	66	55	95			70 150	0	0
March	67	58	95 29	95 20	162	153	0	0
	35			29	93	93	0	0
April	109	24	72 06	72	69	69	0	0
May		103	96 70	96	97	97	0	0
June	129	126	70	70	187	187	0	0
July	62	47	137	137	88	88	81	81
August	112	93	56	56	93	87	48	48
September	31	25	91	91	83	64	152	152
October	30	24	137	137	118	91	43	43
November	55	48	91	91	120	96	64	64
December	41	23	91	91	163	134	0	0
Average	63	53	84	84	111	102	32	32
992 January	23	23	91	91	125	117	0	0
February	37	24	105	105	39	39	Ō	ō
March	26	26	25	25	85	83	ō	ō
April	53	46	186	186	54	49	ŏ	ŏ
May	51	51	135	135	155	133	ŏ	ŏ
5-Month Average	38	34	108	108	93	85	ŏ	ŏ
991 5-Month Average	59	49	66	66	97	96	0	0
990 5-Month Average	41	31	63	62	142	111	ŏ	ŏ

Table 3.3d Petroleum Imports: Nigeria, Venezuela, Total Non-Arab OPEC, and Total OPEC

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

		Non-Arab	OPECa			l		
	Nig	erla	Ven	ezuela		otal ab OPEC <sup>a</sup>		otal PEC <sup>a</sup>
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude O
973 Average	459	448	1,135	344	2,078	1,257	2,993	2,095
974 Average	713	697	979	319	2,527	1,827	3,280	2,540
	762	746	702	395	2,219	1,882	3,601	3,211
975 Average	1,025	1,014	700	241	2,642	2,167	5,066	4,545
776 Average		1,130	690	250	3,008	2,507	6,193	5,643
77 Average	1,143	•		181	2,788	2,254	5,751	5,184
78 Average	919	910	646			•		
79 Average	1,080	1,069	690	293	2,579	2,110	5,637	5,112
80 Average	857	841	481	156	1,749	1,361	4,300	3,864
81 Average	620	611	406	147	1,476	1,149	3,323	2,922
82 Average	514	510	412	155	1,291	998	2,146	1,734
83 Average	302	301	422	164	1,231	944	1,862	1,477
84 Average	216	207	548	253	1,230	878	2,049	1,512
85 Average	293	280	605	306	1,358	1,012	1,830	1,312
	440	437	793	416	1,674	1,259	2,837	2,113
86 Average		529	804	488	1,787	1,435	3,060	2,400
87 Average	535						3,520	
)88 Average	618	607	794	439	1,681	1,281		2,696
989 Average	815	800	873	495	2,010	1,582	4,140	3,376
90 January	830	830	1,155	696	2,260	1,754	4,865	3,813
February	833	816	898	564	2,088	1,652	4,594	3,717
March	1,054	1,031	893	543	2,268	1,843	4,429	3,648
April	969	941	1,005	692	2,125	1,772	4,198	3,465
May	1,008	997	1.087	705	2,225	1,818	4,574	3,781
•		760	1,070	704	2,142	1,737	4.460	3,653
June	778		•					4,246
July	860	855	1,007	665	2,139	1,769	4,992	•
August	881	881	1,014	617	2,164	1,741	4,921	4,046
September	755	743	1,062	740	2,029	1,690	3,944	3,277
October	557	536	982	717	1,725	1,434	3,517	2,921
November	574	555	1,142	725	1,871	1,435	3,629	2,912
December	499	461	975	616	1,585	1,155	3,428	2,678
Average	800	784	1,025	666	2,052	1,650	4,296	3,514
991 January	504	481	1,005	673	1.637	1,271	3,898	3,101
February	721	717	959	686	2,003	1,705	3,815	3,264
March	531	531	998	631	1,718	1,342	3,623	3,033
	677	649	845	470	1,698	1,283	3.744	3.059
April			997	581	2,158	1,715	4,724	3,839
May	860	838						
June	832	827	1,135	705	2,354	1,915	4,498	3,747
July	833	817	1,102	683	2,304	1,855	4,232	3,525
August	1,016	983	1,070	701	2,394	1,966	4,602	3,946
September	489	467	1,163	790	2,009	1,589	3,956	3,204
October	651	623	1,087	777	2,067	1,694	4,023	3,343
November	704	674	1,065	671	2,099	1,644	4,171	3,328
December	617	593	987	655	1,899	1,496	3,791	3,116
Average	703	683	1,035	668	2,028	1,622	4,092	3,377
•	Ena	ECC	1 105	707	1,935	1,583	4,141	3,485
92 January	593	566	1,105	787 655			3,506	
February	322	303	1,008	655	1,511	1,126		2,871
March	441	409	1,098	793	1,676	1,336	3,598	2,941
April	798	788	1,058	710	2,148	1,779	4,064	3,322
May	773	773	1,031	745	2,145	1,837	4,111	3,428
5-Month Average	587	570	1,061	739	1,886	1,536	3,888	3,213
91 5-Month Average	657	642	962	607	1,841	1,460	3,965	3,261

Table 3.3e Petroleum Imports: Angola, Australia, Bahama Islands, Brazil, Canada, and China

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

						Non-C	PECP					
i	Ar	ngola	Αu	ıstralia		hama lands	E	Irazii	C	anada		China
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oi
1973 Average	49	49	2	0	174	0	9	0	1,325	1,001	(s)	0
1974 Average	49	48	1	0	164	0	2	0	1,070	791	``0	Ō
1975 Average	75	71	5	0	152	0	5	0	846	600	0	Ö
1976 Average	12	7	2	0	118	0	0	. 0	599	371	0	Ö
1977 Average	24	17	3	0	171	0	0	0	517	279	0	0
1978 Average	20	6	5	0	160	0	0	0	467	248	. 0	0
1979 Average	43	39	6	0	147	0	1	0	538	271	13	13
1980 Average	42	37	1	0	78	0	3	1	455	199	(s)	0
1981 Average	49	45	5	. 0	74	0	23	14	447	164	18	0
1982 Average	44	42	5	(s)	65	Ō	47	19	482	214	40	8
1983 Average	78	71	4	0	125	0	41	2	547	274	34	6
1984 Average	90	85	38	25	88	Ō	60	(s)	630	341	46	15
1985 Average	110	104	37	21	40	Ō	61	0	770	468	59	36
1986 Average	112	102	41	30	37	0	50	0	807	570	90	68
1987 Average	192	180	58	49	37	Ō	84	0	848	608	82	63
1988 Average	212	203	64	59	32	Ō	98	0	999	681	88	82
1989 Average	284	279	36	31	34	0	82	0	931	630	80	76
1990 January	262	262	41	41	80	0	48	0	982	605	121	121
February	346	346	58	55	78	0	45	0	946	585	53	51
March	296	296	41	41	35	0	8	0	850	583	83	83
April	281	281	25	20	51	0	40	Ó	925	617	80	74
May	235	235	69	69	29	0	114	0	981	654	66	65
June	260	260	44	44	36	0	82	0	942	699	49	43
July	303	303	126	101	25	0	93	0	899	659	132	122
August	134	134	56	33	40	0	45	0	952	676	79	77
September	135	123	57	45	45	0	8	0	924	632	47	42
October	139	139	31	31	9	0	12	0	917	636	85	85
November	238	238	28	28	0	0	74	0	902	645	113.	113
December	224	224	64	60	13	0	16	0	987	713	47	47
Average	237	236	53	47	37	0	49	0	934	643	80	77
1991 January	232	232	21	21	25	0	31	0	978	718	68	63
February	202	202	0	0	14	0	13	0	1,135	881	102	96
March	- 186	186	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	1,058	764	96	96
April	337	337	55	55	35	0	17	0	1,103	768	113	113
May	220	220	64	57	42	0	31	0	1,027	752	119	113
June	205	205	43	31	30	0	41	0	986	705	144	139
July	264	264	20	20	19	0	21	0	848	615	88	88
August	298	298	37	22	78	0	27	0	1,011	694	85	75
September	230	230	24	24	29	0	19	0	1,137	849	91	86
October	300	300	13	0	51	0	16	0	936	639	29	24
November	213	213	25	13	46	0	45	0	1,107	796	96	96
December Average	359 <b>254</b>	359 <b>254</b>	13 <b>26</b>	13 21	53 <b>35</b>	0 <b>0</b>	8 <b>22</b>	0	1,083 <b>1,033</b>	759 <b>743</b>	65 91	65 <b>87</b>
-						·		•	•			
1992 January	360	360	11	11	63	0	18	0	1,023	783	144	144
February	246	246	10	10	47	0	12	0	1,143	831	75	69
March	339	339	0	0	76	0	0	0	1,094	829	75	75
April	381	381	39	22	67	0	17	0	1,111	833	86	69
May 5-Month Average	264 318	264 <b>318</b>	0 12	0 8	46 <b>60</b>	0 <b>0</b>	18 13	0 <b>0</b>	972 <b>1,067</b>	756 <b>806</b>	124 <b>101</b>	114 <b>95</b>
•						_		_	•			
1991 5-Month Average 1990 5-Month Average	235 283	235 283	28 47	27 45	23 54	0	19 51	0 0	1,058 937	775 609	99 81	96 79

Table 3.3f Petroleum Imports: Colombia, Italy, Malaysia, Mexico, and Netherlands (Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Non-OPEC <sup>b</sup>											
	Col	ombia	\$	taly	Ma	laysia	Me	exico	Neth	erlands		
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil		
1973 Average	9	2	125	0	12	1	16	1	53	0		
1974 Average	5	ō	74	Ŏ	12	1	8	2	43	0		
1975 Average	9	Ŏ	27	Ö	8	5	71	70	19	4		
1976 Average	21	6	39	Ö	18	16	87	87	8	0		
1977 Average	17	Ō	51	0	66	55	179	177	31	4		
1978 Average	20	0	38	0	42	37	318	316	5	2		
1979 Average	18	Ö	30	0	66	52	439	437	23	7		
1980 Average	4	Ŏ	4	0	70	61	533	507	2	(s)		
1981 Average	i	Ö	11	Ö	36	33	522	469	30	(s)		
1982 Average	5	Ö	18	(s)	20	18	685	645	35	(s)		
1983 Average	10	Ŏ	18	(s)	4	3	826	766	65	` 3		
1984 Average	8	ŏ	45	(s)	i	Ŏ	748	659	65	3		
1985 Average	23	ŏ	60	(s)	3	ĭ	816	715	58	Ō		
<del>.</del>	87	57	76	(5)	12	11	699	621	54	0		
1986 Average	148	115	54	ĭ	13	12	655	602	60	Ō		
1988 Average	134	106	65	5	19	19	747	674	61	Ō		
1989 Average	172	136	34	3	39	39	767	716	49	0		
1990 January	188	146	124	0	14	14	776	691	129	0		
	203	168	76	ŏ	42	38	725	669	80	ō		
February	177	146	47	ŏ	28	28	815	757	21	ŏ		
March		143	53	Ö	38	38	466	414	47	ŏ		
April	198		101	10	0	0	788	688	63	ŏ		
May	220	175		0	9	9.	912	815	92	Ö		
June	180	117	95	-	_	-	706	651	54	ő		
July	169	111	56	11	20	20		676	39	0		
August	203	132	43	0	142	142	773	807	20	0		
September	97	84	38	0	105	105	871		20 37	0		
October	183	159	21	0	78	78	828	793	49	0		
November	209	177	. 32	0	8	8	761	706 595	28	Ö		
Average	161 182	121 140	13 58	0 <b>2</b>	6 41	6 40	637 <b>755</b>	689	55	ŏ		
•	404	474	05	•	^	0	798	778	. 6	0		
1991 January	194	174	25	0	0	9	742	693	17	ő		
February	151	98	42	13	9	-	742 795	772	33	Ö		
March	157	127	29	0	21	21		819	35	ő		
April	163	131	41	12	0	0	891 757	736	45	o o		
May	163	112	60	0	66	66		872	49	Ö		
June	169	124	46	0	63 9	63 9	919 835	748	45	ő		
July	163	111	54	-	-	-	878	797	30	ŏ		
August	219	162	57	11	14	14			44	ŏ		
September	168	103	89	0	10	10	805	768		0		
October	128	80	41	0	64	64	811	754	16	•		
November	145	135	15	0	10	10	716	656	24	0		
December	138	117	61	0	14	14	732 <b>807</b>	708 <b>759</b>	4 29	0		
Average	163	123	47	3	24	24	807	759	29	v		
1992 January	158	111	40	0	0	0	764	721	31	0		
February	114	92	48	0	0	0	819	788	9	0		
March	101	74	44	0	0	0	846	809	34	0		
April	150	129	75	0	0	0	857	795	8	0		
May	57	46	57	0	5	5	788	764	27	0		
5-Month Average	116	90	53	0	1	1	815	775	22	0		
1991 5-Month Average	166	129	39	5	20	20	797	760	27	0		
1990 5-Month Average	197	156	80	2	24	23	715	645	68	0		

Table 3.3g Petroleum Imports: Netherlands Antilles, Norway, Puerto Rico, Spain, Trinidad and Tobago, and United Kingdom

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Non-OPEC <sup>b</sup>											
	Netherlands Antilles		N	Norway		rto Rico	S	ipain		nidad Tobago	-	Inited ngdom
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil
1973 Average	585	0	1	0	99	0	26	0	255	60	15	0
1974 Average	511	0	1	1	90	0	12	0	251	63	8	Ō
1975 Average	332	0	17	12	90	0	1	Ö	242	115	14	(s)
1976 Average	275	0	36	35	88	0	1	0	274	104	31	`13
1977 Average	211	0	50	48	105	0	10	0	289	134	126	97
1978 Average	229	0	104	104	94	0	3	0	253	142	180	169
1979 Average	231	0	75	75	92	0	4	0	190	123	202	197
1980 Average	225	0	144	144	88	0	1	0	176	115	176	173
1981 Average	197	0	119	114	62	0	1	(s)	133	102	375	369
1982 Average	175	0	102	102	50	0	3	(s)	112	92	456	441
1983 Average	189	0	66	65	40	0	2	(s)	96	83	382	365
1984 Average	188	Ŏ	114	112	42	Ö	11	(0)	94	87	402	378
1985 Average	40	ŏ	32	31	28	ŏ	29	ĭ	113	98	310	278
1986 Average	25	ŏ	60	53	21	ŏ	53	ó	125	93	350	317
1987 Average	29	ŏ	80	70	21	ŏ	55	ŏ	106	75	352	304
1988 Average	36	ŏ	67	62	22	ŏ	. 68	ŏ	97	73 71	315	254
1989 Average	42	Ŏ	138	127	32	ŏ	67	ŏ	94	73	215	160
1990 January	9	0	75	67	35	0	60	0	109	84	219	147
February	27	0	43	37	32	0	53	Ō	89	67	74	23
March	10	0	50	50	32	Ō	13	ō	103	96	257	221
April	40	0	134	118	33	0	17	ō	114	81	304	288
May	20	0	166	166	38	Ō	87	ŏ	88	58	369	305
June	21	Ö	209	199	27	ō	66	ŏ	118	83	249	233
July	30	Ö	129	129	35	ō	104	ō	107	73	224	179
August	41	Ō	159	159	29	ŏ	54	ō	108	91	183	179
September	33	ō	125	119	20	ŏ	23	ŏ	89	70	155	155
October	43	ō	67	67	29	ŏ	21	ŏ	83	76	81	44
November	46	ŏ	17	17	50	ő	25	0	81	73	112	56
December	53	ŏ	43	17	29	0	38	Ö	62	62	33	19
Average	31	ŏ	102	96	32	ŏ	47	ŏ	96	76	189	155
1991 January	103	0	45	34	22	0	- 26	0	75	64	32	19
February	23	ō	37	37	20	ŏ	18	ő	76	76	34	21
March	56	ŏ	25	16	14	ŏ	13	ŏ	86	73	48	19
April	61	ō	51	35	23	ŏ	66	Ö	84	64	61	37
May	113	Ō	165	156	42	Ö	53	ō	61	61	222	188
June	84	ō	99	84	19	ŏ	41	ŏ	118	104	105	70
July	86	ō	69	63	25	ō	22	ŏ	91	72	228	164
August	100	Ö	142	136	42	Ŏ	48	Ö	91	66	254	217
September	67	Ö	79	72	34	Ö	42	Ö	119	75	218	194
October	90	ō	98	98	12	Õ	24	Ö	88	76	201	166
November	100	ō	73	65	35	Ö	19	ő	77	69	84	18
December	88	ŏ	94	88	36	ŏ	26	ő	87	71	154	151
Average	81	Ö	82	74	27	ŏ	33	ŏ	88	72	138	106
1992 January	40	0	25	17	32	0	35	0	108	79	128	115
February	82	Ō	11	0	23	ō	16	Ö	109	76	63	0
March	49	ŏ	11	ō	18	ŏ	37	ŏ	105	85	79	52
April	73	ŏ	162	147	14	ŏ	35	Ö	79	75	157	128
May	59	ŏ	209	200	22	ŏ	30	ŏ	69	54	198	180
5-Month Average	60	Ŏ	84	73	22	ŏ	31	ŏ	94	74	126	96
1991 5-Month Average	72	0	65	56	24	0	35	0	76	67	80	58
1990 5-Month Average	21	0	94	88	34	0	46	0	101	77	248	200

Table 3.3h Petroleum Imports: Former U.S.S.R., Virgin Islands, Total Non-OPEC, and Total Imports

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

			Non-							
		rmer .S.R.	Virgin	Islands		ther -OPEC	Total Non-OPEC <sup>b</sup>		Total Imports	
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Totai	Crude Oil
1973 Average	26	0	329	0	153	36	3,263	1,149	6,256	3,244
1974 Average	20	0	391	0	122	30	2,832	937	6,112	3,477
1975 Average	14	0	406	0	120	14	2,454	893	6,056	4,105
1976 Average	11	2	422	0	203	101	2,247	742	7,313	5,287
1977 Average	12	2	466	0	287	157	2,614	971	8,807	6,615
1978 Average	8	1	428	0	239	146	2,612	1,172	8,363	6,356
1979 Average	1	0	431	0	269	192	2,819	1,407	8,456	6,519
1980 Average	1	, 0	388	0	219	162	2,609	1,399	6,909	5,263
1981 Average	5	(s)	327	0	236	163	2,672	1,474	5,996	4,396
1982 Average	1	0	316	0	306	174	2,968	1,754	5,113	3,488
1983 Average	1	(s)	282	0	378	215	3,189	1,853	5,051	3,329 3,426
1984 Average	13	(s)	294	0	411 394	210	3,388	1,914	5,437	•
1985 Average	8 18	(s)	247 244	Ö	426	137 144	3,237 3,387	1,888 2,065	5,067 6,224	3,201 4,178
1986 Average	10	(s) 0	272	ŏ	459	196		2,274	6,678	4,674
1987 Average	29	ŏ	242	Ö	487	196	3,617 3,882	2,411	7,402	5,107
1988 Average1989 Average	48	ŏ	321	Ö	457	197	3,921	2,467	8,061	5,843
1000 Innuana	60	. 0	409	0	588	220	4,332	2,399	9,197	6,212
1990 January	62 40	0	323	Ö	471	139	3,805	2,399	8,399	5,895
February	0	Ö	264	Ö	405	168	3,536	2,469	7,965	6,117
March	20	ŏ	283	Ö	513	275	3,660	2,348	7,858	5,813
April	0	ŏ	285	Ö	541	248	4,260	2,673	8,834	6,454
May June	19	ŏ	299	0	579	270	4,287	2,771	8,747	6.423
July	92	ő	252	Ö	500	251	4,057	2,609	9,048	6,855
August	73	ŏ	230	ŏ	340	107	3,722	2,406	8,644	6,452
September	49	ŏ	240	ŏ	336	206	3,417	2,386	7,361	5,664
October	87	10	204	ŏ	245	92	3,199	2,210	6,717	5,132
November	63	Ö	312	ŏ	254	112	3,374	2,173	7,003	5,085
December	34	ŏ	291	ŏ	233	70	3,011	1,933	6,439	4,611
Average	45	1	282	Ō	417	180	3,721	2,381	8,018	5,894
1991 January	28	0	261	0	235	91	3,205	2.195	7,103	5,296
February	17	ŏ	222	ō	180	96	3,051	2,221	6,865	5,485
March	13	ŏ	214	ō	179	60	3,023	2,133	6,646	5,166
April	39	Ō	245	Ō	256	99	3,674	2,470	7,418	5,529
May	42	0	264	0	239	63	3,794	2,524	8,518	6,363
June	0	0	234	0	349	189	3,747	2,587	8,245	6,334
July	58	0	191	0	384	275	3,524	2,430	7,755	5,955
August	80	11	208	0	369	197	4,067	2,699	8,670	6,645
September	23	0	269	0	374	197	3,871	2,608	7,826	5,812
October	13	0	262	0	252	139	3,444	2,340	7,467	5,683
November	16	0	264	0	335	130	3,444	2,200	7,615	5,528
December	16	0	286	0	229	104	3,546	2,448	7,337	5,565
Average	29	1	243	0	282	137	3,535	2,405	7,627	5,782
1992 January	17	0	250	0	206	59	3,452	2,399	7,593	5,885
February	3	0	222	0	195	50	3,248	2,162	6,754	5,033
March	0	0	202	0	328	114	3,438	2,378	7,036	5,319
April	0	0	234	0	457	212	4,002	2,791	8,067	_ 6,113
May	0	0	246	0	452	213	3,643	2,597	R 7,754	R 6,025
5-Month Average	4	0	231	0	329	130	3,558	2,467	7,446	5,680
1991 5-Month Average	28	0	241	0	218	81	3,353	2,309	7,318	5,570
1990 5-Month Average	24	0	313	0	504	211	3,923	2,418	8,456	6,104

a Excludes petroleum imported into the United States indirectly from members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), primarily from

Caribbean and West European areas, as petroleum products that were refined from crude oil produced by OPEC.

b Includes petroleum imported into the United States indirectly from members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), primarily from Caribbean and West European areas, as petroleum products that were refined from crude oil produced by OPEC.

Imports from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia are included in Saudi Arabia. A small amount of Iranian crude oil entered the United States in January 1988 from the Virgin Islands. The oil originated in Iran and was exported to the Virgin Islands prior to the signing of Executive Order 12613 on October 29, 1987.

R=Revised data. (s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

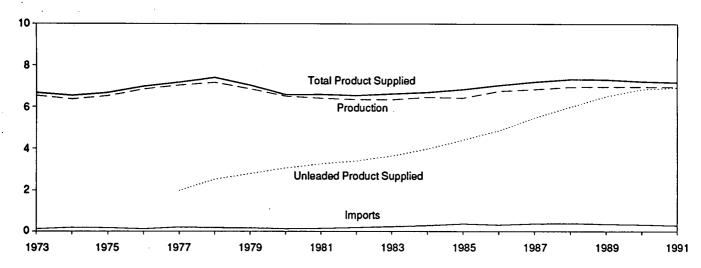
Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports are included. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

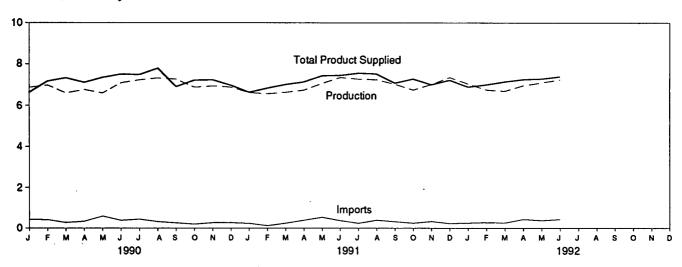
Source: Energy Information Administration, Petroleum Supply Monthly, July 1992, Table S3.

Figure 3.2 Finished Motor Gasoline

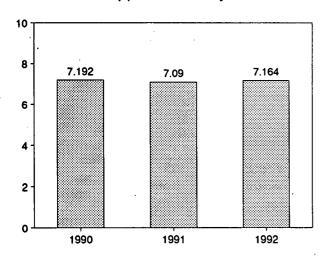
# Overview, 1973-1991



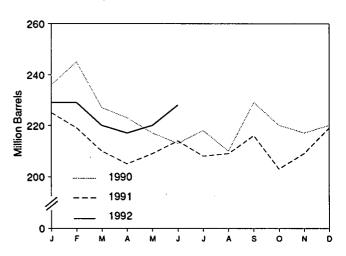
# Overview, Monthly



Total Product Supplied, January-June



Total Stocks, End of Month



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 3.4.

 Table 3.4 Finished Motor Gasoline Supply and Disposition

	Supply			Ending Stock					
	Tabal				F	Product Suppli	ed	Total	Finishe
	Total Production	Imports <sup>b</sup>	Stock Change <sup>b,c</sup>	Exports	Total	Unleadedd	Unleaded	Motor Gasoline <sup>e</sup>	Motor Gasolin
			Thousand Ba	rrels per Day			Percent of Total	Million	Barrels
								•	
973 Average	6,535	134	-9	· 4	6,674	- '	-	209	-
974 Average	6,360	204	24 <sup>f</sup> 28	2	6,537	-	_	<sup>1</sup> 218	-
75 Average 76 Average	6,520 6,841	184 131	-10	, 2 3	6,675 6,978		_	235 231	_
77 Average	7,033	217	72	2	7,177	1,976	27.5	258	_
78 Average	7,169	190	-54	ī	7,412	2,521	34.0	238	-
79 Average	6,852	181	-2	(s)	7,034	2,798	39.8	237	_
80 Average	•	140	. 66	Ϋ́í	6,579	3,067	46.6	1261	_
81 Average9	6,405	157	<sup>1</sup> -28	2	6,588	3,264	49.5	253	203
82 Average	6,338	197	-25	20	6,539	3,409	52.1	<sup>1</sup> 235	<sup>f</sup> 194
83 Average	6,340	247	¹ <b>-</b> 45	10	6,622	3,647	55.1	222	.186
84 Average	6,453	299	54	6	6,693	3,987	59.6	243	205
85 Average	6,419	381	-41	10	6,831	4,406	64.5	223	190
86 Average	6,752	326	11	33	7,034	4,854	69.0	233	194
87 Average	6,841	384	-15	35	7,206	5,470	75.9	226	189
88 Average	6,956	405	3	22	7,336	5,995	81.7	228	190
89 Average	6,963	369	-35	39	7,328	6,507	88.8	213	177
90 January	6,879	417	621	31	6,643	6,246	94.0	· 236	. 196
February	6,989	411	169	53	7,179	6,703	93.4	245	201
March	6,613	270	-499	45	7,338	6,894	93.9	227	186
April	6,775	328	-45	28	7,121	6,704	94.1	223	184
May	6,610	585	-189	25	7,358	6,937	94.3	217	178
June	7,101	376	-93	52	7,519	7,099	94.4	213	176
July	7,238	432	, 133	41	7,496	7,090	94.6	218	180
August	7,326	313 254	-233	77	7,796	7,383	. 94.7	210 229	172 188
September	7,274 6,880	192	511 -244	103 90	6,914 7,226	6,589 6,883	95.3 95.3	229	180
November	6,940	259	-108	66	7,220	6,940	95.8	217	177
December		264	119	53	6,978	6,713	96.2	220	181
Average	6,959	342	10	55	7,235	6,850	94.7	220	181
91 January	6,629	228	162	50	6,645	6,365	95.8	225	186
February	6,573	115	-252	102	6,838	6,577	96.2	219	179
March	6,643	235	-236	97	7,017	6,747	96.1	210	171
April	6,742	381	-67	53	7,137	6,863	96.2	205	169
May	7,063	528	95	59	7,437	7,156	96.2	209	172
June		364	160	99	7,456	7,184	96.4	214	17
July	7,274	232	-177	122	7,561	7,270	96.2	208	172
August	7,247	385	7	98	7,528	7,248	96.3	209	173
September		312	195	63	7,083	6,828	96.4	216	170
October		236	-354	58	7,281	7,038	96.7	203	167
November	7,018	322	228	104	7,008	6,829	97.4	209	173
December Average	7,354 <b>6,975</b>	216 <b>297</b>	267 3	79 <b>82</b>	7,224 <b>7</b> ,188	7,083 <b>6,935</b>	98.0 <b>96.5</b>	219 <b>219</b>	183 • <b>18</b> 3
92 January	7,043	237	300	. 87	6,893	6,761	98.1	229	191
February		270	-41	59	7,004	6,875	98.2	229	190
March		247	-275	71	7,145	7,010	98.1	220	181
April	6.958	428	41	90	7,255	7.138	98.4	217	183
May	R 7.100	R 370	R 101	R 82	R 7,288	R7,178	98.5	220	R 180
June	E 7,243	E 425	<sup>€</sup> 213	E 57	E 7,398	E 7,284	<sup>E</sup> 98.5	E 228	E-189
6-Month Average	<sup>E</sup> 6,966	E 329	<sup>E</sup> 57	E 74	<sup>E</sup> 7,164	<sup>E</sup> 7,041	<sup>E</sup> 98.3	E 228	E 189
91 6-Month Average		311	-20	76	7,090	6,817	96.1	214	177
90 6-Month Average		398	-8	39	7,192	6,763	94.0	213	. 176

a Stocks are totals as of end of period.

b Beginning in 1981, excludes blending components.

A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.

d Includes gasohol.

In January 1975, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to surveys, thereby affecting stocks reported and stock change calculations. See Note 4 at end of section.

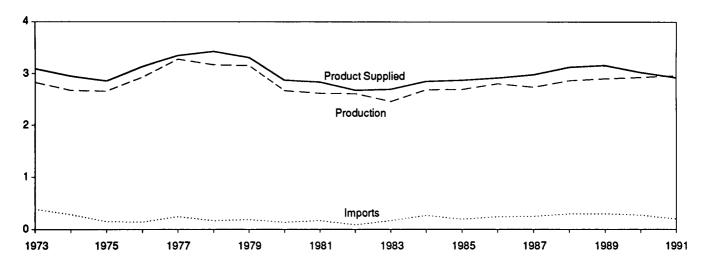
<sup>9</sup> Beginning in January 1981, survey forms were modified. See Notes 1 and 2 at end of section.

R=Revised data. —=Not applicable. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

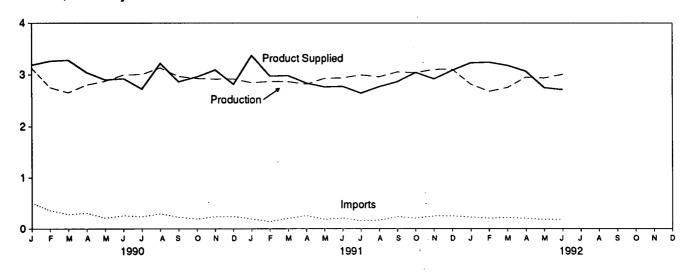
Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Source: Energy Information Administration, Petroleum Supply Monthly, July 1992, Table S4.

Figure 3.3 Distillate Fuel

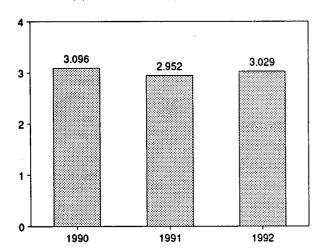
Overview, 1973-1991



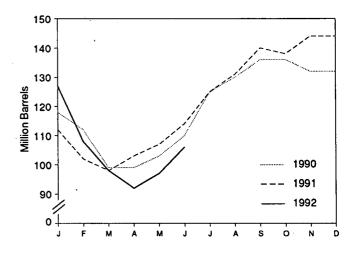
# Overview, Monthly



Product Supplied, January-June



Stocks, End of Month



Source: Table 3.5.

Table 3.5 Distillate Fuel Oil Supply and Disposition

		Supply			Disposition		
. [	Total Production	Imports	Crude Oil Used Directly <sup>a</sup>	Stock Change <sup>b</sup>	Exports	Product Supplied <sup>a</sup>	Ending Stocks <sup>c</sup>
ļ l			J	urrels per Day		1 2266	Million Barrel
L	***************************************						1
1973 Average	2,822	392	2 .	115	9	3,092	196
974 Average	2,669	289	2	* 10	2	2,948	d 200
975 Average	2,654	155	2	d + -41	1	2,851	209
976 Average	2,924	146	1	-62	1	3,133	186
977 Average	3,278	250	1	176	1	3,352	250
978 Average	3,167	173	!	-93	3 3	3,432	216
979 Average	3,153	193	1	34	3	3,311	229 d 205
980 Average	2,662	142	1	-64 d -38	5	2,866	
981 Average <sup>e</sup>	2,613	173	10		74	2,829	192 d 179
982 Average	2,606	93	10	-35 <sup>d</sup> -124	74 64	2,671	140
983 Average	2,456	174	-			2,690	
984 Average	2,681 2,687	272 200	-	57 -48	51 67	2,845 2,868	161 144
985 Average	2,687	200 247	-	-46 31	100	2,000 2,914	155
986 Average	2,798	24 / 255	-	-56	66	2,914 2,976	134
987 Average	2,731		_	-30	69	*	124
1988 Average	2,859	302	-	-30 -49	97	3,122	106
1989 Average	2,899	306	-	-49	97	3,157	100
990 January	3,130	505	-	388	62	3,185	118
February	2,753	357	-	-215	65	3,260	112
March	2,657	281	-	-415	75	3,277	99
April	2,803	308	-	9	59	3,043	99
May	2,874	209	-	108	75	2,900	103
June	2,996	257	-	246	84	2,923	110
July	3,008	236	-	487	30	2,726	125
August	3,131	293	-	156	51	3,218	130
September	2,968	226	-	207	123	2,864	136
October	2,928	190	_	8	150	2,960	136
November	2,915	238	-	-12 <u>9</u>	188	3,094	132
December	2,917	239	-	-7	347	2,816	132 <b>132</b>
Average	2,925	278	-	73	109	3,021	132
991 January	2,845	192	_	-662	332	3,367	112
February	2,870	139	-	-359	393	2,976	102
March	2,865	206	- '	-112	198	2,984	98
April	2,819	258	-	156	81	2,839	103
May	2,929	186	-	132	218	2,765	107
June	2,941	209	-	225	150	2,775	114
July	2,998	155	_	356	149	2,648	125
August	2,961	168	_	214	144	2,770	131
September	3,055	237	-	291	136	2,865	140
October	3,040	207	_	-59	259	3,047	138
November	3,103	249	-	206	224	2,921	144
December	3,107	252	-	-30	302	3,087	144
Average	2,962	205	-	31	215	2,921	144
992 January	2,818	227	_	-541	360	3,226	127
February	2,681	207	-	-629	278	3,238	108
March	2,753	218	_	-346	138	3,179	98
April	2,954	202	_	-190	278	3,068	92
May	R 2,939	R 179	_	R 146	R 222	<sup>R</sup> 2,751	R 97
June	E 3,010	<sup>E</sup> 180	-	_ <sup>E</sup> 349	E 126	E 2,715	E 106
6-Month Average	E 2,860	E 202	-	E-200	E 234	E 3,029	E 106
991 6-Month Average	2,878	199	_	-102	227	2,952	114
990 6-Month Average	2,870	319	_	23	70	3,096	110
o monarationage man	_,- • •				• •	-,	

<sup>\*</sup> Due to differences internal to Energy Information Administration data processing systems, some small discrepancies exist between the data in this table and the data in the Petroleum Supply Annual and Petroleum Supply Monthly. See Note 6 at end of section.

a Beginning in January 1983, product supplied for distillate fuel oil does not include crude oil used directly.

A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.

Stocks are totals as of end of period.

In January 1975, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to surveys, thereby affecting stocks reported and stock change calculations. See Note 4 at end of section. Due to a rounding difference, the 1975 stock change value is -40 in the Petroleum Supply Annual and the Petroleum Supply Monthly.

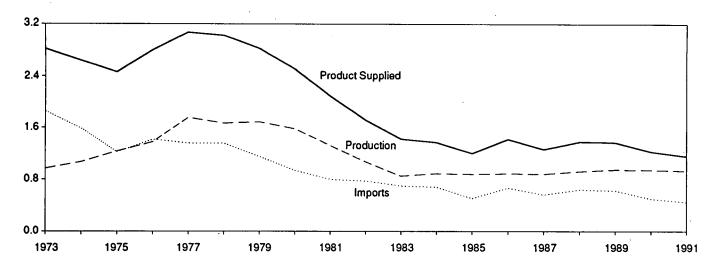
Beginning in January 1981, survey forms were modified. See Note 1 at end of section.

Beginning in January 1981, survey forms were modified. See Note 1 at end of section. R=Revised data. -=Not applicable. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

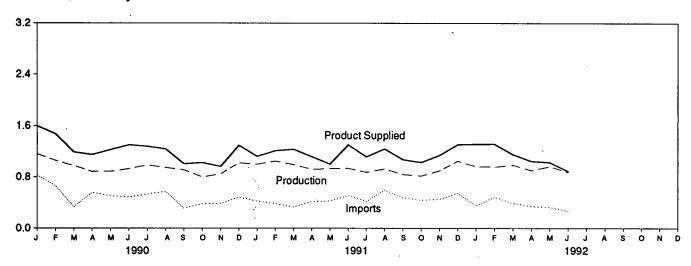
Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Source: Energy Information Administration, Petroleum Supply Monthly, July 1992, Table S5.

Figure 3.4 Residual Fuel

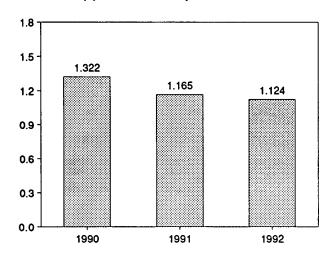
# Overview, 1973-1991



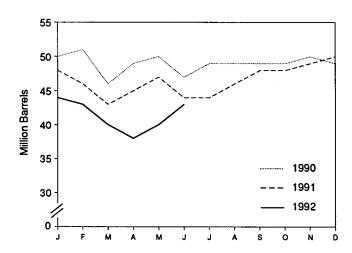
# Overview, Monthly



Product Supplied, January-June



Stocks, End of Month



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 3.6.

Table 3.6 Residual Fuel Oil Supply and Disposition

		Supply	•		Disposition		]
			Crude Oil			,	
	Total Production	Imports	Used Directly <sup>a</sup>	Stock Change <sup>b</sup>	Exports	Product Supplied <sup>a</sup>	Ending Stocks <sup>C</sup>
	11000000	mporto	<u> </u>	rrels per Day			Million Barrel
973 Average	971	1,853	17 13	-5 17	23 14	2,822 2,639	53 d 60
974 Average	1,070	1,587	15 15	d -2	15	2,462	74
1975 Average	1,235 1,377	1,223 1,413	17	-5	12	2,801	72
976 Average977 Average	1,754	1,359	13.	48	6	3,071	90
978 Average	1,667	1,355	13	1	13	3,023	90
979 Average	1,687	1,151	12	15	9	2,826	96
980 Average	1,580	939	12	-10	33	2,508	d 92
981 Average <sup>e</sup>	1,321	800	48	d -37	118	2,088	78
982 Average	1,070	776	48	-32	209	1,716	<sup>d</sup> 66
983 Average	852	699		d -55	185	1,421	49
984 Average	891	681	_	12	190	1,369	53
985 Average	882	510	· · · <u>-</u>	-7	197	1,202	50
986 Average	889	669	_	-8	147	1,418	47
987 Average	885	565	_	(s)	186	1,264	47
988 Average	926	644	_	`-8	200	1,378	45
989 Average	954	629	· -	-2	215	1,370	44
990 January	1,163	825	-	205	186	1,597	50
February	1,060	663		36	214	1,474	51
March	976	335	-	-158	277	1,192	46
April	882	559	-	90	200	1,151	49
May	884	507	-	22	141	1,227	50
June	926	485	-	-98	207	1,302	47
July	987	536	-	72	171	1,280	49 49
August	944	574	_	-1 45	280	1,238	
September	909	313	-	15	200	1,007	49 49
October	799	383		-3 25	160 243	1,026 965	50
November	846	387	-		243 259	1,296	49
December Average	1,021 <b>950</b>	484 <b>504</b>	<del>-</del>	-50 13	211	1,229	49
991 January	1,001	425	_	-19	320	1,124	48.
February	1,050	384	-	-76	299	1,211	46
March	995	332	_	-85	178	1,234	43
April	916	416	· _	68	145	1,119	45
May	929	425	_	50	300	1,003	47
June	933	512	-	-103	245	1,303	44
July	871	420	-	-1	176	1,117	44
August	925	599	-	68	216	1,240	46
September	838	481	- '	78	168	1,074	48
October	814	438	-	6	217	1,029	48
November	896	455	-	24	189	1,139	49
December	1,051	547	-	28	264	1,307	50
Average	934	453	-	4	226	1,158	50
992 January	964	352	-	-180	184 176	1,313	44 43 ·
February	956	487	_	-46	176 310	1,314 1,153	43 \
March	989	392	_	-82 -72	265	1,153	38
April	899 <sup>R</sup> 964	342 <sup>R</sup> 328	-	-72 R 55	R 207	R 1,048	R 40
May	E 872	E 268	_	E 52	E 202	E 886	£ 43
June 6-Month Average	E 941	E 361	_	E -46	E 224	E 1,124	E 43
1991 6-Month Average	970	415	_	-27	248	1,165	44
990 6-Month Average	981	561		16	204	1,322	47

Beginning in January 1983, product supplied for residual fuel oil does not include crude oil used directly.
 A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.
 Stocks are totals as of end of period.

In January 1975, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to surveys, thereby affecting stocks reported and stock change calculations. See Note 4 at end of section.

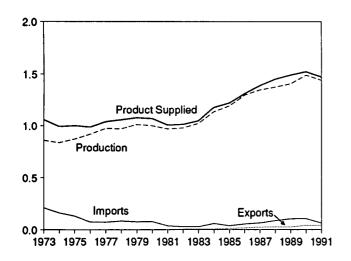
Beginning in January 1981, survey forms were modified. See Note 1 at end of section.

R=Revised data. —=Not applicable. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

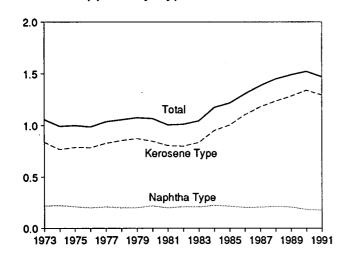
Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Source: Energy Information Administration, Petroleum Supply Monthly, July 1992, Table S6.

Figure 3.5 Jet Fuel

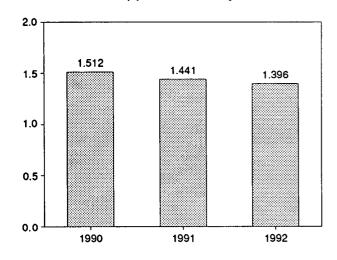
# Total Jet Fuel Overview, 1973-1991



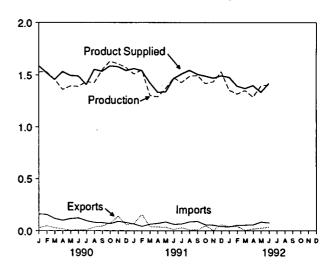
# Product Supplied by Type, 1973-1991



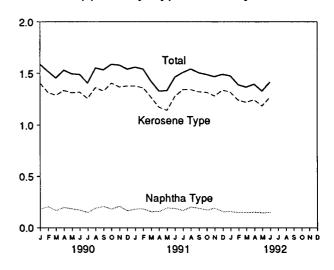
# Total Product Supplied, January-June



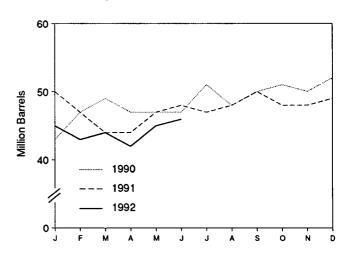
# Total Jet Fuel Overview, Monthly



# Product Supplied by Type, Monthly



Total Stocks, End of Month



Source: Table 3.7.

Table 3.7 Jet Fuel Supply and Disposition

į		Supply			Dis	sposition			
	Р	roduction		Clask		Prod	uct Supplied	End	ing Stocks <sup>a</sup>
	Total	Kerosene Type	Imports	Stock Change <sup>b</sup>	Exports	Total	Kerosene Type	Total	Kerosene Type
			Mil	Million Barrels					
1973 Average	859	679	212	8	4	1,059	842	29	23
1974 Average	836	641	163	2	3	993	771	c 29	c 24
1975 Average	871	691	133	¢2	2	1,001	791	30	25
1976 Average	918	731	76	5	2	987	789	32	26
1977 Average	973	787	75	7	2	1,039	831	35	28
1978 Average	970	791	86	- <b>2</b>	ī	1,057	858	34	28
1979 Average	1,012	835	78	13	1	1,076	876	39	33
1980 Average	999	811	80	10	i i	1,068	851	c 42	c 36
1981 Average	968	775	38	c -4	ż	1,007	809	41	34
	978	778	29	-12	6	1,013	804	c 37	c 31
1982 Average	1.022	817	29	c (s)	6	1,013	839	39	32
1983 Average				(5)	9	1,175	953	42	35
1984 Average	1,132	919	62	_	_				
1985 Average	1,189	983	39	-4	13	1,218	1,005	40	34
1986 Average	1,293	1,097	57	25	18	1,307	1,105	50	43
1987 Average	1,343	1,138	67	(s)	24	1,385	1,181	50	42
1988 Average	1,370	1,164	90	-17	28	1,449	1,236	44	38
1989 Average	1,403	1,197	106	-8	27	1,489	1,284	41	34
1990 January	1,527	1,340	163	76	30	1,584	1,404	43	37
February	1,530	1,330	158	120	50	1,519	1,316	47	40
March	1,457	1,256	120	92	30	1,455	1,289	49	42
April	1,357	1,179	103	-91	19	1,531	1,335	47	40
May	1,392	1,194	119	8	8	1,495	1,313	47	40
June	1,388	1,214	125	13	10	1,490	1,320	47	40
July	1,434	1,307	99	117	10	1,406	1,259	51	45
August	1,424	1,250	83	-82	37	1,552	1,363	48	43
September	1,548	1,339	81	48	47	1,534	1,329	50	44
October	1,630	1,463	71	39	77	1,585	1,406	51	45
	1,606	1,445	93	-19	141	1,578	1,369	50	45
November	1,570	1,443	82	51	60	1,541	1,378	52	46
December Average	1,488	1,311	108	31	43	1,522	1,340	52	46
1991 January	1,509	1,354	67	-55	73	1,559	1,378	50	44
February	1,548	1,384	44	-108	159	1,541	1,360	47	41
March	1,299	1,157	65	-99	40	1,423	1,270	44	38
	1,286	1,135	73	-8	38	1,329	1,173	44	38
April	•		87	85	35		•	47	41
May	1,367 1,473	1,191 1,300	64	58	13	1,334 1,465	1,143 1,280	47	43
June	-		67	-47	31	1,465		48 47	43 41
July	1,426	1,255					1,343	47 48	41 42
August	1,486	1,316	88	21	11	1,543	1,343		
September	1,495	1,322	92	71 66	10	1,506	1,321	50	45 42
October	1,415	1,253	59	-66	50	1,489	1,319	48	43
November	1,433	1,276	56	15	5	1,469	1,282	48	44
December	1,530	1,357	42	22	59	1,492	1,338	49	44
Average	1,438	1,274	67	-9	43	1,471	1,296	49	44
1992 January	1,350	1,199	39	-133	44	1,477	1,321	45	40
February	1,313	1,166	56	-63	42	1,390	1,243	43	38
March	1,347	1,215	56	29	7	1,367	1,221	44	39
April	_ 1,284	_ 1,131	_ 59	71	_ 18	_ 1,396	_ 1,247	42	_ 37
May	R 1,390	<sup>R</sup> 1,214	<sup>R</sup> 86	R <sub>120</sub>	R 26	<sup>R</sup> 1,330	<sup>R</sup> 1,186	45	R 40
June	<sup>L</sup> 1.405	E 1,265	E 78	E 31	€ 36	E 1,416	1,269 <sup>ئ</sup>	E 46	E 40
6-Month Average	E 1,349	E 1,199	E 62	E-14	E 29	E 1,396	E 1,248	E 46	E 40
1991 6-Month Average	1,412	1,252	67	-20	58	1,441	1,266	48	43
1990 6-Month Average	1,441	1,251	131	36	24	1,512	1,330	47	40

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Stocks are totals as of end of period.

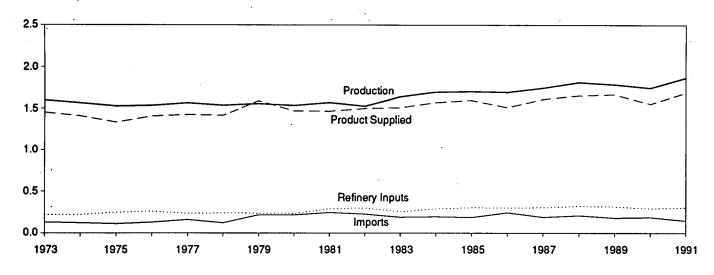
A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.
 In January 1975, 1981, and 1983, a new stock basis was established, thereby affecting stocks reported and stock change calculations. See Note 4 at end of

Re-Revised data. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

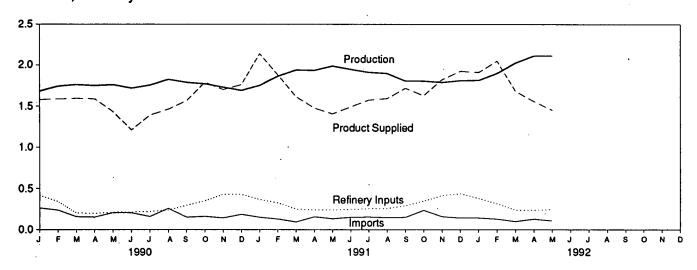
Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Source: Energy Information Administration, Petroleum Supply Monthly, July 1992, Table S7.

Figure 3.6 Liquefied Petroleum Gases

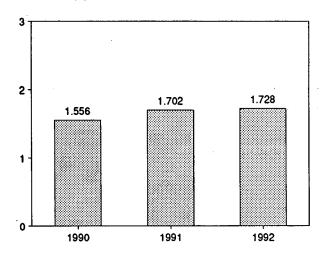
# Overview, 1973-1991



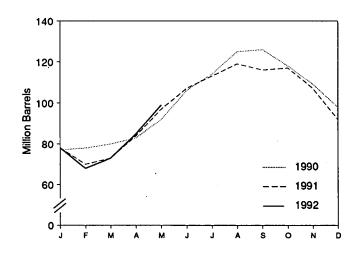
# Overview, Monthly



Product Supplied, January-May



Stocks, End of Month



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 3.8.

Table 3.8 Liquefied Petroleum Gases Supply and Disposition

	Dispo	sition		_]
Stock rts Change <sup>a</sup>	Refinery Inputs	Exports	Product Supplied	Ending Stocks <sup>b</sup>
Thousar	nd Barrels per Day			Million Barrel
2 35	220	27	1,449	99
3 38	220	25	1,406	<sup>c</sup> 113
2 <sup>C</sup> 35	246	26	1,333	125
0 -24	260	25	1,404	116
1 55	233	18	1,422	136
3 -12	239	20	1,413	<sup>c</sup> 132
7 °-70	236	15	1,592	111
6 27	233	21	1,469	<sup>c</sup> 120
4 <sup>c</sup> 18	289	42	1,466	135
6 -111	300	65	1,499	¢ 94
6-4	253	73	1,509	<sup>C</sup> 101
5 °-19	291	48	1,572	101
775	304	62	1,599	74
	302	42	1,512	103
_	304	38	1,612	97
0 -15	304 321	36 49	1,656	97
1 1		35		80
11 -47	315	35	1,668	80
51 -92	414	44	1,580	77
15 11	339	42	1,587	78
55 80	199	44	1,595	80
50 91	195	25	1,589	83
)4 287	209	36	1,433	92
2 469	212	28	1,211	106
57 268	217	36	1,392	114
6 339	236	43	1,463	125
19 37	293	41	1,567	126
59 -243	348	38	1,790	118
10 -296	427	39	1,702	109
34 -370	427	58	1,762	98
38 48	293	40	1,556	98
18658	364	56	2,139	78
26 -271	322	60	1,880	70
113	249	56	1,615	<b>73</b> .
346	237	31	1,477	84
9 428	239	45	1,407	97
18 328	245	32	1,492	107
51 211	253	24	1,575	113
13 175	255	18	1,594	119
47 -84	288	31	1,718	116
33 33	345	31	1,629	117
-330	. 413	40	1,821	107
39 -488	437	73	1,927	92
17 -15	304	41	1,689	92
39 -417	378	80	1,912	78
26 -366	312	33	2,048	68
-300 97 158	236	43	1,684	73
	235	45 45	1,559	85
	245	44	1,452	99
05 477 18 54	245 281	49	1,728	99
				0.4
				97 92
	29 -6 01 77	29 -6 282	29 -6 282 50	29 -6 282 50 1,702

<sup>\*</sup> Due to differences internal to Energy Information Administration data processing systems, some small discrepancies exist between the data in this table and the data in the Petroleum Supply Annual and Petroleum Supply Monthly. See Note 6 at end of section.

A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.
 Stocks are totals as of end of period.

In January 1975, 1979, 1981, 1983, and 1984, a new stock basis was established, thereby affecting stocks reported and stock change calculations. See Note 4 at end of section.

Notes: • Liquefied petroleum gases include ethane, propane, normal butane, and isobutane. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Petroleum Supply Monthly, July 1992, Table S8.

Table 3.9 Other Petroleum Products Supply and Disposition

	Sup	ply		Dispo	sition		
	Total Production	Imports	Stock Change <sup>a</sup>	Refinery Inputs	Exports	Products Supplied	Ending Stocks <sup>b</sup>
	1112		Thousand Ba	arrels per Day			Million Barrels
1973 Average	2,833	290	1	750	160	0.014	450
1974 Average	2,722	269	25	665	162 172	2,211	179
1975 Average	2,547	144	°-6	537		2,129	<sup>c</sup> 188
1976 Average	2,725	129		524	158	2,001	188
1977 Average	2,939	130	(s) 20	514 514	172	2,158	188
1978 Average	3,076	80	-12		164	2,371	195
1979 Average	3,141	116	24	492	165	2,511	191
1980 Average	2,957	130		352	208	2,673	200
981 Average	2,771	188	15 °-42	310	197	2,566	<sup>c</sup> 205
				723	197	2,081	241
982 Average	2,475	305	-68 ° -6	787	205	<b>*</b> 1,857	<sup>c</sup> 216
983 Average	2,437	382		712	236	1,877	<sup>c</sup> 217
984 Average	2,500	503	<sup>c</sup> -32	791	236	2,007	198
985 Average	2,532	550	22	886	227	1,947	206
1986 Average	2,704	504	-15	888	291	2,045	201
987 Average	2,737	543	-1	829	264	2,187	200
988 Average	2,773	645	22	799	294	2,303	208
1989 Average	2,771	627	12	797	305	2,285	213
990 January	2,567	814	86	735	225	2.335	215
February	2,781	680	387	654	298	2,122	226
March	2,670	687	78	795	276	2,207	229
April	2,774	596	-138	869	318	2,320	224
May	2.847	756	295	544	292	2,471	234
June	2,907	879	-160	919	334	2,692	229
July	3.146	732	-148	958	317	2,752	224
August	3,097	673	-291	998	297		
September	3,029	674	68	760		2,766	215
October	2.848	590			265	2,611	217
			-436	1,211	329	2,334	204
November	2,788	800	206	1,010	270	2,102	210
December Average	2,644 <b>2,842</b>	575 <b>705</b>	-288 <b>-32</b>	1,172 <b>887</b>	249 <b>289</b>	2,087 <b>2,402</b>	201 <b>201</b>
991 January	2,653	748	204	844	017		
					317	2,036	207
February	2,668	573 551	363	726	275	1,876	217
March	2,576	551	151	819	239	1,919	222
April	2,724	607	133	753	228	2,217	226
May	2,853	800	198	900	327	2,228	232
June	3,030	615	-123	1,092	304	2,372	228
July	3,029	776	-143	1,081	321	2,545	224
August	2,993	642	-169	1,013	296	2,496	219
September	3,010	746	101	802	267	2,586	222
October	2,824	611	-218	944	211	2,498	215
November	2,750	850	-81	1,093	238	2,349	213
December	2,797	577	-163	1,147	304	2,085	208
Average	2,826	675	18	936	277	2,269	208
992 January	2,704	713	197	815	272	2,135	214
February	2,645	574	177	928	240	1,875	219
March	2,735	710	243	721	239	2,242	226
April	2,869	797	-34	1,047	217		
May	2,901	661	-3 <del>4</del> -87			2,436	225
5-Month Average	2,772	692	-67 99	899 <b>880</b>	199 <b>233</b>	2,551 <b>2,251</b>	223 <b>223</b>
991 5-Month Average	2,695	658	207	010			
990 5-Month Average	2,095 2,726	708	207	810 720	278	2,058	232
JJO J-MOHUI AVELAYE	2,120	/00	139	720	281	2,294	234

<sup>\*</sup> Due to differences internal to Energy Information Administration data processing systems, some small discrepancies exist between the data in this table and the data in the Petroleum Supply Annual and Petroleum Supply Monthly. See Note 6 at end of section.

Notes: • Other petroleum products include pentanes plus, other hydrocarbons and alcohol, unfinished oil, gasoline blending components, and all finished petroleum products except finished motor gasoline, distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, jet fuel, and liquefied petroleum gases. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Petroleum Supply Monthly, July 1992, Table S9.

a A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.

b Stocks are totals as of end of period.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> In January 1975, 1981, 1983, and 1984, a new stock basis was established, thereby affecting stocks reported and stock change calculations. See Note 4 at end of section.

<sup>(</sup>s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

#### **Petroleum Notes**

1. The Energy Information Administration (EIA) uses a number of sources and methods to maintain the survey respondent lists. On a regular basis, survey managers review such industry publications as the Oil and Gas Journal and Oil Daily for information on facilities or companies starting up or closing down operations. Those sources are augmented by articles in newspapers, letters from respondents indicating changes in status, and information received from survey systems.

Every 3 years an extensive survey is conducted to update the frames completely. The updating involves consolidating information from every known source, including State agencies, Federal agencies (e.g., Environmental Protection Agency, Corps of Engineers, Census Bureau, etc.), and private industry directories. The effort also includes the evaluation of the impact of potential frame changes on the historical time series of data published from these respondents. The results of this frame study are usually implemented in January to provide a full year under the same frame.

- 2. Motor Gasoline: Beginning in January 1981, the EIA expanded its universe to include non-refinery blenders; redefined motor gasoline into two categories (finished leaded and finished unleaded); and separated blending components from finished motor gasoline as a reporting category. Also, survey forms were modified to describe refinery operations more accurately. For further details, see the EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.
- 3. Distillate and Residual Fuel Oils: The requirement to report crude oil in pipelines or burned on leases as either distillate or residual fuel oil has been eliminated. Prior to January 1981, the refinery input of unfinished oils number typically exceeded the number for available supply of unfinished oils. That discrepancy was assumed to be due to the redesignation of distillate and residual fuel oils received as such but used as an unfinished oil input by the receiving refinery. The imbalance between supply and disposition of unfinished oils would then be subtracted from the production of distillate and residual fuel oils. Twothirds of that difference was subtracted from distillate and one-third from residual. Beginning in January 1981, the EIA modified its survey forms to account for redesignated product and discontinued the above-mentioned adjustment. For further details, see the EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.
- 4. New Stock Basis: In January 1975, 1979, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to bulk terminal and pipeline surveys, affecting subsequent

stocks reported and stock change calculations. Using the expanded coverage (new basis), the end-of-yearstocks, in million barrels, would have been:

- Crude Oil: 1982—645 (Total) and 351 (Other Primary).
- Crude Oil and Petroleum Products: 1974—1,121; 1980—1,425; and 1982—1,461.
- Motor Gasoline: 1974—225; 1980—263; 1982—244 (Total) and 202 (Finished).
- Distillate Fuel Oil: 1974—224; 1980—205; and 1982—186.
- Residual Fuel Oil: 1974—75; 1980—91; and 1982—69.
- Jet Fuel: 1974—30 (Total) and 24 (Kerosene Type); 1980—42 (Total) and 36 (Kerosene Type); and 1982—39 (Total) and 32 (Kerosene Type).
- Liquefied Petroleum Gases: 1974—113; 1978— 136; 1980—128; and 1982—102.
- Other Petroleum Products: 1974—190; 1980— 207; and 1982—219.

Stock change calculations beginning in 1975, 1981, and 1983, were made by using new basis stock levels.

In January 1984, changes were made in the reporting of natural gas liquids. As a result, unfractionated stream, which was formerly included in "Other Petroleum Products Supply and Disposition" table, is now reported on a component basis (ethane, propane, normal butane, isobutane, and pentanes plus). Most of these stocks now appear in the "Liquefied Petroleum Gases Supply and Disposition" table. This change affects stocks reported and stock change calculations in each table. Under the new basis, end-of-year 1983 stocks, in million barrels, would have been:

- Liquefied Petroleum Gases: 1983—108.
- Other Petroleum Products: 1983—210.
- 5. Stocks of Alaskan Crude Oil: Stocks of Alaskan Crude oil in transit were included for the first time in January 1981. The major impact of this change is on the reporting of stock change calculations. Using the expanded coverage (new basis), 1980 end-of-year stocks, in million barrels, would have been 488 (Total) and 380 (Other Primary).
- 6. Data Discrepancies: Due to differences internal to EIA data processing systems, some small discrepancies exist between data in the Monthly Energy Review and the Petroleum Supply Annual and Petroleum Supply Monthly. The data that have discrepancies are noted with an asterisk in Section 3 tables and are summarized on the following page.

6. Data Discrepancies (Continued). This listing summarizes the data discrepancies between the Monthly Energy Review (MER) and the Petroleum Supply Annual (PSA) and Petroleum Supply Monthly (PSM).

Table	Data Series	Year Average	MER Data	PSA/PSM Data
3.1a	Natural Gas Plant Production	1976	1,604	1,603
3.1b	Exports, Total	1979	471	472
3.1b	Exports, Petroleum Products	1979	236	237
3.1b	Net Imports	1979	7,985	7,984
3.2a	Crude Used Directly	1976	-19	-18
3.2a	Imports, SPR	1978	161	162
3.2a	Crude Used Directly	1978	-15	-14
3.2a	Crude Used Directly	1979	-14	-13
3.2a	Crude Used Directly	1980	-14	-13
3.2b	Crude Losses	1976	14	15
3.2b	Crude Losses ,	1980	14	15
3.5	Stock Change	1974	10	9
3.5	Stock Change	1975	-41	-40
3.8	Total Production	1982	1,527	1,525
3.9	Products Supplied	1982	1,857	1,856

# Section 4. Natural Gas

Total dry natural gas production in the United States during May 1992 was an estimated 1.5 trillion cubic feet, 1 percent<sup>4</sup> higher than during the previous May.

Consumption of natural and supplemental gas in May 1992 was 1.5 trillion cubic feet, 8 percent above the level in May 1991.

Deliveries to residential consumers in April 1992 (latest data available) were 432 billion cubic feet, 16 percent higher than the previous April. Total deliveries to industrial consumers during April 1992

were 636 billion cubic feet, 4 percent above the previous April.

Imports of natural gas in May 1992 were 173 billion cubic feet, 26 percent higher than imports in the previous May.

Stocks of working gas<sup>5</sup> in underground natural gas storage reservoirs at the end of May 1992 totaled 1.8 trillion cubic feet, 19 percent below the level of stocks available 1 year earlier. Net injections into storage during May 1992 were 271 billion cubic feet, 2 percent less than the amount injected during the previous May.

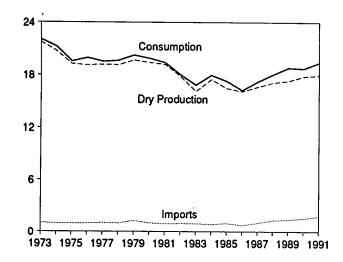
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Percentage changes are calculated using unrounded data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Gas available for withdrawal.

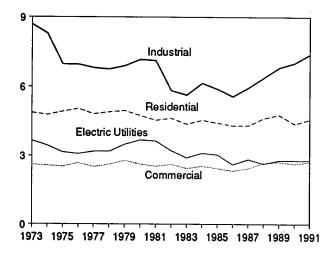
Figure 4.1 Natural Gas

(Trillion Cubic Feet)

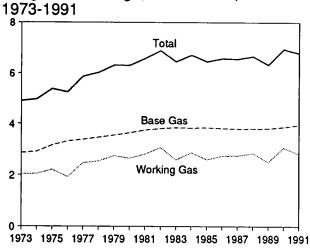
### Overview, 1973-1991



# Consumption by Sector, 1973-1991

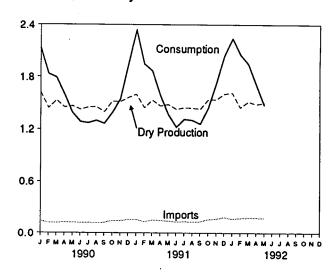


# Underground Storage, End of Year,

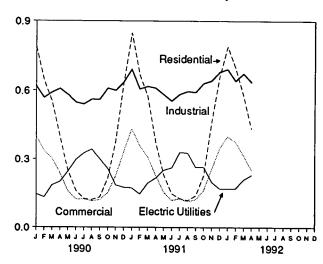


Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Tables 4.2, 4.3, and 4.4.

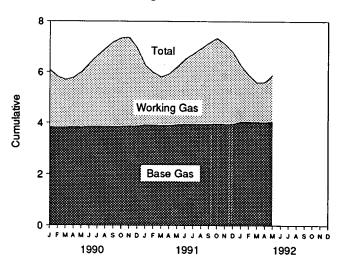
### Overview, Monthly



## Consumption by Sector, Monthly



### Underground Storage, End of Month



**Table 4.1 Natural Gas Production** 

(Billion Cubic Feet)

	Gross Withdrawals <sup>a</sup>	Repressuring <sup>b</sup>	Nonhydro- carbon Gases Removed <sup>c</sup>	Vented and Flared <sup>d</sup>	Marketed Production (Wet) <sup>e</sup>	Extraction Loss <sup>f</sup>	Total Dry Gas Production <sup>9</sup>
1973 Total	24,067	1,171	NA	. 248	<sup>h</sup> 22,648	917	<sup>h</sup> 21,731
1974 Total	22,850	1,080	NA	169	<sup>h</sup> 21,601	887	<sup>h</sup> 20,713
1975 Total	21,104	861	NA	134	h 20,109	872	<sup>h</sup> 19,236
1976 Total	20,944	859	NA	132	<sup>h</sup> 19,952	854	<sup>h</sup> 19,098
1977 Total	21,097	935	NA NA	137	h 20,025	863	<sup>h</sup> 19,163
	21,309	1,181	NA NA	153	<sup>h</sup> 19,974	852	<sup>h</sup> 19,122
1978 Total	21,883	1,245	NA NA	167	h 20,471	808	<sup>h</sup> 19,663
1979 Total	•	1,365	199	125	20,180	777	19,403
1980 Total	21,870		222	98	19.956	775	19,181
1981 Total	21,587	1,312	208	93	18,582	762	17,820
1982 Total	20,272	1,388		95	•	790	16,094
1983 Total	18,659	1,458	222		16,884	838	17,466
1984 Total	20,267	1,630	224	108	18,304	816	•
1985 Total	19,607	1,915	326	95	17,270		16,454
1986 Total	19,131	1,838	337	98	16,859	800	16,059
1987 Total	20,140	2,208	376	124	17,433	812	16,621
1988 Total	20,999	2,478	460	143	17,918	816	17,103
1989 Total	21,074	2,475	362	142	18,095	785	17,311
1990 January	1,940	211	25	15	1,689	71	1,618
February	1,718	183	22	10	1,503	63	1,440
March	1,841	211	24	11	1,595	67	1,528
April	1,754	206	24	11	1,513	64	1,449
May	1,781	213	26	13	1,529	65	1,464
June	1,711	191	24	9	1,487	63	1,424
July	1,759	207	26	13	1,513	64	1,449
August	1.764	207	25	14	1,518	64	1,454
September	1,693	199	24	13	1,457	61	1,396
October	1,843	224	23	13	1,583	67	1,516
November	1,827	211	23	13	1,580	67	1,513
December	1.890	225	24	14	1,627	69	1,558
Total	21,523	2,489	289	150	18,594	784	17,810
1991 January	1,933	229	25	14	1,665	68	1,597
February	1,747	207	22	13	1,505	62	1,443
March	1.849	216	24	13	1,596	66	1,530
	1,769	206	24	12	1,527	63	1,464
April	1,788	206	26	12	1,544	. 63	1,481
May	1,722	195	27	11	1,489	61	1,428
June	•	196	29	11	1.507	62	1,445
July	1,743	194	29	10	1,502	62	1,440
August	1,735	192	30	10	1,492	61	1,431
September	1,724 B 4 050	R 208	831	11	R 1,603	66	R 1,537
October	R 1,853		32	11	1,603	66	1,537
November	1,851	205	32 33	11	1,671	69	1,602
Total	1,927 <sup>R</sup> <b>21,641</b>	212 R <b>2,46</b> 6	R 332	139	R 18,705	769	R 17,935
	R 1,943	215	R <sub>34</sub>	11	<sup>R</sup> 1,683	69	R 1.614
1992 January	R 1,741	R 193	30	10	R 1,508	62	R 1,446
February	1,/41 B4 000	R 201	30	11	R 1,579	R 65	R 1,514
March	R 1,822	E 198	E 30	E 10	E 1,548	E 64	E 1,484
April	€ 1,786		E31	E 10	E 1,563	E <sub>64</sub>	E 1,499
May	E 1,803	E 199	-31 E450	E <b>52</b>		E 324	E 7,557
5-Month Total	<sup>E</sup> 9,095	<sup>E</sup> 1,006	<sup>E</sup> 156	- 52	E 7,880	- 324	- /,55/
1991 5-Month Total	9,086	1,064	121	64	7,837	322	7,515
1990 5-Month Total	9,034	1,024	121	60	7,828	330	7,499

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Gas withdrawn from gas and oil wells.

b The injection of natural gas into oil and gas formations for pressure maintenance and cycling purposes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> See Note 1 at end of section.

d Vented: Natural gas released into the air on the base site or at processing plants. Flared: Natural gas burned in flares on the base site or at gas processing plants.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Gross Withdrawals" minus "Repressuring," "Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed," and "Vented and Flared." See Note 2 at end of section.

<sup>1</sup> See Note 3 at end of section.

<sup>9 &</sup>quot;Marketed Production (Wet)" minus "Extraction Loss."

h May include unknown quantities of nonhydrocarbon gases.

R=Revised data. NA=Not available. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: • 1973-1984: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Natural Gas Annual 1990, Volume 1, Table 95. • 1985 forward: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, July 1992, Table 1.

Table 4.2 Natural Gas Supply and Disposition

(Billion Cubic Feet)

		-		Supply					Dispositio	n
•		Total Dry Gas Production	Withdrawals from Storage <sup>a</sup>	Supplemental Gaséous	Ii-b	Balancing	Total Supply/	Additions to		
		Floadciion	_ Storage-	Fuels <sup>b</sup>	Imports <sup>b</sup>	ltem <sup>b</sup>	Disposition <sup>c</sup>	Storage <sup>a</sup>	Exportsb	Consumption
1973 Total		<sup>d</sup> 21,731	1,533	NA	1,033	-196	24,101	1,974	77	22.040
974 Total	•••••	<sup>a</sup> 20.713	1,701	NA.	959	-289	23,084	1,784	77 77	22,049
975 Total		<sup>d</sup> 19,236	1,760	NA	953	-235	21,714	2,104	73	21,223
976 Total	••••••	<sup>0</sup> 19.098	1,921	NA	964	-216	21,767	1,756	65	19,538
977 Total	*******	<sup>d</sup> 19,163	1,750	NA	1,011	-41	21,883	2,307	56	19,946
978 Total		<sup>0</sup> 19.122	2,158	NA	966	-287	21,958	2,278	53	19,521 19,627
979 Total		<sup>d</sup> 19,663	2,047	. NA	1,253	-372	22,591	2,295	56	20,241
980 Total	••••••	19,403	1,972	155	985	-640	21,875	1,949	49	19,877
981 Total	••••••	19,181	1,930	176	904	-500	21,691	2,228	59	19,404
982 Total		17,820	2,164	145	933	-537	20,525	2,472	52	18,001
983 Total	••••••	16,094	2,270	132	918	e -703	18,712	1,822	55	16,835
984 Total	***************************************	17,466	2,098	110	843	<sup>0</sup> -217	20,300	2,295	55	17,951
985 Total	••••••	16,454	2,397	126	950	-428	19,499	2,163	55	17,281
966 Total	•••••	16,059	1,837	113	750	-493	18,266	1,984	61	16,221
867 Total		16,621	1,905	101	993	-444	19,176	1,911	54	17,211
88 Total	. ·	17,103	2,270	101	1,294	-452	20,315	2,211	74	18,030
889 Total	*************	17,311	2,854	107	1,382	-218	21,435	2,528	107	18,801
90 Janua	ry	1,618	356	12	140	112	2,238	96	14	2,128
Februa	ary	1,440	345	10	118	-3	1,910	71	8	1,831
March	•••••	1,528	267	11	116	8	1,930	128	11	1,791
	••••••	1,449	141	10	123	73	1,796	194	6	1,596
	•••••	1,464	44	9	123	57	1,697	304	6	1,387
	••••••	1,424	41	9	117	33	1,624	335	6	1,283
	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	1,449	26	10	120	7	1,612	337	5	1,270
	t	1,454	40	9	118	11	1,632	330	5	1,297
Septer	mber	1,396	36	9	120	4	1,565	295	7	1,263
Never	9r	1,516	66	. 9	142	-124	1,609	217	6	1,386
Dogor	nber	1,513	151	10	140	-126	1,688	139	6	1,543
	nber	1,558 <b>17,810</b>	490 <b>2,002</b>	12 <b>120</b>	156 <b>1,532</b>	-199 <b>-148</b>	2,017 <b>21,316</b>	71 2,516	7 86	1,939
04   1000		·						2,310	00	18,714
Januar Enhance	ry	1,597	640	11	156	R4	<sup>R</sup> 2,408	58	13	<sup>R</sup> 2,337
Februa	ary	1,443	364	10	131	<sup>R</sup> 66	R 2,014	61	7	<sup>R</sup> 1,946
		1,530	264	11	149	23	1,977	99	11	1,867
		1,464	84	10	145	101	1,804	213	8	1,583
	••••••	1,481	31 30	. 9	137	23	1,681	308	8	1,365
		1,428 1,445	20 R 48	. 8	129	g-43	1,542	310	8	1,224
	t	1,445	55	9 9	132	R-46	R 1,587	R 268	8	R 1,312
	nber	1,431	48		129	-67 R-68	1,566	257	8	1,301
	er	R 1,537	R <sub>73</sub>	. 8 . 10	131	R -94	R 1,550	279	12	R 1,259
Novem	ber	1,537	327	9	158	R-183	1,684	230	13	1,441
	ber	1,602	428		164		R 1,854	118	12	R 1,724
Total .		R 17,935	R 2,380	11 114	183 <b>1,744</b>	-74 R <b>-353</b>	2,150 <b>21,820</b>	95 <sup>R</sup> 2,297	14 122	2,041 <sup>R</sup> 1 <b>9,401</b>
92 Januar	v	R 1,614	572	10	105	R49				
	ry	R 1,446	436	12 11	165 171	R 60	R 2,314	57 50	17	R 2,240
March	,	H 1.514	R 370	11	171 178	R <sub>-26</sub>	R 2,124	53	14	R 2,057
April	••••••••••••••••••••••	E 1,484	140	10	178	R <sub>74</sub>	R 2,047	73	24	R 1,950
Mav		£ 1,499	50	9	1.73		R 1,885	159	15	R 1,711
	th Total	E 7,557	1,568	53	864	73 <b>132</b>	1,804 <b>10,174</b>	320 <b>662</b>	10 <b>80</b>	1,474 <b>9,432</b>
91 5-Mon	th Total	7,515	1,383	51	718	- 217		•		
	th Total	7,499	1,363 1,153	52	620	217 247	9,884 9,571	739 702	47	9,098
		.,	1,100	<b>J</b> 2	020	. 247	9,571	793	45	8,733

a Data for 1980-1990 include underground storage and liquefied natural gas storage. All other data include underground storage only. Computation procedures are discussed in Note 8 at end of section.

b See Notes at end of section.

C Data for 1978 forward do not include in-transit receipts and deliveries.

d May include unknown quantities of nonhydrocarbon gases.

See Note 7 at end of section.

R=Revised data. NA=Not available. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: • 1973-1984: Supplemental Gaseous Fuels—Energy Information Administration (EIA), Natural Gas Annual 1990, Volume 2 (December 1991), Table 12. All Other Data—EIA, Natural Gas Annual 1990, Volume 2 (December 1991), Table 2. • 1985 forward: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, July 1992,

Table 4.3 Natural Gas Consumption by End-Use Sector

(Billion Cubic Feet)

				Deliv	rered to Consume	rs		
	Lease and Plant Fuel	Pipeline Fuel <sup>a</sup>	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Electric Utilities	Total	Total Consumption
1070 T-4-1	1,496	728	4,879	2,597	8,689	3,660	19,825	22,049
1973 Total		669	4,786	2,556	8,292	3,443	19,077	21,223
974 Total	1,477	583	4,924	2,508	6,968	3,158	17,558	19,538
1975 Total	1,396	548	4,924 5,051	2,668	6,964	3,081	17,764	19,946
976 Total	1,634		•	2,501	6,815	3,191	17,329	19,521
977 Total	1,659	533	4,821	2,601	6,757	3,188	17,449	19,627
978 Total	1,648	530	4,903	2,786	6,899	3,491	18,141	20,241
979 Total	1,499	601	4,965	2,780 2,611	7,172	3,682	18,216	19,877
980 Total	1,026	635	4,752 4.546	2,520	7,128	3,640	17,834	19,404
981 Total	928	642	4,546	2,606	5,831	3,226	16,295	18,001
982 Total	1,109	596	4,633		5,643	2,911	15,367	16,835
983 Total	978	490	4,381	2,433	6,154	3,111	16,345	17,951
1984 Total	1,077	529	4,555	2,524		3,044	15,811	17,281
1985 Total	966	504	4,433	2,432	5,901 5,570	2,602	14,814	16,221
986 Total	923	485	4,314	2,318	5,579		15,542	17,211
1987 Total	1,149	519	4,315	2,430	5,953	2,844	16,320	18,030
1988 Total	1,096	614	4,630	2,670	6,383	2,636	17,102	18,801
1989 Total	1,070	629	4,781	2,718	6,816	2,787	17,102	10,001
1990 January	112	64	788	400	618	146	1,952	2,128
February	100	54	642	336	567	132	1,677	1,831
March	106	56	552	302	591	184	1,629	1,791
April	100	54	399	236	607	199	1,442	1,596
May	102	55	248	158	581	244	1,230	1,387
June	99	54	161	124	548	297	1,130	1,283
July	100	54	126	123	540	326	1,116	1,270
August	101	55	121	115	561	343	1,141	1,297
September	96	52	132	121	560	301	1,114	1,263
	105	50	213	151	609	257	1,231	1,386
October November	106	53	376	224	600	185	1,384	1,543
December	109	58	630	332	635	175	1,772	1,939
Total	1,236	660	4,389	2,623	7,018	2,787	16,818	18,714
,		R 82	848	432	691	173	2,144	<sup>R</sup> 2,337
1991 January	111	69	667	358	606	146	1,778	<sup>R</sup> 1,946
February	100	66	575	310	617	193	1,695	1,867
March	106		374	226	610	216	1,425	1,583
April		56		154	582	249	1,214	1,365
May		48	230 148	119	554	260	1,082	1,224
June		43		126	583	330	1,165	R 1,312
July		46	127	113	596	328	1,155	1,301
August		46	118	–	592	263	1,115	R 1,259
September		44	139	122	631	263 263	1,283	1,441
October		51	226	163		263 198	1,557	R 1,724
November		61	462	255	642	170	1,858	2.041
December		72	660	348	680			R 19,401
Total	1,245	<sup>R</sup> 684	4,574	2,726	7,384	2,788	17,472	15,401
1992 January	112	79	789	399	692	169	2,050	R 2,240
February	100	72	697	375	641	170	1,884	R 2,057
March	D	69	579	317	673	208	1,776	R 1,950
April		60	432	251	636	229	1,548	R 1,711
4-Month Total		280	2,497	1,343	2,642	776	7,258	7,958
1991 4-Month Total	419	273	2,464	1,326	2,524	728	7,042	7,733
15514-MOHIN 10(81	710	228	2,382	1,274	2,383	660	6,699	7,346

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Natural gas consumed in the operation of pipelines, primarily in compressors.

R=Revised data.

Notes: • Natural gas includes supplemental gaseous fuels. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: • 1973-1984: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Natural Gas Annual 1989, Table 94. • 1985 forward: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, July 1992, Table 3.

# Table 4.4 Natural Gas in Underground Storage

(Volumes in Billion Cubic Feet)

	Uı	Natural Gas in nderground Storag End of Period	je,	Change in W from Sam Previou	e Period		Storage Activity	
	Base Gas	Working Gas	Totala	Volume	Percent	Injections <sup>b</sup>	Withdrawalsb	Net <sup>c</sup>
1973 Total	2,864	2,034	4,898	305	17.6	1,974	1,533	442
1974 Total	2,912	2,050	4,962	16	.8	1,784	1,701	84
1975 Total	3,162	2,212	5,374	162	7.9	2,104	1,760	
1976 Total	3,323	1,926	5,250	-286	-12.9	•		344
1977 Total	3,391	2,475	5,866	549	28.5	1,756	1,921	-165
1978 Total	3,473	2,547	6,020	72	20.5	2,307	1,750	557
1979 Total	3,553	2,753	6,306	207		2,278	2,158	120
1980 Total	3,642	2,655		-99	8.1	2,295	2,047	248
1981 Total	3,752	2,817	6,297 6,560		-3.6	1,896	1,910	-14
1982 Total	3,808	2,817 3,071	6,569	162	6.1	2,180	1,887	293
1983 Total	3,847	,	6,879	255	9.0	2,399	2,094	306
1984 Total	3,830	2,595	6,442	-476	-15.5	1,700	2,142	-442
IOOF Total		2,876	6,706	281	10.8	2,252	2,064	188
1985 Total	3,842	2,607	6,448	-270	-9.4	2,128	2,359	-231
1986 Total	3,819	2,749	6,567	142	5.5	1,952	1,812	140
1987 Total	3,792	2,756	6,548	7	.3	1,887	1,881	6
1988 Total	3,800	2,850	6,650	94	3.4	2,174	2,244	-69
1989 Total	3,812	2,513	6,325	-337	-11.8	2,491	2,804	-313
990 January	3,818	2,268	6,086	-241	-9.6	94	345	-251
February	3,814	1,999	5.813	5	.3	70	335	-265
March	3,818	1.867	5.685	91	5.1	125	261	-205 -136
April	3,839	1,939	5,778	116	6.4	189	138	
May	3,823	2,175	5,998	113	5.5	295	43	51
June	3,844	2,482	6,326	108	4.5	326	43 40	252
July	3,850	2,790	6.640	146	5.5	328		286
August	3,851	3.073	6,924	135	5.5 4.6		26	302
September	3,852	3,326	7,178	139		321	39	282
October	3.852	3,474	7,176 7,326	206	4.4	287	35	252
November	3.868	3,478	,		6.3	211	63	148
December	3,868		7,346	279	8.7	135	147	-12
Total	3,868	3,070	6,939	557	22.2	70	478	-408
	•	3,070	6,939	557	22.2	2,451	1,949	502
991 January	R 3,912	R 2,354	<sup>R</sup> 6,266	<sup>R</sup> 86	R 3.8	58	640	-581
February	R 3,913	<sup>R</sup> 2,075	5,988	<sup>A</sup> 76	<sup>R</sup> 3.8	61	364	-302
March	R 3,894	<sup>R</sup> 1,910	5,804	R 43	<sup>R</sup> 2.3	99	264	-165
April	<sup>R</sup> 3,895	<sup>R</sup> 2,029	5,924	<sup>R</sup> 90	<sup>R</sup> 4.6	213	. 84	R 130
May	<sup>R</sup> 3,931	R 2,272	6,203	<sup>R</sup> 97	R 4.5	308	31	277
June	3,946	2,555	6,501	73	2.9	310	20	290
July	3,942	2,769	6,711	-21	8	R 268	R 48	220
August	3,946	2,978	6,924	-95	-3.1	257	55	203
September	3,950	_ 3,196	7,146	-130	-3.9	279	48	231
October	3,961	R 3,365	<sup>R</sup> 7,326	· R-109	R-3.1	230	R 73	R 157
November	3,952	3,145	7,096	-333	-9.6	118	327	-209
December	3,954	2.824	6,778	-246	-8.0	95	428	-209
Total	3,954	2,824	6,778	-246	-8.0	<sup>R</sup> 2,297	R 2,380	R -83
992 January	4,048	2,213	6,260	R-141	<sup>R</sup> -6.0			
February	R 4,044	R 1,840	5,884	R -235	R-11.3	57 50	572	-515
March	4.033	R 1,543	5,576	R-367	"-11.3 <sup>R</sup> -19.2	53 70	436 B 070	-383
April	4,033	1,570	5,576 5,594	R -459		73	R 370	R-297
May	4.042	•			R-22.6	159	140	R 19
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7,042	1,845	5,888	-427	-18.8	320	. 50	271

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Total underground storage capacity at the end of each calendar year (in billion cubic feet): 1975--6,280(first data available): 1976--6,544; 1977--6,678; 1978--6,890; 1979--6,929; 1980--7,434; 1981--7,805; 1982--7,915; 1983--7,985; 1984--8,043; 1985--8,087; 1986--8,145; 1987-1989--8,124; and 1990--8125. Current capacity remains at 8,125.

b For 1980-1990, data differ from those shown on Table 4.2, which include liquefied natural gas storage for that period.

C Positive numbers indicate injections are greater than withdrawals. Negative numbers indicate withdrawals are greater than injections. Net injections or withdrawals may not equal the difference between applicable ending stocks. See Note 8 at end of section.

R=Revised data.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: • Storage Activity: 1973-1975—Energy Information Administration (EIA), Natural Gas Annual 1988, Volume II, Table 9. 1976-1979—EIA, Natural Gas Production and Consumption 1979, Table 1. 1980-1984—EIA, Natural Gas Annual 1988, Volume II, Table 11. 1985 forward—EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, July 1992, Table 17. • Other Data: 1973—American Gas Association (AGA), Gas Facts, 1972 Data, Table 57, and Gas Facts, 1973 Data, Table 57. 1974—AGA, Gas Facts, 1974 Data, Table 40. 1975 and 1976—Federal Energy Administration, Form FEA-G318-M-O, and Federal Power Commission (FPC), Form FPC-8. 1977 and 1978—EIA, Form FEA-G318-M-O, and Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FERC-8. 1979-1984—EIA, Form EIA-191, and FERC, Form FERC-8. 1985 forward—EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, July 1992, Table 17.

#### **Natural Gas Notes**

- 1. Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed: Annual data on nonhydrocarbon gases removed from marketed production—carbon dioxide, helium, hydrogen sulfide, and nitrogen—are from the Energy Information Administration (EIA) Natural Gas Annual (NGA) 1989. Data are not available for periods prior to 1980. Monthly data are reported by three States and computed for six States. Monthly data are preliminary until after publication of the EIA NGA. Differences between annual data published in the EIA NGA and the sum of the preliminary monthly data (January-December) are allocated proportionally to the months to create final monthly data. For further information on methods of estimating preliminary monthly data, see the EIA Natural Gas Monthly (NGM).
- 2. Production: Annual data. Final annual data are from the EIA NGA.

Estimated monthly data. Data for the two most recent months presented are estimated. Some of the data for earlier months are also estimated or computed. For a discussion of computation and estimation procedures, see the EIA NGM.

Preliminary monthly data. Monthly data are considered preliminary until after publication of the EIA NGA. Preliminary monthly data are gathered from reports to the Interstate Oil Compact Commission and the U.S. Minerals Management Service. Volumetric data are converted, as necessary, to a standard 14.73 psi pressure base. Unless there are major changes, data are not revised until after publication of the EIA NGA.

Final monthly data. Differences between annual data in the EIA NGA and the sum of preliminary monthly data (January-December) are allocated proportionally to the months to create final monthly data.

3. Extraction Loss: Extraction loss is the reduction in volume of natural gas resulting from the removal of natural gas liquid constituents at natural gas processing plants.

Annual data for extraction loss are from the EIA NGA, where they are estimated on the basis of the type and quantity of liquid products extracted from the gas stream and the calculated volume of such products at standard conditions. For a detailed explanation of the calculations used to derive estimated extraction losses, see the EIA NGA.

Preliminary monthly data are estimated on the basis of extraction loss as an annual percentage of marketed production. This percentage is applied to each month's marketed production to estimate monthly extraction loss.

Monthly data are revised and considered final after the publication of the EIA NGA. Final monthly data are estimated by allocating annual extraction loss data to the months on the basis of total natural gas marketed production data from the EIA NGA.

4. Supplemental Gaseous Fuels: Supplemental gaseous fuels are mainly synthetic natural gas, propaneair, and refinery gas. Other gases, such as coke oven gas, biomass gas, manufactured gas, and air injected for Btu stabilization, may also be included.

Annual data beginning with 1980 are from the EIA NGA. Unknown quantities of supplemental gaseous fuels are included in consumption data for 1979 and earlier years.

Monthly data are considered preliminary until after the publication of the EIA NGA. Monthly estimates are based on the annual ratio of supplemental gaseous fuels to the sum of dry gas production, net imports, and net withdrawals from storage. The ratio is applied to the monthly sum of the three elements to compute a monthly supplemental gaseous fuels figure.

5. Imports and Exports: The United States imported natural gas via pipeline from Mexico (until 1984) and Canada and liquefied natural gas (LNG) (except in 1986) via tanker from Algeria. One shipment of LNG was received in December 1986 from Indonesia. The United States exports natural gas via pipeline to Mexico and Canada and LNG via tanker to Japan.

Annual and final monthly data are from the annual Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas," which requires data to be reported by month for the calendar year.

Preliminary monthly data are EIA estimates. For a discussion of estimation procedures, see the EIA NGM. Preliminary data are revised after the publication of the EIA U.S. Imports and Exports of Natural Gas.

6. Consumption: Consumption includes pipeline fuel use, lease and plant fuel use, and deliveries to consuming sectors.

Final data are from the EIA NGA. Monthly data are considered preliminary until after publication of the EIA NGA. For more detailed information on the methods of estimating preliminary and final monthly data, see the EIA NGM.

7. Balancing Item: The balancing item for natural gas represents the difference between the sum of the components of natural gas supply and the sum of components of natural gas disposition. The differences may be due to quantities lost or to the effects of data reporting problems. Reporting problems include differences due to the net result of conversions of flow data

metered at varying temperature and pressure bases and converted to a standard temperature and pressure base; the effect of variations in company accounting and billing practices; differences between billing cycle and calendar period time frames; and imbalances resulting from the merger of data reporting systems which vary in scope, format, definitions, and type of respondents.

The increase of 0.2 trillion cubic feet (Tcf) in the "Balancing Item" category in 1983, followed by a decline of 0.5 Tcf in 1984, reflected unusually large differences resulting from the use of the annual billing cycle (essentially December 15 through the following December 14) consumption data in conjunction with calendar year supply data. Record cold temperatures during the last half of December 1983 resulted in a reported 0.3 Tcf increase in net withdrawals from underground storage for peak shaving as compared with the same period in 1982, but the effect of this cold weather was reflected primarily in 1984 consumption data. For underground storage data, see Table F2 in the May 1985 NGM, which was published in July 1985.

8. Natural Gas Storage: Gas in storage at the end of a reporting period may not equal the quantity derived

by adding or subtracting net injections or withdrawals from the quantity in storage at the end of the previous period. The difference is due to changes in the quantity of native gas included in the base gas and/or losses in base gas due to migration from storage reservoirs.

Monthly underground storage data are collected from the Forms FERC-8 (interstate data) and EIA-191 (intrastate data). Beginning in January 1991, all data are collected on the revised Form EIA-191. Injection and withdrawal data from the FERC-8/EIA-191 survey are adjusted to correspond to data from Form EIA-176 following publication of the EIA NGA.

The final monthly and annual storage and withdrawal data for 1980-1989 include both underground and liquefied natural gas (LNG) storage. Annual data on LNG additions and withdrawals are from Form EIA-176. Monthly data are estimated by computing the ratio of each month's underground storage additions and withdrawals to annual underground storage additions and withdrawals and applying the ratio to the annual LNG data.

# Section 5. Oil and Gas Resource Development

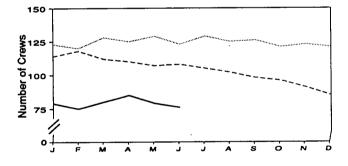
A total of 76 seismic exploration crews were active in June 1992, 32 fewer than a year earlier. Of the total, 64 were land crews and 12 were aboard marine vessels. The number of land crews was down by 23, and the number of operating marine vessels decreased by 9 vessels from the June 1991 count.

The June 1992 rotary rig count of 621 was 3 percent lower than in the previous month and 28 percent lower than in June 1991. Of the total number of rigs in operation, 577 were onshore and 44 were offshore. The number of onshore rigs was down 25 percent from the number in June 1991, and the number of offshore rigs was down 53 percent.

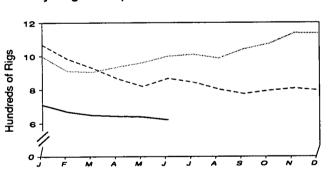
The estimated number of exploratory and development gas and oil wells drilled during May 1992 was 1,360, 2 percent higher than in April 1992 but 25 percent lower than in May 1991. The estimated number of oil wells drilled was 790 and the estimated number of gas wells was 570, down 28 percent and 21 percent, respectively, from the May 1991 levels. The estimated number of dry holes drilled in May 1992 was 550, up 4 percent from April 1992 but 17 percent lower than in May 1991. Total footage drilled in May 1992 was 9.25 million feet, up slightly from footage drilled in April 1992 but down 21 percent from that drilled in May 1991.

Figure 5.1 Oil and Gas Resource Development Indicators

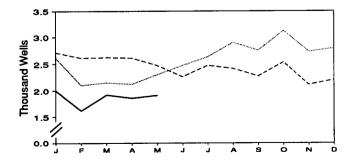




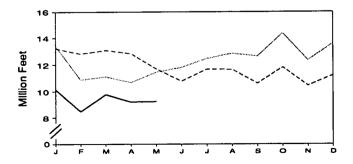
### **Rotary Rigs in Operation**



#### Wells Drilled



#### Footage Drilled



Sources: Tables 5.1 and 5.2.

1990

1991

1992

Table 5.1 Seismic Crews and Rotary Rigs

		Crews Engaged in Seismic Exploration	1	Rota	ary Rigs in Operat	tion <sup>a</sup>	
	Offshore	Onshore	Total	Offshore	Onshore	Total	
		Monthly Average		Weekly Average			
1973 Average	23	227	250	84	1,110	1 104	
1974 Average	31	274	305	94	1,378	1,194	
1975 Average	30	254	284	106	•	1,472	
976 Average	25	237	262		1,554	1,660	
977 Average	27	281		129	1,529	1,658	
978 Average	25	327	308	167	1,834	2,001	
979 Average	30		352	185	2,074	2,259	
980 Average	30 37	370	400	207	1,970	2,177	
981 Average		493	530	231	2,678	2,909	
	44	637	681	256	3,714	3,970	
982 Average	57	531	588	243	2,862	3,105	
983 Average	47	426	473	199	2,033	2,232	
984 Average	49	445	494	213	2,215	2,428	
985 Average	45	333	378	206	1,774	1,980	
986 Average	24	176	201	99	865	964	
987 Average	24	153	176	95	841	936	
988 Average	29	153	182	123	813		
989 Average	23	109	132	105	764	936 869	
990 January	20	103	123	113	885	998	
February	20	100	120	105	806	911	
March	21	107	128	108	797	905	
April	24	101	125	111	824		
May	25	104	129	120		935	
June	23	100	123	113	841	961	
July	24	105	129		886	999	
August	23			108	902	1,010	
September	25 25	102	125	108	879	987	
October	23	101	126	107	935	1,042	
November		98	121	99	974	1,073	
	23	100	123	106	1,031	1,137	
December Average	23 <b>23</b>	98 <b>102</b>	121 <b>125</b>	101 108	1,035 <b>902</b>	1,136	
•	00					1,010	
991 January February	22	92	114	91	977	1,068	
	21	97	118	88	896	984	
March	24	88	112	81	848	929	
April	23	87	110	95	770	865	
May	22	85	107	98	721	819	
June	21	87	108	93	774	867	
July	16	89	105	80	764	844	
August	15	87	102	68	735	803	
September	14	84	98	71	704	775	
October	15	81	96	68	727	795	
November	18	73	91	72	736	808	
December	19	66	85	65	731	796	
Average	19	85	104	81	779	860	
92 January	18	61	79	56	654	710	
February	13	62	75	51	618	669	
March	13	67	80	54	594		
April	13	72	85	55	594 587	648	
May	13	66	79	47		642	
June	12	64	7 <del>5</del> 76	47	591 577	638	
6-Month Average	14	65	79	51	577 <b>605</b>	621 <b>656</b>	
991 6-Month Average	22	89	112	91	825	916	
90 6-Month Average	22	103	125	112			
<u> </u>			123	112	841	953	

a Monthly data are averages of 4- or 5-week reporting periods, not calendar months. Annual data are averages of 52- or 53-week reporting periods, not

calendar years.

Notes: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: • Crews Engaged in Seismic Exploration: Society of Exploration Geophysicists, "Monthly Seismic Crew Count," and annual reports in Geophysics:

The Leading Edge of Exploration. • Rotary Rigs in Operation: Hughes Tool Company, "Rotary Rigs Running--by State."

Table 5.2 Oil and Gas Exploratory and Development Wells

		Wells	Drilled		]	
	Oil	Gas	Dry	Total	Footage Drilled	
		Thousar	nd Wells		Million Feet	
73 Total	10.25	6.98	10.47	27.69	139.42	
	13.66	7.17	12.21	33.04	153.79	
74 Total			13.74	38.89	181.05	
75 Total	16.98	8.17			187.29	
76 Total	17.70	9.44	13.81	40.94		
77 Total	18.70	12.12	15.04	45.86	215.70	
78 Total	19.07	14.41	16.59	50.06	238.39	
79 Total	20.70	15.17	16.04	51.91	243.69	
80 Total	32.28	17.22	20.34	69.84	312.30	
81 Total	42.84	19.91	27.28	90.03	408.84	
82 Total	39.13	18.94	26.38	84.45	378.39	
83 Total	37.12	14.53	24.30	75.95	318.09	
		16.99	25.73	85.23	370.20	
84 Total	42.51		21.09	70.26	311.77	
85 Total	34.94	14.23			178.11	
186 Total	18.76	8.20	12.85	39.81	162.17	
187 Total	16.22	7.82	11.63	35.68		
88 Total	13.42	_ 8.33	R 10.26	R 32.01	A 153.81	
989 Total	10.33	<sup>R</sup> 9.11	<sup>R</sup> 8.35	<sup>R</sup> 27.79	R 131.41	
90 January	1.01	.87	.73	2.61	13.42	
February	.86	.71	.53	2.10	10.87	
March	.86	.71	.58	2.15	11.11	
April	.86	.64	.60	2.12	10.68	
May	.88	R.80	R .62	R 2.30	R 11.44	
	.91	.87	.68	2.47	11.80	
June	.97	.95	.71	2.63	12.46	
July			.75	2.90	12.83	
August	1.13	1.01			12.63	
September	1.07	.95	.73	2.75	R 14.35	
October	1.26	R 1.06	.81	R3.12		
November	1.17	.76	.81	2.73	12.33	
December	1.22	.87	.70	2.79	13.59	
Total	12.20	R 10.20	8.26	R 30.66	R 147.51	
991 January	1.24	.88	.59	2.71	13.21	
February	1.24	.72	.65	2.61	12.81	
March	1.18	.80	.64	2.62	13.08	
April	1.17	.76	69	2.61	12.83	
May	R 1.09	R .72	R .66	R 2.47	R <sub>11.69</sub>	
June	.93	.74	.59	2.26	10.77	
July	.97	.82	.68	2.47	11.66	
	1.02	.72	.67	2.41	11.64	
August	.90	.72 .72	.65	2.27	10.61	
September	.90 1.03	.72 .77	.03 .73	2.53	11.81	
October	1.03 B.os	8,59	.73 R .67	2.33 R 2.11	R 10.44	
November	R .85					
December	.86	.71	.63	2.20	11.22	
Total	R 12.46	<sup>R</sup> 8.96	<sup>R</sup> 7.84	<sup>R</sup> 29.27	R 141.77	
92 January	.84	.62	.55	2.00	10.15	
February	.72	.49	.41	1.62	8.49	
March	.85	.57	.51	1.92	9.78	
April	.83	.50	.53	1.86	9.22	
May	.79	.57	.55	1.91	9.25	
5-Month Total	4.02	2.75	2.55	9.32	46.89	
991 5-Month Total	5.91	3.88	3.23	13.03	63.62	

R-Revised data

Notes: • Includes exploratory and development wells; excludes service wells, stratigraphic tests, and core tests. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals and averages may not equal sum of components due to subsequent revisions and independent rounding. • Due to the method

of estimation, data shown on this page are frequently revised. See end of section.

Sources: Energy Information Administration computations, which are based on well reports submitted to the American Petroleum Institute by the Petroleum Information Corporation.

# Oil and Gas Resource Development Notes

Three well types are considered in the Monthly Energy Review (MER) drilling statistics: "completed for oil," "completed for gas," and "dry hole." Wells that productively encounter both crude oil and natural gas are categorized as "completed for oil." Both development wells and exploratory wells (new field wildcats, new pool tests, and extension tests) are included in the statistics. All other classes of wells drilled in connection with the search for producible hydrocarbons are excluded.

Prior to the March 1985 MER, drilling statistics consisted of completion data for the above types and classes of wells as reported to the American Petroleum Institute (API) during a given month. Due to time lags between the date of well completion and the date of completion reporting to the API, as-reported well completions proved to be an inaccurate indicator of drilling

activity. During 1982, for example, as-reported well completions rose, while the number of actual completions fell. Consequently, the drilling statistics published since the March 1985 MER are Energy Information Administration-generated (EIA) estimates produced by statistically imputing well counts and footage based on the partial data available from the API.

Estimates for a given month are first published in the MER for that month. Revisions are made in the 6th, 12th, and 24th subsequent months, as newly reported data allow refinement of the estimates. Unscheduled revisions may also occur when the latest estimate differs by more that 15 percent during the first 5 months, more than 10 percent during the next 6 months, or more than 2 percent thereafter through 5 years. After 5 years, the reported API data are published in lieu of EIA-generated estimates. Additional information about the EIA estimation methodology may be found in "Estimating Well Completions," the feature article published in the March 1985 MER.

# Section 6. Coal

Coal production in May 1992 totaled 78 million short tons, 3 percent<sup>6</sup> lower than the 80 million short tons produced in May 1991.

Electric utility coal consumption in April 1992 totaled 59 million short tons, 6 percent higher than the consumption level in April 1991.

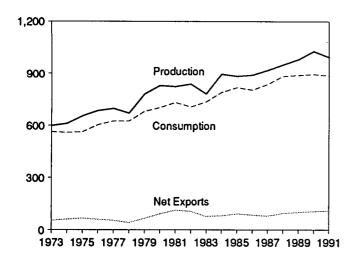
Electric utility coal stocks were 163 million short tons at the end of April 1992, compared with stocks of 164 million short tons at the end of April 1991.

Exports of coal in April 1992 totaled 9 million short tons, 25 percent higher than exports in April 1991. Imports of coal in April 1992 totaled 239 thousand short tons, 41 thousand short tons higher than in April 1991.

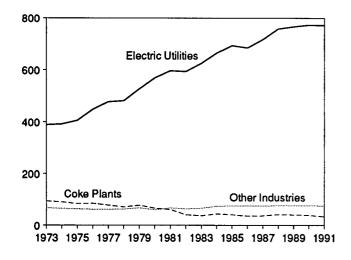
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Calculated values are computed using unrounded data.

Figure 6.1 Coal
(Million Short Tons)

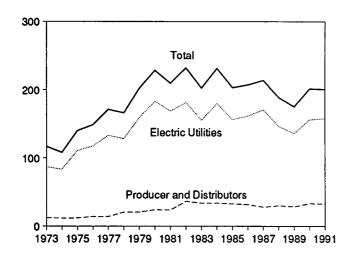
#### Overview, 1973-1991



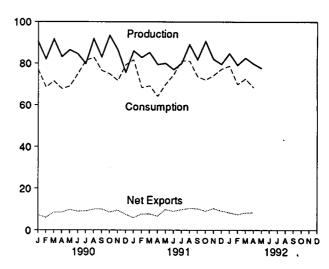
# Consumption by Sector, 1973-1991



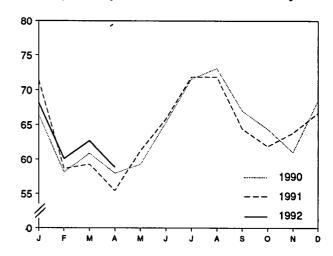
### Stocks, End of Year, 1973-1991



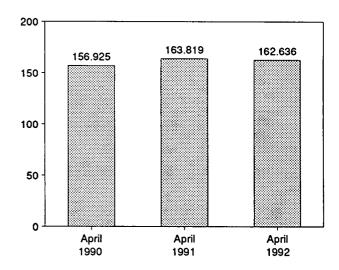
# Overview, Monthly



# Consumption by Electric Utilities, Monthly



Stocks at Electric Utilities, End of Month



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Tables 6.1, 6.2, and 6.3.

Table 6.1 Coal Overview

(Thousand Short Tons)

	Production	Consumption	Imports <sup>a</sup>	Exports	Stocks <sup>b</sup>
973 Total	598,568	562,584	127	53.587	116,865
974 Total	610,023	558,402	2,080	60,661	107,957
975 Total	654,641	562,640	940		140,158
	•	•		66,309	•
976 Total	684,913	603,790	1,203	60,021	148,659
977 Total	697,205	625,291	1,647	54,312	171,323
978 Total	670,164	625,225	2,953	40,714	166,246
979 Total	781,134	680,524	2,059	66,042	202,472
980 Total	829,700	702,729	1,194	91,742	228,407
981 Total	823,775	732,628	1,043	112,541	209,423
982 Total	838,111	706,910	742	106,277	232,037
983 Total	782,091	736,671	1,271	77,772	202,585
984 Total	895,921	791,296	1,286	81,483	231,300
985 Total	883,638	818,049	1,952	92,680	203,367
986 Total	890,315	804,231	2,212	85,518	207,319
987 Total	918,762	836,941	1,747	79,607	213,780
988 Total	950,265	883,642	2,134	95,023	188,831
989 Total	980,729	889,699	2,851	100,815	175,087
990 January	90.561	77,143	175	7.447	179,459
February	82.021	68,461	268	6,243	186,448
		•			
March	91,602	71,410	292	8,693	195,842
April	83,167	67,721	182	8,590	203,424
May	86,519	68,992	144	9,827	210,094
June	84,592	74,953	348	9,316	209,956
July	79,798	81,280	200	9,194	200,970
August	91,842	82,954	120	10,065	197,284
September	83,120	76,587	194	10,238	195,298
October	93,424	74,966	284	8,756	201,683
November	86,763	71,727	224	9,621	206,348
December	75,666	79,285	268	7,813	201,629
Total	1,029,076	895,480	2,699	105,804	201,629
991 January	86,098	81,738	263	6,214	197,829
February	82,874	68,282	429	8,127	204,026
March	85,307	69,188	246	7,977	211,208
April	79,478	64,184	198	6,917	215,947
May	80.059	69,981	248	10,018	216,921
June	77,049	74,592	284	9,278	212,741
	79,998		348	10.099	204,378
July		81,221		•	
August	89,163	81,196	248	10,541	199,237
September	81,818	73,676	387	10,557	197,488
October	90,654	72,018	214	9,244	202,136
November	82,029	74,239	298	10,602	201,670
December	79,620	77,353	225	9,393	200,845
Total	994,147	887,668	3,390	108,969	200,845
992 January	84.891	<sup>E</sup> 78,815	272	8.590	<sup>E</sup> 205,768
	79,154	E 69.875	213	7,759	E 207.870
February					
March	82,661	E 72,613	193	8,383	E 209,369
April	79,839	E 68,444	239	8,616	E 209,165
May	<u>_77,748</u>	NA.	NĄ	NA	.NA
5-Month Total	404,293	NA	NÃ	NA	NA
991 5-Month Total	413.816	353,373	1,384	39,254	216,921
990 5-Month Total	433,870	353,728	1,061	40,800	210,094
	700,070	000,120	1,001	70,000	210,034

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Includes Puerto Rico.

b Stocks held by electric utilities, coke plants, general industry, and coal producers and distributors at end of period. Excludes stocks held at retail dealers for consumption by the residential and commercial sector.

NA=Not available. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Data through 1990 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary.
• Annual and year-to-date totals are rounded sums of rounded data. Accordingly, they may not equal the sum of the months and may differ from values published elsewhere by the Energy Information Administration (EIA). • For methodology used to calculate production, consumption, and stocks, see Notes 1, 2, and 3 at end of section.

Sources: • Production: 1973-September 1977—U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Mines, Minerals Yearbook and Minerals Industry Surveys.

October 1977 forward—EIA, Weekly Coal Production. • Consumption: Table 6.2. • Imports and Exports: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Monthly Reports IM-145 (Imports) and EM-522 (Exports). • Stocks: Table 6.3.

Table 6.2 Coal Consumption by End-Use Sector

(Thousand Short Tons)

lential nd nercial 117 417 410 9916 954 511 388 452 422 240 448 130 779	Coke Plants 94,101 90,191 83,598 84,704 77,739 71,394 77,368 66,657 61,015 40,908	Other Industrial Including Transportation  68,154 64,983 63,670 61,799 61,472 63,085 67,717 60,347	389,212 391,811 405,962 448,371 477,126 481,235 527,051	Total  562,584 558,402 562,640 603,790 625,291 625,225 680,524
nercial  117 417 410 916 954 511 388 452 422 240 448 130 779	94,101 90,191 83,598 84,704 77,739 71,394 77,368 66,657 61,015	68,154 64,983 63,670 61,799 61,472 63,085 67,717 60,347	389,212 391,811 405,962 448,371 477,126 481,235 527,051	562,584 558,402 562,640 603,790 625,291 625,225
117 417 410 916 954 5511 388 452 422 240 448 130	94,101 90,191 83,598 84,704 77,739 71,394 77,368 66,657 61,015	68,154 64,983 63,670 61,799 61,472 63,085 67,717 60,347	389,212 391,811 405,962 448,371 477,126 481,235 527,051	562,584 558,402 562,640 603,790 625,291 625,225
417 410 916 954 511 388 452 422 240 448 130 779	90,191 83,598 84,704 77,739 71,394 77,368 66,657 61,015	64,983 63,670 61,799 61,472 63,085 67,717 60,347	391,811 405,962 448,371 477,126 481,235 527,051	558,402 562,640 603,790 625,291 625,225
417 410 916 954 511 388 452 422 240 448 130 779	90,191 83,598 84,704 77,739 71,394 77,368 66,657 61,015	64,983 63,670 61,799 61,472 63,085 67,717 60,347	391,811 405,962 448,371 477,126 481,235 527,051	558,402 562,640 603,790 625,291 625,225
410 916 954 511 388 452 422 240 448 130 779	83,598 84,704 77,739 71,394 77,368 66,657 61,015	63,670 61,799 61,472 63,085 67,717 60,347	405,962 448,371 477,126 481,235 527,051	562,640 603,790 625,291 625,225
916 954 511 388 452 422 240 448 130 779	84,704 77,739 71,394 77,368 66,657 61,015	61,799 61,472 63,085 67,717 60,347	448,371 477,126 481,235 527,051	603,790 625,291 625,225
954 511 388 452 422 240 448 130 779	77,739 71,394 77,368 66,657 61,015	61,472 63,085 67,717 60,347	477,126 481,235 527,051	625,291 625,225
511 388 452 422 240 448 130 779	71,394 77,368 66,657 61,015	63,085 67,717 60,347	481,235 527,051	625,225
388 452 422 240 448 130 779	77,368 66,657 61,015	67,717 60,347	527,051	
452 422 240 448 130 779	66,657 61,015	60,347		680,524
422 240 448 130 779	61,015		EEQ 274	,
240 448 130 779		67 205	569,274	702,729
448 130 779	40,908	67,395	596,797	732,628
448 130 779		64,096	593,666	706,910
130 779 .	37,033	65,979	625,211	736,671
<b>779</b> .	44,022	73,745	664,399	791,296
	41,056	75,743 75,372	693,841	818,049
667	35,924	•	•	•
		75,583 75,175	685,056	804,231
914	36,957	75,175	717,894	836,941
130	41,888	76,252	758,372	883,642
167	40,508	76,134	766,888	889,699
713	3,456	6,533	66,441	77,143
656	3,117	6,576	58,112	68,461
551	3,471	6,504	60,885	71,410
532	3,227	6,025	57,937	67,721
360	3,365	6,007	59.260	68,992
373	3,203	6,037	65,340	74,953
535	3,119	6,075	71,551	81,280
498	3,236	and the second s		
490 . 409		6,113	73,106	82,954
	3,120	6,056	67,001	76,587
413	3,319	6,853	64,381	74,966
624	3,223	6,838	61,041 <sup>-</sup>	71,727
059	3,020	6,713	68,493	79,285
724	38,877	76,330	773,549	895,480
862	2,928	6,541	71,406	81,738
605	2,479	6,584	58,614	68,282
541	2,883	6,492	59,272	69,188
403	2,675	5,663	55,443	64,184
330	2,710	5,713	61,228	69,981
322	2,690	5,763	65,817	74,592
427	2,929	6.014	71,852	81,221
386	•	•		
319	2,916	6,011	71,884	81,196
	2,932	6,026	64,397	73,676
353	2,902	6,880	61,883	72,018
677	2,896	6,852	63,814	74,239
			66,707	77,353
094	33,854	75,405	772,316	887,668
	<sup>€</sup> 3,036	E 6,831	E 68,137	E 78,815
700 <sub>.</sub>		E 6,412	<sup>E</sup> 60,100	<sup>E</sup> 69,875
509	E 3,164	E 6,262	E 62,678	E 72,613
593	E 2,906	E 6.114	E 58.831	E 68,444
513 E		E 25,619	E 249,747	E 289,748
	10,966	25,281	244,734	283,392
411	•			284,736
	868 <b>094</b> 811 700 509 593	868 2,913 094 33,854 811 \$\begin{array}{c} \text{3,036} \\ \text{700} \\ \text{62,663} \\ \text{593} \\ \text{613} \\ \text{613} \\ \text{611,769} \end{array}	868 2,913 6,865 094 33,854 75,405 811 \$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc	868       2,913       6,865       66,707         094       33,854       75,405       772,316         811       E3,036       E6,831       E68,137         700       E2,663       E6,412       E60,100         509       E3,164       E6,262       E62,678         593       E2,906       E6,114       E58,831         613       E11,769       E25,619       E249,747         411       10,966       25,281       244,734

E=Estimate

Notes: • For sector-specific reporting and estimating information, see Note 2 at end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Data through 1990 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary. • Annual and year-to-date totals are rounded sums of rounded data. Accordingly, they may not equal the sum of the months and may differ from values published elsewhere by the Energy Information Administration (EIA).

Sources: • Residential and Commercial: 1973-1976—U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), Bureau of Mines (BOM), Minerals Yearbook.

January-September 1977—DOI, BOM, Form 6-1400, "Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers-Upper Lake Docks." October 1977-1979—EIA, Form EIA-2, "Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers-Upper Lake Docks." 1980 forward—EIA, Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report." • Coke Plants: 1973-September 1977—DOI, BOM, Minerals Yearbook and Minerals Industry Surveys. October 1977-1980—EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke and Coal Chemicals-Monthly/Annual." 1981-1984—EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke Plant Report-Quarterly/Annual Supplement." 1985 forward—EIA Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report," quarterly. • Other Industrial: 1973-September 1977—DOI, BOM, Minerals Yearbook and Minerals Industry Surveys. October 1977-1979—EIA, Form EIA-3, "Monthly Coal Consumption Report-Manufacturing Plants." 1980 forward—EIA, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report-Manufacturing Plants," and Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report." • Electric Utilities: 1973-September 1977—DOI, BOM, Minerals Yearbook and Minerals Industry Surveys. October 1977 forward—EIA, Form EIA-759 (formerly Form FPC-4), "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Table 6.3 Coal Stocks, End of Period

(Thousand Short Tons)

<u></u>		Cons	umer		- Bradwan	
	Coke Plants	Other Industrial	Electric Utilities	Totala	Producers and Distributors	Totala
1973 Year	6,998	10,370	86,967	104,335	12,530	116,865
1974 Year	6,209	6,605	83,509	96,323	11,634	107,957
1975 Year	8,797	8,529	110,724	128,050	12,108	140,158
976 Year	9,902	7,100	117,436	134,438	14,221	148,659
977 Year	12,816	11,063	133,219	157,098	14,225	171,323
978 Year	8,278	9,048	128,225	145,551	20,695	166,246
979 Year	10,155	11,777	159,714	181,646	20,826	202,472
980 Year	9,067	11,951	183,010	204,028	24,379	228,407
981 Year	6,475	9,906	168,893	185,274	24,149	209,423
1982 Year	4,642	9,479	181,132	195,253	36,784	232,037
983 Year	4,346	8,710	155,598	168,654	33,931	202,585
984 Year	6,166	11,317	179,727	197,211	34,090	231,300
1985 Year	3,420	10,438	156,376	170,234	33,133	203,367
1986 Year	2,992	10,429	161,806	175,226	32,093	207,319
1987 Year	3,884	10,777	170,797	185,459	28,321	213,780
1988 Year	3,137	8,768	146,507	158,413	30,418	188,831
1989 Year	2,864	7,363	135,860	146,087	29,000	175,087
990 January	3,123	7.237	138,067	148,426	31,033	179,459
February	3,382	7,110	142,890	153,382	33,066	186,448
March	3,641	6,984	150,118	160,743	35,099	195,842
April	3,674	7,127	156,925	167,726	35,698	203,424
May	3,706	7,270	162,821	173,798	36,296	210,094
June	3,739	7,413	161,908	173,061	36,895	209,956
July	3,387	7,810	153,957	165,153	35,816	200,970
August	3,255	8,206	151,085	162,546	34,738	197,284
September	3,124	8,603	149,913	161,639	33,659	195,298
October	3,192	8,640	156,271	168,104	33,579	201,683
November	3.260	8,678	160,911	172,850	33,499	206,348
December	3,329	8,716	156,166	168,210	33,418	201,629
1991 January	3,262	8,234	150,000	161,496	36,333	197,829
February	3,196	7,753	153,830	164,779	39,248	204,026
March	3,130	7,271	158,644	169,045	42,162	211,208
April	3,181	7,154	163,819	174,154	41,793	215,947
May	3,232	7,038	165,229	175,498	41,423	216,921
June	3,283	6,921	161,484	171,688	41,054	212,741
July	3,087	7,033	155,680	165,800	38,578	204,378
August	2,891	7,145	153,097	163,133	36,103	199,237
September	2,695	7,258	153,907	163,860	33,628	197,488
October	2,721	7,192	158,813	168,726	33,409	202,136
November	2.747	7,127	158,605	168,479	33,190	201,670
December	2,773	7,061	158,040	167,874	32,971	200,845
1992 January	E 3,230	E 8,143	155,395	E 166,768	E 39,000	E 205,768
February	E 3.179	<sup>E</sup> 7,694	157,997	E 168,870	E 39.000	E 207.870
March	E 3,120	E 7,221	160,028	E 170,369	E 39,000	E 209,369
April	E 3,253	E 7,276	162,636	E 173,165	€ 36,000	E 209,165

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Excludes stocks held at retail dealers for consumption by the residential and commercial sector. E⇒Estimate.

Notes: • For sector-specific reporting and estimating information, see Note 3 at end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Data through 1990 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: • Coke Plants: 1973-September 1977—U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), Bureau of Mines (BOM), Minerals Yearbook and Minerals Industry Surveys. October 1977-1980—Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke and Coal Chemicals-Monthly/Annual." 1981-1984—EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke Plant Report," quarterly. • Other Industrial: 1973-September 1977—DOI, BOM, Minerals Yearbook and Minerals Industry Surveys. October 1977-1979—EIA, Form EIA-3, "Monthly Coal Consumption Report-Manufacturing Plants." 1980 forward—EIA, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report-Manufacturing Plants." 1980 forward—EIA, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report-Manufacturing Plants." 1973-September 1977—DOI, BOM, Minerals Yearbook and Minerals Industry Surveys. October 1977 forward—EIA, Form EIA-759 (formerly Form FPC-4), "Monthly Power Plant Report." • Producers and Distributors: EIA, Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report."

#### **Coal Notes**

1. Production: Preliminary monthly estimates of national coal production are the sum of weekly estimates developed by the Energy Information Administration (EIA) and published in the Weekly Coal *Production* report. When a week extends into a new month, production is allocated on a daily basis and added to the appropriate month. Weekly estimates are based on Association of American Railroads data showing the number of railcars loaded with coal during the week by Class I and certain other railroads. This number is converted into tons of coal by EIA by using the average number of tons of coal per railcar loaded reported in the most recent "Quarterly Freight Commodity Statistics" from the Interstate Commerce Commission. If an average coal tonnage per railcar loaded is not available for a specific railroad, the national average is used. To derive the estimate of total weekly production, the total rail tonnage for the week is divided by the ratio of quarterly production shipped by rail and total quarterly production. Data for the corresponding quarter of previous years are used to derive this ratio. This method insures that the seasonal variations are preserved in the production estimates.

When preliminary quarterly data become available, the monthly and weekly estimates are adjusted to conform to the quarterly figure. The adjustment procedure uses State-level production data and is explained in EIA's Quarterly Coal Report. Initial estimates of annual production published in January of the following year are based on preliminary production data covering the first 9 months (three quarters) and weekly/monthly estimates for the fourth quarter. The fourth quarter estimates may or may not be revised when preliminary data become available in March of the following year, depending on the magnitude of the difference between the estimates and the preliminary data. In any event, all quarterly, monthly, and weekly production figures are adjusted to conform to the final annual production data published in the Monthly Energy Review in the fall of the following year.

- 2. Consumption: Coal consumption data are reported by major end-use sector. Estimated data for the most recent months (designated by an "E") are derived from forecasted values shown in the EIA Short-Term Energy Outlook (DOE/EIA-0202) table titled "Supply and Disposition of Coal: Mid World Oil Price Case." The monthly estimates are one-third of the quarterly values shown in the then current issue of the publication, regularly released in February, May, August, and November. The estimates are revised quarterly as collected data become available from the data sources. Sector-specific information follows.
  - Residential and Commercial—Prior to 1980, monthly consumption estimates for the residential and commercial sector were derived by using reported data to modify baseline figures developed by the Bureau of Mines. From 1980-

- 1987, monthly estimates were derived by proportioning reported quarterly data by using the ratios of monthly-to-quarterly consumption data in 1979, the last year in which monthly data were reported on Form EIA-2. During 1981 and 1982, the estimates were also modified to reflect air temperature degree-days. Quarterly consumption data were directly from reported data and were defined as distribution to the residential and commercial sector as reported by coal producers and distributors on Form EIA-6. Beginning in January 1988, monthly residential and commercial consumption estimates are derived from reported quarterly data by using monthly national average population weighted heating/cooling degree-days obtained from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. The monthly ratios are the monthly national sum of heating and cooling degree-days as a proportion of the quarterly national sum. Quarterly consumption data are directly from reported data.
- Coke Plants—Prior to 1980, monthly coke plant consumption data were directly from reported data. From 1980-1987, coke plant consumption estimates were derived by proportioning reported quarterly data by using the ratios of monthly-to-quarterly consumption data in 1979, the last year in which monthly data were reported. Beginning in January 1988, monthly coke plant consumption estimates are derived from the reported quarterly data by using monthly ratios of raw steel production data from the American Iron and Steel Institute. The ratios are the monthly raw steel production from open hearth and basic oxygen process furnaces as a proportion of the quarterly production from those kinds of furnaces.
- Other Industrial—Prior to 1978, monthly consumption data for the other industrial sector (i.e., all industrial users minus coke plants) were derived by using reported data to modify baseline consumption figures from the most recent Bureau of the Census Annual Survey of Manufactures or Census of Manufactures. For 1978 and 1979, monthly estimates were derived from data reported on Forms EIA-3 and EIA-6. From 1980-1987, monthly figures were estimated by proportioning quarterly data by using the ratios of monthly-to-quarterly consumption data in 1979, the last year in which monthly data were reported on Form EIA-3. Quarterly consumption data were derived by adding beginning stocks at manufacturing plants to current receipts and subtracting ending stocks at manufacturing plants. In this calculation, current receipts were the greater of either reported receipts from manufacturing plants (Form EIA-3) or reported shipments to the other industrial sector (Form EIA-6), thereby ensuring that agriculture, forestry, fishing, mining, and construction consumption were included where appropriate. Starting in January 1988, monthly consumption for the other industrial sector is estimated from reported

quarterly data by using ratios derived from industrial production indices published by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. Indices for six major industry groups are used as the basis for calculating the ratios: foods (SIC 20); paper and products (SIC 26); chemicals and products (SIC 28); petroleum products (SIC 29); clay, glass, and stone products (SIC 32); and primary metals (SIC 33). The monthly ratios are computed as the monthly sum of the weighted indices as a proportion of the quarterly sum of the weighted indices by using the 1977 proportion as the weights.

- Electric Utilities—Monthly consumption data for electric utility plants are directly from reported data.
- 3. Stocks: Coal stocks data are reported by major end-use sector. Estimated data for the most recent months (designated by an "E") are derived from forecasted values shown in the EIA Short-Term Energy Outlook (DOE/EIA-0202) table titled "Supply and Disposition of Coal: Mid World Oil Price Case." The monthly estimates are one-third of the quarterly values shown in the then current issue of the publication, regularly released in February, May, August, and November. The estimates are revised quarterly as collected data become available from the data sources. Sector-specific information follows.
  - Coke Plants—Prior to 1980, monthly stocks at coke plants were directly from reported data.
     From 1980 forward, coke plant stocks are estimated by using one-third of the current

- quarterly change to indicate the monthly change in stocks. Quarterly stocks are directly from data reported on Form EIA-5.
- Other Industrial—Prior to 1978, stocks for the other industrial sector were derived by using reported data to modify baseline figures from a one-time Bureau of Mines survey of consumers. For 1978-1982, monthly estimates were derived by judgmentally proportioning reported quarterly data based on representative seasonal patterns of supply and demand. From 1983 forward, other industrial coal stocks are estimated as indicated above for coke plants. Quarterly stocks are directly from data reported on Form EIA-3 and therefore include only manufacturing industries; data for agriculture, forestry, fishing, mining, and construction stocks are not available.
- Electric Utilities—Monthly stocks data at electric utility plants are directly from reported data.
- Producers and Distributors—Quarterly stocks at producers and distributors are directly from reported data. Monthly data are estimated by using one-third of the current quarterly change to indicate the monthly change in stocks.
- 4. Imports and Exports: All coal import and export figures are directly from data reported monthly by the Bureau of the Census.
- 5. Additional Information: More information concerning coal production, consumption, and stocks data and estimation procedures may be obtained in EIA's Quarterly Coal Report.

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# Section 7. Electricity

During April 1992, electric utilities generated 211 billion kilowatthours of electricity, 1 percent<sup>7</sup> above the April 1991 generation level. Coal-fired generation totaled 120 billion kilowatthours, 7 percent above the April 1991 level. Nuclear generation totaled 42 billion kilowatthours, 2 percent above the level 1 year earlier. Natural gas-fired generation was 22 billion kilowatthours, 7 percent above the April 1991 level. Hydroelectric generation totaled 19 billion kilowatthours, 24 percent below the April 1991 level. Petroleum-fired generation totaled 6 billion kilowatthours, 23 percent below the level 1 year earlier.

Sales of electricity to all ultimate consumers in the United States in April were 211 billion kilowatthours, 2 percent higher than sales during the April 1991 level. Sales to industrial consumers totaled 77 billion kilowatthours in April 1992, 2 percent higher than the level a year ago. Sales to residential consumers during April 1992 were 68 billion kilowatthours, 4 percent above the level of sales during the previous year. Commercial sales were 58 billion kilowatthours,

2 percent higher than the sales to commercial consumers 1 year earlier. In April 1992, other sales totaled 7 billion kilowatthours, 2 percent lower than the April 1991 level.

Electric utility consumption of coal during April 1992 was 59 million short tons, 6 percent higher than consumption in April 1991. Petroleum consumption (excluding petroleum coke) during April 1992 was 10 million barrels, 22 percent below the April 1991 level. During April 1992, electric utilities consumed 229 billion cubic feet of natural gas, 6 percent above the April 1991 consumption level.

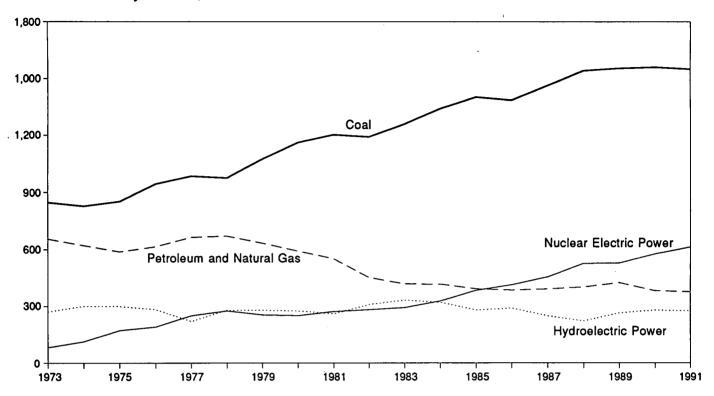
On April 30, 1992, electric utility stocks of all types of coal totaled 163 million short tons, 1 percent below the level on April 30, 1991. Stocks of petroleum (excluding petroleum coke) on April 30, 1992, totaled 68 million barrels, 9 percent below the level on April 30, 1991.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Percentage changes are based on numbers shown in the following tables.

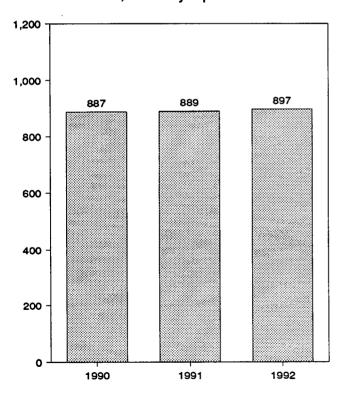
Figure 7.1 Electric Utility Net Generation of Electricity

(Billion Kilowatthours)

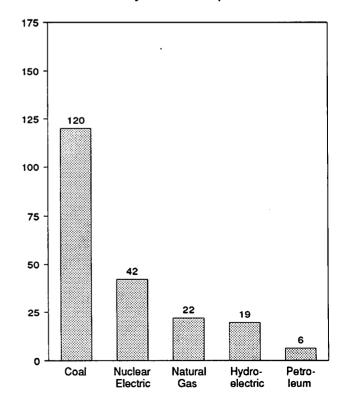
Net Generation by Source, 1973-1991



Net Generation, January-April



Net Generation by Source, April 1992



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 7.1.

Table 7.1 Electric Utility Net Generation of Electricity

(Million Kilowatthours)

		Natural		Nuclear Electric	Hydro- Electric		
	Coal	Gasa	Petroleumb	Power	Power	Otherc	Total
973 Total	847,651	340,858	314,343	83,479	272,083	2,294	1,860,710
974 Total	828,433	320,065	300,931	113,976	301,032	2,703	1,867,140
975 Total	852,786	299,778	289,095	172,505	300,047	3,437	1,917,649
976 Total	944,391	294,624	319,988	191,104	283,707	3,883	2,037,696
977 Total	985,219	305,505	358,179	250,883	220,475	4,063	2,124,323
978 Total	975,742	305,391	365,060	276,403	280,419	3,315	2,206,331
970 Total	1,075,037	329,485	303,525	255,155	279,783	4,387	2,247,372
979 Total			245,994	251,116	276,021	5,506	2,286,439
980 Total	1,161,562	346,240	•	272,674	260,684	6,054	2,294,812
981 Total	1,203,203	345,777	206,421		•		
982 Total	1,192,004	305,260	146,797	282,773	309,213	5,164	2,241,211
983 Total	1,259,424	274,098	144,499	293,677	332,130	6,456	2,310,285
984 Total	1,341,681	297,394	119,808	327,634	321,150	8,638	2,416,304
985 Total	1,402,128	291,946	100,202	383,691	281,149	10,724	2,469,841
986 Total	1,385,831	248,508	136,585	414,038	290,844	11,503	2,487,310
987 Total	1,463,781	272,621	118,493	455,270	249,695	12,267	2,572,127
988 Total	1,540,653	252,801	148,900	526,973	222,940	11,984	2,704,250
989 Total	1,553,661	266,598	158,318	529,355	265,063	11,309	2,784,304
990 January	132,623	13,687	11,515	55,119	23,412	933	237,289
February	116,071	12,450	9,385	49,963	24,151	861	212,880
March	123,139	17,647	10,172	46,087	28,042	948	226,034
April	117,260	18,991	10,141	38,516	25,387	775	211,070
May	119,785	22,867	9,442	42,945	27,001	868	222,908
June	132,624	28,280	13.348	46,332	27,708	883	249,175
July	144,359	30,983	12.824	53.645	23,658	907	266,375
August	147,305	32,610	10.887	55,758	21,048	919	268,527
	135.493	28.212	7,981	48,485	16,971	875	238.017
September	130,182	24,408	7,198	43,395	18,605	905	224,694
October		17,637	6,221	45,034	19,993	860	213,748
November	124,003		7,902	51,582	23.952	919	237,434
December	136,762	16,317	•	•	•	10,651	
Total	1,559,606	264,089	117,017	576,862	279,926	10,051	2,808,151
991 January	141,779	16,320	9,221	54,369	25,676	897	248,262
February	117,860	13,730	8,689	47,863	21,915	764	210,821
March	118,159	18,448	8,784	49,121	25,820	863	221,195
April	112,320	20,504	7,984	41,631	25,687	780	208,90
May	123,751	23,455	10,995	46,755	28,454	808	234,217
June	131,801	24,417	11,159	54,208	25,830	848	248,264
July	143,828	31,124	11,011	60,735	24,250	839	271,787
August	143,898	30,970	11,865	58,473	21,747	865	267,818
September	128,966	24,966	8,647	51,874	18,428	830	233,710
October	125,351	25,390	6,483	47,653	17,538	843	223,258
November	128,952	18,990	7,784	46,295	18,299	883	221,203
December	132,546	15,818	8,841	53,589	21,873	916	233,58
Total	1,549,212	264,131	111,463	612,565	275,516	10,137	2,823,02
992 January	137,181	16,176	10,197	57,878	21,535	910	243,877
February	121,733	16,157	8,306	52.804	17.958	798	217,75
March	127,678	19,906	8,811	45,835	21,553	871	224,655
	120,014	21,871	6.157	42,268	19,439	788	210,538
April 4-Month Total	506,607	74,110	33,471	198,785	80,484	3,368	896,82
	ŕ				•	•	
991 4-Month Total	490,118	69,002	34,679	192,984	99,098	3,303	889,184
990 4-Month Total	489,092	62,774	41,214	189,685	100,991	3,516	887,274

a includes supplemental gaseous fuel.

b Includes fuel oil Nos. 2, 4, 5, and 6, crude oil, kerosene, and petroleum coke.

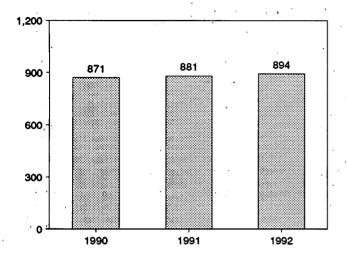
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> "Other" is electricity produced from geothermal, wood, waste, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy sources connected to electric utility distribution systems

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: • 1973-September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • October 1977-1979: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • 1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Electric Power Monthly, March 1991, Table 4. • 1981 and 1990 monthly data: EIA, Electric Power Monthly, March 1992, Table 4. • 1982 forward (except 1990 monthly data): EIA, Electric Power Monthly, July 1992, Table 4.

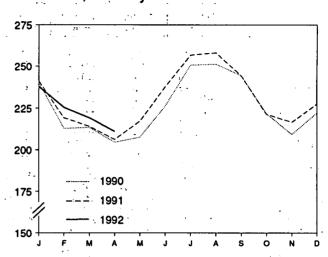
Figure 7.2 Electricity Sales

(Billion Kilowatthours)

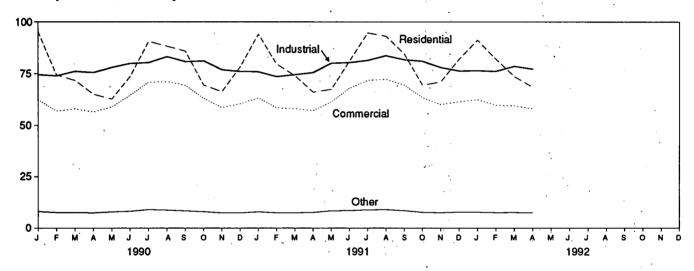
Total Sales, January-April



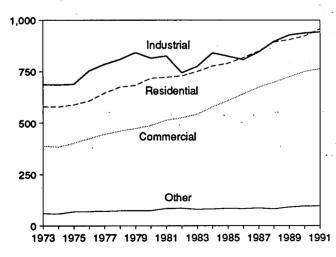
Total Sales, Monthly



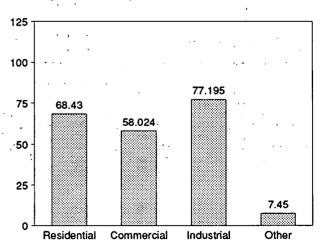
Sales by Sector, Monthly



Sales by Sector, 1973-1991



Sales by Sector, April 1992



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 7.2, Monthly Series.

Table 7.2 Electricity Sales by End-Use Sector

(Million Kilowatthours)

	Resid	lential .	Comm	ercial	Indu	strial	Oth	er <sup>a</sup>	·To	tal
	Monthly Series <sup>b</sup>	Annual Series	Monthly Series <sup>b</sup>	Annual Series	Monthly Series <sup>b</sup>	Annual Series	Monthly Series <sup>b</sup>	Annual Series	Monthly Series <sup>b</sup>	Annual Series
1973 Total	579,231	NA	388,266	NA	686.085	NA	59,326	NA	1,712,909	NA
1974 Total	578,184	NA NA	384,826	NA	684,875	NA	58,039	NA	1,705,924	NA
1975 Total	588,140	NA NA	403,049	NA	687,680	· NA	68,222	NA NA	1,747,091	NA
1976 Total	606,452	NA NA	425,094	NA NA	754,069	NA	69,631	NA	1,855,246	NA
1977 Total	645,239	NA	446,514	· NA	786,037	NA	70,571	NA	1,948,361	NA
1978 Total	674,466	NA NA	461,163	NA NA	809,078	NA	73,215	NA	2,017,922	NA
1979 Total	682,819	NA	473,307	NA NA	841,903	NA NA	73,070	NA	2,071,099	NA
1980 Total	717,495	NA	488,155	NA	815,067	NA	73,732	NA	2,094,449	NA.
1981 Total	722,265	NA	514,338	NA NA	825,743	NA	84,756	NA	2,147,103	NA
1982 Total	722,203	NA NA	526,397	NA NA	744,949	NA	85,575	NA	2,086,441	NA
	729,520 750,948	NA NA	543,788	NA NA	775,999	NA	80,219	NA NA	2,150,955	NA
1983 Total		780,092		582,621	840,588	837,836	81,849	85,248	2,278,372	2,285,796
1984 Total	777,654		578,281					87,279		2,323,974
1985 Total	790,977	793,934	608,968	605,989	824,523	836,772	85,075 83,409	88,615	2,309,543 2,350,835	2,368,753
1986 Total	817,663	819,088	641,469	630,520	808,292	830,531	83,409 86,854	88,196	2,350,635	2,366,753 2,457,272
1987 Total	849,613	850,410	673,707	660,433	845,266	858,233 896,498	82,362	89,598	2,567,949	2,437,272
1988 Total	892,125	892,866	697,711	699,100 725,861	895,751 926,376	925,659	91,066	89,765	2,567,545 2,646,651	2,646,809
1989 Total	903,979	905,525	725,229	723,001	320,370	323,033	31,000	03,703	2,040,001	2,040,000
1990 January	95,190	_	62,462	-	74,472	_	8,088	_	240,212	-
February	74,343	_	56,905	~	73,891	_	7,643	-	212,781	-
March	71,747	_	57,990	_	76,114	_	7,631	-	213,482	-
April	65,048	_	56,490	-	75,528	_	7,479	_	204,545	-
May	62,731		58,936	-	78,021	_	7,914		207,602	-
June	73,661	_	64,571	_	79,901	_	8,196	- '	226,327	_
July	90,590	_	70,912	<b>-</b> ·	80,345	_	9,009	-	250,855	- '
August	88,257	_	71,103	_	83,232	-	8,764	-	251,356	_
September	85,927	_	69,244	_	80,813	_	8,402	-	244,385	-
October	69,410	_	63,091	-	81,152	_	7,979	_	221,633	_
November	66,282	_	58,657	_	76,909	_	7,428	<b>-</b> '	209,276	_
December	78,288	_	60,474	_	76,050	_	7,404	-	222,216	_
Total	921,473	924,019	750,835	751,027	936,428	945,522	95,936	91,988	2,704,672	2,712,555
1991 January	94.059		63,285		75,908	_	7,919	_	241,170	_
February	79,616	_	58,515	_	73,535	_	7,433	_	219,099	_
March	74,015	_	58,074	_	74,511	_	7,469	_	214,069	_
April	66,031	_	57,084	_	75,520	_	7,592	-	206,227	_
May	67,396	_	61,364	_	80,022	_	8.400	_	217,183	_
June	81,087	_	67,903	<del>-</del>	80,356	_	8,509	_	237,854	_
July	94,699	_	71,797	_	81,396	_	8,885	_	256,776	_
August	93,086	_	72,293	_	83,743	_	8,971	_	258,093	_
September	84,657	_	69,429	_	81,739	_	8,469	_	244,295	_
October	69,378	_	63,406	_	80,968	_	7,637	_	221,389	_
November	71,054	_	60,089	_	77,952	_	7,461	_	216,556	_
December	81.997	_	61,499	_	76,300	_	7,780	_	227,577	_
Total	957,074	957,024	764,739	764,923	941,949	940,676	96,525	96,638	2,760,286	2,759,261
	•	-			70.50		7 740		007.000	
1992 January	91,207	-	62,450	-	76,504	-	7,718	-	237,880	-
February	82,028	_	59,817	=	76,122	-	7,501	-	225,467	. –
March	73,607	<del>-</del>	59,493		78,560	-	7,539	_	219,198	· <del>-</del>
April	68,430	_	58,024	-	77,195	-	7,450	-	211,098	-
4-Month Total	315,272	-	239,783	-	308,381	-	30,208	-	893,643	-
1991 4-Month Total	313,721	-	236,958	_	299,474	_	30,413	-	880,565	_

a "Other" is public street and highway lighting, other sales to public authorities, sales to railroads and railways, and interdepartmental sales.

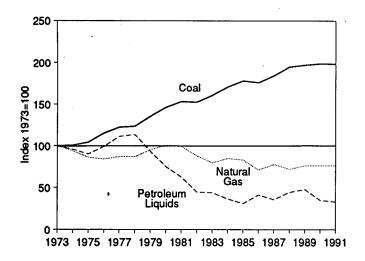
Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: • 1973-1979: 1973-September 1977—Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenue and Income." October 1977-1979—Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FERC-5, "Electric Operating Revenue and Income." • 1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Electric Power Monthly, March 1991, Table 51. • 1981 and 1990 monthly data: EIA, Electric Power Monthly, March 1992, Table 51. • 1982 forward (except 1990 monthly data): EIA, Electric Power Monthly, July 1992, Table 51.

b Annual totals are the sums of the monthly values.

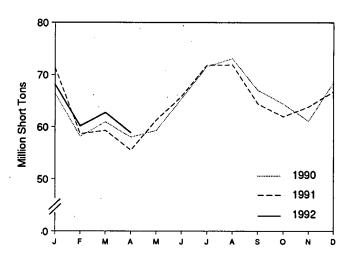
NA=Not available. -=Not applicable.

Figure 7.3 Electric Utility Consumption and Stocks of Fossil Fuels

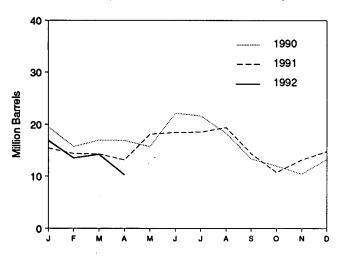
Fuels Consumed, 1973-1991



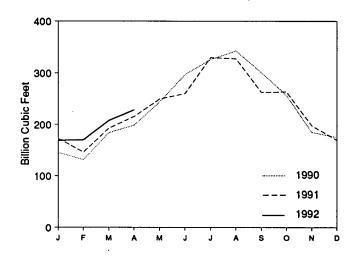
### Coal Consumed, Monthly



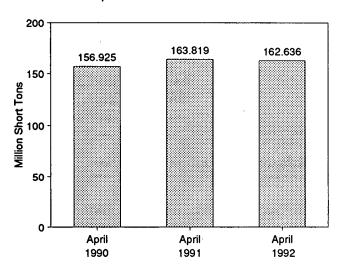
Petroleum Liquids Consumed, Monthly



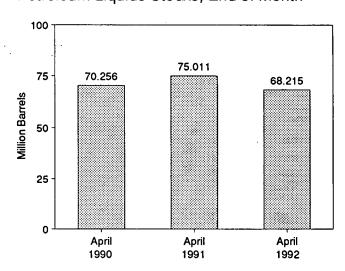
Natural Gas Consumed, Monthly



Coal Stocks, End of Month



Petroleum Liquids Stocks, End of Month



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Tables 7.3 and 7.4.

Table 7.3 Electric Utility Consumption of Fossil Fuels To Generate Electricity

		Co	al		Petroleum								
					By T of Petr		By P Mover						
	Anthra- cite			Bituminous Coal	Lignite	Total	Heavy Oil <sup>a</sup>	Light Oil <sup>b</sup>	Steam Plants	GT/IC°	Total Liquids	Petroleum Coke	Natural Gas <sup>d</sup>
	_	Thousand S	Short Tons			Th	ousand Barr	els		Thousand Short Tons	Million Cubic Fe		
							F10.100	47.050	500.040	507	0.660.17		
973 Total	1,443	376,975	10,794	389,212	NA	NA	513,190	47,058	560,248 536,274	507 625	3,660,172 3,443,420		
74 Total	1,498	378,643	11,670	391,811	NA	NA NA	483,146	53,128	506,128	70	3,157,669		
75 Total	1,480	388,523	15,960	405,962	NA	NA NA	467,221	38,907	•	68	3,080,86		
76 Total	1,350	425,205	21,817	448,371	NA	NA	514,077	41,843	555,920				
77 Total	1,425	451,051	24,650	477,126	NA	NA	574,869	48,837	623,705	98	3,191,20		
78 Total	1,064	448,763	31,407	481,235	NA	NA	588,319	47,520	635,839	. 398	3,188,36		
79 Total	1,046	488,129	37,876	527,051	NA	, NA	492,606	30,691	523,297	268	3,490,52		
80 Total	951	526,680	41,642	569,274	391,163	29,051	401,863	18,351	420,214	179	3,681,59		
81 Total	1,221	550,784	44,792	596,797	329,798	21,313	339,680	11,431	351,111	139	3,640,15		
82 Total	1,075	543,346	49,245	593,666	234,434	15,337	243,537	6,234	249,771	149	3,225,51		
83 Total	1,036	570,108	54,067	625,211	228,984	16,512	237,845	7,652	245,497	261	2,910,76		
84 Total	1,070	606,339	56,990	664,399	189,289	15,190	197,050	7,429	204,479	252	3,111,34		
85 Total	1,033	631,885	60,923	693,841	158,779	14,635	166,842	6,572	173,414	231	3,044,08		
86 Total	829	616,134	68,093	685,056	216,156	14,326	222,500	7,983	230,482	313	2,602,37		
87 Total	972	647,824	69,098	717,894	184,011	15,367	190,818	8,560	199,378	348	2,844,05		
88 Total	1,063	681,048	76,260	758,372	229,327	18,769	235,817	12,279	248,096	409	2,635,61		
89 Total	1,049	688,504	77,335	766,888	241,960	25,491	250,315	17,136	267,451	517	2,787,01		
90 January	92	59,129	7,220	66,441	18,291	1,237	18,900	628	19,528	40	145,64		
February	85	51,715	6,313	58,112	14,769	974	15,194	549	15,743	62	131,59		
March	91	54,693	6,101	60,885	16,068	916	16,541	442	16,984	62	183,98		
April	81	52,480	5,376	57,937	15,882	1,035	16,364	554	16,917	61	198,99		
May	90	53,182	5,988	59,260	14,586	1,146	15,113	619	15,732	77	243,78		
June	90	58,357	6,892	65,340	20,619	1,555	21,145	1,028	22,174	66	297,03		
July	96	64,272	7,183	71,551	20,041	1,615	20,514	1,141	21,655	74	326,08		
August	93	65,696	7,317	73,106	16,715	1,618	17,212	1,121	18,333	72	342,96		
September	84	60,461	6,455	67,001	12,037	1,318	12,491	863	13,354	79	300,85		
October	82	58,118	6,181	64,381	10,772	1,186	11,272	686	11,958	86	256,79		
November	71	54,927	6,043	61,041	9,473	910	9,998	385	10,383	61	184,69		
December	75	61,287	7,132	68,493	11,979	1,313	12,785	507	13,292	78	174,89		
Total	1,031	694,317	78,201	773,549	181,231	14,823	187,531	8,523	196,054	819	2,787,33		
91 January	74	63,779	7,553	71,406	14,264	1,187	14,911	541	15,452	74	172,93		
February	68	52,090	6,456	58,614	13,595	804	14,021	377	14,398	57	146,17		
March	93	52,924	6,255	59,272	13,513	828	13,999	341	14,340	73	192,87		
April	92	50,131	5,219	55,443	12,142	1,019	12,641	519	13,161	72	215,65		
May	73	55,229	5,926	61,228	16,312	1,814	16,919	1,208	18,126	66	249,45		
June	72	58,455	7,290	65,817	17,325	1,122	17,845	602	18,447	50	260,15		
July	101	64,202	7,548	71,852	17,289	1,218	17,737	770	18,507	61	329,86		
August	90	64,280	7,514	71,884	18,041	1,380	18,500	921	19,421	56	327,62		
September	90	57,474	6,833	64,397	13,209	1,165	13,634	740	14,374	52	262,82		
October	86	55,586	6,212	61,883	9,791	902	10,289	403	10,693	50	263,37		
November	79	57,662	6,073	63,814	12,020	1,146	12,575	591	13,166	52	197.83		
December	77	59,510	7,120	66,707	13,656	1,143	14,213	586	14,800	59	169,67		
Total	994	691,322	79,999	772,316	171,157	13,729	177,286	7,600	184,886	722	2,788,44		
992 January	80	60,754	7,304	68,137	15,811	1,103	16,332	582	16,914	68	169,30		
February	80	53,605	6,415	60,100	12,741	809	13,104	446	13,550	76	170,28		
March	93	56,217	6,368	62,678	13,415	843	13,855	404	14,259	83	207,85		
April	73	53,351	5,407	58,831	9,422	794	9,826	390	10,216	66	228,59		
4-Month Total	325	223,927	25,495	249,747	51,390	3,549	53,117	1,822	54,939	294	776,03		
991 4-Month Total	327	218,925	25,483	244,734	53,514	3,837	55,573	1,778	57,351	276	727,64		
90 4-Month Total	349	218,016	25,010	243,375	65,010	4,162	66,999	2,173	69,172	226	660,21		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Heavy oil includes Grade Nos. 4, 5, and 6, and residual fuel oils.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: • Prime Mover Type Data: 1973-September 1977—Federal Power Commission (FPC), Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • October 1977-1981—Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." 1982 forward—Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • All Other Data: 1973-September 1977—FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." October 1977-1979—Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." 1980—EIA, Electric Power Monthly, March 1991, Table 17. • 1981 and 1990 monthly data—EIA, Electric Power Monthly, March 1992, Table 17. • 1982 forward (except 1990 monthly data)—EIA, Electric Power Monthly, July 1992, Table 17.

b Light oil includes Grade No. 2 heating oil, kerosene, and jet fuel.

GT/IC = Gas turbine and internal combustion plants.

d Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

NA=Not available.

Table 7.4 Electric Utility Stocks of Coal and Petroleum, End of Period

	ļ	Co	al		Petroleum						
						Type roleum	, ,	rime r Type			
	Anthracite	Bituminous Coal	Lignite	Total	Heavy Oil <sup>a</sup>	Light Oil <sup>b</sup>	Steam Plants	GT/IC°	Total Liquids	Petroleum Coke	
		Thousand S	Short Tons				housand Barre	els		Thousand Short Tons	
1973 Year	1,066	84,941	961	86,967	NA	NA	79,121	10,095	89,216	312	
1974 Year	930	81,712	867	83,509	NA	NA	97,718	15,199	112,917	35	
1975 Year	982	107,927	1,815	110,724	NA:	NA	108,825	16,432	125,257	31	
1976 Year	1,000	114,130	2,306	117,436	NA	NA	106,993	14,703	121,696	32	
1977 Year	2,321	128,210	2,688	133,219	NA	NA	124,750	19,281	144,031	44	
1978 Year	2,178	123,020	3,027	128,225	NA	NA	102,402	16,386	118,788	198	
1979 Year	3,274	152,981	3,459	159,714	NA	NA	111,121	20,301	131,422	183	
1980 Year	4,741	174,154	4,115	183,010	105,351	30,023	117,227	18,147	135,374	52	
1981 Year	5,537	158,258	5,098	168,893	102,042	26,094	112,380	15,756	128,136	42	
1982 Year	6,080	170,480	4,573	181,132	95,515	23,369	105,287	13,597	118,884	41	
1983 Year	6,507	145,250	3,841	155,598	70,573	18,801	78,285	11.090	89,375	55	
1984 Year	6,710	167,118	5,899	179,727	68,503	19,116	76,836	10,784	87,619	50	
1985 Year	7,189	142,144	7.043	156,376	57,304	16,386					
986 Year	7,099	148,665	6,042	161,806	56,841	16,269	64,704 64.258	8,985	73,689	49	
987 Year	6,940	156,670	7,187	170,797	55,069	15,759		8,853	73,111	40	
988 Year	6,561	133,434					61,705	9,123	70,827	51	
989 Year	6,403	122,967	6,512	146,507	54,187	15,099	60,311	8,974	69,285	86	
, ,	0,403	122,907	6,490	135,860	47,446	13,824	53,309	7,962	61,270	105	
1990 January	6,360	125,226	6,482	138,067	54,365	15,410	60,421	9.353	69,775	114	
February	6,315	130,281	6,294	142,890	58,169	15,622	64,454	9.337	73,791	108	
March	6,294	137,522	6,302	150,118	57,728	15,249	63,746	9,231	72,977	104	
April	6,298	143,648	6,979	156,925	55,419	14,837	61,314	8,942	70,256	93	
May	6,315	149,130	7,377	162,821	56,321	15,432	62,341	9,412	71,753	102	
June	6,376	148,278	7,255	161,908	53,347	15,356	59,397	9,306	68,703	110	
July	6.420	140,429	7,108	153,957	56,294	15,618	62,386	9,525	71,911	109	
August	6,441	137,678	6,966	151,085	57,320	15.468	63,342	9,446	72,788	113	
September	6,486	136,716	6,711	149,913	60,274	15,574	66,336	9,512	75,848	95	
October	6,513	142,465	7,294	156,271	61,835	16,142	68,143	9,833	77,977	83	
November	6,528	147,112	7.271	160,911	65,160	16,411	71,414	10,157	81,571	84	
December	6,499	142,650	7,016	156,166	67,030	16,471	73,306	10,195	83,501	94	
004 Innuent	0.470	107.040	0.540	450.000							
1991 January	6,470	137,019	6,510	150,000	64,344	16,601	70,744	10,201	80,945	103	
February	6,442	141,047	6,341	153,830	60,490	16,892	67,367	10,014	77,382	111	
March	6,384	145,843	6,417	158,644	58,172	16,376	64,699	9,848	74,547	101	
April	6,347	151,119	6,353	163,819	58,835	16,175	65,393	9,618	75,011	90	
May	6,387	152,618	6,224	165,229	57,247	15,574	63,531	9,290	72,822	81	
June	6,441	149,259	5,784	161,484	58,245	15,680	64,504	9,421	73,925	89	
July	6,484	142,804	6,392	155,680	57,932	15,654	64,119	9,467	73,586	86	
August	6,506	140,320	6,272	153,097	56,588	15,596	62,813	9,370	72,183	79	
September	6,514	141,463	5,930	153,907	59,035	15,514	65,186	9,363	74,550	73	
October	6,544	146,178	6,090	158,813	60,225	15,790	66,257	9,758	76,015	64	
November	6,533	145,775	6,298	158,605	58,814	15,780	64,963	9,631	74,594	75	
December	6,513	145,530	5,996	158,040	58,636	16,357	65,032	9,961	74,993	70	
992 January	6,488	143,224	5.683	155,395	52,593	16 105	SP 024	0.775	C0 C00	70	
February	6,455	146,190	5,883 5,352			16,105	58,924	9,775	68,698	72	
March				157,997	54,560	15,668	60,905	9,323	70,228	62	
April	6,398 6,379	147,974	5,656	160,028	54,513	15,601	60,851	9,264	70,115	56	
~Piii	0,3/9	149,870	6,387	162,636	52,817	15,398	59,060	9,155	68,215	47	

a Heavy oil includes Grade Nos. 4, 5, and 6, and residual fuel oils.

NA=Not available.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: • Prime Mover Type Data: 1973-September 1977—Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." October 1977-1981—Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." 1982 forward—Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • All Other Data: 1973-September 1977—Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." October 1977-1979—Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." 1980—Energy Information Administration (EIA), Electric Power Monthly, March 1991, Table 28. 1981 and 1990 monthly data—EIA, Electric Power Monthly, March 1992, Table 28. 1982 forward (except 1990 monthly data)—EIA, Electric Power Monthly, July 1992, Table 28.

b Light oil includes Grade No. 2 heating oil, kerosene, and jet fuel.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> GT/IC = Gas turbine and internal combustion plants.

# Section 8. Nuclear Energy

In April 1992, U.S. nuclear generating units produced a total of 42 net terawatthours (billion kilowatthours) of electricity, 2 percent<sup>8</sup> more than in April 1991. Nuclear units generated at an average capacity factor of 59.1 percent, 1 percentage point more than in April 1991. Nuclear power supplied 20.1 percent of the total electric utility-generated electricity in April 1992, compared with 19.9 percent in April 1991.

No low- or full-power licenses for nuclear power plants were issued by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission during April 1992.

On April 30, 1992, there were 110 operable nuclear generating units in the United States, with a collective net summer capability of 99.5 million kilowatts of

electricity. Of the 110 operable units, 32 units generated at less than 25 percent of capacity because of maintenance, refueling, or repair outage, and 25 of the 32 units generated no electricity during the month.

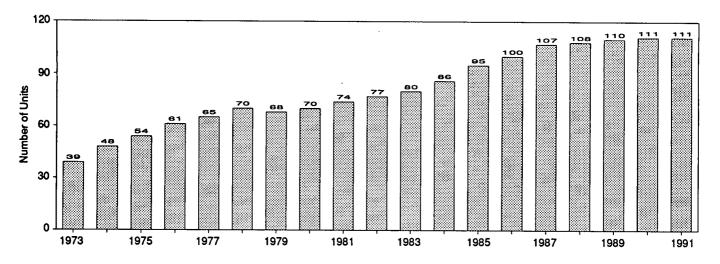
Two operable units, Browns Ferry 1 and 3, have been shut down since April 1985. Each unit had a capacity of 1,065 megawatts electric.

As of April 30, there were 118 domestic nuclear generating units in all stages of construction and operation. The aggregate net design capacity of operable units was 101.5 million kilowatts, and the design capacity of units under construction was 9.7 million kilowatts, for a total design capacity of 111.1 million kilowatts.

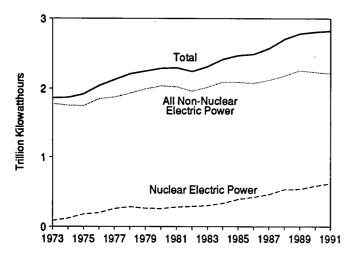
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Percentage changes are based on numbers shown in the following tables.

Figure 8.1 Nuclear Power Plant Operations

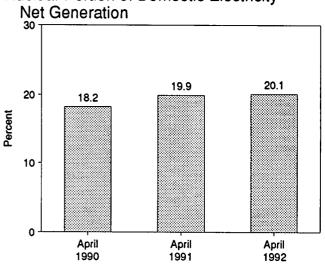
Operable Units, End of Year, 1973-1991



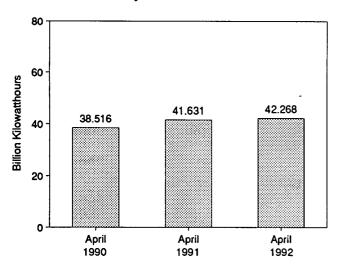
Net Generation of Electricity, 1973-1991



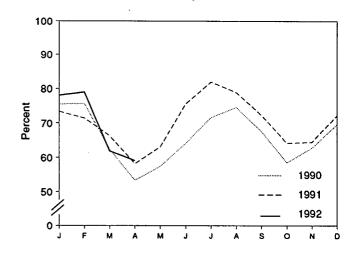
Nuclear Portion of Domestic Electricity
Net Generation



**Nuclear Electricity Net Generation** 



Capacity Factor, Monthly



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Sources: Tables 7.1 and 8.1.

**Table 8.1 Nuclear Power Plant Operations** 

	Operable Units <sup>a,b</sup>	Nuclear Electricity Net Generation	Nuclear Portion of Domestic Electricity Net Generation	Net Summer Capability of Operable Units <sup>a,c</sup>	Capacity Factor	
	Number	Million Kilowatthours	Percent	Million Kilowatts	Percent	
772 V-0-	39	83,479	4.5	22.683	53.5	
973 Year 974 Year	48	113,976	6.1	31.867	47.8	
75 Year	54	172,505	9.0	37.267	55.9	
776 Year	61	191,104	9.4	43.822	54.7	
	65	250,883	11.8	46.303	63.3	
77 Year	70	276,403	12.5	50.824	64.5	
78 Year	68	255,155	11.4	49.747	58.4	
79 Year	70	251,116	11.0	51.810	56.3	
80 Year	76 74	272,674	11.9	56.042	58.2	
181 Year	77	282,773	12.6	60.035	56.6	
982 Year		•	12.7	63.009	54.4	
83 Year	80	293,677	13.6	69.652	56.3	
984 Year	86 05	327,634	15.5	79.397	58.0	
985 Year	95	383,691	15.5 16.6	85.241	56.9	
986 Year	100	414,038	17.7	93.583	57.4	
987 Year	107	455,270		94.695	63.5	
988 Year	108	526,973	19.5	98.161	62.2	
89 Year	110	529,355	19.0	50.101	VL.2	
	440	EC 110	23.2	98.161	75.5	
990 January	110	55,119	23.5	98.161	75.7	
February	110	49,963	20.4	99.311	62.4	
March	111	46,087		100.461	53.3	
April	112	38,516	18.2	100.461	57.5	
May	112	42,945	19.3		64.1	
June	112	46,332	18.6	100.461	71.7	
July	112	53,645	20.1	100.497	74.6	
August	112	55,758	20.8	100.497	67.5	
September	111	48,485	20.4	99.624	58.5	
October	111	43,395	19.3	99.624	62.8	
November	111	45,034	21.1	99.624	69.6	
December	111	51,582	21.7	99.624	66.0	
Year	111	576,862	20.5	99.624	66.0	
	444	E4 260	21.9	99.624	73.4	
991 January	111	54,369 47,963	21.9	99.624	71.5	
February	111	47,863		99.624	66.3	
March	111	49,121	22.2	99.624	58.2	
April	111	41,631	19.9	99.624	63.1	
May	111	46,755	20.0	99.624 99.624	75.6	
June	111	54,208	21.8	99.624 99.624	73.8 81.9	
July	111	60,735	22.3		78.9	
August	111	58,473	21.8	99.624 99.624	76.9 72.3	
September	111	51,874	22.2		72.3 64.2	
October	111	47,653	21.3	99.624	64.2 64.5	
November	111	46,295	20.9	99.624	72.3	
December	111	53,589	22.9	99.624		
Year	111	612,565	21.7	99.624	70.2	
		F3 A3A	00.7	00.604	78.1	
992 January	111	57,878	23.7	99.624	79.0	
February	110	52,804	24.2	99.457		
March	110	45,835	20.4	99.457	61.9	
April	110	42,268	20.1	99.457	59.1	
4-Month Total	110	198,785	22.2	99.457	69.4	
			64 =	00.004	67.3	
991 4-Month Total	111	192,984	21.7	99.624	66.5	
990 4-Month Total	112	189,685	21.4	100.461	00.3	

a At end of period.

b See Note 1 at end of section.

For the definition of "Net Summer Capability," see Note 3 at end of section .

For an explanation of the method of calculating the capacity factor, see Note 4 at end of section.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Nuclear electricity net generation totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: • Operable Units: 1973-1982—U.S. Department of Energy (DOE), Office of Nuclear Programs, "U.S. Central Station Nuclear Electric Generating Units: Significant Milestones." 1983 forward—Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC), "Licensed Operating Reactors" (NUREG-0020). • Nuclear Electricity Net Generation: Table 7.1. • Nuclear Portion of Domestic Electricity Net Generation: Calculated from data in Table 7.1. • Net Summer Capability of Operable Units: 1973-1982—Compiled from various sources, primarily DOE, Office of Nuclear Reactor Programs, "U.S. Central Station Nuclear Electric Generating Units: Significant Milestones." 1983 forward—Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generation Report." • Capacity Factor: EIA, Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels.

Table 8.2 Nuclear Generating Units, End of Period

		nsed eration		ruction mits		Announced	Total	Total
	Operable <sup>a</sup>	In Startup <sup>b</sup>	Granted	Pending	On Order			Design Capacity <sup>c</sup>
4.54				Number of Units	<b>3</b>			Million Kilowatts
1973 Year	39	2	57	52	49	9	000	400
1974 Year	48	5	62	75	30	6	208	198
1975 Year	54	2	69	69	30 14	5	226	223
1976 Year	61	- ī	· 71	63			213	212
1977 Year	65	2	78		16	2	214	211
1978 Year	70	Õ		49 .	13	2	209	203
1979 Year	70 68	-	88	32	5	0	195	191
		0	90	24	3	0	185	180
1980 Year	70	1	82	12	3	0	168	162
1981 Year	74	0	76	11	2	0	163	157
1982 Year	77	2	60	3	2	Ö	144	134
1983 Year	80	3	53	0	2	Ŏ	138	129
1984 Year	86	6	38	Ö	2	ŏ	132	123
1985 Year	95	3	30	Ō	2	ŏ	130	121
1986 Year	100	7	19	ŏ	2	Õ		
1987 Year	107	4	14	Ŏ	2	0	128	119
1988 Year	108	3	12	ŏ	0	•	127	119
1989 Year	110	1	10	ŏ	ŏ	0 0	123 121	115 113
1990 January	110	1	10	0	0	0	121	113
February	110	2	9	Ō	ŏ	ŏ	121	113
March	111	1	9	ŏ	·ŏ	ő	121	
April	112	Ó	9	ŏ	ŏ	ő		113
May	112	Ŏ	9	Ö	ő	_	121	113
June	112	ŏ	9	Ö	•	0	121	113
July	112	ŏ	9	-	0	0	121	113
August	112	Ö		0	0	0	121	113
Sentember	d 111	-	9	0	. 0	0	121	113
September		. 0	9	0	0	0	d 120	113
October	111	0	9	0	0	0	120	113
November	111	0	9	0	0	0	120	113
December	111	0	. 8	0	. 0	0	119	111
1991 January	111	0	8	0	0	0	119	111
February	111	Ö	·8	ŏ	Ö	0	119	
March	111	ŏ ·	8	ŏ	ŏ	0		111
April	· 111	. 0	8	0	0	0	119	111
May	111	. 0	8	0	0		119	111
June	111	. 0	8	0		0	119	111
July	111	Ö	8	-	0	0	119	111
				0	0	0	119	111
August	111	0	8	0	0	. 0	119	111
September	111	. 0	8	0	0	. 0	119	111
- October	111	0	8	0	0	0	119	111
November	111	0.	8	0	0	0	119	111
December	111	0	8	0	Ö	Ŏ	119	111
992 January	111	0	8	0	0	0	119	111
February	110	0	8	0	0	0	118	111
March	110	0	8	Ō	ō	ŏ	118	111
April	110	Ō	8	Ö	ŏ	ő	118	
	-	-	-	•	v	J	110	111

See Note 1 at end of section.

See Note 2 at end of section.

C Net design electrical rating (DER) is used because many of the units were canceled prior to being assigned a net summer capability. See Note 3 at end of section.

d As of September 1990, Rancho Seco is deleted from this category, because the unit is not currently scheduled to operate.

Sources: • Licensed for Operation: 1973-1982—U.S. Department of Energy (DOE), Office of Nuclear Programs, "U.S. Central Station Nuclear Electric

Generating Units: Significant Milestones." 1983 forward—Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC), "Licensed Operating Reactors" (NUREG-0020).

Construction Permits, On Order, and Announced: 1973-1982—Compiled from various sources, primarily DOE, Office of Nuclear Reactor Programs, "U.S. Central Station Nuclear Electric Generating Units: Significant Milestones"; EIA, Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels (CNEAF), "Nuclear Steam-Electric Units That Have Been in Operation as of 1957-1989"; EIA, CNEAF, "Nuclear Plant Cancellations: Causes, Costs, and Consequences"; and Utility Data Institute, Inc., "U.S. Nuclear Plant Statistics, 1987." 1983 forward—NRC, "Summary Information Report" (NUREG-0871); NRC, "Licensed Operating Reactors" (NUREG-0020); and various journals. • Total Design Capacity: 1973-1982—Compiled from various sources, primarily DOE, Office of Nuclear Reactor Programs, "U.S. Central Station Nuclear Electric Generating Units: Significant Milestones"; EIA, CNEAF, "Nuclear Steam-Electric Units That Have Been in Operation as of 1957-1987"; EIA, CNEAF, "Monthly Report for Electric Utilities-Power Generation"; EIA, CNEAF, "Nuclear Plant Cancellations: Causes, Costs, and Consequences"; and Utility Data Institute, Inc., "U.S. Nuclear Plant Statistics, 1987." 1983 forward—NRC, "Summary Information Report" (NUREG-0871); NRC, "Licensed Operating Reactors" (NUREG-0020); and EIA, Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report."

#### **Nuclear Energy Notes**

1. Operable Units: Nuclear generating units that have been issued a full-power license by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC).

Exceptions: The Shippingport (60 MWe) and the Hanford-N (840 MWe) nuclear units were included in the operable units until 1982 and 1988, respectively. The Shippingport unit was excluded from the operable category during March 1974-August 1977 due to a major core modification outage. Hanford-N, an unlicensed unit used for defense material production, was included in the operable category because power was produced as by-product and sold commercially. Three Mile Island 2 (880 MWe) experienced a major accident in 1979 and, although that unit still retains its operating license and site cleanup continues, there is no plan to restart it. Therefore, it has not been included in the operable category since March 1979. Although Shoreham received a full-power license in April 1989, the unit is not currently scheduled to operate and, therefore, has not been included in the operable category. Rancho Seco (873 MWe) was shut down by the Sacramento Municipal Utility District (SMUD) in June 1989 following a referendum on its continued operation. Because there are currently no plans to operate it as a nuclear unit, it is no longer included as an operable unit but is identified as a unit shut down for an extended period. As soon as SMUD and the NRC formalize the plant's official retirement, it will be noted as such in this report. The Department of Energyoperated Experimental Breeder Reactor 2 (EBR-2) unit is not a commercial reactor and is therefore not included in the operable category.

In addition, seven units have been retired and therefore removed from the operable category. Those units are: Peach Bottom 1 (40 MWe) and Indian Point 1 (265 MWe), both retired in 1974; Humboldt Bay (65 MWe),

officially retired in 1976; Dresden 1 (200 MWe), retired in August 1979; LaCrosse (51 MWe), retired in May 1987; Fort Saint Vrain (217 MWe), retired in August 1989; and Yankee Rowe 1 (185 MWe), retired in February 1992.

- 2. In Startup: The period of time between a nuclear generating unit's initial fuel loading date and the issuance of its full-power license. During that period, the unit is undergoing low-power testing and the maximum level of operation is 5 percent of the unit's design thermal rating.
- 3. Capacity: Nuclear generating units may have more than one type of net capacity rating, including the following:
- (a) Net Summer Capability—The steady hourly output that generating equipment is expected to supply to system load, exclusive of auxiliary power, as demonstrated by test at the time of summer peak demand. Auxiliary power of a typical nuclear power plant is about 5 percent of gross generation.
- (b) Net Design Capacity or Net Design Electrical Rating (DER)—The nominal net electrical output of the unit, specified by the utility and used for plant design.
- 4. Monthly Capacity Factors: The monthly capacity factors are computed as the actual monthly generation divided by the maximum possible generation for that month. The maximum possible generation is the number of hours in the month multiplied by the net summer capability at the end of the month. That fraction is then multiplied by 100 to obtain a percentage. Annual capacity factors are averages of the monthly values for that year.

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## Section 9. Energy Prices

Crude Oil. The average price of domestic crude oil purchased at the wellhead was \$15.37 per barrel in April 1992, 5 percent below the level in April 1991. The refiner acquisition cost of imported crude oil in April 1992 was \$17.37 per barrel, 5 percent below the April 1991 level. The cost of domestic crude oil in April 1992 was \$17.89, 4 percent less than the April 1991 average.

Motor Gasoline. The national city average retail price of unleaded regular gasoline at all types of stations was \$1.14 per gallon in May 1992, 2 percent lower than the price in May 1991. The price of unleaded premium gasoline averaged \$1.32 per gallon in May 1992, 1 percent lower than the price in May 1991.

Residual Fuel Oil. The average price, excluding taxes, of residual fuel oil sold to end users in April 1992 was 30 cents per gallon, 6 percent higher than the previous month's price but 2 percent below the April 1991 average. The average resale price, exluding taxes, of residual fuel oil in April 1992 was 28 cents per gallon, 13 percent higher than the March 1992 average but 4 percent below the price 1 year earlier.

Aviation Fuel. The average price, excluding taxes, of aviation gasoline sold to end users in April 1992 was 99 cents per gallon, 1 percent higher than the previous month's price but 2 percent lower than the April 1991 price. The average price, excluding taxes, of kerosene-type jet fuel sold to end users in April 1992 was 57 cents per gallon, 3 percent higher than the previous month's price but 2 percent lower than the April 1991 average price.

No. 2 Distillate Fuel Oil. The April 1992 national average price, excluding taxes, of heating oil sold to residential customers was 92 cents per gallon, 1 percent below the March 1992 price and 5 percent lower than the April 1991 price. The average price of No. 2 fuel oil sold to all end users was 61 cents per gallon

in April 1992, the same as the March 1992 price but 2 percent lower than the April 1991 price.

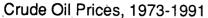
Electricity. The average price of electricity sold to all ultimate consumers in the United States in April 1992 was 6.6 cents per kilowatthour, 2 percent above the April 1991 mean price. The price of electricity sold to residential consumers in April 1992 averaged 8.0 cents per kilowatthour, the same as the April 1991 price. The price of electricity sold to commercial consumers averaged 7.4 cents per kilowatthour in April 1992, 1 percent above the April 1991 price. The price of electricity sold to other consumers was 6.4 cents per kilowatthour, the same as the April 1991 price. The price of electricity sold to industrial users in April 1992 averaged 4.7 cents per kilowatthour, unchanged from the price a year earlier.

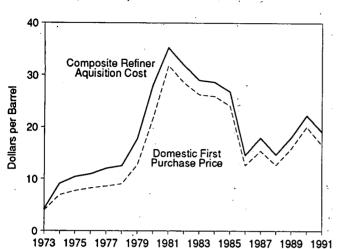
Beginning with January 1986, there were new series of national average price estimates based on a statistically derived sample of both publicly and privately owned electric utilities. Previously, average price estimates were derived from selected privately owned electric utilities and were not national averages.

Natural Gas. In March 1992 (the latest data available), the average wellhead price of natural gas was \$1.42 per thousand cubic feet, 3 percent below the March 1991 price.

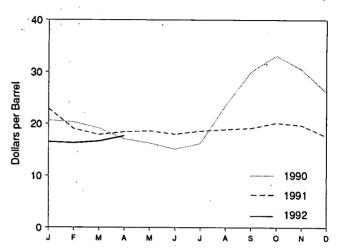
The average price of natural gas delivered to electric utility plants was \$1.99 per thousand cubic feet in March 1992, 10 percent below the March 1991 price. The average price of natural gas used by residential consumers in April 1992 was \$5.61 per thousand cubic feet, 5 percent below the April 1991 price. The average price of natural gas used by commercial consumers in April 1992 was \$4.80 per thousand cubic feet, 2 percent less than the April 1991 price. The average price of natural gas used by industrial consumers in April 1992 was \$2.49 per thousand cubic feet, 2 percent below the April 1991 price.

Figure 9.1 Petroleum Prices

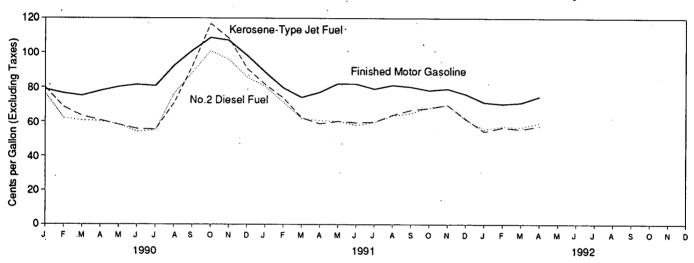




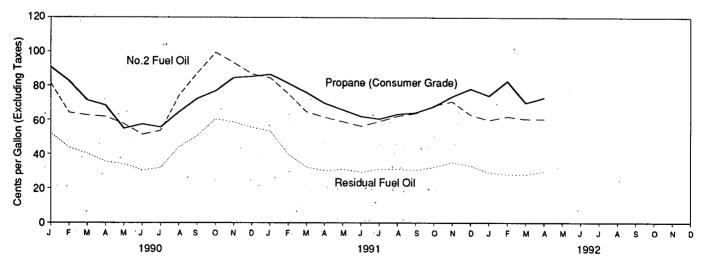
#### Composite Refiner Acquisition Cost, Monthly



Refiner Prices to End Users: Motor Gasoline, Diesel Fuel, and Jet Fuel, Monthly



Refiner Prices to End Users: No. 2 Fuel Oil, Propane, and Residual Fuel, Monthly



Sources: Tables 9.1, 9.5, and 9.7.

Table 9.1 Crude Oil Price Summary

(Dollars per Barrel)

				Re	finer Acquisition Co	st <sup>a</sup>
:	Domestic First Purchase Price <sup>b</sup>	F.O.B. Cost of Imports <sup>c</sup>	Landed Cost of Imports <sup>d</sup>	Domestic	Imported	Composite
		8501	e 6.41	E 4.17	E 4.08	€ 4.15
973 Average	3.89	<sup>6</sup> 5.21		7.18	12.52	9.07
974 Average	6.87	10.91	12.32		13.93	10.38
975 Average	7.67	11.18	12.70	8.39		10.89
976 Average	8.19	12.15	13.32	8.84	13.48	
977 Average	8.57	13.24	14.36	9.55	14.53	11.96
978 Average	9.00	13.29	14.35	10.61	14.57	12.46
979 Average	12.64	20.07	21.45	14.27	21.67	17.72
980 Average	21.59	32.37	33.67	24.23	33.89	28.07
981 Average	31.77	35.15	36.47	34.33	37.05	35.24
982 Average	28.52	32.02	33.18	31.22	33.55	31.87
983 Average	26.19	27.81	28.93	28.87	29.30	28.99
984 Average	25.88	27.60	28.54	28.53	28.88	28.63
	24.09	25.84	26.67	26.66	26.99	26.75
1985 Average	12.51	12.52	13.49	14.82	14.00	14.55
986 Average	15.40	16.69	17.65	17.76	18.13	17.90
987 Average	12.58	13.25	14.08	14.74	14.56	14.67
988 Average	15.86	16.89	17.68	17.87	18.08	17.97
989 Average	15.00	10.03	11.00			
990 January	18.49	18.81	19.81	20.75	20.51	20.64
February	18.16	18.01	18.96	20.75	19.78	20.31
March	16.57	16.91	17.93	19.32	18.94	19.14
April	14.52	14.94	15.96	17.37	16.66	17.05 <sub>.</sub>
May		14.50	15.30	16.45	16.07	16.27
June		13.84	14.99	15.06	15.15	15.11
July		16.52	17.65	15.86	16.54	16.19
	21.87	23.84	24.63	22.96	24.26	23.55
August		29.07	29.48	30.14	29.88	30.03
September		30.75	31.47	33.32	32.88	33.14
October		27.55	28.34	30.75	30.19	30.52
November		23.24	24.05	26.46	25.56	26.09
December			21.13 ,	22.59	21.76	22.22
Average	20.03	20.37	21.13	22.00	•	
1991 January	19.58	19.94	20.89	23.25	22.41	22.90
February		16.31	17.26	19.53	18.30	19.02
March		15.88	17.16	18.12	17.59	17.89
April		16.64	17.81	18.56	18.27	18.43
May		16.42	17.82	18.98	18.14	18.60
June		15.84	17.17	18.16	17.78	17.98
July		16.67	17.78	18.91	18.14	18.57
August		16.94	18.11	19.10	18.71	18.92
September		17.49	18.64	19.31	19.00	19.17
•		18.53	19.36	20.39	19.92	20.18
October		17.84	18.51	20.01	19.35	19.72
November	11.12.	. 15.16	16.22	17.84	17,17	17.56
December			18.05	19.33	18.70	19.05
Average	16.50	16.95	10.05	13.33	10.70	
1992 January	13.93	14.30	15.25	16.75	16.10	16.47
February		14.58	R 15.52	16.49	16.00	16.28
March		R 14.80	<sup>R</sup> 15.81	16.81	16.36	16.62
April		16.13	16.85	17.89	17.37	17.66

a See Note 4 at end of section.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and all U.S. Territories and Possessions. • Values for Domestic First Purchase Price and Refiner Acquisition Cost for the current month and for F.O.B. and Landed Cost of Imports for the current 2 months are preliminary. • F.O.B. and landed costs through 1980 reflect the period of reporting; prices after 1980 reflect the period of loading • Annual averages are the averages of the monthly prices, weighted by volumes.

Sources: • Domestic First Purchase Price: 1973-1976-U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), Bureau of Mines (BOM), Minerals Yearbook, "Crude Petroleum and Petroleum Products" chapter. 1977—Federal Energy Administration (FEA), based on Form FEA-P124, "Domestic Crude Oil Purchaser's Monthly Report." 1978 forward—Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Marketing Monthly, July 1992, Table 1. • F.O.B. and Landed Cost of Imports:
October 1973—September 1977—Federal Energy Administration, Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report." October-December 1977—EIA, Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report." 1978 forward—EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, July 1992, Table 1. • Refiner Acquisition Cost: 1973—EIA estimates. The domestic price was derived by adding estimated transportation costs to the reported domestic first purchase price. The imported price was derived by adding an estimated ocean transport cost to the average "Free Alongside Ship" value published by the U.S. Bureau of the Census. 1974-1976—DOI, BOM, Minerals Yearbook, "Crude Petroleum and Petroleum Products" chapter. 1977—January-September—FEA, based on Form FEA-P110-M-1, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Allocation Report." October-December—EIA, based on Form FEA-P110-M-1, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Allocation Report." 1978 forward—EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, July 1992, Table 1.

b See Note 1 at end of section.

See Note 2 at end of section.

See Note 3 at end of section.

Based on October, November, and December data only.

R=Revised data. E=Estimate.

Table 9.2 F.O.B. Costs of Crude Oil Imports from Selected Countries

(Dollars per Barrel)

	Algeria	Indonesia	Iran	Mexico	Nigeria	Saudi Arabia	United Kingdom	Venezuela	Other Countries	Arab OPECa	Total OPEC
1973 Average <sup>c</sup>	7.23	F.67	4.04							l	
1974 Average		5.67	4.24	NA	7.81	3.25	NA	5.39	4.84	4.06	5.43
	13.23	11.99	10.85	W	12.44	10.17	NA	10.71	10.02	10.96	11.33
975 Average	11.93	12.55	10.81	11.44	11.82	10.87	NA	11.04	10.86	11.18	11.34
976 Average	13.05	12.76	11.61	12.22	13.08	11.62	W	11.39	11.92	12.06	12.23
977 Average	14.35	13.57	12.68	13.42	14.44	12.38	14.11	12.63	13.19	13.13	13.29
978 Average	14.12	13.61	12.65	13.24	14.05	12.70	13.82	12.38	13.35	13.28	13.31
979 Average	20.53	19.03	22.93	20.27	21.69	17.28	21.70	16.90	21.10	19.27	19.88
980 Average	36.67	32.17	NA	31.06	35.93	28.17	34.36	24.81	34.34		
981 Average	39.08	35.62	(d)	33.01	38.31	32.60	36.06	28.95	36.69	31.57	32.21
982 Average	34.20	35.11	30.97	28.08	35.13	33.73				34.79	35.17
983 Average	30.09	29.92	28.39	25.20	29.81		33.42	23.74	31.96	33.84	33.48
984 Average	28.34	29.13	27.42			27.53	29.91	21.48	27.96	28.28	28.46
985 Average	26.89	27.12		26.39	29.51	27.67	28.87	24.23	27.79	27.79	27.79
			W	25.33	28.04	22.04	27.64	23.64	26.12	24.34	25.67
986 Average	13.62	13.19	W	11.84	14.35	11.36	13.84	10.92	13.32	11.59	12.21
987 Average	16.79	17.40	w	16.36	18.47	15.12	18.28	15.08	17.11	15.80	16.43
988 Average	W	13.81	(°)	12.18	15.16	12.16	14.80	12.96	13.45	12.57	13.43
989 Average	W	17.01	(d)	15.96	18.31	16.29	17.89	16.09	17.12	16.72	17.06
990 January	W	19.25	(d)	18.04	21.22	w	21.00	16.73	19.13	17.96	18.67
February	w	19.43		16.68	20.41	W	W	16.01	18.36	16.64	18.11
March	W	18.98	(d)	16.24	18.41	ŵ	ŵ	15.95	16.82		
April	W	17.38	}d{	13.30	16.79	11.44	16.13	15.57		14.98	16.85
May	W	16.19	)dí	12.11	16.50	12.97	15.69		14.77	13.02	15.09
June	w	15.20	} <b>d</b> (	10.74	15.58			14.60	14.19	12.42	14.67
July	ŵ	15.06	) <b>a</b> (			W	W	13.11	13.89	14.56	14.59
August	w		(a)	12.84	17.12	W	15.10	16.66	17.79	20.27	18.17
September	W	19.12	(0)	21.16	25.65	31.09	21.18	24.33	22.63	28.97	25.44
		W	(d)	27.04	32.74	W	33.05	27.71	30.02	28.02	29.23
October	W	35.41		29.15	37.31	28.73	32.53	26.39	33.13	29.85	30.39
November	W	W	(d)	27.18	33.56	21.20	W	22.96	29.56	23.39	26.77
December	W	W	(d)	22.58	29.38	14.41	W	20.41	25.32	16.17	21.87
Average	W	21.29	(°)	19.26	22.46	20.36	23.43	19.55	19.88	18.84	20.40
991 January	w	W	( <sup>d</sup> )	19.39	24.68	12.69	w	17.04	21.22	16.04	19.45
February	W	20.82	(a)	13.62	20.48	14.06	ŵ	14.50	17.12	14.56	16.73
March	W	W	įσί	13.59	19.44	w	24.50	14.90	16.18		
April	w	16.80	(d)	15.34	19.12	15.51	24.50 W	15.38	16.18	15.21	16.47
May	w	W	`w′	15.24	19.30	15.05	w			16.01	16.98
June	ŵ	16.77	( <sup>d</sup> )	14.65				14.79	16.95	15.64	16.65
July	w	W	`w′		18.38	14.88	W	13.54	16.33	15.54	16.10
				15.25	19.44	W	19.45	14.85	17.44	15.52	16.73
August	W	W	W	15.49	20.12	15.74	W	14.62	17.82	16.33	17.07
September	W	W	W	15.39	21.08	16.10	20.24	15.52	18.79	16.96	17.60
October	W	18.17	W	16.93	22.55	17.20	W	16.44	19.52	17.95	18.80
November	W	W	(d)	16.31	21.60	15.49	21.67	14.78	18.97	16.88	17.63
December	W	W	(6)	13.47	18.99	13.14	W	12.62	16.57	14.59	15.12
Average	W	18.67	15.42	15.38	20.27	15.09	20.81	14.91	17.79	15.97	17.09
992 January	w	W	( d ) ( d )	12.45	18.58	13.11	(d)	12.32	15.36	14.27	14.55
February	W	W	įd;	12.40	18.28	14.23	`w′	12.53			
March	( <sup>d</sup> )	ŵ	101	R 12.67	R 18.07	R 13.65			15.95	14.96 R 14.08	14.90
April	`w′	16.00	( d )				W	R 12.45	R 16.01	14.00	R 15.00
April	**	10.00	( - )	14.00	19.54	14.51	W	14.19	16.94	15.25	16.60

a The Arab members of OPEC are Algeria, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates.

b "Total OPEC" consists of Ecuador, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Nigeria, and Venezuela, as well as the Arab members. The cost of imports from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia is included in the cost of imports from "Total OPEC."

Based on October, November, and December data only.

No data reported.

R=Revised data. NA=Not available. W=Value withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: • The Free on Board (F.O.B) cost at the country of origin excludes all costs related to insurance and transportation. See Note 2 at end of section. Values for the current 2 months are preliminary. 
 Prices through 1980 reflect the period of reporting; prices after 1980 reflect the period of loading. 
 Annual averages are averages of the monthly prices, including prices not published, weighted by volume. • Cargoes that are purchased on a "netback" basis, or under similar contractual arrangements whereby the actual purchase price is not established at the time the crude oil is acquired for importation into the United States, are not included in the published data until the actual prices have been determined and reported.

Sources: • October 1973-September 1977: Federal Energy Administration, Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report." • October 1977-December 1977: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report." • 1978 forward: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, July 1992, Table 21.

Table 9.3 Landed Costs of Crude Oil Imports from Selected Countries

(Dollars per Barrel)

	(Donais	pei ba	,									
	Algeria	Canada	Indonesia	Iran	Mexico	Nigeria	Saudi Arabia	United Kingdom	Venezuela	Other Countries	Arab OPEC <sup>a</sup>	Total OPEC <sup>b</sup>
		<u> </u>										c 05
1973 Average <sup>c</sup>	8.39	5.33	7.22	6.48	NA	9.08	5.37	NA	5.99	6.99	5.92	6.85
1974 Average	13.97	11.48	13.20	12.48	W	13.16	11.63	NA	11.25	12.93	12.39	12.49
1975 Average	12.86	12.84	13.83	12.51	12.61	12.70	12.50	NA	12.36	12.66	12.71	12.70
1976 Average	13.90	13.36	13.85	12.86	12.64	13.81	13.06	W	11.89	13.36	13.31	13.32
1977 Average	15.24	14.13	14.65	13.86	13.82	15.29	13.69	14.83	13.11	14.56	14.30	14.35
1978 Average	14.93	14.41	14.65	13.89	13.56	14.88	13.94	14.53	12.84	14.58	14.36	14.34
1979 Average	21.88	20.22	20.63	24.21	20.77	22.97	18.95	22.97	17.65	22.86	20.79	21.29
1980 Average	37.92	30.11	33.92	NA	31.77	37.15	29.80	35.68	25.92	36.15	32.97	33.56
_	40.46	32.32	37.31	(d)	33.70	39.66	34.20	37.29	29.91	38.54	36.22	36.60
1981 Average	35.35	27.15	36.70	32.46	28.63	36.16	34.99	34.25	24.93	34.03	35.15	34.81
1982 Average	31.26	25.63	31.57	29.81	25.78	30.85	29.27	30.87	22.94	29.68	29.87	29.84
1983 Average	29.06	26.56	30.87	28.70	26.85	30.36	29.20	29.45	25.19	29.21	29.10	29.06
1984 Average		25.71	28.67	25.79	25.63	28.96	24.72	28.36	24.43	27.33	25.90	26.86
1985 Average	27.51		14.63	12.38	12.17	15.29	12.84	14.63	11.52	14.25	13.14	13.46
1986 Average	14.82	13.43	18.49	18.28	16.69	19.32	16.81	18.78	15.76	18.30	17.32	17.64
1987 Average	17.87	17.04	15.15	W	12.58	15.88	13.37	15.82	13.66	14.45	13.60	14.18
1988 Average	W	13.50		( <sup>d</sup> )	16.35	19.19	17.34	18.74	16.78	18.08	17.41	17.78
1989 Average	19.13	16.81	18.35		10.33	13.13	17.04					
1990 January	w	18.52	20.86	( d )	18.49	22.36	19.18	21.56	17.86	20.45	19.33	19.77
February		18.52	21.21	(0)	17.13	21.46	18.32	W	16.69	19.56	18.27	18.98
March		17.30	20.65	įdή	16.64	19.69	16.63	20.61	16.64	18.22	16.65	17.68
April		15.65	18.98	}d∫	13.79	18.06	14.50	17.92	16.30	16.18	14.68	15.83
		15.44	17.83	γďί	12.76	17.53	14.21	17.10	15.47	15.27	14.02	15.15
May		14.00	16.43	} d {	11.29	16.62	16.31	17.24	14.00	15.21	15.53	15.53
June		15.01	15.96	}d {	13.37	18.04	19.89	16.68	17.40	18.57	19.85	19.01
July		21.26	20.23	<b>}</b> d {	21.50	26.71	28.84	23.80	25.08	23.23	26.97	26.31
August September		27.80	26.88	)dí	27.38	33.41	30.06	30.26	28.56	29.46	30.10	30.27
		31.04	36.61	) d i	29.61	37.72	30.46	33.75	27.00	34.51	30.75	31.08
October		28.60	W	} d {	27.64	34.55	26.37	W	23.77	30.42	26.71	27.77
November		23.60	28.53	(a)	23.00	30.45	20.92	W	21,30	27.59	21.35	23.26
December  Average		20.48	22.50	(b)	19.64	23.33	21.82	22.65	20.31	20.52	20.64	21.23
7.101-g							40.50	w	18.35	24.07	18.98	20.21
1991 January	. W	20.81	W	(d)	19.98	26.00	18.56			19.42	16.26	17.43
February		17.05	22.61	(d)	14.23	21.66	16.15	W 05.77	15.76 16.18	18.59	17.22	17.88
March	. W	15.20	20.03	(4)	14.15	20.60	17.07	25.77	16.16	18.76	17.75	18.22
April		16.26	18.80	( d (	15.85	20.31	17.65	20.56	15.85	19.55	17.75	17.99
May	. W	16.28	W	M	15.81	20.50	17.29	20.21	14.54	18.36	17.10	17.36
June	. W	16.22	18.25	(d)	15.16	19.78	16.95	19.35			17.10	17.87
July		17.20	17.70	17.03	15.85	20.68	17.36	20.41	15.92	18.82	17.49	18.26
August		17.60	W	W	15.74	21.15	17.79	20.71	15.63	19.27		
September		17.84	W	W	15.79	22.09	18.25	21.16	16.43	20.34	18.48	18.73
October		18.38	19.64	W	17.32	23.66	18.76	22.07	17.26	20.88	19.06	19.60
November		17.53	21.05	( d)	16.51	22.66	17.06	22.71	15.67	21.02	17.50	18.27
December	•	15.87	W	(6)	13.96	19.96	15.14	20.29	13.46	18.67	15.59	15.99
Average		17.17	20.15	17.38	15.88	21.36	17.34	21.36	15.92	19.72	17.57	18.14
-		44.00	147	/ d \	13.02	19.34	14.80	w	13.20	17,40	15.15	15.38
1992 January		14.83	W	(d) (d)	12.78	19.10	R 15.44	ŵ	13.47	17.56	R 15.70	R 15.78
February	. W	15.57	W	(a)	R 13.02	R 18.92	R 15.37	<sup>R</sup> 18.83	R 13.41	R 17.44	R 15.51	R 15.99
March		15.68	W	(a)		20.25	16.58	W	14.87	17.86	16.79	17.37
April	. W	16.41	17.64	( - )	14.22	20.23	10.30	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	, 4,57			

a The Arab members of OPEC are Algeria, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates.

b "Total OPEC" consists of Ecuador, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Nigeria, and Venezuela, as well as the Arab members. The cost of imports from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia is included in the cost of imports from "Total OPEC."

Based on October, November, and December data only.

d No data reported.

R=Revised data. NA=Not available. W=Value withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: • See Note 3 at end of section. • Values for the current 2 months are preliminary. • Prices through 1980 reflect the period of reporting; prices since then reflect the period of loading. • Annual averages are averages of the monthly prices, including prices not published, weighted by volume. • Cargoes that are purchased on a "netback" basis, or under similar contractual arrangements whereby the actual purchase price is not established at the time the crude oil is acquired for importation into the United States, are not included in the published data until the actual prices have been determined and reported.

Sources: • October 1973-September 1977: Federal Energy Administration, Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report." • October 1977-December 1977: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report." • 1978 forward: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, July 1992, Table 22.

Motor Gasoline Retail Prices, U.S. City Average Table 9.4

	Leaded Regular	Unleaded Regular	Unleaded Premium	All Typesa
072 Averes				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
1973 Average	38.8	NA	NA	NA
974 Average	53.2	NA .	· NA	NA NA
975 Average	56.7	NA	NA NA	NA NA
976 Average	59.0	61.4	NA NA	NA NA
977 Average	62.2	65.6	NA NA	
978 Average	62.6	67.0	NA NA	NA
979 Average	85.7	90.3	· NA	65.2
980 Average	119.1	124.5		88.2
981 Average <sup>b</sup>	131.1	137.8	NA <sup>c</sup> 147.0	122.1
982 Average	122.2	129.6		135.3
983 Average	115.7	124.1	141.5	128.1
984 Average	112.9	. —	138.3	122.5
985 Average	111.5	121.2	136.6	119.8
986 Average		120.2	134.0	119.6
087 Average	85.7	92.7	108.5	93.1
987 Average	89.7	94.8	109.3	95.7
988 Average	89.9	94.6	110.7	96.3
989 Average	99.8	102.1	119.7	106.0
990 January	100.6	104.2	123.0	109.0
February	101.1	103.7	122.7	108.6
March	99.9	102.3	121.8	
April	102.7	104.4	123.3	107.6
May	104.4	106.1	· — - • <del>-</del>	109.6
June	107.7	108.8	124.8	111.4
July	108.9	108.4	127.1	114.0
August	119.8		127.2	113.9
September	129.7	119.0	136.9	124.6
October		129.4	146.7	134.7
November	135.4	137.8	155.4	143.1
	135.1	137.7	. 155.9	143.2
December	133.5	135.4	153.7	141.0
Average	114.9	116.4	134.9	121.7
991 January	124.6	124.7	143.1	130.4
February	113.7	114.3	132.1	119.8
March	104.7	108.2	126.4	113.8
April	106.2	110.4	128.1	115.9
May	NA	115.6	133.1	
June	NA	116.0	133.8	120.9
July	NA	112.7	131.3	121.4
August	NA	114.0	131.8	118.5
September	NA	114.3		119.6
October	NA	112.2	132.4	119.9
November	NA	· · · - ·	130.7	118.0
December	NA NA	113.4	131.8	119.3
Average	NA NA	112.3 <b>114.0</b>	. 130.9 132.1	118.2
-		-	132.1	119.6
92 January	NA	107.3	126.7	113.5
February	NA	105.4	124.8	111.7
March	NA	105.8	125.0	112,2
April	NA	107.9	126.8	114.3
May	NA	113.6	131.7	119.7

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Also includes types of motor gasoline not shown separately.

Notes: • See Note 5 at end of section. • Geographic coverage for 1973-1977 is 56 urban areas. Geographic coverage for 1978 forward is 85 urban areas. Sources: • Monthly Data: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS), Consumer Prices: Energy. • Annual Data: 1973—Platt's Oil Price Handbook and Oilmanac, 1974, 51st Edition. 1974 forward—calculated by the Energy Information Administration as the simple averages of monthly data.

Also includes types of motor gasoline not snown separately.

In September 1981, the Bureau of Labor Statistics changed the weights used in the calculation of average motor gasoline prices. From September 1981 forward, gasohol is included in the average for all types, and unleaded premium is weighted more heavily.

Gased on September through December data only.

Table 9.5 Refiner Prices of Residual Fuel Oil

	Sulfur Co	I Fuel Oil ntent Less al to 1 Percent	Sulfur	l Fuel Oil Content an 1 Percent	Ave	rage
	Sales for Resale	Sales to End Users	Sales for Resale	Sales to End Users	Sales for Resale	Sales to End Users
0=0.4	29.3	31.4	24.5	27.5	26.3	29.8
978 Average	45.0	46.8	36.6	38.9	39.9	43.6
979 Average	60.8	67.5	47.9	52.3	52.8	60.7
980 Average		82.9	62.2	67.3	66.3	75.6
981 Average	74.8	74.7	57.2	61.1	61.2	67.6
982 Average	69.5	69.5	59.1	61.1	60.9	65.1
983 Average	64.3		63.9	65.9	65.4	68.7
984 Average	68.5	72.0	56.0	58.2	57.7	61.0
985 Average	61.0	64.4	28.9	31.7	30.5	34.3
986 Average	32.8	37.2	_	39.6	38.5	42.3
987 Average	41.2	44.7	36.2	30.0	30.0	33.4
988 Average	33.3	37.2	27.1	30.0 34.4	36.0	38.5
989 Average	40.7	43.6	33.1	34.4	30.0	30.5
			40.0	45.0	48.2	52.2
990 January	56.0	60.1	42.0	45.2 27.3	38.1	43.7
February	44.4	51.5	34.6	37.3 25.5	34.8	40.2
March	39.7	45.4	31.9	35.5	34.6 33.4	35.5
April	36.1	39.6	31.2	32.6	33.4 30.5	34.1
May	34.5	37.9	28.3	31.4		30.4
June	31.1	34.2	24.8	27.6	27.1	31.9
July	33.2	36.3	25.4	28.4	29.1	
August	49.1	50.7	41.4	39.4	44.5	44.1
September	56.4	59.4	46.1	46.2	50.9	50.7
October	64.1	68.6	53.1	54.8	57.7	60.5
November	63.3	66.5	49.7	53.9	55.6	58.7
December	57.6	62.2	43.0	50.2	48.6	55.5
Average	47.2	50.5	37.2	40.0	41.3	44.4
991 January	51.4	59.4	48.7	49.7	49.7	53.4
February	34.9	43.7	32.3	37.1	33.4	39.7
March	36.2	38.2	24.2	28.2	28.2	32.3
April	33.6	37.6	25.8	27.1	28.7	30.2
May	36.5	36.6	27.7	27.6	30.3	31.0
June	32.0	35.3	28.6	26.9	29.7	29.5
July	32.6	36.4	27.6	28.2	29.0	31.2
August	33.4	36.8	25.9	27.7	27.9	31.1
September	33.7	36.8	25.4	27.3	27.9	30.6
October	34.1	38.5	27.6	29.7	29.5	32.3
November	36.6	40.8	27.9	31.8	30.7	35.1
December	34.8	40.0	26.1	28.8	28.9	33.1
	36.1	40.2	28.8	30.6	31.2	34.0
Average	30.1		_		0.1.4	20.4
1992 January	30.7	35.7	21.3	24.7	24.1	29.1
February	33.4	36.2	20.8	23.7	25.1	28.0
March	R31.2	34.8	21.4	24.4	24.5	27.9
April	32.0	35.3	25.6	27.4	27.6	29.7

Notes: • Sales for resale are those made to purchasers other than ultimate consumers. Sales to end users are those made directly to the ultimate consumer, including bulk customers, such as agriculture, industry, and electric utilities, as well as commercial customers. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Values for the current month are preliminary. • Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration estimates. See Note 6 at end

Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Marketing Monthly. July 1992, Table 17.

Table 9.6 Refiner Prices of Petroleum Products for Resale

	Finished Motor Gasoline <sup>a</sup>	Finished Aviation Gasoline	Kerosene- Type Jet Fuel	Kerosene	No. 2 Fuel Oil	No. 2 Diesel Fuel	Propane (Consume Grade)
978 Average	43.4	53.7	38.6	40.4	36.9	00.5	
979 Average	63.7	72.1	66.0	62.4	56.9	36.5	23.7
980 Average	94.1	112.8	86.8	86.4		57.4	29.1
981 Average	106.4	125.0	101,2		80.3	80.1	41.5
982 Average	97.3	122.8	95.3	106.6	97.6	97.2	46.6
983 Average	88.2	117.8	85.4	101.8	91.4	91.4	42.7
984 Average	83.2	116.5		89.2	81.5	80.8	48.4
985 Average	83.5	113.0	83.0	91.6	82.1	80.3	45.0
986 Average	53.1		79.4	87.4	77.6	77.2	39.8
		91.2	49.5	60.6	48.6	45.2	29.0
987 Average	58.9	85.9	53.8	59.2	52.7	53.4	25.2
988 Average	57.7	85.0	49.5	54.9	47.3	47.3	24.0
989 Average	65.4	95.0	58.3	66.9	56.5	56.7	24.7
990 January	69.2	96.8	76.6	87.1	73.8	69.3	54.4
February	67.2	95.0	66.7	67.9	57.8	57.1	34.1
March	66.3	93.8	61.6	64.8	57.9	57.6	27.1
April	69.7	96.4	59.5	62.4	57.4	57.6	25.2
May	72.7	97.4	57.1	59.2	54.5	55.4	
June	72.3	99.5	54.6	53.9	49.4	50.5	24.0
July	70.6	100.2	55.5	57.1	51.9	50.5 52.0	24.9
August	85.5	110.4	71.4	80.7			27.3
September	94.9	122.2	92.9	100.4	72.1 85.3	73.7	36.3
October	98.6	127.9	114.7	115.7		87.2	43.5
November	95.4	126.2	107.0	106.6	95.0	99.4	53.5
December	80.2	116.1	90.1	92.6	90.6	93.6	50.5
Average	78.6	106.3	77.3	83.9	80.9 <b>69.7</b>	79.8 <b>69.4</b>	44.6 38.6
991 January	76.1	110.8	82.2	87.9	76.3	75.5	10.0
February	68.0	104.1	73.8	75.7		75.5	42.2
March	67.2	97.4	62.2		67.8	67.4	31.6
April	70.7	97.8	58.8	66.0	59.6	57.7	31.3
May	74.2	100.3	60.8	62.8	57.2	57.4	31.6
June	70.5	99.5		60.7	56.0	57.2	32.0
July	69.1		58.8	58.8	54.0	54.5	29.3
August	72.7	98.9	59.4	63.0	56.7	57.1	27.6
September	72.7 69.1	100.2	63.3	66.9	60.6	61.8	29.6
		99.9	65.9	68.7	62.1	62.9	34.9
October	68.8	98.8	67.0	73.5	66.3	65.6	40.2
November	69.9	99.5	68.2	74.6	66.6	66.5	43.0
December	62.9	97.3	60.1	62.6	55.9	55.6	37.7
Average	69.9	100.1	65.0	72.0	62.2	61.5	34.8
92 January	59.9	94.9	53.9	60.0	52.0	51.4	30.9
February	_ 61.7	93.1	55.2	62.2	54.1	54.1	30.2
March	R 62.4	R92.5	R 54.6	<sup>R</sup> 58.4	R 53.6	R 53.9	R 29.4
April	66.5	96.4	56.5	61.7	56.6	57.0	29.4 29.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> See Note 5 at end of section.

Notes: • Sales for resale are those made to purchasers other than ultimate consumers. Sales to end users are those made directly to the ultimate consumer, including bulk customers, such as agriculture, industry, and electric utilities, as well as residential and commercial customers. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Values for the current month are preliminary. • Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration estimates. See Note 6 at end of section.

Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Marketing Monthly, July 1992, Table 4.

R=Revised data.

Table 9.7 Refiner Prices of Petroleum Products to End Users

	Finished Motor Gasoline <sup>a</sup>	Finished Aviation Gasoline	Kerosene- Type Jet Fuel	Kerosene	No. 2 Fuel Oil	No. 2 Diesel Fuel	Propane (Consume Grade)
				40.1	40.0	37.7	33.5
978 Average	48.4	51.6	38.7	42.1		58.5	35.7
979 Average	71.3	68.9	54.7	58.5	51.6	81.8	48.2
980 Average	103.5	108.4	86.8	90.2	78.8	99.5	56.5
981 Average	114.7	130.3	102.4	112.3	91.4		59.2
982 Average	106.0	131.2	96.3	108.9	90.5	94.2	70.9
983 Average	95.4	125.5	87.8	96.1	91.6	82.6	
984 Average	90.7	123.4	84.2	103.6	91.6	82.3	73.7
985 Average	91.2	120.1	79.6	103.0	84.9	78.9	71.7
	62.4	101.1	52.9	79.0	56.0	47.8	74.5
986 Average	66.9	90.7	54.3	77.0	58.1	55.1	70.1
987 Average	67.3	89.1	51.3	73.8	54.4	50.0	71.4
988 Average	75.6	99.5	59.2	70.9	58.7	58.5	61.5
989 Average	75.0	33.5	00.5				
	78.8	102.0	79.8	101.7	81.2	76.5	90.8
1990 January		102.4	68.4	82.6	64.3	61.9	82.6
February	76.5		63.2	84.1	62.8	60.6	71.5
March	75.1	100.9	60.7	76.6	61.9	60.3	68.5
April	77.9	101.4	58.1	67.0	57.5	58.4	54.8
May	80.2	103.6		59.9	51.4	54.0	57.4
June	81.5	104.2	55.7		53.6	55.0	55.6
July	80.8	103.9	55.4	60.0	74.2	76.2	64.7
August	92.4	112.8	70.7	90.6		88.4	72.5
September	101.2	125.6	92.1	104.4	87.3		76.9
October	108.7	134.4	116.8	121.2	99.4	101.0	84.6
November	107.2	131.7	108.4	119.6	93.5	96.0	
December	98.4	122.5	90.9	112.1	86.8	85.9	85.3
Average	88.3	112.0	76.6	92.3	73.4	72.5	74.5
	00.7	112.1	81.6	105.0	84.5	80.4	86.6
1991 January	88.7		73.7	93.5	75.3	71.3	81.3
February	79.6	106.4	62.1	88.8	64.8	61.7	76.0
March	74.1	101.3	58.7	73.8	61.6	60.6	69.8
April	77.1	101.1		69.3	58.9	60.1	66.0
May	82.1	105.3	60.1		56.3	57.9	62.1
June	81.9	105.2	59.3	62.3	59.1	59.5	60.6
July	79.0	103.6	59.7	64.7		63.3	63.4
August	81.2	105.8	63.8	68.7	62.3	64.8	64.4
September	80.2	105.7	66.6	73.6	63.9		68.0
October	78.2	104.6	67.8	81.6	68.5	68.1	
November	79.1	104.3	69.6	94.3	70.8	69.7	73.8
December	76.0	102.0	61.5	85.8	63.0	60.9	78.2
Average	79.7	104.7	65.3	83.6	66.7	64.8	72.9
1992 January	71.2	98.5	54.2	82.7	59.9	55.5	74.2
February	70.2	98.5	56.5	78.0	_ 62.0	57.1	82.6
	R 71.0	98.0	55.5	<sup>R</sup> 79.1	<sup>R</sup> 60.5	R 56.6	R 70.1
March	74.6	99.1	57.3	77.9	60.5	59.1	73.1

a See Note 5 at end of section.

R=Revised data.

Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Marketing Monthly, July 1992, Table 2.

Notes: • Sales for resale are those made to purchasers other than ultimate consumers. Sales to end users are those made directly to the ultimate consumer, including bulk customers, such as agriculture, industry, and electric utilities, as well as residential and commercial customers. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Values for the current month are preliminary. • Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration estimates. See Note 6 at end of section.

Table 9.8a No. 2 Distillate Prices to Residences: Northeastern States (Cents per Gallon, Excluding Taxes)

	Maine	New Hampshire	Vermont	Massachusetts	Rhode Island	Connecticut	New York	New Jersey	Pennsylvania
978 Average	48.6	50.3	50.8	48.8	50.7	50.1	50.1	49.6	48.8
979 Average	68.8	72.5	72.5	70.9	72.8	72.0	71.2	71.0	69.8
980 Average	96.3	100.4	101.5	97.8	101.1	98.3	98.2	97.9	96.4
981 Average	120.4	123.7	125.4	121.3	123.8	121.7	123.2	121.5	118.1
982 Average	115.5	117.4	120.1	117.6	120.1	118.3	120.5	117.4	113.7
983 Average	102.8	104.1	112.9	109.1	110.5	109.1	112.1	107.9	
984 Average	103.9	108.4	111.9	111.6	111.4	112.1	115.5	111.0	105.8
985 Average	99.7	102.4	107.7	107.0	106.7	108.0	111.3	105.9	107.9
986 Average	74.4	75.9	86.6	82.1	82.8	89.0	91.1		102.3
987 Average	74.7	76.5	81.1	80.6	82.5	83.4	85.2	90.2	81.4
988 Average	77.7	78.2	82.6	82.1	83.6	85.3		84.3	76.9
989 Average	89.4	89.3	90.5	92.6	93.9		86.3	84.8	77.8
_	••••	55.5	, 55.5	32.0	33.3	92.9	95.8	91.8	85.1
990 January	116.1	118.5	121.5	117.0	122.5	120.0	122.2	117.3	113.7
February	85.4	96.2	98.7	99.8	98.5	100.8	103.2	99.5	93.4
March	84.0	93.2	95.6	98.7	97.3	97.7	101.6	98.5	90.3
April	83.2	90.1	94.2	95.1	95.9	96.3	100.2	96.5	87.6
May	81.2	87.0	91.7	92.4	93.9	92.7	98.9	94.4	84.4
June	76.7	82.8	87.2	88.9	89.1	87.1	94.5	88.6	78.3
July	74.2	80.7	85.4	88.0	86.9	85.4	93.0	85.4	76.3 74.3
August	97.7	99.2	97.4	102.3	102.3	104.1	102.3	102.1	92.5
September	118.4	110.9	114.4	118.1	118.8	114.7	117.9	117.2	108.7
October	126.0	119.8	124.2	126.8	120.1	128.2	130.2	129,4	122.3
November	116.4	116.2	123.7	122.8	119.5	128.1	129.6	126.8	122.5
December	113.4	111.2	119.6	120.0	115.3	124.7	126.6	122.2	119.3
Average	98.9	102.8	107.0	108.4	108.6	109.8	112.5	108.7	102.6
91 January	114.4	107.2	117.5	117.2	112.9	122.6	123.7	119.7	447.7
February	105.9	100.7	111.3	111,3	109.5	116.0	119.7	113.3	117.7
March	95.4	90.5	104.0	102.7	101.6	109.0	112.8	104.3	110.9
April	87.1	83.9	98.3	96.1	94.6	101.4	106.7	97.6	101.8
May	81.9	79.4	93.5	91.7	89.7	96.5	100.7	93.5	95.5
June	79.4	77.3	91.3	88.9	87.1	92.7	97.9	90.3	89.9
July	82.2	77.6	88.1	88.4	88.8	90.0	93.9		85.7
August	83.4	80.6	88.6	88.7	88.7	89.7	93.9 92.9	88.5	80.8
September	87.3	84.2	91.9	90.9	90.3	92.0		89.0	81.8
October	91.3	87.8	93.9	94.9	94.9		98.7	92.3	83.3
November	95.1	90.1	95.6	97.4	94.9 95.8	00.0	103.4	97.1	88.7
December	89.3	88.8	94.1	97.4 95.8	95.8 93.4	99.8	108.2	100.6	93.5
Average	96.0	91.6	101.8	102.8	93.4 99.8	98.3 106.1	105.9 111.1	97.1 <b>104.0</b>	93.0 <b>99.7</b>
02 Innues:	07.0	00.0						107.0	33.1
92 January	87.6	88.3	92.4	93.1	90.4	96.4	103.3	95.8	91.4
February	88.1 Boo.4	86.5	92.8	92.3	91.8	95.5	103.7	95.3	91.3
March	R 86.4	83.4	92.2	91.5	R 90.9	94.0	102.0	<sup>R</sup> 93.1	89.9
April	85.9	81.7	91.6	91.4	90.4	93.0	100.9	92.3	88.9

See footnotes at end of Table 9.8c.

Table 9.8b No. 2 Distillate Prices to Residences: Selected South Atlantic and Midwestern States

	Delaware	of Columbia	Maryland	Virginia	West Virginia	Ohio	Michigan	Indiana	Illinois	Wisconsin	Minnesot
978 Average	47.8	50.7	49.2	49.1	46.2	47.4	47.9	48.5	46.5	44.7	47.8
979 Average	68.2	74.2	70.1	70.4	65.1	68.6	70.9	72.7	68.8	67.3	72.4
980 Average	95.4	102.6	97.9	98.5	92.2	91.9	97.8	99.6	95.8	91.5	99.9
. •	117.3	127.4	121.4	120.5	115.0	113.2	118.3	118.5	114.9	109.1	118.4
981 Average	111.3	124.5	117.1	117.7	109.3	110.2	113.9	114.3	110.9	107.8	115.1
982 Average	106.0	117.0	110.3	108.7	101.0	101.3	106.4	100.7	100.4	101.2	103.1
983 Average	100.6	118.7	113.5	110.5	102.1	102.1	105.0	103.1	100.1	101.0	104.1
984 Average	104.6	114.3	108.8	106.3	98.0	99.7	102.1	99.1	97.5	98.3	101.9
985 Average	85.0	93.1	91.4	86.6	74.6	77.7	81.0	74.8	NA	75.6	79.2
986 Average	79.3	91.8	86.6	79.5	76.4	74.7	77.5	75.4	79.8	75.1	74.6
987 Average	79.3 80.1	91.6	87.0	80.5	74.2	74.7	77.5	75.4	77.6	73.9	73.5
988 Average 989 Average	88.2	98.6	93.8	87.0	83.0	81.6	85.3	83.2	80.9	81.1	82.4
990 January	119.4	119.0	119.8	117.8	109.2	96.0	103.5	99.8	94.9	91.6	99.7
February	97.1	96.4	100.9	102.9	89.5	82.8	92.1	86.2	83.1	83.9	88.1
March	93.2	94.4	98.8	97.9	87.1	82.5	88.7	83.8	83.4	83.1	85.6
April	91.8	93.1	97.5	94.9	83.7	82.3	86.5	84.1	82.2	82.9	85.6
May	90.1	94.2	94.9	90.4	83.0	83:1	83.7	82.4	78.3	81.0	85.1
June	83.2	93.2	89.4	88.0	83.4	82.6	81.1	72.8	73.8	79.5	80.3
July	77.9	97.6	86.2	89.8	79.2	81.6	82.4	74.7	76.7	77.6	82.8
August	93.1	107.1	100.2	102.4	98.1	93.3	100.3	98.0	96.9	92.0	101.4
September	112.0	116.1	115.7	114.7	116.3	115.3	113.2	110.7	NA	107.1	111.6
October	119.8	134.3	130.8	128.3	124.4	120.9	124.1	123.3	116.9	117.2	120.7
November	118.8	133.3	130.4	125.6	121.7	117.0	121.2	117.8	113.1	114.4	119.8
December	113.7	128.4	125.3	122.8	113.1	111.8	113.5	111.3	104.9	108.3	111.2
Average	105.8	107.8	111.9	110.6	99.1	98.1	100.9	99.3	96.1	94.2	101.4
991 January	113.0	124.1	122.7	117,7	110.4	105.5	109.1	105.8	102.4	102.4	105.5
February	105.4	118.6	116.1	110.5	101.2	94.5	97.0	95.4	93.0	92.3	93.6
March	98.4	112.3	107.7	102.6	90.8	85.8	90.9	87.9	85.9	87.6	87.2
April	92.3	105.6	102.8	96.2	87.4	83.2	90.9	85.7	88.3	84.0	87.7
May	91.4	101.1	98.8	90.7	85.5	83.1	88.5	86.3	88.5	82.9	88.0
June	83.1	94.6	95.9	87.8	83.5	80.7	87.5	80.3	86.8	80.8	87.0
July	81.5	98.6	93.7	86.9	81.7	79.6	83.4	79.1	82.2	78.0	84.3
August	85.8	98.6	94.0	87.5	82.3	81.1	84.5	85.5	86.5	78.8	NA
September	87.3	101.7	96.7	90.7	84.7	84.8	86.6	85.5	86.9	82.7	83.7
October	92.8	104.0	100.0	93.9	89.5	88.7	89.4	85.8	88.7	85.4	86.6
November	96.9	107.3	103.4	96.7	91.8	91.8	92.7	87.1	92.4	90.2	89.2
December	94.9	107.7	102.6	95.2	89.0	85.9	89.9	82.9	89.8	85.4	84.5
Average	99.7	112.1	108.7	101.4	93.2	91.0	93.8	91.7	92.6	89.5	91.1
992 January	94.4	107.3	101.5	94.2	85.5	81.9	86.6	77.0 ·	85.2	80.6	79.5
February	92.7	107.3	100.8	93.7	86.9 .	83.0	_ 86.5	78.7	85.6	80.4	79.6
March	92.4	R 105.3	R 100.2	<sup>R</sup> 93.7	86.6	82.5	R 86.6	<sup>R</sup> 79.7	<sup>R</sup> 88.1	<sup>R</sup> 79.3	R 78.9
April	91.5	104.6	98.8	92.6	85.6	82.3	86.7	81.1	87.4	81.5	80.8

See footnotes at end of Table 9.8c.

Table 9.8c No. 2 Distillate Prices to Residences: Selected Western States and U.S. Average

	Idaho	Washington	Oregon	Alaska	U.S. Average
370 Avorage	40.0	40.0			
978 Average	43.6	48.6	45.8	53.2	49.0
979 Average	62.1	69.7	68.0	68.2	70.4
980 Average	91.6	100.8	97.3	97.8	97.4
981 Average	110.4	116.5	111.4	118.0	119.4
982 Average	110.4	117.6	111.6	117.4	116.0
983 Average	101.8	109.0	103.6	108.8	107.8
984 Average	98.5	102.6	99.3	106.9	109.1
985 Average	97.2	101.1	97.1	108.3	105.3
986 Average	73.8	77.5	70.4	94.9	83.6
987 Average	68.8	79.5	72.5	86.5	80.3
988 Average	68.8	78.5	70.9	86.9	81.3
389 Average	77.8	87.4	80.2	96.4	90.0
990 January	85.8	96.0	88.7	96.5	114.0
February	80.9	89.0	83.9	97.4	96.5
March	80.9	88.6	84.3	102.6	94.9
April	81.7	90.0	85.0	96.5	93.2
May	79.5	84.9	84.6	99.3	90.7
June	74.8	85.0	81.9	100.5	86.4
July	70.5	76.2	79.3	93.5	83.7
August	90.7	89.5	95.3	113.7	98.8
September	108.3	115.8	111.9	122.3	114.2
October	121.0	133.3	128.1	129.7	125.8
November	127.3	134.2	127.1	128.6	
December	119.9	121.9	109.2	128.2	124.1
Average	97.4	102.9	97.0	110.1	119.7
Avorago	37.4	102.5	97.0	110.1	106.3
91 January	110.8	118.4	108.3	129.3	116.8
February	97.3	112.0	102.9	122.8	110.3
March	84.1	95.3	89.4	109.5	102.6
April	83.5	94.0	86.4	101.9	96.9
May	84.4	94.9	86.5	101.3	92.5
June	83.4	91.7	85.6	98.2	89.3
July	80.0	85.4	84.5	98.6	86.6
August	84.6	92.3	87.3	96.8	87.0
September	87.4	93.5	90.8	92.4	89.6
October	87.6	94.8	89.1	93.2	94.0
November	94.7	99.5	90.5	95.7	94.0 97.9
December	94.7	96.2	86.9	95.2	95.9
Average	95.3	101.7	93.4	105.2	95.9 101.8
92 January	86.1	92.3	84.8	92.5	94.1
February	79.2	91.4	83.6	92.3 91.0	94.1
March	R 82.2	R 92.3	<sup>R</sup> 82.8	92.8	
April	84.2	92.5	85.7	92.8 92.1	93.0

R=Revised data.

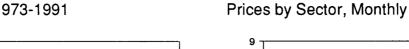
Notes: • States are grouped in Tables 9.8a, 9.8b, and 9.8c by geographic region of the country. • Values for the current month are preliminary. • Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration estimates. See Note 6 at end of section.

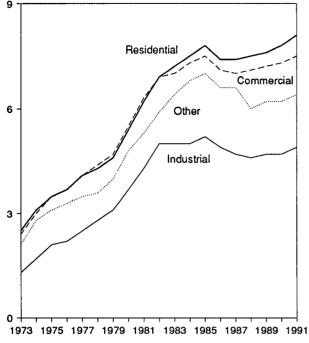
Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Marketing Monthly, July 1992, Table 16.

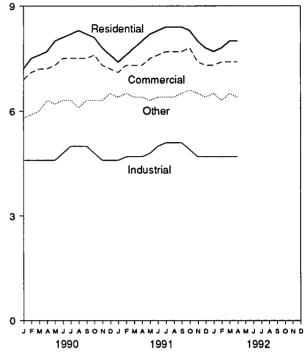
Figure 9.2 Electricity Retail Prices

(Cents per Kilowatthour)

Prices by Sector, 1973-1991



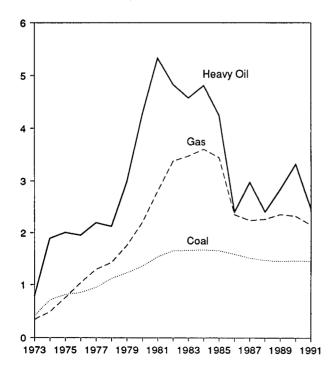




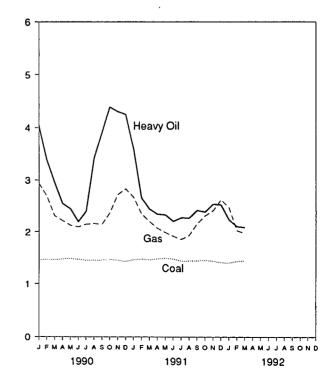
Source: Table 9.9, Monthly Series.

Figure 9.3 Cost of Fossil-Fuel Receipts at Steam-Electric Plants (Dollars per Million Btu)

Fossil Fuels Costs, 1973-1991



Fossil Fuel Costs, Monthly



Source: Table 9.10.

Table 9.9 Electricity Retail Prices

(Cents per Kilowatthour)

	Resid	ential	Comm	ercial	Indus	strial	Oth	er <sup>a</sup>	Tot	al <sup>b</sup>
	Monthly Series <sup>c</sup>	Annual Series	Monthly Series <sup>c</sup>	Annua Series						
1973 Average	2.5	NA	2.4	NA NA	1.3	NA	2.1	NA	2.0	NA
1974 Average	3.1	NA NA	3.0	NA	1.7	NA	2.8	NA	2.5	NA NA
	3.5	NA .	3.5	NA NA						
975 Average					2.1	NA,	3.1	NA	2.9	NA
976 Average	3.7	NA	3.7	. NA	2.2	NA	3.3	NA -	3.1	NA
977 Average	4.1	NA	4.1	NA	2.5	NA	3.5	NA	3.4	NA
978 Average	4.3	NA	4.4	NA	2.8	NA	3.6	NA	3.7	NA
979 Average	4.6	NA	4.7	NA	3.1	NA	4.0	NA	4.0	NA
980 Average	5.4	NA	5.5	NA	3.7	NA	4.8	NA	4.7	NA
1981 Average	6.2	NA	6.3	NA	4.3	NA	5.3	NA -	5.5	NA
1982 Average	6.9	NA	6.9	NA	5.0	NA	5.9	NA	6.1	NA
983 Average	7.2	NA	7.0	NA	5.0	. NA	6.4	NA	6.3	NA
1984 Average	7.5	7.2	7.3	7.1	5.0	4.8	6.8	5.9	6.5	6.3
IORE Average	7.3 7.8	7.4	7.5 7.5	7.1						
985 Average					5.2	5.0	7.0	6.1	6.7	6.4
1986 Average	7.4	7.4	7.1	7.2	4.9	4.9	6.6	6.1	6.4	6.4
1987 Average	7.4	7.4	7.0	7.1	4.7	4.8	6.6	6.2	6.3	6.4
1988 Average	7.5	7.5	7.1	7.0	4.6	4.7	6.0	6.2	6.3	6.4
1989 Average	7.6	7.6	7.2	7.2	4.7	4.7	6.2	6.2	6.4	6.5
990 January	7.2	_	6.9	_	4.6		5.8		6.3	٠ _
February	7.5	_	7.1	_	4.6		5.9	_	6.3	_
March	7.6	_	7.2	_	4.6	_	6.0	_	6.4	_
April	7.7	_	7.2	_	4.6		6.3	_	6.4	_
	8.0	_	7.3	_	4.6	_	6.2	_		_
May									6.5	-
June	8.1	-	7.5	_	4.8		6.3		6.7	-
July	8.2	-	7.5	-	5.0	_	6.3	-	6.9	-
August	8.3	_	7.5	-	5.0	_	6.1	_	6.9	_
September	8.2	_	7.5	_	5.0	_	6.3	<b>-</b> .	6.9	-
October	8.1	_	7.6	_	. 4.8	_	6.3	_	6.7	_
November	7.8	-	7.3	_	4.6	_	6.3	_	6.5	_
December	7.6	_	7.2	_	4.6	_	6.5		6.4	_
Average	7.8	7.8	7.3	7.3	4.7	4.7	6.2	6.4	6.6	6.6
1004 January	7.4	_	7.1		4.6	_	6.4		C 4	
1991 January				. –					6.4	-
February	7.6		7.3	_	4.7	-	6.5	_	6.5	-
March	7.8	-	7.3	-	4.7	-	6.4	-	6.6	-
April	8.0	-	7.3	_	4.7	-	6.4	-	6.5	_
May	8.2	_	7.5	_	4.8		6.3	-	6.7	_
June	8.3	_	7.6 .	_	5.0	_	6.4	_	6.9	_
July	8.4	_	7.7	_	5.1	-	6.4	_	7.1	_
August	8.4	_	7.7	_	5.1	_	6.4	_	7.1	_
September	8.4	_ `	7.7	_	5.1	_	6.5	_	7.0	_
October	8.3	_	7.8	_	4.9	_	6.6		6.9	_
November	8.0	<del>-</del>	7.4 7.4	_	4.7	· I	6.5	_	6.6	<del>-</del> .
	7.8	_	7.4 7.3	_	4.7 4.7	_				_
December Average	7.0 8.1	NA	7.3 7.5	NA	4.7 4.9	NA	6.4 <b>6.4</b>	NA	6.6 <b>6.8</b>	NA
-								* *		
1992 January	7.7	-	<sub>_</sub> 7.3	-	4.7	· –	6.5		6.6	-
February	7.8	_	7.4	· –	4.7	_	6.3	_	6.6	-
March	8.0	_	7.4	_	4.7	, <b>–</b>	6.5	<b>-</b> .	6.6	. <del>`</del>
April	8.0	-	7.4	_	4.7	· _	6.4	-	6.6	· _
4-Month Average	7.9	-	7.4	-	4.7	-	6.4		6.6	_
			7.3		4-					
1991 4-Month Average	7.7	_	7.3	_	4.7	_	6.4	_	6.5	_

<sup>&</sup>quot;Other" is public street and highway lighting, other sales to public authorities, sales to railroads and railways, and interdepartmental sales.

b Average price for total sales to ultimate consumers.

c Annual values are the sum of the monthly revenue divided by the sum of the monthly sales. Data through 1979 cover privately owned electric utilities in Classes A and B. Data for 1980-1985 cover selected privately owned electric utilities in Class A whose electric operating revenue was \$100 million or more during the previous year. See Note 7 at end of section.

NA=Not available. -=Not applicable.

Notes: • Prices are calculated by dividing revenue by sales. Revenue may not correspond to sales for a particular month because of electric utility billing and

Record to the calculated by develop by sales. Nevertoe may not correspond to sales for a particular month occase of electric utility billing and accounting procedures. That lack of correspondence could result in uncharacteristic increases or decreases in the monthly prices. See Note 7 at end of section.
 Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
 Sources: • Monthly Series: 1973-September 1977—Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenue and Income." October 1977-February 1980—Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FERC-5, "Electric Operating Revenue and Income." March 1980-December 1980—FERC, Form FERC-5, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement." 1981 and 1990 monthly data—Energy Information Administration. (EIA), Electric Power Monthly, March 1992, Table 59. 1982 forward (except 1990 monthly data)—EIA, Electric Power Monthly, July 1992, Table 59. • Annual Series: EIA, Electric Power Monthly, July 1992, Table 59.

Table 9.10 Quantity and Cost of Fossil-Fuel Receipts at Steam-Electric Utility Plants

(thou short  1973 Year		Cost (cents per million Btu)  40.5 70.9 81.4 84.8 94.7 111.6 122.4 135.1 153.2 164.7 165.6 166.4 164.8 157.9 150.6 146.6 144.5	Heav Quantity (thousand barrels)  512,650 479,166 457,363 563,685 546,197 479,705 394,159 327,477 228,200 211,705 193,832 156,410 220,585 187,300 230,234 237,668	Cost (cents per million Btu)  78.5 189.0 200.5 195.2 219.8 212.5 298.8 426.7 533.4 483.2 457.8 481.2 424.4 240.1 297.6	Quantity (thousand barrels) 535,859 515,217 510,352 549,973 635,556 616,040 515,695 419,140 345,544 239,111 219,652 202,372 164,947 228,522	Cost (cents per million Btu) 80.0 191.0 202.3 199.0 224.9 219.1 307.2 435.1 542.5 492.2 462.8 486.3 431.7	Quantity (million cubic feet) 3,382,677 3,225,203 3,034,808 2,962,811 3,106,403 3,140,654 3,588,814 3,573,558 3,161,348 2,732,248 2,878,808	Cost (cents per million Btu) 33.8 48.2 75.2 103.4 129.1 142.2 174.9 219.9 280.5 337.6 347.4	Cost (cents per million Btu 47.6 91.4 104.4 111.9 129.7 141.1 163.9 192.8 225.6 224.9 220.6
(thou short  1973 Year 374 1974 Year 384 1975 Year 431 1975 Year 454 1977 Year 490 1978 Year 476 1977 Year 556 1979 Year 579 1980 Year 593 1981 Year 579 1982 Year 601 1983 Year 684 1985 Year 686 1987 Year 721 1988 Year 721 1988 Year 727 1989 Year 723 1990 January 67 April 63 May 64 June 63 July 63 August 70 September 65 December 62 Year 786 1991 January 63 February 63 April 64	4,842 4,842 4,858 0,415 6,169 6,558 9,374 1,427 2,728 4,111 6,743 6,964 1,298 7,775 3,217 7,636 2,296	40.5 70.9 81.4 84.8 94.7 111.6 122.4 135.1 153.2 164.7 165.6 166.4 164.8 157.9 150.6 146.6	(thousand barrels)  512,650 479,166 457,582 495,363 563,685 546,197 479,705 394,159 327,477 228,200 211,705 193,832 156,410 220,585 187,300 230,234	(cents per million Btu)  78.5 189.0 200.5 195.2 219.8 212.5 298.8 426.7 533.4 483.2 457.8 481.2 424.4 240.1 297.6	(thousand barrels)  535,859 515,217 510,352 549,973 635,556 616,040 515,695 419,140 345,544 239,111 219,652 202,372 164,947 228,522	80.0 191.0 202.3 199.0 224.9 219.1 307.2 435.1 542.5 492.2 462.8 486.3	(million cubic feet) 3,382,677 3,225,203 3,034,808 2,962,811 3,106,403 3,140,654 3,368,976 3,588,814 3,573,558 3,161,348 2,732,248 2,878,808	(cents per million Btu)  33.8 48.2 75.2 103.4 129.1 142.2 174.9 219.9 280.5 337.6 347.4	47.6 91.4 104.4 111.9 129.7 141.1 163.9 192.8 225.6 224.9 220.6
1974 Year     384       1975 Year     431       1976 Year     454       1977 Year     490       1978 Year     476       1979 Year     556       1980 Year     593       1981 Year     579       1982 Year     601       1983 Year     684       1985 Year     686       1987 Year     721       1988 Year     727       1988 Year     727       1989 Year     753       1990 January     67       April     63       May     64       July     63       August     70       September     65       October     69       November     65       December     62       Year     786       1991 January     63       February     61       May     63       April     60       May     63       June     61       July     64	4,868 1,527 4,858 0,415 6,169 6,558 3,995 1,427 2,728 4,111 6,743 6,964 1,298 7,775 3,217 7,636 2,296	70.9 81.4 84.8 94.7 111.6 122.4 135.1 153.2 164.7 166.6 166.4 164.8 157.9 150.6 146.6 144.5	479,166 457,582 495,363 563,685 546,197 479,705 394,159 327,477 228,200 211,705 193,832 156,410 220,585 187,300 230,234	189.0 200.5 195.2 219.8 212.5 298.8 426.7 533.4 483.2 457.8 481.2 424.4 240.1 297.6	515,217 510,352 549,973 635,556 616,040 515,695 419,140 345,544 239,111 219,652 202,372 164,947 228,522	191.0 202.3 199.0 224.9 219.1 307.2 435.1 542.5 492.2 462.8 486.3	3,225,203 3,034,808 2,962,811 3,106,403 3,140,654 3,368,976 3,588,814 3,573,558 3,161,348 2,732,248 2,878,808	48.2 75.2 103.4 129.1 142.2 174.9 219.9 280.5 337.6 347.4	91.4 104.4 111.9 129.7 141.1 163.9 192.8 225.6 224.9 220.6
1974 Year     384       1975 Year     431       1976 Year     454       1977 Year     490       1978 Year     476       1979 Year     556       1980 Year     593       1981 Year     579       1982 Year     601       1983 Year     684       1985 Year     686       1987 Year     721       1988 Year     727       1988 Year     727       1989 Year     753       1990 January     67       April     63       May     64       July     63       August     70       September     65       October     69       November     65       December     62       Year     786       1991 January     63       February     61       May     63       June     61       June     61       June     61       July     64	4,868 1,527 4,858 0,415 6,169 6,558 3,995 1,427 2,728 4,111 6,743 6,964 1,298 7,775 3,217 7,636 2,296	70.9 81.4 84.8 94.7 111.6 122.4 135.1 153.2 164.7 166.6 166.4 164.8 157.9 150.6 146.6 144.5	479,166 457,582 495,363 563,685 546,197 479,705 394,159 327,477 228,200 211,705 193,832 156,410 220,585 187,300 230,234	189.0 200.5 195.2 219.8 212.5 298.8 426.7 533.4 483.2 457.8 481.2 424.4 240.1 297.6	515,217 510,352 549,973 635,556 616,040 515,695 419,140 345,544 239,111 219,652 202,372 164,947 228,522	191.0 202.3 199.0 224.9 219.1 307.2 435.1 542.5 492.2 462.8 486.3	3,225,203 3,034,808 2,962,811 3,106,403 3,140,654 3,368,976 3,588,814 3,573,558 3,161,348 2,732,248 2,878,808	48.2 75.2 103.4 129.1 142.2 174.9 219.9 280.5 337.6 347.4	91.4 104.4 111.9 129.7 141.1 163.9 192.8 225.6 224.9 220.6
975 Year	1,527 4,858 0,415 6,169 6,558 3,995 9,374 1,427 2,728 4,111 6,743 6,964 1,298 7,775 3,217 7,636 2,296	81.4 84.8 94.7 111.6 122.4 135.1 153.2 164.7 165.6 166.4 164.8 157.9 150.6 146.6 144.5	457,582 495,363 563,685 546,197 479,705 394,159 327,477 228,200 211,705 193,832 156,410 220,585 187,300 230,234	200.5 195.2 219.8 212.5 298.8 426.7 533.4 483.2 457.8 481.2 424.4 240.1 297.6	510,352 549,973 635,556 616,040 515,695 419,140 345,544 239,111 219,652 202,372 164,947 228,522	202.3 199.0 224.9 219.1 307.2 435.1 542.5 492.2 462.8 486.3	3,034,808 2,962,811 3,106,403 3,140,654 3,368,976 3,588,814 3,573,558 3,161,348 2,732,248 2,878,808	75.2 103.4 129.1 142.2 174.9 219.9 280.5 337.6 347.4	104.4 111.9 129.7 141.1 163.9 192.8 225.6 224.9 220.6
976 Year	4,858 0,415 6,169 6,558 3,395 9,374 1,427 2,728 4,111 6,743 6,743 6,743 6,745 3,217 7,636 2,296	84.8 94.7 111.6 122.4 135.1 153.2 164.7 165.6 166.4 164.8 157.9 150.6 146.6 144.5	495,363 563,685 546,197 479,705 394,159 327,477 228,200 211,705 193,832 156,410 220,585 187,300 230,234	195.2 219.8 212.5 298.8 426.7 533.4 483.2 457.8 481.2 424.4 240.1 297.6	549,973 635,556 616,040 515,695 419,140 345,544 239,111 219,652 202,372 164,947 228,522	199.0 224.9 219.1 307.2 435.1 542.5 492.2 462.8 486.3	2,962,811 3,106,403 3,140,654 3,368,976 3,588,814 3,573,558 3,161,348 2,732,248 2,878,808	103.4 129.1 142.2 174.9 219.9 280.5 337.6 347.4	111.9 129.7 141.1 163.9 192.8 225.6 224.9 220.6
977 Year 490 978 Year 476 978 Year 556 980 Year 593 981 Year 579 982 Year 601 983 Year 592 984 Year 684 985 Year 686 986 Year 686 987 Year 721 988 Year 727 989 Year 727 989 Year 753 990 January 67 February 62 March 67 April 63 May 64 June 63 July 63 August 70 September 65 October 69 November 65 December 62 Year 786 991 January 63 April 63 May 64 May 64 Perror 69 November 65 December 62 Year 786 991 January 63 April 63 May 64 March 63 April 63 April 63 May 64 March 63 April 63 May 64	0,415 6,169 6,558 3,995 9,374 1,427 2,728 4,111 6,743 6,964 1,298 7,775 3,217 7,636 2,296	94.7 111.6 122.4 135.1 153.2 164.7 165.6 166.4 164.8 157.9 150.6 146.6 144.5	563,685 546,197 479,705 394,159 327,477 228,200 211,705 193,832 156,410 220,585 187,300 230,234	219.8 212.5 298.8 426.7 533.4 483.2 457.8 481.2 424.4 240.1 297.6	635,556 616,040 515,695 419,140 345,544 239,111 219,652 202,372 164,947 228,522	224.9 219.1 307.2 435.1 542.5 492.2 462.8 486.3	3,106,403 3,140,654 3,368,976 3,588,814 3,573,558 3,161,348 2,732,248 2,878,808	129.1 142.2 174.9 219.9 280.5 337.6 347.4	129.7 141.1 163.9 192.8 225.6 224.9 220.6
978 Year	6,169 6,558 3,995 1,427 2,728 4,111 6,743 6,743 6,964 1,298 7,775 3,217 7,636 2,296	111.6 122.4 135.1 153.2 164.7 165.6 166.4 164.8 157.9 150.6 146.6 144.5	546,197 479,705 394,159 327,477 228,200 211,705 193,832 156,410 220,585 187,300 230,234	212.5 298.8 426.7 533.4 483.2 457.8 481.2 424.4 240.1 297.6	616,040 515,695 419,140 345,544 239,111 219,652 202,372 164,947 228,522	219.1 307.2 435.1 542.5 492.2 462.8 486.3	3,140,654 3,368,976 3,588,814 3,573,558 3,161,348 2,732,248 2,878,808	142.2 174.9 219.9 280.5 337.6 347.4	141.1 163.9 192.8 225.6 224.9 220.6
979 Year	6,558 3,995 9,374 1,427 2,728 4,111 6,743 6,964 1,298 7,775 3,217 7,636 2,296	122.4 135.1 153.2 164.7 165.6 166.4 164.8 157.9 150.6 146.6 144.5	479,705 394,159 327,477 228,200 211,705 193,832 156,410 220,585 187,300 230,234	298.8 426.7 533.4 483.2 457.8 481.2 424.4 240.1 297.6	515,695 419,140 345,544 239,111 219,652 202,372 164,947 228,522	307.2 435.1 542.5 492.2 462.8 486.3	3,368,976 3,588,814 3,573,558 3,161,348 2,732,248 2,878,808	174.9 219.9 280.5 337.6 347.4	163.9 192.8 225.6 224.9 220.6
980 Year	3,995 9,374 1,427 2,728 4,111 6,743 6,964 1,298 7,775 3,217 7,636 2,296	135.1 153.2 164.7 165.6 166.4 164.8 157.9 150.6 146.6 144.5	394,159 327,477 228,200 211,705 193,832 156,410 220,585 167,300 230,234	426.7 533.4 483.2 457.8 481.2 424.4 240.1 297.6	419,140 345,544 239,111 219,652 202,372 164,947 228,522	435.1 542.5 492.2 462.8 486.3	3,588,814 3,573,558 3,161,348 2,732,248 2,878,808	219.9 280.5 337.6 347.4	192.8 225.6 224.9 220.6
981 Year 579 982 Year 601 983 Year 501 983 Year 564 985 Year 684 985 Year 686 986 Year 721 988 Year 727 989 Year 727 989 Year 753 990 January 67 February 62 March 67 April 63 July 63 August 70 September 65 October 69 November 65 December 62 Year 786 991 January 63 April 63 Ary 64 June 63 June 65 December	9,374 1,427 2,728 4,111 6,743 6,964 1,298 7,775 3,217 7,636 2,296	153.2 164.7 165.6 166.4 164.8 157.9 150.6 146.6 144.5	327,477 228,200 211,705 193,832 156,410 220,585 187,300 230,234	533.4 483.2 457.8 481.2 424.4 240.1 297.6	345,544 239,111 219,652 202,372 164,947 228,522	542.5 492.2 462.8 486.3	3,573,558 3,161,348 2,732,248 2,878,808	280.5 337.6 347.4	225.6 224.9 220.6
982 Year 601 983 Year 592 984 Year 684 985 Year 686 986 Year 721 988 Year 727 989 Year 727 989 Year 753 990 January 67 February 62 March 67 April 63 May 64 June 63 July 63 August 70 September 65 December 62 Year 786 991 January 63 April 63 Movember 65 December 62 Year 786 991 January 63 April 63 March 63 April 63 March 63 April 63 March 63 April 60 May 63 June 61 July 63	1,427 2,728 4,111 6,743 6,964 1,298 7,775 3,217 7,636 2,296	164.7 165.6 166.4 164.8 157.9 150.6 146.6 144.5	228,200 211,705 193,832 156,410 220,585 187,300 230,234	483.2 457.8 481.2 424.4 240.1 297.6	239,111 219,652 202,372 164,947 228,522	492.2 462.8 486.3	3,161,348 2,732,248 2,878,808	337.6 347.4	224.9 220.6
983 Year 592 984 Year 684 985 Year 686 986 Year 686 987 Year 721 988 Year 727 989 Year 753 990 January 67 February 62 March 67 April 63 July 63 August 70 September 65 October 69 November 65 December 62 Year 786 991 January 63 April 63 May 64 June 63 July 63 August 70 September 65 December 62 Year 786	2,728 4,111 6,743 6,964 1,298 7,775 3,217 7,636 2,296	165.6 166.4 164.8 157.9 150.6 146.6 144.5	211,705 193,832 156,410 220,585 187,300 230,234	457.8 481.2 424.4 240.1 297.6	219,652 202,372 164,947 228,522	462.8 486.3	2,732,248 2,878,808	347.4	220.6
984 Year 684 985 Year 666 987 Year 686 987 Year 721 988 Year 722 989 Year 753 990 January 67 February 62 March 67 April 63 May 64 June 63 July 63 August 70 September 65 October 69 November 65 December 62 Year 786 991 January 63 February 63 April 63 May 64 June 63 July 63 August 70 September 65 October 69 November 65 December 62 Year 786	4,111 6,743 6,964 1,298 7,775 3,217 7,636 2,296	166.4 164.8 157.9 150.6 146.6 144.5	193,832 156,410 220,585 187,300 230,234	481.2 424.4 240.1 297.6	202,372 164,947 228,522	486.3	2,878,808		
985 Year 666 986 Year 686 986 Year 721 988 Year 721 989 Year 753 990 January 67 February 62 March 67 April 63 May 64 June 63 July 63 August 70 September 65 October 69 November 65 December 62 Year 786 991 January 63 April 63 August 70 September 65 December 65 December 65 December 65 December 65 December 65 December 63 April 60 May 63 June 61 July 64	6,743 6,964 1,298 7,775 3,217 7,636 2,296	164.8 157.9 150.6 146.6 144.5	156,410 220,585 187,300 230,234	424.4 240.1 297.6	164,947 228,522			200.0	
986 Year	6,964 1,298 7,775 3,217 7,636 2,296	157.9 150.6 146.6 144.5	220,585 187,300 230,234	240.1 297.6	228,522	431./		360.3	219.1
987 Year	1,298 7,775 3,217 7,636 2,296	150.6 146.6 144.5	187,300 230,234	297.6			2,808,921	344.4	209.4
988 Year 727 989 Year 753 990 January 67 February 62 March 67 April 63 May 64 June 63 July 63 August 70 September 65 October 69 November 65 December 62 Year 786  991 January 63 April 60 May 63 April 60 May 63 June 61 July 63	<b>7,775</b> <b>3,217</b> 7,636 2,296	146.6 144.5	230,234			243.7	2,387,622	235.1	175.0
989 Year	3 <b>,217</b> 7,636 2,296	144.5			194,578	301.1	. 2,605,191	224.0	170.6
990 January 67 February 62 March 67 April 63 May 64 June 63 July 63 August 70 September 65 October 69 November 65 December 62 Year 786  991 January 63 April 63 April 60 May 63 June 61 July 64	7,636 2,296		237,668	240.5	236,924	243.9	2,362,721	226.3	164.3
February         62           March         67           April         63           May         64           June         63           July         63           August         70           September         65           October         69           November         65           December         62           Year         786           991 January         63           February         61           March         63           April         60           May         63           June         61           July         64	2,296	144.6		284.6	246,422	289.3	2,472,506	235.5	167.5
March         67           April         63           May         64           June         63           July         63           August         70           September         65           October         69           November         65           December         62           Year         786           991 January         63           February         61           March         63           April         60           May         63           June         61           July         64			26,481	403.9	27,415	409.6	126,806	293.8	182.3
April 63 May 64 June 63 July 63 August 70 September 65 October 69 November 65 December 62 Year 786  991 January 63 February 61 March 63 April 60 May 63 June 61 July 64	7,536	146.6	19,190	338.2	19,683	340.7	113,552	269.3	171.2
April 63  May 64  June 63  July 63  August 70  September 65  October 69  November 65  December 62  Year 786  991 January 63  February 61  March 63  April 60  May 63  June 61  July 64		145.7	15,023	295.2	15,494	299.3	166,055	231.0	163.1
May       64         June       63         July       63         August       70         September       65         October       69         November       65         December       62         Year       786         991       January       63         February       61         March       63         April       60         May       63         June       61         July       64	3,888	147.3	13,521	254.7	13,977	260.4	181,153	221.7	162.1
June       63         July       63         August       70         September       65         October       69         November       65         December       62         Year       786         991 January       63         February       61         March       63         April       60         May       63         June       61         July       64	4,958	147.8	15,000	244.7	15,534	250.6	220,420	212.5	162.4
July         63           August         70           September         65           October         69           November         65           December         62           Year         786           991 January         63           February         61           March         63           April         60           May         63           June         61           July         64	3,649	146.6	18,068	219.4	18,612	224.1	267,995	209.3	161.9
August 70 September 65 October 69 November 62 Year 786  991 January 63 February 61 March 63 April 60 May 63 June 61 July 64	3,427	144.6	22,149	239.9	22,783	243.8	294,671	214.6	164.8
September         65           October         69           November         65           December         62           Year         786           991 January         63           February         61           March         63           April         60           May         63           June         61           July         64	0,571	144.5	18,773	341.1	19,321	346.2	304,429	215.9	169.1
October 69 November 65 December 786  991 January 63 February 61 March 63 April 60 May 63 June 61 July 64	5,715	144.7	13,520	389.9	14,038	397.8	269,002	214.3	168.6
November         65           December         62           Year         786           991 January         63           February         61           March         63           April         60           May         63           June         61           July         64	9,170	146.2	13,254	438.8	13,969	452.4	225,855	236.8	173.2
December         62           Year         786           991 January         63           February         61           March         63           April         60           May         63           June         61           July         64	5,393	144.8	13,378	430.1	13,900	439.0	164,781	271.9	174.0
Year       786         991 January       63         February       61         March       63         April       60         May       63         June       61         July       64	2,386	142.4	13,923	424.7	14,625	434.0	156,262	283.1	174.3
February       61         March       63         April       60         May       63         June       61         July       64	6,627	145.5	202,281	331.9	209,350	338.4	2,490,979	232.1	168.9
February       61         March       63         April       60         May       63         June       61         July       64	3,356	145.7	11,478	359.5	12,325	373.8	164,872	266.8	170.2
March	1,059	146.9	10,417	265.6	10,887	275.7	137,559	234.7	161.3
April	3,537	145.4	11,269	244.2	11,667	251.2	182,833	220.0	159.2
May 63 June 61 July 64	0,747	147.3	13,119	234.2	13,468	239.5	203,862	206.7	160.3
June 61 July 64	•	147.3						198.2	
July 64	3,005		14,730	233.1	15,276	240.1	233,424		160.8
	1,488	147.2	17,122	220.2	17,671	226.1	244,415	191.2	159.3
AUGUST 69	4,752	142.7	17,169	227.2	17,701	233.0	310,723	184.6	156.0
	9,552	143.2	16,831	226.7	17,298	232.4	306,419	192.7	156.7
•	5,071	143.4	15,590	241.4	16,063	247.7	248,900	215.4	160.3
	6,043	144.4	9,658	238.3	10,287	252.8	251,431	231.0	161.6
	2,634	142.8	11,289	253.4	11,832	264.4	186,721	240.7	160.5
	5,318	140.1	14,453	252.2	15,120	260.3	159,214	261.9	159.5
Year 766	6,562	144.7	163,125	246.4	169,593	254.7	2,630,372	215.3	160.4
	4,551	139.9	12,039	223.2	12,535	229.9	159,873	247.0	155.5
	1,530	142.4	13,634	210.0	14,105	216.3	160,427	201.7	153.0
March 63	3,808	143.7	12,779	208.2	13,184	214.0	198,183	196.8	153.9
	-,	142.0	38,452	213.5	39,824	219.8	518,483	213.8	154.1
991 3 Months 187	9,890	146.0	33,164	290.7	34,878	302.0	485,264	. 240.1	163.6
990 3 Months 197			60,694	356.1	62,592	360.5	406,412	261.2	172.3

a includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

b Heavy fuel oil includes fuel oils No. 4, No. 5, and No. 6, and topped crude oil. The weighted averages for petroleum and all fossil fuels include both heavy and light oil (No. 2 fuel oil, kerosene, and jet fuel) prices. Data do not include petroleum coke.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Data for 1973-1982 do not include small quantities of rerefined motor oil, bunker oil, and liquefied petroleum gas.

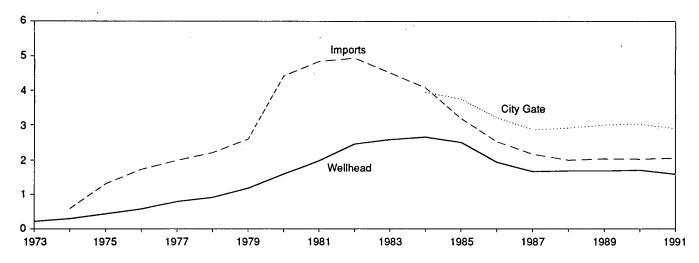
Notes: • Data for 1973-1982 cover all electric generating plants at which the generator nameplate capacity of all steam-electric units combined totaled 25 megawatts or greater. From 1974-1982, peaking units were included in the data and counted towards the 25-megawatt-or-greater total. Data for 1983-1990 cover all electric generating plants at which the generator nameplate capacity of all steam-electric units combined totaled 50 megawatts or greater. Data for 1991 forward cover all electric generating plants at which the generator nameplate capacity of all steam-electric units and combined-cycle units combined totaled 50 megawatts or greater. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: • 1973-1979: Annual data for quantity are simple sums of unrounded monthly values and for cost are averages of monthly values, weighted by quantities, from the following: 1973-May 1977—Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-423, "Monthly Report on Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants." June 1977-December 1977—Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FERC-423, "Monthly Report on Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants." 1978 and 1979—Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form FERC-423, "Monthly Report on Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants." 1980: EIA, Electric Power Monthly, April 1991, Table 33. 1981 forward: EIA, Electric Power Monthly, July 1992, Table 33.

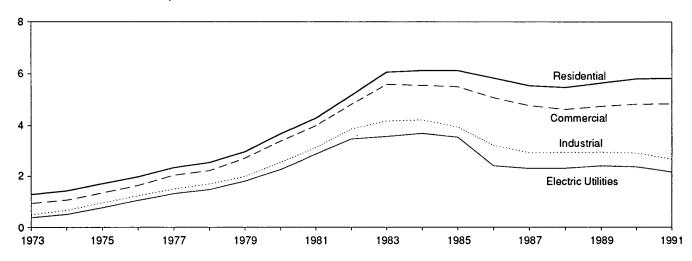
Figure 9.4 Natural Gas Prices

(Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)

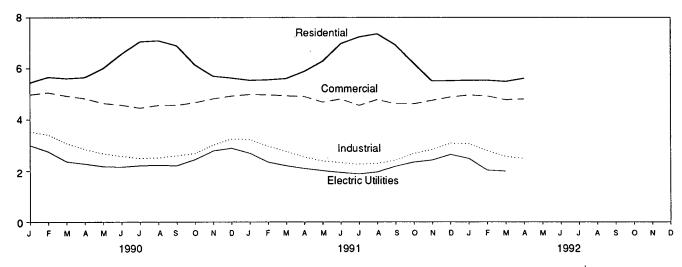
Selected Prices, 1973-1991



Delivered to Consumers, 1973-1991



#### Delivered to Consumers, Monthly



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Source: Table 9.11.

Table 9.11 Natural Gas Prices

(Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)

			r Interstate e Companies			Delivered to C	onsumers <sup>a,b</sup>	
	Wellhead	Imports	Purchases from Producers	City Gate	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Electric Utilities <sup>b</sup>
1973 Average	0.22	NA	NA	NA	1.29	0.94	0.50	0.38
1974 Average	.30	.59	.27	NA	1.43	1.07	.67	.51
1975 Average	.44	1.31	.37	NA	1.71	1.35	.96	.77
1976 Average	.58	1.73	.48	NA	1.98	1.64	1.24	1.06
1977 Average	.79	1.99	.70	NA	2.35	2.04	1.50	1.32
1978 Average	.91	2.21	.83	NA NA	2.56	2.23	1.70	1.48
	1.18	2.60	1.22	NA.	2.98	2.73	1.99	1.81
1979 Average	1.59	4.42	1.63	NA	3.68	3.39	2.56	2.27
1980 Average						4.00		2.89
1981 Average	1.98	4.84	2.15	NA	4.29		3.14	
1982 Average	2.46	4.94	2.72	NA	5.17	4.82	3.87	3.48
1983 Average	2.59	4.51	2.93	NA	6.06	5.59	4.18	3.58
1984 Average	2.66	4.08	2.91	3.95	6.12	5.55	4.22	3.70
1985 Average	2.51	3.19	2.85	3.75	6.12	5.50	3.95	3.55
1986 Average	1.94	2.53	2.39	3.22	5.83	5.08	3.23	2.43
1987 Average	1.67	2.17	2.10	2.87	5.54	4.77	2.94	2.32
1988 Average	1.69	2.00	2.13	2.92	5.47	4.63	2.95	2.33
1989 Average	1.69	2.04	2.18	3.01	5.64	4.74	2.96	2.43
1990 January	2.23	2.04	2.42	3.24	5.43	4.97	3.53	3.00
February	1.85	2.25	2.17	3.10	5.65	5.05	3.41	2.76
March	1.55	1.99	1.94	2.94	5.60	4.92	3.08	2.37
April	1.49	2.00	2.17	2.83	5.64	4.82	2.85	2.28
May	1.47	2.08	1.98	2.81	6.00	4.63	2.68	2.18
June	1.48	1,91	2.18	3.00	6.56	4.56	2.58	2.16
July	1.49	1.88	2.00	3.03	7.04	4.45	2.50	2.21
	1.51	1.93	1.86	2.91	7.08	4.55	2.52	2.23
August	1.56	1.89	1.93	2.92	6.89	4.55	2.60	2.21
September								
October	1.76	1.90	2.18	2.81	6.14	4.66	2.69	2.45
November	1.94	2.21	2.45	3.14	5.69	4.81	3.02	2.79
December Average	2.04 1. <b>7</b> 1	2.27 <b>2.03</b>	2.58 <b>2.19</b>	3.19 <b>3.03</b>	5.62 <b>5.80</b>	4.92 <b>4.83</b>	3.25 <b>2.93</b>	2.89 <b>2.39</b>
	1.94	2.24	2.23	3.08	5.53	4.98	3.23	2.70
1991 January	1.59	2.12	1.98	2.94	5.55	4.97	2.97	2.35
February			2.06		5.60	4.97 4.93	2.77	2.33
March	1.47	1.94		2.79				
April	1.47	2.05	1.91	2.75	5.89	4.90	2.55	2.10
May	1.44	2.00	2.04	2.77	6.28	4.68	2.39	2.01
June	1.39	2.05	1.98	2.85	6.97	4.80	2.33	1.94
July	1.29	2.13	1.87	2.76	7.23	4.55	2.27	1.88
August	1.37	1.71	1.77	2.80	7.35	4.78	2.30	1.96
September	1.54	1.85	1.81	2.93	6.92	4.61	2.42	2.19
October	1.74	2.24	1.96	2.93	6.20	4.61	2.69	2.35
November	1.83	2.20	2.01	2.92	5.50	4.75	2.84	2.43
December	1.93	2.09	2.13	3.06	5.51	4.88	3.09	2.65
Average	1.59	2.06	2.01	2.91	. 5.82	4.85	2.69	2.18
992 January	1.69	2.20	2.10	2.90	5.53	4.96	3.07	2.49
February	1.35	1.98	1.70	2.74	5.53	4.92	2.79	2.03
March	1.42	1.45	1.90	2.61	5.48	4.77	2.57	1.99
April	NA	2.01	1.84	2.74	5.61	4.80	2.49	NA
4-Month Average	NA	1.91	1.89	2.76	5.53	4.88	2.74	NA
1991 4-Month Average	1.62	2.09	2.05	2.92	5.61	4.95	2.90	2.32
1990 4-Month Average	1.78	2.07	2.18	3.06	5.56	4.95	3.24	2.56

a Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

Notes: • Prices shown on this page are intended to include all taxes. See Note 8 at end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Data through 1988 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary. • Wellhead annual and year-to-date prices are simple averages of the monthly prices; all other annual and year-to-date prices are volume-weighted averages of the monthly prices.

Sources: • Wellhead: 1973-1983—Energy Information Administration (EIA), Natural Gas Annual 1988, Volume 1, Table 92. • Major Interstate Pipeline Companies: 1974 through 1977—Calculated from revenue and sales data reported to the Federal Power Commission (FPC) on Form FPC-11, "Natural Gas Pipeline Company Monthly Statement." 1978-1983—EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, December 1984, Table 10. • Delivered to Consumers: 1973-1983—EIA, Natural Gas Annual 1988, Volume 1, Table 95. • All Other Data (1984 forward): EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, July 1992, Table 4.

b See Note 8 at end of section.

NA=Not available.

#### **Energy Prices Notes**

- 1. The average domestic first purchase price represents the average price at which all domestic crude oil is purchased. Prior to February 1976, the price represented an estimate of the average of posted prices; beginning with February 1976, the price represents an average of actual first purchase prices. The data series was previously called "Actual Domestic Wellhead Price."
- 2. F.O.B. literally means "Free on Board." It denotes a transaction whereby the seller makes the product available with an agreement on a given port at a given price; it is the responsibility of the buyer to arrange for the transportation and insurance.
- 3. The landed cost of imported crude oil from selected countries does not represent the total cost of all imported crude. Prior to March 1975, imported crude costs to U.S. company-owned refineries in the Caribbean were not included in the landed cost, and costs of crude oil from countries that export only small amounts to the United States were also excluded. Beginning in March 1975, however, coverage was expanded to include U.S. company-owned refineries in the Caribbean. Landed costs do not include supplemental fees.
- 4. Beginning with January 1981, refiner acquisition costs of crude oil are from data collected on Form EIA-14, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Report." Those costs were previously published from data collected on Form ERA-49, "Domestic Crude Oil Entitlements Program Refiners Monthly Report." Form ERA-49 was discontinued with the decontrol of crude oil on January 28, 1981. Crude oil purchases and costs are defined for Form EIA-14 in accordance with conventions used for Form ERA-49. Also, the respondents for the two forms are essentially the same. However, due to possible different interpretations of the filing requirements and a different method for handling prior period adjustments, care must be taken when comparing the data collected on the two forms.

The refiner acquisition cost of crude oil is the average price paid by refiners for crude oil booked into their refineries in accordance with accounting procedures generally accepted and consistently and historically applied by the refiners concerned. Domestic crude oil is that oil produced in the United States or from the outer continental shelf as defined in 43 USC Section 1331. Imported crude oil is either that oil reported on Form ERA-51, "Transfer Pricing Report," or any crude oil that is not domestic oil. The composite cost is the weighted average of domestic and imported crude oil costs.

Crude oil costs and volumes reported on Form ERA-49 excluded unfinished oils but included the Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR). Crude oil costs and volumes reported on Form FEA-P110-M-1, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Allocation Report," included unfinished oils but

excluded SPR. Imported averages derived from Form ERA-49 exclude oil purchased for SPR, whereas the composite averages derived from Form ERA-49 include SPR. None of the prices derived from Form EIA-14 include either unfinished oils or SPR.

5. Several different series of motor gasoline prices are published in this section. U.S. City Average Retail Prices of Motor Gasoline are calculated monthly by the Bureau of Labor Statistics during the development of the Consumer Price Index (CPI). These prices include all Federal, State, and local taxes paid at the time of sale. For the period 1974-1977, prices were collected in 56 urban areas. For the period 1978 forward, prices were collected from a new sample of service stations in 85 urban areas selected to represent all urban consumers—about 80 percent of the total U.S. population. The service stations are selected initially, and on a replacement basis, in such a way that they represent the purchasing habits of the CPI population. Service stations in the current sample include those providing all types of service (i.e., full-, mini-, and self-serve).

Refiner prices of finished motor gasoline for resale and to end users are determined by the Energy Information Administration (EIA) in a monthly survey of refiners and gas plant operators (Form EIA-782A). The prices do not include any Federal, State, or local taxes paid at the time of sale. Estimates of prices prior to January 1983 are based on Form FEA-P302-M-1/EIA-460, "Petroleum Industry Monthly Report for Product Prices," and also exclude all Federal, State, or local taxes paid at the time of sale. Sales for resale are those made to purchasers who are other-than-ultimate consumers. Sales to end users are sales made directly to the consumer of the product, including bulk consumers such as agriculture, industry, and utilities, as well as residential and commercial consumers.

6. Starting in January 1983, Form EIA-782, "Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report," replaced 10 previous surveys. Every attempt was made to continue the most important price series. However, prices published through December 1982 and those published since January 1983 do not necessarily form continuous data series due to changes in survey forms, definitions, instructions, populations, samples, processing systems, and statistical procedures. To provide historical data, continuous series were generated for annual data 1978-1982 and for monthly data 1981 and 1982 by estimating the prices that would have been published had Form EIA-782 survey and system been in operation at that time. This form of estimation was performed after detailed adjustment was made for product and sales type matching and for discontinuity due to other factors. An important difference between the previous and present prices is the distinction between wholesale and resale and between retail and end user. The resale category continues to include sales among resellers. However, bulk sales to utility, industrial, and commercial accounts previously included in the wholesale category are now counted as made to end users. The end-user category continues to include retail sales through company owned and operated outlets but also includes the bulk utility, industrial, and commercial sales. Additional information may be found in Estimated Historic Time Series for the EIA-782, a feature article reprinted from the December 1983 [3] Petroleum Marketing Monthly, published by EIA.

- 7. National average electricity prices are shown in two data series. The "Annual Series" is based on data from more than 3.000 publicly and privately owned electric utilities that report on Form EIA-861, "Annual Electric Utility Report." The "Monthly Series" is based on data from over 400 utilities statistically chosen as a stratified sample of the utilities that report on Form EIA-861. The selected utilities report monthly on Form EIA-826, "Monthly Electric Utility Sales and Revenue Report with State Distributions," formerly the "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement." Annual values shown for the monthly series are the sum of the monthly revenue divided by the sum of the monthly sales. Prior to January 1986, only privately owned utilities were included in the monthly survey and the sample was chosen using cut-off, rather than stratification, techniques.
- 8. Natural gas prices are intended to include all taxes. Instructions on the data collection forms specifically direct that all U.S., State, and local taxes, surcharges,

and/or adjustments billed to consumers are to be included. However, sales and other taxes itemized on consumers' bills are sometimes excluded by the reporting utilities.

Delivered-to-consumers prices for 1987 forward represent natural gas delivered and sold to residential, commercial, industrial, and electric utility consumers. They do not include the price of natural gas delivered to industrial and commercial consumers on behalf of third parties. Volumes of natural gas delivered on behalf of third parties are included in the consumption data shown in Table 4.3. Additional information is available in the EIA Natural Gas Monthly, Appendix C.

Electric utility data for 1973-1982 cover all electric generating plants at which the generator nameplate capacity of all steam-electric units combined totaled 25 megawatts or greater. From 1974-1982, peaking units were included in the data and counted towards the 25-megawatt-or-greater total. Data for 1983-1990 cover all electric generating plants at which the generator nameplate capacity of all steam-electric units combined totaled 50 megawatts or greater. Data for 1991 cover all electric generating plants at which the generator nameplate capacity of all steam-electric units and combined-cycle units combined totaled 50 megawatts or greater.

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## Section 10. International Energy

Crude Oil Production. World crude oil production during April 1992 was 60 million barrels per day, down 0.1 million barrels per day from the level in the previous month.

Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) production during April 1992 averaged 24 million barrels per day, up 35 thousand barrels per day from the level during the previous month. Production by the Arab members of OPEC during April 1992 averaged 15 million barrels per day, up 0.1 million barrels per day from the March 1992 level. During April 1992, production increased in Kuwait by 128 thousand barrels per day and in Libya by 50 thousand barrels per day. Production decreased in Saudi Arabia by 47 thousand barrels per day. Production remained unchanged in Algeria, Iraq, Qatar, and the United Arab Emirates. Among the non-Arab members of OPEC, production during April 1992 increased in Nigeria by 25 thousand barrels per day. Production decreased in Iran by 100 thousand barrels per day and in Indonesia by 25 thousand barrels per day. Production remained unchanged in Venezuela.

Among the non-OPEC nations, production during April 1992 increased in the United Kingdom by 80 thousand barrels per day. Production decreased in the former U.S.S.R. by 200 thousand barrels per day, in the United States by 24 thousand barrels per day, and in Mexico by 5 thousand barrels per day. Production remained unchanged in Canada and China.

Petroleum Consumption. In February 1992, consumption in all Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) countries was 39.8 million barrels per day, higher by 2 percent than the February 1991 level. Consumption was higher in both Japan and the United States by 3 percent, compared with levels 1 year earlier. In February 1992, consumption in all European OECD countries combined was 13.9 million barrels per day, 1 percent higher than consumption in the previous February.

Consumption was higher in France by 7 percent, higher in Canada by 4 percent, higher in Italy by 3 percent, but lower in Germany by 3 percent, and slightly lower in the United Kingdom, compared with levels 1 year earlier.

Petroleum Stocks. For all OECD countries, petroleum stocks at the end of February 1992 totaled 3.5 billion barrels, 1 percent higher than the ending stock level in February 1991. Stocks were higher in Japan by 4 percent and higher in the United States by 1 percent, compared with levels 1 year earlier. In February 1992, stock levels in all European OECD countries totaled 1.1 billion barrels, slightly lower than the level in the previous February. Stocks were higher in France by 6 percent, higher in Germany by 4 percent, but lower in Italy by 4 percent, lower in Canada by 3 percent, and lower in the United Kingdom by 1 percent, compared with levels 1 year earlier.

Nuclear Electricity Generation. Based on Nucleonics Week information for April 1992, reporting countries with nuclear capacity generated 141 gross terawatthours (billion kilowatthours) of nuclear-generated electricity, 6 percent more than in April 1991.

Due to an error, the nuclear unit THTR 300, in Hamm-Ventrop, Germany, had been included as an operable nuclear generating unit. The unit was retired in 1990. The government of North Rhine-Westphalia (NRW), the federal government, and the operating company Hoechtemperatur Kernkraftwerk GmbH (HKG) have agreed to decommission the plant.

As of April 30, 1992, there were 353 operable nuclear generating units in the reporting countries. The units had a collective gross generating capacity of 298.7 gigawatts (million kilowatts). The 110 U.S. units accounted for 105.8 gross gigawatts, 35.4 percent of the total reported nuclear generating capacity.

Table 10.1a World Crude Oil Production: Algeria Through Venezuela

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Algeria	lraq	Kuwait <sup>a</sup>	Libya	Qatar	Saudi Arabia <sup>a</sup>	United Arab Emirates	Arab OPEC <sup>b</sup>	Indonesia	Iran	Nigeria	Venezuela
1973 Average	1,097	2,018	3,020	2,175	570	7,596	1,533	18,009	1,339	5,861	2,054	3,366
1974 Average	1,009	1,971	2,546	1,521	518	8,480	1,679	17,724	1,375	6,022	2,255	2,976
1975 Average	983	2,262	2,084	1,480	438	7,075	1,664	15,985	1,307	5,350	1,783	2,346
1976 Average	1,075	2,415	2,145	1,933	497	8,577	1,936	18,579	1,504	5,883	2,067	2,294
1977 Average	1,152	2,348	1,969	2,063	445	9,245	1,999	19,221	1,686	5,663	2,085	2,238
1978 Average	1,231	2,563	2,131	1,983	487	8,301	1,831	18,525	1,635	5,242	1,897	2,165
1979 Average	1,224	3,477	2,500	2,092	508	9,532	1,831	21,163	1,591	3,168	2,302	2,356
1980 Average	1,106	2,514	1,656	1,787	472	9,900	1,709	19,144	1,577	1,662	2,055	2,168
1981 Average	1,002	1,000	1,125	1,140	405	9,815	1,474	15,961	1,605	1,380	1,433	2,102
1982 Average	987	1,012	823	1,150	330	6,483	1,250	12,035	1,339	2,214	1,295	1,895
1983 Average	968	1,005	1,064	1,105	295	5,086	1,149	10,672	1,343	2,440	1,241	1,801
1984 Average	1,014	1,209	1,157	1,087	394	4,663	1,146	10,670	1,412	2,174	1,388	1,798
1985 Average	1,037	1,433	1,023	1,059	301	3,388	1,193	9,434	1,325	2,250	1,495	1,677
1986 Average	945	1,690	1,419	1,034	308	4,870	1,330	11,596	1,390	2,035	1,467	1,787
1987 Average	1,048	2,079	1,585	972	293	4,265	1,541	11,783	1,343	2,298	1,341	1,752
1988 Average	1,040	2,685	1,492	1,175	346	5.086	1.565	13,389	1,342	2,240	1,450	1,903
1989 Average	1,095	2,897	1,783	1,150	380	5,064	1,860	14,229	1,409	2,810	1,716	1,907
1990 January	1,190	2,946	1,998	1,222	370	5,571	2,054	15,352	1,306	2,700	1,754	1,990
February	1,190	2,946	1,998	1,375	380	5,670	2,029	15,589	1,306	3,000	1,754	2,140
March	1,190	2,946	2,179	1,324	400	5,800	2,054	15,893	1,411	3,000	1,754	2,040
April	1,190	2,997	1,953	1,273	400	5,924	2,099	15,837	1,463	2,900	1,855	2,040
May	1,190	3,150	1,953	1,273	365	5,426	2,109	15,466	1,411	3,200	1,754	2,040
June	1,190	3,251	1,758	1,273	365	5,431	2,049	15,317	1,411	3,100	1,754	2,040
July	1,190	3,454	1,853	1,273	370	5,426	2,049	15,616	1,442	3,050	1,754	2,040
August	1,190	1,016	100	1,426	400	5,825	1,649	11,606	1,516	3,300	1,855	2,090
September	1,220	508	100	1,426	400	7,706	2,199	13,560	1,536	3,300	1,905	2,290
October	1,241	457	75	1,579	400	7,776	2,309	13,837	1,542	3,000	1,955	2,275
November	1,241	432	75	1,528	400	8,274	2,374	14,324	1,568	3,200	1,955	2,320
December	1,241	432	75	1,528	370	8,533	2,449	14,628	1,620	3,300	1,955	2,340
Average	1,205	2,040	1,172	1,375	385	6,449	2,119	14,745	1,462	3,088	1,834	2,137
1991 January	1,210	250	50	1,500	350	8,140	2,500	14,000	1,630	3,200	1,960	2,390
February	1,210	0	0	1,500	390	8,200	2,525	13,825	1,630	3,300	1,960	2,390
March	1,210	0	0	1,450	390	8,000	2,550	13,600	1,630	3,400	1,960	2,390
April	1,210	200	0	1,450	390	7,400	2,550	13,200	1,630	3,300	1,960	2,340
May	1,210	350	0	1,450	390	7,400	2,350	13,150	1,630	3,300	1,960	2,340
June	1,210	350	75	1,450	390	8,150	2,350	13,975	1,630	3,300	1,910	2,340
July	1,210	350	165	1,450	390	8,475	2,350	14,390	1,680	3,400	1,910	2,340
August	1,210	350	195	1,450	390	8,465	2,350	14,410	1,630	3,400	1,960	2,340
September	1,210	350	300	1,500	390	8,400	2,340	14,490	1,580	3,300	1,960	2,340
October	1,210	350	430	1,500	390	8,450	2,430	14,760	1,530	3,300	1,860	2,390
November	1,210	350	500	1,550	370	8,440	2,495	14,915	1,580	3,300	1,960	2,390
December	1,210	350	520	1,550	310	8,640	2,460	15,040	1,580	3,500	1,985	2,440
Average	1,210	273	187	1,483	378	8,181	2,437	14,149	1,613	3,334	1,945	2,369
1992 January	1,210	350	565	1,550	350	8,790	2,435	15,250	1,580	3,500	1,960	2,390
February	1,210	350	630	1,550	325	8,640	2,425	15,130	1,605	3,500	1,910	2,340
March	1,210	350	735	1,450	375	8,260	2,300	14,680	1,630	3,350	1,885	2,190
April	1,210	350	863	1,500	375	8,213	2,300	14,810	1,605	3,250	1,910	2,190
4-Mo. Avg	1,210	350	698	1,512	357	8,475	2,365	14,966	1,605	3,400	1,916	2,277
1991 4-Mo. Avg 1990 4-Mo. Avg	1,210 1,190	115 2,959	13 2,034	1,475 1,297	380 388	7,933 5,742	2,531 2,059	13,656 15,668	1,630 1,372	3,300 2,898	1,960 1,779	2,378 2,050

a Includes about one-half of the production in the Kuwait-Saudi Arabia Neutral Zone from 1973 through July 1990 and in June 1991. Kuwaiti Neutral Zone output was discontinued following Iraq's invasion of Kuwait on August 2, 1990, but was resumed in June 1991. In April 1992, Neutral Zone production by both Kuwait and Saudi Arabia totaled about 325 thousand barrels per day.

Footnotes continue on following page.

Kuwait and Saudi Arabia totaled about 325 thousand barrels per day.

b The Arab members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) are Algeria, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates. Production in the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia is included in "Arab OPEC".

C "Total OPEC" consists of Algeria, Ecuador, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela. Production from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia is included in "Total OPEC".

d The Persian Gulf Nations are Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates. Production from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia is included in "Persian Gulf Nations."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> "Other" is a calculated total derived from the difference between "World" and the sum of production in "Total OPEC", Canada, Mexico, the United Kingdom, the United States, China, and the former U.S.S.R.

Table 10.1b World Crude Oil Production: Total OPEC, Canada Through Former U.S.S.R., and World

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

1974 Average 3 1975 Average 2 1976 Average 3 1977 Average 3 1977 Average 3 1978 Average 2 1979 Average 2 1980 Average 2 1981 Average 1 1982 Average 1 1984 Average 1 1985 Average 1 1985 Average 1 1986 Average 1 1987 Average 2 1989 Average 2 1989 Average 2 1989 Average 2 1980 January 2 February 2 March 2 April 2 August 2 August 2 September 2 October 2 November 2 December 2 Average 2	10,729 17,154 10,737 11,299 19,875 10,998 16,985 12,843 19,145 17,891 17,857 16,634 18,734 18,734 18,734 18,734 18,734 18,734 18,734 18,734 18,734	20,668 21,282 18,934 21,514 21,725 20,606 21,066 17,961 15,245 12,156 11,081 10,784 9,630 11,696 11,696 12,103 13,457	1,798 1,551 1,430 1,314 1,321 1,316 1,500 1,435 1,285 1,271 1,356 1,438 1,438 1,471	465 571 705 831 981 1,209 1,461 1,936 2,313 2,748 2,689 2,780 2,745	2 2 12 245 768 1,082 1,568 1,622 1,811 2,065 2,291	9,208 8,774 8,375 8,132 8,245 8,707 8,552 8,597 8,572 8,649	1,090 1,315 1,490 1,670 1,874 2,082 2,122 2,114 2,012	8,329 8,856 9,472 9,985 10,485 10,950 11,187 11,460 11,552	3,804 3,862 4,139 4,355 4,616 4,782 5,089 5,204	55,684 55,660 52,777 57,269 59,589 60,003 62,477 59,353
1974 Average	17,154 10,737 11,299 19,875 10,998 16,985 12,843 9,145 17,891 17,891 17,857 16,634 8,734 8,846 10,785 12,558	18,934 21,514 21,725 20,606 17,961 15,245 12,156 11,081 10,784 9,630 11,696 12,103	1,430 1,314 1,321 1,316 1,500 1,435 1,285 1,271 1,356 1,438 1,471	705 831 981 1,209 1,461 1,936 2,313 2,748 2,689 2,780	12 245 768 1,082 1,568 1,622 1,811 2,065 2,291	8,375 8,132 8,245 8,707 8,552 8,597 8,572	1,490 1,670 1,874 2,082 2,122 2,114	9,472 9,985 10,485 10,950 11,187 11,460	4,139 4,355 4,616 4,782 5,089 5,204	52,777 57,269 59,589 60,003 62,477 59,353
1976 Average 3 1977 Average 3 1977 Average 2 1978 Average 2 1979 Average 2 1980 Average 2 1981 Average 1 1983 Average 1 1984 Average 1 1985 Average 1 1986 Average 1 1987 Average 2 1988 Average 2 1989 Average 2 1989 Average 2 1989 Average 2 1990 January 2 February 2 March 2 March 2 May 2 June 2 July 2 August 2 September 2 October 2 November 2 December 2 Average 2	10,737 11,299 19,875 10,998 16,985 12,843 9,145 17,891 7,857 6,634 18,734 8,846 20,785	21,514 21,725 20,606 21,066 21,066 17,961 15,245 12,156 11,081 10,784 9,630 11,696 12,103	1,314 1,321 1,316 1,500 1,435 1,285 1,271 1,356 1,438 1,471	831 981 1,209 1,461 1,936 2,313 2,748 2,689 2,780	245 768 1,082 1,568 1,622 1,811 2,065 2,291	8,132 8,245 8,707 8,552 8,597 8,572	1,670 1,874 2,082 2,122 2,114	9,985 10,485 10,950 11,187 11,460	4,355 4,616 4,782 5,089 5,204	57,269 59,589 60,003 62,477 59,353
1976 Average 3 1977 Average 3 1978 Average 2 1978 Average 3 1980 Average 2 1981 Average 2 1982 Average 1 1983 Average 1 1984 Average 1 1985 Average 1 1986 Average 1 1986 Average 2 1989 Average 2 1989 Average 2 1989 Average 2 1990 January 2 February 2 March 2 April 2 May 2 June 2 July 2 August 2 September 2 November 2 November 2 December 2 Average 2	11,299 19,875 10,998 16,985 12,843 9,145 17,891 17,857 6,634 8,734 18,846 10,785 12,558	21,725 20,606 21,066 17,961 15,245 12,156 11,081 10,784 9,630 11,696 12,103	1,321 1,316 1,500 1,435 1,285 1,271 1,356 1,438 1,471	981 1,209 1,461 1,936 2,313 2,748 2,689 2,780	768 1,082 1,568 1,622 1,811 2,065 2,291	8,245 8,707 8,552 8,597 8,572	1,874 2,082 2,122 2,114	10,485 10,950 11,187 11,460	4,616 4,782 5,089 5,204	59,589 60,003 62,477 59,353
1978 Average	19,875 10,998 16,985 12,843 9,145 7,891 17,857 16,634 8,734 18,846 20,785	20,606 21,066 17,961 15,245 12,156 11,081 10,784 9,630 11,696 12,103	1,316 1,500 1,435 1,285 1,271 1,356 1,438 1,471	1,209 1,461 1,936 2,313 2,748 2,689 2,780	1,082 1,568 1,622 1,811 2,065 2,291	8,707 8,552 8,597 8,572	2,082 2,122 2,114	10,950 11,187 11,460	4,782 5,089 5,204	60,003 62,477 59,353
1979 Average	0,998 6,985 12,843 9,145 7,891 7,857 6,634 8,734 8,846 20,785 22,558	21,066 17,961 15,245 12,156 11,081 10,784 9,630 11,696 12,103	1,500 1,435 1,285 1,271 1,356 1,438 1,471	1,461 1,936 2,313 2,748 2,689 2,780	1,568 1,622 1,811 2,065 2,291	8,552 8,597 8,572	2,122 2,114	11,187 11,460	5,089 5,204	62,477 59,353
1980 Average	26,985 12,843 9,145 17,891 7,857 16,634 8,734 8,846 20,785 22,558	17,961 15,245 12,156 11,081 10,784 9,630 11,696 12,103	1,435 1,285 1,271 1,356 1,438 1,471	1,936 2,313 2,748 2,689 2,780	1,622 1,811 2,065 2,291	8,597 8,572	2,114	11,460	5,204	59,353
1981 Average	22,843 9,145 7,891 7,857 16,634 18,734 8,846 20,785	15,245 12,156 11,081 10,784 9,630 11,696 12,103	1,285 1,271 1,356 1,438 1,471	2,313 2,748 2,689 2,780	1,811 2,065 2,291	8,572				
1982 Average	9,145 7,891 7,857 6,634 8,734 8,846 20,785	12,156 11,081 10,784 9,630 11,696 12,103	1,271 1,356 1,438 1,471	2,748 2,689 2,780	2,065 2,291		2,012	11.552		
1983 Average	17,891 17,857 16,634 18,734 18,846 20,785	11,081 10,784 9,630 11,696 12,103	1,356 1,438 1,471	2,689 2,780	2,291	8.649			5,390	55,778
1984 Average	17,857 16,634 18,734 18,846 20,785 22,558	10,784 9,630 11,696 12,103	1,438 1,471	2,780			2,045	11,615	5,646	53,184
1985 Average	6,634 18,734 18,846 20,785 22,558	9,630 11,696 12,103	1,471			8,688	2,120	11,684	6,248	52,967
1986 Average       1         1987 Average       1         1988 Average       2         1989 Average       2         1990 January       2         February       2         April       2         May       2         June       2         July       2         August       2         September       2         October       2         November       2         Average       2	18,734 18,846 20,785 22,558	11,696 12,103		2745	2,480	8,879	2,296	11,576	6,897	54,203
1987 Average	8,846 20,785 22,558	12,103	1,474		2,530	8,971	2,505	11,250	7,540	53,646
1988 Average	20,785 22,558			2,435	2,539	8,680	2,620	11,540	7,850	55,872
1989 Average 2 1990 January 2 February 2 March 2 April 2 May 2 June 2 July 2 August 2 September 2 October 2 November 2 December 2 Average 2	2,558	13,457	1,535	2,548	2,406	8,349	2,690	11,690	8,242	56,306
1990 January	•		1,616	2,512	2,232	8,140	2,730	11,823	8,669	58,507
February       2         March       2         April       2         May       2         June       2         July       2         August       2         September       2         October       2         November       2         December       2         Average       2	23,643	14,837	1,560	2,520	1,802	7,613	2,757	11,420	9,338	59,568
March       2         April       2         May       2         June       2         July       2         August       2         September       2         October       2         November       2         December       2         Average       2		15,683	1,477	2,520	1,911	7,546	2,796	11,296	9,578	60,767
April       2         May       2         June       2         July       2         August       2         September       2         October       2         November       2         December       2         Average       2		16,066	1,498	2,520	1,811	7,497	2,776	10,933	9,655	61,030
May       2         June       2         July       2         August       2         September       2         October       2         November       2         December       2         Average       2		16,420	1,604	2,510	1,935	7,433	2,746	11,296	9,744	61,927
June       2         July       2         August       2         September       2         October       2         November       2         December       2         Average       2		16,315	1,548	2,510	1,916	7,407	2,746	11,109	9,766	61,657
July       2         August       2         September       2         October       2         November       2         December       2         Average       2		16,245	1,528	2,485	1,886	7,328	2,746	10,940	9,774	61,089
August       2         September       2         October       2         November       2         December       2         Average       2		15,997	1,508	2,465	1,831	7,106	2,756	10,766	9,659	60,264
September         2           October         2           November         2           December         2           Average         2		16,245	1,543	2,485	1,743	7,173	2,716	10,679	9,577	60,370
October		12,333	1,543	2,535	1,624	7,287	2,751	10,560	9,593	56,830
November		14,256	1,548	2,626	1,753	7,224	2,811	10,472	9,795	59,391
December 2 Average 2		14,061	1,599	2,646	1,857	7,542	2,776	10,205	9,921	59,740
Average 2		14,798	1,568	2,666	1,820	7,387	2,801	10,153	10,211	60,562
		15,201	1,594	2,666	1,671	7,338	2,761	10,181	10,141	60,784
	23,828	15,295	1,547	2,553	1,813	7,355	2,765	10,715	9,785	60,361
	•	14,532	1,555	2,660	1,675	7,500	2,785	10,295	10,118	60,358
		14,455	1,615	2,674	1,905	7,637	2,795	9,600	10,152	60,078
		14,383	1,540	2,669	2,069	7,546	2,790	10,010	10,145	60,319
		13,881	1,440	2,655	1,525	7,509	2,795	9,955	10,036	58,915 58,730
		13,832	1,500	2,695	1,395	7,409 7,320	2,795 2,805	9,870 9,470	10,136 9,873	58,730 58,939
		14,652	1,520	2,720	1,525		2,805 2,805	9,470 9,470	9,873 9,944	59,881
		15,168	1,530	2,690	1,805 1,827	7,347 7,316	2,805	9,095	9,607	59,196
Ü		15,188	1,575	2,660		7,316	2,805	9,095	10,134	60,203
		15,119	1,545	2,675	1,896 1,990	7,368 7,437	2,800	9,545	10,134	60,203
	•	15,388	1,500	2,680	1,990	7,437 7.328	2,800	9,165	10,191	60,184
		15,495	1,615	2,660	1,975	7,328 7,299	2,805	9,035 9,025	10,276	60,459
		15,820 <b>14,830</b>	1,580 <b>1,542</b>	2,675 <b>2,676</b>	1,797	7,299 7,417	2,800 2,798	9,546	10,388	59,842
· ·	·	16.000	1 505	2 675	1 005	E 7.363	2,800	8,930	10,561	61.059
		16,030	1,585 B 1 500	2,675	1,885	E 7,363	2,800	8,930 8,850	R 10,430	R 60,593
		15,910	R 1,560	2,665 B 2 690	1,875	E7.373	2,800	8,800	R 10,430	R 59,707
		15,410	1,550	R 2,680	1,725	E7,315	2,800	8,600	10,467	59,645
		15,390	1,550	2,675	1,805	E 7,335	2,800 2,800	8,796	10,539	60,250
4-Mo. Avg 2	24,757	15,684	1,561	2,674	1,822	1,333	•	,		·
•	•	14,313 16,121	1,536 1,532	2,664 2,515	1,793 1,895	7,546 7,471	2,791 2,766	9,974 11,165	10,112 9,686	59,922 61,351

Footnotes continued.

R=Revised data. E=Estimate.

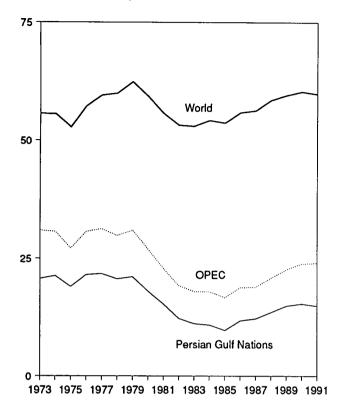
Notes: • Crude oil includes lease condensate but excludes natural gas plant liquids. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Monthly data are often preliminary figures and may not average to the annual totals because of rounding or because updates to the preliminary monthly data are not available.

Sources: • United States: Table 3.1a. • Other Countries: Annual Data—1973-1979—Energy Information Administration (EIA), International Energy Annual 1981, Table 8. 1980—EIA, International Energy Annual 1989, Table 1. 1981-1990—EIA, International Energy Annual 1990, Table 1. 1991—Average of monthly data. Monthly data—Petroleum Intelligence Weekly, the Oil and Gas Journal, and other industry sources. • World: Annual data—1973-1979—EIA, International Energy Annual 1981, Table 8. 1980—EIA, International Energy Annual 1989, Table 1. 1981-1990—EIA, International Energy Annual 1990, Table 1. 1991—Average of monthly data. Monthly data—EIA, International Petroleum Statistics Report, sum of all countries' monthly data.

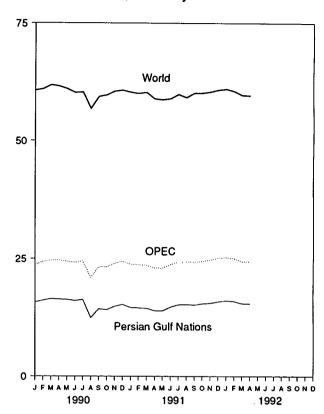
Figure 10.1 Crude Oil Production

(Million Barrels per Day)

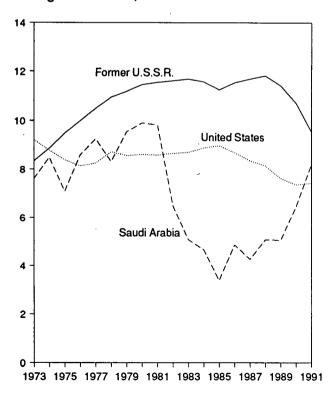
#### World Production, 1973-1991



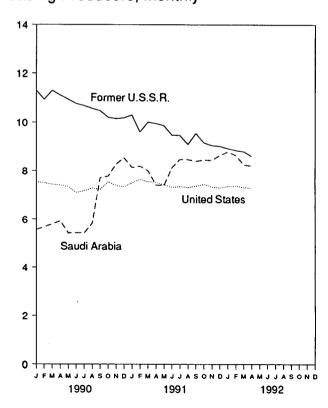
#### World Production, Monthly



Leading Producers, 1973-1991



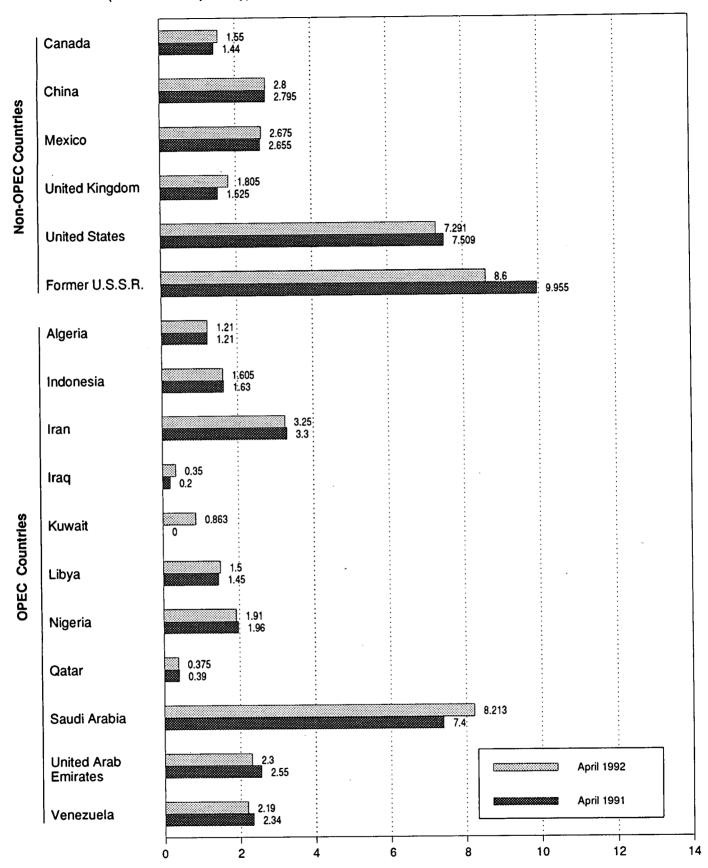
Leading Producers, Monthly



Note: OPEC is the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. Sources: Tables 10.1a and 10.1b.

Figure 10.2 Crude Oil Production by Selected Country

(Million Barrels per Day)



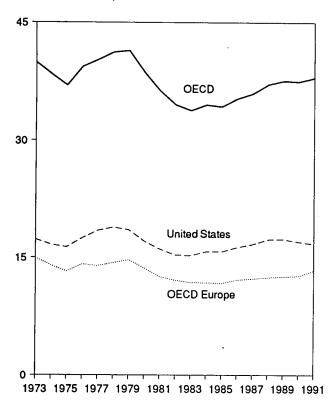
Note: OPEC is the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries.

Sources: Tables 10.1a and 10.1b.

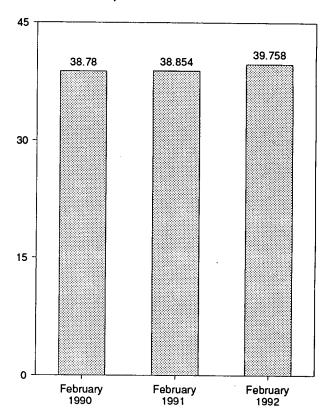
Figure 10.3 Petroleum Consumption in OECD Countries

(Million Barrels per Day)

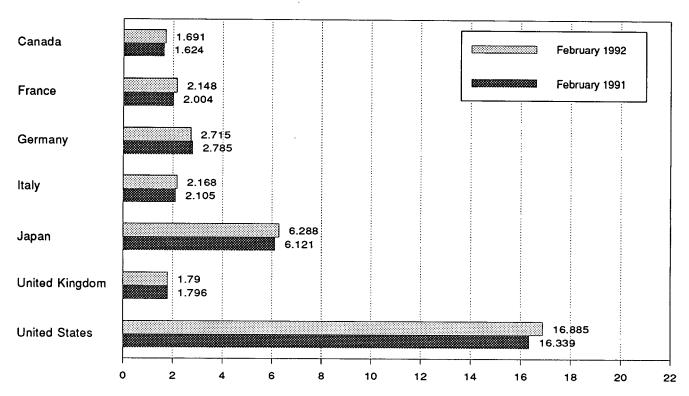
#### OECD Consumption, 1973-1991



#### **OECD Consumption**



## Consumption by Selected OECD Country



Note: OECD is the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. Source: Table 10.2.

**Table 10.2 Petroleum Consumption in OECD Countries** 

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

1973 Average	nce Germa	Fri	Germany <sup>a</sup> Ital	ly Japai	United Kingdom	United States	OECD Europe <sup>b</sup>	Other OECD <sup>c</sup>	OECD
974 Average 1,779 2,44 975 Average 1,779 2,25 976 Average 1,818 2,42 977 Average 1,850 2,29 978 Average 1,902 2,40 979 Average 1,901 2,46 980 Average 1,971 2,46 981 Average 1,578 1,86 983 Average 1,578 1,86 983 Average 1,448 1,83 984 Average 1,472 1,75 985 Average 1,504 1,77 986 Average 1,504 1,77 987 Average 1,504 1,77 988 Average 1,504 1,77 989 Average 1,506 1,77 987 Average 1,506 1,77 987 Average 1,506 1,77 988 Average 1,506 1,77 989 Average 1,506 1,77 980 Average 1,506 1,77 981 Average 1,506 1,77 982 Average 1,506 1,77 983 Average 1,506 1,77 984 Average 1,506 1,77 985 Average 1,506 1,77 986 Average 1,506 1,77 987 Average 1,506 1,87 April 1,591 1,76 August 1,696 1,87 August 1,843 1,77 Cotober 1,600 1,81 December 1,706 1,83 December 1,706 1,83 Average 1,690 1,81  1991 January 81,609 2,17 February 81,609 2,17 February 81,609 2,17 Average 1,690 1,81  September 1,586 1,97 Average 1,589 1,77 May 1,639 1,77 June 1,598 1,81 July 1,712 1,98 August 1,684 1,77 September 1,576 1,90 December 1,576 1,	01 3.05		3,055 2,06	68 4,949	2,341	17,308	14.925	988	39,900
975 Average 1,779 2,25 976 Average 1,818 2,42 977 Average 1,850 2,29 978 Average 1,902 2,40 979 Average 1,971 2,46 980 Average 1,873 2,25 981 Average 1,578 1,88 982 Average 1,578 1,88 983 Average 1,472 1,75 985 Average 1,504 1,77 986 Average 1,506 1,77 987 Average 1,506 1,77 987 Average 1,548 1,78 988 Average 1,548 1,78 989 Average 1,548 1,78 989 Average 1,548 1,78 989 Average 1,548 1,78 980 Average 1,548 1,78 980 Average 1,548 1,78 981 Average 1,659 2,02 February 1,757 1,92 March 1,659 2,02 February 1,757 1,92 March 1,696 1,87 April 1,591 1,78 August 1,843 1,77 September 1,676 1,66 November 1,706 1,63 November 1,706 1,83 December 1,586 1,97 Average 1,690 1,81 991 January R 1,669 2,17 February R 1,624 2,00 March R 1,453 1,75 April 1,589 1,77 May 1,639 1,77 May 1,630 1,77 May 1,639 1,77 May			2,748 2,00			16,653	13,988	1,095	38,379
976 Average						16,322	13,217	1,041	36,980
977 Average	•					17,461	14,124	1,119	39,358
978 Average 1,902 2,40 979 Average 1,971 2,46 979 Average 1,873 2,25 981 Average 1,578 1,88 983 Average 1,578 1,88 983 Average 1,448 1,83 984 Average 1,472 1,75 985 Average 1,504 1,77 987 Average 1,506 1,77 987 Average 1,548 1,78 988 Average 1,548 1,78 988 Average 1,693 1,79 989 Average 1,693 1,79 980 January 1,659 2,02 February 1,757 1,92 March 1,696 1,87 April 1,591 1,76 May 1,671 1,60 June 1,630 1,77 July 1,708 1,86 August 1,843 1,77 September 1,676 1,68 November 1,766 1,68 November 1,766 1,87 Average 1,690 1,81 991 January R1,609 2,17 February R1,659 2,02 March R1,453 1,75 April 1,586 1,97 Average 1,690 1,81 991 January R1,609 2,17 February R1,624 2,00 March R1,453 1,75 April 1,589 1,77 May 1,639 1,77 November 1,576 1,90 October 1,651 2,00 November 1,576 1,90 December 1,633 2,11 Average 1,613 1,90 992 January R1,679 R2,16	•		2,877 1,97	•	• .	18,431	13,916	1,160	40,237
979 Average 1,971 2,46 980 Average 1,873 2,25 981 Average 1,768 2,02 982 Average 1,578 1,88 983 Average 1,448 1,83 984 Average 1,448 1,83 984 Average 1,472 1,75 985 Average 1,504 1,77 986 Average 1,506 1,77 987 Average 1,506 1,77 988 Average 1,693 1,79 989 Average 1,693 1,79 989 Average 1,693 1,79 989 Average 1,693 1,75 March 1,659 2,02 February 1,757 1,92 March 1,696 1,87 April 1,591 1,76 August 1,671 1,60 June 1,630 1,77 July 1,708 1,86 August 1,843 1,77 September 1,676 1,66 November 1,706 1,83 December 1,706 1,83 Average 1,690 1,81 991 January R1,609 2,17 February R1,624 2,00 March R1,453 1,75 April 1,589 1,77 May 1,639 1,77 May 1,639 1,77 June 1,598 1,81 July 1,712 1,98 August 1,684 1,77 September 1,586 1,97 Average 1,690 1,81 September 1,598 1,81 July 1,712 1,98 August 1,684 1,77 September 1,576 1,90 December 1,651 2,00 November 1,576 1,90 December 1,679 R2,10			2,865 1,89				14,290	1,100	41,187
980 Average 1,873 2,25 981 Average 1,768 2,02 982 Average 1,578 1,88 982 Average 1,448 1,83 984 Average 1,472 1,75 985 Average 1,504 1,77 986 Average 1,506 1,77 986 Average 1,548 1,78 987 Average 1,548 1,78 988 Average 1,693 1,79 989 Average 1,659 2,02 February 1,757 1,92 March 1,659 2,02 February 1,757 1,92 March 1,696 1,87 April 1,591 1,78 May 1,671 1,60 June 1,630 1,77 July 1,708 1,86 August 1,843 1,77 September 1,676 1,66 November 1,766 1,65 November 1,766 1,63 December 1,586 1,97 Average 1,690 1,81 991 January R 1,609 2,17 February R 1,639 1,77 May 1,639 1,77 November 1,576 1,90 December 1,582 1,81 October 1,651 2,00 November 1,576 1,90 December 1,633 2,11 Average 1,613 1,90  992 January R 1,679 R 2,16	•		2,927 1,95			18,847	•		41,379
981 Average 1,768 2,02 982 Average 1,578 1,88 983 Average 1,448 1,83 984 Average 1,472 1,75 985 Average 1,504 1,77 986 Average 1,506 1,77 987 Average 1,548 1,78 988 Average 1,693 1,79 989 Average 1,693 1,79 989 Average 1,733 1,85 990 January 1,659 2,02 February 1,757 1,92 March 1,696 1,87 April 1,591 1,76 June 1,630 1,77 July 1,708 1,86 August 1,843 1,77 September 1,676 1,66 November 1,760 1,69 November 1,760 1,69 November 1,760 1,83 Average 1,690 1,81 991 January R 1,609 2,17 February R 1,639 1,77 April 1,598 1,97 Average 1,690 1,81 October 1,586 1,97 Average 1,690 1,81 October 1,586 1,97 Average 1,690 1,81 October 1,589 1,77 May 1,639 1,77 September 1,582 1,88 October 1,576 1,90 Octo	•		3,003 2,03			18,513	14,667	1,178	38,595
982 Average 1,578 1,88 983 Average 1,448 1,83 984 Average 1,472 1,75 985 Average 1,504 1,77 986 Average 1,506 1,77 987 Average 1,548 1,78 988 Average 1,548 1,78 989 Average 1,693 1,79 989 Average 1,693 1,79 989 Average 1,659 2,02 February 1,757 1,92 March 1,696 1,87 April 1,591 1,76 June 1,630 1,77 July 1,708 1,86 August 1,843 1,77 September 1,676 1,68 November 1,760 1,68 November 1,760 1,83 Average 1,690 1,81 991 January R 1,609 2,17 February R 1,624 2,00 March R 1,453 1,75 April 1,598 1,81 July 1,712 1,94 August 1,684 1,77 May 1,639 1,77 September 1,586 1,99 July 1,712 1,99 August 1,684 1,77 September 1,582 1,80 October 1,556 1,90 December 1,576 1,90 December 1,633 2,11 Average 1,613 1,90	•		2,707 1,93			17,056	13,634	1,072	•
983 Average 1,448 1,83 984 Average 1,472 1,75 985 Average 1,504 1,77 986 Average 1,506 1,77 987 Average 1,548 1,78 988 Average 1,693 1,79 989 Average 1,693 1,79 989 Average 1,659 2,02 February 1,757 1,92 March 1,696 1,87 April 1,591 1,76 June 1,630 1,77 July 1,708 1,86 August 1,843 1,77 September 1,676 1,66 November 1,766 1,86 November 1,766 1,87 Average 1,690 1,81 991 January 81,609 2,17 February 81,624 2,00 March 81,453 1,75 April 1,589 1,77 May 1,639 1,77 May 1,639 1,77 July 81,634 2,00 Perpender 1,586 1,97 Average 1,690 1,81 September 1,586 1,97 Average 1,690 1,81 September 1,586 1,97 Average 1,690 1,81 October 1,589 1,77 May 1,639 1,77 June 1,598 1,81 July 1,712 1,98 August 1,684 1,77 September 1,582 1,80 October 1,576 1,90 December 1,633 2,17 Average 1,613 1,90	•		2,449 1,87	•		16,058	12,515	1,080	36,269
984 Average 1,472 1,75 985 Average 1,504 1,77 986 Average 1,506 1,77 986 Average 1,506 1,77 987 Average 1,693 1,79 989 Average 1,693 1,79 989 Average 1,659 2,02 February 1,757 1,92 March 1,696 1,87 April 1,591 1,76 May 1,671 1,60 June 1,630 1,77 July 1,708 1,84 August 1,843 1,77 September 1,676 1,66 November 1,766 1,65 November 1,766 1,83 Average 1,690 1,81 991 January R 1,609 2,17 February R 1,624 2,00 March R 1,453 1,75 April 1,589 1,77 May 1,639 1,74 June 1,598 1,81 June 1,598 1,87 April 1,589 1,77 May 1,639 1,74 August 1,684 1,77 September 1,598 1,81 July 1,712 1,96 August 1,684 1,77 September 1,598 1,81 July 1,712 1,96 August 1,684 1,77 September 1,598 1,81 July 1,712 1,96 August 1,684 1,77 September 1,582 1,86 October 1,576 1,96 December 1,576 1,96 Pebruary R 1,679 R 2,16			2,372 1,76			15,296	12,053	1,008	34,517
985 Average 1,504 1,77 986 Average 1,506 1,77 987 Average 1,548 1,78 988 Average 1,693 1,79 989 Average 1,693 1,79 989 Average 1,659 2,02 February 1,757 1,92 March 1,696 1,87 April 1,591 1,76 May 1,671 1,60 June 1,630 1,77 July 1,708 1,86 August 1,843 1,77 September 1,676 1,66 November 1,760 1,69 November 1,766 1,83 December 1,586 1,97 Average 1,690 1,81 991 January 81,690 2,17 February R1,624 2,00 March R1,453 1,75 April 1,589 1,77 May 1,639 1,77 November 1,576 1,90 December 1,576 1,90 December 1,651 2,00 November 1,576 1,90 December 1,633 2,17 Average 1,613 1,90		1,	2,324 1,79	•		15,231	11,765	954	33,793
986 Average 1,506 1,77 987 Average 1,548 1,78 988 Average 1,693 1,79 989 Average 1,693 1,79 989 Average 1,659 2,02 February 1,757 1,92 March 1,696 1,87 April 1,591 1,76 June 1,630 1,77 July 1,708 1,86 August 1,843 1,77 September 1,676 1,66 November 1,760 1,69 November 1,766 1,83 Average 1,690 1,81 991 January 81,690 1,81 Average 1,690 1,81 Average 1,690 1,81 July 1,708 1,86 Average 1,690 1,81 September 1,586 1,97 Average 1,690 1,81 Average 1,690 1,81 October 1,589 1,77 May 1,639 1,77 September 1,582 1,81 October 1,576 1,90 December 1,633 2,17 Average 1,613 1,90  992 January 81,679 82,16	•	1,	2,322 1,64		•	15,726	11,736	989	34,500
987 Average 1,548 1,76 988 Average 1,693 1,79 989 Average 1,693 1,79 989 Average 1,659 2,02 February 1,757 1,92 March 1,696 1,87 April 1,591 1,76 June 1,630 1,77 July 1,708 1,86 August 1,843 1,77 September 1,676 1,66 November 1,766 1,68 November 1,766 1,86 Average 1,690 1,81 991 January 81,690 1,81 991 January 81,609 2,17 February 81,624 2,00 March 81,453 1,75 April 1,589 1,77 May 1,639 1,77 September 1,586 1,97 August 1,684 1,75 September 1,589 1,77 May 1,639 1,77 May 1,639 1,77 September 1,598 1,81 July 1,712 1,99 August 1,684 1,77 September 1,598 1,81 July 1,712 1,99 August 1,684 1,77 September 1,598 1,81 July 1,712 1,99 August 1,684 1,77 September 1,576 1,90 December 1,576 1,90 December 1,651 2,00 November 1,576 1,90 December 1,633 2,17 Average 1,613 1,90	75 2,33	1,	2,338 1,7°	17 4,384	1,634	15,726	11,681	976	34,271
988 Average 1,693 1,79 989 Average 1,659 2,02 February 1,757 1,92 March 1,696 1,87 April 1,591 1,708 1,86 August 1,843 1,77 September 1,766 1,66 October 1,760 1,85 December 1,586 1,97 Average 1,690 1,81  991 January 81,609 2,17 February 81,639 1,77 June 1,586 1,97 Average 1,690 1,81  991 January 81,609 2,17 February 81,624 2,00 March 81,453 1,75 April 1,589 1,77 June 1,598 1,87 June 1,598 1,87 August 1,684 1,77 September 1,586 1,97 Average 1,690 1,81  991 January 1,639 1,77 August 1,684 1,77 September 1,586 1,97 April 1,589 1,77 August 1,684 1,77 September 1,576 1,90 November 1,576 1,90 December 1,651 2,00 November 1,576 1,90 December 1,633 2,17 Average 1,613 1,90  992 January 81,679 82,10 February 1,691 2,14	72 2,49	1,	2,498 1,73	38 4,439	1,649	16,281	12,102	951	35,279
988 Average 1,693 1,79 989 Average 1,659 2,02 February 1,757 1,92 March 1,696 1,87 April 1,591 1,78 May 1,671 1,60 June 1,630 1,77 July 1,708 1,86 August 1,843 1,77 September 1,676 1,66 November 1,766 1,87 Average 1,690 1,81 991 January 81,609 2,17 February 81,624 2,00 March 81,453 1,75 April 1,586 1,97 Average 1,690 1,81 July 1,708 1,86 Average 1,690 1,81 September 1,706 1,83 Average 1,690 1,81 September 1,586 1,97 Average 1,691 1,589 1,77 May 1,639 1,77 June 1,598 1,87 June 1,598 1,87 August 1,684 1,77 September 1,582 1,80 October 1,576 1,90 December 1,576 1,90 December 1,576 1,90 December 1,576 1,90 December 1,633 2,17 Average 1,613 1,90  992 January 81,679 82,10 February 1,691 2,14	89 2,42	1,	2,424 1,85		1,603	16,665	12,255	958	35,911
989 Average 1,733 1,85 990 January 1,659 2,02 February 1,757 1,92 March 1,696 1,87 April 1,591 1,76 June 1,630 1,77 July 1,708 1,86 August 1,843 1,77 September 1,676 1,66 October 1,760 1,65 November 1,706 1,83 Average 1,690 1,81 991 January R1,609 2,17 February R1,624 2,00 March R1,453 1,75 April 1,589 1,77 May 1,639 1,74 June 1,598 1,81 July 1,712 1,98 August 1,684 1,77 September 1,586 1,97 August 1,689 1,74 June 1,598 1,81 July 1,712 1,98 August 1,684 1,77 September 1,582 1,86 October 1,556 1,90 October 1,576 1,90 Octo	97 2,42	1,	2,422 1,83	36 4,752	1,697	17,283	12,427	939	37,093
February 1,757 1,92 March 1,696 1,87 April 1,591 1,76 May 1,671 1,60 June 1,630 1,77 July 1,708 1,86 August 1,843 1,77 September 1,676 1,66 November 1,766 1,85 December 1,586 1,97 Average 1,690 1,81  991 January 81,609 2,17 February 81,624 2,00 March 81,453 1,75 April 1,589 1,77 May 1,639 1,77 June 1,598 1,87 July 1,712 1,98 August 1,684 1,77 September 1,582 1,80 October 1,582 1,80 October 1,556 1,90 November 1,576 1,90 December 1,581 2,00 November 1,576 1,90 December 1,651 2,00 November 1,576 1,90 December 1,633 2,11 Average 1,613 1,90  992 January 81,679 82,16	57 2,280	1,	2,280 1,93		1,738	17,325	12,531	998	37,570
February         1,757         1,92           March         1,696         1,87           April         1,591         1,75           May         1,671         1,66           June         1,630         1,77           July         1,708         1,88           August         1,843         1,77           September         1,676         1,68           October         1,760         1,68           November         1,706         1,83           December         1,586         1,97           Average         1,690         1,81           991 January         R 1,609         2,17           February         R 1,624         2,00           March         R 1,453         1,75           April         1,589         1,77           May         1,639         1,77           May         1,598         1,81           July         1,712         1,99           August         1,684         1,77           September         1,582         1,86           October         1,651         2,00           November         1,576         1,90	2,20	2,	2,208 2,14	48 5,541	1,735	16,964	12,905	964	38,033
March       1,696       1,87         April       1,591       1,78         May       1,671       1,630         June       1,630       1,77         July       1,708       1,86         August       1,843       1,77         September       1,676       1,65         October       1,760       1,83         December       1,586       1,97         Average       1,690       1,81         991 January       R 1,609       2,17         February       R 1,624       2,00         March       R 1,453       1,75         April       1,589       1,77         June       1,598       1,77         June       1,598       1,81         July       1,712       1,98         August       1,664       1,7'         September       1,582       1,80         November       1,576       1,90         December       1,633       2,1'         Average       1,613       1,90         992 January       R 1,679       R 2,16         February       1,691       2,14	2,39	1,	2,390 2,00	05 5,865	1,845	17,175	12,996	987	38,780
April 1,591 1,76  May 1,671 1,60  June 1,630 1,77  July 1,708 1,86  August 1,843 1,77  September 1,676 1,66  October 1,760 1,66  November 1,706 1,85  Pecember 1,586 1,97  Average 1,690 2,17  February R 1,609 2,17  February R 1,624 2,00  March R 1,453 1,77  April 1,589 1,77  May 1,639 1,74  June 1,598 1,81  July 1,712 1,99  August 1,684 1,77  September 1,582 1,86  October 1,651 2,02  November 1,576 1,96  December 1,633 2,17  Average 1,613 1,96  992 January R 1,679 R 2,16  February R 1,679 R 2,16  Pedia Trick Total Trick Tri	72 2,34	1,	2,343 1,83	23 5,491	1,933	17,087	12,673	1,074	38,020
May 1,671 1,600 June 1,630 1,77 July 1,708 1,860 August 1,843 1,77 September 1,676 1,660 October 1,760 1,690 November 1,706 1,830 December 1,586 1,97 Average 1,690 2,17 February R 1,609 2,17 February R 1,624 2,000 March R 1,453 1,75 April 1,589 1,77 May 1,639 1,77 June 1,598 1,81 July 1,712 1,98 August 1,684 1,77 September 1,582 1,88 October 1,576 1,90 December 1,633 2,17 Average 1,613 1,90 992 January R 1,679 R 2,16			2,299 1,58	81 4,668	3 1,756	16,778	12,162	957	36,156
June 1,630 1,77 July 1,708 1,86 August 1,843 1,77 September 1,676 1,68 October 1,760 1,69 November 1,706 1,83 December 1,586 1,97 Average 1,690 1,81  991 January 81,609 2,17 February 81,624 2,00 March 81,453 1,75 April 1,589 1,77 May 1,639 1,77 May 1,639 1,77 June 1,598 1,81 July 1,712 1,98 August 1,684 1,7 September 1,582 1,86 October 1,651 2,00 November 1,576 1,90 December 1,633 2,17 Average 1,613 1,90  992 January 81,679 82,16	08 2,38	1.	2,382 1,74	47 4,476	1,781	16,915	12,181	1,030	36,274
July       1,708       1,86         August       1,843       1,77         September       1,676       1,68         October       1,706       1,83         November       1,586       1,97         Average       1,690       1,81         991 January       R 1,609       2,17         February       R 1,624       2,00         March       R 1,453       1,75         April       1,589       1,77         May       1,639       1,77         June       1,598       1,81         July       1,712       1,98         August       1,684       1,77         September       1,582       1,80         October       1,651       2,00         November       1,576       1,90         December       1,633       2,17         Average       1,613       1,90         992 January       R 1,679       R 2,16         February       1,691       2,14	74 2.50	1.	2,504 1,79	55 4,536	1,828	17,165	12,724	1,011	37,066
August 1,843 1,77 September 1,676 1,68 October 1,760 1,69 November 1,706 1,85 December 1,586 1,97 Average 1,690 1,81  991 January R1,609 2,17 February R1,624 2,00 March R1,453 1,77 April 1,589 1,77 May 1,639 1,74 June 1,598 1,81 July 1,712 1,98 August 1,684 1,77 September 1,582 1,80 October 1,651 2,02 November 1,576 1,99 December 1,576 1,90 December 1,633 2,17 Average 1,613 1,90  992 January R1,679 R2,16			2,688 1,8	32 4,960	1,841	17,084	13,135	1,004	37,891
September         1,676         1,686           October         1,760         1,68           November         1,706         1,83           December         1,586         1,97           Average         1,690         1,81           991 January         R 1,609         2,17           February         R 1,624         2,00           March         R 1,453         1,75           April         1,589         1,77           May         1,639         1,74           June         1,598         1,81           July         1,712         1,98           August         1,684         1,77           September         1,582         1,86           October         1,651         2,02           November         1,576         1,96           December         1,633         2,17           Average         1,613         1,90           992 January         R 1,679         R 2,16           February         1,691         2,14			2,383 1,69	94 5,212	1,762	18,050	12,785	1,119	39,009
October         1,760         1,69           November         1,706         1,83           December         1,586         1,97           Average         1,690         1,81           991 January         R 1,609         2,17           February         R 1,624         2,00           March         R 1,453         1,75           April         1,589         1,77           May         1,639         1,77           June         1,598         1,81           July         1,712         1,98           August         1,684         1,7           September         1,582         1,8           October         1,651         2,02           November         1,576         1,90           December         1,633         2,17           Average         1,613         1,90           992 January         R 1,679         R 2,16           February         1,691         2,14			2,280 1,8			16,512	12,079	1,005	36,263
November         1,706         1,83           December         1,586         1,97           Average         1,690         1,81           991 January         R 1,609         2,17           February         R 1,624         2,00           March         R 1,453         1,75           April         1,589         1,77           May         1,639         1,77           June         1,598         1,81           July         1,712         1,98           August         1,684         1,7'           September         1,582         1,81           October         1,651         2,00           November         1,576         1,90           December         1,633         2,11           Average         1,613         1,90           992 January         R 1,679         R 2,16           February         1,691         2,14			2,320 1,9			16,934	12,293	1,040	36,936
December         1,586         1,97           Average         1,690         1,81           991 January         R1,609         2,17           February         R1,624         2,00           March         R1,453         1,75           April         1,589         1,77           May         1,639         1,74           June         1,598         1,81           July         1,712         1,98           August         1,684         1,77           September         1,582         1,80           October         1,651         2,02           November         1,576         1,90           December         1,633         2,17           Average         1,613         1,90           992 January         R1,679         R2,16           February         1,691         2,14			2,434 2,0			16,695	12,795	1,027	37,383
Average 1,690 1,81  991 January R1,609 2,17 February R1,624 2,00 March R1,453 1,75 April 1,589 1,77 May 1,639 1,74 June 1,598 1,81 July 1,712 1,98 August 1,684 1,77 September 1,582 1,86 October 1,651 2,02 November 1,576 1,99 December 1,633 2,17 Average 1,613 1,90  992 January R1,679 R2,16 February 1,691 2,14			2.353 2.0			16,494	12,831	1,060	37,875
February         R 1,624         2,00           March         R 1,453         1,75           April         1,589         1,77           May         1,639         1,77           June         1,598         1,81           July         1,712         1,98           August         1,684         1,77           September         1,582         1,80           October         1,651         2,00           November         1,576         1,90           December         1,633         2,17           Average         1,613         1,90           992 January         R 1,679         R 2,16           February         1,691         2,14	_, _,		2,382 1,8		•	16,988	12,629	1,024	37,471
February         R 1,624         2,00           March         R 1,453         1,75           April         1,589         1,77           May         1,639         1,77           June         1,598         1,81           July         1,712         1,98           August         1,684         1,77           September         1,582         1,80           October         1,651         2,00           November         1,576         1,90           December         1,633         2,17           Average         1,613         1,90           992 January         R 1,679         R 2,16           February         1,691         2,14	76 3.00	2	3,000 2,2	77 5,838	3 1.782	16,893	14,432	1,047	R 39,819
March     R 1,453     1,75       April     1,559     1,77       May     1,639     1,74       June     1,598     1,81       July     1,712     1,98       August     1,684     1,77       September     1,582     1,80       October     1,651     2,00       November     1,576     1,90       December     1,633     2,11       Average     1,613     1,90       992 January     R 1,679     R 2,10       February     1,691     2,14			2,785 2,1		•	16,339	13,748	1,022	R 38,854
April     1,589     1,77       May     1,639     1,74       June     1,598     1,81       July     1,712     1,98       August     1,684     1,77       September     1,582     1,80       October     1,651     2,02       November     1,576     1,90       December     1,633     2,17       Average     1,613     1,90       992 January     R 1,679     R 2,16       February     1,691     2,14			2,859 1,7			16.212	12,581	1,071	R <sub>37,120</sub>
May     1,639     1,74       June     1,598     1,81       July     1,712     1,98       August     1,684     1,7       September     1,582     1,86       October     1,651     2,02       November     1,576     1,91       December     1,633     2,17       Average     1,613     1,90       992 January     R 1,679     R 2,16       February     1,691     2,14			2,955 1,8	•		16,139	R 13,003	1,065	R 36.793
June     1,598     1,81       July     1,712     1,98       August     1,684     1,7       September     1,582     1,86       October     1,651     2,02       November     1,576     1,90       December     1,633     2,17       Average     1,613     1,90       992 January     R 1,679     R 2,16       February     1,691     2,14			2,913 1,7			16,189	R 12,884	1,091	R 36,673
July     1,712     1,98       August     1,684     1,7'       September     1,582     1,86       October     1,651     2,02       November     1,576     1,90       December     1,633     2,1'       Average     1,613     1,90       992 January     R 1,679     R 2,10       February     1,691     2,14			3,270 1,6			16,878	R 13,206	931	R 37,364
August       1,684       1,7         September       1,582       1,80         October       1,651       2,00         November       1,576       1,90         December       1,633       2,17         Average       1,613       1,90         992 January       R 1,679       R 2,10         February       1,691       2,14			2,273 1,7			16,971	12,600	988	37,245
September     1,582     1,80       October     1,651     2,00       November     1,576     1,90       December     1,633     2,17       Average     1,613     1,90       992 January     R 1,679     R 2,16       February     1,691     2,14			2,609 1,6			17,183	12,653	977	37,352
October         1,651         2,02           November         1,576         1,91           December         1,633         2,17           Average         1,613         1,90           992 January         R 1,679         R 2,16           February         1,691         2,14			2,681 1,8			16,848	12,927	1,011	37,076
November     1,576     1,90       December     1,633     2,11       Average     1,613     1,90       992 January     R 1,679     R 2,16       February     1,691     2,14			2,918 2,1			16,996	R 14,059	R 1,092	R 38,674
December       1,633       2,17         Average       1,613       1,90         992 January       R 1,679       R 2,10         February       1,691       2,14			2,859 2,0			16,730	R 13,614	R 1,121	R 38,643
Average       1,613       1,90         992 January       R 1,679       R 2,10         February       1,691       2,10						17,145	R 14,199	R 1,024	R 39,969
992 January R 1,679 R 2,16 February 1,691 2,14			2,830 2,2 <b>2,829 1,9</b>			16,714	13,323	1,037	37,963
February 1,691 2,14	166 200	Ra	2.993 2.2	16 R 5.68	0 1.803	16,982	R 14.309	R981	R 39,631
			2,993 2,2			16,885	13.878	1,017	39,758
•	•		2,715 2,1 2,859 2,1			16,935	14,101	998	39,692
991 2-Mo. Average 1,616 2.09	104 200	•	2,898 2,1	95 5.97	2 1,789	16.630	14,107	1,035	39,361
991 2-Mo. Average 1,616 2,09 990 2-Mo. Average 1,706 1,97			2,896 2,1	•	•	17,064	12,948	975	38,388

a Through December 1990, the data for Germany are for the former West Germany only. Beginning with January 1991, the data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

b "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway,

Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

<sup>c</sup> "Other OECD" consists of Australia, New Zealand, and the U.S. Territories.

R=Revised data.

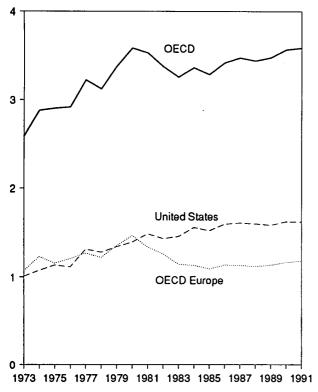
Notes: • The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) consists of Canada, Japan, and the United States, as well as "OECD Europe" and "Other OECD." • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Data through 1989 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary.

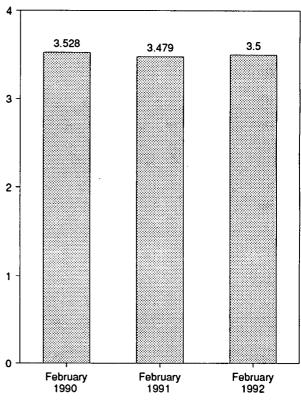
Sources: • United States: Table 3.1a. • All Other Data: 1973-1979-International Energy Agency, Annual Oil and Gas Statistics of OECD Countries. 1980 forward—International Energy Agency, quarterly and monthly computer tapes supporting Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances of OECD Countries.

Figure 10.4 Petroleum Stocks in OECD Countries (Billion Barrels)

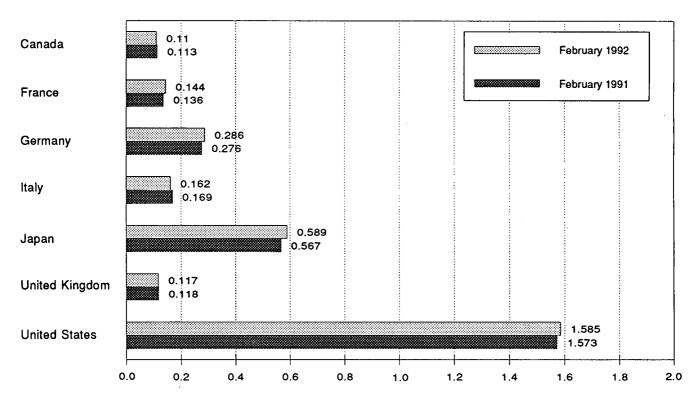
#### OECD Stocks, End of Year, 1973-1991

# OECD Stocks, End of Month





#### Stocks by Selected Country, End of Month



Note: OECD is the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. Source: Table 10.3.

Table 10.3 Petroleum Stocks in OECD Countries, End of Period

(Million Barrels)

1973 Year	OECD
1974 Year	2,588
1975 Year	2,880
776 Year	2,903
970 Year	2,918
978 Vear	3,224
979 Year	3,122
980 Year	3,379
181   Vear   161   214   297   167   482   143   1,484   1,337   67	3,587
980 Year	3,531
983 Year	•
989 Year   128   152   239   159   479   112   1,556   1,130   69   985 Year   113   139   233   157   494   123   1,519   1,092   66   986 Year   111   127   252   155   509   124   1,593   1,133   72   72   72   72   72   72   72	3,376
985 Year 113 139 233 157 494 123 1,519 1,092 66 986 Year 111 127 252 155 509 124 1,593 1,133 72 987 Year 126 127 259 169 540 121 1,607 1,130 72 988 Year 116 140 266 155 538 112 1,597 1,118 71 989 Year 114 138 271 164 577 118 1,581 1,133 71 990 January 112 133 273 162 574 119 1,630 1,128 68 February 116 134 267 158 569 116 1,635 1,134 74 March 121 131 268 163 581 121 1,642 1,126 71 April 126 135 270 159 578 114 1,640 1,146 77 May 121 146 268 155 590 125 1,672 1,174 77 June 119 147 270 160 579 120 1,685 1,179 75 July 117 149 271 155 578 119 1,709 1,169 71 August 114 150 274 167 583 122 1,699 1,181 72 September 112 150 269 173 585 123 1,698 1,177 73 October 113 148 268 172 592 119 1,674 1,184 76 November 115 142 263 167 596 117 1,654 1,150 72 December 121 140 137 277 173 585 115 1,587 1,159 72 February 113 136 276 169 567 18 1,573 1,154 71 May 107 137 277 173 580 112 1,621 1,163 73 1,154 71 May 107 137 277 173 580 112 1,621 1,163 73 1,154 71 May 107 137 277 173 580 112 1,621 1,163 73 1,154 71 May 107 137 277 173 580 112 1,621 1,163 73 1,154 71 May 107 137 277 173 580 112 1,626 1,151 74 April 110 137 277 173 580 112 1,626 1,151 74 A	3,255
986 Year 111 127 252 155 509 124 1,593 1,133 72 987 Year 126 127 259 169 540 121 1,607 1,130 72 988 Year 116 140 266 155 538 112 1,597 1,118 71 989 Year 114 138 271 164 577 118 1,581 1,133 71 989 Year 114 138 271 164 577 118 1,581 1,133 71 990 January 112 133 273 162 574 119 1,630 1,128 68  68	3,362
980 Total 126 127 259 169 540 121 1,607 1,130 72 988 Year 116 140 266 155 538 112 1,597 1,118 71 989 Year 114 138 271 164 577 118 1,581 1,133 71 990 January 112 133 273 162 574 119 1,630 1,128 68 February 116 134 267 158 569 116 1,635 1,134 74 March 121 131 268 163 581 121 1,642 1,126 71 April 126 135 270 159 590 125 1,672 1,174 77 June 119 147 270 160 579 120 1,685 1,179 75 July 117 149 271 155 578 119 1,709 1,169 71 July 117 149 271 155 578 119 1,709 1,169 71 August 114 150 274 167 583 122 1,699 1,181 72 September 112 150 269 173 585 123 1,698 1,177 73 October 113 148 268 172 590 112 1,621 1,163 73 991 January 115 133 276 173 585 123 1,698 1,177 73 October 115 142 263 167 596 117 1,654 1,150 72 December 121 140 265 172 590 112 1,621 1,163 73 991 January 115 133 276 173 585 123 1,558 1,176 74 April 110 137 274 176 579 119 1,578 1,159 72 February 113 136 276 173 585 123 1,558 1,176 74 April 110 137 274 176 579 119 1,578 1,159 72 February 113 136 276 173 585 123 1,558 1,176 74 April 110 137 274 176 579 119 1,578 1,154 71 April 110 137 274 176 579 119 1,578 1,154 71 April 110 137 274 176 579 119 1,578 1,154 71 July 118 145 283 168 588 112 1,623 1,176 74 April 110 137 277 173 580 112 1,626 1,151 74 August 116 151 282 170 604 117 1,634 1,154 71 July 118 145 283 168 588 112 1,635 1,164 72 August 116 151 282 170 604 117 1,634 1,154 71 July 118 145 283 168 588 112 1,635 1,164 72 August 116 151 282 170 604 117 1,648 1,179 76 September 117 150 285 169 616 119 1,663 1,189 76 October 118 148 283 165 620 118 1,644 8,179 76 September 112 151 287 162 610 600 118 1,664 8,189 70 December 122 151 287 162 610 600 118 1,667 8,145	3,284
987 Year	3,418
989 Year 114 138 271 164 577 118 1,581 1,133 71  990 January 112 133 273 162 574 119 1,630 1,128 68  February 116 134 267 158 569 116 1,635 1,134 74  March 121 131 268 163 581 121 1,642 1,126 71  April 126 135 270 159 578 114 1,640 1,146 77  May 121 146 268 155 590 125 1,672 1,174 77  June 119 147 270 160 579 120 1,685 1,179 75  July 117 149 271 155 578 119 1,709 1,169 71  August 114 150 274 167 583 122 1,699 1,181 72  September 112 150 269 173 585 123 1,698 1,177 73  October 113 148 268 172 592 119 1,674 1,184 76  November 115 142 263 167 596 117 1,654 1,150 72  December 110 137 276 169 567 118 1,573 1,150 72  February 113 136 276 169 567 118 1,573 1,154 71  March 117 141 278 177 587 123 1,558 1,176 74  May 107 137 277 173 580 112 1,626 1,151 74  April 110 137 274 176 579 119 1,578 1,162 74  May 107 137 277 173 580 115 1,587 1,159 72  February 113 136 276 169 567 118 1,573 1,154 71  March 117 141 278 177 587 123 1,558 1,176 74  May 107 137 277 173 580 112 1,626 1,151 74  June 107 143 272 172 585 117 1,634 1,154 71  June 107 143 272 172 585 117 1,634 1,154 71  June 107 143 272 172 585 117 1,634 1,154 71  June 107 143 272 172 585 117 1,634 1,154 71  June 107 143 272 172 585 117 1,634 1,154 71  June 107 143 272 172 585 117 1,634 1,154 71  June 107 143 272 172 585 117 1,634 1,154 71  June 107 143 272 172 585 117 1,634 1,154 71  June 107 143 272 172 585 117 1,634 1,154 71  June 107 143 272 172 585 117 1,634 1,154 71  June 107 143 272 172 585 117 1,634 1,154 71  June 107 143 272 172 585 117 1,634 1,159 76  September 117 150 285 169 616 119 1,663 1,189 76  October 118 148 283 165 620 118 1,647 R1,189 76  October 118 148 286 156 600 118 1,617 R1,179 67	3,474
989 Year	3,440
February 116 134 267 158 569 116 1,635 1,134 74  March 121 131 268 163 581 121 1,642 1,126 71  April 126 135 270 159 578 114 1,640 1,146 77  May 121 146 268 155 590 125 1,672 1,174 77  June 119 147 270 160 579 120 1,685 1,179 75  July 117 149 271 155 578 119 1,709 1,169 71  August 114 150 274 167 583 122 1,699 1,181 72  September 112 150 269 173 585 123 1,698 1,177 73  October 113 148 268 172 592 119 1,674 1,184 76  November 115 142 263 167 596 117 1,654 1,150 72  December 121 140 265 172 590 112 1,621 1,163 73  991 January 115 133 276 173 585 115 1,587 1,159 72  February 113 136 276 169 567 118 1,573 1,154 71  March 117 141 278 177 587 123 1,558 1,176 74  April 110 137 274 176 579 119 1,578 1,162 74  April 110 137 274 176 579 119 1,578 1,162 74  April 110 137 277 173 580 112 1,621 1,621 74  June 107 143 272 172 585 117 1,634 1,150 74  June 107 143 272 172 585 117 1,634 1,151 74  June 107 143 272 172 585 117 1,634 1,151 74  June 107 143 272 172 585 117 1,634 1,154 71  June 107 143 272 172 585 117 1,634 1,157 76  September 117 150 285 169 616 119 1,663 1,199 76  October 118 148 283 165 620 118 1,647 81,189 76  October 118 148 283 165 620 118 1,647 81,189 70  December 123 152 286 160 600 118 1,617 81,179 67	3,476
February	3,513
March         121         131         268         163         581         121         1,642         1,126         71           April         126         135         270         159         578         114         1,640         1,146         77           May         121         146         268         155         590         125         1,672         1,174         77           June         119         147         270         160         579         120         1,685         1,179         75           July         117         149         271         155         578         119         1,709         1,169         71           August         114         150         274         167         583         122         1,699         1,181         72           September         112         150         269         173         585         123         1,698         1,177         73           October         113         148         268         172         592         119         1,674         1,184         76           November         115         142         263         167         596         117	3,528
April 126 135 270 159 578 114 1,640 1,146 77 May 121 146 268 155 590 125 1,672 1,174 77 June 119 147 270 160 579 120 1,685 1,179 75 July 117 149 271 155 578 119 1,709 1,169 71 August 114 150 274 167 583 122 1,699 1,181 72 September 112 150 269 173 585 123 1,698 1,177 73 October 113 148 268 172 592 119 1,674 1,184 76 November 115 142 263 167 596 117 1,654 1,150 72 December 121 140 265 172 590 112 1,621 1,163 73  991 January 115 133 276 173 585 115 1,587 1,159 72 February 113 136 276 169 567 118 1,573 1,154 71 March 117 141 278 177 587 123 1,558 1,176 74 April 110 137 274 176 579 119 1,578 1,162 74 May 107 137 277 173 580 112 1,626 1,151 74 June 107 143 272 172 585 117 1,634 1,151 74 June 107 143 272 172 585 117 1,634 1,151 74 June 117 148 145 283 168 588 112 1,626 1,151 74 June 117 148 145 283 168 588 112 1,635 1,164 72 August 118 145 283 168 588 112 1,635 1,164 72 August 116 151 282 170 604 117 1,648 1,179 76 September 117 150 285 169 616 119 1,663 1,189 76 October 118 148 286 156 8595 816 1,647 81,189 70 December 123 152 286 160 600 118 1,617 81,179 67	3,542
May	3,567
June         119         147         270         160         579         120         1,685         1,179         75           July         117         149         271         155         578         119         1,709         1,169         71           August         114         150         274         167         583         122         1,699         1,181         72           September         112         150         269         173         585         123         1,699         1,181         72           September         113         148         268         172         592         119         1,674         1,184         76           November         115         142         263         167         596         117         1,654         1,150         72           December         115         142         263         167         596         117         1,654         1,150         72           Pebruary         115         133         276         173         585         115         1,587         1,159         72           February         113         136         276         169         567         118<	3,634
July         117         149         271         155         578         119         1,709         1,169         71           August         114         150         274         167         583         122         1,699         1,181         72           September         112         150         269         173         585         123         1,698         1,177         73           October         113         148         268         172         592         119         1,674         1,184         76           November         115         142         263         167         596         117         1,654         1,150         72           December         121         140         265         172         590         112         1,621         1,163         73           991 January         115         133         276         173         585         115         1,587         1,159         72           February         113         136         276         169         567         118         1,573         1,154         71           March         117         141         278         177         587         12	3,637
August       114       150       274       167       583       122       1,699       1,181       72         September       112       150       269       173       585       123       1,698       1,177       73         October       113       148       268       172       592       119       1,674       1,184       76         November       115       142       263       167       596       117       1,654       1,150       72         December       121       140       265       172       590       112       1,621       1,163       73         991 January       115       133       276       173       585       115       1,587       1,159       72         February       113       136       276       169       567       118       1,573       1,154       71         March       117       141       278       177       587       123       1,558       1,176       74         April       110       137       274       176       579       119       1,578       1,162       74         May       107       137       277	3,645
September         112         150         269         173         585         123         1,698         1,177         73           October         113         148         268         172         592         119         1,674         1,184         76           November         115         142         263         167         596         117         1,654         1,150         72           December         121         140         265         172         590         112         1,621         1,163         73           991 January         115         133         276         173         585         115         1,587         1,159         72           February         113         136         276         169         567         118         1,573         1,154         71           March         117         141         278         177         587         123         1,558         1,176         74           April         110         137         274         176         579         119         1,578         1,162         74           May         107         137         277         173         580         112<	3,649
October 113 148 268 172 592 119 1,674 1,184 76 November 115 142 263 167 596 117 1,654 1,150 72 December 121 140 265 172 590 112 1,621 1,163 73  991 January 115 133 276 173 585 115 1,587 1,159 72 February 113 136 276 169 567 118 1,573 1,154 71 March 117 141 278 177 587 123 1,558 1,176 74 April 10 137 274 176 579 119 1,578 1,162 74 May 107 137 277 173 580 112 1,626 1,151 74 June 107 143 272 172 585 117 1,634 1,154 71 June 107 143 272 172 585 117 1,634 1,154 71 July 118 145 283 168 588 112 1,635 1,164 72 August 116 151 282 170 604 117 1,648 1,179 76 September 117 150 285 169 616 119 1,663 1,189 76 October 118 148 283 165 620 118 1,644 R1,182 72 November 122 151 287 162 601 120 1,647 R1,189 70 December 123 152 286 160 600 118 1,617 R1,179 67	3,645
November         115         142         263         167         596         117         1,654         1,150         72           December         121         140         265         172         590         112         1,621         1,150         73           991 January         115         133         276         173         585         115         1,587         1,159         72           February         113         136         276         169         567         118         1,573         1,154         71           March         117         141         278         177         587         123         1,558         1,176         74           April         110         137         274         176         579         119         1,578         1,162         74           May         107         137         277         173         580         112         1,626         1,151         74           June         107         143         272         172         585         117         1,634         1,154         71           July         118         145         283         168         588         112	3,640
November         121         140         265         172         590         112         1,621         1,163         73           991 January         115         133         276         173         585         115         1,587         1,159         72           February         113         136         276         169         567         118         1,573         1,154         71           March         117         141         278         177         587         123         1,558         1,176         74           April         110         137         274         176         579         119         1,578         1,162         74           May         107         137         277         173         580         112         1,626         1,151         74           June         107         143         272         172         585         117         1,634         1,154         71           July         118         145         283         168         588         112         1,635         1,164         72           August         116         151         282         170         604         117	3,587
991 January	3,568
February 113 136 276 169 567 118 1,573 1,154 71  March 117 141 278 177 587 123 1,558 1,176 74  April 110 137 274 176 579 119 1,578 1,162 74  May 107 137 277 173 580 112 1,626 1,151 74  June 107 143 272 172 585 117 1,634 1,154 71  July 118 145 283 168 588 112 1,635 1,164 72  August 116 151 282 170 604 117 1,648 1,179 76  September 117 150 285 169 616 119 1,663 1,189 76  October 118 148 283 165 620 118 1,644 R1,182 72  November 122 151 287 162 601 120 1,647 R1,189 70  December 123 152 286 160 600 118 1,617 R1,179 67	•
February       113       136       276       169       567       118       1,573       1,154       71         March       117       141       278       177       587       123       1,558       1,176       74         April       110       137       274       176       579       119       1,578       1,162       74         May       107       137       277       173       580       112       1,626       1,151       74         June       107       143       272       172       585       117       1,634       1,154       71         July       118       145       283       168       588       112       1,635       1,164       72         August       116       151       282       170       604       117       1,648       1,179       76         September       117       150       285       169       616       119       1,663       1,189       76         October       118       148       283       165       620       118       1,644       R1,182       72         November       122       151       287       1	3,518
March       117       141       278       177       587       123       1,558       1,176       74         April       110       137       274       176       579       119       1,578       1,162       74         May       107       137       277       173       580       112       1,626       1,151       74         June       107       143       272       172       585       117       1,634       1,154       71         July       118       145       283       168       588       112       1,635       1,164       72         August       116       151       282       170       604       117       1,648       1,179       76         September       117       150       285       169       616       119       1,663       1,189       76         October       118       148       283       165       620       118       1,644       81,182       72         November       122       151       287       162       601       120       1,647       81,189       70         December       123       152       286	3,479
April       110       137       274       176       579       119       1,578       1,162       74         May       107       137       277       173       580       112       1,626       1,151       74         June       107       143       272       172       585       117       1,634       1,154       71         July       118       145       283       168       588       112       1,635       1,164       72         August       116       151       282       170       604       117       1,648       1,179       76         September       117       150       285       169       616       119       1,663       1,189       76         October       118       148       283       165       620       118       1,644       R1,182       72         November       122       151       287       162       601       120       1,647       R1,189       70         December       123       152       286       160       600       118       1,617       R1,179       67	3,512
May     107     137     277     173     580     112     1,626     1,151     74       June     107     143     272     172     585     117     1,634     1,154     71       July     118     145     283     168     588     112     1,635     1,164     72       August     116     151     282     170     604     117     1,648     1,179     76       September     117     150     285     169     616     119     1,663     1,189     76       October     118     148     283     165     620     118     1,644     R1,182     72       November     122     151     287     162     601     120     1,647     R1,189     70       December     123     152     286     160     600     118     1,617     R1,179     67       992 January     R115     148     286     156     R595     R116     1,608     R1,145     R68	3,504
June       107       143       272       172       585       117       1,634       1,154       71         July       118       145       283       168       588       112       1,635       1,164       72         August       116       151       282       170       604       117       1,648       1,179       76         September       117       150       285       169       616       119       1,663       1,189       76         October       118       148       283       165       620       118       1,644       R1,182       72         November       122       151       287       162       601       120       1,647       R1,189       70         December       123       152       286       160       600       118       1,617       R1,179       67            992 January       R115       148       286       156       R595       R116       1,608       R1,145       R68	3,538
July     118     145     283     168     588     112     1,635     1,164     72       August     116     151     282     170     604     117     1,648     1,179     76       September     117     150     285     169     616     119     1,663     1,189     76       October     118     148     283     165     620     118     1,644     R1,182     72       November     122     151     287     162     601     120     1,647     R1,189     70       December     123     152     286     160     600     118     1,617     R1,179     67       992 January     R115     148     286     156     R595     R116     1,608     R1,145     R68	3,551
August     116     151     282     170     604     117     1,648     1,179     76       September     117     150     285     169     616     119     1,663     1,189     76       October     118     148     283     165     620     118     1,644     R1,182     72       November     122     151     287     162     601     120     1,647     R1,189     70       December     123     152     286     160     600     118     1,617     R1,179     67       992 January     R115     148     286     156     R595     R116     1,608     R1,145     R68	3,578
November     12     151     285     169     616     119     1,663     1,189     76       October     118     148     283     165     620     118     1,644     R1,182     72       November     122     151     287     162     601     120     1,647     R1,189     70       December     123     152     286     160     600     118     1,617     R1,179     67       992 January     R115     148     286     156     R595     R116     1,608     R1,145     R68	3,624
October	3,662
November       122       151       287       162       601       120       1,647       R 1,189       70         December       123       152       286       160       600       118       1,617       R 1,179       67         992 January       R 115       148       286       156       R 595       R 116       1,608       R 1,145       R 68	R 3,636
December	R 3,629
332 January 113 140 200 100 300 110	R 3,586
592 January 113 140 200 100	R 3,531
February	3,500

a Through December 1990, the data for Germany are for the former West Germany only. Beginning with January 1991, the data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

Notes: • Petroleum stocks include crude oil (including strategic reserves), unfinished oils, natural gas plant liquids, and refined products. Petroleum stocks include all nonmilitary petroleum held for storage, regardless of ownership, within each country in bulk terminals, refinery tanks, pipeline tankage, intercoastal tankers, tankers in port, and inland ship bunkers. Data exclude oil held in pipelines (except for the United States), rail and truck cars, sea-going ships' bunkers, service stations, retail stores, and tankers at sea. • The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) consists of Canada, Japan, and the United States, as well as "OECD Europe" and "Other OECD." • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • In the United States in January 1975, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to bulk terminal and pipeline surveys, thereby affecting subsequent stocks reported. Using the new basis, the end-of-year U.S. stocks, in million barrels, would have been 1,121 in 1974, 1,425 in 1980, and 1,461 in 1982. • Data through 1989 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary.

Sources: • United States: Table 3.1a. • All Other Data: International Energy Agency, quarterly and monthly computer tapes supporting Quarterly Oil

Statistics and Energy Balances of OECD Countries.

<sup>&</sup>quot;OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

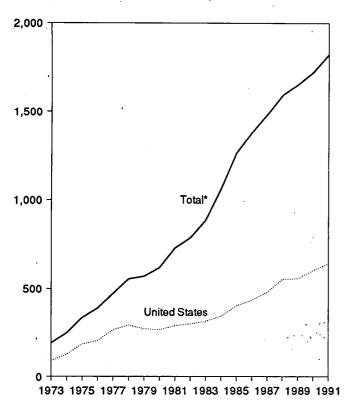
<sup>&</sup>quot;Other OECD" consists of Australia, New Zealand, and the U.S. Territories.

R=Revised data.

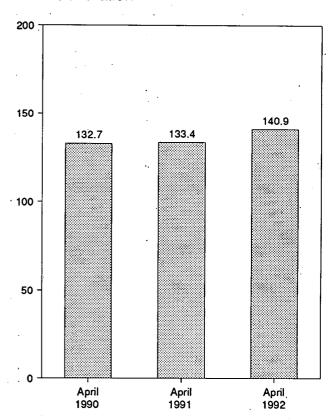
Figure 10.5 Nuclear Electricity Gross Generation

(Billion Kilowatthours)

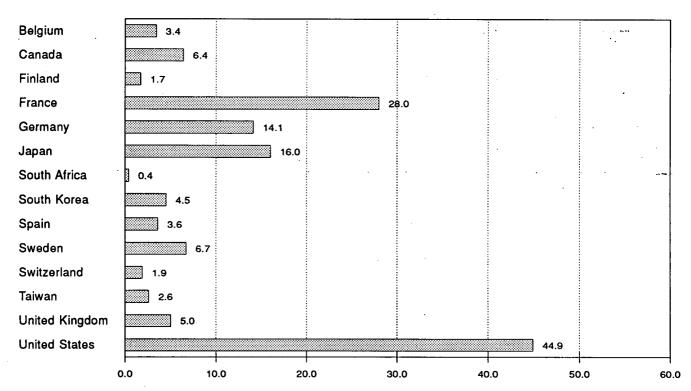
#### U.S. and Total\* Generation, 1973-1991



#### Total\* Generation



### Generation by Selected Country, April 1992



<sup>\*&</sup>quot;Total" equals nuclear-generated electricity from all countries except Bulgaria, China, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, North Korea, Poland, Romania, the former U.S.S.R., and Yugoslavia.

Sources: Tables 10.4a-10.4c.

Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Table 10.4a Nuclear Electricity Gross Generation: Argentina Through India (Billion Kilowatthours)

	Argentina	Belgium	Brazil	Canada	Finland	France	Germany <sup>a</sup>	India
				45.0		447	11.0	2.5
73 Total	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.3	0.0	14.7	11.9	
74 Total	1.0	.1	.0	15.4	.0	14.7	12.0	1.9
75 Total	2.5	6.8	.0	13.2	.0	18.3	21.7	2.5
76 Total	2.6	10.0	.0	18.0	.0	15.8	24.5	3.2
77 Total	1.6	11.9	.0	26.6	2.7	17.9	36.0	2.6
78 Total	2.9	12.5	.0	33.0	3.3	30.6	35.7	2.3
79 Total	2.7	11.4	.0	38.4	6.7	39.9	42.2	3.2
80 Total	2.3	12.5	.0	40.4	7.0	61.2	43.7	2.9
81 Total	2.8	12.8	.0	43.3	14.5	105.2	53.4	3.
82 Total	1.9	15.6	.1	42.6	16.5	108.9	63.4	2.3
83 Total	3.4	24.1	.2	53.0	17.4	144.2	65.8	2.9
84 Total	4.5	27.7	2.1	53.8	18.5	191.2	92.6	4.
	5.8	34.5	3.4	62.9	18.8	224.0	125.8	4.9
85 Total	5.7	38.6	.1	74.6	18.8	254.3	118.9	5.
86 Total			1.0	80.6	19.4	265.5	130.2	5.
87 Total	5.2	41.9		85.6	19.3	274.9	145.2	6.
88 Total	5.1	43.1	.3			302.5	149.6	4.0
89 Total	5.0	41.2	1.6	83.2	18.8	302.5	149.0	4.
90 January	.5	3.9	.1	7.3	1.8	28.7	15.4	•
February	.4	3.5	.2	5.8	1.6	23.5	12.8	
March	.7	4.2	.0	6.2	1.7	25.8	13.2	
April	.6	3.6	.1	5.8	1.7	26.6	12.8	
May	.6	2.9	.2	4.4	1.3	23.9	12.2	
June	.7	2.9	.2	5.1	1.3	23.3	9.8	
July	.7	3.5	.1	6.6	1.6	23.9	10.0	
August	. <del>7</del>	3.7	.3	6.2	1.2	23.3	<sup></sup> 9.3	
September	 .5	3.3	.1	5.5	1.4	26.5	9.6	
October	.6	3.4	.2	7.1	1.8	27.6	13.0	_!
	.0 .7	3.6	.3	7.0	1.7	25.8	13.9	
November	., .7	4.3	.3 .2	7.2	1.8	30.4	15.2	
Total	7.4	42.7	2.0	75.8	18.9	316.4	147.2	5.
	_			7.0	. 40	33.5	15.2	ا.
91 January	.5	4.2	.2	7.6	1.8		13.6	•
February	.6	3.9	.2	7.4	1.6	30.0		
March	.6	4.2	.2	7.8	1.8	28.4	14.3	
April	.7	3.5	.2	6.7	1.4	25.3	12.5	
May	.7	3.4	· .2	7.2	1.5	25.3	10.6	
June	.7	2.9	.2	7.1	1.6	23.6	√10.0	
July	.7	3.5	.2	7.7	1.7	23.9	11.7	
August	€.7	3.8	.0	8.6	1.4	24.5	10.0	
September	€.7	3.0	.0	6.7	1.3	25.8	10.8	
October	Eρ	3.2	.0	6.6	1.7	28.3	11.7	
November	E 7	3.3	.0	6.3	1.7	29.8	12.9	
December	E .5	4.0	.0	6.5	1.7	32.8	14.2	
Total	E 8.1	42.9	1.4	86.2	19.2	331.3	147.3	5.
		4.0	•	6.9	1.8	33.5	15.6	
992 January	.6 E .7	4.3	.0	6.4	1.7	29.8	15.2	
February	<u>/</u>	4.0	.0					
March	E.7	4.0	0	7.4	1.8	30.7	15.8	
April	_E.7	3.4	.0	6.4	1.7	28.0	14.1	_
4-Month Total	<sup>E</sup> 2.7	15.7	.0	27.1	7.0	122.0	60.7	2.
991 4-Month Total	2.5	15.8	.8	29.5	6.5	117.3	55.5	1.
90 4-Month Total	2.2	15.1	.5	25.0	6.8	104.7	54.2	1

See footnotes at end of Table 10.4c.

Table 10.4b Nuclear Electricity Gross Generation: Italy Through Spain (Billion Kilowatthours)

	Italy	Japan	Mexico	Netherlands	Pakistan	South Africa	South Korea	Spain
973 Total	3.1	9.4	0.0	1.1	0.5	0.0	0.0	
74 Total	3.4	18.9	.0	3.3	.6	.0	0.0	6.
75 Total	3.8	21.3	.0	3.3	.6 .5		.0	7.:
76 Total	3.8	36.6	.0 .0			.0	.0	7.
77 Total	3.4	28.2	.0 .0	3.9	.5	.0	.0	7.
78 Total				3.7	.3	.0	.1	6.
70 Total	4.5	53.1	.0	4.1	.2	.0	2.3	7.
79 Total	2.6	62.0	.0	3.5	(s)	.0	3.2	6.
80 Total	2.2	82.8	.0	4.2	.1	.0	3.5	5.
81 Total	2.7	86.0	.0	3.7	.2	.0	2.9	9.
82 Total	6.8	104.5	.0	3.9	.1	.0	3.8	8.
83 Total	5.8	109.1	.0	3.6	.2	.0	9.0	10.
84 Total	6.9	127.2	.0	3.8	.3	4.2	11.8	23.
85 Total	7.0	152.0	.0	3.9	.3	5.9	16.5	28.0
86 Total	8.7	164.8	.0	4.2	.5	9.3	26.1	37.
87 Total	.2	182.8	.0	3.6	.3	6.6	37.8	41.
88 Total	.0	173.6	.0	3.7	.2	11.1	38.7	50.4
89 Total	.0	183.7	.0	4.0	.1	11.7	47.2	56.
90 January	.0	15.0	.0	.3	(s)	.6	4.0	5.
February	.0	12.0	.0	(s)	(s)	.5	4.6	4.
March	.0	14.6	.0	(s)	(s)	.5	4.8	4.
April	.0	15.6	.0	(s)	(s)	.6	4.3	4.8
May	.0	16.6	.0	.4	.1	1.2	4.0	4.
June	.0	16.0	.0	.3	.1	1.2	4.4	3.5
July	.0	18.5	.0	.4	.1	1.1	5.1	
August	.0	19.2	.4	.4	.1	.8	5.1 5.2	4.4 5.0
September	.0	15.8	.4	.4	(s)	.6 .6	5.2 4.2	
October	.0	15.8	.5	. <del>4</del> .4	(s) .0			4.
November	.0	14.8	.4	.4 .4		.6	4.4	3.9
December	.0	16.7			(s)	.5	4.0	4.7
Total	.0	191.9	.4 <b>2.1</b>	.4 <b>3.5</b>	(s) .4	.6 <b>8.9</b>	3.8 <b>52.9</b>	5.4 <b>5</b> 4.2
91 January	.0	18.0	.5	.3	(s)	.6	4.1	5.3
February	.0 .0	15.2	.4	.3 .2	, ,			
March	.0	15.6	.5	.2 .1	(s)	.5	4.5	4.6
April	.0	12.8	.5 .5	.1 .2	(s)	1.1	4.5	4.0
	.0				(s)	.7	4.1	4.2
May		12.6	.5	.4	.1	.7	4.1	4.8
June	.0	14.8	.4	.4	(s)	.6	4.8	4.4
July	.0	19.5	.4	.4	(s)	.7	5.5	4.7
August	.0	22.1	.4	.4	(s)	.7	5.2	5.2
September	.0	19.7	.0	1	(s)	.8	4.7	4.5
October	.0	19.1	.0	(s)	.1	1.2	4.9	4.7
November	.0	17.6	.2	.4	(s)	1.1	4.8	4.4
December	.0	18.9	.5	.4	(s)	1.1	5.2	4.7
Total	.0	205.8	4.2	3.3	.4	9.7	56.3	55.€
92 January	.0	18.5	.5	.4	(s)	.9	4.6	5.4
February	.0	17.1	.4	.3	.0	.4	4.0	4.6
March	.0	17.9	.5	.1	(s)	.4	4.2	4.2
April	.0	16.0	.5	.1	(s)	.4	4.5	3.6
4-Month Total	.0	69.4	1.9	.9	Ĭá	2.1	17.4	17.8
91 4-Month Total	.0	61.5	1.8	.8	.1	2.9	17.2	18.4
90 4-Month Total	.0	57.2	.0	.4	.1	2.3	17.7	19.

See footnotes at end of Table 10.4c.

Table 10.4c Nuclear Electricity Gross Generation: Sweden Through United States and Total

(Billion Kilowatthours)

	Sweden	Switzerland	Taiwan	United Kingdom <sup>b</sup>	Total <sup>c</sup> Excluding U.S.	United States	Totalc
	<del>.</del>	<u> </u>			_h		
73 Total	2.1	6.2	0.0	28.2	101.4	87.8	189.3
74 Total	2.3	7.0	.0	33.8	121.7	124.3	246.0
75 Total	. 12.0	7.7	.0	30.5	151.8	182.3	334.1
76 Total	16.0	7.9	.0	36.8	187.1	201.8	388.9
77 Total	19.9	8.1	.1	38.1	207.8	264.2	472.0
78 Total	23.8	8.3	2.7	36.6	263.5	292.4	555.9
79 Total	21.0	11.8	6.3	38.5	300.1	270.6	570.7
	26.7	14.3	8.2	37.2	354.3	265.4	619.8
80 Total		15.2	10.7	38.9	442.4	288.5	730.9
81 Total	37.7			30. <del>9</del> 44.1	489.9	298.6	788.5
82 Total	38.8	15.0	13.1				
83 Total	40.4	15.5	18.9	49.6	573.9	313.6	887.5
84 Total	51.3	16.3	24.3	54.1	717.7	343.8	1,061.5
85 Total	58.6	22.4	28.7	59.7	862.7	402.7	1,265.4
86 Total	69.9	22.5	26.9	58.2	944.8	434.1	1,378.9
87 Total	67.2	23.0	33.1	56.2	1,001.2	479.5	1,480.7
88 Total	69.4	22.7	29.9	59.4	1,038.7	554.1	1,592.8
89 Total	65.6	22.8	28.3	71.6	1,097.1	557.0	1,654.1
90 January	7.4	2.3	2.6	6.0	101.7	57.7	159.4
February	6.6	2.1	2.1	5.8	86.6	52.3	138.8
	6.4	2.3	2.6	6.2	94.2	48.4	142.6
March	5.4	2.2	2.2	5.2	92.1	40.6	132.7
April				5.2 5.2	87.2	45.1	132.3
May	4.8	2.1	2.8				
June	4.3	1.3	2.9	5.2	82.9	48.5	131.4
July	2.7	1.7	3.5	4.3	88.9	54.7	143.0
August	4.2	1.0	3.4	4.9	89.7	57.9	147.0
September	5.2	1.9	3.0	5.9	88.9	51.1	140.0
October	6.7	2.3	3.0	4.8	96.4	45.6	142.0
November	7.0	2.2	2.3	6.4	96.3	47.4	143.7
December	7.4	2.3	2.4	6.9	106.8	54.2	161.0
Total	68.2	23.6	32.9	66.6	1,121.5	603.4	1,724.9
91 January	7.6	2.3	2.4	6.6	111.2	56.6	167.8
February	6.9	2.1	2.2	6.8	101.2	50.2	151.4
March	7.6	2.3	2.9	6.7	103.3	51.6	154.9
	6.9	2.2	2.5	5.0	89.6	43.8	133.4
April	5.7	2.0	2.8	4.5	87.3	49.2	136.0
May		-		6.1	87.0	56.9	143.9
June	4.7	1.1	3.2		95.4		159.
July	4.6	1.5	3.2	5.1		63.7	
August	5.2	1.0	3.6	5.4	<sup>E</sup> 98.6	61.4	E 160.0
September	5.5	1.8	3.1	6.6	_ <sup>E</sup> 95.5	54.4	E 150.0
October	7.2	2.3	3.1	5.9	E 101.2	50.2	E 151.4
November	7.3	2.2	3.0	5.2	E 101.7	48.7	E 150.4
December	7.6	2.3	3.2	6.6	E 110.5	56.3	E 166.
Total	76.8	22.9	35.3	70.4	<sup>E</sup> 1,182.6	643.0	E 1,825.
92 January	7.6	2.3	3.1	6.5	113.1	60.6	173.
February	6.8	2.1	2.2	6.3	E 102.6	55.4	E 158.
March	7.1	2.2	2.2	8.3	E 107.8	48.3	E 156.
April	6.7	1.9	2.6	5.0	E 96.0	44.9	E 140.
4-Month Total	28.2	8.6	10.0	26.0	E 419.6	209.2	E 628.8
991 4-Month Total	28.9	8.9	10.0	25.0	405.3	202.2	607.
990 4-Month Total	25.8	8.9	9.5	23.1	374.6	198.9	573.

a Through December 1990, the data for Germany are for the former West Germany only. Beginning with January 1991, the data for Germany are for the

unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

b Monthly data for the United Mingdom are totals for 4- or 5-week reporting periods, not calendar months.

c "Total" equals nuclear-generated electricity from all countries except Bulgaria, China, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, North Korea, Poland, Romania, the former U.S.S.R., and Yugoslavia.

E=Estimate. (s)=Less than 0.05 billion kilowatthours.

Notes: • Net figures are generally less than gross figures by about 5 percent, the difference being the energy consumed by the generating plants themselves. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Monthly data may not sum to annual totals due to independent rounding, and precommercial generation is included in the annual totals but not in the monthly data. • Data for countries may not sum to world totals due to independent

Source: McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, Nucleonics Week.

## **Appendix. Conversion Factors**

#### **Using Conversion Factors**

Physical conversion factors can be used to compare energy quantities expressed in units of volume and weight. For example, 6.65 barrels of crude oil weighs approximately 1 short ton, as indicated in Table A1.

However, the heat content of a "short ton" of crude oil is greater than the heat content of a short ton of coal. The heat content, measured in British thermal units (Btu), of a given quantity of energy can be calculated by using the thermal conversion factors presented in Tables A2 through A9.

Based on the thermal conversion factor shown for crude oil (production) in Table A3, a short ton of crude oil has a heat content of approximately 39 million Btu (6.65 barrels times 5.8 million Btu per barrel equals 38.57 million Btu). As calculated from the thermal conversion factor for coal (production) in Table A6, a short ton of coal in 1988 had a heat content of 22 million Btu (1 short ton times 21.823)

million Btu per short ton equals 21.823 million Btu). In 1988, therefore, a short ton of crude oil had a heat content almost two times greater than a short ton of coal.

Thermal conversion factors for hydrocarbon mixes (Table A2) are weighted averages of the thermal conversion factors for each hydrocarbon included in the mix. For example, in calculating the thermal conversion factor for a 60/40 butane/propane mixture, the thermal conversion factor for butane is weighted 1.5 times more heavily than the thermal conversion factor for propane.

The thermal conversion factors in Tables A2 through A9 are computed from final annual data wherever possible. When the current year's final data are not yet available for publication, thermal conversion factors for the current year are computed from the best available data and are noted as "preliminary." Sources are described in the section entitled "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A9 in this appendix.

Table A1. Physical Conversion Factors for Energy Units

Unit	Equivalent				
Crude O	il (Average Gravi	ty)			
1 U.S. barrel	42	U.S.gallons			
1 short ton	6.65	barrels			
1 metric ton	7.33	barrels			
	Coal				
1 short ton	2,000	pounds			
1 long ton	2,240	pounds			
1 metric ton	2,204.62	pounds			
1 metric ton	1,000	kilograms			
	Uranium	•			
1 short ton U <sub>3</sub> O <sub>8</sub>	0.769	metric ton of uranium			
1 short ton UF <sub>6</sub>	0.613	metric ton of uranium			
1 metric ton UF <sub>6</sub>	0.676	metric ton of uranium			
Wood (Av	erage Dry Hardw	ood)			
1 cord	1.25	short tons			
1 cord	128	cubic feet			
1 cubic foot	0.028	cubic meters			

Table A2. Approximate Heat Content of Petroleum Products

(Million Btu per Barrel)

Petroleum Product	Heat Content	Petroleum Product	Heat Content
Asphalt	6.636	Petrochemical Feedstocks	
Aviation Gasoline	5.048	Naphtha Less Than 401° F	5.248
Butane	4.326	Other Oils Equal to or Greater Than 401° F	5.825
Butane-Propane Mixture <sup>a</sup>	4.130	Still Gas	6.000
Distillate Fuel Oil	5:825	Petroleum Coke	6.024
Ethane	3.082	Plant Condensate	5.418
Ethane-Propane Mixture <sup>b</sup>	3.308	Propane	3.836
sobutane	3.974	Residual Fuel Oil	6.287
Jet Fuel, Kerosene Type	5.670	Road Oil	6.636
Jet Fuel, Naphtha Type	5.355	Special Naphthas	5.248
Kerosene	5.670	Still Gas	6.000
Lubricants	6.065	Unfinished Oils	5.825
Motor Gasoline	5.253	Unfractionated Stream	5.418
Natural Gasoline and Isopentane	4.620	Waxes	5.537
Pentanes Plus	4.620	Miscellaneous	5.796

<sup>60</sup> percent butane and 40 percent propane.
70 percent ethane and 30 percent propane.

Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A9.

Table A3. Approximate Heat Content of Crude Oil, Crude Oil and Products, and **Natural Gas Plant Liquids** 

(Million Btu per Barrel)

-		Crude Oil		Crude Oil and Products		Natural Gas	
	Production	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Plant Liquids	
973	5.800	5.817	5.800	5.897	5.752	4.049	
974	5.800	5.827	5.800	5.884	5.774	4.011	
975	5.800	5.821	5.800	5.858	5.748	3.984	
976	5.800	5.808	5.800	5.856	5.745	3.964	
977	5.800	5.810	5.800	5.834	5.797	3.941	
978	5.800	5.802	5.800	5.839	5.808	3.925	
979	5.800	5.810	5.800	5.810	5.832	3.955	
980	5.800	5.812	5.800	5.796	5.820	3.914	
981	5.800	5.818	5.800	5.775	5.821	3.930	
982	5.800	5.826	5.800	5.775	5.820	3.872	
983	5.800	5.825	5.800	5.774	5.800	3.839	
984	5.800	5.823	5.800	5.745	5.850	3.812	
985	5.800	5.832	5.800	5.736	5.814	3.815	
986	5.800	5.903	5.800	5.808	5.832	3.797	
987	5.800	5.901	5.800	5.820	5.858	3.804	
988	5.800	5.900	5.800	5.820	5.840	3.800	
989	5.800	5.906	5.800	5.833	5.857	3.826	
90	5.800	5.934	5.800	5.849	5.833	3.822	
991	5.800	5.948	5.800	5.873	5.823	3.807	
992 <sup>a</sup>	5.800	5.948	5.800	5.873	5.823	3.807	

a Preliminary.

Note: Crude oil includes lease condensate.

Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A9.

Table A4. Approximate Heat Content of Petroleum Product Weighted Averages (Million Btu per Barrel)

			Consumption				Exports	
	Residential and Commercial	Industrial	Transportation	Electric Utilities	Total	Imports		LPG Consumption
973	5.387	5.568	5.395	6.245	5.515	5.983	5.752	3.746
974	5.377	5.538	5.394	6.238	5.504	5.959	5.773	3.730
975	5.358	5.528	5.392	6.250	5,494	5.935	5.747	3.715
976	5.383	5.538	5.395	6.251	5.504	5.980	5.743	3.711
977	5.389	5,555	5.400	6.249	5.518	5.908	5.796	3.677
978	5.382	5,553	5,404	6.251	5.519	5.955	5.814	3.669
979	5.471	5.418	5.428	6.258	5.494	5.811	5.864	3.680
980	5.468	5.376	5,440	6.254	5.479	5.748	5.841	3.674
981	5.409	5.313	5.432	6.258	5.448	5.659	5.837	3.643
982	5.392	5.263	5.422	6.258	5.415	5.664	5.829	3.615
983	5.286	5.273	5.415	6.255	5.406	5.677	5.800	3.614
984	5.384	5.223	5.422	6.251	5.395	5.613	5.867	3.599
985	5.326	5.221	5.423	6.247	5.387	5.572	5.819	3.603
986	5.357	5.286	5.427	6.257	5.418	5.624	5.839	3.640
987	5.318	5.253	5.430	6.249	5.403	5.599	5.860	3.659
988	5.323	5.247	5.434	6.250	5.410	5.618	5.842	3.652
989	5.260	5.233	5.440	6.241	5.410	5.641	5.869	3.683
990	5.212	5.272	5.445	6.247	5.411	5.614	5.838	3.625
1991	5.159	5.197	5.441	6.248	5.384	5.636	5.827	3.614
1992ª	5.159	5.197	5.441	6.248	5.384	5.636	5.827	3.614

a Preliminary.

Note: Weighted averages of the products included in each category are calculated by using heat content values shown in Table A1. Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A9.

Table A5. Approximate Heat Content of Natural Gas (Btu per Cubic Foot)

L	Prod	luction		Consumption		_	
	Dry	Marketed (Wet)	Non-Electric Utility Users	Electric Utilities	Total	Imports	Exports
973	1,021	1,093	1,020	1,024	1,021	1,026	1,023
974	1,024	1,097	1,024	1,022	1,024	1,027	1,016
975	1,021	1,095	1.020	1,026	1,021	1,026	1,014
976	1,020	1,093	1,019	1,023	1,020	1,025	1,013
977	1,021	1,093	1,019	1,029	1,021	1,026	1,013
978	1,019	1,088	1,016	1,034	1,019	1,030	1,013
979	1,021	1,092	1,018	1,035	1,021	1,037	1,013
980	1,026	1.098	1,024	1,035	1,026	1,022	1,013
981	1,027	1,103	1,025	1,035	1,027	1,014	1,011
982	1,028	1,107	1,026	1,036	1,028	1,018	1,011
983	1,023	1,115	1,031	1,030	1,031	1,024	1,010
984	1,031	1,109	1,030	1,035	1,031	1,005	1,010
985	1,032	1,112	1,031	1,038	1,032	1,002	1,011
986	1,030	1,110	1,029	1,034	1,030	997	1,008
987	1,031	1,112	1,031	1,032	1,031	999	1,011
988	1,029	1,109	1,029	1,028	1,029	1,002	1,018
989	1,031	1,107	1,031	1,030	1,031	1,004	1,019
990	1,031	1,106	1,030	1,034	1,031	1,012	1,018
991 <sup>a</sup>	1,031	1,106	1,030	1,034	1,031	1,012	1,018
1992 <sup>a</sup>	1,031	1,106	1,030	1,034	1,031	1,012	1,018

a Preliminary.
Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A9.

Table A6. Approximate Heat Content of Coal

(Million Btu per Short Ton)

				Consumption				
·	Production	Residential and Commercial	Coke Plants	Other Industrial <sup>a</sup>	Electric Utilities <sup>b</sup>	Total	Imports	Exports
1973 1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 1979 1980 1981 1982 1983 1983 1984 1985	23.376 23.072 22.897 22.855 22.597 22.248 22.454 22.415 22.308 22.239 22.052 22.010 21.870 21.913	22.831 22.479 22.261 22.774 22.919 22.466 22.242 22.543 22.474 22.695 22.775 22.844 22.646 22.947	26.780 26.778 26.782 26.787 26.789 26.788 26.790 26.794 26.797 26.798 26.799 26.798	22.586 22.419 22.436 22.530 22.322 22.207 22.452 22.690 22.585 22.712 22.691 22.543 22.020	22.246 21.781 21.642 21.508 21.275 21.364 21.295 21.085 21.194 21.133 21.101 20.959	23.057 22.677 22.506 22.498 22.265 22.017 22.100 21.947 21.713 21.674 21.576 21.573 21.366	25.000 25.000 25.000 25.000 25.000 25.000 25.000 25.000 25.000 25.000 25.000 25.000	26.596 26.700 26.562 26.601 26.548 26.478 26.548 26.384 26.160 26.223 26.291 26.402 26.307
987	21.922 21.823 21.765 21.827 21.690 21.690	23.404 23.571 23.650 23.137 23.204 23.204	26.798 26.799 26.799 26.800 26.799 26.800 26.800	22.198 22.381 22.360 22.347 22.457 22.276	21.084 21.136 20.900 20.848 20.929 20.801 20.801	21.462 21.517 21.328 21.272 21.331 21.169 21.169	25.000 25.000 25.000 25.000 25.000 25.000 25.000	26.292 26.291 26.299 26.160 26.202 26.188 26.188

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Includes transportation.

Table A7. Approximate Heat Content of Bituminous Coal and Lignite (Million Btu per Short Ton)

	. •			Consumption				
	Production	Residential and Commercial	Coke Plants	Other Industrial <sup>a</sup>	Electric Utilities	Total	, Imports	Exports
1973	23.391	22.887	26.800	22.585	22.262	20,070	05.000	
1974	23.087	22.523	26.800	22.420	21.799	23.073	25.000	26.612
1975	22.910	22.258	26.800	22.439	21.659	22.694	25.000	26.716
1976	22.863	22.819	26.800	22.528	21.692	22.522 22.509	25.000	26.573
977	22.597	22.594	26.800	22.290	21.521		25.000	26.613
978	22.242	22.078	26.800	22.175	21.284	22.266	25.000	26.561
979	22.449	21.884	26.800	22.436		22.014	25.000	26.501
980	22.411	22.488	26.800	22.690	21.372	22.100	25.000	26.570
981	22.301	22.010	26.800	22.572	21.301	21.950	25.000	26.404
982	22.233	22.226	26.800		21.091	21.710	25.000	26.176
983	22.048	22.438	26.800	22.695	21.200	21.670	25.000	26.231
984	22.005	22.406	26.800	22.680	21.141	21.576	25.000	26.300
985	21.867	22.568	26.800	22.525	21.108	21.570	25.000	26.410
986	21.908	22.669	26.800	22.013	20.965	21.368	25.000	26.320
987	21.918	22.800		22.185	21.091	21.462	25.000	26.308
988	21.817	23.135	26.800	22.360	21.143	21.514	25.000	26.304
989	21.759	22.917	26.800	22.341	20.905	21.324	25.000	26.308
990	21.739		26.800	22.324	20.854	21.268	25.000	26.166
nosh	21.687	22.678	26.800	22.444	20.935	21.330	25.000	26.207
oooh		22.579	26.800	22.260	20.007	21.167	25.000	26.192
9920	21.687	22.579	26.800	22.260	20.807	21.167	25.000	26,192

a Includes transportation.

b Preliminary.

Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A9.

Data shown in this column are not the same as those shown in the Electric Power Monthly (EPM). The EPM data report coal receipts; the data shown here represent coal consumption.

<sup>c</sup> Preliminary.

Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A9.

Table A8. Approximate Heat Content of Anthracite and Coal Coke

(Million Btu per Short Ton)

			Anthracite		•	_	
			Consumption		Imports	Coal Cok	
	Production	Non-Electric Utility Users	Electric Utilities	Total	and Exports	and Exports	
1973	22.132	22.674	17.920	21.464	25.400	24.800	
974	21.711	22.330	17.200	20.919	25.400	24.800	
1975	21.582	22.272	17.064	20.762	25.400	24.800	
976	22.045	22.618	17.526	21.254	25.400	24.800	
977	22.661	24.101	17.244	22.066	25.400	24.800	
978	23.079	24.388	17.104	22.398	25.400	24.800	
979	23.170	24.272	17.454	22,069	25.400	24.800	
980	22.869	22.719	17.652	21,405	25.400	24.800	
981	23.291	23.749	18.168	22.080	25.400	24.800	
982	23.289	24.578	18.160	22.518	25.400	24.800	
	22.734	24.536	16.516	21.583	25.400	24.800	
983	23.107	25.128	17.018	22.322	25.400	24.800	
984 985	22.428	23.031	16.784	20.817	25.400	24.800	
986	23.084	24.399	15.578	21.512	25.400	24.800	
987	23.108	26.293	15.962	22.435	25.400	24.800	
988	23.266	26.021	17.312	22.423	25.400	24.800	
989	23.385	27.196	16.310	22.623	25.400	24.800	
990	22.574	25.199	16.140	21.668	25.400	24.800	
991 <sup>a</sup>	22.572	26.011	15.858	21.706	25.400	24.800	
1992ª	22.572	26.011	15.858	21.706	25.400	24.800	

a Preliminary.
Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A9.

Table A9. Approximate Heat Rates for Electricity

(Btu per Kilowatthour)

L.,		Electricity Generation		
	Fossil-Fueled Steam-Electric Plants <sup>a</sup>	Nuclear Steam-Electric Plants	Geothermal Energy Plants	Electricity Consumption
073	10,389	10.903	21,674	3,412
074	10,442	11,161	21,674	3,412
	10,406	11,013	21,611	3,412
975	10,373	11,047	21,611	3,412
976 977	10,435	10,769	21,611	3,412
778	10,361	10,941	21,611	3,412
778	10,353	10,879	21,545	3,412
180	10,388	10.908	21,639	3,412
981	10,453	11,030	21,639	3,412
982	10,454	11,073	21,629	3,412
983	10,520	10.905	21,290	3,412
984	10,440	10.843	21,303	3,412
985	10,447	10,813	21,263	3,412
986	10,446	10,799	21,263	3,412
987	10,419	10,776	21,263	3,412
988	10,324	10,743	21,096	3,412
989	10,317	10,724	21,096	3,412
990	10,335	10,680	21,096	3,412
991b	10,335	10,680	21,096	3,412
992 <sup>b</sup>	10,335	10,680	21,096	3,412

a This thermal conversion factor is used for hydroelectric power generation and for wood and waste, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy consumed at electric utilities.

b Preliminary.

Source: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows this table.

# Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation

# Approximate Heat Content of Petroleum and Natural Gas Plant Liquids

Asphalt. The Energy Information Administration (EIA) adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.636 million British thermal units (Btu) per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement*, Annual, 1956.

Aviation Gasoline. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.048 million Btu per barrel as published for "Gasoline, Aviation" by the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation in Appendix V of Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947-1985, a 1968 release of historical and projected statistics.

**Butane.** EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 4.326 million Btu per barrel as published in the *California Oil World and Petroleum Industry*, First Issue, April 1942.

**Butane-Propane Mixture.** EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines calculation of 4.130 million Btu per barrel based on an assumed mixture of 60 percent butane and 40 percent propane. See "Butane" and "Propane."

Crude Oil, Exports. Assumed by EIA to be 5.800 million Btu per barrel or equal to the thermal conversion factor for crude oil produced in the United States. See Crude Oil and Lease Condensate, Production.

Crude Oil, Imports. Calculated annually by EIA by weighting the thermal conversion factor of each type of crude oil imported by the quantity imported. Thermal conversion factors for each type were calculated on a foreign country basis, by determining the average American Petroleum Institute (API) gravity of crude imported from each foreign country from Form ERA-60 in 1977 and converting average API gravity to average Btu content by using National Bureau of Standards, Miscellaneous Publication No. 97, Thermal Properties of Petroleum Products, 1933.

Crude Oil and Lease Condensate, Production. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 5.800 million Btu per barrel as reported in a Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Values of Various Fuels, adopted January 3, 1950."

Crude Oil and Petroleum Products, Exports. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each petroleum product exported and crude oil exported weighted by the

quantity of each petroleum product and crude oil exported. See "Crude Oil, Exports" and "Petroleum Products, Exports."

Crude Oil and Petroleum Products, Imports. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each petroleum product and each type of crude oil imported weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product and each type of crude oil imported. See "Crude Oil, Imports" and "Petroleum Products, Imports."

Distillate Fuel Oil. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.825 million Btu per barrel as reported in a Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Value of Various Fuels, adopted January 3, 1950."

Ethane. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 3.082 million Btu per barrel as published in the *California Oil World and Petroleum Industry*, First Issue, April 1942.

Ethane-Propane Mixture. EIA calculated 3.308 million Btu per barrel based on an assumed mixture of 70 percent ethane and 30 percent propane. See "Ethane" and "Propane."

Isobutane. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 3.974 million Btu per barrel as published in the *California Oil World and Petroleum Industry*, First Issue, April 1942.

Jet Fuel, Kerosene Type. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.670 million Btu per barrel as published for "Jet Fuel, Commercial" by the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation in Appendix V of Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947-1985, a 1968 release of historical and projected statistics.

Jet Fuel, Naphtha Type. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.355 million Btu per barrel as published for "Jet Fuel, Military" by the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation in Appendix V of Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947-1985, a 1968 release of historical and projected statistics.

Kerosene. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.670 million Btu per barrel as reported in a Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Values of Various Fuels, adopted January 3, 1950."

Lubricants. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.065 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1956.

Miscellaneous Products. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 5.796 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement*, Annual, 1956.

Motor Gasoline. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.253 million Btu per barrel as published for "Gasoline, Motor Fuel" by the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation in Appendix V of Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947-1985, a 1968 release of historical and projected statistics.

Natural Gas Plant Liquids, Production. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors of each natural gas plant liquid produced weighted by the quantity of each natural gas plant liquid produced.

Natural Gasoline. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 4.620 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement*, Annual, 1956.

Pentanes Plus. EIA assumed the thermal conversion factor to be 4.620 million Btu per barrel or equal to that for natural gasoline. See "Natural Gasoline."

Petrochemical Feedstocks, Naphtha Less Than 401 Degrees Fahrenheit. Assumed by EIA to be 5.248 million Btu per barrel, equal to the thermal conversion factor for special naphtha. See "Special Naphtha."

Petrochemical Feedstocks, Oils Equal to or Greater Than 401 Degrees Fahrenheit. Assumed by EIA to be 5.825 million Btu per barrel, equal to the thermal conversion factor for distillate fuel oil. See "Distillate Fuel Oil."

Petrochemical Feedstocks, Still Gas. Assumed by EIA to be 6.000 million Btu per barrel, equal to the thermal conversion factor for still gas. See "Still Gas."

Petroleum Coke. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.024 million Btu per barrel as reported in Btu per short ton in the Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Value of Various Fuels, adopted January 3, 1950." The Bureau of Mines calculated this factor by dividing the 30,120,000 Btu per short ton as given in the referenced Bureau of Mines internal memorandum by 5.0 barrels per short ton as given in the Bureau of Mines Form 6-1300-M and successor EIA forms.

Petroleum Products, Consumption. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed, weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product consumed.

Petroleum Products, Consumption by Electric Utilities. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed at electric utilities, weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product consumed at electric utilities. The quantity of petroleum consumed is estimated in the State Energy Data System as documented in the State Energy Data Report.

Petroleum Products, Consumption by Industrial Users. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed in the industrial sector, weighted by the estimated quantity of each petroleum product consumed in the industrial sector. The quantity of petroleum products consumed is estimated in the State Energy Data System as documented in the State Energy Data Report.

Petroleum Products, Consumption by Residential and Commercial Users. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed by the residential and commercial sector, weighted by the estimated quantity of each petroleum product consumed in the residential and commercial sector. The quantity of petroleum products consumed is estimated in the State Energy Data System as documented in the State Energy Data Report.

Petroleum Products, Consumption by Transportation Users. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factor for all petroleum products consumed in the transportation sector, weighted by the estimated quantity of each petroleum product consumed in the transportation sector. The quantity of petroleum products consumed is estimated in the State Energy Data System as documented in the State Energy Data Report.

Petroleum Products, Exports. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each petroleum product, weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product exported.

Petroleum Products, Imports. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each petroleum product imported, weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product imported.

Petroleum Products, Liquefied Petroleum Gases (LPG) Consumption. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors of each liquefied petroleum gas consumed, weighted by the quantity of each liquefied petroleum gas consumed.

Plant Condensate. Estimated to be 5.418 million Btu per barrel by EIA from data provided by McClanahan Consultants, Inc., Houston, Texas.

**Propane.** EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 3.836 million Btu per barrel as

published in the California Oil World and Petroleum Industry, First Issue, April 1942.

Residual Fuel Oil. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.287 million Btu per barrel as reported in the Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Values of Various Fuels, adopted January 3, 1950."

Road Oil. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 6.636 million Btu per barrel, which was assumed to be equal to that of asphalt (see "Asphalt") and was first published by the Bureau of Mines in the *Petroleum Statement*, Annual, 1970.

Special Naphtha. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.248 million Btu per barrel, which was assumed to be equal to that of total gasoline (aviation and motor) factor and was first published in the *Petroleum Statement*, Annual, 1970.

Still Gas. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines estimated thermal conversion factor of 6.000 million Btu per barrel and first published in the *Petroleum Statement*, Annual, 1970.

Unfinished Oil. EIA assumed the thermal conversion factor to be 5.825 million Btu per barrel or equal to that for distillate fuel oil (see "Distillate Fuel Oil") and first published in the Annual Report to Congress, Volume 3, 1977.

Unfractionated Stream. EIA assumed the thermal conversion factor to be 5.418 million Btu per barrel or equal to that for plant condensate (see "Plant Condensate") and first published in the Annual Report to Congress, Volume 2, 1981.

Waxes. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 5.537 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement*, Annual, 1956.

## **Approximate Heat Content of Natural Gas**

Natural Gas, Consumption. 1973-1979: EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor calculated annually by the American Gas Association (AGA) and published in Gas Facts, an AGA annual publication. 1980 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content of natural gas consumed by the total quantity of natural gas consumed. The heat content and quantity consumed are from Form EIA-176. Published sources are: 1980-1990: EIA, Natural Gas Annual 1990, Volume 2, Table 15. 1991 forward: 1990 value used as an estimate.

Natural Gas, Consumption by Electric Utilities. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat

content of natural gas received at electric utilities by the total quantity received at electric utilities. The heat contents and receipts are from Form FERC-423 and predecessor forms.

Natural Gas, Consumption by Non-Electric Utility Users. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of natural gas consumed by non-electric utility consumers by the quantity of non-electric utility natural gas consumed. Data are from Forms EIA-176, FERC-423, EIA-759, and predecessor forms.

Natural Gas, Exports. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of exported natural gas by the quantity of natural gas exported, both reported on Form FPC-14.

Natural Gas, Imports. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of imported natural gas by the quantity of natural gas imported, both reported on Form FPC-14.

Natural Gas Production, Dry. Assumed by EIA to be equal to the thermal conversion factor for the consumption of dry natural gas. See "Natural Gas, Consumption."

Natural Gas Production, Marketed (Wet). Calculated annually by EIA by adding the heat content of dry natural gas production and the total heat content of natural gas plant liquids production and dividing this sum by the total quantity of marketed (wet) natural gas production.

## Approximate Heat Content of Coal and Coal Coke

Anthracite, Consumption. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of anthracite consumed by electric utilities and non-electric utilities by the total quantity of anthracite consumed.

Anthracite, Consumption by Electric Utilities. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of anthracite receipts at electric utilities by the quantity of anthracite received at electric utilities. Heat contents and receipts are from Form FERC-423 and predecessor forms.

Anthracite, Consumption by Non-Electric Utility Users. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of anthracite production less the heat content of the anthracite consumed at electric utilities, net exports, and shipments to U.S. Armed Forces overseas by the quantity of non-electric utility anthracite consumption less the quantity of anthracite stock changes, losses, and unaccounted for.

Anthracite, Imports and Exports. EIA assumed the anthracite imports and exports to be freshly mined

anthracite having an estimated heat content of 25.40 million Btu per short ton.

Anthracite, Production. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of freshly mined anthracite (estimated to have an average heat content of 25.400 million Btu per short ton) and the heat content of anthracite recovered from culm banks and river dredging (estimated to have a heat content of 17.500 million Btu per short ton) by the total quantity of anthracite production.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Consumption. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite consumed by electric utilities, coal coke plants, other industrial plants, the residential and commercial sector, and the transportation sector by the sum of their respective tonnages.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Consumption by Coke Plants. Estimated by EIA to be 26.800 million Btu per short ton on the basis of an input/output analysis of coal carbonization.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Consumption by Electric Utilities. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content of bituminous coal and lignite received at electric utilities by the total quantity received at electric utilities. Heat contents and receipts are from Form FERC-423 and predecessor forms.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Consumption by Other Industrial and Transportation Users. 1973: Calculated by EIA through regression analysis measuring the difference between the average Btu value of coal consumed by other industrial users and that of coal consumed at electric utilities in the 1974-1982 period. 1974 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by assuming that the bituminous coal and lignite delivered to other industrial users from each coal-producing area (reported on Form EIA-6 and predecessor Bureau of Mines Form 6-1419-Q) contained a heat value equal to that of bituminous coal and lignite received at electric utilities from each of the same coal-producing areas (reported on Form FERC-423). The average Btu value of coal by coal-producing area was applied to the volume of deliveries to other industrial users from each coal-producing area, and the sum total of the heat content was divided by the total volume of deliveries. Coal-producing areas are the Bureau of Mines coal-producing districts for 1974 through 1989 and coal-producing States for 1990 forward.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Consumption by Residential and Commercial Users. 1973: Calculated by EIA through regression analysis measuring the difference between the average Btu value of coal consumed by residential and commercial users and that of coal consumed by electric utilities

in the 1974-1982 period. 1974 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by assuming that the bituminous coal and lignite delivered to residential and commercial users from each coal-producing area (reported on Form EIA-6 and predecessor Bureau of Mines Form 6-1419-Q) contained a heat value equal to that of bituminous coal and lignite received at electric utilities from each of the same coal-producing areas (reported on Form FERC-423). The average Btu value of coal by coal-producing area was applied to the volume of deliveries to residential and commercial users from each coal-producing area, and the total of the heat value was divided by the total volume of deliveries. Coal-producing areas are the Bureau of Mines coal-producing districts for 1974 through 1989 and coal-producing States for 1990 forward.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Exports. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of exported metallurgical coal (estimated to average 27.000 million Btu per short ton) and the heat content of exported steam coal (estimated to have an average thermal content of 25.000 million Btu per short ton) by the total quantity of bituminous coal and lignite exported.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Imports. EIA estimated the average thermal conversion factor to be 25,000 million Btu per short ton.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Production. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite consumption, net exports, stock changes, and unaccounted for by the sum of their respective tonnages. Consumers' stock changes by sectors were assumed to have the same conversion factor as that of the consumption sector. Producers' stock changes and unaccounted for were assumed to have the same conversion factor as that for consumption by all users.

Coal, Consumption. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite consumption by the sum of their respective tonnages.

Coal, Consumption by Electric Utilities. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite received at electric utilities by the sum of their respective tonnages received.

Coal, Consumption by Non-Electric Utility Users. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite consumed by non-electric utility users by the sum of their respective tonnages.

Coal, Exports. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite exported by the sum of their respective tonnages.

Coal, Imports. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite imported by the sum of their respective tonnages.

Coal, Production. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the total heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite production by the sum of their respective tonnages.

Coal Coke, Imports and Exports. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines estimate of 24.800 million Btu per short ton.

#### Approximate Heat Rates for Electricity

Fossil-Fueled Steam-Electric Plant Generation. There is no generally accepted practice for measuring the thermal conversion rates for power plants that generate electricity from hydroelectric, wood and waste, wind, photovoltaic, or solar thermal energy sources. EIA has selected a rate that is equal to the prevailing annual average heat rate factor for fossil-fueled steam-electric power plants in the United States. By using that factor, it is possible to evaluate fossil fuel requirements for replacing those sources during periods of interruption such as droughts. The heat content of a kilowatthour of electricity produced,

regardless of the generation process, is 3,412 Btu per kilowatthour. 1973-1990: The weighted annual average heat rate for fossil-fueled steam-electric power plants in the United States, as published by EIA in *Electric Plant Cost and Power Production Expenses* 1990, Table 11. 1991 forward: 1990 value used as an estimate.

Geothermal Energy Plant Generation. 1973-1981: Calculated annually by EIA by weighting the average annual heat rates of operating geothermal units by the installed nameplate capacities as reported on Form FPC-12. 1982 forward: Estimated annually by EIA on the basis of an informal survey of relevant plants.

Nuclear Steam-Electric Plant Generation. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content consumed in nuclear generating units by the total (net) electricity generated by nuclear generating units. The heat content and electricity generation are reported on Form FERC-1, Form EIA-412, and predecessor forms. The factors, beginning with 1982 data, are published in the following EIA reports—1982: Historical Plant Cost and Annual Production Expenses for Selected Electric Plants 1982, page 215. 1983-1990: Electric Plant Cost and Power Production Expenses 1990, Table 15. 1991 forward: 1990 value used as an estimate.

### **Glossary**

Anthracite: A hard, black, lustrous coal containing a high percentage of fixed carbon and a low percentage of volatile matter. Often referred to as hard coal. It conforms to ASTM Specification D388-84 for anthracite, meta-anthracite, and semianthracite.

Asphalt: A dark-brown-to-black cement-like material containing bitumens as the predominant constituents obtained by petroleum processing. The definition includes crude asphalt as well as the following finished products: cements, fluxes, the asphalt content of emulsions (exclusive of water), and petroleum distillates blended with asphalt to make cutback asphalts.

ASTM: The American Society for Testing and Materials.

Aviation Gasoline Blending Components: Naphthas that are used for blending or compounding into finished aviation gasoline (e.g., straight-run gasoline, alkylate, and reformate). Excluded are oxygenates (alcohols and ethers), butane, and pentanes plus.

Aviation Gasoline, Finished: All special grades of gasoline for use in aviation reciprocating engines, as given in ASTM Specification D910 and Military Specification MIL-G-5572. Excludes blending components that will be used in blending or compounding into finished aviation gasoline.

Barrel (petroleum): A unit of volume equal to 42 U.S. gallons.

Base (Cushion) Gas: The volume of gas needed as a permanent inventory to maintain adequate underground storage reservoir pressures and deliverability rates throughout the withdrawal season. All native gas is included in the base gas volume.

Bituminous Coal: A dense black coal, often with well-defined bands of bright and dull material, with a moisture content usually less than 20 percent. Often referred to as soft coal. It is the most common coal and is used primarily for generating electricity, making coke, and space heating. It conforms to ASTM Specification D388-84 for bituminous coal.

British Thermal Unit (Btu): The quantity of heat needed to raise the temperature of 1 pound of water by 1° F at or near 39.2° F. See Heat Content of a

Quantity of Fuel, Gross and Heat Content of a Quantity of Fuel, Net.

Butane: A normally gaseous straight-chain or branched-chain hydrocarbon ( $C_4H_{10}$ ). It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams. It includes isobutane and normal butane and is designated in ASTM Specification D1835 and Gas Processors Association Specifications for commercial butane.

Isobutane: A normally gaseous branched-chain hydrocarbon. It is a colorless paraffinic gas that boils at a temperature of 10.9° F. It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams.

Normal Butane: A normally gaseous straight-chain hydrocarbon. It is a colorless paraffinic gas that boils at a temperature of 31.1° F. It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams.

Butylene: An olefinic hydrocarbon (C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>8</sub>) recovered from refinery processes.

Capacity Factor: The ratio of the electrical energy produced by a generating unit for the period of time considered to the electrical energy that could have been produced at continuous full-power operation during the same period.

CIF: See Cost, Insurance, Freight.

City Gate: A point or measuring station at which a distribution gas utility receives gas from a natural gas pipeline company or transmission system.

Coal: A black or brownish-black solid, combustible substance formed by the partial decomposition of vegetable matter without access to air. The rank of coal, which includes anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, and lignite, is based on fixed carbon, volatile matter, and heating value. Coal rank indicates the progressive alteration, or coalification, from lignite to anthracite. Lignite contains approximately 9 to 17 million Btu per ton. The heat contents of subbituminous and bituminous coal range from 16 to 24 million Btu per ton, and from 19 to 30 million Btu per ton, respectively. Anthracite contains approximately 22 to 28 million Btu per ton.

Coal Coke: A hard, porous product made from baking bituminous coal in ovens at temperatures as high as 2,000° F. It is used both as a fuel and as a reducing agent in smelting iron ore in a blast furnace.

Commercial Sector: The commercial sector, as defined economically, consists of business establishments that are not engaged in transportation or in manufacturing or other types of industrial activity (agriculture, mining, or construction). Commercial establishments include hotels, motels, restaurants, wholesale businesses, retail stores, laundries, and other service enterprises; religious and nonprofit organizations; health, social, and educational institutions; and Federal, State, and local governments. Street lights, pumps, bridges, and public services are also included if the establishment operating them is considered commercial. SIC codes used to classify an establishment as commercial are 50 through 87, 89, and 91 through 97.

Completion: The installation of permanent equipment for the production of oil or gas. If a well is equipped to produce only oil or gas from one zone or reservoir, the definition of a well (classified as an oil well or gas well) and the definition of a completion are identical. However, if a well is equipped to produce oil and/or gas separately from more than one reservoir, a well is not synonymous with a completion.

Conversion Factor: A number that translates units of one system into corresponding values of another system. Conversion factors can be used to translate physical units of measure for various fuels into Btu equivalents.

Cost, Insurance, Freight (CIF): A type of sale in which the buyer of the product agrees to pay a unit price that includes the f.o.b. value of the product at the point of origin plus all costs of insurance and transportation. This type of transaction differs from a "delivered" purchase in that the buyer accepts the quantity as determined at the loading port (as certified by the Bill of Loading and Quality Report) rather than pay on the basis of the quantity and quality ascertained at the unloading port. It is similar to the terms of an f.o.b. sale, except that the seller, as a service for which he is compensated, arranges for transportation and insurance.

Crude Oil f.o.b. Price: The crude oil price actually charged at the oil-producing country's port of loading. Includes deductions for any rebates and discounts or additions of premiums, where applicable. It is the actual price paid with no adjustment for credit terms.

Crude Oil (Including Lease Condensate): A mixture of hydrocarbons that exists in liquid phase in underground reservoirs and remains liquid at atmospheric pressure after passing through surface separating facilities. Included are lease condensate and liquid hydrocarbons produced from tar sands, gilsonite, and oil shale. Drip gases are also included, but topped crude oil (residual oil) and other unfinished oils are excluded. Where identifiable, liquids produced at natural gas processing plants and mixed with crude oil are likewise excluded.

Crude Oil Landed Cost: The price of crude oil at the port of discharge, including charges associated with the purchase, transporting, and insuring of a cargo from the purchase point to the port of discharge. Does not include charges incurred at the discharge port (e.g., import tariffs or fees, wharfage charges, and demurrage).

Crude Oil Refinery Input: The total crude oil put into processing units at refineries.

Crude Oil Stocks: Stocks of crude oil and lease condensate held at refineries, in pipelines, at pipeline terminals, and on leases.

Crude Oil Used Directly: Crude oil consumed as fuel by crude oil pipelines and on crude oil leases.

Cubic Foot (natural gas): A unit of volume equal to 1 cubic foot at a pressure base of 14.73 pounds standard per square inch absolute and a temperature base of 60° F.

Degree-Day Normals: Simple arithmetic averages of monthly or annual degree-days over a long period of time (usually the 30-year period 1951-1980). The averages may be simple degree-day normals or population-weighted degree-day normals.

Degree-Days, Cooling (CDD): The number of degrees per day that the daily average temperature is above 65° F. The daily average temperature is the mean of the maximum and minimum temperatures for a 24-hour period.

Degree-Days, Heating (HDD): The number of degrees per day that the daily average temperature is below 65° F. The daily average temperature is the mean of the maximum and minimum temperatures for a 24-hour period.

Degree-Days, Population-Weighted: Heating or cooling degree-days weighted by the population of the area in which the degree-days are recorded. To compute State population-weighted degree-days, each State is divided into from one to nine climatically homogeneous divisions, which are assigned weights based on the ratio of the population of the division to the total population of the State. Degree-day readings for each division are multiplied by the corresponding population weight for each division and those products are then summed to arrive at the State population-weighted degree-day figure. To compute national population-weighted degree-days, the Nation is divided into nine Census regions comprised of from three to eight States, which are assigned weights based on the ratio of the population of the region to the total population of the Nation. Degree-day readings for each region are multiplied by the corresponding population weight for each region and those products are then summed to arrive at the national population-weighted degree-day figure.

Design Electrical Rating, Net: The nominal net electrical output of a nuclear unit as specified by the electric utility for the purpose of plant design.

**Development Well:** A well drilled within the proved area of an oil or gas reservoir to the depth of a stratigraphic horizon known to be productive.

Distillate Fuel Oil: A general classification for one of the petroleum fractions produced in conventional distillation operations. Included are products known as No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 fuel oils and No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 diesel fuels. It is used primarily for space heating, on-and off-highway diesel engine fuel (including railroad engine fuel and fuel for agricultural machinery), and electric power generation.

Dry Hole: An exploratory or development well found to be incapable of producing either oil or gas in sufficient quantities to justify completion as an oil or gas well.

Dry Natural Gas Production (as a decrement from gas reserves): The volume of natural gas withdrawn from reservoirs during the report year less (1) the volume returned to such reservoirs in cycling, repressuring of oil reservoirs, and conservation operations; (2) shrinkage resulting from the removal of lease condensate and plant liquids; and (3) nonhydrocarbon gases, where they occur in sufficient quantity to render the gas unmarketable. Volumes of gas withdrawn from gas storage reservoirs and native gas that has been transferred to the storage category are not considered production. This is not the same as marketed production, since the latter also excludes vented and flared gas but contains liquids.

Dry Natural Gas Production (as an increment to gas supply): Gross withdrawals from production reservoirs less gas used in reservoir repressuring, amounts vented and flared, nonhydrocarbons removed, and various natural gas constituents, such as ethane, propane, and butane, removed at natural gas processing plants. The parameters for measurement are 60° F and 14.73 pounds standard per square inch absolute.

Electrical System Energy Losses: The amount of energy lost during generation, transmission, and distribution of electricity, including plant and unaccounted-for uses.

Electricity Generation: The process of producing electric energy or transforming other forms of energy into electric energy. Also the amount of electric energy produced or expressed in watthours (Wh).

Electricity Generation, Gross: The total amount of electric energy produced by the generating station or stations, measured at the generator terminals.

Electricity Generation, Net: Gross generation less electricity consumed at the generating plant for station use. Electricity required for pumping at pumped-storage plants is regarded as plant use and is deducted from gross generation.

Electricity Production: Net electricity (gross electricity output measured at generator terminals minus power plant use) generated by publicly and privately owned electric utilities. Excludes industrial electricity generation (except autogeneration of hydroelectric power).

Electricity Sales: The amount of kilowatthours sold in a given period of time; usually grouped by classes of service, such as residential, commercial, industrial, and other. "Other" sales include sales for public street and highway lighting and other sales to public authorities, sales to railroads and railways, and interdepartmental sales.

Electric Power Plant: A station containing prime movers, electric generators, and auxiliary equipment for converting mechanical, chemical, and/or fission energy into electric energy.

Electric Utilities: All privately owned companies and all publicly owned agencies engaged in the generation, transmission, or distribution of electric power for public use. Publicly owned agencies include municipal electric utilities; Federal power projects, such as the Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA); rural electrification cooperatives; power districts; and State power projects.

Electric Utility: A corporation, person, agency, authority, or other legal entity or instrumentality that owns and/or operates facilities within the United States, its territories, or Puerto Rico for the generation, transmission, distribution, or sale of electric energy, primarily for use by the public. An entity that solely operates qualifying facilities under the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 is not considered an electric utility.

Electric Utility Sector: Privately and publicly owned establishments that generate electricity primarily for use by the public.

End-Use Sectors: The residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation sectors of the economy.

Energy: The capacity for doing work as measured by the capability of doing work (potential energy) or the conversion of this capability to motion (kinetic energy). Energy has several forms, some of which are easily convertible and can be changed to another form useful for work. Most of the world's convertible energy comes from fossil fuels that are burned to produce heat that is then used as a transfer medium to mechanical or other means in order to accomplish tasks. Electrical energy is usually measured in

kilowatthours, while heat energy is usually measured in British thermal units.

**Energy Consumption:** The use of energy as a source of heat or power or as an input in the manufacturing process.

Energy Consumption, End-Use: Primary end-use energy consumption is the sum of fossil fuel consumption by the four end-use sectors (residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation) and generation of hydroelectric power by nonelectric utilities. Net end-use energy consumption includes electric utility sales to those sectors but excludes electrical system energy losses. Total end-use energy consumption includes both electric utility sales to the four end-use sectors and electrical system energy losses.

Energy Consumption, Total: The sum of fossil fuel consumption by the five sectors (residential, commercial, industrial, transportation, and electric utility) plus hydroelectric power, nuclear electric power, net imports of coal coke, and electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.

Energy Source: A substance, such as petroleum, natural gas, or coal, that supplies heat or power. In Energy Information Administration reports, electricity and renewable forms of energy, such as biomass, geothermal, wind, and solar, are considered to be energy sources.

Ethane: A normally gaseous straight-chain hydrocarbon (C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>). It is a colorless, paraffinic gas that boils at a temperature of -127.48° F. It is extracted from natural gas and refinery gas streams.

Ethylene: An olefinic hydrocarbon (C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub>) recovered from refinery processes or petrochemical processes.

Exploratory Well: A well drilled to find and produce oil or gas in an unproved area, to find a new reservoir in a field previously found to be productive of oil or gas in another reservoir, or to extend the limit of a known oil or gas reservoir.

Exports: Shipments of goods from the 50 States and the District of Columbia to foreign countries and to Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and other U.S. possessions and territories.

f.a.s.: See Free Alongside Ship.

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC): The Federal agency with jurisdiction over interstate electricity sales, wholesale electric rates, hydroelectric licensing, natural gas pricing, oil pipeline rates, and gas pipeline certification. FERC is an independent

regulatory agency within the Department of Energy and is the successor to the Federal Power Commission.

Federal Power Commission (FPC): The predecessor agency of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. The Federal Power Commission was created by an Act of Congress under the Federal Water Power Act on June 10, 1920. It was charged originally with regulating the electric power and natural gas industries. It was abolished on September 30, 1977, when the Department of Energy was created. Its functions were divided between the Department of Energy and the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, an independent regulatory agency.

First Purchase Price: The marketed first sales price of domestic crude oil, consistent with the removal price defined by the provisions of the Windfall Profits Tax on Domestic Crude Oil (Public Law 96-223, Sec. 4998 (c)).

Flared Natural Gas: Natural gas burned in flares on the base site or at gas processing plants.

f.o.b.: See Free On Board.

Footage Drilled: Total footage for wells in various categories, as reported for any specified period, includes (1) the deepest total depth (length of well bores) of all wells drilled from the surface, (2) the total of all bypassed footage drilled in connection with reported wells, and (3) all new footage drilled for directional sidetrack wells. Footage reported for directional sidetrack wells does not include footage in the common bore, which is reported as footage for the original well. In the case of old wells drilled deeper, the reported footage is that which was drilled below the total depth of the old well.

Fossil Fuel: Any naturally occurring organic fuel, such as petroleum, coal, and natural gas.

Fossil Fuel Steam-Electric Power Plant: An electricity generation plant in which the prime mover is a turbine rotated by high-pressure steam produced in a boiler by heat from burning fossil fuels.

Free Alongside Ship (f.a.s.): The value of a commodity at the port of exportation, generally including the purchase price, plus all charges incurred in placing the commodity alongside the carrier at the port of exportation.

Free on Board (f.o.b.): A transaction whereby the seller makes the product available within an agreed-on period at a given port at a given price. It is the responsibility of the buyer to arrange for the transportation and insurance.

Full-Power Operation: Operation of a nuclear generating unit at 100 percent of its design capacity. Full-power operation precedes commercial operation.

Gasohol: A blend of finished motor gasoline (leaded or unleaded) and alcohol (generally ethanol but sometimes methanol) limited to 10 percent by volume of alcohol. Gasohol is included in finished leaded and unleaded motor gasoline.

Gas-Turbine Electric Power Plant: A plant in which the prime mover is a gas turbine. A gas turbine typically consists of an axial-flow air compressor, one or more combustion chambers where liquid or gaseous fuel is burned and the hot gases expand to drive the generator and then are used to run the compressor.

Gas Well: A well completed for the production of natural gas from one or more gas zones or reservoirs. (Wells producing both crude oil and natural gas are classified as oil wells.)

Geothermal Energy: Energy from the internal heat of the Earth, which may be residual heat, friction heat, or a result of radioactive decay. The heat is found in rocks and fluids at various depths and can be extracted by drilling and/or pumping.

Geothermal Energy (as used at electric utilities): Hot water or steam extracted from geothermal reservoirs in the Earth's crust that is supplied to steam turbines at electric utilities that drive generators to produce electricity.

Gross National Product (GNP): The total value of goods and services produced by the Nation's economy, before deduction of depreciation charges and other allowances for capital consumption. It includes the total purchases of goods and services by private consumers and government, gross private domestic capital investment, and net foreign trade.

Heat Content of a Quantity of Fuel, Gross: The total amount of heat released when a fuel is burned. Coal, crude oil, and natural gas all include chemical compounds of carbon and hydrogen. When those fuels are burned, the carbon and hydrogen combine with oxygen in the air to produce carbon dioxide and water. Some of the energy released in burning goes into transforming the water into steam and is usually lost. The amount of heat spent in transforming the water into steam is counted as part of gross heat content but is not counted as part of net heat content. Also referred to as the higher heating value. Btu conversion factors typically used in EIA represent gross heat content.

Heat Content of a Quantity of Fuel, Net: The amount of useable heat energy released when a fuel is burned under conditions similar to those in which it is normally used. Also referred to as the lower heating value. Btu conversion factors typically used in EIA represent gross heat content.

Heavy Oil: The fuel oils remaining after the lighter oils have been distilled off during the refining process.

Except for start-up and flame stabilization, virtually all petroleum used in steam-electric power plants is heavy oil.

Hydrocarbon: An organic chemical compound of hydrogen and carbon in the gaseous, liquid, or solid phase. The molecular structure of hydrocarbon compounds varies from the simplest (methane, the primary constituent of natural gas) to the very heavy and very complex.

Hydroelectric Power: The production of electricity from the kinetic energy of falling water.

Hydroelectric Power Plant: A plant in which the turbine generators are driven by falling water.

Imports: Receipts of goods into the 50 States and the District of Columbia from foreign countries and from Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and other U.S. possessions and territories.

Industrial Sector: The industrial sector comprises manufacturing industries, which make up the largest part of the sector, along with mining, construction, agriculture, fisheries, and forestry. Establishments in the sector range from steel mills, to small farms, to companies assembling electronic components. The SIC codes used to classify establishments as industrial are 1 through 39.

Internal Combustion Electric Power Plant: A power plant in which the prime mover is an internal combustion engine. Diesel or gas-fired engines are the principal types used in electric power plants. The plant is usually operated during periods of high demand for electricity.

Jet Fuel: The term includes kerosene-type jet fuel and naphtha-type jet fuel. Kerosene-type jet fuel is a kerosene-quality product used primarily for commercial turbojet and turboprop aircraft engines. Naphtha-type jet fuel is a fuel in the heavy naphthas range used primarily for military turbojet and turboprop aircraft engines.

Kerosene: A petroleum distillate that has a maximum distillation temperature of 401° F at the 10-percent recovery point, a final boiling point of 572° F, and a minimum flash point of 100° F. Included are the two grades designated in ASTM D3699 (No. 1-K and No. 2-K) and all grades of kerosene called range or stove oil. Kerosene is used in space heaters, cook stoves, and water heaters; it is suitable for use as an illuminant when burned in wick lamps.

Lease and Plant Fuel: Natural gas used in well, field, and lease operations (such as gas used in drilling operations, heaters, dehydrators, and field compressors), and as fuel in natural gas processing plants.

Lease Condensate: A natural gas liquid recovered from gas well gas (associated and non-associated) in lease separators or natural gas field facilities. Lease condensate consists primarily of pentanes and heavier hydrocarbons.

Light Oil: Lighter fuel oils distilled off during the refining process. Virtually all petroleum used in internal combustion and gas-turbine engines is light oil.

Lignite: A brownish-black coal of low rank with a high content of moisture and volatile matter. Often referred to as brown coal. It is used almost exclusively for electric power generation. It conforms to ASTM Specification D388-84 for lignite.

Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG): Natural gas (primarily methane) that has been liquefied by reducing its temperature to -260° F at atmospheric pressure.

Liquefied Petroleum Gases (LPG): Ethane, ethylene, propane, propylene, normal butane, butylene, and isobutane produced at refineries or natural gas processing plants, including plants that fractionate new natural gas plant liquids.

Low-Power Testing: The period of time between a nuclear generating unit's initial fuel loading date and the issuance of its operating (full-power) license. The maximum level of operation during that period is 5 percent of the unit's design thermal rating.

Lubricants: Substances used to reduce friction between bearing surfaces or as process materials either incorporated into other materials used as processing aids in the manufacturing of other products or as carriers of other materials. Petroleum lubricants may be produced either from distillates or residues. Other substances may be added to impart or improve certain required properties. Excluded are byproducts of lubricating oil refining, such as aromatic extracts derived from solvent extraction or tars derived from deasphalting. Included are all grades of lubricating oils from spindle oil to cylinder oil and those used in greases. Lubricants categories are paraffinic and naphthenic.

Miscellaneous Petroleum Products: All finished petroleum products not classified elsewhere—for example, petrolatum, lube refining byproducts (aromatic extracts and tars), absorption oils, ram-jet fuel, petroleum rocket fuels, synthetic natural gas feedstocks, and specialty oils.

Motor Gasoline Blending Components: Naphthas that will be used for blending or compounding into finished motor gasoline (e.g., straight-run gasoline, alkylate, and reformate). Excluded are oxygenates (alcohols and ethers), butane, and pentanes plus.

Motor Gasoline, Finished: A complex mixture of relatively volatile hydrocarbons, with or without small quantities of additives, that has been blended to form a fuel suitable for use in spark-ignition engines. Motor gasoline, as given in ASTM Specification D439 or Federal Specification VV-G-1690B, includes a range in distillation temperatures from 122 to 158° F at the 10-percent recovery point and from 365 to 374° F at the 90-percent recovery point. The Reid Vapor Pressure ranges from 9 to 15 pounds per square inch. Motor gasoline includes finished leaded gasoline, finished unleaded gasoline, and gasohol. Blendstock is excluded until blending has been completed. Alcohol that is to be used in the blending of gasohol is also excluded.

Motor Gasoline, Finished Gasohol: A blend of finished motor gasoline (leaded or unleaded) and alcohol (generally ethanol, but sometimes methanol) in which 10 percent or more of the product is alcohol.

Motor Gasoline, Finished Leaded: Motor gasoline that contains more than 0.05 gram of lead per gallon or more than 0.005 gram of phosphorus per gallon. Premium and regular grades are included, depending on the octane rating. Includes leaded gasohol. Blendstock is excluded until blending has been completed. Alcohol that is to be used in the blending of gasohol is also excluded.

Motor Gasoline, Finished Leaded Premium: Motor gasoline having an antiknock index, calculated as (R+M)/2, greater than 90 and containing more than 0.05 gram of lead per gallon or more than 0.005 gram of phosphorus per gallon.

Motor Gasoline, Finished Leaded Regular: Motor gasoline having an antiknock index, calculated as (R+M)/2, greater than or equal to 87 and less than or equal to 90 and containing more than 0.05 gram of lead or 0.005 gram of phosphorus per gallon.

Motor Gasoline, Finished Unleaded: Motor gasoline containing not more than 0.05 gram of lead per gallon and not more than 0.005 gram of phosphorus per gallon. Premium and regular grades are included, depending on the octane rating. Includes unleaded gasohol. Blendstock is excluded until blending has been completed. Alcohol that is to be used in the blending of gasohol is also excluded.

Motor Gasoline, Finished Unleaded Midgrade: Motor gasoline having an antiknock index, calculated as (R+M)/2, greater than or equal to 88 and less than or equal to 90 and containing not more than 0.05 gram of phosphorus per gallon.

Motor Gasoline, Finished Unleaded Premium: Motor gasoline having an antiknock index, calculated as (R+M)/2, greater than 90 and containing not more than 0.05 gram of lead or 0.005 gram of phosphorus per gallon.

Motor Gasoline, Finished Unleaded Regular: Motor gasoline having an antiknock index, calculated as (R+M)/2, of 87 containing not more than 0.05 gram of lead per gallon and not more than 0.005 gram of phosphorus per gallon.

Motor Gasoline Retail Prices: Motor gasoline prices calculated each month by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) in conjunction with the construction of the Consumer Price Index (CPI). Those prices are collected in 85 urban areas selected to represent all urban consumers—about 80 percent of the total U.S. population. The service stations are selected initially, and on a replacement basis, in such a way that they represent the purchasing habits of the CPI population. Service stations in the current sample include those providing all types of service (i.e., full-, mini-, and self-service).

Motor Gasoline, Total: Includes finished leaded motor gasoline (premium and regular), finished unleaded motor gasoline (premium, midgrade, and regular), motor gasoline blending components, and gasohol.

Natural Gas: A mixture of hydrocarbons (principally methane) and small quantities of various nonhydrocarbons existing in the gaseous phase or in solution with crude oil in underground reservoirs.

Natural Gas, Dry: The marketable portion of natural gas production, which is obtained by subtracting extraction losses, including natural gas liquids removed at natural gas processing plants, from total production.

Natural Gas Marketed Production: Gross withdrawals of natural gas from production reservoirs, less gas used for reservoir repressuring; nonhydrocarbon gases removed in treating and processing operations; and quantities vented and flared.

Natural Gas Plant Liquids (NGPL): Natural gas liquids recovered from natural gas in processing plants and, in some situations, from natural gas field facilities, as well as those extracted by fractionators. Natural gas plant liquids are defined according to the published specifications of the Gas Processors Associations and the American Society for Testing and Materials as follows: ethane, propane, normal butane, isobutane, pentanes plus, and other products from natural gas processing plants (i.e., products meeting the standards for finished petroleum products produced at natural gas processing plants, such as finished motor gasoline, finished aviation gasoline, special naphthas, kerosene, distillate fuel oil, and miscellaneous products).

Natural Gas Wellhead Price: The wellhead price of natural gas is calculated by dividing the total reported value at the wellhead by the total quantity produced

as reported by the appropriate agencies of individual producing States and the U.S. Minerals Management Service. The price includes all costs prior to shipment from the lease, including gathering and compression costs, in addition to State production, severance, and similar charges.

Natural Gas, Wet: Natural gas prior to the extraction of liquids and other miscellaneous products.

Net Consumption: See Energy Consumption, End-Use.

Nuclear Electric Power: Electricity generated by an electric power plant whose turbines are driven by steam generated in a reactor by heat from the fissioning of nuclear fuel.

Nuclear Electric Power Plant: A single-unit or multiunit facility in which heat produced in one or more reactors by the fissioning of nuclear fuel is used to drive one or more steam turbines.

Nuclear Reactor: An apparatus in which the nuclear fission chain can be initiated, maintained, and controlled so that energy is released at a specific rate. The reactor includes fissionable material (fuel), such as uranium or plutonium; fertile material; moderating material (unless it is a fast reactor); a heavy-walled pressure vessel; shielding to protect personnel; provision for heat removal; and control elements and instrumentation.

Offshore: That geographic area that lies seaward of the coastline. In general, the coastline is the line of ordinary low water along with that portion of the coast that is in direct contact with the open sea or the line marking the seaward limit of inland water.

Oil: See Crude Oil (Including Lease Condensate).

Oil Well: A well completed for the production of crude oil from one or more oil zones or reservoirs. Wells producing both crude oil and natural gas are classified as oil wells.

Operable (nuclear): A U.S. nuclear generating unit is considered operable after it completes low-power testing and is issued a full-power operating license by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission. A foreign nuclear generating unit is considered operable once it has generated electricity to the grid.

Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD): Current members are Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom, the United States and its territories (Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands), and West Germany.

Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC): Countries that have organized for the purpose of negotiating with oil companies on matters of oil production, prices, and future concession rights. Current members are Algeria, Ecuador, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela.

Pentanes Plus: A mixture of hydrocarbons, mostly pentanes and heavier, extracted from natural gas. Includes isopentane, natural gasoline, and plant condensate.

Petroleum: A generic term applied to oil and oil products in all forms, such as crude oil, lease condensate, unfinished oils, petroleum products, natural gas plant liquids, and nonhydrocarbon compounds blended into finished petroleum products.

**Petroleum Coke:** A residue that is the final product of the condensation process in cracking. The product is either marketable petroleum coke or catalyst petroleum coke.

Petroleum Coke, Catalyst: The carbonaceous residue that is deposited on and deactivates the catalyst used in many catalytic operations (e.g., catalytic cracking). Carbon is deposited on the catalyst, thus deactivating the catalyst. The catalyst is reactivated by burning off the carbon, which is used as a fuel in the refining process. That carbon or coke is not recoverable in a concentrated form.

Petroleum Coke, Marketable: Those grades of coke produced in delayed or fluid cokers that may be recovered as relatively pure carbon. Marketable petroleum coke may be sold as is or further purified by calcining.

Petroleum Consumption: The sum of all refined petroleum products supplied. For each refined petroleum product, the amount supplied is calculated by adding production and imports, then subtracting changes in primary stocks (net withdrawals are a plus quantity and net additions are a minus quantity) and exports.

Petroleum Imports: Imports of petroleum into the 50 States and the District of Columbia from foreign countries and from Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and other U.S. territories and possessions. Included are imports for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve and withdrawals from bonded warehouses for onshore consumption, offshore bunker use, and military use. Excluded are receipts of foreign petroleum into bonded warehouses and into U.S. territories and U.S. Foreign Trade Zones.

Petroleum Products: Products obtained from the processing of crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas, and other hydrocarbon compounds.

Petroleum products include unfinished oils, liquefied petroleum gases, pentanes plus, aviation gasoline, motor gasoline, naphtha-type jet fuel, kerosene-type jet fuel, kerosene, distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, petrochemical feedstocks, special naphthas, lubricants, waxes, petroleum coke, asphalt, road oil, still gas, and miscellaneous products.

Petroleum Products Supplied: See Petroleum Consumption.

Petroleum Stocks, Primary: For individual products, quantities that are held at refineries, in pipelines, and at bulk terminals that have a capacity of 50,000 barrels or more, or that are in transit thereto. Stocks held by product retailers and resellers, as well as tertiary stocks held at the point of consumption, are excluded. Stocks of individual products held at gas processing plants are excluded from individual product estimates but are included in other oils estimates and total.

Photovoltaic and Solar Thermal Energy (as used at electric utilities): Energy radiated by the sun as electromagnetic waves (electromagnetic radiation) that is converted at electric utilities into electricity by means of solar (photovoltaic) cells or concentrating (focusing) collectors.

Primary Consumption: See Energy Consumption, End-Use.

**Propane:** A normally gaseous straight-chain hydrocarbon ( $C_3H_8$ ). It is a colorless paraffinic gas that boils at a temperature of -43.67° F. It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams. It includes all products designated in ASTM Specification D1835 and Gas Processors Association Specifications for commercial propane and HD-5 propane.

**Propylene:** An olefinic hydrocarbon  $(C_3H_6)$  recovered from refinery or petrochemical processes.

Refiner Acquisition Cost of Crude Oil: The cost of crude oil to the refiner, including transportation and fees. The composite cost is the weighted average of domestic and imported crude oil costs.

Refinery (petroleum): An installation that manufactures finished petroleum products from crude oil, unfinished oils, natural gas liquids, other hydrocarbons, and alcohol.

Renewable Energy: Energy obtained from sources that are essentially inexhaustible (unlike, for example, the fossil fuels, of which there is a finite supply). Renewable sources of energy include wood, waste, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.

Reservoir Repressuring: The injection of a pressurized fluid (such as air, gas, or water) into oil and gas reservoir formations to effect greater ultimate recovery.

Residential Sector: The residential sector is considered to consist of all private residences, whether occupied or vacant, owned or rented, including single-family homes, multifamily housing units, and mobile homes. Secondary homes, such as summer homes, are also included. Institutional housing, such as school dormitories, hospitals, and military barracks, generally are not included in the residential sector; they are included in the commercial sector. The SIC code used to classify an establishment as residential is 88 (Household).

Residual Fuel Oil: The heavier oils that remain after the distillate fuel oils and lighter hydrocarbons are distilled away in refinery operations and that conform to ASTM Specifications D396 and 975. Included are No. 5, a residual fuel oil of medium viscosity; Navy Special, for use in steam-powered vessels in government service and in shore power plants; and No. 6, which includes Bunker C fuel oil and is used for commercial and industrial heating, electricity generation, and to power ships. Imports of residual fuel oil include imported crude oil burned as fuel.

Road Oil: Any heavy petroleum oil, including residual asphaltic oil used as a dust palliative and surface treatment on roads and highways. It is generally produced in six grades, from 0, the most liquid, to 5, the most viscous.

Rotary Rig: A machine used for drilling wells that employs a rotating tube attached to a bit for boring holes through rock.

Short Ton (coal): A unit of weight equal to 2,000 pounds.

SIC: See Standard Industrial Classification.

Solar Energy: The radiant energy of the sun, which can be converted into other forms of energy, such as heat or electricity.

Standard Industrial Classification (SIC): A set of codes developed by the Office of Management and Budget which categorizes industries into groups with similar economic activities.

Startup Test Phase of Nuclear Power Plant: A nuclear power plant that has been licensed by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission to operate but is still in the initial testing phase, during which the production of electricity may not be continuous. In general, when the electric utility is satisfied with the plant's performance, it formally accepts the plant from the manufacturer and places it in commercial operation status. A request is then submitted to the appropriate utility rate commission to include the power plant in the rate base calculation.

Steam-Electric Power Plant: A plant in which the prime mover is a steam turbine. The steam used to

drive the turbine is produced in a boiler where fossil fuels are burned.

Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR): Petroleum stocks maintained by the Federal Government for use during periods of major supply interruption.

Subbituminous Coal: A dull, black coal of rank intermediate between lignite and bituminous coal. It conforms to ASTM Specification D388-84 for subbituminous coal.

Supplemental Gaseous Fuels: Any gaseous substance that, introduced into or commingled with natural gas, increases the volume available for disposition. Such substances include, but are not limited to, propane-air, refinery gas, coke oven gas, still gas, manufactured gas, biomass gas, or air or inert gases added for Btu stabilization.

Synthetic Natural Gas (SNG): A manufactured product chemically similar in most respects to natural gas, resulting from the conversion or reforming of petroleum hydrocarbons. It may easily be substituted for or interchanged with pipeline quality natural gas. Also referred to as substitute natural gas.

Total Consumption: See Energy Consumption, End-Use.

Transportation Sector: Private and public vehicles that move people and commodities. Included are automobiles, trucks, buses, motorcycles, railroads and railways (including streetcars), aircraft, ships, barges, and natural gas pipelines. The SIC codes used to classify establishments as belonging to the transportation sector are 40 through 49.

Unaccounted-for Crude Oil: Arithmetic difference between the calculated supply and the calculated disposition of crude oil. The calculated supply is the sum of crude oil production phase imports, less changes in crude oil stocks. The calculated disposition of crude oil is the sum of crude oil input to refineries, crude oil exports, crude oil burned as fuel, and crude oil losses.

Underground Storage: The storage of natural gas in underground reservoirs at a different location from which it was produced.

United States: Unless otherwise noted, "United States" in this publication means the 50 States and the District of Columbia. U.S. exports include shipments to U.S. territories, and imports include receipts from U.S. territories.

Vented Natural Gas: Gas released into the air on the base site or at processing plants.

Wellhead Price: The value of crude oil or natural gas at the mouth of the well.

Wind Energy (as used at electric utilities): The kinetic energy of wind converted at electric utilities into mechanical energy by wind turbines (i.e., blades rotating from a hub) that drive generators to produce electricity for distribution.

Wood and Waste (as used at electric utilities): Wood energy, garbage, bagasse, sewerage gas, and other industrial, agricultural, and urban refuse used to generate electricity for distribution.

Wood Energy: Wood and wood products used as fuel, including round wood (cord wood), limb wood, wood chips, bark, sawdust, forest residues, charcoal, pulp waste, and spent pulping liquor.

Working Gas: The gas in a reservoir that is in addition to the base (cushion) gas. It may or may not be completely withdrawn during any particular withdrawal season. Conditions permitting, the total working capacity could be used more than once during any given season.

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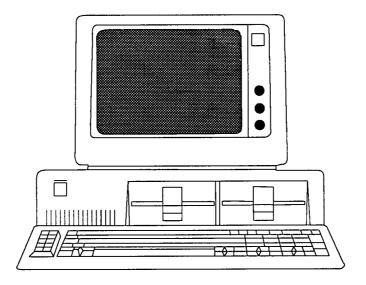
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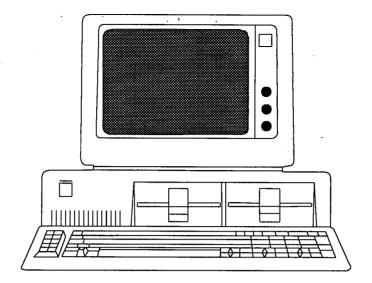
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**Using EPUB**: Once your communications software and hardware have been configured, you may access EPUB by dialing 202-586-2557. When a connection to the system is made, you may find that the menu-driven instructions and the online help capabilities provide enough information to use EPUB effectively. If needed, more extensive information can be found in the *EPUB Users Guide*, which is available online from EPUB or from:

National Energy Information Center, EI-231 Energy Information Administration Forrestal Building, Room 1F-048 Washington, DC 20585 202-586-8800 (TDD 202-586-1181) Hours: 9 a.m. to 5 p.m., eastern time, M-F

**Obtaining Assistance:** For technical assistance, contact 202-586-8959, and for questions about the content of EPUB reports, contact 202-586-8800, 9 a.m. to 5 p.m., eastern time, M-F.

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