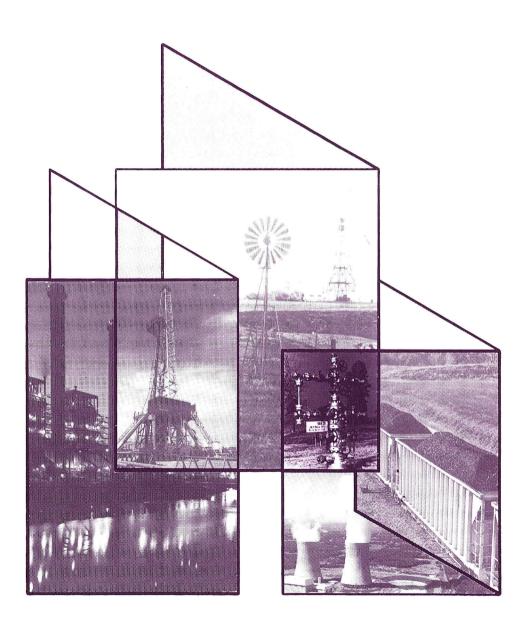
Monthly Energy Review

May 1990



Energy Information Administration



Monthly Energy Review

The Monthly Energy Review presents current data on production, consumption, stocks, imports, exports, and prices of the principal energy commodities in the United States. Also included are data on international production of crude oil, consumption of petroleum products, petroleum stocks, and production of electricity from nuclear-powered facilities.

Publication of this report is in keeping with responsibilities given the Energy Information Administration in Public Law 95-91 (Section 205(a)(2)), which states:

The Administrator shall be responsible for carrying out a central, comprehensive, and unified energy data and information program which will collect, evaluate, assemble, analyze and disseminate data and information . . .

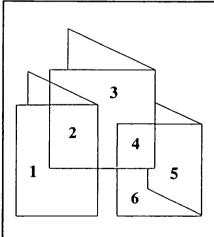
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- 2. This is a drilling rig typical of those used by the oil industry.
- An innovative wind turbine can be used to generate power more efficiently than the old-fashioned windmill.
- A gas wellhead is referred to as a Christmas tree by the industry. Photograph courtesy of the Arkansas Louisiana Gas Company.
- Unit trains are a primary transporter of coal. Photograph courtesy of the National Coal Association.
- 6. The cooling towers of the Susquehanna steam electric nuclear power plant. Photograph courtesy of Pennsylvania Power and Light Co./Allegheny Electric Cooperative, Inc.

The Monthly Energy Review (ISSN 0095-7356) is published monthly by the Energy Information Administration, 1000 Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20585, and sells for \$62.00 per year (price is subject to change without advance notice). Second-class postage rates paid at Washington, DC 20066-9998, and at additional mailing offices. POSTMASTER: Send address changes to Monthly Energy Review, Energy Information Administration, EI-231, 1000 Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20585.

Monthly Energy Review

May 1990

Energy Information Administration

Office of Energy Markets and End Use U.S. Department of Energy Washington, DC 20585

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Additional information on all energy statistics available from the Energy Information Administration may be obtained from the National Energy Information Center 202-586-8800.

[•] Released for printing: August 24, 1990

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Nuclear Power	April 1975
The Price of Crude Oil	June 1975
U.S. Coal Resources and Reserves	July 1975
Propane, A National Energy Resource	September 1975
Short-Term Energy Supply and Demand Forecasting at FEA	October 1975
Curtailments of Natural Gas Service.	January 1976
Home Heating Conservation Alternatives and the Solar Collector Industry	March 1976
Trends in United States Petroleum Imports	September 1976
Crude Oil Entitlements Program	January 1977
Motor Gasoline Supply and Demand	July 1977
Short-Term Petroleum Supply and Demand	May 1978
The Energy Requirements of U.S. Agriculture	July 1979
Three Mile Island-Possible Regulatory Responses and Their Impacts on the Nation's Short-	0 4 1 4070
Term Electric Utility Fuel Outlook	October 1979
Reduction in Natural Gas Requirements Due to Fuel Switching	December 1979
The Solar Collector Industry and Solar Energy	February 1980
Trends in the Installation of Energy Using Equipment in New Residential Buildings	March 1980
The Energy Information Administration's Oil and Gas Reserves ProgramThe First Year's	T 1000
Report Energy From Urban Waste	June 1980
Natural Gas Liquids: Revisions to 1979 Data	August 1980 October 1980
EIA Weekly Petroleum Data: Data Collection and Methods of Estimation	November 1980
The Department of Energy Disclosure Policy for Individually Identifiable Information	November 1980
Maintained by the Energy Information Administration	December 1980
Changes in 1981 Petroleum Data Series	May 1981
Information Services of the Energy Information Administration	September 1981
An Overview of Natural Gas Markets	December 1981
The Interstate and Intrastate Natural Gas Markets	January 1982
Natural Gas Drilling and Production Under the Natural Gas Policy Act	February 1982
Impacts of Financial Constraints on the Electric Utility Industry	October 1982
The Effect of Weather on Energy Use	April 1983
Trends in U.S. Energy Since 1973	May 1983
Data Series on Petroleum Use at Electric Utilities	July 1983
Residential Energy Consumption, 1978 Through 1981	September 1983
Exploring for Oil and Gas	November 1983
The Influence of Federal Actions on Petroleum Exploration	December [2] 1983
Aggregate Statistics: Accurate or Misleading?	December [3] 1983
Estimating Well Completions	March 1985
State Motor Gasoline Taxes, 1980-1985	March 1986
The Impact of Low Oil Prices on Electric Utility Fuel Choice	June 1986
U.S. Energy Industry Financial Developments, 1986 Second Quarter	June 1986
U.S. Energy Industry Financial Developments, 1986	December 1986
Manufacturing Sector Energy Consumption, 1985 Provisional Estimates	January 1987
U.S. Energy Industry Financial Development, 1987 Second Quarter	June 1987
End-Use Consumption of Residential Energy	July 1987
The U.S. Energy Industry in 1987: A Slow Recovery	December 1987
Measures of Energy Consumption, Expenditures, and Prices	May 1988
A U.S. Perspective on Condensate	June 1988
The U.S. Energy Industry's Financial Recovery Continued in the First Half of 1988	June 1988
State Energy Severance Taxes, 1972-1987	July 1988
Increased Refining Income Led U.S. Energy Industry Financial Recovery in 1988	December 1988
A Review of Valdez Oil Spill Market Impacts	March 1989
Monthly U.S. Crude Oil Production Estimates	March 1989
Superconductivity and Energy Production and Consumption	May 1989
Higher Prices Yield Improved Energy Industry Financial Results in the First Half of 1989.	June 1989
The Future Structure of the U.S. Commercial Nuclear Power Equipment Manufacturing	
Industry	July 1989
Improved Energy Profits Offset by Refining Results in 1989	December 1989

Highlights

"Highlights"--special features that summarize the most important information presented in selected Energy Information Administration reports--are occasionally included in this publication. The following is a complete list of all the reports that have been summarized to date.

U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, 1981 Annual Report	September 1982
Energy Company Development Patterns in the Postembargo Era, Volume One	November 1982
Residential Energy Consumption Survey: Consumption and Expenditures	January 1983
Residential Energy Consumption Survey: Housing Characteristics	February 1983
Energy Price and Expenditure Data Report, 1970-1980	July 1983
Railroad Deregulation: Impact on Coal	August 1983
Port Deepening and User Fees: Impact on U.S. Coal Exports	August 1983
U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, 1982 Annual Report	September 1983
Annual Energy Review 1983	February 1984
State Energy Data Report, Consumption Estimates, 1960-1982	March 1984
Annual Energy Outlook 1983	March 1984
State Energy Price and Expenditure Report, 1970-1981	May 1984
Solar Collector Manufacturing Activity 1983	June 1984
Estimates of U.S. Wood Energy Consumption, 1980-1983	September 1984
International Energy Annual 1983	September 1984
Energy Conservation Indicators 1983 Annual Report	November 1984
Annual Energy Outlook 1984	December 1984
Annual Energy Review 1984	January 1985
Performance Profiles of Major Energy Producers 1983	February 1985
State Energy Price and Expenditure Report 1970-1982	March 1985
State Energy Data Report, Consumption Estimates, 1960-1983	April 1985
Annual Outlook for U.S. Electric Power 1985	June 1985
Short-Term Energy Outlook, Volume 1, October 1985	August 1985
Analysis of Growth in Electricity Demand, 1980-1984	August 1985
Profiles of Foreign Direct Investment in U.S. Energy 1984	November 1985
Performance Profiles of Major Energy Producers 1984	December 1985
International Energy Annual 1985	September 1986
Consumption and Expenditures, April 1984 Through March 1985, Part 1: National Data	April 1987
Consumption and Expenditures, April 1984 Through March 1985, Part 2: Regional Data	May 1987
Uranium Industry Annual 1986	September 1987
Potential Oil Production from the Coastal Plain of the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge	
(Revised Edition)	October 1987
Profiles of Foreign Direct Investment in U.S. Energy 1986	November 1987
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Manufacturing Energy Consumption Survey: Consumption of Energy, 1985	September 1988
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Manufacturing Energy Consumption Survey: Fuel Switching, 1985	November 1988
Commercial Buildings Consumption and Expenditures 1986	May 1989
Potential Costs of Restricting Chlorofluorocarbon Use	September 1989
Manufacturing Energy Consumption Survey: Changes in Energy Efficiency, 1980-1985	October 1989
Household Energy Consumption and Expenditures 1987, Part 1: National Data	November 1989

Section 1. Energy Summary

The United States produced 2.9 percent more energy during the first 5 months of 1990 than during the same period in 1989, and U.S. consumption was down 0.7 percent. Net imports of all energy were 6.5 percent higher than during the first 5 months of 1990.

Energy production during May 1990 totaled 5.6 quadrillion Btu, a 0.2-percent increase compared with the level of production during May 1989. Coal production increased 5.1 percent, petroleum production decreased 7.2 percent, and natural gas production was down 0.2 percent. All other forms of energy production combined were up 5.1 percent from the level of production during May 1989.

Energy consumption during May 1990 totaled 6.5 quadrillion Btu, 1.8 percent above the level of consumption during May 1989. Natural gas consumption increased 2.6 percent, petroleum consumption was up 1.8 percent, and coal consumption rose 0.9 percent. Consumption of all other forms of energy combined increased 1.8 percent compared with the level 1 year earlier.

Net imports of energy during May 1990 totaled 1.3 quadrillion Btu, 14.3 percent above the level of net imports 1 year earlier. Net imports of petroleum increased 15.2 percent, and net imports of natural gas were up 2.0 percent. Net exports of coal increased 3.2 percent compared with the level in May 1989.

Table 1.1 Energy Summary for May 1990 (Quadrillion Btu)

		May		٠				
	1990	1989	Percent Change ^a	1990	1990 Daily Rate	1989	1989 Daily Rate	Percent Change
Total Production ^b	5.607	5.595	0.2	28.271	0.187	27.473	0.182	2.9
Petroleum ^e	1.483	1.597	-7.2	7.351	.049	7.761	.051	-5.3
Natural Gas (Dry)	1.472	1.476	2	7.545	.050	7.461	.049	1.1
Coal	1.893	1.801	5.1	9.468	.063	8.864	.059	6.8
Otherd	.758	.721	5.1	3.908	.026	3.387	.022	15.4
Total Consumption ^b	6.479	6.366	1.8	34.148	.226	34.388	.228	7
Petroleum	2.825	2.775	1.8	13.819	.092	14.101	.093	-2.0
Natural Gase	1,438	1.400	2.6	8.969	.059	9.203	.061	-2.5
Coal	1.465	1.452	.9	7.493	.050	7.610	.050	-1.5
Other	.752	.739	1.8	3.867	.026	3.474	.023	11.3
Net Imports	1.297	1.135	14.3	6.191	.041	5.813	.038	6.5
Petroleum ⁹	1.456	1.264	15.2	6.701	.044	6.243	.041	7.3
Natural Gas	.102	.100	2.0	.578	.004	.516	.003	11.9
Coalh	255	247	3.2	-1.047	007	-1.033	007	1.3
Other	006	.018	-132.7	041	.000	.087	.001	-147.1

*Based on daily rates prior to rounding.

Includes crude oil, lease condensate, and natural gas plant liquids.

•Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

hMinus sign indicates exports are greater than imports.

Other is net imports of electricity and coal coke.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Monthly Energy Review Section 1 and EIA calculations.

Production and consumption totals exclude wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution.

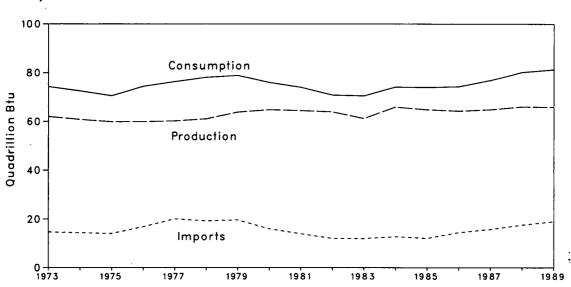
⁴Other is hydroelectric and nuclear electric power, and electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.

Other is hydroelectric and nuclear electric power; electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy; and net imports of electricity and coal coke.

Includes crude oil, lease condensate, petroleum products, pentanes plus, unfinished oils, gasoline blending components, and imports of crude oil for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

Figure 1.1 Energy Overview





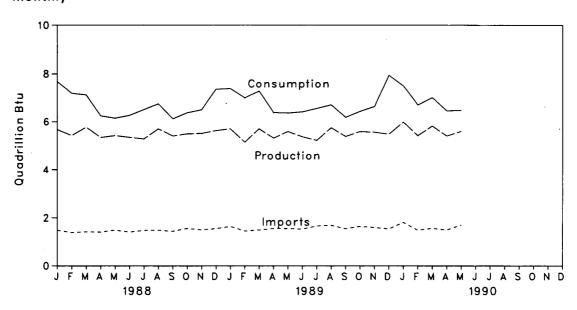


Table 1.2 Energy Overview^a (Quadrillion Btu)

	Production ^b	Consumption ^{b c}	Imports	Exports	Net Import
070 7-4-1	62.060	74.282	14,731	2.051	12.680
973 Total	60.835	72.543	14.413	2.223	12,190
74 Total	59.860	70.546	14.111	2.359	11.752
75 Total	59.892	74.362	16.837	2.188	14,648
76 Total	60.219	76.288	20.090	2.071	18,019
77 Total	• • • • •	78.089	19.254	1.931	17.323
78 Total	61.103		19.616	2.870	16,746
79 Total	63.801	78.898	15.971	3.723	12,247
80 Total	64.761	75.955		4.329	9.646
81 Total	64.421	73.990	13.975		7.460
982 Total	63.898	70.848	12.092	4.633	8.311
983 Total	61.215	70.524	12.028	3.717	
384 Total	65.847	74.101	12.763	3.804	8.959
85 Total	64.765	73.945	12.099	4.230	7.868
986 Total	64.225	74.237	14.430	4.055	10.375
87 Total	64.823	76.845	15.756	3.852	11.904
388 January	5.671	7.675	1.478	.289	1.189
February	5,415	7.174	1.384	.276	1.107
March	5.773	7.105	1.413	.349	1.064
	5.336	6.243	1.402	.363	1.038
April		6.148	1.482	.373	1.109
May	5.343	6.264	1.405	.393	1.012
June		6.504	1.471	.382	1.089
July		6.742	1.480	.407	1.073
August	5.705	6.124	1.439	.396	1.043
September		*****	1.559	.383	1.176
October		6.373		.362	1.136
November	5.514	6.499	1.497	.440	1.111
December		7.349	1.551	4.415	13.146
Total	65.971	80.200	17.561	4.415	13.140
989 January	5.709	7.379	R 1.643	R .320	R 1.322
February	5.145	R 6.988	R 1.453	R .338	1.115
March		7.269	R 1.495	R .406	R 1.089
April		6.386	^R 1.558	R .407	R 1.151
May		R 6.366	R 1.556	R .421	R 1.135
June		6.415	R 1.535	R .442	R 1.093
July		^R 6.555	R 1.666	R .329	R 1.337
August		R 6.705	^R 1.697	R .410	R 1.287
September		6.189	R 1.550	R .391	R 1.159
October		6.438	R 1.649	R .421	R 1.228
November		6.638	R 1.605	R .462	R 1.144
December		7.949	R 1.544	R .437	R 1.107
Total		R 81.276	R 18.953	R 4.784	R 14.169
•••	R 5.995	R 7.503	R 1.822	R .351	1,470
990 January		R 6.698	1.491	P .327	R 1.164
February	_ :::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	R 7.004	R 1.571	R .422	R 1.149
March			R 1.498	R .388	1.110
April		6.463		.411	1.297
May		6.479	1.708		6.191
5-Month Total	. 28.271	34.148	8.090	1.899	0.191
989 5-Month Total		34.388	7.705	1.892	5.813
1988 5-Month Total	. 27,609	34.344	7.159	1.652	5.507

[•]For definitions, see Notes at end of section.

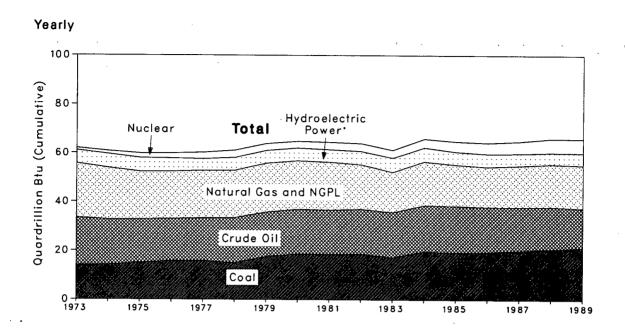
^{**}Excludes wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution.

The sum of domestic energy production and net imports of energy does not equal domestic energy consumption. The difference is attributed to stock changes; losses and gains in conversion, transportation, and distribution; the addition of blending compounds; shipments of anthracite to U.S. Armed Forces in Europe; and adjustments to account for discrepancies between reporting systems.

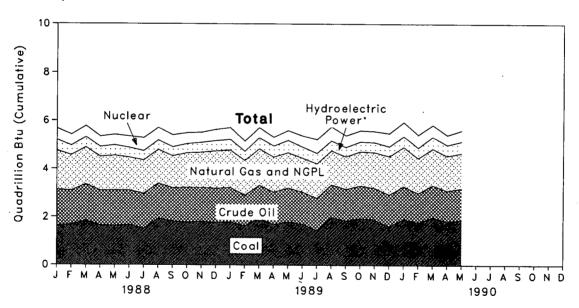
R=Revised data. Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration calculations based on data appearing elsewhere in this publication.

Figure 1.2 Production of Energy by Source







^{*}Includes other.

Table 1.3 Production of Energy by Source

(Quadrillion Btu)

Coal	Crude Oli*	NGPLb	Natural Gas (Dry)	Hydro- electric Power ^c	Nuclear Electric Power	Other ^d	Total*	Year to Date
	l	·	1					
13.993	19.493	2.569	22.187	2.861	0.910	0.046	62.060 60.835	
14.074	18.575	2.471	21.210	3.177	1.272	.056		
14.990	17.729	2.374	19.640	3.155	1.900	.072	59.860	
15.654	17.262	2.327	19.480	2.976	2.111	.081	59.892	
15.755	17.454	2.327	19.565	2.333	2.702	.082	60.219	
14.910	18.434	2.245	19.485	2.937	3.024	.068	61.103	
17.539	18,104	2.286	20.076	2.931	2.776	.089	63.801	
18.597	18.249	2.254	19,908	2.900	2.739	.114	64.761	
18.376	18,146	2.307	19.699	2.758	3.008	.127	64.421	
	18.309	2.191	18.255	3.266	3.131	.108	63.898	
18.639	18.392	2.184	16.530	3.527	3.203	.133	61,215	
17.246		2.274	17.931	3.348	3.553	.174	65.847	
19.719	18.848			2.939	4.149	.213	64.765	
19.325	18.992	2.241	16.906		4.471	.231	64.225	
19.510	18.376	2.149	16.471	3.017	4.471	.231	64.823	
20.142	17.675	2.215	17.049	2.593	4.900	,244	04.023	
1.649	1.483	.186	1.624	.228	.480	.020	5.671	5.671
1.681	1.409	.177	1.479	.198	.454	.018	5.415	11.080
1.839	1.506	.193	1.541	.203	.472	.020	5.773	16.859
1.650	1.442	.184	1.412	.199	.430	.019	5.336	22.19
1.621	1,480	.192	1.446	.221	.437	.018	5.414	27.609
1.675	1.422	.184	1.374	.196	.474	.020	5.343	32.95
1.516	1.446	.191	1.391	.176	.535	.021	5.275	38.22
1.933	1.453	.190	1.411	.171	.527	.021	5.705	43.93
1.824	1.374	.185	1.332	.169	.497	.019	5.400	49.33
	1.442	.196	1.447	.157	.458	.020	5,492	54.82
1.773		.190	1.475	.191	.425	.019	5.514	60.33
1.817	1.396	.193	1.555	.206	.473	.019	5.632	65.97
1.758 20.737	1.428 17.279	2.260	17.485	2.314	5.661	.235	65.971	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
20.70	***************************************					040	5 700	E 70
1.791	1.427	.197	1.560 1.442	.217 .193	.498 .416	.019 .017	5.709 5.145	5.70 10.85
1.640	1.265	.172		.235	.426	.020	5.710	16.56
1.946	1.362	.196	1.527		.360	.020	5.314	21.87
1.686	1.352	.192	1.457	.249				27.47
1.801	1.405	.192	1.476	.290	.412	.018	5.595	32.84
1.714	1.327	.173	1.412	.268	.462	.018	5.373	
1.449	1.338	.183	1.435	.235	.562	.019	5.221	38.06
1.986	1.356	.178	1.421	.209	.590	.018	5.760	43.82
1.851	1.313	.170	1.359	.196	.482	.017	5.388	49.21
1.956	1.340	.175	1.433	.208	.468	.018	5.598	54.81
1.896	1.311	.170	1.490	.219	.466	.017	5.571	60.38
1.617	1.319	.159	1.600	.226	.546	.018	5.486	65.86
21.332	16.117	2.158	17.611	2.745	5.687	.217	65.868	
R 1.972	1.352	.181	1.637	.243	.592	.018	R 5.995	R 5.99
R 1.786	1.212	.167	1.457	.250	.537	.016	R 5.425	R 11.42
- :	1.330	.180	1.524	.290	.495	.018	R 5.832	R 17.25
	1.276	.170	R 1.454	.263	.414	.014	R 5.412	R 22.66
1.822			1.472	.280	.461	.017	5.607	28.27
1.893 9.468	1.305 6.475	.178 .876		1.325	2.499	.083	28.271	20.27
•						004	07.470	
8.864								
	9.468 8.864 8.441	8.864 6.812	8.864 6.812 .950	8.864 6.812 .950 7.461	8.864 6.812 .950 7.461 1.185	8.864 6.812 .950 7.461 1.185 2.111	8.864 6.812 .950 7.461 1.185 2.111 .091	8.864 6.812 .950 7.461 1.185 2.111 .091 27.473

^{*}Includes lease condensate.

bNatural gas plant liquids.

^{**}Planting gas plant riquos.**

(Includes industrial and utility production of hydroelectric power.

(Includes industrial and utility production of hydroelectric power.

(Includes industrial and utility production of hydroelectric power.

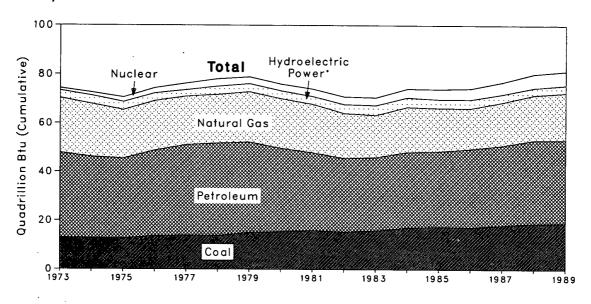
(Includes wood, waste, generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution.

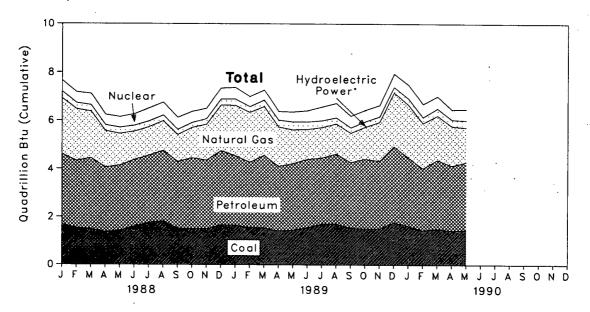
R=Revised data.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
Source: Energy Information Administration calculations based on data appearing elsewhere in this publication.

Figure 1.3 Consumption of Energy by Source

Yearly





^{*}Includes other.

Table 1.4 Consumption of Energy by Source (Quadrillion Btu)

			_	Hydro-	Nuclear			Year to
ŧ	Coal	Natural Gas*	Petro- leum	electric Power ^b	Electric Power	Otherc	Totald	Date
70 Tatal	12.971	22.512	34.840	3.010	0.910	0.039	74.282	
73 Total	12.663	21.732	33.455	3,309	1.272	.112	72.543	
74 Total	12.663	19.948	32.731	3.219	1.900	.086	70.546	
975 Total	13.584	20.345	35.175	3.066	2.111	.081	74.362	
76 Total	13.922	19.931	37.122	2.515	2.702	.097	76.288	
977 Total		20.000	37.965	3.141	3.024	.193	78.089	
378 Total	13.765	20.666	37.123	3.141	2.776	.152	78.898	
979 Total	15.039	20.394	34.202	3.118	2.739	.079	75.955	
980 Total	15.423	19.928	31.931	3.105	3.008	.111	73.990	
981 Total	15.907	18.505	30.231	3.572	3.131	.086	70.848	
982 Total	15.322		30.054	3.899	3.203	.118	70.524	
983 Total	15.894	17.357	31.051	3.757	3.553	.163	74.101	
984 Total	17.070	18.507 17.834	30.922	3.363	4,149	.199	73.945	
985 Total	17.478		32.196	3.385	4.471	.215	74.237	
986 Total	17.262	16.708	32.865	3.068	4,906	253	76.845	
987 Total	18.008	17.745	32.003	3.000	4.000	-		
988 January	1.684	2.307	2.919	.261	.480	.024	7.675	7.675
February	1.539	2.143	2.787	.231	454	.019	7.174	14.849
March	1.486	1.932	2.954	.235	.472	.026	7.105	21.953
April	1.368	1.509	2.688	.224	.430	.023	6.243	28.196
May		1.316	2.717	.243	.437	.017	6.148	34.344
June	1.601	1.173	2.769	.223	.474	.024	6.264	40.608
July	1.749	1,181	2.800	.211	.535	.028	6.504	47.112
	1.819	1.231	2.933	.209	.527	.024	6.742	53.854
August September	1.522	1.117	2.771	.194	.497	.023	6.124	59.978
October	1.498	1.265	2.949	.179	.458	.024	6.373	66.351
November	1.493	1.491	2.860	.209	.425	.020	6.499	72.850
December	1.668	1.884	3.081	.221	.473	.022	7.349	80.199
Total	18.846	18.551	34.228	2.639	5.661	.274	80.200	•
989 January	1.648	2.080	2.896	R .231	.498	.026	7.379	7.379
February	1.557	2.069	2.714	R ,212	.416	.019	R 6.988	R 14.367
March	1.547	2.016	3.017	.241	.426	.023	7.269	R 21.636
April	1.407	1.638	2.698	.259	.360	.024	6.386	P 28.02
May	1.452	1.400	2.775	R .303	.412	.024	R 6.366	P 34.388
June	1.560	1.247	2.840	.284	.462	.022	6.415	R 40.803
	1.693	1.262	2.759	R .257	.562	.022	R 6.555	47.359
July August	1.704	1.251	2.912	R .227	.590	.021	R 6.705	R 54.060
September	1.539	1.218	2.726	.205	.482	.019	6.189	R 60.25
October	1.514	1.333	2.902	.208	.468	.014	6.438	^A 66.69
November	1.521	1.615	2.810	.210	.466	.016	6.638	R 73.32
December	1.774	2.230	3.163	R .220	.546	.016	7.949	R 81.27
Total	18.916	19.358	34.211	R 2.858	5.687	.248	R 81.276	
	R 1.630	2.177	2.846	.240	.592	P .018	R 7.503	P 7.50
1990 January	R 1.630	1.876	2.579	238	.537	.016	R 6.698	R 14.20
February	R 1.511	1.839	2.865	.276	.495	.018	R 7.004	R 21.20
March		1.639	2.705	.256	.414	.014	6.463	P 27.66
April	1.436	1.438	2.825	.274	.461	.017	6.479	34.14
May 5-Month Total	1.465 7.493	8.969	13.819	1.284	2.499	.083	34.148	
o-month rotal				, .		440	34.388	•
1989 5-Month Total	7.610	9.203	14.101	1.246	2.111	.116 .109	34.366 34.344	
1988 5-Month Total	7.4 96	9.207	14.065	1.195	2.273	. 103	U-1.U-1	

^{*}Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

Pincludes industrial and utility production and net imports of electricity.

Other is net imports of coal coke and electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal

energy.

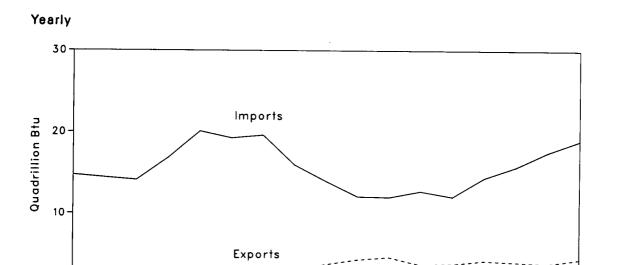
dExcludes wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution.

R=Revised data.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
Source: Energy Information Administration calculations based on data appearing elsewhere in this publication.

Figure 1.4 Energy imports and Exports

0 1973



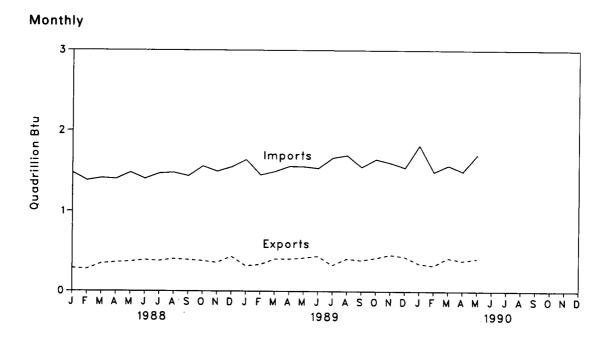


Table 1.5 Net Imports^a of Energy by Source (Quadrillion Btu)

	Coal	Crude Oil ^b	leum Products ^c	Natural Gas	Electric- ity ^d	Coal Coke	Total	to Date
ATO TAIAI	-1,422	6.883	6.097	0.981	0.148	-0.007	12.680	
973 Total		7.389	5.273	.907	.133	.056	12.190	
974 Total		8.708	3.800	.904	.064	.014	11.752	
975 Total	••	11.221	3.982	.922	.089	.000	14.648	
976 Total	••	13.921	4.321	.981	.182	.015	18.019	
977 Total		13.125	3.932	.941	.204	.125	17.323	
978 Total		13.328	3.603	1.243	.211	.063	16.746	
979 Total		10.586	2.912	.957	.217	035	12.247	
980 Total		8.854	2.522	.857	.347	016	9.646	
981 Total		6.917	2.128	.898	.306	022	7.460	
982 Total		6.731	2.351	.887	.372	016	8.311	
983 Total		-	2.970	.792	.409	011	8.959	
984 Total		6.918	2.570	.896	.423	013	7.868	
985 Total		6.381	2.855	.686	.368	017	10.375	
986 Total		8.676		.937	.475	.009	11.904	
987 Total	2.049	9.748	2.784	.937	.475	.000	11.554	
988 January	113	.816	.316	.134	.032	.003	1.189	1.189
February		.771	.303	.112	.033	.002	1.107	2.296
March		.852	.249	.107	.032	.006	1.064	3.360
April		.895	.256	.090	.026	.004	1.038	4.398
May		.952	.249	.090	.022	002	1.109	5.507
June		.918	.183	.085	.027	.005	1.012	6.519
July		.899	.267	.095	.035	.007	1.089	7.608
August		.903	.280	.088	.038	.003	1.073	8.681
September		.902	.290	.088	.025	.003	1.043	9.724
October		.985	.294	.100	.023	.004	1.176	10.900
November		.872	.346	.114	.017	.001	1.136	12.036
December		.933	.276	.118	.015	.003	1,111	13.147
Total		10.698	3.308	1.221	.325	.040	13.146	
989 January	,164	1,011	.342	R .112	₱ .014	.007	R 1.322	R 1.322
February	···	.843	.323	R .103	.019	.002	1.115	R 2.437
March		.893	.297	R .102	.006	.003	R 1.089	R 3.527
April		.994	.277	P .099	P .010	.007	R 1.151	R 4.678
May		1.025	.239	P .100	R .012	.006	^R 1.135	R 5.813
June		1.016	.211	R .095	.016	.004	R 1.093	R 6.90
July		1.124	.249	R .092	R .022	.004	R 1.337	R 8.24
August		1.172	.204	R .099	8 .018	.003	R 1.287	R 9.53
September		1.062	.226	P .108	R .009	.002	R 1.159	R 10.690
October		1.121	.238	R .113	.000	004	R 1.228	R 11.91
November		1.072	.218	.115	009	001	R 1.144	P 13.06
December		.955	.222	A .137	005	002	R 1.107	R 14.16
Total		12.286	3.046	R 1.276	R .112	.030	R 14.169	
990 January	,192	1.111	.411	R .142	E003	R .000	1.470	1.470
February		.951	.270	R .112	E011	.000	R 1.164	2.63
March		1.097	.180	P .107	E014	.001	^R 1.149	R 3.78
April		.997	.228	.114	E007	001	1.110	R 4.89
May		1.158	.299	R .102	E006	.000	1.297	6.19
5-Month Total		5.314	1.388	.578	E041	.000	6.191	
		4.765	1.478	.516	.061	.025	5.813	
1989 5-Month Total 1988 5-Month Total		4.765 4.285	1.372	.534	.146	.013	5.507	

Net imports equals imports minus exports. Minus sign indicates exports are greater than imports.

*Includes crude oil, lease condensate, and imports of crude oil for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

Includes petroleum products, unfinished oils, pentanes plus, and gasoline blending components.

Includes petroleum products, unfinished oils, pentanes plus, and gasoline blending components.

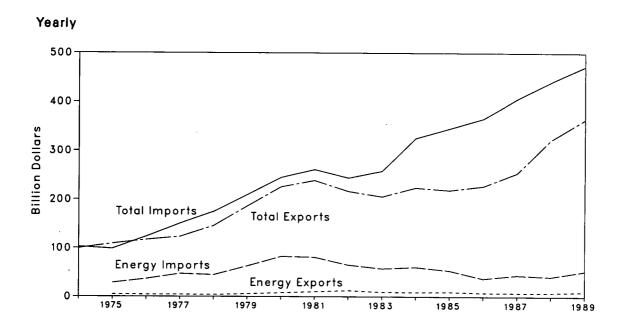
Assumed to be hydroelectricity and estimated at the average input heat rate for fossil fuel steam-electric power plant generation, which has ranged from 10.3 to 10.5 thousand Btu per kilowatthour since 1973. Actual rates applied in converting kilowatthour to Btu are listed by year in the Appendix of this publication.

R=Revised data. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration calculations based on data appearing elsewhere in this publication.

Figure 1.5 Merchandise Trade Value



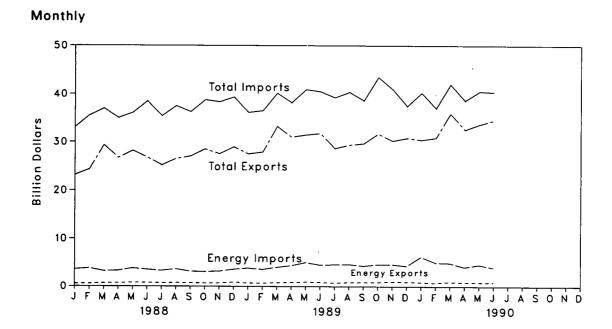


Table 1.6 Merchandise Trade Value (Million Dollars)

		Exports			Imports			Trade Balance		
	Energy	All Other	Total	Energy	All Other	Total	Energy	All Other	Total	
		NA	99,437	NA	NA	102,559	NA	NA	-3,122	
974 Total	NA			28.325	70,178	98,503	-23,855	34,208	10,353	
975 Total	4,470	104,386	108,856		87.093	123,477	-32,158	25,475	-6.683	
976 Total	4,226	112,568	116,794	36,384		150,390	-42,969	15,761	-27,208	
77 Total	4,184	118,998	123,182	47,153	103,237			11,971	-28,910	
78 Total	3,882	141,965	145,847	44,763	129,994	174,757	-40,881			
979 Total	5,675	180,688	186,363	63,077	146,381	209,458	-57,402	34,307	-23,095	
80 Total	7,982	217,584	225,566	82,924	161,947	244,871	-74,942	55,637	-19,305	
81 Total	10,279	228,436	238,715	81,360	179,622	260,982	-71,081	48,814	-22,267	
82 Total	12,729	203,713	216,442	65,409	178,543	243,952	-52,680	25,170	-27,510	
83 Total	9,500	196,139	205,639	57,952	200,096	258,048	-48,452	-3,957	-52,409	
84 Total	9,311	214,665	223,976	60,980	264,746	325,726	-51,669	-50,081	-101,750	
85 Total	9,971	208,844	218,815	53,917	291,359	345,276	-43,946	-82,515	-126,461	
986 Total	8,115	219,044	227,159	37,310	328,128	365,438	-29,195	-109,084	-138,279	
987 Total	7,713	246,409	254,122	44,220	362,021	406,241	-36,507	-115,612	-152,119	
NOO Januari	ECO	22.602	23.162	3,576	29.459	33.035	-3.016	-6.858	-9.874	
988 January	560	22,602		3,576	31,699	35,494	-3,247	-7.932	-11,179	
February	548	23,768	24,316			36,999	-2,545	-5.111	-7.656	
March	645	28,698	29,343	3,190	33,809		-2,545 -2.603	-5.630	-8.233	
April	678	26,050	26,728	3,281	31,680	34,961			-7,918	
May	763	27,430	28,193	3,800	32,308	36,108	-3,037	-4,878	•	
June	728	26,075	26,803	3,525	35,016	38,541	-2,797	-8,941	-11,738	
July	677	24,509	25,186	3,293	32,104	35,397	-2,616	-7,595	-10,211	
August	731	25,808	26,539	3,636	33,909	37,545	-2,905	-8,101	-11,006	
September	691	26,376	27,067	3,124	33,180	36,304	-2,433	-6,804	-9,237	
October	676	27,868	28,544	3,072	35,723	38,795	-2,396	-7,855	-10,25°	
November	674	26,891	27,565	3,162	35,227	38,389	-2,488	-8,336	-10,824	
December	863	28,119	28,982	3,605	35,779	39,384	-2,742	-7,660	-10,402	
Total	8,235	314,191	322,426	41,042 *	399,910	440,952	-32,807 *	-85,719	-118,520	
989 January	678	26,863	27,541	3,816	32,363	36,179	-3.138	-5.500	-8,638	
February	673	27,254	27,927	3,567	32,982	36,549	-2,894	-5,728	-8,62	
	783	32,460	33,243	4,024	36,173	40,197	-3,241	-3,713	-6,95	
March	814	30,238	31,052	4,392	33,851	38,243	-3,578	-3,613	-7,19	
April	905		31,496	5,057	35,902	40,959	-4,152	-5,311	-9,46	
May	905 R 854	30,591	31, 490 31,820	R 4,523	R 36,021	40,544	R -3,669	R -5.055	-8,72	
June		R 30,966		4,603	34,687	39,290	-3,885	-6,697	-10,58	
July	718	27,990	28,708			39,290 40,440	-3,865 -3.815	-7,219	-11,03	
August	843	28,563	29,406	4,658	35,782		-3,615 -3,486	-5,485	-8.97	
September	841	28,869	29,710	4,327	34,353	38,680		-5,465 -8,015	-11.78	
October	887	30,869	31,756	4,652	38,884	43,536	-3,765		•	
November	981	29,298	30,279	4,636	36,397	41,033	-3,655	-7,099 2,007	-10,75	
December	946	29,928	30,874	4,326	33,235	37,561	-3,380	-3,307	-6,68°	
Total	R 9,923	R 353,889	363,812	^R 52,581	^R 420,630	473,211	R -42,658	R -66,741	R -109,39	
990 January	886	29,610	30,496	6,286	34,024	40,310	-5,400	-4,414	-9,81	
February	766	30,155	30,921	5,042	32,088	37,130	-4,276	-1,933	-6,20	
March	964	34,991	35,955	4,943	37,139	42,082	-3,979	-2,147	-6,12	
April	849	31,751	32,600	4,099	34,613	38,712	-3,250	-2,862	-6,11	
May	866	R 32,812	R 33,678	4,593	R 36,010	R 40,603	-3,727	R -3,198	R -6,92	
June	869	33,661	34,530	3,976	36,479	40,455	-3,107	-2,918	-5,92	
6-Month Total .	5,201	192,979	198,180	28,940	210,351	239,291	-23,739	-17,372	-41,11	

^{*} Annual value is not equal to the sum of the months because some monthly revisions are not available for publication.

Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

R=Revised data. NA=Not available.

Notes: • Monthly data are not adjusted for seasonal variations. • The U.S. import statistics reflect both government and nongovernment imports of merchandise from foreign countries into the U.S. customs territory (which comprises the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico) and the Virgin



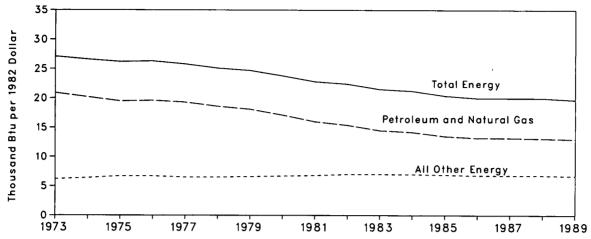


Table 1.7 Energy Consumption per Dollar of Gross National Product (Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates)

	Er	ergy Consumption	Energy Consumption			Energy Consumption per Dollar of GNP			
	Petroleum and Natural Gas	Other Energy	Total*	National Product (GNP)	Petroleum and Natural Gas	Other Energy	Total		
		Quadrillion Btu		Trillion 1982 Dollars	Thousar	nd Btu per 1982 D	ollar		
973 Year	57.352	16.930	74.282	2.744	20.9	6.2	27.1		
974 Year	55.187	17.356	72.543	2.729	20.2	6.4	26.6		
975 Year	52.678	17.868	70.546	2.695	19.5	6.6	26.2		
976 Year	55.520	18.842	74.362	2.827	19.6	6.7	26.3		
977 Year	57.053	19.235	76.288	2.959	19.3	· 6.5	25.8		
978 Year	57.966	20.123	78.089	3.115	18.6	6.5	25.1		
979 Year	57.789	21.109	78.898	3.192	18.1	6.6	24.7		
980 Year	54.596	21.359	75.955	3.187	17.1	6.7	23.8		
981 Year	51.859	22.131	73.990	3.249	16.0	6.8	22.8		
982 Year	48.736	22.112	70.848	3.166	15.4	7.0	22.4		
983 Year	47.411	23.113	70.524	3.279	14.5	7.0	21.5		
984 Year	49.558	24.543	74.101	3.501	14.2	7.0	21.2		
985 Year	48.756	25.189	73.945	3.619	13.5	7.0	20.4		
986 Year	48.904	25.333	74.237	3.718	13.2	6.8	20.0		
987 Year	50.610	26.235	76.845	R 3.845	R 13.2	6.8	R 20.0		
388 1st Quarterb	53.838	27.543	R 81.365	R 3.970	R 13.6	R 6.9	20.5		
2 nd Quarter ^b	52.036	27.249	R 79.354	R 4:006	13.0	6.8	19.8		
3rd Quarterb	52.302	27.856	80.158	R 4.032	R 13.0	6.9	R 19.9		
4th Quarterb	52.939	27.028	P 79.923	R 4.059	13.0	6.7	19.7		
Year	52.779	27.421	80.200	R 4.017	13.1	6.8	R 20.0		
989 1st Quarterb	53.363	27.541	R 80.900	R 4.096	13.0	6.7	R 19.8		
2 nd Quarter ^b	53.751	27.544	R 81.303	R 4.112	R 13.1	6.7	R 19.8		
3rd Quarterb	52.627	27.594	R 80.209	R 4.130	R 12.7	R 6.7	R 19.4		
4th Quarterb	54.540	28.148	R 82.692	R 4.133	R 13.2	R 6.8	R 20.0		
Year	53.569	27.710	R 81.276	R 4.118	R 13.0	6.7	R 19.7		
990 1 st Quarter ^b	51.039	28.109	₱ 79.160	R 4.151	R 12.3	R 6.8	R 19.1		

^{*}Excludes wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution.

•Quarterly data are seasonally adjusted and shown at annual rates.

R=Revised data.

Sources: See end of section.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Yearly data may not equal average of quarters due to seasonality adjustments and independent rounding.

Figure 1.7 U.S. Dependence on Petroleum Net Imports

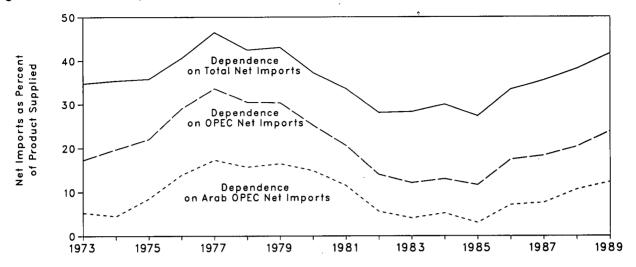


Table 1.8 U.S. Dependence on Petroleum Net Imports^a

	ļ	Net Imports ^b				orts as Perce um Products	
Annual Rate	From Arab OPEC°	From OPEC ^d	From All Countries	Petroleum Products Supplied	From Arab OPEC°	From OPEC ^d	From All Countries
Pullida Hato		Thousand Ba	arrels per Day	Percent			
973 Average	914	2,991	6.025	17,308	5.3	17.3	34.8
974 Average	752	3,277	5,892	16,653	4.5	19.7	35.4
975 Average	1,382	3,599	5,846	16,322	8.5	22.0	35.8
976 Average	2,423	5,063	7.090	17,461	13.9	29.0	40.6
977 Average	3,184	6,190	8,565	18,431	17.3	33.6	46.5
978 Average	2,962	5,747	8,002	18,847	15.7	30.5	42.5
979 Average	3,054	5,633	7.985	18,513	16.5	30.4	43.1
980 Average	2,549	4,293	6,365	17.056	14.9	25.2	37.3
981 Average	1,844	3,315	5,401	16,058	11.5	20.6	33.6
982 Average	852	2,136	4,298	15,296	5.6	14.0	28.1
983 Average	630	1.843	4,312	15,231	4.1	12.1	28.3
984 Average	817	2,037	4,715	15,726	5.2	13.0	30.0
985 Average	470	1,821	4,286	15,726	3.0	11.6	27.3
986 Average	1,160	2,828	5,439	16,281	7.1	17.4	33.4
987 Average	1,272	3,053	5,914	16,665	7.6	18.3	35.5
988 1st Quarter	1,676	3,210	6,263	17,588	9.5	18.3	35.6
2 nd Quarter	1,655	3,507	6,518	16,601	10.0	21.1	39.3
3rd Quarter	1,995	3,655	6,623	17,083	11.7	21.4	38.8
4 th Quarter	2,020	3,675	6,937	17,857	11.3	20.6	38.8
Average	1,837	3,513	6,587	17,283	10.6	20.3	38.1
989 1 st Quarter	2,046	3,911	7,080	17,719	11.5	22.1	40.0
2 nd Quarter	2,055	4,015	7,084	16,885	12.2	23.8	42.0
3rd Quarter	2,318	4,383	7,512	16,870	13.7	26.0	44.5
4th Quarter	2,091	4,180	7,127	17,830	11.7	23.4	40.0
Average	2,128	4,124	7,202	17,325	12.3	23.8	41.6
990 1st Quarter	2,399	4,578	7,661	17,025	14.1	26.9	45.0

^{*}Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserves are included.

Net imports equals imports minus exports. Imports from members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) exclude Indirect imports, which are petroleum products imported primarily from Caribbean and West European areas and refined from crude oil produced by OPEC.

The Arab members of OPEC are Algeria, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates. Net imports from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia are included in net imports from "Arab OPEC."

dOPEC consists of Ecuador, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Nigeria, and Venezuela, as well as the Arab members.

Notes:
Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
Annual averages may not equal average of quarters due to in-

dependent rounding.

Sources: See end of section.

Figure 1.8 Cost of Fuels to End Users in Constant (1982-84) Dollars

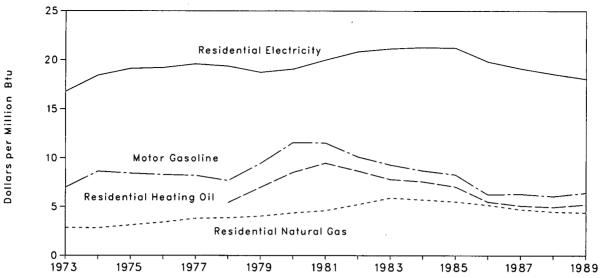


Table 1.9 Cost of Fuels to End Users in Constant (1982-84) Dollars^a

	Leaded Motor G		Resid Heati		Resid Natura		Residential Electricity	
	Cents/Gal	\$/MMBtu	Cents/Gal	\$/MMBtu	Cents/Mcf	\$/MMBtu	Cents/kWh	\$/MMBtı
973 Average	87.4	6.99	NA	NA.	290.5	2.85	5.72	16.77
974 Average	107. 9	8.63	NA	NA	290.1	2.83	6.29	18.43
975 Average	105.4	8.43	NA	NA	317.8	3.12	6.52	19.12
976 Average	103.7	8.29	NA	NA	348.0	3.41	6.56	19.21
977 Average	102.6	8.21	NA	NA	387.8	3.81	6.68	19.59
978 Average	96.0	7.68	75.2	5.42	392.6	3.86	6.61	19.37
979 Average	118.0	9.44	97.0	6.99	410.5	4.03	6.39	18.73
980 Average	144.5	11.56	118.2	8.52	446.6	4.36	6.50	19.06
981 Average	144.2	11.53	131.4	9.47	471.9	4.60	6.82	19.99
982 Average	126.6	10.12	120.2	8.67	535.8	5.22	7.11	20.83
983 Average	116.2	9.29	108.2	7.80	608.4	5.90	7.21	21.13
984 Average	108.7	8.69	105.0	7.57	589.0	5.72	7.26	21.27
985 Average	103.6	8.29	97.9	7.06	568.8	5.52	7.24	21.22
986 Average	78.2	6.25	76.3	5.50	531.9	5.17	6.76	19.82
987 Average	79.0	6.31	70.7	5.10	487.7	4.73	6.52	19.12
988 1st Quarter	74.3	5.94	72.3	5.21	440.1	4.28	6.05	17.72
2 nd Quarter	76.7	6.13	69.3	5.00	503.0	4.89	6.44	18.88
3 rd Quarter	78.4	6.27	63.3	4.56	572.6	5.56	6.62	19.42
4 th Quarter	74.8	5.98	64.8	4.68	468.0	4.55	6.22	18.22
Average	76.0	6.08	68.7	4.96	462.4	4.49	6.33	18.56
989 1 st Quarter	73.1	5.85	70.6	5.09	444.5	4.32	5.91	17.32
2 nd Quarter	87.2	6.97	69.7	5.02	485.9	4.72	6.27	18.39
3rd Quarter	83.3	6.66	65.5	4.72	554.9	5.39	6.47	18.97
4 th Quarter	77.8	6.22	74.5	5.37	448.0	4.35	6.00	17.60
Average	80.4	6.43	72.6	5.23	454.0	4.41	6.16	18.06
990 1st Quarter	78.5	6.28	79.5	5.73	432.8	4.21	5.80	16.99

^aFuel costs shown on this page are calculated using the Urban Consumer Price Index (CPI) developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. See Note 6 at end of section.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Annual averages may not equal average of quarters due to independent rounding. • Quarterly values are simple averages of the monthly data shown in Tables 9.4, 9.8c, 9.11, and 9.9 (Monthly Series), adjusted by the CPI. The annual values are taken from the four source tables and then adjusted by the CPI. Sources: See end of section.

NA=Not available.

Figure 1.9 Passenger Car Efficiency

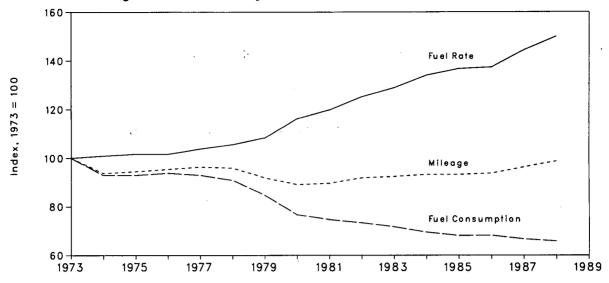


Table 1.10 Passenger Car Efficiency

	Mi	leage	Fuel Co	nsumption	Fuel Rate		
	Miles per Car	Index 1973=100.0	Gallons per Car	Index 1973=100.0	Miles per Gallon	Index 1973=100.0	
973	10,256	100.0	771	100.0	13.30	100.0	
974	9,606	93.7	716	.92.9	13.42	100.9	
975	9,690	94.5	716	92.9	13.52	101.7	
976	9,785	95.4	723	93.8	13.53	101.7	
977	9,879	96.3	716	92.9	13.80	103.8	
978	9,835	95.9	701	90.9	14.04	105.6	
79	9,403	91.7	653	84.7	14.41	108.3	
980	9,141	89.1	591	76.7	15.46	116.2	
981	9,186	89.6	576	74.7	15.94	119.8	
982	9,428	91.9	566	73.4	16.65	125.2	
983	9,475	92.4	553	71.7	17.14	128.9	
984	9,558	93.2	536	69.5	17.83	134.1	
985	9,560	93.2	525	68.1	18.20	136.8	
986	9,608	93.7	526	68.2	18.27	137.4	
987	9,878	96.3	514	66.7	19.20	144.4	
988*	10,119	98.7	507	65.8	19.95	150.0	

^aPreliminary data. Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Sources: See end of section.

Table 1.11 Population-Weighted Cooling Degree-Days^a

		July	1 through J	uly 31			Januar	Cumulative y 1 through		
_				Percent	Change				Percent	Change
Census Divisions	Normal ^b	1989	1990	Normal to 1990	1989 to 1990	Normalb	1989	1990	Normal to 1990	1989 to 199
New England					-					-
CT, ME, MA,				İ					1	
NH, RI, VT	183	160	194	6.0	21.3	255	243	264	3.5	8.6
Middle Atlantic										
NJ, NY, PA	250	242	263	5.2	8.7	408	426	425	4.2	2
East North Central										
IL, IN, MI, OH, WI	249	276	223	-10.4	-19.2	456	452	424	-7.0	-6.2
West North Central IA, KS, MN, MO, NE,										-
ND, SD	319	330	280	-12.2	-15.2	620	569	558	-10.0	-1.9
South Atlantic DE, FL, GA, MD and DC, NC, SC, VA, WV	404	411	441	9.2	7.3	1,039	1,153	1,198	15.3	3.9
East South Central										
AL, KY,	_									
MS, TN	413	399	416	.7	4.3	924	889	941	1.8	5.8
West South Central						٠.				
OK, TX	561	514	515	-8.2	.2	1,405	1,438	1,496	6.5	4.0
Mountain AZ, CO, ID, MT, NV, NM,			:				•			
UT, WY	324	362	304	-6.2	-16.0	603	768	707	17.2	-7.8
Pacific CA, OR, WA	195	100	004	440	04.0		004			
OA, ON, WA	193	166	224	14.9	34.9	277	281	327	18.1	16.4
I.S. Average ^c	317	313	315	6	.6	659	686	701	6.4	2.2

See Note 7 at end of section.
 Normal is based on calculations of data from 1951 through 1980.
 Excludes Alaska and Hawaii.
 Source: See end of section.

Energy Summary Notes and Sources

Notes

- 1. Energy Production: Production of energy includes production of coal, crude oil and lease condensate, natural gas plant liquids, natural gas (dry), electric utility and industrial production of hydroelectric power, and electricity generated from nuclear power. Production also includes electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy but excludes other energy obtained from those sources because consistent historical data are not available. The volumetric data are converted to approximate heat contents (Btu values) of these energy sources using the conversion factors provided in the Appendix.
- 2. Energy Consumption: Consumption of energy includes consumption of coal, natural gas (including supplemental gaseous fuels), petroleum products supplied, electric utility and industrial production of hydroelectric power, net imports of electricity (assumed to be hydroelectricity), net imports of coal coke, and electricity generated from nuclear power. Consumption also includes electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy but excludes other energy obtained from those sources because consistent historical data are not available. Approximate heat contents (Btu values) are derived using the conversion factors provided in the Appendix.
- 3. Energy Imports: Energy imports include imports of coal, crude oil (including crude oil imported for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve), petroleum products, natural gas, electricity (assumed to be hydroelectricity), and coal coke. Approximate heat contents (Btu values) are derived using the conversion factors provided in the Appendix. For further information on electricity, see "Note for imports and exports of electricity" under Note 7 of the Notes and Sources for the Consumption Section.
- 4. Energy Exports: Energy exports include coal, crude oil, petroleum products, natural gas, electricity produced from hydroelectric power, and coal coke. Approximate heat contents (Btu values) are derived using the conversion factors provided in the Appendix. For more information on electricity, see "Note for imports and exports of electricity" under Note 7 of the Notes and Sources for the Consumption Section.
- 5. Merchandise Trade Value: Import data presented are based on the customs value. That value does not include insurance and freight and is consequently lower than the cost, insurance, and freight (CIF) value, which is also reported by the Bureau of the Census. All export

data, and import data prior to 1981, are on a free alongside ship (f.a.s.) basis.

"Trade Balance" is exports minus imports; a positive balance indicates a surplus trade value and a negative balance indicates a deficit trade value. The "Energy" columns include mineral fuels, lubricants, and related material. "All Other" and "Total" columns include foreign exports (i.e., reexports) and nonmonetary gold and Department of Defense Grant-Aid shipments. The "All Other" columns are calculated by subtracting "Energy" from "Total."

"Imports" consist of government and nongovernment shipments of merchandise into the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and the U.S. Foreign Trade Zones. They reflect the total arrival from foreign countries of merchandise that immediately entered consumption channels, warehouses, the Foreign Trade Zones, or the Strategic Petroleum Reserve. They exclude shipments between the United States, Puerto Rico, and U.S. possessions, shipments to U.S. Armed Forces and diplomatic missions abroad for their own use, U.S. goods returned to the United States by its Armed Forces, and in-transit shipments.

6. The Consumer Price Index: The values for the Consumer Price Index, All Urban Consumers, All Items, 1982-84=100, are as follows:

1973 1974 1975 1976	44.4 49.3 53.8 56.9	1988:	1st Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter	116.1 117.5 119.1 120.3
1977	60.6		Year	118.3
1978	65.2	1989:	1st Quarter	121.7
1979	72.6		2nd Quarter	123.7
1980	82.4		3rd Quarter	124.7
1981	90.9		4th Quarter	125.9
1982	96.5		Year	124.0
1983	99.6	1990:	1st Quarter	128.0
1984	103.9			
1985	107.6			
1986	109.6		•	
1987	113.6			

7. Degree-Days: Degree-days are relative measurements of outdoor air temperature. Cooling degree-days are defined as deviations of the mean daily temperature at a sampling station above a base temperature equal to 65 °F by convention. Heating degree-days are deviations of the mean daily temperature below 65 °F. For example, if a weather station recorded a mean daily temperature of 78 °F, cooling degree-days for that station would be 13 (and heating degree-days, 0). A weather station recording a mean daily temperature of 40 °F would report 25 heating degree-days (and 0 cooling degree-days).

There are several degree-day data bases maintained by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. The information published in the Monthly Energy Review (MER) is developed by the National Weather Service Climate Analysis Center, Camp Springs, MD. The data are available weekly with monthly summaries and are based on mean daily temperatures recorded at about 200 major weather stations around the country. The temperature information recorded at those weather stations is used to calculate statewide degreeday averages based on population. The State figures are then aggregated into Census Divisions and into the national average. The population weights currently used represent resident State population data estimated for 1980 by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. The data shown in the MER are available sooner than the Historical Climatology Series 5-1 and 5-2 developed by the National Climatic Center, Asheville, NC, which compiles data from some 8,000 weather stations.

Sources

Merchandise Trade Value: 1974 through 1980: U.S. Department of Commerce (DOC), Bureau of the Census, "Highlights of U.S. Export and Import Trade," FT990 (January 1982), Appendix for total imports and exports. Energy imports and exports from DOC, Bureau of the Census, "Summary of U.S. Export and Import Merchandise Trade," December issues, plus Bureau of the Census reports EA691 "Exports from the Virgin Islands to Foreign Countries," and IA245V "U.S. Imports for Consumption and General Imports into the Virgin Islands." 1981 forward: DOC, Bureau of the Census, "Summary of U.S. Export and Import Merchandise Trade," most recent monthly issue.

Gross National Product: 1973 through 1988: Economic Report of the President, February 1990, Table C-2; 1989 forward: DOC, Bureau of Economic Analysis, United States Department of Commerce News, July 27,1990, Table 2

U.S. Dependence on Petroleum Net Imports: Imports and Products Supplied--Section 3 of this publication. Exports--1973 through 1976: U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Mines, Mineral Industry Surveys.

1977 through 1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, "Petroleum Statement, Annual." 1981-1989: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual. 1990 forward: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.

Cost of Fuels to End Users in Constant (1982-84) Dollars:

- Leaded Regular Motor Gasoline--U.S. Department of Labor (DOL), Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS), Consumer Prices: Energy, monthly.
- Residential Heating Oil--1983 forward: EIA, Form EIA-782-A, "Refiners/Gas Plant Operators' Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report" and Form EIA-782B, "Resellers/Retailers' Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report." Prices prior to 1983 are EIA estimates using data from Form FEA-P112-M1/EIA-9, "No. 2 Heating Oil Supply/Price Monitoring Report" and Form EIA-9A, "No. 2 Distillate Price Monitoring Report." See Note 6 in the Notes and Sources Monthly Energy Review Section 9, Price, for additional information.
- Residential Natural Gas--Annual data from EIA, Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." Monthly data from EIA, Form EIA-857, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Purchases and Deliveries to Consumers."
- Residential Electricity--1973 through February 1980: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FPC-5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenue and Income"; March 1980 forward: FERC, Form FERC-5, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement."
- Deflator--1973 through 1988: Economic Report of the President, February 1990, Table C-58; 1989 forward: Council of Economic Advisers, Economic Indicators, February 1990, table titled, "Consumer Prices - All Urban Consumers."

Passenger Car Efficiency: Indices are prepared from statistics published by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Federal Highway Statistics Division. 1967-1985: "Highway Statistics Summary to 1985," Table VM-201A; 1986 forward: Highway Statistics, Table VM-1.

Section 2. Consumption

U.S. total energy consumption in May 1990 was 6.5 quadrillion Btu. Petroleum products accounted for 44 percent¹ of the energy consumed in May 1990, while coal accounted for 23 percent and natural gas accounted for 22 percent.

Residential and commercial sector consumption was 2.1 quadrillion Btu in May 1990, up slightly from the May 1989 level. The sector accounted for 32 percent of May 1990 total consumption, about the same share as in May 1989.

Industrial sector consumption was 2.5 quadrillion Btu in May 1990, up 4 percent from the May 1989 level. The industrial sector accounted for 39 percent of May 1990 total consumption, up 1 percentage point from its 38-percent share in May 1989.

Transportation sector consumption of energy was 1.9 quadrillion Btu in May 1990, up 1 percent from the May 1989 level. The sector consumed 30 percent of May 1990 total consumption, about the same share as in May 1989.

Electric utility consumption of energy totaled 2.3 quadrillion Btu in May 1990, up 1 percent from the May 1989 level. Coal contributed 53 percent of the energy consumed by electric utilities in May 1990, while nuclear electric power contributed 20 percent; hydroelectric power, 12 percent; natural gas, 11 percent; petroleum, 4 percent; and wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy, about 1 percent.

Table 2.1 Energy Consumption Summary for May 1990 (Quadrillion Btu)

			Sector			
Energy Source	Residential and Commercial	Industrial	Transportation	Electric Utilities	Total	
Coal	0.010	0.227	(*)	1.230	1.465	
Natural Gasb	.413	.730	0.048	.246	1.438	
Petroleum Products	.193	.671	1.860	.101	2.825	
Hydroelectric Power	•	.003	-	.270	.274	
Nuclear Electric Power	•		•	.461	.461	
Net Imports of Coal Coke	-	.000	-	-	.000	
Other ^c	-	•	-	.017	.017	
Primary Consumption	.616	1.632	1.908	2.325	6.479	
Electricity	.439	.268	.001			
let Consumption	1.055	1.900	1.909		4.862	
Electrical System Energy Losses	1.003	.612	.003		1.617	
Total Consumptiond	2.058	2.512	1.912		6.479	

^{*}Small amounts of coal consumed for transportation are reported as industrial sector consumption.

bincludes supplemental gaseous fuels. Transportation sector is pipeline fuel only.

Other is electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.

⁴Excludes wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution.

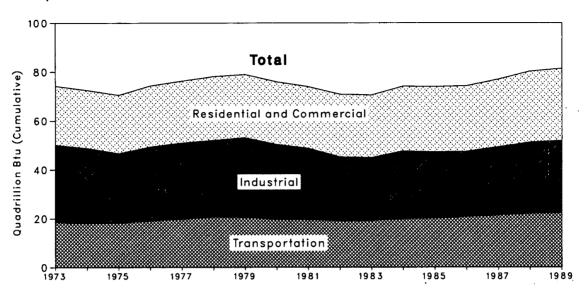
Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding and the use of sector-specific conversion factors for natural gas and coal.

Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

¹Percentage changes are based on numbers in the following tables.

Figure 2.1 Consumption of Energy by End-Use Sector





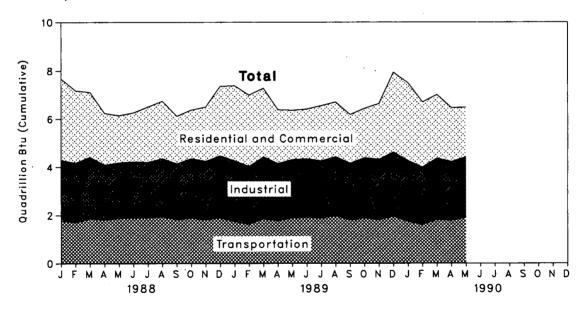


Table 2.2 Consumption of Energy by End-Use Sector (Quadrillion Btu)

	Residential a	nd Commercial	Indu	strial	Transp	ortation	Total	Total
	Net	Gross	Net	Gross	Net	Gross	Net	Gross
973 Total	15.766	24.143	25.917	31.527	18.584	18.605	60.274	74.282
974 Total	15,246	23.724	24.994	30.695	18.095	18.117	58.341	72.543
975 Total		23.900	22.738	28.401	18.219	18.244	56.157	70.546
976 Total		25.020	24.038	30.234	19.076	19.101	59.119	74.36
977 Total		25.387	24.594	31.075	19.794	19.819	60.223	76.28
978 Total		26.088	24.636	31.388	20.589	20.611	61.251	78.089
979 Total		25.809	25.679	32,615	20.447	20.472	61.836	78.898
980 Total		25.653	23.853	30.608	19.669	19.695	58.597	75.95
981 Total		25.243	22.534	29.238	19.480	19.507	56.556	73.990
		25.831	20.015	26.139	19.443	19.069	53.697	70.848
982 Total								
983 Total		25.631	19.396	25.751	19.109	19.135	52.907	70.524
984 Total		26.501	21.065	27.728	19.843	19.871	55.923	74.101
985 Total		26.731	20.439	27.120	20.066	20.097	55.391	73.94
986 Total		26.834	20.138	26.646	20.728	20.758	55.678	74.237
987 Total	15.177	27.621	21.178	27.872	21.328	21.357	57.678	76.84
988 January	2.186	3.381	1:969	2.519	1.770	1.773	5.926	7.67
February	1.973	3.001	1.951	2.468	1.702	1.705	5.627	7.174
March		2.686	2.007	2.560	1.859	1.862	5.542	7.105
April		2.154	1.739	2.272	1.818	1.820	4.814	6.243
May		1.965	1.722	2.318	1.865	1.867	4.602	6.14
June		2.031	1.704	2.329	1.899	1.901	4.519	6.264
July		2,294	1.672	2.295	1.909	1.912	4.565	6.504
August		2.376	1.793	2.429	1.928	1.931	4.745	6.742
September		1.978	1.778	2.315	1.828	1.831	4.558	6.124
October	1.063	2.016	1.912	2.480	1.876	1.879	4.850	6.373
November		2.250	1.864	2.430	1.817	1.820	4.979	6.499
December		2.871	2.003	2.592	1.884	1.886	5.642	7.348
Total		28.999	22.115	29.010	22.155	22.186	60.371	80.200
989 January	1.977	R 3.111	1.987	2.526	1.739	1.742	5.703	7.378
February		R 2.954	1.882	2,406	1.626	1.629	5.410	R 6.988
March		2.842	2.024	2.569	1.858	1.861	5.641	7.269
April		R 2.232	1.840	2.385	1.771	1.773	4.912	6.386
May		R 2.049	1.810	2.427	1.889	1.892	4.743	P 6.366
June		2.062	1.811	2.429	1.920	1.923	4.679	6.415
July		R 2.288	1.741	2.370	1.891	1.894	4.624	R 6.555
August		R 2.264	1.820	2.455	1.979	1.982	4.795	R 6.705
September		2.023	1.812	2.363	1.799	1.802	4.580	6.189
October		2.045	1.912	2.508	1.885	1.887	4.858	6.438
November		2.310	1.912	2.508	1.825	1.827	5.064	6.638
December		# 3.317	2.033	2.502 2.670	1.025	1.027	6.040	7.949
Total		R 29.497	2.033 22.585	2.670 29.611	22.139	22.170	61.049	7.948 R 81.276
i Otal	10.320	·· 29.48/	22.565	29.011	22.139	22.170	61.048	01.270
90 January		R 3.226	P 2.013	P 2.535	1.738	1.741	⁸ 5.828	R 7.503
February		R 2.700	R 1.856	P 2.383	1.614	1.616	R 5.191	R 6.698
March		2.627	^R 1.980	R 2.560	1.816	1.819	R 5.387	R 7.004
April		2.234	1.892	2.448	1.781	1.784	4.968	6.463
May		2.058	1.900	2.512	1.909	1.912	4.862	6.479
5-Month Total	7.742	12.844	9.641	12.437	8.859	8.872	26.236	34.148
989 5-Month Total	7.992	13.188	9.543	12.313	8.883	8.896	26.409	34.388
988 5-Month Total	8.115	13.187	9.389	12.138	9.015	9.027	26.511	34.344

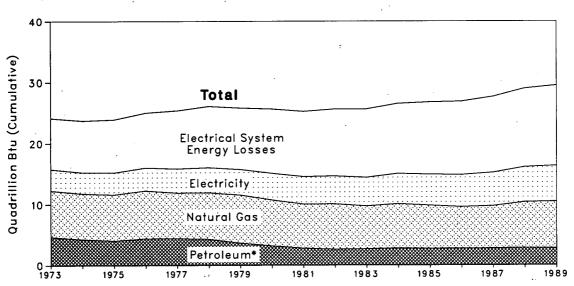
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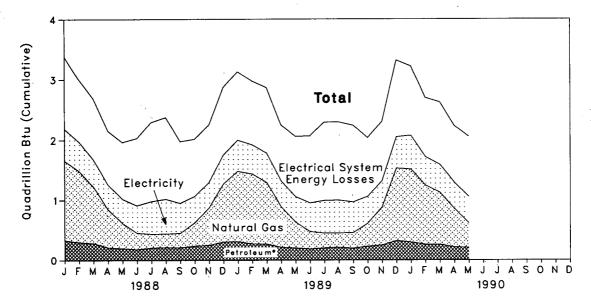
Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding and the use of sector-specific conversion factors for natural gas and coal.

Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

Figure 2.2 Consumption of Energy by the Residential and Commercial Sector







^{*}Includes coal.

Table 2.3 Consumption of Energy by the Residential and Commercial Sector (Quadrillion Btu)

	Coal	Natural Gas•	Petroleum	Electricity	Net Consumption	Electrical System Energy Losses	Total Consump- tion ^b	Year to Date
1973 Total	0.254	7.626	4.391	3.495	15.766	8.377	24.143	
1974 Total	.257	7.518	3.996	3.475	15.246	8.478	23.724	
1975 Total	.209	7.581	3.805	3.604	15.200	8,700	23.900	
1976 Total	.203	7.866	4.181	3.747	15.997	9.023	25.020	
977 Total	.205	7.461	4.206	3.955	15.828	9.559	25.387	
1978 Total	.214	7.624	4.070	4.116	16.023	10.065	26.088	
	.187	7.891	3.448	4.184	15.709	10.101	25.809	
1979 Total	.145	7.540	3.035	4.355	15.075	10.171	25.653	
1980 Total						10.703	25.053 25.243	
1981 Total	.167	7.243	2.634	4.497	14.540			
1982 Total	.187	7.427	2.449	4.566	14.630	11.001	25.631	
1983 Total	.192	7.025	2.498	4.680	14.396	11.235	25.631	
984 Total	.209	7.291	2.585	4.928	15.014	11.487	26.501	
1985 Total	.176	7.078	2.573	5.061	14.888	11.843	26.731	
1986 Total	.176	6.824	2.576	5.235	14.812	~ 12.022	26.834	
1987 Total	.162	6.954	2.618	5.443	15.177	12.443	27.621	
988 January	.019	1.332	.308	.527	2.186	1.195	3.381	3.381
February	.016	1.194	.276	.488	1.973	1.028	3.001	6.382
March	.012	.951	.263	.451	1.677	1.008	2.686	9.068
April	.014	.643	.192	.411	1.260	.893	2.154	11.222
May	.008	.425	.185	.400	1.018	.947	1.965	13.187
June	.010	.272	.167	.465	.914	1.117	2.031	15.218
July	.016	.230	.186	.549	.981	1.313	2.294	17.512
August	.015	.226	.194	.582	1.017	1.359	2.376	19.888
September	.009	.240	.197	.506	.951	1.026	1.978	21.866
October	.011	.394	.220	.439	1.063	.953	2.016	23.882
November	.014	.630	.231	.425	1.300	.951	2.250	26,132
December	.023	.977	.275	.481	1.756	1,115	2.871	29.003
Total	.168	7.512	2.693	5.724	16.096	12.903	28.999	
1989 January	.015	1.155	.288	.519	1.977	1,134	R 3.111	R 3.111
February	.016	1.148	.251	.486	1.902	1.052	R 2.954	R 6.065
March	.012	1.012	.251	.487	1.762	1.080	2.842	8.908
April	.012	.664	.198	.431	1.305	.927	R 2.232	11.140
May	.008	.424	.191	.423	1.046	R 1.003	R 2.049	13.188
June	.007	.281	.177	.482	.947	1,115	2.062	15.250
	.012	.243	.186	.548	.989	R 1.299	R 2.288	17.539
July August	.012	.233	.198	.540 .551	.992	R 1.272	R 2.264	R 19.802
September	.007	.253 .257	.187	.516	.967	1.056	2.023	R 21.826
October	.007	.388	.223	.448	1.064	.981	2.025	R 23.871
	.005	.366 .648	.223 .231	.446 .437	1.328	.981	2.045	R 26.181
November	.013	1,209	.288	.437 .523	2.047	1.270	R 3.317	R 29.498
December Total	.145	7.661	.288 2.668	.523 5.851	2.047 16.326	P 13.171	R 29.497	29.490
10tai	.145	7.001	2.000	5.051	10.320	13.171	29.497	
990 January	R .017	1.223	.273	.563	F 2.076	1.150	R 3.226	R 3.226
February	R .015	.996	.239	.472	P 1.722	.978	R 2.700	R 5.926
March	.013	.875	.239	.466	1.592	1.034	2.627	R 8.552
April	.010	.651	.198	.437	1.297	.937	2.234	P 10.787
May	.010	.413	.193	.439	1.055	1.003	2.058	12.844
5-Month Total	.066	4.158	1.142	2.376	7.742	5.102	12.844	
989 5-Month Total	.063	4.402	1.180	2.347	7.992	5.197	13.188	
988 5-Month Total	.070	4.544	1.224`	2.277	8.115	5.072	13.187	

^{*}includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

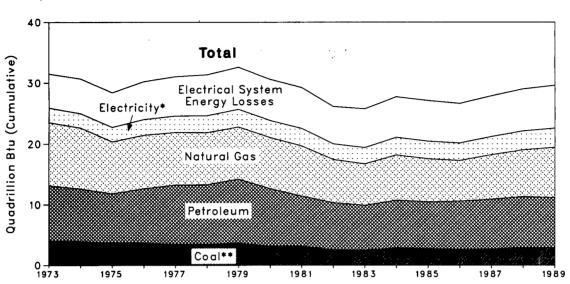
^{*}Excludes wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution.

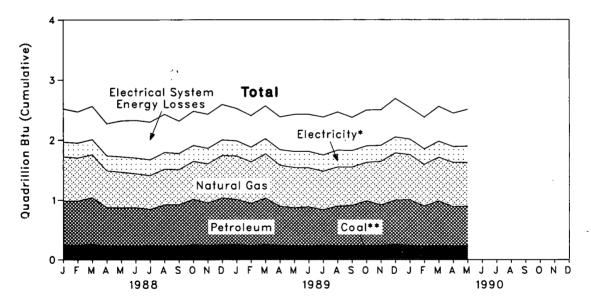
R=Revised data.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

Figure 2.3 Consumption of Energy by the Industrial Sector







^{*}Includes hydroelectric power.
**Includes net imports of coal coke.

Table 2.4 Consumption of Energy by the Industrial Sector (Quadrillion Btu)

•		Coal	Natural Gasª	Petro- leum	Hydro- electric Power	Net Imports of Coal Coke	Electricity	Net Consump- tion	Electrical System Energy Losses	Total Consump- tion ^b	Year to Date
1973	Total	4.057	10.388	9.104	0.035	-0.007	2.341	25.917	5.611	31.527	
	Total	3.870	10.003	8.694	.033	.056	2.337	24.994	5.701	30.695	
	Total	3.667	8.532	8.146	.032	.014	2.346	22.738	5.664	28.401	
	Total	3.661	8.761	9.010	.033	004	2.573	24.038	6.196	30.234	
	Total	3.454	8.636	9.774	.033	.015	2.682	24.594	6.481	31.075	
	Total	3.314	8.539	9.867	.032	.125	2.761	24.636	6.751	31.388	
	Total	3.593	8.549	10.568	.034	.063	2.873	25.679	6.935	32.615	
	Total	3.155	8.394	9.525	.033	035	2.781	23.853	6.755	30.608	
	Total	3.157	8.257		.033	035 016	2.817				
				8.285				22.534	6.705	29.238	
	Total	2.552	7.116	7.794	.033	022	2.542	20.015	6.124	26.139	
1983	Total	2.490	6.821	7.420	.033	016	2.648	19.396	6.356	25.751	
	Total	2.842	7.449	7.894	.033	011	2.859	21.065	6.663	27.728	
	Total	2.760	7.080	7.725	.033	013	2.855	20.439	6.681	27.120	
	Total	2.643	6.693	7.953	.032	017	2.834	20.138	6.507	26.646	
1987	Total	2.673	7.325	8.210	.032	.009	2.928	21.178	6.694	27.872	
988	January	.245	.738	.737	.003	.003	.242	1.969	.550	2.519	2.51
	February	.240	.719	.743	.003	.002	.245	1.951	.517	2.468	4.98
	March	.248	.717	.786	.003	.006	.248	2.007	.553	2.560	7.54
	April	.226	.613	.648	.003	.004	.245	1.739	.533	2.272	9.82
	May	.232	.594	.643	.003	002	.252	1.722	.596	2.318	12.13
	June	.223	.564	.648	.003	.005	.260	1.704	.625	2.329	14.46
	July	.230	.563	.609	.003	.007	.261	1.672	.624	2.295	16.76
	August	.225	.600	.691	.002	.003	.272	1.793	.635	2.429	19.190
	September	.227	.590	.691	.002	.003	.265	1.778	.537	2.315	21.500
	October	.245	.633	.766	.002	.004	.261	1.912	.568	2.480	23.986
	November	.241	.654	.712	.002	.001	.253	1.864	.566	2,430	26.410
	December	.246	.709	.788	.002	.003	.254	2.003	.589	2.592	29.00
	Total	2.828	7.693	8.463	.032	.040	3.059	22.115	6.895	29.010	
1989	January	.245	.723	.762	.003	.007	.247	1.987	.539	2.526	2.52
	February	.237	.693	.706	.003	.002	.242	1.882	.524	2.406	4.93
	March	.248	.738	.785	.003	.003	.246	2.024	.545	2.569	R 7.500
	April	.233	.689	.655	.003	.007	.253	1.840	.545	2.385	9.886
	May	.230	.673	.637	.003	.006	.260	1.810	.617	2.427	12.31
	June	.226	.654	.656	.003	.004	.267	1.811	,618	2.429	14.742
	July	.226	.645	.598	.003	.004	.265	1.741	.629	2.370	17.11
	August	.221	.656	.664	.002	.003	.275	1.820	R .634	2.455	19.56
	September	.220	.643	.677	.002	.002	.269	1.812	.551	2.363	21.93
	October	.250	.640	.752	.002	004	.272	1.912	.596	2.508	24.438
	November	.241	.727	.680	.002	001	.263	1.912	.590	2.502	26.940
	December	.237	.784	.750	.002	002	.262	2.033	.637	2.670	29.610
	Total	2.815	8.265	8.321	.032	.030	3.121	2.033 22.585	R 7.026	29.611	29.01
1000	lanuan	R .236	750	767	000	B 000	055	B 0 040		Roses	B 0 50
	January		.752	.767	.003	P .000	.255	R 2.013	.522	R 2.535	R 2.53
	February	R .228 R .236	.695	.677	.003	.000	.254	R 1.856	.526	R 2.383	4.91
	March		.727	.752	.003	.001	.261	R 1.980	.580	P 2.560	R 7.470
	April	.227	.740	.664	.003	001	.259	1.892	.556	2.448	R 9.92
	May	.227	.730	.671	.003	.000	.268	1.900	.612	2.512	12.43
	5-Month Total	1.154	3.644	3.530	.015	.000	1.298	9.641	2.797	12.437	
	5-Month Total	1.193	3.516	3.545	.015	.025	1.249	9.543	2.770	12.313	
988	5-Month Total	1.192	3.381	3.557	.015	.013	1.232	9.389	2.748	12.138	

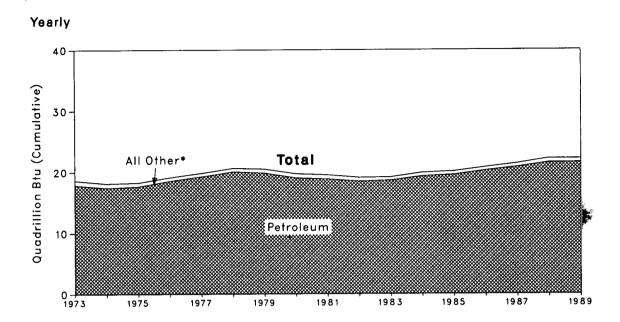
^{*}Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

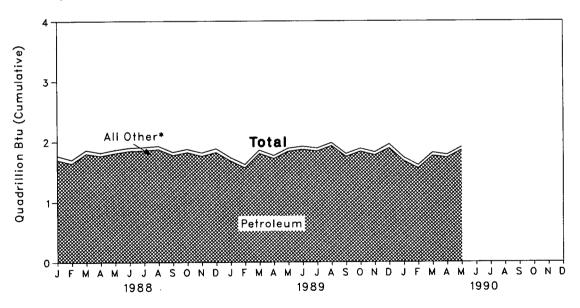
^{*}Excludes wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution.

R=Revised data.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

Figure 2.4 Consumption of Energy by the Transportation Sector





^{*}Includes coal, natural gas, electricity, and electrical system energy losses.

Table 2.5 Consumption of Energy by the Transportation Sector (Quadrillion Btu)

	Coal	Natural Gas•	Petroleum	Electricity	Net Consumption	Electrical System Energy Losses	Total Consump- tion ^b	Year to Date
1973 Total	0.003	0.743	17.831	0.008	18.584	0.020	18.605	
1974 Total	.002	.685	17.399	.009	18.095	.022	18,117	
1975 Total	.001	.595	17.614	.010	18.219	.025	18.244	
1976 Total	(°)	.559	18.506	.010	19.076	.025	19.101	
1977 Total		.543	19.241	.010	19.794	.025	19.819	
	(°) (d)	.539	20.041	.009	20.589	.022	20.611	
1978 Total	(5)	.612	19.825	.010	20.447	.025	20.472	
1979 Total	(d) (d)				19.669	.026	19.695	
1980 Total		.650	19.008	.011				
1981 Total	(d)	.658	18.811	.011	19.480	.026	19.507	
1982 Total	(9)	.612	18.420	.011	19.043	.026	19.069	
1983 Total	(d)	.505	18.593	.011	19.109	.026	19.135	
1984 Total	(d)	.545	19.286	.012	19.843	.028	19.871	
1985 Total	(a)	.519	19.534	.013	20.066	.030	20.097	
1986 Total	(a)	.499	20.215	.013	20.728	.030	20.758	
1987 Total	(d)	.535	20.780	.013	21.328	.029	21.357	
1988 January	(d)	.065	1.704	.001	1.770	.003	1.773	1.773
February	(a)	.057	1.645	.001	1.702	.002	1.705	3.478
March	(d)	.055	1.804	.001	1.859	.002	1.862	5.339
April	(d)	.047	1.769	.001	1.818	.002	1.820	7.159
May	(d)	.050	1.813	.001	1.865	.003	1.867	9.027
June	(d)	.048	1.849	.001	1.899	.003	1.901	10.928
July	(a)	.050	1.857	.001	1.909	.003	1.912	12.840
August	(d)	.050	1.876	.001	1.928	.003	1.931	14.770
September	(d)	.048	1.779	.001	1.828	.002	1.831	16.601
October	(ď)	.050	1.825	.001	1.876	.003	1.879	18.480
November	(ď)	.052	1.764	.001	1.817	.002	1.820	20.300
December	(d)	.058	1.825	.001	1.884	.003	1.886	22.186
Total	(o)	.632	21.510	.014	22.155	.031	22.186	
1989 January	(d)	.052	1.686	.001	1.739	.003	1.742	1.742
February	(ď)	.052	1.573	.001	1.626	.002	1.629	3.370
March	(o)	.050	1.807	.001	1.858	.003	1.861	5.231
April	(4)	.045	1.724	.001	1,771	.002	1.773	7.004
May	(d)	.047	1.841	.001	1.889	.003	1.892	8.896
June	(4)	.046	1.873	.001	1.920	.003	1.923	10.819
July	(o)	.046	1.844	.001	1.891	.003	1.894	12.713
August	(6)	.046	1.932	.001	1.979	.003	1.982	14.695
September	(6)	.044	1.754	.001	1.799	.002	1.802	16.497
October	(a)	.044	1.838	.001	1.885	.002	1.887	18.384
November	· (a)	.045	1.777	.001	1.825	.003	1.827	20.211
December	(a)	.062	1.893	.001	1.956	.003	1.959	22.170
Total	(°)	.584	21.541	.014	22.139	.031	22.170	££.170
10tal	(-)	.504	21.541	.014	22.138	.031	22.170	
1990 January	(0)	.055	1.683	.001	1.738	.002	1.741	1.741
February	(4)	.049	1.563	.001	1.614	.002	1.616	3.357
March	(d)	.049	1.766	.001	1.816	.003	1.819	5.176
April	(4)	.045	1.735	.001	1.781	.002	1.784	6.960
May	(4)	.048	1.860	.001	1.909	.003	1.912	8.872
5-Month Total	(^d)	.247	8.607	.006	8.859	.012	8.872	
1989 5-Month Total	(o)	.248	8.630	.006	8.883	.012	8.896	
1988 5-Month Total	(d)	.274	8.735	.005	9.015	.012	9.027	

^{*}Pipeline fuel only, including supplemental gaseous fuels.

^{*}Excludes wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution.

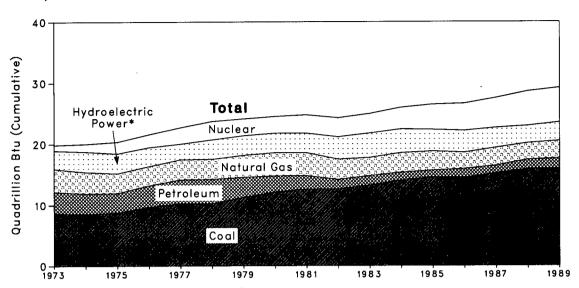
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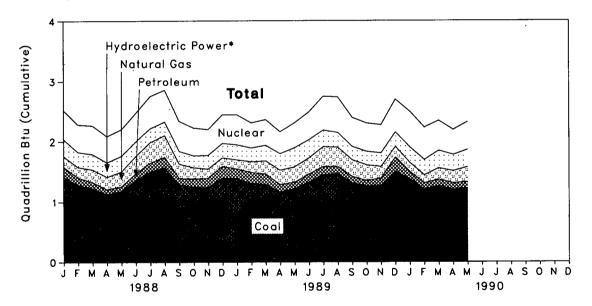
Since 1978, the small amounts of coal consumed for transportation have been reported as industrial sector consumption.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

Figure 2.5 Energy Input at Electric Utilities







^{*}Includes other.

Table 2.6 Energy Input at Electric Utilities

(Quadrillion Btu)

	Coal	Natural Gas*	Petro- leum ^b	Hydro- electric Power ^c	Nuclear Electric Power	Other ^d	Total	Year to Date
973 Total	8.658	3.748	3.515	2.975	0.910	0.046	19.852	
974 Total	8.534	3.519	3.365	3.276	1.272	.056	20.022	
975 Total	8.786	3.240	3.166	3.187	1.900	.072	20.350	
976 Total	9.720	3.152	3.477	3.032	2.111	.081	21.574	
977 Total	10.262	3.284	3.901	2.482	2.702	.082	22.713	
978 Total	10.238	3.297	3.987	3.110	3.024	.068	23.724	
979 Total	11.260	3.613	3.283	3.107	2.776	.089	24.128	
	12.123	3.810	2.634	3.085	2.739	.114	24.505	
980 Total	12.123	3.768	2.202	3.072	3.008	.127	24.760	
981 Total						.108	24.270	
982 Total	12.582	3.342	1.568	3.539	3.131			
983 Total	13.213	2.998	1.544	3.866	3.203	.133	24.956	
984 Total	14.020	3.220	1.286	3.725	3.553	.174	25.977	
985 Total	14.542	3.160	1.090	3.330	4.149	.213	26.484	
986 Total	14.444	2.691	1.452	3.353	4.471	.231	26.642	
987 Total	15.173	2.935	1.257	3.035	4.906	.244	27.551	
988 January	1.418	.172	.170	.258	.480	.020	2.519	2.519
February	1.283	.174	.123	.229	.454	.018	2.281	4.800
March	1.228	.210	.102	.232	.472	.020	2.263	7.063
April	1.131	.205	.079	.221	.430	.019	2.086	9.149
May	1.181	.247	.076	.240	.437	.018	2.199	11.348
June	1.366	.288	.105	.219	.474	.020	2.472	13.819
July	1.500	.337	.149	.208	.535	.021	2.750	16.569
August	1.573	.354	.171	.206	.527	.021	2.851	19.420
September	1.286	.239	.105	.191	.497	.019	2.338	21.759
October	1.245	.187	.138	.177	.458	.020	2.224	23.983
November	1.239	.155	.154	.206	.425	.019	2.199	26.182
December	1.399	.141	.192	.219	.473	.019	2.444	28.626
Total	15.850	2.709	1.563	2.607	5.661	.235	28.626	
989 January	1.388	.150	.160	R .228	.498	.019	2.443	2.443
February	1.305	.176	.185	P .209	.416	.017	2.308	R 4.750
March	1,290	.215	.174	.238	.426	.020	2.363	R 7.113
April	1.165	.240	.121	.256	.360	.017	2.159	R 9.272
May	1.216	.256	.106	R .299	.412	.018	R 2.308	R 11.580
June	1.326	.266	.134	.281	.462	.018	R 2.487	R 14.067
July	1.452	.327	.132	R .254	.562	.019	R 2.746	16.813
August	1.468	.316	.118	R .224	.590	.018	P 2.736	R 19.549
September	1.311	.274	.109	.203	.482	.017	2.395	R 21.943
October	1.262	.260	.089	R .206	.468	.018	2.301	R 24.245
November	1.269	.193	.121	.208	.466	.017	2.274	R 26.519
December	1.506	.175	.232	P .218	.546	.017	R 2.695	R 29.214
Total	15.958	2.845	1.681	R 2.825	5.687	.217	R 29.214	20.214
990 January	1.377	.148	.123	.237	.592	.018	2.494	2.494
990 January	1.377	.146	.123	.237	.592 .537	.016	2.494 2.233	4.727
February					.537 .495		2.233 2.345	4.727 7.072
March	1.263	.188	.108	.273		.018		
April	1.202	.202	.108	.253	.414	.014	2.193	9.265
May 5-Month Total	1.230 6.280	.246 .919	.101 .540	.270 1.269	.461 2.499	.017 .083	2.325 11. 59 1	11.591
989 5-Month Total	6.364	1.036	.746	1.231	2.111	.091	11.580	

^{*}Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

Includes petroleum products reported as "oil consumed in steam plants" through 1979 and "heavy oil" from 1980 forward, which are assumed to be residual fuel oil; petroleum products reported as "oil consumed in gas turbine and internal combustion engine plants" through 1979 and "light oil" from 1980 forward, which are assumed to be distillate fuel oil and kerosene; and petroleum coke.

cincludes net imports of electricity.

⁴Other is electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy. R=Revised data.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

Consumption Notes and Sources

- 1. Total Energy Consumed: Total energy consumed includes coal, natural gas (including supplemental gaseous fuels), petroleum products supplied, electric utility and industrial generation of hydroelectric power, net imports of electricity generated from hydroelectric power, and electricity generated from nuclear power. Total energy consumed also includes electricity generated from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy but excludes other energy obtained from those sources because consistent historical data are not available.
- 2. Economic Sectors: Energy use is assigned to the major economic sectors according to the following guidelines as closely as possible:
 - Residential and Commercial Sector--private household establishments (which consume energy primarily for space heating, water heating, air conditioning, refrigeration, cooking, and clothes drying); nonmanufacturing business establishments, including hotels, motels, restaurants, wholesale businesses, retail stores, laundries, and other service enterprises; health, social, and educational institutions; and Federal, State, and local governments. Street lights, pumps, bridges, and public swimming pools are also included.
 - Industrial sector--manufacturing, construction, mining, agriculture, fishing, and forestry establishments.
 - Transportation sector--private and public vehicles that move people and commodities. Included are automobiles, trucks, buses, motorcycles, railroads and railways (including streetcars), aircraft, ships, barges, and natural gas pipelines.
 - Electric utility sector--privately and publicly owned establishments that generate electricity primarily for use by the public.
- 3. Conversion Factors: See the conversion factors listed in the Appendix.
- **4. Coal:** Coal is anthracite, bituminous coal, (including sub-bituminous coal), and lignite. Sources:
 - 1973 through September 1977: U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), Bureau of Mines (BOM), Minerals Yearbook and Minerals Industry Surveys.
 - Electric Utilities--October 1977 forward: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-759 (formerly Form FPC-4), "Monthly Power Plant Report."
 - Other Industrial--October 1977 through December 1979: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Monthly Coal Consumption Report Manufacturing Plants"; Janu-

- ary 1980 forward: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report Manufacturing Plants" and Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report."
- Coke Plants-October 1977 through December 1980: EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke and Coal Chemicals Monthly/Annual"; January 1981 through December 1984: EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke Plant Report Quarterly/Annual Supplement"; January 1985 forward: EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke Plant Report," quarterly.
- Residential and Commercial--October 1977 through December 1979: EIA, Form EIA-2, "Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers - Upper Lake Docks"; January 1980 forward: EIA, Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report."
- 5. Natural Gas: Natural gas consumption by end-use sector is based on data presented in Table 4.3 of this report. For Section 2 calculations, lease and plant fuel consumption are added to the industrial sector deliveries, and pipeline fuel represents the transportation sector's use of natural gas. Values in Btu are derived using the conversion factors provided in the Appendix. Sources:
 - 1973 through 1975: DOI, BOM, Minerals Yearbook, "Natural Gas" chapter.
 - 1976 through 1978: EIA, Energy Data Reports, "Natural Gas, Annual."
 - 1979: EIA, Natural Gas Production and Consumption 1979.
 - 1980 through 1988: EIA, Natural Gas Annual.
 - 1989 forward: EIA, Form EIA-857, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Purchases and Deliveries to Consumers," and EIA computations.
 - Electric utilities consumption--1973 through 1976: Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." 1977 through 1981: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." 1982 forward: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
 - American Gas Association, "Monthly Gas Utility Statistical Report," residential sector and commercial sector monthly sales data for 1973 through 1979 used to estimate monthly consumption values from EIA annual consumption values.
- 6. Petroleum: Petroleum consumption by end use is the sum of all individual petroleum products estimated to be consumed in each end-use sector. First, total consumption by product is determined. Petroleum consumption in this section of the Monthly Energy Review (MER) is the series called "petroleum products supplied" in Section 3. Sources for petroleum products supplied by individual products are:

- 1973 through 1975: DOI, BOM, Mineral Industry Surveys, "Petroleum Statement, Annual."
- 1976 through 1980: EIA, Energy Data Reports, "Petroleum Statement, Annual."
- 1981 through 1988: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual.
- 1989 forward: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.

Specific petroleum products' end-use allocation procedures follow:

- Aviation Gasoline--All product supplied is assigned to the transportation sector.
- Asphalt--All product supplied is assigned to the industrial sector.

Distillate Fuel

Electric Utility Sector, All Periods.

Monthly and annual consumption in 1973 through 1979 is assumed to be the amount of oil (minus small amounts of kerosene and kerosene-type jet fuel deliveries) reported as consumed in internal combustion and gas turbine engine plants. From January 1980, electric utility consumption of distillate fuel is assumed to be the petroleum products reported as "light oil" (minus small amounts of kerosene deliveries through 1982) consumed at utilities.

Sources: 1973 through September 1977--FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report;" October 1977 through 1981--FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report;" 1982 forward--EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Non-Electric Utility Sectors, Annual Estimates Through 1988.

The aggregate non-electric utility use of distillate fuel is total distillate fuel supplied minus the electric utility consumption. The non-electric utility annual totals are allocated into the individual non-electric utility sectors in proportion to the amount of distillate fuel delivered to end users, grouped into sectors from EIA's "Deliveries of Fuel Oil and Kerosene" ("Deliveries") reports (based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-821 previously Form EIA-172) as follows:

- Residential sector deliveries are directly from the "Deliveries" reports for 1979 through 1988. Prior to 1979, each year's deliveries subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into residential, commercial, and industrial (including farm) in proportion to the 1979 shares;
- Commercial sector deliveries are directly from the "Deliveries" reports for 1979 through 1988. Prior to 1979, each year's deliveries subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into residential, commercial, and industrial (including farm) in proportion to the 1979 shares;

- Industrial sector deliveries for 1979 through 1988 are the sum of deliveries for industrial, farm, oil company, off-highway, diesel, and all other uses. Prior to 1979, each year's deliveries subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into residential, commercial, and industrial (including farm) in proportion to the 1979 shares, and this estimated industrial portion is added to oil company, off-highway diesel, and all other uses; and
- Transportation sector deliveries are the sum of deliveries for railroad, vessel bunkering, and onhighway diesel, and military uses for all years.

Non-Electric Utility Sectors, Monthly Estimates Through 1988.

- -Residential and commercial sector monthly consumption is estimated by allocating the annual sector estimates described above into months in proportion to each month's share of the year's sales of No. 2 heating oil as reported in the "Monthly Report of Heating Oil Sales" by the Ethyl Corporation from 1973 through 1980 and the American Petroleum Institute for 1981 and 1982, and the EIA, Form EIA-782A, "Refiners/Gas Plant Operators' Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report," No. 2 Fuel Oil Sales to End Users and for Resale, for 1983 through 1988.
- The transportation sector highway use portion is allocated into the months in proportion to each month's share of the year's total sales for highway use as reported by the Federal Highway Administration's Table MF-25, "Private and Commercial Highway Use of Special Fuels by Months." The remaining transportation use of distillate fuel (i.e., for railroads, vessel bunkering, and military use) is evenly distributed over the months, adjusted for the number of days per month.
- Industrial sector monthly estimates are made by subtracting the residential and commercial, transportation, and electric utility sector estimates from each month's total distillate fuel supplied.

Non-Electric Utility Sectors, 1989 Forward.

Each month's non-electric utility consumption subtotal is disaggregated into the major end-use sectors in proportion to the shares each sector held of the non-electric utility subtotal in the same month in 1988.

- Jet Fuel--Through 1982, small amounts of kerosene-type jet fuel were consumed by the electric utility sector. Kerosene-type jet fuel deliveries to electric utilities as reported on the Form FERC-423 (formerly Form FPC-423) were used as estimates of this consumption. All remaining jet fuel (kerosene-type and naphtha-type) is consumed by the transportation sector.
- Kerosene--Total product supplied monthly is allocated to the major end-use sectors in propor-

tion to annual deliveries grouped into end-use sectors from EIA's "Deliveries of Fuel Oil and Kerosene" ("Deliveries") reports Form EIA-172) as follows:

- Residential sector deliveries are directly from the "Deliveries" reports for 1979 through 1988. Deliveries for 1988 are used as estimates for succeeding periods. Prior to 1979, each year's deliveries category called "heating" is split into residential, commercial, and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares;
- Commercial sector deliveries are directly from the "Deliveries" reports for 1979 through 1988. Deliveries for 1988 are used as estimates for succeeding periods. Prior to 1979, each year's deliveries category called "heating" is split into residential, commercial, and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares; and
- Industrial sector deliveries are directly from the "Deliveries" reports for 1979 through 1988. Deliveries for 1988 are used as estimates for succeeding periods. Prior to 1979, each year's deliveries category called "heating" is split into residential, commercial and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares, and this estimated industrial (including farm) portion is added to "all other uses."
- Liquefied Petroleum Gases (LPG)--The annual shares of LPG's total consumption that are estimated to be consumed by each end-use sector are applied to each month's total LPG consumption (i.e., product supplied) to create monthly end-use consumption estimates. The annual end-use shares are calculated in the following manner:
 - Sales of LPG to the residential and commercial sector are converted from thousand gallons per year to thousand barrels per year and are assumed to be the annual consumption of LPG by the sector;
 - The quantity of LPG sold each year for consumption in internal combustion engines is allocated between the transportation and industrial sectors based on data for special fuels used on highways published by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, in *Highway Statistics*. The allocations of LPG sold for internal combustion engine use to the transportation sector range from a high of 67 percent in 1981 to a low of 33 percent in 1987.
 - LPG consumed annually by the industrial sector is estimated as the difference between LPG's total supplied and the estimated consumption by the sum of the residential and commercial sector and the transportation sector. The industrial sector includes LPG used by chemical plants as raw materials or solvents and for use in the production of synthetic rubber; refinery fuel use; use as synthetic natural gas feedstock and use in

secondary recovery projects; all farm use; LPG sold to gas utility companies for distribution through the mains; and a portion of the use of LPG as an internal combustion engine fuel.

The sources of the annual sales data for creating annual end-use shares are:

- 1973 through 1982: EIA's "Sales of Liquefied Petroleum Gases and Ethane" reports, based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-174.
- 1983: End-use consumption estimates for 1983 are based on 1982 end-use consumption because the collection of data under Form EIA-174 was discontinued after data year 1982.
- 1984 through 1988: American Petroleum Institute (API), "Sales of Natural Gas Liquids and Liquefied Refinery Gases" based on an LPG sales survey jointly sponsored by API, the Gas Processors Association, and the National Liquefied Petroleum Gas Association.
- 1989 forward: The 1988 source is used to estimate succeeding periods.
- Lubricants--Total product supplied is allocated to the industrial and transportation sectors for all months according to proportions developed from annual sales of lubricants to those two sectors from U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Industrial Reports, "Sales of Lubricating and Industrial Oils and Greases." The 1973 shares are applied to 1973 and 1974; the 1975 shares are applied to 1975 and 1976; and the 1977 shares are applied to 1977 forward.
- Motor Gasoline--Total product supplied monthly is allocated to the major end-use sectors in proportion to aggregations of annual sales categories formed from the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration *Highway Statistics*, Tables MF-21, MF-24, and MF-25, as follows:
 - Commercial sales are the sum of sales for public non-highway use and miscellaneous and unclassified uses:
 - Industrial sales are the sum of sales for agriculture, construction, and industrial and commercial use as classified in the *Highway Statistics*; and
 - Transportation sales are the sum of sales for highway use (minus the sales of special fuels, which are primarily diesel fuel and are accounted for in the transportation sector of distillate fuel) and sales for marine use.
- Petroleum Coke--The portion consumed by the electric utility sector is from Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report" (formerly Form FPC-4). The remaining petroleum coke is assigned to the industrial sector.

• Residual Fuel

Electric Utility Sector, All Periods.

Monthly and annual consumption 1973 through 1979 is assumed to be the amount of oil reported as consumed in steam-electric power plants. From January 1980, electric utility consumption of residual fuel is assumed to be the petroleum products reported as "heavy oil" consumed at utilities.

Sources: 1973 through September 1977.-Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report;" October 1977 through 1981--FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report;" 1982 forward--EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Non-Electric Utility Sectors, Annual Estimates Through 1988.

The aggregate non-electric utility use of residual fuel is total residual fuel supplied minus the electric utility consumption. The non-electric utility annual totals are allocated into the individual non-electric utility sectors in proportion to the amount of residual fuel delivered to end users, grouped into sectors from EIA's "Deliveries of Fuel Oil and Kerosene" ("Deliveries") reports (based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-821, previously Form EIA-172) as follows:

- Commercial sector deliveries are directly from the "Deliveries" reports for 1979 through 1988. Prior to 1979, each year's deliveries subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into commercial and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares;
- Industrial sector deliveries for 1979 through 1988 are the sum of deliveries for industrial, oil company, and all other uses. Prior to 1979, each year's deliveries subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into commercial and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares; and this estimated industrial portion is added to oil company and all other uses; and
- Transportation sector deliveries are the sum of deliveries for railroad, vessel bunkering, and military uses for all years.

Non-Electric Utility Sectors, Monthly Estimates Through 1988.

- Commercial sector monthly consumption is estimated by allocating the annual commercial sector estimates described above into months in proportion to each month's share of the year's sales of No. 2 fuel oil as reported in the "Monthly Report of Heating Oil Sales" by the Ethyl Corporation for 1973 through 1980 and the American Petroleum Institute for 1981 and 1982, and the EIA, Form EIA-782A, "Refiners/Gas Plant Op-

erators' Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report," No. 2 Fuel Oil Sales to End Users and for Resale, 1983 through 1988.

- Transportation sector monthly estimates are made by evenly distributing the annual sector estimate over the months, adjusted for the number of days per month.
- Industrial sector monthly estimates are made by subtracting the commercial, transportation, and electric utility sector estimates from each month's total residual fuel supplied.

Non-Electric Utility Sectors, 1989 Forward.

Each month's non-electric utility consumption subtotal is disaggregated into the major end-use sectors in proportion to the shares each sector held of the non-electric utility subtotal in the same month in 1988.

- Road Oil--All product supplied is assigned to the industrial sector.
- All Other Petroleum Products--The product supplied of all remaining petroleum products is assigned to the industrial sector.
- 7. Hydroelectric Power: Includes electricity generated by hydroelectric power at electric utilities, small amounts in the industrial sector, and net imports of electricity, which are assumed to be generated by hydroelectric power and are included in the electric utilities sector.

Sources for electric utilities sector:

- 1973 through 1976: FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
- 1977 through 1981: FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
- 1982 forward: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Sources for industrial sector:

- 1973 through 1978: FPC, Form FPC-4, Monthly Power Plant Report for plants with generating capacity exceeding 10 megawatts and FPC, Form FPC-12C, Industrial Electric Generating Capacity, for all other plants.
- 1979: FPC, Form FPC-4, Monthly Power Plant Report for plants with generating capacity exceeding 10 megawatts and EIA estimates for all other plants.
- 1980 forward: Annual generation estimated by EIA as the average generation over the 6-year period of 1974 through 1979; monthly generation estimated to be in proportion to each month's hydroelectricity generation in the electric utility industry in 1980.

Note for imports and exports of electricity:

 Monthly electricity imports and exports estimates for 1982 forward were revised in the May 1984 MER. The revisions do not cause discontinuity in the annual data series: the data continue to come from the same source. The monthly data series, however, are discontinuous because monthly data from January 1982 forward are now available from the same source as the annual data. Estimates for monthly values prior to 1982, published in previous issues, were developed by converting the annual value to a daily rate and multiplying by the number of days in the month. Accordingly, month-to-month analyses are not comparable when taken across the transition date of January 1982. Monthly analyses on either side of that date will be comparable. There is no known bias in either the annual data or the monthly data since January 1982.

Sources for imports and exports of electricity:

- 1973 through 1980: DOE, Economic Regulatory Administration, "Report on Electric Energy Exchanges with Canada and Mexico."
- 1981: DOE, Office of Energy Emergency Operations, "Report on Electric Energy Exchanges with Canada and Mexico for Calendar Year 1981," April 1982 (revised June 1982).
- 1982 and 1983: DOE, Economic Regulatory Administration, Electricity Exchanges Across International Borders.
- 1984 through 1987: DOE, Economic Regulatory Administration, Electricity Transactions Across International Borders.
- 1988: DOE, Assistant Secretary for Fossil Energy, Office of Fuels Programs, Electricity Transactions Across International Borders.
- 1989 forward: EIA estimates.
- 8. Nuclear Electric Power and Wood, Waste, Geothermal, Wind, Photovoltaic, and Solar Thermal Energy Sources Connected to Electric Utility Distribution Systems: Sources:
 - 1973 through 1976: FPC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
 - 1977 through 1981: FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
 - 1982 forward: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

- 9. Net Imports of Coal Coke: Net imports means imports minus exports, and a minus sign indicates that exports are greater than imports. Sources:
 - 1973 through 1975: DOI, BOM, Minerals Yearbook, "Coke and Coal Chemicals," chapter.
 - 1976 through 1980: EIA, Energy Data Report, "Coke and Coal Chemicals," annual.
 - 1981: EIA, Energy Data Report, "Coke Plant Report," quarterly.
 - 1982 forward: EIA, Quarterly Coal Report.
- 10. Electricity: End-use consumption of electricity is based on Table 7.2 sales data. "Other," which is primarily for use in government buildings, is added to the commercial sector except for approximately 4 percent used by railroads and railways and attributed to the transportation sector. For 1973-1983 and 1989, "Monthly Series" data are used directly. For 1984-1988, monthly estimates are created by dividing each month's "Monthly Series" value by the "Monthly Series" total for the year and multiplying by the "Annual Series" value for the year. Kilowatthours are converted to Btu at the rate of 3,412 Btu per kilowatthour. See Table 7.2 for sources of the electricity sales data.
- 11. Electrical System Energy Losses: Electrical system energy losses are calculated as the difference between total energy input at electric utilities and the total energy content of electricity sold to end-use consumers. Most of those losses occur at steam-electric power plants (conventional and nuclear) in the conversion of heat energy into mechanical energy to turn electric generators. The loss is a thermodynamically necessary feature of the steam-electric cycle. Part of the energy input-to-output losses are a result of imputing fossil energy equivalent inputs for hydroelectric and other energy sources, since there is no generally accepted practice for measuring those thermal conversion rates. In addition to conversion losses, other losses include power plant use of electricity, transmission and distribution of electricity from power plants to end-use consumers (also called "line losses"), and unaccounted for electricity. Total losses are allocated to the end-use sectors in proportion to each sector's share of total electricity sales. Overall, approximately 67 percent of total energy input is lost in conversion; of electricity generated, approximately 5 percent is lost in plant use and 9 percent in transmission and distribution. Calculated electrical system energy losses may be less than actual losses, because primary consumption does not include the energy equivalent of utility purchases of electricity from non-electric utilities and from Canada and Mexico, although they are included in electricity sales.

Section 3. Petroleum

Total petroleum imports² averaged 9.1 million barrels per day in July 1990, 5 percent above³ the June 1990 rate and 9 percent above the July 1989 rate.

In July 1990, 17.5 million barrels per day of petroleum products were supplied for domestic use, 2 percent more than the previous month and 6 percent more than the July 1989 rate. Motor gasoline accounted for 44 percent of the total; distillate fuel oil, 16 percent; and residual fuel oil, 7 percent.

Motor gasoline supplied during July 1990 averaged 7.7 million barrels per day, 2 percent more than the previous month and 5 percent more than the July 1989 rate. Stocks of total motor gasoline totaled 220 million barrels at the end of July 1990, 7 million barrels above the stock level in the previous month but 9 million barrels less than the stock level as 1 year earlier.

In July 1990, 2.8 million barrels of distillate fuel oil were supplied per day, 5 percent below the June 1990 rate but 8 percent above the July 1989 rate. Distillate fuel oil ending stocks for July 1990 were 122 million barrels, 13 million barrels above the stock level in the previous month and 7 million barrels above the stock level 1 year earlier.

Residual fuel oil supplied in July 1990 averaged 1.3 million barrels per day, 3 percent lower than the previous month but 1 percent higher than the July 1989 rate. Residual fuel oil stocks measured 48 million barrels at the end of July 1990, 1 million barrels higher than the previous month and 5 million barrels higher than the stock level 1 year earlier.

Estimates (except of crude production) for the most current month are based on Energy Information Administration (EIA) weekly data and will be revised to conform with data from the EIA Petroleum Reporting System as available. For the most recent month, crude production is an EIA estimate based on historical and provisional data through April 1990.

²Total import data include imports into the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

³Percentage changes are based on numbers shown in the following tables.

Table 3.1a Crude Oila and Petroleum Products Overview

			Field Production	on .	Stock	Changeb		Ending Stocks ^c
		Total Domestic ^d	Crude Oil	Natural Gas Plant Production	Crude Oil•	Petroleum Products	Petroleum Products Supplied	Crude Oil* and Petroleum Products
				Thousand Bar	rels per Day			Million Barrels
1973	Average	10,975	9,208	1,738	-11	146	17,308	1,008
	Average	10,498	8,774	1,688	62	117	16,653	1,074
	Average	10,045	8,375	1,633	1 17	i 15	16,322	1,133
	Average	9,774	8,132	h 1,604	39	-96	17,461	1,112
	Average	9,913	8,245	1,618	170	378	18,431	1,312
	Average	10,328	8,707	1,567	78	-172	18,847	1,278
	Average	10,179	8,552	1,584	148	25	18,513	1,341
	Average	10,214	8,597	1,573	98	42	17,056	1,392
	Average	10,230	8,572	1,609	290	1-130	16,058	1,484
	Average	10,252	8,649	1,550	136	-283	15,296	1,430
	Average	10,299	8,688	1,559	i 214	1 -234	15,231	1,454
	Average	10,554	8,879	1,630	199	81	15,726	1,454 1,556
	Average	10,636	8,971	1,609	50	-153		•
	Average	10,030	8,680	1,551	78	-153 124	15,726	1,519
	Average	10,289	8,349	1,595	78 128	124 -87	16,281 16,665	1,593 1,607
	-	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	1,585	,120	-07	10,003	1,007
	January	9,876	8,250	1,579	-43	-294	17,403	1,597
	February	10,018	8,374	1,605	133	-868	17,760	1,576
	March	10,071	8,374	1,636	219	-748	17,612	1,559
	April	9,946	8,288	1,618	190	445	16,561	1,578
	May	9,899	8,229	1,627	96	1,048	16,197	1,614
	June	9,833	8,170	1,616	43	-109	17,059	1,612
	July	9,713	8,040	1,618	-261	819	16,695	1,629
	August	9,762	8,079	1,616	-488	307	17,482	1,624
	September	9,575	7,895	1,621	-83	245	17,072	1,628
	October	9,737	8,023	1,661	399	-333	17,580	1,630
	November	9,751	8,023	1,666	3	25	17,620	1,631
	December	9.641	7,942	1,634	-188	-911	18,365	1,597
	Average	9,818	8,140	1,625	1	-29	17,283	.,
989	January	9,678	7,937	1,664	179 [°]	563	17,269	1,620
	February	9,441	7,788	1,607	47	-733	17,920	1,601
	March	9,284	7,575	1,650	-127	-924	17,989	1,568
	April	9,501	7,772	1,674	494	413	16,624	1,596
	May	9,498	7,816	1,620	271	598	16,546	1,623
	June	9,188	7,624	1,507	-434	-64	17,497	1,608
	July	9,055	7,444	1,541	148	1,182	16,453	1,649
	August	9,106	7,544	1,504	283	-104	17,360	1,654
	September	9,096	7,548	1,480	-144	577	16,795	1,667
	October	8,983	7,453	1,478	73	-378	17,304	1,658
	November	9,084	7,536	1,483	541	-367	17,311	1,663
	December	8,734	7,337	1,343	-302	-2,335	18,858	1,581
	Average	9,219	7,613	1,546	86	-129	17,325	.,
990	January	E 9,113	E 7,522	1,525	377	1,189	16,968	1,632
	February	€ 9,093	E 7,465	1,558	-316	577	17,024	1,639
	March	E 8,986	E 7,394	1,519	1,030	-883	17,083	1,643
	April	E 8,883	E 7,331	1,481	-94	-25	16,666	1,640
	May	E 8,838	€ 7,259	1,499	501	505	16,843	1,671
	June	RE 8,602	RE 7,076	R 1,453	R 75	R 348	[*] R 17,112	R 1,684
	July	PE 8,699	PE 7,130	E 1,492	E -32	E 668	E 17,464	E 1,706
	7-Month Average	PE 8,886	PE 7,310	E 1,503	E 230	E 338	E 17,024	-,
989	7-Month Average	9,377	7,707	1,609	84	160	17,176	
	7-Month Average	9,907	8,245	1,614	53	49	17,036	

^{*}Includes lease condensate.

bA negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.

Stocks are totals as of end of period.

Includes crude oil, natural gas plant liquids, other hydrocarbons, and alcohol.

Includes stocks located in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

Includes crude oil for storage in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

Net imports equals imports minus exports.

Note to a rounding difference, this value is 1,603 in the Petroleum Supply Annual and Petroleum Supply Monthly.

In January 1975, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to surveys affecting stocks reported and stock change calculations. See Note 4 at end of section.

Footnotes continued on following page.

Table 3.1b Crude Oila and Petroleum Products Overview (Continued)

			Imports			Exports		
		Total	Crude Oil ^f	Petroleum Products	Total	Crude Oil	Petroleum Products	Net Imports ^c
		<u></u>		Thous	and Barrels pe	r Day		
		C DEG	3,244	3,012	231	2	229	6,025
		6,256		2,635	221	3	218	5,892
		6,112	3,477	•	209	6	204	5,846
975 Average		6,056	4,105	1,951	223	8	215	7,090
976 Average		7,313	5,287	2,026		50	193	8,565
977 Average		8,807	6,615	2,193	243			8,002
978 Average		8,363	6,356	2,008	362	158	204	•
979 Average		8,456	6,519	1,937	471	235	236	7,985
		6,909	5,263	1,646	544	287	258	6,365
	***************************************	5,996	4,396	1,599	595	228	367	5,401
	***************************************	5,113	3,488	1,625	815	236	579	4,298
_		5,051	3,329	1,722	739	164	575	4,312
	***************************************	5,437	3,426	2,011	722	181	541	4,715
	***************************************		3,201	1,866	781	204	577	4,286
		5,067			785	154	631	5,439
		6,224	4,178	2,045	764	` 151	613	5,914
987 Average		6,678	4,674	2,004	704	101	0.0	0,014
988 January		7,181	4,662	2,519	885	206	679	6,296
		7,256	4,650	2,605	864	146	718	6,392
	***************************************	6,944	4,868	2,076	834	213	622	6,110
		7,270	5,167	2,103	676	114	562	6,594
		7,469	5,339	2,130	814	138	676	6,655
		7,239	5,322	1,917	938	138	800	6,301
				2.197	826	186	640	6,471
•		7,297	5,100		814	152	661	6,572
August		7,386	5,089	2,296			554	6,833
Septemb	er	7,506	5,212	2,294	673	119		7,098
October		7,830	5,551	2,279	732	166	566	•
Novembe	er	7,714	5,070	2,644	717	148	569	6,997
Decembe	er	7,727	5,230	2,497	1,008	129	879	6,719
_		7,402	5,107	2,295	815	155	661	6,587
1000 Innuan		8,255	5,661	2,594	761	137	624	7,494
		8,032	5,305	2,727	875	208	666	7,157
		•	5,035	2,421	860	156	704	6,596
		7,456	5,035 5,750	2,328	810	139	670	7,268
	***************************************	8,078			791	131	661	6,986
. •	•••••	7,778	5,729	2,049		243	732	7,002
June		7,977	5,976	2,002	975		732 711	7,589
July		8,369	6,214	2,155	780	69		
August .		8,560	6,565	1,995	967	162	805	7,593
Septemb	oer	8,002	6,028	1,975	655	32	623	7,347
		8,301	6,187	2,115	791	61	730	7,511
	er	8,341	6,171	2,170	975	120	855	7,366
	er	7,579	5,463	2,116	1,067	247	821	6,512
-	•	8,061	5,843	2,217	859	142	717	7,202
		9,147	6.208	2.941	710	132	578	8,437
			-,	2,447	822	102	720	7,483
	/	8,306	5,858		881	133	748	7,045
		7,925	6,125	1,800		112	649	6,997
		7,758	5,740	2,018	761		578	8,048
May		8,738	6,438	2,300	690	112 B 00		
June		R 8,690	R 6,413	P 2,276	R 804	R 88	R 715	R 7,886
		E 9,144	E 7,004	E 2,141	E 717	E 112	€ 605	E 8,427
	Average	E 8,536	E 6,262	E 2,273	E 768	E 113	E 655	E 7,767
1080 7-Mac+	h Average	7,991	5,670	2,321	835	154	681	7,156
		7,236	5,017	2,219	834	164	670	6,40
1200 L-MOUS	n Average	,230	3,017	-12.10	40 4			-,

Footnotes continued.

PE=Preliminary estimate. R=Revised data. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
Sources: See end of section.

Figure 3.1 Crude Oil and Natural Gas Liquids Production

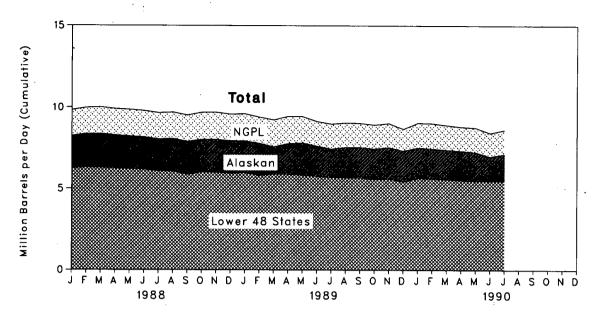


Figure 3.2 Petroleum Stocks

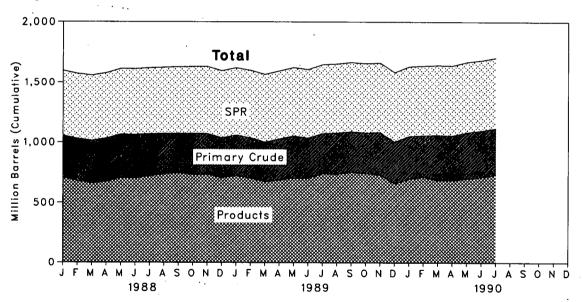


Figure 3.3 Petroleum Products Supplied and Imports

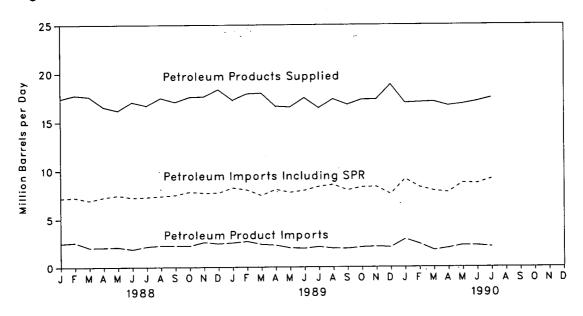


Figure 3.4 Petroleum Imports by Source

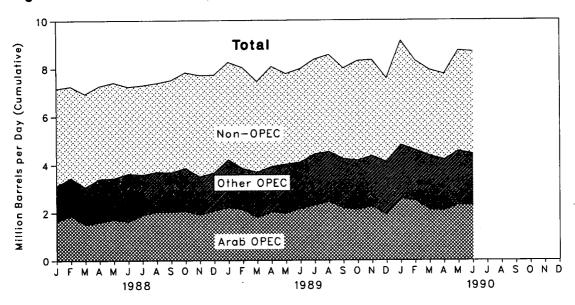


Table 3.2a Crude Oila Supply and Disposition (Thousand Barrels per Day)

					Supply			
		Field Pr	oduction		Imports		Management	
		Total Domestic	Alaskan	Total	SPR ^d	Other	Unaccounted for Crude Oil*	Crude Used Directly ^f
1973 Avera	je	9,208	198	3,244		3,244	3	-19
	je	8,774	193	3,477		3,477	-25	-15 -15
	je	8,375	191	4,105		4,105	17	-17
	e	8,132	173	5,287		5,287	77	-18
	je	8,245	464	6,615	21	6,594	-6	-16 -14
	e	8,707	1,229	6,356	162	6,195	-57	-14
	e	8,552	1,401	6,519	67	6,452	-5, -11	
	16	8,597	1,617	5,263	44			-13
	je	8,572	1,609	4,396	256	5,219	34	-13
		8,649	1,696	•		4,141	83	-58
		8,688		3,488	165	3,323	71	-59
	je	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,714	3,329	234	3,096	114	NA
	JB	8,879	1,722	3,426	197	3,229	185	NA
	je	8,971	1,825	3,201	118	3,083	145	NA
		8,680	1,867	4,178	48	4,130	139	NA
987 Avera	Je	E 8,349	€ 1,962	4,674	73	4,601	145	NA
	/	8,250	1,999	4,662	67	4,595	216	NA
	у	8,374	2,070	4,650	49	4,601	-50	NA
March		8,374	2,086	4,868	23	4,845	258	NA
April	***************************************	8,288	2,029	5,167	78	5,090	27	NA
May	***************************************	8,229	2,016	5,339	22	5,317	125	NA
June	***************************************	8,170	1,984	5,322	70	5,252	208	NA
July	*************	8,040	1,960	5,100	42	5,058	432	NA
August	***************************************	8,079	2,009	5,089	26	5,064	278	NA NA
	ber	7,895	2,019	5,212	84	5,128	228	NA NA
	·	8,023	2,010	5,551	43	5,508	160	NA NA
	oer	8,023	2,027	5,070	89	4,981	258	NA NA
	per	7,942	1,996	5,230	27	5,203	196	
_	θ	8,140	2,017	5,107	51	5,203 5,055	196	NA NA
989 Januar	/	7,937	1,958	5,661	65	5,596	94	NIA
	у	7,788	1,962	5,305	84	• • • • •		NA NA
	y	7,700 7,575	1,686	•		5,221	-26 400	NA
		7,373 7,772	1,890	5,035	75 50	4,960	426	NA
- 2		7,77 <u>2</u> 7,816		5,750 5,750	59	5,690	91	NA
		•	1,973	5,729	77	5,652	280	NA
		7,624	1,861	5,976	55	5,920	135	NA
		7,444 7,544	1,725	6,214	75	6,139	426	NA
		7,544 7,549	1,870	6,565	32	6,533	213	NA
	ber	7,548	1,875	6,028	59	5,969	121	NA
	·	7,453	1,877	6,187	37	6,149	-125	NA
	oer	7,536	1,915	6,171	41	6,131	397	NA
	e	7,337 7,613	1,904 1,874	5,463 5,843	12 56	5,452 5,787	343 200	NA NA
		_	,	•		•		WA
	·	€ 7,522	E 1,864	6,206	24	6,182	321	NA
	y	E 7,465	E 1,834	5,858	12	5,847	-9	NA
	••••••	E 7,394	E 1,819	6,125	44	6,081	544	NA
		E 7,331	E 1,803	5,740	38	5,702	22	NA
	••••••••••••	E 7,259	E 1,766	_ 6,438	_ 89	6,349	335	NA ·
		RE 7,076	RE 1,613	R 6,413	R 17	R 6,397	R 394	NA
		PE 7,130	PE 1,658	E 7,004	E O	€ 7,004	E 261	NA
7-Mont	h Average	PE 7,310	PE 1,765	E 6,262	E 32	E 6,230	E 271	NA
	h Average	7,707	1,864	5,670	70	5,600	208	NA
	h Average	8,245	2,020	5,017	50	4,967	176	NA

^{*}Includes lease condensate.

bStocks are totals as of end of period.

A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.

^dStrategic Petroleum Reserve.

A balancing item.

^{**}Beginning in January 1983, crude oil used directly as fuel is shown as product supplied.

**Stocks of Alaskan crude oil in transit are included beginning in January 1981. See Note 5 at end of section.

**Stock change is calculated using new basis stock levels. See Note 4 at end of section.

Footnotes continued on following page.

Table 3.2b Crude Oila Supply and Disposition (Continued)

			Disp	osition			En	ding Stocks	,
Ī	Crude	Stock C		Refinery	Evanto	Product Supplied ^f	Total	SPRd	Other Priman
-	Losses	SPR ^a	Other	Input	Exports	20ppiled.	1	Million Barrels	<u> </u>
			Thousand E	larrels per Day				WILLION DESTON	<u> </u>
973 Average	13		-11	12,431	2		242		242 265
74 Average	13		62	12,133	3		265		205 271
75 Average	13		17	12,442	, 6		271		285
76 Average	15		39	13,416	.8		285	-	340
77 Average	16	20	150	14,602	50		348	7	
78 Average	16	163	-84	14,739	158		376	67	309
79 Average	16	67	81	14,648	235		430	91	339
80 Average	15	45	52	13,481	287		9 466	108	9 358
981 Average	5	336	9 -46	12,470	228		594	230	363
982 Average	3	174	-38	11,774	236		h 644	294	h 350
983 Average	2	234	h -20	11,685	164	66	723	379	344
	2	195	4	12,044	181	64	796	451	345
984 Average	1	117	-67	12,002	204	60	814	493	32
985 Average		50	28	12,716	154	49	843	512	33
986 Average987 Average	(s) (s)	80	49	12,854	151	34	890	541	349
100 lenuer	(s)	67	-110	12,920	206	45	888	543	340
988 January		49	84	12,644	146	52	892	544	348
February	(s)	26	193	13,016	213	52	899	545	35
March	(s)	20 77	112	13,135	114	42	905	547	35
April	(s)			13,425	138	34	908	548	36
May	(s)	22	74	•	138	32	909	550	35
June	(8)	70	-27	13,487		29	901	551	34
July	1	42	-302	13,617	186		886	552	33
August	(s)	26	-514	13,752	152	30			32
September	(8)	84	-167	13,261	119	37	883	555	
October	(s)	43	356	13,126	166	42	896	556	34
November	(8)	89	-86	13,156	148	44	896	559	33
December	(s)	27	-215	13,381	129	44	890	560	33
Average	(s)	52	-51	13,246	155	40			
989 January	(8)	65	115	13,330	137	47	895	562	33
February	(s)	85	-38	12,765	208	48	897	564	33
March	(s)	75	-202	12,963	156	45	893	566	32
April	(s)	60	434	12,956	139	23 .	908	568	34
May	(s)	77	194	13,405	131	19	916	570	34
•	(s)	44	-478	13,905	243	20	903	572	33
June		86	62	13,848	69	19	908	574	33
July	(s)	32	251	13,861	162	17	916	575	34
August	(8)	59	-203	13,791	32	18	912	577	33
September	1	37	-203 36	13,360	61	21	914	578	33
October	0	-	500	13,420	120	25	930	579	35
November	(s)	41	-313	13,165	247	33	921	580	34
December	(s)	12			142	28	 -		-
Average	(8)	56	30	13,401	144				
990 January	(s)	24	353	13,499	132 102	40 36	933 924	581 581	35 34
February	0	12	-328	13,494			956	582	37
March		44	986	12,876	133	24		583	37
April	(s)	38	-132	13,051	112	24	953		38
May		89	_412	13,389	112	30	969	586	R 38
June	(s)	R 16	R 59	R 13,690	R 88	R 29	P 971	587 F 507	
July	E (s)	(s)	E -32	E 14,287	E 112	E 28	E 973	E 587	, € 38
7-Month Average	= 1.1	E 32	E 198	E 13,470	E 113	€ 30			
989 7-Month Average	(s)	70	13	13,317	154	31			
	1-7	50	2	13,181	164	41			

Footnotes continued.

PE=Preliminary estimate. R=Revised data. NA=Not available. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: See end of section.

Table 3.3a Crude Oil and Petroleum Product Imports (Thousand Barrels per Day)

1974 Averag 1975 Averag 1976 Averag 1977 Averag 1978 Averag 1989 Averag 1981 Averag 1983 Averag 1983 Averag 1985 Averag 1986 Averag 1987 Averag 1988 January Februan May July August Septeml October Novemb Averag 1989 January Februan March April August Septeml October Novemb Averag 1989 January Februan March April August Septeml October October October Novemb Decemb Average	age	136 190 282 432 559 649 636 488	164 4 232 453 723 654	Saudi Arabia ^b 486 461 715 1,230	United Arab Emirates 71 74 117	Indo- nesia 213 300	Iran	Nigeria	Vene- zuela	Other OPEC ^b	Total OPEC°	Total Arab OPEC
1974 Averag 1975 Averag 1976 Averag 1977 Averag 1978 Averag 1979 Averag 1980 Averag 1981 Averag 1982 Averag 1983 Averag 1985 Averag 1986 Averag 1987 Averag 1988 January Februan May July August Septemi October Novemb Average 1989 January Februan August Septemi October Novemb Average 1989 January Februan March April August Septemi October Novemb October Novemb Decemb	age	190 282 432 559 649 636 488	4 232 453 723	461 715	74							<u> </u>
1975 Averag 1976 Averag 1977 Averag 1977 Averag 1979 Averag 1980 Averag 1981 Averag 1983 Averag 1985 Averag 1988 Averag 1988 January Februan May June July Septemi October Novemb Decemb Averag 1989 January Februan May June July Septemi October Novemb Decemb Averag 1989 January Februan May June July June June July June July June June July June July June July June June July July July July July July July July	age	282 432 559 649 636 488	232 453 723	715		300	223	459	1,135	106	2.993	915
1975 Averag 1976 Averag 1977 Averag 1977 Averag 1978 Averag 1980 Averag 1981 Averag 1982 Averag 1983 Averag 1988 Averag 1988 Averag 1988 January Februan May June July Septemi October Novemb Decemb Averag 1989 January Februan May June July Septemi October Novemb Decemb Averag 1989 January Februan May June July July July July July July July July	age	432 559 649 636 488	453 723		117		469	713	979	88	3,280	752
1976 Averag 1977 Averag 1978 Averag 1978 Averag 1980 Averag 1981 Averag 1982 Averag 1983 Averag 1985 Averag 1986 Averag 1987 Averag 1988 January Februar March April July July July Averag 1989 January Februar March April July August Septemil October Novemb Average 1989 January Februar March April April August Septemil October Novemb July July August Septemil October Novemb Decemb Novemb Decemb	age	559 649 636 488	723	1,230		390	280	762	702	122	3,601	1.383
1977 Averag 1978 Averag 1978 Averag 1979 Averag 1980 Averag 1981 Averag 1983 Averag 1984 Averag 1985 Averag 1988 Averag 1988 January Februar March April August July Averag 1989 January Februar March April August April August April April August Septemil October Novemb Average 1989 January Februar March April August Septemil Ctober Novemb Decemb	age age age age age	649 636 488			254	539	298	1.025	700	134	5,066	2,424
1978 Averag 1979 Averag 1980 Averag 1981 Averag 1982 Averag 1983 Averag 1985 Averag 1986 Averag 1987 Averag 1988 January Februan March April July July August Septemi October Novemb Average 1989 January Februan March April April August July July July April April April April April April Decemb Average 1989 January Februan March April April April July July July July July July August Septemi October Novemb Decemb	196 196 196 196	636 488	654	1,380	335	541	535	1,143	690	287	6,193	3,185
1979 Averag 1980 Averag 1981 Averag 1982 Averag 1983 Averag 1985 Averag 1986 Averag 1987 Averag 1988 January Februan March April August Septemi October Novemb Average 1989 January Februan March April August Septemi October Novemb Cotober Novemb Average 1989 January Februan March April April August Septemi October Novemb Decemb	age age age	488		1,144	385	573	555	919	645	226	5,751	2,963
1980 Averag 1981 Averag 1982 Averag 1983 Averag 1984 Averag 1985 Averag 1986 Averag 1987 Averag 1988 January Februan August Septemi October Novemb Decemb Averag 1989 January Februan March April April August Septemi October Novemb Decemb Averag 1989 January Februan March April August Septemi October Novemb Decemb	196 196		658	1.356	281	420	304	1,080	690	212	5.637	3,056
1981 Averag 1982 Averag 1983 Averag 1984 Averag 1986 Averag 1988 January Februar March . April August July Averag 1989 January Februar March April August April August Septemil October Average 1989 January Februar March April August Septemil October Novemb Decemb	age age		554	1,261	172	348	9	857	481	130	4,300	2.551
1982 Averag 1983 Averag 1984 Averag 1985 Averag 1986 Averag 1987 Averag 1988 January Februar March April July August Septemil October Novemb Average 1989 January Februar March April April August Septemil October Novemb Average 1989 January Februar March April April April April October Novemb Decemb Decemb October Novemb Decemb	age	311	319	1,129	81	366	Ŏ	620	406	90	3,323	1,848
1983 Averag 1984 Averag 1985 Averag 1986 Averag 1988 January Februan March April August Septemi October Novemb Average 1989 January Februan March April August Septemi October Novemb Average 1989 January Februan March April April April April April Dure July June July June	age	170	26	552	92	248	35	514	412	97	2,146	854
1984 Averag 1985 Averag 1988 Averag 1988 January Februar March April August Septemi October Novemb Decemb Averag 1989 January Februar May June June August Septemi October Novemb Decemb Average 1989 January Februar May June July August Septemi October Novemb Decemb		240	-0	337	30	338	48	302	422	144	1.862	632
1985 Averag 1986 Averag 1987 Averag 1988 January Februan March . April May July August Septemil October Novemb Decemb Averag 1989 January Februan March April April July July Septemil October October Novemb		323	1	325	117	343	10	216	548	166	2,049	819
1986 Averag 1987 Averag 1988 January Februan March . April June July August Septemil October Novemb Decemb Average 1989 January Februan March April April July August Septemil October Novemb Decemb October Novemb		187	4	168	45	314	27	293	605	187	1,830	472
1987 Average 1988 January Februan March April July July August Septemi October Novemb Decemb Average 1989 January Februan March April July June July June July June July June		271	ŏ	685	44	318	19	440	793	265		
February April April April June July August Septemi October Novemb Decemb Average 1989 January February March April April June J		295	ŏ	751	61	285	98	535	804	205	2,837	1,162
Februarn March . April May July August Septemb October Novemb Decemb Average 1989 January Februarn March April August Septeml July August Septeml October Novemb	-80	200	•		•	203	30	333	004	231	3,060	1,274
March April April June July August Septemil October Novemb Decemb Average 1989 January Februar March April April June June June Cotober Novemb October Novemb Decemb	ıry	333	0	849	61	179	• 1	406	766	540	3,134	1.652
April May June July August Septemi October Novemb Decemb Average 1989 January Februan March April June July June July Cotober Novemb Decemb	ary	358	0	1,265	79	194	0	506	846	214	3.461	1,883
May July August Septemi October Novemb Decemb Average 1989 January Februan March April July July August Septemi October Novemb Decemb	١	259	0	937	6	127	0	589	803	352	3,073	1,509
May July August Septemi October Novemb Decemb Average 1989 January Februan March April July July August Septemi October Novemb Decemb	***************************************	342	0	929	48	166	Ō	711	833	385	3,413	1,610
July August Septemil October Novemb Decemb Average 1989 January Februar March April July July August Septemil October Novemb Decemb		320	0	1.041	41	298	ō	601	841	360	3,501	1,724
July August Septeml October Novemb Decemb Average 1989 January Februar March April July July August Septeml October Novemb Decemb		262	Ö	923	11	184	Ŏ	875	850	527	3,632	1,635
August Septemil October Novemb Decemb Average 1989 January February March April June July August Septemil October Novemb Decemb		225	Ŏ	1.076	43	216	ŏ	715	724	590	3,589	1,911
Septemi October Novemb Decemb Average 1989 January Februan March April June June July August Septemi October Novemb Decemb	ıt	257	ŏ	1,169	Ö	153	ŏ	623	830	669	3,703	2,036
October Novemb Decemb Average 1989 January Februan March April July July August Septeml October Novemb Decemb	mber	289	Ŏ	1,066	22	242	Ŏ	546	824	697	3,685	2,042
Novemb Decemb Average 1989 January Februan March April May July August Septeml October Novemb Decemb	er	326	Ŏ	1,244	16	265	ŏ	686	772	552	3,861	2,042
Decemb Average 1989 January Februar March April May July August Septeml October Novemb Decemb	nber	322	ŏ	986	Ö	240	ŏ	489	779	694	3,510	1.914
Average 1989 January Februan March April May June July August Septemi October Novemb Decemb	nber	312	ŏ	1,289	19	194	ŏ	667	669	524	3,674	2,080
February March April May June July August Septeml October Novemb	ge	300	Ö	1,064	29	205	(8)	618	794	510	3,520	1,839
February March April May June July August Septeml October Novemb	ın,	335	0	1,449	59	218	0	700	044	400	4.040	0.040
March	ary	310	ŏ	1,449	17	292	0	782	941	429	4,212	2,219
April May June July August Septemb October Novemb	ary	272	0				0	567	775	593	3,845	2,126
May June July August . Septeml October Novemb		235	Ö	1,108	64	167	-	702	909	471	3,693	1,805
June July August September October November December	***************************************		-	1,226	14	128	0	750	831	743	3,927	2,030
July August . Septemi October Novemb Decemb	***************************************	272	0	1,155	61	264	0	789	853	630	4,025	1,977
August . Septemi October Novemb Decemb	••••••	205	0	1,249	17	138	0	864	778	856	4,106	2,164
Septemi October Novemb Decemb		263	0	1,182	0	113	0	1,094	794	992	4,437	2,308
October Novemb Decemb	it	216	0	1,316	44	115	0	946	834	1,060	4,531	2,453
Novemb Decemb	mber	256	0	1,109	20	113	0	867	914	957	4,236	2,195
Decemb	er	250	0	1,158	14	167	0	713	1,004	872	4,177	2,122
	nber	323	0	1,342	0	231	0	770	924	762	4,353	2,257
Average	nber	288	0	1,115	26	263	0	915	903	602	4,111	1,905
	ge	269	0	1,224	28	183	0	815	873	748	4,140	2,130
	ry	418	0	1,212	37	137	0	830	1,138	1,047	4,819	2,592
February	ary	280	0	1,557	18	260	0	833	890	753	4,590	2,504
March		301	0	1,157	17	138	0	1,054	878	824	4,368	2,115
April		234	0	1,149	9	88	Õ	969	1,005	742	4,196	2,073
		247	0	1,225	73	77	Ŏ	1.008	1,087	.B36	4,554	2,337
		333	Ó	1,137	20	138	ō	778	1,070	960	4,435	2,293
		303	0	1,235	29	138	Ŏ	914	1,013	862	4,494	2,317
989 6-Month			0	1,246	39	200	0	744	850	619	3,970	2,052
988 6-Month		272	0	988	41		-		822	398	-,	1,667

[•]Excludes petroleum imported into the United States indirectly from members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), primarily from Caribbean and West European areas, as petroleum products that were refined from crude oil produced by OPEC.

b"Other OPEC" consists of Ecuador, Gabon, Iraq, Kuwait, and Qatar. Prior to January 1988, imports from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia are included in imports from Saudi Arabia. From January 1988 forward, those imports are included in imports from "Other OPEC."

e"Total OPEC" consists of Ecuador, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Nigeria, and Venezuela, as well as the Arab members.

d"Total Arab OPEC" consists of Algeria, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates. Imports from the Neutral Zone are included in imports from "Total Arab OPEC."

[•]A small amount of Iranian crude oil entered the United States (defined in this publication as the 50 States and the District of Columbia) in January 1988 from the Virgin Islands. The oil originated in Iran and was exported to the Virgin Islands prior to the signing of Executive Order 12613 on October 29, 1987.

Footnotes continued on following page.

Table 3.3b Crude Oil and Petroleum Product Imports (Continued) (Thousand Barrels per Day)

				Imports	from Nor	-OPEC So	urces ^f				
	Bahamas	Canada	Mexico	Nether- lands Antilles	Trinidad and Tobago	United Kingdom	Puerto Rico	Virgin Islands	Other Non- OPEC	Total Non- OPEC	Total Import
1973 Average	174	1,325	16	585	255	15	99	329	465	3,263	6,256
1974 Average		1,070	8	511	251	8	90	391	340	2,832	6,112
1975 Average		846	71	332	242	14	90	406	300	2,454	6,056
1976 Average		599	87	275	274	31	88	422	353	2,247	7,313
1977 Average		517	179	211	289	126	105	466	550	2,614	8,807
1978 Average	160	467	318	229	253	180	94	429	484	2,613	8,363
1979 Average	147	538	439	231	190	202	92	431	548	2,819	8,456
1980 Average	. 78	455	533	225	176	176	88	388	491	2,609	6,909
1981 Average	. 74	447	522	197	133	375	62	327	534	2,672	5,996
1982 Average	65	482	685	175	112	456	50	316	627	2,968	5,113
1983 Average	125	547	826	189	96	382	40	282	701	3,189	5,051
1984 Average	. 88	630	748	188	94	402	42	294	902	3,388	5,437
1985 Average	40	770	816	40	113	310	28	247	873	3,237	5,067
1986 Average	. 37	807	699	25	125	350	21	244	1,080	3,387	6,224
1987 Average	. 37	848	655	29	106	352	21	272	1,296	3,617	6,678
1988 January	. 51	959	808	40	97	313	29	341	1,410	4.047	7,181
February		1,033	710	21	93	334	16	200	1,308	3,794	7,256
March		1,002	745	46	89	461	22	180	1,280	3,871	6,944
April		985	678	43	82	594	29	193	1,227	3,857	7,270
May		1.001	722	27	102	389	20	257	1,426	3,968	7,469
June		1,032	766	31	112	232	13	212	1,194	3,607	7,239
July		972	723	35	96	214	22	215	1,416	3,708	7,297
August		1,009	704	32	97	111	23	172	1,523	3,683	7,386
September		936	843	25	96	149	29	236	1,469	3,820	7,506
October		996	743	17	98	447	21	234	1,398	3,969	7,830
November		1,080	811	72	80	246	15	286	1,587	4,204	7,714
December		990	711	40	125	294	28	372	1,453	4,053	7,727
Average		999	747	36	97	315	22	242	1,392	3,882	7,402
1989 January	. 53	1,065	809	59	105	215	30	415	1,293	4,043	8,255
February	. 24	1,007	756	44	92	221	24	369	1,649	4,186	8,032
March		961	667	52	82	174	38	324	1,424	3,763	7,456
April		877	1,002	14	117	148	24	407	1,507	4,151	8,078
May		901	808	32	68	202	46	379	1,288	3,753	7,778
June	. 28	921	688	34	143	181	32	363	1,481	3,871	7,977
July		849	758	49	89	328	39	331	1,458	3,932	8,369
August		911	806	43	101	370	21	239	1,519	4,029	8,560
September		949	721	35	95	191	33	190	1,545	3,766	8,002
October		857	837	38	71	309	32	180	1,756	4,124	8,301
November		911	743	72	91	165	42	279	1,645	3,988	8,341
December		973	610	29	81	78	24	377	1,266	3,468	7,579
Average	. 34	931	767	42	94	215	32	321	1,484	3,921	8,061
1990 January		952	789	9	109	219	35	409	1,732	4,328	9,147
February		919	722	27	89	74	32	323	1,456	3,716	8,306
March		823	812	10	103	273	32	264	1,205	3,557	7,925
April		908	466	29	114	274	33	283	1,404	3,562	7,758
May		994	778	20	88	347	38	285	1,604	4,184	8,738
June		927	912	21	118	249	27	299	1,666	4,255	R 8,690
6-Month Average	. 50	921	747	19	104	242	33	310	1,512	3,937	8,431
1989 6-Month Average		955	788 720	40	101	190	32	376	1,436	3,957	7,926
1988 6-Month Average	. 40	1,002	739	35	96	388	22	231	1,308	3,859	7,22

Sources: See end of section.

Includes petroleum imported into the United States indirectly from members of OPEC, primarily from Caribbean and West European areas, as petroleum products that were refined from crude oil produced by OPEC.

R=Revised data. (s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports are included.

Figure 3.5 Finished Motor Gasoline Product Supplied, Production, and Imports

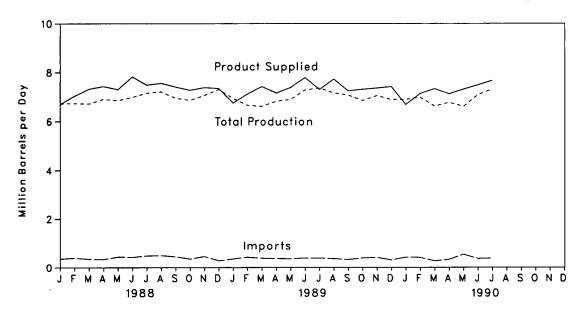


Figure 3.6 Motor Gasoline Ending Stocks

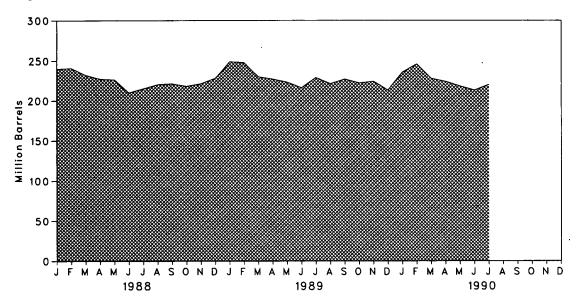


Table 3.4 Finished Motor Gasoline Supply and Disposition

		Sup	ply			Disposition	l		Ending	Stocks*
		Total		Charle			Product Suppli	ed	Total	Finished
		Total Production	Imports ^b	Stock Change ^{b o}	Exports	Total	Unleadedd	Unleaded	Motor Gasoline ^e	Motor Gasolin
	į			Thousand Ba	rrels per Day			Percent of Total	Million	Barrels
	Average	6,535	134	-9 24	4	6,674			209	
	Average	6,360	204	24	2	6,537			1 218	
	Average	6,520	184	1 28	2	6,675			235	
	Average	6,841	131	-10	3	6,978	4.070		231	
	Average	7,033	217	72 54	2	7,177	1,976	27.5	258	
	Average	7,169	190	-54	1	7,412	2,521	34.0	238	
	Average	6,852	181	-2	(s)	7,034	2,798	39.8	237	
	Average	6,506	140	66	1	6,579	3,067	46.6	1 261	
	Averages	6,405	157	1 -28	2	6,588	3,264	49.5	253	
	Average	6,338	197	-25	20	6,539	3,409	52.1	1 235	400
	Average	6,340	247	1 -45	10	6,622	3,647	55.1	222	186
	Average	6,453	299	54	6	6,693	3,987	59.6	243	205
	Average	6,419	381	-41	10	6,831	4,406	64.5	223	190
	Average	6,752	326	11	33	7,034	4,854	69.0	233	194
987	Average	6,841	384	-15	35	7,206	5,470	75.9	226	189
988	January	6,730	357	387	8	6,693	5,395	80.6	240	201
	February	6,736	397	75	18	7,039	5,607	79.7	241	203
	March	6,715	349	-277	18	7,323	5,894	80.5	232	194
	April	6,907	399	-142	18	7,430	5,991	80.6	227	190
	May	6,851	437	-43	28	7,303	5,861	80.3	226	189
	June	6,983	428	-465	59	7,817	6,336	81.1	210	175
	July	7,159	482	148	12	7,482	6,144	82.1	215	179
	August	7,209	494	131	15	7,556	6,232	82.5	220	184
	September	6,948	443	-28	16	7,404	6,115	82.6	221	183
	October	6,858	352	-75	13	7,271	5,988	82.4	218	180
	November	7,060	451	118	15	7,379	6,157	83.4	221	184
	December	7,303	277	192	45	7,344	6,220	84.7	228	190
	Average	6,956	405	3	22	7,336	5,995	81.7		
989	January	6,937	353	512	33	6,745	5,754	85.3	249	206
	February	6,650	423	-70	24	7,119	6,141	86.3	248	204
	March	6,612	381	-471	43	7,421	6,380	86.0	230	189
	April	6,811	370	-22	46	7,157	6,248	87.3	227	188
	May	6,894	355	-163	31	7,381	6,454	87.5	223	183
	June	7,275	386	-180	60	7,780	6,864	88.2	216	178
	July	7,360	383	390	57	7,296	6,509	89.2	229	190
	August	7,155	360	-260	58	7,717	6,934	89.8	221	182
	September	7,069	320	118	31	7,240	6,443	89.0	227	186
	October	6,845	389	-97	29	7,302	6,642	91.0	222	183
	November	7,046	406	81	18	7,353	6,756	91.9	224	185
	Average	6,884 6,963	306 369	-257 -35	37 39	7,410 7,328	6,927 6,507	93.5 88.8	213	177
	-					·				
	January	6,889 6,978	417 407	599 204	31 53	6,675 7,129	6,272 6,657	94.0 93.4	236 246	196 201
	February	6,612	265	-493	45	7,12 5 7,325	6,881	93.9	228	186
	March		327	-493 -52	45 28		6,696	94.1	224	184
	April May	6,764 6,599	527 535	-52 -196	26 25	7,116 7,304	6,884	94.1 94.2	218	178
	. *	R 7,084	935 R 361	-196 R -86	R 52	7,304 R 7,478	P 7,059	94.2 R 94.4	R 213	R 176
	June	E 7,313	E 379	–66 E 3	E 26	E 7,664	E 7,230	E 94.3	E 220	E 178
	July 7-Month Average	E 6,890	E 385	€ -5	E 37	E 7,243	E 6,813	- 54.3	- 220	- 178
1000	7-Month Average	•	970	; 1	40	7 070				
	7-Month Average	6,937 6,869	378 407	-44	42 23	7,272 7,297	6,336 5,890			

^{*}Stocks are totals as of end of period.

Beginning in 1981, excludes blending components.

A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.

dincludes gasohol.

fincludes motor gasoline blending components.
In January 1975, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to surveys affecting stocks reported and stock change calculations. See Note 4 at end of section.

⁹Beginning in January 1981, survey forms were modified. See Note 1 at end of section.

R=Revised data. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: See end of section.

Figure 3.7 Distillate Fuel Oil Product Supplied, Production, and Imports

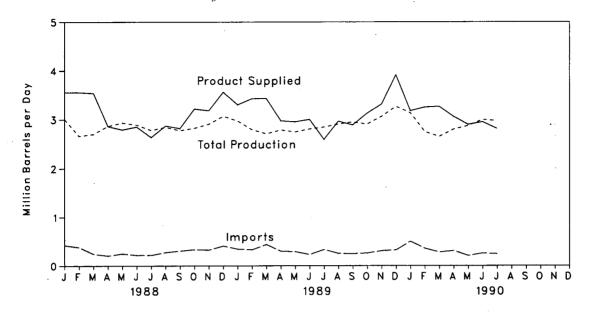


Figure 3.8 Distillate Fuel Oil Ending Stocks

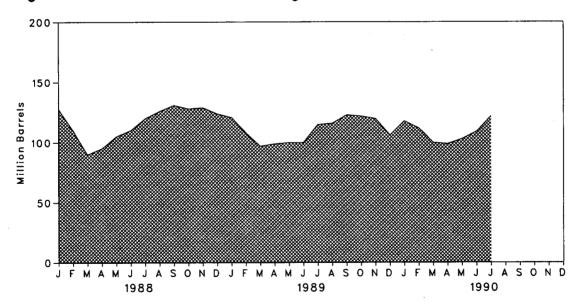


Table 3.5 Distillate Fuel Oil Supply and Disposition

			Supply			Disposition		
		Total Production	Imports	Crude Used Directly ^a	Stock Change ^b	Exports	Product Supplied ^a	Ending Stocks ^c
				Thousand B	arrels per Day			Million Barret
072	Average	2.822	392	2	115	9	3,092	196
	Average	2,669	289	2	9	2	2,948	d 200
	Average	2,654	155	2	d -41	1 .	2,851	209
	Average	2,924	146	7	-62	i	3,133	186
	Average	3,278	250	i	176	1	3,352	250
	Average	3,167	173	i	-93	3	3,432	216
	Average	3,153	193	i	34	3	3,311	229
	Average	2,662	142	i	-64	3	2,866	d 205
	Average	2,613	173	10	d -38	5	2,829	192
		2,606	93	10	-35	74	2,671	d 179
	Average	2,456	174	NA	d -124	64	2,690	140
	Average	2,681	272	NA NA	57	51	2,845	161
	Average	•		NA NA	-48	67	•	144
	Average	2,687	200			100	2,868	155
	Average	2,798	247	NA NA	31 56		2,914	134
987	Average	2,731	255	NA	-56	66	2,976	134
988	January	3,010	424	NA	-206	82	3,558	128
	February	2,667	383	NA	- 614	107	3,557	110
	March	2,706	247	NA	-660	74	3,539	90
	April	2,867	210	NA	171	42	2,864	95
	May	2,936	253	NA	320	· 74	2,795	105
	June	2,893	222	NA	185	76	2,854	110
	July	2,784	222	NA	308	58	2,640	120
	August	2,848	279	NA	185	70	2,873	126
	September	2,778	307	NA	192	72	2,821	131
	October	2,827	336	NA	-103	48	3,218	128
	November	2,909	327	NA	19	34	3,183	129
	December	3,068	409	NA	-171	87	3,560	124
	Average	2,859	302	NA	-30	69	3,122	
989	January	2,974	346	NA	-93	110	3,303	121
	February	2,797	331	NA	-463	164	3,427	108
	March	2.713	439	NA	-352	76	3,428	97
	April	2,789	301	NA	60	56	2,975	99
	May	2,750	290	NA	35	51	2,954	100
	June	2,809	233	NA	(s)	39	3,002	100
	July	2,848	334	NA	498	89	2,596	115
	August	2,907	254	NA	41	154	2,966	116
	September	2,952	249	NA	231	81	2,889	123
	October	2,906	261	NA.	-50	90	3,127	122
	November	3,063	307	NA	-64	123	3,311	120
	December	3,266	324	· NA	-454	130	3,914	106
	Average		306	NA	-49	97	3,157	,,,,
۸٥۵	lanuary	3,136	501	NA	398	62	3,177	118
	January February	2,753	357	NA NA	-204	65	3,177 3,250	112
	.		280		-405	75	3,265	100
	March	2,655		· NA		75 59		99
	April	2,802	308	NA NA	-8 100		3,059	
	May	2,873	207 B 257	NA NA	109 B 210	75 R 84	2,897 B 2 040	103 8 100
	June	2,995 F 2,072	R 257	: NA	R 219	* 84 E 69	R 2,949	R 109
	July	E 2,973	E 243	NA NA	E 337		E 2,811	E 122
	7-Month Average	E 2,886	E 307	NA .	E 67	E 70	€ 3,056	
	7-Month Average	2,812	325	NA	-40	83	3,094	
989	7-Month Average	2,839	280	NA	-68	73	3,114	

^{*}Beginning in January 1983, product supplied for distillate fuel oil does not include crude oil used directly. See Note 3 at end of section.

^bA negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.

Stocks are totals as of end of period.
 In January 1975, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to surveys affecting stocks reported and stock change calculations. See Note 4 at end of section. Due to a rounding difference, the 1975 stock change value is -40 in the Petroleum Supply Annual and the Petroleum Supply Monthly.
 Beginning in January 1981, survey forms were modified. See Note 1 at end of section.
 Beginning to January 1981, survey forms were modified. See Note 1 at end of section.

R=Revised data. NA=Not available. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: See end of section.

Figure 3.9 Residual Fuel Oil Product Supplied, Production, and Imports

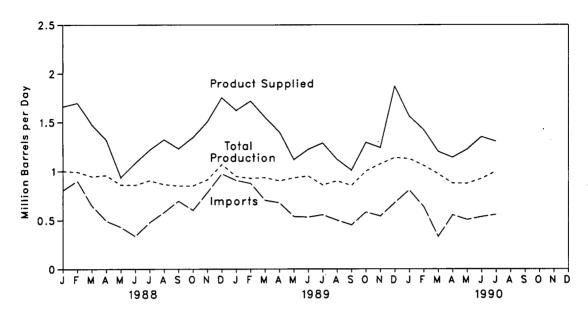


Figure 3.10 Residual Fuel Oil Ending Stocks

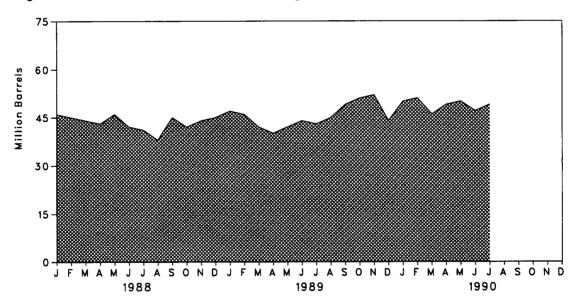


Table 3.6 Residual Fuel Oil Supply and Disposition

		Supply			Disposition		
	Total Production	Imports	Crude Used Directly ^a	Stock Change ^b	Exports	Product Supplied*	Ending Stocks ^c
			Thousand B	arrels per Day	1		Million Barre
79 Average	971	1,853	17	-5	23	2,822	53
73 Average		1,587	13	17	14	2,622	4 60
74 Average		•	15	d2	15	2,462	74
75 Average		1,223	17	-5	12	•	72
76 Average	.'	1,413		-		2,801	90
77 Average		1,359	13	48	6	3,071	
78 Average		1,355	13	. 1	13	3,023	90
79 Average		1,151	12	15	9	2,826	96
30 Average		939	12	-10	33	2,508	d 92
81 Average*	1,321	800	48	d -37	118	2,088	78
B2 Average	1,070	776	48	-32	209	1,716	d 66
33 Average	852	699	NA	d -55	185	1,421	49
14 Average		681	NA	12	190	1,369	53
5 Average		510	NA	-7	197	1,202	50
36 Average		669	NA	-8	147	1,418	47
B7 Average		565	NA	(8)	186	1,264	47
18 January	1,002	805	NA	-44	190	1,661	46
February		901	NA	-33	229	1,698	45
March		650	NA	-43	165	1,476	44
April		495	NA '	-33	170	1,318	43
May		432	NA NA	94	263	938	46
June		336	NA NA	-117	249	1,083	42
		479	NA NA	-37	206	1,217	41
July							38
August		581	NA	-97	225	1,320	
September		698	NA	220	100	1,230	45
October		603	NA.	-68	181	1,343	42
November		785	NA	51	146	1,504	44
December		975	NA	20	271	1,754	45
Average	926	644	NA	-8	200	1,378	
39 January		909	NA	84	151	1,623	47
February	930	877	NA	-58	146	1,719	46
March		706	NA	-128	220	1,551	42
April	904	681	' NA	-52	236	1,401	40
May	934	538	NA	77	276	1,119	42
June	953	533	NA	54	208	1,223	44
July	862	556	NA	-44	176	1,286	43
August	903	501	NA	58	225	1,121	45
September		454	NA	162	137	1,010	49
October		583	NA	50	243	1,292	51
November		543	NA	48	330	1,240	52
December		680	NA NA	-275	226	1,870	44
Average	· ·	629	NA	-2	215	1,370	• •
90 January	1,129	809	NA	191	186	1,561	50
February	1,060	640	NA	63	214	1,424	51
March		334	ŇA	-171	277	1,202	46
April		555	NA NA	93	200	1,142	49
May		507	NA NA	21	141	1,222	50
June		R 536	NA NA	R -96	R 207	R 1,350	R 47
July	_	E 558	NA NA	€ 90	E 164	E 1,303	E 48
7-Month Average		E 562	NA NA	E 27	E 198	E 1,314	- 40
•							
89 7-Month Average		684	NA NA	-9	203	1,414	
88 7-Month Average	936	584	NA	-30	210	1,340	

^{*}Beginning in January 1983, product supplied for residual fuel oil does not include crude oil used directly. See Note 3 at end of section.

bA negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.

^{*}Stocks are totals as of end of period.

din January 1975, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to surveys affecting stocks reported and stock change calculations. See Note 4 at end of section.

Beginning in January 1981, survey forms were modified. See Note 1 at end of section.

R=Revised data. NA=Not available. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: See end of section.

Figure 3.11 Liquefied Petroleum Gases Product Supplied, Production, and Imports

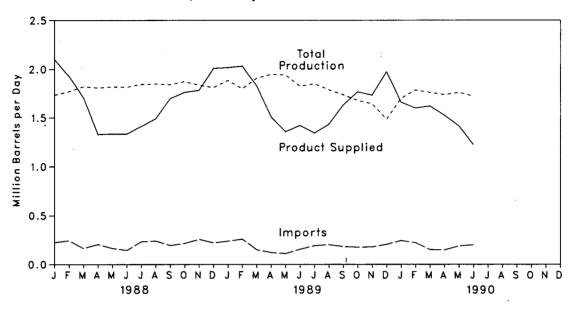


Figure 3.12 Liquefied Petroleum Gases Ending Stocks

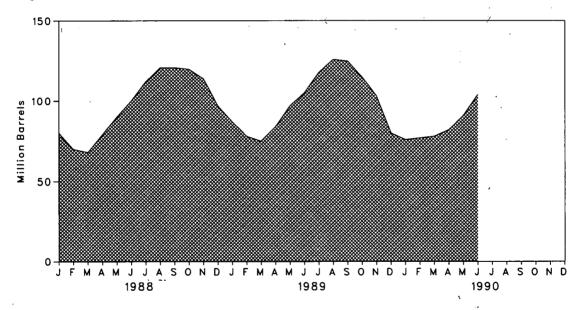


Table 3.7 Liquefied Petroleum Gases Supply and Disposition

		Sup	ply		Dispo	sition		
		Total Production	Imports	Stock Change ^b	Refinery Inputs	Exports	Product Supplied	Ending Stocks ^c
				Thousand B	arrels per Day			Million Barrels
1973 Ave	orage	1,600	132	35	220	27	1,449	99
	erage	1,565	123	38	220	25	1,406	d 113
	orage	1,527	112	d 35	246	26	1,333	125
	erage	1,535	130	-24	260	25	1,404	116
	erage	1,566	161	55	233	18	1,422	136
	rage	1,537	123	-12	239	20	1,413	132
	rage	1,556	217	-70	236	15	•	111
	rage	1,535	216	-70 27			1,592	
		•		d 18	233	21	1,469	d 120
	orage	1,571	244		289	.42	1,466	135
	orage	• 1,527	226	-111	300	65	1,499	d 94
	rage	1,642	190	d -4	253	73	1,509	d 101
	rage	1,697	195	d -19	291	48	1,572	101
	rage	1,704	187	-75	304	62	1,599	74
986 Ave	rage	1,695	242	80	302	42	1,512	103
987 Ave	rage	1,748	190	-15	304	38	1,612	97
	uary	1,734	226	-566	383	44	2,099	80
	ruary	1,770	245	-328	366	47	1,929	70
Mare	ch	1,819	165	-50	292	36	1,707	68
April	l	1,806	205	361	277	43	1,329	79
May	***************************************	1,817	165	343	277	37	1,324	90
June	9	1,814	144	331	256	38	1,333	100
	***************************************	1,842	233	380	248	35	1,412	112
	ust	1,847	241	287	262	50	1,490	121
	tember	1,841	194	20	274	43	1,698	121
	ber	1,872	216	-47	318	56	1,761	120
	ember	1,835	258	-206	445	71	•	
	ember	1,811	222				1,782	114
_	rage	1,817	209	-522 1	461 321	85 - 49	2,010 1,656	97
989 Jani	uary	1.885	239	-335	422	19	0.010	07
	ruary	1,798	260	-333 -333	328	31	2,018	87 70
	ch	1,909	150	-333 -85	274	43	2,032	78 75
		1,950	121				1,827	75
	***************************************			294	242	27	1,507	84
•		1,943	110	428	226	43	1,357	97
		1,824	155	269	254	35	1,422	105
		1,850	192	407	247	45	1,343	118
	ust	1,787	202	272	245	40	1,433	126
	tember	1,737	182	-46	303	31	1,631	125
	bber	1,679	176	-313	371	31	1,766	115
	ember	1,643	179	-389	446	33	1,732	103
Dece	ember	1,483	205	-749	424	37	1,975	80
Ave	rage	1,791	181	-47	315	35	1,668	
	uary	1,700	245	-174	416	44	1,660	76
	uary	1,784	223	20	346	42	1,599	77
Marc	sh	1,760	152	42	205	44	1,620	78
April		1,738	148	136	200	25	1,525	82
May	***************************************	1,760	189	279	216	36	1,417	91
June		1,722	201	451	220	28	1,223	104
	onth Average	1,743	193	126	267	37	1,507	104
989 6-M	onth Average	1,886	172	43	291	33	1,691	
	onth Average	1,793	191	15	308	41	1,620	

^{*}Includes ethane, propane, normal butane, and isobutane.

^bA negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.

Stocks are totals as of end of period.

⁴in January 1975, 1981, 1983, and 1984, a new stock basis was established affecting stocks reported and stock change calculations. See Note 4 at end of section.

^{*}Due to a rounding difference, this value is 1,528 in the *Petroleum Supply Annual* and the *Petroleum Supply Monthly*.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: See end of section.

Table 3.8 Other Petroleum Products^a Supply and Disposition

		Sup	ply		Dispo	sition		
		Total Production	Imports	Stock Change ^b	Refinery Inputs	Exports	Products Supplied	Ending Stocks ^c
				Thousand B	arrels per Day			Million Barrels
-			500	9	750	166	3,270	208
	Average	3,693	502	28	665	174	3,123	d 218
	Average	3,558	432	d _4	537	160	3,002	219
	Average	3,418	277	•	524	175	3,145	220
976	Average	3,643	206	5		165	3,410	230
	Average	3,912	205	27	514 492	167	3,568	225
978	Average	4,046	166	-14		209	3,749	238
979	Average	4,153	195	37	352			d 247
980	Average	3,956	210	23	311	198	3,634	282
981	Average	3,739	226	d -46	723	199	3,088	d 253
982	Average	3,453	334	-80	787	211	• 2,870	
	Average	3,460	411	4 -6	712	242	2,923	d 256
	Average	3,632	565	d -23	79 1	245	3,183	240
	Average	3,721	588	17	886	240	3,166	246
	Average	3,997	561	10	888	308	3,353	250
	Average	4,080	610	-1	829	289	3,572	250
988	January	3.942	706	136	812	354	3,347	254
	February	3,905	680	31	753	318	3,484	255
	March	4,147	666	282	687	328	3,515	264
		4,010	794	87	851	288	3,577	266
	April	4,071	843	335	501	274	3,803	277
	May	4,265	787	-43	777	379	3,939	276
	June	•	781	21	831	329	3,915	276
	July	4,315		-199	796	302	4,215	270
	August	4,413	701		850	323	3,882	265
	September	4,245	651	-159	762	268	3,944	264
	October	4,163	771	-40		303	3,728	265
	November	4,068	823	43	818			252
	December	4,155	613	-429	1,153	392	3,653	292
	Average	4,143	735	6	799	321	3,751	
989	January	4,198	746	396	706	311	3,532	264
	February	3,957	837	191	726	302	3,574	270
	March	4,067	745	112	660	321	3,718	273
	April	3,953	854	133	808	306	3,561	277
	May	4,131	755	221	688	260	3,718	284
	June	4,375	695	-206	838	389	4,049	278
	July	4,454	690	-69	955	344	3,913	276
	August	4,436	677	-215	893	328	4,107	269
	September	4,428	770	112	737	343	4,005	272
	October	4,191	705	32	730	337	3,796	273
		4,122	736	-43	900	351	3,650	272
	November	3,763	600	-601	918	391	3,655	253
	Average	4,174	733	4	797	332	3,774	
	•	•	970	176	699	255	3,854	259
880	January	4,014		495	645	347	3,587	273
	February	4,255	819 760		787	306	3,646	278
	March		769	144		337	3,800	272
	April		679	-195	861 501		3,973	281
	May		861	292	531	300	•	277
	June		922	-141	904	345	4,082	211
	6-Month Average	4,167	837	126	738	314	3,826	
1989	6-Month Average	4,116	771	142	737	314	3,693	
988	6-Month Average	4,057	746	140	729	323	3,611	

^{*}Includes pentanes plus, other hydrocarbons and alcohol, unfinished oil, gasoline blending components, and all finished petroleum products except finished motor gasoline, distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, and liquefied petroleum gases.

A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.

^{*}Stocks are totals as of end of period.

In January 1975, 1981, 1983, and 1984, a new stock basis was established affecting stocks reported and stock change calculations. See Note 4 at end of this section.

^{*}Due to a rounding difference, this value is 2,869 in the *Petroleum Supply Annual* and the *Petroleum Supply Monthly*.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: See end of section.

Petroleum Notes and Sources

Notes

1. The Energy Information Administration (EIA) uses a number of sources and methods to maintain the survey respondent lists. On a regular basis, survey managers review industry publications such as the Oil and Gas Journal and Oil Daily for information on facilities or companies starting up or closing down operations. Those sources are augmented by articles in newspapers, letters from respondents indicating changes in status, and information received from survey systems.

Every 3 years an extensive survey is conducted to update the frames completely. The updating involves consolidating information from every known source including State agencies, Federal agencies (e.g., Environmental Protection Agency, Corps of Engineers, Census Bureau, etc.), and private industry directories. The effort also includes the evaluation of the impact of potential frame changes on the historical time series of data published from these respondents. The results of this frame study are usually implemented in January to provide a full year under the same frame.

- 2. Motor Gasoline: Beginning in January 1981, the EIA expanded its universe to include non-refinery blenders; redefined motor gasoline into two categories (finished leaded and finished unleaded); and separated blending components from finished motor gasoline as a reporting category. Also, survey forms were modified to describe refinery operations more accurately. For further details, see the EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.
- 3. Distillate and Residual Fuel Oils: The requirement to report crude oil burned on leases and pipelines as either distillate or residual fuel oil has been eliminated. Prior to January 1981, the refinery input of unfinished oils number typically exceeded the number for available supply of unfinished oils. That discrepancy was assumed to be due to the redesignation of distillate and residual fuel oils received as such, but used as an unfinished oil input by the receiving refinery. The imbalance between supply and disposition of unfinished oils would then be subtracted from the production of distillate and residual fuel oils. Two-thirds of that difference was subtracted from distillate and one-third from residual. Beginning in January 1981, the EIA modified its survey forms to account for redesignated product

and discontinued the above-mentioned adjustment. For further details, see the EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.

- 4. New Stock Basis: In January 1975, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to bulk terminal and pipeline surveys affecting subsequent stocks reported and stock change calculations. Using the expanded coverage (new basis), the end-of-year stocks, in million barrels, would have been:
 - Crude Oil: 1982--645 (Total) and 351 (Other Primary).
 - Crude Oil and Petroleum Products: 1974--1,121; 1980--1,425; and 1982--1,462.
 - Motor Gasoline: 1974--225; 1980--263; 1982--244 (Total) and 203 (Finished).
 - Distillate Fuel Oil: 1974--224; 1980--205; and 1982--186.
 - Residual Fuel Oil: 1974--75; 1980--91; and 1982--68.
 - Liquefied Petroleum Gases: 1974--113; 1980--128; and 1982--103.
 - Other Petroleum Products: 1974--220; 1980--249; and 1982--259.
 - Stock change calculations beginning in 1975, 1981, and 1983, were made using new basis stock levels.

In January 1984, changes were made in the reporting of natural gas liquids. As a result, unfractionated stream, which was formerly included in "Other Petroleum Products Supply and Disposition" table, is now reported on a component basis (ethane, propane, normal butane, isobutane, and pentanes plus). Most of these stocks now appear in the "Liquefied Petroleum Gases Supply and Disposition" table. This change affects stocks reported and stock change calculations in each table. Under the new basis, end-of-year 1983 stocks, in million barrels would have been:

- Liquefied Petroleum Gases: 1983--108.
- Other Petroleum Products: 1983--248.
- 5. Stocks of Alaskan Crude Oil: Stocks of Alaskan Crude oil in transit were included for the first time in January 1981. The major impact of this change is on the reporting of stock change calculations. Using the expanded coverage (new basis), 1980 end-of-year stocks, in million barrels, would have been 488 (Total) and 380 (Other Primary).

Sources

- 1973 through 1976: U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Mines, Mineral Industry Surveys, "Petroleum Statement, Annual" and "PAD Districts Supply/Demand, Annual."
- 1977 through 1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, "Petroleum Statement, Annual" and "PAD Districts Supply/Demand, Annual" and unleaded gasoline data from Monthly Petroleum Statistics Report.

- 1981 through 1989: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual.
- January 1990 through June 1990: Detailed Statistics in appropriate issues of the Petroleum Supply Monthly.
- July 1990: Estimates based on EIA weekly data (except domestic crude oil production).
- January 1990 through July 1990: Domestic crude oil production estimate based on historical statistics from State conservation agencies and the Minerals Management Service of the U.S. Department of the Interior.

Section 4. Natural Gas

Total dry natural gas production in the United States during June 1990 was an estimated 1.4 trillion cubic feet, slightly higher than the previous June. Dry natural gas production during the first half of 1990 was 8.7 trillion cubic feet, 1 percent higher than during the first half of 1989.

Consumption of natural and supplemental gas in June 1990 was 1.3 trillion cubic feet, 4 percent above the level in June 1989. Consumption of natural and supplemental gas during the first half of 1990 was 10 trillion cubic feet, 2 percent below the first half of 1989.

Deliveries to residential consumers in May 1990 (latest data available) were 246 billion cubic feet, 4 percent lower than the previous May. Total deliveries to

industrial consumers during May 1990 were 610 billion cubic feet, 10 percent higher than in the previous May.

Imports of natural gas in June 1990 were 111 billion cubic feet, 7 percent higher than in the previous June. Imports of natural gas during the first half of 1990 were 723 billion cubic feet, 9 percent higher than imports during the first half of 1989.

Stocks of working gas⁵ in underground natural gas storage reservoirs at the end of June 1990 totaled 2.5 trillion cubic feet, 4 percent above the level of stocks available 1 year earlier. Net withdrawals from storage during June 1990 were 289 billion cubic feet, 8 percent less than during the previous June.

⁵Gas available for withdrawal.

⁴Percentage changes are calculated using rounded data.

Table 4.1 Natural Gas Production (Billion Cubic Feet)

	Gross Withdrawais	Repressuring ^b	Nonhydro- carbon Gases Removed ^o	Vented and Flared ^d	Marketed Production (Wet)*	Extraction Loss	Total Dry Gas Production
1973 Total	24,067	1,171	NA	248	9 22,648	917	9 21,731
974 Total	22,850	1,080	NA	169	9 21,601	887	9 20,713
975 Total	21,104	861	NA	134	9 20,109	872	9 19,236
976 Total	20,944	859	NA	132	9 19,952	854	9 19,098
977 Total	21,097	935	NA	137	9 20,025	863	9 19,163
978 Total	21,309	1,181	NA	153	9 19,974	852	9 19,122
979 Total	21.883	1,245	NA	167	9 20,471	808	9 19,663
980 Total	21,870	1,365	199	125	20,180	777	19,403
981 Total	21,587	1.312	222	98	19.956	775	19,181
982 Total	20,210	1,388	208	93	18,520	762	17,758
983 Total	18,597	1,458	222	95	16,822	790	16,033
984 Total	20,192	1,630	224	108	18,230	838	17,392
985 Total	19,534	1,915	326	95	17,198	816	16,382
986 Total	19,063	1,838	337	98	16,791	800	15,991
987 Total	20,056	2,208	376	124	17,349	812	16,536
988 January	1,921	215	40	12	1,654	76	1,578
February	1,749	195	36	12	1,506	69	1,437
March	1,822	200	40	12	1,570	72	1,498
April	1,681	192	39	12	1,438	66	1,372
May	1,721	204	33	12	1,472	67	1,405
June	1.652	202	39	12	1,399	64	1,335
July	1,671	204	37	13	1,417	65	1,352
August	1.688	203	36	12	1,437	66	1,371
September	1,606	200	38	12	1,356	62	1,294
October	1,743	216	42	12	1,473	67	1,406
November	1,768	216	38	12	1,502	69	1,433
December	1,861	224	42	11	1,584	73	1,511
Total	20,880	2,471	460	142	17,808	816	16,992
1989 January	1,854	214	40	10	1,590	74	1,516
February	1,704	189	35	10	1,470	69	1,401
March	1,799	193	37	12	1,557	73	1,484
April	1,729	198	35	11	1,485	69	1,416
May	1,761	209	37	11	1,504	70	1,434
June	1,672	188	34	11	1,439	67	1,372
July	1,705	195	36	11	1,463	68	1,395
August	1,696	202	34	11	1,449	68	1,381
September	1,632	202	33	11	1,386	65	1,321
October	1,713	206	35	11	1,461	68	1,393
November	1,777	210	37	11	1,519	71	1,448
December	1,895	214	39	11	1,631	76	1,555
Total	20,937	2,420	432	131	17,955	841	17,115
1990 January	1,945	225	39	12	1,669	78	1,591
February	1,733	202	35	11	1,485	69	1,416
March		_ 210	37	11	1,554	73	1,481
April	R 1,727	R 199	_ 35	_ 11	R 1,482	69	R 1,413
May		E 203	€ 36	E 11	E 1,501	€ 70	E 1,431
June		E 194	_E 34	E 10	E 1,440	E 67	E 1,373
6-Month Total	E 10,646	E 1,233	E 216	€ 66	E 9,131	E 426	E 8,705
1989 6-Month Total	10,519	1,191	218	65	9,045	422	8,623
1988 6-Month Total	10,546	1,208	227	72	9,039	414	8,625

^{*}Gas withdrawn from gas and oil wells.

The injection of natural gas into oil and gas formations for pressure maintenance and cycling purposes.

^{*}See Note 1 at end of section.

processing plants.

•Gross Wet Gas Withdrawals minus Used for Repressuring, Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed, and Vented and Flared. See Note 2 at end of section.

•Marketed Production (Wet) minus Extraction Loss.

⁹May include unknown quantities of nonhydrocarbon gases.

R=Revised data. NA=Not available. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent round-

ing.
Sources: • 1973 through 1988: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Natural Gas Annual 1988, Volume II, Table 1. • 1989 forward: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, June 1990, Table 1.

Table 4.2 Natural Gas Supply and Disposition (Billion Cubic Feet)

	Supply					Disposition				
	Total Dry Gas Production	With- drawals from Storage ^a	Supple- mental Gaseous Fuels ^b	Imports ^b	Total Supply/ Disposition ^c	Additions to Storage*	Exports ^b	Consump- tion ^b	Un- accounted for	
1973 Total	d 21,731	1,533	NA	1,033	24,297	1,974	77	22,049	196	
1974 Total	d 20,713	1,701	NA	959	23,373	1,784	77	21,223	289	
1975 Total	d 19,236	1,760	NA	953	21,949	2,104	73	19,538	235	
1976 Total	4 19,098	1,921	NA	964	21,983	1,756	65	19,946	216	
977 Total	d 19,163	1,750	NA	1,011	21,924	2,307	56	19,521	41	
978 Total	d 19,122	2,158	NA	966	22,245	2,278	53	19,627	287	
1979 Total	d 19,663	2,047	NA	1,253	22,964	2,295	56	20,241	372	
1980 Total	19,403	1,972	155	985	22,515	1,949	49	19,877	640	
981 Total	19,181	1,930	176	904	22,191	2,228	59	19,404	501	
982 Total	17,758	2,164	145	933	21,000	2,472	52	18,001	475	
983 Total	16,033	2,270	132	920	19,354	1,822	55	16,835	• 642	
984 Total	17,392	2,098	110	843	20,443	2,295	55	17,951	• 143	
985 Total	16,382	2,397	126	950	19,855	2,163	55	17,281	356	
986 Total 987 Total	15,991 16,536	1,837 1, 9 05	113 101	750 993	18,692 19,534	1,984 1,911	- 61 54	16,221 17,211	427 359	
988 January	1,578	586	12	139	2,315	47	5	2,242	21	
February	1,437	462	10	117	2,026	50	5	2,083	-112	
March	1,498	259	9	113	1,879	99	6	1,878	-104	
April	1,372	92	8	96	1,568	165	6	1,466	-69	
May	1,405	46	8	94	1,553	288	4	1,279	-18	
June	1,335	36	7	93	1,471	280	8	1,140	43	
July	1,352	42	6	100	1,500	300	5	1,148	47	
August	1,371	52	7	94	1,524	288	6	1,196	34	
September	1,294	46	7	95	1,442	314	7	1,086	35	
October	1,406	92	8	106	1,612	202	6	1,229	175	
November	1,433	159	8	121	1,721	117	7	1,449	148	
December Total	1,511 16,992	397 2,270	10 101	127 1,294	2,045 20,657	62 2,212	9 74	1,831 18,028	143 344	
989 January	1,516	404	16	119	2.055	49	R 7	2.021	R _22	
February	1,401	546	15	R 110	R 2,072	28	R 7	2,011	P 26	
March	1,484	314	14	R 113	R 1,925	96	R 11	1.959	R -141	
April	1,416	124	12	R.110	R 1,662	170	R 11	1,592	R -111	
May	1,434	62	12	R 108	R 1,616	279	R 8	1,361	R -32	
June	1,372	19	11	R 104	R 1,506	332	R 9	1,212	R -47	
July	1,395	24	12	101	1,532	321	R 9	1,226	R -24	
August	1,381	27	12	R 108	R 1,528	321	Яg	1,216	R -18	
September	1,321	34	10	R 117	R 1,482	283	Яg	1,184	₽ 6	
October	1,393	85	13	R 123	R 1,614	192	R 10	1,295	R 117	
November	1,448	198	13	R 123	R 1,782	91	R 8	1,569	_ 114	
December	1,555	729	18	R 145	R 2,447	50	_ R 8	2,167	R 222	
Total	17,115	2,566	157	^R 1,382	^R 21,220	2,212	R 107	18,812	R 89	
990 January	1,591	329	16	149	2,085	92	R 7	2,116	R -130	
February	1,416	340	14	118	1,888	85	R 6	1,823	R -26	
March	_ 1,481	250	14	P 115	R 1,860	119	Rg	1,787	R -54	
April	R 1,413	109	13	R 122	R 1,657	183	RВ	1,593	R -127	
May	E 1,431	75	11	A 108	R 1,625	316	R 6	R 1,397	R -94	
June	E 1,373	40	11	111	1,535	329	8	1,262	-64	
6-Month Total .	E 8,705	1,143	79	723	10,650	1,124	43	9,978	-495	
989 6-Month Total . 988 6-Month Total .	8,623 8,625	1,469	80 54	664	10,836	954	53	10,156	-327	
soo s-monun iotal.	8,625	1,481	54	652	10,812	929	34	10,088	-239	

^{*}Data for 1980 through 1988 include underground storage and liquefied natural gas storage. All other data include underground storage only. Computation procedures are discussed in Note 8 at end of section.

See Notes at end of section.

Data for 1978 forward do not include in-transit receipts and deliveries.

dMay include unknown quantities of nonhydrocarbon gases.

^{*}See Note 7 at end of section.

R=Revised data. NA=Not available. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: • 1973 through 1988: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Natural Gas Annual 1988, Volume II, Tables 2 and 12. • 1989 forward: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, June 1990, Table 2.

Table 4.3 Natural Gas^a Consumption by End-Use Sector (Billion Cubic Feet)

	Lease and Plant Fuel	Pipeline Fuel ^b	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Electric Utilities	Total	Total Consumption
1070 7-4-1	1,496	728	4,879	2,597	8.689	3,660	19.825	22,049
1973 Total		669	4,786	2,556	8,292	3,443	19,077	21,223
1974 Total	1,477			2,508	6.968	3,158	17,558	19,538
1975 Total	1,396	583	4,924	•		3,130	17,764	19,946
1976 Total	1,634	548	5,051	2,668	6,964			19,521
1977 Total	1,659	533	4,821	2,501	6,815	3,191	17,329	
1978 Total	1,648	530	4,903	2,601	6,757	3,188	17,449	19,627
1979 Total	1,499	601	4,965	2,786	6,899	3,491	18,141	20,241
1980 Total	1.026	635	4,752	2,611	7,172	3,682	18,216	19,877
1981 Total	928	642	4,546	2,520	7,128	3,640	17,834	19,404
1982 Total	1.109	596	4,633	2,606	5,831	3,226	16,295	18,001
1983 Total	978	490	4,381	2,433	5,643	2,911	15,367	16,835
1984 Total	1,077	529	4,555	2,524	6,154	3,111	16,345	17,951
	966	504	4,433	2.432	5,901	3,044	15,811	17,281
1985 Total				2,318	5,579	2,602	14,814	16,221
1986 Total	923	485	4,314		5,953	2,844	15,542	17,211
1987 Total	1,149	519	4,315	2,430	5,853	2,044	10,042	17,211
1988 January	102	63	853	441	617	168	2,077	2,242
February	93	55	75 5	405	605	170	1,935	2,083
March	97	53	597	327	600	204	1,728	1,878
April	88	46	401	224	508	199	1,332	1,466
	91	49	258	155	486	240	1,139	1,279
May	86	47	152	112	462	280	1,007	1,140
June		49	123	101	459	328	1,012	1,148
July	87	49 49	114	106	495	344	1,059	1,196
August	88			108	491	233	956	1,086
September	83	47	125		524	182	1,089	1,229
October	91	49	232	151			1,306	1,449
November	92	51	390	222	543	150		•
December	97	56	630	319	592	137	1,678	1,831
Total	1,095	614	4,630	2,670	6,383	2,636	16,319	18,028
1989 January	105	51	746	376	597	146	1,865	2,021
February	97	51	738	378	576	171	1,863	2,011
March	103	49	643	340	615	209	1,807	1,959
April	98	44	413	232	571	233	1,450	1,592
May		46	255	157	554	249	1,215	1,361
	95	45	154	119	540	258	1.072	1,212
June	97	45	128	108	531	318	1,084	1,226
July	7.1	45 45	120	106	541	308	1,075	1,216
August			139	111	533	266	1,049	1,184
September		43		150	525	252	1,154	1,295
October		44	227		606	187	1,423	1,569
November		45	402	228		170	1,423	2,167
December		60	783	392	654		,	18,812
Total	1,188	568	4,748	2,697	6,842	2,768	17,056	10,012
1990 January	110	53	788	401	620	144	1,953	2,116
February		48	637	331	578	131	1,677	1,823
March		48	550	300	605	182	1,637	1,787
April		44	398	235	620	197	1,451	1,593
May		47	246	155	610	239	1,251	R 1,397
5-Month Total		240	2,619	1,422	3,033	894	7,969	8,716
1989 5-Month Total	503	241	2,795	1,483	2,913	1,008	8,200	8,944
1988 5-Month Total		266	2,864	1,552	2,816	981	8,211	8,948
1800 5-Mollin Total	71.1	_,,	_,		•			

^{*}Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.

bNatural gas consumed in the operation of pipelines, primarily in compressors.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: • 1973 through 1988: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Natural Gas Annual 1988, Volume II, Table 3. • 1989 forward: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, June 1990, Table 3.

Table 4.4 Underground Storage of Natural Gas

(Volumes in Billion Cubic Feet)

		Natural Gas in Underground Storage, End of Period		Change in W from Sam Previou	e Period	Storage Activity			
		Base Gas	Working Gas	Total*	Volume	Percent	Injections ^b	Withdrawalsb	Netc
1973	Total	2,864	2,034	4.898	305	17.6	1.974	1,533	44
1974	Total	2,912	2,050	4,962	16	.8	1,784	1,701	8
	Total	3,162	2,212	5.374	162	7.9	2,104	1,760	34
	Total	3,323	1,926	5.250	-286	-12.9	1.756	1,921	-16
	Total	3,391	2.475	5.866	549	28.5	2,307	1,750	55
-	Total	3,473	2,547	6,020	72	2.9	2,278	2,158	12
	Total	3,553	2.753	6,306	207	8.1	2,295	2,047	24
	Total	3,642	2,655	6,297	-99	-3.6	1,896	1,910	-1
	Total	3,752	2,817	6,569	162	6.1	2,180	1,887	29
	Total	3,808	3,071	6,879	255	9.0	2,399	2,094	30
983	Total	3,847	2,595	6,442	-476	-15.5	1,700	2,142	-44
	Total	3,830	2,876	6,706	281	10.8	2,252	2,142	18
	Total	3,842	2,607	6,448	-270	-9.4	2,128	2,359	-23
	Total	3,819	2,749	6.567	-270 142	5.5	•		
	Total	3,792	2,74 9 2,756	6,548	7	5.5 .3	1,952 1,887	1,812 1,881	14
SAR	January	3.792	2.228	6.020	-52	-2.3	47	578	-53
	February	3,791	1.827	5.618	-161	-8.1	50	456	-40
	March	3,790	1,682	5,473	-101 -197	-10.5	99	255	
		3,790			-169	-10.5 -8.7			-15
	April		1,769	5,559			162	92	7
	May	3,790	2,027	5,818	-179	-8.1	282	46	23
	June	3,792	2,293	6,085	-144	-5.9	274	36	23
	July	3,793	2,567	6,359	-69	-2.6	294	42	25
	August	3,791	2,835	6,626	-1 74	.0	282	52	23
	September	3,791	3,120	6,911	71	2.3	308	46	26
	October	3,792	3,243	7,035	137	4.4	198	92	10
	November	3,803	3,171	6,974	112	3.7	117	157	-4
	Total	3,800	2,850	6,650	94	3.4	62 2,174	391 2,244	-32 -6
	January	3,798	2,509	6.307	281	12.6	49	404	-35
000	February	3,801	1,994	5,796	168	9.2	28	546	-55 -51
	March	3,801	1,776	5,790 5,578	94	5.2 5.6	96	314	
	April	3,801	1.823	5,624	54 54	3.0	170	124	-21
	. ,	3,802	2.062		34				4
	May	3,802		5,863		1.7	279	62	21
	June	•	2,374	6,176	82	3.6	332	19	31
	July	3,802	2,644	6,446	77	3.0	321	24	29
	August	3,802	2,938	6,740	103	3.6	321	27	29
	September	3,802	3,183	6,986	63	2.0	283	34	24
	October	3,800	3,293	7,094	50	1.5	192	85	10
	November	3,812	3,197	7,010	26	.8	91	198	-10
	December Total	3,812	2,499	6,311	-351	-12.3	50 2,212	729 2,566	-67 -35
990	January	3,818	2,251	6,069	-258	-10.3	92	329	-23
	February	3,814	2,000	5.814	6	.3	85	340	-25 -25
	March	3,814	1,871	5,684	95	.s 5.3	119	250	-25 -13
	April	3.843	1,927	5,770	104	5.3 5.7	183	109	-13 7
	May	3,823	2,159	5,770 5,983	97	5.7 4.7			
	June	3,840	•		97 85		316	75 40	24
•	Julio	3,040	2,459	6,299	65	3.6	329	40	28

^{*}Total underground storage capacity at the end of each calendar year (in billion cubic feet): 1978--6,890; 1979--6,929; 1980--7,434; 1981--7,805; 1982--7,915; 1983--7,985; 1984--8,043; 1985--8,087; 1986--8,145; 1987 and 1988--8,124; and 1989--8,124. Current capacity is 8,125.

**For 1980 through 1988, data differ from those shown on Table 4.2, which includes liquefied natural gas storage for that period.

Positive numbers indicate injections are greater than withdrawals. Negative numbers indicate withdrawals are greater than injections. Net injections or withdrawals may not equal the difference between applicable ending stocks. See Note 8 at end of section.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: • Storage Activity—1973 through 1975: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Natural Gas Annual 1988, Volume II, Table 9, 1976 through 1979: EIA, Natural Gas Production and Consumption 1979, Table 1, 1980 through 1988: EIA, Natural Gas Annual 1988, Volume II, Table 11, 1989 forward: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, May 1990, Table 17. • Other Data—1973: American Gas Association (AGA), Gas Facts (1973 Data), Table 57. 1974: AGA, Gas Facts (1974 Data), Table 40. 1975 and 1976: Federal Energy Administration, Form FEA-G318-M-O, and Federal Power Commission (FPC), Form FPC-8. 1977 and 1978: EIA, Form FEA-G318-M-O, and FPC, Form FERC-8. 1979 through 1988: EIA, Form EIA-191, and Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FERC-8. 1989 forward: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, June 1990, Table 17.

Figure 4.1 Natural Gas Consumption, Production, and Imports

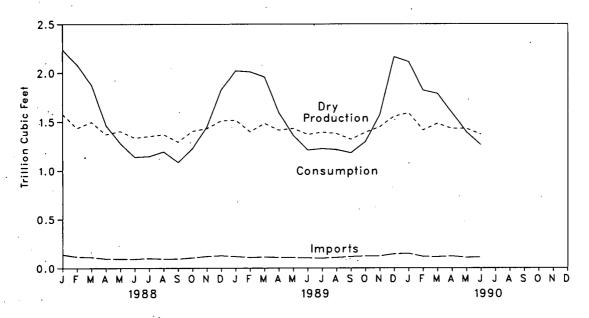
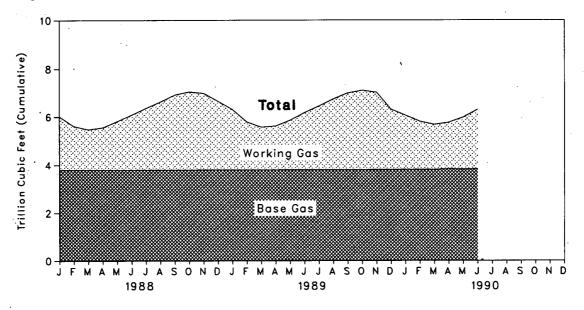


Figure 4.2 Natural Gas in Storage, End of Period



Natural Gas Notes

- 1. Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed: Annual data on nonhydrocarbon gases removed from marketed production--carbon dioxide, helium, hydrogen sulfide, and nitrogen--are from the Energy Information Administration (EIA) Natural Gas Annual (NGA) 1988. Data are not available for periods prior to 1980. Monthly data are reported by three States and computed for six States. Monthly data are preliminary until after publication of the EIA NGA. Differences between annual data published in the EIA NGA and the sum of the preliminary monthly data (January-December) are allocated proportionally to the months to create final monthly data. For further information on methods of estimating preliminary monthly data, see the EIA NGM.
- 2. Production: Annual data. Final annual data are from the EIA NGA.

Estimated monthly data. Data for the two most recent months presented are estimated. Some of the data for earlier months are also estimated or computed. For a discussion of computation and estimation procedures, see the EIA NGM.

Preliminary monthly data. Monthly data are considered preliminary until after publication of the EIA NGA. Preliminary monthly data are gathered from reports from the Interstate Oil Compact Commission and the U.S. Minerals Management Service. Volumetric data are converted, as necessary, to a standard 14.73 psia pressure base. Unless there are major changes, data are not revised until after publication of the EIA NGA.

Final monthly data. Differences between annual data in the EIA NGA and the sum of preliminary monthly data (January-December) are allocated proportionally to the months to create final monthly data.

3. Extraction Loss: Extraction loss is the reduction in volume of natural gas resulting from the removal of natural gas liquids constituents at natural gas processing plants.

Annual data for extraction loss are from the EIA NGA for which they have been estimated based on the type and quantity of liquid products extracted from the gas stream and the calculated volume of such products at standard conditions. For a detailed explanation of the calculations used to derive estimated extraction losses, see the EIA NGA.

Preliminary monthly data are estimated based on extraction loss as an annual percentage of marketed production. This percentage is applied to each month's marketed production to estimate monthly extraction loss.

Monthly data are revised and considered final after the publication of the EIA NGA. Final monthly data are estimated by allocating annual extraction loss data to the months based on total natural gas disposition data from the EIA NGA.

4. Supplemental Gaseous Fuels: Supplemental gaseous fuels are mainly synthetic natural gas, propane-air, and refinery gas. Other gases may also be included such as coke oven gas, biomass gas, manufactured gas, and air injected for Btu stabilization.

Annual data beginning with 1980 are from the EIA NGA. Unknown quantities of supplemental gaseous fuels are included in consumption data for 1979 and earlier years.

Monthly data are considered preliminary until after the publication of the EIA NGA. Monthly estimates are based on the annual ratio of supplemental gaseous fuels to the sum of dry gas production, net imports, and net withdrawals from storage. The ratio is applied to the monthly sum of the three elements to compute a monthy supplemental gaseous fuels figure.

5. Imports and Exports: The United States imports natural gas via pipeline from Mexico and Canada and liquefied natural gas (LNG) (except in 1986) via tanker from Algeria. One shipment of LNG was received in December 1986 from Indonesia. The United States exports natural gas via pipeline to Mexico and Canada and LNG via tanker to Japan.

Annual and final monthly data are from the annual Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas," which requires data to be reported by month for the calendar year.

Preliminary monthly data are EIA estimates. For a discussion of estimation procedures, see the EIA NGM. Preliminary data are revised after the publication of the EIA U.S. Imports and Exports of Natural Gas.

6. Consumption: Consumption includes pipeline fuel use, lease and plant fuel use, and deliveries to consuming sectors.

Final data are from the EIA NGA. Monthly data are considered preliminary until after publication of the EIA NGA. For more detailed information on the methods of estimating preliminary and final monthly data, see the EIA NGM.

7. Unaccounted For: Unaccounted for natural gas represents the difference between the sum of the components of natural gas supply and the sum of components of natural gas disposition. The differences may be due to quantities lost or to the effects of data reporting problems. Reporting problems include differences due to the net result of conversions of flow data metered at varying temperature and pressure bases and converted to a standard temperature and pressure base;

the effect of variations in company accounting and billing practices; differences between billing cycle and calendar period time frames; and imbalances resulting from the merger of data reporting systems which vary in scope, format, definitions, and type of respondents.

8. Natural Gas Storage: Gas in storage at the end of a reporting period may not equal the quantity derived by adding or subtracting net injections or withdrawals from the quantity in storage at the end of the previous period. The difference is due to changes in the quantity of native gas included in the base gas and/or losses in base gas due to migration from storage reservoirs.

Monthly underground storage data are collected from the Forms FERC-8 (interstate data) and EIA-191 (intrastate data). Monthly data are revised after publication of the EIA Underground Natural Gas Storage in the United States for that heating year (April through March). In addition, injection and withdrawal data from the FERC-8/EIA-191 survey are adjusted to correspond to data from Form EIA-176 following publication of the EIA NGA.

The final monthly and annual storage and withdrawal data for 1980 through 1988 include both underground and liquefied natural gas (LNG) storage. Annual data on LNG additions and withdrawals are from Form EIA-176. Monthly data are estimated by computing the ratio of each month's underground storage additions and withdrawals to annual underground storage additions and withdrawals and applying the ratio to the annual LNG data.

Section 5. Oil and Gas Resource Development

In July 1990, the number of crews engaged in seismic exploration increased by 6 from the previous month. The July 1990 total of 129 crews was the same as the previous July. Of the total, 105 were land crews and 24 were marine vessels. The number of land crews was down by 2, and the number of marine vessels increased by 2 from July 1989.

The July 1990 rotary rig count of 1,010 was 1 percent higher than in the previous month and 21 percent higher than in July 1989. Of the total number of rigs in operation, 902 were onshore and 108 were offshore. The number of onshore rigs was up 26 percent from

the number in July 1989, and the number of offshore rigs was down 5 percent.

Exploratory and development well completions during June 1990 totaled an estimated 2,670, up 12 percent from the previous month and 14 percent higher than the June 1989 total. Oil well completions were 1,080, up 24 percent from the level in June 1989, and gas well completions totaled 860 up 15 percent from the June 1989 total. Total footage drilled in June 1990 was 12.14 million feet, up 6 percent from the total in May 1990 and up 14 percent from the total in June 1989.

Figure 5.1 Seismic Crews, Rotary Rigs, and Footage Drilled

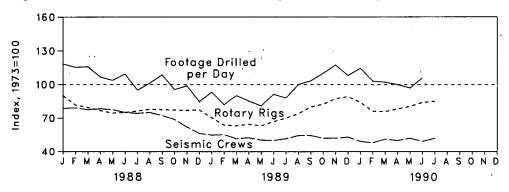


Figure 5.2 Total Oll and Gas Wells Completed

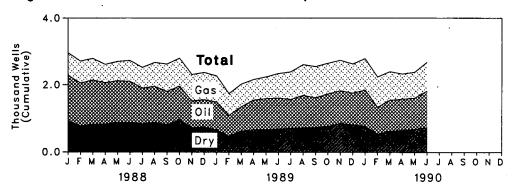


Table 5.1 Seismic Crews and Rotary Rigs

		Crews Engaged in Selsmic Exploration			Rotary Rigs in Operation			
		Offshore	Onshore	Total	Offshore	Onshore	Total	
			Monthly Average		Weekly Average			
072	Average	23	227	250	84	1,110	1,194	
	<u> </u>	23 31	274	305	94	1,378	.*	
	Average	30	254			•	1,472	
	Average			284	106	1,554	1,660	
	Average	25	237	262	129	1,529	1,658	
	Average	27	281	308	167	1,834	2,001	
	Average	25	327	352	185	2,074	2,259	
	Average	30	370	400	207	1,970	2,177	
980	Average	37	493	530	231	2,678	2,909	
981	Average	44	637	681	256	3,714	3,970	
982	Average	57	531	588	243	2,862	3,105	
983	Average	47	426	473	199	2,033	2,232	
984	Average	49	445	494	213	2,215	2,428	
	Average	45	333	378	206	1,774	1,980	
	Average	. 24	176	201	99	865	964	
	Average	24	153	176	95	841	936	
988	January	30	167	197	127	949	1,076	
	February	30	168	198	123	853	976	
	March	29	165	194	119	832	951	
	April	29	167	196	117	800	917	
	May	30	164	194	123	768	891	
	June	30	158	188	124	773	897	
	July	28	158	186	126	786	912	
	August	32	156	188	123	807	930	
	September	30	151	181	122	805	927	
	October	30	142	172	122	801	923	
	November	28	127	155	129	789	918	
		26 27	114	141	. — -			
	Average	29	153	182	127 123	797 813	924 93 6	
989	January	25	112	137	110	731	841	
	February	23	115	138	95	667	762	
	March	21	108	129	93	660	753	
	April	22	109	131	92	679	771	
	May	22	104	126	92	662	754	
	June	22	102	124	103	692	795	
	July	22	107	129	114	718	832	
	August	26	110	136	114	772	886	
	September	24	114	138	107	848	955	
	October	24 21	109		107		984	
		20	109	130		878 922		
	November			129	119		1,041	
	Average	20 23	112 109	132 1 32	117 105	948 764	1,065 869	
990	January	20	103	123	113	885	998	
	February	20	100	120	105	806	911	
	March	21	107	128	108	797	905	
		24	107	125	111	824	935	
	April	25	104	129	120	841	961	
	May	25 23	100	129			999	
	June				113	886		
	July 7-Month Average	24 22	105 103	129 125	108 111	902 851	1,010 962	
		22	108	100	100	200	700	
989	7-Month Average	22	JUB	130	IUU	689	789	

Monthly data are averages of 4- or 5-week reporting periods, not calendar months.
 Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
 Sources • Crews Engaged: Society of Geophysicists, "Monthly Seismic Crew Count" and annual reports in Geophysics: The Leading Edge of Exploration. • Rotary Rigs: Hughes Tool Company, "Rotary Rigs Running--by State."

Table 5.2 Total Oil and Gas Wells Completed and Footage Drilled

		Wells C	ompleted		
	OII	Gas	Dry	Total	Footage Drilled
		Thouse	and Wells		Million Feet
973 Total	10.25	6.98	10.47	27.69	139.42
974 Total	13.66	7.17	12.21	33.04	153.79
975 Total	16.98	8.17	13.74	38.89	181.05
	17.70	9.44	13.81	40.94	187.29
976 Total		12.12	15.04	45.86	215.70
977 Total	18.70		16.59	50.06	238.39
978 Total	19.07	14.41	16.04	51.91	243.69
979 Total	20.70	15.17			312.30
980 Total	32.28	17,22	20.34	69.84	
981 Total	42.84	19.91	27.28	90.03	408.84
982 Total	38.94	18.85	26.15	83.93	376.75
983 Total	36.93	14.39	23.97	75.29	316.26
984 Total	42.32	16.89	25.42	84.63	368.61
985 Total	34.81	14.16	20.94	69.91	310.93
986 Total	R 18.59	8.11	R 12.76	R 39.46	R 177.84
987 Total	16.22	7.75	R 11.44	R 35.41	R 160.84
988 January	1.36	.68	.92	2.95	14.58
February	1.27	.66	.78	2.70	13.43
March	1.32	.65	.82	2.78	13.71
April	1.23	.55	.83	2.61	12.77
•	1.25	.58	.87	2.69	12.40
May	R 1.24	.63	R .88	P 2.75	R 12.63
June		.62	.84	2.52	12.12
July	1.06	.72	.88	2.67	12.00
August	1.07			2.63	12.70
September	.99	.82	.81		13.24
October	1.00	.84	.96	2.79	
November	R .83	.79	R .75	R 2.36	R 11.54
December	.81	.81	75	2.38	11.69
Total	R 13.43	R 8.34	R 10.08	^R 31.85	^R 152.81
989 January	.83	.78	.66	2.28	11.05
February	.61	.65	.48	1.74	8.88
March	.72	.67	.63	2.02	9.65
April	.89	.61	.66	2.16	10.00
May	.92	.65	.67	2.24	10.02
June	R .87	R .75	R .72	R 2.34	R 10.64
July	.86	.82	.71	2.39	10.43
August	.98	.92	.73	2.63	11.24
	.88	.93	.74	2.55	11.42
September	.96	.92	.83	2.70	11.86
October		. 92 .91	.77	2.64	12.04
November	.97	.91 P.89	R .77	R 2.65	R 12.63
December	R .99				R 129.86
Total	R 10.48	^R 9.50	R 8.37	R 28.34	128.00
1990 January	1.07	.94	.78	2.79	13.55 10.97
February	.80	.90	.54	2.24	
March	.92	.85	.63	2.40	12.10
April	.93	.75	.65	2.32	11.46
May	.93	.77	.68	2.38	11.44
June	1.08	.86	.74	2.67	12.14
6-Month Total	5.72	5.07	4.01	14.80	71.65
1989 6-Month Total	4.84	4.11	3.83	12.78	60.23
1988 6-Month Total	7.67	3.74	5.09	16.50	79.52

R=Revised data.

n=nevised data.

Notes: • Includes exploratory and development wells; excludes service wells, stratigraphic tests, and core tests. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals and averages may not equal sum of components due to subsequent revisions and independent rounding.

• Due to the method of estimation, data shown on this page are frequently revised. See end of section.

Sources • Energy Information Administration computations based on well reports submitted to the American Petroleum Institute by Petroleum Information Administration computations based on well reports submitted to the American Petroleum Institute by Petroleum Information Administration computations based on well reports submitted to the American Petroleum Institute by Petroleum Information Administration computations based on well reports submitted to the American Petroleum Institute by Petroleum Information Administration computations based on well reports submitted to the American Petroleum Institute by Petroleum Institute by Petroleum Institute Business Control Petroleum Institute Business Control Petroleum Institute Business Control Petrol Petro

mation Corporation.

Oil and Gas Resource Development Notes

Beginning in the March 1985 Monthly Energy Review (MER), the Energy Information Administration (EIA) revised the exploratory and development wells drilled data series. In order to present a consistent series, historical as well as current statistics were adjusted.

In previous issues, the MER published statistics based on data on well completions reported to the American Petroleum Institute during a given month, as opposed to data on wells actually completed during the month. Because of the time lag from date of well completion to date of reporting, data on well completions reported are not as accurate an indicator of drilling activity as are data on well completions. For example, during 1982 well completions reported continued to rise even though the number of wells actually completed fell. Starting in the March 1985 issue of the MER, published figures have been EIA estimates of the number of wells actually completed in a given month and are shown in thousands, rounded to two decimal places. The associated footage drilled is shown in millions, also rounded to two decimal places.

The EIA estimates are calculated using an adjustment process that imputes total well counts and footage by type and class based on partial counts of well comple-

tions available from the reported data. That is, based on statistical analysis of the incomplete reported data. the process imputes the missing portions to determine values for total well completions and footage. Estimates for a given month are first published in the MER for that month, that is estimates for June 1984 are first published in the June 1984 MER. Revisions to the estimates are scheduled for the 6th, 12th, and 24th months following initial publication, as newly reported data refine the accuracy of the estimate. Unscheduled revisions to the published data will also be made when the latest estimate differs by more than 15 percent during the first 5 months, more than 10 percent during the next 6 months, more than 5 percent during the following 6 months, or more than 2 percent thereafter through 5 years. After 5 years, the actual reported data will be published.

The three well types considered are oil, gas, and dry. By convention, wells with both oil and gas zones are categorized as oil. Well classes are either development or exploratory; wells in any other class have been deleted. Exploratory well categories considered are new field wildcat, new pool wildcat, deeper pool test, or extension (American Association of Petroleum Geologists well classification codes 1 through 5).

Additional information may be obtained from "Estimating Well Completions," the feature article published in the March 1985 *MER*.

Section 6. Coal

Coal production in June 1990 totaled 85 million short tons, 8 percent⁶ higher than in June 1989. Coal production for January through June 1990 totaled 520 million short tons, 7 percent higher than the 486 million short tons produced during the same period in 1989.

Electric utility coal consumption in May 1990 totaled 59 million short tons, 1 percent above the 58 million short tons consumed in May 1989.

Electric utility coal stocks were 163 million short tons at the end of May 1990, 8 percent higher than at the end of May 1989.

Exports of coal in May 1990 totaled 10 million short tons, 1 percent higher than in May 1989. Imports of coal in May 1990 totaled 144 thousand short tons, 54 percent lower than imports in May 1989.

⁶Percentage changes are calculated using unrounded data.

Figure 6.1 Coal Production, Consumption, and Exports

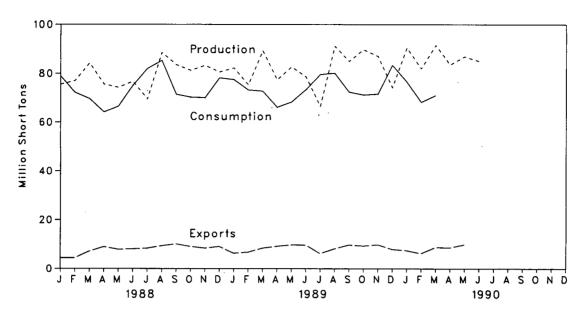


Figure 6.2 Coal Stocks, End of Period

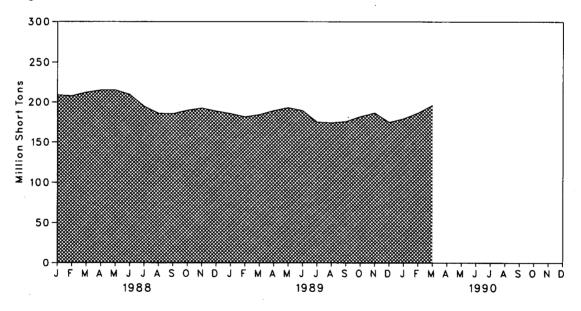


Table 6.1 Coal Overview (Thousand Short Tons)

	Production	Consumption	imports*	Exports	Stocksb
1979 Tatel	598,568	562,584	127	. 53.587	NA
973 Total		558,402	2.080	60,661	NA
974 Total	610,023		940	66,309	NA.
975 Total	654,641	562,640	1,203	60,021	NA NA
976 Total	684,913	603,790	•	54,312	NA NA
977 Total	697,205	625,291	1,647		NA NA
978 Total	670,164	625,225	2,953	40,714	
979 Total	781,134	680,524	2,059	66,042	202,472
980 Total	829,700	702,729	1,194	91,742	228,407
981 Total	823,775	732,628	1,043	112,541	209,423
982 Total	838,111	706,910	742	106,277	232,037
983 Total	782,091	736,671	1,271	77,772	202,585
984 Total	895.921	791,291	1,286	81,483	231,300
985 Total	883,638	818,049	1,952	92,680	203,367
986 Total	890,315	804,312	2,212	85,518	207,319
	918,762	836,941	1,747	79,607	213,780
987 Total	910,702	1 70,000	, 19171	•	·
988 January	75,585	78,967	159	4,434	208,697
February	77,054	72,166	162	4,482	207,712
March	84,251	69,654	221	7,145	212,044
	75,623	64,156	107	8,943	214,768
April	74.284	66,511	224	7,905	214,923
May		75,080	257	8,053	209,386
June	76,738		203	8,303	194,636
July	69,451	81,994	205	9,322	186,020
August	88,576	85,302		•	185,691
September	83,596	71,378	29	10,066	189,812
October	81,241	70,252	229	9,010	•
November	83,284	70,011	207	8,338	192,518
December	80,584	78,194	131	9,023	188,831
Total	950,265	883,664	2,134	95,023	
1989 January	82,241	77,491	66	6,306	185,816
February	75,323	73,220	131	6,748	181,858
	89,336	72,735	334	8,375	184,542
March		66,140	158	9,104	188,500
April	77,419		312	9,685	193,185
May	82,694	68,270	218	9,657	189,495
June	78,696	73,361			175,335
July	66,519	79,603	375	6,209	
August	91,212	80,148	247	8,122	174,356
September	84,989	72,393	303	9,661	176,002
October	89,802	71,180	160	9,293	182,261
November	87,083	71,543	245	9,768	186,739
December	74,267	83,410	303	7,888	175,120
Total	979,578	889,491	2,851	100,815	
1000 January	R 90.541	76,650	175	7,447	179,663
1990 January	R 82,017	68,249	268	6,243	186,796
February		•	292	8,693	196,270
March	P 91,616	71,030	182	8,590	NA
April	83,647	NA NA			NA NA
May	86,943	NA	144	9,827	
June	85,046	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA
6-Month Total	519,811	NA	NA	NA	
1989 6-Month Total	485,707	431,216	1,219	49,874	
	463,534	426,533	1,130	40,961	
1988 6-Month Total	403,034	4£0,333	1, 100	70,001	

^{*}Includes Puerto Rico.

^{*}Stocks held by electric utilities, coke plants, general industry, and coal producers and distributors at end of period. Excludes stocks held at retail dealers for consumption by the residential and commercial sector.

R=Revised data. NA=Not available.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Data through 1988 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary.
• Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • See Notes 1, 2, and 3 at end of section for methodology used to calculate production, consumption, and stocks.

Sources: See end of section.

Table 6.2 Coal Consumption by End-Use Sector^a (Thousand Short Tons)

		Inc	dustrial		
	Electric Utilities	Coke Plants	Other Industrial Including Transportation	Residential and Commercial	Total
973 Total	389,212	94,101	68,154	11,117	562,584
974 Total	391,811	90,191	64,983	11,417	558,402
975 Total	405.962	83,598	63,670	9,410	562,640
976 Total	448,371	84,704	61,799	8.916	603,790
977 Total	477,126	77,739	61,472	8,954	625,291
978 Total	481,235	71,394	63,085	9,511	625,225
979 Total	527,051	77,368	67,717	8,388	680,524
980 Total	569,274	66,657	60,347	6,452	702,729
981 Total	596,797	61,015	67,395	7,422	732,628
982 Total	593,666	40,908	64,096	8,240	706,910
983 Total	625,211	37,033	65,979	8,448	736,671
984 Total	664,399	44,022	73,744	9,128	791,291
985 Total	693,841	41,056	75.372	7.779	818,049
986 Total	685,056	36,006	75,583	7,667	804,312
987 Total	717,894	36,957	75,175	6,914	836,941
988 January	67,850	3,465	6,826	826	78,967
February	61,401	3,297	6,789	678	72,166
March	58,758	3,595	6,801	500	69,654
April	54,135	3,508	5,904	608	64,156
May	56,529	3,686	5,937	358	66,511
June	65,343	3,353	5,944	440	75,080
July	71,749	3,605	5,962	679	81,994
August	75,253	3,418	5,972	658	85,302
September	61,540	3,461	5,989	388	71,378
October	59,561	3,550	6,694	446	70,252
November	59,305	3,403	6,710	594	70,011
December	66,948	3,568	6,724	955	78,194
Total	758,372	41,910	76,252	7,130	883,664
989 January	66,619	3,568	6,671	632	77,491
February	62,613	3,295	6,619	693	73,220
March	61,906	3,722	6,595	512	72,735
April	55,929	3,613	6,088	511	66,140
May	58,359	3,525	6,050	336	68,270
June	63,623	3,368	6,073	296	73,361
July	69,705	3,527	5,875	496	79,603
August	70,471	3,336	5,891	449	80,148
September	62,889	3,320	5,865	318	72,393
October	60,541	3,599	6,829	210	71,180
November	60,896	3,301	6,815	530	71,543
December	72,267	3,195	6,764	1,184	83,410
Total	765,820	41,369	76,134	6,167	889,491
990 January	66,060	3,354	6,524	712	76,650
February	58,003	3,025	6,567	655	68,249
March	60,616	3,369	6,495	550	71,030
April	57,661	NA	NA NA	NA	NA
May 5-Month Total	59,042 301,381	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
989 5-Month Total	305.426	17,723	32.022	2,684	357,855
	~~~;~~~	17,720	U4.V44	4.004	337.033

^{*}See Note 2 at end of section.

NA=Not available.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Data through 1988 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Table 6.3 Coal Stocks, End of Period

(Thousand Short Tons)

		Cons	sumer		Producers	
	Electric Utilities	Coke Plants	Other Industrial	Total ^a	and Distributors	Totai*
973 Year	86.967	6.998	10,370	104,335	NA	NA
974 Year	83,509	6,209	6,605	96,323	NA	NA
975 Year	110,724	8,797	8,529	128,050	NA	NA
976 Year	117.436	9,902	7,100	134,438	NA	NA
977 Year	133,219	12,816	11,063	157,098	NA	NA
978 Year	128,225	8,278	9.048	145,551	NA	NA
979 Year	159,714	10,155	11,777	181,646	20.826	202,472
	183,010	9.067	11.951	204,028	24,379	228,407
980 Year	168,893	6,475	9,906	185,274	24,149	209,423
981 Year		4.642	9,479	195,253	36,784	232,037
982 Year	181,132	•	•	168,654	33.931	202,585
1983 Year	155,598	4,346	8,710	197,210	34.090	231,300
1984 Year	179,727	6,166	11,317	170,234	34,0 <del>9</del> 0 33,133	203,367
985 Year	156,376	3,420	10,438		32,093	207,319
1986 Year	161,806	2,992	10,429	175,226		213,780
1987 Year	170,797	3,884	10,777	185,459	28,321	213,700
988 January	163,561	3,942	10,058	177,561	31,135	208,697
February	160,424	4,000	9,339	173,762	33,950	207,712
March	162,603	4,057	8,619	175,279	36,764	212,044
April	165,750	3,959	8,523	178,232	36,536	214,768
May	166.328	3,861	8,427	178,616	36,307	214,923
June	161,215	3,763	8,331	173,308	36,079	209,386
July	148,234	3,467	8,428	160,130	34,506	194,636
August	141.389	3,172	8,526	153,087	32,933	186,020
September	142,830	2,877	8,624	154,331	31,360	185,691
October	147,130	2.964	8,672	158,766	31,046	189,812
November	150,016	3,051	8,720	161,786	30,732	192,518
December	146,507	3,137	8,768	158,413	30,418	188,831
1000 January	142,403	3,264	8.073	153,741	32.076	185.816
1989 January	137,354	3,391	7,378	148,124	33,734	181.858
February	138,949	3,518	6.683	149,150	35,392	184,542
March		3,466	6,679	154,741	33,759	188,500
April	144,596 150.970	3,413	6,675	161.059	32,127	193,185
May	,		6,671	159.001	30,494	189,495
June	148,968	3,361 3,476	7.054	145,389	29,946	175,335
July	134,859	3,476	•	144,959	29,397	174,356
August	133,932	3,591	7,436		28,848	176,002
September	135,629	3,707	7,818	147,154	•	182,261
October	142,270	3,426	7,666 7,645	153,362	28,899	186,739
November	147,131	3,145	7,515	157,790	28,949	
December	135,894	2,864	7,363	146,120	29,000	175,120
1990 January	138,358	3,123	7,237	148,718	30,945	179,663
February	143,413	3,382	7,110	153,905	32,891	186,796
March	150,808	3,641	6,984	161,433	34,836	196,270
April	156,318	NA NA	NA.	NA	ŃA	ŇA
May	163,233	. NA	NA.	NA	NA	NA

Excludes stocks held at retail dealers for consumption by the residential and commercial sector. NA=Not available.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Data through 1988 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary.

Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

#### **Coal Notes and Sources**

#### Notes

1. Production: Preliminary monthly estimates of national coal production are the sum of weekly estimates developed by the Energy Information Administration (EIA) and published in the Weekly Coal Production report. When a week extends into a new month, production is allocated on a daily basis and added to the appropriate month. Weekly estimates are based on Association of American Railroads data showing the number of railcars loaded with coal during the week by Class I and certain other railroads. This number is converted into tons of coal by EIA using the average number of tons of coal per railcar loaded reported in the most recent "Quarterly Freight Commodity Statistics" from the Interstate Commerce Commission. If an average coal tonnage per railcar loaded is not available for a specific railroad, the national average is used. To derive the estimate of total weekly production, the total rail tonnage for the week is divided by the ratio of quarterly production shipped by rail and total quarterly production. Data for the corresponding quarter of previous years are used to derive this ratio. This method insures that the seasonal variations are preserved in the production estimates.

When preliminary quarterly data become available, the monthly and weekly estimates are adjusted to conform to the quarterly figure. The adjustment procedure uses State-level production data and is explained in EIA's Quarterly Coal Report. Initial estimates of annual production published in January of the following year are based on preliminary production data covering the first 9 months (three quarters) and weekly/monthly estimates for the fourth quarter. The fourth quarter estimates may or may not be revised when preliminary data become available in March of the following year, depending on the magnitude of the difference between the estimates and the preliminary data. In any event, all quarterly, monthly, and weekly production figures are adjusted to conform to the final annual production data published in the Monthly Energy Review in the fall of the following year.

- 2. Consumption: Coal consumption data are reported by major end-use sector.
  - Electric Utilities--Both monthly and quarterly consumption data for electric utility plants are directly from reported data.
  - Coke Plants--Prior to 1980, monthly coke plant consumption data were directly from reported data. From 1980 forward, coke plant consumption estimates were derived by proportioning reported quarterly data using the ratios of monthly-to-quarterly consumption data in 1979, the last year in which monthly data were reported. Beginning in January 1988, monthly coke plant consumption estimates are derived from the re-

- ported quarterly data using monthly ratios of raw steel production data from the American Iron and Steel Institute. The ratios are the monthly raw steel production from open hearth and basic oxygen process furnaces as a proportion of the quarterly production from those kinds of furnaces.
- Other Industrial--Prior to 1978, monthly consumption data for the other industrial sector (i.e., all industrial users minus coke plants) were derived by using reported data to modify baseline consumption figures from the most recent Bureau of the Census Annual Survey of Manufactures or Census of Manufactures. For 1978 and 1979, monthly estimates were derived from data reported on Forms EIA-3 and EIA-6. From 1980 forward, monthly figures were estimated by proportioning quarterly data using the ratios of monthly-to-quarterly consumption data in 1979, the last year in which monthly data were reported on Form EIA-3. Quarterly consumption data were derived by adding beginning stocks at manufacturing plants to current receipts and subtracting ending stocks at manufacturing plants. In this calculation, current receipts were the greater of either reported receipts from manufacturing plants (Form EIA-3) or reported shipments to the other industrial sector (Form EIA-6), thereby ensuring that agriculture, forestry, fishing, mining, and construction consumption were included where appropriate. Starting in January 1988, monthly consumption for the other industrial sector is estimated from reported quarterly data using ratios derived from industrial production indices published by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. Indices for six major industry groups are used as the basis for calculating the ratios: foods (SIC 20); paper and products (SIC 26); chemicals and products (SIC 28); petroleum products (SIC 29); clay, glass, and stone products (SIC 32); and primary metals (SIC 33). The monthly ratios are computed as the monthly sum of the weighted indices as a proportion of the quarterly sum of the weighted indices, using the 1977 proportion as the weights.
- Residential and Commercial--Prior to 1980, monthly consumption estimates for the residential and commercial sector were derived by using reported data to modify baseline figures developed by the Bureau of Mines. From 1980 forward, monthly estimates were derived by proportioning reported quarterly data using the ratios of monthly-to-quarterly consumption data in 1979, the last year in which monthly data were reported on Form EIA-2. During 1981 and 1982, the estimates were also modified to reflect air temperature degree-days. Quarterly consumption data were directly from reported data and were defined as distribution to the residential and commercial sector as reported by coal producers and distributors on Form EIA-6. Beginning in January 1988, monthly residential and commercial consumption

estimates are derived from reported quarterly data using monthly national average population weighted heating/cooling degree-days obtained from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. The monthly ratios are the monthly national sum of heating and cooling degree-days as a proportion of the quarterly national sum. Quarterly consumption data are directly from reported data.

- 3. Stocks: Coal stocks data are reported by major enduse sector.
  - Electric Utilities--Both monthly and quarterly stocks at electric utility plants are directly from reported data.
  - Coke Plants--Prior to 1980, monthly stocks at coke plants were directly from reported data. From 1980 forward, coke plant stocks are estimated by using one-third of the current quarterly change to indicate the monthly change in stocks. Quarterly stocks are directly from data reported on Form EIA-5.
  - Other Industrial--Prior to 1978, stocks for the other industrial sector were derived by using reported data to modify baseline figures from a one-time Bureau of Mines survey of consumers. For 1978 through 1982, monthly estimates were derived by judgmentally proportioning reported quarterly data based on representative seasonal patterns of supply and demand. From 1983 forward, other industrial coal stocks are estimated as indicated above for coke plants. Quarterly stocks are directly from data reported on Form EIA-3 and therefore include only manufacturing industries; data for agriculture, forestry, fishing, mining, and construction stocks are not available.
  - Residential and Commercial--Prior to 1980, monthly and quarterly stock data for the residential and commercial sector were directly from reported data. Monthly and quarterly stock data are not available for the residential and commercial sector after December 1979.
  - Producers and Distributors-Quarterly stocks at producers and distributors are directly from reported data. Monthly data are estimated by using one-third of the current quarterly change to indicate the monthly change in stocks.
- 4. Imports and Exports: All coal import and export figures are directly from data reported monthly by the Bureau of the Census.

5. Additional Information: More information concerning coal production, consumption, and stocks data and estimation procedures may be obtained in EIA's Quarterly Coal Report.

#### Sources

Production: 1973 through September 1977: U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), Bureau of Mines (BOM), Minerals Yearbook and Mineral Industry Surveys; October 1977 forward: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Weekly Coal Production.

Consumption and Stocks: 1973 through September 1977: DOI, BOM, Minerals Yearbook and Mineral Industry Surveys (except Residential and Commercial Consumption and Stocks and Producers and Distributors Stocks).

- Electric Utilities--October 1977 forward: EIA, Form EIA-759 (formerly Form FPC-4), "Monthly Power Plant Report."
- Coke Plants--October 1977 through December 1980: EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke and Coal Chemicals-Monthly/Annual"; January 1981 through December 1984: EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke Plant Report-Quarterly/Annual Supplement"; January 1985 forward: EIA, Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report," quarterly.
- Other Industrial--October 1977 through December 1979: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Monthly Coal Consumption Report-Manufacturing Plants"; January 1980 forward: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report-Manufacturing Plants" and Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report."
- Residential and Commercial Consumption and Stocks-1973 through 1976: DOI, BOM, Minerals Yearbook; January 1977 through September 1977: DOI, BOM, Form 6-1400-M, "Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers-Upper Lake Docks"; October 1977 through December 1979: EIA, Form EIA-2, "Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers-Upper Lake Docks"; January 1980 forward: EIA, Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report," (stock data are not collected).
- Producers and Distributors Stocks--January 1980 forward: EIA, Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report."

Imports and Exports: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Monthly Reports IM-145 (Imports) and EM-522 (Exports).

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# **Section 7. Electric Utilities**

During May 1990, electric utilities generated 223 billion kilowatthours of electricity, 1 percent⁷ above the May 1989 generation level. Coal-fired generation totaled 120 billion kilowatthours, 1 percent higher than the May 1989 level. Nuclear generation totaled 43 billion kilowatthours, 12 percent above the level 1 year earlier. Hydroelectric generation totaled 27 billion kilowatthours, 4 percent below the May 1989 level. Natural gas-fired generation was 23 billion kilowatthours, 4 percent lower than the May 1989 level. Petroleum-fired generation totaled 9 billion kilowatthours, 6 percent below the level 1 year earlier.

Sales of electricity to all ultimate consumers in the United States in May 1990 were 207 billion kilowatthours, 3 percent above May 1989 sales. Sales to industrial consumers totaled 79 billion kilowatthours in May 1990, 3 percent above the level in May 1989. Sales to residential consumers during May 1990 were 63 billion kilowatthours, 3 percent above the level of sales during the previous May. Commercial sales were

59 billion kilowatthours, 5 percent above the amount sold to commercial consumers 1 year earlier. In May 1990, other sales totaled 8 billion kilowatthours, 6 percent above the May 1989 level.

Electric utility consumption of petroleum (excluding petroleum coke) during May 1990 was 16 million barrels, 7 percent below the May 1989 level. Coal consumption during May 1990 was 59 million short tons, 1 percent higher than consumption in May 1989. During May 1990, electric utilities consumed 239 billion cubic feet of natural gas, 4 percent below the May 1989 consumption level.

On May 31, 1990, electric utility stocks of all types of coal totaled 163 million short tons, 8 percent higher than the level on May 31, 1989. Stocks of petroleum (excluding petroleum coke) on May 31, 1990, totaled 71 million barrels, 7 percent above the level on May 31, 1989.

⁷Percentage changes are based on numbers shown in the following tables.

Table 7.1 Net Generation of Electricity by Electric Utilities (Million Kilowatthours)

		Coal	Petroleum ^a	Natural Gas ^b	Nuclear Electric Power	Hydro- electric Power	Other ^c	Total
1973	Total	847,651	314,343	340,858	83,479	272,083	2,294	1,860,710
974	Total	828,433	300,931	320,065	113,976	301,032	2,703	1,867,140
	Total	852,786	289,095	299,778	172,505	300,047	3,437	1,917,649
	Total	944,391	319,988	294,624	191,104	283,707	3,883	2,037,696
	Total	985,219	358,179	305,505	250,883	220,475	4,063	2,124,323
	Total	975,742	365,060	305,391	276,403	280,419	3,315	2,206,331
	Total	1.075.037	303,525	329,485	255,155	279,783	4,387	2,247,372
	Total	1,161,562	245,994	346,240	251,116	276,021	5,506	2,286,439
	Total	1,203,203	206,421	345,777	272,674	260,684	6,054	2,294,812
	Total	1,192,004	146,797	305,260	282,773	309,213	5,164	2,241,211
				274,098	293,677	332,130	6,456	
	Total	1,259,424	144,499					2,310,285
	Total	1,341,681	119,808	297,394	327,634	321,150	8,638	2,416,304
	Total	1,402,128	100,202	291,946	383,691	281,149	10,724	2,469,841
	Total	1,385,831	136,585	248,508	414,038	290,844	11,503	2,487,310
987	Total	1,463,781	118,493	272,621	455,270	249,695	12,267	2,572,127
988	January	137,845	16,090	16,237	44,658	22,033	1,033	237,897
	February	126,267	11,890	16,530	42,246	19,105	898	216,937
- 1	March	120,034	9,769	19,744	43,912	19,514	1,041	214,013
	April	109,135	7,494	19,241	40,067	19,104	959	196,000
	May	115,195	7,211	23,155	40,650	21,238	922	208,371
	June	132,268	9,754	26,808	44,079	18,833	1,004	232,747
	July	144,301	14,059	31,284	49,828	16.904	1.084	257,461
	August	152,377	16,068	32,702	49,035	16,447	1,064	267,693
	September	124,410	10,014	22,213	46,270	16,270	1,001	220,179
	October	121,339	13,236	17,316	42,591	15,112	1.014	210,608
ì	November	121,054	14,962	14,543	39,583	18,466	985	209,593
	December	136,427	18,352	13,027	44,052	19,913	980	232,752
	Total	1.540,653	148,900	252,801	526,973	222,940	11.984	2,704,250
	10tal	1,040,033	140,000	202,001	020,070	222,040	11,504	2,704,200
989	January	134,968	15,333	13,876	46,328	20,930	961	232,396
1	February	127,194	17,748	16,550	38,725	18,620	874	219,711
1	March	126,706	16,668	19,928	39,636	22,642	1,000	226,580
	April	115,271	11,569	22,451	33,495	24,077	886	207,749
	May	118,956	9,940	23,595	38,339	28,049	942	219,820
	June	128,454	12,591	24,546	42,976	25,881	945	235,394
	July	138,467	12,081	30,211	52,331	22,670	977	256,737
	August	141,710	10,983	29,548	54,948	20,187	959	258,336
	September	126,730	10,072	25,381	44,837	18,919	909	226,848
	October	122,212	8,262	24,524	43,558	20,076	956	219,587
	November	124,154	11,343	17,971	43,399	21,186	927	218,980
	December	147,030	21,652	16,377	50,784	21,823	972	258,637
	Total	1,551,852	158,241	264,957	529,355	265,061	11,309	2,780,775
	, otal	1,001,002	100,241	204,507	020,000	200,001	71,000	2,, 00,, , ,
	January	132,496	11,515	13,548	55,119	23,436	933	237,047
	February	115,898	9,385	12,449	49,963	24,162	861 847	212,717
	March	122,958	10,167	17,509	46,087	28,048	947	225,716
	April	117,111	10,142	18,862	38,516	25,393	773	210,796
	May	119,644	9,351	22,752	42,945	27,002	868	222,563
	5-Month Total	608,106	50,561	85 _, 121	232,630	128,041	4,381	1,108,840
	5-Month Total	623,095	71,258	96,400	196,523	114,318	4,663	1,106,257
SAR	5-Month Total	608,477	52,454	94.907	211,533	100,995	4,852	1,073,218

^{*}Includes fuel oil Nos. 2, 4, 5, and 6, crude oil, kerosene, and petroleum coke.

bincludes supplemental gaseous fuels.

^{*}Other is electricity produced from geothermal, wood, waste, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy sources connected to electric utility distribution systems.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: • 1973 through September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • October 1977 through 1981: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • 1982 forward: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Table 7.2 Electricity Sales^a by End-Use Sector. (Million Kilowatthours)

	1	Reside	ential	Comm	ercial	Indus	striai	Othe	эг ^ь	To	otal .
	-	Monthly Series ^c	Annual Series	Monthly Series ^c	Annual Series	Monthly Series ^c	Annual Series	Monthly Series ^c	Annual Series	Monthly Series ^c	Annual Series
072	Total	579,231		388,266		686,085		59,326		1,712,909	
	Total	578,184		384,826		684,875		58,039		1,705,924	
	Total	588,140		403,049		687,680		68,222		1,747,091	
	Total	606,452		425,094		754,069		69,631		1,855,246	
	Total	645,239		446,514		786,037		70,571		1,948,361	
		674,466		461,163		809,078		73,215		2,017,922	
	Total	682,819		473,307		841.903		73,070		2,071,099	
	Total	717,495		488,155		815.067		73,732		2,094,449	
	Total	717,485		514,338		825,743		84,756		2,147,103	
	Total	•		526,397		744,949		85,575		2,086,441	
	Total	729,520		543,788	•	775,999		80,219		2,150,955	
	Total	750,948	780,092	578,281	582,621	840.588	837,836	81,849	85,248	2,278,372	2,285,796
	Total	777,654		608,968	605,989	824,523	836,772	85,075	87,279	2,309,543	2,323,974
	Total	790,977	793,934	641,469	630,520	808,292	830,531	83,409	88,615	2,350,835	2,368,753
	Total Total	817,663 849,613	819,088 850,410	673,707	660,433	845,266	858,233	86,854	88,196	2,455,440	2,457,272
		•	•		-	70.989		6,881		224,921	
	January	89,508		57,543 55,489		70,969		6,797		214,247	
	February	80,232		55,468		71,750		6,577		204,356	
	March	71,406		53,886				6,385		191,840	
	April	61,390		52,272	,	71,794				190,700	
	May	57,569		52,911		73,782		6,438		212,148	
	June	68,775		60,177		76,255		6,941 7,246		236,625	
	July	87,007		66,067		76,304				249.561	
	August	94,207		68,374		79,611 77,573		7,370 7,159		225,421	
	September	77,531		63,159		•		6,982		204,661	
	October	63,761		57,358		76,560		6,654		198,319	
	November	63,629		53,889		74,147		6,933		215,151	
	December Total	77,111 <b>892,125</b>	892,866	56,607 <b>697,711</b>	699,100	74,500 <b>895,751</b>	896,498	82,362	89,598	2,567,949	2,578,062
		•	,	•	·	70.015	·	7 559		224,881	
	January	85,616		59,397		72,315		7,553		213,841	
	February	78,189		57,508		71,003		7,141		215,301	
	March	77,290		58,461		72,105		7,446 7,074		200,713	
	April	64,685		54,786 55,007		74,168		7,074 7,258		200,713	
	May	61,065		55,997		76,330		7,238 7,733		220,054	
	June	71,470		62,476		78,376		7,733 8,022		238,879	
	July	85,893		67,185 67,647		77,780		8,022		242,262	
	August	86,100		67,647		80,488 79.784		•		230,211	
	September	78,684		64,953		78,764		7,811 7,535		211,386	
	October	65,248		58,843		79,760		7,535 7,374		205,306	
	November	64,815		56,167		76,950 76,705		7,374 7,744		230,348	
	December	85,444	81.6	60,366	MA	76,795	NA		NA	2.633.833	NA
	Total	904,499	NA	723,785	NA	914,834	AN	90,715	MA	2,000,000	MA
	January	95,225		62,009		74,879		8,012		240,125	
	February	74,348		56,672		74,366		7,542		212,928	
	March	71,633		57,684		76,544		7,506		213,367	
	April	65,032		56,097		75,998		7,305		204,431	
	May	62,715		58,541		78,509		7,697		207,462	
	5-Month Total .	368,953		291,003		380,296		38,062		1,078,314	
989	5-Month Total .	366,845		286,149		365,921		36,472		1,055,387	
	5-Month Total .	360,105		272,079		360,802		33,077		1.026,063	

^{*}Electricity sales to all ultimate consumers.

Includes sales of electricity to Government, railways, street lighting authorities, and sales not included elsewhere.

Annual totals are the sums of the monthly values.

NA=Not available.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to Independent rounding.

Sources: Monthly Series: • 1973 through September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenue and Income." • October 1977 through February 1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form FPC-5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenue and Income." • March 1980 through 1982: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FERC-5, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement." • 1983 through 1986: EIA, Form EIA-826, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement." • 1987 forward: EIA, Form EIA-826, "Monthly Electric Utility Sales and Revenue Report with State Distributions." • Data through 1988 reflect revisions received on subsequent form submissions.

Annual Series: • 1984 forward: EIA, Form EIA-861, "Annual Electric Utility Report."

Figure 7.1 Coal Consumed to Produce Electricity

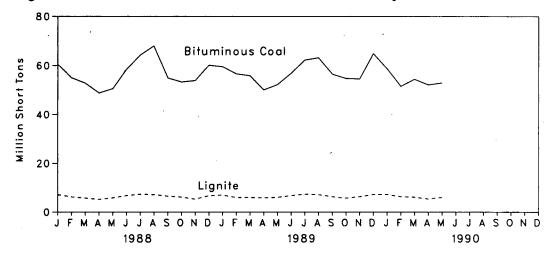


Figure 7.2 Petroleum Consumed to Produce Electricity

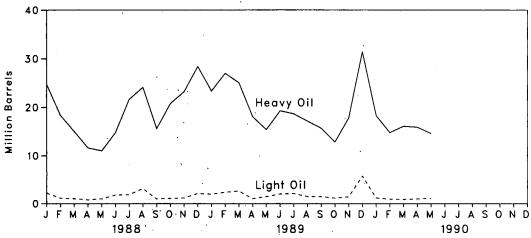


Figure 7.3 Natural Gas Consumed to Produce Electricity

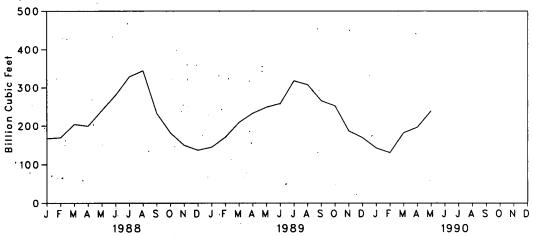


Table 7.3 Fossil Fuels Consumed by Electric Utilities To Generate Electricity

1	Coal								
	Anthra- cite	Bituminous Coal	Lignite	Total	Heavy Oil*	Light Oil ^b	Total Liquids	Petroleum Coke	Natural Gas ^c
	T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	Thousand S	Short Tons		ТІ	housand Barre	els	Thousand Short Tons	Million Cubic Fee
1072 Tatal	1 440	270 075	10 704	. 200 010	(d)	<i>(</i> <b>d</b> )	500.040	507	2 660 470
1973 Total	1,443	376,975	10,794	389,212	( ^d )	(d)	560,248	625	3,660,172
1974 Total	1,498 1,480	378,643	11,670	391,811	( <del>d</del> )	(d)	536,274		3,443,428
1975 Total	1,460	388,523	15,960	405,962	(d)	( <del>d</del> )	506,128	70 68	3,157,669
976 Total	1,350	425,205	21,817	448,371	( <del>d</del> )	(d) (d)	555,920	98	3,080,868
977 Total		451,051	24,650	477,126	( ^d )		623,705		3,191,200
1978 Total	1,064	448,763	31,407	481,235	(ª)	( <del>d</del> )	635,839	398	3,188,363
1979 Total	1,046	488,129	37,876	527,051	( ^d )	(d)	523,297	268	3,490,523
1980 Total	951	526,680	41,642	569,274	391,163	29,051	420,214	179	3,681,595
1981 Total	1,221	550,784	44,792	596,797	329,798	21,313	351,111	139	3,640,154
1982 Total	1,075	543,346	49,245	593,666	234,434	15,337	249,771	149	3,225,518
983 Total	1,036	570,108	54,067	625,211	228,984	16,512	245,497	261	2,910,767
1984 Total	1,070	606,339	56,990	664,399	189,289	15,190	204,479	252	3,111,342
985 Total	1,033	631,885	60,923	693,841	158,779	14,635	173,414	231	3,044,083
1986 Total	829	616,134	68,093	685,056	216,156	14,326	230,482	313	2,602,370
987 Total	972	647,824	69,098	717,894	184,011	15,367	199,378	348	2,844,051
988 January	77	60,602	7,171	67,850	24,801	2,299	27,101	24	167,607
February	85	55,053	6,263	61,401	18,382	1,137	19,518	27	169,688
March	92	52,891	5,775	58,758	15,014	1,045	16,058	36	204,042
April	87	48,791	5,258	54,135	11,632	805	12,438	33	199,394
May	88	50,595	5,847	56,529	11,024	998	12,022	33	239,871
June	74	58,495	6,774	65,343	14,783	1,857	16,640	42	280,490
July	99	64,340	7,309	71,749	21,638	1,943	23,581	47	328,088
August	106	67,991	7,156	75,253	24,097	3,207	27,304	41	344,214
September	86	54,936	6,519	61,540	15,594	1,004	16,598	31	232,665
October	83	53,316	6,162	59,561	20,780	1,100	21,880	30	181,673
November	80	53,879	5,346	59,305	23,198	1,202	24,400	31	150,432
December	108	60,159	6,681	66,948	28,383	2,173	30,556	36	137,449
Total	1,063	681,048	76,260	758,372	229,327	18,769	248,096	409	2,635,613
989 January	98	59.559	6.962	66,619	23.325	2.053	25,379	47	145,552
February	75	56,593	5,945	62,613	26.977	2,426	29,403	33	170,969
March	82	55,838	5.986	61,906	25,019	2,690	27,709	35	209,343
April	96	50,045	5,789	55,929	18,058	1,044	19,102	38	233,116
May	98	52,252	6.009	58,359	15,358	1,520	16,879	36	248,869
June	75	56,829	6,719	63,623	19,253	2,070	21,322	38	258,343
July	97	62,306	7,302	69,705	18,643	2,180	20,822	58	318,005
August	95	63,256	7,121	70,471	17,133	1,530	18,663	58	307,804
September	81	56,513	6,295	62,889	15,642	1,526	17,168	54	266,052
October	87	54,755	5,699	60,541	12.807	1,180	13,987	39	252,494
November	85	54,518	6,294	60,896	17,762	1,484	19,247	33	187,381
December	81	64,971	7,215	72,267	31,374	5,781	37,156	50	169,975
Total	1,049	687,436	77,335	765,820	241,351	25,485	266,836	517	2,767,903
990 January	92	58,748	7,220	66,060	18,294	1,234	19,528	40	143,634
February	85	51.605	6,313	58,003	14,769	974	15,743	62	131,273
March	91	54.425	6.101	60.616	16,068	912	16,979	62	182,435
April	81	52,203	5,376	57,661	15.882	1.035	16,917	61	196,830
May	90	52,964	5.988	59.042	14,573	1,146	15,720	77	239,415
5-Month Total	439	269,944	30,998	301,381	79,586	5,302	84,888	303	893,587
989 5-Month Total	450	274,287	30.689	305,426	108,737	9,734	118,471	188	1,007,848
988 5-Month Total	427	267,933	30,313	298,673	80,853	6,284	87,137	152	980,602

^{*}Heavy oil includes Grade Nos. 4, 5, and 6, and residual fuel oils.

bLight oil includes Grade No. 2 heating oil, kerosene, and jet fuel.

cincludes supplemental gaseous fuels.

Prior to 1980, petroleum consumption data were not disaggregated by type of fuel. Disaggregation by prime mover type is provided in Table 7.5.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: • 1973 through September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • October 1977 through 1981: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • 1982 forward: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Figure 7.4 Coal Stocks at Electric Utilities, End of Period

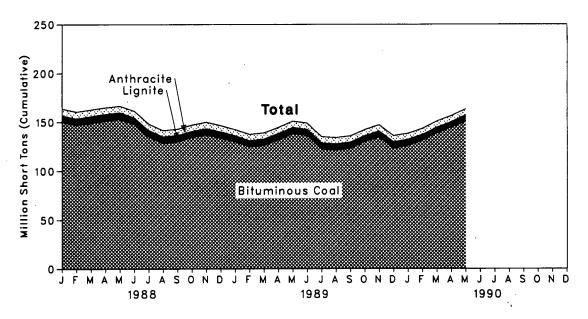


Figure 7.5 Petroleum Stocks at Electric Utilities, End of Period

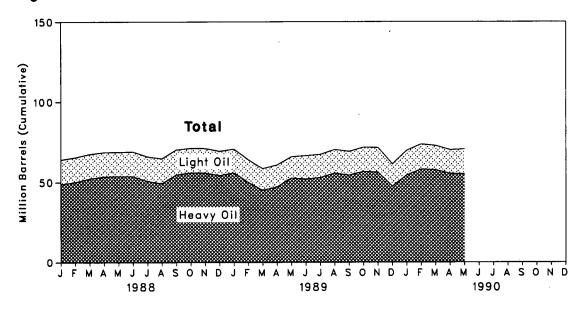


Table 7.4 Coal and Petroleum Stocks at Electric Utilities, End of Period

			Co	ai			Petro	leum	
		Anthracite	Bituminous Coal	Lignite	Total	Heavy Oil ^a	Light Oli ^b	Totai Liquids	Petroleum Coke
			Thousand S	Short Tons		1	Thousand Barrel	8	Thousand Short Tons
1973 Vee	r	1.066	84,941	961	86,967	(°)	(°)	89,216	312
	r	930	81,712	867	83,509	(6)	(°)	112,917	35
	f	982	107,927	1,815	110,724	(6)	(%)	125,257	31
	r	1.000	114,130	2,306	117,436	. (6)	(°)	121,696	32
	r	2,321	128,210	2,688	133,219	(°)	(%)	144,031	44
		2,321	123,020	3.027	128,225	(6)	(°)	118,788	198
	r	•			159,714	(°)		131.422	183
	r	3,274	152,981	3,459			(°)		103 52
	r	4,741	174,154	4,115	183,010	105,351	30,023	135,374	
	r	5,537	158,258	5,098	168,893	102,042	26,094	128,136	42
	r	6,080	170,480	4,573	181,132	95,515	23,369	118,884	41
	r	6,507	145,250	3,841	155,598	70,573	18,801	89,375	55
	r	6,710	167,118	5,899	179,727	68,503	19,116	87,619	50
	r	7,189	142,144	7,043	156,376	57,304	16,386	73,68 <del>9</del>	49
	f	7,099	148,665	6,042	161,806	56,841	16,269	73,111	40
987 Yea	T	6,940	156,670	7,187	170,797	55,069	15,759	70,827	51
988 Janu	uary	6,905	149,999	6,657	163,561	48,872	15,142	64,014	56
	ruary	6,864	146,977	6,583	160,424	50,168	15,311	65,479	55
Marc	ch	6,821	148,955	6,826	162,603	52,197	15,256	67,453	58
April	l	6,780	152,121	6,848	165,750	53,375	15,182	68,557	54
May		6,732	152,743	6,853	166,328	53,579	15,131	68,709	56
June		6.785	147,752	6.677	161,215	53,533	15,370	68,902	77
		6.659	134,933	6.641	148,234	50,681	15,228	65,910	73
	ust	6.614	128,139	6.635	141,389	49.308	15,410	64,718	63
	tember	6,601	129,707	6,522	142,830	54,636	15,526	70,162	82
	ber	6,611	134,148	6,371	147,130	55,830	15,344	71,174	√ 83
	ember	6,595	136,882	6,539	150,016	55,752	15,332	71,085	90
	ember	6,561	133,434	6,512	146,507	54,187	15,099	69,285	86
nel. <b>989</b>	uary	6.513	129.802	6.088	142,403	55.845	14.809	70.654	58
	ruary	6.494	124,643	6.217	137,354	50.063	13,980	64,043	56
	ch	6.475	126,107	6,367	138,949	45,142	13,370	58,512	62
	Í	6,447	131,672	6,477	144,596	47,237	13,607	60,844	102
	***************************************	6,416	137,787	6,767	150,970	52,595	13,279	65,873	64
. •		6,427	136,113	6,428	148,968	51,922	14,621	66,544	77
		6,413	122,221	6,226	134,859	52.883	14,405	67,289	81
						52,663 55.608			69
	ust	6,440	121,266	6,227	133,932		14,724	70,332	
	tember	6,437	122,901	6,291	135,629	54,346	14,825	69,171	92
	ber	6,437	129,668	6,164	142,270	56,660	15,090	71,750	107
	ember	6,423	134,233	6,475	147,131	56,258	15,332	71,590	115
Dec	ember	6,403	123,001	6,490	135,894	47,586	13,824	61,410	105
	uary	6,360	125,829	6,169	138,358	54,332	15,458	69,790	114
	ruary	6,315	131,176	5,922	143,413	58,136	15,622	73,758	108
Marc	ch	6,294	138,636	5,879	150,808	57,706	15,117	72,823	104
April	l	6,298	144,537	5,482	156,318	55,331	14,811	70,142	93
May		6,315	150,362	6.557	163,233	55,149	15,459	70,608	102

[&]quot;Heavy oil includes Grade Nos. 4, 5, and 6, and residual fuel oils.

bLight oil includes Grade No. 2 heating oil, kerosene, and jet fuel.

photos to 1980, petroleum stock data were not disaggregated by type of fuel. Disaggregation by prime mover type is provided in Table 7.5.

Notes: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources:

1973 through September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." October 1977 through 1981:

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." 1982 forward: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Table 7.5 Petroleum Consumption and Stocks at Electric Utilities by Prime **Mover Type** 

(Thousand Barrels)

		Pe	troleum Consumpi	tion	Petrok	eum Stocks, End of	Period
		Steam Plants	GT/IC*	Total Liquids	Steam Plants	GT/IC*	Total Liquids
1973 Tot	al	513,190	47,058	560,248	79,121	10.095	89,216
	al	483,146	53,128	536,274	97,718	15,199	112,917
			38,907	506,128	108,825	16,432	125,257
	<b>al</b>	467,221		•	106,993	14,703	121,696
	al	514,077	41,843	555,920		•	•
	al	574,869	48,837	623,705	124,750	19,281	144,031
	al	588,319	47,520	635,839	102,402	16,386	118,788
	tal	492,606	30,691	523,297	111,121	20,301	131,422
	al	401,863	18,351	420,214	117,227	18,147	135,374
	al	339,680	11,431	351,111	112,380	15,756	128,136
1982 Tot	al	243,537	6,234	249,771	105,287	13,597	118,884
1983 Tot	al	237,845	7,652	245,497	78,285	11,090	89,375
1984 Tot	al	197,050	7,429	204,479	76,836	10,784	87,619
	ai	166,842	6,572	173,414	64,704	8,985	73,689
	al	222,500	7,983	230.482	64,258	8,853	73,111
	ial	190,818	8,560	199,378	61,705	9,123	70,827
1 <b>988</b> Jan	uary	25,545	1,556	27,101	55,254	8,760	64,014
Feb	ruary	18,951	567	19,518	56,470	9,008	65,479
	rch	15.586	473	16,058	58,708	8.745	67.453
	il	12,113	325	12,438	59,765	8,792	68,557
	/	11.615	407	12.022	59,904	8.806	68,709
	θ	15,332	1,308	16.640	60.048	8,855	68,902
	/	22,168	1,413	23,581	57,133	8,777	65,910
		24,592	2,712	27,304	55,896	8,822	64,718
	just		2,712 542	16,598	60,991	9,170	70,162
	tember	16,057			62,002	9,172	71,174
	ober	21,278	602	21,880			
	/ember	23,686	714	24,400	61,990	9,094	71,085
	ember	28,894	1,661	30,556	60,311	8,974	69,285
Tota	al	235,817	12,279	248,096			
	uary	24,172	1,206	25,379	61,627	9,027	70,654
	ruary	27,900	1,502	29,403	55,683	8,360	64,043
Mar	rch	25,785	1,924	27,709	50,500	8,013	58,512
Apri	il	18,564	538	19,102	52,789	8,055	60,844
May	y	15,922	956	16,879	57,994	7,879	65,873
June	e	19,832	1,490	21,322	57,610	8,934	66,544
July	/	19,233	1,590	20,822	58,368	8,921	67,289
	just	17,623	1,040	18,663	61,248	9,085	70,332
	tember	16,126	1,041	17,168	60,233	8,938	69,171
	ober	13,334	653	13,987	62,708	9,042	71,750
	vember	18,371	875	19,247	62,610	8,980	71,590
	cember	32,835	4,320	37,156	53,448	7,961	61,410
	al	249,701	17,136	266,836		•	•
<b>1990</b> Jan	nuary	18,900	628	19,528	60,288	9,501	69,790
	ruary	15,194	549	15,743	64,420	9,338	73,758
	rch	16,541	438	16,979	63,723	9,100	72,823
	il	16,364	554	16,917	61,225	8.917	70,142
	y	15,101	619	15,720	61,217	9,391	70,608
	lonth Total	82,100	2,787	84,888	J.,	0,00	. 2,000
1989 5-M	onth Total	112,345	6,126	118,471			
	Ionth Total	83,809	3,327	87,137			

[•]GT/IC=Gas turbine and internal combustion plants.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independ-

ent rounding.

Sources: • 1973 through September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • October 1977 through 1981: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • 1982 forward: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

# Section 8. Nuclear

In May 1990, U.S. nuclear generating units produced a total of 43 net terawatthours (billion kilowatthours) of electricity, 12 percent⁸ more than in May 1989. Nuclear units generated at an average capacity factor of 57.6 percent, 5 percentage points more than the level in May 1989. Nuclear power supplied 19.3 percent of the total electricity generated in May 1990, compared with 17.4 percent in May 1989.

No low or full-power licenses were issued by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) during May 1990.

On May 31, 1990, there were 112 operable nuclear generating units in the United States, with a collective net summer generating capability of 100.2 million kilowatts of electricity. Of the 112 operable units, 35 units (including the shutdown but not yet officially retired

Rancho Seco unit) generated below 25 percent of their capacity, 30 of which were out of service for the entire month for maintenance, refueling, or repairs.

Six units with full-power licenses have been shut down by the NRC for an extended period (1 year or more). The unit names, capacities, and dates of shutdown are as follow: Nine Mile Point 1, (610 MWe), December 1987; Browns Ferry 1 and 3, each (1,065 MWe), May 1985; Browns Ferry 2, (1,065 MWe), September 1984; Calvert Cliffs 2, (825 MWe), March 1989; and Palo Verde 1 (1,221 MWe), March 1989.

As of May 31, there were 121 domestic nuclear generating units in all stages of construction and operation, with an aggregate design capacity of 113 million net kilowatts.

⁸Percentage changes are based on numbers shown in the following tables.

Figure 8.1 Nuclear and Total Net Generation of Electricity

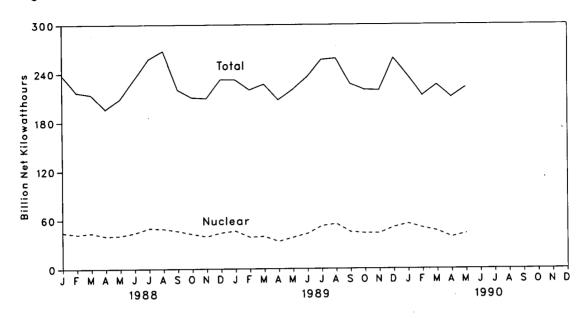
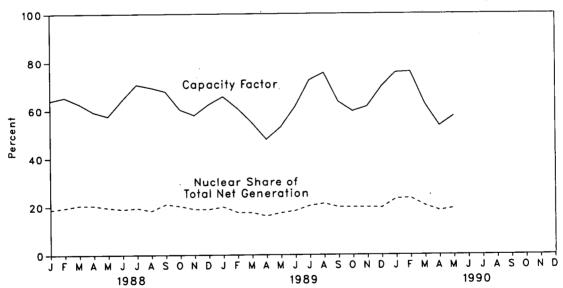


Figure 8.2 Nuclear Power Plants' Capacity Factor and Share of Total Net Generation



**Table 8.1 Nuclear Power Plant Operations** 

	Operable Units ^{a b}	Nuclear Electricity Generation	Nuclear Portion of Domestic Electricity Generation	Net Summer Capability of Operable Units 0	Capacity Factor ^d
	Number	Million Net Kilowatthours	Percent	Million Net Kilowatts	Percent
072 Van-		00.470			
973 Year974 Year	39	83,479	4.5	22.615	53.7
975 Year	48	113,976	6.1	31.803	47.9
976 Year	54 61	172,505	9.0	37.161	56.0
977 Year	65	191,104	9.4	43.657	54.9
		250,883	11.8	46.202	63.4
978 Year	70	276,403	12.5	50.709	64.7
979 Year	68	255,155	11.4	49.630	58.5
980 Year	70	251,116	11.0	51.668	56.4
981 Year	74	272,674	11.9	55.914	58.4
982 Year	77	282,773	12.6	59.927	56.7
983 Year	80	293,677	12.7	63.009	54.4
984 Year	86	327,634	13.6	69.652	56.3
985 Year	95	383,691	15.5	79.397	58.0
986 Year	100	414,038	16.6	85.241	56.9
987 Year	107	455,270	17.7	93.583	57.4
988 January	107	44,658	18.8	93.583	64.1
February	106	42,246	19.5	92.743	65.4
March	107	43,912	20.5	93.982	62.8
April	107	40,067	20.4	93.982	59.3
May	108	40,650	19.5	95.089	57.5
June	108	44,079	18.9	95.089	64.4
July	108	49,828	19.4	94.695	70.7
August	108	49,035	18.3	94.695	69.5
September	108	46,270	21.0	94.695	67.9
October	108	42,591	20.2	94.695	60.4
November	108	39,583	18.9	94.695	58.0
December	108	44,052	18.9	94.695	62.5
Year	108	526,973	19.5	94.695	63.5
989 January	108	46,328	19.9	94.695	65.8
February	108	38,725	17.6	94.695	60.9
March	110	39,636	17.5	97.031	54.9
April	110	33,495	16.1	97.031	48.0
May	110	38,339	17.4	97.031	53.1
June	110	42,976	18.3	97.031	61.5
July	110	52,331	20.4	97.031	72.5
August	110	54,948	21.3	97.869	75.5
September	110	44,837	19.8	97.869	63.6
October	110	43,558	19.8	97.869	59.7
November	110	43,399	19.8	97.869	61.6
December	110	50,784	19.6	97.869	69.7
Year	110	529,355	19.0	97.869	62.3
90 January	110	55,119	23.3	97.869	75.7
February	110	49,963	23.5	97.869	76.0
March	111	46,087	20.4	99.019	62.6
April	112	38,516	18.3	100.169	53.5
May	112	42,945	19.3	100.169	57.6
5-Month Total	112	232,630	21.0	100.169	64.8
989 5-Month Total	110	196,523	17.8	97.031	56.4
88 5-Month Total	108	211,533		V 1 1 0 V 1	55.4

^{*}At end of period.
*See Note 1 at end of section.

See Note 1 at end or section.

See Note 3 at end of section for the definition of net summer capability.

For an explanation of the method of calculating the capacity factor, see Note 4 at end of section.

Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
Sources: See end of section.

Table 8.2 Status of Nuclear Generating Units^a

			ensed peration	Consti Peri					Total
. ,.	: .	Operable ^b	In Startup ^c	Granted	Pending	On Order	Announced	Total	Design Capacity ^d
110		<del></del>	L	L		<u> </u>	<u></u>		<del>                                     </del>
٠.									Million Net
•				Numl	ber of Units				Kilowatts
973	Year	39	3	51	58	48	. 20	219	212
974	Year	48	5	58	80	28	16	235	234
975	Year	54	2	69	. 73	19	19	236	236
976	Year	61	0 .	72	66	16	. 19	234	236
977	Year	- 65	: 1	<b>80</b> .	52	13	9	220	220
978	Year	70	0	90	32	9	4	205	204
	Year	68	0	91	21	3	0	183	179
980	Year	70	2	82	12	3	. 0	169	163
	Year	74	0	. 75	11	3	0	163	157
	Year	77	2	60	3	· 2	0	144	135
	Year	80	3	53	0	2	0	138	129
	Year	86	6	38	0.	2	0	132	123
	Year	95	3	30	0	2	0	130	121
	Year	100	7	19	Ŏ	2	. 0	128	119
	Year	107	4	14	ŏ	2	Ō	127	119
907	Tear	107	7	, 14	ŭ	. <del>-</del>			
988	January	107	4	14	0	. 2	0	127	119
	February	106	4 .	14	0	. 2	. 0	126	118
	March		3	14	0	2 .	. 0	126	118
	April		9.3	14	0	2	0	126	118
	May		2	. 14	0	. 2	0	126	118
	June		. 2	14	0	. 2	0	126	118
		108	. 2	14	ō	2	Ö	126	118
	July	108	2	14	ŏ	- Ž ·	. Ŏ	126	118
	August		2	14	ŏ	• 0	ŏ	124	116
	September		2	1 13	. 0	ŏ	ŏ	123	115
	October			13	. 0	. 0	ŏ	123	115
	November	. 108	2		ŏ	ő	Ö	123	115
	December	108	3	12	U	U	U	123	113
1989	January	108	3	12	0	0	0	123	115
	February	108	3	,12	0	0	0	123	115
	March	1172	- 2	11	0	0	0	123	115
	April		1	11	0	0	0	9 122	114
	May		1	11	ō	. 0 .	0	122	114
			i	11	Ö	Ö	Ö	122	114
	June		2	10	ŏ	ŏ	Ŏ	122	114
	July		1	10	Ö	ŏ	ō	121	R 113
	August		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10	. 0	ŏ	. 0	121	R 113
	September	111	•		Ö	Ö	ŏ	121	P 113
	October		1	10		ŏ	0	121	R 113
	November December		1 .	10 10	. 0	0	. 0	121	R 113
	December		•		•	•	_		
1990	January		1	10	0	0	0	121	R 113
	February		2	9	0	0	0	121	R 113
	March		1	<b>9</b> `.	0	; 0	0	121	R 113
	April		0	9	0	0	, 0	. 121	R 113
	May		· · 0	9	0	·o	0	121	113

[•]Monthly data are the status as of the last day of the month. Annual data are the status as of December 31 of each year.

Seabrook 2 has been deleted from this category because its construction permit expired in October 1988.

Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

See Note 1 at end of section.
See Note 2 at end of section.

^dNet design electrical rating (DER) is used because many of the units were canceled prior to being assigned a net summer capability. See Note 3 at end of section.

^{*}On the December 31, 1988, Form EIA-254 "Semiannual Report on Status of Reactor Construction," the two planned units were reported cancelled as of September 1988.

⁹Shoreham received a full-power license in April 1989. Since the unit is not currently scheduled to operate, it is deleted from the total. R = Revised data.

### **Nuclear Notes and Sources**

#### Notes

1. Operable Units: Nuclear generating units that have been issued a full-power license by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC).

Exceptions: The Shippingport (60 MWe) and the Hanford-N (840 MWe) nuclear units were included in the operable units until 1982 and 1988, respectively. The Shippingport unit was excluded from the operable category during March 1974 through August 1977, due to a major core modification outage. Hanford-N. an unlicensed unit used for defense material production, was included in the operable category because power was produced as by-product and sold commercially. Three Mile Island 2 (880 MWe) experienced a major accident in 1979 and, although that unit still retains its operating license and site cleanup continues, there is no plan to restart it. Therefore, it has not been included in the operable category since March 1979. Although Shoreham received a full-power license in April 1989, the unit is not currently scheduled to operate and, therefore, has not been included in the operable category. The Department of Energy-operated Experimental Breeder Reactor 2 (EBR-2) unit is not a commercial reactor and is therefore not included in the operable category.

In addition, six units have been retired and therefore removed from the operable category. Those units are: Peach Bottom 1 (40 MWe) and Indian Point 1 (265 MWe), both retired in 1974; Humboldt Bay (65 MWe), officially retired in 1976; Dresden 1 (200 MWe), retired in August 1979; LaCrosse (51 MWe), retired in May 1987; and Fort Saint Vrain (217 MWe), retired in August 1989.

- 2. In Startup: One unit, Seabrook 1 (1,186 MWe), has been issued a low-power license by the NRC authorizing fuel loading and low-power testing prior to issuance of a full-power license.
- 3. Capacity: Nuclear generating units may have more than one type of net capacity rating, including the following:
- (a) Net Summer Capability--The steady hourly output that generating equipment is expected to supply to system load, exclusive of auxiliary power, as demonstrated by test at the time of summer peak demand. Auxiliary power of a typical nuclear power plant is about 5 percent of gross generation.

- (b) Net Design Capacity or Net Design Electrical Rating (DER)--The nominal net electrical output of the unit, specified by the utility and used for plant design.
- 4. Monthly Capacity Factors: The monthly capacity factors are computed as the actual monthly generation divided by the maximum possible generation for that month. The maximum possible generation is the number of hours in the month multiplied by the monthly net summer capability. That fraction is then multiplied by 100 to obtain a percentage. Annual capacity factors are averages of the monthly values for that year.

#### Sources

Nuclear Units Licensed for Operation: Nuclear Regulatory Commission, "Licensed Operating Reactors" (NUREG-0020).

Electricity Generation: 1973 through September 1977--Federal Power Commission (FPC), Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." October 1977 through 1981--Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." 1982 forward--Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Net Summer Capability: EIA, Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report."

Capacity Factor: Calculated by EIA, Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels.

Unit Construction and Planning Data: 1973 through June 1982--Compiled from various sources, primarily Department of Energy, Office of Nuclear Reactor Programs, "U.S. Central Station Nuclear Electric Generating Units: Significant Milestones"; Nuclear Regulatory Commission, "Licensed Operating Reactors" (NUREG-0020); and EIA, Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels. July 1982 forward--Nuclear Regulatory Commission, "Summary Information Report" (NUREG-0871); Nuclear Regulatory Commission, "Licensed Operating Reactors" (NUREG-0020); and various trade journals.

Total Design Capacity: Nuclear Regulatory Commission, "Licensed Operating Reactors" (NUREG-0020); Nuclear Regulatory Commission, "Summary Information Report" (NUREG-0871); and EIA, Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report."

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## Section 9. Price

Crude Oil. The average price of domestic crude oil purchased at the wellhead was \$13.82 per barrel in May 1990, 17 percent below the level in May 1989. The refiner acquisition cost of imported crude oil in May 1990 was \$16.03 per barrel, 16 percent below the May 1989 level. The cost of domestic crude oil in May 1990 was \$16.46, a decrease of 13 percent from the May 1989 average.

Motor Gasoline. The national city average retail price of leaded regular gasoline at all types of stations was \$1.08 per gallon in June 1990, 1 percent lower than the price in June 1989. The price of unleaded regular gasoline at all types of stations was \$1.09 per gallon in June 1990, 2 percent lower than the price in June 1989. The price of unleaded premium gasoline averaged \$1.27 per gallon in June 1990, 1 percent lower than the price in June 1989.

Residual Fuel Oil. The average price, excluding taxes, of residual fuel oil sold to end users in May 1990 was 34 cents per gallon, 4 percent lower than the previous month's price and 17 percent below the May 1989 average. The average resale price, excluding taxes, of residual fuel oil in May 1990 was 30 cents per gallon, 9 percent lower than the April 1990 average and 19 percent lower than the price 1 year earlier.

Aviation Fuel. The average price, excluding taxes, of aviation gasoline sold to end users in May 1990 was \$1.04 per gallon, 2 percent higher than the price in the previous month but 3 percent lower than the price in May 1989. The average price, excluding taxes, of kerosene-type jet fuel sold to end users in May 1990 was 58 cents per gallon, 5 percent below the previous month's price but the same as the May 1989 average.

No. 2 Distillate Fuel Oil. The May 1990 national average price, excluding taxes, of heating oil sold to residential customers was 91 cents per gallon, 3 percent below the April 1990 price but 5 percent higher than the May 1989 price. The average price of No. 2 fuel oil sold to all end users was 57 cents per gallon in May

1990, 7 percent below the April 1990 price but 5 percent higher than the May 1989 price.

Electricity. Beginning with January 1986, there were new series of national average price estimates based on a statistically derived sample of both publicly and privately owned electric utilities. Previously, average price estimates were derived from selected privately owned electric utilities and were not national averages.

The mean price of electricity sold to all ultimate consumers in the United States in May 1990 was 6.46 cents per kilowatthour, 2 percent above the May 1989 mean price. The price of electricity sold to residential consumers in May 1990 averaged 7.98 cents per kilowatthour, 3 percent higher than the price 1 year earlier. The price of electricity sold to commercial consumers averaged 7.31 cents per kilowatthour in May 1990, 2 percent above the May 1989 price. The price of electricity sold to other consumers in May 1990 averaged 6.22 cents per kilowatthour, slightly lower than the May 1989 price. The price of electricity sold to industrial users in May 1990 averaged 4.63 cents per kilowatthour, slightly higher than the price 1 year earlier.

Natural Gas. In April 1990 (latest data available) the average wellhead price of natural gas was \$1.60 per thousand cubic feet, 2 percent above the April 1989 price.

The average price of natural gas delivered to electric utility plants was \$2.29 per thousand cubic feet in April 1990, 1 percent below the April 1989 price. The average price of natural gas used by residential consumers in May 1990 was \$5.97 per thousand cubic feet, 1 percent above the May 1989 price. The average price of natural gas used by commercial consumers in May 1990 was \$4.65 per thousand cubic feet, 1 percent below the May 1989 price. The average price of natural gas used by industrial consumers in May 1990 was \$2.65 per thousand cubic feet, 4 percent below the May 1989 price.

Figure 9.1 Crude Oil Prices

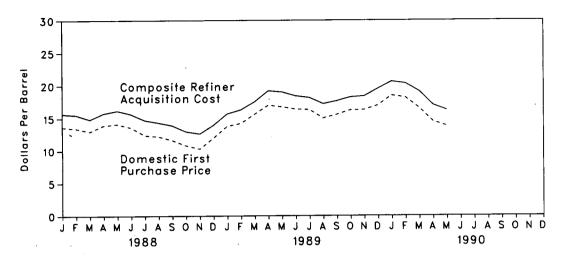


Figure 9.2 Refiner Sales Prices to End Users:
Motor Gasoline, Diesel Fuel, and Jet Fuel

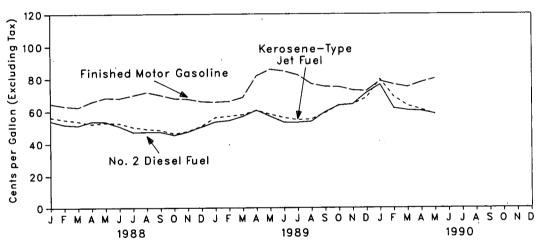
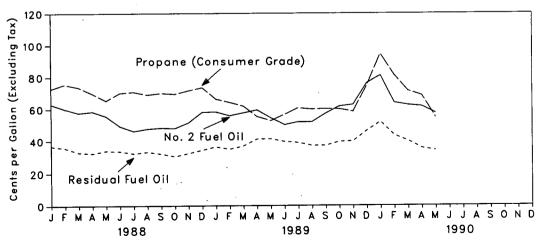


Figure 9.3 Refiner Sales Prices to End Users: No. 2 Fuel Oil, Propane, and Residual Fuel Oil



**Table 9.1 Crude Oil Price Summary** (Dollars per Barrel)

				Refli	ner Acquisition C	lost ^d
	Domestic First Purchase Price*	F.O.B. Cost of Imports ^b	Landed Cost of Imports ^c	Domestic	Imported	Composite
1973 Average	3.89	5.21	6.41	4.17	4.08	4,15
1974 Average	6.87	10.91	12.32	7.18	12.52	9.07
1975 Average	7.67	11.18	12.70	8.39	13.93	10.38
1976 Average	8.19	12.17	13.34	8.84	13.48	10.89
1977 Average	8.57	13.24	14.31	9.55	14.53	11.96
1978 Average	9.00	13.30	14.38	10.61	14.57	12.46
1979 Average	12.64	20.19	21.65	14.27	21.67	17.72
1980 Average	21.59	32.27	33.95	24.23	33.89	28.07
1981 Average	31.77	35.10	36.52	34.33	37.05	35.24
1982 Average	28.52	32.11	33.18	31.22	33.55	31.87
1983 Average	26.19	27.73	28.93	28.87	29.30	28.99
984 Average	25.88	27.44	28.46	28.53	28.88	28.63
1985 Average	24.09	25.83	26.66	26.66	26.99	26.75
986 Average	12.51	12.52	13.49	14.82	14.00	14.55
1987 Average	15.40	16.69	17.65	17.76	18.13	17.90
1988 January	13.64	13.66	14.92	15.80	15.45	15.68
February	13.43	13.79	14.72	15.58	15.43	15.53
March	12.96	13.43	14.47	14.91	14.73	14.84
April	13.92	14.28	15.17	15.87 ·	15.62	15.77
May	14.12	14.49	15.52	16.35	15.93	16.18
June	13.59	13.97	14.87	15.74	15.50	15.65
July	12.38	13.25	. 14.07	14.64	14.81	14.71
August	12.22	12.84	13.64	14.36	14.32	14.34
September	11.63	12.24	13.03	13.96	13.84	13.91
October	10.62	11.69	12.42	12.90	13.05	12.96
November	10.31	11.94	12.49	12.61	12.66	12.63
December	11.99	13.21	14.10	13.88	14.11	13.98
Average	12.58	13.25	14.08	14.74	14.56	14.67
989 January	13.79	14.67	15.69	15.49	15.98	15.70
February	14.23	15.49	16.40	16.11	16.59	16.31
March	15.63	16.72	17.48	17.39	17.77	17.55
April	17.01	18.23	18.97	18.92	19.59	19.22
May	16.75	17.52	18.33	19.02	19.06	19.03
June	16.40	16.80	17.61	18.56	18.27	18.43
July	16.32	16.47	17.39	18.31	17.97	18.16
August	15.01	16.12	16.83	17.23	17.23	17.23
September October	15.58 16.24	16.49	17.28	17.70	17.62	17.66
November	16.30	17.10 17.34	17.92	18.20	18.29	18.24
December	17.00	18.83	18.16 19.55	18.46	18.32	18.39
Average	15.85	16.89	19.55 1 <b>7.68</b>	19.16 <b>17.88</b>	20.04 <b>18.08</b>	19.54 <b>17.97</b>
990 January	18.50	18.84	19.82	20.75	20.51	20.64
February	18.18	18.01	18.97	20.75	19.84	20.35
March	16.58	R 16.91	R 17.96	19.32	18.94	19.14
April	14.52	R 15.02	R 16.08	17.37	16.71	17.06
May	13.82	14.81	15.63	16.46	16.03	16.26

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and all U.S. Territories and Possessions. • Values for Domestic First Purchase Price and Refiner Acquisition Cost of Crude Oil for the current month and for F.O.B. and Landed Cost of Crude Oil Imports for the current 2 months are preliminary. • F.O.B. and landed costs through 1980 reflect the period of reporting; prices since then reflect the period of loading. • Annual averages are the weighted average of the 12 monthly prices.

^{*}See Note 1 at end of section.

*See Note 2 at end of section.

*See Note 3 at end of section.

dSee Note 4 at end of section.

R=Revised data.

Table 9.2 F.O.B. Cost of Crude Oil Imports from Selected Countries^a (Dollars per Barrel)

	Algeria	Indonesia	Iran	Mexico	Nigeria	Saudi Arabia	United Kingdom	Venezuela	Other Countries	Arab OPEC ^b	Tota OPEC
73 Average	7.23	5.67	4.24	NA	7.81	3.25	NA	5.39	4.84	4.06	5.4
74 Average	13.23	11.99	10.85	NA	12.44	10.17	NA	10.71	10.02	10.96	11.3
75 Average	11.93	12.55	10.81	11.44	11.82	10.87	NA	11.04	10.86	11.18	11.3
76 Average	13.05	12.76	11.61	12.22	13.08	11.69	13.09	11.32	11.92	12.06	12.2
77 Average	14.36	13.57	12.67	13.42	14.44	12.37	14.11	12.68	13.19	13.13	13.2
78 Average	14.10	13.64	12.65	13.24	14.04	12.70	13.82	12.45	13.35	13.28	13.3
79 Average	20.65	19.35	23.71	20.29	21.80	17.63	21.20	17.37	21.43	19.25	19.9
80 Average	36.57	32.37	(d)	31.11	35.82	28.53	34.58	24.78	34.24	31.61	32.2
81 Average	39.09	35.93	(ď)	33.13	38.53	32.48	36.08	28.86	36.69	34.73	35.1
82 Average	34.23	35.27	30.93	28.07	35.13	33.50	33.46	23.77	31.96	33.84	33.4
83 Average	30.06	29.93	28.25	25.19	29.78	28.03	29.84	21.48	27.96	28.38	28.4
84 Average	28.04	29.10	26.93	26.37	29.39	27.60	28.90	24.16	27.65	27.68	27.5
85 Average	26.84	27.12		25.33	28.04	22.04	27.63	23.64	26.11	24.30	25.6
86 Average	13.62	13.19	w	11.84	14.35	11.36	13.84	10.92	13.32	11.59	12.2
87 Average	16.79	17.40	· W	16.36	18.47	15.12	18.28	15.08	17.11	15.80	16.4
88 January	w	16.62	NA	12.79	17.04	11.41	16.23	12.37	14.96	12.17	13.2
February	w	16.16	NA	12.91	15.80	12.78	W	12.31	14.59	13.16	13.7
March	W	13.65	NA	11.81	15.72	12.90	14.68	12.67	13.82	13.18	13.8
April	W	14.59	NA	13.65	16.10	12.77	15.20	13.44	14.70	13.37	14.2
May	w	15.63	NA	13.68	16.06	w	16.10	13.54	14.91	13.61	14.4
June	ŵ	15.26	NA	12.82	15.60	12.75	15.32	13.80	14.17	13.23	14.1
July	w	14.06	NA	12.17	15.14	11.27	14.43	13.18	13.57	12.23	13.4
August	· w	13.58	NA	12.37	14.93	10.15	14.86	12.65	13.07	11.57	12.7
September	w	12.84	NA	11.69	13.71	9.44	W	12.38	12.33	10.32	12.1
October	w	11.47	NA	10.00	13.66	W	12.69	12.93	11.51	11.36	12.3
November .	w	11.48	NA	10.16	13.74	W	W	12.45	11.80	12.92	12.8
December .	ŵ	w	NA	12.31	15.56	W	13.59	13.46	12.78	13.51	13.8
Average	w	13.81	NA	12.18	15.16	12.16	14.80	12.96	13.45	12.57	13.4
89 January	w	14.52	NA	13.98	16.11	w	w	13.10	15.08	14.91	14.7
February	* W	17.14	NA	14.25	17.15	W	16.33	14.00	15.83	16.35	15.9
March	W	17.05	NA	14.98	18.37	W	W	16.62	17.29	17.45	17.3
April	W	17.78	NA	17.44	19.81	W	W	17.77	18.73	16.85	18.3
May	W	W	NA	16.97	18.60	W	W	16.78	17.97	15.98	17.2
June	W	17.78	NA	16.62	17.68	15.54	W	15.42	17.12	16.01	16.4
July	w	17.61	NA	16.41	17.67	w	17.66	14.34	16.74	15.66	16.0
August	W	W	NA	15.22	17.25	W	17.11	15.82	16.08	15.91	16.3
September	w	16.37	NA	15.37	18.00	W	17.22	16.02	16.62	16.50	16.6
October	w	16.35	NA	16.12	18.99	W	17.78	15.45	17.37	17.06	17.
November .	W	17.28	NA	16.44	19.11	18.09	18.37	15.56	17.45	17.53	17.5
December .	w	W	NA	17.74	19.93	w	19.57	19.32	18.50	18.85	19.0
Average	W	17.01	NA	15.96	18.31	16.29	17.89	16.09	17.13	16.73	17.0
90 January	w	19.25	NA	18.03	21.22	w	21.00	16.73	19.20	18.03	18.
February	W	19.43	NA	16.68	20.41	W	W	16.01	18.36	16.64	18.
March	W	18.98	NA	16.24	18.41	_ W	W	15.95	F 16.82	R 14.98	R 16.
April	W	17.38	NA	R 13.30	R 16.71	R 12.58	16.13	R 15.57	R 14.91	R 13.48	R 15.2
May	W	16.33	NA	12.22	16.38	W	15.69	14.74	15.00	14.18	15.

The Free on Board (f.o.b.) cost at the country of origin excludes all costs related to insurance and transportation. See Note 2 at end of section. The Arab members of OPEC are Algeria, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates.

e"Total OPEC" consists of Ecuador, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Nigeria, and Venezuela, as well as the Arab members. The cost of imports from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia is included in the cost of imports from "Total OPEC."

dNo crude oil was imported.

R=Revised data. NA=Not available. W=Value withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: • Values for the current 2 months are preliminary. • Prices through 1980 reflect the period of reporting; prices since then reflect the period of loading. • Annual averages are the weighted average of the 12 monthly prices, including those prices that were not published. • Cargoes that are purchased on a "netback" basis, or under similar contractual arrangements whereby the actual purchase price is not established at the time the crude is acquired for importation into the United States, are not included in the published data until the actual prices have been determined and reported. Sources: See end of section.

Table 9.3 Landed Cost of Crude Oil Imports from Selected Countries^a (Dollars per Barrel)

	Algeria	Canada	Indonesia	Iran	Mexico	Nigeria	Saudi Arabia	United Kingdom	Venezuela	Other Countries	Arab OPEC ^b	OPEC
973 Average	8.39	5.33	7.22	6.48	NA	9.08	5.37	NA	5.99	6.99	5.92	6.8
974 Average	13.97	11.48	13.20	12.48	W	13.16	11.63	NA	11.25	12.93	12.39	12.4
975 Average	12.72	12.72	13.79	12.21	12.61	12.62	12.30	NA	11.65	12.66	12.71	12.7
976 Average	13.81	13.57	13.82	12.82	12.64	13.80	13.04	w	11.80	13.31	13.31	13.3
977 Average	15.20	14.21	14.63	13.80	13.75	15.25	13.61	14.83	13.13	14.56	14.30	14.3
978 Average	14.91	14.50	14.64	13.88	13.54	14.86	13.92	14.53	12.83	14.58	14.36	14.3
979 Average	21.90	20.43	20.69	25.02	20.86	22.96	19.15	22.16	18.18	23.18	20.79	21.2
980 Average	37.90	30.47	33.92	(ª)	31.80	37.05	30.02	35.88	25.86	36.02	32.97	33.5
981 Average	40.49	32.16	37.57	(d)	33.78	39.70	34.19	37.24	29.87	38.54	36.22	36.6
982 Average	35.28	26.92	36.75	32.40	28.64	36.17	35.00	34.28	24.82	34.03	35.15	34.8
983 Average	31.26	25.63	31.57	29.81	25.78	30.84	29.76	30.87	22.94	29.68	30.03	29.8
984 Average	29.08	26.59	30.64	28.67	26.87	30.50	29.50	29.60	25.15	29.20	29.12	28.9
985 Average	27.46	25.71	28.67	25.79	25.63	28.96	24.72	28.35	24.43	27.33	25.88	26.8
986 Average	14.82	13.43	14.63	12.38	12.17	15.29	12.84	14.63	11.52	14.25	13.14	13.4
987 Average	17.87	17.04	18.49	18.28	16.69	19.32	16.81	18.78	15.76	18.30	17.32	17.6
988 January	W	14.58	17.99	w	13.16	17.91	13.23	17.59	13.10	16.28	14.16	14.6
February	W	14.37	17.44	NA	13.30	16.59	14.00	16.70	13.05	15.91	14.23	14.5
March	W	13.66	15.13	NA	12.22	16.47	14.07	15.72	13.50	15.13	14.29	14.7
April	W	14.39	16.30	NA	13.97	16.88	14.12	16.11	14.18	15.77	14.70	15.2
May	W	15.12	16.94	NA	14.09	17.00	14.51	16.97	14.24	16.04	15.05	15.5
June	W	14.67	16.40	· NA	13.21	16.59	13.91	16.29	14.32	15.20	14.31	15.0
July	W	13.31	15.11	NA	12.58	15.68	13.17	15.52	13.78	14.68	13.63	14.2
August	W	13.13	14.90	NA	12.77	15.55	12.44	15.72	13.28	14.07	13.12	13.6
September	W	12.89	14.05	NA	12.09	14.49	11.78	14.38	12.96	13.21	12.05	12.9
October	W	11.73	12.60	NA	10.42	14.32	11.93	13.33	. 13.58	12.66	11.99	12.7
November .	W	11.58	12.82	NA	10.56	14.49	12.79	14.02	13.12	12.51	12.44	12.8
December .	w	12.57	14.05	NA	12.81	16.31	14.62	15.12	14.34	13.97	14.44	14.6
Average	W	13.50	15.15	·W	12.58	15.88	13.37	15.82	13.66	14.45	13.60	14.1
989 January	w	14.47	16.30	NA	14.48	17.54	15.91	17.17	14.05	15.88	15.74	15.9
February	. <b>W</b>	14.97	17.86	NA	14.55	18.19	16.60	17.82	14.62	17.22	16.52	16.7
March	W	15.88	18.67	· NA	15.37	19.32	17.00	17.90	17.30	18.33	17.33	17.8
April	22.13	17.42	19.11	NA	17.78	20.53	18.89	20.00	18.45	19.40	18.91	19.2
May	W	17.81	19.37	NA	17.37	19.64	17.43	20.04	17.32	18.79	17.58	18.1
June	, W	17.69	18.92	NA	16.99	18.90	16.82	18.74	16.13	17.96	17.00	17.4
July	W	17.89	18.92	NA	16.84	18.66	16.72	18.81	15.13	17.45	16.73	17.1
August	W	16.62	W	NA	15.62	18.01	16.42	18.20	16.50	16.89	16.45	16.8
September	W	17.00	17.82	NA	15.76	18.72	16.84	18.11	16.67	17.54	16.97	17.2
October	W	17.43	17.70	NA	16.52	19.82	17.90	18.71	16.13	18.25	17.82	17.9
November .	18.55	17.08	18.16	NA	16.85	20.14	18.08	19.31	16.38	18.74	18.16	18.2
December .	W	17.48	19.20	NA	18.01	20.98	19.27	20.32	20.16	19.88	19.55	19.9
Average	19.13	16.81	18.35	NA	16.35	19.19	17.33	18.74	16.78	18.08	17.41	17.7
990 January	W	18.52	20.86	NA	18.48	22.36	19.18	21.56	17.86	20.50	19.36	19.7
February	W	18.52	21.21	NA	17.13	21.46	18.32	w	16.69	19.59	_ 18.28	_ 18.9
March	W	17.30	20.65	NA	16.64	19.69	R 16.67	_ 20.71	16.64	R 18.28	R 16.69	P 17.7
April	• W	15.65	R 18.98	NA	R 13.83	R 17.99	^R 14.77	R 17.92	^R 16.30	R 16.30	R 14.94	R 16.0
May	W	15.59	17.99	NA	12.87	17.51	14.20	17.14	15.58	16.04	14.65	15.

^{*}See Note 3 at end of section.

bThe Arab members of OPEC are Algeria, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates.

e"Total OPEC" consists of Ecuador, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Nigeria, and Venezuela, as well as the Arab members. The cost of imports from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia is included in the cost of imports from "Total OPEC."

^dNo crude oil was imported.

R=Revised data. NA=Not available. W=Value withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: • Values for the current 2 months are preliminary. • Prices through 1980 reflect the period of reporting; prices since then reflect the period of loading. • Annual averages are the weighted average of the 12 monthly prices, including those prices that were not published. • Cargoes that are purchased on a "netback" basis, or under similar contractual arrangements whereby the actual purchase price is not established at the time the crude is acquired for importation into the United States, are not included in the published data until the actual prices have been determined and reported.

Table 9.4 U.S. City Average Retail Prices of Motor Gasoline^a (Cents per Gallon, Including Taxes)

		Leaded Regular	Unleaded Regular	Unleaded Premium	Average for All Types ^b
973	Average	38.8	NA	NA	NA
	Average	53.2	NA	NA	NA
	Average	56.7	NA	NA	NA
	Average	59.0	61.4	NA	NA
	Average	62.2	65.6	NA	NA
	Average	62.6	67.0	NA	65.2
	Average	85.7	90.3	NA	88.2
	Average	119.1	124.5	NA	122.1
	Average:	131.1	137.8	147.0	135.3
	Average	122.2	129.6	141.5	128.1
	Average	115.7	124.1	138.3	122.5
	Average	112.9	121.2	136.6	119.8
	Average	111.5	120.2	134.0	119.6
	Average	85.7	92.7	108.5	93.1
	Average	89.7	94.8	109.3	95.7
988	January	88.1	93.3	109.5	94.7
	February	85.9	91.3	108.2	92.8
	March	85.0	90.4	107.4	92.0
	April	88.3	93.0	108.8	94.6
	May	91.1	95.5	110.5	97.0
	June	91.0	95.5	111.1	97.1
	July	92.3	96.7	112.3	98.4
	August	94.5	98.7	113.8	100.4
	September	93.3	97.4	113.0	99.2
	October	91.0	95.6	111.9	97.5
	November	90.4	94.9	111.6	97.2
	December	88.5	93.0	110.1	95.3
	Average	89.9	94.6	110.7	96.3
989	January	87.6	91.8	109.1	94.4
- 1	February	88.6	92.6	110.0	95.5
1	March	90.7	94.0	111.5	97.4
	April	104.7	106.5	122.1	109.8
	May	109.8	111.9	127.8	115.2
	June	109.3	111.4	127.8	115.0
	July	107.5	109.2	126.4	113.2
	August	103.4	105.7	123.3	109.6
:	September	100.7	102.9	121.3	107.3
1	October	100.1	102.7	120.9	107.1
1	November	97.5	99.9	118.7	104.6
	December	96.1	98.0	117.0	103.0
	Average	99.8	102.1	119.7	106.0
	January	100.6	104.2	123.0	109.0
	February	101.1	103.7	122.7	108.6
	March	99.9	102.3	121.8	107.6
	April	102.7	104.4	123.3	109.6
	May	104.4	106.1	124.8	111.4
	June	107.7	108.8	127.1	114.0

^{*}See Note 5 at end of section.

Also includes types of gasoline not shown separately.

In September 1981, the Bureau of Labor Statistics changed the weights used in the calculation of average motor gasoline prices. From September 1981 forward, in the average for all types category, gasohol is included and unleaded premium is weighted more heavily.

NA=Not available.

Note: Geographic coverage for 1974 through 1977 is 56 urban areas. For 1978 forward, it is 85 urban areas. • Annual values shown in this table are calculated by EIA as the simple average of the monthly data.

Table 9.5 Refiner Sales Prices of Residual Fuel Oila

(Cents per Gallon, Excluding Taxes)

	Sulfur Co	ni Fuel Oil Intent Less al to 1 Percent	Sulfur	il Fuel Oli Content an 1 Percent	Ave	rage
	Sales for Resale	Sales to End Users	Sales for Resale	Sales to End Users	Sales for Resale	Sales to End Users
1978 Average	29.3	31.4	24.5	27.5	26.3	29.8
1979 Average	45.0	46.8	36.6	38.9	39.9	43.6
980 Average	60.8	67.5	47.9	52.3	52.8	60.7
1981 Average	74.8	82.9	62.2	67.3	66.3	75.6
1982 Average	69.5	74.7	57.2	61.1	61.2	67.6
1983 Average	64.3	69.5	59.1	61.1	60.9	65.1
1984 Average	68.5	72.0	63.9	65.9	65.4	68.7
1985 Average	61.0	64.4	56.0	58.2	57.7	61.0
1986 Average	32.8	37.2	28.9	31.7	30.5	34.3
1987 Average	41.2	44.7	36.2	39.6	38.5	42.3
1988 January	36.5	41.9	27.7	31.8	32.4	36.7
February	35.2	40.2	27.4	31.4	32.2	35.6
March	32.4	36.9	25.0	29.0	28.6	32.9
April	33.5	35.8	27.5	30.2	30.2	32.4
May	34.0	36.8	29.8	32.2	31.5	33.9
June	32.9	35.3	29.0	32.3	31.0	33.6
July	31.8	35.7	27.7	30.0	29.5	32.3
August	32.7	36.0	28.4	30.7	30.6	33.2
September	31.4	34.7	28.4	30.1	29.5	32.1
October	29.2	34.4	23.5	26.7	25.6	30.5
November	31.9	36.1	24.5	27.2	28.0	32.3
December	35.6	38.8	27.0	28.6	29.8	34.3
Average	33.3	37.2	27.1	30.0	30.0	33.4
1989 January	37.8	41.7	29.2	31.3	32.6	36.3
February	36.5	39.8	28.9	30.2	32.3	34.9
March	38.0	41.8	27.5	30.1	32.2	36.8
April	43.9	46.6	33.2	35.5	38.2	41.2
May	42.9	46.5	34.5	37.0	37.7	41.3
June	38.1	42.8	34.0	36.6	35.3	39.6
July	38.4	42.1	33.5	35.7	35.7	38.9
August	36.7	39.4	32.9	34.8	34.6	37.1
September	37.9	40.2	31.8	34.7	35.1	37.1
October	39.6	43.2	33.8	36.5	36.7	39.5
November	40.3	44.1	33.7	36.7	36.7	39.9
December	46.9	53.4	37.7	39.9	42.3	46.4
Average	40.0	43.6	32.5	34.9	35.8	39.1
1990 January	56.0	60.0	41.9	45.1	48.1	52.0
February	44.6	51.3	34.7	37.2	38.2	43.6
March	39.8	45.3	31.2	35.4	34.4	40.1
April	R 36.1	R 39.6	R 31.1	R 32.5	R 33.3	R 35.5
May	34.2	37.9	28.3	31.4	30.4	34.1

^{*}Sales for resale, that is, wholesale sales, are those made to purchasers who are other than ultimate consumers. Sales to end users are those made directly to the ultimate consumer, including bulk customers such as agriculture, industry, and utilities, as well as commercial customers.

R=Revised data.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Values for the current month are preliminary. • Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration estimates. See Note 6 at end of section.

Table 9.6 Refiner Sales Prices of Petroleum Products for Resale^a (Cents per Gallon, Excluding Taxes)

	Finished Motor Gasoline ^b	Finished Aviation Gasoline	Kerosene- Type Jet Fuel	Kerosene	No. 2 Fuel Oil	No. 2 Diesel Fuel	Propane (Consume Grade)
978 Average	43.4	53.7	38.6	40.4	36.9	36.5	23.7
979 Average	63.7	72.1	66.0	62.4	56.9	57.4	29.1
980 Average	94.1	112.8	86.8	86.4	80.3	80.1	41.5
981 Average	106.4	125.0	101.2	106.6	97.6	97.2	46.6
982 Average	97.3	122.8	95.3	101.8	91.4	91.4	42.7
983 Average	88.2	117.8	85.4	89.2	81.5	80.8	48.4
984 Average	83.2	116.5	83.0	91.6	82.1	80.3	45.0
985 Average	83.5	113.0	79.4	87.4	77.6	77.2	39.8
986 Average	53.1	91.2	49.5	60.6	48.6	45.2	29.0
	58.9	85.9	53.8	59.2		45.2 53.4	
987 Average	56.8	65.9	53.6	59.2	52.7	53.4	25.2
988 January	53.4	85.9	53.2	59.2	52.0	51.0	26.8
February	53.8	84.2	52.4	57.1	48.9	49.0	26.6
March	53.9	84.2	50.4	54.3	47.6	49.2	25.6
April	58.6	84.2	50.4	54.2	50.7	51.9	25.2
May	59.9	85.0	51.4	53.3	50.1	51.3	24.9
June	59.3	85.1	51.0	50.0	46.6	47.9	24.3
July	62.4	86.1	47.5	48.3	43.3	44.0	21.8
August	61.4	86.7	47.9	48.9	44.3	45.0	22.1
September	58.0	85.7	46.9	49.8	43.3	44.7	22.5
October	57.3	83.8	45.2	49.4	41.9	42.0	22.1
November	58.1	83.5	46.4	52.8	45.1	44.6	22.1
December	54.9	83.7	50.1	57.8	49.9	48.0	22.9
Average	57.7	85.0	49.5	54.9	47.3	47.3	24.0
989 January	56.3	84.0	56.3	63.1	53.2	51.1	24.0
February	57.5	86.0	55.2	59.5	51.0	52.9	22.7
March	61.2	86.6	56.5	61.3	54.4	56.0	22.5
April	74.2	94.2	59.4	60.3	56.5	59.9	22.6
	76.5	101.8	56.6	55.9	52.5	54.1	22.0
May June	74.0	101.8	54.5	53.8	49.6	54.1 51.0	21.3
July	69.1	100.9 97.6	53.5 54.4	57.0	50.3	50.6	20.7
August	62.7			59.8	51.2	52.5	21.6
September	65.8	96.2	58.6	63.6	56.4	58.6	23.1
October	64.3	93.3	63.1	67.4	60.1	62.4	24.4
November	61.5	92.5	63.4	68.4	60.4	62.2	24.4
December	61.6	92.8	67.4	81.7	72.8	68.4	36.4
Average	65.5	95.0	58.4	66.9	56.5	56.8	24.6
990 January	69.2	96.8	77.0	87.0	73.8	69.3	54.5
February	67.2	95.0	66.9	67.9	57.7	57.1	34.0
March	66.3	93.8	61.7	64.8	57.9	57.7	27.1
April	69.7	R 96.4	59.9	62.4	57.5	R 57.5	25.2
May	72.6	97.4	57.4	59.2	54.5	55.4	24.0

^{*}Sales for resale, that is, wholesale sales, are those made to purchasers who are other than ultimate consumers. Sales to end users are those made directly to the ultimate consumer, including bulk customers such as agriculture, industry, and utilities, as well as residential and commercial customers.

bSee Note 5 at end of section.
R=Revised data.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Values for the current month are preliminary. • Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration estimates. See Note 6 at end of section.

Table 9.7 Refiner Sales Prices of Petroleum Products to End Users^a (Cents per Gallon, Excluding Taxes)

	Finished Motor Gasoline ^b	Finished Aviation Gasoline	Kerosene- Type Jet Fuel	Kerosene	No. 2 Fuel Oil	No. 2 Diesel Fuel	Propane (Consumer Grade)
978 Average	48.4	51.6	38.7	42.1	40.0	37.7	33.5
979 Average	71.3	68.9	54.7	58.5	51.6	58.5	35.7
980 Average	103.5	108.4	86.8	90.2	78.8	81.8	48.2
981 Average	114.7	130.3	102.4	112.3	91.4	99.5	56.5
982 Average	106.0	131.2	96.3	108.9	90.5	94.2	59.2
983 Average	95.4	125.5	87.8	96.1	91.6	82.6	70.9
984 Average	90.7	123.4	84.2	103.6	91.6	82.3	73.7
985 Average	91.2	120.1	79.6	103.0	84.9	78.9	71.7
986 Average	62.4	101.1	52.9	79.0	56.0	47.8	74.5
987 Average	66.9	90.7	54.3	75.0 77.0	58.1	55.1	74.5 70.1
30/ Average	00.9	90.7	34.3	77.0	30.1	55.1	70.1
988 January	64.9	88.4	56.4	84.1	63.0	54.2	72.6
February	63.3	88.2	55.0	84.6	60.1	51.9	75.5
March	62.5	87.7	53.9	77.5	57.6	51.3	73.6
April	66.0	87.6	52.3	82.2	58.5	53.8	68.9
May	68.4	89.2	53.1	61.2	55.5	53.6	65.2
June	68.1	87.2	52.7	55.4	49.3	50.8	70.0
July	69.9	89.7	50.3	56.0	46.3	47.2	70.7
August	71.8	92.2	49.1	56.3	47.7	47.3	68.9
September	70.0	90.8	48.4	66.1	48.3	47.3	69.9
October	68.0	88.7	46.3	71.8	48.0	45.4	69.4
November	67.6	89.2	47.6	71.1	51.5	47.4	71.5
December	66.1	89.2	51.0	74.1	58.1	50.5	73.5
Average	67.3	89.1	51.3	73.8	54.4	50.0	71.4
989 January	65.8	89.1	56.2	71.4	58.3	53.5	66.2
February	66.2	89.7	57.0	72.2	55.9	54.3	64.1
March	68.6	90.5	57.9	67.6	57.7	56.9	61.8
April	81.9	99.0	60.6	66.2	59.4	60.6	55.3
May	85.8	106.9	58.1	59.7	54.5	56.9	52.7
June	84.7	107.1	56.1	53.9	50.2	53.2	56.6
July	82.4	105.4	54.7	55.3	51.9	53.1	60.6
August	76.9	102.0	55.1	58.0	51.9	53.7	59.8
September	75.2	100.7	58.9	66.8	57.2	59.5	60.1
October	75.0	100.4	63.8	73.6	61.6	63.6	59.9
November	72.9	98.6	64.4	77.7	62.6	64.3	58.4
December	72.4	97.3	68.2	89.7	76.2	71.2	74.6
Average	75.8	99.5	59.2	71.0	59.1	58.4	61.9
990 January	78.6	102.0	79.7	99.9	81.0	76.4	94.5
February	76.5	102.4	68.9	81.2	63.9	61.9	81.2
March	75.0	100.9	63.5	82.3	62.4	60.6	71.5
April	75.0 77.8	101.4	61.1	92.3 9 74.2	61.6	R 60.2	R 68.5
May	80.1	103.5	58.1	66.6	57.4	58.4	54.7

^{*}Sales for resale, that is, wholesale sales, are those made to purchasers who are other than ultimate consumers. Sales to end users are those made directly to the ultimate consumer, including bulk customers such as agriculture, industry, and utilities, as well as residential and commercial customers.

^bSee Note 5 at end of section.

R=Revised data.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • IValues for the current month are preliminary. • Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration estimates. See Note 6 at end of section.

Table 9.8a Sales Prices of No. 2 Distillate to Residences for Selected States^a (Cents per Gallon, Excluding Taxes)

	СТ	ME	MA	NH	RI	VT	DE	DC
978 Average	50.1	48.6	48.8	50.3	50.7	50.8	47.8	50.
979 Average	72.0	68.8	70.9	72.5	72.8	72.5	68.2	74.
980 Average	98.3	96.3	97.8	100.4	101.1	101.5	95.4	102.0
981 Average	121.7	120.4	121.3	123.7	123.8	125.4	117.3	127.
982 Average	118.3	115.5	117.6	117.4	120.1	120.1	111.3	124.
983 Average	109.1	102.8	109.1	104.1	110.5	112.9	106.0	117.
984 Average	112.1	103.9	111.6	108.4	111.4	111.9	109.6	118.
985 Average	108.0	99.7	107.0	102.4	106.7	107.7	104.6	114.
986 Average	89.0	74.4	82.1	75.9	82.8	86.6	85.0	93.
987 Average	83.4	74.7	80.6	76.5	82.5	81.1	79.3	91.
988 January	88.9	80.3	85.6	82.5	87.1	85.9	83.9	95.8
February	89.0	79.7	84.1	81.6	86.4	85.9	83.2	96.0
March	87.4	79.2	83.3	80.3	84.7	85.0	81.5	93.
April	88.1	78.7	83.2	79.0	85.4	85.0	82.5	91.
May	87.6	77.6	82.3	78.3	85.1	84.4	82.5	93.9
June	86.4	75.4	78.3	79.3	81.4	83.8	80.9	89.
July	83.5	73.3	77.1	76.6	76.3	81.3	73.4	87.6
August	81.9	75.7	74.2	73.8	79.7	80.3	73.9	85.9
September	80.8	71.7	80.0	73.3	78.4	78.5	72.6	85.8
October	79.9	69.0	77.7	71.5	75.5	77.0	71.8	84.
November	80.5	72.0	77.9	72.3	79.7	77.8	74.8	85.6
December	84.4	80.2	82.8	77.3	83.4	81.6	79.6	89.8
Average	85.3	77.7	82.1	78.2	83.6	82.6	80.1	91.0
989 January	88.5	85.5	87.1	83.0	87.4	86.0	84.4	94.0
February	88.8	87.3	86.3	83.8	88.3	86.9	84.1	95.1
March	89.8	88.2	88.1	84.8	90.0	88.2	82.9	96.0
April	89.4	87.2	87.8	83.2	89.9	87.8	84.8	95.0
May	88.1	81.0	86.8	83.1	88.8	86.9	83.4	92.1
June	85.7	73.5	83.4	79.4	87.6	84.3	80.3	92.0
July	85.0	71.9	81.1	77.8	85.4	82.9	78.9	90.7
August	84.6	70.0	81.1	78.2	84.1	82.0	78.8	90.1
September	85.2	74.6	84.9	79.2	86.5	82.5	78.8	91.4
October	88.9	82.7	88.5	82.9	90.3	85.1	82.4	92.0
November	89.9	86.7	91.1	86.7	92.4	86.3	86.1	94.
December	112.5	106.0	115.2	111.7	114.0	109.8	111.6	110.8
Average	92.9	89.4	92.6	89.3	93.9	90.8	88.1	98.
990 January	119.8	115.4	116.9	118.6	122.6	121.5	119.8	119.0
February	100.8	84.8	99.7	96.0	98.5	98.4	97.1	104.9
March	97.7	83.4	98.6	92.9	97.3	95.6	93.2	94.4
April	R 96.3	R 82.9	R 95.1	89.9	R 95.9	R 94.2	R 91.8	93.1
May	92.7	81.0	92.4	86.9	94.2	93.4	90.7	94.2

^{*}The States are listed by geographic region of the country. State names are abbreviated as follows: CT - Connecticut, ME - Maine, MA - Massachusetts, NH - New Hampshire, RI - Rhode Island, VT - Vermont, DE - Delaware, DC - District of Columbia, MD - Maryland, NJ - New Jersey, NY - New York, PA - Pennsylvania, VA - Virginia, WV - West Virginia, IL - Illinois, IN - Indiana, MI - Michigan, MN - Minnesota, OH - Ohio, WI - Wisconsin, ID - Idaho, AK - Alaska, OR - Oregon, WA - Washington. Footnotes continued on following page.

Table 9.8b Sales Prices of No. 2 Distillate to Residences for Selected States^a (Continued)

(Cents per Gallon, Excluding Taxes)

980 Average 97.9 97.9 98.2 98.4 98.5 92.2 95.8 981 Average 121.4 121.5 123.2 118.1 120.5 115.0 114.9 982 Average 117.1 117.4 120.5 113.7 117.7 109.3 110.9 983 Average 110.3 107.9 112.1 105.8 108.7 101.0 100.4 100.4 100.4 100.9 984 Average 113.5 111.0 115.5 107.9 110.5 102.1 100.1 100.1 985 Average 91.4 90.2 91.1 81.4 86.6 74.6 NA 987 Average 86.6 84.3 85.2 76.9 78.5 76.4 79.8 988 January 90.9 88.1 89.1 82.9 82.7 76.4 79.8 988 January 90.3 87.7 88.4 82.0 83.4 76.1 86.1 March 88.2 86.8 87.3 81.1 83.8 75.6 86.1 April 89.1 89.1 89.1 80.5 83.0 74.6 86.1 April 89.1 89.1 85.8 86.7 80.5 83.0 74.6 87.4 86.7 June 86.8 82.5 83.5 74.6 78.1 71.8 82.9 July 85.0 80.9 81.7 71.1 77.3 70.3 83.8 August 84.2 78.6 78.0 63.9 77.0 67.9 80.3 August 84.2 78.6 78.0 63.9 77.0 67.9 80.3 September 76.0 76.3 78.8 81.7 69.5 74.8 71.3 69.4 November 85.0 84.0 87.8 81.7 69.5 74.8 71.3 69.4 November 85.0 84.0 87.8 86.7 76.5 76.5 76.1 77.8 78.8 81.7 69.5 74.8 71.3 69.4 November 85.0 84.0 87.8 86.3 77.8 81.7 69.5 74.8 71.3 69.4 November 85.0 84.0 87.8 86.3 77.8 81.7 69.5 74.8 71.3 69.4 November 85.0 84.0 87.8 86.3 77.8 80.5 74.6 75.9 73.1 74.1 70.6 December 85.0 84.0 87.8 86.3 77.8 80.5 74.2 77.6 76.8 February 88.0 87.3 90.9 81.6 82.9 76.1 76.8 February 88.0 87.2 92.7 82.2 83.3 76.0 75.8 April 90.6 87.8 93.2 83.2 82.4 77.1 76.5 April 90.6 87.8 93.2 93.7 83.2 82.1 77.0 97.8 B1.7 76.5 76.0 75.8 April 90.6 87.8 93.7 93.7 74.1 75.5 April 90.6 87.8 93.7 93.7 74.1 75.5 April 90.6 87.8 93.7 93.2 77.4 74.5 April 90.6 87.8 93.7 93.7 74.1 75.5 April 90.6 87.8 93.7 93.7 74.1 75.5 April 90.6 87.8 93.7 93.2 83.2 82.4 77.1 76.5 April 90.6 87.8 93.7 93.2 83.2 82.4 77.1 76.5 April 90.6 87.8 93.7 93.7 83.2 82.1 77.0 97.8 B1.7 77.4 77.5 April 90.6 88.5 93.7 93.7 74.1 74.5 April 90.6 88.5 93.3 90.5 74.1 78.7 78.7 78.1 74.5 A		MD	NJ	NY	PA	VA	WV	IL	IN
979 Average 70.1 71.0 71.2 69.8 70.4 65.1 68.8 97.9 97.9 98.2 96.4 98.5 92.2 95.8 981 Average 121.4 121.5 123.2 118.1 120.5 115.0 114.9 982 Average 117.1 117.4 120.5 113.7 117.7 109.3 110.9 982 Average 110.3 107.9 112.1 105.8 108.7 101.0 100.4 984 Average 108.8 105.9 111.3 102.3 106.3 98.0 97.5 986 Average 91.8 105.9 111.3 102.3 106.3 98.0 97.5 986 Average 86.6 84.3 85.2 76.9 79.5 76.4 79.8 988 January 90.9 88.1 89.1 82.9 82.7 78.7 87.4 79.8 988 January 90.9 88.1 89.1 82.9 82.7 78.7 85.4 79.8 988 January 90.9 88.1 89.1 82.9 82.7 78.7 85.4 86.1 April 88.2 86.8 87.3 81.1 83.8 75.6 86.1 April 88.2 86.8 87.3 81.1 83.8 75.6 86.1 April 88.2 86.8 87.3 81.1 83.8 75.6 86.1 April 88.1 85.0 80.9 81.7 71.1 77.3 70.3 83.8 August 84.2 78.6 78.1 71.1 77.3 70.3 83.8 August 84.2 78.6 78.0 98.1 77.1 77.1 77.3 70.3 83.8 August 84.2 78.6 78.0 83.0 77.1 77.8 82.9 July 85.0 80.9 81.7 71.1 77.3 70.3 83.8 August 84.2 78.6 78.0 83.0 77.1 77.1 77.3 70.3 83.8 August 84.2 78.6 78.0 83.0 77.1 77.1 77.3 70.3 83.8 August 84.2 78.6 78.0 83.0 77.1 77.1 77.3 70.3 83.8 August 84.2 78.6 78.0 83.0 77.8 80.3 83.8 75.8 80.3 83.0 83.0 84.2 78.6 78.0 83.0 77.8 80.3 83.8 77.8 80.3 83.8 77.8 80.3 83.8 77.8 80.3 83.8 77.8 80.3 83.8 77.8 80.3 83.8 77.8 80.3 83.8 77.8 80.3 83.8 77.8 80.3 83.8 77.8 80.3 83.9 77.8 80.5 74.2 77.8 98.4 99.9 99.9 99.9 99.9 99.9 99.9 99	978 Average	49.2	49.6	50.1	48.8	49.1	46.2	46.5	48.5
1880 Average	_			71.2	69.8	70.4	65.1	68.8	72.7
1981 Average						98.5	92.2	95.8	99.6
1982 Average			121.5	123.2	118.1	120.5	115.0	114.9	118.5
1983 Average	. •					117.7	109.3	110.9	114.3
1984 Average	•			112.1	105.8	108.7	101.0	100.4	100.7
1985 Average							102.1	100.1	103.1
1986 Average   91.4   90.2   91.1   81.4   86.6   74.6   NA   79.8   1987 Average   88.6   84.3   85.2   76.9   79.5   76.4   79.8   1988 January   90.9   88.1   89.1   82.9   82.7   78.7   85.4   February   90.3   87.7   88.4   82.0   83.4   76.1   86.1   86.1   March   88.2   86.8   87.3   81.1   83.8   75.6   86.1   April   89.1   85.8   86.7   80.5   83.0   74.6   87.4   87.4   87.4   87.4   88.8   82.5   83.5   74.6   79.1   71.8   82.9   July   86.0   81.7   71.1   77.3   70.3   83.8   August   84.2   78.6   78.0   63.9   77.0   67.9   80.3   83.8   August   84.2   78.6   78.0   63.9   77.0   67.9   80.3   83.8   August   84.2   78.6   78.0   68.6   75.8   69.3   68.6   68.6   68.6   69.3   68.6   68.6   69.3   68.6   68.6   69.3   68.6   69.3   68.6   69.3   68.6   69.3   68.6   69.3   68.6   69.3   68.6   69.3   68.6   69.3   68.6   69.3   68.6   69.3   68.6   69.3   68.6   69.3   68.6   69.3   68.6   69.3   68.6   69.3   68.6   69.3   68.6   69.3   68.6   69.3   68.6   69.3   68.6   69.3   68.6   69.3   68.6   69.3   68.6   69.3   68.6   69.3   68.6   69.3   68.6   69.3   68.6   69.3   68.6   69.3   68.6   69.3   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   69.4   6	•			111.3	102.3	106.3	98.0	97.5	99.1
1987 Average							74.6	NA	74.8
1988 January   90.9									75.4
February 90.3 87.7 88.4 82.0 83.4 76.1 86.1 March 88.2 86.8 87.3 81.1 83.8 75.6 85.1 April 88.1 85.8 86.7 80.5 83.0 74.6 87.4 May 87.9 85.4 84.9 79.1 81.7 73.6 86.7 June 86.8 82.5 83.5 74.6 79.1 71.8 82.9 July 865.0 80.9 81.7 71.1 77.3 70.3 83.8 August 84.2 78.6 78.0 63.9 77.0 67.9 80.3 September 76.0 76.3 83.0 68.6 75.8 69.3 68.6 October 78.3 77.8 81.7 69.5 74.8 71.3 69.4 November 81.3 78.8 83.3 70.9 77.1 74.1 70.6 December 85.0 84.0 87.8 76.5 79.6 73.9 73.1 Average 87.0 84.8 86.3 77.8 80.5 74.2 77.6 1989 January 88.0 87.3 90.9 81.6 82.9 82.4 77.1 76.5 April 90.6 87.8 89.3 88.9 93.2 83.2 82.4 77.1 76.5 April 90.6 87.8 89.3 88.9 93.2 83.2 82.4 77.1 76.5 April 90.6 87.8 89.3 91.7 77.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 88.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 77.6 79.8 May 89.6 87.2 92.7 82.2 81.4 77.4 74.5 August 88.6 85.3 80.1 90.1 72.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 88.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 77.6 79.8 May 89.6 87.2 92.7 82.2 81.4 77.4 74.5 August 88.5 86.3 91.7 77.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 77.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 77.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 77.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 77.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 77.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 77.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 77.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 77.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 77.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 77.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 77.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 77.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 77.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 77.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 77.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 77.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 77.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 77.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 77.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 77.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 77.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 77.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 90.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 77.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 90.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 77.0 79.8 83.8 83.1 8	oor Average	00.0	04.0	<b>00.</b> 2	. 4.5			7 4.0	
March 88.2 86.8 87.3 81.1 83.8 75.6 86.1 April 89.1 85.8 86.7 80.5 83.0 74.6 87.4 May 87.9 85.4 84.9 79.1 81.7 73.6 86.7 June 86.8 82.5 83.5 74.6 79.1 71.8 82.9 July 85.0 86.0 80.9 81.7 71.1 77.3 70.3 83.8 August 84.2 78.6 78.0 63.9 77.0 67.9 80.3 September 76.0 76.3 83.0 68.6 75.8 69.3 68.6 October 78.3 77.8 81.7 69.5 74.8 71.3 69.4 November 81.3 78.8 83.3 77.8 81.7 69.5 74.8 71.3 69.4 November 85.0 84.0 87.8 76.5 79.6 73.9 73.1 Average 87.0 84.8 86.3 77.8 80.5 74.2 77.6 1989 January 88.0 87.3 90.9 81.6 82.9 76.1 76.8 February 88.7 87.0 92.1 82.2 82.3 76.0 75.8 May 89.6 87.2 92.7 82.2 81.4 77.0 79.8 May 89.6 87.2 92.7 82.2 81.4 77.0 79.8 May 89.6 87.2 92.7 82.2 81.4 77.4 78.5 June 88.4 83.3 91.7 77.6 74.1 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 77.6 78.1 74.5 August 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 77.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.1 77.6 78.9 79.9 79.3 77.4 74.5 August 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 77.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 77.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 77.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 77.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 77.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 78.7 76.1 74.5 August 85.3 80.1 90.1 72.6 78.1 73.6 78.3 September 83.4 81.8 86.5 74.2 79.9 79.3 77.4 October 88.5 87.3 91.0 78.9 83.8 81.7 83.1 82.9 December 110.8 108.5 113.0 103.1 105.2 100.0 94.0 Average 93.8 91.8 95.7 85.1 13.0 103.1 105.2 100.0 94.0 Average 93.8 91.8 95.7 85.1 13.0 103.1 105.2 100.0 94.0 Average 93.8 91.8 95.7 85.1 101.6 90.3 96.8 87.1 83.4 April 89.8 98.5 101.6 90.3 86.8 87.1 83.4 April 89.8 98.5 101.6 90.3 87.8 83.7 89.8 83.7 89.8 87.1 83.4 April 89.8 98.5 101.6 90.3 87.8 83.7 89.8 83.7 89.8 83.7 89.8 89.5 101.6 90.3 87.8 83.7 89.8 83.7 89.8 83.7 89.8 89.5 101.6 90.3 87.8 83.7 89.8 83.7 89.8 83.7 89.8 89.5 101.6 90.3 87.8 89.8 87.1 83.4 April 89.8 89.5 101.6 90.3 87.8 89.8 87.1 83.4 April 89.8 89.5 101.6 90.3 87.8 89.8 87.1 83.4 April 89.8 89.5 101.6 90.3 87.8 89.8 87.1 83.4									78.3
April 89.1 85.8 86.7 80.5 83.0 74.6 87.4 May 87.9 85.4 84.9 79.1 81.7 73.6 86.7 June 86.8 82.5 83.5 74.6 79.1 71.8 82.9 July 85.0 80.9 81.7 71.1 77.3 70.3 83.8 August 84.2 78.6 78.0 63.9 77.0 67.9 80.3 September 76.0 76.3 83.0 68.6 75.8 69.3 68.6 October 78.3 77.8 81.7 69.5 74.8 71.3 69.4 November 81.3 78.8 83.3 70.9 77.1 74.1 70.6 December 85.0 84.0 87.8 86.3 77.8 80.5 74.2 77.6 1989 January 88.0 87.3 90.9 81.6 82.9 76.1 76.6 February 88.7 87.0 92.1 82.2 82.3 76.0 75.8 March 89.3 88.9 93.2 83.2 82.4 77.1 76.5 April 90.6 87.8 93.7 83.2 82.1 77.0 79.8 May 89.6 87.2 92.7 82.2 81.4 77.4 78.5 June 88.4 83.0 91.7 77.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 78.7 78.1 74.5 August 85.3 80.1 90.1 72.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 78.7 78.1 74.5 August 85.3 80.1 90.1 72.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 78.7 78.1 74.5 August 85.3 80.1 90.1 72.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 78.7 78.1 74.5 August 85.3 80.1 90.1 72.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 78.7 78.1 74.5 August 85.3 80.1 90.1 72.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 78.7 78.1 74.5 August 85.3 80.1 90.1 72.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 78.7 78.1 74.5 August 85.3 80.1 90.1 72.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 78.7 78.1 74.5 August 85.3 80.1 90.1 72.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 78.7 78.1 74.5 August 85.3 80.1 90.1 72.6 78.1 78.7 78.1 74.5 August 85.3 80.1 90.1 72.6 78.1 78.7 78.1 74.5 August 85.3 80.1 90.1 72.6 78.9 83.8 81.7 81.9 November 91.5 89.7 93.7 81.6 86.9 83.1 82.9 December 110.8 108.5 113.0 103.1 105.2 100.0 94.0 Average 93.8 91.8 95.7 85.1 86.9 83.1 80.9									76.7
May 87.9 85.4 84.9 79.1 81.7 73.6 86.7  June 86.8 82.5 83.5 74.6 79.1 71.8 82.9  July 85.0 80.9 81.7 71.1 77.3 70.3 83.8  August 84.2 78.6 78.0 63.9 77.0 67.9 80.3  September 76.0 76.3 83.0 68.6 75.8 69.3 68.6  October 78.3 77.8 81.7 69.5 74.8 71.3 69.4  November 81.3 78.8 83.3 70.9 77.1 74.1 70.6  December 85.0 84.0 87.8 76.5 79.6 73.9 73.1  Average 87.0 84.8 86.3 77.8 80.5 74.2 77.8  1989 January 88.0 87.3 90.9 81.6 82.9 76.1 76.6  February 88.7 87.0 92.1 82.2 82.3 76.0 75.8  March 89.3 88.9 93.2 83.2 82.4 77.1 76.5  April 90.6 87.8 93.7 83.2 82.4 77.0 79.8  May 89.6 87.2 92.7 82.2 81.4 77.0 79.8  August 85.3 80.1 90.1 72.6 78.1 78.5  August 85.3 80.1 90.1 72.6 78.1 78.7 78.1 74.5  August 85.3 80.1 90.1 72.6 78.1 73.6 78.3  September 83.4 81.8 86.5 74.2 79.9 79.3 77.4  October 88.5 87.3 91.0 78.9 83.8 81.7 81.9  November 91.5 89.7 93.7 81.6 86.1 83.1 82.9  December 110.8 108.5 113.0 103.1 105.2 100.0 94.0  Average 93.8 91.8 95.7 86.1 86.9 83.1 80.9									77.4
June	April								79.0
July         85.0         80.9         81.7         71.1         77.3         70.3         83.8           August         84.2         78.6         78.0         63.9         77.0         67.9         80.3           September         76.0         76.3         83.0         68.6         75.8         69.3         68.6           October         78.3         77.8         81.7         69.5         74.8         71.3         69.4           November         81.3         78.8         83.3         70.9         77.1         74.1         70.6           December         85.0         84.0         87.8         76.5         79.6         73.9         73.1           Average         87.0         84.8         86.3         77.8         80.5         74.2         77.6           1989 January         88.0         87.3         90.9         81.6         82.9         76.1         76.6           February         88.7         87.0         92.1         82.2         82.3         76.0         75.8           March         89.3         88.9         93.2         83.2         82.4         77.1         76.5           April         90.6	May								76.6
August 84.2 78.6 78.0 63.9 77.0 67.9 80.3 September 76.0 76.3 83.0 68.6 75.8 69.3 68.6 October 78.3 77.8 81.7 69.5 74.8 71.3 69.4 November 81.3 78.8 83.3 70.9 77.1 74.1 70.6 December 85.0 84.0 87.8 76.5 79.6 73.9 73.1 Average 87.0 84.8 86.3 77.8 80.5 74.2 77.6 1989 January 88.0 87.3 90.9 81.6 82.9 76.1 76.6 February 88.7 87.0 92.1 82.2 82.3 76.0 75.8 March 89.3 88.9 93.2 83.2 82.4 77.1 76.5 April 90.6 87.8 93.7 83.2 82.1 77.0 79.8 May 89.6 87.2 92.7 82.2 81.4 77.4 78.5 June 86.4 83.0 91.7 77.6 79.4 80.9 77.0 July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 78.7 78.1 74.5 August 85.3 80.1 90.1 72.6 78.1 73.6 78.3 September 83.4 81.8 86.5 74.2 79.9 79.3 77.4 October 88.5 87.3 91.0 78.9 83.8 81.7 81.9 November 91.5 89.7 93.7 81.6 86.1 83.1 82.9 December 110.8 108.5 113.0 103.1 105.2 100.0 94.0 Average 93.8 98.5 103.1 93.4 101.7 89.4 83.2 R3.1 80.9 110.7 R5.1 100.2 P8.5 100.2 R6.6 R7.1 83.4 R5.2 R6.1 R5.1 R5.2 R6.1 R5.2 R6.2 R6.1 R5.1 R6.2 R6.1 R5.2 R6.1 R5.2 R6.1 R5.2 R6.1 R5.2 R6.2 R6.2 R6.1 R5.2 R6.2 R6.2 R6.1 R5.2 R6.2 R6.1 R5.2 R6.2 R6.2 R6.1 R5.2 R6.2 R6.2 R6.1 R5.2 R6.2 R6.2 R6.2 R6.1 R5.2 R6.2 R6.2 R6.2 R6.2 R6.2 R6.2 R6.2 R6	June								80.1
September         76.0         76.3         83.0         68.6         75.8         69.3         68.6           October         78.3         77.8         81.7         69.5         74.8         71.3         69.4           November         81.3         78.8         83.3         70.9         77.1         74.1         70.6           December         85.0         84.0         87.8         76.5         79.6         73.9         73.1           Average         87.0         84.8         86.3         77.8         80.5         74.2         77.8           1989 January         88.0         87.3         90.9         81.6         82.9         76.1         76.6           February         88.7         87.0         92.1         82.2         82.3         76.0         75.8           March         89.3         88.9         93.2         83.2         82.4         77.1         76.5           April         90.6         87.8         93.7         83.2         82.1         77.0         79.8           May         89.6         87.2         92.7         82.2         81.4         77.4         78.5           June         88.4         <	July								74.0
October         78.3         77.8         81.7         69.5         74.8         71.3         69.4           November         81.3         78.8         83.3         70.9         77.1         74.1         70.6           December         85.0         84.0         87.8         76.5         79.6         73.9         73.1           Average         87.0         84.8         86.3         77.8         80.5         74.2         77.6           1989 January         88.0         87.3         90.9         81.6         82.9         76.1         76.6           February         88.7         87.0         92.1         82.2         82.3         76.0         75.8           March         89.3         88.9         93.2         83.2         82.4         77.1         76.5           April         90.6         87.8         93.7         83.2         82.1         77.0         79.8           May         89.6         87.2         92.7         82.2         81.4         77.4         78.5           July         85.7         82.3         90.5         74.1         78.7         77.0         79.8           August         85.3	August								74.1
November         81.3         78.8         83.3         70.9         77.1         74.1         70.6           December         85.0         84.0         87.8         76.5         79.6         73.9         73.1           Average         87.0         84.8         86.3         77.8         80.5         74.2         77.6           1989 January         88.0         87.3         90.9         81.6         82.9         76.1         76.6           February         88.7         87.0         92.1         82.2         82.3         76.0         75.8           March         89.3         88.9         93.2         83.2         82.4         77.1         76.5           April         90.6         87.8         93.7         83.2         82.1         77.0         79.8           May         89.6         87.2         92.7         82.2         81.4         77.4         78.5           June         88.4         83.0         91.7         77.6         79.4         80.9         77.0           July         85.7         82.3         90.5         74.1         78.7         78.1         74.5           August         85.3         80.	September								69.5
December         85.0         84.0         87.8         76.5         79.6         73.9         73.1           Average         87.0         84.8         86.3         77.8         80.5         74.2         77.8           1989 January         88.0         87.3         90.9         81.6         82.9         76.1         76.6           February         88.7         87.0         92.1         82.2         82.3         76.0         75.8           March         89.3         88.9         93.2         83.2         82.4         77.1         76.5           April         90.6         87.8         93.7         83.2         82.1         77.0         79.8           May         89.6         87.2         92.7         82.2         81.4         77.4         78.5           June         88.4         83.0         91.7         77.6         79.4         80.9         77.0           May         85.7         82.3         90.5         74.1         78.7         78.1         74.5           July         85.7         82.3         90.5         74.1         78.7         78.1         74.5           August         85.3         80.1 <td>October</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>71.2</td>	October								71.2
Average 87.0 84.8 86.3 77.8 80.5 74.2 77.6  1989 January 88.0 87.3 90.9 81.6 82.9 76.1 76.6  February 88.7 87.0 92.1 82.2 82.3 76.0 75.8  March 89.3 88.9 93.2 83.2 82.4 77.1 76.5  April 90.6 87.8 93.7 83.2 82.1 77.0 79.8  May 89.6 87.2 92.7 82.2 81.4 77.4 78.5  June 88.4 83.0 91.7 77.6 79.4 80.9 77.0  July 85.7 82.3 90.5 74.1 78.7 78.1 74.5  August 85.3 80.1 90.1 72.6 78.1 79.6 78.3  September 83.4 81.8 86.5 74.2 79.9 79.3 77.4  October 88.5 87.3 91.0 78.9 83.8 81.7 81.9  November 91.5 89.7 93.7 81.6 86.1 83.1 82.9  December 110.8 108.5 113.0 103.1 105.2 100.0 94.0  Average 93.8 91.8 95.7 86.1 86.9 83.1 80.9  1990 January 120.0 117.3 122.2 113.7 118.1 109.2 95.2  February 101.4 99.5 103.1 93.4 101.7 89.4 83.2  March 98.8 98.5 101.6 90.3 96.8 87.1 83.4  April 89.7 97.5 96.5 100.2 87.8 89.5 83.7 82.2	November								72.1
1989   January   88.0   87.3   90.9   81.6   82.9   76.1   76.6   February   88.7   87.0   92.1   82.2   82.3   76.0   75.8   March   89.3   88.9   93.2   83.2   82.4   77.1   76.5   76.5   77.0   79.8   77.0   79.8   77.0   79.8   77.0   79.8   77.0   79.8   77.0   79.8   77.0   79.8   77.0   79.8   77.0   79.8   77.0   79.8   77.0   79.8   77.0   79.8   77.0   79.8   77.0   79.8   77.0   79.8   77.0   79.8   77.0   79.8   77.0   79.8   77.0   79.8   77.0   79.8   77.0   79.8   77.0   79.8   77.0   79.8   77.0   79.4   80.9   77.0   79.8   77.0   79.8   79.5   79.1   79.6   79.1   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.1   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5   79.5	December	85.0							75.3
February         88.7         87.0         92.1         82.2         82.3         76.0         75.8           March         89.3         88.9         93.2         83.2         82.4         77.1         76.5           April         90.6         87.8         93.7         83.2         82.1         77.0         79.8           May         89.6         87.2         92.7         82.2         81.4         77.4         78.5           June         88.4         83.0         91.7         77.6         79.4         80.9         77.0           July         85.7         82.3         90.5         74.1         78.7         78.1         74.5           August         85.3         80.1         90.1         72.6         78.1         73.6         78.3           September         83.4         81.8         86.5         74.2         79.9         79.3         77.4           October         88.5         87.3         91.0         78.9         83.8         81.7         81.9           November         91.5         89.7         93.7         81.6         86.1         83.1         82.9           December         110.8         108.5	Average	87.0	84.8	86.3	77.8	80.5	74.2	77.6	75.4
February         88.7         87.0         92.1         82.2         82.3         76.0         75.8           March         89.3         88.9         93.2         83.2         82.4         77.1         76.5           April         90.6         87.8         93.7         83.2         82.1         77.0         79.8           May         89.6         87.2         92.7         82.2         81.4         77.4         78.5           June         88.4         83.0         91.7         77.6         79.4         80.9         77.0           July         85.7         82.3         90.5         74.1         78.7         78.1         74.5           August         85.3         80.1         90.1         72.6         78.1         73.6         78.3           September         83.4         81.8         86.5         74.2         79.9         79.3         77.4           October         88.5         87.3         91.0         78.9         83.8         81.7         81.9           November         91.5         89.7         93.7         81.6         86.1         83.1         82.9           December         110.8         108.5	1989 January	88.0	87.3	90.9	81.6	82.9	76.1	76.6	77.9
March         89.3         88.9         93.2         83.2         82.4         77.1         76.5           April         90.6         87.8         93.7         83.2         82.1         77.0         79.8           May         89.6         87.2         92.7         82.2         81.4         77.4         78.5           June         88.4         83.0         91.7         77.6         79.4         80.9         77.0           July         85.7         82.3         90.5         74.1         78.7         78.1         74.5           August         85.3         80.1         90.1         72.6         78.1         73.6         78.3           September         83.4         81.8         86.5         74.2         79.9         79.3         77.4           October         88.5         87.3         91.0         78.9         83.8         81.7         81.9           November         91.5         89.7         93.7         81.6         86.1         83.1         82.9           December         110.8         108.5         113.0         103.1         105.2         100.0         94.0           Average         93.8         9				92.1		82.3	76.0	75.8	77.2
April       90.6       87.8       93.7       83.2       82.1       77.0       79.8         May       89.6       87.2       92.7       82.2       81.4       77.4       78.5         June       88.4       83.0       91.7       77.6       79.4       80.9       77.0         July       85.7       82.3       90.5       74.1       78.7       78.1       74.5         August       85.3       80.1       90.1       72.6       78.1       79.6       78.3         September       83.4       81.8       86.5       74.2       79.9       79.3       77.4         October       88.5       87.3       91.0       78.9       83.8       81.7       81.9         November       91.5       89.7       93.7       81.6       86.1       83.1       82.9         December       110.8       108.5       113.0       103.1       105.2       100.0       94.0         Average       93.8       91.8       95.7       86.1       86.9       83.1       80.9         1990 January       120.0       117.3       122.2       113.7       118.1       109.2       95.2         Febru						82.4	77.1	76.5	77.9
May       89.6       87.2       92.7       82.2       81.4       77.4       78.5         June       88.4       83.0       91.7       77.6       79.4       80.9       77.0         July       85.7       82.3       90.5       74.1       78.7       78.1       74.5         August       85.3       80.1       90.1       72.6       78.1       73.6       78.3         September       83.4       81.8       86.5       74.2       79.9       79.3       77.4         October       88.5       87.3       91.0       78.9       83.8       81.7       81.9         November       91.5       89.7       93.7       81.6       86.1       83.1       82.9         December       110.8       108.5       113.0       103.1       105.2       100.0       94.0         Average       93.8       91.8       95.7       86.1       86.9       83.1       80.9         1990 January       120.0       117.3       122.2       113.7       118.1       109.2       95.2         February       101.4       99.5       103.1       93.4       101.7       89.4       83.2 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>93.7</td><td>83.2</td><td>82.1</td><td>77.0</td><td>79.8</td><td>80.2</td></td<>				93.7	83.2	82.1	77.0	79.8	80.2
June     88.4     83.0     91.7     77.6     79.4     80.9     77.0       July     85.7     82.3     90.5     74.1     78.7     78.1     74.5       August     85.3     80.1     90.1     72.6     78.1     73.6     78.3       September     83.4     81.8     86.5     74.2     79.9     79.3     77.4       October     88.5     87.3     91.0     78.9     83.8     81.7     81.9       November     91.5     89.7     93.7     81.6     86.1     83.1     82.9       December     110.8     108.5     113.0     103.1     105.2     100.0     94.0       Average     93.8     91.8     95.7     85.1     86.9     83.1     80.9       1990 January     120.0     117.3     122.2     113.7     118.1     109.2     95.2       February     101.4     99.5     103.1     93.4     101.7     89.4     83.2       March     98.8     98.5     101.6     90.3     96.8     87.1     83.4       April     89.7     96.5     100.2     87.6     89.8     83.7     82.2		89.6	87.2	92.7	82.2	81.4	77.4	78.5	78.1
July     85.7     82.3     90.5     74.1     78.7     78.1     74.5       August     85.3     80.1     90.1     72.6     78.1     73.6     78.3       September     83.4     81.8     86.5     74.2     79.9     79.3     77.4       October     88.5     87.3     91.0     78.9     83.8     81.7     81.9       November     91.5     89.7     93.7     81.6     86.1     83.1     82.9       December     110.8     108.5     113.0     103.1     105.2     100.0     94.0       Average     93.8     91.8     95.7     85.1     86.9     83.1     80.9       1990 January     120.0     117.3     122.2     113.7     118.1     109.2     95.2       February     101.4     99.5     103.1     93.4     101.7     89.4     83.2       March     98.8     98.5     101.6     90.3     96.8     87.1     83.4       April     8     97.5     96.5     100.2     87.6     89.8     83.7     82.2		88.4	83.0	91.7	77.6	79.4	80.9	77.0	76.4
August       85.3       80.1       90.1       72.6       78.1       73.6       78.3         September       83.4       81.8       86.5       74.2       79.9       79.3       77.4         October       88.5       87.3       91.0       78.9       83.8       81.7       81.9         November       91.5       89.7       93.7       81.6       86.1       83.1       82.9         December       110.8       108.5       113.0       103.1       105.2       100.0       94.0         Average       93.8       91.8       95.7       85.1       86.9       83.1       80.9         1990 January       120.0       117.3       122.2       113.7       118.1       109.2       95.2         February       101.4       99.5       103.1       93.4       101.7       89.4       83.2         March       98.8       98.5       101.6       90.3       96.8       87.1       83.4         April       87.5       96.5       100.2       87.6       89.8       83.7       82.2				90.5	74.1	78.7	78.1	74.5	76.1
September       83.4       81.8       86.5       74.2       79.9       79.3       77.4         October       88.5       87.3       91.0       78.9       83.8       81.7       81.9         November       91.5       89.7       93.7       81.6       86.1       83.1       82.9         December       110.8       108.5       113.0       103.1       105.2       100.0       94.0         Average       93.8       91.8       95.7       85.1       86.9       83.1       80.9         I990 January       120.0       117.3       122.2       113.7       118.1       109.2       95.2         February       101.4       99.5       103.1       93.4       101.7       89.4       83.2         March       98.8       98.5       101.6       90.3       96.8       87.1       83.4         April       89.7       96.5       100.2       87.6       89.8       83.7       82.2	-		80.1	90.1	72.6	78.1	73.6	78.3	75.8
October       88.5       87.3       91.0       78.9       83.8       81.7       81.9         November       91.5       89.7       93.7       81.6       86.1       83.1       82.9         December       110.8       108.5       113.0       103.1       105.2       100.0       94.0         Average       93.8       91.8       95.7       85.1       86.9       83.1       80.9         1990 January       120.0       117.3       122.2       113.7       118.1       109.2       95.2         February       101.4       99.5       103.1       93.4       101.7       89.4       83.2         March       98.8       98.5       101.6       90.3       96.8       87.1       83.4         April       87.97.5       96.5       100.2       87.6       89.5       83.7       82.2		83.4	81.8	86.5	74.2	79.9	79.3	77.4	80.1
November       91.5       89.7       93.7       81.6       86.1       83.1       82.9         December       110.8       108.5       113.0       103.1       105.2       100.0       94.0         Average       93.8       91.8       95.7       85.1       86.9       83.1       80.9         1990 January       120.0       117.3       122.2       113.7       118.1       109.2       95.2         February       101.4       99.5       103.1       93.4       101.7       89.4       83.2         March       98.8       98.5       101.6       90.3       96.8       87.1       83.4         April       87.5       96.5       100.2       87.6       89.8       83.7       82.2	•			91.0	78.9	83.8	81.7	81.9	83.3
December       110.8       108.5       113.0       103.1       105.2       100.0       94.0         Average       93.8       91.8       95.7       85.1       86.9       83.1       80.9         1990 January       120.0       117.3       122.2       113.7       118.1       109.2       95.2         February       101.4       99.5       103.1       93.4       101.7       89.4       83.2         March       98.8       98.5       101.6       90.3       96.8       87.1       83.4         April       89.7       96.5       100.2       87.6       95.8       83.7       82.2		91.5	89.7	93.7	81.6	86.1	83.1	82.9	84.0
Average     93.8     91.8     95.7     85.1     86.9     83.1     80.9       1990 January     120.0     117.3     122.2     113.7     118.1     109.2     95.2       February     101.4     99.5     103.1     93.4     101.7     89.4     83.2       March     98.8     98.5     101.6     90.3     96.8     87.1     83.4       April     89.7     96.5     100.2     87.6     95.8     83.7     82.2				113.0	103.1	105.2	100.0	94.0	98.6
February       101.4       99.5       103.1       93.4       101.7       89.4       83.2         March       98.8       98.5       101.6       90.3       96.8       87.1       83.4         April       89.5       100.2       87.6       95.8       83.7       82.2		93.8	91.8	95.7	85.1	86.9	83.1	80.9	83.3
February       101.4       99.5       103.1       93.4       101.7       89.4       83.2         March       98.8       98.5       101.6       90.3       96.8       87.1       83.4         April       89.5       100.2       87.6       95.8       83.7       82.2	1990 January	120.0	1172	100.0	1127	118 1	109.2	95.2	99.7
March									85.6
April									83.1
7 pris miniminimi									R 83.7
May							83.0	78.3	82.1

Footnotes continued on following page.

Table 9.8c Sales Prices of No. 2 Distillate to Residences for Selected States^a (Continued)

(Cents per Gallon, Excluding Taxes)

	MI	MN	ОН	WI	ID	AK	OR	WA	U.S. Average
978 Average	47.9	47.8	47.4	44.7	43.6	53.2	45.8	48.6	49.0
1979 Average	70.9	72.4	68.6	67.3	62.1	68.2	68.0	69.7	70.4
980 Average	97.8	99.9	91.9	91.5	91.6	97.8	97.3	100.8	97.4
1981 Average	118.3	118.4	113.2	109.1	110.4	118.0	111.4	116.5	119.4
982 Average	113.9	115.1	110.2	107.8	110.4	117.4	111.6	117.6	116.0
983 Average	106.4	103.1	101.3	101.2	101.8	108.8	103.6	109.0	107.8
984 Average	105.0	104.1	102.1	101.0	98.5	106.9	99.3	102.6	107.8
985 Average	102.1	101.9	99.7	98.3	97.2	108.3	97.1	102.6	105.1
986 Average	81.0	79.2	77.7	75.6	73.8	94.9	70.4	77.5	
987 Average	77.5	74.6	74.7	75.1	68.8	86.5			83.6
oor Average	77.0	74.0	74.7	75.1	00.0	00.3	72.5	79.5	80.3
988 January	81.2	75.5	77.2	76.9	74.4	88.3	76.0	83.2	84.7
February	80.9	74.4	77.1	76.0	71.7	85.6	74.9	82.1	83.9
March	78.2	72.6	76.1	75.8	70.6	88.7	73.5	81.3	83.1
April	78.8	73.1	77.1	77.7	73.3	86.6	75.0	82.1	83.1
May	77.5	74.3	74.5	76.8	71.9	88.9	74.6	82.3	81.9
June	73.7	73.5	71.9	74.6	70.5	88.1	73.9	78.0	79.1
July	73.3	75.7	70.0	72.7	67.7	85.5	66.4	73.5	76.7
August	73.9	72.2	69.2	71.2	64.3	85.7	64.3	70.1	73.7
September	74.2	72.4	72.0	. 68.8	67.4	89.7	64.8	73.9	75.9
October	75.4	71.1	71.2	68.0	66.8	86.2	62.4	71.0	75.5
November	75.6	72.7	73.0	69.9	66.6	85.3	63.4	73.4	77.2
December	77.0	70.0	75.2	71.6	66.9	85.6	64.2	75.7	81.4
Average	77.5	73.5	74.7	73.9	68.8	86.9	70.9	78.5	81.3
989 January	79.1	75.4	78.0	73.9	68.0	87.0	66.7	76.5	85.0
February	79.4	75.7	76.7	74.0		91.2	76.8	86.0	85.5
March	81.6	77.0	77.5	75.6	78.2	96.0	84.3	92.9	87.1
April	83.1	82.3	79.4	76.3	85.8	99.5	87.4	94.1	87.8
May	83.0	82.1	78.5	78.0	83.5	100.0	79.7	87.2	86.7
June	80.1	81.1	79.3	78.0	79.1	101.5	75.0	78.0	84.2
July	80.3	80.8	79.4	75.7	77.3	105.8	71.2	74.6	82.1
August		79.4	78.1	75.5	77.0	108.1	71.2	78.1	81.6
September	82.9	80.8	77.5	76.5	80.3	96.3	81.5	83.9	81.4
October	86.4	82.4	78.4	79.5	82.7	103.9	86.5	91.7	85.6
November	88.2	86.4	78.8	82.7	84.8	98.0	86.4	93.4	88.3
December	102.3	95.6	97.2	97.0	84.4	98.2	86.0	93.1	107.6
Average	85.6	82.4	81.7	81.0	77.7	97.4	80.3	87.3	90.0
990 January	103.5	100.9	96.0	91.6	85.7	98.6	00.7	00.0	4440
February	92.0	88.1	90.0 82.8	91.6 83.9			88.7	96.0	114.0
March	88.7	85.5	82.6 81.2	83.1	80.8 80.9	99.6	83.9	89.0	96.3
April	86.5	85.6	81.2 80.8	83.1 82.9	80.9 81.7	104.2 97.9	84.4	88.6	94.7
	83.7	85.5					85.1	90.0	93.1
May	63.7	. 65.5	81.1	81.0	79.4	102.8	84.5	84.2	90.7

Footnotes continued.
R=Revised data. NA=Not available.

Notes: • Values for the current month are preliminary. • Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration estimates. See Note 6 at end of section.

Sources: See end of section.

Table 9.9 Retail Prices of Electricity (Cents per kilowatthour)

	Resid	ential	Comm	nercial	Indu	strial	Ot	her ·	·Tot	el ^b
	Monthly Series ^c	Annual Series	Monthly Series	Annual Series						
973 Average	2.54		2.41		1.25		2.10		1.96	•
			3.04		1.69		2.75		2.49	
1974 Average			3.45		2.07		3.08		2.92	
1975 Average		•			2.21		0.07		3.09	1
1976 Average			3.69			•	, 3.27 3.51		3.42	• '
1977 Average			4.09		2.50				3.69	
978 Average			4.36	•	2.79		3.62			•
979 Average			4.68	,	3.05		3.96	_	3.99	
980 Average			5.48		3.69			<b>S</b> t -	4.73	33
1981 Average	6.20		6.29		4.29			ĉ	5.46	
1982 Average	6.86		6.86		4.95		5.92		6.13	
983 Average	7.18		7.02		4.96		6.38	a.,	6.30	
1984 Average	7.54	7.15	7.33	7.13	5.04	4.83	6.78	5.90	6.52	6.25
1985 Average		7.3 <del>9</del>	7.47	7.27	5.16	4.97	6.96	3.S. 6.09	6.71	6.44
986 Average		7.42	7.13	7.20	4.90	4.93	6.64	r.f. 6.11	6.42	6.44
1987 Average		7.45	7.01	7.08	4.72	4.77	6.64	6.21	6.32	6.37
1988 January	6.92		6.82		4.52		6.37		6.11	
February			6.88		4.52		6.47		6.11	
March			6.93		4.48		6.35		6.11	
April			6.89		4.47		6.07		6.08	
May			6.99		4.46		5.87		. 6.14	
June			7.23		4.69		5.87		6.44	
July			7.24		4.87		5.51		6.62	
August			7.25		4.85		5.35		6.65	
September			7.30		4.80		5.93		6.56	
_ • .			7.27		4.69		6.23		6.39	
October			6.99		4.52		6.33		6.18	•
November			6.91		4.52		6.61		6.19	
December		7.48	7.07	7.04	4.62	4.70	6.02	6.20	6.31	6.35
Average	. 1.45	7.40	7.07	7.04		4.70		0.20		
1989 January			6.89		4.55		6.46		, 6.21	
February	. 7.17		6.97		4.62		6.83	•	6.25	
March	. 7.24		6.98		4.61		6.62		6.25	•
April	. 7.52		7.08		4.61		6.45		`6.28	
May	. 7.72		7.14		4.62		6.24		6.31	
June	. 8.03		7.39		4.83		5.68		6.59	
July	. 8.08		7.44		5.02		5.63		6.79	
August			7.48		5.00		5.56		6.79	
September			7.45		4.96		6.09		6.73	
October		·	7.48		4.72		6.47		6.51	
November			7.10		4.51		6.48	t-c	6.23	
December		•	7.02		4.56		6.58	36	6.27	
Average		NA	7.21	NA	4.72	NA	6.19	NA	6.44	. NA
•		••••	•			. ,				
1 <b>990</b> January			6.94		4.60		5.81		6.27	
February			7.13		4.60		5.95		6.33	74
March			7.21		4.61		6.07	•	6.36	:* .
April	. 7.70		7.19	.4	4.57		6.36	. • • •	6.35	
May			7.31		4.63		6.22		6.46	
5-Month Average		NA	7.15	NA	4.60	NA	6.08	NA	6.35	NA
1989 5-Month Average			7.01		4.60		6.51		6.26	
1988 5-Month Average	. 7.15		6.90		4.49		6.21		6.11	

Prices are calculated by dividing revenue by sales. Revenue may not correspond to sales for a particular month because of utility billing and accounting procedures. This could result in uncharacteristic increases or decreases in the monthly prices. See Note 7 at end of section.
bAverage price for total sales to ultimate consumers.

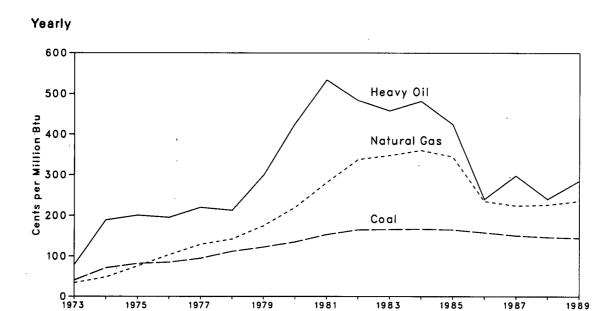
NA=Not available.

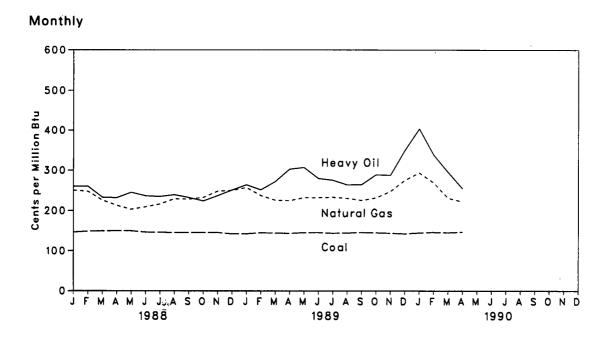
Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: See end of section.

Annual values are the sum of the monthly revenue divided by the sum of the monthly sales. Data through 1979 cover privately owned electric utilities in Classes A and B. Data for 1980 through 1985 cover selected privately owned electric utilities in Class A whose electric operating revenue was \$100 million or more during the previous year.

Figure 9.4 Cost of Fossil Fuels Delivered to Steam-Electric Utility Plants





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Table 9.10 Quantity and Cost of Fossil-Fuel Receipts at Steam-Electric Utility Plants^a

		С	oal		Petr	oleum		Ga	8 ^b	All Fossil Fuels
				Heav	y Oile	Tota	ilo d			
		Quantity (thousand short tons)	Cost (cents per million Btu)	Quantity (thousand barrels)	Cost (cents per million Btu)	Quantity (thousand barrels)	Cost (cents per million Btu)	Quantity (million cubic feet)	Cost (cents per million Btu)	Cost (cents per million Btu
1973	Year	374,842	40.5	512,650	78.5	535,859	80.0	3,382,677	33.8	47.6
	Year	384,868	70.9	479,166	189.0	515,217	191.0	3,225,203	48.2	91.4
	Year	431,527	81.4	457,582	200.5	510,352	202.3	3,034,808	75.2	104.4
	Year	454,858	84.8	495,363	195.2	549,973	199.0	2,962,811	103.4	111.9
977	Year	490,415	94.7	563,685	219.8	635,556	224.9	3,106,403	129.1	129.7
978	Year	476,169	111.6	548,197	212.5	616,040	219.1	3,140,654	142.2	141.1
	Year	556,558	122.4	479,705	298.8	515,695	307.2	3,368,976	174.9	163.9
	Year	593,995	135.1	394,159	426.7	419,140	435.1	3,588,814	219.9	192.8
	Year	579,374	153.2	327,477	533.4	345,544	542.5	3,573,558	280.5	225.6
	Year	601,427	164.7	228,200	483.2	239,111	492.2	3,161,348	337.6	224.9
	Year	592,728	165.6	211,705	457.8	219,652	462.8	2,732,248	347.4	220.6
	Year	684,1.11	166.4	193,832	481.2	202,372	486.3	2,878,808	360.3	219.1
	Year	666,743	164.8	156,410	424.4	164,947	431.7	2,808,921	344.4	209.4
	Year	686,964	157.9	220,585	240.1	228,522	243.7	2,387,622	235.1	175.0
1987	Year	721,298	150.6	187,300	297.6	194,578	301.1	2,605,191	224.0	170.6
988	January	58,626	146.5	19,517	260.0	20,190	264.1	151,366	250.4	167.1
	February	56,871	148.7	19,473	260.5	19,943	263.2	153,286	247.7	169.0
i	March	59,021	149.3	17,567	232.7	18,171	236.9	185,781	225.4	165.2
	April	56,136	149.8	12,418	231.6	12,761	235.8	179,872	212.8	162.7
1	May	57,920	149.5	11,905	245.0	12,378	250.5	214,688	203.3	162.6
	June	59,337	146.3	14,642	236.2	15,238	241.1	251,104	209.2	162.2
	July	58,989	146.0	18,599	234.5	19,156	237.7	294,679	216.0	165.7
	August	68,696	145.3	23,898	239.0	24,703	242.5	303,867	229.1	167.0
	September	63,103	145.3	19,659	232.0	20,162	234.9	211,068	228.0	162.9
	October	63,574	145.6	23,220	223.6	23,694	225.8	162,176	232.2	161.6
	November	62,015	145.6	23,484	236.8	23,989	239.3	133,900	248.3	163.4
	December	63,487	142.3	25,853	251.2	26,537	254.3	120,934	250.3	162.1
	Average	727,775	146.6	230,234	240.5	236,924	243.9	2,362,721	226.3	164.3
989	January	62,443	142.7	25,855	264.1	26,516	267.4	124,572	257.5	164.8
	February	56,634	145.0	20,489	251.9	21,179	256.0	150,950	237.2	164.6
	March	63,218	144.4	22,427	271.8	23,199	276.0	180,668	225.7	165.0
	April	62,076	143.6	19,831	303.0	20,292	305.6	207,401	224.6	166.7
	May	64,796	145.3	20,569	307.2	21,211	310.1	226,859	232.0	169.7
	June	61,272	145.5	18,677	279.9	19,354	283.5	234,010	232.1	168.5
	July	55,429	144.1	19,778	275.6	20,364	278.6	285,117	233.3	172.2
	August	70,147	144.7	19,701	264.2	20,563	268.9	282,481	230.6	166.6
	September	64,539	146.0	14,967	264.8	15,609	270.6	239,696	225.4	164.9
	October	66,578	145.4	15,779	289.1	16,495	295.6	230,629	231.6	166.1
	November	65,570	144.2	16,862	288.0	17,602	294.5	162,361	248.1	164.9
	December	60,515 <b>753,217</b>	142.8	22,734	350.2	24,040	359.0	147,763	275.4	176.7
•	Average	103,217	144.5	237,668	284.6	246,422	289.3	2,472,506	235.5	167.5
	January	67,637	145.0	26,481	403.8	27,416	409.5	126,832	293.8	182.6
	February	62,280	146.4	19,190	338.2	19,683	340.7	113,436	269.3	171.0
1	March	67,518	145.5	15,028	295.2	15,499	299.3	165,802	231.0	162.9
	April	63,888	147.1	13,521	254.7	13,978	260.5	180,912	221.9	161.9
•	4 Months	261,322	146.0	74,220	337.5	76,576	342.1	586,982	249.1	169.7
989	4 Months	244,371	143.9	88,602	272.0	91,184	275.5	663,591	233.9	165.3
	4 Months	230,653	148.6	68,975	248.0	71,066	251.8	670,305	232.8	166.0

^{*}Data through 1982 cover all steam-electric utility plants with a generator nameplate capacity of 25 megawatts or greater. From 1974 through 1982, data include peaking units. Beginning with 1983, data cover steam-electric utility plants with a generator nameplate capacity of 50 megawatts or greater. bincludes supplemental gaseous fuels.

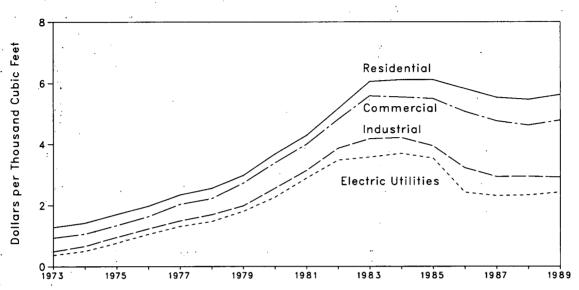
Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Sources: See end of section.

eHeavy fuel oil includes fuel oils No. 4, No. 5, and No. 6 and topped crude oil. The weighted averages for petroleum and all fossil fuels include both heavy and light oil (No. 2 fuel oil, kerosene, and jet fuel) prices. Data do not include petroleum coke.

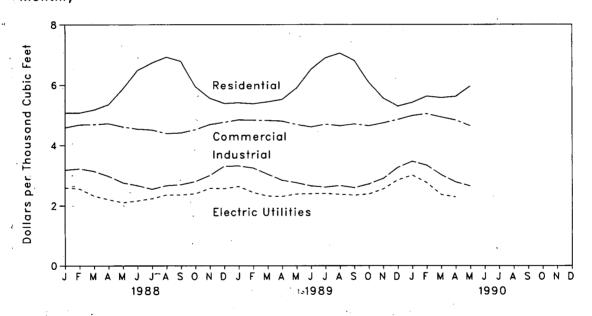
**Data for 1973 through 1982 do not include small quantities of rerefined motor oil, bunker oil, and liquefied petroleum gas.

Figure 9.5 Natural Gas Prices





### Monthly



**Table 9.11 Natural Gas Prices**^a (Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)

				or interstate ne Companies	ļ		Delivered	to Consumer	ap c	•
		Wellhead	Imports	Purchases from Producers	City Gate	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Electric Utilities ^d	Average
1973	Average	0.22	NA	NA	NA	1.29	0.94	0.50	0.38	0.73
	Average	.30	NA	NA	NA	1.43	1.07	.67	.51	.89
	Average	.44	NA	NA	NA	1.71	1.35	.96	.77	1.19
	Average	.58	NA	NA	NA	1.98	1.64	1.24	1.06	1.47
	Average	.79	NA	NA	NA	2.35	2.04	1.50	1.32	1.78
	Average	.91	2.21	0.83	NA	2.56	2.23	1.70	1.48	1.98
	Average	1.18	2.60	1.22	NA	2.98	2.73	1.99	1.81	2.34
	Average	1.59	4.42	1.63	NA	3.68	3.39	2.56	2.27	291
	Average	1.98	4.84	2.15	NA	4.29	4.00	3.14	2.89	3.51
	Average	2.46	4.94	2.72	NA	5.17	4.82	3.87	3.48	4.32
	Average	2.59	4.51	2.93	NA	6.06	5.59	4.18	3.58	4.82
	Average	2.66	4.08	2.91	3.95	6.12	5.55	4.22	3.70	4.85
	Average	2.51	3.19	2.85	3.75	6.12	5.50	3.95	3.55	4.72
	Average	1.94	2.53	2.39	3.22	5.83	5.08	3.23	2.43	4.13
	Average	1.67	2.17	2.10	2.87	5.54	4.77	2.94	2.32	4.05
1988	January	1.96	1.64	2.04	2.92	5.08	4.59	3.18	2.60	4.41
	February	1.84	2.03	2.22	2.95	5.08	4.68	3.22	2.56	4.39
1	March	1.70	2.09	2.03	2.87	5.18	4.69	3.14	2.32	4.26
-	April	1.59	2.01	2.12	2.79	5.35	4.72	2.97	2.20	4.10
1	May	1.52	2.02	2.17	2.75	5.88	4.61	2.76	2.10	3.84
	June	1.53	1.98	2.05	2.88	6.50	4.54	2.67	2.16	3.54
	July	1.56	2.34	1.94	2.87	6.74	4.51	2.55	2.23	3.36
	August	1.62	1.88	2.09	2.93	6.93	4.39	2.67	2.36	3.39
	September	1.53	2.00	2.13	3.05	6.79	4.41	2.70	2.36	3.60
	October	1.68	1.94	2.31	2.92	5.95	4.52	2.80	2.40	3.94
	November	1.76	1.98	2.19	2.98	5.56	4.69	3.00	2.58	4.31
Į	December	1.89	2.14	2.25	3.08	5.39	4.77	3.31	2.57	4.55
	Average	1.69	2.00	2.13	2.93	5.47	4.63	2.95	2.34	4.09
	January	2.00	1.77	2.35	3.16	5.41	4.85	3.36	2.64	4.66
	February	1.82	2.21	2.16	3.10	5.38	4.84	3.28	2.44	4.58
	March	1.70	1.99	2.17	2.89	5.44	4.82	3.00	2.32	4.40
	April	1.57	2.01	2.22	2.83	5.53	4.81	2.87	2.31	4.14
	May	1.62	2.02	2.11	2.94	5.92	4.68	2.77	2.39	3.91
	June	1.65	2.04	2.04	2.98	6.57	4.61	2.66	2.40	3.67
	July	1.66	1.88	1.99	3.08	6.91	4.70	2.66	2.40	3.54
	August	1.62	2.24	2.05	3.04	7.06	4.67	2.69	2.38	3.54
	September	1.59	2.02	2.07	2.99	6.79	4.71	2.64	2.33	3.63
	October	1.62	2.17	2.04	2.84	6.06	4.65	2.73	2.39	3.83
	November	1.72	2.13	2.23	2.98	5.55	4.75	2.92	2.56	4.26
	December	1.91	2.08	2.39	3.10	5.30	4.85	3.29	2.85	4.59
-	Average	1.71	2.04	2.17	3.01	5.63	4.78	2.93	2.43	4.19
	January	2.23	2.04	2.42	3.25	5.42	4.99	3.47	3.01	4.76
	February	1.87	2.25	2.18	3.10	5.63	5.05	3.34	2.76	4.80
	March	1.67	1.99	1.94	2.95	5.58	4.94	3.02	2.37	4.49
	April	1.60	2.00	2.17	2.84	5.62	4.84	2.78	2.29	4.21
	May	NA	2.08	1.98	2.81	5.97	4.65	2.65	NA	NA
•	5-Month Average	NA	2.07	2.14	3.03	5.59	4.93	3.09	. NA	NA
	5-Month Average	NA	2.00	2.20	3.01	5.47	4.82	3.07	NA	NA.
1988 !	5-Month Average	NA	1.96	2.12	2.88	5.21	4.68	3.08	NA	NA

^aPrices shown on this page are intended to include all taxes. See Note 9 at end of section.

bincludes supplemental gaseous fuels.

38.

ePrices for 1987 forward represent natural gas delivered and sold to residential, commercial, industrial, and electric utility consumers. They do not include the price of natural gas delivered to industrial and commercial consumers on behalf of third parties. Volumes of natural gas delivered on behalf of third parties are included in the consumption data shown in Table 4.3. Additional information is available in the Energy Information Administration Natural Gas Monthly, Appendix C.

dData through December 1982 cover all steam-electric utility plants with a capacity of 25 megawatts or greater. From 1974 through 1982, data include peaking units. Beginning with January 1983, data cover steam-electric utility plants with a capacity of 50 megawatts or greater.

NA=Not available.

Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Data through 1988 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary. Sources: See end of section.

### **Price Notes and Sources**

### Notes

- 1. The average domestic first purchase price represents the average price at which all domestic crude oil is purchased. Prior to February 1976, the price represented an estimate of the average of posted prices; beginning with February 1976, the price represents an average of actual first purchase prices. The data series was previously called "Actual Domestic Wellhead Price."
- 2. F.O.B. literally means "Free on Board." It denotes a transaction whereby the seller makes the product available with an agreement on a given port at a given price; it is the responsibility of the buyer to arrange for the transportation and insurance.
- 3. The landed cost of imported crude oil from selected countries does not represent the total cost of all imported crude. Prior to March 1975, imported crude costs to U.S. company-owned refineries in the Caribbean were not included in the landed cost, and costs of crude oil from countries that export only small amounts to the United States were also excluded. Beginning in March 1975, however, coverage was expanded to include U.S. company-owned refineries in the Caribbean. Landed costs do not include supplemental fees.
- 4. Beginning with January 1981, refiner acquisition costs of crude oil are from data collected on Form EIA-14, the "Refiners' Monthly Cost Report." These prices were previously published from data collected on Form ERA-49, the "Domestic Crude Oil Entitlements Program Refiners Monthly Report." The Form ERA-49 was discontinued with the decontrol of crude oil on January 28, 1981. Crude oil purchases and costs are defined for Form EIA-14 in accordance with conventions used for Form ERA-49. Also, the respondents for the two forms are essentially the same. However, due to possible different interpretations of the filing requirements and a different method for handling prior period adjustments, care must be taken in comparing the data collected on the two forms.

The refiner acquisition cost of crude oil is the average price paid by refiners for crude oil booked into their refineries in accordance with accounting procedures generally accepted and consistently and historically applied by the refiners concerned. Domestic crude oil is that oil produced in the United States or from the outer continental shelf as defined in 43 USC Section 1331. Imported crude oil is either that oil reported on Form ERA-51, the "Transfer Pricing Report," or any crude oil that is not domestic oil. The composite cost is the weighted average of domestic and imported crude oil costs.

Crude oil costs and volumes reported on Form ERA-49 excluded unfinished oils but included the Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR). Crude oil costs and volumes reported on the Form FEA-P110-M-1 included unfinished oils but excluded SPR. Imported averages derived from Form ERA-49 exclude oil purchased for SPR, whereas the composite averages derived from Form ERA-49 include SPR. None of the prices derived from Form EIA-14 include either unfinished oils or SPR.

5. Several different series of motor gasoline prices are published in this section. U.S. City Average Retail Prices of Motor Gasoline are calculated monthly by the Bureau of Labor Statistics during the development of the Consumer Price Index (CPI). These prices include all Federal, State, and local taxes paid at the time of sale. For the period 1974 through 1977, prices were collected in 56 urban areas. For the period 1978 forward, prices were collected from a new sample of service stations in 85 urban areas selected to represent all urban consumers-about 80 percent of the total U.S. population. The service stations are selected initially, and on a replacement basis, in such a way that they represent the purchasing habits of the CPI population. Service stations in the current sample include those providing all types of service (i.e., full-, mini-, and self-serve).

Refiner and Gas Plant Operator Sales Prices of Finished Motor Gasoline for Resale and to End Users are determined by the Energy Information Administration (EIA) in a monthly survey of refiners and gas plant operators (Form EIA-782A). The prices do not include any Federal, State, or local taxes paid at the time of sale. Estimates of prices prior to January 1983 are based on Form FEA-P302-M-1/EIA-460, "Petroleum Industry Monthly Report for Product Prices," and also exclude all Federal, State, or local taxes paid at the time of sale. Sales for Resale are those made to purchasers who are other-than-ultimate consumers. Sales to End Users are sales made directly to the consumer of the product, including bulk consumers such as agriculture, industry, and utilities, as well as residential and commercial consumers.

6. Starting in January 1983, Form EIA-782, "Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report," replaced 10 previous surveys. Every attempt was made to continue the most important price series. However, prices published through December 1982 and those published since January 1983 do not necessarily form continuous data series due to changes in survey forms, definitions, instructions, populations, samples, processing systems, and statistical procedures. To provide historical data, continuous annual data series have been generated for 1978-1980, and monthly series for 1981 and 1982, by estimating the prices that would have been published had the Form EIA-782 survey and system been in operation at that time. This form of estimation was performed after detailed adjustment for product and sales type matching, and for discontinuity due to other factors. An important difference between the previous and present prices is the distinction between wholesale and resale, and between retail and end user. The resale category continues to include sales among resellers. However, bulk sales to utility, industrial, and commercial accounts previously included in the wholesale category are now counted as made to end users. The end user category continues to include retail sales through company owned and operated outlets but also includes the bulk utility, industrial, and commercial sales. Additional information may be found in "Estimated Historic Time Series for the EIA-782," a feature article reprinted from the December 1983 [3] Petroleum Marketing Monthly*published by EIA.

- 7. National average electricity prices are shown in two data series. The "Annual Series" is based on data from more than 3,000 publicly and privately owned electric utilities that report on Form EIA-861, "Annual Electric Utility Report." The "Monthly Series" is based on data from over 200 utilities statistically chosen as a stratified sample of the utilities that report on Form EIA-861. The selected utilities report monthly on Form EIA-826, "Monthly Electric Utility Sales and Revenue Report with State Distributions," formerly the "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement." Annual values shown for the monthly series are the sum of the monthly revenue divided by the sum of the monthly sales. Prior to January 1986, only privately owned utilities were included in the monthly survey and the sample was chosen using cut-off rather than stratification techniques.
- 8. Heavy fuel oil prices include fuel oils No. 4, No. 5, and No. 6, and topped crude fuel oil prices. The weighted average for all fossil fuels includes both residual fuel oil prices and light oil (No. 2 fuel oil, kerosene, and jet fuel) prices.
- 9. Natural gas prices are intended to include all taxes. Instructions on the data collection forms specifically direct that all U.S., State, and local taxes, surcharges, and/or adjustments billed to consumers are to be included. However, sales and other taxes itemized on consumers' bills are sometimes excluded by the reporting utilities.

#### Sources

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 Domestic First Purchase Prices--1973: Bureau of Mines, Minerals Yearbook, "Crude Oil and Petroleum Products" chapter. 1974 through January 1976: Federal Energy Administration (FEA), Form FEA-90, "Crude Petroleum Production Monthly Report"; February 1976 through September 1979: FEA, Form FEA-P124, "Domestic Crude Oil Purchaser's Report"; October 1979 through 1982: Economic Regulatory Administration, Form ERA-182, "Domestic Crude

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- F.O.B. and Landed Costs of Crude Oil Imports--November 1973 through September 1977, FEA, Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report"; October 1977 through January 1979: EIA, Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report"; February 1979 through September 1982: EIA, Form ERA-51, "Transfer Pricing Report"; October 1982 through June 1984: EIA, Form EP-51, "Monthly Foreign Crude Oil Transaction Report"; July 1984 forward: EIA, Form EIA-856, "Monthly Foreign Crude Oil Acquisition Report."
- Refiner Acquisition Costs--1973: EIA estimates. The domestic price was derived by adding estimated transportation costs to the reported domestic first purchase price. The imported price was derived by adding an estimated ocean transport cost to the average "Free Alongside Ship" value published by the U.S. Bureau of the Census. 1974 through January 1976: FEA, Form FEO-96, "Monthly Cost Allocation Report"; February 1976 through September 1977: FEA, Form FEA-P110-M-1, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Allocation Report"; October 1977 through June 1978: EIA, Form FEA-P110-M-1, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Allocation Report"; July 1978 through 1980: EIA, Form ERA-49, "Domestic Crude Oil Entitlements Program Refiners Monthly Report"; 1981 forward: EIA, Form EIA-14, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Report."
- U.S. City Average Retail Motor Gasoline Prices--U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Consumer Prices: Energy, monthly.
- No. 2 Distillate to Residences--1978 through 1982: EIA estimates using data from Form FEA-P112-M-1/EIA-9, "No. 2 Heating Oil Supply/ Price Monitoring Report" and EIA, Form EIA-9A, "No. 2 Distillate Price Monitoring Report." See Note 6 on the previous page for additional information on the estimated data. 1983 forward: EIA, Form EIA-782A, "Refiners/Gas Plant Operators' Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report" and EIA, Form EIA-782B, "Resellers/Retailers' Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report."
- All Other Petroleum Products--1978 through 1982: EIA estimates using data from Form FEA-302-M-1/EIA-460, "Petroleum Industry Monthly Report for Product Prices." See Note 6 on the previous page for additional information on the estimated data. 1983 forward: EIA, Form EIA-782A, "Refiners/Gas Plant Operators' Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report."

#### **Natural Gas:**

- Average Wellhead Price--Annual data through 1982: EIA, Natural Gas Annual 1973 through 1982. Annual data for 1983 through 1987: EIA, Natural Gas Annual, EIA, Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" and the U.S. Department of the Interior, Minerals Management Service. Monthly data from January 1988 forward and the 1988 average are estimated primarily on the basis of values reported by State agencies in Mississippi, New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Texas. These States together account for almost 50 percent of total U.S. marketed production. The monthly and annual estimates are adjusted to conform with final reported annual data.
- Imports and Purchases from Producers by Major Interstate Pipeline Companies--Form FERC-11, "Interstate Pipeline Company Purchases, and Industrial Sales."
- City Gate--October 1983 forward: EIA, Form EIA-857, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Purchases and Deliveries to Consumers."
- Residential, Commercial, Industrial and Consumer Average--Annual data from EIA, Form EIA-176 "Annual Report of Natural and Supple-

- mental Gas Supply and Disposition." Monthly data from EIA, Form EIA-857, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Purchases and Deliveries to Consumers." Monthly data are adjusted to conform to final reported annual data.
- Electric Utilities Average--EIA, Form FPC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

### **Electricity:**

- Cost of Fossil Fuels--EIA, Form FPC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."
- Retail Prices-- Monthly Series 1973 through September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenue and Income"; October 1977 through February 1980: EIA, Form FPC-5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenue and Income"; March 1980 through December 1982: EIA, Form FERC-5, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement"; January 1983 through December 1986: EIA, Form EIA-826, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement"; January 1987 forward: EIA, Form EIA-826, "Monthly Electric Utility Sales and Revenue Report with State Distributions." Annual Series 1984 forward: EIA, Form EIA-861, "Annual Electric Utility Report."

### Section 10. International

Crude Oil Production. World crude oil production during May 1990 was 61 million barrels per day, down 0.5 million barrels per day from the level in the previous month.

Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) production during May 1990 averaged 24 million barrels per day, down 0.3 million barrels per day from the level during the previous month. Production by the Arab members of OPEC during May 1990 averaged 15 million barrels per day, down 0.4 million barrels per day from the April 1990 level. During May 1990, production increased in Iraq by 150 thousand barrels per day and in the United Arab Emirates by 10 thousand barrels per day. Production decreased in Saudi Arabia by 500 thousand barrels per day and in Qatar by 35 thousand barrels per day. Production remained unchanged in Algeria, Kuwait, and Libya. Among the non-Arab members of OPEC, production during May 1990 increased in Iran by 300 thousand barrels per day. Production decreased in Nigeria by 100 thousand barrels per day and in Indonesia by 50 thousand barrels per day. Production remained unchanged in Venezuela from the previous month.

Among the non-OPEC nations, production during May 1990 decreased in the USSR by 100 thousand barrels per day, in the United States by 72 thousand barrels per day, and in Canada by 50 thousand barrels per day. Production also decreased in the United Kingdom by 30 thousand barrels per day and in Mexico by 25 thousand barrels per day. Production remained unchanged in China from the previous month.

Petroleum Consumption. In February 1990, consumption in all Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) countries was 38.9 million barrels per day, 1 percent lower than the level in

February 1989. Consumption was higher in Japan by 6 percent and slightly higher in Canada, but lower in the United States by 5 percent, compared with levels 1 year earlier. In February 1990, consumption in all European OECD countries combined was 13.1 million barrels per day, 2 percent higher than in the previous February. Consumption was higher in West Germany by 10 percent, higher in the United Kingdom by 6 percent, but lower in France by 7 percent and lower in Italy by 6 percent, compared with levels 1 year earlier.

Petroleum Stocks. For all OECD countries, petroleum stocks at the end of February 1990 totaled 3.5 billion barrels, 2 percent higher than the ending stock level in February 1989. Stocks were higher in Japan by 4 percent and higher in the United States by 2 percent, while unchanged in Canada, compared with levels 1 year earlier. Stock levels in all European OECD countries as of the end of February 1990 were 1.1 billion barrels, higher by 2 percent than in February 1989. Stocks were higher in France by 5 percent, higher in Italy by 3 percent, but lower in the United Kingdom by 4 percent and lower in West Germany by 2 percent, compared with levels 1 year earlier.

Nuclear Electricity Generation. Based on Nucleonics Week information for May 1990, the 20 reporting countries with nuclear capacity generated 131 gross terawatthours (billion kilowatthours) of nuclear-generated electricity, 6 percent more than in May 1989.

As of May 31, 1990, there were 352 operable nuclear operating units in the 20 reporting countries. The units had a collective gross generating capacity of 292.5 gigawatts (million kilowatts). The 112 U.S. units accounted for 107.1 gross gigawatts, 36.6 percent of the total reported nuclear generating capacity.

Table 10.1a World Crude Oila Production

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

,	Algeria	Iraq	Kuwait ^b	Libya	Qatar	Saudi Arabia ^b	United Arab Emirates	Arab OPEC ^c	Indonesia	Iran	Nigeria	Venezuela
973 Average	1,097	2,018	3,020	2,175	570	7,596	1,533	18,009	1,339	5,861	2,054	3,366
974 Average	1,009	1,971	2,546	1,521	518	8,480	1,679	17,724	1,375	6,022	2,255	2,976
975 Average	983	2,262	2,084	1,480	438	7,075	1,664	15,986	1,307	5,350	1,783	2,346
976 Average	1,075	2,415	2,145	1,933	497	8,577	1,936	18,578	1,504	5,883	2,067	2,294
977 Average	1,152	2,348	1,969	2,063	445	9,245	1,999	19,221	1,686	5,663	2,085	2,238
978 Average	1,231	2,563	2,131	1,983	487	8,301	1,831	18,527	1,635	5,242	1,897	2,165
979 Average	1,224	3,477	2,500	2,092	508	9,532	1,831	21,164	1,591	3,168	2,302	2,356
980 Average	1,106	2,514	1,656	1,787	472	9,900	1,709	19,144	1,577	1,662	2,055	2,168
981 Average	1,002	1,000	1,125	1,140	405	9,815	1,474	15,961	1,605	1,380	1,433	2,102
982 Average	987	1,012	823	1,150	330	6,483	1,250	12,035	1,339	2,214	1,295	1,895
983 Average	968	1,005	1,064	1,105	295	5,086	1,149	10,672	1,343	2,440	1,241	1,801
984 Average	1,014	1,209	1,157	1,087	394	4,663	1,146	10,670	1,412	2,174	1,388	1,798
985 Average	1,037	1,433	1,023	1,059	301	3,388	1,193	9,434	1,325	2,250	1,495	1,677
986 Average	945	1,690	1,419	1,034	308	4,870	1,330	11,596	1,390	2,035	1,467	1,787
987 Average	1,048	2,079	1,585	972	293	4,265	1,541	11,783	1,343	2,298	1,341	1,752
988 January	990	2,550	1,373	1,030	365	4,320	1,205	11,834	1,265	2,100	1,360	1,853
February	1,030	2,600	1,239	1,030	430	4,493	1,055	11,878	1,265	2,000	1,410	1,853
March	1,050	2,650	1,244	1,030	320	4,504	1,255	12,054	1,315	2,100	1,360	1,853
April	1,010	2,650	1,342	975	320	4,647	1,425	12,370	1,365	2,200	1,415	1,853
May	1,040	2,600	1,249	1,030	320	4,662	1,405	12,307	1,365	2,200	1,465	1,853
June	1,040	2,700	1,456	1,030	325	4,764	1,405	12,721	1,365	2,100	1,465	1,853
July	1,040	2,600	1,420	1,030	325	4,825	1,430	12,671	1,365	2,300	1,410	1,853
August	1,040	2,600	1,621	1,030	325	5,382	1,905	13,904	1,365	2,300	1,460	1,853
September	1,040	2,700	1,714	1,080	325	5,525	1,965	14,350	1,265	2,400	1,515	1,928
October	1,040	2,700	1,704	1,130	375	6,587	2,000	15,537	1,365	2,400	1,515	1,928
November	1,080	2,700	1,807	1,130	375	6,791	2,100	15,984	1,265	2,500	1,465	2,078
December	1,080	2,700	1,725	1,130	375	6,919	2,100	16,030	1,365	2,500	1,560	2,078
Average	1,040	2,646	1,492	1,055	348	5,288	1,606	13,475	1,328	2,259	1,450	1,903
989 January	1,090	2,650	1,250	1,050	400	5,000	1,735	13,175	1,365	2,800	1,450	1,840
February	1,090	2,650	1,350	1,050	420	4,750	1,650	12,960	1,365	2,850	1,450	1,840
March	1,090	2,650	1,390	1,050	340	4,590	1,675	12,785	1,365	3,200	1,600	1,840
April	1,090	2,750	1,695	1,100	330	4,995	1,705	13,665	1,365	2,900	1,650	1,840
May	1,090	2,750	2,005	1,100	410	5,105	1,705	14,165	1,365	2,500	1,650	1,840
June	1,090	2,700	2,105	1,100	420	4,905	1,975	14,295	1,365	2,800	1,750	1,890
July	1,110	2,850	1,905	1,100	400	5,005	1,920	14,290	1,350	2,800	1,850	1,850
August	1,110	3,000	1,905	1,100	400	5,105	1,960	14,580	1,400	3,000	1,750	1,900 1,900
September	1,110	2,900	1,905	1,100	400	5,305	2,155	14,875	1,350 1,400	2,850 2,950	1,750 1,650	1,900
October	1,110	3,000	1,905	1,100	400	5,405	2,255	15,175 15.835	1,400	2,800	1,850	1,950
November	1,110	2,950	2,095	1,150	380	5,795	2,355 2,405	15,940	1,400	2,900	1,850	1,950
December  Average	1,110 <b>1,100</b>	3,000 <b>2,822</b>	2,090 <b>1,802</b>	1,150 <b>1,096</b>	395 <b>391</b>	5,790 <b>5,148</b>	2,405 <b>1,959</b>	14,319	1,374	2,863	1,689	1,883
1000 January	1,160	2,900	1,995	1,200	370	5,595	2,055	15,275	1,250	2,700	1,750	R 1,990
1990 January	1,160	2,900	1,995	1,200	380	5,695	2,033	15,510	1,250	3.000	1,750	R 2.140
February	1,160	2,900	2,175	1,300	400	5,825	2,055	15,815	1,350	3,000	1,750	R 2,040
March	1,160	2,950	1,950	1,250	400	5,950	2,000	15,760	1,400	2,900	1,750	R 2,040
April	1,160	3,100	1,950	1,250	365	5,450	2,100	15,385	1,350	3,200	1,750	2,040
May	1,160 1,160	3,100	1,500	1,250	303	5,450	2,110	10,000	.,550	5,200	1,770	2,048

Footnotes continued on following page.

^{*}Includes lease condensate, excludes natural gas plant liquids.

*Includes about one-half of the production in the Kuwait-Saudi Arabia Neutral Zone. In May 1990, total production in that region amounted to approximately 300 thousand barrels per day.

Thatery 500 thousand barles per day.

'The Arab members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) are Algeria, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates. Production in the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia is included in "Arab OPEC" production.

Table 10.1b World Crude Oila Production (Continued)

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

		otal EC ^d	Persian Gulf Nations*	Canada	Mexico	United Kingdom	United States	China	USSR	Other [†]	Market Econo- mies ⁹	World
1973 Average	30	.988	20,668	1,798	465	2	9,208	1,090	8,329	3,804	45,805	55,684
1974 Average		,729	21,282	1,551	571	2	8,774	1,315	8,856	3,862	45,021	55,660
975 Average		154	18,934	1,430	705	12	8,375	1,490	9,472	4,139	41,338	52,777
976 Average		,737	21,514	1,314	831	245	8,132	1,670	9,985	4,355	45,132	57,269
977 Average		299	21,725	1,321	981	768	8,245	1.874	10,485	4,616	46,745	59,589
978 Average		,875	20,606	1,316	1,209	1,082	8,707	2,082	10,950	4,782	46,497	60,003
979 Average		.998	21,066	1,500	1,461	1,568	8,552	2,122	11,187	5,089	48,725	62,477
980 Average		.985	17,961	1,435	1,936	1,622	8,597	2,114	11,460	5,204	45,355	59,353
981 Average		.843	15,245	1,285	2,313	1,811	8,572	2.012	11.552	5,390	41,784	55,778
982 Average		,145	12,156	1,271	2,748	2,065	8,649	2,045	11,615	5,648	39,069	53,184
1983 Average		.891	11.081	1.356	2,689	2,291	8,688	2,120	11.684	6,248	38,703	52,967
984 Average		,857	10,784	1,438	2,780	2,480	8,879	2,296	11,576	6,897	39,893	54,203
985 Average		.634	9,630	1,471	2,745	2,530	8,971	2,505	11,250	7,540	39,463	53,646
1986 Average		.734	11,696	1,474	2,435	2,539	8,680	2,620	11,540	7,850	41,282	55,872
1987 Average		,846	12,103	1,535	2,548	2,406	E 8,349	2,690	11,690	8,242	41,507	56,306
1988 January	18	,887	11,956	1,528	2,566	2,524	8,250	2,710	11,705	8,698	42,043	56,868
February		,891	11,860	1,608	2,536	2,519	8,374	2,710	11,715	8,593	42,111	56,946
March	19	,167	12,116	1,633	2,521	2,519	8,374	2,710	11,655	8,731	42,535	57,310
April		.688	12,628	1,573	2,496	2,509	8,288	2,710	11,675	8,697	42,841	57,636
May		675	12,480	1,602	2,531	2,367	8,229	2,690	11,675	8,579	42,573	57,348
June		.989	12,794	1,600	2,536	2,003	8,170	2,690	11,675	8,352	42,240	57,015
July		,084	12,944	1,643	2,536	2,087	8,040	2,690	11,675	8,689	42,664	57,444
August		367	14,177	1,648	2,536	2,052	8,079	2,695	11,675	8,582	43,849	58,634
September		,943	14,673	1,600	2,291	2,077	7.895	2,765	11,675	8,743	44,134	58,989
October		,230	15,812	1,631	2,536	2,033	8,023	2,790	11,675	8,789	45,827	60,707
November .		,777	16,318	1,648	2,516	2,057	8,023	2,790	11,675	8,693	46,299	61,179
December		.018	16,364	1,609	2,536	2.047	7,942	2,790	11.675	8,813	46,550	61,430
Average		,899	13,682	1,610	2,512	2,232	8,140	2,728	11,679	8,664	43,645	58,464
989 January		,115	13,878	1,580	2,525	1,814	7,937	2,790	11,535	9,069	43,632	58,36
February	20	,920	13,713	1,570	2,495	1,764	7,788	2,790	11,535	9,017	43,146	57,87
March	21	,250	13,888	1,540	2,535	1,809	7,575	2,790	11,535	9,236	43,537	58,27
April	21	,900	14,418	1,555	2,520	1,709	7,772	2,690	11,420	9,134	44,172	58,70
May	21	,980	14,518	1,560	2,520	1,554	7,816	2,700	11,420	9,072	44,104	58,62
June	22	2,590	14,948	1,600	2,520	1,365	7,624	2,700	11,365	8,920	44,221	58,68
July	: 22	2,630	14,923	1,535	2,515	1,752	7,444	2,740	11,365	9,210	44,688	59,19 ⁻
August	23	3,160	15,410	1,540	2,515	1,839	7,544	2,770	11,365	9,347	45,542	60,08
September		,255	15,558	1,580	2,450	1,949	7,548	2,805	11,255	9,340	45,719	60,18
October	23	3,705	15,958	1,525	2,510	2,044	7,453	2,830	11,180	9,507	46,336	60,754
November .	24	,405	16,418	1,595	2,510	1,964	7,536	2,770	11,180	9,557	47,159	61,517
December .	24	,590	16,623	1,545	2,470	1,874	7,337	2,745	11,180	9,429	46,837	61,170
Average	22	2,634	15,028	1,560	2,507	1,787	7,613	2,760	11,360	9,238	44,934	59,460
1990 January		3,505	15,658	R 1,460	2,515	1,924	E 7,522	2,800	11,215	9,546	R 46,059	R 60,48
February		,200	16,041	R 1,480	2,515	1,824	E 7,465	2,780	11,215	9,623	R 46,694	R 61,10
March		,515	16,396	^R 1,585	2,505	1,949	E 7,394	2,750	11,050	P 9,709	R 47,244	R 61,45
April		,510	16,291	1,560	2,505	1,929	E 7,331	2,750	11,050	R 9,757	R 47,174	R 61,39
May		1,255	16,216	1,510	2,480	1,899	E 7,259	2,750	10,950	9,808	46,788	60,91
5-Mo. Avg.	24	l,195	16,121	1,520	2,504	1,906	E 7,393	2,766	11,094	9,689	46,791	61,067

Footnotes continued.

R=Revised data. E=Estimate.

d"Total OPEC" consists of Algeria, Ecuador, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela. Production from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia is included in "Total OPEC" production.

The Persian Gulf Nations are Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates. Production from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia is included in "Persian Gulf Nations" production.

Other is a calculated total derived from the difference between World and the sum of production in Total OPEC, Canada, Mexico, the United Kingdom, the United States, China and the USSR.

World excluding Albania, Bulgaria, Cambodia, China, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, East Germany, Hungary, Laos, Mongolia, North Korea, Poland, Romania, U.S.S.R., Vietnam, and Yugoslavia.

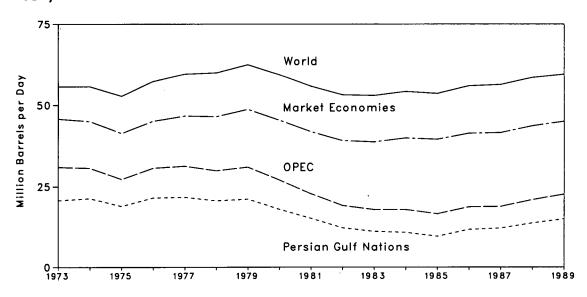
Note: • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Monthly data are often preliminary figures and may not average to the annual totals because of rounding or because updates to the preliminary monthly data are not available.

Sources: • United States — 1973 through 1988: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Supply Annual. 1989 forward: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.

• Other Countries — 1973 through 1988 annual data: EIA, International Energy, Annual. 1988 annual data: Average of monthly data. Monthly data: Petroleum Intelligence Weekly, the Oil and Gas Journal, and other industry sources. • World — 1973 through 1988: EIA, International Energy Annual. 1989 annual data: average of monthly data. Monthly data: Sum of all countries monthly data.

Figure 10.1 World Crude Oil Production





### Monthly

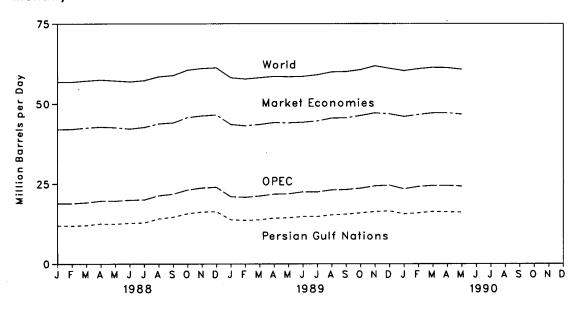
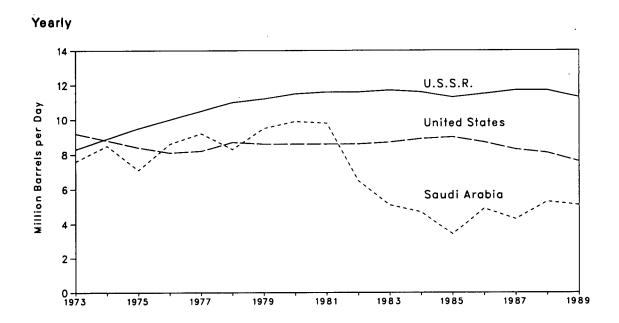


Figure 10.2 Crude Oil Production in Selected Countries





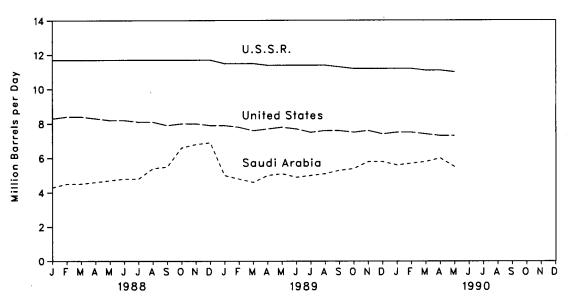


Figure 10.3 Petroleum Consumption in OECD Countries

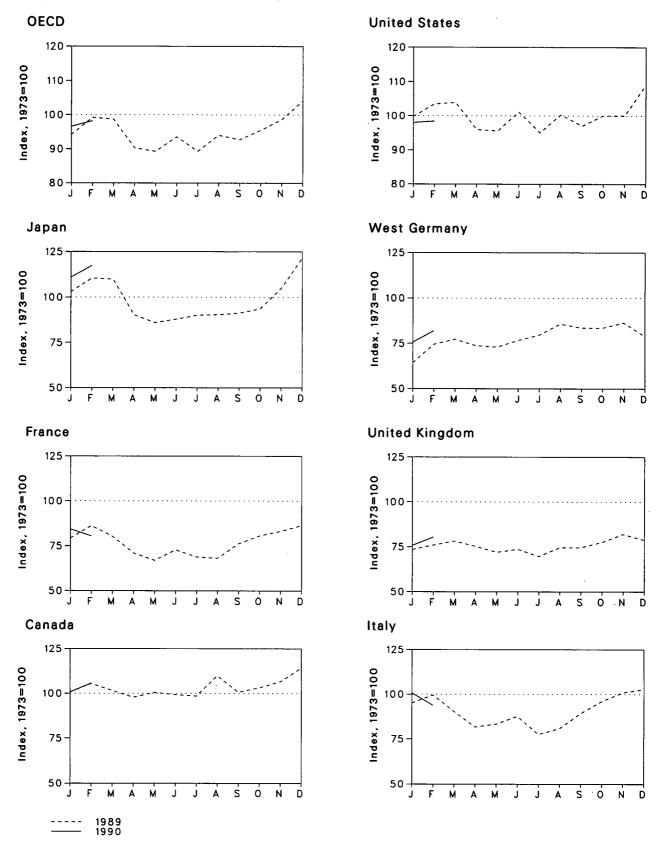


Table 10.2 Petroleum Consumption in OECD Countries^a (Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Canada	France	Italy	Japan	United Kingdom	United States	West Germany	OECD Europe ^b	Other OECD°	OECD*
1				5.074	0.004	17,308	2,915	14,521	1,006	39,612
973 Average	1,707	2,422	2,147	5,071	2,301	16,653	2,612	13,708	1,056	38,117
74 Average	1,740	2,260	2,090	4,960	2,138		2,512 2,515	13,768	999	36,60
975 Average	1,718	2,136	1,940	4,502	1,872	16,322	2,515	13,813	1,068	38.86
76 Average	1,751	2,280	1,991	4,771	1,856	17,461	2,708	13,795	1,123	40,35
77 Average	1,779	2,235	1,907	5,231	1,880	18,431	2,637 3,048	13,763	1,123	40,89
78 Average	1,823	2,169	1,948	5,142	1,850	18,847	3,048	14,670	1,090	41,64
79 Average	1,893	2,385	2,013	5,480	1,930	18,513		13,634	1,050	38,59
80 Average	1,873	2,256	1,934	4,960	1,725	17,056	2,707	•	1,072	36,26
81 Average	1,768	2,023	1,874	4,848	1,590	16,058	2,449	12,515	1,000	34,51
982 Average	1,578	1,880	1,781	4,582	1,590	15,296	2,372	12,053	954	33.79
983 Average	1,448	1,835	1,750	4,395	1,531	15,231	2,324	11,765	934 989	34,50
384 Average	1,472	1,754	1,646	4,576	1,849	15,726	2,322	11,736		
985 Average	1,504	1,775	1,717	4,384	1,634	15,726	2,338	11,681	976	34,27
986 Average	1,506	1,772	1,738	4,439	1,649	16,281	2,498	12,102	951	35,27
987 Average	1,548	1,789	1,855	4,484	1,603	16,665	2,424	12,255	958	35,91
988 January	R 1,596	1,697	1,811	4,874	1,580	17,403	2,135	11,402	826	R 36,10
February	F 1,720	1,978	1,926	5,696	1,722	17,760	2,360	12,628	908	R 38,71
March	R 1,678	1,968	1,834	5,249	1,797	17,612	2,546	13,129	1,038	R 38,70
April	R 1,503	1,703	1,643	4,469	1,642	16,561	2,240	11,617	906	R 35,05
May		1,560	1,663	3,964	1,591	16,197	2,256	11,246	969	R 34,01
June	_ *	1,726	1,813	4,164	1,725	17,059	2,580	12,447	1,000	R 36,34
July	<b>—</b>	1,677	1,787	4,228	1,584	16,695	2,528	11,943	951	R 35,44
August		1,577	1,631	4,447	1,649	17,482	2,352	11,781	991	R 36,46
September	R 1,719	1,770	1.870	4,293	1,743	17,072	2,519	12,560	939	R 36,58
October		1,772	1,892	4,374	1,720	17,580	2,384	12,397	938	R 36,99
November	R 1.834	2.076	2,113	5,280	1,859	17,620	2,549	13,724	922	R 39,38
December		2,039	2,059	6,017	1,762	18,365	2,622	13,663	933	R 40,83
Average	R 1,693	1,797	1,836	4,752	1,697	17,283	2,422	12,375	944	R 37,04
189 January	R 1,718	1,923	2,041	5,224	1.692	17,269	1.878	12,161	R 895	R 37,26
February		2.089	2,136	5,601	1.746	17,920	2,172	12,906	1,036	R 39,26
March	,	1,946	1,941	5,571	1,799	17.989	2,254	12,817	R 949	R 39,06
April		1,719	1,753	4,581	1,730	16,624	2,147	11,893	P 974	R 35,74
May	_ '	1,623	1,792	4,362	1,657	16,546	2,128	11,691	1,022	R 35,33
June		1,762	1,884	4,455	1.694	17,497	2,235	12,332	R 1,040	R 37,01
July	- ·	1,668	1,667	4,570	1,605	16,453	2,324	11,643	983	R 35,33
August		1,651	1,737	4,586	1.716	17,360	2,502	12,369	1,029	R 37,22
September		1,846	1,917	4,630	1,718	16,795	2,438	12,628	902	R 36,67
October		1,955	2.061	R 4,746	P 1.786	17,304	2,436	R 13,053	R 925	R 37,79
November	•	2.015	2,166	R 5,319	R 1,888	17,311	2,520	R 13,589	R 971	R 39,00
December		2,095	2,206	R 6,162	R 1,816	18,858	2,304	R 13,257	R 991	R 41,21
Average	R 1,762	1,856	1,940	R 4,981	R 1,737	17,325	2,278	R 12,529	976	R 37,57
990 January	R 1,719	2.043	2,163	5.628	1,742	16,968	R 2,206	R 12,985	951	R 38,25
February		1.952	2,015	5,952	1,853	17,024	2,392	13,126	983	38,88
i outuary	1,760	2,000	2,092	5,782	1,794	16,995	2,294	13,052	966	38,5

The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) consists of Canada, Japan, and the United States, as well as "OECD Europe" and "Other OECD."

b"OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portu-

gal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom, and West Germany.

"Other OECD" consists of Australia, New Zealand, and the U.S. Territories.

R=Revised data.

Notes: • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Data through 1987 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary.

Sources: • U.S. data: Energy Information Administration, Petroleum Supply Annual. • OECD data: International Energy Agency, Quarterly Oil Statistics, Monthly Oil Statistics.

Figure 10.4 Petroleum Stocks in OECD Countries, End of Period

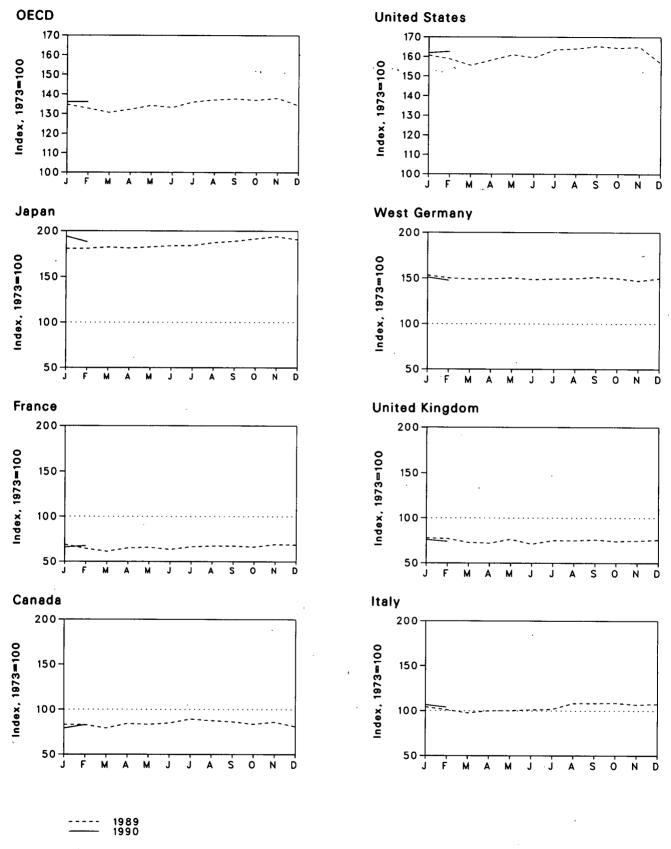


Table 10.3 Petroleum Stocks^a in OECD Countries,^b End of Period (Million Barrels)

		Canada	France	Italy	Japan	United Kingdom	United States	West Germany	OECD Europe ^c	Other OECD ^d	OECD
1973 Y	/ear	140	201	152	303	156	1,008	181	1,070	67	2,588
	ear	145	249	167	370	161	1,074	213	1,227	64	2,880
	ear	174	225	143	375	165	1,133	187	1,154	67	2,903
	/ear	153	234	143	380	165	1,112	208	1,205	68	2,91
	/ear	167	239	161	409	148	1,312	225	1,268	68	3,22
	/ear	144	201	154	413	157	1,278	238	1,219	68	3,12
	/ear	150	226	163	460	169	1,341	272	1,353	75	3,37
	/ear	164	243	170	495	168	1,392	319	1,464	72	3,58
	/ear	161	214	167	482	143	1,484	297	1,337	67	3,53
	/ear	136	193	179	484	125	1,430	272	1,258	68	3,37
	/ear	121	153	149	470	118	1,454	249	1,142	68	3,25
	/ear	128	152	159	479	112	1,556	239	1,130	69	3,36
	/ear	113	139	157	494	123	1,519	233	1,092	66	3,28
	/ear	111	127	155	509	124	1,593	252	1,133	72	3,41
	/ear	126	127	169	540	121	1,607	259	1,130	72	3,47
		400	400	400	544	117	1,597	268	1,131	68	3.46
	lanuary	130	129	163	530	120	1,576	271	1,107	69	3,40
	ebruary	124	118	159 146	522	113	1,559	266	1,065	65	3,33
	March	127	108				1,578	270	1,066	66	3,35
	\pril	127	110	148	519	114 122	1,614	269	1,000	65	3,43
	/lay	123	117	156	533	118	1,614	266	1,099	64	3,45
	lune	118	120	152	556	117	1,629	270 270	1,103	67	3,51
	luly	125	123	158	593	120	1,624	271	1,127	66	3.50
	August	123	126	164	566	119	1,628	270	1.127	66	3,50
	September	124	126	162	559		1,630	276	1,142	64	3,51
	October	124	131	164	557 550	119	1,630	269	1,103	69	3,48
	November	122	128 140	158 155	558 538	113 112	1,597	266	1,118	71	3,44
L	December	116	140	155	536	112	1,557	200	1,110	, ,	-,
1989 J	January	117	138	159	547	121	1,620	277	1,133	69	3,48
F	ebruary	116	129	154	548	121	1,601	272	1,103	69	3,43
N	March	111	123	148	552	114	1,568	270	1,084	68	3,38
P	April	118	131	152	549	113	1,596	271	1,090	71 70	3,42
N	Иау	117	132	152	553	119	1,623	272	1,110	73	3,47
J	June	119	128	154	557	111	1,608	269	1,094	71	3,44
	July	125	133	155	557	117	1,649	270	1,119	70	3,52 3.54
	August	123	135	165	567	117	1,654	271	1,132	72	- •
	September	121	135	165	572	119	1,667	274	1,136	66	3,56
(	October	117	134	165	580	116	1,658	272	1,120	70 76	3,54
	November	_ 121	139	163	588	117	1,663	267	1,125	75 71	3,57
	December	R 114	138	164	R 577	Ħ 118	1,581	271	R 1,132	71	R 3,47
1990 .	January	111	132	162	588	119	1,632	273	R 1,120	68	R 3,51
	February	116	136	158	569	116	1,639	267	1,122	73	3,52

^{*}Petroleum stocks include crude oil (including strategic reserves), unfinished oils, natural gas plant liquids, and refined products. Petroleum stocks include all nonmilitary petroleum held for storage, regardless of ownership, within each country in bulk terminals, refinery tanks, pipeline tankage, intercoastal tankers, tankers in port, and inland ship bunkers. Data exclude oil held in pipelines (except for the United States), rail and truck cars, sea-going ships' bunkers, service stations, retail stores, and tankers at sea.

Notes: • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • In the United States in January 1975, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to bulk terminal and pipeline surveys affecting subsequent stocks reported. Using the new basis, the end-of-year U.S. stocks, in million barrels, would have been 1,121 in 1974, 1,420 in 1980, and 1,462 in 1982. • Data through 1987 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary.

Sources: • U.S. data: Energy Information Administration, Petroleum Supply Annual. • OECD data: International Energy Agency, Quarterly Oil Statistics, Monthly Oil Statistics.

The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) consists of Canada, Japan, and the United States, as well as "OECD Eu-

rope" and "Other OECD."

""OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom, and West Germany.

d"Other OECD" consists of Australia, New Zealand, and the U.S. Territories.

R=Revised data.

Table 10.4a Nuclear Electricity Generation by Reporting Countries^a (Billion Gross Kilowatthours)

1973 Total 1974 Total 1975 Total 1976 Total 1977 Total 1978 Total 1979 Total 1980 Total 1981 Total 1982 Total 1983 Total 1985 Total 1985 Total 1986 Total 1987 Total 1988 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total 1989 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total 1989 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total 1989 January February March April May June July June July	1.0 2.5 2.6 1.6 2.9 2.7 2.3 2.8 1.9 3.4 4.5 5.8 5.7 5.2  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5 5.5	0 0.1 6.8 10.0 11.9 12.5 11.4 12.5 12.8 15.6 24.1 27.7 34.5 38.6 41.9 3.9 3.2 3.7 3.4 3.3 2.7 3.3 3.8 3.9 3.9 3.9	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.1 .2 2.1 3.4 .1 1.0	15.3 15.4 13.2 18.0 26.6 33.0 38.4 40.4 43.3 42.6 53.0 53.8 62.9 74.6 80.6 7.7 7.5 7.9 6.9 6.7 6.6 7.2 7.4	0 0 0 0 2.7 3.3 6.7 7.0 14.5 16.5 17.4 18.5 18.8 19.4 1.8 1.6 1.8 1.7 1.3 1.4 1.2 1.5	14.7 14.7 18.3 15.8 17.9 30.6 39.9 61.2 105.2 108.9 144.2 191.2 224.0 254.3 265.5 26.1 24.5 26.0 21.0 18.9 20.1 20.6 20.9 23.4	2.5 1.9 2.5 3.2 2.8 2.3 3.2 2.9 3.1 2.2 2.9 4.1 4.5 5.5 .3 .4 .4 .5 .6 .7	3.1 3.8 3.8 3.4 4.5 2.6 2.2 2.7 6.8 5.8 6.9 7.0 8.7 .2	9.4 18.9 21.3 36.6 28.2 53.1 62.0 82.8 86.0 104.5 109.1 127.2 152.0 164.8 182.8 15.0 13.5 14.7 14.9 15.7 14.8 15.5 15.5	1.1 3.3 3.3 3.9 3.7 4.1 3.5 4.2 3.7 3.9 3.6 3.8 3.9 4.2 3.6 (s)	0.5.66 .5.5.33 .2.2(s) .1.1 .2.3.3.35 .5.5.33
1974 Total 1975 Total 1976 Total 1976 Total 1977 Total 1978 Total 1979 Total 1980 Total 1981 Total 1982 Total 1983 Total 1984 Total 1985 Total 1985 Total 1986 Total 1987 Total 1987 Total 1988 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total 1989 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total 1989 January February March April May June July June July	1.0 2.5 2.6 1.6 2.9 2.7 2.3 2.8 1.9 3.4 4.5 5.8 5.7 5.2 2.2 7.5 5.5	6.8 10.0 11.9 12.5 11.4 12.5 12.8 15.6 24.1 27.7 34.5 38.6 41.9 3.9 3.2 3.7 3.3 2.7 3.3 3.8 3.9 3.9	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.1 .2 2.1 3.4 .1 1.0	15.4 13.2 18.0 26.6 33.0 38.4 40.4 43.3 42.6 53.0 53.8 62.9 74.6 80.6	0 0 0 2.7 3.3 6.7 7.0 14.5 16.5 18.8 18.8 19.4 1.8 1.6 1.8 1.7 1.3 1.4 1.2	14.7 18.3 15.8 17.9 30.6 39.9 61.2 108.9 144.2 191.2 224.0 254.3 265.5 26.1 24.5 26.0 21.0 18.9 20.1 20.1 20.6 20.9	1.9 2.5 3.2 2.8 2.3 3.2 2.9 3.1 2.2 2.9 4.1 4.5 5.1 5.5	3.4 3.8 3.8 3.4 4.5 2.6 2.2 2.7 6.8 5.8 6.9 7.0 8.7 .2 0 0 0 0	18.9 21.3 36.6 28.2 53.1 62.0 82.8 86.0 104.5 109.1 127.2 152.0 164.8 182.8 15.0 13.5 14.7 14.9 15.7	3.3 3.3 3.9 3.7 4.1 3.5 4.2 3.7 3.9 3.6 3.8 3.9 4.2 3.6	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)
1975 Total 1976 Total 1977 Total 1977 Total 1978 Total 1979 Total 1980 Total 1981 Total 1982 Total 1983 Total 1984 Total 1985 Total 1985 Total 1986 Total 1987 Total 1988 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total 1989 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total 1989 January February March April May June July June July June July June July	2.5 2.6 1.6 2.7 2.3 2.8 1.9 3.4 4.5 5.7 5.2 2.2 7.5 5.5 5.5	6.8 10.0 11.9 12.5 11.4 12.5 12.8 15.6 24.1 27.7 34.5 38.6 41.9 3.9 3.2 3.7 3.3 2.7 3.3 3.8 3.9 3.9	0 0 0 0 0 0.1 .2 2.1 3.4 .1 1.0	13.2 18.0 26.6 33.0 38.4 40.4 43.3 42.6 53.0 53.8 62.9 74.6 80.6 7.7 7.5 7.9 6.9 6.7 6.6 7.2 7.4 6.9	0 0 2.7 3.3 6.7 7.0 14.5 16.5 17.4 18.8 18.8 19.4 1.8 1.6 1.8 1.7 1.3 1.4 1.2	18.3 15.8 17.9 30.6 39.9 61.2 105.2 108.9 144.2 191.2 224.0 254.3 265.5 26.1 24.5 26.0 21.0 18.9 20.1 20.6 20.9	2.5 3.2 2.8 2.3 3.2 2.9 3.1 2.2 2.9 4.1 4.5 5.1 5.5	3.8 3.8 3.4 4.5 2.6 2.2 2.7 6.8 5.8 6.9 7.0 8.7 .2 0 0 0 0	21.3 36.6 28.2 53.1 62.0 82.8 86.0 104.5 109.1 127.2 152.0 164.8 182.8 15.0 13.5 14.7 14.9 15.7	3.3 3.9 3.7 4.1 3.5 4.2 3.7 3.9 3.6 3.8 3.9 4.2 3.6 .3 (s)	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)
1976 Total 1977 Total 1978 Total 1978 Total 1979 Total 1980 Total 1981 Total 1982 Total 1983 Total 1984 Total 1985 Total 1986 Total 1987 Total 1988 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total 1989 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total 1989 January February March April May June July	2.6 1.6 2.9 2.7 2.3 2.8 1.9 4.5 5.7 5.2 2.2 7.5 5.5 5.5	10.0 11.9 12.5 11.4 12.5 12.8 15.6 24.1 27.7 34.5 38.6 41.9 3.9 3.2 3.7 3.4 3.3 2.7 3.3 3.8 3.9 3.9	0 0 0 0 0.1 .2 2.1 3.4 .1 1.0	18.0 26.6 33.0 38.4 40.4 43.3 42.6 53.0 53.8 62.9 74.6 80.6 7.7 7.5 7.9 6.9 6.7 6.6 7.2 7.2 7.4 6.9	0 2.7 3.3 6.7 7.0 14.5 16.5 17.4 18.8 19.4 1.8 1.6 1.8 1.7 1.3 1.4 1.2	15.8 17.9 30.6 39.9 61.2 105.2 108.9 144.2 224.0 254.3 265.5 26.1 24.5 26.0 21.0 18.9 20.1 20.1 20.6 20.9	3.2 2.8 2.3 3.2 2.9 3.1 2.2 2.9 4.1 4.5 5.1 5.5	3.8 3.4 4.5 2.6 2.2 2.7 6.8 5.8 6.9 7.0 8.7 .2	36.6 28.2 53.1 62.0 82.8 86.0 104.5 109.1 127.2 152.0 164.8 182.8 15.0 13.5 14.7 14.9 15.7	3.9 3.7 4.1 3.5 4.2 3.7 3.9 3.6 3.8 3.9 4.2 3.6 (s) (s) .2 .4 .4	.5 (s) .1 .2 .3 .3 .5 .3 .5 (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)
1977 Total 1978 Total 1979 Total 1980 Total 1981 Total 1982 Total 1982 Total 1983 Total 1984 Total 1985 Total 1986 Total 1987 Total 1988 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total 1989 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total 1989 January February March April May June July June July June July June July June July June July	1.6 2.9 2.7 2.8 1.9 3.4 4.5 5.7 5.2  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5 5.5 5 5.5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	11.9 12.5 11.4 12.5 15.6 24.1 27.7 34.5 38.6 41.9 3.9 3.2 3.7 3.3 2.7 3.3 3.8 3.9 3.9	0 0 0 0 0.1 .2 2.1 3.4 .1 1.0	26.6 33.0 38.4 40.4 43.3 42.6 53.0 53.8 62.9 74.6 80.6 7.7 7.5 7.9 6.9 6.7 6.6 7.2 7.4 6.9	2.7 3.3 6.7 7.0 14.5 16.5 17.4 18.5 18.8 19.4 1.8 1.6 1.8 1.7 1.3 1.4 1.2	17.9 30.6 39.9 61.2 105.2 108.9 144.2 191.2 224.0 2254.3 265.5 26.1 24.5 26.0 21.0 18.9 20.1 20.6 20.9	2.8 2.3 3.2 2.9 3.1 2.2 2.9 4.1 4.5 5.1 5.5	3.4 4.5 2.6 2.2 2.7 6.8 5.8 6.9 7.0 8.7 .2 0 0 0 0	28.2 53.1 62.0 82.8 86.0 104.5 109.1 127.2 152.0 164.8 182.8 15.0 13.5 14.7 14.9 15.7	3.7 4.1 3.5 4.2 3.7 3.9 3.6 3.8 3.9 4.2 3.6 (s) (s) .2 .4	.3 (s) .1 .2 .3 .3 .5 .5 (s) (s) (o) (s) (s) (s)
1978 Total	2.9 2.7 2.3 2.8 1.9 3.4 4.5 5.8 5.7 5.2 2.2 7.5 5.5 5.5	12.5 11.4 12.5 12.8 15.6 24.1 27.7 34.5 38.6 41.9 3.9 3.2 3.7 3.3 2.7 3.3 3.8 3.9 3.9	0 0 0 0.1 .2 2.1 3.4 .1 1.0	33.0 38.4 40.4 43.3 42.6 53.0 53.8 62.9 74.6 80.6 7.7 7.5 7.9 6.9 6.7 6.6 7.2 7.4	3.3 6.7 7.0 14.5 16.5 17.4 18.5 18.8 19.4 1.8 1.6 1.8 1.7 1.3 1.4 1.2	30.6 39.9 61.2 105.2 108.9 144.2 191.2 224.0 254.3 265.5 26.1 24.5 26.0 21.0 18.9 20.1 20.6 20.9	2.3 3.2 2.9 3.1 2.2 2.9 4.1 4.5 5.1 5.5 .4 .4 .4 .5 .6 .7	4.5 2.6 2.2 2.7 6.8 5.8 6.9 7.0 8.7 .2 0 0 0 0	53.1 62.0 82.8 86.0 104.5 109.1 127.2 152.0 164.8 182.8 15.0 13.5 14.7 14.9 15.7	4.1 3.5 4.2 3.7 3.9 3.6 3.8 3.9 4.2 3.6 .3 (s) (s)	.2 (s) .1 .2 .3 .3 .5 .5 .5 (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)
1979 Total 1980 Total 1981 Total 1981 Total 1982 Total 1983 Total 1984 Total 1985 Total 1986 Total 1987 Total 1988 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total 1989 January February March April 1989 January February March April May June July 1989 January February March April May June July June July	2.7 2.3 2.8 1.9 3.4 4.5 5.8 5.7 5.2  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5 5.5 5.5 5 5.5 5 5.5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	11.4 12.5 12.8 15.6 24.1 27.7 34.5 38.6 41.9 3.9 3.2 3.7 3.3 2.7 3.3 3.8 3.9 3.9	0 0 0 0.1 .2 2.1 3.4 .1 1.0 0 0 0	38.4 40.4 43.3 42.6 53.0 53.8 62.9 74.6 80.6 7.7 7.5 7.9 6.9 6.7 6.6 7.2 7.4 6.9	6.7 7.0 14.5 16.5 17.4 18.5 18.8 18.8 19.4 1.8 1.6 1.8 1.7 1.3 1.4 1.2	39.9 61.2 105.2 108.9 144.2 191.2 224.0 254.3 265.5 26.1 24.5 26.0 21.0 18.9 20.1 20.6 20.9	3.2 2.9 3.1 2.2 2.9 4.1 4.5 5.1 5.5 .4 .4 .4 .5 .6 .7	2.6 2.2 2.7 6.8 5.8 6.9 7.0 8.7 .2 0 0 0 0	62.0 82.8 86.0 104.5 109.1 127.2 152.0 164.8 182.8 15.0 13.5 14.7 14.9 15.7	3.5 4.2 3.7 3.9 3.6 3.8 3.9 4.2 3.6 .3 (s) (s)	(s) .1 .2 .3 .3 .3 .5 .5 (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)
1980 Total 1981 Total 1982 Total 1983 Total 1984 Total 1985 Total 1986 Total 1987 Total 1988 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total 1989 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total 1989 January February March April May June July June July	2.3 2.8 1.9 3.4 4.5 5.8 5.7 5.2 5 5.5 5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5	12.5 12.8 15.6 24.1 27.7 34.5 38.6 41.9 3.9 3.2 3.7 3.4 3.3 2.7 3.3 3.8 3.9 3.9	0 0 0.1 .2 2.1 3.4 .1 1.0 0 0 0 0	40.4 43.3 42.6 53.0 53.8 62.9 74.6 80.6 7.7 7.5 7.9 6.9 6.7 6.6 7.2 7.4 6.9	7.0 14.5 16.5 17.4 18.5 18.8 19.4 1.8 1.6 1.8 1.7 1.3 1.4 1.2	61.2 105.2 108.9 144.2 191.2 224.0 254.3 265.5 26.1 24.5 26.0 21.0 18.9 20.1 20.6 20.9	2.9 3.1 2.2 2.9 4.1 4.5 5.1 5.5 .3 .4 .4 .5 .6 .7	2.2 2.7 6.8 5.8 6.9 7.0 8.7 .2 0 0 0 0	82.8 86.0 104.5 109.1 127.2 152.0 164.8 182.8 15.0 13.5 14.7 14.9 15.7	4.2 3.7 3.9 3.6 3.8 3.9 4.2 3.6 .3 (s) (s) .2 .4 .4	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)
1981 Total 1982 Total 1983 Total 1984 Total 1985 Total 1986 Total 1987 Total 1988 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total 1989 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total 1989 January February March April May June July June July	2.8 1.9 3.4 4.5 5.7 5.2  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5  5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	12.8 15.6 24.1 27.7 34.5 38.6 41.9 3.9 3.2 3.7 3.4 3.3 2.7 3.3 3.8 3.9 3.9	0 0.1 .2 2.1 3.4 .1 1.0 0 0 0 0 0	43.3 42.6 53.0 53.8 62.9 74.6 80.6 7.7 7.5 7.9 6.9 6.7 6.6 7.2 7.4 6.9	14.5 16.5 17.4 18.5 18.8 19.4 1.8 1.6 1.8 1.7 1.3 1.4 1.2	105.2 108.9 144.2 191.2 224.0 254.3 265.5 26.1 24.5 26.0 21.0 18.9 20.1 20.6 20.9	3.1 2.2 2.9 4.1 4.5 5.1 5.5 .3 .4 .4 .4 .5 .6	2.7 6.8 5.8 6.9 7.0 8.7 .2 0 0 0 0	86.0 104.5 109.1 127.2 152.0 164.8 182.8 15.0 13.5 14.7 14.9 15.7	3.7 3.9 3.6 3.8 3.9 4.2 3.6 (s) (s) .2 .4 .4	.1 .3 .3 .5 .5 .3 .5 .5 .5 .3 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5
1982 Total 1983 Total 1984 Total 1985 Total 1986 Total 1986 Total 1987 Total  1988 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total  1989 January February March April May June July	1.9 3.4 4.5 5.7 5.2 5 5 5 2 2 2	15.6 24.1 27.7 34.5 38.6 41.9 3.9 3.2 3.7 3.4 3.3 2.7 3.3 3.8 3.9 3.9	0.1 .2 2.1 3.4 .1 1.0 0 0 0 0 0	42.6 53.0 53.8 62.9 74.6 80.6 7.7 7.5 7.9 6.9 6.7 6.6 7.2 7.4 6.9	16.5 17.4 18.5 18.8 19.4 1.8 1.6 1.8 1.7 1.3 1.4 1.2	108.9 144.2 191.2 224.0 2254.3 265.5 26.1 24.5 26.0 21.0 18.9 20.1 20.6 20.9	2.2 2.9 4.1 4.5 5.1 5.5 .3 .4 .4 .4 .5 .6	6.8 5.8 6.9 7.0 8.7 .2 0 0 0 0	104.5 109.1 127.2 152.0 164.8 182.8 15.0 13.5 14.7 14.9 15.7 14.8 15.5	3.9 3.6 3.8 3.9 4.2 3.6 .3 (s) (s) (s) .2 .4 .4	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)
1983 Total 1984 Total 1985 Total 1985 Total 1986 Total 1987 Total 1988 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total 1989 January February March April May June July June July June July June July June July	3.4 4.5 5.8 5.7 5.2 5 5.5 5 5.2 2 2 	24.1 27.7 34.5 38.6 41.9 3.9 3.2 3.7 3.4 3.3 2.7 3.3 3.8 3.9 3.9	.2 2.1 3.4 .1 1.0 0 0 0 0 0 0	53.0 53.8 62.9 74.6 80.6 7.7 7.5 7.9 6.9 6.7 6.6 7.2 7.4	17.4 18.5 18.8 18.8 19.4 1.8 1.6 1.8 1.7 1.3 1.4 1.2	144.2 191.2 224.0 254.3 265.5 26.1 24.5 26.0 21.0 18.9 20.1 20.6 20.9	2.9 4.1 4.5 5.1 5.5 .3 .4 .4 .4 .5 .6	5.8 6.9 7.0 8.7 .2 0 0 0 0	109.1 127.2 152.0 164.8 182.8 15.0 13.5 14.7 14.9 15.7 14.8 15.5	3.6 3.8 3.9 4.2 3.6 .3 (s) (s) (s) .2 .4 .4	.3333333333.
1984 Total 1985 Total 1986 Total 1987 Total 1987 Total 1988 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total 1989 January February March April May June July 1989 January February March April May June July	4.5 5.8 5.7 5.2 .5 .5 .5 .2 .2 .2 .7 .5 .5	27.7 34.5 38.6 41.9 3.9 3.2 3.7 3.4 3.3 2.7 3.3 3.8 3.9 3.9	2.1 3.4 .1 1.0 0 0 0 0 0	53.8 62.9 74.6 80.6 7.7 7.5 7.9 6.9 6.7 6.6 7.2 7.4 6.9	18.5 18.8 18.8 19.4 1.8 1.6 1.8 1.7 1.3 1.4 1.2	191.2 224.0 254.3 265.5 26.1 24.5 26.0 21.0 18.9 20.1 20.6 20.9	4.1 4.5 5.1 5.5 .3 .4 .4 .4 .5 .6	6.9 7.0 8.7 .2 0 0 0 0 0	127.2 152.0 164.8 182.8 15.0 13.5 14.7 14.9 15.7 14.8 15.5	3.8 3.9 4.2 3.6 .3 (s) (s) (s) .2 .4 .4	.3 .5 .3 .1 (s) (s) 0 0 (s) (s)
1985 Total 1986 Total 1987 Total 1988 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total  1989 January February March April May June July	5.8 5.7 5.2 .5 .5 .5 .2 .2 .2 .7 .5 .5 .5	34.5 38.6 41.9 3.9 3.2 3.7 3.4 3.3 2.7 3.3 3.8 3.9 3.9	3.4 .1 1.0 0 0 0 0 0	62.9 74.6 80.6 7.7 7.5 7.9 6.9 6.7 6.6 7.2 7.4 6.9	18.8 18.8 19.4 1.8 1.6 1.8 1.7 1.3 1.4 1.2	224.0 254.3 265.5 26.1 24.5 26.0 21.0 18.9 20.1 20.6 20.9	4.5 5.1 5.5 .3 .4 .4 .4 .5 .6	7.0 8.7 .2 0 0 0 0 0	152.0 164.8 182.8 15.0 13.5 14.7 14.9 15.7 14.8 15.5	3.9 4.2 3.6 .3 (s) (s) .2 .4 .4	.3 .5 .3 (s) (s) 0 (s) (s) (s)
1986 Total 1987 Total  1988 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total  1989 January February March April May June July Agust September October November December July June July	5.7 5.2 .5 .5 .5 .2 .2 .2 .7 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5	38.6 41.9 3.9 3.2 3.7 3.4 3.3 2.7 3.3 3.8 3.9 3.9	.1 1.0 0 0 0 0 0 0	74.6 80.6 7.7 7.5 7.9 6.9 6.7 6.6 7.2 7.4 6.9	18.8 19.4 1.8 1.6 1.8 1.7 1.3 1.4 1.2	254.3 265.5 26.1 24.5 26.0 21.0 18.9 20.1 20.6 20.9	5.1 5.5 .3 .4 .4 .4 .5 .6	8.7 .2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	164.8 182.8 15.0 13.5 14.7 14.9 15.7 14.8 15.5	4.2 3.6 .3 (s) (s) .2 .4 .4	.5 .3 (s) (s) 0 0 (s) (s)
1987 Total  1988 January  February  March  April  May  June  July  August  September  October  November  December  Total  1989 January  February  March  April  May  June  July  June  July  June  July	5.2 .5 .5 .5 .2 .2 .2 .7 .5 .5	41.9 3.9 3.2 3.7 3.4 3.3 2.7 3.3 3.8 3.9 3.9	1.0 0 0 0 0 0 0	80.6 7.7 7.5 7.9 6.9 6.7 6.6 7.2 7.4 6.9	19.4 1.8 1.6 1.8 1.7 1.3 1.4 1.2	265.5 26.1 24.5 26.0 21.0 18.9 20.1 20.6 20.9	5.5 .3 .4 .4 .4 .5 .6	.2 0 0 0 0 0 0	182.8 15.0 13.5 14.7 14.9 15.7 14.8 15.5	3.6 .3 (s) (s) .2 .4 .4	.3 (s) (s) 0 0 (s) (s)
February March April May June July August September October November December Total  1989 January February March April May June July	.5 .5 .5 .2 .2 .7 .5 .5	3.9 3.2 3.7 3.4 3.3 2.7 3.3 3.8 3.9	0 0 0 0 0 0	7.7 7.5 7.9 6.9 6.7 6.6 7.2 7.4 6.9	1.8 1.6 1.8 1.7 1.3 1.4 1.2	26.1 24.5 26.0 21.0 18.9 20.1 20.6 20.9	.3 .4 .4 .4 .5 .6	0 0 0 0 0	15.0 13.5 14.7 14.9 15.7 14.8 15.5	.3 (s) (s) .2 .4 .4	.1 (s) (s) 0 0 (s) (s)
February March April May June September October November December Total September April May June March April May June June July March June July March April May June July March	.5 .5 .2 .2 .2 .7 .5 .5	3.2 3.7 3.4 3.3 2.7 3.3 3.8 3.9 3.9	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	7.5 7.9 6.9 6.7 6.6 7.2 7.4 6.9	1.6 1.8 1.7 1.3 1.4 1.2	24.5 26.0 21.0 18.9 20.1 20.6 20.9	.4 .4 .5 .6	0 0 0 0 0	13.5 14.7 14.9 15.7 14.8 15.5	(s) (s) .2 .4 .4	(s) (s) 0 0 (s) (s)
February March April May June September October November December Total September April May June March April May June June July March June July March April May June July March	.5 .5 .2 .2 .2 .7 .5 .5	3.7 3.4 3.3 2.7 3.3 3.8 3.9 3.9	0 0 0 0 0 0	7.9 6.9 6.7 6.6 7.2 7.4 6.9	1.8 1.7 1.3 1.4 1.2 1.5	26.0 21.0 18.9 20.1 20.6 20.9	.4 .4 .5 .6	0 0 0 0	14.7 14.9 15.7 14.8 15.5	(s) (s) .2 .4 .4	(s) (s) 0 0 (s) (s)
March April May June July August September October November December Total  1989 January February March April May June July	.5 .2 .2 .7 .5 .5	3.4 3.3 2.7 3.3 3.8 3.9 3.9	0 0 0 0 0	6.9 6.7 6.6 7.2 7.4 6.9	1.7 1.3 1.4 1.2 1.5	21.0 18.9 20.1 20.6 20.9	.4 .5 .6 .7	0 0 0 0	14.9 15.7 14.8 15.5	(s) .2 .4 .4 .4	(s) 0 0 (s) (s)
April May June July August September October December Total 1989 January February March April May June July	.2 .2 .7 .5 .5	3.3 2.7 3.3 3.8 3.9 3.9	0 0 0 0	6.7 6.6 7.2 7.4 6.9	1.3 1.4 1.2 1.5	21.0 18.9 20.1 20.6 20.9	.4 .5 .6 .7	0 0 0	14.9 15.7 14.8 15.5	.2 .4 .4 .4	0 0 (s) (s)
May June July August September October November December Total  1989 January February March April May June July	.2 .2 .7 .5 .5	3.3 2.7 3.3 3.8 3.9 3.9	0 0 0 0	6.7 6.6 7.2 7.4 6.9	1.3 1.4 1.2 1.5	18.9 20.1 20.6 20.9	.5 .6 .7 .	0 0 0	15.7 14.8 15.5	.4 .4 .4	0 (s) (s)
June	.2 .7 .5 .5	2.7 3.3 3.8 3.9 3.9	0 0 0 0	6.6 7.2 7.4 6.9	1.4 1.2 1.5	20.1 20.6 20.9	.6 .7 ,	0	14.8 15.5	.4 .4	(s) (s)
July	.7 .5 .5	3.3 3.8 3.9 3.9	0 0 0	7.2 7.4 6.9	1.2 1.5	20.6 20.9	.7 ,	Ŏ -	15.5	.4	(s)
August	.5 .5 .5	3.8 3.9 3.9	0 0	7.4 6.9	1.5	20.9					
September	.5 .5	3.9 3.9	Ō	6.9						4	0
October	.5	3.9	-		1.7		.5	0	14.1	.4	0
November			U		1.8	24.0	.5 .5	0		.4	•
December			0	6.7				-	13.6	.4	0
Total			_		1.7	23.3	.4	0	11.5	.4	0
February		4.1 <b>43.1</b>	.3 <b>.3</b>	7.7 <b>85.6</b>	1.8 <b>19.3</b>	26.1 <b>274.9</b>	.5 <b>6.1</b>	0 <b>0</b>	14.6 <b>173.6</b>	.4 3.7	0 . <b>2</b>
February March April May June July			•	0.4	4.0	20.5	_	_			
March April May June July		4.1	, ,.2	8.1	1.8	30.5	.3	0	15.2	.4	0
April May June July		3.4	.2	6.9	1.6	27.1	.3	0	14.4	(s)	0
May June July		3.6	.2	7.7	1.8	27.8	.3	0	16.2	.2	0
June July		3.0	.3	7.3	1.7	25.5	.4	0	13.3	.4	0
July		3.0	(s)	6.2	1.2	23.2	.4	0	13.8	.4	0
		3.0	.2	5.8	1.6	23.9	.4	0	14.3	.4	0
	.5	3.2	.2	7.1	1.4	23.7	.3	0	17.4	.4	0
August	(s)	3.7	0	6.9	1.5	21.0	.2	0	18.1	.4	0
September	.5	3.3	.2	6.6	1.3	22.6	.3	0	15.5	.4	0
October	.5	3.6	0	6.6	1.4	24.6	.4	Ō	14.8	.4	(s)
November	.5	3.6	0	6.3	1.7	24.9	.5	Ö	14.7	.4	(s)
December	.4	3.6	0 .	7.6	1.8	27.8	.4	Ō	16.0	.4	(s)
Total	5.0	41.2	1.6	83.2	18.8	302.5	4.0	Ö	183.7	4.0	.1
1990 January	.5	3.9	.1	7.3	1.8	28.7	.4	0	15.0	.3	(s)
February		3.5	.2	5.8	1.6	23.5	.5	ŏ	12.0	(s)	(s)
March		4.2	0	6.2	1.7	25.8	.5	ŏ	14.6	(s)	(s)
April		3.6	.1	5.4	1.7	E 26.5	.5 .5	ŏ	15.6	(S)	, ,
May		2.9	E .0	4.4	1.3	23.9	.5 .4	0	16.6		(s)
5-Month Total	,	18.1	€ .5	29.0	8.1	E 128.4	2.3	ŏ	<b>73.8</b>	.4 .8	.1 . <b>1</b>
1989 5-Month Total		17.2	.9	36.2	8.1	134.1	1.6	0	72.9	1.3	0
1988 5-Month Total	2.3	17.5	o"	36.7	8.1	116.5	2.1	Ö	73.7	.9	.1

^{*}Figures are for gross generation, as opposed to net generation. Net figures are generally less than gross figures by about 5 percent, the difference being the energy consumed by the generating plants themselves.

Footnotes continued on following page.

Monthly data for the United Kingdom are totals for 4- or 5-week reporting periods, not calendar months.

eTotal equals all countries with nuclear generating capacity except Bulgaria, China, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, the German Democratic Republic, Hun-

gary, North Korea, Poland, Romania, the U.S.S.R., and Yugoslavia.

dSome Central Electricity Generating Board figures were unavailable for March 1988. This number does not reflect the total generation for

R=Revised data. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than 0.05 billion gross kilowatthours.

Table 10.4b Nuclear Electricity Generation by Reporting Countries^a (Continued) (Billion Gross Kilowatthours)

	South Africa	South Korea	Spain	Sweden	Switzer- land	Talwan	United King- dom ^b	West Germany	Total ^c Excluding U.S.	United States	Totalc
973 Total	0	0	6.5	2.1	6.2	0	28.2	11.9	101.4	87.8	189.3
974 Total	ŏ	ŏ	7.2	2.3	7.0	Ō	33.8	12.0	121.7	124.3	246.0
975 Total	ŏ	ŏ	7.5	12.0	7.7	0	30.5	21.7	151.8	182.3	334.
976 Total	ŏ	Ŏ	7.6	16.0	7.9	0	36.8	24.5	187.1	201.8	388.
77 Total	ŏ	0.1	6.5	19.9	8.1	0.1	38.1	36.0	207.8	264.2	472.
78 Total	Ŏ	2.3	7.6	23.8	8.3	2.7	36.6	35.7	263.5	292.4	555.
79 Total	Ō	3.2	6.7	21.0	11.8	6.3	38.5	42.2	300.1	270.6	570.
80 Total	Ō	3.5	5.2	26.7	14.3	8.2	37.2	43.7	354.3	265.4	619.
81 Total	0	2.9	9.4	37.7	15.2	10.7	38.9	53.4	442.4	288.5	730.
982 Total	0	3.8	8.8	38.8	15.0	13.1	44.1	63.4	489.9	298.6	788.
983 Total	0	9.0	10.7	40.4	15.5	18.9	49.6	65.8	573.9	313.6	887.
984 Total	4.2	11.8	23.1	51.3	16.3	24.3	54.1	92.6	717.7	343.8	1,061.
985 Total	5.7	16.5	28.0	58.6	22.4	28.7	59.6	125.8	862.4	402.6	1,265.
986 Total	9.3	26.1	37.5	69.9	22.5	26.9	58.2	118.9	944.8	432.9	1,377.
987 Total	6.6	37.8	41.3	67.2	23.0	33.1	56.2	130.2	1,001.3	478.5	1,479.
988 January	.3	3.9	4.2	7.2	2.3	2.2	4.9	13.1	93.5	47.4	140.
February	.7	3.1	3.4	6.8	2.2	2.0	4.3	12.4	86.1	44.5	130
March	1.1	2.8	3.5	7.2	2.3	2.7	d 1.8	13.5	90.0	46.2	136
April	1.3	2.9	3.7	6.8	2.2	2.6	4.5	11.4	84.1	42.2	126
May	1.4	2.8	4.4	5.4	2.0	2.2	4.3	11.0	80.3	42.7	123
June	1.3	3.1	4.4	4.3	1.2	2.6	5.7	10.6	80.0	46.3	126
July	1.3	3.6	3.8	3.7	1.3	2.9	5.1	10.6	82.1	51.7	133
August	.8	3.5	2.7	3.6	1.0	3.0	5.3	10.0	80.8	51.7	132
September	.7	3.1	4.6	4.5	1.5	2.9	6.0	12.2	86.8	48.7	135 135
October	.7	3.8	4.9	6.6	2.3	2.4	5.3	13.7	91.0	44.6 41.7	128
November	.7	3.0	5.0	6.7	2.2	2.2	5.0	13.4	86.7 96.2	41.7 46.4	142
December	.9	3.2	4.6	6.7	2.3	2.2	7.2	13.2	96.2 1,037.5	554.1	1,591
Total	11.1	38.7	49.2	69.4	22.7	29.9	59.4	145.2	1,037.3	334.1	ŕ
989 January	1.1	3.4	4.9	7.2	2.3	2.4	6.8	13.0	102.1 92.9	48.7 40.8	150 133
February	.5	3.7	4.2	6.5	2.1	1.8	6.3	13.5	99.8	41.8	141
March	.6	4.4	4.2	6.7	2.3	1.7	6.7 5.9	14.8 13.4	90.9	35.3	126
April	.7	3.7	4.8	5.6	2.2	2.2 2.1	5.9 5.7	11.1	82.7	40.8	123
May	.7	3.8	4.7	3.9	2.0 1.2	2.0	6.7	9.6	81.6	45.1	126
June	1.1	3.4	4.2	3.3 2.6	1.1	2.7	4.8	8.7	84.4	55.2	139
July	1.1	4.0	5.4			2.7	4.8	11.4	86.4	57.6	144
August	1.1 1.3	4.9 4.1	5.2 4.6	3.3 5.0	1.0 1.9	2.9	6.6	11.0	87.8	47.0	134
September	1.3	4.1 4.5	4.6	5.0 6.8	2.3	2.5	5.2	13.5	93.2	45.7	138
October	1.3	4.5 3.6	4.7	7.0	2.3	2.6	5.3	14.2	93.2	45.6	138
November December	1.1	3.6	4.0	7.5 7.5	2.3	2.8	6.9	14.4	101.3	53.3	154
Total	11.7	47.2	56.1	65.6	22.8	28.3	71.6	148.7	1,096.2	557.0	1,653
000 Januari		4.0	5.4	7.4	2.3	2.6	6.0	15.4	101.7	57.7	159
990 January	.6 .5	4.0	5.4 4.5	6.6	2.3 2.1	2.0	5.8	12.8	86.6	52.3	138
February	.5 .5	4.6	4.5 4.5	6.4	2.1	2.6	6.2	13.2	93.5	48.4	141
March	_	4.1	4.5	5.4 5.4	2.3	2.2	5.2	12.8	R 91.6	40.6	R 132
April	.0 1.2	4.3	3.3	4.8	2.1	2.8	5.2	12.2	85.7	45.1	130
May 5-Month Total		21.0	22.5	30.6	10.9	12.3	28.3	66.4	459.1	244.0	703
989 5-Month Total	3.6	19.1	22.9	30.0	10.8	10.2	31.4	65.9	468.4	207.5	675

Notes: • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Monthly data may not sum to annual totals due to independent rounding, revisions in annual data not reflected in the monthly data, or both. Data for countries may not sum to world totals due to independent rounding. Source: Nucleonics Week (New York: McGraw-Hill Publishing Company).

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### **Appendix. Conversion Factors**

### **Using Conversion Factors**

Physical conversion factors can be used to compare energy quantities expressed in units of volume and weight. For example, 6.65 barrels of crude oil weighs approximately 1 short ton, as indicated in Table A1.

However, the heat content of a "short ton" of crude oil is greater than the heat content of a short ton of coal. The heat content, measured in British thermal units (Btu), of a given quantity of energy can be calculated using the thermal conversion factors presented in Tables A2 through A9.

Based on the thermal conversion factor shown for crude oil (production) in Table A2, a short ton of crude oil has a heat content of approximately 39 million Btu (6.65 barrels × 5.8 million Btu per barrel = 38.57 million Btu, which rounds to 39). As calculated from the thermal conversion factor for coal (production) in Table A6, a short ton of coal has a heat content of 22

million Btu (1 short ton  $\times 21.922$  million Btu per short ton = 21.922 million Btu, which rounds to 22). A short ton of crude oil, therefore, has a heat content almost two times greater than does a short ton of coal.

The thermal conversion factors in Tables A2 through A9 are computed from final annual data. When the current year's final data are not yet available for publication, thermal conversion factors for the current year are computed from the best available data and are labeled "preliminary." The source of each factor is described in a section entitled "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A9 in this appendix.

Thermal conversion factors for hydrocarbon mixes (Table A2) are weighted averages of the thermal conversion factors for each hydrocarbon included in the mix. For example, in calculating the thermal conversion factor for a 60/40 butane/propane mixture, the thermal conversion factor for butane is weighted 1.5 times more heavily than the thermal conversion factor for propane.

Table A1. Physical Conversion Factors for Energy Units

Unit	Equ	ivalent
Crud	e Oil (Average G	ravity)
1 U.S. barrel	42	U.S. gallons
1 short ton	6.65	barrels
1 metric ton	7.33	barrels
	Coal	
1 short ton	2,000	pounds
1 long ton	2,240	pounds
1 metric ton	2,204.62	pounds
1 metric ton	1,000	kilograms
	Uranium	
1 short ton U ₃ O ₆	0.769	metric ton of uranium
1 short ton UF ₆	0.613	metric ton of uranium
1 metric ton UF ₆	0.676	metric ton of uranium
Wood (	Average Dry Har	dwood)
1 cord	1.25	short tons
1 cord	128	cubic feet
1 cubic foot	0.028	cubic meters

Table A2. Approximate Heat Content of Petroleum Products (Million Btu per Barrel)

Petroleum Product	Heat Content	Petroleum Product	Heat Content
Asphalt	6.636	Petrochemical Feedstocks	
Aviation Gasoline	5.048	Naphtha Less Than 401 °F	5.248
Butane	4.326	Other Oils Equal to or Greater Than 401 °F	5.825
Butane-Propane Mixture*	4.130	Still Gas	6.000
Distillate Fuel Oil	5.825	Petroleum Coke	6.024
Ethane	3.082	Plant Condensate	5.418
Ethane-Propane Mixture	3.308	Propane	3.836
sobutane	3.974	Residual Fuel Oil	6.287
Jet Fuel, Kerosene Type	5.670	Road Oil	6.636
Jet Fuel, Naphtha Type	5.355	Special Naphthas	5.248
Kerosene	5.670	Still Gas	6.000
_ubricants	6.065	Unfinished Oils	5.825
Motor Gasoline	5.253	Unfractionated Stream	5.418
Natural Gasoline and Isopentane	4.620	Waxes	5.537
Pentanes Plus	4.620	Miscellaneous	5.796

Table A3. Approximate Heat Content of Crude Oil,^a Crude Oil and Products, and **Natural Gas Plant Liquids** (Million Btu per Barrel)

	Crude Oil Only			Crude Oil a	Natural Gas Plant	
CFII.	Production	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Liquids
973	5.800	5.817	5.800	5.897	5.752	4.049
974	5.800	5.827	5.800	5.884	5.774	4.011
975	5.800	5.821	5.800	5.858	5.748	3.984
976	5.800	5.808	5.800	5.856	5.745	3.964
977	5.800	5.810	5.800	5.834	5.797	3.941
978	5.800	5.802	5.800	5.839	5.808	3.925
979	5.800	5.810	5.800	5.810	5.832	3.955
980	5.800	5.812	5.800	5.796	5.820	3.914
981	5.800	5.818	5.800	5.775	5.821	3.930
982	5.800	5.826	5.800	5.775	5.820	3.872
983	5.800	5.825	5.800	5.774	5.800	3.839
984	5.800	5.823	5.800	5.745	5.850	3.812
985	5.800	5.832	5.800	5.736	5.814	3.815
986	5.800	5.903	5.800	5.808	5.832	3.797
987	5.800	5.901	5.800	5.820	5.858	3.804
988	5.800	5.900	5.800	5.820	5.840	3.800
989b	5.800	5.901	5.800	5.837	5.871	3.826
9906	5.800	5.901	5.800	5.837	5.871	3.826

^{*}Includes lease condensate.

a60 percent butane and 40 percent propane.b70 percent ethane and 30 percent propane.

Sources: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A9.

^bPreliminary.

Sources: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A9.

Table A4. Approximate Heat Content of Petroleum Product Weighted Averages^a (Million Btu per Barrel)

			Consumption				Exports	LPG Consumption
	Residential and Commercial	Industrial	Transportation	Electric Utilitles	Total	Imports		
1973	5.387	5.568	5.395	6.245	5.515	5.983	5.752	3.746
1974	5.377	5.538	5.394	6.238	5.504	5.959	5.773	3.730
1975	5.358	5.528	5.392	6.250	5.494	5.935	5.747	3.715
1976	5.383	5.538	5.395	6.251	5.504	5.980	5.743	3.711
1977	5.389	5.555	5.400	6.249	5.518	5.908	5.796	3.677
1978	5.382	5.553	5.404	6.251	5.519	5.955	5.814	3.669
1979	5.471	5.418	5.428	6.258	5.494	5.811	5.864	3.680
1980	5.468	5.376	5.440	6.254	5.479	5.748	5.841	3.674
1981	5.409	5.313	5.432	6.258	5.448	5.659	5.837	3.643
1982	5.392	5.263	5.422	6.258	5.415	5.664	5.829	3.615
1983	5.286	5.273	5.415	6.255	5.406	5.677	5.800	3.614
1984	5.261	5.253	5.424	6.251	5.395	5.613	5.867	3.599
1985	5.203	5.258	5.424	6.247	5.387	5.572	5.819	3.603
1986	5.238	5.330	5.425	6.257	5.418	5.624	5.839	3.640
1987	5.245	5.285	5.427	6.249	5.403	5.599	5.860	3.659
1988	5.216	5.293	5.430	6.250	5.411	5.618	5.842	3.652
19896	5.213	5.281	5.431	6.241	5.410	5.667	5.886	3.683
1990b	5.213	5.281	5.431	6.241	5.410	5.667	5.886	3.683

^{*}Weighted averages of the products included in each category are calculated using heat content values shown in Table A1.

**Table A5. Approximate Heat Content of Natural Gas** (Btu per Cubic Foot)

	Production			Consumption			
	Dry	Marketed (Wet)	Non-Electric Utility Users	Electric Utilities	Total	Imports	Exports
973	1,021	1,093	1,020	1,024	1,021	1,026	1,023
974	1,024	1,097	1,024	1,022	1,024	1,027	1,016
975	1,021	1,095	1,020	1,026	1,021	1,026	1,014
976	1,020	1,093	1,019	1,023	1,020	1,025	1,013
977	1,021	1,093	1,019	1,029	1,021	1,026	1,013
978	1,019	1,088	1,016	1,034	1,019	1,030	1,013
979	1,021	1,092	1,018	1,035	1,021	1,037	1,013
980	1,026	1,098	1,024	1,035	1,026	1,022	1,013
981	1,027	1,103	1,025	1,035	1,027	1,014	1,011
982	1,028	1,107	1,026	1,036	1,028	1,018	1,011
983	1,031	1,115	1,031	1,030	1,031	1,024	1,010
984	1,031	1,109	1,030	1,035	1,031	1,005	1,010
985	1,032	1,112	1,031	1,038	1,032	1,002	1,011
986	1,030	1,110	1,029	1,034	1,030	997	1,008
987	1,031	1,112	1,031	1,032	1,031	999	1,011
988	1,029	1,109	1,029	1,028	1,029	1,002	1,018
989*	1,029	1,109	1,029	1,028	1,029	1,002	1,018
990*	1,029	1,109	1,029	1,028	1,029	1,002	1,018

Preliminary.

Preliminary.
Sources: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A9.

**Table A6. Approximate Heat Content of Coal** (Million Btu per Short Ton)

	Production .			Consumption			Imports	Exports
		Residential and Commercial	Coke Plants	Other Industrial*	Electric Utilities ^b	Total		
1973	23.376	22.831	26.780	22.586	22.246	23.057	25.000	26.596
1974	23.072	22.479	26.778	22.419	21.781	22.677	25.000	26.700
1975	22.897	22.261	26.782	22.436	21.642	22.506	25.000	26.562
1976	22.855	22.774	26.781	22.530	21.679	22.498	25.000	26.601
977	22.597	22.919	26.787	22.322	21.508	22.265	25.000	26.548
978	22.248	22.466	26.789	22.207	21.275	22.017	25.000	26.478
979	22.454	22.242	26.788	22.452	21.364	22.100	25.000	26.548
980	22.415	22.543	26.790	22.690	21.295	21.947	25.000	26.384
981	22.308	22.474	26.794	22.585	21.085	21.713	25.000	26.160
982	22.239	22.695	26.797	22.712	21.194	21.674	25.000	26.223
983	22.052	22.775	26.798	22.691	21.133	21.576	25.000	26,291
984	22.010	22.844	26.799	22.543	21.101	21.573	25.000	26,402
985	21.870	22.646	26.798	22.020	20.959	21.366	25.000	26.307
986	21.913	22.947	26.798	22.198	21.084	21.462	25.000	26.292
987	21.922	23.404	26.799	22.381	21,136	21.517	25.000	26.291
988	21.822	23.571	26.799	22.360	20.900	21.327	25.000	26.299
989°	21.776	23.527	26.800	22.411	20.838	21.266	25.000	26.312
990°	21.776	23.527	26.800	22.411	20.838	21.266	25.000	26.312

[•]Includes transportation.

Table A7. Approximate Heat Content of Bituminous Coal and Lignite (Million Btu per Short Ton)

	Production			Consumption			Imports	Exports
		Residential and Commercial	Coke Plants	Other Industrial ^a	Electric Utilities	Total		
973	23.391	22.887	26.800	22.585	22.262	23.073	25.000	26.612
974	23.087	22.523	26.800	22,420	21.799	22,694	25.000	26.716
975	22.910	22.258	26.800	22,439	21.659	22.522	25.000	26.573
976	22.863	22.819	26.800	22.528	21.692	22.509	25.000	26.613
977	22.597	22.594	26.800	22,290	21.521	22.266	25.000	26,561
978	22.242	22.078	26.800	22.175	21.284	22.014	25.000	26.501
979	22.449	21.884	26.800	22,436	21.372	22,100	25.000	26.570
980	22.411	22.488	26.800	22.690	21,301	21.950	25.000	26.404
981	22.301	22.010	26.800	22.572	21.091	21.710	25.000	26.176
982	22.233	22.226	26.800	22.695	21,200	21.670	25.000	26.231
983	22.048	22.438	26,800	22.680	21.141	21.576	25.000	26.300
984	22.005	22.406	26.800	22.525	21.108	21.570	25.000	26,410
985	21.867	22.568	26.800	22.013	20.965	21.368	25.000	26.320
986	21.908	22.669	26.800	22.185	21.091	21,462	25.000	26.308
987	21.918	22.800	26.800	22.360	21,143	21.514	25.000	26.304
988	21.817	23,135	26.800	22.341	20.905	21.324	25.000	26.308
989ʰ	21.772	22.948	26.800	22.390	20.844	21.263	25.000	26.319
990b	21.772	22.948	26.800	22.390	20.844	21.263	25.000	26.319

^{*}Includes transportation.

^bData shown in this column are not the same as those shown in the *Electric Power Monthly* (EPM). The EPM data report coal receipts; the data shown here represent coal consumption.

Preliminary.

Preliminary

Sources: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A9.

Table A8. Approximate Heat Content of Anthracite and Coal Coke (Million Btu per Short Ton)

			Anthracite			Coal Coke	
		Consumption				Imports	
	Production	Non-Electric Utility Users	Electric Utilities	Total	and Exports	and Exports	
973	22,132	22.674	17.920	21.464	25.400	24.800	
974	21.711	22.330	17.200	20.919	25.400	24.800	
975	21,582	22.272	17.064	20.762	25.400	24.800	
976	22.045	22.618	17.526	21.254	25.400	24.800	
977	22.661	24.101	17.244	22.066	25.400	24.800	
978	23.079	24.388	17.104	22.398	25.400	24.800	
979	23.170	24.272	17.454	22.069	25.400	24.800	
980	22.869	22,719	17.652	21.405	25.400	24.800	
981	23.291	23,749	18.168	22.080	25.400	24.800	
982	23.289	24.578	18.160	22.518	25.400	24.800	
983	22.734	24.536	16.516	21.583	25.400	24.800	
984	23.107	25,128	17.018	22.322	25.400	24.800	
985	22.428	23.031	16.784	20.817	25.400	24.800	
986	23.084	24.399	15.578	21.512	25.400	24.800	
987	23.108	26.293	15.962	22.435	25.400	24.800	
988	23.266	26.021	17,312	22.423	25.400	24.800	
989*	23.268	26.556	16.344	22.244	25.400	24.800	
990*	23.268	26.556	16.344	22.244	25.400	24.800	

Preliminary.

Table A9. Approximate Heat Rates for Electricity (Btu per Kilowatthour)

	Ву	By Type of Generation			
. ,	Fossii Fuel Steam-Electric Power Plant Generation ⁴	Nuclear Power Plant Generation	Geothermal Energy Power Plant Generation	Electricity Consumption	
73	10,389	10,903	21,674	3,412	
74	10,442	11,161	21,674	3,412	
75	10,406	11,013	21,611	3,412	
76	10,373	11,047	21.611	3,412	
77	10,435	10,769	21,611	3,412	
78	10,361	10,941	21,611	3,412	
79	10,353	10,879	21,545	3,412	
80	10,388	10,908	21,639	3,412	
81	10,453	11,030	21,639	3,412	
82	10,454	11,073	21,629	3,412	
83	10,520	10,905	21,290	3,412	
84	10,323	10,843	21,303	3,412	
35	10,339	10,813	21,263	3,412	
36	10,261	10,799	21,263	3,412	
37	10,253	10,776	21,263	3,412	
38	10,235	10,743	21,096	3,412	
39b	10,235	10,743	21,096	3,412	
90b	10,235	10,743	21,096	3,412	

^{*}This thermal conversion factor is used for hydroelectric power generation and for wood and waste, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy consumed at electric utilities.

Preliminary.

Sources: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows this table.

# Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation

### Approximate Heat Content of Petroleum Products

Asphalt. 1973 forward: The Energy Information Administration (EIA) adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.636 million British thermal units (Btu) per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement*, Annual, 1956.

Aviation Gasoline. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 5.048 million Btu per barrel as adopted by the Bureau of Mines from the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation publication Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947-1985, 1968.

Butane. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 4.326 million Btu per barrel as published in the *California Oil World and Petroleum Industry*, First Issue, April 1942.

Butane-Propane Mixture. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines calculation of 4.130 million Btu per barrel based on an assumed mixture of 60 percent butane and 40 percent propane. See "Butane" and "Propane."

Distillate Fuel Oil. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.825 million Btu per barrel as reported in a Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Value of Various Fuels, adopted January 3, 1950.

Ethane. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 3.082 million Btu per barrel as published in the *California Oil World and Petroleum Industry*, First Issue, April 1942.

Ethane-Propane Mixture. 1979 forward: EIA calculated 3.308 million Btu per barrel based on an assumed mixture of 70 percent ethane and 30 percent propane. See "Ethane" and "Propane."

Isobutane. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 3.974 million Btu per barrel as published in the California Oil World and Petroleum Petroleum Industry, First Issue, April 1942.

Jet Fuel, Kerosene Type. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.670 million Btu per barrel as published for "Jet Fuel, Commercial" by the Texas Eastrn Transmission Corporation in the report Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947-1985, 1968.

Jet Fuel, Naphtha Type. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.355 million Btu per barrel as published for "Jet Fuel, Military" by the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation in the report Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947-1985, 1968.

Kerosene. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.670 million Btu per barrel as reported in a Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Values of Various Fuels, adopted January 3, 1950.

Lubricants. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.065 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the 6.065 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1956.* 

Miscellaneous Products. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 5.796 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement, Statement, Annual, 1956.* 

Motor Gasoline. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the Bureau of Minesthermal conversion factor of 5.253 million Btu per barrel as published for "Gasoline, Motor Fuel" by the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation in the report Competion and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947-1985, 1968.

Natural Gasoline. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 4.620 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement*, Annual, 1956.

Pentanes Plus. 1984 forward: EIA assumed the thermal conversion factor to be 4.620 million Btu per barrel or equal to that for natural gasoline. See "Natural Gasoline."

Petrochemical Feedstocks, Naphtha Less Than 401 Degrees Fahrenheit. 1973 forward: Assumed by EIA to be 5.248 million Btu per barrel, equal to the thermal conversion to the thermal conversion factor for special naphtha. See "Special Naphtha."

Petrochemical Feedstocks, Oils Equal to or Greater Than 401 Degrees Fahrenheit. 1973 forward: Assumed by EIA to be 5.825 million Btu per barrel, equal to the thermal conversion factor for distillate fuel oil. See "Distillate Fuel Oil."

Petrochemical Feedstocks, Still Gas. 1973 forward: Assumed by EIA to be 6.000 million Btu per barrel, equal to the thermal conversion factor for still gas. See "Still Gas."

Petroleum Coke. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.024 million Btu per barrel as reported in Btu per short ton in the Bureau of Mines internal Bureau of Mines internal memorandum Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Value of Various Fuels, adopted January 3, 1950. The Bureau of Mines calculated this factor by dividing the 30,120,000 Btu per short ton as given in the referenced Bureau of Mines internal memorandum by 5.0 barrels per short ton as given in the Bureau of Mines Form 6-1300-M and successor EIA forms.

Plant Condensate. 1973 forward: Estimated to be 5.418 million Btu per barrel by EIA from data provided by McClanahan Consultants, Inc., Houston, Texas.

**Propane.** 1973 forward: EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 3.836 million Btu per barrel as published in the *California Oil World and Petroleum Industry*, First Issue, April 1942.

Residual Fuel Oil. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the therml conversion factor of 6.287 million Btu per barrel as reported in the Bureau of Mines internal memorandum Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Values of Various Fuels, adopted January 3, 1950.

Road Oil. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 6.636 million Btu per barrel which was assumed to be equal to that of asphalt (see "Asphalt") and was first published by the Bureau of Mines in the *Petroleum Statement*, *Annual*, 1970.

Special Naphtha. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the Bureau of Minesthermal conversion factor of 5.248 million Btu per barrel which was assumed to be equal to that of total gasoline (avaiation and motor) factor and was first published in the *Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1970.* 

Still Gas. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines estimated thermal adopted the Bureau of Mines estimated thermal conversion factor of 6.000 million Btu per barrel and first published in the *Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1970.* 

Unfinished Oil. 1973 forward: EIA assumed the thermal conversion factor to be 5.825 million Btu per barrel or equal to that for distillate fuel oil (see "Distillate Fuel Oil") and first published in the Annual Report to Congress, Volume 3, 1977.

Unfractionated Stream. 1979 forward: EIA assumed the thermal conversion factor to be 5.418 million Btu per barrel or equal to that for plant condensate (see "Plant Condensate") and first published in the Annual Report to Congress, Volume 2, 1981.

Wax. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 5.537 million Btu per barrel as estimated

by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1956.

### Approximate Heat Content of Fuels

#### Petroleum

Crude Oil, Exports. 1973 forward: Assumed by EIA to be 5.800 million Btu per barrel or equal to the thermal conversion factor for crude oil produced in the United States. See "Crude Oil and Lease Condensate, Production."

Crude Oil, Imports. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by weighting the thermal conversion factor of each type of crude oil imported by the quantity imported. Thermal conversion factors for each type were calculated on a foreign country basis, by determining the average American Petroleum Institute (API) gravity of crude imported from each foreign country from Form ERA-60 in 1977 and converting average API gravity to average Btu content using National Bureau of Standards, Miscellaneous Publication No. 97, Thermal Properties of Petroleum Products, 1933.

Crude Oil and Lease Condensate, Production. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 5.800 million Btu per barrel as reported in a Bureau of Mines internal memorandum Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Values of Various Fuels, adopted January 3, 1950.

Crude Oil and Petroleum Products, Exports. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each petroleum product exported and crude oil exported weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product and crude oil exported. See "Crude Oil, Exports," and "Petroleum Products, Exports."

Crude Oil and Petroleum Products, Imports. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermalconversion factors for each petroleum product and each type of crude oil imported weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product and each type of crude oil imported. See "Crude Oil, Imports" and "Petroleum Products, Imports."

Natural Gas Plant Liquids, Production. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors of each natural gas plant liquid produced weighted by the quantity of each natural gas plant liquid produced.

Petroleum Products, Consumption. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products con-

sumed, weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product consumed.

Petroleum Products, Consumption by Electric Utilities. 1973-1988: Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed at electric utilities, weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product consumed at electric utilities. The quantity of petroleum consumed is estimated in the State Energy Data System as documented in the State Energy Data Report. 1989 forward: Estimated by EIA.

Petroleum Products, Consumption by Industrial Users. 1973-1988: Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed in the industrial sector, weighted by the estimated quantity of each petroleum product consumed in the industrial sector. The quantity of petroleum products consumed is estimated in the States Energy Data System as documented in the State Energy Data Report. 1989 forward: Estimated by EIA.

Petroleum Products, Consumption by Residential and Commercial Users. 1973-1988: Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed by the residential and commercial sector, weighted by the estimated quantity of each petroleum product consumed in the residential and commercial sector. The quantity of petroleum products consumed is estimated in the State Energy Data System as documented in the State Energy Data Report. 1989 forward: Estimated by EIA.

Petroleum Products, Consumption by Transportation Users. 1973-1988: Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factor for all petroleum products consumed in the transportation sector, weighted by the estimated quantity of each petroleum product consumed in the transportation sector. The quantity of petroleum products consumed is estimated in the State Energy Data System as documented in the State Energy Data Report. 1989 forward: Estimated by EIA.

Petroleum Products, Exports. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each petroleum product weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product exported.

Petroleum Products, Imports. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each petroleum product imported weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product imported.

Petroleum Products, Liquefied Petroleum Gases (LPG) Consumption. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors of each liquefied petroleum gas consumed weighted by the quantity of each liquefield petroleum gas consumed.

#### Natural Gas

Natural Gas, Consumption. 1973-1979: EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor calculated annually by the American Gas Association (AGA) and published in Gas Facts, an AGA annual. 1980 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content of natural gas consumed by the total quantity natural gas consumed. The heat content and quantity consumed are from Form EIA-176, and the factors are published in the EIA Natural Gas Annual 1988 Volume II, Table 15.

Natural Gas, Consumption by Electric Utilities. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content of natural gas received at electric utilities by the total quantity received at electric utilities. The heat contents and receipts are from Form FERC-423 and predecessor forms.

Natural Gas, Consumption by Non-Electric Utility Users. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of natural gas consumed by non-electric utility consumers by the quantity of non-electric utility natural gas consumed. Data are from Forms EIA-176, FERC-423, EIA-759, and predecessor forms.

Natural Gas, Exports. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of exported natural gas by the quantity of natural gas exported, both reported on Form FPC-14.

Natural Gas, Imports. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of imported natural gas by the quantity of natural gas imported, both reported on Form FPC-14.

Natural Gas Production, Dry. 1973 forward: Assumed by EIA to be equal to the thermal conversion factor for the consumption of dry natural gas. See "Natural Gas, Consumption."

Natural Gas Production, Marketed (Wet). 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by adding the heat content of dry natural gas production and the total heat content of natural gas plant liquids production and dividing this sum by the total quantity of marketed (wet) natural gas production.

### Coal and Coal Coke

Anthracite, Consumption. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of anthracite consumed by electric utilities and non-

electric utilities by the total quantity of anthracite consumed.

Anthracite, Consumption by Electric Utilities. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of anthracite receipts at electric utilities by the quantity of anthracite received at electric utilities. Heat contents and receipts are from Form FERC-423 and predecessor forms.

Anthracite, Consumption by Non-Electric Utility Users. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of anthracite production less the heat content of the anthracite consumed at electric utilities, net exports, and shipments to U.S. Armed Forces overseas by the quantity of non-electric utility anthracite consumption less the quantity of anthracite stock changes, losses, and unaccounted for.

Anthracite, Imports and Exports. 1973 forward: EIA assumed the anthracite imports and exports to be freshly mined anthracite having an estimated heat content of 25.40 million Btu per short ton.

Anthracite, Production. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of freshly mined anthracite (estimated to have an average heat content of 25.400 million Btu per short ton) and the heat content of anthracite recovered from culm banks and river dredging (estimated to have a heat content of 17.500 million Btu per short ton) by the total quantity of anthracite production.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Consumption. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite consumed by electric utilities, coal coke plants, other industrial plants, the residential and commercial sector, and the transportation sector by the sum of their respective tonnages.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Consumption by Coke Plants. 1973 forward: Estimated by EIA to be 26.800 million Btu per short ton based on an input/output analysis of coal carbonization.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Consumption by Electric Utilities. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content of bituminous coal and lignite received at electric utilities by the total quantity received at electric utilities. Heat contents and receipts are from Form FERC-423 and predecessor forms.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Consumption by Other Industrial and Transportation Users. 1973: Calculated by EIA through regression analysis measuring the difference between the average Btu value of coal consumed by other industrial users and that of coal consumed at electric utilities in the 1974-1982 period. 1974 forward: Calculated annually by EIA assuming that the bituminous coal and lignite delivered to other in-

dustrial users from each coal-producing district (reported on Form EIA-6 and predecessor Bureau of Mines Form 6-1419-Q) contained a heat value equal to bituminous coal and lignite received at electric utilities from each of the same coal-producing districts (reported on Form FERC-423). The average Btu value of coal by coal-producing district was applied to the volume of deliveries to other industrial users from each coal-producing district, and the sum total of the heat content was divided by the total volume of deliveries.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Consumption by Residential and Commercial Users. 1973: Calculated by EIA through regression analysis measuring the difference between the average Btu value of coal consumed by residential and commercial users and that of coal consumed by electric utilities in the 1974-1982 period, 1974 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by assuming that the bituminous coal and lignite delivered to residential and commercial users from each coal-producing district (reported on Form EIA-6 and predecessor Bureau of Mines Form 6-1419-Q) contained a heat value equal to bituminous coal and lignite received at electric utilities from each of the same coal-producing districts (reported on Form FERC-423). The average Btu value of coal by coal-producing district was applied to the volume of deliveries to residential and commercial users from each coal-producing district, and the total of the heat value was divided by the total volume of deliveries.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Exports. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of exported metallurgical coal (estimated to average 27.000 million Btu per short ton) and the heat content of exported steam coal (estimated to have an average thermal content of 25.000 million Btu per short ton) by the total quantity of bituminous coal and lignite exported.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Imports. 1973 forward: EIA estimated the average thermal conversion factor to be 25.000 million Btu per short ton.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Production. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite consumption, net exports, stock changes, and unaccounted for by the sum of their respective tonnages. Consumers' stock changes by sectors were assumed to have the same conversion factor as the consumption sector. Producers' stock changes and unaccounted for were assumed to have the same conversion factor as consumption by all users.

Coal, Consumption. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite consumption by the sum of their respective tonnages.

Coal, Consumption by Electric Utilities. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite received at electric utilities by the sum of their respective tonnages received.

Coal, Consumption by Non-Electric Utility Users. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite consumed by non-electric utility users by the sum of their respective tonnages.

Coal, Exports. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite exported by the sum of their respective tonnages.

Coal, Imports. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite imported by the sum of their respective tonnages.

Coal, Production. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the total heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite production by the sum of their respective tonnages.

Coal Coke, Imports and Exports. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines estimate of 24.800 million Btu per short ton.

# Approximate Heat Rates for Electricity

Fossil Fuel Steam-Electric Power Plant Generation. There is no generally accepted practice for measuring

the thermal conversion rates for power plants that generate electricity from hydroelectric, wood and waste, wind, photovoltaic, or solar thermal energy sources. EIA has selected a rate that is equal to the prevailing annual average heat rate factor for fossil-fueled steamelectric power plants in the United States. By using that factor, it is possible to evaluate fossil fuel requirements for replacing those sources during periods of interruption such as droughts. The heat content of a kilowatthour of electricity produced, regardless of the generation process, is 3,412 Btu per kilowatthour. 1973 forward: The weighted annual average heat rate for fossil-fueled steam-electric power plants in the United States, as published by EIA in Historical Plant Cost and Annual Production Expenses for Selected Electric Plants.

Geothermal Energy Power Plant Generation. 1973-1981: Calculated annually by EIA by weighting the average annual heat rates of operating geothermal units by the installed nameplate capacities as reported on Form FPC-12. 1982 forward: Estimated annually by EIA based on an informal survey of relevant plants.

Nuclear Power Plant Generation. 1973-1986: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content consumed in reactors at nuclear plants by the total (net) electricity generated by nuclear plants. The heat content and electricity generation are reported on Form FERC-1, Form EIA-412, and predecessor forms. The factors are published beginning with 1982 data in EIA, Historical Plant Cost and Annual Production Expenses for Selected Electric Plants. 1987 forward: Estimated by EIA.

### Glossary

Anthracite: A hard, black, lustrous coal containing a high percentage of fixed carbon and a low percentage of volatile matter. It is often referred to as hard coal. It includes meta-anthracite and semianthracite and conforms to ASTM Specification D388 for anthracite.

**ASTM:** The acronym for the American Society for Testing and Materials.

Base Gas: The volume of gas needed as a permanent inventory to maintain adequate underground storage reservoir pressures and deliverability rates throughout the withdrawal season. All native gas is included in the base gas volume.

Bituminous Coal: A coal that is high in carbonaceous matter having a volatility greater than anthracite and a calorific value greater than lignite. In the United States, it is often referred to as soft coal. In this report, "bituminous coal" conforms to ASTM Specification D388 for bituminous and subbituminous coal. It is used primarily for electricity generation, coke production, and space heating.

British Thermal Unit (Btu): The amount of energy required to raise the temperature of 1 pound of water 1 °F at or near 39.2 °F. One Btu is equivalent to about 252 International Steam Table calories. An average Btu content of fuel is a heat value per unit quantity of fuel as determined from tests of fuel samples.

Butane: A normally gaseous, paraffinic hydrocarbon  $(C_4H_{10})$  extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams. It includes isobutane (branch-chain) and normal butane (straight-chain) and is covered by ASTM Specification 1835 and Natural Gas Processors Specifications for commercial butane. It is used primarily for blending into high-octane gasoline, for residential and commercial heating, and for industrial purposes, especially the manufacture of chemicals and synthetic rubber.

**Butylene:** A normally gaseous, olefinic hydrocarbon  $(C_4H_8)$  recovered from refinery processes. Quantities are included with "normal butane" data.

City Gate Price of Natural Gas: Price of natural gas at the point it is transferred from a pipeline company to a local distribution company.

Coal: Includes all ranks of coal--anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, and lignite--conforming to ASTM Specification D388.

Coal Coke: The strong, porous residue, consisting of carbon and mineral ash, that is formed when the volatile constituents of bituminous coal are driven off by heat in the absence of or in a limited supply of air. It is used primarily in blast furnaces for smelting ores, especially iron ore.

Commercial Sector: Nonmanufacturing business establishments, including hotels, motels, restaurants, wholesale businesses, retail stores, laundries, and other service enterprises; health, social, and educational institutions; and Federal, State, and local governments. Street lights, pumps, bridges, and public services are also included. (For allocation of individual fuels to end-use sectors, see the Notes and Sources for Section 2.)

Crude Oil Average Domestic First Purchase Price: The average price at which all domestic crude oil is purchased. Prior to February 1976, the price represented an estimate of the average of posted prices; after February 1976, the price represents an average of actual first purchase prices. This price is frequently called the wellhead price.

Crude Oil (including lease condensate): A mixture of hydrocarbons that exists in liquid phase in underground reservoirs and remains liquid at atmospheric pressure after passing through surface separating facilities. Included are lease condensate and liquid hydrocarbons produced from tar sands, gilsonite, and oil shale. Drip gases are also included, but topped crude oil (residual oil) and other unfinished oils are excluded. Liquids produced at natural gas processing plants and mixed with crude oil are excluded where identifiable.

Crude Oil Refinery Input: Total crude oil (including lease condensate) input to crude oil distillation units and other processing units.

Crude Oil Stocks: Stocks of crude oil and lease condensate held at refineries, in pipelines, at pipeline terminals, and on leases.

**Degree-Day Normals:** Simple arithmetic averages of monthly or annual degree-days over a long period of time (usually the 30-year period 1951-1980). These may

be simple degree-day normals or population-weighted degree-day normals.

Degree-Days, Cooling: The number of degrees per day that the daily average temperature is above 65 °F. The daily average temperature is the mean of the maximum and minimum temperatures for a 24-hour period.

Degree-Days, Heating: The number of degrees per day that the daily average temperature is below 65 °F. The daily average temperature is the mean of the maximum and minimum temperatures for a 24-hour period.

Degree-Days, Population-Weighted: Heating or cooling degree-days weighted by the population of the area in which the degree-days are recorded. To compute State population-weighted degree-days, each State is divided into from one to nine climatically homogeneous divisions which are assigned weights based on the ratio of the population of the division to the total population of the State. Degree-day readings for each division are multipliedby the corresponding population weight for each division and these products are then summed to arrive at the State population-weighted degree-day figure.

To compute national population-weighted degree-days, the Nation is divided into nine Census regions, each composed of from three to eight States. The regions are assigned weights based on the ratio of the population of the region to the total population of the Nation. Degree-day readings for each region are multiplied by the corresponding population weight for each region and these products are then summed to arrive at the national pupulation-weighted degree-day figure.

Development Well: A well drilled within the proved area of an oil or gas reservoir to the depth of a stratigraphic horizon known to be productive.

Distillate Fuel Oil: Light fuel oils distilled during the refining process and used primarily for space heating, on- and off-highway diesel engine fuel (including railroad engine fuel and fuel for agricultural machinery), and electric power generation. Included are products known as No.1, No. 2, and No. 4 fuel oils, and No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 diesel fuels, conforming to ASTM Specifications D396 or D975, respectively. No. 1 fuel oil is a light distillate fuel oil used in vaporizing pot-type burners. No. 2 fuel oil is used in atomizing-type burners for domestic heating or for moderate capacity commercial-industrial burner units. No. 4 fuel oil is a blend of distillate fuel oil and residual fuel oil that is used in commercial burner installations not equipped with preheating facilities; it is used extensively in industrial plants. Diesel fuel oils are used in compressionignition engines.

Dry Hole: An exploratory or development well found to be incapable of producing either oil or gas in suffi-

cient quantities to justify completion as an oil or gas well.

Electrical System Energy Losses: The amount of energy lost during generation, transmission, and distribution of electricity, including plant use and unaccounted for electrical energy.

Electricity Generation: Net electricity (gross electricity output measured at the generator terminals, minus power plant use) generated at electric utilities. Excluded industrial electricity generation. International data are gross electricity output.

Electricity Sales: The gross electricity output measured at the generator terminals, minus power plant use and transmission and distribution losses. Included in each end-use sector are the following: commercial sales of electricity to businesses that generally require less than 1,000 kilowatts of service; industrial sales of electricity to businesses that generally require more than 1,000 kilowatts of service; residential sales of electricity to residences for household purposes; "other" sales of electricity to government, railways, street lighting authorities, and sales not elsewhere included.

Electric Utility: A corporation, person, agency, authority, or other entity that owns or operates facilities for the generation, transmission, distribution, or sale of electricity, primarily for use by the public.

Electric Utility Sector: Privately and publicly owned establishments that generate electricity primarily for use by the public.

Ethane: A normally gaseous, paraffinic hydrocarbon  $(C_2H_6)$  extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams. It is used primarily as petrochemical feedstock for production of chemicals and plastic materials.

Ethylene: A normally gaseous, olefinic hydrocarbon  $(C_2H_4)$  recovered from refinery processes. Quantities are included with "ethane" data.

Exploratory Well: A well drilled to find and produce oil or gas in an unproved area; to find a new reservoir in a field previously found to be productive of oil or gas in another reservoir; or to extend the limit of a known oil or gas reservoir.

Exports: Shipments of goods from the 50 States and the District of Columbia to foreign countries, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and other U.S. possessions and territories.

F.o.b. (free on board) Price of Imported Crude Oil: The f.o.b. price is the price actually charged at the producing country's port of loading. The reported price includes deductions for any rebates and discounts and additions of premiums where applicable; it should be the actual price paid with no adjustments for credit terms.

Fossil Fuel Steam-Electric Power Plant: An electricity generation plant in which the prime mover is a turbine rotated by high-pressure steam produced in a boiler by heat from burning fossil fuels.

Gas Well: A well completed for the production of natural gas from one or more gas zones or reservoirs. (Wells producing both crude oil and natural gas are classified as oil wells.)

Geothermal Energy (as used at electric utilities): Hot water or steam, extracted from geothermal reservoirs in the earth's crust, which is supplied to steam turbines at electric utilities that drive generators to produce electricity.

Gross Energy Consumption: Total energy use including electrical system energy losses.

Gross National Product (GNP): The total value of goods and services produced by the Nation's economy, before deduction of depreciation charges and other allowances for capital consumption. It includes the total purchases of goods and services by private consumers and government, gross private domestic capital investment, and net foreign trade.

Gross Wet Gas Withdrawal: Full well stream volume, including all natural gas plant liquid and nonhydrocarbon gases, but excluding lease condensate. Also includes amounts delivered as royalty payments or consumed in field operations.

Hydroelectric Power: Electricity generated by an electric power plant whose turbines are driven by falling water.

Imports: Receipts of goods into the 50 States and the District of Columbia from foreign countries, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and other U.S. possessions and territories. (See Petroleum Imports.)

Industrial Sector: Manufacturing, construction, mining, agriculture, fishing and forestry establishments. (For allocation of individual fuels to end-use sectors, see the Notes and Sources for Section 2.)

Isobutane: See Butane.

Landed Cost of Crude Oil Imports: The price of imported crude oil at the port of discharge. It includes the purchase price at the foreign port plus charges for transporting and insuring the crude oil from the purchase point to the port of discharge. It does not include import tariffs or fees, wharfage charges, or demurrage costs. Coverage includes the United States and its territories.

Lease and Plant Fuel: Natural gas used in lease operations, as gas processing plant fuel, and as net used for gas lift.

Lease Condensate: A natural gas liquid recovered from gas-well gas (associated and nonassociated) in lease separators or natural gas field facilities. Lease condensate consists primarily of pentanes and heavier hydrocarbons. Generally, it is blended with crude oil for refining.

Lignite: A brownish-black coal of low rank with high inherent moisture and volatile matter. It is also referred to as brown coal. It conforms to ASTM Specification D388 for lignite and is used almost exclusively for electric power generation.

Liquefied Petroleum Gases (LPG): Ethane, propane, normal butane, ethane-propane mixtures, propane-butane mixtures, and isobutane produced at natural gas processing plants, including plants that fractionate raw natural gas plant liquids. LPG also included liquefied refinery gases (ethylene, propylene, butylene, and isobutylene produced from crude oil at refineries).

Motor Gasoline, Finished: A complex mixture of relatively volatile hydrocarbons, with or without small quantities of additives, that have been blended to form a fuel suitable for use in spark-ignition engines and conforming to ASTM Specification D439. Included are finished leaded gasoline, finished unleaded gasoline, and gasohol. Excluded are blendstock that has not been blended into finished motor gasoline and alcohol that has not been blended into gasohol.

Motor Gasoline, Leaded Premium: A gasoline having an antiknock index of 93 with the use of lead additives or which contains more than 0.05 grams of lead per gallon or more than 0.005 grams of phosphorus per gallon. Includes gasohol.

Motor Gasoline, Leaded Regular: A gasoline having an antiknock index of 89 with the use of lead additives or which contains more than 0.05 grams of lead per gallon or more than 0.005 grams of phosphorus per gallon.

Motor Gasoline, Total: Includes finished leaded motor gasoline (premium and regular), finished unleaded motor gasoline (premium and regular), motor gasoline blending components, and gasohol.

Motor Gasoline, Unleaded Premium: A gasoline having an antiknock index of 90 containing not more than 0.05 grams of lead per gallon and not more than 0.005 grams of phosphorous per gallon. Includes gasohol.

Motor Gasoline, Unleaded Regular: A gasoline having an antiknock index of 87 containing not more than 0.05 grams of lead per gallon and not more than 0.005 grams of phosphorous per gallon.

Natural Gas: A mixture of hydrocarbons (principally methane) and small quantities of various nonhydrocarbons existing in the gaseous phase or in solution with crude oil in underground reservoirs.

Natural Gas Plant Liquids (NGPL): Those natural gas liquids that are recovered from natural gas processing plants, and in some situations, from natural gas field facilities, as well as those that are extracted by fractionators. Natural gas plant liquids are defined according to the published specifications of the ASTM and the Gas Processors Association and are classified as follows: ethane, propane, normal butane, isobutane, pentanes plus, and other products from natural gas processing plants (i.e., products meeting the standards for finished petroleum products produced at natural gas processing plants, such as finished motor gasoline, finished aviation gasoline, special naphthas, kerosene, distillate fuel oil, and miscellaneous products).

Natural Gas Wellhead Price: The annual wellhead price of natural gas is calculated by dividing the total reported value at the wellhead by the total quantity produced as reported by the appropriate agencies of individual producing States, as well as the U.S. Geological Survey (through 1981) and the U.S. Minerals Management Service (from 1982 forward). The price includes all costs prior to shipment from the lease including gathering and compression costs in addition to State production, severance, and similar charges.

An estimate of the U.S. natural gas price is made each month based on monthly natural gas prices from four States: Mississippi, New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Texas.

Net Generation of Electricity: Gross generation less electricity consumed at the generating plant for station use. Electricity required for pumping at pumped-storage plants is regarded as plant use and is deducted from gross generation.

Net Consumption of Energy: Total energy use excluding electrical system energy losses.

Normal Butane: See Butane.

Nuclear Energy: Electricity generated by an electric power plant whose turbines are driven by steam generated in a reactor by heat from the fissioning of nuclear fuel.

Oil Well: A well completed for the production of crude oil from one or more oil zones or reservoirs. Wells producing both crude oil and natural gas are classified as oil wells.

Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD): Current members: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, West Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, United Kingdom, and the United States and its territories (Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands).

Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC): Current members: Algeria, Ecuador, Gabon,

Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela.

Pentanes Plus: A mixture of hydrocarbons, mostly pentanes and heavier, extracted from natural gas. This product includes isopentane, natural gasoline, and plant condensate.

Petroleum: A generic term applied to oil and oil products in all forms, such as crude oil, lease condensate, unfinished oils, petroleum products, natural gas plant liquids, and nonhydrocarbon compounds blended into finished petroleum products.

Petroleum Coke: A solid residue that is the final product of the condensation process in cracking. It consists of aromatic hydrocarbons very poor in hydrogen. Calcination of petroleum coke can yield almost pure carbon or artificial graphite suitable for production of carbon or graphite electrodes, structural graphite, motor brushes, dry cells, and similar products. This product is reported as marketable or catalyst coke.

Petroleum Imports: Imports of petroleum into the 50 States and the District of Columbia from foreign countries, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and other U.S. territories and possessions. Included are imports for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve and withdrawals from bonded warehouses for onshore consumption, offshore bunker use, and military use. Excluded are receipts of foreign petroleum into bonded warehouses and into U.S. territories and U.S. Foreign Trade Zones.

Petroleum Products: Petroleum products are obtained from the processing of crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas, and other hydrocarbon compounds. Petroleum products include unfinished oils, liquefied petroleum gases, pentanes plus, aviation gasoline, motor gasoline, naphtha-type jet fuel, kerosenetype jet fuel, kerosene, distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, naphtha less than 401 °F end-point, other oils equal to or greater than 401 °F end-point, special naphthas, lubricants, waxes, petroleum coke, asphalt, road oil, still gas, and miscellaneous products.

Petroleum Products Supplied: Total petroleum products supplied is the sum of all petroleum products supplied. For each product, the amount supplied is calculated by summing production, crude oil burned directly, imports, and net withdrawals from primary stocks and subtracting exports.

Petroleum Stocks, Primary: Stocks of crude oil or petroleum products held in storage at (or in) leases, refineries, natural gas processing plants, pipelines, tankfarms, and bulk terminals that can store at least 50,000 barrels of petroleum products or that can receive petroleum products by tanker, barge, or pipeline. Crude oil that is in transit from Alaska, or that is stored on Federal leases or in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve, is included. Excluded are stocks of foreign origin that are held in bonded warehouse storage.

Photovoltaic and Solar Thermal Energy (as used at electric utilities): Energy radiated by the sun as electromagnetic waves (electromagnetic radiation) that is converted at electric utilities into electricity by means of solar (photovoltaic) cells or concentrating (focusing) collectors.

**Propane:** A normally gaseous, paraffinic hydrocarbon  $(C_3H_8)$ . It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams, and includes all products covered by Gas Processors Association Specifications for commercial propane and HD-5 propane and ASTM Specification D1835. Propane is used primarily for residential and commercial heating and cooling, and also as a fuel for transportation. Industrial uses of propane include use as a petrochemical feedstock.

**Propylene:** A normally gaseous, olefinic hydrocarbon  $(C_3H_6)$  recovered from refinery processes. Quantities are included with "propane" data.

Refiner Acquisition Cost: The cost of crude oil to the refiner, including transportation and fees. The composite cost is the weighted average of domestic and imported crude oil costs.

Renewable Energy: Energy obtained from sources that are essentially inexhaustible (unlike, for example, the fossil fuels, of which there is a finite supply). Renewable sources of energy include wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.

Reservoir Repressuring: The injection of natural gas into oil and gas reservoir formations for pressure maintenance and cycling.

Residential Sector: Private household establishments, which consume energy primarily for space heating, water heating, air conditioning, lighting, refrigeration, cooking, and clothes drying. (For allocation of individual fuels to end-use sectors, see the Notes and Sources for Section 2.)

Residual Fuel Oil: The heavier oils that remain after the distillate fuel oils and lighter hydrocarbons are distilled away in refinery operations and that conform to ASTM Specifications D396 and 975. Included are No. 5, a residual fuel oil of medium viscosity; Navy Special, for use in steam-powered vessels in government service and in shore power plants; and No. 6, which includes Bunker C fuel oil, and is used for commercial and industrial heating and electricity generation. Imports of residual fuel oil include imported crude oil burned as fuel.

Rotary Rig: A machine, used for drilling wells, that employs a rotating tube attached to a bit for boring holes through rock.

Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR): Petroleum stocks maintained by the Federal Government for use during periods of major supply interruption.

Subbituminous Coal: A dull black coal of rank intermediate between lignite and bituminous coal. It conforms to ASTM Specification D388 for subbituminous coal, and is used almost exclusively for electric power generation. In this report, quantities are included with "bituminous coal" data.

Supplemental Gaseous Fuels: Consist primarily of synthetic natural gas, propane-air, and refinery (still) gas. May also include coke oven gas, biomass gas, manufactured gas, and air injected for Btu stabilization.

Synthetic Natural Gas (SNG): A product resulting from the manufacture, conversion, or reforming of hydrocarbons that may be easily substituted for, or interchanged with, pipeline-quality natural gas.

Transportation Sector: Private and public vehicles that move people and commodities. Included are automobiles, trucks, buses, motorcycles, railroads and railways (including streetcars), aircraft, ships, barges, and natural gas pipelines.

Unaccounted for Crude Oil: Represents the arithmetic difference between the indicated demand for crude oil and the total disposition of crude oil. Indicated demand is the sum of crude oil production and imports less changes in crude oil stocks. Total disposition of crude oil is the sum of crude oil input to refineries, crude oil exports, crude oil burned as fuel, and crude oil losses.

United States: Unless otherwise noted, "United States" in this publication means the 50 States and the District of Columbia. U.S. exports include shipments to U.S. Territories, and imports include receipts from U.S. Territories.

Wind Energy (as used at electric utilities): The kinetic energy of wind converted at electric utilities into mechanical energy by wind turbines (i.e., blades rotating from a hub) that drive generators to produce electricity for distribution.

Wood and Waste (as used at electric utilities): Wood energy (see Wood Energy), garbage, bagasse, sewerage gas and other industrial, agricultural, and urban refuse used to generate electricity for distribution.

Wood Energy: Wood and wood products used as fuel. Included are round wood (cord wood), limb wood, wood chips, bark, sawdust, forest residues, charcoal, pulp waste, and spent pulping liquor.

Working Gas: The volume of gas in an underground storage reservoir above the designed level of the base. It may or may not be completely withdrawn during any particular withdrawal season. Conditions permitting, the total working capacity could be used more than once during any season.

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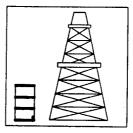
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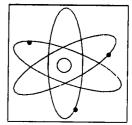
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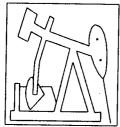


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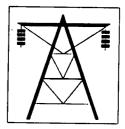
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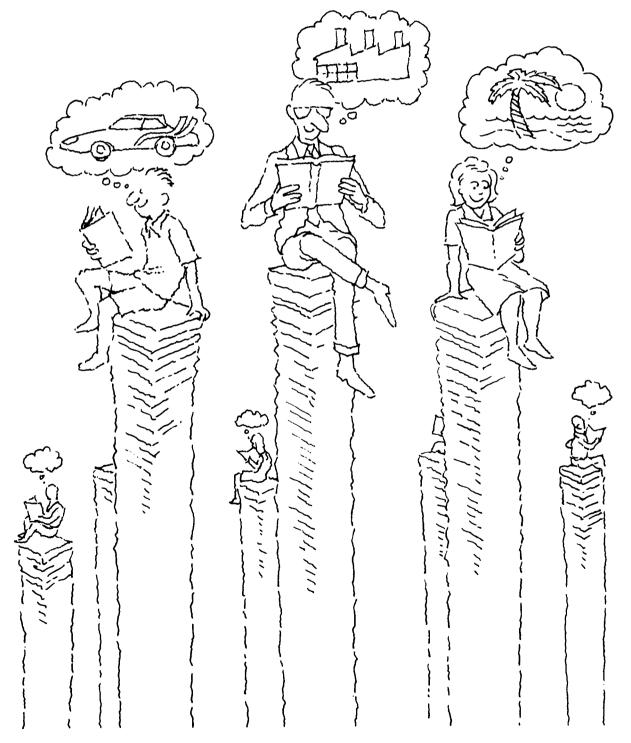
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