

Energy Information Administration

## Monthly

## Energy

Review
October 1987


## Monthly Energy Review

The Monthly Energy Review presents current data on production, consumption, stocks, imports, exports, and prices of the principal energy commodities in the United States. Also included are data on international production of crude oil, consumption of petroleum products, petroleum stocks, and production of electricity from nuclear-powered facilities.

Publication of this report is in keeping with responsibilities given the Energy Information Administration in Public Law 95-91 (Section 205(a)(2)) that states:

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The Monthly Energy Review is intended to provide timely energy information to Members of Congress, to Federal and State agencies, and to the general public.

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# Monthly Energy Review 

## October 1987

Energy Information Administration
Office of Energy Markets and
End Use
U.S. Department of Energy

Washington, DC 20585


This report was prepared by the Energy Information Administration, the independent statistical and analytical agency within the Department of Energy. The information contained herein should not be construed as advocating or necessarily reflecting any policy position of the Department of Energy or any other organization.

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## Feature Articles

Feature articles on energy-related subjects are occasionally included in this publication. The following is a complete list of all the feature articles that have been published to date.

|  | March 1975 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Nuclear Power | April 1975 |
| The Price of Crude Oil | June 1975 |
| U.S. Coal Resources and Reserves | July 1975 |
| Propane, A National Energy Resourc | September 1975 |
| Short-Term Energy Supply and Demand Forecasting at FEA | October 1975 |
| Curtailments of Natural Gas Service | January 1976 |
| Home Heating Conservation Alternatives and the Solar Collector Industry | March 1976 |
| Trends in United States Petroleum Imports | September 1976 |
| Crude Oil Entitlements Program . . . . . . . | January 1977 |
| Motor Gasoline Supply and Demand | July 1977 |
| Short-Term Petroleum Supply and Demand | May 1978 |
| The Energy Requirements of U.S. Agriculture | July 1979 |
| Three Mile Island--Possible Regulatory Responses and Their Impacts on the Nation's. Short-Term Electric Utility Fuel Outlook | October 1979 |
| Reduction in Natural Gas Requirements Due to Fuel Switching . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | December 1979 |
| The Solar Collector Industry and Solar Energy | February 1980 |
| Trends in the Installation of Energy Using Equipment in New Residential Buildings . . . | March 1980 |
| The Energy Information Administration's Oil and Gas Reserves Program--The First . . Year's Report | June 1980 |
| Energy From Urban Waste . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | August 1980 |
| Natural Gas Liquids: Revisions to 1979 Data | October 1980 |
| EIA Weekly Petroleum Data: Data Collection and Methods of Estimation | November 1980 |
| The Department of Energy Disclosure Policy for Individually Identifiable Information Maintained by the Energy Information Administration | December 1980 |
| Changes in 1981 Petroleum Data Series . . . . . . | May 1981 |
| Information Services of the Energy Information Administration | September 1981 |
| An Overview of Natural Gas Markets | December 1981 |
| The Interstate and Intrastate Natural Gas Markets | January 1982 |
| Natural Gas Drilling and Production Under the Natural Gas Policy Act | February 1982 |
| Impacts of Financial Constraints on the Electric Utility Industry | October 1982 |
| The Effect of Weather on Energy Use | April 1983 |
| Trends in U.S. Energy Since 1973 | May 1983 |
| Data Series on Petroleum Use at Electric Utilite | July 1983 |
| Residential Energy Consumption, 1978 Through 1981 | September 1983 |
| Exploring for Oil and Gas . | November 1983 |
| The Influence of Federal Actions on Petroleum Exploration | December [2] 1983 |
| Aggregate Statistics: Accurate or Misleading? | December [3] 1983 |
| Estimating Well Completions | March 1985 |
| State Motor Gasoline Taxes, 1980-1985 | March 1986 |
| The Impact of Low Oil Prices on Electric Utility Fuel Choice | June 1986 |
| U.S. Energy Industry Financial Developments, 1986 Second Quarter | June 1986 |
| U.S. Energy Industry Financial Developments, 1986 | December 1986 |
| Manufacturing Sector Energy Consumption, 1985 Provisional Estimates | January 1987 |
| U.S. Energy Industry Financial Development, 1987 Second Quarter | June 1987 |
| End-Use Consumption of Residential Energy | July 1987 |

## Highlights

"Highlights"--special features that summarize the most important information presented in selected Energy Information Administration reports--are occasionally included in this publication. The following is a complete list of all the reports that have been summarized to date.

| U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, 1981 Annual Report | September 1982 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Energy Company Development Patterns in the Postembargo Era, Volume One . . | November 1982 |
| Residential Energy Consumption Survey: Consumption and Expenditures | January 1983 |
| Residential Energy Consumption Survey: Housing Characteristics | February 1983 |
| Energy Price and Expenditure Data Report, 1970-1980 . | July 1983 |
| Railroad Deregulation: Impact on Coal | August 1983 |
| Port Deepening and User Fees: Impact on U.S. Coal Exports | August 1983 |
| U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, 1982 Annual Report | September 1983 |
| Annual Energy Review 1983 | February 1984 |
| State Energy Data Report, Consumption Estimates, 1960-1982 | March 1984 |
| Annual Energy Outlook 1983 | March 1984 |
| State Energy Price and Expenditure Report, 1970-1981 | May 1984 |
| Solar Collector Manufacturing Activity 1983 | June 1984 |
| Estimates of U.S. Wood Energy Consumption, 1980-1983 | September 1984 |
| International Energy Annual 1983 | September 1984 |
| Energy Conservation Indicators 1983 Annual Report | November 1984 |
| Annual Energy Outlook 1984 | December 1984 |
| Annual Energy Review 1984 | January 1985 |
| Performance Profiles of Major Energy Producers 1983 | February 1985 |
| State Energy Price and Expenditure Report 1970-1982 | March 1985 |
| State Energy Data Report, Consumption Estimates, 1960-1983 | April 1985 |
| Annual Outlook for U.S. Electric Power 1985 | June 1985 |
| Short-Term Energy Outlook, Volume 1, October 1985 | August 1985 |
| Analysis of Growth in Electricity Demand, 1980-1984 | August 1985 |
| Profiles of Foreign Direct Investment in U.S. Energy 1984 | November 1985 |
| Performance Profiles of Major Energy Producers 1984 | December 1985 |
| International Energy Annual 1985 | September 1986 |
| Consumption and Expenditures, April 1984 Through March 1985, Part 1: National Data | April 1987 |
| Consumption and Expenditures, April 1984 Through March 1985, Part 2: Regional Data | May 1987 |
| Uranium Industry Annual 1986. | September 1987 |

# Highlights: Potential Oil Production from ANWR 

The Coastal Plain of the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge is the most promising onshore petroleum frontier in the United States. Because U.S. oil reserves and production are projected to decline and imports from foreign sources are projected to increase (Table FE1), the question-to be decided by Congress--of whether to open ANWR to oil exploration has assumed special significance. This "Highlights" reviews the major findings of Potential Oil Production from the Coastal Plain of the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge, a service report released by the Energy Information Administration (EIA) in October 1987.

The Arctic National Wildlife Refuge (ANWR) consists of 19 million acres located in northeastern Alaska. About 8 million acres of ANWR was designated by Congress in 1980 as a wilderness area, but 1.5 million acres along the coast--the ANWR 1002 Area--was designated for further study. Although no test wells have been drilled in the 1002 Area, drilling has located a field with about 600 million barrels of recoverable oil and gas condensate on the western border. Several giant and super-giant fields, in the Prudhoe Bay area and in the Canadian Beaufort Sea and McKenzie Delta,

Table FE1. U.S. Petroleum Production and Net Imports, 1985-2015
(Thousand Barrels per Day)

| Year | Production of Crude Oil |  | Net Imports of Crude Oil and Refined Products |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | U.S. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | ANWR ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | With ANWR $^{\text {c }}$ | Without ANWR |
| 1985 | 8,971 | 0 | ( ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 4,290 |
| 1990 | 7,587 | 0 | ( ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 6,300 |
| 1995 | 6,035 | 0 | (c) | 8,160 |
| 2000 | 5,618 | 179 | 9,390 | 9,570 |
| 2005 | 5,022 | 777 | 9,390 | 10,170 |
| 2010 | 4,490 | 444 | 10,250 | 10,700 |
| 2015 | 4,014 | 234 | 10,940 | 11,170 |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Exclusive of production from ANWR.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}} 1002$ Area of the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge, base case production, under existing regulatory procedures.
${ }^{c}$ ANWR production under the base case does not begin until the year 2000 .

Note: Estimates for 1990-2015 are projections.
Source: Energy Information Administration, Potential Oil Production from the Coastal Plain of the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge, revised edition, SR/RNGD/87-01 (Washington, DC, October 1987), Tables 6 and 7.
are about 60 miles west and 150 miles east, respectively, from ANWR. Geological investigations have indicated that source and reservoir rocks are similar to those found in the prolific Prudhoe Bay area, to the west. In addition, many large subsurface structures, as well as several oil seeps and oil stained-saturated rock outcrops, are found across the 1002 Area.

## Estimates of Crude Oil

Using extensive seismic information, the Department of the Interior (DOI) identified 26 prospects potentially capable of containing--and producing--crude oil. Using this information, DOI developed a probability distribution of the oil in the ANWR 1002 Area. The DOI estimates that there is a 95 -percent probability of at least 4.8 billion barrels of in-place oil, a 50 -percent probability of 11.9 billion barrels, and a 5 -percent probability of 29.4 billion barrels. Following a careful review of DOI's work, EIA accepted their in-place estimates as reasonable.

DOI used a computer model to assess the amount of oil that would be economically recoverable, and derived a conditional mean estimate of 3.23 billion barrels. EIA, however, considers the DOI estimate to be conservative because the model was limited to large, seismically identified structures and assumes a high area geologic and economic risk (a 19-percent chance that any of the prospects modeled contains economically recoverable oil at a minimum field size of 440 million barrels).

EIA independently estimated the economically recoverable oil from ANWR by applying a recovery efficiency of 25 percent to the DOI in-place estimates. This percentage reflects a general recognition that large deposits tend to have higher recovery efficiencies, while taking into consideration the existence of smaller deposits on the periphery of the large, identified prospects. This is consistent with an area-wide recovery efficiency of about 26 percent for all discoveries in the Prudhoe Bay area. Using that methodology yields EIA's unconditional base-case estimate of economically recoverable oil at 3.45 billion barrels, somewhat higher than the DOI conditional estimate.

## Production Schedules

EIA has developed three alternative schedules for the initial development of the ANWR 1002 Area. All three assume the same technology for oil exploration and development. They also assume that Congress will authorize area-wide leasing in 1988 and that early discoveries of oil will equal at least 700 million barrels.

The schedules differ in their assumptions about the regulatory climate: accelerated, in which regulatory procedures are streamlined; normal, in which progress is made under existing regulatory procedures; and delayed, in which regulation and litigation extend the time required for exploration and development. In the accelerated schedule, production could begin as early as 1995. In the normal schedule, production is projected to begin in 2000, and in the delayed schedule, in 2010.

EIA also examined the likely course of production in the 1002 Area for a range of values for ultimate oil recovery. In the base case, in which recovery of 3.45 billion barrels is estimated, first-year production would total 179 thousand barrels per day, second-year production would total 313 thousand barrels per day, and peak production in the fifth year would total 789 thousand barrels per day.

In the low case (ultimate recovery of 1.20 billion barrels), the 1002 Area would reach its peak of 286 thousand barrels per day in the fourth year of production. In the high case (ultimate recovery of 7.35 billion barrels), peak production of 1.4 million barrels per day would be reached in 7 years.

Figure FE1. Projected U.S. Net Oil Imports, 1985-2015


Note: Projections assume that existing regulatory procedures, discoveries, and development provide initial production in the year 2000

Source: Energy Information Administration, Potential Oil Production from the Coastal Plain of the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge, revised edition, SR/RNGD/87-01 (Washington, DC, October 1987), Figure 9.

## Projected Effects on Domestic Oil Imports

A long-term decline in U.S. crude oil production is widely believed to be inevitable. At the same time, U.S. petroleum consumption is projected to increase, with the shortfall being met by rising imports. By the year 2000, net imports are projected to account for a 56 -percent share of domestic consumption.

The ANWR 1002 Area has substantial potential to slow the growth in imports (Figure FE1). In the base case (ultimate recovery of 3.45 billion barrels), and under existing regulatory procedures, 1002 Area production could account for about 13 percent of total U.S. crude oil production in the years 2004 through 2006. In the high case ( 7.35 billion barrels), the 1002 Area could contribute at least 20 percent of total U.S. production during the years 2004 through 2010. Even in the low case ( 1.20 billion barrels), the 1002 Area could be expected to provide about 5 percent of total U.S. production in 2003 through 2005. Those year estimates all assume development under a "normal" scenario (existing regulatory procedures).

In the base case, and assuming a world oil price of $\$ 33$ per barrel (in 1984 dollars), the displacement of oil imports with production from the 1002 Area would reduce the cost of imports by as much as $\$ 9.5$ billion in 2004. An equivalent reduction in 1985 import levels would have reduced the U.S. trade deficit by about 10 percent. In the high case, the cost of imports is projected to be reduced by $\$ 16.8$ billion in 2006 , and in the low case by $\$ 3.4$ billion in 2003 and 2004.

## To Order the Report

Potential Oil Production from the Coastal Plain of the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge presents a detailed description of the petroleum geology of the ANWR 1002 Area. The 46-page report also describes both DOI's and EIA's assumptions and methods used to arrive at projections of the oil resources and potential development of the area.

A single copy of the report may be obtained free of charge by using the order form in the back of this publication.

## Section 1. Energy Summary

The United States produced 0.2 percent less energy during the first 10 months of 1987 than during the same period in 1986, but U.S. consumption was up 1.3 percent. Net imports of all energy were 12.8 percent higher, with net imports of petroleum up 7.3 percent, compared with levels during the first 10 months of 1986.

Energy production during October 1987 totaled 5.5 quadrillion Btu, a 2.5 -percent increase compared with the level of production during October 1986. Coal production was up 7.3 percent and natural gas production increased 3.1 percent, while petroleum production decreased 0.4 percent. All other forms of energy production combined were down 4.6 percent from the level of production during October 1986.

Energy consumption during October 1987 totaled 6.1 quadrillion Btu, 3.6 percent above the level of consumption during October 1986. Natural gas consumption increased 10.3 percent, coal consumption rose 5.5 percent, and petroleum consumption increased 1.8 percent. Consumption of all other forms of energy combined decreased 3.3 percent compared with the level 1 year earlier.

Net imports of energy during October 1987 totaled 1.1 quadrillion Btu, 16.8 percent above the level of net imports 1 year earlier. Net imports of petroleum increased 12.1 percent, while net imports of natural gas increased 15.7 percent. Net exports of coal decreased 7.8 percent compared with the level in October 1986.

Table 1.1 Energy Summary for October 1987 (Quadrillion (10 ${ }^{15}$ ) Btu)

|  | October |  |  |  | Cumulative January Through October |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

[^0]Figure 1.1 Energy Overview


Monthly


Table 1.2 Energy Overview ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (Quadrillion (1015) Btu)

|  | Production ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | Consumption ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | Imports | Exports | Net Imports |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1973 Total .............................................. | 62.059 | 74.282 | 14.731 | 2.051 | 12.680 |
| 1974 Total ........................................................................... | 60.836 | 72.543 | 14.413 | 2.223 | 12.190 |
| 1975 Total ............................................... | 59.860 | 70.545 | 14.111 | 2.359 | 11.752 |
| 1976 Total ................................................ | 59.891 | 74.362 | 16.837 | 2.188 | 14.648 |
| 1977 Total ................................................ | 60.218 | 76.289 | 20.090 | 2.071 | 18.019 |
| 1978 Total ................................................ | 61.103 | 78.089 | 19.254 | 1.931 | 17.323 |
| 1979 Total ............................................... | 63.801 | 78.897 | 19.616 | 2.870 | 16.746 |
| 1980 Total ............................................... | 64.761 | 75.955 | 15.971 | 3.723 | 12.247 |
| 1981 Total ............................................... | 64.422 | 73.991 | 13.975 | 4.329 | 9.646 |
| 1982 Total ............................................... | 63.889 | 70.838 | 12.091 | 4.632 | 7.459 |
| 1983 Total ............................................... | 61.194 | 70.500 | 12.025 | 3.716 | 8.309 |
| 1984 Total ............................................... | 65.814 | 74.064 | 12.758 | 3.804 | 8.954 |
| 1985 January ............................................ | 5.564 | 7.187 | . 926 | . 305 | . 621 |
| February ............................................ | 5.192 | 6.701 | . 756 | . 306 | . 450 |
| March .............................................. | 5.596 | 6.378 | . 971 | . 318 | . 653 |
| April ................................................. | 5.361 | 5.902 | 1.034 | . 332 | . 702 |
| May ................................................. | 5.509 | 5.794 | 1.145 | . 381 | . 764 |
| June .................................................. | 5.268 | 5.680 | . 960 | . 342 | . 618 |
| July ................................................. | 5.276 | 5.982 | . 994 | . 328 | . 666 |
| August ........................................... | 5.460 | 6.048 | . 959 | . 420 | . 539 |
| September ........................................ | 5.259 | 5.562 | . 964 | . 364 | . 600 |
| October ............................................ | 5.492 | 5.835 | 1.029 | . 365 | . 664 |
| November | 5.216 | 5.865 | 1.170 | . 406 | . 764 |
| December ........................................ | 5.593 | 7.032 | 1.189 | . 368 | . 821 |
| Total ................................................ | 64.784 | 73.964 | 12.098 | 4.232 | 7.866 |
| 1986 January ............................................ | 5.776 | 7.221 | 1.145 | . 320 | .825 |
| February ........................................ | 5.247 | 6.453 | . 875 | . 291 | . 585 |
| March | 5.613 | 6.574 | . 943 | . 313 | . 630 |
| April ................................................. | 5.297 | 5.902 | 1.028 | . 380 | . 648 |
| May .................................................. | 5.350 | 5.882 | 1.242 | . 365 | . 877 |
| June | 5.168 | 5.799 | 1.275 | . 315 | . 960 |
| July | 5.193 | 6.138 | 1.336 | . 338 | . 998 |
| August | 5.313 | 6.011 | 1.389 | . 374 | 1.015 |
| September | 5.143 | 5.622 | 1.333 | . 347 | . 986 |
| October .... | 5.397 | 5.852 | 1.268 | . 352 | . 916 |
| November | 5.223 | 5.945 | 1.261 | . 331 | . 929 |
| December ... | 5.534 | 6.848 | 1.336 | . 329 | 1.008 |
| Total ................................................ | 64.256 | 74.253 | 14.433 | 4.055 | 10.378 |
| 1987 January | 5.608 | 7.086 | 1.265 | . 302 | . 963 |
| February ......... | 5.115 | 6.386 | 1.070 | . 291 | . 778 |
| March .............................................. | 5.485 | 6.413 | 1.139 | . 318 | . 822 |
| April | R 5.190 | 6.012 | 1.129 | . 327 | . 801 |
| May ................................................. | R 5.233 | 5.911 | 1.170 | . 301 | . 869 |
| June ................................................. | R 5.249 | 5.997 | 1.268 | . 320 | . 948 |
| July .................................................. | R 5.196 | R 6.308 | 1.456 | . 309 | 1.146 |
| August ............................................. | R 5.444 | R 6.241 | 1.438 | . 334 | 1.104 |
| September ........................................ | R 5.347 | R 5.837 | 1.337 | . 321 | 1.016 |
| October ....... | 5.529 | 6.064 | 1.368 | . 298 | 1.070 |
| 10-Month Total ............................... | 53.395 | 62.255 | 12.640 | 3.122 | 9.518 |
| 1986 10-Month Total ................................ | 53.498 | 61.454 | 11.835 | 3.396 | 8.439 |
| 1985 10-Month Total ................................. | 53.976 | 61.070 | 9.739 | 3.460 | 6.278 |

${ }^{a}$ aFor definitions, see Notes at end of section
${ }^{\text {b }}$ Excludes wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution.
cThe sum of domestic energy production and net imports of energy does not equal domestic energy consumption. The difference is attributed to stock changes; losses and gains in conversion, transportation, and distribution; the addition of blending compounds; shipments of anthracite to U.S. Armed Forces in Europe; and adjustments to account for discrepancies between reporting systems.

## $R=$ Revised data.

Notes: - Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration calculations based on data appearing elsewhere in this publication.

Figure 1.2 Production of Energy by Source

Yearly


Monthly

*Includes other.

Table 1.3 Production of Energy by Source (Quadrillion (10 ${ }^{15}$ ) Btu)

|  | Coal | Crude Oila | NGPL ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | Natural Gas (Dry) | Hydroelectric Power ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | Nuclear Electric Power | Other ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | Total ${ }^{\text {e }}$ | Year to Date |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1973 Total ................... | 13.993 | 19.493 | 2.569 | 22.187 | 2.861 | 0.910 | 0.046 | 62.059 |  |
| 1974 Total .................... | 14.074 | 18.575 | 2.471 | 21.210 | 3.177 | 1.272 | . 056 | 60.836 |  |
| 1975 Total .................... | 14.990 | 17.729 | 2.374 | 19.640 | 3.155 | 1.900 | . 072 | 59.860 |  |
| 1976 Total .................... | 15.654 | 17.262 | 2.327 | 19.480 | 2.976 | 2.111 | . 081 | 59.891 |  |
| 1977 Total .................... | 15.755 | 17.454 | 2.327 | 19.565 | 2.333 | 2.702 | . 082 | 60.218 |  |
| 1978 Total .................... | 14.910 | 18.434 | 2.245 | 19.485 | 2.937 | 3.024 | . 068 | 61.103 |  |
| 1979 Total .................... | 17.539 | 18.104 | 2.286 | 20.076 | 2.931 | 2.776 | . 089 | 63.801 |  |
| 1980 Total .................... | 18.597 | 18.249 | 2.254 | 19.908 | 2.900 | 2.739 | . 114 | 64.761 |  |
| 1981 Total .................... | 18.377 | 18.146 | 2.307 | 19.699 | 2.758 | 3.008 | . 127 | 64.422 |  |
| 1982 Total ................... | 18.639 | 18.309 | 2.191 | 18.255 | 3.256 | 3.131 | . 108 | 63.889 |  |
| 1983 Total .................... | 17.250 | 18.392 | 2.184 | 16.530 | 3.502 | 3.203 | . 133 | 61.194 |  |
| 1984 Total ........................ | 19.723 | 18.848 | 2.274 | 17.931 | 3.312 | 3.553 | . 174 | 65.814 |  |
| 1985 January ................ | 1.493 | 1.571 | . 192 | 1.610 | . 288 | . 391 | . 018 | 5.564 | 5.564 |
| February ............... | 1.471 | 1.466 | . 173 | 1.463 | . 270 | . 333 | . 016 | 5.192 | 10.756 |
| March ................... | 1.701 | 1.635 | . 189 | 1.460 | . 258 | . 336 | . 018 | 5.596 | 16.352 |
| April ...................... | 1.674 | 1.574 | . 181 | 1.375 | . 255 | . 286 | . 016 | 5.361 | 21.713 |
| May ..................... | 1.715 | 1.642 | . 188 | 1.360 | . 277 | . 310 | . 016 | 5.509 | 27.221 |
| June ..................... | 1.602 | 1.570 | . 183 | 1.315 | . 250 | . 333 | . 016 | 5.268 | 32.490 |
| July ...................... | 1.514 | 1.609 | . 185 | 1.346 | . 223 | . 380 | . 018 | 5.276 | 37.765 |
| August .................. | 1.742 | 1.583 | . 189 | 1.343 | . 209 | . 376 | . 018 | 5.460 | 43.225 |
| September ............ | 1.618 | 1.558 | . 180 | 1.316 | . 196 | . 373 | . 017 | 5.259 | 48.484 |
| October ................. | 1.753 | 1.613 | . 190 | 1.372 | . 209 | . 337 | . 017 | 5.492 | 53.976 |
| November ............. | 1.515 | 1.549 | . 190 | 1.376 | . 240 | . 326 | . 021 | 5.216 | 59.192 |
| December ............. | 1.531 | 1.624 | . 199 | 1.588 | . 265 | . 365 | . 022 | 5.593 | 64.785 |
| Total .................... | 19.329 | 18.992 | 2.241 | 16.922 | 2.939 | 4.147 | . 213 | 64.784 |  |
| 1986 January ................ | 1.712 | 1.643 | . 201 | 1.582 | . 224 | . 391 | . 023 | 5.776 | 5.776 |
| February ............... | 1.589 | 1.490 | . 180 | 1.373 | . 243 | . 354 | . 019 | 5.247 | 11.024 |
| March ................... | 1.696 | 1.621 | . 189 | 1.457 | . 297 | . 333 | . 020 | 5.613 | 16.636 |
| April ...................... | 1.637 | 1.542 | . 173 | 1.309 | . 288 | . 329 | . 018 | 5.297 | 21.933 |
| May ..................... | 1.598 | 1.589 | . 182 | 1.334 | . 285 | . 345 | . 018 | 5.350 | 27.284 |
| June ..................... | 1.587 | 1.500 | . 171 | 1.276 | . 274 | . 339 | . 020 | 5.168 | 32.452 |
| July ...................... | 1.482 | 1.557 | . 177 | 1.316 | . 252 | . 388 | . 021 | 5.193 | 37.645 |
| August .................. | 1.672 | 1.506 | . 170 | 1.317 | . 222 | . 405 | . 021 | 5.313 | 42.958 |
| September ............ | 1.639 | 1.449 | . 167 | 1.254 | . 220 | . 396 | . 018 | 5.143 | 48.101 |
| October ................ | 1.751 | 1.514 | . 174 | 1.327 | . 223 | . 391 | . 017 | 5.397 | 53.498 |
| November ............. | 1.538 | 1.464 | . 179 | 1.407 | . 242 | . 378 | . 015 | 5.223 | 58.721 |
| December ............. | 1.613 | 1.502 | . 185 | 1.517 | . 271 | . 427 | . 020 | 5.534 | 64.255 |
| Total .................... | 19.514 | 18.376 | 2.149 | 16.471 | 3.040 | 4.475 | . 232 | 64.256 |  |
| 1987 January ................. | 1.633 | 1.524 | . 187 | 1.545 | . 266 | . 432 | . 020 | 5.608 | 5.608 |
| February ............... | 1.567 | 1.351 | . 173 | 1.387 | . 222 | . 396 | . 019 | 5.115 | R 10.722 |
| March ................... | 1.659 | 1.501 | . 189 | 1.469 | . 243 | . 403 | . 021 | 5.485 | 16.207 |
| April ...................... | R 1.553 | 1.466 | . 182 | 1.376 | . 231 | . 362 | . 019 | R 5.190 | R 21.398 |
| May ..................... | R 1.547 | 1.493 | . 188 | 1.360 | . 254 | . 371 | . 020 | ${ }^{\text {R } 5.233}$ | R 26.630 |
| June ..................... | R 1.686 | 1.438 | . 181 | 1.309 | . 218 | . 395 | . 021 | R 5.249 | 31.879 |
| July ...................... | R 1.526 | 1.482 | . 187 | 1.339 | . 212 | . 428 | . 022 | R 5.196 | ${ }^{\text {R }} 37.075$ |
| August .................. | R 1.765 | 1.473 | . 186 | 1.359 | . 193 | . 447 | . 022 | R 5.444 | R 42.518 |
| September ............ | R 1.804 | 1.425 | . 181 | R 1.299 | . 190 | . 429 | . 020 | R 5.347 | R 47.866 |
| October ................ | 1.878 | 1.491 | . 189 | 1.368 | . 188 | . 394 | . 020 | 5.529 | 53.395 |
| 10-Month Total .... | 16.619 | 14.644 | 1.843 | 13.810 | 2.216 | 4.057 | . 205 | 53.395 |  |
| 1986 10-Month Total ... | 16.362 | 15.410 | 1.785 | 13.546 | 2.527 | 3.671 | . 196 | 53.498 |  |
| 1985 10-Month Total ... | 16.283 | 15.820 | 1.852 | 13.960 | 2.435 | 3.456 | . 170 | 53.976 |  |

a ncludes lease condensate.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Natural gas plant liquids.
${ }^{\text {c }}$ Includes industrial and utility production of hydroelectric power.
dOther is electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.
${ }^{\text {e Excludes }}$ wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution.
$\mathrm{R}=$ Revised data.
Notes: - Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration calculations based on data appearing elsewhere in this publication.

Figure 1.3 Consumption of Energy by Source


Monthly


[^1]Table 1.4 Consumption of Energy by Source (Quadrillion (10 ${ }^{15}$ ) Btu)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

alncludes supplemental gaseous fuels.
Includes industrial and utility production and net imports of electricity.
cother is net imports of coal coke and electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.
dExcludes wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution.
$R=$ Revised data.
Notes: - Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration calculations based on data appearing elsewhere in this publication.

Figure 1.4 Energy Imports and Exports

Yearly


Monthly


Table 1.5 Net Imports ${ }^{\text {a }}$ of Energy by Source (Quadrillion (1015) Btu)

|  | Coal | Crude Oil ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | Petroleum Products ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | Natural Gas | Electricity ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | Coal Coke | Total | Year to Date |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1973 Total ................... | -1.422 | 6.883 | 6.097 | 0.981 | 0.148 | -0.007 | 12.680 |  |
| 1974 Total .................... | -1.568 | 7.389 | 5.273 | . 907 | . 133 | . 056 | 12.190 |  |
| 1975 Total .................... | -1.738 | 8.708 | 3.800 | . 904 | . 064 | . 014 | 11.752 |  |
| 1976 Total .................... | -1.567 | 11.221 | 3.982 | . 922 | . 089 | 0 | 14.648 |  |
| 1977 Total .................... | -1.401 | 13.921 | 4.321 | . 981 | . 182 | . 015 | 18.019 |  |
| 1978 Total .................... | -1.004 | 13.125 | 3.932 | . 941 | . 204 | . 125 | 17.323 |  |
| 1979 Total .................... | -1.702 | 13.328 | 3.603 | 1.243 | . 211 | . 063 | 16.746 |  |
| 1980 Total .................... | -2.391 | 10.586 | 2.912 | . 957 | . 217 | -. 035 | 12.247 |  |
| 1981 Total .................... | -2.918 | 8.854 | 2.522 | . 857 | . 347 | -. 016 | 9.646 |  |
| 1982 Total .................... | -2.768 | 6.917 | 2.128 | . 898 | . 306 | -. 022 | 7.459 |  |
| 1983 Total .................... | -2.013 | 6.731 | 2.351 | . 887 | . 369 | -. 016 | 8.309 |  |
| 1984 Total .................... | -2.119 | 6.918 | 2.970 | . 792 | . 405 | -. 011 | 8.954 |  |
| 1985 January ................. | -. 150 | . 465 | . 177 | . 099 | . 030 | 0 | .621 | 0.621 |
| February .............. | -. 156 | . 308 | . 178 | . 094 | . 025 | . 001 | . 450 | 1.071 1.724 |
| March ................... | -. 174 | . 470 | . 235 | . 084 | . 038 | 0 | . 653 | 1.724 |
| April ...................... | -. 181 | . 554 | . 228 | . 071 | . 030 | . 001 | . 702 | 2.427 |
| May ..................... | -. 239 | . 629 | . 271 | . 071 | . 034 | -. 003 | . 764 | 3.191 |
| June ..................... | -. 205 | . 519 | . 210 | . 060 | . 037 | -. 002 | . 618 | 3.809 |
| July ...................... | -. 188 | . 551 | . 208 | . 053 | . 044 | -. 002 | . 666 | 4.475 |
| August .................. | -. 268 | . 520 | . 185 | . 056 | . 047 | -. 001 | . 539 | 5.014 |
| September ............ | -. 208 | . 519 | . 196 | . 058 | . 038 | -. 003 | . 600 | 5.614 |
| October ................. | -. 227 | . 563 | . 223 | . 071 | . 035 | -. 001 | . 664 | 6.278 |
| November ............. | -. 211 | . 650 | . 223 | . 072 | . 033 | -. 003 | . 764 | 7.043 |
| December ............. | -. 183 | 633 | . 237 | . 101 | . 034 | -. 001 | . 821 | 7.863 |
| Total .................... | -2.389 | 6.381 | 2.570 | . 894 | . 423 | -. 013 | 7.866 |  |
| 1986 January ................ | -. 152 | . 607 | . 240 | . 094 | . 037 | 0 | . 825 | . 825 |
| February ............... | -. 130 | . 464 | . 152 | . 071 | . 028 | 0 | . 585 | 1.409 |
| March ................... | -. 159 | . 509 | . 206 | . 050 | . 025 | -. 001 | . 630 | 2.040 |
| April ..................... | -. 213 | . 636 | . 164 | . 037 | . 025 | 0 | . 648 | 2.687 |
| May ..................... | -. 220 | . 760 | . 262 | . 049 | . 029 | -. 003 | . 877 | 3.564 |
| June ..................... | -. 188 | . 779 | . 303 | . 038 | . 028 | 0 | . 960 | 4.524 |
| July ...................... | -. 200 | . 853 | . 274 | . 042 | . 031 | -. 002 | . 998 | 5.522 |
| August .................. | -. 199 | . 847 | . 288 | . 045 | . 039 | -. 006 | 1.015 | 6.537 |
| September ............ | -. 211 | . 863 | . 250 | . 049 | . 035 | 0 | . 986 | 7.523 |
| October ................ | -. 187 | . 782 | . 227 | . 064 | . 031 | -. 001 | . 916 | 8.439 |
| November ............. | -. 167 | . 797 | . 210 | . 064 | . 029 | -. 003 | . 929 | 9.369 |
| December ............. | -. 167 | . 779 | . 279 | . 084 | . 034 | -. 001 | 1.008 | 10.376 |
| Total .................... | -2.193 | 8.676 | 2.855 | . 686 | . 371 | -. 017 | 10.378 |  |
| 1987 January ................ | -. 141 | . 785 | . 181 | . 096 | E. 043 | -. 001 | . 963 | . 963 |
| February .................. | -. 120 | . 595 | . 194 | . 076 | E. 032 | . 001 | . 778 | 1.742 |
| March ................... | -. 167 | . 655 | . 225 | . 082 | E . 028 | -. 002 | . 822 | 2.563 |
| April ..................... | -. 158 | . 686 | . 181 | . 064 | E . 028 | 0 | . 801 | 3.365 |
| May ..................... | -. 169 | . 764 | . 185 | . 055 | E. 033 | 0 | . 869 | 4.233 |
| June ..................... | -. 190 | . 828 | . 224 | . 052 | E. 032 | . 002 | . 948 | 5.181 |
| July ...................... | -. 171 | . 936 | . 286 | . 060 | E . 035 | 0 | 1.146 | 6.328 |
| August .................. | -. 199 | . 976 | . 231 | . 052 | E. 045 | . 001 | 1.104 | 7.432 |
| September ............ | -. 171 | . 880 | . 213 | . 050 | E. 040 | . 004 | 1.016 | 8.448 |
| October ................ | -. 172 | . 922 | . 209 | . 074 | E . 036 | . 002 | 1.070 | 9.518 |
| 10-Month Total .... | -1.658 | 8.027 | 2.132 | . 658 | E . 352 | . 007 | 9.518 |  |
| 1986 10-Month Total ... | -1.858 | 7.100 | 2.366 | . 537 | . 308 | -. 013 | 8.439 |  |
| 1985 10-Month Total ... | -1.995 | 5.099 | 2.110 | . 718 | . 356 | -. 010 | 6.278 |  |

aNet imports equals imports minus exports. Minus sign indicates exports are greater than imports.
bIncludes crude oil, lease condensate, and imports of crude oil for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.
cIncludes petroleum products, unfinished oils, pentanes plus, and gasoline blending components.
${ }^{d}$ Assumed to be hydroelectricity.
$\mathrm{E}=$ Estimate.
Notes: - Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration calculations based on data appearing elsewhere in this publication.

Figure 1.5 Merchandise Trade Value


Monthly


Table 1.6 Merchandise Trade Value (Million Dollars)

|  | Exports |  |  | Imports |  |  | Trade Balance |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Energy | All Other | Total | Energy | All Other | Total | Energy | All Other | Total |
| 1974 Total | NA | NA | 99,437 | NA | NA | 102,559 | NA | NA | -3,122 |
| 1975 Total | 4,470 | 104,386 | 108,856 | 28,325 | 70,178 | 98,503 | -23,855 | 34,208 | 10,353 |
| 1976 Total .................... | 4,226 | 112,568 | 116,794 | 36,384 | 87,093 | 123,477 | -32,158 | 25,475 | -6,683 |
| 1977 Total | 4,184 | 118,998 | 123,182 | 47,153 | 103,237 | 150,390 | -42,969 | 15,761 | -27,208 |
| 1978 Total | 3,882 | 141,965 | 145,847 | 44,763 | 129,994 | 174,757 | -40,881 | 11,971 | -28,910 |
| 1979 Total | 5,675 | 180,688 | 186,363 | 63,077 | 146,381 | 209,458 | -57,402 | 34,307 | -23,095 |
| 1980 Total ................... | 7,982 | 217,584 | 225,566 | 82,924 | 161,947 | 244,871 | -74,942 | 55,637 | -19,305 |
| 1981 Total .................... | 10,279 | 228,436 | 238,715 | 81,360 | 179,622 | 260,982 | -71,081 | 48,814 $\mathbf{2 5 , 1 7 0}$ | -22,267 |
| 1982 Total | 12,729 | 203,713 | 216,442 | 65,409 | 178,543 | 243,952 | -52,680 | 25,170 $-3,957$ | $-27,510$ $-52,409$ |
| 1983 Total | 9,500 | 196,139 | 205,639 | 57,952 | 200,096 | 258,048 | $-48,452$ $-51,669$ | $-3,957$ $-50,081$ | $-52,409$ $-101,750$ |
| 1984 Total .................... | 9,311 | 214,665 | 223,976 | 60,980 | 264,746 | 325,726 | -51,669 | -50,081 | -101,750 |
| 1985 January ................ | 804 | 16,624 | 17,428 | 4,434 | 24,402 | 28,836 | -3,630 | -7,778 | - 11,408 |
| February ............... | 786 | 17,060 | 17,846 | 3,989 | 21,952 | 25,941 | -3,203 | -4,892 | -8,095 |
| March ................... | 754 | 19,011 | 19,765 | 3,351 | 25,374 | 28,725 | -2,597 | -6,363 | -8,960 |
| April ...................... | 738 | 17,246 | 17,984 | 4,876 | 23,696 | 28,572 | -4,138 | -6,450 | -10,588 |
| May ..................... | 837 | 18,078 | 18,915 | 4,748 | 24,554 | 29,302 | -3,911 | -6,476 | -10,387 |
| June .................... | 708 | 17,360 | 18,068 | 5,088 | 25,048 | 30,136 | -4,380 | -7,688 | -12,068 |
| July ...................... | 760 | 15,793 | 16,553 | 4,146 | 22,854 | 27,000 | -3,386 | -7,061 | -10,447 |
| August .................. | 934 | 15,467 | 16,401 | 3,937 | 22,310 | 26,247 | -3,003 | -6,843 | $-9,846$ $-14,559$ |
| September ............. | 868 | 15,922 | 16,790 | 4,597 | 26,752 23,730 | 31,349 28,429 | $-3,729$ $-3,796$ | $-10,830$ 6,765 | $-14,559$ 10,561 |
| October ................ | 903 | 16,965 | 17,868 | 4,699 | 23,730 | 28,429 | $-3,796$ -3833 | 6,765 $-8,434$ | 10,561 $-12,267$ |
| November ............. | 991 | 16,752 | 17,743 | 4,824 | 25,186 | 30,010 30,728 | -3,833 | -8,434 | -12,267 |
| December ............. | 888 | 16,529 | 17,417 | 5,228 | 25,500 | 30,728 | $-4,340$ $-4,946$ | $-8,971$ $*-82,515$ | *-126,461 |
| Total .................... | 9,971 | *208,844 | *218,815 | 53,917 | 291,359 | 345,276 | -43,946 | *-82,515 | *-126,461 |
| 1986 January ................ | 812 | 16,229 | 17,041 | 5,344 | 24,746 | 30,090 | -4,532 | -8,517 | -13,049 |
| February ............... | 676 | 16,725 | 17,401 | 3,874 | 23,647 | 27,521 | -3,198 | -6,922 | -10,120 |
| March ................... | 622 | 17,935 | 18,557 | 3,331 | 26,072 | 29,403 | -2,709 | -8,137 | -10,846 |
| April ..................... | 791 | 17,210 | 18,001 | 2,176 | 28,722 | 30,898 | -1,385 | -11,512 | -12,897 |
| May ..................... | 728 | 17,542 | 18,270 | 2,700 | 27,334 | 30,034 | -1,972 | -9,791 | -11,763 |
| June ..................... | 584 | 18,508 | 19,092 | 3,185 | 27,757 | 30,942 | -2,601 | -9,249 | -11,850 |
| July ...................... | 653 | 16,693 | 17,346 | 2,933 | 28,915 | 31,848 | -2,280 | -12,222 | -14,502 |
| August .................. | 661 | 16,234 | 16,895 | 2,511 | 26,971 | 29,482 | -1,850 | -10,737 | -12,587 |
| September ............ | 657 | 16,874 | 17,531 | 2,933 | 27,875 | 30,808 | -2,276 | -11,001 | -13,277 |
| October ................ | 670 | 18,892 | 19,562 | 2,662 | 30,109 | 32,771 | -1,992 | -11,218 | -13,210 |
| November ............. | 641 | 17,770 | 18,411 | 3,014 | 29,399 | 32,413 | -2,373 | -11,629 | -14,002 |
| December ............. | 620 | 17,903 | 18,523 | 2,647 | 27,207 | 29,854 | -2,027 | -9,304 | -11,331 |
| Total .................... | 8,115 | *218,693 | *226,808 | 37,310 | 328,753 | 366,063 | -29,195 | *-110,060 | *-139,255 |
| 1987 January ................ | 573 | 16,182 | 16,755 | 2,564 | 24,902 | 27,466 | -1,991 | -8,720 | -10,711 |
| February ............... | 564 | 18,796 | 19,360 | 3,440 | 28,867 | 32,307 | -2,876 | -10,070 | -12,946 |
| March ................... | 620 | 21,156 | 21,776 | 3,120 | 30,077 | 33,197 | -2,500 | -8,921 | -11,421 |
| April ...................... | 633 | 19,863 | 20,496 | 2,979 | 29,004 | 31,983 | -2,346 | -9,141 | -11,487 |
| May ..................... | 623 | 20,161 | 20,784 | 3,425 | 29,888 | 33,313 | -2,802 | -9,727 | -12,529 |
| June ..................... | 654 | 20,472 | 21,126 | 3,895 | 31,371 | 35,266 | -3,241 | -10,899 | -14,140 |
| July ...................... | 605 | 20,403 | 21,008 | 4,593 | 31,251 | 35,844 | -3,988 | -10,848 | -14,836 |
| August .................. | 675 | 19,547 | 20,222 | 4,582 | 29,738 | 34,320 | -3,907 | -10,191 | -14,098 |
| September ............ | 657 | 20,329 | 20,986 | 3,830 | 29,743 | 33,573 | -3,173 | -9,414 | -12,587 |
| October ................ | 630 | 21,122 | 21,752 | 4,240 | 33,474 | 37,714 | -3,610 | -12,352 | -15,962 |
| November ............. | 660 | 23,139 | 23,799 | 3,940 | 31,534 | 35,474 | -3,280 | -8,396 | -11,676 |
| 11-Month Total .... | 6,869 | 221,195 | 228,064 | 40,608 | 329,849 | 370,457 | -33,739 | -108,654 | -142,393 |

*Annual export totals for 1985 and 1986 incorporate adjustments to account for undocumented U.S. exports to Canada; monthly export data for 1985 and 1986 do not incorporate similar adjustments and, consequently, do not sum to the annual totals presented here. The adjustments to the annual export data are reflected in four data series: "Exports - All Other," "Exports - Total," "Trade Balance - All Other," and "Trade Balance - Total." Beginning with January 1987, adjustments to reflect the value of undocumented U.S. exports to Canada are incorporated in the monthly data.
$N A=N o t$ available.
Notes: - In accordance with current Bureau of the Census procedures, monthly data are not adjusted for seasonal variations. - The U.S. import statistics reflect both government and nongovernment imports of merchandise from foreign countries into the U.S. customs territory (which comprises the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico) and the Virgin Islands.

Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

Figure 1.6 Quarterly Energy Consumption per Dollar of Gross National Product (Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates)


Table 1.7 Energy Consumption per Dollar of Gross National Product (Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates)

|  | Energy Consumptiona | Gross National Product (GNP) | Energy Consumption per Dollar of GNP |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total Energy | Petroleum and Natural Gas | All Other Energy |
|  | Quadrillion Btu | Trillion 1982 Dollars | Thousand Btu per 1982 Dollar |  |  |
| 1973 Year .................... | 74.282 | 2.744 | 27.1 | 20.9 | 6.2 |
| 1974 Year .................... | 72.543 | 2.729 | 26.6 | 20.2 | 6.4 |
| 1975 Year ..................... | 70.545 | 2.695 | 26.2 | 19.5 | 6.4 |
| 1976 Year ..................... | 74.362 | 2.827 | 26.3 | 19.6 | 6.7 |
| 1977 Year ..................... | 76.289 | 2.959 | 25.8 | 19.3 | 6.5 |
| 1978 Year .................... | 78.089 | 3.115 | 25.1 | 18.6 | 6.5 |
| 1979 Year .................... | 78.897 | 3.192 | 24.7 | 18.1 | 6.6 |
| 1980 Year ..................... | 75.955 | 3.187 | 23.8 | 17.1 | 6.7 |
| 1981 Year .................... | 73.991 | 3.249 | 22.8 | 16.0 | 6.8 |
| 1982 Year ..................... | 70.838 | 3.166 | 22.4 | 15.4 | 7.0 |
| 1983 Year ..................... | 70.500 | 3.279 | 21.5 | 14.5 | 7.0 |
| 1984 Year ..................... | 74.064 | 3.501 | 21.2 | 14.2 | 7.0 |
| $19851^{\text {st }}$ Quarterb | 75.786 | 3.569 | 21.2 | 14.1 |  |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ Quarter ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 73.886 | 3.587 | 20.6 | 13.6 | 7.0 |
| $33^{\text {rd }}$ Quarter ${ }^{\text {b }}$.......... | 73.075 | 3.623 | 20.2 | 13.3 | 6.9 |
| $4^{\text {th }}$ Quarter ${ }^{\text {b }}$........... | 73.155 | 3.651 | 20.0 | 13.1 | 6.9 6.9 |
| Year ..................... | 73.964 | 3.608 | 20.5 | 13.5 | 7.0 |
| $19861^{\text {st }}$ Quarter ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 75.831 | 3.699 | 20.5 | 13.6 |  |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ Quarterb | 74.468 | 3.705 | 20.1 | 13.2 | 6.9 |
| $3^{\text {rd }}$ Quarter ${ }^{\text {b }}$.......... | 73.702 | 3.718 | 19.8 | 13.0 | 6.8 |
| $4^{\text {th }}$ Quarter ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 73.024 | 3.732 | 19.6 | 12.8 | 6.8 |
| Year .................... | 74.253 | 3.713 | 20.0 | 13.2 | 6.8 |
| $19871^{\text {st }}$ Quarter ${ }^{\text {b }}$.......... | $74.460$ | 3.772 | 19.7 | 13.0 |  |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ Quarter ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | $75.880$ | $3.795$ | 20.0 | 13.1 | 6.9 |
| $3^{\text {rd }}$ Quarterb .......... | R 76.301 |  | 19.9 | 12.9 | 7.0 |

aExcludes wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution.
${ }^{\text {b }}$ Quarterly data are seasonally adjusted and shown at annual rates.
$R=$ Revised data.
Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Yearly data may not equal average of quarters due to seasonality adjustments and independent rounding.

Sources: See end of section.

Figure 1.7 U.S. Dependence on Petroleum Net Imports


Table 1.8 U.S. Dependence on Petroleum Net Imports ${ }^{\text {a }}$

| Annual Rate |  | Net Imports ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |  | Petroleum Products Supplied | Net Imports as Percent of U.S. Petroleum Products Supplied |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | From Arab OPEC ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | From OPECd | From All Countries |  | From Arab OPEC ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { From } \\ & \text { OPEC } \end{aligned}$ | From All Countries |
|  |  | Thousand Barrels per Day |  |  |  | Percent |  |  |
| 1973 | Average .............. |  | 2,991 | 6,025 | 17,308 |  | 17.3 | $34.8$ |
| 1974 | Average ................. | 752 | 3,277 | 5,892 | 16,653 | 4.5 | 19.7 | $35.4$ |
| 1975 | Average ............... | 1,382 | 3,599 | 5,846 | 16,322 | $8.5$ | $22.0$ | 40.6 |
| 1976 | Average ............... | 2,423 | 5,063 | 7,090 | 17,461 | $13.9$ | $\begin{aligned} & 29.0 \\ & 33.6 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 1977 | Average ............... | 3,184 | 6,190 | 8,565 | $18,431$ | 17.3 |  | 46.5 |
| 1978 | Average .............. | 2,962 | 5,747 | 8,002 | $18,847$ | 15.7 | $\begin{aligned} & 33.6 \\ & 30.5 \end{aligned}$ | 42.5 |
| 1979 | Average .............. | 3,054 | 5,633 | 7,985 | $18,513$ | 16.5 | 30.4 | 43.1 |
| 1980 | Average ............... | 2,549 | 4,293 | $6,365$ | $17,056$ | $14.9$ | 25.2 | 37.3 |
| 1981 | Average ............... | 1,844 | 3,315 | 5,401 | 16,058 | 11.5 | 14.0 | 28.1 |
| 1982 | Average ............... | 852 | 2,136 1,843 | 4,298 | 15,296 | 5.6 |  |  |
| 1983 | Average ................. | 630 817 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,843 \\ & 2,037 \end{aligned}$ | 4,3124,715 | 15,726 | 5.2 | 13.0 | 30.0 |
| 1984 | Average ............... | 817 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | $1^{\text {st }}$ Quarter $\qquad$ <br> $2^{\text {nd }}$ Quarter $\qquad$ | 331 | 1,371 | 3,570 | 15,859 | 2.13.4 | 8.6 | $\begin{aligned} & 22.5 \\ & 29.9 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | 529 | 1,857 | 4,625 | 15,486 |  | $12.0$ |  |
|  | $3^{\text {rd }}$ Quarter ........... | 288 | 1,780 | 4,1354,803 | 15,53616,025 | 1.9 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 29.9 \\ & 26.6 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $4^{\text {th }}$ Quarter ............ | 730 | 1,821 |  |  | 4.6 | 14.1 | 30.0 |
|  | Average ............... | 470 |  | 4,286 | 15,726 | 3.0 | 11.6 |  |
| 1986 | $1^{\text {st }}$ Quarter $\qquad$ <br> $2^{\text {nd }}$ Quarter $\qquad$ | 845 | 2,086 | $\begin{aligned} & 4,177 \\ & 5,504 \end{aligned}$ | $16,183$$15,996$ | 5.2 | 12.9 | 25.8 |
|  |  | 1,131 | 2,766 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 7.1 \\ & 8.3 \end{aligned}$ | 17.320.5 | 34.4 |
|  | $3^{\text {rd }}$ Quarter ............ | 1,359 | 3,3373,105 | 5,504 6,310 | $\begin{aligned} & 15,996 \\ & 16,282 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 38.8 |
|  | $4^{\text {th }}$ Quarter ........... | 1,300 |  | 5,749 | $\begin{aligned} & 16,656 \\ & \mathbf{1 6 , 2 8 1} \end{aligned}$ | 7.8 | $18.6$ | 34.5 |
|  | Average ............... | 1,160 | 2,828 | 5,439 |  | 7.1 | 17.4 | 33.4 |
| 1987 | $1^{\text {st }}$ Quarter ........... | 1,067 | $\begin{aligned} & 2,551 \\ & 2,669 \\ & 3,540 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,041 \\ & 5,415 \\ & 6,571 \end{aligned}$ | 16,344 16,426 16,619 | $\begin{aligned} & 6.5 \\ & 5.8 \\ & 8.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15.6 \\ & 16.2 \\ & 21.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30.8 \\ & 33.0 \\ & 39.5 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $2^{\text {nd }}$ Quarter ............ | 955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $3^{\text {rd }}$ Quarter ........... | 1,478 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

aBeginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserves are included.
bNet imports equals imports minus exports. Imports from members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) exclude indirect imports, which are petroleum products imported primarily from Caribbean and West European areas and refined from crude oil produced by OPEC.
cThe Arab members of OPEC are Algeria, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates.
dOPEC consists of Ecuador, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Nigeria, and Venezuela, as well as the Arab members.
Notes: - Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Annual averages may not equal average of quarters due to independent rounding.

Sources: See end of section.

Figure 1.8 Cost of Fuels to End Users in Constant (1972) Dollars


Table 1.9 Cost of Fuels to End Users in Constant (1972) Dollars ${ }^{\text {a }}$

|  | Leaded Regular Motor Gasoline |  | Residential Heating Oil |  | Residential Natural Gas |  | Residential Electricity ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cent/Gal | \$/MMBtu | Cent/Gal | \$/MMBtu | Cent/Mcf | \$/MMBtu | Cent/kWh | \$/MMBtu |
| 1973 Average ............... | NA | NA | NA | NA | 121.4 | 1.19 | 2.39 | 7.00 |
| 1974 Average .............. | 45.1 | 3.61 | NA | NA | 121.3 | 1.18 | 2.63 | 7.71 |
| 1975 Average ............... | 44.1 | 3.53 | NA | NA | 132.9 | 1.30 | 2.73 | 8.00 |
| 1976 Average .............. | 43.4 | 3.47 | NA | NA | 145.5 | 1.43 | 2.74 | 8.03 |
| 1977 Average ............... | 42.9 | 3.43 | NA | NA | 162.2 | 1.59 | 2.80 | 8.21 |
| 1978 Average ............... | 40.1 | 3.21 | 31.4 | 2.26 | 164.2 | 1.62 | 2.76 | 8.09 |
| 1979 Average ............... | 49.4 | 3.95 | 40.6 | 2.93 | 171.8 | 1.69 | 2.67 | 7.83 |
| 1980 Average ............... | 60.5 | 4.84 | 49.4 | 3.56 | 186.8 | 1.82 | 2.72 | 7.97 |
| 1981 Average ............... | 60.4 | 4.83 | 54.9 | 3.96 | 197.3 | 1.92 | 2.85 | 8.35 |
| 1982 Average ............... | 53.0 | 4.24 | 50.3 | 3.63 | 224.1 | 2.19 | 2.97 | 8.70 |
| 1983 Average ............... | 48.6 | 3.89 | 45.3 | 3.27 | 254.5 | 2.47 | 3.01 | 8.82 |
| 1984 Average ............... | 45.5 | 3.64 | 43.9 | 3.17 | 246.5 | 2.39 | 3.04 | 8.91 |
| $19851^{\text {st }}$ Quarter ........... | 41.7 | 3.33 | 41.5 | 2.99 | 234.5 | 2.28 | 2.89 | 8.47 |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ Quarter ........... | 44.4 | 3.55 | 40.3 | 2.91 | 255.5 | 2.48 | 3.10 | 9.09 |
| $3^{\text {rd }}$ Quarter ............ | 44.2 | 3.53 | 38.1 | 2.75 | 275.3 | 2.27 | 3.18 | 9.32 |
| $4^{\text {th }}$ Quarter ........... | 43.0 | 3.44 | 41.2 | 2.97 | 234.5 | 2.28 | 2.97 | 8.70 |
| Average ............... | 43.4 | 3.47 | 41.0 | 2.96 | 238.0 | 2.31 | 3.03 | 8.88 |
| $19861^{\text {st }}$ Quarter | 38.7 | 3.09 | 37.1 | 2.67 | 217.1 | 2.11 | 2.71 | 7.94 |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ Quarter ............ | 32.7 | 2.61 | 29.6 | 2.13 | 239.5 | 2.33 | 2.89 | 8.47 |
| $3^{\text {rd }}$ Quarter | 30.4 | 2.43 | 25.6 | 1.85 | 261.7 | 2.54 | 2.94 | 8.62 |
| $4^{\text {th }}$ Quarter ............ | 29.0 | 2.32 | 26.5 | 1.91 | 218.6 | 2.12 | 2.76 | 8.09 |
| Average ............... | 32.7 | 2.61 | 32.2 | 2.32 | 222.4 | 2.16 | 2.83 | 8.29 |
| $19871^{\text {stt }}$ Quarter ........... | 31.4 | 2.51 | 29.6 | 2.13 | 200.8 | 1.95 | 2.63 | 7.71 |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ Quarter ............ | 33.0 | 2.64 | 28.8 | 2.08 | 222.6 | 2.16 | 2.78 | 8.15 |
| $3^{\text {rd }}$ Quarter ........... | 34.2 | 2.73 | 28.6 | 2.06 | 247.6 | 2.41 | 2.84 | 8.32 |

aFuel costs shown on this page are calculated using the Urban Consumer Price Index developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. See Note 6 at end of section.
"Calculated from Table 9.9 "Old Series" for 1973 through 1985 and "New Series" for 1986 forward.
NA = Not available.
Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Annual averages may not equal average of quarters due to independent rounding.

Sources: See end of section.

Figure 1.9 Passenger Car Efficlency


Table 1.10 Passenger Car Efficiency

|  | Average Fuel Consumed per Car |  | Average Miles Traveled per Car |  | Average Miles Traveled per Gallon of Fuel Consumed |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gallons | Index | Miles | Index | Miles | Index |
| 1967 | 715 | 100.0 | 10,060 | 100.0 | 14.07 | 100.0 |
| 1968 ........................................ | 731 | 102.2 | 10,144 | 100.8 | 13.87 | 98.6 |
| 1969 ............................. | 746 | 104.3 | 10,158 | 101.0 | 13.62 | 96.8 |
| 1970 ............................. | 760 | 106.3 | 10,272 | 102.1 | 13.52 | 96.1 |
| 1971 ............................ | 770 | 107.7 | 10,422 | 103.6 | 13.54 13.40 | 96.2 95.2 |
| 1972 ............................. | 785 | 109.8 | 10,521 | 104.6 | 13.40 13.30 | 95.2 |
| 1973 ............................. | 771 | 107.8 | 10,256 9,606 | 101.9 95.5 | 13.42 | 95.4 |
| 1974 ............................ | 716 | 100.1 | 9,606 | 95.5 96.3 | 13.52 | 96.1 |
| 1975 ............................ | 716 | 100.1 | 9,690 | 96.3 97.3 | 13.53 | 96.2 |
| 1976 ............................. | 723 | 101.1 | 9,785 | 97.3 | 13.80 | 98.1 |
| 1977 ............................. | 716 | 100.1 | 9,879 | 98.2 | 13.80 14.04 | 98.1 |
| 1978 ............................. | 701 | 98.0 | 9,835 | 97.8 | 14.04 | 99.8 102.4 |
| 1979 ............................ | 653 | 91.3 | 9,403 | 93.5 | 14.41 | 102.4 |
| 1980 ............................. | 591 | 82.7 | 9,141 | 90.9 | 15.46 | 109.9 |
| 1981 ............................. | 576 | 80.6 | 9,186 | 91.3 | 15.94 | 113.3 |
| 1982 ............................ | 566 | 79.2 | 9,428 | 93.7 | 16.65 | 11818 |
| 1983 ............................. | 553 | 77.3 | 9,475 | 94.2 | 17.14 | 121.8 |
| 1984 ............................ | 536 | 75.0 | 9,558 | 95.0 | 17.83 | 126.7 |
| 1985 ............................. | 525 | 73.4 | 9,560 | 95.0 | 18.20 | 129.4 |
| 1986a ........................ | 525 | 73.4 | 9,625 | 95.7 | 18.32 | 130.2 |

aPreliminary data.
Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
Sources: See end of section.

Table 1.11 Population-Weighted Heating Degree-Days ${ }^{\text {a }}$

| Census Divisions | December 1 through December 31 |  |  |  |  | Cumulative <br> July 1 through December 31 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Percent Change |  | Normal ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 1986 | 1987 | Percent Change |  |
|  | Normal ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 1986 | 1987 | Normal to 1987 | $\begin{aligned} & 1986 \\ & \text { to } 1987 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | Normal to 1987 | $\begin{gathered} 1986 \\ \text { to } 1987 \end{gathered}$ |
| New England CT, ME, MA, NH, RI, VT | 1,098 | 1,016 | 1,012 | -7.8 | -0.4 | 2,419 | 2,517 | 2,435 | 0.7 | -3.3 |
| Middle Atlantic <br> NJ, NY, PA $\qquad$ | 1,013 | 931 | 907 | -10.5 | -2.6 | 2,138 | 2,117 | 2,089 | -2.3 | -1.3 |
| East North Central IL, IN, MI, <br> OH, WI $\qquad$ | 1,126 | 1,054 | 993 | -11.8 | -5.8 | 2,361 | 2,400 | 2,312 | -2.1 | -3.7 |
| West North Central IA, KS, MN, MO, NE, ND, SD $\qquad$ | 1,208 | 1,108 | 1,081 | -10.5 | -2.4 | 2,543 | 2,621 | 2,454 | -3.5 | -6.4 |
| South Atlantic <br> DE, FL, GA, <br> MD and DC, <br> NC, SC, <br> VA, WV $\qquad$ | 593 | 551 | 518 | -12.6 | -6.0 | 1,146 | 1,030 | 1,103 | -3.8 | 7.1 |
| East South Central AL, KY, <br> MS, TN | 700 | 733 | 603 | -13.9 | -17.7 | 1,384 | 1,291 | 1,289 | -6.9 | -. 2 |
| West South Central AR, LA, <br> OK, TX $\qquad$ | 506 | 546 | 469 | -7.3 | -13.9 | 893 | 950 | 834 | -6.6 | -12.1 |
| Mountain <br> AZ, CO, ID, <br> MT, NV, NM, <br> UT, WY $\qquad$ | 944 | 938 | 982 | 4.0 | 4.7 | 2,194 | 2,266 | 2,168 | -1.2 | -4.3 |
| Pacific CA, OR, WA | 557 | 535 | 601 | 7.9 | 12.3 | 1,189 | 1,156 | 1,139 | -4.2 | -1.5 |
| U.S. Average ${ }^{\text {c .......... }}$ | 846 | 803 | 774 | -8.5 | -3.6 | 1,757 | 1,752 | 1,706 | -2.9 | -2.6 |

aSee Note 7 at end of section.
bNormal is based on calculations of data from 1951 through 1980
cExcludes Alaska and Hawaii.
Source: See end of section.

## Notes and Sources for the Energy Summary Section

## Notes

1. Energy Production: Production of energy includes production of coal, crude oil and lease condensate, natural gas plant liquids, natural gas (dry), electric utility and industrial production of hydroelectric power, and electricity generated from nuclear power. Production also includes electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy but excludes other energy obtained from those sources because consistent historical data are not available. The volumetric data are converted to approximate heat contents (Btu values) of these energy sources using the conversion factors provided in the Conversion Factors section of this publication.
2. Energy Consumption: Consumption of energy includes consumption of coal, natural gas (including supplemental gaseous fuels), petroleum products supplied, electric utility and industrial production of hydroelectric power, net imports of electricity (assumed to be hydroelectricity), net imports of coal coke, and electricity generated from nuclear power. Consumption also includes electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy but excludes other energy obtained from those sources because consistent historical data are not available. Approximate heat contents (Btu values) are derived using the conversion factors provided in the Conversion Factors section of this publication.
3. Energy Imports: Energy imports include imports of coal, crude oil (including crude oil imported for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve), petroleum products, natural gas, electricity (assumed to be hydroelectricity), and coal coke. Approximate heat contents (Btu values) are derived using the conversion factors provided in the Conversion Factors section of this publication. For further information on electricity, see "Note for imports and exports of electricity" under Note 7 of the Notes and Sources for the Consumption Section.
4. Energy Exports: Energy exports include coal, crude oil, petroleum products, natural gas, electricity produced from hydroelectric power, and coal coke. Approximate heat contents (Btu values) are derived using the conversion factors provided in the Conversion Factors section of this publication. For more information on electricity, see "Note for imports and exports of electricity" under Note 7 of the Notes and Sources for the Consumption Section.
5. Merchandise Trade Value: Import data presented are based on the customs value. That value does not include insurance and freight and is consequently lower than the cost, insurance, and freight (CIF) value, which
is also reported by the Bureau of the Census. All export data, and import data prior to 1981, are on a free alongside ship (f.a.s.) basis.
"Trade Balance" is exports minus imports; a positive balance indicates a surplus trade value and a negative balance indicates a deficit trade value. The "Energy" columns include mineral fuels, lubricants, and related material. "All Other" and "Total" columns include foreign exports (i.e., reexports) and nonmonetary gold and Department of Defense Grant-aid shipments. The "All Other" columns are calculated by subtracting "Energy" from "Total."
"Imports" represent general imports (i.e., entries for immediate consumption, entries into customs bonded warehouses, and entries for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve). The statistics reflect both government and nongovernment imports of merchandise from foreign countries into the U.S. customs territory (which includes the 50 United States, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico) and the Virgin Islands. The statistics exclude imports into Guam, American Samoa, and other U.S. possessions, as well as shipments between the United States and Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands, between the United States and other U.S. possessions, and between any two of those outlying areas.
6. The Consumer Price Index: The Consumer Price Index, All Urban Consumers, All Items, for $1967=100.0$ is rebased to $1972=100.0$ by the Energy Information Administration. The values are:

| 1972 | 100.0 | $1985:$ | 1st Quarter | 253.3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1973 | 106.2 |  | 2nd Quarter | 256.3 |
| 1974 | 117.9 |  | 3rd Quarter | 258.3 |
| 1975 | 128.7 |  | 4th Quarter | 260.6 |
| 1976 | 136.1 |  | Year | 257.1 |
| 1977 | 144.9 | $1986:$ | 1st Quarter | 261.2 |
| 1978 | 155.9 |  | 2nd Quarter | 260.6 |
| 1979 | 173.5 |  | 3nd Quarter | 262.5 |
| 1980 | 197.0 |  | 4th Quarter | 264.0 |
| 1981 | 217.4 |  | Year | 262.1 |
| 1982 | 230.7 | $1987:$ | 1st Quarter | 267.0 |
| 1983 | 238.1 |  | 2nd Quarter | 270.4 |
| 1984 | 248.3 |  | 3rd Quarter | 273.4 |

7. Degree-Days: Degree-days are relative measurements of outdoor air temperature. Cooling degree-days are defined as deviations of the mean daily temperature at a sampling station above a base temperature equal to $65^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ by convention. Heating degree-days are deviations of the mean daily temperature below $65^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. For example, if a weather station recorded a mean daily temperature of $78^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$, cooling degree-days for that station would be 13 (and heating degree-days, 0). A weather station recording a mean daily temperature of $40^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ would report 25 heating degree-days (and 0 cooling degree-days).

There are several degree-day data bases maintained by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. The information published in the Monthly Energy Review (MER) is developed by the National Weather Service Climate Analysis Center, Camp Springs, MD. The data are available weekly with monthly summaries and are based on mean daily temperatures recorded at about 200 major weather stations around the country. The temperature information recorded at those weather stations is used to calculate statewide degreeday averages based on population. The State figures are then aggregated into Census Divisions and into the national average. The population weights currently used represent resident State population data estimated for 1980 by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. The data shown in the $M E R$ are available sooner than the Historical Climatology Series 5-1 and 5-2 developed by the National Climatic Center, Asheville, NC, which compiles data from some 8,000 weather stations.

## Sources

Merchandise Trade Value: 1974 through 1980: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Highlights of U.S. Export and Import Trade," FT990 (January 1982), Appendix for total imports and exports. Energy imports and exports from U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Summary of U.S. Export and Import Merchandise Trade," December issues, plus Bureau of the Census reports EA691 "Exports from the Virgin Islands to Foreign Countries," and IA245V "U.S. Imports for Consumption and General Imports into the Virgin Islands." 1981 forward: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Summary of U.S. Export and Import Merchandise Trade," most recent monthly issue.

Gross National Product: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Survey of Current Business.
U.S. Dependence on Petroleum Net Imports: Imports and products supplied--Section 3 of this publication.

Exports--1973 through 1976: Bureau of Mines, Mineral Industry Surveys; 1977 through 1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, "Petroleum Statement, Annual"; 1981-1985: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual. 1986: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.

Cost of Fuels to End Users in Constant (1972) Dollars:

- Leaded Regular Motor Gasoline--Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS).
- Residential Heating Oil--EIA, 1983 forward: EIA Form-782A, "Refiners/Gas Plant Operators' Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report" and EIA Form-782B, "Resellers/Retailers' Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report." Prices prior to 1983 are EIA estimates using data from FEA Form P112-M1/EIA-9, "No. 2 Heating Oil Supply/Price Monitoring Report" and EIA Form 9-A, "No. 2 Distillate Price Monitoring Report." See Note 6 in the Notes and Sources Monthly Energy Review Section 9, Price, for additional information.
- Residential Natural Gas--EIA, Annual data from Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." Monthly data from Form EIA-857, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Purchases and Deliveries to Consumers."
- Residential Electricity--Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), 1973 through February 1980: FPC Form 5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenue and Income"; March 1980 forward: FERC Form 5, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement."
- Deflator (The Urban Consumer Price Index)--BLS.

Passenger Car Efficiency: Indices are prepared from statistics published by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Federal Highway Statistics Division, "Highway Statistics Summary to 1985," Table VM-201A and preliminary data for 1986.

## Section 2. Consumption

Total U.S. energy consumption in October 1987 was 6.1 quadrillion Btu. Petroleum products accounted for 47 percent ${ }^{1}$ of the energy consumed in October 1987, while coal accounted for 24 percent, and natural gas accounted for 19 percent.

Residential and commercial sector consumption was 2.0 quadrillion Btu in October 1987, up 4 percent from the October 1986 level. The sector accounted for 33 percent of October 1987 total consumption, about the same share as in October 1986.

Industrial sector consumption was 2.2 quadrillion Btu in October 1987, up 5 percent from the October 1986 level. The industrial sector accounted for 37 percent of October 1987 total consumption, about the same share as in October 1986.

Transportation sector consumption of energy was 1.8 quadrillion Btu in October 1987, up 3 percent from the October 1986 level. The sector consumed 30 percent of October 1987 total consumption, down 1 percent from its 31-percent share in October 1986.

Electric utility consumption of energy totaled 2.2 quadrillion Btu in October 1987, up 1 percent from the October 1986 level. Coal contributed almost 56 percent of the energy consumed by electric utilities in October 1987, while nuclear electric power contributed 18 percent; natural gas, 11 percent; hydroelectric power, 10 percent; petroleum products, about 3 percent; and wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy, about 1 percent.

Table 2.1 Energy Consumption Summary for October 1987 (Quadrillion (10 ${ }^{15}$ ) Btu)

| Energy Source | Sector |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Residential and Commercia | Industrial | Transportation | Electric Utilities |  |
|  | 0.016 | 0.208 | ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ) | 1.205 | 1.431 |
| Natural Gas ${ }^{\text {b }}$...................................................................... | . 367 | . 501 | 0.040 | . 246 | 1.155 2.838 |
| Petroleum Products ......................................... | . 234 | . 732 | 1.800 | . 073 | 2.838 |
| Hydroelectric Power ................................... | - | . 002 | - | . 221 | . 394 |
| Nuclear Electric Power ............................... | - | 002 |  | . 394 | . 002 |
| Net Imports of Coal Coke .......................... | - | . 002 | - | . 020 | . 020 |
| Othere ....................................................... | - |  |  |  |  |
| Primary Consumption .............................. | . 617 | 1.446 | 1.840 | 2.160 | 6.064 |
| Electricity ................................................... | . 421 | . 249 | . 001 |  |  |
| Net Energy Consumption ......................... | 1.038 | 1.695 | 1.841 |  | 4.575 |
| Electrical System Energy Losses ................. | . 934 | . 552 | . 002 |  | 1.489 |
| Total Energy Consumptiond ...................... | 1.973 | 2.247 | 1.843 |  | 6.064 |

aSmall amounts of coal consumed for transportation are reported as industrial sector consumption.
bIncludes supplemental gaseous fuels. Transportation sector is pipeline fuel only.
cOther is electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.
dExcludes wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovotaic, and solar thermal energy except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution.

Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding and the use of sector-specific conversion factors.
Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

[^2]Figure 2.1 Consumption of Energy by End-Use Sector


Monthly


Table 2.2 Consumption of Energy by End-Use Sector (Quadrillion (10 ${ }^{15}$ ) Btu)

|  | Residential and Commercial | Industrial | Transportation | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 24.142 | 31.536 | 18.595 | 74.282 |
| 1973 Total ....................................................................................... | 23.724 | 30.697 | 18.113 | 72.543 |
| 1975 Total ................................................................................. | 23.900 | 28.405 | 18.240 | 70.545 |
| 1976 Total ................................................ | 25.019 | 30.240 | 19.094 | 74.362 |
| 1977 Total .................................................. | 25.387 | 31.086 | 19.808 | 76.289 |
| 1978 Total ............................................... | 26.088 | 31.411 | 20.589 | 78.089 |
| 1979 Total | 25.809 | 32.623 | 20.464 | 78.897 |
| 1980 Total ............................................... | 25.653 | 30.607 | 19.695 | 75.955 |
| 1981 Total ................................................ | 25.244 | 29.245 | 19.496 | 73.991 70.838 |
| 1982 Total ............................................... | 25.625 | 26.136 | 19.066 | 70.800 |
| 1983 Total ................................................ | 25.617 | 25.743 | 19.881 | 74.064 |
| 1984 Total ................................................ | 26.461 | 27.721 | 19.881 |  |
| 1985 January ........................................... | 3.075 | 2.499 | 1.611 | 7.187 |
| February | 2.980 | 2.233 | 1.488 | 6.701 |
| March ............................................... | 2.446 | 2.268 | 1.665 | 6.378 |
| April ................................................ | 2.014 | 2.213 | 1.680 | 5.902 5.794 |
| May ................................................. | 1.788 | 2.181 | 1.681 | 5.680 |
| June | 2.007 | 2.216 | 1.757 | 5.982 |
| August | 2.009 | 2.241 | 1.797 | 6.048 |
| September .......................................................... | 1.846 | 2.094 | 1.623 | 5.562 |
| October ............................................ | 1.853 | 2.255 | 1.728 | 5.835 |
| November | 2.031 | 2.194 | 1.640 | 5.865 |
| December ......... | 2.899 | 2.413 | 1.717 | 7.032 |
| Total ................................................ | 26.764 | 27.080 | 20.123 | 73.964 |
| 1986 January | 3.117 | 2.481 | 1.623 | 7.221 |
| February ............................................. | 2.711 | 2.249 | 1.495 | 6.453 |
| March .............................................. | 2.494 | 2.351 | 1.732 | 6.574 |
| April .. | 1.993 | 2.195 | 1.720 | 5.902 |
| May . | 1.856 | 2.249 | 1.781 | 5.882 |
| June ................................................ | 1.908 | 2.139 | 1.752 | 5.799 |
| July ................................................ | 2.177 | 2.091 | 1.863 | 6.138 |
| August ............................................. | 2.056 | 2.099 | 1.852 | 5.022 |
| September ....................................... | 1.879 | 2.051 | 1.689 | 5.622 |
| October .............................................................................. | 1.903 | 2.149 | 1.680 | 5.852 |
| November .............................................................................. | 2.149 | 2.115 | 1.801 | 6.848 |
| December ................................................................................... | 27.037 | 26.419 | 20.790 | 74.253 |
|  | 3.078 | 2.374 | 1.629 | 7.086 |
| 1987 January | 2.737 | 2.094 | 1.552 | 6.386 |
| March ... | 2.525 | 2.167 | 1.718 | 6.413 |
| April ............................................. | 2.100 | 2.140 | 1.775 | 6.012 |
| May ................................................ | 1.918 | 2.179 | 1.815 | 5.911 |
| June ................. | 1.984 | 2.188 | 1.820 | 5.997 |
| July ..... | R 2.204 | R 2.198 | 1.902 | R 6.308 |
| August ....... | R 2.199 | R 2.2124 | 1.781 | R 5.837 |
| September | +1.933 | 2.247 | 1.843 | 6.064 |
| 10-Month Total | 22.652 | 21.927 | 17.657 | 62.255 |
| 1986 10-Month Total | 22.094 | 22.055 | 17.305 | 61.454 |
| 1985 10-Month Total .................................................. | 21.833 | 22.473 | 16.766 | 61.070 |

$R=$ Revised data
Notes: - Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding and the use of sector-specific conversion factors.

Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

Figure 2.2 Consumption of Energy by the Residential and Commercial Sector


Monthly


[^3]Table 2.3 Consumption of Energy by the Residential and Commercial Sector (Quadrillion (10 ${ }^{15}$ ) Btu)

|  | Coal | Natural Gas ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Petroleum | Electricity ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | Electrical System Energy Losses | Total ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | Year Date |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1973 Total .................... | 0.254 | 7.626 | 4.391 | 3.495 | 8.377 | 24.142 |  |
| 1974 Total ......................... | . 257 | 7.518 | 3.996 | 3.475 | 8.478 | 23.724 |  |
| 1975 Total ....................... | . 209 | 7.581 | 3.805 | 3.604 | 8.701 | 23.900 |  |
| 1976 Total .................... | . 203 | 7.866 | 4.181 | 3.747 | 9.023 | 25.019 |  |
| 1977 Total .................... | . 205 | 7.461 | 4.206 | 3.955 | 9.559 | 25.387 |  |
| 1978 Total .................... | . 214 | 7.624 | 4.070 | 4.116 | 10.065 | 26.088 |  |
| 1979 Total .................... | . 187 | 7.891 | 3.448 | 4.184 | 10.100 | 25.809 |  |
| 1980 Total .................... | . 145 | 7.540 | 3.035 | 4.355 | 10.578 | 25.653 |  |
| 1981 Total .................... | . 168 | 7.243 | 2.634 | 4.497 | 10.703 | 25.244 |  |
| 1982 Total .................... | . 188 | 7.427 | 2.449 | 4.566 | 10.994 | 25.625 |  |
| 1983 Total .................... | . 196 | 7.024 | 2.499 | 4.680 | 11.218 | 25.617 |  |
| 1984 Total .................... | . 212 | 7.292 | 2.582 | 4.922 | 11.453 | 26.461 |  |
| 1985 January ................ | . 019 | 1.151 | . 299 | . 458 | 1.148 | 3.075 | 3.075 |
| February ................. | . 017 | 1.289 | . 267 | . 459 | . 948 | 2.980 | 6.054 |
| March ................... | . 012 | . 883 | . 233 | . 401 | . 917 | 2.446 | 8.501 |
| April ..................... | . 018 | . 622 | . 179 | . 372 | . 823 | 2.014 1.788 | 12.302 |
| May ..................... | . 011 | . 351 | . 165 | . 367 | . 8979 | 1.817 | 14.119 |
| June ..................... | . 008 | . 265 | . 157 | . 406 | 1.143 | 2.007 | 16.126 |
| July ...................... | . 012 | . 233 | . 176 | . 471 | 1.131 | 2.009 | 18.135 |
| August .................. | . 011 | . 219 | . 177 | . 459 | . 961 | 1.846 | 19.981 |
| September ............ | . 015 | . 2345 | . 217 | . 391 | . 904 | 1.853 | 21.833 |
| October ................ | . 0177 | . 502 | . 227 | . 382 | . 903 | 2.031 | 23.864 |
| December .............. | . 022 | 1.011 | . 316 | . 447 | 1.103 | 2.899 | 26.763 |
| Total ................... | . 179 | 7.085 | 2.573 | 5.072 | 11.854 | 26.764 |  |
| 1986 January ................ | . 021 | 1.217 | . 281 | . 488 | 1.110 | 3.117 | 3.117 |
| February ............... | . 018 | 1.060 | . 268 | . 437 | . 928 | 2.711 | 5.828 |
| March ................... | . 013 | . 896 | . 244 | . 410 | . 930 | 2.494 1.993 | 8.3214 10.314 |
| April ...................... | . 019 | . 568 | . 180 | . 375 | . 850 | 1.993 | 12.170 |
| May ...................... | . 011 | . 378 | . 169 | .374 436 | .924 1.057 | 1.908 | 14.078 |
| June ..................... | . 009 | . 261 | . 145 | . 407 | 1.272 | 2.177 | 16.256 |
| July ...................... | . 011 | . 221 | . 175 | . 507 | 1.272 | 2.056 | 18.311 |
| August .................. | . 010 | . 212 | . 174 | . 454 | 1.009 | 1.879 | 20.190 |
| September ............. | . 014 | . 228 | . 174 | . 419 | . 939 | 1.903 | 22.094 |
| October ................ | . 016 | . 310 | . 220 | . 419 | . 939 | 2.149 | 24.243 |
| November ............. | . 016 | . 551 | . 240 | . 392 | . 951 | 2.149 | 27.243 |
| December ............. | . 021 | . 924 | . 313 | . 454 | 1.083 | 2.795 | 27.038 |
| Total .................... | . 180 | 6.824 | 2.573 | 5.251 | 12.209 | 27.037 |  |
| 1987 January | . 017 | 1.140 | . 282 | . 490 | 1.149 | 3.078 | 3.078 |
| February ............... | . 015 | 1.071 | . 266 | . 452 | . 934 | 2.737 | 5.815 |
| March .................... | . 011 | . 895 | . 230 | . 427 | . 962 | 2.525 | 8.341 |
| April ...................... | . 014 | . 628 | . 187 | . 396 | . 875 | 2.100 | 10.441 |
| May ..................... | . 009 | . 365 | . 162 | . 404 | . 978 | 1.918 | 14.359 |
| June ..................... | . 007 | . 252 | . 162 | . 460 | 1.103 | 1.984 | 16.547 |
| July ...................... | R . 012 | . 224 | . 175 | . 529 | 1.264 | R 2.204 | 18.547 |
| August ................... | R. 011 | . 213 | . 168 | . 548 | 1.259 | R 2.199 |  |
| September ............. | R . 015 | . 227 | . 196 | . 483 | 1.012 | - 1.973 | $2{ }^{2} 65$ |
| October ................ | . 016 | . 367 | . 234 | . 421 | . 934 | 1.973 | 22.652 |
| 10-Month Total .... | . 126 | 5.384 | 2.062 | 4.611 | 10.470 | 22.652 |  |
| 1986 10-Month Total ... | . 142 | 5.352 | 2.021 | 4.405 | 10.175 | 22.094 |  |
| 1985 10-Month Total ... | . 140 | 5.573 | 2.030 | 4.243 | 9.848 | 21.833 |  |

alncludes supplemental gaseous fuels.
bIncludes electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.
${ }^{\text {c Excludes wood, waste, geothermal wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy except for small amounts used by electric utilities to }}$ generate electricity for distribution.
$R=$ Revised data.
Notes: - Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

Figure 2.3 Consumption of Energy by the Industrial Sector


Monthly

*Includes hydroelectric power.
**Includes net imports of coal coke.

Table 2.4 Consumption of Energy by the Industrial Sector (Quadrillion (1015) Btu)

|  | Coal | Natural Gas ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Petroleum | Hydroelectric Power | Net Imports of Coal Coke | Electricity ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | Electrical System Energy Losses | Total ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | Year to Date |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1973 Total .................... | 4.057 | 10.388 | 9.113 | 0.035 | -0.007 | 2.341 | 5.611 | 31.536 |  |
| 1974 Total ........................ | 3.868 | 10.003 | 8.698 | . 033 | . 056 | 2.337 | 5.701 | 30.697 |  |
| 1975 Total ..................... | 3.666 | 8.532 | 8.151 | . 032 | . 014 | 2.346 | 5.664 | 28.405 |  |
| 1976 Total .................... | 3.660 | 8.761 | 9.018 | . 033 | 0 | 2.573 | 6.196 | 30.240 |  |
| 1977 Total ..................... | 3.453 | 8.636 | 9.786 | . 033 | . 015 | 2.682 | 6.481 | 31.086 |  |
| 1978 Total .................... | 3.314 | 8.539 | 9.890 | . 032 | . 125 | 2.761 | 6.751 | 31.411 |  |
| 1979 Total .................... | 3.593 | 8.549 | 10.576 | . 034 | . 063 | 2.873 | 6.935 | 32.623 |  |
| 1980 Total .................... | 3.155 | 8.394 | 9.524 | . 033 | -. 035 | 2.781 | 6.755 | 30.607 |  |
| 1981 Total .................... | 3.157 | 8.257 | 8.291 | . 033 | -. 016 | 2.817 | 6.705 | 29.245 |  |
| 1982 Total .................... | 2.552 | 7.116 | 7.795 | . 033 | -. 022 | 2.542 | 6.120 | 26.136 |  |
| 1983 Total .................... | 2.490 | 6.821 | 7.421 | . 033 | -. 016 | 2.648 | 6.346 | 25.743 |  |
| 1984 Total .................... | 2.842 | 7.449 | 7.889 | . 032 | -. 011 | 2.862 | 6.659 | 27.721 |  |
| 1985 January .... | . 245 | . 728 | . 708 | . 003 | 0 | . 232 | . 582 | 2.499 | 2.499 |
| February ................. | . 226 | . 671 | . 627 | . 003 | . 001 | . 230 | . 475 | 2.233 | 4.732 |
| March ................... | . 227 | . 633 | . 639 | . 003 | 0 | 233 | . 532 | 2.268 | 7.001 |
| April ..................... | . 241 | . 589 | . 620 | . 003 | . 001 | 237 | . 524 | 2.213 | 9.214 |
| May ..................... | . 233 | . 549 | . 656 | . 003 | -. 003 | . 242 | . 591 | 2.271 | 11.485 |
| June ..................... | . 213 | . 516 | . 624 | . 003 | -. 002 | . 242 | . 584 | 2.181 | 15.686 |
| July ....................... | . 223 | . 534 | . 615 | . 003 | -. 002 | . 241 | . 601 | 2.216 | 15.882 |
| August ................... | . 226 | . 529 | . 646 | . 002 | -. 001 | . 247 | . 592 | 2.241 | 18.123 |
| September ............ | . 219 | . 518 | . 600 | . 002 | -. 003 | . 245 | . 512 | 2.094 | 20.217 |
| October ................ | . 221 | . 562 | . 680 | . 002 | -. 001 | . 239 | . 553 | 2.255 | 22.473 |
| November ............. | . 231 | . 576 | . 608 | . 002 | -. 003 | . 232 | . 548 | 2.194 | 24.667 |
| December ............. | . 254 | . 683 | . 678 | . 002 | -. 001 | . 229 | . 567 | 2.413 | 27.080 |
| Total .................... | 2.760 | 7.089 | 7.702 | . 033 | -. 013 | 2.850 | 6.661 | 27.080 |  |
| 1986 January ................ | . 259 | . 756 | . 732 | . 003 | 0 | . 223 | . 507 | 2.481 | 2.481 |
| February ................. | . 239 | . 673 | . 638 | . 003 | 0 | . 223 | . 474 | 2.249 | 4.730 |
| March ...................... | . 240 | . 667 | . 695 | . 003 | -. 001 | . 229 | . 519 | 2.351 | 7.082 |
| April ...................... | . 239 | . 577 | . 632 | . 003 | 0 | . 228 | . 517 | 2.195 | 9.277 |
| May ..................... | . 231 | . 545 | . 666 | . 003 | -. 003 | 232 | . 574 | 2.249 | 11.526 |
| June ..................... | . 212 | . 499 | . 629 | . 003 | 0 | . 232 | . 563 | 2.139 | 13.665 |
| July ...................... | . 196 | . 491 | . 579 | . 003 | -. 002 | . 235 | . 589 | 2.091 | 15.756 |
| August .................. | . 199 | . 489 | . 643 | . 002 | -. 006 | . 235 | . 537 | 2.099 | 17.855 |
| September ............ | . 193 | . 447 | . 647 | . 002 | 0 | . 237 | . 526 | 2.051 | 19.906 |
| October ................ | . 198 | 474 | . 708 | . 002 | -. 001 | . 237 | . 531 | 2.149 | 22.055 |
| November ............. | . 208 | . 499 | . 646 | . 002 | -. 003 | . 223 | 540 | 2.115 | 24.170 |
| December ............. | . 229 | . 569 | . 688 | . 002 | -. 001 | . 225 | . 537 | 2.250 | 26.420 |
| Total .................... | 2.643 | 6.686 | 7.904 | . 033 | -. 017 | 2.758 | 6.413 | 26.419 |  |
| 1987 January ................ | . 223 | . 632 | . 766 | . 003 | -. 001 | . 224 | . 526 | 2.374 | 2.374 |
| February .................. | . 205 | . 547 | . 654 | . 003 | . 001 | . 223 | . 461 | 2.094 | 4.468 |
| March ................... | . 205 | . 534 | . 672 | . 003 | -. 002 | . 232 | . 523 | 2.167 | 6.635 |
| April ..................... | . 224 | . 488 | . 679 | . 003 | 0 | . 232 | . 513 | 2.140 | 8.775 |
| May ..................... | . 216 | . 477 | . 664 | . 003 | 0 | . 239 | . 578 | 2.179 | 10.954 |
| June .................... | . 199 | . 463 | . 680 | . 003 | . 002 | . 248 | . 593 | 2.188 | 13.142 |
| July ...................... | R . 220 | . 437 | . 686 | . 003 | 0 | . 252 | . 601 | R 2.198 | R 15.340 |
| August .................. | R . 223 | . 475 | . 674 | . 002 | . 001 | 255 | . 587 | ${ }^{\text {R }} 2.216$ | R 17.556 |
| September ............ | R 216 | . 447 | . 669 | . 002 | . 004 | . 254 | . 533 | R 2.124 | R 19.680 |
| October ................. | . 208 | . 501 | . 732 | . 002 | . 002 | . 249 | . 552 | 2.247 | 21.927 |
| 10-Month Total .... | 2.139 | 5.001 | 6.876 | . 028 | . 007 | 2.409 | 5.467 | 21.927 |  |
| 1986 10-Month Total ... | 2.206 | 5.618 | 6.570 | . 028 | -. 013 | 2.310 | 5.337 | 22.055 |  |
| 1985 10-Month Total ... | 2.275 | 5.830 | 6.416 | . 028 | -. 010 | 2.388 | 5.546 | 22.473 |  |

[^4]Figure 2.4 Consumption of Energy by the Transportation Sector


Monthly

*Includes coal, natural gas, electricity, and electrical system energy losses.

Table 2.5 Consumption of Energy by the Transportation Sector (Quadrillion ( $10^{15}$ ) Btu)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

apipeline fuel only, including supplemental gaseous fuels.
BIncludes electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.
cexcludes wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution.
dLess than 0.5 trillion Btu.
esince 1978, the small amounts of coal consumed for transportation have been reported as industrial sector consumption.
Notes: - Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

Figure 2.5 Energy Input at Electric Utilities

Yearly


Monthly

*Includes other.

Table 2.6 Energy Input at Electric Utilities (Quadrillion ( $10^{15}$ ) Btu)

|  | Coal | Natural Gas ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Petroleumb | Hydroelectric Power ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | Nuclear Electric Power | Other ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year } \\ & \text { to } \\ & \text { Date } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1973 Total .................... | 8.658 | 3.748 | 3.515 | 2.975 | 0.910 | 0.046 | 19.853 |  |
| 1974 Total ..................... | 8.534 | 3.519 | 3.365 | 3.276 | 1.272 | . 056 | 20.022 |  |
| 1975 Total .................... | 8.786 | 3.240 | 3.166 | 3.187 | 1.900 | . 072 | 20.350 |  |
| 1976 Total ..................... | 9.720 | 3.152 | 3.477 | 3.032 | 2.111 | . 081 | 21.573 |  |
| 1977 Total ..................... | 10.262 | 3.284 | 3.901 | 2.482 | 2.702 | . 082 | 22.713 |  |
| 1978 Total .................... | 10.238 | 3.297 | 3.987 | 3.110 | 3.024 | . 068 | 23.724 |  |
| 1979 Total .................... | 11.260 | 3.613 | 3.283 | 3.107 | 2.776 | . 089 | 24.128 |  |
| 1980 Total .................... | 12.123 | 3.810 | 2.634 | 3.085 | 2.739 | . 114 | 24.505 |  |
| 1981 Total .................... | 12.583 | 3.768 | 2.202 | 3.072 | 3.008 | . 127 | 24.760 |  |
| 1982 Total ................... | 12.582 | 3.342 | 1.568 | 3.528 | 3.131 | . 108 | 24.260 |  |
| 1983 Total .................... | 13.213 | 2.998 | 1.544 | 3.838 | 3.203 | . 133 | 24.929 |  |
| 1984 Total ................... | 14.020 | 3.220 | 1.286 | 3.684 | 3.553 | . 174 | 25.937 |  |
| 1985 January ................. | 1.334 | . 235 | . 132 | . 314 | . 391 | . 018 | 2.424 | 2.424 |
| February ............... | 1.163 | . 210 | . 101 | . 292 | . 333 | . 016 | 2.115 | 4.539 |
| March ................... | 1.148 | . 215 | . 077 | . 292 | . 336 | . 018 | 2.087 | 6.626 |
| April ...................... | 1.067 | . 243 | . 066 | . 282 | . 286 | . 016 | 1.959 | 8.585 |
| May ..................... | 1.144 | . 245 | . 075 | . 307 | . 310 | . 016 | 2.098 | 10.684 |
| June ..................... | 1.208 | . 293 | . 083 | . 283 | . 333 | . 016 | 2.216 | 12.899 |
| July ...................... | 1.347 | . 349 | . 090 | . 264 | . 380 | . 018 | 2.448 | 15.347 |
| August .................. | 1.322 | . 368 | . 107 | . 253 | . 376 | . 018 | 2.445 | 17.793 |
| September ............ | 1.190 | . 285 | . 082 | . 232 | . 373 | . 017 | 2.180 | 19.973 |
| October ................. | 1.152 | . 259 | . 082 | . 242 | . 337 | . 017 | 2.090 | 22.062 |
| November ............. | 1.138 | . 239 | . 075 | . 271 | . 326 | . 021 | 2.070 | 24.132 |
| December ............. | 1.329 | . 218 | . 120 | . 296 | . 365 | . 022 | 2.350 | 26.482 |
| Total .................... | 14.542 | 3.160 | 1.090 | 3.330 | 4.147 | . 213 | 26.482 |  |
| 1986 January ................ | 1.350 | . 190 | . 119 | . 258 | . 391 | . 023 | 2.332 | 2.332 |
| February ............... | 1.161 | . 162 | . 101 | . 268 | . 354 | . 019 | 2.065 | 4.397 |
| March ................... | 1.136 | . 175 | . 107 | . 319 | . 333 | . 020 | 2.091 | 6.488 |
| April ..................... | 1.014 | . 205 | . 097 | . 309 | 329 | . 018 | 1.973 | 8.461 |
| May ..................... | 1.084 | . 239 | . 111 | . 311 | . 345 | . 018 | 2.108 | 10.568 |
| June ..................... | 1.242 | . 269 | . 123 | . 299 | . 339 | . 020 | 2.291 | 12.860 |
| July ...................... | 1.434 | . 311 | . 173 | . 280 | . 388 | . 021 | 2.607 | 15.467 |
| August .................. | 1.301 | . 286 | . 163 | . 258 | . 405 | . 021 | 2.434 | 17.901 |
| September ............ | 1.192 | . 255 | . 115 | . 253 | . 396 | . 018 | 2.229 | 20.130 |
| October ................ | 1.141 | . 224 | . 105 | . 252 | . 391 | . 017 | 2.131 | 22.260 |
| November ............. | 1.142 | . 193 | . 112 | . 269 | . 378 | . 015 | 2.109 | 24.369 |
| December ............. | 1.246 | . 181 | . 126 | . 302 | . 427 | . 020 | 2.303 | 26.672 |
| Total .................... | 14.444 | 2.691 | 1.452 | 3.378 | 4.475 | . 232 | 26.672 |  |
| 1987 January ................. | 1.316 | . 191 | . 129 | . 305 | . 432 | . 020 | 2.394 | 2.394 |
| February ............... | 1.132 | . 164 | . 111 | . 251 | . 396 | . 019 | 2.073 | 4.467 |
| March ................... | 1.152 | . 196 | . 107 | . 268 | . 403 | . 021 | 2.148 | 6.615 |
| April ...................... | 1.085 | . 213 | . 084 | . 256 | . 362 | . 019 | 2.020 | 8.634 |
| May ..................... | 1.191 | . 251 | . 086 | . 284 | . 371 | . 020 | 2.203 | 10.838 |
| June ..................... | 1.339 | . 293 | . 112 | . 247 | . 395 | . 021 | 2.408 | 13.245 |
| July ...................... | 1.491 | . 330 | . 134 | . 244 | . 428 | . 022 | 2.649 | 15.894 |
| August ................... | 1.477 | . 350 | . 120 | . 236 | . 447 | . 022 | 2.652 | 18.547 |
| September ............ | 1.249 | . 277 | . 082 | . 228 | . 429 | . 020 | 2.285 | 20.832 |
| October ................ | 1.205 | . 246 | . 073 | . 221 | . 394 | . 020 | 2.160 | 22.991 |
| 10-Month Total .... | 12.639 | 2.512 | 1.038 | 2.540 | 4.057 | . 205 | 22.991 |  |
| 1986 10-Month Total ... | 12.056 | 2.317 | 1.214 | 2.807 | 3.671 | . 196 | 22.260 |  |
| 1985 10-Month Total ... | 12.075 | 2.703 | . 896 | 2.763 | 3.456 | . 170 | 22.062 |  |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.
bIncludes petroleum products reported as "oil consumed in steam plants" through 1979 and "heavy oil" from 1980 forward, which are assumed to be residual fuel oil; petroleum products reported as "oil consumed in gas turbine and internal combustion engine plants" through 1979 and "light oil" from 1980 forward, which are assumed to be distillate fuel oil and kerosene; and petroleum coke.

Includes net imports of electricity.
dOther is electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.
Notes: - Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

## Notes and Sources for the Consumption Section

1. Total Energy Consumed: Total energy consumed includes coal, natural gas (including supplemental gaseous fuels), petroleum products supplied, electric utility and industrial generation of hydroelectric power, net imports of electricity generated from hydroelectric power, and electricity generated from nuclear power. Total energy consumed also includes electricity generated from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy but excludes other energy obtained from those sources because consistent historical data are not available.
2. Economic Sectors: Energy use is assigned to the major economic sectors according to the following guidelines as closely as possible:

- Residential and Commercial Sector-- private household establishments (which consume energy primarily for space heating, water heating, air conditioning, refrigeration, cooking, and clothes drying); nonmanufacturing business establishments, including hotels, motels, restaurants, wholesale businesses, retail stores, laundries, and other service enterprises; health, social, and educational institutions; and Federal, State, and local governments. Street lights, pumps, bridges, and public swimming pools are also included.
- Industrial sector--manufacturing, construction, mining, agriculture, fishing, and forestry establishments.
- Transportation sector--private and public vehicles that move people and commodities. Included are automobiles, trucks, buses, motorcycles, railroads and railways (including streetcars), aircraft, ships, barges, and natural gas pipelines.
- Electric utility sector--privately- and publiclyowned establishments that generate electricity primarily for use by the public.

3. Conversion Factors: See the Conversion Factors section of this publication.
4. Coal: Coal is anthracite, bituminous coal, (including sub-bituminous coal), and lignite. Sources:

- 1973 through September 1977: U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), Bureau of Mines (BOM), Minerals Yearbook and Minerals Industry Surveys.
- Electric Utilities--October 1977 forward: Energy Information Administration (EIA), EIA Form 759 (formerly FPC Form 4), "Monthly Power Plant Report."
- Other Industrial--October 1977 through December 1979: EIA, EIA Form 3, "Monthly Fuel Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; January 1980 forward: EIA, EIA Form 3, "Quarterly

Fuel Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants" and EIA Form 6, "Coal Distribution Report."

- Coke Plants--October 1977 through December 1980: EIA, EIA Form 5/5A, "Coke and Coal Chemicals - Monthly/Annual'; January 1981 forward: EIA, EIA Form 5/5A, "Coke and Coal Chemicals - Quarterly/Annual."
- Residential and Commercial--October 1977 through December 1979: EIA, EIA Form 2, "Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers and Upper Lake Docks"; January 1980 forward: EIA, EIA Form 6, "Coal Distribution Report."

5. Natural Gas: Natural gas consumption by end-use sector is based on data presented in Table 4.3 of this report. For Section 2 calculations, lease and plant fuel consumption are added to the industrial sector deliveries and pipeline fuel represents the transportation sector's use of natural gas. Values in Btu are derived using the conversion factors provided in the Conversion Factors section of this publication. Sources:

- 1973 through 1975: DOI, BOM, Minerals Yearbook, "Natural Gas" chapter.
- 1976 through 1978: EIA, Energy Data Reports, "Natural Gas, Annual."
- 1979: EIA, Natural Gas Production and Consumption 1979.
- 1980 through 1985: EIA, Natural Gas Annual.
- 1986 forward: EIA, EIA-857, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Purchases and Deliveries to Consumers," and EIA computations.
- Electric utilities consumption - 1973 through 1976: FPC Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." 1977 through 1981: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), FPC Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." - 1982 forward: EIA, EIA Form 759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
- American Gas Association, "Monthly Gas Utility Statistical Report."

6. Petroleum: Petroleum consumption by end-use is the sum of all individual petroleum products estimated to be consumed in each end-use sector. First, total consumption by product is determined. Petroleum consumption in this section of the Monthly Energy Review ( $M E R$ ) is the series called "petroleum products supplied" in Section 3. Sources for petroleum products supplied by individual products are:

- 1973 through 1975: DOI, BOM, Mineral Industry Surveys, "Petroleum Statement, Annual."
- 1976 through 1980: EIA, Energy Data Reports, "Petroleum Statement, Annual."
- 1981 through 1984: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual.
- 1985 forward: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.

Specific petroleum products' end-use allocation procedures follow:

- Aviation Gasoline--All product supplied is assigned to the transportation sector.
- Asphalt--All product supplied is assigned to the industrial sector.
- Distillate Fuel


## Electric Utility Sector, All Periods.

Monthly and annual consumption in 1973 through 1979 is assumed to be the amount of oil (minus small amounts of kerosene and kerosene-type jet fuel deliveries) reported as consumed in internal combustion and gas turbine engine plants. From January 1980, electric utility consumption of distillate fuel is assumed to be the petroleum products reported as "light oil" (minus small amounts of kerosene deliveries through 1982) consumed at utilities.
Sources: 1973 through September 1977--FPC Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report;" October 1977 through 1981--FERC, FPC Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report;" 1982 forward--EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

## Non-Electric Utility Sectors, Annual Estimates Through 1985.

The aggregate non-electric utility use of distillate fuel is total distillate fuel supplied minus the electric utility consumption. The non-electric utility annual totals are allocated into the individual non-electric utility sectors in proportion to the amount of distillate fuel delivered to end users, grouped into sectors from EIA's "Deliveries of Fuel Oil and Kerosene" ("Deliveries") reports (based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-821, previously Form EIA-172) as follows:

- Residential sector deliveries are directly from the "Deliveries" reports for 1979 through 1985. Prior to 1979, each year's deliveries subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into residential, commercial, and industrial (including farm) in proportion to the 1979 shares;
- Commercial sector deliveries are directly from the "Deliveries" reports for 1979 through 1985. Prior to 1979, each year's deliveries subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into residential, commercial, and industrial (including farm) in proportion to the 1979 shares;
- Industrial sector deliveries for 1979 through 1985 are the sum of deliveries for industrial, farm, oil company, off-highway, diesel, and all other uses. Prior to 1979 , each year's deliveries subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into residential, commercial, and industrial (including farm) in proportion to the 1979 shares, and this estimated industrial portion is added to oil company, off-highway diesel, and all other uses; and
- Transportation sector deliveries are the sum of deliveries for railroad, vessel bunkering, onhighway diesel, and military uses for all years.


## Non-Electric Utility Sectors, Monthly Estimates Through 1985.

-Residential and commercial sector monthly consumption is estimated by allocating the annual sector estimates described above into months in proportion to each month's share of the year's sales of No. 2 heating oil as reported in the "Monthly Report of Heating Oil Sales" by the Ethyl Corporation from 1973 through 1980 and the American Petroleum Institute for 1981 and 1982, and the Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-782-A, "Refiners/Gas Plant Operators' Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report," No. 2 Fuel Oil Sales to End Users and for Resale, for 1983 through 1985.

- The transportation sector highway use portion is allocated into the months in proportion to each month's share of the year's total sales for highway use as reported by the Federal Highway Administration's Table MF-25, "Private and Commercial Highway Use of Special Fuels by Months." The remaining transportation use of distillate fuel (i.e., for railroads, vessel bunkering, and military use) is evenly distributed over the months, adjusted for the number of days per month.
- Industrial sector monthly estimates are made by subtracting the residential and commercial, transportation, and electric utility sector estimates from each month's total distillate fuel supplied.


## Non-Electric Utility Sectors, 1986 Forward.

Each month's non-electric utility consumption subtotal is disaggregated into the major end-use sectors in proportion to the shares each sector held of the non-electric utility subtotal in the same month in 1985.

- Jet Fuel--Through 1982, small amounts of kerosene-type jet fuel were consumed by the electric utility sector. Kerosene-type jet fuel deliveries to electric utilities as reported on the FERC-423 (formerly FPC-423) were used as estimates of this consumption. All remaining jet fuel (kerosene-type and naphtha-type) is consumed by the transportation sector.
- Kerosene--Total product supplied monthly is allocated to the major end-use sectors in proportion to annual deliveries grouped into end-use sectors from EIA's "Deliveries of Fuel Oil and Kerosene" ( "Deliveries") reports (based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-821, previously Form EIA-172) as follows:
- Residential sector deliveries are directly from the "Deliveries" reports for 1979 through 1985. Deliveries for 1985 are used as estimates for suc-
ceeding periods. Prior to 1979, each year's deliveries category called "heating" is split into residential, commercial, and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares;
- Commercial sector deliveries are directly from the "Deliveries" reports for 1979 through 1985. Deliveries for 1985 are used as estimates for succeeding periods. Prior to 1979, each year's deliveries category called "heating" is split into residential, commercial, and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares; and
- Industrial sector deliveries are directly from the "Deliveries" reports for 1979 through 1985. Deliveries for 1985 are used as estimates for succeeding periods. Prior to 1979, each year's deliveries category called "heating" is split into residential, commercial, and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares, and this estimated industrial (including farm) portion is added to "all other uses."
- Liquefied Petroleum Gases (LPG)--The annual shares of LPG's total consumption that are estimated to be consumed by each end-use sector are applied to each month's total LPG consumption (i.e., product supplied) to create monthly end-use consumption estimates. The annual end-use shares are calculated in the following manner:
- Sales of LPG to the residential and commercial sector are converted from thousand gallons per year to thousand barrels per year and are assumed to be the annual consumption of LPG by the sector;
- The quantity of LPG sold each year that is consumed in internal combustion engines is allocated between the transportation and industrial sectors according to a 5 -year moving average of the percentage of carburetors sold to each end-use category. The proportions range from 31 percent transportation and 69 percent industrial in 1973 to 63 percent transportation and 37 percent industrial in 1985.
- LPG consumed annually by the industrial sector is estimated as the difference between LPG's total supplied and the estimated consumption by the sum of the residential and commercial sector and the transportation sector. The industrial sector includes LPG used by chemical plants as raw materials or solvents and for use in the production of synthetic rubber; refinery fuel use; use as synthetic natural gas feedstock and use in secondary recovery projects; all farm use; LPG sold to gas utility companies for distribution through the mains; and a portion of the use of LPG as an internal combustion engine fuel.

The sources of the annual sales data for creating annual end-use shares are:

- 1973 through 1982: EIA's "Sales of Liquefied Petroleum Gases and Ethane" reports, based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-174.
- 1983: End-use consumption estimates for 1983 are based on 1982 end-use consumption because the collection of data under Form EIA-174 was discontinued after data year 1982.
- 1984 and 1985: American Petroleum Institute (API), "Sales of Natural Gas Liquids and Liquefied Refinery Gases" based on an LPG sales survey jointly sponsored by API, the Gas Processors Association, and the National Liquefied Petroleum Gas Association.
- Succeeding periods: The 1985 source is used to estimate succeeding periods.
- Lubricants--Total product supplied is allocated to the industrial and transportation sectors for all months according to proportions developed from annual sales of lubricants to those two sectors from U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Current Industrial Reports, "Sales of Lubricating and Industrial Oils and Greases." The 1973 shares are applied to 1973 and 1974; the 1975 shares are applied to 1975 and 1976; and the 1977 shares are applied to 1977 forward.
- Motor Gasoline--Total product supplied monthly is allocated to the major end-use sectors in proportion to aggregations of annual sales categories formed from the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Highway Statistics, Tables MF-21, MF-24, and MF-25, as follows:
- Commercial sales are the sum of sales for public non-highway use, miscellaneous use, and unclassified use;
- Industrial sales are the sum of sales for agriculture, construction, and industrial and commercial use as classified in the Highway Statistics; and
- Transportation sales are the sum of sales for highway use (minus the sales of special fuels, which are primarily diesel fuel and are accounted for in the transportation sector of distillate fuel) and sales for marine use.
- Petroleum Coke--The portion consumed by the electric utility sector is from EIA Form 759, "Monthly Power Plant Report" (formerly FPC Form 4). The remaining petroleum coke is assigned to the industrial sector.


## - Residual Fuel

## Electric Utility Sector, All Periods.

Monthly and annual consumption 1973 through 1979 is assumed to be the amount of oil reported as consumed in steam-electric power plants. From January 1980, electric utility consumption of residual fuel is assumed to be the petroleum
products reported as "heavy oil" consumed at utilities.
Sources: 1973 through September 1977--FPC Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report;" October 1977 through 1981--FERC, FPC Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report;" 1982 forward--EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

## Non-Electric Utility Sectors, Annual Estimates Through 1985.

The aggregate non-electric utility use of residual fuel is total residual fuel supplied minus the electric utility consumption. The non-electric utility annual totals are allocated into the individual non-electric utility sectors in proportion to the amount of residual fuel delivered to end users, grouped into sectors from EIA's "Deliveries of Fuel Oil and Kerosene" ("Deliveries") reports (based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-821, previously Form EIA-172) as follows:

- Commercial sector deliveries are directly from the "Deliveries" reports for 1979 through 1985. Prior to 1979 , each year's deliveries subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into commercial and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares;
- Industrial sector deliveries for 1979 through 1985 are the sum of deliveries for industrial, oil company, and all other uses. Prior to 1979, each year's deliveries subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into commercial and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares; and this estimated industrial portion is added to oil company and all other uses; and
- Transportation sector deliveries are the sum of deliveries for railroad, vessel bunkering, and military uses for all years.


## Non-Electric Utility Sectors, Monthly Estimates Through 1985.

- Commercial sector monthly consumption is estimated by allocating the annual commercial sector estimates described above into months in proportion to each month's share of the year's sales of No. 2 fuel oil as reported in the "Monthly Report of Heating Oil Sales" by the Ethyl Corporation for 1973 through 1980 and the American Petroleum Institute for 1981 and 1982, and the Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-782-A, "Refiners/Gas Plant Operators' Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report," No. 2 Fuel Oil Sales to End Users and for Resale, 1983 through 1985.
- Transportation sector monthly estimates are made by evenly distributing the annual sector estimate over the months, adjusted for the number of days per month.
- Industrial sector monthly estimates are made by subtracting the commercial, transportation,
and electric utility sector estimates from each month's total residual fuel supplied.


## Non-Electric Utility Sectors, 1986 Forward.

Each month's non-electric utility consumption subtotal is disaggregated into the major end-use sectors in proportion to the shares each sector held of the non-electric utility subtotal in the same month in 1985.

- Road Oil--All product supplied is assigned to the industrial sector.
- All Other Petroleum Products--The product supplied of all remaining petroleum products is assigned to the industrial sector.

7. Hydroelectric Power: Includes electricity generated by hydroelectric power at electric utilities, small amounts in the industrial sector, and net imports of electricity, which are assumed to be generated by hydroelectric power and are included in the electric utilities sector.

Sources for electric utilities sector:

- 1973 through 1976: FPC, Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
- 1977 through 1981: FERC, FPC Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
- 1982 forward: EIA, EIA Form 759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Sources for industrial sector:

- 1973 through 1978: FPC Form 4, Monthly Power Plant Report for plants with generating capacity exceeding 10 megawatts and FPC Form 12-C, Industrial Electric Generating Capacity, for all other plants.
- 1979: FPC Form 4, Monthly Power Plant Report for plants with generating capacity exceeding 10 megawatts and EIA estimates for all other plants.
- 1980 forward: Annual generation estimated by EIA as the average generation over the 6-year period of 1974 through 1979; monthly generation estimated to be in proportion to each month's hydro- electricity generation in the electric utility industry in 1980.

Note for imports and exports of electricity:

- Monthly electricity imports and exports estimates for 1982 forward were revised in the May 1984 $M E R$. The revisions do not cause discontinuity in the annual data series: the data continue to come from the same source. The monthly data series, however, are discontinuous because monthly data from January 1982 forward are now available from the same source as the annual data. Estimates for monthly values prior to 1982, published in previous issues, were developed by con-
verting the annual value to a daily rate and multiplying by the number of days in the month. Accordingly, month-to-month analyses are not comparable when taken across the transition date of January 1982. Monthly analyses on either side of that date will be comparable. There is no known bias in either the annual data or the monthly data since January 1982.

Sources for imports and exports of electricity:

- 1973 through 1980: DOE, Economic Regulatory Administration, "Report on Electric Energy Exchanges with Canada and Mexico."
- 1981: DOE, Office of Energy Emergency Operations, "Report on Electric Energy Exchanges with Canada and Mexico for Calendar Year 1981," April 1982 (revised June 1982).
- 1982 through 1985: DOE, Economic Regulatory Administration, ERA-781, "Annual Report of International Electric Import/Export Data."
- 1986 forward: EIA estimates.

8. Nuclear Electric Power and Wood, Waste, Geothermal, Wind, Photovoltaic, and Solar Thermal Energy Sources Connected to Electric Utility Distribution Systems:
Sources:

- 1973 through 1976: FPC, Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
- 1977 through 1981: FERC, FPC Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
- 1982 forward: EIA, EIA Form 759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

9. Net Imports of Coal Coke: Net imports means imports minus exports, and a minus sign indicates that exports are greater than imports.
Sources:

- 1973 through 1975: DOI, BOM, Minerals Yearbook, "Coke and Coal Chemicals," chapter.
- 1976 through 1980: EIA, Energy Data Report, "Coke and Coal Chemicals," annual.
- 1981: EIA, Energy Data Report, "Coke Plant Report," quarterly.
- 1982 forward: EIA, Quarterly Coal Report.

10. Electricity: Sales of electricity represent consumption. From the sources cited below the following elec-
tricity sales categories are available: residential, commercial, industrial, and other. For the end-use estimates in this section, the "other" category (which is primarily sales for use in government buildings) is added to the commercial sector except for approximately 4 percent used by railroads and railways and accounted for in the transportation sector. Sales of electricity are converted into Btu at the rate of $3,412 \mathrm{Btu}$ per kilowatthour.
Sources of sales data:

- 1973 through 1976: FPC, Form 5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenue and Income."
- 1977 through February 1980: EIA, FPC Form 5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenue and Income."
- March 1980 through December 1982: EIA, FERC Form 5, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement."
- January 1983 forward: EIA, EIA Form 826, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement."

11. Electrical System Energy Losses: Electrical system energy losses are calculated as the difference between total energy input at electric utilities and the total energy content of electricity sold to end-use consumers. Most of those losses occur at steam-electric power plants (conventional and nuclear) in the conversion of heat energy into mechanical energy to turn electric generators. The loss is a thermodynamically necessary feature of the steam-electric cycle. Part of the energy input-to-output losses are a result of imputing fossil energy equivalent inputs for hydroelectric and other energy sources, since there is no generally accepted practice for measuring those thermal conversion rates. In addition to conversion losses, other losses include power plant use of electricity, transmission and distribution of electricity from power plants to end-use consumers (also called "line-losses"), and unaccounted for electricity. Total losses are allocated to the end-use sectors in proportion to each sector's share of total electricity sales. Overall, approximately 67 percent of total energy input is lost in conversion; of electricity generated, approximately 5 percent is lost in plant use and 9 percent in transmission and distribution. Calculated electrical system energy losses may be less than actual losses, because primary consumption does not include the energy equivalent of utility purchases of electricity from non-electric utilities and from Canada and Mexico, although they are included in electricity sales.

## Section 3. Petroleum

Domestic crude oil production during December 1987 was estimated to be 8.3 million barrels per day, slightly higher than the November 1987 rate, but slightly ${ }^{2}$ lower than the rate in December 1986. Crude oil production during 1987 was estimated to be 8.3 million barrels per day, 4 percent less than the 1986 production average.

Total petroleum imports averaged 6.8 million barrels per day in December 1987, 2 percent less than the November 1987 rate, but 1 percent more than the December 1986 rate. Total pertroleum imports during 1987 averaged 6.5 million barrels per day, 5 percent more than the average imports during 1986.

In December 1987, 16.9 million barrels per day of petroleum products were supplied for domestic use, 5 percent more than the previous month, but 1 percent below the level 1 year earlier. Motor gasoline accounted for 42 percent of the total; distillate fuel oil, 19 percent; and residual fuel oil, 8 percent.

Motor gasoline supplied during December 1987 averaged 7.1 million barrels per day, 1 percent below the rate in November 1987 and 1 percent below the rate of the previous December. During 1987 an average of 7.2 million barrels per day of motor gasoline were sup-
plied, 2 percent more than during 1986. Stocks of motor gasoline totaled 231 million barrels at the end of December 1987, 6 million barrels above the stock level at the end of November 1987, but 2 million barrels below the stock level 1 year earlier.

In December 1987, 3.2 million barrels of distillate fuel oil were supplied per day, 11 percent higher than the November 1987 rate, but 3 percent lower than the December 1986 rate. An average of 3.0 million barrels per day of distillate fuel oil were supplied during 1987, 1 percent higher than during 1986. Distillate fuel oil ending stocks for December 1987 were 137 million barrels, 8 million barrels higher than the previous month, but 18 million barrels lower than the December 1986 ending stock level.

Residual fuel oil supplied in December 1987 averaged 1.4 million barrels per day, 14 percent higher than in November 1987, but 18 percent lower than the December 1986 rate. The 1987 annual average of residual fuel oil supplied was 1.2 million barrels per day, 12 percent lower than the average in 1986. Residual fuel oil stocks measured 49 million barrels at the end of December 1987, 1 million barrels lower than the previous month, but 2 million barrels higher than the stock level 1 year earlier.

> Estimates for the most current month are based on Energy Information Administration (EIA) weekly data (except crude production) and will be revised to conform with data from the EIA Petroleum Reporting System as available. For the most recent month, crude production is an EIA estimate based on historical and provisional data through September 1987 . The total import data above include imports into the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

[^5]Table 3.1a Crude Oil ${ }^{\text {a }}$ and Petroleum Products Overview

|  | Field Production |  |  | Stock Withdrawal ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  | Petroleum Products Supplied | Ending Stocks ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total Domestic ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | Crude Oil | Natural Gas Plant Production | Crude Oile | Petroleum Products |  | Crude Oile and Petroleum Products |
|  | Thousand Barrels per Day |  |  |  |  |  | Million Barrels |
| 1973 Average ..................... | 10,975 | 9,208 | 1,738 | 11 | -146 | 17,308 | 1,008 |
| 1974 Average .................... | 10,498 | 8,774 | 1,688 | -62 | -117 | 16,653 | ' 1,074 |
| 1975 Average .................... | 10,045 | 8,375 | 1,633 | 1-17 | I-15 | 16,322 | 1,133 |
| 1976 Average .................... | 9,774 | 8,132 | ${ }^{\text {h } 1,604}$ | -39 | 96 | 17,461 | 1,112 |
| 1977 Average .................... | 9,913 | 8,245 | 1,618 | -170 | -378 | 18,431 | 1,312 |
| 1978 Average .................... | 10,328 | 8,707 | 1,567 | -78 | 172 | 18,847 | 1,278 |
| 1979 Average .................... | 10,179 | 8,552 | 1,584 | -148 | -25 | 18,513 | 1,341 |
| 1980 Average ......................... | 10,214 | 8,597 | 1,573 | -98 | -42 | 17,056 | ' 1,392 |
| 1981 Average ..................... | 10,230 | 8,572 | 1,609 | ' -290 | 1130 | 16,058 | 1,484 |
| 1982 Average .................... | 10,252 | 8,649 | 1,550 | -136 | 283 | 15,296 | '1,430 |
| 1983 Average .................... | 10,299 | 8,688 | 1,559 | ' -214 | 1234 | 15,231 | 1,454 |
| 1984 Average .................... | 10,554 | 8,879 | 1,630 | -199 | -81 | 15,726 | 1,556 |
| 1985 January | 10,412 | 8,740 | 1,628 | 76 | 1,351 | 16,109 | 1,512 |
| February ..................... | 10,692 | 9,025 | 1,623 | 425 | 1,347 | 16,121 | 1,462 |
| March ......................... | 10,748 | 9,095 | 1,600 | -309 | 403 | 15,373 | 1,460 |
| April ........................... | 10,673 | 9,043 | 1,582 | -520 | 56 | 15,472 | 1,473 |
| May ............................ | 10,770 | 9,132 | 1,594 | -700 | -399 | 15,504 | 1,508 |
| June ........................... | 10,664 | 9,022 | 1,597 | 264 | -382 | 15,483 | 1,511 |
| July ............................ | 10,550 | 8,949 | 1,568 | 326 | -496 | 15,434 | 1,516 |
| August ........................ | 10,485 | 8,803 | 1,594 | 159 | 568 | 16,060 | 1,494 |
| September .................. | 10,584 | 8,954 | 1,575 | -34 | -255 | 15,099 | 1,502 |
| October ...................... | 10,637 | 8,970 | 1,610 | 98 | 124 | 15,944 | 1,496 |
| November ................... | 10,640 | 8,902 | 1,660 | -295 | -634 | 15,503 | 1,523 |
| December ................... | 10,777 | 9,030 | 1,680 | -58 | 207 | 16,611 | 1,519 |
| Average ..................... | 10,636 | 8,971 | 1,609 | -50 | 153 | 15,726 |  |
| 1986 January ...................... | 10,911 | 9,137 | 1,711 | -383 | -151 | 16,088 | 1,535 |
| February ...................... | 10,916 | 9,173 | 1,696 | -37 | 804 | 16,186 | 1,514 |
| March ......................... | 10,664 | 9,013 | 1,604 | -345 | 1,160 | 16,276 | 1,489 |
| April ........................... | 10,435 | 8,864 | 1,523 | 41 | 262 | 15,945 | 1,479 |
| May ............................ | 10,440 | 8,838 | 1,543 | 260 | -1,109 | 15,993 | 1,506 |
| June ........................... | 10,187 | 8,623 | 1,504 | 3 | -1,238 | 16,049 | 1,543 |
| July ............................ | 10,225 | 8,660 | 1,507 | -541 | -422 | 16,307 | 1,573 |
| August ........................ | 9,875 | 8,374 | 1,445 | 242 | -551 | 16,618 | 1,582 |
| September .................. | 9,852 | 8,328 | 1,468 | -217 | -973 | 15,909 | 1,618 |
| October ...................... | 9,954 | 8,419 | 1,477 | -233 | 476 | 16,602 | 1,610 |
| November | 10,061 | 8,412 | 1,569 | 95 | -147 | 16,221 | 1,612 |
| December ................... | 9,985 | 8,352 | 1,571 | 186 | 443 | 17,131 | 1,593 |
| Average ........................... | 10,289 | 8,680 | 1,551 | -78 | -124 | 16,281 |  |
| 1987 January ...................... | E 10,145 | E 8,477 | 1,592 | -189 | 377 | 16,382 | 1,588 |
| February ..................... | E 10,010 | E 8,318 | 1,625 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 814 | 16,721 | 1,565 |
| March | E 10,025 | E 8,349 | 1,607 | -151 | 266 | 15,965 | 1,561 |
| April ........................... | E 10,077 | E 8,426 | 1,600 | 11 | 559 | 16,501 | 1,544 |
| May ............................ | E 9,953 | E 8,305 | 1,593 | 82 | -122 | 15,978 | 1,546 |
| June .................. | E 9,902 | E 8,263 | 1,590 | -218 | 3 | 16,815 | 1,552 |
| July ............................ | E 9,892 | E 8,242 | 1,588 | 25 | -385 | 16,996 | 1,563 |
| August ........................ | E 9,829 | E 8,190 | 1,577 | -323 | -678 | 16,325 | 1,594 |
| September .................. | E 9,845 | E 8,190 | 1,587 | -209 | -276 | 16,533 | 1,609 |
| October ....................... | E 9,972 | E 8,293 | 1,609 | -528 | 640 | 16,909 | 1,605 |
| November ................... | E 10,046 | RE 8,330 | 1,641 | R $\mathbf{- 4 1 8}$ | R -651 | R 16,064 | R 1,637 |
| December ................... | NA | PE 8,348 | NA | 15 | E -173 | E 16,884 | E 1,622 |
| Average ..................... | NA | PE 8,311 | NA | -159 | 26 | 16,505 |  |

## alncludes lease condensate.

${ }^{\text {b }}$ A negative number indicates an increase in stocks and a positive number indicates a decrease.
cStocks are totals as of end of period.
dincludes crude oil, natural gas plant liquids, other hydrocarbons, and alcohol.
${ }^{\text {e }}$ Includes stocks located in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.
${ }^{f}$ Includes crude oil for storage in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.
gNet imports equals imports minus exports.
'Due to a rounding difference, this value is 1,603 in the Petroleum Supply Annual and Petroleum Supply Monthly.
In January 1975, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to surveys affecting stocks reported and stocks withdrawal calculations. See Note 4 at end of section.

Footnotes continued on following page.

Table 3.1b Crude Oila and Petroleum Products Overview (continued)

|  | Imports |  |  | Exports |  |  | Net Imports ${ }^{9}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Crude Oil ${ }^{1}$ | Petroleum Products | Total | Crude Oil | Petroleum Products |  |
|  | Thousand Barrels per Day |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1973 Average ..................... | 6,256 | 3,244 | 3,012 | 231 | 2 | 229 | 6,025 |
| 1974 Average .................... | 6,112 | 3,477 | 2,635 | 221 | 3 | 218 | 5,892 |
| 1975 Average .................... | 6,056 | 4,105 | 1,951 | 209 | 6 | 204 | 5,846 |
| 1976 Average .................... | 7,313 | 5,287 | 2,026 | 223 | 8 | 215 | 7,090 |
| 1977 Average .................... | 8,807 | 6,615 | 2,193 | 243 | 50 | 193 | 8,565 |
| 1978 Average .................... | 8,363 | 6,356 | 2,008 | 362 | 158 | 204 | 8,002 |
| 1979 Average .................... | 8,456 | 6,519 | 1,937 | 471 | 235 | 236 | 7,985 |
| 1980 Average .................... | 6,909 | 5,263 | 1,646 | 544 | 287 | 258 | 6,365 |
| 1981 Average .................... | 5,996 | 4,396 | 1,599 | 595 | 228 | 367 | 5,401 |
| 1982 Average ..................... | 5,113 | 3,488 | 1,625 | 815 | 236 | 579 | 4,298 |
| 1983 Average .................... | 5,051 | 3,329 | 1,722 | 739 | 164 | 575 | 4,312 |
| 1984 Average .................... | 5,437 | 3,426 | 2,011 | 722 | 181 | 541 | 4,715 |
| 1985 January ...................... | 4,415 | 2,717 | 1,698 | 792 | 144 | 647 | 3,623 |
| February ...................... | 3,913 | 2,108 | 1,805 | 857 | 221 | 636 | 3,056 |
| March ....................... | 4,673 | 2,786 | 1,887 | 694 | 189 | 505 | 3,979 |
| April ........................... | 5,316 | 3,401 | 1,915 | 764 | 236 | 528 | 4,553 |
| May ............................ | 5,776 | 3,730 | 2,046 | 705 | 250 | 455 | 5,071 |
| June ........................... | 4,929 | 3,188 | 1,741 | 692 | 226 | 467 | 4,237 |
| July ............................ | 4,950 | 3,203 | 1,747 | 675 | 154 | 521 | 4,274 |
| August ...................... | 4,718 | 3,114 | 1,603 | 749 | 241 | 508 | 3,969 |
| September ................... | 4,970 | 3,155 | 1,816 | 806 | 188 | 618 | 4,164 |
| October ...................... | 5,121 | 3,238 | 1,883 | 690 | 123 | 567 | 4,431 |
| November ................... | 6,116 | 3,999 | 2,118 | 1,036 | 286 | 750 | 5,080 |
| December ................... | 5,831 | 3,696 | 2,135 | 925 | 197 | 728 | 4,905 |
| Average ..................... | 5,067 | 3,201 | 1,866 | 781 | 204 | 577 | 4,286 |
| 1986 January ...................... | 5,573 | 3,472 | 2,101 | 859 | 159 | 700 | 4,714 |
| February ..................... | 4,676 | 2,968 | 1,709 | 876 | 162 | 715 | 3,800 |
| March ......................... | 4,712 | 2,988 | 1,724 | 732 | 212 | 520 | 3,980 |
| April ........... | 5,439 | 3,684 | 1,755 | 850 | 94 | 756 | 4,589 |
| May ............................ | 6,400 | 4,250 | 2,150 | 724 | 98 | 625 | 5,676 |
| June ........................... | 6,848 | 4,635 | 2,213 | 642 | 240 | 401 | 6,206 |
| July .......................... | 6,942 | 4,726 | 2,216 | 685 | 65 | 620 | 6,256 |
| August ........................ | 7,168 | 4,859 | 2,309 | 868 | 233 | 635 | 6,300 |
| September .................. | 7,090 | 5,031 | 2,059 | 714 | 161 | 553 | 6,375 |
| October ...... | 6,427 | 4,419 | 2,008 | 831 | 151 | 680 | 5,597 |
| November ................... | 6,592 | 4,615 | 1,977 | 821 | 115 | 706 | 5,771 |
| December ......... | 6,700 | 4,412 | 2,288 | 820 | 159 | 661 | 5,881 |
| Average ..................... | 6,224 | 4,178 | 2,045 | 785 | 154 | 631 | 5,439 |
| 1987 January ...................... | 6,186 | 4,385 | 1,801 | 829 | 96 | 732 | 5,358 |
| February ..................... | 5,849 | 3,896 | 1,953 | 991 | 299 | 692 | 4,858 |
| March ...................... | 5,618 | 3,742 | 1,875 | 726 | 165 | 561 | 4,892 |
| April ........................... | 5,830 | 4,115 | 1,715 | 864 | 247 | 617 | 4,966 |
| May ............................ | 5,918 | 4,243 | 1,675 | 659 | 69 | 590 | 5,259 |
| June ........................... | 6,688 | 4,788 | 1,900 | 665 | 116 | 549 | 6,023 |
| July ............................ | 7,448 | 5,259 | 2,189 | 674 | 149 | 525 | 6,773 |
| August ........................ | 7,334 | 5,470 | 1,863 | 662 | 141 | 521 | 6,672 |
| September .................. | 7,051 | 5,085 | 1,965 | 792 | 116 | 676 | 6,258 |
| October ...................... | 6,899 | 5,119 | 1,780 | 642 | 84 | 558 | 6,257 |
| November ................... | R 6,905 | R 4,939 | R 1,966 | 737 | 164 | 573 | 6,168 |
| December ................... | E 6,783 | E 4,667 | E 2,116 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Average ...................... | 6,547 | 4,648 | 1,900 | NA | NA | NA | NA |

Footnotes continued.
$P E=$ Preliminary estimate. $R=$ Revised data. $N A=$ Not available. $E=$ Estimate. (s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.
Notes: - Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: See end of section.

Figure 3.1 Crude Oll and Natural Gas Liquids Production


Figure 3.2 Petroleum Stocks


Figure 3.3 Petroleum Products Supplied and Imports


FIgure 3.4 Petroleum Imports by Source


Table 3.2a Crude Oila Supply and Disposition (Thousand Barrels per Day)

|  | Supply |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Field Production |  | Imports |  |  | Stock Withdrawalc |  | Unaccounted for Crude Oile |
|  | Total Domestic | Alaskan | Total | SPR ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | Other | SPR ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | Other |  |
| 1973 Average ..................... | 9,208 | 198 | 3,244 |  | 3,244 |  | 11 | 3 |
| 1974 Average .................... | 8,774 | 193 | 3,477 |  | 3,477 |  | -62 | -25 |
| 1975 Average .................... | 8,375 | 191 | 4,105 |  | 4,105 |  | -17 | 17 |
| 1976 Average .................... | 8,132 | 173 | 5,287 |  | 5,287 |  | -39 | 77 |
| 1977 Average .................... | 8,245 | 464 | 6,615 | 21 | 6,594 | -20 | -150 | -6 |
| 1978 Average .................... | 8,707 | 1,229 | 6,356 | 162 | 6,195 | -163 | 84 | -57 |
| 1979 Average .................... | 8,552 | 1,401 | 6,519 | 67 | 6,452 | -67 | -81 | -11 |
| 1980 Average .................... | 8,597 | 1,617 | 5,263 | 44 | 5,219 | -45 | -52 | 34 |
| 1981 Average .................... | 8,572 | 1,609 | 4,396 | 256 | 4,141 | -336 | g 46 | 83 |
| 1982 Average .................... | 8,649 | 1,696 | 3,488 | 165 | 3,323 | -174 | 38 | 71 |
| 1983 Average ..................... | 8,688 | 1,714 | 3,329 | 234 | 3,096 | -234 | g 20 | 114 |
| 1984 Average .................... | 8,879 | 1,722 | 3,426 | 197 | 3,229 | -195 | -4 | 185 |
| 1985 January ...................... | 8,740 | 1,647 | 2,717 | 223 | 2,494 | -223 | 298 | 122 |
| February ..................... | 9,025 | 1,877 | 2,108 | 98 | 2,010 | -97 | 522 | 94 |
| March ......................... | 9,095 | 1,866 | 2,786 | 48 | 2,738 | -48 | -262 | 59 |
| April ........................... | 9,043 | 1,784 | 3,401 | 108 | 3,293 | -111 | -409 | 183 |
| May ............................ | 9,132 | 1,888 | 3,730 | 222 | 3,508 | -225 | -475 | 247 |
| June ........................... | 9,022 | 1,871 | 3,188 | 155 | 3,034 | -155 | 419 | 100 |
| July ............................ | 8,949 | 1,809 | 3,203 | 226 | 2,977 | -225 | 551 | 177 |
| August | 8,803 | 1,795 | 3,114 | 116 | 2,999 | -116 | 274 | 267 |
| September .................. | 8,954 | 1,867 | 3,155 | 71 | 3,084 | -71 | 37 | 93 |
| October ........... | 8,970 | 1,850 | 3,238 | 20 | 3,218 | -20 | 119 | 81 |
| November ................... | 8,902 | 1,804 | 3,999 | 53 | 3,946 | -53 | -242 | 150 |
| December ................... | 9,030 | 1,852 | 3,696 | 74 | 3,621 | -60 | 2 | 164 |
| Average ..................... | 8,971 | 1,825 | 3,201 | 118 | 3,083 | -117 | 67 | 145 |
| 1986 January ...................... | 9,137 | 1,870 | 3,472 | 51 | 3,420 | -35 | -348 | 364 |
| February ...................... | 9,173 | 1,907 | 2,968 | 24 | 2,944 | -35 | -2 | 32 |
| March ......................... | 9,013 | 1,860 | 2,988 | 59 | 2,929 | -49 | -296 | 259 |
| April ........................... | 8,864 | 1,836 | 3,684 | 63 | 3,621 | -63 | 104 | 70 |
| May | 8,838 | 1,927 | 4,250 | 36 | 4,215 | -35 | 295 | 79 |
| June ........................... | 8,623 | 1,887 | 4,635 | 64 | 4,571 | -64 | 66 | 292 |
| July ............................ | 8,660 | 1,903 | 4,726 | 52 | 4,674 | -52 | -489 | 189 |
| August ........................ | 8,374 | 1,811 | 4,859 | 51 | 4,809 | -51 | 293 | 93 |
| September .................. | 8,328 | 1,782 | 5,031 | 47 | 4,984 | -47 | -170 | 161 |
| October ....................... | 8,419 | 1,927 | 4,419 | 37 | 4,382 | -36 | -197 | 223 |
| November ....... | 8,412 | 1,883 | 4,615 | 45 | 4,570 | -65 | 160 | -136 |
| December ................... | 8,352 | 1,807 | 4,412 | 48 | 4,365 | -68 | 254 | 28 |
| Average ..................... | 8,680 | 1,867 | 4,178 | 48 | 4,130 | -50 | -28 | 139 |
| 1987 January ...................... | E 8,477 |  | 4,385 | 92 | 4,293 | -108 | -81 | 34 |
| February ..................... | E 8,318 | E 1,853 | 3,896 | 44 | 3,851 | -64 | 64 | 422 |
| March ......................... | E 8,349 | E 1,968 | 3,742 | 95 | 3,647 | -106 | -45 | 349 |
| April ........................... | E 8,426 | E 1,990 | 4,115 | 57 | 4,058 | -67 | 78 | 249 |
| May ............................ | E 8,305 | E 1,979 | 4,243 | 92 | 4,151 | -101 | 183 | 143 |
| June ........................... | E 8,263 | E 1,930 | 4,788 | 64 | 4,724 | -69 | -149 | 518 |
| July ............................ | E 8,242 | E 1,910 | 5,259 | 76 | 5,183 | -91 | 116 | 87 |
| August ........................ | E 8,190 | E 1,908 | 5,470 | 63 | 5,407 | -63 | -259 | 215 |
| September .................. | E 8,190 | E 1,874 | 5,085 | 64 | 5,021 | -64 | -145 | 251 |
| October ........... | E 8,293 | E 1,986 | 5,119 | 57 | 5,062 | -57 | -471 | -50 |
| November ................... | RE 8,330 | RE 2,068 | R 4,939 | R 97 | R 4,842 | R-97 | R -321 | 320 |
| December ................... | PE 8,348 | PE 2,075 | E 4,667 | E 80 | E 4,587 | E -80 | E 95 | NA |
| Average ..................... | PE 8,311 | PE 1,964 | 4,648 | 74 | 4,574 | -81 | -79 | NA |

alncludes lease condensate.
${ }^{\text {b }}$ Stocks are totals as of end of period.
${ }^{\text {c } A ~ n e g a t i v e ~ n u m b e r ~ i n d i c a t e s ~ a n ~ i n c r e a s e ~ i n ~ s t o c k s ~ a n d ~ a ~ p o s i t i v e ~ n u m b e r ~ i n d i c a t e s ~ a ~ d e c r e a s e . ~}$
dStrategic Petroleum Reserve.
e A balancing item.
'Beginning in January 1983, crude oil used directly as fuel is shown as product supplied.
9Stocks of Alaskan crude oil in transit were included beginning in January 1981. Stock withdrawals are calculated using new basis stock levels. See Notes 4 and 5 at end of section.

Footnotes continued on following page.

Table 3.2b Crude Oila Supply and Disposition (continued)


[^6]Table 3.3a Crude Oil and Petroleum Product Imports (Thousand Barrels per Day)

|  | Imports from OPEC Sources ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Algeria | Libya | Saudi Arabia | United Arab Emirates | Indonesia | Iran | Nigeria | Venezuela | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Other } \\ & \text { OPEC } \end{aligned}$ | Total OPEC ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | Total Arab OPEC ${ }^{d}$ |
| 1973 Average .................. | 136 | 164 | 486 | 71 | 213 | 223 | 459 | 1,135 | 106 | 2,993 | 915 |
| 1974 Average .................. | 190 | 4 | 461 | 74 | 300 | 469 | 713 | 979 | 88 | 3,280 | 752 |
| 1975 Average .................. | 282 | 232 | 715 | 117 | 390 | 280 | 762 | 702 | 122 | 3,601 | 1,383 |
| 1976 Average .................. | 432 | 453 | 1,230 | 254 | 539 | 298 | 1,025 | 700 | 134 | 5,066 | 2,424 |
| 1977 Average .................. | 559 | 723 | 1,380 | 335 | 541 | 535 | 1,143 | 690 | 287 | 6,193 | 3,185 |
| 1978 Average .................. | 649 | 654 | 1,144 | 385 | 573 | 555 | 919 | 645 | 226 | 5,751 | 2,963 |
| 1979 Average .................. | 636 | 658 | 1,356 | 281 | 420 | 304 | 1,080 | 690 | 212 | 5,637 | 3,056 |
| 1980 Average .................. | 488 | 554 | 1,261 | 172 | 348 | 9 | 857 | 481 | 130 | 4,300 | 2,551 |
| 1981 Average .................. | 311 | 319 | 1,129 | 81 | 366 | 0 | 620 | 406 | 90 | 3,323 | 1,848 |
| 1982 Average .................. | 170 | 26 | 552 | 92 | 248 | 35 | 514 | 412 | 97 | 2,146 | 854 |
| 1983 Average .................. | 240 | 0 | 337 | 30 | 338 | 48 | 302 | 422 | 144 | 1,862 | 632 |
| 1984 Average .................. | 323 | 1 | 325 | 117 | 343 | 10 | 216 | 548 | 166 | 2,049 | 819 |
| 1985 January .................... | 112 | 0 | 106 | 60 | 296 | 0 | 262 | 481 | 89 | 1,405 | 305 |
| February | 174 | 0 | 108 | 0 | 232 | 0 | 119 | 524 | 64 | 1,220 | 307 |
| March ........................ | 247 | 0 | 85 | 52 | 283 | 0 | 164 | 588 | 84 | 1,505 | 385 |
| April ......................... | 286 | 8 | 201 | 70 | 313 | 0 | 280 | 684 | 86 | 1,928 | 575 |
| May .......................... | 255 | 0 | 41 | 128 | 265 | 0 | 381 | 552 | 354 | 1,976 | 635 |
| June ........................ | 178 | 5 | 26 | 81 | 438 | 0 | 357 | 452 | 152 | 1,690 | 378 |
| July .......................... | 12.5 | 10 | 44 | 13 | 390 | 42 | 381 | 573 | 248 | 1,825 | 286 |
| August ...................... | 135 | 0 | 46 | 17 | 377 | 100 | 207 | 568 | 289 | 1,740 | 280 |
| September ................ | 147 | 0 | 27 | 57 | 206 | 43 | 285 | 808 | 230 | 1,802 | 302 |
| October .................... | 177 | 20 | 251 | 17 | 277 | 41 | 305 | 676 | 196 | 1,958 | 520 |
| November ................ | 164 | 11 | 430 | 34 | 356 | 99 | 325 | 727 | 294 | 2,440 | 752 |
| December ................. | 244 | 0 | 642 | 15 | 324 | 0 | 432 | 625 | 149 | 2,430 | 925 |
| Average ................... | 187 | 4 | 168 | 45 | 314 | 27 | 293 | 605 | 187 | 1,830 | 472 |
| 1986 January | 215 | 0 | 664 | 11 | 290 | 0 | 278 | 629 | 210 | 2,298 | 976 |
| February | 157 | 0 | 574 | 0 | 290 | (s) | 204 | 518 | 64 | 1,807 | 757 |
| March ........................ | 260 | 0 | 482 | 0 | 161 | 0 | 328 | 797 | 117 | 2,145 | 798 |
| April ......................... | 275 | 0 | 698 | 21 | 292 | 0 | 319 | 831 | 139 | 2,576 | 1,058 |
| May .......................... | 193 | 0 | 574 | 40 | 314 | 40 | 398 | 899 | 290 | 2,749 | 966 |
| June .......................... | 319 | 0 | 662 | 83 | 353 | 0 | 382 | 772 | 439 | 3,010 | 1,377 |
| July ......................... | 310 | 0 | 738 | 59 | 532 | 66 | 542 | 730 | 330 | 3,307 | 1,357 |
| August ...................... | 363 | 0 | 680 | 37 | 274 | 93 | 606 | 916 | 378 | 3,346 | 1,339 |
| September ................ | 245 | 0 | 810 | 62 | 341 | 31 | 684 | 856 | 356 | 3,383 | 1,388 |
| October | 305 | 0 | 697 | 147 | 388 | 0 | 530 | 863 | 346 | 3,276 | 1,387 |
| November ................ | 311 | 0 | 868 | 34 | 335 | 0 | 483 | 843 | 214 | 3,088 | 1,295 |
| December ................ | 291 | 0 | 769 | 30 | 251 | 0 | 511 | 841 | 284 | 2,976 | 1,223 |
| Average .................... | 271 | 0 | 685 | 44 | 318 | 19 | 440 | 793 | 265 | 2,837 | 1,162 |
| 1987 January ................... | 158 | 0 | 873 | 15 | 285 | 0 | 313 | 866 | 215 | 2,726 |  |
| February | 315 | 0 | 772 | 54 | 420 | 30 | 240 | 764 | 155 | 2,749 | 1,226 |
| March ....................... | 301 | 0 | 427 | 0 | 308 | 73 | 312 | 658 | 135 | 2,215 | 807 |
| April .......................... | 302 | 0 | 452 | 62 | 236 | 47 | 529 | 679 | 77 | 2,384 | 834 |
| May .......................... | 196 | 0 | 519 | 26 | 289 | 75 | 530 | 854 | 95 | 2,584 | 771 |
| June ......................... | 247 | 0 | 780 | 45 | 261 | 155 | 546 | 766 | 268 | 3,067 | 1,272 |
| July ......................... | 326 | 0 | 753 | 42 | 273 | 237 | 787 | 861 | 157 | 3,437 | 1,240 |
| August ..................... | 235 | 0 | 958 | 103 | 312 | 208 | 732 | 780 | 351 | 3,679 | 1,593 |
| September ................ | 351 | 0 | 902 | 146 | 236 | 193 | 615 | 798 | 287 | 3,528 | 1,614 |
| October ................... | 267 | 0 | 1,042 | 111 | 297 | 86 | 518 | 775 | 401 | 3,497 | 1,696 |
| November ................ | 378 | 0 | 633 | 97 | 205 | 41 | 607 | 739 | 402 | 3,101 | 1,455 |
| 11-Month Average .. | 279 | 0 | 738 | 64 | 283 | 105 | 523 | 777 | 232 | 2,999 | 1,245 |
| 1986 11-Month Average .. | 269 | 0 | 677 | 45 | 325 | 21 | 434 | 789 | 264 | 2,824 | 1,156 |
| 1985 11-Month Average .. | 182 | 5 | 124 | 48 | 313 | 30 | 280 | 603 | 191 | 1,774 | 430 |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Excludes petroleum imported into the United States indirectly from members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), primarily
from Caribbean and West European areas, as petroleum products that were refined from crude oil produced by OPEC.
${ }^{\text {bThe }}$ other members of OPEC are Ecuador, Gabon, Iraq, Kuwait, and Qatar.
c'Total OPEC'' consists of Ecuador, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Nigeria, and Venezuela, as well as the Arab members.
dThe Arab members of OPEC are Algeria, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates.
Footnotes continued on following page.

Table 3.3b Crude Oil and Petroleum Product Imports (continued) (Thousand Barrels per Day)

|  | Imports from Non-OPEC Sources ${ }^{\text {e }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total Imports |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bahamas | Canada | Mexico | Netherlands Antilles | Trinidad and Tobago | United Kingdom | Puerto Rico | Virgin Islands | Other NonOPEC | Total NonOPEC |  |
| 1973 Average .................. | 174 | 1,325 | 16 | 585 | 255 | 15 | 99 | 329 | 465 | 3,263 | 6,256 |
| 1974 Average ...................... | 164 | 1,070 | 8 | 511 | 251 | 8 | 90 | 391 | 340 | 2,832 | 6,112 |
| 1975 Average .................. | 152 | 846 | 71 | 332 | 242 | 14 | 90 | 406 | 300 | 2,454 | 6,056 |
| 1976 Average .................. | 118 | 599 | 87 | 275 | 274 | 31 | 88 | 422 | 353 | 2,247 | 7,313 |
| 1977 Average .................. | 171 | 517 | 179 | 211 | 289 | 126 | 105 | 466 | 550 | 2,614 | 8,807 |
| 1978 Average .................. | 160 | 467 | 318 | 229 | 253 | 180 | 94 | 429 | 484 | 2,613 | 8,363 |
| 1979 Average .................. | 147 | 538 | 439 | 231 | 190 | 202 | 92 | 431 | 548 | 2,819 | 8,456 |
| 1980 Average .................. | 78 | 455 | 533 | 225 | 176 | 176 | 88 | 388 | 491 | 2,609 | 6,909 |
| 1981 Average .................. | 74 | 447 | 522 | 197 | 133 | 375 | 62 | 327 | 534 | 2,672 | 5,996 |
| 1982 Average .................. | 65 | 482 | 685 | 175 | 112 | 456 | 50 | 316 | 627 | 2,968 | 5,113 |
| 1983 Average .................. | 125 | 547 | 826 | 189 | 96 | 382 | 40 | 282 | 701 | 3,189 | 5,051 |
| 1984 Average .................. | 88 | 630 | 748 | 188 | 94 | 402 | 42 | 294 | 902 | 3,388 | 5,437 |
| 1985 January ................... | 92 | 616 | 767 | 132 | 113 | 345 | 32 | 235 | 678 | 3,010 | 4,415 |
| February ................... | 37 | 730 | 652 | 52 | 119 | 151 | 50 | 213 | 689 | 2,693 | 3,913 |
| March ...................... | 36 | 909 | 923 | 49 | 115 | 133 | 29 | 235 | 739 | 3,168 | 73 |
| April ......................... | 4 | 890 | 950 | 18 | 107 | 213 | 42 | 205 | 959 | 3,388 | 5,316 |
| May ......................... | 74 | 823 | 929 | 28 | 126 | 419 | 37 | 252 | 1,112 | 3,800 | 5,776 |
| June ......................... | 24 | 720 | 726 | 30 | 92 | 481 | 23 | 271 | 872 | 3,240 | 4,929 |
| July .......................... | 38 | 610 | 814 | 36 | 133 | 324 | 14 | 236 | 918 | 3,124 | 4,950 |
| August ..................... | 11 | 664 | 859 | 18 | 121 | 336 | 28 | 241 | 699 | 2,978 | 4,718 |
| September ............... | 47 | 783 | 852 | 40 | 129 | 303 | 26 | 173 | 815 | 3,169 | 4,970 |
| October .................... | 35 | 825 | 745 | 5 | 99 | 352 | 21 | 260 | 821 | 3,163 | 5,121 |
| November | 22 | 766 | 887 | 30 | 100 | 376 | 26 | 325 | 1,143 | 3,676 | 6,116 |
| December ................. | 54 | 902 | 676 | 44 | 96 | 273 | 12 | 314 | 1,029 | 3,400 | 5,831 |
| Average .................... | 40 | 770 | 816 | 40 | 113 | 310 | 28 | 247 | 873 | 3,237 | 5,067 |
| 1986 January | 62 | 823 | 681 | 58 | 108 | 333 | 21 | 326 | 862 | 3,275 | 5,573 |
| February ................... | 33 | 690 | 557 | 11 | 85 | 218 | 18 | 309 | 949 | 2,870 | 4,676 |
| March ...................... | 18 | 750 | 616 | 27 | 79 | 178 | 25 | 186 | 688 | 2,567 | 4,712 |
| April ........................... | 34 | 798 | 694 | 13 | 111 | 188 | 23 | 209 | 793 | 2,863 | 5,439 |
| May .......................... | 32 | 881 | 743 | 37 | 130 | 365 | 27 | 237 | 1,199 | 3,651 | 6,400 |
| June ......................... | 29 | 753 | 884 | 17 | 167 | 569 | 30 | 233 | 1,157 | 3,838 | 6,848 |
| July .......................... | 44 | 763 | 850 | 25 | 131 | 353 | 29 | 237 | 1,202 | 3,634 | 6,942 |
| August .................... | 39 | 801 | 738 | 12 | 133 | 584 | 7 | 214 | 1,294 | 3,822 | 7,168 |
| September ................ | 15 | 801 | 615 | 17 | 162 | 437 | 23 | 291 | 1,345 | 3,706 | 7,090 |
| October .................... | 38 | 842 | 680 | 26 | 112 | 173 | 21 | 215 | 1,043 | 3,151 | 6,427 |
| November ....... | 39 | 960 | 565 | 53 | 129 | 448 | 21 | 179 | 1.111 | 3,504 | 6,592 |
| December | 57 | 809 | 746 | 7 | 148 | 351 | 12 | 291 | 1,304 | 3,724 | 6,700 |
| Average ................... | 37 | 807 | 699 | 25 | 125 | 350 | 21 | 244 | 1,080 | 3,387 | 6,224 |
| 1987 January ......... | 54 | 777 | 669 | 29 | 99 | 419 | 33 | 327 | 1,053 | 3,461 | 6,186 |
| February ................... | 54 | 762 | 689 | 30 | 111 | 235 | 24 | 296 | 900 | 3,100 | 5,849 |
| March ...................... | 33 | 720 | 699 | 11 | 124 | 311 | 17 | 247 | 1,240 | 3,402 | 5,618 |
| April ......................... | 43 | 808 | 667 | 12 | 113 | 485 | 24 | 259 | 1,034 | 3,446 | 5,830 |
| May ......................... | 31 | 865 | 569 | 26 | 117 | 408 | 21 | 214 | 1,082 | 3,334 | 5,918 |
| June ......................... | 22 | 898 | 654 | 13 | 114 | 377 | 21 | 281 | 1,240 | 3,621 | 6,688 |
| July | 46 | 890 | 664 | 58 | 96 | 334 | 17 | 288 | 1,618 | 4,011 | 7,448 |
| August ..................... | 26 | 837 | 564 | 51 | 98 | 289 | 20 | 274 | 1,496 | 3,655 | 7,334 |
| September ............... | 36 | 835 | 699 | 42 | 105 | 254 | 25 | 271 | 1,256 | 3,523 | 7,051 |
| October .................... | 17 | 932 | 658 | 16 | 88 | 320 | 17 | 250 | 1,104 | 3,402 | 6,899 |
| November ................ | - 20 | 818 | 627 | 14 | 111 | 425 | 15 | 235 | 1,540 | 3,804 | R 6,905 |
| 11-Month Average .. | . 35 | 832 | 650 | 28 | 107 | 351 | 21 | 267 | 1,235 | 3,526 | 6,525 |
| 1986 11-Month Average .. | . 35 | 806 | 694 | 27 | 123 | 350 | 22 | 239 | 1,059 | 3,356 | 6,179 |
| 1985 11-Month Average .. | . 39 | 758 | 829 | 40 | 114 | 313 | 30 | 241 | 859 | 3,222 | 4,996 |

Footnotes continued.
elncludes petroleum imported into the United States indirectly from members of OPEC, primarily from Caribbean and West European areas, as petroleum products that were refined from crude oil produced by OPEC.
(s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Notes: - Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. - Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports are included.

Sources: See end of section.

Figure 3.5 Finished Motor Gasoline Products Supplied, Production, and Imports


Figure 3.6 Motor Gasoline Ending Stocks


Table 3.4 Finished Motor Gasoline Supply and Disposition

|  | Supply |  |  | Disposition |  |  |  | Ending Stocks ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total Production | Imports ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | Stock Withdrawal ${ }^{\text {b }}$ c | Exports | Product Supplied |  |  | Total Motor Gasoline ${ }^{e}$ | Finished Motor Gasoline |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total | Unleaded ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | Unleaded |  |  |
|  | Thousand Barrels per Day |  |  |  |  |  | Percent of Total | Million Barrels |  |
| 1973 Average ............... | 6,535 | 134 | 9 | 4 | 6,674 |  |  | +209 |  |
| 1974 Average ................. | 6,360 | 204 | -24 | 2 | 6,537 |  |  | +218 |  |
| 1975 Average ............... | 6,520 | 184 | ${ }^{\text {f }}$-28 | 2 | 6,675 |  |  | 235 |  |
| 1976 Average .............. | 6,841 | 131 | 10 | 3 | 6,978 |  |  | 231 |  |
| 1977 Average ................ | 7,033 | 217 | -72 | 2 | 7,177 | 1,976 | 27.5 | 258 |  |
| 1978 Average ............... | 7,169 | 190 | 54 | (s) | 7,412 | 2,521 2,798 | 34.0 39.8 | 238 |  |
| 1979 Average .............. | 6,852 | 181 | 2 | (s) | 7,034 | 2,798 | 39.8 46.6 | + 261 |  |
| 1980 Average .............. | 6,506 | 140 | -66 | 1 | 6,579 | 3,067 | 46.6 | 253 |  |
| 1981 Averageg ............. | 6,405 | 157 | +28 | 2 | 6,588 6,539 | 3,264 3,409 | 49.5 52.1 | + 2235 |  |
| 1982 Average ............... | 6,338 | 197 | 25 +45 | 10 | 6,539 6,622 | 3,409 $\mathbf{3 , 6 4 7}$ | 55.1 | 222 | 186 |
| 1983 Average ............... | 6,340 | 247 | 145 -54 | 10 6 | 6,622 6,693 | 3,647 $\mathbf{3 , 9 8 7}$ | 59.1 | 243 | 205 |
| 1984 Average .............. | 6,453 | 299 | -54 | 6 | 6,693 | 3,987 | 59.6 | 243 |  |
| 1985 January ................ | 5,926 | 204 | 220 | 2 | 6,348 | 4,016 | 63.3 | 234 | 198 |
| February .................. | 5,914 | 348 | 327 | 2 | 6,587 | 4,126 | 62.6 | 225 | 189 |
| March ..................... | 6,072 | 481 | 115 | 3 | 6,664 | 4,202 | 63.1 | 219 | 186 |
| April ...................... | 6,344 | 494 | 128 | 11 | 6,956 | 4,396 | 63.2 | 215 | 182 |
| May ..................... | 6,564 | 480 | 23 | 8 | 7,060 | 4,445 | 63.0 | 215 | 181 |
| June ..................... | 6,780 | 396 | -172 | 7 | 6,997 | 4,482 | 64.1 | 218 | 186 |
| July ...................... | 6,788 | 426 | -188 | 18 | 7,008 | 4,545 | 64.8 | 226 | 192 |
| August .................... | 6,814 | 305 | 127 | 4 | 7,242 | 4,755 | 65.7 | 222 | 88 |
| September ............ | 6,299 | 314 | 22 | 6 | 6,629 | 4,357 | 65.7 | 223 | 187 |
| October ................. | 6,356 | 324 | 235 | 19 | 6,897 | 4,485 | 65.0 | 214 | 180 |
| November ............. | 6,480 | 410 | -104 | 17 | 6,770 | 4,477 | 66.1 | 217 | 183 |
| December ............. | 6,651 | 386 | -227 | 18 | 6,792 | 4,561 | 67.2 | 223 | 190 |
| Average ............... | 6,419 | 381 | 41 | 10 | 6,831 | 4,406 | 64.5 |  |  |
| 1986 January ................ | 6,522 | 332 | -347 | 6 | 6,502 | 4,404 | 67.7 | 238 | 201 |
| February ................. | 6,302 | 334 | -156 | 11 | 6,469 | 4,365 | 67.5 | 244 | 205 |
| March ................... | 6,061 | 224 | 691 | 21 | 6,955 | 4,678 | 67.3 | 219 | 184 |
| April ...................... | 6,498 | 291 | 338 | 23 | 7,105 | 4,783 | 67.3 | 207 | 174 |
| May ..................... | 7,095 | 471 | -450 | 9 | 7,106 | 4,729 | 66.5 | 221 | 188 |
| June ..................... | 7,101 | 392 | -265 | 18 | 7,209 | 4,914 | 68.2 | 230 | 196 |
| July ....................... | 6,956 | 337 | 189 | 47 | 7,436 | 5,182 | 69.7 | 224 | 190 |
| August .................. | 7,092 | 303 | 83 | 43 | 7,435 | 5,138 | 69.1 | 222 | 187 |
| September ............ | 6,891 | 303 | -289 | 40 | 6,864 | 4,813 | 70.1 | 234 | 196 |
| October ................. | 6,616 | 322 | 372 | 61 | 7,250 | 5,086 | 70.1 | 222 | 184 |
| November ............. | 6,895 | 280 | -200 | 96 | 6,879 | 4,918 | 71.5 | 229 | 190 |
| December ............. | 6,970 | 320 | -122 | 24 | 7,143 | 5,193 | 72.7 | 233 | 194 |
| Average ............... | 6,752 | 326 | -11 | 33 | 7,034 | 4,854 | 69.0 |  |  |
| 1987 January ................ | 6,688 | 320 | -484 | 55 | 6,469 | 4,775 | 73.8 | 250 | 209 |
| February .................. | 6,367 | 303 | 78 | 22 | 6,726 | 4,991 | 74.2 | 251 | 207 |
| March ................... | 6,555 | 342 | 43 | 20 | 6,921 | 5,150 | 74.4 | 249 | 206 |
| April ...................... | 6,851 | 362 | 145 | 42 | 7,317 | 5,401 | 73.8 | 243 | 201 |
| May ..................... | 6,991 | 348 | 181 | 48 | 7,472 | 5,577 | 74.6 | 235 | 196 |
| June ..................... | 7,089 | 385 | 103 | 46 | 7,531 | 5,657 | 75.1 | 231 | 193 |
| July ...................... | 7,041 | 448 | 119 | 33 | 7,575 | 5,734 | 75.7 | 227 | 189 |
| August .................. | 6,933 | 361 | 38 | 19 | 7,313 | 5,628 | 77.0 | 226 | 188 |
| September ............ | 6,925 | 383 | -109 | 30 | 7,170 | 5,500 | 76.7 | 230 | 191 |
| October ................. | 6,662 | 348 | 300 | 21 | 7,289 | 5,616 | 77.1 | 218 | 182 |
| November ............. | R 6,914 | R 474 | R -205 | 32 | R 7,151 | 5,587 | 78.1 | R 225 | R 188 |
| December ............. | E 6,955 | E 247 | E -121 | NA | E 7,056 | NA | NA | E 231 | E 193 |
| Average ............... | 6,834 | 360 | 7 | NA | 7,168 | NA | NA |  |  |

aStocks are totals as of end of period.
${ }^{\text {b }}$ Beginning in 1981, excludes blending components.
${ }^{\text {c }}$ A negative number indicates an increase in stocks and a positive number indicates a decrease.
dincludes gasohol.
-Includes motor gasoline blending components.
In January 1975, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to surveys affecting stocks reported and stock withdrawal calculations. See Note 4 at end of section.

9Beginning in January 1981, survey forms were modified. See Note 1 at end of section.
$R=$ Revised data. $N A=$ Not available. $E=$ Estimate. $(s)=$ Less than 500 barrels per day.
Notes: - Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: See end of section.

Figure 3.7 Distillate Fuel Oll Product Supplled, Production, and Imports


Figure 3.8 Distillate Fuel Oll Ending Stocks


Table 3.5 Distillate Fuel Oil Supply and Disposition

|  | Supply |  |  |  | Disposition |  | Ending Stock ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total Production | Imports | Stock Withdrawala | Crude Used Directly ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | Exports | Product Supplied ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |
|  | Thousand Barrels per Day |  |  |  |  |  | Million Barrels |
| 1973 Average .............. | 2,822 | 392 | -115 | 2 | 9 | 3,092 | 196 $d \quad 200$ |
| 1974 Average ................... | 2,669 | 289 | -9 | 2 | 2 | 2,948 | - 200 |
| 1975 Average ............... | 2,654 | 155 | d 40 | 2 | 1 | 2,851 | 186 |
| 1976 Average .............. | 2,924 | 146 | -176 | 1 | 1 | 3,352 | 250 |
| 1977 Average ............... | 3,278 3 | 250 | -176 93 | 1 | 3 | 3,432 | 216 |
| 1978 Average ............... | 3,167 | 173 | 93 -34 | 1 | 3 | 3,311 | 229 |
| 1979 Average ............... | 3,153 | 193 | -34 | 1 | 3 | 2,866 | d 205 |
| 1980 Average ............... | 2,662 $\mathbf{2 , 6 1 3}$ | 142 173 | 64 +38 | 10 | 5 | 2,829 | 192 |
| 1981 Average ${ }^{\text {e }}$.............: | 2,613 $\mathbf{2 , 6 0 6}$ | 173 93 | 38 35 | 10 | 74 | 2,671 | d 179 |
| 1982 Average ............... | 2,606 | 93 174 | d 124 | NA | 64 | 2,690 | 140 |
| 1983 Average ............... | 2,456 $\mathbf{2 , 6 8 1}$ | 272 | -57 | NA | 51 | 2,845 | 161 |
| 885 January ................ | 2,631 | 272 | 603 | NA | 41 | 3,465 | 142 |
| February ................. | 2,504 | 143 | 748 | NA | 64 | 3,330 | 121 |
| March ................... | 2,267 | 156 | 714 | NA | 44 | 3,093 | 99 |
| April ....................... | 2,490 | 253 | 82 | NA | 27 | 2,7 | 97 |
| May ..................... | 2,686 | 197 | -245 | NA | 31 | 2,607 | 110 |
| June .................... | 2,647 | 152 | -175 | NA | 112 | 2,594 | 116 |
| July ...................... | 2,646 | 95 | -193 | NA | 112 | 2,436 | 114 |
| August .................. | 2,592 | 81 | 62 | NA | 121 | 2,575 | 117 |
| September ............ | 2,594 | 222 | -120 | NA | 67 | 2,901 | 123 |
| October ................ | 2,902 3,102 | 262 | -543 | NA | 92 | 2,747 | 140 |
| November .............. | 3,102 3,176 | 287 | -128 | NA | 81 | 3,254 | 144 |
| Average ............... | 2,687 | 200 | 48 | NA | 67 | 2,868 |  |
| 1986 January ................ | 2,899 | 325 | 232 | NA | 126 | 3,330 | 136 |
| 1986 February .................. | 2,563 | 169 | 860 | NA | 176 | 3,416 | 112 |
| March ................... | 2,643 | 217 | 438 | NA | 131 | 3,168 | 99 |
| April ..................... | 2,788 | 147 | $\begin{array}{r}97 \\ \hline 95\end{array}$ | NA | 128 | 2,904 2,762 | 99 |
| May ..................... | 2,858 | 149 | -95 | NA | 149 | 2,544 | 108 |
| June ...................... | 2,729 | 169 | -301 | NA | 75 | 2,592 | 119 |
| July ....................... | 2,710 | 313 | -355 | NA | 64 | 2,621 | 138 |
| August .................. | 2,922 | 370 | -607 | NA | 64 98 | 2,621 | 152 |
| September ............. | 2,865 | 262 | -489 | NA | 74 | 2,912 | 152 |
| October ................. | 2,717 | 243 | 25 | NA | 72 | 2,877 | 158 |
| November ............. | 2,917 | 254 | -222 | NA | 72 55 | 2,877 3,329 | 155 |
| December ............. | 2,943 | 339 | 102 | NA | 55 | 3,329 |  |
| Average ............... | 2,798 | 247 | -31 | NA | 100 | 2,914 |  |
| 1987 January | 2,774 | 197 | 440 | NA | 152 | 3,259 | 141 |
| 1987 February ................. | 2,574 | 229 | 637 | NA | 93 | 3,347 | 124 |
| March ................... | 2,384 | 251 | 437 | NA | 67 | 3,005 | 110 |
| April ...................... | 2,553 | 185 | 319 | NA | 53 | 3,004 | 100 |
| May ...................... | 2,565 | 201 | -45 | NA | 51 | 2,670 | 104 |
| June ..................... | 2,689 | 248 | -82 | NA | 61 | 2,704 | 115 |
| July ...................... | 2,700 | 378 | -336 | NA | 38 | 2, 540 | 25 |
| August .................. | 2,711 | 215 | -338 | NA | 47 | 2,540 | 127 |
| September ............ | 2,750 | 217 | -59 | NA | 64 | 2,844 | 127 |
| October ................ | 2,778 | 222 | 187 | NA | 53 | 3,134 | -121 |
| November ............. | R 3,043 | R 180 | R-263 | NA | 56 | R 2,904 | R 129 |
| December ............. | E 3,303 | E 355 | E -379 | NA | NA | E 3,222 | E 137 |
| Average ............... | 2,736 | 240 | 39 | NA | NA | 2,950 |  |

a ${ }^{\text {a }}$ negative number indicates an increase in stocks and a positive number indicates a decrease.
bBeginning in January 1983, product supplied for distillate fuel oil does not include crude oil used directly. See Note 3 at end of section.
cStocks are totals as of end of period.
dIn January 1975, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to surveys affecting stocks reported and stock withdrawal calculations. See Note 4 at end of section.
ebeginning in January 1981, survey forms were modified. See Note 1 at end of section.
$R=$ Revised data. $N A=$ Not available. $E=$ Estimate.
Notes: - Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: See end of section.

Figure 3.9 Residual Fuel Oil Product Supplied, Production, and Imports


Figure 3.10 Residual Fuel Oll Ending Stocks


Table 3.6 Residual Fuel Oil Supply and Disposition

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \& \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{Supply} \& \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Disposition} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Ending Stocks ${ }^{\text {c }}$} <br>
\hline \& Total Production \& Imports \& Stock Withdrawal ${ }^{\text {a }}$ \& Crude Used Directly ${ }^{b}$ \& Exports \& Product Supplied ${ }^{\text {b }}$ \& <br>
\hline \& \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{Thousand Barrels per Day} \& Million Barrels <br>
\hline \& 971 \& 1,853 \& 5 \& 17 \& 23 \& 2,822 \& 53
$d$ <br>
\hline 1973 Average ..................... \& 971
1,070 \& 1,853 \& -17 \& 13 \& 14 \& 2,639 \& d 60 <br>
\hline 1975 Average .......................... \& 1,235 \& 1,223 \& d 2 \& 15 \& 15 \& 2,462 \& 74 <br>
\hline 1976 Average .................... \& 1,377 \& 1,413 \& 5 \& 17 \& 12 \& 2,801 \& 90 <br>
\hline 1977 Average .................... \& 1,754 \& 1,359 \& -48 \& 13 \& 13 \& 3,071
3,023 \& 90 <br>
\hline 1978 Average .................... \& 1,667 \& 1,355 \& -1
-15 \& 13 \& 13
9 \& 2,826 \& 96 <br>
\hline 1979 Average ..................... \& 1,687 \& 1,151
939 \& -15
10 \& 12 \& 33 \& 2,508 \& d 92 <br>
\hline 1980 Average .................... \& 1,580 \& 939
800 \& 10
d 37 \& 48 \& 118 \& 2,088 \& 78 <br>
\hline 1981 Average ${ }^{\text {e }}$.................... \& 1,321
1,070 \& 800 \& d

32 \& 48 \& 209 \& 1,716 \& d 66 <br>
\hline 1982 Average .................... \& 1,070
852 \& 776
699 \& 32
d 55 \& NA \& 185 \& 1,421 \& 49 <br>
\hline 1983 Average ............................ \& 852
891 \& 699
681 \& -12 \& NA \& 190 \& 1,369 \& 53 <br>
\hline \& 1,004 \& 568 \& 219 \& NA \& 312 \& 1,480 \& 46 <br>
\hline 1985 January ....................... \& 1,040 \& 580 \& 41 \& NA \& 295 \& 1,366 \& 45 <br>
\hline March .............................. \& 963 \& 477 \& -35 \& NA \& 216 \& 1,190 \& 46 <br>
\hline April ............................ \& 912 \& 383 \& -2 \& NA \& 167 \& 1,126 \& 46
41 <br>
\hline May ............................ \& 793 \& 394 \& 155 \& NA \& 185 \& 1,1043
1 \& 40 <br>
\hline June ........................... \& 702 \& 400 \& - 59 \& NA \& +83 \& 1,058 \& 41 <br>
\hline July ........................... \& 732 \& 437 \& -29 \& NA \& 106 \& 1,168 \& 37 <br>
\hline August ........................ \& 742 \& 424 \& 108
-207 \& NA \& 188 \& 1,031 \& 43 <br>
\hline September ................... \& 808 \& 617
541 \& -207 \& NA \& 184 \& 1,042 \& 50 <br>
\hline October ....................... \& 912 \& 541
627 \& -228 \& NA \& 275 \& 1,290 \& 50 <br>
\hline November ................... \& 932 \& 627
681 \& -4 \& NA \& 250 \& 1,483 \& 50 <br>
\hline December .................. \& 1,055
882 \& 6810
510 \& -4 \& NA \& 197 \& 1,202 \& <br>
\hline Average ..................... \& 882 \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& 940 \& 622 \& 56 \& NA \& 211 \& 1,407 \& 49 <br>

\hline | 1986 January |
| :--- |
| February | \& 856 \& 604 \& 200 \& NA \& 183 \& 1,478 \& 43 <br>

\hline March ......................... \& 813 \& 626 \& 108 \& NA \& 113 \& 1,435 \& 36 <br>
\hline April ........................... \& 933 \& 545 \& 127 \& NA \& 202 \& 1,402
1,345 \& 39 <br>
\hline May ............................ \& 913 \& 675 \& -114 \& NA \& 43 \& 1,377 \& 43 <br>
\hline June .................................................... \& 818 \& 673 \& -75 \& NA \& 90 \& 1,508 \& 40 <br>
\hline July ..................................... \& 896 \& 793 \& -29 \& NA \& 174 \& 1,485 \& 41 <br>
\hline August ......................... \& 854 \& 641 \& -89 \& NA \& 110 \& 1,296 \& 44 <br>
\hline October ....................... \& 827 \& 635 \& -59 \& NA \& 144 \& 1,259 \& 46 <br>
\hline November .................... \& 975 \& 574 \& -15 \& NA \& 143 \& 1,391 \& 47 <br>
\hline December ................... \& 987 \& 913 \& -37 \& NA \& 224 \& 1,638 \& 47 <br>
\hline Average .................... \& 889 \& 669 \& 8 \& NA \& 147 \& 1,418 \& <br>
\hline \& 919 \& 667 \& 80 \& NA \& 204 \& 1,462 \& 45 <br>
\hline 1987 February \& 833 \& 612 \& 246 \& NA \& 221 \& 1,470 \& 38 <br>
\hline March ............................. \& 867 \& 552 \& -48 \& NA \& 150 \& 1,220 \& 40 <br>
\hline April ............................ \& 831 \& 541 \& 123 \& NA \& 239 \& 1,257 \& 36 <br>
\hline May ............................ \& 814 \& 498 \& -142 \& NA \& 144 \& 1,026 \& 40 <br>
\hline June ........................... \& 863 \& 477 \& -33 \& NA \& 101 \& 1,206 \& 45 <br>
\hline July .................................................. \& 902 \& 680 \& -122 \& NA \& 185 \& 1,285 \& 45 <br>
\hline August ................................ \& 877 \& 511 \& -12 \& NA \& NA \& 1,283 \& 44 <br>
\hline September .................... \& 885 \& 380 \& -36 \& NA \& 194 \& 1,035 \& 45 <br>
\hline November ................... \& R 925 \& R 546 \& R -145 \& NA \& 146 \& R 1,181 \& R 50 <br>
\hline December ......................... \& E 1,000 \& E 625 \& E -86 \& NA \& NA \& E 1,351 \& E 49 <br>
\hline Average ..................... \& 885 \& 550 \& -13 \& NA \& NA \& 1,245 \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

[^7]bBeginning in January 1983, product supplied for residual fuel oil does not include crude oil used directly. See Note 3 at end of section.
cStocks are totals as of end of period
din January 1975, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to surveys affecting stocks reported and stock withdrawal calculations. See Note 4 at end of section.
eBeginning in January 1981, survey forms were modified. See Note 1 at end of section.
$R=$ Revised data. $N A=$ Not available. $E=$ Estimate.
Notes: - Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: See end of section.

Figure 3.11 Liquefied Petroleum Gases Product Supplied, Production, and Imports


Figure 3.12 Llquefied Petroleum Gases Ending Stocks


Table 3.7 Liquefied Petroleum Gases ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Supply and Disposition

|  | Supply |  |  | Disposition |  |  | Ending Stocks ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total Production | Imports | Stock Withdrawal ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | Refinery Inputs | Exports | Product Supplied |  |
|  | Thousand Barrels per Day |  |  |  |  |  | Million Barrels |
|  | 1,600 | 132 | -35 | 220 | 27 | 1,449 | 99 |
| 1973 Average ..................... | 1,600 | 123 | -38 | 220 | 25 | 1,406 | d 113 |
| 1975 Average ......................... | 1,527 | 112 | d -35 | 246 | 26 | 1,333 1,404 | 125 116 |
| 1976 Average .......................... | 1,535 | 130 | 24 | 260 | 25 | 1,404 1,422 | 136 |
| 1977 Average ..................... | 1,566 | 161 | -55 | 233 | 18 | 1,413 | 132 |
| 1978 Average ..................... | 1,537 | 123 | 70 | 236 | 15 | 1,592 | 111 |
| 1979 Average ..................... | 1,556 1,535 | 217 216 | -27 | 233 | 21 | 1,469 | d 120 |
| 1980 Average ..................... | 1,535 1,571 | 216 244 | -27 d -18 | 233 289 | 42 | 1,469 | 135 |
| 1981 Average ....................... | $\begin{array}{r}1,571 \\ \hline 1,527\end{array}$ | 244 | d 111 | 300 | 65 | 1,499 | d 94 |
| 1982 Average ..................................... | $\begin{array}{r}1,527 \\ \hline 1,642\end{array}$ | 190 | 4 | 253 | 73 | 1,509 | d 101 |
| 1983 Average ..................... | 1,642 | 195 | 19 | 291 | 48 | 1,572 | 101 |
| 1985 January ...................... | 1,676 | 255 | 399 | 322 | 70 | 1,937 | 88 |
| 1985 January ........................ | 1,689 | 237 | 330 | 320 | 72 | 1,865 1 | 79 |
| March ......................... | 1,684 | 223 | 29 | 297 | 52 | 1,588 | 88 |
| April ............................ | 1,696 | 156 | -143 | 262 | 78 | 1,368 1,353 | 89 |
| May ............................ | 1,713 | 138 | -219 | 239 | 51 | 1,432 | 95 |
| June ........................... | 1,728 1,713 | 181 | -107 | 249 | 68 | 1,420 | 98 |
| July ................................................. | 1,710 | 153 | -98 | 277 | 80 | 1,409 | 101 |
| September ....................... | 1,667 | 132 | 61 | 321 | 29 | 1,510 | 99 |
| October ...................... | 1,669 | 209 | 304 | 340 | 47 | 1,794 | 84 |
| November ................... | 1,716 | 188 | 192 | 387 | 88 | 1,620 | 74 |
| December ................... | 1,786 | 239 | 337 | 386 | 62 | 1,909 | 74 |
| Average ..................... | 1,704 | 187 | 75 | 304 | 62 | 1,599 |  |
| 1986 January .................... | 1,850 | 280 | 80 | 364 | 47 | 1,800 | 71 |
| 1986 February .......................... | 1,815 | 208 | 108 | 325 | 74 | 1,733 | 68 |
| March ......................... | 1,693 | 202 | -98 | 250 | 47 | 1,500 1,286 | 77 |
| April ............................ | 1,642 | 134 | -200 | 256 | 40 | 1,238 | 87 |
| May ........................... | 1,685 | 196 | -336 | 267 | 25 | 1,158 | 102 |
| June .......................... | 1,649 | 253 | -490 | 199 | 50 | 1,287 | 116 |
| July ........................... | 1,684 1,619 | 371 | -332 | 243 | 53 | 1,262 | 126 |
| August ........................ | 1,631 | 282 | -142 | 288 | 27 | 1,456 | 131 |
| October .......................... | 1,625 | 234 | 249 | 332 | 26 | 1,750 | 123 |
| November ................... | 1,724 | 310 | 254 | 417 | 53 | 1,817 | 115 |
| December ................... | 1,725 | 227 | 411 | 456 | 33 | 1,875 1,512 | 103 |
| Average ..................... | 1,695 | 242 | -80 | 302 | 42 | 1,512 |  |
|  | 1,764 | 188 | 493 | 419 | 38 | 1,988 | 87 |
| 1987 January ........................ <br> February | 1,784 | 201 | 206 | 341 | 36 | 1,815 | 82 |
| March ......................... | 1,768 | 132 | -19 | 282 | 42 | 1,556 | 82 |
| April ........................... | 1,781 | 149 | -139 | 276 | 30 | 1,486 | 86 |
| May ............................. | 1,736 | 142 | -286 | 270 | 27 | 1,296 | 101 |
| June ........................... | 1,741 | 119 | -182 | 255 | 17 | 1,407 | 101 |
| July ............................. | 1,767 | 190 | -155 | 244 | 24 | 1,534 | 112 |
| August ........................ | 1,722 | 198 | -214 | 251 | 51 | 1,424 1,576 | 116 |
| September ................... | 1,741 | 288 | -134 | 266 | 19 | 1,832 | 111 |
| October ...................... | 1,741 | 233 | 171 | 294 357 | 35 | 1,609 | 111 |
| November .................... | 1,766 | 233 | 1 -24 | 357 296 | 35 | 1,609 |  |
| 11-Month Average ..... | 1,755 | 188 | -24 | 296 | 32 | 1,592 |  |
| 1986 11-Month Average ..... | 1,692 | 243 | -125 | 288 | 43 | 1,479 |  |
| 1985 11-Month Average ..... | 1,696 | 182 | 51 | 296 | 61 | 1,571 |  |

a Includes ethane, propane, normal butane, and isobutane.
bA negative number indicates an increase in stocks and a positive number indicates a decrease.
cStocks are totals as of end of period.
dIn January 1975, 1981, 1983, and 1984, a new stock basis was established affecting stocks reported and stock withdrawal calculations. See Note 4 at end of section.

Notes: - Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Totals moy not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: See end of section.

Table 3.8 Other Petroleum Products ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Supply and Disposition

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Supply} \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Disposition} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Ending Stocks ${ }^{\text {c }}$} <br>
\hline \& Total Production \& Imports \& Stock Withdrawal ${ }^{\text {b }}$ \& Refinery Inputs \& Exports \& Product Supplied \& <br>
\hline \& \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{Thousand Barrels per Day} \& Million Barrels <br>
\hline 1973 Average .................... \& 3,693 \& 502 \& -9 \& 750 \& 166 \& \& <br>
\hline 1974 Average ..................... \& 3,558 \& 432 \& -28 \& 665 \& 174 \& 3,270
3,123 \& 208
$\times 218$ <br>
\hline 1975 Average .................... \& 3,418 \& 277 \& ${ }^{1} 4$ \& 537 \& 160 \& 3,002 \& 219 <br>
\hline 1976 Average .................... \& 3,643 \& 206 \& -5 \& 524 \& 175 \& 3,145 \& 220 <br>
\hline 1977 Average .................... \& 3,912 \& 205 \& -27 \& 514 \& 165 \& 3,410 \& 230 <br>
\hline 1978 Average .................... \& 4,046 \& 166 \& 14 \& 492 \& 167 \& 3,568 \& 225 <br>
\hline 1979 Average .................... \& 4,153 \& 195 \& -37 \& 352 \& 209 \& 3,568
3,749 \& 238 <br>
\hline 1980 Average .................... \& 3,956 \& 210 \& -23 \& 311 \& 198 \& 3,634 \& - 247 <br>
\hline 1981 Average .................... \& 3,739 \& 226 \& d 46 \& 723 \& 199 \& 3,088 \& 282 <br>
\hline 1982 Average .................... \& 3,453 \& 334 \& 80 \& 787 \& 211 \& - 2,870 \& d 253 <br>
\hline 1983 Average ..................... \& 3,460
3,632 \& 411
565 \& d 6

23 \& 712
791 \& 242
245 \& 2,923
3,183 \& d 256 <br>
\hline 1984 Average .................... \& 3,632 \& 565 \& 23 \& 791 \& 245 \& 3,183 \& 240 <br>
\hline 1985 January ....................... \& 3,285 \& 400 \& -88 \& 556 \& 223 \& 2,815 \& 243 <br>
\hline February .................... \& 3,422 \& 498 \& -101 \& 707 \& 204 \& 2,910 \& 245 <br>
\hline March ........................ \& 3,464 \& 550 \& -421 \& 633 \& 190 \& 2,769 \& 259 <br>
\hline April ........................... \& 3,618 \& 628 \& -7 \& 836 \& 245 \& 3,158 \& 259 <br>
\hline May ..................................................... \& 3,721
3,924 \& 837 \& -113 \& 991 \& 191 \& 3,263 \& 262 <br>
\hline July ....................................... \& 3,924
3,994 \& 658 \& 80
19 \& 995 \& 261 \& 3,360 \& 260 <br>
\hline August ........................ \& 4,087 \& 640 \& 372 \& 1,328 \& 218 \& 3,455
3,549 \& 259 <br>
\hline September ................... \& 3,878 \& 529 \& -10 \& 823 \& 274 \& 3,549 \& 248 <br>
\hline October ...................... \& 3,810 \& 548 \& 9 \& 861 \& 250 \& 3,255 \& 248 <br>
\hline November ................... \& 3,772 \& 612 \& -183 \& 906 \& 277 \& 3,016 \& 253 <br>
\hline December ............................ \& 3,658 \& 542 \& 226 \& 1,006 \& 305 \& 3,118 \& 246 <br>
\hline Average ..................... \& 3,721 \& 588 \& -17 \& 886 \& 240 \& 3,166 \& <br>
\hline 1986 January \& 3,902 \& 541 \& -172 \& 967 \& 311 \& 2,993 \& 252 <br>
\hline February ..................... \& 3,868 \& 393 \& -209 \& 747 \& 270 \& 3,035 \& 258 <br>
\hline March ........................ \& 3,754 \& 454 \& 21 \& 854 \& 208 \& 3,167 \& 257 <br>
\hline April ........................... \& 3,788 \& 638 \& -100 \& 760 \& 369 \& 3,196 \& 260 <br>
\hline May ........................... \& 4,055 \& 659 \& -114 \& 810 \& 298 \& 3,492 \& 264 <br>
\hline June ........................... \& 4,209 \& 687 \& -70 \& 853 \& 263 \& 3,710 \& 266 <br>
\hline July ........................... \& 4,145 \& 589 \& 119 \& 1,064 \& 357 \& 3,432 \& 262 <br>
\hline August ............................... \& 4,223
4,225 \& 572
571 \& 335
35 \& 1,061 \& 301 \& 3,768 \& 252 <br>
\hline October .......................... \& 3,969 \& 575 \& rr \& 846 \& 278
375 \& 3,708
3,391 \& 251 <br>
\hline November ................. \& 3,904 \& 559 \& 36 \& 940 \& 342 \& 3,391
3,217 \& 254 <br>
\hline December ................... \& 3,920 \& 490 \& 90 \& 1,069 \& 325 \& 3,105 \& 250 <br>
\hline Average ..................... \& 3,997 \& 561 \& -10 \& 888 \& 308 \& 3,353 \& <br>
\hline 1987 January ....................... \& 3,835 \& 428 \& -152 \& 665 \& 283 \& 3,164 \& 256 <br>
\hline February ..................... \& 3,773 \& 608 \& -354 \& 385 \& 320 \& 3,322 \& 266 <br>
\hline March ........................ \& 3,772 \& 599 \& -146 \& 717 \& 281 \& 3,225 \& 270 <br>
\hline April .......................... \& 3,948 \& 478 \& 110 \& 885 \& 254 \& 3,397 \& 267 <br>
\hline May ........................... \& 4,054 \& 486 \& 171 \& 918 \& 320 \& 3,473 \& 262 <br>
\hline June ........................... \& 4,195 \& 671 \& 197 \& 898 \& 323 \& 3,842 \& 256 <br>
\hline July ........................... \& 4,354 \& 493 \& 110 \& 835 \& 256 \& 3,866 \& 253 <br>
\hline August ........................ \& 4,336 \& 580 \& -152 \& 697 \& 238 \& 3,828 \& 257 <br>
\hline September .................. \& 4,346 \& 565 \& -16 \& 909 \& 353 \& 3,632 \& 258 <br>
\hline October ...................... \& 4,219 \& 597 \& 19 \& 969 \& 272 \& 3,594 \& 257 <br>
\hline November .................. \& 3,999 \& 533 \& -40 \& 993 \& 305 \& 3,195 \& 258 <br>
\hline 11-Month Average ..... \& 4,078 \& 548 \& -21 \& 809 \& 291 \& 3,505 \& 258 <br>
\hline 1986 11-Month Average ..... \& 4,005 \& 568 \& -19 \& 871 \& 307 \& 3,376 \& <br>
\hline 1985 11-Month Average ..... \& 3,727 \& 593 \& -40 \& 875 \& 234 \& 3,170 \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

alncludes pentanes plus, other hydrocarbons and alcohol, unfinished oil, gasoline blending components, and all finished petroleum products except finished motor gasoline, distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, and liquefied petroleum gases.
${ }^{\text {b }}$ A negative number indicates an increase in stocks and a positive number indicates a decrease.
cStocks are totals as of end of period.
d/n January 1975, 1981, 1983, and 1984, a new stock basis was established affecting stocks reported and stock withdrawal calculations. See Note 4 at end of this section.
${ }^{\text {e Due }}$ to a rounding difference, this value is 2,869 in the Petroleum Supply Annual and the Petroleum Supply Monthly.
rounding.
unding.
Sources: See end of section.

## Notes and Sources for the Petroleum Section

## Notes

1. The Energy Information Administration (EIA) uses a number of sources and methods to maintain the survey respondent lists. On a regular basis, survey managers review industry publications such as the Oil and Gas Journal and Oil Daily for information on facilities or companies starting up or closing down operations. Those sources are augmented by articles in newspapers, letters from respondents indicating changes in status, and information received from survey systems.

Every 3 years an extensive survey is conducted to update the frames completely. The updating involves consolidating information from every known source including State agencies, Federal agencies (e.g., Environmental Protection Agency, Corps of Engineers, Census Bureau, etc.), and private industry directories. The effort also includes the evaluation of the impact of potential frame changes on the historical time series of data published from these respondents. The results of this frame study are usually implemented in January to provide a full year under the same frame.
2. Motor Gasoline: Beginning in January 1981, the EIA expanded its universe to include non-refinery blenders; redefined motor gasoline into two categories (finished leaded and finished unleaded); and separated blending components from finished motor gasoline as a reporting category. Also, survey forms were modified to describe refinery operations more accurately. For further details, see the EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.
3. Distillate and Residual Fuel Oils: The requirement to report crude oil burned on leases and pipelines as either distillate or residual fuel oil has been eliminated. Prior to January 1981, the refinery input of unfinished oils number typically exceeded the number for available supply of unfinished oils. That discrepancy was assumed to be due to the redesignation of distillate and residual fuel oils received as such, but used as an unfinished oil input by the receiving refinery. The imbalance between supply and disposition of unfinished oils would then be subtracted from the production of distillate and residual fuel oils. Two-thirds of that difference was subtracted from distillate and one-third from residual. Beginning in January 1981, the EIA modified its survey forms to account for redesignated product
and discontinued the above-mentioned adjustment. For further details, see the EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.
4. New Stock Basis: In January 1975, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to bulk terminal and pipeline surveys affecting subsequent stocks reported and stock withdrawal calculations. Using the expanded coverage (new basis), the end-of-year stocks, in million barrels, would have been:

- Crude Oil: 1982--645 (Total) and 351 (Other Primary).
- Crude Oil and Petroleum Products: 1974--1,121; 1980--1,425; and 1982--1,462.
- Motor Gasoline: 1974--225; 1980--263; 1982--244 (Total) and 203 (Finished).
- Distillate Fuel Oil: 1974--224; 1980--205; and 1982--186.
- Residual Fuel Oil: 1974--75; 1980--91; and 1982--68.
- Liquefied Petroleum Gases: 1974--113; 1980--128; and 1982--103.
- Other Petroleum Products: 1974--220; 1980--249; and 1982--259.
- Stock withdrawal calculations beginning in 1975, 1981, and 1983, were made using new basis stock levels.

In January 1984, changes were made in the reporting of natural gas liquids. As a result, unfractionated stream, which was formerly included in "Other Petroleum Products Supply and Disposition" table, is now reported on a component basis (ethane, propane, normal butane, isobutane, and pentanes plus). Most of these stocks will now appear in the "Liquefied Petroleum Gases Supply and Disposition" table. This change will affect stocks reported and stock withdrawals in each table. Under the new basis, end-of-year 1983 stocks, in million barrels would have been:

- Liquefied Petroleum Gases: 1983-108.
- Other Petroleum Products: 1983--248.

5. Stocks of Alaskan Crude Oil: Stocks of Alaskan Crude oil in transit were included for the first time in January 1981. The major impact of this change is on the reporting of stock withdrawal calculations. Using the expanded coverage (new basis), 1980 end-of-year stocks, in million barrels, would have been 488 (Total) and 380 (Other Primary).

- 1973 through 1976: U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Mines, Mineral Industry Surveys, "Petroleum Statement, Annual" and "PAD Districts Supply/Demand, Annual."
- 1977 through 1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, "Petroleum Statement, Annual" and "PAD Districts Supply/Demand, Annual" and unleaded gasoline data from Monthly Petroleum Statistics Report.
- 1981 through 1986: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual.
- January 1987 through November 1987: Detailed Statistics in appropriate issues of the Petroleum Supply Monthly.
- December 1987: Estimates based on EIA weekly data (except domestic crude oil production).
- January 1987 through December 1987: Domestic crude oil production estimate based on historical statistics from State conservation agencies and the U.S. Geological Survey.


## Section 4. Natural Gas

Total dry natural gas production in the United States during November 1987 was an estimated 1.3 trillion cubic feet, 3 percent ${ }^{3}$ less than in November 1986.

Consumption of natural and supplemental gas in November 1987 was an estimated 1.3 trillion cubic feet, 7 percent higher than in November 1986.

Deliveries to residential consumers during October 1987 (latest data available) were 226 billion cubic feet, 22 percent higher than in October 1986. Total deliveries to industrial consumers during October 1987 were an estimated 411 billion cubic feet, 6 percent higher than in October 1986.

Imports of natural gas in November 1987 were an estimated 58 billion cubic feet, 17 percent lower than in the previous November.

Stocks of working gas ${ }^{4}$ in underground natural gas storage reservoirs at the end of November 1987 totaled over 3 trillion cubic feet, 1 percent below the level of stocks available 1 year earlier. Net withdrawals from storage during November 1987 were 55 billion cubic feet, 55 percent less than during the previous November.
${ }^{3}$ Percentage changes are calculated using unrounded data.
${ }^{4}$ Gas available for withdrawal.

Table 4.1 Natural Gas Production (Billion Cubic Feet)

|  | Gross Wet Gas Withdrawals ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Used for Repressuring ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Vented } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { Flared } \end{aligned}$ | Marketed Production (Wet) ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Extraction } \\ & \text { Loss }^{c} \end{aligned}$ | Total Dry Gas Productione |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1973 Total ................... | 24,067 | 1,171 | NA | 248 | ' 22,648 | 917 |  |
| 1974 Total ................... | 22,850 | 1,080 | NA | 169 | ' 21,601 | 887 | 21,731 $+20,713$ |
| 1975 Total ................... | 21,104 | 861 | NA | 134 | ' 20,109 | 872 | +19,236 |
| 1976 Total ................... | 20,944 | 859 | NA | 132 | ' 19,952 | 854 | '19,098 |
| 1977 Total ..................... | 21,097 21,309 | 935 1.181 | NA | 137 | ${ }^{\text {f }} \mathbf{2 0 , 0 2 5}$ | 863 | '19,163 |
| 1979 Total ........................ | 21,309 $\mathbf{2 1 , 8 8 3}$ | 1,181 1,245 | NA | 153 | + 19,974 | 852 | ${ }^{\text {' }} 19,122$ |
| 1980 Total ........................ | 21,870 | 1,245 | NA | 167 | $+20,471$ $\mathbf{2 0 , 1 8 0}$ | 808 | ' 19,663 |
| 1981 Total .................... | 21,587 | 1,312 | 222 | 125 98 | 20,180 19,956 | 777 | 19,403 19,181 |
| 1982 Total .................... | 20,210 | 1,388 | 208 | 93 | 18,520 | 762 | 19,181 17,758 |
| 1983 Total ................... | 18,597 | 1,458 | 222 | 95 | 16,822 | 762 | 17,758 16,033 |
| 1984 Total .................... | 20,192 | 1,630 | 224 | 108 | 18,230 | 838 | 17,392 |
| 1985 January ................. | 1,826 | 154 | 29 | 8 | 1,636 |  |  |
| February ............... | 1,667 | 148 | 26 | 7 | 1,636 1,486 | 77 70 |  |
| March ................... | 1,684 | 165 | 28 | 7 | 1,484 | 71 | 1,416 1,413 |
| April .................... | 1,595 | 163 | 27 | 8 | 1,397 | 66 | 1,331 |
| May ..................... | 1,579 | 161 | 27 | 8 | 1,383 | 66 | 1,317 |
| June .................... | 1,521 | 154 | 23 | 8 | 1,336 | 63 | 1,273 |
| July ...................... | 1,565 | 161 | 27 | 8 | 1,368 | 65 | 1,303 |
| August .................. | 1,554 | 153 | 27 | 8 | 1,365 | 65 | 1,300 |
| September ............ | 1,530 | 159 | 25 | 8 | 1,338 | 64 | 1,374 |
| October ................. | 1,589 | 160 | 27 | 8 | 1,394 | 66 | 1,328 |
| November ............. | 1,599 | 164 | 29 | 8 | 1,398 | 66 | 1,332 |
| December ............. | 1,825 | 173 | 32 | 8 | 1,613 | 76 | 1,332 1,537 |
| Total .................... | 19,534 | 1,915 | 326 | 95 | 17,198 | 816 | 16,382 |
| 1986 January ................. | 1,815 | 163 | 29 | 9 | 1,614 |  |  |
| February ............... | 1,583 | 150 | 26 | 8 | 1,614 1,401 | 66 | 1,536 1,333 |
| March ................... | 1,691 | 167 | 29 | 8 | 1,487 | 70 | 1,415 |
| April ................................... | 1,526 | 155 | 28 | 8 | 1,336 | 64 | 1,271 |
| May .............................. | 1,553 | 158 | 26 | 8 | 1,361 | 65 | 1,295 |
| July ............................ | 1,482 1,524 | 145 | 28 | 8 | 1,302 | 62 | 1,239 |
| August .................... | 1,523 | 142 | 28 | 8 | 1,344 | 64 | 1,278 |
| September ............ | 1,443 | 133 | 25 | 8 | 1,347 | 64 | 1,279 |
| October ................. | 1,543 | 157 | 25 | 8 | 1,280 1,353 | 61 | 1,217 |
| November .............. | 1,634 | 162 | 29 | 8 | 1,353 1,430 | 64 | 1,288 |
| December .............. | 1,748 | 161 | 32 | 9 | 1,436 | 78 | 1,366 1,473 |
| Total .................... | 19,063 | 1,838 | 337 | 98 | 1,536 16,791 | r30 | 1,473 15,991 |
| 1987 January ................. | 1,788 | 167 | 35 |  |  |  |  |
| February ................ | 1,608 | 154 | 32 | 8 | 1,414 | 67 | 1,500 1,347 |
| March ................... | 1,708 | 167 | 35 | 9 | 1,497 | 71 | 1,426 |
| April ..................... | 1,619 | R 175 | 31 | 9 | 1,403 | 67 | 1,336 |
| May ..................... | 1,611 | 185 | 31 | 9 | 1,386 | 66 | 1,336 |
| June .................... | 1,554 | 181 | 30 | 8 | 1,334 | 63 | 1,271 |
| July ...................... | 1,581 | 178 | 31 | 8 | 1,365 | 65 | 1,300 |
| August .................. | 1,599 $\mathbf{8} 1,539$ | 173 | 32 | 9 | 1,385 | 66 | 1,319 |
| September ............ | R 1,539 | E 175 | R 31 | R 9 | R 1,324 | R 63 | R 1,261 |
| October ................ | E 1,614 | E 179 | E 32 | E 9 | E 1,394 | E 66 | E 1,328 |
| November ............ | E 1,619 $\mathbf{1 7 , 8 4 0}$ | E 180 | E 32 | E 9 | E 1,398 | E 67 | E 1,331 |
| 11-Month Total .... | 17,840 | 1,914 | 352 | 99 | 15,475 | 736 | 14,739 |
| 1986 11-Month Total ... | 17,317 | 1,677 | 302 | 89 |  |  |  |
| 1985 11-Month Total ... | 17,709 | 1,742 | 295 | 86 | 15,585 | 725 739 | $\begin{aligned} & 14,517 \\ & 14,846 \end{aligned}$ |

agas withdrawn from gas and oil wells.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Gas returned to formations for repressuring, pressure maintenance, and cycling.
${ }^{\text {cF For definitions and further explanations, see Notes at end of section. }}$
${ }^{\text {d E Equal }}$ to gross withdrawals minus volumes used for repressuring, volumes of nonhydrocarbon gases removed, and volumes vented and flared. See Note 2 at end of section.
${ }^{\text {e}}$ Equal to marketed production (wet) minus extraction loss.
'May include unknown quantities of nonhydrocarbon gases.
$R=$ Revised data. $N A=$ Not available. $E=$ Estimate.
Notes: - Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. - Data through 1986 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary.

Sources: See end of section.

Table 4.2 Natural Gas Supply and Disposition (Billion Cubic Feet)


aData for 1980 through 1985 include underground storage and liquefied natural gas storage. All other data include underground storage only. Computation procedures are discussed in Note 8 at end of section.
${ }^{\text {b }}$ For definitions and further explanations, see Notes at end of section.
cData for 1978 forward do not include in-transit receipts and deliveries.
dMay include unknown quantities of nonhydrocarbon gases.
esee Note 7 at end of section.
$R=$ Revised data. $N A=$ Not available. E=Estimate.
Notes: - Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

- Data through 1986 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary.

Sources: See end of section.

Table 4.3 Natural Gas ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Consumption by End-Use Sector (Billion Cubic Feet)

|  | Lease and Plant Fuel | Pipeline Fuel | Delivered to Consumers |  |  |  |  | Total Consumption |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Residential | Commercial ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | Industrial | Electric Utilities | Total |  |
| 1973 Total .................... | 1,496 | 728 | 4,879 | 2,597 | 8,689 | 3,660 | 19,825 | 22,049 |
| 1974 Total .................... | 1,477 | 669 | 4,786 | 2,556 | 8,292 | 3,443 | 19,077 | 21,223 |
| 1975 Total .................... | 1,396 | 583 | 4,924 | 2,508 | 6,968 | 3,158 | 17,558 | 19,538 |
| 1976 Total .................... | 1,634 | 548 | 5,051 | 2,668 | 6,964 | 3,081 | 17,764 | 19,946 |
| 1977 Total .................... | 1,659 | 533 | 4,821 | 2,501 | 6,815 | 3,191 | 17,329 | 19,521 |
| 1978 Total .................... | 1,648 | 530 | 4,903 | 2,601 | 6,757 | 3,188 | 17,449 | 19,627 |
| 1979 Total .................... | 1,499 | 601 | 4,965 | 2,786 | 6,899 | 3,491 | 18,141 | 20,241 |
| 1980 Total .................... | 1,026 | 635 | 4,752 | 2,611 | 7,172 | 3,682 | 18,216 | 19,877 |
| 1981 Total .................... | 928 | 642 | 4,546 | 2,520 | 7,128 | 3,640 | 17,834 | 19,404 |
| 1982 Total ................... | 1,109 | 596 | 4,633 | 2,606 | 5,831 | 3,226 | 16,295 | 18,001 |
| 1983 Total ................... | 978 1,077 | 490 | 4,381 | 2,433 | 5,643 | 2,911 | 15,367 | 16,835 |
| 1984 Total .................... | 1,077 | 529 | 4,555 | 2,524 | 6,154 | 3,111 | 16,345 | 17,951 |
| 1985 January ................ | 91 | 54 | 743 | 372 | 615 | 226 | 1,957 | 2,101 |
| February ............... | 84 | 46 | 837 | 412 | 566 | 203 | 2,017 | 2,148 |
| March .................... | 83 | 42 | 566 | 290 | 531 | 207 | 1,595 | 1,719 |
| April ..................... | 79 | 39 | 397 | 206 | 492 | 234 | 1,328 | 1,447 |
| May ..................... | 78 | 40 | 212 | 128 | 454 | 236 | 1,029 | 1,148 |
| June ...................... | 75 | 38 | 157 | 100 | 425 | 282 | 964 | 1,077 |
| July ...................... | 77 | 40 | 130 | 96 | 440 | 337 | 1,002 | 1,120 |
| August ................... | 77 | 39 | 119 | 93 | 435 | 355 | 1,002 | 1,118 |
| September ............. | 75 | 37 | 129 | 98 | 427 | 275 | 929 | 1,041 |
| October ................. | 78 | 39 | 190 | 125 | 466 | 250 | 1,030 | 1,148 |
| November ............. | 79 | 39 | 306 | 180 | 479 | 230 | 1,195 | 1,313 |
| December .............. | 91 | 51 | 647 | 333 | 571 | 210 | 1,762 | 1,903 |
| Total .................... | 966 | 504 | 4,433 | 2,432 | 5,901 | 3,044 | 15,811 | 17,281 |
| 1986 January ................. | 89 | 50 | 791 | 392 | 647 | 184 | 2,013 | 2,152 |
| February ............... | 77 | 43 | 685 | 345 | 578 | 157 | 1,765 | 1,884 |
| March | 82 | 42 | 580 | 291 | 566 | 170 | 1,607 | 1,731 |
| April ...................... | 73 | 36 | 363 | 189 | 488 | 198 | 1,239 | 1,347 |
| May ..................... | 75 | 38 | 236 | 131 | 454 | 231 | 1,052 | 1,166 |
| June | 71 | 37 | 155 | 99 | 414 | 260 | 928 | 1,036 |
| July ...................... | 74 | 38 | 126 | 89 | 402 | 301 | 919 | 1,031 |
| August .................. | 74 | 38 | 117 | 89 | 400 | 276 | 883 | 995 |
| September | 70 | 36 | 131 | 91 | 366 | 247 | 834 | 939 |
| October ................. | 74 | 38 | 185 | 116 | 386 | 217 | 904 | 1,016 |
| November ............. | 79 | 38 | 346 | 189 | 406 | 187 | 1,127 | 1,245 |
| December ............. | 85 | 47 | 599 | 299 | 471 | 175 | 1,544 | 1,673 |
| Total ................... | 923 | 485 | 4,314 | 2,318 | 5,579 | 2,602 | 14,814 | 16,221 |
| 1987 January | 87 | 51 | 749 | 359 | 528 | 185 | 1,820 | 1,958 |
| February | 78 | 43 | 697 | 344 | 454 | 158 | 1,653 | 1,774 |
| March ................... | 82 | 43 | 582 | 288 | 437 | 190 | 1,497 | 1,622 |
| April | 77 | 40 | 407 | 203 | 398 | 206 | 1,214 | 1,331 |
| May ...................... | 76 | 40 | 226 | 129 | 387 | 243 | 985 | 1,101 |
| June ...................... | 73 | 38 | 149 | 96 | 377 | 284 | 906 | 1,017 |
| July | 75 | 39 | 127 | 91 | 350 | 319 | 887 | 1,001 |
| August .................. | 76 | 39 | 119 | 88 | 386 | 339 | 931 | 1,046 |
| September ............. | 73 | 37 | 128 | 93 | 361 | 268 | 850 | ,960 |
| October | 77 | 39 | 226 | 131 | 411 | 238 | 1,005 | R 1,121 |
| 10-Month Total .... | 774 | 409 | 3,410 | 1,822 | 4,089 | 2,430 | 11,748 | 12,931 |
| 1986 10-Month Total ... | 759 | 396 | 3,369 | 1,832 | 4,701 | 2,241 | 12,144 | 13,297 |
| 1985 10-Month Total ... | 797 | 414 | 3,480 | 1,920 | 4,851 | 2,604 | 12,853 | 14,067 |

a Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.
bIncludes deliveries to local, State, and Federal agencies engaged in nonmanufacturing activities.
$R=$ Revised data.
Notes: - Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

- Data through 1986 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary.

Sources: See end of section.

Table 4.4 Underground Storage of Natural Gas (Volumes in Billion Cubic Feet)

|  | Natural Gas in Underground Storage, End of Period |  |  | Change in Working Gas from Same Period Previous Year |  | Storage Activity |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Base Gas | Working Gas | Total ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Volume | Percent | Injections | Withdrawals | Net ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |
| 1973 Total .................... | 2,864 | 2,034 | 4,898 | 305 | 17.6 | 1,974 | 1,533 | 441 |
| 1974 Total .................... | 2,912 | 2,050 | 4,962 | 16 | . 8 | 1,784 | 1,701 | 83 |
| 1975 Total .................... | 3,162 | 2,212 | 5,374 | 162 | 7.9 | 2,104 | 1,760 | 344 |
| 1976 Total .................... | 3,323 | 1,926 | 5,250 | -286 | -12.9 | 1,756 | 1,921 | -165 |
| 1977 Total .................... | 3,391 | 2,475 | 5,866 | 549 | 28.5 | 2,307 | 1,750 | 557 |
| 1978 Total .................... | 3,473 | 2,547 | 6,020 | 72 | 2.9 | 2,278 | 2,158 | 120 |
| 1979 Total .................... | 3,553 | 2,753 | 6,306 | 207 | 8.1 | 2,295 | 2,047 | 248 |
| 1980 Total .................... | 3,642 | 2,655 | 6,297 | -99 | -3.6 | 1,896 | 1,910 | -14 |
| 1981 Total ................... | 3,752 | 2,817 | 6,569 | 162 | 6.1 | 2,180 | 1,887 | 293 |
| 1982 Total .................... | 3,808 | 3,071 | 6,879 | 255 | 9.0 | 2,399 | 2,094 | 306 |
| 1983 Total .................... | 3,847 | 2,595 | 6,442 | -476 | -15.5 | 1,700 | 2,142 | -442 |
| 1984 Total .................... | 3,830 | 2,876 | 6,706 | 281 | 10.8 | 2,252 | 2,064 | 188 |
| 1985 January ................ | 3,841 | 2,242 | 6,083 | 151 | 7.2 | 32 | 642 | -610 |
| February ............... | 3,841 | 1,853 | 5,694 | -23 | -1.2 | 47 | 438 | -391 |
| March ................... | 3,835 | 1,743 | 5,578 | 171 | 10.8 | 98 | 217 | -119 |
| April ...................... | 3,831 | 1,859 | 5,691 | 239 | 14.8 | 204 | 91 | 113 |
| May ..................... | 3,837 | 2,129 | 5,965 | 286 | 15.5 | 294 | 23 | 272 |
| June ..................... | 3,839 | 2,351 | 6,191 | 211 | 9.8 | 252 | 31 | 221 |
| July ...................... | 3,849 | 2,605 | 6,454 | 149 | 6.1 | 309 | 45 | 263 |
| August ................... | 3,849 | 2,832 | 6,681 | 92 | 3.4 | 278 | 50 | 228 |
| September ............ | 3,849 | 3,081 | 6,930 | 85 | 2.8 | 272 | 20 | 253 |
| October ................ | 3,851 | 3,204 | 7,055 | 29 | . 9 | 199 | 71 | 128 |
| November ............. | 3,847 | 3,086 | 6,933 | 71 | 2.4 | 99 | 202 | -103 |
| December .............. | 3,842 | 2,607 | 6,448 | -270 | -9.4 | 44 | 529 | -485 |
| Total ....................... |  |  |  |  |  | 2,128 | 2,359 | -231 |
| 1986 January ................ | 3,842 | 2,213 | 6,056 | -29 | -1.3 | 48 | 414 | -366 |
| February ............... | 3,842 | 1,872 | 5,714 | 19 | 1.0 | 54 | 369 | -315 |
| March ................... | 3,838 | 1,764 | 5,602 | 21 | 1.2 | 109 | 213 | -104 |
| April ...................... | 3,834 | 1,841 | 5,675 | -18 | -1.0 | 140 | 73 | 67 |
| May ..................... | 3,830 | 2,076 | 5,906 | -53 | -2.5 | 255 | 42 | 213 |
| June ..................... | 3,829 | 2,323 | 6,153 | -28 | -1.2 | 255 | 24 | 231 |
| July ...................... | 3,841 | 2,570 | 6,412 | -35 | -1.3 | 274 | 29 | 245 |
| August .................. | 3,840 | 2,842 | 6,683 | 10 | . 4 | 279 | 26 | 253 |
| September ............ | 3,840 | 3,066 | 6,906 | -16 | -. 5 | 239 | 25 | 215 |
| October ................ | 3,840 | 3,208 | 7,048 | 4 | . 1 | 189 | 48 | 141 |
| November ............. | 3,820 | 3,077 | 6,897 | -9 | -. 3 | 74 | 197 | -123 |
| December ............. | 3,819 | 2,749 | 6,567 | 142 | 5.5 | 36 | 352 | -316 |
| Total ..................... |  |  |  |  |  | 1,952 | 1,812 | 140 |
| 1987 January ................. | 3,821 | 2,280 | 6,101 | 67 | 3.0 | 42 | 512 | -470 |
| February ............... | 3,818 | 1,988 | 5,806 | 116 | 6.2 | 37 | 332 | -295 |
| March ................... | 3,816 | 1,878 | 5,694 | 114 | 6.5 | 109 | 220 | -112 |
| April ..................... | 3,814 | 1,937 | 5,751 | 96 | 5.2 | 166 | 109 | 57 |
| May ..................... | 3,813 | 2,201 | 6,014 | 125 | 6.0 | 289 | 26 | 264 |
| June ..................... | 3,817 | 2,433 | 6,250 | 110 | 4.7 | 260 | 24 | 235 |
| July ....................... | 3,812 | 2,628 | 6,440 | 58 | 2.2 | 226 | 32 | 194 |
| August .................. | 3,811 | 2,832 | 6,643 | -11 | -. 4 | 252 | 49 | 203 |
| September ............ | 3,813 | 3,043 | 6,856 | -23 | -. 7 | 231 | 18 | 213 |
| October ................ | 3,813 | 3,097 | 6,910 | -110 | -3.4 | 155 | 100 | 54 |
| November ............. | 3,771 | 3,055 | 6,826 | -22 | -. 7 | 148 | 203 | -55 |

[^8]Figure 4.1 Natural Gas Consumption, Production, and Imports


Figure 4.2 Natural Gas in Storage, End of Perlod


# Notes and Sources for the Natural Gas Section 

## Notes

1. Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed: Annual data on nonhydrocarbon gases removed from marketed production--carbon dioxide, helium, hydrogen sulfide, and nitrogen-are from the Energy Information Administration (EIA) Natural Gas Annual (NGA) 1986. These data are not available for periods prior to 1980. For 1986, of the 32 producing States, 24 reported data on nonhydrocarbon gases removed. These 24 States accounted for 59 percent of total 1986 gross withdrawals. In addition, gross withdrawals data from two States, which together accounted for 36 percent of the 1986 total production, did not include all or most of the nonhydrocarbon gases removed on leases. No estimates are made for the two States not reporting nonhydrocarbon gases removed. For further information, see the EIA Natural Gas Monthly (NGM).

Monthly data are reported by three States and computed for six States. All monthly data are considered preliminary until after publication of the EIA $N G A$ for that year. For further information on methods of estimating preliminary monthly data, see the EIA $N G M$.

Monthly data are revised and considered final after publication of the EIA NGA by proportionally allocating the differences between annual data published in the EIA $N G A$ and the sum of the preliminary monthly data (January-December).
2. Production: Annual data. Final annual data are from the EIA NGA 1986.

Estimated Monthly Data. All data for the two most recent months presented are estimated. Some of the data for earlier months are also estimated or computed. For a discussion of computation and estimation procedures, see the EIA NGM.

Preliminary monthly data. All monthly data are considered preliminary until after publication of the EIA $N G A$ for that year. Preliminary monthly data are gathered from reports from the Interstate Oil Compact Commission and the U.S. Minerals Management Service. Volumetric data are converted, as necessary to a standard 14.73 psia pressure base. Unless there are major changes, data are not revised until after publication of the EIA $N G A$.

Final monthly data. The difference between annual production data published in the EIA NGA 1986 and the sum of preliminary monthly data (JanuaryDecember) is allocated proportionally to the preliminary monthly data.
3. Extraction Loss: Extraction loss is the reduction in volume of natural gas resulting from the removal of natural gas liquid constituents at natural gas processing plants.

Annual data for extraction loss are from the EIA NGA for which they have been estimated based on the type and quantity of liquid products extracted from the gas stream and the calculated volume of such products at standard conditions. For a detailed explanation of the calculations used to derive estimated extraction losses, see the EIA NGA.

Preliminary monthly data are estimated based on extraction loss as an annual percentage of marketed production. This percentage is applied to each month's marketed production to estimate monthly extraction loss.

Monthly data are revised and considered final after the publication of the EIA NGA. Final monthly data are estimated by allocating annual extraction loss data to each month based on its total natural gas disposition.
4. Supplemental Gaseous Fuels: Supplemental gaseous fuels are mainly synthetic natural gas, propane-air, and refinery gas. Other gases may also be included such as, coke oven gas, biomass gas, manufactured gas, and air injected for Btu stabilization.

Annual data beginning with 1980 are from the EIA NGA 1986. Unknown quantities of supplemental gaseous fuels are included in consumption data for 1979 and earlier years.

All monthly data are considered preliminary until after the publication of the EIA NGA for that year. Monthly estimates are based on the annual ratio of supplemental gaseous fuels to the sum of dry gas production, net imports, and net withdrawals from storage. This ratio is applied to the monthly sum of these three elements to compute a monthy supplemental gaseous fuels figure.
5. Imports and Exports: The United States imports natural gas via pipeline from Mexico and Canada, and liquefied natural gas (LNG) (until September 1985) via tanker from Algeria. One shipment of LNG was received in December 1986 from Indonesia. The United States exports natural gas via pipeline to Mexico and Canada and liquefied natural gas via tanker to Japan.

Annual and final monthly data are published from the annual Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas," which requires data to be reported by month for the calendar year.

Preliminary monthly data are EIA estimates. For a discussion of estimation procedures, see the EIA NGM. Preliminary data are revised after the publication of the EIA U.S. Imports and Exports of Natural Gas for that year.
6. Consumption: Consumption includes pipeline fuel use, lease and plant fuel use, and deliveries to consuming sectors.

All final data are from the EIA, NGA. All monthly data are considered preliminary until after publication of the EIA NGA. For more detailed information on the methods of estimating preliminary and final monthly data, see the EIA NGM.
7. Unaccounted for: The "Unaccounted for" category represents the following: (1) quantities lost; (2) the net result of flow data metered at varying temperature and pressure conditions and converted to a standard temperature and pressure base; (3) metering inaccuracies; (4) differences between billing cycle and calendar period time frames; (5) the effect of variations in company accounting and billing practices; and (6) imbalances from EIA's merger of data reporting systems which vary in scope, format, definitions, and type of respondents. The increase of 0.2 trillion cubic feet (Tcf) in the "Unaccounted for" category in 1983 followed by a decline of 0.5 trillion cubic feet in 1984 reflected unusually large differences resulting from the use of the annual billing cycle (essentially December 15, through the following December 14) consumption data in conjunction with calendar year supply data. Record cold temperatures during the last half of December 1983 resulted in a reported 0.3 Tcf increase in net withdrawals from underground storage for peak shaving as compared with the same period in 1982, but the effect of this cold weather was reflected primarily in 1984 consumption data. For underground storage data, see Table F2 in the May 1985 NGM, which was published in July 1985.
8. Natural Gas Storage: Gas in storage at the end of a reporting period may not equal the quantity derived by adding or subtracting net injections or withdrawals from the quantity in storage at the end of the previous period. This difference is due to changes in the quantity of native gas included in the base gas and/or losses in base gas due to migration from storage reservoirs.

All monthly data concerning underground storage are collected from the essentially identical Forms FPC-8 and EIA-191. Monthly data are revised after publication of the EIA Underground Natural Gas Storage in the United States for that heating year (April through March). In addition, injection and withdrawal data from the FPC-8/EIA-191 survey are adjusted to correspond to data from Form EIA-176 following publication of the EIA Natural Gas Annual.

The final monthly and annual storage and withdrawal data for 1980 through 1986 include both underground and liquefied natural gas (LNG) storage. Underground storage data are taken from the FPC-8/EIA-191 surveys in the manner described earlier. Annual data on LNG additions and withdrawals are taken from Form EIA-176. Monthly data are estimated by computing the ratio of each month's underground storage additions and withdrawals to annual underground storage additions and withdrawals and applying it to annual LNG data.

## Sources

Production: 1973 through 1986: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Natural Gas Annual 1986; January 1987 forward: State reports to the Interstate Oil Compact Commission, data from the U.S. Minerals Management Service, and EIA estimates for States that do not report monthly data on a regular or timely basis.

Extraction Loss, Consumption, and Unaccounted For: 1973 through 1986: EIA, Natural Gas Annual 1986; January 1987 forward: EIA computations.

Withdrawals from and Additions to Storage: 1973 through 1986: EIA, Natural Gas Annual 1986; January 1987 forward: Form FPC-8 and Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report."

Supplemental Gaseous Fuels: 1980 through 1986: EIA, Natural Gas Annual 1986; January 1987 forward: EIA computations.

Imports and Exports: 1973 through 1986: Form FPC-14, "Imports and Exports of Natural Gas"; January 1987 forward: EIA computations.

End-Use Consumption: All data except electric util-ity--1973 through 1986: EIA, Natural Gas Annual, 1986; January 1987 forward: Form EIA-857, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Purchases and Deliveries to Consumers," and EIA computations. Electric utility data--EIA, Form 759, "Monthly Power Plant Report" (formerly Form FPC-4).

Underground Storage: 1973 and 1974: American Gas Association, Gas Facts; 1975 through 1979: EIA, Form FPC-8 and Form EIA-191, and the Natural Gas Annual; 1980 forward: EIA, Form FPC-8, Form EIA-191, and Form 176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition."

## Section 5. Oil and Gas Resource Development

In December 1987, the number of crews engaged in seismic exploration increased for the ninth consecutive month. The December 1987 total of 199 was 42 higher than in December 1986. Of the total, 172 were land crews and 27 were marine vessels. The number of land crews was up by 33 from December 1986 and the number of marine vessels was up by 9 .

Similarly, the rotary rig count increased for the eighth consecutive month, reaching a total of 1,162 in December 1987. That total was 1 percent higher than in the previous month and 21 percent higher than in December 1986. Of the total number of rigs in operation, 1,034 were onshore and 128 were offshore. The number
of onshore rigs was up 18 percent from the number in December 1986, and the number of offshore rigs was up 44 percent.

Exploratory and development well completions during November 1987 totaled an estimated 2,910, down 16 percent from the previous month, but up 13 percent from the November 1986 total. Oil well completions were 1,410 , up 23 percent from the level in November 1986, and gas well completions totaled 620, up 11 percent. Total footage drilled in November 1987 was 12.5 million feet, down 17 percent ${ }^{5}$ from the total in October 1987, but up 12 percent from the total in November 1986.

FIgure 5.1 Selsmic Crews, Rotary RIgs, and Footage Drilled


FIgure 5.2 Exploratory and Development Wells Completed


[^9]Table 5.1 Seismic Crews and Rotary Rigs

|  | Crews Engaged in Seismic Exploration |  |  | Rotary Rigs in Operation ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Offshore | Onshore | Total | Offshore | Onshore | Total |
|  | Monthly Average |  |  | Weekly Average |  |  |
| 1973 Average ................................................... | 23 | 227 | 250 | 84 | 1,110 | 1,194 |
| 1974 Average ................................................... | 31 | 274 | 305 | 94 | 1,378 | 1,472 |
| 1975 Average ................................................... | 30 | 254 | 284 | 106 | 1,554 | 1,660 |
| 1976 Average .................................................... | 25 | 237 | 262 | 129 | 1,529 | 1,658 |
| 1977 Average ................................................... | 27 | 281 | 308 | 167 | 1,834 | 2,001 |
| 1978 Average ................................................... | 25 | 327 | 352 | 185 | 2,074 | 2,259 |
| 1979 Average .................................................... | 30 | 370 | 400 | 207 | 1,970 | 2,177 |
| 1980 Average ................................................... | 37 | 493 | 530 | 231 | 2,678 | 2,909 |
| 1981 Average ................................................... | 44 | 637 | 681 | 256 | 3,714 | 3,970 |
| 1982 Average ................................................... | 57 | 531 | 588 | 243 | 2,862 | 3,105 |
| 1983 Average ................................................... | 47 | 426 | 473 | 199 | 2,033 | 2,232 |
| 1984 Average ................................................... | 49 | 445 | 494 | 213 | 2,215 | 2,428 |
| 1985 January ..................................................... | 46 | 393 | 439 | 242 | 2,210 | 2,452 |
| February .................................................... | 46 | 360 | 406 | 233 | 1,955 | 2,188 |
| March ........................................................ | 48 | 340 | 388 | 223 | 1,732 | 1,955 |
| April .. | 47 | 336 | 383 | 210 | 1,667 | 1,877 |
| May ... | 41 | 323 | 364 | 200 | 1,665 | 1,865 |
| June ......................................................... | 47 | 324 | 371 | 203 | 1,653 | 1,858 |
| July .. | 47 | 350 | 397 | 194 | 1,715 | 1,909 |
| August ....................................................... | 49 | 341 | 390 | 197 | 1,734 | 1,931 |
| September ................................................. | 49 | 323 | 372 | 197 | 1,733 | 1,930 |
| October ..................................................... | 45 | 312 | 357 | 195 | 1,684 | 1,879 |
| November | 41 | 305 | 346 | 187 | 1,725 | 1,912 |
| December .................................................. | 39 | 287 | 326 | 190 | 1,760 | 1,950 |
| Average ................................................... | 45 | 333 | 378 | 206 | 1,774 | 1,980 |
| 1986 January ..................................................... | 39 | 271 | 310 | 175 | 1,635 | 1,810 |
| February ......... | 39 | 256 | 295 | 164 | 1,280 | 1,444 |
| March ....................................................... | 28 | 212 | 240 | 132 | 1,007 | 1,139 |
| April ......................................................... | 20 | 185 | 205 | 112 | 794 | 906 |
| May ........................................................... | 19 | 172 | 191 | 94 | 687 | 781 |
| June .. | 18 | 162 | 180 | 73 | 632 | 705 |
| July .... | 20 | 138 | 158 | 65 | 621 | 686 |
| August . | 19 | 137 | 156 | 65 | 665 | 730 |
| September. | 24 | 131 | 155 | 74 | 681 | 755 |
| October ..................................................... | 22 | 136 | 158 | 80 | 739 | 819 |
| November | 19 | 139 | 158 | 79 | 820 | 899 |
| December .................................................. | 18 | 139 | 157 | 89 | 874 | 963 |
| Average ................................................... | 24 | 176 | 201 | 99 | 865 | 964 |
| 1987 January ..................................................... | 18 | 142 | 160 | 88 | 812 | 900 |
| February .................................................... | 19 | 132 | 151 | 75 | 743 | 818 |
| March | 18 | 132 | 150 | 76 | 696 | 772 |
| April .......................................................... | 19 | 145 | 164 | 73 | 681 | 754 |
| May ........................................................... | 20 | 146 | 166 | 76 | 687 | 763 |
| June ......................................................... | 22 | 147 | 169 | 85 | 703 | 788 |
| July ........................................................... | 24 | 159 | 183 | 97 | 804 | 901 |
| August ....................................................... | 28 | 159 | 187 | 109 | 894 | 1,003 |
| September ................................................. | 29 | 164 | 193 | 114 | 987 | 1,101 |
| October | 32 | 163 | 195 | 116 | 1,008 | 1,124 |
| November .................................................. | 28 | 170 | 198 | 118 | 1,034 | 1,152 |
| December .................................................. | 27 | 172 | 199 | 128 | 1,034 | 1,162 |
| Average ................................................... | 24 | 153 | 176 | 95 | 841 | 936 |

aMonthly data are averages of 4 - or 5 -week reporting periods, not calendar months.
Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
Sources: See end of section.

Table 5.2 Exploratory and Development Wells Completed and Footage Drilled

|  | Exploratory and Development Wells Completed |  |  |  | Footage Drilled |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Oil | Gas | Dry | Total |  |
|  | Thousand Wells |  |  |  | Million Feet |
| 1973 Total .............................. | 10.25 | 6.97 | 10.47 | 27.69 | 139.42 |
| 1974 Total ................................ | 13.66 | 7.17 | 12.20 | 33.04 | 153.79 |
| 1975 Total .............................. | 16.98 | 8.17 | 13.74 | 38.88 | 181.05 |
| 1976 Total ............................. | 17.70 | 9.44 | 13.80 | 40.94 | 187.29 |
| 1977 Total .............................. | 18.70 | 12.12 | 15.04 | 45.85 | 215.70 |
| 1978 Total ............................. | 19.06 | 14.40 | 16.59 | 50.06 | 238.39 |
| 1979 Total ............................. | 20.70 | 15.17 | 16.04 | 51.91 | 243.69 |
| 1980 Total ............................. | 32.28 | 17.22 | 20.34 | 69.84 | 312.30 |
| 1981 Total .............................. | 42.84 | 19.91 | 27.28 | 90.03 | 408.83 |
| 1982 Total .............................. | 38.72 | 18.73 | 25.89 | 83.34 | 374.43 |
| 1983 Total ............................. | 36.88 | 14.36 | 23.79 | 75.03 | 314.96 |
| 1984 Total .............................. | 42.46 | 16.81 | 25.09 | 84.36 | 365.72 |
| 1985 January | 3.17 | 1.40 | 1.98 | 6.55 | 30.41 |
| February | 2.69 | 1.28 | 1.53 | 5.50 | 25.77 |
| March .............................. | 3.11 | 1.27 | 1.83 | 6.21 | 28.30 |
| April | 2.89 | 1.09 | 1.74 | 5.72 | 26.19 |
| May | 2.78 | 1.01 | 1.65 | 5.45 | 24.77 |
| June ............................... | 2.84 | 1.16 | 1.65 | 5.65 | 24.08 |
| July | 2.97 | 1.22 | 1.82 | 6.01 | 25.35 |
| August | 3.20 | 1.25 | 1.89 | 6.34 | 27.08 |
| September ...................... | 2.76 | 1.19 | 1.65 | 5.60 | 23.89 |
| October ........................... | 2.92 | 1.28 | 1.68 | 5.88 | 25.24 |
| November ....................... | R 2.49 | R . 96 | R 1.38 | R 4.83 | R 21.30 |
| December ....................... | 2.75 | . 99 | 1.70 | 5.44 | 24.53 |
| Total ....................................... | R 34.58 | R 14.10 | R 20.50 | R 69.18 | R 306.86 |
| 1986 January ............................ | 3.34 | 1.04 | 1.78 | 6.16 | 25.94 |
| February ......................... | 2.36 | . 72 | 1.15 | 4.23 | 19.74 |
| March | 2.31 | . 71 | -1.25 | - 4.28 | 19.32 |
| April | 1.67 | R . 65 | R 1.03 | R 3.35 | R 15.81 |
| May | 1.13 | . 49 | . 86 | 2.47 | 11.86 |
| June | . 97 | . 50 | . 77 | 2.24 | 10.12 |
| July ................................ | . 96 | . 54 | . 82 | 2.33 | 10.54 |
| August | . 95 | . 55 | . 88 | 2.38 | 10.32 |
| September ...................... | 1.00 | . 54 | . 77 | 2.32 | 10.25 |
| October ........................... | 1.11 | . 64 | . 83 | 2.57 | 11.13 |
| November | R 1.15 | R . 56 | R . 87 | R 2.57 | R 11.21 |
| December ....................... | 1.13 | . 64 | . 95 | 2.72 | 12.51 |
| Total .............................. | R 18.08 | R 7.58 | R 11.95 | R 37.62 | R 168.75 |
| 1987 January .......................... | 1.24 | . 60 | . 87 | 2.71 | 12.61 |
| February ......................... | 1.08 | . 54 | . 69 | 2.30 | 10.57 |
| March ............................. | 1.02 | . 55 | . 73 | 2.30 | 10.76 |
| April ............................... | 1.07 | . 49 | . 82 | 2.38 | 10.88 |
| May .................................. | R 1.19 | R . 47 | . 78 | R 2.44 | R 11.16 |
| June ............................... | 1.05 | . 49 | . 82 | 2.36 | 10.97 |
| July ................................ | 1.28 | . 65 | 1.01 | 2.94 | 12.52 |
| August ...................................... | 1.59 | . 76 | R . 94 | R 3.29 | R 14.07 |
| September ...................... | 1.50 | . 69 | 1.03 | 3.22 | 13.68 |
| October .......................... | 1.60 | . 81 | 1.07 | 3.48 | 15.09 |
| November ....................... | 1.41 | . 62 | . 88 | 2.91 | 12.52 |
| 11-Month Total ............... | 14.03 | 6.67 | 9.64 | 30.34 | 134.83 |
| 1986 11-Month Total .............. | 16.95 | 6.94 | 11.00 | 34.89 | 156.24 |
| 1985 11-Month Total .............. | 31.83 | 13.11 | 18.81 | 63.74 | 282.33 |

$R=$ Revised data.
Notes: - Data exclude service wells and stratigraphic and core tests. - Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Totals and averages may not equal sum of components due to subsequent revisions and independent rounding. - Due to the method of estimation, data shown on this page are frequently revised. See end of section.

Source: See end of section.

# Notes and Sources for the Oil and Gas Resource Development Section 


#### Abstract

Notes Beginning in the March 1985 Monthly Energy Review (MER), the Energy Information Administration (EIA) revised the exploratory and development wells drilled data series. In order to present a consistent series, historical as well as current statistics were adjusted.


In previous issues, the $M E R$ published statistics based on data on well completions reported to the American Petroleum Institute during a given month, as opposed to data on wells actually completed during the month. Because of the time lag from date of well completion to date of reporting, data on well completions reported are not as accurate an indicator of drilling activity as are data on well completions. For example, during 1982 well completions reported continued to rise even though the number of wells actually completed fell. Starting in the March 1985 issue of the $M E R$, published figures have been EIA estimates of the number of wells actually completed in a given month and are shown in thousands, rounded to two decimal places. The associated footage drilled is shown in millions, also rounded to two decimal places.

The EIA estimates are calculated using an adjustment process that imputes total well counts and footage by type and class based on partial counts of well completions available from the reported data. That is, based on statistical analysis of the incomplete reported data, the process imputes the missing portions to determine values for total well completions and footage. Estimates for a given month are first published in the MER
for that month, that is estimates for June 1984 are first published in the June 1984 MER. Revisions to the estimates are scheduled for the 6th, 12th, and 24th months following initial publication, as newly reported data refine the accuracy of the estimate. Unscheduled revisions to the published data will also be made when the latest estimate differs by more than 10 percent during the first 5 months, more than 10 percent during the next 6 months, more than 5 percent thereafter through 5 years. After 5 years, the actual reported data will be published.

The three well types considered are oil, gas, and dry. By convention, wells with both oil and gas zones are categorized as oil. Well classes are either development or exploratory; wells in any other class have been deleted. Exploratory well categories considered are new field wildcat, new pool wildcat, deeper pool test, or extension (American Association of Petroleum Geologists well classification codes 1 through 5).

Additional information may be obtained from "Estimating Well Completions," the feature article published in the March 1985 MER.

## Sources

- Crews Engaged: Society of Exploration Geophysicists, "Monthly Seismic Crew Count" and annual reports published in their bulletins, Geophysics and Leading Edge.
- Rotary Rigs: Hughes Tool Company, "Rotary Rigs Running--by State."
- Wells and Footage Drilled: EIA computations based on well reports submitted to the American Petroleum Institute by Petroleum Information Corporation.


## Section 6. Coal

Coal production in November 1987 totaled 79 million short tons, 9 million short tons ( 13 percent ${ }^{6}$ ) above the level of production in November 1986.

Electric utility coal consumption in October 1987 totaled 57 million short tons, 6 percent more than that consumed in October 1986.

Electric utility coal stocks at the end of October 1987 were 161 million short tons, 2 percent more than the 157 million short tons at the end of October 1986.

Exports of coal in October 1987 totaled 7 million short tons, 8 percent less than exports in October 1986. Coal imports in October 1987 totaled 86 thousand short tons, 22 percent less than imports in October 1986.

Figure 6.1 Coal Production, Consumption, Imports, and Exports


Figure 6.2 Coal Stocks, End of Perlod


Table 6.1 Coal Overview (Thousand Short Tons)

|  | Production | Consumption | Imports ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Exports ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | Stocks ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1973 Total .................... | 598,568 | 562,584 | 127 | 53,587 | NA |
| 1974 Total .................... | 610,023 | 558,402 | 2,080 | 60,661 | NA |
| 1975 Total .................... | 654,641 | 562,640 | 940 | 66,309 | NA |
| 1976 Total .................... | 684,913 | 603,790 | 1,203 | 60,021 | NA |
| 1977 Total .................... | 697,205 | 625,291 | 1,647 | 54,312 | NA |
| 1978 Total .................... | 670,164 | 625,225 | 2,953 | 40,714 | NA |
| 1979 Total .................... | 781,134 | 680,524 | 2,059 | 66,042 | 202,472 |
| 1980 Total .................... | 829,700 | 702,729 | 1,194 | 91,742 | 228,407 |
| 1981 Total .................... | 823,775 | 732,628 | 1,043 | 112,541 | 209,423 |
| 1982 Total .................... | 838,111 | 706,910 | 742 | 106,277 | 232,037 |
| 1983 Total .................... | 782,091 | 736,671 | 1,271 | 77,772 | 202,585 |
| 1984 Total .................... | 895,921 | 791,291 | 1,286 | 81,483 | 231,300 |
| 1985 January ................ | 68,261 | 74,849 | 126 | 5,817 | 218,131 |
| February ............... | 67,233 | 65,777 | 101 | 6,030 | 212,035 |
| March ................... | 77,744 | 64,857 | 103 | 6,696 | 214,825 |
| April ...................... | 76,541 | 61,753 | 203 | 7,065 | 220,230 |
| May ..................... | 78,382 | 64,797 | 159 | 9,231 | 222,798 |
| June ..................... | 73,237 | 66,978 | 138 | 7,913 | 223,210 |
| July .... | 69,228 | 74,162 | 177 | 7,314 | 213,601 |
| August .................. | 79,622 | 73,102 | 264 | 10,422 | 209,555 |
| September ............ | 73,977 | 66,673 | 182 | 8,095 | 208,827 |
| October ................ | 80,158 | 65,033 | 128 | 8,744 | 212,920 |
| November ............. | 69,268 | 64,866 | 111 | 8,134 | 210,656 |
| December ............. | 69,989 | 75,201 | 260 | 7,220 | 203,367 |
| Total .................... | 883,638 | 818,049 | 1,952 | 92,680 |  |
| 1986 January ................ | 78,106 | 75,877 | 154 | 5,935 | 200,074 |
| February ............... | 72,489 | 65,917 | 209 | 5,158 | 200,159 |
| March ................... | 77,379 | 64,521 | 122 | 6,152 | 204,422 |
| April ...................... | 74,680 | 58,921 | 214 | 8,302 | 211,500 |
| May ..................... | 72,907 | 61,559 | 172 | 8,545 | 215,508 |
| June ..................... | 72,413 | 68,193 | 190 | 7,323 | 214,166 |
| July | 67,597 | 76,787 | 178 | 7,780 | 199,556 |
| August ....... | 76,293 | 70,590 | 171 | 7,718 | 197,412 |
| September ............ | 74,791 | 65,293 | 188 | 8,189 | 198,689 |
| October ................ | 79,891 | 63,179 | 110 | 7,205 | 203,538 |
| November ............. | 70,189 | 63,682 | 319 | 6,676 | 206,834 |
| December ............. | 73,580 | 69,792 | 185 | 6,536 | 207,319 |
| Total .................... | 890,315 | 804,312 | 2,212 | 85,518 |  |
| 1987 January ................ | R 74,512 | 72,635 | 134 | 5,471 | 203,425 |
| February ............... | 71,517 | 63,076 | 85 | 4,643 | 205,537 |
| March ................... | R 75,701 | 63,770 | 111 | 6,462 | 209,713 |
| April ...................... | R 70,863 | 61,472 | 229 | 6,229 | 212,317 |
| May ...................... | R 70,589 | 65,945 | 135 | 6,557 | 212,763 |
| June ..................... | R 76,914 | 72,193 | 118 | 7,328 | 209,863 |
| July ...................... | R 69,634 | 80,454 | 120 | 6,611 | 195,664 |
| August .................. | R 80,528 | 79,909 | 191 | 7,758 | 190,001 |
| September ............ | ${ }^{\text {R } 82,295}$ | 68,959 | 164 | 6,665 | 194,504 |
| October ................. | R 85,705 | NA | 86 | 6,633 | NA |
| November ............. | 79,008 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 11-Month Total .... | 837,266 | NA | NA | NA |  |
| 1986 11-Month Total ... | 816,735 | 734,520 | 2,026 | 78,982 |  |
| 1985 11-Month Total ... | 813,650 | 742,848 | 1,692 | 85,460 |  |

alncludes Puerto Rico.
bexcludes shipments of anthracite to U.S. Armed Forces overseas ( 218 thousand short tons in 1982, 341 thousand short tons in 1983,298 thousand short tons in 1984, 240 thousand short tons in 1985, and 209 thousand short tons in 1986.)
cStocks held by electric utilities, coke plants, general industry, and coal producers and distributors at end of period. Excludes stocks held at retail dealers for consumption by the residential and commercial sector.
$R=$ Revised data. $N A=$ Not available.
Notes: - Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Data through 1986 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary. - Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. - See Note at end of section for methodology used to calculate production, consumption, and stocks.

Sources: See end of section.

Table 6.2 Coal Consumption by End-Use Sector ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (Thousand Short Tons)

|  | Electric Utilities | Industrial |  | Residential and Commercial | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Coke Plants | Other Industrial Including Transportation |  |  |
| 1973 Total ....................................... | 389,212 | 94,101 | 68,154 | 11,117 | 562,584 |
| 1974 Total ........................................ | 391,811 | 90,191 | 64,983 | 11,417 | 558,402 |
| 1975 Total ....................................... | 405,962 | 83,598 | 63,670 | 9,410 | 562,640 |
| 1976 Total ....................................... | 448,371 | 84,704 | 61,799 | 8,916 | 603,790 |
| 1977 Total ....................................... | 477,126 | 77,739 | 61,472 | 8,954 | 625,291 |
| 1978 Total ...................................... | 481,235 | 71,394 | 63,085 | 9,511 | 625,225 |
| 1979 Total ....................................... | 527,051 | 77,368 | 67,717 | 8,388 | 680,524 |
| 1980 Total ...................................... | 569,274 | 66,657 | 60,347 | 6,452 | 702,729 |
| 1981 Total ....................................... | 596,797 | 61,015 | 67,395 | 7,422 | 732,628 |
| 1982 Total ....................................... | 593,666 | 40,908 | 64,096 | 8,240 | 706,910 |
| 1983 Total ...................................... | 625,211 | 37,033 | 65,979 | 8,448 | 736,671 |
| 1984 Total ....................................... | 664,399 | 44,022 | 73,744 | 9,128 | 791,291 |
| 1985 January ................................... | 63,645 | 3,463 | 6,911 | 830 | 74,849 |
| February | 55,491 | 3,282 | 6,278 | 726 | 65,777 |
| March ...................................... | 54,784 | 3,511 | 6,046 | 518 | 64,857 |
| April | 50,903 | 3,851 | 6,236 | 764 | 61,753 |
| May | 54,595 | 3,778 | 5,962 | 461 | 64,797 |
| June | 57,634 | 3,284 | 5,696 | 365 | 66,978 |
| July .......................................... | 64,252 | 3,437 | 5,950 | 523 | 74,162 |
| August .................................... | 63,076 | 3,420 | 6,112 | 494 | 73,102 |
| September | 56,780 | 3,361 | 5,877 | 656 | 66,673 |
| October ................................... | 54,969 | 3,165 | 6,183 | 716 | 65,033 |
| November ................................. | 54,311 | 3,192 | 6,605 | 758 | 64,866 |
| December | 63,402 | 3,313 | 7,517 | 969 | 75,201 |
| Total ...................................... | 693,841 | 41,056 | 75,372 | 7,779 | 818,049 |
| 1986 January ................................. | 64,034 | 3,508 | 7,443 | 893 | 75,877 |
| February .................................. | 55,050 | 3,324 | 6,761 | 781 | 65,917 |
| March ..................................... | 53,898 | 3,555 | 6,511 | 557 | 64,521 |
| April ......................................... | 48,114 | 3,602 | 6,401 | 805 | 58,921 |
| May ........................................ | 51,420 | 3,533 | 6,120 | 486 | 61,559 |
| June ........................................ | 58,892 | 3,071 | 5,846 | 384 | 68,193 |
| July .... | 68,021 | 2,591 | 5,705 | 470 | 76,787 |
| August ....... | 61,709 | 2,578 | 5,860 | 444 | 70,590 |
| September | 56,536 | 2,534 | 5,634 | 589 | 65,293 |
| October .... | 54,116 | 2,523 | 5,878 | 662 | 63,179 |
| November . | 54,158 | 2,545 | 6,279 | 701 | 63,682 |
| December ................................ | 59,108 | 2,641 | 7,146 | 896 | 69,792 |
| Total ....................................... | 685,056 | 36,006 | 75,583 | 7,667 | 804,312 |
| 1987 January ................................... | 62,418 | 2,645 | 6,849 | 724 | 72,635 |
| February .................................. | 53,715 | 2,506 | 6,222 | 634 | 63,076 |
| March | 54,647 | 2,681 | 5,991 | 452 | 63,770 |
| April ......................................... | 51,463 | 3,298 | 6,109 | 603 | 61,472 |
| May ......................................... | 56,505 | 3,235 | 5,841 | 364 | 65,945 |
| June | 63,514 | 2,812 | 5,580 | 288 | 72,193 |
| July .......................................... | 70,736 | 3,257 | 5,959 | 502 | 80,454 |
| August .................................... | 70,075 | 3,240 | 6,120 | 474 | 79,909 |
| September .............................. | 59,259 | 3,184 | 5,885 | 630 | 68,959 |
| October .......................... | 57,134 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 10-Month Total ....................... | 599,466 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 1986 10-Month Total ....................... | 571,790 | 30,820 | 62,158 | 6,070 | 670,838 |
| 1985 10-Month Total ....................... | 576,128 | 34,551 | 61,250 | 6,052 | 677,982 |

[^10]Table 6.3 Coal Stocks, End of Period (Thousand Short Tons)

|  | Consumer |  |  |  | Producers and Distributors | Total ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Electric Utilities | Coke <br> Plants | Other Industrial | Total ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |
| 1973 Year ................... | 86,967 | 6,998 | 10,370 | 104,335 | NA | NA |
| 1974 Year ..................... | 83,509 | 6,209 | 6,605 | 96,323 | NA | NA |
| 1975 Year ..................... | 110,724 | 8,797 | 8,529 | 128,050 | NA | NA |
| 1976 Year ..................... | 117,436 | 9,902 | 7,100 | 134,438 | NA | NA |
| 1977 Year ..................... | 133,219 | 12,816 | 11,063 | 157,098 | NA | NA |
| 1978 Year ..................... | 128,225 | 8,278 | 9,048 | 145,551 | NA | NA |
| 1979 Year .................... | 159,714 | 10,155 | 11,777 | 181,646 | 20,826 | 202,472 |
| 1980 Year ..................... | 183,010 | 9,067 | 11,951 | 204,028 | 24,379 | 228,407 |
| 1981 Year ..................... | 168,893 | 6,475 | 9,906 | 185,274 | 24,149 | 209,423 |
| 1982 Year ..................... | 181,132 | 4,642 | 9,479 | 195,253 | 36,784 | 232,037 |
| 1983 Year .................... | 155,598 | 4,346 | 8,710 | 168,654 | 33,931 | 202,585 |
| 1984 Year .................... | 179,727 | 6,166 | 11,317 | 197,210 | 34,090 | 231,300 |
| 1985 January ................ | 167,592 | 5,583 | 10,439 | 183,614 | 34,517 | 218,131 |
| February ............... | 162,531 | 4,999 | 9,561 | 177,091 | 34,944 | 212,035 |
| March ................... | 166,355 | 4,415 | 8,684 | 179,454 | 35,371 | 214,825 |
| April ..................... | 171,695 | 4,472 | 8,749 | 184,917 | 35,313 | 220,230 |
| May ..................... | 174,198 | 4,529 | 8,815 | 187,542 | 35,255 | 222,798 |
| June ..................... | 174,545 | 4,587 | 8,881 | 188,013 | 35,197 | 223,210 |
| July ...................... | 165,903 | 4,171 | 9,184 | 179,258 | 34,342 | 213,601 |
| August .................. | 162,825 | 3,754 | 9,488 | 176,068 | 33,487 | 209,555 |
| September ............ | 163,065 | 3,338 | 9,791 | 176,195 | 32,632 | 208,827 |
| October ................ | 166,749 | 3,365 | 10,007 | 180,121 | 32,799 | 212,920 |
| November ............. | 164,075 | 3,393 | 10,222 | 177,690 | 32,966 | 210,656 |
| December ............. | 156,376 | 3,420 | 10,438 | 170,234 | 33,133 | 203,367 |
| 1986 January ................ | 152,078 | 3,302 | 9,930 | 165,311 | 34,763 | 200,074 |
| February ............... | 151,157 | 3,185 | 9,423 | 163,765 | 36,394 | 200,159 |
| March ................... | 154,415 | 3,067 | 8,916 | 166,398 | 38,024 | 204,422 |
| April ..................... | 161,076 | 3,224 | 9,135 | 173,434 | 38,065 | 211,500 |
| May ..................... | 164,667 | 3,380 | 9,353 | 177,401 | 38,107 | 215,508 |
| June ..................... | 162,909 | 3,537 | 9,572 | 176,018 | 38,148 | 214,166 |
| July ...................... | 149,803 | 3,313 | 9,740 | 162,856 | 36,700 | 199,556 |
| August .................. | 149,163 | 3,090 | 9,908 | 162,161 | 35,252 | 197,412 |
| September ............ | 151,945 | 2,866 | 10,074 | 164,885 | 33,804 | 198,689 |
| October ................. | 157,202 | 2,908 | 10,195 | 170,305 | 33,233 | 203,538 |
| November ............. | 160,908 | 2,950 | 10,314 | 174,171 | 32,663 | 206,834 |
| December ............. | 161,806 | 2,992 | 10,429 | 175,226 | 32,093 | 207,319 |
| 1987 January ................ | 157,061 | 2,886 | 9,896 | 169,843 | 33,582 | 203,425 |
| February ............... | 158,322 | 2,780 | 9,363 | 170,466 | 35,071 | 205,537 |
| March ................... | 161,648 | 2,675 | 8,830 | 173,153 | 36,560 | 209,713 |
| April ..................... | 164,745 | 3,028 | 8,855 | 176,628 | 35,689 | 212,317 |
| May ..................... | 165,683 | 3,381 | 8,881 | 177,946 | 34,818 | 212,763 |
| June ..................... | 163,275 | 3,735 | 8,907 | 175,917 | 33,946 | 209,863 |
| July ...................... | 150,418 | 3,675 | 9,362 | 163,454 | 32,210 | 195,664 |
| August .................. | 146,096 | 3,615 | 9,816 | 159,527 | 30,474 | 190,001 |
| September ............ | 151,940 | 3,554 | 10,271 | 165,766 | 28,738 | 194,504 |
| October ................. | 160,989 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |

aTotal excludes stocks held at retail dealers for consumption by the residential and commercial sector.
NA $=$ Not available.
Notes: - Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Data through 1986 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary.

- Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: See end of section.

# Notes and Sources for the Coal Section 


#### Abstract

Notes 1. Production: Preliminary monthly estimates of national coal production are the sum of weekly estimates developed by the Energy Information Administration (EIA) and published in the Weekly Coal Production report. When a week extends into a new month, production is allocated on a daily basis and added to the appropriate month. Weekly estimates are based on Association of American Railroads (AAR) data showing the number of railcars loaded with coal during the week by Class I and certain other railroads. This number is converted into tons of coal by EIA using the average number of tons of coal per railcar loaded reported in the most recent Quarterly Freight Commodity Statistics from the Interstate Commerce Commission (ICC). If an average coal tonnage per railcar loaded is not available for a specific railroad, the national average is used. To derive the estimate of total weekly production, the total rail tonnage for the week is divided by the ratio of quarterly production shipped by rail and total quarterly production. Data for the corresponding quarter of previous years are used to derive this ratio. This method insures that the seasonal variations are preserved in the production estimates.


When preliminary quarterly data become available, the monthly and weekly estimates are adjusted to conform to the quarterly figure. The adjustment procedure uses State-level production data and is explained in the Quarterly Coal Report. Initial estimates of annual production published in January of the following year are based on preliminary production data covering the first 9 months (three quarters) and weekly/monthly estimates for the fourth quarter. The fourth quarter estimates may or may not be revised when preliminary data become available in March of the following year, depending on the magnitude of the difference between the estimates and the preliminary data. In any event, all quarterly, monthly, and weekly production figures are adjusted to conform to the final annual production data published in the Monthly Energy Review in the fall of the following year.
2. Consumption: Both monthly and quarterly consumption for electric utility plants are taken directly from reported data. Prior to 1980, monthly consumption at coke plants was also taken directly from reported data. Since that time, it has been estimated by proportioning reported quarterly data using the ratios of monthly to quarterly consumption in 1979, the last year in which monthly data were reported. Quarterly consumption is taken directly from reported data.

Prior to 1978, monthly consumption for the other industrial sector (i.e., all industrial users minus coke plants) was derived by using reported data to modify
baseline consumption figures from the most recent Bureau of the Census Annual Survey of Manufactures or Census of Manufactures. For 1978 and subsequent years, monthly figures were derived from data reported on Forms EIA-3 and EIA-6. Beginning in 1980, monthly figures have been estimated by proportioning derived quarterly data using the ratios of monthly to quarterly consumption in 1979, the last year in which monthly data were reported on Form EIA-3. Quarterly consumption for the other industrial sector is derived from reported data by adding beginning stocks at manufacturing plants to current receipts and subtracting ending stocks at manufacturing plants. In this calculation, current receipts are taken as the greater of either reported receipts from manufacturing plants (Form EIA-3) or reported shipments to the other industrial sector (Form EIA-6), thereby ensuring that agriculture, forestry, fishing, mining, and construction consumption are included where appropriate.

Prior to 1980, monthly consumption for the residential and commercial sector was derived by using reported data to modify baseline figures developed by the Bureau of Mines. Since that time, it has been estimated by proportioning reported quarterly data using the ratios of monthly to quarterly consumption in 1979, the last year in which monthly data were reported on Form EIA-2. During 1981 and 1982, the estimates were also modified to reflect air temperature degreedays. Quarterly consumption is taken directly from reported data and is defined as distribution to the residential and commercial sector as reported by coal producers and distributors on Form EIA-6.
3. Stocks: Both monthly and quarterly stocks at electric utility plants are taken directly from reported data. Prior to 1980 , monthly stocks at coke plants were also taken directly from reported data. Since that time, they have been estimated by using one-third of the current quarterly change to indicate the monthly change in stocks. Quarterly stocks are taken directly from data reported on Form EIA-5.

Prior to 1978, stocks for the other industrial sector were derived by using reported data to modify baseline figures from a one-time Bureau of Mines survey of consumers. During the period 1978 through 1982, they were derived by judgmentally proportioning reported quarterly data based on representative seasonal patterns of supply and demand. Since that time, they have been estimated as indicated above for coke plants. Quarterly stocks are taken directly from data reported on Form EIA-3 and therefore include only manufacturing industries: data for agriculture, forestry, fishing, mining, and construction stocks are not available.

Prior to 1980, monthly and quarterly stock data for the residential and commercial sector were taken directly from reported data. Monthly and quarterly stock data are not available for the residential and commercial sector after December 1979.

Quarterly stocks at producers and distributors are taken directly from reported data. Monthly data are estimated by using one-third of the current quarterly change to indicate the monthly change in stocks.
4. Imports and Exports: All coal import and export figures are taken directly from data reported monthly by the Bureau of the Census.

Additional information concerning coal production, consumption, and stock data and estimation procedures may be obtained in EIA's Quarterly Coal Report, DOE/ EIA-0121.

## Sources

Production: 1973 through September 1977: Bureau of Mines, Minerals Yearbook and Mineral Industry Surveys; October 1977 forward: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Weekly Coal Production.

Consumption and Stocks: 1973 through September 1977: Bureau of Mines, Minerals Yearbook and Mineral Industry Surveys (except Residential and Commercial Consumption and Stocks and Producers and Distributors Stocks);

- Electric Utilities--October 1977 forward: EIA, Form EIA-759 (formerly FPC Form 4), "Monthly Power Plant Report."
- Coke Plants--October 1977 through December 1980: EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke and Coal Chemicals-Monthly/Annual"; January 1981 forward: EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke Plant Report-Quarterly/Annual Supplement."
- Other Industrial--October 1977 through December 1979: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Monthly Fuel Consumption Report-Manufacturing Plants"; January 1980 forward: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Fuel Consumption Report-Manufacturing Plants" and Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report."
- Residential and Commercial Consumption and Stocks-1973 through 1976: Bureau of Mines, Minerals Yearbook; January 1977 through September 1977: Bureau of Mines, Form 6-1400-M, "Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers-Upper Lake Docks"; October 1977 through December 1979: EIA, Form EIA-2, "Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers-Upper Lake Docks" January 1980 forward: EIA, Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report," (stock data are not collected).
- Producers and Distributors Stocks--January 1980 forward: EIA, Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report."

Imports and Exports: Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce, Monthly Reports IM-145 (Imports) and EM-522 (Exports).

## Section 7. Electric Utilities

During October 1987, electric utilities generated 203 billion kilowatthours of electricity, 3 percent ${ }^{7}$ above the October 1986 generation level. Coal-fired generation totaled 118 billion kilowatthours, 8 percent above the October 1986 level. Nuclear generation totaled 36 billion kilowatthours, 1 percent above the October 1986 level. Natural gas-fired generation was 23 billion kilowatthours in October 1987, 10 percent above the October 1986 level. Hydroelectric generation was 18 billion kilowatthours in October 1987, 16 percent below the level 1 year earlier. Petroleum-fired generation totaled 7 billion kilowatthours, 31 percent below the October 1986 level.

Sales of electricity to all ultimate consumers in the United States in October 1987 were 197 billion kilowatthours, 2 percent above the October 1986 sales. Sales to residential consumers during October 1987 were 61 billion kilowatthours, 3 percent below the level of sales during the previous year. Commercial sales were 56 billion kilowatthours, 5 percent above the amount sold to commercial consumers 1 year ear-
lier. Sales to industrial consumers totaled 73 billion kilowatthours in October 1987, 5 percent more than the previous year's figure. In October 1987, other sales totaled 7 billion kilowatthours, slightly above the October 1986 level.

Electric utility petroleum consumption (excluding petroleum coke) during October 1987 was 11 million barrels, 31 percent below the October 1986 level. Coal consumption during October 1987 was 57 million short tons, 6 percent above the October 1986 rate. During October 1987, electric utilities consumed 238 billion cubic feet of natural gas, 10 percent above the October 1986 consumption level.

On October 31, 1987, utility stocks of all types of coal totaled 161 million short tons. Those stockpiles were 2 percent above the level of October 31, 1986. Petroleum stocks (excluding petroleum coke) on October 31, 1987, totaled 69 million barrels, 5 percent below the level on the same date in 1986.

[^11]Table 7.1 Net Generation of Electricity by Electric Utilities (Million Kilowatthours)

|  | Coal | Petroleum ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Natural Gas ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | Nuclear <br> Electric Power | Hydroelectric Power | Other ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1973 Total ................... | 847,651 | 314,343 | 340,858 | 83,479 | 272,083 | 2,294 | 1,860,710 |
| 1974 Total .................... | 828,433 | 300,931 | 320,065 | 113,976 | 301,032 | 2,703 | 1,867,140 |
| 1975 Total ..................... | 852,786 | 289,095 | 299,778 | 172,505 | 300,047 | 3,437 | 1,917,649 |
| 1976 Total ................... | 944,391 | 319,988 | 294,624 | 191,104 | 283,707 | 3,883 | 2,037,696 |
| 1977 Total .................... | 985,219 | 358,179 | 305,505 | 250,883 | 220,475 | 4,063 | 2,124,323 |
| 1978 Total .................... | 975,742 | 365,060 | 305,391 | 276,403 | 280,419 | 3,315 | 2,206,331 |
| 1979 Total .................... | 1,075,037 | 303,525 | 329,485 | 255,155 | 279,783 | 4,387 | 2,247,372 |
| 1980 Total .................... | 1,161,562 | 245,994 | 346,240 | 251,116 | 276,021 | 5,506 | 2,286,439 |
| 1981 Total .................... | 1,203,203 | 206,421 | 345,777 | 272,674 | 260,684 | 6,054 | 2,294,812 |
| 1982 Total .................... | 1,192,004 | 146,797 | 305,260 | 282,773 | 309,213 | 5,164 | 2,241,211 |
| 1983 Total .................... | 1,259,424 | 144,499 | 274,098 | 293,677 | 332,130 | 6,456 | 2,310,285 |
| 1984 Total .................... | 1,341,681 | 119,808 | 297,394 | 327,634 | 321,150 | 8,638 | 2,416,304 |
| 1985 January ................ | 129,092 | 12,077 | 22,051 | 36,186 | 27,543 | 906 | 227,856 |
| February ............... | 112,037 | 9,270 | 19,417 | 30,812 | 25,902 | 803 | 198,242 |
| March .................... | 111,391 | 7,120 | 19,848 | 31,041 | 24,640 | 930 | 194,970 |
| April ...................... | 104,790 | 6,017 | 22,425 | 26,458 | 24,403 | 783 | 184,877 |
| May ..................... | 111,515 | 6,859 | 22,481 | 28,697 | 26,421 | 816 | 196,790 |
| June ...................... | 115,583 | 7,576 | 26,740 | 30,837 | 23,839 | 788 | 205,363 |
| July ...................... | 128,880 | 8,289 | 32,191 | 35,184 | 21,293 | 885 | 226,722 |
| August .................. | 126,550 | 9,858 | 33,915 | 34,812 | 19,981 | 934 | 226,050 |
| September ............. | 114,630 | 7,435 | 26,273 | 34,508 | 18,767 | 887 | 202,499 |
| October ................ | 111,053 | 7,514 | 24,120 | 31,205 | 20,048 | 849 | 194,789 |
| November .............. | 108,815 | 7,008 | 22,453 | 30,166 | 22,954 | 1,031 | 192,427 |
| December .............. | 127,792 | 11,177 | 20,031 | 33,782 | 25,359 | 1,113 | 219,255 |
| Total ................... | 1,402,128 | 100,202 | 291,946 | 383,691 | 281,149 | 10,724 | 2,469,841 |
| 1986 January ................ | 130,190 | 11,088 | 17,472 | 36,219 | 21,377 | 1,123 | 217,470 |
| February ............... | 110,982 | 9,529 | 14,925 | 32,721 | 23,222 | 956 | 192,336 |
| March ................... | 110,390 | 10,073 | 16,149 | 30,773 | 28,465 | 984 | 196,834 |
| April ...................... | 98,995 | 9,227 | 18,961 | 30,477 | 27,523 | 891 | 186,074 |
| May ..................... | 104,900 | 10,435 | 21,947 | 31,924 | 27,205 | 903 | 197,315 |
| June ..................... | 120,154 | 11,563 | 24,767 | 31,334 | 26,223 | 973 | 215,015 |
| July ...................... | 136,654 | 16,296 | 28,712 | 35,894 | 24,072 | 1,045 | 242,672 |
| August .................. | 123,618 | 15,466 | 26,352 | 37,483 | 21,189 | 1,058 | 225,166 |
| September ............ | 113,957 | 10,677 | 23,457 | 36,593 | 21,114 | 895 | 206,692 |
| October ................. | 108,584 | 9,873 | 20,876 | 36,214 | 21,335 | 872 | 197,754 |
| November ............. | 109,045 | 10,464 | 18,044 | 34,944 | 23,153 | 781 | 196,432 |
| December .............. | 118,362 | 11,894 | 16,845 | 39,463 | 25,965 | 1,022 | 213,551 |
| Total ..................... | 1,385,831 | 136,585 | 248,508 | 414,038 | 290,844 | 11,503 | 2,487,310 |
| 1987 January ................ | 126,624 | 11,924 | 17,788 | 39,975 | 25,409 | 1,017 | 222,736 |
| February ............... | 109,641 | 10,504 | 15,120 | 36,598 | 21,216 | 940 | 194,019 |
| March ................... | 111,920 | 10,007 | 18,349 | 37,290 | 23,236 | 1,034 | 201,837 |
| April ...................... | 105,494 | 7,898 | 19,595 | 33,518 | 22,029 | 965 | 189,499 |
| May ...................... | 115,039 | 8,146 | 23,248 | 34,320 | 24,221 | 1,012 | 205,986 |
| June ..................... | 129,299 | 10,655 | 27,090 | 36,560 | 20,808 | 1,071 | 225,483 |
| July ...................... | 143,503 | 12,547 | 30,512 | 39,603 | 20,193 | 1,103 | 247,461 |
| August ................... | 143,190 | 11,288 | 32,260 | 41,352 | 18,446 | 1,101 | 247,638 |
| September ............ | 120,777 | 7,696 | 25,678 | 39,666 | 18,164 | 1,011 | 212,992 |
| October ................. | 117,743 | 6,821 | 22,984 | 36,492 | 17,952 | 1,015 | 203,007 |
| 10-Month Total .... | 1,223,231 | 97,486 | 232,623 | 375,374 | 211,674 | 10,270 | 2,150,659 |
| 1986 10-Month Total ... | 1,158,424 | 114,228 | 213,619 | 339,630 | 241,726 | 9,700 | 2,077,327 |
| 1985 10-Month Total ... | 1,165,522 | 82,017 | 249,461 | 319,742 | 232,837 | 8,581 | 2,058,159 |

[^12]Table 7.2 Electricity Sales ${ }^{\text {a }}$ by End-Use Sector (Million Kilowatthours)

|  | Residential |  | Commercial |  | Industrial |  | Other ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Old | New | Old | New | Old | New | Old | New | Old | New |
| 1973 Total ................ | 579,231 |  | 388,266 |  | 686,085 |  | 59,326 |  | 1,712,909 |  |
| 1974 Total | 578,184 |  | 384,826 |  | 684,875 |  | 58,039 |  | 1,705,924 |  |
| 1975 Total ................ | 588,140 |  | 403,049 |  | 687,680 |  | 68,222 |  | 1,747,091 |  |
| 1976 Total ............... | 606,452 |  | 425,094 |  | 754,069 |  | 69,631 |  | 1,855,246 |  |
| 1977 Total ................ | 645,239 |  | 446,514 |  | 786,037 |  | 70,571 |  | 1,948,361 |  |
| 1978 Total ................ | 674,466 |  | 461,163 |  | 809,078 |  | 73,215 73,070 |  | $2,017,922$ $2,071,099$ |  |
| 1979 Total ............... | 682,819 |  | 473,307 |  | 841,903 |  | 73,070 73,732 |  | $2,071,099$ $2,094,449$ |  |
| 1980 Total ................ | 717,495 |  | 488,155 |  | 815,067 |  | 73,732 84,756 |  | 2,147,103 |  |
| 1981 Total ............... | 722,265 |  | 514,338 |  | 825,743 |  | 84,756 |  | 2,086,441 |  |
| 1982 Total ................ | 729,520 |  | 526,397 |  | 744,949 |  | 85,575 |  | 2,086,441 |  |
| 1983 Total ............... | 750,948 |  | 543,788 |  | 775,999 |  | 80,219 |  | $2,150,955$ $\mathbf{2 , 2 7 8 , 3 7 2}$ |  |
| 1984 Total ................ | 777,654 | 780,092 | 578,281 | 577,275 | 840,588 | 838,718 | 81,849 | 88,887 | 2,278,372 | 2,284,972 |
| 1985 January ............ | 77,242 | 77,520 | 49,634 | 49,284 | 67,219 | 68,090 | 7,270 | 7,860 | 201,364 | 202,755 |
| February ............. | 78,011 | 78,292 | 49,406 | 49,058 | 66,582 | 67,445 | 7,046 | 7,618 | 201,045 | 202,413 |
| March ............... | 63,981 | 64,211 | 46,629 | 46,301 | 67,437 | 68,310 | 6,875 | 7,434 | 184,922 | 186,257 |
| April ..................... | 56,025 | 56,227 | 45,826 | 45,503 | 68,445 | 69,332 | 7,049 | 7,622 | 177,345 | 178,684 |
| May .................. | 52,842 | 53,032 | 47,711 | 47,375 | 70,140 | 71,049 | 6,903 | 7,464 | 177,596 | 178,921 |
| June .................. | 60,652 | 60,871 | 51,521 | 51,158 | 70,091 | 70,999 | 6,848 | 7,404 | 189,112 | 190,432 |
| July ................... | 70,966 | 71,222 | 56,128 | 55,733 | 69,760 | 70,663 | 7,135 | 7,714 | 203,989 | 205,333 |
| August .............. | 73,693 | 73,959 | 57,041 | 56,640 | 71,402 | 72,328 | 7,277 | 7,868 | 209,414 | 210,795 |
| September ........ | 71,064 | 71,320 | 55,960 | 55,566 | 70,744 | 71,660 | 7,263 | 7,853 | 205,030 | 206,399 |
| October ............. | 57,515 | 57,723 | 49,978 | 49,626 | 69,158 | 70,054 | 6,903 | 7,464 | 183,554 | 184,866 |
| November ......... | 56,794 | 56,999 | 47,843 | 47,506 | 67,164 | 68,034 | 7,264 | 7,854 | 179,065 | 180,393 |
| December ......... | 72,192 | 72,452 | 51,289 | 50,928 | 66,383 | 67,243 | 7,243 | 7,831 | 197,107 | 198,454 |
| Total ................ | 790,977 | 793,828 | 608,968 | 604,679 | 824,523 | 835,207 | 85,075 | 91,988 | 2,309,543 | 2,325,702 |
| 986 January ${ }^{\text {c ........... }}$ |  | 82,755 |  | 53,377 |  | 65,400 |  | 7,246 |  | 208,779 |
| February ............. |  | 70,949 |  | 50,481 |  | 65,373 |  | 6,863 |  | 193,665 |
| March ................ |  | 65,318 |  | 48,256 |  | 67,018 |  | 6,837 |  | 187,430 |
| April .................... |  | 56,647 |  | 47,243 |  | 66,783 |  | 6,275 |  | 176,949 |
| May .................. |  | 54,266 |  | 48,867 |  | 68,076 |  | 6,804 |  | 178,012 |
| June ................. |  | 63,986 |  | 57,121 |  | 67,973 |  | 6,872 |  | 195,953 |
| July .................. |  | 80,365 |  | 61,100 |  | 68,814 |  | 7,533 |  | 217,812 |
| August .............. |  | 80,425 |  | 60,528 |  | 68,737 |  | 7,254 |  | 216,943 |
| September ........ |  | 68,543 |  | 57,711 |  | 69,396 |  | 7,156 |  | 202,807 |
| October ............ |  | 62,875 |  | 53,256 |  | 69,487 |  | 7,025 |  | 192,642 |
| November ......... |  | 58,589 |  | 50,278 |  | 65,239 |  | 6,255 |  | 180,362 |
| December ......... |  | 72,945 |  | 53,250 |  | 65,995 |  | 7,290 |  | 199,480 |
| Total ................ |  | 817,663 |  | 641,469 |  | 808,292 |  | 83,409 |  | 2,350,835 |
| 1987 January ............ |  | 82,175 |  | 54,359 |  | 65,742 |  | 7,431 |  | 209,708 |
| February ............. |  | 73,486 |  | 52,090 |  | 65,430 |  | 7,162 |  | 198,168 |
| March ................ |  | 67,404 |  | 51,123 |  | 68,009 |  | 7,021 |  | 193,557 |
| April .................. |  | 60,014 |  | 49,554 |  | 68,128 |  | 6,855 |  | 184,551 |
| May .................. |  | 58,498 |  | 53,287 |  | 70,105 |  | 7,050 |  | 188,940 |
| June .................. |  | 68,842 |  | 59,068 |  | 72,568 |  | 7,308 |  | 207,786 |
| July .................. |  | 83,630 |  | 64,215 |  | 73,715 |  | 7,599 ${ }^{1}$ |  | 229,159 |
| August .............. |  | 88,180 |  | 64,937 |  | 74,751 |  | 7,690 |  | 235,558 |
| September ........ |  | 73,494 |  | 61,139 |  | 74,525 |  | 7,274 |  | 216,431 |
| October ............. |  | 60,885 |  | 55,767 |  | 72,924 |  | 7,053 |  | 196,630 |
| 10-Month Total |  | 716,609 |  | 565,540 |  | 705,896 |  | 72,443 |  | 2,060,488 |
| 1986 10-Month Total |  | 686,129 |  | 537,941 |  | 677,058 |  | 69,864 |  | 1,970,992 |
| 1985 10-Month Total |  | 664,377 |  | 506,245 |  | 699,930 |  | 76,302 |  | 1,946,854 |

## ${ }^{2}$ Electricity sales to all ultimate consumers.

bIncludes sales of electricity to Government, railways, street lighting authorities, and sales not included elsewhere.
cBeginning in January 1986, monthly Form EIA-826 electricity sales estimates, which are preliminary Form EIA-861 values, are based on a new sample and new expansion factors from data reported on Form EIA-861.

Notes: - Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Old Series: - 1973 through February 1980: Federal Power Commission, FPC Form 5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenue and Income"; • March 1980 through 1982: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 5, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement"; 1983 through 1985, Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-826, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement." New Series: • 1984 and 1985 annual data: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-861, "Annual Electric Utility Report." - 1985 monthly data: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-861 annual data ratioed to months based on Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-826 monthly data. • 1986 monthly and annual data: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-826, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement." • 1987 monthly data: Energy Information Administration, Form-826, "Monthly Electric Utility Sales and Revenue Report with State Distributions."

Figure 7.1 Coal Consumed to Produce Electricity


Figure 7.2 Petroleum Consumed to Produce Electricity


Figure 7.3 Natural Gas Consumed to Produce Electricity


Table 7.3 Fossil Fuels Consumed by Electric Utilities To Generate Electricity

|  | Coal |  |  |  | Petroleum |  |  |  | Natural Gas ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Anthracite | Bituminous Coal | Lignite | Total | Heavy ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Light ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | Total Liquids | Petroleum Coke |  |
|  | Thousand Short Tons |  |  |  | Thousand Barrels |  |  | Thousand Short Tons | Million Cubic Feet |
| 1973 Total .................... | 1,443 | 376,975 | 10,794 | 389,212 | (d) | (d) | 560,248 | 507 | 3,660,172 |
| 1974 Total | 1,498 | 378,643 | 11,670 | 391,811 | (d) | (d) | 536,274 | 625 70 | 3,443,428 |
| 1975 Total ........................ | 1,480 | 388,523 | 15,960 | 405,962 | (d) | (d) | 506,128 | 70 | 3,157,669 |
| 1976 Total ..................... | 1,350 | 425,205 | 21,817 | 448,371 | (d) | (d) | 555,920 | 68 | 3,080,868 |
| 1977 Total ........................ | 1,425 | 451,051 | 24,650 | 477,126 | (d) | (d) | 623,705 | 98 | 3,191,200 |
| 1978 Total .................... | 1,064 | 448,763 | 31,407 | 481,235 | (d) | (d) | 635,839 | 398 | $3,188,363$ $3,490,523$ |
| 1979 Total .................... | 1,046 | 488,129 | 37,876 | 527,051 | (d) | ${ }^{(d)}$ | 523,297 | 268 | $3,490,523$ $3,681,595$ |
| 1980 Total ....................... | 951 | 526,680 | 41,642 | 569,274 | 391,163 | 29,051 | 420,214 | 179 139 | $3,681,595$ $3,640,154$ |
| 1981 Total .................... | 1,221 | 550,784 | 44,792 | 596,797 | 329,798 | 21,313 15337 | 351,111 249,771 | 149 | 3,640,154 |
| 1982 Total .................... | 1,075 | 543,346 | 49,245 | 593,666 | 234,434 | 15,337 16,512 | 249,771 $\mathbf{2 4 5 , 4 9 7}$ | 149 | $3,225,518$ $\mathbf{2 , 9 1 0 , 7 6 7}$ |
| 1983 Total .................... | 1,036 | 570,108 | 54,067 | 625,211 | 228,984 189,289 | 16,512 15,190 | 245,497 | 252 | 3,111,342 |
| 1984 Total .................... | 1,070 | 606,339 | 56,990 | 664,399 | 189,289 | 15,190 | 204,479 | 252 | 3,111,342 |
| 1985 January ................ | 88 | 58,155 | 5,402 | 63,645 | 18,574 | 2,482 | 21,056 | 18 | 226,276 |
| February .................. | 70 | 50,481 | 4,940 | 55,491 | 14,729 | 1,333 | 16,062 | 17 | 202,546 |
| March .................... | 78 | 49,793 | 4,913 | 54,784 | 11,323 | 980 | 12,303 | 16 | 207,286 |
| April ...................... | 92 | 47,072 | 3,738 | 50,903 | 9,561 | 911 | 10,471 | 16 | 233,819 |
| May ..................... | 98 | 49,890 | 4,607 | 54,595 | 11,046 | 962 | 12,008 | 13 | 236,220 |
| June ..................... | 90 | 51,984 | 5,561 | 57,634 | 12,005 | 1,111 | 13,116 | 21 | 281,939 |
| July ....................... | 92 | 58,327 | 5,833 | 64,252 | 13,238 | 1,109 1 1,338 | 14,347 17,067 | 19 | 336,535 354,653 |
| August .................. | 96 | 57,304 | 5,676 | 63,076 | 15,730 | 1,338 979 | 17,067 | 24 | 274,868 |
| September ............ | 74 | 52,031 | 4,675 | 56,780 54,969 | 11,994 12,060 | 979 969 | 12,972 13,029 | 24 23 | 249,579 |
| October ................. | 85 | 50,265 | 4,619 | 54,969 | 12,060 10,925 | 1,021 | 11,946 | 23 | 229,943 |
| November ............. | 83 | 49,315 | 4,913 | 54,311 | 10,925 17595 | 1,021 1,440 | 19,035 | 20 | 210,417 |
| December ............. | 86 | 57,270 | 6,046 | 63,402 | 17,595 158,779 | 1,440 14,635 | 19,035 173,414 | 231 | 3,044,083 |
| Total .................... | 1,033 | 631,885 | 60,923 | 693,841 | 158,779 | 14,635 | 173,414 | 231 | 3,044,083 |
| 1986 January ................ | 67 | 57,525 | 6,442 | 64,034 | 17,254 | 1,688 | 18,942 | 15 | 184,024 |
| February ................. | 50 | 49,711 | 5,289 | 55,050 | 14,978 | 1,100 | 16,077 | 15 | 157,070 |
| March ................... | 88 | 48,737 | 5,073 | 53,898 | 16,090 | 928 | 17,018 | 23 | 169,697 |
| April ..................... | 84 | 43,391 | 4,639 | 48,114 | 14,538 | 893 | 15,431 | 23 | 198,143 |
| May ..................... | 68 | 46,629 | 4,723 | 51,420 | 16,386 | 1,209 | 17,595 | 25 | 231,041 |
| June ..................... | 64 | 53,332 | 5,496 | 58,892 | 18,173 | 1,390 | 19,564 | 24 | 260,163 |
| July ....................... | 67 | 61,669 | 6,285 | 68,021 | 25,839 | 1,727 | 27,567 | 26 | 300,870 |
| August .................. | 64 | 55,331 | 6,314 | 61,709 | 24,633 | 1,150 | 25,782 | 31 | 276,163 |
| September ............ | 47 | 50,574 | 5,916 | 56,536 | 17,102 | 1,107 | 18,209 | 31 | 246,674 |
| October ................ | 57 | 48,151 | 5,907 | 54,116 | 15,714 | 869 | 16,584 | 26 | 216,738 |
| November ............. | 84 | 48,451 | 5,623 | 54,158 | 16,656 | 1,076 | 17,731 | 34 | 186,605 |
| December ............. | 88 | 52,634 | 6,386 | 59,108 | 18,794 | 1,189 | 19,983 | 38 | 175,181 |
| Total .................... | 829 | 616,134 | 68,093 | 685,056 | 216,156 | 14,326 | 230,482 | 313 | 2,602,370 |
| 1987 January ................ | 68 | 55,686 | 6,664 | 62,418 | 19,142 | 1,317 | 20,459 | 28 | 184,722 |
| February ............... | 75 | 48,243 | 5,397 | 53,715 | 16,510 | 1,152 | 17,662 | 29 | 158,341 |
| March ................... | 79 | 49,428 | 5,140 | 54,647 | 15,741 | 1,289 | 17,030 | 28 | 189,732 |
| April ..................... | 75 | 47,181 | 4,207 | 51,463 | 12,297 | 1,033 | 13,330 | 23 | 206,441 |
| May ...................... | 91 | 51,437 | 4,977 | 56,505 | 12,420 | 1,183 | 13,604 | 31 | 242,615 |
| June .................... | 100 | 57,321 | 6,093 | 63,514 | 16,384 | 1,411 | 17,794 | 26 | 283,749 |
| July ...................... | 105 | 64,203 | 6,428 | 70,736 | 19,193 | 2,076 | 21,269 | 28 | 319,236 |
| August .................. | 95 | 63,456 | 6,524 | 70,075 | 17,470 | 1,648 | 19,118 | 31 | 338,643 |
| September ............ | 72 | 53,338 | 5,850 | 59,259 | 12,015 | 924 | 12,939 | 31 | 268,080 |
| October ................ | 66 | 51,588 | 5,479 | 57,134 | 10,538 | 904 | 11,442 | 35 | 238,186 |
| 10-Month Total .... | 827 | 541,882 | 56,758 | 599,466 | 151,709 | 12,937 | 164,646 | 290 | 2,429,745 |
| 1986 10-Month Total ... | 657 | 515,050 | 56,083 | 571,790 | 180,707 | 12,061 | 192,768 | 241 | 2,240,584 |
| 1985 10-Month Total ... | 864 | 525,301 | 49,964 | 576,128 | 130,259 | 12,173 | 142,432 | 188 | 2,603,723 |

[^13]Figure 7.4 Coal Stocks at Electric Utilities, End of Period


Figure 7.5 Petroleum Stocks at Electric Utilities, End of Perlod


Table 7.4 Coal and Petroleum Stocks at Electric Utilities, End of Period

|  | Coal |  |  |  | Petroleum |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Anthracite | Bituminous Coal | Lignite | Total | Heavy ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Light ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | Total Liquids | Petroleum Coke |
|  | Thousand Short Tons |  |  |  | Thousand Barrels |  |  | Thousand Short Tons |
|  | 1,066 | 84,941 | 961 | 86,967 | (c) | (c) | 89,216 | 312 |
| $1973 \text { Year ............................................. }$ | 1,066 930 | 81,712 | 867 | 83,509 | (c) | (c) | 112,917 | 35 31 |
| 1975 Year .......................... | 982 | 107,927 | 1,815 | 110,724 | (c) | (c) | 125,257 121,696 | 31 32 |
| 1976 Year ......................... | 1,000 | 114,130 | 2,306 | 117,436 | (c) | $\left({ }^{\text {c }}\right.$ ) | 121,696 | 32 |
| 1977 Year ..................... | 2,321 | 128,210 | 2,688 | 133,219 | (c) | (c) | 144,031 | 19888 |
| 1978 Year ..................... | 2,178 | 123,020 | 3,027 | 128,225 159 | (c) | ${ }^{\text {c }}$ (c) | 118,788 131,422 | 198 |
| 1979 Year .................... | 3,274 | 152,981 | 3,459 | 159,714 183,010 | (c) | ${ }^{\left({ }^{\text {c }} \text { ) }\right.}$ | 131,422 135,374 | 52 |
| 1980 Year ..................... | 4,741 | 174,154 | 4,115 | 183,010 | 105,351 | 30,023 26,094 | 135,374 | 42 |
| 1981 Year ..................... | 5,537 | 158,258 | 5,098 | 168,893 181132 | 102,042 $\mathbf{9 5 , 5 1 5}$ | 26,094 $\mathbf{2 3 , 3 6 9}$ | 128,18,884 | 41 |
| 1982 Year ..................... | 6,080 | 170,480 | 4,573 | 181,132 155,598 | 95,515 | 18,801 | 18,884 | 55 |
| 1983 Year ..................... | 6,507 | 145,250 | 3,841 5,899 | 155,598 179,727 | 60,573 | 18,801 | 89,375 87,619 | 50 |
| 1984 Year ..................... | 6,710 | 167,118 | 5,899 | 179,727 | 68,503 | 19,116 |  | 50 |
| 1985 January ................ | 6,719 | 155,067 | 5,806 | 167,592 | 63,546 | 18,518 | 82,064 | 57 |
| February ................. | 6,736 | 150,077 | 5,717 | 162,531 | 62,094 | 18,088 | 80,182 | 50 |
| March ................... | 6,782 | 153,739 | 5,834 | 166,355 | 62,558 | 17,837 | 80,395 | 43 |
| April ...................... | 6,836 | 158,218 | 6,641 | 171,695 | 60,889 | 17,398 | 78,286 77765 | 31 33 |
| May ..................... | 6,905 | 160,326 | 6,967 | 174,198 174545 | 60,530 59,629 | 17,236 17,218 | 77,765 76,846 | 33 |
| June ...................... | 6,991 | 160,595 | 6,959 | 174,545 165,903 | 59,629 60,116 | 17,034 | 77,151 | 43 |
| July ....................... | 7,045 | 151,809 | 7,049 7,018 | 165,903 162,825 | 60,116 57,820 | 17,034 16,699 | 74,519 | 42 |
| August .................. | 7,109 | 148,698 | 7,018 7,243 | 162,825 | 56,487 | 16,442 | 72,930 | 40 |
| September ............ | 7,185 | 148,637 151,999 | 7,243 7,492 | 163,065 166,749 | 56,676 | 16,292 | 72,968 | 43 |
| October .................. | 7,258 7,223 | 151,999 149,579 | 7,492 7,272 | 166,749 164,075 | 56,676 58,720 | 16,250 | 74,970 | 47 |
| November $\qquad$ <br> December $\qquad$ | 7,189 | 142,144 | 7,043 | 156,376 | 57,304 | 16,386 | 73,689 | 49 |
| 1986 January ................. | 7,182 | 138,077 | 6,819 | 152,078 | 55,797 | 16,147 | 71,943 | 52 |
| 1986 February ................. | 7,172 | 136,944 | 7,042 | 151,157 | 56,956 | 16,020 | 72,976 | 50 |
| March ................... | 7,146 | 140,023 | 7,246 | 154,415 | 55,649 | 15,821 | 71,470 | 3 |
| April ...................... | 7,127 | 146,639 | 7,310 | 161,076 | 54,556 | 15,793 | 70,350 | 28 |
| May ...................... | 7,133 | 150,164 | 7,370 | 164,667 | 55,665 57,611 | 15,64 16,319 | 73,930 | 36 |
| June .................... | 7,148 | 148,686 | 7,075 | 162,909 | 57,611 55,023 | 16,145 | 71,168 | 43 |
| July ....................... | 7,158 | 135,630 | 7,016 | 149,803 | 55,023 56,964 | 16,145 16,221 | 73,185 | 42 |
| August ................... | 7,117 | 135,542 | 6,504 | 149,163 | 57,474 | 16,686 | 74,160 | 45 |
| September ............. | 7,146 | 138,396 | 6,403 | 151,945 157,202 | 56,414 | 17,009 | 73,157 | 41 |
| October ................. | 7,158 | 143,855 | 6,189 6,191 | 157,202 | 56,148 53,000 | 16,575 | 69,575 | 42 |
| November ............. | 7,119 | 147,597 | 6,191 6,042 | 160,908 161,806 | 56,841 | 16,269 | 73,111 | 40 |
| December ............. | 7,099 | 148,665 | 6,042 | 161,806 | 56,841 | 16,269 | 73,11 |  |
| 1987 January ...... | 7,091 | 144,044 | 5,926 | 157,061 | 53,941 | 16,496 | 70,437 | 35 |
| February .................. | 7,087 | 145,206 | 6,030 | 158,322 | 52,847 | 16,072 | 68,919 | 34 |
| March ................... | 7,098 | 148,020 | 6,530 | 161,648 | 49,957 | 15,970 | 65,927 | 41 |
| April ...................... | 7,103 | 151,112 | 6,530 | 164,745 | 51,345 | 16,012 | 67,356 | 35 |
| May ...................... | 7,098 | 151,329 | 7,255 | 165,683 | 50,299 | 15,784 | 66,083 | 55 |
| June ..................... | 7,098 | 149,309 | 6,868 | 163,275 | 47,916 | 15,707 | 63,623 | 55 |
| July ...................... | 7,102 | 136,106 | 7,209 | 150,418 | 49,123 | 15,780 | 64,903 66457 | 64 57 |
| August .................. | 7,083 | 132,525 | 6,488 | 146,096 | 50,451 51776 | 16,006 15,993 | 66,457 67,769 | 48 |
| September ............ | 7,068 | 138,469 | 6,403 | 151,940 | 51,776 | 15,993 | 67,769 | 60 |
| October ................. | 7,070 | 147,081 | 6,838 | 160,989 | 53,266 | 16,046 | 69,312 | 60 |

aHeavy oil includes Grade Nos. 4, 5, and 6, and residual fuel oils.
bLight oil includes Grade No. 2 heating oil, kerosene, and jet fuel.
cPrior to 1980, petroleum stock data were not disaggregated by type of fuel. Disaggregation by prime mover type is provided in Table 7.5 .
Notes: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding Sources: • 1973 through September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; • October 1977 through 1981: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FPC Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report'; • 1982 forward: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Table 7.5 Petroleum Consumption and Stocks at Electric Utilities by Prime Mover Type (Thousand Barrels)

|  | Petroleum Consumption |  |  | Petroleum Stocks, End of Period |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Steam Plants | GT/IC ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Total Liquids | Steam Plants | GT/IC ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Total Liquids |
| 1973 Total | 513,190 | 47,058 | 560,248 | 79,121 |  |  |
| 1974 Total | 483,146 | 53,128 | 536,274 | 97,718 | 15,199 | 112,917 |
| 1975 Total .................... | 467,221 | 38,907 | 506,128 | 108,825 | 16,432 | 125,257 |
| 1976 Total .................... | 514,077 | 41,843 | 555,920 | 106,993 | 14,703 | 121,696 |
| 1977 Total .................... | 574,869 | 48,837 | 623,705 | 124,750 | 19,281 | 144,031 |
| 1978 Total ................... | 588,319 | 47,520 | 635,839 | 102,402 | 16,386 | 118,788 |
| 1979 Total ...................... | 492,606 401,863 | 30,691 | 523,297 | 111,121 | 20,301 | 131,422 |
| 1980 Total ............................ | 401,863 339,680 | 18,351 11,431 | 420,214 351,111 | 117,227 112,380 | 18,147 | 135,374 |
| 1982 Total ........................ | 243,537 | 11,431 6,234 | 351,111 249,771 | 112,380 105,287 | 15,756 13,597 | 128,136 118,884 |
| 1983 Total .................... | 237,845 | 7,652 | 245,497 | 78,285 | +11,090 | 18,884 89,375 |
| 1984 Total ................... | 197,050 | 7,429 | 204,479 | 76,836 | 10,784 | 87,619 |
| 1985 January ................. | 19,846 | 1,210 | 21,056 | 71,528 | 10,536 | 82,064 |
| February ............... | 15,595 | 467 | 16,062 | 70,088 | 10,094 | 80,182 |
| March ................... | 11,966 | 337 | 12,303 | 70,385 | 10,010 | 80,395 |
| April ..................... | 10,133 | 338 | 10,471 | 68,651 | 9,636 | 78,286 |
| May ...................... | 11,604 | 403 | 12,008 | 68,249 | 9,516 | 77,765 |
| June ...................... | 12,516 | 601 | 13,116 | 67,529 | 9,317 | 76,846 |
| July ...................... | 13,840 | 507 | 14,347 | 67,816 | 9,334 | 77,151 |
| August .................. | 16,272 | 795 | 17,067 | 65,307 | 9,212 | 74,519 |
| September ............ | 12,485 12,646 | 488 | 12,972 | 63,701 | 9,229 | 72,930 |
| November ................ | 12,646 11,584 | 383 362 | 13,029 11,946 | 63,908 | 9,059 | 72,968 |
| December ............. | 18,355 | 680 | 19,035 | 64,704 | 8,867 | 74,970 73,689 |
| Total .................... | 166,842 | 6,572 | 173,414 |  |  | 73,609 |
| 1986 January ................ | 17,915 | 1,027 | 18,942 | 63,043 |  |  |
| February ............... | 15,536 | 541 | 16,077 | 64,134 | 8,842 | 72,976 |
| March ................... | 16,585 | 433 | 17,018 | 62,671 | 8,799 | 71,470 |
| April ..................... | 14,982 | 449 | 15,431 | 61,758 | 8,591 | 70,350 |
| May ...................... | 16,933 | 662 | 17,595 | 63,010 | 8,419 | 71,429 |
| June $\qquad$ | 18,796 | 768 1 | 19,564 | 65,115 | 8,816 | 73,930 |
| July $\qquad$ August $\qquad$ | 26,373 | 1,193 | 27,567 | 62,322 | 8,845 | 71,168 |
| September ................ | 25,104 17,500 | 678 709 | 25,782 | 64,167 | 9,018 | 73,185 |
| October ................ | 16,194 | 390 | 16,584 | 65,183 63,937 | 8,976 9,220 | 74,160 73,157 |
| November ............. | 17,171 | 561 | 17,731 | 60,527 | 9,048 | 69,575 |
| December ............. | 19,410 | 572 | 19,983 | 64,258 | 8,853 | 73,111 |
| Total .................... | 222,500 | 7,983 | 230,482 |  |  |  |
| 1987 January ................. | 19,798 | 661 | 20,459 | 61,399 | 9,037 | 70,437 |
| February .............. | 17,007 | 655 | 17,662 | 59,903 | 9,016 | 68,919 |
| March ................... | 16,335 | 695 | 17,030 | 57,022 | 8,905 | 65,927 |
| April ..................... | 12,873 | 457 | 13,330 | 58,442 | 8,914 | 67,356 |
| May ..................... | 13,017 | 586 | 13,604 | 57,581 | 8,502 | 66,083 |
| June | 16,976 | 818 | 17,794 | 54,874 | 8,750 | 63,623 |
| July ...................... | 19,754 | 1,515 | 21,269 | 56,224 | 8,680 | 64,903 |
| August .................. | 17,948 | 1,170 | 19,118 | 57,739 | 8,718 | 66,457 |
| September ............. | 12,441 11,108 | 498 | 12,939 11,442 | 58,774 | 8,995 | 67,769 |
| 10-Month Total .... | 157,257 | 7,388 | 164,646 | 60,225 | 9,086 | 69,312 |
| 1986 10-Month Total ... | 185,919 | 6,850 | 192,768 |  |  |  |
| 1985 10-Month Total ... | 136,903 | 5,529 | 142,432 |  |  |  |

${ }^{\mathrm{a}} \mathrm{GT} / \mathrm{IC}=$ Gas turbine and internal combustion plants.
Notes: - Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: - 1973 through September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; •October 1977 through 1981: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FPC Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; • 1982 forward: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

## Section 8. Nuclear

In October 1987, U.S. nuclear generating units produced a total of 36 billion net kilowatthours of electricity, 1 percent ${ }^{8}$ higher than in October 1986. Nuclear units generated at an average capacity factor of 53.1 percent, 5 percentage points lower than the October 1986 value. Nuclear power supplied 18.0 percent of the total electricity generated in October 1987, compared to 18.3 percent in October 1986.

The Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) issued no full power operating licenses during October 1987.

On October 31, 1987, there were 106 operable nuclear generating units in the United States, with a collective
net summer generating capability of 92 million kilowatts of electricity. Four additional units (Palo Verde 3, Seabrook 1, Shoreham, and South Texas 1) had been issued low-power operating licenses from the NRC authorizing fuel loading and low-power testing. Of the 106 operable units, 35 units generated at less than 25 percent of capacity. Of the 35 units, 23 units were out of service at least part of the month for maintenance or refueling.

As of October 31, there were 127 domestic nuclear generating units in all stages of planning, construction, or operation, with an aggregate net design capacity of 119 million kilowatts.

[^14]Figure 8.1 Electricity Generated by Utllitles and by Nuclear Power Plants


Figure 8.2 Nuclear Portion of Electriclty Generation and Capacity Factor


Table 8.1 Nuclear Power Plant Operations


a Monthly data are the status as of the last day of the month. Yearly data are the status as of December 31 of each year.
bee Note 1 at end of section.
${ }^{\text {ch }}$ When possible, net summer capability is used. When a reactor has not operated long enough to permit determination of a net summer capability, an estimation is made based on the net design electrical rating. For the definitions of net summer capability and net design electrical rating, see Note 3 at end of section.
${ }^{d}$ For an explanation of the method of calculating the capacity factor, see Note 4 at end of section.
Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
Sources: See end of section.

Table 8.2 Status of Nuclear Reactor Units ${ }^{\text {a }}$

|  | Licensed for Operation |  | Construction Permits |  | On Order | Announced | Total | Total Design Capacityd |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Operable ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | In Startup ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | Granted | Pending |  |  |  |  |
|  | Number of Reactor Units |  |  |  |  |  |  | Million Net Kilowatts |
| 1973 Year .................... | 39 | 3 | 51 | 58 | 48 | 20 | 219 | 212 |
| 1974 Year .................... | 48 | 5 | 58 | 80 | 28 | 16 | 235 | 234 |
| 1975 Year | 54 | 2 | 69 | 73 | 19 | 19 | 236 | 236 |
| 1976 Year | 61 | 0 | 72 | 66 | 16 | 19 | 234 | 236 |
| 1977 Year .................... | 65 | 1 | 80 | 52 | 13 | 9 | 220 | 220 |
| 1978 Year | 70 | 0 | 90 | 32 | 9 | 4 | 205 | 204 |
| 1979 Year .................... | 68 | 0 | 91 | 21 | 3 | 0 | 183 | 179 |
| 1980 Year | 70 | 2 | 82 | 12 | 3 | 0 | 169 | 163 |
| 1981 Year .................... | 74 | 0 | 75 | 11 | 3 | 0 | 163 | 157 |
| 1982 Year .................... | 77 | 2 | 60 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 144 | 135 |
| 1983 Year .................... | 80 | 3 | 53 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 138 | 129 |
| 1984 Year .................... | 86 | 6 | 38 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 132 | 123 |
| 1985 January ................. | 87 | 5 | 38 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 132 | 123 |
| February .............. | 88 | 4 | 38 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 132 | 123 |
| March ................... | 89 | 5 | 36 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 132 | 123 |
| April ..................... | 89 | 6 | 33 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 130 | 121 |
| May ..................... | 89 | 6 | 33 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 130 | 121 |
| June | 91 | 4 | 33 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 130 | 121 |
| July ....................... | 92 | 3 | 33 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 130 | 121 |
| August .................. | 94 | 2 | 32 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 130 | 121 |
| September ............ | 94 | 2 | 32 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 130 | 121 |
| October ................. | 94 | 2 | 32 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 130 | 121 |
| November ............. | 95 | 2 | 31 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 130 | 121 |
| December ............. | 95 | 3 | 30 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 130 | 121 |
| 1986 January | 96 | 2 | 30 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 130 | 121 |
| February | 96 | 3 | 29 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 130 | 121 |
| March ................... | 96 | 4 | 28 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 130 | 121 |
| April ..................... | 97 | 4 | 27 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 130 | 121 |
| May ...................... | 98 | 3 | 27 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 130 | 121 |
| June .................... | 98 | 3 | 27 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 130 | 121 |
| July ...................... | 99 | 2 | 25 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 128 | 119 |
| August .................. | 99 | 2 | 25 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 128 | 119 |
| September ............ | 99 | 3 | 24 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 128 | 119 |
| October ................. | 99 | 7 | 20 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 128 | 119 |
| November | 100 | 7 | 19 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 128 | 119 |
| December ............. | 100 | 7 | 19 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 128 | 119 |
|  | 102 | 6 | 18 | 0 | 2 |  | 128 |  |
| February ............... | 102 | 6 | 18 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 128 | 119 |
| March | 103 | 6 | 17 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 128 | 119 |
| April | 103 | 5 | 17 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 127 | 119 |
| May ..................... | 103 | 6 | 16 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 127 | 119 |
| June ..................... | 103 | 6 | 16 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 127 | 119 |
| July ...................... | 105 | 4 | 16 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 127 | 119 |
| August .................. | 106 | 3 | 16 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 127 | 119 |
| September ............ | 106 | 4 | 15 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 127 | 119 |
| October ................. | 106 | 4 | 15 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 127 | 119 |

amonthly data are the status as of the last day of the month. Annual data are the status as of December 31 of each year.
bSee Note 1 at end of section.
cSee Note 2 at end of section.
dNet design electrical rating (DER) is used because many of the units were canceled prior to being assigned a net summer capability. See Note 3 at end of section.

Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
Sources: See end of section.

## Notes and Sources for the Nuclear Section

## Notes

1. Operable Reactors: Nuclear power generating units that have been issued a Full-Power Operating License by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC), plus the Hanford-N unit operated by the Department of Energy (DOE). Although the Hanford-N unit, with a net summer capability of 840 megawatts electric (MWe), is not licensed by the NRC, it is included because electricity produced from its output steam is distributed commercially. Similarly, the Shippingport unit (net summer capability of 60 MWe ) operated by DOE was included prior to retirement from service on October 1, 1982, except during March 1974 through August 1977, when it was excluded because of a major core modification outage. The DOE-operated Experimental Breeder Reactor 2 unit (EBR-2) is not included because the electricity it generates is not distributed commercially.

Six units were deleted from entries subsequent to their removal from service: Peach Bottom 1 (net summer capability of 40 MWe ) and Indian Point 1 (net summer capability of 265 MWe ), both out of service since November 1974; Humboldt Bay (net summer capability of 65 MWe), down since August 1976 for major seismic modifications and subsequently officially retired; Dresden 1 (net summer capability of 200 MWe ), out of service since January 1979 for major modifications and officially retired in August 1984; Three Mile Island 2 (net summer capability of 880 MWe ), whose core was severely damaged by a loss-of-coolant accident in March 1979; and LaCrosse (net summer capability of 51 MWe ), out of service as of April 30, 1987.

Eight units with Full Power Operating Licenses have been shut down by the NRC for an extended period. The names of the eight units, their net summer capabilities, and dates of shut down are as follows: Rancho Seco, 873 MWe, December 1985; Browns Ferry 1, 1,065 MWe, March 1985; Browns Ferry 2, 1,065 MWe, September 1984; Browns Ferry 3, 1,065 MWe, March 1985; Sequoyah 1, 1,148 MWe, August 1985; Sequoyah 2, 1,148 MWe, August 1985; Peach Bottom 2, 1,052, March 1987; and Peach Bottom 3, 1,033 MWe, March 1987.
2. In Startup: Units that have been issued a Low-Power Operating License by the NRC authorizing fuel loading and low power testing prior to issuance of a Full Power Operating License.
3. Capacity: Nuclear power units may have more than one type of net capacity rating including:
(a) Net Summer Capability--The steady hourly output which generating equipment is expected to supply to system load exclusive of auxiliary power, as demonstrated by test at the time of summer peak demand. Auxiliary power of a typical nuclear power plant is about 5 percent of gross generation.
(b) Net Design Capacity or Net Design Electrical Rating (DER)--The nominal net electrical output of the unit, specified by the utility and used for plant design.
4. Monthly Capacity Factors: The monthly capacity factors are computed as the actual monthly generation divided by the maximum possible generation for that month. The maximum possible generation is the number of hours in the month multiplied by the monthly net summer capability. This fraction is then multiplied by 100 to obtain a percentage. Annual capacity factors are averages of the monthly values for that year.

## Sources

Reactors Licensed for Operation: Nuclear Regulatory Commission Report NUREG-0020, "Licensed Operating Reactors."

Electricity Generation: 1973 through September 1977--Federal Power Commission, Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." October 1977 through 1981--Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FPC Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." 1982 forward--Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Net Summer Capability: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report."

Capacity Factor: Energy Information Administration, Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric, and Alternate Fuels.

Unit Construction and Planning Data: 1973 through June 1982--Compiled from various sources, primarily the Department of Energy, Office of Nuclear Reactor Programs, "U.S. Central Station Nuclear Electric Generating Units: Significant Milestones," Nuclear Regulatory Commission Report NUREG-0020, "Licensed Operating Reactors," and from the Energy Information Administration, Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric, and Alternate Fuels. July 1982 forward--Nuclear Regulatory Commission Report NUREG-0871, "Summary Information Report," Nuclear Regulatory Commission Report NUREG-0020, "Licensed Operating Reactors," and various trade journals.

Total Design Capacity: Nuclear Regulatory Commission report NUREG-0020, "Licensed Operating Reactors" and Nuclear Regulatory Commission Report NUREG-0871, "Summary Information Report."

## Section 9. Price

Crude Oil. The average price of domestic crude oil purchased at the wellhead was $\$ 15.95$ per barrel in October 1987, 44 percent above the level in October 1986.

The refiner acquisition cost of imported crude oil in October 1987 was $\$ 18.57$ per barrel, 45 percent above the October 1986 level. The cost of domestic crude oil in October 1987 was $\$ 18.37$, an increase of 39 percent from the October 1986 average.

Motor Gasoline. The national city average retail price of leaded regular gasoline at all types of stations was 93 cents per gallon in November 1987, slightly below the price in October 1987. The price of unleaded regular gasoline at all types of stations was unchanged in November 1987, at 97.6 cents per gallon. The price of unleaded premium gasoline averaged $\$ 1.13$ per gallon in November 1987, slightly lower than the price in October 1987.

Residual Fuel Oil. The average price, excluding taxes, of residual fuel oil sold to end users in October 1987 was 42 cents per gallon, 1 percent higher than the previous month's price and 39 percent above the October 1986 average. The average resale price, excluding taxes, of residual fuel oil in October 1987 was 39 cents per gallon, 1 percent below the September 1987 average but 40 percent above the October 1986 average.

Aviation Fuel. The average price, excluding taxes, of aviation gasoline sold to end users in October 1987 was 91 cents per gallon, slightly below the price in the previous month and slightly above the price in October 1986. The average price, excluding taxes, of kerosenetype jet fuel sold to end users in October 1987 was 60 cents per gallon, 2 percent above the previous month's price and 43 percent above the price 1 year earlier.

No. 2 Distillate Fuel Oil. The national average price of heating oil sold to residential customers in October

1987 was 81 cents per gallon, 3 percent above the September 1987 price and 19 percent above the October 1986 price. The average price for resale was 57 cents per gallon in October 1987, 7 percent above the price in the previous month and 38 percent above the price in October 1986.

Natural Gas. In August 1987 (latest data available), the average wellhead price of natural gas was $\$ 1.71$ per thousand cubic feet, 3 percent below the August 1986 price. The average price of natural gas delivered to electric utility plants was $\$ 2.16$ per thousand cubic feet in September 1987, 3 percent below the September 1986 price. The average price of natural gas used by residential consumers in October 1987 was $\$ 5.86$ per thousand cubic feet, 8 percent less than the October 1986 price. The average price of natural gas used by industrial consumers in October 1987 was $\$ 2.54$ per thousand cubic feet, 13 percent less than the October 1986 price.

Electricity. Beginning with January 1986, there are new series of national average price estimates based on a statistically derived sample of both publicly and privately owned electric utilities. Previously, average price estimates were derived from selected privately owned electric utilities and were not national averages.

The national retail price of electricity to residential consumers in October 1987 was 7.6 cents per kilowatthour, 2 percent ${ }^{9}$ above the October 1986 price. The price of electricity to commercial consumers averaged 7.2 cents per kilowatthour in October 1987, up 1 percent from the October 1986 price. The average electricity price to industrial users during October 1987 was 4.7 cents per kilowatthour, 2 percent below the price 1 year earlier. The October national retail price of electricity to other consumers was 6.9 cents per kilowatthour, 7 percent above the October 1986 price.
${ }^{9}$ Percentage changes are calculated using unrounded data.

Figure 9.1 Crude Oll Prices


Figure 9.2 Refiner Sales Prices to End Users: Motor Gasoline, Diesel Fuel, and Jet Fuel


Figure 9.3 Refiner Sales Prices to End Users: No. 2 Fuel OII, Propane, and Residual Fuel Oll


Table 9.1 Crude Oil Price Summary (Dollars per Barrel)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |

aSee Note 1 at end of section.
bee Note 2 at end of section.
cSee Note 3 at end of section.
dSee Note 4 at end of section.
$\mathrm{R}=$ Revised data.
R=Revised data.
Notes: - Geographic coverage is the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and all U.S. Territories and Possessions. - Values for Domestic First Purchase Price and Refiner Acquisition Cost of Crude Oil for the current month, and for FOB and Landed Cost of Crude Oil Imports for the current 2 months, are preliminary.

Sources: See end of section.

Table 9.2 FOB Cost of Crude Oil Imports from Selected Countries ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (Dollars per Barrel)

|  | Algeria | Indonesia | Iran | Mexico | Nigeria | Saudi Arabia | United Kingdom | Venezuela | Other Countries | Arab OPEC $^{\text {b }}$ | Total OPEC ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1976 Average .... | 13.05 | 12.76 | 11.61 | NA | 13.08 | 11.69 | NA | 11.32 | NA | NA | NA |
| 1977 Average .... | 14.36 | 13.57 | 12.67 | 13.42 | 14.44 | 12.37 | NA | 12.68 | NA | NA | NA |
| 1978 Average .... | 14.10 | 13.64 | 12.65 | 13.24 | 14.04 | 12.70 | 13.82 | 12.45 | 13.35 | 13.28 | 13.30 |
| 1979 Average .... | 20.65 | 19.35 | 23.71 | 20.29 | 21.80 | 17.63 | 21.20 | 17.37 | 21.43 | 19.25 | 19.91 |
| 1980 Average .... | 36.57 | 32.37 | (d) | 31.11 | 35.82 | 28.53 | 34.58 | 24.78 | 34.24 | 31.61 | 32.25 |
| 1981 Average .... | 39.09 | 35.93 | (d) | 33.13 | 38.53 | 32.48 | 36.08 | 28.86 | 36.69 | 34.73 | 35.11 |
| 1982 Average .... | 34.23 | 35.27 | 30.93 | 28.07 | 35.13 | 33.50 | 33.46 | 23.77 | 31.96 | 33.84 | 33.45 |
| 1983 Average .... | 30.06 | 29.93 | 28.25 | 25.19 | 29.78 | 28.03 | 29.84 | 21.48 | 27.96 | 28.38 | 28.45 |
| 1984 Average .... | 28.04 | 29.10 | 26.93 | 26.37 | 29.39 | 27.60 | 28.90 | 24.16 | 27.65 | 27.68 | 27.59 |
| 1985 January ..... | 25.47 | 27.43 | NA | 26.43 | 27.22 | W | W | 24.32 | 26.11 | 26.22 | 26.15 |
| February .... | W | 27.62 | NA | 26.13 | 27.41 | W | W | 24.36 | 26.08 | 26.53 | 26.48 |
| March ......... | 26.50 | 27.01 | W | 26.45 | 28.20 | NA | W | 24.91 | 26.36 | 26.44 | 26.47 |
| April ........... | 27.34 | 27.46 | W | 26.42 | 27.95 | NA | 27.99 | 24.57 | 26.57 | 27.07 | 26.81 |
| May ........... | W | 27.30 | W | 26.34 | 27.81 | NA | 27.37 | 24.51 | 26.17 | W | 26.29 |
| June ........... | W | 27.06 | W | 24.99 | 27.09 | NA | 26.65 | 24.32 | 26.00 | W | 25.72 |
| July ............ | W | 27.44 | W | 24.49 | 27.86 | NA | 26.51 | 23.13 | 25.50 | W | 25.71 |
| August ....... | NA | 26.74 | W | 24.81 | 27.83 | NA | 26.98 | 22.59 | 25.92 | NA | 25.36 |
| September | W | 25.29 | W | 24.72 | 27.97 | W | 27.60 | 22.49 | 25.97 | W | 25.29 |
| October ..... | W | 26.95 | W | 24.76 | 28.30 | W | 28.22 | 22.84 | 26.08 | W | 25.60 |
| November . | W | 27.24 | W | 24.57 | 28.67 | W | 28.69 | 23.08 | 26.67 | 24.40 | 25.68 |
| December . | W | 27.49 | W | 23.57 | 29.19 | 18.48 | 28.08 | 22.78 | 25.71 | 19.52 | 23.22 |
| Average .... | 26.84 | 27.12 | W | 25.33 | 28.04 | 22.04 | 27.63 | 23.64 | 26.11 | 24.30 | 25.66 |
| 1986 January ..... | W | 26.68 | NA | 19.81 | 26.18 | 12.60 | 25.15 | 21.40 | 23.20 | 14.05 | 21.06 |
| February .... | W | W | W | 14.24 | 19.93 | W | 18.31 | 12.56 | 16.86 | 11.79 | 14.13 |
| March ......... | W | 13.32 | W | 11.55 | 15.77 | 12.07 | W | 10.40 | 13.40 | 12.23 | 12.54 |
| April ........... | W | 10.77 | W | 10.22 | 14.61 | 12.13 | 11.78 | 10.48 | 11.95 | 12.07 | 11.82 |
| May ........... | 12.17 | 11.36 | W | 10.47 | 13.64 | 8.03 | 13.25 | 10.90 | 11.88 | 8.78 | 10.36 |
| June ........... | W | 11.81 | W | 9.77 | 12.39 | 8.54 | 12.91 | 9.55 | 11.92 | 9.18 | 10.34 |
| July ............ | W | 10.00 | W | 8.43 | 10.98 | 10.15 | 10.38 | 7.71 | 10.53 | 10.20 | 9.84 |
| August ....... | W | 9.74 | W | 10.55 | 11.53 | 9.34 | 10.45 | 9.96 | 11.46 | 9.78 | 10.34 |
| September | W | 12.22 | NA | 11.58 | 13.45 | 10.51 | 13.47 | 10.16 | 12.39 | 10.67 | 11.30 |
| October ..... | W | 12.47 | W | 11.40 | 13.86 | 11.34 | 13.65 | 10.26 | 12.61 | 11.45 | 11.81 |
| November . | W | 12.05 | NA | 11.78 | 13.88 | 13.65 | 14.05 | 10.73 | 12.78 | 13.37 | 12.64 |
| December . | W | W | W | 12.73 | 15.04 | 15.15 | 15.26 | 12.68 | 13.80 | 14.98 | 14.13 |
| Average .... | 13.18 | 13.17 | w | 11.75 | 14.38 | 11.31 | 13.77 | 10.93 | 13.27 | 11.51 | 12.17 |
| 1987 January ..... | 16.30 | 15.22 | W | 15.55 | 17.38 | 14.51 | 17.42 | 13.76 | 15.71 | 14.81 | 14.93 |
| February .... | 16.35 | 17.75 | W | 15.34 | 18.07 | W | W | 13.93 | 16.52 | 16.31 | 15.89 |
| March | W | 16.91 | W | 16.02 | 17.72 | W | 17.36 | 14.76 | 16.31 | 16.37 | 16.34 |
| April ........... | W | 17.24 | W | 16.40 | 18.44 | W | 17.79 | 15.29 | 16.83 | 16.46 | 16.78 |
| May ........... | W | 17.28 | W | 17.68 | 18.68 | 16.75 | 18.36 | 15.65 | 17.14 | 16.82 | 16.92 |
| June ........... | W | 17.66 | W | 17.78 | 18.75 | 16.64 | 18.61 | 16.24 | R 17.58 | 16.77 | R 17.24 |
| July ............ | w | 17.89 | W | 18.75 | 18.93 | 16.57 | 19.33 | 16.49 | R 18.13 | R 16.80 | R 17.38 |
| August ....... | W | 18.46 | NA | 17.54 | R 19.60 | W | 19.55 | 15.70 | R 18.18 | 17.05 | R 17.38 |
| September | W | ค 17.74 | NA | R 16.27 | R 18.58 | 16.73 | R 18.35 | R 15.50 | R 17.50 | R 16.88 | R 17.05 |
| October ..... | W | 17.62 | NA | 16.70 | 18.70 | 16.51 | 18.42 | 15.57 | 17.45 | 16.60 | 16.97 |

aThe Free on Board (FOB) cost at the country of origin excludes all costs related to insurance and transportation. See Note 2 at end of section
'The Arab members of OPEC are Algeria, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates.
c"Total OPEC" consists of Ecuador, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Nigeria, and Venezuela, as well as the Arab members
dNo crude oil was imported.
$R=$ Revised data. $N A=$ Not available. $W=$ Value withheld to avoid disclosure of company data.
Notes: - Values for the current 2 months are preliminary. - Prices through 1980 reflect the period of reporting; prices since then reflect the period of loading. Annual averages are the weighted average of the 12 monthly prices, including those prices that were not published. - Cargoes that were purchased on a "netback" basis, or under similar contractual arrangements whereby the actual purchase price is not established at the time the crude is acquired for importation into the United States, are not included in the published data until the actual prices have been determined and reported.

Sources: See end of section.

Table 9.3 Landed Cost of Crude Oil Imports from Selected Countries ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (Dollars per Barrel)

|  | Algeria | Canada | Indonesia | Iran | Mexico | Nigeria | Saudi Arabla | United Kingdom | Venezuela | Other Countries | $\begin{gathered} \text { Arab } \\ \text { OPEC }^{\text {b }} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { OPEC }^{\text {c }} \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1975 Average .... | 12.72 | 12.72 | 13.79 | 12.21 | NA | 12.62 | 12.30 | NA | 11.65 | NA | NA | NA |
| 1976 Average .... | 13.81 | 13.57 | 13.82 | 12.82 | NA | 13.80 | 13.04 | NA | 11.80 | NA | NA | NA |
| 1977 Average .... | 15.20 | 14.21 | 14.63 | 13.80 | 13.75 | 15.25 | 13.61 | NA | 13.13 | NA | NA | NA |
| 1978 Average .... | 14.91 | 14.50 | 14.64 | 13.88 | 13.54 | 14.86 | 13.92 | NA | 12.83 | 14.58 | 14.36 | 14.34 |
| 1979 Average .... | 21.90 | 20.43 | 20.69 | 25.02 | 20.86 | 22.96 | 19.15 | 22.16 | 18.18 | 23.18 | 20.79 | 21.29 33.56 |
| 1980 Average .... | 37.90 | 30.47 | 33.92 | (d) | 31.80 | 37.05 | 30.02 | 35.88 | 25.86 | 36.02 | 32.97 | 33.56 |
| 1981 Average .... | 40.49 | 32.16 | 37.57 | (d) | 33.78 | 39.70 | 34.19 | 37.24 | 29.87 | 38.54 | 36.22 | 36.60 |
| 1982 Average .... | 35.28 | 26.92 | 36.75 | 32.40 | 28.64 | 36.17 | 35.00 | 34.28 | 24.82 | 34.03 | 35.15 | 34.81 |
| 1983 Average .... | 31.26 | 25.63 | 31.57 | 29.81 | 25.78 | 30.84 | 29.76 | 30.87 | 22.94 | 29.68 | 30.03 | 29.87 |
| 1984 Average .... | 29.08 | 26.59 | 30.64 | 28.67 | 26.87 | 30.50 | 29.50 | 29.60 | 25.15 | 29.20 | 29.12 | 28.93 |
| 1985 January ..... | 26.28 | 25.30 | 29.26 | NA | 26.80 | 28.70 | W | W | 25.36 | 27.24 | 27.39 | 27.60 |
| February .... | 26.06 | 24.00 | 28.84 | NA | 26.51 | 28.55 | W | W | 25.37 | 28.09 | 27.38 | . 68 |
| March ......... | 27.09 | 25.17 | 28.40 | W | 26.72 | 29.42 | NA | W | 25.73 | 28.16 | 27.40 | 27.60 |
| April ........... | 28.18 | 26.14 | 28.99 | W | 26.67 | 28.99 | W | 28.70 | 25.44 | 28.03 | 27.87 | 27.95 |
| May ........... | W | 26.30 | 28.98 | W | 26.66 | 28.73 | NA | 28.07 | 25.26 | 27.34 | 27.33 | 27.50 |
| June .......... | W | 26.24 | 28.73 | 24.55 | 25.29 | 27.81 | NA | 27.54 | 25.13 | 26.68 | 26.25 | 26.63 |
| July ............ | 27.35 | 25.97 | 28.95 | 24.33 | 24.76 | 28.56 | W | 27.60 | 1 | 26.57 | 26.86 | 26.87 |
| August ....... | W | 26.05 | 28.14 | 25.76 | 24.96 | 28.54 | NA | 27.61 | 23.45 | 26.89 | 27.0 | 26.44 |
| September | W | 25.94 | 26.79 | 26.47 | 25.00 | 28.76 | W | 28.23 | 23.38 | 27.13 | 27.26 | 26.61 |
| October ..... | W | 25.90 | 28.47 | 26.56 | 25.09 | 29.06 | 26.69 | 29.00 | 23.57 | 27.44 | 26.80 | 26.90 |
| November | W | 25.91 | 29.00 | 27.00 | 24.91 | 29.61 | 24.72 | 29.45 | 23.80 | 28.00 | 25.52 | 26.82 |
| December | W | 25.56 | 28.82 | W | 23.94 | 30.38 | 21.09 | 28.75 | 23.53 | 26.36 | 21.69 | 24.69 |
| Average .... | 27.46 | 25.71 | 28.67 | 25.79 | 25.63 | 28.96 | 24.72 | 28.35 | 24.43 | 27.33 | 25.88 | 26.85 |
| 1986 January ..... | W | 23.92 | 28.44 | NA | 20.17 | 27.83 | 14.41 | 25.38 | 22.21 | 24.74 | 16.49 | 22.51 |
| February .... | W | 17.31 | W | W | 14.58 | 21.43 | 14.08 | 18.62 | 13.27 | 17.97 | 13.75 | 15.41 |
| March ......... | W | 13.02 | 14.94 | W | 11.87 | 16.57 | 13.66 | W | 11.01 | 14.89 | 13.58 | 13.67 |
| April ............ | W | 11.57 | 12.29 | W | 10.53 | 15.21 | 13.64 | 12.46 | 11.19 | 13.22 | 13.45 | 13.04 |
| May ........... | 13.05 | 12.04 | 12.80 | W | 10.81 | 14.55 | 10.57 | 14.17 | 11.58 | 13.17 | 11.26 | 11.94 |
| June ........... | W | 12.71 | 13.20 | 11.29 | 10.08 | 14.01 | 10.49 | 13.65 | 10.24 | 12.70 | 11.09 | 11.70 |
| July ............ | W | 11.20 | 11.72 | W | 8.73 | 12.12 | 11.33 | 11.83 | 8.45 | 11.32 | 11.45 | 11.15 |
| August ....... | W | 11.70 | 11.37 | 11.18 | 10.87 | 12.38 | 11.27 | 11.56 | 10.66 | 11.80 | 11.61 | 11.54 |
| September | 12.88 | 12.50 | 13.67 | W | 11.95 | 14.13 | 12.11 | 14.15 | 10.86 | 13.21 | 12.50 | 12.60 |
| October ..... | W | 12.47 | 14.18 | W | 11.74 | 14.64 | 12.84 | 14.76 | 10.87 | 13.88 | 13.00 | 13.15 |
| November | 13.19 | 12.49 | 13.96 | NA | 12.13 | 14.64 | 14.57 | 14.63 | 11.24 | 14.14 | 14.35 | 13.71 |
| December | W | 12.85 | 14.32 | W | 13.04 | 15.56 | 16.09 | 15.42 | 13.24 | 14.94 | 15.79 | 15.00 |
| Average .... | 14.33 | 13.37 | 14.59 | 12.39 | 12.07 | 15.28 | 12.80 | 14.51 | 11.55 | 14.15 | 12.99 | 13.39 |
| 1987 January ..... | 16.96 | 14.65 | 16.24 | W | 15.94 | 18.02 | 15.87 | 17.47 | 14.46 | 17.17 | 16.08 | 16.03 |
| February .... | 17.03 | 15.49 | 18.10 | 17.76 | 15.67 | 18.54 | 17.80 | 18.14 | 14.63 | 18.11 | 17.38 | 16.99 |
| March ......... | W | 15.72 | 18.19 | 17.78 | 16.32 | 18.30 | 17.61 | 18.02 | 15.27 | 17.75 | 17.49 | 17.25 |
| April ........... | 18.06 | 16.31 | 18.32 | 17.87 | 16.71 | 18.96 | 17.69 | 18.14 | 16.03 | 18.06 | 17.55 | 17.69 |
| May ........... | 18.51 | 17.11 | 18.38 | 17.96 | 18.02 | 19.29 | 17.66 | 19.04 | 16.24 | 18.36 | 17.82 | 17.82 |
| June ........... | W | 17.73 | 19.04 | 18.32 | 18.07 | 19.54 | 17.77 | 19.43 | 16.85 | R 18.70 | R 17.96 | R 18.28 |
| July ............ | W | 18.61 | 19.10 | 18.69 | 19.08 | 19.95 | 17.70 | 20.38 | R 17.09 | R 19.27 | ${ }^{\text {R } 18.04}$ | ${ }^{\text {R }} 18.56$ |
| August ....... | 19.05 | 19.00 | 19.68 | R 19.00 | 17.89 | 20.63 | 18.02 | 20.41 | 16.53 | R 19.38 | R 18.35 | R 18.72 |
| September | 18.26 | 17.81 | R 19.18 | R 18.67 | R 16.61 | R 19.38 | 17.90 | R 18.96 | R 16.14 | R 18.53 | R 18.07 | R 18.12 |
| October ..... | W | 17.67 | 18.93 | W | 17.04 | 19.46 | 18.10 | 18.96 | 16.14 | 18.52 | 18.11 | 18.09 |

aSee Note 3 at end of section.
The Arab members of OPEC are Algeria, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates.
"Total OPEC" consists of Ecuador, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Nigeria, and Venezuela, as well as the Arab members
dNo crude oil was imported.
$R=$ Revised data. $N A=$ Not available. $W=$ Value withheld to avoid disclosure of company data
Notes: - Values for the current 2 months are preliminary. - Prices through 1980 reflect the period of reporting; prices since then reflect the period of loading. Annual averages are the weighted average of the 12 monthly prices, including those prices that were not published. - Cargoes that were purchased on a "netback" basis, or under similar contractual arrangements whereby the actual purchase price is not established at the time the crude is acquired for importation into the United States, are not included in the published data until the actual prices have been determined and reported.

Sources: See end of section.

Table 9.4 U.S. City Average Retail Prices of Motor Gasoline ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (Cents per Gallon, Including Tax)

|  | Leaded Regular | Unleaded Regular | Unleaded Premium | Average for All Types ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1974 Average .......................................... | 53.2 | NA | NA | NA |
| 1975 Average .......................................... | 56.7 | NA | NA | NA |
| 1976 Average .......................................... | 59.0 | 61.4 | NA | NA |
| 1977 Average .......................................... | 62.2 | 65.6 | NA | NA |
| 1978 Average ............................................ | 62.6 | 67.0 | NA | 65.2 |
| 1979 Average .......................................... | 85.7 | 90.3 | NA | 88.2 |
| 1980 Average .......................................... | 119.1 | 124.5 | NA | 122.1 |
| 1981 Average ${ }^{\text {c ......................................... }}$ | 131.1 | 137.8 | 147.0 | 135.3 |
| 1982 Average ............................................ | 122.2 | 129.6 | 141.5 | 128.1 |
| 1983 Average .......................................... | 115.7 | 124.1 | 138.3 | 122.5 |
| 1984 Average ........................................... | 112.9 | 121.2 | 136.6 | 119.8 |
| 1985 January ............................................ | 106.0 | 114.8 | 130.4 | 114.5 |
| February ........................................... | 104.1 | 113.1 | 129.0 | 112.8 |
| March | 107.1 | 115.9 | 131.0 | 115.5 |
| April ................................................ | 111.9 | 120.5 | 134.0 | 119.9 |
| May | 114.4 | 123.1 | 136.0 | 122.3 |
| June | 115.3 | 124.1 | 137.1 | 123.3 |
| July .................................................. | 115.4 | 124.2 | 136.7 | 123.3 |
| August | 114.3 | 122.9 | 135.9 | 122.2 |
| September | 112.9 | 121.6 | 134.9 | 120.9 |
| October ... | 111.7 | 120.4 | 134.2 | 119.8 |
| November ......................................... | 112.3 | 120.7 | 133.9 | 120.1 |
| December ........................................ | 11.3 | 120.8 | 134.4 | 120.3 |
| Average ............................................ | 111.5 | 120.2 | 134.0 | 119.6 |
| 1986 January ................................................ | 110.7 | 119.4 | 133.6 | 119.0 |
| February ............................................ | 103.4 | 112.0 | 128.2 | 111.9 |
| March | 89.4 | 98.1 | 116.0 | 98.3 |
| April | 81.5 | 88.8 | 106.1 | 89.5 |
| May ... | 85.2 | 92.3 | 107.5 | 92.7 |
| June .. | 88.5 | 95.5 | 110.0 | 95.8 |
| July .................................................. | 82.2 | 89.0 | 104.5 | 89.5 |
| August | 77.8 | 84.3 | 99.9 | 84.8 |
| September ........................................ | 79.7 | 86.0 | 101.0 | 86.4 |
| October ............................................. | 77.1 | 83.1 | 98.7 | 83.7 |
| November | 76.2 | 82.1 | 98.0 | 82.7 |
| December ......................................... | 76.4 | 82.3 | 98.4 | 83.0 |
| Average ............................................ | 85.7 | 92.7 | 108.5 | 93.1 |
| 1987 January ............................................. | 80.6 | 86.2 | 100.7 | 86.8 |
| February ............................................ | 84.8 | 90.5 | 104.7 | 91.1 |
| March ................................................ | 85.6 | 91.2 | 105.2 | 91.8 |
| April ...... | 87.9 | 93.4 | 107.3 | 94.0 |
| May ................................................... | 88.8 | 94.1 | 107.9 | 94.8 |
| June | 90.6 | 95.8 | 109.8 | 96.6 |
| July | 92.1 | 97.1 | 111.5 | 98.0 |
| August .............................................. | 94.6 | 99.5 | 113.9 | 100.4 |
| September ..... | 94.0 | 99.0 | 113.6 | 100.0 |
| October ............................................. | 93.1 | 97.6 | 112.8 | 98.8 |
| November ........................................... | 92.8 | 97.6 | 112.5 | 98.7 |

[^15]Table 9.5 Refiner Sales Prices of Residual Fuel Oil ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (Cents per Gallon, Excluding Tax)

|  | Residual Fuel OilSulfur Content LessThan or Equal to 1 Percent |  | Residual Fuel Oll Sulfur Content Greater Than 1 Percent |  | Average |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sales for Resale | Sales to <br> End Users | Sales for Resale | Sales to End Users | Sales for Resale | Sales to End Users |
| 1978 Average ............... | 29.3 | 31.4 | 24.5 | 27.5 | 26.3 | 29.8 |
| 1979 Average ............... | 45.0 | 46.8 | 36.6 | 38.9 | 39.9 | 43.6 |
| 1980 Average ............... | 60.8 | 67.5 | 47.9 | 52.3 | 52.8 | 60.7 |
| 1981 Average ............... | 74.8 | 82.9 | 62.2 | 67.3 | 66.3 | 75.6 |
| 1982 Average ............... | 69.5 | 74.7 | 57.2 | 61.1 | 61.2 | 67.6 |
| 1983 Average ............... | 64.3 | 69.5 | 59.1 | 61.1 | 60.9 | 65.1 |
| 1984 Average ............... | 68.5 | 72.0 | 63.9 | 65.9 | 65.4 | 68.7 |
| 1985 January ................. | 67.6 | 71.2 | 63.4 | 66.5 | 64.8 | 68.6 |
| February ............... | 67.6 | 71.1 | 63.4 | 66.0 | 65.0 | 68.6 |
| March ................... | 66.2 | 69.8 | 60.8 | 65.0 | 62.4 | 67.1 |
| April ...................... | 63.0 | 67.5 | 58.8 | 61.9 | 60.3 | 64.1 |
| May ..................... | 58.1 | 61.2 | 53.5 | 58.0 | 55.0 | 59.5 |
| June ..................... | 54.9 | 59.9 | 50.6 | 52.7 | 52.4 | 55.6 |
| July ...................... | 56.4 | 58.9 | 52.8 | 54.5 | 53.9 | 56.3 |
| August .................. | 55.2 | 57.1 | 52.0 | 53.8 | 53.2 | 55.6 |
| September ............ | 60.1 | 62.8 | 53.1 | 54.8 | 56.1 | 58.6 |
| October ................. | 60.1 | 63.6 | 52.3 | 53.8 | 54.9 | 58.3 |
| November ............. | 57.8 | 61.7 | 50.7 | 52.8 | 53.6 | 56.8 |
| December ............. | 60.7 | 62.6 | 52.3 | 54.4 | 55.1 | 58.2 |
| Average ............... | 61.0 | 64.4 | 56.0 | 58.2 | 57.7 | 61.0 |
| 1986 January ................. | 57.1 | 62.0 | 49.5 | 52.9 | 51.7 | 57.1 |
| February .............. | 43.9 | 49.0 | 36.3 | 42.7 | 38.7 | 45.8 |
| March ................... | 37.6 | 42.7 | 28.3 | 35.7 | 31.6 | 39.0 |
| April ..................... | 31.7 | 36.8 | 25.8 | 30.1 | 28.0 | 33.0 |
| May ..................... | 30.5 | 35.0 | 23.5 | 26.8 | 26.5 | 30.1 |
| June ..................... | 30.1 | 32.3 | 22.9 | 26.8 | 26.2 | 29.8 |
| July ...................... | 23.8 | 27.4 | 20.3 | 24.4 | 21.9 | 25.9 |
| August .................. | 26.9 | 29.3 | 21.8 | 23.2 | 23.6 | 26.5 |
| September ............ | 29.9 | 31.5 | 26.4 | 28.2 | 28.1 | 29.8 |
| October ................ | 28.9 | 31.9 | 26.2 | 28.8 | 27.6 | 30.1 |
| November ............. | 29.5 | 33.7 | 25.1 | 29.0 | 27.4 | 31.2 |
| December ............. | 34.1 | 37.7 | 27.7 | 31.6 | 30.3 | 34.7 |
| Average ............... | 33.0 | 37.2 | 28.8 | 31.7 | 30.5 | 34.3 |
| 1987 January ................ | 39.9 | 44.5 | 35.7 | 37.9 | 37.7 | 41.5 |
| February ............... | 40.2 | 43.5 | 34.4 | 38.3 | 37.2 | 41.1 |
| March ................... | 39.5 | 41.8 | 33.5 | 37.2 | 36.3 | 39.4 |
| April ...................... | 40.1 | 43.7 | 35.5 | 39.9 | 37.2 | 41.9 |
| May ..................... | 41.8 | 44.6 | 38.6 | 41.7 | 39.8 | 43.3 |
| June ..................... | 43.7 | 45.3 | 40.9 | 43.8 | 42.2 | 44.7 |
| July ....................... | 44.3 | 47.2 | 42.1 | 44.4 | 43.3 | 46.2 |
| August .................. | 44.4 | 45.4 | 41.4 | 44.5 | 42.8 | 45.0 |
| September ............. | ${ }^{\text {R }} 41.4$ | R 44.0 | R 36.7 | R 39.6 | 39.0 | 41.6 |
| October ................ | 41.3 | 44.5 | 36.3 | 39.5 | 38.7 | 41.9 |

aSales for resale, that is, wholesale sales, are those made to purchasers who are other than ultimate consumers. Sales to end users are to the ultimate consumer, including bulk customers such as agriculture, industry, and utilities, as well as commercial customers.
$R=$ Revised data.
Notes: - Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Values for the current month are preliminary. • Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration estimates. See Note 6 at end of section.

Sources: See end of section.

Table 9.6 Refiner Sales Prices of Petroleum Products for Resale ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (Cents per Gallon, Excluding Tax)

|  | Finished Motor Gasoline ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | Finished Aviation Gasoline | KeroseneType Jet Fuel | Kerosene | No. 2 Fuel Oil | No. 2 <br> Diesel Fuel | Propane (Consumer Grade) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1978 Average ............... | 43.4 | 53.7 | 38.6 | 40.4 | 36.9 | 36.5 | 23.7 |
| 1979 Average ............... | 63.7 | 72.1 | 66.0 | 62.4 | 56.9 | 57.4 | 29.1 |
| 1980 Average ............... | 94.1 | 112.8 | 86.8 | 86.4 | 80.3 | 80.1 | 41.5 |
| 1981 Average ............... | 106.4 | 125.0 | 101.2 | 106.6 | 97.6 | 97.2 | 46.6 |
| 1982 Average ............... | 97.3 | 122.8 | 95.3 | 101.8 | 91.4 | 91.4 | 42.7 |
| 1983 Average ............... | 88.2 | 117.8 | 85.4 | 89.2 | 81.5 | 80.8 | 48.4 |
| 1984 Average ............... | 83.2 | 116.5 | 83.0 | 91.6 | 82.1 | 80.3 | 45.0 |
| 1985 January ................ | 75.2 | 114.5 | 79.6 | 85.8 | 75.7 | 74.9 | 40.1 |
| February ............... | 76.4 | 114.0 | 79.5 | 86.5 | 75.2 | 74.2 | 39.3 |
| March ................... | 81.1 | 113.6 | 78.9 | 85.7 | 76.1 | 75.6 | 38.0 |
| April ..................... | 86.0 | 112.6 | 79.4 | 84.7 | 79.3 | 79.2 | 37.9 |
| May ..................... | 87.5 | 113.2 | 78.2 | 80.4 | 76.5 | 78.9 | 38.1 |
| June ..................... | 87.7 | 113.7 | 76.1 | 75.9 | 72.9 | 75.5 | 37.0 |
| July ...................... | 87.3 | 113.6 | 75.2 | 76.9 | 70.3 | 72.3 | 36.3 |
| August .................. | 85.0 | 113.3 | 76.8 | 79.7 | 72.1 | 72.5 | 36.5 |
| September ............ | 83.2 | 113.0 | 79.2 | 85.9 | 77.0 | 76.3 | 37.6 |
| October ................ | 83.1 | 113.0 | 81.6 | 90.1 | 81.7 | 80.5 | 39.7 |
| November ............. | 84.7 | 112.6 | 83.6 | 93.6 | 84.9 | 84.3 | 43.0 |
| December ............. | 83.0 | 108.1 | 83.1 | 92.7 | 83.2 | 82.1 | 46.8 |
| Average ............... | 83.5 | 113.0 | 79.4 | 87.4 | 77.6 | 77.2 | 39.8 |
| 1986 January ................ | 76.7 | 109.8 | 77.0 | 83.8 | 73.7 | 73.3 | 43.9 |
| February .............. | 65.0 | 108.9 | 68.0 | 67.2 | 56.4 | 56.0 | 35.4 |
| March ................... | 52.4 | 102.2 | 58.1 | 60.9 | 51.9 | 47.4 | 29.2 |
| April ..................... | 51.8 | 98.5 | 49.4 | 52.6 | 45.9 | 46.3 | 27.3 |
| May ..................... | 57.9 | 95.6 | 46.7 | 50.4 | 45.2 | 44.1 | 28.5 |
| June ..................... | 54.5 | 92.2 | 44.5 | 50.1 | 40.0 | 39.6 | 28.3 |
| July ....................... | 45.8 | 86.7 | 39.9 | 40.7 | 34.8 | 34.0 | 25.3 |
| August .................. | 47.9 | 83.0 | 39.3 | 48.1 | 40.0 | 38.8 | 24.6 |
| September ............ | 48.7 | 81.6 | 42.2 | 49.2 | 41.6 | 41.8 | 24.8 |
| October ................ | 46.1 | 82.9 | 43.7 | 47.8 | 41.0 | 40.9 | 25.1 |
| November ............. | 47.1 | 81.8 | 43.5 | 51.2 | 42.4 | 41.8 | 24.3 |
| December ............. | 47.3 | 81.3 | 45.3 | 53.3 | 44.2 | 43.4 | 23.6 |
| Average ............... | 53.1 | 91.1 | 49.7 | 60.6 | 48.7 | 45.2 | 29.0 |
| 1987 January ................ | 53.3 | 82.9 | 49.0 | 59.1 | 50.6 | 49.5 | 25.0 |
| February .............. | 55.0 | 84.3 | 49.5 | 56.7 | 49.3 | 49.5 | 24.5 |
| March .................... | 56.2 | 83.6 | 49.2 | 54.0 | 49.0 | 48.7 | 23.7 |
| April ...................... | 57.7 | 83.7 | 50.0 | 55.2 | 49.4 | 49.6 | 24.5 |
| May ..................... | 59.4 | 85.4 | 51.1 | 54.7 | 51.5 | 52.0 | 24.0 |
| June ...................... | 60.7 | 86.9 | 52.6 | 55.2 | 52.6 | 53.0 | 23.5 |
| July ....................... | 62.5 | 86.4 | 55.0 | 56.7 | 54.8 | 55.0 | 24.4 |
| August .................. | 63.6 | 86.8 | 56.6 | 58.9 | 55.1 | 57.0 | 25.6 |
| September ............. | 60.6 | 86.7 | R 55.8 | 58.5 | 53.2 | 55.9 | 26.1 |
| October .................. | 60.5 | 86.8 | 57.9 | 62.7 | 56.7 | 58.1 | 26.8 |

${ }^{a}$ ales for resale, that is, wholesale sales, are those made to purchasers who are other than ultimate consumers. Sales to end users are those made directly to the ultimate consumer, including bulk customers such as agriculture, industry, and utilities, as well as residential and commercial customers.
${ }^{b}$ See Note 5 at end of section.
$\mathrm{R}=$ Revised data.
Notes: - Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Values for the current month are preliminary. - Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration estimates. See Note 6 at end of section.

Sources: See end of section.

Table 9.7 Refiner Sales Prices of Petroleum Products to End Users ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (Cents per Gallon, Excluding Tax)

|  | Finished Motor Gasoline ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | Finished Aviation Gasoline | KeroseneType Jet Fuel | Kerosene | No. 2 Fuel Oil | No. 2 <br> Diesel Fuel | Propane (Consumer Grade) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1978 Average ............... | 48.4 | 51.6 | 38.7 | 42.1 | 40.0 | 37.7 | 33.5 |
| 1979 Average ............... | 71.3 | 68.9 | 54.7 | 58.5 | 51.6 | 58.5 | 35.7 |
| 1980 Average .............. | 103.5 | 108.4 | 86.8 | 90.2 | 78.8 | 81.8 | 48.2 |
| 1981 Average ............... | 114.7 | 130.3 | 102.4 | 112.3 | 91.4 | 99.5 | 56.5 |
| 1982 Average ............... | 106.0 | 131.2 | 96.3 | 108.9 | 90.5 | 94.2 | 59.2 |
| 1983 Average ............... | 95.4 | 125.5 | 87.8 | 96.1 | 91.6 | 82.6 | 70.9 |
| 1984 Average ............... | 90.7 | 123.4 | 84.2 | 103.6 | 91.6 | 82.3 | 73.7 |
| 1985 January ................. | 84.6 | 121.7 | 81.4 | 105.9 | 87.4 | 77.6 | 78.7 |
| February ............... | 83.6 | 121.1 | 80.9 | 103.7 | 86.8 | 76.7 | 76.1 |
| March ................... | 87.1 | 121.4 | 80.4 | 103.1 | 86.0 | 77.0 | 74.6 |
| April ...................... | 92.4 | 121.2 | 80.1 | 101.0 | 85.8 | 79.9 | 68.4 |
| May ..................... | 94.4 | 121.9 | 79.5 | 94.1 | 82.2 | 79.7 | 70.5 |
| June ..................... | 95.2 | 121.7 | 78.6 | 88.2 | 77.8 | 77.2 | 66.8 |
| July ....................... | 95.4 | 120.2 | 78.5 | 86.0 | 72.3 | 74.5 | 62.9 |
| August .................. | 94.0 | 118.9 | 77.7 | 89.9 | 74.7 | 73.8 | 62.8 |
| September ............ | 91.9 | 119.5 | 78.1 | 96.1 | 81.2 | 78.1 | 63.8 |
| October ................ | 90.8 | 118.9 | 78.8 | 100.6 | 85.2 | 81.6 | 72.4 |
| November ............. | 91.7 | 118.3 | 80.1 | 106.8 | 91.3 | 85.5 | 74.0 |
| December ............. | 91.9 | 117.0 | 80.9 | 111.5 | 92.3 | 85.6 | 77.0 |
| Average ............... | 91.2 | 120.1 | 79.6 | 103.0 | 84.9 | 78.9 | 71.7 |
| 1986 January ................ | 89.1 | 116.2 | 80.5 | 105.4 | 87.1 | 78.1 | 77.8 |
| February ............... | 80.3 | 117.2 | 77.9 | 93.4 | 69.9 | 61.5 | 71.4 |
| March ................... | 65.2 | 111.5 | 69.0 | 85.0 | 63.0 | 51.2 | 75.1 |
| April ..................... | 59.1 | 102.9 | 57.3 | 79.4 | 55.0 | 48.5 | 75.9 |
| May ..................... | 63.8 | 102.2 | 51.9 | 67.2 | 50.0 | 46.4 | 73.1 |
| June ..................... | 64.7 | 97.0 | 48.2 | 49.3 | 44.4 | 42.0 | 73.5 |
| July ...................... | 57.8 | 94.3 | 43.4 | 48.2 | 38.4 | 36.5 | 70.2 |
| August .................. | 55.3 | 94.9 | 41.0 | 62.5 | 43.8 | 40.5 | 68.4 |
| September ............ | 56.1 | 93.2 | 41.4 | 75.1 | 46.1 | 43.3 | 70.4 |
| October ................. | 53.1 | 91.1 | 41.6 | 69.5 | 44.8 | 41.9 | 69.8 |
| November ............. | 53.1 | 87.2 | 42.4 | 74.5 | 48.3 | 43.2 | 69.6 |
| December ............. | 54.8 | 88.8 | 42.9 | 76.8 | 51.5 | 45.5 | 72.0 |
| Average ............... | 62.3 | 100.1 | 52.9 | 79.3 | 56.0 | 47.9 | 72.5 |
| 1987 January ................ | 59.3 | 87.9 | 45.9 | 82.8 | 58.2 | 50.5 | 72.8 |
| February ............... | 61.7 | 89.7 | 49.2 | 80.4 | 58.8 | 51.6 | 74.8 |
| March ................... | 62.4 | 90.3 | 50.0 | 82.0 | 55.1 | 51.0 | 73.2 |
| April ..................... | 64.5 | 89.8 | 51.0 | 78.2 | 54.9 | 51.4 | 63.3 |
| May ..................... | 65.8 | 90.0 | 52.4 | 66.8 | 54.7 | 53.1 | 71.5 |
| June ..................... | 67.0 | 90.6 | 53.3 | 59.8 | 54.5 | 54.0 | 68.0 |
| July ...................... | 68.8 | 91.1 | 55.6 | 60.4 | 56.5 | 56.1 | 64.8 |
| August .................. | 70.9 | 92.0 | 58.2 | 60.1 | 57.8 | 57.9 | 67.8 |
| September ............ | R 69.7 | 91.6 | 58.3 | 76.6 | 56.3 | 56.9 | ${ }^{\text {R }} 67.3$ |
| October ................. | 69.2 | 91.2 | 59.5 | 78.8 | 60.7 | 59.3 | 66.1 |

asales for resale, that is, wholesale sales, are those made to purchasers who are other than ultimate consumers. Sales to end users are those made directly to the ultimate consumer, including bulk customers such as agriculture, industry, and utilities, as well as residential and commercial customers.
${ }^{\text {b }}$ See Note 5 at end of section.
$\mathrm{R}=$ Revised data.
Notes: - Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Values for the current month are preliminary. • Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration estimates. See Note 6 at end of section.

Sources: See end of section.

Table 9.8a Sales Prices of No. 2 Distillate to Residences for Selected States ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (Cents per Gallon, Excluding Tax)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ The States are listed by geographic region of the country. State names are abbreviated as follows: CT - Connecticut, ME - Maine, MA - Massachusetts, NH - New Hampshire, RI - Rhode Island, VT - Vermont, DE - Delaware, DC - District of Columbia, MD - Maryland, NJ - New Jersey, NY New York, PA - Pennsylvania, VA - Virginia, WV - West Virginia, IL - Illinois, IN - Indiana, MI - Michigan, MN - Minnesota, OH - Ohio, WI - Wisconsin, ID - Idaho, AK - Alaska, OR - Oregon, WA - Washington.

Footnotes continued on following page.

Table 9.8b Sales Prices of No. 2 Distillate to Residences for Selected States ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (continued)
(Cents per Gallon, Excluding Tax)

|  | MD | NJ | NY | PA | VA | WV | IL | IN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1978 Average .............. | 49.2 | 49.6 | 50.1 | 48.8 | 49.1 | 46.2 | 46.5 | 48.5 |
| 1979 Average ............... | 70.1 | 71.0 | 71.2 | 69.8 | 70.4 | 65.1 | 68.8 | 72.7 |
| 1980 Average .............. | 97.9 | 97.9 | 98.2 | 96.4 | 98.5 | 92.2 | 95.8 | 99.6 |
| 1981 Average .............. | 121.4 | 121.5 | 123.2 | 118.1 | 120.5 | 115.0 | 114.9 | 118.5 |
| 1982 Average .............. | 117.1 | 117.4 | 120.5 | 113.7 | 117.7 | 109.3 | 110.9 | 114.3 |
| 1983 Average ............... | 110.3 | 107.9 | 112.1 | 105.8 | 108.7 | 101.0 | 100.4 | 100.7 |
| 1984 Average .............. | 113.5 | 111.0 | 115.5 | 107.9 | 110.5 | 102.1 | 100.1 | 103.1 |
| 1985 January ................ | 107.5 | 105.0 | 111.3 | 102.9 | 106.2 | 98.4 | 95.2 | 98.6 |
| February ............... | 108.6 | 105.7 | 112.0 | 103.2 | 106.8 | 98.3 | 94.4 | 97.8 |
| March ................... | 108.3 | 105.1 | 111.3 | 102.1 | 105.8 | 98.1 | 94.5 | 96.3 |
| April ..................... | 109.6 | 105.2 | 111.0 | 101.0 | 105.4 | 96.0 | 96.6 | 98.6 |
| May ..................... | 108.2 | 103.3 | 109.8 | 99.7 | 105.9 | 93.8 | 96.4 | 97.4 |
| June ..................... | 104.4 | 99.6 | 108.1 | 94.9 | 104.3 | 90.7 | 92.0 | 97.6 |
| July ...................... | 101.2 | 97.4 | 105.3 | 92.1 | 99.3 | 90.3 | 89.7 | 93.3 |
| August .................. | 98.9 | 97.5 | 105.5 | 92.5 | 98.9 | 88.6 | 90.6 | 92.9 |
| September ............ | 103.3 | 101.3 | 104.5 | 96.8 | 101.9 | 96.2 | 95.6 | 96.5 |
| October ................. | 106.2 | 103.3 | 107.1 | 98.6 | 105.6 | 98.7 | 100.1 | 101.2 |
| November ............. | 111.9 | 109.3 | 114.4 | 105.5 | 108.4 | 104.4 | 104.0 | 105.3 |
| December ............. | 112.7 | 112.0 | 115.0 | 109.0 | 109.9 | 104.7 | 103.4 | 105.3 |
| Average ............... | 108.8 | 105.9 | 111.3 | 102.3 | 106.3 | 98.0 | 97.5 | 99.1 |
| 1986 January ................. | 112.2 | 107.7 | 111.4 | 104.7 | 107.0 | 100.1 | 97.6 | 99.8 |
| February ............... | 99.9 | 98.3 | 102.6 | 95.3 | 98.2 | 87.8 | 83.1 | 84.9 |
| March ................... | 93.9 | 91.7 | 96.3 | 86.9 | 90.9 | 79.7 | 74.7 | 75.5 |
| April ..................... | 88.6 | 84.0 | 87.5 | 77.9 | 84.2 | 70.8 | 68.6 | 73.9 |
| May ..................... | 85.0 | 80.1 | 85.1 | 72.6 | 74.6 | 67.4 | 72.9 | 67.2 |
| June ..................... | 79.7 | 75.6 | 81.3 | 66.0 | 74.4 | 63.4 | 67.3 | 66.5 |
| July ...................... | 75.8 | 76.8 | 72.9 | 64.1 | 67.8 | 53.9 | 69.4 | 60.1 |
| August .................. | 70.7 | 72.3 | 71.6 | 62.6 | 71.1 | 59.7 | 66.5 | 65.6 |
| September ............ | 70.3 | 73.4 | 74.0 | 66.6 | 70.5 | 62.1 | 68.4 | 66.7 |
| October ................ | 72.4 | 74.7 | 74.0 | 66.5 | 69.6 | 64.0 | 63.0 | 65.2 |
| November ............. | 73.4 | 74.6 | 76.1 | 66.4 | 68.3 | 68.3 | 72.8 | 65.4 |
| December ............. | 77.2 | 76.7 | 78.5 | 68.3 | 70.4 | 72.6 | 72.8 | 68.7 |
| Average ............... | 91.4 | 90.2 | 91.1 | 81.5 | 86.2 | 74.9 | 74.3 | 74.8 |
| 1987 January ................. | 82.6 | 83.1 | 83.2 | 74.8 | 77.0 | 72.9 | 76.6 | 72.8 |
| February ............... | 85.4 | 84.3 | 84.8 | 75.6 | 79.5 | 76.1 | 73.7 | 72.1 |
| March ................... | 85.8 | 82.5 | 84.2 | 74.1 | 80.5 | 71.9 | 77.9 | 71.0 |
| April ....................... | 84.8 | 82.1 | 84.1 | 73.4 | 81.1 | 69.0 | 77.9 | 72.8 |
| May ..................... | 84.3 | 81.4 | 84.6 | 72.1 | 79.4 | 69.3 | 79.5 | 74.8 |
| June ..................... | 84.5 | 82.0 | 83.5 | 72.7 | 76.4 | 66.7 | 82.8 | 76.2 |
| July ....................... | 85.4 | 82.3 | 82.7 | 73.0 | 76.6 | 69.3 | 83.4 | 76.7 |
| August .................. | 87.1 | 81.7 | 83.4 | 73.1 | 75.8 | 75.6 | 84.7 | 77.3 |
| September ............ | R 87.3 | R 82.3 | R 81.9 | R 75.0 | R 78.5 | 74.2 | 83.0 | R 78.1 |
| October ................. | 88.1 | 83.9 | 84.9 | 77.7 | 78.5 | 74.9 | NA | 80.7 |

Footnotes continued on following page.

Table 9.8c Sales Prices of No. 2 Distillate to Residences for Selected States ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (continued)
(Cents per Gallon, Excluding Tax)

|  | MI | MN | OH | WI | ID | AK | OR | WA | U.S. Average |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1978 Average ............... | 47.9 | 47.8 | 47.4 | 44.7 | 43.6 | 53.2 | 45.8 | 48.6 | 49.0 |
| 1979 Average ............... | 70.9 | 72.4 | 68.6 | 67.3 | 62.1 | 68.2 | 68.0 | 69.7 | 70.4 |
| 1980 Average ............... | 97.8 | 99.9 | 91.9 | 91.5 | 91.6 | 97.8 | 97.3 | 100.8 | 97.4 |
| 1981 Average ............... | 118.3 | 118.4 | 113.2 | 109.1 | 110.4 | 118.0 | 111.4 | 116.5 | 119.4 |
| 1982 Average ............... | 113.9 | 115.1 | 110.2 | 107.8 | 110.4 | 117.4 | 111.6 | 117.6 | 116.0 |
| 1983 Average ............... | 106.4 | 103.1 | 101.3 | 101.2 | 101.8 | 108.8 | 103.6 | 109.0 | 107.8 |
| 1984 Average ............... | 105.0 | 104.1 | 102.1 | 101.0 | 98.5 | 106.9 | 99.3 | 102.6 | 109.1 |
| 1985 January ................ | 102.1 | 99.5 | 98.3 | 97.3 | 97.4 | 108.6 | 97.0 | 100.6 | 104.9 |
| February ............... | 101.0 | 99.8 | 98.7 | 96.2 | 96.9 | 107.6 | 96.6 | 99.8 | 105.4 |
| March .................... | 101.3 | 101.0 | 97.9 | 96.4 | 96.6 | 112.8 | 95.7 | 100.3 | 105.0 |
| April ..................... | 100.0 | 101.1 | 99.8 | 97.7 | 95.7 | 107.0 | 96.5 | 99.2 | 105.3 |
| May ..................... | 98.3 | 103.8 | 99.6 | 99.5 | 96.0 | 106.9 | 96.7 | 98.1 | 103.6 |
| June ..................... | 98.4 | 104.3 | 97.1 | 94.2 | 95.9 | 107.3 | 95.5 | 99.2 | 100.7 |
| July ...................... | 97.4 | 100.5 | 92.9 | 93.0 | 94.8 | 108.4 | 95.3 | 97.3 | 98.0 |
| August .................. | 97.2 | 100.1 | 91.8 | 93.0 | 94.5 | 106.9 | 93.0 | 96.7 | 97.3 |
| September ............ | 99.1 | 98.7 | 95.6 | 94.9 | 94.3 | 109.2 | 93.4 | 97.6 | 99.6 |
| October ................. | 101.8 | 101.1 | 97.9 | 99.1 | 97.2 | 109.1 | 94.0 | 100.0 | 103.0 |
| November ............. | 103.5 | 105.7 | 104.4 | 102.0 | 97.9 | 106.1 | 98.8 | 104.4 | 108.6 |
| December ............. | 107.1 | 105.2 | 105.9 | 103.2 | 98.8 | 106.5 | 102.3 | 106.1 | 110.5 |
| Average .............. | 102.1 | 101.9 | 99.7 | 98.3 | 97.2 | 108.3 | 97.1 | 101.1 | 105.3 |
| 1986 January ................ | 102.6 | 100.5 | 100.7 | 96.4 | 97.1 | 106.8 | 100.1 | 104.5 | 106.4 |
| February ............... | 91.9 | 86.3 | 91.9 | 83.9 | 90.9 | 104.9 | 83.7 | 90.4 | 95.8 |
| March ................... | 80.5 | 80.1 | 80.8 | 76.0 | 76.5 | 113.6 | 66.9 | 75.3 | 88.7 |
| April ..................... | 74.6 | 76.3 | 78.2 | 74.0 | 69.8 | 95.6 | 62.5 | 74.9 | 80.7 |
| May ..................... | 72.3 | 79.4 | 75.2 | 71.8 | 74.7 | 94.3 | 64.1 | 71.1 | 77.4 |
| June ..................... | 65.3 | 74.5 | 69.1 | 69.2 | 66.8 | 89.3 | 60.0 | 65.2 | 72.9 |
| July ...................... | 66.6 | 69.6 | 62.3 | 62.7 | 63.8 | 84.5 | 54.6 | 60.2 | 66.9 |
| August .................. | 69.9 | 67.6 | 62.5 | 63.6 | 58.5 | 84.3 | 55.6 | 60.5 | 66.4 |
| September ............ | 70.8 | 70.0 | 64.2 | 67.1 | 60.5 | 89.3 | 61.9 | 66.9 | 68.5 |
| October ................ | 70.0 | 67.8 | 61.5 | 62.7 | 62.1 | 79.1 | 62.5 | 68.2 | 67.8 |
| November ............. | 70.4 | 68.0 | 61.0 | 65.6 | 63.5 | 80.0 | 62.7 | 68.8 | 69.8 |
| December ............. | 72.8 | 68.7 | 64.8 | 68.3 | 63.5 | 85.3 | 63.9 | 68.4 | 72.5 |
| Average ............... | 81.2 | 79.3 | 77.7 | 75.3 | 73.8 | 94.4 | 70.4 | 77.6 | 84.4 |
| 1987 January ................. | 75.9 | 70.7 | 69.1 | 72.0 | 62.7 | 86.5 | 67.6 | 71.3 | 78.2 |
| February ............... | 75.1 | 69.9 | 72.0 | 73.0 | 65.1 | 88.9 | 71.1 | 74.1 | 79.6 |
| March ................... | 76.1 | 70.1 | 70.5 | 73.5 | 65.6 | 82.8 | 71.1 | 74.7 | 78.9 |
| April ..................... | 74.4 | 69.9 | 68.8 | 73.6 | 65.7 | 83.4 | 70.4 | 74.3 | 78.3 |
| May ...................... | 75.0 | 70.6 | 63.7 | 70.8 | 64.9 | 81.2 | 69.1 | 71.9 | 77.9 |
| June ..................... | 75.7 | 76.4 | 75.3 | 75.3 | NA | 82.7 | 70.9 | 72.9 | 77.6 |
| July ....................... | 76.1 | 77.2 | 74.5 | 73.5 | NA | 85.6 | NA | 75.0 | 77.8 |
| August .................. | 77.0 | 77.5 | 73.3 | 74.5 | 75.3 | 87.3 | 77.3 | 78.4 | 78.2 |
| September ............ | R 77.0 | R 76.4 | R 75.9 | 74.4 | R 76.9 | R 89.6 | R 77.4 | 80.2 | R 78.8 |
| October ................ | 77.5 | 77.1 | 77.7 | 77.6 | 75.9 | 92.8 | 76.5 | 82.0 | 81.0 |

Footnotes continued.
$R=$ Revised data. NA = Not available
Notes: - Values for the current month are preliminary. - Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration estimates. See Note 6 at end of section.

Sources: See end of section.

Table 9.9 Retail Prices ${ }^{\text {a }}$ of Electricity (Cents per kilowatthour)

|  | Residential |  | Commercial |  | Industrial |  | Other |  | Total ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Old Series ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | New Series | Old Series ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | New Series | Old Series ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | New Series | Old Series ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | New Series | Old Series ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | New Series |
| 1973 Average .............. | 2.54 |  | 2.41 |  | 1.25 |  | 2.10 |  | 1.96 |  |
| 1974 Average ................. | 3.10 |  | 3.04 |  | 1.69 |  | 2.75 |  | 2.49 |  |
| 1975 Average ............... | 3.51 |  | 3.45 |  | 2.07 |  | 3.08 |  | 2.92 |  |
| 1976 Average ............... | 3.73 |  | 3.69 |  | 2.21 |  | 3.27 |  | 3.09 |  |
| 1977 Average ............... | 4.05 |  | 4.09 |  | 2.50 |  | 3.51 |  | 3.42 |  |
| 1978 Average ................ | 4.31 |  | 4.36 |  | 2.79 |  | 3.62 |  | 3.69 |  |
| 1979 Average ............... | 4.64 |  | 4.68 |  | 3.05 |  | 3.96 |  | 3.99 |  |
| 1980 Average ............... | 5.36 |  | 5.48 |  | 3.69 |  | 4.76 |  | 4.73 |  |
| 1981 Average ............... | 6.20 |  | 6.29 |  | 4.29 |  | 5.28 |  | 5.46 |  |
| 1982 Average ............... | 6.86 |  | 6.86 |  | 4.95 |  | 5.92 |  | 6.13 |  |
| 1983 Average ............... | 7.18 |  | 7.02 |  | 4.96 |  | 6.38 |  | 6.30 |  |
| 1984 Average ............... | 7.54 |  | 7.33 |  | 5.04 |  | 6.78 |  | 6.52 |  |
| 1985 January ................. | 7.28 |  | 7.25 |  | 5.12 |  | 6.80 |  | 6.52 |  |
| February ............... | 7.19 |  | 7.21 |  | 5.12 |  | 6.77 |  | 6.47 |  |
| March ................... | 7.48 |  | 7.36 |  | 5.13 |  | 7.01 |  | 6.55 |  |
| April ..................... | 7.73 |  | 7.44 |  | 5.09 |  | 6.95 |  | 6.58 |  |
| May ..................... | 7.98 |  | 7.55 |  | 5.08 |  | 7.09 |  | 6.66 |  |
| June ..................... | 8.15 |  | 7.60 |  | 5.24 |  | 7.07 |  | 6.86 |  |
| July ...................... | 8.24 |  | 7.64 |  | 5.36 |  | 7.13 |  | 7.02 |  |
| August .................. | 8.18 |  | 7.55 |  | 5.20 |  | 7.01 |  | 6.92 |  |
| September ............ | 8.18 |  | 7.62 |  | 5.24 |  | 7.08 |  | 6.95 |  |
| October ................ | 8.05 |  | 7.65 |  | 5.19 |  | 6.98 |  | 6.80 |  |
| November ............. | 7.73 |  | 7.49 |  | 5.10 |  | 6.91 |  | 6.63 |  |
| December ............. | 7.44 |  | 7.29 |  | 5.10 |  | 6.73 |  | 6.56 |  |
| Average ............... | 7.79 |  | 7.47 |  | 5.16 |  | 6.96 |  | 6.71 |  |
| 1986 January ${ }^{\text {d }}$.............. | 7.35 | 6.92 | 7.29 | 7.04 | 5.16 | 4.95 | 7.00 | 6.70 | 6.61 | 6.30 |
| February ............... | 7.56 | 7.14 | 7.43 | 7.16 | 5.12 | 4.95 | 7.07 | 6.71 | 6.65 | 6.37 |
| March ................... | 7.59 | 7.22 | 7.47 | 7.21 | 5.12 | 4.93 | 7.28 | 6.76 | 6.64 | 6.37 |
| April ...................... | 7.79 | 7.42 | 7.45 | 7.22 | 5.04 | 4.84 | 7.15 | 6.90 | 6.60 | 6.36 |
| May ..................... | 7.83 | 7.49 | 7.39 | 7.16 | 5.06 | 4.84 | 7.11 | 6.63 | 6.59 | 6.34 |
| June ..................... | 8.11 | 7.71 | 7.56 | 7.26 | 5.07 | 4.87 | 7.21 | 6.67 | 6.82 | 6.53 |
| July ...................... | 8.21 | 7.75 | 7.49 | 7.08 | 5.32 | 5.08 | 7.19 | 6.68 | 7.02 | 6.66 |
| August .................. | 8.19 | 7.70 | 7.51 | 7.23 | 5.34 | 5.07 | 7.08 | 6.56 | 7.02 | 6.68 |
| September ............ | 8.16 | 7.71 | 7.57 | 7.27 | 5.20 | 4.98 | 7.35 | 6.93 | 6.91 | 6.60 |
| October ................. | 7.78 | 7.46 | 7.34 | 7.14 | 5.05 | 4.83 | 6.89 | 6.43 | 6.61 | 6.36 |
| November ............. | 7.67 | 7.39 | 7.31 | 6.97 | 4.90 | 4.44 | 7.01 | 6.52 | 6.51 | 6.09 |
| December ............. | 7.29 | 7.01 | 7.05 | 6.87 | 4.83 | 4.68 | 6.65 | 6.24 | 6.36 | 6.15 |
| Average ............... | 7.80 | 7.41 | 7.41 | 7.13 | 5.10 | 4.90 | 7.08 | 6.64 | 6.70 | 6.42 |
| 1987 Januaryd ............... | 7.24 | 6.93 | 7.06 | 6.85 | 4.85 | 4.72 | 6.86 | 6.47 | 6.40 | 6.18 |
| February ............... | 7.29 | 6.95 | 7.06 | 6.85 | 4.79 | 4.65 | 6.86 | 6.53 | 6.36 | 6.13 |
| March ................... | 7.47 | 7.14 | 7.16 | 6.95 | 4.80 | 4.68 | 6.88 | 6.53 | 6.40 | 6.19 |
| April ...................... | 7.61 | 7.26 | 7.17 | 6.93 | 4.76 | 4.63 | 7.45 | 6.87 | 6.40 | 6.17 |
| May ..................... | 7.79 | 7.47 | 7.16 | 6.92 | 4.80 | 4.66 | 6.97 | 6.56 | 6.44 | 6.22 |
| June ..................... | 8.15 | 7.83 | 7.35 | 7.11 | 4.98 | 4.80 | 7.13 | 6.77 | 6.75 | 6.50 |
| July ...................... | 8.24 | 7.82 | 7.39 | 7.08 | 5.11 | 4.90 | 7.00 | 6.65 | 6.92 | 6.61 |
| August .................. | 8.22 | 7.80 | 7.39 | 7.12 | 5.07 | 4.86 | 7.06 | 6.67 | 6.92 | 6.62 |
| September ............ | 8.13 | 7.66 | 7.42 | 7.12 | 5.01 | 4.80 | 7.12 | 6.90 | 6.78 | 6.48 |
| October ................. | 7.99 | 7.63 | 7.44 | 7.20 | 4.85 | 4.72 | 7.11 | 6.87 | 6.61 | 6.38 |

aprices are calculated by dividing revenues by sales. Revenues may not correspond to sales for a particular month because of utility billing and accounting procedures. This could result in uncharacteristic increases or decreases in the monthly prices.
${ }^{\text {b }}$ Average price for total sales to ultimate consumers.
cData through 1979 cover privately owned electric utilities in Classes A and B. Data for 1980 forward cover selected privately owned electric utilities in Class A whose electric operating revenues were $\$ 100$ million or more during the previous year.
dSee Note 7 at end of section.
Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
Sources: See end of section.

Figure 9.4 Cost of Fossil Fuels Delivered to Steam-Electric Utility Plants


Monthly


Table 9.10 Cost of Fossil Fuels Delivered to Steam-Electric Utility Plants ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (Cents per million Btu)

|  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |

aData through 1982 cover all steam-electric utility plants with a capacity of 25 megawatts or greater. From 1974 through 1982, data include peaking units. Beginning with 1983, data cover steam-electric utility plants with a capacity of 50 megawatts or greater.
${ }^{5}$ See Note 8 at end of section.
Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.
Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
Sources: See end of section.

Figure 9.5 Natural Gas Prices

Yearly


Monthly


Table 9.11 Natural Gas Prices ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)

|  | Wellhead | Major Interstate Pipeline Companies |  | Clity Gate | Dellvered to Consumers ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Imports | Purchases from Producers |  | Residential | Commercial | Industrial | Electric Utilities ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | Average |
| 1973 Average ............... | 0.22 | NA | NA | NA | 1.29 | 0.94 | 0.50 | 0.38 | 0.73 |
| 1974 Average ............... | . 30 | NA | NA | NA | 1.43 | 1.07 | . 67 | . 51 | . 89 |
| 1975 Average ............... | . 45 | NA | NA | NA | 1.71 | 1.35 | . 96 | . 77 | 1.19 |
| 1976 Average ............... | . 58 | NA | NA | NA | 1.98 | 1.64 | 1.24 | 1.06 | 1.47 |
| 1977 Average ............... | . 79 | NA | NA | NA | 2.35 | 2.04 | 1.50 | 1.32 | 1.78 |
| 1978 Average ............... | . 91 | 2.21 | 0.83 | NA | 2.56 | 2.23 | 1.70 | 1.48 | 1.98 |
| 1979 Average ................ | 1.18 | 2.60 | 1.22 | NA | 2.98 | 2.73 | 1.99 | 1.81 | 2.34 |
| 1980 Average ............... | 1.59 | 4.42 | 1.63 | NA | 3.68 | 3.39 | 2.56 | 2.27 | 2.91 |
| 1981 Average .............. | 1.98 | 4.84 | 2.15 | NA | 4.29 | 4.00 | 3.14 | 2.89 | 3.51 |
| 1982 Average ............... | 2.46 | 4.94 | 2.72 | NA | 5.17 | 4.82 | 3.87 | 3.48 | 4.32 |
| 1983 Average ............... | 2.59 | 4.51 | 2.93 | NA | 6.06 | 5.59 | 4.18 | 3.58 | 4.82 |
| 1984 Average .................. | 2.66 | 4.08 | 2.91 | 3.95 | 6.12 | 5.55 | 4.22 | 3.70 | 4.85 |
| 1985 January ................ | 2.64 | 3.21 | 2.89 | 3.89 | 5.97 | 5.62 | 4.22 | 3.74 | 5.09 |
| February ............... | 2.71 | 3.08 | 2.87 | 3.94 | 5.86 | 5.53 | 4.26 | 3.68 | 5.12 |
| March ................... | 2.62 | 3.29 | 2.90 | 3.97 | 5.99 | 5.59 | 4.16 | 3.74 | 5.02 |
| April ...................... | 2.64 | 3.39 | 2.86 | 3.91 | 6.11 | 5.65 | 4.01 | 3.72 | 4.84 |
| May ..................... | 2.53 | 3.32 | 2.89 | 3.89 | 6.59 | 5.59 | 3.88 | 3.57 | 4.58 |
| June ..................... | 2.58 | 3.40 | 3.00 | 3.86 | 6.96 | 5.65 | 3.78 | 3.56 | 4.43 |
| July ...................... | 2.51 | 3.41 | 2.82 | 3.69 | 7.07 | 5.44 | 3.92 | 3.56 | 4.35 |
| August .................. | 2.47 | 3.28 | 2.69 | 3.70 | 7.21 | 5.42 | 3.94 | 3.46 | 4.30 |
| September ............ | 2.42 | 3.28 | 2.76 | 3.68 | 7.06 | 5.37 | 3.84 3 | 3.40 3.37 | 4.32 4.37 |
| October ................. | 2.37 | 3.16 | 2.68 | 3.59 | 6.50 | 5.30 | 3.78 | 3.37 | 4.37 |
| November ............. | 2.36 | 2.88 | 2.62 | 3.46 | 6.13 | 5.39 | 3.84 | 3.38 | 4.57 |
| December ............. | 2.28 | 2.79 | 2.67 | 3.45 | 5.70 | 5.25 | 3.70 | 3.29 | 4.68 |
| Average ............... | 2.51 | 3.18 | 2.81 | 3.75 | 6.12 | 5.50 | 3.95 | 3.55 | 4.72 |
| 1986 January ................. | 2.28 | 2.81 | 2.64 | 3.52 | 5.63 | 5.28 | 3.77 | 3.20 | 4.73 |
| February ............... | 2.26 | 2.79 | 2.60 | 3.52 | 5.67 | 5.28 | 3.77 | 2.85 | 4.72 |
| March ................... | 2.16 | 3.05 | 2.48 | 3.50 | 5.70 | 5.27 | 3.53 | 2.60 | 4.53 |
| April ...................... | 2.10 | 3.14 | 2.37 | 3.33 | 5.88 | 5.22 | 3.35 | 2.44 | 4.24 |
| May ..................... | 1.96 | 2.75 | 2.47 | 3.15 | 6.16 | 5.15 | 3.11 | 2.41 | 3.90 |
| June ..................... | 1.85 | 2.56 | 2.48 | 3.11 | 6.67 | 5.09 | 3.05 | 2.27 | 3.65 |
| July ...................... | 1.80 | 2.78 | 2.40 | 3.08 | 6.84 | 5.02 | 2.88 | 2.23 | 3.42 |
| August .................. | 1.77 | 2.22 | 2.59 | 3.04 | 6.94 | 4.90 | 2.81 | 2.22 | 3.39 |
| September ............ | 1.78 | 2.26 | 2.06 | 3.02 | 6.83 | 4.93 | 2.92 | 2.22 | 3.54 |
| October ................ | 1.73 | 2.22 | 2.27 | 2.94 | 6.38 | 4.88 | 2.93 | 2.19 | 3.71 |
| November ............. | 1.77 | 1.84 | 2.10 | 2.90 | 5.66 | 4.74 | 3.01 | 2.23 | 3.98 |
| December ............. | 1.76 | 1.99 | 2.16 | 2.99 | 5.28 | 4.73 | 3.00 | 2.35 | 4.15 |
| Average ............... | 1.94 | 2.51 | 2.38 | 3.22 | 5.83 | 5.08 | 3.23 | 2.43 | 4.13 |
| 1987 January ................ | 1.83 | 1.90 | 2.16 | 2.98 | 5.33 | 4.79 | 2.88 | 2.38 | 4.21 |
| February ............... | 1.83 | 2.21 | 2.11 | 3.03 | 5.36 | 4.75 | 3.05 | 2.41 | 4.31 |
| March ................... | 1.82 | 2.30 | 2.08 | 2.91 | 5.38 | 4.77 | 2.92 | 2.38 | 4.16 |
| April ..................... | 1.82 | 2.25 | 2.11 | 2.86 | 5.48 | 4.90 | 2.76 | 2.37 | 3.96 |
| May ...................... | 1.76 | 2.22 | 2.20 | 2.81 | 5.99 | 4.83 | 2.59 | 2.30 | 3.58 |
| June .................... | 1.75 | 2.26 | 2.19 | 2.83 | 6.57 | 4.81 | 2.55 | 2.26 | 3.35 |
| July ...................... | 1.74 | 2.73 | 2.22 | 2.91 | 6.79 | 4.80 | 2.63 | 2.31 | 3.33 |
| August .................. | 1.71 | 2.17 | 1.71 | 2.88 | 6.86 | 4.76 | 2.49 | 2.25 | 3.16 |
| September ............ | NA | 2.17 | 2.29 | 2.83 | 6.65 | 4.72 | 2.54 | 2.16 | 3.27 |
| October ................. | NA | 1.98 | 1.99 | 2.69 | 5.86 | 4.64 | 2.54 | NA | NA |

aprices shown on this page are intended to include all taxes. See Note 9 at end of section.
Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.
${ }^{\text {c Data }}$ through December 1982 cover all steam-electric utility plants with a capacity of 25 megawatts or greater. From 1974 through 1982, data include peaking units. Beginning with January 1983, data cover steam-electric utility plants with a capacity of 50 megawatts or greater.
${ }^{d}$ The decline from the previous month was primarily the result of refunds in the form of reduced charges.
$N A=$ Not available.
Notes: - Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Data through 1985 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary.
Sources: See end of section.

# Notes and Sources for the Price Section 

## Notes

1. The average domestic first purchase price represents the average price at which all domestic crude oil is purchased. Prior to February 1976, the price represented an estimate of the average of posted prices; after February 1976, the price represents an average of actual first purchase prices. The data series was previously called "Actual Domestic Wellhead Price."
2. FOB literally means "Free on Board." It denotes a transaction whereby the seller makes the product available with an agreement on a given port at a given price; it is the responsibility of the buyer to arrange for the transportation and insurance.
3. The landed cost of imported crude oil from selected countries does not represent the total cost of all imported crude. Prior to March 1975, imported crude costs to U.S. company-owned refineries in the Caribbean were not included in the landed cost, and costs of crude oil from countries that export only small amounts to the United States were also excluded. Beginning in March 1975, however, coverage was expanded to include U.S. company-owned refineries in the Caribbean. Landed costs do not include supplemental fees.
4. Beginning with January 1981, refiner acquisition costs of crude oil are from data collected on EIA Form 14, the "Refiners' Monthly Cost Report." These prices were previously published from data collected on ERA Form 49, the "Domestic Crude Oil Entitlements Program Refiners Monthly Report." The ERA Form 49 was discontinued with the decontrol of crude oil on January 28, 1981. Crude oil purchases and costs are defined for EIA Form 14 in accordance with conventions used for ERA Form 49. Also, the respondents for the two forms are essentially the same. However, due to possible different interpretations of the filing requirements and a different method for handling prior period adjustments, care must be taken in comparing the data collected on the two forms.

The refiner acquisition cost of crude oil is the average price paid by refiners for crude oil booked into their refineries in accordance with accounting procedures generally accepted and consistently and historically applied by the refiners concerned. Domestic crude oil is that oil produced in the United States or from the outer continental shelf as defined in 43 USC Section 1331. Imported crude oil is either that oil reported on ERA Form 51, the "Transfer Pricing Report," or any crude oil that is not domestic oil. The composite cost is the weighted average of domestic and imported crude oil costs.

Crude oil costs and volumes reported on ERA Form 49 excluded unfinished oils but included the Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR). Crude oil costs and volumes reported on the FEA Form P110-M-1 included unfinished oils but excluded SPR. Imported averages derived from ERA Form 49 exclude oil purchased for SPR, whereas the composite averages derived from ERA Form 49 include SPR. None of the prices derived from EIA Form 14 include either unfinished oils or SPR.
5. Several different series of motor gasoline prices are published in this section. U.S. City Average Retail Prices of Motor Gasoline are calculated monthly by the Bureau of Labor Statistics during the development of the Consumer Price Index (CPI). These prices include all Federal, State, and local taxes paid at the time of sale. For the period 1974 through 1978, prices were collected in 56 urban areas. For the period 1978 forward, prices were collected from a new sample of service stations in 85 urban areas selected to represent all urban consumers-about 80 percent of the total U.S. population. The service stations are selected initially, and on a replacement basis, in such a way that they represent the purchasing habits of the CPI population. Service stations in the current sample include those providing all types of service (i.e., full-, mini-, and selfserve).

Refiner and Gas Plant Operator Sales Prices of Finished Motor Gasoline for Resale and to End Users are determined by the Energy Information Administration in a monthly survey of refiners and gas plant operators (Form EIA-782A). The prices do not include any Federal, State, or local taxes paid at the time of sale. Estimates of prices prior to January 1983 are based on FEA Form P302-M-1/EIA-460, "Petroleum Industry Monthly Report for Product Prices," and also exclude all Federal, State, or local taxes paid at the time of sale. Sales for Resale are those made to purchasers who are other-than-ultimate consumers. Sales to End Users are sales made directly to the consumer of the product, including bulk consumers such as agriculture, industry, and utilities, as well as residential and commercial consumers.
6. Starting in January 1983, Form EIA-782, "Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report," replaced 10 previous surveys. Every attempt was made to continue the most important price series. However, prices published through December 1982 and those published since January 1983 do not necessarily form continuous data series due to changes in survey forms, definitions, instructions, populations, samples, processing systems, and statistical procedures. To provide historical data, continuous annual data series have been generated for 1978-1980, and monthly series for 1981 and 1982, by estimating the prices that would have been published had the EIA- 782 survey and system been in operation at that time. This form of estimation was performed after detailed adjustment for product and sales type matching, and for discontinuity due to other factors.

An important difference between the previous and present prices is the distinction between wholesale and resale, and between retail and end user. The resale category continues to include sales among resellers. However, bulk sales to utility, industrial, and commercial accounts previously included in the wholesale category are now counted as made to end users. The end user category continues to include retail sales through company owned and operated outlets but also includes the bulk utility, industrial, and commercial sales. Additional information may be found in "Estimated Historic Time Series for the EIA-782," a feature article reprinted from the December 1983 [3] Petroleum Marketing Monthly published by the Energy Information Administration.
7. Beginning with January 1986, national average price estimates are based on a statistically derived sample of both publicly and privately owned electric utilities. Prior to that time, national average price estimates were based on a sample of only privately owned electric utilities. Respondents to Form EIA-826, "Monthly Electric Utility Sales and Revenue Report with State Distributions," formerly the "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement," consist of a sample of 201 electric utilities that were statistically chosen using stratification techniques. The respondents were chosen from more than 3,000 electric utilities reporting on Form EIA-861, "Annual Electric Utility Report." This scheme differs from the cut-off sample used prior to January 1986. Data are shown for both the old and new series. Publication of both series will continue until sufficient information exists to estimate historical data based on the new series.
8. Heavy fuel oil prices include fuel oils No. 4, No. 5, and No. 6, and topped crude fuel oil prices. The weighted average for all fossil fuels includes both residual fuel oil prices and light oil (No. 2 fuel oil, kerosene, and jet fuel) prices.
9. Natural gas prices are intended to include all taxes. Instructions on the data collection forms specifically direct that all U.S., State, and local taxes, surcharges, and/or adjustments billed to consumers are to be included. However, sales and other taxes itemized on consumers' bills are sometimes excluded by the reporting utilities.

## Sources

## Petroleum and Petroleum Products:

- Domestic First Purchase Prices--Economic Regulatory Administration (ERA), January 1976: FEA Form 90, "Crude Petroleum Production Monthly Report"; February 1976 through September 1979: FEA Form P124, "Domestic Crude Oil Purchaser's (Monthly) Report"; October 1979 through December 1982: ERA Form 182, "Domestic Crude Oil First Purchase Report."; Janu-
ary 1983 forward: EIA Form 182, "Domestic Crude Oil First Purchase Report."
- Crude Oil Import Prices--Energy Information Administration (EIA), 1975 through January 1979: FEA Form F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report"; February 1979 through September 1982: ERA Form 51, "Transfer Pricing Report"; October 1982 through June 1984: EP Form 51, "Monthly Foreign Crude Oil Transaction Report"; July 1984 forward: Form EIA-856, "Monthly Foreign Crude Oil Acquisition Report."
- Refiner Acquisition Costs--EIA, January 1976: FEO Form 96, "Monthly Cost Allocation Report"; February 1976 through June 1978: FEA Form P110-M-1, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Allocation Report"; July 1978 through December 1980: ERA Form 49, "Domestic Crude Oil Entitlements Program Refiners Monthly Report"; January 1981 forward: EIA Form 14, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Report."
- U.S. City Average Retail Motor Gasoline Prices--Bureau of Labor Statistics.
- No. 2 Distillate to Residences--January 1983 forward, EIA Form-782A, "Refiners/Gas Plant Operators' Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report" and EIA-782B, "Resellers/Retailers' Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report." Prices prior to January 1983 are EIA estimates using data from FEA Form P112-M-1/EIA-9, "No. 2 Heating Oil Supply/Price Monitoring Report" and EIA Form 9A, "No. 2 Distillate Price Monitoring Report." See Note 8 on the previous page for additional information on the estimated data.
- All Other Petroleum Products--January 1983 forward, EIA Form-782A, "Refiners/Gas Plant Operators' Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report." Prices prior to January 1983 are EIA estimates using data from FEA Form 302-M-1/ EIA-460, "Petroleum Industry Monthly Report for Product Prices." See Note 8 on the previous page for additional information on the estimated data.


## Natural Gas:

- Average Wellhead--Annual data through 1982 from EIA, Natural Gas Annual, 1973 through 1982. Annual data for 1983 through 1986 from Form EIA-627, "Annual Quantity and Value of Natural Gas Report" and the U.S. Minerals Management Service. Monthly data are estimated primarily on the basis of values reported by State agencies in Mississippi, New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Texas. These States together account for almost 50 percent of total U.S. marketed production. Monthly data are adjusted to conform with final reported annual data.
- Imports and Purchases from Producers by Major Interstate Pipeline Companies--FERC Form 11,
"Interstate Pipeline Company Purchases, and Industrial Sales".
- City Gate--EIA, October 1983 forward: Form EIA--857, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Purchases and Deliveries to Consumers."
- Residential, Commercial, Industrial and Consumer Average-Annual data from EIA, Form EIA-176 "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." Monthly data from EIA, Form EIA-857, "Monthly Report of Natural Gas Purchases and Deliveries to Consumers." Monthly data are adjusted to conform to final reported annual data.
- Electric Utilities--EIA, FPC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."


## Electricity:

- Cost of Fossil Fuels--EIA, FPC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."
- Retail Prices--EIA, January 1973 through February 1980: FPC Form 5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenue and Income"; March 1980 through December 1982: FERC Form 5, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement"; January 1983 forward: EIA Form 826, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement."


## Section 10. International

Crude Oil Production. World crude oil production during October 1987 was 57 million barrels per day, up 0.4 million from the level in the previous month.

Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) production during October 1987 averaged 19 million barrels per day, up 0.4 million from the level during the previous month. Production by the Arab members of OPEC during October 1987 averaged 12 million barrels per day, up slightly from the September 1987 level. During October 1987, production increased in Iraq by 200 thousand and in Libya by 100 thousand barrels per day. Production in Kuwait decreased by 165 thousand barrels per day, in the United Arab Emirates by 100 thousand, in Saudi Arabia by 15 thousand, and in Qatar by 10 thousand barrels per day. Production remained the same in Algeria as during the previous month. Among non-Arab members of OPEC, production during October 1987 increased in Iran by 300 thousand, in Nigeria by 50 thousand, and in Indonesia by 10 thousand barrels per day. Production remained the same in Venezuela as during the previous month.

Among the non-OPEC nations, production during October 1987 increased in the United States by 103 thousand barrels per day, in the United Kingdom by 45 thousand, and in Canada by 10 thousand barrels per day. Production remained the same in Mexicoas during the previous month.

Petroleum Consumption. In July 1987, consumption in all Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) countries was 36 million barrels per day, 3 percent ${ }^{10}$ higher than the level in July 1986. Consumption was higher in Japan by 7 percent, in Canada by 5 percent, and in the United States by 4 percent, compared with levels 1 year earlier. Consumption in all European OECD countries combined in July 1987 was 12 million barrels per day, slightly above the level in the previous July. Consumption was higher in Italy
by 11 percent and slightly higher in the United Kingdom, but lower in West Germany by 3 percent and in France by 2 percent, compared with levels 1 year earlier.

Petroleum Stocks. For all OECD countries, petroleum stocks at the end of July 1987 totaled 3.3 billion barrels, about the same stock level as the end of July 1986. Stocks were lower in Canada by 4 percent and in the United States by 1 percent, but higher in Japan by 1 percent, compared with levels 1 year earlier. Stock levels in all European OECD countries as of the end of July 1987 were 1.1 billion barrels, slightly below the stock level in July 1986. Stocks were up in West Germany by 10 percent, and in France by 3 percent, but down in the United Kingdom by 7 percent and in Italy by 6 percent, compared with levels 1 year earlier.

Nuclear Electricity Generation. In October 1987, the 20 non-Communist countries with nuclear power capacity generated 123 gross terawatthours (billion kilowatthours) of nuclear-generated electricity, 4 percent more than in October 1986.

Based on Nucleonics Week information, as of October 31, 1987, with the addition of two French and two West German units, there were 334 operable nuclear generating units in the 20 non-Communist countries. These units had a collective gross generating capacity of 266.7 gigawatts (million kilowatts). The two West German units introduced this month at Hamm-Ventrop and Mulheim-Kaerlich, have been generating electricity since November 1985 and March 1986, respectively. However, these two units were not added to Nucleonics Week's nuclear electricity generation table until October 1987. Therefore, the generation figures in Table 10.4 b have been revised to include their generation.

In Octrober 1987, the 106 U.S. units accounted for 98.3 gross gigawatts, 36.9 percent of the total non-Communist nuclear generating capacity.
${ }^{10}$ Percentage changes are calculated using unrounded data.

Table 10.1a World Crude Oil Production (Thousand Barrels per Day)

|  | Algeria | Iraq | Kuwait ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Libya | Qatar | Saudi Arabia ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | United Arab Emirates | $\begin{gathered} \text { Arab } \\ \text { OPEC }^{\text {b }} \end{gathered}$ | Indonesia | Iran | Nigeria |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1973 Average .......... | 1,097 | 2,018 | 3,020 | 2,175 | 570 | 7,596 | 1,533 | 18,009 | 1,339 | 5,861 | 2,054 |
| 1974 Average .......... | 1,009 | 1,971 | 2,546 | 1,521 | 518 | 8,480 | 1,679 | 17,724 | 1,375 | 6,022 | 2,255 |
| 1975 Average ......... | 983 | 2,262 | 2,084 | 1,480 | 438 | 7,075 | 1,664 | 15,986 | 1,307 | 5,350 | 1,783 |
| 1976 Average ......... | 1,075 | 2,415 | 2,145 | 1,933 | 497 | 8,577 | 1,936 | 18,578 | 1,504 | 5,883 | 2,067 |
| 1977 Average .......... | 1,152 | 2,348 | 1,969 | 2,063 | 445 | 9,245 | 1,999 | 19,221 | 1,686 | 5,663 | 2,085 |
| 1978 Average .......... | 1,161 | 2,563 | 2,131 | 1,983 | 487 | 8,301 | 1,831 | 18,457 | 1,635 | 5,242 | 1,897 |
| 1979 Average .......... | 1,154 | 3,477 | 2,500 | 2,092 | 508 | 9,532 | 1,831 | 21,094 | 1,591 | 3,168 | 2,302 |
| 1980 Average .......... | 1,012 | 2,514 | 1,656 | 1,787 | 472 | 9,900 | 1,709 | 19,050 | 1,577 | 1,662 | 2,055 |
| 1981 Average ......... | 805 | 1,000 | 1,125 | 1,140 | 405 | 9,815 | 1,474 | 15,764 | 1,605 | 1,380 | 1,433 |
| 1982 Average .......... | 710 | 1,012 | 823 | 1,150 | 330 | 6,483 | 1,250 | 11,758 | 1,339 | 2,214 | 1,295 |
| 1983 Average .......... | 660 | 1,005 | 1,064 | 1,105 | 295 | 5,086 | 1,149 | 10,364 | 1,343 | 2,440 | 1,241 |
| 1984 Average .......... | 638 | 1,209 | 1,157 | 1,087 | 394 | 4,663 | 1,146 | 10,294 | 1,412 | 2,174 | 1,388 |
| 1985 January ............ | 640 | 1,250 | 1,118 | 1,000 | 270 | 3,510 | 1,100 | 8,887 | 1,380 | 1,942 | 1,423 |
| February ......... | 660 | 1,250 | 1,133 | 1,000 | 290 | 4,025 | 1,160 | 9,517 | 1,401 | 2,147 | 1,718 |
| March ............... | 690 | 1,200 | 1,092 | 1,000 | 315 | 3,835 | 1,215 | 9,347 | 1,369 | 2,249 | 1,728 |
| April ................. | 650 | 1,370 | 977 | 1,000 | 260 | 3,470 | 1,215 | 8,942 | 1,369 | 2,351 | 1,626 |
| May ................ | 650 | 1,300 | 946 | 1,100 | 290 | 2,590 | 1,160 | 8,036 | 1,264 | 2,045 | 1,474 |
| June ............... | 600 | 1,370 | 926 | 980 | 300 | 2,420 | 1,100 | 7,696 | 1,106 | 2,249 | 1,118 |
| July .................. | 600 | 1,450 | 946 | 910 | 320 | 2,740 | 1,155 | 8,121 | 1,369 | 2,249 | 1,016 |
| August ............ | 600 | 1,400 | 946 | 910 | 320 | 2,340 | 1,200 | 7,716 | 1,369 | 2,453 | 1,220 |
| September ....... | 650 | 1,600 | 987 | 1,100 | 295 | 2,980 | 1,285 | 8,897 | 1,264 | 2,249 | 1,474 |
| October ........... | 650 | 1,650 | 1,062 | 1,200 | 320 | 3,910 | 1,255 | 10,048 | 1,327 | 2,351 | 1,728 |
| November ........ | 680 | 1,700 | 1,057 | 1,200 | 300 | 4,200 | 1,250 | 10,388 | 1,369 | 2,249 | 1,789 |
| December ........ | 650 | 1,650 | 1,087 | 1,300 | 335 | 4,680 | 1,225 | 10,928 | 1,317 | 2,453 | 1,646 |
| Average ......... | 643 | 1,433 | 1,023 | 1,059 | 301 | 3,388 | 1,193 | 9,040 | 1,325 | 2,250 | 1,495 |
| 1986 January ........... | 650 | 1,650 | 1,115 | 1,100 | 360 | 4,465 | 1,245 | 10,585 | 1,459 | 2,100 | 1,200 |
| February .......... | 550 | 1,650 | 1,315 | 900 | 325 | 4,715 | 1,445 | 10,900 | 1,336 | 2,000 | 1,400 |
| March .............. | 600 | 1,650 | 1,515 | 900 | 350 | 4,115 | 1,395 | 10,525 | 1,336 | 1,800 | 1,600 |
| April ................. | 600 | 1,500 | 1,520 | 900 | 180 | 4,720 | 1,345 | 10,765 | 1,377 | 2,000 | 1,700 |
| May ................ | 600 | 1,700 | 1,510 | 1,100 | 360 | 4,360 | 1,495 | 11,125 | 1,464 | 2,100 | 1,600 |
| June ............... | 600 | 1,800 | 1,650 | 1,200 | 430 | 5,250 | 1,595 | 12,525 | 1,387 | 2,100 | 1,540 |
| July .................. | 600 | 1,800 | 1,805 | 1,150 | 400 | 5,905 | 1,595 | 13,255 | 1,382 | 2,050 | 1,555 |
| August ............ | 600 | 1,800 | 1,733 | 1,150 | 400 | 6,433 | 1,625 | 13,741 | 1,462 | 1,700 | 1,765 |
| September ....... | 600 | 1,800 | 1,118 | 990 | 280 | 4,818 | 1,345 | 10,951 | 1,346 | 1,500 | 1,300 |
| October ........... | 600 | 1,800 | 1,130 | 1,000 | 300 | 5,030 | 1,355 | 11,215 | 1,361 | 1,500 | 1,325 |
| November ........ | 600 | 1,600 | 1,350 | 1,000 | 300 | 5,350 | 1,195 | 11,395 | 1,407 | 1,700 | 1,325 |
| December ........ | 600 | 1,500 | 1,250 | 1,000 | 300 | 5,350 | 1,215 | 11,215 | 1,366 | 2,000 | 1,325 |
| Average ......... | 600 | 1,688 | 1,419 | 1,034 | 333 | 5,045 | 1,404 | 11,523 | 1,390 | 1,879 | 1,470 |
| 1987 January ........... | 600 | 1,650 | 1,200 | 950 | 285 | 3,900 | 1,195 | 9,780 | 1,280 | 2,600 | 1,240 |
| February .......... | 600 | 1,670 | 1,165 | 950 | 250 | 3,815 | 1,175 | 9,625 | 1,250 | 2,500 | 1,140 |
| March .............. | 600 | 1,700 | 1,105 | 850 | 200 | 3,255 | 1,155 | 8,865 | 1,265 | 2,500 | 1,230 |
| April ................ | 600 | 1,900 | 1,125 | 925 | 150 | 3,975 | 1,195 | 9,870 | 1,280 | 2,300 | 1,120 |
| May ................. | 600 | 1,900 | 1,090 | 930 | 280 | 4,140 | 1,225 | 10,165 | 1,300 | 2,600 | 1,285 |
| June ................ | 600 | 2,000 | 1,180 | 950 | 350 | 4,180 | 1,395 | 10,655 | 1,300 | 2,500 | 1,350 |
| July ................. | 670 | 1,950 | 1,340 | 1,100 | 450 | 4,540 | 1,565 | 11,615 | 1,330 | 2,500 | 1,350 |
| August ............. | 670 | 2,200 | 1,440 | 1,200 | 420 | 4,690 | 1,815 | 12,435 | 1,450 | 2,700 | 1,350 |
| September ....... | R 670 | 2,300 | R 1,340 | 900 | 330 | R 4,590 | 1,955 | R 12,085 | 1,310 | 2,100 | 1,300 |
| October ........... | 670 | 2,500 | 1,175 | 1,000 | 320 | 4,575 | 1,855 | 12,095 | 1,320 | 2,400 | 1,350 |
| 10-Mo. Avg. .... | 628 | 1,979 | 1,217 | 976 | 304 | 4,169 | 1,455 | 10,728 | 1,309 | 2,471 | 1,273 |

alncludes about one-half of the production in the former Kuwait-Saudi Arabia Neutral Zone. In October 1987, total production in that region amounted to approximately 350 thousand barrels per day.
${ }^{\text {b }}$ The Arab members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) are Algeria, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates.
c'Total OPEC' consists of Ecuador, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Nigeria, and Venezuela, as well as the Arab members.
dOther is a calculated total derived from the difference between world production and the nations represented above.
$R=$ Revised data.
Footnotes continued on following page.

Table 10.1b World Crude Oil Production (continued) (Thousand Barrels per Day)

|  | Venezuela | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { OPEC }^{\text {a }} \end{aligned}$ | Canada | Mexico | United Kingdom | United States | China | USSR | Other ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | World |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1973 Average ......... | 3,366 | 30,988 | 1,798 | 465 | 2 | 9,208 | 1,090 | 8,329 | 3,691 | 55,571 |
| 1974 Average .......... | 2,976 | 30,731 | 1,551 | 571 | 2 | 8,774 | 1,315 | 8,856 | 3,835 | 55,635 |
| 1975 Average .......... | 2,346 | 27,156 | 1,430 | 705 | 12 | 8,375 | 1,490 | 9,472 | 4,116 | 2,756 |
| 1976 Average .......... | 2,294 | 30,737 | 1,314 | 831 | 245 | 8,132 | 1,670 | 9,985 | 4,298 | 57,212 |
| 1977 Average .......... | 2,238 | 31,298 | 1,321 | 981 | 768 | 8,245 | 1,874 | 10,485 | 4,551 | 59,523 |
| 1978 Average .......... | 2,165 | 29,807 | 1,316 | 1,209 | 1,082 | 8,707 | 2,082 | 10,950 | 4,718 | 59,871 |
| 1979 Average .......... | 2,356 | 30,928 | 1,500 | 1,461 | 1,568 | 8,552 | 2,122 | 11,187 | 5,039 | 62,357 |
| 1980 Average .......... | 2,168 | 26,891 | 1,435 | 1,936 | 1,622 | 8,597 | 2,114 | 11,460 | 5,170 | 59,225 |
| 1981 Average .......... | 2,102 | 22,646 | 1,285 | 2,313 | 1,811 | 8,572 | 2,012 | 11,552 | 5,355 | 55,546 |
| 1982 Average .......... | 1,895 | 18,868 | 1,271 | 2,748 | 2,065 | 8,649 | 2,045 | 11,615 | 5,640 | 52,901 |
| 1983 Average ......... | 1,801 | 17,583 | 1,356 | 2,689 | 2,291 | 8,688 | 2,120 | 11,684 11,576 | 6,244 | 52,655 53,847 |
| 1984 Average ......... | 1,798 | 17,481 | 1,438 | 2,780 | 2,480 | 8,879 | 2,296 | 11,576 | 6,917 | 53,847 |
| 1985 January | 1,673 | 15,737 | 1,416 | 2,645 | 2,755 | 8,740 | 2,475 | 11,150 | 7,386 | 52,281 |
| February .......... | 1,678 | 16,904 | 1,462 | 2,695 | 2,625 | 9,025 | 2,475 | 11,150 | 7,426 | 53,735 |
| March .............. | 1,683 | 16,828 | 1,516 | 2,820 | 2,575 | 9,095 | 2,475 | 11,150 | 7,500 | 5,933 |
| April ................ | 1,678 | 16,414 | 1,415 | 2,835 | 2,610 | 9,043 | 2,505 | 0 | 7,582 | 53,527 |
| May ................ | 1,688 | 14,953 | 1,467 | 2,800 | 2,520 | 9,132 | 2,505 | 11,190 | 7,546 | 52,095 |
| June ................ | 1,673 | 14,261 | 1,463 | 2,565 | 2,430 | 9,022 | 2,505 | 11,130 | 7,309 | 50,670 |
| July ................. | 1,673 | 14,873 | 1,480 | 2,630 | 2,365 | 8,949 | 2,515 | 11,250 | 7,647 | 51,687 |
| August ............ | 1,673 | 14,867 | 1,447 | 2,805 | 2,195 | 8,803 | 2,515 | 11,290 | 7,638 | 51,538 |
| September ....... | 1,673 | 16,025 | 1,448 | 2,825 | 2,575 | 8,954 | 2,515 | 11,350 | 7,733 | 53,399 |
| October ........... | 1,673 | 17,606 | 1,485 | 2,760 | 2,645 | 8,970 | 2,525 | 11,390 | 7,730 | 55,080 |
| November ........ | 1,678 | 17,955 | 1,535 | 2,805 | 2,655 | 8,902 | 2,525 | 11,400 | 7,800 | 55,542 |
| December ........ | 1,683 | 18,516 | 1,517 | 2,750 | 2,420 | 9,030 | 2,525 | 11,390 | 7,771 | 53,881 |
| Average .......... | 1,677 | 16,240 | 1,471 | 2,745 | 2,530 | 8,971 | 2,505 | 11,250 | 7,590 | 53,277 |
| 1986 January ........... | 1,730 | 17,539 | 1,488 | 2,510 | 2,668 | 9,137 | 2,570 | 11,325 | 7,768 | 55,004 |
| February .......... | 1,730 | 17,831 | 1,396 | 2,125 | 2,727 | 9,173 | 2,570 | 11,385 | 7,891 | 55,097 |
| March .............. | 1,730 | 17,466 | 1,354 | 2,220 | 2,712 | 9,013 | 2,570 | 11,480 | 7,752 | 54,566 |
| April ................ | 1,730 | 18,052 | 1,389 | 2,360 | 2,582 | 8,864 | 2,570 | 11,530 | 7,312 | 54,658 |
| May ................ | 1,730 | 18,499 | 1,440 | 2,530 | 2,547 | 8,838 | 2,570 | 11,615 | 7,786 | 56,824 |
| June .............. | 1,755 | 19,797 | 1,556 | 2,550 | 2,200 | 8,623 | 2,570 | 11,625 | 7,725 | 56,645 |
| July ................. | 1,770 | 20,502 | 1,544 | 2,540 | 2,610 | 8,660 | 2,570 | 11,650 | 7,731 | 57,806 |
| August ............ | 2,115 | 21,233 | 1,531 | 2,570 | 2,600 | 8,374 | 2,570 | 11,700 | 7,929 | 58,506 |
| September ....... | 1,760 | 17,242 | 1,516 | 2,375 | 2,560 | 8,328 | 2,635 | 11,720 | 8,038 | 54,413 |
| October ........... | 1,750 | 17,551 | 1,533 | 2,325 | 2,575 | 8,419 | 2,635 | 11,745 | 7,995 | 54,777 |
| November ........ | 1,780 | 18,052 | 1,444 | 2,455 | 2,478 | 8,412 | 2,770 | 11,795 | 8,278 | 55,683 |
| December ........ | 1,855 | 18,206 | 1,458 | 2,570 | 2,348 | 8,352 | 2,770 | 11,790 | 8,332 | 55,825 |
| Average ......... | 1,787 | 18,505 | 1,471 | 2,430 | 2,550 | 8,680 | 2,614 | 11,615 | 7,878 | 55,743 |
| 1987 January ........... | 1,650 | 16,970 | 1,470 | 2,510 | 2,637 | 8,477 | 2,690 | 11,735 | 8,174 | 54,663 |
| February .......... | 1,640 | 16,565 | 1,480 | 2,540 | 2,566 | 8,318 | 2,690 | 11,710 | 8,152 | 54,021 |
| March .............. | 1,690 | 15,745 | 1,475 | 2,520 | 2,513 | 8,349 | 2,690 | 11,830 | 8,030 | 53,152 |
| April ................ | 1,655 | 16,375 | 1,450 | 2,530 | 2,534 | 8,426 | 2,690 | 11,760 | 8,129 | 53,894 |
| May ................ | 1,690 | 17,230 | 1,445 | 2,555 | 2,533 | 8,305 | 2,690 | 11,760 | 8,219 | 54,737 |
| June ................ | 1,750 | 17,745 | 1,475 | 2,530 | 1,933 | 8,263 | 2,690 | 11,760 | 7,981 | 54,377 |
| July ................. | 1,870 | 18,875 | 1,530 | 2,520 | 2,483 | 8,242 | 2,650 | 11,815 | 8,295 | 56,410 |
| August ............ | 1,800 | 20,045 | 1,560 | 2,545 | 2,448 | 8,190 | 2,650 | 11,805 | R 8,071 | 8 57,314 |
| September ....... | 1,730 | R 18,935 | 1,505 | R 2,560 | 2,453 | 8,190 | 2,650 | 11,975 | R 8,360 | 8 56,628 |
| October ........... | 1,730 | 19,355 | 1,515 | 2,560 | 2,498 | 8,293 | 2,650 | 11,805 | 8,334 | 57,010 |
| 10-Mo. Avg. .... | 1,721 | 17,797 | 1,491 | 2,537 | 2,460 | 8,305 | 2,674 | 11,796 | 8,175 | 55,235 |

Footnotes continued.
Note: - U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Monthly data are often preliminary figures and may not average to the annual totals because of rounding or because updates to the preliminary monthly data are not available.

Sources: - 1973-1986 annual data (except the United States): Energy Information Administration (EIA), International Energy Annual. - 1973987 U.S. annual and monthly data: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly. - 1985-1987 monthly data (except United States and world): Central Intelligence Agency, "International Energy Statistical Review," and other industry sources. - 1985-1987 monthly data for world: Sum of data for all countries using above sources.

Figure 10.1 Petroleum Consumption in OECD Countries


France


Canada


United States


West Germany


United Kingdom


Italy


Table 10.2 Petroleum Consumption in OECD Countries ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (Thousand Barrels per Day)

|  | Canada | France | Italy | Japan | United Kingdom | United States | West Germany | OECD <br> Europe ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Other } \\ & \text { OECD }^{\text {O }} \end{aligned}$ | OECD ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1973 Average ............... | 1,707 | 2,422 | 2,147 | 5,071 | 2,301 | 17,308 | 2,915 | 14,521 | R 1,006 | R 39,612 |
| 1974 Average ................. | 1,740 | 2,260 | 2,090 | 4,960 | 2,138 | 16,653 | 2,612 | 13,708 | 1,056 | 38,117 |
| 1975 Average ............... | 1,718 | 2,136 | 1,940 | 4,502 | 1,872 | 16,322 | 2,515 | 13,059 | , 999 | 36,600 |
| 1976 Average ............... | 1,751 | 2,280 | 1,991 | 4,771 | 1,856 | 17,461 | 2,708 | 13,813 | 1,068 | 38,864 |
| 1977 Average ............... | 1,779 | 2,235 | 1,907 | 5,231 | 1,880 | 18,431 | 2,837 | 13,795 | 1,123 | R 40,359 |
| 1978 Average ............... | 1,823 | 2,169 | 1,948 | 5,142 | 1,850 | 18,847 | 3,048 | 13,963 | R 1,117 | R 40,892 |
| 1979 Average ............... | 1,893 | 2,385 | 2,013 | 5,480 | 1,930 | 18,513 | 3,073 | 14,670 | 1,090 | 41,646 |
| 1980 Average .............. | 1,873 | 2,256 | 1,934 | 4,960 | 1,725 | 17,056 16,058 | 2,707 | 13,634 | R 1,072 | R 36,596 |
| 1981 Average ............... | 1,768 | 2,023 | 1,874 | 4,848 | 1,590 | 16,058 | 2,449 | 12,515 | 1,000 | 34,489 |
| 1982 Average .............. | 1,576 | 1,927 | 1,779 1 | 4,549 | 1,584 | 15,296 15,231 | 2,323 | 12,069 11,772 | 1,000 | 34,489 33,794 |
| 1983 Average ............... | 1,486 | 1,891 | 1,727 | 4,365 4,574 | 1,518 1,822 | 15,231 15,726 | 2,287 | 11,781 | 994 | 34,565 |
| 1984 Average ................ | 1,491 | 1,838 | 1,633 | 4,574 | 1,822 | 15,726 | 2,296 |  |  | 34,565 |
| 1985 January | 1,598 | 2,363 | 1,997 | 4,884 | 2,130 | 16,109 | 2,390 | 13,522 | 973 | 37,085 |
| February ................. | 1,564 | 2,022 | 1,919 | 5,259 | 2,274 | 16,121 | 2,271 | 13,076 | 1,026 | 37,046 |
| March ................... | 1,395 | 1,715 | 1,679 | 4,677 | 1,737 | 15,373 | 2,116 | 11,346 | 1,026 | 33,818 |
| April ..................... | 1,420 | 1,797 | 1,483 | 3,958 | 1,506 | 15,472 | 2, | 11,081 | 1,059 | 32,990 |
| May ..................... | 1,528 | 1,652 | 1,534 | 3,718 | 1,431 | 15,504 | 2,281 | 10,678 | 1,004 | 32,432 |
| June ..................... | 1,374 | 1,555 | 1,467 | 3,698 | 1,385 | 15,483 | 2,353 | 10,565 | 965 | 32,086 |
| July ...................... | 1,501 | 1,704 | 1,623 | 4,000 | 1,445 | 15,434 | 2,626 | 11,405 | 1,003 | 33,343 |
| August | 1,559 | 1,531 | 1,277 | 4,106 | 1,425 | 16,060 | 2,705 | 11,042 11,447 | 983 | 33,693 33,043 |
| September ............ | 1,515 | 1,777 | 1,729 | 3,999 | 1,486 | 15,099 15044 | 2,257 2,496 | 11,447 11,987 | 983 | 33,043 |
| October ................ | 1,572 | 1,865 | 1,719 | 4,004 | 1,502 | 15,944 15,503 | 2,496 | 11,637 | 1,037 | 34,189 |
| November ............. | 1,529 | 1,848 | 1,625 | 4,483 5,256 | 1,595 1,421 | 15,503 16,611 | 2,242 2,174 | 11,653 | 1,023 | 36,191 |
| December .............. | 1,649 | 1,773 | 1,947 | 5,256 4,333 | 1,421 1,607 | 16,611 $\mathbf{1 5 , 7 2 6}$ | 2,174 $\mathbf{2 , 3 4 7}$ | 11,613 | 995 | 34,183 |
| Average ............... | 1,517 | 1,799 | 1,666 | 4,333 | 1,607 | 15,726 | 2,347 | 11,613 |  |  |
| 1986 January . | 1,557 | 2,017 | 1,858 | 4,959 | 1,467 | 16,088 | 2,505 | 12,337 | 879 | 35,820 |
| February ............... | 1,572 | 2,335 | 1,844 | 5,211 | 1,771 | 16,186 | 2,743 | 13,339 | 949 | 37,257 |
| March ................... | 1,338 | 1,833 | 1,600 | 4,744 | 1,550 | 16,276 | 2,416 | 11,677 | 925 | 34,960 |
| April ..................... | 1,405 | 2,059 | 1,476 | 4,057 | 1,676 | 15,945 | 2,972 | 12,585 | 930 | 34,922 |
| May ..................... | 1,458 | 1,547 | 1,361 | 3,718 | 1,461 | 15,993 | 2,712 | 11,103 | 1,009 | 33,281 |
| June | 1,537 | 1,581 | 1,415 | 3,709 | 1,531 | 16,049 | 2,860 | 11,512 | 931 | 33,737 |
| July .... | 1,531 | 1,776 | 1,632 | 3,778 | 1,473 | 16,307 | 2,735 | 11,976 | 933 | 34,525 |
| August .................. | 1,505 | 1,748 | 1,318 | 3,978 | 1,531 | 16,618 | 2,245 | 11,332 | 975 | 34,407 |
| September ............ | 1,520 | 1,711 | 1,699 | 4,062 | 1,741 | 15,909 | 2,165 | 12,007 | 1,028 | 34,526 |
| October ................ | 1,618 | 1,720 | 1,902 | 4,272 | 1,570 | 16,602 | 2,199 | 11,787 | 1,017 | 35,296 |
| November ............. | 1,523 | 1,803 | 1,925 | 4,738 | 1,639 | 16,221 | 2,142 | 11,733 | 843 | 35,058 |
| December ............. | 1,654 | 1,892 | 1,998 | 5,416 | 1,592 | 17,131 | 2,267 | 12,497 | 1,066 | 37,763 |
| Average ............... | 1,518 | 1,832 | 1,668 | 4,383 | 1,581 | 16,281 | 2,494 | 11,980 | 958 | 35,119 |
| 1987 January | R 1,403 | 2,177 | 1,981 | 4,818 | 1,582 | 16,382 | 2,193 | 12,556 | 911 | R 36,070 |
| February ............... | R 1,647 | 2,073 | 1,747 | 5,075 | 1,568 | 16,721 | 2,456 | 12,636 | 824 | R 36,903 |
| March ................... | R 1,513 | 1,929 | 1,951 | 4,700 | 1,594 | 15,965 | 2,448 | 12,465 | 937 | R 35,579 |
| April | R 1,448 | R 1,840 | 1,573 | 4,015 | 1,548 | 16,501 | 2,351 | R 11,592 | 938 | R 34,495 |
| May . | R 1,581 | R 1,555 | 1,378 | 3,672 | 1,416 | 15,978 | 2,283 | R 10,623 | R 858 | R 32,712 |
| June ..................... | R 1,595 | R 1,686 | 1,626 | 3,896 | 1,496 | 16,815 | 2,526 | R 11,711 | R 974 | R 34,990 |
| July ...................... | 1,608 | 1,745 | 1,804 | 4,046 | 1,479 | 16,996 | 2,651 | 12,035 | 1,007 | 35,693 |
| 7-Mo. Average ..... | 1,541 | 1,856 | 1,724 | 4,310 | 1,526 | 16,475 | 2,415 | 11,938 | 922 | 35,186 |

aThe Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) consists of Canada, Japan, and the United States, as well as "OECD Europe" and "Other OECD."
b"OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom, and West Germany.
"'Other OECD" consists of Australia, New Zealand, and the U.S. Territories.
$R=$ Revised data.
$R=R e v i s e d . ~$
Notes: $-U . S$. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. - Data through 1984 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary.

Sources: • U.S. data: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly. • OECD data: OECD, Quarterly Oil Statistics, Monthly Oil Statistics.

Figure 10.2 Petroleum Stocks in OECD Countries, End of Perlod

## OECD



Japan


France


Canada


United States


West Germany


United Kingdom


Italy


Table 10.3 Petroleum Stocks ${ }^{\text {a }}$ in OECD Countries, ${ }^{\text {b }}$ End of Period (Million Barrels)

|  | Canada | France | Italy | Japan | United Kingdom | United States | West Germany | OECD <br> Europe ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Other } \\ & \text { OECD } \end{aligned}$ | OECD ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1973 Year .................... | 140 | 201 | 152 | 303 | 156 | 1,008 | 181 | 1,070 | 67 | 2,588 |
| 1974 Year .......................... | 145 | 249 | 167 | 370 | 161 | 1,074 | 213 | 1,227 | 64 | 2,880 |
| 1975 Year ..................... | 174 | 225 | 143 | 375 | 165 | 1,133 | 187 | 1,154 | 67 | 2,903 |
| 1976 Year .................... | 153 | 234 | 143 | 380 | 165 | 1,112 | 208 | 1,205 | 68 | 2,918 3,224 |
| 1977 Year ..................... | 167 | 239 | 161 | 409 | 148 | 1,312 | 225 | 1,268 | 68 | 3,224 3,122 |
| 1978 Year ..................... | 144 | 201 | 154 | 413 | 157 | 1,278 | 238 | 1,219 1,353 | 78 | 3,122 |
| 1979 Year .................... | 150 | 226 | 163 | 460 | 169 | 1,341 1,392 | 272 319 | 1,353 | 72 | 3,587 |
| 1980 Year ..................... | 164 | 243 | 170 | 495 | 168 | 1,392 | 319 | 1,464 | 67 | 3,531 |
| 1981 Year .................... | 161 | 214 | 167 | 482 | 143 | 1,484 1,430 | 2972 | 1,337 | 68 | 3,376 |
| 1982 Year .................... | 136 | 193 | 179 | 484 | 125 | 1,430 | 250 | 1,145 | 68 | 3,258 |
| 1983 Year ..................... | 120 | 153 | 149 | 471 480 | 119 | 1,454 1,556 | 240 | 1,132 | 69 | 3,364 |
| 1984 Year .................... | 127 | 153 | 159 | 480 | 113 | 1,556 | 240 | 1,132 | 6 |  |
| 985 January . | 128 | 140 | 146 | 472 | 114 | 1,512 | 239 | 1,071 | 70 | 3,253 |
| February ................ | 119 | 135 | 142 | 468 | 109 | 1,462 | 236 | 1,032 | 71 | 3,153 |
| March ................... | 118 | 142 | 145 | 479 | 117 | 1,460 | 240 | 1,053 | 65 | 3,175 |
| April ..................... | 111 | 146 | 148 | 491 | 121 | 1,473 | 235 | 1,053 | 67 | 3,195 |
| May ...................... | 108 | 136 | 144 | 492 | 125 | 1,508 | 234 | 1,063 | 65 | 3,237 |
| June ..................... | 119 | 130 | 142 | 489 | 119 | 1,511 | 239 234 | 1,050 | 62 | 3,207 |
| July ...................... | 127 | 128 | 126 | 480 | 117 | 1,516 | 234 | 1,022 | 62 | 3,200 |
| August .................. | 120 | 130 | 149 | 482 | 114 | 1,494 1,502 | 238 | 1,042 | 62 | 3,218 |
| September ............ | 119 | 129 | 149 | 483 | 115 | 1,496 | 233 | 1,056 | 65 | 3,230 |
| October ................ | 114 | 131 | 147 | 498 | 115 | 1,496 | 237 | 1,072 | 65 | 3,279 |
| November ............. | 116 | 130 | 154 | 503 | 119 | 1,523 | 237 | 1,072 | 67 | 3,286 |
| December ............. | 112 | 139 | 157 | 495 | 123 | 1,519 | 233 | 1,094 |  | 3,286 |
| 1986 January ................ | 111 | 127 | 157 | 495 | 118 | 1,535 | 232 | 1,071 | 66 | 3,277 |
| February ................. | 116 | 110 | 148 | 489 | 104 | 1,514 | 223 | 1,004 | 68 | 3,190 |
| March ................... | 114 | 112 | 149 | 489 | 113 | 1,489 | 229 | 1,023 | 70 | 3,184 |
| April ...................... | 107 | 115 | 154 | 480 | 113 | 1,479 | 224 | 1,015 | 65 | 3,146 |
| May ..................... | 102 | 122 | 151 | 488 | 121 | 1,506 | 230 | 1,052 | 67 | , 27 |
| June .................... | 106 | 127 | 152 | 493 | 119 | 1,543 | 228 | 1,064 | 67 | 3,272 |
| July ...................... | 112 | 121 | 154 | 513 | 125 | 1,573 | 230 | 1,074 | 68 | 3,340 |
| August ................... | 116 | 125 | 167 | 522 | 124 | 1,582 | 242 | 1,123 | 72 | 3,417 3,489 |
| September ............. | 117 | 142 | 167 | 527 | 123 | 1,618 | 247 | 1,155 | 72 | 3,489 |
| October ................. | 118 | 137 | 165 | 510 | 128 | 1,610 | 243 | 1,160 | 72 | 3,470 |
| November .............. | 113 | 138 | 159 | 520 | 125 | 1,612 | 250 | 1,146 | 71 | 3,462 |
| December ............. | 110 | 127 | 155 | 510 | 124 | 1,593 | 253 | 1,134 | 71 | 3,418 |
| 1987 January | 117 | 138 | 154 | 512 | 123 | 1,588 | 259 | 1,136 | 71 | 3,424 |
| February ............... | R 114 | 140 | 157 | 513 | 124 | 1,565 | 255 | 1,126 | 73 | R 3,390 |
| March ................... | 115 | 122 | 141 | 503 | 118 | 1,561 | 250 | 1,068 | 72 | 3,319 |
| April ...................... | 116 | 120 | 146 | 502 | 118 | 1,544 | 254 | - 1,064 | 68 | 3,294 |
| May ..................... | 109 | 126 | 154 | 509 | 123 | 1,546 | 255 | 1,094 | 70 | 3,328 |
| June ..................... | 106 | 123 | 151 | 520 | 111 | 1,552 | 257 | 1,081 | 69 | 3,328 |
| July ...................... | 107 | 125 | 144 | 519 | 116 | 1,563 | 253 | 1,070 | 72 | 3,331 |

aPetroleum stocks include crude oil (including strategic reserves), unfinished oils, natural gas plant liquids, and refined products. Petroleum stocks include all nonmilitary petroleum held for storage, regardless of ownership, within each country in bulk terminals, refinery tanks, pipeline tankage, intercoastal tankers, tankers in port, and inland ship bunkers. Data exclude oil held in pipelines (except for the United States), rail and truck cars, sea-going ships bunkers, service stations, retail stores, and tankers at sea.
bThe Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) includes Canada, Japan, and the United States, as well as "OECD Europe" and "Other OECD."
c"OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom, and West Germany.
'd"Other OECD"' consists of Australia, New Zealand, and the U.S. Territories.
$R=$ Revised data.
Notes: - U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. - In the United States in January 1975, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to bulk terminal and pipeline surveys affecting subsequent stocks reported. Using the new basis, the end-of-year U.S. stocks, in million barrels, would have been 1,121 in 1974, 1,420 in 1980, and 1,462 in 1982.

Sources: • U.S. data: EIA, Petroluem Supply Monthly. - OECD data: OECD, Quarterly Oil Statistics, Monthly Oil Statistics.

Table 10.4a Nuclear Electricity Generation by Non-Communist Countries ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (Billion Gross Kilowatthours)

|  | Argentina | Belgium | Brazil | Canada | Finland | France | India | Italy | Japan | Netherlands | Pakistan |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1973 Total .................... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15.3 | 0 | 14.7 | 2.5 | 3.1 | 9.4 | 1.1 | 0.5 |
| 1974 Total .................... | 1.0 | 0.1 | 0 | 15.4 | 0 | 14.7 | 1.9 | 3.4 | 18.9 | 3.3 | . 6 |
| 1975 Total .................... | 2.5 | 6.8 | 0 | 13.2 | 0 | 18.3 | 2.5 | 3.8 | 21.3 | 3.3 | . 5 |
| 1976 Total .................... | 2.6 | 10.0 | 0 | 18.0 | 0 | 15.8 | 3.2 | 3.8 | 36.6 | 3.9 | . 5 |
| 1977 Total .................... | 1.6 | 11.9 | 0 | 26.6 | 2.7 | 17.9 | 2.8 | 3.4 | 28.2 | 3.7 | . 3 |
| 1978 Total .................... | 2.9 | 12.5 | 0 | 33.0 | 3.3 | 30.6 | 2.3 | 4.5 | 53.1 | 4.1 | . 2 |
| 1979 Total .................... | 2.7 | 11.4 | 0 | 38.4 | 6.7 | 39.9 | 3.2 | 2.6 | 62.0 | 3.5 | (s) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| 1980 Total .................... | 2.3 | 12.5 | 0 | 40.4 | 7.0 | 61.2 | 2.9 | 2.2 | 82.8 | 4.2 | (3) 1 |
| 1981 Total .................... | 2.8 | 12.8 | 0 | 43.3 | 14.5 | 105.2 | 3.1 | 2.7 | 86.0 | 3.7 | . 2 |
| 1982 Total .................... | 1.9 | 15.6 | 0.1 | 42.6 | 16.5 | 108.9 | 2.2 | 6.8 | 104.5 | 3.9 | . 1 |
| 1983 Total .................... | 3.4 | 24.1 | . 2 | 53.0 | 17.4 | 144.2 | 2.9 | 5.8 | 109.1 | 3.6 | . 2 |
| 1984 Total ..................... | 4.5 | 27.7 | 2.1 | 53.8 | 18.5 | 191.2 | 4.1 | 6.9 | 127.2 | 3.8 | . 3 |
| 1985 January ................ | . 2 | 2.5 | . 4 | 5.7 | 1.7 | 21.9 | . 2 | . 8 | 12.2 | . 4 | (s) |
| February | . 4 | 1.7 | . 3 | 5.0 | 1.6 | 19.2 | . 2 | . 7 | 10.7 | . 3 | (s) |
| March ................... | . 5 | 2.0 | . 3 | 5.9 | 1.8 | 20.6 | . 4 | . 8 | 12.0 | . 2 | 0 |
| April ..................... | . 4 | 2.2 | . 1 | 5.2 | 1.6 | 17.7 | . 6 | . 7 | 11.8 | (s) | 0 |
| May | . 4 | 2.8 | . 2 | 2.4 | 1.2 | 15.9 | . 5 | . 7 | 13.0 | (5) 2 | 0 |
| June ..................... | . 4 | 2.8 | . 4 | 4.2 | 1.2 | 13.6 | . 4 | . 6 | 12.6 | . 4 | (s) |
| July ...................... | . 5 | 2.5 | . 3 | 5.7 | 1.4 | 16.1 | . 4 | . 6 | 12.5 | . 4 | (5) 1 |
| August ................... | . 5 | 3.2 | . 1 | 6.0 | 1.5 | 15.4 | . 2 | . 5 | 12.9 | . 4 | (s) |
| September ............ | . 5 | 3.3 | . 3 | 5.4 | 1.6 | 17.2 | . 3 | . 3 | 12.8 | . 4 | 0 |
| October ................ | . 6 | 3.9 | . 4 | 5.1 | 1.7 | 20.0 | . 4 | . 3 | 13.9 | . 4 | (s) |
| November ............. | . 7 | 3.9 | . 3 | 5.8 | 1.7 | 22.1 | . 4 | . 3 | 13.1 | . 4 | ( 1 |
| December .............. | . 7 | 3.8 | . 3 | 6.5 | 1.7 | 24.4 | . 4 | . 6 | 14.7 | . 4 | . 1 |
| Total .................... | 5.8 | 34.5 | 3.4 | 62.9 | 18.8 | 224.0 | 4.5 | 7.0 | 152.0 | 3.9 | . 3 |
| 1986 January ................ | . 6 | 3.8 | (s) | 6.5 | 1.8 | 25.6 | . 5 | . 9 | 15.0 | . 4 | (s) |
| February ............... | . 6 | 2.8 | 0 | 6.2 | 1.6 | 22.8 | . 4 | . 5 | 13.5 | . 1 | (s) |
| March ................... | . 5 | 3.6 | 0 | 7.0 | 1.8 | 23.6 | . 5 | . 9 | 14.5 | . 3 | (s) |
| April ...................... | . 5 | 3.7 | 0 | 6.0 | 1.7 | 21.0 | . 3 | . 9 | 12.4 | . 4 | (s) |
| May ...................... | . 7 | 3.2 | 0 | 5.7 | 1.4 | 16.3 | . 4 | . 7 | 12.8 | . 4 | (s) |
| June ..................... | . 4 | 2.9 | 0 | 5.4 | 1.1 | 16.7 | 4 | . 9 | 15.0 | . 4 | (s) |
| July ...................... | . 4 | 3.0 | 0 | 5.3 | 1.3 | 18.8 | . 5 | . 9 | 15.2 | . 4 | (s) |
| August .................. | . 6 | 3.1 | 0 | 6.6 | 1.4 | 16.5 | . 5 | . 9 | 14.8 | . 4 | (s) 1 |
| September ............ | . 6 | 3.1 | 0 | 6.2 | 1.5 | 19.0 | . 4 | . 9 | 13.4 | . 4 | . 1 |
| October ................. | . 2 | 3.2 | 0 | 6.6 | 1.8 | 22.4 | . 3 | . 8 | 12.7 | . 4 | (s) |
| November ............. | . 2 | 3.0 | (s) | 6.4 | 1.7 | 24.1 | . 5 | . 3 | 11.7 | . 3 | (s) |
| December .............. | . 3 | 3.3 | . 1 | 6.7 | 1.7 | 27.4 | . 5 | . 1 | 13.8 | . 4 | (s) |
| Total ................... | 5.7 | 38.6 | . 1 | 74.6 | 18.8 | 254.3 | 5.1 | 8.7 | 164.8 | 4.2 | (5) 5 |
| 1987 January ................ | . 7 | 4.1 | 0 | 7.2 | 1.8 | 27.3 | . 5 | . 1 | 14.7 | . 2 | 1 |
| February ............... | . 5 | 3.6 | 0 | 6.7 | 1.6 | 25.2 | . 5 | . 1 | 13.0 | (s) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | (s) |
| March | . 6 | 3.4 | (s) | 7.0 | 1.8 | 25.8 | . 4 | (s) | 15.1 | (s) 1 | (s) |
| April ....................... | . 7 | 3.3 | . 3 | 6.7 | 1.7 | 20.6 | . 5 | 0 | 14.4 | . 4 | (s) |
| May ...................... | . 6 | 2.9 | . 4 | 4.8 | 1.3 | 20.2 | . 4 | 0 | 14.2 | . 4 | (s) |
| June ..................... | . 4 | 2.3 | . 3 | 6.5 | 1.3 | 19.7 | . 5 | 0 | 13.9 | . 4 | (s) |
| July ...................... | . 7 | 3.2 | 0 | 6.8 | 1.4 | 18.3 | . 5 | 0 | 15.2 | . 4 | (s) |
| August ................... | . 1 | 3.6 | 0 | 6.5 | 1.6 | 16.1 | . 5 | 0 | 14.9 | . 4 | 0 |
| September ............ | . 4 | 3.6 | 0 | 6.3 | 1.7 | 20.0 | . 5 | 0 | 16.7 | . 4 | 0 |
| October ................. | 0 | 3.6 | 0 | 7.4 | 1.8 | 20.4 | . 3 | 0 | 17.4 | . 2 |  |
| 10-Month Total .... | 4.8 | 33.6 | 1.0 | 66.1 | 15.9 | 213.7 | 4.6 | . 2 | 149.4 | 2.8 | . 2 |
| 1986 10-Month Total ... | 5.1 | 32.3 | (s) | 61.6 | 15.3 | 202.8 | 4.2 | 8.3 | 139.3 | 3.5 | . 4 |
| 1985 10-Month Total ... | 4.4 | 26.8 | 2.8 | 50.6 | 15.4 | 177.6 | 3.7 | 6.1 | 124.3 | 3.1 | . 2 |

aFigures are for gross electricity generation, as opposed to net electricity generation. Net figures are generally less than gross figures by about 5 percent, the difference being the energy consumed by the generating plants themselves

$R=$ Revised data. (s)=Less than 0.05 billion gross kilowatthours.
Footnotes continued on following page.

Table 10.4b Nuclear Electricity Generation by Non-Communist Countries ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (continued)
(Billion Gross Kilowatthours)

|  | South Africa | South <br> Korea | Spain | Sweden | Switzerland | Taiwan | United Kingdomb | West Germany | NonCommunist World Excluding U.S. | United States | NonCommunist World |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1973 Total .................... | 0 | 0 | 6.5 | 2.1 | 6.2 | 0 | 28.2 | 11.9 | 101.4 | 87.8 | 189.3 |
| 1974 Total ........................ | 0 | 0 | 7.2 | 2.3 | 7.0 | 0 | 33.8 | 12.0 | 121.7 | 124.3 | 246.0 |
| 1975 Total ..................... | 0 | 0 | 7.5 | 12.0 | 7.7 | 0 | 30.5 | 21.7 | 151.8 | 182.3 | 334.1 |
| 1976 Total .................... | 0 | 0 | 7.6 | 16.0 | 7.9 | 0 | 36.8 | 24.5 | 187.1 | 201.8 | 388.9 |
| 1977 Total .................... | 0 | 0.1 | 6.5 | 19.9 | 8.1 | 0.1 | 38.1 | 36.0 | 207.8 | 264.2 | 472.0 |
| 1978 Total .................... | 0 | 2.3 | 7.6 | 23.8 | 8.3 | 2.7 | 36.6 | 35.7 | 263.5 | 292.4 | 555.9 |
| 1979 Total .................... | 0 | 3.2 | 6.7 | 21.0 | 11.8 | 6.3 | 38.5 | 42.2 | 300.1 | 270.6 | 619.8 |
| 1980 Total .................... | 0 | 3.5 | 5.2 | 26.7 | 14.3 | 8.2 | 37.2 | 43.7 53.4 | 354.3 442.4 | 285.4 | 619.8 730.9 |
| 1981 Total .................... | 0 | 2.9 | 9.4 | 37.7 | 15.2 | 10.7 | 38.9 | 53.4 63.4 | 442.4 | 288.5 | 788.5 |
| 1982 Total .................... | 0 | 3.8 | 8.8 | 38.8 | 15.0 | 13.1 18.9 | 44.1 49.6 | 63.4 65.8 | 489.9 573.9 | 313.6 | 887.5 |
| 1983 Total .................... | 0 | 9.0 | 10.7 | 40.4 | 15.5 | 18.9 | 49.6 54.1 | 65.8 92.6 | 573.9 717.7 | 313.6 343.8 | 1,061.5 |
| 1984 Total .................... | 4.2 | 11.8 | 23.1 | 51.3 | 16.3 | 24.3 | 54.1 | 92.6 |  |  |  |
|  | . 3 | 1.1 | 2.2 | 5.4 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 5.7 | 10.8 | 76.1 | 38.0 | 114.1 |
| 1985 February .................. | 0 | 1.3 | 1.9 | 5.0 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 5.6 | 10.1 | 68.3 | 32.4 | 100.6 |
| March ...................... | 0 | 1.5 | 2.8 | 5.6 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 6.6 | 11.7 | 77.4 | 32.5 | 109.9 |
| April ...................... | 0 | 1.3 | 2.4 | 4.5 | 2.2 | 2.7 | 5.1 | 10.6 | 69.0 | 28.3 | 97.3 95.6 |
| May ..................... | 0 | 1.5 | 2.3 | 3.9 | 1.9 | 2.8 | 4.7 | 9.3 | 63.8 | 31.8 | 95.6 |
| June ..................... | . 1 | 1.2 | 3.1 | 2.6 | 1.2 | 2.6 | 5.1 | 9.6 | 62.0 | 36.4 | 100.2 |
| July ...................... | . 8 | 1.1 | 2.2 | 3.1 | 1.3 | 2.2 | 4.1 | 8.4 | 63.7 | 36.4 36.8 | 102.3 |
| August .................. | . 8 | 1.2 | 2.1 | 4.3 | 1.0 | 2.2 | 3.8 4.9 | 9.5 10.3 | 65.5 70.7 | 36.8 35.9 | 106.6 |
| September ............ | 1.0 | 1.3 | 2.1 | 4.7 | 1.7 | 2.6 | 4.9 | 11.3 | 77.2 | 32.1 | 109.3 |
| October ................ | 1.1 | 1.4 | 2.2 | 5.4 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 4.3 | R 11.8 | R 79.7 | 31.7 | R 111.4 |
| November ............. | . 8 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 7.0 | 2.2 | 1.7 | 3.7 | R 11.8 | - 89.7 | 31.7 35.7 | R 124.7 |
| December ............. | . 9 | 1.9 | 2.6 | 6.9 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 6.0 | R 12.4 R 125.8 | R 89.1 R 862.4 | 402.6 | R 1,265.0 |
| Total .................... | 5.7 | 16.5 | 28.0 | 58.6 | 22.4 | 28.7 | 59.6 | R 125.8 |  |  |  |
| 1986 January ................ | 1.0 | 2.0 | 3.1 | 6.8 | 2.3 | 2.9 | 4.8 | R 12.1 | 90.0 | 38.1 | 128.1 |
| 1986 Jebruary ................. | . 6 | 1.7 | 2.5 | 6.4 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 5.3 | 10.4 | ${ }^{\mathbf{R} 79.8}$ | 34.1 | 113.8 R 117.3 |
| March ................... | . 7 | 1.5 | 2.4 | 7.2 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 6.4 | R 10.8 | R 86.2 | 31.2 | R 117.3 |
| April ...................... | . 7 | 1.6 | 3.0 | 6.7 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 4.2 | R 9.8 R 9.7 | R 77.0 | 32.2 33.7 | R 105.1 |
| May ..................... | . 7 | 2.4 | 3.6 | 4.8 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 4.4 | R 9.8 R 9.2 | R 71.4 | 33.2 | R 103.8 |
| June ..................... | . 2 | 2.2 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 5.1 | R 9.2 | - 70.6 | 38.2 |  |
| July ...................... | . 6 | 2.0 | 3.1 | 3.8 | . 9 | 1.8 | 4.1 | R 8.1 | R 70.2 R 70.5 | 38.0 | R 108.3 |
| August .................. | 7 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 4.3 | 1.0 | 1.9 | 4.2 | R 8.2 R 9.2 | R 70.5 R 74.3 | 39.2 37.9 | R 112.1 |
| September ............ | . 9 | 2.1 | 2.7 | 5.1 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 4.9 | R 9.2 | R 74.3 | 37.9 | - 117.9 |
| October ................ | 1.0 | 3.0 | 3.4 | 6.5 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 4.1 | R 8.9 | 80.0 | 37.9 | R 117.9 |
| November .............. | 1.3 | 2.2 | 3.4 | 6.9 | 2.1 | 2.8 | 4.8 | R 10.4 | н 82.3 | 36.3 | R 118.7 |
| December ............. | . 9 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 7.3 | 2.2 | 3.1 | 6.1 | R 12.1 | R 92.5 | 41.2 | 133.6 |
| Total .................... | 9.3 | 26.1 | 37.5 | 69.9 | 22.5 | 26.9 | 58.2 | R 118.9 | R 944.8 | 432.9 | R 1,377.8 |
|  | . 7 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 7.2 | 2.3 | 3.2 | 5.0 | R 12.2 | ${ }^{\text {R }} 93.9$ | 42.0 | R 135.9 |
| February | . 7 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 6.6 | 2.1 | 3.1 | 5.2 | ${ }^{\text {R } 11.8}$ | ${ }^{\text {R } 86.9}$ | 38.2 | R 125.0 |
| March ..................... | . 8 | 2.5 | 4.0 | 7.1 | 2.3 | 3.0 | 6.7 | ${ }^{\text {R } 12.6}$ | R 93.3 | 39.1 | R 132.4 |
| April ...................... | . 5 | 2.4 | 3.7 | 6.1 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 4.6 | R 10.7 | R 81.4 | 35.0 | R 116.4 |
| May ..................... | . 7 | 3.1 | 2.1 | 4.8 | 1.9 | 3.2 | 4.4 | R 8.7 | R 74.3 | 36.3 | R 110.6 |
| June ..................... | . 6 | 3.8 | 2.5 | 3.5 | 1.1 | 3.1 | 4.1 | R 8.6 | R 72.6 | 38.4 | R 111.0 |
| July ...................... | . 4 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 2.7 | 1.3 | 3.0 | 3.4 | R 8.6 | R 72.5 | 42.7 | R 115.2 |
| August .................. | . 8 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 4.1 | 1.0 | 2.9 | 4.0 | R 9.3 | - 72.4 | 43.2 | R 115.6 |
| September ............ | . 3 | 2.9 | 3.5 | 5.1 | 1.9 | 2.5 | 5.1 | R 10.3 | R 81.3 | R 41.9 | R 123.1 |
| October ................ | 4 | 3.2 | 3.9 | 6.0 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 3.9 | 12.0 | 85.1 | 38.1 | 123.2 |
| 10-Month Total .... | 5.9 | 30.6 | 33.2 | 53.3 | 18.4 | 29.0 | 46.3 | 104.7 | 813.6 | 394.9 | 1,208.5 |
| 1986 10-Month Total | 7.1 | 20.9 | 30.8 | 55.7 | 18.2 | 21.0 | 47.3 | 96.3 | 770.0 | 355.4 | 1,125.4 |
| 1985 10-Month Total ... | 4.1 | 12.8 | 23.2 | 44.7 | 18.0 | 24.5 | 49.8 | 101.7 | 693.7 | 335.2 | 1,028.9 |

Footnotes continued.
$\mathrm{R}=$ Revised data.
Notes: - U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Monthly data may not sum to annual totals due to independent rounding, revisions in annual data not reflected in the monthly data, or both. Data for countries may not sum to world totals due to independent rounding.

Source: Nucleonics Week (New York: McGraw-Hill Publishing Company).

## Conversion Factors

## Units of Measure

| Coal |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 1 metric ton | contains | 1,000 kilograms or $2,204.62$ pounds |
| 1 long ton | contains | 2,240 pounds |
| 1 short ton | contains | 2,000 pounds |
| Crude Oil (Average Gravity) |  |  |
| 1 barrel | contains | 42 gallons |
| 1 barrel | contains | 0.136 metric tons $(0.150$ short tons) |
| 1 metric ton | contains | 7.33 barrels |
| 1 short ton | contains | 6.65 barrels |
| Uranium |  |  |
| 1 short ton $\left(U_{3} O_{8}\right)$ | contains | 0.769 metric tons of uranium |
| 1 short ton $\left(U F_{6}\right)$ | contains | 0.613 metric tons of uranium |
| 1 metric ton $\left(U F_{6}\right)$ | contains | 0.676 metric tons of uranium |

## Approximate Heat Content of Petroleum Products

|  | Million Btu per Barrel 6.636 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Avpiation gasoline . . . . . . | 5.048 |
| Butane . . . . . . . | 4.326 |
| Butane-propane mixture ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 4.130 |
| Distillate fuel oil | 5.825 |
| Ethane | 3.082 |
| Ethane-propane mixture ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 3.308 |
| Isobutane | 3.974 |
| Jet fuel--kerosene type . . . | 5.670 |
| Jet fuel--naphtha type . . . | 5.355 |
| Kerosene | 5.670 |
| Lubricants | 6.065 |
| Motor gasoline | 5.253 |
| Natural gasoline | 4.620 |
| Pentanes plus | 4.620 |
| Petrochemical feedstocks |  |
| Naphtha $400{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ or less | 5.248 |
| Other oils over $400{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | 5.825 |
| Still gas | 6.000 |
| Petroleum coke . | 6.024 |
| Plant condensate | 5.418 |
| Propane | 3.836 |
| Residual fuel oil | 6.287 |
| Road oil . | 6.636 |
| Special naphthas . . . . . . | 5.248 |
| Still gas . . . . . . | 6.000 |
| Unfinished oils | 5.825 |
| Unfractionated stream | 5.418 |
| Waxes | 5.537 |
| Miscellaneous . | 5.796 |
| ${ }^{a} 60$ percent butane and 40 percent propane. ${ }^{\mathrm{b}} 70$ percent ethane and 30 percent propane. |  |

Approximate Heat Content of Fuels, 1973-1979

| Units | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 | 1979 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production ................................................ Million Btu/short ton | 23.376 | 23.072 | 22.897 | 22.855 |  |  |  |
| Consumption ............................................. Million Btu/short ton | 23.057 | 22.677 | 22.506 | 22.8598 | 22.597 | 22.248 22.017 | 22.454 |
| Non-electric utility users .......................... Million Btu/short ton | 24.878 | 24.783 | 24.745 | 24.861 | 24.701 | 24.496 | 22.100 24.626 |
| Electric utilities ........................................ Million Btu/short ton | 22.246 | 21.781 | 21.642 | 21.679 | 21.508 | 21.275 | 21.364 |
| Imports ................................................... Million Btu/short ton | 25.000 | 25.000 | 25.000 | 25.000 | 25.000 | 25.000 | 25.000 |
| Exports .................................................... Million Btu/short ton | 26.596 | 26.700 | 26.562 | 26.601 | 26.548 | 26.478 | 26.548 |
| Anthracite |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production ................................................ Million Btu/short ton | 22.132 | 21.711 | 21.582 | 22.045 | 22.661 | 23.079 | 23.170 |
| Consumption ............................................. Million Btu/short ton | 21.464 | 20.919 | 20.762 | 21.254 | 22.066 | 22.398 | 22.069 |
| Non-electric utility users ........................... Million Btu/short ton | 22.674 | 22.330 | 22.272 | 22.618 | 24.101 | 24.388 | 24.272 |
| Electric utilities ...................................... Million Btu/short ton | 17.920 | 17.200 | 17.064 | 17.526 | 17.244 | 17.104 | 17.454 |
| Imports and exports ................................... Million Btu/short ton | 25.400 | 25.400 | 25.400 | 25.400 | 25.400 | 25.400 | 25.400 |
| Bituminous coal and lignite |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production ................................................ Million Btu/short ton | 23.391 | 23.087 | 22.910 | 22.863 | 22.597 | 22.242 |  |
| Consumption ............................................ Million Btu/short ton | 23.073 | 22.694 | 22.522 | 22.509 | 22.266 | 22.014 | 22.449 22.100 |
| Residential and commercial ...................... Million Btu/short ton | 22.887 | 22.523 | 22.258 | 22.819 | 22.594 | 22.078 | 21.884 |
| Coke plants .......................................... Million Btu/short ton | 26.800 | 26.800 | 26.800 | 26.800 | 26.800 | 26.800 | 26.800 |
| Other industrial and transportation ............ Million Btu/short ton | 22.585 | 22.420 | 22.439 | 22.528 | 22.290 | 22.175 | 22.436 |
| Electric utilities ...................................... Million Btu/short ton | 22.262 | 21.799 | 21.659 | 21.692 | 21.521 | 21.284 | 21.372 |
| Imports ....................................................................................... Million Btu/short ton | 25.000 | 25.000 | 25.000 | 25.000 | 25.000 | 25.000 | 25.000 |
| Exports .................................................... Million Btu/short ton | 26.612 | 26.716 | 26.573 | 26.613 | 26.561 | 26.501 | 26.570 |
| Coal coke, imports and exports ....................... Million Btu/short ton | 24.800 | 24.800 | 24.800 | 24.800 | 24.800 | 24.800 | 24.800 |
| Crude oila |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production ................................................ Million Btu/barrel | 5.800 | 5.800 | 5.800 | 5.800 |  |  |  |
| Imports ..................................................... Million Btu/barrel | 5.817 | 5.827 | 5.821 | 5.808 | 5.800 5.810 | 5.800 5.802 | 5.800 5.810 |
| Exports ..................................................... Million Btu/barrel | 5.800 | 5.800 | 5.800 | 5.800 | 5.800 | 5.800 | 5.800 |
| Crude oil and petroleum products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Imports ................................................... Million Btu/barrel | 5.897 | 5.884 | 5.858 | 5.856 | 5.834 | 5.839 | 5.810 |
| Exports ................................................... Million Btu/barrel | 5.752 | 5.774 | 5.748 | 5.745 | 5.797 | 5.808 | 5.832 |
| Petroleum Products ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption ............................................ Million Btu/barrel | 5.515 | 5.504 | 5.494 |  |  |  |  |
| Residential and commercial ..................... Million Btu/barrel | 5.387 | 5.377 | 5.358 | 5.504 5.383 | 5.518 | 5.519 5.382 | 5.494 5.471 |
| Industrial .............................................. Million Btu/barrel | 5.565 | 5.537 | 5.527 | 5.535 | 5.552 | 5.546 | 5.416 |
| Transportation ........................................ Million Btu/barrel | 5.397 | 5.394 | 5.392 | 5.396 | 5.402 | 5.407 | 5.430 |
| Electric utilities ........................................ Million Btu/barrel | 6.245 | 6.238 | 6.250 | 6.251 | 6.249 | 6.251 | 6.258 |
| Imports ................................................... Million Btu/barrel | 5.983 | 5.959 | 5.935 | 5.980 | 5.908 | 5.955 | 5.811 |
| Exports ....................................................................................illion Btu/barrel | 5.752 | 5.773 | 5.747 | 5.743 | 5.796 | 5.814 | 5.864 |
| LPG consumption .................................... Million Btu/barrel | 3.746 | 3.730 | 3.715 | 3.711 | 3.677 | 3.669 | 3.680 |
| Natural gas plant liquids |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production ............................................... Million Btu/barrel | 4.049 | 4.011 | 3.984 | 3.964 | 3.941 | 3.925 | 3.955 |
| Natural gas |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, dry .......................................... Btu/cubic foot | 1,021 | 1,024 | 1,021 | 1,020 | 1,021 | 1,019 |  |
| Production, marketed (wet) ......................... Btu/cubic foot | 1,093 | 1,097 | 1,095 | 1,093 | 1,093 | 1,088 | 1,092 |
| Consumption ............................................ Btu/cubic foot | 1,021 | 1,024 | 1,021 | 1,020 | 1,021 | 1,019 | 1,021 |
| Non-electric utilities ........................................... Btu/cubic foot | 1,020 | 1,024 | 1,020 | 1,019 | 1,019 | 1,016 | 1,018 |
| Imports .............................................................................cubic foot | 1,024 1,026 | 1,022 1,027 | 1,026 1,026 | 1,023 | 1,029 | 1,034 | 1,035 |
| Exports ...................................................... Btu/cubic foot | 1,023 | 1,016 | 1,014 | 1,013 | 1,026 1,013 | 1,030 | 1,037 |

## Approximate Heat Rates for Electricity

| Fossil fuel steam-electric power plant generation ${ }^{\text {c }}$ $\qquad$ Btu/kilowatthour | 10,389 | 10,442 | 10,406 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nuclear power plant generation ......................... Btu/kilowatthour | 10,903 | 11,161 | 11,013 | 10,373 | 10,435 | 10,361 | 10,353 |
| Geothermal energy power plant generation........ Btu/kilowatthour | 21,674 | 21,674 | 11,013 | 11,047 | 10,769 | 10,941 | 10,879 |
| Electricity Consumption ................................... Btu/kilowatthour | 3,412 | +3,412 | 21,611 | 21,611 | 21,611 | 21,611 | 21,545 |
|  |  | 3,4 | 3,412 | 3,412 | 3,412 | 3,412 | 3,412 |

[^16]Approximate Heat Content of Fuels, 1980-1987


## Approximate Heat Rates for Electricity


apreliminary data.
bincludes lease condensate.
${ }^{\text {c }}$ Weighted averages of the products included in each category are calculated using heat content values shown on the first page of this section.
dThis thermal conversion factor is used for hydroelectric power generation and for wood and waste, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy consumed at electric utilities.

Sources: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation" on the following pages.

# Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation 

## Approximate Heat Content of Petroleum Products

Asphalt. 1973 forward: The Energy Information Administration (EIA) adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.636 million British thermal units (Btu) per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1956.

Aviation Gasoline. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 5.048 million Btu per barrel as adopted by the Bureau of Mines from the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation publication Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947-1985, 1968.

Butane. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 4.326 million Btu per barrel as published in the California Oil World and Petroleum Industry, First Issue, April 1942.

Butane-Propane Mixture. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines calculation of 4.130 million Btu per barrel based on an assumed mixture of 60 percent butane and 40 percent propane. See "Butane" and "Propane."

Distillate Fuel Oil. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.825 million Btu per barrel as reported in a Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Value of Various Fuels, adopted January 3, 1950.

Ethane. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 3.082 million Btu per barrel as published in the California Oil World and Petroleum Industry, First Issue, April 1942.

Ethane-Propane Mixture. 1979 forward: EIA calculated 3.308 million Btu per barrel based on an assumed mixture of 70 percent ethane and 30 percent propane. See "Ethane" and "Propane."

Isobutane. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 3.974 million Btu per barrel as published in the California Oil World and Petroleum Industry, First Issue, April 1942.

Jet Fuel, Kerosene Type. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.670 million Btu per barrel as published for "Jet Fuel, Commercial" by the Texas Eastern Transmission Corpora-
tion in the report Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947-1985, 1968.

Jet Fuel, Naphtha Type. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.355 million Btu per barrel as published for "Jet Fuel, Military" by the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation in the report Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947-1985, 1968.

Kerosene. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.670 million Btu per barrel as reported in a Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Values of Various Fuels, adopted January 3, 1950.

Lubricants. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.065 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1956.

Miscellaneous Products. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 5.796 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1956.

Motor Gasoline. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the Bureau of Minesthermal conversion factor of 5.253 million Btu per barrel as published for "Gasoline, Motor Fuel" by the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation in the report Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947-1985, 1968.

Natural Gasoline. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 4.620 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1956.

Pentanes Plus. 1984 forward: EIA assumed the thermal conversion factor to be 4.620 million Btu per barrel or equal to that for natural gasoline. See "Natural Gasoline".

Petrochemical Feedstocks, Naphtha 400 Degrees Fahrenheit or Less. 1973 forward: Assumed by EIA to be 5.248 million Btu per barrel, equal to the thermal conversion factor for special naphtha. See "Special Naphtha."

Petrochemical Feedstock, Oils Over 400 Degrees Fahrenheit. 1973 forward: Assumed by EIA to be 5.825 million Btu per barrel, equal to the thermal conversion factor for distillate fuel oil. See "Distillate Fuel Oil."

Petrochemical Feedstock, Still Gas. 1973 forward: Assumed by EIA to be 6.000 million Btu per barrel, equal to the thermal conversion factor for still gas. See "Still Gas."

Petroleum Coke. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.024 million Btu per barrel as reported in Btu per short ton in the Bureau of Mines
internal memorandum Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Value of Various Fuels, adopted January 3, 1950. The Bureau of Mines calculated this factor by dividing the $30,120,000 \mathrm{Btu}$ per short ton as given in the referenced Bureau of Mines internal memorandum by 5.0 barrels per short ton as given in the Bureau of Mines Form $6-1300-\mathrm{M}$ and successor EIA forms.

Plant Condensate. 1973 forward: Estimated to be 5.418 million Btu per barrel by EIA from data provided by McClanahan Consultants, Inc., Houston, Texas.

Propane. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 3.836 million Btu per barrel as published in the California Oil World and Petroleum Industry, First Issue, April 1942.

Residual Fuel Oil. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.287 million Btu per barrel as reported in the Bureau of Mines internal memorandum Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Values of Various Fuels, adopted January 3, 1950.

Road Oil. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 6.636 million Btu per barrel which was assumed to be equal to that of asphalt (see "Asphalt") and was first published by the Bureau of Mines in the Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1970.

Special Naphtha. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.248 million Btu per barrel which was assumed to be equal to that of total gasoline (aviation and motor) factor and was first published in the Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1970.

Still Gas. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines estimated thermal conversion factor of 6.000 million Btu per barrel and first published in the Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1970.

Unfinished Oil. 1973 forward: EIA assumed the thermal conversion factor to be 5.825 million Btu per barrel or equal to that for distillate fuel oil (see "Distillate Fuel Oil") and first published in the Annual Report to Congress, Volume 3, 1977.

Unfractionated Stream. 1979 forward: EIA assumed the thermal conversion factor to be 5.418 million Btu per barrel or equal to that for plant condensate (see "Plant Condensate") and first published in the Annual Report to Congress, Volume 2, 1981.

Wax. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 5.537 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the $P e$ troleum Statement, Annual, 1956.

## Approximate Heat Content of Fuels

## Petroleum

Crude Oil, Exports. 1973 forward: Assumed by EIA to be 5.800 million Btu per barrel or equal to the thermal conversion factor for crude oil produced in the United States. See "Crude Oil and Lease Condensate, Production."

Crude Oil, Imports. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by weighting the thermal conversion factor of each type of crude oil imported by the quantity imported. Thermal conversion factors for each type were calculated on a foreign country basis, by determining the average American Petroleum Institute (API) gravity of crude imported from each foreign country from Form ERA-60 in 1977 and converting average API gravity to average Btu content using National Bureau of Standards, Miscellaneous Publication No. 97, Thermal Properties of Petroleum Products, 1933.

Crude Oil and Lease Condensate, Production. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 5.800 million Btu per barrel as reported in a Bureau of Mines internal memorandum Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Values of Various Fuels adopted January 3, 1950.

Crude Oil and Petroleum Products, Exports. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each petroleum product exported and crude oil exported weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product and crude oil exported. See "Petroleum Products, Exports" and "Crude Oil, Exports."

Crude Oil and Petroleum Products, Imports. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each petroleum product and each type of crude oil imported weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product and each type of crude oil imported. See "Crude Oil, Imports" and "Petroleum Products, Imports."

Natural Gas Plant Liquids, Production. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors of each natural gas plant liquid produced weighted by the quantity of each natural gas plant liquid produced.

Petroleum Products, Consumption. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed, weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product consumed.

Petroleum Products, Consumption by Electric Utilities. 1973-1985: Calculated annually by EIA as the average
of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed at electric utilities, weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product consumed at electric utilities. The quantity of petroleum consumed is estimated in the State Energy Data System as documented in the State Energy Data Report. 1986 forward: Estimated by EIA.

Petroleum Products, Consumption by Industrial Users. 1973-1985: Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed in the industrial sector, weighted by the estimated quantity of each petroleum product consumed in the industrial sector. The quantity of petroleum products consumed is estimated in the State Energy Data System as documented in the State Energy Data Report. 1986 forward: Estimated by EIA.

Petroleum Products, Consumption by Residential and Commercial Users. 1973-1985: Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed by the residential and commercial sector, weighted by the estimated quantity of each petroleum product consumed in the residential and commercial sector. The quantity of petroleum products consumed is estimated in the State Energy Data System as documented in the State Energy Data Report. 1986 forward: Estimated by EIA.

Petroleum Products, Consumption by Transportation Users. 1973-1985: Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factor for all petroleum products consumed in the transportation sector, weighted by the estimated quantity of each petroleum product consumed in the transportation sector. The quantity of petroleum products consumed is estimated in the State Energy Data System as documented in the State Energy Data Report. 1986 forward: Estimated by EIA.

Petroleum Products, Exports. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each petroleum product weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product exported.

Petroleum Products, Imports. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each petroleum product imported weighted by the quantity of each petroleum product imported.

Petroleum Products, Liquefied Petroleum Gases (LPG) Consumption. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors of each liquefied petroleum gas consumed weighted by the quantity of each liquefied petroleum gas consumed.

## Natural Gas

Natural Gas, Consumption. 1973-1979: EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor calculated annually by the American Gas Association (AGA) and published in Gas Facts, an AGA annual.
1980 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content of natural gas consumed by the total quantity of natural gas consumed. Heat content and quantity consumed are from Form EIA-176.

Natural Gas, Consumption by Electric Utilities. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content of natural gas received at electric utilities by the total quantity received at electric utilities. The heat contents and receipts are from FERC Form 423 and predecessor forms.

Natural Gas, Consumption by Non-Electric Utility Users. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of natural gas consumed by non-electric utility consumers by the quantity of nonelectric utility natural gas consumed. Data are from Forms EIA-176, FERC Form 423, EIA-759, and predecessor forms.

Natural Gas, Exports. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of exported natural gas by the quantity of natural gas exported, both reported on Form FPC-14.

Natural Gas, Imports. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of imported natural gas by the quantity of natural gas imported, both reported on Form FPC-14.

Natural Gas Production, Dry. 1973 forward: Assumed by EIA to be equal to the thermal conversion factor for the consumption of dry natural gas. See "Natural Gas, Consumption."

Natural Gas Production, Marketed (Wet). 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by adding the heat content of dry natural gas production and the total heat content of natural gas plant liquids production and dividing this sum by the total quantity of marketed (wet) natural gas production.

## Coal and Coal Coke

Anthracite, Consumption. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of anthracite consumed by electric utilities and nonelectric utilities by the total quantity of anthracite consumed.

Anthracite, Consumption by Electric Utilities. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of anthracite receipts at electric utilities by the quantity of anthracite received at electric util-
ities. Heat contents and receipts are from FERC Form 423 and predecessor forms.

Anthracite, Consumption by Non-Electric Utility Users. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of anthracite production less the heat content of the anthracite consumed at electric utilities, net exports, and shipments to U.S. Armed Forces overseas by the quantity of non-electric utility anthracite consumption less the quantity of anthracite stock changes, losses, and unaccounted for.

Anthracite, Imports and Exports. 1973 forward: EIA assumed the anthracite imports and exports to be freshly mined anthracite having an estimated heat content of 25.40 million Btu per short ton.

Anthracite, Production. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of freshly mined anthracite (estimated to have an average heat content of 25.400 million Btu per short ton) and the heat content of anthracite recovered from culm banks and river dredging (estimated to have a heat content of 17.500 million Btu per short ton) by the total quantity of anthracite production.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Consumption. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite consumed by electric utilities, coal coke plants, other industrial plants, the residential and commercial sector, and the transportation sector by the sum of their respective tonnages.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Consumption by Coke Plants. 1973 forward: Estimated by EIA to be 26.800 million Btu per short ton based on an input/output analysis of coal carbonization.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Consumption by Electric Utilities. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content of bituminous coal and lignite received at electric utilities by the total quantity received at electric utilities. Heat contents and receipts are from FERC Form 423 and predecessor forms.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Consumption by Other Industrial and Transportation Users. 1973: Calculated by EIA through regression analysis measuring the difference between the average Btu value of coal consumed by other industrial users and that of coal consumed at electric utilities in the 1974-1982 period.
1974 forward: Calculated annually by EIA assuming that the bituminous coal and lignite delivered to other industrial users from each coal-producing district (reported on EIA Form 6 and predecessor Bureau of Mines Form 6-1419-Q) contained a heat value equal to bituminous coal and lignite received at electric utilities from each of the same coal-producing districts (reported on FERC Form 423). The average Btu value of coal by coal-producing district was applied to the
volume of deliveries to other industrial users from each coal-producing district, and the sum total of the heat content was divided by the total volume of deliveries.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Consumption by Residential and Commercial Users. 1973: Calculated by EIA through regression analysis measuring the difference between the average Btu value of coal consumed by residential and commercial users and that of coal consumed by electric utilities in the 1974-1982 period.
1974 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by assuming that the bituminous coal and lignite delivered to residential and commercial users from each coalproducing district (reported on EIA Form 6 and predecessor Bureau of Mines Form 6-1419-Q) contained a heat value equal to bituminous coal and lignite received at electric utilities from each of the same coalproducing districts (reported on FERC Form 423). The average Btu value of coal by coal-producing district was applied to the volume of deliveries to residential and commercial users from each coal-producing district, and the total of the heat value was divided by the total volume of deliveries.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Exports. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of exported metallurgical coal (estimated to average 27.000 million Btu per short ton) and the heat content of exported steam coal (estimated to have an average thermal content of 25.000 million Btu per short ton) by the total quantity of bituminous coal and lignite exported.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Imports. 1973 forward: EIA estimated the average thermal conversion factor to be 25.000 million Btu per short ton.

Bituminous Coal and Lignite, Production. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite consumption, net exports, stock changes, and unaccounted for by the sum of their respective tonnages. Consumers' stock changes by sectors were assumed to have the same conversion factor as the consumption sector. Producers' stock changes and unaccounted for were assumed to have the same conversion factor as consumption by all users.

Coal, Consumption. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite consumption by the sum of their respective tonnages.

## Coal, Consumption by Electric Utilities. 1973 forward:

 Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite received at electric utilities by the sum of their respective tonnages received.Coal, Consumption by Non-Electric Utility Users. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite
and anthracite consumed by non-electric utility users by the sum of their respective tonnages.

Coal, Exports. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite exported by the sum of their respective tonnages.

Coal, Imports. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite imported by the sum of their respective tonnages.

Coal, Production. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the sum of the total heat content of bituminous coal and lignite and anthracite production by the sum of their respective tonnages.

Coal Coke, Imports and Exports. 1973 forward: EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines estimate of 24.800 million Btu per short ton.

## Approximate Heat Rates for Electricity

Fossil Fuel Steam-Electric Power Plant Generation. There is no generally accepted practice for measuring
the thermal conversion rates for power plants that generate electricity from hydroelectric, wood and waste, wind photovoltaic, or solar thermal electric energy sources. EIA has selected a rate that is equal to the prevailing annual average heat rate factor for fossilfueled steam-electric power plants. By using this factor, it is possible to evaluate fossil fuel requirements for replacing these sources during periods of interruption such as drought. The heat content of a kilowatthour of electricity produced, regardless of the generation process, is 3,412 Btu per kilowatthour. 1973 forward: The weighted annual average heat rate for fossil-fueled steam-electric power plants in the United States as published by EIA in Historical Plant Cost and Annual Production Expenses for Selected Electric Plants.

Geothermal Energy Power Plant Generation. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by weighting the average annual heat rates of operating geothermal units by the installed nameplate capacities as reported on Form FPC-12. 1982 forward: Estimated annually by EIA based on an informal survey of relevant plants.

Nuclear Power Plant Generation. 1973 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content consumed in reactors at nuclear plants by the total (net) electricity generated by nuclear plants as reported on Form FERC-1, EIA-412 and predecessor forms.

## Glossary

Anthracite: A hard, black, lustrous coal containing a high percentage of fixed carbon and a low percentage of volatile matter. It is often referred to as hard coal. It includes meta-anthracite and semianthracite and conforms to ASTM Specification D388 for anthracite.

ASTM: The acronym for the American Society for Testing and Materials.

Base Gas: The volume of gas needed as a permanent inventory to maintain adequate underground storage reservoir pressures and deliverability rates throughout the withdrawal season. All native gas is included in the base gas volume.

Bituminous Coal: A coal that is high in carbonaceous matter having a volatility greater than anthracite and a calorific value greater than lignite. In the United States, it is often referred to as soft coal. In this report, "bituminous coal" conforms to ASTM Specification D388 for bituminous and subbituminous coal. It is used primarily for electricity generation, coke production, and space heating.

British Thermal Unit (Btu): The amount of energy required to raise the temperature of 1 pound of water $1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ at or near $39.2^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. One Btu is equivalent to about 252 International Steam Table calories. An average Btu content of fuel is a heat value per unit quantity of fuel as determined from tests of fuel samples.

Butane: A normally gaseous, paraffinic hydrocarbon $\left(C_{4} H_{10}\right)$ extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams. It includes isobutane (branch-chain) and normal butane (straight-chain) and is covered by ASTM Specification 1835 and Natural Gas Processors Specifications for commercial butane. It is used primarily for blending into high-octane gasoline, for residential and commercial heating, and for industrial purposes, especially the manufacture of chemicals and synthetic rubber.

Butylene: A normally gaseous, olefinic hydrocarbon $\left(\mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{8}\right)$ recovered from refinery processes. Quantities are included with "normal butane" data.

City Gate Price of Natural Gas: Price of natural gas at the point it is transferred from a pipeline company to a local distribution company.

Coal: Includes all ranks of coal--anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, and lignite--conforming to ASTM Specification D388.

Coal Coke: The strong, porous residue, consisting of carbon and mineral ash, that is formed when the volatile constituents of bituminous coal are driven off by heat in the absence of or in a limited supply of air. It is used primarily in blast furnaces for smelting ores, especially iron ore.

Commercial Sector: Nonmanufacturing business establishments, including hotels, motels, restaurants, wholesale businesses, retail stores, laundries, and other service enterprises; health, social, and educational institutions; and Federal, State, and local governments. Street lights, pumps, bridges, and public services are also included. (For allocation of individual fuels to end-use sectors, see the Notes and Sources for Section 2.)

Crude Oil Average Domestic First Purchase Price: The average price at which all domestic crude oil is purchased. Prior to February 1976, the price represented an estimate of the average of posted prices; after February 1976, the price represents an average of actual first purchase prices. This price is frequently called the wellhead price.

Crude Oil (including lease condensate): A mixture of hydrocarbons that exists in liquid phase in underground reservoirs and remains liquid at atmospheric pressure after passing through surface separating facilities. Included are lease condensate and liquid hydrocarbons produced from tar sands, gilsonite, and oil shale. Drip gases are also included, but topped crude oil (residual oil) and other unfinished oils are excluded. Liquids produced at natural gas processing plants and mixed with crude oil are excluded where identifiable.

Crude Oil Refinery Input: Total crude oil (including lease condensate) input to crude oil distillation units and other processing units.

Crude Oil Stocks: Stocks of crude oil and lease condensate held at refineries, in pipelines, at pipeline terminals, and on leases.

Degree-Day Normals: Simple arithmetic averages of monthly or annual degree-days over a long period of time (usually the 30 -year period 1951-1980). These may
be simple degree-day normals or population-weighted degree-day normals.

Degree-Days, Cooling: The number of degrees per day that the daily average temperature is above $65^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. The daily average temperature is the mean of the maximum and minimum temperatures for a 24 -hour period.

Degree-Days, Heating: The number of degrees per day that the daily average temperature is below $65^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. The daily average temperature is the mean of the maximum and minimum temperatures for a 24 -hour period.

Degree-Days, Population-Weighted: Heating or cooling degree-days weighted by the population of the area in which the degree-days are recorded. To compute State population-weighted degree-days, each State is divided into from one to nine climatically homogeneous divisions which are assigned weights based on the ratio of the population of the division to the total population of the State. Degree-day readings for each division are multiplied by the corresponding population weight for each division and these products are then summed to arrive at the State population-weighted degree-day figure.

To compute national population-weighted degreedays, the Nation is divided into nine Census regions, each composed of from three to eight States. The regions are assigned weights based on the ratio of the population of the region to the total population of the Nation. Degree-day readings for each region are multiplied by the corresponding population weight for each region and these products are then summed to arrive at the national population-weighted degree-day figure.

Development Well: A well drilled within the proved area of an oil or gas reservoir to the depth of a stratigraphic horizon known to be productive.

Distillate Fuel Oil: Light fuel oils distilled during the refining process and used primarily for space heating, on- and off-highway diesel engine fuel (including railroad engine fuel and fuel for agricultural machinery), and electric power generation. Included are products known as No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 fuel oils, and No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 diesel fuels, conforming to ASTM Specifications D396 or D975, respectively. No. 1 fuel oil is a light distillate fuel oil used in vaporizing pot-type burners. No. 2 fuel oil is used in atomizing-type burners for domestic heating or for moderate capacity commercial-industrial burner units. No. 4 fuel oil is a blend of distillate fuel oil and residual fuel oil that is used in commercial burner installations not equipped with preheating facilities; it is used extensively in industrial plants. Diesel fuel oils are used in compressionignition engines.

Dry Hole: An exploratory or development well found to be incapable of producing either oil or gas in suffi-
cient quantities to justify completion as an oil or gas well.

Electrical System Energy Losses: The amount of energy lost during generation, transmission, and distribution of electricity, including plant use and unaccounted for electrical energy.

Electricity Generation: Net electricity (gross electricity output measured at the generator terminals, minus power plant use) generated at electric utilities. Excludes industrial electricity generation. International data are gross electricity output.

Electricity Sales: The gross electricity output measured at the generator terminals, minus power plant use and transmission and distribution losses. Included in each end-use sector are the following: commercial sales of electricity to businesses that generally require less than 1,000 kilowatts of service; industrial sales of electricity to businesses that generally require more than 1,000 kilowatts of service; residential sales of electricity to residences for household purposes; "other" sales of electricity to government, railways, street lighting authorities, and sales not elsewhere included.

Electric Utility: A corporation, person, agency, authority, or other entity that owns or operates facilities for the generation, transmission, distribution, or sale of electricity, primarily for use by the public.

Electric Utility Sector: Privately and publicly owned establishments that generate electricity primarily for use by the public.

Ethane: A normally gaseous, paraffinic hydrocarbon $\left(C_{2} H_{6}\right)$ extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams. It is used primarily as petrochemical feedstock for production of chemicals and plastic materials.

Ethylene: A normally gaseous, olefinic hydrocarbon $\left(C_{2} H_{4}\right)$ recovered from refinery processes. Quantities are included with "ethane" data.

Exploratory Well: A well drilled to find and produce oil or gas in an unproved area; to find a new reservoir in a field previously found to be productive of oil or gas in another reservoir; or to extend the limit of a known oil or gas reservoir.

Exports: Shipments of goods from the 50 States and the District of Columbia to foreign countries, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and other U.S. possessions and territories.
F.o.b. (free on board) Price of Imported Crude Oil: The f.o.b. price is the price actually charged at the producing country's port of loading. The reported price includes deductions for any rebates and discounts and additions of premiums where applicable; it should be the actual price paid with no adjustments for credit terms.

Fossil Fuel Steam-Electric Power Plant: An electricity generation plant in which the prime mover is a turbine rotated by high-pressure steam produced in a boiler by heat from burning fossil fuels.

Gas Well: A well completed for the production of natural gas from one or more gas zones or reservoirs. (Wells producing both crude oil and natural gas are classified as oil wells.)

Geothermal Energy (as used at electric utilities): Hot water or steam, extracted from geothermal reservoirs in the earth's crust, which is supplied to steam turbines at electric utilities that drive generators to produce electricity.

Gross National Product (GNP): The total value of goods and services produced by the Nation's economy, before deduction of depreciation charges and other allowances for capital consumption. It includes the total purchases of goods and services by private consumers and government, gross private domestic capital investment, and net foreign trade.

Hydroelectric Power: Electricity generated by an electric power plant whose turbines are driven by falling water.

Imports: Receipts of goods into the 50 States and the District of Columbia from foreign countries, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and other U.S. possessions and territories. (See Petroleum Imports.)

Industrial Sector: Manufacturing, construction, mining, agriculture, fishing, and forestry establishments. (For allocation of individual fuels to end-use sectors, see the Notes and Sources for Section 2.)

## Isobutane: See Butane.

Landed Cost of Crude Oil Imports: The price of imported crude oil at the port of discharge. It includes the purchase price at the foreign port plus charges for transporting and insuring the crude oil from the purchase point to the port of discharge. It does not include import tariffs or fees, wharfage charges, or demurrage costs. Coverage includes the United States and its territories.

Lease and Plant Fuel: Natural gas used in lease operations, as gas processing plant fuel, and as net used for gas lift.

Lease Condensate: A natural gas liquid recovered from gas-well gas (associated and nonassociated) in lease separators or natural gas field facilities. Lease condensate consists primarily of pentanes and heavier hydrocarbons. Generally, it is blended with crude oil for refining.

Lignite: A brownish-black coal of low rank with high inherent moisture and volatile matter. It is also referred
to as brown coal. It conforms to ASTM Specification D388 for lignite and is used almost exclusively for electric power generation.

Liquefied Petroleum Gases (LPG): Ethane, propane, normal butane, ethane-propane mixtures, propanebutane mixtures, and isobutane produced at natural gas processing plants, including plants that fractionate raw natural gas plant liquids. LPG also includes liquefied refinery gases (ethylene, propylene, butylene, and isobutylene produced from crude oil at refineries).

Motor Gasoline, Finished: A complex mixture of relatively volatile hydrocarbons, with or without small quantities of additives, that have been blended to form a fuel suitable for use in spark-ignition engines and conforming to ASTM Specification D439. Included are finished leaded gasoline, finished unleaded gasoline, and gasohol. Excluded are blendstock that has not been blended into finished motor gasoline and alcohol that has not been blended into gasohol.

Motor Gasoline, Leaded Premium: A gasoline having an antiknock index of 93 with the use of lead additives or which contains more than 0.05 grams of lead per gallon or more than 0.005 grams of phosphorus per gallon. Includes gasohol.

Motor Gasoline, Leaded Regular: A gasoline having an antiknock index of 89 with the use of lead additives or which contains more than 0.05 grams of lead per gallon or more than 0.005 grams of phosphorus per gallon.

Motor Gasoline, Total: Includes finished leaded motor gasoline (premium and regular), finished unleaded motor gasoline (premium and regular), motor gasoline blending components, and gasohol.

Motor Gasoline, Unleaded Premium: A gasoline having an antiknock index of 90 containing not more than 0.05 grams of lead per gallon and not more than 0.005 grams of phosphorus per gallon. Includes gasohol.

Motor Gasoline, Unleaded Regular: A gasoline having an antiknock index of 87 containing not more than 0.05 grams of lead per gallon and not more than 0.005 grams of phosphorus per gallon.

Natural Gas: A mixture of hydrocarbons and small quantities of various nonhydrocarbons existing in the gaseous phase or in solution with crude oil in underground reservoirs.

Natural Gas Plant Liquids (NGPL): Those natural gas liquids that are recovered from natural gas processing plants, and in some situations, from natural gas field facilities, as well as those that are extracted by fractionators. Natural gas plant liquids are defined according to the published specifications of the ASTM and the Gas Processors Association and are classified as follows: ethane, propane, normal butane, isobutane,
pentanes plus, and other products from natural gas processing plants (i.e., products meeting the standards for finished petroleum products produced at natural gas processing plants, such as finished motor gasoline, finished aviation gasoline, special naphthas, kerosene, distillate fuel oil, and miscellaneous products).

Natural Gas Wellhead Price: The wellhead price of natural gas is calculated by dividing the total reported value at the wellhead by the total quantity produced as reported by the appropriate agencies of individual producing States and the U.S. Geological Survey. The price includes all costs prior to shipment from the lease including gathering and compression costs in addition to State production, severance, and similar charges.

Net Electricity Generation: Gross generation less electricity consumed at the generating plant for station use. Electricity required for pumping at pumped-storage plants is regarded as plant use and is deducted from gross generation.

## Normal Butane: See Butane.

Nuclear Energy: Electricity generated by an electric power plant whose turbines are driven by steam generated in a reactor by heat from the fissioning of nuclear fuel.

Oil Well: A well completed for the production of crude oil from one or more oil zones or reservoirs. Wells producing both crude oil and natural gas are classified as oil wells.

Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD): Current members: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, West Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, United Kingdom, and the United States and its territories (Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands).

Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC): Current members: Algeria, Ecuador, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela. Data for Saudi Arabia and Kuwait include their shares from the Partitioned Zone (formerly Neutral Zone).

Pentanes Plus: A mixture of hydrocarbons, mostly pentanes and heavier, extracted from natural gas. This product includes isopentane, natural gasoline, and plant condensate.

Petroleum: A generic term applied to oil and oil products in all forms, such as crude oil, lease condensate, unfinished oils, petroleum products, natural gas plant liquids, and nonhydrocarbon compounds blended into finished petroleum products.

Petroleum Coke: A solid residue that is the final product of the condensation process in cracking. It consists of aromatic hydrocarbons very poor in hydrogen. Calcination of petroleum coke can yield almost pure carbon or artificial graphite suitable for production of carbon or graphite electrodes, structural graphite, motor brushes, dry cells, and similar products. This product is reported as marketable or catalyst coke.

Petroleum Imports: Imports of petroleum into the 50 States and the District of Columbia from foreign countries, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, other U.S. territories and possessions, and the U.S. Foreign Trade Zones. Included are imports for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve and withdrawals from bonded warehouses for onshore consumption, offshore bunker use, and military use. Excluded are receipts of foreign petroleum into bonded warehouses and into U.S. territories and U.S. Foreign Trade Zones.

Petroleum Products: Petroleum products are obtained from the processing of crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas, and other hydrocarbon compounds. Petroleum products include unfinished oils, liquefied petroleum gases, pentanes plus, aviation gasoline, motor gasoline, naphtha-type jet fuel, kerosenetype jet fuel, kerosene, distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, naphtha less than $400^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ end-point, other oils over $400^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ end-point, special naphthas, lubricants, waxes, petroleum coke, asphalt, road oil, still gas, and miscellaneous products.

Petroleum Products Supplied: Total petroleum products supplied is the sum of all petroleum products supplied. For each product, the amount supplied is calculated by summing production, crude oil burned directly, imports, and net withdrawals from primary stocks and subtracting exports.

Petroleum Stocks, Primary: Stocks of crude oil or petroleum products held in storage at (or in) leases, refineries, natural gas processing plants, pipelines, tankfarms, and bulk terminals that can store at least 50,000 barrels of petroleum products or that can receive petroleum products by tanker, barge, or pipeline. Crude oil that is in transit from Alaska, or that is stored on Federal leases or in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve, is included. Excluded are stocks of foreign origin that are held in bonded warehouse storage.

Photovoltaic and Solar Thermal Energy (as used at electric utilities): Energy radiated by the sun as electromagnetic waves (electromagnetic radiation) that is converted at electric utilities into electricity by means of solar (photovoltaic) cells or concentrating (focusing) collectors.

Propane: A normally gaseous, paraffinic hydrocarbon $\left(C_{3} H_{8}\right)$. It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams, and includes all products covered by Gas Processors Association Specifications for commercial propane and HD-5 propane and ASTM Specification

D1835. Propane is used primarily for residential and commercial heating and cooling, and also as a fuel for transportation. Industrial uses of propane include use as a petrochemical feedstock.

Propylene: A normally gaseous, olefinic hydrocarbon $\left(C_{3} H_{6}\right)$ recovered from refinery processes. Quantities are included with "propane" data.

Refiner Acquisition Cost: The cost of crude oil to the refiner, including transportation and fees. The composite cost is the weighted average of domestic and imported crude oil costs.

Renewable Energy: Energy obtained from sources that are essentially inexhaustible (unlike, for example, the fossil fuels, of which there is a finite supply). Renewable sources of energy include wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.

Reservoir Repressuring: The injection of natural gas into oil and gas reservoir formations for pressure maintenance and cycling.

Residential Sector: Private household establishments, which consume energy primarily for space heating, water heating, air conditioning, lighting, refrigeration, cooking, and clothes drying. (For allocation of individual fuels to end-use sectors, see the Notes and Sources for Section 2.)

Residual Fuel Oil: The heavier oils that remain after the distillate fuel oils and lighter hydrocarbons are distilled away in refinery operations and that conform to ASTM Specifications D396 and 975. Included are No. 5, a residual fuel oil of medium viscosity; Navy Special, for use in steam-powered vessels in government service and in shore power plants; and No. 6, which includes Bunker C fuel oil, and is used for commercial and industrial heating and electricity generation. Imports of residual fuel oil include imported crude oil burned as fuel.

Rotary Rig: A machine, used for drilling wells, that employs a rotating tube attached to a bit for boring holes through rock.

Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR): Petroleum stocks maintained by the Federal Government for use during periods of major supply interruption.

Subbituminous Coal: A dull black coal of rank intermediate between lignite and bituminous coal. It conforms to ASTM Specification D388 for subbituminous coal, and is used almost exclusively for electric power
generation. In this report, quantities are included with "bituminous coal" data.

Supplemental Gaseous Fuels: Consist primarily of synthetic natural gas, propane-air, and refinery (still) gas. May also include coke oven gas, biomass gas, manufactured gas, and air injected for Btu stabilization.

Synthetic Natural Gas (SNG): A product resulting from the manufacture, conversion, or reforming of hydrocarbons that may be easily substituted for, or interchanged with, pipeline-quality natural gas.

Transportation Sector: Private and public vehicles that move people and commodities. Included are automobiles, trucks, buses, motorcycles, railroads and railways (including streetcars), aircraft, ships, barges, and natural gas pipelines.

Unaccounted for Crude Oil: Represents the arithmetic difference between the indicated demand for crude oil and the total disposition of crude oil. Indicated demand is the sum of crude oil production and imports less changes in crude oil stocks. Total disposition of crude oil is the sum of crude oil input to refineries, crude oil exports, crude oil burned as fuel, and crude oil losses.

United States: Unless otherwise noted, "United States" in this publication means the 50 States and the District of Columbia. U.S. exports include shipments to U.S. Territories, and imports include receipts from U.S. Territories.

Wind Energy (as used at electric utilities): The kinetic energy of wind converted at electric utilities into mechanical energy by wind turbines (i.e., blades rotating from a hub) that drive generators to produce electricity for distribution.

Wood and Waste (as used at electric utilities): Wood energy (see Wood Energy), garbage, bagasse, sewerage gas and other industrial, agricultural, and urban refuse used to generate electricity for distribution.

Wood Energy: Wood and wood products used as fuel. Included are round wood (cord wood), limb wood, wood chips, bark, sawdust, forest residues, charcoal, pulp waste, and spent pulping liquor.

Working Gas: The volume of gas in an underground storage reservoir above the designed level of the base. It may or may not be completely withdrawn during any particular withdrawal season. Conditions permitting, the total working capacity could be used more than once during any season.

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[^0]:    aBased on daily rates prior to rounding.
    bProduction and consumption totals exclude wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution.
    cIncludes crude oil, lease condensate, and natural gas plant liquids.
    dOther is hydroelectric and nuclear electric power, and electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.

    - Includes petroleum products.
    ${ }^{\prime}$ Includes supplemental gaseous fuels.
    9Other is hydroelectric and nuclear electric power; electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy; and net imports of electricity and coal coke.
    ${ }^{\text {n }}$ Includes crude oil, lease condensate, petroleum products, pentanes plus, unfinished oils, gasoline blending components, and imports of crude oil for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.
    'Minus sign indicates exports are greater than imports.
    lother is net imports of electricity and coal coke.
    Note: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
    Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Monthly Energy Review Section 1 and EIA calculations.

[^1]:    *Includes other.

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ Percentage changes are calculated using unrounded data.

[^3]:    *Includes coal.

[^4]:    alncludes supplemental gaseous fuels.
    Includes electricity generated for distribution from wood, waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy.
    ${ }^{\text {CExcludes wood, }}$ waste, geothermal, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy except for small amounts used by electric utilities to generate electricity for distribution.
    $\mathrm{R}=$ Revised data.
    Notes: - Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
    Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

[^5]:    ${ }^{2}$ Percentage changes are calculated using unrounded data.

[^6]:    Footnotes continued.
    $\mathrm{PE}=$ Preliminary estimate. $\mathrm{R}=$ Revised data. $\mathrm{NA}=$ Not available. $\mathrm{E}=$ Estimate. ( s )=Less than 500 barrels per day.
    Notes: - Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

    Sources: See end of section.

[^7]:    a negative number indicates an increase in stocks and a positive number indicates a decrease.

[^8]:    ${ }^{2}$ Total underground storage capacity at the end of each calendar year (in billion cubic feet): 1978--6,890; 1979--6,929; 1980--7,434; 1981--7,805; 1982--7,915; 1983--7,985; 1984--8,043; 1985--8,087; and 1986--8,145. Current capacity is 8,145.
    bPositive numbers indicate injections are greater than withdrawals. Negative numbers indicate withdrawals are greated than injections. Net injections or withdrawals may not equal the difference between applicable ending stocks. See Note 8 at end of section.

    Notes: - Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. - Data through 1986 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary.

    Sources: See end of section.

[^9]:    ${ }^{5}$ Percentage changes are calculated using unrounded data.

[^10]:    aSee Note 2 at end of section.
    NA = Not available
    Notes: - Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Data through 1986 are final. Subsequent data are preliminary. - Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

    Sources: See end of section.

[^11]:    ${ }^{7}$ Percentage changes are calculated using unrounded data.

[^12]:    alncludes fuel oil Nos. 2, 4, 5, and 6, crude oil, kerosene, and petroleum coke.
    bIncludes supplemental gaseous fuels.
    ${ }^{\text {c }}$ Other is electricity produced from geothermal, wood, waste, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy sources connected to electric utility distribution systems.

    Notes: - Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

    Sources: - 1973 through September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; • October 1977 through 1981: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FPC Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; • 1982 forward: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

[^13]:    aHeavy oil includes Grade Nos. 4, 5, and 6, and residual fuel oils.
    bLight oil includes Grade No. 2 heating oil, kerosene, and jet fuel.
    cIncludes supplemental gaseous fuels.
    dPrior to 1980, petroleum consumption data were not disaggregated by type of fuel. Disaggregation by prime mover type is provided in Table 7.5 .
    Notes: - Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. - Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

    Sources: • 1973 through September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; • October 1977 through 1981: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FPC Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report'; • 1982 forward: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

[^14]:    ${ }^{8}$ Percentage changes are calculated using unrounded data.

[^15]:    ${ }^{\text {a }}$ See Note 5 at end of section.
    ${ }^{\text {b Also }}$ includes types of gasoline not shown separately.
    In September 1981, the Bureau of Labor Statistics changed the weights used in the calculation of average motor gasoline prices. From September 1981 forward, in the average for all types category, gasohol is included and unleaded premium is weighted more heavily.
    $N A=$ Not available.
    Note: Geographic coverage for 1974 through 1977 is 56 urban areas. For 1978 forward, it is 85 urban areas.
    Sources: See end of section.

[^16]:    ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Includes lease condensate.
    ${ }^{\text {b }}$ Weighted averages of the products included in each category are calculated using heat content values shown on the first page of this section. cThis thermal conversion factor is used for hydroelectric power generation and for wood and waste, wind, photovoltaic, and solar thermal energy consumed at electric utilities.

    Sources: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation" on the following pages.

