DOE/EIA-0035(84/07)

# Monthiy Energy Review

July 1984

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The *Monthly Energy Review* presents current data on production, consumption, stocks, imports, exports, and prices of the principal energy commodities in the United States. Also included are data on international production of crude oil, consumption of petroleum products, petroleum stocks, and production of electricity from nuclear-powered facilities.

Publication of this report is in keeping with responsibilities given the Energy Information Administration in Public Law 95-91 (Section 205(a)(2)) that states:

"The Administrator shall be responsible for carrying out a central, comprehensive, and unified energy data and information program which will collect, evaluate, assemble, analyze and disseminate data and information ...."

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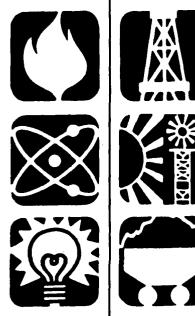
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# Monthly Energy Review

## July 1984

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#### Articles

Feature articles on energy-related subjects and highlights from recently published Energy Information Administration reports are often included in this publication. The following articles and highlights have appeared in issues since the beginning of 1981. A list of articles included in this report prior to 1981 may be found in any issue published from 1981 through 1983.

Changes in 1981 Petroleum Data Series May	1981
Information Services of the Energy Information AdministrationSeptember	1981
An Overview of Natural Gas MarketsDecember	1981
The Interstate and Intrastate Natural Gas Markets	1982
Natural Gas Drilling and Production Under the Natural Gas Policy Act February	1982
Highlights: U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and	
Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, 1981 Annual ReportSeptember	1982
Impacts of Financial Constraints on the Electric Utility IndustryOctober	1982
Highlights: Energy Company Development Patterns	
in the Postembargo Era, Volume OneNovember	1982
Highlights: Residential Energy Consumption Survey:	
Consumption and ExpendituresJanuary	1983
Highlights: Residential Energy Consumption Survey:	
Housing Characteristics	1983
The Effect of Weather on Energy UseApril	1983
Trends in U.S. Energy Since 1973 May	1983
Highlights: Energy Price and Expenditure Data Report, 1970-1980July	1983
Data Series on Petroleum Use at Electric UtilitiesJuly	1983
Highlights: Railroad Deregulation: Impact on CoalAugust	1983
Highlights: Port Deepening and User Fees: Impact on U.S. Coal ExportsAugust	1983
Highlights: U.S. Crude Oil, Natural Gas, and	
Natural Gas Liquids Reserves, 1982 Annual ReportSeptember	1983
Residential Energy Consumption, 1978 Through 1981September	1983
Exploring for Oil and GasNovember	1983
The Influence of Federal Actions on Petroleum Exploration December[2]	1983
Aggregate Statistics: Accurate or Misleading? December[3]	1983
Highlights: Annual Energy Review 1983 February	1984
Highlights: State Energy Data Report, Consumption Estimates, 1960-1982 March	1984
Highlights: Annual Energy Outlook 1983March	1984
Highlights: State Energy Price and Expenditure Report, 1970-1981	1984
Highlights: Solar Collector Manufacturing Activity 1983June	1984

#### **Overview**

#### January through July Summary

The United States produced 9.7 percent\* more energy during the first 7 months of 1984 than during the same period in 1983, and U.S. energy consumption was up 7.4 percent. Net imports of all energy were 20.8 percent higher, with net imports of petroleum up 22.6 percent compared to those imports in the first 7 months of 1983.

#### Production

Energy production during July 1984 totaled 5.5 quadrillion Btu, a 13.5-percent increase compared to the level of production during July 1983. Coal production increased 35.3 percent, natural gas production was up 13.0 percent, and petroleum production increased 2.1 percent. Production of all other forms of energy combined increased 3.1 percent compared to production 1 year earlier.

\*All percentage increases and decreases are calculated using a daily rate prior to rounding.

#### Energy Summary (Quadrillion (10<sup>15</sup>) Btu)

#### Consumption

Energy consumption during July 1984 totaled 5.9 quadrillion Btu, 3.7 percent above the level of consumption during July 1983. Natural gas consumption increased 8.4 percent, petroleum consumption was up 3.5, and coal consumption increased 0.6 percent. Consumption of all other forms of energy combined increased 3.5 percent compared to consumption during July 1983.

#### **Net Imports**

Net imports of energy during July 1984 totaled 0.7 quadrillion Btu, 12.6 percent below the level of net imports during July 1983. Net imports of petroleum decreased 6.2 percent while net imports of natural gas increased 1.9 percent. Net exports of coal were up 34.3 percent compared to the level in July 1983.

	•				1 . P	•				
		July		Cumulative January through July						
	1984	1983	Percent Change	1984	1984 Daily Rate	1983	1983 Daily Rate	Percent Change <sup>1</sup>		
<b>Total Production</b>	5.515	4.860	+ 13.5	38.474	0.181	34.921	0.165	+ 9.7		
Petroleum <sup>2</sup>	1.774	1.737	+2.1	12.101	0.057	11.947	0.056	+0.8		
Natural Gas	1.486	1.316	+ 13.0	10.452	0.049	9.328	0.044	+11.5		
Coal	1.645	1.216	+35.3	11.592	0.054	9.566	0.045	+20.6		
Other <sup>3</sup>	0.610	0.591	+3.1	4.330	0.020	4.081	0.019	+5.6		
Total Consumption	5.945	5.733	+3.7	43.457	0.204	40.273	0.190	+7.4		
Petroleum <sup>4</sup>	2.607	2.519	+3.5	18.183	0.085	17.133	0.081	+ 5.6		
Natural Gas	1.188	1.096	+8.4	10.912	0.051	10.080	0.048	+7.8		
Coal	1.506	1.497	+0.6	9.824	0.046	8.793	0.041	+11.2		
Other⁵	0.643	0.621	+3.5	4.538	0.021	4.267	0.020	+5.9		
Net Imports	0.742	0.849	-12.6	5.304	0.025	4.372	0.021	+ 20.8		
Petroleum	0.867	0.924	-6.2	5.841	0.027	4.740	0.022	+22.6		
Natural Gas	0.055	0.054	+ 1.9	0.477	0.002	0.521	0.002	-9.0		
Coal <sup>7</sup>	(0.214)	(0.159)	(+34.3)	(1.222)	(0.006)	(1.076)	(0.005)	(+13.0)		
Other <sup>s</sup>	0.033	0.030	+10.3	0.209	0.001	0.186	0.001	+11.4		

' Based on daily rates prior to rounding.

<sup>2</sup> Includes crude oil, lease condensate, and natural gas plant liquids.

Other is hydroelectric, nuclear, and geothermal power and electricity produced from wood, waste, and wind energy.
 Includes refined petroleum products and natural gas plant liquids.

 Other is hydroelectric, nuclear, and geothermal power; electricity produced from wood, waste, and wind energy; and net imports of electricity and coal coke.

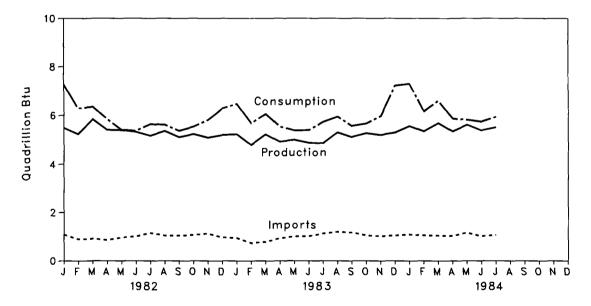
Includes crude oil, lease condensate, refined petroleum products, unfinished oils, natural gasoline, plant condensate, and imports of crude oil for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

7 Parentheses indicate exports are greater than imports.

#### Energy Summary

Yearly 100-Consumption 80-Quadrillion Btu 60· Production 40 20 Imports 0 1976 1977 1978 . 1975 1983 1974 1979 1980 1981 1982 1973

Monthly



Monthly Energy Review July 1984 Energy Information Administration

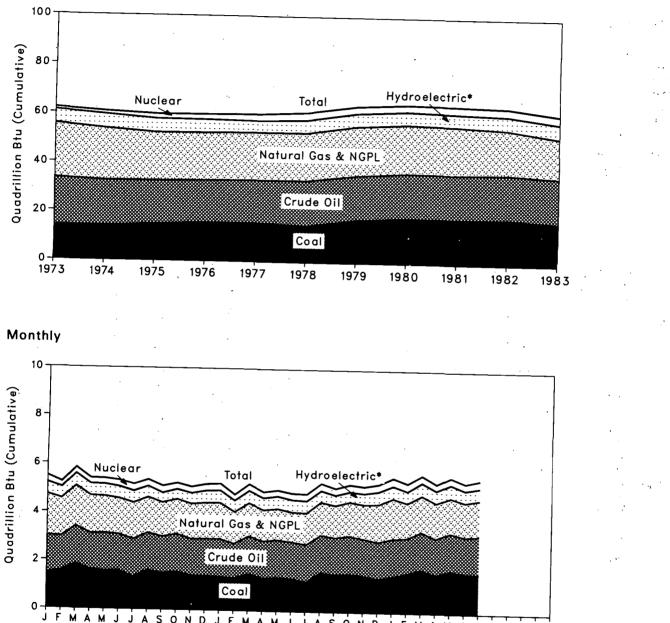
**Energy Summary**<sup>1</sup>

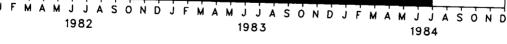
		<b>Production</b> <sup>2</sup>	<b>Consumption</b> <sup>2</sup>	Imports <sup>2</sup>	Exports	Net Imports
			Qu	adrillion (1015) Bi	tu	
1973	Total	61.993	74.212	14.732	2.053	12.679
1974	Total	60.770	72.479	14.417	2.224	12.192
1975	Total	59.801	70.485	14.113	2.361	11.753
1975	Total	59.886	74.297	16.838	2.190	14.648
			76.215	20.092	2.073	18.019
1977	Total	60.142				
1978	Total	61.049	78.039	19.261	1.932	17.329
1979	Total	63.744	78.845	19.620	2.872	16.748
1980	Total	64.708	75.900	15.972	3.726	12.246
1981	Total	64.376	73.940	13.974	4.331	9.643
1982	January	5.489	7.262	1.086	0.318	0.768
	February	5.236	6.292	0.890	0.376	0.514
	March	5.835	6.353 5.847	0.909 0.855	0.442 0.428	0.466 0.427
	April	5.408 5.395	5.409	0.855	0.428	0.537
	May	5.325	5.371	1.004	0.419	0.585
	June July	5.165	5.641	1.150	0.388	0.762
	August	5.362	5.618	1.041	0.358	0.683
	September	5.109	5.369	1.042	0.376	0.666
	October	5.236	5.542	1.067	0.437	0.629
	November	5.090	5.815	1.125	0.351	0.774
	December	5.202	6.289	0.969	0.322	0.647
	Total	63.851	70.807	12.095	4.637	7.458
1983	January	R5.229	6.473	0.940	0.301	0.639
	February	R4.797	5.684	0.731	0.264	0.466
	March	R5.225	6.062	0.782	0.319	0.463
	April	R4.926	5.542	0.930	0.314	0.616
	May	R5.000	5.382	1.004	0.348	0.656
	June	R4.883	5.396	1.017	0.334	0.683
	July	R4.860	5.733	1.123	0.274	0.849
	August	R5.305	5.951	1.198	0.348	0.850
	September	R5.114	5.569	1.171	0.323	0.848
	October	R5.272	5.671	1.049	0.325	0.725
	November	R5.201	5.976	1.018	0.280	0.738 0.756
	December	R5.299	7.223	1.046	0.290	
	Total	R61.112	70.664	12.008	3.720	8.288
1984	January	R5.566	7.298	1.088	0.245	0.843
	February	R5.351	6.168	1.052	0.217	0.834
	March	R5.688	6.605	1.045	0.313	0.731
	April	R5.349	R5.871	1.031	0.326	0.705
	May	R5.619	R5.823	1.163*	0.365	0.798
	June	R5.385	R5.747	1.016	0.366	0.650
	July	5.515	5.945	1.067	0.326	0.742

<sup>1</sup>For definitions, see Notes on the last page of this section.
<sup>2</sup>The sum of domestic energy production and net imports of energy does not equal domestic energy consumption. The difference is attributed to stock changes; losses and gains in conversion, transportation, and distribution; the addition of blending compounds; shipments of anthracite to U.S. Armed Forces in Europe; and adjustments to account for discrepancies between reporting systems.
R = Revised data.
Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
• Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
• Data do not include wood-derived fuel (other than that consumed by the electric utilities). Data also exclude small quantities of energy forms for which consistent historical data are not available, such as solar energy obtained by the use of thermal and photovoltaic collectors; and geothermal, biomass, waste, and wind energy (other than that consumed at electric utilities).
Source: • Energy Information Administration calculations based on data appearing elsewhere in this publication.

## Executive Summary Production of Energy by Source







\*Includes industrial and utility production of hydropower. Also includes geothermal power and electricity produced from wood, waste, and wind energy.

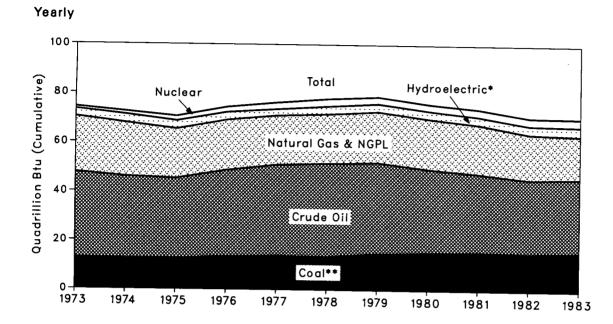
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**Production of Energy by Source** 

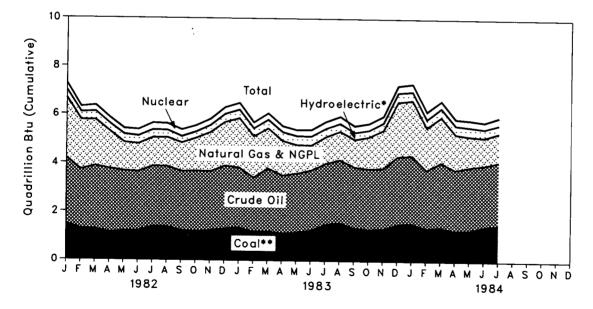
		Coal	Crude Oil <sup>1</sup>	NGPL <sup>2</sup>	Natural Gas (Dry)	Hydro- electric Power <sup>3</sup>	Nuclear Electric Power	Other•	Total Energy Produced	Yearly Cumulative Energy Produced
					Quadrillion	(1015) Btu				
1973	Total	13.926	19.493	2.569	22,187	2.861	0.910	0.046	61.993	
1974	Total	14.010	18.575	2.471	21.210	3.177	1.272	0.056	60.770	
1975	Total	14.931	17.729	2.374	19.640	3.155	1.900	0.072	59.801	
1976	Total	15.649	17.262	2.327	19.480	2.976	2.111	0.081	59.886	
1977	Total	15.679	17.454	2.327	19.565	2.333	2.702	0.082	60.142	
1978	Totai	14.856	18.434	2.245	19.485	2.937	3.024	0.068	61.049	
1979	Total	17.483	18.104	2.286	20.076	2.931	2.776	0.089	63.744	
1980	Total	18.544	18.249	2.254	19.907	2.900	2.739	0.114	64.708	
1981	Total	18.331	18.146	2.307	19.699	2.758	3.008	0.127	64.376	
1982	January	1.490	1.530	0.189	1.703	0.285	0.283	0.009	5.489	5.489
1302	February	1.580	1.413	0.169	1.562	0.282	0.222	0.008	5.236	10.725
	March	1.863	1.558	0.189	1.651	0.316	0.251	0.007	5.835	16.560
	April	1.633	1.495	0.179	1.558	0.296	0.240	0.007	5.408	21.968
	May	1.579	1.561	0.182	1.530	0.296	0.238	0.008	5.395	27.362
	June	1.592	1.504	0.175	1.483	0.296	0.265	0.010	5.325	32.688
	July	1.344	1.557	0.182	1.504	0.289	0.281	0.010	5.165	37.853
	August	1.618	1.552	0.183	1.471	0.253	0.275	0.010	5.362	43.216
	September	1.508	1.514	0.176	1.410	0.211	0.280	0.010	5.109	48.324
	October	1.573	1.565	0.184	1.439	0.209	0.256	0.011	5.236	53.560
	November	1.422	1.513	0.187	1.455	0.246	0.256	0.011	5.090	58.650
	December	1.401	1.546	0.195	1.489	0.293	0.26 <del>9</del>	0.009	5.202	63.851
	Total	18.603	18.309	2.191	18.255	3.271	3,115	0.108	63.851	
1983	January	R1.382	1.564	0.189	1.499	0.309	0.276	0.011	R5.229	R5.229
	February	1.336	1.422	0.170	1.321	0.295	0.245	0.008	R4.797	R10.026
	March	R1.517	1.564	0.184	1.366	0.320	0.263	0.010	R5.225	R15.251
	April	R1.362	1.527	0.174	1.291	0.317	0.246	0.009	R4.926	R20.178
	May	R1.392	1.552	0.179	1.297	0.330	0.243	0.007	R5.000	R25.178
	June	R1.361	1.508	0.176	1.238	0.325	0.266	0.010	R4.883	R30.061
	July	R1.216	1.553	0.184	1.316	0.297	0.282	0.012	R4.860	R34.921
	August	R1.614	1.561	0.187	1.366	0.273	0.289	0.016	R5.305	R40.226
	September October	R1.549	1.528	0.185	1.332	0.230	0.275	0.014 0.015	R5.114 R5.272	R45.340 R50.612
	November	R1.580 R1.513	1.577 1.526	0.192 0.190	1.404 1.423	0.219 0.261	0.284 0.275	0.015	R5.201	R55.813
	December	R1.403	1.520	0.190	1.566	0.334	0.275	0.013	R5.299	R61.112
	Total	R17.225	18.392	2.195	16.419	3.510	3.235	0.135	R61.112	1101.112
400.5										
1984	January	R1.501	1.557	0.190	1.673	0.314	0.321	0.011	R5.566	R5.566
	February	R1.628	1.468	0.182	1.453	0.295	0.312	0.013	R5.351	R10.917 16.605
	March April	1.803 R1.584	1.567 1.512	0.190 0.187	1.499 1.469	0.321 0.317	0.293 0,266	0.015 0.014	R5.688 R5.349	R21.954
	May	R1.766	1.574	0.187	1.469	0.317	0.288	0.014	R5.619	R27.573
	June	R1.665	1.521	0.193	R1.419	0.304	0.203	0.014	R5.385	R32.959
	July	1.645	1.577	0.197	1.486	0.291	0.306	0.013	5.515	38.474
							0.000			

<sup>1</sup>Includes lease condensate.
<sup>4</sup>Natural gas plant liquids.
<sup>3</sup>Includes industrial and utility production of hydropower.
<sup>4</sup>Includes only geothermal power and electricity produced from wood, waste, and wind energy.
R = Revised data.
Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
• Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
• Data do not include wood-derived fuel (other than that consumed by the electric utilities). Data also exclude small quantities of energy forms for which consistent historical data are not available, such as solar energy obtained by the use of thermal and photovoltaic collectors; and geothermal, biomass, waste, and wind energy (other than that consumed at electric utilities).
Source: • Energy Information Administration calculations based on data reported elsewhere in this publication.

## Consumption of Energy by Source



#### Monthly



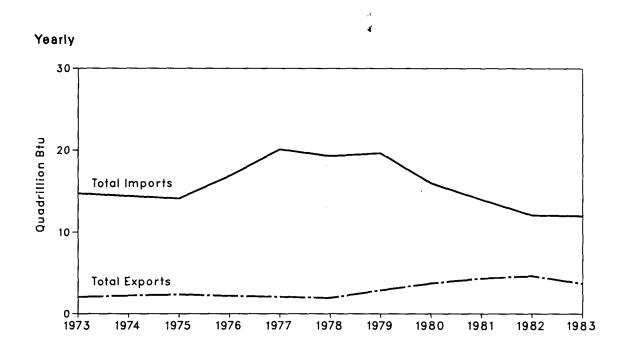
\*Includes geothermal power and electricity produced from wood, waste, and wind energy.
\*Includes net imports of coal coke.

#### **Consumption of Energy by Source**

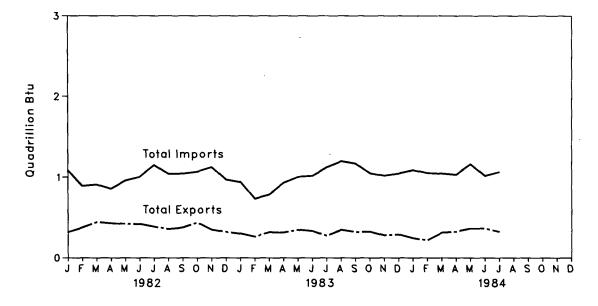
		Coal	Natural Gas (Dry)	Petro- leum	Hydro- electric Power¹	Nuclear Electric Power	Net Imports Of Coal Coke <sup>2</sup>	Other <sup>3</sup>	Total Energy Con- sumed	Yearly Cumulative Energy Consumed
					Quadrillior	n (10²⁵) Btu				
1973	Total	12.903	22.512	34.840	3.010	0.910	(0.008)	0.046	74.212	
1974	Total	12.596	21.732	33.455	3.309	1.272	0.059	0.056	72.479	
1975	Total	12.601	19.948	32.731	3.219	1.900	0.014	0.072	70.485	
1976	Total	13.519	20.345	35.175	3.066	2.111	0.000	0.081	74.297	
1977	Total	13.848	19.931	37.122	2.515	2.702	0.015	0.082	76.215	
1978	Total	13.710	20.000	37.965	3.141	3.024	0.131	0.068	78.039	
1979	Total	14.983	20.666	37.123	3.141	2.776	0.066	0.089	78.845	
1980	Total	15.373	20.391	34.202	3.118	2.739	(0.037)	0.114	75.900	
1981	Total	15.860	19.926	31.931	3.105	3.008	(0.017)	0.127	73.940	
							• •			
1982	January	1.486	2.467	2.707	0.311	0.283	0.000	0.009	7.262	7.262
	February	1.292	2.040	2.426 2.612	0.305 0.336	0.222 0.251	(0.001)	0.008 0.007	6.292 6.353	13.554 19.907
	March April	1.260 1.152	1.889 1.527	2.612	0.335	0.251	(0.002) (0.001)	0.007	5.847	25.753
	May	1.186	1.168	2.492	0.319	0.240	(0.003)	0.007	5.409	31.162
	June	1.210	1.146	2.436	0.308	0.265	(0.004)	0.010	5.371	36.533
	July	1.381	1.177	2.488	0.308	0.281	(0.003)	0.010	5.641	42.174
	August	1.374	1.183	2.491	0.286	0.275	(0.001)	0.010	5.618	47.792
	September	1.227	1.172	2.440	0.244	0.280	(0.003)	0.010	5.369	53.162
	October	1.190	1.348	2.494	0.244	0.256	(0.001)	0.011	5.542	58.703
	November	1.229	1.603	2.438	0.279	0.256	(0.002)	0.011	5.815	64.518
	December	1.303	1.788	2.600	0.323	0.269	(0.001)	0.009	6.289	70.807
	Total	15.291	18.507	30.232	3.577	3.115	(0.023)	0.108	70.807	
1983	January	1.358	2.023	2,469	0.338	0.276	(0.001)	0.011	6.473	6.473
	February	1.179	1.689	2.241	0.324	0.245	(0.001)	0.008	5.684	12.158
	March	1.195	1.641	2.606	0.349	0.263	(0.001)	0.010	6.062	18.220
	April	1.138	1.422	2.385	0.345	0.246	(0.002)	0.009	5.542	23.762
	May	1.171	1.177	2.433	0.353	0.243	(0.002)	0.007	5.382 5.396	29.144 34.540
	June Julv	1.255 1.497	1.032 1.096	2.481 2.519	0.352 0.329	0.266 0.282	(0.001) (0.002)	0.010 0.012	5.733	40.273
	August	1.572	1.090	2.596	0.329	0.282	(0.002)	0.012	5.951	46.224
	September	1.365	1.132	2.530	0.267	0.275	(0.001)	0.014	5.569	51.793
	October	1.303	1.305	2.509	0.256	0.284	(0.001)	0.015	5.671	57.464
	November	1.324	1.556	2.516	0.293	0.275	(0.001)	0.013	5.976	63.440
	December	1.520	2.233	2.805	0.367	0.290	(0.003)	0.011	7.223	70.664
	Total	15.877	17.477	30.076	3.880	3.235	(0.016)	0.135	70.664	
1984	January	1.553	2.263	2.805	0.345	0.321	0.001	0.011	7.298	7.298
	February	1.360	1.740	2.414	0.326	0.312	0.002	0.013	6.168	13.466
	March	1.403	1.857	2.686	0.352	0.293	(0.001)	0.015	6.605	20.071
	April	R1.270	1.462	2.513	0.347	0.266	0.000	0.014	R5.871	R25.942
	May	R1.296	1.259	2.611	0.361	0.283	(0.001)	0.014	R5.823	R31.765
	June	R1.436	R1.143	2.546	0.334	0.277	(0.003)	0.013	R5.747	R37.512
	July	1.506	1.188	2.607	0.325	0.306	(0.001)	0.013	5.945	43.457

<sup>1</sup>Includes industrial and utility production and net imports of electricity.
<sup>2</sup>Parentheses indicate exports are greater than imports.
<sup>3</sup>Includes only geothermal power and electricity produced from wood, waste, and wind energy.
R = Revised data.
Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
• Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
• Data do not include wood-derived fuel (other than that consumed by the electric utilities). Data also exclude small quantities of energy forms for which consistent historical data are not available, such as solar energy obtained by the use of thermal and photovoltaic collectors; and geothermal, biomass, waste, and wind energy (other than that consumed at electric utilities).
Source: • Energy Information Administration calculations based on data reported elsewhere in this publication.

### **Energy Imports and Exports**



#### Monthly



#### Monthly Energy Review July 1984 Energy Information Administration

8

Net Imports<sup>1</sup> of Energy by Source

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		Coal	Crude Oil²	Refined Petro- leum Products <sup>3</sup>	Natural Gas (Dry)	Electri- city	Coal Coke	Total Net Imports	Yearly Cumulative Net Imports of Energy
				Qua	drillion (1015)	) Btu			
1973	Total	(1.422)	6.883	6.097	0.981	0.148	(0.008)	12.679	
1974	Total	(1.568)	7.389	5.273	0.907	0.133	0.059	12.192	
1975	Total	(1.738)	8.708	3.800	0.904	0.064	0.014	11.753	
1976	Total	(1.567)	11.221	3.982	0.922	0.089	0.000	14.648	
1977	Total	(1.401)	13.921	4.321	0.981	0.182	0.015	18.019	
1978	Total	(1.004)	13.125	3.932	0.941	0.204	0.131	17.329	
1979	Total	(1.702)	13.328	3.603	1.243	0.211	0.066	16.748	
1980	Total	(2.391)	10.586	2.912	0.957	0.217	(0.037)	12.246	
1981	Total	(2.918)	8.854	2.522	0.855	0.347	(0.017)	9.643	
1982	January	(0.160)	0.624	0.181	0.097	0.027	0.000	0.768	0.768
	February	(0.234)	0.438	0.207	0.081	0.023	(0.001)	0.514	1.282
	March	(0.273)	0.461	0.181	0.078	0.020	(0.002)	0.466	1.748 <sup>-</sup>
	April	(0.284)	0.468	0.153	0.071	0.019	(0.001)	0.427	2.175
	May	(0.262)	0.551	0.166	0.063	0.022	(0.003)	0.537	2.712
	June	(0.280)	0.654	0.147	0.056	0.012	(0.004)	0.585	3.297
	July	(0.239)	0.726	0.196	0.063	0.019	(0.003)	0.762	4.058
	August	(0.190)	0.641	0.144	0.056	0.033	(0.001)	0.683	4.742
	September	(0.226)	0.603	0.196	0.062	0.033	(0.003)	0.666 0.629	5.407 6.036
	October November	(0.260) (0.203)	0.614 0.629	0.168	0.073 0.088	0.035 0.033	(0.001) (0.002)	0.629	6.810
	December	(0.203)	0.507	0.220	0.066	0.033	(0.002)	0.774	7,458
	Total	(0.157) (2.768)	6.917	2.128	0.107	0.307	(0.001) (0.023)	7.458	7.450
4000							•		0.000
1983	January	(0.116)	0.514	0.105	0.109	0.029	(0.001)	0.639	0.639
	February March	(0.113)	0.327	0.133 0.133	0.092 0.082	0.029 0.028	(0.001)	0.466 0.463	1.105 1.568
	April	(0.162) (0.157)	0.382 0.530	0.133	0.082	0.028	(0.001) (0.002)	0.463	2.184
	May	(0.187)	0.556	0.201	0.070	0.028	(0.002)	0.656	2.840
	June	(0.188)	0.600	0.187	0.057	0.023	(0.002)	0.683	3.523
	July	(0.159)	0.673	0.251	0.054	0.032	(0.002)	0.849	4.372
	August	(0.217)	0.732	0.251	0.051	0.034	(0.001)	0.850	5.222
	September	(0.195)	0.705	0.238	0.064	0.037	(0.001)	0.848	6.070
	October	(0.209)	0.597	0.240	0.061	0.037	(0.001)	0.725	R6.794
	November	(0.153)	0.551	0.232	0.076	0.032	(0.001)	0.738	7.532
	December	(0.162)	0.563	0.222	0.104	0.033	(0.003)	0.756	8.288
	Total	(2.013)	6.730	2.340	0.878	0.370	(0.016)	8.288	
1984	January	(0.131)	0.519	0.331	0.093	E0.031	0.001	0.843	0.843
	February	(0.108)	0.468	0.375	0.067	E0.031	0.002	0.834	1.678
	March	R(0.151)	0.581	0.207	0.065	E0.031	. (0.001)	0.731	2.409
	April	(0.198)	0.567	0.239	0.068	E0.030	0.000	0.705	3.115
	May	(0.214)	0.670	0.251	0.068	E0.025	(0.001)	0.798	3.913
	June July	(0.205)	0.557 0.639	0.210 0.228	0.060	E0.030	(0.003)	0.650 0.742	4.563 5.304
	July	(0.214)	0.039	U.220	0.055	E0.034	(0.001)	. 0.742	0.304

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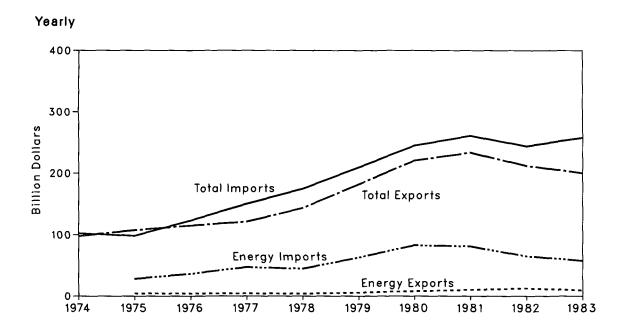
<sup>1</sup>Net imports equals imports minus exports. Parentheses indicate exports are greater than imports. <sup>2</sup>Includes crude oil, lease condensate, and imports of crude oil for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve. <sup>a</sup>Includes refined petroleum products, unfinished oils, natural gasoline, and plant condensate. E = Estimated value. R = Revised data. Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Source: • Energy Information Administration calculations based on data reported elsewhere in this publication.

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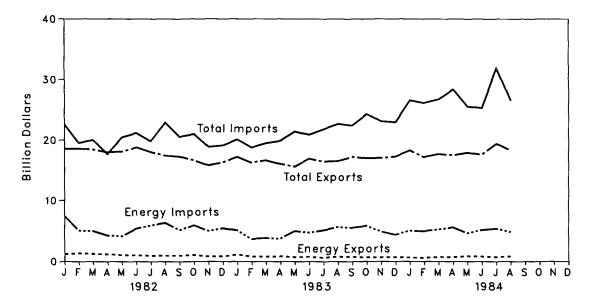
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#### **Merchandise Trade Value**

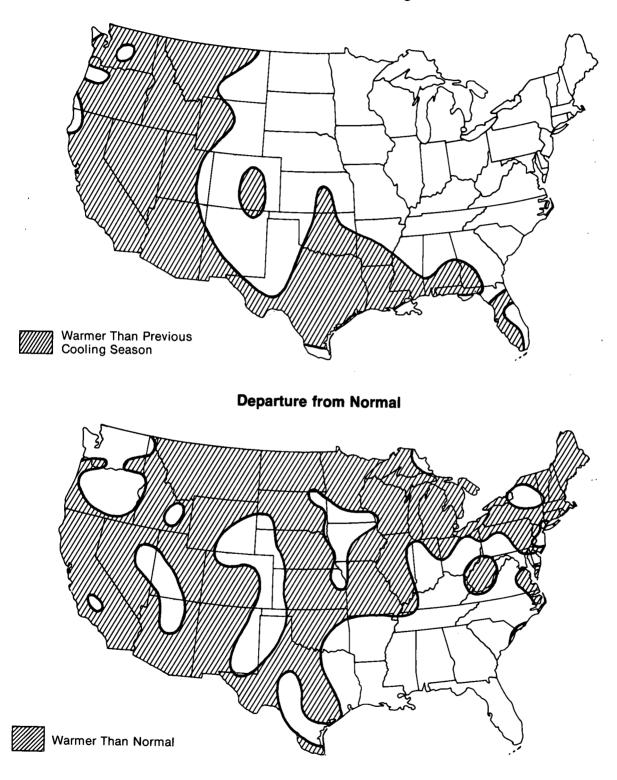
			Exports			Imports		Trade Balance			
		Energy	All Other	Total	Energy	All Other	Total	Energy	All Other	Total	
					I	Million dolla	urs				
1974	Total	NA	NA	98,092	NA	NA	102,559	NA	NA	-4,467	
1975	Total	4,470	103,182	107,652	28,325	70,178	98,503	-23,855	+ 33,004	+9,149	
1976	Total	4,226	110,997	115,223	36,384	87,093	123,477	-32,158	+23,904	-8,254	
1977	Total	4,184	117,048	121,232	47,153	103,237	150,390	-42,969	+ 13,811	-29,158	
1978	Total	3,882	139,799	143,681	44,763	129,994	174,757	-40,881	+ 9,805	-31,076	
1979	Total	5,675	176,185	181,860	63,077	146,381	209,458	-57,402	+29,803	-27,599	
1980	Total	7,982	212,644	220,626	82,924	161,947	244,871	-74,942	+ 50,698	-24,244	
1981	Total	10,279	223,398	233,677	81,360	179,622	260,982	-71,081	+43,776	-27,305	
1982	January	1,205	17,379	18,584	7,439	15,134	22,573	-6,234	+2,245	-3,989	
	February	1,361	17,253	18,614	5,107	14,463	19,570	-3,746	+2,790	-956	
	March	1,256	17,206	18,462	5,009	15,010	20,019	-3,753	+2,196	-1,557	
	April	1,201	16,804	18,005	4,312	13,402	17,714	-3,111	+3,402	+291	
	May	1,065	17,059	18,124	4,167	16,310	20,477	-3,102	+749	-2,353	
	June	1,035	17,788	18,823	5,427	15,760	21,187	-4,392	+2,028	-2,364	
	July	974	17,086	18,060	5,943	13,906	19,849	-4,969	+3,179	-1,790	
	August	961	16,502	17,463	6,353	16,577	22,930	-5,392	-75	-5,467	
	September	998	16,322	17,320	5,201	15,380	20,581	-4,203	+942	-3,261	
	October	1,072	15,599	16,671	5,947	15,059	21,006	-4,875	+540	-4,335	
	November	847	15,005	15,852	5,037	13,855	18,892	-4,190	+1,149	-3,041	
	December	855	15,492	16,347	5,468	13,686	19,154	-4,613	+1,805	-2,808	
	Total	12,729	199,464	212,193	65,409	178,543	243,952	-52,680	+20,921	-31,759	
1983	January	1,142	16,090	17,232	5,142	14,985	20,127	-4,000	+1,105	-2,895	
	February	833	15,479	16,312	3,704	15,100	18,804	-2,871	+378	-2,493	
	March	822	15,868	16,690	3,865	15,663	19,528	-3,043	+206	-2,837	
	April	850	15,245	16,095	3,763	16,151	19,914	-2,913	-906	-3,819	
	May	750	14,905	15,655	5,033	16,413	21,446	-4,283	-1,508	-5,791	
	June	791	16,168	16,959	4,767	16,149	20,916	-3,976	+19	-3,957	
	July	644	15,842	16,486	5,164	16,664	21,828	-4,520	-821	-5,341	
	August	824	15,758	16,582	5,703	17,011	22,714	-4,879	-1,253	-6,132	
	September	778	16,479	17,257	5,571	16,880	22,451	-4,793	-402	-5,195	
	October	699	16,334	17,033	5,872	18,461	24,333	-5,173	-2,127	-7,300	
	November	689	16,374	17,063	4,951	18,164	23,115	-4,262	-1,790	-6,052	
	December	739	16,559	17,298	4,417	18,559	22,976	-3,678	-2,000	-5,678	
	Total	9,500	190,986	200,486	57,952	200,096	258,048	-48,452	-9,110	-57,562	
1984	January February	660 610	17,667 16,602	18,327 17,212	5,089	21,497	26,586	-4,429 -4,396	-3,831	-8,260 -8,935	
		767			5,006	21,141	26,147		-4,539		
	March April	739	16,960 16,783	17,727 17,522	5,323	21,448	26,771	-4,556 -4,890	-4,488 -5,957	-9,044 -10,847	
	May	739 893	17.057	17,522	5,629	22,739 20,873	28,368	-4,890 -3,803	-5,957 -3,816	-10,847 -7.619	
	June	893 848	16,785	17,950	4,696		25,569	-3,803 -4,358	-3,816 -3,365	-7,723	
	July	758	18,684	19,442	5,206 5,434	20,150 26,449	25,356 31,883	-4,358 -4,676	-3,365 -7,764	-12,440	
	August	864	17,172	18,036	5,434 4,886	20,449 21,681	26,567	-4,078	-4,509	-12,440	
	nuguai	004	11,112	10,030	4,000	21,001	20,007	-4,022	-4,509	-0,001	

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NA=Not available.
Notes: • Annual totals are unadjusted and may not equal the sum of monthly totals, which are adjusted for seasonal and working-day variation, if present and identifiable.
• The U.S. import statistics reflect both government and nongovernment imports of merchandise from foreign countries into the U.S. customs territory (which is comprised of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico) and the Virgin Islands. Additional Notes and Sources: • See the last page of this section.

## Cooling Degree-Days Accumulated from January 1, 1984, through September 29, 1984



## Departure from Previous Cooling Season

Source: • Department of Commerce-National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.

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### Population-Weighted Cooling Degree-Days<sup>1</sup>

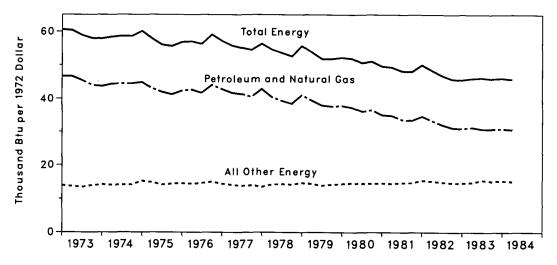
	Ser	otember 1	l through	September	· 30	J	anuary 1	Cumulativ through S	ve eptember 3	0
Census				Percent	Change				Percent	Change
Divisions	Normal <sup>2</sup>	1983	1984	Normal to 1984	1983 to 1984	Normal <sup>2</sup>	1983	1984	Normal to 1984	1983 to 1984
New England Conn., Maine, Mass., N.H., R.I., Vt.	46	132	29	-37.0	-78.0	495	711	565	14.1	-20.5
Middle Atlantic N.J., N.Y., Pa.	90	125	49	-45.6	-60.8	755	866	719	-4.8	-17.0
Eastern North Central III., Ind., Mich., Ohio, Wisc.	61	121	73	19.7	-39.7	697	1,006	754	8.2	-25.0
Western North Central Iowa, Kans., Minn., Mo., Nebr., N.Dak., S.Dak.	90	156	106	17.8	-32.1	925	1,206	1,000	8.1	-17.1
<b>South Atlantic</b> Del., Fla., Ga., Md. and D.C., N.C., S.C., Va., W.Va.	266	262	217	-18.4	-17.2	1,705	1,721	1,588	-6.9	-7.7
Eastern South Central Ala., Ky., Miss., Tenn.	228	230	180	-21.1	-21.7	1,516	1,544	1,358	-10.4	-12.0
Western South Central Ark., La., Okla., Tex.	352	353	322	-8.5	-8.8	2,248	2,116	2,234	-0.6	5.6
<b>Mountain</b> Ariz., Colo., Idaho, Mont., Nev., N.Mex., Utah, Wyo.	140	187	165	17.9	-11.8	1,032	1,111	1,143	10.8	2.9
Pacific Coast Calif., Oreg., Wash.	120	187	216	80.0	15.5	598	751	885	48.0	17.8
U.S. Average <sup>3</sup>	154	192	150	-2.6	-21.9	1,099	1,223	1,126	2.5	-7. <del>9</del>

<sup>1</sup> See Note on the last page of this section for explanation of degree-days.
 <sup>2</sup> Normal is based on calculations of data from 1951 through 1980.
 <sup>3</sup> Excludes Alaska and Hawaii.

## Energy Indicator—Energy Consumption per Dollar of Gross National Product (Seasonally Adjusted)

		Annual Rate		Energy Consumption	on per Dollar of GNP (Se	asonally Adjusted)
		of Energy Consumption	Gross National Product (GNP)	Total Energy	Petroleum and Natural Gas	All Other Energy
		Quadrillion Btu	Trillion 1972 dollars	Th	ousand Btu per 1972 doll	ar
1973		74.212	1.254	59.2	45.7	13.5
1974		72.479	1,246	58.2	44.3	13.9
1975		70.485	1,232	57.2	42.8	14.4
1976		74.297	1.298	57.2	42.8	14.4
1977		76.215	1.370	55.6	41.6	14.0
1978		78.039	1.439	54.2	40.3	13.9
1979		78.845	1.479	53.3	39.1	14.2
1980		75.900	1.475	51.5	37.0	14.5
1981		73.940	1.512	48.8	34.3	14.5
1982	1st Quarter <sup>1</sup>	74.278	1.484	50.1	34.7	15.4
	2nd Quarter <sup>1</sup>	71.757	1.481	48.5	33.3	15.2
	3rd Quarter <sup>1</sup>	69.370	1.477	47.0	32.1	14.9
	4th Quarter <sup>1</sup>	67.910	1.479	45.9	31.2	14.7
	Year	70.807	1.480	47.8	32.8	15.0
1983	1st Quarter <sup>1</sup>	68.158	1.491	45.7	31.0	14.7
	2nd Quarter <sup>1</sup>	70.333	1.525	46.1	31.3	14.8
	3rd Quarter <sup>1</sup>	71.766	1.550	46.3	30.8	15.5
	4th Quarter <sup>1</sup>	72.341	1.573	46.0	30.8	15.2
	Year	70.664	1.535	46.0	31.0	15.0
1984	1st Quarter <sup>1</sup>	74.447	1.611	46.2	30.9	15.3
	2nd Quarter <sup>1</sup>	R75.299	R1.639	R45.9	30.7	R15.2

## Quarterly Energy Consumption per Dollar of Gross National Product<sup>1</sup> (Seasonally Adjusted)



<sup>1</sup>Quarterly data are seasonally adjusted and shown at annual rates. R=Revised data.

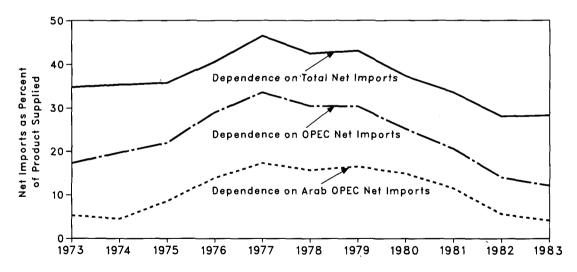
Notes • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
Yearly data may not equal average of quarters due to seasonality adjustments and independent rounding. Sources: • See the last page of this section.

			Net Imports <sup>2</sup>			Net Imports as Percent of U.S. Petroleum Products Supplied			
		From Arab OPEC <sup>3</sup> Countries	From All OPEC <sup>4</sup> Countries	From All Countries	Petroleum Products Supplied	From Arab OPEC <sup>a</sup> Countries	From All OPEC <sup>4</sup> Countries	From All Countries	
Annua	I Rate		Thousand ba	arrels per day			Percent		
1973	Average	914	2,991	6,025	17,308	5.3	17.3	34.8	
1974	Average	752	3,277	5,892	16,653	4.5	19.7	35.4	
1975	Average	1,382	3,599	5,846	16,322	8.5	22.0	35.8	
1976	Average	2,423	5,063	7,090	17,461	13.9	29.0	40.6	
1977	Average	3,184	6,190	8,565	18,431	17.3	33.6	46.5	
1978	Average	2,962	5,747	8,002	18,847	15.7	30.5	42.5	
1979	Average	3,054	5,633	7,985	18,513	16.5	30.4	43.1	
1980	Average	2,549	4,293	6,365	17,056	14.9	25.2	37.3	
1 <b>981</b>	Average	1,844	3,315	5,401	16,058	11.5	20.6	33.6	
1982	1st Quarter	1,105	2,391	4,038	15,892	7.0	15.1	25.4	
	2nd Quarter	817	1,925	4,075	15,292	5.3	12.6	26.6	
	3rd Quarter	819	2,239	4,721	14,893	5.5	15.0	31.7	
	4th Quarter	672	1,992	4,353	15,119	4.4	13.2	28.8	
	Average	852	2,136	4,298	15,296	5.6	14.0	28.1	
1983	1st Quarter	351	1,174	3,079	15,026	2.3	7.8	20.5	
	2nd Quarter	444	1,708	4,237	14,825	3.0	11.5	28.6	
	3rd Quarter	860	2,501	5,370	15,333	5.6	16.3	35.0	
	4th Quarter	857	1,972	4,536	15,732	5.4	12.5	28.8	
	Average	630	1,843	4,312	15,231	4.1	12.1	28.3	
1984	1st Quarter	754	1,855	4,741	16,058	4.7	11.6	29.5	
	2nd Quarter	891	2,227	4,755	15,579	5.7	14.3	30.5	

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#### Energy Indicator—U.S. Dependence on Petroleum Net Imports<sup>1</sup>

#### U.S. Dependence on Petroleum Net Imports



Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserves are included.
Net imports equals imports minus exports. Imports from OPEC countries exclude indirect imports which are refined products imported primarily from Caribbean and West European areas and refined from crude oil produced in OPEC countries.
Includes Algeria, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates.
Includes Arab OPEC countries plus Ecuador, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran, Nigeria, and Venezuela.
Note: 

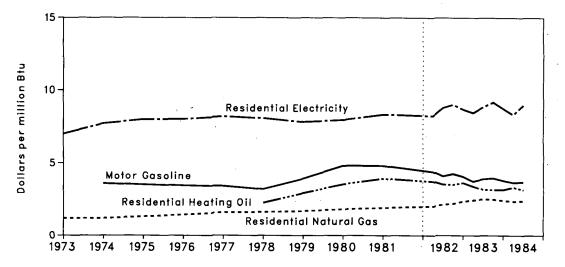
Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
Annual averages may not equal average of quarters due to independent rounding.
Sources: 

See the last page of this section.

#### Energy Indicator—Cost of Fuels to End Users in Constant (1972) Dollars<sup>1</sup>

		Leaded Regular Motor Gasoline		Residential Heating Oil		Residential Natural Gas		Residential Electricity	
		cent/gal	\$/MMBtu	cent/gal	\$/MMBtu	cent/Mcf	\$/MMBtu	cent/kWh	\$/MMBtu
1973	Average	NA	NA	NA	NA	121.4	1.19	2.39	7.00
1974	Average	45.1	3.61	NA	NA	121.3	1.18	2.63	7.71
1975	Average	44.1	3.53	NA	NA	132.9	1.30	2.73	8.00
1976	Average	43.4	3.47	NA	NA	145.5	1.43	2.74	8.03-
1977	Average	42.9	3.43	NA	NA	162.2	1.59	2.80	8.21
1978	Average	40.1	3.21	31.4	2.26	164.2	1.62	2.76	8.09
1979	Average	49.4	3.95	40.6	2.93	171.8	1.69	2.67	7.83
1980	Average	60.5	4.84	49.4	3.56	186.8	1.82	2.72	7.97
1981	Average	60.4	4.83	54.9	3.96	197.3	1.92	2.85	8.35
1982	1st Quarter	55.3	4.42	52.2	3.76	208.5	2.03	2.82	8.26
	2nd Quarter	51.7	4.13	49.4	3.56	221.6	2.16	3.01	8.82
	3rd Quarter	53.5	4.28	48.9	3.53	226.4	2.21	3.08	9.03
	4th Quarter	51.3	4.10	50.7	` 3.66	243.0	2.37	2.97	8.70
	Average	53.0	4.24	50.3	3.63	224.1	2.19	2.97	8.70
1983	1st Quarter	47.1	3.77	47.3	3.41	251.3	2.45	2.89	8.47
	2nd Quarter	49.3	3.94	44.2	3.19	259.1	2.53	3.03	8.88
	3rd Quarter	50.0	4.00	43.9	3.17	257.7	2.51	3.14	9.20
	4th Quarter	47.9	3.83	43.9	3.17	249.7	2.43	2.99	8.76
	Average	48.6	3.89	45.3	3.27	251.5	2.45	3.01	8.82
1984	1st Quarter	46.1	3.69	46.4	3.35	244.1	2.38	2.85	8.35
	2nd Quarter	46.5	3.72	43.9	3.17	246.4	2.40	3.07	9.00

Average Cost of Fuels to End Users in Constant (1972) Dollars<sup>1</sup>



<sup>1</sup>Fuel costs shown on this page are calculated using the Urban Consumer Price Index developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. See the Conversion Factors section of this report. NA=Not available.

Note: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
 • Annual averages may not equal average of quarters due to independent rounding. Sources: • See the last page of this section.

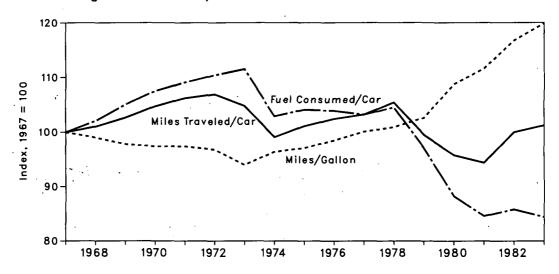
**Monthly Energy Review** July 1984 **Energy Information Administration** 

Energy Indicator—U.S. Passenger Car Efficiency

1		Average Fuel Consumed per Car		ge Miles d per Car	Average Miles Traveled per Gallon of Fuel Consumed		
	Gallons	Index	Miles	Index	Miles	Index	
1967	684	100.0	9,531	100.0	13.93	100.0	
1968	698	102.0	9,627	101.0	13.79	99.0	
1969	718	105.0	9,782	102.6	13.63	97.8	
1970	735	107.5	9,978	104.7	13.57	97.4	
1971	746	109.1	10,121	106.2	13.57	97.4	
1972	755	110.4	10,184	106.9	13.49	96.8	
1973	763	111.5	9,992	104.8	13.10	94.0	
1974	704	102.9	9,448	99.1	13.43	96.4	
1975	712	104.1	9,634	101.1	13.53	97.1	
1976	711	103.9	9,763	102.4	13.72	98.5	
1977	706	103.2	9,839	103.2	13.94	100.1	
1978	715	104.5	10,046	105.4	. <b>14.06</b>	100.9	
1979	664	97.1	9,485	99.5	14.29	102.6	
1980	603	88.2	9,135	95.8	15.15	108.8	
1981	່ 579	84.6	9,002	94.4	15.54	111.6	
1982	R587	R85.8	R9,533	R100.0	R16.25	R116.7	
1983†	577	84.4	9,641	101.2	16.70	119.9	
	`-						

#### ۰. U.S. Passenger Car Efficiency Index

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†Preliminary data. R=Revised data.
 Note: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
 Sources: • See the last page of this section.

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#### Notes and Sources for the Executive Summary Section

#### Notes

1. Energy Production: Production of energy includes pro-duction of coal, crude oil and lease condensate, natural gas plant liquids, natural gas (dry), electric utility and industrial production of hydropower, and electricity generated from nuclear power, geothermal power, and wood, waste, and wind energy. The volumetric data are converted to approximate heat contents (Btu values) of these energy sources using the conversion factors provided in the Conversion Factors section of this publication.

2. Energy Consumption: Consumption of energy includes consumption of coal, natural gas (dry), refined petroleum products supplied, electric utility and industrial production of hydropower, net imports of electricity produced from hydropower, net imports of coke made from coal, and electricity constrained from coal, and electricity and the power and t generated from nuclear power, geothermal power, and wood, waste, and wind energy. Approximate heat contents (Btu values) are derived using the conversion factors provided in the Conversion Factors section of this publication.

3. Energy Imports: Energy imports include imports of coal, crude oil (including crude oil imported for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve), refined petroleum products, natural gas (dry), electricity produced from hydropower, and coke made from coal. Approximate heat contents (Btu values) are derived using the conversion factors provided in the Conver-sion Eactors contents information. sion Factors section of this publication. For further informa-tion on electricity, see the note and sources for imports and exports of electricity under Note 7 of the Notes and Sources for the Consumption Section.

4. Energy Exports: Energy exports include coal, crude oil, A chergy exports chergy exports include coal, chede oil, refined petroleum products, natural gas (dry), electricity produced from hydropower, and coke made from coal. Approximate heat contents (Btu values) are derived using the conversion factors provided in the Conversion Factors section of this publication. For further information on elecelectricity under Note 7 of the Notes and Sources for the Notes and So Consumption Section.

5. Merchandise Trade Value: The U.S. import statistics reflect both government and nongovernment imports of merchandise from foreign countries into the U.S. customs territory (which includes the 50 United States, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico) and the Virgin Islands. The statistics exclude imports into Guam, American Samoa, and other U.S. possessions, as well as shipments between the United States and Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands, between the United States and other U.S. possessions, and between any of these outlying areas. From January 1981 forward, import data presented are on a customs value basis. All other values are on a free alongside ship (f.a.s.) basis. Monthly data are adjusted for seasonal and workingday variation, if present and identifiable; annual data are unadjusted, and annual totals may not equal sum of monthly totals. Statistics include nonmonetary gold. Statistics ex-clude Department of Defense Military Program Grant-Aid shipments. "All Other" and "Total" columns include foreign exports (i.e., reexports). The "Energy" columns include mineral fuels, lubricants, and related material. "Imports" represent general imports (i.e., entries for immediate consumption, entries into customs bonded warehouses, and entries for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve). "Trade Balance" is exports minus imports; a positive balance indicates a surplus trade value and a negative balance indicates a deficit trade value. The "All Other" columns are calculated by subtracting "Energy" from "Total."

6. Degree-Days: Degree-days are relative measurements of outdoor air temperature. Cooling degree-days are defined as deviations of the mean daily temperature at a sampling station above a base temperature equal to 65° F. by convention. Heating degree-days are deviations of the mean daily temperature below 65° F. For example, if a weather station recorded a mean daily temperature of 78° F., cooling degree-days for that station would be 13 (and heating degree-days, 0). A weather station recording a mean daily

temperature of 40° F. would report 25 heating degree-days (and 0 cooling degree-days).

There are several degree-day data bases maintained by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. The information published in the Monthly Energy Review (MER) is developed by the National Weather Service Climate Analis developed by the National Weather Service Climate Anal-ysis Center, Camp Springs, Maryland. The data are avail-able weekly with monthly summaries and are based on mean daily temperatures recorded at about 200 major weather stations around the country. The temperature infor-mation recorded at these weather stations is used to calcu-tate stationide degree day averages based on population late statewide degree-day averages based on population. The State figures are then aggregated into Census Divisions and into the national average. The population weights cur-rently in use represent resident State population data estimated for 1980 by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. The data shown in the MER are available sooner than the Historical Climatic Viet and a source of the certain the Historical Climatic Center, Asheville, North Carolina, which compiles data from some 8,000 weather stations.

#### Sources

Merchandise Trade Value: • 1974 through 1980: U.S. Merchandise Trade Value: • 1974 through 1980: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "High-lights of U.S. Export and Import Trade," FT990 (January 1982), Appendix for total imports and exports. Energy im-ports and exports from U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Summary of U.S. Export and Import Merchandise Trade," December issues, plus Bureau of the Census reports EA691 "Exports from the Virgin Islands to Foreign Countries," and IA245V "U.S. Imports for Consump-tion and General Import into the Virgin Islands " tion and General Imports into the Virgin Islands."
1981 forward: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of

1981 forward: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Summary of U.S. Export and Import Merchandise Trade," most recent monthly issue.
Gross National Product: • U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*.
U.S. Dependence on Petroleum Net Imports: • Imports and products supplied—Part 3 of this publication.
• Exports—1973 through 1976: Bureau of Mines, *Mineral Industry Surveys*; 1977 through 1982: Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Energy Data Reports*, "Petroleum Statement, Annual"; 1983 forward: EIA, *Petroleum Statement, Monthly.*Cost of Fuels to End Users in Constant (1972) Dollare:

Cost of Fuels to End Users in Constant (1972) Dollars:

 Leaded Regular Motor Gasoline—Bureau of Labor Statistics

Residential Heating Oil—Energy Information Administration (EIA), 1983 forward, EIA Form-782A, "Refiners/Gas Plant Operators' Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report" and EIA Form-782B, "Resellers/Retailers' Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report." Prices prior to 1983 are EIA backcasted estimates using data from FEA Form P112-M1/EIA-9, "No. 2 Heating Oil Supply/Price Monitoring Report" and EIA Form 9-A, "No. 2 Distillate Price Monitoring Report." See Note 8 in the Notes and Sources for the Price Report." See Note 8 in the Notes and Sources for the Price Section for additional information.

 Residential Natural Gas—Annual data 1973 through 1982 from EIA, *Natural Gas Annual*, based on Form EIA-176, Supply and Distribution of Natural Gas, and predecessors. Annual 1983 and quarterly data are EIA estimates based on the Bureau of Labor Statistics Urban Consumer Price Index for natural gas and are adjusted to conform with final reported annual data. See Note 6 in the Notes and Sources

reported annual data. See Note 6 in the Notes and Sources for the Price Section for estimation procedures.
Residential Electricity—Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), 1973 through February 1980: FPC Form 5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenue and Income"; March 1980 forward: FERC Form 5, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement."
Deflator (The Urban Consumer Price Index)—Bureau of Labor Statistics.

**U.S. Passenger Car Efficiency:** • Indexes prepared from statistics published by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Federal Highway Statistics Division, "Highway Statistics," Table VM-1.

#### **Energy Consumption**

Total U.S. energy consumption in July 1984 was 5.9 guadrillion Btu, 3.7 percent above the July 1983 level. Petroleum accounted for 43.9 percent of the energy consumed in July 1984, while coal accounted for 25.3 percent and natural gas accounted for 20.0 percent.

The transportation sector used 64.3 percent of petroleum consumed and the industrial sector used 26.4 percent. Of total dry natural gas consumed, the industrial sector used 47.9 percent, electric utilities used 30.4 percent, and the residential and commercial sector used 18.6 percent. Most of the coal used in July 1984 (84.8 percent) was consumed by electric utilities. The residential and commercial sector used 65.0 percent of total electricity sales, while the industrial sector used 35.0 percent.

Residential and commercial sector consumption was 1.9 guadrillion Btu in July 1984. down 0.7 percent from the July 1983 level. This sector consumed 32.2 percent of the July 1984 total, down from its 33.6-percent share in July 1983.

Industrial sector consumption was 2.3 quadrillion Btu in July 1984, up 6.8 percent from the July 1983 level. The industrial sector accounted for 38.9 percent of the July 1984 total consumption, up from the industrial sector's 37.7-percent share of July 1983 total consumption.

Transportation sector consumption was 1.7 guadrillion Btu in July 1984, up 4.8 percent from the July 1983 level. This sector consumed 28.9 percent of the July 1984 total, up from the sector's 28.6-percent share in July 1983.

The electric utilities consumption was an estimated 2.4 guadrillion Btu of energy in July 1984, 0.5 percent higher than in July 1983. Coal contributed 53.4 percent of the energy consumed by electric utilities in July 1984, while natural gas contributed 15.1 percent; hydroelectric, 13.5 percent; nuclear, 12.8 percent; petroleum, 4.6 percent; and geothermal, wood, waste, and wind, 0.5 percent.

## **Energy Consumption Summary for July 1984**

#### (Quadrillion (10<sup>15</sup>) Btu)

	Sector							
Energy Source	Residential and Commercial	Industrial	Transportation	Electric Utilities	Total			
Coal	0.010	0.217	0.000	1.277	1.506			
Natural Gas (dry)	0.221	0.569	0.039	0.361	1.188			
Petroleum Products	0.133	0.687	1.676	0.111	2.607			
Hydroelectric	0.000	0.003	0.000	0.322	0.325			
Nuclear	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.306	0.306			
Net Imports of Coal Coke	0.000	(0.001)	0.000	0.000	(0.001)			
Other <sup>1</sup>	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.013	0.013			
Primary Consumption	0.364	1.475	1.715	2.390	5.945			
Electricity Sales	0.448	0.241	0.001	(0.689)				
				. ,				
Net Energy Consumption	0.811	1.716	1.716		4.244			
Electrical Energy Losses	1.104	0.595	0.002	(1.701)	1.701			
Total Energy Consumed	1.915	2.311	1.718		5.945			

 <sup>1</sup> Includes only geothermal power and electricity produced from wood, waste, and wind energy.
 Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding and the use of preliminary conversion factors.
 Additional notes and sources for this table and all other tables in this section are provided on the last four pages of this section.

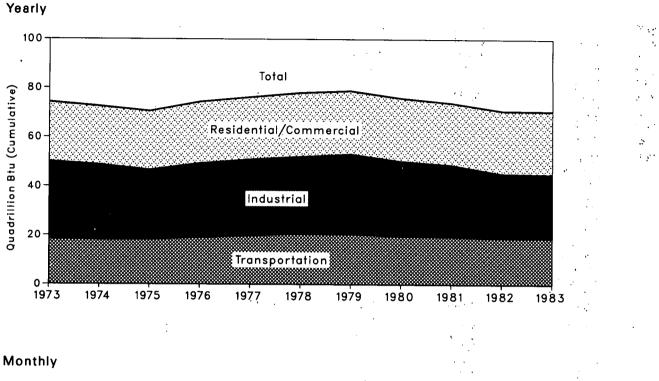


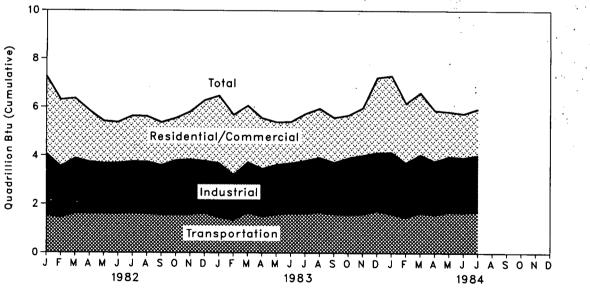


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#### Consumption of Energy by End-Use Sector







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#### **Consumption of Energy by End-Use Sector**

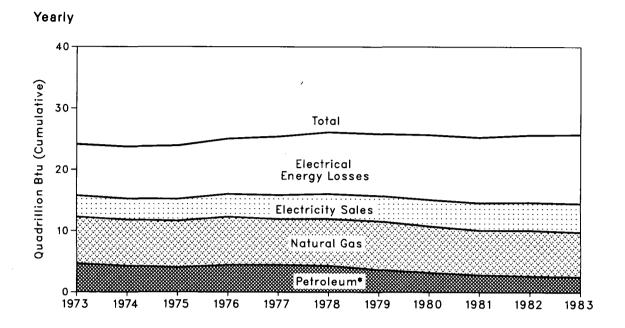
		Residential and			Total Energy
		Commercial	Industrial	Transportation	Consumed
			Quadrillio	n (10¹⁵) Btu	
1973	Total	24.147	31.463	18.596	74.212
1974	Total	23.729	30.630	18.113	72.479
1975	Total	23.902	28.343	18.240	70.485
1976	Total	25.020	30.177	19.093	74.297
1977	Total	25.375	31.021	19.808	76.215
1978	Total	26.084	31.363	20.589	78.039
1979	Totai	25.810	32.567	20.365	78.845
1980	Total	25.654		19.693	75.900
1981			30.549		
	Total	25.246	29.208	19.495	73.940
1982	January	3.193	2.533	1.536	7.262
	February	2.749	2.097	1.449	6.292
	March	2.471	2:265	1.620	6.353
	April	2.110	2.119	1.621	5.847
	May June	1.723 1.673	2.075 2.087	1.613 1.611	5.409 5.371
	July	1.877	2.087	1.640	5.641
	August	1.866	2.121	1.607	5.618
	September	1.763	2.028	1.576	5.369
	October	1.736	2.228	1.577	5.542
	November	1.970	2.260	1.582	5.815
	December	2.498	2.152	1.634	6.289
	Total	25.629	26.105	19.066	70.807
1983	January	2.779	2.226	1.466	6.473
	February	2.488	1.841	1.355	5.684
	March	2.326	2.077	1.657	6.062
	April	2.081	1.964	1.500	5.542
	May	1.747	2.051	1.586	5.382
	June	1.704	2.056	1.634	5.396
	July	1.928	2.163	1.639	5.733
	August	2.022	2.249	1.676	5.951
	September October	1.839	2.126	1.603	5.569
	November	1.756	2.329	1.587	5.671
	December	1.958 3.095	2.423 2.388	1.597 1.739	5.976 7.223
	Total	25.725	<b>2</b> .388 <b>25.892</b>	19.040	70.664
1984	January	3.155	2.532	1.611	7.298
1304	February	2.453	2.532	1.466	6.168
	March	2.560	2.380	1.667	6.605
	April	R2.088	R2.203	1.586	R5.871
	May	R1.851	R2.288	1.690	R5.823
	June	R1.810	R2.274	1.664	R5.747
	July	1.915	2.311	1.718	5.945
	•				

R = Revised data.
Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
• Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding and the use of preliminary conversion factors after 1981.
Additional Notes and Sources: • See the last four pages of this section.

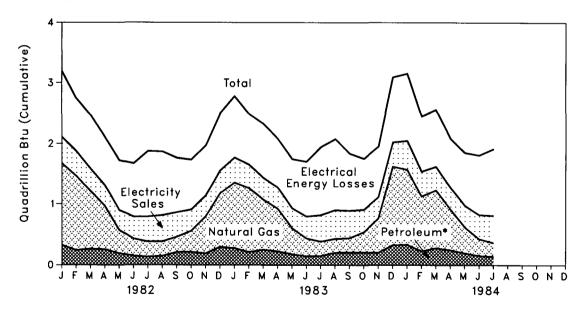
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Consumption of Energy by the Residential and Commercial Sector



Monthly



\*Includes very small quantities of coal.

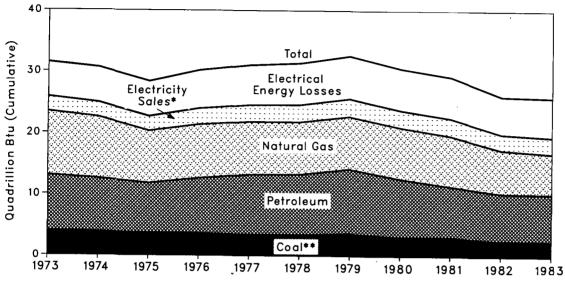
#### Consumption of Energy by the Residential and Commercial Sector

		Coal	Natural Gas (Dry)	Petroleum	Electricity Sales	Electrical Energy Losses	Total Energy Consumed	Yearly Cumulative Energy Consumed
					Quadrillion (10 <sup>1</sup>	⁵) Btu		
1973	Total	0.259	7.626	4.391	3.495	8.377	24.147	
1974	Total	0.260	7.518	3.996	3.475	8.480	23.729	
1975	Total	0.212	7.581	3.805	3.604	8.700	23.902	
1976	Total	0.206	7.866	4.181	3.747	9.020	25.020	
1977	Total	0.207	7.461	4.206	3.955	9.545	25.375	
1978	Total	0.215	7.624	4.070	4.116	10.060	26.084	
1979	Total	0.188	7.891	3.448	4.184	10.100	25.810	
1980	Total	0.147	7.539	3.035	4.355	10.578	25.654	
1981	Total	0.171	7.249	2.634	4.497	10.696	25.246	
1982	January	0.023	1.344	0.303	0.440	1.084	3.193	3.193
	February	0.016	1.222	0.228	0.409	0.874	2.749	5.942
	March	0.013	0.948	0.252	0.373	0.886	2.471	8.413
	April	0.016	0.706	0.243	0.346	0.798	2.110 1.723	10.523 12.245
	May	0.011	0.382 0.279	0.181 0.144	0.327 0.358	0.822 0.885	1.673	13.919
	June July	0.008 0.014	0.279	0.121	0.412	1.084	1.877	15.796
	August	0.014	0.243	0.134	0.431	1.053	1.866	17.662
	September	0.015	0.247	0.197	0.403	0.902	1.763	19.426
	October	0.015	0.343	0.201	0.349	0.827	1.736	21.161
	November	0.019	0.605	0.172	0.340	0.834	1.970	23.131
	December	0.023	0.878	0.274	0.381	0.942	2.498	25.62 <del>9</del>
	Total	0.189	7.433	2.449	4.566	10.991	25.629	
1983	January	0.020	1.081	0.257	0.413	1.007	2.779	2.779
	February	0.018	1.049	0.198	0.390	0.834	2.488	5.266
	March	0.013	0.821	0.239	0.365	0.889	2.326	7.593
	April	0.017	0.698	0.210	0.352	0.805	2.081	9.674
	May	0.011	0.427	0.169	0.327	0.813	1.747	11.421
	June	0.008	0.290	0.140	0.359	0.907	1.704 1.928	13.126 15.054
	July August	0.014 0.013	0.233 0.224	0.120 0.138	0.435 0.472	1.127 1.176	2.022	17.076
	September	0.013	0.224	0.194	0.472	0.944	1.839	18.916
	October	0.017	0.333	0.193	0.367	0.845	1.756	20.672
	November	0.019	0.559	0.185	0.350	0.844	1.958	22.630
	December	0.025	1.296	0.302	0.402	1.069	3.095	25.725
	Total	0.192	7.244	2.345	4.683	11.261	25.725	
1984	January	0.024	1.240	0.309	0.476	1.105	3.155	3.155
	February	0.021	0.894	0.210	0.416	0.912	2.453	5.608
	March	0.015	0.947	0.265	0.395	0.938	2.560	8.168
	April	R0.021	0.669	0.228	0.360	0.810	R2.088	R10.257
	May June	R0.013 R0.010	0.424 0.272	0.187 0.147	0.355 0.395	0.873 0.986	R1.851 R1.810	R12.108 R13.918
	July	0.010	0.272	0.133	0.395	1.104	1.915	15.833
	cory	0.010	V-446-1	0.100	0.770	1.107	1.010	10.000

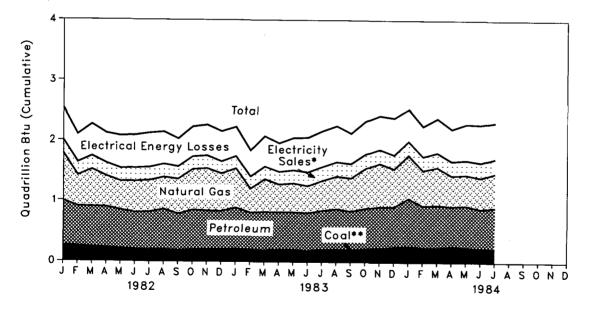
R = Revised data.
Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
• Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
Additional Notes and Sources: • See the last four pages of this section.

## Consumption of Energy by the Industrial Sector





#### Monthly



\*Includes hydroelectric.

\*\*Includes net coke imports.

Monthly Energy Review July 1984 Energy Information Administration

#### Consumption of Energy by the Industrial Sector

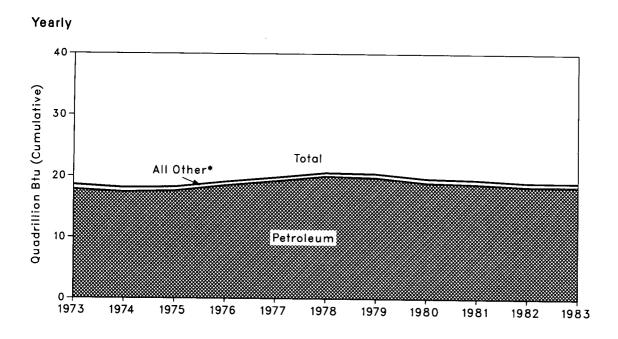
		Coal	Naturai Gas (Dry)	Petro- leum	Hydro- electric	Net Coke Imports	Electricity Sales	Electrical Energy Losses	Total Energy Consumed	Yearly Cumulative Energy Consumed
					Q	uadrillion (10	)ı₅) Btu			
1973	Total	3.984	10.388	9.113	0.035	(0.008)	2.341	5.610	31.463	
1974	Total	3.800	10.003	8.698	0.033	0.059	2.337	5.700	30.630	
1975	Total	3.602	8.532	8.151	0.032	0.014	2.346	5.665	28.343	
1976	Total	3.595	8.761	9.018	0.033	0.000	2.573	6.197	30.177	
1977	Total	3.394	8.636	9.786	0.033	0.015	2.682	6.476	31.021	
1978	Total	3.258	8.539	9.890	0.032	0.131	2.761	6.755	31.363	
1979	Total	3.532	8.549	10.576	0.034	0.066	2.873	6,937	32.567	
1980	Total	3.103	8.394	9.524	0.033	(0.037)	2.781	6.751	30.549	
1981	Total	3.109	8.265	8.295	0.033	(0.037)	2.817	6.704	29.208	
	-									
1982	January	0.262	0.793	0.731	0.003	0.000	0.215	0.530	2.533	2.533
	February	0.245	0.520	0.658	0.003	(0.001)	0.214	0.458	2.097	4.630
	March	0.236	0.622	0.663	0.003	(0.002)	0.220	0.523	2.265	6.895
	April	0.218	0.515	0.676	0.003	(0.001)	0.214	0.493	2.119	9.014
	May	0.211	0.480	0.634	0.003	(0.003)	0.213	0.536	2.075	11.089
	June	0.197	0.524 0.529	0.612	0.003	(0.004)	0.217	0.538	2.087	13.176
	July	0.191	0.529	0.625	0.003	(0.003)	0.214	0.563	2.121	15.296
	August September	0.192 0.184	0.537	0.667	0.002 0.002	(0.001) (0.003)	0.216 0.205	0.528 0.458	2.142 2.028	17.438 19.466
	October	0.192	0.583	0.657	0.002	(0.003)	0.205	0.456	2.028	21.694
	November	0.192	0.708	0.657	0.002	(0.001)	0.208	0.492	2.220	23.953
	December	0.195	0.626	0.635	0.002	(0.002)	0.207	0.508	2.200	26.105
	Total	2.520	7.116	7.798	0.002	(0.001) (0.023)	2.542	6.120	26.105	20.105
	TOTAL									
1983	January	0.208	0.658	0.678	0.003	(0.001)	0.198	0.482	2.226	2.226
	February	0.194	0.400	0.613	0.003	(0.001)	0.201	0.431	1.841	4.067
	March	0.185	0.549	0.635	0.003	(0.001)	0.206	0.500	2.077	6.144
	April	0.202	0.466	0.615	0.003	(0.002)	0.207	0.473	1.964	8.107
	May	0.196	0.485	0.622	0.003	(0.002)	0.214	0.532	2.051	10.158
	June	0.180	0.452	0.626	0.003	(0.001)	0.226	0.570	2.056	12.214
	July	0.203	0.502	0.643	0.003	(0.002)	0.227	0.587	2.163	14.377
	August September	0.206	0.546 0.554	0.666	0.002	(0.001)	0.238	0.592	2.249	16.626
	October	0.200	0.554	0.636	0.002	(0.001)	0.238	0.498	2.126	18.752
	November	0.214 0.224	0.000	0.669 0.689	0.002 0.002	(0.001)	0.235	0.541	2.329 2.423	21.081 23.504
	December	0.224	0.723	0.669	0.002	(0.001)	0.230 0.229	0.555 0.609	2.423	25.892
	Total	2.458	6.638	7.759	0.002	(0.003) <b>(0.016)</b>	0.229 <b>2.648</b>	6.372	2.366 25.892	25.092
	Total					• •	2.040			
1984	January	0.256	0.722	0.794	0.003	0.001	0.228	0.528	2.532	2.532
	February	0.236	0.594	0.690	0.003	0.002	0.227	0.498	2.250	4.781
	March	0.238	0.633	0.704	0.003	(0.001)	0.238	0.566	2.380	7.161
	April	R0.250	0.516	0.669	0.003	0.000	0.236	0.529	R2.203	R9.364
	May	R0.242	0.520	0.688	0.003	(0.001)	0.241	0.594	R2.288	R11.652
	June	R0.222 0.217	R0.525 0.569	0.655	0.003	(0.003)	0.249	0.622	R2.274	R13.926
	July	0.217	0.008	0.687	0.003	(0.001)	0.241	0.595	2.311	16.236

R=Revised data. Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Additional Notes and Sources: • See the last four pages of this section.

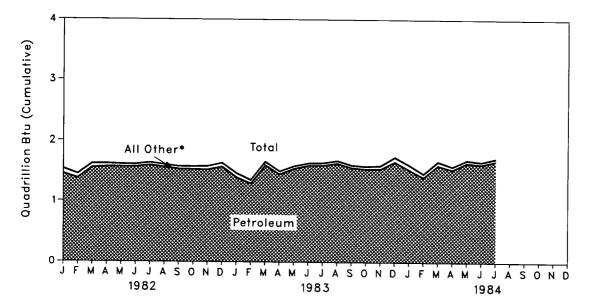
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## Consumption of Energy by the Transportation Sector



Monthly



•Includes coal, natural gas, electricity sales, and electrical energy losses.

### Consumption of Energy by the Transportation Sector

		Coal	Natural Gas (Dry)	Petroleum	Electricity Sales	Electrical Energy Losses	Total Energy Consumed	Yearly Cumulative Energy Consumed
				Qua	drillion (10¹⁵) Btu	l		
1973	Total	0.003	0.743	17.821	0.009	0.020	18.596	
1974	Total	0.002	0.685	17.396	0.009	0.022	18.113	
1975	Totai	0.001	0.595	17.610	0.010	0.025	18.240	
1976	Total	. (1)	0.559	18.499	0.010	0.025	19.093	
1977	Total	(1)	0.543	19.230	0.010	0.025	19.808	•
1978	Total	(1)	0.539	20.019	0.009	0.022	20.589	
1979	Total	(1)	0.612	19.817	0.010	0.025	20.464	
1980	Total	(1)	0.648	19.009	0.011	0.026	19.693	
1981	Total	(1)	0.658	18.800	0.011	0.026	19.495	
1982	January	(1)	0.081	1.452	0.001	0.002	1.536	1.536
	February	(1)	0.068	1.378	0.001	0.002	1.449	2.985
	March	(1)	0.063	1.554	0.001	0.002	1.620	4.605
	April	(1)	0.050	1.568	0.001	0.002	1.621	6.226
	May	(1)	0.039	1.571	0.001	0.002	1.613	7.840
	June	(1)	0.038	1.570	0.001	0.002	1.611	9.451
	July	(1)	0.039	1.597	0.001	0.002	1.640	11.090
	August September	(1) (1)	0.039 0.039	1.565 1.534	0.001 0.001	0.002 0.002	1.607 1.576	12.698 14.274
	October	(1) (1)	0.039	1.534	0.001	0.002	1.576	15.850
	November	(*) (1)	0.044	1.525	0.001	0.002	1.582	17.432
	December	( <sup>1</sup> )	0.055	1.571	0.001	0.002	1.634	19.066
	Total	(1)	0.613	18.417	0.011	0.002	19.066	13.000
1983	January	(1)	0.067	1.396	0.001	0.002	1,466	1.466
	February	( <sup>1</sup> )	0.055	1.296	0.001	0.002	1.355	2.820
	March	(1)	0.054	1.600	0.001	0.002	1.657	4,478
	April	( <sup>1</sup> )	0.047	1.450	0.001	0.002	1.500	5.977
	May	( <sup>i</sup> )	0.039	1.544	0.001	0.002	1.586	7.563
	June	(1)	0.034	1.597	0.001	0.002	1.634	9.197
	July	(1)	0.036	1.600	0.001	0.002	1.639	10.837
	August	(1)	0.039	1.634	0.001	0.002	1.676	12.513
	September	(1)	0.037	1.564	0.001	0.002	1.603	14.116
	October	(1)	0.043	1.541	0.001	0.002	1.587	15.703
	November	(1)	0.051	1.543	0.001	0.002	1.597	17.300
	December Total	( <sup>1</sup> )	0.074	1.662	0.001	0.002	1.739	19.040
		(1)	0.577	18.428	0.010	0.024	19.040	
1984	January	(1)	0.075	1.533	0.001	0.002	1.611	1.611
	February	(1) (1)	0.057	1.406	0.001	0.002	1.466	3.078
	March	(1) (1)	0.062	1.602	0.001	0.002	1.667	4.744
	April May	(1) (1)	0.048 0.042	1.535 1.646	0.001	0.002 0.002	1.586 1.690	6.331 8.021
	June	(*) (1)	0.042	1.623	0.001 0.001	0.002	1.690	9.685
	July	(*) (*)	0.038	1.676	0.001	0.002	1.718	11.403

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Since 1976, the amount of coal consumed by the transportation sector has been negligible.
R=Revised data.
Notes: 

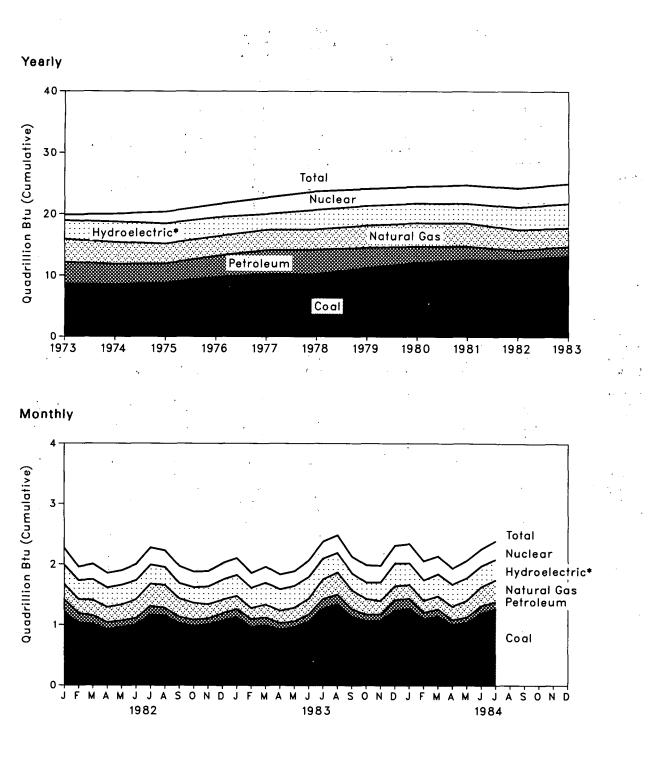
Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Additional Notes and Sources: 

See the last four pages of this section.

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#### **Energy Input at Electric Utilities**



Includes geothermal power and electricity produced from wood, waste, and wind energy.

#### **Energy Input at Electric Utilities**

		Coal	Natural Gas (Dry)	Petro- leum <sup>1</sup>	Hydro- electric Power²	Nuclear Electric Power	Other <sup>3</sup>	Total Energy Input	Yearly Cumulative Energy Input
					Quadrillion (	10¹⁵) Btu			
1973	Total	8.658	3.748	3.515	2.975	0.910	0.046	19.852	1 1
	Total	8.535	3.519	3.365	3.276	1.272	0.056	20.023	
	Total	8.786	3.240	3.166	3.187	1.900	0.072	20.350	
	Total	9.720	3.152	3.477	3.032	2.111	0.081	21.573	
	Total	10.243	3.284	3.901	2.482	2.702	0.082	22.694	
1978	Total	10.236	3.297	3.987	3.110	3.024	0.068	23.722	
1979	Total	11.264	3.609	3.283	3.107	2.776	0.089	24.129	
	Total	12.122	3.807	2.634	3.085	2.739	0.114	24.501	
	Total	12.583	3.760	2.202	3.072	3.008	0.127	24.752	
1982	January	1.204	0.246	0.221	0.308	0.283	0.009	2.271	2.271
	February	1.036	0.228	0.162	0.303	0.222	0.008	1.958	4.230
	March	1.015	0.255	0.144	0.333	0.251	0.007	2.004	6.234 8.089
	April	0.922	0.255	0.120	0.312	0.240	0.007	1.855	
	May June	0.967 1.005	· 0.267 0.306	0.106 0.111	0.315 0.304	0.238	0.008 0.010	1.902 2.000	9.991 11.991
	July	1.171	0.365	0.144	0.304	0.285	0.010	2.000	14.266
	August	1.162	0.374	0.144	0.284	0.275	0.010	2.270	16.497
	September	1.026	0.303	0.110	0.241	0.280	0.010	1.970	18.467
	October	0.982	0.283	0.106	0.242	0.256	0.011	1.879	20.346
	November	1.013	0.234	0.100	0.277	0.256	0.011	1.891	22.237
	December	1.079	0.222	0.120	0.320	0.269	0.009	2.018	24.256
	Total	12.582	3.338	1.568	3.544	3.115	0.108	24.256	
1983	January	1.129	0.215	0.137	0.335	0.276	0.011	2.103	2,103
	February	0.968	0.183	0.134	0.322	0.245	0.008	1.859	3.962
	March	0.997	0.215	0.133	0.346	0.263	0.010	1.963	5.925
	April	0.922	0.210	0.110	0.342	0.246	0.009	1.838	7.764
	May	0.967	0.226	0.097	0.350	0.243	0.007	1.889	9.653
	June	1.065	0.256	0.119	0.349	0.266	0.010	2.065	11.717
	July	1.278	0.325	0.156	0.326	0.282	0.012	2.379	14.096
	August	1.349	0.364	0.158	0.305	0.289	0.016	2.480	16.577
	September	1.147	0.309	0.123	0.265	0.275	0.014	2.133	18.710
	October	1.072	0.260	0.106	0.254	0.284	0.015	1.992	20.701
	November	1.083	0.222	0.099	0.291	0.275	0.013	1.983	22.685
	December	1.251	0.226	0.171	0.364	0.290	0.011	2.314	24.998
	Total	13.226	3.011	1.544	3.847	3.235	0.135	24.998	
1984	January	1.274	0.223	0.169	0.342	0.321	0.011	2.340	2.340
	February	1.106	0.194	0.108	0.323	0.312	0.013	2.056	4.396
	March	1.154	0.213	0.115	0.349	0.293	0.015	2.139	6.535
	April	1.006	0.228	0.081	0.344	0.266	0.014	1.938	8.473
	May	1.047	0.274	0.090	0.358	0.283	0.014	2.066	10.539
	June	1.204	0.309	0.121	0.331	0.277	0.013	2.255	12.794
	July	1.277	0.361	0.111	0.322	0.306	0.013	2.390	15.185

<sup>1</sup>Includes petroleum products reported as "oil consumed in steam plants" through 1979 and "heavy oil" from 1980 forward, which are assumed to be residual fuel oil; petroleum products reported as "oil consumed in gas turbine and internal combustion engine plants" through 1979 and "light oil" from 1980 forward, which are assumed to be distillate fuel oil and kerosene; and petroleum coke. <sup>2</sup>Includes net imports of electricity. <sup>3</sup>Includes only geothermal power and electricity produced from wood, waste, and wind energy. Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Additional Notes and Sources: • See the last four pages of this section.

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# Notes and Sources for the Consumption Section

1. Total Energy Consumed: Total energy consumed includes coal (anthracite, bituminous coal, and lignite), natural gas (dry), refined petroleum products supplied, electric utility and industrial generation of electricity from hydropower, net imports of electricity generated from hydropower, and elec-tricity generated from nuclear power, geothermal power, and wood, waste, and wind energy. Data do not include the consumption of wood-derived fuel other than that consumed by the electric utility industry. Also excluded are small quantities of energy forms for which consistent historical data are not available, such as solar energy obtained by the use of thermal and photovoltaic collectors; and geothermal, biomass, waste, and wind energy other than that consumed at electric utilities.

2. End-Use Sectors: Energy use is assigned to the major end-use sectors according to the following guidelines as closely as possible:

- Residential and commercial sector-Energy consumed by private household establishments primarily for space heating, water heating, air conditioning, cooking, and clothes drying; by non-manufacturing business es-tablishments, including motels, restaurants, wholesale enterprises; by health, social, and educational institu-tions; and by Federal, State, and local governments.
- Industrial sector-Energy consumed by manufacturing, construction, mining, agriculture, fishing, and forestry establishments.
- Transportation sector—Energy consumed to move people and commodities in both the public and private sectors, including military, railroad, vessel bunkering, and marine uses, as well as the pipeline transmission of natural gas.
- Electric utility sector—Energy consumed by privately-and publicly-owned establishments that generate elec-tricity primarily for resale.

3. Conversion Factors: See the Conversion Factors section of this publication.

- 4. Coal: Coal is anthracite, bituminous coal, and lignite. Sources.
  - 1973 through September 1977: U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), Bureau of Mines (BOM), *Minerals Year-book* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*.
  - Electric Utilities-October 1977 forward: Energy Information Administration (EIA), EIA Form 759 (formerly FPC Form 4), "Monthly Power Plant Report."
  - CFC Form 4), Monthly Power Plant Report." Other Industrial—October 1977 through December 1979: EIA, EIA Form 3, "Monthly Fuel Consumption Report Manufacturing Plants"; January 1980 forward: EIA, EIA Form 3, "Quarterly Fuel Consumption Report Manufacturing Plants" and EIA Form 6, "Coal Distri-bution Report."
  - Coke Plants—October 1977 through December 1980: EIA, EIA Form 5/5A, "Coke and Coal Chemicals -Monthly/Annual"; January 1981 forward: EIA, EIA Form 5/5A, "Coke and Coal Chemicals Quarter-ly/Annual."
  - Residential and Commercial—October 1977 through December 1979: EIA, EIA Form 2, "Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers and Upper Lake Docks"; Janu-ary 1980 forward: EIA, EIA Form 6, "Coal Distribution Réport.'

5. Natural Gas: Natural gas consumption by end-use sector is based on data presented in the table titled "Natural and Supplemental Gas Consumption" in Part 4. For the Part 2 consumption summary, lease and plant fuel consumption are added to the industrial sector deliveries and pipeline fuel represents the transportation sector's use of natural gas. Values in Btu are derived using the conversion factors provided in the Conversion Factors section of this publication.

Sources:

- 1973 through 1975: DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook*, "Natural Gas" chapter.
  1976 through 1978: EIA, *Energy Data Reports*, "Natural Gas, Annual."
  1970 FLA Network Construction and Consumption
- 1979: EIA, Natural Gas Production and Consumption 1979.
- 1980 and 1982: EIA, *Natural Gas Annual.* 1983 forward: EIA, *Natural Gas Monthly.* Electric utilities consumption—1973 through 1976: FPC
- Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." 1977 through 1981: Federal Energy Regulatory Com-mission (FERC), FPC Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
- 1982 forward: EIA, EIA Form 759, "Monthly Power Plant Report.
- American Gas Association, "Monthly Gas Utility Statistical Report.'

6. Petroleum: Petroleum consumption by end-use is the sum of all individual petroleum products estimated to be sum or all individual petroleum products estimated to be consumed in each end-use sector. First, total consumption by product is determined. Petroleum consumption in this section of the *Monthly Energy Review* is the series called "petroleum products supplied" in Part 3. *Sources for petroleum products supplied by individual products are:* 

- 1973 through 1975: DOI, BOM, *Mineral Industry Surveys*, "Petroleum Statement, Annual."
  1976 through 1980: EIA, *Energy Data Reports*, "Petroleum Statement Annual."
- leum Statement, Annual." 1981 through 1983: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual.
- 1984 forward: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.

Specific petroleum products' end-use allocation procedures follow:

- Aviation Gasoline—All product supplied is assigned to the transportation sector.
- · Asphalt-All product supplied is assigned to the industrial sector.

#### Distillate Fuel

- Electric Utility Sector, All Periods.
  - Monthly and annual consumption in 1973 through 1979 is assumed to be the amount of oil (minus small amounts of kerosene and kerosene-type jet fuel deliveries) reported as consumed in internal combustion and gas turbine engine plants. From January 1980, electric utility consumption of distillate fuel is assumed to be the petroleum products reported as "light oil" (minus kerosene deliveries) consumed at utilities.

consumed at utilities. Sources: 1973 through September 1977—FPC Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report;" October 1977 through 1981—FERC, FPC Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report;" 1982 forward—EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." *Nonutility Sectors, Annual Estimates.* The aggregate nonutility use of distillate fuel is total distillate fuel supplied minus the electric utility con-sumption. The populities aprual totals are allocated

- distinate fuel supplied minus the electric utility con-sumption. The nonutility annual totals are allocated into the individual nonutility sectors in proportion to the amount of distillate fuel delivered to end users, grouped into sectors from EIA's "Deliveries of Fuel Oil and Kerosene" reports (based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-172) as follows:
  - Residential sector deliveries are taken directly from the "Deliveries" report for 1979 through 1982. Deliveries for 1982 are used as estimates for 1983. Prior to 1979, each year's subtotal of the heating plus industrial category deliveries is split into residential, commercial, and industrial (including farm) in proportion to the 1979 shares:

(Notes and Sources for the Consumption Section are continued on the next page.)

### Notes and Sources for the Consumption Section (continued)

- 6. Petroleum (continued):
  Distillate Fuel (continued)

  Nonutility Sectors, Annual Estimates (cont'd).
  Commercial sector deliveries are taken directly from the "Deliveries" report for 1979 through 1982. Deliveries for 1982 are used as estimates for 1983. Prior to 1979, each year's subtotal of the beating plus industrial category deliveries is the heating plus industrial category deliveries is split into residential, commercial, and industrial (including farm) in proportion to the 1979 shares;
  - Industrial sector deliveries for 1979 through 1982 are the sum of deliveries for industrial, farm, oil company, off-highway, diesel, and all other uses. Deliveries for 1982 are used as estimates for 1983. Prior to 1979, each year's subtotal of the heating plus industrial category deliveries is split into residential, commercial, and industrial (including farm) in proportion to the 1979 shares, and this estimated industrial portion is added to oil company, off-highway diesel, and all other uses; and
  - Transportation sector deliveries are the sum of deliveries for railroad, vessel bunkering, on-highway diesel, and military uses for all years. Deliveries for 1982 are used as estimates for 1983.
  - Nonutility Sectors, Monthly Estimates Through 1982.
    - Residential and commercial sector monthly consumption is estimated by allocating the annual sector estimates to months in proportion to each month's share of the year's sales of No. 2 heating oil as reported in the "Monthly Report of Heating Oil Sales" by the Ethyl Corporation from 1973 through 1980 and the American Petroleum Institute since January 1981.
    - The transportation sector highway use portion is allocated into the months in proportion to each month's share of the year's total sales for high-way use as reported by the Federal Highway Administration's Table MF-25, "Private and Commercial Highway Use of Special Fuels by Months." The remaining transportation use of distillate fuel (i.e., for railroads, vessel bunker-ing, and military use) is evenly distributed over the months, adjusted for the number of days per month.
    - Industrial sector monthly estimates are made by subtracting the residential and commercial, transportation, and electric utility sector esti-mates from each month's total distillate fuel supplied.
  - Nonutility Sectors, 1983 Forward. Each month's nonutility consumption subtotal is disaggregated into the major end-use sectors in proportion to the shares each sector held of the nonutility subtotal in the same month in 1982.
  - Jet Fuel—Small amounts of kerosene-type jet fuel in all periods are consumed by the electric utility sector. Kerosene-type jet fuel deliveries to electric utilities as reported on the FERC-423 (formerly FPC-423) are used as an estimate of this consumption. All remaining int fuel (increase type) and consumption bis consumed jet fuel (kerosene-type and naphtha-type) is consumed by the transportation sector.
  - **Kerosene**—Total product supplied monthly is alloca-ted to the major end-use sectors in proportion to annual deliveries grouped into end-use sectors from EIA's "Deliveries of Fuel Oil and Kerosene" reports (based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-172) as follows
    - Residential sector deliveries are taken directly from the "Deliveries" report for 1979 through 1982. Deliveries for 1982 are used as estimates for 1983

forward. Prior to 1979, each year's category called 'heating" is split into residential, commercial, and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares;

- Commercial sector deliveries are taken directly from the "Deliveries" report for 1979 through 1982. Deliveries for 1982 are used as estimates for 1983 forward. Prior to 1979, each year's category called "heating" is split into residential, commercial, and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares; and
- Industrial sector deliveries are taken directly from the "Deliveries" report for 1979 through 1982. Deliveries for 1982 are used as estimates for 1983 forward. Prior to 1979, each year's category called "heating" is split into residential, commercial, and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares, and this estimated industrial (including farm) portion is added to "all other uses."

#### Liquefied Petroleum Gases (LPG)

- 1973 through 1982: the annual shares of LPG's total consumption that are estimated to be consumed by each end-use sector are applied to each month's total LPG consumption to create monthly end-use consumption estimates. The annual end-use shares are calculated in the following manner:
  - Sales of LPG to the residential and commercial sector are converted from thousand gallons per year to thousand barrels per year and are as-sumed to equal the annual consumption of LPG by the sector;
  - The quantity of LPG sold each year that is consumed in internal combustion engines is allocated between the transportation and indus-trial sectors according to a 5-year moving average of the percentage of carburetors sold to each end-use category. The proportions range from 31 percent transportation and 69 percent industrial in 1973 to 52 percent transportation and 48 percent industrial in 1982.
  - LPG consumed annually by the industrial sector is estimated as the difference between LPG's total supplied and the estimated consumption by the sum of the residential and commercial sector and the transportation sector. The indus-trial sector includes LPG used by chemical plants as raw materials or solvents and for use in the production of synthetic rubber; refinery fuel use; use as synthetic natural gas feedstock and use in secondary recovery projects; all farm use; LPG sold to gas utility companies for distribution through the mains; and a portion of the use of LPG as an internal combustion engine fuel.

The source of the sales data is EIA's "Sales of Liquefied Petroleum Gases and Ethane" reports, based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-174.

- 1983 forward: The 1982 annual end-use shares are applied for succeeding periods to estimate the amount of the total LPG supplied that is consumed by each major end-use sector.
- Lubricants—Total product supplied is allocated to the industrial and transportation sectors for all months according to proportions developed from annual sales according to proportions developed from annual sales of lubricants to those two sectors from U.S. Depart-ment of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, *Current Industrial Reports*, "Sales of Lubricating and Industrial Oils and Greases." The 1973 shares are applied to 1973 and 1974; the 1975 shares are applied to 1975 and 1976; and the 1977 shares are applied to 1977 forward.

(Notes and Sources for the Consumption Section are continued on the next page.)

## Notes and Sources for the Consumption Section (continued)

#### 6. Petroleum (continued):

- · Motor Gasoline-Total product supplied monthly is allocated to the major end-use sectors in proportion to aggregations of annual sales categories formed from the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal High-way Administration, *Highway Statistics*, Tables MF-21, MF-24, and MF-25, as follows:
  - Commercial sales are the sum of sales for public non-highway use, miscellaneous use, and unclassified use:
  - Industrial sales are the sum of sales for agriculture, construction, and industrial and commercial use as classified in the Highway Statistics; and
  - Transportation sales are the sum of sales for highway use (minus the sales of special fuels, which are primarily diesel fuel and are accounted for in the transportation sector of distillate fuel) and sales for marine use.
- **Petroleum Coke**—The portion consumed by the elec-tric utility sector is from EIA Form 759, "Monthly Power Plant Report" (formerly FPC Form 4). The remaining portion is assigned to the industrial sector.

#### Residual Fuel

- *Electric Utility Sector, All Periods.* Monthly and annual consumption 1973 through 1979 is assumed to be the amount of oil reported as consumed in steam electric plants. From January 1980, electric utility consumption of residual fuel is assumed to be the petroleum products reported as "heavy oil" consumed at utilities. reported as "heavy oil" consumed at utilities. Sources: 1973 through September 1977—FPC Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report;" October 1977 through 1981—FERC, FPC Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report;" 1982 forward—EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." **Nonutility Sectors, Annual Estimates.** The aggregate nonutility use of residual fuel is total residual fuel surplied minus the electric utility con-
- residual fuel supplied minus the electric utility consumption. The nonutility annual totals are allocated
  - sumption. The nonutility annual totals are allocated into the individual nonutility sectors in proportion to the amount of residual fuel delivered to end users, grouped into sectors from EIA's "Deliveries of Fuel Oil and Kerosene" reports (based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-172) as follows:
    Commercial sector deliveries are taken directly from the "Deliveries" report for 1979 through 1982. Deliveries for 1982 are used as estimates for 1983. Prior to 1979, each year's subtotal of the heating plus industrial category deliveries is split into commercial and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares;
    Industrial sector deliveries for 1979 through
  - Industrial sector deliveries for 1979 through 1982 are the sum of deliveries for industrial, oil company, and all other uses. Deliveries for 1982 are used as estimates for 1983. Prior to 1979, each year's subtotal of the heating plus industrial category deliveries is split into commercial and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares; and this estimated industrial portion is added to oil company and all other uses; and
  - Transportation sector deliveries are the sum of deliveries for railroad, vessel bunkering, and military uses for all years. Deliveries for 1982 are used as estimates for 1983.
  - Nonutility Sectors, Monthly Estimates Through 1982.
    - Commercial sector monthly consumption is esti-mated by allocating the annual commercial sec-tor estimates to months in proportion to each month's share of the year's sales of No. 2 heating oil as reported in the "Monthly Report of Heating Oil Sales" by the Ethyl Corporation

- for 1973 through 1980 and the American Petro-leum Institute since January 1981. Transportation sector monthly estimates are made by evenly distributing the annual sector estimate over the months, adjusted for the num-ber of days per month
- ber of days per month. Industrial sector monthly estimates are made by subtracting the commercial, transportation, and electric utility sector estimates from each month's total residual fuel supplied.
- Nonutility Sectors, 1983 Forward. Each month's nonutility consumption subtotal is disaggregated into the major end-use sectors in proportion to the shares each sector held of the nonutility subtotal in the same month in 1982.
- · Road Oil-All product supplied is assigned to the industrial sector.
- All Other Petroleum Products-The product supplied of all remaining petroleum products is assigned to the industrial sector.

7. Hydroelectric: Includes electricity generated by hydropower at electric utilities, small amounts in the industrial sector, and net imports of electricity, which are assumed to be generated by hydropower and are included in the hydropelectricity in the electric utilities sector.
Sources for electric utilities sector:
1973 through 1976: FPC, Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

- 1977 through 1981: FERC, FPC Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." 1982 forward: EIA, EIA Form 759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
- In the for industrial sector:
  1973 through 1978: FPC Forms 4 and 12-C.
  1979: FPC Form 4 and EIA estimates.
- 1980 forward: EIA estimates. Note: For 1977 forward, monthly data are not available from above sources and were estimated by seasonalizing the annual numbers in proportion to each month's
- hydroelectricity generation in the electric utility sector. Note for imports and exports of electricity:
- Monthly electricity imports and exports estimates for 1982 forward were revised in the May 1984 Monthly Energy Review. The revisions do not cause discontinui-ty in the annual data series: the data continue to come from the same source. The monthly data series, how-ever, are discontinuous because monthly data from ever, are discontinuous because monthly data from January 1982 forward are now available from the same source as the annual data. Estimates for monthly values prior to 1982, published in previous issues, were developed by converting the annual value to a daily rate and multiplying by the number of days in the month. Accordingly, month-to-month analyses are not comparable when taken across the transition date of January 1982. Monthly analyses on either side of that date will be comparable. There is no known bias in either the annual data or the monthly data since Janu-ary 1982 ary 1982.
- 1973 through 1980: DOE, Economic Regulatory Administration, "Report on Electric Energy Exchanges with
- Canada and Mexico." 1981: DOE, Office of Energy Emergency Operations, "Report on Electric Energy Exchanges with Canada and Mexico for Calendar Year 1981," April 1982 (re-
- vised June 1982). 1982 and 1983: DOE, Economic Regulatory Adminis-tration, EIA-781, "Annual Report of International Elec-tric Import/Export Data."
- 1984: EIA estimates.

(Notes and Sources for the Consumption Section are continued on the next page.)

### Notes and Sources for the Consumption Section (continued)

8. Nuclear: Sources.

- 1973 through 1976: FPC, Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report.
- 1977 through 1981: FERC, FPC Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
- 1982 forward: EIA, EIA Form 759, "Monthly Power Plant Report.'

9. Net Coke Imports: This is coke made from coal. Net imports means imports minus exports, and the parentheses indicate that exports are greater than imports.

- Sources:
- Sources:
  1973 through 1975: DOI, BOM, Minerals Yearbook, "Coke and Coal Chemicals," chapter.
  1976 through 1980: EIA, Energy Data Report, "Coke and Coal Chemicals," annual.
  1981 forward: EIA, Energy Data Report, "Coke Plant Depart," cuerchy (appund)
- Report," quarterly/annual.

**10. Other Energy:** "Other" is electricity produced from geothermal power and wood, waste, and wind energy. *Sources:* same as Note 8 above, for Nuclear.

11. Electricity Sales: From the sources cited below the following sales categories are available: residential, commercial, industrial, and other. For the end-use estimates in this section, the "other" category (which is primarily sales for use in government buildings) is added to the commercial sector except for approximately 4 percent, which represents the transportation sector use of electricity, primarily by railroads and railways. Sales of electricity are converted into Btu at the rate of 3,412 Btu per kilowatthour.

- Sources of sales data:
- 1973 through 1976: FPC, Form 5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenue and Income." 1977 through February 1980: EIA, FPC Form 5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenue and Income.
- March 1980 through December 1982: EIA, FERC Form 5, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement." January 1983 forward: EIA, EIA Form 826, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement."

12. Electrical Energy Losses: Total electrical energy losses (i.e., incurred in the generation and transmission of electricity plus plant use and unaccounted for) are estimated as the difference between total energy input at utilities and electricity sold to the end users. Total losses are disaggregated to the end-use sectors in proportion to each sector's share of total electricity sales. In general, about 65 percent of total energy input at utilities is lost in the form of heat, and an additional 3 percent is lost in the transmission and distribution of the electricity to the end user.

Domestic crude oil production during September 1984 was estimated to be 8.8 million barrels per day, 0.3 percent lower than the rates in both August 1984 and September 1983.

Total petroleum imports averaged 5.0 million barrels per day in September 1984, 1.5 percent less than the August 1984 rate and 19.1 percent less than the September 1983 rate.

In September 1984, 15.9 million barrels per day of petroleum products were supplied for domestic use, 1.5 percent below the level in August 1984 but 2.4 percent above the level of the previous September. Motor gasoline accounted for 43.1 percent of the total; distillate fuel oil, 17.3 percent; and residual fuel oil, 7.9 percent.

Motor gasoline supplied during September 1984 averaged 6.8 million barrels per day, 3.9 percent below the rate in August 1984 but 1.7 percent above the rate of the previous September. Stocks of motor gasoline totaled 229 million barrels at the end of September 1984, 4 million barrels above the stocks level at the end of August 1984 but the same level as 1 year earlier.

In September 1984, 2.7 million barrels of distillate fuel oil were supplied per day, 6.7 percent higher than the rates in both August 1984 and September 1983. Distillate fuel oil stocks were 142 million barrels at the end of September 1984, 8 million barrels above the level at the end of the previous month but 12 million barrels below the September 1983 stocks level.

Residual fuel oil supplied in September 1984 averaged 1.3 million barrels per day, 0.7 percent lower than in August 1984 and 7.0 percent lower than the September 1983 rate. Residual fuel oil stocks measured 44 million barrels at the end of September 1984, 1 million barrels less than the stocks level of the previous month and 6 million barrels less than the level at the end of September 1983.

<sup>\*</sup>Estimates for the most current month are based on Energy Information Administration (EIA) weekly data (except crude production) and will be revised to conform with data from the EIA Petroleum Reporting System as available. For the most recent month, crude production is an EIA estimate based on historical and provisional data through June 1984. The total import data above include imports into the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

### **Crude Oil<sup>1</sup> and Petroleum Products Overview**

		Fie	eld Produc	tion	Stock	Withdrawal <sup>2</sup>		Ending Stocks <sup>3</sup>
		Total Domestic <sup>4</sup>	Crude Oil	Natural Gas Plant Production	Crude Oil®	Petroleum Products	Petroleum Products Supplied	Crude Oil <sup>s</sup> and Petroleum Products
				Thousand I	parrels per d	lay		Million barrels
1973	Average	10,975	9,208	1,738	11	-146	17,308	1,008
1974	Average	10,498	8,774	1,688	-62	-117	16.653	°1,074
1975	Average	10,045	8,375	1,633	s-17	a-145	16,322	1,133
1976	Average	9,774	8,132	1,603	-39	96	17,461	1,112
1977	Average	9,913	8,245	1,618	-170	-378	18.431	1,312
1978	Average	10,328	8,707	1,567	-78	172	18,847	-
1979	Average	10,179	8,552	1,587		—	•	1,278
1980	•	•	•		-148	-25	18,513	1,341
1980	Average	10,214	8,597	1,573	-98	-42	17,056	*1,392
	Average	10,230	8,572	1,609	°-290	°130	16,058	1,484
1982	January	10,128	8,509	1,578	-401	1,298	16,124	1,456
	February	10,312	8,702	1,563	-242	1,230	16,001	1,428
	March	10,284	8,667	1,572	121	1,047	15,560	1,392
	April	10,188	8,591	1,542	-37	1,583	16,046	1,346
	May	10,244	8,683	1,518	29	-66	14,847	1,347
	June	10,212	8,646	1,511	40	-48 <del>9</del>	14,998	1,360
	July	10,229	8,658	1,513	-147	-926	14,821	1,393
	August	10,215	8,634	1,524	-440	-44	14,839	1,408
	September	10,279	8,701	1,518	263	-447	15,022	1,414
	October	10,299	8,701	1,530	-548	-47	14,859	1,432
	November	10,359	8,697	1,609	-398	-361	15,009	1,455
	December	10,276	8,598	1,628	128	688	15,487	°1,430
	Average	10,252	8,649	1,550	-136	283	15,296	
1983	January	10,331	8,697	1,580	₅-499	°772	14,722	1,452
	February	10,388	8,758	1,575	-320	1,113	14,792	1,430
	March	10,279	8,700	1,541	83	1,810	15,541	1,372
	April	10,322	8,776	1,506	-402	308	14,692	1,374
	May	10,190	8,631	1,493	-15	-602	14,505	1,394
	June	10,261	8,667	1,523	-122	-276	15,289	1,405
	July	10,228	8,636	1,539	233	- <del>9</del> 09	15,019	1,426
	August	10,284	8,679	1,562	-796	-271	15,480	1,460
	September	10,447	8,784	1,602	-239	-621	15,506	1,485
	October	10,434	8,771	1,604	-274	-442	14,962	1,508
	November	10,461	8,770	1,641	114	-182	15,500	1,510
	December	9,983	8,397	1,544	-329	2,133	16,726	1,454
	Average	10,299	8,688	1,559	-214	234	15,231	•
1984	January	10,282	8,659	1,585	-342	1,085	16,726	1,430
	February	10,410	8,726	1,629	186	-1,353	15,389	1,464
	March	10,354	8,718	1,588	-2	643	16,017	1,444
	April	10,347	8,688	1,616	-565	-128	15,484	1,465
	May	10,415	8,752	1,610	-616	-422	15,566	1,497
	June	10,398	8,743	1,612	-95	-77	15,687	1,502
	July	10,487	8,769	1,649	-184	-184	15,547	1,514
	August	10,476 NA	8,781	1,663	R250	R185	R16,130	R1,500
	September†		8,759	NA	326	-203	15,883	1,508
	Average	NA	8,733	NA	-118	-40	15,830	

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Includes lease condensate.

Includes lease condensate.
A negative number indicates an increase in stocks and a positive number indicates a decrease.
Stocks are totals as of end of period.
Includes crude oil, natural gas plant production, other hydrocarbons, and alcohol.
Includes stocks located in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.
Includes crude oil for storage in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.
Includes crude oil for storage in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.
Includes crude oil for storage in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.
Includes crude oil for storage in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.
Includes crude oil for storage in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.
In January 1975, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to surveys affecting stocks reported and stocks withdrawal calculations. See Note 5 on the last page of this section.
Footnotes continued on following page.

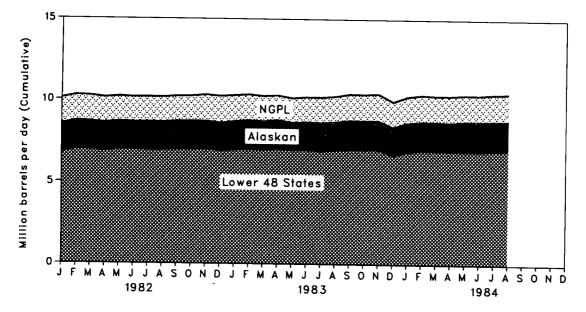
#### Crude Oil<sup>1</sup> and Petroleum Products Overview (continued)

		Imports			<u> </u>	_		
		Total	Crude Oll⁵	Petroleum Products	Total	Crude Oil	Petroleum Products	Net Imports'
					Thousand barrels	per day		
1973	Average	6,256	3,244	3,012	231	2	229	6,025
1974	Average	6,112	3,477	2,635	221	3	218	5,892
1975	Average	6,056	4,105	1,951	209	6	204	5,846
1976	Average	7,313	5,287	2,026	223	8	215	7,090
1977	Average	8,807	6,615	2,193	243	50	193	8,565
1978	Average	8,363	6,356	2,008	362	158	204	8,002
1979		8,303	6,519	1,937	471	235	236	7,985
1979	Average	•	•	1,646	544	233	258	6,365
1980	Average	6,909	5,263	•	595	207	367	5,401
	Average	5,996	4,396	1,599				•
1982	January	5,332	3,693	1,639	829	238	591	4,503
	February	4,807	2,990	1,817	804	304	499	4,003
	March	4,484	2,874	1,610	882	321	561	3,602
	April	4,378	2,849	1,529	786	174	611	3,593
	May	4,811	3,309	1,503	803 703	262 94	542 609	4,008 4,624
	June	5,327	3,836	1,491 1,642	703	94 229	512	4,624 5,149
	July	5,890	4,248 3,851	1,392	858	304	554	4,386
	August September	5,244 5,414	3,636	1,392	791	184	606	4,530
	October	5,306	3,670	1,636	932	270	662	4,374
	November	5,744	3,862	1,882	786	262	524	4,958
	December	4,606	3,000	1,605	860	193	667	3,746
	Average	5,113	3,488	1,625	815	236	579	4,298
1983	January	4,438	2,964	1,474	973	117	856	3,464
	February	3,726	2,267	1,459	865	262	603	2,861
	March	3,690	2,290	1,400	801	174	627	2,889
	April	4,727	3,118	1,609	809	88	721	3,918
	May	5,089	3,360	1,729	848	280	568	4,241
	June	5,326	3,577	1,749	774	144	630	4,552
	July	5,741	3,871	1,870	571	145	426	5,170
	August	6,159	4,227	1,933	663	172	491	5,496
	September	6,129	4,210	1,919	684	177	507	5,445
	October	5,258	3,446	1,812	576	140	436	4,682
	November	5,210	3,337	1,873	679	186	494	4,531
	December	5,033	3,213	1,820	639	95	544	4,394
	Average	5,051	3,329	1,722	739	164	575	4,312
1984	January	5,347	3,029	2,318	575	153	422	4,772
	February	5,643	2,952	2,691	582	185	397	5,061
	March	5,253	3,455	1,798	840	236	605	4,413
	April	5,319	3,417	1,902	655	172	483	4,664
	May	5,916	3,927	1,989	766	219	548	5,150
	June	5,304	3,410	1,893	864	222	642	4,440
	July	5,387 R5,036	3,646 R3,244	1,741 R1,793	536 732	108 190	429 542	4,851 4,305
	August September†	4,959	H3,244 <i>3,170</i>	1,789	732 NA	NA	542 NA	4,305 NA
	Average	4,959 5,351	3,770 3,364	1,789 1.987	NA	NA	NA	NA
	Average	0,001	3,304	1,307	ла	MA	114	17.24

Footnotes continued. †Italics denote estimates based upon preliminary data. R=Revised data. NA=Not available. Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: • See the last page of this section.

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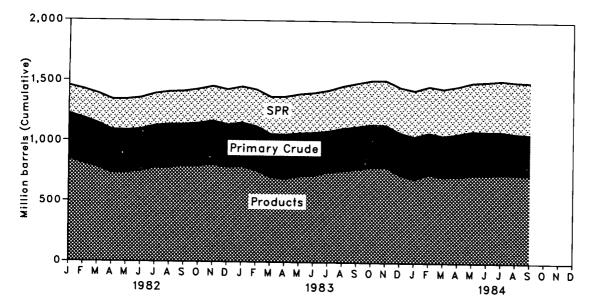
# Overview



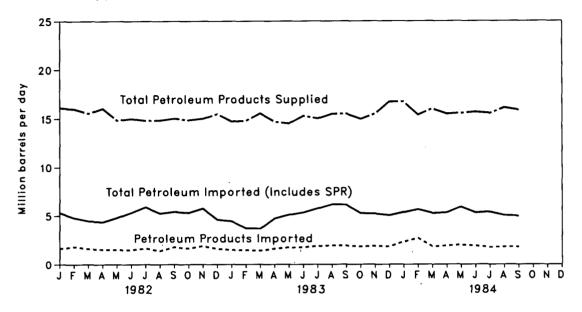
Production of Crude Oil and Natural Gas Plant Liquids

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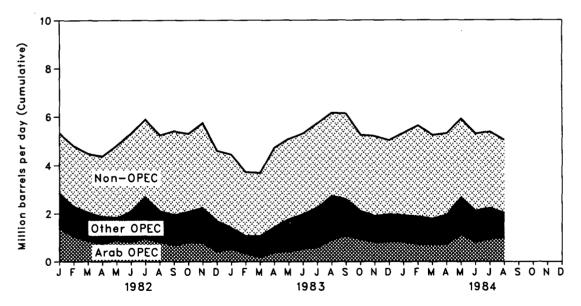


Overview





#### Petroleum Imports by Source



# Crude Oil<sup>1</sup> Supply and Disposition

		Field Pro	oduction		Imports		Stock W	/ithdrawal <sup>a</sup>	Unaccounted
		Total Domestic	Alaskan	Total	SPR+	Other	SPR'	Other	for Crude Oil
					Thousan	d barrels per d	lay		
1973	Average	9,208	198	3.244		3,244		11	3
1974	Average	8,774	193	3,477		3,477		-62	-25
1975	Average	8,375	191	4,105		4,105		-17	17
1976	Average	8,132	173	5,287		5,287		-39	77
1977	Average	8,245	464	6,615	21	6,594	-20	-150	-6
1978	Average	8,707	1.229	6,356	162	•			-
1979	Average	8,552		•		6,195	-163	84	-57
1980	-	•	1,401	6,519	67	6,452	-67	-81	-11
	Average	8,597	1,617	5,263	44	5,219	-45	-52	34
1981	Average	8,572	1,609	4,396	256	4,141	-336	°46	83
1982	January	8,509	1,705	3,693	170	3,523	-159	-242	101
	February	8,702	1,707	2,990	159	2,830	-213	-29	156
	March	8,667	1,696	2,874	185	2,689	-235	357	2
	April	8,591	1,691	2,849	190	2,659	-233	196	231
	May	8,683	1,707	3,309	204	3,105	-176	205	111
	June	8,646	1,665	3,836	105	3,732	-105	144	133
	July	8,658	1,710	4,248	97	4,150	-97	-50	-20
	August	8,634	1,697	3,851	208	3,643	-208	-232	189
	September	8,701	1,705	3,636	139	3,497	-143	406	-210
	October	8,701	1,706	3,670	216	3,454	-216	-332	249
	November	8,697	1,676	3,862	180	3,683	-179	-219	-124
	December	8,598	1,682	3,000	124	2,877	-125	252	35
	Average	8,649	1,696	3,488	165	3,323	-174	38	71
1983	January	8,697	1,732	2,964	219	2,746	-219	<b>-280</b>	170
	February	8,758	1,717	2,267	197	2,070	-197	-123	262
	March	8,700	1,732	2,290	201	2,089	-184	267	31
	April	8,776	1,721	3,118	205	2,913	-197	-205	98
	May	8,631	1,662	3,360	289	3,071	-293	278	169
	June	8,667	1,687	3,577	190	3,387	-188	.66	370
	July	8,636	1,715	3,871	274	3,597	-264	497	-167
	August	8,679	1,697	4,227	350	3,876	-358	-438	281
	September	8,784	1,738	4,210	309	3,901	-307	68	-30
	October	8,771	1,733	3,446	202	3,244	-201	-73	44
	November	8,770	1,720	3,337	171	3,166	-135	250	34
	December Average	8,397 <b>8.688</b>	1,711 <b>1,714</b>	3,213 <b>3,329</b>	193 <b>234</b>	3,020	-252	-78	117
4004	-	,	•			3,096	-234	20	114
1984	January	8,659	1,741	3,029	200	2,829	-173	-169	451
	February March	8,726	1,740	2,952	85	2,868	-96	282	487
	March	8,718	1,740	3,455	148	3,307	-147	145	66
	April May	8,688 8,752	1,725	3,417	170	3,247	-170	-396	590
	June	8,752	1,793	3,927	246	3,681	-245	-371	463
	July	8,743 8,769	1,792 1,769	3,410	309	3,101	-309	214	490
	August	8,789		3,646 P2 244	329	3,317 P2.064	-328	144 B420	25
	Septembert	8,759	1,725 <i>1,725</i>	R3,244 <i>3,170</i>	R180 <i>65</i>	R3,064	R-179	R429 <i>391</i>	383
	•		•			3,105	-65		NA
	Average	8,733	1,750	3,364	193	3,171	-191	73	NA

<sup>1</sup>Includes lease condensate.
<sup>2</sup>Stocks are totals as of end of period.
<sup>3</sup>A negative number indicates an increase in stocks and a positive number indicates a decrease.
<sup>4</sup>Strategic Petroleum Reserve.
<sup>5</sup>Beginning in January 1983, crude oil used directly as fuel is shown as product supplied.
<sup>6</sup>Stocks of Alaskan crude oil in transit were included beginning in January 1981. Stock withdrawals are calculated using new basis stock levels. See Notes 5 and 6 on the last page of this section.
Footnotes continued on following page.

Crude Oil<sup>1</sup> Supply and Disposition (continued)

		Supply		Dispos	sition		Ending Stocks <sup>2</sup>			
•	÷	Crude Used	Crude	Refinery		Product	•		Other	
		Directly <sup>5</sup>	Losses	Inputs	Exports	Supplied <sup>5</sup>	Total	SPR*	Primary	
			Thousar	d barrels per o	day		Į	Million barre	əls	
1973	Average	-19	13	12,431	2	NA	242		242	
1974	Average	-15	13	12,133	3	NA	265		265	
1975	Average	-17	13	12,442	6	NA	271		271	
1976	Average	-18	15	13,416	8	NA	285		285	
1977	Average	-14	16	14,602	50	NA	348	7	340	
1978	Average	-14	16	14,739	158	NA .	376	67	309	
1979	Average	-13	16	14,648	235	NA	430	91	339	
1980	-	-13	15	13,481	287	NA	°466	108	°358	
1980	Average	-13	15	12,470	287	NA I	594	230	363	
	Average	-30	5	•			004			
1982	January	-63	3	11,599	238	NA	606	235	371	
	February	-64	2	11,236	304	NA	613	241	372	
	March	-63	5	11,276	321	NA	609	249	361	
	April	-65	- 3	11,392	174	NA	610	256	355	
	May	-62	3	11,806	262	NA	609	261	348	
	June	-60	7	12,494	94	NA	608	264	344	
	July	-60	3	12,446	229	NA	613	267	346	
•	August	-57	2	11,871	304	NA	626	274	353	
	September	-56	4	12,146	184	NA	·619	278	341 351	
	October	-51 -51	2 1	11,749	270	NA NA	636 648	285 290	351	
	November December	-53	1	11,724 11,514	262 193	NA	•644	290	•350	
	Average	-53 -59	3.	11,774	236	NA	-044	234	-350	
1983	January	NA	2	11,143	117	71	660	301	360	
1903	February	NA NA	3	10,633	262	71	669	306	363	
	March	NA	2	10,859	174	70	667	312	355	
	April	NA	2	11,433	88	68	· 679	318	361	
	May	NA	1	11,800	280	63	679	327	353	
	June	NA	(s)	12,284	144	64	683	332	351	
•	July	NA	2	12,360	145	65	676	341	335	
	August	NA	1	12,152	172	64	700	352	349	
•	September	NA	· 1	12,482	177	66	708	361	347	
	October	NA	1	11,782	140	63	716	367	349	
	November	NA	2	12,004	186	64	713	371	· 341	
	December	NA	1	11,234	' <del>9</del> 5	67	723	379	344	
	Average	NA	2	11,685	164	66	<b>i</b> .			
1984	January	NA	1	11,579	153	64	733	384	348	
	February	NA	1	12,100	185	65	727	387	340	
	March	NA	2	11,936	236	62	728	392	336	
	April	NA	(s)	11,893	172	64	744	397	348	
	May	NA	2	12,243	219	62	764	404	359	
	June	NA	2	12,263	222	61	766	414	353	
	July	NA	1	12,087	108	60 62	772	424	348 B225	
	August September†	NA NA	1 NA	R12,403 <i>12,475</i>	190 NA	63 NA	R764 <i>762</i>	429 <i>432</i>	R335 <i>331</i>	
	• •		NA			NA	102	432		
	Average	NA	NÀ	12,108	NA	NA				

Footnotes continued.

Potential of the section of the section.
Pltalics denote estimates based upon preliminary data. R=Revised data. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 500 barrels per day. Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
• Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: • See the last page of this section.

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# **Crude Oil and Petroleum Product Imports**

						mports i		C Sources	•			
		Algeria	Libya	Saudi Arabia	United Arab Emirates	indo- nesia	Iran	Nigeria	Vene- zuela	Other OPEC <sup>2</sup>	Total OPEC	Total Arab OPEC <sup>3</sup>
						Thousa	nd barrel	s per day				
1973	Average	136	164	486	71	213	223	459	1,135	106	2,993	915
1974	Average	190	4	461	74	300	469	713	979	88	3,280	752
1975	Average	282	232	715	117	390	280	762	702	122	3,601	1,383
1976	Average	432	453	1,230	254	539	298	1,025	700	134	5.066	2,424
1977	Average	559	723	1,380	335	541	535	1,143	690	287	6,193	2,424
1978	Average	649	654	1,144	385	573	555	919	645	226	•	
1979	Average	636	658	1,356		420		-			5,751	2,963
1980	Average	488	554	1,350	281		304	1,080	690	212	5,637	3,056
1981					172	348	9	857	481	130	4,300	2,551
	Average	311	319	1,129	81	366	0	620	406	90	3,323	1,848
1982	January	254	161	877	111	289	0	663	376	128	2,859	1,403
	February	139	92	693	89	244	0	584	355	102	2,297	1,054
	March	91	37	555	155	200	0	522	399	91	2,051	860
	April	85	0	511	122	215	0	427	426	85	1,871	740
	May	179	0	601	116	236	0	222	422	54	1,830	897
	June	115	0	593	94	215	72	537	361	110	2,096	820
	July	159	0	660	108	327	69	910	356	95	2,685	965
	August	181	0	489	133	271	27	574	299	133	2,107	818
	September	179	0	432	57	191	21	477	518	69	1,943	677
	October	249	7	494	61	242	108	313	504	106	2,084	810
	November	247	14	489	47	283	34	479	528	115	2,235	797
	December	155	0	237	12	265	88	462	399	73	1,690	421
	Average	170	26	552	92	248	35	514	412	97	2,146	854
1983	January	207	0	282	47	255	43	186	337	54	1,412	537
	February	115	0	214	9	217	0	92	393	28	1,068	338
	March	63	0	103	0	138	0	121	440	201	1,066	183
	April	227	0	162	(s)	210	0	186	523	125	1,432	389
	May	286	0	122	12	405	37	385	455	69	1,771	420
	June	300	0	188	40	466	38	467	335	138	1,973	528
	July	283	0	182	64	464	112	525	434	187	2,251	606
	August September	378	0	448	52	433	213	464	511	230	2,728	903
	October	423 261	0 0	587	21	501	86	324	432	221	2,595	1,084
	November	184	0	638 545	16	368	12	307	337	169	2,108	938
	December	144	ő	545 569	56 45	302	21	215	452	135	1,910	807
	Average	240	o o	337	45 <b>30</b>	294 <b>338</b>	9 <b>48</b>	329 <b>302</b>	415 <b>422</b>	163 <b>144</b>	1,969	826
1004	•		-								1,862	632
1984	January	242	0	463	114	278	0	243	547	51	1,939	828
	February	348	0	324	33	267	0	244	481	174	1,871	723
	March April	283	0	307	112	284	67	260	354	127	1,792	717
	May	280 456	0	320	95	221	0	288	581	158	1,944	734
	June	456	0	329 411	240 46	480	0	289	621	242	2,657	1,131
	July	284 332	0	411 429	•	415	0	243	574	139	2,112	806
	August	404	0	429 438	112 82	384 281	0 0	204	535	242	2,237	946
	Average	329	0	438 <b>378</b>	02 105		8	114	487	216	2,021	993
	Areidye	525	v	3/0	105	327	ö	235	522	169	2,074	862

Imports from OPEC Sources<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Excludes petroleum imported into the United States indirectly from OPEC countries, primarily from Caribbean and West European areas, as refined petroleum products that were refined from crude oil produced in OPEC countries. <sup>3</sup>Includes Ecuador, Gabon, Iraq, Kuwait, and Qatar. <sup>3</sup>Includes Algeria, Libya, Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates, Iraq, Kuwait, and Qatar. Footnotes continued on following page.

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**Crude Oil and Petroleum Product Imports (continued)** 

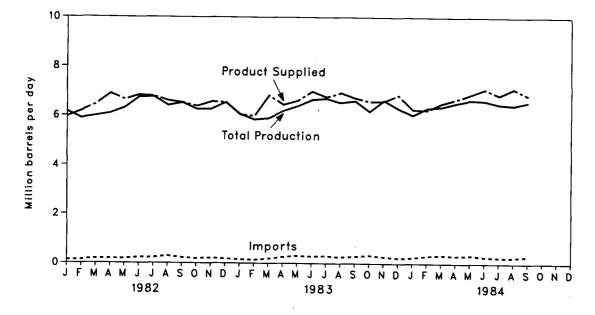
					Imports from Non-OPEC Sources							
		Bahamas	Canada	Mexico	Nether- lands Antilles	Trinidad and Tobago	United Kingdom	Puerto Rico	Virgin Islands	Other Non- OPEC	Total Non- OPEC	Total imports
						Thousa	nd barreis p	er day				
1973	Average	174	1,325	16	585	255	15	99	329	465	3,263	6,256
1974	Average	164	1,070	8	511	251	8	90	391	340	2,832	6,112
1975	Average	152	846	71	332	242	14	90	406	300	2,454	6,056
1976	Average	118	599	87	275	274	31	88	422	353	2,247	7,313
1977	Average	171	517	179	211	289	126	105	466	550	2,614	8,807
1978	Average	160	467	318	229	253	180	94	429	484	2,613	8,363
1979	Average	147	538	439	231	190	202	92	431	548	2,819	8,456
1980	Average	78	455	533	225	176	176	88	388	491	2,609	6,909
1981	Average	74	447	522	197	133	375	62	327	534	2,672	5,996
1982	January	58	513	425	179	106	346	62	334	452	2,474	5,332
	February	67	537	476	221	120	181	38	362	508	2,510	4,807
	March	43	437	503	189	118	294	62	307	480	2,433	4,484
	April	82	360	476	184	166	247	36	266	690	2,507	4,378
	May	77	419	, 766	152	95	516	47	302	607	2,981	4,811
	June	32	481	797	148	129	557	58	322	708	3,231	5,327
	July	64	536	783	158	118	433	38	376	698	3,204	5,890
	August	80	443	853	145	106	520	24	317	650	3,137	5,244
	September October	92 45	493	897	195 148	89 109	631 666	51 52	278 262	746	3,472 3,222	5,414 5,306
	November	40 51	459 553	682 860	212	90	623	52 81	202 334	801 706	3,222	5,306
	December	88	561	689	174	102	438	48	336	480	2,916	4,606
	Average	65	482	685	175	112	456	50	316	627	2,968	5,113
1983	January	68	534	849	228	73	314	40	299	621	3.026	4,438
	February	92	586	722	183	81	193	50	192	558	2,658	3,726
	March	86	488	775	187	78	240	43	162	565	2,624	3,690
	April	174	454	981	216	85	421	20	183	759	3,295	4,727
	May	135	518	944	153	108	484	42	235	699	3,318	5,089
	June	137	586	830	173	120	440	48	262	757	3,353	5,326
	July	69	634	849	198	107	369	37	364	864	3,490	5,741
	August	144	542	906	197	90	461	40	313	738	3,431	6,159
	September	148	533	849	261	82	475	33	307	845	3,534	6,129
	October November	171 148	532 556	771 726	172 144	106	414	48	357 427	580	3,151	5,258 5,210
	December	146	556 604	720	144	110 113	334 429	55 22	427 278	801 628	3,300 3,063	5,210
	Average	127	547	826	189	96	429 382	40	278	701	3,083 3,189	5,033 5,051
1984	January	152	624	705	277	54	382	53	390	772	3,408	5,347
	February	142	620	747	288	77	338	58	418	1.083	3.772	5,643
	March	88	726	707	169	93	400	34	247	996	3,460	5,253
	April	88	691	859	207	91	282	37	257	863	3,375	5,319
	May	31	715	675	192	57	418	38	336	796	3,259	5,916
	June	50	499	732	234	104	318	53	268	934	3,192	5,304
	July	14	574	738	99	120	362	27	292	924	3,150	5,387
	August	57	551	621	205	98	388	34	236	826	3,015	5,036
	Average	77	625	722	208	87	362	42	305	898	3,326	5,399

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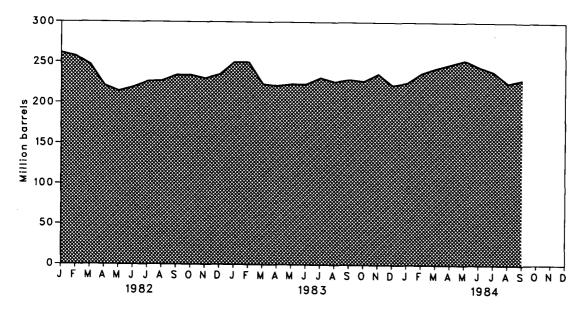
Footnotes continued. Includes petroleum imported into the United States indirectly from OPEC countries, primarily from Caribbean and West European areas, as refined petroleum products that were refined from crude oil produced in OPEC countries. (s) = Less than 500 barrels per day. Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports are included. Sources: • See the last page of this section.

**Motor Gasoline** 



Products Supplied, Total Production, and Imports





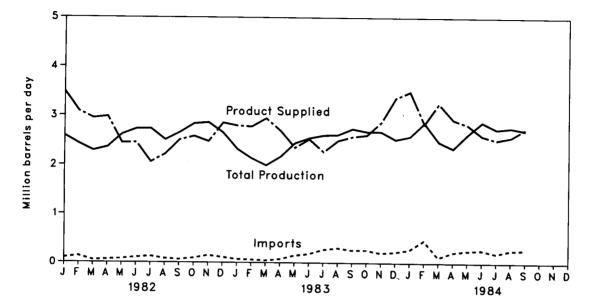
#### Monthly Energy Review July 1984 Energy Information Administration

**Finished Motor Gasoline Supply and Disposition** 

		Supply			Dis		Ending Stocks <sup>1</sup>				
					<u></u>	P	roduct Suppl	ied	Total	Finished	
		Total Production	(mports <sup>2</sup>	Stock Withdrawal <sup>2</sup> <sup>3</sup>	Exports	Total	Unleaded*	Unleaded Percent	Motor Gasoline®	Motor Gasoline	
				Thousan	d barrels pe	r day		of Total	Million barrels		
1973	Average	6,535	134	9	4	6,674			209		
1974	Average	6,360	204	-24	2	6,537			•218		
1975	Average	6,520	184	°-28	2	6,675			235		
1976	Average	6.841	131	10	3	6,978			231		
1977	Average	7.033	217	-72	2	7,177	1,976	27.5	258		
1978	Average	7,169	190	54	1	7,412	2,521	34.0	238		
1979	Average	6,852	181	2	(8)	7,034	2,798	39.8	237		
1980	Average	6,506	140	-66	1	6,579	3,067	46.6	°261		
1981	Average <sup>7</sup>	6,405	157	°28	2	6,588	3,264	49.5	253		
1982	January	6,167	128	-316	18	5,961	3.067	51.5	261	213	
1902	February	5,899	133	172	8	6,196	3,210	51.8	257	208	
	March	5,994	183	334	44	6,466	3,358	51.9	247	198	
	April	6,095	185	650	33	6,897	3,495	50.7	221	179	
	May	6,319	182	177	23	6,655	3,415	51.3	214	173	
	June	6,754	230	-134	14	6,835	3,565	52.2	219	177	
	July	6,768	225	-178	24	6,790	3,577	52.7	226	183	
	August	6,419	291	-81	16	6,614	3,526	53.3	227	185	
	September	6.527	223	-198	22	6,531	3,404	52.1	234	191	
	October	6,262	185	-42	15	6,391	3,351	52.4	234	192	
	November	6,273	211	101	11	6,574	3,451	52.5	230	189	
	December	6,542	178	-165	7	6,549	3,485	53.2	°235	°194	
	Average	6,338	197	25	20	6,539	3,409	52.1			
1983	January	6,065	153	<b>⁵-167</b>	(s)	6,051	3,364	55.6	250	207	
	February	5,848	128	24	(s)	6,000	3,264	54.4	250	207	
	March	5,906	186	768	23	6,836	3,622	53.0	223	183	
	April	6,201	255	-3	1	6,452	3,492	54.1	221	183	
	May	6,397	305	-83	1	6,617	3,558	53.8	223	185	
	June	6,655	277	84	22	6,994	3,792	54.2	223	183	
	July	6,707	302	-225	18	6,765	3,746	55.4	231	190	
	August	6,537	250	161	13	6,936	3,836	55.3	226	185	
	September	6,611	279	-149	14	6,727	3,691	54.9	229	189	
	October	6,188	330	72	2	6,588	3,711	56.3	227	187	
	November	6,634	269	-298	2	6,603	3,692	55.9	236	196	
	December	6,308	224	339	25	6,846	3,966	57.9	222	186	
	Average	6,340	247	45	10	6,622	3,647	55.1			
1984	January	6,037	233	-1	1	6,268	3,606	57.5	225	186	
	February	6,320	303	-384	2	6,237	3,585	57.5	237	197	
	March	6,375	343	-197	9	6,512	3,747	57.5	243	203	
	April	6,528	308	-153	(s)	6,682	3,854	57.7	248	207	
	May	6,650	329	-106	(s)	6,873	3,990	58.1	253	211	
	June	6,620	272	217	17	7,092	4,210	59.4	245	204	
	July	6,481	247	130	9	6,849	4,094	59.8	239	200	
	August	R6,436	R243	R437	1	R7,114	4,263	59.9	R225	R187	
	September†	6,573	299	-22	NA	6,838	NA	NA	229	191	
	Average	6,446	286	-6	NA	6,720	· NA	NA			

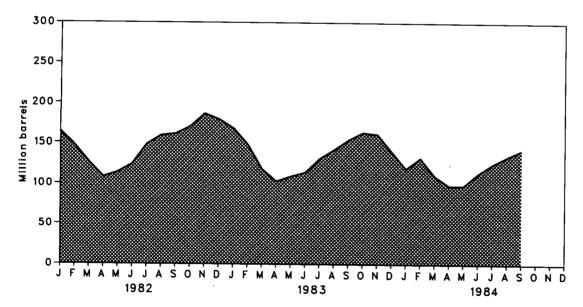
<sup>1</sup>Stocks are totals as of end of period.
<sup>2</sup>Beginning in 1981, excludes blending components.
<sup>3</sup>A negative number indicates an increase in stocks and a positive number indicates a decrease.
<sup>4</sup>Includes gasohol.
<sup>9</sup>Includes motor gasoline blending components.
<sup>9</sup>In January 1975, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to surveys affecting stocks reported and stock withdrawal calculations. See Note 5 on the last page of this section.
<sup>7</sup>Beginning in January 1981, survey forms were modified. See Note 2 on the last page of this section.
<sup>4</sup>Italics denote estimates based upon preliminary data. R=Revised data. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.
Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
• Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
Sources: • See the last page of this section.

**Distillate Fuel Oil** 



Product Supplied, Total Production, and Imports





#### **Distillate Fuel Oil Supply and Disposition**

			Sup	ply		Dispo	sition	Ending Stocks <sup>1</sup>	
		Total Production	Imports	Stock Withdrawal <sup>2</sup>	Crude Used Directly <sup>3</sup>	Exports	Product Supplied <sup>3</sup>		
				Thousand ba	arrels per day			Million barrels	
1973	Average	2.822	392	-115	2	9	3.092	196	
1974	Average	2,669	289	-9	2	2	2,948	1200	
1974			155	-9 440	2	1	2.851	209	
	Average	2,654		62	1	1	3,133	186	
1976	Average	2,924	146		•		•	250	
1977	Average	3,278	250	-176	1	1	3,352		
1978	Average	3,167	173	93	1	3	3,432	216	
1979	Average	3,153	193	-34	1	3	3,311	229	
1980	Average	2,662	142	64	1	3	2,866	<b>•205</b>	
1981	Average <sup>5</sup>	2,613	173	<b>*38</b>	10	5	2,829	192	
1982	January	2,591	97	876	10	90	3,484	164	
	February	2.427	132	605	11	90	3,085	147	
	March	2,288	48	682	10	84	2,945	126	
	April	2,358	59	612	13	64	2,978	108	
	May	2,618	74	-183	10	75	2,444	114	
	June	2,729	102	-335	10	55	2,452	124	
	July	2,734	125	-789	11	24	2,058	148	
	August	2,507	80	-339	10	40	2,218	159	
	September	2,657	61	-85	12	139	2,507	161	
	October	2,838	91	-289	8	66	2,581	170	
	November	2,860	145	-514	8	24	2,475	186	
	December	2,655	109	225	10	143	2,855	•179	
	Average	2,606	93	35	10	74	2,671		
1983	January	2,321	68	<b>*</b> 580	NA	173	2,797	168	
	February	2,135	59	691	NA	105	2,780	148	
	March	1,993	42	971	NA	5 <del>9</del>	2,947	118	
	April	2,171	73	500	NA	47	2,697	103	
	May	2,444	147	-186	NA	50	2,354	109	
	June	2,546	179	-161	NA	40	2,524	114	
	July	2,604	267	-546	NA	55	2,270	131	
	August	2,615	301	-379	NA	43	2,495	142	
	September	2,739	259	-386	NA	37	2,575	154	
	October	2,681	260	-276	NA	55	2,611	163	
	November	2,680	203	45	NA	54	2,874	161	
	December	2,522	221 174	676	NA NA	54 <b>64</b>	3,365	140	
	Average	2,456	••••	124			2,690		
1984	January	2,585	270	676	NA	40	3,490	119	
	February	2,864	458	-439	NA	41	2,842	132	
	March	2,480	115	727	NA	66	3,256	110 98	
	April	2,347	220	393	NA	32 48	2,929	98	
	May	2,633	252 266	-10 -490	NA NA	48 53	2,827 2,602	98 113	
	June	2,879	266 198	-490 -375	NA NA	53 40	2,602	125	
	July	2,736	198 R263	-375 R-291	NA NA	40 74	2,518 R2.575	R134	
	August	R2,678	H263 272	- <i>193</i>	NA	NA	H2,575 2,747	142	
	September†	2,714						146	
	Average	2,656	256	4	NA	NA	2,866		

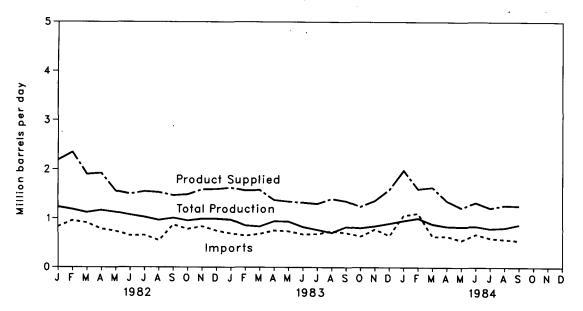
<sup>1</sup>Stocks are totals as of end of period.

Beginning in January 1983, product supplied for distillate fuel oil does not include crude oil used directly. See Note 4 on the last page of

this section.

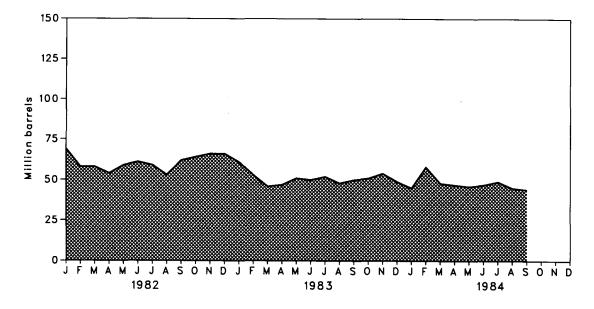
this section. <sup>4</sup>In January 1975, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to surveys affecting stocks reported and stock withdrawal calcula-tions. See Note 5 on the last page of this section. <sup>5</sup>Beginning in January 1981, survey forms were modified. See Note 2 on the last page of this section. <sup>†</sup>Italics denote estimates based upon preliminary data. R=Revised data. NA=Not available. Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: • See the last page of this section.

**Residual Fuel Oil** 



Product Supplied, Total Production, and Imports

#### Stocks



#### Monthly Energy Review July 1984 Energy Information Administration

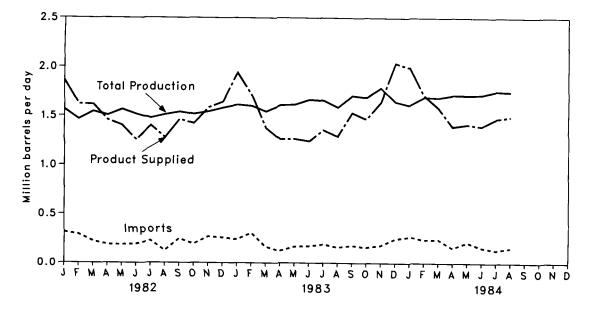
#### **Residual Fuel Oil Supply and Disposition**

			Sup	ply		Dispo	sition	Ending Stocks <sup>1</sup>
		Total Production	Imports	Stock Withdrawal <sup>2</sup>	Crude Used Directly <sup>3</sup>	Exports	Product Supplied <sup>3</sup>	
				Thousand ba	rreis per day			Million barrels
1973	Average	971	1,853	5	17	23	2,822	53
1974	Average	1,070	1,587	-17	13	14	2.639	460
1975	Average	1,235	1,223	•2	15	15	2,462	74
1976	Average	1,377	1,413	5	17	12	2,801	72
1977	Average	1,754	1,359	-48	13	6	3.071	90
1978	Average	1,667	1,355	-1	13	13	3,023	90
1979	Average	1,687	1,151	-15	12	9	2,826	96
1980	•	1,580	939	-75	12	33	2,508	·92
1980	Average	1,321	800	437	48	118	2,088	78
1301	Average <sup>5</sup>	1,321	800	-37	40	110	2,000	
1982	January	1,235	831	301	53	235	2,185	69
	February	1,186	956	363	53	213	2,344	58
	March	1,123	912	12	53	197	1,903	58
	April	1,166	788	150	52	234	1,923	54
	May	1,128	742	-172	52	191	1,560	59
	June ·	1,074	652	-57	50	217 239	1,501	61 59
	July	1,028	657 551	56 203	49 47	239	1,550	53
•	August September	965 1.008	872	-306	47 44	235	1,531 1,470	62
	October	955	783	-300 -57	44	234	1,490	64
	November	989	837	-94	43	182	1,591	66
	December	989	747	6	43	186	1,598	466
	Average	1,070	776	32	48	209	1,716	
1983	January	972	691	+258	NA	294	1,626	61
	February	857	647	257	NA	191	1,570	53
	March	835	686	227	NA	169	1,579	46
	April	941	753	-10	NA	310	1,374	47
	May	936	738	-141	NA	190	1,342	51
	June	828	677	36	NA	218	1,323	50
	July	769	684	-64	NA	90	1,299	52
	August	710	739	115	NA	165	1,400	48
	September	826	706	-47	NA	134	1,351	50 51
	October	807	638	-50 -97	NA	153	1,243	51
	November December	845 897	780 649	-97 182	NA NA	167 141	1,362 1,587	49
	Average	852	699	55	NA	185	1,307	45
1984	January	953	1.061	119	NA	151	1,981	45
	February	1,003	1,107	-420	NA	87	1,602	58
	March	887	633	321	NA	204	1,637	48
	April	840	637	9	NA	130	1,357	47
	May	829	554	35	NA	200	1,218	46
	June	841	676	-17	NA	176	1,324	47
	July	792	596	-77	NA	99	1,213	49
	August	R808	R572	R146	NA	260	R1,266	R45
	September†	872	548	-30	NA	NA	1,257	44
	Average	868	707	13	NA	NA	1,428	

<sup>1</sup>Stocks are totals as of end of period.
<sup>2</sup>A negative number indicates an increase in stocks and a positive number indicates a decrease.
<sup>3</sup>Beginning in January 1983, product supplied for residual fuel oil does not include crude oil used directly. See Note 4 on the last page of this section.
<sup>4</sup>In January 1975, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to surveys affecting stocks reported and stock withdrawal calculations. See Note 5 on the last page of this section.
<sup>4</sup>Beginning in January 1981, survey forms were modified. See Note 2 on the last page of this section.
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Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
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Sources: • See the last page of this section.

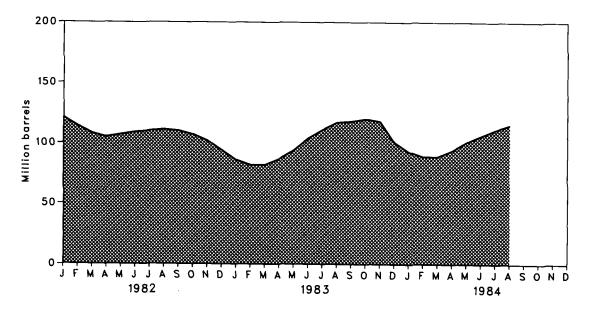
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# Liquefied Petroleum Gases



Product Supplied, Total Production, and Imports

#### Stocks



#### Liquefied Petroleum Gases<sup>1</sup> Supply and Disposition

		Supply				1	Ending Stocks <sup>2</sup>	
		Total Production	Imports	Stock Withdrawal <sup>3</sup>	Refinery Inputs	Exports	Product Supplied	
				Thousand bar	rels per day			Million barrels
1973	Average	1,600	132	-35	220	27	1,449	99
1974	Average	1.565	123	-38	220	25	1,406	•113
1975	Average	1,527	112	4-35	246	26	1,333	125
1976	Average	1.535	130	24	260	25	1,404	116
1977	Average	1,566	161	-55	233	18	1,422	136
1978	Average	1,537	123	12	239	20	1,413	132
1979	Average	1,556	217	70	236	15	1,592	111
1979	•	1,535	217	-27	238	21	1,469	120
	Average						•	
1981	Average	1,571	244	<b>-</b> -18	289	42	1,466	135
1982	January	1,565	314	443	391	67	1,863	121
	February	1,466	291	243	327	51	1,621	114
	March	1,544	223	211	289	74	1,615	108
	April	1,506	188	98	257	77	1,458	105
	May	1,565	186	-71	234	43	1,403	107
	June	1,515	192	-86	262	106	1,254	109
	July	1,476	227	-13	253	37	1,399	110
	August	1,511	125	-45	254	61	1,276	111
	September	1,538	247	37	274	85	1,463	110
	October	1,517	194	97	306	81	1,421	107
	November	1,542	267	175	363	37	1,583	102
	December	1,580	258	256	395	56	1,642	<del>•</del> 94
	Average	1,528	226	111	300	65	1,499	
1983	January	1,611	240	<b>*</b> 520	313	118	1,939	86
	February	1,600	305	128	244	76	1,713	82
	March	1,543	166	-9	197	127	1,377	82
	April	1,607	124	-156	198	116	1,260	87
	May	1,613	167	-225	207	84	1,263	94
	June	1,664	172	-334	203	59	1,241	104
	July	1,656	191 160	-221 -199	217 229	55	1,354	111 117
	August September	1,586 1,705	178	-199 -30	229	29 86	1,289 1,531	118
	October	1,688	160	-30 -81	268	32	1,467	120
	November	1,785	180	70	362	33	1,407	118
	December	1,645	247	575	363	66	2,038	•101
	Average	1,642	190	4	253	73	1,509	101
1984	January	1,610	269	<b>*</b> 470	333	23	1.993	93
1004	February	1,690	237	146	323	41	1,708	89
	March	1,685	241	12	289	68	1,581	89
	April	1,000	155	-170	253	54	1,389	94
	May	1,709	211	-221	244	42	1,412	101
	June	1,714	158	-189	237	53	1,394	106
	July	1,750	132	-138	232	43	1,469	111
	August	1,744	154	-132	241	34	1,491	115
	Average	1,702	195	-28	269	45	1,555	

<sup>1</sup>Includes ethane, propane, normal butane, and isobutane.
<sup>2</sup>Stocks are totals as of end of period.
<sup>3</sup>A negative number indicates an increase in stocks and a positive number indicates a decrease.
<sup>4</sup>In January 1975, 1981, 1983, and 1984, a new stock basis was established affecting stocks reported and stock withdrawal calculations. See Note 5 on the last page of this section.
Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
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Sources: • See the last page of this section.

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# Other Petroleum Products<sup>1</sup> Supply and Disposition

			Supply			Disposition	<b>1</b>	Ending Stocks <sup>2</sup>	
		Total Production	Imports	Stock Withdrawal <sup>3</sup>	Refinery Inputs	Exports	Product Supplied		
				Thousand bar	rels per day			Million barrels	
1973	Average	3,693	502	-9	750	166	3,270	208	
1974	Average	3,558	432	-28	665	174	3,123	<b>•</b> 218	
975	Average	3,424	277	·-2	537	160	3,002	219	
976	Average	3,643	206	-5	524	175	3,145	220	
977	Average	3,912	205	-27	514	165	3,410	230	
978	Average	4,046	166	14	492	167	3,568	225	
979	Average	4,153	195	-37	352	209	3,749	238	
980	Average	3,956	210	-23	311	198	•		
981	Average		210	-23 -46			3,634	•247	
	Avelaye	3,73 <del>9</del>	220	140	723	19 <del>9</del>	3,088	282	
982	January	3,171	269	-7	624	180	2,631	282	
	February	3,403	305	-153	663	138	2,755	287	
	March	3,466	243	-191	725	161	2,631	293	
	April	3,408	309	73	796	204	2,790	290	
	May	3,317	318	184	824	210	2,785	. 285	
	June	3,547	315	123	812	216	2,954	281	
	July	3,660	408	-1	856	187	3,023	281	
	August	3,583	346	217	743	202	3,201	274	
	September	3,533	375	105	749	213	3,051	271	
	October	3,529	383	244	915	266	2,976	264	
	November	3,498	423	-28	837	269	2,786	264	
	December	3,324	313	366	885	275	2,842	<b>*</b> 253	
	Average	3,453	334	80	787	211	2,869	•	
983	January	3,194	322	<b>^-419</b>	588	271 /	2,239	、 271	
	February	3,229	321	12	673	232	2,658	270	
	March	3,381	319	-147	572	249	2,732	275	
	April	3,299	404	-24	592	247	2,840	276	
	May	3,405	374	35	705	242	2,866	275	
	June	3,610	444	96	717	292	3,144	272	
	July	3,636	425 482	148	735	209	3,265	267	
	August September	3,695 3,792	482 497	30 -6	668 788	242	3,297	266	
	October	3,792	497	-0 -107	788	236	3,255	266	
	November	3,568	424	95	912	195 238	2,990 2,957	270 267	
	December	3,123	479	361	883	236 257	2,823	4256	
	Average	3,460	411	6	712	237	2,923	-200	
984	January	3.391	486	- ۱77	561		-	050	
	February	3,582	480 586	-256	751	207	2,931	253	
	March	3,562	466	-236 -218	530	225 258	2,935	261	
	April	3,510	582	-207	627	258	2,969 3,063	268 , 274	
	May	3,683	642	-118	775	200	3,175	274 277	
	June	3,863	521	404	1,229	343	3,213	265	
	July	3,866	567	278	1.034	238	3,438	203	
	August	3,855	561	24	648	172	3,621	256	
	Average	3,667	551	-34	768	246	3,170	200	

<sup>1</sup>Includes pentanes plus, other hydrocarbons and alcohol, unfinished oil, gasoline blending components, and all finished petroleum products except finished motor gasoline, distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, and liquefied petroleum gases.
<sup>2</sup>Stocks are totals as of end of period.
<sup>3</sup>A negative number indicates an increase in stocks and a positive number indicates a decrease.
<sup>4</sup>In January 1975, 1981, 1983, and 1984, a new stock basis was established affecting stocks reported and stock withdrawal calculations. See Note 5 on the last page of this section.
Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
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Sources: • See the last page of this section.

#### Notes and Sources for the Petroleum Section

#### Notes

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1. During 1981 the listing (frame) of operators of all facilities required to complete each monthly survey was updated. The refinery frame was found to be complete and accurate, atthough the frames for bulk terminals, pipelines, and crude oil stocks facilities were found to be outdated. A variety of sources (published directories, listings, and exploratory sur-veys) were researched for potential new respondents. As a result of this research, a significant number of respondents were added to the frames. The increase in the respondents for the frames affects the stocks of crude oil and petroleum products. For further details, see the Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Petroleum Supply Monthly*.

Administration (EIA), *Petroleum Supply Monthly.* 2. Research conducted by the EIA in the latter half of 1980 indicated changes had taken place in the petroleum industry that were not being adequately reflected in the EIA survey forms. First, the flows of unfinished oils and the redesignation of finished products were not being accurately described on the EIA survey forms. Second, a substantial amount of motor gasoline was being produced at non-refinery "downstream blending stations" but was not being reported. Although empirical information is not available to precisely measure the historical effects. precisely measure the historical effects, estimates of the magnitude of the differences in the major series affected are shown in the EIA, *Petroleum Supply Monthly.* Beginning in January 1981, the EIA modified its survey forms, changed definitions of gasoline (motor and aviation), and added the

3. Motor Gasoline: Beginning in January 1981, the EIA expanded its universe to include non-refinery blenders; expanded its universe to include non-refinery blenders; redefined motor gasoline into two categories (finished leaded and finished unleaded); and separated blending components from finished motor gasoline as a reporting category. Also, survey forms were modified to describe refinery operations more accurately. For further details, see the EIA, *Petroleum Supply Monthly.* **4. Distillate and Residual Fuel Oils:** The requirement to report crude oil burned on leases and pipelines as either distillate or residual fuel oil bas been eliminated Prior to

distillate or residual fuel oil has been eliminated. Prior to January 1981, the refinery input of unfinished oils number typically exceeded the number for available supply of unfinished oils. This was assumed to be due to the redesignation of distillate and residual fuel oils received as such, but used as an unfinished oil input by the received as such, bit dead imbalance between supply and disposition of unfinished oils would then be subtracted from the production of distillate and residual fuel oils. Two-thirds of this difference was subtracted from distillate and one-third from residual. Beginning in January 1981, the EIA modified its survey forms to account for redesignated product and discontinued the above-mentioned adjustment. For further details, see the

EIA, *Petroleum Supply Monthly.* 5. New Stock Basis: In January 1975, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to bulk terminal and pipeline surveys affecting subsequent stocks reported and stock withdrawal calculations. Using the expanded coverage

(new basis), the end-of-year stocks, in million barrels, would have been:

Crude Oil: 1982—645 (Total) and 351 (Other Primary).
Crude Oil and Petroleum Products: 1974—1,121; 1980-

1,420; and 1982—1,462.
Motor Gasoline: 1974—225; 1980—263; 1982—244 (To-tal) and 203 (Finished).

Distillate Fuel Oil: 1974-224; 1980-205; and 1982-186.

Residual Fuel Oil: 1974—75; 1980—91; and 1982—68.

· Liquefied Petroleum Gases: 1974-113;1980-128; and 1982-103

· Other Petroleum Products: 1974-220; 1980-249; and 1982-259

 Stock withdrawal calculations beginning in 1975, 1981, and 1983, were made using new basis stock levels.

In January 1984, changes were made in the reporting of natural gas liquids. As a result, unfractionated stream, which was formerly included in "Other Petroleum Products Supply and Disposition" table, is now reported on a component and Disposition" table, is now reported on a component basis (ethane, propane, normal butane, isobutane and pentanes plus). Most of these stocks will now appear in the "Liquefied Petroleum Gases Supply and Disposition" table. This change will affect stocks reported and stock withdrawals in each table. Under new basis, end-of-year 1983 stocks, in million barrels would have been:
Liquefied Petroleum Gases: 1983—108.
Other Petroleum Products: 1983—248.
6. Stocks of Alaskan crude oil in transit were included for

6. Stocks of Alaskan crude oil in transit were included for the first time in January 1981. The major impact of this change is on the reporting of stock withdrawal calculations. Using the expanded coverage (new basis), 1980 end-of-year stocks, in million barrels, would have been 488 (Total) and 380 (Other Primary).

#### Sources

• 1973 through 1976: U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Mines, *Mineral Industry Surveys*, "Petroleum Statement, Annual" and "PAD Districts Supply/Demand, Annual.'

6 1977 through 1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, "Petroleum Statement, Annual" and "PAD Districts Supply/Demand, Annual" and unleaded gasoline data from Monthly Petroleum Statistics Report.

• January 1981 through December 1983: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual.

 January 1983 through August 1984: Detailed statistics in appropriate issues of the *Petroleum Supply Monthly* (except domestic crude oil production).
September 1984: Estimates based on EIA weekly data

 September 1984: Estimates based of EIA weekly data (except domestic crude oil production).
 January 1983 through September 1984: Domestic crude oil production estimate based on historical statistics from State Conservation Agencies and the U.S. Geological Survey.

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Total dry natural gas production in the United States during August 1984 was an estimated 1.4 trillion cubic feet (Tcf). This was 8.4 percent higher than in August 1983. Output during the first 8 months of 1984 totaled 11.6 Tcf, 11.6 percent more than during the first 8 months of 1983.

Consumption of natural and supplemental gas in August 1984 was an estimated 1.2 Tcf, 3.7 percent higher than in August 1983. Estimated consumption during the first 8 months of 1984 totaled 11.8 Tcf, 7.8 percent higher than during the comparable 1983 period.

Deliveries to industrial consumers, the principal end users of natural and supplemental gas, during July 1984 (latest data available) were an estimated 464 billion cubic feet (Bcf). This was 40.1 percent of total July 1984 consumption and was 13.2 percent higher than in July 1983. Industrial consumption totaled 3,341 Bcf during the first 7 months of 1984, 16.9 percent higher than during the comparable 1983 period.

Imports of natural gas in August 1984 were an estimated 58 Bcf, 3.6 percent higher than in the previous August. During the first 8 months of 1984, imports of natural gas tofaled an estimated 559 Bcf, 7.0 percent lower than during the comparable 1983 period. No liquefied natural gas (LNG) was imported from Algeria in August 1984.

Stocks of working gas\* in underground natural gas storage reservoirs at the end of August 1984 totaled 2.7 Tcf. This was 5.8 percent below stocks available a year earlier. Net injections into storage during August 1984 were 284 Bcf, 33.3 percent higher than during the previous August. Ŭ T

\*Gas available for withdrawal.

#### **Production Summary**

		Gross Wet Gas Withdrawals¹	Used for Repressuring <sup>2</sup>	Nonhydro- carbon Gas Removed³	Vented and Flared	Marketed Production (Wet)4	Extraction Loss <sup>3</sup>	Total Dry Gas Production⁵
				i	Billion cubic fe	ət		
1973	Total	24,067	1,171	NA	248	°22.648	917	°21.731
1974	Total	22,850	1,080	NA	169	•21,601	887	°20,713
1975	Total	21,104	861	NA	134	°20,109	872	°19,236
1976	Total	20,944	859	NA	132	°19,952	854	•
1977	Total	21,097	935	NA	137	°20,025	863	°19,098
1978	Total	21,309	1,181	NA	153	°20,025 °19.974		°19,163
1979	Total	21,883	1,245	NA			852	°19,122
1980	Total	21,883	•		167	°20,471	808	°19,663
1980	Total		1,365	199	125	20,180	777	19,403
	TOTAL	21,587	1,312	222	98	19,956	775	19,181
1982	January	1,865	108	19	9	1,728	71	1,657
	February	1,712	101	18	8	1,584	65	1,519
	March	1,816	115	19	7	1,675	69	1,606
	April	1,714	108	18	7	1,581	65	1,516
	May	1,692	117	17	7	1,552	64	1,488
	June	1,643	114	16	7	1,505	62	1,443
	July August	1,667 1,638	119	15	7	1,526	63	1,463
	September	1,638	120 116	18 16	8 6	1,492	61	1,431
	October	1,610	126	16	8	1,431 1,460	59	1,372
	November	1,621	119	18	9	1,460	60 61	1,400
	December	1,663	125	10	10	1,510	62	1,415
	Total	20,210	1.388	208	93	18,520	762	1,448 <b>17,758</b>
1983	lanuan	•	,			-		
1903	January February	1,668 1,471	122	19 10	7	1,520	62	1,458
	March	1,534	108 124	16 17	6	1,340	55	1,285
	April	1,453	124	16	7 7	1,386	57	1,329
	Mav	1,450	111	16	8	1,310	54	1,256
	June	1,399	118	19	7	1,316 1,256	54 52	1,262
	July	1,485	125	18	7	1,335	55	1,204 1,280
	August	1,537	124	20	7	1,386	57	1,329
	September	1,496	118	19	7	1,352	56	1,296
	October	1,572	122	18	7	1,425	59	1,366
	November	1,583	114	19	7	1,443	59	1,384
	December	1,733	116	21	8	1,588	65	1,523
	Total	18,381	1,421	218	85	16,657	685	15,972
1984	January	1,845	119	22	7	1,697	70	1,627
	February	1,614	115	19	6	1,474	61	1,413
	March	1,659	112	21	7	1,520	62	1,458
	April	1,636	120	19	7	1,490	61	1,429
	May	1,630	127	20	7	1,475	61	1,414
	June	R1,586	R122	R19	7	R1,439	59	R1,380
	July August	R1,662 1.657	R126 126	21 21	. 7	1,508	62	1,446
	August	1,007	120	21		1,503	62	1,441

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<sup>1</sup>Gas withdrawn from gas and oil wells.
<sup>2</sup>Gas returned to formations for repressuring, pressure maintenance, and cycling.
<sup>3</sup>For definitions and further explanations, see Notes on the last two pages of this section.
<sup>4</sup>Equal to gross withdrawals minus volumes used for repressuring, volumes of nonhydrocarbon gases removed, and volumes vented and flared. See Note 2 on the last two pages of this section for further explanation.
<sup>4</sup>Equal to marketed production (wet) minus extraction loss.
<sup>4</sup>May include unknown quantities of nonhydrocarbon gases.
R = Revised data. NA = Not available.
Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
• Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
• Italics denote estimated data. Data for 1973 through 1982 are final. All other data are preliminary unless otherwise indicated.
Sources: • See the last page of this section.

#### Supply and Disposition of Dry Natural Gas and Supplemental Gaseous Fuels

		Supply					Disposition				
		Total Dry Gas Production	With- drawals from Storage <sup>1</sup>	Supple- mental Gaseous Fuels <sup>2</sup>	Imports <sup>2</sup>	Total Supply/ Disposition <sup>3</sup>	Additions to Storage <sup>1</sup>	Exports <sup>2</sup>	Consump- tion <sup>2</sup>	Un- accounted for <sup>2</sup>	
					E	lillion cubic fee	t				
1973	Total	<b>•21,731</b>	1,533	NA	1,033	24,297	1,974	77	22,049	196	
1974	Total	420,713	1,701	NA	959	23,373	1,784	77	21,223	289	
1975	Total	19,236	1,760	NA	953	21,949	2,104	73	19,538	235	
1976	Total	19,098	1,921	NA	963	21,983	1,756	65	19,946	216	
1977	Total	19,163	1,750	NA	1.011	21,924	2,307	56	19,521	41	
1978	Total	19,122	2,158	NA	966	22,245	2,278	53	19,627	287	
1979	Total	19,122	2,047	NA	1,253	22,964	2,295	56	20,241	372	
	Total	,	,		985	•		50 49	•	572 640	
1980		19,403	1,972	155		22,515	1,949		19,877		
1981	Total	19, 181	1,930	176	904	22,191	2,228	<b>59</b>	19,404	501	
1982	January	1,657	697	19	98	2,471	24	3	2,400	44	
	February	1,519	461	16	85	2,081	51	5	1,984	41	
	March	1,606	274	15	82	1,977	91	5	1,838	43	
	April	1,516	112	12	72	1,712	185	2	1,485	40	
	May	1,488	11	9	65	1,573	394	3	1,136	40	
	June	1,443	11	9	61	1,524	364	6	1,115	39	
	July	1,463	12	9	67	1,551	362	5	1,145	39	
	August	1,431	36	9	61	1,537	342	6	1,151	38	
	September	1,372	20	9	66	1,467	285	5	1,140	37	
	October	1,400	62	11	77	1,550	197	5	1,311	37	
	November	1,415	168	13	91	1,687	85	5	1,559	38	
	December	1,448	299	14	110	1,871	88	5	1,739	39	
	Total	17,758	2,165	145	933	21,001	2,472	52	18,001	475	
1 <del>9</del> 83	January	1,458	450	16	112	2,036	24	5	1,968	39	
	February	1,285	324	13	95	1,717	35	5	1,643	34	
	March	1,329	266	13	86	1,694	58	5	1,596	35	
	April	1,256	162	11	74	1,503	81	5	1,383	34	
	May	1,262	41	9	61	1,373	189	5	1,145	34	
	June	1,204	22	8	59	1,293	254	3	1,004	32	
	July	1,280	25	9	58	1,372	267	5	1,066	34	
	August	1,329	35	9	56	1,429	248	6	1,140	35	
	September	1,296	27	9	67	1,399	259	4	1,101	35	
	October November	1,366	40 160	10 12	64 80	1,480	171 80	4 5	1,269	36 37	
	December	1,384	602	12	107	1,636	80 31	5	1,514	37 41	
	Total	1,523 <b>15.972</b>	2,153	136	918	2,249 <b>19,181</b>	1.697	5 55	2,172	41 426	
		•	•				•		17,001		
1984	January	1,627	563	17	95	2,302	54	4	2,201	43	
	February	1,413	300	14	70	1,797	62	4	1,693	38	
	March	1,458	352	14	69	1,893	43	5	1,806	39	
	April	1,429	105	11	72	1,617	152	5	1,422	38	
	May	1,414	30	10	73	1,527	258	6	1,225	38	
	June	R1,380	21	9	63	R1,473	320	4	R1,112	37	
	July	1,446	28 30	R9	R59 58	R1,542	342	5	R1,156	39	
	August	1,441	30	10	30	1,539	314	5	1,182	38	

<sup>1</sup>Monthly and annual data for 1980 through 1982 include underground storage and liquefied natural gas storage. All other data include underground storage only. Computation procedures are discussed in Note 8 on the last two pages of this section.
<sup>2</sup>For definitions and further explanations, see Notes on the last two pages of this section.
<sup>3</sup>Data for 1978 through 1982 do not include intransit receipts and deliveries.
<sup>4</sup>May include unknown quantities of nonhydrocarbon gases.
R=Revised data. NA=Not available.
Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
• Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
• Italics denote estimated data. Data for 1973 through 1982 are final. All other data are preliminary unless otherwise indicated.

Sources: . See the last page of this section.

# Natural and Supplemental Gas Consumption

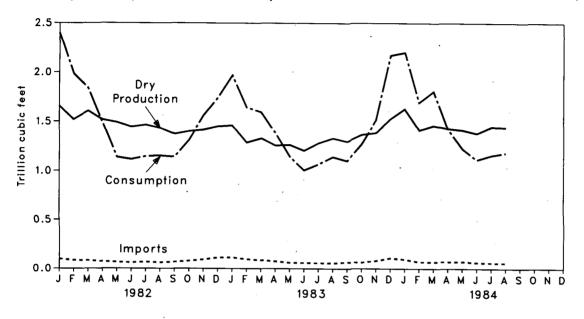
		Lease and Plant Fuel	Pipeline Fuel	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Electric Utilities	Total	- Total Consumption
					Billion	cubic feet			
1973	Total	1,496	728	4,879	2,597	8,689	3,660	19,825	22,049
1974	Total	1,477	669	4,786	2,556	8,292	3,443	19,077	21,223
1975	Total	1,396	583	4,924	2,508	6,968	3,158	17,558	19,538
1976	Total	1,634	548	5,051	2,668	6,964	3,081	17,764	19,946
1977	Total	1.659	533	4,821	2,501	6,815	3,191	17,329	19,521
1978	Total	1,648	530	4.903	2,601	6,757	3,188	17,449	19,627
1979	Total	1,499	601	4,965	2,786	6,899	3,491	18,141	20,241
1980	Total	1,026	635	4,752	2,611	7,172	3,682	18,216	19,877
1981	Total	928	642	4,546	2,520	7,128	3,640	17,834	19,404
		-			,		•	17,034	19,404
1982	January	104	79	866	444	669	238	2,217	2,400
	February	95	66	786	405	412	220	1,823	1,984
	March	100	61	602	322	506	247	1,677	1,838
	April	95	49	451	237	407	246	1,341	1,485
	May	93	38	233	139	375	258	1,005	1,136
	June	90 91	37	165	107	420	296	988	1,115
	July August	89	38 38	138 123	101	424	353	1,016	1,145
	September	86	38	136	105 105	435 482	361 293	1,024	1,151
	October	87	43	204	130	573	293	1,016 1,181	1,140
	November	88	52	372	218	603	226	1,101	1,311 1,559
	December	90	58	557	299	520	215	1,591	1,739
	Total	1,109	596	4,633	2,606	5,831	3,226	16,295	18,001
1983	January	91	65	697	357	550	208	1,812	1,968
	February	80	54	673	349	310	177	1,509	1,643
	March	83	53	525	275	452	208	1,460	1,596
	April	78	46	449	231	376	203	1,259	1,383
	May	79	38	269	147	394	218	1,028	1,145
	June	75	33	176	107	365	248	896	1.004
	July	80	35	130	97	410	314	951	1,066
	August	83	38	119	99	449	352	1,019	1,140
	September	81	36	124	103	458	299	984	1,101
	October	85	42	195	130	566	251	1,142	1,269
	November	86	50	347	198	619	214	1,378	1,514
	December	95	72	²825	²438	523	219	2,005	2,172
	Total	996	562	4,530	2,530	5,472	2,912	15,443	17,001
1984	January	102	73	2805	²404	602	215	2,026	2,201
	February	88	56	²580	²291	491	187	1,549	1,693
	March	91	60	611	312	526	206	1,655	1,806
	April	89	47	428	224	414	220	1,286	1,422
	May	88 R86	41	265	148	419	264	1,096	1,225
	June July	90	37 38	161 124	104 91	R425 464	299 349	R989	R1,112
	July	30	30	124	91	404	349	1,028	1,156

<sup>1</sup>Includes deliveries to local, State, and Federal agencies engaged in nonmanufacturing activities.
<sup>2</sup>Estimated on the basis of heating degree-day data obtained from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. R=Revised data.
Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
• Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
• Data for 1973 through December 1982 are final. All other data are preliminary unless otherwise indicated.
Sources: • See the last page of this section.

#### **Underground Natural Gas Storage—All Operators**

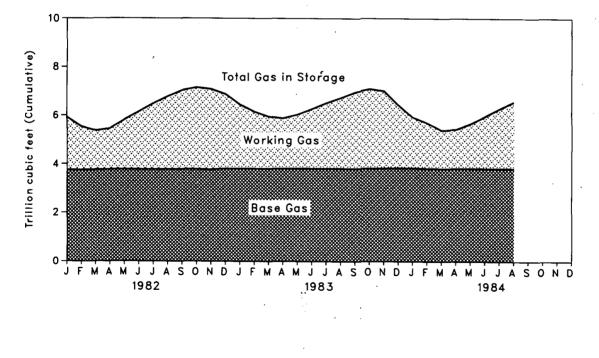
		Natural Gas in Underground Storage at End of Period		from San	Vorking Gas ne Period us Year	Storage Activity			
		Base Gas	Working Gas	Total <sup>1</sup>	Volume	Percent	Injections	Withdrawals	Net <sup>2</sup>
			,	Volumes in	Billion cubic fee	t			
1973	Total	2,864	2,034	4,898	305	17.6	1,974	1,533	441
1974	Totaí	2,912	2,050	4,962	16	0.8	1,784	1,701	83
1975	Total	3,162	2,212	5,374	162	7.9	2,104	1,760	344
1976	Total	3,323	1,926	5,250	-286	-12.9	1,756	1,921	-165
1977	Total	3,391	2,475	5,866	549	28.5	2,307	1,750	557
1978	Total	3,473	2,547	6,020	72	2.9	2,278	2,158	120
1979	Total	3,553	2,753	6,306	207	8.1	2,295	2,047	248
1980	Total	3,642	2,655	6,297	-99	-3.6	1,896	1,910	-14
1981	Total	3,752	2,817	6,569	162	6.1	2,180	1,887	293
		•	-	-	00		-	-	640
1982	January	3,751	2,182	5,932	29 -37	1.4 -2.0	24 50	673 446	-649 -396
	February	3,750 3,766	1,787 1,604	5,536 5,370	-26	-2.0 -1.6	88	265	-396 -176
	March	3,766	1,676	5,370	-20	-5.0	180	108	73
	April May	3,780	2,034	5,454	-00	2.9	382	108	371
	June	3,780	2,369	6,147	117	5.2	353	11	342
	July	3,780	2,704	6.484	146	5.7	351	12	339
	August	3,781	2,998	6,778	116	4.0	332	35	298
	September	3,782	3,251	7,033	99	3.1	277	20	257
	October	3,785	3,364	7,149	116	3.6	191	60	131
	November	3,772	3,309	7,081	108	3.4	83	163	-80
	December	3,808	3,071	6,879	255	9.0	86	289	-204
	Total						2,399	2,094	306
1983	January	3,813	2,644	6,457	462	21.2	24	450	-425
	February	3,811	2,356	6,167	569	31.9	35	324	-288
	March	3,812	2,148	5,959	544	33.9	58	266	-208
	April	3,818	2,074	5,893	398	23.8	81	162	-81
	May	3,818	2,222	6,041	188	9.3	189	41	148
	June	3,819	2,454	6,272	85	3.6	254	22	232
	July	3,826	2,696	6,522	-8	-0.3	267	25	242
	August	3,823	2,908	6,731	-89	-3.0	248	35	213
	September	3,823	3,140	6,964	-110 - <del>9</del> 4	-3.4	259	27 40	232 130
	October November	3,825 3,841	3,269 3,174	7,095 7.015	-94 -135	-2.8 -4.1	171 80	40 160	-80
	December	3,847	2,595	6,442	-476	-4.1	31	602	-571
	Total	3,047	2,535	0,442	-470	-10.0	1,697	2,153	-456
								-	
1984	January	3,847	2,090	5,937	-554	-20.9	54	563	-510
	February	3,828	1,876	5,704	-580	-20.4	62	300	-238
	March	3,824	1,572	5,395	-576	-26.8	43	352	-308
	April	3,822	1,620	5,442	-454	-21.9	152	105	47
	May June	3,827 3,828	1,843 2,141	5,670 5,969	-379 -313	-17.1 -12.7	258 320	30 21	227 299
	July	3,828	2,141	5,969 6,285	-240	-12.7	320	28	299 313
	August	3,829	2,740	6,569	-169	-5.8	314	30	284
		0,020	<b>_</b> ,, <del>,</del> , <del>,</del> , <del>,</del> , , , , , , , , , , ,	0,000	100	0.0	<b>V</b> 17		207

<sup>1</sup>Total underground storage capacity at the end of each calendar year (in billion cubic feet): 1978—6,890; 1979—6,929; 1980—7,434; 1981—7,805; 1982—7,915; and 1983—7,985. Current total capacity is 8,044. <sup>2</sup>Positive numbers indicate injections are greater than withdrawals. Negative numbers indicate withdrawals are greater than injections. Net injections or withdrawals may not equal the difference between applicable ending stocks. See Note 8 on the last two pages of this section. Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Data for 1978 through 1982 are final. All other data are preliminary unless otherwise noted. Sources: • See the last page of this section.





### Gas in Storage



### Notes and Sources for the Natural Gas Section

#### Notes

1. Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed: Annual data on nonhydrocarbon gases removed from marketed production—carbon dioxide, helium, hydrogen sulfide, and nitrogen—are from the EIA *Natural Gas Annual, 1982.* These data are not available for periods prior to 1980. For 1982, of the 31 producing States, 18 reported data on nonhydrocarbon gases removed. These 18 States accounted for 53 percent of total 1982 gross withdrawals. In addition, gross withdrawals data from two States, which together accounted for 40 percent of the 1982 total production, did not include all or most of the nonhydrocarbon gases removed on leases. No estimates are made for the two States not reporting nonhydrocarbon gases removed. For further information, see the Energy Information Administration (EIA) *Natural Gas Monthly.* 

Monthly data are reported by two States and computed for four States. All monthly data are considered preliminary until after publication of the EIA *Natural Gas Annual* for the year in which the report month falls. Three States report monthly data on nonhydrocarbon gases removed; the rest of the data is estimated. For further information on methods of estimating preliminary monthly data, see the EIA *Natural Gas Monthly*.

Monthly data are revised and considered final after publication of the EIA *Natural Gas Annual* by proportionally allocating the differences between annual data published in the EIA *Natural Gas Annual* and the sum of the preliminary monthly data (January-December).

**2. Production:** Annual data. Final annual data are from the Energy Information Administration (EIA) *Natural Gas Annual, 1982.* 

Estimated Monthly Data. All data for the two most recent months presented are estimated. Some of the data for earlier months are also estimated or computed. For a discussion of computation and estimation procedures, see the EIA *Natural Gas Monthly*.

Preliminary monthly data. All monthly data are considered preliminary until after publication of the EIA *Natural Gas Annual* for the year in which the report month falls.<sup>1</sup> Preliminary monthly data are gathered from reports from the Interstate Oil Compact Commission and the U.S. Minerals Management Service. Volumetric data are converted, as necessary to a standard 14.73 psia pressure base. Unless there are major changes, data are not revised until after publication of the EIA *Natural Gas Annual*.

Final monthly data. The difference between annual production data published in the EIA *Natural Gas Annual*, *1982* and the sum of preliminary monthly data (January-December) is allocated proportionally to the preliminary monthly data.

3. Extraction Loss: Extraction loss is the reduction in volume of natural gas resulting from the removal of natural gas liquid constituents at natural gas processing plants. Annual data for extraction loss are from the EIA Natural

Annual data for extraction loss are from the EIA Natural Gas Annual for which they have been estimated based on the type and quantity of liquid products extracted from the gas stream and the calculated volume of such products at standard conditions. For a detailed explanation of the calculations used to derive estimated extraction losses, see the EIA Natural Gas Annual.

Preliminary monthly data are estimated based on extraction loss as an annual percentage of marketed production. This percentage is applied to each month's marketed production to estimate monthly extraction loss.

Monthly data are revised and considered final after the publication of the EIA *Natural Gas Annual*. Final monthly data are estimated by allocating annual extraction loss data to each month based on its total natural gas disposition.

4. Supplemental Fuels: Supplemental gaseous fuels are mainly synthetic natural gas, propane-air, and refinery gas. Other gases may also be included. During 1982, coke oven gas, biomass gas, manufactured gas, and air injected for Btu stabilization were reported in this category.

Annual data beginning with 1980 are from the EIA *Natural Gas Annual, 1982.* Unknown quantities of supplemental gaseous fuels are included in consumption data for 1979 and earlier years.

All monthly data are considered preliminary until after the publication of the EIA *Natural Gas Annual* for the year in which the report month falls. Monthly estimates are based on the annual ratio of supplemental gaseous fuels to the sum of dry gas production, net imports, and net withdrawals from storage. This ratio is applied to the monthly sum of these three elements to compute a monthy supplemental gaseous fuels figure.

5. Imports and Exports: The United States imports natural gas via pipeline from Mexico and Canada, and liquefied natural gas via tanker from Algeria. The United States exports natural gas via pipeline to Mexico and Canada and liquefied natural gas via tanker to Japan. Annual and final monthly data are published from the

Annual and final monthly data are published from the annual Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas," which requires data to be reported by month for the calendar year.

Preliminary monthly data are EIA estimates. For a discussion of estimation procedures, see the EIA *Natural Gas Monthly*. Preliminary data are revised after the publication of the EIA U.S. Imports and Exports of Natural Gas for the calendar year in which the report month falls.

6. Consumption: Consumption includes pipeline fuel use, lease and plant fuel use, and deliveries to consuming sectors.

All final data are from the EIA, *Natural Gas Annual*. All monthly data are considered preliminary until after publication of the EIA *Natural Gas Annual*. For more detailed information on the methods of estimating preliminary and final monthly data, see the EIA *Natural Gas Monthly*.

7. Unaccounted For: The "unaccounted for" category represents quantities lost, the net result of flow data metered at varying temperature and pressure conditions and converted to a standard temperature and pressure base; the effect of variations in company accounting and billing practices; and imbalances from EIA's merger of data reporting systems which vary in scope, format, definitions, and type of respondents. For additional explanatory information, see the EIA *Natural Gas Monthly.* 

8. Natural Gas Storage: Gas in storage at the end of a reporting period may not equal the quantity derived by adding or subtracting net injections or withdrawals from the quantity in storage at the end of the previous period. This difference is due to changes in the quantity of native gas included in the base gas and/or losses in base gas due to migration from storage reservoirs.

All monthly data concerning underground storage are collected from the essentially identical Forms FPC-8 and EIA-191. Monthly data are revised after publication of the EIA Underground Natural Gas Storage in the United States for the heating year (April through March) in which the report month falls. In addition, injection and withdrawal data from the FPC-8/EIA-191 survey are adjusted to correspond to data from Form EIA-176 following publication of the EIA Natural Gas Annual.

The final monthly and annual storage and withdrawal data for 1980 through 1982 include both underground and liquefied natural gas (LNG) storage. Underground storage data are taken from the FPC-8/EIA-191 survey in the following manner. Annual data on LNG additions and withdrawals are taken from Form EIA-176. Monthly data are estimated by computing the ratio of each month's underground storage additions and withdrawals to annual underground storage additions and withdrawals and applying it to annual LNG data.

(Notes and Sources for the Natural Gas Section are continued on the next page.)

### Notes and Sources for the Natural Gas Section (continued)

#### Sources

**Production:** 1973 through 1982: Energy Information Admin-istration (EIA), *Natural Gas Annual, 1982,* Appendix B; January 1983 forward: State reports to the Interstate Oil Compact Commission, data from the U.S. Minerals Manage-ment Service, and EIA estimates for States that do not report monthly data on or visual or states that do not

report monthly data on a regular or timely basis. Extraction Loss, Consumption, and Unaccounted For: 1973 through 1982: EIA, Natural Gas Annual, 1982, Appendix B; January 1983 forward: EIA computations.

dix B; January 1983 forward: EIA computations. Withdrawals from and Additions to Storage: 1973 through 1982: EIA, *Natural Gas Annual, 1982*, Appendix B; January 1983 forward: Form FPC-8 and Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report." Supplemental Gaseous Fuels: 1980 through 1982: EIA, *Natural Gas Annual, 1982*, Appendix B; January 1983 for-ward: EIA computations.

Imports and Exports: 1973 through 1982: Form FPC-14, "Imports and Exports of Natural Gas"; January 1983 for-ward: EIA computations.

ward: EIA computations. End-Use Consumption: • All data except electric utility— 1973 through 1982: EIA, Natural Gas Annual, 1982, Appen-dix B; January 1983 forward: EIA computations. • Electric utility data—EIA, Form 759, "Monthly Power Plant Report" (formerly Form FPC-4). Underground Storage: 1973 and 1974: American Gas Association, Gas Facts; 1975 through 1979: EIA, Form FPC-8 and Form EIA-191, and the Natural Gas Annual; 1980 forward: EIA, From FPC-8, Form EIA-191, and Form 176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition."

# Oil and Gas Resource Development

The August 1984 rotary rig count of 2,417 was 12.1 percent higher than the August 1983 count of 2,156. The 216 rigs operating offshore were 19.3 percent lower than those working in August 1983.

Because of delays in reporting well completions for August 1984 to the American Petroleum Institute, a number of States and areas include only 3 weeks of data. The following comparisons are based on these incomplete data and are calculated with the previously established convention of August 1983 as a 4-week month and August 1984 as a 5-week month. For August 1984, the reported total number of wells drilled was 6,914, a weekly average increase of 5.2 percent from the 5,256 reported in August 1983. Oil well completions reported for August 1984 were 3,612, a 9.4-percent weekly average increase from the August 1983 figure of 2,641. The 1,353 gas well completions reported for August 1984 were a weekly average about the same as for August 1983. The August 1984 reported footage drilled was virtually the same as the 1983 figure on a weekly average basis.

The 523 crews engaged in seismic exploration in August 1984 were 8.1 percent more than those in August 1983. The 470 land crews working in August 1984 were 8.0 percent more, and the 53 marine vessels working were 8.2 percent more, than those working during August 1983.









# Oil and Gas Resource Development

		Rotary Rigs in Operation <sup>1</sup>	+	Exploratory and Development Wells Drilled <sup>2</sup>				Total Footage of Wells Drilled <sup>2</sup>	
		Monthly average		Oil	Gas	Dry	Totai	Thousand feet	
1973	Average	1,194	Total	9,902	6,385	10,305	26,592	136,391	
1974	Average	1,472	Total	12,784	7,240	11,674	31,698	150,551	
1975	Average	1,660	Total	16,408	7,580	13,247	37,235		
1976	Average	1,658	Total	17,059	9,085	13,247	37,235	174,434	
1977	Average	2,001	Total	•		•		181,780	
1978	Average		1	18,912	11,378	14,692	44,982	210,848	
1979	Average	2,259	Total	17,775	13,064	16,218	47,057	227,110	
1980		2,177	Total	19,383	14,681	15,752	49,816	238,659	
	Average	2,909	Total	27,026	15,730	18,089	60,845	284,461	
1981	Average	3,970	Total	37,671	17,894	22,973	78,538	361,407	
1982	January	4,436		2,798	954	2,132	5,884	28,167	
	February	4,160		3,036	1,430	2,234	6,700	31,985	
	March	3,816		3,736	1,480	2,479	7,695	37,896	
	April	3,460		3,674	1,530	2,287	7,491	36,439	
	May	3,178	]	3,451	1,940	2,205	7,596	36,987	
	June	2,908		3,888	1,891	2,521	8,300	38,962	
	July	2,746		3,290	1,703	1,931	6,924	31,111	
	August September	2,620	1	2,865	1,588	1,917	6,370	28,836	
	October	2,482		3,363	1,599	2,330	7,292	32,611	
	November	2,402		2,833	1,210	2,125	6,168	27,274	
	December	2,500 2,696		3,279	1,658	2,025	6,962	31,130	
	Average	3,105	Total	4,087	1,970	2,363	8,420	34,648	
	•	- r <sup>1</sup>	rotai	40,301	18,952	26,542	85,795	395,993	
1983	January	2,622		2,376	891	1,640	4,907	20,922	
	February	2,192	l .	2,885	1,184	2,211	6,280	27,659	
	March	2,003	· ·	3,433	1,607	2,630	7,670	34,210	
	April	1,846		3,031	1,403	1,979	6,413 .	27,423	
	May	1,926		3,187	1,747	1,830	6,764	28,564	
	June July	1,979	}	3,523	1,242	2,113	6,878	28,154	
	August	2,039		2,689	1,127	1,639	5,455	22,970	
	September	2,156 2,252		2,641	R1,080	R1,535	R5,256	R22,634	
	October	2,252	ļ	3,733 2,970	1,271	2,019	7,023	30,325	
	November	2,572	1	3,237	1,211	1,699	5,880	24,887	
	December	2,780		3,237	1,140 1,699	1,991 2,201	6,368	26,811	
	Average	2,232	Total	37,207	15.628	23,494	7,370 <b>76,329</b>	30,942 <b>325,760</b>	
1984	-				•		•		
1304	January Fobruary	2,666		²3,253	°1,058	²2,004	²6,315	²27,915	
	February March	2,423		3,212	1,425	2,123	6,760	27,623	
	April	2,245	l	4,092	1,373	2,941	8,406	34,156	
	May	2,120 2,277		2,821	1,162	1,690	5,673	26,234	
	June	2,277		3,137	1,155	1,637	5,929	26,417	
	July	2,385		3,723	1,362	2,298	7,383	32,174	
	August	2,330		2,629 ³3,612	1,138 ³1,353	1,831 ³1,949	5,598	25,454	
		<b>-</b> , <b>-</b> , <i>.</i>	I	-0,012	-1,353	~1,949	³6,914	°28,550	

<sup>1</sup>Monthly data are averages of 4- or 5-week reporting periods and are not calendar months. <sup>2</sup>Data exclude service wells and stratigraphic and core tests. Prior to 1984, weekly data are aggregated into months within quarters using the following number of weeks in the 12 months—(4,4,5), (4,4,5), (4,4,5), and (4,4,5). In 1984, weekly data are aggregated into months differently to more closely represent the actual number of weeks in the calendar months—(5,4,5), (4,4,5), (4,5,4), and (4,5,4). <sup>3</sup>Due to reporting delays, a number of States and areas include only 3 weeks of data. R = Revised data. Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals reflect subsequent data revisions and therefore may not agree with cumulative monthly data. Sources: • Rotary Rigs: Hughes Tool Company, "Rotary Rigs Running—By State." • Wells and Footage Drilled: American Petroleum Institute, "Monthly Drilling Report" and "Quarterly Review of Drilling Statistics for the United States."

#### Monthly Energy Review July 1984 **Energy Information Administration**

# **Oil and Gas Resource Development**

Offshore         Onshore         Total           Monthly average           1973         Average         23         227         250           1974         Average         31         274         305           1975         Average         30         254         284           1976         Average         25         237         262           1977         Average         25         327         352           1979         Average         30         370         400           1980         Average         37         493         530           1981         Average         37         493         530           1982         January         53         625         678           March         52         597         649	
1973       Average       23       227       250         1974       Average       31       274       305         1975       Average       30       254       284         1976       Average       25       237       262         1977       Average       25       327       352         1978       Average       25       327       352         1979       Average       30       370       400         1980       Average       37       493       530         1981       Average       44       637       681         1982       January       53       642       695         February       53       625       678         March       52       597       649         April       55       571       626         May       61       551       612         June       69       546       615         July       66       527       593         August       62       500       562         September       59       476       535         October       51       465       516	
1974       Average       31       274       305         1975       Average       30       254       284         1976       Average       25       237       262         1977       Average       25       327       352         1978       Average       25       327       352         1979       Average       30       370       400         1980       Average       37       493       530         1981       Average       37       642       695         February       53       642       695         February       53       625       678         March       52       597       649         April       55       571       626         May       61       551       612         July       66       527       593         August       62       500       562         September       59 <t< th=""><th></th></t<>	
1975       Average       30       254       284         1976       Average       25       237       262         1977       Average       27       281       308         1978       Average       25       327       352         1979       Average       30       370       400         1980       Average       37       493       530         1981       Average       37       493       530         1982       January       53       642       695         February       53       625       678         March       52       597       649         April       55       571       626         May       61       551       612         June       69       546       615         July       66       527       593         August       62       500       562         September       59       47	
1976       Average       25       237       262         1977       Average       27       281       308         1978       Average       25       327       352         1979       Average       30       370       400         1980       Average       37       493       530         1981       Average       37       493       530         1981       Average       44       637       681         1982       January       53       642       695         February       53       625       678         March       52       597       649         April       55       571       626         May       61       551       612         June       69       546       615         July       66       527       593         August       62       500       562         September       59       476       535         October       51       465       516         November       50       452       502         December       49       428       477         Ave	
1977       Average       27       281       308         1978       Average       25       327       352         1979       Average       30       370       400         1980       Average       37       493       530         1981       Average       37       493       530         1981       Average       44       637       681         1982       January       53       642       695         February       53       625       678         March       52       597       649         April       55       571       626         May       61       551       612         June       69       546       615         July       66       527       593         August       62       500       562         September       59       476       535         October       51       465       516         November       50       452       502         December       49       428       477         Average       57       531       588         1983       Jan	
1977       Average       27       281       308         1978       Average       25       327       352         1979       Average       30       370       400         1980       Average       37       493       530         1981       Average       37       493       530         1981       Average       37       493       530         1981       Average       37       493       530         1982       January       53       642       695         February       53       625       678         March       52       597       649         April       55       571       626         May       61       551       612         June       69       546       615         July       66       527       593         August       62       500       562         September       59       476       535         October       51       465       516         November       50       452       502         December       49       428       477         Ave	
1978         Average         25         327         352           1979         Average         30         370         400           1980         Average         37         493         530           1981         Average         37         493         530           1982         January         53         642         695           February         53         625         678           March         52         597         649           April         55         571         626           May         61         551         612           June         62         500         562           September         59         476         535           October         51         465         516           November<	
1979         Average         30         370         400           1980         Average         37         493         530           1981         Average         37         493         530           1981         Average         44         637         681           1982         January         53         642         695           February         53         625         678           March         52         597         649           April         55         571         626           May         61         551         612           June         69         546         615           July         66         527         593           August         62         500         562           September         59         476         535           October         51         465         516           November         50         452         502           December         49         428         477           Average         57         531         588           1983         January         49         407         456	
1980         Average         37         493         530           1981         Average         44         637         681           1982         January         53         642         695           February         53         625         678           March         52         597         649           April         55         571         626           May         61         551         612           June         69         546         615           July         66         527         593           August         62         500         562           September         59         476         535           October         51         465         516           November         50         452         502           December         49         428         477           Average         57         531         588           1983         January         49         407         456           February         47         404         451           March         45         402         447           April         39	
1981         Average         44         637         681           1982         January         53         642         695           February         53         625         678           March         52         597         649           April         55         571         626           May         61         551         612           June         69         546         615           July         66         527         593           August         62         500         562           September         59         476         535           October         51         465         516           November         50         452         502           December         49         428         477           Average         57         531         588           1983         January         49         407         456           February         47         404         451           March         45         402         447           April         39         410         449           May         39         410	
1982         January         53         642         695           February         53         625         678           March         52         597         649           April         55         571         626           May         61         551         612           June         69         546         615           July         66         527         593           August         62         500         562           September         59         476         535           October         51         465         516           November         50         452         502           December         49         428         477           Average         57         531         588           1983         January         49         407         456           February         47         404         451           March         45         402         447           April         39         410         449           May         39         410         449           May         39         410         449 <tr< th=""><td></td></tr<>	
February         53         625         678           March         52         597         649           April         55         571         626           May         61         551         612           June         69         546         615           July         66         527         593           August         62         500         562           September         59         476         535           October         51         465         516           November         50         452         502           December         49         428         477           Average         57         531         588           1983         January         49         407         456           February         47         404         451           March         45         402         447           April         39         410         449           June         43         428         471           April         39         410         449           June         43         428         471           July <th></th>	
March         52         597         649           April         55         571         626           May         61         551         612           June         69         546         615           July         66         527         593           August         62         500         562           September         59         476         535           October         51         465         516           November         50         452         502           December         49         428         477           Average         57         531         588           1983         January         49         407         456           February         47         404         451           March         45         402         447           April         39         410         449           May         39         410         449           May         39         410         449           June         43         428         471           July         46         437         483      August         49 </th <td></td>	
April         55         571         626           May         61         551         612           June         69         546         615           July         66         527         593           August         62         500         562           September         59         476         535           October         51         465         516           November         50         452         502           December         49         428         477           Average         57         531         588           1983         January         49         407         456           February         47         404         451           March         45         402         447           April         39         410         449           May         39         410         449           July         <	
May         61         551         612           June         69         546         615           July         66         527         593           August         62         500         562           September         59         476         535           October         51         465         516           November         50         452         502           December         49         428         477           Average         57         531         588           1983         January         49         407         456           February         47         404         451           March         45         402         447           April         39         410         449           May         39         410         449           July <td< th=""><td></td></td<>	
June         69         546         615           July         66         527         593           August         62         500         562           September         59         476         535           October         51         465         516           November         50         452         502           December         49         428         477           Average         57         531         588           1983         January         49         407         456           February         47         404         451           March         45         402         447           April         39         410         449           June         43         428         471           June         43         428         471           July         46         437         483           August         49         435         484           September         57         444         501	
July         66         527         593           August         62         500         562           September         59         476         535           October         51         465         516           November         50         452         502           December         49         428         477           Average         57         531         588           1983         January         49         407         456           February         47         404         451           March         45         402         447           April         39         410         449           June         43         428         471           July         46         437         483           August         49         435         484           September         57         444         501	
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November         50         452         502           December         49         428         477           Average         57         531         588           1983         January         49         407         456           February         47         404         451           March         45         402         447           April         39         410         449           June         43         428         471           July         46         437         483           August         49         435         484           September         57         444         501	
December         49         428         477           Average         57         531         588           1983         January         49         407         456           February         47         404         451           March         45         402         447           April         39         410         449           June         43         428         471           July         46         437         483           August         49         435         484           September         57         444         501	
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1983         January         49         407         456           February         47         404         451           March         45         402         447           April         39         410         449           May         39         410         449           June         43         428         471           July         46         437         483           August         49         435         484           September         57         444         501	
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February 53 433 486	
March 47 424 471	
April 50 423 473	
May 46 444 490	
June 45 455 500	
July 47 482 529	
August 53 470 523	

469,227 188,457

657,684

<sup>1</sup>Monthly data not available. Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals and averages may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: • Society of Exploration Geophysicists, "Monthly Seismic Crew Count" and annual reports published in their bulletins, *Geophysics* and *Leading Edge*.

### Coal

Coal production in August 1984 was 89.6 million short tons, 22.3 percent more than the 73.3 million short tons produced in August 1983, and a record high for monthly coal production.

Electric utility coal consumption in July 1984 totaled 60.4 million short tons, almost the same amount of consumption as in July 1983.

Electric utility coal stocks of 169.7 million short tons at the end of July 1984 were 1.2 million short tons (0.7 percent) above the level 1 year earlier.

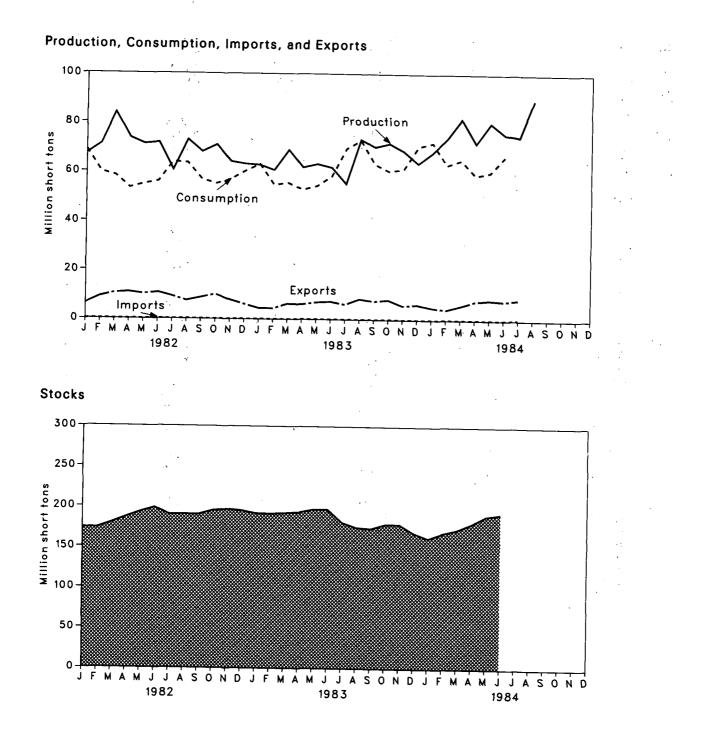
Imports of coal in July 1984 totaled 193 thousand short tons, 106 thousand short tons more than the amount imported in July 1983. Exports of coal in July 1984 totaled 8.3 million short tons, 35.5 percent more than the amount exported during July 1983. Coal exports in July 1984 were principally to Canada (40.3 percent), Europe (30.8 percent), and Japan (12.9 percent).

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Monthly Energy Review July 1984 Energy Information Administration



#### Overview



#### Monthly Energy Review July 1984 Energy Information Administration

## Coal

### Overview

		Production	Consumption	Imports	Exports <sup>1</sup>	Stocks <sup>2</sup>
			Thou	usand short tons		
1973	Totaí	598,568	562,584	127	53,587	104,335
1974	Total	610,023	558,402	2,080	60,661	96,323
1975	Total	654,641	562,641	940	66,309	128,050
1976	Total	684,913	603,790	1,203	60,021	134,438
1977	Total	697,205	-	1,647	54,312	157,098
1978			625,291			145,551
	Total	670,164	625,225	2,953	40,714	-
1979	Total	781,134	680,524	2,059	66,042	181,646
1980	Total	829,700	702,729	1,194	91,742	204,028
1981	Total	823,775	732,627	1,043	112,541	185,274
1982	January	67,138	68,692	71	6,177	173,931
	February	71,169	59,746	30	8,964	173,193
	March	83,943	58,236	12	10,423	179,484
	April	73,587	53,274	10	10,831	186,458
	May	71,127	54,844	109	10,110	192,926
	June	71,720	55,950	9	10,680	198,377
	July	60,535	63,828	69	9,182	189,997
	August	72,898	63,528	131	7,385	190,310
	September	67,951	56,734	71	8,683	189,967
	October	70,852	55,034	66	9,972 7,807	195,107
	November	64,055	56,831 60,214	87 76	6,064	196,700 195,254
	December	63,136				195,254
	Total	838,112	706,911	742	106,277	
1983	January	R62,731	63,019	78	4,471	191,902
	February	R60,654	54,692	71	4,382	191,574
	March	R68,896	55,434	120	6,291	192,315
	April	R61,837	52,816	144	6,115	193,402
	Мау	R63,210	54,327	102	6,952	196,982
	June	R62,797	58,237	133	7,279	197,033
	July	R55,213	69,478	87	6,140	181,222
	August	R73,291	72,947	115	8,380	175,067
	September	R70,312	63,317	97	7,525	173,743
	October	R71,754	60,454	. 190	8,131	179,166
	November	R68,684	61,411	32	5,838	179,281
	December	R63,713	70,541	102	6,269	168,654
	Total	R782,091	736,672	1,271	77,772	
1984	January†	R68,154	72,033	81	5,062	162,082
	February†	R73,934	63,096	140	4,251	168,473
	March†	R81,864	65,121	55	5,813	172,862
	April†	R71,939	58,906	148	7,688	180,347
	May†	R80,204	60,138	72	8,221	189,685
	June†	R75,586	66,634	49	7,828	192,271
	July†	74,691	NA	193	8,318	NA
	August†	89,630	NA	NA	NA	NA

<sup>1</sup>Excludes shipments of anthracite to U.S. Armed Forces overseas (335,000 short tons in 1982 and 363,000 short tons in 1983).
<sup>2</sup>Stocks held by electric utilities, coke plants, and general industry at the end of period. Excludes stocks at retail dealers that are consumed by the residential and commercial sector.
†Preliminary data. R=Revised data. NA=Not available.
Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
• Totals may not equal sum of components-due to independent rounding.
• See Note on the last page of this section.

# Coal

## **Consumption by End-Use Sector**

			In	dustrial		
		Electric Utilities	Coke Plants	Other Industrial <sup>1</sup> Including Transportation	Residential and Commercial	Total
				Thousand short tons	3	
1973	Total	389,212	94,101	68,154	11,117	562,584
1974	Total	391,811	90,191	64,983	11,417	558,402
1975	Total	405,962	83,598	63,670	9,410	562,641
1976	Total	448,371	84,704	61,799	8,916	603,790
1977	Total	477,126	77,739	61,472	8,954	625,291
1978	Total	481,235	71,394	63,085	9,511	625,225
1979	Total	527,051	77,368	67,717	8,388	680,524
1980	Total	569,274	66,657	60,347	6,451	702,729
1981	Total	596,797	61,014	67,395	7,421	732,627
1982	January	56.825	4,444	6,430	993	68,692
	February	48,878	4,340	5.835	693	59,746
	March	47,884	4,173	5,616	563	58,236
	April	43,490	3,708	5,373	703	53,274
	May	45,622	3,622	5,133	467	54,844
	June	47,424	3,481	4,681	364	55,950
	July	55,248	3,121	4,831	628	63,828
	August	54,838	3,058	4,962	670	63,528
	September	48,414	2,924	4,759	637	56,734
	October	46,330	2,757	5,287	660	55,034
	November	47,799	2,693	5,494	845	56,831
	December	50,914	2,587	5,695	1,018	60,214
	Total	593,666	40,908	64,097	8,240	706,911
1983	January	53,351	2,813	5,970	884	63,019
	February	45,772	2,742	5,405	773	54,692
	March	47,110	2,567	5,206	551	55,434
	April	43,589	3,206	5,254	767	52,816
	May	45,691	3,151	5,023	463	54,327
	June July	50,338	2,734	4,798	367	58,237
	August	60,390 63,767	3,269 3,252	5,220 5.362	599 566	69,478 72,047
	September	54,212	3,196	5,156	752	72,947 63,317
	October	50,689	3,307	5,659	799	60,454
	November	51,185	3,335	6,046	845	61,411
	December	59,117	3,461	6,880	1,082	70,541
	Total	625,211	37,033	65,980	8,448	736,672
1984	January†	60,224	3,791	6,942	1,076	72,033
	February†	52,257	3,592	6,305	942	63,096
	March†	54,534	3,843	6,072	672	65,121
	April†	47,553	4,180	6,245	928	58,906
	May†	49,507	4,100	5,971	560	60,138
	June†	56,923	3,564	5,704	443	66,634
	July†	60,359	NA	NA	NA	NA

See Note on the last page of this section.
†Preliminary data. NA = Not available.
Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
• Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
Sources: • See the last page of this section.

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## Coal

### Stocks by End-Use Sector at End of Period

			Indu	Istrial	
		Electric Utilities	Coke Plants	Other Industrial	Total
			Thousand	I short tons	
1973		86,967	6,998	10,370	104,335
1974		83,509	6,209	6,605	96,323
1975		110,724	8,797	8,529	128,050
1976		117,436	9,902	7,100	134,438
1977		133,219	12,816	11,063	157,098
1978		128,225	8,278	9,048	145,551
1979		159,714	10,155	11,777	181,646
1980		183,010	9,067	11,951	204,028
1981		168,893	6,475	9,906	185,274
1982	January	158,469	6,207	9,255	173,931
	February	158,136	5,909	9,148	173,193
	March	164,518	5,612	9,354	179,484
	April	171,390	5,931	9,137	186,458
	May	177,461	6,231	9,234	192,926
	June	182,513	6,532	9,331	198,377
	July	174,503	6,166	9,328	189,997
	August	175,194	5,800	9,316	190,310
	September	175,225	5,434	9,308	189,967
	October	180,571	5,171	9,365	195,107
	November	182,368	4,908	9,424	196,700
	December	181,132	4,642	9,479	195,254
1983	January	178,604	4,338	8,960	191,902
	February	179,101	4,034	8,439	191,574
	March	180,671	3,728	7,916	192,315
	Apríl	181,371	4,089	7,942	193,402 196,982
	May	184,567 184,236	4,450 4,812	7,965 7,985	190,902
	June	168,566	4,612	8,167	181,222
	July August	162,557	4,485	8.345	175,067
	September	161,384	3,842	8,518	173,743
	October	166,574	4,010	8,582	179,166
	November	166,457	4,178	8,645	179,281
	December	155,598	4,346	8,710	168,654
1984	Januaryt	148,723	4,947	8,412	162,082
	February†	154,811	5,548	8,114	168,473
	Marcht	158,897	6,149	7,816	172,862
	April†	164,597	7,171	8,579	180,347
	May†	172,150	8,193	9,342	189,685
	June†	172,949	9,217	10,105	192,271
	July†	169,737	NA	NA	NA

<sup>1</sup>Total excludes stocks at retail dealers that are consumed by the residential and commercial sector. †Preliminary data. NA=Not available. Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: • See the last page of this section.

## Notes and Sources for the Coal Section

#### Notes

Preliminary estimates of monthly coal production are based on the number of railcars loaded at mines as reported weekly to the Association of American Railroads and the average coal tonnage carried per railcar as reported quarterly to the Interstate Commerce Commission by Class railroads. The amount of coal production shipped by rail (estimated for each railroad by multiplying the number of railcars of coal loaded by the average coal tonnage carried per railcar) is multiplied by the ratio of total production as reported on Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report," to production shipped by rail for the corresponding quarter of the previous year to arrive at the monthly coal production costimate. Eincl monthly and coal production estimate. Final monthly and annual coal production data are derived from the Form EIA-6 and State coal production reports.

Domestic coal consumption data in this series approximate actual consumption. Coal consumption at electric utility plants is derived directly from Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." Prior to 1980, monthly coal consumption at coke plants was derived directly from Form EIA-5, "Coke and Coal Chemicals Monthly." For 1980 and subsequent years, monthly coal consumption at coke plants is derived from the quarterly coal consumption reported on Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report–Quarterly." These quarter-ly coal consumption figures are converted to monthly coal ry coal consumption figures are converted to monthly coal consumption figures using the ratios of monthly to quarterly consumption in 1979, the last year that coke plant data was collected monthly on Form EIA-5. These ratios by month (January-December) are: 0.3377, 0.3200, 0.3423; 0.3529, 0.3462, 0.3009; 0.3364, 0.3347, 0.3289; and 0.3273, 0.3301, 0.3426.

Prior to 1978, coal consumption for the "Other Industri-al" sector (i.e. industrial users minus coke plants) was derived by using monthly data reported on Form EIA-3, "Monthly Fuel Consumption Report-Manufacturing Plants" to modify baseline coal consumption figures from the most recent Census of Manufacturers or Annual Survey of Manufacturers, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce. For 1978 and subsequent years, the data sources used to compute monthly coal consumption for the "Other

(a) Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report-Manufacturing Plants." (b) Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report." (Quarterly)

The basic assumption used in deriving a quarterly esti-mate for coal consumption for the "Other Industrial" sector is that consumption is equal to beginning stocks plus receipts minus ending stocks. In terms of an equation, con-

sumption can be expressed as C = Sb + R - Sewhere Sb = beginning stocks, R = receipts, and Se =ending stocks. The change in stocks is Sb - Se and from the above equation, consumption is C = (Sb - Se) + R.

Form EIA-6 provides complete coverage of the "Other Industrial" sector. The quarterly receipts (R) are equated to the coal distribution to the "Other Industrial" sector as reported on Form EIA-6. Form EIA-3 provides almost total coverage of the stock change for the "Other Industrial" sector and hence (Sb - Se) is equated to this figure.

Given the estimated quarterly consumption for the "Oth-er Industrial" sector (C), the monthly consumption for the sector (Cm) can be estimated for each month in the guarter as

#### $Cm = (Cm3/C3) \times C$

where Cm3/C3 is the ratio of monthly to quarterly coal consumption as reported on Form EIA-3. For the 1978 coal consumption figures, the ratios used are based on 1978 are based on the 1979 EIA-3 data. These 1979 ratios by month (January-December) are: 0.3593, 0.3264, 0.3143; 0.3485, 0.3332, 0.3183; 0.3317, 0.3407, 0.3276; and 0.3045, 0.3253, 0.3702.

For 1980 and subsequent years, quarterly coal consumption in the residential and commercial sector is equated to the quarterly coal distribution to that sector as reported on Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report." These quarterly coal consumption figures are converted to monthly quarterly coal consumption figures are converted to monthly coal consumption figures using the ratios of monthly to quarterly coal deliveries to this sector in 1979 as reported on Form EIA-2, "Monthly Coal Report-Retail Dealers and Upper Lake Docks." These 1979 ratios by month (January-December) are: 0.4002, 0.3502, 0.2496; 0.4805, 0.2901, 0.2024; 0.3126, 0.2952, 0.3922; and 0.2931, 0.3101, 0.2026 0.3968

Prior to 1980, monthly coal consumption for the residential and\_commercial sector was derived by using monthly data reported on Form EIA-2 to modify baseline coal consumption figures developed by the Bureau of Mines, U.S. Department of the Interior.

#### Sources

**Production:** 1973 through September 1977: Bureau of Mines, *Minerals Yearbook* and *Mineral Industry Surveys*; October 1977 forward: Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Weekly Coal Production Report* from selected State agencies and EIA Form 6, "Coal Distribution Report." **Consumption and Stocks:** 1973 through September 1977: Dursent Mineral Mineral Vice and Mineral Information

Bureau of Mines, Minerals Yearbook and Mineral Industry Survevs:

Surveys;
Electric Utilities—October 1977 forward: EIA, EIA Form 759 (formerly FPC Form 4), "Monthly Power Plant Report."
Other Industrial—October 1977 through December 1979: EIA, EIA Form 3, "Monthly Fuel Consumption Report-Manufacturing Plants"; January 1980 forward: EIA, EIA Form 3, "Quarterly Fuel Consumption Report-Manufacturing Plants" and EIA Form 6, "Coal Distribution Report."
Coke Plants—October 1977 through December 1980: EIA, EIA Form 5/5A, "Coke and Coal Chemicals-Monthly/Annual"; January 1981 forward: EIA, EIA Form 5/5A, "Coke and Coal Chemicals-Quarterly/Annual."
Residential and Commercial—October 1977 through December 1979: EIA, EIA Form 2, "Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers and Upper Lake Docks": January 1980 for-

Retail Dealers and Upper Lake Docks"; January 1980 for-ward: EIA, EIA Form 6, "Coal Distribution Report." Imports and Exports: 1973 through September 1977; Bu-

reau of Mines, Minerals Yearbook and Mineral Industry Surveys; October 1977 forward: Bureau of the Census, Monthly Reports IM-145 (Imports) and EM-522 (Exports).

During July 1984, electric utilities generated 220.7 billion kilowatthours of electricity, slightly above the July 1983 generation level. Coalfired generation totaled 121.1 billion kilowatthours, slightly below the July 1983 level. Natural gas-fired generation totaled 33.3 billion kilowatthours, 12.5 percent above the July 1983 level. Nuclear generation was 27.8 billion kilowatthours in July 1984, 8.4 percent above the July 1983 level. Hydroelectric generation was 27.5 billion kilowatthours, 2.2 percent below the level 1 year earlier. Petroleumfired generation totaled 10.4 billion kilowatthours, 29.3 percent below the July 1983 level.

Sales of electricity to all ultimate consumers in the United States in July 1984 were 202.1 billion kilowatthours, 4.1 percent above July 1983 sales. Sales to residential consumers during July 1984 were 70.7 billion kilowatthours, 1.0 percent above the level of sales during the same month in 1983. Commercial sales were 53.8 billion kilowatthours, 5.4 percent more than the amount sold to commercial consumers in July 1983. Industrial consumers purchased 70.7 billion kilowatthours in July 1984, 6.4 percent more than the 1983 figure. In July 1984, other sales totaled 7.0 billion kilowatthours, 3.5 percent above the July 1983 level.

Electric utility petroleum consumption (excluding petroleum coke) during July 1984 was 17.7 million barrels, 28.6 percent below the July 1983 level. Coal consumption during July 1984 was 60.4 million short tons, slightly below the July 1983 rate. During July 1984, electric utilities consumed 348.8 billion cubic feet of natural gas, 11.0 percent above the July 1983 consumption level.

On July 31, 1984, utility stocks of anthracite, bituminous coal, and lignite totaled 169.7 million short tons. Stockpiles were 0.7 percent above the level of July 31, 1983. Petroleum stocks (excluding petroleum coke) on July 31, 1984, totaled 86.5 million barrels, 11.7 percent below the level on the same date in 1983.

Monthly Energy Review July 1984 Energy Information Administration

## Net Electricity Generation by Primary Energy Source

		Cool	Detroloumi	Natural	Nuclear	t budue		
		Coal	Petroleum	Gas	Nuclear	Hydro	Other <sup>2</sup>	Total
				Mil	llion kilowatthou	irs		
1973	Total	847,651	314,343	340,858	83,479	272,083	2,294	1,860,710
1974	Total	828,433	300,931	320,065	113,976	301,032	2,703	1,867,140
1975	Total	852,786	289,095	299,778	172,505	300,047	3,437	1,917,649
1976	Total	944,391	319,988	294,624	191,104	283,707	3,883	2,037,696
1977	Total	985,219	358,179	305,505	250,883	220,475	4,063	2,124,323
1978	Total	975,742	365,060	305,391	276,403	280,419	3,315	2,206,331
1979	Total	1,075,037	303,525	329,485	255,155	279,783	4,387	2,247,372
1980	Total	1,161,562	245,994	346,240	251,116	276,021	5,506	2,286,439
1981	Total	1,203,203	206,421	345,777	272,674	260,684	6,054	2,294,812
1982	January	113,124	20,674	22,621	25,678	26,896	411	209,403
	February	96,906	15,217	20,920	20,188	26,690	380	180,299
	March	97,625	13,495	23,598	22,755	29,885	330	187,687
	April	88,116	11,192	23,231	21,785	27,928	328	172,580
	May	92,997	9,868	24,291	21,639	27,971	381	177,147
	June	95,314	10,419	27,959	24,026	27,953	458	186,128
	July	110,617	13,380	33,340	25,467	27,294	485	210,584
	August	110,124	11,753	34,418	24,986	23,894	480	205,656
	September October	96,896 93,769	10,363 9,885	27,649	25,391	19,896	468	180,662
	November	95,547	9,865	25,804 21,466	23,248 23,235	19,750 23,297	509	172,966
	December	100,970	11,238	19,963	23,235 24,376	27,760	520 415	173,377
	Total	1,192,004	146,797	<b>305,260</b>	282,773	309,213	5,164	184,722 <b>2,241,211</b>
1983	January	108,164	12,880	19,721	25,073	29,235	506	195,579
1305	February	92,692	12,586	16,659	22,198	27,950	395	172,479
	March	95,598	12,556	19,686	23,890	30,302	455	182,488
	April	88,114	10,337	19,174	22,335	29,989	424	170,372
	May	91,296	9,050	20,445	22,051	31,194	356	174,392
	June	101,512	11,139	23,091	24,152	30,692	462	191,048
	July	121,560	14,710	29,615	25,602	28,113	565	220,165
	August	129,313	14,731	33,147	26,201	25,828	738	229,957
	September	108,868	11,299	28,040	25,007	21,712	678	195,604
	October	101,951	9,941	23,783	25,797	20,747	712	182,931
	November	103,225	9,229	20,169	25,010	24,678	637	182,949
	December	117,131	16,041	20,567	26,361	31,691	528	212,319
	Total	1,259,424	144,499	274,098	293,677	332,130	6,456	2,310,285
1984	January	120,850	15,939	20,245	29,135	29,738	541	216,450
	February	104,706	10,079	17,835	28,340	27,901	637	189,498
	March	111,158	10,806	19,645	26,613	30,425	713	199,359
	April May	97,538	7,452 8,421	21,197	24,109	29,948	688	180,934
	June	100,139 115,304	8,421 11,274	25,227 28,344	25,673 25,117	31,814 28,735	671 651	191,945
	July	121,094	10,398	28,344 33,325	27,764	26,735 27,499	644	209,425 220,724
	Jui,	721,034	.0,000		21,104	21,400	044	220,124

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<sup>1</sup>Includes fuel oil No. 2, No. 4, No. 5, No. 6, crude oil, kerosene, and petroleum coke.
<sup>2</sup>Includes only geothermal and wood and waste through 1982. Beginning in January 1983, also includes wind.
Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
• Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
Sources: • 1973 through September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; October 1977 through 1981: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FPC Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; 1982 forward: Energy Information Administration Form 759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

## **Electricity Sales**<sup>1</sup>

		Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Other <sup>2</sup>	Total
			Millio	on kilowatthours		
1973	Total	579,231	388,266	686,085	59,328	1,712,910
1974	Total	578,184	384,826	684,875	58,039	1,705,924
1975	Total	588,140	403,049	687,680	68,222	1,747,091
1976	Total	606,452	425.094	754,069	69,631	1,855,246
1977	Total	645,239	446,514	786,037	70,571	1,948,361
1978	Total	674,466	461,163	809,078	73,215	2,017,922
1979	Total	682,819	473,307	841,903	73,070	2,071,099
1980	Total	717,495	488,156	815,067	73,732	2,094,449
1980	Total	722,265	514,338	825,742	84,756	2,147,101
1901	rotar			•		
1982	January	76,264	44,947	62,939	7,929	192,079
	February	69,128	43,459	62,778	7,441	182,805
	March	60,498	41,710	64,496	7,255	173,959
	April	54,918	40,036	62,723	6,836	164,512
	May	49,092	40,021	62,480	6,976	158,569
	June	54,083	44,206	63,684	6,766	168,739
	July	65,704	48,211	62,617	7,035	183,567
	August	69,906	49,720	63,306	6,808	189,740
	September	63,053	48,068	59,980	7,194	178,296 163,416
	October	52,638	42,864 40,572	60,830 60,651	7,084 7,122	160,479
	November	52,136	40,572 42,584	58,464	7,122	170,278
	December	62,102		•		
	Total	729,519	526,397	744,949	85,575	2,086,440
1983	January	69,967	44,019	57,938	7,252	179,176
	February	65,039	42,475	59,032	6,919	173,465
	March	58,912	41,518	60,261	6,893	167,584
	April	56,284	40,679	60,548	6,296	163,807
	May	49,669	40,305	62,729	6,216	158,919
	June	54,138	45,086	66,152	6,228	171,604
	July	69,965	51,013	66,424	6,752	194,153
	August	78,374	53,245	69,611	6,885	208,115
	September	73,197	52,147	69,618	6,960	201,922
	October	55,374	45,517	68,924 67,544	6,942 6,560	176,307 170,474
	November	53,704	42,666	67,217	6,765	185,428
	December	66,326	45,119			
	Total	750,948	543,788	775,999	80,219	2,150,955
1984	January	83,300	49,216	66,743	7,289	206,548
	February	69,776	45,840	66,604	6,638	188,857
	March	63,741	45,251	69,687	6,906	185,563
	April	56,373	43,052	69,049	6,452	174,927
	May	53,519	44,150	70,774	6,559	175,002
	June	59,933	49,410	73,014	6,714	189,071
	July†	70,671	53,764	70,658	6,986	202,079

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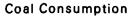
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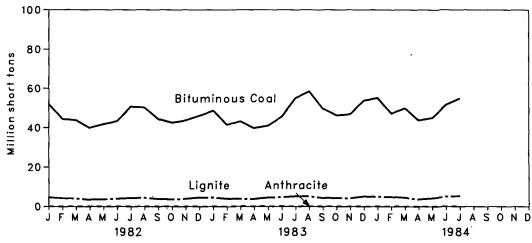
<sup>1</sup>Electricity sales to all ultimate consumers.
<sup>2</sup>Includes sales of electricity to Government, railways, street lighting authorities, and sales not included elsewhere.
†Initial estimates.
Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
• Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
Sources: • Energy Information Administration (EIA), 1973 through February 1980: FPC Form 5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenue and Income"; March 1980 through December 1982: FERC Form 5, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement"; January 1983 forward: Form EIA 826, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement."

Monthly Energy Review July 1984 Energy Information Administration Monthly Energy Review

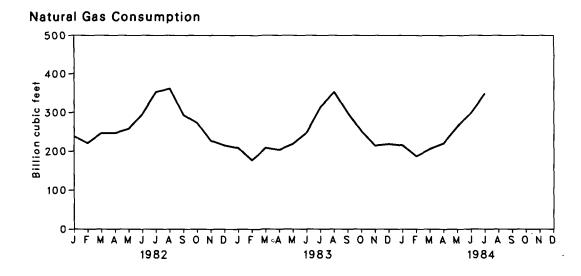
## Primary Energy Consumed to Produce Electricity

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**Petroleum Consumption** 100 80 Million barrels 60 40 Heavy 20 Light 0 J F M A M J J A S O N D J J A S O N D S O ND Ĵ F M J F м Α М J JA M A 1982 1983 1984



#### Monthly Energy Review July 1984 Energy Information Administration

### **Primary Energy Consumed to Produce Electricity**

			Coal		Petroleum		Petroleum			Natural Gas
		Anthracite	Bituminous Coal	Lignite	Total	Heavy	Light <sup>2</sup>	Total Liquids	Petroleum Coke	
			Thousand sh	ort tons		The	ousand barr	els	Thousand short tons	Million cubic feet
1973	Total	1,443	376.975	10,794	389,212	(3)	( <sup>3</sup> )	560,248	507	3,660,172
1974	Total	1,498	378,643	11,670	391,811	(3)	(3)	536,274	625	3,443,428
1975	Total	1,480	388,523	15,960	405,962	(3)	(3)	506,128	70	3,157,669
1976	Total	1,350	425,205	21,817	448,371	(3)	(3)	555,920	68	3,080,868
1977	Total	1,425	451,051	24,650	477,126	(3)	( <sup>3</sup> )	623,705	98	3,191,200
1978	Total	1,064	448,763	31,407	481,235	(3)	(°)	635,839	398	3,188,363
1978		1,084	•	37,876	401,235 527,051			523,297	268	3,490,523
1979	Totai Total	951	488,129	•	,	(3) 201 162	(²) 29.051	•	200 179	• •
1980	Total	1,221	526,680 550,784	41,642 44,792	569,274 596,797	391,163 329,798	29,051	420,214 351,111	139	3,681,595 3,640,154
	Total	•			•			•		
1982	January	89	52,014	4,723	56,825	32,269	3,131	35,399	10	237,675
	February	83	44,478	4,317	48,878	24,351	1,421	25,772	9	220,032
	March	73	43,751	4,060	47,884	21,617	1,304	22,921	4	246,550
	April	88	39,888	3,515	43,490	17,913	1,132	19,045	11	246,344
	May	98	41,845	3,678	45,622	15,939	991	16,930	12	257,848
	June	94	43,340	3,990	47,424	16,539	1,053 1,360	17,592	13	295,557
	July	108 95	50,769 50,283	4,371 4,460	55,248 54,838	21,550 18.873	1,053	22,910 19,926	11 13	352,818 361,351
	August September	67	44,431	3,916	48,414	16,544	921	17,464	9	293,232
	October	81	42,598	3,650	46,330	15,990	870	16.860	17	273,003
	November	100	43,756	3,943	47,799	14,908	1,007	15,916	18	226,477
	December	99	46,192	4,622	50,914	17,940	1,094	19,035	22	214,630
	Total	1,075	543,346	49,245	593,666	234,434	15,337	249,771	149	3,225,518
1983	January	73	48.695	4,583	53.351	20,728	1,110	21,838	17	208,341
1303	February	73	41,668	4,032	45,772	20,305	984	21,289	19	176,965
	March	75	43,165	3,870	47,110	20,174	945	21,119	16	208.013
	April	92	39,716	3,781	43,589	16,374	1,054	17,429	24	202,917
	May	104	41,002	4,585	45,691	14,360	937	15,297	30	218,184
	June	88	45,560	4,690	50,338	17,892	1,020	18,912	23	247,825
	July	89	55,082	5,219	60,390	23,383	1,433	24,815	25	314,357
	August	92	58,475	5,200	63,767	23,622	1,543	25,165	24	352,031
	September	86	49,745	4,381	54,212	18,021	1,507	19,529	25	298,517
	October	91	46,263	4,335	50,689	15,993	870	16,863	22	251,151
	November	86	46,883	4,216	51,185	14,690	1,075	15,766	17	214,275
	December	88	53,854	5,176	59,117	23,440	4,034	27,474	21	218,191
	Total	1,036	570,108	54,067	625,211	228,984	16,512	245,497	261	2,910,767
1984	January	98	55,141	4,985	60,224	24,745	- 2,176	26,921	24	215,215
	February	75	47,279	4,904	52,257	16,099	1,065	17,165	21	187,322
	March	69	49,921	4,543	54,534	17,274	1,016	18,291	18	206,177
	April	83	43,767	3,703	47,553	11,971	835	12,806	22	220,009
	May	99	45,115	4,294	49,507	13,327	1,012	14,339	23	264,283
	June	102 100	51,709 54,928	5,112 5,331	56,923	17,363	1,927 1,259	19,289	23 22	298,674
	July	100	34,920	0,001	60,359	16,453	1,209	17,712	22	348,840

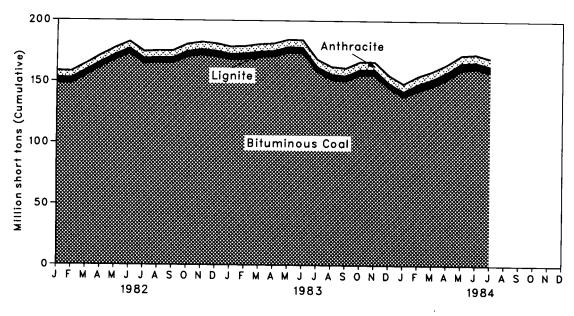
<sup>1</sup>Heavy oil includes Grade Nos. 4, 5, and 6, and residual fuel oils. <sup>2</sup>Light oil includes Grade No. 2 heating oil, kerosene, and jet fuel. <sup>3</sup>Prior to 1980, petroleum consumption data were not disaggregated by type of fuel. Disaggregation by prime mover type is provided in the last table of this section.

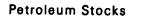
Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: • 1973 through September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; October 1977 through 1981: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FPC Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; 1982 forward: Energy Information Administration Form 759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

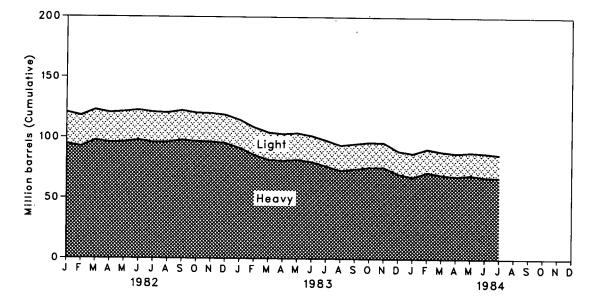
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# Coal and Petroleum Stocks at End of Period









### **Coal and Petroleum Stocks at End of Period**

			Co	Dal		Petroleum				
		Anthracite	Bituminous Coal	Lignite	Total	Heavy	Light <sup>2</sup>	Total Liquids	Petroleum Coke	
			Thousand s	hort tons		Th	ousand barre	Is	Thousand short tons	
1973		1.066	84,941	961	86,967	(3)	(3)	89,216	312	
1974		930	81,712	867	83,509	(3)	(3)	112,917	35	
1975		982	107,927	1,815	110,724	(3)	(3)	125,257	31	
1976		1,000	114,130	2,306	117,436	( <sup>3</sup> )	(3)	121,696	32	
1970		2,321	128,210	2,688	133,219	(3)	( <sup>3</sup> )	144,031	44	
1978		•	123,020	3,027	128,225	( <sup>3</sup> )	(3)	118,788	198	
		2,178	•	,	159,714	(*) (3)	(°)	131,422	183	
1979		3,274	152,981	3,459			30,023	135,374	52	
1980		4,741	174,154	4,115	183,010	105,351			42	
1981		5,537	158,258	5,098	168,893	102,042	26,094	128,136		
1982	January	5,437	148,404	4,628	158,469	94,609	26,162	120,771	39	
	February	5,401	148,118	4,617	158,136	92,622	25,418	118,040	40	
	March	5,488	154,724	4,305	164,518	97,706	25,136	122,842	43	
	April	5,542	161,720	4,128	171,390	95,984	24,636	120,620	42	
	May	5,569	167,805	4,088	177,461	96,607	24,796	121,403	41	
	June	5,603	172,819	4,092	182,513	97,959	24,647	122,606	43	
	July	5,658	164,688	4,157	174,503	96,085	25,008	121,093	43	
	August	5,791	165,182	4,221	175,194	96,345	24,193	120,538	42	
	September	5,896	165,065	4,264	175,225	98,160	24,225	122,385	47	
	October	5,992	170,281	4,298	180,571	96,920	23,595	120,515	36	
	November	6,060	171,832	4,476	182,368 181,132	96,618 95,515	23,553 23,369	120,171 118,884	42 41	
	December	6,080	170,480	4,573	181,132	95,515	23,309	110,004		
1983	January	6,107	168,287	4,210	178,604	91,523	23,183	114,706	54	
	February	6,104	168,635	4,362	179,101	85,847	22,665	108,512	53	
	March	6,143	170,327	4,201	180,671	81,957	22,387	104,344	54	
	April	6,120	170,815	4,436	181,371	81,243	21,967	103,211	47	
	May	6,145	173,969	4,453	184,567	82,091	21,758	103,849	44	
	June	6,230	173,483	4,524	184,236	80,197	21,471	101,667	52	
	July	6,299	158,701	3,566	168,566	76,881	21,101	97,982	50	
	August	6,380	152,140	4,038	162,557	73,266	20,763	94,029	45 47	
	September	6,435	150,778	4,171	161,384 166,574	74,560 75,949	20,696 20,568	95,256 96,517	53	
	October	6,506	156,012	4,056	166,457	75,949	20,568	96,201	53 63	
	November December	6,531 6,507	155,931 145,250	3,995 3,841	155,598	70,573	18,801	89,375	55	
1984	January	6,500	138,346	3,877	148,723	68,049	19,390	87,439	43	
	February	6,510	142,949	5,352	154,811	71,827	19,238	91,065	41	
	March	6,519	146,879	5,500	158,897	69,882	19,056	88,937	45	
	April	6,515	152,306	5,777	164,597	68,669	18,875	87,544	47	
	May	6,532	159,963	5,656	172,150	69,787	18,674	88,461	51	
	June	6,541	161,229	5,179	172,949	68,098	19,710	87,809	51 50	
	July	6,530	158,324	4.883	169,737	67,754	18,771	. 86,525		

<sup>1</sup>Heavy oil includes Grade Nos. 4, 5, and 6, and residual fuel oils. <sup>2</sup>Light oil includes Grade No. 2 heating oil, kerosene, and jet fuel. <sup>3</sup>Prior to 1980, petroleum stock data were not disaggregated by type of fuel. Disaggregation by prime mover type is provided in the last table of this section.

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table of this section. Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: • 1973 through September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; October 1977 through 1981: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FPC Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; 1982 forward: Energy Information Administration Form 759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

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## Petroleum Consumption and Stocks by Prime Mover Type

		Petr	oleum Consum	ption	Petroleum Stocks at End of Period			
		Steam Plants	GT/IC <sup>1</sup>	Total Liquids	Steam Plants	GT/IC <sup>1</sup>	Total Liquids	
		•		Thousar	d barrels	· ,		
973	Total	513,190	47,058	560,248	79,121	10,095	89,216	
974	Total	483,146	53,128	536,274	97,718	15,199	112,917	
975	Total	467,221	38,907	506,128	108,825	16,432	125,257	
976	Total	514,077	41,843	555,920	106,993	14,703	121,696	
977	Total	574,869	48,837	623,705	124,750	19,281	144.031	
978	Total	588,319	47,520	635,839	102,402	16,386		
979	Total	492,606	30,691			•	118,788	
980				523,297	111,121	20,301	131,422	
	Total	401,863	18,351	420,214	117,227	18,147	135,374	
981	Total	339,680	11,431	351,111	112,380	15,756	128,136	
982	January	33,832	1,567	35,399	105,475	15,296	120,771	
	February	25,249	524	25,772	102,883	15,157	118,040	
	March	22,371	550	22,921	108,142	14,699	122,842	
	April	18,553	492	19,045	106,143	14,477	120,620	
	May	16,614	316 .	16,930	106,701	14,702	121,403	
	June	17,241	351	17,592	108,189	14,417	122,606	
	July	22,192	718	22,910	106,170	14,923	121,093	
	August	19,508	418	19,926	106,438	14,100	120,538	
	September	17,146	318	17,464	108,177	14,208	122,385	
	October	16,547	313	16,860	106,701	13,813	120,515	
	November	15,591	325	15,916	106,361	13,809	120,171	
	December	18,694	341	19,035	105,287	13,597	118,884	
	Total	243,537	6,234	249,771				
983	January	21,373	465	21,838	101,394	13,312	114,706	
	February	20,885	404	21,289	95,459	13,053	108,512	
	March	20,728	392	21,119	91,394	12,750	104,344	
	April	16,997	432	17,429	90,667	12,544	103,211	
	May	14,968	330	15,297	91,360	12,489	103,849	
	June	18,437	475	18,912	89,283	12,384	101.667	
	July	23,927	888	24,815	85,891	12,091	97,982	
	August	24,166	999	25,165	82,307	11,722	94,029	
	September	18,532	996	19,529	83,511	11,745	95,256	
	October	16,518	345	16,863	84,873	11,644	96,517	
	November	15,336	430	15,766	84,804	11,397	96,201	
	December	25,978	1,496	27,474	78,285	11,090	89,375	
	Total	237,845	7,652	245,497				
984	January	25,838	1,082	26,921	76,188	11,251	87,439	
	February	16,718	447	17,165	79,885	11,180	91,065	
	March	17,881	410	18,291	77,905	11,032	88,937	
	April	12,500	306	12,806	76,636	10,908	87,544	
	May	13,896	442	14,339	77,548	10,913	88,461	
	June	17,997	1,293	19,289	76,124	11,685	87,809	
	July	17,085	627	17,712	75,667	10,858	86,525	

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'GT/IC=Gas turbine and internal combustion plants.
Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
• Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
Sources: • 1973 through September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; October 1977 through 1981: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FPC Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; 1982 forward: Energy Information Administration Form 759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

During July 1984, U.S. nuclear powerplants generated a total of 27.8 billion net kilowatthours of electricity (kWhe), equivalent to an average hourly output of 37.3 million net kWhe. This was 7.0 percent above the average hourly generation for June 1984, and 8.4 percent above the comparable output for July 1983. Nuclear power supplied 12.6 percent of the electricity distributed in July 1984.

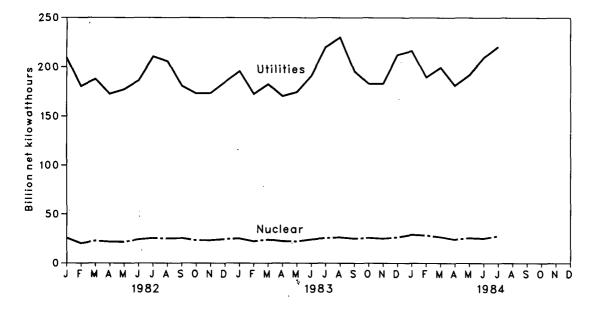
On July 3, 1984, Pennsylvania Power and Light's Susquehanna-2, a 1,065-netmegawatts-electric (MWe) boiling water reactor, first produced electricity. On July 18, 1984, North Carolina Membership Corporation's Catawba-1, a 1,145-net-MWe pressurized water reactor, located in Clover, South Carolina, was licensed by the NRC for fuelloading and pre-critical testing.

As of July 31, 1984, there were 83 operable U.S. nuclear power reactors, with a collective net generating capacity of 66.1 thousand MWe. Of these 83 operable reactors, 3 units were in power ascension (Susquehanna-2, LaSalle-2, and WNP-2), and 24 units generated no electricity or operated substantially below capacity in July (Big Rock Point, Browns Ferry-3, Brunswick-2, Dresden-3, Fort Calhoun, Fort St. Vrain, Hatch-2, Indian Point-2, Monticello, North Anna-1, Oyster Creek; Palisades, Peach Bottom-2, Rancho Seco, Pilgrim, Quad Cities-1, Robinson-2, Salem-1, Salem-2, San Onofre-1, San Onofre-2, Three Mile Island-1, Trojan, and Vermont Yankee). Three additional units were licensed by the NRC for fuel-loading and low-power testing (Callaway-1, Diablo Canyon, and Grand Gulf-1).

As of July 31, 1984, there were 134 domestic nuclear powerplants in all stages of planning, construction, and operation, with an aggregate design capacity of 125 thousand net MWe.

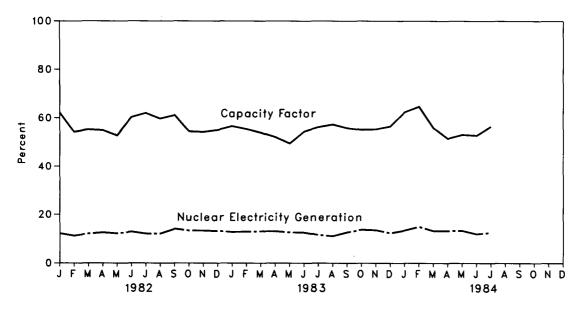
Monthly Energy Review July 1984 Energy Information Administration

## **Nuclear Powerplant Operations**



#### Electricity Generated by Utilities and by Nuclear Powerplants

Nuclear Portion of Electricity Generation and Capacity Factor\*



\*Percentage of Maximum Dependable Capacity utilized.

### **Nuclear Powerplant Operations**

		Operable Reactors <sup>1 2</sup>	Nuclear-Based Electricity Generation	Nuclear Portion of Domestic Electricity Generation	Maximum Dependable Capacity of Operable Reactors <sup>13</sup>	Capacity Factor
			Million net kilowatthours	• Percent	Million net kilowatts	Percent
1973		39	83,479	4.5	22.900	52.9
1974		48	113,976	6.1	31.710	48.3
1975		54	172,505	9.0	33.312	59.7
1976		60	191,104	9.4	43.277	57.8
1977		65	250,883	11.8	46.046	64.1
1978		70	276,403	12.5	49.629	65.7
1979		68	255,155	11.4	49.326	58.7
1980		70	251,116	11.0	51.059	57.1
1981		74	272,674	11.9	55.534	58.4
1982	January	74	25,678	12.2	55.481	62.2
	February	74	20,188	11.2	55.476	54.2
	March	74 74	22,755	12.1 12.6	55.421 55.230	55.2 54.9
	April May	74 74	21,785 21,639	12.8	55.230	54.9
	June	74	24,026	12.9	55.320	60.3
	July	74	25,467	12.1	55.195	62.0
	August	75	24,986	12.1	56.293	59.7
	September	76	25,391	14.1	57.600	61.2
	October	75	23,248	13.4	57.345	54.4
	November	77	23,235	13.4	59.531	54.2
	December	77	24,376	13.2	59.552	55.0
	Year	77	282,773	12.6	59.552	57.2
1983	January	77	25,073	12.8	59.532	56.6
	February	77	22,198	12.9	59.632	55.4
	March	77	23,890	13.1	59.632	53. <del>9</del>
	April	77	22,335	13.1	59.658	52.1
	May	78	22,051	12.7	59.883	49.5
	June	79	24,152	12.6	61.686	54.4
	July	79 79	25,602	11.6	61.230	56.2
	August September	79 80	26,201 25,007	11.1 12.7	61.440 62.227	57.3 55.8
	October	80	25,797	13.8	62.876	55.1
	November	80	25,010	13.6	62.809	55.3
	December	80	26,361	12.4	62.809	56.5
	Year	80	293,677	12.6	62.809	54.8
1984	January	80	29,135	13.5	62.772	62.4
	February	80	28,340	15.0	62.942	64.7
	March	81	26,613	13.3	64.036	55.9
	April	82	24,109	13.3	65.049	51.5
	May	82	25,673	13.4	64.986	53.1
	June	83	25,117	12.0	66.091	52.8
	July	83	27,764	12.6	<b>†66.091</b>	†56.5

<sup>1</sup>Monthly data are the status as of the last day of the month. Yearly data are the status as of December 31 of each year. <sup>2</sup>See Note 1 on the last page of this section for the definition. <sup>3</sup>When possible, net maximum dependable capacity (MDC) is used. When a reactor has not operated long enough to permit determination of a net MDC, the net design electrical rating (DER) is used. The capacities for some units have been reduced to reflect the imposition of a "power limit" by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission or by the operating utility. For the definitions of net MDC and net DER, see Note 3 on the last page of this section. <sup>4</sup>For an explanation of the method of calculating the capacity factor, see Note 4 on the last page of this section. <sup>†</sup>Preliminary data.

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Note: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Sources: • See the last page of this section.

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## Status of Nuclear Reactor Units<sup>1</sup>

		Reactors Licensed for Operation		Construc-	Construc- tion	Reactor	Reactor	Total	Total
		Operable <sup>2</sup>	In Startup <sup>3</sup>	Permits Granted	Permits Pending	Units on Order	Units Announced	Reactor Units	Design Capacity⁴
		÷							Million net kilowatts
1973		39	3	51	58	48	20	219	212
1974		48	5	58	80	28	16	235	234
1975		54	2	69	73	19	19	236	236
1976		60	1	72	66	16	19	234	236
1977		65	1	80	52	13	9	220	220
1978		70	0	90	32	9	4	205	204
1979		68	0	91	21	3	0	183	179
1980		70	2	82	12	3	Ō	169	163
1981		74	0	75	11	3	0	163	157
1982	January	74	0	73	11	3	0	161	154
	February	74	1	72	6	2	0	155	147
	March	74	1	.72	6	2	0	155	147
	April	74	2	71	6	2	0	155	147
	May	74	2	71	6	2	0	155	147
	June	74	2	70	6	2	0	154	. 147
	July	74	4	67	6	2	0	153	145
	August	75	4	64	5	2	0	150	141
	September October	76 75	3	64 64	3	2	0	148	138
	November	75 77	2	60	3 3	2 2	0	147	138
	December	77	2	60	3	2	0	144 144	135 · · 135
1983	January	77	2	60	3	2	0	144	135
	February	77	2	60	3	2	õ	144	135
	March	77	3	59	3	2	Ō	144	135
	April	77	4	57	3	2	Ō	143	134
	May	78	3	57	3	2	0	143	134
	June	79	2	57	3	2	0	143	134
	July	79	2	57	3	2	0	143	134
	August	79	2	57	3	2	0	143	134
	September	80	1	57	3	2	0	143	134
	October November	80 80	1 1	56 56	2	2	0	141	133
	December	80	3	53	0 0	2 2	0	139 138	131 129
1984	January	80	3	49	0	2	0	134	125
	February	80	3	49	0	2	0	134	125
	March	81	3	48	0	2	0	134	125
	April	82	3	47	0	2	0	134 .	125
	May	82	3	47	0	2	0	134	125
	June	83	3	46	0	2	0	134	125
	July	83	3	46	0	2	0	134	125

<sup>1</sup>Monthly data are the status as of the last day of the month. Annual data are the status as of December 31 of each year. <sup>2</sup>See Note 1 on the last page of this section for the definition. <sup>3</sup>See Note 2 on the last page of this section for the definition. <sup>4</sup>Net design electrical rating (DER) is used because many of the units have not had the operational experience needed to determine a net maximum dependable capacity (MDC). See Note 3 on the last page of this section. Note: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Sources: • See the last page of this section.

### Notes and Sources for the Nuclear Section

#### Notes

1. Operable Reactors: Units that have received Operating Licenses, completed low-power testing, and are authorized to operate at full power (i.e., in receipt of a Full Power Amendment) by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC), plus the Hanford-N reactor operated by the Department of Energy (DOE). The Hanford-N reactor, with a net capacity of 860 megawatts electric (MWe), is included, although it is not licensed by the NRC, because electricity produced from its output steam is distributed commercially. Similarly, the Ship-pingport reactor (net capacity of 60 Mwe) operated by DOE, was included prior to retirement from service on October 1, 1982, except for the interval from March 1974 through August 1977 when it was excluded because of a major core modification outage. The DOE-operated Experimental Breeder Reactor-2 (EBR-2) is not included because the electricity it generates is not distributed commercially. Five units, each of which has been inoperative for at least 4 years prior to January 1, 1984, are deleted from entries subsequent to their removal from service: Peach Bottom-1 (net capacity of 40 MWe) and Indian Point-1 (net capacity of 265 MWe), both out of service since November 1974; 265 MWe), both out of service since November 1974; Humboldt Bay (net capacity of 65 MWe), down since August 1976 for major seismic modifications and subsequently offi-cially retired; Dresden-1 (net capacity of 200 MWe), out of service since January 1979 for major modifications; and Three Mile Island-2 (net capacity of 906 MWe), whose core was severely damaged by a loss-of-coolant accident in March 1979. A sister unit, Three Mile Island-1 (net capacity of 819 MWe), continues to be listed as "Operable" because it could, in theory, return to service once the restraining order imposed by the NRC is lifted.

2. In Startup: Units that have received Operating Licenses authorizing fuel loading and low-power testing but have not received a Full Power Amendment from the NRC. Without the amendment, these units cannot distribute electricity commercially.

3. Capacity: Nuclear powerplants may have more than one type of net capacity rating including:

(a) Net Maximum Dependable Capacity (MDC)-The gross electrical output measured at the output terminals of the turbine generator(s) during the most restrictive seasonal conditions (usually summer) less the station service load. The typical station service load for a nuclear plant is about 5 percent of its gross generation.

(b) Net Design Capacity or Net Design Electrical Rating (DER)-The nominal net electrical output of the unit, specified by the utility and used for plant design.

4. Monthly Capacity Factors: The monthly capacity factors are computed as the actual monthly generation divided by the maximum possible generation for that month. The maximum possible generation is the number of hours in the month multiplied by the net monthly maximum dependable capacity. This fraction is then multiplied by 100 to obtain a percentage. Annual capacity factors are averages of the monthly values for that year.

#### Sources

Reactors Licensed for Operation: Nuclear Regulatory Commission Report NUREG-0020, "Licensed Operating Reactors.<sup>1</sup>

Electricity Generation: • 1973 through September 1977— Federal Power Commission, Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

October 1977 through 1981—Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FPC Form 4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."
1982 forward—Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Maximum Dependable Capacity: Nuclear Regulatory Com-mission Report NUREG-0020, "Licensed Operating Reactors."

Capacity Factor: Energy Information Administration, Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric, and Alternate Fuels.

Reactor Construction and Planning Data: • 1973 through June 1982-Compiled from various sources, primarily the Department of Energy, Office of Nuclear Reactor Programs; "U.S. Central Station Nuclear Electric Generating Units: Significant Milestones," Nuclear Regulatory Commission Report NUREG-0020, "Licensed Operating Reactors," and from the Energy Information Administration, Office of Coal, Nuclear Electric and Alteratic Public Statements (Commission)

from the Energy Information Commission, Nuclear, Electric, and Alternate Fuels. • July 1982 forward—Nuclear Regulatory Commission Report NUREG-0871, "Summary Information Report," Nuclear Description Commission Report NUREG-0020, "Licensed Regulatory Commission Report NUREG-0020, Operating Reactors," and various trade journals.

Total Design Capacity: Nuclear Regulatory Commission Report NUREG-0020, "Licensed Operating Reactors" and Nuclear Regulatory Commission Report NUREG-0871, "Summary Information Report."

### Crude Oil

The average price of domestic crude oil purchased at the wellhead was \$26.11 per barrel in July 1984. This was \$0.02 above the previous month's level and \$0.25 above the level in July 1983.

During July 1984, the composite refiner acquisition cost of crude oil was \$28.79 per barrel, \$0.02 above the previous month's price of \$28.77. The price of imported crude oil decreased \$0.19 per barrel from the June 1984 price to \$29.00 per barrel in July. This was 0.8 percent above the July 1983 price. The price of domestic crude oil in July 1984 was \$28.70, an increase of \$0.12 from the June 1984 average.

#### **Motor Gasoline**

The national city average retail price of leaded regular gasoline at all types of stations sold for an average of \$1.12 per gallon in August, 1.2 percent lower than the price in July 1984. The price of unleaded regular gasoline at all types of stations was \$1.20 per gallon in August, 1.3 percent lower than the price in the previous month. The price of unleaded premium gasoline averaged \$1.36 per gallon in August, 1.1 percent lower than during July 1984.

#### **Residual Fuel Oil**

The average price, excluding taxes, of residual fuel oil sold to end users (utilities, industry, and other ultimate consumers) in July 1984 was \$0.69 per gallon, 2.8 percent below the previous month's price but 4.7 percent above the July 1983 average. The average price, excluding taxes, of residual fuel oil sold for resale (to other-than-ultimate consumers) in July 1984 was \$0.65 per gallon, 3.3 percent below the June 1984 average but 4.5 percent above the July 1983 average.

#### **Aviation Fuel**

The average price, excluding taxes, of aviation gasoline sold to end users in July 1984 was \$1.24 per gallon, 0.4 percent below the price in the previous month and 0.8 percent below the price in July 1983. The average price, excluding taxes, of kerosene-type jet fuel sold to end users in July 1984 was \$0.84 per gallon, down 0.5 percent from the previous month's price and down 1.8 percent from the price 1 year earlier.

#### No. 2 Distillate Fuel Oil

The national average price of heating oil sold to residential customers in July 1984 was \$1.05 per gallon. This was 2.2 percent below the price in June 1984 and 0.2 percent below the July 1983 price. The average price for resale was \$0.79 per gallon in July 1984, 2.8 percent below the price in July 1983.

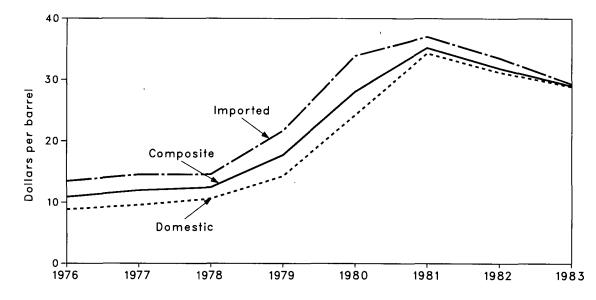
#### **Natural Gas**

In June 1984, the average wellhead price of marketed natural gas production was \$2.61 per thousand cubic feet (Mcf), \$0.01 per Mcf above the May 1984 price, but \$0.01 per Mcf less than the June 1983 price. The average price of natural gas delivered to electric utility plants was \$3.74 per Mcf in June 1984, the same as the May 1984 price, but up \$0.16 per Mcf (4.5 percent) from the June 1983 price. The average price of natural gas used by residential consumers in August 1984 was \$6.17 per Mcf, \$0.02 per Mcf more than in July 1984 and \$0.01 per Mcf more than the August 1983 price.

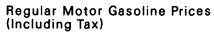
#### Electricity

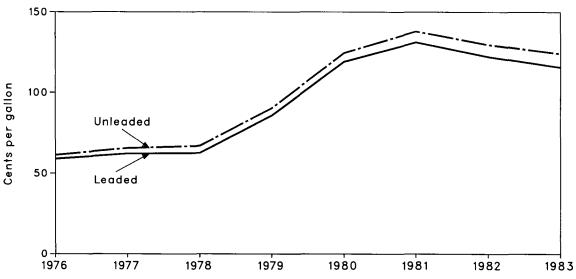
The average retail price of electricity sold by selected privately owned utilities to residential consumers in July 1984 was 7.99 cents per kilowatthour (kWh), an increase of 1.3 percent from the previous month's average and 6.5 percent above the July 1983 price. The average price of electricity sold to commercial consumers was 7.51 cents per kWh in July 1984, a 0.4-percent increase compared to the June 1984 price and up 5.3 percent from the July 1983 price. The average electricity price to industrial users during July 1984 was 5.22 cents per kWh, an increase of 2.4 percent from the previous month and 2.2 percent more than during July 1983.

# Selected Petroleum Series



**Refiner Aquisition Cost of Crude Oil** 





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## **Crude Oil Price Summary**

		Actual Domestic	Average FOB	Average Landed	Refiner Ac	quisition Cost of	Crude Oil <sup>4</sup>
		Average Wellhead Price <sup>1</sup>	Cost of Crude Oil Imports <sup>2</sup>	Cost of Crude Oil Imports <sup>3</sup>	Domestic	Imported	Composite
				Dollars per	barrel		
1976	Average	8.19	12.17	13.34	8.84	13.48	10.89
1977	Average	8.57	13.24	14.31	9.55	14.53	11.96
1978	Average	9.00	13.30	14.38	10.61	14.57	12.46
1979	Average	12.64	20.19	21.65	14.27	21.67	17.72
1980	Average	21.59	32.27	33.95	24.23	33.89	28.07
1981	Average	31.77	35.10	36.52	34.33	37.05	35.24
	Avelage						
1982	January	30.87	34.12	35.23	33.39	35.54	33.95
	February	29.76	33.60	34.63	32.71	35.48	33.40
	March	28.31	32.15	33.31	31.08	34.07	31.81
	April	27.65	31.65	32.77	30.27	32.82	30.83
	Мау	27.67	31.65	32.70	30.37	32.78	31.02
	June	28.11	32.31	33.47	30.79	33.79	31.74
	July	28.33	32.22	33.31	30.92	33.44	31.74
	August	28.18	31.33	32.34	30.85	32.95	31.45
	September	27.99	31.57	32.49	30.76	33.03	31.40
	October	28.74	32.02	33.01	31.38	33.28	31.98
	November	28.70	31.76	32.86	31.57	33.09	32.07
	December	28.12	31.19	32.32	30.80	32.85	31.29
	Average	28.52	32.11	33.18	31.22	33.55	31.87
1983	January	27.22	29.47	30.62	30.55	31.40	30.73
	February	26.41	27.79	29.08	29.16	30.76	29.49
	March	26.08	26.88	27.84	28.69	28.43	28.64
	April	25.85	27.18	28.24	28.45	27.95	28.33
	May	26.08	27.36	28.55	28.68	28.53	28.64
	June	25.98	27.71	29.00	28.67	29.23	28.85
	July	25.86	27.84	28.99	28.74	28.76	28.75
	August	26.03	27.89	29.22	28.58	29.50	28.88
	September	26.08	27.88	29.24	28.69	29.54	28.97
	October	26.04	27.84	29.08	28.88	29.67	29.14
	November	26.09	27.75	28.93	28.76	29.09	28.85
	December	25.88	27.50	28.58	28.62	29.30	28.83
	Average	26.19	27.73	28.93	28.87	29.30	28.99
1984	January	25.93	27.56	28.49	28.62	28.80	28.67
	February	26.06	27.78	28.89	28.76	28.91	28.81
	March	26.05	27.70	28.69	28.75	28.95	28.81
	April	25.93	27.84	28.91	28.63	29.11	28.77
	May	26.00	27.87	28.94	28.65	29.26	28.83
	June	26.09	R27.78	R28.89	28.58	29.19	28.77
	July	†26.11	†26.92	†28.21	28.70	29.00	28.79
		1-0.11	120.02	1-4.2 .	-0.7 V		20110

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<sup>1</sup>See Note 1 in the Notes and Sources for this section.
<sup>2</sup>See Note 2 in the Notes and Sources for this section.
<sup>3</sup>See Note 3 in the Notes and Sources for this section.
<sup>4</sup>See Note 4 in the Notes and Sources for this section.
<sup>†</sup>Preliminary data. R = Revised data.
Note: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia, except for the refiner acquisition cost of crude oil, which is the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, Guam, and the Virgin Islands.
Sources: • See the Notes and Sources for this section.

## FOB Cost of Crude Oil Imports from Selected Countries<sup>1</sup>

		Algeria	Indonesia	Iran	Mexico	Nigeria	Saudi Arabia	United Kingdom	Venezuela
					Dollars p	ber barrel			
1976	Average	13.05	12.76	11.61	NA	13.08	11.69	NA	11.32
1977	Average	14.36	13.57	12.67	13.42	14.44	12.37	NA	12.68
1978	Average	14.10	13.64	12.65	13.24	14.04	12.70	13.82	12.45
1979	Average	20.65	19.35	23.71	20.29	21.80	17.63	21.20	17.37
1980	Average	36.57	32.37	(2)	31.11	35.82	28.53	34.58	24.78
1981	Average	39.09	35.93	( ) ( <sup>2</sup> )	33.13	38.53	32.48	36.08	28.86
	•								
1982	January	36.96	35.53	(2)	29.67	36.23	33.40	36.20	29.07
	February	35.56	35.59	( <sup>2</sup> )	30.92	35.92	33.50	34.00	28.94
	March	31.50	35.74	(2)	27.86	34.94	33.77	30.78	22.89
	April	30.54	35.69	(2)	26.96	33.80	33.49	32.49	21.89
	May	33.32	34.82	31.11	28.53	35.22	32.97	32.43	22.31
	June	34.72	35.95	W	28.18	35.18	33.80	33.67	22.25
	July	34.35	35.22	31.44	28.32	35.15	33.26	33.66	23.50
	August September	33.03 34.20	35.63	31.17	27.67	35.13	32.63	33.17	20.71
	October		35.24	W	27.95	34.70	32.98	33.30	23.58
	November	34.26 34.44	35.25 34.99	W	27.82	35.05	33.54	33.93	22.93
	December	34.44 34.86	34.99	29.80	27.63	35.02	33.59	34.08	23.74
				29.09	27.63	33.18	34.04	33.21	26.21
	Average	34.23	35.27	30.93	28.07	35.13	33.50	33.46	23.77
1983	January	W	34.71	w	26.90	W	w	32.77	21.58
	February	W	33.74	w	25.69	W	W	30.95	21.82
	March	31.07	29.69	w	24.53	29.52	30.03	29.16	20.04
	April	29.37	29.57	w	24.18	29.63	W	30.07	20.05
	May	29.54	29.31	w	24.60	29.72	w	29.61	19.88
	June	29.80	29.59	W	24.13	29.57	W	28.92	20.80
	July	30.15	29.73	28.41	24.92	29.81	27.91	30.00	19.89
	August	30.32	29.60	28.19	25.15	29.92	27.83	29.88	21.56
	September	30.33	29.77	28.03	25.10	29.59	27.73	30.33	21.81
	October	29.98	29.81	28.29	25.72	30.23	28.24	29.73	23.58
	November	29.75	30.34	W	25.76	29.99	28.22	29.42	23.17
	December	W	29.77	28.30	26.20	29.60	27.18	29.05	24.17
	Average	30.06	29.93	28.25	25.19	29.78	28.03	29.84	21.48
1984	January	27.60	29.89	W	26.22	29.80	27.76	29.29	24.21
	February	28.56	29.09	w	26.04	29.98	26.72	29.70	23.55
	March	28.69	W	NA	26.30	29.89	28.39	29.95	23.86
	April	28.90	29.50	W	26.07	29.93	28.17	29.85	23.93
	Мау	28.98	29.44	W	26.36	29.67	27.43	29.93	24.07
	June	R28.52	29.35	NA	R26.58	29.34	w	R29.67	R24.23
	July†	27.71	w	W	26.62	29.22	W	28.98	24.37

The Free on Board (FOB) cost excludes all costs related to insurance and transportation. See Note 2 in the Notes and Sources for this section.

\*No crude oil was imported. †Preliminary data. R=Revised data. NA=Not available. W=Value withheld to avoid disclosure of company data. Note: • Prices through 1980 reflect the period of reporting; prices since then reflect the period of loading. Annual averages are the weighted average of the 12 monthly prices including those prices that were not published. Sources: • See the Notes and Sources for this section.

## Landed Cost of Crude Oil Imports from Selected Countries<sup>1</sup>

		Algeria	Canada	Indonesia	Iran	Mexico	Nigeria	Saudi Arabia	United Kingdom	Venezuela
		Ū	-		D	ollars per ba	-		-	
1975	Average	12.72	12.72	13.79	12.21	NA	12.62	12.30	NA	11.65
1976	Average	13.81	13.57	13.82	12.82	NA	13.80	13.04	NA	11.80
1977	Average	15.20	14.21	14.63	13.80	13.75	15.25	13.61	NA	13.13
1978	Average	14.91	14.50	14.64	13.88	13.54	14.86	13.92	NA	12.83
1979		21.90	20.43	20.69	25.02	20.86	22.96	19.15	22.16	18.18
1979	Average		20.43 30.47			20.80	37.05	30.02	35.88	25.86
1980	Average	37.90 40.49	30.47	33.92 37.57	( <sup>2</sup> )	33.78	37.05	30.02	35.66	29.87
	Average				(2)					
1982	January	38.19	31.05	36.88	(2)	30.21	37.37	34.44	36.78	29.82
	February	37.09	28.80	36.81	(2)	31.47	37.06	34.51	35.04	30.09
	March	32.25	26.71	37.17	(²)	28.69	35.81	34.92	31.35	23.92
	April	31.66	24.86	36.87	(2)	27.58	34.82	34.80	33.19	23.09
	May	34.24	24.90	36.50	32.01	29.18	36.06	34.28	33.22	23.44
	June	35.41	24.63	37.35	w	28.76	36.15	35.20	34.41	23.43
	July	35.26	26.62	37.04	32.08	28.95	36.19	35.04	34.67	24.61
	August	33.87	26.40	36.81	31.84	28.19	36.16	34.28	33.88	21.90
	September	34.88	26.52	36.65	w	28.50	35.56	34.45	34.01	24.53
	October	35.41	26.91	36.83	33.28	28.22	35.98	35.21	34.56	23.90
	November	35.82	26.78	36.49	32.66	28.17	36.04	35.41	34.74	24.91
	December	35.70	27.35	36.19	32.73	28.19	34.54	36.43	34.05	27.09
	Average	35.28	26.92	36.75	32.40	28.64	36.17	35.00	34.28	24.82
1983	January	33.20	27.62	36.12	W	27.50	W	W	33.48	23.20
	February	32.17	26.19	35.07	w	26.15	32.24	W	33.33	23.36
	March	31.24	24.78	31.17	w	25.06	30.49	31.63	29.92	21.48
	April	30.55	24.35	31.14	w	24.65	30.63	W	30.84	21.45
	May	30.48	24.32	30.82	w	25.17	30.75	w	30.60	21.24
	June	30.88	24.88	31.40	29.10	24.81	30.56	W	30.02	22.07
	July	31.36	25.45	31.46	30.06	25.34	30.91	29.53	30.86	21.30
	August	31.85	25.45	31.65	29.57	25.80	31.21	29.39	30.83	22.82
	September	31.78	25.71	31.27	29.31	25.66	30.70	29.53	31.39	23.12
	October	30.97	26.01	31.14	29.73	26.44	31.16	29.98	30.79	24.75
	November	30.96	25.83	31.30	w	26.29	31.02	29.88	30.33	24.68
	December	30.23	26.69	31.12	28.57	26.88	30.57	28.83	30.00	24.91
	Average	31.26	25.63	31.57	29.81	25.78	30.84	29.76	30.87	22.94
1984	January	29.19	26.44	31.22	w	26.85	30.62	29.67	30.09	25.28
	February	29.73	26.40	30.91	Ŵ	26.73	31.29	28.38	30.77	25.21
	March	30.31	26.01	30.81	NA	26.92	30.93	30.20	30.98	24.75
	April	29.81	26.10	31.02	W	26.68	31.08	29.95	30.73	24.86
	May	29.96	27.12	30.80	Ŵ	26.92	30.96	28.95	30.75	24.93
	June	R29.62	R26.00	31.21	NA	R27.24	31.05	R29.90	R30.43	R25.29
	July†	28.94	26.81	29.99	W	26.98	30.07	W	29.87	25.24
	· • •									

See Note 3 in the Notes and Sources for this section.
No crude oil was imported.
Preliminary data. R=Revised data. NA=Not available. W=Value withheld to avoid disclosure of company data.
Note: • Prices through 1980 reflect the period of reporting; prices since then reflect the period of loading. Annual averages are the weighted average of the 12 monthly prices including those prices that were not published.
Sources: • See the Notes and Sources for this section.

## U.S. City Average Retail Prices for Motor Gasoline<sup>1</sup>

	. *	Leaded Regular	Unleaded Regular	Unleaded Premium	Average for All Types <sup>2</sup>
			Cents per gallo	on, including tax	
1974	Average	53.2	NA	NA	NA
1975	Average	56.7	NA	NA	NA
1976	Average	59.0	61.4	NA	NA
1977	Average	62.2	65.6	NA	NA
1978	Average	62.6	67.0	NA	65.2
1979	Average	85.7	90.3	NA	88.2
1980	Average	119.1	124.5		
1981	Average <sup>3</sup>	131.1		NA	122.1
1901	Average	131.1.	137.8	147.0	135.3
1982	January	128.5	135.8	146.6	134.1
	February	126.0	133.4	144.8	131.8
	March	120.6	128.4	140.8	126.8
	April	114.8	122.5	135.1	121.0
	May	, 116.6	123.7	135.5	122.4
	June	124.2	130.9	141.8	129.6
	July	126.3	133.1	144.3	131.8
	August	125.4	132.3	143.9	131.0
	September	123.6	130.8	142.9	129.5
	October	121.9	129.5	142.1	128.0
	November	120.7	128.3	141.2	126.8
	December	118.1	126.0	139.4	124.4
	Average	122.2	129.6	141.5	128.1
1983	January	114.6	122.8	137.6	121.3
	February	109.9	<sub>5</sub> 118.7	133.8	117.0
	March	106.4	115.1	130.8	113.5
	April	113.1	121.5	136.0	119.8
	May	117.7	125.9	139.7	124.3
	June	119.7	127.7	141.1	126.1
	July	120.7	128.8	142.1	127.2
	August September	120.3	128.5	141.9	126.9
	October	118.9 117.2	127.4	141.0	125.7
	November	115.6	125.5 124.1	139.5	123.9
	December	114.6	124.1	138.4	122.4
	Average	115.7	-	137.6	121.5
1004	•		124.1	138.3	122.5
1984	January	113.1	121.6	136.9	120.0
	February March	112.5	120.9	136.1	119.3
	April	112.5	121.0	136.2	119.4
	May	114.5	122.7	137.5	121.1
	June	115.4 114.7	123.6	138.0	122.1
	July	112.9	122.9 121.2	137.7	121.4
	August	111.6	119.6	137.0 135.5	119.7 118.4
		0.111	113.0	199.9	110.4

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<sup>1</sup>See Note 5 in the Notes and Sources for this section.
 <sup>2</sup>Also includes types of gasoline not shown separately.
 <sup>3</sup>Beginning with September 1981, the Bureau of Labor Statistics changed the weights used in the calculation of average motor gasoline prices. In the average for all types category, gasohol is now included and unleaded premium is weighted more heavily.
 NA=Not available.
 Note: • Geographic coverage for 1974 through 1977 is 56 urban areas. For 1978 forward it is 85 urban areas.
 Sources: • See the Notes and Sources for this section.

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#### Refiner and Gas Plant Operator Sales Prices of Residual Fuel Oil<sup>1</sup>

		Residual Fuel Oil Sulfur Content Less. Than or Equal to 1 Percent		Sulfur	li Fuel Oil Content an 1 percent	Average		
		Sales for Resale	Sales to End Users	Sales for Resale	Sales to End Users	Sales for Resale	Sales to End Users	
				Cents per gallo	on, excluding tax			
1978	Average	29.3	31.4	24.5	27.5	26.3	29.8	
1979	Average	45.0	46.8	36.6	38.9	39.9	43.6	
1980	Average	60.8	67.5	47.9	52.3	52.8	60.7	
1981	Average	74.8	82.9	62.2	67.3	66.3	75.6	
1982	January	71.8	77.7	57.0	60.7	62.0	68.8	
	February	71.5	77.4	54.6	58.4	60.2	69.1	
	March	68.4	75.6	54.1	57.1	59.1	67.4	
	April	66.8	73.5	54.6	57.8	58.5	65.1	
	May	68.4	74.0	58.0	61.5	61.0	66.7	
	June	68.1	75.1	58.6	63.2	61.5	68.8	
	July	67.9	72.7	56.3	62.9	60.1	68.1	
	August	67.1	71.8	58.7	61.5	60.7	66.2	
	September	68.1	72.1	58.3	61.6	61.2	66.3	
	October	72.6	75. <del>9</del>	59.5	62.9	63.5	68.1	
	November	72.6	76.3	60.7	64.1	65.3	70.0	
	December	69.2	72.0	58.2	61.9	61.7	66.4	
	Average	69.5	74.7	57.2	61.1	61.2	67.6	
1983	January	65.0	70.5	57.0	60.1	60.3	64.2	
	February	63.0	66.0	55.7	58.5	58.5	62.0	
	March	60.0	66.2	55. <del>9</del>	57.0	57.7	60.9	
	April	60.1	64.3	56.5	58.7	57.7	61.0	
	May	62.6	66.9	57.8	59.7	59.2	63.2	
	June	63.2	69.2	58.5	60.1	60.2	64.7	
	July	65.2	70.4	60.5	61.4	62.2	65.9	
	August	66.7	71.6	62.0	63.2	63.8	67.7	
	September	67.0	72.6	63.3	65.3	64.6	69.0	
	October	68.8	72.1	62.6	64.9	64.7	68.7	
	November	66.5	70.7	62.2	64.4	63.6	67.4	
	December	67.3	72.0	60.2	63.1	62.3	67.2	
	Average	64.3	69.5	59.1	61.1	60.9	65.1	
1984	January	71.0	73.6	62.3	64.6	64.8	69.0	
	February	71.4	75.1	65.7	65.8	67.5	70.4	
	March	70.5	73.1	61.9	64.7	64.5	68.5	
	April	69.2	73.1	64.7	66.5	66.2	69.1	
	May	68.3	72.7	65.0	67.4	66.0	69.5	
	June	69.8	73.2	66.1	68.9	67.2	71.0	
	July†	66.8	71.4	64.0	66.7	65.0	69.0	

<sup>1</sup>Sales for Resale are those made to purchasers who are other-than-ultimate consumers, that is, wholesale sales. Sales to End Users are those made directly to the ultimate consumer including bulk customers such as agriculture, industry, and utilities, as well as residential and commercial customers.

and commercial customers. †Preliminary data. Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. •Prices prior to January 1983 are Energy Information Administration backcast estimates. See Note 8 in the Notes and Sources for this section for additional information. Sources: •See the Notes and Sources for this section.

## Refiner and Gas Plant Operator Sales Prices of Petroleum Products for Resale<sup>1</sup>

		Finished Motor Gasoline <sup>2</sup>	Finished Aviation Gasoline	Kerosene- Type Jet Fuel	Kerosene	No. 2 Fuel Oll	No. 2 Diesel Fuel	Propane (Consumer Grade)
				Cents p	er gallon, excludii	ng tax		
1978 1979	Average Average	43.4 63.7	53.7 72.1	38.6 66.0	40.4 62.4	36.9 56.9	36.5 57.4	23.7 29.1
1980 1981	Average Average	94.1 106.4	112.8 125.0	86.8 101.2	86.4 106.6	80.3 97.6	80.1 97.2	41.5 46.6
1982	January	102.3	128.8	100.5	108.5	98.0	96.7	42.4
	February	98.9	128.4	99.2	106.3	93.9	93.5	37.8
	March	92.6	123.1	96.8	99.9	86.6	89.0	35.3
	April	89.6	119.3	92.2	95.1	83.3	85.4	34.4
	May	94.1	115.3	91.0	95.5	86.5	87.9	34.9
	June	100.5	120.7	93.3	97.4	89.8	92.2	36.4
	July	101.7	126.7	93.5	97.0	91.0	92.1	39.2
	August	101.0	123.9	94.2	96.9	90.3	91.0	43.2
	September	99.6	121.8	94.7	100.6	92.0	91.1	48.8
	October	98.4	122.7	97.6	105.7	96.5	94.4	50.4
	November	96.4	124.6	97.3	105.3	97.3	96.1	52.5
	December	92.4	125.9	92.9	98.2	89.5	90.0	48.9
	Average	97.3	122.8	95.3	101.8	91.4	91.4	42.7
1983	January	88.5	124.8	91.8	94.2	85.7	85.5	47.0
	February	85.4	123.7	89.9	90.0	80.1	80.7	46.7
	March	82.9	121.2	84.5	83.1	76.0	75.2	47.4
	April	86.5	120.0	82.9	84.2	78.9	76.8	50.0
	May	90.4	120.2	· 84.3	87.7	80.9	80.2	50.5
	June	91.5	115.0	84.1	84.6	80.9	80.3	50.9
	July	92.3	115.2	84.8	85.2	81.7	80.8	50.7
	August	91.5	114.7	85.4	86.7	83.4	81.7	49.8
	September	90.2	113.7	86.3	91.9	85.1	83.5	50.1
	October	88.1	118.9	86.4	90.8	83.5	83.0	49.9
	November	86.6	118.7	84.4	90.4	82.6	82.0	47.3
	December	83.8	118.8	83.6	88.6	80.7	80.1	45.4
	Average	88.2	117.8	85.4	89.2	81.5	80.8	48.4
1984	January	83.2	116.7	86.4	95.9	87.5	82.6	47.7
	February	83.8	116.5	86.5	100.4	89.2	84.5	47.4
	March	84.7	117.1	84.6	91.5	81.3	81.0	45.3
	April	86.9	116.8	84.2	90.7	82.8	80.8	44.6
	May	86.6	117.1	84.3	90.9	83.2	81.9	44.4
	June	84.5	116.8	84.2	88.1	R82.4	81.9	44.1
	July†	81.7	117.2	82.8	87.6	79.4	79.3	42.3

'Sales for Resale are those made to purchasers who are other-than-ultimate consumers, that is, wholesale sales. Sales to End Users are those made directly to the ultimate consumer including bulk customers such as agriculture, industry, and utilities, as well as residential and commercial customers.

and commercial customers. <sup>a</sup>See Note 5 in the Notes and Sources for this section. <sup>†</sup>Preliminary data. R=Revised data. Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. •Prices prior to January 1983 are Energy Information Administration backcast estimates. See Note 8 in the Notes and Sources for this section for additional information. Sources: • See the Notes and Sources for this section.

## Refiner and Gas Plant Operator Sales Prices of Petroleum Products to End Users<sup>1</sup>

•		Finished Motor Gasoline <sup>2</sup>	Finished Aviation Gasoline	Kerosene- Type Jet Fuel	Kerosene	No. 2 Fuel Oll	No. 2 Diesei Fuel	Propane (Consumer Grade)
				Cents	per gallon, excludi	ng tax		
1978	Average	48.4	51.6	38.7 54.7	42.1 58.5	40.0 51.6	37.7 58.5	33.5 35.7
1979	Average	71.3	68.9			78.8	81.8	48.2
1980	Average	103.5	108.4	86.8	90.2		99.5	40.2 56.5
1981	Average	114.7	130.3	102.4	112.3	91.4		
1982	January	110.8	132.0	101.0	111.2	94.4	98.7	57.8
	February	108.6	132.8	100.4	110.7	95.0	96.7	57.7
	March	102.2	133.6	99.0	112.2	90.6	91.9	57.3
	April	98.3	131.5	96.2	103.1	85.0	90.1	57.3
	May	102.1	131.5	94.9	105.1	84.4	91.5	57.8
	June	109.3	131.3	94.7	109.4	85.1	95.8	57.7
	July	110.4	133.2	94.7	109.0	83.6	94.8	55.1
	August	108.9	131.4	94.8	101.9	86.3	93.1	56.7
	September	107.7	128.8	94.5	102.7	86.2	93.5	59.9
	October	106.4	130.3	95.2	107.7	89.8	95.7	60.7
	November	105.1	129.5	95.8	113.7	94.2	97.7	63.2
	December	102.2	129.1	95.0	108.3	93.9	94.0	64.2
	Average	106.0	131.2	96.3	108.9	90.5	94.2	59.2
1983	January	97.1	129.2	94.5	104.5	100.9	89.2	72.7
	February	92.5	127.2	92.6	101.4	97.0	84.0	71.7
	March	89.8	126.6	90.6	97.1	93.0	78.0	68.1
	April	94.7	125.2	88.8	93.4	89.1	78.8	68.6
	May	96.6	125.4	87.8	93.8	89.5	81.8	72.2
	June	97.8	125.6	86.3	90.0	87.3	81.5	67.3
	July	98.8	125.1	85.6	89.0	85.1	82.0	66.4
	August	98.4	125.9	85.5	90.8	86.1	83.0	68.9
	September	96.9	124.2	86.1	92.7	88.0	84.8	74.9
	October	95.4	124.7	86.0	98. <del>9</del>	89.0	84.2	69.6
	November	93.9	124.5	85.8	100.0	90.1	83.5	72.8
	December	92.4	124.4	85.5	96.6	92.1	82.2	76.4
	Average	95.4	125.5	87.8	96.1	91.6	82.6	70.9
1984	January	90.6	123.9	85.8	106.8	97.7	84.4	76.8
	February	90.2	123.7	86.5	117.9	104.6	87.4	76.3
	March	90.7	123.8	85.6	111.3	94.7	83.2	76.4
	April	92.9	124.4	85.1	105.8	91.9	82.4	76.5
	May	93.4	123.9	85.2	102.4	90.9	83.2	70.4
	June	92.5	R124.6	84.5	94.3	86.9	84.0	70.6
	July†	90.4	124.1	84.1	90.6	84.3	81.3	69.6

<sup>3</sup>Sales for Resale are those made to purchasers who are other-than-ultimate consumers, that is, wholesale sales. Sales to End Users are those made directly to the ultimate consumer including bulk customers such as agriculture, industry, and utilities, as well as residential and commercial customers.

and commercial customers. <sup>3</sup>See Note 5 in the Notes and Sources for this section. <sup>†</sup>Preliminary data. R = Revised data. Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. •Prices prior to January 1983 are Energy Information Administration backcast estimates. See Note 8 in the Notes and Sources for this section for additional information. Sources: • See the Notes and Sources for this section.

## Sales Prices of No. 2 Distillate to Residences for Selected States<sup>1</sup>

		СТ	ME	MA	NH	RI	νт	DE	DC	MD	NJ	NY	PA	VA
						С	ents per	gallon, ex	cluding t	ax				
1978	Average	50.1	48.6	48.8	50.3	50.7	50.8	47.8	50.7	49.2	49.6	50.1	48.8	49.1
1979	Average	72.0	68.8	70.9	72.5	72.8	72.5	68.2	74.2	70.1	71.0	71.2	69.8	70.4
1980	Average	98.0	96.3	97.8	100.4	101.1	101.5	95.4	102.6	97.9	97.9	98.2	96.4	98.5
1981	Average	121.7	120.4	121.3	123.7	123.8	125.4	117.3	127.4	121.4	121.5	123.2	118.1	120.5
1982	January	122.6	120.0	123.8	123.3	125.8	126.2	114.4	128.5	120.3	122.0	125.4	119.5	121.7
	February	120.3	118.8	121.9	121.2	123.0	125.0	114.3	127.9	120.3	120.0	124.0	118.3	119.5
	March	114.8	111.3	116.7	116.8	116.5	120.5	110.3	125.4	115.5	115.7	119.5	109.5	117.2
	April	110.6	108.6	113.7	112.3	114.7	115.3	108.6	120.5	112.8	113.4	114.4	111.0	114.1
	May	112.4	113.2	115.1	114.3	115.9	116.0	107.4	122.7	114.3	113.8	117.6	110.8	115.7
	June	115.9	114.9	114.7	117.2	117.9	118.5	109.9	120.4	115.8	116.3	118.4	112.8	116.6
	July	116.4	115.8	114.4	116.7	119.2	118.2	108.4	122.5	116.6	116.4	118.2	110.5	116.2
	August	118.3	116.7	115.4	115.4	118.7	113.3	109.3	121.5	115.9	116.6	118.6	111.5	115.8
	September	119.5	116.7	115.4	115.8	120.0	118.8	109.9	122.6	117.9	115.7	119.1	106.4	118.3
	October	122.6	117.6	118.8	116.7	123.9	121.1	114.2	126.2	117.2	120.0	122.4	117.3	119.1 ·
	November	123.6	117.9	121.5	121.2	124.5	124.5	116.1	128.9	119.7	121.3	124.4	119.5	120.2
	December	122.4	114.7	119.5	118.3	121.0	124.1	113.2	126.6	118.1	117.7	123.8	117.1	117.6
	Average	118.3	115.5	117.6	117.4	120.1	120.1	111.3	124.5	117.1	117.4	120.5	113.7	117.7
1983	January	119.5	109.0	116.3	111.6	116.2	121.5	110.5	122.8	115.4	115.7	120.6	113.7	116.0
	February	115.8	103.7	113.2	105.5	112.2	116.9	108.2	119.7	112.6	110.4	117.6	109.6	112.0
	March	108.3	97.4	105.4	100.8	106.8	109.6	103.9	115.3	108.2	104.6	110.2	104.0	106.9
	April	104.5	99.5	104.4	100.9	108.8	110.6	103.0	113.1	107.9	104.4	106.9	101.8	106.7
	May	105.9	101.6	107.0	102.6	109.6	111.2	104.6	112.9	108.6	105.5	108.2	103.3	107.2
	June	104.3	102.6	105.9	101.2	112.0	112.8	107.3	114.7	108.3	104.6	110.5	102.2	106.8
	July	104.2	102.6	105.3	104.3	109.1	112.3	107.8	112.8	107.2	104.5	109.9	101.3	107.4
	August	103.8	105.6	105.4	103.5	107.9	111.7	102.5	113.3	107.0	105.5	110.0	101.6	107.7
	September	103.8	103.8	106.2	104.0	108.1	111.0	103.5	113.9	108.1	106.1	110.5	102.8	108.1
	October	104.3	102.9	105.6	103.1	108.0	109.4	103.5	113.4	108.7	105.4	110.3	103.3	104.8
	November	104.1	101.8	106.1	101.5	108.7	109.8	103.7	113.5	108.8	104.6	110.2	103.7	104.9
	December	105.6	102.2	108.1	103.7	109.4	110.0	105.5	114.7	109.2	106.7	110.9	104.6	105.2
	Average	109.1	102.8	109.1	104.1	110.5	112.9	106.0	117.0	110.3	107.9	112.1	105.8	108.7
1984	January	115.7	110.2	114.4	114.0	113.7	116.6	114.8	122.0	115.6	114.1	118.3	112.9	111.4
	February	121.7	112.6	119.7	117.8	117.5	118.9	118.4	128.6	121.9	119.5	124.3	117.4	117.5
	March	114.5	103.3	113.1	108.8	111.7	115.1	111.1	122.6	116.2	113.5	117.0	110.9	112.6
	April	113.4	103.3	112.4	107.7	110.7	113.3	109.9	119.9	115.6	110.6	116.0	107.8	110.8
	May	112.5	102.7	112.5	108.8	111.4	112.2	109.0	119.5	113.0	109.1	114.5	105.8	111.1
	June	R110.6	103.7	110.5	104.5	110.8	112.8	107.2	116.3	109.9	107.1	115.0	R103.3	108.7
	July†	107.4	102.5	107.3	101.9	109.3	108.6	103.7	116.5	109.0	104.9	112.8	99.7	107.3

<sup>1</sup>The States are listed by geographic region of the country. State names are abbreviated as follows: CT - Connecticut, ME - Maine, MA -Massachusetts, NH - New Hampshire, RI - Rhode Island, VT - Vermont, DE - Delaware, DC - District of Columbia, MD - Maryland, NJ - New Jersey, NY - New York, PA - Pennsylvania, VA - Virginia, WV - West Virginia, IL - Illinois, IN - Indiana, MI - Michigan, MN - Minnesota, OH -Ohio, WI - Wisconsin, ID - Idaho, AK - Alaska, OR - Oregon, WA - Washington. Footnotes continued on following page.

### Sales Prices of No. 2 Distillate to Residences for Selected States<sup>1</sup> (continued)

		wv	۱L	IN	MI	MN	он	WI	ID	AK	OR	WA	U.S. Average
						Cent	s per gal	llon, exclu	ding tax				
1978 1979 1980	Average Average Average	46.2 65.1 92.2	46.5 68.8 95.8	48.5 72.7 99.6	47.9 70.9 97.8	47.8 72.4 99.9	47.4 68.6 91.9	44.7 67.3 91.5	43.6 62.1 91.6	53.2 68.2 97.8	45.8 68.0 97.3	48.6 69.7 100.8	49.0 70.4 97.4
1981	Average	115.0	114.9	118.5	118.3	118.4	113.2	109.1	110.4	118.0	111.4	116.5	119.4
1982	January February March April May June July August September October November	114.3 111.1 105.1 102.1 105.8 111.6 110.3 107.6 110.0 111.7 111.6	114.2 113.1 107.3 104.2 107.0 113.9 114.0 110.6 110.9 113.3 113.9	119.6 118.0 112.9 108.9 114.6 117.7 115.1 110.7 110.9 114.7 116.5	118.3 116.8 110.9 108.4 112.8 114.6 113.1 112.6 112.8 115.5 116.0	118.5 118.3 111.4 115.4 115.4 115.8 114.5 114.0 114.1 117.4 117.7	113.7 110.5 105.2 105.4 108.4 112.2 112.1 110.7 110.0 111.8 112.9	111.0 110.2 106.9 105.8 105.4 107.4 108.1 106.2 106.9 107.2 109.7	113.1 113.1 111.2 109.3 109.7 109.8 107.9 110.0 109.7 109.7 110.9	121.7 121.8 119.9 117.2 118.6 116.4 115.1 116.2 115.2 115.7 116.3	113.5 113.5 111.3 110.3 110.9 110.4 110.4 110.5 110.3 111.5 112.8	120.1 119.4 118.1 115.9 115.6 115.8 115.3 116.2 117.1 118.4 120.8	120.6 119.2 113.9 111.7 113.0 114.8 114.4 114.4 113.7 118.2 120.1
	December	110.7	109.0-	112.1	114.2	114.3	110.2	108.6	110.7	115.0	113.6	119.3	118.2
	Average	109.3	110.9	114.3	113.9	115.1	110.2	107.8	110.4	117.4	111.6	117.6	116.0
1983	January February March April May June July August September October November December <b>Average</b>	105.6 104.7 99.2 97.5 96.1 97.3 94.9 96.1 100.7 100.6 100.5 101.5 <b>101.0</b>	103.8 99.5 96.6 97.7 100.3 100.2 99.6 100.7 102.5 101.0 100.8 99.6 <b>100.4</b>	105.7 102.8 95.7 96.8 98.2 99.4 98.9 101.4 101.5 100.7 101.1 <b>100.7</b>	110.6 108.5 103.7 102.5 102.7 110.7 105.3 102.2 103.9 105.8 105.4 106.8 <b>106.4</b>	107.8 101.6 96.5 100.5 102.4 102.6 104.4 103.7 104.8 104.4 104.2 <b>103.1</b>	107.9 104.4 98.2 95.8 96.5 96.1 97.3 95.2 101.2 100.2 101.0 102.1 <b>101.3</b>	108.5 104.5 96.8 97.1 98.7 99.0 99.2 100.7 101.8 100.4 100.5 <b>101.2</b>	109.1 104.8 99.6 99.2 98.7 99.3 98.1 98.9 99.5 99.5 100.3 <b>101.8</b>	114.6 NA 110.7 106.6 105.0 105.8 105.1 106.2 106.1 105.5 105.5 <b>108.8</b>	113.6 107.8 101.4 99.0 99.4 97.8 98.7 100.5 101.4 102.1 101.8 <b>103.6</b>	117.7 114.3 109.0 106.0 105.5 105.4 105.2 104.0 105.6 106.3 106.4 106.1 <b>109.0</b>	115.0 111.6 105.1 103.5 104.8 106.0 105.0 104.9 105.7 106.0 106.0 106.7 <b>107.8</b>
1984	January February March April May June July†	108.5 109.9 104.9 101.6 98.9 99.5 96.2	104.7 105.9 102.3 100.3 102.3 101.6 99.6	106.0 107.3 100.6 103.4 102.4 105.9 101.4	107.3 108.0 105.6 104.8 105.2 103.3 102.6	106.6 102.8 105.1 103.9 105.3 104.2 105.2	104.6 105.7 101.7 101.9 103.1 101.7 101.8	101.5 102.8 101.7 101.4 101.0 R100.5 100.5	100.1 101.3 97.2 96.2 98.1 R93.8 93.1	104.1 106.5 107.3 107.3 107.2 107.8 107.2	100.5 100.9 100.9 100.6 99.5 98.2 97.2	103.6 103.8 104.6 105.0 104.2 103.3 100.4	112.0 116.9 111.3 109.8 108.4 R107.2 104.8

Footnotes continued. †Preliminary data. R=Revised data. NA=Not available. Note: • Prices prior to January 1983 are Energy Information Administration backcast estimates. See Note 8 in the Notes and Sources for this section for additional information. Sources: • See the Notes and Sources for this section.

### **National Average Natural Gas Prices**

		Wellhead Price	Imports by Major Interstate Pipeline Companies	Purchased from Producers by Major Interstate Pipeline Companies	Industrial Sales by Major Interstate Pipeline Companies	Purchased by Electric Plants <sup>1</sup>	Residential
				Dollars per thousa	ind cubic feet		
1973	Average	0.22	NA	NA	NA	0.35	1.29
1974	Average	0.30	NA	NA	NA	0.49	1.43
1975	Average	0.45	NA	NA	. NA	0.77	1.71
1976	Average	0.58	NA	NA	NA	1.06	1.98
1977	Average	0.79	NA	NA	NA	1.33	2.35
1978	Average	0.91	2.21	0.83	1.54	1.48	2.56
1979	Average	1.18	2.60	1.22	2.01	1.80	2.98
1980	Average	1.59	4.42	1.63	2.53	2.28	3.68
1981	Average	1.98	4.84	2.15	3.11	2.20	4.29
1982	January	2.23	4.94				
1902	February	2.23	4.94 4.96	2.47 2.50	3.59	3.07	4.65
	March	2.30	4.90	2.50	3.58	3.18	4.69
	April	2.35	4.94	2.52	3.61 3.61	3.25 3.32	4.78
	May	2.45	4.93	2.68	3.60	3.32	4.86 5.17
	June	2.45	4.86	2.83	3.66	3.42	5.20
	July	2.47	5.00	2.79	3.71	3.69	5.23
	August	2.53	5.07	2.86	3.75	3.67	5.23
	September	2.56	5.05	2.78	3.88	3.67	5.41
	October	2.60	5.02	2.93	3.91	3.68	5.66
	November	2.62	5.01	2.89	3.98	3.61	5.68
	December	2.62	4.94	2.96	4.06	3.64	5.74
	Average	2.46	4.94	2.72	3.73	3.49	5.17
1983	January	2.63	5.03	3.06	4.38	<sup>1</sup> 3.57	5.84
	February	2.64	5.09	3.15	4.41	3.41	5.85
	March	2.61	5.01	3.01	4.24	3.45	5.94
	April	2.57	4.58	2.90	4.37	3.35	6.04
	May	2.56	4.40	2.98	4.24	3.55	6.20
	June	2.62	4.41	2.95	4.22	3.58	6.18
	July	2.56	4.31	2.96	4.28	3.72	6.19
	August	2.61	3.93	2.90	4.23	3.75	6.16
	September October	2.70 2.62	4.02	2.87	4.08	3.70	6.16
	November	2.62	4.03 4.26	2.86 2.84	4.22	3.60	6.08
	December	2.65	4.20	2.84 2.73	4.26 4.12	3.53	6.02
	Average	2.62	4.55 4.51	2.73	4.12 <b>4.25</b>	3.49 <b>3.58</b>	6.03 † <b>5.99</b>
1984	January	2.68	4.40	2.80	4.25	3.56	5.96
1004	February	2.71	4.37	2.82	4.25	3.58	5.99
	March	2.63	4.40	2.80	4.18	3.59	5.99 5.97
	April	R2.59	4.23	2.95	4.10	3.55	5.98
	May	R2.60	4.15	2.86	4.17	3.74	6.17
	June	2.61	4.25	2.89	4.08	3.74	6.11
	July	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	6.15
	August	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	6.17

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<sup>1</sup>Data through December 1982 cover all steam-electric utility plants with a capacity of 25 megawatts or greater. From 1974 through 1982, data include peaking units. Beginning with January 1983, data cover steam-electric utility plants with a capacity of 50 megawatts or greater. Small quantities of coke oven gas, refinery gas, and blast furnace gas are included. <sup>2</sup>Monthly residential prices are Energy Information Administration calculations. See Note 6 in the Notes and Sources for this section for estimation procedures. <sup>†</sup>Preliminary estimate. R=Revised data. NA=Not available. Notes: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Data for 1973 through December 1982 are final. All other data are preliminary unless otherwise indicated. Sources: • See the Notes and Sources for this section.

### Electricity

			t of Fossil eam-Elect			Average Retail Electricity Prices for Privately Owned Utilities <sup>2</sup>						
		Coal	Heavy Oil <sup>3</sup>	Gas <sup>4</sup>	All Fossil Fuels <sup>3</sup>	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Other	Total <sup>5</sup>		
			Cente per	million Btu	·		Conts no	er kilowatthour				
			•				•					
1973	Average	40.5	78.5	33.8	47.6	2.54	2.41	1.25	2.10	1.96		
1974	Average	70.9	189.0	48.2	91.4	3.10	3.04	1.69	2.75	2.49		
1975	Average	81.4	200.5	75.2	104.4	3.51	3.45	2.07	3.08	2.92		
1976	Average	84.8	195.2	103.4	111.9	3.73	3.69	2.21	3.27	3.09		
1977	Average	94.7	219.8	129.1	129.7	4.05	4.09	2.50	3.51	3.42		
1978	Average	111.6	212.5	142.2	141.1	4.31	4.36	2.79	3.62	3.69		
1979	Average	122.4	298.8	174.9	163.9	4.64	4.68	3.05	3.96	3.99		
1980	Average	135.1	426.7	219.9	192.8	5.36	5.48	3.69	4.76	4.73		
1981	Average	153.2	533.4	280.5	225.6	6.20	6.29	4.29	5.28	5.46		
1982	January	160.9	489.2	297.4	229.4	6.22	6.49	4.66	5.44	5.74		
	February	164.1	493.6	307.8	223.1	6.35	6.68	4.70	5.83	5.84		
	March	165.7	477.1	314.2	221.9	6.58	6.79	4.83	6.38	5.97		
	Apríl	164.6	487.0	320.7	216.9	6.72	6.81	4.84	5.77	5.99		
	May	165.1	494.2	327.6	217.7	6.94	6.86	4.95	5.91	6.09		
	June	167.0	488.3	341.8	226.8	7.08	6.94	4.92	6.01	6.18		
	July	164.5	477.8	353.3	241.0	7.18	6.98	5.12	6.13	6.38		
	August	164.7	467.1	353.4	230.2	7.22	6.91	5.15	6.09	6.40		
	September	165.9	475.3	354.7	229.4	7.18	6.97	5.25	6.07	6.41		
	October	164.9	490.2	355.9	222.2	7.21	7.09	5.09	5.81	6.33		
	November	165.3	501.0	349.8	220.8	6.94	7.04	4.88	5.69	6.14		
	December	162.9	461.9	352.5	218.8	6.71	6.78	5.01	5.85	6.11		
	Average	164.7	483.2	337.6	224.9	6.86	6.86	4.95	5.92	6.13		
1983	January	י166.8	<sup>1</sup> 448.9	י347.1	י216.7	6.65	6.78	5.03	5.91	6.13		
	February	167.8	441.4	331.9	213.9	6.73	6.86	4.96	5.97	6.12		
	March	168.1	426.0	336.1	215.5	6.93	6.93	5.07	6.16	6.23		
	April	168.5	431.6	326.1	215.8	6.91	6.86	4.92	6.15	6.12		
	May	165.0	446.6	344.3	216.6	7.20	7.04	4.89	6.60	6.21		
	June	167.3	453.6	347.2	220.9	7.41	7.13	4.96	6.62	6.35 6.53		
	July	165.3	467.0 470.4	361.1 363.2	237.4 230.1	7.50 7.52	7.13 7.06	5.11 5.01	6.24 6.37	6.53 6.51		
	August September	164.3 163.9	470.4	358.1	230.1	7.52	7.15	5.00	6.58	6.52		
	October	164.6	402.0	350.1	219.8	7.50	7.19	5.00	6.66	6.41		
	November	163.6	472.2	340.5	212.2	7.25	7.13	4.83	6.63	6.23		
	December	162.2	468.7	338.7	219.2	6.97	6.91	4.81	6.40	6.14		
	Average	165.6	457.8	347.4	220.6	7.18	7.01	4.97	6.36	6.29		
1984	January	161.4	488.2	344.0	221.1	6.76	6.79	4.86	6.34	6.13		
	February	165.0	495.8	347.5	217.8	6.98	7.00	4.86	6.53	6.20		
	March	164.1	484.0	339.8	209.2	7.16	7.12	4.88	6.69	6.26		
	April	165.5	493.5	344.4	210.8	7.32	7.23	4.87	6.59	6.29		
	May	168.5	486.9	360.4	220.3	7.58	7.28	4.92	6.86	6.39		
	June	168.8	487.9	360.9	223.0	7.89	7.48	5.10	6.79	6.66		
	July†	NA	NA	NA	NA	7.99	7.51	5.22	6.99	6.83		

<sup>a</sup>Data through December 1982 cover all steam-electric utility plants with a capacity of 25 megawatts or greater. From 1974 through 1982, data include peaking units. Beginning with January 1983, data cover steam-electric utility plants with a capacity of 50 megawatts or

greater. <sup>2</sup>Data through 1979 cover privately owned electric utilities in Classes A and B. Data for 1980 forward cover selected privately owned electric utilities in Class A whose electric operating revenues were \$100 million or more during the previous year. <sup>3</sup>See Note 7 in the Notes and Sources for this section.

Includes small quantities of coke oven gas, refinery gas, and blast furnace gas.

\*Average price for total sales to ultimate consumers. †Initial estimates. NA=Not available. Note: • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the the District of Columbia. Sources: • See the Notes and Sources for this section.

## Notes and Sources for the Price Section

#### Notes

1. The actual domestic average price represents the average price at which all domestic crude oil is purchased. Prior to February 1976, the domestic crude oil wellhead price represented an estimate of the average of posted prices; after February 1976, the wellhead price represents an average of first sale prices.

2. FOB literally means "Free on Board." It denotes a transaction whereby the seller makes the product available with an agreement on a given port at a given price; it is the responsibility of the buyer to arrange for the transportation and insurance.

3. The landed cost of imported crude oil from selected countries does not represent the total cost of all imported crude. Prior to March 1975, imported crude costs to U.S. company-owned refineries in the Caribbean were not included in the landed cost, and costs of crude oil from countries that export only small amounts to the United States were also excluded. Beginning in March 1975, however, coverage was expanded to include U.S. company-owned refineries in the Caribbean. Landed costs do not include supplemental fees.

4. Beginning with January 1981, refiner acquisition costs of crude oil are from data collected on EIA Form 14, the "Refiners' Monthly Cost Report." These prices were previously published from data collected on ERA Form 49, the "Domestic Crude Oil Entitlements Program Refiners Monthly Report." The ERA Form 49 was discontinued with the decontrol of crude oil on January 28, 1981. Crude oil purchases and costs are defined for EIA Form 14 in accordance with conventions used for ERA Form 49. Also, the respondents for the two forms are essentially the same. However, due to possible different interpretations of the filing requirements and a different method for handling prior period adjustments, care must be taken in comparing the data collected on the two forms.

The refiner acquisition cost of crude oil is the average price paid by refiners for crude oil booked into their refineries in accordance with accounting procedures generally accepted and consistently and historically applied by the refiners concerned. Domestic crude oil is that oil produced in the United States or from the outer continental shelf as defined in 43 USC Section 1331. Imported crude oil is either that oil reported on ERA Form 51, the "Transfer Pricing Report," or any crude oil that is not domestic oil. The composite cost is the weighted average of domestic and imported crude oil costs.

imported crude oil costs. Crude oil costs and volumes reported on ERA Form 49 excluded unfinished oils but included the Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR). Crude oil costs and volumes reported on the FEA Form P110-M-1 included unfinished oils but excluded SPR. Imported averages derived from ERA Form 49 exclude oil purchased for SPR, whereas the composite averages derived from ERA Form 49 include SPR. None of the prices derived from EIA Form 14 include either unfinished oils or SPR.

5. Several different series of motor gasoline prices are published in this section. U.S. City Average Retail Prices for Motor Gasoline are calculated monthly by the Bureau of Labor Statistics during the development of the Consumer Price Index (CPI). These prices include all Federal, State, and local taxes paid at the time of sale. For the period 1974 through 1978, prices were collected in 56 urban areas. For the period 1978 forward, prices were collected from a new sample of service stations in 85 urban areas selected to

represent all urban consumers-about 80 percent of the total U.S. population. The service stations are selected initially, and on a replacement basis, in such a way that they represent the purchasing habits of the CPI population. Service stations in the current sample include those providing all types of service (i.e., full-, mini-, and self-serve). Refiner and Gas Plant Operator Sales Prices of Finished

Refiner and Gas Plant Operator Sales Prices of Finished Motor Gasoline for Resale and to End-Users are determined by the Energy Information Administration in a monthly survey of refiners and gas plant operators (Form EIA-782A). The prices do not include any Federal, State, or local taxes paid at the time of sale. Backcast estimates of prices prior to January 1983 are based on FEA Form P302-M-1/EIA-460, "Petroleum Industry Monthly Report for Product Prices," and also exclude all Federal, State, or local taxes paid at the time of sale. Sales for Resale are those made to purchasers who are other-than-ultimate consumers. Sales to End-Users are sales made directly to the consumer of the product, including bulk consumers such as agriculture, industry, and utilities, as well as residential and commercial consumers.

6. The monthly national average price of residential natural gas is based on data from the Bureau of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) for natural gas (piped) and on data from Form EIA-176. Initial monthly estimates are obtained by multiplying the annual average price of residential natural gas collected on Form EIA-176 by the ratio of monthly values of the natural gas CPI-U for consecutive months. When a subsequent year's annual average price becomes available, the initial monthly estimates are adjusted to this annual average.

7. Heavy fuel oil prices include fuel oils No. 4, No. 5, and No. 6, and topped crude fuel oil prices. The weighted average for all fossil fuels includes both residual fuel oil prices and light oil (No. 2 fuel oil, kerosene, and jet fuel) prices.

8. Starting in January 1983, Form EIA-782, "Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report," replaced 10 previous surveys. Every attempt was made to continue the most important price series. However, prices published through December 1982 and those published since January 1983 do not necessarily form continuous data series due to changes in survey forms, definitions, instructions, populations, samples, processing systems, and statistical procedures. To provide historical data, continuous annual data series have been generated for 1978–1980, and monthly series for 1981 and 1982, by estimating the prices that would have been published had the EIA-782 survey and system been in operation at that time. This form of estimation, referred to as backcasting, was performed after detailed adjustment for product and sales type matching, and for discontinuity due to other factors. An important difference between the previous and present prices is the distinction between wholesale and resale, and between retail and end-user. The resale category continues to include sales among resellers. However, bulk sales to utility, industrial, and commercial accounts previously included in the wholesale category are now counted as made to end users. The end user category continues to include retail sales through company owned and operated outlets but also includes the bulk utility, industrial, and commercial sales. Additional information may be found in "Estimated Historic Time Series for the EIA-782," a feature article reprinted from the December 1983 [3] *Petroleum Marketing Monthly* published by the Energy information Administration.

(Notes and Sources for the Price Section are continued on the next page.)

### Notes and Sources for the Price Section (continued)

#### Sources

Petroleum and Petroleum Products: • Actual domestic average wellhead prices-Economic Regulatory Administration (ERA), January 1976: FEA Form 90, "Crude Petroleum Production Monthly Report"; February 1976 through Sep-tember 1979: FEA Form P124, "Domestic Crude Oil Pur-chaser's (Monthly) Report"; October 1979 through December 1982: ERA Form 182, "Domestic Crude Oil First Purchase Report."; January 1983 forward: EIA Form 182, "Domestic Crude Oil First Purchase Report."

· Crude oil imports costs-Environmental Protection Safety and Emergency Preparedness, 1975 through January 1979: FEA Form F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report"; February 1979 through September 1982: ERA Form 51, "Transfer Pricing Report"; October 1982 forward: EP Form 51, "Monthly Foreign Crude Oil Transaction Report."

 Refiner acquisition costs—Energy Information Administra-tion (EIA), January 1976: FEO Form 96, "Monthly Cost Allocation Report"; February 1976 through June 1978: FEA Form P110-M-1, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Allocation Re-port"; July 1978 through December 1980: ERA Form 49, "Domestic Crude Oil Entitlements Program Refiners Monthly Report"; January 1981 forward: EIA Form 14, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Report."

 U.S. City average retail motor gasoline prices—Bureau of Labor Statistics.

 No. 2 Distillate to Residences—January 1983 forward, EIA Form-782A, "Refiners/Gas Plant Operators' Monthly Petro-leum Product Sales Report" and EIA-782B, "Resel-lers/Retailers' Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report." Prices prior to January 1983 are EIA backcast estimates using data from FEA Form P112-M-1/EIA-9, "No. 2 Heating Oil Supply/Price Monitoring Report" and ElA Form 9A, "No. 2 Distillate Price Monitoring Report." See Note 8 on the

previous page for additional information on the backcast data

 All other petroleum products—January 1983 forward, EIA Form-782A, "Refiners/Gas Plant Operators' Monthly Petro-leum Product Sales Report." Prices prior to January 1983 are EIA backcast estimates using data from FEA Form 302-M-1/EIA-460, "Petroleum Industry Monthly Report for Prod-uct Prices." See Note 8 on the previous page for additional information on the backcast data.

Natural Gas: • Average wellhead price—annual data from EIA, Natural Gas Annual, 1973 through 1982. Monthly data are estimated primarily on the basis of values reported by State agencies in New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Texas. These States together account for almost 50 percent of

total U.S. marketed production. Monthly data are adjusted to conform with final reported annual data. • Imports, Purchased from Producers, and Industrial Sales by Major Interstate Pipeline Companies—FERC Form 11, "Interstate Pipeline Company Purchases, and Industrial Color!" Sales'

Electric plant data—EIA, FPC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."
Residential Price—Annual data from EIA, *Natural Gas Annual*, 1973 through 1982. Monthly data are EIA estimates based on the Bureau of Labor Statistics Urban Consumer Price Index (CPI-U) for natural gas and are adjusted to conform with final reported annual data. See Note 6 on the previous page for estimation procedures.

"Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants.

Retail prices—EIA, January 1973 through February 1980:
FPC Form 5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenue and Income"; March 1980 through December 1982: FERC Form 5, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement"; January 1983 forward: EIA Form 826, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement."

### **Crude Oil Production**

World crude oil production during July 1984 was 54.2 million barrels per day, down 540,000 barrels per day (1.0 percent) from the June 1984 level.

Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) output during July 1984 averaged 17.8 million barrels per day, down 755,000 barrels per day from the level during the previous month. Average production by Arab members of OPEC was 10.6 million barrels per day, down 780.000 barrels per day from the June 1984 level. Saudi Arabia had the largest decrease in production, 435,000 barrels per day. Irag, Libya, and Algeria reported decreases of 125,000, 80,000, and 50,000 barrels per day, respectively. Kuwait and the United Arab Emirates each reported a decrease in production of 35,000 barrels per day, while Qatar had a 20,000-barrel-per-day decrease in production during the month. Among non-Arab OPEC countries, Iran and Venezuela reported production increases of 200,000 and 55,000 barrels per day, respectively, during July 1984, while production in Indonesia and Nigeria decreased by 130,000 and 100,000 barrels per day, respectively.

Of the non-OPEC nations, the United Kingdom reported the largest increase in production, 125,000 barrels per day. The United States and Mexico had production increases of 26,000 and 25,000 barrels per day, respectively. Canada reported a 10,000-barrel-perday decrease in production during the month.

### **Petroleum Consumption**

Preliminary petroleum consumption data for July 1984 were available for France, Italy, and the United States. In comparison to July 1983 levels, consumption in the United States increased by 528,000 barrels per day. Consumption in Italy decreased by 50,000 barrels per day, while consumption in France remained at the same level as 1 year earlier.

### **Petroleum Stocks**

Preliminary data for July 1984 indicate that petroleum stock levels were up compared to July 1983 levels in every country reporting. Petroleum stocks were up in Canada by 11.8 percent, in Italy by 7.9 percent, in Japan by 6.7 percent, in the United States by 6.2 percent, in West Germany by 5.6 percent, and in the United Kingdom by 0.8 percent.

Petroleum stocks for all Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development members stood at 3,129 million barrels on March 31, 1984 (latest data available), a decrease of 53 million barrels (1.7 percent) compared to stocks held on March 31, 1983.

## **Nuclear Electricity Production**

In July 1984, the 20 non-Communist nations with significant nuclear power capacity generated 81.9 gross terawatthours (billion kilowatthours) of nuclear-based electricity. On a perhour basis, this output was up 1.2 percent from June 1984 generation, and up 13.5 percent compared to the July 1983 output.

In France, Electricite de France's Paluel-1. a 1,344-gross-megawatts-electric (MWe) pressurized water reactor (PWR) located in Seine-Maritime, was synchronized to France's electrical grid system for commercial operation on June 22, 1984. Electricite de France's Marcoule-G3, a 43-gross-MWe gas graphite reactor located in Gard, which had been in commercial operation since April 1960, was removed from commercial service and retired on July 1, 1984. In Japan, Sendai-1, a 890gross-MWe PWR located in Sendai, Kagoshima, and operated by Kyushu Electric Power, began generating electricity in September 1983 and went into commercial operation on July 4, 1984. In India, MAPP-1, a 235-gross-MWe pressurized heavy-water reactor located in Kalpakkam, Tamil Nadu, and operated jointly by the Atomic Energy Commission and India's Department of Atomic Energy, began commercial operation on January 27, 1984.

With the addition of Paluel-1, Sendai-1, and MAPP-1 to the list of operable reactors, and with the removal of Marcoule-1, there were 259 operable power reactors in the non-Communist countries as of July 31, 1984, with a collective gross generating capacity of 183.9 gigawatts (million kilowatts). The 83 operable U.S. units accounted for 70.8 gross gigawatts (38.5 percent) of this capacity.

## **Crude Oil Production for Major Petroleum Producing Countries**

							Saudi	United Arab	Arab Members	indo-	
		Algeria ;	Iraq	Kuwait <sup>1</sup>	Libya	Qatar	Arabia	Emirates	of OPEC <sup>2</sup>	nesia	Iran
					Thous	sand barro	els per day				
1973	Average	1,097	2,018	3,020	2,175	570	7,596	1,533	18,009	1,339	5,861
1974	Average	1,009	1,971	2,546	1,521	518	8,480	1,679	17,724	1,375	6,022
1975	Average	983	2,262	2,084	1,480	438	7,075	1,664	15,986	1,307	5,350
1976	Average	1,075	2,415	2,145	1,933	497	8,577	1,936	18,578	1,504	5,883
1977	Average	1,152	2,348	1,969	2,063	445	9,245	1,999	19,221	1,686	5,663
1978	Average	1,161	2,563	2,131	1,983	487	8,301	1,831	18,457	1,635	5,242
1979	Average	1,154	3,477	2,500	2,092	508	9,532	1,831	21,094	1,591	3,168
1980	Average	1,012	2,514	1,656	1,787	472	9,900	1,709	19,050	1,577	1,662
1981	Average	805	1,000	1,125	1,140	405	9,815	1,474	15,764	1,605	1,380
1982	January	800	R1,560	R800	R993	R407	R8,680	R1,483	R14,723	R1,487	1,100
	February	700	R1,560	R835	R595	R377	R8,465	R1,407	R13,939	R1,447	1,200
•	March	600	R1,560	R740	R595	R302	R7,166	R1,396	R12,359	R1,397	1,800
	April Mov	600	R940	R675	R695	R231	R6,650	R1,243	R11,034	R1,242	1,800
	May June	620 650	R780 R780	R715 R835	R795 R993	R322	R5,888	R1,151	R10,271	R1,237	2,500
	July	650	R830	R865	R1,290	R412 R277	R6,690 R6,189	R1,238 R1,187	R11,598 、 R11,288	R1,302 R1,302	2,500
	August	700	R830	R915	R1,290	R342	R5.938	R1,180	R11,195	R1,302	2,500 2,200
	September	800	R830	R880	R1,390	R287	R5,702	R1,180	R11,069	R1,297	2,200
	October	800	R830	R855	R1,688	R382	R5,677	R1,180	R11,412	R1,367	2,700
	November	800	R830	R910	R1,688	R312	R5,632	R1,180	R11,352	R1,397	2,700
	December	800	R830	R845	R1,737	R307	R5,266	R1,180	R10,965	R1,357	2,800
	Average	710	R1,012	R823	<b>R</b> 1,150	R330	R6,483	R1,250	R11,758	1,339	2,214
1983	January	700	850	780	1,100	255	4,950	1,060	9,695	1,225	2,700
	February	600	850	895	900	200	3,510	1,060	8,015	1,015	2,400
	March April	600	. 900	965	900	170	3,910	1,035	8,480	1,180	2,200
	May	700 600	950 1,000	880 1,030	1,000	260	3,930	1,145	8,865	1,400	2,000
	June	700	1,000	920	1,100 1,100	275 300	4,725 4,620	1,175 1,180	9,905 9,820	1,400 1,400	2,300 2,500
	July	700	1,050	R1.086	1,100	300	4,020 R5,536	1,175	B10.947	1,400	2,500
	August	700	1,100	R1,181	1,100	265	R5,931	1,185	R11,462	1,490	2,500
	September	700	1,050	R1,376	1,150	310	R6,026	1,185	R11,797	1,470	2,700
	October	700	1,100	1,305	1,150	320	6,005	1,165	11,745	1,520	2,400
	November	700	1,150	1,265	1,150	460	5,915	1,195	11,835	1,560	2,300
	December	700.	1,050	1,075	1,150	420	5,825	1,195	11,415	1,440	2,300
	Average	675	1,005	R1,064	R1,076	295	R5,086	R1,147	R10,348	1,385	R2,426
1984	January	650	1,150	1,080	1,100	440	5,130	1,200	10,750	1,470	2,000
	February March	600 600	1,000	1,235	1,100	340	5,035	1,200	10,510	1,575	2,350
	April	600 600	1,200	1,290 1,115	1,100	380	4,840	1,205 1,205	10,615	1,560	2,400
	May	650	1,200	1,100	1,150 1,150	325 350	5,120 5,000	1,205	10,715 10,650	1,600 1,470	2,300 2,100
	June	700	1,200	1,135	1,180	450	5,000	1,200	11,350	1,470	2,100
	July	650	1,100	1,100	1,100	430	5,000	1,190	10,570	1,320	2,200
	•	_					-,•	,	,	.,	2,

Includes about one-half of the production in the former Kuwait-Saudi Arabia Neutral Zone. In July 1984, total production in this region amounted to approximately 400,000 barrels per day. Arab members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) include Algeria, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates.

OPEC total includes production in Algeria, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates, Indonesia, Iran, Nigeria, Venezuela, Ecuador, and Gabon. Footnotes continued on following page.

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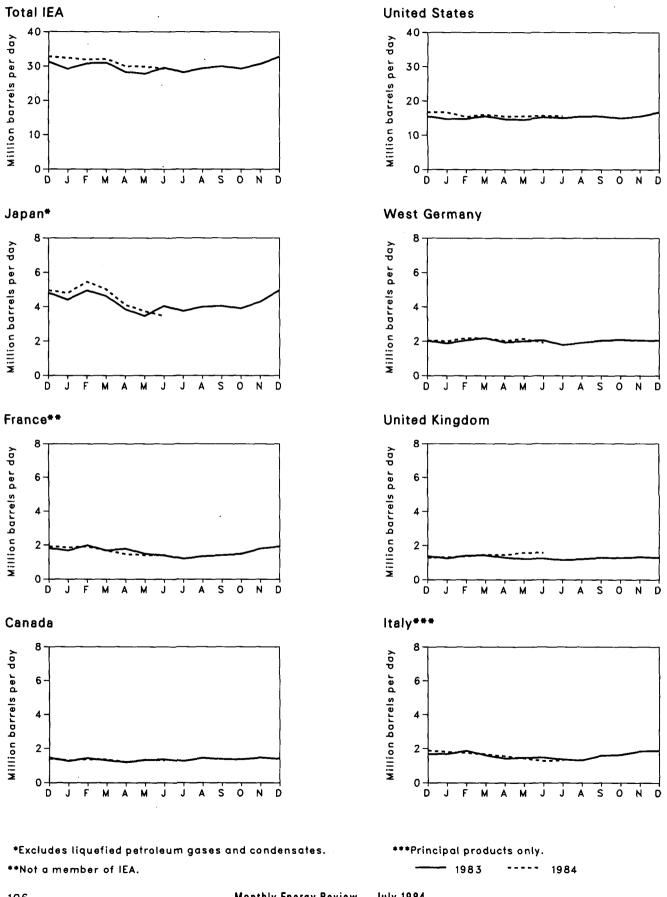
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Crude Oil Production for Major Petroleum Producing Countries (continued)

		Nigeria	Vene- zuela	Total OPEC <sup>3</sup>	Canada	Mexico	United Kingdom	United States	China	USSR	Other*	World
						Thousand	l barrels pe	r day				
1973	Average	2,054	3,366	30,989	1,800	465	2	9,208	1,090	8,465	3,655	55,674
1974	Average	2,255	2,976	30,729	1,684	571	2	8,774	1,315	9,000	3,777	55,852
1975	Average	1,783	2,346	27,155	1,439	705	12	8,375	1,490	9,625	4,079	52,880
1976	Average	2,067	2,294	30,738	1,295	831	245	8,132	1,670	10,143	4,258	57,312
1977	Average	2,085	-2,238	31,298	1,320	981	768	8,245	1,874	10,682	4,517	59,685
1978	Average	1,897	2,166	29,805	1,313	1,209	1,082	8,707	2,082	11,185	4,674	60,057
1979	Average	2,302	2,356	30,928	1,496	1,461	1,568	8,552	2,122	11,460	4,948	62,535
1980	Average	2,055	2,168	26,891	1,435	1,936	1,622	8,597	2,114	11,773	5,170	59,538
1981	Average	1,433	2,102	22,646	1,285	2,313	1,811	8,572	2,012	11,909	5,352	55,900
1982	January	1,765	R1,992	R21,391	R1,346	R2,314	R1,864	8,509	R2,037	R11,926	R5,588	R54,975
	February	1,395	R1,736	R20,050	R1,408	R2,549	R1,913	8,702	-	R11,926	R5,655	R54,240
•	March	945	R1,877	R18,708	R1,306	R2,544	R1,957	8,667	•	R11,926	R5,445	R52,590
	April	890	R1,496	R16,809		R2,779	R2,065	8,591		R11,926	R5,613	R50,850
	May June	1,310 1,645	R1,485 R1,506	R17,160 R18,939	R1,231 R1,469	R2,714 R2,789	R2,041 R2,094	8,683 8,646	•	R11,926 R11,926	R5,638 R5,585	R51,435 R53,490
	July	1,280	R1,807	R18,542		R2,789	R2,034	8,658		R12,026	R5.609	R53,490
	August	1,105	R2,007	R18,135	R1,436	R2,794	R2,080	8,634		R12,026	R5,648	R52,795
•	September	1,170	R1,997	R18,608	R1,436	R2,829	R2,129	8,701		R12,026	R5,599	R53,370
	October	1,480	R2,168	R19,527		R2,899	R2,119	8,701		R12,437		R54,775
	November	1,355	R2,309	R19,512	R1,569	R2,939	R2,173	8,697	R2,057	R12,437	R5,776	R55,160
	December	. 1,215	R2,334	R19,080	R1,436	R3,024	R2,266	8,598	R2,057	R12,437	R5,837	R54,735
	Average	1,295	R1,895	R18,868	R1,372	R2,748	R2,065	8,649	R2,045	R12,080	R5,631	R53,458
1983	January	880	R2,060	R16,952		2,980	2,135	8,697	2,085		R5,913	R52,460
	February	675	R1,758	R14,250		2,295	2,315	8,758	R2,110		R6,014	R49,577
	March	905	R2,055	R15,192		2,415	2,265	8,700	R2,110		R5,949	R50,502
	April May	1,150 1,625	R1,694 R1,664	R15,506 R17,266	R1,320	2,670 2,795	2,170 2,235	8,776 8,631	R2,120 R2,120	11,900	R6,110 R6,095	R50,672 R52,425
	June	1,535	R1,669	R17,326	R1,503	2,795	2,235	8,667	R2,120	11,900	R6,195	R52,605
	July	1,710	R1,674	R19,033	R1,551	2,685	2,280	8,636	R2,120	11,900	R6.187	R54,392
	August	1,300	R1,709	R18,878	R1,488	2,775	2,290	8,679	R2,130	11,900	R6,092	R54,232
	September	1,220	R1,704	R19,278	R1,504	2,735	2,385	8,784	R2,130	11,900	R6,157	R54,873
	October	1,290	R1,718	R19,075	R1,456	2,660	2,355	8,771	<sup>°</sup> R2,130	11,900	R6,266	R54,613
	November	1,245	R1,748	R19,075	R1,483	2,730	2,490	8,770	R2,130	11,900	R6,386	R54,964
	December	1,310	R1,753	R18,620	R1,467	2,690	2,530	8,397	R2,130	11,900	R6,421	R54,155
	Average	R1,241	R1,768	R17,562	R1,450	R2,686	R2,291	8,688	R2,120		R6,150	R52,981
1984	January	1,360	1,810	17,780	1,310	2,670	2,515	8,659	2,190	11,900	6,556	53,580
	February	1,565	1,815	18,205	1,440	2,755	2,585	8,726	2,190	11,900	R6,629	R54,430
	March April	1,460	1,815	18,245	1,455	2,710	2,455	8,718	2,190	11,750	6,532	54,055
	May	1,300 1,200	1,815 R1,840	18,135 R17,660	1,400 1,400	2,770 2,800	2,470 2,439	8,688	2,190 2,190	11,750 11,900	6,602 6,654	54,005 R53,795
	June	1,300	R1,805	R18,595	1,400	2,800	2,439	8,752 8,743	2,190	11,900	R6,747	R54,730
	July	1,200	1,860	17,840	1,400	2,845	2,450	8,769	2,220	11,870	6,796	54,190
	-			,		,	,		•		,	• · - ·

Footnotes continued. \*Other is a calculated total derived from the difference between world production and the nations represented above. R=Revised data. Notes: • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Monthly data are often preliminary figures and may not average to the annual totals because of rounding or because updates to the preliminary monthly data are not available. Sources: • See the last page of this section.

## **Petroleum Consumption**



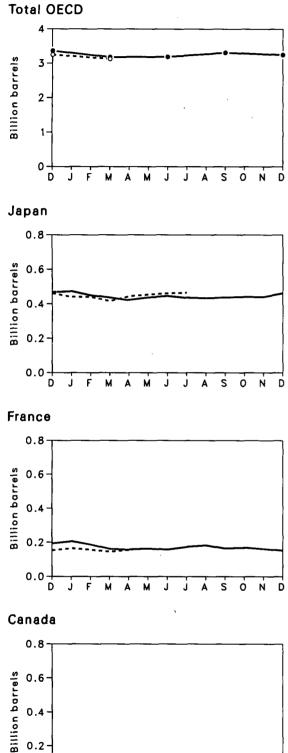
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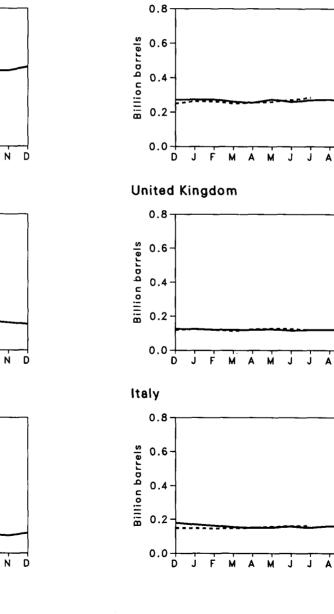
### Petroleum Consumption for Major Non-Communist Industrialized Countries<sup>1</sup>

		Canada	France <sup>2</sup>	Italy	Japan	United Kingdom	United States	West Germany	Other IEA <sup>3</sup>	Total IEA4
					Thou	sand barrels p	ber day			
1973	Average	1,597	2,219	1,525	5,000	1,958	17,308	2,693	4,069	34,150
1974	Average	1,630	2,094	1,521	4,872	1,829	16,653	2,408	4,047	32,960
1975	Average	1,595	1,925	1,468	4,568	1,633	16,322	2,319	3,905	31,810
1976	Average	1,647	2,075	1,503	4,786	1,601	17,461	2,507	4,265	33,770
1977	Average	1,661	1,973	1,476	5,015	1,655	18,431	2,478	4,214	34,930
1978	Average	1,701	2,077	1,551	5,115	1,683	18,847	2,596	4,387	35,880
1979	Average	1,766	2,107	1.607	5,173	1,690	18,513	2,664	4,487	35,900
1980	Average	1,730	1,965	1,602	4,680	1,420	17,056	2,360	4,152	33,000
1981	Average	1,615	1,745	1,705	4,445	1,325	16,058	2,120	4,032	31,300
1982	January	1,530	1,770	1,800	4,645	1,400	16,124	1,935	3,766	31,200
	February	1,715	1,815	1,795	5,275	1,465	16,001	2,230	4,219	32,700
	March	1,510	1,940	1,805	4,640	1,560	15,560	2,340	4,185	31,600
	April	1,350	1,730	1,560	4,015	1,340	16,046	2,125	3,964	30,400
	May	1,325	1,580	1,510	3,515	1,210	14,847	1,770	3,623	27,800
	June	1,430	1,505	1,520	3,780	1,280	14,998	2,115	3,877	29,000
	July	1,390	1,455	1,475	3,995	1,235	14,821	1,955	3,729	28,600
	August	1,500	1,295	1,410	3,705	1,170	14,839	2,105	3,671	28,400
	September	1,410	1,510	1,630	3,865	1,295	15,022	2,035	4,043	29,300
	October	1,335	1,605	1,555	3,830	1,305	14,859	1,922	3,894	28,700
	November	1,470	1,735	1,650	4,355	1,415	15,009	2,005	4,196	30,100
	December	1,460	1,815	1,670	4,810	1,380	15,487	2,025	4,368	31,200
	Average	1,450	1,645	1,614	4,196	1,337	15,296	2,045	3,962	29,900
1983	January	1,260	1,685	1,675	4,410	1,260	14,722	1,875	3,998	29,200
	February	1,430	1,985	1,865	4,950	1,415	14,792	2,060	4,288	30,800
	March	1,305	1,685	1,605	4,625	1,430	15,541	2,180	4,314	31,000
	April	1,190	1,785	1,415	3,850	1,300	14,692	1,940	3,913	28,300
	May	1,320	1,500	1,470	3,460	1,230	14,505	2,010	3,805	27,800
	June	1,360	1,405	1,475	4,040	1,255	15,289	2,060	4,121	29,600
	July	1,265	1,210	1,365	3,745	1,160	15,019	1,785	3,861	28,200
	August	1,440	1,350	1,315	3,990	1,220	15,480	1,920	4,035	29,400
	September October November	1,380 1,360 1,460	1,415 1,495	1,590 1,625	4,040 3,900	1,300 1,280	15,506 14,962	2,040 2,090	4,144 4,083 4,215	30,000 29,300 30,700
	December	1,400	1,800 1,930	1,840 1,880	4,290 4,960	1,340 1,300	15,500 16,726	2,055 2,050	4,484	32,800
	Average	1,345	1,600	1,590	4,185	1,290	15,231	2,005	4,054	29,700
1984	January	1,300	1,860	1,800	4,800	1,310	16,726	2,000	4,464	32,400
	February	1,370	1,915	1,750	5,450	1,380	15,389	2,180	4,381	31,900
	March	1,350	1,680	1,660	5,020	1,470	16,017	2,170	4,413	32,100
	April	1,200	1,475	1,550	4,110	1,450	15,484	2,030	4,176	30,000
	May	1,329	1,420	1,435	R3,740	R1,590	15,566	2,145	R4,095	R29,900
	June	1,300	R1,420	1,275	3,460	1,585	15,687	1,925	4,068	29,300
	July	NA	1,210	1,315	NA	NA	15,547	NA	NA	NA

<sup>1</sup>These data represent inland consumption, i.e., sales of petroleum products excluding refinery fuel, refinery losses, and ocean bunkers except for the United States, where it represents domestic products supplied.
<sup>2</sup>Not a member of the International Energy Agency (IEA).
<sup>3</sup>Other is a calculated total derived from the difference between total IEA consumption and the IEA nations represented above.
<sup>4</sup>The 21 signatory nations of the IEA are listed in Note 1 on the last page of this section.
R=Revised data. NA=Not available.
Notes: • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
• Data for 1982 through 1984 are preliminary.
Sources: • See the last page of this section.

## **Petroleum Stocks**





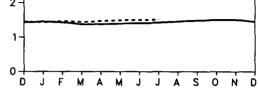
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**United States** 

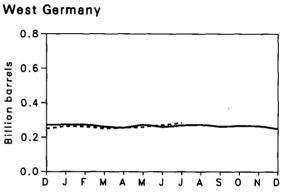
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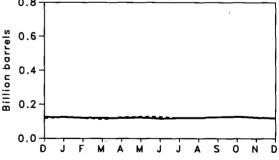
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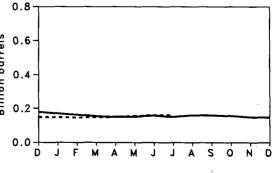
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#### Petroleum Stocks for Major Non-Communist Industrialized Countries at End of Period<sup>1</sup>

		Canada	France	Italy	Japan	United Kingdom	United States	West Germany	Other OECD <sup>2</sup>	Total OECD <sup>3</sup>
						Million barrel	s			
1973		149	203	NA	303	156	1,008	NA	NA	NA
1974		164	240	169	370	161	1,074	215	NA	NA
1975		167	239	143	375	164	1,133	190	NA	NA
1976		156	231	142	394	165	1,112	214	NA	NA
1977		167	23 <del>9</del>	161	409	148	1,312	225	524	3,185
1978		144	201	154	413	157	1.278	238	512	3,097
1979		150	226	163	460	169	1,341	272	594	3,375
1980		164	243	170	495	168	1,392	319	636	3,587
1981		161	214	167	482	143	1,484	297	583	3,531
1982	January	163	222	165	464	NA	`1,456	280	NA	NA
	February	156	215	162	460	NA	1,428	280	NA	NA
	March	148	198	158	479	133	1,392	279	541	3,328
	April	148	201	154	483	NA	1,346	312	NA	NA
	May	147	193	154	484	NA	1,347	310	NA	NA
	June	144	192	156	477	141	1,360	287	564	3,321
	July	130	205	160	460	134	1,393	286	NA	NA
	August	137	207	179	470	139	1,408	311	NA	NA
	September	145	207	179	470	134	1,414	280	570	3,399
	October	135	212	177	471	135	1,432	. 279	NA	NA
	November	138	213	174	472	130	1,455	280	NA	NA
	December	136	193	179	468	125	1,430	272	557	3,360
1983	January	136	206	170	473	125	1,452	274	NA	NA
	February	133	187	163	450	121	1,430	274	NA	NA
	March	135	162	155	437	120	1,372	262	539	3,182
	April	123	158	151	422	120	1,374	255	NA	NA
	May	125	164	152	437	123	1,394	274	NA	NA
	June	113	158	159	446	116	1,405	261	531	3,189
	July	110	174	151	436	119	1,426	270	NA	NA
	August	110	183	161	433	121	1,460	274	NA	NA
	September	125	165	160	437	125	1,485	263	550	3,310
	October	111	170	157	441	129	1,508	267	NA	NA
	November	105	162	150	440	124	1,510	267	NA	NA
	December	120	153	149	462	119	1,454	250	542	3,249
1984	January	109	165	149	441	125	1,430	264	NA	NA
	February	114	157	146	441	121	1,464	263	NA	NA
	March	125	146	148	416	113	1,444	251	486	3,129
	April	120	156	151	444	123	1,465	256	NA	NA
	May	117	NA	157	454	128	1,497	260	NA	NA
	June	120	NA	161	461	126	1,502	272	NA	NA
	July	123	NA	163	465	120	1,514	285	NA	NA

<sup>1</sup>Petroleum stocks include crude oil (including strategic reserves), unfinished oils, natural gas plant liquids, and refined products. Petroleum stocks include all nonmilitary petroleum held for storage, regardless of ownership, within each country in bulk terminals, refinery tanks, pipeline tankage, intercoastal tankers, tankers in port, and inland ship bunkers. Data exclude oil held in pipelines (except for the United States), rail and truck cars, sea-going ships' bunkers, service stations, retail stores, and tankers at sea. <sup>24</sup>'Other OECD'' includes Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) members not shown. <sup>3</sup>The members of OECD are listed in Note 2 on the last page of this section.

NA=Not available.

Notes: • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
In the United States in January 1975, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to bulk terminal and pipeline surveys affecting subsequent stocks reported. Using the new basis, the end-of-year U.S. stocks, in million barrels, would have been 1,121 in 1974, 1,420 in 1980, and 1,462 in 1982.

Sources: . See the last page of this section.

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Nuclear Electricity Generation by Non-Communist Countries<sup>1</sup>

		Argen- tina	Belgium	Brazil	Canada	Finland	France	India	Italy	Japan	Nether- lands	Paki- stan
						Billion gr	oss kilowat	tthours				
1973 1974 1975	Total Total Total	0 1.0 2.5	0 0.1 6.8	0 0 0	18.3 15.4 13.2	0 0 0	11.6 14.7	1.9 2.5	3.1 3.4	9.4 18.1	1.1 3.3	0.5 0.6 ~
1976	Total	2.6	10.0	0	18.0	0	18.3 15.8	2.5 3.2	3.8 3.8	22.2 36.7	3.3 3.9	0.5 0.5
1977 1978 1979	Total Total Total	1.6 2.9	11.9 12.5	0	26.8 32.9 38.4	2.7 3.3	17.9 30.5	2.8 2.3	3.4 4.4	28.1 53.2	3.7 4.1	0.3 0.2
1979 1980 1981	Total Total Total	2.7 2.3 2.8	11.4 12.5 12.8	0 0 0	38.4 40.4 43.3	6.7 7.0 14.5	39.9 61.2 105.2	3.2 2.9 3.1	2.6 2.2 2.7	62.0 82.8 86.0	3.5 4.2 3.7	(s) 0.1 0.2
1982	January	0.3	1.3	0	4.1	1.5	11.0	0.2	0.6	8.1	<b>3.7</b> 0.4	
1902	February March	0.2 0.3	0.8 0.5	0	3.2 3.5 3.7	1 <i>.</i> 5 1.7	10.0 10.6	0.2 0.2	0.7 0.7	7.7 9.2	0.1 (s)	(s) (s) 0
	April May June	0.3 0.3 0.3	1.0 1.3 1.2	(s) (s) (s)	3.1 3.3	1.6 1.3 0.9	10.1 9.0 7.8	0.2 0.2 0.1	0.5 0.7 0.6	9.7 9.5 9.5	0.3 0.4 0.4	0 0 0
	July August September	0.2 0 (s)	1.3 1.2 0.7	0 0 0	3.6 3.9 3.2	1.2 1.5 1.5	8.3 7.0 7.2	0.1 0.2 0.1	0.6 0.4 0.6	9.8 9.7 8.0	0.4 0.4 0.4	0 (s) (s)
	October November December	0 (s) 0.2	1.7 1.8 1.8	0 0 0	4.0 3.3 3.8	1.4 1.3 1.3	6.6 8.3 13.0	0.2 0.3 0.2	0.6 0.3 0.5	7.5 7.8 8.1	0.4 0.4 0.4	(s) 0 (s)
	Total	1.9	15.6	0.1	42.6	16.5	108.9	2.2	6.8	104.5	3.9	0.1
1983	January February	0.2 0.2	1.9 1.4	0	4.3 4.5	1.7 1.5	13.8 10.9	0.2 0.1	0.2 0.1	8.0 6.8	0.4 (s)	(s) (s)
	March April May	0.2 0.2 0.2	0.7 1.6 2.5	(s) (s) 0	4.6 4.3 3.9	1.6 1.5 1.2	11.3 10.5 9.6	0.2 0.2 0.3	0.1 0.1 0.7	7.9 8.4 9.2	(s) 0.2 0.3	(s) (s) (s)
	June July August	0.2 0.3 0.1	2.5 2.5 2.4	0 0 0	4.4 4.8 3.8	1.0 1.3 1.6	9.3 11.0 12.1	0.3 0.2 0.3	0.7 0.7 0.5	9.1 9.6 10.5	0.4 0.4 0.4	(s) 0 (s)
	September October November	0.2 0.2 0.2	2.2 2.2 2.0	0 0 (s)	4.4 4.7 4.2	1.5 1.4 1.5	12.4 13.0 13.4	0.3 0.3 0.2	0.6 0.6 0.7	R10.1 R10.2 R9.2	0.4 0.4 0.4	(s) (s) (s)
	December Total	0.2 <b>2.5</b>	2.1 24.1	0.1 <b>0.2</b>	5.0 <b>53.0</b>	1.7 17.4	16.8 144.2	0.3 2.9	0.7 <b>5.8</b>	R10.0 108.4	0.4 <b>3.6</b>	(s) 0.2
1984	January February March	0.2 0.2 0.2	2.7 2.3 1.9	(s) 0.2 0.1	5.0 4.6 5.1	1.7 1.6 1.7	18.0 17.1 17.8	R0.3 R0.4 - R0.3	0.4 0.6 0.7	R10.1 R9.2 R8.8	0.3 0.4 0.2	(s) 0 0
	April May June	0.2 0.2 0.2	2.4 2.0 2.6	(s) 0.1 0.0	4.3 3.6 3.7	1.6 1.2 1.3	15.4 14.2 R13.1	R0.4 R0.5 R0.4	0.3 0.3 0.3	R8.9 R10.4 R9.8	0.2 0.4 0.4	(s) (s) (s)
	July	0.1	2.4	0.0	4.3	1.4	13.1	0.5	0.3	10.5	0.4	(s) (s)

<sup>1</sup>Figures are for gross electricity generation, as opposed to net electricity generation. Net figures are generally less than gross figures by about 5 percent, which represents the energy consumed by the generating plants themselves. <sup>2</sup>The United Kingdom assesses generation at 4-, 5- or 6-week intervals, rather than by calendar month. R=Revised data. (s)=Less than 0.05 billion gross kilowatthours. Footnotes continued on following page.

## Nuclear Electricity Generation by Non-Communist Countries<sup>1</sup> (continued)

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		South Africa	South Korea	Spain	Sweden	Switzer- land	Taiwani	United Kingdom <sup>2</sup>	West	Non- Communist World Excluding U.S.	United States	Total Non- Communist World
						Billion g	oss kilow	atthours				
1973	Total	0	0	6.5	2.1	6.2	0	28.0	11.9	100.7	88.0	188.7
1974	Total	0	0	7.2	1.6	7.0	0	34.0	12.0	121.1	104.5	225.6
1975	Total	0	0	7.5	12.0	7.7	0	30.5	21.7	152.7	181.7	334.4
1976	Total	0	0	7.6	16.0	7.9	0	36.8	24.5	187.3	201.8	389.1
1977	Total	0	0.1	6.5	19.9	8.1	0.1	38.1	35.8	207.8	263.3	471.0
1978	Total	0	2.3	7.6	23.8	8.3	2.7	36.7	35.9	263.6	292.7	556.3
1979	Total	0	3.2	6.7	21.0	11.8	6.3	38.5	42.2	300.1	270.6	570.7
1980	Total	0	3.5	5.2	26.7	14.3	8.2	37.2	43.7	354.4	265.4	619.8
1981	Total	0	2.9	9.4	37.7	15.2	10.7	38.9	53.4	442.4	288.5	730. <del>9</del>
1982	January	0	0.4	1.0	4.0	1.5	0.8	3.4	5.9	44.5	27.1	71.6
	February	0	0.4	0.9	3.3	1.3	1.0	3.5	5.4	40.0	21.3	61.3
	March	0	0.4	0.5	3.8	1.5	1.0	4.1	5.3	43.2	24.0	67.1
	April	0	0.2	0.4	3.8	1.4	0.8	3.3	5.3	42.5	22.8	65.3
	May	0	0	0.5	2.5	1.2	0.8	2.6	5.6	39.0	22.8	61.8
	June	0	(s)	0.7 0.6	1.9 1.2	0.6 0.9	1.0 1.2	3.3 3.3	4.2 4.5	35.6 37.6	25.3 26.8	60.9 64.4
	July August	0	0.3 0.4	0.6	2.0	1.0	1.2	3.3	4.5	37.0	26.4	64.1
	September	0	0.4	0.7	3.7	1.2	1.3	4.2	5.4	38.6	26.7	65.3
	October	ŏ	0.4	1.0	4.2	1.5	1.4	3.7	5.2	39.8	25.4	65.3
	November	Ō	0.4	0.9	4.0	1.4	1.1	3.8	5.8	41.0	24.2	65.3
	December	0	0.4	0.9	4.2	1.5	1.4	5.1	6.5	49.2	25.8	75.0
	Total	0	3.8	8.8	38.8	15.0	13.1	44.1	63.4	489.9	298.6	788.5
1983	January	0	0.5	1.0	4.2	1.5	1.5	4.3	6.5	50.0	27.4	77.4
	February	0	0.4	0.9	3.7	1.4	0.8	4.3	5.6	42.7	23.8	66.5
	March	0	0.6	0.9	4.1	1.5	1.8	4.9	6.0	46.7	25.0	71.7
	April	0	0.4	0.8	3.3	1.5	1.7	4.3 3.4	4:0	43.1 40.6	23.4 23.9	66.5 64.5
	May June	0	0.2 0.7	0.4 0.6	2.4 2.4	1.2 0.5	2.0 2.0	3.4 3.9	2.9 4.2	40.6	25.9	68.2
	July	0 0	0.7	0.6	1.6	1.2	1.6	3.3	5.1	44.9	27.3	72.2
	August	ŏ	1.1	1.0	2.7	1.0	1.4	3.7	4.6	47.3	27.9	75.1
	September	Ő	1.1	1.0	3.0	1.4	1.2	4.4	6.0	R50.2	26.4	R76.6
	October	0	0.8	1.1	3.6	1.5	1.6	3.7	7.6	R53.0	27.6	R80.6
	November	0	1.2	1.1	4.5	1.4	1.6	3.9	7.1	R52.8	26.6	R79.3
	December	0	1.3	1.4	5.0	1.5	1.7	5.5	6.2	R59.8	28.6	R88.4
	Total	0	9.0	10.7	40.5	15.5	18.9	50.0	65.8	572.6	313.6	886.3
1984	January	0	1.3	1.5	5.3	1.5	1.7	4.4	6.9	R61.4	30.8	R92.2
	February	0	1.2	1.5	5.0	1.4	1.8	4.6	7.4	R59.4	29.4	R88.8
	March	0	1.0	1.4	5.4	1.5	2.0	4.8	7.1	R60.2	28.6	R88.8
	April	0.1 0.1	0.9 0.8	1.3 1.9	4.5 3.3	1.5 1.3	1.8 1.4	4.2 4.3	6.4 7.2	R54.2 R53.2	24.7 27.3	R78.9 R80.5
	May June	0.1	0.8	1.9	3.3 2.8	0.6	1.4	4.3 4.7	7.2 R7.1	R53.2	27.3	R78.3
	July	0.3	0.7	2.2	2.8	1.3	2.4	4.7 3.7	6.1	52.6	20.4	81.9
	cong	0.0	5.1	2.0	<b>L</b> . 7	1.0	<b>L</b> 7	<b>v</b> .,	0.1		20.0	

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Footnotes continued. Notes: • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Sources: • See the last page of this section.

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## Notes and Sources for the International Section

#### Notes

1. The 21 signatory nations of the International Energy 1. The 21 signatory nations of the International Energy Agency (IEA) are Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Den-mark, West Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portu-gal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United King-dom, and the United States. Australia and Portugal joined the IEA as new members in 1979 and 1980, respectively. In an offert to meintein gemeanshift, within this this the center an effort to maintain comparability within this time series, consumption data for these two countries have been incorporated into the IEA total for all years.

2. The members of the Organization for Economic Coopera-tion and Development (OECD) are Australia, Austria, Bel-gium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, West Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, the Ne-therlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom, and the United States. Total OECD includes the U.S. Territories.

#### Sources

Crude Oil Production: • 1973-1983 annual data (except 1983 International Energy Information Administration (EIA), 1983 International Energy Annual.
 1973-1984 U.S. annual and monthly data: EIA, Petroleum

19/3-1984 U.S. annual and monthly data. Ers, r curstant. Supply Monthly.
1982-1984 monthly data (except U.S. and World): Central Intelligence Agency, "International Energy Statistical Re-view," and other industry sources.
1982-1984 monthly data for World: Sum of data for all United statistical sources.

countries using above sources.

Petroleum Consumption: • Central Intelligence Agency, "International Energy Statistical Review" (except the United States).

 U. S. data: EIA, *Petroleum Supply Monthly.* International Energy Agency totals for latest months are EIA estimates.

Petroleum Stocks: • U. S. data: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.

• Other OECD data: OECD, Quarterly Oil Statistics; Comite Professionnel du Petrole, Bulletin Mensuel.

· Total OECD data: Sum of data for all OECD member countries using above sources.

Nuclear Electricity Generation: • Nucleonics Week.

### **Approximate Heat Content**

efined Petroleum Product	Million Bt per Barre
Asphalt	6.636
Aviation gasoline	
Butane	4.326
Butane-propane mixture <sup>1</sup>	4.130
Distillate fuel oil	5.825
Ethane	
Ethane-propane mixture <sup>2</sup>	
Isobutane	
Jet fuel-kerosene type	5.670
Jet fuel-naphtha type	
Kerosene	
Lubricants	
Motor gasoline	
Natural gasoline	
Petrochemical feedstocks	
Naphtha 400° F or less	5.248
Other oils over 400° F	5.825
Still gas	
Petroleum coke	
Plant condensate	5.418
Propane	
Residual fuel oil	
Road oil	6.636
Special naphtha	5.248
Still gas	
Unfinished oils	
Unfractionated stream	5.418
Wax	
Miscellaneous	

<sup>1</sup> 60 percent butane and 40 percent propane. <sup>2</sup> 70 percent ethane and 20 percent propane.

### **Units of Measure**

#### Weight

1 metric ton	contains	1,000 kilograms or 2,204.62 pounds
1 long ton	contains	2,240 pounds
1 short ton	contains	2,000 pounds

#### **Conversion Factors for Crude Oil (Average Gravity)**

1 barrel	contains	42 gallons
1 barrel	contains	0.136 metric tons (0.150 short tons)
1 metric ton	contains	7.33 barrels
1 short ton	contains	6.65 barrels

#### **Conversion Factors for Uranium**

1 short ton (U <sub>3</sub> O <sub>8</sub> )	contains	0.769 metric tons of uranium
1 short ton (UF <sub>6</sub> )	contains	0.613 metric tons of uranium
1 metric ton (UF <sub>6</sub> )	contains	0.676 metric tons of uranium

#### Price Indexes, 1972 = 100.0

	Gross National Product Implicit Price Deflator	Consumer Price Index, All Urban Consumers, All Items
1972	100.00	100.0
1973	105.75	106.2
1974	115.08	117.9
1975	125.79	128.7
1976	132.34	136.1
1977	140.05	144.9
1978	150.42	155.9
1979	163.42	173.5
1980	178.42	197.0
1981	195.14	217.4
1982	. 206.88	230.7
1983	215.67	238.1

Sources: Gross National Product Implicit Price Deflator—U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business.* Consumer Price Index, All Urban Consumers, All Items—1967=100.0 from U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Rebased to 1972=100.0 by Energy Information Administration.

**Monthly Energy Review** July 1984 **Energy Information Administration** 

## **Approximate Heat Content of Fuels**

Coal	Units	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983-84‡
	Million On John A.											
Production		23.27	22.96	22.81	22.85	22.49	22.17	22.38	22.35	22.25	22.20	22.02
Consumption		22.94	22.56	22.39	22.39	22.14	21.93	22.01	21.87	21.65	21.63	21.55
Non-utility		24.48	24.38	24.35	24.45	24.33	24.12	24.23	24.35	24.15	23.92	23.80
Electric utility		22.24	21.78	21.64	21.68	21.47	21.27	21.37	21.29	21.08	21.20	21.16
Imports		25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00
Exports	Million Btu/short ton	26.59	26.70	26.56	26.60	26.55	26.48	26.55	26.28	26.08	26.22	26.29
Anthracite												
Production		23.17	22.56	23.39	22.77	23.18	23.52	23.59	23.35	23.69	23.69	23.75
Consumption		22.71	21.95	21.74	22.15	22.69	22.97	22.70	22.16	22.10	23.00	22.80
Non-utility		24.34	23.75	23.65	23.84	24.99	25.17	25.20	23.74	25.12	25.37	25.20
Electric utility*		17.92	17.20	17.06	17.53	17.24	17.10	17.45	17.65	18.17	18.16	18.15
Imports and exports	Million Btu/short ton	25.40	25.40	25.40	25.40	25.40	25.40	25.40	25.40	25.40	25.40	25.40
Bituminous coal and lignite												
Production	Million Btu/short ton	23.267	22.970	22.802	22.849	22,482	22.157	22.374	22.343	22.243	22.188	22.015
Consumption		22.937	22.564	22,402	22.393	22.142	21.921	22.014	21.874	21.645	21.624	21.547
Residential and commercial		22.887	22.523	22.258	22.819	22.594	22.078	21.884	22.488	22.191	22.373	22.300
Coke plants	Million Btu/short ton	26.000	26.000	26.000	26,000	26.000	26.000	26.000	26.000	26.000	26.000	26.000
Other industrial & transp.		22.585	22.420	22.439	22.528	22.290	22.175	22.436	22.690	22.572	22.694	22.650
Electric utility		22.260	21.800	21.660	21.690	21.480	21.280	21.380	21.300	21.090	21.200	21.160
Imports		25.000	25.000	25.000	25.000	25.000	25.000	25.000	25.000	25.000	25.000	25.000
Exports		26.612	26.716	26.573	26.613	26.561	26.501	26.570	26.404	26.176	26.231	26.300
Coal coke	Million Btu/short ton	26.00	26.00	26.00	26.00	26.00	26.00	26.00	26.00	26.00	26.00	26.00
Crude petroleum												
Production	Million Btu/barrel	5.800	5.800	5.800	5.800	5.800	5.800	5.800	5.800	5.800	5.800	5.800
Imports		5.817	5.827	5.821	5.808	5.800	5.800	5.800	5.800	5.800		
Exports		5.800	5.800	5.800	5.800	5.800	5.802	5.800	5.800	5.800	5.826 5.800	5.824 5.800
Crude petroleum and products												
Imports	Million Btu/barrel	5.897	5.884	5.858	5,856	5.834	5.839	5.810	5.796	5.775	5,775	5,768
Exports		5.752	5.774	5.748	5.745	5.797	5.808	5.832	5.820	5.821	5.820	5,800
Petroleum products												
	Million Btu/barrel	6 6 1 6	E 504	5 404	E 504	E 540	5 540	e	C 170			
Consumption Residential and commercial		5.515	5.504	5.494	5.504	5.518	5.519	5.494	5.479	5.448	5.415	5.410
		5.387 5.567	5.377	5.358	5.383	5.389	5.382	5.471	5.468	5.409	5.392	5.361
Industrial Transportation		5.565	5.537	5.527	5.536	5.552	5.546	5.416	5.376	5.310	5.262	5.279
		5.397	5.394	5.392	5.396	5.402	5.407	5.430	5.440	5.434	5.423	5.412
Electric utility		6.245	6.238	6.250	6.251	6.249	6.251	6.258	6.254	6.258	6.258	6.254
Imports		5.983	5.959	5.935	5.980	5.908	5.955	5.811	5.748	5.659	5.664	5.660
Exports LPG consumption average <sup>2</sup>	Million Btu/barrel Million Btu/barrel	5.752 3.746	5.773 3.730	5.747 3.715	5.743 3.711	5.796 3.677	5.814 3.669	5.864 3.680	5.841 3.674	5.837 3.643	5.829 3.615	5.800 3.612
		0.140	0.700	0.710	0.711	0.077	5.003	3.000	3.074	0.040	3.015	3.012
Natural gas plant liquid Production	Million Btu/barrel	4.049	4.011	3.984	3.964	3.941	3.925	3.955	3.914	3.930	3.872	3.859
Natural gas, dry							-	-		Ţ		
Production	Btu/cubic foot	1.021	1,024	1,021	1,020	1.021	1.019	1,021	1,026	1,027	1,028	1 000
Consumption*		1,021	1,024	1,021	1,020	1,021				1,027		1,028
Non-utility consumption		1,021	1,024				1,019	1,021	1,026		1,028	1,028
Electric utility consumption*		1,020	1.024	1,020 1,026	1,019 1,023	1,019 1,029	1,016	1,018	1,024	1,026	1,026	1,026
Imports*		1,024	1.022	1,026	1.025	1,029	1,034 1,030	1,034 1,037	1,034 1,022	1,033 1,014	1,035 1,018	1,035 1.018
Exports*		1,023	1,027	1,014	1,025	1,028	1,030	1,037	1,022	1,014	1,018	1,018
Wet natural gas production		1,093	1,097	1,095	1,093	1,093	1,088	1,092	1,098	1,103	1,107	1,107
Approximate Heat Rates	for Electricity											
	•	40.000										
Hydropower generation <sup>3</sup>		10,389	10,442	10,406	10,373	10,435	10,361	10,353	10,388	10,453	10,470	10,470

Hydropower generation <sup>3</sup>	Btu/kWh	10,389	10,442	10,406	10.373	10.435	10.361	10.353	10.388	10.453	10,470	10.470
Nuclear power generation <sup>3</sup>	Btu/kWh	10,903	11,161	11.013	11.047	10,769	10.941	10.879	10,908	11.030	11.015	11.015
Geothermal power generation <sup>a</sup>	Btu/kWh	21,674	21,674	21.611	21.611	21.611	21.611	21.545	21.639	21.639	21,594	21,594
Electricity consumption	Btu/kWh	3.412	3.412	3.412	3.412	3.412	3.412	3.412	3.412	3.412	3.412	3.412
					-,		-,		-,	-,	•,=	0,

 <sup>1</sup> Includes lease condensate.
 <sup>2</sup> LPG consumption average is the annual weighted average of the LPG product supplied components: ethane, ethylene, propane, propylene, butane, butylene, butane-propane mixture, ethane-propane mixture, and isobutane.
 <sup>3</sup> There is no generally accepted practice for measuring hydropower thermal conversion rates. The hydropower factors on this page are the prevailing rate factors at fossil fuel steam electric powerplants. By using the heat rate factor, it is possible to evaluate fossil fuel requirements for replacing hydropower production during periods of drought. Furthermore, it allows for better comparisons with certain other countries such as Norway where hydropower is the principal means for producing electricity. Similarly, the nuclear power and geothermal power conversion factors represent the thermal conversion equivalent of the uranium and geothermal steam consumed at powerplants. The heat content of a kilowatthour of electricity produced, regardless of the constraint process is 3.412 Blu park investion. the generation process, is 3,412 Btu per kilowatthour. \* Based on data reported in Energy Information Administration (and predecessor) surveys.

Preliminary data.
 Note: A listing of sources for the approximate heat content values are published in the 1983 Annual Energy Review, DOE/EIA-0384(83).

## Glossary

Anthracite. A hard, jet black, high-luster coal containing a high percentage of fixed carbon and a low percentage of volatile matter and having an ignition temperature of about 900° F. Domestic anthracite is mined almost exclusively in northeastern Pennsylvania and is often referred to as hard coal. It is used for generating electricity and for space heating. It includes meta-anthracite and semianthracite and conforms to ASTM Specification D388 for anthracite.

**ASTM.** The acronym for the American Society for Testing and Materials.

**Bituminous Coal.** A dense, black coal that often has well-defined bands of bright and dull material. It has a volatility greater than anthracite and a calorific value greater than lignite. In the United States, it is often referred to as soft coal and is used for electricity generation, coke production, and space heating. It includes subbituminous coal and conforms to ASTM Specification D388 for bituminous coal and subbituminous coal.

British Thermal Unit (Btu). The amount of energy required to raise the temperature of 1 pound of water 1 ° Fahrenheit (F.) at or near 39.2 ° F. One Btu is equivalent to about 252 calories. An average Btu content of fuel is a heat value per unit quantity of fuel as determined from tests of fuel samples.

**Butane.** A normally gaseous, colorless, paraffinic hydrocarbon  $(C_4H_{10})$  extracted from natural gas and refinery gas streams. Included are isobutane, a branch-chain configuration of  $(CH_3)_3CH$  with a boiling point of  $10.9^{\circ}$  F. and normal butane, a straight-chain configuration of  $C_4H_{10}$  with a boiling point of  $31.1^{\circ}$  F. Butane is used primarily for blending into motor gasoline, for residential and commercial heating, and for industrial uses, especially the manufacture of chemicals and synthetic rubber.

**Coal.** Includes all ranks of coal—anthracite, bituminous coal (including subbituminous coal), and lignite—conforming to ASTM Specification D388.

**Coal Coke.** The strong, porous residue consisting of carbon and mineral ash that is formed when the volatile constituents of bituminous coal are driven off by heat in the absence of or in a limited supply of air. It is used primarily in blast furnaces for smelting ores, especially iron ore. **Cooling Degree-Days.** The number of degrees per day that the daily average temperature is above 65° F. The daily average temperature is the mean of the maximum and minimum temperatures for a 24-hour period.

**Crude Oil** (including lease condensate). A mixture of hydrocarbons that existed in liquid phase in underground reservoirs and remains liquid at atmospheric pressure after passing through surface separating facilities. Included are lease condensate and liquid hydrocarbons produced from tar sands, gilsonite, and oil shale. Drip gases are also included, but topped crude oil (residual oil) and other unfinished oils are excluded. Liquids produced at natural gas processing plants and mixed with crude oil are excluded where identifiable.

**Crude Oil Refinery Input.** Total crude oil (including lease condensate) input to crude oil distillation units and other processing units.

**Degree-Day Normals.** Simple arithmetic averages of monthly or annual degree-days over a long period of time (usually the 30-year period 1951–1980). These may be simple degree-day normals or population-weighted degree-day normals.

Degree-Days. See Cooling Degree-Days, Heating Degree-Days, Population-Weighted Degree-Days, and Degree-Day Normals.

**Distillate Fuel Oil.** Light fuel oils distilled during the refining process. Included are products known as No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 fuel oils; and No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 diesel fuels that conform to either ASTM Specification D396 or D975. These products are used primarily for space heating, on- and offhighway diesel engine fuel (including railroad engine fuel and fuel for agricultural machinery), and electric power generation.

**Electricity Generation.** Net electricity (gross electricity output measured at the generator terminals, minus powerplant use) generated at electric utilities. Excludes industrial electricity generation. International data are gross electricity output.

**Ethane.** A normally gaseous, colorless, paraffinic, straight-chain hydrocarbon ( $C_2H_6$ ) with a boiling point of -127.48° F. extracted from natural gas and refinery gas streams. Ethane is used primarily as petrochemical feedstock for production of chemicals and plastic materials.

**Exports.** Shipments from the 50 States and the District of Columbia to foreign countries, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and other U.S. possessions and territories.

**Heating Degree-Days.** The number of degrees per day that the daily average temperature is below 65° F. The daily average temperature is the mean of the maximum and minimum temperatures for a 24-hour period.

**Imports.** Receipts into the 50 States and the District of Columbia of foreign goods (including goods from U.S. territories and U.S. Foreign Trade Zones) that are classified by customs officials as "imports for consumption" or "withdrawals from bonded warehouses for consumption," including withdrawals from bonded warehouses for military offshore use and for bunkering of vessels or aircraft engaged in international commerce. Included are imports for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve. Excluded are receipts into bonded warehouses and into U.S. territories and U.S. Foreign Trade Zones.

#### Isobutane. See Butane.

Landed Cost of Imported Crude OII. Includes the purchase price at the foreign port (or U.S. land border), transportation and insurance costs, wharfage and demurrage, brokerage fees, import fees and duties, and license (ticket) fees. Averages are based on major importers, which account for an estimated 90 to 95 percent total crude oil imports. Coverage includes the United States and its territories.

Lease Condensate. A natural gas liquid recovered from gas-well gas (associated and nonassociated) in lease separators or natural gas field facilities. Lease condensate consists primarily of pentanes and heavier hydrocarbons. Generally, it is blended with crude oil for refining.

**Lignite.** A brownish-black coal with a high moisture content. It is also referred to as brown coal. Domestic lignite is mined in North Dakota, Montana, and Texas and is used mainly for electric power generation. It conforms to ASTM Specification D388 for lignite.

Line Miles of Seismic Exploration. The distance along the earth's surface that is covered by seismic surveying.

Liquefied Petroleum Gases. Ethane, ethylene, propane, propylene, normal butane, butylene, and isobutane produced at refineries or natural gas processing plants, including plants that fractionate raw natural gas plant liquids.

Maximum Dependable Capacity, Net. The dependable main-unit net capacity of nuclear powerplant reactors and generally varies throughout the year because the unit efficiency varies with seasonal cooling water temperature variations. The maximum dependable capacity is the highest net dependable output of the turbine generator during the most restrictive seasonal conditions (usually summer).

**Motor Gasoline, Finished.** A complex mixture of relatively volatile hydrocarbons, with or without small quantities of additives, that have been blended to form a fuel suitable for use in spark-ignition engines and conforming to ASTM Specification D439. Included are finished leaded gasoline, finished unleaded gasoline, and gasohol. Excludes blendstock until blending has been completed and excludes alcohol that is to be used in the blending of gasohol.

**Motor Gasoline, Premium Grade.** Finished motor gasoline that has an antiknock designation of 3 or more for unleaded motor gasoline and 4 or more for leaded motor gasoline.

Motor Gasoline, Regular Grade. Motor gasoline that has an antiknock designation of 2 or less for unleaded motor gasoline and 3 or less for leaded motor gasoline.

**Motor Gasoline, Total.** This includes finished leaded motor gasoline, finished unleaded motor gasoline, motor gasoline blending components, and gasohol.

**Natural Gas.** A mixture of hydrocarbons and small quantities of various nonhydrocarbons existing in the gaseous phase or in solution with crude oil in natural reservoirs.

Natural Gas Plant Liquids. Natural gas liquids recovered from natural gas processing plants, and in some situations, from natural gas field facilities. Natural gas liquids extracted by fractionators are also included. These liquids are defined according to the published specifications of the ASTM and the Gas Processors Association and are classified as follows: ethane, propane, normal butane, isobutane, pentanes plus, and other products from natural gas processing plants (i.e., products meeting the standards for finished petroleum products such as finished motor gasoline, finished aviation gasoline, special naphthas, kerosene, distillate fuel oil, and miscellaneous products).

Normal Butane. See Butane.

**Pentanes Plus.** A mixture of hydrocarbons, mostly pentanes and heavier, extracted from natural gas. This product includes isopentane, natural gasoline, and plant condensate.

**Petroleum.** A generic term applied to oil and oil products in all forms, such as crude oil, lease condensate, unfinished oils, refined petroleum products, natural gas plant liquids, and nonhydrocarbon compounds blended into finished petroleum products.

**Petroleum Coke.** A residue that is the final product of the cracking process in petroleum refining. It consists of aromatic hydrocarbons very poor in hydrogen. Calcination of petroleum coke can yield almost pure carbon or artificial graphite suitable for production of carbon or graphite electrodes, structural graphite, motor brushes, dry cells, and similar products. This product is reported as marketable or catalyst coke.

**Petroleum Products.** Petroleum products are obtained from the processing of crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas, and other hydrocarbon compounds. Petroleum products include unfinished oils, liquefied petroleum gases, pentanes plus, aviation gasoline, motor gasoline, naphtha-type jet fuel, kerosene-type jet fuel, kerosene, distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, naphtha less than 400° F. endpoint, other oils over 400° F. end-point, special naphthas, lubricants, waxes, petroleum coke, asphalt, road oil, still gas, and miscellaneous products.

**Petroleum Stocks, Primary.** Stocks of crude oil or petroleum products held in storage at (or in) leases, refineries, natural gas processing plants, pipelines, tankfarms, and bulk terminals that can store at least 50,000 barrels of petroleum products or that can receive petrolum products by tanker, barge, or pipeline. Crude oil that is in transit from Alaska, or that is stored on Federal leases or in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve, is included. Excluded are stocks of foreign origin that are held in bonded warehouse storage.

**Population-Weighted Degree-Days.** Heating or cooling degree-days weighted by the population of the area in which the degree-days are recorded. To compute State population-weighted degree-days, each State is divided into from one to nine climatically homogeneous divisions which are assigned weights based on the ratio of the population of the division to the total population of the State. Degree-day readings for each division are multiplied by the corresponding population weight for each division and these products are then summed to arrive at the State population-weighted degree-day figure. To compute national population-weighted degree-days,

the Nation is divided into nine Census regions comprised of from three to eight States which are assigned weights based on the ratio of the population of the region to the total population of the Nation. Degree-day readings for each region are multiplied by the corresponding population weight for each region and these products are then summed to arrive at the national population-weighted degree-day figure.

**Propane.** A normally gaseous, colorless, paraffinic, straight-chain hydrocarbon ( $C_3H_8$ ) with a boiling point of -43.67° F. It is extracted from natural gas and refinery gas streams. Propane is used primarily for residential and commercial heating and cooling, and also as a fuel for transportation and industrial uses, including petrochemical feedstocks.

**Refined Petroleum Product Supplied.** Total refined petroleum product supplied is the sum of all refined petroleum products supplied. For each product, the amount supplied is calculated by adding production, imports, and crude oil burned directly; and subtracting exports and changes in primary stocks (net withdrawals is a plus quantity and net additions is a minus quantity).

**Refiner Acquisition Cost.** The cost of crude oil to the refiner, including transportation and fees. The composite cost is the weighted average of domestic and imported crude oil costs.

**Residual Fuel Oil.** The heavier oils that remain after the distillate fuel oils and lighter hydrocarbons are distilled away in refinery operations. Included are products known as No. 5 and No. 6 fuel oils that conform to ASTM Specification D396 and Navy Special Fuel Oil specifications, as well as Bunker C fuel oil. Residual fuel oil is used for the production of electric power, space heating, vessel bunkering, and various industrial purposes. Imports of residual fuel oil include imported crude oil burned as fuel.

**Rotary Rig.** A machine, used for drilling wells, that employs a rotating tube attached to a bit for boring holes through rock.

Startup Test Phase of Nuclear Powerplant. A nuclear powerplant that has been licensed by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission to operate, but that is in the initial testing phase during which production of electricity may not be continuous. In general, when the electric utility is satisfied with the plant's performance, it formally accepts the plant from the manufacturer, and places it in "commercial operation" status. A request is then submitted to the appropriate utility rate commission to include the powerplant in the rate base calculation.

**Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR).** Petroleum stocks maintained by the Federal Government for use during periods of major supply interruption.

**Synthetic Natural Gas (SNG).** A product resulting from the manufacture, conversion, or reforming of hydrocarbons that may be easily substituted for, or interchanged with, pipeline-quality natural gas.

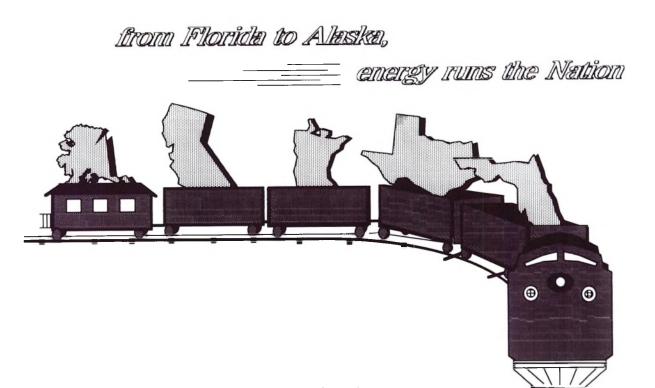
Unaccounted for Crude Oil. Represents the arithmetic difference between the indicated demand for

crude oil and the total disposition of crude oil. Indicated demand is the sum of crude oil production and imports less changes in crude oil stocks. Total disposition of crude oil is the sum of refinery crude oil input, exports of crude oil, crude oil burned as fuel, and crude oil losses.

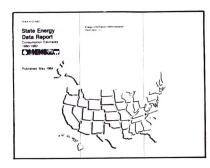
Wells, Exploratory and Development. Holes drilled for the purpose of finding or producing crude oil or natural gas. They include wells classified as oil wells, gas wells, or dry holes.

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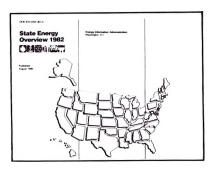
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State energy data available from the Energy Information Administration:



State Energy Data Report: Consumption Estimates 1960-1982. Annual data on energy consumption by State, by energy source, and by economic sector; data by Census region included for the first time. Extensive documentation of the methodology used to produce estimates. Published: May 1984. 691 pp. \$15.00. GPO Stock No. 061-003-00378-8.



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