# December 2012 Monthly Energy Review





Independent Statistics & Analysis U.S. Energy Information Administration

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## **Monthly Energy Review**

The *Monthly Energy Review (MER)* is the U.S. Energy Information Administration's (EIA) primary report of recent and historical energy statistics. Included are statistics on total energy production, consumption, trade, and energy prices; overviews of petroleum, natural gas, coal, electricity, nuclear energy, renewable energy, and international petroleum; carbon dioxide emissions; and data unit conversions.

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"The Administrator shall be responsible for carrying out a central, comprehensive, and unified energy data and information program which will collect, evaluate, assemble, analyze, and disseminate data and information...."

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## Monthly Energy Review December 2012

U.S. Energy Information Administration Office of Energy Statistics U.S. Department of Energy Washington, DC 20585

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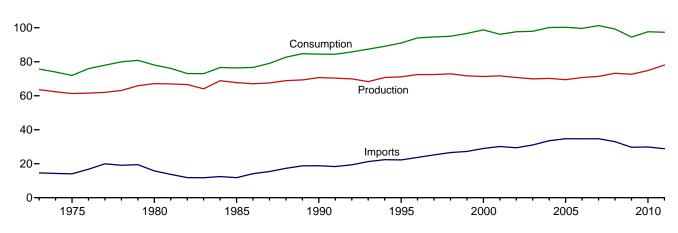
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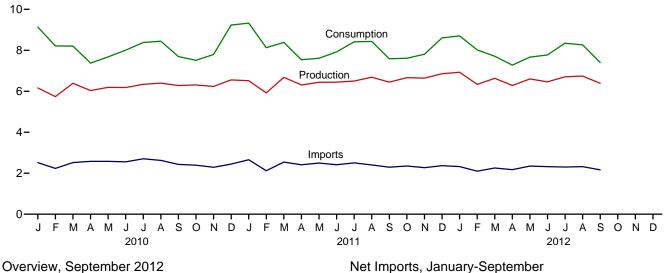
## 1. Energy Overview

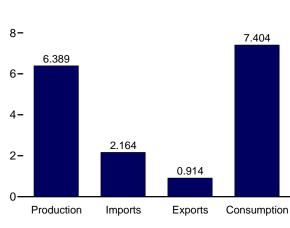
## Figure 1.1 Primary Energy Overview (Quadrillion Btu)

Consumption, Production, and Imports, 1973-2011 120-

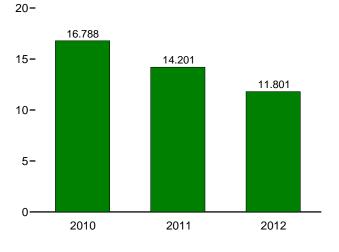


## Consumption, Production, and Imports, Monthly





Net Imports, January-September



Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#summary. Source: Table 1.1.

10-

## Table 1.1 Primary Energy Overview

(Quadrillion Btu)

		Produ	uction			Trade		01.1	Consumption				
	Fossil Fuels <sup>a</sup>	Nuclear Electric Power	Renew- able Energy <sup>b</sup>	Total	Imports	Exports	Net Imports <sup>c</sup>	Stock Change and Other <sup>d</sup>	Fossil Fuels <sup>e</sup>	Nuclear Electric Power	Renew- able Energy <sup>b</sup>	Total <sup>f</sup>	
1973 Total	58.241	0.910	4.411	63.563	14.613	2.033	12.580	-0.459	70.314	0.910	4.411	75.684	
1975 Total	54.733	1.900	4.687	61.320	14.013	2.323	11.709	-0.459	65.357	1.900	4.687	71.965	
1980 Total	59.008	2.739	5.428	67.175	15.796	3.695	12.101	-1.210	69.828	2.739	5.428	78.067	
1985 Total	57.539	4.076	6.084	67.698	11.781	4.196	7.584	1.110	66.093	4.076	6.084	76.392	
1990 Total	58.560	6.104	6.041	70.705	18.817	4.752	14.065	284	72.332	6.104	6.041	84.485	
1995 Total	57.540	7.075	6.558	71.174	22.260	4.511	17.750	2.105	77.259	7.075	6.560	91.029	
1996 Total	58.387	7.087	7.012	72.486	23.702	4.633	19.069	2.468	79.785	7.087	7.014	94.022	
1997 Total	58.857	6.597	7.018	72.472	25.215	4.514	20.701	1.429	80.873	6.597	7.016	94.602	
1998 Total	59.314	7.068	6.494	72.876	26.581	4.299	22.281	140	81.369	7.068	6.493	95.018	
1999 Total	57.614	7.610	6.517	71.742	27.252	3.715	23.537	1.372	82.427	7.610	6.516	96.652	
2000 Total	57.366	7.862	6.104	71.332	28.973	4.006	24.967	2.515	84.731	7.862	6.106	98.814	
2001 Total	58.541	8.029	5.164	71.735	30.157	3.771	26.386	-1.953	82.902	8.029	5.163	96.168	
2002 Total	56.834	8.145	5.734	70.713	29.408	3.669	25.739	1.193	83.699	8.145	5.729	97.645	
2003 Total	56.022 55.930	7.959 8.222	<sup>R</sup> 5.947 <sup>R</sup> 6.069	<sup>R</sup> 69.927 <sup>R</sup> 70.220	31.061 33.544	4.054 4.434	27.007	1.009 .830	84.014 85.819	7.959 8.222	<sup>R</sup> 5.948 <sup>R</sup> 6.081	<sup>R</sup> 97.943 <sup>R</sup> 100.160	
2004 Total 2005 Total	55.053	8.222	6.229	69.443	33.544 34.709	4.434 4.560	29.110 30.149	.830	85.819	8.222	6.242	100.160	
2005 Total	55.940	8.215	6.599	69.443 70.754	34.709	4.560	29.806	930	84.702	8.215	6.649	99.629	
2007 Total	56.435	8.455	6.509	71.400	34.703	5.482	29.221	.675	86.211	8.455	6.523	101.296	
2008 Total	57.588	8.427	7.202	73.217	32.992	7.060	25.932	.125	83.549	8.427	7.186	99.275	
2009 Total	56.669	8.356	7.616	72.641	29.706	6.965	22.741	822	78.488	8.356	7.600	94.559	
2010 January	4,734	.758	.672	6.164	2.516	.590	1.926	1.042	7.697	.758	.662	9.132	
February	4.446	.682	.610	5.738	2.237	.556	1.681	.793	6.914	.682	.605	8.213	
March	5.032	.676	.682	6.389	2.519	.654	1.865	050	6.846	.676	.673	8.205	
April	4.774	.602	.661	6.036	2.580	.686	1.894	558	6.104	.602	.657	7.372	
May	4.777	.697	.717	6.191	2.578	.704	1.874	388	6.261	.697	.715	7.677	
June	4.716	.714	.753	6.182	2.556	.684	1.872	047	6.530	.714	.755	8.007	
July	4.888	.752	.701	6.341	2.705	.716	1.989	.052	6.920	.752	.701	8.382	
August	4.987	.748	.662	6.396	2.627	.698	1.929	.119	7.030	.748	.660	8.444	
September	4.930	.725	.626	6.280	2.431	.675	1.757	344	6.344	.725	.622	7.694	
October	5.004	.656	.646	6.306	2.390	.714	1.676	473	6.208	.656	.643	7.509	
November	4.896 5.058	.655 .770	.682 .726	6.233 6.554	2.289 2.447	.760 .797	1.529 1.650	.035 1.027	6.464 7.732	.655 .770	.676 .720	7.797 9.231	
December Total	58.241	8.434	8.136	74.812	29.877	8.234	21.643	1.208	81.051	8.434	8.090	97.664	
2011 January	5.005	.761	.747	6.514	2.655	.841	1.814	<sup>R</sup> .998	<sup>R</sup> 7.824	.761	.731	<sup>R</sup> 9.326	
February	<sup>R</sup> 4.532	.678	.747	<sup>R</sup> 5.920	2.055	.759	1.363	<sup>R</sup> .845	<sup>R</sup> 6.740	.678	.703	<sup>R</sup> 8.129	
March	<sup>R</sup> 5.175	.687	.816	R 6.678	2.543	.880	1.663	R.044	<sup>R</sup> 6.884	.687	.805	R 8.385	
April	<sup>R</sup> 4.925	.571	.813	<sup>R</sup> 6.309	2.412	.878	1.534	<sup>R</sup> 306	<sup>R</sup> 6.154	.571	.804	<sup>R</sup> 7.536	
May	5.009	.597	.832	6.438	2.497	.847	1.650	<sup>R</sup> 474	<sup>R</sup> 6.179	.597	.826	<sup>R</sup> 7.614	
June	4.936	.683	.824	6.443	2.417	.818	1.599	<sup>R</sup> 120	<sup>R</sup> 6.404	.683	.824	<sup>R</sup> 7.922	
July	<sup>R</sup> 4.949	.757	.792	<sup>R</sup> 6.498	2.505	.854	1.651	R 264	<sup>R</sup> 6.857	.757	.782	<sup>R</sup> 8.412	
August	<sup>R</sup> 5.199	.746	.742	<sup>R</sup> 6.687	2.405	.879	1.526	R.218	<sup>R</sup> 6.928	.746	.741	<sup>R</sup> 8.431	
September	<sup>R</sup> 5.070	.700	.677	<sup>R</sup> 6.446	2.294	.892	1.402	<sup>R</sup> 262	<sup>R</sup> 6.205	.700	.670	<sup>R</sup> 7.585	
October	<sup>R</sup> 5.291	.663	.708	<sup>R</sup> 6.662	2.351	.891	1.460	<sup>R</sup> 509	<sup>R</sup> 6.242	.663	.699	<sup>R</sup> 7.613	
November	<sup>R</sup> 5.229	.675	.738	<sup>R</sup> 6.641 <sup>R</sup> 6.855	2.272	.894 1.026	1.378	<sup>R</sup> 213 <sup>R</sup> .405	<sup>R</sup> 6.398 <sup>R</sup> 7.080	.675	.727	<sup>R</sup> 7.807 <sup>R</sup> 8.604	
December Total	<sup>R</sup> 5.333 <sup>R</sup> 60.653	.752 <b>8.269</b>	.770 <b>9.169</b>	R 78.091	2.370 28.842	1026 10.458	1.344 <b>18.384</b>	R .405	R 79.896	.752 <b>8.269</b>	.760 <b>9.073</b>	R 97.365	
2012 Jonuan/	<sup>R</sup> 5.385	.757	.785	<sup>R</sup> 6.927	2.326	.864	1.462	<sup>R</sup> .314	<sup>R</sup> 7.172	.757	.763	<sup>R</sup> 8.703	
2012 January February	R 4.967	.757 .668	.785	<sup>R</sup> 6.336	2.326	.864 .838	1.462	R.420	R 6.650	.757 .668	.763	R 8.017	
March	<sup>R</sup> 5.194	.646	.701	<sup>R</sup> 6.634	2.099	.838	1.202	<sup>R</sup> 216	<sup>R</sup> 6.267	.646	.786	<sup>R</sup> 7.710	
April	<sup>R</sup> 4.928	.585	.770	<sup>R</sup> 6.283	2.233	1.000	1.174	<sup>R</sup> 182	<sup>R</sup> 5.911	.585	.767	R 7.275	
May	<sup>R</sup> 5.134	.650	.816	R 6.600	2.350	1.000	1.339	R271	<sup>R</sup> 6.188	.650	.816	R 7.668	
June	<sup>R</sup> 4.999	.682	.780	<sup>R</sup> 6.461	2.321	.999	1 322	011	<sup>R</sup> 6.297	.682	.779	<sup>R</sup> 7.772	
July	<sup>R</sup> 5.232	.723	.751	<sup>R</sup> 6.706	2.303	.982	R 1.321	<sup>R</sup> .318	<sup>R</sup> 6.849	.723	.753	<sup>R</sup> 8.345	
August	<sup>R</sup> 5.301	.728	.713	<sup>R</sup> 6.743	2.322	.941	1.381	<sup>R</sup> .142	<sup>R</sup> 6.800	.728	.719	<sup>R</sup> 8.266	
September	5.069	.675	.645	6.389	2.164	.914	1.250	235	6.072	.675	.644	7.404	
9-Month Total	46.208	6.114	6.758	59.080	20.315	8.514	11.801	.279	58.207	6.114	6.715	71.161	
2011 9-Month Total	44.800	6.180	6.953	57.933	21.849	7.648	14.201	1.207	60.177	6.180	6.887	73.341	
2010 9-Month Total	43.283	6.354	6.082	55.718	22.750	5.962	16.788	.619	60.647	6.354	6.051	73.126	

<sup>a</sup> Coal, natural gas (dry), crude oil, and natural gas plant liquids.
 <sup>b</sup> See Tables 10.1–10.2c for notes on series components and estimation; and see Note, "Renewable Energy Production and Consumption," at end of Section 10.
 <sup>c</sup> Net imports equal imports minus exports.
 <sup>d</sup> Includes petroleum stock change and adjustments; natural gas net storage withdrawals and balancing item; coal stock change, and balancing item;

<sup>e</sup> Coal, coal coke net imports, natural gas, and petroleum.
 <sup>f</sup> Also includes electricity net imports.

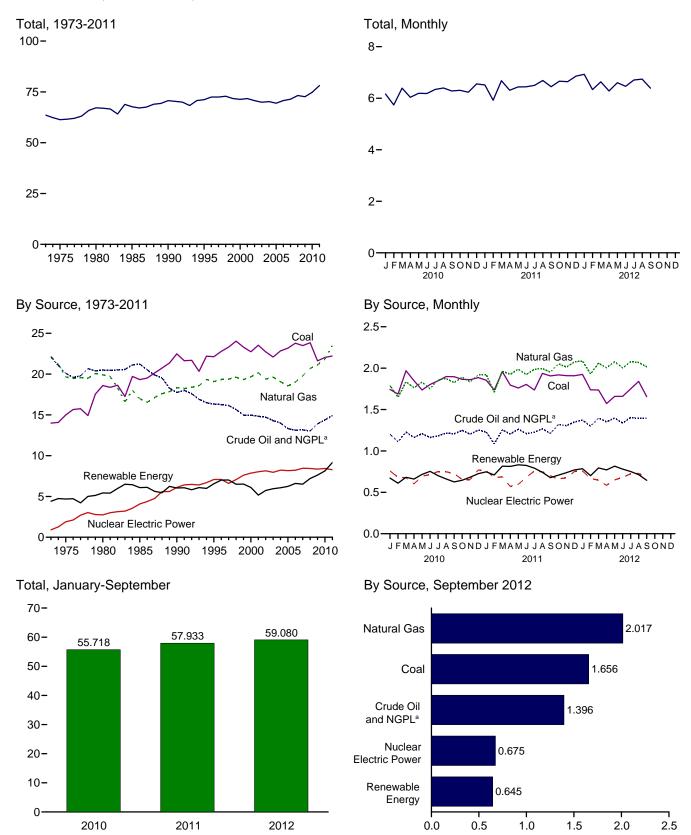
R=Revised.

Notes: • See "Primary Energy," "Primary Energy Production," and "Primary Energy Consumption," in Glossary. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#summary for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: • Production: Table 1.2. • Trade: Tables 1.4a and 1.4b. • Stock Change and Other: Calculated as consumption minus production and net imports. • Consumption: Table 1.3.

## Figure 1.2 Primary Energy Production (Quadrillion Btu)



<sup>a</sup> Natural gas plant liquids.

Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#summary. Source: Table 1.2.

## Table 1.2 Primary Energy Production by Source

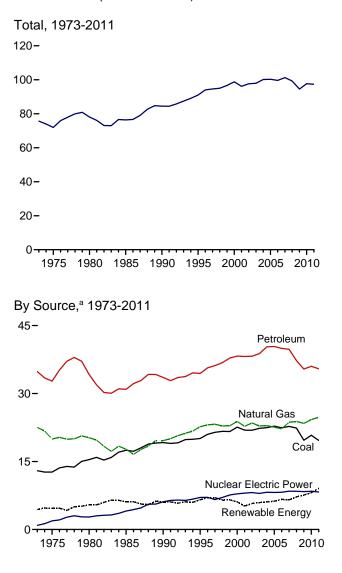
(Quadrillion Btu)

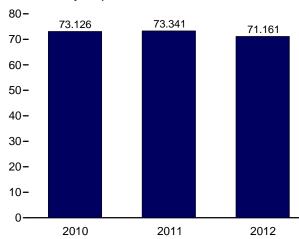
		F	ossil Fuels			Renewable Energy <sup>a</sup>							
	Coal <sup>b</sup>	Natural Gas (Dry)	Crude Oil <sup>c</sup>	NGPLd	Total	Nuclear Electric Power	Hydro- electric Power <sup>e</sup>	Geo- thermal	Solar/ PV	Wind	Bio- mass	Total	Total
1973 Total         1975 Total         1980 Total         1980 Total         1990 Total         1995 Total         1996 Total         1997 Total         1997 Total         1997 Total         1997 Total         1997 Total         1997 Total         2000 Total         2001 Total         2002 Total         2003 Total         2004 Total         2005 Total         2006 Total         2007 Total         2008 Total         2008 Total         2008 Total         2009 Total	13.992 14.989 18.598 19.325 22.488 22.130 23.310 24.045 23.295 23.295 23.547 22.732 22.094 22.852 23.185 23.790 23.493 23.851 21.624	22.187 19.640 19.908 16.980 18.326 19.344 19.394 19.613 19.341 19.662 20.166 19.382 19.633 19.074 18.556 19.022 19.786 20.703 21.139	19.493 17.729 18.249 18.992 15.571 13.723 13.658 13.235 12.451 12.358 12.282 12.160 11.948 11.538 10.978 10.772 10.748 10.615 11.332	2.569 2.374 2.254 2.4175 2.442 2.530 2.495 2.420 2.528 2.611 2.559 2.346 2.436 2.434 2.334 2.334 2.336 2.409 2.419 2.574	58.241 54.733 59.008 57.539 58.560 57.540 58.387 59.314 57.366 58.541 56.834 56.022 55.933 55.053 55.053 55.053 55.053 55.7588 56.669	0.910 1.900 2.739 4.076 6.104 7.087 7.087 7.068 7.610 7.862 8.029 8.145 7.959 8.222 8.161 8.215 8.455 8.455 8.427 8.356	2.861 3.155 2.900 3.046 3.205 3.590 3.640 3.297 3.268 2.811 2.242 2.689 2.703 2.869 2.446 2.511 2.669	0.020 .034 .053 .097 .171 .152 .163 .167 .168 .164 .164 .164 .171 .171 .178 .178 .178 .181 .181 .186 .192 .200	NA NA (s) .059 .069 .070 .069 .066 .066 .066 .063 .063 .063 .068 .068 .068 .068 .089 .098	NA NA (s) .029 .033 .034 .031 .046 .057 .070 .105 .105 .113 .264 .341 .546 .721	1.529 1.499 2.475 3.016 2.735 3.095 3.108 2.929 2.925 2.905 2.805 2.805 2.905 3.104 3.216 3.461 3.864 3.928	4.411 4.687 5.428 6.084 6.041 6.558 7.012 7.018 6.494 6.517 6.104 5.734 ₹ 5.947 ₹ 5.947 8.6.299 6.599 6.599 7.202 7.616	63.563 61.320 67.175 67.698 70.705 71.174 72.486 72.472 72.876 71.742 71.332 71.735 70.713 R 69.927 R 70.220 69.443 70.754 71.400 73.217 72.641
2010 January February April May June July August September October November December Total	1.743 1.687 1.969 1.848 1.736 1.802 1.847 1.898 1.897 1.864 1.860 1.886 <b>22.038</b>	1.790 1.648 1.835 1.763 1.832 1.751 1.859 1.874 1.826 1.833 1.920 <b>21.823</b>	.971 .901 .936 .971 .937 .955 .979 .976 1.006 .967 1.009 <b>11.598</b>	.230 .210 .236 .227 .238 .226 .227 .236 .232 .242 .235 .242 <b>2.781</b>	4.734 4.446 5.032 4.774 4.777 4.716 4.888 4.987 4.930 5.004 4.896 5.058 <b>58.241</b>	.758 .682 .676 .602 .697 .714 .752 .748 .725 .656 .655 .770 <b>8.434</b>	.218 .201 .204 .186 .245 .291 .239 .196 .168 .173 .191 .226 <b>2.539</b>	.018 .016 .018 .017 .018 .017 .018 .017 .018 .017 .017 .018 .018 .028	.010 .009 .010 .011 .011 .011 .011 .011	.067 .053 .084 .095 .085 .079 .066 .065 .069 .077 .095 .088 <b>.923</b>	.359 .332 .366 .351 .358 .355 .367 .371 .360 .369 .369 .383 <b>4.341</b>	.672 .610 .682 .661 .717 .753 .701 .662 .626 .646 .646 .646 .682 .726 <b>8.136</b>	6.164 5.738 6.389 6.036 6.191 6.182 6.341 6.396 6.280 6.306 6.233 6.554 <b>74.812</b>
2011 January February April May June July August September October December December Total	R 1.854 R 1.736 R 1.958 1.795 R 1.760 R 1.804 1.736 1.937 R 1.907 R 1.909 R 1.908 R 1.908 R 22.221	E 1.922 E 1.711 E 1.963 E 1.925 E 1.988 E 1.923 E 1.987 E 1.994 E 1.952 E 2.052 E 2.014 E 2.075 E <b>23.506</b>	R 989 R .879 R 1.004 R .964 R .964 R .975 R 1.014 R .972 R 1.057 R 1.045 R 1.045 R 1.045	.241 .207 .250 .241 .254 .251 .254 .239 .263 .261 .268 <b>2.970</b>	5.005 R 4.532 R 5.175 R 4.925 5.009 4.936 R 4.949 R 5.199 R 5.199 R 5.070 R 5.291 R 5.229 R 5.333 R 60.653	.761 .678 .571 .597 .683 .757 .746 .700 .663 .675 .752 <b>8.269</b>	.248 .234 .303 .317 .317 .304 .250 .208 .192 .201 .231 <b>3.103</b>	.019 .017 .018 .017 .018 .017 .018 .018 .018 .018 .018 .018 .018	.012 .013 .013 .014 .014 .014 .014 .014 .013 .013 .013 .013 .013	.083 .102 .121 .114 .107 .073 .073 .067 .102 .121 .104 <b>1.168</b>	.385 .346 .380 .359 .369 .375 .384 .387 .372 .382 .386 .405 <b>4.527</b>	.747 .710 .816 .813 .832 .824 .792 .742 .677 .708 .738 .738 .770 <b>9.169</b>	6.514 <sup>R</sup> 5.920 <sup>R</sup> 6.678 <sup>R</sup> 6.309 6.438 6.443 <sup>R</sup> 6.498 <sup>R</sup> 6.687 <sup>R</sup> 6.462 <sup>R</sup> 6.662 <sup>R</sup> 6.661 <sup>R</sup> 6.855 <sup>R</sup> <b>78.091</b>
2012 January February March April June July August September 9-Month Total 2011 9-Month Total 2010 9-Month Total	R 1.925 R 1.738 R 1.736 R 1.572 1.658 R 1.660 R 1.750 R 1.841 1.656 <b>15.534</b> <b>16.486</b> <b>16.427</b>	E 2.087 E 1.930 E 2.060 E 2.005 E 2.078 E 2.079 RE 2.069 E 2.017 E 18.327 E 17.365 16.178	RE 1.103 RE 1.044 E 1.127 RE 1.089 RE 1.128 RE 1.079 RE 1.139 RE 1.122 E 1.122 E 1.126 E <b>9.957</b> <b>8.773</b> <b>8.616</b>	.270 .254 .270 .262 .270 .257 .264 .269 .271 <b>2.390</b> <b>2.177</b> <b>2.062</b>	R 5.385 R 4.967 R 5.194 R 4.928 R 5.134 R 4.999 R 5.232 R 5.301 5.069 <b>46.208</b> <b>44.800</b> <b>43.283</b>	.757 .668 .646 .585 .650 .682 .723 .728 .675 <b>6.114</b> <b>6.180</b> <b>6.354</b>	.227 .198 .250 .254 .277 .259 .260 .225 .171 <b>2.120</b> <b>2.479</b> <b>1.949</b>	.019 .018 .019 .019 .019 .019 .019 .019 .019 .019	.015 .017 .017 .019 .019 .019 .019 .018 <b>.159</b> .095	.134 .108 .135 .124 .122 .116 .085 .081 .084 <b>.990</b> .841 .662	.390 .362 .373 .356 .378 .368 .368 .370 .353 <b>3.319</b> <b>3.355</b> <b>3.220</b>	.785 .701 .795 .770 .816 .780 .751 .713 .645 <b>6.758</b> 6.953 6.082	R 6.927 R 6.336 R 6.634 R 6.634 R 6.638 R 6.600 R 6.461 R 6.706 R 6.743 6.389 <b>59.080</b> <b>57.933</b> <b>55.718</b>

<sup>a</sup> Most data are estimates. See Tables 10.1–10.2c for notes on series components and estimation; and see Note, "Renewable Energy Production and Consumption," at end of Section 10.
 <sup>b</sup> Beginning in 1989, includes waste coal supplied. Beginning in 2001, also includes a small amount of refuse recovery. See Table 6.1.
 <sup>c</sup> Includes lease condensate.
 <sup>d</sup> Natural gas plant liquids.
 <sup>e</sup> Conventional hydroelectric power. R=Revised. E=Estimate. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • See "Primary Energy Production" in Glossary. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#summary for all available data beginning in 1973. Sources: • Coal: Tables 6.1 and A5. • Natural Gas (Dry): Tables 4.1 and A4. • Crude Oil and Natural Gas Plant Liquids: Tables 3.1 and A2. • Nuclear Electric Power: Tables 7.2a and A6 ("Nuclear Plants" heat rate). • Renewable Energy: Table 10.1.

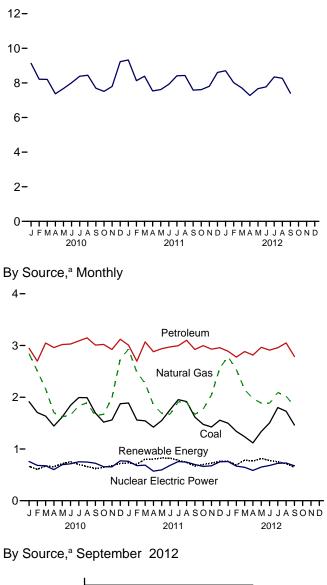
## Figure 1.3 Primary Energy Consumption (Quadrillion Btu)



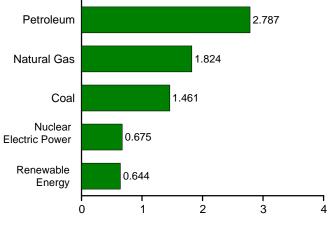


Total, January-September

<sup>a</sup> Small quantities of net imports of coal coke and electricity are not shown. Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#summary. Source: Table 1.3.



Total, Monthly



## Table 1.3 Primary Energy Consumption by Source

(Quadrillion Btu)

		Fossil	Fuels					Renewable	e Energy <sup>a</sup>			
	Coal	Natural Gas <sup>b</sup>	Petro- leum <sup>c</sup>	Total <sup>d</sup>	Nuclear Electric Power	Hydro- electric Power <sup>e</sup>	Geo- thermal	Solar/ PV	Wind	Bio- mass	Total	Total <sup>f</sup>
1973 Total	12.971	22.512	34.837	70.314	0.910	2.861	0.020	NA	NA	1.529	4.411	75.684
1975 Total	12.663	19.948	32.732	65.357	1.900	3.155	.034	NA	NA	1.499	4.687	71.965
1980 Total	15.423	20.235	34.205	69.828	2.739	2.900	.053	NA	NA	2.475	5.428	78.067
1985 Total	17.478	17.703	30.925	66.093	4.076	2.970	.097	(s)	(s)	3.016	6.084	76.392
1990 Total	19.173	19.603	33.552	72.332	6.104	3.046	.171	.059	.029	2.735	6.041	84.485
1995 Total 1996 Total	20.089 21.002	22.671 23.085	34.438 35.675	77.259 79.785	7.075 7.087	3.205 3.590	.152 .163	.069 .070	.033 .033	3.101 3.157	6.560 7.014	91.029 94.022
1997 Total	21.445	23.223	36.159	80.873	6.597	3.640	.167	.070	.033	3.105	7.014	94.6022
1998 Total	21.656	22.830	36.816	81.369	7.068	3.297	.168	.069	.031	2.927	6.493	95.018
1999 Total	21.623	22.909	37.838	82.427	7.610	3.268	.171	.068	.046	2.963	6.516	96.652
2000 Total	22.580	23.824	38.262	84.731	7.862	2.811	.164	.066	.057	3.008	6.106	98.814
2001 Total	21.914	22.773	38.186	82.902	8.029	2.242	.164	.064	.070	2.622	5.163	96.168
2002 Total	21.904	23.510	38.224	83.699	8.145	2.689 B 2.702	.171 R 173	.063	.105 B 112	2.701	5.729	97.645 B 07.042
2003 Total	22.321 22.466	22.831 22.923	38.811 40.292	84.014 85.819	7.959 8.222	<sup>R</sup> 2.793 <sup>R</sup> 2.688	<sup>R</sup> .173 .178	.062 .063	<sup>R</sup> .113 .142	2.807 3.010	<sup>R</sup> 5.948 <sup>R</sup> 6.081	<sup>R</sup> 97.943 <sup>R</sup> 100.160
2004 Total 2005 Total	22.400	22.923	40.292	85.794	8.161	2.703	.176	.063	.142	3.117	6.242	100.180
2006 Total	22.447	22.239	39.955	84.702	8.215	2.869	.181	.068	.264	3.267	6.649	99.629
2007 Total	22.749	23.663	39.774	86.211	8.455	2.446	.186	.076	.341	3.474	6.523	101.296
2008 Total	22.385	23.843	37.280	83.549	8.427	2.511	.192	.089	.546	3.849	7.186	99.275
2009 Total	19.692	23.416	35.403	78.488	8.356	2.669	.200	.098	.721	3.912	7.600	94.559
2010 January	1.913	2.841	2.947	7.697	.758	.218	.018	.010	.067	.349	.662	9.132
February	1.705	2.507	2.698	6.914	.682	.201	.016	.009	.053	.326	.605	8.213
March	1.635 1.443	2.160 1.700	3.048 2.960	6.846 6.104	.676 .602	.204 .186	.018 .017	.010 .010	.084 .095	.357 .348	.673 .657	8.205 7.372
April May	1.617	1.622	3.020	6.261	.697	.100	.017	.010	.095	.346	.715	7.677
June	1.844	1.656	3.029	6.530	.714	.291	.017	.011	.079	.357	.755	8.007
July	1.994	1.836	3.089	6.920	.752	.239	.017	.011	.066	.368	.701	8.382
August	1.991	1.890	3.148	7.030	.748	.196	.018	.011	.065	.370	.660	8.444
September	1.693	1.644	3.008	6.344	.725	.168	.017	.011	.069	.357	.622	7.694
October	1.519	1.671	3.020	6.208	.656	.173	.017	.010	.077	.366	.643	7.509
November	1.560	1.986	2.923	6.464	.655	.191	.017	.010	.095	.363	.676	7.797
December Total	1.875 <b>20.791</b>	2.741 <b>24.256</b>	3.120 <b>36.010</b>	7.732 <b>81.051</b>	.770 <b>8.434</b>	.226 <b>2.539</b>	.018 <b>.208</b>	.010 <b>.126</b>	.088 <b>.923</b>	.377 <b>4.294</b>	.720 <b>8.090</b>	9.231 <b>97.664</b>
2011 January	<sup>R</sup> 1.888	2.930	3.006	<sup>R</sup> 7.824	.761	.248	.019	.012	.083	.369	.731	<sup>R</sup> 9.326
February	<sup>R</sup> 1.560	2.483	2.696	<sup>R</sup> 6.740	.678	.240	.017	.012	.102	.339	.703	<sup>R</sup> 8.129
March	<sup>R</sup> 1.544	2.268	3.070	<sup>R</sup> 6.884	.687	.303	.018	.013	.102	.369	.805	<sup>R</sup> 8.385
April	<sup>R</sup> 1.421	1.853	2.879	<sup>R</sup> 6.154	.571	.303	.017	.013	.121	.349	.804	<sup>R</sup> 7.536
May	<sup>R</sup> 1.551	1.688	2.938	<sup>R</sup> 6.179	.597	.317	.018	.014	.114	.363	.826	<sup>R</sup> 7.614
June	<sup>R</sup> 1.758	1.672	2.973	<sup>R</sup> 6.404	.683	.312	.017	.014	.107	.374	.824	<sup>R</sup> 7.922
July	<sup>R</sup> 1.953 <sup>R</sup> 1.917	1.909 1.906	2.995 3.101	<sup>R</sup> 6.857 <sup>R</sup> 6.928	.757 .746	.304 .250	.018 .018	.014 .014	.073 .073	.374 .386	.782 .741	<sup>R</sup> 8.412 <sup>R</sup> 8.431
August September	<sup>R</sup> 1.614	1.668	2.923	<sup>R</sup> 6.205	.746	.250	.018	.014	.073	.386	.741	<sup>R</sup> 7.585
October	<sup>R</sup> 1.475	1.769	2.923	<sup>R</sup> 6.242	.663	.192	.017	.013	.102	.373	.699	<sup>R</sup> 7.613
November	<sup>R</sup> 1.425	2.045	2.929	<sup>R</sup> 6.398	.675	.201	.018	.013	.121	.375	.727	<sup>R</sup> 7.807
December	<sup>R</sup> 1.556	2.565	2.957	<sup>R</sup> 7.080	.752	.231	.018	.013	.104	.395	.760	<sup>R</sup> 8.604
Total	<sup>R</sup> 19.663	24.757	35.465	<sup>R</sup> 79.896	8.269	3.103	.213	.158	1.168	4.432	9.073	<sup>R</sup> 97.365
2012 January	<sup>R</sup> 1.497	2.784	2.889	<sup>R</sup> 7.172	.757	.227	.019	.015	.134	.367	.763	<sup>R</sup> 8.703
February	R 1.340	2.533	2.776	<sup>R</sup> 6.650	.668	.198	.018	.015	.108	.351	.690	<sup>R</sup> 8.017
March	<sup>R</sup> 1.236 <sup>R</sup> 1.117	2.145	2.883	<sup>R</sup> 6.267	.646	.250	.019	.017	.135	.365	.786	<sup>R</sup> 7.710
April Mav	<sup>►</sup> 1.117 <sup>R</sup> 1.336	1.973 1.887	2.815 2.964	<sup>R</sup> 5.911 <sup>R</sup> 6.188	.585 .650	.254 .277	.018 .019	.017 .019	.124 .122	.353 .378	.767 .816	<sup>R</sup> 7.275 <sup>R</sup> 7.668
May June	<sup>R</sup> 1.503	1.883	2.964	<sup>R</sup> 6.297	.650	.277	.019	.019	.122	.376	.010	<sup>R</sup> 7.772
July	<sup>R</sup> 1.801	2.092	2.957	<sup>R</sup> 6.849	.723	.260	.019	.019	.085	.369	.753	<sup>R</sup> 8.345
August	<sup>R</sup> 1.729	2.020	3.050	<sup>R</sup> 6.800	.728	.225	.019	.019	.081	.375	.719	<sup>R</sup> 8.266
September	1.461	1.824	2.787	6.072	.675	.171	.019	.018	.084	.352	.644	7.404
9-Month Total	13.023	19.142	26.033	58.207	6.114	2.120	.169	.159	.990	3.277	6.715	71.161
2011 9-Month Total	15.206	18.378	26.582	60.177	6.180	2.479	.159	.119	.841	3.289	6.887	73.341
2010 9-Month Total	15.836	17.858	26.946	60.647	6.354	1.949	.156	.095	.662	3.188	6.051	73.126

<sup>a</sup> Most data are estimates. See Tables 10.1–10.2c for notes on series components and estimation; and see Note, "Renewable Energy Production and Consumption," at end of Section 10.
 <sup>b</sup> Natural gas only; excludes supplemental gaseous fuels. See Note 3, "Supplemental Gaseous Fuels," at end of Section 4.
 <sup>c</sup> Petroleum products supplied, including natural gas plant liquids and crude oil burned as fuel. Does not include biofuels that have been blended with petroleum—biofuels are included in "Biomass."
 <sup>d</sup> Includes coal coke net imports. See Tables 1.4a and 1.4b.

<sup>e</sup> Conventional hydroelectric power.
 <sup>f</sup> Includes coal coke net imports and electricity net imports, which are not

separately displayed. See Tables 1.4a and 1.4b. R=Revised. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu. Notes:

See
"Primary Energy Consumption" in Glossary.

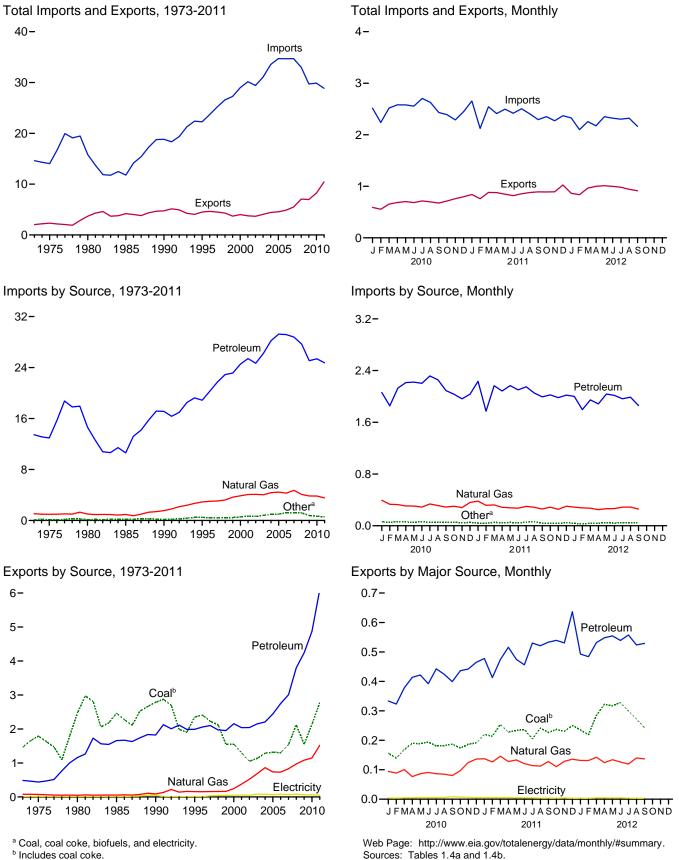
Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#summary for all available data beginning in 1973. Sources:

Coal: Tables 6.1 and A5.
Natural Gas: Tables 4.1 and A4.

Petroleum: Table 3.6.
Nuclear Electric Power: Tables 7.2 and A6 ("Nuclear Plants" heat rate).
Renewable Energy: Table 10.1.
Net Imports of Coal Coke and Electricity: Tables 1.4a and 1.4b.

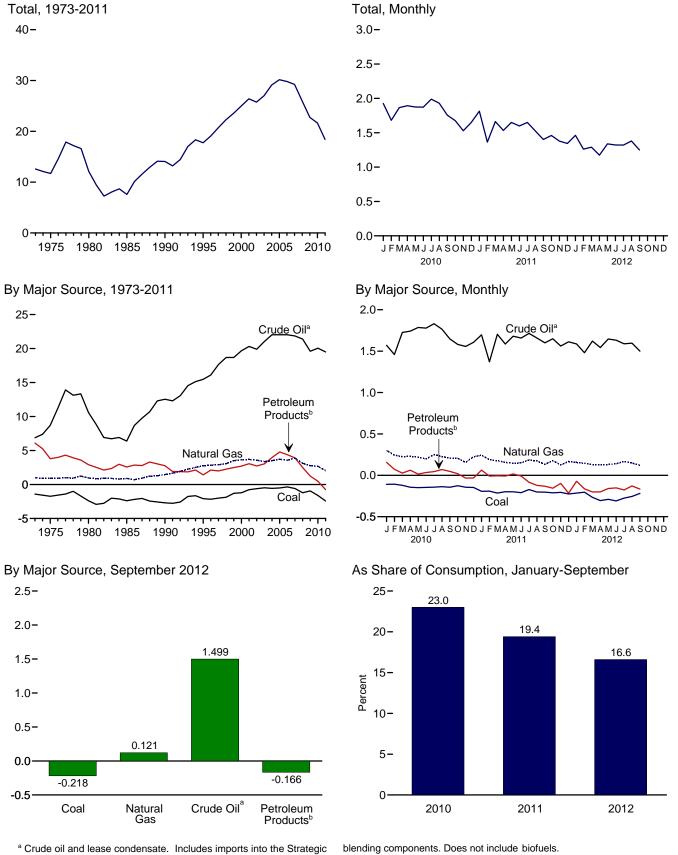
## Figure 1.4a Primary Energy Imports and Exports

(Quadrillion Btu)



## Figure 1.4b Primary Energy Net Imports

(Quadrillion Btu, Except as noted)



Petroleum Reserve, which began in 1977.

<sup>b</sup> Petroleum products, unfinished oils, pentanes plus, and gasoline

blending components. Does not include biofuels.

Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#summary. Sources: Tables 1.3, 1.4a, and 1.4b.

## Table 1.4a Primary Energy Imports by Source

(Quadrillion Btu)

					Imports		1		
					Petroleum				
	Coal	Coal Coke	Natural Gas	Crude Oil <sup>a</sup>	Petroleum Products <sup>b</sup>	Total	Biofuelsc	Electricity	Total
973 Total	0.003	0.027	1.060	6.887	6.578	13.466	NA	0.057	14.613
975 Total	.024	.045	.978	8.721	4.227	12.948	NA	.038	14.032
980 Total	.030	.016	1.006	11.195	3.463	14.658	NA	.085	15.796
985 Total	.049	.014	.952	6.814	3.796	10.609	NA	.157	11.781
990 Total	.067	.019	1.551	12.766	4.351	17.117	NA	.063	18.817
95 Total	.237	.095	2.901	15.669	3.211	18.881	.001	.146	22.260
96 Total	.203	.063	3.002	16.341	3.943	20.284	.001	.148	23.702
97 Total	.187	.078	3.063	17.876	3.864	21.740	(s)	.147	25.215
98 Total	.218	.095	3.225	18.916	3.992	22.908	(s)	.135	26.581
999 Total	.227	.080	3.664	18.935	4.198	23.133	(s)	.147	27.252
00 Total	.313	.094	3.869	19.783	4.749	24.531	(s)	.166	28.973
001 Total	.495	.063	4.068	20.348	5.051	25.398	.002	.131	30.157
002 Total	.422	.080	4.104	19.920	4.754	24.674	.002	.125	29.408
003 Total	.626	.068	4.042	21.060	5.159	26.219	.002	.104	31.061
004 Total	.682	.170	4.365	22.082	6.114	28.197	.013	.117	33.544
005 Total	.762	.088	4.450	22.091	7.157	29.248	.012	.150	34.709
006 Total	.906	.101	4.291	22.085	7.084	29.169	.066	.146	34.679
007 Total 008 Total	.909 .855	.061 .089	4.723 4.084	21.914 21.448	6.868 6.237	28.781 27.685	.054 .084	.175 .195	34.703 32.992
009 Total	.566	.009	3.845	19.699	5.383	25.082	.026	.195	29.706
10 January	.042	.001	.394	1.577	.483	2.060	.001	.018	2.516
February	.031	.005	.332	1.469	.384	1.853	(s)	.015	2.237
March	.047	.003	.327	1.734	.393	2.127	.001	.015	2.519
April	.045	.001	.306	1.747	.466	2.214	(s)	.013	2.580
May	.037	.005	.305	1.793	.428	2.221	.001	.010	2.578
June	.044	.005	.289	1.784	.419	2.203	(s)	.014	2.556
July	.035 .043	.003 .003	.337 .313	1.844 1.772	.472 .484	2.316 2.256	(s)	.015 .012	2.705 2.627
August	.043	.003	.313	1.658	.484 .432	2.256	(s)	.012	2.627
September October	.040	.002	.289	1.585	.432	2.090	(s)	.010	2.431
November	.044	(s)	.280	1.563	.440	1.963	(s) (s)	.009	2.390
December	.039	(s)	.260	1.614	.400	2.034	(s)	.003	2.203
Total	.484	.030	3.834	20.140	5.231	25.371	.004	.154	29.877
011 January	.025	.001	.380	1.710	.523	2.233	(s)	.015	2.655
February	.021	.002	.316	1.377	.394	1.771	(s)	.013	2.122
March	.038	.004	.322	1.710	.455	2.166	(s)	.014	2.543
April	.028	.001	.285	1.593	.490	2.084	(s)	.013	2.412
May	.033	.004	.277	1.687	.479	2.166	(s)	.017	2.497
June	.024	.004	.272	1.665	.436	2.101	.001	.015	2.417
July	.030	.003	.300	1.728	.422	2.150	.001	.021	2.505
August	.039	.005	.286	1.664	.389	2.053	.002	.019	2.405
September	.021	.003	.260	1.607	.386	1.993	.003	.014	2.294
October	.023	.002	.288	1.659	.364	2.023	.002	.013	2.351
November	.020	.002	.254	1.572	.409	1.981	.003	.012	2.272
December	.024	.004	.303	1.622	.397	2.019	.005	.015	2.370
Total	.327	.035	3.542	19.595	5.145	24.740	.019	.178	28.842
12 January	.020	.003	.288	1.597	.405	2.001	(s)	.014	2.326
February	.013	.002	.276	1.491	.304	1.795	(s)	.012	2.099
March	.017	.004	.272	1.633	.313	1.946	.002	.014	2.255
April	.016	.007	.249	1.549	.336	1.885	.001	.017	2.174
May	.025	.004	.265	1.659	.378	2.037	.002	.019	2.350
June	.018	.001	.266	1.640	.375	2.015	.003	.018	2.321
July	.022	.001	.288	1.603	.361	1.964	.004	.023	2.303
August	.017	.001	.288 .258	1.608	.380	1.988	.007	.022	2.322
September 9-Month Total	.021 <b>.169</b>	.002 .024	.258 <b>2.449</b>	1.510 <b>14.288</b>	.349 <b>3.202</b>	1.859 <b>17.490</b>	.007 <b>.026</b>	.017 <b>.156</b>	2.164 <b>20.315</b>
11 9-Month Total 10 9-Month Total	.260 .364	.028 .028	2.698 2.892	14.741 15.377	3.975 3.963	18.716 19.340	.009 .004	.139 .123	21.849 22.750

<sup>a</sup> Crude oil and lease condensate. Includes imports into the Strategic Petroleum Reserve, which began in 1977. <sup>b</sup> Petroleum products, unfinished oils, pentanes plus, and gasoline blending

Periotekin products, unimission ons, periates plus, and gasoline bending components. Does not include biofuels.
 <sup>c</sup> Fuel ethanol (minus denaturant) and biodiesel.
 NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.
 Notes: • See "Primary Energy" in Glossary. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
 Web Page: See thtt://www.eia.gov/totalenergv/data/monthly/ttsummany.for.all

Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#summary for all

available data beginning in 1973. Sources: • Coal: Tables 6.1 and A5. • Coal Coke: 1973-1975—U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Mines, *Minerals Yearbook*, "Coke and Coal Chemicals" chapter. 1976-1980—U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Energy Data Report*, "Coke and Coal Chemicals," annual reports. 1981 forward—EIA, *Quarterly Coal Report*, quarterly reports and Table A5. • Natural Gas: Tables 4.1 and A4. • Crude Oil and Petroleum Products: Tables 3.3b, 10.3, 10.4, and A2. • Biofuels: Tables 10.3, 10.4 and A3. • Electricity: Tables 7.1 and A6.

## Table 1.4b Primary Energy Exports by Source and Total Net Imports

(Quadrillion Btu)

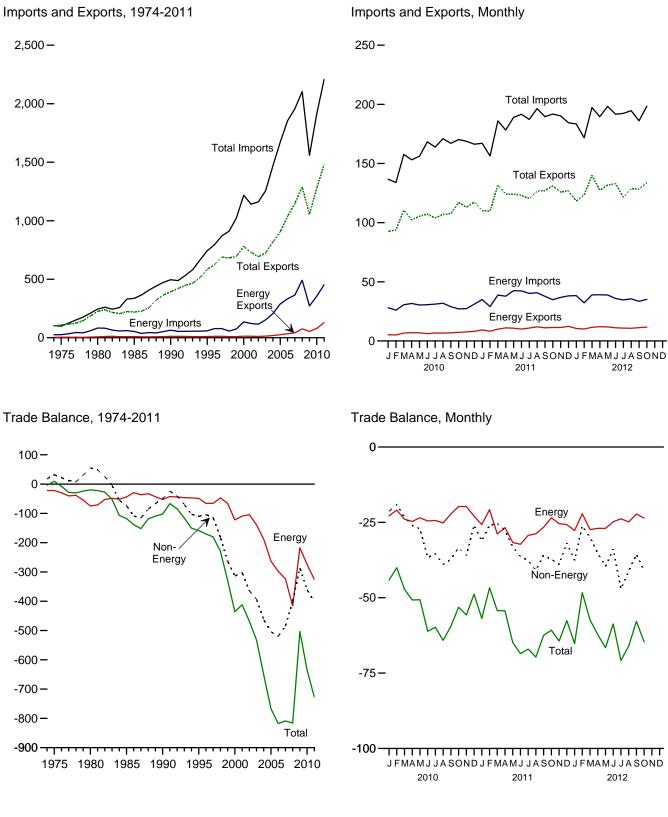
					Exports					Net Imports <sup>a</sup>
					Petroleum					
	Coal	Coal Coke	Natural Gas	Crude Oil <sup>b</sup>	Petroleum Products <sup>c</sup>	Total	Biofuelsd	Electricity	Total	Total
1973 Total		0.035	0.079	0.004	0.482	0.486	NA	0.009	2.033	12.580
1975 Total	1.761	.032	.074	.012	.427	.439	NA	.017	2.323	11.709
1980 Total	2.421	.051	.049	.609	.551	1.160	NA	.014	3.695	12.101
1985 Total	2.438 2.772	.028 .014	.056 .087	.432 .230	1.225 1.594	1.657 1.824	NA NA	.017 .055	4.196 4.752	7.584
1990 Total 1995 Total	2.318	.014	.156	.230	1.791	1.024	NA	.055	4.752	17.750
1996 Total	2.368	.040	.155	.233	1.825	2.059	NA	.012	4.633	19.069
1997 Total	2.193	.031	.159	.228	1.872	2.100	NA	.031	4.514	20.701
1998 Total		.028	.161	.233	1.740	1.972	NA	.047	4.299	22.281
1999 Total		.022	.164	.250	1.705	1.955	NA	.049	3.715	23.537
2000 Total		.028	.245	.106	2.048	2.154	NA	.051	4.006	24.967
2001 Total		.033	.377	.043	1.996	2.039	(s)	.056	3.771	26.386
2002 Total		.020	.520	.019	2.023	2.042	(s)	.054	3.669	25.739
2003 Total		.018	.686	.026	2.124	2.151	.001	.082	4.054	27.007
2004 Total 2005 Total	1.253 1.273	.033 .043	.862 .735	.057 .067	2.151 2.374	2.208 2.442	.001 .001	.078 .065	4.434 4.560	29.110 30.149
2005 Total	1.273	.043	.735	.067	2.699	2.442	.001	.083	4.560	29.806
2006 Total		.040	.830	.052	2.949	3.007	.004	.083	4.072 5.482	29.000
2008 Total		.030	.972	.061	3.739	3.800	.086	.083	7.060	25.932
2009 Total	1.515	.032	1.082	.093	4.147	4.240	.034	.062	6.965	22.741
2010 January		.006	.094	.006	.327	.332	.003	.004	.590	1.926
February	.138	.001	.089	.009	.312	.321	.003	.003	.556	1.681
March		(s)	.100	.008	.366	.374	.006	.004	.654	1.865
April		.001	.077	.006	.404	.411	.005	.004	.686	1.894
May	.186 .190	.003 .004	.086 .091	.007 .005	.414 .385	.420 .391	.003 .003	.006 .005	.704 .684	1.874 1.872
June July	.178	.004	.091	.005	.365 .428	.391	.003	.005	.004	1.989
August		.003	.085	.012	.420	.440	.003	.005	.698	1.929
September	.184	.002	.080	.011	.385	.396	.004	.008	.675	1.757
October		.003	.097	.004	.429	.433	.004	.007	.714	1.676
November	.180	.006	.125	.006	.433	.439	.004	.006	.760	1.529
December		.005	.136	.007	.452	.459	.007	.005	.797	1.650
Total	2.101	.036	1.147	.088	4.750	4.838	.046	.065	8.234	21.643
2011 January		.001	.137	.013	.460	.473	.006	.005	.841	1.814
February March		.002 .001	.126 .146	.005 .007	.403 .461	.408 .467	.005 .008	.005 .005	.759 .880	1.363 1.663
April		.001	.146	.007	.461	.467	.008	.005	.880 .878	1.663
May		.001	.133	.007	.462	.469	.007	.003	.847	1.650
June		.002	.133	.006	.444	.451	.006	.004	.818	1.599
July		.003	.114	.013	.506	.520	.011	.004	.854	1.651
August	.241	.001	.112	.006	.511	.517	.005	.003	.879	1.526
September	.224	.003	.128	.006	.518	.524	.010	.003	.892	1.402
October		.002	.110	.009	.520	.529	.011	.003	.891	1.460
November		.004	.129	.011	.507	.518	.013	.004	.894	1.378
December Total		.001 <b>.024</b>	.136 <b>1.521</b>	.010 <b>.100</b>	.613 <b>5.904</b>	.622 <b>6.004</b>	.014 <b>.108</b>	.003 <b>.051</b>	1.026 <b>10.458</b>	1.344 18.384
2012 January	.234	.001	.132	.010	.476	.487	.008	.003	.864	1.462
February	.217	.002	.131	.010	.468	.478	.007	.003	.838	1.262
March	.284	.002	.142	.011	.514	.525	.008	.004	.964	1.291
April	.321	.001	.124	.006	.536	.542	.007	.004	1.000	1.174
May	.314	.003	.134	.012	.537	.550	.006	.004	1.012	1.339
June		.001	.126	.008	.526	.534	.007	.004	.999	1.322
July		.001	.119	.014	.538	.552	.007	.003	.982	R 1.321
August		.001	.140	.011	.509	.520	.006	.003	.941	1.381
September 9-Month Total		.003 <b>.015</b>	.137 <b>1.187</b>	.010 <b>.092</b>	.515 <b>4.620</b>	.525 <b>4.712</b>	.006 .062	.003 .032	.914 <b>8.514</b>	1.250 11.801
2011 9-Month Total	2.041	.017	1.146	.070	4.264	4.334	.069	.041	7.648	14.201
2010 9-Month Total		.017	.789	.070	3.436	4.334	.033	.041	5.962	16.788

<sup>a</sup> Net imports equal imports minus exports.
 <sup>b</sup> Crude oil and lease condensate.
 <sup>c</sup> Petroleum products, unfinished oils, pentanes plus, and gasoline blending components. Does not include biofuels.
 <sup>d</sup> Through 2010, data are for biodiesel only. Beginning in 2011, data are for fuel ethanol (minus denaturant) and biodiesel.

R=Revised. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu. Notes: • See "Primary Energy" in Glossary. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#summary for all available data beginning in 1973.
Sources: • Coal: Tables 6.1 and A5. • Coal Coke: 1973-1975—U.S.
Department of the Interior, Bureau of Mines, *Minerals Yearbook*, "Coke and Coal Chemicals" chapter. 1976-1980—U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Energy Data Report*, "Coke and Coal Chemicals," annual reports. 1981 forward—EIA, *Quarterly Coal Report*, quarterly reports and Table A5.
Natural Gas: Tables 4.1 and A4. • Crude Oil and Petroleum Products: Tables 3.3b, 10.4, and A2.
Electricity: Tables 7.1 and A6.

## Figure 1.5 Merchandise Trade Value (Billion Dollars<sup>a</sup>)



<sup>a</sup> Prices are not adjusted for inflation. See "Nominal Dollars" in Glossary. http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#summary. Source: Table 1.5.

## Table 1.5 Merchandise Trade Value

(Million Dollars<sup>a</sup>)

		Petroleumb	)		Energy <sup>c</sup>		Non- Energy	I	otal Merchandis	e
	Exports	Imports	Balance	Exports	Imports	Balance	Balance	Exports	Imports	Balance
974 Total	792	24.668	-23.876	3.444	25.454	-22.010	18.126	99.437	103.321	-3.884
975 Total	907	25,197	-24,289	4,470	26,476	-22,006	31,557	108,856	99,305	9,551
980 Total	2,833	78,637	-75,803	7,982	82,924	-74,942	55,246	225,566	245,262	-19,696
985 Total	4,707	50,475	-45,768	9,971	53,917	-43,946	-73,765	218,815	336,526	-117,712
990 Total	6.901	61,583	-54.682	12.233	64.661	-52,428	-50.068	393,592	496.088	-102,496
995 Total	6,321	54,368	-48,047	10,358	59,109	-48,751	-110,050	584,742	743,543	-158,801
996 Total	7,984	72,022	-64,038	12,181	78,086	-65,905	-104,309	625,075	795,289	-170,214
997 Total	8,592	71,152	-62,560	12,682	78,277	-65,595	-114,927	689,182	869,704	-180,522
998 Total	6,574	50,264	-43,690	10,251	57,323	-47,072	-182,686	682,138	911,896	-229,758
999 Total	7,118	67,173	-60,055	9,880	75,803	-65,923	-262,898	695,797	1,024,618	-328,821
000 Total	10,192	119,251	-109,059	13,179	135,367	-122,188	-313,916	781,918	1,218,022	-436,104
001 Total	8,868	102,747	-93,879	12,494	121,923	-109,429	-302,470	729,100	1,140,999	-411,899
002 Total	8,569	102,663	-94,094	11,541	115,748	-104,207	-364,056	693,103	1,161,366	-468,263
003 Total	10,209	132,433	-122,224	13,768	153,298	-139,530	-392,820	724,771	1,257,121	-532,350
004 Total	13,130	179,266	-166,136	18,642	206,660	-188,018	-462,912	818,775	1,469,704	-650,930
005 Total	19,155	250,068	-230,913	26,488	289,723	-263,235	-504,242	905,978	1,673,455	-767,477
006 Total	28,171	299,714	-271,543	34,711	332,500	-297,789	-519,515	1,036,635	1,853,938	-817,304
007 Total	33,293	327,620	-294,327	41,725	364,987	-323,262	-485,501	1,148,199	1,956,962	-808,763
008 Total 009 Total	61,695 44,509	449,847 251,833	-388,152 -207,324	76,075 54,536	491,885 271,739	-415,810 -217,203	-400,389 -286,379	1,287,442 1,056,043	2,103,641 1,559,625	-816,199 -503,582
010 January	4,083	25,234	-21,151	5,236	28,075	-22,839	-21,285	92,601	136,725	-44,124
February	4,003	23,666	-19,663	5,115	26,018	-20,903	-19,141	93,854	133,898	-40,044
March	5,348	28,549	-23,201	6,667	30,613	-23,946	-23,271	110,511	157,728	-47,217
April	5,680	30,016	-24,336	6,970	31,657	-24,687	-26,034	102,443	153,163	-50,721
May	5,484	28,733	-23,249	6,887	30,369	-23,482	-27,165	105,477	156,124	-50,647
June	4,798	29.011	-24.213	6,170	30,698	-24,528	-36,592	107,202	168,321	-61,120
July	5,505	29,218	-23,713	6,760	31,113	-24,353	-35,451	104,057	163,861	-59,804
August	5,346	30,130	-24,784	6,744	31,907	-25,163	-38,957	106,846	170,966	-64,120
September	5,482	27,479	-21,997	6,802	28,992	-22,190	-37,244	107,644	167,078	-59,434
October	6,084	25,556	-19,472	7,318	27,056	-19,738	-33,397	117,104	170,239	-53,135
November	6,272	25,982	-19,710	7,610	27,363	-19,753	-35,966	113,046	168,765	-55,719
December	6,694	29,892	-23,198	8,182	31,107	-22,925	-25,888	117,480	166,293	-48,813
Total	64,778	333,465	-268,687	80,460	354,968	-274,508	-360,389	1,278,263	1,913,160	-634,897
011 January	7,446	33,050	-25,604	9,275	35,010	-25,735	-31,134	110,179	167,048	-56,869
February	6,604	27,551	-20,947	8,291	29,062	-20,771	-25,897	109,647	156,315	-46,668
March	7,841	37,096	-29,255	9,958	38,763	-28,805	-25,442 -27,589	131,728	185,975	-54,247
April	9,016 8,767	36,457 41,002	-27,441 -32,235	11,059 10,795	37,803 42,470	-26,744 -31,675	-27,589 -33,171	123,959 124,107	178,293 188,953	-54,333 -64,846
May	8.032	40.872	-32,235	10,795	42,470	-32,266	-36.274	123.039		-68.540
June July	8,032 9,069	40,872 38,622	-32,840 -29,553	10,039	42,305 40,224	-32,200 -29,322	-36,274 -37,702	120,239	191,579 187,263	-66,540
August	9,009	39,063	-29,555	11,940	40,224	-29,322 -28,792	-40,896	126,633	196,321	-69,688
September	9,912	36,467	-29,151	11,141	37,741	-26,600	-35,855	120,033	189,562	-62,455
October	9,573	33,467	-23,894	11,410	34,857	-23,447	-37,306	131,058	191,811	-60,753
November	9,533	35,665	-26,132	11,401	36,821	-25,420	-38.944	125.899	190.263	-64,364
December	10,501	36,831	-26,330	12,353	38,083	-25,730	-31,876	126,837	184,443	-57,606
Total	105,499	436,145	-330,646	128,564	453,872	-325,308	-402,084	1,480,432	2,207,824	-727,392
012 January	8,730	37,044	-28,314	10,606	38,290	-27,684	-37,519	118,209	183,411	-65,203
February	8,605	31,171	-22,566	10,124	32,250	-22,126	-26,181	123,428	171,735	-48,307
March	9,709	37,933	-28,224	11,552	38,937	-27,385	-29,974	139,965	197,324	-57,359
April	10,152	38,129	-27,977	12,057	39,043	-26,986	-35,179	127,411	189,577	-62,165
May	10,056	37,835	-27,779	11,858	38,829	-26,971	-39,590	131,735	198,296	-66,561
June	9,228	35,043	-25,815	11,100	35,910	-24,810	-33,876	133,018	191,704	-58,686
July	9,154	33,604	-24,450	10,887	34,683	-23,796	-47,011	121,558	192,366	-70,807
August	9,090 9,772	34,640 32,562	-25,550 -22,790	10,748 11.263	35,594 33.497	-24,846 -22,234	-41,178 <sup>R</sup> -35,579	128,632 B 128,237	194,656 B 196,050	-66,024
September October	9,772 10,106	32,562 34,131	-22,790 -24,025	11,263 11,639	33,497 35,198	-22,234 -23,559	-41,075	<sup>R</sup> 128,237 133,817	<sup>R</sup> 186,050 198,451	<sup>R</sup> -57,813 -64,634
10-Month Total	94,602	352,092	-24,025 -257,490	111,835	362,232	-25,559 -250,397	-367,162	1,286,010	1,903,569	-64,634 -617,560
011 10-Month Total	85,462	363,647	-278,185	104,810	378,968	-274,157	-331,266	1,227,696	1,833,118	-605,422
010 10-Month Total	51.813	277,592	-225,779	64,669	296.498	-231,829	-298,537	1,047,738	1,578,102	-530,365

<sup>a</sup> Prices are not adjusted for inflation. See "Nominal Dollars" in Glossary.
 <sup>b</sup> Crude oil, petroleum preparations, liquefied propane and butane, and other mineral fuels.

<sup>c</sup> Petroleum, coal, natural gas, and electricity.

R=Revised. Notes: • Monthly data are not adjusted for seasonal variations. • See Note, "Merchandise Trade Value," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of

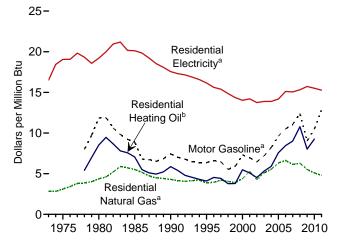
components due to independent rounding. • The U.S. import statistics reflect both government and nongovernment imports of merchandise from foreign countries into the U.S. customs territory, which comprises the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands.

Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#summary for all available data beginning in 1974. Sources: See end of section.

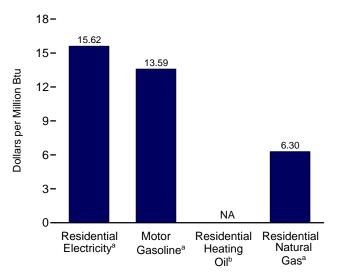
## Figure 1.6 Cost of Fuels to End Users in Real (1982-1984) Dollars

Costs, 1973-2011

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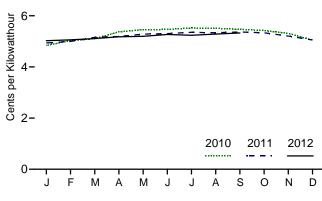


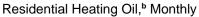
Costs, September 2012



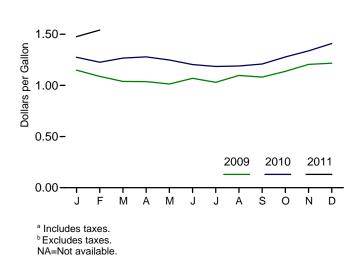
#### Residential Electricity,<sup>a</sup> Monthly

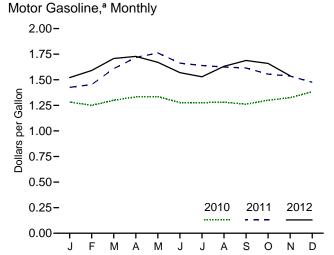
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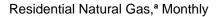


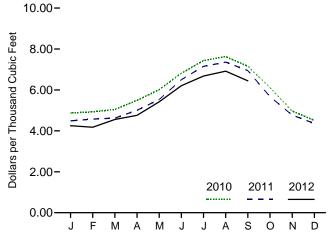


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Note: See "Real Dollars" in Glossary.

Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#summary. Source: Table 1.6.

	Consumer Price Index, All Urban Consumers <sup>a</sup>	Motor G	asoline <sup>b</sup>		dential ng Oil <sup>c</sup>		lential II Gas <sup>b</sup>		ential ricity <sup>b</sup>
	Index 1982-1984=100	Dollars per Gallon	Dollars per Million Btu	Dollars per Gallon	Dollars per Million Btu	Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet	Dollars per Million Btu	Cents per Kilowatthour	Dollars pe Million Bt
973 Average	44.4	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.91	2.85	5.6	16.50
975 Average	53.8	NA	NA	NA	NA	3.18	3.12	6.5	19.07
980 Average		1.482	11.85	1.182	8.52	4.47	4.36	6.6	19.21
985 Average		1.112	8.89	0.979	7.06	5.69	5.52	6.87	20.13
90 Average	130.7	0.931	7.44	0.813	5.86	4.44	4.31	5.99	17.56
95 Average	152.4	0.791	6.37	0.569	4.10	3.98	3.87	5.51	16.15
96 Average	156.9	0.821	6.61	0.630	4.54	4.04	3.94	5.33	15.62
97 Average	160.5	0.804	6.48	0.613	4.42	4.32	4.21	5.25	15.39
98 Average	163.0	0.684	5.51	0.523	3.77	4.18	4.05	5.07	14.85
99 Average	166.6	0.733	5.91	0.526	3.79	4.02	3.91	4.90	14.36
00 Average	172.2	0.908	7.32	0.761	5.49	4.51	4.39	4.79	14.02
001 Average	177.1	0.864	6.97	0.706	5.09	5.44	5.28	4.84	14.20
02 Average	179.9	0.801	6.46	0.628	4.52	4.39	4.28	4.69	13.75
03 Average	184.0	0.890	7.18	0.736	5.31	5.23	5.09	4.74	13.89
004 Average	188.9	1.018	8.20	0.819	5.91	5.69	5.55	4.74	13.89
005 Average	195.3	1.197	9.64	1.051	7.58	6.50	6.33	4.84	14.18
006 Average	201.6	1.307	10.52	1.173	8.46	6.81	6.63	5.16	15.12
007 Average		1.374	11.06	1.250	9.01	6.31	6.14	5.14	15.05
008 Average	215.303	1.541	12.40	1.495	10.78	6.45	6.28	5.23	15.33
009 Average		1.119	9.01	1.112	8.02	5.66	5.52	5.37	15.72
10 January	216.687	1.282	10.32	1.275	9.19	4.87	4.76	4.84	14.19
February	216.741	1.250	10.06	1.226	8.84	4.93	4.82	5.02	14.73
March		1.300	10.46	1.267	9.13	5.05	4.93	5.10	14.96
April		1.333	10.73	1.278	9.22	5.49	5.37	5.37	15.74
May		1.336	10.75	1.248	9.00	6.01	5.88	5.46	16.00
June		1.277	10.28	1.203	8.68	6.82	6.66	5.46	16.01
July		1.277	10.27	1.185	8.55	7.44	7.27	5.52	16.19
August		1.280	10.31	1.190	8.58	7.63	7.46	5.51	16.15
September		1.261	10.15	1.209	8.72	7.16	7.00	5.47	16.03
October	218.711	1.300	10.46	1.278	9.21	6.11	5.98	5.42	15.89
November	218.803	1.325	10.66	1.337	9.64	4.97	4.86	5.31	15.56
December	219.179	1.383	11.13	1.409	10.16	4.51	4.41	5.05	14.79
Average		1.301	10.47	1.283	9.25	5.22	5.11	5.29	15.51
11 January	220.223	1.425	11.47	1.476	10.64	4.49	4.39	4.94	14.47
February	221.309	1.453	11.69	1.540	11.11	4.58	4.47	5.00	14.65
March		1.608	12.95	NA	NA	4.62	4.52	5.16	15.11
April	224.906	1.718	13.83	NA	NA	5.01	4.89	5.19	15.21
May	225.964	1.762	14.18	NA	NA	5.53	5.41	5.28	15.47
June	225.722	1.663	13.38	NA	NA	6.50	6.35	5.30	15.54
July		1.639	13.19	NA	NA	7.15	6.99	5.35	15.68
August		1.624	13.07	NA	NA	7.36	7.19	5.34	15.64
September	226.889	1.615	13.00	NA	NA	6.95	6.79	5.36	15.72
October	226.421	1.555	12.52	NA	NA	5.67	5.54	5.34	15.64
November	226.230	1.536	12.36	NA	NA	4.77	4.66	5.21	15.26
December	225.672	1.475	11.87	NA	NA	4.36	4.26	5.05	14.81
Average		1.590	12.80	NA	NA	4.90	4.79	5.21	15.27
12 January	226.665	1.521	12.24	NA	NA	4.25	4.16	5.03	14.73
February		1.591	12.81	NA	NA	4.18	4.08	5.06	14.83
March		1.708	13.75	NA	NA	4.56	4.45	5.11	14.97
April	230.085	1.728	13.91	NA	NA	4.76	4.65	5.18	15.17
May		1.670	13.45	NA	NA	5.42	5.30	5.20	15.23
June		1.570	12.63	NA	NA	6.21	6.07	5.27	15.44
July		1.529	12.30	NA	NA	6.68	6.53	5.24	15.35
August		1.632	13.13	NA	NA	6.92	6.76	5.28	15 48
September		1.689	13.59	NA	NA	<sup>R</sup> 6.44	<sup>R</sup> 6.30	R 5.33	<sup>R</sup> 15.62
October		1.660	13.36	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
November		1.539	12.38	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

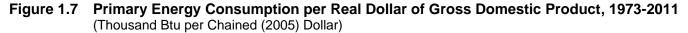
#### Table 1.6 Cost of Fuels to End Users in Real (1982-1984) Dollars

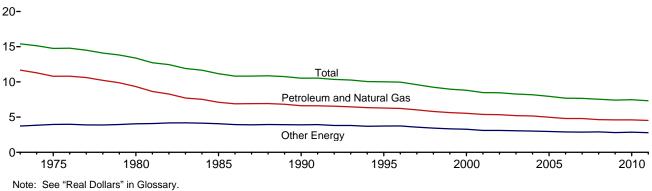
<sup>a</sup> Data are U.S. city averages for all items, and are not seasonally adjusted.
 <sup>b</sup> Includes taxes.
 <sup>c</sup> Excludes taxes.

Excludes taxes.
 R=Revised. NA=Not available.
 Notes: • See "Real Dollars" in Glossary. • Fuel costs are calculated by using the Urban Consumer Price Index (CPI) developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.
 Annual averages may not equal average of months due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of

Columbia.

Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#summary for all available data beginning in 1973. Sources: • Fuel Prices: Tables 9.4 (All Types), 9.8, and 9.10, adjusted by the CPI; and *Monthy Energy Review*, October 2012, Table 9.8c. • Consumer Price Index, All Urban Consumers: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, series ID CUUR0000SA0. • Conversion Factors: Tables A1, A3, A4, and A6 and A6.





Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#summary. Source: Table 1.7.

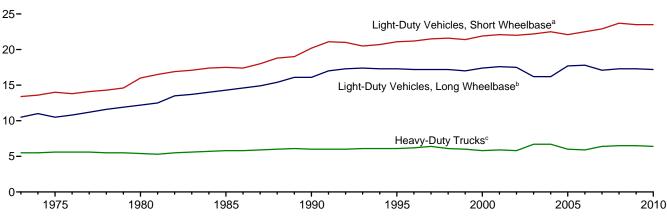
## Table 1.7 Primary Energy Consumption per Real Dollar of Gross Domestic Product

	Ene	rgy Consumption	n	Gross	Energy Consum	ption per Real Do	llar of GDF
	Petroleum and Natural Gas	Other Energy <sup>a</sup>	Total	Domestic Product (GDP)	Petroleum and Natural Gas	Other Energy <sup>a</sup>	Total
		Quadrillion Btu		Billion Chained (2005) Dollars	Thousand Btu	per Chained (200	5) Dollar
I				1 1			
973 Year	57.350	18.334	75.684	4,912.8	11.67	3.73	15.41
974 Year	55.186	18.776	73.962	4,885.7	11.30	3.84	15.14
75 Year	52.680	19.284	71.965	4,875.4	10.81	3.96	14.76
76 Year	55.523	20.452	75.975	5,136.9	10.81	3.98	14.79
77 Year	57.054	20.907	77.961	5,373.1	10.62	3.89	14.51
78 Year	57.963	21.987	79.950	5.672.8	10.22	3.88	14.09
79 Year	57.788	23.070	80.859	5.850.1	9.88	3.94	13.82
80 Year	54.440	23.627	78.067	5.834.0	9.33	4.05	13.38
81 Year	51.680	24.426	76.106	5,982.1	8.64	4.08	12.72
82 Year	48.588	24.511	73.099	5,865.9	8.28	4.18	12.40
83 Year	47.273	25.698	72.971	6,130.9	7.71	4.19	11.90
84 Year	49.447	27.185	76.632	6,571.5	7.52	4.14	11.66
85 Year	48.628	27.764	76.392	6,843.4	7.11	4.06	11.16
86 Year	48.790	27.857	76.647	7,080.5	6.89	3.93	10.83
87 Year	50.504	28.551	79.054	7,307.0	6.91	3.91	10.82
88 Year	52.671	30.038	82.709	7,607.4	6.92	3.95	10.82
89 Year	53.811	30.975	84.786	7,879.2	6.83	3.93	10.07
90 Year	53.155	31.330	84.485	8,027.1	6.62	3.90	10.70
	52.879	31.559	84.438		6.60	3.90	10.54
91 Year				8,008.3			
92 Year	54.239	31.544	85.783	8,280.0	6.55	3.81	10.36
93 Year	54.973	32.450	87.424	8,516.2	6.46	3.81	10.27
94 Year	56.289	32.803	89.091	8,863.1	6.35	3.70	10.05
95 Year	57.110	33.920	91.029	9,086.0	6.29	3.73	10.02
96 Year	58.760	35.262	94.022	9,425.8	6.23	3.74	9.97
97 Year	59.382	35.221	94.602	9,845.9	6.03	3.58	9.61
98 Year	59.646	35.372	95.018	10,274.7	5.81	3.44	9.25
99 Year	60.747	35.905	96.652	10,770.7	5.64	3.33	8.97
00 Year	62.086	36.729	98.814	11,216.4	5.54	3.27	8.81
01 Year	60.958	35.210	96.168	11,337.5	5.38	3.11	8.48
02 Year	61.734	35.911	97.645	11,543.1	5.35	3.11	8.46
03 Year	61.642	<sup>R</sup> 36.301	<sup>R</sup> 97.943	11,836.4	5.21	3.07	R 8.27
04 Year	63.215	<sup>R</sup> 36.945	<sup>R</sup> 100.160	12,246.9	5.16	3.02	8.18
05 Year	62.953	37.328	100.282	12,623.0	4.99	2.96	7.94
06 Year	62.194	37.435	99.629	12,958.5	4.80	2.89	7.69
07 Year	63.437	37.859	101.296	13,206.4	4.80	2.87	7.67
08 Year	61.123	38.152	99.275	13,161.9	4.64	2.90	7.54
09 Year	58.819	35.740	94.559	12,757.9	4.61	2.80	7.41
10 Year	60.266	37.398	97.664	13,063.0	4.61	2.86	7.48
11 Year	60.222	<sup>R</sup> 37.143	R 97.365	13,299.1	4.53	2.79	7.32

<sup>a</sup> Coal, coal coke net imports, nuclear electric power, renewable energy, and electricity net imports.

R=Revised. Notes: • See "Primary Energy Consumption" and "Real Dollars" in Glossary. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#summary. Sources: • Energy Consumption: Table 1.3. • Gross Domestic Product: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, National Income and Product Accounts (November 29, 2012), Table 1.1.6.



#### Figure 1.8 Motor Vehicle Fuel Economy, 1973-2010 (Miles per Gallon)

Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#summary. Source: Table 1.8

		ght-Duty Vehicl Short Wheelbas			ght-Duty Vehicle ₋ong Wheelbase		Н	eavy-Duty Truck	(s <sup>c</sup>	А	Il Motor Vehicle	sd
	Mileage (miles per vehicle)	Fuel Consumption (gallons per vehicle)	Fuel Economy (miles per gallon)									
1973	9,884	737	13.4	9,779	931	10.5	15,370	2,775	5.5	10,099	850	11.9
1974	9,221	677	13.6	9,452	862	11.0	14,995	2,708	5.5	9,493	788	12.0
1975	9,309	665	14.0	9.829	934	10.5	15,167	2,722	5.6	9,627	790	12.2
1976	9,418	681	13.8	10,127	934	10.8	15,438	2,764	5.6	9,774	806	12.1
1977	9,517	676	14.1	10.607	947	11.2	16,700	3.002	5.6	9,978	814	12.3
1978	9,500	665	14.3	10,968	948	11.6	18,045	3,263	5.5	10,077	816	12.4
1979	9,062	620	14.6	10,802	905	11.9	18,502	3,380	5.5	9,722	776	12.5
1980	8,813	551	16.0	10,437	854	12.2	18,736	3,447	5.4	9,458	712	13.3
1981	8,873	538	16.5	10,244	819	12.5	19,016	3,565	5.3	9,477	697	13.6
1982	9,050	535	16.9	10,276	762	13.5	19,931	3,647	5.5	9,644	686	14.1
1983	9,118	534	17.1	10,497	767	13.7	21,083	3,769	5.6	9,760	686	14.2
1984	9,248	530	17.4	11,151	797	14.0	22,550	3,967	5.7	10,017	691	14.5
1985	9,419	538	17.5	10,506	735	14.3	20,597	3,570	5.8	10,020	685	14.6
1986	9,464	543	17.4	10,764	738	14.6	22,143	3,821	5.8	10,143	692	14.7
1987	9,720	539	18.0	11,114	744	14.9	23,349	3,937	5.9	10,453	694	15.1
1988	9,972	531	18.8	11,465	745	15.4	22,485	3,736	6.0	10,721	688	15.6
1989	10,157	533	19.0	11,676	724	16.1	22,926	3,776	6.1	10,932	688	15.9
1990	10,504	520	20.2	11,902	738	16.1	23,603	3,953	6.0	11,107	677	16.4
1991	10,571	501	21.1	12,245	721	17.0	24,229	4,047	6.0	11,294	669	16.9
1992	10,857	517	21.0	12,381	717	17.3	25,373	4,210	6.0	11,558	683	16.9
1993	10,804	527	20.5	12,430	714	17.4	26,262	4,309	6.1	11,595	693	16.7
1994	10,992	531	20.7	12,156	701	17.3	25,838	4,202	6.1	11,683	698	16.7
1995	11,203	530	21.1	12,018	694	17.3	26,514	4,315	6.1	11,793	700	16.8
1996	11,330	534	21.2	11,811	685	17.2	26,092	4,221	6.2	11,813	700	16.9
1997	11,581	539	21.5	12,115	703	17.2	27,032	4,218	6.4	12,107	711	17.0
1998	11,754	544	21.6	12,173	707	17.2	25,397	4,135	6.1	12,211	721	16.9
1999 2000	11,848	553 547	21.4	11,957	701 669	17.0	26,014	4,352	6.0	12,206	732	16.7 16.9
	11,976 11,831	534	21.9 22.1	11,672 11,204	636	17.4	25,617 26,602	4,391 4,477	5.8 5.9	12,164 11,887	720 695	16.9
2001 2002	12,202	555	22.1	11,204	650	17.6			5.9 5.8	12,171	719	16.9
2002	12,202	556	22.0	11,364	697	17.5 16.2	27,071 28,093	4,642 4,215	5.8 6.7	12,171	719	17.0
2003	12,325	553	22.2	11,287	690	16.2	20,093	4,215	6.7	12,200	718	17.0
2004	12,400	567	22.5	10,920	617	17.7	26,235	4,037	6.0	12,200	706	17.1
2005	12,310	554	22.5	10,920	612	17.8	25,231	4,303	5.9	12,002	698	17.2
2000	a10.710	a468	a22.9	<sup>b</sup> 14,970	b877	<sup>b</sup> 17.1	°28,290	<sup>-4,304</sup>	6.4	11,915	693	17.2
2007	10,290	435	23.7	15,256	880	17.3	28,573	4,387	6.5	11,631	667	17.4
2009	10,391	433	23.5	15,252	882	17.3	26,274	4,037	6.5	11,631	661	17.6
2000 2010 <sup>P</sup>	10,649	453	23.5	15,463	898	17.2	26,609	4,174	6.4	11,853	678	17.5
_0.0	10,040		20.0	.0,400	000		_0,000	-,	V. <del>1</del>	. 1,000	0.0	

<sup>a</sup> Through 2006, data are for passenger cars (and, through 1989, for motorcycles). Beginning in 2007, data are for passenger cars, light trucks, vans, and sport utility vehicles with a wheelbase equal to or less than 121 inches. <sup>b</sup> Through 2006, data are for vans, pickup trucks, sport utility vehicles, and a small number of trucks with 2 axles and 4 tires, such as step vans. Beginning in 2007

2007, data are for large passenger cars, vans, pickup trucks, and sport utility

2007, data alle for large passenger cars, valis, pickup trucks, and sport utility vehicles with a wheelbase larger than 121 inches.
<sup>c</sup> Through 2006, data are for single-unit trucks with 2 axles and 6 or more tires, and combination trucks. Beginning in 2007, data are for single-unit trucks with 2 axles and 6 or more tires or a gross vehicle weight rating exceeding 10,000 nounder and earth for the trucks. pounds, and combination trucks.

<sup>d</sup> Includes buses and motorcycles, which are not shown separately. P=Preliminary.

Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#summary. Sources: • Light-Duty Vehicles, Short Wheelbase, 1990-1994: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, National Transportation Statistics 1998, Table 4-13. • All Other Data: • 1973-1994—Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), Highway Statistics Summary to 1995, Table VM-201A. • 1995 forward—FHWA, Highway Statistics, annual reports, Table VM-1.

			November				July t	Cumulative hrough Nov		
				Percent	Change				Percent	Change
Census Divisions	Normal <sup>a</sup>	2011	2012	Normal to 2012	2011 to 2012	Normala	2011	2012	Normal to 2012	2011 to 2012
New England Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont	727	582	773	6	33	1,384	1,081	1,282	-7	19
	121	502	113	0	33	1,304	1,001	1,202	-/	19
Middle Atlantic New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania	667	534	739	11	38	1,193	952	1,147	-4	20
East North Central Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio,	767	014	770			4 007	4 4 9 7	4 400	_	10
Wisconsin	757	614	772	2	26	1,337	1,187	1,408	5	19
West North Central Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota	840	731	749	-11	2	1,447	1,299	1,420	-2	9
South Atlantic Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Maryland and the District of Columbia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia	339	287	414	22	44	528	483	594	13	23
East South Central Alabama, Kentucky, Mississippi, Tennessee	449	379	514	14	36	695	670	792	14	18
West South Central Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas	293	251	238	-19	-5	385	352	358	-7	2
Mountain Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, Wyoming	676	654	526	-22	-20	1,219	1,031	924	-24	-10
Pacific <sup>b</sup> California, Oregon, Washington	396	435	330	-17	-24	690	637	523	-24	-18
U.S. Average <sup>b</sup>	539	469	540	(s)	15	922	805	891	-3	11

## Table 1.9 Heating Degree-Days by Census Division

<sup>a</sup> "Normal" is based on calculations of data from 1971 through 2000.

<sup>b</sup> Excludes Alaska and Hawaii.

(s)=Less than 0.5 percent and greater than -0.5 percent. 100 or ratio is incalculable).

Notes: Degree-days are relative measurements of outdoor air temperature used as an index for heating and cooling energy requirements. Heating degree-days are the number of degrees that the daily average temperature falls below 65° F. Cooling degree-days are the number of degrees that the daily average temperature is the mean of the maximum and minimum temperatures in a 24-hour period. For example, a weather station recording an average daily temperature of 40° F would report 25 heating degree-days for that day (and 0 cooling degree-days). If a weather station recorded an average daily temperature of 78° F, cooling degree-days for that station would be 13 (and 0 heating degree days).

Web Pages: • See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#summary

for current data. • See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/annual/#summary for historical data.

Sources: There are several degree-day databases maintained by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. The information published here is developed by the National Weather Service Climate Prediction Center, Camp Springs, MD. The data are available weekly with monthly summaries and are based on mean daily temperatures recorded at about 200 major weather stations around the country. The temperature information recorded at those weather stations is used to calculate statewide degree-day averages based on population. The State figures are then aggregated into Census Divisions and into the national average. The population weights currently used represent resident State population data estimated for the 2000 Census by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. The data provided here are available sooner than the Historical Climatology Series 5-1 (heating degree-days) developed by the National Climatic Data Center, Asheville, NC, which compiles data from some 8,000 weather stations.

			November				January	Cumulative through No		
				Percent	Change				Percent	Change
Census Divisions	Normal <sup>a</sup>	2011	2012	Normal to 2012	2011 to 2012	Normal <sup>a</sup>	2011	2012	Normal to 2012	2011 to 2012
New England Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont	0	0	0	NM	NM	417	607	611	47	1
	0	0	0	INIVI	INIVI	417	007	011	47	
Middle Atlantic New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania	0	0	0	NM	NM	656	886	895	36	1
East North Central Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, Wisconsin	0	0	0	NM	NM	709	897	999	41	11
West North Central Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota	0	0	0	NM	NM	927	1,118	1,218	31	9
South Atlantic Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Maryland and the District of Columbia, North Carolina, Virginia, South Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia	55	54	31	NM	NM	1,932	2,293	2,174	13	-5
East South Central Alabama, Kentucky, Mississippi, Tennessee	6	7	0	NM	NM	1,545	1,817	1,783	15	-2
West South Central Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas	31	50	50	NM	NM	2,440	3,166	2,900	19	-8
Mountain Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, Wyoming	4	1	14	NM	NM	1,243	1,386	1,522	22	10
Pacific <sup>b</sup> California, Oregon, Washington	4	0	5	NM	NM	703	718	905	29	26
U.S. Average <sup>b</sup>	15	16	13	NM	NM	1,210	1,469	1,478	22	1

#### Table 1.10 Cooling Degree-Days by Census Division

<sup>a</sup> "Normal" is based on calculations of data from 1971 through 2000.

<sup>b</sup> Excludes Alaska and Hawaii.

NM=Not meaningful (because "Normal" is less than 100 or ratio is incalculable).

Notes: Degree-days are relative measurements of outdoor air temperature used as an index for heating and cooling energy requirements. Cooling degree-days are the number of degrees that the daily average temperature rises above 65° F. Heating degree-days are the number of degrees that the daily average temperature falls below 65° F. The daily average temperature is the mean of the maximum and minimum temperatures in a 24-hour period. For example, if a weather station recorded an average daily temperature of 78° F, cooling degree-days for that station would be 13 (and 0 heating degree-days). A weather station recording an average daily temperature of 40° F would report 25 heating degree-days for that day (and 0 cooling degree-days).

Web Pages: • See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#summary

for current data. • See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/annual/#summary for historical data.

Sources: There are several degree-day databases maintained by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. The information published here is developed by the National Weather Service Climate Prediction Center, Camp Springs, MD. The data are available weekly with monthly summaries and are based on mean daily temperatures recorded at about 200 major weather stations around the country. The temperature information recorded at those weather stations is used to calculate statewide degree-day averages based on population. The State figures are then aggregated into Census Divisions and into the national average. The population weights currently used represent resident State population data estimated for the 2000 Census by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. The data provided here are available sooner than the Historical Climatology Series 5-2 (cooling degree-days) developed by the National Climatic Data Center, Asheville, NC, which compiles data from some 8,000 weather stations.

## **Energy Overview**

**Note.** Merchandise Trade Value. Imports data presented are based on the customs values. Those values do not include insurance and freight and are consequently lower than the cost, insurance, and freight (CIF) values, which are also reported by the Bureau of the Census. All exports data, and imports data prior to 1981, are on a free alongside ship (f.a.s.) basis.

"Balance" is exports minus imports; a positive balance indicates a surplus trade value and a negative balance indicates a deficit trade value. "Energy" includes mineral fuels, lubricants, and related material. "Non-Energy Balance" and "Total Merchandise" include foreign exports (i.e., re-exports) and nonmonetary gold and U.S. Department of Defense Grant-Aid shipments. The "Non-Energy Balance" is calculated by subtracting the "Energy" from the "Total Merchandise Balance."

"Imports" consist of government and nongovernment shipments of merchandise into the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and the U.S. Foreign Trade Zones. They reflect the total arrival from foreign countries of merchandise that immediately entered consumption channels, warehouses, the Foreign Trade Zones, or the Strategic Petroleum Reserve. They exclude shipments between the United States, Puerto Rico, and U.S. possessions, shipments to U.S. Armed Forces and diplomatic missions abroad for their own use, U.S. goods returned to the United States by its Armed Forces, and in-transit shipments.

### **Table 1.5 Sources**

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Foreign Trade Division:

### **Petroleum Exports**

1974–1987: "U.S. Exports," FT-410, December issues. 1988 and 1989: "Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade," Final Revisions.

1990–1992: "U.S. Merchandise Trade," Final Report.

1993–2007: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services," Annual Revision.

2008 forward: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services," FT-900, monthly.

### **Petroleum Imports**

1974–1987: "U.S. Merchandise Trade," FT-900, December issues, 1975-1988.

1988 and 1989: "Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade," Final Revisions.

1990–1993: "U.S. Merchandise Trade," Final Report.

1994–2007: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services," Annual Revision.

2008 forward: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services," FT-900, monthly.

### **Energy Exports and Imports**

1974–1987: U.S. merchandise trade press releases and database printouts for adjustments.

1988: January-July, monthly FT-900 supplement, 1989 issues. August-December, monthly FT-900, 1989 issues.

1989: Monthly FT-900, 1990 issues.

1990-1992: "U.S. Merchandise Trade," Final Report.

1993–2007: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services," Annual Revision.

2008 forward: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services," FT-900, monthly.

### Petroleum, Energy, and Non-Energy Balances

Calculated by the U.S. Energy Information Administration.

### **Total Merchandise**

1974–1987: U.S. merchandise trade press releases and database printouts for adjustments.

1988: "Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1988 Final Revisions," August 18, 1989.

1989: "Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1989 Revisions," July 10, 1990.

1990: "U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1990 Final Report," May 10, 1991, and "U.S. Merchandise Trade, December 1992," February 18, 1993, page 3.

1991: "U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1992 Final Report," May 12, 1993.

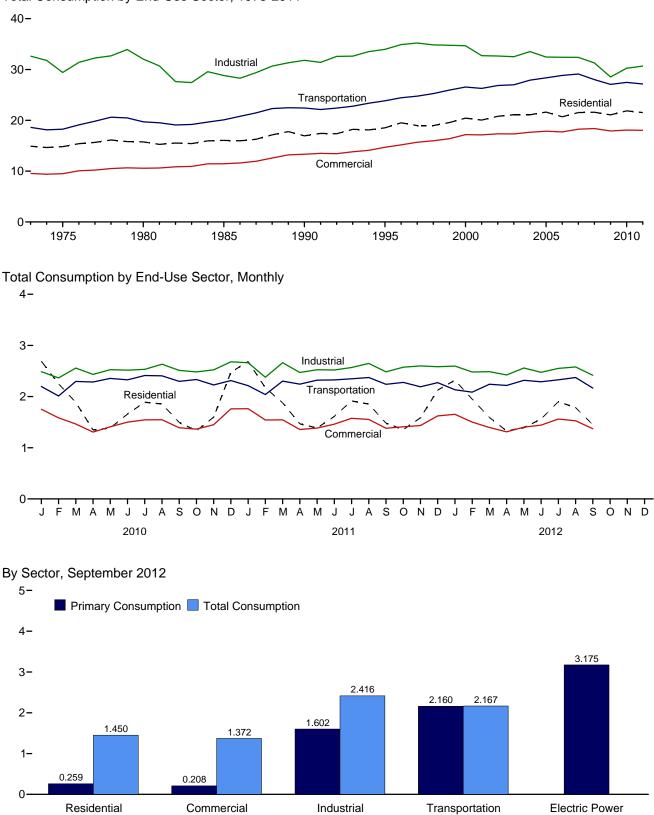
1992–2007: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services," Annual Revision.

2008 forward: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services," FT-900, monthly.

## 2. Energy Consumption by Sector

## Figure 2.1 Energy Consumption by Sector (Quadrillion Btu)

Total Consumption by End-Use Sector, 1973-2011



Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#consumption. Source: Table 2.1.

## Table 2.1 Energy Consumption by Sector

(Trillion Btu)

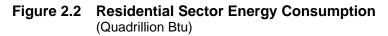
				End-Use	e Sectors				Electric		
	Resid	ential	Comm	erciala	Indus	trial <sup>b</sup>	Transpo	rtation	Power Sector <sup>c,d</sup>	Delensing	Duimanu
	Primary <sup>e</sup>	Total <sup>f</sup>	<b>Primary</b> <sup>e</sup>	Total <sup>f</sup>	Primarye	Total <sup>f</sup>	Primary <sup>e</sup>	Total <sup>f</sup>	<b>Primary</b> <sup>e</sup>	Balancing Item <sup>g</sup>	Primary Total <sup>h</sup>
1973 Total	8,225	14,897	4,423	9,543	24,720	32,623	18,577	18,613	19,731	7	75,684
1975 Total	7,990	14,813	4,059	9,492	21,434	29,413	18,210	18,245	20,270	1	71,965
1980 Total	7,439	15,753	4,105	10,578	22,595	32,039	19,659	19,697	24,269	-1	78,067
1985 Total	7,148	16,041	3,732	11,451	19,443	28,816	20,041	20,088	26,032	-4	76,392
1990 Total	6,557	16,945	3,896	13,320	21,180	31,810	22,366	22,420	30,495	-9	84,485
1995 Total	6,936	18,519	4,101	14,690	22,719	33,971	23,791	23,846	33,479	3	91,029
1996 Total	7,467	19,504	4,273	15,172	23,410	34,904	24,383	24,437	34,485	4	94,022
1997 Total	7,033	18,965	4,295	15,681	23,686	35,200	24,695	24,750	34,886	6	94,602
1998 Total	6,413	18,955	4,005	15,968	23,177	34,843	25,201	25,256	36,225	-3	95,018
1999 Total	6,775	19,557	4,053	16,376	22,950	34,764	25,891	25,949	36,976	6	96,652
2000 Total 2001 Total 2002 Total	7,159 6,868 6,912 7,211	20,425 20,042 20,791 <sup>R</sup> 21,097	4,278 4,084 4,132 4,283	17,175 17,137 17,345 <sup>R</sup> 17,331	22,824 21,794 21,799 <sup>R</sup> 21,502	34,664 32,720 32,662 <sup>R</sup> 32,522	26,489 26,213 26,781 26,920	26,548 26,275 26,842 26,994	38,062 37,215 38,016 <sup>R</sup> 38,028	2 -6 5 -1	98,814 96,168 97,645 <sup>R</sup> 97,943
2003 Total 2004 Total 2005 Total 2006 Total 2006 Total 2007 Total 2008 Total 2009 Total	6,993 6,909 6,168 6,598 6,817 6,619	R 21,097 21,626 20,688 21,531 21,596 21,064	4,283 4,232 4,051 3,747 3,922 4,073 4,061	17,659 17,857 17,711 18,255 18,381 17,899	22,412 21,411 21,536 21,370 20,480 18,813	R 33,519 32,446 32,401 32,394 31,290 28,525	20,920 27,817 28,272 28,751 29,029 27,925 26,989	20,994 27,895 28,353 28,830 29,117 28,008 27,071	R 38,028 R 38,712 39,638 39,428 40,377 39,978 38,077	-6 (s) (s) -1 (s) (s)	R 100,160 100,282 99,629 101,296 99,275 94,559
2010 January	1,142	2,691	617	1,752	1,695	2,487	2,190	2,198	3,484	4	9,132
February	985	2,250	548	1,585	1,601	2,365	2,004	2,012	3,073		8,213
March April May	737 439 328	1,887 1,347 1,386	419 277 226	1,465 1,307 1,410	1,752 1,624 1,612	2,557 2,435 2,527	2,290 2,280 2,349	2,297 2,286 2,356	3,008 2,755 3,163	-1 -2 -1 2	8,205 7,372 7,677
June July August September	268 240 232 237	1,659 1,889 1,855 1,494	198 182 186 189	1,501 1,546 1,547 1,390	1,608 1,618 1,707 1,671	2,517 2,532 2,633 2,512	2,320 2,404 2,399 2,291	2,328 2,411 2,406 2,298	3,611 3,934 3,917 3,306	4 3 (s)	8,007 8,382 8,444 7,694
October	343	1,331	256	1,364	1,644	2,482	2,327	2,333	2,942	-1	7,509
November	599	1,597	364	1,451	1,671	2,523	2,221	2,228	2,944	-1	7,797
December	1,054	2,476	579	1,761	1,802	2,679	2,307	2,314	3,488	1	9,231
Total	<b>6,603</b>	<b>21,862</b>	<b>4,039</b>	<b>18,078</b>	<b>20,003</b>	<b>30,250</b>	<b>27,384</b>	<b>27,466</b>	<b>39,626</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>97,664</b>
2011 January	1,177	2,686	637	1,764	<sup>R</sup> 1,829	<sup>R</sup> 2,662	2,205	2,213	3,477	1	<sup>R</sup> 9,326
February	956	2,172	532	1,542	<sup>R</sup> 1,605	<sup>R</sup> 2,378	2,033	2,039	3,005	-2	<sup>R</sup> 8,129
March	777	1,879	450	1,545	<sup>R</sup> 1,798	<sup>R</sup> 2,662	2,296	2,303	3,069	<sup>R</sup> -4	<sup>R</sup> 8,385
April	482	1,468	299	1,357	<sup>R</sup> 1,626	<sup>R</sup> 2,472	2,236	2,243	2,895	-2	<sup>R</sup> 7,536
May	331	1,386	222	1,385	<sup>R</sup> 1,637	<sup>R</sup> 2,524	2,314	2,321	3,111	-2	<sup>R</sup> 7,614
June	263	1,614	194	1,461	<sup>R</sup> 1,620	<sup>R</sup> 2,520	2,320	2,327	3,524	1	<sup>R</sup> 7,922
July	242	1,915	190	1,575	<sup>R</sup> 1,625	<sup>R</sup> 2,568	2,341	2,348	4,008	<sup>R</sup> 5	<sup>R</sup> 8,412
August	253	1,854	<sup>R</sup> 206	1,553	<sup>R</sup> 1,720	<sup>R</sup> 2,648	2,366	2,373	3,883	<sup>R</sup> 4	<sup>R</sup> 8,431
September	264	1,481	212	1,381	<sup>R</sup> 1,642	<sup>R</sup> 2,484	2,234	2,240	3,234	-1	<sup>R</sup> 7,585
October	382	1,355	292	1,410	<sup>R</sup> 1,707	<sup>R</sup> 2,574	2,271	2,277	2,964	<sup>R</sup> -3	<sup>R</sup> 7,613
November	596	1,584	<sup>R</sup> 370	1,435	<sup>R</sup> 1,743	<sup>R</sup> 2,599	2,186	2,192	2,916	<sup>R</sup> -4	<sup>R</sup> 7,807
December	888	2,127	<sup>R</sup> 506	1,622	<sup>R</sup> 1,732	<sup>R</sup> 2,584	2,266	2,273	3,214	-3	<sup>R</sup> 8,604
Total	6,612	R <b>21,524</b>	<sup>R</sup> 4,110	<sup>R</sup> <b>18,029</b>	<sup>R</sup> <b>20,284</b>	<sup>R</sup> <b>30,674</b>	27,068	<b>27,149</b>	<sup>R</sup> <b>39,300</b>	-9	<sup>R</sup> 97,365
2012 January	1,010	2,322	561	1,654	<sup>R</sup> 1,777	<sup>R</sup> 2,596	2,127	2,134	3,230	-2	<sup>R</sup> 8,703
February	849	1,951	484	1,502	<sup>R</sup> 1,686	<sup>R</sup> 2,481	2,080	2,087	2,922	-4	<sup>R</sup> 8,017
March	575	1,593	348	1,395	<sup>R</sup> 1,655	<sup>R</sup> 2,486	2,235	2,241	2,903	-6	<sup>R</sup> 7,710
April	424	1,329	277	<sup>R</sup> 1,311	<sup>R</sup> 1,597	<sup>R</sup> 2,423	2,212	2,219	2,770	<sup>R</sup> -6	<sup>R</sup> 7,275
May	309	1,391	<sup>R</sup> 219	<sup>R</sup> 1,404	<sup>R</sup> 1,651	<sup>R</sup> 2,558	2,312	2,318	3,181	-3	<sup>R</sup> 7,668
June	264	1,564	199	1,442	<sup>R</sup> 1,596	<sup>R</sup> 2,475	2,284	2,290	3,429	<sup>R</sup> 1	<sup>R</sup> 7,772
July	251	1,901	194	1,561	<sup>R</sup> 1,626	<sup>R</sup> 2,552	2,320	2,327	3,951	<sup>R</sup> 3	<sup>R</sup> 8,345
August	260	1,785	212	1,528	<sup>R</sup> 1,676	<sup>R</sup> 2,579	2,366	2,373	3,750	2	<sup>R</sup> 8,266
September	259	1,450	208	1,372	1,602	2,416	2,160	2,167	3,175	(s)	7,404
<b>9-Month Total</b>	<b>4,201</b>	<b>15,286</b>	<b>2,702</b>	<b>13,168</b>	<b>14,866</b>	<b>22,567</b>	<b>20,097</b>	<b>20,155</b>	<b>29,312</b>	<b>-16</b>	<b>71,161</b>
2011 9-Month Total	4,745	16,456	2,943	13,563	15,102	22,916	20,346	20,406	30,206	(s)	73,341
2010 9-Month Total	4,608	16,458	2,841	13,503	14,887	22,565	20,529	20,590	30,252	10	73,126

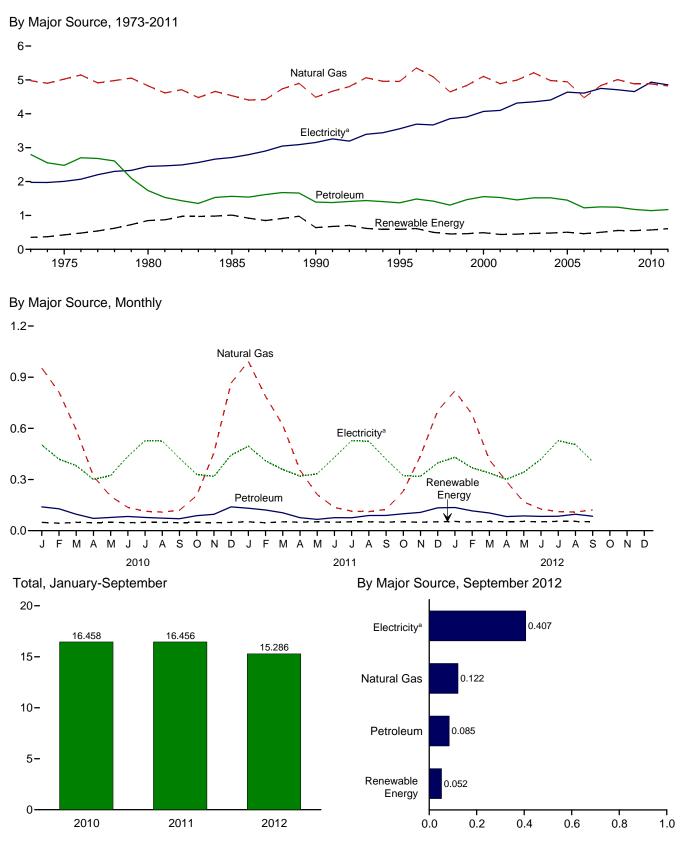
<sup>a</sup> Commercial sector, including commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only plants.
 <sup>b</sup> Industrial sector, including industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and industrial electricity-only plants.
 <sup>c</sup> Electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the nublic

22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or discuss, and the public. <sup>d</sup> Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only. Beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers. <sup>e</sup> See "Primary Energy Consumption" in Glossary. <sup>f</sup> Total energy consumption in the end-use sectors consists of primary energy consumption, electricity retail sales, and electrical system energy losses. See Note 2, "Electrical System Energy Losses," at end of section.

9 A balancing item. The sum of primary consumption in the five energy-use sectors equals the sum of total consumption in the four end-use sectors. However,

sectors equals the sum of total consumption in the four end-use sectors. However, total energy consumption does not equal the sum of the sectoral components due to the use of sector-specific conversion factors for coal and natural gas. <sup>h</sup> Primary energy consumption total. See Table 1.3. R=Revised. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu and greater than -0.5 trillion Btu. Notes: • See Note, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at end of Section 7. • See Note 1, "Energy Consumption Data and Surveys," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#consumption for all available data beginning in 1973. Sources: Tables 1.3 and 2.2–2.6.





<sup>a</sup> Electricity retail sales. Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#consumption. Source: Table 2.2.

## Table 2.2 Residential Sector Energy Consumption

(Trillion Btu)

				Prima	ry Consum	otion <sup>a</sup>						
		Fossil	Fuels			Renewat	ole Energy <sup>b</sup>			Electricity	Electrical System	
	Coal	Natural Gas <sup>c</sup>	Petro- leum	Total	Geo- thermal	Solar/ PV	Bio- mass	Total	Total Primary	Retail Sales <sup>d</sup>	Energy Losses <sup>e</sup>	Total
1973 Total	94	4,977	2,800	7,871	NA	NA	354	354	8,225	1,976	4,696	14,897
1975 Total	63	5,023	2,479	7,564	NA	NA	425	425	7,990	2,007	4,817	14,813
1980 Total	31	4,825	1,734	6,589	NA	NA	850	850	7,439	2,448	5,866	15,753
1985 Total	39	4,534	1,565	6,138	NA	NA	1,010	1,010	7,148	2,709	6,184	16,041
1990 Total	31	4,491	1,394	5,916	6	56	580	641	6,557	3,153	7,235	16,945
1995 Total	17	4,954	1,374	6,345	7	64	520	591	6,936	3,557	8,026	18,519
1996 Total	17	5,354	1,484	6,854	7	65	540	612	7,467	3,694	8,344	19,504
1997 Total	16	5.093	1,422	6,531	8	64	430	502	7,033	3,671	8,261	18,965
1998 Total	12	4,646	1,304	5,962	8	64	380	452	6,413	3,856	8,686	18,955
1999 Total	14	4,835	1,465	6,314	9	63	390	461	6,775	3,906	8,875	19,557
2000 Total	11	5,105	1,554	6,670	9	61	420	489	7,159	4,069	9,197	20,425
2001 Total	12	4,889	1,529	6,430	9	59	370	438	6,868	4,100	9,074	20,042
	12	4,995	1,457	6,464	10	57	380	448	6,912	4,317	9,562	20,791
2002 Total 2003 Total	12	5,209	1,519	6,741	13	57	400	470	7,211	4,353	<sup>R</sup> 9,534	R 21,097
2004 Total	11	4,981	1,520	6,513	14	57	410	481	6,993	4,408	<sup>R</sup> 9,690	R 21,092 21.626
2005 Total	8	4,946	1.451	6.406	16	58	430	504	6.909	4.638	10.079	
2006 Total	6	4,476 4,835	1,224 1,254	5,706 6.097	18 22	63 70	380 410	462 502	6,168 6,598	4,611 4,750	9,909 10,182	20,688 21,531
2007 Total 2008 Total	8	5,010	1,243	6,261	26	80	450	557	6,817	4,708	10,071	21,596
2009 Total	8	4,883	1,176	6,067	33	89	430	552	6,619	4,656	9,789	21,064
2010 January	1	953	140	1,094	3	10	36	48	1,142	503	1,045	2,691
	1	812	128	941	3	9	32	44	985	419	846	2,250
February March	1	592	96	689	3	10	36	48	737	381	768	1,887
April	(s)	320	72	392	3	9	35	47	439	300	608	1,347
May	(s)	201	78	280	3	10	36	48	328	324	734	1,386
June	<u>`1</u>	137	83 78	221	3	9 10	35 36	47 48	268	435 528	956	1,659 1,889
July August	1 1	114 109	74	192 183	3	10	36	48	240 232	526	1,121 1,098	1,855
September	(s)	120	70	190	3	9	35	47	237	425	832	1,494
October	1	206	88	294	3	10	36	48	343	330	658	1.331
November	1	456	96 140	552 1.006	3	9 10	35 36	47 48	599	318	680 978	1,597
December Total	1 7	865 <b>4,883</b>	1,140 1,142	6,032	37	114	420	40 571	1,054 <b>6,603</b>	444 <b>4,933</b>	10,326	2,476 <b>21,862</b>
2011 January	1	993	132	1,125	3	12	37	52	1,177	495	1,015	2,686
February	1	787	121	909	3	11	33	47	956	410	806	2,172
March	1	620	105	725	3	12	37	52	777	358	744	1,879
April	(s)	355	76	432	3	12	35	50	482	320	666	1,468
May	(s)	212	67	279	3	12	37	52	331	333	722	1,386
June	) (s)	136 114	76 76	213 190	3	12 12	35 37	50 52	263 242	430 528	921 1,145	1,614 1,915
July August	(s)	112	89	201	3	12	37	52	253	525	1,077	1,854
September	(s)	124	89	214	3	12	35	50	264	419	798	1,481
October	(s)	231	99	331	3	12	37	52	382	323	650	1,355
November	(s)	439	107	546	3	12	35	50	596	318	670	1,584
December		702	134	836	3	12	37	52	888	397	842	2,127
Total	R <b>7</b>	4,824	1,171	6,002	40	140	430	610	6,612	4,855	10,057	<sup>R</sup> 21,524
2012 January	1	820	136	956	3	14	36	54	1,010	431	881	2,322
February	1	682	116	798	3	13	34	51	849	368	734	1,951
March	(s)	416	104	520	3	14	36	54	575	338	680	1,593
April	(s)	289	83	372	3	14	35	52	424	301	603	1,329
May	(s)	168	87	255		14	36	54	309	343	739	1,391
June	(s)	127	84	211	3	14	35	52	264	420	880	1,564
July	(s)	112	85	197	3	14	36	54	251	528	1,123	1,901
August	1	109	96	206	3	14	36	54	260	505	1,020	1,785
September	(s)	122	85	207	3	14	35	52	259	407	784	1,450
9-Month Total	4	2,843	875	3,723	30	127	322	478	<b>4,201</b>	<b>3,640</b>	<b>7,445</b>	<b>15,286</b>
2011 9-Month Total	5	3,453	831	4,289	30	105	322	456	4,745	3,817	7,893	16,456
2010 9-Month Total	5	3,357	818	4,181	28	85	314	427	4,608	3,841	8,009	16,458

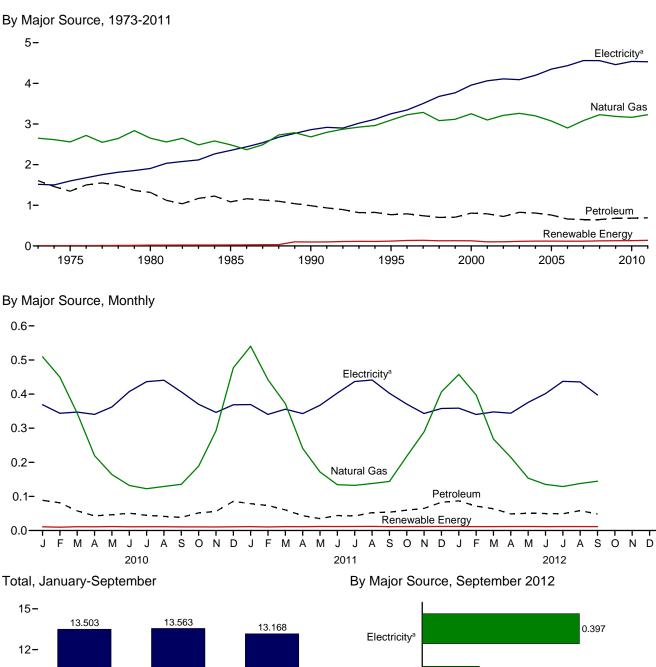
section.
R=Revised. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.
Notes: • See Note 1, "Energy Consumption Data and Surveys," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/dat/monthly/#consumption for all available data beginning in 1973.
Sources: Tables 2.6, 3.8a, 4.3, 6.2, 7.6, 10.2a, A4, A5, and A6.

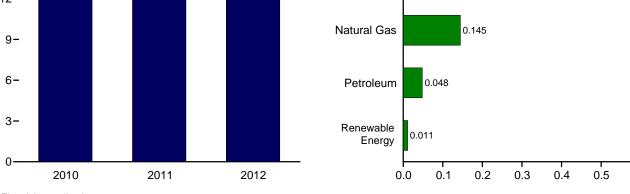
electricity retail sales. See Note 2, "Electrical System Energy Losses," at end of

<sup>a</sup> See "Primary Energy Consumption" in Glossary.
 <sup>b</sup> Data are estimates. See Table 10.2a for notes on series components.
 <sup>c</sup> Natural gas only; excludes the estimated portion of supplemental gaseous fuels. See Note 3, "Supplemental Gaseous Fuels," at end of Section 4.
 <sup>d</sup> Electricity retail sales to ultimate customers reported by electric utilities and, beginning in 1996, other energy service providers.
 <sup>e</sup> Total losses are calculated as the primary energy consumed by the electric power sector minus the energy content of electricity retail sales. Total losses are allocated to the end-use sectors in proportion to each sector's share of total

section.

## Figure 2.3 Commercial Sector Energy Consumption (Quadrillion Btu)





0.6

<sup>a</sup> Electricity retail sales.

Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#consumption. Source: Table 2.3.

# Table 2.3 Commercial Sector Energy Consumption

(Trillion Btu)

					Primary	Consump	tion <sup>a</sup>							
		Fossi	l Fuels			R	enewabl	e Energ	<b>y</b> b		-	Elec-	Electrical	
	Coal	Natural Gas <sup>c</sup>	Petro- leum <sup>d</sup>	Total	Hydro- electric Power <sup>e</sup>	Geo- thermal	Solar/ PV	Wind	Bio- mass	Total	Total Primary	tricity Retail Sales <sup>f</sup>	System Energy Losses <sup>g</sup>	Total
1973 Total	160	2,649	1,607	4,416	NA	NA	NA	NA	7	7	4,423	1,517	3,604	9,543
1975 Total	147	2,558	1,346	4,051	NA	NA	NA	NA	8	8	4,059	1,598	3,835	9,492
1980 Total	115 137	2,651 2.488	1,318	4,084 3.708	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	21 24	21 24	4,105 3.732	1,906 2.351	4,567 5.368	10,578 11.451
1985 Total 1990 Total	124	2,400	1,083 991	3,708	NA 1	3	NA	NA _	24 94	24 98	3,732	2,351	5,366 6.564	13.320
1995 Total	117	3.096	769	3,982	1	5	_	_	113	118	4.101	3,252	7.338	14.690
1996 Total	122	3.226	790	4.138	i	5	_	_	129	135	4,273	3.344	7,555	15.172
1997 Total	129	3,285	743	4,157	i	õ	_	-	131	138	4,295	3,503	7,883	15,681
1998 Total	93	3,083	702	3,878	1	7	-	-	118	127	4,005	3,678	8,285	15,968
1999 Total	103	3,115	707	3,925	1	7	-	-	121	129	4,053	3,766	8,557	16,376
2000 Total	92	3,252	807	4,150	1	8	-	-	119	128	4,278	3,956	8,942	17,175
2001 Total	97	3,097	790	3,984	1	8	-	-	92	101	4,084	4,062	8,990	17,137
2002 Total	90	3,212	726	4,028	(s)	9	-	-	95	104	4,132	4,110	9,104	17,345
2003 Total	82 103	3,261 3,201	827 809	4,170	1	11 12	Ξ	-	101 105	113 118	4,283 4,232	4,090 4,198	<sup>R</sup> 8,958 9,229	R 17,331 17,659
2004 Total 2005 Total	103 97	3,201	809 761	4,113 3,932	1	12	_	-	105	118	4,232 4,051	4,198	9,229 9,455	17,659
2005 Total	65	2.902	663	3,932	1	14	_	_	103	118	3.747	4,351	9,455	17,057
2007 Total	70	3.085	649	3.805	i	14	_	_	103	118	3.922	4,560	9,773	18.255
2008 Total	69	3.228	651	3,948	i	15	(s)	-	109	125	4.073	4,558	9.749	18,381
2009 Total	63	3,187	682	3,932	1	17	(s)	(s)	112	129	4,061	4,460	9,378	17,899
2010 January	8	509	89	606	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	9	11	617	369	766	1,752
February	7	450	81	538	(s)	1	(s)	(s)	8	10	548	344	694	1,585
March	6	344	58	407	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	9	11	419	347	699	1,465
April	4	220	43	266	(s)	2 2	(s)	(s)	9	11	277	340	689	1,307
May	4	164 132	46 51	214 187	(s) (s)	2	(s)	(s)	10 9	12 11	226 198	362 407	822 896	1,410 1,501
June	4	123	44	171	(S) (S)	2	(s) (s)	(s) (s)	9	11	182	407	927	1,501
August	4	123	44	175	(s) (s)	2	(s)	(s)	10	11	186	430	920	1,547
September	4	135	39	178	(S)	2	(s)	(S)	9	11	189	406	795	1.390
October	5	189	52	245	(s)	2 2 2	(s)	(s)	9	11	256	370	738	1,364
November	5	292	56	353	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	9	10	364	346	741	1,451
December	6	477	85	568	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	9	11	579	369	813	1,761
Total	60	3,164	685	3,908	1	19	(s)	(s)	111	130	4,039	4,539	9,501	18,078
2011 January	7 6	540 442	79 73	626 522	(s)	2 2	(s)	(s)	10 9	11 10	637	369 340	757 670	1,764
February March	6	372	73 60	522 438	(s) (s)	2	(s) (s)	(s) (s)	9 10	10	532 450	340 356	740	1,542 1,545
April	4	241	43	288	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	9	11	299	343	714	1,357
May	4	172	35	210	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	10	12	222	367	795	1.385
June	4	134	44	<sup>R</sup> 183	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	10	12	194	403	863	1,461
July	4	132	42	<sup>R</sup> 179	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	10	12	190	437	948	1,575
August	3	138	52	<sup>R</sup> 194	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	10	12	R 206	441	906	1,553
September	3	144	54	201	(s)	2 2	(s)	(s)	10	11	212	402	767	1,381
October November	3 4	218 289	60 65	281 358	(s) (s)	2	(s)	(s) (s)	10 10	12 12	292 <sup>R</sup> 370	371 343	747 722	1,410 1.435
December	4	289 407	83	300 494	(S) (S)	2	(s) (s)	(S) (S)	10	12	R 506	343 358	722	1,435
Total	R 53	3,228	691	R 3,972	(s)	20	(3)	(s)	117	138	R 4,110	4,531	9,387	R 18,022
2012 January	5	458	87	549	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	10	12	561	359	734	1,654
February	4	398	71	473	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	10	11	484	340	678	1,502
March	4	268	64	336	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	10	12	348	348	699	1,395
April	3	215	49	266	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	10	11	277 R 210	344	689	R 1,311
May	3 R 3	153 135	51 50	207 187	(s) (s)	2	(s)	(s)	10 9	12 11	<sup>R</sup> 219 199	376 401	809 842	<sup>R</sup> 1,404 1,442
June July	4	135	50 49	187	(S) (S)	2 2	(s) (s)	(s) (s)	9 10	11	199	401	842 931	1,442
August	4	138	49 58	200	(s) (s)	2	(S) (S)	(S) (S)	10	12	212	437	880	1,501
September	4	145	48	197	(s) (s)	2	(s)	(s)	10	11	208	397	766	1,372
9-Month Total	32	2,038	527	2,598	(s)	15	1	(s)	88	104	2,702	3,438	7,028	13,168
2011 9-Month Total 2010 9-Month Total	41 44	2,315 2,206	484 492	2,840 2,742	(s) 1	15 14	1 (s)	(s) (s)	87 84	103 98	2,943 2,841	3,460 3,454	7,161 7,208	13,563 13,503

<sup>a</sup> See "Primary Energy Consumption" in Glossary.
 <sup>b</sup> Most data are estimates. See Table 10.2a for notes on series components

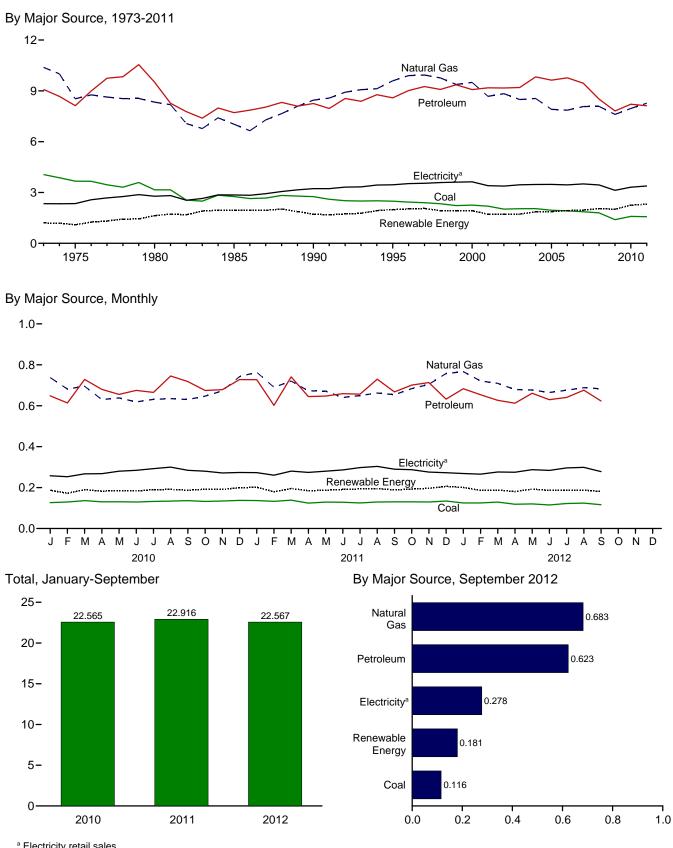
<sup>o</sup> Most data are estimates. See Table 10.2a for notes on series components and estimation.
 <sup>c</sup> Natural gas only; excludes the estimated portion of supplemental gaseous fuels. See Note 3, "Supplemental Gaseous Fuels," at end of Section 4.
 <sup>d</sup> Does not include biofuels that have been blended with petroleum—biofuels are included in "Biomass."
 <sup>e</sup> Conventional hydroelectric power.
 <sup>f</sup> Electricity retail sales to ultimate customers reported by electric utilities and, broins in 1906. other concret series of the customers.

<sup>9</sup> Total losses are calculated as the primary energy consumed by the electric unities and, beginning in 1996, other energy service providers.
<sup>9</sup> Total losses are calculated as the primary energy consumed by the electric power sector minus the energy content of electricity retail sales. Total losses are allocated to the end-use sectors in proportion to each sector's share of total

electricity retail sales. See Note 2, "Electrical System Energy Losses," at end of section. R=Revised. NA=Not available. - =No data reported. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion

Btu. Notes: Btu. Notes: • The commercial sector includes commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only plants. See Note, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at end of Section 7. • See Note 1, "Energy Consumption Data and Surveys," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 Struct and the District of Columptia

equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#consumption for all available data beginning in 1973. Sources: Tables 2.6, 3.8a, 4.3, 6.2, 7.6, 10.2a, A4, A5, and A6.



# Figure 2.4 Industrial Sector Energy Consumption (Quadrillion Btu)

<sup>a</sup> Electricity retail sales.

Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#consumption. Source: Table 2.4.

# Table 2.4 Industrial Sector Energy Consumption

(Trillion Btu)

-					Primar	y Consum	nptiona				1	-		
-		Fossi	I Fuels	1		F	Renewabl	e Energy	b			Elec-	Electrical	
	Coal	Natural Gas <sup>c</sup>	Petro- leum <sup>d</sup>	Total <sup>e</sup>	Hydro- electric Power <sup>f</sup>	Geo- thermal	Solar/ PV	Wind	Bio- mass	Total	Total Primary	tricity Retail Sales <sup>g</sup>	System Energy Losses <sup>h</sup>	Total
973 Total	4,057	10,388	9,083	23,521	35	NA	NA	NA	1,165	1,200	24,720	2,341	5,562	32,623
975 Total	3,667	8,532	8,127	20,339	32	NA	NA	NA	1,063	1,096	21,434	2,346	5,632	29,41
980 Total	3,155	8,333	9,509	20,962	33	NA	NA	NA	1,600	1,633	22,595	2,781	6,664	32,03
985 Total	2,760	7,032	7,714	17,492	33	NA	NA	NA	1,918	1,951	19,443	2,855	6,518	28,81
990 Total	2,756	8,451	8,251	19,463	31	2	-	-	1,684	1,717	21,180	3,226	7,404	31,81
995 Total	2,488 2.434	9,592 9,901	8,586 9,019	20,727 21,377	55 61	3	-	-	1,934 1,969	1,992 2,033	22,719 23.410	3,455 3,527	7,796 7.968	33,97 34.90
996 Total 997 Total	2,434 2,395	9,901	9,019	21,377	58	3	_	_	1,969	2,033	23,410	3,527	7,966	34,90
998 Total	2,335	9,763	9,082	21,029	55	3	_	_	1,872	1,929	23,000	3,587	8,079	34,84
999 Total	2.227	9.375	9,356	21.016	49	4	_	_	1.882	1,934	22.950	3,611	8.203	34.76
000 Total	2,256	9,500	9,075	20.896	42	4	_	_	1,881	1,928	22,824	3,631	8,208	34,66
001 Total	2,192	8,676	9,178	20,075	33	5	-	-	1,681	1,719	21,794	3,400	7,526	32,72
002 Total	2,019	8,832	9,168	20,079	39	5	-	-	1,676	1,720	21,799	3,379	7,484	32,66
003 Total	2,041	8,488	9,197	19,777	43	3	-	-	1,679	<sup>R</sup> 1,725	<sup>R</sup> 21,502	3,454	<sup>R</sup> 7,565	R 32,52
004 Total	2,047	8,550	9,825	20,559	33	4	-	-	1,817	1,853	22,412	3,473	<sup>R</sup> 7,634	<sup>R</sup> 33,51
005 Total	1,954	7,907	9,633	19,538	32	4	-	-	1,837	1,873	21,411	3,477	7,557	32,44
2006 Total	1,914	7,861	9,770	19,606	29	4	_	-	1,897	1,930	21,536	3,451	7,415	32,40
2007 Total	1,865 1,796	8,074 8,083	9,451 8,511	19,414 18,431	16 17	5 5	_	-	1,936 2,028	1,956 2,049	21,370 20,480	3,507 3,444	7,517 7,365	32,39 31,29
008 Total 009 Total	1,796	8,083 7,609	7,816	16,797	18	5	_	_	2,028	2,049 2,016	20,460 18,813	3,444 3,130	6,582	28,52
010 January	126	737	648	1,508	2	(s)	(s)	_	185	187	1.695	258	535	2.48
February	130	681	614	1,429	2	(s)	(s)	_	170	172	1,601	253	511	2,40
March	136	695	728	1,562	2	(s)	(s)	_	188	190	1,752	267	538	2,55
April	130	630	680	1,441	2	(s)	(s)	_	181	183	1,624	268	543	2,43
May	131	638	655	1,427	2	(s)	(s)	_	183	185	1,612	280	635	2,52
June	130	619	675	1,424	1	(s)	(s)	-	182	183	1,608	284	625	2,51
July	132	631	665	1,429	1	(s)	(s)	-	188	190	1,618	292	621	2,53
August	134	635	745	1,515	1	(s)	(s)	-	190	191	1,707	300	626	2,63
September	136	630	718	1,484	1	(s)	(s)	-	185	187	1,671	284	557	2,51
October	132	647	675	1,452	1	(s)	(s)	-	190	192	1,644	280	559	2,48
November	134 138	672 742	679 728	1,479 1.602	1	(s)	(s)	_	190 198	191 199	1,671	272 274	581 604	2,52 2.67
December Total	1,590	7,959	8,210	17,753	16	(s) 4	(s) (s)	_	2,230	2,250	1,802 <b>20,003</b>	3,313	6,934	30,25
011 January	<sup>R</sup> 137	763	727	<sup>R</sup> 1.627	1	(s)	(s)	(s)	200	202	<sup>R</sup> 1.829	273	560	<sup>R</sup> 2,66
February	R 133	690	602	<sup>R</sup> 1,425	2	(s)	(s)	(s)	178	180	<sup>R</sup> 1,605	R 260	512	R 2,37
March	<sup>R</sup> 139	720	741	<sup>R</sup> 1,602	2	(s)	(s)	(s)	193	196	<sup>R</sup> 1,798	280	583	R 2,66
April	<sup>R</sup> 124	673	645	<sup>R</sup> 1,442	2	(s)	(s)	(s)	183	185	<sup>R</sup> 1,626	274	571	R 2,47
May	<sup>R</sup> 129	672	647	<sup>R</sup> 1,450	2	(s)	(s)	(s)	185	187	<sup>R</sup> 1,637	280	607	R 2,52
June	<sup>R</sup> 128	640	659	<sup>R</sup> 1,429	1	(s)	(s)	(s)	189	191	<sup>R</sup> 1,620	286	613	R 2,52
July	<sup>R</sup> 125	650	657	<sup>R</sup> 1,431	1	(s)	(s)	(s)	192	194	<sup>R</sup> 1,625	298	646	R 2,56
August	R 130	662	730	R 1,526	1	(s)	(s)	(s)	193	195	R 1,720	304	623	R 2,64
September	<sup>R</sup> 130 <sup>R</sup> 130	654	668	<sup>R</sup> 1,453 <sup>R</sup> 1,514	1	(s)	(s)	(s)	188	189	R 1,642	290 288	552	R 2,48 R 2,57
October November	R 130	683 705	701 713	<sup>R</sup> 1,514	1	(s) (s)	(s) (s)	(s) (s)	191 195	193 197	<sup>R</sup> 1,707 <sup>R</sup> 1,743	288	579 581	R 2,57
December	R 130	705	632	<sup>R</sup> 1,546	2	(S) (S)	(S) (S)	(S) (S)	204	206	<sup>R</sup> 1,743	276	579	R 2.58
Total	R 1,569	8,270	8,121	R 17,971	17	(3) <b>4</b>	(s)	(s)	2,291	2,313	R 20,284	3,382	7,007	R 30,67
012 January	<sup>R</sup> 125	766	683	<sup>R</sup> 1,576	2	(s)	(s)	(s)	199	201	<sup>R</sup> 1,777	269	550	R 2.59
February	<sup>R</sup> 125	721	654	<sup>R</sup> 1,500	2	(s)	(s)	(s)	184	186	<sup>R</sup> 1,686	266	530	R 2,48
March	<sup>R</sup> 129	709	626	<sup>R</sup> 1 468	2	(s)	(s)	(s)	185	187	<sup>R</sup> 1,655	276	555	R 2,48
April	<sup>R</sup> 119	679	613	<sup>R</sup> 1.417	2	(s)	(s)	(s)	179	181	<sup>R</sup> 1.597	275	551	R 2,42
May	<sup>R</sup> 120	677	661	<sup>R</sup> 1,459	2	(s)	(s)	(s)	190	192	<sup>R</sup> 1,651	288	620	R 2,55
June	<sup>R</sup> 115	665	630	<sup>R</sup> 1,409	1	(s)	(s)	(s)	185	186	<sup>R</sup> 1,596	284	596	<sup>R</sup> 2,47
July	R 122	676	640	<sup>R</sup> 1,438	1	(s)	(s)	(s)	186	188	<sup>R</sup> 1,626	296	630	R 2,55
August	<sup>R</sup> 124	688	676	<sup>R</sup> 1,489	1	(s)	(s)	(s)	186	187	<sup>R</sup> 1,676	299	604	R 2,57
September 9-Month Total	116 <b>1,096</b>	683 <b>6,265</b>	623 <b>5,806</b>	1,421 <b>13,176</b>	1 13	(s) 3	(s) (s)	(s) (s)	179 <b>1,673</b>	181 <b>1,689</b>	1,602 <b>14,866</b>	278 <b>2,531</b>	536 5,171	2,41 <b>22,56</b>
		,						.,						
011 9-Month Total 010 9-Month Total	1,175 1,186	6,124 5,897	6,075 6,129	13,384 13,219	13 13	3	(s) (s)	(s)	1,701 1,652	1,718 1,668	15,102 14,887	2,546 2,487	5,268 5,191	22,91 22,56

<sup>a</sup> See "Primary Energy Consumption" in Glossary.
 <sup>b</sup> Most data are estimates. See Table 10.2b for notes on series components

<sup>c</sup> Natural gas only; excludes the estimated portion of supplemental gaseous fuels. See Note 3, "Supplemental Gaseous Fuels," at end of Section 4. <sup>d</sup> Does not include biofuels that have been blended with petroleum—biofuels are included in "Biomass." <sup>e</sup> Includes coal coke net imports, which are not separately displayed. See

Tables 1.4a and 1.4b. f Conventional hydroelectric power.

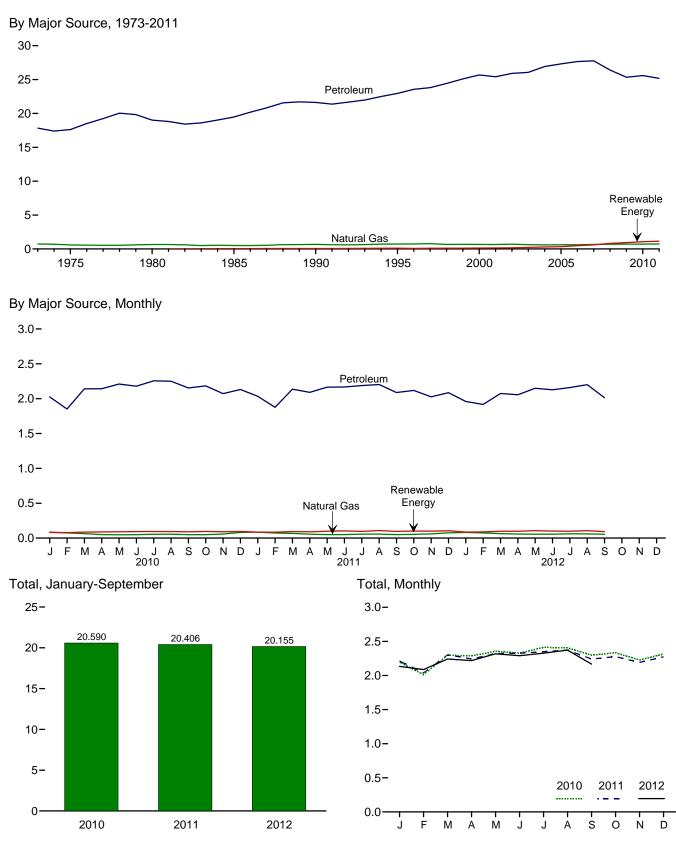
<sup>9</sup> Electricity retail sales to ultimate customers reported by electric utilities and, beginning in 1996, other energy service providers.
 <sup>n</sup> Total losses are calculated as the primary energy consumed by the electric power sector minus the energy content of electricity retail sales. Total losses are

allocated to the end-use sectors in proportion to each sector's share of total electricity retail sales. See Note 2, "Electrical System Energy Losses," at end of section.

R=Revised. NA=Not available. -=No data reported. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion

RENEVISED. INALENCE available. – = NO data reported. (s)=Less train 0.5 trainer. Btu. Notes: • The industrial sector includes industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and industrial electricity-only plants. See Note, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at end of Section 7. • See Note 1, "Energy Consumption Data and Surveys," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 Entrace and the Dictig of Columbia. States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#consumption

for all available data beginning in 1973. Sources: Tables 1.4a, 1.4b, 2.6, 3.8b, 4.3, 6.2, 7.6, 10.2b, A4, A5, and A6.



# Figure 2.5 Transportation Sector Energy Consumption (Quadrillion Btu)

Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#consumption. Source: Table 2.5.

# Table 2.5 Transportation Sector Energy Consumption

(Trillion Btu)

			Primary Con	sumption <sup>a</sup>					
		Fossi	l Fuels		Renewable Energy <sup>b</sup>	<b>-</b>	Electricity	Electrical System	
	Coal	Natural Gas <sup>c</sup>	Petroleum <sup>d</sup>	Total	Biomass	Total Primary	Retail Sales <sup>e</sup>	Energy Losses <sup>f</sup>	Total
73 Total	3	743	17,832	18,577	NA	18.577	11	25	18.613
75 Total	1	595	17,615	18,210	NA	18,210	10	24	18,245
80 Total	( <sup>g</sup> )	650	19,009	19,659	NA	19,659	11	27	19,697
85 Total	(g)	519	19,472	19,992	50	20,041	14	32	20,088
90 Total	(°)	680	21,626	22,306	60	22,366	16	37	22,420
95 Total	( <sup>g</sup> )	724	22,955	23,679	112	23,791	17	38	23,846
96 Total	(°)	737	23,565	24,302	81	24,383	17	38	24,437
97 Total	(g)	780	23,813	24,593	102	24,695	17	38	24,750
98 Total	(g)	666	24,422	25,088	113	25,201	17	38	25,256
99 Total	(g)	675	25,098	25,774	118	25,891	17	40	25,949
00 Total	(g)	672	25,682	26,354	135	26,489	18	42	26,548
01 Total	(g)	658	25,412	26,070	142	26,213	20	43	26,275
02 Total	(°)	699	25,913	26,612	170	26,781	19	42	26,842
03 Total	(g)	627	26,063	26,690	230	26,920	23	51	26,994
04 Total	(g)	602	26,925	27,527	290	27,817	25	54	27,895
05 Total	(g)	624	27,309	27,933	339	28,272	26	56	28,353
06 Total	(g)	625	27,651	28,276	475	28,751	25	54	28,830
07 Total	(g)	663	27,763	28,427	602	29,029	28	60	29,117
08 Total	(g)	692	26,407	27,099	826	27,925	26	56	28,008
09 Total	(g)	715	25,339	26,054	935	26,989	27	56	27,071
10 January	( <sup>g</sup> )	84	2,025	2,109	81	2,190	2	5	2,198
February	(g)	74	1,851	1,926	79	2,004	2	5	2,012
March	(g)	64	2,141	2,205	85	2,290	2	5	2,297
April	(g)	50	2,142	2,193	87	2,280	2	4	2,286
May	(9)	48	2,209	2,257	92	2,349	2	5	2,356
June	(9)	49	2,179	2,228	93	2,320	2	5	2,328
July	(9)	54	2,256	2,310	94	2,404	2	5	2,411
August	(g)	56	2,250	2,306	94	2,399	2	4	2,406
September	(g)	48	2,153	2,202	90	2,291	2	4	2,298
October	(a)	49	2,184	2,233	94	2,327	2	4	2,333
November	(a)	59	2,072	2,131	91	2,221	2	4	2,228
December	(g)	81	2,132	2,213	94	2,307	2	5	2,314
Total	(g)	716	25,595	26,310	1,074	27,384	26	55	27,466
11 January	(g)	86	2,034	2,120	86	2,205	2	5	2,213
February	(g)	73	1,876	1,949	84	2,033	2	4	2,039
March	(g)	67	2,136	2,203	93	2,296	2	5	2,303
April	(g)	55	2,091	2,146	90	2,236	2	4	2,243
May	(g)	50	2,165	2,216	98	2,314	2	5	2,321
June	(g)	50	2,167	2,217	102	2,320	2	5 5	2,327
July	(9)	57	2,188	2,245	96	2,341	2		2,348
August	(9)	57	2,203	2,260	107	2,366	2	4	2,373
September	(9)	50	2,088	2,138	96	2,234	2	4	2,240
October	(9)	53	2,118	2,171	100	2,271	2	4	2,277
November	(9)	60	2,026	2,086	99	2,186	2	4	2,192
December	(g)	75	2,086	2,161	105	2,266	2	5	2,273
Total	(g)	733	25,179	25,911	1,157	27,068	26	54	27,149
12 January	(g)	81	1,960	2,041	86	2,127	2	5	2,134
February	(g)	74	1,917	1,991	89	2,080	2	4	2,087
March	(g)	63	2,074	2,137	98	2,235	2	4	2,241
April	(g)	58	2,056	2,114	98	2,212	2	4	2,219
May	(g)	56	2,149	2,205	107	2,312	2	4	2,318
June	(g)	56	2,127	2,183	101	2,284	2	4	2,290
July	(g)	62	2,160	2,222	98	2,320	2	5	2,327
August	(g)	60	2,200	2,260	106	2,366	2	4	2,373
September	(g)	54	2,014	2,068	92	2,160	2	4	2,167
9-Month Total	(g)	566	18,657	19,222	874	20,097	19	40	20,155
11 9-Month Total	(g)	544 527	18,949 19,207	19,493 19,734	853 795	20,346 20,529	20 20	41 42	20,406 20,590

<sup>a</sup> See "Primary Energy Consumption" in Glossary.
 <sup>b</sup> Data are estimates. See Table 10.2b for notes on series components.
 <sup>c</sup> Natural gas only; does not include supplemental gaseous fuels. See Note 3, "Supplemental Gaseous Fuels," at end of Section 4.
 <sup>d</sup> Does not include biofuels that have been blended with petroleum—biofuels rate include in "Biomece".

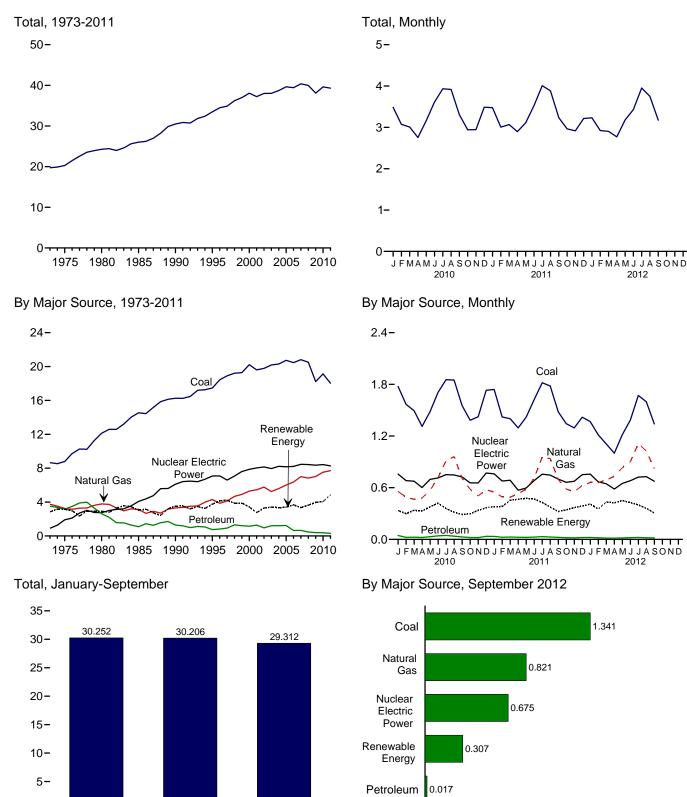
<sup>a</sup> Does not include biolutes that have been biended with periodeum—biolocials are included in "Biomass."
 <sup>e</sup> Electricity retail sales to ultimate customers reported by electric utilities and, beginning in 1996, other energy service providers.
 <sup>1</sup> Total losses are calculated as the primary energy consumed by the electric power sector minus the energy content of electricity retail sales. Total losses are allocated to the end-use sectors in proportion to each sector's share of total

electricity retail sales. See Note 2, "Electrical System Energy Losses," at end of section.

<sup>g</sup> Beginning in 1978, the small amounts of coal consumed for transportation are reported as industrial sector consumption. NA=Not available.

NA=NOt available.
Notes: See Note 1, "Energy Consumption Data and Surveys," at end of section.
Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#consumption for all available data beginning in 1973.
Sources: Tables 2.6, 3.8c, 4.3, 6.2, 7.6, 10.2b, A4, A5, and A6.

# Figure 2.6 Electric Power Sector Energy Consumption (Quadrillion Btu)



Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#consumption. Source: Table 2.6.

2011

0.0

0.5

1.0

1.5

2.0

2012

0-

2010

#### Table 2.6 **Electric Power Sector Energy Consumption** (Trillion Btu)

Primary Consumptiona Fossil Fuels Renewable Energy<sup>b</sup> Elec-Hydro-electric tricity Net Nuclear Natural Petro Geo-Bio-Total Electric Solar/ Coal Gasc leum Total Power Powerd thermal ΡV Wind mass Total Imports Primary 1973 Total ..... 1975 Total ..... 8,658 8,786 3,748 3,240 3,515 3,166 15,921 15,191 2,827 3,122 20 34 53 NA NA NA NA 2,851 3,158 910 19.731 3 2 49 20,270 1,900 21 1980 Total 12,123 3,778 2,634 18,534 2,739 2,867 NA NA 4 2,925 71 24,269 1985 Total 14,542 3,135 3,309 1,090 1,289 18,767 20,859 4,076 2,937 3,014 <u>97</u> 161 (s) <u>(s)</u> 29 <u>14</u> 317 3,049 140 26,032 30,495 1990 Totale ..... 4,302 3,862 755 817 22,523 23,109 3,149 3,528 33 33 3,747 4,153 134 33,479 34,485 1995 Total ..... 17,466 7,075 138 5 5 422 1996 Total ..... 18,429 148 438 137 7.087 34 31 46 1997 Total ..... 18,905 4,126 927 23,957 6,597 3,581 150 5 446 4,216 34,886 116 1998 Total 19,216 19,279 4.675 1,306 1,211 25,197 7,068 3,241 3,218 151 5 5 444 3,872 3,874 88 36.225 453 99 1999 Total ..... 4.902 25.393 152 36.976 57 70 3,427 2,763 5,293 5,458 26,658 7,862 2,768 2000 Total ..... 20,220 1,144 144 453 115 38,062 2001 Total ..... 26,348 26,511 2.209 75 72 37.215 19.614 1,277 8.029 142 6 337 19,783 8,145 105 3,288 2,650 147 380 38,016 2002 Total ..... 6 5.767 961 2003 Total ..... R 2,749 20,185 5,246 1,205 26,636 7,959 <sup>R</sup> 146 5 <sup>R</sup> 113 397 R 3,411 22 R 38,028 R 2.655 R 3.339 2004 Total ..... 20,305 20,737 5.595 1,212 27,112 27,986 8,222 148 6 142 178 388 39 38,712 39,638 2005 Total 6,015 1.235 8,161 2.670 147 6 406 3,406 85 8,215 8,455 8,427 6,375 7,005 2006 Total 20,462 648 27,485 2,839 145 5 264 412 3,665 63 39,428 28,470 27,810 2,430 2,494 3,345 3,630 2007 Total ..... 20.808 657 145 6 9 341 423 107 40,377 6,829 20,513 468 546 435 112 39,978 2008 Total ..... 146 2009 Total ..... 18,225 7,022 390 25,638 8,356 2,650 146 9 721 441 3,967 116 38,077 45 2,377 758 217 3,484 2010 January ..... 1,775 557 13 (s) 67 39 335 14 February ..... 1 568 489 466 23 25 2,080 1,984 682 199 11 13 (s) 1 53 84 36 39 300 12 10 3,073 3,008 676 338 1,494 202 March 23 31 95 85 79 1,815 12 36 36 2,755 April ..... 1,312 480 602 184 1 329 9 5 9 3,163 May .. 1,483 570 2.084 697 243 13 1 378 1,708 41 2,468 714 12 39 421 3,611 June ..... 290 2 719 46 37 28 July ..... 1.855 914 2,815 752 238 12 2 66 40 41 358 10 3,934 1,849 August ..... 2.847 65 315 3,917 961 748 195 13 2 6 2 69 77 95 38 37 September ..... 1,554 709 2,291 725 12 288 3,306 168 1 October ..... 22 21 2,942 2,944 1.383 581 1,986 656 171 12 12 1 298 1 1,423 1,731 November ..... 506 1,950 655 190 39 337 3 December ..... 36 2.34 13 88 41 ĝ 3,488 575 367 (s) Total ..... 19,133 7.527 378 27.039 8.434 2.521 148 12 923 459 4.064 89 39,626 1,741 550 35 2,326 761 247 13 83 37 381 9 3,477 2011 January ..... (s) 1,421 1,401 24 28 1,938 1,920 102 102 3,005 3,069 February ..... 493 678 233 12 13 35 36 382 8 8 687 March ..... 491 301 1 453 1,294 24 24 1,850 12 121 114 32 34 2,895 April ..... 531 57 301 2 2 467 May ..... 13 12 11 3.111 583 2.025 597 315 477 26 2,361 12 2 37 3,524 June ..... 1,623 712 311 107 469 683 July ..... 1,819 955 32 27 2,806 2,745 757 12 12 2 2 73 73 39 39 16 4,008 303 429 August ..... 1,780 938 249 376 16 3.883 746 24 20 18 September ..... 1,481 696 2,201 700 207 12 2 67 37 323 10 3,234 October ..... 1.343 585 1.949 663 191 12 1 102 36 343 10 8 2.964 1,294 1,864 36 2,916 552 12 November ..... 675 199 1 121 369 1,419 625 22 2,066 752 13 103 39 386 12 December ..... 229 3,214 <sup>R</sup> 39,300 Total ..... 18,035 7,712 303 26,050 8,269 3,085 149 17 1,167 437 4,855 127 2012 January ..... 660 23 2,051 757 225 14 1 134 37 410 11 3,230 1,368 18 15 34 35 February ..... 1.214 660 1.892 668 196 13 14 1 108 353 9 2 922 March ..... 1,108 689 2 10 2,903 1,812 646 249 135 435 April ..... 1,001 733 832 15 17 1,748 2,065 585 252 276 13 14 3 124 31 35 424 451 13 15 2,770 3,181 650 5 122 May ..... 2,306 13 36 14 3,429 June ..... 1,385 901 20 682 257 5 116 428 1,672 23 19 2,808 2,643 723 728 3,951 3,750 July ..... 1,113 259 14 13 5 4 85 38 38 401 19 19 224 August ..... 80 360 1.025 September .. ,341 821 675 170 84 36 307 13 ..... 9-Month Total ..... 11.902 7.435 168 19.504 6,114 2.108 121 31 989 320 3.569 124 29.312 244 20,171 6,180 2,466 13 841 326 98 2011 9-Month Total ...... 13,979 5,949 111 3.757 30,206 2010 9-Month Total ..... 1.936 76 14,597 5.864 300 20,760 6.354 111 10 662 343 3.063 30.252

See "Primary Energy Consumption" in Glossary. See Table 10.2c for notes on series components. b

Natural gas only; excludes the estimated portion of supplemental gaseous fuels. See Note 3, "Supplemental Gaseous Fuels," at end of Section 4. Conventional hydroelectric power.

<sup>e</sup> Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only. Beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers.
 R=Revised. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • Data are for fuels consumed to produce electricity and useful thermal

output. 
 The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public. See Note 1. "Energy Consumption Data and Surveys," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#consumption for

all available data beginning in 1973. Sources: Tables 3.8c, 4.3, 6.2, 7.1, 7.2b, 10.2c, A4, A5, and A6.

# **Energy Consumption by Sector**

**Note 1. Energy Consumption Data and Surveys.** Most of the data in this section of the Monthly Energy Review (MER) are developed from a group of energy-related surveys, typically called "supply surveys," conducted by the U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA). Supply surveys are directed to suppliers and marketers of specific energy sources. They measure the quantities of specific energy sources produced, or the quantities supplied to the market, or both. The data obtained from EIA's supply surveys are integrated to yield the summary consumption statistics published in this section (and in Section 1) of the MER.

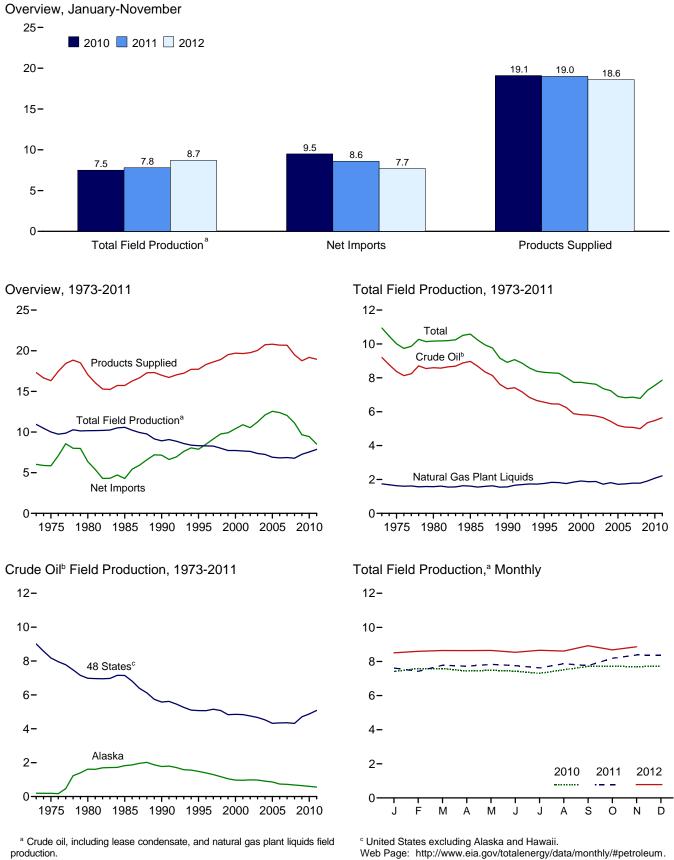
Users of EIA's energy consumption statistics should be aware of a second group of energy-related surveys, typically called "consumption surveys." Consumption surveys gather information on the types of energy consumed by end users of energy, along with the characteristics of those end users that can be associated with energy use. For example, the Manufacturing Energy Consumption Survey belongs to the consumption survey group because it collects information directly from end users (the manufacturing establishments). There are important differences between the supply and consumption surveys that need to be taken into account in any analysis that uses both data sources. For information on those differences, see Energy Consumption by End-Use Sector, A Comparison of Measures by Consumption and Supply Surveys, DOE/EIA-0533, U.S. Energy Information Administration, Washington, DC, April 6, 1990.

Note 2. Electrical System Energy Losses. Electrical system energy losses are calculated as the difference between total primary consumption by the electric power sector (see Table 2.6) and the total energy content of electricity retail sales (see Tables 7.6 and A6). Most of these losses occur at steam-electric power plants (conventional and nuclear) in the conversion of heat energy into mechanical energy to turn electric generators. The loss is a thermodynamically necessary feature of the steam-electric cycle. Part of the energy input-to-output losses is a result of imputing fossil energy equivalent inputs for hydroelectric and other energy sources, since there is no generally accepted practice for measuring those thermal conversion rates. In addition to conversion losses, other losses include power plant use of electricity, transmission and distribution of electricity from power plants to end-use consumers (also called "line losses"), and unaccounted for electricity. Total losses are allocated to the end-use sectors in proportion to each sector's share of total electricity sales. Overall, about two thirds of total energy input is lost in conversion. Currently, of electricity generated, approximately 5 percent is lost in plant use and 7 percent is lost in transmission and distribution.

# 3. Petroleum

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# Figure 3.1 Petroleum Overview (Million Barrels per Day)



Source: Table 3.1.

#### Table 3.1 **Petroleum Overview**

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

		Fie	eld Produc	tion <sup>a</sup>					Trade				
	48 States <sup>d</sup>	Crude Oil <sup>b</sup> Alaska	o,c Total	NGPL <sup>e,f</sup>	Total <sup>c</sup>	Renew- able Fuels and Oxy- genates <sup>g</sup>	Process- ing Gain <sup>h</sup>	lm- ports <sup>i</sup>	Ex- ports <sup>f</sup>	Net Imports <sup>j</sup>	Stock Change <sup>k</sup>	Adjust- ments <sup>c,l</sup>	Petroleum Products Supplied
1973 Average           1975 Average           1980 Average           1980 Average           1985 Average           1995 Average           1995 Average           1996 Average           1997 Average           1998 Average           1999 Average           2000 Average           2001 Average           2002 Average           2003 Average           2004 Average           2005 Average           2006 Average           2006 Average           2006 Average           2007 Average           2008 Average           2009 Average	9,010 8,183 6,980 7,146 5,582 5,076 5,077 4,832 4,851 4,859 4,670 4,527 4,348 4,355 4,355 4,378	198 191 1,617 1,825 1,773 1,484 1,393 1,296 1,175 1,050 970 963 9854 974 908 864 741 722 683 645	9,208 8,375 8,597 7,355 6,560 6,465 6,452 5,882 5,880 5,744 5,644 5,435 5,186 5,186 5,089 5,077 5,000 5,353	1,738 1,633 1,573 1,609 1,559 1,762 1,830 1,817 1,759 1,850 1,911 1,868 1,880 1,719 1,809 1,717 1,739 1,783 1,784 1,910	10,946 10,007 10,170 10,581 8,914 8,322 8,295 8,011 7,733 7,670 7,624 7,363 7,670 7,624 6,860 6,827 6,860 6,784 7,263	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA N	453 460 597 683 774 837 850 886 886 886 948 903 957 974 1,051 974 1,051 994 994 994 995 993 979	6,256 6,056 6,909 5,067 8,018 8,835 9,478 10,162 10,708 10,852 11,459 11,871 11,530 12,264 13,714 13,707 13,468 12,915 11,691	231 209 544 781 857 949 981 1,003 1,040 971 984 1,040 971 984 1,048 1,048 1,317 1,317 1,802 2,024	6,025 5,846 6,365 4,286 7,161 7,886 8,498 9,754 9,912 10,419 10,900 10,546 11,238 12,097 12,390 12,390 12,390 12,036 11,114 9,667	135 32 140 -103 107 -246 -151 143 239 -422 -69 325 56 56 209 145 56 60 -148 195 109	18 41 64 200 338 496 528 487 495 567 532 501 522 514 548 506 536 536 536 226	17,308 16,322 17,056 15,726 16,988 17,725 18,309 18,620 18,917 19,519 19,701 19,649 19,701 19,649 19,701 20,034 20,034 20,034 20,680 19,498 18,771
2010 January February April May June July August September October November December Average	4,758 4,911 4,867 4,738 4,827 4,849 4,769 4,906 4,994 4,978 4,952 4,982 4,982 <b>4,877</b>	640 635 646 571 534 538 614 618 606 632 <b>601</b>	5,399 5,546 5,513 5,377 5,398 5,313 5,445 5,608 5,596 5,558 5,614 <b>5,479</b>	2,017 2,043 2,076 2,061 2,046 1,994 2,071 2,104 2,125 2,136 2,124 <b>2,074</b>	7,416 7,589 7,438 7,438 7,430 7,307 7,515 7,712 7,515 7,712 7,721 7,694 7,739 <b>7,553</b>	846 874 895 878 893 905 915 924 967 961 <b>907</b>	961 1,060 1,064 1,028 1,069 1,109 1,123 1,062 1,012 1,051 1,187 <b>1,068</b>	11,300 11,230 11,621 12,526 12,141 12,444 12,675 12,356 11,823 11,142 11,096 11,132 <b>11,793</b>	1,897 2,034 2,149 2,432 2,399 2,304 2,516 2,410 2,345 2,480 2,598 2,644 <b>2,353</b>	9,404 9,197 9,472 10,093 9,742 10,140 10,159 9,946 9,478 8,662 8,498 8,488 <b>9,441</b>	309 -46 77 762 661 373 440 214 -23 -451 -667 -1,068 <b>49</b>	334 85 156 368 334 350 279 380 249 203 100 279 <b>261</b>	18,652 18,850 19,099 19,044 18,866 19,537 19,319 19,662 19,438 18,974 18,977 19,722 <b>19,180</b>
2011 January February April May June July August September October November December Average	R 5,038 R 4,804 R 4,974 R 4,933 R 5,018 R 5,014 R 5,01	464 611 606 582 553 453 526 585 566 593 592 <b>561</b>	R 5,501 R 5,415 R 5,585 R 5,539 R 5,600 R 5,660 R 5,640 R 5,567 R 5,877 R 6,006 R 6,012 R <b>5,647</b>	2,114 2,009 2,195 2,186 2,234 2,288 2,206 2,227 2,171 2,313 2,373 2,358 <b>2,216</b>	R 7,616 R 7,424 R 7,779 R 7,726 R 7,834 R 7,755 R 7,626 R 7,867 R 7,757 R 7,757 R 7,867 R 7,867 R 8,190 R 8,379 R 8,371 R <b>7,863</b>	982 972 1,002 996 992 1,015 1,004 1,027 1,011 1,023 1,076 1,085 <b>1,016</b>	1,019 954 1,019 1,013 1,085 1,106 1,122 1,133 1,123 1,123 1,084 1,113 1,134 1,134	12,248 10,738 11,850 11,806 11,877 11,757 11,277 11,277 11,277 11,217 11,053 11,217 11,064 <b>11,504</b>	2,750 2,634 2,733 3,071 2,735 2,716 3,053 3,002 3,174 3,107 3,159 3,667 <b>2,986</b>	9,497 8,104 9,117 8,736 9,131 9,161 8,704 8,224 8,095 7,946 8,059 7,397 <b>8,518</b>	484 -1,033 -139 105 884 59 231 -644 -492 -371 23 -646 -121	R 363 R 387 R 272 R 284 R 321 R 275 R 552 R 519 R 414 R 231 R 475 R 169 R <b>355</b>	18,993 18,873 19,329 18,650 18,479 19,253 18,778 19,415 18,892 18,844 19,080 18,803 <b>18,949</b>
March April May June July August	RE 5,704 RE 5,726 RE 5,710 RE 5,920 RE 5,837 RE 5,966	E 593 E 582 E 567 E 553 E 546 E 493 E 415 E 404 RE 502 E 546 E 553 E 523 E 523	$\begin{array}{c} \text{RE } 6,132\\ \text{RE } 6,210\\ \text{RE } 6,269\\ \text{RE } 6,257\\ \text{RE } 6,257\\ \text{RE } 6,233\\ \text{RE } 6,336\\ \text{RE } 6,334\\ \text{E } 6,634\\ \text{E } 6,764\\ \text{E } 6,344\\ \text{5,613}\\ \text{5,466}\\ \end{array}$	2,376 2,388 2,375 2,382 2,376 2,323 2,367 R 2,458 E 2,045 E 2,100 E 2,320 2,203 2,203 2,069	RE 8,508 RE 8,598 RE 8,644 RE 8,639 RE 8,648 RE 8,658 RE 8,658 RE 8,658 RE 8,659 RE 8,658 RE 8,664 E 8,664 F,816 7,816 7,816	1,021 1,012 994 1,001 1,018 1,004 929 957 R 924 E 886 E 899 E 968 1,009 901	1,053 1,068 1,023 1,047 1,089 1,060 1,102 R 1,047 E 1,073 E 1,091 E 1,068 1,071 1,057	10,944 10,464 10,610 10,634 11,132 11,393 10,748 10,898 R 10,533 E 10,295 E 10,114 E 10,708 11,544 11,855	2,839 2,980 3,064 3,263 3,194 3,209 3,211 3,017 R 3,150 E 2,795 E 2,818 E 3,049 2,923 2,326	8,104 7,484 7,547 7,370 7,939 8,184 7,537 7,881 R 7,383 E 7,500 E 7,599 8,622 9,529	655 -228 409 -18 524 493 33 -272 F.582 E -22 E -183 E 181 -73 152	R 248 R 370 R 413 R 254 R 538 R 584 R 449 R 406 R 474 E 678 E 661 E 462 372 259	18,280 18,760 18,213 18,330 18,707 18,915 18,601 19,226 R 18,173 E 18,838 E 18,994 E 18,639 18,963 19,130

<sup>a</sup> Crude oil production on leases, and natural gas liquids (liquefied petroleum gases, pentanes plus, and a small amount of finished petroleum products) production at natural gas processing plants. Excludes what was previously classified as "Field Production" of finished motor gasoline, motor gasoline blending components, and other hydrocarbons and oxygenates; these are now included in "Adiustments" Adjustments.

"Adjustments."
 <sup>b</sup> Includes lease condensate.
 <sup>c</sup> Data for crude oil production, total field production, and adjustments are revised monthly going back as far as the data year of the U.S. Energy. Information Administration's (EIA) last published *Petroleum Supply Annual (PSA)*—these revisions are released at the same time as EIA's *Petroleum Supply Monthly*. Once a year, data for these series are revised going back as far as 10 years—these revisions are released at the same time as the PSA.
 <sup>d</sup> United States excluding Alaska and Hawaii.
 <sup>e</sup> Natural gas plant liquids.
 <sup>f</sup> See Note 6, "Petroleum Data Discrepancies," at end of section.
 <sup>g</sup> Renewable fuels and oxygenate plant net production.

 $^{g}$  Renewable fuels and oxygenate plant net production.  $^{h}$  Refinery and blender net production minus refinery and blender net inputs. See Table 3.2.

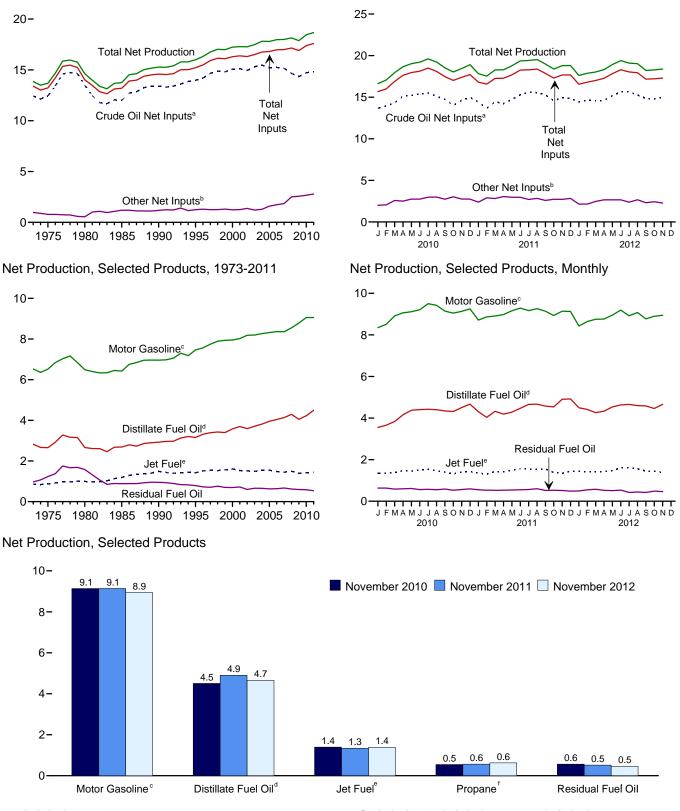
Includes Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports. See Table 3.3b.

<sup>i</sup> Includes Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports. See Table 3.3b.
 <sup>j</sup> Net imports equal imports minus exports.
 <sup>k</sup> A negative value indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive value indicates an increase. The current month stock change estimate is based on the change from the previous month's estimate, rather than the stocks values shown in Table 3.4. Includes crude oil stocks in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve, but excludes distillate fuel oil stocks in the Northeast Heating Oil Reserve. See Table 3.4. Also see Note 4, "Petroleum New Stock Basis," at end of section.
 <sup>i</sup> An adjustment for crude oil, hydrogen, oxygenates, renewable fuels, other hydrocarbons, motor gasoline blending components, finished motor gasoline, and distillate fuel oil. See EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, Appendix B, "PSM Explanatory Notes," for further information.
 R=Revised. E=Estimate. NA=Not available.
 Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
 Web Pages: • For all available data beginning in 1973, see http://www.eia.gov/lotalenergy/data/monthly/#petroleum. • For related information, see http://www.eia.gov/lotalenergy/data/monthly/#petroleum.

# Figure 3.2 Refinery and Blender Net Inputs and Net Production (Million Barrels per Day)

#### Net Inputs and Net Production, 1973-2011

Net Inputs and Net Production, Monthly



<sup>a</sup> Includes lease condensate.

<sup>b</sup> Natural gas plant liquids and other liquids.

<sup>e</sup>Beginning in 1993, includes fuel ethanol blended into motor gasoline.

<sup>d</sup> Beginning in 2009, includes renewable diesel fuel (including biodiesel) blended into distillate fuel oil. <sup>e</sup> Beginning in 2005, includes kerosene-type jet fuel only.

<sup>†</sup> Includes propylene. Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#petroleum.

#### Table 3.2 Refinery and Blender Net Inputs and Net Production

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Refine	ery and Ble	ender Net Ir	nputs <sup>a</sup>			Refinery	and Blen	der Net Proc	ductionb		
							LPG	c				
	Crude Oil <sup>d</sup>	NGPLe	Other Liquids <sup>f</sup>	Total	Distillate Fuel Oil <sup>g</sup>	Jet Fuel <sup>h</sup>	Propane <sup>i</sup>	Total	Motor Gasoline <sup>j</sup>	Residual Fuel Oil	Other Products <sup>k</sup>	Total
1973 Average 1975 Average	12,431 12,442	815 710	155 72	13,401 13,225	2,820 2,653	859 871	271 234	375 311	6,527 6,518	971 1,235	2,301 2,097	13,854 13,685
1980 Average 1985 Average	13,481 12,002	462 509	81 681	14,025 13,192	2,661 2,686	999 1,189	269 295	330 391	6,492 6,419	1,580 882	2,559 2,183	14,622 13,750
1990 Average 1995 Average	13,409 13,973	467 471	713 775	14,589 15,220	2,925 3,155	1,488 1,416	404 503	499 654	6,959 7,459	950 788	2,452 2,522	15,272 15,994
1996 Average	14,195	450 416	843 832	15,487	3,316	1,515	520	662	7,565	726 708	2,541	16,324
1997 Average 1998 Average	14,662 14,889	403	853	15,909 16,144	3,392 3,424	1,554 1,526	565 550	691 674	7,743 7,892	762	2,671 2,753	16,759 17,030
1999 Average 2000 Average	14,804 15,067	372 380	927 849	16,103 16,295	3,399 3,580	1,565 1,606	569 583	684 705	7,934 7.951	698 696	2,709 2,705	16,989 17,243
2001 Average	15,128	429	825	16,382	3,695	1,530	556	667	8,022	721	2,651	17,285
2002 Average	14,947 15,304	429 419	941 791	16,316 16,513	3,592 3,707	1,514 1,488	572 570	671 658	8,183 8,194	601 660	2,712 2,780	17,273 17,487
2004 Average	15,475	422	866	16,762	3,814	1,547	584	645	8,265	655	2,887	17,814
2005 Average 2006 Average	15,220 15,242	441 501	1,149 1,238	16,811 16,981	3,954 4,040	1,546 1,481	540 543	573 627	8,318 8,364	628 635	2,782 2,827	17,800 17,975
2007 Average	15,156	505	1,337	16,999	4,133	1,448	562	655	8,358	673	2,728	17,994
2008 Average 2009 Average	14,648 14,336	485 485	2,019 2,082	17,153 16,904	4,294 4,048	1,493 1,396	519 537	630 623	8,548 8,786	620 598	2,561 2,431	18,146 17,882
2010 January	13,666	503	1,501	15,670	3,551	1,338	531	480	8,348	633 632	2,281	16,631
February March	13,950 14,314	402 413	1,654 2,166	16,005 16,893	3,658 3,835	1,340 1,379	562 575	540 726	8,510 8,913	581	2,385 2,523	17,065 17,957
April	15,131	374 399	2,135 2,348	17,640 17,963	4,156	1,470	585	850	9,062	598	2,531	18,668
May June	15,215 15,382	399 397	2,340 2,349	18,127	4,375 4,408	1,449 1,495	571 572	857 870	9,113 9,211	615 559	2,622 2,670	19,031 19,212
July	15,519	384 390	2,595 2,607	18,498 18,107	4,425 4,404	1,542 1,463	574 552	860	9,500	576 554	2,704	19,607
August September	15,110 14,740	390 443	2,607	17,477	4,404	1,403	552 551	778 614	9,426 9,143	588	2,605 2,449	19,230 18,539
October	14,000	504	2,517 2,223	17,021 17,391	4,315	1,317	526	501	9,049	528	2,323	18,033
November December	14,637 14,976	531 563	2,223	17,391	4,503	1,394 1,417	543 572	390 430	9,134 9,252	564 595	2,457 2,547	18,442 18,911
Average	14,724	442	2,219	17,385	4,223	1,418	560	659	9,059	585	2,509	18,452
2011 January February	14,423 13.676	549 515	1,835 2,388	16,807 16,579	4,303 4,033	1,362 1,298	561 512	431 472	8,714 8.866	552 529	2,464 2,335	17,826 17,533
March	14,451	460	2,350	17,261	4,326	1,431	528	636	8,908	526	2,454	18,280
April May	14,231 14,718	448 432	2,606 2,535	17,285 17,685	4,189 4,283	1,422 1,479	542 563	781 815	8,978 9,157	534 538	2,394 2,496	18,298 18,770
June	15,294	444	2,522	18,260	4,471	1,568	567	847	9,289	553	2,638	19,366
July August	15,589 15,556	417 437	2,288 2,396	18,294 18,388	4,656 4,668	1,550 1,543	557 553	820 791	9,166 9,264	563 604	2,661 2,652	19,416 19,522
September	15,275	494	2,100	17,870	4,576	1,553	569	603	9,140	516	2,605	18,993
October November	14,570 14.960	524 599	2,205 2,118	17,298 17,677	4,539 4,902	1,378 1.341	540 564	480 377	8,932 9,141	530 516	2,525 2.513	18,382 18,790
December	14,842	566	2,270	17,678	4,919	1,449	566	368	9,128	486	2,462	18,812
Average	14,806	490	2,300	17,596	4,492	1,449	552	619	9,058	537	2,518	18,673
2012 January February	14,415 14,659	513 531	1,633 1,618	16,561 16,809	4,498 4,416	1,437 1,401	518 532	414 492	8,427 8,645	495 547	2,343 2,375	17,613 17,876
March	14,545	445	2,022	17,012	4,262	1,412	545	685	8,753	577	2,347	18,035
April May	14,614 15,177	443 429	2,215 2,228	17,272 17,833	4,330 4,537	1,433 1,468	558 569	833 856	8,763 8,952	525 509	2,436 2,601	18,319 18,922
June	15,632	442	2,222	18,297	4,632	1,609	585	841	9,193	538	2,582	19,396
July	15,656 15,259	435 435	1,944 2,239	18,036 17,932	4,659 4,599	1,611 1,559	565 543	841 777	8,921 9,079	420 443	2,644 2,577	19,096 19,034
August September	<sup>R</sup> 14,863	<sup>R</sup> 522	<sup>R</sup> 1.794	<sup>R</sup> 17,179	<sup>R</sup> 4,584	<sup>R</sup> 1.450	<sup>R</sup> 522	<sup>R</sup> 553	<sup>R</sup> 8,770	R 420	<sup>R</sup> 2,450	<sup>R</sup> 18,226
October	<sup>E</sup> 14,784	<sup>RF</sup> 539 <sup>F</sup> 581	RE 1.889	<sup>RF</sup> 17,212	E 4,462	E 1,453	<sup>RE</sup> 661	F 466 F 369	<sup>E</sup> 8,898	E 486 E 463	RE 2,520 E 2,566	<sup>RE</sup> 18,285
November 11-Month Average	E 15,025 E <b>14,967</b>	E <b>483</b>	E 1,689 E <b>1,956</b>	F 17,295 E <b>17,406</b>	E 4,661 E <b>4,513</b>	<sup>E</sup> 1,384 E <b>1,475</b>	<sup>E</sup> 626 <sup>E</sup> <b>566</b>	E 649	E 8,943 E <b>8,850</b>	E 463 E 493	E 2,566	E 18,386 E <b>18,474</b>
2011 11-Month Average 2010 11-Month Average	14,803 14,700	483 431	2,303 2,222	17,589 17,353	4,452 4,182	1,449 1,418	551 558	642 680	9,051 9,041	542 584	2,523 2,505	18,660 18,410

See "Refinery and Blender Net Inputs," in Glossary. See "Refinery and Blender Net Production," in Glossary. a b

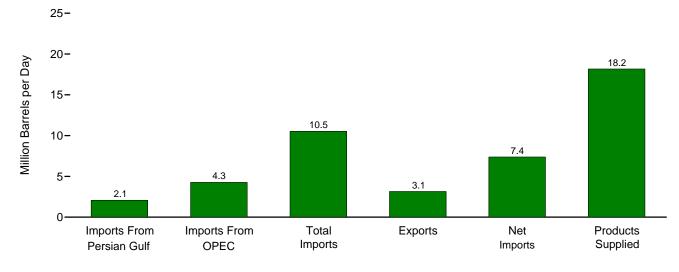
<sup>b</sup> See "Refinerý and Blender Net Production," in Glossary.
<sup>c</sup> Liquefied petroleum gases.
<sup>d</sup> Includes lease condensate.
<sup>e</sup> Natural gas plant liquids (liquefied petroleum gases and pentanes plus).
<sup>f</sup> Unfinished oils (net), other hydrocarbons, and hydrogen. Beginning in 1981, also includes aviation and motor gasoline blending components (net). Beginning in 1993, also includes ronewable diesel fuel (including fuel ethanol. Beginning in 2009, also includes renewable diesel fuel (including biodiesel).
<sup>g</sup> Beginning in 2009, includes renewable diesel fuel (including biodiesel) blended into distillate fuel oil.
<sup>h</sup> Through 2004, includes kerosene-type and naphtha-type jet fuel. Beginning in 2005, includes kerosene-type it fuel only; naphtha-type jet fuel is included in "Other Products."
<sup>i</sup> Includes propylene.

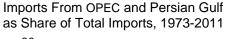
<sup>1</sup> Includes propylene. <sup>j</sup> Finished motor gasoline. Beginning in 1993, also includes fuel ethanol blended into motor gasoline.

<sup>k</sup> Asphalt and road oil, finished aviation gasoline, kerosene, lubricants, petrochemical feedstocks, petroleum coke, special naphthas, still gas, waxes, and miscellaneous products. Beginning in 2005, also includes naphtha-type jet fuel. R=Revised. E=Estimate. F=Forecast.
 Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Pages: • For all available data beginning in 1973, see http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#petroleum. • For related information, see http://www.eia.gov/petroleum/.
 Sources: • 1973-1975: Bureau of Mineral Industry Surveys, *Petroleum Statement, Annual,* annual reports. • 1976-1980: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, *Petroleum Statement, Annual, annual reports.* • 1981-2011: EIA, *Petroleum Supply Monthly,* monthly reports; and, for the current two months, *Weekly Petroleum Status Report* data system, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System, and *Monthly Energy Review* data system calculations.

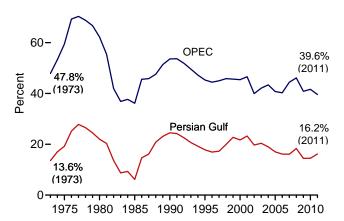
# Figure 3.3a Petroleum Trade: Overview

Overview, September 2012

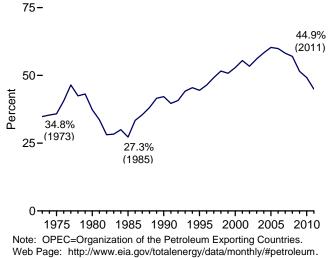




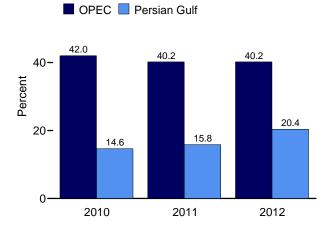




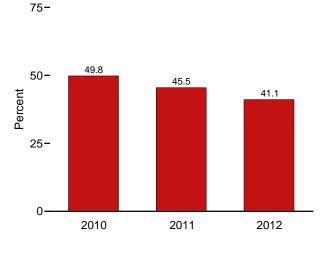
Net Imports as Share of Products Supplied, 1973-2011



Imports From OPEC and Persian Gulf as Share of Total Imports, January-September 60-



Net Imports as Share of Products Supplied, January-November



Source: Table 3.3a.

## Table 3.3a Petroleum Trade: Overview

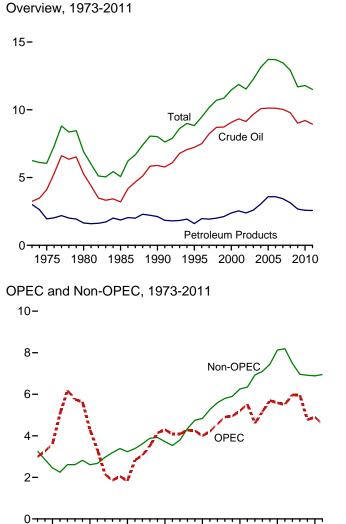
									are of Supplied			hare of Imports
	Imports From Persian Gulf <sup>a</sup>	Imports From OPEC <sup>b</sup>	Imports	Exports	Net Imports	Products Supplied	Imports From Persian Gulf <sup>a</sup>	Imports From OPEC <sup>b</sup>	Imports	Net Imports	Imports From Persian Gulf <sup>a</sup>	Imports From OPEC <sup>b</sup>
			Thousand Ba	arrels per Day	/				Per	rcent		
973 Average	848	2,993	6,256	231	6,025	17,308	4.9	17.3	36.1	34.8	13.6	47.8
975 Average	1,165	3,601	6,056	209	5,846	16,322	7.1	22.1	37.1	35.8	19.2	59.5
980 Average	1,519 311	4,300 1,830	6,909 5,067	544 781	6,365 4,286	17,056 15,726	8.9 2.0	25.2 11.6	40.5 32.2	37.3 27.3	22.0 6.1	62.2 36.1
985 Average 990 Average	1,966	4,296	8,018	857	7,161	16,988	11.6	25.3	47.2	42.2	24.5	53.6
995 Average	1,573	4,002	8,835	949	7,886	17,725	8.9	22.6	49.8	44.5	17.8	45.3
996 Average	1,604	4,211	9,478	981	8,498	18,309	8.8	23.0	51.8	46.4	16.9	44.4
997 Average	1,755	4,569	10,162	1,003	9,158	18,620	9.4	24.5	54.6	49.2	17.3	45.0
998 Average	2,136	4,905	10,708	945	9,764	18,917	11.3	25.9	56.6	51.6	19.9	45.8
999 Average	2,464	4,953	10,852	940	9,912	19,519	12.6	25.4	55.6	50.8	22.7	45.6
000 Average	2,488	5,203	11,459	1,040	10,419 10.900	19,701	12.6	26.4	58.2	52.9	21.7	45.4
001 Average	2,761 2,269	5,528 4,605	11,871 11,530	971 984	10,900	19,649 19,761	14.1 11.5	28.1 23.3	60.4 58.3	55.5 53.4	23.3 19.7	46.6 39.9
002 Average 003 Average	2,209	5,162	12,264	1.027	11.238	20.034	12.5	25.8	61.2	56.1	20.4	42.1
004 Average	2,301	5,701	13,145	1.048	12.097	20,034	12.0	27.5	63.4	58.4	19.0	43.4
005 Average	2,334	5,587	13,714	1,165	12,549	20,802	11.2	26.9	65.9	60.3	17.0	40.7
2006 Average	2,211	5,517	13,707	1,317	12,390	20,687	10.7	26.7	66.3	59.9	16.1	40.2
007 Average	2,163	5,980	13,468	1,433	12,036	20,680	10.5	28.9	65.1	58.2	16.1	44.4
008 Average	2,370	5,954	12,915	1,802	11,114	19,498	12.2	30.5	66.2	57.0	18.4	46.1
009 Average	1,689	4,776	11,691	2,024	9,667	18,771	9.0	25.4	62.3	51.5	14.4	40.9
010 January February	1,563 1,666	4,554 4,659	11,300 11,230	1,897 2.034	9,404 9,197	18,652 18,850	8.4 8.8	24.4 24.7	60.6 59.6	50.4 48.8	13.8 14.8	40.3 41.5
March	1,842	5,084	11,621	2,149	9,472	19,099	9.6	26.6	60.8	49.6	15.9	43.7
April	2,026	5,376	12,526	2,432	10,093	19,044	10.6	28.2	65.8	53.0	16.2	42.9
May	1,724	5,055	12,141	2,399	9,742	18,866	9.1	26.8	64.4	51.6	14.2	41.6
June	1,972	5,297	12,444	2,304	10,140	19,537	10.1	27.1	63.7	51.9	15.8	42.6
July	1,679	5,178	12,675	2,516	10,159	19,319	8.7	26.8	65.6	52.6	13.2	40.8
August	1,663	5,117	12,356	2,410	9,946	19,662	8.5	26.0	62.8	50.6	13.5	41.4
September	1,698	5,111	11,823	2,345 2,480	9,478	19,438	8.7	26.3	60.8	48.8	14.4	43.2
October November	1,490 1,662	4,305 4,525	11,142 11,096	2,480 2,598	8,662 8,498	18,974 18,977	7.9 8.8	22.7 23.8	58.7 58.5	45.7 44.8	13.4 15.0	38.6 40.8
December	1,564	4,525	11,132	2,598	8,488	19,722	7.9	23.6	56.4	44.0	14.0	40.8
Average	1,711	4,906	11,793	2,353	9,441	19,180	8.9	25.6	61.5	49.2	14.5	41.6
011 January	1,681	4,909	12,248	2,750	9,497	18,993	8.8	25.8	64.5	50.0	13.7	40.1
February	1,495	4,530	10,738	2,634	8,104	18,873	7.9	24.0	56.9	42.9	13.9	42.2
March	1,667	4,638	11,850	2,733	9,117	19,329	8.6	24.0	61.3	47.2	14.1	39.1
April	1,704 1,844	4,548 4,619	11,808	3,071 2,735	8,736 9,131	18,650 18,479	9.1 10.0	24.4 25.0	63.3 64.2	46.8 49.4	14.4 15.5	38.5 38.9
May June	2,033	4,819	11,866 11,877	2,735	9,131	19,253	10.0	25.0 25.4	64.2 61.7	49.4 47.6	15.5	30.9 41.2
July	2,033	4,094	11,757	3,053	8,704	18,778	11.5	26.3	62.6	46.4	18.4	41.2
August	1,910	4,656	11,227	3,002	8,224	19,415	9.8	24.0	57.8	42.4	17.0	41.5
September	2,039	4,326	11,270	3,174	8,095	18,892	10.8	22.9	59.7	42.9	18.1	38.4
October	1,904	4,296	11,053	3,107	7,946	18,844	10.1	22.8	58.7	42.2	17.2	38.9
November	1,944	4,206	11,217	3,159	8,059	19,080	10.2	22.0	58.8	42.2	17.3	37.5
December Average	1,921 <b>1,861</b>	4,093 <b>4,555</b>	11,064 <b>11,504</b>	3,667 <b>2,986</b>	7,397 <b>8,518</b>	18,803 <b>18,949</b>	10.2 <b>9.8</b>	21.8 <b>24.0</b>	58.8 <b>60.7</b>	39.3 <b>44.9</b>	17.4 <b>16.2</b>	37.0 <b>39.6</b>
012 January	2,208	4,203	10,944	2,839	8,104	18,280	12.1	23.0	59.9	44.3	20.2	38.4
February	1,948	3,986	10,464	2,980	7,484	18,760	10.4	21.2	55.8	39.9	18.6	38.1
March	2,222	4,314	10,610	3,064	7,547	18,213	12.2	23.7	58.3	41.4	20.9	40.7
April	2,228	4,394	10,634	3,263	7,370	18,330	12.2	24.0	58.0	40.2	21.0	41.3
May	2,560	4,672	11,132	3,194	7,939	18,707	13.7	25.0	59.5	42.4	23.0	42.0
June	2,376	4,618	11,393	3,209	8,184	18,915	12.6	24.4	60.2	43.3	20.9	40.5
July	2,131 2,071	4,331 4,344	10,748 10,898	3,211 3,017	7,537 7,881	18,601 19,226	11.5 10.8	23.3 22.6	57.8 56.7	40.5 41.0	19.8 19.0	40.3 39.9
August September	R 2,071	<sup>R</sup> 4,344	<sup>R</sup> 10,533	R 3 150	<sup>R</sup> 7,383	<sup>R</sup> 18,173	R 11.4	R 23.5	<sup>R</sup> 58.0	<sup>R</sup> 40.6	<sup>R</sup> 19.7	<sup>R</sup> 40.5
October	NA	4,200 NA	E 10,295	<sup>⊨</sup> 2.795	E 7.500	E 18,838	NA	NA	E 54.7	E 39.8	NA	NA
November	NA	NA	E 10,114	E 2,818	E 7,296	E 18,994	NA	NA	E 53.2	E 38.4	NA	NA
11-Month Average	NA	NA	E 10,708	<sup>E</sup> 3,049	E 7,659	E 18,639	NA	NA	E 57.4	<sup>E</sup> 41.1	NA	NA
011 11-Month Average 010 11-Month Average	1,856	4,598 4,933	11,544	2,923	8,622	18,963	9.8	24.2	60.9	45.5	16.1	39.8

<sup>a</sup> Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates, and the Neutral Zone (between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia).
 <sup>b</sup> See "Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC)" in Glossary. See Table 3.3c for notes on which countries are included in the data.
 R=Revised. E=Estimate. NA=Not available.
 Notes: • Readers of this table may be interested in a feature article, "Measuring Dependence on Imported Oil," that was published in the August 1995 Monthly Energy Review. See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/pdf/historical/imported\_oil.pdf.
 Beginning in October 1977, data include Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports. See Table 3.3b.
 Annual averages may not equal average of months due to independent rounding.
 U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the

District of Columbia. U.S. exports include shipments to U.S. territories, and imports include receipts from U.S. territories.
 Web Pages: • For all available data beginning in 1973, see http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#petroleum.
 For related information, see http://www.eia.gov/petroleum/.
 Sources: • 1973-1975: Bureau of Mines, Mineral Industry Surveys, Petroleum Statement, Annual, annual reports. • 1976-1980: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, Petroleum Statement, Annual, annual reports. • 1981-2011: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual, annual reports. • 2012: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual, and, for the current two months, Weekly Petroleum Status Report data system and Monthly Energy Review data system calculations.

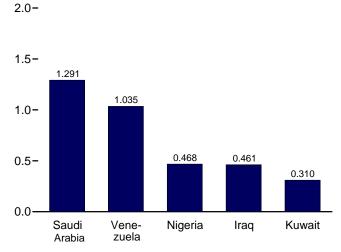
# Figure 3.3b Petroleum Trade: Imports

(Million Barrels per Day)

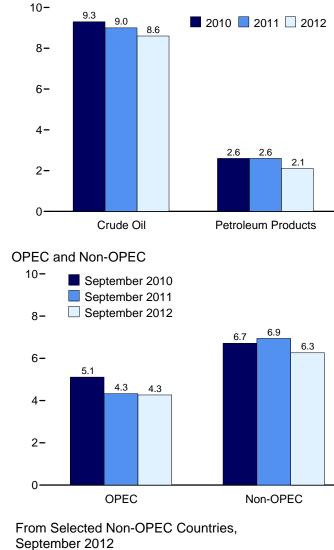


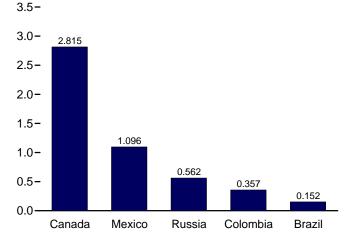
From Selected OPEC Countries, September 2012

1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010



Note: OPEC=Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries. Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#petroleum. Sources: Tables 3.3b–3.3d.





Crude Oil and Petroleum Products, January-November

### Table 3.3b Petroleum Trade: Imports and Exports by Type

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

					Im	ports						Exports	
	Cruc	le Oil <sup>a</sup>			LPG	b							
	SPR <sup>c,d</sup>	Total	Distillate Fuel Oil	Jet Fuel <sup>e</sup>	<b>Propane</b> <sup>f</sup>	Total	Motor Gasoline <sup>g</sup>	Residual Fuel Oil	Other <sup>h</sup>	Total	Crude Oil <sup>a</sup>	Petroleum Products	Total
973 Average		3,244	392	212	71	132	134	1,853	290	6.256	2	229	231
975 Average		4,105	155	133	60	112	184	1,223	144	6,056	6	204	209
980 Average	44	5,263	142	80	69	216	140	939	130	6,909	287	258	544
985 Average	118	3,201	200	39	67	187	381	510	550	5,067	204	577	781
990 Average	27	5,894	278	108	115	188	342	504	705	8,018	109	748	857
995 Average	-	7,230	193	106	102	146	265	187	708	8,835	95	855	949
996 Average	-	7,508	230	111	119	166	336	248	879	9,478	110	871	981
97 Average	-	8,225	228	91	113	169	309	194	945	10,162	108	896	1,003
98 Average	-	8,706	210	124	137	194	311	275	888	10,708	110	835	945
999 Average	8	8,731	250	128	122	182	382	237	943	10,852	118	822	940
000 Average	8	9,071	295	162	161	215	427	352	938	11,459	50	990	1,040
01 Average	11	9,328	344	148	145	206	454	295	1,095	11,871	20	951	971
02 Average	16	9,140	267	107	145	183	498	249	1,085	11,530	9	975	984
03 Average		9,665	333	109	168	225	518	327	1,087	12,264	12	1,014	1,027
04 Average	77	10,088	325	127	209	263	496	426	1,419	13,145	27	1,021	1,048
05 Average	52	10,126	329	190	233	328	603	530	1,609	13,714	32	1,133	1,165
006 Average	8	10,118	365	186	228	332	475	350	1,881	13,707	25	1,292	1,317
007 Average	7	10,031	304	217	182	247	413	372	1,885	13,468	27	1,405	1,433
08 Average 09 Average	19 56	9,783 9,013	213 225	103 81	185 147	253 182	302 223	349 331	1,913 1,635	12,915 11,691	29 44	1,773 1,980	1,802 2,024
10 January	_	8,492	462	131	192	225	179	376	1,435	11,300	33	1,864	1,897
February	_	8.761	293	75	217	242	196	382	1,433	11,230	58	1,004	2.034
March		9,341	179	79	137	155	120	376	1,202	11,621	45	2.104	2,03-
April	_	9,341	220	88	79	102	120	480	1,370	12,526	37	2,396	2,143
April		9.655	189	81	82	102	107	404	1,599	12,141	36	2,363	2,43
May June	_	9,927	237	114	73	113	163	283	1,607	12,444	31	2,303	2,30
July	_	9,932	170	113	56	104	103	400	1,841	12,675	69	2,273	2,51
August	_	9,543	246	103	62	107	129	330	1,899	12,356	36	2,374	2,41
September		9,229	189	122	85	124	130	367	1,662	11,823	61	2,283	2,34
October	_	8,540	163	94	131	165	86	337	1,758	11,142	23	2,457	2,480
November	-	8.699	178	101	132	165	117	345	1,491	11,096	32	2,567	2,598
December	-	8,695	219	73	214	231	99	315	1,501	11,132	40	2,604	2,644
Average	-	9,213	228	98	121	153	134	366	1,600	11,793	42	2,311	2,353
11 January	_	9,183	337	65	235	290	102	411	1,860	12,248	72	2,678	2,750
February	-	8,184	206	68	220	266	119	364	1,532	10,738	30	2,604	2,634
March	-	9,183	190	65	205	260	135	378	1,639	11,850	36	2,696	2,733
April	-	8,839	191	80	141	177	138	424	1,959	11,808	41	3,031	3,071
May	-	9,059	170	91	118	160	137	306	1,942	11,866	37	2,698	2,73
June	-	9,235	127	82	115	160	130	353	1,789	11,877	36	2,680	2,71
July	-	9,276	157	95	115	157	92	246	1,733	11,757	73	2,980	3,053
August	-	8,936	148	66	123	167	106	231	1,573	11,227	34	2,969	3,002
September	-	8,914	179	58	141	176	99	277	1,567	11,270	35	3,139	3,174
October	-	8,907	128	61	129	166	66	286	1,440	11,053	51	3,057	3,10
November	-	8,724	138	72	152	191	74	341	1,677	11,217	64	3,094	3,159
December	-	8,711	175	21	210	258	60	330	1,509	11,064	53	3,614	3,667
Average	-	8,935	179	69	158	202	105	328	1,686	11,504	47	2,939	2,98
12 January	-	8,572	156	6	145	168	99	305	1,637	10,944	56	2,783	2,83
February	-	8,558	142	41	125	155	46	226	1,296	10,464	59	2,921	2,98
March	-	8,767	136	5	108	136	91	271	1,205	10,610	60	3,004	3,06
April	-	8,591	98	56	102	129	53	240	1,466	10,634	32	3,231	3,26
May	-	8,909	111	49	172	218	60	251	1,534	11,132	69	3,124	3,19
June	-	9,101	87	42	133	170	66	325	1,602	11,393	46	3,163	3,20
July	-	8,606	113	48	148	182	52	247	1,501	10,748	77	3,134	3,21
August	-	8,631	110	124	142	186	37	233	1,577	10,898	60	2,957	3,01
September	-	<sup>R</sup> 8,375	<sup>R</sup> 84	_ 84	<sup>R</sup> 149	<sup>R</sup> 191	R 35	R 256	<sup>R</sup> 1,507	<sup>R</sup> 10,533	R 58	R 3,092	R 3,15
October	-	E 8,277	E 65	E 95	E 103	NA	E 25	E 257	NA	E 10,295	E 41	E 2,754	E 2,79
November 11-Month Average	_	<sup>E</sup> 8,014 <sup>E</sup> <b>8,583</b>	E 176 E 116	E 27 E <b>52</b>	<sup>E</sup> 147 E <b>134</b>	NA NA	<sup>E</sup> 63 E <b>57</b>	E 284 E <b>263</b>	NA NA	E 10,114 E <b>10,708</b>	E 42 E 55	<sup>E</sup> 2,776 <sup>E</sup> <b>2,994</b>	E 2,81 E <b>3,04</b>
11 11-Month Average	_	8.956	179	73	154	197	109	328	1.702	11,544	46	2.876	2,92
10 11-Month Average	-	8,956 9,261	229	100	154	146	138	320	1,702	11,344	40	2,070	2,92

Includes lease condensate.

<sup>a</sup> Includes lease condensate.
 <sup>b</sup> Liquefied petroleum gases.
 <sup>c</sup> "SPR" is the Strategic Petroleum Reserve, which began in October 1977.
 Through 2003, includes crude oil imports by SPR only; beginning in 2004, includes crude oil imports by SPR, and crude oil imports into SPR by others.
 <sup>d</sup> See Note 6, "Petroleum Data Discrepancies," at end of section.
 <sup>e</sup> Through 2004, includes kerosene-type and naphtha-type jet fuel. Beginning in 2005, includes kerosene-type includes in "Other."

<sup>9</sup> Finished motor gasoline. Through 1980, also includes motor gasoline

<sup>9</sup> Finished motor gasoline. Inrough 1980, also includes motor gasoline blending components. <sup>h</sup> Asphalt and road oil, finished aviation gasoline, gasoline blending components, kerosene, lubricants, pentanes plus, petrochemical feedstocks, petroleum coke, special naphthas, unfinished oils, waxes, other hydrocarbons and oxygenates, and miscellaneous products. Beginning in 2005, also includes

naphtha-type jet fuel.

R=Revised. E=Estimate. NA=Not available. - - =Not applicable. - =No data reported.

reported. Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Pages: • For all available data beginning in 1973, see http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#petroleum. • For related information, see http://www.eia.gov/petroleum/. Sources: • 1973-1975: Bureau of Mines, Mineral Industry Surveys, *Petroleum Statement, Annual,* annual reports. • 1976-1980: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, *Petroleum Statement, Annual,* annual reports. • 1981-2011: EIA, *Petroleum Supply Annual,* annual reports. • 2012: EIA, *Petroleum Status Report* data system and *Monthly Energy Review* data system calculations. system calculations.

#### Table 3.3c Petroleum Trade: Imports From OPEC Countries

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Algeria	Angolaa	Ecuador <sup>b</sup>	Iraq	Kuwait <sup>c</sup>	Libya	Nigeria	Saudi Arabia <sup>c</sup>	Vene- zuela	Otherd	Total OPEC
072 Avorago	136	(a)	48	4	47	164	459	486	1,135	514	2,993
973 Average		(a)	40 57	4 2		232				832	2,993
75 Average	282	(a)			16		762	715	702		
80 Average	488		27	28	27	554	857	1,261	481	577	4,300
85 Average	187	(a) (a)	67	46	21	4	293	168	605	439	1,830
90 Average	280	(ª)	49	518	86	0	800	1,339	1,025	199	4,296
95 Average	234	()	(b)	0	218	0	627	1,344	1,480	98	4,002
96 Average	256	(a)	(þ)	1	236	0	617	1,363	1,676	62	4,211
97 Average	285	(a)	(b)	89	253	0	698	1,407	1,773	64	4,569
98 Average	290	(a)	(b)	336	301	0	696	1,491	1,719	73	4,905
99 Average	259	(a)	(b)	725	248	0	657	1,478	1,493	93	4,953
00 Average	225	(a)	(b)	620	272	0	896	1,572	1,546	72	5,203
01 Average	278	(a)	(b)	795	250	0	885	1,662	1,553	105	5,528
02 Average	264	(a)	2 b S	459	228	ō	621	1,552	1,398	83	4,605
03 Average	382	(a)	(b)	481	220	ŏ	867	1.774	1,376	61	5,162
04 Average	452	(a)	) b (	656	250	20	1,140	1,558	1,554	70	5,701
	478	(a)	2 b (	531	243	56	1,140	1,537	1,529	47	5,587
05 Average		$\binom{a}{a}$	(b)	553	185	87				38	5,587
06 Average	657		(b)				1,114	1,463	1,419	38	
007 Average	670	508		484	181	117	1,134	1,485	1,361		5,980
008 Average 009 Average	548 493	513 460	221 185	627 450	210 182	103 79	988 809	1,529 1,004	1,189 1,063	26 50	5,954 4,776
010 January	498	280	215	523	77	40	1,048	963	911	_	4,554
February	498	360	152	540	228	40	932	898	1,010	_	4,659
March	455	502	183	475	218	79	962	1.149	1,061	_	5.084
April	464	509	225	490	278	142	1,060	1.257	951	_	5,376
	518	448	182	394	225	39	1,026	1.097		10	5,055
May									1,117		
June	550	425	245	630	217	98	1,108	1,125	899	- 7	5,297
July	518	374	239	430	189	110	1,174	1,053	1,084	7	5,178
August	565	484	276	281	251	123	985	1,132	1,022		5,117
September	543	417	229	422	172	43	1,174	1,093	1,008	10	5,111
October	451	324	203	143	215	36	872	1,131	930	-	4,305
November	572	276	194	340	170	23	856	1,152	942	-	4,525
December	484	319	192	336	125	66	1,070	1,093	917	9	4,614
Average	510	393	212	415	197	70	1,023	1,096	988	3	4,906
11 January	565	316	238	433	147	57	1,022	1,101	1,030	-	4,909
February	406	370	255	263	118	36	978	1,114	989	-	4,530
March	500	280	182	398	161	32	913	1,108	1,065	-	4,638
April	466	277	169	519	78	1	922	1,107	1,009	-	4,548
May	391	356	158	422	200	(s)	854	1,203	1,016	19	4,619
June	297	373	219	559	238	35	853	1,169	1,084	68	4,894
July	354	407	172	596	228	-	884	1,326	954	18	4,939
August	298	331	309	637	165	1	892	1,075	914	32	4,656
September	291	304	305	404	145	2	580	1,479	806	11	4,326
October	173	439	178	490	278	2	693	1,120	906	17	4,296
November	260	340	181	395	302	10	703	1.222	767	26	4,206
December	297	357	106	380	231	9	534	1,310	868	- 20	4,093
Average	358	346	206	459	191	15	818	1,195	951	16	4,555
<b>12</b> January	269	370	100	390	352	5	504	1,423	750	41	4,203
February	256	230	244	271	252	29	353	1,420	931	-	3,986
March	325	175	174	386	462	60	374	1,374	984	_	4,314
April	259	253	201	395	235	68	483	1,589	904	7	4,394
Мау	303	256	199	675	407	65	428	1,303	861	7	4.672
	236	378	236	649	250	93	515	1,456	788	17	4,618
June											
July	213	285	176	352	304	110	372	1,466	1,046	7	4,331
August	303	153	180	550	301	126	504	1,220	1,007	-	4,344
September	175	237	218	461	310	67	468	1,291	1,035	6	4,268
9-Month Average	260	259	191	460	320	70	445	1,412	923	9	4,350
011 9-Month Average 010 9-Month Average	397 512	335 422	223 217	472 464	165 206	18 80	878 1,053	1,187 1,086	985 1,007	17 3	4,676 5,050

<sup>a</sup> Angola joined OPEC in January 2007. For 1973-2006, Angola is included in "Total Non-OPEC" on Table 3.3d.
 <sup>b</sup> Ecuador was a member of OPEC from 1973-1992, and rejoined OPEC in November 2007. For 1993-2007, Ecuador is included in "Total Non-OPEC" on

Table 3.3d. <sup>c</sup> Imports from the Neutral Zone are reported as originating in either Saudi Arabia or Kuwait depending on the country reported to U.S. Customs.

<sup>d</sup> For all years, includes Iran, Qatar, and United Arab Emirates. For 1973-2008, also includes Indonesia; and for 1975-1994, also includes Gabon. – =No data reported. (s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Notes: • See "Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC)" in Glossary. Petroleum imports not classified as "OPEC" on this table are included on Table 3.3d. • The country of origin for petroleum products may not be the country of origin for the crude oil from which the products were produced. For example,

refined products imported from West European refining areas may have been produced from Middle East crude oil. • Includes imports for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve, which began in October 1977. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 Strates are the District of Columbia States and the District of Columbia.

Web Pages: 
 For all available data beginning in 1973, see http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#petroleum.
 For related information,

See http://www.eia.gov/lotale/regy/data/inforthiy/#petroleuml. • Pol related mioritation, see http://www.eia.gov/lotale/regy/data/inforthiy/#petroleum/.
 Sources: • 1973-1975: Bureau of Mines, Mineral Industry Surveys, Petroleum Statement, Annual, annual reports. • 1976-1980: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, Petroleum Statement, Annual, annual reports. • 1981-2011: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual, annual reports. • 2012: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, monthly reports.

### Table 3.3d Petroleum Trade: Imports From Non-OPEC Countries

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Brazil	Canada	Colombia	Mexico	Nether- lands	Norway	Russiaa	United Kingdom	U.S. Virgin Islands	Other	Total Non-OPEC
1973 Average	9	1,325	9	16	53	1	26	15	329	1,480	3,263
1975 Average	5	846	9	71	19	17	14	14	406	1.052	2.454
1980 Average	3	455	4	533	2	144	1	176	388	903	2,609
1985 Average	61	770	23	816	58	32	8	310	247	913	3,237
1990 Average	49	934	182	755	55	102	45	189	282	1,128	3,721
1995 Average	8	1,332	219	1,068	15	273	25	383	278	1,233	4,833
1996 Average	9	1,424	234	1,244	19	313	25	308	313	1,377	5,267
1997 Average	5	1.563	271	1.385	25	309	13	226	300	1,495	5.593
1998 Average	26	1,598	354	1,351	31	236	24	250	293	1,640	5,803
1999 Average	26	1,539	468	1,324	27	304	89	365	280	1,478	5,899
2000 Average	51	1,807	342	1,373	30	343	72	366	291	1,581	6,257
2001 Average	82	1,828	296	1,440	43	341	90	324	268	1,631	6,343
2002 Average	116	1,971	260	1,547	66	393	210	478	236	1,649	6,925
2003 Average	108	2,072	195	1,623	87	270	254	440	288	1,766	7,103
2004 Average	104	2,138	176	1,665	101	244	298	380	330	2,008	7,444
2005 Average	156	2,181	196	1,662	151	233	410	396	328	2,413	8,127
2006 Average	193	2,353	155	1,705	174	196	369	272	328	2,446	8,190
2007 Average	200	2,455	155	1,532	128	142	414	277	346	1,839	7,489
2008 Average	258	2,493	200	1,302	168	102	465	236	320	1,416	6,961
2009 Average	309	2,479	276	1,210	140	108	563	245	277	1,307	6,915
2010 January	353	2,596	322	1,133	116	126	463	282	298	1,057	6,747
February	226	2,491	386	1,137	126	99	423	413	196	1,074	6,571
March	306	2,505	251	1,306	136	59	494	267	235	977	6,538
April	318	2,472	423	1,282	89	166	587	304	331	1,178	7,149
May	319	2,528	315	1,428	108	119	719	176	195	1,180	7,087
June	308	2,717	407	1,211	87	52	760	269	246	1,090	7,146
July	332	2,549	404	1,289	207	119	719	351	239	1,287	7,497
August	251	2,489	372	1,282	137	57	786	266	301	1,298	7,239
September	181	2,479	363	1,254	45	62	648	178	302	1,200	6,712
October	169	2,347	422	1,347	108	111	655	152	270	1,255	6,837
November	198	2,513	492	1,363	57	79	561	187	234	886	6,571
December Average	295 <b>272</b>	2,736 <b>2,535</b>	231 <b>365</b>	1,365 <b>1,284</b>	71 <b>108</b>	26 <b>89</b>	514 <b>612</b>	236 <b>256</b>	191 <b>253</b>	855 1,112	6,518 <b>6,887</b>
2011 January	263	3.004	355	1.366	101	85	558	155	276	1.176	7,338
February	179	2,997	258	1,103	129	69	437	110	179	749	6,209
March	165	2,819	427	1,319	91	156	690	198	149	1,198	7,211
April	228	2,755	548	1,077	133	167	704	193	179	1,275	7,260
May	298	2,564	433	1,303	129	101	684	245	194	1,296	7,247
June	283	2,586	309	1,222	175	93	689	146	151	1,330	6,983
July	330	2,691	418	1,197	80	58	564	175	192	1,113	6,818
August	239	2,688	395	1,185	81	87	585	125	185	1,001	6,571
September	190	2,880	529	1,192	64	97	592	124	189	1,087	6,943
October	190	2,719	578	1,177	23	180	687	150	151	902	6,757
November	245	2,858	424	1,256	96	174	737	125	177	918	7,011
December	417	3.009	508	1.064	101	88	552	162	214	857	6.971
Average	253	2,796	433	1,206	100	113	624	159	186	1,077	6,948
2012 January	321	3,008	431	1,114	101	46	572	168	96	884	6,740
February	286	3,048	472	1,081	92	163	288	127	28	894	6,478
March	356	2,931	482	1,004	143	87	326	187	1	779	6,296
April	237	2,931	472	1,002	84	51	388	204	12	858	6,239
May	215	3,018	430	996	121	95	550	143	2	891	6,460
June	297	3,051	515	915	151	82	655	205	(s)	904	6,775
July	257	2,973	397	1,007	137	47	491	131	1	976	6,417
August	289	3,022	409	1,016	91	90	368	197	-	1,072	6,554
September	152	2,815	357	1,096	75	63	562	109	-	1,036	6,264
9-Month Average	268	2,978	440	1,025	111	80	467	164	16	921	6,470
2011 9-Month Average 2010 9-Month Average	243 289	2,774 2,537	409 360	1,220 1,260	109 117	102 95	613 624	164 277	188 261	1,139 1,150	6,960 6,969

<sup>a</sup> Through 1992, may include imports from republics other than Russia in the

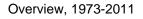
 and the public of the provide strong public of the trian (assist in the former U.S.S.R. See "Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (U.S.S.R.)" in Glossary.
 and data reported. (s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.
 Notes: See "Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC)" in Glossary for membership. Petroleum imports not classified as "OPEC" on Table 3.3c are included on this table. • The country of origin for petroleum products may not be the country of origin for the crude oil from which the products were produced. For example, refined products imported from West European refining areas may have been produced from Middle East crude oil. . Includes imports for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve, which began in October 1977. • Totals may not

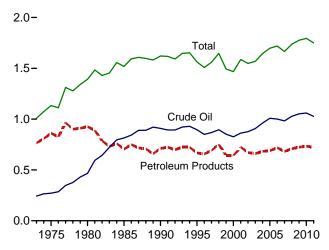
equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

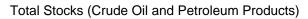
Web Pages: 
 For all available data beginning in 1973, see http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#petroleum.
 For related information, see http://www.eia.gov/petroleum/.

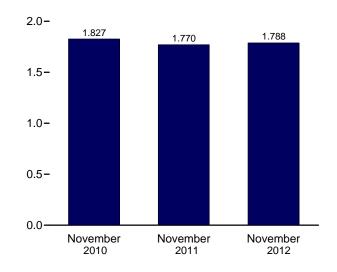
Sources: • 1973-1975: Bureau of Mines, Mineral Industry Surveys, *Petroleum Statement, Annual,* annual reports. • 1976-1980: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, *Petroleum Statement, Annual,* annual reports. • 1981-2011: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual, annual reports. • 2012: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, monthly reports.

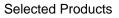
#### **Petroleum Stocks** Figure 3.4 (Billion Barrels, Except as Noted)

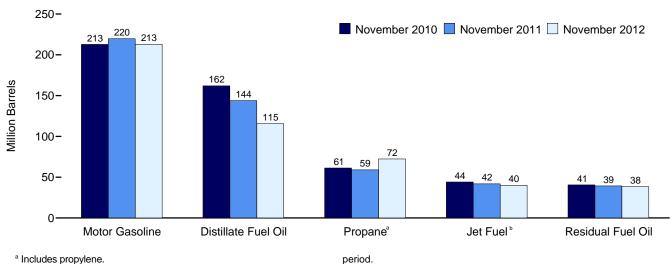




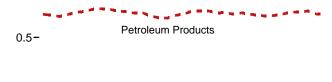








<sup>b</sup> Includes kerosene-type jet fuel only. Notes: • SPR=Strategic Petroleum Reserve. • Stocks are at end of Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#petroleum. Source: Table 3.4.



Total

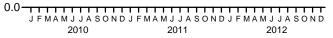
Crude Oil

Overview, Monthly

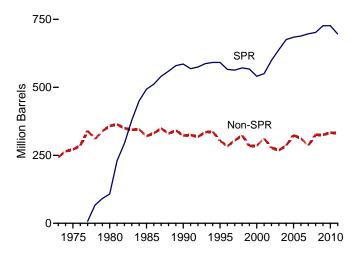
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SPR and Non-SPR Crude Oil Stocks, 1973-2011



#### Table 3.4 Petroleum Stocks

(Million Barrels)

		Crude Oila		Distillate	lat	LPG	b	Motor	Desidual		
	SPRC	Non-SPR <sup>d,e,f</sup>	Total <sup>e,f</sup>	Fuel Oil <sup>f,g</sup>	Jet Fuel <sup>h</sup>	Propane <sup>f,i</sup>	Total <sup>f</sup>	Motor Gasoline <sup>f,j</sup>	Residual Fuel Oil <sup>f</sup>	<b>Other</b> <sup>k</sup>	Total <sup>f</sup>
1973 Year		242	242	196	29	65	99	209	53	179	1.008
1975 Year		271	271	209	30	82	125	235	74	188	1,133
1980 Year	108	358	466	205	42	65	120	261	92	205	1.392
1985 Year	493	321	814	144	40	39	74	223	50	174	1.519
1990 Year	586	323	908	132	52	49	98	220	49	162	1,621
1995 Year	592	303	895	130	40	43	93	202	37	165	1.563
1996 Year	566	284	850	127	40	43	86	195	46	164	1.507
1997 Year	563	305	868	138	44	44	89	210	40	169	1.560
1998 Year	571	324	895	156	45	65	115	216	45	176	1,647
1999 Year	567	284	852	125	41	43	89	193	36	157	1,493
2000 Year	541	286	826	118	45	40	83	196	36	164	1,468
2001 Year	550	312	862	145	42	66	121	210	41	166	1,586
2002 Year	599	278	877	134	39	53	106	209	31	152	1,548
2003 Year	638	269	907	137	39	50	94	207	38	147	1,568
2003 Year	676	286	961	126	40	55	104	218	42	153	1,505
2004 Year	685	324	1.008	136	40	55	104	208	42 37	153	1,645
2005 Year	689	312	1,000	144	39	62	113	208	42	169	1,090
2007 Year	697	286	983	134	39	52	96	212	39	156	1,665
2007 Tear	702	326	1.028	146	39	55	113	218	39	162	1,005
2008 Year	702	326	1,020	146	30 43	50	102	214	36	153	1,776
2009 Teat	121	325	1,052	100	43	50	102	225	51	155	1,770
2010 January	727	337	1,063	164	44	35	80	232	40	162	1,786
	727	343	1,003	155	44	28	70	232	40	170	1,785
February				155	44 42	28	70	235	41		
March	727	359	1,086	147	42 44		73 89	225	41	174	1,787
April	727	363	1,090			35 42			44 46	178	1,810
May	727	362	1,089	150	45		105	218		178	1,830
June	727	365	1,092	158	45	49	120	216	43	169	1,842
July	727	358	1,084	167	47	55	130	220	41	166	1,855
August	727	359	1,086	170	47	59	139	221	39	159	1,862
September	727	363	1,089	167	47	61	141	219	40	158	1,861
October	727	368	1,094	162	44	61	138	210	41	158	1,847
November	727	352	1,079	162	44	61	131	213	41	158	1,827
December	727	333	1,060	164	43	49	108	219	41	158	1,794
2011 January	707	245	1 070	160	40	25	07	226	20	171	1 900
2011 January	727 727	345 348	1,072 1.075	163 154	42 39	35 27	87 73	236 230	39 35	171 174	1,809 1,780
February	727	340	1,075	149	39 40	24	73	230	38	174	1,780
March	727	360	1,087	149	40 38	24 28	81	215	30 40	180	1,776
April				143	30 41	20 34	93	204	40 38		
May	727	368	1,095 1.082	145	41	34 40	93 107	214	38	181	1,807 1.809
June	727	356			42 44	40		215		180	
July	718	346	1,065	154			121		38	179	1,816
August	696 696	347 330	1,043 1,026	155	43 46	52 57	132 135	210 215	39 35	173	1,796 1,781
September	696 696	330	1,026	153 142	46 45	57 60	135	215	35 37	171 170	1,781
October	696 696	337	1,033	142	45 42	60 59	135	207	37	167	1,769
November	696 696	337 331	1,033 1,027	144	42 41	59	120	220	39 34	167	1,770
December	090	331	1,027	149	41	55	112	223	34	104	1,750
2012 January	696	340	1.036	149	42	48	101	235	34	175	1,772
2012 January	696	340	1,036	139	42 41	40	96	235	34 36	175	1,765
February March	696	368	1,043	139	39	43	102	219	36	179	1,765
	696	300	1,064	125	39 40	45 50	102	219	36	164	1,777
April		386	1,073	125	40 40		133	205	34		1,777
May	696 696	386	1,082	122	40 38	56 62	133	205	33 37	179 176	1,794
June	696 696		1,082	120	38 40	62 69	147	208	37	176	1,808
July		370			40 43			210			
August	696	363 8 200	1,058	127 B 107		73	171 B 475		34 8 00	166 B 4 7 0	1,801
September	695 F 695	R 369	R 1,064	R 127	44 F 44	76 <sup>E</sup> 74	R 175	R 201	<sup>R</sup> 36 <sup>E</sup> 37	R 172	<sup>R</sup> 1,818
October November	E 695 E 695	E 375 E 372	E 1,070 E 1,067	<sup>E</sup> 118 <sup>E</sup> 115	E 44 E 40	⊏74 E72	<sup>RF</sup> 166 F 155	E 202 E 213	⊏37 ⊑38	<sup>RE</sup> 157 <sup>E</sup> 159	<sup>E</sup> 1,794 <sup>E</sup> 1,788
	- 695	- 372	-106/	- 115	E 21(1	L / /	155	E 213			

<sup>a</sup> Includes lease condensate.

 <sup>a</sup> Includes leads construction
 <sup>b</sup> Liquefied petroleum gases.
 <sup>c</sup> "SPR" is the Strategic Petroleum Reserve, which began in October 1977. Crude oil stocks in the SPR include non-U.S. stocks held under foreign or commercial storage agreements. <sup>d</sup> All crude oil stocks other than those in "SPR." <sup>e</sup> Beginning in 1981, includes stocks of Alaskan crude oil in transit. See Note 5,

Beginning in 1981, includes stocks of Alaskan crude oil in transit. See Note 5, "Stocks of Alaskan Crude Oil," at end of section.
 <sup>f</sup> See Note 4, "Petroleum New Stock Basis," at end of section.
 <sup>g</sup> Excludes stocks in the Northeast Heating Oil Reserve. Beginning in 2009, includes renewable diesel fuel (including biodiesel) blended into distillate fuel oil.
 <sup>h</sup> Through 2004, includes kerosene-type and naphtha-type jet fuel. Beginning in 2005, includes kerosene-type jet fuel only; naphtha-type jet fuel is included in "Other."

Includes propylene.

Includes finished motor gasoline and motor gasoline blending components; excludes oxygenates. <sup>k</sup> Asphalt and road oil, aviation gasoline, aviation gasoline blending

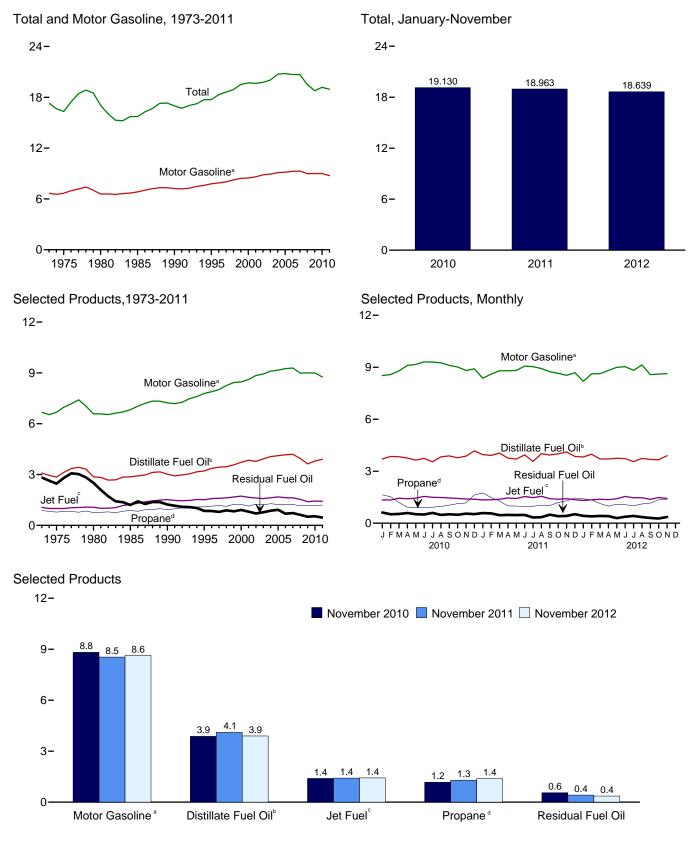
components, kerosene, lubricants, pentanes plus, petrochemical feedstocks, petroleum coke, special naphthas, unfinished oils, waxes, miscellaneous products, oxygenates, renewable fuels, and other hydrocarbons. Beginning in 2005, also

oxygenates, renewable rules, and once hydrocarbetter. 2-game 6
 includes naphtha-type jet fuel.
 R=Revised. E=Estimate. F=Forecast. - - =Not applicable.
 Notes: • Stocks are at end of period. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States

web Pages: • For all available data beginning in 1973, see http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#petroleum. • For related information, see http://www.eia.gov/petroleum/.

Sources: • 1973-1975: Bureau of Mines, Mineral Industry Surveys, *Petroleum Statement, Annual,* annual reports. • 1976-1980: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, *Petroleum Statement, Annual,* annual reports. • 1981-2011: EIA, *Petroleum Supply Annual,* annual reports. • 2012: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, monthly reports; and, for the current two months, Weekly Petroleum Status Report data system, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System, and Monthly Energy Review data system calculations.

# Figure 3.5 Petroleum Products Supplied by Type (Million Barrels per Day)



<sup>a</sup> Beginning in 1993, includes fuel ethanol blended into motor gasoline. <sup>b</sup> Beginning in 2009, includes renewable diesel fuel (including biodiesel) blended into distillate fuel oil.

<sup>c</sup> Beginning in 2005, includes kerosene-type jet fuel only.

<sup>d</sup> Includes propylene.

Note: SPR=Strategic Petroleum Reserve. Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#petroleum. Source: Table 3.5.

### Table 3.5 Petroleum Products Supplied by Type

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

Road Oil         Gasoline         Fuel Oilb         Fuelc         st           1973 Average         522         45         3,092         1,059           1975 Average         396         35         2,866         1,068           1985 Average         425         27         2,668         1,218           1995 Average         483         24         3,021         1,522           1995 Average         486         21         3,027         1,514           1996 Average         505         22         3,435         1,599           1997 Average         502         20         3,722         1,725           2000 Average         519         19         3,447         1,652           2002 Average         512         18         3,776         1,614           2003 Average         503         16         3,927         1,578           2004 Average         503         16         3,927         1,578           2005 Average         521         18         3,776         1,614           2006 Average         521         18         3,701         1,333           2007 Average         521         18         3,701         1,344	ero-	<b>J</b> =	Lubri-	Motor	Petro- leum	Residual		
1975 Average       419       39       2,851       1,001         1980 Average       396       35       2,866       1,068         1985 Average       425       27       2,868       1,218         1995 Average       483       24       3,021       1,522         1995 Average       486       21       3,207       1,514         1996 Average       505       22       3,435       1,599         1997 Average       521       19       3,461       1,622         1998 Average       525       20       3,772       1,673         2000 Average       519       19       3,847       1,655         2001 Average       512       18       3,776       1,614         2003 Average       521       18       4,169       1,632         2004 Average       521       18       4,169       1,632         2007 Average       494       17       4,169       1,632         2008 Average       417       15       3,945       1,539         2009 Average       360       14       3,631       1,343         February       249       10       3,854       1,343         Mar	ene Propane <sup>d</sup>	Total	cants	Gasoline <sup>e</sup>	Coke	Fuel Oil	Other <sup>f</sup>	Total
1975 Average       419       39       2,851       1,001         1980 Average       396       35       2,866       1,068         1985 Average       425       27       2,868       1,218         1990 Average       483       24       3,021       1,522         1995 Average       486       21       3,021       1,522         1995 Average       486       21       3,021       1,572         1997 Average       505       22       3,435       1,579         1998 Average       521       19       3,441       1,622         2000 Average       525       20       3,722       1,775         2001 Average       512       18       3,776       1,641         2003 Average       503       16       3,927       1,578         2004 Average       521       18       4,169       1,633         2005 Average       521       18       4,169       1,633         2006 Average       417       15       3,945       1,539         2008 Average       417       15       3,945       1,539         2008 Average       417       15       3,945       1,433 <td< td=""><td>216 872</td><td>1,449</td><td>162</td><td>6,674</td><td>261</td><td>2,822</td><td>1,005</td><td>17,308</td></td<>	216 872	1,449	162	6,674	261	2,822	1,005	17,308
1980 Average       396       35       2,866       1,068         1985 Average       425       27       2,868       1,218         1990 Average       486       21       3,021       1,522         1995 Average       486       21       3,207       1,514         1996 Average       486       21       3,207       1,514         1996 Average       521       19       3,461       1,622         1998 Average       525       20       3,722       1,775         2001 Average       512       18       3,776       1,614         2003 Average       503       16       3,927       1,578         2004 Average       537       17       4,058       1,630         2005 Average       521       18       4,169       1,623         2006 Average       521       18       4,169       1,633         2007 Average       360       14       3,631       1,393         2010 January       203       10       3,701       1,344         April       311       17       3,759       1,410         March       264       14       3,835       1,443         April	159 783	1,333	137	6,675	247	2,462	1,001	16,322
1990 Average       483       24       3,021       1,522         1995 Average       486       21       3,207       1,514         1996 Average       484       20       3,365       1,578         1997 Average       505       22       3,435       1,599         1998 Average       521       19       3,461       1,622         1999 Average       525       20       3,722       1,775         2001 Average       503       16       3,927       1,578         2004 Average       503       16       3,927       1,578         2004 Average       537       17       4,058       1,630         2005 Average       521       18       4,169       1,633         2006 Average       521       18       4,169       1,633         2006 Average       521       18       4,169       1,633         2007 Average       441       7       4,196       1,622         2008 Average       360       14       3,631       1,333         2010 January       203       10       3,701       1,344         February       249       10       3,854       1,343         Marc	158 754	1,469	159	6,579	237	2,508	1,581	17,056
1995       Average       486       21       3;207       1;514         1996       Average       505       22       3;435       1;599         1998       Average       521       19       3;461       1;622         1998       Average       525       20       3;722       1;776         2000       Average       512       18       3;776       1;614         2003       Average       537       17       4,058       1;630         2004       Average       537       17       4,058       1;630         2005       Average       521       18       4,169       1;622         2006       Average       521       18       4,169       1;622         2007       Average       494       17       4,156       1;622         2008       Average       360       14       3;631       1;343         2007       Average       360       14       3;631       1;343         April       3;31       17       3;759       1;410       March         204       1;414       3;835       1;443       April       Aja3       1;446         Julv <td< td=""><td>114 883</td><td>1,599</td><td>145</td><td>6,831</td><td>264</td><td>1,202</td><td>1,032</td><td>15,726</td></td<>	114 883	1,599	145	6,831	264	1,202	1,032	15,726
1996       Average       484       20       3365       1578         1997       Average       505       22       3,435       1,599         1998       Average       521       19       3,461       1,622         1999       Average       525       20       3,722       1,775         2000       Average       519       19       3,847       1,655         2002       Average       512       18       3,776       1,614         2003       Average       537       17       4,058       1,630         2006       Average       521       18       4,169       1,633         2006       Average       521       18       4,169       1,633         2007       Average       521       18       4,169       1,633         2006       Average       3201       1,375       1,433         2007       Average       3201       1,375       1,433         2010       January       203       10       3,701       1,344         February       249       10       3,854       1,433         March       264       14       3,833       1,446 </td <td>43 917</td> <td>1,556</td> <td>164</td> <td>7,235</td> <td>339</td> <td>1,229</td> <td>1,373</td> <td>16,988</td>	43 917	1,556	164	7,235	339	1,229	1,373	16,988
1997       Average       505       22       3,435       1,599         1998       Average       521       19       3,461       1,622         1999       Average       525       20       3,722       1,775         2001       Average       512       18       3,776       1,614         2003       Average       503       16       3,927       1,578         2004       Average       537       17       4,058       1,630         2005       Average       521       18       4,169       1,633         2006       Average       521       18       4,169       1,633         2007       Average       444       1       4,165       1,539         2007       Average       360       14       3,631       1,333         2007       Average       360       14       3,631       1,344         February       249       10       3,764       1,446         June       517       18       3,731       1,433         April       337       17       4,053       1,446         June       517       18       3,733       1,446 <tr< td=""><td>54 1,096</td><td>1,899</td><td>156</td><td>7,789</td><td>365</td><td>852</td><td>1,381</td><td>17,725</td></tr<>	54 1,096	1,899	156	7,789	365	852	1,381	17,725
1998 Average       521       19       3,461       1,622         1999 Average       547       21       3,572       1,673         2000 Average       519       19       3,847       1,655         2002 Average       512       18       3,776       1,614         2003 Average       537       17       4,058       1,630         2004 Average       537       17       4,058       1,630         2005 Average       521       18       4,169       1,633         2006 Average       494       17       4,169       1,622         2008 Average       401       1       3,631       1,333         2009 Average       360       14       3,631       1,333         2009 Average       360       14       3,631       1,344         February       249       10       3,845       1,343         March       264       14       3,835       1,440         June       517       18       3,773       1,430         March       264       14       3,830       1,466         September       463       20       3,846       1,457         October       433 <td>62 1,136</td> <td>2,012</td> <td>151</td> <td>7,891</td> <td>379</td> <td>848</td> <td>1,518</td> <td>18,309</td>	62 1,136	2,012	151	7,891	379	848	1,518	18,309
1999 Average       547       21       3,572       1,673         2000 Average       525       20       3,722       1,725         2001 Average       519       19       3,847       1,655         2002 Average       503       16       3,927       1,578         2004 Average       537       17       4,058       1,630         2005 Average       521       18       4,169       1,633         2006 Average       521       18       4,169       1,633         2006 Average       521       18       4,169       1,633         2006 Average       546       19       4,118       1,679         2006 Average       546       19       4,118       1,633         2007 Average       203       10       3,701       1,344         February       249       10       3,854       1,343         March       264       14       3,833       1,443         June       517       18       3,743       1,543         June       517       18       3,731       1,430         November       295       11       3,873       1,344         September       463 </td <td>66 1,170 78 1,120</td> <td>2,038 1,952</td> <td>160 168</td> <td>8,017 8,253</td> <td>377 447</td> <td>797 887</td> <td>1,605 1,508</td> <td>18,620 18,917</td>	66 1,170 78 1,120	2,038 1,952	160 168	8,017 8,253	377 447	797 887	1,605 1,508	18,620 18,917
2000 Average         525         20         3,722         1,725           2001 Average         519         19         3,847         1,655           2002 Average         512         18         3,776         1,614           2003 Average         503         16         3,927         1,578           2004 Average         537         17         4,058         1,630           2005 Average         546         19         4,118         1,679           2006 Average         494         17         4,166         1,622           2008 Average         404         17         4,166         1,622           2008 Average         360         14         3,631         1,333           2010 January         203         10         3,701         1,344           February         249         10         3,854         1,343           March         264         14         3,835         1,440           June         517         18         3,743         1,543           July         470         20         3,846         1,446           July         470         20         3,844         1,444           August	73 1,246	2,195	169	8,431	447	830	1,508	19,519
2001 Average         519         19         3,847         1,655           2002 Average         512         18         3,776         1,614           2003 Average         503         16         3,927         1,578           2004 Average         537         17         4,058         1,630           2005 Average         521         18         4,169         1,633           2006 Average         521         18         4,169         1,633           2007 Average         494         17         4,196         1,622           2008 Average         417         15         3,945         1,539           2009 Average         360         14         3,631         1,343           February         249         10         3,854         1,343           March         264         14         3,835         1,446           July         378         15         3,639         1,446           July         470         20         3,544         1,494           August         537         14         3,830         1,486           September         463         20         3,886         1,457           October	67 1.235	2.231	166	8.472	406	909	1,458	19,701
2002 Average       512       18       3,776       1,614         2003 Average       503       16       3,927       1,578         2004 Average       537       17       4,058       1,630         2005 Average       521       18       4,169       1,633         2006 Average       494       17       4,196       1,622         2008 Average       4417       15       3,945       1,539         2009 Average       360       14       3,631       1,333         2010 January       203       10       3,701       1,344         February       249       10       3,854       1,343         March       264       14       3,835       1,443         June       517       18       3,743       1,543         June       517       18       3,731       1,430         March       264       14       3,830       1,446         June       517       18       3,731       1,430         May       378       15       3,639       1,446         June       463       20       3,886       1,457         October       295       11       <	72 1,142	2,044	153	8,610	437	811	1,481	19,649
2003 Average       503       16       3,927       1,578         2004 Average       537       17       4,058       1,630         2005 Average       521       18       4,169       1,633         2006 Average       417       15       3,945       1,539         2008 Average       447       15       3,945       1,539         2009 Average       417       15       3,945       1,539         2009 Average       360       14       3,631       1,333         2010 January       203       10       3,701       1,344         February       249       10       3,854       1,343         March       264       14       3,835       1,440         June       517       18       3,743       1,543         July       470       20       3,544       1,494         August       537       14       3,830       1,446         September       463       20       3,886       1,457         October       234       15       3,773       1,430         November       295       11       3,958       1,346         February       244       1	43 1,248	2,163	151	8,848	463	700	1,474	19,761
2004 Average         537         17         4,058         1,630           2005 Average         546         19         4,118         1,679           2006 Average         521         18         4,169         1,633           2007 Average         494         17         4,196         1,633           2007 Average         417         15         3,945         1,539           2009 Average         360         14         3,631         1,333           2010 January         203         10         3,701         1,344           February         249         10         3,854         1,343           March         264         14         3,835         1,443           April         331         17         3,759         1,410           March         264         14         3,835         1,443           July         470         20         3,544         1,494           July         470         20         3,544         1,494           August         537         14         3,830         1,486           September         463         20         3,886         1,457           October         295	55 1,215	2,074	140	8,935	455	772	1,579	20,034
2005 Average       546       19       4,118       1,679         2006 Average       521       18       4,169       1,633         2007 Average       494       17       4,196       1,622         2008 Average       417       15       3,945       1,539         2009 Average       360       14       3,631       1,333         2010 January       203       10       3,701       1,344         February       249       10       3,854       1,343         March       264       14       3,835       1,443         April       331       17       3,759       1,410         May       378       15       3,639       1,446         June       517       18       3,733       1,543         July       470       20       3,544       1,494         August       537       14       3,830       1,456         September       463       20       3,886       1,457         October       295       11       3,873       1,330         Average       362       15       3,800       1,432         2011 January       221       11	64 1,276	2,132	141	9,105	524	865	1,657	20,731
2007 Average         494         17         4,196         1,622           2008 Average         417         15         3,945         1,539           2009 Average         360         14         3,631         1,393           2010 January         203         10         3,701         1,344           February         249         10         3,854         1,343           March         264         14         3,835         1,443           April         331         17         3,759         1,410           May         378         15         3,639         1,446           June         517         18         3,743         1,543           July         470         20         3,544         1,444           August         537         14         3,830         1,446           September         463         20         3,886         1,457           October         295         11         3,873         1,336           December         204         2         4,167         1,346           February         248         14         3,913         1,352           March         282         18 <td>70 1,229</td> <td>2,030</td> <td>141</td> <td>9,159</td> <td>515</td> <td>920</td> <td>1,605</td> <td>20,802</td>	70 1,229	2,030	141	9,159	515	920	1,605	20,802
2008         Average         417         15         3,945         1,539           2009         Average         360         14         3,631         1,333           2010         January         203         10         3,701         1,344           February         249         10         3,854         1,343           March         264         14         3,835         1,443           April         331         17         3,759         1,410           May         378         15         3,639         1,446           June         517         18         3,743         1,543           July         470         20         3,544         1,494           August         537         14         3,830         1,446           September         463         20         3,886         1,457           October         295         11         3,873         1,396           December         204         12         4,176         1,383           Average         362         15         3,800         1,442           January         221         11         3,958         1,345           Mar	54 1,215	2,052	137	9,253	522	689	1,640	20,687
2009 Average         360         14         3,631         1,393           2010 January         203         10         3,701         1,344           February         249         10         3,854         1,343           March         264         14         3,835         1,443           April         331         17         3,759         1,410           May         378         15         3,639         1,446           June         517         18         3,743         1,543           July         470         20         3,544         1,494           August         537         14         3,830         1,446           September         463         20         3,886         1,457           October         295         11         3,873         1,396           December         204         12         4,176         1,383           Average         362         15         3,800         1,432           2011 January         221         11         3,958         1,346           February         248         14         3,913         1,352           March         282         8	32 1,235	2,085	142	9,286	490	723	1,593	20,680
2010         January         203         10         3,701         1,344           February         249         10         3,854         1,343           March         264         14         3,835         1,443           April         331         17         3,759         1,410           May         378         15         3,639         1,446           June         517         18         3,743         1,543           July         470         20         3,544         1,494           August         537         14         3,830         1,466           September         463         20         3,886         1,457           October         434         15         3,773         1,430           November         295         11         3,873         1,386           December         204         12         4,176         1,383           Average         362         15         3,800         1,432      //>2011         January         221         11         3,958         1,346           February         248         14         3,913         1,352           March         282	14 1,154	1,954	131	8,989	464 427	622	1,408	19,498
February         249         10         3,854         1,343           March         264         14         3,835         1,443           April         331         17         3,759         1,410           May         378         15         3,639         1,446           June         517         18         3,743         1,543           July         470         20         3,544         1,494           August         537         14         3,830         1,486           September         463         20         3,886         1,477           October         434         15         3,773         1,430           November         295         11         3,873         1,386           December         204         12         4,176         1,383           Average         362         15         3,800         1,432           2011         January         221         11         3,958         1,346           February         248         14         3,913         1,352           March         282         18         4,045         1,384           April         311         10<	18 1,160	2,051	118	8,997		511	1,251	18,771
March         264         14         3,835         1,443           April         331         17         3,759         1,410           May         378         15         3,639         1,446           June         517         18         3,743         1,543           July         470         20         3,544         1,494           August         537         14         3,830         1,486           September         463         20         3,886         1,457           October         434         15         3,773         1,430           November         295         11         3,873         1,396           December         204         12         4,176         1,383           Average         362         15         3,800         1,442           March         2221         11         3,958         1,346           February         248         14         3,913         1,352           March         282         18         4,045         1,384           June         454         17         3,947         1,540           July         465         19         3,564	15 1,638	2,644	116	8,520	268	615	1,218	18,652
April       331       17       3,759       1,410         May       378       15       3,639       1,446         June       517       18       3,743       1,543         July       470       20       3,544       1,494         August       537       14       3,830       1,486         September       463       20       3,886       1,457         October       434       15       3,773       1,430         November       295       11       3,873       1,396         December       204       12       4,176       1,383         Average       362       15       3,800       1,442         2011       January       221       11       3,958       1,346         February       248       14       3,913       1,352         March       282       18       4,045       1,385         April       311       10       3,755       1,457         May       357       18       3,699       1,424         June       454       17       3,947       1,540         July       465       19       3,564	34 1,526	2,531	137	8,579	334	515	1,263	18,850
May         378         15         3,639         1,446           June         517         18         3,743         1,543           July         470         20         3,544         1,494           August         537         14         3,830         1,446           September         463         20         3,866         1,457           October         434         15         3,773         1,430           November         295         11         3,873         1,386           December         204         12         4,176         1,383           Average         362         15         3,800         1,432           2011         January         221         11         3,958         1,346           February         248         14         3,913         1,352           March         282         18         4,045         1,385           April         311         10         3,755         1,457           May         357         18         3,699         1,424           June         454         17         3,947         1,540           July         465         19	11 1,193	2,225	138	8,793	425	531	1,421	19,099
June         517         18         3,743         1,543           July         470         20         3,544         1,494           August         537         14         3,830         1,446           September         463         20         3,886         1,457           October         434         15         3,773         1,430           November         295         11         3,873         1,386           December         204         12         4,176         1,383           Average         362         15         3,800         1,442           January         221         11         3,958         1,346           February         248         14         3,913         1,352           March         282         18         4,045         1,385           April         311         10         3,755         1,457           May         357         18         6,699         1,424           June         454         17         3,947         1,540           July         465         19         3,564         1,473           August         544         4,009         1,554<	7 916	1,843	132	9,108	385	590	1,463	19,044
July         470         20         3,544         1,494           August         537         14         3,830         1,486           September         463         20         3,886         1,457           October         434         15         3,773         1,430           November         295         11         3,873         1,336           December         204         12         4,176         1,383           Average         362         15         3,800         1,432           2011 January         221         11         3,958         1,346           February         248         14         3,913         1,352           March         282         18         4,045         1,385           April         311         10         3,755         1,457           May         357         18         3,699         1,424           July         465         19         3,564         1,473           August         545         18         4,009         1,554           September         462         13         3,936         1,416           December         187         10	11 891 16 901	1,878 1,938	128 155	9,162 9,311	339 411	519 500	1,351 1,386	18,866 19,537
August       537       14       3,830       1,486         September       463       20       3,886       1,457         October       434       15       3,773       1,430         November       295       11       3,873       1,396         December       204       12       4,176       1,383         Average       362       15       3,800       1,432         2011       January       221       11       3,958       1,346         February       248       14       3,913       1,352         March       282       18       4,045       1,385         April       311       10       3,755       1,457         May       357       18       3,699       1,424         June       454       17       3,936       1,447         July       465       19       3,564       1,473         August       545       18       4,009       1,554         September       462       13       3,936       1,416         October       297       12       4,109       1,416         December       187       10       3,833 </td <td>19 915</td> <td>1,978</td> <td>141</td> <td>9,301</td> <td>385</td> <td>595</td> <td>1,373</td> <td>19,319</td>	19 915	1,978	141	9,301	385	595	1,373	19,319
September         463         20         3,886         1,457           October         434         15         3,773         1,430           November         295         11         3,873         1,396           December         204         12         4,176         1,383           Average         362         15         3,800         1,432           2011         January         221         11         3,958         1,346           February         248         14         3,913         1,352           March         262         18         4,045         1,385           April         311         10         3,755         1,457           May         357         18         3,699         1,424           June         454         17         3,947         1,540           July         465         19         3,564         1,473           August         545         8         4,009         1,554           September         462         13         3,936         1,416           December         187         10         3,853         1,353           Average         355 <t< td=""><td>9 973</td><td>2,025</td><td>129</td><td>9,255</td><td>434</td><td>476</td><td>1,467</td><td>19,662</td></t<>	9 973	2,025	129	9,255	434	476	1,467	19,662
October         434         15         3,773         1,430           November         295         11         3,873         1,396           December         204         12         4,176         1,383           Average         362         15         3,800         1,432           2011 January         221         11         3,958         1,346           February         248         14         3,913         1,352           March         282         18         4,045         1,385           April         311         10         3,755         1,457           May         357         18         3,699         1,424           June         465         19         3,564         1,473           August         545         18         4,009         1,554           September         462         13         3,936         1,416           December         187         10         3,853         1,353           Average         355         15         3,899         1,425           2012 January         216         12         3,823         1,350           March         236         14	8 1,040	2,084	136	9,112	433	513	1,326	19,438
November         295         11         3,873         1,396           December         204         12         4,176         1,383           Average         362         15         3,800         1,432           2011         January         221         11         3,958         1,346           February         248         14         3,913         1,352           March         282         18         4,045         1,385           April         311         10         3,755         1,457           May         357         18         3,699         1,424           June         454         17         3,947         1,540           July         465         19         3,564         1,473           August         545         18         4,009         1,554           September         462         13         3,936         1,416           October         297         12         4,109         1,416           December         187         10         3,833         1,353           Average         355         15         3,899         1,425           2012         January <t< td=""><td>15 1,135</td><td>2,126</td><td>127</td><td>9,016</td><td>335</td><td>489</td><td>1,215</td><td>18,974</td></t<>	15 1,135	2,126	127	9,016	335	489	1,215	18,974
Average         362         15         3,800         1,432           2011 January         221         11         3,958         1,346           February         248         14         3,913         1,352           March         282         18         4,045         1,385           April         311         10         3,755         1,457           May         357         18         3,699         1,424           June         454         17         3,947         1,540           July         465         19         3,564         1,473           August         545         18         4,009         1,554           September         462         13         3,936         1,416           October         297         12         4,109         1,416           December         187         10         3,853         1,553           Average         355         15         3,899         1,425           2012 January         216         12         3,823         1,313           February         218         11         3,980         1,350           March         236         14	46 1,168	2,141	125	8,816	389	552	1,333	18,977
2011 January         221         11         3,958         1,346           February         248         14         3,913         1,352           March         282         18         4,045         1,385           April         311         10         3,755         1,457           May         357         18         3,699         1,424           June         454         17         3,947         1,540           July         465         19         3,564         1,473           August         545         18         4,009         1,554           September         462         13         3,936         1,416           October         297         12         4,109         1,416           December         187         10         3,853         1,353           Average         355         15         3,899         1,425           2012         January         216         12         3,823         1,313           February         218         11         3,980         1,350           March         236         14         3,704         1,382           April         329 <td< td=""><td>50 1,634</td><td>2,677</td><td>113</td><td>8,911</td><td>371</td><td>525</td><td>1,301</td><td>19,722</td></td<>	50 1,634	2,677	113	8,911	371	525	1,301	19,722
February         248         14         3,913         1,352           March         282         18         4,045         1,385           April         311         10         3,755         1,457           May         357         18         3,699         1,424           June         454         17         3,947         1,540           July         465         19         3,564         1,473           August         545         18         4,009         1,554           September         462         13         3,936         1,416           October         297         12         4,109         1,416           December         187         10         3,853         1,353           Average         355         15         3,899         1,425           2012 January         216         12         3,823         1,313           February         216         12         3,823         1,350           March         236         14         3,704         1,359           May         378         17         3,745         1,409           June         454         13         3,729<	20 1,160	2,173	131	8,993	376	535	1,343	19,180
March         282         18         4,045         1,385           April         311         10         3,755         1,457           May         357         18         3,699         1,424           June         454         17         3,947         1,540           July         465         19         3,564         1,473           August         545         18         4,009         1,554           September         462         13         3,936         1,416           October         423         16         4,003         1,384           November         297         12         4,109         1,416           December         187         10         3,853         1,353           Average         355         15         3,899         1,425           2012         January         216         12         3,823         1,313           February         218         11         3,980         1,350           March         236         14         3,704         1,359           May         378         17         3,745         1,409           June         454         13	19 1,743	2,757	124	8,370	361	582	1,244	18,993
April         311         10         3,755         1,457           May         357         18         3,699         1,424           June         454         17         3,947         1,540           July         465         19         3,564         1,473           August         545         18         4,009         1,554           September         462         13         3,936         1,416           October         423         16         4,003         1,384           November         297         12         4,109         1,416           December         187         10         3,853         1,353           Average         355         15         3,899         1,425           2012         January         216         12         3,823         1,313           February         218         11         3,980         1,350           March         236         14         3,704         1,359           May         378         17         3,745         1,409           June         454         13         3,729         1,545           July         461         20	50 1,485	2,527	121	8,604	293	566	1,185	18,873
May         357         18         3,699         1,424           June         454         17         3,947         1,540           July         465         19         3,564         1,473           August         545         18         4,009         1,554           September         462         13         3,936         1,416           October         423         16         4,003         1,384           November         297         12         4,109         1,416           December         187         10         3,853         1,353           Average         355         15         3,899         1,425           2012         January         216         12         3,823         1,313           February         218         11         3,980         1,350           March         236         14         3,704         1,359           April         329         14         3,704         1,359           May         378         17         3,745         1,409           June         454         13         3,729         1,545           July         461         20	26 1,277	2,410	150	8,799	348	462	1,405	19,329
June         454         17         3,947         1,540           July         465         19         3,564         1,473           August         545         18         4,009         1,554           September         462         13         3,936         1,416           October         423         16         4,003         1,384           November         297         12         4,109         1,416           December         187         10         3,853         1,353           Average         355         15         3,899         1,425           2012         January         216         12         3,823         1,313           February         218         11         3,980         1,350           March         236         14         3,704         1,359           May         378         17         3,745         1,409           June         454         13         3,729         1,545           July         461         20         3,552         1,468           August         485         13         3,740         1,469           September         R444         15	8 996	2,043	136	8,796	355	477	1,301	18,650
July         465         19         3,564         1,473           August         545         18         4,009         1,554           September         462         13         3,936         1,416           October         423         16         4,003         1,384           November         297         12         4,109         1,416           December         187         10         3,853         1,353           Average         355         15         3,899         1,425           2012         January         216         12         3,823         1,313           February         216         14         3,706         1,382           April         329         14         3,704         1,359           March         236         17         3,745         1,409           June         454         13         3,729         1,545           July         461         20         3,552         1,468           August         485         13         3,740         1,469           September         R 444         15         R 3,661         F 1,379           October         F 430	(s) 989 4 958	2,077 2.027	122 125	8,817 9.067	414 379	468 479	1,082	18,479 19.253
August         545         18         4,009         1,554           September         462         13         3,936         1,416           October         423         16         4,003         1,384           November         297         12         4,109         1,416           December         187         10         3,853         1,533           Average         355         15         3,899         1,425           2012 January         216         12         3,823         1,313           February         218         11         3,980         1,350           March         236         14         3,704         1,359           May         378         17         3,745         1,409           June         461         20         3,552         1,468           August         485         13         3,740         1,469           September         F 430         F 12         E 3,661         F 1,379           October         F 430         F 12         E 3,660         E 1,478           November         F 305         F 10         E 3,897         E 1,478	4 958 9 976	2,027	125	9,067 9,031	368	329	1,213 1,363	19,253
September         462         13         3,936         1,416           October         423         16         4,003         1,384           November         297         12         4,109         1,416           December         187         10         3,853         1,353           Average         355         15         3,899         1,425           2012         January         216         12         3,823         1,313           February         218         11         3,980         1,350           March         236         14         3,704         1,359           May         378         17         3,745         1,409           June         454         13         3,729         1,545           July         461         20         3,552         1,468           August         485         13         3,740         1,469           September         R444         15         R3,681         R1,379           October         F430         F12         E3,660         E1,478           November         F305         F10         E3,897         E1,430	5 1,040	2,000	137	8,925	461	347	1,311	19,415
October         423         16         4,003         1,384           November         297         12         4,109         1,416           December         187         10         3,853         1,353           Average         355         15         3,899         1,425           2012 January         216         12         3,823         1,313           February         216         12         3,823         1,350           March         236         14         3,706         1,382           April         329         14         3,704         1,459           May         378         17         3,745         1,409           June         454         13         3,729         1,545           July         461         20         3,552         1,468           August         485         13         3,740         1,469           September         R 444         15         R 3,681         R 1,379           October         F 430         F 12         E 3,660         E 1,478           November         F 305         F 10         E 3,897         E 1,430	8 1,021	2,050	125	8,744	349	491	1,299	18,892
November         297         12         4,109         1,416           December         187         10         3,853         1,353           Average         355         15         3,899         1,425           2012 January         216         12         3,823         1,313           February         218         11         3,980         1,350           March         236         14         3,704         1,359           March         329         14         3,704         1,359           May         378         17         3,745         1,409           June         454         13         3,729         1,545           July         461         20         3,552         1,468           August         485         13         3,740         1,469           September         F 430         F 12         E 3,660         E 1,478           November         F 305         F 10         E 3,897         E 1,430	2 1,195	2,227	102	8,649	395	405	1,239	18,844
December         187         10         3,853         1,353           Average         355         15         3,899         1,425           2012         January         216         12         3,823         1,313           February         218         11         3,980         1,350           March         236         14         3,706         1,382           April         329         14         3,704         1,359           May         378         17         3,745         1,409           June         454         13         3,729         1,545           July         461         20         3,552         1,468           August         485         13         3,740         1,469           September         R 444         15         R 3,681         R 1,379           October         F 430         F 12         E 3,660         E 1,478           November         F 305         F 10         E 3,897         E 1,430	6 1,292	2,393	124	8,537	377	419	1,391	19,080
Average         355         15         3,899         1,425           2012 January         216         12         3,823         1,313           February         218         11         3,980         1,350           March         236         14         3,706         1,382           April         329         14         3,704         1,359           May         378         17         3,745         1,409           June         454         13         3,729         1,545           July         461         20         3,552         1,468           August         485         13         3,740         1,469           September         R 444         15         R 3,681         R 1,379           October         F 430         F 12         E 3,660         E 1,478           November         F 305         F 10         E 3,897         E 1,430	12 1,458	2,616	111	8,683	229	519	1,228	18,803
February         218         11         3,980         1,350           March         236         14         3,706         1,382           April         329         14         3,704         1,359           May         378         17         3,745         1,409           June         454         13         3,729         1,545           July         461         20         3,552         1,468           August         485         13         3,740         1,469           September         R 444         15         R 3,681         R 1,379           October         F 430         F 12         E 3,660         E 1,478           November         F 305         F 10         E 3,897         E 1,430	12 1,202	2,272	125	8,753	361	461	1,272	18,949
March         236         14         3,706         1,382           April         329         14         3,704         1,359           May         378         17         3,745         1,409           June         454         13         3,729         1,545           July         461         20         3,552         1,468           August         485         13         3,740         1,469           September         F 444         15         R 3,681         F 1,379           October         F 430         F 12         E 3,660         E 1,478           November         F 305         F 10         E 3,897         E 1,430	2 1,406	2,463	129	8,187	367	420	1,349	18,280
April         329         14         3,704         1,359           May         378         17         3,745         1,409           June         454         13         3,729         1,545           July         461         20         3,552         1,468           August         485         13         3,740         1,469           September         R 444         15         R 3,681         R 1,379           October         F 430         F 12         E 3,660         E 1,478           November         F 305         F 10         E 3,897         E 1,430	23 1,343	2,421	139	8,622	297	394	1,306	18,760
May         378         17         3,745         1,409           June         454         13         3,729         1,545           July         461         20         3,552         1,468           August         485         13         3,740         1,469           September         R 444         15         R 3,681         R 1,379           October         F 430         F 12         E 3,660         E 1,478           November         F 305         F 10         E 3,897         E 1,430	2 1,134 3 986	2,226	111 122	8,633	323	416 408	1,163	18,213
June         454         13         3,729         1,545           July         461         20         3,552         1,468           August         485         13         3,740         1,469           September         R 444         15         R 3,681         R 1,379           October         F 430         F 12         E 3,660         E 1,478           November         F 305         F 10         E 3,897         E 1,430	3 986 1 1,095	2,069 2,152	122	8,817 8,996	338 376	408 294	1,166 1,224	18,330 18,707
July         461         20         3,552         1,468           August         485         13         3,740         1,469           September         R 444         15         R 3,681         R 1,379           October         F 430         F 12         E 3,660         E 1,478           November         F 305         F 10         E 3,897         E 1,430	2 1,064	2,152	107	8,996 9,035	376	294 372	1,224	18,915
August         485         13         3,740         1,469           September         R 444         15         R 3,681         R 1,379           October         F 430         F 12         E 3,660         E 1,478           November         F 305         F 10         E 3,897         E 1,430	2 1,004	2,072	107	8.819	338	418	1,298	18,601
September         R 444         15         R 3,681         R 1,379           October         F 430         F 12         E 3,660         E 1,478           November         F 305         F 10         E 3,897         E 1,430	1 1.110	2,190	111	9,135	409	353	1.320	19,226
October F 430 F 12 E 3,660 E 1,478 November F 305 F 10 E 3,897 E 1,430	<sup>R</sup> 3 <sup>R</sup> 1.157	<sup>R</sup> 2,224	<sup>R</sup> 103	<sup>R</sup> 8,575	<sup>R</sup> 357	<sup>R</sup> 302	<sup>R</sup> 1,090	<sup>R</sup> 18,173
November F 305 F 10 E 3,897 E 1,430	F10 E1,345	F 2,222	F 120	E 8,602	F 361	E 271	E 1,672	E 18,838
11-Month Average <sup>⊾</sup> 360 <sup>⊾</sup> 14 <sup>⊾</sup> 3,746 <sup>⊑</sup> 1,417	F 25 E 1,388	F 2,361	F 112	<sup>E</sup> 8,630	F 383	E 362	<sup>E</sup> 1,479	<sup>E</sup> 18,994
	<sup>E</sup> 6 <sup>E</sup> 1,185	E 2,229	E 116	<sup>E</sup> 8,732	Ĕ 357	<sup>E</sup> 364	E 1,299	E 18,639
2011 11-Month Average 370 15 3,903 1,432 2010 11-Month Average 377 15 3,765 1,436	12 1,178 17 1,116	2,240 2,126	126 133	8,759 9,000	373 376	456 536	1,276 1,347	18,963 19,130

<sup>a</sup> Liquefied petroleum gases.
 <sup>b</sup> Beginning in 2009, includes renewable diesel fuel (including biodiesel) blended into distillate fuel oil.
 <sup>c</sup> Through 2004, includes kerosene-type and naphtha-type jet fuel. Beginning in 2005, includes kerosene-type jet fuel only; naphtha-type jet fuel is included in "Other."
 <sup>d</sup> Includes propylene.
 <sup>e</sup> Finished motor gasoline. Beginning in 1993, also includes fuel ethanol blended into motor gasoline.

<sup>6</sup> Printing in 1995, also includes tuel entantio blended into motor gasoline. Beginning in 1995, also includes tuel entantio <sup>7</sup> Pentanes plus, petrochemical feedstocks, special naphthas, still gas (refinery gas), waxes, and miscellaneous products. Beginning in 1981, also includes negative barrels per day of distillate and residual fuel oil reclassified as unfinished oils, and other products (from both primary and secondary supply) reclassified as sasoline blending components. Beginning in 1983, also includes rude oil burned as fuel. Beginning in 2005, also includes naphtha-type jet fuel. R=Revised. E=Estimate. F=Forecast. (s)=Less than 500 barrels per day and greater than -500 barrels per day.

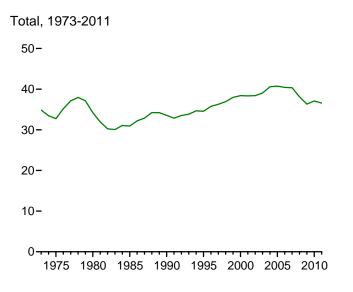
Notes: • Petroleum products supplied is an approximation of petroleum consumption and is synonymous with the term "petroleum consumption" in Tables 3.7a-3.8c. • See Note 7, "Petroleum Products Supplied and Petroleum Consumption," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Pages: • For all available data beginning in 1973, see

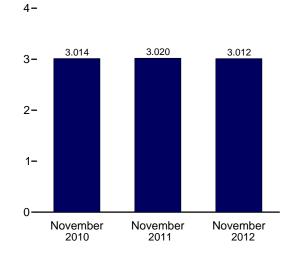
Web Pages: • For all available data beginning in 1973, see http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#petroleum. • For related information,

Sources: • 1973-1975: Bureau of Mines, Mineral Industry Surveys, Petroleum Statement, Annual, annual reports. • 1976-1980: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, Petroleum Statement, Annual, annual reports. • 1981-2011: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual, annual reports. • 2012: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, monthly reports; and, for the current two months, Weekly Petroleum Status Report data system, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System, and Monthly Energy Review data system calculations.

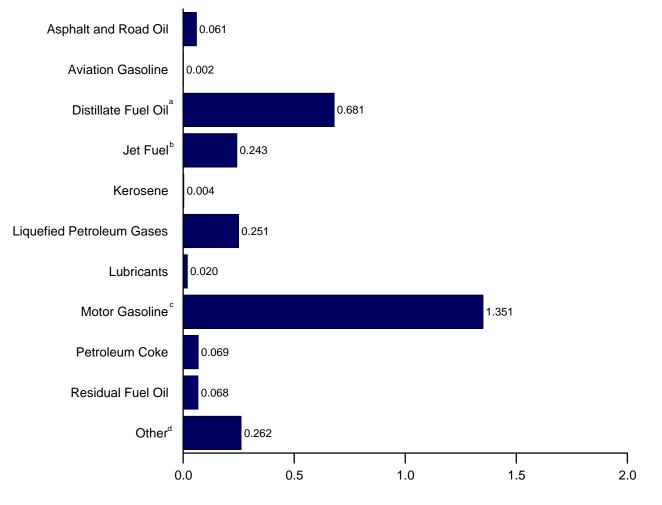
# Figure 3.6 Heat Content of Petroleum Products Supplied by Type (Quadrillion Btu)

Total





# By Product, November 2012



<sup>a</sup> Includes renewable diesel fuel (including biodiesel) blended into distillate fuel oil.

<sup>b</sup> Includes kerosene-type jet fuel only.

<sup>c</sup> Includes fuel ethanol blended into motor gasoline.

<sup>d</sup> All petroleum products not shown above.
 Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#petroleum.
 Source: Table 3.6.

# Table 3.6 Heat Content of Petroleum Products Supplied by Type

(Trillion Btu)

	Asphalt					LPC	a			Petro-			
	and Road Oil	Aviation Gasoline	Distillate Fuel Oil <sup>b</sup>	Jet Fuel <sup>c</sup>	Kero- sene	Propaned	Total	Lubri- cants	Motor Gasoline <sup>e</sup>	leum Coke	Residual Fuel Oil	Other <sup>f</sup>	Total
1973 Total	1,264	83	6,575	2,167	447	1,221	1,981	359	12,797	573	6,477	2,114	34,837
1975 Total	1,014	71	6,061	2,047	329	1,097	1,807	304	12,798	542	5,649	2,109	32,732
1980 Total	962	64	6,110	2,190	329	1,059	1,976	354	12,648	522	5,772	3,278	34,205
1985 Total	1,029	50	6,098	2,497	236	1,236	2,103	322	13,098	582	2,759	2,152	30,925
1990 Total	1,170	45	6,422	3,129	88	1,284	2,059	362	13,872	745	2,820	2,839	33,552
1995 Total	1,178	40	6,818	3,132	112	1,534	2,512	346	14,825	802	1,955	2,837	34,556
1996 Total	1,176	37	7,175	3,274	128	1,594	2,660	335	15,064	837	1,952	3,121	35,759
1997 Total	1,224	40	7,304	3,308	136	1,638	2,690	354	15,254	829	1,828	3,298	36,265
1998 Total	1,263	35	7,359	3,357	162	1,568	2,575	371	15,701	982	2,036	3,093	36,934
1999 Total	1,324	39	7,595	3,462	151	1,745	2,897	375	16,036	1,048	1,905	3,129	37,960
2000 Total	1,276	36	7,935	3,580	140	1,734	2,945	369	16,155	895	2,091	2,979	38,402
2001 Total	1,257	35	8,179	3,426	150	1,598	2,697	338	16,373	961	1,861	3,056	38,333
2002 Total	1,240	34	8,028	3,340	90	1,747	2,852	334	16,819	1,018	1,605	3,040	38,400
2003 Total	1,220	30	8,349	3,265	113	1,701	2,748	309	16,981	1,000	1,772	3,264	39,051
2004 Total	1,304	31	8,652	3,383	133	1,791	2,824	313	17,379	1,156	1,990	3,428	40,593
2005 Total	1,323	35	8,755	3,475	144	1,721	2,682	312	17,444	1,133	2,111	3,318	40,732
2006 Total	1,261 1,197	33 32	8,864 8,921	3,379	111 67	1,701	2,700	303 313	17,622 17,689	1,148	1,581	3,416 3,313	40,420
2007 Total 2008 Total	1,197	32 28	8,921 8,411	3,358 3,193	67 30	1,729 1,620	2,733 2,574	291	17,689	1,077 1,022	1,659 1,432	3,313	40,358 38,101
2009 Total	873	28	7,720	2,883	36	1,620	2,574 2,664	262	17,135	938	1,432	2,941 2,611	36,321
2010 January	42	2	668	236	3	195	294	22	1,378	50	120	215	3,029
February	46	1	629	213	5	164	255	23	1,253	56	91	202	2,776
March	54	2	692	254	2	142	246	26	1,422	79	103	252	3,134
April	66	3	657	240	1	105	198	24	1,426	70	111	251	3,046
May	78	2	657	254	2	106	207	24	1,482	63	101	240	3,111
June	103	3	654	263	3	104	206	28	1,458	74	94	237	3,122
July	97	3	640	263	3	109	217	27	1,504	72	116	242	3,183
August	110	2	692	261	2	116	220	24	1,497	81	93	259	3,241
September	92	3	679	248	1	120	219	25	1,426	78	97	227	3,097
October	89	2	681	251	3	135	233	24	1,458	63	95	215	3,114
November	59	2	677	238	8	134	228	23	1,380	70	104	227	3,014
December Total	42 878	2 27	754 <b>8,080</b>	243 <b>2,963</b>	9 <b>41</b>	194 <b>1,624</b>	298 <b>2,821</b>	21 <b>291</b>	1,441 <b>17,127</b>	69 <b>826</b>	102 <b>1,228</b>	233 <b>2,800</b>	3,214 <b>37,082</b>
2011 January	45	2	715	237	3	207	304	23	1,354	67	113	227	3,091
February	46	2	638	215	8	159	254	20	1,257	49	100	190	2,779
March	58	3	730	243	5	152	265	28	1,423	65	90	250	3,160
April	62	2	656	248	1	115	216	25	1,377	64	90	224	2,965
May	73	3	668	250	(s)	118	226	23	1,426	77	91	194	3,032
June	90	3	690	262	<u>í</u>	110	214	23	1,419	68	90	209	3,070
July	96	3	644	259	2	116	222	22	1,461	69	64	245	3,086
August	112	3	724	273	1	124	231	26	1,444	86	68	234	3,201
September	92	2	688	241	1	117	216	23	1,369	63	93	224	3,011
October	87	2	723	243	(s)	142	245	19	1,399	74	79	220	3,092
November	59	2	718	241	1	149	254	23	1,336	68	79	239	3,020
December	38	2	696	238	2	173	289	21	1,405	_43	101	220	3,054
Total	859	27	8,289	2,950	25	1,682	2,937	276	16,670	794	1,058	2,676	36,562
2012 January February	44 42	2 2	690 672	231 222	(s) 4	167 149	270 250	24 24	1,324 1,305	69 52	82 72	238 219	2,975 2,863
March	49	2	669	243	(s)	135	245	21	1,396	60	81	209	2,005
April	65	2	647	231	(3)	113	219	22	1,380	61	77	203	2,907
May	78	3	676	248	(s)	130	237	22	1,455	70	57	217	3,063
June	90	2	652	263	(s)	122	218	19	1,414	67	70	211	3,007
July	95	3	641	258	(s)	120	230	20	1.427	63	81	232	3.051
August	100	2	675	258	(s)	132	239	21	1,478	76	69	233	3,152
September	<sup>R</sup> 88	2	<sup>R</sup> 643	<sup>R</sup> 235	R (s)	R 133	<sup>R</sup> 236	<sup>R</sup> 19	<sup>R</sup> 1,342	<sup>R</sup> 64	<sup>R</sup> 57	R 190	R 2,877
October	F 89	F 2	<sup>E</sup> 661	E 260	⊦2	<sup>E</sup> 160	F 244	F 23	E 1,391	F 67	<sup>E</sup> 53	E 296	E 3,087
November	F 61	F 2	<sup>E</sup> 681	E 243	F 4	E 160	<sup>F</sup> 251	F 20	E 1,351	F 69	E 68	E 262	E 3,012
11-Month Total	E 801	E 23	E 7,309	E 2,691	<sup>E</sup> 12	E 1,522	E 2,639	E 235	E 15,264	E 720	E 768	E 2,508	E 32,970
2011 11-Month Total	821	25	7,594	2,712	23	1,509	2,648	255	15,266	751	957	2,456	33,508
2010 11-Month Total	836	25	7,326	2,720	32	1,429	2,523	269	15,686	757	1,126	2,567	33,867

<sup>a</sup> Liquefied petroleum gases.
 <sup>b</sup> Beginning in 2009, includes renewable diesel fuel (including biodiesel) blended into distillate fuel oil.
 <sup>c</sup> Through 2004, includes kerosene-type and naphtha-type jet fuel. Beginning in 2005, includes kerosene-type and naphtha-type jet fuel is included in "Other."
 <sup>d</sup> Includes propylene.
 <sup>e</sup> Finished motor gasoline. Beginning in 1993, also includes fuel ethanol blended into motor gasoline.
 <sup>f</sup> Pentanes plus, petrochemical feedstocks, special naphthas, still gas (refinery gas), waxes, and miscellaneous products. Beginning in 1981, also includes ingasified as unfinished oils, and other products (from both primary and secondary supply) reclassified as gasoline blending components. Beginning in 1983, also includes crude oil burned

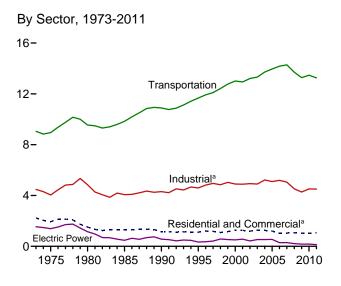
as fuel. Beginning in 2005, also includes naphtha-type jet fuel. R=Revised. E=Estimate. F=Forecast. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu and greater than -0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • Petroleum products supplied is an approximation of petroleum consumption and is synonymous with the term "petroleum consumption" in Tables 3.7a–3.8c. • See Note 7, "Petroleum Products Supplied and Petroleum Consumption," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. 

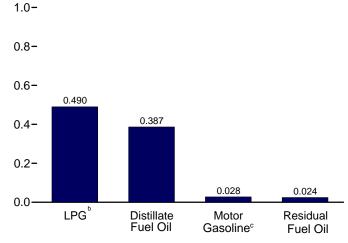
Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

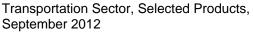
Web Pages: • For all available data beginning in 1973, see http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#petroleum. • For related information, see http://www.eia.gov/petroleum/. Sources: See end of section.

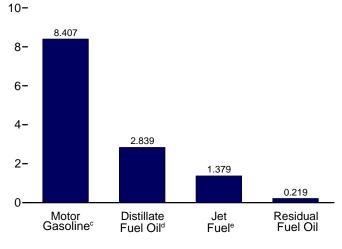




Residential and Commercial Sectors,<sup>a</sup> Selected Products, September 2012







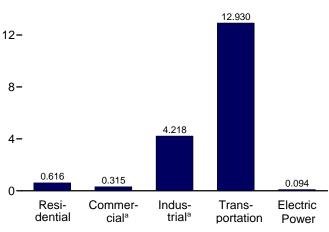
<sup>a</sup> Includes combined-heat-and-power plants and a small number of electricity-only plants.

<sup>b</sup> Liquefied petroleum gases.

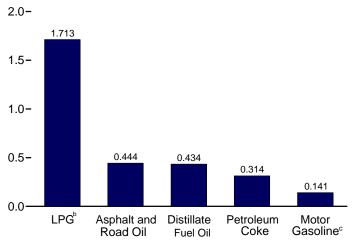
° Includes fuel ethanol blended into motor gasoline.

<sup>d</sup> Includes renewable diesel fuel (including biodiesel) blended into

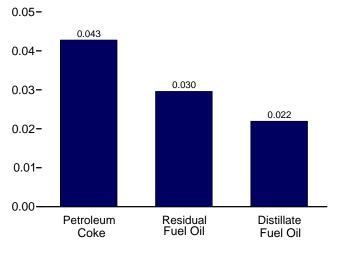
By Sector, September 2012 16-



Industrial Sector,<sup>a</sup> Selected Products, September 2012



Electric Power Sector, September 2012



distillate fuel oil.

<sup>e</sup> Includes kerosene-type jet fuel only.

Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#petroleum. Sources: Tables 3.7a–3.7c.

Table 3.7a	Petroleum Consumption:	<b>Residential and Commercial Sectors</b>
	(Thousand Barrels per Day)	

		Resident	ial Sector		Commercial Sector <sup>a</sup>								
	Distillate Fuel Oil	Kero- sene	Liquefied Petroleum Gases	Total	Distillate Fuel Oil	Kero- sene	Liquefied Petroleum Gases	Motor Gasoline <sup>b</sup>	Petro- leum Coke	Residual Fuel Oil	Total		
1973 Average	942	110	407	1,459	303	31	105	45	NA	290	774		
1975 Average	850	78	365	1,293	276	24	92	46	NA	214	653		
1980 Average	617	51	222	890	243	24	63	56	NA	245	626		
1985 Average	514	77	224	815	297	16	68	50	NA	99	530		
990 Average	460	31	252	742	252	6	73	58	0	100	489		
995 Average	426	36	282	743	225	11	78	10	(s)	62	385		
996 Average	434	43	334	811	227	10	87	14	(s)	60	397		
997 Average	411	45	325	781	209	12	86	22	(s)	48	378		
998 Average	363	52	303	718	202	15	84	20	(s)	37	358		
999 Average	389	54	376	819	206	13	100	15	(s)	32	366		
000 Average	424	46	395	865	230	14	107	23	(s)	40	415		
001 Average	427	46	375	849	239	15	102	20	(s)	30	406		
002 Average	404	29	384	817	209	8	101	24	(s)	35	376		
003 Average	425	34	389	848	226	9	112	32	(s)	48	428		
004 Average	433	41	364	839	221	10	108	23	(s)	53	416		
005 Average	402	40	366	809	210	10	94	24	(s)	50	389		
006 Average	335	32	318	685	189	7	88	26	(s)	33	343		
007 Average	342	21	345	708	181	. 4	87	32	(s)	33	337		
008 Average	314	10	394	718	174	2	113	24	(s)	32	345		
009 Average	283	13	391	687	194	2	99	28	(s)	33	357		
010 January	460	10	461	931	324	2	122	28	(s)	57	532		
February	471	24	441	936	332	4	116	28	(s)	58	538		
March	270	8	388	666	190	1	102	28	(s)	33	356		
April	196	5	321	521	138	1	85	29	(s)	24	27		
May	207	8	327	542	146	1	86	30	Ó	25	289		
June	244	11	338	593	172	2	89	30	0	30	323		
July	189	13	345	547	133	2	91	30	ō	23	280		
August	169	7	353	528	119	1	93	30	(s)	21	264		
September	157	6	363	526	111	1	96	29	(s)	19	256		
October	233	10	370	614	164	2	98	29	(s)	29	322		
November	271	32	373	676	190	5	99	29	(s)	33	356		
December	432	35	466	934	304	6	123	29	(s)	53	516		
Average	274	14	379	667	193	2	100	29	(s)	34	358		
011 January	400	13	480	893	281	2	127	27	(s)	43	481		
February	419	35	440	895	295	6	116	28	(s)	45	490		
March	286	19	420	725	201	3	111	28	(s)	31	375		
April	197	6	356	559	139	1	94	28	0	21	283		
May	130	(s)	362	492	91	(s)	96	29	0	14	230		
June	202	3	353	558	142	1	93	29	0	22	287		
July	180	6	355	542	127	1	94	29	0	19	270		
August	246	4	366	616	174	1	97	29	0	26	326		
September	270	5	357	632	190	1	94	28	0	29	342		
October	293	1	388	682	206	(s)	102	28	0	31	368		
November	336	4	417	757	236	· 1	110	28	(s)	36	411		
December	433	9	456	898	305	1	120	28	(s)	46	502		
Average	282	9	396	686	198	1	105	28	(s)	30	363		
012 January	469	1	429	899	330	(s)	113	26	(s)	50	52		
February	394	16	422	832	277	3	111	28	(s)	42	462		
March	320	1	388	709	225	(s)	102	28	(s)	34	39		
April	234	2	361	597	165	(s)	95	29	(s)	25	314		
May	232	(s)	375	608	164	(s)	99	29	Ó	25	317		
June	241	1	361	603	169	(s)	95	29	0	26	32		
July	224	2	369	596	158	(s)	98	29	(s)	24	309		
August	282	1	382	664	198	(s)	101	30	(s)	30	359		
September	227	2	388	616	160	(s)	102	28	(s)	24	31		
9-Month Average	291	3	386	680	205	(s)	102	28	(s)	31	36		
011 9-Month Average	258	10	388	655	181	2	102	28	(s)	28	342		
010 9-Month Average	261	10	370	641	184	2	98	29	(s)	32	345		

<sup>a</sup> Commercial sector fuel use, including that at commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only plants.
 <sup>b</sup> Finished motor gasoline. Beginning in 1993, also includes fuel ethanol blended into motor gasoline. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 500 barrels per day and greater than -500 barrels red day.

Notes: • Data are estimates. • For total petroleum consumption by all sectors, see petroleum products supplied data in Table 3.5. Petroleum products supplied is

an approximation of petroleum consumption and is synonymous with the term "petroleum consumption" in Tables 3.7a–3.8c.
See Note 7, "Petroleum Products Supplied and Petroleum Consumption," at end of section.
Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#petroleum for all available data beginning in 1973. Sources: See end of section.

### Table 3.7b Petroleum Consumption: Industrial Sector

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Industrial Sector <sup>a</sup>											
	Asphalt and Road Oil	Distillate Fuel Oil	Kerosene	Liquefied Petroleum Gases	Lubricants	Motor Gasoline <sup>b</sup>	Petroleum Coke	Residual Fuel Oil	Other <sup>c</sup>	Total		
973 Average	522	691	75	902	88	133	254	809	1,005	4,479		
975 Average	419	630	58	844	68	116	246	658	1,001	4,038		
980 Average	396	621	87	1,172	82	82	234	586	1,581	4,842		
985 Average	425	526	21	1,285	75	114	261	326	1,032	4,065		
990 Average	483	541	6	1,215	84	97	325	179	1,373	4,304		
995 Average	486	532	7	1,527	80	105	328	147	1,381	4,594		
996 Average	484	557	9	1,580	78	105	343	146	1,518	4,819		
997 Average	505	566	9	1,617	82	111	331	127	1,605	4,953		
998 Average	521	570	11	1,553	86	105	390	100	1,508	4,844		
999 Average	547	558	6	1,709	87	80	426	90	1,532	5,035		
000 Average	525	563	8	1,720	86	79	361	105	1,458	4,903		
001 Average	519	611	11	1,557	79	155	390	89	1,481	4,892		
002 Average	512	566	7	1,668	78	163	383	83	1,474	4,934		
003 Average	503	534	12	1,561	72	171	375	96	1,579	4,903		
004 Average	537	570	14	1,646	73	195	423	108	1,657	5,222		
005 Average	546 521	594 594	19 14	1,549 1.627	72 71	187 198	404 425	123 104	1,605 1.640	5,100		
006 Average			14		71 73			104 84		5,193		
007 Average	494 417	595 599	6 2	1,637	73 67	161 131	412 394	84 86	1,593 1,408	5,056 4,523		
008 Average 009 Average	360	599 521	2	1,419 1,541	67	131	394 363	86 46	1,408	4,523 4,274		
010 January	203	484	3	2.036	60	140	201	59	1.218	4.403		
February	249	531	6	1,949	70	140	264	55	1,213	4,403		
March	264	686	2	1,714	70	141	356	54	1,421	4,712		
April	331	623	1	1,419	68	144	323	61	1.463	4,712		
May	378	472	2	1,446	66	149	274	51	1,351	4,430		
June	517	427	3	1,492	80	153	333	43	1,386	4,130		
July	470	331	3	1,523	73	153	303	53	1,373	4,282		
August	537	544	2	1,559	66	152	370	42	1,467	4,738		
September	463	701	1	1,604	70	150	371	51	1,326	4,738		
October	434	548	3	1,637	66	148	279	51	1,215	4,380		
November	295	664	8	1,648	64	145	339	57	1.333	4.553		
December	204	700	9	2,061	58	146	307	51	1,301	4,838		
Average	362	559	4	1,673	68	148	310	52	1,343	4,519		
011 January	221	715	3	2,123	64	137	275	62	1,244	4,844		
February	248	586	9	1,946	62	141	218	59	1,185	4,455		
March	282	764	5	1,856	77	144	266	48	1,405	4.847		
April	311	562	2	1,573	70	144	302	49	1,301	4,314		
May	357	555	(s)	1,600	63	145	359	49	1,082	4,209		
June	454	572	1	1,561	64	149	309	50	1,213	4,372		
July	465	307	2	1,570	61	148	287	32	1,363	4,235		
August	545	529	1	1,618	70	146	388	34	1,311	4,643		
September	462	557	1	1,579	64	143	276	51	1,299	4,432		
October	423	587	(s)	1,715	53	142	343	42	1,239	4,544		
November	297	705	1	1,842	64	140	336	43	1,391	4,819		
December	187	454	2	2,014	57	142	173	53	1,228	4,311		
Average	355	574	2	1,749	64	144	295	48	1,272	4,503		
012 January	216	552	(s)	1,896	66	134	303	41	1,349	4,558		
February	218	723	4	1,864	71	141	242	39	1,306	4,609		
March	236	498	(s)	1,715	57	142	292	41	1,163	4,145		
April	329	490	1	1,594	63	145	311	41	1,166	4,139		
May	378	468	(s)	1,657	59	148	343	29	1,224	4,307		
June	454	378	(s)	1,596	55	148	336	35	1,214	4,217		
July	461	253	(s)	1,632	54	145	298	40	1,298	4,181		
August	485	305	(s)	1,687	57	150	368	34	1,320	4,406		
September 9-Month Average	444 358	434 <b>454</b>	(s) 1	1,713 <b>1,706</b>	53 <b>59</b>	141 <b>144</b>	314 <b>312</b>	30 <b>37</b>	1,090 <b>1,237</b>	4,218 <b>4,308</b>		
-												
011 9-Month Average 010 9-Month Average	373 380	572 533	3	1,713 1,636	66 69	144 148	299 311	48 52	1,268 1,364	4,485 4,495		

 <sup>a</sup> Industrial sector fuel use, including that at industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and industrial electricity-only plants.
 <sup>b</sup> Finished motor gasoline. Beginning in 1993, also includes fuel ethanol blended into motor gasoline.
 <sup>c</sup> Pentanes plus, petrochemical feedstocks, special naphthas, still gas (refinery gas), waxes, and miscellaneous products. Beginning in 1981, also includes negative barrels per day of distillate and residual fuel oil reclassified as unfinished oils, and other products (from both primary and secondary supply) reclassified as gasoline blending components. Beginning in 1983, also includes crude oil burned as fuel. Beginning in 2005, also includes naphtha-type jet fuel. (s)=Less than 500 barrels per day and greater than -500 barrels per day.

Notes: • Data are estimates. • For total petroleum consumption by all sectors, see petroleum products supplied data in Table 3.5. Petroleum products supplied is an approximation of petroleum consumption and is synonymous with the term "petroleum consumption," at end of section. • See Note 7, "Petroleum Products Supplied and Petroleum Consumption," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#petroleum for all available data beginning in 1973. Sources: See end of section.

#### Table 3.7c Petroleum Consumption: Transportation and Electric Power Sectors (Thousand Barrels per Day)

				Electric Power Sector <sup>a</sup>								
	Aviation Gasoline	Distillate Fuel Oil <sup>b</sup>	Jet Fuel <sup>c</sup>	Liquefied Petroleum Gases	Lubri- cants	Motor Gasoline <sup>d</sup>	Residual Fuel Oil	Total	Distillate Fuel Oil <sup>e</sup>	Petro- leum Coke	Residual Fuel Oil <sup>f</sup>	Total
1973 Average	45	1.045	1.042	35	74	6.496	317	9.054	129	7	1.406	1.542
975 Average		998	992	31	70	6,512	310	8,951	107	1	1,280	1,388
1980 Average	35	1,311	1,062	13	77	6,441	608	9,546	79	2	1,069	1,151
1985 Average		1,491	1,218	21	71	6,667	342	9,838	40	3	435	478
1990 Average		1.722	1,522	16	80	7,080	443	10,888	45	14	507	566
1995 Average	21	1,973	1,514	13	76	7,674	397	11,668	51	37	247	334
1996 Average	20	2.096	1.578	11	73	7.772	370	11.921	51	36	273	360
1997 Average	22	2,198	1,599	10	78	7,883	310	12,099	52	46	311	410
1998 Average		2,263	1,622	13	81	8,128	294	12,420	64	56	456	576
1999 Average		2,352	1,673	10	82	8,336	290	12,765	66	51	418	535
2000 Average		2,422	1,725	8	81	8,370	386	13,012	82	45	378	505
2001 Average		2,489	1,655	10	74	8,435	255	12,938	80	47	437	564
2002 Average	18	2,536	1,614	10	73	8,662	295	13,208	60	80	287	427
2003 Average		2,665	1,578	12	68	8,733	249	13,321	76	79	379	534
2004 Average		2,783	1,630	14	69	8,887	321	13,720	52	101	382	535
2005 Average		2,858	1,679	20	68	8,948	365	13,957	54	111	382	547
2006 Average		3.017	1,633	20	67	9.029	395	14,178	35	97	157	289
2007 Average		3,037	1,622	16	69	9,093	433	14,287	42	78	173	203
2008 Average		2,824	1,539	29	64	8,834	400	13,704	34	70	104	209
2009 Average		2,600	1,393	20	57	8,840	353	13,279	33	63	79	175
2010 January	10	2,353	1,344	26	57	8,352	407	12,547	79	67	93	239
February	10	2,490	1,343	24	66	8,411	364	12,709	30	69	38	138
March		2,663	1,443	22	67	8.620	403	13,231	24	69	41	134
April		2,779	1,410	18	64	8,929	465	13,682	23	62	40	125
May		2,781	1,446	18	62	8,983	377	13,681	33	64	66	164
June		2,858	1,543	19	75	9,128	322	13,963	41	78	105	224
July		2,848	1,494	19	69	9,118	399	13,966	42	81	120	244
August		2,963	1,486	20	63	9.074	315	13,934	34	63	98	196
September		2,888	1,457	20	66	8,933	381	13,766	29	62	61	153
October		2,803	1,430	21	62	8,839	371	13,540	25	56	37	118
November		2,719	1,396	21	60	8,643	427	13,277	30	50	35	114
December		2,679	1,383	26	55	8,736	355	13,245	60	63	67	189
Average		2,737	1,432	21	64	8,816	382	13,466	38	65	67	170
2011 January	11	2,520	1,346	27	60	8,206	421	12,591	43	85	56	184
February		2,580	1.352	24	59	8,435	425	12,889	33	75	37	144
March		2,765	1,385	23	73	8,626	346	13,235	29	82	37	147
April		2,823	1,457	20	66	8,623	360	13,360	33	54	46	133
May		2,892	1,424	20	59	8,644	363	13,420	31	55	41	128
June		3,000	1,540	20	61	8,889	364	13,891	32	70	43	145
July		2,914	1,473	20	58	8,854	226	13,562	36	81	52	143
August		3,034	1,473	20	67	8,750	243	13,686	26	73	44	143
September		2,895	1,416	20	61	8,572	378	13,355	24	73	33	130
October		2,894	1,384	22	50	8.479	300	13,143	24	52	32	107
November	12	2,807	1,416	23	60	8,369	308	12,996	25	40	32	97
December	10	2,633	1,353	25	54	8,513	389	12,930	28	56	31	116
Average		2,814	1,425	22	61	8,581	343	13,260	30	66	41	137
2012 January	12	2.445	1.313	24	62	8.026	295	12.179	26	63	34	123
February		2,445	1,313	24	67	8,452	285	12,1752	20	55	27	105
March		2,502	1,382	23	54	8,463	311	12,889	19	31	29	79
April		2,044	1,362	22	59	8,644	314	13,200	26	27	29	80
May		2,750	1,409	20	56	8,819	212	13,385	20	33	20	91
June		2,032	1,405	20	52	8,857	265	13,664	29	37	45	111
July		2,812	1,343	20	51	8.646	301	13,395	28	40	53	121
August		2,009	1,468	20	54	8,955	251	13,694	23	40	39	102
September		2,931	1,409	21	50	8,407	219	12,930	23	41	30	94
9-Month Average		2,839 2,763	1,379	22	50 56	8,407 8,586	219	12,930 13,122	22	43 41	35	101
2011 9-Month Average		2,827	1,439	22	63	8,623	346	13,335	32	72	44	147
2010 9-Month Average 2010 9-Month Average		2,827 2,738	1,439	22	63 65	8,623 8,842	346	13,335	32	68	44 74	147

<sup>a</sup> Electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS

<sup>d</sup> Electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public. Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only; beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers.
 <sup>b</sup> Beginning in 2009, includes renewable diesel fuel (including biodiesel) blended into distillate fuel oil.
 <sup>c</sup> Through 2004, includes kerosene-type and naphtha-type jet fuel. Beginning in 2005, includes kerosene-type and naphtha-type jet fuel is included in "Industrial Sector, Other" on Table 3.7b.
 <sup>d</sup> Finished motor gasoline. Beginning in 1993, also includes fuel ethanol blended tor motor gasoline.

 <sup>e</sup> Fuel oil nos. 1, 2, and 4. Through 2000, electric utility data also include small amounts of kerosene and jet fuel.

<sup>f</sup> Fuel oil nos. 5 and 6. Through 2000, electric utility data also include a small amount of fuel oil no. 4. Notes: • Transportation sector data are estimates. • For total petroleum

Notes: • Iransportation sector data are estimates. • For total petroleum consumption by all sectors, see petroleum products supplied data in Table 3.5. Petroleum products supplied is an approximation of petroleum consumption and is synonymous with the term "petroleum consumption" in Tables 3.7a-3.8c. • See Note 7, "Petroleum Products Supplied and Petroleum Consumption," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

 Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#petroleum for all available data beginning in 1973. Sources: See end of section.

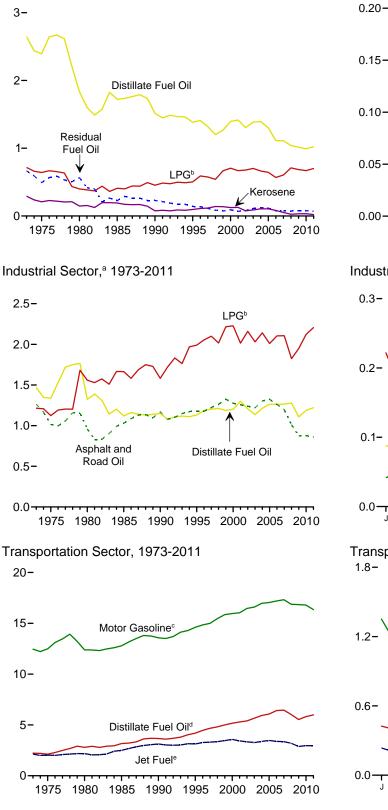
# Figure 3.8 Heat Content of Petroleum Consumption by Sector, Selected Products (Quadrillion Btu)

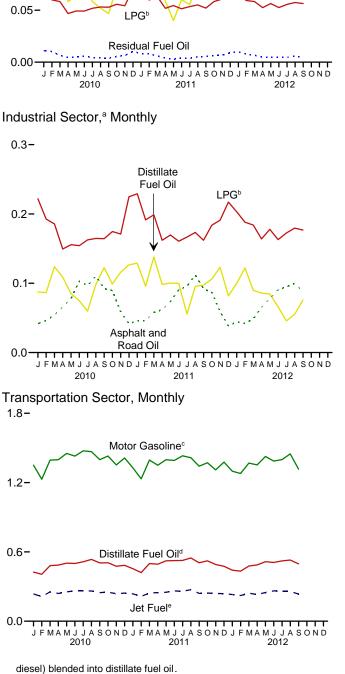
Residential and Commercial Sectors,<sup>a</sup> 1973-2011

Residential and Commercial Sectors,<sup>a</sup> Monthly 0.20-

Distillate

Fuel Oil





e Beginning in 2005, includes kerosene-type jet fuel only.

Sources: Tables 3.8a-3.8c.

Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#petroleum.

<sup>a</sup> Includes combined-heat-and-power plants and a small number of electricity-only plants.

<sup>b</sup> Liquefied petroleum gases.

<sup>c</sup> Beginning in 1993, includes fuel ethanol blended into motor gasoline.

<sup>d</sup> Beginning in 2009, includes renewable diesel fuel (including bio-

# Table 3.8a Heat Content of Petroleum Consumption: Residential and Commercial Sectors (Trillion Btu)

		Residenti	al Sector	Residential Sector					Commercial Sectora								
	Distillate Fuel Oil	Kerosene	Liquefied Petroleum Gases	Total	Distillate Fuel Oil	Kerosene	Liquefied Petroleum Gases	Motor Gasoline <sup>b</sup>	Petroleum Coke	Residual Fuel Oil	Total						
973 Total	2,003	227	570	2,800	644	65	147	87	NA	665	1.607						
975 Total	1,807	161	512	2,479	587	49	129	89	NA	492	1,346						
980 Total	1,316	107	311	1,734	518	41	88	107	NA	565	1.318						
985 Total	1.092	159	314	1,565	631	33	95	96	NA	228	1.083						
990 Total	978	64	352	1,394	536	12	102	111	0	230	991						
995 Total	905	74	395	1,374	479	22	109	18	(s)	141	769						
996 Total	926	89	469	1,484	483	21	122	27	(s)	137	790						
997 Total	874	93	455	1,422	444	25	120	43	(s)	111	743						
998 Total	772	108	424	1,304	429	31	118	39	(s)	85	702						
999 Total	828	111	526	1,465	438	27	140	28	(s)	73	707						
000 Total	905	95	555	1,554	491	30	150	45	(s)	92	807						
001 Total	908	95	526	1,529	508	31	143	37	(s)	70	790						
002 Total	860	60	537	1,457	444	16	141	45	(s)	80	726						
003 Total	905	70	544	1,519	481	19	157	60	(s)	111	828						
004 Total	924	85	512	1,520	470	20	152	45	(s)	122	810						
005 Total	854	84	513	1,451	447	22 15	131	46	(s)	116	762						
006 Total	712	66 44	446 484	1,224	401	15 9	123 121	49 61	(s)	75	664						
007 Total	726			1,254	384	9			(s)	75	651						
008 Total 009 Total	669 602	21 28	553 547	1,243 1,176	372 413	4	158 139	46 53	(s) (s)	73 76	653 685						
	00	0		4.40	50	(-)			(-)	44	0/						
D10 January	83 77	2 4	55 47	140 128	58 54	(s)	14 13	4 4	(s)	11 10	89 82						
February						1			(s)								
March	49	1	46	96	34	(s)	12	5	(s)	6	58						
April	34	1	37	72	24	(s)	10	5	(s)	5	43 47						
May	37	1 2	39	78	26	(s)	10	5 5	0	5							
	43 34	2	39 41	83 78	30 24	(s)	10 11	5 5	0 0	6 5	51 45						
July	34 31	2	41	76	24	(s)	11	5 5		5	43						
August	27	1	42	74	19	(s)	11	5 5	(s)	4	42						
September	42	2	42	88	30	(s)	12	5 5	(s)	4 6	52						
October November	42	6	44	96	33	(s) 1	12	4	(s) (s)	6	56						
December	78	6	43 55	90 140	55	1	15	4 5	(S) (S)	10	86						
Total	583	29	530	1,142	410	5	140	55	(s) (s)	77	688						
	72	2	57	132	51	(c)	15	4	(c)	8	79						
011 January February	68	6	47	132	48	(s) 1	12	4	(s) (s)	8	74						
March	52	3	50	105	36	1	13	5	(S)	6	61						
April	34	1	41	76	24	(s)	10	4	(3)	4	44						
May	23	(s)	43	67	17	(s)	11	5	0	3	35						
June	35	(3)	41	76	25	(s)	11	5	0	4	44						
July	33	1	42	76	23	(s)	11	5	0	4	43						
August	45	1	44	89	31	(s)	12	5	Ő	5	53						
September	47	1	41	89	33	(s)	11	4	ŏ	5	54						
October	53	(s)	46	99	37	(s)	12	5	õ	6	60						
November	59	(3)	48	107	41	(s)	13	4	(s)	7	65						
December	78	2	54	134	55	(s)	14	5	(s)	9	83						
Total	599	18	554	1,171	422	3	146	54	(s)	69	695						
012 January	85	(s)	51	136	60	(s)	13	4	(s)	10	87						
February	67	3	47	116	47	(s)	12	4	(s)	8	72						
March	58	(s)	46	104	41	(s)	12	5	(s)	7	64						
April	41	(s)	41	83	29	(s)	11	4	(s)	5	49						
May	42	(s)	45	87	30	(s)	12	5	0	5	5						
June	42	(s)	42	84	30	(s)	11	5	õ	5	50						
July	41	(s)	44	85	29	(s)	12	5	(s)	5	50						
August	51	(s)	45	96	36	(s)	12	5	(s)	6	59						
September	40	(s)	45	85	28	(s)	12	4	(s)	5	49						
9-Month Total	465	4	406	875	327	1	107	41	(s)	54	530						
011 9-Month Total	410	15	406	831	288	3	107	41	(s)	47	486						
010 9-Month Total	415	16	388	818	292	3	102	42	(s)	55	494						

<sup>a</sup> Commercial sector fuel use, including that at commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only plants.
 <sup>b</sup> Finished motor gasoline. Beginning in 1993, also includes fuel ethanol blended into motor gasoline. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu and greater than -0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • Data are estimates. • For total heat content of petroleum consumption by all sectors, see data for heat content of petroleum products supplied in Table 3.6. Petroleum products supplied is an approximation of petroleum consumption

and is synonymous with the term "petroleum consumption" in Tables 3.7a–3.8c. • See Note 7, "Petroleum Products Supplied and Petroleum Consumption," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#petroleum for all available data beginning in 1973. Sources: See end of section.

# Table 3.8b Heat Content of Petroleum Consumption: Industrial Sector

(Trillion Btu)

	Industrial Sector <sup>a</sup>											
	Asphalt and Road Oil	Distillate Fuel Oil	Kerosene	Liquefied Petroleum Gases	Lubricants	Motor Gasoline <sup>b</sup>	Petroleum Coke	Residual Fuel Oil	Other <sup>c</sup>	Total		
973 Total	1,264	1,469	156	1,215	195	255	558	1,858	2,114	9,083		
975 Total	1.014	1.339	119	1.123	149	223	540	1,509	2.109	8,127		
980 Total	962	1,324	181	1,559	182	158	516	1,349	3,278	9,509		
985 Total	1,029	1,119	44	1,664	166	218	575	748	2,152	7,714		
990 Total	1,170	1,150	12	1,582	186	185	714	411	2,839	8,251		
995 Total	1,178	1,131	15	1,990	178	200	721	337	2,837	8,588		
996 Total	1,176	1,187	18	2,054	173	200	757	335	3,121	9,020		
997 Total	1,224	1,203	19	2,100	182	212	727	291	3,298	9,256		
998 Total	1,263	1,211	22	2,016	191	199	858	230	3,093	9,083		
999 Total	1,324	1,187	13	2,217	193	152	936	207	3,129	9,357		
2000 Total	1,276	1,200	16	2,228	190	150	796	241	2,979	9,076		
001 Total	1,257	1,300	23	2,014	174	295	858	203	3,056	9,181		
002 Total	1,240	1,204	14	2,160	172	309	842	190	3,040	9,171		
2003 Total	1,220	1,136	24 28	2,030	159	324	825 934	220 249	3,264	9,202		
004 Total	1,304	1,214		2,141	161	372	934 889	249	3,428	9,831		
2005 Total 2006 Total	1,323 1,261	1,264 1,263	39 30	2,009 2,104	160 156	356 376	889 934	281 239	3,318 3,416	9,640 9,780		
2006 Total	1,201	1,265	13	2,104	161	306	906	193	3,416	9,760		
2008 Total	1,012	1,205	4	1,823	150	250	868	193	2,941	8,523		
2009 Total	873	1,107	4	1,950	135	244	799	106	2,611	7,829		
	42	87	(0)	222	11	23	38	4.4	015	650		
010 January	42 46	87 87	(s) 1	193	11 12	23	38 45	11 10	215 202	615		
February	46 54	07 124	(s)	193	12	21	45 67	10	202	730		
March	54 66	109		149	12	23	58	11	252	681		
April May	78	85	(s) (s)	149	12	23	51	10	240	657		
June	103	75	(S)	150	14	24	60	8	237	676		
July	97	60	(3)	163	14	25	57	10	242	667		
August	110	98	(s)	165	12	25	69	8	259	747		
September	92	123	(S)	164	13	23	67	10	227	719		
October	89	99	(s)	175	12	24	52	10	215	676		
November	59	116	1	171	12	23	61	11	227	680		
December	42	126	2	225	11	24	57	10	233	729		
Total	878	1,188	7	2,121	149	281	682	120	2,800	8,227		
2011 January	45	129	1	229	12	22	51	12	227	729		
February	46	96	1	191	11	21	37	10	190	603		
March	58	138	1	199	14	23	50	9	250	743		
April	62	98	(s)	162	13	23	55	9	224	646		
May	73	100	(s)	170	12	23	67	10	194	649		
June	90	100	(s)	161	12	23	56	9	209	660		
July	96	55	(s)	167	11	24	54	6	245	658		
August	112	96	(s)	173	13	24	73	7	234	731		
September	92	97	(s)	162	12	22	50	10	224	669		
October	87	106	(s)	184	10	23	64	8	220	702		
November	59	123	(s)	191	12	22	61	8	239	715		
December	38	82	(s)	217	11	23	32	10	220	634		
Total	859	1,221	4	2,205	142	274	648	109	2,676	8,139		
012 January	44	100	(s)	203	12	22	57	8	238	684		
February	42	122	1	188	13	21	42	7	219	655		
March	49	90	(s)	184	11	23	55	8	209	628		
April	65	86	(s)	164	11	23	56	8	201	614		
May	78	85	(s)	178	11	24	64	6	217	662		
June	90	66	(s)	163	10	23	61	7	211	631		
July	95	46	(s)	172	10	23	56	8	232	642		
August	100	55	(s)	180	11	24	69	7	233	678		
September	88	76	(s)	177	10	22	57	6	190	625		
9-Month Total	652	725	1	1,609	99	205	515	63	1,950	5,819		
011 9-Month Total	675	909	4	1,613	110	206	491	83	1,997	6,088		
010 9-Month Total	688	847	4	1,551	115	211	511	89	2,126	6,142		

 <sup>a</sup> Industrial sector fuel use, including that at industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and industrial electricity-only plants.
 <sup>b</sup> Finished motor gasoline. Beginning in 1993, also includes fuel ethanol blended into motor gasoline.
 <sup>c</sup> Pentanes plus, petrochemical feedstocks, special naphthas, still gas (refinery gas), waxes, and miscellaneous products. Beginning in 1981, also includes negative barrels per day of distillate and residual fuel oil reclassified as unfinished oils, and other products (from both primary and secondary supply) reclassified as gasoline blending components. Beginning in 1983, also includes crude oil burned as fuel. Beginning in 2005, also includes naphtha-type jet fuel.

(s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu and greater than -0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • Data are estimates. • For total heat content of petroleum consumption by all sectors, see data for heat content of petroleum products supplied in Table 3.6. Petroleum products supplied is an approximation of petroleum consumption and is synonymous with the term "petroleum consumption" in Tables 3.7a–3.8c. • See Note 7, "Petroleum Products Supplied and Petroleum Consumption," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#petroleum for all available data beginning in 1973. Sources: See end of section.

			,									
		,		Transporta	tion Secto	r			E	lectric Po	wer Sector <sup>a</sup>	
	Aviation Gasoline	Distillate Fuel Oil <sup>b</sup>	Jet Fuel <sup>c</sup>	Liquefied Petroleum Gases	Lubri- cants	Motor Gasoline <sup>d</sup>	Residual Fuel Oil	Total	Distillate Fuel Oil <sup>e</sup>	Petro- leum Coke	Residual Fuel Oil <sup>f</sup>	Total
1973 Total	83	2,222	2,131	49	163	12,455	727	17,832	273	15	3,226	3,515
1975 Total 1980 Total	71 64	2,121 2,795	2,029 2,179	43 18	155 172	12,485 12,383	711 1,398	17,615 19,009	226 169	2 5	2,937 2.459	3,166 2,634
1985 Total	50	3,170	2,497	30	156	12,784	786	19,472	85	7	998	1,090
1990 Total	45	3,661	3,129	23	176	13,575	1,016	21,626	97	30	1,163	1,289
1995 Total 1996 Total	40 37	4,195 4,469	3,132 3,274	18 16	168 163	14,607 14,837	911 851	23,070 23,648	108 109	81 80	566 628	755 817
1997 Total	40	4,672	3,308	14	172	14,999	712	23,918	111	102	715	927
1998 Total	35	4,812	3,357	18	180	15,463	674	24,538	136	124	1,047	1,306
1999 Total 2000 Total	39 36	5,001 5,165	3,462 3,580	14 12	182 179	15,855 15,960	665 888	25,219 25,820	140 175	112 99	959 871	1,211 1,144
2001 Total	35	5,292	3,426	14	164	16,041	586	25,557	171	103	1,003	1,277
2002 Total	34	5,392	3,340	14	162	16,465	677	26,085	127	175	659	961
2003 Total 2004 Total	30 31	5,666 5,932	3,265 3,383	17 19	150 152	16,597 16,962	571 740	26,297 27,219	161 111	175 222	869 879	1,205 1,212
2005 Total	35	6,076	3,475	28	151	17,043	837	27,645	115	243	876	1,235
2006 Total	33	6,414	3,379	27	147	17,197	906	28,105	74	214	361	648
2007 Total 2008 Total	32 28	6,457 6.020	3,358 3.193	22 40	152 141	17,321 16.872	994 920	28,335 27.214	89 73	171 154	397 240	657 468
2009 Total	27	5,528	2,883	28	127	16,837	810	26,240	70	139	181	390
2010 January	2	425	236	3	11	1,351	79	2,107	14	12	18	45
February	1	406	213	3	11	1,229	64	1,928	5	12	7	23
March April	2	481 486	254 240	3 2	13 12	1,394 1,398	79 88	2,225 2.227	4	13 11	8 8	25 23
May	2	502	240	2	12	1,350	73	2,227	6	12	13	31
June	3	499	263	2	14	1,429	61	2,270	7	14	20	41
July August	3 2	514 535	263 261	2 2	13 12	1,475 1,468	78 61	2,348 2,342	8 6	15 12	23 19	46 37
September	3	505	248	2	12	1,400	72	2,342	5	11	12	28
October	2	506	251	2	12	1,430	72	2,276	4	10	7	22
November December	2 2	475 484	238 243	2 3	11 10	1,353 1,413	80 69	2,161 2,224	5	9 12	7 13	21 36
Total	27	5,818	2,963	29	141	16,791	877	26,646	80	144	154	378
2011 January	2	455	237	3	11	1,327	82	2,117	8	16	11	35
February March	2 3	421 499	215 243	3 3	10 14	1,232 1,395	75 67	1,957 2,225	5 5	13 15	6 7	24 28
April	2	493	248	2	12	1,350	68	2,175	6	10	9	24
May	3	522	250	2	11	1,398	71	2,258	6	10	8	24
June July	3	524 526	262 259	2	11 11	1,391 1.432	69 44	2,262 2.277	6 7	13 15	8 10	26 32
August	3	548	273	2	13	1,415	47	2,301	5	14	9	27
September	2	506	241	2	11	1,342	71	2,175	4	13	6	24
October November	2 2	523 491	243 241	3 3	9 11	1,371 1,310	58 58	2,210 2,115	4	10 7	6 6	20 18
December	2	475	238	3	10	1,377	76	2,181	5	11	6	22
Total	27	5,983	2,950	31	134	16,343	787	26,254	64	146	93	303
2012 January	2	442	231	3	12	1,298	58	2,045	5	12	7	23
February	2 2	433 477	222 243	3 3	12 10	1,279	52	2,002	4	10	5	18
March April	2	477 488	243 231	3	10	1,369 1,353	61 59	2,165 2,146	4	6 5	6 5	15 15
May	3	515	248	2	11	1,427	41	2,246	5	6	6	17
June	2	509	263	2	9	1,387	50	2,222	5	7	9	20
July August	3 2	522 529	258 258	2 3	10 10	1,399 1,449	59 49	2,252 2,300	5	7 8	10 8	23 19
September	2	496	235	2	9	1,316	41	2,102	4	8	6	17
9-Month Total	20	4,410	2,188	23	93	12,276	469	19,479	40	68	60	168
2011 9-Month Total 2010 9-Month Total	21 21	4,495 4,353	2,228 2,231	23 22	104 108	12,284 12,595	594 655	19,748 19,985	51 60	118 113	75 127	244 300

### Table 3.8c Heat Content of Petroleum Consumption: Transportation and Electric Power Sectors (Trillion Btu)

<sup>a</sup> Electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS <sup>a</sup> Electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public. Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only; beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers.
 <sup>b</sup> Beginning in 2009, includes renewable diesel fuel (including biodiesel) blended into distillate fuel oil.
 <sup>c</sup> Through 2004, includes kerosene-type and naphtha-type jet fuel. Beginning in 2005, includes kerosene-type if fuel only; naphtha-type jet fuel is included in "Industrial Sector Other" on Table 3.8b.
 <sup>d</sup> Finished motor gasoline. Beginning in 1993, also includes fuel ethanol blended tor motor rasoline.

e Fuel oil nos. 1, 2, and 4. Through 2000, electric utility data also include small amounts of kerosene and jet fuel.

<sup>f</sup> Fuel oil nos. 5 and 6. Through 2000, electric utility data also include a small

<sup>1</sup> Fuel oil nos. 5 and 6. Through 2000, electric utility data also include a small amount of fuel oil no. 4. Notes: • Transportation sector data are estimates. • For total heat content of petroleum consumption by all sectors, see data for heat content of petroleum consumption and is synonymous with the term "petroleum consumption" in Tables 3.7a–3.8c. • See Note 7, "Petroleum Products Supplied and Petroleum Consumption" in Tables 3.7a–3.8c. • See Note 7, "Petroleum Products Supplied and Petroleum Consumption," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent roundent roundent or petroleum consumption. to independent rounding. . Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#petroleum for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: See end of section.

# Petroleum

**Note 1. Petroleum Survey Respondents.** The U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA) uses a number of sources and methods to maintain the survey respondent lists. On a regular basis, survey managers review such industry publications as the *Oil & Gas Journal* and *Oil Daily* for information on facilities or companies starting up or closing down operations. Those sources are augmented by articles in newspapers, communications from respondents indicating changes in status, and information received from survey systems.

To supplement routine frames maintenance and to provide more thorough coverage, a comprehensive frames investigation is conducted every 3 years. This investigation results in the reassessment and recompilation of the complete frame for each survey. The effort also includes the evaluation of the impact of potential frame changes on the historical time series of data from these respondents. The results of this frame study are usually implemented in January to provide a full year under the same frame.

In 1991, EIA conducted a frame identifier survey of companies that produce, blend, store, or import oxygenates. A summary of the results from the identification survey was published in the *Weekly Petroleum Status Report* dated February 12, 1992, and in the February 1992 issue of the *Petroleum Supply Monthly (PSM)*. In order to continue to provide relevant information about U.S. and regional gasoline supply, EIA conducted a second frame identifier survey of those companies during 1992. As a result, numerous respondents were added to the monthly surveys effective in January 1993. See PSM, Appendix B, "Frame."

**Note 2. Motor Gasoline.** Beginning in January 1981, EIA expanded its universe to include non-refinery blenders and separated blending components from finished motor gasoline as a reporting category. Also, survey forms were modified to describe refinery operations more accurately.

Beginning with the reporting of January 1993 data, EIA made adjustments to the product supplied series for finished motor gasoline. It was recognized that motor gasoline statistics published by EIA through 1992 were underreported because the reporting system was (1) not collecting all fuel ethanol blending, and (2) there was a misreporting of motor gasoline blending components that were blended into finished gasoline. The adjustments are incorporated into EIA's data beginning in January 1993. To facilitate data analysis across the 1992–1993 period, EIA prepared a table of 1992 data adjusted according to the 1993 basis. See *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, March 1993, Table H3.

**Note 3. Distillate and Residual Fuel Oils.** The requirement to report crude oil in pipelines or burned on leases as either distillate or residual fuel oil was eliminated. Prior to January 1981, the refinery input of unfinished oils typically exceeded the available supply of unfinished oils.

That discrepancy was assumed to be due to the redesignation of distillate and residual fuel oils received as such but used as unfinished oil inputs by the receiving refinery. The imbalance between supply and disposition of unfinished oils would then be subtracted from the production of distillate and residual fuel oils. Two-thirds of that difference was subtracted from distillate and one-third from residual. Beginning in January 1981, EIA modified its survey forms to account for redesignated product and discontinued the above-mentioned adjustment.

Prior to 1983, crude oil burned on leases and used at pipeline pump stations was reported as either distillate or residual fuel oil and was included as product supplied for these products.

**Note 4. Petroleum New Stock Basis.** In January 1975, 1979, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to bulk terminal and pipeline surveys, affecting subsequent stocks reported and stock change calculations. Using the expanded coverage (new basis), the end-of-year stocks, in million barrels, would have been:

Crude Oil: 1982—645 (Total) and 351 (Non-SPR).

Distillate Fuel Oil: 1974—224; 1980—205; and 1982—186.

Jet Fuel (Total): 1974—30; 1980—42; and 1982—39.

Liquefied Petroleum Gases: 1974—113; 1978—136; 1980—128; and 1982—102.

Propane and Propylene: 1978—86; 1980—69; and 1982—57.

Motor Gasoline (Total): 1974—225; 1980—263; 1982—244.

Residual Fuel Oil: 1974—75; 1980—91; and 1982—69.

Total Petroleum: 1974—1,121; 1980—1,425; and 1982—1,461.

Stock change calculations beginning in 1975, 1979, 1981, and 1983 were made by using new basis stock levels.

In January 1984, changes were made in the reporting of natural gas liquids. As a result, unfractionated stream is now reported on a component basis (ethane, propane, normal butane, isobutane, and pentanes plus). This change affects stocks reported and stock change calculations. Under the new basis, 1983 end-of-year stocks, in million barrels, would have been 108 for liquefied petroleum gases, and 55 for propane and propylene.

In January 1993, changes were made in the monthly surveys to begin collecting bulk terminal and pipeline stocks of oxygenates. This change affected stocks reported and stock change calculations. However, a new basis stock level was not calculated for 1992 end-of-year stocks.

**Note 5. Stocks of Alaskan Crude Oil.** Stocks of Alaskan crude oil in transit were included for the first time in January 1981. The major impact of this change is on the reporting of stock change calculations. Using the expanded coverage (new basis), 1980 end-of-year stocks, in million barrels, would have been 488 (Total) and 380 (Non-SPR).

**Note 6. Petroleum Data Discrepancies.** Due to differences internal to EIA data processing systems, some small discrepancies exist between data in the *Monthly Energy Review* and the *Petroleum Supply Annual (PSA)* and *Petroleum Supply Monthly (PSM)*. The data that have discrepancies are footnoted in Section 3 tables. The corresponding PSA/PSM values, in thousand barrels per day, are: Natural Gas Plant Liquids Production, 1976: 1,603; Total Exports, 1979: 472; Petroleum Products Exports, 1979: 237; and SPR Crude Oil Imports, 1978: 162.

Note 7. Petroleum Products Supplied and Petroleum Consumption. Total petroleum products supplied is the sum of the products supplied for each petroleum product, crude oil, unfinished oils, and gasoline blending components. For each of these except crude oil, product supplied is calculated by adding refinery production, natural gas plant liquids production, new supply of other liquids, imports, and stock withdrawals, and subtracting stock additions, refinery inputs, and exports. Crude oil product supplied is the sum of crude oil burned on leases and at pipeline pump stations as reported on Form EIA-813, "Monthly Crude Oil Report." Prior to 1983, crude oil burned on leases and used at pipeline pump stations was reported as either distillate or residual fuel oil and was included as product supplied for these products. Petroleum product supplied (see Tables 3.5 and 3.6) is an approximation of petroleum consumption and is synonymous with the term "Petroleum Consumption" in Tables 3.7a-3.8c.

# **Table 3.1 Sources**

1973–1975: Bureau of Mines, Mineral Industry Surveys, *Petroleum Statement, Annual*, annual reports.

1976–1980: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, *Petroleum Statement, Annual*, annual reports.

1981–2001: EIA, *Petroleum Supply Annual (PSA)*, annual reports.

2002 forward: EIA, PSA, annual reports; *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, monthly reports; revisions to crude oil production, total field production, and adjustments (based on crude oil production data from: State government agencies; U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Safety and Environmental Enforcement, and predecessor agencies; and Form EIA-182, "Domestic Crude Oil First Purchase Report"); and, for the current two months, *Weekly Petroleum Status Report* data system and *Monthly Energy Review* data system calculations.

# **Table 3.6 Sources**

Asphalt and Road Oil, Aviation Gasoline, Distillate Fuel Oil, Kerosene, Propane, Lubricants, Petroleum Coke, and Residual Fuel Oil Product supplied data in thousand barrels per day for these petroleum products are from Table 3.5, and are converted to trillion Btu by multiplying by the appropriate heat content factors in Table A1.

# Jet Fuel

Product supplied data in thousand barrels per day for kerosene-type jet fuel and, through 2004, naphtha-type jet fuel are from the U.S. Energy Information Administration's (EIA) *Petroleum Supply Annual (PSA), Petroleum Supply Monthly (PSM)*, and earlier publications (see sources for Table 3.5). These data are converted to trillion Btu by multiplying by the appropriate heat content factors in Table A1. Total jet fuel product supplied is the sum of the data in trillion Btu for kerosene-type and naphtha-type jet fuel.

# Liquefied Petroleum Gases (LPG) Total

Prior to the current two months, product supplied data in thousand barrels per day for the component products of LPG (ethane/ethylene, propane/propylene, normal butane/butylene, and isobutane/isobutylene) are from the PSA, PSM, and earlier publications (see sources for Table 3.5). These data are converted to trillion Btu by multiplying by the appropriate heat content factors in Table A1. Total LPG product supplied is the sum of the data in trillion Btu for the LPG component products.

For the current two months, product supplied data in thousand barrels per day for total LPG are from Table 3.5, and are converted to trillion Btu by multiplying by the LPG heat content factors in Table A3.

### Motor Gasoline

Product supplied data in thousand barrels per day for motor gasoline are from Table 3.5, and are converted to trillion Btu by multiplying by the motor gasoline heat content factors in Table A3.

### **Other Petroleum Products**

Prior to the current two months, product supplied data in thousand barrels per day for "other" petroleum products are from the PSA, PSM, and earlier publications (see sources for Table 3.5). "Other" petroleum products include pentanes plus, petrochemical feedstocks, special naphthas, still gas (refinery gas), waxes, and miscellaneous products; beginning in 1981, also includes negative barrels per day of distillate and residual fuel oil reclassified as unfinished oils, and other products (from both primary and secondary supply) reclassified as gasoline blending components; beginning in 1983, also includes crude oil burned as fuel; and beginning in 2005, also includes naphtha-type jet fuel. These data are converted to trillion Btu by multiplying by the appropriate heat content factors in MER Table A1. Total "Other" petroleum product supplied is the sum of the data in trillion Btu for the individual products.

For the current two months, total "Other" petroleum products supplied is calculated by first estimating total

petroleum products supplied (product supplied data in thousand barrels per day for total petroleum from Table 3.5 are converted to trillion Btu by multiplying by the total petroleum consumption heat content factor in Table A3), and then subtracting data in trillion Btu (from Table 3.6) for asphalt and road oil, aviation gasoline, distillate fuel oil, jet fuel, kerosene, total LPG, lubricants, motor gasoline, petroleum coke, and residual fuel oil.

# **Total Petroleum**

Total petroleum products supplied is the sum of the data in trillion Btu for the products (except "Propane") shown in Table. 3.6.

# Tables 3.7a–3.7c Sources

Petroleum consumption data in these tables are derived from data for "petroleum products supplied" from the following sources:

1973–1975: U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Mines, *Mineral Industry Surveys*, "Petroleum Statement, Annual."

1976–1980: U.S. Energy Information Administration's (EIA), *Energy Data Reports*, "Petroleum Statement, Annual."

1981–2011: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual. 2012: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.

Energy-use allocation procedures by individual product are as follows:

# Asphalt and Road Oil

All consumption of asphalt and road oil is assigned to the industrial sector.

# **Aviation Gasoline**

All consumption of aviation gasoline is assigned to the transportation sector.

# **Distillate Fuel Oil**

Distillate fuel oil consumption is assigned to the sectors as follows:

# Distillate Fuel Oil Consumed by the Electric Power Sector

See sources for Table 7.4b. For 1973–1979, electric utility consumption of distillate fuel oil is assumed to be the amount of petroleum (minus small amounts of kerosene and kerosene-type jet fuel deliveries) consumed in gas turbine and internal combustion plants. For 1980–2000, electric utility consumption of distillate fuel oil is assumed to be the amount of light oil (fuel oil nos. 1 and 2, plus small amounts of kerosene and jet fuel) consumed.

# Distillate Fuel Oil Consumed by the End-Use Sectors, Annually

The aggregate end-use amount is total distillate fuel oil supplied minus the amount consumed by the electric power

sector. The end-use total consumed annually is allocated to the individual end-use sectors (residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation) in proportion to each sector's share of sales as reported in EIA's *Fuel Oil and Kerosene Sales* (*Sales*) report series (DOE/EIA-0535), which is based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-821, "Annual Fuel Oil and Kerosene Sales Report" (previously Form EIA-172). Shares for the current year are based on the most recent Sales report.

Following are notes on the individual sector groupings:

Since 1979, the residential sector sales total is directly from the Sales reports. Prior to 1979, each year's sales subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into residential, commercial, and industrial (including farm) in proportion to the 1979 shares.

Since 1979, the commercial sector sales total is directly from the Sales reports. Prior to 1979, each year's sales subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into residential, commercial, and industrial (including farm) in proportion to the 1979 shares.

Since 1979, the industrial sector sales total is the sum of the sales for industrial, farm, oil company, off-highway diesel, and all other uses. Prior to 1979, each year's sales subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into residential, commercial, and industrial (including farm) in proportion to the 1979 shares, and this estimated industrial portion is added to oil company, off-highway diesel, and all other uses.

The transportation sector sales total is the sum of the sales for railroad, vessel bunkering, on-highway diesel, and military uses for all years.

# Distillate Fuel Oil Consumed by the End-Use Sectors, Monthly

Residential sector and commercial sector monthly consumption is estimated by allocating the annual estimates, which are described above, into the months in proportion to each month's share of the year's sales of No. 2 heating oil. (For each month of the current year, the residential and commercial consumption increase from the same month in the previous year is based on the percent increase in that month's No. 2 heating oil sales from the same month in the previous year.) The years' No. 2 heating oil sales totals are from the following sources: for 1973–1980, the Ethyl Corporation, Monthly Report of Heating Oil Sales; for 1981 and 1982, the American Petroleum Institute, Monthly Report of Heating Oil Sales; and for 1983 forward, EIA, Form EIA-782A, "Refiners'/Gas Plant Operators' Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report," No. 2 Fuel Oil Sales to End Users and for Resale.

The transportation highway use portion is allocated into the months in proportion to each month's share of the year's total sales for highway use as reported by the Federal Highway Administration's Table MF-25, "Private and Commercial Highway Use of Special Fuels by Months." After 1993, the sales-for-highway-use data are no longer available as a monthly series; the 1993 data are used for allocating succeeding year's totals into months.

A distillate fuel oil "balance" is calculated as total distillate fuel oil supplied minus the amount consumed by the electric power sector, residential sector, commercial sector, and for highway use.

Industrial sector monthly consumption is estimated by multiplying each month's distillate fuel oil "balance" by the annual industrial consumption share of the annual distillate fuel oil "balance."

Total transportation sector monthly consumption is estimated as total distillate fuel oil supplied minus the amount consumed by the residential, commercial, industrial, and electric power sectors.

#### Jet Fuel

Through 1982, small amounts of kerosene-type jet fuel were consumed by the electric power sector. Kerosene-type jet fuel deliveries to the electric power sector as reported on Form FERC-423 (formerly Form FPC-423) were used as estimates of this consumption. Through 2004, all remaining jet fuel (kerosene-type and naphtha-type) is consumed by the transportation sector. Beginning in 2005, kerosene-type jet fuel is consumed by the transportation sector, while naphtha-type jet fuel is classified under "Other Petroleum Products," which is assigned to the industrial sector.

#### Kerosene

Kerosene product supplied is allocated to the individual end-use sectors (residential, commercial, and industrial) in proportion to each sector's share of sales as reported in EIA's *Fuel Oil and Kerosene Sales (Sales)* report series (DOE/EIA-0535), which is based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-821, "Annual Fuel Oil and Kerosene Sales Report" (previously Form EIA-172).

Since 1979, the residential sector sales total is directly from the Sales reports. Prior to 1979, each year's sales category called "heating" is allocated to the residential, commercial, and industrial sectors in proportion to the 1979 shares.

Since 1979, the commercial sector sales total is directly from the Sales reports. Prior to 1979, each year's sales category called "heating" is allocated to the residential, commercial, and industrial sectors in proportion to the 1979 shares.

Since 1979, the industrial sector sales total is the sum of the sales for industrial, farm, and all other uses. Prior to 1979, each year's sales category called "heating" is allocated to the residential, commercial and industrial sectors in proportion

to the 1979 shares, and the estimated industrial (including farm) portion is added to all other uses.

#### Liquefied Petroleum Gases (LPG)

The annual shares of LPG's total consumption that are estimated to be used by each sector are applied to each month's total LPG consumption to create monthly sector consumption estimates. The annual sector shares are calculated as described below.

Sales of LPG to the residential and commercial sectors combined are converted from thousand gallons per year to thousand barrels per year and are assumed to be the annual consumption of LPG by the combined sectors. Since 2003, residential sector LPG consumption is assumed to equal propane retail sales, with the remainder of the combined residential and commercial LPG consumption being assigned to the commercial sector. Prior to 2003, residential sector LPG consumption is based on the average of the State residential shares for 2003–2008, with the remainder of the combined residential and commercial LPG consumption being assigned to the commercial sector.

The quantity of LPG sold each year for consumption in internal combustion engines is allocated between the transportation and industrial sectors on the basis of data for special fuels used on highways published by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, in *Highway Statistics*. The allocations of LPG sold for internal combustion engine use to the transportation sector range from a low of 20 percent (in 2001) to a high of 78 percent (in 2008).

LPG consumed annually by the industrial sector is estimated as the difference between LPG total product supplied and the sum of the estimated LPG consumption by the residential, commercial, and transportation sectors. The industrial sector LPG consumption includes LPG used by chemical plants as raw materials or solvents and used in the production of synthetic rubber; refinery fuel use; use as synthetic natural gas feedstock and use in secondary recovery projects; all farm use; LPG sold to gas utility companies for distribution through the mains; and a portion of the use of LPG as an internal combustion engine fuel.

Sources of the annual sales data for creating annual energy shares are:

1973–1982: EIA's "Sales of Liquefied Petroleum Gases and Ethane" reports, based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-174, "Sales of Liquefied Petroleum Gases."

1983: End-use consumption estimates for 1983 are based on 1982 end-use consumption because the collection of data under Form EIA-174 was discontinued after data year 1982. 1984 forward: American Petroleum Institute (API), "Sales of Natural Gas Liquids and Liquefied Refinery Gases," which is based on an LPG sales survey jointly sponsored by API, the Gas Processors Association, and the National Liquefied Petroleum Gas Association. EIA adjusts the data to remove quantities of pentanes plus and to estimate withheld values.

#### Lubricants

The consumption of lubricants is allocated to the industrial and transportation sectors for all months according to proportions developed from annual sales of lubricants to the two sectors from U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, *Current Industrial Reports*, "Sales of Lubricating and Industrial Oils and Greases." The 1973 shares are applied to 1973 and 1974; the 1975 shares are applied to 1975 and 1976; and the 1977 shares are applied to 1977 forward.

#### **Motor Gasoline**

The total monthly consumption of motor gasoline is allocated to the sectors in proportion to aggregations of annual sales categories created on the basis of the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, *Highway Statistics*, Tables MF-21, MF-24, and MF-25, as follows:

Commercial sales are the sum of sales for public non-highway use and miscellaneous and unclassified uses.

Industrial sales are the sum of sales for agriculture, construction, and industrial and commercial use as classified in the *Highway Statistics*.

Transportation sales are the sum of sales for highway use (minus the sales of special fuels, which are primarily diesel fuel and are accounted for in the transportation sector of distillate fuel) and sales for marine use.

#### Petroleum Coke

Portions of petroleum coke are consumed by the electric power sector (see sources for Table 7.4b) and the commercial sector (see sources for Table 7.4c). The remaining petroleum coke is assigned to the industrial sector.

#### **Residual Fuel Oil**

Residual fuel oil consumption is assigned to the sectors as follows:

# Residual Fuel Oil Consumed by the Electric Power Sector

See sources for Table 7.4b. For 1973–1979, electric utility consumption of residual fuel oil is assumed to be the amount of petroleum consumed in steam-electric power plants. For 1980–2000, electric utility consumption of residual fuel oil is assumed to be the amount of heavy oil (fuel oil nos. 4, 5, and 6) consumed.

# Residual Fuel Oil Consumed by the End-Use Sectors, Annually

The aggregate end-use amount is total residual fuel oil supplied minus the amount consumed by the electric power sector. The end-use total consumed annually is allocated to the individual end-use sectors (commercial, industrial, and transportation) in proportion to each sector's share of sales as reported in EIA's *Fuel Oil and Kerosene Sales* (*Sales*) report series (DOE/EIA-535), which is based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-821, "Annual Fuel Oil and Kerosene Sales Report" (previously Form EIA-172). Shares for the current year are based on the most recent Sales report.

Following are notes on the individual sector groupings:

Since 1979, commercial sales data are directly from the Sales reports. Prior to 1979, each year's sales subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is allocated to the commercial and industrial sectors in proportion to the 1979 shares.

Since 1979, industrial sales data are the sum of sales for industrial, oil company, and all other uses. Prior to 1979, each year's sales subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is allocated to the commercial and industrial sectors in proportion to the 1979 shares, and the estimated industrial portion is added to oil company and all other uses.

Transportation sales are the sum of sales for railroad, vessel bunkering, and military uses for all years.

# Residual Fuel Oil Consumed by the End-Use Sectors, Monthly

Commercial sector monthly consumption is estimated by allocating the annual estimates, which are described above, into the months in proportion to each month's share of the year's sales of No. 2 heating oil. (For each month of the current year, the consumption increase from the same month in the previous year is based on the percent increase in that month's No. 2 heating oil sales from the same month in the previous year.) The years' No. 2 heating oil sales totals are from the following sources: for 1973–1980, the Ethyl Corporation, *Monthly Report of Heating Oil Sales*; for 1981 and 1982, the American Petroleum Institute, *Monthly Report of Heating Oil Sales*; and for 1983 forward, EIA, Form EIA-782A, "Refiners'/Gas Plant Operators' Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report," No. 2 Fuel Oil Sales to End Users and for Resale.

A residual fuel oil "balance" is calculated as total residual fuel oil supplied minus the amount consumed by the electric power sector, commercial sector, and by industrial combined-heat-and-power plants (see sources for Table 7.4c).

Transportation sector monthly consumption is estimated by multiplying each month's residual fuel oil "balance" by the annual transportation consumption share of the annual residual fuel oil "balance."

Total industrial sector monthly consumption is estimated as total residual fuel oil supplied minus the amount consumed by the commercial, transportation, and electric power sectors.

#### **Other Petroleum Products**

Consumption of all remaining petroleum products is assigned to the industrial sector. Other petroleum products include pentanes plus, petrochemical feedstocks, special naphthas, still gas (refinery gas), waxes, and miscellaneous products. Beginning in 1981, also includes negative barrels per day of distillate and residual fuel oil reclassified as unfinished oils, and other products (from both primary and secondary supply) reclassified as gasoline blending components. Beginning in 1983, also includes crude oil burned as fuel. Beginning in 2005, also includes naphtha-type jet fuel.

#### Table 3.8a Sources

## Distillate Fuel Oil, Kerosene, Petroleum Coke, and Residual Fuel Oil

Residential and/or commercial sector consumption data in thousand barrels per day for these petroleum products are from Table 3.7a, and are converted to trillion Btu by multiplying by the appropriate heat content factors in Table A1.

#### Liquefied Petroleum Gases (LPG)

Residential and commercial sector consumption data in thousand barrels per day for LPG are from Table 3.7a, and are converted to trillion Btu by multiplying by the propane heat content factor in Table A1.

#### **Motor Gasoline**

Commercial sector consumption data in thousand barrels per day for motor gasoline are from Table 3.7a, and are converted to trillion Btu by multiplying by the motor gasoline heat content factors in Table A3.

#### **Total Petroleum**

Residential sector total petroleum consumption is the sum of the data in trillion Btu for the petroleum products shown under "Residential Sector" in Table 3.8a. Commercial sector total petroleum consumption is the sum of the data in trillion Btu for the petroleum products shown under "Commercial Sector" in Table 3.8a.

#### **Table 3.8b Sources**

Asphalt and Road Oil, Distillate Fuel Oil, Kerosene, Lubricants, Petroleum Coke, and Residual Fuel Oil Industrial sector consumption data in thousand barrels per day for these petroleum products are from Table 3.7b, and are converted to trillion Btu by multiplying by the appropriate heat content factors in Table A1.

#### Liquefied Petroleum Gases (LPG)

Industrial sector consumption data for LPG are calculated by subtracting LPG consumption data in trillion Btu for the residential (Table 3.8a), commercial (Table 3.8a), and transportation (Table 3.8c) sectors from total LPG consumption (Table 3.6).

#### **Motor Gasoline**

Industrial sector consumption data in thousand barrels per day for motor gasoline are from Table 3.7b, and are converted to trillion Btu by multiplying by the motor gasoline heat content factors in Table A3.

#### **Other Petroleum Products**

Industrial sector "Other" petroleum data are equal to the "Other" petroleum data in Table 3.6.

#### **Total Petroleum**

Industrial sector total petroleum consumption is the sum of the data in trillion Btu for the petroleum products shown in Table 3.8b.

#### Table 3.8c Sources

#### Aviation Gasoline, Distillate Fuel Oil, Lubricants, Petroleum Coke, and Residual Fuel Oil

Transportation and/or electric power sector consumption data in thousand barrels per day for these petroleum products are from Table 3.7c, and are converted to trillion Btu by multiplying by the appropriate heat content factors in Table A1.

#### Jet Fuel

Transportation sector consumption data in thousand barrels per day for kerosene-type jet fuel and, through 2004, naphtha-type jet fuel (see sources for Table 3.7c) are converted to trillion Btu by multiplying by the appropriate heat content factors in Table A1. Total transportation sector jet fuel consumption is the sum of the data in trillion Btu for kerosene-type and naphtha-type jet fuel.

#### Liquefied Petroleum Gases (LPG)

Transportation sector consumption data in thousand barrels per day for LPG are from Table 3.7c, and are converted to trillion Btu by multiplying by the propane heat content factor in Table A1.

#### **Motor Gasoline**

Transportation sector consumption data in thousand barrels per day for motor gasoline are from Table 3.7c, and are converted to trillion Btu by multiplying by the motor gasoline heat content factors in Table A3.

#### **Total Petroleum**

Transportation sector total petroleum consumption is the sum of the data in trillion Btu for the petroleum products shown under "Transportation Sector" in Table 3.8c. Electric power sector total petroleum consumption is the sum of the data in trillion Btu for the petroleum products shown under "Electric Power Sector" in Table 3.8c. THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

# 4. Natural Gas

#### Figure 4.1 Natural Gas (Trillion Cubic Feet)

Overview, 1973-2011 Overview, Monthly 30-3.5-25-3.0-Consumption Consumption 2.5 -20-**Dry Production** 2.0-15-Dry 1.5-Production 10-1.0-5-Net Imports 0.5-Net Imports 0-----0.0----..... 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 J FMAMJ J A SOND J FMAMJ J A SOND J FMAMJ J A SOND 2010 2011 2012 Consumption by Sector, 1973-2011 Consumption by Sector, Monthly 12-1.2-Electric Industrial Residential 10-Power 0.9-8-Industria 6-0.6-Residential Transportation 4 lectric Pow Commercia 0.3- $\sim$ 2-Commercial Transportation 0-0.0-----\_\_\_\_ <del>,,,,,,,,,</del> 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 J FMAM J J A SOND J FMAM J J A SOND J FMAM J J A SOND 2010 2011 2012 Underground Storage, End of Year, 1973-2011 Underground Storage, End of Month 9-8-Total Total 6-6 Working Gas Base Gas 4-Working Gas 3-**Base Gas** 2

Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#naturalgas. Sources: Tables 4.1, 4.3, and 4.4.

1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010

0-1-----

2010

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2011

2012

0

#### **Table 4.1 Natural Gas Overview**

(Billion Cubic Feet)

$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		Gross	Markatad			Supple-		Trade		Net		
1975 Total       21,104       20,109       872       19,238       NA       983       73       880       -344       -225       14,23         1986 Total       19,607       17,779       816       16,443       123       980       56       184       223       -420       17,271         1985 Total       22,474       19,500       11,234       19,600       12,373       24,474       19,600       22,497         1995 Total       24,114       19,846       998       18,854       109       2,937       153       2,784       2       800       26,002       2,994       157       2,437       24       671       22,470         1995 Total       24,104       19,466       998       18,022       1003       2,982       2,493       2,492       -507       657       22,464       3,586       629       -906       22,333       2007       124       24,493       467       65       22,404       3,586       629       -906       23,333       2007       104       99,49       467       65       24,44       3,452       464       4,44       22,477       23,64       24,44       23,527       244       23,53       109       23,64		With-					Imports	Exports				Consump- tion <sup>h</sup>
1886 Total       21,870       20,180       777       19,403       155       985       449       936       23       -440       19,271         1896 Total       21,523       18,546       784       17,810       120       1,532       86       1,447       4,513       307       113,171         1996 Total       21,523       18,546       784       17,810       120       1,532       86       1,447       4,513       307       113,172       113       306       117,281       306       117,281       306       117,221       113       306       117,221       113       306       117,221       113       2,837       24       877       22,244         1996 Total       23,423       19,865       977       18,852       98       3,586       13,422       117       -113       22,423         2000 Total       23,171       23,971       19,885       957       18,986       66       4,015       516       3,492       -116       532       22,027       200       104       1464       24,601       24,217       200       114       24,612       24,217       200       144       22,217       200       144       22,217       200	1973 Total	24,067	<sup>i</sup> 22,648	917	21,731	NA	1,033	77	956			22,049
1986 Total       19.607       17.270       816       16.454       126       950       55       894       225       428       17.241         1995 Total       23.744       19.506       968       18.559       110       2.841       154       2.667       415       396       12.771         1995 Total       23.741       19.306       968       18.582       110       2.841       154       2.667       415       396       12.2737         1995 Total       23.623       19.365       973       18.832       99       3.782       2.44       3.538       622       17.7       199       62.233       3.538       622       17.61       92.452       17.7       373       3.506       14.16       98       2.233       15.62       2.000       10.16       19.57       2.244       199       62.233       17.62       2.444       416       64       2.245       199       2.233       17.62       2.444       416       64       2.440       141       461       2.240       2.230       17.62       2.444       416       468       3.274       4197       2.456       2.456       2.456       2.456       2.456       2.456       2.456       2	1975 Total	21,104	20,109	872	19,236	NA	953		880	-344		19,538
1999 Total       21,523       18,594       764       17,810       123       1,532       86       1,447       -513       307       151,714         1995 Total       22,411       19,812       958       18,854       109       2,337       153       2,784       2       860       22,207         1995 Total       22,411       19,865       958       18,852       100       2,937       153       2,237       153       2,237       153       2,237       153       2,237       153       2,237       153       2,237       153       2,237       153       2,241       1,938       86       3,586       163       3,442       172       119       2,406       172       119       2,406       172       119       2,406       172       119       2,406       3,472       3,464       147       143       44       22,471       2,207       1307       3,566       163       3,464       4,499       467       245       2,207       2,207       1,644       2,417       19,877       876       18,922       664       4,416       729       3,642       442       19,844       22,370       22,314       2,206       2,201       2,201       2,201												
1995 Total       23,744       19,506       908       18,599       110       2,641       154       2,667       415       396       22,609         1997 Total       24,213       19,866       964       18,824       103       2,934       157       2,537       23       24       877       22,774       2       867       22,727       119       22,401       157       2,837       153       2,774       2       867       22,727       119       22,401       153       24,174       20,188       1,016       19,182       90       3,782       244       3,538       829       -306       22,333         2000 Total       24,174       19,816       863       4,015       516       3,499       467       65       22,077         2005 Total       23,535       19,410       906       18,028       66       4,015       516       3,499       467       65       22,017         2005 Total       23,555       19,410       906       18,028       66       4,416       724       3,612       734       122       236       22,017         2005 Total       23,656       21,117       933       19,226       63       4,616 <td< th=""><td>1985 Total</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	1985 Total											
1996 Total       24,114       19,812       958       18,854       109       2,937       153       2,784       2       860       22,609         1997 Total       24,108       19,961       938       19,024       102       3,152       157       2,2837       -530       657       22,248         1998 Total       24,108       19,961       938       19,024       102       3,152       124       3,533       150       -106       23,333         2001 Total       23,491       19,885       957       18,928       68       4,015       516       3,499       467       65       23,027         2002 Total       23,497       19,974       876       19,099       68       3,944       680       3,244       -117       44       22,407         2005 Total       23,457       119,974       876       19,099       63       3,944       66       3,264       -117       44       22,407       23,104         2006 Total       23,657       119,468       10,224       20,624       653       3,751       1,1072       2,679       -355       -103       22,910         2006 Total       22,656       2,1,112       993       20,624<												
1997 Total       24,213       19,866       964       18,902       103       2,994       157       2,837       24       871       22,246         1998 Total       23,823       19,805       973       18,832       98       3,556       155       2,933       -550       657       22,246         1998 Total       23,817       19,805       973       18,832       98       3,556       156       3,422       172       -118       22,426         2007 Total       24,911       19,885       957       18,928       68       4,015       516       3,499       467       65       22,027         2005 Total       23,570       19,517       287       18,691       60       4,259       854       3,404       -114       461       22,027         2005 Total       23,556       21,112       953       306       61       8,94       661       3,954       462       -335       -103       22,910         2016 Total       23,656       21,112       953       306       61       3,944       662       3,021       14       420       23,277         2008 Total       24,665       3,751       1,072       2,679       -355 </th <td>1995 Total</td> <td></td>	1995 Total											
1999 Total       24,108       19,961       938       19,024       102       3,152       159       2,933       -550       657       22,404         2000 Total       24,174       20,198       1,016       19,182       98       3,586       163       3,422       172       -116       22,405         2000 Total       24,174       20,198       1,016       19,182       98       3,546       163       3,542       172       -116       29,027         2001 Total       24,119       19,974       876       19,099       68       3,944       680       3,264       -197       44       22,407         2004 Total       23,537       19,517       927       16,511       604       4,341       729       3,612       52       22,64       613       3,944       640       10,42       22,277         2005 Total       22,656       2,117       923       22,148       1,024       20,024       65       3,751       1,072       2,679       -335       -103       22,977         2005 Total       22,656       1,124       20,624       65       3,751       1,072       2,679       -24       4,66       21,177       Appla       42	1990 Total											
1999 Total       23.823       19.805       973       18.832       98       3.586       163       3.422       172       -119       22.405         2000 Total       24.4501       20.570       954       19.616       86       3.972       244       3.538       829       3.066       23.333         2001 Total       23.491       19.865       957       19.989       66       3.444       197       44       22.277         2005 Total       23.457       18.927       876       19.989       66       3.444       179       3.612       52       22.23         2005 Total       23.535       19.410       906       18.054       66       4.166       822       3.765       192       -203       23.164         2006 Total       25.636       21.112       953       20.59       61       3.984       963       3.021       34       2       22.277         2007 Total       26.667       21.648       1.024       20.624       65       3.751       1.072       2.679       -355       -103       22.910         2008 Total       26.657       21.648       1.024       20.624       65       3.751       1.072       2.669	1998 Total											
2000 Total       24,174       20,198       1,016       19,182       90       3,782       244       3,538       829       -306       23,333         2000 Total       23,941       19,865       857       18,928       68       4,015       516       3,499       4467       65       23,027         2001 Total       23,457       18,957       876       18,091       64       459       684       3,464       447       42       22,001         2005 Total       23,457       18,927       876       18,051       64       4,549       684       3,462       436       103       21,669         2006 Total       23,653       19,410       906       18,504       66       4,606       822       3,785       192       -203       23,104         2007 Total       24,664       20,192       20,657       21,644       1,024       20,624       65       3,751       1,072       2,679       -355       -103       22,910         2010 January       2,224       1,88       90       1,774       5       394       82       236       628       -86       2,419         2010 January       2,2241       1,881       90       1	1999 Total											
2002 Total         22,941         19,885         957         18,928         68         4,015         516         3,499         467         65         22,027           2003 Total         22,119         19,517         927         18,591         60         4,259         854         3,404         -114         461         22,207           2004 Total         23,457         18,927         876         18,651         64         4,341         729         3,612         52         236         22,014           2005 Total         23,654         21,112         953         20,159         61         3,949         963         3,021         34         2         22,270           2005 Total         26,654         21,112         953         20,159         61         3,949         963         3,021         34         2         22,970           2010 January         2,224         18,83         88         1,750         5         356         94         291         822         366         221,920           2010 January         2,226         1,884         90         1,791         5         329         76         223         364         80         216         214	2000 Total											
2003 Total       24,119       19,974       876       19,099       68       3,944       680       3,264       -197       44       22,407         2004 Total       23,457       18,951       607       4,259       854       3,404       -114       461       22,403         2005 Total       23,555       19,410       906       18,504       66       4,486       724       3,462       -438       103       21,694         2007 Total       24,664       20,112       935       20,159       65       3,764       935       -103       22,927         2005 Total       26,656       21,112       935       20,524       65       3,751       192       -203       24,66       22,277         2005 Total       26,657       21,646       1,024       20,624       65       3,751       100       21,82       22,66       1,824       236       628       -244       246       2,178         April       2,187       1,831       90       1,791       5       298       86       212       -416       -2       1,591         July       2,221       1,906       1<,817       6       329       86       213       -23	2001 Total											
2004 Total         22,970         19,517         927         18,591         60         4,259         854         3,404         -114         461         22,036           2005 Total         23,535         19,410         906         18,504         66         4,184         724         3,462         -336         103         21,699           2007 Total         24,664         20,199         91         92.66         63         4,608         822         3,785         192         -203         23,104           2008 Total         25,656         21,112         953         20,159         61         3,984         963         3,021         34         2         22,910           2009 Total         26,656         21,464         1,024         20,624         65         3,1751         1,072         2,679         3,56         -24         2,456         1,838         88         1,750         5         385         94         291         822         -86         2,177           Advin         2,187         1,816         90         1,771         5         228         90         192         -346         65         2,117         Advin         1,624         2,424         2,331	2002 Total											
2005 Total       23,457       18,927       876       18,051       64       4,341       729       3,612       52       236       22,01         2005 Total       23,635       19,410       906       18,051       63       4,608       822       3,785       192       -203       23,190         2008 Total       25,636       21,112       953       20,057       21,648       1,022       20,277       -355       -103       22,927         2010 January       2,224       1,838       88       1,750       5       335       94       291       822       -86       2,783         March       2,296       1,884       90       1,774       5       339       86       221       -416       -2       1,581         June       2,134       1,810       86       1,772       5       239       86       223       -364       400       1,674         June       2,134       1,810       86       1,772       5       238       86       212       -416       -24       1,591         June       2,134       1,810       1,771       5       2282       90       192       -326       1,800	2003 Total											
2006 Total       23,635       19,410       906       18,504       66       4,186       724       3,462       -436       103       21,639         2007 Total       24,664       20,196       930       19,266       63       4,608       862       3,785       192       -203       32,104         2009 Total       26,657       21,648       1,024       20,624       65       3,751       1,072       2,679       -355       103       22,910         2010 January       2,224       1,838       88       1,750       5       385       94       291       822       -86       2,783         March       2,296       1,840       90       1,774       5       319       100       219       34       65       2,117         April       2,187       1,814       80       1,771       5       238       76       222       -364       80       1,657         July       2,241       1,906       1       1,817       6       305       84       221       -180       -156       1,624         August       2,241       1,907       21,832       6       305       84       21       -150       1,62												
2007 Total 24,664 20,196 930 19,266 63 4,608 622 3,785 192 2-03 23,174 203 Total 26,657 21,648 1,024 20,624 65 3,751 1,072 2,679 -355 -103 22,977 2009 Total 26,657 21,648 1,024 20,624 65 3,751 1,072 2,679 -355 -103 22,970 2010 January 2,224 1,838 88 1,750 5 385 94 291 822 -66 2,783 760 2,781 7,072 2,679 -355 -103 22,910 2,19 34 65 2,171 7,071 2,167 1,810 86 1,723 5 238 76 2,23 -364 80 1,667 March 2,296 1,884 90 1,794 5 319 100 2,19 34 65 2,117 March 2,216 1,810 86 1,723 5 238 76 2,23 -364 80 1,667 Mary 2,231 1,810 86 1,723 5 238 86 2,12 -416 -2 1,591 June 2,213 1,181 90 1,791 5 238 86 2,12 -416 -2 1,591 June 2,213 1,304 91 1,817 6 326 90 193 -336 1,1624 July 2,221 1,304 91 1,817 6 326 90 193 -336 1,1624 July 2,221 1,304 91 1,817 6 326 90 1,233 -168 1,1624 July 2,223 1,344 1,797 88 1,1472 6 326 86 2,243 -230 -35 1,809 S Gotober 2,246 1,882 90 1,772 5 2,73 124 150 77 -78 1947 December 2,248 1,194 0,177 2,5 2,73 124 150 77 -78 1,947 July 2,246 1,882 90 1,772 5 2,73 124 150 77 -78 1,947 July 2,246 1,882 90 1,773 5 2,73 124 150 77 -78 1,947 July 2,248 1,971 94 1,877 6 352 135 2,177 6,75 -89 2,685 1,001 1,972 9 2 € 1,880 6 3,711 1,317 2,604 -13 -213 23,775 Total 26,836 22,002 9 0 € 1,921 6 3,741 1,137 2,604 -13 -213 23,775 July 4,010 2,132 65 3,741 1,137 2,604 -13 -213 23,775 July 4,010 2,133 65 3,741 1,137 2,604 -13 -213 23,775 July 4,010 2,133 65 3,741 1,137 2,604 -13 -213 23,775 July 4,010 2,133 65 3,741 1,137 2,604 -13 -213 23,775 July 4,010 2,330 € 1,979 9 € 1,972 9 2 € 1,880 6 6 3,71 1,36 2,35 799 -47 2,283 July 4,010 2,330 € 1,979 9 5 € 1,980 6 6 3,71 1,36 2,35 799 -47 2,833 July 4,20 € 2,046 90 1,979 5 € 1,881 5 2,651 120 1,46 -340 -50 1,641 July 2,248 € 2,046 90 5 € 1,881 5 2,651 120 1,46 -340 -50 1,641 July 2,248 € 2,044 99 € 1,944 5 2,031 13 1,79 -244 -12 1,872 April 2,246 € 2,117 0,48 € 1,971 5 2,217 1,52 -212 -10 1,818 July 2,244 € 2,057 6 € 2,138 107 6 € 2,030 6 1,346 1,557 1,394 -348 -346 -34,76 July 4,98 -2,271 1,872 July 4,98 -2,48 -34 July 2,245 € 2,138 107 6 € 2,030 6 1,346 1,55 -358 1,33 1,35 -244	2005 10tal 2006 Total											
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	2000 Total											
2009 Total26,05721,6481,02420,624653,7511,0722,679-355-10322,9102010 January2,2241,838881,750538594291822-862,783February2,0571,692811,611532488236628-242,466April2,1871,810901,794531910021934652,117March2,2311,881901,791528876223-364801,667June2,1341,797861,712528290192-326411,624July2,2211,903911,8176332986243-231-351,800August2,2431,824901,792527312415077-781,947December2,2861,822901,7725326411,62323,775Total26,83622,4021,07021,332653,7411,1372,604-13-24323,7752011 January2,109 $^{2}_{1},752$ 79 $^{2}_{1},674$ 5308125183584-112,435March2,423 $^{2}_{1},070$ 21,332653,7411,1372,604-13-24323,7752011 January2,309 $^{2}_{1},972$ <t< th=""><td>2008 Total</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	2008 Total											
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	2009 Total											
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	2010 January	2,224	1,838	88	1,750	5	385	94	291	822	-86	2,783
March       2.296       1.884       90       1.793       5       298       76       223       -364       80       1.667         May       2.231       1.881       90       1.791       5       298       76       223       -364       80       1.667         June       2.134       1.891       90       1.791       5       298       86       212       -416       -2       1.617         June       2.231       1.881       90       1.712       5       298       86       212       -416       -2       1.621         June       2.221       1.908       91       1.817       6       329       86       243       -221       -305       1.803         September       2.251       1.874       89       1.785       5       282       79       202       -363       -16       1.612         October       2.338       1.971       94       1.877       6       352       135       217       65       -89       2664         Total       2.368       22.402       1.070       21.332       65       3.741       1.137       2.604       -13       2.13       23.75								88				
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	March	2,296						100				2,117
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	April											
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $												
September       2,241       1,874       89       1,785       5       282       79       202       -363       -16       1,612         October       2,343       1,942       93       1,849       6       295       96       199       -360       -54       1,639         December       2,388       1,971       94       1,877       6       352       135       217       675       -99       2,683         Total       26,836       22,400       1,070       21,332       65       3,741       1,137       2,604       -13       -213       23,775         2011 January       2,309       € 1,972       92       € 1,880       6       371       136       235       799       -47       2,873         March       2,423       € 2,020       99       € 1,921       6       314       145       170       145       -16       2,225         March       2,423       € 2,046       101       € 1,945       3       271       152       -212       -10       1,818         Julv       2,333       € 1,977       95       € 1,881       5       265       120       146       -340       -50	July											
October         2.343         1.942         93         1.849         6         295         96         199         -360         -54         1.639           November         2.266         1.882         90         1,792         5         273         124         150         77         77         78         1.947           December         2.388         1,971         94         1,877         6         352         135         217         675         -89         2,685           Total         2.683         22,402         1,070         21,332         65         3,741         1,137         2,604         -13         -213         23,775           2011 January         2.309         E1,972         79         E1,674         5         308         125         183         584         -11         2,483           March         2.423         E2,020         99         E1,984         5         276         127         152         -212         -10         1,818           June         2.330         E1,977         95         E1,881         5         265         120         146         -340         -50         1,641         July         -2,331												
November         2.266         1,882         90         1,792         5         273         124         150         77         -78         1,947           December         23,88         1,971         94         1,877         65         3,741         1,137         2,604         -13         -213         23,775           2011         January         2,309         € 1,972         92         € 1,880         6         371         136         235         799         -47         2,873           February         2,109         € 1,752         79         € 1,674         5         308         125         183         584         -11         2,455           March         2,423         € 2,020         99         € 1,921         6         314         145         170         145         -16         2,425           May         2,420         € 2,044         197         95         € 1,884         5         278         127         152         -212         -10         1,818           Jure         2,330         € 1,977         95         € 1,881         5         265         120         146         -340         -50         1,641         July		2,231										
December         2.388         1.971         94         1.877         6         352         135         217         675         -89         2.685 <b>2011</b> January         2,309         E 1.972         92         E 1.880         6         371         136         235         799         -47         2.873           Pebruary         2,109         E 1.752         79         E 1.674         5         308         125         183         584         -11         2.435           March         2.423         E 2.020         99         E 1.921         6         314         145         170         145         -16         2.243           April         2.330         E 1.979         95         E 1.884         5         278         127         152         -212         -10         1.818           May         2.344         E 2.044         99         E 1.945         3         271         132         139         -398         -34         1.655           June         2.371         E 2.051         99         E 1.944         5         293         113         179         -244         -10         1.877           August         2.377												
Total26,83622,4021,07021,332653,7411,1372,604-13-21323,7752011 January2,309 $E 1,972$ 92 $E 1,804$ 6371136235799-472,875February2,109 $E 1,752$ 79 $E 1,674$ 5308125183584-112,435March2,423 $E_2,020$ 99 $E 1,921$ 6314145170145-162,225April2,363 $E 1,979$ 95 $E 1,844$ 5278127152-212-101,818May2,420 $E 2,046$ 101 $E 1,945$ 3271132139-398-341,655June2,330 $E 1,977$ 95 $E 1,881$ 5265120146-340-501,641July2,344 $E 2,044$ 99 $E 1,951$ 5279111168-244-101,870September2,371 $E 2,005$ 95 $E 1,910$ 5253127127-398-61,637October2,496 $E 2,112$ 104 $E 2,008$ 5281110171-385-631,736November2,557 $E 2,131$ 107 $E 2,0300$ 613,4561,5071,949-348-37724,2852012 January2,575 $E 2,151$ 109 $E 2,042$ 6281130150545 <td< th=""><td>December</td><td></td><td></td><td>94</td><td></td><td>6</td><td>352</td><td>135</td><td>217</td><td>675</td><td>-89</td><td>2,685</td></td<>	December			94		6	352	135	217	675	-89	2,685
February       2,109       E1,752       79       E1,674       5       308       125       183       584       -11       2,435         March       2,423       E2,020       99       E1,921       6       314       145       170       145       -16       2,223         April       2,433       E2,046       101       E1,945       3       271       132       139       -398       -34       1,655         June       2,330       E1,977       95       E1,881       5       265       120       146       -340       -50       1,641         July       2,344       E2,044       99       E1,951       5       279       111       168       -244       -12       1,872         August       2,371       E2,05       95       E1,910       5       253       127       127       -398       -6       1,873         October       2,496       E2,112       104       E2,008       5       281       110       171       -385       -63       1,736         November       2,483       E2,074       104       E1,971       5       247       128       120       -37       -53	Total	26,836	22,402	1,070	21,332	65	3,741	1,137	2,604	-13	-213	23,775
March       2,423       E 2,020       99       E 1,821       6       314       145       170       145       -16       2,225         April       2,363       E 1,979       95       E 1,884       5       278       127       152       -212       -10       1,818         May       2,420       E 2,046       011       E 1,945       3       271       132       139       -398       -34       1,655         June       2,330       E 1,977       95       E 1,881       5       265       120       146       -340       -50       1,812         August       2,331       E 2,044       99       E 1,951       5       279       111       168       -244       -10       1,870         September       2,371       E 2,051       99       E 1,910       5       253       127       127       -398       -6       1,637         October       2,448       E 2,074       104       E 2,008       5       281       110       171       -385       -63       1,736         December       2,457       E 2,138       107       E 2,031       6       295       134       161       384												
April       2.363       E 1.979       95       E 1.884       5       278       127       152       -212       -10       1.818         May       2.420       E 2.046       101       E 1.945       3       271       132       139       -398       -34       1,655         June       2.330       E 1.977       95       E 1.881       5       265       120       146       -340       -50       1,651         July       2.344       E 2.044       99       E 1.941       5       293       113       179       -244       -12       1,872         August       2.371       E 2.051       99       E 1.910       5       253       127       127       -398       -63       1,370         October       2.496       E 2.112       104       E 2.008       5       281       110       171       -385       -63       1,366         November       2.483       E 2.074       104       E 2.001       6       295       134       161       384       -377       24.285         2012       January       2.557       E 2.131       109       E 2.042       6       281       130       150			E 1,752		E 1,674							
May2,420 $E_2,046$ 101 $E_1,945$ 3271132139-398-341,651June2,330 $E_1,977$ 95 $E_1,841$ 5265120146-340-501,641July2,344 $E_2,044$ 99 $E_1,944$ 5293113179-244-121,872August2,371 $E_2,051$ 99 $E_1,951$ 5279111168-244-101,870September2,371 $E_2,055$ 95 $E_1,910$ 5253127127-398-61,637October2,483 $E_2,074$ 104 $E_1,971$ 5247128120-37-532,006December2,557 $E_2,133$ 107 $E_2,031$ 6295134161384-652,516Total28,576 $E_2,151$ 109 $E_2,042$ 6281130150545-132,428March2,539 $E_2,125$ 109 $E_2,016$ 6265141124-39-22,105April2,447 $E_2,067$ 105 $E_1,962$ 5243123120-137-131,935May2,532 $E_2,141$ 108 $E_2,034$ 4258133125-238-291,851July2,539 $E_2,125$ 109 $E_2,034$ 5269130139459-92,426<			E 2,020		± 1,921							
June       2,330       E 1,977       95       E 1,881       5       265       120       146       -340       -50       1,641         July       2,344       E 2,044       99       E 1,944       5       293       113       179       -244       -12       1,872         August       2,371       E 2,051       99       E 1,951       5       279       111       168       -244       -10       1,872         September       2,371       E 2,005       95       E 1,910       5       253       127       127       -398       -6       1,637         October       2,496       E 2,112       104       E 2,008       5       281       110       171       -385       -63       1,736         November       2,483       E 2,074       104       E 2,031       6       295       134       161       384       -65       2,516         December       2,557       E 2,138       107       E 2,031       6       295       134       161       384       -65       2,516         Total       28,576       E 2,1470       1,169       E 2,042       6       281       130       150       545 <td></td> <td></td> <td>⊑ 1,979 E 0.040</td> <td></td> <td>- 1,884 E4.045</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			⊑ 1,979 E 0.040		- 1,884 E4.045							
July       2,344       E2,044       99       E1,944       5       293       113       179       -244       -12       1,872         August       2,371       E2,051       99       E1,951       5       279       111       168       -244       -10       1,872         September       2,371       E2,005       95       E1,910       5       253       127       127       -398       -63       1,637         October       2,496       E2,112       104       E2,008       5       281       110       171       -385       -63       1,736         November       2,483       E2,074       104       E2,031       6       295       134       161       384       -377       24,285         2012       January       2,575       E2,151       109       E2,042       6       281       130       150       545       -13       2,730         February       2,380       E1,991       102       E1,889       5       269       130       139       459       -9       2,484         March       2,539       E2,125       109       E2,016       6       265       141       124       -	way											
August       2,371       E2,051       99       E1,951       5       279       111       168       -244       -10       1,870         September       2,371       E2,005       95       E1,910       5       253       127       127       -398       -6       1,370         October       2,483       E2,074       104       E1,971       5       247       128       120       -37       -53       2,006         December       2,557       E2,138       107       E2,001       6       295       134       161       384       -65       2,516         Total       28,576       E2,151       109       E2,002       6       281       130       150       545       -13       2,706         February       2,380       E1,991       102       E1,889       5       269       130       139       459       -9       2,424         March       2,539       E2,125       109       E2,016       6       265       141       124       -39       -2       2,105         April       2,447       E2,067       105       E1,962       5       243       123       120       -137       -13 <td></td>												
September       2,371       E 2,005       95       E 1,910       5       253       127       127       -398       -6       1,637         October       2,496       E 2,112       104       E 2,008       5       281       110       171       -385       -63       1,736         November       2,483       E 2,074       104       E 2,031       6       295       134       161       384       -65       2,516         December       2,557       E 2,138       107       E 2,031       6       295       134       161       384       -65       2,516         Total       28,576       E 2,170       1,169       E 2,042       6       281       130       150       545       -13       2,730         February       2,380       E 1,991       102       E 1,889       5       269       130       139       459       -9       2,405         April       2,447       E 2,067       105       E 1,962       5       243       123       120       -137       -13       1,935         May       2,532       E 2,141       108       E 2,033       4       258       133       125       -283<												
October       2,496       E2,112       104       E2,008       5       281       110       171       -385       -63       1,736         November       2,483       E2,074       104       E1,971       5       247       128       120       -37       -53       2,006         December       2,557       E2,138       107       E2,031       6       295       134       161       384       -65       2,516         2012       January       2,575       E2,151       109       E2,042       6       281       130       150       545       -13       2,730         February       2,380       E1,991       102       E1,889       5       269       130       139       459       -9       2,485         March       2,539       E2,125       109       E2,016       6       265       141       124       -39       -2       2,605         April       2,447       E2,067       105       E1,962       5       243       123       120       -137       -13       1,935         May       2,532       E2,141       108       E2,033       4       258       133       125       -283 </th <td></td> <td></td> <td>E 2,005</td> <td></td> <td>E 1,910</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			E 2,005		E 1,910							
November       2,483       E2,074       104       E1,971       5       247       128       120       -37       -53       2,056         December       2,557       E2,138       107       E2,031       6       295       134       161       384       -65       2,516         Total       28,576       E2,151       109       E2,000       61       3,456       1,507       1,949       -348       -377       24,285         2012       January       2,575       E2,151       109       E2,042       6       281       130       150       545       -13       2,730         February       2,380       E1,991       102       E1,889       5       269       130       139       459       -9       2,484         March       2,539       E2,125       109       E2,016       6       265       141       124       -39       -2       2,105         April       2,447       E2,067       105       E1,962       5       243       123       120       -137       -13       1,935         June       2,422       E2,063       103       E1,960       5       259       125       134       <	October		E 2,112		E 2,008							
Total         28,576         E 24,170         1,169         E 23,000         61         3,456         1,507         1,949         -348         -377         24,285           2012 January         2,575         E 2,151         109         E 2,042         6         281         130         150         545         -13         2,730           February         2,380         E 1,991         102         E 1,889         5         269         130         139         459         -9         2,484           March         2,539         E 2,125         109         E 2,016         6         265         141         124         -39         -2         2,105           April         2,447         E 2,067         105         E 1,962         5         243         123         120         -137         -13         1,935           May         2,532         E 2,141         108         E 2,033         4         258         133         125         -283         -29         1,848           Julne         2,459         E 2,140         106         E 2,034         5         281         118         162         -134         -16         2,051           August	November		E 2,074		E 1,971							2,006
2012 January       2,575       E 2,151       109       E 2,042       6       281       130       150       545       -13       2,730         February       2,380       E 1,991       102       E 1,889       5       269       130       139       459       -9       2,484         March       2,539       E 2,125       109       E 2,016       6       265       141       124       -39       -2       2,105         April       2,447       E 2,067       105       E 1,962       5       243       123       120       -137       -13       1,935         May       2,552       E 2,141       108       E 2,033       4       258       133       125       -283       -29       1,851         June       2,422       E 2,063       103       E 1,960       5       259       125       134       -230       -21       1,848         July       2,459       E 2,140       106       E 2,024       5       281       118       162       -134       -16       2,051         August       R 2,376       R 2,132       107       R 2,024       5       281       R 139       143       -168 <td></td>												
February       2,380       E 1,991       102       E 1,889       5       269       130       139       459       -9       2,484         March       2,539       E 2,125       109       E 2,016       6       265       141       124       -39       -2       2,105         April       2,447       E 2,067       105       E 1,962       5       243       123       120       -137       -13       1,955         May       2,532       E 2,141       108       E 2,033       4       258       133       125       -283       -29       1,851         June       2,422       E 2,063       103       E 1,960       5       259       125       134       -230       -21       1,848         July       2,459       E 2,140       106       E 2,024       5       281       R18       162       -134       -16       2,052         August       R 2,376       R 2,132       107       R 2,024       5       281       R139       143       -168       R-22       1,982         September       2,423       E 2,082       109       E 1,973       5       252       136       116       -280	Total	28,576	<sup>_</sup> 24,170	1,169	≥ 23,000	61	3,456	1,507	1,949	-348	-377	24,285
March       2,539       E2,125       109       E2,016       6       265       141       124       -39       -2       2,105         April       2,447       E2,067       105       E1,962       5       243       123       120       -137       -13       1,935         May       2,552       E2,141       108       E2,033       4       258       133       125       -283       -29       19,851         June       2,422       E2,063       103       E1,960       5       259       125       134       -230       -21       1,848         July       2,459       E2,140       106       E2,024       5       281       118       162       -134       -16       2,052         September       2,423       E2,082       109       E1,973       5       252       136       116       -280       -24       1,790         9-Month Total       22,152       E18,890       958       E17,932       47       2,390       1,176       1,213       -267       -148       18,777         2011 9-Month Total       21,040       E17,846       855       E16,991       45       2,632       1,136       1,497 <td>2012 January</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>E 2,042</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	2012 January				E 2,042							
April       2,447       E,2,067       105       E 1,962       5       243       123       120       -137       -13       1,935         May       2,532       E 2,141       108       E 2,033       4       258       133       125       -283       -29       1,836         June       2,422       E 2,063       103       E 1,960       5       259       125       134       -230       -21       1,848         July       2,459       E 2,140       106       E 2,034       5       281       118       162       -134       -16       2,051         August       R 2,376       RE 2,132       107       RE 2,024       5       281       R 139       143       -168       R-22       1,982         September       2,423       E 2,082       109       E 1,973       5       252       136       116       -280       -24       1,982         9-Month Total       22,152       E 18,890       958       E 17,932       47       2,390       1,176       1,213       -267       -148       18,777         2011 9-Month Total       21,040       E 17,846       855       E 16,991       45       2,632       1,136												
May       2,532       E 2,141       108       E 2,033       4       258       133       125       -283       -29       1,851         June       2,422       E 2,063       103       E 1,960       5       259       125       134       -230       -21       1,848         July       2,459       E 2,140       106       E 2,034       5       281       118       162       -134       -16       2,051         August       R 2,376       F 2,132       107       RE 2,024       5       281       R139       143       -168       R-22       1,982         September       2,423       E 2,082       109       E 1,973       5       252       136       116       -280       -24       1,790         9-Month Total       22,152       E 18,890       958       E 17,932       47       2,390       1,176       1,213       -267       -148       18,777         2011 9-Month Total       21,040       E 17,846       855       E 16,991       45       2,632       1,136       1,497       -309       -196       18,027	March											
June       2,422       E2,063       103       E1,960       5       259       125       134       -230       -21       1,848         July       2,459       E2,140       106       E2,034       5       281       118       162       -134       -16       2,053         August       R2,376       RE2,132       107       RE2,024       5       281       R139       143       -168       R-22       1,982         September       2,423       E2,082       109       E1,973       5       252       136       116       -280       -24       1,790         9-Month Total       22,152       E18,890       958       E17,932       47       2,390       1,176       1,213       -267       -148       18,777         2011 9-Month Total       21,040       E17,846       855       E16,991       45       2,632       1,136       1,497       -309       -196       18,027					- 1,962 F 2,022							
July       2,459       E 2,140       106       E 2,034       5       281       118       162       -134       -16       2,051         August       E 2,376       RE 2,132       107       RE 2,024       5       281       R 139       143       -168       R-22       1,982         September       2,423       E 2,082       109       E 1,973       5       252       136       116       -280       -24       1,790         9-Month Total       22,152       E 18,890       958       E 17,932       47       2,390       1,176       1,213       -267       -148       18,777         2011 9-Month Total       21,040       E 17,846       855       E 16,991       45       2,632       1,136       1,497       -309       -196       18,027			E2,141		E 1 060							
August       R 2,376       RE 2,132       107       RE 2,024       5       281       R 139       143       -168       R-22       1,982         September       2,423       E 2,082       109       E 1,973       5       252       136       116       -280       -24       1,790         9-Month Total       22,152       E 18,890       958       E 17,932       47       2,390       1,176       1,213       -267       -148       18,777         2011 9-Month Total       21,040       E 17,846       855       E 16,991       45       2,632       1,136       1,497       -309       -196       18,027			E 2 140		E 2 034							
September         2,423         E 2,082         109         E 1,973         5         252         136         116         -280         -24         1,790           9-Month Total         22,152         E 18,890         958         E 17,932         47         2,390         1,176         1,213         -267         -148         18,777           2011 9-Month Total         21,040         E 17,846         855         E 16,991         45         2,632         1,136         1,497         -309         -196         18,027		R 2.376										
9-Month Total         22,152         E 18,890         958         E 17,932         47         2,390         1,176         1,213         -267         -148         18,777           2011 9-Month Total         21,040         E 17,846         855         E 16,991         45         2,632         1,136         1,497         -309         -196         18,027												
2010 9*111010111110101 19,040 10,007 793 13,014 40 2,021 702 2,039 -405 8 17,504												
	2010 9-Month Total	19,840	16,607	793	15,814	48	2,821	782	2,039	-405	8	17,504

<sup>a</sup> Gas withdrawn from natural gas and crude oil wells; excludes lease

Gas withdrawn non natural goo and created and another state.
 <sup>b</sup> Gross withdrawals minus repressuring, nonhydrocarbon gases removed, and vented and flared. See Note 1, "Natural Gas Production," at end of section.
 <sup>c</sup> See Note 2, "Natural Gas Extraction Loss," at end of section.

<sup>c</sup> See Note 2, "Natural Gas Extraction Loss," at end of section.
 <sup>d</sup> Marketed production (wet) minus extraction loss.
 <sup>e</sup> See Note 3, "Supplemental Gaseous Fuels," at end of section.
 <sup>f</sup> Net withdrawals from underground storage. For 1980-2010, also includes net withdrawals of liquefied natural gas in above-ground tanks. See Note 4, "Natural Gas Storage," at end of section.
 <sup>g</sup> See Note 5, "Natural Gas Balancing Item," at end of section. Since 1980, excludes transit shipments that cross the U.S.-Canada border (i.e., natural gas delivered to its destination via bother country).

delivered to its destination via the other country). <sup>h</sup> See Note 6, "Natural Gas Consumption," at end of section.

<sup>i</sup> May include unknown quantities of nonhydrocarbon gases.

<sup>j</sup> For 1989-1992, a small amount of consumption at independent power

<sup>j</sup> For 1989-1992, a small amount of consumption at independent power producers may be counted in both "Other Industrial" and "Electric Power Sector" on Table 4.3. See Note 7, "Natural Gas Consumption, 1989-1992," at end of section. R=Revised. E=Estimate. NA=Not available. Notes: • See Note 8, "Natural Gas Adjustments, 1993-2000," at end of section.
• Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
• Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#naturalgas for all available data beginning in 1973.
• Sources: • Imports and Exports: Table 4.2. • Consumption: Table 4.3.
• Balancing Item: Calculated as consumption minus dry gas production, supplemental gaseous fuels, net imports, and net storage withdrawals. • All Other Data: 1973-2006—U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Natural Gas Annual, annual reports. 2007 forward—EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, November 2012, Table 1.

#### Table 4.2 Natural Gas Trade by Country

(Billion Cubic Feet)

					Imports							Exports		
	Algeria <sup>a</sup>	Canada <sup>b</sup>	Egypt <sup>a</sup>	<b>Mexico</b> <sup>b</sup>	Nigeria <sup>a</sup>	Qatar <sup>a</sup>	Trinidad and Tobago <sup>a</sup>	<b>Other</b> <sup>a,c</sup>	Total	Canada <sup>b</sup>	Japan <sup>a</sup>	Mexicob	Other <sup>a,d</sup>	Total
973 Total	3	1.028	0	2	0	0	0	0	1,033	15	48	14	0	77
975 Total	5	948	ŏ	ō	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	953	10	53	9	ŏ	73
980 Total	86	797	ŏ	102	ŏ	ő	ŏ	ŏ	985	0	45	4	ő	49
985 Total	24	926	ŏ	0	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	950	ŏ	53	2	ŏ	55
990 Total	84	1.448	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	1,532	17	53	16	ŏ	86
995 Total	18	2,816	ŏ	7	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	2,841	28	65	61	ŏ	154
996 Total	35	2,883	ŏ	14	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	5	2,937	52	68	34	ŏ	153
997 Total	66	2,899	ŏ	17	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	12	2,994	56	62	38	ŏ	157
998 Total	69	3,052	ŏ	15	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	17	3,152	40	66	53	ŏ	159
999 Total	76	3,368	ŏ	55	ŏ	20	51	17	3,586	39	64	61	ŏ	163
000 Total	47	3,544	ŏ	12	13	46	99	21	3,782	73	66	106	ŏ	244
001 Total	65	3.729	ŏ	10	38	23	98	14	3.977	167	66	141	ŏ	373
002 Total	27	3,785	ŏ	2	8	35	151	8	4,015	189	63	263	ŏ	516
003 Total	53	3,437	ŏ	ō	50	14	378	11	3,944	271	66	343	ŏ	680
004 Total	120	3.607	ŏ	ŏ	12	12	462	46	4,259	395	62	397	ŏ	854
005 Total	97	3,700	73	9	8	3	439	11	4.341	358	65	305	ŏ	729
006 Total	17	3,590	120	13	57	ŏ	389	ö	4,186	341	61	322	ŏ	724
007 Total	77	3,783	115	54	95	18	448	18	4,608	482	47	292	2	822
2008 Total	Ö	3,589	55	43	12	3	267	15	3,984	559	39	365	ō	963
009 Total	ŏ	3,271	160	28	13	13	236	29	3,751	701	31	338	3	1,072
010 January	0	327	17	1	0	12	22	6	385	68	2	23	0	94
February	Ō	277	12	1	0	6	16	12	324	60	2	22	3	88
March	ō	276	9	5	3	1	16	9	319	77	2	21	õ	100
April		252	6	5	9	9	15	3	298	50	4	22	Ō	76
May		257	9	4	9	õ	16	3	298	55	2	29	ŏ	86
June	Ó	248	6	2	11	Ó	11	5	282	51	2	34	3	90
July	Ó	291	6	1	5	Ō	17	8	329	50	4	32	0	86
August	0	282	0	1	0	0	17	5	305	49	2	33	0	84
September	0	250	6	3	3	0	16	3	282	50	7	23	0	79
October	0	257	3	4	2	5	15	9	295	63	2	25	6	96
November	0	242	0	(s)	0	9	14	9	273	84	2	30	8	124
December	0	322	0	`í	0	4	15	9	352	82	3	38	12	135
Total	0	3,280	73	30	42	46	190	81	3,741	739	33	333	32	1,137
011 January	0	331	3	(s)	0	13	16	9	371	85	2	37	13	136
February	0	276	6	(s)	0	0	11	15	308	84	2	37	3	125
March	0	275	6	(s)	0	14	10	9	314	98	2	41	3	145
April	0	245	6	(s)	0	4	11	13	278	76	2	43	6	127
May	0	235	3	(s)	0	24	8	0	271	80	3	44	6	132
June	0	238	6	(s)	0	5	11	6	265	71	2	47	0	120
July	0	272	0	(s)	0	5	13	3	293	64	0	47	3	113
August	0	249	0	(s)	2	8	11	9	279	67	2	42	0	111
September	0	233	0	(s)	0	4	8	9	253	77	2	39	8	127
October	0	249	3	1	0	8	8	12	281	64	0	43	3	110
November	0	232	0	(s)	0	3	12	0	247	84	2	39	3	128
December	0	269	3	(s)	0	4	10	9	295	87	0	_42	5	134
Total	0	3,104	35	3	2	91	129	92	3,456	937	18	500	52	1,507
012 January	0	265	0	(s)	0	4	9	3	281	84	3	40	3	130
February	0	249	3	(s)	0	0	11	6	269	87	2	42	0	130
March	0	246	0	(s)	0	4	13	3	265	93	0	46	3	141
April	0	235	0	(s)	0	4	1	3	243	78	0	45	0	123
May	0	242	0	(s)	0	6	11	0	258	78	3	52	0	133
June		251	0	(s)	0	0	8	0	259	64	2	58	0	125
July	0	265	0	(s)	0	3	12	0	281	62	0	_ 57	0	_ 118
August	0	262	0	(s)	0	3	16	0	281	77	2	<sup>R</sup> 60	0	<sup>R</sup> 139
September	0	240	0	(s)	0	3	8	0	252	78	0	58	0	136
9-Month Total	0	2,256	3	(s)	0	25	91	14	2,390	700	13	458	6	1,176
011 9-Month Total	0	2,354	29	1	2	76	98	71	2,632	702	16	376	41	1,136
010 9-Month Total	0	2,459	70	25	39	28	146	54	2,821	510	26	240	6	782

<sup>a</sup> As liquefied natural gas.
 <sup>b</sup> By pipeline, except for very small amounts of liquefied natural gas imported from Canada in 1973, 1977, and 1981 and exported to Mexico beginning in 1998.
 See Note 9, "Natural Gas Imports and Exports," at end of section.
 <sup>c</sup> Australia in 1997-2001 and 2004; Brunei in 2002; Equatorial Guinea in 2007; Indonesia in 1986 and 2000; Malaysia in 1999 and 2002-2005; Norway in 2008 forward; Oman in 2000-2005; Peru in 2010 and 2011; United Arab Emirates in 1986-2002; Xempon in 2010 forward; and Utac (Unescined) in 2004.

<sup>d</sup> Brazil in 2010 forward; China in 2011; Chile in 2011; India in 2010 forward; <sup>g</sup> Russia in 2010 forward; China in 2011; Chile in 2011; India in 2010 forward; Russia in 2007; South Korea in 2009-2011; Spain in 2010 and 2011; and United Kingdom in 2010 and 2011.

R=Revised. (s)=Less than 500 million cubic feet. Notes: • See Note 9, "Natural Gas Imports and Exports," at end of section.

Notes: • See Note 9, "Natural Gas Imports and Exports," at end of section.
 Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
 Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#naturalgas for all available data beginning in 1973.
 Sources: • 1973-1987: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas."
 1988-2009: EIA, Natural Gas Annual, annual reports. • 2010 forward: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, November 2012, Tables 4 and 5; and U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Fossil Energy, "Natural Gas Imports and Exports."

#### Table 4.3 Natural Gas Consumption by Sector

(Billion Cubic Feet)

					End-Us	e Sectors						
					Industrial		_	Tr	ansportatio	n		
	Resi-	Com-	Lease and		Other Industr	ial		Pipelines <sup>d</sup> and Dis-	Vehicle		Electric Power	
	dential	merciala	Plant Fuel	CHPb	Non-CHP <sup>c</sup>	Total	Total	tribution <sup>e</sup>	Fuel	Total	Sector <sup>f,g</sup>	Total
1973 Total           1975 Total           1980 Total           1980 Total           1990 Total           1990 Total           1990 Total           1995 Total           1996 Total           1997 Total           1998 Total           1999 Total           2000 Total           2001 Total           2002 Total           2003 Total           2003 Total           2004 Total           2005 Total           2006 Total           2007 Total           2008 Total           2009 Total	4,879 4,924 4,752 4,433 4,391 4,850 5,241 4,984 4,520 4,996 4,726 4,996 4,726 4,996 4,727 4,889 5,079 4,889 5,489 4,827 4,827 4,827 4,827 4,827 4,827 4,827 4,827 4,827 4,827 4,827 4,827 4,722 4,827 4,722 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,727 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,777 4,7777 4,7777 4,7777 4,77777 4,77777 4,77777777	2,597 2,508 2,611 2,432 2,623 3,031 3,158 3,215 2,999 3,045 3,162 3,023 3,129 2,832 3,013 3,153 3,119	1,496 1,396 966 1,220 1,250 1,250 1,203 1,173 1,079 1,151 1,119 1,113 1,122 1,098 1,112 1,142 1,226 1,220	(h) (h) (h) 1,055 1,258 1,289 1,355 1,401 1,386 1,310 1,240 1,141 1,084 1,115 1,050 990	8,689 6,968 7,172 5,901 5,903 6,906 7,146 7,229 6,965 6,678 6,035 6,678 6,035 6,007 6,066 5,518 5,412 5,604 5,715 5,178	8,689 6,968 7,172 5,901 <sup>17</sup> ,018 8,164 8,435 8,510 8,320 8,079 8,142 7,344 7,344 7,527 7,150 6,527 6,657 6,670 6,167	10,185 8,365 8,198 6,867 8,255 9,714 9,493 9,158 9,293 8,463 8,463 8,273 8,354 7,7713 7,669 7,881 7,890 7,443	728 583 504 660 700 711 635 645 642 625 667 591 566 584 584 621 648 670	NA NA NA (5) 5 6 8 9 12 13 15 18 23 24 26 27	728 583 605 705 718 760 645 657 655 640 682 610 587 608 646 674 697	$\begin{array}{c} 3,660\\ 3,158\\ 3,682\\ 3,044\\ 3,245\\ 4,237\\ 3,807\\ 4,065\\ 4,588\\ 4,820\\ 5,342\\ 5,672\\ 5,135\\ 5,464\\ 5,869\\ 6,222\\ 6,841\\ 6,668\\ 6,873\\ \end{array}$	22,049 19,538 19,877 17,281 19,174 22,207 22,609 22,737 22,246 23,333 22,239 23,027 22,277 22,403 22,277 22,2403 22,277 22,214 21,699 23,104 23,277 22,910
2010 January	934 796 580 313 198 134 111 107 117 202 447 848 <b>4,787</b>	499 441 337 215 161 130 120 127 133 185 287 467 <b>3,102</b>	106 98 109 104 107 102 107 108 107 112 108 114 <b>1,282</b>	90 80 84 79 82 84 91 95 87 87 84 82 92 <b>1,029</b>	526 490 488 435 420 420 419 424 438 469 521 <b>5,488</b>	616 570 514 519 504 512 514 511 522 514 551 613 <b>6,517</b>	722 667 681 618 626 607 619 622 618 634 659 727 <b>7,800</b>	80 70 46 44 45 50 52 45 45 55 76 <b>669</b>	3 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 1	82 72 69 47 48 53 55 47 48 57 79 <b>700</b>	546 480 457 471 560 706 897 943 697 570 497 564 <b>7,387</b>	2,783 2,456 2,117 1,667 1,591 1,624 1,800 1,853 1,612 1,639 1,947 2,685 <b>23,775</b>
2011 January February March April June July August September October December December Total	972 771 607 348 208 134 112 109 122 227 430 688 <b>4,729</b>	529 433 365 236 168 132 130 135 141 213 284 398 <b>3,164</b>	E 113 E 100 E 116 E 113 E 117 E 113 E 117 E 117 E 117 E 115 E 121 E 119 E 122 E <b>1,383</b>	90 81 82 83 87 88 97 99 91 85 86 96 <b>1,063</b>	545 495 509 463 454 427 422 432 435 465 486 524 <b>5,657</b>	635 576 590 546 541 514 520 531 526 549 572 620 <b>6,719</b>	748 676 706 659 658 627 637 649 641 670 691 742 <b>8,103</b>	E 81 E 69 E 63 E 51 E 47 E 46 E 53 E 46 E 53 E 46 E 56 E 56 E 71 E <b>683</b>	E 3 E 3 E 3 E 3 E 3 E 3 E 3 E 3 E 3 E 3	E 84 E 71 E 65 E E 49 E 55 E 49 E 55 E 49 E 55 E 49 E 55 E 74 E 716	540 484 482 521 572 699 939 921 684 575 543 614 <b>7,574</b>	2,873 2,435 2,225 1,818 1,655 1,641 1,872 1,870 1,637 1,736 2,006 2,516 <b>24,285</b>
2012 January February March June July September 9-Month Total	803 668 408 283 165 125 109 107 120 <b>2,787</b>	448 389 263 210 150 133 126 135 142 <b>1,998</b>	E 123 E 114 E 122 E 118 E 123 E 118 E 122 E 122 E 122 E 119 E <b>1,081</b>	98 90 87 93 94 101 98 93 <b>845</b>	529 502 483 460 448 439 439 455 457 <b>4,212</b>	627 592 574 547 541 534 539 552 550 <b>5</b> ,0 <b>57</b>	751 706 695 665 663 652 662 <sup>R</sup> 675 669 <b>6,138</b>	E 77 E 70 E 59 E 54 E 52 E 52 E 52 E 58 E 50 E 528	E 3 E 3 E 3 E 3 E 3 E 3 E 3 E 3 E 25	E 80 E 72 E 62 E 57 E 55 E 61 E 59 E 53 E 553	648 648 677 720 817 885 1,093 1,007 807 <b>7,302</b>	2,730 2,484 2,105 1,935 1,851 1,848 2,051 1,982 1,790 <b>18,777</b>
2011 9-Month Total 2010 9-Month Total	3,384 3,291	2,269 2,163	<sup>E</sup> 1,021 949	797 771	4,182 4,060	4,979 4,831	6,000 5,780	<sup>E</sup> 507 492	<sup>E</sup> 25 23	<sup>E</sup> 532 515	5,842 5,756	18,027 17,504

<sup>a</sup> All commercial sector fuel use, including that at commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only plants. See Table 7.4c for CHP fuel use.
 <sup>b</sup> Industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and a small number of industrial electricity-only plants.
 <sup>c</sup> All industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and a small number of industrial electricity-only plants.
 <sup>c</sup> All industrial sector fuel use other than that in "Lease and Plant Fuel" and "CHP."
 <sup>d</sup> Natural gas used as fuel in the delivery of natural gas to consumers.
 <sup>f</sup> The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricit, utilities only. Beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities only. Beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers.

<sup>9</sup> Inrough 1986, data are for electric titlities only. Beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers.
 <sup>h</sup> Included in "Non-CHP."
 <sup>i</sup> For 1989-1992, a small amount of consumption at independent power producers may be counted in both "Other Industrial" and "Electric Power Sector." See Note 7, "Natural Gas Consumption, 1989-1992," at end of section.
 R=Revised. E=Estimate. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 500 million cubic fort

feet

Notes: • Data are for natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental

gaseous fuels. • See Note 8, "Natural Gas Adjustments, 1993-2000," at end of section. • See Note, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at end of Section 7. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eta.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#naturalgas for all available data beginning in 1973. Sources: • Residential, Commercial, Lease and Plant Fuel, Other Industrial Total and Pipelines and Distribution: 1973-2006—U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Natural Gas Annual (NGA)*, annual reports and unpublished revisions. 2007 forward—EIA, *Natural Gas Monthly (NGM)*, November 2012, Table 2. • Industrial CHP: Table 7.4c. • Vehicle Fuel: 1990 and 1991—EIA, NGA 2000, (November 2011), Table 7.5. 1992-1998—EIA, "Alternatives to Traditional Transportation Fuels 1999" (October 1999), Table 10, and "Alternatives to Traditional Transportation Fuels 2003" (February 2004), Table 10. Data for compressed natural gas and liquefied natural gas end-use sectors conversion factor (see Table A3) and dividing by the motor gasoline conversion factor (see Table A4). 1999-2006—EIA, NGA, annual reports. 2007 forward—EIA, NGM, November 2012, Table 2. • Electric Power Sector: Table 7.4b.

#### Table 4.4 Natural Gas in Underground Storage

(Volumes in Billion Cubic Feet)

	U	Natural Gas in Inderground Storage End of Period	€,		Vorking Gas ne Period us Year		Storage Activity	
	Base Gas	Working Gas	Totala	Volume	Percent	Withdrawals	Injections	Net <sup>b,c</sup>
1973 Total	2.864	2.034	4.898	305	17.6	1.533	1.974	-442
1975 Total	3,162	2,212	5.374	162	7.9	1.760	2.104	-344
1980 Total	3.642	2,655	6,297	-99	-3.6	1,910	1.896	14
1985 Total	3.842	2,607	6,448	-270	-9.4	2,359	2,128	231
1990 Total	3.868	3.068	6.936	555	22.1	1.934	2,433	-499
1995 Total	4.349	2,153	6.503	-453	-17.4	2.974	2,566	408
1996 Total	4.341	2,173	6,513	19	.9	2,911	2,906	-00
1997 Total	4,350	2,175	6,525	2	.1	2,824	2,800	24
1998 Total	4,326	2,730	7,056	554	25.5	2,379	2,905	-526
1999 Total	4,383	2,523	6,906	-207	-7.6	2,772	2,598	174
	4,363	1.719	6.071	-207	-31.9	3.498	2,598	814
2000 Total								
2001 Total	4,301	2,904	7,204	1,185	68.9	2,309	3,464	-1,156
2002 Total	4,340	2,375	6,715	-528	-18.2	3,138	2,670	468
2003 Total	4,303	2,563	6,866	187	7.9	3,099	3,292	-193
2004 Total	4,201	2,696	6,897	133	5.2	3,037	3,150	-113
2005 Total	4,200	2,635	6,835	-61	-2.3	3,057	3,002	55
2006 Total	4,211	3,070	7,281	435	16.5	2,493	2,924	-431
2007 Total	4,234	2,879	7,113	-191	-6.2	3,325	3,133	192
2008 Total	4,232	2,840	7,073	-39	-1.4	3,374	3,340	34
2009 Total	4,277	3,130	7,407	290	10.2	2,966	3,315	-349
2010 January	4,276	2,304	6,580	171	8.0	873	63	811
February	4,278	1,683	5,961	-75	-4.2	657	38	619
March	4,278	1,652	5,930	-7	4	238	207	31
April	4,278	2,011	6,289	101	5.3	68	427	-360
May	4,279	2,420	6,699	45	1.9	53	463	-410
June	4,287	2,740	7,027	-20	7	64	385	-321
July	4,287	2,966	7,253	-125	-4.0	112	339	-227
August	4,290	3,153	7,443	-206	-6.1	137	323	-186
September	4,294	3,508	7,801	-138	-3.8	52	411	-359
October	4,305	3,851	8,156	41	1.1	52	407	-355
November	4,309	3,769	8,078	-69	-1.8	237	163	74
December	4,301	3,111	7,412	-19	6	731	66	665
Total	4,301	3,111	7,412	-19	6	3,274	3,291	-17
2011 January	4,306	2,308	6.614	4	.2	852	53	799
February	4,306	1,724	6,029	40	2.4	668	84	584
March	4,304	1,581	5,884	-72	-4.3	317	172	145
April	4.307	1,789	6,096	-222	-11.0	108	320	-212
May	4,308	2,188	6,495	-232	-9.6	66	464	-398
June	4,305	2,188	6,835	-232	-9.0	90	430	-340
July	4,305	2,550	7,079	-192	-6.5	124	368	-244
August	4,304	3,020	7,323	-133	-0.5	124	382	-244 -244
Sontombor	4,304 4.305	3,020	7,323	-133 -92	-4.2 -2.6	64	462	-244 -398
September				-92 -46	-2.6 -1.2	64 62		
October	4,305	3,804	8,109				448	-385
November	4,302	3,843	8,145	74	2.0	198	235	-37
December	4,305	3,462	7,767	351	11.3	488	105	384
Total	4,305	3,462	7,767	351	11.3	3,175	3,523	-348
2012 January	4,307	2,916	7,223	608	26.4	633	88	545
February	4,307	2,455	6,762	731	42.4	526	67	459
March	4,325	2,477	6,802	896	56.7	217	256	-39
April	4,329	2,613	6,942	824	46.1	144	282	-137
May	4,334	2,890	7,225	703	32.1	92	375	-283
June	4,337	3,118	7,456	589	23.3	109	339	-230
July	4,339	3,246	7,585	472	17.0	129	263	-134
August	4,348	3,409	7,757	389	12.9	134	302	-168
September	4,352	3,683	8,035	267	7.8	75	355	-280
9-Month Total						2,059	2,327	-267
2011 9-Month Total				_	_	2.426	2.736	-309
JUII S-WORTH LOTAL						2.420	2./30	

<sup>a</sup> For total underground storage capacity at the end of each calendar year, see Note 4, "Natural Gas Storage," at end of section. <sup>b</sup> For 1980-2010, data differ from those shown on Table 4.1, which includes

<sup>b</sup> For 1980-2010, data differ from those shown on Table 4.1, which includes liquefied natural gas storage for that period.
<sup>c</sup> Positive numbers indicate that withdrawals are greater than injections. Negative numbers indicate that injections are greater than withdrawals. Net withdrawals or injections may not equal the difference between applicable ending stocks. See Note 4, "Natural Gas Storage," at end of section. Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#naturalgas for all available data beginning in 1973.

available data beginning in 1973. Sources: • Storage Activity: 1973-1975—U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Natural Gas Annual 1994, Volume 2, Table 9.

1976-1979—EIA, Natural Gas Production and Consumption 1979, Table 1. 1980-1995—EIA, Historical Natural Gas Annual 1930 Through 2000, Table 11. 1996-2006—EIA, Natural Gas Monthly (NGM), monthly issues. 2007 forward—EIA, NGM, November 2012, Table 8. • All Other Data: 1973 and 1974—American Gas Association, Gas Facts, 1972 Data, Table 57, Gas Facts, 1973 Data, Table 57, and Gas Facts, 1974 Data, Table 40. 1975 and 1976—Federal Energy Administration (FEA), Form FEA-G318-M-0, "Underground Gas Storage Report," and Federal Power Commission (FPC), Form FPC-8, "Underground Gas Storage Report." 1977 and 1978—EIA, Form FEA-G318-M-0, "Underground Gas Storage Report." and Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FERC-8, "Underground Gas Storage Report." 1979-1995—EIA, Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report." and FERC-8, "Underground Gas Storage Report." 1996-2006—EIA, NGM, monthly issues. 2007 forward—EIA, NGM, November 2012, Table 8.

### **Natural Gas**

**Note 1. Natural Gas Production.** Final annual data are from the U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA) *Natural Gas Annual (NGA)*.

Data for the two most recent months presented are estimated. Some of the data for earlier months are also estimated or computed. For a discussion of computation and estimation procedures, see the EIA *Natural Gas Monthly* (*NGM*).

Monthly data are considered preliminary until after publication of the EIA NGA. Preliminary monthly data are gathered from reports to the Interstate Oil Compact Commission and the U.S. Minerals Management Service. Volumetric data are converted, as necessary, to a standard 14.73 psi pressure base. Unless there are major changes, data are not revised until after publication of the EIA NGA.

Differences between annual data in the EIA NGA and the sum of preliminary monthly data (January–December) are allocated proportionally to the months to create final monthly data.

**Note 2.** Natural Gas Extraction Loss. Extraction loss is the reduction in volume of natural gas resulting from the removal of natural gas liquid constituents at natural gas processing plants.

Annual data are from the EIA NGA, where they are estimated on the basis of the type and quantity of liquid products extracted from the gas stream and the calculated volume of such products at standard conditions. For a detailed explanation of the calculations used to derive estimated extraction losses, see the EIA NGA.

Preliminary monthly data are estimated on the basis of extraction loss as an annual percentage of marketed production. This percentage is applied to each month's marketed production to estimate monthly extraction loss.

Monthly data are revised and considered final after the publication of the EIA NGA. Final monthly data are estimated by allocating annual extraction loss data to the months on the basis of total natural gas marketed production data from the EIA NGA.

**Note 3.** Supplemental Gaseous Fuels. Supplemental gaseous fuels are any substances that, introduced into or commingled with natural gas, increase the volume available for disposition. Such substances include, but are not limited to, propane-air, refinery gas, coke oven gas, still gas, manufactured gas, biomass gas, and air or inert gases added for Btu stabilization.

Annual data beginning with 1980 are from the EIA NGA. Unknown quantities of supplemental gaseous fuels are included in consumption data for 1979 and earlier years. Monthly data are considered preliminary until after the publication of the EIA NGA. Monthly estimates are based on the annual ratio of supplemental gaseous fuels to the sum of dry gas production, net imports, and net withdrawals from storage. The ratio is applied to the monthly sum of the three elements to compute a monthly supplemental gaseous fuels figure.

Although the total amount of supplemental gaseous fuels consumed is known for 1980 forward, the amount consumed by each energy-use sector is estimated by EIA. These estimates are used to create natural gas (without supplemental gaseous fuels) data for Tables 1.3, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, and 2.6 (note: to avoid double-counting in these tables, supplemental gaseous fuels are accounted for in their primary energy category: "Coal," "Petroleum," or "Biomass"). It is assumed that supplemental gaseous fuels are commingled with natural gas consumed by the residential, commercial, other industrial, and electric power sectors, but are not commingled with natural gas used for lease and plant fuel, pipelines and distribution, or vehicle fuel. The estimated consumption of supplemental gaseous fuels by each sector (residential, commercial, other industrial, and electric power) is calculated as that sector's natural gas consumption (see Table 4.3) divided by the sum of natural gas consumption by the residential, commercial, other industrial, and electric power sectors (see Table 4.3), and then multiplied by total supplemental gaseous fuels consumption (see Table 4.1). For estimated sectoral consumption of supplemental gaseous fuels in Btu, the residential, commercial, and other industrial values in cubic feet are multiplied by the "End-Use Sectors" conversion factors (see Table A4), and the electric power values in cubic feet are multiplied by the "Electric Power Sector" conversion factors (see Table A4). Total supplemental gaseous fuels consumption in Btu is calculated as the sum of the Btu values for the sectors.

**Note 4. Natural Gas Storage.** Natural gas in storage at the end of a reporting period may not equal the quantity derived by adding or subtracting net injections or withdrawals from the quantity in storage at the end of the previous period. The difference is due to changes in the quantity of native gas included in the base gas and/or losses in base gas due to migration from storage reservoirs.

Total underground storage capacity, which includes both active and inactive fields, at the end of each calendar year since 1975 (first year data were available), in billion cubic feet, was:

1001, 11 ab.		
<b>1975</b> 6,280	<b>1988</b> 8,124	2001 8,182
<b>1976</b> 6,544	<b>1989</b> 8,120	<b>2002</b> 8,207
<b>1977</b> 6,678	<b>1990</b> 7,794	2003 8,206
<b>1978</b> 6,890	<b>1991</b> 7,993	2004 8,255
<b>1979</b> 6,929	<b>1992</b> 7,932	2005 8,268
<b>1980</b> 7,434	<b>1993</b> 7,989	2006 8,330
<b>1981</b> 7,805	<b>1994</b> 8,043	2007 8,402
<b>1982</b> 7,915	<b>1995</b> 7.953	2008 8,499
<b>1983</b> 7,985	<b>1996</b> 7,980	2009 8,656
<b>1984</b> 8,043	1997 8,332	2010 8,764
<b>1985</b> 8,087	<b>1998</b> 8,179	<b>2011</b> <sup>p</sup> 8,776
<b>1986</b> 8,145	1999 8,229	
<b>1987</b> 8,124	2000 8,241	
	1	1

P=Preliminary

Monthly underground storage data are collected from the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission Form FERC-8 (interstate data) and EIA Form EIA-191 (intrastate data). Beginning in January 1991, all data are collected on the revised Form EIA-191. Injection and withdrawal data from the FERC-8/EIA-191 survey are adjusted to correspond to data from Form EIA-176 following publication of the EIA NGA.

The final monthly and annual storage and withdrawal data for 1980–2010 include both underground and liquefied natural gas (LNG) storage. Annual data on LNG additions and withdrawals are from Form EIA-176. Monthly data are estimated by computing the ratio of each month's underground storage additions and withdrawals to annual underground storage additions and withdrawals and applying the ratio to the annual LNG data.

Note 5. Natural Gas Balancing Item. The balancing item for natural gas represents the difference between the sum of the components of natural gas supply and the sum of components of natural gas disposition. The differences may be due to quantities lost or to the effects of data reporting problems. Reporting problems include differences due to the net result of conversions of flow data metered at varying temperature and pressure bases and converted to a standard temperature and pressure base; the effect of variations in company accounting and billing practices; differences between billing cycle and calendar period time frames; and imbalances resulting from the merger of data reporting systems that vary in scope, format, definitions, and type of respondents.

The increase of 0.2 trillion cubic feet (Tcf) in the "Balancing Item" category in 1983, followed by a decline of 0.5 Tcf in 1984, reflected unusually large differences resulting from the use of the annual billing cycle (essentially December 15 through the following December 14) consumption data in conjunction with calendar year supply data. Record cold temperatures during the last half of December 1983 resulted in a reported 0.3 Tcf increase in net withdrawals from underground storage for peak shaving as compared with the same period in 1982, but the effect of this cold weather was reflected primarily in 1984 consumption data. For underground storage data, see Table F2 in the May 1985 EIA NGM, which was published in July 1985.

**Note 6. Natural Gas Consumption.** Consumption includes use for lease and plant fuel, pipelines and distribution, vehicle fuel, and electric power plants, as well as deliveries to residential, commercial, and other industrial customers.

Final data for series other than "Other Industrial CHP" and "Electric Power Sector" are from the EIA NGA. Monthly data are considered preliminary until after publication of the EIA NGA. For more detailed information on the methods of estimating preliminary and final monthly data, see the EIA NGM.

Note 7. Natural Gas Consumption, 1989–1992. Prior to 1993, deliveries to nonutility generators were not separately collected from natural gas companies on Form

EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." As a result, for 1989 through 1992, those volumes are probably included in both the industrial and electric power sectors and double-counted in total consumption. In 1993, 0.28 trillion cubic feet was reported as delivered to nonutility generators.

**Note 8.** Natural Gas Data Adjustments, 1993–2000. For 1993–2000, the original data for natural gas delivered to industrial consumers (now "Other Industrial" in Table 4.3) included deliveries to both industrial users and independent power producers (IPPs). These data were adjusted to remove the estimated consumption at IPPs from "Other Industrial" and include it with electric utilities under "Electric Power Sector." (To estimate the monthly IPP consumption, the monthly pattern for Other Industrial CHP in Table 4.3 was used.)

For 1996–2000, monthly data for several natural gas series in EIA's Natural Gas Navigator shown (see http://www.eia.gov/dnav/ng/ng cons sum dcu nus m.htm) were not reconciled and updated to be consistent with the final annual data in EIA's NGA. In the Monthly Energy Review, monthly data for these series were adjusted so that the monthly data sum to the final annual values. The Table 4.1 data series (and years) that were adjusted are: Gross Withdrawals (1996, 1997), Marketed Production (1997), Extraction Loss (1997, 1998, 2000), Dry Gas Production (1996, 1997), Supplemental Gaseous Fuels (1997-2000), Balancing Item (1997–2000), and Total Consumption (1997 -2000). The Table 4.3 data series (and years) that were adjusted are: Lease and Plant Fuel (1997-2000), Total Industrial (1997-2000), Pipelines and Distribution (2000), Total Transportation (2000), and Total Consumption (1997–2000).

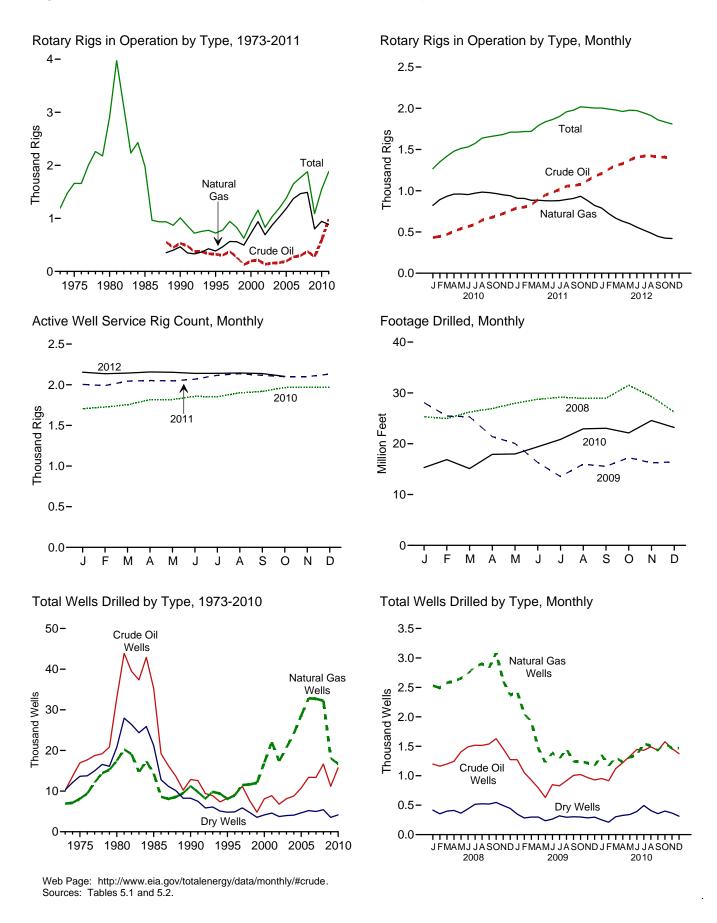
**Note 9.** Natural Gas Imports and Exports. The United States imports natural gas via pipeline from Canada and Mexico; and imports liquefied natural gas (LNG) via tanker from Algeria, Australia, Brunei, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Indonesia, Malaysia, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Peru, Qatar, Trinidad and Tobago, the United Arab Emirates, and Yemen. In addition, very small amounts of LNG arrived from Canada in 1973 (667 million cubic feet), 1977 (572 million cubic feet), and 1981 (6 million cubic feet). The United States exports natural gas via pipeline to Canada and Mexico; and exports LNG via tanker to Brazil, China, Chile, India, Japan, Russia, South Korea, Spain, and United Kingdom. Also, small amounts of LNG have gone to Mexico since 1998.

Annual and final monthly data are from the annual EIA Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas," which requires data to be reported by month for the calendar year.

Preliminary monthly data are EIA estimates. For a discussion of estimation procedures, see the EIA NGM. Preliminary data are revised after the publication of the EIA *U.S. Imports and Exports of Natural Gas.* 

# 5. Crude Oil and Natural Gas Resource Development

#### Figure 5.1 Crude Oil and Natural Gas Resource Development Indicators



		R	otary Rigs in Operation	n <sup>a</sup>		
	Ву	Site	Ву	Туре		Active Well Service
	Onshore	Offshore	Crude Oil	Natural Gas	Total <sup>b</sup>	Rig Count <sup>c</sup>
1973 Average 1975 Average	1,110 1,554	84 106	NA NA	NA NA	1,194 1,660	2,008 2,486
1980 Average		231	NA	NA	2,909	4,089
1985 Average	1,774	206	NA	NA	1,980	4,716
1990 Average		108	532	464	1,010	3,658
1995 Average		101	323	385	723	3,041
1996 Average	671	108	306	464	779	3,445
1997 Average	821 703	122 123	376 264	564 560	943 827	3,499 3.014
1998 Average 1999 Average		123	128	496	625	2.232
2000 Average		140	197	720	918	2.692
2001 Average		153	217	939	1,156	2,267
2002 Average	717	113	137	691	830	1,830
2003 Average		108	157	872	1,032	1,967
2004 Average		97	165	1,025	1,192	2,064
2005 Average	1,287 1.559	94 90	194 274	1,184	1,381 1.649	2,222
2006 Average 2007 Average		90 72	214 297	1,372 1.466	1,649	2,364 2,388
2008 Average		65	379	1,400	1.879	2,505
2009 Average		44	278	801	1,089	1,722
2010 January		42 45	433 446	822 892	1,267 1,350	1,706 1,726
February March		45 50	440	933	1,350	1,726
April		53	508	959	1,479	1,816
May		49	541	960	1,513	1.818
June		20	566	953	1,531	1,857
July		15	591	971	1,573	1,852
August	1,619	20	644	983	1,638	1,900
September	1,635	19	668	977	1,655	1,918
October	1,647	21 22	693 723	966 950	1,668 1,683	1,965 1,971
November December		22	723	950 940	1,003	1,971
Average		31	591	943	1,546	1,854
2011 January	1,686 1,692	26 26	793 801	909 907	1,711 1.718	2,004 1.990
February March		20	830	907 884	1,720	2.044
April		28	896	885	1,790	2,052
May		32	948	878	1,836	2,047
June	1,829	34	979	877	1,863	2,069
July	1,865	35	1,014	880	1,900	2,116
August		35	1,055	894	1,957	2,136
September	1,946 1,982	32 35	1,063 1.077	907 933	1,978 2.017	2,115 2,100
October November		35 37	1,077	933 880	2,017	2,100
December		42	1,177	821	2,003	2,131
Average		32	984	887	1,879	2,075
2012 January		43	1,208	790	2,003	2,154
February	1,949	42	1,261	723	1,990	2,135
March		43	1,307	667	1,979	2,143
April May		44 46	1,329 1.373	629 600	1,961 1,977	2,157 2.153
June		40	1,373	558	1,977	2,155
July		51	1,419	522	1,944	2,133
August		50	1,423	487	1,913	2,144
September	1,808	51	1,409	447	1,859	2,137
October	1,785	49	1,407	425	1,834	2,102
November	1,758	51 <b>47</b>	1,385	421 567	1,809	NA NA
11-Month Average			1,359	567	1,930	
2011 11-Month Average 2010 11-Month Average		31 32	964 573	894 944	1,865 1,528	2,070 1,844

#### Table 5.1 Crude Oil and Natural Gas Drilling Activity Measurements (Number of Rigs)

<sup>a</sup> Rotary rigs in operation are reported weekly. Monthly data are averages of 4-or 5-week reporting periods, not calendar months. Multi-month data are averages of the reported data over the covered months, not averages of the weekly data. Annual data are averages over 52 or 53 weeks, not calendar years. Published data are rounded to the nearest whole number.
 <sup>b</sup> Sum of rigs drilling for crude oil, rigs drilling for natural gas, and other rigs (not shown) drilling for miscellaneous purposes, such as service wells, injection wells, and stratigraphic tests.
 <sup>c</sup> The number of rigs doing true workovers (where tubing is pulled from the well), or doing rod string and pump repair operations, and that are, on average, crewed and working every day of the month.

NA=Not available.

NA=Not available. Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#crude for all available data beginning in 1973. Sources: • Rotary Rigs in Operation: Baker Hughes, Inc., Houston, TX, Rotary Rigs Running—by State, used with permission. See http://investor.shareholder.com/bhi/rig\_counts/rc\_index.cfm. • Active Well Service Rig Count: Cameron International Corporation, Houston, TX. See http://www.c-a-m.com/Forms/Product.aspx?prodID=cdc209c4-79a3-47e5-99c2-fdeda6d4aad6.

#### Table 5.2 Crude Oil and Natural Gas Exploratory and Development Wells

						Wells I	Drilled						j
-		Explo	atory			Develo	pment			То	tal		Total
	Crude Oil	Natural Gas	Dry	Total	Crude Oil	Natural Gas	Dry	Total	Crude Oil	Natural Gas	Dry	Total	Footage Drilled
						Num	nber						Thousand Feet
1973 Total	642	1,067	5,952	7,661	9,525	5,866	4,368	19,759	10,167	6,933	10,320	27,420	138,223
1975 Total	982	1,248	7,129	9,359	15,966	6,879	6,517	29,362	16,948	8,127	13,646	38,721	180,494
1980 Total	1,777	2,099	9,081	12,957	31,182	15,362	11,704	58,248	32,959	17,461	20,785	71,205	316,943
1985 Total	1,680	1,200	8,954	11,834	33,581	13,124	12,257	58,962	35,261	14,324	21,211	70,796	314,409
1990 Total	778	811	3,652	5,241	12,061	10,435	4,593	27,089	12,839	11,246	8,245	32,330	156,044
1995 Total	570	558	2,024	3,152	7,678	7,524	2,790	17,992	8,248	8,082	4,814	21,144	117,156
1996 Total	489	576	1,956	3,021	8,347	8,451	2,934	19,732	8,836	9,027	4,890	22,753	126,365
1997 Total	491	562	2,113	3,166	10,715	10,936	3,761	25,412	11,206	11,498	5,874	28,578	161,249
1998 Total	327	566	1,590	2,483	7,355	11,073	3,171	21,599	7,682	11,639	4,761	24,082	137,202
1999 Total	197 288	570 657	1,157	1,924	4,608	11,457	2,393	18,458	4,805	12,027	3,550	20,382	102,861
2000 Total	200	1,052	1,341 1,733	2,286 3,142	7,802 8,531	16,394 21,020	2,805 2,865	27,001 32,416	8,090 8,888	17,051 22,072	4,146 4,598	29,287 35,558	144,425 180,141
2001 Total 2002 Total	258	844	1,282	2,384	6,517	16,498	2,805	25,487	6,775	17,342	3,754	27,871	145,159
2002 Total	350	997	1,202	2,504	7,779	19,725	2,685	30,189	8,129	20,722	3,982	32,833	177,239
2003 Total	383	1,671	1,257	3,404	8,406	22,515	2,005	33,653	8,789	24,186	4,082	37,057	204,279
2005 Total	539	2,141	1,462	4,142	10,240	26,449	3,191	39,880	10,779	28,590	4,653	44,022	240,307
2006 Total	646	2,456	1,547	4,649	12,739	30,382	3,659	46,780	13,385	32,838	5,206	51,429	282,675
2007 Total	808	2,794	1,582	5,184	12,563	29,925	3,399	45,887	13,371	32,719	4,981	51,071	301,515
2008 January	88	208	144	440	1,111	2,321	272	3,704	1,199	2,529	416	4,144	25,306
February	82	230	107	419	1,080	2,261	247	3,588	1,162	2,491	354	4,007	24,958
March	66	216	127	409	1,132	2,363	271	3,766	1,198	2,579	398	4,175	26,226
April	68	189	130	387	1,177	2,415	281	3,873	1,245	2,604	411	4,260	26,920
May	88	206	124	418	1,317	2,449	240	4,006	1,405	2,655	364	4,424	27,947
June	63 79	195	139	397 413	1,428	2,540	299 344	4,267	1,491 1,518	2,735 2,858	438	4,664 4,891	28,739
July	79 67	163 165	171 144	376	1,439 1,448	2,695 2,735	344 379	4,478 4,562	1,516	2,000	515 523	4,891	29,140 28,942
August September	52	166	164	382	1,448	2,735	379	4,502	1,515	2,900	523	4,938	28,942
October	80	243	173	496	1,549	2,841	373	4,763	1,629	3.084	546	5,259	31,505
November	97	192	160	449	1,361	2,418	334	4,113	1,458	2,610	494	4,562	29,276
December	67	172	132	371	1,206	2,196	313	3.715	1,100	2,368	445	4.086	26.222
Total	897	2,345	1,715	4,957	15,736	29,901	3,708	49,345	16,633	32,246	5,423	54,302	334,141
2009 January	80	171	99	350	1,192	2,253	250	3,695	1,272	2,424	349	4,045	28,077
February	62	125	88 88	275 293	991	1,925	195	3,111	1,053	2,050	283	3,386	25,440
March	59 36	146 68	88 93	293 197	867 755	1,771	210 205	2,848 2.356	926 791	1,917 1,464	298 298	3,141	25,304
April	30 47	90	93 80	217	755 584	1,396 1,136	205 156	2,356	631	1,404	290	2,553 2,093	21,406 20,055
May June	44	91	75	217	804	1,130	189	2,290	848	1,388	264	2,033	16,301
July	40	100	101	241	789	1,188	217	2,194	829	1,288	318	2,435	13,543
August	49	84	88	221	867	1,372	207	2,134	916	1,200	295	2,667	15,970
September	61	71	96	228	945	1,170	207	2,322	1,006	1,430	303	2,550	15,547
October	55	79	78	212	966	1,167	222	2,355	1,021	1,246	300	2,567	17,261
November	38	83	85	206	931	1,133	199	2,263	969	1,216	284	2,469	16,236
December	34	98	84	216	894	1,074	213	2,181	928	1,172	297	2,397	16,424
Total	605	1,206	1,055	2,866	10,585	16,882	2,470	29,937	11,190	18,088	3,525	32,803	231,562
2010 January	55 44	91 71	81 67	227	898 871	1,264 1.096	169	2,331	953	1,355	250	2,558	15,304
February	44 59	71 85	67 88	182 232	871 1,062	1,096	144 216	2,111 2,502	915 1,121	1,167 1,309	211 304	2,293 2,734	16,862 15,102
March April	59 49	85 78	88 77	232 204	1,062	1,224	216	2,502	1,121	1,309	304 326	2,734 2,778	15,102
May	49 48	107	86	204 241	1,173	1,152	249 255	2,574 2,745	1,222	1,230	320 341	2,778	17,904
June	40 61	107	90	251	1,285	1,250	302	2,937	1,330	1,313	392	3,188	19,408
July	46	103	105	254	1,386	1,443	390	3,219	1,432	1,546	495	3,473	20,847
August	56	100	94	254	1,434	1,402	314	3,150	1,490	1,506	408	3,404	22,923
September	57	73	88	218	1,374	1,358	268	3,000	1,431	1,431	356	3,218	23,037
October	75	87	117	279	1,502	1,463	283	3,248	1,577	1,550	400	3,527	22,123
November	62	114	103	279	1,400	1,352	263	3,015	1,462	1,466	366	3,294	24,561
December	57	92	70	219	1,317	1,379	243	2,939	1,374	1,471	313	3,158	23,189
Total	669	1,105	1,066	2,840	15,084	15,591	3,096	33,771	15,753	16,696	4,162	36,611	239,247
Total	669	1,105	1,066	2,840	15,084	15,591	3,096	33,771	15,753	16,696	4,162	36,611	

Notes: • Data are estimates. • Prior to 1990, these well counts include only the original drilling of a hole intended to discover or further develop already discovered crude oil or natural gas resources. Other drilling activities, such as drilling and dwell deeper, drilling of laterals from the original well, drilling of service and injection wells, and drilling for resources other than crude oil or natural gas are excluded. After 1990, a new well is defined as the first hole in the ground whether it is lateral or not. Due to the methodology used to estimate ultimate well counts from the available partially reported data, the counts shown on this page are frequently revised. See Note, "Crude Oil and Natural Gas Exploratory and Development

Wells," at end of section. 
• Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#crude for all

 Sources: • 1973–1989: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA) computations based on well reports submitted to the American Petroleum Institute. • 1990 forward: EIA computations based on well reports submitted to IHS, Inc., Denver, CO.

2011 and 2012 data in this table have been removed while EIA evaluates the quality of the data and the estimation methodology.

## **Crude Oil and Natural Gas Resource Development**

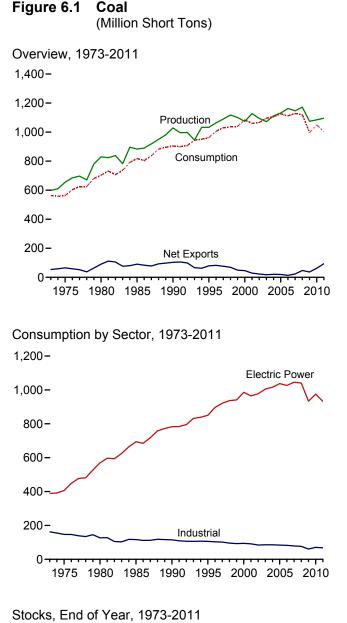
Note. Crude Oil and Natural Gas Exploratory and Development Wells. Three well types are considered in the *Monthly Energy Review* (*MER*) drilling statistics: "completed for crude oil," "completed for natural gas," and "dry hole." Wells that productively encounter both crude oil and natural gas are categorized as "completed for crude oil." Both development wells and exploratory wells (new field wildcats, new pool tests, and extension tests) are included in the statistics. All other classes of wells drilled in connection with the search for producible hydrocarbons are excluded. If a lateral is drilled at the same time as the original hole it is not counted separately, but its footage is included.

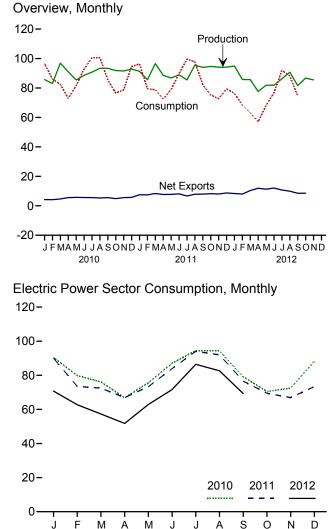
Prior to the March 1985 MER, drilling statistics consisted of

completion data for the above types and classes of wells as reported to the American Petroleum Institute (API) during a given month. Due to time lags between the date of well completion and the date of completion reporting to the API, as-reported well completions proved to be an inaccurate indicator of drilling activity. During 1982, for example, as-reported well completions rose, while the number of actual completions fell. Consequently, the drilling statistics published since the March 1985 MER are U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA) estimates produced by statistically imputing well counts and footage based on the partial data available from the API. These estimates are subject to continuous revision as new data, some of which pertain to earlier months and years, become available. Additional information about the EIA estimation methodology may be found in "Estimating Well Completions," a feature article published in the March 1985 MER.

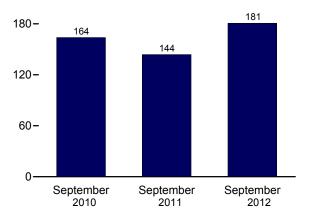
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Electric Power Sector Stocks, End of Month 240-



250-200-150-Electric Power 100 50-Producers and Distributors 0 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980

Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#coal. Sources: Tables 6.1-6.3.

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#### Table 6.1 Coal Overview

(Thousand Short Tons)

		Waste Coal		Trade	1	Stock	Losses and Unaccounted	
	Production <sup>a</sup>	Supplied <sup>b</sup>	Imports	Exports	Net Imports <sup>c</sup>	Change <sup>d,e</sup>	for <sup>f</sup>	Consumption
1973 Total	598.568	NA	127	53.587	-53,460	402	-17,878	562,584
975 Total	654,641	NA	940	66,309	-65,369	32,154	-5,522	562,640
980 Total	829,700	NA	1.194	91,742	-90,548	25,595	10,827	702,730
985 Total	883.638	NA	1.952	92.680	-90.727	-27.934	2,796	818.049
990 Total	1.029.076	3.339	2.699	105.804	-103.104	26.542	-1.730	904.498
1995 Total	1,032,974	8,561	9,473	88,547	-79,074	-275	632	962,104
1996 Total	1,063,856	8,778	8,115	90,473	-82,357	-17,456	1,411	1,006,321
1997 Total	1,089,932	8,096	7,487	83,545	-76,058	-11,253	3,678	1,029,544
1998 Total	1,117,535	8,690	8,724	78,048	-69,324	24,228	-4,430	1,037,103
1999 Total	1.100.431	8.683	9.089	58.476	-49.387	23,988	-2.906	1.038.647
2000 Total	1,073,612	9.089	12,513	58,489	-45,976	-48,309	938	1,084,095
2001 Total	1,127,689	10,085	19,787	48,666	-28,879	41,630	7,120	1,060,146
2002 Total	1,094,283	9,052	16,875	39,601	-22,726	10,215	4,040	1,066,355
2003 Total	1,071,753	10,016	25,044	43,014	-17,970	-26,659	-4,403	1,094,861
2004 Total	1.112.099	11.299	27,280	47,998	-20,718	-11.462	6.887	1,107,255
2005 Total	1,131,498	13,352	30.460	49,942	-19,482	-9,702	9,092	1,125,978
2005 Total	1,162,750	14,409	36,246	49,942	-13,401	42,642	8,824	1,112,292
2006 Total	1,146,635	14,409	36,246	49,647 59,163	-13,401 -22,816	42,642	6,624 4,085	1,127,998
2007 Total	1,171,809	14,146	34,208	81,519	-47,311	12,354	5,740	1,120,548
2009 Total	1,074,923	13,666	22,639	59,097	-36,458	39,668	14,985	997,478
2010 January	85,711	1,187	1,665	5,866	-4,202	-10,695	-3,103	96,494
February	83,087	908	1,239	5,386	-4,146	-7,306	1,154	86,001
March	96,904	1,192	1,899	6,554	-4,655	8,127	2,870	82,444
April	90,960	1,071	1,812	7,358	-5,545	11,519	2,176	72,790
May	85,401	1,138	1.475	7,220	-5,745	2.723	-3.500	81,570
June	88,621	1,219	1,771	7,387	-5,616	-9.407	647	92,983
July	90,795	1,273	1,390	6,928	-5,539	-15,499	1,446	100,582
August	93,350	1,261	1,702	7,001	-5,299	-8,766	-2.316	100,393
September	93,360	1,102	1,588	7,145	-5,556	5.111	-1.591	85.386
October	91.831	982	1,775	6.623	-4.849	11.463	-90	76,591
November	91,558	1,121	1,473	7,015	-5,542	8,878	-437	78,697
December	92,791	1,197	1,563	7,232	-5,669	-9,187	2,925	94,582
Total	1,084,368	13,651	19,353	81,716	-62,363	-13,039	182	1,048,514
2011 January	91.355	1.182	1,014	8.509	-7.496	-11.679	418	96.303
February	85,575	1.046	843	8,275	-7,432	-3,306	2.917	79,577
March	96,548	1,126	1,524	9,832	-8,308	3,991	6,608	78,767
April	88,563	996	1,136	8,843	-7,706	8,966	390	72,497
May	86,850	910	1,313	9,042	-7,730	2,393	-1,461	79,098
June	88.878	1.162	970	9,102	-8.132	-9,803	2.060	89,652
July	85,498	1.202	1.208	7.865	-6.657	-15,788	-3.788	99.618
August	95,495	1,181	1,545	9,387	-7.843	-10,739	1,809	97,762
September	94,013	1,117	835	8,723	-7,888	5,015	-113	82,341
October	94.643	1.078	917	9,159	-8,242	13,552	-1.334	75,261
November	94,109	1,133	807	8,808	-8,001	11,911	2,623	72,707
December	94,109	1,133	976	9,713	-8,737	5,698	1,377	79,365
Total	1,095,628	13,209	13,088	107,259	-94,171	211	11,506	1,002,948
2012 January	94,944	1,068	789	9,126	-8,337	2,835	8,471	76,368
February	85,763	891	534	8,460	-7,927	8,065	2,290	68,373
March	85,698	837	699	11,055	-10,356	9,722	3,389	63,068
April	77,624	725	623	12,529	-11,905	7,292	2,169	56,983
May	81,825	892	986	12,257	-11,271	496	2,790	68,160
June	81,911	854	719	12,749	-12,030	-5,246	-693	76,676
July	86.244	F 1,069	894	11.623	-10.729	-14.888	-400	91.872
August	90,768	F 1,069	667	10.597	-9.930	-7.206	899	88,213
September	81.605	<sup>RF</sup> 1,043	855	9,344	-8,489	R 2.411	<sup>R</sup> -2,788	R 74,535
October	86,744	NA	R 868	<sup>R</sup> 9,421	<sup>R</sup> -8,554	NA	NA	NA
November	85,473	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
11-Month Total	938,599	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2011 11-Month Total	1,001,526	12,133	12,112	97,546	-85,434	-5,487	10,129	923,583
2010 11-Month Total	991,577	12,454	17,789	74,484	-56,694	-3,852	-2,743	953,932

<sup>a</sup> Beginning in 2001, includes a small amount of refuse recovery (coal

<sup>f</sup> The difference between calculated coal supply and disposition, due to coal

beginning in 2001, includes a small andom of refuse recovery (coal recovery (coal necessary) (c

Consumption." <sup>c</sup> Net imports equal imports minus exports. A minus sign indicates exports are d For 1980-2007, excludes coal stocks in the residential and commercial

sectors. <sup>e</sup> A negative value indicates a decrease in stocks; a positive value indicates an

<sup>1</sup> The difference between calculated coal supply and disposition, due to coal quantities lost or to data reporting problems. R=Revised. NA=Not available. F=Forecast. Notes: • For methodology used to calculate production, consumption, and stocks, see Note 1, "Coal Production," Note 2, "Coal Consumption," and Note 3, "Coal Stocks," at end of section. • Data include refined coal. • Data values preceded by "F" are derived from the U.S. Energy Information Administration's Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System. See Note 4, "Coal Forecast Values," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#coal for all available data beginning in 1973.

available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: See end of section.

#### Table 6.2 Coal Consumption by Sector

(Thousand Short Tons)

					End-l	Jse Sector	S					
			Commerci	al			Industrial					
	Resi-				Coke	0	ther Industria	al		Trans-	Electric Power	
	dential	CHPa	<b>Other</b> <sup>b</sup>	Total	Plants	CHPC	Non-CHP <sup>d</sup>	Total	Total	portation	Sector <sup>e,f</sup>	Total
1973 Total	4,113	(g)	7,004	7,004	94,101	(h) (h)	68,038	68,038	162,139	116	389,212	562,584
1975 Total 1980 Total	2,823 1,355	(9)	6,587 5,097	6,587 5,097	83,598 66,657	(h)	63,646 60,347	63,646 60,347	147,244 127,004	( <sup>h</sup> )	405,962 569,274	562,640 702,730
1985 Total	1,711	(g)	6,068	6,068	41,056	(h)	75,372	75,372	116,429	(h)	693,841	818,049
1990 Total	1,345	<b>`1,191</b>	4,189	5,379	38,877	27,781	48,549	76,330	115,207	(h)	782,567	904,498
1995 Total	755	1,419	3,633	5,052	33,011	29,363	43,693	73,055	106,067	('n)	850,230	962,104
1996 Total	721	1,660	3,625	5,285	31,706	29,434	42,254	71,689	103,395	(h) (h)	896,921	1,006,321
1997 Total 1998 Total	711 534	1,738 1,443	4,015 2,879	5,752 4,322	30,203 28,189	29,853 28,553	41,661 38,887	71,515 67,439	101,718 95,628	(n)	921,364 936,619	1,029,544 1,037,103
1999 Total	585	1,443	2,803	4,322	28,103	27,763	36,975	64,738	92,846	2h5	940,922	1,038,647
2000 Total	454	1,547	2,126	3,673	28,939	28,031	37,177	65,208	94,147	2hí	985,821	1,084,095
2001 Total	481	1,448	2,441	3,888	26,075	25,755	39,514	65,268	91,344	(h)	964,433	1,060,146
2002 Total	533	1,405	2,506	3,912	23,656	26,232	34,515	60,747	84,403	(h)	977,507	1,066,355
2003 Total	551 512	1,816 1.917	1,869 2.693	3,685 4.610	24,248 23.670	24,846 26.613	36,415 35.582	61,261 62.195	85,509 85.865	(h) (h)	1,005,116	1,094,861 1.107.255
2004 Total 2005 Total	378	1.922	2,693	4,610	23,670	25.875	35,582	60,340	83.774	(n)	1,016,268 1,037,485	1,107,255
2006 Total	290	1.886	1.050	2.936	22.957	25.262	34,403	59.472	82,429	(h)	1,026,636	1.112.292
2007 Total	353	1,927	1,247	3,173	22,715	22,537	34,078	56,615	79,331	(h)	1,045,141	1,127,998
2008 Total	351	2,021	1,134	3,155	22,070	21,902	32,491	54,393	76,463	(h)	1,040,580	1,120,548
2009 Total	353	1,798	1,059	2,857	15,326	19,766	25,549	45,314	60,641	('n)	933,627	997,478
2010 January	43	193	156	349	1,472	2,094	2,084	4,178	5,650	( <sup>h</sup> )	90,452	96,494
February	37	167	136	303	1,584	1,978	2,215	4,193	5,777	(h)	79,884	86,001
March	33	149	121	271	1,801	2,124	2,106	4,230	6,030	(h) (h)	76,110	82,444
April May	21 21	117 118	54 55	171 173	1,786 1,794	2,220 2.010	1,749 1,975	3,969 3,985	5,755 5,779	('') (h)	66,842 75,597	72,790 81.570
June	24	135	62	197	1,734	1.898	2.061	3.959	5.732	}h {	87.030	92,983
July	24	142	48	190	1,783	2,122	1,944	4,066	5,849	(h)	94,519	100,582
August	25	152	52	203	1,814	2,194	1,909	4,103	5,917	(h)	94,247	100,393
September	22	133	45	178	1,894	1,941	2,174	4,115	6,010	(h) (h)	79,176	85,386
October November	26 27	121 128	86 90	207 218	1,731 1,787	1,958 1,854	2,178 2,297	4,136 4,151	5,866 5,938	('') (h)	70,492 72,514	76,591 78,697
December	35	120	116	210	1,787	2.246	1.957	4,131	6.077	(h)	88,189	94,582
Total	339	1,720	1,022	2,742	21,092	24,638	24,650	49,289	70,381	('n)	975,052	1,048,514
2011 January	40	189	136	324	1,746	2,082	2,090	4,172	5,917	( <sup>h</sup> )	90,021	96,303
February	37	173	124	298	1,623	1,800	2,345	4,145	5,769	(h) (h)	73,474	79,577
March	35 23	164 124	118	283	1,819	1,891	2,281	4,173	5,991	(n) (h)	72,458	78,767
April May	23	124	63 64	187 188	1,668 1,878	1,787 1,836	1,902 1,836	3,689 3,672	5,357 5,550	( ) ( h )	66,930 73,338	72,497 79,098
June	23	130	67	100	1,846	1,843	1,833	3,676	5,522	(h)	83,908	89,652
July	21	145	27	172	1,670	1,946	1,772	3,718	5,388	(h)	94,037	99,618
August	19	129	24	153	1,863	1,962	1,753	3,715	5,578	(h)	92,012	97,762
September	18	122	23	145	1,874	1,788	1,947	3,735	5,609	(h) (h)	76,569	82,341
October November	20 21	110 117	52 55	162 173	1,784 1,772	1,748 1,712	2,088 2,110	3,836 3,822	5,621 5,594	(") (h)	69,458 66,919	75,261 72,707
December	21	139	65	204	1,891	1,923	1,962	3,885	5,594	$\{h\}$	73,359	79,365
Total	307	1,668	818	2,485	21,434	22,319	23,919	46,238	67,671	('n)	932,484	1,002,948
2012 January	28	162	62	224	1,701	1,913	1,783	3,696	5,397	( <sup>h</sup> )	70,720	76,368
February	25	141	57	199	1,687	1,708	2,000	3,708	5,395	(hí)	62,755	68,373
March	23	135	55	190	1,895	1,707	1,952	3,659	5,554	(h)	57,300	63,068
April	15	115	6	121	1,765	1,542	1,789	3,331	5,096	(h) (h)	51,751	56,983
May June	16 15	121 114	6 6	127 120	1,839 1,641	1,689 1,634	1,621 1,671	3,310 3,305	5,149 4,946	(") (h)	62,868 71,595	68,160 76,676
July	F 22	114	F 61	F 180	F 1.793	1,034	F 1,676	F 3,449	F 5,242	(h)	86,429	91,872
August	F 25	126	F 73	F 199	<sup>F</sup> 1.764	1,827	<sup>+</sup> 1.754	F 3 582	F 5.346	(h)	82,643	88,213
September	F 22	116	F 59	⊦ 175	<sup>F</sup> 1,548	1,613	<sup>F</sup> 1,858	F 3,470	F 5,018	(h)	69,321	74,535
9-Month Total	<sup>E</sup> 190	1,148	<sup>E</sup> 385	<sup>E</sup> 1,533	E 15,632	15,405	<sup>E</sup> 16,105	<sup>E</sup> 31,509	<sup>E</sup> 47,141	( <sup>h</sup> )	615,383	664,247
2011 9-Month Total	241	1,301	646	1,947	15,987	16,935	17,759	34,694	50,681	( <sup>h</sup> )	722,748	775,616
2010 9-Month Total	252	1,306	730	2,036	15,701	18,581	18,218	36,799	52,499	('n)	743,857	798,644

<sup>a</sup> Commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and a small number of commercial electricity-only plants, such as those at hospitals and universities. See Note, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at end of

See Note, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at end of Section 7. <sup>b</sup> All commercial sector fuel use other than that in "Commercial CHP." <sup>c</sup> Industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and a small number of industrial electricity-only plants. See Note, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at end of Section 7. <sup>d</sup> All industrial sector fuel use other than that in "Coke Plants" and "Industrial CHP." <sup>e</sup> The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public. <sup>f</sup> Through 1988, data are for consumption at electric utilities only. Beginning in 1989, data also include consumption at independent power producers.

1989, data also include consumption at independent power producers

g Included in "Commercial Other

<sup>9</sup> Included in "Commercial Other." <sup>h</sup> Included in "Industrial Non-CHP." E=Estimate. F=Forecast. Notes: • CHP monthly values are from Table 7.4c; electric power sector monthly values are from Table 7.4b; all other monthly values are estimates derived from collected quarterly and annual data. See Note 2, "Coal Consumption," at end of section. • Data include refined coal. • Data values preceded by "F" are derived from the U.S. Energy Information Administration's Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System. See Note 4, "Coal Forecast Values," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.ea.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#coal for all available data beginning in 1973.

available data beginning in 1973. Sources: See end of section.

#### Table 6.3 Coal Stocks by Sector

(Thousand Short Tons)

			E	nd-Use Sectors				
	and Distributors         and Commercian          <         12,530         290          <         12,108         233	Residential		Industrial			Electric	
		and Commercial	Coke Plants	Othera	Total	Total	Power Sector <sup>b,c</sup>	Total
973 Year	12,530	290	6,998	10,370	17,368	17,658	86,967	117,155
975 Year	12,108	233	8,797	8,529	17,326	17,559	110,724	140,391
980 Year	24,379	NA	9,067	11,951	21,018	21,018	183,010	228,407
985 Year	33,133	NA	3,420	10,438	13,857	13,857	156,376	203,367
990 Year	33,418	NA	3,329	8,716	12,044	12,044	156,166	201,629
995 Year	34,444	NA	2,632	5,702	8,334	8,334	126,304	169,083
96 Year	28,648	NA	2,667	5,688	8,355	8,355	114,623	151,627
97 Year	33,973	NA	1,978	5,597	7,576	7,576	98,826	140,374
98 Year	36,530	NA	2,026	5,545	7,571	7,571	120,501	164,602
99 Year	39,475	NA	1,943	5,569	7,511	7,511	° 141,604	188,590
000 Year	31,905	NA	1,494	4,587	6,081	6,081	102,296	140,282
001 Year	35,900 43,257	NA NA	1,510 1.364	6,006 5.792	7,516 7,156	7,516 7,156	138,496 141,714	181,912 192,127
02 Year	43,257 38,277	NA	905	5,792 4,718	5,623	5,623	141,714	192,127
003 Year 004 Year	38,277 41,151	NA	905 1,344	4,718	5,623	5,623	121,567	154,000
005 Year	34,971	NA	2,615	4,642 5,582	8,196	8,196	100,009	144,304
005 Year	36,548	NA	2,615	5,582 6,506	9,434	9.434	140.964	186.946
006 Year	30,548 33,977	NA	2,928	5,624	9,434 7,560	9,434 7,560	151,221	192,758
008 Year	34.688	498	2,331	6.007	8,338	8,836	161,589	205,112
009 Year	47,718	529	1,957	5,109	7,066	7,595	189,467	244,780
10 January	48,854	510	1,832	4,798	6,630	7,140	178,091	234,085
February	49.069	490	1,708	4,486	6,194	6.684	171,026	226.779
March	50,936	471	1,583	4,175	5,758	6,229	177,742	234,900
April	50,761	482	1,715	4,207	5,922	6.404	189,260	246.42
May	50,900	494	1,846	4,239	6,086	6,579	191,669	249,148
June	51,497	505	1,978	4,272	6,250	6,755	181,490	239,74
July	47,935	509	1,948	4,345	6,294	6,803	169,504	224,242
August	48,638	513	1,918	4,419	6,337	6,851	159,987	215,476
September	49,913	517	1,889	4,492	6,381	6,899	163,776	220,587
October	49,430	529	1,901	4,503	6,404	6,933	175,686	232,050
November	50,571	541	1,913	4,514	6,428	6,968	183,389	240,928
December	49,820	552	1,925	4,525	6,451	7,003	174,917	231,740
011 January	48,709	536	1,937	4,305	6,241	6,777	164,575	220,061
February	49,140	520	1,948	4,084	6,032	6,552	161,064	216,755
March	48,165	503	1,959	3,864	5,823	6,326	166,255	220,746
April	49,852	505	1,958	3,969	5,927	6,433	173,427	229,712
May	51,473	508	1,957	4,075	6,032	6,539	174,093	232,105
June	50,507	510	1,956	4,181	6,136	6,646	165,149	222,302
July	52,420	513	2,082	4,203	6,285	6,798	147,296	206,514
August	50,287	515	2,221	4,225	6,446	6,961	138,527	195,775
September	49,909	518	2,405	4,247	6,652	7,170	143,711	200,790
October	50,810	546 575	2,473	4,316	6,790	7,336	156,196	214,342
November December	50,997 <b>51,897</b>	603	2,541 <b>2,610</b>	4,386 <b>4,455</b>	6,927 <b>7,065</b>	7,502 <b>7,668</b>	167,754 <b>172,387</b>	226,253 <b>231,95</b> 1
	F 48,424	507	2 507	4 000	6 745	7 222	170.020	224 70-
12 January	F 49,954	587	2,507 2,403	4,238	6,745	7,332	179,030	234,787
February	F 51,458	572 557	2,403 2.300	4,021 3.804	6,425 6,105	6,997	185,901	242,852 252,574
March	F 51,458	557 566	2,300 2,316	3,804 3,911		6,661 6 703	194,455	252,572
April	<sup>F</sup> 51,705	575	2,316	3,911 4.018	6,227 6,349	6,793	201,368	259,860
May	F 51,253	575 585	2,331 2,347	4,018 4,125	6,349 6,472	6,925 7,057	202,184 197,052	260,362
June	F 49,859	585 F 586	F 2,308	4,125 F 4,356	<sup>F</sup> 6,664	F 7.250	183,119	255,115
July August	F 48,343	F 586	F 2,269	F 4,578	<sup>F</sup> 6,847	F 7,433	177,246	233,021
September	<sup>F</sup> 47,181	F 586	F 2,209	F 4,795	<sup>F</sup> 7,018	F 7,604	180,648	235,02
Schreitingt	47,101	500	2,223	4,790	1,010	7,004	100,040	200,400

<sup>a</sup> Through 1977, data are for stocks held by the manufacturing and transportation sectors. Beginning in 1978, data are for stocks held at manufacturing plants only.
 <sup>b</sup> The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-and-

<sup>D</sup> The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public.

<sup>c</sup> Through 1998, data are for stocks at electric utilities only. Beginning in 1999, data also include stocks at independent power producers.

NA=Not available. F=Forecast.

Notes: • Stocks are at end of period. • Electric power sector monthly values

are from Table 7.5; producers and distributors monthly values are estimates derived from collected annual data; all other monthly values are estimates derived from collected quarterly values. • Data include refined coal. • Data values preceded by "F" are derived from the U.S. Energy Information Administration's Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System. See Note 4, "Coal Forecast Values," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#coal for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: See end of section.

## Coal

**Note 1. Coal Production.** Preliminary monthly estimates of national coal production are the sum of weekly estimates developed by the U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA) and published in the *Weekly Coal Production* report. When a week extends into a new month, production is allocated on a daily basis and added to the appropriate month. Weekly estimates are based on Association of American Railroads (AAR) data showing the number of railcars loaded with coal during the week by Class I and certain other railroads.

Prior to 2002, the weekly coal production model converted AAR data into short tons of coal by using the average number of short tons of coal per railcar loaded reported in the "Quarterly Freight Commodity Statistics" from the Surface Transportation Board. If an average coal tonnage per railcar loaded was not available for a specific railroad, the national average was used. To derive the estimate of total weekly production, the total rail tonnage for the week was divided by the ratio of quarterly production shipped by rail and total quarterly production. Data for the corresponding quarter of previous years were used to derive this ratio. This method ensured that the seasonal variations were preserved in the production estimates.

Beginning in 2002, the weekly coal production model uses statistical autoregressive methods to estimate national coal production as a function of railcar loadings of coal, and heating degree-days and cooling degree-days. On Thursday of each week, EIA receives from the AAR data for the previous week. The latest weekly national data for heating degree-days and cooling degree-days are obtained from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration's Climate Prediction Center. The weekly coal model is run and a national level coal production estimate is obtained. The weekly coal model is refit every quarter after preliminary coal data are available.

When preliminary quarterly data become available, the monthly and weekly estimates are adjusted to conform to the quarterly figures. The adjustment procedure uses State-level production data and is explained in EIA's Quarterly Coal *Report.* Initial estimates of annual production published in January of the following year are based on preliminary production data covering the first nine months (three quarters) and weekly/monthly estimates for the fourth quarter. The fourth quarter estimates may or may not be revised when preliminary data become available in March of the following year, depending on the magnitude of the difference between the estimates and the preliminary data. In any event, all quarterly, monthly, and weekly production figures are adjusted to conform to the final annual production data published in the Monthly Energy Review in the fall of the following year.

Note 2. Coal Consumption. Coal consumption data are reported by major end-use sector. Forecast data (designated

by an "F") are derived from forecasted values shown in the EIA *Short-Term Energy Outlook* (DOE/EIA-0202) table titled "U.S. Coal Supply and Demand: Base Case." The monthly estimates are based on the quarterly values, which are released in March, June, September, and December. The estimates are revised quarterly as collected data become available from the data sources. Sector-specific information follows.

Residential and Commercial-Coal consumption by the residential and commercial sectors is reported to EIA for the two sectors combined; EIA estimates the amount consumed by the sectors individually. To create the estimates, it is first assumed that an occupied coal-heated housing unit consumes fuel at the same Btu rate as an oil-heated housing unit. Then, for the years in which data are available on the number of occupied housing units by heating source (1973-1981 and subsequent odd-numbered years), residential consumption of coal is estimated by the following steps: a ratio is created of the number of occupied housing units heated by coal to the number of occupied housing units heated by oil; that ratio is then multiplied by the Btu quantity of oil consumed by the residential sector to derive an estimate of the Btu quantity of coal consumed by the residential sector; and, finally, the amount estimated as the residential sector consumption is subtracted from the residential and commercial sectors' combined consumption to derive the commercial sector's estimated consumption. The 2007 share is applied to 2008 forward, and the other missing years' shares are interpolated.

Industrial Coke Plants—Prior to 1980, monthly coke plant consumption data were taken directly from reported data. For 1980–1987, coke plant consumption estimates were derived by proportioning reported quarterly data by using the ratios of monthly-to-quarterly consumption data in 1979, the last year in which monthly data were reported. Beginning in January 1988, monthly coke plant consumption estimates are derived from the reported quarterly data by using monthly ratios of raw steel production data from the American Iron and Steel Institute. The ratios are the monthly raw steel production from open hearth and basic oxygen process furnaces as a proportion of the quarterly production from those kinds of furnaces.

Industrial Other—Prior to 1978, monthly consumption data for the other industrial sector (all industrial users minus coke plants) were derived by using reported data to modify baseline consumption figures from the most recent Bureau of the Census Annual Survey of Manufactures or Census of Manufactures. For 1978 and 1979, monthly estimates were derived from data reported on Forms EIA-3 and EIA-6. For 1980–1987, monthly figures were estimated by proportioning quarterly data by using the ratios of monthly-to-quarterly consumption data in 1979, the last year in which monthly data were reported on Form EIA-3. Beginning in January 1988, monthly consumption for the other industrial sector is estimated from reported quarterly data by using ratios derived from industrial production indices published by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. Indices for six major industry groups are used as the basis for calculating the ratios: food manufacturing, which is North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code 311; paper manufacturing, NAICS 322; chemical manufacturing, NAICS 325; petroleum and coal products, NAICS 324; non-metallic mineral products manufacturing, NAICS 327; and primary metal manufacturing, NAICS 331. The monthly ratios are computed as the monthly sum of the weighted indices as a proportion of the quarterly sum of the weighted indices by using the 1977 proportion as the weights. Prior to 2008, quarterly consumption data for the other industrial sector were derived by adding beginning stocks at manufacturing plants to current receipts and subtracting ending stocks at manufacturing plants. In this calculation, current receipts are the greater of either reported receipts from manufacturing plants (Form EIA-3) or reported shipments to the other industrial sector (Form EIA-6), thereby ensuring that agriculture, forestry, fishing, and construction consumption data were included where appropriate. Beginning in 2008, quarterly consumption totals for other industrial coal include data for manufacturing and mining only. Over time, surveyed coal consumption data for agriculture, forestry, fishing, and construction dwindled to about 20,000 to 30,000 tons annually. Therefore, in 2008, EIA consolidated its programs by eliminating agriculture, forestry, fishing, and construction as surveyed sectors.

Electric Power Sector—Monthly consumption data for electric power plants are taken directly from reported data.

**Note 3. Coal Stocks.** Coal stocks data are reported by major end-use sector. Forecast data for the most recent months (designated by an "F") are derived from forecasted values shown in the EIA *Short-Term Energy Outlook* (DOE/EIA-0202) table titled "U.S. Coal Supply and Demand: Base Case." The monthly estimates are based on the quarterly values (released in March, June, September, and December) or annual values. The estimates are revised as collected data become available from the data sources. Sector-specific information follows.

Producers and Distributors—Prior to 1998, quarterly stocks at producers and distributors were taken directly from reported data. Monthly data were estimated by using one-third of the current quarterly change to indicate the monthly change in stocks. Beginning in 1998, end-of-year stocks are taken from reported data. Monthly stocks are estimated by a model.

Residential and Commercial—Prior to 1980, stock estimates for the residential and commercial sector were taken directly from reported data. For 1980–2007, stock estimates were not collected. Beginning in 2008, quarterly stocks data are collected on Form EIA-3 (data for "Commercial and Institutional Coal Users").

Industrial Coke Plants—Prior to 1980, monthly stocks at coke plants were taken directly from reported data.

Beginning in 1980, coke plant stocks are estimated by using one-third of the current quarterly change to indicate the monthly change in stocks. Quarterly stocks are taken directly from data reported on Form EIA-5.

Industrial Other—Prior to 1978, stocks for the other industrial sector were derived by using reported data to modify baseline figures from a one-time Bureau of Mines survey of consumers. For 1978–1982, monthly estimates were derived by judgmentally proportioning reported quarterly data based on representative seasonal patterns of supply and demand. Beginning in 1983, other industrial coal stocks are estimated as indicated above for coke plants. Quarterly stocks are taken directly from data reported on Form EIA-3 and therefore include only manufacturing industries; data for agriculture, forestry, fishing, mining, and construction stocks are not available.

Electric Power Sector—Monthly stocks data at electric power plants are taken directly from reported data.

**Note 4. Coal Forecast Values**. Data values preceded by "F" in this section are forecast values. They are derived from EIA Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System (STIFS). The model is driven primarily by data and assumptions about key macroeconomic variables, the world oil price, and weather. The coal forecast relies on other variables as well, such as alternative fuel prices (natural gas and oil) and power generation by sources other than fossil fuels, including nuclear and hydroelectric power. Each month, EIA staff review the model output and make adjustments, if appropriate, based on their knowledge of developments in the coal industry.

The STIFS model results are published monthly in EIA's *Short-Term Energy Outlook*, which is accessible on the Web at http://www.eia.gov/forecasts/steo/.

**Note 5. Additional Coal Information.** EIA's *Quarterly Coal Report* provides additional information about coal data and estimation procedures.

#### Table 6.1 Sources

#### Production

1973–September 1977: U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Mines, *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*.

October 1977 forward: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Weekly Coal Production*.

#### Waste Coal Supplied

1989–1997: EIA, Form EIA-867, "Annual Nonutility Power Producer Report."

1998–2000: EIA, Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generator Report—Nonutility."

2001–2003: EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption and

Quality Report-Manufacturing Plants."

2004–2007: EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report," Form EIA-920, "Combined Heat and Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption and Quality Report—Manufacturing Plants."

2008 forward: EIA, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report," and Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption and Quality Report, Manufacturing and Transformation/Processing Coal Plants and Commercial and Institutional Coal Users"; and, for forecast values, EIA, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System.

#### **Imports and Exports**

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Monthly Reports IM 145 (Imports) and EM 545 (Exports).

#### **Stock Change**

Calculated from data in Table 6.3. (The 1973 stock change value is calculated using the 1972 total stocks value of 116,753 thousand short tons from EIA, *Annual Energy Review 2011*, Table 7.6. The 1972 stocks value excludes stocks at producers and distributors.)

#### Losses and Unaccounted for

Calculated as the sum of production, imports, and waste coal supplied, minus exports, stock change, and consumption.

#### Consumption

Table 6.2.

#### Table 6.2 Sources

#### **Residential and Commercial Total**

Coal consumption by the residential and commercial sectors combined is reported to the U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA). EIA estimates the sectors individually using the method described in Note 2, "Consumption," at the end of Section 6. Data for the residential and commercial sectors combined are from:

1973–1976: U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), Bureau of Mines (BOM), *Minerals Yearbook*.

January–September 1977: DOI, BOM, Form 6-1400, "Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers—Upper Lake Docks." October 1977–1979: EIA, Form EIA-2, "Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers—Upper Lake Docks."

1980–1997: EIA, Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report," quarterly.

1998–2007: DOI, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production."

2008 forward: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption and Quality Report, Manufacturing and Transformation/Processing Coal Plants and Commercial and Institutional Coal Users" (data for "Commercial and Institutional Coal Users"); and, for forecast values, EIA, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System (STIFS).

#### **Commercial CHP**

Table 7.4c.

#### **Commercial Other**

Calculated as "Commercial Total" minus "Commercial CHP."

#### **Industrial Coke Plants**

1973–September 1977: DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*.

October 1977–1980: EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke and Coal Chemicals—Monthly/Annual Supplement."

1981–1984: EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke Plant Report—Quarterly/Annual Supplement."

1985 forward: EIA, Form EIA–5, "Coke Plant Report—Quarterly"; and, for forecast values, EIA, STIFS.

#### Other Industrial Total

1973–September 1977: DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*.

October 1977–1979: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Monthly Coal Consumption Report—Manufacturing Plants."

1980–1997: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report—Manufacturing Plants," and Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report," quarterly.

1998–2007: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report—Manufacturing Plants," Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report," annual, and Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report," annual.

2008 forward: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption and Quality Report, Manufacturing and Transformation/Processing Coal Plants and Commercial and Institutional Coal Users," and Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report," annual; and, for forecast values, EIA, STIFS.

#### **Other Industrial CHP**

Table 7.4c.

#### **Other Industrial Non-CHP**

Calculated as "Other Industrial Total" minus "Other Industrial CHP."

#### Transportation

1973–1976: DOI, BOM, Minerals Yearbook.

January–September 1977: DOI, BOM, Form 6-1400, "Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers—Upper Lake Docks."

October–December 1977: EIA, Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report," quarterly.

#### **Electric Power**

Table 7.4b.

#### Table 6.3 Sources

#### **Producers and Distributors**

1973–1979: U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), Bureau of Mines (BOM), Form 6-1419Q, "Distribution of Bituminous Coal and Lignite Shipments." 1980–1997: U.S. Energy Information Administration

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(EIA), Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report," quarterly. 1998–2007: EIA, Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report," annual.

2008 forward: EIA, Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report," annual, and Form EIA-8A, "Coal Stocks Report," annual; and, for forecast values, EIA, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System (STIFS).

#### **Residential and Commercial**

1973–1976: DOI, BOM, Minerals Yearbook.

January–September 1977: DOI, BOM, Form 6-1400, "Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers—Upper Lake Docks." October 1977–1979: EIA, Form EIA-2, "Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers—Upper Lake Docks."

2008 forward: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption and Quality Report, Manufacturing and Transformation/Processing Coal Plants and Commercial and Institutional Coal Users" (data for "Commercial and Institutional Coal Users"); and, for forecast values, EIA, STIFS.

#### **Industrial Coke Plants**

1973–September 1977: DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*.

October 1977–1980: EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke and Coal Chemicals—Monthly/Annual."

1981–1984: EIA, Form EIA 5/5A, "Coke Plant Report—Quarterly/Annual Supplement."

1985 forward: EIA, Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report—Quarterly"; and, for forecast values, EIA, STIFS.

#### **Industrial Other**

1973–September 1977: DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*.

October 1977–1979: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Monthly Coal Consumption Report—Manufacturing Plants."

1998–2007: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report—Manufacturing Plants."

2008 forward: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption and Quality Report, Manufacturing and Transformation/Processing Coal Plants and Commercial and Institutional Coal Users"; and, for forecast values, EIA, STIFS.

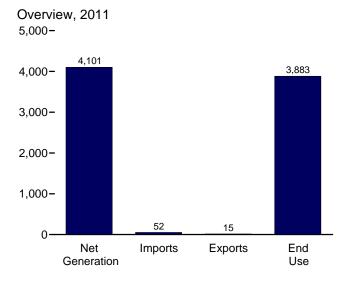
#### **Electric Power**

Table 7.5.

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#### Figure 7.1 Electricity Overview (Billion Kilowatthours)



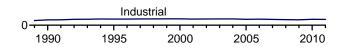
### Net Generation by Sector, 1989-2011

5,000-



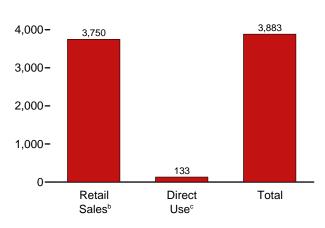
2,000-

1,000-



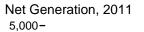


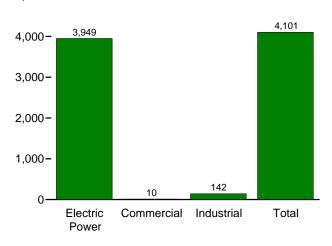




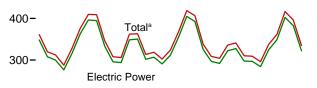
<sup>a</sup> Includes commercial sector.

<sup>b</sup> Electricity retail sales to ultimate customers reported by electric utilities and other energy service providers.



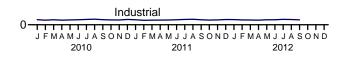


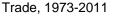
Net Generation by Sector, Monthly 500-

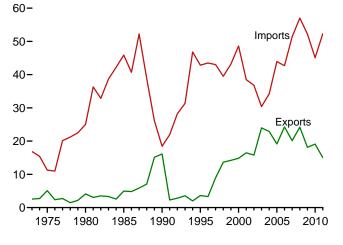


200-

100-







° See "Direct Use" in Glossary.

Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#electricity. Source: Table 7.1.

#### Table 7.1 Electricity Overview

(Billion Kilowatthours)

		Net Gen	eration			Trade		TODU		End Use	
	Electric Power Sector <sup>a</sup>	Com- mercial Sector <sup>b</sup>	Indus- trial Sector <sup>c</sup>	Total	Imports <sup>d</sup>	Exports <sup>d</sup>	Net Imports <sup>d</sup>	T&D Losses <sup>e</sup> and Unaccounted for <sup>f</sup>	Retail Sales <sup>g</sup>	Direct Use <sup>h</sup>	Total
1973 Total	1,861	NA	3	1,864	17	3	14	165	1,713	NA	1,713
1975 Total	1,918	NA	3	1,921	11	5	6	180	1,747	NA	1,747
1980 Total	2,286	NA	3	2,290	25	4	21	216	2.094	NA	2.094
1985 Total	2.470	NA	3	2,473	46	5	41	190	2,324	NA	2,324
1990 Total	2,901	6	131	3,038	18	16	2	203	2,713	125	2,837
1995 Total	3,194	8	151	3,353	43	4	39	229	3,013	151	3,164
1996 Total	3.284	9	151	3.444	43	3	40	231	3,101	153	3.254
1997 Total	3,329	9	154	3,492	43	9	34	224	3,146	156	3,302
1998 Total	3,457	9	154	3,620	40	14	26	221	3,264	161	3,425
1999 Total	3,530	9	156	3,695	43	14	29	240	3,312	172	3,484
2000 Total	3,638	8	157	3,802	49	15	34	244	3,421	171	3,592
2001 Total	3,580	7	149	3,737	39	16	22	202	3,394	163	3,557
2002 Total	3,698	7	153	3,858	37	16	21	248	3,465	166	3,632
2003 Total	3,721	7	155	3,883	30	24	6	228	3,494	168	3,662
2004 Total	3,808	8	154	3,971	34	23	11	266	3,547	168	3,716
2005 Total	3,902	8	145	4,055	44	19	25	269	3,661	150	3,811
2006 Total	3,908	8	148	4,065	43	24	18	266	3,670	147	3,817
2007 Total	4,005	8	143	4,157	51	20	31	298	3,765	126	3,890
2008 Total	3,974	8	137	4,119	57 52	24	33	287	3,733	132	3,865
2009 Total	3,810	8	132	3,950	52	18	34	261	3,597	127	3,724
2010 January	348	1	12	361	5	1	4	22	332	E 11	343
February	308	1	11	320	4	1	3	15	298	E 10	309
March	300	1	12	312	4	1	3	12	293	E 11	303
April	276	1	11	288	4	1	3	13	267	E 10	277
May	316	1	12	328	3	2	1	35	284	E 11	294
June	363	1	12	376	4	2	2	36	331	E 11	342
July	396	1	13	410	4	1	3	32	369	<sup>E</sup> 12	381
August	395	1	13	409	4	2	2	27	372	E 12	384
September	333	1	12	346	3	2	1	8	328	E 11 E 11	339
October	296	1	12	308	3	2	(s)	10	288	E 11	298
November	294	1	11	306	3 4	2	1	21	275	⊑ 11 E 12	285
December	349 <b>3,972</b>	1 9	13 <b>144</b>	362 4,125	4 45	1 <b>19</b>	3 <b>26</b>	34 <b>265</b>	319 <b>3,754</b>	- 12 132	331 <b>3,886</b>
	3,972	9	144	4,123	45	19	20	205	3,734		3,000
2011 January	350	1	12	363	4	2	3	20	334	E 11	345
February	302	1	11	313	4	2	2	9	297	E 10	307
March	307	1	11	319	4	2	2	19	292	E 10	302
April	291	1	11	302	4	2 1	2	19	275	E 10 E 11	286
May	311	1	11 12	324 368	5 4	1	4 3	29 31	288 329	E 11	299 340
June	355 405	1	12	368 419	4	1	3 5	41	329 371	E 12	340 383
July August	405 392	1	13	419	6 6	1	5 5	26	371	E 12	385
September	392	1	13	338	4	1	3	20	326	E 11	337
October	297	1	11	309	4	1	3	13	288	E 11	299
November	292	1	12	304	3	1	2	20	275	E 11	286
December	322	1	13	336	4	1	3	<sup>R</sup> 26	302	E 12	314
Total	3,949	10	142	4,101	52	15	37	255	3,750	133	3,883
2012 January	328	1	12	341	4	1	3	22	311	<sup>E</sup> 12	323
February	298	1	12	310	4	1	3	16	286	E 11	297
March	297	1	11	309	4	1	3	19	283	E 11	293
April	284	1	11	296	5	1	4	19	270	E 10	281
May	325	1	12	338	5	1	4	35	295	E 11	307
June	349	1	12	362	5	1	4	30	324	E 11	336
July	403	1	13	417	7	1	6	40	370	E 12	382
August	383	1	13	396	6	1	5	26	364	<sup>E</sup> 12	376
September	322	1	12	335	5	1	4	10	318	_ <sup>E</sup> 11	329
9-Month Total	2,986	8	108	3,102	46	9	36	215	2,822	E 101	2,923
2011 9-Month Total	3,038	8	106	3,152	41	12	29	197	2,885	<sup>⊑</sup> 100	2,984
2010 9-Month Total	3.034	6	108	3,149	36	14	22	199	2,873	E 99	2,972

<sup>a</sup> Electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public. Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only; beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers. <sup>b</sup> Commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only plants.

<sup>c</sup> Industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and industrial electricity-only plants. Through 1988, data are for industrial hydroelectric power only. <sup>d</sup> Electricity transmitted across U.S. borders. Net imports equal imports minus

<sup>e</sup> Electricity transmitted description
 <sup>e</sup> Transmission and distribution losses (electricity losses that occur between the point of generation and delivery to the customer). See Note 2, "Electrical System Energy Losses," at end of Section 2.
 <sup>f</sup> Data collection frame differences and nonsampling error.

<sup>9</sup> Electricity retail sales to ultimate customers by electric utilities and, beginning in 1996, other energy service providers. <sup>h</sup> Use of electricity that is 1) self-generated, 2) produced by either the same entity that consumes the power or an affiliate, and 3) used in direct support of a service or industrial process located within the same facility or group of facilities that house the generating equipment. Direct use is exclusive of station use. R=Revised. E=Estimate. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 billion vilocatiburg.

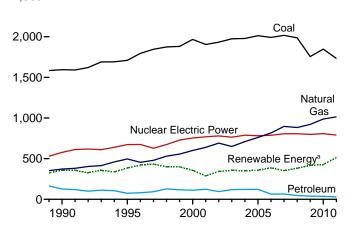
kilowatthours. Notes: • See Note, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at

end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#electricity for all available data beginning in 1973.

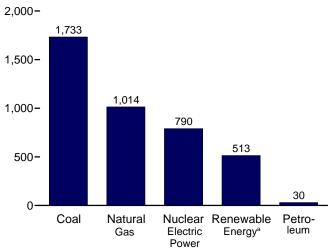
Sources: See end of section.

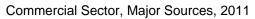
#### Figure 7.2 **Electricity Net Generation** (Billion Kilowatthours)

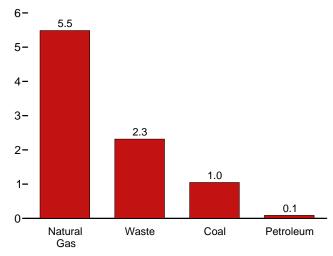
Total (All Sectors), Major Sources, 1989-2011 2,500-



#### Total (All Sectors), Major Sources, 2011



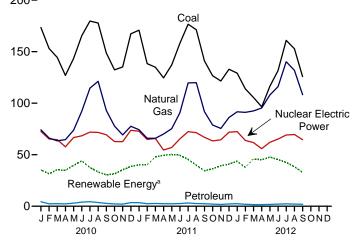




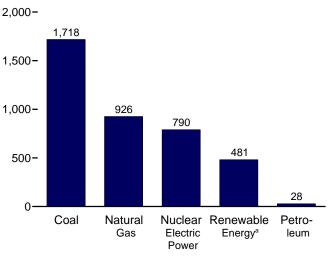
<sup>a</sup> Conventional hydroelectric power, wood, waste, geothermal, solar/PV, and wind.

<sup>b</sup> Blast furnace gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels.

Total (All Sectors), Major Sources, Monthly 200-



Electric Power Sector, Major Sources, 2011



Industrial Sector, Major Sources, 2011

81.9 80-60-40-26.7 20-14.5 8.6 1.9 0 Wood Coal Petroleum Natural Other Hydro-Gases <sup>b</sup> Gas electric

<sup>c</sup> Conventional hydroelectric power.

Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#electricity. Sources: Tables 7.2a-7.2c.

1.8

Power<sup>c</sup>

100 -

#### Table 7.2a Electricity Net Generation: Total (All Sectors)

(Sum of Tables 7.2b and 7.2c; Million Kilowatthours)

		Fossil	Fuels					-	Renewab	le Energy			
						Hvdro-	Conven- tional	Bior	nass				
	Coala	Petro- leum <sup>b</sup>	Natural Gas <sup>c</sup>	Other Gases <sup>d</sup>	Nuclear Electric Power	electric Pumped Storage <sup>e</sup>	Hydro- electric Power <sup>f</sup>	Wood <sup>g</sup>	Wasteh	Geo- thermal	Solar/ PV <sup>i</sup>	Wind	Total <sup>j</sup>
1973 Total 1975 Total 1980 Total	847,651 852,786 1,161,562	314,343 289,095 245,994	340,858 299,778 346,240	NA NA NA	83,479 172,505 251,116	(f) (f) (f)	275,431 303,153 279,182	130 18 275	198 174 158	1,966 3,246 5,073	NA NA NA	NA NA NA	1,864,057 1,920,755 2,289,600
1985 Total	1,402,128	100,202	291,946	NA	383,691	<u>(†)</u>	284,311	743	640	9,325	11	6	2,473,002
1990 Total <sup>k</sup> 1995 Total		126,460 74,554	372,765 496,058	10,383 13,870	576,862 673,402	-3,508 -2,725	292,866 310,833	32,522 36,521	13,260 20,405	15,434 13.378	367 497	2,789 3,164	3,037,827 3,353,487
1996 Total	1,795,196	81,411	455,056	14,356	674,729	-3,088	347,162	36,800	20,911	14,329	521	3,234	3,444,188
1997 Total	1,845,016	92,555	479,399	13,351	628,644	-4,040	356,453	36,948	21,709	14,726	511	3,288	3,492,172
1998 Total 1999 Total	1,873,516 1,881,087	128,800 118,061	531,257 556,396	13,492 14.126	673,702 728,254	-4,467 -6.097	323,336 319,536	36,338 37,041	22,448 22,572	14,774 14.827	502 495	3,026 4,488	3,620,295 3.694.810
2000 Total	1,966,265	111,221	601,038	13,955	753,893	-5,539	275,573	37,595	23,131	14,093	493	5,593	3,802,105
2001 Total	1,903,956	124,880	639,129	9,039	768,826	-8,823	216,961	35,200	14,548	13,741	543	6,737	3,736,644
2002 Total 2003 Total		94,567 119,406	691,006 649,908	11,463 15,600	780,064 763,733	-8,743 -8,535	264,329 275,806	38,665 37,529	15,044 15,812	14,491 14,424	555 534	10,354 11,187	3,858,452 3,883,185
2004 Total		121,145	710,100	15,252	788,528	-8,488	268,417	38,117	15,421	14,811	575	14,144	3,970,555
2005 Total		122,225	760,960	13,464	781,986	-6,558	270,321	38,856	15,420	14,692	550	17,811	4,055,423
2006 Total 2007 Total		64,166 65,739	816,441 896,590	14,177 13,453	787,219 806,425	-6,558 -6,896	289,246 247,510	38,762 39,014	16,099 16,525	14,568 14,637	508 612	26,589 34,450	4,064,702 4,156,745
2008 Total	1,985,801	46,243	882,981	11,707	806,208	-6,288	254,831	37,300	17,734	14,840	864	55,363	4,119,388
2009 Total	1,755,904	38,937	920,979	10,632	798,855	-4,627	273,445	36,050	18,443	15,009	891	73,886	3,950,331
2010 January	173,320	4,348	74,173	909	72,569	-565	22,383	3,126	1,503	1,312	10	6,854	360,957
February	153,044	2,373	66,198	825	65,245	-351	20,590	2,895	1,382	1,159	33 76	5,432	319,735
March April	144,406 126.952	2,470 2,286	63,431 64,644	1,010 943	64,635 57.611	-325 -335	20,886 19.097	3,090 2,932	1,592 1,558	1,307 1,240	112	8,589 9,764	312,168 287.800
May	143,272	2,994	73,665	1,017	66,658	-441	25,079	2,893	1,577	1,311	153	8,698	327,936
June	165,491	3,989	92,268	964	68,301	-472	29,854	3,094	1,627	1,264	176	8,049	375,759
July August	179,600 177,745	4,411 3,575	114,624 121,151	963 1,061	71,913 71,574	-557 -600	24,517 20,119	3,308 3,319	1,640 1.642	1,274 1,297	161 156	6,724 6,686	409,725 408.884
September	148,746	2,783	93,004	954	69,371	-421	17,265	3,157	1,575	1,253	138	7,106	346,045
October	132,270	2,228	77,738	808	62,751	-438	17,683	3,003	1,547	1,222	75	7,944	307,921
November December	135,185 167,258	2,079 3,523	69,227 77,573	907 952	62,655 73,683	-467 -530	19,562 23,169	3,080 3,275	1,625 1,650	1,252 1,330	77 44	9,748 9,059	306,010 362,119
Total	1,847,290	37,061	987,697	11,313	806,968	-5,501	260,203	37,172	18,917	15,219	1,212	94,652	4,125,060
2011 January	170,803	3,457	74,254	930	72,743	-426	25,531	3,290	1,515	1,351	40	8,550	363,105
February	138,311	2,434	65,924	807	64,789	-247	24,131	2,937	1,427	1,219	85	10,452	313,293
March April	134,845 124,488	2,692 2,424	65,947 70,029	945 918	65,662 54,547	-349 -466	31,134 31,194	3,081 2,798	1,565 1,503	1,342 1,243	122 164	10,545 12,422	318,710 302,400
May	137,102	2,378	75,243	875	57,013	-418	32,587	2,794	1,563	1,322	191	11,772	323,627
June	158,055	2,594	90,691	1,013	65,270	-567	32,151	3,230	1,632	1,218	223	10,985	367,727
July August	176,586 171,281	3,154 2,594	119,624 119,856	1,098 1.087	72,345 71,339	-708 -663	31,285 25,764	3,362 3,384	1,690 1,692	1,273 1,279	191 229	7,489 7,474	418,693 406,541
September	140,941	2,424	91,739	1,004	66,849	-553	21,378	3,178	1,589	1,229	186	6,869	337,961
October	126,627	2,062	78,819	941	63,337	-572	19,787	2,954	1,631	1,285	159	10,525	308,727
November December	121,463 132,929	1,783 2,186	75,441 86,122	943 1.005	64,474 71,837	-441 -496	20,681 23,732	3,088 3,353	1,684 1,731	1,275 1,329	107 121	12,439 10,656	304,119 335,753
Total		30,182	1,013,689	11,566	790,204	-5,905	319,355	37,449	19,222	15,364	1,818	120,177	4,100,656
2012 January	129,115	2,444	91,641	980	72,381	-330	23,359	3,366	1,629	1,415	86	13,806	340,919
February	113,908	1,926	91,091	1,005	63,847	-226	20,361	3,126	1,537	1,339	137	11,164	310,151
March	105,546	1,561	92,503	1,010	61,729	-268 -242	25,770	2,938	1,663	1,413	249	13,897	309,040
April May	96,466 116,345	1,564 1,727	95,346 107,927	980 969	55,871 62,081	-242 -343	26,136 28,542	2,666 2,997	1,668 1,713	1,335 1,422	346 511	12,812 12,573	295,940 337,530
June	131,569	2,056	116,015	945	65,140	-475	26,611	3,060	1,687	1,380	561	11,944	361,506
July	160,938	2,288	140,202	968	69,129	-587	26,758	3,296	1,769	1,421	522	8,724	416,515
August September	152,743 125,767	2,072 1.864	131,828 108,206	1,024 893	69,602 64,511	-496 -401	23,146 17.562	3,311 3,143	1,676 1,628	1,388 1,377	464 462	8,287 8,680	396,108 334,735
9-Month Total	1,132,394	17,503	974,758	8,774	584,292	-3,368	218,246	27,902	14,970	12,490	3,339	101,886	3,102,444
2011 9-Month Total	1,352,412	24,152	773,307	8,677	590,556	-4,397	255,155	28,054	14,175	11,475	1,431	86,557	3,152,056
2010 9-Month Total	1,412,577	29,231	763,159	8,646	607,879	-4,067	199,789	27,814	14,095	11,415	1,016	67,902	3,149,010

<sup>a</sup> Anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and coal

 <sup>a</sup> Anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and coal synfuel.
 <sup>b</sup> Distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, petroleum coke, jet fuel, kerosene, other petroleum, waste oil, and, beginning in 2011, propane.
 <sup>c</sup> Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels.
 <sup>d</sup> Blast furnace gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels. Through 2010, also includes propane gas.
 <sup>e</sup> Pumped storage facility production minus energy used for pumping.
 <sup>f</sup> Through 1989, hydroelectric pumped storage is included in "Conventional Hydroelectric Power."
 <sup>g</sup> Wood and wood-derived fuels.
 <sup>h</sup> Municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass. Through 2000, also includes non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels).

<sup>i</sup> Solar thermal and photovoltaic (PV) energy.
 <sup>j</sup> Includes batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, miscellaneous technologies, and, beginning in 2001, non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels).
 <sup>k</sup> Through 1988, all data except hydroelectric are for electric utilities only; hydroelectric data through 1988 include industrial plants as well as electric utilities. Beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities, independent power producers, commercial plants, and industrial plants.
 NA=Not available.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#electricity for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: See sources for Tables 7.2b and 7.2c.

#### Table 7.2b Electricity Net Generation: Electric Power Sector

(Subset of Table 7.2a; Million Kilowatthours)

		Fossil F	uels										
		Petro-	Natural	Other	Nuclear Electric	Hydro- electric Pumped	Conven- tional Hydro- electric	Biomass		Geo-	Solar/		
	Coala	leum <sup>b</sup>	Gas <sup>c</sup>	Gases <sup>d</sup>	Power	Storage <sup>e</sup>	Power <sup>f</sup>	Wood <sup>g</sup>	Wasteh	thermal	PV <sup>i</sup>	Wind	Total <sup>j</sup>
1973 Total 1975 Total	847,651 852,786	314,343 289,095	340,858 299,778	NA NA	83,479 172,505	{ f }	272,083 300,047	130 18	198 174	1,966 3,246	NA NA	NA NA	1,860,710 1,917,649
1980 Total	1,161,562	245,994	346,240	NA	251,116	<b>i</b> f	276,021	275	158	5,073	NA	NA	2,286,439
1985 Total 1990 Total <sup>k</sup>	<u>1,402,128</u> 1.572.109	<u>100,202</u> 118.864	291,946 309,486	NA 621	383,691 576,862	-3,508	281,149 289,753	743	<u>640</u> 11.500	<u>9,325</u> 15,434	<u>11</u> 367	2.789	2,469,841 2,901,322
1995 I otal	1,686,056	68,146	419,179	1,927	673,402	-2,725	305,410	7,597	17,986	13,378	497	3,164	3,194,230
1996 Total	1,771,973	74,783	378,757	1,341	674,729	-3,088	341,159	8,386	17,816	14,329	521	3,234	3,284,141
1997 Total 1998 Total	1,820,762 1,850,193	86,479 122,211	399,596 449,293	1,533 2,315	628,644 673,702	-4,040 -4,467	350,648 317,867	8,680 8,608	18,485 19,233	14,726 14,774	511 502	3,288 3.026	3,329,375 3,457,416
1999 Total	1,858,618	111,539	472,996	1,607	728,254	-6,097	314,663	8,961	19,493	14,827	495	4,488	3,529,982
2000 Total	1,943,111	105,192	517,978	2,028	753,893	-5,539	271,338	8,916	20,307	14,093	493	5,593	3,637,529
2001 Total	1,882,826	119,149	554,940 607,683	586	768,826 780,064	-8,823 -8,743	213,749 260,491	8,294 9,009	12,944 13,145	13,741	543 555	6,737 10,354	3,580,053 3,698,458
2002 Total 2003 Total	1,910,613 1,952,714	89,733 113,697	567,303	1,970 2,647	763,733	-8,535	200,491	9,009	13,145	14,491 14,424	535	11,187	3,090,450
2004 Total	1,957,188	114,678	627,172	3,568	788,528	-8,488	265,064	9,736	13,062	14,811	575	14,144	3,808,360
2005 Total	1,992,054	116,482	683,829	3,777	781,986	-6,558	267,040	10,570	13,031	14,692	550	17,811	3,902,192
2006 Total 2007 Total	1,969,737 1,998,390	59,708 61,306	734,417 814,752	4,254 4,042	787,219 806,425	-6,558 -6,896	286,254 245,843	10,341 10,711	13,927 14,294	14,568 14,637	508 612	26,589 34,450	3,908,077 4,005,343
2008 Total	1,968,838	42,881	802,372	3,200	806,208	-6,288	253,096	10,638	15,379	14,840	864	55,363	3,974,349
2009 Total		35,811	841,006	3,058	798,855	-4,627	271,506	10,738	15,954	15,009	891	73,886	3,809,837
2010 January	171,660	4,111	66,847	275	72,569	-565	22,207	1,011	1,294	1,312	10	6,853	348,128
February	151,461	2,166	59,556	247	65,245	-351	20,421	926	1,207	1,159	33	5,431	307,994
March	142,665 125,615	2,299 2,109	56,492 58,124	275 273	64,635 57,611	-325 -335	20,691 18,898	939 837	1,391 1,334	1,307 1,240	76 112	8,588 9,763	299,571 276,121
April May	141,669	2,109	56,862	273	66,658	-335 -441	24.903	830	1,359	1,240	153	9,763 8,696	315,656
June	163,912	3,792	85,033	265	68,301	-472	29,711	955	1,409	1,264	175	8,048	362,985
July	177,778	4,199	106,961	267	71,913	-557	24,405	1,061	1,419	1,274	161	6,723	396,195
August September	175,848 147,157	3,375 2,608	112,961 85,498	249 240	71,574 69,371	-600 -421	20,019 17,188	1,074 974	1,413 1,364	1,297 1,253	156 137	6,685 7,104	394,651 333,057
October	130.663	2,000	70.876	170	62,751	-438	17,561	887	1,330	1,200	75	7,942	295.646
November	133,815	1,879	62,305	219	62,655	-467	19,426	934	1,412	1,252	76	9,746	293,833
December	165,494 <b>1,827,738</b>	3,302 <b>34,679</b>	69,875 <b>901,389</b>	208 <b>2,967</b>	73,683 <b>806,968</b>	-530 <b>-5,501</b>	23,024 258,455	1,018 <b>11,446</b>	1,443 <b>16,376</b>	1,330 <b>15,219</b>	43 <b>1,206</b>	9,058 <b>94,636</b>	348,549 3,972,386
Total		,		,						,			
2011 January February	169,390 137,082	3,229 2,255	66,932 59,380	243 207	72,743 64,789	-426 -247	25,386 23,970	981 886	1,247 1,180	1,351 1,219	37 81	8,547 10,448	350,234 301,798
March	133,584	2,526	59,362	252	65,662	-349	30,945	897	1,299	1,342	116	10,540	306,808
April	123,272	2,257	63,257	244	54,547	-466	31,008	705	1,251	1,243	155	12,417	290,519
May	135,820 156,716	2,218 2,438	68,175 83,426	242 259	57,013 65,270	-418 -567	32,386 31,999	760 936	1,296 1,365	1,322 1,218	181 210	11,767 10,981	311,401 354,929
June July	175,129	2,430	03,420 111,502	259	72,345	-567	31,999	1,048	1,305	1,210	181	7,486	404,802
August	169,798	2,449	111,540	264	71,339	-663	25,666	1,038	1,407	1,279	218	7,471	392,471
September	139,648	2,272	84,300	252	66,849	-553	21,254	916	1,319	1,229	177	6,865	325,143
October November	125,442 120,323	1,894 1,632	71,962 68,262	240 227	63,337 64,474	-572 -441	19,660 20,533	807 800	1,354 1,403	1,285 1,275	151 103	10,519 12,431	296,704 291,657
December	131,686	2,025	78,193	247	71,837	-496	23,552	959	1,455	1,329	117	10,649	322,237
Total	1,717,891	28,202	926,290	2,939	790,204	-5,905	317,531	10,733	15,989	15,364	1,727	120,121	3,948,701
2012 January	127,857	2,144	83,819	237	72,381	-330	23,181	952	1,349	1,415	83	13,798	327,525
February	112,775	1,727	83,629	233	63,847	-226	20,201	879	1,264	1,339	132	11,157	297,543
March April	104,379 95,403	1,358 1,344	85,311 88,356	241 234	61,729 55,871	-268 -242	25,580 25,973	830 642	1,394 1,395	1,413 1,335	240 334	13,888 12,804	296,736 284,075
May	115,212	1,544	100,212	226	62,081	-242	28,357	802	1,395	1,422	493	12,565	324,644
June	130,371	1,842	108,256	228	65,140	-475	26,476	869	1,414	1,380	544	11,936	348,626
July	159,516	2,071	131,757	237	69,129	-587	26,646	989	1,467	1,421	506	8,719	402,532
August September	151,372 124,585	1,813 1.626	123,795 100.681	244 225	69,602 64,511	-496 -401	23,045 17,467	1,016 892	1,379 1,348	1,388 1,377	451 447	8,282 8,675	382,523 322.061
9-Month Total	1,121,470	15,467	905,816	2,105	584,292	-3,368	216,926	7,872	12,436	12,490	3,229	101,823	2,986,265
2011 9-Month Total 2010 9-Month Total	1,340,441	22,651 27,460	707,873 698,333	2,225 2,371	590,556 607,879	-4,397 -4,067	253,786 198,444	8,167 8,607	11,777 12,191	11,475 11,415	1,356 1,012	86,521 67,890	3,038,103 3,034,358

<sup>a</sup> Anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and coal

 <sup>a</sup> Anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and coal synfuel.
 <sup>b</sup> Distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, petroleum coke, jet fuel, kerosene, other petroleum, waste oil, and, beginning in 2011, propane.
 <sup>c</sup> Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels.
 <sup>d</sup> Blast furnace gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels. Through 2010, also includes propane gas.
 <sup>e</sup> Pumped storage facility production minus energy used for pumping.
 <sup>f</sup> Through 1989, hydroelectric pumped storage is included in "Conventional Hydroelectric Power."
 <sup>g</sup> Wood and wood-derived fuels.
 <sup>h</sup> Municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass. Through 2000, also includes non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels). tire-derived fuels).

<sup>i</sup> Solar thermal and photovoltaic (PV) energy. <sup>j</sup> Includes batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, miscellaneous technologies, and, beginning in 2001, non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels). <sup>k</sup> Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only. Beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers. NAE-Not available.

NA=Not available. Notes: • The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#electricity for all available data beginning in 1973. Sources: See end of section.

#### Table 7.2c Electricity Net Generation: Commercial and Industrial Sectors

		Com	mercial Se	ectora	Industrial Sector <sup>b</sup>								
		<b>D</b> (	Network	Biomass			Detre	Natural	Other	Hydro-	Biomass		
	Coalc	Petro- leum <sup>d</sup>	Natural Gas <sup>e</sup>	Waste <sup>f</sup>	Total <sup>g</sup>	Coalc	Petro- leum <sup>d</sup>	Gas <sup>e</sup>	Other Gases <sup>h</sup>	electric Power <sup>i</sup>	Wood <sup>j</sup>	Waste <sup>f</sup>	Total <sup>k</sup>
1973 Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3,347	NA	NA	3,347
1975 Total	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	3,106	NA NA	NA NA	3,106 3,161
1980 Total 1985 Total	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3,161 3.161	NA	NA	3,161
1990 Total	796	589	3,272	812	5,837	21,107	7,008	60,007	9,641	2,975	25,379	949	130,830
1995 Total	998	379	5,162	1,519	8,232	22,372	6,030	71,717	11,943	5,304	28,868	900	151,025
1996 Total	1,051	369	5,249	2,176	9,030	22,172	6,260	71,049	13,015	5,878	28,354	919	151,017
1997 Total	1,040	427	4,725	2,342	8,701	23,214	5,649	75,078	11,814	5,685	28,225	882	154,097
1998 Total	985	383	4,879	2,335	8,748	22,337	6,206	77,085	11,170	5,349	27,693	880	154,132
1999 Total 2000 Total	995 1,097	434 432	4,607 4,262	2,393 1,985	8,563 7,903	21,474 22,056	6,088 5,597	78,793 78,798	12,519 11,927	4,758 4,135	28,060 28,652	686 839	156,264 156,673
2000 Total	995	438	4,202	1,905	7,416	20,135	5,293	79,755	8,454	3,145	26,888	596	149,175
2002 Total	992	431	4,310	1,053	7,415	21,525	4,403	79,013	9,493	3,825	29,643	846	152,580
2003 Total	1,206	423	3,899	1,289	7,496	19,817	5,285	78,705	12,953	4,222	27,988	715	154,530
2004 Total	1,340	499	3,969	1,562	8,270	19,773	5,967	78,959	11,684	3,248	28,367	797	153,925
2005 Total	1,353	375	4,249	1,657	8,492	19,466	5,368	72,882	9,687	3,195	28,271	733	144,739
2006 Total	1,310 1,371	235 189	4,355 4,257	1,599 1,599	8,371	19,464 16,694	4,223 4,243	77,669 77,580	9,923 9,411	2,899 1,590	28,400 28,287	572 631	148,254 143,128
2007 Total 2008 Total	1,261	142	4,257	1,539	8,273 7,926	15,703	3,219	76,421	8,507	1,676	26,207	821	137,113
2009 Total	1,096	163	4,225	1,748	8,165	13,686	2,963	75,748	7,574	1,868	25,292	740	132,329
2010 January	116	13	367	137	709	1,544	225	6,959	634	169	2,114	72	12,120
February	102	11	339	111	623	1,481	197	6,303	578	162	1,967	64	11,118
March	91	8	351	134	661	1,649	163	6,588	735	188	2,149	67	11,936
April May	80 84	9 12	326 326	144 149	645 666	1,258 1.519	169 181	6,194 6,477	669 738	187 164	2,094 2.061	80 69	11,034 11,614
June	97	10	350	149	699	1,482	187	6,885	700	132	2,001	68	12,075
July	110	18	459	146	812	1,713	194	7,205	696	107	2,246	75	12,718
August	105	11	490	152	838	1,792	189	7,701	812	99	2,243	78	13,395
September	89	9	421	148	750	1,499	165	7,085	713	76	2,182	62	12,238
October	80	7	419	133	712	1,527	184	6,443	637	117	2,114	84	11,562
November December	69 88	4 12	401 476	134 136	683 793	1,301 1,677	196 209	6,520 7,223	688 744	130 134	2,145 2,255	79 71	11,493 12,777
Total	1,111	124	4,725	1,672	8,592	18,441	<b>2</b> ,258	81,583	8,343	1,668	2,255 25,706	869	144,082
2011 January	108	21	421	186	817	1,304	207	6,901	687	143	2,307	82	12,054
February	104	11	367	169	725	1,125	168	6,177	600	160	2,048	78	10,770
March	100 77	7 4	373 357	188 179	753 706	1,161 1.139	160 163	6,212 6,416	693 674	187 184	2,181 2.090	78 73	11,149 11.175
April May	82	4 5	471	202	867	1,139	156	6,597	633	198	2,090	66	11,359
June	90	3	463	200	860	1,249	152	6.802	753	150	2,292	67	11,938
July	104	7	605	205	1,023	1,353	141	7,517	836	109	2,312	71	12,868
August	94	7	571	210	985	1,389	138	7,745	823	96	2,343	76	13,085
September	84	7 6	487	195	870	1,209	145	6,953	752	122	2,260	75	11,948
October November	65 62	6 7	438 437	190 195	799 800	1,120 1,077	162 143	6,419 6,742	700 715	126 146	2,146 2,286	86 86	11,224 11,663
December	78	6	499	195	874	1,165	145	7.429	758	178	2,200	81	12.642
Total	1,049	89	5,487	2,315	10,080	14,490	1,891	81,911	8,624	1,799	26,691	917	141,875
2012 January	84	7	528	203	913	1,175	294	7,293	743	175	2,412	77	12,480
February	78	5	499	202	875	1,055	194	6,963	771	157	2,246	72	11,733
March	70 64	5 6	476 468	199 202	853 843	1,097 998	197 214	6,716 6,522	769 745	186 160	2,106 2,022	70 72	11,452 11,022
April May	64 70	6	400	202	643 880	1,063	180	6,522 7,235	745	182	2,022	72	12,006
June	68	10	493	202	880	1,130	204	7,266	742	131	2,183	71	12,000
July	78	12	553	219	980	1,344	205	7,892	731	109	2,304	82	13,003
August	71	10	498	220	917	1,299	249	7,535	779	97	2,293	77	12,669
September 9-Month Total	58 641	8 68	480 <b>4,474</b>	211 <b>1,868</b>	869 <b>8,010</b>	1,124 <b>10,283</b>	231 <b>1,969</b>	7,045 <b>64,467</b>	668 <b>6,666</b>	92 1,289	2,249 <b>20,012</b>	69 <b>666</b>	11,805 <b>108,169</b>
2011 9-Month Total 2010 9-Month Total	843 875	71 101	4,113 3,429	1,735 1,269	7,607 6,403	11,128 13,937	1,430 1,669	61,321 61,397	6,450 6,273	1,349 1,286	19,867 19,191	664 635	106,346 108,250

(Subset of Table 7.2a; Million Kilowatthours)

<sup>a</sup> Commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only

plants. <sup>b</sup> Industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and industrial electricity-only

plants. <sup>c</sup> Anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and coal synfuel. <sup>d</sup> Distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, petroleum coke, jet fuel, kerosene, other

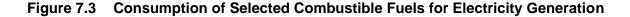
<sup>6</sup> Distillate fuel oil, residual ruer oil, petroleum coke, jet fuel, kerosene, other petroleum, waste oil, and, beginning in 2011, propane.
 <sup>6</sup> Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels.
 <sup>f</sup> Municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass. Through 2000, also includes non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and fuel fuel during fuel).

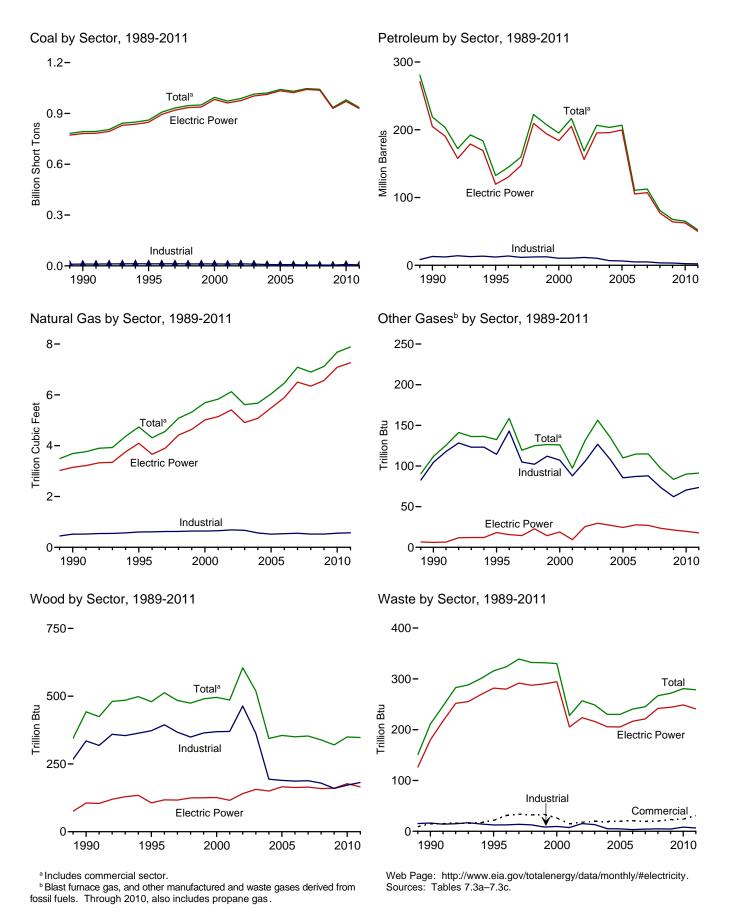
<sup>9</sup> Includes a small amount of conventional hydroelectric power, other gases, photovoltaic (PV) energy, wind, wood, and other, which are not separately displayed.

 $^{\rm h}$  Blast furnace gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels. Through 2010, also includes propane gas.

 <sup>1</sup> Conventional hydroelectric power.
 <sup>1</sup> Konventional hydroelectric power.
 <sup>1</sup> Wood and wood-derived fuels.
 <sup>k</sup> Includes photovoltaic (PV) energy, wind, batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, miscellaneous technologies, and, beginning in 2001, non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels). NA=Not available.

NA=Not available. Notes: • See Note, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#electricity for all available data beginning in 1973. Sources: See end of section.





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				Petroleum					Bion	nass	
	Coala	Distillate Fuel Oil <sup>b</sup>	Residual Fuel Oil <sup>c</sup>	Other Liquids <sup>d</sup>	Petroleum Coke <sup>e</sup>	Total <sup>e</sup>	Natural Gas <sup>f</sup>	Other Gases <sup>g</sup>	Wood <sup>h</sup>	Waste <sup>i</sup>	Other <sup>j</sup>
	Thousand Short Tons	т	nousand Barre	els	Thousand Short Tons	Thousand Barrels	Billion Cubic Feet		Trillio	n Btu	
1973 Total	389.212	47.058	513.190	NA	507	562.781	3.660	NA	1	2	NA
1975 Total	405,962	38,907	467,221	NA	70	506,479	3,158	NA	(s)	2	NA
1980 Total	569,274	29,051	391,163	NA	179	421,110	3,682	NA	3	2	NA
1985 Total 1990 Total <sup>k</sup>	<u>693,841</u> 792,457	<u>14,635</u> 18,143	<u>158,779</u> 190.652	<u>NA</u> 437	<u>231</u> 1.914	<u>174,571</u> 218,800	3,044 3,692	<u>NA</u> 112	442	211	<u>NA</u> 36
1995 Total	860,594	19,615	95,507	680	3,355	132,578	4,738	133	480	316	42
1996 Total	907,209	20,252	106,055	1,712	3,322	144,626	4,312	159	513	324	37
1997 Total	931,949	20,309	118,741	237	4,086	159,715	4,565	119	484	339	36
1998 Total	946,295 949.802	25,062 25.951	172,728 158,187	549 974	4,860 4,552	222,640	5,081	125 126	475 490	332 332	30 41
1999 Total 2000 Total	994,933	31,675	143,381	1,450	4,552 3,744	207,871 195,228	5,322 5,691	126	490	332	41
2001 Total	972,691	31,150	165,312	855	3,871	216,672	5,832	97	486	228	160
2002 Total	987,583	23,286	109,235	1,894	6,836	168,597	6,126	131	605	257	191
2003 Total	1,014,058	29,672	142,518	2,947	6,303	206,653	5,616	156	519	249	193
2004 Total	1,020,523	20,163	142,088	2,856	7,677	203,494	5,675	135	344	230	183
2005 Total	1,041,448 1,030,556	20,651	141,518 58,473	2,968 2,174	8,330 7,363	206,785	6,036 6,462	110 115	355 350	230 241	173 172
2006 Total 2007 Total	1,030,556	13,174 15,683	56,475 63,833	2,174 2,917	6,036	110,634 112,615	7,089	115	350	241	168
2008 Total	1,042,335	12,832	38,191	2,822	5,417	80,932	6,896	97	339	267	172
2009 Total	934,683	12,658	28,576	2,328	4,821	67,668	7,121	84	320	272	170
2010 January	90,767	2,485	2,860	241	433	7,751	570	7	30	22	15
February	80,209	869	1,075	212	404	4,174	502	6	28	20	13
March	76,544	785	1,245	147	438	4,370	479	8	29	24	15
April May	67,037 76,061	726 1,050	1,160 1,997	126 121	382 415	3,923 5,244	494 582	8 8	27 27	23 24	15 15
June	87,395	1,244	3,087	154	493	6,950	731	8	29	24	16
July	94,993	1,347	3,681	200	524	7,849	923	8	31	24	16
August	94,786	1,093	2,987	164	423	6,358	972	8	32	24	16
September	79,573	905	1,789	151	394	4,813	723	8	30	23	16
October	70,918	787 876	1,113 982	129 143	362 317	3,840	594 519	6 7	28 29	23 24	15 15
November December	72,756 88,645	1.883	2,021	266	408	3,588 6,210	591	8	29 31	24 24	16
Total	979,684	14,050	23,997	2,056	4,994	65,071	7,680	90	350	281	184
2011 January	90,208	1,347	1,723	255	552	6,086	564	7	31	22	16
February	73,614	913	1,020	144	431	4,230	505	6	28	21	15
March	72,645	907	1,113	140	517	4,746	503	7	29	23	17
April May	67,128 73,522	1,005 973	1,333 1,230	111 88	336 357	4,130 4,078	546 599	7 7	25 26	22 23	17 18
June	84.156	968	1,230	138	432	4,078	727	8	30	23	18
July	94.304	1.138	1.550	238	510	5.476	967	9	31	25	19
August	92,297	831	1,313	146	464	4,610	951	9	32	25	18
September	76,790	736	942	156	454	4,105	712	8	30	23	17
October	69,605 67.059	753 768	938 917	143 147	338 257	3,522 3,115	600 568	7 8	27 28	24 24	17 17
November December	67,059 73.610	768 892	917 922	147	257	3,115	568 642	8	28 31	24 25	17
Total	934,938	11,231	14,251	1,844	5,012	52,387	7,884	91	348	279	205
2012 January	70,846	816	994	78	465	4,213	675	8	33	22	15
February	62,906	689	760	118	354	3,340	673	8	31	21	14
March	57,442	599	875	128	234	2,771	702	8	28	23	15
April	51,893	789 907	799	141	202 245	2,741	742 844	8 8	26 29	23 24	14 16
May June	62,978 71,750	907 899	839 1.299	166 177	245 265	3,138 3,698	844 911	8	29 30	24 23	16
July	86.667	894	1,299	174	205	4,131	1,123	8	30	23	16
August	82,862	723	1,143	154	319	3,617	1,034	8	33	23	16
September	69,490	681	836	112	313	3,196	834	7	31	22	15
9-Month Total	616,834	6,997	9,153	1,248	2,689	30,844	7,539	71	273	205	135
2011 9-Month Total 2010 9-Month Total	724,664 747,365	8,818 10,504	11,474 19,881	1,417 1,517	4,053 3,906	41,974 51,433	6,074 5,976	68 69	261 261	206 210	153 138

#### **Consumption of Combustible Fuels for Electricity Generation:** Table 7.3a Total (All Sectors) (Sum of Tables 7.3b and 7.3c)

<sup>a</sup> Anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and coal

<sup>a</sup> Anthractie, bituminous coal, subblutiminous coal, ingine, waste coal, and coal synfuel.
 <sup>b</sup> Fuel oil nos. 1, 2, and 4. For 1973-1979, data are for gas turbine and internal combustion plant use of petroleum. For 1980-2000, electric utility data also include small amounts of kerosene and jet fuel.
 <sup>c</sup> Fuel oil nos. 5 and 6. For 1973-1979, data are for steam plant use of the local sector of the sector of th

petroleum. For 1980-2000, electric utility data also include a small amount of fuel oil no. 4. d Jet fuel, kerosene, other petroleum liquids, waste oil, and, beginning in 2011,

<sup>a</sup> Jet fuel, kerosene, otner petroleum liquids, waste oli, and, beginning in 2011, propane.
 <sup>b</sup> Petroleum coke is converted from short tons to barrels by multiplying by 5.
 <sup>f</sup> Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels.
 <sup>g</sup> Blast furnace gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels. Through 2010, also includes propane gas.
 <sup>h</sup> Wood and wood-derived fuels.
 <sup>i</sup> Municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass. Through 2000, also includes

non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and

Inter-derived fuels). I Batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, miscellaneous technologies, and, beginning in 2001, non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels). K Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only. Beginning in 1989, data are

for electric utilities, independent power producers, commercial plants, and industrial plants

plants.
 NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.
 Notes: • Data are for fuels consumed to produce electricity. Data also include fuels consumed to produce useful thermal output at a small number of electric utility combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants.
 • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
 • Geographic coverage is the 50 States coverage is the 50 States

and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#electricity for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: See sources for Tables 7.3b and 7.3c.

				Petroleum					Bion	nass	
	Coal <sup>a</sup>	Distillate Fuel Oil <sup>b</sup>	Residual Fuel Oil <sup>c</sup>	Other Liquids <sup>d</sup>	Petroleum Coke <sup>e</sup>	Total <sup>e</sup>	Natural Gas <sup>f</sup>	Other Gases <sup>g</sup>	Wood <sup>h</sup>	Waste <sup>i</sup>	Other <sup>j</sup>
	Thousand Short Tons	Tł	ousand Barre	ls	Thousand Short Tons	Thousand Barrels	Billion Cubic Feet		Trillio	n Btu	
1973 Total 1975 Total 1980 Total 1985 Total	389,212 405,962 569,274	47,058 38,907 29,051	513,190 467,221 391,163	NA NA NA	507 70 179	562,781 506,479 421,110	3,660 3,158 3,682	NA NA NA	(s) 3	2 2 2	NA NA NA
1985 Total           1990 Total k           1990 Total           1995 Total           1996 Total           1997 Total           1997 Total           1998 Total           2000 Total           2000 Total           2001 Total           2002 Total           2003 Total           2004 Total           2005 Total           2006 Total           2007 Total           2008 Total           2008 Total           2009 Total	693,841 781,301 847,854 894,400 919,009 934,126 937,888 982,713 961,523 975,251 1,003,036 1,012,459 1,023,867 1,022,802 1,041,346 1,036,891 929,692	14,635 16,394 18,066 18,472 18,646 23,875 29,722 29,056 21,810 27,441 18,793 19,450 12,578 15,135 12,318 11,848	158,779 183,285 88,895 98,795 112,423 165,875 151,921 138,047 159,150 104,577 137,361 138,831 138,337 56,347 62,072 37,222 27,768	NA 25 441 567 130 411 514 403 374 1,243 1,937 2,511 2,591 1,783 2,496 2,608 2,110	231 1,008 2,452 2,467 3,201 3,999 3,607 3,155 3,308 5,705 5,719 7,135 7,877 7,877 7,877 6,905 5,523 5,523 5,500 4,485	174,571 204,745 119,663 130,168 147,202 209,447 194,345 205,119 156,154 195,336 195,809 199,760 105,235 107,316 777,149 64,151	3,044 3,147 4,094 3,660 3,903 4,416 4,644 5,014 5,142 5,408 4,909 5,075 5,485 5,881 6,542 6,542 6,542	NA 6 18 16 14 23 14 19 9 25 30 27 24 28 27 23 23 21	8 106 107 117 125 125 125 126 116 141 156 163 163 163 165 159 160	7 180 282 280 292 292 294 205 224 216 206 205 216 221 242 244	NA (s) 2 1 2 1 1 109 137 136 131 116 117 117 122 115
2010 January February March April June July August September October November December Total	90,080 79,537 75,772 66,559 75,311 86,725 94,194 93,922 78,881 70,205 72,206 87,854 <b>971,245</b>	2,441 833 756 695 1,021 1,220 1,306 880 762 849 1,847 <b>13,677</b>	2,804 1,023 1,214 1,132 1,964 3,063 2,962 1,760 1,076 949 1,973 <b>23,560</b>	219 196 130 112 104 137 185 149 136 112 125 244 <b>1,848</b>	404 379 415 360 390 463 495 392 371 337 290 383 <b>4,679</b>	7,482 3,946 4,176 3,741 5,040 6,733 7,610 6,136 4,628 3,634 3,634 3,373 5,978 <b>62,477</b>	519 456 432 449 536 681 869 915 671 547 473 538 <b>7,085</b>	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 0	16 15 15 14 15 15 16 15 13 15 16 177	20 18 21 20 21 22 22 21 20 21 20 21 20 21 22 249	9 8 9 9 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
2011 January February April May June July August September October Docember December Total	89,681 73,167 72,148 66,643 73,010 83,622 93,724 91,707 76,286 69,165 66,642 73,063 <b>928,857</b>	1,314 886 882 989 955 951 1,117 812 714 727 745 868 <b>10,961</b>	1,660 977 1,082 1,302 1,226 1,224 1,223 1,524 1,227 915 906 889 891 <b>13,861</b>	238 127 124 96 72 123 223 130 140 128 132 123 <b>1,655</b>	524 409 312 333 409 491 440 428 312 232 339 <b>4,726</b>	5,833 4,033 4,563 3,948 3,899 4,344 5,317 4,430 3,911 3,321 2,926 3,579 <b>50,105</b>	512 459 457 498 548 675 909 893 659 551 518 586 <b>7,265</b>	1 2 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 8	15 14 14 12 14 16 16 14 13 2 15 <b>166</b>	19 18 20 21 21 21 21 20 20 20 20 20 20 21 22 24	10 10 11 11 12 12 12 12 12 11 11 11 12 <b>132</b>
2012 January February March April June July August September 9-Month Total	70,382 62,486 57,010 51,504 62,569 71,310 86,138 82,344 69,048 <b>612,790</b>	797 674 582 766 885 871 867 696 656 <b>6,795</b>	958 725 845 773 808 1,276 1,579 1,119 812 <b>8,896</b>	62 102 119 113 158 159 166 147 101 <b>1,127</b>	382 306 183 153 215 237 247 247 <b>2,165</b>	3,727 3,032 2,463 2,415 2,831 3,380 3,796 3,195 2,807 <b>27,646</b>	620 621 652 693 789 856 1,063 977 781 <b>7,053</b>	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 3	15 14 12 10 13 13 15 15 15 14 <b>120</b>	19 17 20 21 20 21 20 19 <b>178</b>	11 10 10 11 11 12 11 11 <b>97</b>
2011 9-Month Total 2010 9-Month Total	719,987 740,980	8,621 10,218	11,175 19,562	1,273 1,367	3,842 3,669	40,279 49,492	5,610 5,528	13 16	125 133	178 186	99 86

#### Table 7.3b Consumption of Combustible Fuels for Electricity Generation: Electric Power Sector (Subset of Table 7.3a)

 $^{\rm a}\,$  Anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and coal

<sup>a</sup> Anthracite, bituminous coal, succession and succession and an antibacteristic synthel.
 <sup>b</sup> Fuel oil nos. 1, 2, and 4. For 1973-1979, data are for gas turbine and internal combustion plant use of petroleum. For 1980-2000, electric utility data also include small amounts of kerosene and jet fuel.
 <sup>c</sup> Fuel oil nos. 5 and 6. For 1973-1979, data are for steam plant use of petroleum. For 1980-2000, electric utility data also include a small amount of fuel oil no. 4.

di Ino. 4. <sup>d</sup> Jet fuel, kerosene, other petroleum liquids, waste oil, and, beginning in 2011,

<sup>a</sup> Jet fuel, kerosene, other petroleum liquids, waste oil, and, beginning in 2011, propane.
 <sup>e</sup> Petroleum coke is converted from short tons to barrels by multiplying by 5.
 <sup>f</sup> Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels.
 <sup>g</sup> Blast funace gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels. Through 2010, also includes propane gas.
 <sup>h</sup> Wood and wood-derived fuels.
 <sup>i</sup> Municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass. Through 2000, also includes non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and

tire-derived fuels).

tire-derived fuels). <sup>J</sup> Batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, miscellaneous technologies, and, beginning in 2001, non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels). <sup>k</sup> Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only. Beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu. Notes: • Data are for fuels consumed to produce electricity. Data also include fuels consumed to produce useful thermal output at a small number of electric utility combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants. • The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#electricity for all available data beginning in 1973. Sources: See end of section.

		Commerci	ial Sector <sup>a</sup>				Indu	strial Sector	b		
			Network	Biomass			Natural	Other	Bion	nass	
	Coal <sup>c</sup>	Petroleum <sup>d</sup>	Natural Gas <sup>e</sup>	Waste <sup>f</sup>	Coalc	Petroleum <sup>d</sup>	Natural Gas <sup>e</sup>	Other Gases <sup>g</sup>	Wood <sup>h</sup>	Waste <sup>f</sup>	Other <sup>i</sup>
	Thousand Short Tons	Thousand Barrels	Billion Cubic Feet	Trillion Btu	Thousand Short Tons	Thousand Barrels	Billion Cubic Feet		Trillior	n Btu	
1989 Total	414	1,165	18	9	9,707	8,482	444	83	267	15	37
1990 Total	417	953	28	15	10,740	13,103	517	104	335	16	36
1995 Total 1996 Total	569 656	649 645	43 42	21 31	12,171 12,153	12,265 13,813	601 610	114 143	373 394	13 13	40 35
1997 Total	630	790	39	34	12,311	11,723	623	105	367	14	36
1998 Total	440 481	802 931	41 39	32 33	11,728 11,432	12,392 12,595	625 639	102 112	349 364	13 8	35 39
1999 Total 2000 Total	514	823	39	26	11,706	10,459	640	107	369	10	45
2001 Total	532	1,023	36	15	10,636	10,530	654	88	370	7	44
2002 Total	477 582	834 894	33 38	18 19	11,855 10,440	11,608 10.424	685 668	106 127	464 362	15 13	43 46
2003 Total 2004 Total	377	766	33	19	7,687	6,919	566	108	194	5	40
2005 Total	377	585	34	20	7,504	6,440	518	85	189	5	46
2006 Total 2007 Total	347 361	333 258	35 34	21 19	7,408 5,089	5,066 5,041	536 554	87 88	187 188	3 4	45 41
2008 Total	369	166	33	20	5,075	3,617	520	73	179	5	39
2009 Total	317	190	34	23	4,674	3,328	520	62	160	4	42
2010 January	32	18	3	2	654	252	48	5	14	1	4
February March	28 26	16 12	3 3	2 2	643 746	212 182	43 44	5 6	13 14	1	4
April	23	11	3	2	456	171	42	6	14	1	4
May	23	14	3 3	2	727	190	44 47	6	14 14	1	4
June July	27 30	13 26	3 4	2 2	643 769	204 213	47 50	6 6	14	1	5 5
August	29	15	4	2	835	207	53	7	15	1	5
September	26	13	3 3	2	666	171	48	6	15	1	5 5
October November	23 21	11 7	3	2 2	690 529	195 208	44 43	5 6	14 14	1	5
December	26	15	4	2	765	217	48	6	15	1	5
Total	314	172	39	24	8,125	2,422	555	70	172	8	55
2011 January	40 39	27 16	4 3	3	487 409	226 180	48 43	6 5	16 14	1	4
February March	39 37	16	3	2 3	409	173	43	5 5	14	1	4 5
April	25	5	3	2	460	177	45	6	14	1	5
May	25 27	5 5	4 4	3 3	487	174	47 48	6 7	14 16	1	5 5
June July	32	5 14	4 5	3	507 548	165 145	40 53	7	16	1	5 5
August	29	12	5	3	562	168	54	7	16	1	5
September	26 21	13 10	4 4	3 3	479 419	181 191	49 45	6 6	15 15	1	4 5
October November	21	11	4	3	397	179	47	6	15	1	5
December	26	9	4	3	521	187	51	6	16	1	5
Total	347	137	47	31	5,735	2,145	572	74	182	7	57
2012 January	29 27	9 7	4 4	3 3	435 393	476 301	50 48	6 7	18 17	1 1	3 3
February March	27	8	4	3	407	300	40	7	17	1	3
April	22	10	4	2	366	316	45	6	16	1	3
May	24 26	9 15	4 4	3 2	385 413	298 303	51 51	6 6	17 17	1	3 3
June July	26 30	15	4 5	23	500	303	55	6 6	17	1	3
August	28	16	4	2	491	407	53	7	18	1	3
September 9-Month Total	24 236	12 <b>103</b>	4 37	3 23	418 3,809	377 <b>3,096</b>	50 <b>450</b>	6 58	17 <b>154</b>	1 5	3 27
						,					
2011 9-Month Total 2010 9-Month Total	279 244	108 139	35 28	23 18	4,398 6,140	1,588 1,802	429 420	55 53	135 128	5	43 41

#### Table 7.3c Consumption of Selected Combustible Fuels for Electricity Generation: Commercial and Industrial Sectors (Subset of Table 7.3a)

<sup>a</sup> Commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only plants. <sup>b</sup> Industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and industrial electricity-only

plants. <sup>c</sup> Anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and coal

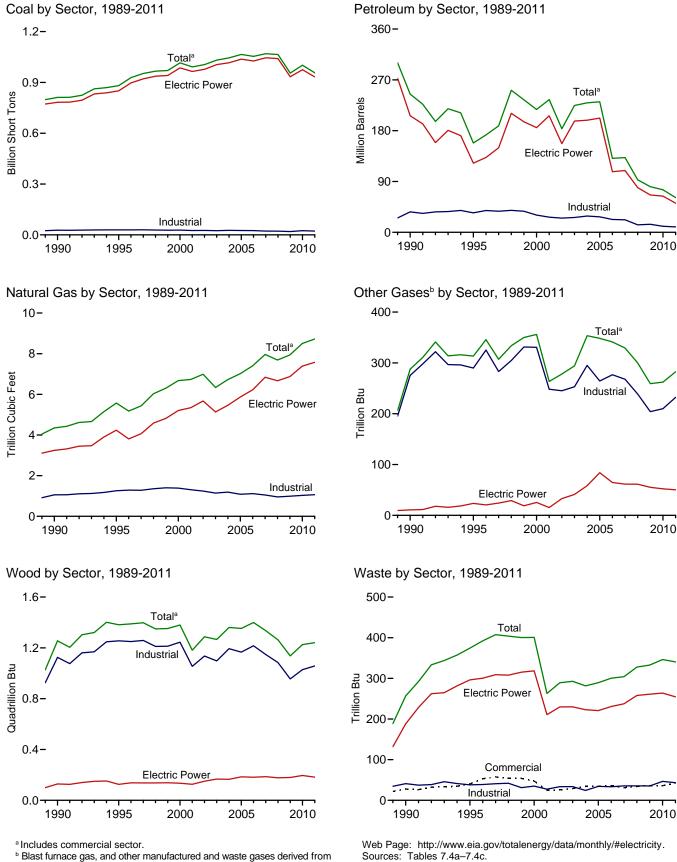
Anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and coal synfuel.
 d Distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, petroleum coke, jet fuel, kerosene, other petroleum, waste oil, and, beginning in 2011, propane.
 e Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels.
 f Municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass. Through 2000, also includes non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and fueld).

<sup>9</sup> Blast furnace gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels.
 <sup>n</sup> Wood and wood-derived fuels.

<sup>i</sup> Batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, miscellaneous technologies, and, beginning in 2001, non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels).
 Notes: • Data are for fuels consumed to produce electricity. Through 1988, data are not available. • See Note, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia

components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
 Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#electricity for all available data beginning in 1989.
 Sources: • **1989-1997**: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-8607, "Annual Nonutility Power Producer Report." • **1998-2000**: EIA, Form EIA-8608, "Annual Electric Generator Report.—Nonutility." • **2001-2003**: EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report." • **2004-2007**: EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report." • **2004-2007**: EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report." • **2008 forward**: EIA, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."





<sup>b</sup> Blast furnace gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels. Through 2010, also includes propane gas.

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				Petroleum					Bion	nass	
	Coala	Distillate Fuel Oil <sup>b</sup>	Residual Fuel Oil <sup>c</sup>	Other Liquids <sup>d</sup>	Petroleum Coke <sup>e</sup>	Total <sup>e</sup>	Natural Gas <sup>f</sup>	Other Gases <sup>g</sup>	Wood <sup>h</sup>	Waste <sup>i</sup>	Other <sup>j</sup>
	Thousand Short Tons	т	nousand Barre	ls	Thousand Short Tons	Thousand Barrels	Billion Cubic Feet		Trillio	n Btu	
1973 Total	389,212	47,058	513,190	NA	507	562,781	3,660	NA	1	2	NA
1975 Total	405,962	38,907	467,221	NA	70	506,479	3,158	NA	0	2	NA
980 Total 985 Total	569,274 693,841	29,051 14,635	391,163 158,779	NA NA	179 231	421,110 174,571	3,682 3,044	NA NA	3 8	2	NA NA
990 Total <sup>k</sup>	811,538	20,194	209,081	1,332	2,832	244,765	4,346	288	1,256	257	86
995 Total	881,012	21,697	112,168	1,322	4,590	158,140	5,572	313	1,382	374	97
996 Total	928,015 952,955	22,444 22.893	124,607 134.623	2,468 526	4,596 6.095	172,499 188.517	5,178 5.433	346 307	1,389 1.397	392 407	91 103
998 Total	966.615	30.006	189.267	1.230	6.196	251.486	6.030	334	1,349	407	95
999 Total	970,175	30,616	172,319	1,812	5,989	234,694	6,305	350	1,352	400	101
2000 Total	1,015,398	34,572	156,673	2,904	4,669	217,494	6,677	356	1,380	401	109
2001 Total	991,635 1,005,144	33,724 24,749	177,137 118,637	1,418 3,257	4,532 7,353	234,940 183,409	6,731 6.986	263 278	1,182 1,287	263 289	229 252
2002 Total 2003 Total	1,031,778	31,825	152,859	4,576	7,067	224,593	6,337	278	1,267	209	252
2004 Total	1,044,798	23,520	157,478	4,764	8,721	229,364	6,727	353	1,360	282	254
2005 Total	1,065,281	24,446	156,915	4,270	9,113	231,193	7,021	348	1,353	289	237
2006 Total	1,053,783	14,655	69,846	3,396	8,622	131,005	7,404	341	1,399	300	247
2007 Total 2008 Total	1,069,606 1,064,503	17,042 14,137	74,616 43,477	4,237 3,765	7,299 6,314	132,389 92,948	7,962 7,689	329 300	1,336 1,263	304 328	239 212
2009 Total	955,190	14,800	33,672	3,218	5,828	80,830	7,938	259	1,137	333	228
2010 January	92,738	2,643	3,212	338	525	8,819	643	21	103	29	18
February	82,029	978	1,397	286	497	5,143	566	19	96	26	17
March	78,383 69,179	866 837	1,439 1,355	207 176	522 458	5,124 4,656	547 556	23 22	103 98	30 29	19 19
April May	77,725	1,111	2,221	176	458 500	4,656	556 647	22	98 98	29 29	20
June	89,063	1,295	3,291	204	586	7,721	796	23	101	29	21
July	96,783	1,455	3,921	244	613	8,684	997	22	105	29	21
August	96,593	1,185	3,190	206	510	7,132	1,047	23	106	29	21
September October	81,250 72,571	961 871	2,006 1,370	191 186	475 453	5,534 4,693	791 662	22 20	103 101	27 29	20 20
November	74,496	1.017	1,370	204	403	4,503	586	20	101	29 30	20
December	90,600	2,029	2,332	361	499	7,218	665	23	109	30	21
Total	1,001,411	15,247	26,944	2,777	6,053	75,231	8,502	262	1,226	346	237
2011 January	92,292 75,447	1,411 986	2,123	329 213	645 521	7,087 5,052	636 570	23 22	111 99	28 26	20 19
February March	75,447 74,514	965 965	1,247 1,327	213	521 603	5,052 5,506	570	22	99 104	20 28	22
April	68,841	1,034	1,537	166	428	4,876	610	22	96	26	21
May	75,298	1,016	1,416	146	452	4,838	666	23	95	27	22
June	85,881	1,001	1,450	191	521	5,246	794	24	104	28	23
July August	96,128 94,103	1,169 855	1,738 1,515	292 204	599 545	6,194 5,298	1,045 1.030	25 25	107 107	29 29	24 23
September	78.479	770	1,136	204	545	4.837	782	23	107	28	23
October	71,317	797	1,147	201	429	4,289	666	24	100	30	22
November	68,748	805	1,118	201	345	3,848	636	23	103	30	22
December Total	75,422 956,470	926 <b>11,735</b>	1,123 <b>16,877</b>	189 <b>2,540</b>	460 <b>6,092</b>	4,537 <b>61,610</b>	718 <b>8,724</b>	24 <b>282</b>	111 <b>1,241</b>	31 <b>340</b>	23 <b>261</b>
2012 January	72,795	847	1,188	131	561	4,970	755	26	109	28	18
February	64,604	710	892	168	449	4,015	746	25	101	26	16
March	59,142	626	994	198	360	3,617	775	27	96	29	17
April	53,407 64.678	814 938	920 991	219 206	317 355	3,538 3,909	814 917	25 26	91 100	27 29	17 18
May June	64,678 73.344	938 943	1.458	206 234	355	3,909 4,458	917 987	26 25	100	29 28	18
July	88,319	937	1,767	205	385	4,836	1,203	25	105	29	18
August	84,597	754	1,303	180	412	4,297	1,113	26	103	28	18
September 9-Month Total	71,050 631,936	705 <b>7,274</b>	973 10,485	146 <b>1,687</b>	406 <b>3,609</b>	3,854 <b>37,493</b>	908 <b>8,218</b>	23 228	101 <b>907</b>	27 <b>252</b>	17 <b>156</b>
							,	211	926		
2011 9-Month Total 2010 9-Month Total	740,984 763,744	9,207 11,330	13,489 22,031	1,949 2,027	4,858 4,686	48,935 58,817	6,704 6,590	211 198	926 913	250 257	194 177

#### Table 7.4a Consumption of Combustible Fuels for Electricity Generation and Useful Thermal Output: Total (All Sectors) (Sum of Tables 7.4b and 7.4c)

<sup>a</sup> Anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and coal

synfuel. <sup>b</sup> Fuel oil nos. 1, 2, and 4. Through 2000, electric utility data also include small amounts of kerosene and jet fuel. <sup>c</sup> Fuel oil nos. 5 and 6. Through 2000, electric utility data also include a small

amount of fuel oil no. 4.  $^{\rm d}$  Jet fuel, kerosene, other petroleum liquids, waste oil, and, beginning in 2011,

Propane. <sup>e</sup> Petroleum coke is converted from short tons to barrels by multiplying by 5.

<sup>e</sup> Petroleum coke is converted from short tons to barrels by multiplying by 5.
 <sup>f</sup> Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels.
 <sup>g</sup> Blast furnace gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels. Through 2010, also includes propane gas.
 <sup>h</sup> Wood and wood-derived fuels.
 <sup>i</sup> Municipal colid waste from biogenic sources. landfill gas, sludge waste,

<sup>11</sup> Wood and wood-derived rules. <sup>1</sup> Municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass. Through 2000, also includes

non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and

non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels). <sup>j</sup> Batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, miscellaneous technologies, and, beginning in 2001, non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels). <sup>k</sup> Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only. Beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities, independent power producers, commercial plants, and industrial plants. NA=Not available.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#electricity for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: See sources for Tables 7.4b and 7.4c.

				Petroleum					Bion	nass	
	Coala	Distillate Fuel Oil <sup>b</sup>	Residual Fuel Oil <sup>c</sup>	Other Liquids <sup>d</sup>	Petroleum Coke <sup>e</sup>	Total <sup>e</sup>	Natural Gas <sup>f</sup>	Other Gases <sup>g</sup>	Wood <sup>h</sup>	Waste <sup>i</sup>	Other <sup>j</sup>
	Thousand Short Tons	т	nousand Barre	els	Thousand Short Tons	Thousand Barrels	Billion Cubic Feet		Trillio	n Btu	
1973 Total 1975 Total 1980 Total	389,212 405,962 569,274	47,058 38,907 29,051	513,190 467,221 391,163	NA NA NA	507 70 179	562,781 506,479 421,110	3,660 3,158 3,682	NA NA NA	(s) 1 3	2 2 2	NA NA NA
1985 Total 1990 Total <sup>k</sup> 1995 Total 1996 Total	693,841 782,567 850,230 896,921	<u>14,635</u> 16,567 18,553 18,780	<u>158,779</u> 184,915 90,023 99,951	<u>NA</u> 26 499 653	231 1,008 2,674 2,642	<u>174,571</u> 206,550 122,447 132,593	3,044 3,245 4,237 3,807	<u>NA</u> 11 24 20	8 129 125 138	7 188 296 300	<u>NA</u> (s) 2 2
1997 Total 1998 Total 1999 Total 2000 Total	921,364 936,619 940,922 985,821	18,989 23,300 24,058 30,016	113,669 166,528 152,493 138,513	152 431 544 454	3,372 4,102 3,735 3,275	149,668 210,769 195,769 185,358	4,065 4,588 4,820 5,206	24 29 19 25	137 137 138 134	309 308 315 318	1 2 1 1
2001 Total 2002 Total 2003 Total 2004 Total 2005 Total	964,433 977,507 1,005,116 1,016,268 1,037,485	29,274 21,876 27,632 19,107 19,675	159,504 104,773 138,279 139,816 139,409	377 1,267 2,026 2,713 2,685	3,427 5,816 5,799 7,372 8,083	206,291 156,996 196,932 198,498 202,184	5,342 5,672 5,135 5,464 5,869	15 33 41 58 84	126 150 167 165 185	211 230 230 223 221	113 143 140 138 123
2006 Total 2007 Total 2008 Total 2008 Total 2009 Total	1,026,636 1,045,141 1,040,580 933,627	12,646 15,327 12,547 12,035	57,345 63,086 38,241 28,782	1,870 2,594 2,670 2,210	7,101 5,685 5,119 4,611	107,365 109,431 79,056 66,081	6,222 6,841 6,668 6,873	65 61 61 55	182 186 177 180	231 237 258 261	125 124 131 124
2010 January February March	90,452 79,884 76,110	2,459 851 759	2,887 1,061 1,256	222 219 131	413 389 427	7,636 4,076 4,281	546 480 457	5 4 5	17 16 16	21 20 22	10 9 10
April May June July	66,842 75,597 87,030 94,519	699 1,023 1,222 1,309	1,214 2,055 3,147 3,730 3.051	112 104 137 185	369 400 471 503 394	3,871 5,181 6,860 7,742	471 560 706 897 943	5 5 5 5	15 14 16 17	21 22 23 23 23	10 10 11 11
August September October November December	94,247 79,176 70,492 72,514 88,189	1,068 883 772 890 1.854	3,051 1,845 1,161 1,035 2.062	149 136 112 126 245	394 372 346 301 391	6,236 4,726 3,773 3,557 6,118	943 697 570 497 564	4 4 3 4 4	18 16 15 16 17	23 22 22 23 23	11 10 10 10 10
Total	975,052	13,790	24,503	1,877	4,777	64,055	7,387	52	196	264	124
2011 January February March April	90,021 73,474 72,458 66,930	1,322 911 885 991	1,745 1,024 1,153 1,384	239 127 124 96	529 417 506 321	5,953 4,148 4,692 4,078	540 484 482 521	4 4 5 4	17 16 15 12	21 19 21 20	11 10 12 12
May June July August	73,338 83,908 94,037 92,012	957 954 1,120 816	1,286 1,303 1,609 1,375	72 123 223 130	344 419 501 451	4,034 4,474 5,458 4,575	572 699 939 921	4 4 4 4	13 16 17 17	21 22 22 22	12 12 13 13
September October November December Total	76,569 69,458 66,919 73,359 <b>932,484</b>	716 730 748 870 <b>11,021</b>	1,002 990 968 965 <b>14,803</b>	140 128 134 123 <b>1,658</b>	439 319 241 350 <b>4,837</b>	4,052 3,445 3,052 3,707 <b>51,667</b>	684 575 543 614 <b>7,574</b>	4 4 4 50	15 14 14 16 <b>182</b>	21 22 23 <b>25</b>	12 12 12 12 12 <b>142</b>
2012 January February March	70,720 62,755 57,300	800 676 585	1,050 787 895	63 102 119	393 317 194	3,877 3,149 2,568	648 648 677	4 4 4	16 15 14	21 19 21	12 10 11
April May June	51,751 62,868 71,595 86,429	769 890 874 871	836 889 1,362 1.656	113 158 159 166	162 207 221 246	2,526 2,971 3,497 3.922	720 817 885 1.093	4 4 4 4	11 13 15 16	20 22 21 22	11 12 12 12
July August September <b>9-Month Total</b>	86,429 82,643 69,321 <b>615,383</b>	699 659 <b>6,822</b>	1,656 1,199 889 <b>9,561</b>	166 147 101 <b>1,128</b>	246 256 257 <b>2,251</b>	3,922 3,324 2,933 <b>28,765</b>	1,093 1,007 807 <b>7,302</b>	4 4 37	16 16 15 <b>132</b>	22 21 20 <b>188</b>	12 12 11 <b>104</b>
2011 9-Month Total 2010 9-Month Total	722,748 743,857	8,672 10,274	11,881 20,245	1,273 1,395	3,927 3,739	41,464 50,607	5,842 5,756	38 41	138 147	188 196	107 92

#### Table 7.4b Consumption of Combustible Fuels for Electricity Generation and Useful Thermal Output: Electric Power Sector (Subset of Table 7.4a)

<sup>a</sup> Anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and coal

<sup>a</sup> Anthracite, bitummous coar, second and an antipage of the second and an antipage of the second and the second

propane.

propane.
 Petroleum coke is converted from short tons to barrels by multiplying by 5.
 Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels.
 Blast furnace gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels. Through 2010, also includes propane gas.
 <sup>h</sup> Wood and wood-derived fuels.
 <sup>i</sup> Municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass. Through 2000, also includes non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and

tire-derived fuels)

tire-derived fuels). <sup>J</sup> Batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, miscellaneous technologies, and, beginning in 2001, non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels). <sup>k</sup> Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only. Beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu. Notes: • The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricy and heat, to the public. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#electricity for all available data beginning in 1973. Sources: See end of section.

		Commerci	ial Sectora				Indu	strial Sector	b		
				Biomass				-	Biom	ass	
	Coalc	Petroleumd	Natural Gas <sup>e</sup>	Wastef	Coalc	Petroleumd	Natural Gas <sup>e</sup>	Other Gases <sup>g</sup>	Wood <sup>h</sup>	Wastef	Other <sup>i</sup>
	Thousand Short Tons	Thousand Barrels	Billion Cubic Feet	Trillion Btu	Thousand Short Tons	Thousand Barrels	Billion Cubic Feet		Trillion	Btu	
1989 Total	1,125	1,967	30	22	24,867	25,444	914	195	926	35	85
1990 Total 1995 Total	1,191 1.419	2,056 1,245	46 78	28 40	27,781 29.363	36,159 34,448	1,055 1,258	275 290	1,125 1.255	41 38	86 95
1996 Total	1,660	1,245	82	40 53	29,303	38.661	1,230	325	1,255	39	89
1997 Total	1,738	1,584	87	58	29,853	37,265	1,282	283	1,259	41	102
1998 Total	1,443	1,807	87	54	28,553	38,910	1,355	305	1,211	42	93
1999 Total 2000 Total	1,490 1,547	1,613 1,615	84 85	54 47	27,763 28,031	37,312 30,520	1,401 1,386	331 331	1,213 1,244	31 35	99 108
2001 Total	1,448	1,832	79	25	25,755	26,817	1,310	248	1,054	27	101
2002 Total	1,405	1,250	74	26	26,232	25,163	1,240	245	1,136	34	92
2003 Total	1,816	1,449	58	29	24,846	26,212	1,144	253	1,097	34	103
2004 Total 2005 Total	1,917 1.922	2,009 1.630	72 68	34 34	26,613 25,875	28,857 27,380	1,191 1,084	295 264	1,193 1,166	24 34	94 94
2005 Total	1,922	935	68	34	25,875	22,706	1,084	204	1,100	34	102
2007 Total	1,927	752	70	31	22,537	22,207	1,050	268	1,148	36	98
2008 Total	2,021	671	66	34	21,902	13,222	955	239	1,084	35	60
2009 Total	1,798	521	76	36	19,766	14,228	990	204	955	35	82
2010 January	193	55	7	3	2,094	1,128	90	17	86	4	6
February	167 149	47 26	7 7	3	1,978 2,124	1,021 817	80 84	15 18	79 86	4 4	7
March April	149	20	6	3	2,124	761	64 79	18	83	4 5	7
May	118	28	6	4	2,010	796	82	18	83	3	7
June	135	26	6	3	1,898	835	84	18	85	3	8
July	142	59	8	3	2,122	883	91	17	88	3	8
August September	152 133	46 27	9 7	3 3	2,194 1.941	849 780	95 87	19 18	88 87	3 3	8
October	133	21	7	3	1,958	899	84	17	86	5	8
November	128	22	7	3	1,854	924	82	17	86	5	8
December	165	55	8	3	2,246	1,045	92	19	91	4	8
Total	1,720	437	86	36	24,638	10,740	1,029	210	1,029	47	91
2011 January	189	103	7	3	2,082	1,031	90	18	94	4	7
February March	173 164	48 26	6 6	3	1,800 1,891	856 788	81 82	18 19	83 88	4 4	7
April	124	20	6	3	1,091	791	83	18	84	3	8
May	124	12	7	4	1,836	791	87	19	82	3	8
June	130	9	7	4	1,843	764	88	20	88	3	8
July	145 129	23 20	9 9	4	1,946 1,962	714 703	97 99	20 20	90 90	3	9
August September	129	20	9	4	1,962	703	99 91	20	90 88	3	87
October	110	14	7	4	1,748	830	85	20	86	4	8
November	117	28	7	4	1,712	767	86	19	90	5	8
December	139	19	8 87	4 43	1,923	812	96	20	95	4 43	8 94
Total	1,668	333	87	43	22,319	9,610	1,063	232	1,057	43	94
2012 January	162	27	9	4	1,913	1,065	98	21	93	4	4
February March	141 135	20 23	8 8	4	1,708 1,707	847 1.026	90 90	21 22	86 82	4	3
April	115	16	7	3	1,542	997	87	21	80	4	3
May	121	17	7	4	1,689	921	93	22	87	4	4
June	114	29	8	3	1,634	932	94	21	85	3	4
July	118 126	38 32	8 8	4 3	1,773 1,827	876 942	101 98	21 22	89 86	4 4	4
August September	126	32 25	8	3	1,827	942 896	98	22 19	86 85	4	4
9-Month Total	1,148	226	71	32	15,405	8,502	845	190	774	32	33
2011 9-Month Total	1,301	271	65	32	16,935	7,200	797	173	787	30	69
2010 9-Month Total	1,306	339	63	28	18,581	7,872	771	157	765	33	67

#### Table 7.4c Consumption of Selected Combustible Fuels for Electricity Generation and Useful Thermal Output: Commercial and Industrial Sectors (Subset of Table 7.4a)

<sup>a</sup> Commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only

plants. <sup>b</sup> Industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and industrial electricity-only plants. <sup>c</sup> Anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and coal

Antimactie, biturninous coal, subbiturninous coal, lightle, waste coal, and coal synfuel.
 <sup>d</sup> Distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, petroleum coke, jet fuel, kerosene, other petroleum, waste oil, and, beginning in 2011, propane.
 <sup>e</sup> Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels.
 <sup>f</sup> Municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass. Through 2000, also includes non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and fuel).

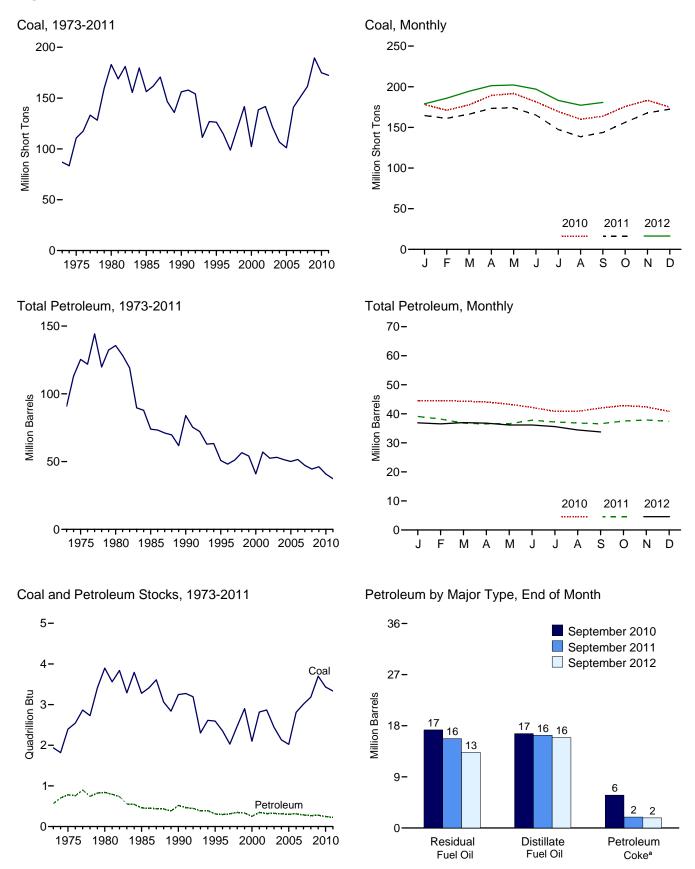
<sup>g</sup> Blast furnace gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels. Through 2010, also includes propane gas.

h Wood and wood-derived fuels.

<sup>h</sup> Wood and wood-derived fuels. <sup>i</sup> Batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, miscellaneous technologies, and, beginning in 2001, non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels). Notes: • See Note, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#electricity for all available data berginging in 1980.

Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#electricity for all available data beginning in 1989. Sources: • **1989-1997**: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-867, "Annual Nontuility Power Producer Report." • **1998-2000**: EIA, Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generator Report.—Nonutility." • **2001-2003**: EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report." • **2004-2007**: EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-920, "Combined Heat and Power Plant Report." • **2008 forward:** EIA, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

# Figure 7.5 Stocks of Coal and Petroleum: Electric Power Sector



<sup>a</sup> Converted from short tons to barrels by multiplying by 5. Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#electricity.

Sources: Tables 7.5, A1, and A5 (column 6).

				Petroleum		
	Coal <sup>a</sup>	Distillate Fuel Oilb	Residual Fuel Oil <sup>c</sup>	Other Liquids <sup>d</sup>	Petroleum Coke <sup>e</sup>	Total <sup>e</sup>
	Thousand Short Tons		Thousand Barrels		Thousand Short Tons	Thousand Barrel
973 Year	86,967	10,095	79,121	NA	312	90,776
975 Year		16,432	108,825	NA	31	125,413
980 Year		30.023	105.351	NA	52	135,635
985 Year		16.386	57.304	NA	49	73.933
		16,380	67.030	NA	49 94	83.970
990 Year						
995 Year		15,392	35,102	NA	65	50,821
996 Year		15,216	32,473	NA	91	48,146
997 Year	98,826	15,456	33,336	NA	469	51,138
998 Year	120,501	16,343	37,451	NA	559	56,591
999 Year <sup>f</sup>	141,604	17,995	34,256	NA	372	54,109
000 Year		15,127	24,748	NA	211	40,932
001 Year	138,496	20,486	34,594	NA	390	57,031
02 Year		17,413	25,723	800	1.711	52,490
		19.153	25.820	779	1,484	53.170
03 Year	121,507					
004 Year		19,275	26,596	879	937	51,434
005 Year	101,137	18,778	27,624	1,012	530	50,062
006 Year	140,964	18,013	28,823	1,380	674	51,583
007 Year	151,221	18,395	24,136	1,902	554	47,203
008 Year	161,589	17,761	21,088	1.955	739	44,498
009 Year		17,886	19,068	2,257	1,394	46,181
10 January	178.091	17.193	18.035	2.198	1.406	44.454
February		17,409	18,532	2,222	1,280	44,562
March		17,353	18.679	2,222	1,240	44,337
April		17,295	18,353	2,228	1,243	44,090
May		17,185	17,935	2,235	1,188	43,294
June		17,040	17,411	2,172	1,117	42,209
July	169,504	16,917	16,441	2,268	1,046	40,856
August	159,987	16,737	16,288	2,292	1,112	40,878
September		16,608	17.269	2.330	1,158	41,996
October		16,698	17,781	2,377	1,197	42,840
November	183,389	17,024	17,492	2,410	1,098	42,414
			16,629	2,410		40,800
December	174,917	16,758	10,029	2,319	1,019	40,000
11 January		16,613	16,012	2,492	799	39,111
February		16,565	15,552	2,545	707	38,198
March		16,367	15,405	2,546	495	36,794
April	173,427	16,153	15,181	2,561	526	36,525
May	174,093	15,997	15,209	2,539	563	36,558
June		16,379	16,359	2,601	496	37,820
July		16,170	16,111	2,622	463	37,218
August		16,162	15,843	2.631	437	36.822
September		16.311	15,726	2,628	385	36,593
October		16,567	16,044	2,681	440	37,495
November		16,729	15,964	2,744	494	37,906
December	172,387	16,649	15,491	2,707	508	37,387
12 January		16,712	15,232	2,735	443	36,893
February		16,532	15,121	2,778	420	36,532
March		16,423	15,244	2,815	500	36,984
April		16,325	15.082	2,856	507	36,795
May		16.232	14,747	2,830	459	36,147
		16,152	14,747	2,872	459 519	36,147
June						
July		16,581	13,728	2,941	474	35,617
August		16,023	13,509	2,840	413	34,439
September	180,648	15,920	13,317	2.748	358	33,773

#### Table 7.5 Stocks of Coal and Petroleum: Electric Power Sector

<sup>a</sup> Anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, and lignite.
 <sup>b</sup> Fuel oil nos. 1, 2 and 4. For 1973-1979, data are for gas turbine and internal combustion plant stocks of petroleum. For 1980-2000, electric utility data also include small amounts of kerosene and jet fuel.
 <sup>c</sup> Fuel oil nos. 5 and 6. For 1973-1979, data are for steam plant stocks of petroleum. For 1980-2000, electric utility data also include a small amount of fuel oil no.

oil no. 4. <sup>d</sup> Jet fuel and kerosene. Through 2003, data also include a small amount of

waste oil.

Petroleum coke is converted from short tons to barrels by multiplying by 5.
 <sup>f</sup> Through 1998, data are for electric utilities only. Beginning in 1999, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers.

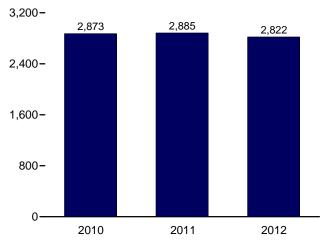
NA=Not available. Notes: • The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public. • Stocks are at end of period. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#electricity for all

Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#electricity for all available data beginning in 1973. Sources: • **1973-September 1977**: Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • **October 1977-1981**: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • **1989-1997**: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • **1989-1997**: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • **1989-1997**: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • **1989-2000**: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • **1989-2000**: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • **1998-2000**: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • **1998-2000**: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • **1998-2000**: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • **1908-2000**: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • **2004-2007**: EIA, Form EIA-966, "Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-920, "Combined Heat and Power Plant Report." • **2008 forward**: EIA, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

#### Figure 7.6 Electricity End Use (Billion Kilowatthours)

Electricity End Use Overview, 1989-2011

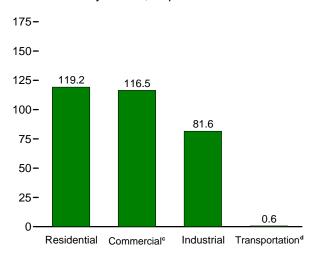
5,000-4,000-Total 3,000-Retail Sales<sup>a</sup> 2,000-1,000 -Direct Useb 0 -1995 2000 2005 2010 1990 Retail Sales<sup>a</sup> by Sector, 1973-2011 1,500-Residential, Industrial 1,000-Commercial 500 Transportation<sup>6</sup> 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010



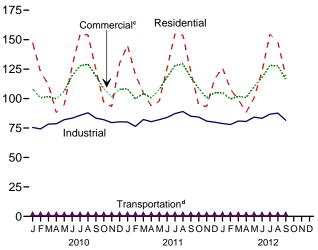
 <sup>a</sup> Electricity retail sales to ultimate customers reported by utilities and other energy service providers.
 <sup>b</sup> See "Direct Use" in Glossary.

° Commercial sector, including public street and highway lighting, inter-

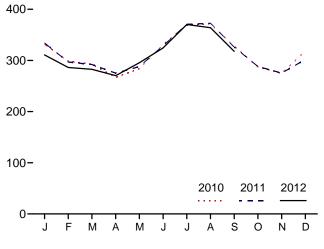
Retail Sales<sup>a</sup> by Sector, September 2012



Retail Sales<sup>a</sup> by Sector, Monthly



Retail Sales<sup>a</sup> Total, Monthly



departmental sales, and other sales to public authorites. <sup>d</sup> Transportation sector, including sales to railroads and railways. Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#electricity. Source: Table 7.6.

# Retail Sales<sup>a</sup> Total, January-September

#### Table 7.6 Electricity End Use

(Million Kilowatthours)

			Retail Sales <sup>a</sup>					Discont Retail Sale	
	Residential	Commercialb	Industrialc	Transpor- tation <sup>d</sup>	Total Retail Sales <sup>e</sup>	Direct Use <sup>f</sup>	Total End Use <sup>g</sup>	Commercial (Old) <sup>h</sup>	Other (Old) <sup>i</sup>
1973 Total	579.231	<sup>E</sup> 444.505	686.085	<sup>E</sup> 3.087	1,712,909	NA	1.712.909	388.266	59.326
975 Total	588,140	<sup>E</sup> 468,296	687,680	<sup>E</sup> 2,974	1,747,091	NA	1,747,091	403,049	68,222
980 Total	717,495	558,643	815,067	3,244	2,094,449	NA	2,094,449	488,155	73,732
985 Total	793,934	689,121	836,772	4,147	2,323,974	NA	2,323,974	605,989	87,279
990 Total	924.019	838.263	945.522	4.751	2,712.555	124.529	2.837.084	751.027	91.988
995 Total	1,042,501	953,117	1,012,693	4.975	3,013,287	150,677	3,163,963	862,685	95.407
996 Total	1,082,512	980,061	1,033,631	4.923	3,101,127	152,638	3,253,765	887,445	97,53
997 Total	1,075,880	1,026,626	1,038,197	4,907	3,145,610	156,239	3,301,849	928,633	102,90
998 Total	1,130,109	1,077,957	1,051,203	4.962	3,264,231	160,866	3,425,097	979,401	103,51
999 Total	1.144.923	1.103.821	1.058.217	5.126	3.312.087	171.629	3,483,716	1,001,996	106.952
000 Total	1,192,446	1,159,347	1,064,239	5,382	3,421,414	170,943	3,592,357	1,055,232	109,490
001 Total	1,201,607	1,190,518	996,609	5,724	3,394,458	162,649	3,557,107	1,083,069	113,174
002 Total	1,265,180	1,204,531	990,238	5,517	3,465,466	166,184	3,631,650	1,104,497	105,552
003 Total	1,275,824	1,198,728	1,012,373	6,810	3,493,734	168,295	3,662,029		
004 Total	1,291,982	1,230,425	1,017,850	7,224	3,547,479	168,470	3,715,949		
005 Total	1,359,227	1,275,079	1,019,156	7,506	3.660.969	150,016	3,810,984		
006 Total	1,351,520	1,299,744	1,011,298	7,358	3,669,919	146,927	3,816,845		
007 Total	1.392.241	1,336,315	1,027,832	8,173	3,764,561	125,670	3.890.231		
008 Total	1,379,981	1,335,981	1,009,300	7,700	3,732,962	132,197	3,865,159		
009 Total	1,364,474	1,307,168	917,442	7,781	3,596,865	126,938	3,723,803		
010 January	147,500	108,120	75,506	715	331,841	E 11,084	342,925		
February	122,840	100,747	74,164	689	298,440	E 10,144	308,585		
March	111,790	101,756	78,303	656	292,505	E 10,884	303,389		
April	88,046	99,791	78,597	600	267,034	E 10,091	277,125		
May	94,843	106,176	82,088	606	283,712	E 10,611	294,323		
June	127,496	119,388	83,347	658	330,889	E 11,037	341,927		
July	154,688	127,925	85,725	667	369,006	E 11,690	380,696		
August	154,053	129,143	87,904	628	371,728	E 12,298	384,026		
September	124,582	119,137	83,353	639	327,711	E 11,221	338,932		
October	96,688	108,461	82,046	615	287,811	E 10,605	298,416		
November	93,166	101,524	79,575	607	274,871	E 10,520	285,392		
December	130,015	108,031	80,264	633	318,943	<sup>E</sup> 11,725	330,668		
Total	1,445,708	1,330,199	970,873	7,712	3,754,493	131,910	3,886,403		
D11 January February	145,054 120,121	<sup>R</sup> 108,243 <sup>R</sup> 99,789	<sup>R</sup> 80,077 <sup>R</sup> 76,332	710 637	<sup>R</sup> 334,084 <sup>R</sup> 296,879	<sup>E</sup> 11,245 <sup>E</sup> 10,042	<sup>R</sup> 345,329 <sup>R</sup> 306,922		
March	104.921	104.263	<sup>R</sup> 82,196	664	<sup>R</sup> 292,044	E 10,398	<sup>R</sup> 302,442		
April	93,700	100,505	<sup>R</sup> 80,356	629	R 275,190	E 10,380	R 285,570		
May	97,688	<sup>R</sup> 107,624	<sup>R</sup> 82.095	619	<sup>R</sup> 288,026	E 10,681	R 298,707		
June	125,983	118,169	<sup>R</sup> 83,941	643	<sup>R</sup> 328,736	E 11.181	R 339,917		
July	154,729	<sup>R</sup> 128,063	<sup>R</sup> 87,245	650	<sup>R</sup> 370,686	E 12,136	<sup>R</sup> 382,822		
August	153,739	<sup>R</sup> 129,371	<sup>R</sup> 89,014	625	<sup>R</sup> 372,749	E 12,292	<sup>R</sup> 385,041		
September	122,720	<sup>R</sup> 117,951	<sup>R</sup> 84.959	634	<sup>R</sup> 326,263	E 11,199	<sup>R</sup> 337,462		
October	94,585	<sup>R</sup> 108.655	<sup>R</sup> 84.287	616	<sup>R</sup> 288,144	E 10.504	<sup>R</sup> 298.647		
November	93,220	100,552	<sup>R</sup> 80.858	590	<sup>R</sup> 275,220	E 10,888	<sup>R</sup> 286,108		
December	116.341	<sup>R</sup> 104,873	<sup>R</sup> 79.956	656	R 301.826	E 11,808	<sup>R</sup> 313,634		
Total	1,422,801	1,328,057	991,316	7,672	3,749,846	132,754	3,882,600		
012 January	126,208	105,118	78,821	666	310,813	<sup>E</sup> 11,702	322,515		
February	107,951	99,682	77,898	646	286,177	<sup>E</sup> 11,014	297,191		
March	99,153	101,930	80,911	619	282,613	E 10,750	293,363		
April	88,300	100,839	80,604	604	270,348	<sup>⊨</sup> 10,366	280,713		
May	100,478	110,062	84,273	606	295,420	<sup>E</sup> 11,258	306,678		
June	122,992	117,651	83,202	610	324,455	<sup>E</sup> 11,252	335,708		
July	154,649	128,157	86,762	642	370,210	E 12,216	382,426		
August	147,991	127,713	87,629	650	363,984	E 11,869	375,853		
September 9-Month Total	119,201 <b>1,066,922</b>	116,483 <b>1,007,636</b>	81,560 <b>741,662</b>	628 <b>5,672</b>	317,873 <b>2,821,893</b>	<sup>E</sup> 11,073 <sup>E</sup> 101,499	328,945 <b>2,923,392</b>		
			,	,		,			
011 9-Month Total	1,118,655	1,013,977	746,214	5,810	2,884,656	E 99,554	2,984,211		
010 9-Month Total	1,125,839	1,012,183	728,988	5,857	2,872,868	E 99,060	2,971,928		

Electricity retail sales to ultimate customers reported by electric utilities and, beginning in 1996, other energy service providers.
 <sup>D</sup> Commercial sector, including public street and highway lighting, interdepartmental sales, and other sales to public authorities.
 <sup>C</sup> Industrial sector. Through 2002, excludes agriculture and irrigation; beginning in 2003, includes agriculture and irrigation.
 <sup>d</sup> Transportation sector, including sales to raileade and still.

In 2003, includes agriculture and irrigation. <sup>d</sup> Transportation sector, including sales to railroads and railways. <sup>e</sup> The sum of "Residential," "Commercial," "Industrial," and "Transportation." <sup>f</sup> Use of electricity that is 1) self-generated, 2) produced by either the same entity that consumes the power or an affiliate, and 3) used in direct support of a service or industrial process located within the same facility or group of facilities that house the generating equipment. Direct use is exclusive of station use. <sup>g</sup> The sum of "Total Retail Sales" and "Direct Use."

h "Commercial (Old)" is a discontinued series-data are for the commercial

<sup>h</sup> "Commercial (Old)" is a discontinued series—data are for the commercial sector, excluding public street and highway lighting, interdepartmental sales, and other sales to public authorities.
 <sup>i</sup> "Other (Old)" is a discontinued series—data are for public street and highway lighting, interdepartmental sales, other sales to public authorities, agriculture and irrigation, and transportation including railroads and railways.
 R=Revised. E=Estimate. NA=Not available. - - = Not applicable.
 Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
 Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#electricity for all available data beginning in 1973.
 Sources: See end of section.

# Electricity

Note. Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors. The U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA) classifies power plants (both electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power plants) into energy-use sectors based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), which replaced the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system in 1997. Plants with a NAICS code of 22 are assigned to the Electric Power Sector. Those with NAICS codes beginning with 11 (agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting); 21 (mining, including oil and gas extraction); 23 (construction); 31-33 (manufacturing); 2212 (natural gas distribution); and 22131 (water supply and irrigation systems) are assigned to the Industrial Sector. Those with all other codes are assigned to the Commercial Sector. Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," asks respondents to indicate the primary purpose of the facility by assigning a NAICS code from the list at

http://www.eia.gov/survey/form/eia\_860/instructions.doc

# **Table 7.1 Sources**

**Net Generation, Electric Power Sector** Table 7.2b.

**Net Generation, Commercial and Industrial Sectors** Table 7.2c.

# Imports and Exports, Electricity Trade With Canada and Mexico, 1973–1989

1973–September 1977: Unpublished Federal Power Commission data.

October 1977–1980: Unpublished Economic Regulatory Administration (ERA) data.

1981: U.S. Department of Energy (DOE), Office of Energy Emergency Operations, "Report on Electric Energy Exchanges with Canada and Mexico for Calendar Year 1981," April 1982 (revised June 1982).

1982 and 1983: DOE, ERA, *Electricity Exchanges Across International Borders*.

1984–1986: DOE, ERA, *Electricity Transactions Across International Borders*.

1987 and 1988: DOE, ERA, Form ERA-781R, "Annual Report of International Electrical Export/Import Data."

1989: DOE, Fossil Energy, Form FE-781R, "Annual Report of International Electrical Export/Import Data."

# Imports and Exports, Electricity Trade with Canada, 1990 Forward

National Energy Board of Canada, data for total sales (firm and interruptible; which exclude non-revenue, inadvertent, and service) from Canada to the United States, and data for total purchases (which exclude non-revenue, inadvertent,

# Imports and Exports, Electricity Trade with Mexico, 1990 Forward

DOE, Office of Electricity Delivery and Energy Reliability, Form OE-781R, "Monthly Electricity Imports and Exports Report," and predecessor form. For 2001 forward, data from the California Independent System Operator are used in combination with the Form OE-781 values to estimate electricity trade with Mexico.

### T&D Losses and Unaccounted for

Calculated as the sum of total net generation and imports minus end use and exports.

#### End Use

Table 7.6.

# **Table 7.2b Sources**

1973–September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

October 1977–1981: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

1982–1988: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

1989–1997: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-867, "Annual Nonutility Power Producer Report."

1998–2000: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generator Report–Nonutility."

2001–2003: EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

2004–2007: EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-920, "Combined Heat and Power Plant Report."

2008 forward: EIA, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

# **Table 7.2c Sources**

**Industrial Sector, Hydroelectric Power, 1973–1988** 1973–September 1977: Federal Power Commission (FPC), Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report," for plants with generating capacity exceeding 10 megawatts, and FPC, Form FPC-12C, "Industrial Electric Generating Capacity," for all other plants.

October 1977–1978: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report," for plants with generating capacity exceeding 10 megawatts, and FERC, Form FPC-12C, "Industrial Electric Generating Capacity," for all other plants.

1979: FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report," for plants with generating capacity exceeding 10 megawatts, and U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA) estimates for all other plants. 1980–1988: Estimated by EIA as the average generation over the 6-year period of 1974–1979.

# All Data, 1989 Forward

1989–1997: EIA, Form EIA-867, "Annual Nonutility Power Producer Report."

1998–2000: EIA, Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generator Report—Nonutility."

2001–2003: EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

2004–2007: EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-920, "Combined Heat and Power Plant Report."

2008 forward: EIA, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

# **Table 7.3b Sources**

1973–September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

October 1977–1981: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

1982–1988: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

1989–1997: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-867, "Annual Nonutility Power Producer Report."

1998–2000: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generator Report–Nonutility."

2001-2003: EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

2004–2007: EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-920, "Combined Heat and Power Plant Report."

2008 forward: EIA, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

# **Table 7.4b Sources**

1973–September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

October 1977–1981: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

1982–1988: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

1989–1997: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-867, "Annual Nonutility Power Producer Report."

1998–2000: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generator Report–Nonutility."

2001–2003: EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

2004–2007: EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-920, "Combined Heat and Power Plant Report."

2008 forward: EIA, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

# **Table 7.6 Sources**

#### **Retail Sales, Residential and Industrial**

1973–September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenue and Income."

October 1977–February 1980: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FPC-5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenue and Income."

March 1980–1982: FERC, Form FPC-5, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement."

1983: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-826, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement." 1984–1997: EIA, Form EIA-861, "Annual Electric Utility Report."

1998 forward: EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, November 2012, Table 5.1.

#### **Retail Sales, Commercial**

1973–2002: Estimated by EIA as the sum of "Commercial (Old)" and the non-transportation portion of "Other (Old)." See estimation methodology at

http://www.eia.gov/state/seds/sep\_use/notes/use\_elec.pdf.

2003 forward: EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, November 2012, Table 5.1.

#### **Retail Sales, Transportation**

1973–2002: Estimated by EIA as the transportation portion of "Other (Old)." See estimation methodology at http://www.eia.gov/states/sep\_use/notes/use\_elec.pdf.

2003 forward: EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, November 2012, Table 5.1.

# **Direct Use, Annual**

1989–1996: EIA, Form EIA-867, "Annual Nonutility Power Producer Report."

1997–2010: EIA, *Electric Power Annual 2010*, December 2011, Table 7.2.

2011: EIA, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

#### **Direct Use, Monthly**

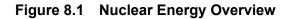
Annual shares are calculated as annual direct use divided by annual commercial and industrial net generation (on Table 7.1). Then monthly direct use estimates are calculated as the annual share multiplied by the monthly commercial and industrial net generation values. For 2012, the 2011 annual share is used.

# Discontinued Retail Sales Series Commercial (Old) and Other (Old)

1973-2002: See sources for "Residential" and "Industrial."

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# 8. Nuclear Energy



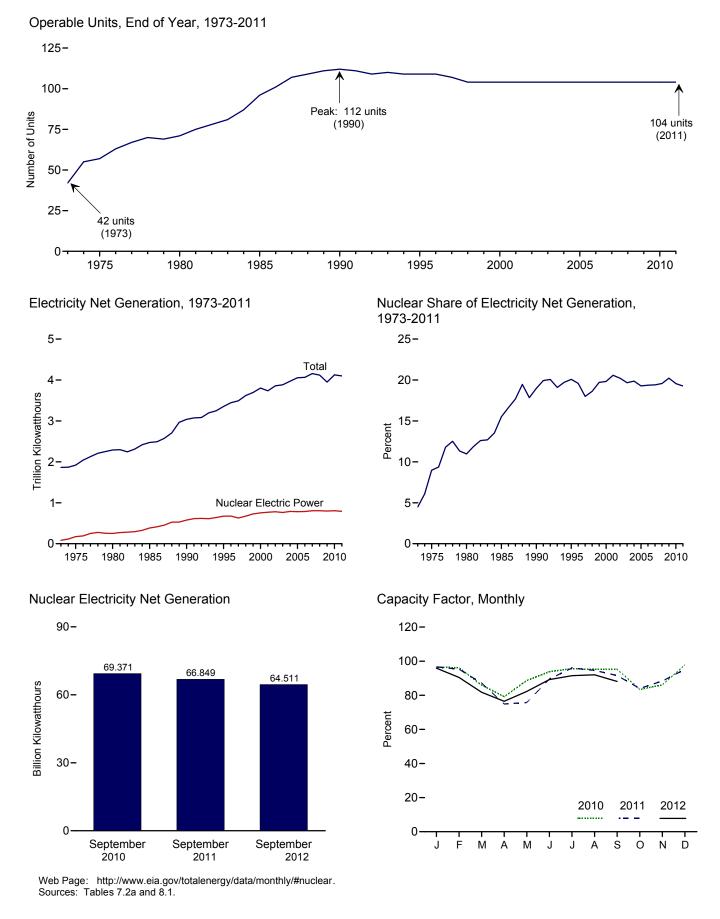


Table 8.1	Nuclear	Energy	Overview
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	Total Operable Units <sup>a,b</sup>	Net Summer Capacity of Operable Units <sup>b,C</sup>	Nuclear Electricity Net Generation	Nuclear Share of Electricity Net Generation	Capacity Factor <sup>d</sup>
_	Number	Million Kilowatts	Million Kilowatthours	Pe	rcent
973 Total	42	22.683	83,479	4.5	53.5
975 Total	42 57	37.267	172,505	4.5 9.0	55.9
980 Total	71	51.810	251,116	11.0	56.3
985 Total	96	79.397	383,691	15.5	58.0
90 Total	112	99.624	576,862	19.0	66.0
	109				
95 Total		99.515	673,402	20.1	77.4
96 Total	109	100.784	674,729	19.6	76.2
97 Total	107	99.716	628,644	18.0	71.1
98 Total	104	97.070	673,702	18.6	78.2
99 Total	104	97.411	728,254	19.7	85.3
00 Total	104	97.860	753,893	19.8	88.1
01 Total	104	98.159	768,826	20.6	89.4
02 Total	104	98.657	780,064	20.2	90.3
03 Total	104	99.209	763,733	19.7	87.9
04 Total	104	99.628	788,528	19.9	90.1
05 Total	104	99.988	781,986	19.3	89.3
006 Total	104	100.334	787,219	19.4	89.6
007 Total	104	100.266	806,425	19.4	91.8
008 Total	104	100.755	806,208	19.6	91.1
09 Total	104	101.004	798,855	20.2	90.3
10 January	104	<sup>e E</sup> 101.002	72,569	20.1	<sup>E</sup> 96.6
February	104	E 101.000	65,245	20.4	⊑ 96.1
March	104	E 100.998	64,635	20.7	E 86.0
April	104	<sup>E</sup> 100.996	57,611	20.0	<sup>E</sup> 79.2
May	104	E 101.063	66,658	20.3	E 88.7
June	104	E 101.094	68,301	18.2	E 93.8
July	104	<sup>E</sup> 101.092	71,913	17.6	<sup>E</sup> 95.6
August	104	E 101.090	71,574	17.5	<sup>E</sup> 95.2
September	104	E 101.088	69,371	20.0	E 95.3
October	104	<sup>E</sup> 101.104	62,751	20.4	<sup>E</sup> 83.4
November	104	E 101.129	62,655	20.5	E 86.0
December	104	101.167	73,683	20.3	97.9
Total	104	101.167	806,968	19.6	91.1
11 January	104	E 101.167	72,743	20.0	<sup>E</sup> 96.6
February	104	<sup>E</sup> 101.167	64,789	20.7	<sup>E</sup> 95.3
March	104	<sup>E</sup> 101.167	65,662	20.6	<sup>E</sup> 87.2
April	104	E 101.167	54,547	18.0	E 74.9
May	104	<sup>E</sup> 101.167	57,013	17.6	<sup>E</sup> 75.7
June	104	E 101.281	65,270	17.7	<sup>E</sup> 89.5
July	104	E 101.281	72,345	17.3	E 96.0
August	104	E 101.351	71,339	17.5	E 94.6
September	104	E 101.351	66,849	19.8	<sup>E</sup> 91.6
October	104	E 101.351	63,337	20.5	E 84.0
November	104	E 101.351	64,474	21.2	E 88.4
December	104	101.419	71,837	21.4	95.2
Total	104	101.419	790,204	19.3	89.1
12 January	104	<sup>E</sup> 101.419	72,381	21.2	<sup>E</sup> 95.9
February	104	E 101.419	63,847	20.6	E 90.5
March	104	E 101.419	61,729	20.0	E 81.8
April	104	E 101.419	55,871	18.9	E 76.5
May			62,081	18.4	E 82.3
June			65,140	18.0	E 89.2
July			69,129	16.6	E 91.5
August			69.602	17.6	<sup>E</sup> 92.0
September	104	E 101.673	64,511	19.3	E 88.1
9-Month Total	104	E 101.673	584,292	18.8	E 87.5
11 9-Month Total	104	<sup>E</sup> 101.351	590,556	18.7	<sup>E</sup> 89.0
10 9-Month Total	104	E 101.088		19.3	E 91.8
	104	- 101.088	607,879	19.5	- 91.8

<sup>a</sup> Total of nuclear generating units holding full-power licenses, or equivalent permission to operate, at end of period. See Note 1, "Operable Nuclear Reactors," at end of section. For additional information on nuclear generating units, see *Annual Energy Review 2011*, September 2012, Table 9.1, http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/annual/#nuclear.
 <sup>b</sup> At end of period.

<sup>b</sup> At end of period.
 <sup>c</sup> For the definition of "Net Summer Capacity," see Note 2, "Nuclear Capacity,"

<sup>a</sup> For the definition of the Summer Capacity, see Note 2, Nuclear Capacity, at end of section.
 <sup>d</sup> For an explanation of the method of calculating the capacity factor, see Note 2, "Nuclear Capacity," at end of section.
 <sup>e</sup> Beginning in 2010, monthly capacity values are estimated in two steps: 1) uprates reported on Form EIA-860M are added to specific months; and 2) the

difference between the resulting year-end capacity (from data reported on Form EIA-860M) and final capacity (reported on Form EIA-860) is distributed evenly across the 12 months.

E=Estimate.

Notes: • For a discussion of nuclear reactor unit coverage, see Note 1, "Operable Nuclear Reactors," at end of section. • Nuclear electricity net generation totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
 Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#nuclear for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: See end of section.

# **Nuclear Energy**

**Note 1. Operable Nuclear Reactors.** A reactor is generally defined as operable while it possessed a full-power license from the Nuclear Regulatory Commission or its predecessor the Atomic Energy Commission, or equivalent permission to operate, at the end of the year or month shown. The definition is liberal in that it does not exclude units retaining full-power licenses during long, non-routine shutdowns that for a time rendered them unable to generate electricity. Examples are:

(a) In 1985 the five then-active Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) units (Browns Ferry 1, 2, and 3, and Sequoyah 1 and 2) were shut down under a regulatory forced outage. All five units were idle for several years, restarting in 2007, 1991, 1995, 1988, and 1988, respectively and were counted as operable during the shutdowns.

(b) Shippingport was shut down from 1974 through 1976 for conversion to a light-water breeder reactor, but is counted as operable from 1957 until its retirement in 1982.

(c) Calvert Cliffs 2 was shut down in 1989 and 1990 for replacement of pressurizer heater sleeves but is counted as operable during those years.

Exceptions to the definition are Shoreham and Three Mile Island 2. Shoreham was granted a full-power license in April 1989, but was shut down two months later and never restarted. In 1991, the license was changed to Possession Only. Although not operable at the end of the year, Shoreham is counted as operable during 1989. A major accident closed Three Mile Island 2 in 1979, and although the unit retained its full-power license for several years, it is considered permanently shut down since that year.

**Note 2.** Nuclear Capacity. Nuclear generating units may have more than one type of net capacity rating, including the following:

(a) Net Summer Capacity—The steady hourly output that generating equipment is expected to supply to system load, exclusive of auxiliary power, as demonstrated by test at the

time of summer peak demand. Auxiliary power of a typical nuclear power plant is about 5 percent of gross generation.

(b) Net Design Capacity or Net Design Electrical Rating (DER)—The nominal net electrical output of a unit, specified by the utility and used for plant design.

The monthly capacity factors are calculated as the monthly nuclear electricity net generation divided by the maximum possible nuclear electricity net generation for that month. The maximum possible nuclear electricity net generation is the number of hours in the month (assuming 24-hour days, with no adjustment for changes to or from Daylight Savings Time) multiplied by the net summer capacity of operable nuclear generating units at the end of the month. That fraction is then multiplied by 100 to obtain a percentage. Annual capacity factors are calculated as the annual nuclear electricity net generation divided by the annual maximum possible nuclear electricity net generation (the sum of the monthly values for maximum possible nuclear electricity net generation).

# Table 8.1 Sources

# Total Operable Units and Net Summer Capacity of Operable Units

1973–1982: Compiled from various sources, primarily U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Nuclear Reactor Programs, "U.S. Central Station Nuclear Electric Generating Units: Significant Milestones."

1983 forward: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," Form EIA-860M, "Monthly Update to the Annual Electric Generator Report," and monthly updates as appropriate. For a list of currently operable units, see http://www.eia.gov/nuclear/reactors/stats table1.html.

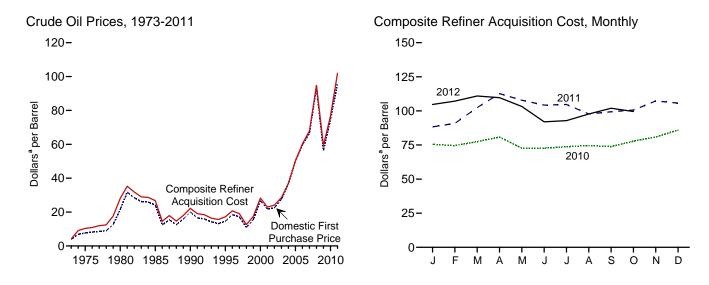
# Nuclear Electricity Net Generation and Nuclear Share of Electricity Net Generation

See Table 7.2a.

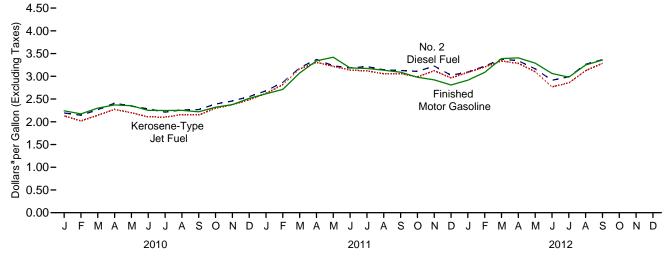
#### **Capacity Factor**

Calculated by EIA using the method described above in Note 2.

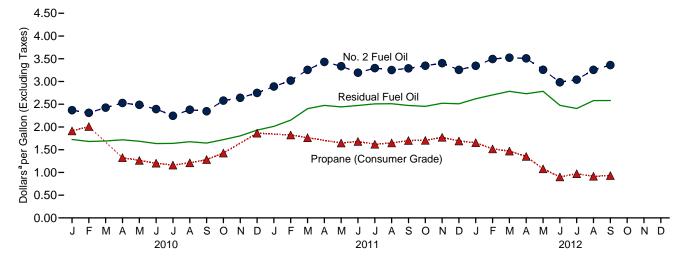
# 9. Energy Prices



Refiner Prices to End Users: Motor Gasoline, Diesel Fuel, and Jet Fuel, Monthly



Refiner Prices to End Users: No. 2 Fuel Oil, Propane, and Residual Fuel, Monthly



<sup>a</sup>Prices are not adjusted for inflation. See "Nominal Dollars" in Glossary. Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#prices. Sources: Tables 9.1, 9.5, and 9.7.

# Table 9.1 Crude Oil Price Summary

(Dollars<sup>a</sup> per Barrel)

				n	efiner Acquisition Co	51-
	Domestic First Purchase Price <sup>c</sup>	F.O.B. Cost of Imports <sup>d</sup>	Landed Cost of Imports <sup>e</sup>	Domestic	Imported	Composite
973 Average	3.89	<sup>f</sup> 5.21	<sup>f</sup> 6.41	<sup>E</sup> 4.17	<sup>E</sup> 4.08	<sup>E</sup> 4.15
975 Average	7.67	11.18	12.70	8.39	13.93	10.38
980 Average	21.59	32.37	33.67	24.23	33.89	28.07
985 Average	24.09	25.84	26.67	26.66	26.99	26.75
990 Average	20.03	20.37	21.13	22.59	21.76	22.22
995 Average	14.62	15.69	16.78	17.33	17.14	17.23
996 Average	18.46	19.32 16.94	20.31	20.77	20.64 18.53	20.71 19.04
997 Average	17.23		18.11	19.61		
998 Average	10.87	10.76	11.84	13.18	12.04	12.52
999 Average	15.56	16.47	17.23	17.90	17.26	17.51
000 Average	26.72	26.27	27.53	29.11	27.70	28.26
001 Average	21.84	20.46	21.82	24.33	22.00	22.95
002 Average	22.51	22.63	23.91	24.65	23.71	24.10
003 Average	27.56	25.86	27.69	29.82	27.71	28.53
004 Average	36.77	33.75	36.07	38.97	35.90	36.98
005 Average	50.28	47.60	49.29	52.94	48.86	50.24
006 Average	59.69	57.03	59.11	62.62	59.02	60.24
007 Average	66.52	66.36	67.97	69.65	67.04	67.94
008 Average	94.04	90.32	93.33	98.47	92.77	94.74
009 Average	56.35	57.78	60.23	59.49	59.17	59.29
ooo Average	00.00	01.10	00.20	00.40	00.11	00.20
010 January	72.89	72.96	74.78	76.04	75.07	75.48
February	72.74	71.50	75.01	75.91	73.73	74.58
March	75.77	75.41	77.65	78.52	76.77	77.43
April	78.80	78.27	79.34	82.12	80.03	80.83
	70.90	69.21	72.00	75.23	71.15	72.66
June	70.77	70.17	72.62	73.93	71.91	72.66
July	71.37	71.01	73.43	74.54	73.25	73.73
August	72.07	71.27	73.63	76.21	73.50	74.58
September	71.23	71.72	74.25	74.87	73.20	73.85
October	76.02	75.52	77.26	78.88	77.02	75.05
November	79.20	79.56	81.56	82.05	80.07	80.85
	83.98	83.95	86.64	86.48	85.59	85.95
December Average	74.71	74.20	76.49	77.96	75.88	76.69
Average	74.71	74.20	70.45	11.00	73.00	70.05
011 January	85.66	86.80	89.61	88.73	87.99	88.28
February	86.69	92.07	94.25	89.50	91.72	90.85
March	99.19	104.19	104.80	102.34	102.48	102.43
April	108.80	111.52	112.54	111.96	113.08	112.65
	102.46	105.92	108.28	107.55	107.99	107.82
June	97.30	104.35	105.19	102.53	105.36	104.23
July	97.82	105.60	106.19	102.67	105.94	104.68
August	89.00	97.72	99.27	95.89	99.01	97.70
September	90.22	100.84	101.03	96.89	101.05	99.39
October	92.28	101.92	102.55	98.34	102.00	100.57
November	100.18	105.79	105.98	106.69	107.67	107.28
December	98.71	103.09	105.62	104.51	106.52	107.20
Average	95.73	101.68	103.02	104.51	102.70	101.93
	00.10	101.00	.02.00	100.17	102.10	101.55
012 January	98.99	103.96	105.27	103.97	105.25	104.70
February	102.05	108.56	109.24	105.93	108.08	107.18
March	105.42	110.72	110.68	110.80	111.00	110.92
April	103.62	107.17	107.58	111.26	108.53	109.70
May	95.57	100.79	101.56	103.17	103.26	103.23
June	83.59	87.89	91.90	91.66	92.18	91.96
July	86.10	<sup>R</sup> 92.50	<sup>R</sup> 93.66	92.64	92.98	92.83
August	92.53	<sup>R</sup> 99.82	<sup>R</sup> 98.33	<sup>R</sup> 98.58	<sup>R</sup> 97.07	97.71
September	<sup>R</sup> 95.98	<sup>R</sup> 101.69	<sup>R</sup> 100.16	<sup>R</sup> 102.17	<sup>R</sup> 101.82	<sup>R</sup> 101.97
ooptombol	NA	NA	NA	E 98.62	E 100.14	E 99.53

<sup>a</sup> Prices are not adjusted for inflation. See "Nominal Dollars" in Glossary.
 <sup>b</sup> See Note 1, "Crude Oil Refinery Acquisition Costs," at end of section.
 <sup>c</sup> See Note 2, "Crude Oil Domestic First Purchase Prices," at end of section.
 <sup>d</sup> See Note 3, "Crude Oil F.O.B. Costs," at end of section.
 <sup>e</sup> See Note 4, "Crude Oil Landed Costs," at end of section.
 <sup>f</sup> Based on October, November, and December data only.

R=Revised. NA=Not available. E=Estimate.

Notes: 
• Values for Domestic First Purchase Price and Refiner Acquisition Cost for the current two months and for F.O.B. and Landed Costs of Imports for the

current three months are preliminary. • F.O.B. and landed costs through 1980 reflect the period of reporting; prices since then reflect the period of loading.

Annual averages are the averages of the monthly prices, weighted by volume.
Geographic coverage is the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and all U.S. Territories and Possessions. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#prices for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: See end of section.

#### Table 9.2 F.O.B. Costs of Crude Oil Imports From Selected Countries

(Dollars<sup>a</sup> per Barrel)

			S	elected Counti	ies			Persian		
	Angola	Colombia	Mexico	Nigeria	Saudi Arabia	United Kingdom	Venezuela	Gulf Nations <sup>b</sup>	Total OPEC <sup>c</sup>	Total Non-OPEC
1973 Average <sup>d</sup>	w	w	_	7.81	3.25	_	5.39	3.68	5.43	4.80
975 Average	10.97	-	11.44	11.82	10.87	_	11.04	10.88	11.34	10.62
980 Average	33.45	w	31.06	35.93	28.17	34.36	24.81	28.92	32.21	32.85
985 Average	26.30	-	25.33	28.04	22.04	27.64	23.64	23.31	25.67	25.96
990 Average	20.23	20.75	19.26	22.46	20.36	23.43	19.55	18.54	20.40	20.32
995 Average	16.58	16.73	15.64	17.40	w	16.94	13.86	w	15.36	16.02
996 Average	20.71	21.33	19.14	21.27	19.28	19.43	17.73	19.22	18.94	19.65
997 Average	18.81	18.85	16.72	19.43	15.16	18.59	15.33	15.24	16.26	17.51
998 Average	12.11	12.56	10.49	12.97	8.87	12.52	9.31	9.09	10.20	11.21
999 Average	17.46	17.20	15.89	17.32	17.65	19.14	14.33	17.15	15.90	16.84
2000 Average	27.90	29.04	25.39	28.70	24.62	27.21	24.45	24.72	25.56	26.77
001 Average	23.25	24.25	18.89	24.85	18.98	23.30	18.01	18.89	19.73	21.04
002 Average	24.09	24.64	21.60	25.38	23.92	24.50	20.13	23.38	22.18	22.93
2003 Average	28.22	28.89	24.83	29.40	25.03	28.76	23.81	25.17	25.36	26.21
004 Average	37.26	37.73	31.55	38.71	34.08	37.30	31.78	33.08	33.95	33.58
2005 Average	52.48	51.89	43.00	55.95	47.96	54.48	46.39	47.21	49.60	45.79
2006 Average	62.23	59.77	52.91	65.69	56.09	66.03	55.80	56.02	59.18	55.35
2007 Average	67.80	67.93	61.35	76.64	W	69.96	64.10	69.93	69.58	62.69
2008 Average	95.66	91.17	84.61	102.06	93.03	96.33	88.06	91.44	93.15	87.15
2009 Average	57.07	57.90	56.47	64.61	57.87	65.63	55.58	59.53	58.53	57.16
010 January	74.62	70.08	72.96	75.91	W	_	70.86	W	73.42	72.49
February	W	68.70	69.16	76.07	W	-	68.83	71.89	71.77	71.14
March	78.11	73.90	72.76	81.27	W	_	70.88	76.10	75.83	74.91
April	84.40	74.85	75.57	85.94	W	W	72.59	80.01	78.88	77.73
May	71.86	64.32	68.30	74.28	W	_	66.37	73.60	70.45	68.24
June	72.90	67.19	67.64	75.61	W	-	66.19	72.49	71.39	69.20
July	74.77	70.00	68.53	79.63	W	_	67.25	71.76	72.16	69.87
August	77.11	69.88	69.53	75.70	W	W	68.27	72.79	72.38	70.35
September	W	69.71	69.90	80.93	74.06	_	67.59	73.34	73.24	70.24
October	W	76.06	73.93	84.59	W	-	72.10	78.28	77.55	73.80
November	85.99	78.92	77.14	86.61	W	_	75.03	80.99	80.95	78.49
December	W	81.62	81.75	93.68	W	-	77.78	W	85.72	82.40
Average	78.18	72.56	72.46	80.83	76.44	w	70.30	75.65	75.23	73.24
2011 January	95.97	83.36	84.36	99.86	W	_	81.25	W	89.74	83.92
February	W	87.23	88.77	109.07	W	-	85.11	97.25	96.01	88.67
March	113.63	101.29	102.55	117.98	W	-	97.56	107.36	106.19	102.44
April	122.52	114.17	109.90	126.05	W	-	106.56	114.82	115.15	107.71
May	113.33	106.15	105.13	117.66	W	-	101.60	110.29	108.50	103.81
June	115.13	102.78	103.43	119.13	W	-	100.59	106.39	108.22	100.42
July	114.80	100.30	104.84	119.68	W	-	100.62	109.06	110.09	100.90
August	W	95.01	98.21	115.61	W	-	97.17	106.98	104.19	93.57
September	112.49	97.45	100.28	115.43	109.99	-	95.72	108.41	105.82	97.08
October	109.74	102.37	101.48	114.46	W	-	96.93	105.62	105.20	98.65
November	112.49	106.97	107.94	115.35	W	-	105.44	106.51	108.16	104.17
December	111.26	103.10	105.96	W	W	-	105.75	104.48	106.42	100.80
Average	111.82	100.19	100.92	115.35	107.08	-	97.23	106.49	105.34	98.51
2012 January	111.10	106.69	107.79	114.12	W	-	105.08	107.51	107.51	101.40
February	121.45	114.47	110.14	124.31	W	-	110.37	111.12	113.85	103.42
March	W	118.46	114.81	128.10	W	-	112.76	118.06	117.06	104.75
April	118.84	114.06	110.54	W	W	-	109.33	115.02	113.85	101.42
May	110.79	101.27	103.12	110.79	Ŵ	-	101.45	105.16	105.28	96.74
June	95.65	91.81	90.60	98.96	91.90	-	87.64	90.55	90.63	85.28
July	W	96.83	95.03	103.86	W	-	93.81	95.47	96.30	R 88.45
August	Ŵ	<sup>R</sup> 106.16	<sup>R</sup> 101.12	<sup>R</sup> 114.62	Ŵ	_	<sup>R</sup> 99.94	<sup>R</sup> 104.87	<sup>R</sup> 104.18	<sup>R</sup> 95.38
September	Ŵ	108.58	102.69	112.11	107.16	_	101.61	105.53	104.89	98.64

<sup>a</sup> Prices are not adjusted for inflation. See "Nominal Dollars" in Glossary.

 <sup>a</sup> Prices are not adjusted for inflation. See "Nominal Dollars" in Glossary.
 <sup>b</sup> Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates, and the Neutral Zone (between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia).
 <sup>c</sup> See "Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC)" in Glossary.
 On this table, "Total OPEC" for all years includes Algeria, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela; for 1973–2008, also includes Countries (OPEC)" on this table Ecuador (although Ecuador rejoined OPEC in November 2007, on this table Ecuador is included in "Total Non-OPEC" for 2007); for 1974–1995, also includes Gabon (although Gabon was a member of OPEC in conv. 1975–1994); and ecuator is included in Total Non-OPEC for 2007, 107 1974–1995, also includes Gabon (although Gabon was a member of OPEC for only 1975–1994); and beginning in 2007, also includes Angola. Data for all countries not included in "Total OPEC" are included in "Total Non-OPEC." <sup>d</sup> Based on October. November, and December data only.

 $^{\rm d}$  Based on October, November, and December data only. R=Revised. - =No data reported. W=Value withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: • The Free on Board (F.O.B.) cost at the country of origin excludes all costs related to insurance and transportation. See "F.O.B." in Glossary, and Note 3, "Crude Oil F.O.B. Costs," at end of section. • Values for the current two months are preliminary. • Prices through 1980 reflect the period of reporting; prices since then reflect the period of loading. • Annual averages are averages of the monthly prices, including prices not published, weighted by volume. • Cargoes that are purchased on a "netback" basis, or under similar contractual arrangements whereby the actual purchase price is not established at the time the crude oil is acquired for importation into the United States, are not included in the published data until the actual prices have been determined and reported • U.S. geographic. data until the actual prices have been determined and reported. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#prices for all

available data beginning in 1973. Sources: See end of section.

#### Table 9.3 Landed Costs of Crude Oil Imports From Selected Countries

(Dollars<sup>a</sup> per Barrel)

				Selected	Countries				Dension	Persian		
	Angola	Canada	Colombia	Mexico	Nigeria	Saudi Arabia	United Kingdom	Venezuela	Gulf Nations <sup>b</sup>	Total OPEC <sup>c</sup>	Total Non-OPEC <sup>o</sup>	
1973 Average <sup>d</sup>	w	5.33	w	_	9.08	5.37	_	5.99	5.91	6.85	5.64	
1975 Average	11.81	12.84	-	12.61	12.70	12.50	-	12.36	12.64	12.70	12.70	
980 Average	34.76	30.11	w	31.77	37.15	29.80	35.68	25.92	30.59	33.56	33.99	
985 Average	27.39	25.71	-	25.63	28.96	24.72	28.36	24.43	25.50	26.86	26.53	
990 Average	21.51	20.48	22.34	19.64	23.33	21.82	22.65	20.31	20.55	21.23	20.98	
995 Average	17.66	16.65	17.45	16.19	18.25	16.84	17.91	14.81	16.78	16.61	16.95	
996 Average	21.86	19.94	22.02	19.64	21.95	20.49	20.88	18.59	20.45	20.14	20.47	
997 Average	20.24	17.63	19.71	17.30	20.64	17.52	20.64	16.35	17.44	17.73	18.45	
998 Average	13.37	11.62	13.26	11.04	14.14	11.16	13.55	10.16	11.18	11.46	12.22	
999 Average	18.37	17.54	18.09	16.12	17.63	17.48	18.26	15.58	17.37	16.94	17.51	
2000 Average	29.57	26.69	29.68	26.03	30.04	26.58	29.26	26.05	26.77	27.29	27.80	
2001 Average	25.13	20.72	25.88	19.37	26.55	20.98	25.32	19.81	20.73	21.52	22.17	
2002 Average	25.43	22.98	25.28	22.09	26.45	24.77	26.35	21.93	24.13	23.83	23.97	
2003 Average	30.14	26.76	30.55	25.48	31.07	27.50	30.62	25.70	27.54	27.70	27.68	
2004 Average	39.62	34.51	39.03	32.25	40.95	37.11	39.28	33.79	36.53	36.84	35.29	
2005 Average	54.31	44.73	53.42	43.47	57.55	50.31	55.28	47.87	49.68	51.36	47.31	
2006 Average	64.85	53.90	62.13	53.76	68.26	59.19	67.44	57.37	58.92	61.21	57.14	
2006 Average	04.05 71.27	53.90 60.38	70.91	62.31	78.01	70.78	67.44 72.47	66.13	58.92 69.83	71.14	63.96	
2007 Average	98.18	90.00	93.43	85.97	104.83	94.75	96.95	90.76	93.59	95.49	90.59	
2009 Average	61.32	57.60	58.50	57.35	68.01	62.14	63.87	57.78	62.15	61.90	58.58	
-	77.00	70.50	74.00	70.00	70 50	70.00	77.07	70.00	70.04	75.04	70 50	
2010 January	77.32	72.59	74.26	73.23	78.58	76.63	77.97	72.63	76.34	75.91	73.59	
February	79.06	73.37	73.11	69.48	79.25	77.29	77.84	70.91	77.27	76.24	73.33	
March	80.93	76.82	76.08	73.07	83.68	77.57	79.07	72.92	77.55	78.40	76.84	
April	82.26	78.36	76.33	75.03	86.80	79.53	80.25	75.21	79.15	80.07	78.61	
May	74.80	69.16	66.52	68.71	76.90	77.52	W	68.53	76.20	73.95	70.20	
June	76.54	69.14	69.64	68.02	78.14	76.01	77.67	68.30	75.14	74.55	70.92	
July	77.20	70.25	71.61	69.31	81.07	75.46	76.60	69.59	74.75	74.81	72.03	
August	78.40	70.10	71.49	69.95	79.15	76.06	79.52	70.14	75.81	75.42	71.81	
September	80.49	68.66	70.85	70.47	81.58	77.15	W	68.88	76.64	76.39	71.89	
October	85.33	69.23	76.72	74.73	86.01	81.81	W	74.29	81.24	80.52	74.15	
November	86.98	75.40	80.24	77.55	89.15	84.62	87.10	77.53	84.09	84.38	78.96	
December	91.77	80.76	82.76	82.37	95.44	90.45	92.50	80.79	89.99	89.25	83.97	
Average	80.63	72.80	74.25	72.86	83.15	79.25	80.12	72.43	78.58	78.27	74.67	
2011 January	99.58	81.43	85.88	85.00	101.24	96.59	W	84.70	96.57	94.03	85.02	
February	110.07	80.65	90.14	89.08	108.94	103.20	W	89.88	101.81	99.96	89.03	
March	114.40	89.32	105.74	103.03	117.17	110.12	118.42	101.22	109.56	109.23	101.20	
April	124.01	99.26	112.47	110.55	126.47	116.13	124.67	107.95	115.18	116.64	108.91	
May	116.76	98.29	109.70	105.62	119.95	112.19	W	104.04	111.48	111.90	105.06	
June	116.73	92.36	104.31	103.71	120.81	110.00	Ŵ	102.32	108.97	109.87	100.83	
July	117.98	91.76	101.35	105.38	121.80	111.06	ŵ	103.04	110.19	111.58	100.38	
August	113.36	84.05	95.08	98.78	115.83	109.38	ŵ	99.54	108.26	106.24	93.81	
September	112.63	85.19	99.17	99.90	117.19	109.91	ŵ	99.10	108.82	107.67	95.59	
October	114.82	88.21	104.14	101.97	116.09	108.90	Ŵ	99.89	108.07	107.98	97.91	
November	114.02	93.80	108.52	101.97	117.05	108.61	Ŵ	106.90	108.35	1107.98	102.90	
December	115.65	95.74	106.64	106.31	117.10	108.27	ŵ	108.02	107.53	109.63	102.50	
Average	114.05	90.03	102.53	100.31 101.22	116.40	108.27	118.35	100.02 100.14	107.55	109.03 107.85	98.75	
-	445 40	00.40	440 54	400.00	445 44	440.40	14/	400.00	440.04	440.00	404.04	
012 January	115.13	93.43	110.54	108.38	115.41	110.49	W	106.23	110.61	110.32	101.31	
February	121.40	92.14	115.19	111.24	126.42	114.73	W	111.72	114.22	115.76	103.02	
March	128.35	88.73	119.93	115.20	130.46	117.55	_	114.29	117.14	118.26	103.98	
April	120.60	85.55	113.78	111.55	124.06	115.65	W	110.58	115.98	116.21	99.94	
May	114.94	82.78	105.04	103.79	113.89	108.39	W	103.02	108.52	108.26	95.20	
June	103.10	78.11	93.85	90.89	103.24	99.38	_	89.41	99.24	97.29	87.15	
July	_ 106.95	<sup>R</sup> 75.62	97.70	95.24	ຼ106.95	_ <sup>R</sup> 99.00	W	g 94.91	<sup>R</sup> 99.02	<sup>R</sup> 99.48	R 88.10	
August	<sup>R</sup> 113.27	<sup>R</sup> 80.65	<sup>R</sup> 105.94	<sup>R</sup> 101.98	<sup>R</sup> 114.51	<sup>R</sup> 104.75	-	<sup>R</sup> 101.37	<sup>R</sup> 104.33	<sup>R</sup> 105.38	<sup>R</sup> 92.19	
September	116.21	84.78	109.10	103.23	115.38	107.57	-	103.61	106.85	106.98	94.86	

<sup>a</sup> Prices are not adjusted for inflation. See "Nominal Dollars" in Glossary.
 <sup>b</sup> Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates, and the Neutral Zone (between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia).

the Neutral Zone (between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia). <sup>c</sup> See "Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC)" in Glossary. On this table, "Total OPEC" for all years includes Algeria, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela; for 1973–2008, also includes Indonesia; for 1973–1992 and again beginning in 2008, also includes Ecuador (although Ecuador rejoined OPEC in November 2007, on this table Ecuador (although Gabon was a member of OPEC for only 1974–1995, also includes Gabon (although Gabon was a member of OPEC for only 1974–1995, also includes Cabon (although Gabon was a member of OPEC for only 1975–1994); and beginging in 2007, also included in an ender the set of the and beginning in 2007, also includes Angola. Data for all countries not included in "Total OPEC" are included in "Total Non-OPEC."

R=Revised. – =No data reported. W=Value withheld to avoid disclosure of Notes: • See "Landed Costs" in Glossary, and Note 4, "Crude Oil Landed

Costs," at end of section. • Values for the current two months are preliminary. Prices through 1980 reflect the period of reporting; prices since then reflect the period of loading.
 Annual averages are averages of the monthly prices, including prices not published, weighted by volume.
 Cargoes that are purchased on a "netback" basis, or under similar contractual arrangements whereby the actual purchase price is not established at the time the crude oil is acquired for importation to the build States are not included in the published data until the actual prices into the United States, are not included in the published data until the actual prices have been determined and reported. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#prices for all

Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#prices for all available data beginning in 1973.
 Sources: • October 1973-September 1977: Federal Energy Administration,
 Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report." • October 1977-December 1977:
 U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report." • 1978-2009: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Annual 2009, Table 22.
 2010 fearurad: EIA Dectooleum Marketing Manual 2009, Table 22.

• 2010 forward: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, December 2012, Table 22.

#### Table 9.4 Motor Gasoline Retail Prices, U.S. City Average

(Dollars<sup>a</sup> per Gallon, Including Taxes)

	Leaded Regular	Unleaded Regular	Unleaded Premium <sup>b</sup>	All Types <sup>c</sup>
70 4	0.000			
73 Average	0.388	NA	NA	NA
75 Average	0.567	NA	NA	NA
80 Average	1.191	1.245	NA	1.221
85 Average	1.115	1.202	1.340	1.196
90 Average	1.149	1.164	1.349	1.217
95 Average	NA	1.147	1.336	1.205
96 Average	NA	1.231	1.413	1.288
97 Average	NA	1.234	1.416	1.291
98 Average	NA	1.059	1.250	1.115
99 Average	NA	1.165	1.357	1.221
	NA	1.510	1.693	1.563
00 Average				
01 Average	NA	1.461	1.657	1.531
02 Average	NA	1.358	1.556	1.441
03 Average	NA	1.591	1.777	1.638
04 Average	NA	1.880	2.068	1.923
05 Average	NA	2.295	2.491	2.338
06 Average	NA	2.589	2.805	2.635
07 Average	NA	2.801	3.033	2.849
08 Average	NA	3.266	3.519	3.317
09 Average	NA	2.350	2.607	2.401
<b>10</b> January	NA	2.731	2.987	2.779
February	NA	2.659	2.922	2.709
March	NA	2.780	3.035	2.829
April	NA	2.858	3.113	2.906
May	NA	2.869	3.124	2.915
June	NA	2.736	3.000	2.783
July	NA	2.736	2.997	2.783
August	NA	2.745	3.015	2.795
September	NA	2.704	2.968	2.754
October	NA	2.795	3.055	2.843
November	NA	2.852	3.109	2.899
December	NA	2.985	3.234	3.031
Average	NA	2.788	3.047	2.836
-				
11 January	NA	3.091	3.345	3.139
February	NA	3.167	3.424	3.215
March	NA	3.546	3.807	3.594
April	NA	3.816	4.074	3.863
May	NA	3.933	4.192	3.982
June	NA	3.702	3.972	3.753
July	NA	3.654	3.915	3.703
August	NA	3.630	3.893	3.680
September	NA	3.612	3.887	3.664
October	NA	3.468	3.745	3.521
November	NA	3.423	3.700	3.475
December	NA	3.278	3.553	3.329
Average	NA	3.527	3.792	3.577
<b>12</b> January	NA	3.399	3.663	3.447
	NA	3.572	3.840	3.622
February				
March	NA	3.868	4.138	3.918
April	NA	3.927	4.194	3.976
May	NA	3.792	4.062	3.839
June	NA	3.552	3.825	3.602
July	NA	3.451	3.726	3.502
August	NA	3.707	3.991	3.759
	NA			
September		3.856	4.140	3.908
October	NA	3.786	4.079	3.839
November	NA	3.488	3.782	3.542

 <sup>a</sup> Prices are not adjusted for inflation. See "Nominal Dollars" in Glossary.
 <sup>b</sup> The 1981 average (available in Web file) is based on September through December data only.

<sup>c</sup> Also includes types of motor gasoline not shown separately. NA=Not available.

Notes: • See Note 5, "Motor Gasoline Prices," at end of section. • In September 1981, the Bureau of Labor Statistics changed the weights used in the calculation of average motor gasoline prices. From September 1981 forward, gasohol is included in the average for all types, and unleaded premium is weighted

more heavily. • Geographic coverage for 1973-1977 is 56 urban areas. Geographic coverage for 1978 forward is 85 urban areas.

Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#prices for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: • Monthly Data: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Consumer Prices: Energy.* • Annual Data: 1973—*Plati's Oil Price Handbook and Oilmanac*, 1974, 51st Edition. 1974 forward—calculated by the U.S. Energy Information Administration as the simple averages of monthly data.

#### Table 9.5 Refiner Prices of Residual Fuel Oil

(Dollars<sup>a</sup> per Gallon, Excluding Taxes)

	Sulfur Co	I Fuel Oil ntent Less al to 1 Percent	Sulfur	al Fuel Oil Content an 1 Percent	Ανε	erage
	Sales for Resale	Sales to End Users	Sales for Resale	Sales to End Users	Sales for Resale	Sales to End Users
978 Average	0.293	0.314	0.245	0.275	0.263	0.298
980 Average	0.608	0.675	0.479	0.523	0.528	0.607
985 Average	0.610	0.644	0.560	0.582	0.577	0.610
990 Average	0.472	0.505	0.372	0.400	0.413	0.444
995 Average	0.383	0.436	0.338	0.377	0.363	0.392
996 Average	0.456	0.526	0.389	0.433	0.420	0.455
997 Average	0.415	0.488	0.366	0.403	0.387	0.423
998 Average	0.299	0.354	0.269	0.287	0.280	0.305
999 Average	0.382	0.405	0.329	0.362	0.354	0.374
000 Average	0.627	0.708	0.512	0.566	0.566	0.602
001 Average	0.523	0.642	0.428	0.492	0.476	0.531
	0.546	0.640	0.508	0.544	0.530	0.569
002 Average	0.546	0.840	0.508	0.651	0.661	0.698
003 Average	0.728	0.804	0.588	0.692	0.661	0.698
004 Average						
005 Average	1.115	1.168	0.842	0.974	0.971	1.048
006 Average	1.202	1.342	1.085	1.173	1.136	1.218
007 Average	1.406	1.436	1.314	1.350	1.350	1.374
008 Average	1.918	2.144	1.843	1.889	1.866	1.964
009 Average	1.337	1.413	1.344	1.306	1.342	1.341
010 January	1.767	1.852	1.705	1.660	1.721	1.725
February	1.725	1.862	1.650	1.574	1.666	1.681
March	1.739	1.862	1.700	1.609	1.711	1.692
April	1.827	1.887	1.725	1.655	1.748	1.718
May	1.675	1.898	1.675	1.601	1.675	1.686
June	1.629	1.874	1.604	1.555	1.612	1.636
July	1.686	1.858	1.604	1.536	1.629	1.639
August	1.705	1.895	1.625	1.571	1.642	1.676
September	1.716	1.883	1.612	1.558	1.632	1.645
October	1.793	1.913	1.688	1.637	1.712	1.721
November	1.865	2.025	1.741	1.701	1.768	1.804
December	2.036	2.215	1.814	1.784	1.865	1.931
Average	1.756	1.920	1.679	1.619	1.697	1.713
	NIA	2 202	1.800	1 970	1 010	2.012
011 January	NA 2 100	2.302	1.896	1.870	1.918	2.013
February	2.100	2.451	2.079	2.019	2.086	2.150
March	2.344	2.654	2.307	2.245	2.321	2.403 2.475
April	2.555	2.741	2.427	2.370	2.448	
May	2.463	2.786	2.374	2.325	2.392	2.440
June	2.467	2.905	2.377	2.312	2.402	2.473
July	2.547	2.877	2.430	2.362	2.474	2.508
August	2.394	2.896	2.392	2.342	2.392	2.512
September	2.368	2.882	2.370	2.318	2.369	2.473
October	2.512	2.891	2.375	2.276	2.406	2.454
November	2.566	2.853	2.424	2.368	2.459	2.521
December	2.473	2.891	2.335	2.348	2.371	2.509
Average	2.389	2.736	2.316	2.257	2.336	2.401
012 January	2.591	2.965	2.480	2.452	2.512	2.620
February	2.739	3.070	2.632	2.556	2.654	2.705
March	2.921	3.159	2.717	2.601	2.772	2.784
April	2.805	3.201	2.624	2.596	2.670	2.731
May	2.589	3.170	2.501	2.652	2.527	2.784
June	2.275	3.083	2.186	2.179	2.211	2.476
July	2.273	2.926	2.224	2.221	2.234	2.406
August	<sup>R</sup> 2.586	3.041	<sup>R</sup> 2.457	2.442	2.483	2.579
/ wyuor	2.000	2.970	2.491	2.442	2.501	2.582

<sup>a</sup> Prices are not adjusted for inflation. See "Nominal Dollars" in Glossary. R=Revised. NA=Not available.

6, "Historical Petroleum Prices," at end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Notes: • Sales for resale are those made to purchasers other than ultimate consumers. Sales to end users are those made directly to ultimate consumers, including bulk consumers (such as agriculture, industry, and electric utilities) and commercial consumers. • Values for the current month are preliminary. • Prices prior to 1983 are U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA) estimates. See Note

Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#prices for all

available data beginning in 1978.
Sources: • 1978-2009: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Annual 2009, Table 16.
2010 forward: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, December 2012, Table 16.

#### Table 9.6 Refiner Prices of Petroleum Products for Resale

(Dollars<sup>a</sup> per Gallon, Excluding Taxes)

	Finished Motor Gasoline <sup>b</sup>	Finished Aviation Gasoline	Kerosene- Type Jet Fuel	Kerosene	No. 2 Fuel Oil	No. 2 Diesel Fuel	Propane (Consume Grade)
	Gasonne	Gasonne	Jerruer	Reiosene	Oli	i dei	Grade)
78 Average	0.434	0.537	0.386	0.404	0.369	0.365	0.237
80 Average	0.941	1.128	0.868	0.864	0.803	0.801	0.415
985 Average	0.835	1.130	0.794	0.874	0.776	0.772	0.398
90 Average	0.786	1.063	0.773	0.839	0.697	0.694	0.386
	0.626	0.975	0.539	0.580	0.511	0.538	0.344
95 Average							
96 Average	0.713	1.055	0.646	0.714	0.639	0.659	0.461
97 Average	0.700	1.065	0.613	0.653	0.590	0.606	0.416
98 Average	0.526	0.912	0.450	0.465	0.422	0.444	0.288
99 Average	0.645	1.007	0.533	0.550	0.493	0.546	0.342
000 Average	0.963	1.330	0.880	0.969	0.886	0.898	0.595
01 Average	0.886	1.256	0.763	0.821	0.756	0.784	0.540
02 Average	0.828	1.146	0.716	0.752	0.694	0.724	0.431
003 Average	1.002	1.288	0.871	0.955	0.881	0.883	0.607
04 Average	1.288	1.627	1.208	1.271	1.125	1.187	0.751
005 Average	1.670	2.076	1.723	1.757	1.623	1.737	0.933
006 Average	1.969	2.490	1.961	2.007	1.834	2.012	1.031
007 Average	2.182	2.758	2.171	2.249	2.072	2.203	1.194
008 Average	2.586	3.342	3.020	2.851	2.745	2.994	1.437
009 Average	1.767	2.480	1.719	1.844	1.657	1.713	0.921
-							
10 January	2.097	2.759	2.121	2.282	2.075	2.078	1.332
February	2.033	2.662	1.999	2.216	1.986	2.025	1.324
March	2.197	2.906	2.129	2.219	2.100	2.163	1.179
April	2.265	2.999	2.247	2.281	2.214	2.312	1.144
May	2.152	2.945	2.186	2.110	2.129	2.177	1.098
June	2.113	2.835	2.094	2.103	2.037	2.120	1.049
July	2.113	2.891	2.100	2.046	2.001	2.098	1.012
August	2.095	2.842	2.138	2.125	2.041	2.161	1.084
September	2.088	2.805	2.131	2.163	2.093	2.190	1.151
October	2,198	2.890	2.263	2.384	2.221	2.325	1.253
November	2.243	2.868	2.342	NA	2.308	2.392	1.277
December	2.383	3.024	2.459	2.744	2.435	2.486	1.322
Average	2.165	2.874	2.185	2.299	2.147	2.400	1.212
11 January	2.472	3.161	2.585	2.804	2.585	2.621	1.380
February	2.584	3.248	2.783	2.974	2.737	2.820	1.401
March	2.934	3.607	3.095	3.196	2.996	3.134	1.403
April	3.218	4.035	3.259	3.296	3.167	3.296	1.433
May	3.174	4.096	3.188	W	3.039	3.116	1.515
June	2.970	3.847	3.101	3.054	2.956	3.079	1.503
July	3.058	4.011	3.090	3.158	3.024	3.135	1.513
August	2.949	3.899	3.040	3.089	2.927	3.032	1.522
September	2.896	3.878	3.025	3.073	2.927	3.035	1.557
October	2.890	3.616	2.962	3.096	2.927	3.035	1.511
	2.805	3.494	3.089	3.258		3.157	1.498
November					3.050		
December	2.614	3.424	2.951	3.006	2.928	2.927	1.444
Average	2.867	3.739	3.014	3.065	2.907	3.034	1.467
12 January	2.747	3.576	3.059	3.197	3.027	3.018	1.341
February	2.936	3.788	3.186	3.293	3.166	3.163	1.282
March	3.203	4.052	3.296	3.306	3.211	3.308	1.293
April	3.189	4.157	3.255	3.243	3.153	3.252	1.163
Арлі Мау	3.016	4.004	3.076	3.008	2.976	3.039	0.950
June	2.757	3.883	2.747	2.697	2.635	2.741	0.762
July	2.806	3.877	2.850	2.936	2.774	2.907	0.809
August	3.087	4.124	3.129	3.195	2.988	<sup>R</sup> 3.206	<sup>R</sup> 0.875
September	3.163	4.269	3.245	3.236	3.128	3.277	0.910

<sup>a</sup> Prices are not adjusted for inflation. See "Nominal Dollars" in Glossary.

 b See Note 5, "Motor Gasoline Prices," at end of section.
 R=Revised. NA=Not available. W=Value withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Information Administration (EIA) estimates. See Note 6, "Historical Petroleum Prices," at end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#prices for all

Notes: • Sales for resale are those made to purchasers other than ultimate consumers. Sales to end users are shown in Table 9.7; they are sales made directly to ultimate consumers, including bulk consumers (such as agriculture, industry, and electric utilities) and residential and commercial consumers. • Values

for the current month are preliminary. • Prices prior to 1983 are U.S. Energy

available data beginning in 1978.
Sources: • 1978-2009: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Annual 2009, Table 4.
2010 forward: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, December 2012, Table 4.

#### Table 9.7 Refiner Prices of Petroleum Products to End Users

(Dollars<sup>a</sup> per Gallon, Excluding Taxes)

	Finished Motor Gasoline <sup>b</sup>	Finished Aviation Gasoline	Kerosene- Type Jet Fuel	Kerosene	No. 2 Fuel Oil	No. 2 Diesel Fuel	Propane (Consumer Grade)
070 Augusto	0.404	0.540	0.007	0.404	0.400	0.077	0.005
978 Average	0.484	0.516	0.387	0.421	0.400	0.377	0.335
980 Average	1.035	1.084	0.868	0.902	0.788	0.818	0.482
985 Average	0.912	1.201	0.796	1.030	0.849	0.789	0.717
990 Average	0.883	1.120	0.766	0.923	0.734	0.725	0.745
995 Average	0.765	1.005	0.540	0.589	0.562	0.560	0.492
996 Average	0.847	1.116	0.651	0.740	0.673	0.681	0.605
997 Average	0.839	1.128	0.613	0.745	0.636	0.642	0.552
998 Average	0.673	0.975	0.452	0.501	0.482	0.494	0.405
999 Average	0.781	1.059	0.543	0.605	0.558	0.584	0.458
000 Average	1.106	1.306	0.899	1.123	0.927	0.935	0.603
001 Average	1.032	1.323	0.775	1.045	0.829	0.842	0.506
002 Average	0.947	1.288	0.721	0.990	0.737	0.762	0.419
003 Average	1.156	1.493	0.872	1.224	0.933	0.944	0.577
004 Average	1.435	1.819	1.207	1.160	1.173	1.243	0.839
005 Average	1.829	2.231	1.735	1.957	1.705	1.786	1.089
	2.128	2.682	1.998	2.244	1.982	2.096	1.358
006 Average							
007 Average	2.345	2.849	2.165	2.263	2.241	2.267	1.489
008 Average	2.775	3.273	3.052	3.283	2.986	3.150	1.892
009 Average	1.888	2.442	1.704	2.675	1.962	1.834	1.220
010 January	2.240	2.914	2.129	2.986	2.369	2.192	1.913
February	2.173	2.855	2.018	2.974	2.310	2.144	2.009
March	2.301	3.103	2.144	2.978	2.425	2.265	NA
April	2.370	3.201	2.272	3.040	2.527	2.410	1.326
May	2.353	3.129	2.199	2.938	2.487	2.343	1.264
June	2.251	2.981	2.105	2.965	2.393	2.284	1.204
July	2.247	3.028	2.103	NA	2.246	2.212	1.162
	2.247	2.967	2.103	2.772	2.240	2.212	1.211
August							
September	2.219	2.893	2.148	2.898	2.346	2.269	1.283
October	2.319	3.000	2.298	3.058	2.580	2.389	1.425
November	2.378	3.095	2.374	3.130	2.641	2.457	NA
December	2.514	3.218	2.484	3.276	2.749	2.554	1.863
Average	2.301	3.028	2.201	3.063	2.462	2.314	1.481
011 January	2.615	3.323	2.623	3.358	2.889	2.681	NA
February	2.712	3.374	2.818	3.506	3.020	2.867	1.823
March	3.072	3.767	3.161	3.697	3.255	3.189	1.763
April	3.340	4.132	3.306	3.796	3.430	3.370	NA
May	3.419	4.091	3.220	3.894	3.337	3.231	1.648
June	3.184	3.913	3.138	3.802	3.193	3.183	1.681
	3.164						
July		4.027	3.118	3.812	3.294	3.214	1.620
August	3.134	3.920	3.057	3.851	3.251	3.143	1.650
September	3.090	3.915	3.059	3.873	3.288	3.127	1.702
October	2.980	3.697	2.987	3.823	3.346	3.108	1.706
November	2.922	3.620	3.124	3.892	3.403	3.225	1.773
December	2.808	W	2.963	3.824	3.255	3.024	1.691
Average	3.050	3.803	3.054	3.616	3.193	3.117	1.709
12 January	2.914	3.732	3.087	3.848	3.345	3.093	1.655
February	3.087	W	3.206	3.874	3.495	3.224	1.518
March	3.389	4.133	3.337	3.919	3.522	3.378	1.470
	3.405	4.313	3.283	3.916	3.509	3.342	1.352
April							
May	3.289	W	3.100	3.741	3.258	3.163	1.080
June	3.061	W	2.768	3.753	2.982	2.912	0.902
July	2.981	W	2.856	3.612	3.041	2.989	0.972
August	3.248	4.091	3.123	3.575	3.256	3.265	<sup>R</sup> 0.916
September	3.357	4.262	3.285	3.771	3.361	3.367	0.932

<sup>a</sup> Prices are not adjusted for inflation. See "Nominal Dollars" in Glossary.

<sup>a</sup> Prices are not adjusted for inflation. See "Nominal Dollars" in Glossary.
 <sup>b</sup> See Note 5, "Motor Gasoline Prices," at end of section.
 R=Revised. NA=Not available. W=Value withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.
 Notes: • Sales to end users are those made directly to ultimate consumers,

including bulk consumers (such as agriculture, industry, and electric utilities) and residential and commercial consumers. Sales for resale are shown in Table 9.6; they are sales made to purchasers other than ultimate consumers. • Values for

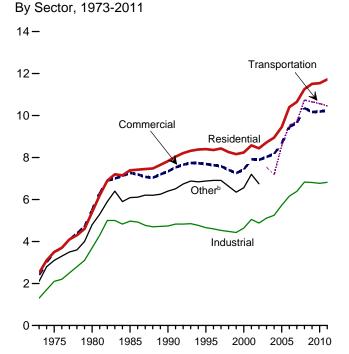
the current month are preliminary. • Prices prior to 1983 are U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA) estimates. See Note 6, "Historical Petroleum Prices," at end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District

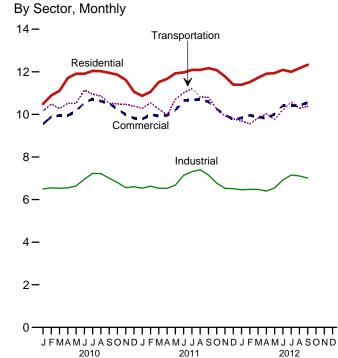
of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#prices for all

available data beginning in 1978.
Sources: • 1978-2009: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Annual 2009, Table 2.
2010 forward: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, December 2012, Table 2.

#### Figure 9.2 Average Retail Prices of Electricity

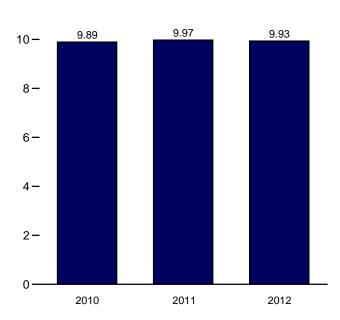
(Cents<sup>a</sup> per Kilowatthour)





#### Total, January-September

12-



By Sector, September 2012

14 -12 -10 -8 -6 -4 -2 -0 Residential Commercial Industrial Transportation

<sup>a</sup>Prices are not adjusted for inflation. See "Nominal Price" in Glossary. <sup>b</sup>Public street and highway lighting, interdepartmental sales, other sales to public authorities, agricultural and irrigation, and transportation including railroads and railways. Note: Includes taxes.

Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#prices. Source: Table 9.8.

#### Table 9.8 Average Retail Prices of Electricity

(Cents<sup>a</sup> per Kilowatthour, Including Taxes)

	Residential	Commercialb	Industrial <sup>c</sup>	Transportationd	Other <sup>e</sup>	Total
973 Average	2.50	2.40	1.30	NA	2.10	2.00
75 Average	3.50	3.50	2.10	NA	3.10	2.90
80 Average	5.40	5.50	3.70	NA	4.80	4.70
	7.39	7.27	4.97	NA	6.09	6.44
85 Average	7.83	7.34	4.74	NA	6.40	6.57
90 Average						
95 Average	8.40	7.69	4.66	NA	6.88	6.89
96 Average	8.36	7.64	4.60	NA	6.91	6.86
97 Average	8.43	7.59	4.53	NA	6.91	6.85
98 Average	8.26	7.41	4.48	NA	6.63	6.74
99 Average	8.16	7.26	4.43	NA	6.35	6.64
00 Average	8.24	7.43	4.64	NA	6.56	6.81
01 Average	8.58	7.92	5.05	NA	7.20	7.29
02 Average	8.44	7.89	4.88	NA	6.75	7.20
03 Average	8.72	8.03	5.11	7.54		7.44
04 Average	8.95	8.17	5.25	7.18		7.61
	9.45	8.67	5.73	8.57		8.14
05 Average						
06 Average	10.40	9.46	6.16	9.54		8.90
07 Average	10.65	9.65	6.39	9.70		9.13
08 Average	11.26	10.36	6.83	10.74		9.74
09 Average	11.51	10.17	6.81	10.65		9.82
10 January	10.49	9.55	6.50	10.17		9.28
February	10.89	9.89	6.55	10.48		9.47
March	11.11	9.95	6.53	10.28		9.48
April	11.71	9.95	6.55	10.52		9.53
May	11.91	10.15	6.64	10.52		9.72
June	11.91	10.56	6.96	11.14		10.18
July	12.04	10.72	7.23	10.95		10.46
August	12.04	10.62	7.23	10.86		10.40
	12.03	10.62	7.00	10.66		10.40
September						
October	11.86	10.25	6.80	10.49		9.81
November	11.62	9.99	6.56	10.47		9.55
December	11.06	9.82	6.60	10.39		9.52
Average	11.54	10.19	6.77	10.57		9.83
11 January	10.87	9.78	6.53	10.29		9.48
February	11.06	9.99	<sup>R</sup> 6.63	10.55		9.56
March	11.52	9.93	6.53	10.24		9.55
April	11.67	9.96	6.53	9.97		9.54
May	11.93	10.19	6.68	10.70		9.78
June	11.97	10.66	7.14	11.01		10.26
July	12.09	10.67	<sup>R</sup> 7.31	11.21		10.47
August	12.00	10.72	<sup>R</sup> 7.40	10.82		10.49
September	12.03	10.59	7.15	10.80		10.49
October	12.08	10.35	6.77	10.25		<sup>R</sup> 9.83
		9.98	6.53	9.93		9.58
November	11.78					
December	11.40	9.77	6.51	9.79		9.53
Average	11.72	<sup>R</sup> 10.23	<sup>R</sup> 6.82	10.46		<sup>R</sup> 9.90
12 January	11.39	9.83	6.46	9.69		9.61
February	11.52	9.96	6.48	9.55		9.60
March	11.72	9.88	6.48	9.83		9.56
April	11.91	9.83	6.40	10.02		9.49
May	11.94	10.01	6.55	9.76		9.68
June	12.09	10.42	6.92	10.22		10.15
July	12.00	10.42	7.15	10.57		10.31
August	12.17	10.42	7.11	10.29		10.34
September	12.33	10.55	7.01	10.39		10.31
9-Month Average	11.91	10.55	6.74	10.39		9.93
11 9-Month Average	11.71	10.31	6.89	10.62		9.97
10 9-Month Average	11.56	10.24	6.81			

Prices are not adjusted for inflation. See "Nominal Price" in Glossary.

 <sup>a</sup> Prices are not adjusted for inflation. See "Nominal Price in Giossary.
 <sup>b</sup> Commercial sector. For 1973–2002, prices exclude public street and highway lighting, interdepartmental sales, and other sales to public authorities.
 <sup>c</sup> Industrial sector. For 1973–2002, prices exclude agriculture and irrigation.
 <sup>d</sup> Transportation sector, including railroads and railways.
 <sup>e</sup> Public street and highway lighting, interdepartmental sales, other sales to public authorities activities and irrigation. and transportation including railroads public authorities, agriculture and irrigation, and transportation including railroads and railways.

R=Revised. NA=Not available. --=Not applicable.

R=Revised. NA=Not available. - -=Not applicable. Notes: • Beginning in 2003, the category "Other" has been replaced by "Transportation," and the categories "Commercial" and "Industrial" have been redefined. • Prices are calculated by dividing revenue by sales. Revenue may not correspond to sales for a particular month because of energy service provider billing and accounting procedures. That lack of correspondence could result in uncharacteristic increases or decreases in the monthly prices. • Prices include State and local taxes, energy or demand charges, customer service charges, environmental surcharges, franchise fees, fuel adjustments, and other

miscellaneous charges applied to end-use customers during normal billing Inscenarieous criarges appried to end-use customers during normal billing operations. Prices do not include deferred charges, credits, or other adjustments, such as fuel or revenue from purchased power, from previous reporting periods.
 See Note 7, "Electricity Retail Prices," at end of section for plant coverage, and for information on preliminary and final values.
 Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.
 Web Pare: See http://www.eig.cov//totalenerg//dota/monthlu//floriesc.for.col

Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#prices for all available data beginning in 1973.

available data beginning in 1973.
Sources: • 1973-September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenues and Income." • October 1977-February 1980: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FPC-5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenues and Income." • March 1980-1982: FERC, Form FERC-5, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement."
1983: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-866, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement." • 1984-1997: EIA, Form EIA-861, "Annual Electric Utility Report." • 1998 forward: EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, November 2012, Table 5.3.

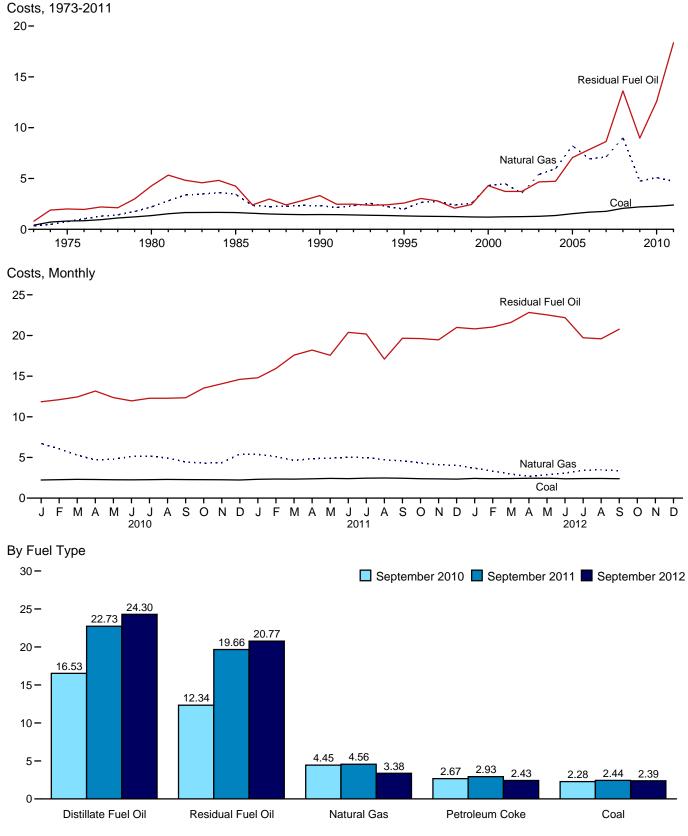


Figure 9.3 Cost of Fossil-Fuel Receipts at Electric Generating Plants

(Dollars<sup>a</sup> per Million Btu, Including Taxes)

 $^{\mathrm{a}}\mathrm{Prices}$  are not adjusted for inflation. See "Nominal Dollars" in Glossary.

Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#prices. Source: Table 9.9.

#### Table 9.9 Cost of Fossil-Fuel Receipts at Electric Generating Plants

(Dollars<sup>a</sup> per Million Btu, Including Taxes)

			Petrole	um			
	Coal	Residual Fuel Oil <sup>b</sup>	Distillate Fuel Oilc	Petroleum Coke	Totald	Natural Gas <sup>e</sup>	All Fossil Fuels
973 Average	0.41	0.79	NA	NA	0.80	0.34	0.48
975 Average	.81	2.01	NA	NA	2.02	.75	1.04
980 Average	1.35	4.27	NA	NA	4.35	2.20	1.93
985 Average	1.65	4.27	NA	NA	4.33	3.44	2.09
	1.65	3.32	5.38	.80	3.35	2.32	1.69
990 Average							
995 Average	1.32	2.59	3.99	.65	2.57	1.98	1.45
996 Average	1.29	3.03	4.87	.78	3.03	2.64	1.52
997 Average	1.27	2.79	4.49	.91	2.73	2.76	1.52
998 Average	1.25	2.08	3.30	.71	2.02	2.38	1.44
999 Average	1.22	2.44	4.03	.65	2.36	2.57	1.44
000 Average	1.20	4.29	6.65	.58	4.18	4.30	1.74
001 Average	1.23	3.73	6.30	.78	3.69	4.49	1.73
002 Average <sup>g</sup>	1.25	3.73	5.34	.78	3.34	3.56	1.86
003 Average	1.28	4.66	6.82	.72	4.33	5.39	2.28
004 Average	1.36	4.73	8.02	.83	4.29	5.96	2.48
005 Average	1.54	7.06	11.72	1.11	6.44	8.21	3.25
006 Average	1.69	7.85	13.28	1.33	6.23	6.94	3.02
007 Average	1.77	8.64	14.85	1.51	7.17	7.11	3.23
008 Average	2.07	13.62	21.46	2.11	10.87	9.01	4.12
009 Average	2.21	8.98	13.22	1.61	7.02	4.74	3.04
							0.01
010 January	2.23	11.85	15.73	1.72	9.72	6.71	3.74
February	2.27	12.11	15.69	1.80	9.51	6.07	3.45
March	2.31	12.44	16.42	2.09	8.95	5.29	3.16
April	2.29	13.17	17.10	2.18	7.95	4.71	3.01
May	2.26	12.36	16.54	2.22	9.47	4.79	3.12
June	2.25	11.96	16.12	2.15	9.26	5.12	3.34
July	2.27	12.28	15.89	2.42	9.63	5.18	3.51
August	2.30	12.28	16.24	2.65	9.18	4.92	3.39
September	2.28	12.34	16.53	2.67	9.35	4.45	3.10
October	2.27	13.53	17.14	2.43	9.13	4.30	2.94
November	2.26	14.06	17.43	2.43	10.86	4.35	2.94
December Average	2.23 <b>2.27</b>	14.61 <b>12.57</b>	18.56 <b>16.61</b>	2.57 <b>2.28</b>	11.29 <b>9.54</b>	5.43 <b>5.09</b>	3.32 <b>3.26</b>
044	<sup>R</sup> 2.32	14.80	40.50	0.40	11.00	F 00	3.37
011 January			19.59	3.13	11.83	5.39	
February	2.35	15.94	20.93	2.84	11.60	5.09	3.27
March	2.34	17.59	22.59	3.09	12.98	4.64	3.12
April	2.38	18.21	24.06	3.20	13.04	4.86	3.29
May	2.43	17.57	23.04	3.31	13.21	4.89	3.39
June	2.40	20.38	23.13	2.78	14.29	5.04	3.52
July	2.45	20.18	22.95	3.30	12.13	4.98	3.62
August	2.47	17.09	22.51	3.08	10.52	4.73	3.44
September	2.44	19.66	22.73	2.93	11.51	4.56	3.26
October	2.39	19.62	23.20	3.32	13.20	4.33	3.14
November	2.37	19.47	23.38	2.58	13.03	4.10	3.04
December	2.34	20.99	22.45	2.74	12.11	4.04	3.02
Average	2.39	18.35	22.46	3.03	12.48	4.72	3.30
	2.00			0.00		~~~	5.00
012 January	2.43	20.81	22.87	2.71	12.76	3.67	2.98
February	2.40	21.04	23.73	2.57	12.61	3.32	2.83
March	2.41	21.60	24.80	2.43	12.31	2.96	2.73
April	2.44	22.83	24.30	2.64	13.17	2.68	2.65
May	2.44	22.54	23.23	2.68	13.88	2.90	2.75
June	2.38	22.19	21.66	2.73	13.41	3.08	2.81
July	2.41	19.72	21.80	2.93	13.95	3.41	2.98
August	2.42	19.59	23.15	2.55	13.24	3.48	2.90
	2.42	20.77	24.30	2.43	10.33	3.38	2.87
September 9-Month Average	2.39 <b>2.41</b>	20.77 <b>21.10</b>	24.30 23.19	2.43 <b>2.61</b>	10.33 12.83	3.38 3.22	2.87 2.85
-							
011 9-Month Average	2.40	17.90	22.26	3.08	12.38	4.90	3.37
010 9-Month Average	2.27	12.24	16.16	2.24	9.29	5.20	3.32

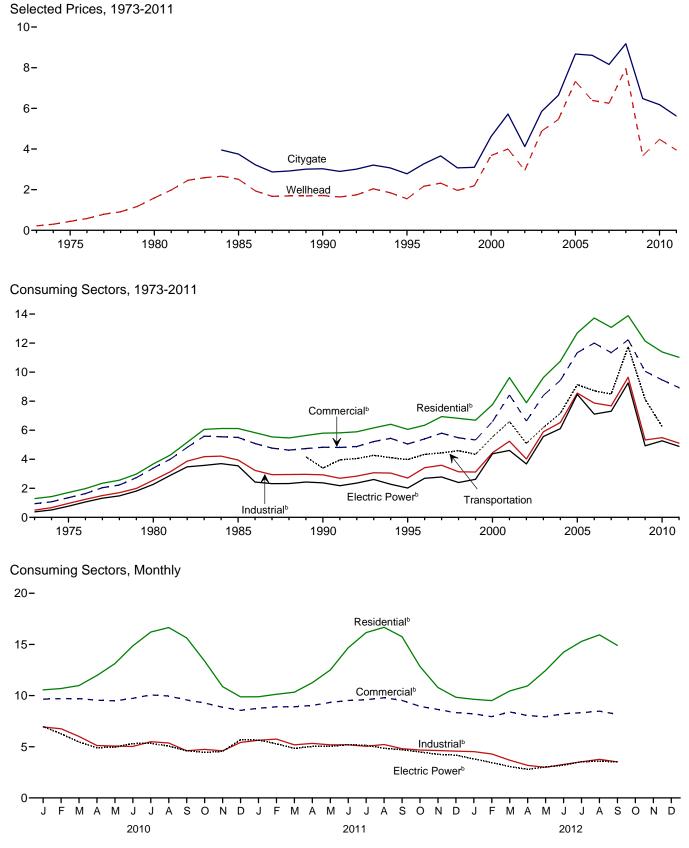
Prices are not adjusted for inflation. See "Nominal Dollars" in Glossary.
 For 1973–2001, electric utility data are for heavy oil (fuel oil nos. 5 and 6, and

 <sup>c</sup> For 1973–2001, electric utility data are for neavy oil (rule) oil nos. 5 and 6, and small amounts of fuel oil no. 4).
 <sup>c</sup> For 1973–2001, electric utility data are for light oil (fuel oil nos. 1 and 2).
 <sup>d</sup> Distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, petroleum coke, jet fuel, kerosene, other petroleum, and waste oil. For 1973–1982, data do not include refined motor oil, under the state of the bunker oil, and liquefied petroleum gases. For 1973-1989, data do not include

petroleum coke. <sup>e</sup> Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels. For 1973-2000, data also include a small amount of blast furnace gas and other gases derived from fossil fuels. <sup>f</sup> Weighted average of costs shown under "Coal," "Petroleum," and "Natural

Gas." <sup>9</sup> Through 2001, data are for electric utilities only. Beginning in 2002, data also include independent power producers, and electric generating plants in the commercial and industrial sectors. See Note 8, "Costs of Fossil-Fuel Receipts at Electric Generating Plants," at end of section for plant coverage. R=Revised. NA=Not available. Notes: • Receipts are purchases of fuel. • Yearly costs are averages of monthly values, weighted by quantities in Btu. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#prices for all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: See end of section.



<sup>a</sup>Prices are not adjusted for inflation. See "Nominal Dollars" in Glossary. <sup>b</sup>Includes taxes.

Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#prices. Source: Table 9.10.

#### Table 9.10 Natural Gas Prices

(Dollars<sup>a</sup> per Thousand Cubic Feet)

						C	onsuming	Sectorsb			
		City-	Res	idential	Com	mercial <sup>c</sup>	Ind	ustrial <sup>d</sup>	Transportation	Electi	ic Power <sup>e</sup>
	Wellhead Price	gate Price	Price <sup>f</sup>	Percentage of Sector <sup>g</sup>	Price <sup>f</sup>	Percentage of Sector <sup>g</sup>	Price <sup>f</sup>	Percentage of Sector <sup>g</sup>	Vehicle Fuel <sup>h</sup> Price <sup>f</sup>	Price <sup>f</sup>	Percentage of Sector <sup>g,i</sup>
1973 Average 1975 Average 1980 Average	.44	NA NA NA	1.29 1.71 3.68	NA NA NA	0.94 1.35 3.39	NA NA NA	0.50 .96 2.56	NA NA NA	NA NA NA	0.38 .77 2.27	92.1 96.1 96.9
1985 Average 1990 Average	2.51	3.75 3.03	6.12 5.80	NA 99.2	5.50 4.83	NA 86.6	3.95 2.93	68.8 35.2	NA 3.39	3.55 2.38	94.0 76.8
1995 Average	1.55	2.78	6.06	99.0	5.05	76.7	2.71	24.5	3.98	2.02	71.4
1996 Average 1997 Average		3.27 3.66	6.34 6.94	99.0 98.8	5.40 5.80	77.6 70.8	3.42 3.59	19.4 18.1	4.34 4.44	2.69 2.78	68.4 68.0
1998 Average 1999 Average		3.07 3.10	6.82 6.69	97.7 95.2	5.48 5.33	67.0 66.1	3.14 3.12	16.1 18.8	4.59 4.34	2.40 2.62	63.7 58.3
2000 Average	3.68	4.62	7.76	92.6	6.59	63.9	4.45	19.8	5.54	4.38	50.5
2001 Average 2002 Average	4.00 2.95	5.72 4.12	9.63 7.89	92.4 97.9	8.43 6.63	66.0 77.4	5.24 4.02	20.8 22.7	6.60 5.10	4.61 <sup>e</sup> 3.68	40.2 83.9
2003 Average	4.88 5.46	5.85	9.63 10.75	97.5	8.40	78.2 78.0	5.89	22.1 23.6	6.19	5.57	91.2 89.8
2004 Average 2005 Average	7.33	6.65 8.67	12.70	97.7 98.1	9.43 11.34	82.1	6.53 8.56	24.0	7.16 9.14	6.11 8.47	91.3
2006 Average	6.39	8.61 8.16	13.73 13.08	98.1 98.0	12.00 11.34	80.8 80.4	7.87 7.68	23.4 22.2	8.72 8.50	7.11 7.31	93.4 92.2
2008 Average	7.97	9.18 6.48	13.89 12.14	97.5 97.4	12.23 10.06	79.9 77.8	9.65 5.33	20.5 18.8	11.75 8.13	9.26 4.93	101.1 101.1
2009 Average											
2010 January February		6.84 6.64	10.56 10.69	97.4 97.8	9.65 9.71	81.2 81.8	6.93 6.76	19.0 18.6	NA NA	6.98 6.27	101.0 100.5
March April	4.70	6.50 5.88	10.98 11.97	97.6 96.2	9.70 9.55	79.7 75.7	6.01 5.12	18.4 17.7	NA NA	5.47 4.91	101.0 100.9
May	4.24	5.81	13.12	97.1	9.49	73.0	5.07	17.9	NA	4.96	100.9
June July		6.02 6.31	14.86 16.21	96.9 96.8	9.73 10.07	71.9 70.6	5.03 5.49	18.0 18.3	NA NA	5.31 5.34	100.6 100.6
August	4.38	6.22	16.65	96.4	9.96	69.8	5.37	17.8	NA	5.06	100.5
September October	4.05	5.72 5.70	15.64 13.37	96.7 96.8	9.57 9.28	68.5 71.8	4.61 4.74	17.5 16.8	NA NA	4.61 4.45	100.7 101.3
November December	4.12 4.68	5.48 5.74	10.88 9.88	97.4 97.4	8.86 8.56	77.7 80.2	4.60 5.42	17.6 17.8	NA NA	4.55 5.68	101.0 101.3
Average		6.18	11.39	97.4	9.47	77.5	5.49	18.0	6.25	5.27	100.8
2011 January	E 4.37	5.68	9.89	96.5	8.76	72.9	5.63	17.6	NA	5.66	101.7
February March	E 3.95	5.75 5.68	10.13 10.33	96.6 96.2	8.90 8.91	72.1 69.7	5.75 5.19	17.5 17.4	NA NA	5.29 4.84	101.8 101.0
April May	E 4.05	5.62 5.79	11.26 12.50	96.0 96.2	9.04 9.33	66.5 64.0	5.33 5.19	16.8 17.2	NA NA	5.03 5.04	101.6 101.3
June	E 4.20	6.09	14.67	96.3	9.53	63.1	5.19	16.7	NA	5.20	101.1
July August		6.15 6.19	16.16 16.67	96.3 95.7	9.59 9.79	59.3 58.2	5.05 5.22	17.5 16.9	NA NA	5.13 4.85	100.5 101.0
September	E 3.82	5.93 5.43	15.76 12.84	95.6 95.7	9.53 8.95	57.9 58.4	4.81 4.68	16.6 16.7	NA NA	4.71 4.49	101.4 101.5
October November	E 3.35	5.28	10.79	95.2	8.64	66.2	4.63	17.0	NA	4.26	101.1
December Average		5.03 <b>5.62</b>	9.84 <b>11.02</b>	96.4 <b>96.2</b>	8.33 <b>8.93</b>	69.2 <b>67.2</b>	4.57 <b>5.11</b>	17.5 <b>17.1</b>	NA NA	4.18 <b>4.89</b>	101.4 <b>101.2</b>
2012 January		4.86	9.64	96.2	8.22	70.4	4.52	16.9	NA	3.81	100.8
February	E 2.46	4.74 4.84	9.51 10.45	96.2	7.94 8.40	69.2 66.9	4.30	16.9 16.9	NA	3.45	100.4
March April	E 1.89	4.20	10.95	96.2 95.6	8.05	63.5	3.69 3.18	16.2	NA	3.07 2.79	100.3 101.1
May June	E 1.94	4.31 4.65	12.46 14.24	95.7 95.6	7.93 8.23	60.7 60.4	2.99 3.27	16.6 16.5	NA NA	3.03 3.20	100.8 100.7
July	E 2.59	4.86	15.30	95.6	8.32	59.0	3.53	16.9	NA	3.53	100.7
August September	E 2.71	5.17 4.76	15.94 14.91	95.1 95.1	8.48 8.17	57.0 57.3	3.77 3.52	17.9 17.1	NA NA	3.59 3.52	100.5 101.3
9-Month Average	<sup>E</sup> 2.46	4.73	10.92	96.0	8.17	65.0	3.67	16.9	NA	3.34	100.7
2011 9-Month Average 2010 9-Month Average		5.79 6.41	11.16 11.68	96.3 97.3	9.06 9.69	67.7 77.4	5.28 5.67	17.2 18.2	NA NA	5.07 5.37	101.2 100.7

<sup>a</sup> Prices are not adjusted for inflation. See "Nominal Dollars" in Glossary.
 <sup>b</sup> See Note 9, "Natural Gas Prices," at end of section.
 <sup>c</sup> Commercial sector, including commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only plants. See Note, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at end of Section 7.
 <sup>d</sup> Industrial sector, including industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and industrial electricity-only plants. See Note, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at end of Section 7.
 <sup>e</sup> The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public. Through 2001, data are for electric utilities only; beginning in 2002, data also include independent power producers. See Note 8, "Cossi of Fossil-Fuel Receipts at Electric Generating Plants," at end of section for plant coverage.
 <sup>f</sup> Includes taxes.
 <sup>g</sup> The percentage of the sector's consumption in Table 4.3 for which price

<sup>9</sup> The percentage of the sector's consumption in Table 4.3 for which price data are available. For details on how the percentages are derived, see Table 9.10 Sources at end of section.

<sup>h</sup> Much of the natural gas delivered for vehicle fuel represents deliveries to fueling stations that are used primarily or exclusively by fleet vehicles. Thus, the prices are often those associated with the cost of gas in the operation of fleet vehicles.

<sup>1</sup> Percentages exceed 100 percent when reported natural gas receipts are greater than reported natural gas consumption—this can occur when combined-heat-and-power plants report fuel receipts related to non-electric

combined-heat-and-power plants report fuel receipts related to non-electric generating activities. NA=Not available. E=Estimate. Notes: • Prices are for natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels. • Prices are intended to include all taxes. See Note 9, "Natural Gas Prices," at end of section. • Wellhead annual and year-to-date prices are simple averages of the monthly prices; all other annual and year-to-date prices are to the averages of the monthly prices. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#prices for all available data beginning in 1973. Sources: See end of section.

# **Energy Prices**

**Note 1. Crude Oil Domestic First Purchase Prices.** The average domestic first purchase price represents the average price at which all domestic crude oil is purchased. Prior to February 1976, the price represented an estimate of the average of posted prices; beginning with February 1976, the price represents an average of actual first purchase prices. The data series was previously called "Actual Domestic Wellhead Price."

**Note 2. Crude Oil F.O.B. Costs.** F.O.B. literally means "Free on Board." It denotes a transaction whereby the seller makes the product available with an agreement on a given port at a given price; it is the responsibility of the buyer to arrange for the transportation and insurance.

**Note 3. Crude Oil Landed Costs.** The landed cost of imported crude oil from selected countries does not represent the total cost of all imported crude. Prior to April 1975, imported crude costs to U.S. company-owned refineries in the Caribbean were not included in the landed cost, and costs of crude oil from countries that export only small amounts to the United States were also excluded. Beginning in April 1975, however, coverage was expanded to include U.S. company-owned refineries in the Caribbean. Landed costs do not include supplemental fees.

Note 4. Crude Oil Refinery Acquisition Costs. Beginning with January 1981, refiner acquisition costs of crude oil are from data collected on U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA) Form EIA-14, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Report." Those costs were previously published from data collected on Economic Regulatory Administration (ERA) Form ERA-49, "Domestic Crude Oil Entitlements Program Refiners Monthly Report." Form ERA-49 was discontinued with the decontrol of crude oil on January 28, 1981. Crude oil purchases and costs are defined for Form EIA-14 in accordance with conventions used for Form ERA-49. The respondents for the two forms are also essentially the same. However, due to possible different interpretations of the filing requirements and a different method for handling prior period adjustments, care must be taken when comparing the data collected on the two forms.

The refiner acquisition cost of crude oil is the average price paid by refiners for crude oil booked into their refineries in accordance with accounting procedures generally accepted and consistently and historically applied by the refiners concerned. Domestic crude oil is that oil produced in the United States or from the outer continental shelf as defined in 43 USC Section 1331. Imported crude oil is either that oil reported on Form ERA-51, "Transfer Pricing Report," or any crude oil that is not domestic oil. The composite cost is the weighted average of domestic and imported crude oil costs.

Crude oil costs and volumes reported on Form ERA-49 excluded unfinished oils but included the Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR). Crude oil costs and volumes reported on Federal Energy Administration (FEA) Form FEA-P110-M-1, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Allocation Report," included unfinished oils but excluded SPR. Imported averages derived from Form ERA-49 exclude oil purchased for SPR, whereas the composite averages derived from Form ERA-49 include SPR. None of the prices derived from Form EIA-14 include either unfinished oils or SPR.

**Note 5. Motor Gasoline Prices.** Several different series of motor gasoline prices are published in this section. U.S. city average retail prices of motor gasoline are calculated monthly by the Bureau of Labor Statistics during the development of the Consumer Price Index (CPI). These prices include all Federal, State, and local taxes paid at the time of sale. From 1974–1977, prices were collected in 56 urban areas. From 1978 forward, prices are collected from a new sample of service stations in 85 urban areas selected to represent all urban consumers—about 80 percent of the total U.S. population. The service stations are selected initially, and on a replacement basis, in such a way that they represent the purchasing habits of the CPI population. Service stations in the current sample include those providing all types of service (i.e., full-, mini-, and self-serve).

Refiner prices of finished motor gasoline for resale and to end users are determined by the EIA in a monthly survey of refiners and gas plant operators (Form EIA-782A). The prices do not include any Federal, State, or local taxes paid at the time of sale. Estimates of prices prior to January 1983 are based on Form FEA-P302-M-1/EIA-460, "Petroleum Industry Monthly Report for Product Prices," and also exclude all Federal, State, or local taxes paid at the time of sale. Sales for resale are those made to purchasers who are other-than-ultimate consumers. Sales to end users are sales made directly to the consumer of the product, including bulk consumers (such as agriculture, industry, and utilities) and residential and commercial consumers.

Note 6. Historical Petroleum Prices. Starting in January 1983, Form EIA-782, "Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report," replaced 10 previous surveys. Every attempt was made to continue the most important price series. However, prices published through December 1982 and those published since January 1983 do not necessarily form continuous data series due to changes in survey forms, definitions, instructions, populations, samples, processing systems, and statistical procedures. To provide historical data, continuous series were generated for annual data 1978-1982 and for monthly data 1981 and 1982 by estimating the prices that would have been published had Form EIA-782 survey and system been in operation at that time. This form of estimation was performed after detailed adjustment was made for product and sales type matching and for discontinuity due to other factors. An important difference between the previous and present prices is the distinction between wholesale and resale and between retail and end user. The resale category continues to include sales among resellers. However, sales to bulk consumers, such as utility, industrial, and commercial accounts previously included in the wholesale category, are now counted as made to end users. The end-user category continues to include retail sales through company-owned and operated outlets but also includes sales to the bulk consumers such as agriculture, industry, and electric utilities. Additional information may be found in "Estimated Historic Time Series for the EIA-782," a feature article by Paula Weir, printed in the December 1983 [3] *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, published by EIA.

**Note 7. Electricity Retail Prices.** Average annual retail prices of electricity have the following plant coverage: Through 1979, annual data are for Classes A and B privately owned electric utilities only. For 1980–1982, annual data are for selected Class A utilities whose electric operating revenues were \$100 million or more during the previous year. For 1983, annual data are for a selected sample of electric utilities. Beginning in 1984, data are for a census of electric utilities. Beginning in 1996, annual data also include energy service providers selling to retail customers.

Average monthly retail prices of electricity have the following plant coverage: Through 1985, monthly data are derived from selected privately owned electric utilities and, therefore, are not national averages. Beginning in 1986, monthly data are based on a sample of publicly and privately owned electric utilities. Beginning in 1996, monthly data also include energy service providers selling to retail customers.

Preliminary monthly data are from Form EIA-826, "Monthly Electric Sales and Revenue Report With State Distributions Report," which is a monthly collection of data from approximately 450 of the largest publicly and privately owned electric utilities as well as a census of energy service providers with retail sales in deregulated States; a model is then applied to the collected data to estimate for the entire universe of U.S. electric utilities. Preliminary annual data are the sum of the monthly revenues divided by the sum of the monthly sales. When final annual data become available each year from Form EIA-861, "Annual Electric Power Industry Report," their ratios to the preliminary Form EIA-826 values are used to derive adjusted final monthly values.

Note 8. Costs of Fossil-Fuel Receipts at Electric Generating Plants. Data for 1973–1982 cover all regulated electric generating plants at which the generator nameplate capacity of all steam-electric units combined totaled 25 megawatts or greater. From 1974–1982, peaking units were included in the data and counted towards the 25-megawatt-or-greater total. Data for 1983–1990 cover all regulated electric generating plants at which the generator nameplate capacity of all steam-electric units combined totaled 50 megawatts or greater. Data for 1991–2001 cover all regulated electric generating plants at which the generator nameplate capacity of all steamelectric units and combined-cycle units together totaled 50 megawatts or greater. Data for 2002 forward cover the aforementioned regulated generating plants plus unregulated generating plants (independent power producers, as well as combined-heat-and-power generating plants and electricity-only plants in the commercial and industrial sector) whose total facility fossil-fueled nameplate generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts, regardless of unit type.

Note 9. Natural Gas Prices. Natural gas prices are intended to include all taxes. Instructions on the data collection forms specifically direct that all Federal, State, and local taxes, surcharges, and/or adjustments billed to consumers are to be included. However, sales and other taxes itemized on more than 3,000 consumers' bills are sometimes excluded by the reporting utilities. Deliveredto-consumers prices for 1987 forward represent natural gas delivered and sold to residential, commercial, industrial, vehicle fuel, and electric power consumers. They do not include the price of natural gas delivered on behalf of third parties to residential, commercial, industrial, and vehicle fuel customers except for certain States in the residential and commercial sectors for 2002 forward. Volumes of natural gas delivered on behalf of third parties are included in the consumption data shown in Table 4.3. Additional information is available in the EIA Natural Gas Monthly, Appendix C.

# Table 9.1 Sources

#### **Domestic First Purchase Price**

1973–1976: U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), Bureau of Mines (BOM), *Minerals Yearbook*, "Crude Petroleum and Petroleum Products" chapter.

1977: Federal Energy Administration, based on Form FEA-P124, "Domestic Crude Oil Purchaser's Monthly Report." 1978–2009: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Petroleum Marketing Annual 2009*, Table 1.

2010 forward: EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, December 2012, Table 1.

#### F.O.B. and Landed Cost of Imports

October 1973–September 1977: Federal Energy Administration, Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report."

October–December 1977: EIA, Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report."

1978–2009: EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Annual 2009*, Table 1.

2010 forward: EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, December 2012, Table 1.

#### **Refiner Acquisition Cost**

1973: EIA estimates. The domestic price was derived by adding estimated transportation costs to the reported domestic first purchase price. The imported price was derived by adding an estimated ocean transport cost to the average "Free Alongside Ship" value published by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

1974–1976: DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook*, "Crude Petroleum and Petroleum Products" chapter.

1977: January–September, FEA, based on Form FEA-P110-M-1, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Allocation Report." October–December, EIA, based on Form FEA-P110-M-1, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Allocation Report."

1978–2009: EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Annual 2009*, Table 1.

2010 forward: EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, December 2012, Table 1.

# **Table 9.2 Sources**

October 1973–September 1977: Federal Energy Administration, Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report." October 1977–December 1977: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report."

1978–2009: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Annual 2009, Table 21.

2010 forward: EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, December 2012, Table 21.

# **Table 9.9 Sources**

1973–September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants."

October 1977–December 1977: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants."

1978 and 1979: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form FERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants."

1980–1989: EIA, Electric Power Monthly, May issues.

1990–2000: EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, March 2003, Table 26.

2001–2007: EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, October 2008, Table 4.1; Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants"; and EIA, Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report."

2008 forward: EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, November 2012, Table 4.1; and Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

# Table 9.10 Sources

# All Prices Except Vehicle Fuel and Electric Power

1973–2006: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Natural Gas Annual (NGA)*, annual reports and unpublished revisions.

2007 forward: EIA, *Natural Gas Monthly (NGM)*, November 2012, Table 3.

# Vehicle Fuel Price

EIA, NGA, annual reports.

#### **Electric Power Sector Price**

1973–1998: EIA, NGA 2000, Table 96. 1999–2002: EIA, NGM, October 2004, Table 4. 2003–2007: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants," and EIA, Form EIA-423 "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report." 2008 forward: Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report."

# Percentage of Residential Sector

1989–2009: EIA, Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." 2010 forward: Estimated by EIA as the average of the three previous annual values.

#### Percentage of Commercial Sector

1987–2006: EIA, NGA, annual reports. Calculated as the total amount of natural gas delivered to commercial consumers minus the amount delivered for the account of others, and then divided by the total amount delivered to commercial consumers.

2007 forward: EIA, NGM, November 2012, Table 3.

# Percentage of Industrial Sector

1982–2006: EIA, NGA, annual reports. Calculated as the total amount of natural gas delivered to industrial consumers minus the amount delivered for the account of others, and then divided by the total amount delivered to industrial consumers. 2007 forward: EIA, NGM, November 2012, Table 3.

# Percentage of Electric Power Sector

1973–2001: Calculated by EIA as the quantity of natural gas receipts by electric utilities reported on Form FERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quantity of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants" (and predecessor forms) divided by the quantity of natural gas consumed by the electric power sector (for 1973–1988, see *Monthly Energy Review (MER)*, Table 7.3b; for 1989–2001, see MER, Table 7.4b).

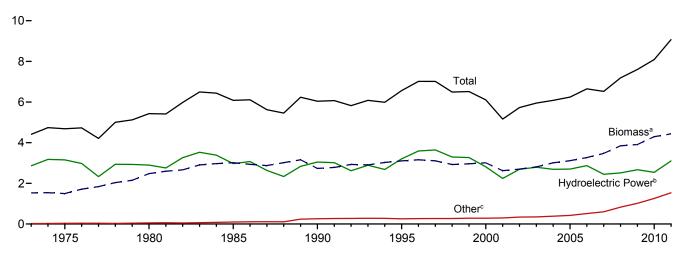
2002–2007: Calculated by EIA as the quantity of natural gas receipts by electric utilities and independent power producers reported on Form FERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quantity of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants," and EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report," divided by the quantity of natural gas consumed by the electric power sector (see MER, Table 7.4b).

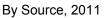
2008 forward: Calculated by EIA as the quantity of natural gas receipts by electric utilities and independent power producers reported on Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report," divided by the quantity of natural gas consumed by the electric power sector (see MER, Table 7.4b).

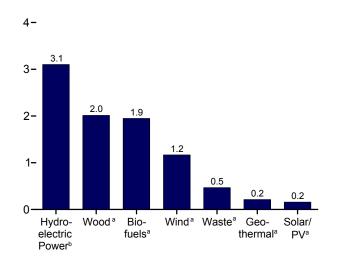
# 10. Renewable Energy

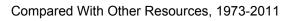
#### Figure 10.1 Renewable Energy Consumption (Quadrillion Btu)

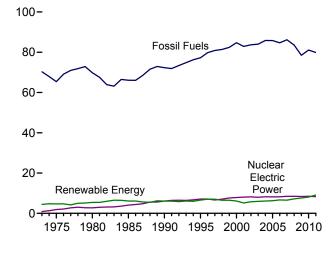
Total and Major Sources, 1973-2011



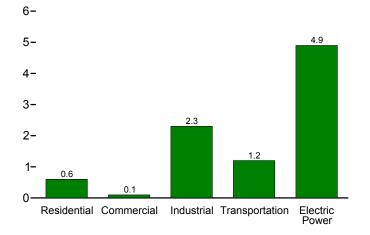




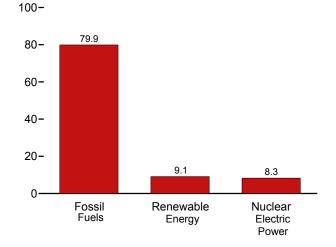




By Sector, 2011



Compared With Other Resources, 2011



Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#renewable.

Sources: Tables 1.3 and 10.1-10.2c.

<sup>a</sup> See Table 10.1 for definition.

<sup>b</sup> Conventional hydroelectric power.

<sup>c</sup> Geothermal, solar/PV, and wind.

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#### Table 10.1 Renewable Energy Production and Consumption by Source (Trillion Btu)

		Production	а					Consumpti	on			
	Bior	mass	Total						Bior	nass		Total
	Bio- fuels <sup>b</sup>	Total <sup>c</sup>	Renew- able Energy <sup>d</sup>	Hydro- electric Power <sup>e</sup>	Geo- thermal <sup>f</sup>	Solar/ PV <sup>g</sup>	Wind <sup>h</sup>	Wood <sup>i</sup>	Waste <sup>j</sup>	Bio- fuels <sup>k</sup>	Total	Renew- able Energy
1973 Total	NA	1,529	4,411	2,861	20	NA	NA	1,527	2	NA	1,529	4,411
1975 Total 1980 Total	NA NA	1,499 2,475	4,687 5,428	3,155 2,900	34 53	NA NA	NA NA	1,497 2,474	2 2	NA NA	1,499 2,475	4,687 5,428
1985 Total	93	2,475	6,084	2,900	97	(s)	(s)	2,474	236	93	2,475	6.084
1990 Total	111	2,735	6,041	3,046	171	<b>5</b> 9	<b>2</b> 9	2,216	408	111	2,735	6,041
1995 Total	198	3,099	6,558	3,205	152	69	33	2,370	531	200	3,101	6,560
1996 Total 1997 Total	141 186	3,155 3,108	7,012 7,018	3,590 3,640	163 167	70 70	33 34	2,437 2,371	577 551	143 184	3,157 3,105	7,014 7,016
1998 Total	202	2.929	6,494	3,040	168	69	34	2,184	542	201	2.927	6,493
1999 Total	211	2,965	6,517	3,268	171	68	46	2,214	540	209	2,963	6,516
2000 Total	233	3,006	6,104	2,811	164	66	57	2,262	511	236	3,008	6,106
2001 Total 2002 Total	254 308	2,624 2.705	5,164 5,734	2,242 2.689	164 171	64 63	70 105	2,006 1.995	364 402	253 303	2,622 2.701	5,163 5.729
2002 Total	402	2,805	R 5,947	R 2,793	R 173	62	R 113	2.002	402	404	2,807	R 5,948
2004 Total	487	2,998	<sup>R</sup> 6,069	<sup>R</sup> 2,688	178	63	142	2,121	389	499	3,010	<sup>R</sup> 6,081
2005 Total	564	3,104	6,229	2,703	181	63	178	2,137	403	577	3,117	6,242
2006 Total 2007 Total	720 978	3,216 3.461	6,599 6,509	2,869 2.446	181 186	68 76	264 341	2,099 2.070	397 413	771 991	3,267 3.474	6,649 6,523
2008 Total	1,387	3,461	7,202	2,440	192	89	546	2,070	436	1,372	3,849	7,186
2009 Total	1,584	3,928	7,616	2,669	200	98	721	1,891	453	1,568	3,912	7,600
2010 January	152	359	672	218	18	10	67	168	39	142	349	662
February	142	332	610	201	16	9	53	154	35	136	326	605
March	158	366	682	204	18	10	84	168	40	149	357	673
April	152 157	351 358	661 717	186 245	17 18	10 11	95 85	160 162	39 39	149 155	348 356	657 715
May June	152	355	753	243	17	11	79	164	39	155	357	755
July	158	367	701	239	17	11	66	170	40	158	368	701
August	160	371	662	196	18	11	65	171	40	159	370	660
September	156	360 369	626 646	168	17	11	69 77	166	38 39	153	357 366	622 643
October November	163 164	369	682	173 191	17 17	10 10	95	166 165	39 40	160 157	365	643 676
December	168	383	726	226	18	10	88	174	41	163	377	720
Total	1,884	4,341	8,136	2,539	208	126	923	1,988	469	1,837	4,294	8,090
2011 January	169	385 346	747	248 234	19 17	12	83	177	39	153	369 339	731
February March	151 171	346 380	710 816	303	17	12 13	102 102	158 170	36 39	145 160	339	703 805
April	163	359	813	303	17	13	121	160	36	154	349	804
May	170	369	832	317	18	14	114	161	38	164	363	826
June	168	375	824	312	17	14	107	168	39	168	374	824
July August	171 174	384 387	792 742	304 250	18 18	14 14	73 73	172 173	40 40	162 174	374 386	782 741
September	166	372	677	208	17	13	67	167	38	160	365	670
October	176	382	708	192	18	13	102	166	40	167	373	699
November	178	386	738	201 231	18	13	121	167	41 42	167	375	727
December Total	186 <b>2,044</b>	405 <b>4,527</b>	770 <b>9,169</b>	3,103	18 <b>213</b>	13 <b>158</b>	104 <b>1,168</b>	177 <b>2,014</b>	42 469	176 <b>1,948</b>	395 <b>4,432</b>	760 <b>9,073</b>
2012 January	177	390	785	227	19	15	134	174	39	154	367	763
February	164	362	701	198	18	15	108	162	36	152	351	690
March	172	373	795	250	19	17	135	162	40	163	365	786
April	164 173	356 378	770 816	254 277	18 19	17 19	124 122	155 166	38 40	160 172	353 378	767 816
May June	165	378	780	277	19	19	122	164	40 39	164	378	779
July	157	368	751	260	19	19	85	171	40	158	369	753
August	163	370	713	225	19	19	81	169	39	168	375	719
September 9-Month Total	152 <b>1,486</b>	353 <b>3,319</b>	645 <b>6,758</b>	171 2,120	19 <b>169</b>	18 <b>159</b>	84 <b>990</b>	164 <b>1,486</b>	38 <b>348</b>	150 <b>1,443</b>	352 3,277	644 6,715
2011 9-Month Total	1,505	3.355	6,953	2,479	159	119	841	1,505	345	1,439	3.289	6,887
2010 9-Month Total	1,388	3,220	6,082	1,949	156	95	662	1,483	349	1,356	3,188	6,051

<sup>a</sup> Production equals consumption for all renewable energy sources except

Flucture of the production of fuel ethanol and biodiesel.
 <sup>b</sup> Total biomass inputs to the production of fuel ethanol and biodiesel.
 <sup>c</sup> Wood and wood-derived fuels, biomass waste, and total biomass inputs to the production of fuel ethanol and biodiesel.
 <sup>d</sup> Hydroelectric power, geothermal, solar thermal/photovoltaic, wind, and biomass

<sup>d</sup> Hydroelectric power, geothermal, solar thermal/photovoltaic, wind, and biomass.
 <sup>e</sup> Conventional hydroelectricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fuels heat rate—see Table A6).
 <sup>f</sup> Geothermal electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fuels heat rate—see Table A6), and geothermal heat pump and direct use energy.
 <sup>g</sup> Solar thermal and photovoltaic (PV) electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fuels heat rate—see Table A6), and solar thermal direct use energy.
 <sup>h</sup> Wind electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fuels heat rate—see Table A6).

rate—see Table A6). <sup>i</sup> Wood and wood-derived fuels.

<sup>j</sup> Municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass. Through 2000, also includes non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels).
 <sup>k</sup> Fuel ethanol (minus denaturant) and biodiesel consumption, plus losses and co-products from the production of fuel ethanol and biodiesel. R=Revised. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu. Notes:
 Most data for the residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation contens are optimated. Sone and 10 db. a Sone sone sources for Tables 10.0 and 10 db. a Sone sources for Tables 10.0 and 10 db. a Sone sources for Tables 10.0 and 10 db. a Sone sources for Tables 10.0 and 10 db. a Sone sources for Tables 10.0 and 10 db. a Sone sources for Tables 10.0 and 10 db. a Sone sources for Tables 10.0 and 10 db. a Sone sources for Tables 10.0 and 10 db. a Sone sources for Tables 10.0 and 10 db. a Sone sources for Tables 10.0 and 10 db. a Sone sources for Tables 10.0 and 10 db. a Sone sources for Tables 10.0 and 10 db. a Sone sources for Tables 10.0 and 10 db. a Sone sources for Tables 10.0 and 10 db. a Sone sources for Tables 10.0 and 10 db. a Sone sources for Tables 10.0 and 10 db. a Sone sources for Tables 10.0 and 10 db. a Sone sources for Tables 10.0 and 10 db. a Sone sources for Tables 10.0 and 10 db. a Sone sources for Tables 10.0 and 10 db. a Sone sources for Tables 10.0 and 10 db. a Sone sources for Tables 10.0 and 10 db. a Sone sources for Tables 10.0 and 10 db. a Sone sources for Tables 10.0 and 10 db. a Sone sources for Tables 10.0 and 10 db. a Sone sources for Tables 10.0 and 10 db. a Sone sources for Tables 10.0 and 10 db. a Sone sources for Tables 10.0 and 10 db. a Sone sources for Tables 10.0 and 10 db. a Sone sources for Tables 10.0 and 10 db. a Sone sources for Tables 10.0 and 10 db. a Sone sources for Tables 10.0 and 10 db. a Sone sources for Tables 10.0 and 10 db. a Sone sources for Tables 10.0 and 10 db. a Sone

Notes. • Most data for the residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation sectors are estimates. See notes and sources for Tables 10.2a and 10.2b. • See Note, "Renewable Energy Production and Consumption," at end of section.
• Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
• Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#renewable for all available data beginning in 1973. Sources: Tables 10.2a–10.4.

#### Table 10.2a Renewable Energy Consumption: Residential and Commercial Sectors (Trillion Btu)

		Reside	ntial Sector					Co	ommercial	Sectora			
			Biomass		Undra					Bic	omass		
	Geo- thermal <sup>b</sup>	Solar/ PV <sup>c</sup>	Wood <sup>d</sup>	Total	Hydro- electric Power <sup>e</sup>	Geo- thermal <sup>b</sup>	Solar/ PV <sup>f</sup>	Wind <sup>g</sup>	Wood <sup>d</sup>	Wasteh	Fuel Ethanol <sup>i</sup>	Total	Total
1973 Total	NA	NA	354	354	NA	NA	NA	NA	7	NA	NA	7	7
1975 Total	NA	NA	425	425	NA	NA	NA	NA	8	NA	NA	8	8
1980 Total	NA	NA	850	850	NA	NA	NA	NA	21	NA	NA	21	21
1985 Total	NA	NA	1,010	1,010	NA	NA	NA	NA	24	NA	(s)	24	24
1990 Total	6	56	580	641	1	3	-	-	66	28	(s)	94	98
1995 Total	7	64	520	591	1	5	-	-	72	40	(s)	113	118
1996 Total	7	65	540	612	1	5	-	-	76	53	(s)	129	135
1997 Total	8	64	430	502	1	6	-	-	73	58	(s)	131	138
1998 Total	8 9	64	380 390	452	1	7 7	_	_	64 67	54 54	(s)	118	127 129
1999 Total	9	63 61	420	461 489	1	8	_		71	54 47	(s)	121 119	129
2000 Total 2001 Total	9	59	370	489		8	_	_	67	25	(s) (s)	92	101
2002 Total	10	57	380	430	(s)	9		_	69	25	(s) (s)	92	101
2003 Total	13	57	400	470	(3)	11	_	_	71	29	(3)	101	113
2004 Total	14	57	410	481	i	12	_	_	70	34	i	105	118
2005 Total	16	58	430	504	1	14	-	-	70	34	1	105	120
2006 Total	18	63	380	462	1	14	-	-	65	36	1	103	118
2007 Total	22	70	410	502	1	14	-	-	70	31	2	103	118
2008 Total	26	80	450	557	1	15	(s)	-	73	34	2	109	125
2009 Total	33	89	430	552	1	17	(s)	(s)	72	36	3	112	129
2010 January	3	10	36	48	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	6	3	(s)	9	11
February	3	9	32	44	(s)	1	(s)	(s)	5	3	(s)	8	10
March	3	10	36	48	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	6	3	(s)	9	11
April	3	9	35	47	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	6	3	(s)	9	11
May	3	10	36	48	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	6	4	(s)	10	12
June	3	9	35	47	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	6	3	(s)	9	11
July	3	10	36	48	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	6	3	(s)	9	11
August	3	10	36	48	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	6	3	(s)	10	11
September	3	9	35	47	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	6	3	(s)	9	11
October	3	10	36	48	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	6	3	(s)	9	11
November	3	9	35	47	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	6	3	(s)	9	10
December Total	3 37	10 <b>114</b>	36 <b>420</b>	48 571	(s) 1	2 19	(s) (s)	(s) (s)	6 72	3 <b>36</b>	(s) 3	9 111	11 <b>130</b>
2011 January	3	12	37	52	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	6	3	(s)	10	11
February	3 3	11	33	47	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	5	3 3	(s)	.0	10
March	3	12	37	52	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	6	3	(s)	10	11
April	3	12	35	50	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	6	3	(s)	9	11
May	3	12	37	52	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	6	4	(s)	10	12
June	3	12	35	50	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	6	4	(s)	10	12
July	3	12	37	52	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	6	4	(s)	10	12
August	3	12	37	52	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	6	4	(s)	10	12
September	3	12	35	50	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	6	4	(s)	10	11
October	3 3	12 12	37	52	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	6	4 4	(s)	10 10	12
November December	3	12	35 37	50 52	(s) (s)	2 2	(s) (s)	(s) (s)	6 6	4	(s) (s)	10	12 12
Total	40	140	430	610	(s)	20	(3)	(s) (s)	71	43	3	117	138
2012 January	3	14	36	54	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	6	4	(s)	10	12
February	3	13	34	51	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	6	4	(s)	10	11
March	3	14	36	54	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	6	4	(s)	10	12
April	3	14	35	52	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	6	3	(s)	10	11
May	3	14	36	54	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	6	4	(s)	10	12
June	3	14	35	52	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	6	3	(s)	9	11
July	3	14	36	54	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	6	4	(s)	10	12
August	3	14	36	54	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	6	3	(s)	10	12
September	3	14	35	52	(s)	2	(s)	(s)	6	3	(s)	10	11
9-Month Total	30	127	322	478	(s)	15	1	(s)	53	32	3	88	104
2011 9-Month Total 2010 9-Month Total	30 28	105 85	322 314	456 427	(s) 1	15 14	1 (s)	(s) (s)	53 53	32 28	3 3	87 84	103 98

<sup>a</sup> Commercial sector, including commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only plants. See Note, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at end of Section 7.
 <sup>b</sup> Geothermal heat pump and direct use energy.
 <sup>c</sup> Solar thermal direct use energy, and photovoltaic (PV) electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fuels heat rate—see Table A6). Includes distributed solar thermal and PV energy used in the commercial, industrial, and electric power sectors.

<sup>d</sup> Wood and wood-derived fuels. <sup>e</sup> Conventional hydroelectricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fuels heat rate—see Table A6). <sup>f</sup> Photovoltaic (PV) electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fuels heat rate—see Table A6) at commercial plants with capacity of 1 <sup>9</sup> Wind electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fuels heat

rate—see Table A6). <sup>h</sup> Municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass. Through 2000, also includes non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels). <sup>i</sup> The fuel ethanol (minus department) actions

 Inertuel emanol (minus denaturant) portion of motor ruleis, such as E10, consumed by the commercial sector.
 NA=Not available. - =No data reported. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.
 Notes: • Data are estimates, except for commercial sector solar/PV, hydroelectric power, wind, and waste. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. District of Columbia.

Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#renewable for all available data beginning in 1973. Sources: See end of section.

#### Table 10.2b Renewable Energy Consumption: Industrial and Transportation Sectors (Trillion Btu)

					Industri	al Sector <sup>a</sup>					Trans	portation S	Sector
							Biomass					Biomass	
	Hydro- electric Power <sup>b</sup>	Geo- thermal <sup>c</sup>	Solar/ PV <sup>d</sup>	Wind <sup>e</sup>	Wood <sup>f</sup>	Wasteg	Fuel Ethanol <sup>h</sup>	Losses and Co- products <sup>i</sup>	Total	Total	Fuel Ethanol <sup>j</sup>	Bio- diesel	Total
1973 Total         1975 Total         1985 Total         1985 Total         1990 Total         1995 Total         1997 Total         1997 Total         1997 Total         1997 Total         1997 Total         1997 Total         2001 Total         2001 Total         2002 Total         2003 Total         2004 Total         2005 Total         2006 Total         2007 Total         2008 Total         2008 Total         2009 Total	35 32 33 31 55 61 58 55 49 42 33 39 42 33 32 29 16 17 18	<b>NAAA</b> 2333344553444554	NA NA - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	NA NA - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1,165 1,063 1,600 1,645 1,442 1,652 1,631 1,636 1,636 1,456 1,363 1,396 1,363 1,472 1,472 1,472 1,472 1,340 1,208	NA NA 230 192 224 184 180 171 145 129 146 142 132 148 130 144 155	NA NA NA 1 2 1 1 1 1 3 3 4 6 7 00 12 13	NA NA 42 49 86 61 80 99 108 130 169 203 230 285 377 532 617	1,165 1,063 1,600 1,918 1,684 1,934 1,996 1,872 1,881 1,676 1,676 1,677 1,837 1,837 1,837 1,837 1,837 1,837 1,837 1,936	1,200 1,096 1,633 1,951 1,717 1,992 2,057 1,929 1,924 1,928 1,928 1,928 1,720 ℝ 1,725 1,873 1,930 1,930 1,930 1,930 1,930	NA NA 50 60 112 113 113 118 135 141 168 228 327 442 557 786 894	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA 12 23 12 33 46 40 42	NA NA 50 60 112 113 118 135 142 170 230 230 230 230 239 475 602 826 935
2010 January February March April June July August September October December December Total	2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 <b>16</b>	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	(S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S)		109 100 110 105 106 107 111 111 110 108 114 <b>1,301</b>	15 13 15 14 13 14 13 15 15 15 <b>169</b>	1 1 1 2 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 7	60 56 62 60 62 63 61 64 65 67 742	185 170 188 181 183 182 188 190 185 190 190 198 <b>2,230</b>	187 172 190 183 185 183 190 191 187 192 191 199 <b>2,250</b>	81 76 83 84 89 90 91 91 86 91 88 92 <b>1,040</b>	(s) 3 2 4 3 2 3 3 4 3 3 3 4 3 3 <b>34</b>	81 79 85 87 92 93 94 94 90 94 91 94 <b>1,074</b>
2011 January February March May July August September October December December December December	1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 <b>1</b> 7	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	(S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S)	(S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S)	117 104 112 105 111 113 113 111 109 112 118 <b>1,332</b>	15 14 15 13 14 14 14 15 15 15 <b>171</b>	1 1 1 2 2 1 2 1 1 1 2 <b>1</b> 7	66 59 62 64 63 64 65 65 66 69 <b>771</b>	200 178 193 185 189 192 193 188 191 195 204 <b>2,291</b>	202 180 196 185 187 191 194 195 189 193 197 206 <b>2,313</b>	82 80 87 82 90 92 86 95 83 89 86 91 <b>1,044</b>	3 6 8 10 12 13 11 13 14 <b>113</b>	86 84 93 90 98 102 96 107 96 100 99 105 <b>1,157</b>
2012 January February March May June July August September 9-Month Total 2011 9-Month Total 2010 9-Month Total	2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 <b>1</b> 3 1 3 1 3	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) 3 3 3	(S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S)	(S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S)	116 108 103 110 108 112 110 108 979 992 969	15 14 14 14 14 15 15 14 <b>128</b> <b>126</b> <b>124</b>	1 1 2 2 1 2 1 3 13 13	67 61 64 61 58 60 56 553 570 546	199 184 185 179 190 185 186 186 179 <b>1,673</b> <b>1,701</b> <b>1,652</b>	201 186 187 181 192 186 188 187 181 <b>1,689</b> <b>1,718</b> <b>1,668</b>	81 82 87 93 90 88 95 83 785 778 770	5 8 10 11 14 11 10 11 9 <b>89</b> <b>74</b> 25	86 89 98 107 101 98 106 92 874 853 795

<sup>a</sup> Industrial sector, including industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and industrial electricity-only plants. See Note, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at end of Section 7.
 <sup>b</sup> Conventional hydroelectricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fuels heat rate—see Table A6).
 <sup>c</sup> Geothermal heat pump and direct use energy.
 <sup>d</sup> Photovoltaic (PV) electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fuels heat rate—see Table A6) at industrial plants with capacity of 1 menawattor creater

<sup>e</sup> Wind electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fuels heat

rate—see Table A6). f Wood and wood-derived fuels.

<sup>9</sup> Municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass. Through 2000, also includes non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and <sup>h</sup> The fuel ethanol (minus denaturant) portion of motor fuels, such as E10,

consumed by the industrial sector.

consumed by the industrial sector. <sup>i</sup> Losses and co-products from the production of fuel ethanol and biodiesel. Does not include natural gas, electricity, and other non-biomass energy used in the production of fuel ethanol and biodiesel—these are included in the industrial sector consumption statistics for the appropriate energy source. <sup>j</sup> The fuel ethanol (minus denaturant) portion of motor fuels, such as E10 and E85, consumed by the transportation sector. R=Revised. NA=Not available. – =No data reported. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion

Reference in the end addition of the data reported by the end of t

Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#renewable for all available data beginning in 1973. Sources: See end of section.

#### Table 10.2c Renewable Energy Consumption: Electric Power Sector

(Trillion Btu)

	Hydro- electric	Geo-				Biomass		
	Powera	thermalb	Solar/PV <sup>c</sup>	Wind <sup>d</sup>	Wood <sup>e</sup>	Wastef	Total	Total
973 Total	2,827	20	NA	NA	1	2	3	2,851
975 Total	3,122	34	NA	NA	(s)	2	2	3,158
80 Total	2,867	53	NA	NA	3	2	4	2,925
85 Total	2,937	97	(s)	(s)	8	7	14	3,049
90 Total <sup>g</sup>	3,014	161	4	29	129	188	317	3,524
95 Total	3,149	138	5	33	125	296	422	3,747
	3,528	148	5	33	138	300	422	4,153
96 Total		148	5	33 34				
97 Total	3,581				137	309	446	4,216
98 Total	3,241	151	5	31	137	308	444	3,872
99 Total	3,218	152	5	46	138	315	453	3,874
000 Total	2,768	144	5	57	134	318	453	3,427
001 Total	2,209	142	6	70	126	211	337	2,763
02 Total	2,650	147	6	105	150	230	380	3,288
03 Total	R 2,749	<sup>R</sup> 146	5	<sup>R</sup> 113	167	230	397	<sup>R</sup> 3,411
004 Total	<sup>R</sup> 2,655	148	6	142	165	223	388	<sup>R</sup> 3,339
005 Total	2,670	147	6	178	185	221	406	3,406
06 Total	2,839	145	5	264	182	231	412	3,665
007 Total	2,039	145	6	341	186	237	423	3,345
	2,430	145	9	546	177	258	423	3,545
008 Total 009 Total	2,494 2,650	146	9	546 721	180	258 261	435 441	3,630 3,967
10 January	217	13	(s)	67	17	21	39	335
	199	13		53	16	21	39 36	300
February			(s)					
March	202	13	1	84	16	22	39	338
April	184	12	1	95	15	21	36	329
Мау	243	13	1	85	14	22	36	378
June	290	12	2	79	16	23	39	421
July	238	12	2	66	17	23	40	358
August	195	13	2	65	18	23	41	315
September	168	12	1	69	16	22	38	288
October	171	12	1	77	15	22	37	298
November	190	12	1	95	16	23	39	337
December	225	13	(s)	88	17	23	41	367
Total	2,521	148	12	923	196	264	459	4,064
011 January	247	13	(s)	83	17	21	37	381
	233	12	(3)	102	16	19	35	382
February	301	13	1	102	15	21	36	453
March			2	102				
April	301	12			12	20	32	467
May	315	13	2	114	13	21	34	477
June	311	12	2	107	16	22	37	469
July	303	12	2	73	17	22	39	429
August	249	12	2	73	17	22	39	376
September	207	12	2	67	15	21	37	323
October	191	12	1	102	14	22	36	343
November	199	12	1	121	14	22	36	369
December	229	13	1	103	16	23	39	386
Total	3,085	149	17	1,167	182	255	437	4,855
12 January	225	14	1	134	16	21	37	410
February	196	13	1	108	15	19	34	353
	249	13	2	135	15	21	35	435
March								
April	252	13	3	124	11	20	31	424
May	276	14	5	122	13	22	35	451
June	257	13	5	116	15	21	36	428
July	259	14	5	85	16	22	38	401
August	224	13	4	80	16	21	38	360
September	170	13	4	84	15	20	36	307
9-Month Total	2,108	121	31	989	132	188	320	3,569
11 9-Month Total	2,466	111	13	841	138	188	326	3,757
10 9-Month Total	1,936	111	10	662	147	196	343	3,063

<sup>a</sup> Conventional hydroelectricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fuels heat rate see Table A6). <sup>b</sup> Geothermal electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fuels

<sup>D</sup> Geothermal electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fuels heat rate—see Table A6).
 <sup>C</sup> Solar thermal and photovoltaic (PV) electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fuels heat rate—see Table A6).
 <sup>d</sup> Wind electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fuels heat rate—see Table A6).
 <sup>e</sup> Wood and wood-derived fuels.
 <sup>f</sup> Municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass. Through 2000, also includes non-renewable waste (municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and

tire-derived fuels). <sup>9</sup> Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only. Beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers. R=Revised. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu. Notes: • The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#renewable for all available data beginning in 1973.

available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: • Biomass: Table 7.4b. • All Other Data: Tables 7.2b and A6.

		Losses					Traded						Consump- tion
	Feed- stock <sup>a</sup>	and Co- products <sup>b</sup>	Dena- turant <sup>c</sup>	Р	roductiond		Net Imports <sup>e</sup>	Stocks <sup>d,f</sup>	Stock Change <sup>d,g</sup>	Coi	nsumption	b	Minus Denaturant <sup>i</sup>
	TBtu	TBtu	Mbbl	Mbbl	MMgal	TBtu	Mbbl	Mbbl	Mbbl	Mbbl	MMgal	TBtu	TBtu
1981 Total	13	6	40	1,978	83	7	NA	NA	NA	1,978	83	7	7
1985 Total	93	42	294	14,693	617	52	NA	NA	NA	14,693	617	52	51
1990 Total	111	49 86	356	17,802	748	63	NA	NA	NA	17,802	748	63	62
1995 Total	198 141	86 61	647 464	32,325 23,178	1,358 973	115 83	387 313	2,186 2.065	-207 -121	32,919 23,612	1,383 992	117 84	114 82
1996 Total 1997 Total	141	80	404 613	30,674	1,288	109	85	2,065	-121	29,899	1.256	04 107	104
1998 Total	202	86	669	33.453	1,200	119	66	3.406	481	33.038	1,230	118	115
1999 Total	211	90	698	34,881	1,465	124	87	4,024	618	34,350	1,443	122	119
2000 Total	233	99	773	38,627	1,622	138	116	3,400	-624	39,367	1,653	140	137
2001 Total	253	108	841	42,028	1,765	150	315	4,298	898	41,445	1,741	148	144
2002 Total	307	130	1,019	50,956	2,140	182	306	6,200	1,902	49,360	2,073	176	171
2003 Total	400	169	1,335	66,772	2,804	238	292	5,978	-222	67,286	2,826	240	233
2004 Total	484	203	1,621	81,058	3,404	289	3,542	6,002	24	84,576	3,552	301	293
2005 Total	552	230	1,859	92,961	3,904	331	3,234	5,563	-439	96,634	4,059	344	335
2006 Total	688	285	2,326	116,294	4,884	414	17,408	8,760	3,197	130,505	5,481	465	453
2007 Total	914	376	3,105	155,263	6,521	553	10,457	10,535	1,775	163,945	6,886	584	569
2008 Total 2009 Total	1,300 1.517	531 616	4,433 5,688	221,637 260,424	9,309 10,938	790 928	12,610 4,720	14,226 16,594	3,691 2,368	230,556 262,776	9,683 11,037	821 936	800 910
	,-		,		,		, i				,		
2010 January	149	60	541	25,625	1,076	91	-234	18,251	1,657	23,734	997	85	82
February	138	56	496	23,802	1,000	85	-482	19,297	1,046	22,274	936	79	77
March	154	62	537	26,486	1,112	94	-1,104	20,222	925	24,457	1,027	87	85
April	147	59	522	25,384	1,066	90	-927	20,042	-180	24,637	1,035	88	85
May	152 149	61	534	26,244	1,102	93 91	-368	19,851	-191	26,067	1,095	93	90 92
June	149	60 62	522 543	25,632 26,584	1,077 1,117	91	-341 -578	18,565 17,809	-1,286 -756	26,577 26,762	1,116 1.124	95 95	92 93
July August	154	63	538	26,964	1,132	95	-695	17,380	-429	26,698	1,124	95	93
September	152	61	533	26,221	1,101	93	-924	17,437	57	25,240	1,060	90	88
October	160	64	563	27,471	1,154	98	-830	17,278	-159	26,800	1,126	95	93
November	161	65	585	27,747	1,165	99	-923	18,150	872	25,952	1,090	92	90
December	165	67	592	28,457	1,195	101	-1,711	17,941	-209	26,955	1,132	96	93
Total	1,839	742	6,506	316,617	13,298	1,127	-9,115	17,941	1,347	306,155	12,858	1,090	1,061
2011 January	165	66	581	28,467	1,196	101	-1,359	20,826	2,885	24,223	1,017	86	84
February	146	59	535	25,300	1,063	90	-1,425	21,016	190	23,685	995	84	82
March	163	65	548	28,178	1,183	100	-2,003	21,593	577	25,598	1,075	91	89
April	154	62	508	26,538	1,115	94	-2,865	21,065	-528	24,201	1,016	86	84
May	160	64 63	550 540	27,720	1,164	99 97	-1,743	20,609	-456	26,433	1,110	94 96	92 94
June	158 159	63 64	540 555	27,224 27,541	1,143 1,157	97	-1,533 -2,731	19,217 18,788	-1,392 -429	27,083 25,239	1,137 1,060	96 90	94 88
July August	162	65	575	27,976	1,137	100	-2,731	18,123	-429	25,239	1,175	100	97
September	154	62	525	26,588	1,117	95	-1,745	18,465	342	24,501	1,029	87	85
October	162	65	557	28,013	1,177	100	-2,388	18,038	-427	26,052	1,023	93	90
November	164	66	573	28,383	1,192	101	-2,911	18,308	270	25,202	1,058	90	87
December	172	69	602	29,718	1,248	106	-2,997	18,238	-70	26,791	1,125	95	93
Total	1,919	769	6,649	331,646	13,929	1,181	-24,365	18,238	297	306,984	12,893	1,093	1,065
2012 January	167	67	583	29,063	1,221	103	-1,789	21,753	<sup>i</sup> 3,492	23,782	999	85	82
February	154	61	528	26,653	1,119	95	-1,785	22,572	819	24,049	1,010	86	83
March	160	64	522	27,706	1,164	99	-1,626	22,952	380	25,700	1,079	91	89
April	152	61	494	26,368	1,107	94	-1,549	22,370	-582	25,401	1,067	90	88
May	160 154	64 61	520 503	27,718	1,164	99 95	-1,013	21,851	-519	27,224 26.393	1,143	97	95 92
June July	154 146	61 58	503 504	26,611 25,329	1,118 1,064	95 90	-613 -502	21,456 20,373	-395 -1,083	26,393 25,910	1,109 1,088	94 92	92 90
August	140	50 60	504 526	25,329	1,064	90	-502	19.369	-1,063	25,910	1,000	92 99	90
September	141	56	497	24,511	1.029	87	694	20.044	675	24,530	1,030	87	85
9-Month Total	1,385	551	4,677	240,153	10,086	855	-7,529	20,044	1,783	230,841	9,695	822	801
2011 9-Month Total	1,421	569	4,917	245,532	10,312	874	-16,068	18,465	524	228,940	9,615	815	794
2010 9-Month Total	1.353	546	4,766	232,942	9,784	830	-5,651	17,437	843	226,448	9,511	806	785

#### Table 10.3 Fuel Ethanol Overview

<sup>a</sup> Total corn and other biomass inputs to the production of undenatured ethanol

 a Total corn and other biomass inputs to the production of underlating entation used for fuel ethanol.
 b Losses and co-products from the production of fuel ethanol. Does not include natural gas, electricity, and other non-biomass energy used in the production of fuel ethanol—these are included in the industrial sector consumption statistics for the <sup>c</sup> The amount of denaturant in fuel ethanol produced. <sup>d</sup> Includes denaturant

Includes denaturant.

 <sup>e</sup> Through 2009, data are for fuel ethanol imports only; data for fuel ethanol exports are not available. Beginning in 2010, data are for fuel ethanol imports minus fuel ethanol exports. f Stocks are at end of period.

<sup>9</sup> A negative value indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive value indicates

an increase. <sup>h</sup> Consumption of fuel ethanol minus denaturant. Data for fuel ethanol minus denaturant are used to develop data for "Renewable Energy/Biomass" in Tables 10.1-10.2b, as well as in Sections 1 and 2.

<sup>i</sup> Derived from the preliminary 2011 stocks value (18,261 thousand barrels), not the final 2011 value (18,238 thousand barrels) that is shown under "Stocks."

the final 2011 value (18,238 thousand barrels) that is shown under "Stocks." NA=Not available. Notes: • Mbbl = thousand barrels. MMgal = million U.S. gallons. TBtu = trillion Btu. • Fuel ethanol data in thousand barrels are converted to million gallons by multiplying by 0.042, and are converted to Btu by multiplying by the approximate heat content of fuel ethanol—see Table A3. • Through 1980, data are not available. For 1981-1992, data are estimates. For 1993-2008, only data for feedstock, losses and co-products, and denaturant are estimates. Beginning in 2009, only data for feedstock, and losses and co-products, are estimates. • See "Denaturant," "Ethanol," "Fuel Ethanol," and "Fuel Ethanol Minus Denaturant" in Glossary. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Columbia.

Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#renewable for all available data beginning in 1981.

							Trade				Del			
	Feed- stock <sup>a</sup>	Losses and Co- products <sup>b</sup>	Р	roduction		Imports	Exports	Net Imports <sup>c</sup>	Stocksd	Stock Change <sup>e</sup>	Bal- ancing Item <sup>f</sup>	Co	nsumptio	n
	TBtu	TBtu	Mbbl	MMgal	TBtu	Mbbl	Mbbl	Mbbl	Mbbl	Mbbl	Mbbl	Mbbl	MMgal	TBtu
2001 Total           2002 Total           2003 Total           2004 Total           2005 Total           2006 Total           2007 Total           2008 Total           2008 Total	1 2 4 12 32 63 88 67	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) 1 1	204 250 338 666 2,162 5,963 11,662 16,145 12,281	9 10 14 28 91 250 490 678 516	1 2 4 12 32 62 87 66	78 191 94 207 1,069 3,342 7,502 1,844	39 56 110 124 206 828 6,477 16,128 6,332	39 135 -16 -26 1 242 -3,135 -8,626 -4,489	NA NA NA NA NA NA 711	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA 711	NA NA NA NA NA NA 669	243 385 322 640 2,163 6,204 8,528 7,519 7,750	10 16 14 27 91 261 358 316 326	1 2 3 12 33 46 40 42
2010 January February March April June July September October December December Total	3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 3 3 <b>4</b> 4	(5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5)	633 696 804 814 760 644 657 653 723 676 528 588 <b>8,177</b>	27 29 34 34 22 27 28 27 30 28 27 30 28 22 25 <b>343</b>	3 4 4 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 4 3 3 <b>4</b> 4	41 31 60 45 80 54 52 69 18 30 34 <b>546</b>	296 139 433 227 251 304 199 225 131 132 57 109 <b>2,503</b>	-256 -108 -374 -182 -171 -249 -167 -173 -62 -114 -27 -75 <b>-1,958</b>	1,049 1,039 1,057 1,009 1,016 968 830 771 682 650 676 672 <b>672</b>	338 -10 18 -48 -48 -138 -59 -89 -32 26 -4 -4 -39		40 599 412 680 582 443 628 539 749 594 475 517 <b>6,258</b>	2 25 17 29 24 19 26 23 31 25 20 22 <b>263</b>	(s) 3 2 4 3 2 3 3 4 3 3 3 3 <b>3</b> 4
2011 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total	5 5 9 10 11 12 12 12 14 14 14 <b>125</b>	(5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5)	842 961 1,419 1,692 1,838 2,183 2,273 2,284 2,508 2,494 2,604 <b>23,035</b>	35 40 60 71 77 81 92 95 96 105 105 109 <b>967</b>	5 8 9 10 12 12 12 13 13 13 14 <b>123</b>	49 37 53 52 48 48 62 65 65 65 82 66 234 <b>861</b>	217 88 197 222 192 117 142 71 193 132 131 39 <b>1,740</b>	-169 -51 -144 -169 -80 -7 -127 -49 -65 195 <b>-879</b>	1,016 1,217 1,381 1,408 1,576 1,524 1,748 1,834 1,617 1,965 1,877 2,012 <b>2,012</b>	9 39 201 164 27 168 -53 224 86 -216 347 -88 135 9 <b>1,035</b>	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	634 709 1,111 1,495 1,526 1,922 1,879 2,181 2,373 2,111 2,517 2,664 <b>21,122</b>	27 30 47 63 64 81 79 92 100 89 106 112 <b>887</b>	3 4 6 8 8 10 10 12 13 11 13 14 <b>113</b>
2012 January February April May June July August September 9-Month Total	9 10 12 13 12 11 12 11 12 11 <b>101</b>	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) 1	1,700 1,837 2,193 2,180 2,373 2,162 2,065 2,140 1,935 <b>18,585</b>	71 77 92 92 100 91 87 90 81 <b>781</b>	9 10 12 13 12 11 11 10 <b>100</b>	44 58 55 49 94 102 160 43 81 <b>687</b>	248 119 149 221 306 375 408 386 282 <b>2,494</b>	-204 -62 -93 -171 -212 -273 -248 -342 -202 <b>-1,807</b>	2,527 2,869 3,053 2,932 2,514 2,363 2,253 2,003 2,060 <b>2,060</b>	<sup>h</sup> 625 342 184 -121 -418 -151 -110 -250 57 <b>158</b>	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	872 1,433 1,915 2,130 2,579 2,039 1,927 2,048 1,676 <b>16,619</b>	37 60 80 108 86 81 86 70 <b>698</b>	5 8 10 11 14 11 10 11 9 <b>89</b>
2011 9-Month Total 2010 9-Month Total	84 35	1 (s)	15,429 6,385	648 268	83 34	479 463	1,439 2,205	-959 -1,742	1,617 682	641 -29	0	13,829 4,672	581 196	74 25

#### Table 10.4 **Biodiesel Overview**

<sup>a</sup> Total vegetable oil and other biomass inputs to the production of biodiesel.

<sup>b</sup> Losses and co-products from the production of biodiesel. Does not include natural gas, electricity, and other non-biomass energy used in the production of biodiesel-these are included in the industrial sector consumption statistics for the

appropriate energy source.

Net imports equal imports minus exports.

<sup>c</sup> Net imports equal imports minus exports.
 <sup>d</sup> Stocks are at end of period. Through 2010, includes stocks at bulk terminals only. Beginning in 2011, includes stocks at bulk terminals and biodiesel production

plants. <sup>e</sup> A negative value indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive value indicates

an increase. <sup>f</sup> Beginning in 2009, because of incomplete data coverage and different data sources, "Balancing Item" is used to balance biodiesel supply and disposition. <sup>g</sup> Derived from the final 2010 stocks value for bulk terminals and biodiesel

production plants (977 thousand barrels), not the final 2010 value for bulk terminals

only (672 thousand barrels) that is shown under "Stocks." <sup>h</sup> Derived from the preliminary 2011 stocks value (1,902 thousand barrels), not the final 2011 value (2,012 thousand barrels) that is shown under "Stocks." NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu. Notes: • Mbbl = thousand barrels. MMgal = million U.S. gallons. TBtu = trillion Btu. • Biodiesel data in thousand barrels are converted to million gallons by multiplying by 0.042, and are converted to Btu by multiplying by 5.359 million Btu ger barrel (the approximate heat content of biodiesel—see Table A3). • Through 2000, data are not available. Beginning in 2001, data not from U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA) surveys are estimates. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#renewable for all available data beginning in 2001. Sources: See end of section.

#### **Renewable Energy**

Note. Renewable Energy Production and Consumption. In Tables 1.1, 1.3, and 10.1, renewable energy consumption consists of: conventional hydroelectricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fuels heat rate-see Table A6); geothermal electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fuels heat rate—see Table A6), and geothermal heat pump and geothermal direct use energy; solar thermal and photovoltaic electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fuels heat rate ---see Table A6), and solar thermal direct use energy; wind electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossilfuels heat rate-see Table A6); wood and wood-derived fuels consumption; biomass waste (municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass) consumption; fuel ethanol (minus denaturant) and biodiesel consumption: and losses and co-products from the production of fuel ethanol and biodiesel. In Tables 1.1, 1.2, and 10.1, renewable production is assumed to equal consumption for all renewable energy sources except biofuels (biofuels production comprises biomass inputs to the production of fuel ethanol and biodiesel).

#### **Table 10.2a Sources**

#### **Residential Sector, Geothermal**

Oregon Institute of Technology, Geo-Heat Center. Monthly estimates are created by dividing the annual estimates by the number of days in the year and then multiplying by the number of days in the month. (The annual estimate for the current year is set equal to that of the previous year.)

#### **Residential Sector, Solar/PV**

1989–2009: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA) estimates based on Form EIA-63A, "Annual Solar Thermal Collector Manufacturers Survey," and Form EIA-63B, "Annual Photovoltaic Module/Cell Manufacturers Survey." Monthly estimates are created by dividing the annual estimates by the number of days in the year and then multiplying by the number of days in the month.

2010 forward: EIA estimates based on Form EIA-63B, "Annual Photovoltaic Cell/Module Shipments Report"; Form EIA-63A, "Annual Solar Thermal Collector Manufacturers Survey" (pre-2010 data); and SEIA/GTM Research, *U.S. Solar Market Insight: 2010 Year in Review*. Monthly estimates are created by dividing the annual estimates by the number of days in the year and then multiplying by the number of days in the month. (The annual estimate for 2012 is derived using the average annual growth rate for 2009–2011.)

#### **Residential Sector, Wood**

1973–1979: EIA, *Estimates of U.S. Wood Energy Consumption from 1949 to 1981*, Table A2.

1980 forward: EIA, Form EIA-457, "Residential Energy Consumption Survey"; and EIA estimates based on Form EIA-457 and regional heating degree-day data. Monthly estimates are created by dividing the annual estimates by the number of days in the year and then multiplying by the number of days in the month. (The annual estimate for the current year is set equal to that of the previous year.)

#### **Commercial Sector, Hydroelectric Power**

1989 forward: Commercial sector conventional hydroelectricity net generation data from EIA, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report," and predecessor forms, are converted to Btu by multiplying by the fossil-fuels heat rate—see Table A6.

#### **Commercial Sector, Geothermal**

Oregon Institute of Technology, Geo-Heat Center. Monthly estimates are created by dividing the annual estimates by the number of days in the year and then multiplying by the number of days in the month. (The annual estimate for the current year is set equal to that of the previous year.)

#### **Commercial Sector, Solar/PV**

2008 forward: Commercial sector solar thermal and photovoltaic (PV) electricity net generation data from EIA, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report," are converted to Btu by multiplying by the fossil-fuels heat rate—see Table A6.

#### **Commercial Sector, Wind**

2009 forward: Commercial sector wind electricity net generation data from EIA, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report," are converted to Btu by multiplying by the fossil-fuels heat rate—see Table A6.

#### **Commercial Sector, Wood**

1973–1979: EIA, Estimates of U.S. Wood Energy Consumption from 1949 to 1981, Table A2.

1980–1983: EIA, Estimates of U.S. Wood Energy Consumption 1980-1983, Table ES1.

1984: EIA estimate based on the 1983 value.

1985–1988: Values interpolated.

1989 forward: EIA, *Monthly Energy Review (MER)*, Tables 7.4a–7.4c; and EIA estimates based on Form EIA-871, "Commercial Buildings Energy Consumption Survey." Data for wood consumption at commercial combined-heatand-power (CHP) plants are calculated as total wood consumption at electricity-only and CHP plants (MER, Table 7.4a) minus wood consumption in the electric power sector (MER, Table 7.4b) and at industrial CHP plants (MER, Table 7.4c). Annual estimates for wood consumption at other commercial plants are based on Form EIA-871 (the annual estimate for the current year is set equal to that of the previous year); monthly estimates are created by dividing the annual estimates by the number of days in the year and then multiplying by the number of days in the month.

#### **Commercial Sector, Biomass Waste**

EIA, MER, Table 7.4c.

**Commercial Sector, Fuel Ethanol (Minus Denaturant)** EIA, MER, Tables 3.5, 3.7a, and 10.3. Calculated as commercial sector motor gasoline consumption (Table 3.7a) divided by total motor gasoline product supplied (Table 3.5), and then multiplied by fuel ethanol (minus denaturant) consumption (Table 10.3).

#### **Table 10.2b Sources**

#### **Industrial Sector, Hydroelectric Power**

Industrial sector conventional hydroelectricity net generation data from Table 7.2c are converted to Btu by multiplying by the fossil-fuels heat rate—see Table A6.

#### **Industrial Sector, Geothermal**

Oregon Institute of Technology, Geo-Heat Center. Monthly estimates are created by dividing the annual estimates by the number of days in the year and then multiplying by the number of days in the month. (The annual estimate for the current year is set equal to that of the previous year.)

#### **Industrial Sector, Solar/PV**

2010 forward: Industrial sector solar thermal and photovoltaic (PV) electricity net generation data from the U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report," are converted to Btu by multiplying by the fossil-fuels heat rate—see Table A6.

#### **Industrial Sector, Wind**

2011 forward: Industrial sector wind electricity net generation data from EIA, Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report," are converted to Btu by multiplying by the fossil-fuels heat rate—see Table A6.

#### **Industrial Sector, Wood**

1973–1979: EIA, *Estimates of U.S. Wood Energy Consumption from 1949 to 1981*, Table A2.

1980–1983: EIA, Estimates of U.S. Wood Energy Consumption 1980-1983, Table ES1.

1984: EIA, Estimates of U.S. Biofuels Consumption 1990, Table 1.

1985 and 1986: Values interpolated.

1987: EIA, *Estimates of Biofuels Consumption in the United States During 1987*, Table 2.

1988: Value interpolated.

1989 forward: EIA, *Monthly Energy Review (MER)*, Table 7.4c; and EIA estimates based on Form EIA-846, "Manufacturing Energy Consumption Survey." Data for wood consumption at industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants are from MER, Table 7.4c. Annual estimates for wood consumption at other industrial plants are based on Form EIA-846 (the annual estimate for the current year is set equal to that of the previous year); monthly estimates are created by dividing the annual estimates by the number of days in the year and then multiplying by the number of days in the month.

#### Industrial Sector, Biomass Waste

1981: EIA, *Estimates of U.S. Biofuels Consumption 1990*, Table 8; and EIA, MER, Table 10.2c. Estimates are calculated as total waste consumption minus electric power sector waste consumption.

1982 and 1983: EIA estimates for total waste consumption based on *Estimates of U.S. Biofuels Consumption 1990*, Table 8; and EIA, MER, Table 10.2c. Estimates are calculated as total waste consumption minus electric power sector waste consumption.

1984: EIA, *Estimates of U.S. Biofuels Consumption 1990*, Table 8; and EIA, MER, Table 10.2c. Estimates are calculated as total waste consumption minus electric power sector waste consumption.

1985 and 1986: Values interpolated.

1987: EIA, *Estimates of U.S. Biofuels Consumption 1990*, Table 8; and EIA, MER, Table 10.2c. Estimates are calculated as total waste consumption minus electric power sector waste consumption.

1988: Value interpolated.

1989 forward: EIA, MER, Table 7.4c; and EIA estimates based on information presented in Government Advisory Associates, *Resource Recovery Yearbook* and *Methane Recovery Yearbook*, and information provided by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Landfill Methane Outreach Program. Data for waste consumption at industrial CHP plants are from MER, Table 7.4c. Annual estimates for waste consumption at other industrial plants are based on the non-EIA sources listed above (the annual estimate for the current year is set equal to that of the previous year); monthly estimates are created by dividing the annual estimates by the number of days in the year and then multiplying by the number of days in the month.

#### Industrial Sector, Fuel Ethanol (Minus Denaturant)

EIA, MER, Tables 3.5, 3.7b, and 10.3. Calculated as industrial sector motor gasoline consumption (Table 3.7b) divided by total motor gasoline product supplied (Table 3.5), and then multiplied by fuel ethanol (minus denaturant) consumption (Table 10.3).

#### Industrial Sector, Losses and Co-products

Calculated as fuel ethanol losses and co-products (Table 10.3) plus biodiesel losses and co-products (Table 10.4).

## **Transportation Sector, Fuel Ethanol (Minus Denaturant)**

EIA, MER, Tables 3.5, 3.7c, and 10.3. Calculated as transportation sector motor gasoline consumption (Table 3.7c) divided by total motor gasoline product supplied (Table 3.5), and then multiplied by fuel ethanol (minus denaturant) consumption (Table 10.3).

#### **Transportation Sector, Biodiesel**

EIA, MER, Table 10.4. Transportation sector biodiesel consumption is assumed to equal total biodiesel consumption.

#### **Table 10.3 Sources**

#### Feedstock

Calculated as fuel ethanol production (in thousand barrels) minus denaturant, and then multiplied by the fuel ethanol feedstock factor—see Table A3.

#### **Losses and Co-products**

Calculated as fuel ethanol feedstock plus denaturant minus fuel ethanol production.

#### Denaturant

1981–2008: Data in thousand barrels for petroleum denaturant in fuel ethanol produced are estimated as 2 percent of fuel ethanol production; these data are converted to Btu by multiplying by 4.645 million Btu per barrel (the estimated quantity-weighted factor of pentanes plus and conventional motor gasoline used as denaturant).

2009–2011: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Petroleum Supply Annual (PSA)*, annual reports, Table 1. Data in thousand barrels for net production of pentanes plus at renewable fuels and oxygenate plants are multiplied by -1; these data are converted to Btu by multiplying by 4.620 million Btu per barrel (the approximate heat content of pentanes plus). Data in thousand barrels for net production of conventional motor gasoline and motor gasoline blending components at renewable fuels and oxygenate plants are multiplied by -1; these data are converted to Btu by multiplying by 5.253 million Btu per barrel (the approximate heat content of conventional motor gasoline). Total denaturant is the sum of the values for pentanes plus, conventional motor gasoline, and motor gasoline blending components.

2012: EIA, *Petroleum Supply Monthly (PSM)*, monthly reports, Table 1. Data in thousand barrels for net production of pentanes plus at renewable fuels and oxygenate plants are multiplied by -1; these data are converted to Btu by multiplying by 4.620 million Btu per barrel (the approximate

heat content of pentanes plus). Data in thousand barrels for net production of conventional motor gasoline and motor gasoline blending components at renewable fuels and oxygenate plants are multiplied by -1; these data are converted to Btu by multiplying by 5.253 million Btu per barrel (the approximate heat content of conventional motor gasoline). Total denaturant is the sum of the values for pentanes plus, conventional motor gasoline, and motor gasoline blending components.

#### Production

1981–1992: Fuel ethanol production is assumed to equal fuel ethanol consumption—see sources for "Consumption."

1993–2004: Calculated as fuel ethanol consumption plus fuel ethanol stock change minus fuel ethanol net imports. These data differ slightly from the original production data from EIA, Form EIA-819, "Monthly Oxygenate Report," and predecessor form, which were not reconciled and updated to be consistent with the final balance.

2005–2008: EIA, Form EIA-819, "Monthly Oxygenate Report."

2009–2011: EIA, PSA, annual reports, Table 1, data for net production of fuel ethanol at renewable fuels and oxygenate plants.

2012: EIA, PSM, monthly reports, Table 1, data for net production of fuel ethanol at renewable fuels and oxygenate plants.

#### Trade, Stocks, and Stock Change

1992-2011: EIA, PSA, annual reports, Table 1.

2012: EIA, PSM, monthly reports, Table 1.

#### Consumption

1981–1989: EIA, *Estimates of U.S. Biofuels Consumption 1990*, Table 10; and interpolated values for 1982, 1983, 1985, 1986, and 1988.

1990–1992: EIA, *Estimates of U.S. Biomass Energy Consumption 1992*, Table D2; and interpolated value for 1991.

1993–2004: EIA, PSA, annual reports, Tables 2 and 16. Calculated as 10 percent of oxygenated finished motor gasoline field production (Table 2), plus fuel ethanol refinery input (Table 16).

2005–2008: EIA, PSA, annual reports, Tables 1 and 15. Calculated as motor gasoline blending components adjustments (Table 1), plus finished motor gasoline adjustments (Table 1), plus fuel ethanol refinery and blender net inputs (Table 15). 2009–2011: EIA, PSA, annual reports, Table 1. Calculated as fuel ethanol refinery and blender net inputs minus fuel ethanol adjustments.

2012: EIA, PSM, monthly reports, Table 1. Calculated as fuel ethanol refinery and blender net inputs minus fuel ethanol adjustments.

#### **Consumption Minus Denaturant**

Calculated as fuel ethanol consumption minus the amount of denaturant in fuel ethanol consumed. Denaturant in fuel ethanol consumed is estimated by multiplying denaturant in fuel ethanol produced by the fuel ethanol consumption-to-production ratio.

#### **Table 10.4 Sources**

#### Feedstock

Calculated as biodiesel production in thousand barrels multiplied by 5.433 million Btu per barrel (the biodiesel feedstock factor—see Table A3).

#### **Losses and Co-products**

Calculated as biodiesel feedstock minus biodiesel production.

#### Production

2001–2005: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Commodity Credit Corporation, Bioenergy Program records. Annual data are derived from quarterly data. Monthly data are estimated by dividing the annual data by the number of days in the year and then multiplying by the number of days in the month.

2006: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "M311K—Fats and Oils: Production, Consumption, and Stocks," data for soybean oil consumed in methyl esters (biodiesel). In addition, the U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA) estimates that 14.4 million gallons of yellow grease were consumed in methyl esters (biodiesel).

2007: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "M311K—Fats and Oils: Production, Consumption, and Stocks," data for all fats and oils consumed in methyl esters (biodiesel).

2008: EIA, *Monthly Biodiesel Production Report*, December 2009 (release date October 2010), Table 11. Monthly data for 2008 are estimated based on U.S. Department of

Commerce, Bureau of the Census, M311K data, multiplied by the EIA 2008 annual value's share of the M311K 2008 annual value.

2009 forward: EIA, *Monthly Biodiesel Production Report*, monthly reports, Table 1.

#### Trade

For imports, U.S. Department of Agriculture, data for the Harmonized Tariff following Schedule codes: 3824.90.40.20, "Fatty Esters Animal/Vegetable Mixture" (data through June 2010); 3824.90.40.30, "Biodiesel/Mixes" (data for July 2010-2011); 3826.00.00.00, "Biodiesel B30-99" (data for 2012); and 3826.00.10.00, "Biodiesel B100" (data for 2012). For exports, U.S. Department of Agriculture, data for the following Schedule B codes: 3824.90.40.00, "Fatty Substances Animal/ Vegetable/Mixture" (data through 2010); 3824.90.40.30, "Biodiesel <70%" (data for 2011); and 3826.00.00.00, "Biodiesel B=>30" (data for 2012). Although these categories include products other than biodiesel (such as biodiesel coprocessed with petroleum feedstocks; and products destined for soaps, cosmetics, and other items), biodiesel is the largest component. In the absence of other reliable data for biodiesel trade, EIA sees these data as good substitutes.

#### Stocks and Stock Change

2009–2011: EIA, *Petroleum Supply Annual (PSA)*, annual reports, Table 1, data for renewable fuels except fuel ethanol.

2012: EIA, *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, monthly reports, Table 1, data for renewable fuels except fuel ethanol.

#### **Balancing Item**

Calculated as biodiesel consumption and biodiesel stock change minus biodiesel production and biodiesel net imports.

#### Consumption

2001–2008: Calculated as biodiesel production plus biodiesel net imports.

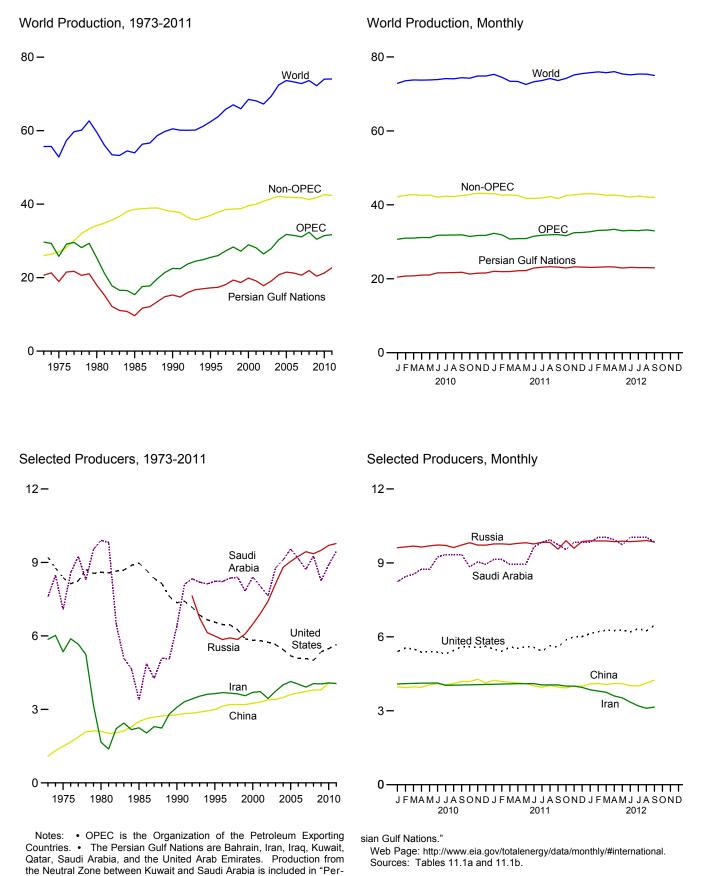
January and February 2009: EIA, PSA, Table 1, data for refinery and blender net inputs of renewable fuels except fuel ethanol.

March 2009 forward: Calculated as biodiesel production plus biodiesel net imports minus biodiesel stock change.

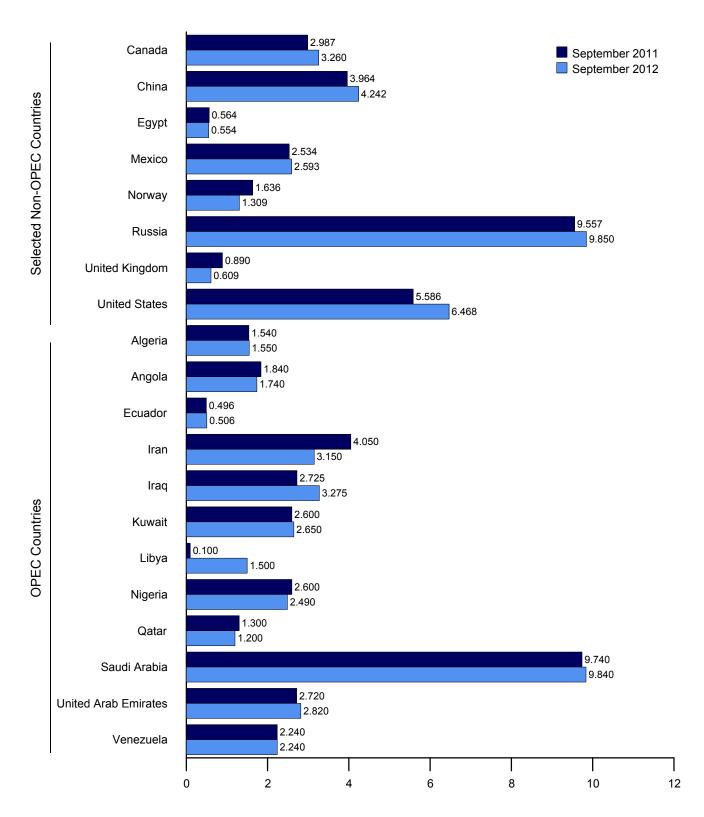
# 11. International Petroleum

### Figure 11.1a World Crude Oil Production Overview

(Million Barrels per Day)



#### Figure 11.1b World Crude Oil Production by Selected Country (Million Barrels per Day)



Note: OPEC is the Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries. Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#international. Sources: Tables 11.1a and 11.1b.

#### Table 11.1a World Crude Oil Production: OPEC Members

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	Algeria	Angola	Ecuador	Iran	Iroa	Kuwait <sup>a</sup>	Libya	Nigoria	Qatar	Saudi Arabia <sup>a</sup>	United Arab Emirates	Vene- zuela	Total OPEC <sup>b</sup>
	Algeria	Angola	Ecuador	Iran	Iraq	Kuwaita	Libya	Nigeria	Qatar	Arabia	Emirates	zuela	UPEC
1973 Average	1,097	162	209	5,861	2,018	3,020	2,175	2,054	570	7,596	1,533	3,366	29,661
1975 Average	983	165	161	5,350	2,262	2,084	1,480	1,783	438	7,075	1,664	2,346	25,790
1980 Average	1,106	150	204	1,662	2,514	1,656	1,787	2,055	472	9,900	1,709	2,168	25,383
1985 Average	1,036	231	281	2,250	1,433	1,023	1,059	1,495	301	3,388	1,193	1,677	15,367
1990 Average	1,180	475	285	3,088	2,040	1,175	1,375	1,810	406	6,410	2,117	2,137	22,498
1995 Average	1,162 1,227	646 709	392 396	3,643 3,686	560 579	2,057 2,062	1,390 1,401	1,993 2,001	442 510	8,231 8,218	2,233	2,750 2,938	25,500 26,003
1996 Average 1997 Average	1,227	709	388	3,664	1.155	2,002	1.446	2,001	550	8.362	2,278 2.316	2,938	20,003
1998 Average	1,235	735	375	3,634	2,150	2,007	1,390	2,152	696	8,389	2,310	3,200	28,346
1999 Average	1,177	745	373	3,557	2,508	1,898	1,319	2,130	665	7,833	2,169	2,826	27,199
2000 Average	1,214	746	395	3,696	2,571	2,079	1,410	2,165	737	8,404	2,368	3,155	28,940
2001 Average	1,265	742	412	3,724	2,390	1,998	1,367	2,256	714	8,031	2,205	3,010	28,114
2002 Average	1,349	896	393	3,444	2,023	1,894	1,319	2,118	679	7,634	2,082	2,604	26,435
2003 Average	1,516	903	411	3,743	1,308	2,136	1,421	2,275	715	8,775	2,348	2,335	27,885
2004 Average	1,582	1,052	528	4,001	2,011	2,376	1,515	2,329	783	9,101	2,478	2,557	30,313
2005 Average	1,692	1,250	532	4,139	1,878	2,529	1,633	2,627	835	9,550	2,535	2,565	31,766
2006 Average	1,699	1,413	536	4,028	1,996	2,535	1,681	2,440	850	9,152	2,636	2,511	31,476
2007 Average	1,708 1,705	1,744 1,981	511 505	3,912 4,050	2,086 2,375	2,464 2,586	1,702 1,736	2,350 2,165	851 924	8,722 9,261	2,603 2,681	2,433 2,394	31,085 32,363
2009 Average	1,585	1,907	486	4,030	2,391	2,350	1,650	2,208	927	8,250	2,001	2,239	30,442
2010 January	1.540	2.040	464	4,088	2,475	2,250	1,650	2,480	969	8.240	2.414	2,090	30.699
February	1,540	2,040	470	4,000	2,475	2,250	1,650	2,400	1,036	8.440	2,414	2,030	30,995
March	1,540	2,070	478	4,112	2,375	2,250	1,650	2,430	1,055	8,540	2,414	2,090	31,004
April	1,540	2,070	480	4,120	2,375	2,250	1,650	2,360	1,072	8,740	2,414	2,110	31,181
May	1,540	2,030	478	4,120	2,375	2,250	1,650	2,310	1,091	8,740	2,415	2,140	31,138
June	1,540	1,980	491	4,127	2,425	2,250	1,650	2,410	1,113	9,240	2,415	2,140	31,780
July	1,540	1,970	492	4,033	2,325	2,350	1,650	2,410	1,136	9,340	2,415	2,140	31,801
August	1,540	1,890	485	4,040	2,325	2,350	1,650	2,510	1,164	9,340	2,415	2,140	31,849
September	1,540	1,790	490	4,047	2,375	2,350	1,650	2,550	1,193	9,340	2,415	2,140	31,880
October	1,540	1,790	497	4,053	2,375	2,350	1,650	2,580	1,216	8,840	2,415	2,140	31,446
November	1,540 1,540	1,790 1,790	508 499	4,060 4,068	2,375 2,525	2,350 2,350	1,650 1,650	2,510 2,490	1,235 1,235	9,040 8,940	2,415 2,415	2,240 2,240	31,713 31,742
December Average	1,540 1,540	1,939	499	4,008 <b>4,080</b>	2,325 2,399	2,350 2,300	1,650	2,490 2,455	1,235 1,127	8,940 8,900	2,415 2,415	2,240 2,146	<b>31,742</b> <b>31,437</b>
2011 January	1,540	1,790	500	4,076	2,625	2,350	1,650	2,580	1,280	9.140	2,520	2,240	32,291
February	1,540	1,790	509	4,084	2,525	2,350	1,340	2,570	1,280	9,140	2,520	2,240	31,888
March	1,540	1,790	501	4,092	2,525	2,450	300	2,450	1,290	8,940	2,620	2,240	30,738
April	1,540	1,740	504	4,100	2,525	2,550	200	2,500	1,300	8,940	2,720	2,240	30,859
	1,540	1,640	497	4,100	2,575	2,550	200	2,570	1,300	8,940	2,720	2,240	30,872
June	1,540	1,690	495	4,100	2,575	2,550	100	2,570	1,300	9,640	2,720	2,240	31,520
July	1,540	1,740	492	4,050	2,625	2,550	100	2,570	1,300	9,840	2,720	2,240	31,767
August	1,540	1,790	495	4,050	2,625	2,600	0	2,600	1,300	9,940	2,720	2,240	31,900
September	1,540	1,840	496	4,050	2,725	2,600	100	2,600	1,300	9,740	2,720	2,240	31,951
October	1,540	1,790	502	4,000	2,725	2,600	300	2,400	1,300	9,540	2,720	2,240	31,657
November December	1,540 1,540	1,940 1,890	504 501	4,000 3,950	2,725 2,725	2,600 2,600	550 800	2,500 2,400	1,300 1,300	9,840 9,840	2,720 2,720	2,240 2,240	32,459 32,506
Average	1,540 1,540	1,890 1,786	500	<b>4,054</b>	2,725 2,626	2,600 2,530	465	2,400 2,525	1,300 1,296	9,840 9,458	2,720 2,679	2,240 2,240	32,500 <b>31,699</b>
2012 January	1,550	1.890	504	3,850	2,675	2.650	1.000	2.520	1,300	9.840	2.720	2.240	32,739
2012 January February	1,550	1,890	504 503	3,800	2,675	2,650	1,000	2,520 2,580	1,300	9,840	2,720	2,240 2,240	32,739
March	1,550	1,340	499	3,750	2,725	2,650	1,350	2,520	1,200	10,040	2,820	2,240	33,134
April	1,550	1,890	500	3,600	2,965	2,650	1,400	2,640	1,190	9,940	2,820	2,240	33,385
May	1,550	1,840	498	3,525	2,925	2,650	1,400	2,580	1,200	9,740	2,820	2,240	32,968
June	1,550	1,790	502	3,350	2,975	2,650	1,400	2,580	1,200	10,040	2,820	2,240	33,097
July	1,550	1,740	508	3,200	3,075	2,650	1,400	2,580	1,200	10,040	2,820	2,240	33,003
August	1,550	1,840	512	3,100	3,175	2,650	1,450	2,640	1,200	10,040	2,820	2,240	33,217
September	1,550	1,740	506	3,150	3,275	2,650	1,500	2,490	1,200	9,840	2,820	2,240	32,961
9-Month Average	1,550	1,828	504	3,479	2,930	2,650	1,345	2,570	1,221	9,951	2,798	2,240	33,066
2011 9-Month Average	1,540	1,756	499	4,078	2,592	2,507	437	2,557	1,295	9,364	2,665	2,240	31,529
2010 9-Month Average	1,540	1,989	481	4,087	2,390	2,284	1,650	2,431	1,092	8,887	2,415	2,125	31,371

<sup>a</sup> Except for the period from August 1990 through May 1991, includes about one-half of the production in the Kuwait-Saudi Arabia Neutral Zone. Kuwaiti Neutral Zone output was discontinued following Iraq's invasion of Kuwait on August 2, 1990, but was resumed in June 1991. In September 2012, Neutral Zone production by both Kuwait and Saudi Arabia totaled about 600 thousand barrels per day. Data for Saudi Arabia include approximately 150 thousand barrels per day from the Abu Safah field produced on behalf of Bahrain.

barrels per day from the Abu Safah field produced on behalf of Bahrain. <sup>b</sup> See "Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC)" in Glossary. On Tables 11.1a and 11.1b, countries are classified as "OPEC" or "Non-OPEC" in all years based on their status in the most current year. For example, Ecuador rejoined OPEC in 2007, and is thus included in "Total OPEC" for all years; and Indonesia left OPEC at the end of 2008, and is thus included in "Total Non-OPEC" for all years.

Notes: • Data are for crude oil and lease condensate; they exclude natural gas plant liquids. • Monthly data are often preliminary figures and may not average to the annual totals because of rounding or because updates to the preliminary monthly data are not available.

preliminary monthly data are not available. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#international for all available data beginning in 1973.

#### Table 11.1b World Crude Oil Production: Persian Gulf Nations, Non-OPEC,

					Selected	l Non-OPE	C <sup>a</sup> Producer	S				
	Persian						-				Total	
	Gulf Nations <sup>b</sup>	Canada	China	Egypt	Mexico	Norway	Former U.S.S.R.	Russia	United Kingdom	United States	Non- OPEC <sup>a</sup>	World
1973 Average	20,668	1,798	1,090	165	465	32	8,324	NA	2	9,208	26,018	55,679
1975 Average	18,934	1,430	1,490	235	705	189	9,523	NA	12	8,375	27,039	52,828
1980 Average	17,961	1,435	2,114	595	1,936	486	11,706	NA	1,622	8,597	34,175	59,558
1985 Average	9,630	1,471	2,505	887	2,745	773	11,585	NA	2,530	8,971	38,598	53,965
1990 Average	15,278	1,553	2,774	873	2,553	1,630	10,975	NA	1,820	7,355	37,999	60,497
1995 Average	17,208 17,367	1,805 1,837	2,990 3,131	920 922	2,711 2,944	2,766 3,091		5,995 5,850	2,489 2,568	6,560	36,934	62,434 63,818
1996 Average 1997 Average	18,095	1,037	3,200	922 856	2,944 3,104	3,091		5,850 5,920	2,500	6,465 6,452	37,815 38,532	65,806
1998 Average	19,337	1,981	3,198	834	3,160	3,011		5,854	2,616	6,252	38,685	67,032
1999 Average	18,667	1,907	3,195	852	2,998	3,019		6,079	2,684	5,881	38,768	65,967
2000 Average	19,892	1,977	3,249	768	3,104	3,222		6,479	2,275	5,822	39,583	68,522
2001 Average	19,098	2,029	3,300	720	3,218	3,226		6,917	2,282	5,801	40,003	68,116
2002 Average	17,794	2,171	3,390	715	3,263	3,131		7,408	2,292	5,744	40,825	67,260
2003 Average		2,306	3,409	713	3,459	3,042		8,132	2,093	5,644	41,478	69,363
2004 Average		2,398	3,485	673	3,476	2,954		8,805	1,845	5,435	42,149	72,462
2005 Average		2,369 2,525	3,609 3,673	623 535	3,423 3,345	2,698 2,491		9,043 9,247	1,649 1,490	5,186 5,089	41,878 41,793	73,644 73,269
2006 Average 2007 Average		2,525	3,729	530	3,345	2,491		9,247	1,490	5,089	41,793	72,815
2008 Average		2,579	3,790	566	2,839	2,182		9,357	1,391	5,000	41,265	73,628
2009 Average		2,579	3,796	587	2,646	2,067		9,495	1,328	5,353	41,786	72,228
2010 January		2,499	3,971	579	2,660	2,060		9,615	1,379	5,399	42,170	72,869
February		2,714	3,940	578	2,655	2,038		9,648	1,274	5,546	42,570	73,565
March		2,621 2,693	3,973 3,953	577 576	2,641 2,639	1,983 1,967		9,683 9,646	1,429 1,378	5,513 5,377	42,769 42,564	73,773 73,746
May		2,093	4,049	576	2,639	1,907		9,640	1,297	5,398	42,504	73,740
June		2,770	4,105	575	2,592	1,611		9,727	1,076	5,384	42,101	73,881
July		2,762	4,060	575	2,618	1,864		9,710	1,055	5,313	42,347	74,148
August		2,779	4,104	574	2,604	1,648		9,623	1,070	5,445	42,222	74,071
September		2,646	4,187	574	2,615	1,637		9,725	1,194	5,608	42,497	74,377
October		2,688	4,186	573	2,615	1,952		9,816	1,195	5,596	42,801	74,247
November		2,937	4,281	573	2,556	1,868		9,723	1,248	5,558	43,143	74,856
December		2,929	4,126	572	2,620	1,886		9,719	1,207	5,614	43,089	74,831
Average		2,732	4,078	575	2,621	1,869		9,694	1,233	5,479	42,576	74,013
2011 January		2,869	4,238	572	2,632	1,905		9,769	1,316	<sup>R</sup> 5,501	<sup>R</sup> 43,012	<sup>R</sup> 75,303
February		2,906	4,188	571	2,602	1,861		9,773	1,085	<sup>R</sup> 5,415	<sup>R</sup> 42,628	<sup>R</sup> 74,516
March April		2,854 2,848	4,160 4,127	570 569	2,620 2,621	1,808 1,874		9,753 9,795	1,073 1,164	<sup>R</sup> 5,585 <sup>R</sup> 5,539	<sup>R</sup> 42,691 <sup>R</sup> 42,500	<sup>R</sup> 73,429 <sup>R</sup> 73,359
May		2,564	4,127	568	2,603	1,607		9,818	1,04	<sup>R</sup> 5,600	<sup>R</sup> 41,703	<sup>R</sup> 72,575
June	22,920	2,664	4,017	567	2,592	1,660		9,770	1,018	<sup>R</sup> 5,567	<sup>R</sup> 41,780	<sup>R</sup> 73,300
July	23,120	2,916	3,956	566	2,580	1,737		9,837	946	<sup>R</sup> 5,420	<sup>R</sup> 41,858	<sup>R</sup> 73,625
August		3,067	4,027	565	2,598	1,714		9,832	767	<sup>R</sup> 5,640	<sup>R</sup> 42,269	<sup>R</sup> 74,170
September		2,987	3,964	564	2,534	1,636		9,557	890	<sup>R</sup> 5,586	<sup>R</sup> 41,673	<sup>R</sup> 73,624
October		3,030	3,926	563	2,598	1,756		9,902	998	<sup>R</sup> 5,877	<sup>R</sup> 42,549	<sup>R</sup> 74,205
November		3,021	4,006	562	2,573	1,764		9,595	1,039	<sup>R</sup> 6,006	<sup>R</sup> 42,691	<sup>R</sup> 75,150
December Average	23,170 <b>22,678</b>	3,121 <b>2,904</b>	3,998 <b>4,059</b>	561 <b>566</b>	2,601 <b>2,596</b>	1,713 <b>1,752</b>		9,869 <b>9,774</b>	1,010 <b>1,026</b>	<sup>R</sup> 6,012 <sup>R</sup> <b>5,647</b>	<sup>R</sup> 42,995 <sup>R</sup> <b>42,362</b>	<sup>R</sup> 75,500 <sup>R</sup> <b>74,061</b>
2012 January	23,070	3,105	4,089	560	2,562	1,761		9,894	999	<sup>RE</sup> 6,132	<sup>R</sup> 43,005	<sup>R</sup> 75,744
February	- ,	3,237	4,109	560	2,588	1,745		9,889	1,016	<sup>RE</sup> 6,210	<sup>R</sup> 42,868	<sup>R</sup> 75,966
March	23,220	3,042	4,066	560	2,596	1,715		9,891	968	<sup>RE</sup> 6,269	<sup>R</sup> 42,617	<sup>R</sup> 75,752
April	23,200	3,145	4,111	560	2,586	1,720		9,861	981	RE 6,257	<sup>R</sup> 42,637	<sup>R</sup> 76,023
May	22,895	3,078	4,105	560	2,587	1,699		9,882	893	RE 6,272	<sup>R</sup> 42,429	R 75,397
June	23,070	R 3,003	4,015	556	2,584	1,583		9,861	949	<sup>RE</sup> 6,203 <sup>RE</sup> 6,336	R 42,073	R 75,170
July	23,020 23,020	<sup>R</sup> 3,096 <sup>R</sup> 3,088	4,010 4,128	554 554	2,568 2,596	1,553 1,570		9,882 9,907	954 742	RE 6,336 RE 6,242	<sup>R</sup> 42,380 <sup>R</sup> 42,149	<sup>R</sup> 75,383 <sup>R</sup> 75,366
August September		3,066	4,120	554 554	2,596	1,570		9,907 9.850	609	E 6,468	42,149	74.981
9-Month Average	,	3,200 3,116	4,242 4,097	558	2,595 2,584	1,628		9,830 9,880	901	E 6,265	42,020 42,464	<b>75,530</b>
2011 9-Month Average 2010 9-Month Average		2,852 2,692	4,086 4,039	568 576	2,598 2,629	1,755 1,858		9,768 9,674	1,030 1,239	5,540 5,441	42,233 42,430	73,762 73,801

and World (Thousand Barrels per Day)

<sup>a</sup> See "Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC)" in Glossary. On Tables 11.1a and 11.1b, countries are classified as "OPEC" or "Non-OPEC" in all years based on their status in the most current year. For example, Ecuador rejoined OPEC in 2007, and is thus included in "Total OPEC" for all years; and Indonesia left OPEC at the end of 2008, and is thus included in "Total Non-OPEC" for all years.

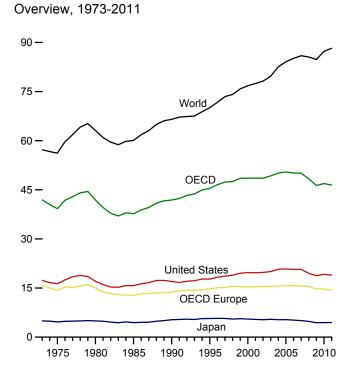
for all years. <sup>b</sup> Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates, and the Neutral Zone (between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia).

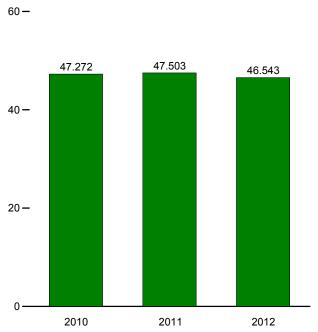
R=Revised. NA=Not available. --=Not applicable. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Data are for crude oil and lease condensate; they exclude natural gas plant liquids. • Monthly data are often preliminary figures and may not average to the annual totals because of rounding or because updates to the preliminary monthly data are not available. • Data for countries may not sum to World totals due to independent rounding. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#international for all available data beginning in 1973.

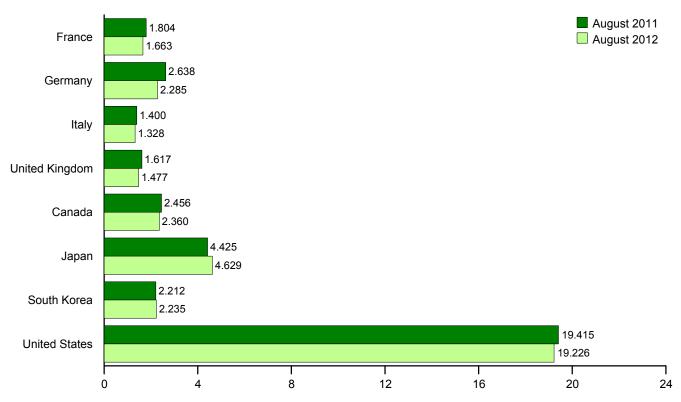
#### Figure 11.2 Petroleum Consumption in OECD Countries (Million Barrels per Day)





**OECD** Total, August

#### By Selected OECD Country



Note: OECD is the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#international. Source: Table 11.2.

#### Table 11.2 Petroleum Consumption in OECD Countries

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

	France	Germany <sup>a</sup>	Italy	United Kingdom	OECD Europe <sup>b</sup>	Canada	Japan	South Korea	United States	Other OECD <sup>c</sup>	OECDd	World
1072 Average	2,601	3,324	2,068	2,341	15,879	1,729	4,949	281	17,308	1,768	41,913	57,237
1973 Average 1975 Average	2,001	2,957	1,855	1,911	14,314	1,779	4,949	311	16,322	1,885	39,232	56,198
1975 Average	2,252	3,082	1,835	1,725	14,995	1,873	4,021	537	17,056	2,449	41,870	63,113
1985 Average	1,753	2,651	1,934	1,617	12,772	1,514	4,900	552	15,726	R 2,699	R 37,699	R 60,083
1990 Average	1,826	2,682	1,868	1,776	<sup>R</sup> 13,762	1,722	5,315	1,048	16,988	<sup>R</sup> 3,040	<sup>R</sup> 41,875	<sup>R</sup> 66,533
1990 Average	1,920	2,082	1,942	1,816	<sup>R</sup> 14,762	1,722	5,693	2,008	17,725	<sup>R</sup> 3,452	<sup>R</sup> 45,439	70,099
1995 Average 1996 Average	1,920	2,002	1,942	1,852	R 15,055	1,853	5,739	2,008	18,309	R 3,509	R 46,566	<sup>R</sup> 71,714
	1,969	2,917	1,934	1,810	<sup>R</sup> 15,195	1,940	5,702	2,255	18,620	<sup>R</sup> 3,629	<sup>R</sup> 47,342	<sup>R</sup> 73,464
1997 Average	2,043	2,917	1,934	1,792	<sup>R</sup> 15,500	1,940	5,702	1,917	18,917	<sup>R</sup> 3,757	R 47,542	<sup>R</sup> 74,117
1998 Average	2,043	2,923	1,943	1,792	<sup>R</sup> 15,409	2,016	5,507	2,084	19,519	R 3,844	R 48,514	R 75,833
1999 Average	2,001	2,830	1,854	1,765	15,276	2,010	5,642	2,084	19,519	3,902	48,543	76,788
2000 Average	2,000	2,807	1,832	1,747	15,270	2,014	5,412	2,135	19,649	3,802	48,545	77,481
2001 Average											48,575	
2002 Average	1,985	2,710	1,870	1,739	15,386	2,065	5,319	2,149	19,761	3,873		78,175
2003 Average	2,001	2,662	1,860	1,759	15,494	2,191	5,428	2,175	20,034	3,918	49,241	79,720
2004 Average	2,009	2,649	1,829	1,785	15,598	2,282	5,319	2,155	20,731	4,015	50,100	82,583
2005 Average	1,991	2,621	1,781	1,820	15,716	2,315	5,328	2,191	20,802	4,093	50,445	84,089
2006 Average	1,991	2,639	1,777	1,806	15,723	2,229	5,197	2,180	20,687	4,128	50,144	85,156
2007 Average	1,979	2,416	1,729	1,753	15,546	2,283	5,037	2,241	20,680	4,250	50,037	85,944
2008 Average	1,945	2,542	1,667	1,727	15,457	2,225	4,795	2,142	19,498	4,237	48,355	85,554
2009 Average	1,868	2,453	1,544	1,641	14,715	2,153	4,406	2,188	18,771	4,095	46,328	<sup>R</sup> 84,789
2010 January	1,756	2,161	1,369	1,586	13,588	2,128	4,779	2,361	18,652	3,840	45,347	NA
February	1,955	2,454	1,535	1,688	14,812	2,256	5,002	2,383	18,850	4,217	47,520	NA
March	1,913	2,505	1,563	1,683	14,884	2,149	4,738	2,253	19,099	4,030	47,153	NA
April	1,845	2,260	1,520	1,646	14,334	2,180	4,327	2,249	19,044	4,120	46,253	NA
May	1,693	2,354	1,451	1,615	13,966	2,202	3,841	2,170	18,866	4,047	45,091	NA
June	1,836	2,510	1,578	1,599	14,775	2,346	3,967	2,177	19,537	4,200	47,002	NA
July	1,829	2,571	1,658	1,631	14,980	2,205	4,170	2,111	19,319	4,128	46,913	NA
August	1,741	2,547	1,506	1,643	14,616	2,378	4,388	2,221	19,662	4,007	47,272	NA
September	1,945	2,747	1,624	1,640	15,438	2,325	4,441	2,192	19,438	4,030	47,864	NA
October	1,753	2,622	1,532	1,667	15,006	2,249	4,035	2,225	18,974	4,007	46,497	NA
November	1,788	2,585	1,567	1,647	15,083	2,317	4,595	2,392	18,977	4,110	47,473	NA
December	1,939	2,324	1,630	1,526	14,669	2,360	5,005	2,495	19,722	4,204	48,455	NA
Average	1,831	2,470	1,544	1,630	14,676	2,258	4,437	2,268	19,180	4,077	46,896	<sup>R</sup> 87,300
2011 January	1,773	2,230	1,352	1,600	<sup>R</sup> 13,689	<sup>R</sup> 2,255	4,899	2,429	18,993	3,821	<sup>R</sup> 46,086	NA
February	1,916	2,433	1,554	1,652	14,819	<sup>R</sup> 2,315	5,067	2,349	18,873	4,261	<sup>R</sup> 47,684	NA
March	1,789	2,393	1,445	1,635	<sup>R</sup> 14,361	2,390	4,551	2,295	19,329	4,270	<sup>R</sup> 47,197	NA
April	1,747	2,258	1,461	1,621	<sup>R</sup> 13,998	2,144	3,994	2,011	18,650	4,079	<sup>R</sup> 44,875	NA
May	1,734	2,403	1,425	1,555	14,070	2,184	3,787	2,022	18,479	4,092	44.634	NA
June	1.786	2.270	1,510	1,687	<sup>R</sup> 14,469	2.340	3.943	2,112	19.253	4,218	<sup>R</sup> 46,335	NA
July	1,799	2,409	1,477	1,562	14,447	R 2,321	4,226	2,188	18,778	4,166	<sup>R</sup> 46.126	NA
August	1,804	2,638	1.400	1,617	14,765	<sup>R</sup> 2,456	4.425	2,212	19,415	4,230	<sup>R</sup> 47.503	NA
September	1,919	2,551	1,541	1,671	15,066	R 2,302	4,278	2,241	18,892	4,216	<sup>R</sup> 46,994	NA
October	1,777	2,508	1,465	1,578	<sup>R</sup> 14,421	R 2,302	4,270	2,241	18,844	4,016	<sup>R</sup> 46,081	NA
November	1,730	2,300	1,405	1,595	14,224	<sup>R</sup> 2,276	4,602	2,210	19,080	4,010	<sup>R</sup> 46.722	NA
December	1,737	2,262	1,403	1,535	13,809	<sup>R</sup> 2,298	5.429	2,232	18,803	4,200	<sup>R</sup> 47,091	NA
Average	1,792	2,202	1,454	1,608	<sup>R</sup> 14,340	R 2,280	4,464	2,430 2,230	18,949	4,163	<sup>R</sup> 46,436	R 88,236
	1,745	2,133	1,263	1,440	13,138	<sup>R</sup> 2,143	5,161	2,366	18,280	4,110	<sup>R</sup> 45,197	NA
2012 January					<sup>R</sup> 14,464						<sup>R</sup> 45,197 <sup>R</sup> 47.606	
February	1,950	2,483	1,306	1,565		2,137	5,550	2,410	18,760	4,287		NA
March	1,725	2,219	1,316	1,614	R 13,696	2,386	5,156	2,153	18,213	4,342	45,947 B 44 91 4	NA
April	1,686	2,231	1,293	1,600	13,620	R 2,244	4,390	2,099	18,330	4,131	R 44,814	NA
May	1,671	2,305	1,304	1,517	13,660 B 4 4 4 9 7	<sup>R</sup> 2,401	4,367	2,181	18,707	<sup>R</sup> 4,204	<sup>R</sup> 45,521	NA
June	1,780	2,466	1,367	1,526	<sup>R</sup> 14,127	R 2,341	4,129	2,304	18,915	<sup>R</sup> 4,188	<sup>R</sup> 46,003	NA
July	1,800	2,425	1,380	1,507	R 14,041	<sup>R</sup> 2,405	<sup>R</sup> 4,372	2,196	18,601	<sup>R</sup> 4,181	R 45,796	NA
August 8-Month Average	1,663 <b>1,751</b>	2,285 <b>2,317</b>	1,328 <b>1,320</b>	1,477 <b>1,530</b>	13,761 <b>13,808</b>	2,360 <b>2,304</b>	4,629 <b>4,716</b>	2,235 <b>2,242</b>	19,226 <b>18,628</b>	4,331 <b>4,222</b>	46,543 <b>45,919</b>	NA NA
-	,											
2011 8-Month Average 2010 8-Month Average	1,792 1,819	2,380 2,420	1,451 1,522	1,615 1,636	14,322 14,490	2,301 2,230	4,356 4,396	2,202 2,239	18,973 19,131	4,141 4,071	46,294 46,557	NA NA

<sup>a</sup> Data are for unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West

 b "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom; for 1984 forward, Czech Republic, Hungary, Poland, and Slovakia; and, for 2000 forward, Slovenia.

<sup>c</sup> "Other OECD" consists of Australia, New Zealand, and the U.S. Territories; for 1984 forward, Mexico; and, for 2000 forward, Chile, Estonia, and Israel. <sup>d</sup> The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) consists of "OECD Europe," Canada, Japan, South Korea, the United States, and "Other OECD."

R=Revised. NA=Not available.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent

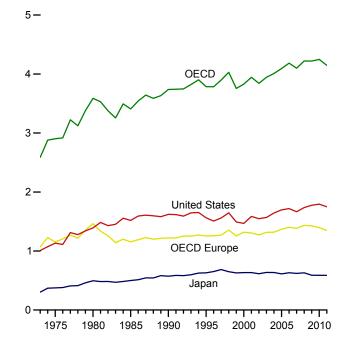
rounding. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia

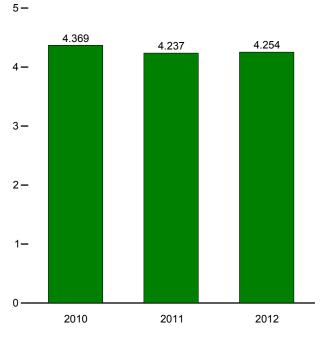
Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#international for all available data beginning in 1973. Sources: • United States: Table 3.1. • Chile, East Germany, Former Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Mexico, Poland, South Korea, Non-OECD Countries, U.S. Territories, and World: 1973-1979—U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), International Energy Database. • Countries Other Than United States: 1980-2008—EIA, International Energy Statistics (IES). • OECD Countries, and U.S. Territories: 2009 forward—EIA, IES. • World: 2009 forward—EIA, Short Term Energy Outlook, December 2012, Table 3a. • All Other Data:—International Energy Agency (IEA), *Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances in OECD Countries*, various issues.

#### Figure 11.3 Petroleum Stocks in OECD Countries (Billion Barrels)

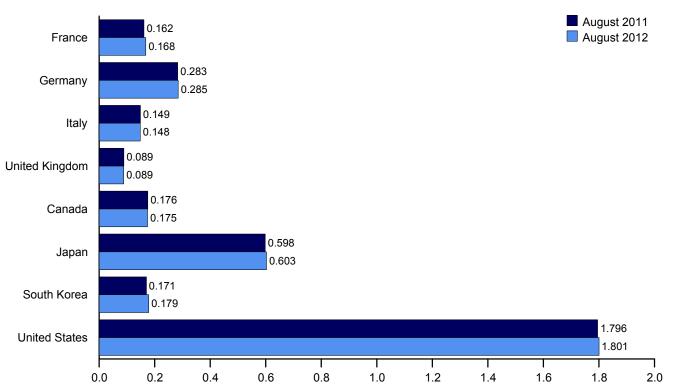
#### Overview, End of Year, 1973-2011

OECD Stocks, End of Month, August





#### By Selected OECD Country, End of Month



Note: OECD is the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#international. Source: Table 11.3.

#### Table 11.3 Petroleum Stocks in OECD Countries

(Million Barrels)

	_			United	OECD	- ·		South	United	Other	
	France	Germany <sup>a</sup>	Italy	Kingdom	Europeb	Canada	Japan	Korea	States	OECDc	OECD
73 Year	201	181	152	156	1.070	140	303	NA	1.008	67	2,588
75 Year	225	187	143	165	1,154	174	375	NA	1.133	67	2.903
80 Year	243	319	170	168	1,464	164	495	NA	1,392	72	3,587
85 Year	139	277	156	131	1.154	112	500	13	1,519	<sup>R</sup> 119	R 3,417
90 Year	143	280	171	103	<sup>R</sup> 1,222	143	572	64	1,621	R 126	R 3,749
95 Year	155	302	162	101	<sup>R</sup> 1,256	132	631	92	1,563	R 122	R 3.79
96 Year	154	303	152	103	R 1,259	127	651	123	1,507	R 127	R 3,794
97 Year	161	299	147	100	R 1,271	144	685	124	1,560	R 123	R 3.90
98 Year	169	323	153	104	R 1.355	139	649	129	1,647	R 120	R 4,03
99 Year	160	290	148	101	<sup>R</sup> 1,258	141	629	132	1,493	R 114	R 3,76
00 Year	170	272	157	100	1,318	143	634	140	1,468	126	3,829
01 Year	165	273	151	113	1,306	154	634	143	1,586	120	3,944
02 Year	170	253	155	104	1,272	155	615	140	1,548	112	3,842
03 Year	179	273	153	104	1,316	165	636	155	1,548	105	3,945
04 Year	177	267	153	100	1,318	154	635	149	1,645	103	4.009
05 Year	185	283	149	95	1,369	168	612	135	1,698	112	4,004
06 Year	182	283	151	103	1,303	169	631	152	1,030	112	4,03
07 Year	182	203	150	90	1,386	163	621	143	1,665	121	4,18
	179	279	145	99	1,386	162	630	145	1,005	121	4,093
08 Year	179	279	145	99 94		157	589	155	1,737	124	
09 Year	1/5	204	143	94	1,426	157	209	100	1,770	117	4,220
10 January	182	295	144	95	1,466	160	593	162	1,786	122	4,28
February	175	290	151	99	1,451	161	587	163	1,785	128	4,27
March	172	289	147	93	1,432	167	581	164	1,787	127	4,25
April	172	284	152	95	1,441	168	590	166	1,810	123	4,29
May	173	286	149	99	1,449	164	599	166	1,830	120	4,32
June	170	280	150	96	1,432	166	597	167	1,842	131	4,334
July	168	282	144	96	1,417	173	598	170	1,855	127	4,339
August	171	289	151	93	1,432	182	597	169	1,862	127	4,36
September	163	286	144	95	1,392	180	582	174	1,861	123	4,31
October	161	285	147	94	1,402	183	599	170	1,847	125	4,32
November	170	287	143	92	1,394	184	604	171	1,827	121	4,302
December	168	287	151	89	1,398	184	588	165	1,794	119	4,248
11 January	173	291	158	97	1,439	174	596	168	1,809	117	4,304
February	170	288	149	95	1,410	169	591	162	1,780	121	4,23
March	167	286	149	93	1,398	172	575	170	1,776	116	4,20
April	163	291	149	93	1,384	179	601	173	1,779	123	4,23
May	168	288	147	91	1,387	177	599	170	1,807	122	4,26
June	167	286	147	85	1.379	177	593	175	1.809	120	4.253
July	164	290	148	87	1,370	<sup>R</sup> 177	599	173	1,816	122	R 4,25
August	162	283	149	89	1.374	176	598	171	1,796	123	4,23
September	160	277	148	85	1,353	176	601	174	1,781	119	4,20
October	165	278	147	86	<sup>R</sup> 1.341	<sup>R</sup> 178	599	174	1,769	118	R 4,18
November	164	277	148	93	1,357	<sup>R</sup> 179	603	170	1,770	116	<sup>R</sup> 4,19
December	165	279	146	88	1,347	178	589	167	1,750	116	4,14
12 January	166	284	150	90	1,369	<sup>R</sup> 178	594	164	1,772	119	<sup>R</sup> 4,19
February	165	283	149	90	<sup>R</sup> 1,366	179	583	171	1,765	110	R 4,17
March	165	281	143	89	1,375	173	580	164	1,778	<sup>R</sup> 113	R 4,18
April	163	281	148	91	1,368	<sup>R</sup> 174	592	174	1,777	<sup>R</sup> 115	4,18
Арлі Мау	163	280	140	88	1,350	<sup>R</sup> 174	592 597	174	1,794	<sup>R</sup> 117	<sup>R</sup> 4,20
	162	280	146	00 89	1,351	<sup>R</sup> 169	597 601	103	1,794	112	R 4,21
June		280 286				<sup>R</sup> 169					
July	163		143	88	1,365		608	181	1,809	117	R 4,25
August	168	285	148	89	1,381	175	603	179	1,801	115	4,25

<sup>a</sup> Through December 1983, the data for Germany are for the former West Germany only. Beginning with January 1984, the data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

<sup>b</sup> "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom; for 1984 forward, Czech Republic, Hungary, Poland, and Slovakia; and, for 2000 forward, Slovenia.

<sup>c</sup> "Other OECD" consists of Australia, New Zealand, and the U.S. Territories; for

1984 forward, Mexico; and, for 2000 forward, Chile, Estonia, and Israel. <sup>d</sup> The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) consists of "OECD Europe," Canada, Japan, South Korea, the United States, and

"Other OECD."

R=Revised. NA=Not available.

Notes: • Stocks are at end of period. • Petroleum stocks include crude oil

(including strategic reserves), unfinished oils, natural gas plant liquids, and refined products. • In the United States in January 1975, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to bulk terminal and pipeline surveys, thereby affecting subsequent stocks reported. New-basis end-of-year U.S. stocks, in million barrels, would have been 1,121 in 1974, 1,425 in 1980, and 1,461 in 1982. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#international for

all available data beginning in 1973.

Sources: • United States: Table 3.4. • U.S. Territories: 1983 forward—U.S. Energy Information Administration, International Energy Database. • All Other Data: 1973-1982—International Energy Agency (IEA), Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances, various issues. 1983-IEA, Monthly Oil and Gas Statistics Database. 1984 forward—IEA, Monthly Oil Data Service, November 13, 2012.

#### **International Petroleum**

#### Tables 11.1a and 11.1b Sources

**United States** Table 3.1.

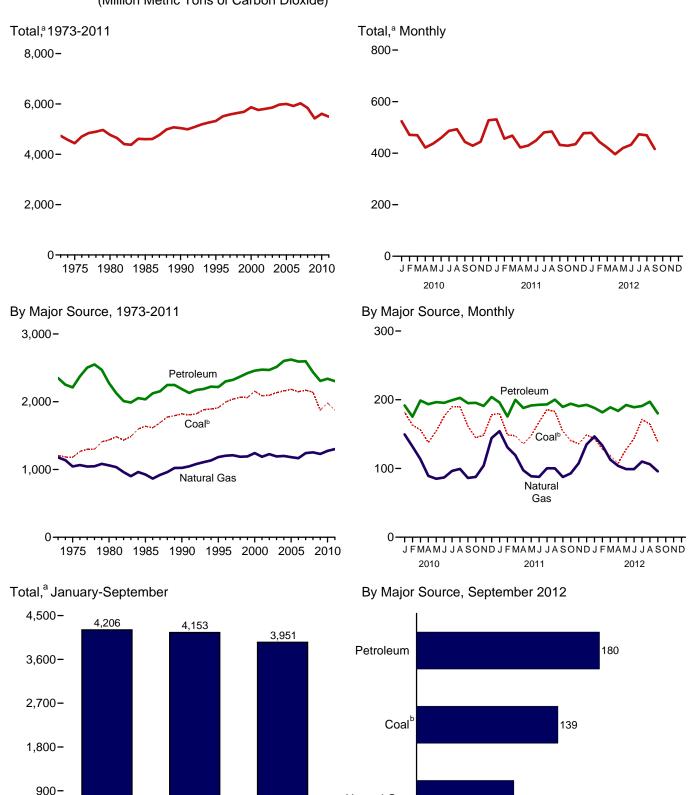
#### All Other Countries and World, Annual Data

1973–1979: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), *International Energy Annual 1981*, Table 8. 1980 forward: EIA, International Energy Database, December 2012.

#### All Other Countries and World, Monthly Data

1973–1980: *Petroleum Intelligence Weekly (PIW)*, *Oil & Gas Journal (OGJ)*, and EIA adjustments. 1981–1993: *PIW*, *OGJ*, and other industry sources. 1994 forward: EIA, International Energy Database, December 2012.

# **12. Environment**



#### Figure 12.1 Carbon Dioxide Emissions From Energy Consumption by Source (Million Metric Tons of Carbon Dioxide)

2011

2012

2010

Source: Table 12.1.

0

Natural Gas

96

100

Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#environment.

200

150

250

50

0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Excludes emissions from biomass energy consumption. <sup>b</sup> Includes coal coke net imports.

#### Table 12.1 Carbon Dioxide Emissions From Energy Consumption by Source

(Million Metric Tons of Carbon Dioxide	a)	
----------------------------------------	----	--

								Petrole	um					
	Coal <sup>b</sup>	Natural Gas <sup>c</sup>	Aviation Gasoline	Distillate Fuel Oil <sup>d</sup>	Jet Fuel	Kero- sene	LPG <sup>e</sup>	Lubri- cants	Motor Gasoline <sup>f</sup>	Petroleum Coke	Residual Fuel Oil	Other <sup>g</sup>	Total	Total <sup>h,i</sup>
1973 Total           1975 Total           1980 Total           1985 Total           1995 Total           1995 Total           1995 Total           1995 Total           1995 Total           1995 Total           1996 Total           1997 Total           1998 Total           1998 Total           1999 Total           2000 Total           2000 Total           2001 Total           2002 Total	1,207 1,181 1,436 1,638 1,821 1,913 1,995 2,040 2,064 2,062 2,155 2,088 2,088 2,095	1,178 1,046 1,061 926 1,024 1,183 1,204 1,210 1,189 1,193 1,243 1,243 1,227	6 5 4 3 3 3 3 2 3 3 2 2 2	480 443 446 445 470 498 525 534 538 555 580 598 598	155 146 156 178 223 232 232 234 238 245 254 243 243 237	32 24 24 17 6 8 9 10 12 11 10 11 6	92 82 87 67 80 86 87 82 90 97 88 91	13 11 13 12 13 13 13 14 14 14 14 13 12	911 911 900 930 988 1,044 1,063 1,075 1,107 1,127 1,135 1,151 1,183	54 51 49 54 70 76 79 80 93 93 96 86 89 96	508 443 216 220 152 152 152 158 142 158 148 163 144 125	100 97 142 93 127 121 139 145 128 133 118 135 130	2,350 2,212 2,275 2,036 2,187 2,216 2,300 2,323 2,372 2,422 2,429 2,474 2,470	4,735 4,439 4,771 4,600 5,039 5,323 5,510 5,584 5,635 5,688 5,868 5,868 5,761 5,804
2002 Total           2003 Total           2004 Total           2005 Total           2006 Total           2007 Total           2007 Total           2008 Total           2008 Total           2008 Total           2008 Total           2009 Total	2,093 2,136 2,160 2,182 2,147 2,172 2,139 1,876	1,193 1,200 1,183 1,168 1,243 1,253 1,230	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	610 632 640 648 652 615 564	237 231 240 246 240 238 226 204	8 10 10 8 5 2 3	87 87 84 80 83 79 78	12 11 12 12 11 12 11 10	1,183 1,188 1,214 1,214 1,224 1,227 1,166 1,157	96 107 106 106 100 93 87	125 138 155 165 122 129 111 91	142 144 143 152 150 132 112	2,470 2,514 2,603 2,623 2,593 2,596 2,437 2,307	5,804 5,855 5,975 5,999 5,920 6,023 5,841 5,425
2010 January February April May June July August September October November December Total	182 163 156 138 155 176 190 190 161 145 148 178 <b>1,982</b>	150 132 114 89 85 87 96 99 86 88 104 144 <b>1,274</b>	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	49 46 51 48 48 47 50 50 50 50 49 55 <b>590</b>	17 15 18 17 18 19 19 19 18 18 18 17 17 <b>210</b>	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	9 8 7 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 9 <b>7</b> 9	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	92 84 95 96 99 97 101 100 96 97 92 96 <b>1,146</b>	5 6 7 7 8 8 6 7 7 <b>8</b> 8 8 7 <b>8</b> 1	9 7 8 9 7 9 7 8 7 8 8 8 <b>96</b>	9 9 11 11 10 10 11 10 9 10 10 <b>122</b>	192 175 199 194 197 196 199 203 195 196 191 204 <b>2,339</b>	524 471 470 422 437 459 487 493 444 429 444 527 <b>5,607</b>
2011 January February April May June July August September October November December Total	R 180 R 149 R 148 R 136 148 R 168 R 168 R 183 154 R 141 R 149 R 149 R <b>1,876</b>	154 131 119 97 89 88 100 100 88 93 107 135 <b>1,302</b>	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	52 47 53 48 49 50 47 53 50 53 52 51 <b>603</b>	17 15 18 18 19 18 19 17 17 17 209	(s) 1 (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	10 8 6 6 6 7 6 7 8 9 <b>87</b>	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0	91 84 95 95 95 98 96 92 93 89 94 <b>1,113</b>	7 5 6 8 7 7 8 6 7 7 4 <b>7</b> 8	9 8 7 7 7 7 5 5 7 6 8 8 8 2	10 8 11 10 8 9 11 10 10 10 11 10 118	196 176 200 188 192 193 200 190 194 191 193 <b>2,304</b>	531 456 <sup>R</sup> 468 422 429 449 480 484 432 429 435 477 <sup>R</sup> <b>5,494</b>
2012 January February April June July August September 9-Month Total 2011 9-Month Total	143 128 <sup>R</sup> 119 <sup>R</sup> 108 <sup>R</sup> 128 143 171 <sup>R</sup> 165 139 <b>1,244</b> <b>1 451</b>	147 133 113 104 99 99 110 106 96 <b>1,007</b>	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) 1	50 49 47 49 47 47 47 49 47 <b>433</b>	16 17 16 18 19 18 18 17 <b>155</b>	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	8 7 6 7 6 7 7 <b>64</b> 63	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 7 8	89 87 93 92 97 94 95 99 90 <b>836</b>	7 5 6 7 6 7 6 <b>57</b>	6 6 6 4 5 6 5 4 <b>50</b> 62	11 10 9 9 10 10 11 8 <b>87</b>	188 182 189 184 192 189 191 197 180 <b>1,692</b>	R 479 444 421 396 420 432 473 469 416 <b>3,951</b> 4 153
2011 9-Month Total 2010 9-Month Total	1,451 1,511	966 938	1 1	448 436	158 158	2 2	63 57	8 8	837 861	60 61	62 72	87 93	1,727 1,749	4,153 4,206

<sup>a</sup> Metric tons of carbon dioxide can be converted to metric tons of carbon equivalent by multiplying by 12/44. <sup>b</sup> Includes coal coke net imports.

с Natural gas, excluding supplemental gaseous fuels. Distillate fuel oil, excluding biodiesel.

d

е Liquefied petroleum gases.

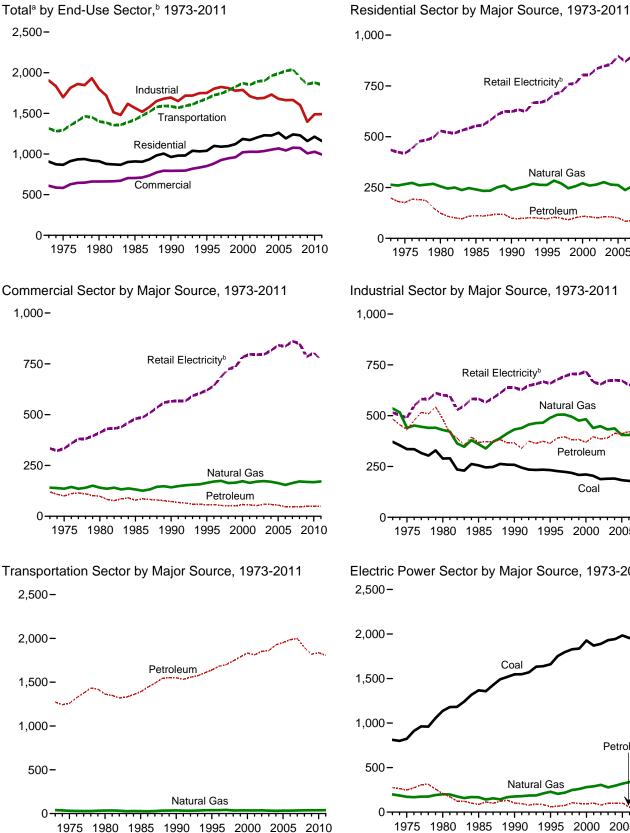
 <sup>9</sup> Aviation gasoline, excluding fuel ethanol.
 <sup>9</sup> Aviation gasoline blending components, crude oil, motor gasoline blending Avalation gasome biending components, clude oil, motor gasome blending components, pentanes plus, petrochemical feedstocks, special naphthas, still gas, unfinished oils, waxes, and miscellaneous petroleum products.
 <sup>h</sup> Includes electric power sector use of geothermal energy and non-biomass waste. See Table 12.6.

Excludes emissions from biomass energy consumption. See Table 12.7.

R=Revised. (s)=Less than 0.5 million metric tons. Notes: • Data are estimates for carbon dioxide emissions from energy the ponfuel use of fossil fuels. See "Section 12 bala are estimates to carbon dovide emissions non energy consumption, including the nonfuel use of fossil fuels. See "Section 12 Methodology and Sources" at end of section. See "Carbon Dioxide" in Glossary.
 See Note 1, "Emissions of Carbon Dioxide and Other Greenhouse Gases," at end of section.
 Data exclude emissions from biomass energy consumption. See Table 10, "and Nato". Table 12.7 and Note 2, "Accounting for Carbon Dioxide Emissions From Biomass Energy Combustion," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

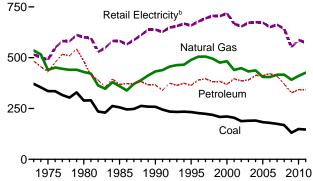
Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#environment for all available data beginning in 1973.



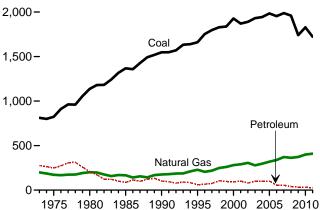


Retail Electricity Natural Gas Petroleum 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010

Industrial Sector by Major Source, 1973-2011



Electric Power Sector by Major Source, 1973-2011



<sup>a</sup> Excludes emissions from biomass energy consumption.

<sup>b</sup> Emissions from energy consumption in the electric power sector are allocated to the end-use sectors in proportion to each sector's share of total electricity retail Sales.

Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#environment. Sources: Tables 12.2-12.6.

Table 12.2	Carbon Dioxide Emissions From Energy Consumption: Residential Sector
	(Million Metric Tons of Carbon Dioxide <sup>a</sup> )

				Petrole	Retail			
	Coal	Natural Gas <sup>b</sup>	Distillate Fuel Oil <sup>c</sup>	Kerosene	LPG <sup>d</sup>	Total	Elec- tricity <sup>e</sup>	Total <sup>f</sup>
1973 Total	9	264	147	16	36	199	435	907
1975 Total	6	266	132	12	32	176	419	867
1980 Total	3	256	96	8	20	124	529	911
1985 Total 1990 Total	4	241 238	80 72	11 5	20 22	111 98	553 624	909 963
1995 Total	2	263	66	5	25	96	678	1.039
1996 Total	2	284	68	6	30	104	710	1,099
1997 Total	2	270	64	7	29	99	719	1,090
1998 Total	1	247	56	8	27	91	759	1,097
1999 Total	1	257 271	61 66	8 7	33 35	102 108	762 805	1,122
2000 Total 2001 Total	1	259	66	7	33	106	805	1,185 1,172
2002 Total	1	265	63	4	34	100	835	1.203
2003 Total	1	276	66	5	34	106	847	1,230
2004 Total	1	264	68	6	32	106	856	1,228
2005 Total	1	262	62	6 5	32	101	897	1,261
2006 Total	1	237	52	5	28	85	869	1,192
2007 Total 2008 Total	1	257 266	53 49	3 2	31 35	87 85	897 878	1,241 1,229
2009 Total	1	259	49 44	2	35	81 81	819	1,229
2010 January	(s)	51	6	(s)	3	10	91	151
February	(s)	43	6	(s)	3	9	74	126
March	(s)	31	4	(s)	3	7	65	103
April	(s)	17	2	(s)	2	5	51	73
May	(s)	11	3	(s)	2	5	59	75
June	(s) (s)	7 6	3	(s) (s)	2	6 5	79 97	92 108
July August	(S) (S)	6	2	(s) (s)	3	5	96	108
September	(s)	õ	2 2 3	(s)	3 3	5	72	83
October	(s)	11	3	(s)	3	6	56	73
November	(s)	24	3	(s)	3	7	56	87
December	(s)	46	6	(s) 2	3	10	81	137
Total	1	259	43	2	33	78	875	1,212
2011 January	(s)	53 42	5 5	(s)	4 3	9 8	87 67	148 117
February March	(s) (s)	42 33	5	(s) (s)	3	8 7	59	99
April	(s)	19	3	(s)	3	5	53	77
May	(s)	11	2	(s)	3	4	57	73
June	(s)	7	3	(s)	3	5	75	88
July	(s)	6	2 3 2 3	(s)	3	5	95	106
August September	(s) (s)	6 7	3	(s) (s)	3 3	6 6	92 68	104 81
October	(S) (S)	12	4	(S) (S)	3	7	53	72
November	(s)	23	4	(s)	3	7	53	83
December	(s)	37	6	(s)	3	9	66	113
Total	1	256	44	1	35	80	823	1,160
2012 January	(s)	43	6	(s)	3	9	69	121
February	(s)	36	5	(s)	3	8	58	102
March	(s) (s)	22 15	4	(s) (s)	3 3	7 6	51 45	80 66
April May	(S) (S)	9	3	(S) (S)	3	6	55	70
June	(s)	7	3	(s)	3	6	69	82
July	(s)	6	3	(s)	3	6	93	104
August	(s)	6	4	(s)	3	7	85	98
September	(s)	6	3	(s)	3	6	65	78
9-Month Total	(s)	151	34	(s)	26	60	590	801
2011 9-Month Total 2010 9-Month Total	(s) 1	183 178	30 30	1 1	26 24	57 56	653 683	893 917

<sup>a</sup> Metric tons of carbon dioxide can be converted to metric tons of carbon equivalent by multiplying by 12/44.
 <sup>b</sup> Natural gas, excluding supplemental gaseous fuels.
 <sup>c</sup> Distillate fuel oil, excluding biodiesel.
 <sup>d</sup> Liquefied petroleum gases.

 Englisions from energy consumption (for electricity and a small amount of useful thermal output) in the electric power sector are allocated to the end-use sectors in proportion to each sector's share of total electricity retail sales. See Tables 7.6 and 12.6.
 f Excludes emissions from biomass energy consumption. See Table 12.7. e

(s)=Less than 0.5 million metric tons.

Notes: • Data are estimates for carbon dioxide emissions from energy consumption. See "Section 12 Methodology and Sources" at end of section. • See "Carbon Dioxide" in Glossary. • See Note 1, "Emissions of Carbon Dioxide and Other Greenhouse Gases," at end of section. • Data exclude emissions from biomass energy consumption. See Table 12.7 and Note 2, "Accounting for Carbon Dioxide Emissions From Biomass Energy Combustion," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#environment for all available data beginning in 1973. Sources: See end of section.

#### Table 12.3 Carbon Dioxide Emissions From Energy Consumption: Commercial Sector (Million Metric Tons of Carbon Dioxidea)

				Petroleum							
	Coal	Natural Gas <sup>b</sup>	Distillate Fuel Oil <sup>c</sup>	Kerosene	LPG <sup>d</sup>	Motor Gasoline <sup>e</sup>	Petroleum Coke	Residual Fuel Oil	Total	Retail Elec- tricity <sup>f</sup>	Totalg
1973 Total         1975 Total         1980 Total         1985 Total         1990 Total         1995 Total         1995 Total         1996 Total         1997 Total         1998 Total         1998 Total         1999 Total         1998 Total         2000 Total         2000 Total         2000 Total         2001 Total         2003 Total         2003 Total         2004 Total         2005 Total         2006 Total         2007 Total         2008 Total         2009 Total	15 14 11 12 11 12 9 9 9 9 9 9 8 10 9 6 7 7 6	141 136 141 132 142 164 164 165 173 164 170 163 154 164 171 169	47 43 38 46 35 35 32 31 32 36 37 32 35 34 33 29 28 27 30	5 4 3 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 (s) (s)	9 8 6 6 7 8 8 7 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 10 10 8 8 8 10 9	66878123323343343434	NA NA NA NA S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	52 39 44 18 11 19 7 6 7 6 6 9 10 9 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	120 100 98 79 73 56 57 54 51 58 57 52 59 58 55 48 47 46 49	334 333 412 480 566 620 643 686 724 735 783 797 795 795 795 796 816 842 836 861 850 785	609 583 662 704 793 851 883 926 947 960 1,022 1,027 1,027 1,026 1,036 1,054 1,054 1,078 1,078
2010 January February April May July August September October November December Total	1 1 (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) 1 6	27 24 18 12 9 7 6 7 7 10 16 25 <b>168</b>	4 3 2 2 2 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 4 <b>30</b>	(5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5)	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 9	(5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5)	(5) (5) (5) (5) 0 0 0 (5) (5) (5) (5) (5)	1 (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	6 4 3 3 4 3 3 4 4 6 <b>49</b>	66 60 59 57 66 74 80 81 69 63 61 68 <b>805</b>	101 91 82 73 78 85 90 91 79 77 81 100 <b>1,027</b>
2011 January February March May June July August September October November December Total	1 1 (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	29 23 20 13 9 7 7 8 12 15 22 171	4 3 2 1 2 2 2 3 3 4 <b>31</b>	(5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5)	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 9	(5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5)	(s) (s) (s) 0 0 0 0 0 0 (s) (s) (s) (s)	1 (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) 1 5	6 5 4 3 2 3 3 4 4 4 5 6 <b>49</b>	65 55 58 57 63 70 79 77 66 61 57 60 <b>769</b>	100 85 83 73 75 81 89 89 77 77 77 88 <b>994</b>
2012 January February March May June July August September 9-Month Total	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) 3	24 21 14 11 8 7 7 7 8 <b>108</b>	4 3 2 2 2 2 3 2 <b>2</b> 3 2 <b>2</b> 4	(S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S)	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 7	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) 3	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	1 1 (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) 4	6 5 3 4 4 4 3 <b>38</b>	57 53 52 51 61 66 77 74 64 <b>555</b>	88 80 71 66 73 77 87 85 75 <b>704</b>
2011 9-Month Total 2010 9-Month Total	4 4	123 117	21 21	(s) (s)	7 6	3 3	(s) (s)	4 4	34 35	591 613	752 769

<sup>a</sup> Metric tons of carbon dioxide can be converted to metric tons of carbon equivalent by multiplying by 12/44.
 <sup>b</sup> Natural gas, excluding supplemental gaseous fuels.
 <sup>c</sup> Distillate fuel oil, excluding biodiesel.
 <sup>d</sup> Liquefied petroleum gases.
 <sup>e</sup> Finished motor gasoline, excluding fuel ethanol.
 <sup>f</sup> Emissions from energy consumption (for electricity and a small amount of

<sup>d</sup> Liquefied petroleum gases.
 <sup>e</sup> Finished motor gasoline, excluding fuel ethanol.
 <sup>f</sup> Emissions from energy consumption (for electricity and a small amount of useful thermal output) in the electric power sector are allocated to the end-use sectors in proportion to each sector's share of total electricity retail sales. See Tables 7.6 and 12.6.
 <sup>g</sup> Excludes emissions from biomass energy consumption. See Table 12.7. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 million metric tons.

Notes: • Data are estimates for carbon dioxide emissions from energy consumption. See "Section 12 Methodology and Sources" at end of section. • See "Carbon Dioxide" in Glossary. • See Note 1, "Emissions of Carbon Dioxide and Other Greenhouse Gases," at end of section. • Data exclude emissions from biomass energy consumption. See Table 12.7 and Note 2, "Accounting for Carbon Dioxide Emissions From Biomass Energy Combustion," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#environment for all available data beginning in 1973. Sources: See end of section.

#### Table 12.4 Carbon Dioxide Emissions From Energy Consumption: Industrial Sector (Million Metric Tons of Carbon Dioxidea)

		Coal Coke						Petroleun	n				Retail	
	Coal	Net Imports	Natural Gas <sup>b</sup>	Distillate Fuel Oil <sup>c</sup>	Kero- sene	LPG <sup>d</sup>	Lubri- cants	Motor Gasoline <sup>e</sup>	Petroleum Coke	Residual Fuel Oil	Other <sup>f</sup>	Total	Elec- tricity <sup>g</sup>	Total <sup>h</sup>
1973 Total         1975 Total         1980 Total         1985 Total         1990 Total         1995 Total         1995 Total         1996 Total         1997 Total         1997 Total         1998 Total         1997 Total         1998 Total         2000 Total         2000 Total         2000 Total         2000 Total         2000 Total         2002 Total         2003 Total         2005 Total         2006 Total         2007 Total         2008 Total         2009 Total	371 336 289 256 258 233 227 224 219 208 211 204 188 190 191 183 179 175 168 131	-1 2 -4 -2 1 7 3 5 8 7 7 3 7 6 16 5 7 3 5 -3 -3	536 440 429 360 432 489 505 505 475 483 440 448 432 437 405 405 405 416 417 391	106 97 96 81 84 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 83 88 83 82 92 92 92 93 80	11 9 13 3 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 2 1 (s) (s)	44 39 61 59 37 47 47 47 52 45 47 42 43 42 43 32 33	767677677766666665	18 16 11 15 14 14 15 14 11 21 23 26 25 26 21 17 17	52 51 48 54 67 67 71 70 80 85 76 79 79 78 84 84 84 84 84 82 77 72	144 117 105 57 31 25 24 21 16 14 17 14 13 16 18 20 16 13 14 7	100 97 142 93 127 121 139 145 128 130 145 130 145 130 142 143 152 152 132 112	483 431 483 366 364 391 396 382 383 369 396 386 386 386 386 386 386 380 412 421 421 421 371 327	515 490 601 583 638 694 706 704 719 664 672 673 654 673 650 660 662 551	1,904 1,697 1,798 1,695 1,751 1,809 1,778 1,824 1,809 1,778 1,778 1,683 1,690 1,731 1,678 1,662 1,662 1,662 1,602 1,397
2010 January February April May June July August September October November December Total	12 13 12 12 12 12 13 13 13 13 13 13 13	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	38 35 36 32 33 32 33 33 33 33 35 38 <b>410</b>	6 9 8 6 5 4 7 9 7 8 9 <b>86</b>	(S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S)	4 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 <b>35</b>	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 19	4 6 6 5 6 6 7 7 5 6 6 <b>6</b> 7	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 8	9 9 11 11 10 10 11 10 9 10 10 <b>122</b>	27 26 32 27 25 30 31 27 30 32 <b>343</b>	46 44 45 51 52 54 55 48 47 47 48 50 <b>587</b>	122 118 127 120 123 122 124 130 124 120 124 133 <b>1,488</b>
2011 January February April May June July August September October November December Total	<sup>R</sup> 13 12 13 <sup>R</sup> 12 12 R 12 12 12 12 12 R 13 R <b>147</b>	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	39 36 37 35 35 33 34 34 34 35 36 39 <b>427</b>	9 7 10 7 7 4 7 8 9 6 <b>89</b>	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	5 4 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 2 8	54557557 56633 <b>63</b>	1 1 1 (s) (s) 1 1 1 7	10 8 11 10 8 9 11 10 10 10 11 10 11 8	32 25 33 28 27 25 30 28 29 32 26 <b>341</b>	48 42 46 45 54 54 53 47 47 47 46 45 <b>574</b>	132 <sup>R</sup> 116 129 119 122 <sup>R</sup> 122 <sup>R</sup> 124 130 <sup>R</sup> 121 124 <sup>R</sup> 126 <sup>R</sup> 123 <sup>R</sup> <b>1,490</b>
2012 January February April May June July August September 9-Month Total	R 12 R 12 11 11 R 11 R 11 R 12 11 <b>102</b>	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) 1	40 37 35 35 34 35 36 35 <b>323</b>	7 9 7 6 5 3 4 6 <b>53</b>	(S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S)	4 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 <b>30</b>	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) 4	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 <b>14</b>	545566576 <b>50</b>	1 (s) 1 (s) (s) (s) (s) <b>4</b>	11 9 9 10 10 11 8 <b>7</b>	30 30 27 26 27 26 25 27 25 25 <b>242</b>	43 42 41 46 47 52 50 45 <b>407</b>	124 120 <sup>R</sup> 118 113 120 117 123 <sup>R</sup> 125 116 <b>1,076</b>
2011 9-Month Total 2010 9-Month Total	110 111	1 1	316 304	66 62	(s) (s)	30 25	4 4	14 14	48 50	6 6	87 93	255 254	434 441	1,116 1,110

<sup>a</sup> Metric tons of carbon dioxide can be converted to metric tons of carbon equivalent by multiplying by 12/44.

Natural gas, excluding supplemental gaseous fuels. Distillate fuel oil, excluding biodiesel.

c d

Liquefied petroleum gases. Finished motor gasoline, excluding fuel ethanol.

e f

<sup>e</sup> Finished motor gasoline, excluding fuel ethanol.
 <sup>f</sup> Aviation gasoline blending components, crude oil, motor gasoline blending components, pentanes plus, petrochemical feedstocks, special naphthas, still gas, unfinished oils, waxes, and miscellaneous petroleum products.
 <sup>g</sup> Emissions from energy consumption (for electricity and a small amount of useful thermal output) in the electric power sector are allocated to the end-use sectors in proportion to each sector's share of total electricity retail sales. See Tables 7.6 and 12.6.
 <sup>h</sup> Excludes emissions from biomass energy consumption. See Table 12.7.

R=Revised. (s)=Less than 0.5 million metric tons and greater than -0.5 million metric tons.

metric tons.
Notes: • Data are estimates for carbon dioxide emissions from energy consumption, including the nonfuel use of fossil fuels. See "Section 12 Methodology and Sources" at end of section. • See "Carbon Dioxide" in Glossary.
• See Note 1, "Emissions of Carbon Dioxide and Other Greenhouse Gases," at end of section. • Data exclude emissions from biomass energy consumption. See Table 12.7 and Note 2, "Accounting for Carbon Dioxide Emissions From Biomass Energy Combustion," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#environment for all available data beginning in 1973.

#### Table 12.5 Carbon Dioxide Emissions From Energy Consumption: Transportation Sector (Million Metric Tons of Carbon Dioxidea)

				Petroleum								
	Coal	Natural Gas <sup>b</sup>	Aviation Gasoline	Distillate Fuel Oil <sup>c</sup>	Jet Fuel	LPG <sup>d</sup>	Lubri- cants	Motor Gasoline <sup>e</sup>	Residual Fuel Oil	Total	Retail Elec- tricity <sup>f</sup>	Total <sup>g</sup>
1973 Total         1975 Total         1980 Total         1985 Total         1990 Total         1995 Total         1995 Total         1997 Total         1997 Total         1998 Total         1997 Total         1997 Total         1998 Total         2000 Total         2000 Total         2000 Total         2001 Total         2002 Total         2003 Total         2004 Total         2005 Total         2006 Total         2007 Total         2008 Total         2008 Total         2009 Total	(5) { h h h h h h h h h h h h h h h h h h h	39 32 34 28 36 39 41 35 36 35 37 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33	6543333233222222222222222222222222222222	163 155 204 232 268 307 327 342 366 378 387 394 414 434 444 469 472 440 404	152 145 155 178 223 232 234 238 245 254 243 237 231 246 240 246 240 238 226 204	3 3 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 3 2 2	6 6 6 6 7 6 6 6 7 7 7 6 6 6 6 6 5 6 5 5 5	886 889 881 908 967 1,029 1,047 1,057 1,057 1,155 1,115 1,127 1,158 1,185 1,186 1,186 1,194 1,201 1,146 1,137	57 56 110 62 80 72 67 56 53 52 70 46 53 45 58 66 71 78 72 64	1,273 1,258 1,363 1,391 1,548 1,639 1,643 1,699 1,743 1,743 1,743 1,789 1,813 1,851 1,851 1,953 1,984 1,995 1,895 1,818	2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	1,315 1,292 1,400 1,421 1,588 1,681 1,725 1,744 1,782 1,828 1,872 1,852 1,852 1,852 1,852 1,899 1,962 1,991 2,022 2,040 1,937 1,860
2010 January February March April May July August September October November December Total	( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( (	4 4 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 <b>38</b>	(5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5)	31 30 35 37 36 38 39 37 37 37 35 35 35 <b>425</b>	17 15 18 17 19 19 19 18 18 18 17 17 <b>210</b>	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	91 82 94 97 95 99 98 94 95 90 90 94 <b>1,124</b>	6 5 6 7 6 5 6 6 6 6 5 <b>6</b> 6 5 <b>6</b> 6 5 <b>6</b> 7 6 5 6 6 5 6 6 5 6 7 6 5 6 5 6 7 6 5 6 5	145 133 154 159 156 162 161 155 157 149 153 <b>1,836</b>	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	150 137 157 161 159 165 165 157 160 152 158 <b>1,879</b>
2011 January February April May June August September October November December Total	( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( (	5 4 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 <b>39</b>	(5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5)	33 31 36 38 38 40 37 38 36 34 <b>435</b>	17 15 17 18 19 18 19 17 17 17 17 209	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	(s) (s) 1 (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	89 82 93 90 93 96 94 90 92 87 92 <b>1,091</b>	6 6 5 5 6 5 3 4 6 5 5 6 <b>6 6 6 6 7 6 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7</b>	146 135 153 150 155 156 157 158 150 152 145 150 <b>1,807</b>	(5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5)	151 139 157 153 158 159 160 161 153 155 149 154 <b>1,850</b>
2012 January February April May June August September 9-Month Total	( h ) ) ( h h ) ) ( h h ) ) ( h h ) ) ( h h h ) ) ( h h h h	4 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 <b>30</b>	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	32 31 35 37 37 38 38 38 36 <b>320</b>	16 16 17 18 19 18 18 18 17 <b>155</b>	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) 3	87 85 91 95 93 93 97 88 <b>820</b>	5 4 5 3 4 5 4 3 <b>37</b>	141 137 149 147 154 153 155 158 144 <b>1,338</b>	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) 3	145 142 152 151 157 156 159 161 148 <b>1,371</b>
2011 9-Month Total 2010 9-Month Total	( h ) ( h )	29 28	1 1	327 318	158 158	1 1	4 4	821 844	47 52	1,360 1,378	3 4	1,392 1,410

<sup>a</sup> Metric tons of carbon dioxide can be converted to metric tons of carbon equivalent by multiplying by 12/44.
 <sup>b</sup> Natural gas, excluding supplemental gaseous fuels.
 <sup>c</sup> Distillate fuel oil, excluding biodiesel.
 <sup>d</sup> Liquefied petroleum gases.
 <sup>e</sup> Finished motor gasoline, excluding fuel ethanol.
 <sup>f</sup> Emissions from energy consumption (for electricity and a small amount of

e f

Finished motor gasoline, excluding fuel ethanol.
Emissions from energy consumption (for electricity and a small amount of useful thermal output) in the electric power sector are allocated to the end-use sectors in proportion to each sector's share of total electricity retail sales. See Tables 7.6 and 12.6.

<sup>9</sup> Excludes emissions from biomass energy consumption. See Table 12.7.
 <sup>h</sup> Beginning in 1978, the small amounts of coal consumed for transportation are reported as industrial sector consumption.

(s)=Less than 0.5 million metric tons. Notes: • Data are estimates for carbon dioxide emissions from energy consumption, including the nonfuel use of fossil fuels. See "Section 12 Methodology and Sources" at end of section. • See "Carbon Dioxide" in Glossary. • See Note 1, "Emissions of Carbon Dioxide and Other Greenhouse Gases," at end of section. • Data exclude emissions from biomass energy consumption. See Table 12.7 and Note 2, "Accounting for Carbon Dioxide Emissions From Biomass Energy Combustion," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergv/data/monthly/#environment for

Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#environment for all available data beginning in 1973.

#### Table 12.6 Carbon Dioxide Emissions From Energy Consumption: Electric Power Sector (Million Metric Tons of Carbon Dioxide<sup>a</sup>)

				Petro	leum			Non-		
	Coal	Natural Gas <sup>b</sup>	Distillate Fuel Oil <sup>c</sup>	Petroleum Coke	Residual Fuel Oil	Total	Geo- thermal	Biomass Waste <sup>d</sup>	Total <sup>e</sup>	
1973 Total	812	199	20	2	254	276	NA	NA	1,286	
1975 Total	824	172	17	(s)	231	248	NA	NA	1,244	
1980 Total	1,137	200	12	1	194	207	NA	NA	1,544	
1985 Total	1,367	166	6	1	79	86	NA	NA	1,619	
1990 Total	1,548	176	7	3	92	102	(s)	6	1,831	
1995 Total	1,661	228	8	8	45	61	(s)	10	1,960	
1996 Total	1,752	205	8	8	50	66	(s)	10	2,033	
1997 Total	1,797	219	8	10	56	75	(s)	10	2,101	
1998 Total	1,828	248	10	13	82	105	(s)	10	2,192	
1999 Total	1,836	260	10	11	76	97	(s)	10	2,204	
2000 Total	1,927	281	13	10	69	91	(s)	10	2,310	
2001 Total	1,870	290	12	11	79	102	(s)	11	2,273	
2002 Total	1,890	306	9	18	52	79	(s)	13	2,288	
2003 Total	1,931	278	12	18	69	98	(s)	11	2,319	
2004 Total	1,943 1,984	297 319	8	23 25	69	100 102	(s)	11	2,352	
2005 Total 2006 Total	1,984	319	5	25	69 28	56	(s) (s)	11 12	2,417 2,359	
2007 Total	1,954	372	5	17	20 31	55	(S) (S)	12	2,359	
2007 Total	1,967	362	5	16	19	55 40	(S) (S)	12	2,420	
2009 Total	1,959	373	5	14	14	34	(s)	11	2,374 2,159	
	170	30	1	1	1	4	(0)	1	204	
2010 January		30 26		1	1	4	(s)			
February	150		(s)	1		2	(s)	1	179	
March	143 125	25 25	(s) (s)	1	1 1	2	(s)	1 1	171 154	
April	125	25 30	(S) (S)	1	1	2	(s) (s)	1	154	
May June	142	38	(5)	1	2	4	(s)	1	206	
July	103	48	1	2	2	4	(s)	1	200	
August	177	51	(s)	1	2	3	(s)	1	232	
September	148	38	(s)	1	1	2	(s)	1	189	
October	132	31	(s)	1	1	2	(s)	1	166	
November	136	27	(S)	1	1	2	(s)	1	166	
December	165	31	1	1	1	3	(s)	1	200	
Total	1,828	399	6	15	12	33	(s)	11	2,271	
2011 January	166	29	1	2	1	3	(s)	1	200	
February	136	26	(s)	1	1	2	(s)	1	165	
March	134	26	(s)	2	1	3	(s)	1	163	
April	124	28	(s)	1	1	2	(s)	1	155	
May	135	31	(s)	1	1	2	(s)	1	169	
June	155	38	(s)	1	1	2	(s)	1	196	
July	174	51	(s)	2	1	3	(s)	1	228	
August	170	50	(s)	1	1	2	(s)	1	223	
September	141	37	(s)	1	(s)	2	(s)	1	181	
October	128	31	(s)	1	(s)	2	(s)	1	162	
November	124	29	(s)	1	(s)	2	(s)	1	155	
December	136	33	(s)	1	(s)	2	(s)	1	172	
Total	1,723	409	5	15	7	27	(s)	11	2,170	
2012 January	131	35	(s)	1	1	2	(s)	1	169	
February	116	35	(s)	1	(s)	2	(s)	1	153	
March	106	37	(s)	1	(s)	1	(s)	1	145	
April	96	39	(s)	(s)	(s)	1	(s)	1	137	
May	116	44	(s)	1	(s)	1	(s)	1	163	
June	132	48	(s)	1	1	2	(s)	1	183	
July	160	59	(s)	1	1	2	(s)	1	222	
August	153	54	(s)	1	1	2	(s)	1	210	
September 9-Month Total	128 <b>1,137</b>	44 <b>394</b>	(s) 3	1 7	(s) 5	2 15	(s) (s)	1 8	174 <b>1,554</b>	
				-			(3)	-		
2011 9-Month Total	1,335	316	4	12	6	22	(s)	8	1,681	
2010 9-Month Total	1,394	311	4	11	10	26	(s)	8	1,740	

<sup>a</sup> Metric tons of carbon dioxide can be converted to metric tons of carbon equivalent by multiplying by 12/44.

<sup>b</sup> Natural gas, excluding supplemental gaseous fuels.
 <sup>c</sup> Distillate fuel oil, excluding biodiesel.

<sup>d</sup> Municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels.

 Multicipal solitowaste from homosystems sources, and the dontest tests.
 Excludes emissions from biomass energy consumption. See Table 12.7.
 NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 million metric tons.
 Notes: Data are estimates for carbon dioxide emissions from energy conduct tests. consumption. See "Section 12 Methodology and Sources" at end of section.

• See "Carbon Dioxide" in Glossary. • See Note 1, "Emissions of Carbon Dioxide and Other Greenhouse Gases," at end of section. • Data exclude emissions from biomass energy consumption. See Table 12.7 and Note 2, "Accounting for Carbon Dioxide Emissions From Biomass Energy Combustion," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#environment for all available data beginning in 1973.

#### Table 12.7 Carbon Dioxide Emissions From Biomass Energy Consumption

			By Source			By Sector					
	Wood <sup>b</sup>	Biomass Waste <sup>c</sup>	Fuel Ethanol <sup>d</sup>	Bio- diesel	Total	Resi- dential	Com- mercial <sup>e</sup>	Indus- trial <sup>f</sup>	Trans- portation	Electric Power <sup>g</sup>	Total
1973 Total           1975 Total           1980 Total           1985 Total           1990 Total           1995 Total           1995 Total           1997 Total           1997 Total           1997 Total           1998 Total           1997 Total           1997 Total           2000 Total           2001 Total           2002 Total           2003 Total           2003 Total           2004 Total           2005 Total           2006 Total           2007 Total           2006 Total           2007 Total           2007 Total           2007 Total           2007 Total           2007 Total           2008 Total	143 140 232 252 208 222 205 208 212 188 187 188 199 200 197 194 191	(s) (s) 14 24 30 32 30 30 29 27 33 36 36 35 37 36 37 40	NA NA NA 3 4 8 6 7 8 8 9 10 12 16 20 23 31 39 55	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) 3 3	143 141 232 270 260 266 259 242 245 248 231 235 240 255 261 266 255 261 266 274 289	33 40 95 54 49 51 40 36 37 39 35 36 38 38 40 36 38 40 36 38	1 1 2 8 9 10 10 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	109 100 150 168 147 166 170 172 160 161 161 161 161 147 144 141 151 150 151 150 151 146 140	NA NA NA 3 4 8 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 10 12 16 20 23 33 33 41 57	(s) (s) (s) 1 23 28 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	143 141 232 270 260 266 259 242 245 248 231 235 240 255 261 266 266 274 289
2009 Total	177 16	41 4	62 6	3 (s)	284 25	<b>40</b>	10 1	128	<b>64</b>	41 4	284 25
2010 January	16 14 16 15 15 16 16 16 16 15 16 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 18 9	4 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 3 4 4 3 4 4 3 4 4 3 3 4 4 4 3 3 4 4 4 3 3 4 4 4 3 3 4 4 4 3 3 4 4 4 3 3 4 4 4 4 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	656666666676666676666676666673	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	25 23 25 25 25 26 26 25 26 25 27 <b>304</b> 26 25 25 26 25 26 25 26 25 26 25 26 25 26 25 26 304 26 25 26 313	33333333333333333333333333333333333333	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	12 11 12 11 11 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 1	656666666666777777778 <b>80</b>	4 3 4 4 3 3 4 4 4 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 2 3 3 3 3	25 23 25 25 25 26 26 25 26 25 26 25 26 25 26 25 26 25 26 25 26 25 26 25 26 25 26 25 304 26 25 304 26 313
2012 January February March April May June July August September 9-Month Total	16 15 14 16 15 16 16 15 <b>139</b>	4 3 4 3 4 3 4 4 3 <b>32</b>	6 6 6 6 7 6 <b>55</b>	(s) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 7	26 25 26 27 26 27 27 27 25 <b>232</b>	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 <b>30</b>	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 8	12 11 11 12 11 12 12 12 11 <b>104</b>	6 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 6 <b>60</b>	3 3 3 3 3 4 3 3 29	26 25 26 27 26 27 27 27 25 <b>232</b>
2011 9-Month Total 2010 9-Month Total	141 139	31 32	54 54	5 2	232 226	30 29	8 8	105 103	59 55	30 32	232 226

(Million Metric Tons of Carbon Dioxidea)

<sup>a</sup> Metric tons of carbon dioxide can be converted to metric tons of carbon equivalent by multiplying by 12/44.
 <sup>b</sup> Wood and wood-derived fuels.
 <sup>c</sup> Municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass.
 <sup>d</sup> Fuel ethanol minus denaturant.
 <sup>e</sup> Commercial sector including commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP)

<sup>d</sup> Fuel ethanol minus denaturant.
 <sup>e</sup> Commercial sector, including commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only plants.
 <sup>f</sup> Industrial sector, including industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and industrial electricity-only plants.
 <sup>g</sup> The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public.

NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 million metric tons. Notes: • Carbon dioxide emissions from biomass energy consumption are excluded from the energy-related carbon dioxide emissions reported in Tables 12.1–12.6. See Note 2, "Accounting for Carbon Dioxide Emissions From Biomass Energy Combustion," at end of section. • Data are estimates. See "Section 12 Methodology and Sources" at end of section. • See "Carbon Dioxide" in Glossary. • See Note 1, "Emissions of Carbon Dioxide and Other Greenhouse Gases," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#environment for all available data beginning in 1973. Sources: See end of section.

#### Environment

**Note 1. Emissions of Carbon Dioxide and Other Greenhouse Gases.** Greenhouse gases are those gases—such as water vapor, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), methane, nitrous oxide, hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs), perfluorocarbons (PFCs), and sulfur hexafluoride—that are transparent to solar (shortwave) radiation but opaque to long-wave (infrared) radiation, thus preventing long-wave radiant energy from leaving Earth's atmosphere. The net effect is a trapping of absorbed radiation and a tendency to warm the planet's surface.

Energy-related carbon dioxide emissions account for about 98 percent of U.S.  $CO_2$  emissions. The vast majority of  $CO_2$  emissions come from fossil fuel combustion, with smaller amounts from the nonfuel use of fossil fuels, as well as from electricity generation using geothermal energy and nonbiomass waste. Other sources of  $CO_2$  emissions include industrial processes, such as cement and limestone production. Data in the U.S. Energy Information Administration's (EIA) *Monthly Energy Review (MER)* Tables 12.1–12.6 are estimates for U.S.  $CO_2$  emissions from energy consumption, including the nonfuel use of fossil fuels (excluded are estimates for  $CO_2$  emissions from biomass energy consumption, which appear in Table 12.7).

For annual U.S. estimates for emissions of CO<sub>2</sub> from all sources, as well as for emissions of other greenhouse gases, see EIA's *Emissions of Greenhouse Gases Report* at http://www.eia.gov/environment/emissions/ghg\_report/.

Note 2. Accounting for Carbon Dioxide Emissions From **Biomass Energy Combustion.** Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) emissions from the combustion of biomass to produce energy are excluded from the energy-related CO<sub>2</sub> emissions reported in MER Tables 12.1-12.6, but appear in Table 12.7. According to current international convention (see the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change's "2006 IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories"), carbon released through biomass combustion is excluded from reported energy-related emissions. The release of carbon from biomass combustion is assumed to be balanced by the uptake of carbon when the feedstock is grown, resulting in zero net emissions over some period of time. (This is not to say that biomass energy is carbon-neutral. Energy inputs are required in order to grow, fertilize, and harvest the feedstock and to produce and process the biomass into fuels.)

However, analysts have debated whether increased use of biomass energy may result in a decline in terrestrial carbon stocks, leading to a net positive release of carbon rather than the zero net release assumed by its exclusion from reported energy-related emissions. For example, the clearing of forests for biofuel crops could result in an initial release of carbon that is not fully recaptured in subsequent use of the land for agriculture.

To reflect the potential net emissions, the international convention for greenhouse gas inventories is to report

biomass emissions in the category "agriculture, forestry, and other land use," usually based on estimates of net changes in carbon stocks over time.

This indirect accounting of  $CO_2$  emissions from biomass can potentially lead to confusion in accounting for and understanding the flow of  $CO_2$  emissions within energy and nonenergy systems. In recognition of this issue, reporting of  $CO_2$  emissions from biomass combustion alongside other energy-related  $CO_2$  emissions offers an alternative accounting treatment. It is important, however, to avoid misinterpreting emissions from fossil energy and biomass energy sources as necessarily additive. Instead, the combined total of direct  $CO_2$  emissions from biomass and energy-related  $CO_2$  emissions implicitly assumes that none of the carbon emitted was previously or subsequently reabsorbed in terrestrial sinks or that other emissions sources offset any such sequestration.

#### Section 12 Methodology and Sources

To estimate carbon dioxide emissions from energy consumption for the *Monthly Energy Review (MER)*, Tables 12.1–12.7, the U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA) uses the following methodology and sources:

#### **Step 1. Determine Fuel Consumption**

Coal—Coal sectoral (residential, commercial, coke plants, other industrial, transportation, electric power) consumption data in thousand short tons are from MER Table 6.2. Coal sectoral consumption data are converted to trillion Btu by multiplying by the coal heat content factors in MER Table A5.

Coal Coke Net Imports—Coal coke net imports data in trillion Btu are derived from coal coke imports and exports data in MER Tables 1.4a and 1.4b.

Natural Gas (excluding supplemental gaseous fuels)—Natural gas sectoral consumption data in trillion Btu are from MER Tables 2.2–2.6.

Petroleum—Total and sectoral consumption (product supplied) data in thousand barrels per day for asphalt and road oil, aviation gasoline, distillate fuel oil, jet fuel, kerosene, liquefied petroleum gases (LPG), lubricants, motor gasoline, petroleum coke, and residual fuel oil are from MER Tables 3.5 and 3.7a-3.7c. For the component products of LPG (ethane/ethylene, propane/propylene, normal butane/butylene, and isobutane/isobutylene) and "other petroleum" (aviation gasoline blending components, crude oil, motor gasoline blending components, naphthas for petrochemical feedstock use, other oils for petrochemical feedstock use, pentanes plus, special naphthas, still gas, unfinished oils, waxes, and miscellaneous petroleum products), consumption (product supplied) data in thousand barrels per day are from EIA's Petroleum Supply Annual (PSA), Petroleum Supply Monthly (PSM), and earlier

publications (see sources for MER Table 3.5). Petroleum consumption data by product are converted to trillion Btu by multiplying by the petroleum heat content factors in MER Table A1 (Table A3 for motor gasoline).

Biomass—Sectoral consumption data in trillion Btu for wood, biomass waste, fuel ethanol (minus denaturant), and biodiesel are from MER Tables 10.2a–10.2c.

#### Step 2. Remove Biofuels From Petroleum

Distillate Fuel Oil—Beginning in 2009, the distillate fuel oil data (for total and transportation sector) in Step 1 include biodiesel, a non-fossil renewable fuel. To remove the biodiesel portion from distillate fuel oil, data in thousand barrels per day for refinery and blender net inputs of renewable diesel fuel (from the PSA/PSM) are converted to trillion Btu by multiplying by the biodiesel heat content factor in MER Table A3, and then subtracted from the distillate fuel oil consumption values.

Motor Gasoline-Beginning in 1993, the motor gasoline data (for total, commercial sector, industrial sector, and transportation sector) in Step 1 include fuel ethanol, a nonfossil renewable fuel. To remove the fuel ethanol portion from motor gasoline, data in trillion Btu for fuel ethanol consumption (from MER Tables 10.2a, 10.2b, and 10.3) are subtracted from the motor gasoline consumption values. (Note that about 2 percent of fuel ethanol is fossilbased petroleum denaturant, to make the fuel ethanol For 1993-2008, petroleum denaturant is undrinkable. double counted in the PSA product supplied statistics, in both the original product category-e.g., pentanes plus-and also in the finished motor gasoline category; for this time period for MER Section 12, petroleum denaturant is removed along with the fuel ethanol from motor gasoline, but left in the original product. Beginning in 2009, petroleum denaturant is counted only in the PSA/PSM product supplied statistics for motor gasoline; for this time period for MER Section 12, petroleum denaturant is left in motor gasoline.)

#### Step 3. Remove Carbon Sequestered by Nonfuel Use

The following fuels have industrial nonfuel uses as chemical feedstocks and other products: coal, natural gas, asphalt and road oil, distillate fuel oil, liquefied petroleum gases (ethane/ethylene, propane/propylene, normal butane/butylene, and isobutane/isobutylene), lubricants (which have industrial and transportation nonfuel uses), naphthas for petrochemical feedstock use, other oils for petrochemical feedstock use, pentanes plus, petroleum coke, residual fuel oil, special naphthas, still gas, waxes, and miscellaneous petroleum products. In the nonfuel use of these fuels, some of the carbon is sequestered, and is thus subtracted from the fuel consumption values in Steps 1 and 2.

Estimates of annual nonfuel use and associated carbon sequestration are developed by EIA using the methodology

detailed in "Documentation for *Emissions of Greenhouse Gases in the United States 2008*" at http://www.eia.gov/oiaf/1605/ggrpt/documentation/pdf/0638(2006).pdf.

To obtain monthly estimates of nonfuel use and associated carbon sequestration, monthly patterns for industrial consumption and product supplied data series are used. For coal nonfuel use, the monthly pattern for coke plants coal consumption from MER Table 6.2 is used. For natural gas, the monthly pattern for other industrial non-CHP natural gas consumption from MER Table 4.3 is used. For distillate fuel oil, petroleum coke, and residual fuel oil, the monthly patterns for industrial consumption from MER Table 3.7b are used. For the other petroleum products, the monthly patterns for product supplied from the PSA and PSM are used.

## Step 4. Determine Carbon Dioxide Emissions From Energy Consumption

Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) emissions data in million metric tons are calculated by multiplying consumption values in trillion Btu from Steps 1 and 2 (minus the carbon sequestered in nonfuel use in Step 3) by the CO<sub>2</sub> emissions factors at http://www.eia.gov/oiaf/1605/ggrpt/excel/CO2\_coeffs\_09\_v2.xls. Beginning in 2010, the 2009 factors are used.

Coal— $CO_2$  emissions for coal are calculated for each sector (residential, commercial, coke plants, other industrial, transportation, electric power). Total coal emissions are the sum of the sectoral coal emissions.

Coal Coke Net Imports—CO<sub>2</sub> emissions for coal coke net imports are calculated.

Natural Gas— $CO_2$  emissions for natural gas are calculated for each sector (residential, commercial, industrial, transportation, electric power). Total natural gas emissions are the sum of the sectoral natural gas emissions.

Petroleum—CO<sub>2</sub> emissions are calculated for each petroleum product. Total petroleum emissions are the sum of the product emissions. Total LPG emissions are the sum of the emissions for the component products (ethane/ethylene, propane/propylene, normal butane/butylene, and isobutane/isobutylene); residential, commercial, and transportation sector LPG emissions are estimated by multiplying consumption values in trillion Btu from MER Tables 3.8a and 3.8c by the propane emissions factor; industrial sector LPG emissions are estimated as total LPG emissions minus emissions by the other sectors.

Geothermal and Non-Biomass Waste—Annual  $CO_2$  emissions data for geothermal and non-biomass waste are EIA estimates based on Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report" (and predecessor forms). Monthly estimates are created by dividing the annual data by the number of days in the year and then multiplying by the number of days in the month. (Annual estimates for the current year are set equal to those of the previous year.)

Biomass— $CO_2$  emissions for wood, biomass waste, fuel ethanol (minus denaturant), and biodiesel are calculated for each sector. Total emissions for each biomass fuel are the sum of the sectoral emissions. The following factors, in million metric tons  $CO_2$  per quadrillion Btu, are used: wood —93.80; biomass waste—90.70; fuel ethanol—68.44; and biodiesel—73.84. For 1973–1988, the biomass portion of waste in MER Tables 10.2a–10.2c is estimated as 67 percent; for 1989–2000, the biomass portion of waste is estimated as 67 percent in 1989 to 58 percent in 2000, based on the biogenic shares of total municipal solid waste shown in EIA's "Methodolology for Allocating Municipal Solid Waste to Biogenic and Non-Biogenic Energy," Table 1 at http://www.eia.gov/cneaf/solar.renewables/page/mswaste/msw.pdf.

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### **Appendix A**

### **British Thermal Unit Conversion Factors**

The thermal conversion factors presented in the following tables can be used to estimate the heat content in British thermal units (Btu) of a given amount of energy measured in physical units, such as barrels or cubic feet. For example, 10 barrels of asphalt has a heat content of approximately 66.36 million Btu (10 barrels x 6.636 million Btu per barrel = 66.36 million Btu).

The heat content rates (i.e., thermal conversion factors) provided in this section represent the gross (or higher or upper) energy content of the fuels. Gross heat content rates are applied in all Btu calculations for the *Monthly Energy Review* and are commonly used in energy calculations in the United States; net (or lower) heat content rates are typically used in European energy calculations. The difference between the two rates is the amount of energy that is consumed to vaporize water that is created during the combustion process. Generally, the difference ranges from 2 percent to 10 percent, depending on the specific fuel and its hydrogen content. Some fuels, such as unseasoned wood, can be more than 40 percent different in their gross

and net heat content rates. See "Heat Content" and "British Thermal Unit (Btu)" in the Glossary for more information.

Thermal conversion factors for hydrocarbon mixes (Table A1) are weighted averages of the thermal conversion factors for each hydrocarbon included in the mix. For example, in calculating the thermal conversion factor for a 60-40 butanepropane mixture, the thermal conversion factor for butane is weighted 1.5 times the thermal conversion factor for propane.

In general, the annual thermal conversion factors presented in Tables A2 through A6 are computed from final annual data or from the best available data and labeled "preliminary." Often, the previous year's factor is used as a preliminary value until data become available to calculate the factor appropriate to the year. The source of each factor is described in the section entitled "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A6 in this appendix.

### Table A1. Approximate Heat Content of Petroleum Products (Million Btu per Barrel)

Petroleum Product	Heat Content	Petroleum Product	Heat Content
Asphalt	6.636	Pentanes Plus	4.620
Aviation Gasoline	5.048	Petrochemical Feedstocks	
Butane	4.326	Naptha Less Than 401°F	5.248
Butane-Propane Mixture <sup>a</sup>	4.130	Other Oils Equal to or Greater Than 401°F	5.825
Distillate Fuel Oil <sup>b</sup>	5.825	Still Gas	6.000
Ethane	3.082	Petroleum Coke	6.024
Ethane-Propane Mixture <sup>c</sup>	3.308	Plant Condensate	5.418
Isobutane	3.974	Propane	3.836
Jet Fuel, Kerosene Type	5.670	Residual Fuel Oil	6.287
Jet Fuel, Naphtha Type	5.355	Road Oil	6.636
Kerosene	5.670	Special Naphthas	5.248
Lubricants	6.065	Still Gas	6.000
Motor Gasoline <sup>d</sup>		Unfinished Oils	5.825
Conventional	5.253	Unfractionated Stream	5.418
Reformulated	5.150	Waxes	5.537
Oxygenated	5.150	Miscellaneous	5.796
Natural Gasoline and Isopentane	4.620		

<sup>a</sup> 60 percent butane and 40 percent propane.

<sup>b</sup> Does not include biodiesel. See Table A3 for biodiesel heat contents.

° 70 percent ethane and 30 percent propane.

<sup>d</sup> See Table A3 for motor gasoline weighted heat contents beginning in 1994, and for fuel ethanol heat contents.

Note: The values in this table are for gross heat contents. See "Heat Content" in Glossary.

Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#appendices.

Sources: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A6.

#### Table A2. Approximate Heat Content of Petroleum Production, Imports, and Exports (Million Btu per Barrel)

	Pro	Production		Imports			Exports	
	Crude Oil <sup>a</sup>	Natural Gas Plant Liquids	Crude Oil <sup>a</sup>	Petroleum Products	Total	Crude Oil <sup>a</sup>	Petroleum Products	Total
973	5.800	4.049	5.817	5.983	5.897	5.800	5.752	5.752
973	5.800	4.049	5.827	5.959	5.884	5.800	5.773	5.774
974 975	5.800	3.984	5.821	5.935	5.858	5.800	5.747	5.748
							••••	
976	5.800	3.964	5.808	5.980	5.856	5.800	5.743	5.745
977	5.800	3.941	5.810	5.908	5.834	5.800	5.796	5.797
978	5.800	3.925	5.802	5.955	5.839	5.800	5.814	5.808
979	5.800	3.955	5.810	5.811	5.810	5.800	5.864	5.832
	5.800	3.914	5.812	5.748	5.796	5.800	5.841	5.820
981	5.800	3.930	5.818	5.659	5.775	5.800	5.837	5.821
982	5.800	3.872	5.826	5.664	5.775	5.800	5.829	5.820
983	5.800	3.839	5.825	5.677	5.774	5.800	5.800	5.800
984	5.800	3.812	5.823	5.613	5.745	5.800	5.867	5.850
985	5.800	3.815	5.832	5.572	5.736	5.800	5.819	5.814
986	5.800	3.797	5.903	5.624	5.808	5.800	5.839	5.832
987	5.800	3.804	5.901	5.599	5.820	5.800	5.860	5.858
	5.800	3.800	5.900	5.618	5.820	5.800	5.842	5.840
	5.800	3.826	5.906	5.641	5.833	5.800	5.869	5.857
990	5.800	3.822	5.934	5.614	5.849	5.800	5.838	5.833
991	5.800	3.807	5.948	5.636	5.873	5.800	5.827	5.823
992	5.800	3.804	5.953	5.623	5.877	5.800	5.774	5.777
993	5.800	3.801	5.954	5.620	5.883	5.800	5.777	5.779
994	5.800	3.794	5.950	5.534	5.861	5.800	5.777	5.779
995	5.800	3.796	5.938	5.483	5.855	5.800	5.740	5.746
96	5.800	3.777	5.947	5.468	5.847	5.800	5.728	5.736
97	5.800	3.762	5.954	5.469	5.862	5.800	5.726	5.734
998	5.800	3.769	5.953	5.462	5.861	5.800	5.710	5.720
999	5.800	3.744	5.942	5.421	5.840	5.800	5.684	5.699
000	5.800	3.733	5.959	5.432	5.849	5.800	5.651	5.658
001	5.800	3.735	5.976	5.443	5.862	5.800	5.751	5.752
002	5.800	3.729	5.971	5.451	5.863	5.800	5.687	5.688
003	5.800	3.739	5.970	5.438	5.857	5.800	5.739	5.740
003	5.800	3.724	5.981	5.475	5.863	5.800	5.753	5.754
005	5.800	3.724	5.977	5.474	5.845	5.800	5.741	5.743
06	5.800	3.712	5.980	5.454	5.842	5.800	5.723	5.743
07	5.800	3.701	5.985	5.503	5.862	5.800	5.749	5.724
07	5.800	3.701	5.985	5.503	5.862	5.800	5.762	5.750
	5.800	3.692	5.988	5.525	5.882	5.800	5.737	5.738
010	5.800	3.674	5.989	5.557	5.894	5.800	5.670	5.672
011	5.800	3.672	6.008	5.507	5.896	5.800	5.596	5.599
)12 <sup>E</sup>	5.800	3.672	6.008	5.507	5.896	5.800	5.596	5.599

<sup>a</sup> Includes lease condensate.
 E=Estimate.
 Note: The values in this table are for gross heat contents. See "Heat Content" in Glossary.
 Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#appendices.
 Sources: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A6.

#### Table A3. Approximate Heat Content of Petroleum Consumption and Biofuels Production (Million Btu per Barrel)

		Total Pe	troleum <sup>a</sup> C	onsumption b	y Sector		Liquefied Petroleum	Motor		Fuel Ethanol		Biodiesel
	Resi- dential	Com- mercial <sup>b</sup>	Indus- trial <sup>b</sup>	Trans- portation <sup>b,c</sup>	Electric Power <sup>d,e</sup>	Total <sup>b,c</sup>	Gases Con- sumption <sup>f</sup>	Gasoline Con- sumption <sup>g</sup>	Fuel Ethanol <sup>h</sup>	Feed- stock Factor <sup>i</sup>	Biodiesel	Feed- stock Factor
1973	5.258	5.689	5.557	5.396	6.245	5.515	3.746	5.253	NA	NA	NA	NA
1974	5.253	5.683	5.525	5.394	6.238	5.504	3.730	5.253	NA	NA	NA	NA
1975	5.253	5.649	5.513	5.392	6.250	5.494	3.715	5.253	NA	NA	NA	NA
1976	5.277	5.672	5.523	5.396	6.251	5.504	3.711	5.253	NA	NA	NA	NA
1977	5.285	5.682	5.539	5.401	6.249	5.518	3.677	5.253	NA	NA	NA	NA
1978	5.287	5.665	5.536	5.405	6.251	5.519	3.669	5.253	NA	NA	NA	NA
1979	5.365	5.717	5.409	5.429	6.258	5.494	3.680	5.253	NA	NA	NA	NA
1979	5.305	5.751	5.366	5.441	6.254		3.674	5.253	3.563			NA
			5.299		6.254	5.479		5.253	3.563	6.586	NA	NA NA
1981	5.283	5.693		5.433		5.448	3.643			6.562	NA	
1982	5.266	5.698	5.247	5.423	6.258	5.415	3.615	5.253	3.563	6.539	NA	NA
1983	5.140	5.591	5.254	5.416	6.255	5.406	3.614	5.253	3.563	6.515	NA	NA
1984	5.307	5.657	5.207	5.418	6.251	5.395	3.599	5.253	3.563	6.492	NA	NA
1985	5.263	5.598	5.199	5.423	6.247	5.387	3.603	5.253	3.563	6.469	NA	NA
1986	5.268	5.632	5.269	5.426	6.257	5.418	3.640	5.253	3.563	6.446	NA	NA
1987	5.239	5.594	5.233	5.429	6.249	5.403	3.659	5.253	3.563	6.423	NA	NA
1988	5.257	5.597	5.228	5.433	6.250	5.410	3.652	5.253	3.563	6.400	NA	NA
1989	5.194	5.549	5.219	5.438	<sup>d</sup> 6.240	5.410	3.683	5.253	3.563	6.377	NA	NA
1990	5.145	5.553	5.253	5.442	6.244	5.411	3.625	5.253	3.563	6.355	NA	NA
1991	5.094	5.528	5.167	5.441	6.246	5.384	3.614	5.253	3.563	6.332	NA	NA
1992	5.124	5.513	5.168	5.443	6.238	5.378	3.624	5.253	3.563	6.309	NA	NA
1993	5.102	<sup>b</sup> 5.505	<sup>b</sup> 5.178	<sup>b</sup> 5.436	6.230	<sup>b</sup> 5.379	3.606	5.253	3.563	6.287	NA	NA
1994	5.098	5.515	5.150	5.424	6.213	5.361	3.635	5.230	3.563	6.264	NA	NA
1995	5.063	5.478	5.121	5.417	6.188	5.341	3.623	5.215	3.563	6.242	NA	NA
1996	4,998	5.433	5.114	5.420	6.195	5.336	3.613	5.216	3.563	6.220	NA	NA
1997	4.989	5.391	5.120	5.416	6.199	5.336	3.616	5.213	3.563	6.198	NA	NA
1998	4.975	5.365	5.137	5.413	6.210	5.349	3.614	5.212	3.563	6.176	NA	NA
1999	4.902	5.291	5.092	5.413	6.205	5.328	3.616	5.211	3.563	6.167	NA	NA
2000	4.908	5.316	5.057	5.422	6.189	5.326	3.607	5.210	3.563	6.159	NA	NA
2001	4.937	5.325	5.142	5.412	6.199	5.345	3.614	5.210	3.563	6.151	5.359	5.433
2002	4.886	5.293	5.093	5.411	6.173	5.324	3.613	5.208	3.563	6.143	5.359	5.433
2003	4.907	5.307	5.142	5.409	6.182	5.340	3.629	5.207	3.563	6.116	5.359	5.433
2004	4.953	5.328	5.144	5.421	6.192	5.350	3.618	5.215	3.563	6.089	5.359	5.433
2004	4.935	5.364	5.178	5.427	6.188	5.365	3.620	5.215	3.563	6.063	5.359	5.433
2006	4.894	5.310	5.160	5.431	6.143	5.353	3.605	5.218	3.563	6.036	5.359	5.433
2008	4.850	5.298	5.100	5.431	6.143	5.355	3.605	5.210	3.563	6.009	5.359	5.433 5.433
2008	4.732	5.175	5.149	5.426	6.123	5.339	3.600	5.218	3.563	5.983	5.359	5.433
2009	4.691	5.266	5.018	<sup>c</sup> 5.414	6.105	<sup>c</sup> 5.301	3.558	5.218	3.563	5.957	5.359	5.433
2010	4.692	5.263	4.988	5.421	6.084	5.297	3.557	5.218	3.561	5.931	5.359	5.433
2011	<sup>E</sup> 4.676	E 5.243	E 4.952	E 5.424	6.058	5.286	3.541	5.218	3.560	5.905	5.359	5.433
2012	<sup>E</sup> 4.676	<sup>E</sup> 5.243	<sup>E</sup> 4.952	<sup>E</sup> 5.424	<sup>E</sup> 6.058	<sup>E</sup> 5.286	<sup>E</sup> 3.541	<sup>E</sup> 5.218	<sup>E</sup> 3.560	5.880	5.359	5.433

<sup>a</sup> Petroleum products supplied, including natural gas plant liquids and crude oil burned directly as fuel. Quantity-weighted averages of the petroleum products included in each category are calculated by using heat content values shown in Table A1.

<sup>b</sup> Beginning in 1993, includes fuel ethanol blended into motor gasoline.
 <sup>c</sup> Beginning in 2009, includes renewable diesel fuel (including biodiesel) blended into distillate fuel oil.

d Electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public. Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only; beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers. <sup>e</sup> Electric power sector factors are weighted average heat contents for distillate fuel oil, petroleum coke, and residual fuel oil; they exclude other liquids. <sup>f</sup> Quantity-weighted averages of the major components of liquefied petroleum gases are calculated by using heat content values shown in Table A1.

<sup>9</sup> There is a discontinuity in this time series between 1993 and 1994; beginning in 1994, the single constant factor is replaced by a quantity-weighted

factor—quantity-weighted averages of the major components of motor gasoline, including fuel ethanol, are calculated by using heat content values shown in Table A1. <sup>h</sup> Includes denaturant (petroleum added to ethanol to make it undrinkable). Fuel ethanol factors are weighted average heat contents for undenatured ethanol (3.539 million Btu per barrel), pentanes plus used as denaturant (4.620 million Btu per barrel), and conventional motor gasoline and motor gasoline blending components used as denaturant (5.253 million Btu per barrel). The factor for 2009 is used as the estimated factor for 1980-2008.

<sup>i</sup> Corn input to the production of undenatured ethanol (million Btu corn per barrel undenatured ethanol), used as the factor to estimate total biomass inputs to the production of undenatured ethanol. Observed ethanol yields (gallons undenatured ethanol per bushel of corn) are 2.5 in 1980, 2.666 in 1998, 2.68 in 2002, and 2.764 in 2009; yields in other years are estimated. Corn is assumed to have a gross heat content of 0.392 million Btu per bushel. Undenatured ethanol is assumed to have a gross heat content of 3.539 million Btu per barrel.

<sup>1</sup> Soybean oil input to the production of biodiesel (million Btu soybean oil per barrel biodiesel), used as the factor to estimate total biomass inputs to the production of biodiesel. It is assumed that 7.65 pounds of soybean oil are needed to produce one gallon of biodiesel, and 5.433 million Btu of soybean oil are needed to produce one barrel of biodiesel. Soybean oil is assumed to have a gross heat content of 16,909 Bu per pound, or 5.483 million Btu per barrel. Biodiesel is assumed to have a gross heat content of 17,253 Btu per pound, or 5.359 million Btu per barrel.

E=Estimate. NA=Not available.

Note: The heat content values in this table are for gross heat contents. See "Heat Content" in Glossary.

Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#appendices. Sources: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A6.

#### Table A4. Approximate Heat Content of Natural Gas

(Btu per Cubic Foot)

	Production			<b>Consumption</b> <sup>a</sup>			
-	Marketed	Dry	End-Use Sectors <sup>b</sup>	Electric Power Sector <sup>c</sup>	Total	Imports	Exports
973	1,093	1,021	1,020	1,024	1,021	1,026	1,023
973	1.093	1.024	1,020	1,022	1.024	1.027	1,023
975	1,097	1,024	1,024	1,022	1,024	1,027	1,010
976	1,093	1,020	1,019	1,023	1,020	1,025	1,014
977	1,093	1,020	1,019	1,029	1,020	1,025	1,013
978	1,088	1,019	1,016	1,034	1,019	1,030	1,013
979	1.092	1.021	1.018	1,035	1,019	1,030	1,013
980	1,098	1,026	1,024	1,035	1.026	1,022	1,013
981	1,103	1,020	1,024	1,035	1,020	1,014	1,013
981	1,107	1,027	1,025	1,035	1,027	1,014	1,011
983	1,115	1.031	1.031	1.030	1.031	1.024	1.010
984	1,109	1,031	1,030	1,035	1,031	1,024	1,010
985	1,103	1,032	1,031	1,038	1,032	1,002	1,010
986	1,110	1,032	1,029	1,034	1,032	997	1,008
987	1,112	1,031	1,023	1,032	1,030	999	1,000
988	1,109	1,029	1,029	1,028	1,029	1,002	1,018
989	1,103	1,025	1,023	<sup>c</sup> 1,028	1.031	1,002	1,018
990	1,107	1,029	1,030	1,027	1,029	1,012	1,019
990	1,108	1,029	1,030	1,025	1,029	1,012	1,018
992	1,100	1,030	1.031	1,025	1,030	1,014	1,022
993	1,106	1,030	1,028	1,025	1,030	1.020	1,018
993	1,105	1,027	1,028	1,025	1,027	1,022	1,010
994	1,105	1,026	1,029	1,025	1,026	1,022	1,011
996	1,109	1,026	1,027	1,020	1,026	1,022	1,011
997	1,103	1,026	1,027	1,020	1,026	1,022	1,011
997	1,107	1,020	1,033	1,020	1,020	1,023	1,011
999	1,103	1,027	1,033	1,022	1,027	1,023	1,006
999 000	1,107	1,027	1,026	1,022	1,027	1,022	1,006
	1,107	1,025	1,026	1,021	1,025	1,023	1,006
001	1,105	1,028	1,029	1,026	1,028	1,023	1,010
002		1,024	1,025	1,020	1,024	1,022	1,008
003	1,103 1,104	1,028	1,029	1,025	1,028	1,025	1,009
004 005			1,026				
	1,104 1,103	1,028 1,028	1,028	1,028 1,028	1,028 1,028	1,025 1,025	1,009
006	,						1,009
007	1,102 1,100	1,027 1,027	1,027 1,027	1,027 1,027	1,027 1,027	1,025 1,025	1,009 1,009
009	1,101	1,025	1,025	1,025	1,025	1,025	1,009
010	1,097 <sup>E</sup> 1,097	1,023 <sup>E</sup> 1,022	1,023 <sup>E</sup> 1,023	1,022	1,023 <sup>E</sup> 1.022	1,025 <sup>E</sup> 1.025	1,009 <sup>E</sup> 1.009
011				1,021			
012	<sup>E</sup> 1,097	<sup>E</sup> 1,022	<sup>E</sup> 1,023	<sup>E</sup> 1,021	E 1,022	<sup>E</sup> 1,025	E 1,009

<sup>a</sup> Consumption factors are for natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels.
 <sup>b</sup> Residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation sectors.
 <sup>c</sup> Electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public. Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only; beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers.

E=Estimate. Note: The values in this table are for gross heat contents. See "Heat Content" in Glossary. Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#appendices. Sources: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A6.

#### Table A5. Approximate Heat Content of Coal and Coal Coke

(Million Btu per Short Ton)

		Coal				Coal Coke				
				(	Consumption					
		Waste	Residential and	Industria	al Sector	Electric				Imports
	Productiona	Coal Supplied <sup>b</sup>	Commercial Sectors	Coke Plants	Other <sup>c</sup>	Power Sector <sup>d,e</sup>	Total	Imports	Exports	and Exports
1973	23.376	NA	22.831	26.780	22.586	22.246	23.057	25.000	26.596	24.800
1974	23.072	NA	22.479	26.778	22.419	21.781	22.677	25.000	26.700	24.800
1975	22.897	NA	22.261	26.782	22.436	21.642	22.506	25.000	26.562	24.800
1976	22.855	NA	22.774	26.781	22.530	21.679	22.498	25.000	26.601	24.800
1977	22.597	NA	22.919	26.787	22.322	21.508	22.265	25.000	26.548	24.800
	22.248	NA	22.919	26.789	22.322	21.506	22.205	25.000	26.346	24.800
1978							22.017			
1979	22.454	NA	22.242	26.788	22.452	21.364		25.000	26.548	24.800
1980	22.415	NA	22.543	26.790	22.690	21.295	21.947	25.000	26.384	24.800
1981	22.308	NA	22.474	26.794	22.585	21.085	21.713	25.000	26.160	24.800
1982	22.239	NA	22.695	26.797	22.712	21.194	21.674	25.000	26.223	24.800
1983	22.052	NA	22.775	26.798	22.691	21.133	21.576	25.000	26.291	24.800
1984	22.010	NA	22.844	26.799	22.543	21.101	21.573	25.000	26.402	24.800
1985	21.870	NA	22.646	26.798	22.020	20.959	21.366	25.000	26.307	24.800
1986	21.913	NA	22.947	26.798	22.198	21.084	21.462	25.000	26.292	24.800
1987	21.922	NA	23.404	26.799	22.381	21.136	21.517	25.000	26.291	24.800
1988	21.823	NA	23.571	26.799	22.360	20.900	21.328	25.000	26.299	24.800
1989	21.765	<sup>b</sup> 10.391	23.650	26.800	22.347	<sup>d</sup> 20.898	21.307	25.000	26.160	24.800
1990	21.822	9.303	23.137	26.799	22.457	20.779	21.197	25.000	26.202	24.800
1991	21.681	10.758	23.114	26.799	22.460	20.730	21.120	25.000	26.188	24.800
1992	21.682	10.396	23,105	26,799	22.250	20,709	21.068	25.000	26,161	24,800
1993	21.418	10.638	22.994	26.800	22.123	20.677	21.010	25.000	26.335	24.800
1994	21.394	11.097	23.112	26.800	22.068	20.589	20.929	25.000	26.329	24.800
1995	21.326	11.722	23.118	26.800	21.950	20.543	20.880	25.000	26.180	24.800
1996	21.320	12.147	23.011	26.800	22.105	20.547	20.870	25.000	26.174	24.800
1997	21.296	12.147	22.494	26.800	22.103	20.547	20.830	25.000	26.251	24.800
1998	21.290	12.639	21.620	20.800	23.164	20.516	20.881	25.000	26.800	24.800
1990	21.418	12.039	23.880	27.420	22.489	20.310	20.818	25.000	26.081	24.800
1999										
2000	21.072	12.360	25.020	27.426	22.433	20.511	20.828	25.000	26.117	24.800
2001	<sup>a</sup> 20.772	12.169	24.909	27.426	22.622	20.337	20.671	25.000	25.998	24.800
2002	20.673	12.165	22.962	27.426	22.562	20.238	20.541	25.000	26.062	24.800
2003	20.499	12.360	22.242	27.425	22.468	20.082	20.387	25.000	25.972	24.800
2004	20.424	12.266	22.324	27.426	22.473	19.980	20.290	25.000	26.108	24.800
2005	20.348	12.093	22.342	26.279	22.178	19.988	20.246	25.000	25.494	24.800
2006	20.310	12.080	22.066	26.271	22.050	19.931	20.181	25.000	25.453	24.800
2007	20.340	12.090	22.069	26.329	22.371	19.909	20.168	25.000	25.466	24.800
2008	20.208	12.121	21.887	26.281	22.348	19.713	19.977	25.000	25.399	24.800
2009	19.963	12.076	22.059	26.334	21.893	19.521	19.742	25.000	25.633	24.800
2010	20.173	11.960	21.826	26.296	21.005	19.623	19.829	25.000	25.713	24.800
2011	<sup>R</sup> 20.142	11.604	<sup>R</sup> 21.179	26.300	<sup>R</sup> 21.738	19.341	<sup>R</sup> 19.605	25.000	25.645	24.800
2012	<sup>RE</sup> 20.142	E 11.604	<sup>RE</sup> 21.179	E 26.300	<sup>RE</sup> 21.738	E 19.341	RE 19.605	E 25.000	E 25.645	E 24.800

a Beginning in 2001, includes a small amount of refuse recovery (coal recaptured from a refuse mine, and cleaned to reduce the concentration of noncombustible

materials). <sup>b</sup> Waste coal (including fine coal, coal obtained from a refuse bank or slurry dam, anthracite culm, bituminous gob, and lignite waste) consumed by the electric power and <sup>b</sup> Waste coal (including fine coal, coal obtained from a refuse bank or slurry dam, anthracite culm, bituminous gob, and lignite waste) consumed by the electric power and <sup>b</sup> Waste coal (including fine coal, coal obtained from a refuse bank or slurry dam, anthracite culm, bituminous gob, and lignite waste) consumed by the electric power and <sup>b</sup> Waste coal (including fine coal, coal obtained from a refuse bank or slurry dam, anthracite culm, bituminous gob, and lignite waste) consumed by the electric power and <sup>b</sup> Waste coal (including fine coal, coal obtained from a refuse bank or slurry dam, anthracite culm, bituminous gob, and lignite waste) consumed by the electric power and <sup>b</sup> Waste coal (including fine coal, coal obtained from a refuse bank or slurry dam, anthracite culm, bituminous gob, and lignite waste) consumed by the electric power and <sup>b</sup> Waste coal (including fine coal, coal obtained from a refuse bank or slurry dam, anthracite culm, bituminous gob, and lignite waste) consumed by the electric power and <sup>c</sup> Waste coal (including fine coal, coal obtained from a refuse bank or slurry dam, anthracite culm, bituminous gob, and lignite waste) consumed by the electric power and <sup>c</sup> Waste coal (including fine coal, coal obtained from a refuse bank or slurry dam, anthracite culm, bituminous gob, and lignite waste) consumed by the electric power and <sup>c</sup> Waste coal (including fine coal, coal obtained from a refuse bank or slurry dam, anthracite culm, bituminous gob, and lignite waste) consumed by the electric power and <sup>c</sup> Waste coal (including fine coal, coal obtained from a refuse bank or slurry dam, anthracite culm, bituminous gob, and lignite waste) consumed by the electric power and the slurry dam an industrial sectors. Beginning in 1989, waste coal supplied is counted as a supply-side item to balance the same amount of waste coal included in "Consumption." <sup>c</sup> Includes transportation. Excludes coal synfuel plants. <sup>d</sup> Electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the

<sup>e</sup> Electric power sector factors are for electric utilities only, beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers.
 <sup>e</sup> Electric power sector factors are for anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and, beginning in 1998, coal synfuel. R=Revised. E=Estimate. NA=Not available.

Note: The values in this table are for gross heat contents. See "Heat Content" in Glossary.

Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/month/#/#appendices. Sources: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A6.

#### Table A6. Approximate Heat Rates for Electricity, and Heat Content of Electricity (Btu per Kilowatthour)

	Approximate Heat Rates <sup>a</sup> for Electricity Net Generation							
		Fossil	Fuels <sup>b</sup>			Noncombustible		
	Coalc	Petroleum <sup>d</sup>	Natural Gas <sup>e</sup>	Total Fossil Fuels <sup>f,g</sup>	Nuclear <sup>h</sup>	Renewable Energy <sup>g,i</sup>	Heat Content <sup>j</sup> o Electricity <sup>k</sup>	
1973	NA	NA	NA	10.389	10.903	10.389	3.412	
973	NA	NA	NA	10,389	11,161	10,389	3,412	
975	NA	NA	NA	10,442	11.013	10,442	3,412	
				10,373	11,047	10,373	· · ·	
976	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	10,373	10.769	10,373	3,412	
977							3,412	
978	NA	NA	NA	10,361	10,941	10,361	3,412	
979	NA	NA	NA	10,353	10,879	10,353	3,412	
980	NA	NA	NA	10,388	10,908	10,388	3,412	
981	NA	NA	NA	10,453	11,030	10,453	3,412	
982	NA	NA	NA	10,454	11,073	10,454	3,412	
983	NA	NA	NA	10,520	10,905	10,520	3,412	
984	NA	NA	NA	10,440	10,843	10,440	3,412	
985	NA	NA	NA	10,447	10,622	10,447	3,412	
986	NA	NA	NA	10,446	10,579	10,446	3,412	
987	NA	NA	NA	10,419	10,442	10,419	3,412	
988	NA	NA	NA	10,324	10,602	10,324	3,412	
989	NA	NA	NA	10,432	10,583	10,432	3,412	
990	NA	NA	NA	10,402	10,582	10,402	3,412	
991	NA	NA	NA	10,436	10,484	10,436	3,412	
992	NA	NA	NA	10,342	10,471	10,342	3,412	
993	NA	NA	NA	10.309	10.504	10.309	3.412	
994	NA	NA	NA	10,316	10,452	10,316	3,412	
995	NA	NA	NA	10.312	10.507	10.312	3.412	
996	NA	NA	NA	10,340	10,503	10,340	3,412	
997	NA	NA	NA	10,213	10,494	10,213	3,412	
998	NA	NA	NA	10,197	10,491	10,197	3,412	
999	NA	NA	NA	10,226	10,450	10,226	3,412	
000	NA	NA	NA	10,220	10,430	10,201	3,412	
000	10,378	10.742	10.051	<sup>b</sup> 10.333	10,443	10,333	3,412	
002	10,378	10,742	9.533	10,333	10,443	10,333	3,412	
002	10,314	10,641	9,533	<sup>R</sup> 10,125	10,442	<sup>R</sup> 10,125	3,412	
	-, -	-,	9,207 8.647	<sup>R</sup> 10,016	- /	<sup>R</sup> 10,125	- /	
004	10,331	10,571 10.631	8,647 8,551	9.999	10,427 10.436	9,999	3,412 3.412	
005	10,373		- ,		-,			
006	10,351	10,809	8,471	9,919	10,436	9,919	3,412	
007	10,375	10,794	8,403	9,884	10,485	9,884	3,412	
	10,378	11,015	8,305	9,854	10,453	9,854	3,412	
	10,414	10,923	8,160	9,760	10,460	9,760	3,412	
	10,415	10,984	8,185	9,756	10,452	9,756	3,412	
2011	_ 10,444	_ 10,829	_ 8,152	_ 9,716	_ 10,464	_ 9,716	3,412	
2012	E 10,444	E 10,829	E 8,152	E 9.716	E 10,464	<sup>E</sup> 9.716	3,412	

 <sup>a</sup> The values in columns 1-6 of this table are for net heat rates. See "Heat Rate" in Glossary.
 <sup>b</sup> Through 2000, heat rates are for fossil-fueled steam-electric plants at electric utilities. Beginning in 2001, heat rates are for all fossil-fueled plants at electric utilities and electricity-only independent power producers.

<sup>c</sup> Includes anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, and, beginning in 2002, waste coal and coal synfuel.

Includes antimatile, bitantinuda coal, substantinuda coal, inginar, and, asguming and and a substantinuda coal, substantinuda coal, inginar, and, asguming and a lincludes distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, jet fuel, kerosene, petroleum coke, and waste oil.
 Includes natural gas and supplemental gaseous fuels.

f Includes coal, petroleum, natural gas, and, beginning in 2001, other gases (blast furnace gas, propane gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels). <sup>g</sup> The fossil-fuels heat rate is used as the thermal conversion factor for electricity net generation from noncombustible renewable energy (hydro, geothermal, solar

thermal, photovoltaic, and wind) to approximate the quantity of fossil fuels replaced by these sources. Through 2000, also used as the thermal conversion factor for wood and waste electricity net generation at electric utilities; beginning in 2001, Btu data for wood and waste at electric utilities are available from surveys. <sup>h</sup> Used as the thermal conversion factor for nuclear electricity net generation. <sup>i</sup> Technology-based geothermal heat rates are no longer used in Btu calculations in this report. For technology-based geothermal heat rates for 1960–2010, see the

Annual Energy Review 2010, Table A6.

<sup>j</sup> See "Heat Content" in Glossary.
 <sup>k</sup> The value of 3,412 Btu per kilowatthour is a constant. It is used as the thermal conversion factor for electricity retail sales, and electricity imports and exports. R=Revised. E=Estimate. NA=Not available.

Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#appendices.

Sources: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows this table.

### Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation

### Approximate Heat Content of Petroleum and Natural Gas Plant Liquids

**Asphalt**. The U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA) adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.636 million British thermal units (Btu) per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1956*.

Aviation Gasoline. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 5.048 million Btu per barrel as adopted by the Bureau of Mines from the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation publication *Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947–1985*, a 1968 release of historical and projected statistics.

**Butane**. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 4.326 million Btu per barrel as published in the *California Oil World and Petroleum Industry*, First Issue, April 1942.

**Butane-Propane Mixture**. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines calculation of 4.130 million Btu per barrel based on an assumed mixture of 60 percent butane and 40 percent propane. See **Butane** and **Propane**.

**Crude Oil Exports**. Assumed by EIA to be 5.800 million Btu per barrel or equal to the thermal conversion factor for crude oil produced in the United States. See **Crude Oil Production**.

**Crude Oil Imports.** Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each type of crude oil imported weighted by the quantities imported. Thermal conversion factors for each type were calculated on a foreign country basis, by determining the average American Petroleum Institute (API) gravity of crude oil imported from each foreign country from Form ERA-60 in 1977 and converting average API gravity to average Btu content by using National Bureau of Standards, Miscellaneous Publication No. 97, *Thermal Properties of Petroleum Products*, 1933.

**Crude Oil Production**. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 5.800 million Btu per barrel as reported in a Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Values of Various Fuels, Adopted January 3, 1950."

**Distillate Fuel Oil.** EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.825 million Btu per barrel as reported in a Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Values of Various Fuels, Adopted January 3, 1950."

**Ethane**. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 3.082 million Btu per barrel as published in the *California Oil World and Petroleum Industry*, First Issue, April 1942.

**Ethane-Propane Mixture**. EIA calculation of 3.308 million Btu per barrel based on an assumed mixture of 70 percent ethane and 30 percent propane. See **Ethane** and **Propane**.

**Isobutane**. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 3.974 million Btu per barrel as published in the *California Oil World and Petroleum Industry*, First Issue, April 1942.

**Jet Fuel, Kerosene-Type**. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.670 million Btu per barrel for "Jet Fuel, Commercial" as published by the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation in the report *Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947–1985*, a 1968 release of historical and projected statistics.

**Jet Fuel, Naphtha-Type**. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.355 million Btu per barrel for "Jet Fuel, Military" as published by the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation in the report *Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947–1985*, a 1968 release of historical and projected statistics.

**Kerosene**. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.670 million Btu per barrel as reported in a Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Values of Various Fuels, Adopted January 3, 1950."

**Liquefied Petroleum Gases Consumption.** Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all liquefied petroleum gases consumed (see Table A1) weighted by the quantities consumed. The component products of liquefied petroleum gases are ethane (including ethylene), propane (including propylene), normal butane (including butylene), butane-propane mixtures, ethane-propane mixtures, and isobutane. For 1973–1980, quantities consumed are from EIA, Energy Data Reports, "Petroleum Statement, Annual," Table 1. For 1981 forward, quantities consumed are from EIA, *Petroleum Supply Annual*, Table 2.

Lubricants. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.065 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1956*.

**Miscellaneous Products**. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 5.796 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1956*.

**Motor Gasoline Consumption.** 1973–1993: EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.253 million Btu per barrel for "Gasoline, Motor Fuel" as published by the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation in Appendix V of *Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947–1985*, a 1968 release of historical and projected statistics. 1994 forward: EIA calculated national annual quantity-weighted average conversion factors for conventional, reformulated, and oxygenated motor gasolines (see Table A3). The factor for conventional motor gasoline is 5.253 million Btu per barrel, as used for

previous years. The factors for reformulated and oxygenated gasolines, both currently 5.150 million Btu per barrel, are based on data published in Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Mobile Sources, National Vehicle and Fuel Emissions Laboratory report EPA 420-F-95-003, "Fuel Economy Impact Analysis of Reformulated Gasoline." See Fuel Ethanol (Denatured).

**Natural Gas Plant Liquids Production**. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each natural gas plant liquid produced weighted by the quantities produced.

**Natural Gasoline**. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 4.620 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1956.* 

**Pentanes Plus**. EIA assumed the thermal conversion factor to be 4.620 million Btu or equal to that for natural gasoline. See **Natural Gasoline**.

**Petrochemical Feedstocks, Naphtha less than 401° F.** Assumed by EIA to be 5.248 million Btu per barrel, equal to the thermal conversion factor for special naphthas. See **Special Naphthas**.

**Petrochemical Feedstocks, Other Oils equal to or greater than 401° F**. Assumed by EIA to be 5.825 million Btu per barrel, equal to the thermal conversion factor for distillate fuel oil. See **Distillate Fuel Oil**.

**Petrochemical Feedstocks, Still Gas**. Assumed by EIA to be 6.000 million Btu per barrel, equal to the thermal conversion factor for still gas. See **Still Gas**.

**Petroleum Coke**. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.024 million Btu per barrel as reported in Btu per short ton in the Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Values of Various Fuels, Adopted January 3, 1950." The Bureau of Mines calculated this factor by dividing 30.120 million Btu per short ton, as given in the referenced Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, by 5.0 barrels per short ton, as given in the Bureau of Mines Form 6-1300-M and successor EIA forms.

**Petroleum Consumption, Commercial Sector**. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed by the commercial sector weighted by the estimated quantities consumed by the commercial sector. The quantities of petroleum products consumed by the commercial sector are estimated in the State Energy Data System—see documentation at

http://www.eia.gov/state/seds/sep\_use/notes/use\_petrol.pdf.

Petroleum Consumption, Electric Power Sector. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal

conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed by the electric power sector weighted by the quantities consumed by the electric power sector. Data are from Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report," and predecessor forms.

**Petroleum Consumption, Industrial Sector**. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed by the industrial sector weighted by the estimated quantities consumed by the industrial sector. The quantities of petroleum products consumed by the industrial sector are estimated in the State Energy Data System—see documentation at http://www.eia.gov/state/seds/sep\_use/notes/use\_petrol.pdf.

**Petroleum Consumption, Residential Sector**. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed by the residential sector weighted by the estimated quantities consumed by the residential sector. The quantities of petroleum products consumed by the residential sector are estimated in the State Energy Data System—see documentation at http://www.eia.gov/state/seds/sep\_use/notes/use\_petrol.pdf.

**Petroleum Consumption, Total.** Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed weighted by the quantities consumed.

**Petroleum Consumption, Transportation Sector**. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed by the transportation sector weighted by the estimated quantities consumed by the transportation sector. The quantities of petroleum products consumed by the transportation sector are estimated in the State Energy Data System—see documentation at

http://www.eia.gov/state/seds/sep\_use/notes/use\_petrol.pdf.

**Petroleum Products Exports**. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each petroleum product exported weighted by the quantities exported.

**Petroleum Products Imports**. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each petroleum product imported weighted by the quantities imported.

**Plant Condensate**. Estimated to be 5.418 million Btu per barrel by EIA from data provided by McClanahan Consultants, Inc., Houston, Texas.

**Propane**. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 3.836 million Btu per barrel as published in the *California Oil World and Petroleum Industry*, First Issue, April 1942.

**Residual Fuel Oil**. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.287 million Btu per barrel as reported in the

Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Values of Various Fuels, Adopted January 3, 1950."

**Road Oil.** EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 6.636 million Btu per barrel, which was assumed to be equal to that of asphalt (see **Asphalt**) and was first published by the Bureau of Mines in the *Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1970.* 

**Special Naphthas**. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.248 million Btu per barrel, which was assumed to be equal to that of the total gasoline (aviation and motor) factor and was first published in the *Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1970.* 

**Still Gas.** EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines estimated thermal conversion factor of 6.000 million Btu per barrel, first published in the *Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1970*.

**Total Petroleum Exports**. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for crude oil and each petroleum product exported weighted by the quantities exported. See **Crude Oil Exports** and **Petro***leum Products Exports*.

**Total Petroleum Imports**. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each type of crude oil and petroleum product imported weighted by the quantities imported. See **Crude Oil Imports** and **Petroleum Products Imports**.

**Unfinished Oils.** EIA assumed the thermal conversion factor to be 5.825 million Btu per barrel or equal to that for distillate fuel oil (see **Distillate Fuel Oil**) and first published it in EIA's *Annual Report to Congress, Volume 3, 1977.* 

**Unfractionated Stream**. EIA assumed the thermal conversion factor to be 5.418 million Btu per barrel or equal to that for plant condensate (see **Plant Condensate**) and first published it in EIA's *Annual Report to Congress, Volume 2, 1981*.

**Waxes**. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 5.537 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement*, *Annual*, 1956.

### **Approximate Heat Content of Biofuels**

**Biodiesel.** EIA estimated the thermal conversion factor for biodiesel to be 5.359 million Btu per barrel, or 17,253 Btu per pound.

**Biodiesel Feedstock.** EIA used soybean oil input to the production of biodiesel (million Btu soybean oil per barrel biodiesel) as the factor to estimate total biomass inputs to the production of biodiesel. EIA assumed that 7.65 pounds

of soybean oil are needed to produce one gallon of biodiesel, and 5.433 million Btu of soybean oil are needed to produce one barrel of biodiesel. EIA also assumed that soybean oil has a gross heat content of 16,909 Btu per pound, or 5.483 million Btu per barrel.

**Ethanol (Undenatured).** EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 3.539 million Btu per barrel published in "Oxygenate Flexibility for Future Fuels," a paper presented by William J. Piel of the ARCO Chemical Company at the National Conference on Reformulated Gasolines and Clean Air Act Implementation, Washington, D.C., October 1991.

Fuel Ethanol (Denatured). 1981-2008: EIA used the 2009 factor. 2009 forward: Calculated by EIA as the annual quantity-weighted average of the thermal conversion factors for undenatured ethanol (3.539 million Btu per barrel), pentanes plus used as denaturant (4.620 million Btu per barrel), and conventional motor gasoline and motor gasoline blending components used as denaturant (5.253 million Btu per barrel). The quantity of ethanol consumed is from EIA's Petroleum Supply Annual (PSA) and Petroleum Supply Monthly (PSM), Table 1, data for renewable fuels and oxygenate plant net production of fuel ethanol. The quantity of pentanes plus used as denaturant is from PSA/PSM, Table 1, data for renewable fuels and oxygenate plant net production of pentanes plus, multiplied by -1. The quantity of conventional motor gasoline and motor gasoline blending components used as denaturant is from PSA/PSM, Table 1, data for renewable fuels and oxygenate plant net production of conventional motor gasoline and motor gasoline blending components, multiplied by -1.

**Fuel Ethanol Feedstock.** EIA used corn input to the production of undenatured ethanol (million Btu corn per barrel undenatured ethanol) as the annual factor to estimate total biomass inputs to the production of undenatured ethanol. U.S. Department of Agriculture observed ethanol yields (gallons undenatured ethanol per bushel of corn) were 2.5 in 1980, 2.666 in 1998, 2.68 in 2002, and 2.764 in 2009; EIA estimated the ethanol yields in other years. EIA also assumed that corn has a gross heat content of 0.392 million Btu per bushel.

# Approximate Heat Content of Natural Gas

**Natural Gas Consumption, Electric Power Sector**. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of natural gas consumed by the electric power sector by the quantity consumed. Data are from Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report," and predecessor forms.

**Natural Gas Consumption, End-Use Sectors**. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of natural gas consumed by the end-use sectors (residential, commercial,

industrial, and transportation) by the quantity consumed. Data are from Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition."

**Natural Gas Consumption, Total**. 1973–1979: EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor calculated annually by the American Gas Association (AGA) and published in *Gas Facts*, an AGA annual publication. 1980 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content of natural gas consumed by the total quantity consumed.

**Natural Gas Exports.** Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of natural gas exported by the quantity exported. For 1973–1995, data are from Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas." Beginning in 1996, data are from U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Fossil Energy, *Natural Gas Imports and Exports*.

**Natural Gas Imports.** Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of natural gas imported by the quantity imported. For 1973–1995, data are from Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas." Beginning in 1996, data are from U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Fossil Energy, *Natural Gas Imports and Exports*.

**Natural Gas Production, Dry**. Assumed by EIA to be equal to the thermal conversion factor for dry natural gas consumed. See **Natural Gas Consumption, Total**.

**Natural Gas Production, Marketed**. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of dry natural gas produced (see **Natural Gas Production, Dry**) and natural gas plant liquids produced (see **Natural Gas Plant Liquids Production**) by the total quantity of marketed natural gas produced.

# Approximate Heat Content of Coal and Coal Coke

**Coal Coke Imports and Exports**. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines estimate of 24.800 million Btu per short ton.

**Coal Consumption, Electric Power Sector**. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of coal consumed by the electric power sector by the quantity consumed. Data are from Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report," and predecessor forms.

**Coal Consumption, Industrial Sector, Coke Plants.** Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of coal consumed by coke plants by the quantity consumed. Data are from Form EIA-5, "Quarterly Coal Consumption and Quality Report—Coke Plants."

Coal Consumption, Industrial Sector, Other. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of coal consumed by manufacturing plants by the quantity consumed. Data are from Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption and Quality Report—Manufacturing Plants."

**Coal Consumption, Residential and Commercial Sectors**. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of coal consumed by the residential and commercial sectors by the quantity consumed. Through 1999, data are from Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report." Beginning in 2000, data are for commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants from Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report," and predecessor forms.

**Coal Consumption, Total**. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content of coal consumed by all sectors by the total quantity consumed.

**Coal Exports**. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of steam coal and metallurgical coal exported by the quantity exported. Data are from U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report EM 545."

**Coal Imports**. Assumed by EIA to be 25.000 million Btu per short ton.

**Coal Production**. Calculated annually by EIA to balance the heat content of coal supply (production and imports) and the heat content of coal disposition (exports, stock change, and consumption).

**Waste Coal Supplied**. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content of waste coal supplied by the quantity supplied. For 1989–1997, data are from Form EIA-867, "Annual Nonutility Power Producer Report." For 1998–2000, data are from Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generator Report—Nonutility." For 2001 forward, data are from Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption and Quality Report—Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report"; and predecessor forms.

### **Approximate Heat Rates for Electricity**

**Electricity Net Generation, Coal.** 2001 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by using fuel consumption and net generation data reported on Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report," and predecessor forms. The computation includes data for electric utilities and electricity-only independent power producers using anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, and beginning in 2002, waste coal and coal synfuel.

**Electricity Net Generation, Natural Gas.** 2001 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by using fuel consumption and net generation data reported on Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report," and predecessor forms. The computation includes data for electric utilities and electricity-only independent power producers using natural gas and supplemental gaseous fuels. **Electricity Net Generation, Noncombustible Renewable Energy.** There is no generally accepted practice for measuring the thermal conversion rates for power plants that generate electricity from hydro, geothermal, solar thermal, photovoltaic, and wind energy sources. Therefore, EIA calculates a rate factor that is equal to the annual average heat rate factor for fossil-fueled power plants in the United States (see "Electricity Net Generation, Total Fossil Fuels"). By using that factor it is possible to evaluate fossil fuel requirements for replacing those sources during periods of interruption, such as droughts.

Electricity Net Generation, Nuclear. 1973–1984: Calculated annually by dividing the total heat content consumed in nuclear generating units by the total (net) electricity generated by nuclear generating units. The heat content and electricity generation were reported on Form FERC-1. "Annual Report of Major Electric Utilities, Licensees, and Others"; Form EIA-412, "Annual Report of Public Electric Utilities"; and predecessor forms. For 1982, the factors were published in EIA, Historical Plant Cost and Annual Production Expenses for Selected Electric Plants 1982, page 215. For 1983 and 1984, the factors were published in EIA, Electric Plant Cost and Power Production Expenses 1991, Table 13. 1985 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by using the heat rate data reported on Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report" (and predecessor forms).

**Electricity Net Generation, Petroleum.** 2001 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by using fuel consumption and net generation data reported on Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report," and predecessor forms. The computation includes data for electric utilities and electricity-only independent power producers using distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, jet fuel, kerosene, petroleum coke, and waste oil.

Electricity Net Generation, Total Fossil Fuels. 1973-1988: The weighted annual average heat rate for fossil-fueled steam-electric power plants in the United States, as published in EIA, Electric Plant Cost and Power Production Expenses 1991, Table 9. 1989–2000: Calculated annually by EIA by using the heat rate data reported on Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report" (and predecessor forms); and net generation data reported on Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." The computation includes data for all electric utility steam-electric plants using fossil fuels. 2001 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by using fuel consumption and net generation data reported on Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report," and predecessor forms. The computation includes data for electric utilities and electricity-only independent power producers using coal, petroleum, natural gas, and other gases (blast furnace gas, propane gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels).

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### **Appendix B**

### Metric Conversion Factors, Metric Prefixes, and Other Physical Conversion Factors

Data presented in the *Monthly Energy Review* and in other U.S. Energy Information Administration publications are expressed predominately in units that historically have been used in the United States, such as British thermal units, barrels, cubic feet, and short tons. The metric conversion factors presented in Table B1 can be used to calculate the metric-unit equivalents of values expressed in U.S. Customary units. For example, 500 short tons are the equivalent of 453.6 metric tons (500 short tons x 0.9071847 metric tons/short ton = 453.6 metric tons).

In the metric system of weights and measures, the names of multiples and subdivisions of any unit may be derived by combining the name of the unit with prefixes, such as deka, hecto, and kilo, meaning, respectively, 10, 100, 1,000, and deci, centi, and milli, meaning, respectively, one-tenth, one-hundredth, and one-thousandth. Common metric prefixes can be found in Table B2.

The conversion factors presented in Table B3 can be used to calculate equivalents in various physical units commonly used in energy analyses. For example, 10 barrels are the equivalent of 420 U.S. gallons (10 barrels x 42 gallons/barrel = 420 gallons).

U.S. Unit		Equivalent in	Metric Units
1 short ton (2.000 lb)	=	0.907 184 7	metric tons (t)
	=	1.016 047	metric tons (t)
	=	0.453 592 37ª	kilograms (kg)
	=	0.384 647 <sup>b</sup>	kilograms uranium (kgU)
1 ounce, avoirdupois (avdp oz)	=	28.349 52	grams (g)
1 barrel of oil (bbl)	=	0.158 987 3	cubic meters (m <sup>3</sup> )
1 cubic yard (yd <sup>3</sup> )	=	0.764 555	cubic meters (m <sup>3</sup> )
1 cubic foot (ft <sup>3</sup> )	=	0.028 316 85	cubic meters (m <sup>3</sup> )
1 U.S. gallon (gal)	=	3.785 412	liters (L)
1 ounce, fluid (fl oz)	=	29.573 53	milliliters (mL)
1 cubic inch (in <sup>3</sup> )	=	16.387 06	milliliters (mL)
1 mile (mi)	=	1.609 344ª	kilometers (km)
1 yard (yd)	=	0.914 4ª	meters (m)
1 foot (ft)	=	0.304 8ª	meters (m)
1 inch (in)	=	2.54ª	centimeters (cm)
1 acre	=	0.404 69	hectares (ha)
1 square mile (mi <sup>2</sup> )	=	2.589 988	square kilometers (km <sup>2</sup> )
1 square yard (yd <sup>2</sup> )	=	0.836 127 4	square meters (m <sup>2</sup> )
1 square foot (ft <sup>2</sup> )	=	0.092 903 04ª	square meters (m <sup>2</sup> )
1 square inch (in <sup>2</sup> )	=	6.451 6ª	square centimeters (cm <sup>2</sup> )
1 British thermal unit (Btu)°	=	1,055.055 852 62ª	joules (J)
1 calorie (cal)	=	4.186 8ª	joules (J)
1 kilowatthour (kWh)	=	3.6ª	megajoules (MJ)
32 degrees Fahrenheit (°F)	=	0ª	degrees Celsius (°C)
212 degrees Fahrenheit (°F)	=	100ª	degrees Celsius (°C)
	<ul> <li>1 short ton (2,000 lb)</li> <li>1 long ton</li> <li>1 pound (lb)</li> <li>1 pound uranium oxide (lb U<sub>3</sub>O<sub>8</sub>)</li> <li>1 ounce, avoirdupois (avdp oz)</li> <li>1 barrel of oil (bbl)</li> <li>1 cubic yard (yd<sup>3</sup>)</li> <li>1 cubic foot (ft<sup>3</sup>)</li> <li>1 U.S. gallon (gal)</li> <li>1 ounce, fluid (fl oz)</li> <li>1 cubic inch (in<sup>3</sup>)</li> <li>1 mile (mi)</li> <li>1 yard (yd)</li> <li>1 foot (ft)</li> <li>1 inch (in)</li> <li>1 acre</li> <li>1 square mile (mi<sup>2</sup>)</li> <li>1 square foot (ft<sup>2</sup>)</li> <li>1 square inch (in<sup>2</sup>)</li> <li>1 British thermal unit (Btu)<sup>c</sup></li> <li>1 calorie (cal)</li> <li>1 kilowatthour (kWh)</li> <li>32 degrees Fahrenheit (°F)</li> </ul>	1 short ton $(2,000 \text{ lb})$ =1 long ton=1 pound (lb)=1 pound uranium oxide (lb U <sub>3</sub> O <sub>8</sub> )=1 ounce, avoirdupois (avdp oz)=1 barrel of oil (bbl)=1 cubic yard (yd <sup>3</sup> )=1 cubic foot (ft <sup>3</sup> )=1 cubic foot (ft <sup>3</sup> )=1 ounce, fluid (fl oz)=1 cubic inch (in <sup>3</sup> )=1 mile (mi)=1 yard (yd)=1 foot (ft)=1 acre=1 square mile (mi <sup>2</sup> )=1 square foot (ft <sup>2</sup> )=1 square inch (in <sup>2</sup> )=1 kilowatthour (kWh)=32 degrees Fahrenheit (°F)=	1 short ton (2,000 lb)       =       0.907 184 7         1 long ton       =       1.016 047         1 pound (lb)       =       0.453 592 37 <sup>a</sup> 1 pound uranium oxide (lb U <sub>3</sub> O <sub>8</sub> )       =       0.884 647 <sup>b</sup> 1 ounce, avoirdupois (avdp oz)       =       28.349 52         1 barrel of oil (bbl)       =       0.158 987 3         1 cubic yard (yd <sup>3</sup> )       =       0.764 555         1 cubic foot (ft <sup>3</sup> )       =       0.028 316 85         1 U.S. gallon (gal)       =       3.785 412         1 ounce, fluid (fl oz)       =       29.573 53         1 cubic inch (in <sup>3</sup> )       =       16.387 06         1 mile (mi)       =       1.609 344 <sup>a</sup> 1 yard (yd)       =       0.304 8 <sup>a</sup> 1 inch (in)       =       2.54 <sup>a</sup> 1 acre       =       0.404 69         1 square mile (mi <sup>2</sup> )       =       0.836 127 4         1 square foot (ft <sup>2</sup> )       =       0.092 903 04 <sup>a</sup> 1 square inch (in <sup>2</sup> )       =       1.055.055 852 62 <sup>a</sup> 1 calorie (cal)       =       1.055.055 852 62 <sup>a</sup> 1 calorie (cal)       =       3.6 <sup>a</sup> 32 degrees Fahrenheit (°F)       =       0 <sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Exact conversion.

<sup>b</sup>Calculated by the U.S. Energy Information Administration.

<sup>e</sup>The Btu used in this table is the International Table Btu adopted by the Fifth International Conference on Properties of Steam, London, 1956. <sup>e</sup>To convert degrees Fahrenheit (°F) to degrees Celsius (°C) exactly, subtract 32, then multiply by 5/9.

Notes: • Spaces have been inserted after every third digit to the right of the decimal for ease of reading. • Most metric units belong to the International System of Units (SI), and the liter, hectare, and metric ton are accepted for use with the SI units. For more information about the SI units, see http://physics.nist.gov/cuu/Units/index.html.

Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#appendices.

Sources: • General Services Administration, Federal Standard 376B, *Preferred Metric Units for General Use by the Federal Government* (Washington, DC, January 1993), pp. 9-11, 13, and 16. • U.S. Department of Commerce, National Institute of Standards and Technology, Special Publications 330, 811, and 814. • American National Standards Institute/Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers, ANSI/IEEE Std 268-1992, pp. 28 and 29.

Unit Multiple	Prefix	Symbol	Unit Subdivision	Prefix	Symbol
10 <sup>1</sup>	deka	da	10 <sup>-1</sup>	deci	d
10 <sup>2</sup>	hecto	h	10-2	centi	с
10 <sup>3</sup>	kilo	k	10 <sup>-3</sup>	milli	m
10 <sup>6</sup>	mega	Μ	10 <sup>-6</sup>	micro	μ
10 <sup>9</sup>	giga	G	10 <sup>-9</sup>	nano	n
10 <sup>12</sup>	tera	Т	10 <sup>-12</sup>	pico	р
10 <sup>15</sup>	peta	Р	<b>10</b> <sup>-15</sup>	femto	f
10 <sup>18</sup>	exa	E	<b>10</b> <sup>-18</sup>	atto	а
10 <sup>21</sup>	zetta	Z	10 <sup>-21</sup>	zepto	Z
10 <sup>24</sup>	yotta	Y	10 <sup>-24</sup>	yocto	у

### **Table B2. Metric Prefixes**

Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#appendices. Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, National Institute of Standards and Technology, *The International System of Units (SI)*, NIST Special Publication 330, 1991 Edition (Washington, DC, August 1991), p.10.

### **Table B3. Other Physical Conversion Factors**

Energy Source	Original Unit		Equivalent in Final Units			
Petroleum	1 barrel (bbl)	=	42ª	U.S. gallons (gal)		
Coal	1 short ton	=	2,000ª	pounds (lb)		
	1 long ton	=	2,240 <sup>a</sup>	pounds (lb)		
	1 metric ton (t)	=	1,000ª	kilograms (kg)		
Wood	1 cord (cd)	=	1.25 <sup>b</sup>	shorts tons		
	1 cord (cd)	=	128ª	cubic feet (ft <sup>3</sup> )		

<sup>a</sup>Exact conversion.

<sup>b</sup>Calculated by the U.S. Energy Information Administration.

Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#appendices.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, National Institute of Standards and Technology, Specifications, Tolerances, and Other Technical Requirements for Weighing and Measuring Devices, NIST Handbook 44, 1994 Edition (Washington, DC, October 1993), pp. B-10, C-17 and C-21.

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# Glossary

**Alcohol:** The family name of a group of organic chemical compounds composed of carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen. The series of molecules vary in chain length and are composed of a **hydrocarbon** plus a hydroxyl group; CH(3)-(CH(2))<sub>n</sub>-OH (e.g., **methanol**, **ethanol**, and tertiary butyl alcohol). See **Fuel Ethanol**.

Alternative Fuel: Alternative fuels, for transportation applications, include the following: methanol; denatured ethanol, and other alcohols; fuel mixtures containing 85 percent or more by volume of methanol, denatured ethanol, and other alcohols with motor gasoline or other fuels; natural gas; liquefied petroleum gas (propane); hydrogen; coal-derived liquid fuels; fuels (other than alcohol) derived from biological materials (biofuels such as soy diesel fuel); electricity (including electricity from solar energy); and "... any other fuel the Secretary determines, by rule, is substantially not petroleum and would yield substantial energy security benefits and substantial environmental benefits." The term "alternative fuel" does not include alcohol or other blended portions of primarily petroleum-based fuels used as oxygenates or extenders, i.e., MTBE, ETBE, other ethers, and the 10-percent ethanol portion of gasohol.

Alternative-Fuel Vehicle (AFV): A vehicle designed to operate on an alternative fuel (e.g., compressed natural gas, methane blend, or electricity). The vehicle could be either a dedicated vehicle designed to operate exclusively on alternative fuel or a nondedicated vehicle designed to operate on alternative fuel and/or a traditional fuel.

Anthracite: The highest rank of coal; used primarily for residential and commercial space heating. It is a hard, brittle, and black lustrous coal, often referred to as hard coal, containing a high percentage of fixed carbon and a low percentage of volatile matter. The moisture content of fresh-mined anthracite generally is less than 15 percent. The heat content of anthracite ranges from 22 to 28 million **Btu** per short ton on a moist, mineral-matter-free basis. The heat content of anthracite coal consumed in the United States averages 25 million Btu per short ton, on the as-received basis (i.e., containing both inherent moisture and mineral matter). *Note:* Since the 1980's, anthracite refuse or mine waste has been used for steam-electric power generation. This fuel typically has a heat content of 15 million Btu per ton or less.

Anthropogenic: Made or generated by a human or caused by human activity. The term is used in the context of global climate change to refer to gaseous emissions that are the result of human activities, as well as other potentially climate-altering activities, such as deforestation. **Asphalt:** A dark-brown-to-black cement-like material containing bitumens as the predominant constituents obtained by petroleum processing. The definition includes crude asphalt as well as the following finished products: cements, fluxes, the asphalt content of emulsions (exclusive of water), and petroleum distillates blended with asphalt to make cutback asphalts.

ASTM: The American Society for Testing and Materials.

Aviation Gasoline Blending Components: Naphthas that will be used for blending or compounding into finished aviation gasoline (e.g., straight run gasoline, alkylate, reformate, benzene, toluene, and xylene). Excludes oxygenates (alcohols, ethers), butane, and pentanes plus.

Aviation Gasoline, Finished: A complex mixture of relatively volatile hydrocarbons with or without small quantities of additives, blended to form a fuel suitable for use in aviation reciprocating engines. Fuel specifications are provided in ASTM Specification D 910 and Military Specification MIL-G-5572. *Note:* Data on blending components are not counted in data on finished aviation gasoline.

**Barrel (Petroleum):** A unit of volume equal to 42 U.S. Gallons.

**Base Gas:** The volume of gas needed as a permanent inventory to maintain adequate underground storage reservoir pressures and deliverability rates throughout the withdrawal season. All native gas is included in the base gas volume.

**Biodiesel:** A fuel typically made from soybean, canola, or other vegetable oils; animal fats; and recycled grease. It can serve as a substitute for **petroleum**-derived **diesel fuel** or **distillate fuel oil**. For U.S. Energy Information Administration reporting, it is a fuel composed of mono-alkyl esters of long chain fatty acids derived from vegetable oils or animal fats, designated B100, and meeting the requirements of ASTM (American Society for Testing & Materials) D 6751.

**Biofuels:** Liquid fuels and blending components produced from **biomass** (plant) feedstocks, used primarily for transportation. See **Biodiesel** and **Fuel Ethanol**.

**Biogenic:** Produced by biological processes of living organisms. Note: EIA uses the term "biogenic" to refer only to organic nonfossil material of biological origin.

Biomass: Organic non-fossil material of biological origin constituting a renewable energy source. See Biodiesel,

## Biofuels, Biomass Waste, Fuel Ethanol, and Wood and Wood-Derived Fuels.

**Biomass Waste:** Organic non-fossil material of biological origin that is a byproduct or a discarded product. "Biomass waste" includes municipal solid waste from **biogenic** sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural crop byproducts, straw, and other **biomass** solids, liquids, and gases; but excludes **wood and wood-derived fuels** (including **black liquor**), **biofuels** feedstock, **biodiesel**, and **fuel ethanol**. **Note:** EIA "biomass waste" data also include energy crops grown specifically for energy production, which would not normally constitute waste.

**Bituminous Coal:** A dense **coal**, usually black, sometimes dark brown, often with well-defined bands of bright and dull material, used primarily as fuel in steamelectric power generation, with substantial quantities also used for heat and power applications in manufacturing and to make **coke**. Bituminous coal is the most abundant coal in active U.S. mining regions. Its moisture content usually is less than 20 percent. The heat content of bituminous coal ranges from 21 to 30 million **Btu** per **short ton** on a moist, mineral-matter-free basis. The heat content of bituminous coal consumed in the United States averages 24 million Btu per short ton, on the as-received basis (i.e., containing both inherent moisture and mineral matter).

**Black Liquor:** A byproduct of the paper production process, alkaline spent liquor, that can be used as a source of energy. Alkaline spent liquor is removed from the digesters in the process of chemically pulping wood. After evaporation, the residual "black" liquor is burned as a fuel in a recovery furnace that permits the recovery of certain basic chemicals.

**British Thermal Unit (Btu):** The quantity of heat required to raise the temperature of 1 pound of liquid water by 1 degree Fahrenheit at the temperature at which water has its greatest density (approximately 39 degrees Fahrenheit). See **Heat Content**.

#### Btu: See British Thermal Unit.

Btu Conversion Factor: A factor for converting energy data between one unit of measurement and British thermal units (Btu). Btu conversion factors are generally used to convert energy data from physical units of measure (such as barrels, cubic feet, or short tons) into the energy-equivalent measure of Btu. (See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#appendices for further information on Btu conversion factors.)

**Butane:** A normally gaseous straight-chain or branchedchain hydrocarbon ( $C_4H_{10}$ ). It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams. It includes isobutane and normal butane and is designated in ASTM Specification D1835 and Gas Processors Association Specifications for commercial butane. *Isobutane*: A normally gaseous branched-chain hydrocarbon. It is a colorless paraffinic gas that boils at a temperature of 10.9° F. It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams.

*Normal Butane*: A normally gaseous straight-chain hydrocarbon. It is a colorless paraffinic gas that boils at a temperature of 31.1° F. It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams.

**Butylene:** An olefinic hydrocarbon  $(C_4H_8)$  recovered from refinery processes.

**Capacity Factor:** The ratio of the electrical energy produced by a generating unit for a given period of time to the electrical energy that could have been produced at continuous full-power operation during the same period.

**Carbon Dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>):** A colorless, odorless, nonpoisonous gas that is a normal part of Earth's atmosphere. Carbon dioxide is a product of **fossil-fuel** combustion as well as other processes. It is considered a **greenhouse gas** as it traps heat (infrared energy) radiated by the Earth into the atmosphere and thereby contributes to the potential for **global warming**. The **global warming potential** (GWP) of other greenhouse gases is measured in relation to that of carbon dioxide, which by international scientific convention is assigned a value of one (1).

**Chained Dollars:** A measure used to express **real prices**. Real prices are those that have been adjusted to remove the effect of changes in the purchasing power of the dollar; they usually reflect buying power relative to a reference year. Prior to 1996, real prices were expressed in constant dollars, a measure based on the weights of goods and services in a single year, usually a recent year. In 1996, the U.S. Department of Commerce introduced the chained-dollar measure. The new measure is based on the average weights of goods and services in successive pairs of years. It is "chained" because the second year in each pair, with its weights, becomes the first year of the next pair. The advantage of using the chained-dollar measure is that it is more closely related to any given period and is therefore subject to less distortion over time.

#### CIF: See Cost, Insurance, Freight.

**Citygate:** A point or measuring station at which a distribution gas utility receives gas from a natural gas pipeline company or transmission system.

**Climate Change:** A term used to refer to all forms of climatic inconsistency, but especially to significant change from one prevailing climatic condition to another. In some cases, "climate change" has been used synonymously with the term **"global warming"**; scientists, however, tend to use the term in a wider sense inclusive of natural changes in climate, including climatic cooling.

**Coal:** A readily combustible black or brownish-black rock whose composition, including inherent moisture, consists of more than 50 percent by weight and more than 70 percent by volume of carbonaceous material. It is formed from plant remains that have been compacted, hardened, chemically altered, and metamorphosed by heat and pressure over geologic time. See **Anthracite**, **Bituminous Coal**, **Lignite**, **Subbituminous Coal**, **Waste Coal**, and **Coal Synfuel**.

Coal Coke: See Coke, Coal.

**Coal Stocks:** Coal quantities that are held in storage for future use and disposition. Note: When coal data are collected for a particular reporting period (month, quarter, or year), coal stocks are commonly measured as of the last day of the period.

**Coal Synfuel:** Coal-based solid fuel that has been processed by a **coal synfuel plant**; and coal-based fuels such as briquettes, pellets, or extrusions, which are formed from fresh or recycled coal and binding materials.

**Coal Synfuel Plant:** A plant engaged in the chemical transformation of **coal** into **coal synfuel**.

**Coke, Coal:** A solid carbonaceous residue derived from low-ash, low-sulfur bituminous coal from which the volatile constituents are driven off by baking in an oven at temperatures as high as 2,000° F so that the fixed carbon and residual ash are fused together. Coke is used as a fuel and as a reducing agent in smelting iron ore in a blast furnace. Coke (coal) has a heating value of 24.8 million Btu per ton.

**Coke, Petroleum:** A residue high in carbon content and low in hydrogen that is the final product of thermal decomposition in the condensation process in cracking. This product is reported as marketable coke or catalyst coke. The conversion is 5 barrels (42 U.S. gallons each) per short ton. Coke (petroleum) has a heating value of 6.024 million Btu per barrel.

**Coking Coal:** Bituminous coal suitable for making coke. See **Coke**, **Coal**.

**Combined-Heat-and-Power (CHP) Plant:** A plant designed to produce both heat and electricity from a single heat source. Note: This term is being used in place of the term "cogenerator" that was used by EIA in the past. CHP better describes the facilities because some of the plants included do not produce heat and power in a sequential fashion and, as a result, do not meet the legal definition of cogeneration specified in the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act (PURPA).

**Commercial Sector:** An energy-consuming sector that consists of service-providing facilities and equipment of: businesses; Federal, State, and local governments; and other private and public organizations, such as religious,

social, or fraternal groups. The commercial sector includes institutional living quarters. It also includes sewage treatment facilities. Common uses of energy associated with this sector include space heating, water heating, air conditioning, lighting, refrigeration, cooking, and running a wide variety of other equipment. *Note*: This sector includes generators that produce electricity and/or useful thermal output primarily to support the activities of the abovementioned commercial establishments. Various EIA programs differ in sectoral coverage-for more information see http://www.eia.gov/neic/datadefinitions/Guideforwebcom.htm. See End-Use Sectors and Energy-Use Sectors.

**Completion:** The installation of permanent equipment for the production of oil or gas. If a well is equipped to produce only oil or gas from one zone or reservoir, the definition of a well (classified as an oil well or gas well) and the definition of a completion are identical. However, if a well is equipped to produce oil and/or gas separately from more than one reservoir, a well is not synonymous with a completion.

**Conventional Gasoline:** Finished motor gasoline not included in the oxygenated or reformulated gasoline categories. *Note*: This category excludes reformulated gasoline blendstock for oxygenate blending (RBOB) as well as other blendstock.

**Conventional Hydroelectric Power:** Hydroelectric power generated from flowing water that is not created by hydroelectric pumped storage.

**Conversion Factor:** A factor for converting data between one unit of measurement and another (such as between **short tons** and **British thermal units**, or between **barrels** and gallons). (See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#appendices for further information on conversion factors.) See **Btu Conversion Factor** and **Thermal Conversion Factor**.

**Cost, Insurance, Freight (CIF):** A sales transaction in which the seller pays for the transportation and insurance of the goods to the port of destination specified by the buyer.

**Crude Oil:** A mixture of hydrocarbons that exists in liquid phase in natural underground reservoirs and remains liquid at atmospheric pressure after passing through surface separating facilities. Depending upon the characteristics of the crude stream, it may also include: 1) small amounts of hydrocarbons that exist in gaseous phase in natural underground reservoirs but are liquid at atmospheric pressure after being recovered from oil well (casinghead) gas in lease separators and are subsequently commingled with the crude stream without being separately measured. Lease condensate recovered as a liquid from natural gas wells in lease or field separation facilities and later mixed into the crude stream is also include; 2) small amounts of nonhydrocarbons produced with the oil, such as sulfur and various metals; and 3) drip gases, and liquid hydrocarbons produced from tar sands, oil sands, gilsonite, and oil shale.

Liquids produced at natural gas processing plants are excluded. Crude oil is refined to produce a wide array of petroleum products, including heating oils; gasoline, diesel and jet fuels; lubricants; asphalt; ethane, propane, and butane; and many other products used for their energy or chemical content.

**Crude Oil F.O.B. Price:** The crude oil price actually charged at the oil-producing country's port of loading. Includes deductions for any rebates and discounts or additions of premiums, where applicable. It is the actual price paid with no adjustment for credit terms.

**Crude Oil (Including Lease Condensate):** A mixture of hydrocarbons that exists in liquid phase in underground reservoirs and remains liquid at atmospheric pressure after passing through surface separating facilities. Included are lease condensate and liquid hydrocarbons produced from tar sands, gilsonite, and oil shale. Drip gases are also included, but topped crude oil (residual oil) and other unfinished oils are excluded. Where identifiable, liquids produced at natural gas processing plants and mixed with crude oil are likewise excluded.

**Crude Oil Landed Cost:** The price of crude oil at the port of discharge, including charges associated with the purchase, transporting, and insuring of a cargo from the purchase point to the port of discharge. The cost does not include charges incurred at the discharge port (e.g., import tariffs or fees, wharfage charges, and demurrage).

**Crude Oil Refinery Input:** The total crude oil put into processing units at refineries.

**Crude Oil Stocks:** Stocks of crude oil and lease condensate held at refineries, in pipelines, at pipeline terminals, and on leases.

**Crude Oil Used Directly:** Crude oil consumed as fuel by crude oil pipelines and on crude oil leases.

**Crude Oil Well:** A well completed for the production of crude oil from one or more oil zones or reservoirs. Wells producing both crude oil and natural gas are classified as oil wells.

**Cubic Foot (Natural Gas):** A unit of volume equal to 1 cubic foot at a pressure base of 14.73 pounds standard per square inch absolute and a temperature base of 60° F.

**Degree-Day Normals:** Simple arithmetic averages of monthly or annual degree-days over a long period of time (usually the 30-year period 1961-1990). The averages may be simple degree-day normals or population-weighted degree-day normals.

**Degree-Days, Cooling (CDD):** A measure of how warm a location is over a period of time relative to a base temperature, most commonly specified as 65 degrees Fahrenheit. The measure is computed for each day by subtracting the base temperature (65 degrees) from the average of the day's high and low temperatures, with negative values set equal to zero. Each day's cooling degree-days are summed to create a cooling degree-day measure for a specified reference period. Cooling degree-days are used in energy analysis as an indicator of air conditioning energy requirements or use.

**Degree-Days, Heating (HDD):** A measure of how cold a location is over a period of time relative to a base temperature, most commonly specified as 65 degrees Fahrenheit. The measure is computed for each day by subtracting the average of the day's high and low temperatures from the base temperature (65 degrees), with negative values set equal to zero. Each day's heating degree-days are summed to create a heating degree-day measure for a specified reference period. Heating degree-days are used in energy analysis as an indicator of space heating energy requirements or use.

Degree-Days, Population-Weighted: Heating or cooling degree-days weighted by the population of the area in which the degree-days are recorded. To compute State population-weighted degree-days, each State is divided into from one to nine climatically homogeneous divisions, which are assigned weights based on the ratio of the population of the division to the total population of the State. Degree-day readings for each division are multiplied by the corresponding population weight for each division and those products are then summed to arrive at the State population-weighted degree-day figure. To compute national population-weighted degree-days, the Nation is divided into nine Census regions, each comprising from three to eight States, which are assigned weights based on the ratio of the population of the region to the total population of the Nation. Degreeday readings for each region are multiplied by the corresponding population weight for each region and those products are then summed to arrive at the national population-weighted degree-day figure.

**Denaturant:** Petroleum, typically pentanes plus or conventional motor gasoline, added to fuel ethanol to make it unfit for human consumption. Fuel ethanol is denatured, usually prior to transport from the ethanol production facility, by adding 2 to 5 volume percent denaturant. See **Fuel Ethanol** and **Fuel Ethanol Minus Denaturant**.

**Design Electrical Rating, Net:** The nominal net electrical output of a nuclear unit as specified by the electric utility for the purpose of plant design.

**Development Well:** A well drilled within the proved area of an oil or gas reservoir to the depth of a stratigraphic horizon known to be productive.

**Diesel Fuel:** A fuel composed of **distillate fuel oils** obtained in petroleum refining operation or blends of such distillate fuel oils with **residual fuel oil** used in motor vehicles. The boiling point and specific gravity are higher for diesel fuels than for gasoline.

**Direct Use:** Use of electricity that 1) is self-generated, 2) is produced by either the same entity that consumes the power or an affiliate, and 3) is used in direct support of a service or industrial process located within the same facility or group of facilities that house the generating equipment. Direct use is exclusive of **station use**.

**Distillate Fuel Oil:** A general classification for one of the **petroleum** fractions produced in conventional distillation operations. It includes **diesel fuels** and fuel oils. Products known as No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 diesel fuel are used in on-highway diesel engines, such as those in trucks and automobiles, as well as off-highway engines, such as those in railroad locomotives and agricultural machinery. Products known as No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 fuel oils are used primarily for space heating and **electricity generation**.

**Dry Hole:** An exploratory or development well found to be incapable of producing either oil or gas in sufficient quantities to justify completion as an oil or gas well.

Dry Natural Gas Production: See Natural Gas (Dry) Production.

**E85:** A fuel containing a mixture of 85 percent **ethanol** and 15 percent **motor gasoline**.

**Electric Power Plant:** A station containing prime movers, electric generators, and auxiliary equipment for converting mechanical, chemical, and/or fission energy into electric energy.

Electric Power Sector: An energy-consuming sector that consists of electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public-i.e., North American Industry Classification System 22 plants. See also Combined-Heat-and-Power (CHP) Plant, Electricity-Only Plant, Electric Utility, and Independent Power Producer.

**Electric Utility:** Any entity that generates, transmits, or distributes **electricity** and recovers the cost of its generation, transmission or distribution assets and operations, either directly or indirectly, through cost-based rates set by a separate regulatory authority (e.g., State Public Service Commission), or is owned by a governmental unit or the consumers that the entity serves. Examples of these entities include: investor-owned entities, public power districts, public utility districts, municipalities, rural electric cooperatives, and State and Federal agencies. Electric utilities may have Federal Energy Regulatory Commission approval for interconnection agreements and wholesale trade tariffs covering either cost-of-service and/or market-based rates

under the authority of the Federal Power Act. See Electric Power Sector.

**Electrical System Energy Losses:** The amount of energy lost during generation, transmission, and distribution of electricity, including plant and unaccounted-for uses.

**Electricity:** A form of energy characterized by the presence and motion of elementary charged particles generated by friction, induction, or chemical change.

**Electricity Generation:** The process of producing electric energy, or the amount of electric energy produced by transforming other forms of energy, commonly expressed in **kilowatthours** (kWh) or megawatthours (Mwh).

**Electricity Generation, Gross:** The total amount of electric energy produced by generating units and measured at the generating terminal in **kilowatthours** (kWh) or megawatthours (MWh).

**Electricity Generation, Net:** The amount of **gross electricity generation** less **station use** (the **electric energy** consumed at the generating station(s) for station service or auxiliaries). *Note:* Electricity required for pumping at **hydroelectric pumped-storage** plants is regarded as electricity for station service and is deducted from gross generation.

Electricity-Only Plant: A plant designed to produce electricity only. See also Combined-Heat-and-Power (CHP) Plant.

**Electricity Retail Sales:** The amount of electricity sold to customers purchasing electricity for their own use and not for resale.

**End-Use Sectors:** The **residential**, **commercial**, **industrial**, and **transportation** sectors of the economy.

**Energy:** The capacity for doing work as measured by the capability of doing work (potential energy) or the conversion of this capability to motion (kinetic energy). Energy has several forms, some of which are easily convertible and can be changed to another form useful for work. Most of the world's convertible energy comes from fossil fuels that are burned to produce heat that is then used as a transfer medium to mechanical or other means in order to accomplish tasks. Electrical energy is usually measured in Kilowatthours, while heat energy is usually measured in British thermal units.

**Energy Consumption:** The use of energy as a source of heat or power or as an input in the manufacturing process.

**Energy Service Provider:** An energy entity that provides service to a retail or end-use customer.

Energy-Use Sectors: A group of major energy-consuming components of U.S. society developed to measure and

analyze energy use. The sectors most commonly referred to in EIA are: residential, commercial, industrial, transportation, and electric power.

**Ethane:** A normally gaseous straight-chain hydrocarbon  $(C_2H_6)$ . It is a colorless, paraffinic gas that boils at a temperature of -127.48° F. It is extracted from natural gas and refinery gas streams.

Ethanol ( $C_2H_5OH$ ): A clear, colorless, flammable alcohol. Ethanol is typically produced biologically from biomass feedstocks such as agricultural crops and cellulosic residues from agricultural crops or wood. Ethanol can also be produced chemically from ethylene. See Biomass, Fuel Ethanol, and Fuel Ethanol Minus Denaturant.

**Ethylene:** An olefinic hydrocarbon (C2H4) recovered from refinery processes or petrochemical processes.

**Exploratory Well:** A well drilled to find and produce oil or gas in an area previously considered an unproductive area, to find a new reservoir in a known field (i.e., one previously found to be producing oil or gas in another reservoir), or to extend the limit of a known oil or gas reservoir.

**Exports:** Shipments of goods from within the 50 States and the District of Columbia to U.S. possessions and territories or to foreign countries.

**Extraction Loss:** The reduction in volume of natural gas due to the removal of natural gas liquid constituents, such as ethane, propane, and butane, at natural gas processing plants.

**Federal Energy Administration (FEA):** A predecessor of the U.S. Energy Information Administration.

**Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC):** The Federal agency with jurisdiction over interstate electricity sales, wholesale electric rates, hydroelectric licensing, natural gas pricing, oil pipeline rates, and gas pipeline certification. FERC is an independent regulatory agency within the U.S. Department of Energy and is the successor to the Federal Power Commission.

**Federal Power Commission (FPC):** The predecessor agency of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. The Federal Power Commission was created by an Act of Congress under the Federal Water Power Act on June 10, 1920. It was charged originally with regulating the electric power and natural gas industries. It was abolished on September 30, 1977, when the U.S. Department of Energy was created. Its functions were divided between the U.S. Department of Energy and the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, an independent regulatory agency.

**First Purchase Price:** The price for domestic crude oil reported by the company that owns the crude oil the first time it is removed from the lease boundary.

**Flared Natural Gas:** Natural gas burned in flares on the base site or at gas processing plants.

**F.O.B. (Free on Board):** A sales transaction in which the seller makes the product available for pick up at a specified port or terminal at a specified price and the buyer pays for the subsequent transportation and insurance.

**Footage Drilled:** Total footage for wells in various categories, as reported for any specified period, includes (1) the deepest total depth (length of well bores) of all wells drilled from the surface, (2) the total of all bypassed footage drilled in connection with reported wells, and (3) all new footage drilled for directional sidetrack wells. Footage reported for directional sidetrack wells does not include footage in the common bore, which is reported as footage for the original well. In the case of old wells drilled deeper, the reported footage is that which was drilled below the total depth of the old well.

Former U.S.S.R.: See Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (U.S.S.R.).

**Fossil Fuel:** An energy source formed in the Earth's crust from decayed organic material, such as **petroleum**, **coal**, and **natural gas**.

**Fossil-Fueled Steam-Electric Power Plant:** An electricity generation plant in which the prime mover is a turbine rotated by high-pressure steam produced in a boiler by heat from burning fossil fuels.

**Fuel Ethanol: Ethanol** intended for fuel use. Fuel ethanol in the United States must be anhydrous (less than 1 percent water). Fuel ethanol is denatured (made unfit for human consumption), usually prior to transport from the ethanol production facility, by adding 2 to 5 volume percent petroleum, typically **pentanes plus** or **conventional motor gasoline**. Fuel ethanol is used principally for blending in low concentrations with **motor gasoline** as an **oxygenate** or octane enhancer. In high concentrations, it is used to fuel **alternative-fuel vehicles** specially designed for its use. See **Alternative-Fuel Vehicle**, **Denaturant**, **E85**, **Ethanol**, **Fuel Ethanol Minus Denaturant**, and **Oxygenates**.

Fuel Ethanol Minus Denaturant: An unobserved quantity of anhydrous, biomass-derived, undenatured ethanol for fuel use. The quantity is obtained by subtracting the estimated denaturant volume from fuel ethanol volume. Fuel ethanol minus denaturant is counted as renewable energy, while denaturant is counted as nonrenewable fuel. See Denaturant, Ethanol, Fuel Ethanol, Nonrenewable Fuels, Oxygenates, and Renewable Energy.

**Full-Power Operation:** Operation of a nuclear generating unit at 100 percent of its design capacity. Full-power operation precedes commercial operation.

**Gasohol:** A blend of finished motor gasoline containing alcohol (generally **ethanol** but sometimes methanol) at a concentration between 5.7 percent and 10 percent by volume. See **Motor Gasoline**, **Oxygenated**.

**Gas Well:** A well completed for the production of natural gas from one or more gas zones or reservoirs. (Wells producing both crude oil and natural gas are classified as oil wells.)

**Geothermal Energy:** Hot water or steam extracted from geothermal reservoirs in the earth's crust and used for geothermal heat pumps, water heating, or electricity generation.

**Global Warming:** An increase in the near-surface temperature of the Earth. Global warming has occurred in the distant past as the result of natural influences, but the term is today most often used to refer to the warming some scientists predict will occur as a result of increased **anthropogenic** emissions of **greenhouse gases**. See **Climate Change**.

**Global Warming Potential (GWP):** An index used to compare the relative radiative forcing of different gases without directly calculating the changes in atmospheric concentrations. GWPs are calculated as the ratio of the radiative forcing that would result from the emission of one kilogram of a **greenhouse gas** to that from the emission of one kilogram of **carbon dioxide** over a fixed period of time, such as 100 years.

**Greenhouse Gases:** Those gases, such as water vapor, **carbon dioxide**, nitrous oxide, **methane**, hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs), perfluorocarbons (PFCs) and sulfur hexafluoride, that are transparent to solar (short-wave) radiation but opaque to long-wave (infrared) radiation, thus preventing long-wave radiant energy from leaving Earth's atmosphere. The net effect is a trapping of absorbed radiation and a tendency to warm the planet's surface.

**Gross Domestic Product (GDP):** The total value of goods and services produced by labor and property located in the United States. As long as the labor and property are located in the United States, the supplier (that is, the workers and, for property, the owners) may be either U.S. residents or residents of foreign countries.

**GT/IC:** Gas turbine and internal combustion plants.

**Heat Content:** The amount of heat energy available to be released by the transformation or use of a specified physical unit of an energy form (e.g., a ton of coal, a barrel of oil, a kilowatthour of electricity, a cubic foot of natural gas, or a pound of steam). The amount of heat energy is commonly expressed in **British thermal units (Btu)**. *Note*: Heat content of combustible energy forms can be expressed in terms of either gross heat content (higher or upper heating value) or net heat content (lower heating value), depending upon whether or not the available heat energy includes or

excludes the energy used to vaporize water (contained in the original energy form or created during the combustion process). The U.S. Energy Information Administration typically uses gross heat content values.

**Heat Rate:** A measure of generating station thermal efficiency commonly stated as **Btu** per **kilowatthour**. *Note:* Heat rates can be expressed as either gross or net heat rates, depending whether the electricity output is gross or net generation. Heat rates are typically expressed as net heat rates.

**Hydrocarbon:** An organic chemical compound of hydrogen and carbon in the gaseous, liquid, or solid phase. The molecular structure of hydrocarbon compounds varies from the simplest (methane, the primary constituent of natural gas) to the very heavy and very complex.

**Hydroelectric Power:** The production of electricity from the kinetic energy of falling water.

**Hydroelectric Power Plant:** A plant in which the turbine generators are driven by falling water.

**Hydroelectric Pumped Storage:** Hydroelectricity that is generated during peak load periods by using water previously pumped into an elevated storage reservoir during off-peak periods when excess generating capacity is available to do so. When additional generating capacity is needed, the water can be released from the reservoir through a conduit to turbine generators located in a power plant at a lower level.

**Hydrogen (H):** The lightest of all gases, hydrogen occurs chiefly in combination with oxygen in water. It also exists in acids, bases, **alcohols**, **petroleum**, and other **hydrocarbons**.

**Imports:** Receipts of goods into the 50 States and the District of Columbia from U.S. possessions and territories or from foreign countries.

**Independent Power Producer:** A corporation, person, agency, authority, or other legal entity or instrumentality that owns or operates facilities for the generation of electricity for use primarily by the public, and that is not an **electric utility**.

**Industrial Sector:** An **energy**-consuming sector that consists of all facilities and equipment used for producing, processing, or assembling goods. The industrial sector encompasses the following types of activity: manufacturing (**NAICS** codes 31-33); agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting (NAICS code 11); mining, including oil and gas extraction (NAICS code 21); and construction (NAICS code 23). Overall energy use in this sector is largely for process heat and cooling and powering machinery, with lesser amounts used for facility heating, air conditioning, and lighting. Fossil fuels are also used as raw material inputs to manufactured products. *Note:* This sector includes **generators** that produce **electricity** and/or **useful thermal output** primarily to support the

above-mentioned industrial activities. Various EIA programs differ in sectoral coverage-for more information see

http://www.eia.gov/neic/datadefinitions/Guideforwebind.htm. See End-Use Sectors and Energy-Use Sectors.

**Injections (Natural Gas):** Natural gas injected into storage reservoirs.

**Isobutane:** A normally gaseous branch-chain hydrocarbon. It is a colorless paraffinic gas that boils at a temperature of  $10.9^{\circ}$  F. It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams. See **Butane**.

**Isobutylene:** An olefinic hydrocarbon recovered from refinery processes or petrochemical processes.

**Isopentane:** A saturated branched-chain hydrocarbon obtained by fractionation of natural gasoline or isomerization of normal pentane.

Jet Fuel: A refined petroleum product used in jet aircraft engines. It includes kerosene-type jet fuel and naphtha-type jet fuel.

**Jet Fuel, Kerosene-Type:** A kerosene-based product with a maximum distillation temperature of 400° F at the 10-percent recovery point and a final maximum boiling point of 572° F. Fuel specifications are provided in ASTM Specification D 1655 and Military Specifications MIL-T-5624P and MIL-T-83133D (Grades JP-5 and JP-8). It issued primarily for commercial turbojet and turboprop aircraft engines.

**Jet Fuel, Naphtha-Type:** A fuel in the heavy naphtha boiling range, with an average gravity of 52.8 degrees API, 20 to 90 percent distillation temperatures of 290° to 470° F and meeting Military Specification MIL-T-5624L (Grade JP-4). It is used by the military for turbojet and turboprop engines.

**Kerosene:** A petroleum distillate having a maximum distillation temperature of 401° F at the 10-percent recovery point, a final boiling point of 572° F, and a minimum flash point of 100° F. Included are the two grades designated in ASTM D3699 (No. 1-K and No. 2-K) and all grades of kerosene called range or stove oil. Kerosene is used in space heaters, cook stoves, and water heaters; it is suitable for use as an illuminant when burned in wick lamps.

Kilowatt: A unit of electrical power equal to 1,000 watts.

**Kilowatthour (kWh):** A measure of electricity defined as a unit of work or energy, measured as 1 kilowatt (1,000 watts) of power expended for 1 hour. One kilowatthour is equivalent to 3,412 Btu. See Watthour.

Landed Costs: The dollar-per-barrel price of crude oil at the port of discharge. Included are the charges associated

with the purchase, transporting, and insuring of a cargo from the purchase point to the port of discharge. Not included are charges incurred at the discharge port (e.g., import tariffs or fees, wharfage charges, and demurrage charges).

Lease and Plant Fuel: Natural gas used in well, field, and lease operations (such as gas used in drilling operations, heaters, dehydrators, and field compressors) and used as fuel in natural gas processing plants.

Lease Condensate: A mixture consisting primarily of pentanes and heavier hydrocarbons, which is recovered as a liquid from natural gas in lease or field separation facilities. Note: This category excludes natural gas liquids, such as butane and propane, which are recovered at natural gas processing plants or facilities.

**Lignite:** The lowest rank of **coal**, often referred to as brown coal, used almost exclusively as fuel for steam-electric power generation. It is brownish-black and has a high inherent moisture content, sometimes as high as 45 percent. The heat content of lignite ranges from 9 to 17 million **Btu** per **short ton** on a moist, mineral-matter-free basis. The heat content of lignite consumed in the United States averages 13 million Btu per short ton, on the as-received basis (i.e., containing both inherent moisture and mineral matter).

**Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG):** Natural gas (primarily methane) that has been liquefied by reducing its temperature to -260° F at atmospheric pressure.

**Liquefied Petroleum Gases (LPG):** Ethane, ethylene, propane, propylene, normal butane, butylene, and isobutane produced at refineries or natural gas processing plants, including plants that fractionate new natural gas plant liquids.

**Low-Power Testing:** The period of time between a nuclear generating unit's initial fuel loading date and the issuance of its operating (full-power) license. The maximum level of operation during that period is 5 percent of the unit's design thermal rating.

Lubricants: Substances used to reduce friction between bearing surfaces or as process materials either incorporated into other materials used as processing aids in the manufacturing of other products or as carriers of other materials. Petroleum lubricants may be produced either from distillates or residues. Other substances may be added to impart or improve certain required properties. Excluded are byproducts of lubricating oil refining, such as aromatic extracts derived from solvent extraction or tars derived from deasphalting. Included are all grades of lubricating oils from spindle oil to cylinder oil and those used in greases. Lubricant categories are paraffinic and naphthenic.

Marketed Production (Natural Gas): Gross withdrawals less gas used for repressuring, quantities vented and

flared, and nonhydrocarbon gases removed in treating or processing operations. Includes all quantities of gas used in field and processing operations.

**Methane:** A colorless, flammable, odorless, hydrocarbon gas (CH<sub>4</sub>) that is the principal constituent of natural gas. It is also an important source of hydrogen in various industrial processes.

Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether (MTBE): An ether,  $(CH_3)_3COCH_3$ , intended for motor gasoline blending. See **Oxygenates**.

**Methanol:** A light, volatile alcohol (CH<sub>3</sub>OH) eligible for motor gasoline blending. See **Oxygenates**.

**Miscellaneous Petroleum Products:** All finished petroleum products not classified elsewhere-for example, petrolatum, lube refining byproducts (aromatic extracts and tars), absorption oils, ram-jet fuel, petroleum rocket fuels, synthetic natural gas feedstocks, and specialty oils.

Motor Gasoline Blending: Mechanical mixing of motor gasoline blending components and oxygenates as required, to produce finished motor gasoline. Finished motor gasoline may be further mixed with other motor gasoline blending components or oxygenates, resulting in increased volumes of finished motor gasoline and/or changes in the formulation of finished motor gasoline (e.g., conventional motor gasoline mixed with MTBE to produce oxygenated motor gasoline).

**Motor Gasoline Blending Components:** Naphtha (e.g., straight-run gasoline, alkylate, reformate, benzene, toluene, xylene) used for blending or compounding into finished motor gasoline. These components include reformulated gasoline blendstock (RBOB) but exclude oxygenates (alcohols, ethers), butane, and pentanes plus. *Note:* oxygenates are reported as individual components and are included in the total for other hydrocarbons, hydrogens, and oxygenates.

**Motor Gasoline, Finished:** A complex mixture of relatively volatile hydrocarbons with or without small quantities of additives, blended to form a fuel suitable for use in sparkignition. Motor gasoline, as defined in ASTM Specification D-4814 or Federal Specification VV-G-1690C, is characterized as having a boiling range of 122°F to 158°F at the 10-percent recovery point to 365°F to 374°F at the 90-percent recovery point. "Motor gasoline" includes conventional gasoline, all types of oxygenated gasoline including gasohol, and reformulated gasoline, but excludes aviation gasoline. Note: Volumetric data on blending components, as well as oxygenates, are not counted in data on finished motor gasoline until the blending components are blended into the gasoline.

Motor Gasoline Grades: The classification of gasoline by octane ratings. Each type of gasoline (conventional, oxygenated, and reformulated) is classified by three

grades: regular, midgrade, and premium. *Note*: Gasoline sales are reported by grade in accordance with their classification at the time of sale. In general, automotive octane requirements are lower at high altitudes. Therefore, in some areas of the United States, such as the Rocky Mountain States, the octane ratings for the gasoline grades may be 2 or more octane points lower.

*Regular Gasoline*: Gasoline having an antiknock index, i.e., octane rating, greater than or equal to 85 and less than 88. Note: Octane requirements may vary by altitude. See **Motor Gasoline Grades**.

*Midgrade Gasoline*: Gasoline having an antiknock index, i.e., octane rating, greater than or equal to 88 and less than or equal to 90. Note: Octane requirements may vary by altitude. See **Motor Gasoline Grades**.

*Premium Gasoline*: Gasoline having an antiknock index, i.e., octane rating, greater than 90. Note: Octane requirements may vary by altitude. See **Motor Gasoline Grades**.

**Motor Gasoline, Oxygenated:** Finished motor gasoline, other than reformulated gasoline, having an oxygen content of 2.7 percent or higher by weight and required by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to be sold in areas designated by EPA as carbon monoxide (CO) nonattainment areas. Note: Oxygenated gasoline excludes oxygenated fuels program reformulated gasoline (OPRG) and reformulated gasoline blendstock for oxygenate blending (RBOB). Data on gasohol that has at least 2.7 percent oxygen, by weight, and is intended for sale inside CO nonattainment areas are included in data on oxygenated gasoline. Other data on gasohol are included in data on conventional gasoline.

**Motor Gasoline, Reformulated:** Finished motor gasoline formulated for use in motor vehicles, the composition and properties of which meet the requirements of the reformulated gasoline regulations promulgated by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency under Section 211(k) of the Clean Air Act. Note: This category includes oxygenated fuels program reformulated gasoline (OPRG) but excludes reformulated gasoline blendstock for oxygenate blending (RBOB).

**Motor Gasoline Retail Prices:** Motor gasoline prices calculated each month by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) in conjunction with the construction of the Consumer Price Index (CPI). Those prices are collected in 85 urban areas selected to represent all urban consumers-about 80 percent of the total U.S. population. The service stations are selected initially, and on a replacement basis, in such a way that they represent the purchasing habits of the CPI population. Service stations in the current sample include those providing all types of service (i.e., full-, mini-, and selfservice.

Motor Gasoline (Total): For stock level data, a sum including finished motor gasoline stocks plus stocks of

motor gasoline blending components but excluding stocks of oxygenates.

#### MTBE: See Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether.

NAICS (North American Industry Classification System): A coding system developed jointly by the United States, Canada, and Mexico to classify businesses and industries according to the type of economic activity in which they are engaged. NAICS replaces the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes. For additional information on NAICS, go to

http://www.census.gov/eos/www/naics/.

**Naphtha:** A generic term applied to a petroleum fraction with an approximate boiling range between 122 and 400° F.

**Natural Gas:** A gaseous mixture of hydrocarbon compounds, primarily methane, used as a fuel for electricity generation and in a variety of ways in buildings, and as raw material input and fuel for industrial processes.

**Natural Gas, Dry:** Natural gas which remains after: 1) the liquefiable hydrocarbon portion has been removed from the gas stream (i.e., gas after lease, field, and/or plant separation); and 2) any volumes of nonhydrocarbon gases have been removed where they occur in sufficient quantity to render the gas unmarketable. *Note:* Dry natural gas is also known as consumer-grade natural gas. The parameters for measurement are cubic feet at 60 degrees Fahrenheit and 14.73 pounds per square inch absolute.

**Natural Gas (Dry) Production:** The process of producing consumer-grade natural gas. Natural gas withdrawn from reservoirs is reduced by volumes used at the production (lease) site and by processing losses. Volumes used at the production site include 1) the volume returned to reservoirs in cycling, repressuring of oil reservoirs, and conservation operations; and 2) gas vented and flared. Processing losses include 1) nonhydrocarbon gases (e.g., water vapor, carbon dioxide, helium, hydrogen sulfide, and nitrogen) removed from the gas stream; and 2) gas converted to liquid form, such as lease condensate and plant liquids. Volumes of dry gas withdrawn from gas storage reservoirs are not considered part of production. Dry natural gas production equals marketed production less extraction loss.

**Natural Gas Marketed Production:** Gross withdrawals of natural gas from production reservoirs, less gas used for reservoir repressuring; nonhydrocarbon gases removed in treating and processing operations; and quantities vented and flared.

**Natural Gas Plant Liquids (NGPL):** Natural gas liquids recovered from natural gas in processing plants and, in some situations, from natural gas field facilities, as well as those extracted by fractionators. Natural gas plant liquids are defined according to the published specifications of the Gas Processors Association and the American Society for Testing and Material as follows: ethane, propane, normal butane, isobutane, pentanes plus, and other products from natural gas processing plants (i.e., products meeting the standards for finished petroleum products produced at natural gas processing plants, such as finished motor gasoline, finished aviation gasoline, special naphthas, kerosene, distillate fuel oil, and miscellaneous products).

**Natural Gas Wellhead Price:** The wellhead price of natural gas is calculated by dividing the total reported value at the wellhead by the total quantity produced as reported by the appropriate agencies of individual producing States and the U.S. Minerals Management Service. The price includes all costs prior to shipment from the lease, including gathering and compression costs, in addition to State production, severance, and similar charges.

**Natural Gasoline:** A mixture of hydrocarbons (mostly pentanes and heavier) extracted from natural gas that meets vapor pressure, end-point, and other specifications for natural gasoline set by the Gas Processors Association. Includes isopentane, which is a saturated branch-chain hydrocarbon obtained by fractionation of natural gasoline or isomerization of normal pentane.

**Net Summer Capacity:** The maximum output, commonly expressed in **kilowatts** (kW) or megawatts (MW), that generating equipment can supply to system load, as demonstrated by a multi-hour test, at the time of summer peak demand (period of June 1 through September 30). This output reflects a reduction in capacity due to electricity use for station service or auxiliaries.

**Neutral Zone:** A 6,200 square-mile area shared equally between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia under a 1992 agreement. The Neutral Zone contains an estimated 5 billion barrels of oil and 8 trillion cubic feet of natural gas.

Nominal Dollars: A measure used to express nominal price.

**Nominal Price:** The price paid for a product or service at the time of the transaction. Nominal prices are those that have not been adjusted to remove the effect of changes in the purchasing power of the dollar; they reflect buying power in the year in which the transaction occurred.

**Non-Biomass Waste:** Material of non-biological origin that is a byproduct or a discarded product. "Non-biomass waste" includes municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, such as plastics, and tire-derived fuels.

**Nonhydrocarbon Gases:** Typical nonhydrocarbon gases that may be present in reservoir natural gas are carbon dioxide, helium, hydrogen sulfide, and nitrogen.

**Nonrenewable Fuels:** Fuels that cannot be easily made or "renewed," such as **crude oil**, **natural gas**, and **coal**.

**Nuclear Electric Power (Nuclear Power):** Electricity generated by the use of the thermal energy released from the fission of nuclear fuel in a reactor.

**Nuclear Electric Power Plant:** A single-unit or multiunit facility in which heat produced in one or more reactors by the fissioning of nuclear fuel is used to drive one or more steam turbines.

**Nuclear Reactor:** An apparatus in which a nuclear fission chain reaction can be initiated, controlled, and sustained at a specific rate. A reactor includes fuel (fissionable material), moderating material to control the rate of fission, a heavywalled pressure vessel to house reactor components, shielding to protect personnel, a system to conduct heat away from the reactor, and instrumentation for monitoring and controlling the reactor's systems.

## **OECD:** See Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development.

**Offshore:** That geographic area that lies seaward of the coastline. In general, the coastline is the line of ordinary low water along with that portion of the coast that is in direct contact with the open sea or the line marking the seaward limit of inland water.

Oil: See Crude Oil.

## **OPEC:** See Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries.

**Operable Unit (Nuclear):** In the United States, a nuclear generating unit that has completed low-power testing and been issued a full-power operating license by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, or equivalent permission to operate.

**Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD):** An international organization helping governments tackle the economic, social and governance challenges of a globalized economy. Its membership comprises about 30 member countries. With active relationships with some 70 other countries, non-governmental organizations (NGOs) and civil society, it has a global reach. For details about the organization, see http://www.oecd.org.

**Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries** (**OPEC**): An intergovernmental organization whose stated objective is to "coordinate and unify the petroleum policies of member countries." It was created at the Baghdad Conference on September 10–14, 1960. Current members (with years of membership) include Algeria (1969–present), Angola (2007–present), Ecuador (1973–1992 and 2007–present), Iran (1960–present), Iraq (1960–present), Kuwait (1960–present), Libya (1962–present), Nigeria (1971–present), Qatar (1961–present), Saudi Arabia (1960–present), United Arab Emirates (1967–present), and Venezuela (1960–present). Countries no longer members of OPEC include Gabon (1975–1994) and Indonesia (1962–2008).

**Oxygenates:** Substances which, when added to gasoline, increase the amount of oxygen in that gasoline blend. **Ethanol, Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether (MTBE),** Ethyl Tertiary Butyl Ether (ETBE), and methanol are common oxygenates.

**PAD Districts:** Petroleum Administration for Defense Districts. Geographic aggregations of the 50 States and the District of Columbia into five districts for the Petroleum Administration for Defense in 1950. The districts were originally instituted for economic and geographic reasons as Petroleum Administration for War (PAW) Districts, which were established in 1942.

**Pentanes Plus:** A mixture of hydrocarbons, mostly pentanes and heavier, extracted from natural gas. Includes isopentane, natural gasoline, and plant condensate.

**Petrochemical Feedstocks:** Chemical feedstocks derived from petroleum principally for the manufacture of chemicals, synthetic rubber, and a variety of plastics.

**Petroleum:** A broadly defined class of liquid hydrocarbon mixtures. Included are crude oil, lease condensate, unfinished oils, refined products obtained from the processing of crude oil, and natural gas plant liquids. Note: Volumes of finished petroleum products include nonhydrocarbon compounds, such as additives and detergents, after they have been blended into the products.

Petroleum Coke: See Coke, Petroleum.

## Petroleum Consumption: See Products Supplied (Petroleum).

**Petroleum Imports:** Imports of petroleum into the 50 States and the District of Columbia from foreign countries and from Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and other U.S. territories and possessions. Included are imports for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve and withdrawals from bonded warehouses for onshore consumption, offshore bunker use, and military use. Excluded are receipts of foreign petroleum into bonded warehouses and into U.S. territories and U.S. Foreign Trade Zones.

**Petroleum Products:** Products obtained from the processing of crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas, and other hydrocarbon compounds. Petroleum products include unfinished oils, liquefied petroleum gases, pentanes plus, aviation gasoline, motor gasoline, naphtha-type jet fuel, kerosene-type jet fuel, kerosene, distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, petrochemical feedstocks, special naphthas, lubricants, waxes, petroleum coke, asphalt, road oil, still gas, and miscellaneous products.

**Petroleum Stocks, Primary:** For individual products, quantities that are held at refineries, in pipelines, and at bulk terminals that have a capacity of 50,000 barrels or more, or that are in transit thereto. Stocks held by product retailers and resellers, as well as tertiary stocks held at the point of consumption, are excluded. Stocks of individual products held at gas processing plants are excluded from individual product estimates but are included in other oils estimates and total.

**Photovoltaic Energy:** Direct-current electricity generated from sunlight through solid-state semiconductor devices that have no moving parts.

**Pipeline Fuel:** Gas consumed in the operation of pipelines, primarily in compressors.

**Plant Condensate:** One of the natural gas liquids, mostly pentanes and heavier hydrocarbons, recovered and separated as liquid at gas inlet separators or scrubbers in processing plants.

**Primary Energy: Energy** in the form that it is first accounted for in a statistical energy balance, before any transformation to secondary or tertiary forms of energy. For example, **coal** can be converted to synthetic gas, which can be converted to **electricity**; in this example, coal is primary energy, synthetic gas is secondary energy, and electricity is tertiary energy. See **Primary Energy Production** and **Primary Energy Consumption**.

Primary Energy Consumption: Consumption of primary energy. (Energy sources that are produced from other energy sources-e.g., coal coke from coal-are included in primary energy consumption only if their energy content has not already been included as part of the original energy source. Thus, U.S. primary energy consumption does include net imports of coal coke, but not the coal coke produced from domestic coal.) The U.S. Energy Information Administration includes the following in U.S. primary energy consumption: coal consumption; coal coke net imports; petroleum consumption (petroleum products supplied, including natural gas plant liquids and crude oil burned as fuel); dry natural gas-excluding supplemental gaseous fuels—consumption; nuclear electricity net generation (converted to **Btu** using the nuclear plants heat rate); hydroelectricity conventional net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fueled plants heat rate); geothermal electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fueled plants heat rate), and geothermal heat pump energy and geothermal direct use energy; solar thermal and photovoltaic electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fueled plants heat rate), and solar thermal direct use energy; wind electricity net generation (converted to Btu using

the fossil-fueled plants heat rate); wood and woodderived fuels consumption; biomass waste consumption; fuel ethanol and biodiesel consumption; losses and co-products from the production of fuel ethanol and biodiesel; and electricity net imports (converted to Btu using the electricity heat content of 3,412 Btu per kilowatthour). See Total Energy Consumption.

Primary Energy Production: Production of primary The U.S. Energy Information Administration energy. includes the following in U.S. primary energy production: coal production, waste coal supplied, and coal refuse recovery; crude oil and lease condensate production; natural gas plant liquids production; dry natural gas-excluding supplemental gaseous fuels-production; nuclear electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the nuclear plants heat rate); conventional hydroelectricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fueled plants heat rate); geothermal electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fueled plants heat rate), and geothermal heat pump energy and geothermal direct use energy; solar thermal and photovoltaic electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fueled plants heat rate), and solar thermal direct use energy; wind electricity net generation (converted to Btu using the fossil-fueled plants heat rate); wood and wood-derived fuels consumption; biomass waste consumption; and biofuels feedstock.

**Prime Mover:** The engine, turbine, water wheel, or similar machine that drives an electric generator; or, for reporting purposes, a device that converts energy to electricity directly.

**Products Supplied (Petroleum):** Approximately represents consumption of petroleum products because it measures the disappearance of these products from primary sources, i.e., refineries, natural gas-processing plants, blending plants, pipelines, and bulk terminals. In general, product supplied of each product in any given period is computed as follows: field production, plus refinery production, plus imports, plus unaccounted-for crude oil (plus net receipts when calculated on a PAD District basis) minus stock change, minus crude oil losses, minus refinery inputs, and minus exports.

**Propane:** A normally gaseous straight-chain hydrocarbon ( $C_3H_8$ ). It is a colorless paraffinic gas that boils at a temperature of -43.67° F. It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams. It includes all products designated in ASTM Specification D1835 and Gas Processors Association Specifications for commercial propane and HD-5 propane.

**Propylene:** An olefinic hydrocarbon  $(C_3H_6)$  recovered from refinery or petrochemical processes.

**Real Dollars:** These are dollars that have been adjusted for inflation. See **Real Price**.

**Real Price:** A price that has been adjusted to remove the effect of changes in the purchasing power of the dollar. Real prices, which are expressed in constant dollars, usually reflect buying power relative to a base year.

**Refiner Acquisition Cost of Crude Oil:** The cost of crude oil to the refiner, including transportation and fees. The composite cost is the weighted average of domestic and imported crude oil costs.

Refinery and Blender Net Inputs: Raw materials, unfinished oils, and blending components processed at refineries, or blended at refineries or petroleum storage terminals to produce finished petroleum products. Included are gross inputs of crude oil, natural gas plant liquids, other hydrocarbon raw materials, hydrogen, oxygenates (excluding fuel ethanol), and renewable fuels (including fuel ethanol). Also included are net inputs of unfinished oils, motor gasoline blending components, and aviation gasoline blending components. Net inputs are calculated as gross inputs minus gross production. Negative net inputs indicate gross inputs are less than gross production. Examples of negative net inputs include reformulated gasoline blendstock for oxygenate blending (RBOB) produced at refineries for shipment to blending terminals, and unfinished oils produced and added to inventory in advance of scheduled maintenance of a refinery crude oil distillation unit.

**Refinery and Blender Net Production:** Liquefied refinery gases, and finished **petroleum products** produced at a **refinery** or petroleum storage terminal blending facility. Net production equals gross production minus gross inputs. Negative net production indicates gross production is less than gross inputs for a finished petroleum product. Examples of negative net production include reclassification of one finished product to another finished product, or reclassification of a finished product to **unfinished oils** or blending components.

**Refinery (Petroleum):** An installation that manufactures finished petroleum products from crude oil, unfinished oils, natural gas liquids, other hydrocarbons, and alcohol.

**Refuse Mine:** A surface site where **coal** is recovered from previously mined coal. It may also be known as a silt bank, culm bank, refuse bank, slurry dam, or dredge operation.

**Refuse Recovery:** The recapture of **coal** from a **refuse mine** or the coal recaptured by that process. The resulting product has been cleaned to reduce the concentration of noncombustible materials.

**Renewable Energy:** Energy obtained from sources that are essentially inexhaustible (unlike, for example, the **fossil fuels**, of which there is a finite supply). Renewable sources of energy include **conventional hydrolectric power**, **biomass**, **geothermal**, **solar**, and **wind**. **Repressuring:** The injection of a pressurized fluid (such as air, gas, or water) into oil and gas reservoir formations to effect greater ultimate recovery.

**Residential Sector:** An energy-consuming sector that consists of living quarters for private households. Common uses of energy associated with this sector include space heating, water heating, air conditioning, lighting, refrigeration, cooking, and running a variety of other appliances. The residential sector excludes institutional living quarters. *Note:* Various EIA programs differ in sectoral coverage for more information see

http://www.eia.gov/neic/datadefinitions/Guideforwebres.htm. See **End-Use Sectors** and **Energy-Use Sectors**.

**Residual Fuel Oil:** The heavier oils that remain after the distillate fuel oils and lighter hydrocarbons are distilled away in refinery operations and that conform to ASTM Specifications D396 and 975. Included are No. 5, a residual fuel oil of medium viscosity; Navy Special, for use in steam-powered vessels in government service and in shore power plants; and No. 6, which includes Bunker C fuel oil and is used for commercial and industrial heating, for electricity generation, and to power ships. Imports of residual fuel oil include imported crude oil burned as fuel.

**Road Oil:** Any heavy petroleum oil, including residual asphaltic oil used as a dust palliative and surface treatment on roads and highways. It is generally produced in six grades, from 0, the most liquid, to 5, the most viscous.

**Rotary Rig:** A machine used for drilling wells that employs a rotating tube attached to a bit for boring holes through rock.

Short Ton (Coal): A unit of weight equal to 2,000 pounds.

**SIC (Standard Industrial Classification):** A set of codes developed by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget which categorizes industries into groups with similar economic activities. Replaced by **NAICS (North American Industry Classification System)**.

Solar Energy: See Solar Thermal Energy and Photovoltaic Energy.

**Solar Thermal Energy:** The radiant energy of the sun that can be converted into other forms of energy, such as heat or **electricity**.

**Special Naphthas:** All finished products within the naphtha boiling ranges that are used as paint thinner, cleaners or solvents. Those products are refined to a specified flash point. Special naphthas include all commercial hexane and cleaning solvents conforming to ASTM Specifications D1836 and D484, respectively. Naphthas to be blended or marketed as motor gasoline or aviation gasoline, or that are to be used as petrochemical and synthetic natural gas (SNG) feedstocks, are excluded.

**Station Use:** Energy that is used to operate an **electric power plant**. It includes energy consumed for plant lighting, power, and auxiliary facilities, regardless of whether the energy is produced at the plant or comes from another source.

Steam Coal: All nonmetallurgical coal.

**Steam-Electric Power Plant:** A plant in which the prime mover is a steam turbine. The steam used to drive the turbine is produced in a boiler where fossil fuels are burned.

**Still Gas (Refinery Gas):** Any form or mixture of gas produced in refineries by distillation, cracking, reforming, and other processes. The principal constituents are methane, ethane, ethylene, normal butane, butylene, propane, and propylene. It is used primarily as refinery fuel and, petrochemical feedstock.

Stocks: See Coal Stocks, Crude Oil Stocks, or Petroleum Stocks, Primary.

**Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR):** Petroleum stocks maintained by the Federal Government for use during periods of major supply interruption.

**Subbituminous Coal:** A coal whose properties range from those of lignite to those of bituminous coal and used primarily as fuel for steam-electric power generation. It may be dull, dark brown to black, soft and crumbly, at the lower end of the range, to bright, jet black, hard, and relatively strong, at the upper end. Subbituminous coal contains 20 to 30 percent inherent moisture by weight. The heat content of subbituminous coal ranges from 17 to 24 million **Btu** per short ton on a moist, mineral-matter-free basis. The heat content of subbituminous coal consumed in the United States averages 17 to 18 million Btu per ton, on the as-received basis (i.e., containing both inherent moisture and mineral matter).

**Supplemental Gaseous Fuels:** Synthetic natural gas, propane-air, coke oven gas, refinery gas, biomass gas, air injected for Btu stabilization, and manufactured gas commingled and distributed with natural gas.

**Synthetic Natural Gas (SNG):** (Also referred to as substitute natural gas) A manufactured product, chemically similar in most respects to **natural gas**, resulting from the conversion or reforming of **hydrocarbons** that may easily be substituted for or interchanged with pipeline-quality natural gas.

Thermal Conversion Factor: A factor for converting data between physical units of measure (such as **barrels**, **cubic feet**, or **short tons**) and thermal units of measure (such as **British thermal units**, calories, or joules); or for converting data between different thermal units of measure. See **Btu Conversion Factor**. **Total Energy Consumption:** Primary energy consumption in the end-use sectors, plus electricity retail sales and electrical system energy losses.

**Transportation Sector:** An energy-consuming sector that consists of all vehicles whose primary purpose is transporting people and/or goods from one physical location to another. Included are automobiles; trucks; buses; motorcycles; trains, subways, and other rail vehicles; aircraft; and ships, barges, and other waterborne vehicles. Vehicles whose primary purpose is not transportation (e.g., construction cranes and bulldozers, farming vehicles, and warehouse tractors and forklifts) are classified in the sector of their primary use. Note: Various EIA programs differ in sectoral coverage-for more information see

http://www.eia.gov/neic/datadefinitions/Guideforwebtrans.htm See End-Use Sectors and Energy-Use Sectors.

**Underground Storage:** The storage of natural gas in underground reservoirs at a different location from which it was produced.

**Unfinished Oils:** All oils requiring further refinery processing except those requiring only mechanical blending. Includes naphthas and lighter oils, kerosene and light gas oils, heavy gas oils, and residuum.

**Unfractionated Stream:** Mixtures of unsegregated natural gas liquid components, excluding those in plant condensate. This product is extracted from natural gas.

Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (U.S.S.R.): A political entity that consisted of 15 constituent republics: Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Estonia, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Moldova, Russia, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, and Uzbekistan. The U.S.S.R. ceased to exist as of December 31, 1991.

**United States:** The 50 States and the District of Columbia. Note: The United States has varying degrees of jurisdiction over a number of territories and other political entities outside the 50 States and the District of Columbia, including Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, Johnston Atoll, Midway Islands, Wake Island, and the Northern Mariana Islands. EIA data programs may include data from some or all of these areas in U.S. totals. For these programs, data products will contain notes explaining the extent of geographic coverage included under the term "United States."

**Useful Thermal Output:** The thermal energy made available in a combined-heat-and-power system for use in any industrial or commercial process, heating or cooling application, or delivered to other end users, i.e., total thermal energy made available for processes and applications other than electrical generation.

U.S.S.R.: See Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (U.S.S.R.).

**Vented Natural Gas:** Gas released into the air on the production site or at processing plants.

**Vessel Bunkering:** Includes sales for the fueling of commercial or private boats, such as pleasure craft, fishing boats, tugboats, and ocean-going vessels, including vessels operated by oil companies. Excluded are volumes sold to the U.S. Armed Forces.

**Waste Coal:** Usable material that is a byproduct of previous **coal** processing operations. Waste coal is usually composed of mixed coal, soil, and rock (mine waste). Most waste coal is burned as-is in unconventional fluidized-bed combustors. For some uses, waste coal may be partially cleaned by removing some extraneous noncombustible constituents. Examples of waste coal include fine coal, coal obtained from a refuse bank or slurry dam, anthracite culm, bituminous gob, and lignite waste.

#### Waste: See Biomass Waste and Non-Biomass Waste.

Watt (W): The unit of electrical power equal to one ampere under a pressure of one volt. A watt is equal to 1/746 horse-power.

Watthour (Wh): The electrical energy unit of measure equal to one watt of power supplied to, or taken from, an electric circuit steadily for one hour.

**Waxes:** Solid or semisolid material derived from petroleum distillates or residues. Waxes are light-colored, more or less translucent crystalline masses, slightly greasy to the touch, consisting of a mixture of solid hydrocarbons in which the paraffin series predominates. Included are all marketable waxes, whether crude scale or fully refined. Waxes are used primarily as industrial coating for surface protection.

**Wellhead Price:** The value of crude oil or natural gas at the mouth of the well.

**Wind Energy:** Kinetic energy present in wind motion that can be converted to mechanical energy for driving pumps, mills, and electric power generators.

**Wood and Wood-Derived Fuels:** Wood and products derived from wood that are used as fuel, including round wood (cord wood), limb wood, wood chips, bark, sawdust, forest residues, charcoal, paper pellets, railroad ties, utility poles, **black liquor**, red liquor, sludge wood, spent sulfite liquor, and other wood-based solids and liquids.

**Working Gas:** The volume of gas in a reservoir that is in addition to the base gas. It may or may not be completely withdrawn during any particular withdrawal season. Conditions permitting, the total working capacity could be used more than once during any season.