

## **Monthly Energy Review**

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# **Monthly Energy Review**

# December 2005

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Washington, DC 20585

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## **Section 1. Energy Overview**

Energy production during September 2005 totaled 5.4 quadrillion Btu, a 5.1-percent decrease compared with the level of production during September 2004. Production of natural gas (dry) decreased 7.2 percent; crude oil decreased 16.8 percent; conventional hydroelectric power decreased 15.0 percent; coal increased 1.6 percent; and nuclear electric power increased 1.2 percent, compared with the level of production during September 2004.

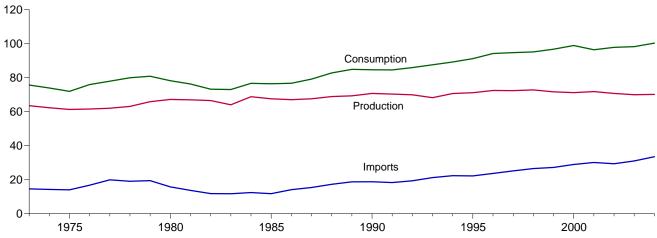
Energy consumption during September 2005 totaled 7.8 quadrillion Btu, a 0.9-percent decrease compared with the level of consumption during September 2004.

Consumption of conventional hydroelectric power decreased 15.0 percent; coal increased 4.5 percent; natural gas decreased 4.0 percent; petroleum decreased 2.1 percent; and nuclear electric power increased 1.2 percent, compared with the level 1 year earlier.

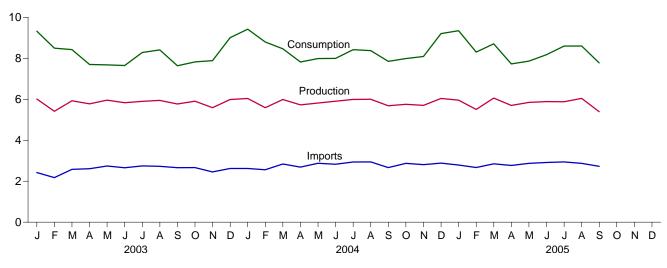
Net imports of energy during September 2005 totaled 2.4 quadrillion Btu, 4.0 percent above the level of net imports 1 year earlier. Petroleum products net imports increased 55.6 percent; natural gas net imports increased 6.9 percent; crude oil net imports decreased 6.3 percent; and coal net exports increased 5.0 percent, compared with the level in September 2004.

Figure 1.1 Energy Overview (Quadrillion Btu)

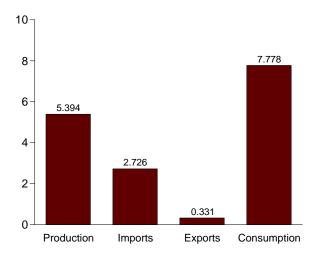
Consumption, Production, and Imports, 1973-2004



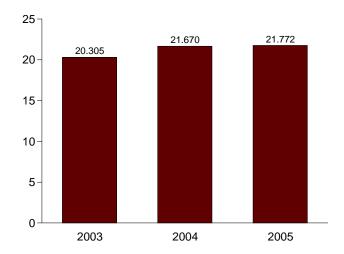
Consumption, Production, and Imports, Monthly



Overview, September 2005



Net Imports, January-September



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html.

Sources: Tables 1.1 and 1.4.

**Table 1.1 Energy Overview** 

(Quadrillion Btu)

	Production	Imports	Exports	Adjustments <sup>a</sup>	Consumption
973 Total	63.585	14.613	2.033	-0.456	75.708
75 Total	61.357	14.032	2.323	-1.067	71.999
	67.241	15.796	3.695	-1.054	78.289
80 Total					
85 Total	67.647	11.781	4.196	1.238	76.469
90 Total	70.765	18.817	4.752	126	84.704
95 Total	71.184	22.260	4.511	2.315	91.250
996 Total	72.504	23.702	4.633	2.683	94.256
997 Total	72.430	25.215	4.514	1.637	94.768
998 Total	72.833	26.581	4.299	.078	95.192
999 Total	71.714	27.252	3.715	1.585	96.836
000 Total	71.274	28.973	4.006	2.720	98.961
001 Total	71.884	30.157	3.770	-1.798	96.472
002 Total	70.763	29.406	3.661	1.369	97.877
<b>003</b> January	6.010	2.423	.376	1.267	9.324
February	5.414	2.175	.298	1.203	8.495
March	5.925	2.580	.313	.232	8.424
April	5.777	2.610	.330	358	7.699
May	5.958	2.744	.355	667	7.681
June	5.831	2.658	.350	493	7.647
July	5.899	2.747	.338	026	8.283
August	5.944	2.726	.334	.074	8.409
September	5.769	2.661	.324	470	7.635
October	5.904	2.663	.350	395	7.822
November	5.588	2.453	.339	.184	7.886
December	5.989	2.621	.346	.744	9.007
Total	70.008	31.060	4.054	1.296	98.311
<b>004</b> January	<sup>R</sup> 6.040	2.623	.299	<sup>R</sup> 1.057	<sup>R</sup> 9.421
February	R 5.589	2.561	.312	R .955	R 8.794
March	R 5.988	2.842	.388	R .021	R 8.463
April	R 5.726	2.688	.410	R185	7.819
•	R 5.814			R310	<sup>R</sup> 7.988
May		2.875	.390		
June	R 5.905	2.831	.390	R351	7.995
July	<sup>R</sup> 5.994	2.939	.372	<sup>R</sup> 141	<sup>R</sup> 8.419
August	<sup>R</sup> 6.001	2.943	.375	<sup>R</sup> 194	<sup>R</sup> 8.375
September	<sup>R</sup> 5.685	2.665	.362	<sup>R</sup> 136	<sup>R</sup> 7.852
October	<sup>R</sup> 5.753	2.872	.351	<sup>R</sup> 287	<sup>R</sup> 7.988
November	<sup>R</sup> 5.704	2.811	.350	<sup>R</sup> 076	R 8.089
December	R 6.040	2.883	.434	R .716	R 9.205
Total	<sup>R</sup> 70.239	33.535	4.433	R 1.068	R 100.408
<b>005</b> January	<sup>R</sup> 5.957	2.788	.368	R .968	<sup>R</sup> 9.346
February	R 5.502	2.667	.378	R .513	R 8.304
March	R 6.057	2.848	.417	R .218	R 8.707
April	<sup>R</sup> 5.701	2.770	.412	R332	<sup>R</sup> 7.726
May	R 5.848	2.770	.448	332 R411	R 7.863
June	R 5.887	2.916	.463	R164	R 8.175
July	R 5.877	2.941	.402	R .183	R 8.598
August	<sup>R</sup> 6.041	<sup>R</sup> 2.873	<sup>R</sup> .411	R .097	<sup>R</sup> 8.601
September	5.394	2.726	.331	010	7.778
9-Month Total	52.264	25.403	3.631	1.061	75.097
004 9-Month Total	52.741	24.968	3.299	.715	75.126
003 9-Month Total	52.527	23.324	3.019	.764	73.596

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> A balancing item. Includes stock changes, losses, gains, miscellaneous blending components, and unaccounted-for supply. R=Revised.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see

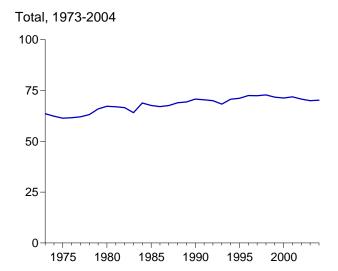
http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html.
Sources: • Production: Table 1.2. • Consumption: Table 1.3. • Imports and Exports: Tables 3.1a, 3.1b, 4.3, 6.1, 7.1, A2-A6, and Section 2, "Energy Consumption Notes and Sources," Note 5.

Notes: • For definitions, see Notes 1 through 4 at end of section.

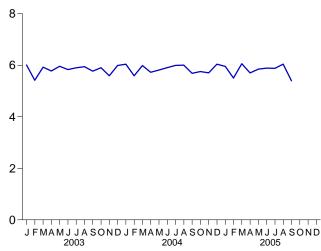
<sup>•</sup> Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

<sup>•</sup> Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

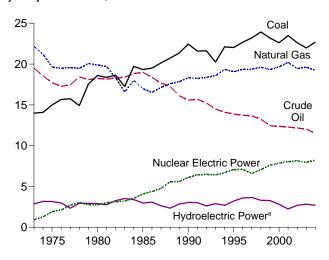
Figure 1.2 Energy Production (Quadrillion Btu)



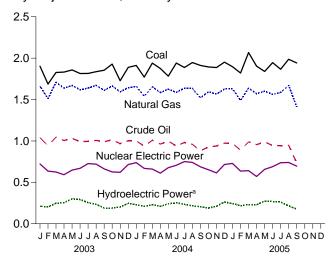




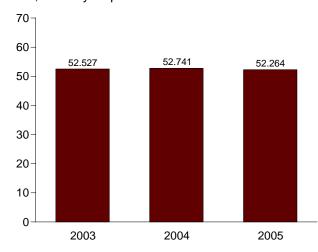
By Major Sources, 1973-2004



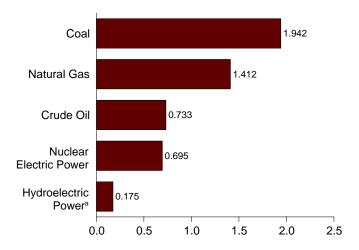
By Major Sources, Monthly



Total, January-September



By Major Sources, September 2005



<sup>a</sup>Conventional hydroelectric power.

Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html. Source: Table 1.2.

**Table 1.2 Energy Production by Source** 

(Quadrillion Btu)

		F	ossil Fuels	;			Renewable Energy <sup>a</sup>						
	Coal	Natural Gas (Dry)	Crude Oil <sup>b</sup>	<b>NGPL</b> <sup>©</sup>	Total	Nuclear Electric Power	Hydro- electric Power <sup>d</sup>	Bio- mass <sup>e</sup>	Geo- thermal	Solar	Wind	Total	Total
1973 Total	13.992	22.187	19.493	2.569	58.241	0.910	2.861	1.529	0.043	NA	NA	4.433	63.585
1975 Total	14.989	19.640	17.729	2.374	54.733	1.900	3.155	1.499	.070	NA	NA	4.723	61.357
1980 Total	18.598	19.908	18.249	2.254	59.008	2.739	2.900	2.485	.110	NA	NA	5.494	67.241
1985 Total	19.325	16.980	18.992	2.241	57.539	4.076	2.970	2.864	.198	(s)	(s)	6.033	67.647
1990 Total	22.456	18.326	15.571	2.175	58.529	6.104	3.046	2.662	.336	.060	.029	6.133	70.765
1995 Total	22.029	19.082	13.887	2.442	57.440	7.075	3.205	3.068	.294	.070	.033	6.669	71.184
1996 Total	22.684	19.344	13.723	2.530	58.281	7.087	3.590	3.127	.316	.071	.033	7.137	72.504
1997 Total	23.211 23.935	19.394 19.613	13.658 13.235	2.495 2.420	58.758 59.204	6.597 7.068	3.640 3.297	3.006 2.835	.325 .328	.070 .070	.034 .031	7.075 6.561	72.430 72.833
1998 Total	23.186	19.341	12.451	2.528	57.505	7.610	3.268	2.885	.320	.069	.046	6.599	71.714
2000 Total	22.623	19.662	12.358	2.611	57.254	7.862	2.811	2.907	.317	.066	.057	6.158	71.274
2001 Total	23.490	20.205	12.282	2.547	58.523	8.033	2.242	2.640	.311	.065	.070	5.328	71.884
2002 Total	22.622	19.439	12.163	2.559	56.783	8.143	2.689	2.649	.328	.064	.105	5.836	70.763
2003 January	1.902	1.661	1.040	.204	4.807	.721	.211	.229	.029	.005	.006	.481	6.010
February	1.686	1.510	.940	.190	4.327	.635	.203	.211	.027	.005	.008	.452	5.414
March	1.827	1.709	1.046	.200	4.782	.625	.248	.226	.029	.005	.011	.518	5.925
April	1.832	1.636	1.005	.191	4.664	.592	.254	.224	.027	.005	.011	.521	5.777
May	1.857	1.671	1.031	.181	4.740	.648	.301	.225	.028	.006	.010	.570	5.958
June	1.814	1.618	.992	.177	4.602	.669	.293	.222	.029	.006	.011	.560	5.831
July	1.815	1.639	.994	.191	4.638	.726	.254	.237	.029	.006	.010	.535	5.899
August	1.836	1.671	1.006	.197	4.711	.719	.235	.236	.029	.006	.008	.514	5.944
September	1.854 1.928	1.610 1.665	.989 1.013	.198 .211	4.651 4.817	.663 .625	.189 .189	.223 .230	.028 .028	.005 .005	.009	.455 .462	5.769 5.904
October November	1.727	1.592	.968	.211	4.617	.625 .621	.202	.230	.028	.005	.009	.462 .474	5.588
December	1.889	1.644	1.003	.200	4.736	.715	.246	.246	.030	.005	.010	.538	5.989
Total	21.970	19.626	12.026	2.346	55.968	7.959	2.825	2.739	.339	.064	.115	6.081	70.008
<b>2004</b> January	1.912	RE 1.658	1.002	.208	R 4.780	R .738	R .230	R .245	.030	.005	R .010	R .521	R 6.040
February	1.771	RE 1.539	.935	.194	R 4.439	R .668	R .210	R .228	R .029	.005	R .010	R .481	R 5.589
March	1.940	<sup>RE</sup> 1.654	1.008	.211	R 4.813	.660	R .230	R .238	R .029	.005	.013	R .515	R 5.988
April	1.876	<sup>RE</sup> 1.585	.962	.199	R 4.621	R .611	R .209	R .238	R .028	.005	.013	.493	R 5.726
May	1.783	RE 1.625	.998	.206	<sup>R</sup> 4.611	R .677	R .241	.234	R .029	.006	.017	R .526	<sup>R</sup> 5.814
June	1.941	RE 1.586	.939	.194	R 4.660	R .706	R .253	R .237	R .029	.006	.014	R .538	R 5.905
July	1.887	RE 1.638	.981	.209	R 4.715	R .750	R .234	R .247	R .030	.006	R .012	R .528	R 5.994
August	1.947	RE 1.633	.959	.215	R 4.754	R .741	R .216	R .244	R .030	.006	R .011	R .506	R 6.001
September	1.912	<sup>RE</sup> 1.521 <sup>RE</sup> 1.593	.881	.201	<sup>R</sup> 4.515 <sup>R</sup> 4.624	<sup>R</sup> .687 <sup>R</sup> .652	<sup>R</sup> .206 <sup>R</sup> .189	R .233 R .243	R .028 R .030	.005	.011	R .483	R 5.685
October November	1.893 1.886	RE 1.593	.927 .939	.210 .209	R 4.624	.615	R .210	R .237	R .030	.005	.010 R .009	.478 R .490	<sup>R</sup> 5.753 <sup>R</sup> 5.704
December	1.951	RE 1.627	.939	.209	R 4.762	R .715	R .263	.257 R .254	R .030	.005	.009	R .563	R 6.040
Total	22.699	RE 19.226	11.503	2.466	R 55.894	R 8.222	R 2.690	R 2.879	R .349	.063	R .142	R 6.123	R 70.239
2005 January	1.897	<sup>RE</sup> 1.631	E .970	.209	R 4.707	.728	R .244	R .234	R .030	.005	R .009	R .523	<sup>R</sup> 5.957
February	1.820	RE 1.489	E .888	.194	R 4.391	.635	R .218	R .219	R .026	.005	R .008	R .476	R 5.502
March	2.067	<sup>RE</sup> 1.638	E .988	.215	R 4.909	.641	R .232	R .228	.029	.005	R .013	R .507	R 6.057
April	1.903	RE 1.571	E .955	.204	R 4.634	R .571	R .229	R .219	R .029	.005	R .014	R .497	R 5.701
May	1.839	RE 1.601	E .988	.213	R 4.641	.656	R .273	R .227	R .031	.006	R .015	R .551	R 5.848
June	1.946	E 1.562	E.944	.199	4.652	.689	R .268	R .225	R .030	.006	.016	R .545	<sup>R</sup> 5.887
July	R 1.865	RE 1.586	E .943	.202	R 4.596	.737	R .261	R .235	R .031	.006	R .012	R .544	R 5.877
August	R 1.986	RE 1.672	E .948	.198	R 4.804	.740	R .216	R .236	.030	.006	R .009	R .498	R 6.041
September 9-Month Total	1.942 <b>17.266</b>	E 1.412 E <b>14.163</b>	E .733 E <b>8.358</b>	.165 <b>1.798</b>	4.252 <b>41.585</b>	.695 <b>6.092</b>	.175 <b>2.118</b>	.223 <b>2.046</b>	.030 <b>.266</b>	.005 <b>.048</b>	.013 <b>.110</b>	.446 <b>4.587</b>	5.394 <b>52.264</b>
	16.968	E 14.440	8.664				2.029		.261		.110	4.593	
2004 9-Month Total 2003 9-Month Total	16.425	14.725	9.042	1.837 1.730	41.909 41.922	6.240 5.997	2.029 2.188	2.145 2.033	.254	.048 .048	.084	4.593 4.607	52.741 52.527

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> End-use consumption and electricity net generation.

R=Revised. E=Estimate. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • See Note 1, "Energy Production," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html.

Sources: • Coal: Tables 6.1 and A5. • Natural Gas (Dry): Tables 4.1 and A4. • Crude Oil and Natural Gas Plant Liquids: Tables 3.1a and A2. • Nuclear Electric Power: Tables 7.2a and A6 ("Nuclear Plants" heat rate). • Renewable Energy: Table 10.1.

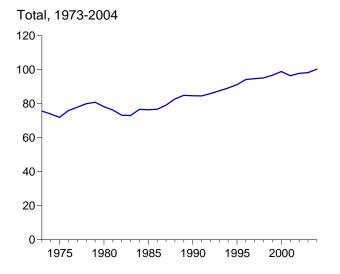
b Includes lease condensate.

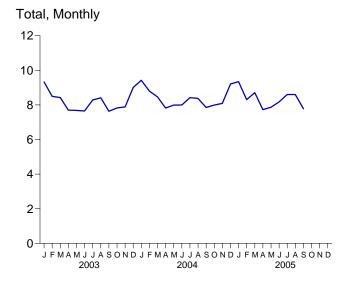
C. Natural gas plant liquids.

d Conventional hydroelectric power.

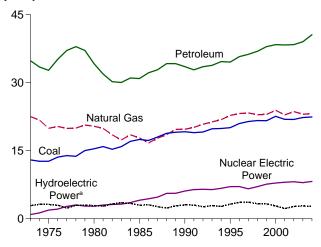
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> Wood, waste, and alcohol fuels (ethanol blended into motor gasoline).

Figure 1.3 Energy Consumption (Quadrillion Btu)

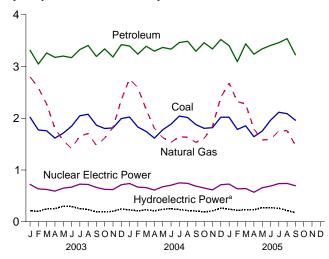




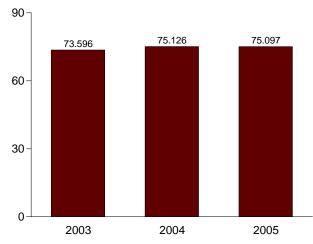




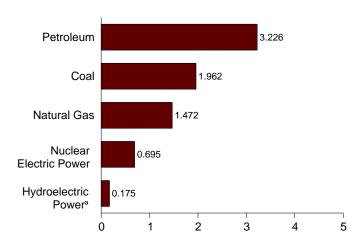
By Major Sources, Monthly



Total, January-September



By Major Sources, September 2005



<sup>a</sup>Conventional hydroelectric power.

Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html.

Source: Table 1.3.

**Table 1.3 Energy Consumption by Source** 

(Quadrillion Btu)

		Fossil	Fuels									
	Coal	Natural Gas <sup>b</sup>	Petro- leum <sup>c,d</sup>	Totale	Nuclear Electric Power	Hydro- electric Power <sup>f</sup>	Bio- mass <sup>d,g</sup>	Geo- thermal	Solar	Wind	Total	Total <sup>d,h</sup>
1973 Total	12.971	22.512	34.840	70.316	0.910	2.861	1.529	0.043	NA	NA	4.433	75.708
1975 Total	12.663	19.948	32.731	65.355	1.900	3.155	1.499	.070	NA	NA	4.723	71.999
1980 Total		20.394	34.202	69.984	2.739	2.900	2.485	.110	NA	NA	5.494	78.289
1985 Total	17.478	17.834	30.922	66.221	4.076	2.970	2.864	.198	(s)	(s)	6.033	76.469
1990 Total	19.173	19.730	33.553	72.460	6.104	3.046	2.662	.336	.060	.029	6.133	84.704
1995 Total	20.089	22.784	34.553	77.488	7.075	3.205	3.068	.294	.070	.033	6.669	91.250
1996 Total	21.002	23.197	35.757	79.979	7.087	3.590	3.127	.316	.071	.033	7.137	94.256
1997 Total		23.328	36.266	81.086	6.597	3.640	3.006	.325	.070	.034	7.075	94.768
1998 Total	21.656	22.936	36.934	81.592	7.068	3.297	2.835	.328	.070	.031	6.561	95.192
1999 Total	21.623	23.010	37.960	82.650	7.610	3.268	2.885	.331	.069	.046	6.599	96.836
2000 Total		23.916	38.404	84.965	7.862	2.811	2.907	.317	.066	.057	6.158	98.961
2001 Total		22.906	38.333	83.182	8.033	2.242	2.640	.311	.065	.070	5.328	96.472
2002 Total	21.904	23.628	38.401	83.994	8.143	2.689	2.649	.328	.064	.105	5.836	97.877
2003 January	2.019	2.800	3.314	8.134	.721	.211	.229	.029	.005	.006	.481	9.324
February	1.774	2.589	3.046	7.423	.635	.203	.211	.027	.005	.008	.452	8.495
March	1.757	2.276	3.262	7.299	.625	.248	.226	.029	.005	.011	.518	8.424
April	1.617	1.805	3.177	6.602	.592	.254	.224	.027	.005	.011	.521	7.699
May	1.710	1.567	3.202	6.481	.648	.301	.225	.028	.006	.010	.570	7.681
June	1.845	1.415	3.171	6.435	.669	.293	.222	.029	.006	.011	.560	7.647
July	2.046	1.653	3.326	7.031	.726	.254	.237	.029	.006	.010	.535	8.283
August	2.077	1.704	3.408	7.190	.719	.235	.236	.029	.006	.008	.514	8.409
September	1.866	1.475	3.193	6.537	.663	.189	.223	.028	.005	.009	.455	7.635
October	1.802 1.813	1.615	3.341	6.762	.625	.189	.230 .230	.028	.005 .005	.009	.462 .474	7.822
November	1.994	1.817 2.355	3.184 3.423	6.817 7.778	.621 .715	.202 .246	.230	.027 .030	.005	.010 .011	.538	7.886 9.007
December Total	22.321	2.355 <b>23.069</b>	3.423 <b>39.047</b>	84.487	7.959	2.825	2.739	.339	.005 .064	.115	6.081	9.007 <b>98.311</b>
2004 January	R 2.024	R 2.761	3.396	<sup>R</sup> 8.185	R .738	R .230	R .245	.030	.005	R .010	<sup>R</sup> .521	<sup>R</sup> 9.421
February	R 1.830	R 2.591	3.238	R 7.668	R .668	R .210	R .228	R .029	.005	R .010	R .481	R 8.794
March	R 1.745	R 2.168	3.392	R 7.315	.660	R .230	R .238	R .029	.005	.013	R .515	R 8.463
April	R 1.615	R 1.803	3.297	R 6.739	R .611	R .209	R .238	R .028	.005	.013	.493	7.819
May	R 1.778	R 1.625	3.369	<sup>R</sup> 6.810	R .677	R .241	.234	R .029	.006	.017	R .526	<sup>R</sup> 7.988
June	R 1.885	R 1.534	3.335	R 6.775	R .706	R .253	R .237	R .029	.006	.014	R .538	7.995
July	R 2.041	<sup>R</sup> 1.641	3.463	<sup>R</sup> 7.154	R .750	R .234	R .247	R .030	.006	R .012	R .528	<sup>R</sup> 8.419
August	R 2.014	R 1.633	3.487	<sup>R</sup> 7.141	R .741	R .216	R .244	R .030	.006	R .011	R .506	R 8.375
September	<sup>R</sup> 1.877	R 1.533	3.295	R 6.703	R .687	R .206	R .233	R .028	.005	.011	R .483	<sup>R</sup> 7.852
October	R 1.805	R 1.610	3.460	R 6.881	R .652	R .189	R .243	R .030	.005	.010	.478	<sup>R</sup> 7.988
November	R 1.818	R 1.843	3.339	R 7.006	.615	R .210	R .237	R .029	.005	R .009	R .490	R 8.089
December	R 2.019	R 2.400	3.521	R 7.948	R .715	R .263	R .254	R .030	.005	.012	R .563	R 9.205
Total	R 22.451	R 23.141	40.594	R 86.323	R 8.222	R 2.690	R 2.879	R .349	.063	R .142	<sup>R</sup> 6.123	<sup>R</sup> 100.408
<b>2005</b> January	R 2.021	R 2.682	3.404	R 8.117	.728	R .244	R .234	R .030	.005	R .009	R .523	R 9.346
February	R 1.783	R 2.321	3.093	R 7.211	.635	R .218	R .219	R .026	.005	R .008	R .476	R 8.304
March	R 1.853	R 2.275	3.438	R 7.576	.641	R .232	R .228	.029	.005	R .013	R .507	R 8.707
April	R 1.642	R 1.790	3.239	R 6.677	R .571	R .229	R .219	R .029	.005	R .014	R .497	R 7.726
May	1.753	R 1.579	3.340	R 6.677	.656	R .273	R .227	R .031	.006	R .015	R .551	R 7.863
June	R 1.961	R 1.595	3.408	R 6.964	.689	R .268	R .225	R .030	.006	.016	R .545	R 8.175
July	R 2.117	R 1.755	3.459	R 7.336	.737	R .261	R .235	R .031	.006	R .012	R .544	R 8.598
August	R 2.088	R 1.760	3.538	R 7.383	.740	R .216	R .236	.030	.006	R .009	R .498	<sup>R</sup> 8.601
September 9-Month Total	1.962 <b>17.181</b>	1.472 <b>17.229</b>	3.226 <b>30.145</b>	6.657 <b>64.598</b>	.695 <b>6.092</b>	.175 <b>2.118</b>	.223 <b>2.046</b>	.030 <b>.266</b>	.005 <b>.048</b>	.013 <b>.110</b>	.446 <b>4.587</b>	7.778 <b>75.097</b>
2004 9-Month Total	16.808	17.289	30.274	64.489	6.240	2.029	2.145	.261	.048	.110	4.593	75.126
2003 9-Month Total		17.282	29.100	63.130	5.997	2.188	2.033	.254	.048	.084	4.607	73.596

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> End-use consumption and electricity net generation.

separately displayed. See Table 1.4.

R=Revised. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • See Note 2, "Energy Consumption," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html.

Sources: • Coal: Tables 6.1 and A5. • Natural Gas: Tables 4.1 and A4. • Petroleum: Tables 3.1b and A3. • Nuclear Electric Power: Tables 7.2a and A6 ("Nuclear Plants" heat rate). • Renewable Energy: Table 10.1. • Net Imports of Coal Coke and Electricity: Table 1.4.

b Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels that cannot be identified separately.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Petroleum products supplied, including natural gas plant liquids and crude oil burned as fuel. Beginning in 1993, also includes ethanol blended into motor

gasoline.

<sup>d</sup> Beginning in 1993, ethanol blended into motor gasoline is included in both "Petroleum" and "Biomass," but is counted only once in total consumption.

Includes coal coke net imports. See Table 1.4.

f Conventional hydroelectric power.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Wood, waste, and alcohol fuels (ethanol blended into motor gasoline).

h Includes coal coke net imports and electricity net imports, which are not

Figure 1.4 Energy Net Imports

(Quadrillion Btu, Except as noted)

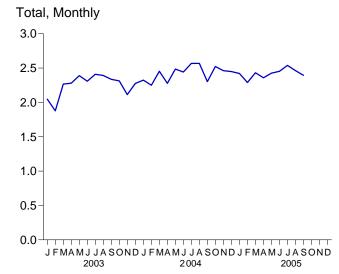


1985

1990

1995

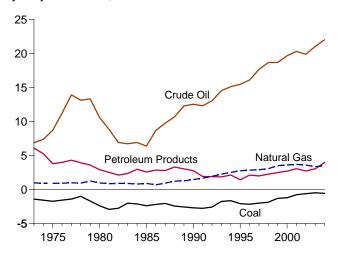
2000



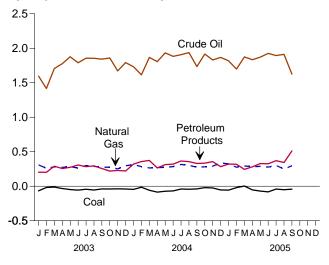
By Major Sources, 1973-2004

1980

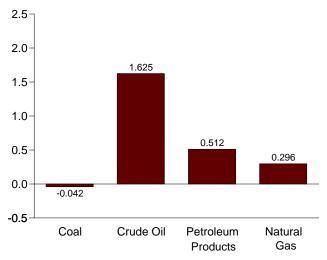
1975



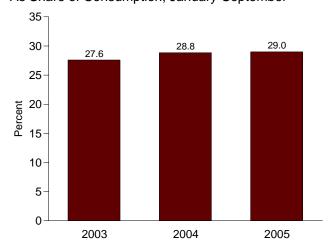
By Major Sources, Monthly



By Major Sources, September 2005



As Share of Consumption, January-September



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html.

Sources: Tables 1.3 and 1.4.

Table 1.4 Energy Net Imports by Source

(Quadrillion Btu)

	Coal	Coal Coke	Natural Gas	Crude Oil <sup>a</sup>	Petroleum Products <sup>b</sup>	Electricity	Total
973 Total	-1.422	-0.007	0.981	6.883	6.097	0.049	12.580
975 Total	-1.738	.014	.904	8.708	3.800	.021	11.709
80 Total	-2.391	035	.957	10.586	2.912	.071	12.101
			.896				
85 Total	-2.389	013		6.381	2.570	.140	7.584
90 Total	-2.705	.005	1.464	12.536	2.757	.008	14.065
95 Total	-2.081	.061	2.745	15.469	1.422	.134	17.750
96 Total	-2.165	.023	2.847	16.108	2.119	.137	19.069
97 Total	-2.006	.046	2.904	17.648	1.993	.116	20.701
98 Total	-1.874	.067	3.064	18.684	2.252	.088	22.281
99 Total	-1.298	.058	3.500	18.686	2.493	.099	23.537
000 Total	-1.215	.065	3.623	19.676	2.701	.115	24.967
01 Total	771	.029	3.691	20.305	3.056	.075	26.386
02 Total	610	.061	3.583	19.901	2.732	.078	25.745
<b>03</b> January	067	.001	.309	1.596	.203	.005	2.047
February	018	.013	.260	1.416	.202	.004	1.877
March	012	.004	.280	1.706	.290	001	2.266
April	033	.004	.273	1.776	.257	.003	2.280
May	048	.002	.284	1.876	.274	.001	2.389
June	057	.004	.262	1.790	.308	.001	2.308
July	044	.005	.300	1.856	.283	.010	2.409
August	055	.001	.288	1.854	.295	.008	2.392
September	039	.004	.275	1.842	.256	002	2.336
October	040	.004	.276	1.860	.219	006	2.313
November	038	.003	.252	1.671	.228	003	2.114
December	040	.003	.296	1.792	.221	.001	2.114
Total	491	.006 . <b>051</b>	3.356	21.034	3.035	.022	2.273 <b>27.007</b>
10tai	451	.031	3.330	21.034	3.033	.022	21.001
<b>004</b> January	046	.004	.314	1.732	.320	(s)	2.325
February	015	.009	.283	1.615	.357	(s)	2.250
March	059	.010	.265	1.867	.374	003	2.454
April	086	.024	.270	1.805	.265	(s)	2.278
May	072	.037	.273	1.933	.313	.001	2.484
June	069	.020	.285	1.882	.320	.002	2.441
July	040	.009	.316	1.906	.366	.010	2.567
August	044	.007	.300	1.937	.356	.012	2.568
September	040	002	.277	1.734	.329	.003	2.303
October	021	.006	.282	1.917	.334	.003	2.522
	026	.006	.290	1.830	.357	.005	2.462
November							
December	055	.008	.339	1.867	.283	.005	2.448
Total	571	.138	3.495	22.025	3.976	.039	29.101
005 January	056	.011	E .321	1.818	.322	.005	2.421
February	021	.013	E .275	1.698	.319	.006	2.289
March	.002	.009	E.294	1.874	.244	.008	2.431
April	053	.006	E.283	1.834	.281	.006	2.358
May	071	.005	E.287	1.871	.329	.005	2.426
June	082	.001	E .277	1.926	.325	.005	2.452
July	041	.005	E.300	1.894	.370	.010	2.538
August	050	004	RE .249	1.911	.344	.012	R 2.462
September	042	003	E.296	1.625	.512	.007	2.394
9-Month Total	414	.044	E 2.581	16.450	3.046	.064	21.772
004 9-Month Total	470	.118	2.584	16.412	3.001	.025	21.670
003 9-Month Total	373	.037	2.532	15.712	2.367	.030	20.305

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Crude oil and lease condensate. Includes imports into the Strategic Petroleum Reserve, which began in 1977.

b Petroleum products, unfinished oils, pentanes plus, and gasoline blending

independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of

Sources: • Coal: Tables 6.1 and A5. • Coal Coke: Section 2, "Energy Consumption Notes and Sources," Note 5, and Table A5. • Natural Gas: Tables 4.1 and A4. • Crude Oil and Petroleum Products: Tables 3.1a, 3.1b, A2, and A3. • Electricity: Tables 7.1 and A6.

components.

R=Revised. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than +0.5 trillion Btu and greater than -0.5 trillion Btu.

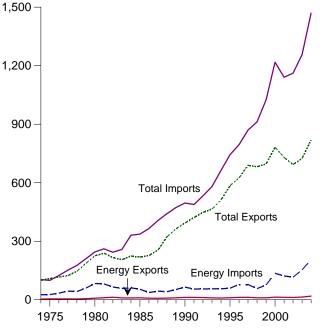
Notes: • See Note 3, "Energy Imports," and 4, "Energy Exports," at end of section. • Net imports equal imports minus exports. Minus sign indicates exports are greater than imports. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to

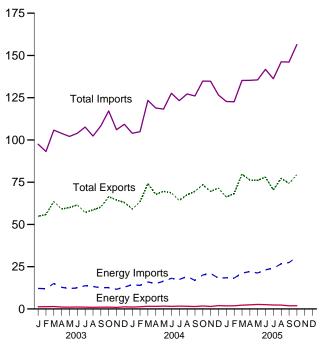
For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html.

Figure 1.5 **Merchandise Trade Value** (Billion Dollars)



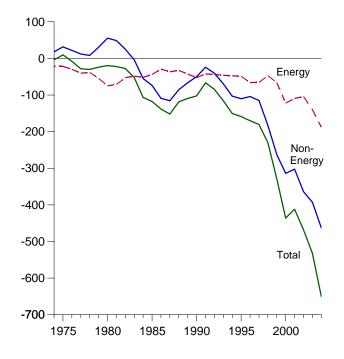
# Imports and Exports, Monthly

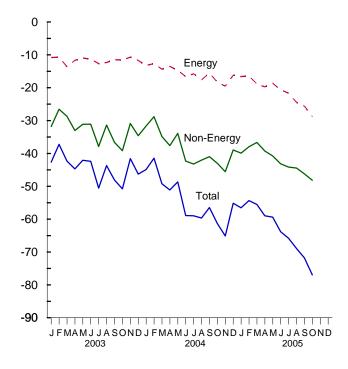




Trade Balance, 1974-2004

Trade Balance, Monthly





Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html. Source: Table 1.5.

**Table 1.5 Merchandise Trade Value** 

(Million Dollars)

		Petroleum	ıa T		Energyb	T	Non- Energy	Total Merchandise			
	Exports	Imports	Balance	Exports	Imports	Balance	Balance	Exports	Imports	Balance	
1974 Total	792	24,668	-23,876	3,444	25,454	-22,010	18,126	99,437	103,321	-3,884	
1975 Total	907	25,197	-24,289	4,470	26,476	-22,006	31,557	108,856	99,305	9,551	
1980 Total	2.833	78,637	-75,803	7,982	82,924	-74,942	55,246	225,566	245,262	-19,696	
1985 Total	4.707	50,475	-45,768	9,971	53,917	-43,946	-73,765	218,815	336,526	-117,712	
1990 Total	6,901	61,583	-54,682	12,233	64,661	-52,428	-50,068	393,592	496,088	-102,496	
1995 Total	6,321	54,368	-48.047	10,358	59.109	-48,751	-110.050	584,742	743,543	-158,801	
	,	,	- , -		,	,	-104,309	,	,	,	
1996 Total	7,984	72,022	-64,038	12,181	78,086	-65,905		625,075	795,289	-170,214	
1997 Total	8,592	71,152	-62,560	12,682	78,277	-65,595	-114,927	689,182	869,704	-180,522	
1998 Total	6,574	50,264	-43,690	10,251	57,323	-47,072	-182,686	682,138	911,896	-229,758	
1999 Total	7,118	67,173	-60,055	9,880	75,803	-65,923	-262,898	695,797	1,024,618	-328,821	
2000 Total	10,192	119,251	-109,059	13,179	135,367	-122,188	-313,916	781,918	1,218,022	-436,104	
2001 Total	8,868	102,747	-93,879	12,494	121,923	-109,429	-302,470	729,100	1,140,999	-411,899	
2002 Total	8,569	102,663	-94,094	11,541	115,748	-104,207	-364,056	693,103	1,161,366	-468,263	
<b>2003</b> January	1,028	10,435	-9,407	1,302	12,129	-10,827	-31,810	54,854	97,491	-42,637	
February	983	10,258	-9,275	1,331	12,018	-10,687	-26,550	55,917	93,154	-37,237	
March	991	12,634	-11,643	1,467	15,086	-13,619	-28,699	63,524	105,842	-42,318	
April	868	11,095	-10,227	1,111	12,796	-11,685	-33,022	59,162	103,869	-44,707	
May	837	10,399	-9,562	1,072	12,030	-10,958	-31,127	59,983	102,068	-42,085	
June	834	10,790	-9,956	1,163	12,460	-11,297	-31,090	61,570	103,958	-42,387	
July	787	11,844	-11,057	1,060	13,732	-12,672	-37,889	57,070	107,631	-50,561	
August	748	11,595	-10,847	969	13,300	-12,331	-31,365	58,611	102,307	-43,696	
September	783	10,958	-10,175	1,049	12,506	-11,457	-36,626	60,239	108,322	-48,083	
October	782	11,134	-10,352	1,048	12,655	-11,607	-39,162	66,389	117,158	-50,769	
November	692	10,189	-9,497	930	11,630	-10,700	-30,875	64,492	106,066	-41,575	
December	876	11,102	-10,226	1,266	12,956	-11,690	-34,606	62,959	109,255	-46,296	
Total	10,209	132,433	-122,224	13,768	153,298	-139,530	-392,820	724,771	1,257,121	-532,350	
<b>2004</b> January	718	11,926	-11,208	1,097	14,339	-13,242	-31,668	59,083	103,993	-44,910	
February	908	11,714	-10,806	1,286	13,928	-12,642	-28.804	63,418	104,864	-41,446	
March	1,079	13,953	-12,874	1,580	15,956	-14,376	-34,850	74,195	123,421	-49,226	
April	989	13,046	-12,057	1,529	15,032	-13,503	-37,612	67,770	118,885	-51,115	
	1,143	14,246	-13,103	1,666	16,412	-14,746	-33,910	69,615	118,271	-48,656	
May June	1,014	15,573	-14,559	1,536	18,123	-16,587	-42,323	68,747	127,657	-58,910	
	,		,		,	,	,			,	
July	1,070	14,857	-13,787	1,668	17,434	-15,766	-43,218	64,240 67,571	123,224	-58,984	
August	1,200	16,863	-15,663	1,572	19,187	-17,615	-42,031	67,571	127,216	-59,646	
September	1,108	14,986	-13,878	1,463	16,929	-15,466	-40,995	69,561	126,022	-56,461	
October	1,299	18,056	-16,757	1,752	20,078	-18,326	-43,000	73,490	134,816	-61,326	
November	1,162	18,351	-17,189	1,507	21,049	-19,542	-45,564	69,613	134,719	-65,106	
December	1,438	15,695	-14,257	1,988	18,194	-16,206	-38,938	71,473	126,617	-55,144	
Total	13,130	179,266	-166,136	18,642	206,660	-188,018	-462,912	818,775	1,469,704	-650,930	
2005 January	1,049	15,631	-14,582	1,804	18,430	-16,626	-39,912	66,237	122,775	-56,538	
February	1,445	15,430	-13,985	1,860	18,247	-16,387	-37,956	68,238	122,580	-54,343	
March	1,731	18,360	-16,629	2,267	21,152	-18,885	-36,640	79,713	135,238	-55,525	
April	1,766	19,466	-17,700	2,415	22,134	-19,719	-39,252	76,286	135,257	-58,971	
May	1,901	19,169	-17,268	2,656	21,284	-18,628	-40,769	76,144	135,541	-59,397	
June	1,832	20,468	-18,636	2,511	23,172	-20,661	-43,145	77,969	141,775	-63,806	
July	1,808	21,545	-19,737	2,351	24,017	-21,666	-44,141	70,391	136,198	-65,807	
August	1,816	23,803	-21,987	2,319	26,768	-24,449	-44,447	77,287	146,183	-68,896	
September	1,319	23,842	-22,523	1,888	27,459	-25,571	R -46,206	R 74,325	R 146,102	R -71,777	
October	1,302	26,776	-25.474	1.911	30.710	-28.799	-48.160	79,467	156,426	-76.959	
10-Month Total	15,969	204,490	-188,521	21,983	233,374	-20,799 - <b>211,391</b>	<b>-420,628</b>	<b>746,057</b>	1,378,075	-632,017	
2004 10-Month Total	10,528	145,220	-134,692	15,147	167,418	-152,269	-378,411	677,689	1,208,368	-530,679	
2004 10-Month Total	8,641	111,142	-102,501	11,572	128,712	-117,140	-327,340	597,320	1,041,800	-444,480	
LUUU IU-WIUIIIII IUldi	0,041	111,144	-102,301	11,312	120,112	-117,140	-321,340	J31,J2U	1,041,000	-444,400	

 $<sup>^{\</sup>mbox{\scriptsize a}}$  Crude oil, petroleum preparations, liquefied propane and butane, and other mineral fuels.

b Petroleum, coal, natural gas, and electricity.

nongovernment imports of merchandise from foreign countries into the U.S. customs territory, which comprises the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Foreign Trade Division. For details, see "Table 1.5 Sources" at the end of this section.

R=Revised.

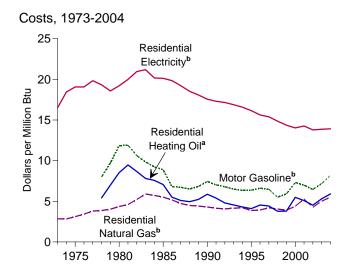
Notes: • Monthly data are not adjusted for seasonal variations. • See Note 5 at end of section.

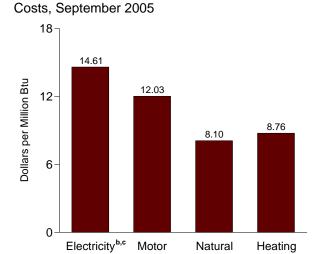
• Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

• The U.S. import statistics reflect both government and

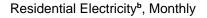
Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1975 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html.

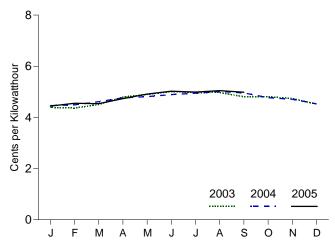
Figure 1.6 Cost of Fuels to End Users in Constant (1982-1984) Dollars



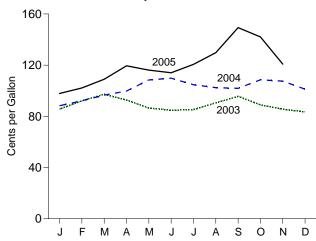


Gasoline<sup>b</sup>





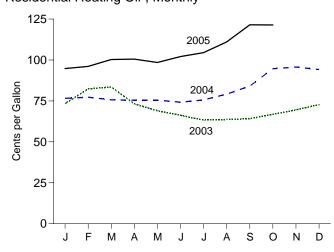




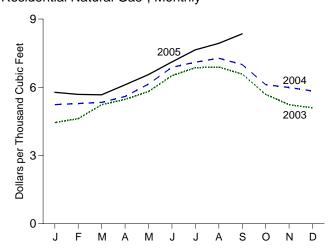
Gasb,c

 $\mathsf{Oil}^{\mathsf{a},\mathsf{c}}$ 

### Residential Heating Oila, Monthly



### Residential Natural Gasb, Monthly



<sup>a</sup>Excludes taxes.

<sup>c</sup>Residential.

Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html. Source: Table 1.6.

bincludes taxes.

Table 1.6 Cost of Fuels to End Users in Constant (1982-1984) Dollars

	Consumer Price Index (Urban) <sup>a</sup>	Motor G	asoline <sup>b</sup>		lential ng Oil <sup>c</sup>	Resid Natura	ential Il Gas <sup>b</sup>	Resid Electr	ential ricity <sup>b</sup>
	Index 1982-1984=100	Cents per Gallon	Dollars per Million Btu	Cents per Gallon	Dollars per Million Btu	Cents per Thousand Cubic Feet	Dollars per Million Btu	Cents per Kilowatthour	Dollars per Million Btu
1973 Average	44.4	NA	NA	NA	NA	290.5	2.85	5.6	16.50
1975 Average	53.8	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	317.8	3.12	6.5	19.07
1980 Average	82.4	148.2	11.85	118.2	8.52	446.6	4.36	6.6	19.21
1985 Average	107.6	111.2	8.89	97.9	7.06	568.8	5.52	6.87	20.13
1990 Average	130.7	93.1	7.44	81.3	5.86	443.8	4.31	5.99	17.56
1995 Average	152.4	79.1	6.37	56.9	4.10	397.6	3.87	5.51	16.15
	156.9	82.1	6.61	63.0	4.10	404.1	3.93	5.33	15.62
1996 Average							3.93 4.21		
1997 Average	160.5	80.4	6.48	61.3	4.42	432.4		5.25	15.39
1998 Average	163.0	68.4	5.51	52.3	3.77	418.4	4.05	5.07	14.85
1999 Average	166.6	73.3	5.91	52.6	3.79	401.6	3.91	4.90	14.36
2000 Average	172.2	90.8	7.32	76.1	5.49	450.6	4.39	4.79	14.02
2001 Average	177.1	86.4	6.97	70.6	5.09	543.8	5.27	4.87	14.27
2002 Average	179.9	80.1	6.46	62.8	4.52	438.6	4.26	4.70	13.78
2003 January	181.7	85.7	6.91	73.3	5.29	444.7	4.30	4.39	12.87
February	183.1	92.1	7.43	82.4	5.94	462.0	4.47	4.36	12.79
March	184.2	97.2	7.84	83.6	6.02	523.3	5.07	4.51	13.21
April	183.8	92.7	7.48	73.2	5.28	546.8	5.29	4.79	14.05
May	183.5	86.5	6.98	69.0	4.98	581.5	5.63	4.90	14.36
June	183.7	84.8	6.84	66.2	4.78	651.1	6.30	5.01	14.68
July	183.9	85.2	6.87	63.3	4.56	686.2	6.64	4.97	14.57
August	184.6	90.5	7.30	63.7	4.59	689.1	6.67	4.97	14.57
September	185.2	95.6	7.71	64.1	4.63	658.2	6.37	4.81	14.08
October	185.0	89.0	7.18	66.8	4.82	568.6	5.50	4.81	<sup>R</sup> 14.10
November	184.5	85.5	6.90	69.5	5.01	523.6	5.07	4.74	13.88
December	184.3	83.5	6.73	72.8	5.25	509.5	4.93	4.52	13.25
Average	184.0	89.0	7.18	73.6	5.31	517.4	5.01	4.73	13.86
2004 January	185.2	88.3	7.11	76.6	5.52	523.8	5.08	R 4.46	R 13.07
February	186.2	92.1	7.42	77.3	5.57	528.5	5.13	R 4.49	R 13.16
March	187.4	96.5	7.77	75.7	5.46	533.6	5.18	R 4.62	R 13.53
April	188.0	99.7	8.03	75.4	5.44	559.6	5.43	R 4.77	R 13.97
May	189.1	108.4	8.73	75.5	5.44	614.0	5.96	<sup>R</sup> 4.81	R 14.10
June	189.7	109.8	8.84	74.2	5.35	687.9	6.67	R 4.89	R 14.34
July	189.4	104.6	8.43	75.6	5.45	710.1	6.89	R 4.95	R 14.50
August	189.5	102.4	8.25	79.2	5.71	727.7	7.06	R 5.01	R 14.69
September	189.9	102.4	8.20	84.1	6.06	699.8	6.79	R 4.96	R 14.52
October	190.9	101.6	8.74	94.7	6.83	611.8	5.93	4.77	R 13.99
	190.9	108.5	8.66	94.7 95.7	6.90	599.0	5.93 5.81	4.77 R 4.71	R 13.79
November	191.0	107.5	8.66 8.15	95.7 94.2	6.79	599.0 583.8	5.81	R 4.71	R 13.79
Average	188.9	101.2 <b>101.8</b>	8.20	94.2 <b>81.9</b>	5.79 <b>5.91</b>	568.6	5.66 <b>5.51</b>	R <b>4.75</b>	R 13.26
2005	100 7	07.0	7.00	04.0	0.00	577.0	<b>5</b> 00		R 40 00
2005 January February	190.7 191.8	97.9 102.2	7.88 8.23	94.8 96.1	6.83 6.93	577.9 <sup>R</sup> 568.8	5.60 <sup>R</sup> 5.52	<sup>R</sup> 4.44 4.55	<sup>R</sup> 13.02 <sup>R</sup> 13.34
March	193.3	109.0	8.78	100.3	7.23	567.0	5.50	R 4.54	R 13.30
April	194.6	119.5	9.62	100.5	7.25 7.25	611.0	5.93	R 4.73	R 13.87
•			9.62	98.5	7.25 7.10		5.93 6.36	R 4.73	R 14.40
May	194.4	116.1				655.9		<sup>11</sup> 4.91 R 5.02	R 14.72
June	194.5	114.0	9.18	102.1	7.36	711.6	6.90		
July	195.4	120.6	9.71	104.5	7.54	764.6	7.42	R 4.99	R 14.62
August	196.4	129.7	10.45	R 111.0	8.01	793.3	7.69	R 5.05	R 14.79
September	198.8	149.3	12.03	R 121.5	R 8.76	R 835.0	R 8.10	R 4.98	R 14.61
October	199.2	142.1	11.44	RE 121.4	RE 8.75	NA	NA	NA	NA
November	197.6	120.8	9.73	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Consumer Price Index, All Urban Consumers, All Items, 1982-1984 = 100.0.

b Includes taxes.

Notes: • Fuel costs are calculated by using the Urban Consumer Price Index (CPI) developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. • Annual averages may not equal average of months due to independent rounding.

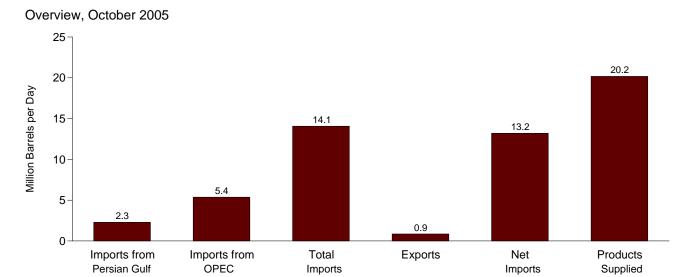
Sources: • Fuel Prices: Tables 9.4 (All Types), 9.8c, 9.11, and 9.9, adjusted by the CPI. • CPI: 1973-2002—Economic Report of the President, February 2005, Table B-60. 2003 forward—Council of Economic Advisers, Economic Indicators, December 2005, "Consumer Prices - All Urban Consumers." • Conversion Factors: Tables A1, A3, A4, and A6.

c Excludes taxes.

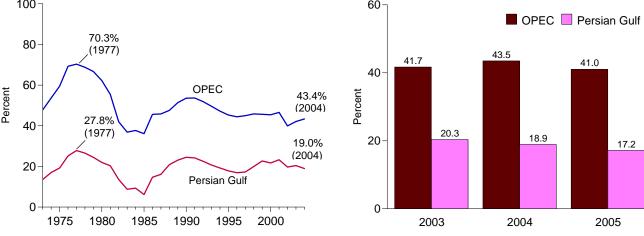
R=Revised. E=Estimate. NA=Not available.

<sup>•</sup> Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html.

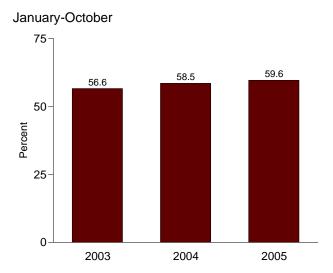
Figure 1.7 Overview of U.S. Petroleum Trade



Imports from OPEC and the Persian Gulf as a Share of Total Imports 1973-2004 January-October 100 60 ■ OPEC ■ Persian Gulf 70.3% 80 (1977)43.5 41.7 41.0 40 60 Percent **OPEC** Percent 43.4% (2004)27.8% 40 (1977)20.3 20 18.9 19.0% 17.2 (2004)20 Persian Gulf 0







OPEC=Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries. Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html.

Table 1.7 Overview of U.S. Petroleum Trade

									hare of s Supplied		1	are of mports
	Imports from Persian Gulf <sup>a</sup>	Imports from OPECb	Imports	Exports	Net Imports	Products Supplied	Imports from Persian Gulf <sup>a</sup>	Imports from OPEC <sup>b</sup>	Imports	Net Imports	Imports from Persian Gulf <sup>a</sup>	Import from OPEC
			Thousand E	Barrels per	Day				Per	cent		
973 Average	848	2,993	6,256	231	6,025	17,308	4.9	17.3	36.1	34.8	13.6	47.8
975 Average	1,165	3,601	6,056	209	5,846	16,322	7.1	22.1	37.1	35.8	19.2	59.5
980 Average	1,519	4,300	6,909	544	6,365	17,056	8.9	25.2	40.5	37.3	22.0	62.2
985 Average	311	1,830	5,067	781	4,286	15,726	2.0	11.6	32.2	27.3	6.1	36.1
990 Average	1,966	4,296	8,018	857	7,161	16,988	11.6	25.3	47.2	42.2	24.5	53.6
995 Average	1,573	4,002	8,835	949	7,886	17,725	8.9	22.6	49.8	44.5	17.8	45.3
996 Average	1,604	4,211	9,478	981	8,498	18,309	8.8	23.0	51.8	46.4	16.9	44.4
997 Average	1,755	4,569	10,162	1,003	9,158	18,620	9.4	24.5	54.6	49.2	17.3	45.0
998 Average	2,136	4,905	10,708	945	9,764	18,917	11.3	25.9	56.6	51.6	19.9	45.8
999 Average		4,953	10,852	940	9,912	19,519	12.6	25.4	55.6	50.8	22.7	45.6
000 Average		5,203	11,459	1,040	10,419	19,701	12.6	26.4	58.2	52.9	21.7	45.4
2001 Average		5,528	11,871	971	10,900	19,649	14.1	28.1	60.4	55.5	23.3	46.6
002 Average	2,269	4,605	11,530	984	10,546	19,761	11.5	23.3	58.3	53.4	19.7	39.9
003 January		4,303	11,104	1,212	9,892	20,017	13.7	21.5	55.5	49.4	24.6	38.8
February		4,052	10,921	1,067	9,854	20,375	13.1	19.9	53.6	48.4	24.5	37.1
March		5,433	12,044	1,051	10,993	19,708	14.3	27.6	61.1	55.8	23.4	45.1
April		5,949	12,599	1,053	11,547	19,830	15.9	30.0	63.5	58.2	25.0	47.2
May		5,751	12,918	1,097	11,822	19,344	13.8	29.7	66.8	61.1	20.7	44.5
June		5,526	13,001	1,065	11,936	19,793	11.8	27.9	65.7	60.3	17.9	42.5
July		4,736	12,736	976	11,760	20,094	10.8	23.6	63.4	58.5	17.0	37.2
August		4,934	12,769	947	11,822	20,586	9.0	24.0	62.0	57.4	14.5	38.6
September		5,394	12,868	960	11,908	19,933	12.0	27.1	64.6	59.7	18.6	41.9
October		5,342	12,373	970	11,402	20,182	11.7	26.5	61.3	56.5	19.0	43.2
November	,	5,237	11,712	933	10,780	19,873	13.0	26.4	58.9	54.2	22.1	44.7
December Average		5,225 <b>5,162</b>	12,033 <b>12,264</b>	990 <b>1,027</b>	11,043 <b>11,238</b>	20,679 <b>20,034</b>	11.2 <b>12.5</b>	25.3 <b>25.8</b>	58.2 <b>61.2</b>	53.4 <b>56.1</b>	19.2 <b>20.4</b>	43.4 <b>42.1</b>
<b>004</b> January	2,309	5,244	12,014	748	11,266	20,479	11.3	25.6	58.7	55.0	19.2	43.6
February		5,286	12,658	1,046	11,612	20,872	10.1	25.3	60.6	55.6	16.6	41.8
March		5,833	13,349	1,024	12,325	20,453	11.8	28.5	65.3	60.3	18.0	43.7
April		5,593	12,883	1,153	11,730	20,545	11.4	27.2	62.7	57.1	18.1	43.4
May		5,884	13,375	1,052	12,323	20,313	12.2	29.0	65.8	60.7	18.6	44.0
June		5,935	13,561	1,070	12,491	20,780	11.5	28.6	65.3	60.1	17.6	43.8
July		5,845	13,570	1,080	12,490	20,880	12.1	28.0	65.0	59.8	18.6	43.1
August	2,928	6,256	13,689	1,091	12,598	21,028	13.9	29.8	65.1	59.9	21.4	45.7
September		5,613	12,676	961	11,715	20,529	13.5	27.3	61.7	57.1	21.8	44.3
October		5,580	13,438	1,078	12,360	20,861	12.3	26.7	64.4	59.2	19.1	41.5
November		5,783	13,409	992	12,417	20,805	12.9	27.8	64.4	59.7	20.0	43.1
December	2,402	5,533	13,088	1,284	11,804	21,229	11.3	26.1	61.7	55.6	18.4	42.3
Average	2,493	5,701	13,145	1,048	12,097	20,731	12.0	27.5	63.4	58.4	19.0	43.4
<b>005</b> January		5,366	12,661	917	11,745	20,524	11.4	26.1	61.7	57.2	18.5	42.4
February		5,796	13,536	1,259	12,278	20,650	11.1	28.1	65.6	59.5	16.9	42.8
March		5,275	12,919	1,308	11,611	20,732	11.5	25.4	62.3	56.0	18.5	40.8
April		5,532	13,376	1,382	11,994	20,179	10.9	27.4	66.3	59.4	16.5	41.4
May		5,637	13,495	1,401	12,094	20,139	11.7	28.0	67.0	60.1	17.5	41.8
June		5,798	14,262	1,477	12,785	21,232	11.4	27.3	67.2	60.2	17.0	40.7
July		5,957	13,724	1,266	12,458	20,859	12.4	28.6	65.8	59.7	18.9	43.4
August		5,610	13,711	1,314	12,397	21,331	10.2	26.3	64.3	58.1	15.8	40.9
September		4,978	13,055	844	12,211	20,097	10.2	24.8	65.0	60.8	15.7	38.1
October 10-Month Average		5,370 <b>5,530</b>	14,064 <b>13,479</b>	854 <b>1,201</b>	13,210 <b>12,278</b>	20,184 <b>20,593</b>	11.4 <b>11.2</b>	26.6 <b>26.9</b>	69.7 <b>65.5</b>	65.5 <b>59.6</b>	16.3 <b>17.2</b>	38.2 <b>41.0</b>
004 10-Month Average	•	5,710	13,125	1,030	12,095	20,673	12.0	27.6	63.5	58.5	18.9	43.5
004 10-Month Average 003 10-Month Average	-	5,710 5,148	13,125	1,030	12,095	20,673 19,984	12.0	27.6 25.8	63.5 61.8	56.6	20.3	43.5 41.7

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates.

Reserves is included. • Annual averages may not equal average of months due to independent rounding. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. U.S. exports include shipments to U.S. territories, and imports include receipts from U.S. territories.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries. See Glossary.

Notes: • Readers of Table 1.7 may be interested in a feature article, "Measuring Dependence on Imported Oil," that was published in the August 1995 Monthly Energy Review. • Petroleum is crude oil, lease condensate, unfinished oils, petroleum products, natural gas plant liquids, and nonhydrocarbon compounds blended into finished petroleum products.

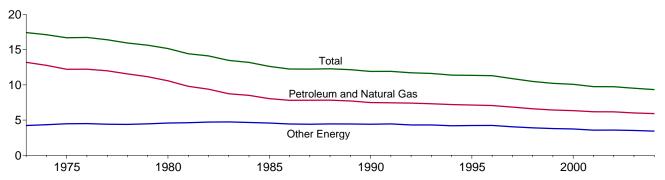
• Beginning in October 1977, petroleum imported for the Strategic Petroleum

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html.
Sources: • Columns 1-6: Tables 3.1a, 3.1b, 3.3b, and 3.3d. • Columns

**<sup>7-12:</sup>** Calculated by Energy Information Administration.

Figure 1.8 Energy Consumption per Dollar of Gross Domestic Product

(Thousand Btu per Chained (2000) Dollar)



Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html.

Source: Table 1.8.

Table 1.8 Energy Consumption per Dollar of Gross Domestic Product

	Ene	ergy Consumption	1	Gross	Energy Cons	sumption per Dolla	ar of GDP
	Petroleum and Other Natural Gas <sup>a</sup> Energy <sup>a</sup> ,b Total <sup>a</sup>		Domestic Product (GDP)	Petroleum and Natural Gas <sup>a</sup>	Other Energy <sup>a</sup> ,b	Total <sup>a</sup>	
		Quadrillion Btu		Billion Chained (2000) Dollars	Thousand B	tu per Chained (200	00) Dollar
973 Year	57.352	18.356	75.708	4,341.5	13.21	4.23	17.44
974 Year	55.187	18.804	73.991	4,319.6	12.78	4.35	17.13
975 Year	52.678	19.321	71.999	4.311.2	12.22	4.48	16.70
976 Year	55.520	20.492	76.012	4,540.9	12.23	4.51	16.74
977 Year	57.053	20.947	78.000	4,750.5	12.01	4.41	16.42
978 Year	57.966	22.021	79.986	5,015.0	11.56	4.39	15.95
979 Year	57.789	23.114	80.903	5,173.4	11.17	4.47	15.64
980 Year	54.596	23.693	78.289	5,161.7	10.58	4.59	15.17
981 Year	51.859	24.483	76.342	5,291.7	9.80	4.63	14.43
982 Year	48.736	24.516	73.253	5,189.3	9.39	4.72	14.12
983 Year	47.411	25.690	73.101	5,423.8	8.74	4.74	13.48
984 Year	49.558	27.178	76.736	5,813.6	8.52	4.67	13.20
985 Year	48.756	27.713	76.469	6,053.7	8.05	4.58	12.63
986 Year	48.904	27.878	76.782	6,263.6	7.81	4.45	12.26
987 Year	50.609	28.616	79.225	6,475.1	7.82	4.42	12.24
988 Year	52.774	30.070	82.844	6,742.7	7.83	4.46	12.29
989 Year	53.923	31.034	84.957	6,981.4	7.72	4.45	12.17
990 Year	53.282	31.422	84.704	7,112.5	7.49	4.42	11.91
991 Year	52.994	31.649	84.643	7,100.5	7.46	4.46	11.92
992 Year	54.362	31.630	85.992	7,336.6	7.41	4.31	11.72
993 Year	<sup>a</sup> 55.193	a 32.524	<sup>a</sup> 87.619	7,532.7	a 7.33	a <b>4.32</b>	<sup>a</sup> 11.63
994 Year	56.512	32.879	89.283	7,835.5	7.21	4.20	11.39
995 Year	57.338	34.028	91.250	8,031.7	7.14	4.24	11.36
996 Year	58.954	35.385	94.256	8,328.9	7.08	4.25	11.32
997 Year	59.594	35.280	94.768	8,703.5	6.85	4.05	10.89
998 Year	59.869	35.440	95.192	9,066.9	6.60	3.91	10.50
999 Year	60.970	35.988	96.836	9,470.3	6.44	3.80	10.23
000 Year	62.320	36.781	98.961	9,817.0	6.35	3.75	10.08
001 Year	61.239	35.379	96.472	9,890.7	6.19	3.58	9.75
002 Year	62.030	36.022	97.877	10,048.8	6.17	3.58	9.74
003 Year	62.116	36.433	98.311	10,320.6	6.02	3.53	9.53
004 Year	R 63.735	R 36.972	R 100.408	10,755.7	<sup>R</sup> 5.93	R 3.44	R 9.34

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Beginning in 1993, ethanol blended into motor gasoline is included in both "Petroleum and Natural Gas" and "Other Energy," but is counted only once in total consumption

R=Revised.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of

Columbia.

Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html.

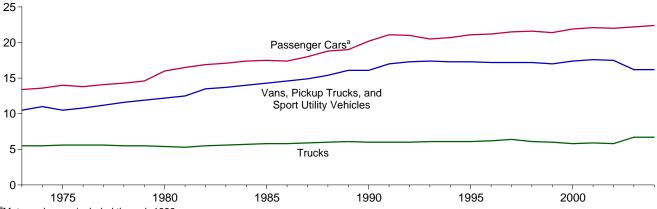
Sources: • Energy Consumption: Table 1.3. • Gross Domestic Product: 1973-2003—U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Survey of Current Business, August 2005, Table 2A. 2004—U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, BEA News Release, November 30, 2005, Table 3, which is available at website www.bea.doc.gov/bea/newsrel/gdpnewsrelease.htm.

once in total consumption.

b "Other Energy" is coal, nuclear electric power, renewable energy, and net imports of coal coke and electricity.

Figure 1.9 **Motor Vehicle Fuel Rates** 

(Miles per Gallon)



<sup>a</sup>Motorcycles are included through 1989.

Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html.

Source: Table 1.9.

Table 1.9 Motor Vehicle Mileage, Fuel Consumption, and Fuel Rates

(miles   Consumption   (gallons   miles   per vehicle)   (miles   per vehicle)   (gallons   miles   per vehicle)   (gallons   miles   per vehicle)   (gallons   per vehicle)   (gallons   miles   per vehicle)   (gallons   per						•								
(miles   Consumption   (gallons   miles   per   vehicle)   (gallons   miles   per   vehicle)   (gallons   ve		Passenger Cars <sup>a</sup>							Trucks <sup>c</sup>		All Motor Vehicles <sup>d</sup>			
1974 9,221 677 13.6 9,452 862 11.0 14,995 2,708 5.5 9,493 788 1 1975 9,309 665 14.0 9,829 934 10.5 15,167 2,722 5.6 9,627 790 1 1976 9,418 681 13.8 10,127 934 10.8 15,438 2,764 5.6 9,774 806 1 1977 9,517 676 14.1 10,607 947 11.2 16,700 3,002 5.6 9,978 814 1 1978 9,500 665 14.3 10,968 948 11.6 18,045 3,263 5.5 10,077 816 1 1979 9,062 620 14.6 10,802 905 11.9 18,502 3,380 5.5 9,722 776 1 1980 8,813 551 16.0 10,437 854 12.2 18,736 3,447 5.4 9,458 712 1 1981 8,873 538 16.5 10,244 819 12.5 19,016 3,565 5.3 9,477 697 1 1982 9,050 535 16.9 10,276 762 13.5 19,931 3,647 5.5 9,644 686 1 1983 9,118 534 17.1 10,497 767 13.7 21,083 3,769 5.6 9,760 686 1 1984 9,248 530 17.4 11,151 797 14.0 22,550 3,967 5.7 10,017 691 1 1985 9,419 538 17.5 10,506 735 14.3 20,597 3,570 5.8 10,020 685 1 1986 9,464 543 17.4 10,764 738 14.6 22,143 3,821 5.8 10,143 692 1 1987 9,720 539 18.0 11,114 744 14.9 2,349 3,937 5.9 10,453 694 1 1989 810,157 8533 819.0 11,676 724 16.1 22,926 3,776 6.1 10,932 688 1 1999 10,504 520 20.2 11,902 738 16.1 23,603 3,953 6.0 11,107 677 1 1991 10,571 501 21.1 12,245 721 17.0 24,229 4,047 6.0 11,294 669 1 1992 10,857 517 21.0 12,381 717 17.3 25,373 4,210 6.0 11,595 693 1 1998 11,330 534 21.2 11,811 685 17.2 26,092 4,221 6.2 11,813 700 1 1999 11,581 539 21.5 12,115 703 17.2 27,032 4,218 6.4 12,107 711 1 1999 11,581 539 21.5 12,115 703 17.2 27,032 4,218 6.4 12,107 711 1 1999 11,888 553 21.4 11,957 701 17.0 26,014 4,352 6.0 12,206 732 1 1999 11,888 553 21.4 11,957 701 17.0 26,014 4,352 6.0 12,206 732 1 1999 11,888 553 21.4 11,957 701 17.0 26,014 4,352 6.0 12,206 732 1 1999 11,888 553 21.4 11,957 701 17.0 26,014 4,352 6.0 12,206 732 1 1999 11,888 553 21.4 11,957 701 17.0 26,014 4,352 6.0 12,206 732 1 1999 11,888 553 21.4 11,957 701 17.0 26,014 4,352 6.0 12,206 732 1 1999 11,888 553 21.4 11,957 701 17.0 26,014 4,352 6.0 12,206 732 1 1999 11,888 553 21.4 11,957 701 17.0 26,014 4,352 6.0 12,206 732 1		(miles per	Consumption (gallons	Rate (miles per	(miles per	Consumption (gallons	Rate (miles per	(miles per	Consumption (gallons	Rate (miles per	(miles per	Consumption (gallons	Fuel Rate (miles per gallon)	
1974 9,221 677 13.6 9,452 862 11.0 14,995 2,708 5.5 9,493 788 1975 9,309 665 14.0 9,829 934 10.5 15,167 2,722 5.6 9,627 790 1976 9,418 681 13.8 10,127 934 10.8 15,438 2,764 5.6 9,774 806 1977 9,517 676 14.1 10,607 947 11.2 16,700 3,002 5.6 9,978 814 1978 9,500 665 14.3 10,968 948 11.6 18,045 3,263 5.5 10,077 816 1979 9,062 620 14.6 10,802 905 11.9 18,502 3,380 5.5 9,722 776 1980 8,813 551 16.0 10,437 854 12.2 18,736 3,447 5.4 9,458 712 1981 8,873 538 16.5 10,244 819 12.5 19,016 3,565 5.3 9,477 697 1982 9,050 535 16.9 10,276 762 13.5 19,931 3,647 5.5 9,644 686 1983 9,118 534 17.1 10,497 767 13.7 21,083 3,769 5.6 9,760 686 1983 9,118 534 17.1 10,497 767 13.7 21,083 3,769 5.6 9,760 686 1986 9,449 538 17.5 10,506 735 14.3 20,597 3,570 5.8 10,020 685 1986 9,464 543 17.4 10,764 738 14.6 22,143 3,821 5.8 10,143 692 1988 9,972 531 18.8 11,465 745 15.4 22,485 3,736 6.0 10,721 688 1989 8,972 531 18.8 11,465 745 15.4 22,485 3,736 6.0 10,721 688 1989 8,972 531 18.8 11,465 745 15.4 22,485 3,736 6.0 10,721 688 1999 10,551 501 21.1 12,245 721 17.0 24,229 4,047 6.0 11,294 669 1999 10,551 501 21.1 12,245 721 17.0 24,229 4,047 6.0 11,294 669 1999 10,571 501 21.1 12,245 721 17.0 24,229 4,047 6.0 11,595 693 1996 11,330 534 21.2 11,811 685 17.2 26,092 4,221 6.2 11,813 700 1999 11,581 539 21.5 12,115 703 17.2 27,032 4,218 6.4 12,107 711 1999 11,581 539 21.5 12,115 703 17.2 27,032 4,218 6.4 12,107 711 1999 11,581 539 21.5 12,115 703 17.2 27,032 4,218 6.4 12,107 711 1999 11,581 539 21.5 12,115 703 17.2 27,032 4,218 6.4 12,107 711 1999 11,581 539 21.5 12,115 703 17.2 27,032 4,218 6.4 12,107 711 1999 11,581 539 21.5 12,115 703 17.2 27,032 4,218 6.4 12,107 711 1999 11,581 539 21.5 12,115 703 17.2 27,032 4,218 6.4 12,107 711 1999 11,581 534 22.1 11,190 669 17.4 25,517 4,391 5.8 12,164 720 11,581 534 22.1 11,595 669 17.4 25,617 4,391 5.8 12,164 720 11,581 539 21.5 12,115 703 17.2 27,032 4,218 6.4 12,107 711 1999 11,581 539 21.5 12,115 666 69 17.4 25,617 4,391 5.8 12,164 720 11,585 695 11	1973	9.884	737	13.4	9 779	931	10.5	15 370	2 775	5.5	10 099	850	11.9	
1975         9,309         665         14.0         9,829         934         10.5         15,167         2,722         5.6         9,627         790         1           1976         9,418         681         13.8         10,127         934         10.8         15,438         2,764         5.6         9,978         814         1           1978         9,500         665         14.1         10,607         947         11.2         16,700         3,002         5.6         9,978         814         1           1979         9,062         620         14.6         10,802         905         11.9         18,502         3,380         5.5         10,077         816         1         1981         8,873         538         16.5         10,437         854         12.2         18,736         3,447         5.4         9,458         712         1         1981         8,873         538         16.5         10,244         819         12.5         19,016         3,565         5.3         9,477         697         1         1982         9,050         535         16.9         10,276         762         13.5         19,931         3,647         5.5         9,644         686<													12.0	
1976													12.2	
1977         9,517         676         14.1         10,607         947         11.2         16,700         3,002         5.6         9,978         814         1           1978         9,500         665         14.3         10,968         948         11.6         18,045         3,263         5.5         10,077         816         1         9,978         814         1         1980         8,813         551         16.0         10,437         854         12.2         18,736         3,447         5.4         9,458         712         1         1981         8,873         538         16.5         10,244         819         12.5         19,016         3,565         5.3         9,477         697         697         1982         9,050         535         16.9         10,276         762         13.5         19,931         3,647         5.5         9,644         686         1         1983         9,118         534         17.1         10,497         767         13.7         21,083         3,769         5.6         9,760         686         1         1984         9,248         530         17.4         11,151         797         14.0         22,550         3,967         5.7 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>12.1</td></td<>													12.1	
1978         9,500         665         14.3         10,968         948         11.6         18,045         3,263         5.5         10,077         816         1           1979         9,062         620         14.6         10,802         905         11.9         18,502         3,380         5.5         9,722         776         1           1981         8,873         538         16.5         10,244         819         12.5         19,016         3,565         5.3         9,477         697         1           1982         9,050         535         16.9         10,276         762         13.5         19,931         3,647         5.5         9,644         686         1           1983         9,118         534         17.1         10,497         767         13.7         21,083         3,769         5.6         9,760         686         1           1984         9,248         530         17.4         11,151         797         14.0         22,550         3,967         5.7         10,017         691         1           1985         9,419         538         17.5         10,506         735         14.3         20,597         3,570													12.3	
1979 9,062 620 14.6 10,802 905 11.9 18,502 3,380 5.5 9,722 776 1 1980 8,813 551 16.0 10,437 854 12.2 18,736 3,447 5.4 9,458 712 1 1981 8,873 538 16.5 10,244 819 12.5 19,016 3,565 5.3 9,477 697 1 1982 9,050 535 16.9 10,276 762 13.5 19,931 3,647 5.5 9,644 686 1 1983 9,118 534 17.1 10,497 767 13.7 21,083 3,769 5.6 9,760 686 1 1984 9,248 530 17.4 11,151 797 14.0 22,550 3,967 5.7 10,017 691 1 1985 9,419 538 17.5 10,506 735 14.3 20,597 3,570 5.8 10,020 685 1 1986 9,464 543 17.4 10,764 738 14.6 22,143 3,821 5.8 10,143 692 1 1987 9,720 539 18.0 11,114 744 14.9 23,349 3,937 5.9 10,453 694 1 1988 9,972 531 18.8 11,465 745 15.4 22,485 3,736 6.0 10,721 688 1 1989 \$\text{a}10,157 \$\text{a}533 \$\text{a}19.0 11,676 724 16.1 22,926 3,776 6.1 10,932 688 1 1990 10,504 520 20.2 11,902 738 16.1 23,603 3,953 6.0 11,107 677 1 1991 10,571 501 21.1 12,245 721 17.0 24,229 4,047 6.0 11,294 669 1 1992 10,857 517 21.0 12,381 717 17.3 25,373 4,210 6.0 11,294 669 1 1993 10,804 527 20.5 12,430 714 17.4 26,262 4,309 6.1 11,595 693 1 1996 11,330 534 21.2 11,811 685 17.2 26,092 4,221 6.2 11,813 700 1 1997 11,581 539 21.5 12,115 703 17.2 27,032 4,218 6.4 12,107 711 1 1999 11,848 553 21.4 11,957 701 17.0 26,014 4,352 6.0 12,206 732 1 1999 11,848 553 21.4 11,957 701 17.0 26,014 4,352 6.0 12,206 732 1 1999 11,848 553 21.4 11,957 701 17.0 26,614 4,355 6.0 12,206 732 1 1999 11,848 553 21.4 11,957 701 17.0 26,614 4,355 6.0 12,206 732 1 1999 11,848 553 21.4 11,957 701 17.0 26,614 4,355 6.0 12,206 732 1 1999 11,848 553 21.4 11,957 701 17.0 26,614 4,355 6.0 12,206 732 1 1999 11,848 553 21.4 11,957 701 17.0 26,614 4,355 6.0 12,206 732 1 1999 11,848 553 21.4 11,957 701 17.0 26,614 4,355 6.0 12,206 732 1 1899 11,848 553 21.4 11,957 701 17.0 26,614 4,355 6.0 12,206 732 1 1899 11,848 553 21.4 11,957 701 17.0 26,614 4,355 6.0 12,206 732 1 1899 11,848 553 21.4 11,957 701 17.0 26,614 4,355 6.0 12,206 732 1 1899 11,848 553 21.4 11,957 701 17.0 26,614 4,355 6.0 12,206 732 1 1890 11,831 534 22.1 11,804 636 17.6 26,602 4,477 5.9 11,887 695 1													12.4	
1980         8,813         551         16.0         10,437         854         12.2         18,736         3,447         5.4         9,458         712         1           1981         8,873         538         16.5         10,244         819         12.5         19,016         3,565         5.3         9,477         697         1           1982         9,050         535         16.9         10,276         762         13.5         19,931         3,647         5.5         9,644         686         1           1983         9,118         534         17.1         10,497         767         13.7         21,083         3,769         5.6         9,760         686         1           1984         9,248         530         17.4         11,151         797         14.0         22,550         3,967         5.7         10,017         691         1           1985         9,419         538         17.5         10,506         735         14.3         20,597         3,570         5.8         10,017         691         1           1986         9,464         543         17.4         10,764         738         14.6         22,143         3,821													12.5	
1981         8,873         538         16.5         10,244         819         12.5         19,016         3,565         5.3         9,477         697         1           1982         9,050         535         16.9         10,276         762         13.5         19,931         3,647         5.5         9,644         686         1           1983         9,118         534         17.1         10,497         767         13.7         21,083         3,769         5.6         9,760         686         6           1984         9,248         530         17.4         11,151         797         14.0         22,550         3,967         5.7         10,017         691         1           1985         9,419         538         17.5         10,506         735         14.3         20,597         3,570         5.8         10,020         685         1           1986         9,464         543         17.4         10,764         738         14.6         22,143         3,821         5.8         10,143         692         1           1987         9,720         539         18.0         11,114         744         14.9         23,349         3,937													13.3	
1982         9,050         535         16.9         10,276         762         13.5         19,931         3,647         5.5         9,644         686         1           1983         9,118         534         17.1         10,497         767         13.7         21,083         3,769         5.6         9,760         686         1           1984         9,248         530         17.4         11,151         797         14.0         22,550         3,967         5.7         10,017         691         1           1985         9,419         538         17.5         10,506         735         14.3         20,597         3,570         5.8         10,020         685         1           1986         9,464         543         17.4         10,764         738         14.6         22,143         3,821         5.8         10,143         692         1           1987         9,720         539         18.0         11,114         744         14.9         23,349         3,937         5.9         10,453         694         1           1988         9,972         531         18.8         11,465         745         15.4         22,485         3,736													13.6	
1983         9,118         534         17.1         10,497         767         13.7         21,083         3,769         5.6         9,760         686         1           1984         9,248         530         17.4         11,151         797         14.0         22,550         3,967         5.7         10,017         691         1           1985         9,419         538         17.5         10,506         735         14.3         20,597         3,570         5.8         10,020         685         1           1986         9,464         543         17.4         10,764         738         14.6         22,143         3,821         5.8         10,143         692         1           1987         9,720         539         18.0         11,114         744         14.9         23,349         3,937         5.9         10,453         694         1           1988         9,972         531         18.8         11,465         745         15.4         22,485         3,736         6.0         10,721         688         1           1990         10,504         520         20.2         11,902         738         16.1         23,603         3,953 <td>1982</td> <td></td> <td>14.1</td>	1982												14.1	
1984         9,248         530         17.4         11,151         797         14.0         22,550         3,967         5.7         10,017         691         1           1985         9,419         538         17.5         10,506         735         14.3         20,597         3,570         5.8         10,020         685         1           1986         9,464         543         17.4         10,764         738         14.6         22,143         3,821         5.8         10,143         692         1           1987         9,720         539         18.0         11,114         744         14.9         23,349         3,937         5.9         10,453         694         1           1988         9,972         531         18.8         11,465         745         15.4         22,485         3,736         6.0         10,721         688         1           1989         310,157         3533         319.0         11,676         724         16.1         22,926         3,776         6.1         10,932         688         1           1990         10,571         501         21.1         12,245         721         17.0         24,229         4,0	1983	9,118		17.1		767	13.7			5.6		686	14.2	
1985         9,419         538         17.5         10,506         735         14.3         20,597         3,570         5.8         10,020         685         1           1986         9,464         543         17.4         10,764         738         14.6         22,143         3,821         5.8         10,143         692         1           1987         9,720         539         18.0         11,114         744         14.9         23,349         3,937         5.9         10,453         694         1           1988         9,972         531         18.8         11,465         745         15.4         22,485         3,736         6.0         10,721         688         1           1989         a10,157         a533         a19.0         11,676         724         16.1         22,926         3,776         6.1         10,932         688         1           1990         10,504         520         20.2         11,902         738         16.1         23,603         3,953         6.0         11,107         677         1           1991         10,571         501         21.1         12,245         721         17.0         24,229         4,	1984	9,248	530	17.4	11,151	797	14.0		3,967	5.7	10,017	691	14.5	
1987         9,720         539         18.0         11,114         744         14.9         23,349         3,937         5.9         10,453         694         1           1988         9,972         531         18.8         11,665         745         15.4         22,485         3,736         6.0         10,721         688         1           1989         a10,157         a533         a19.0         11,676         724         16.1         22,926         3,776         6.1         10,932         688         1           1990         10,504         520         20.2         21,902         738         16.1         23,603         3,953         6.0         11,107         677         1991         10,571         501         21.1         12,245         721         17.0         24,229         4,047         6.0         11,294         669         1           1992         10,857         517         21.0         12,381         717         17.3         25,373         4,210         6.0         11,558         683         1           1993         10,892         531         20.7         12,156         701         17.3         25,838         4,202         6.1	1985	9,419	538	17.5	10,506	735	14.3		3,570	5.8	10,020	685	14.6	
1988         9,972         531         18.8         11,465         745         15.4         22,485         3,736         6.0         10,721         688         1           1989         **10,157         **533         **19.0         11,676         724         16.1         22,926         3,776         6.1         10,932         688         1           1990         10,504         520         20.2         11,902         738         16.1         23,603         3,953         6.0         11,107         677         1           1991         10,571         501         21.1         12,245         721         17.0         24,229         4,047         6.0         11,594         669         1           1992         10,857         517         21.0         12,381         717         17.3         25,373         4,210         6.0         11,558         668         1           1993         10,804         527         20.5         12,430         714         17.4         26,262         4,309         6.1         11,595         693         1           1994         10,992         531         20.7         12,156         701         17.3         25,838	1986	9,464	543	17.4	10,764	738	14.6	22,143	3,821	5.8	10,143	692	14.7	
1989       a10,157       a533       a19.0       11,676       724       16.1       22,926       3,776       6.1       10,932       688       1         1990       10,504       520       20.2       11,902       738       16.1       23,603       3,953       6.0       11,107       677       1         1991       10,571       501       21.1       12,245       721       17.0       24,229       4,047       6.0       11,294       669       1         1992       10,857       517       21.0       12,381       717       17.3       25,373       4,210       6.0       11,558       683       1         1993       10,804       527       20.5       12,430       714       17.4       26,262       4,309       6.1       11,595       693       1         1994       10,992       531       20.7       12,156       701       17.3       25,838       4,202       6.1       11,683       698       1         1995       11,203       530       21.1       12,018       694       17.3       26,514       4,315       6.1       11,793       700       1         1997       11,581       539	1987	9,720	539	18.0	11,114	744	14.9	23,349	3,937	5.9	10,453	694	15.1	
1990         10,504         520         20.2         11,902         738         16.1         23,603         3,953         6.0         11,107         677         1           1991         10,571         501         21.1         12,245         721         17.0         24,229         4,047         6.0         11,294         669         1           1992         10,857         517         21.0         12,381         717         17.3         25,373         4,210         6.0         11,558         683         1           1993         10,804         527         20.5         12,430         714         17.4         26,262         4,309         6.1         11,595         693         1           1994         10,992         531         20.7         12,156         701         17.3         25,838         4,202         6.1         11,683         698         1           1995         11,203         530         21.1         12,018         694         17.3         26,514         4,315         6.1         11,793         700         1           1997         11,581         539         21.5         12,115         703         17.2         26,092         4	1988	9,972	531	18.8	11,465	745	15.4			6.0		688	15.6	
1991       10,571       501       21.1       12,245       721       17.0       24,229       4,047       6.0       11,294       669       1         1992       10,857       517       21.0       12,381       717       17.3       25,373       4,210       6.0       11,558       683       1         1993       10,804       527       20.5       12,430       714       17.4       26,262       4,309       6.1       11,595       693       1         1994       10,992       531       20.7       12,156       701       17.3       25,838       4,202       6.1       11,683       698       1         1995       11,203       530       21.1       12,018       694       17.3       26,514       4,315       6.1       11,793       700       1         1996       11,330       534       21.2       11,811       685       17.2       26,092       4,221       6.2       11,813       700       1         1997       11,581       539       21.5       12,115       703       17.2       27,032       4,218       6.4       12,107       711       1         1998       11,754       544 <td>1989</td> <td><sup>a</sup>10,157</td> <td><sup>a</sup>533</td> <td><sup>a</sup>19.0</td> <td>11,676</td> <td>724</td> <td>16.1</td> <td>22,926</td> <td>3,776</td> <td>6.1</td> <td>10,932</td> <td>688</td> <td>15.9</td>	1989	<sup>a</sup> 10,157	<sup>a</sup> 533	<sup>a</sup> 19.0	11,676	724	16.1	22,926	3,776	6.1	10,932	688	15.9	
1992       10,857       517       21.0       12,381       717       17.3       25,373       4,210       6.0       11,558       683       1         1993       10,804       527       20.5       12,430       714       17.4       26,262       4,309       6.1       11,595       693       1         1994       10,992       531       20.7       12,156       701       17.3       25,838       4,202       6.1       11,683       698       1         1995       11,203       530       21.1       12,018       694       17.3       26,514       4,315       6.1       11,793       700       1         1996       11,330       534       21.2       11,811       685       17.2       26,092       4,221       6.2       11,813       700       1         1997       11,581       539       21.5       12,115       703       17.2       27,032       4,218       6.4       12,107       711       1         1998       11,754       544       21.6       12,173       707       17.2       25,397       4,135       6.1       12,211       721       1         1999       11,848       553 <td>1990</td> <td>10,504</td> <td>520</td> <td>20.2</td> <td>11,902</td> <td>738</td> <td>16.1</td> <td>23,603</td> <td>3,953</td> <td>6.0</td> <td>11,107</td> <td>677</td> <td>16.4</td>	1990	10,504	520	20.2	11,902	738	16.1	23,603	3,953	6.0	11,107	677	16.4	
1993     10,804     527     20.5     12,430     714     17.4     26,262     4,309     6.1     11,595     693     1       1994     10,992     531     20.7     12,156     701     17.3     25,838     4,202     6.1     11,683     698     1       1995     11,203     530     21.1     12,018     694     17.3     26,514     4,315     6.1     11,793     700     1       1996     11,330     534     21.2     11,811     685     17.2     26,092     4,221     6.2     11,813     700     1       1997     11,581     539     21.5     12,115     703     17.2     27,032     4,218     6.4     12,107     711     1       1998     11,754     544     21.6     12,173     707     17.2     25,397     4,135     6.1     12,211     721     1       1999     11,848     553     21.4     11,957     701     17.0     26,014     4,352     6.0     12,206     732     1       2000     11,976     547     21.9     11,672     669     17.4     25,617     4,391     5.8     12,164     720     1       2001     11,	1991	10,571	501	21.1	12,245	721	17.0	24,229	4,047	6.0	11,294	669	16.9	
1994     10,992     531     20.7     12,156     701     17.3     25,838     4,202     6.1     11,683     698     1       1995     11,203     530     21.1     12,018     694     17.3     25,614     4,315     6.1     11,793     700     1       1996     11,330     534     21.2     11,811     685     17.2     26,092     4,221     6.2     11,813     700     1       1997     11,581     539     21.5     12,115     703     17.2     27,032     4,218     6.4     12,107     711     1       1998     11,754     544     21.6     12,173     707     17.2     25,397     4,135     6.1     12,211     721     1       1999     11,848     553     21.4     11,957     701     17.0     26,014     4,352     6.0     12,206     732     1       2000     11,976     547     21.9     11,672     669     17.4     25,617     4,391     5.8     12,164     720     1       2001     11,831     534     22.1     11,204     636     17.6     26,602     4,477     5.9     11,887     695     1	1992	10,857	517	21.0	12,381	717	17.3	25,373	4,210	6.0	11,558	683	16.9	
1995     11,203     530     21.1     12,018     694     17.3     26,514     4,315     6.1     11,793     700     1       1996     11,330     534     21.2     11,811     685     17.2     26,092     4,221     6.2     11,813     700     1       1997     11,581     539     21.5     12,115     703     17.2     27,032     4,218     6.4     12,107     711     1       1998     11,754     544     21.6     12,173     707     17.2     25,397     4,135     6.1     12,211     721     1       1999     11,848     553     21.4     11,957     701     17.0     26,014     4,352     6.0     12,206     732     1       2000     11,976     547     21.9     11,672     669     17.4     25,617     4,391     5.8     12,164     720     1       2001     11,831     534     22.1     11,204     636     17.6     26,602     4,477     5.9     11,887     695     1	1993	10,804	527	20.5	12,430	714	17.4	26,262	4,309	6.1	11,595	693	16.7	
1996     11,330     534     21.2     11,811     685     17.2     26,092     4,221     6.2     11,813     700     1       1997     11,581     539     21.5     12,115     703     17.2     27,032     4,218     6.4     12,107     711     1       1998     11,754     544     21.6     12,173     707     17.2     25,397     4,135     6.1     12,211     721     1       1999     11,848     553     21.4     11,957     701     17.0     26,014     4,352     6.0     12,206     732     1       2000     11,976     547     21.9     11,672     669     17.4     25,617     4,391     5.8     12,164     720     1       2001     11,831     534     22.1     11,204     636     17.6     26,602     4,477     5.9     11,887     695     1	1994	10,992	531	20.7	12,156	701	17.3	25,838	4,202	6.1	11,683	698	16.7	
1997     11,581     539     21.5     12,115     703     17.2     27,032     4,218     6.4     12,107     711     1       1998     11,754     544     21.6     12,173     707     17.2     25,397     4,135     6.1     12,211     721     1       1999     11,848     553     21.4     11,957     701     17.0     26,014     4,352     6.0     12,206     732     1       2000     11,976     547     21.9     11,672     669     17.4     25,617     4,391     5.8     12,164     720     1       2001     11,831     534     22.1     11,204     636     17.6     26,602     4,477     5.9     11,887     695     1	1995	11,203			12,018	694	17.3	26,514	4,315		11,793		16.8	
1998     11,754     544     21.6     12,173     707     17.2     25,397     4,135     6.1     12,211     721     1       1999     11,848     553     21.4     11,957     701     17.0     26,014     4,352     6.0     12,206     732     1       2000     11,976     547     21.9     11,672     669     17.4     25,617     4,391     5.8     12,164     720     1       2001     11,831     534     22.1     11,204     636     17.6     26,602     4,477     5.9     11,887     695     1													16.9	
1999     11,848     553     21.4     11,957     701     17.0     26,014     4,352     6.0     12,206     732     1       2000     11,976     547     21.9     11,672     669     17.4     25,617     4,391     5.8     12,164     720     1       2001     11,831     534     22.1     11,204     636     17.6     26,602     4,477     5.9     11,887     695     1													17.0	
2000     11,976     547     21.9     11,672     669     17.4     25,617     4,391     5.8     12,164     720     1       2001     11,831     534     22.1     11,204     636     17.6     26,602     4,477     5.9     11,887     695     1													16.9	
2001 11,831 534 22.1 11,204 636 17.6 26,602 4,477 5.9 11,887 695 1													16.7	
													16.9	
2002 12.202 555 22.0 11.364 650 17.5 27.071 4.642 5.8 12.171 719 1													17.1	
	2002	12,202	555	22.0	11,364	650	17.5	27,071	4,642	5.8	12,171	719	16.9	
													17.0	
2004 <sup>p</sup> 12,497 557 22.4 11,044 682 16.2 27,719 4,157 6.7 12,190 715 1	2004 <sup>P</sup>	12,497	557	22.4	11,044	682	16.2	27,719	4,157	6.7	12,190	715	17.1	

Through 1989, includes motorcycles.

P=Preliminary.

Notes: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html.

Sources: • Passenger Cars, 1990-1994: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, *National Transportation Statistics* 1998, Table 4-13. • All Other Data: • 1973-1994—Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), Highway Statistics Summary to 1995, Table VM-201A. • 1995 forward—FHWA, Highway Statistics, annual reports, Table VM-1.

b Includes a small number of trucks with 2 axles and 4 tires, such as step vans.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Single-unit trucks with 2 axles and 6 or more tires, and combination trucks.

d Includes buses and motorcycles, which are not shown separately.

Table 1.10 Heating Degree-Days by Census Division

		November '	1 through N	ovember 30			July 1 th	Cumulative rough Nove		-9 -11 -4 -3			
				Percent	Change				Percent	Change			
Census Divisions	Normala	2004	2005	Normal to 2005	2004 to 2005	Normala	2004	2005	Normal to 2005				
New England Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont	727	725	683	-6	-6	1,384	1,294	1,182	-15	-9			
Middle Atlantic New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania	667	613	574	-14	-6	1,193	1,024	914	-23				
East North Central Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, Wisconsin	757	647	668	-12	3	1,337	1,132	1,087	-19	-4			
West North Central lowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota	840	693	708	-16	2	1,447	1,198	1,167	-19	-3			
South Atlantic Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Maryland and the District of Columbia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia	339	286	298	-12	4	528	415	439	-17	6			
East South Central Alabama, Kentucky, Mississippi, Tennessee	449	337	396	-12	18	695	464	605	-13				
West South Central Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas	293	239	222	-24	-7	385	275	317	-18	15			
Mountain Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, Wyoming	676	667	564	-17	-15	1,219	1,161	980	-20	-16			
Pacific <sup>b</sup> California, Oregon, Washington	396	421	343	-13	-19	690	659	546	-21	-17			
U.S. Average <sup>b</sup>	539	484	466	-14	-4	922	788	746	-19	-5			

 $_{\cdot}^{\rm a}$  "Normal" is based on calculations of data from 1971 through 2000.

Notes: Degree-days are relative measurements of outdoor air temperature used as an index for heating and cooling energy requirements. Heating degree-days are the number of degrees that the daily average temperature falls below 65° F. Cooling degree-days are the number of degrees that the daily average temperature rises above 65° F. The daily average temperature is the mean of the maximum and minimum temperatures in a 24-hour period. For example, a weather station recording an average daily temperature of 40°

F would report 25 heating degree-days for that day (and 0 cooling degree-days). If a weather station recorded an average daily temperature of 78° F, cooling degree-days for that station would be 13 (and 0 heating degree days).

Web Pages: • See http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html for current data. • See http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/aer/overview.html for historical data.

Sources: See end of section.

b Excludes Alaska and Hawaii.

Table 1.11 Cooling Degree-Days by Census Division

		November '	1 through N	ovember 30			January 1	Cumulative through No		
				Percent	Change				Percent	Change
Census Divisions	Normala	2004	2005	Normal to 2005	2004 to 2005	Normala	2004	2005	Normal to 2005	2004 to 2005
New England Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire,	0			(6)	(6)	447	400	000	50	
Rhode Island, Vermont	0	0	0	(°)	(°)	417	402	633	52	57
Middle Atlantic New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania	0	0	0	(°)	(c)	656	629	971	48	54
East North Central Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, Wisconsin	0	0	0	(°)	(°)	708	590	970	37	64
West North Central lowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota	0	0	1	(°)	(°)	928	770	1,156	25	50
South Atlantic Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Maryland and the District of Columbia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia	55	63	61	(°)	(°)	1,931	2,068	2.116	10	2
	55	03	01			1,951	2,000	2,110	10	
East South Central Alabama, Kentucky, Mississippi, Tennessee	6	17	21	(c)	(c)	1,545	1,627	1,811	17	11
West South Central Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas	31	40	75	(c)	(c)	2,439	2,539	2,818	16	11
Mountain Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, Wyoming	4	3	13	(°)	(°)	1,243	1,410	1,471	18	4
Pacific <sup>b</sup> California, Oregon, Washington	4	0	6	(°)	(°)	703	888	776	10	-13
U.S. Average <sup>b</sup>	15	18	23	(°)	(°)	1,209	1,254	1,440	19	15

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> "Normal" is based on calculations of data from 1971 through 2000.

Notes: Degree-days are relative measurements of outdoor air temperature used as an index for heating and cooling energy requirements. Cooling degree-days are the number of degrees that the daily average temperature rises above 65° F. Heating degree-days are the number of degrees that the daily average temperature falls below 65° F. The daily average temperature is the mean of the maximum and minimum temperatures in a 24-hour period.

For example, if a weather station recorded an average daily temperature of 78° F, cooling degree-days for that station would be 13 (and 0 heating degree-days). A weather station recording an average daily temperature of 40° F would report 25 heating degree-days for that day (and 0 cooling degree-days).

Web Pages: • See http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/overview.html for current data. • See http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/aer/overview.html for historical data.

Sources: See end of section.

b Excludes Alaska and Hawaii.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Percent change is not meaningful: normal is less than 100 or ratio is incalculable.

### **Energy Overview**

Note 1. Energy Production: Includes production of fossil fuels (coal, dry natural gas, crude oil and lease condensate, and natural gas plant liquids), nuclear electric power, and renewable energy. Renewable energy production is assumed to be equivalent to: end-use consumption of wood, waste, alcohol fuels, geothermal heat pump and direct use energy, and solar thermal direct use and photovoltaic energy; and electricity net generation from conventional hydroelectric power, wood, waste, geothermal, solar, and wind. Approximate heat contents (Btu values) are derived by using the conversion factors provided in Appendix A. See Section 10 for further information on renewable energy.

Note 2. Energy Consumption: Includes consumption of fossil fuels (coal, natural gas, and petroleum), some secondary energy derived from fossil fuels (supplemental gaseous fuels and coal coke net imports), nuclear electric power, renewable energy, and net imports of electricity. Renewable energy consumption includes: end-use consumption of wood, waste, alcohol fuels, geothermal heat pump and direct use energy, and solar thermal direct use and photovoltaic energy; and net electricity generation from conventional hydroelectric power, wood, waste, geothermal, solar, and wind. Approximate heat contents (Btu values) are derived by using the conversion factors provided in Appendix A. See Section 10 for further information on renewable energy.

**Note 3. Energy Imports**: Includes imports of fossil fuels (coal, natural gas, and petroleum, including crude oil imported for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve), some secondary energy derived from fossil fuels (coal coke imports), and electricity. Approximate heat contents (Btu values) are derived by using the conversion factors provided in Appendix A. See Section 10 for further information on renewable energy.

**Note 4. Energy Exports**: Includes exports of fossil fuels (coal, natural gas, and petroleum), some secondary energy derived from fossil fuels (coal coke exports), and electricity. Approximate heat contents (Btu values) are derived by using the conversion factors provided in Appendix A. See Section 10 for further information on renewable energy.

**Note 5. Merchandise Trade Value**: Import data presented are based on the customs value. That value does not include insurance and freight and is consequently lower than the cost, insurance, and freight (CIF) value, which is also reported by the Bureau of the Census. All export data, and import data prior to 1981, are on a free alongside ship (f.a.s.) Basis.

"Balance" is exports minus imports; a positive balance indicates a surplus trade value and a negative balance indicates a deficit trade value. "Energy" includes mineral fuels, lubricants, and related material. "Non-Energy Balance" and "Total Merchandise" include foreign exports (i.e., re-exports) and nonmonetary gold and Department of Defense Grant-Aid shipments. The "Non-Energy Balance"

is calculated by subtracting the "Energy" from the "Total Merchandise Balance."

"Imports" consist of government and nongovernment shipments of merchandise into the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and the U.S. Foreign Trade Zones. They reflect the total arrival from foreign countries of merchandise that immediately entered consumption channels, warehouses, the Foreign Trade Zones, or the Strategic Petroleum Reserve. They exclude shipments between the United States, Puerto Rico, and U.S. possessions, shipments to U.S. Armed Forces and diplomatic missions abroad for their own use, U.S. goods returned to the United States by its Armed Forces, and in-transit shipments.

### **Table 1.5 Sources**

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Foreign Trade Division:

### **Petroleum Exports**

1974-1987: "U.S. Exports," FT410, December issues. 1988 and 1989: "Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade," Final Revisions.

1990-1992: "U.S. Merchandise Trade," Final Report.

1993-2003: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services," Annual Revision.

2004 and 2005: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services," FT-900, monthly.

#### **Petroleum Imports**

1974-1987: "U.S. Merchandise Trade," FT900, December issues, 1975-1988.

1988 and 1989: "Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade," Final Revisions.

1990-1993: "U.S. Merchandise Trade," Final Report.

1994-2003: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services," Annual Revision.

2004 and 2005: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services," FT-900, monthly.

### **Energy Exports and Imports**

1974-1987: U.S. merchandise trade press releases and database printouts for adjustments.

1988: January-July, monthly FT-900 supplement, 1989 issues. August-December, monthly FT-900, 1989 issues. 1989: Monthly FT-900, 1990 issues.

1990-1992: "U.S. Merchandise Trade," Final Report.

1993-2003: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services." Annual Revision.

2004 and 2005: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services," FT-900, monthly.

### Petroleum, Energy, and Non-Energy Balances

Calculated by the Energy Information Administration.

### **Total Merchandise**

1974-1987: U.S. merchandise trade press releases and database printouts for adjustments.

1988: "Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1988 Final Revisions," August 18, 1989

1989: "Report on U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1989 Revisions," July 10, 1990.

1990: "U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1990 Final Report," May 10, 1991, and "U.S. Merchandise Trade, December 1992," February 18, 1993, page 3

1991: "U.S. Merchandise Trade, 1992 Final Report," May 12, 1993.

1992-2003: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services," Annual Revision

2004 and 2005: "U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services," FT-900, monthly.

### Tables 1.10 and 1.11 Sources

There are several degree-day databases maintained by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. The information published here is developed by the National Weather Service Climate Prediction Center, Camp Springs, MD. The data are available weekly with monthly summaries and are based on mean daily temperatures recorded at about 200 major weather stations around the country. The temperature information recorded at those weather stations is used to calculate statewide degree-day averages based on population.

The State figures are then aggregated into Census Divisions and into the national average. The population weights currently used represent resident State population data estimated for the 2000 Census by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. The data provided here are available sooner than the Historical Climatology Series 5-1 (heating degree-days) and 5-2 (cooling degree-days) developed by the National Climatic Data Center, Asheville, NC, which compiles data from some 8,000 weather stations.

## **Section 2. Energy Consumption by Sector**

U.S. total energy consumption in September 2005 was 7.8 quadrillion Btu, 1 percent lower than in September 2004.

Residential sector total consumption was 1.6 quadrillion Btu in September 2005, 7 percent higher than the September 2004 level. The sector accounted for 20 percent of total energy consumption.

Commercial sector total consumption was 1.4 quadrillion Btu in September 2005, 3 percent higher than the September 2004 level. The sector accounted for 18 percent of total energy consumption.

Industrial sector total consumption was 2.5 quadrillion Btu in September 2005, 8 percent lower than the September

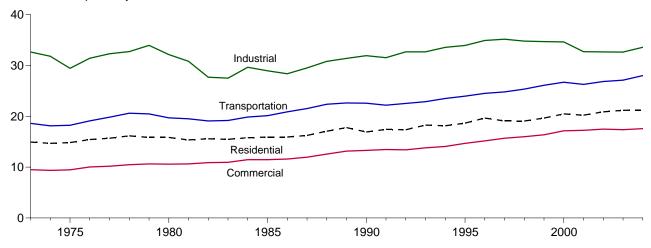
2004 level. The sector accounted for 32 percent of total energy consumption.

Transportation sector total consumption was 2.3 quadrillion Btu in September 2005, slightly lower than the September 2004 level. The sector accounted for 30 percent of total energy consumption.

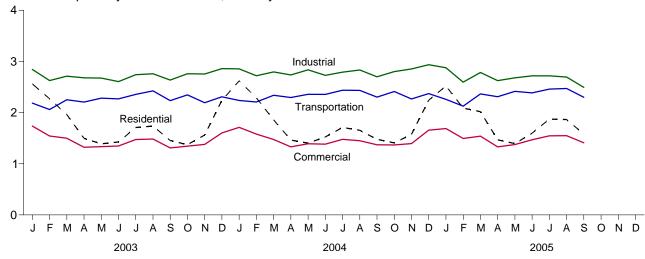
Electric power sector primary consumption was 3.4 quadrillion Btu in September 2005, 4 percent higher than the September 2004 level. Fossil fuels accounted for 72 percent of all primary energy consumed by the electric power sector; nuclear electric power 20 percent; and renewable energy 7 percent.

Figure 2.1 Energy Consumption by Sector (Quadrillion Btu)

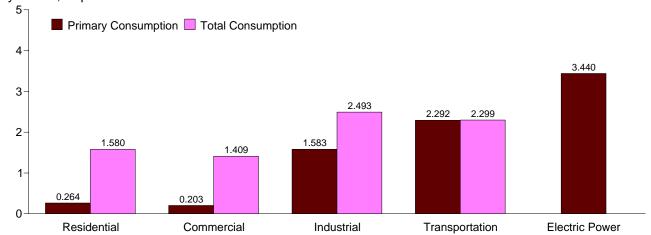
Total Consumption by End-Use Sector, 1973-2004



Total Consumption by End-Use Sector, Monthly







Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/consump.html.

Source: Table 2.1.

Table 2.1 Energy Consumption by Sector

(Trillion Btu)

				End-Use	Sectors				Electric Power		
	Resid	lential	Comm	nercial <sup>a</sup>	Indu	strial <sup>b</sup>	Transp	ortation	Sector <sup>c,d</sup>	Adjust-	
	Primary	Total	Primary	Total	Primary	Total	Primary	Total	Primary	mentse	Total
1973 Total	8,250	14,930	4,381	9,507	24,741	32,653	18,576	18,612	19,753	7	75,708
1975 Total	8,006	14,842	4,023	9,466	21,454	29,447	18,209	18,244	20,307	1	71,999
1980 Total	7,504	15,848	4,097	10,594	22,673	32,152	19,658	19,696	24,359	-1	78,289
1985 Total	6,992	15,928	3,708	11,465	19,540	28,958	20,075	20,122	26,158	-4	76,469
1990 Total	6,460	16,912	3,810	13,292	21,235	31,931	22,535	22,589	30,684	-20	84,704
1995 Total	7,022	18,662	4,032	14,674	22,643	33,950	23,905	23,960	33,644	3	91,250
1996 Total	7,556	19,654	4,218	15,171	23,364	34,916	24,456	24,511	34,658	4	94,256
1997 Total	7,088	19,081	4,248	15,692	23,608	35,181	24,753	24,808	35,065	6	94,768
1998 Total	6,462	19,067	3,956	15,979	23,067	34,792	25,301	25,357	36,409	-3	95,192
1999 Total	6,810	19,655	3,984	16,368	22,826	34,699	26,050	26,108	37,159	6	96,836
2000 Total	7,147	20,473	4,192	17,148	22,740	34,633	26,645	26,705	38,237	2	98,961
2001 Total	6,909	R 20,228	4,044	R 17,252	21,796	R 32,713	26,215	R 26,273	37,502	5	96,472
2002 Total	6,886	R <b>20,880</b>	4,148	<sup>R</sup> 17,475	21,720	R <b>32,670</b>	26,786	<sup>R</sup> 26,846	38,332	5	97,877
2003 January	1,196	2,560	639	R 1,736	1,946	R 2,844	2,178	2,185	3,365	(s)	9,324
February	1,102	2,270	592	<sup>R</sup> 1,542	1,794	R 2,626	2,054	2,060	2,957	-4	8,495
March	870	1,964	484	R 1,499	1,829	R 2,713	2,246	2,252	2,999	-4	8,424
April	573	1,496	338	R 1,322	1,774	R 2,680	2,200	2,206	2,819	-4	7,699
May	391	1,390	247	<sup>R</sup> 1,335	1,717	R 2,674	2,277	2,283	3,050	-1	7,681
June	287	1,425	197	<sup>R</sup> 1,347	1,631	R 2,606	2,261	2,268	3,270	1	7,647
July	264	1,709	199	R 1,474	1,761	R 2,740	2,348	2,355	3,706	5	8,283
August	262	1,737	202	<sup>R</sup> 1,483	1,756	R 2,759	2,417	2,424	3,767	6	8,409
September	279	1,455	204	<sup>R</sup> 1,310	1,738	R 2,635	2,227	2,233	3,186	2	7,635
October	399	R 1,371	259	R 1,344	1,814	R 2,760	2,341	2,347	3,009	-1	7,822
November	588	R 1,561	341	R 1,379	1,825	R 2,754	2,187	2,193	2,947	-2	7,886
December Total	973 <b>7,184</b>	2,239 R <b>21,186</b>	507 <b>4,207</b>	<sup>R</sup> 1,601 <sup>R</sup> <b>17,369</b>	1,941 <b>21,525</b>	<sup>R</sup> 2,860 <sup>R</sup> <b>32,646</b>	2,303 <b>27,038</b>	2,309 R <b>27,113</b>	3,286 <b>38,359</b>	-1 <b>-3</b>	9,007 <b>98,311</b>
2004 January	1.215	R 2.619	<sup>R</sup> 614	<sup>R</sup> 1.711	<sup>R</sup> 1.965	R 2.854	R 2.229	R 2.236	R 3.397	(a)	<sup>R</sup> 9.421
2004 January	1,215	R 2,289	R 574	R 1,711	R 1,868	R 2,720	2,229	2,236	R 3,072	(s) -1	R 8.794
February	789	R 1,859	R 441	R 1,474	R 1,897	R 2,720	R 2,332	R 2,338	R 3.007	R -4	R 8,463
March April	769 544	R 1,463	R 324	R 1,329	R 1,837	R 2,736	R 2,288	R 2,336	R 2.828	-3	7,819
May	360	R 1,404	R 236	R 1,329	R 1,831	R 2,835	2,200	R 2,358	R 3,209	<sup>R</sup> (s)	R 7,988
June	286	R 1,524	R 200	R 1,384	R 1,772	R 2,728	R 2,350	2,356	R 3.385	(5)	7,995
July	270	R 1,709	R 197	R 1,477	R 1.811	R 2.791	2,430	2,330	R 3.706	R 5	R 8,419
August	267	R 1,654	R 196	R 1,477	R 1,852	R 2,833	2,427	2,434	R 3,628	R 4	R 8,375
September	272	R 1,476	R 199	R 1,371	R 1,777	R 2.700	R 2,295	2,302	R 3.306	R 2	R 7,852
October	388	R 1,470	R 253	R 1.367	R 1,868	R 2,802	2,293	2,302	R 3.073	R -1	R 7.988
November	583	R 1,576	R 336	R 1,394	R 1,918	R 2,853	2,400	R 2,267	R 2.992	-1 -1	R 8.089
December	954	R 2,241	R 509	R 1,656	R 1,994	R 2,936	2,364	2,371	R 3,384	R (s)	R 9,205
Total	R 7,009	R 21,224	R <b>4,078</b>	R 17,583	R 22,391	R 33,582	27,936	R 28,013	R 38,988	<sup>R</sup> 6	R 100,408
2005 January	1,130	R 2,520	<sup>R</sup> 591	R 1.689	<sup>R</sup> 1,969	<sup>R</sup> 2,877	R 2.250	R 2,258	R 3.403	2	R 9.346
February	962	R 2.089	R 521	1,494	R 1,763	R 2.595	2.119	2,127	R 2.940	R -1	R 8,304
March	886	R 2.018	R 481	R 1,540	R 1.876	R 2,785	R 2.357	2.365	R 3.107	R -1	R 8,707
April	R 536	R 1,467	R 323	R 1,329	R 1,745	R 2,624	R 2,303	R 2,310	R 2,823	-4	R 7,726
May	398	R 1,393	249	R 1,375	R 1,706	R 2,679	2,408	2,415	R 3,101	R (s)	R 7,863
June	296	R 1,597	R 208	R 1,469	R 1,739	R 2,718	2,379	R 2,386	R 3,549	5	<sup>R</sup> 8,175
July	268	R 1,873	202	R 1,545	R 1,741	R 2,718	R 2,452	R 2,459	R 3,934	R <sub>2</sub>	R 8,598
August	261	R 1,865	203	<sup>R</sup> 1,549	R 1,709	R 2,695	R 2,464	R 2,472	R 3,945	<sup>R</sup> 19	<sup>R</sup> 8,601
September	264	1,580	203	1,409	1,583	2,493	2,292	2,299	3,440	-4	7,778
9-Month Total	5,002	16,403	2,980	13,400	15,831	24,185	21,024	21,092	30,242	19	75,097
2004 9-Month Total 2003 9-Month Total	5,084 5,224	15,997 16,005	2,981 3,100	13,167 13,049	16,610 15,945	24,992 24,277	20,905 20,208	20,962 20,265	29,539 29,117	7 1	75,126 73,596

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Commercial sector fuel use, including that at commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only plants. See Note, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at end of Section 7.
<sup>b</sup> Industrial sector fuel use, including that at industrial combined-heat-

total energy consumption does not equal the sum of the sectoral components due to the use of sector-specific conversion factors for coal and natural gas.

R=Revised. (s)=Less than +0.5 trillion Btu and greater than -0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • Primary consumption includes coal, natural gas, petroleum, nuclear electric power, conventional hydroelectric power, wood, waste, alcohol fuels, geothermal, solar, wind, coal coke net imports, and electricity net imports. • Total consumption includes primary consumption, electricity retail sales, and electrical system energy losses. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/consump.html.

Additional Notes and Sources: See Tables 2.2-2.6 and end of section.

b Industrial sector fuel use, including that at industrial combined-heatand-power (CHP) and industrial electricity-only plants. See Note, "Classification of Power Plants Auto Energy-Use Sectors," at end of Section 7.

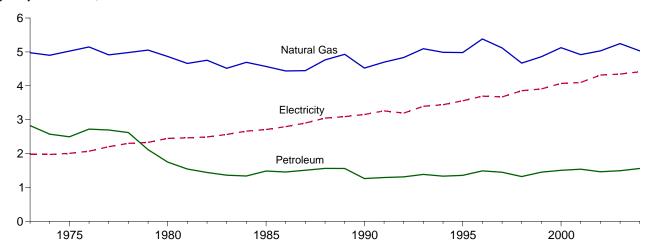
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public.
<sup>d</sup> Through 1988, data are for consumption at electric utilities only. Beginning in

Through 1988, data are for consumption at electric utilities only. Beginning in 1989, data also include consumption at independent power producers.

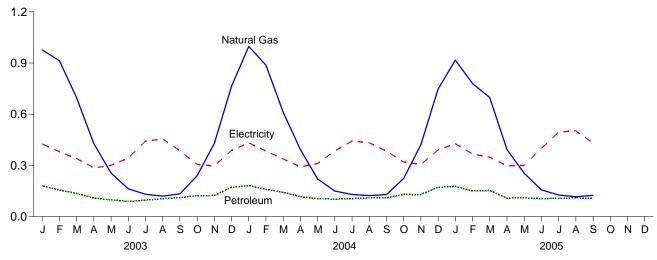
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> A balancing item. The sum of primary consumption in the five energy-use sectors equals the sum of total consumption in the four end-use sectors. However,

Figure 2.2 Residential Sector Energy Consumption (Quadrillion Btu)

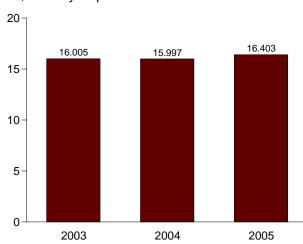
By Major Sources, 1973-2004



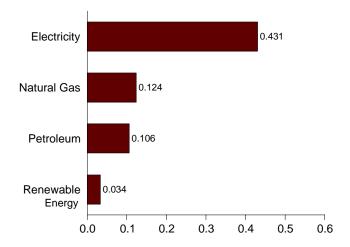
By Major Sources, Monthly



Total, January-September



By Major Sources, September 2005



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/consump.html.

Source: Table 2.2.

**Table 2.2 Residential Sector Energy Consumption** 

(Trillion Btu)

				Prima	ary Consum	ption						
		Foss	il Fuels			Renewable	Energya			Electricity	Electrical System	
	Coal	Natural Gas <sup>b</sup>	Petroleum	Total	Bio- mass <sup>c</sup>	Geo- thermal <sup>d</sup>	Solare	Total	Total Primary	Retail Sales <sup>f</sup>	Energy Losses <sup>g</sup>	Total
1973 Total	94	4,977	2,825	7,896	354	NA	NA	354	8,250	1,976	4,703	14,930
1975 Total	63	5,023	2,495	7,580	425	NA	NA	425	8,006	2,007	4,829	14,842
1980 Total	31	4,866	1,748	6,645	859	NA	NA	859	7,504	2,448	5,897	15,848
1985 Total	39	4,571	1,483	6,093	899	NA	NA	899	6,992	2,709	6,227	15,928
1990 Total	31	4,523	1,263	5,817	581	6	56	642	6,460	3,153	7,300	16,912
1995 Total	17	4,981	1,356	6,355	596	7	65	667	7,022	3,557	8,083	18,662
1996 Total	17	5,383	1,489	6,888	595	7	65	667	7,556	3,694	8,405	19,654
1997 Total	16	5,118	1,448	6,582	433	8	65	506	7,088	3,671	8,322	19,081
1998 Total	12	4,669	1,322	6,003	387	8	65	459	6,462	3,856	8,749	19,067
1999 Total	14	4,858	1,452	6,324	414	9	64	486	6,810	3,906	8,939	19,655
2000 Total	11	5,126	1,506	6,643	433	9	61	503	7,147	4,069	9,258	20,473
2001 Total	12	4,919	1,539	6,470	370	9	60	439	6,909	<sup>R</sup> 4,098	<sup>R</sup> 9,221	R 20,228
2002 Total	11	5,031	1,463	6,504	313	10	59	382	6,886	<sup>R</sup> 4,318	<sup>R</sup> 9,677	R 20,880
2003 January	1	977	181	1,159	30	1	5	37	1,196	425	939	2,560
February	1	913	155	1,069	28	1	4	33	1,102	380	787	2,270
March	1	697	136	833	30	1	5	37	870	340	754	1,964
April	1	428	109	537	30	1	5	36	573	286	637	1,496
May	1	256	97	354	30	1	5	37	391	300	R 699	1,390
June	1	162	88	251	30	1	5	36	287	343	<sup>R</sup> 795	1,425
July	1	131	96	227	30	1	5	37	264	442	1,003	1,709
August	1	120	105	225	30	1	5	37	262	455	R 1,020	1,737
September	1	133	110	244	30	1	5	36	279	385	790	1,455
October	1	239	123	363	30	1	5	37	399	306	<sup>R</sup> 666	R 1,371
November	1	427	124	552	30	1	5	36	588	297	677	<sup>R</sup> 1,561
December	2	763	171	936	30	1	5	37	973	387	880	2,239
Total	10	5,246	1,494	6,750	359	17	58	434	7,184	<sup>R</sup> 4,346	<sup>R</sup> 9,656	<sup>R</sup> 21,186
2004 January	<sup>R</sup> 2	997	<sup>R</sup> 181	1,180	28	2	5	35	1,215	433	R 972	R 2,619
February	1	888	<sup>R</sup> 159	1,049	26	1	5	32	1,081	R 384	<sup>R</sup> 824	R 2,289
March	1	612	142	754	28	2	5	35	789	338	R 732	<sup>R</sup> 1,859
April	1	393	116	510	27	1	5	33	544	<sup>R</sup> 291	R 628	R 1,463
May	1	220	104	R 326	28	2	5	35	360	<sup>R</sup> 311	<sup>R</sup> 733	R 1,404
June	1	149	102	252	27	1	5	33	286	<sup>R</sup> 385	R 854	R 1,524
July	1	129	105	235	28	2	5	35	270	443	<sup>R</sup> 997	R 1,709
August	1	123	109	233	28	2	5	35	267	432	<sup>R</sup> 954	R 1,654
September	1	129	<sup>R</sup> 109	239	27	1	5	33	272	R 383	<sup>R</sup> 821	R 1,476
October	1	223	129	353	28	2	5	35	388	R 320	R 700	R 1,408
November	1	420	129	550	27	1	5	33	583	306	R 687	R 1,576
December	_ 2	746	172	920	28	2	5	35	954	R 390	R 897	R 2,241
Total	R 13	5,030	1,559	<sup>R</sup> 6,602	332	18	57	408	R 7,009	<sup>R</sup> 4,414	<sup>R</sup> 9,800	<sup>R</sup> 21,224
2005 January	R 2	917	177	1,096	28	2	5	35	1,130	R 427	R 963	R 2,520
February	1	780	150	931	25	1	4	31	962	R 367	R 760	R 2,089
March	1	698	153	852	28	2	5	35	886	R 348	R 783	R 2,018
April	1	R 393	108	503	27	1	5	34	R 536	297	R 633	R 1,467
May	1	254	109	364	28	2	5	35	398	R 299	R 696	R 1,393
June	1	156	105	262	27	1	5	34	296	R 399	R 902	R 1,597
July	1	126	106	233	28	2	5	35	268	R 495	R 1,111	R 1,873
August	1	116	109	226	28	2	5	35	261	R 503	R 1,102	R 1,865
September	1	124	106	231	27	1	5	34	264	431	885	1,580
9-Month Total	9	3,564	1,124	4,697	249	13	43	305	5,002	3,566	7,835	16,403
2004 9-Month Total 2003 9-Month Total	9 7	3,641 3,816	1,129 1,076	4,779 4,900	249 269	13 13	43 43	305 325	5,084 5,224	3,398 3,356	7,515 7,425	15,997 16,005

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> All values are estimated; see Table 10.2a.

beginning in 1996, other energy service providers.

<sup>9</sup> See Note 11, "Electrical System Energy Losses," at end of section.

b Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels that cannot be identified separately.

Wood.
 Geothermal heat pump and direct use energy.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> Solar thermal direct use and photovoltaic electricity generation. Includes small amounts of commercial sector use.

f Electricity retail sales to ultimate customers reported by electric utilities and,

R=Revised. NA=Not available.

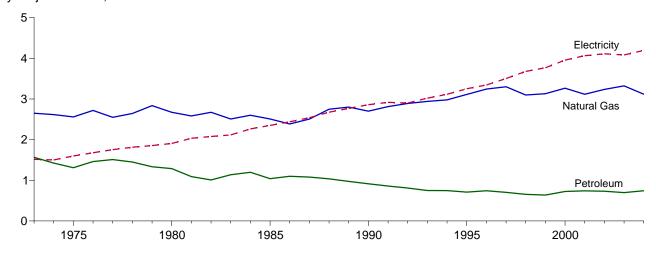
Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/consump.html.

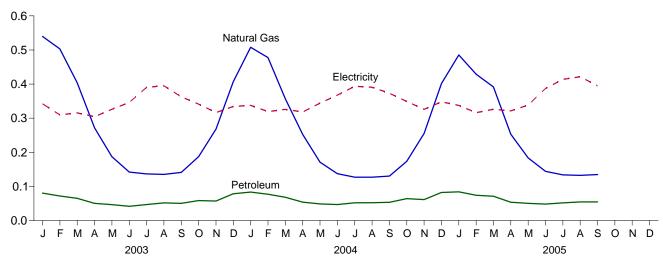
Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

Figure 2.3 Commercial Sector Energy Consumption (Quadrillion Btu)

By Major Sources, 1973-2004



By Major Sources, Monthly



Total, January-September

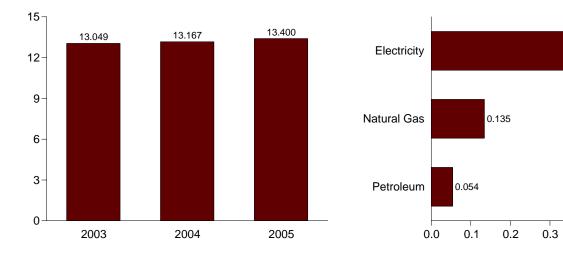
By Major Sources, September 2005

0.395

0.4

0.5

0.6



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/consump.html.

Source: Table 2.3.

**Table 2.3 Commercial Sector Energy Consumption** 

(Trillion Btu)

				Prim	ary Consum	ption						
		Foss	il Fuels			Renewak	le Energy <sup>a</sup>				Floorical	
	Coal	Natural Gas <sup>b</sup>	Petroleum	Total	Hydro- electric Power <sup>c</sup>	Bio- mass <sup>d</sup>	Geo- thermal <sup>e</sup>	Total	Total Primary	Electricity Retail Sales <sup>f</sup>	Electrical System Energy Losses <sup>9</sup>	Total
1973 Total	160	2,649	1,565	4,374	NA	7	NA	7	4,381	1,517	3,609	9,507
1975 Total	147	2,558	1,310	4,015	NA	8	NA	8	4,023	1,598	3,845	9,466
1980 Total	115	2,674	1,288	4,076	NA	21	NA	21	4,097	1,906	4,591	10,594
1985 Total	137	2,508	1,039	3,684	NA	24	NA	24	3,708	2,351	5,405	11,465
1990 Total	124	2,701	913	3,739	1	67	3	71	3,810	2,860	6,622	13,292
1995 Total	117	3,113	710	3,940	1	86	5	92	4,032	3,252	7,390	14,674
1996 Total	122	3,244	743	4,108	1	103	5	110	4,218	3,344	7,609	15,171
1997 Total	129	3,302	704	4,135	1	107	6	113	4,248	3,503	7,941	15,692
1998 Total	93	3,098	653	3,845	1	102	7	111	3,956	3,678	8,345	15,979
1999 Total	103	3,130	637	3,870	1	106	7	114	3,984	3,766	8,618	16,368
2000 Total	92	3,265	726	4,083	1	100	8	109	4,192	3,956	9,001	17,148
2001 Total	97	3,116	742	3,955	1	80	8	89	4,044	R 4,064	R 9,144	R 17,252
2002 Total	91	3,235	732	4,058	(s)	81	9	90	4,148	R 4,112	R 9,215	R 17,475
2002 lonuar:	10	E40	00	630	(2)	7	1	0	630	R 342	<sup>R</sup> 755	R 1,736
2003 January	10	540	80	630	(s)	7		9	639		R 641	
February	9	503	72	584	(s)	7	1	8	592	310		R 1,542
March	6	404	65	475	(s)	7	1	9	484	316	R 700	R 1,499
April	7	272	50	329	(s)	7	1	8	338	305	R 680	R 1,322
May	5	187	47	239	(s)	7	1	9	247	R 326	R 761	R 1,335
June	4	142	42	188	(s)	7	1	9	197	R 346	R 804	R 1,347
July	6	137	47	190	(s)	8	1	9	199	R 390	R 885	R 1,474
August	6	135	52	193	(s)	8	1	9	202	R 395	R 887	R 1,483
September	4	141	50	195	(s)	7	1	8	204	R 363	<sup>R</sup> 744	R 1,310
October	5	187	58	251	(s)	7	1	9	259	R 341	R 744	R 1,344
November	8	268	57	333	(s)	7	1	8	341	317	R 721	R 1,379
December	12	407	78	498	(s)	8	1	9	507	R 334	R 760	R 1,601
Total	84	3,323	698	4,105	1	87	14	102	4,207	<sup>R</sup> 4,085	<sup>R</sup> 9,077	<sup>R</sup> 17,369
2004 January	R 13	R 508	83	R 605	(s)	R 8	1	9	<sup>R</sup> 614	R 338	R 759	R 1,711
February	<sup>R</sup> 11	<sup>R</sup> 478	77	<sup>R</sup> 566	(s)	<sup>R</sup> 8	1	R 9	<sup>R</sup> 574	<sup>R</sup> 319	<sup>R</sup> 686	R 1,580
March	<sup>R</sup> 7	R 357	68	<sup>R</sup> 432	(s)	8	1	9	<sup>R</sup> 441	<sup>R</sup> 326	<sup>R</sup> 707	<sup>R</sup> 1,474
April	R 9	<sup>R</sup> 252	54	<sup>R</sup> 315	(s)	<sup>R</sup> 8	1	9	<sup>R</sup> 324	318	<sup>R</sup> 687	R 1,329
May	<sup>R</sup> 6	<sup>R</sup> 171	49	R 226	(s)	8	1	<sup>R</sup> 10	R 236	R 344	R 812	R 1,391
June	<sup>R</sup> 6	<sup>R</sup> 137	47	<sup>R</sup> 190	(s)	8	1	<sup>R</sup> 10	R 200	368	<sup>R</sup> 816	R 1,384
July	<sup>R</sup> 8	<sup>R</sup> 127	52	<sup>R</sup> 187	(s)	8	1	<sup>R</sup> 10	<sup>R</sup> 197	<sup>R</sup> 394	<sup>R</sup> 886	R 1,477
August	<sup>R</sup> 7	<sup>R</sup> 127	52	<sup>R</sup> 186	(s)	8	1	<sup>R</sup> 10	<sup>R</sup> 196	391	R 863	R 1,450
September	<sup>R</sup> 6	R 130	53	R 189	(s)	R 8	1	Rg	R 199	R 373	R 799	R 1,371
October	<sup>R</sup> 6	R 174	64	R 244	(s)	R 8	1	9	R 253	R 349	R 765	R 1,367
November	<sup>R</sup> 10	R 255	61	R 326	(s)	R 8	1	9	R 336	326	R 732	R 1,394
December	<sup>R</sup> 16	<sup>R</sup> 401	82	R 499	(s)	8	1	<sup>R</sup> 10	<sup>R</sup> 509	<sup>R</sup> 348	<sup>R</sup> 799	R 1,656
Total	<sup>R</sup> 105	R 3,118	743	R <b>3,965</b>	`1	R <b>97</b>	15	R 113	R <b>4,078</b>	<sup>R</sup> 4,194	<sup>R</sup> 9,311	R 17,583
2005 January	R 12	R 485	84	<sup>R</sup> 582	(c)	<sup>R</sup> 7	1	9	<sup>R</sup> 591	R 337	<sup>R</sup> 761	R 1,689
	R 10	R 429	74	R 513	(s)	7	1	8	R 521	R 316	656	,
February	R 9	R 391	74 71	R 472	(s)	R 7	1	8	R 481	R 326	R 733	1,494 R 1,540
March	_ •				(s)	R <sub>7</sub>		_ •				
April	<sup>R</sup> 8 <sup>R</sup> 6	<sup>R</sup> 253 <sup>R</sup> 184	54 <sup>R</sup> 50	<sup>R</sup> 314 <sup>R</sup> 240	(s)	R <sub>7</sub>	1	R 8	R 323	R 321	<sup>R</sup> 685 <sup>R</sup> 787	<sup>R</sup> 1,329 <sup>R</sup> 1,375
May	<sup>R</sup> 7			<sup>R</sup> 199	(s)	R <sub>7</sub>	1 1	9	249 <sup>R</sup> 208	339 <sup>R</sup> 387	<sup>R</sup> 874	R 1,469
June		144	48 52		(s)			9		R 414	R 929	R 1,545
July	8 R 8	134	52 55	193	(s)	8 <sup>R</sup> 7	1	9	202	_		
August		132	55 54	194	(s)		1	9	203	R 422	R 925	R 1,549
September 9-Month Total	5 <b>73</b>	135 <b>2,287</b>	54 <b>542</b>	194 <b>2,903</b>	(s) <b>1</b>	7 <b>65</b>	1 <b>11</b>	8 <b>78</b>	203 <b>2,980</b>	395 <b>3,257</b>	812 <b>7,162</b>	1,409 <b>13,400</b>
		•							•			
2004 9-Month Total 2003 9-Month Total	73 59	2,288 2,460	535 504	2,896 3,024	1 1	73 65	11 11	85 77	2,981 3,100	3,171 3,093	7,015 6,855	13,167 13,049

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> All values are estimated; see Table 10.2a.

R=Revised. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

b Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels that cannot be identified separately.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Conventional hydroelectric power.

d Wood and waste.

e Geothermal heat pump and direct use energy.

f Electricity retail sales to ultimate customers reported by electric utilities and, beginning in 1996, other energy service providers.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm g}\,$  See Note 11, "Electrical System Energy Losses," at end of section.

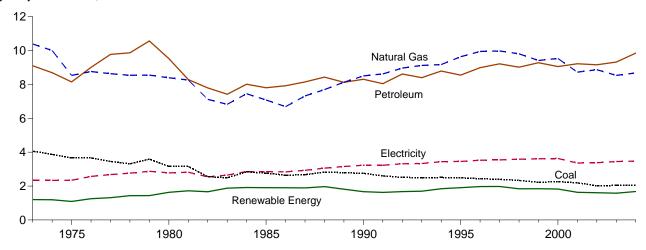
Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/consump.html.

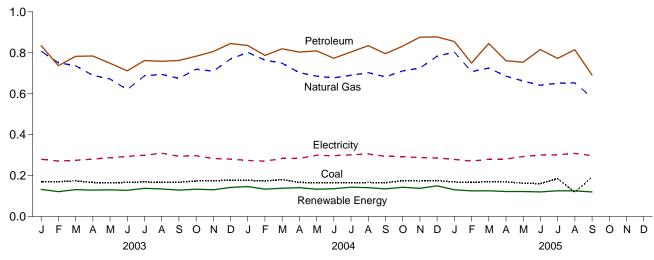
Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

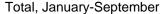
Figure 2.4 Industrial Sector Energy Consumption (Quadrillion Btu)

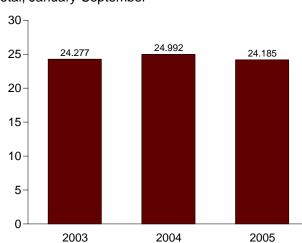
By Major Sources, 1973-2004

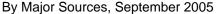


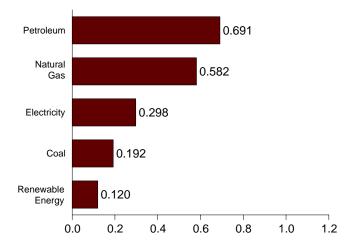
By Major Sources, Monthly











Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/consump.html.

Source: Table 2.4.

**Table 2.4 Industrial Sector Energy Consumption** 

(Trillion Btu)

				Prim	ary Consum	ption						
		Foss	il Fuels			Renewab	le Energy <sup>a</sup>				Flooris	
	Coal	Natural Gas <sup>b</sup>	Petroleum	Total <sup>C</sup>	Hydro- electric Power <sup>d</sup>	Bio- mass <sup>e</sup>	Geo- thermal <sup>f</sup>	Total	Total Primary	Electricity Retail Sales <sup>9</sup>	Electrical System Energy Losses <sup>h</sup>	Total <sup>c</sup>
1973 Total	4,057	10,388	9,104	23,541	35	1,165	NA	1,200	24,741	2,341	5,571	32,653
1975 Total	3,667	8,532	8,146	20,359	32	1,063	NA	1,096	21,454	2,346	5,647	29,447
1980 Total	3,155	8,395	9,525	21,040	33	1,600	NA	1,633	22,673	2,781	6,698	32,152
1985 Total	2,760	7,080	7,805	17,632	33	1,875	NA	1,908	19,540	2,855	6,563	28,958
1990 Total	2,756	8,502	8,305	19,568	31	1,634	2	1,667	21,235	3,226	7,469	31,931
1995 Total	2,488	9,637	8,552	20,738	55	1,847	3	1,905	22,643	3,455	7,852	33,950
1996 Total	2,434	9,947	8,989	21,393	61	1,907	3	1,971	23,364	3,527	8,025	34,916
1997 Total	2,395	9,976	9,214	21,632	58	1,915	3	1,976	23,608	3,542	8,031	35,181
1998 Total	2,335	9,806	9,017	21,226	55	1,784	3	1,841	23,067	3,587	8,138	34,792
1999 Total	2,227	9,415	9,284	20,983	49	1,791	4	1,843	22,826	3,611	8,262	34,699
2000 Total	2,256	9,535	9,055	20,912	42	1,781	4	1,828	22,740	3,631	8,262	34,633
2001 Total	2,192	8,725	9,220	20,166	33	1,593	5	1,630	21,796	R 3,359	R 7,558	R 32,713
2002 Total	2,019	8,870	9,162	20,100	39	1,565	5	1,608	21,720	R 3,378	R 7,572	R 32,670
2002 Total	2,019	0,070	3,102	20,112	33	1,303	3	1,000	21,720	3,370	1,512	32,070
2003 January	170	807	835	1,814	4	129	(s)	133	1,946	R 280	<sup>R</sup> 617	R 2,844
	170	751	737	1,672	3	118		121	1,794	R 271	<sup>R</sup> 561	R 2,626
February	175	737	783	1,672	4	127	(s)	131		R 275	R 609	R 2,713
March							(s)		1,829			_ ′
April	166	690	785 740	1,645	2	126	(s)	129	1,774	<sup>R</sup> 280 <sup>R</sup> 287	R 626	R 2,680
May	164	672	749	1,587	4	126	(s)	130	1,717		R 670	R 2,674
June	167	620	712	1,503	4	124	(s)	128	1,631	R 293	R 681	R 2,606
July	169	688	762	1,624	4	133	(s)	138	1,761	R 300	R 679	R 2,740
August	167	695	758	1,621	4	130	(s)	135	1,756	R 309	R 694	R 2,759
September	168	675	763	1,609	3	125	(s)	129	1,738	R 294	R 603	R 2,635
October	174	720	783	1,681	3	130	(s)	133	1,814	R 297	<sup>R</sup> 648	R 2,760
November	175	710	806	1,694	4	127	(s)	131	1,825	R 283	<sup>R</sup> 646	R 2,754
December	177	770	845	1,799	5	137	(s)	142	1,941	R 281	R 639	R 2,860
Total	2,041	8,534	9,318	19,944	43	1,533	5	1,581	21,525	<sup>R</sup> 3,452	<sup>R</sup> <b>7,670</b>	R <b>32,646</b>
2004 January	<sup>R</sup> 177	R 802	<sup>R</sup> 836	R 1,819	R 3	<sup>R</sup> 143	(s)	146	<sup>R</sup> 1,965	274	<sup>R</sup> 615	R 2,854
February	R 173	<sup>R</sup> 764	<sup>R</sup> 787	R 1.734	R 3	R 131	(s)	134	R 1,868	<sup>R</sup> 271	<sup>R</sup> 581	R 2,720
March	R 181	R 749	R 820	R 1,758	R 3	R 135	(s)	R 138	R 1,897	R 283	<sup>R</sup> 615	R 2,795
April	R 166	R 703	R 803	R 1,696	R 2	R 138	(s)	141	R 1,837	R 284	R 614	R 2,736
May	R 166	R 685	<sup>R</sup> 810	R 1,698	R 2	131	(s)	R 133	R 1,831	299	R 705	R 2,835
June	R 165	R 678	R 773	R 1,636	R 2	R 134	(s)	R 136	R 1,772	R 297	R 659	R 2,728
July	R 164	R 690	R 804	R 1.668	R 2	R 141	(s)	143	R 1,811	R 301	R 679	R 2,791
August	R 167	R 703	R 835	R 1,712	R 2	R 138	(s)	R 141	R 1,852	306	<sup>R</sup> 675	R 2,833
September	R 165	R 683	796	R 1,642	R 3	R 132	(s)	135	R 1,777	294	R 629	R 2,700
October	R 175	R 712	R 832	R 1,726	R 3	R 139	(s)	R 143	R 1,868	R 292	641	R 2,802
November	R 173	R 725	R 876	R 1,780	R 3	R 134	(s)	R 138	R 1,918	R 288	R 647	R 2,853
December	R 175	R 783	R 878	R 1,844	R 4	R 145	(s)	150	R 1,994	286	R 657	R 2,936
Total	R 2,047	R <b>8,677</b>	R 9,850	R 20,712	R 33	R 1,641	5	R 1,678	R 22,391	R <b>3,475</b>	R 7,716	R 33,582
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2005 January	<sup>R</sup> 168	R 804	855	R 1,838	R 3	<sup>R</sup> 127	(s)	<sup>R</sup> 131	R 1,969	R 279	R 629	R 2,877
February	R 166	R 708	750	1,637	3	R 122	(s)	R 125	R 1,763	R 271	R 562	R 2,595
March	R 171	R 725	846	R 1,751	R 3	R 122	(s)	R 126	R 1,876	R 280	R 629	R 2,785
April	R 169	R 686	762	R 1,623	3	R 119	(s)	R 122	R 1,745	R 281	R 598	R 2,624
May	R 163	R 662	R 754	R 1,584	R 3	R 119	(s)	R 122	R 1,706	R 293	<sup>R</sup> 681	R 2,679
June	R 161	R 641	816	R 1.619	R 3	R 117	(s)	R 120	R 1,739	R 301	R 679	R 2,718
July	R 185	R 652	773	R 1,615	R 3	R 122	(s)	R 126	R 1,741	R 301	R 676	R 2,718
	R 119	653	815	R 1,584	R 2	R 123		R 125	R 1,741	R 309	R 677	R 2,695
August						118	(s)		,			
September 9-Month Total	192 <b>1,495</b>	582 <b>6,113</b>	691 <b>7,061</b>	1,463 <b>14,713</b>	2 <b>24</b>	1,090	(s) <b>4</b>	120 <b>1,118</b>	1,583 <b>15,831</b>	298 <b>2,611</b>	612 <b>5,743</b>	2,493 <b>24,185</b>
J month rotal	1,433	0,110	1,001	14,110		1,000	7	1,110	10,001	2,011	3,1 43	27,100
2004 9-Month Total 2003 9-Month Total	1,523 1,516	6,457 6,335	7,264 6,883	15,362 14,771	22 31	1,222 1,140	4 3	1,248 1,174	16,610 15,945	2,609 2,590	5,773 5,742	24,992 24,277

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> All values are estimated; see Table 10.2b.

b Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels that cannot be identified separately.

c Includes coal coke net imports, which are not separately displayed. See Table

<sup>1.4.</sup>d Conventional hydroelectric power.

e Wood and waste.

f Geothermal heat pump and direct use energy.

g Electricity retail sales to ultimate customers reported by electric utilities and,

beginning in 1996, other energy service providers.  $^{\rm h}$  See Note 11, "Electrical System Energy Losses," at end of section.

R=Revised. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

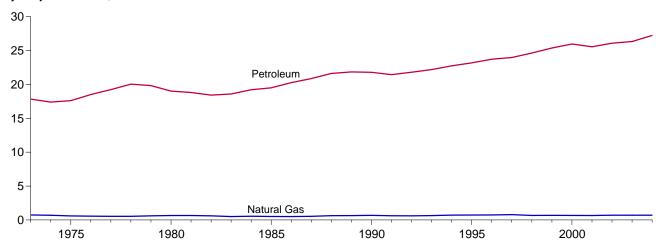
Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/consump.html.

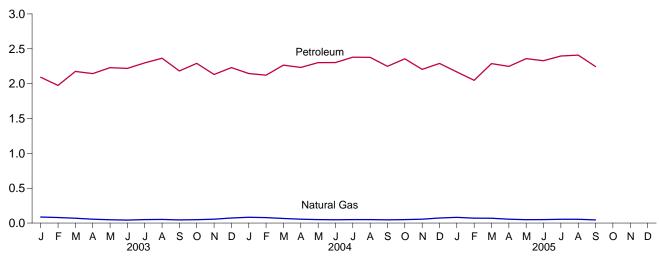
Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

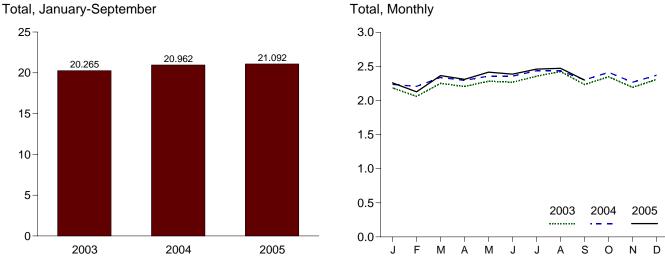
Figure 2.5 Transportation Sector Energy Consumption (Quadrillion Btu)

By Major Sources, 1973-2004



By Major Sources, Monthly





Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/consump.html. Source: Table 2.5.

**Table 2.5 Transportation Sector Energy Consumption** 

(Trillion Btu)

			Primary Co	nsumption					
		Fossi	l Fuels		Renewable Energy <sup>a</sup>	Tatal	Electricity	Electrical System	
	Coal	Natural Gas <sup>b</sup>	Petroleum <sup>c,d</sup>	Total	Biomass <sup>d,e</sup>	Total Primary <sup>d</sup>	Retail Sales <sup>f</sup>	Energy Losses <sup>9</sup>	Totald
1973 Total	3	743	17,831	18,576	NA	18,576	11	25	18,612
1975 Total	1	595	17,614	18,209	NA	18,209	10	24	18,244
1980 Total	(h)	650	19,008	19,658	NA	19,658	11	27	19,696
1985 Total	( h )	519	19,504	20,023	52	20,075	14	33	20,122
1990 Total	( <sup>h</sup> )	680	21,792	22,472	63	22,535	16	38	22,589
1995 Total	( <sup>n</sup> )	724	23,181	23,905	117	23,905	17	39	23,960
1996 Total	( h )	737	23,719	24,456	84	24,456	17	38	24,511
1997 Total	( h )	780	23,973	24,753	106	24,753	17	38	24,808
1998 Total	( n )	666	24,635	25,301	117	25,301	17	38	25,357
1999 Total	( <sup>h</sup> )	675	25,375	26,050	122	26,050	17	40	26,108
2000 Total	(h)	672	25,973	26,645	139	26,645	ຼ 18	42	26,705
2001 Total	( h )	659	25,556	26,215	147	26,215	<sup>R</sup> 18	<sup>R</sup> 40	<sup>R</sup> 26,273
2002 Total	(h)	702	26,084	26,786	175	26,786	19	42	<sup>R</sup> 26,846
2003 January	( <sup>h</sup> )	86	2,092	2,178	17	2,178	2	5	2,185
February	( h )	80	1,974	2,054	20	2,054	2	4	2,060
March	( h )	70	2,176	2,246	17	2,246	2	4	2,252
April	( h )	55	2,145	2,200	19	2,200	2	4	2,206
May	(	48	2,229	2,277	19	2,277	2	_ 4	2,283
June	( h )	43	2,219	2,261	18	2,261	2	R 4	2,268
July	(	50	2,298	2,348	19	2,348	2	5	2,355
August	( h )	52	2,365	2,417	21	2,417	2	5	2,424
September	( h )	45	2,182	2,227	18	2,227	2	4	2,233
October	( <mark>h</mark> )	49	2,292	2,341	21	2,341	2	4	2,347
November	( h )	56	2,131	2,187	23	2,187	2	4	2,193
December	( h )	72	2,230	2,303	24	2,303	_ 2	_ 4	2,309
Total	( <sup>h</sup> )	706	26,332	27,038	238	27,038	R 23	R <b>52</b>	<sup>R</sup> 27,113
2004 January	( <sup>h</sup> )	84	2,146	R 2,229	24	R 2,229	2	_ 5	R 2,236
February	( h )	79	2,122	2,200	24	2,200	2	R 4	2,207
March	( h )	66	2,266	<sup>R</sup> 2,332	24	R 2,332	2	4	R 2,338
April	( h )	55	<sup>R</sup> 2,233	<sup>R</sup> 2,288	24	<sup>R</sup> 2,288	2	4	<sup>R</sup> 2,294
May	( <sup>n</sup> )	50	_ 2,302	2,352	25	_ 2,352	2	R 4	<sup>R</sup> 2,358
June	( h )	47	R 2,303	R 2,350	26	R 2,350	2	R 4	2,356
July	( h )	50	R 2,380	2,430	24	2,430	2	5	2,437
August	( h )	50	2,377	2,427	25	2,427	2	5	2,434
September	( <mark>h</mark> )	47	2,248	R 2,295	25	<sup>R</sup> 2,295	2	R 4	2,302
October	( h )	R 49	2,357	2,406	26	2,406	2	R4	2,413
November	( h )	56	2,205	2,261	26	2,261	2	R 4	R 2,267
December	( h )	73	2,291	2,364	27	2,364	2	5	2,371
Total	( h )	R <b>706</b>	<sup>R</sup> 27,230	27,936	299	27,936	<sup>R</sup> <b>24</b>	<sup>R</sup> <b>54</b>	<sup>R</sup> 28,013
2005 January	( h )	82	<sup>R</sup> 2,168	R 2,250	26	R 2,250	3	6	R 2,258
February	( h )	71	2,048	2,119	24	2,119	2	5	2,127
March	( h )	70	2,288	R 2,357	26	R 2,357	2	5	2,365
April	( n )	55	2,248	R 2,303	25	R 2,303	2	5	R 2,310
May	( h )	49	2,359	2,408	27	2,408	2	5	2,415
June	( h )	50	R 2,329	2,379	29	2,379	2	5	R 2,386
July	( h )	55	R 2,397	R 2,452	29	R 2,452	2	5	R 2,459
August	( h )	R 55	R 2,409	R 2,464	31	R 2,464	R 3	R 6	R 2,472
September	(h)	46	2,246	2,292	27	2,292	2	5	2,299
9-Month Total	(h)	532	20,492	21,024	244	21,024	21	46	21,092
2004 9-Month Total	( <sup>h</sup> )	527	20,377	20,905	220	20,905	18	40	20,962
2003 9-Month Total	( h )	529	19,679	20,208	169	20,208	18	39	20,265

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> All values are estimated; see Table 10.2b.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/consump.html.

b Natural gas consumed in the operation of pipelines (primarily in compressors) and small amounts consumed as vehicle fuel. See Table 4.4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Beginning in 1993, includes ethanol blended into motor gasoline.

d Beginning in 1993, ethanol blended into motor gasoline is included in both "Petroleum" and "Biomass," but is counted only once in both total primary consumption and total consumption.

e Alcohol fuels (ethanol blended into motor gasoline).

f Electricity retail sales to ultimate customers reported by electric utilities and, beginning in 1996, other energy service providers.

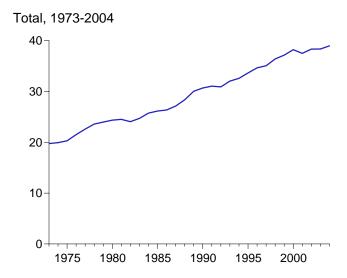
 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm g}$  See Note 11, "Electrical System Energy Losses," at end of section.

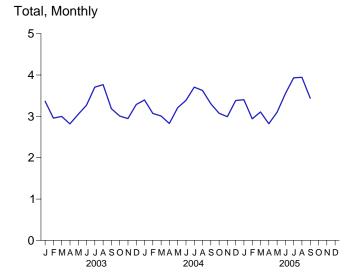
h Since 1978, the small amounts of coal consumed for transportation are reported as industrial sector consumption.

R=Revised. NA=Not available.

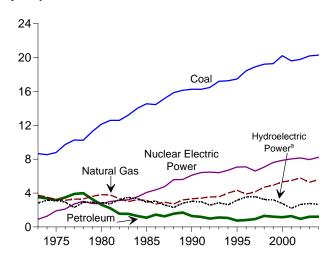
Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

Figure 2.6 Electric Power Sector Energy Consumption (Quadrillion Btu)

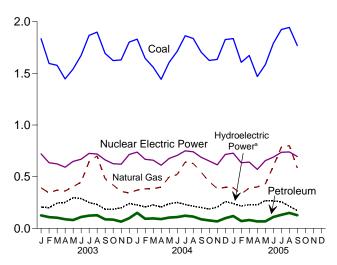




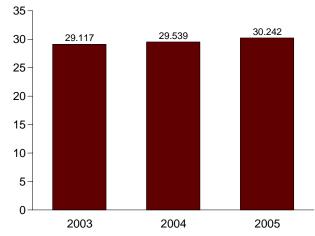
By Major Sources, 1973-2004



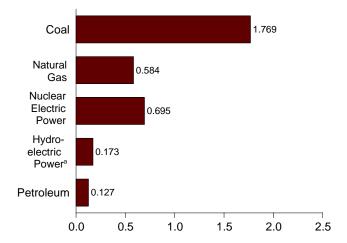
By Major Sources, Monthly



Total, January-September



By Major Sources, September 2005



<sup>a</sup>Conventional hydroelectric power.

Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/consump.html.

Source: Table 2.6.

Table 2.6 Electric Power Sector Energy Consumption

(Trillion Btu)

						Primar	y Consum	ption					
		Foss	il Fuels					Renewable	Energy				
	Coal	Natural Gas <sup>a</sup>	Petroleum	Total	Nuclear Electric Power	Hydro- electric Power <sup>b</sup>	Bio- mass <sup>c</sup>	Geo- thermal <sup>d</sup>	Solar <sup>e</sup>	Wind <sup>f</sup>	Total	Electricity Net Imports	Total Primary
1973 Total	8,658	3,748	3,515	15,921	910	2,827	3	43	NA	NA	2,873	49	19,753
1975 Total	8,786	3,240	3,166	15,191	1,900	3,122	2	70	NA	NA	3,194	21	20,307
1980 Total	12,123	3,810	2,634	18,567	2,739	2,867	5	110	NA	NA	2,982	71	24,359
1985 Total	14,542	3,160	1,090	18,792	4,076	2,937	14	198	(s)	(s)	3,150	140	26,158
1990 Total <sup>g</sup>	16,261	3,332	1,289	20,883	6,104	3,014	317	326	4	29	3,689	8	30,684
1995 Total	17,466	4,325	755	22,546	7,075	3,149	422	280	5	33	3,889	134	33,644
1996 Total	18,429	3,883	817	23,129	7,087	3,528	438	300	5	33	4,305	137	34,658
1997 Total	18,905	4,146	927	23,977	6,597	3,581	446	309	5	34	4,375	116	35,065
1998 Total	19,216	4,698	1,306	25,220	7,068	3,241	444	311	5	31	4,032	88	36,409
1999 Total	19,279	4,926	1,211	25,416	7,610	3,218	453	312	5	46	4,034	99	37,159
2000 Total	20,220	5,316	1,144	26,680	7,862	2,768	453	296	5	57	3,579	115	38,237
2001 Total	19,614	5,481	1,277	26,371	8,033	2,209	450	289	6	70	3,023	75	37,502
2002 Total	19,783	5,785	961	26,529	8,143	2,650	516	305	6	105	3,581	78	38,332
<b>2003</b> January	1,835	392	126	2,353	721	207	45	26	(s)	6	286	5	3,365
February	1,595	343	109	2,047	635	199	39	24	(s)	8	270	4	2,957
March	1,578	370	103	2,051	625	244	44	25	1	11	324	-1	2,999
April	1,446	361	89	1,896	592	251	41	25	1	11	329	3	2,819
May	1,542	404	81	2,026	648	297	42	25	1	10	374	1	3,050
June	1,673	446	111	2,230	669	289	43	26	1	11	370	1	3,270
July	1,868	646	124	2,637	726	251	46	26	1	10	333	10	3,706
August	1,899	701	128	2,727	719	231	47	26	1	8	313	8	3,767
September	1,693	480	88	2,261	663	186	43	25	1	9	264	-2	3,186
October	1,624	419	85	2,128	625	185	42	25	(s)	9	262	-6	3,009
November	1,631	357	65	2,053	621	198	43	24	(s)	10	275	-3	2,947
December	1,802	344	98	2,245	715	241	46	27	(s)	11	326	1	3,286
Total	20,185	5,264	1,205	26,653	7,959	2,781	522	303	5	115	3,725	22	38,359
<b>2004</b> January	1,831	R 370	R 150	R 2,352	R 738	R 227	42	R 27	(s)	R 10	R 307	(s)	R 3,397
February	R 1,645	R 383	R 93	R 2,121	R 668	R 207	40	R 26	(s)	R 10	R 283	(s)	R 3,072
March	R 1,560	R 385	R 96	R 2,041	660	227	R 43	R 26	1	13	R 309	-3	R 3,007
April	1,443	R 399	R 90	R 1,932	<sup>R</sup> 611	R 207	40	24	1	13	R 285	(s)	R 2,828
May	R 1,606	R 497	R 105	R 2,208	R 677	R 239	42	25	1	17	R 324	1	R 3,209
June	R 1,713	<sup>R</sup> 521	R 110	R 2,343	<sup>R</sup> 706	R 251	R 41	R 26	1	14	333	2	R 3,385
July	R 1,864	R 642	R 123	R 2,629	<sup>R</sup> 750	R 232	46	R 27	1	R 12	R 317	10	R 3,706
August	R 1,837	R 628	R 114	R 2,579	R 741	R 214	45	26	1	R 11	R 296	12	R 3,628
September	R 1,704	R 543	88	R 2,335	R 687	203	R 42	R 25	. 1	11	R 281	3	R 3,306
October	R 1,625	R 451	77 P. 22	R 2,153	R 652	R 186	R 42	R 27	(s)	10	R 265	4	R 3,073
November	R 1,635	R 386	R 68	R 2,089	615	R 206	42	25	(s)	R 9	R 283	5	R 2,992
December Total	R 1,827	<sup>R</sup> 396 <sup>R</sup> <b>5,600</b>	98 R <b>1,212</b>	R 2,321 R <b>27,103</b>	<sup>R</sup> 715 <sup>R</sup> <b>8,222</b>	<sup>R</sup> 259 <sup>R</sup> <b>2,656</b>	45 R <b>510</b>	26 R <b>311</b>	(s) <b>6</b>	12 R <b>142</b>	R 342 R <b>3,625</b>	5 <b>39</b>	R 3,384
			-		-	·			-				,
<b>2005</b> January	R 1,836	R 393	R 120	2,349	728	R 241	45	R 27	(s)	R 9	R 322	5	R 3,403
February	R 1,607	R 334	71	R 2,012	635	R 215	41	R 23	(s)	R 8	R 287	6	R 2,940
March	R 1,673	R 391	81	R 2,145	641	R 229	45	R 26	(s)	R 13	R 313	8	R 3,107
April	1,469	R 402	R 68	R 1,938	R 571	R 227	41	R 26	1	R 14	R 308	6	R 2,823
May	R 1,584	R 430	67	R 2,081	656	R 270	R 45	27	1	R 15	R 359	5	R 3,101
June	R 1,790	R 602	R 110	R 2,501	689	R 265	R 44	R 27	1	16	R 354	5	R 3,549
July	1,924	R 786	R 132	R 2,841	737	R 258	R 47	R 28	1	R 12	R 346	10	R 3,934
August	R 1,945	R 800	R 150	R 2,895	740	R 214	47	R 27	1	R 9	R 298	12	R 3,945
September	1,769	584	127	2,481	695	173	43	26	1	13	257	7	3,440
9-Month Total	15,596	4,721	925	21,243	6,092	2,093	397	238	5	110	2,842	64	30,242
2004 9-Month Total 2003 9-Month Total	15,204 15,128	4,367 4,144	969 957	20,540 20,228	6,240 5,997	2,006 2.156	381 390	233 227	5 5	110 84	2,735 2,862	25 30	29,539 29,117

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels that cannot be identified separately.

b Conventional hydroelectic power.

Notes: • Data are for fuels consumed to produce electricity and useful thermal output. • The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic

coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/consump.html.

Additional Notes and Sources: See end of section.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Wood and waste.

d Geothermal electricity net generation.

Solar thermal and photovoltaic electricity net generation.

f Wind electricity net generation.

g Through 1988, data are for consumption at electric utilities only. Beginning in 1989, data also include consumption at independent power producers.

R=Revised. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

# **Energy Consumption by Sector**

Most of the data in this section of the *Monthly Energy Review (MER)* are developed from a group of energy-related surveys, typically called "supply surveys," conducted by the Energy Information Administration (EIA). Supply surveys are directed to suppliers and marketers of specific energy sources. They measure the quantities of specific energy sources produced, or the quantities supplied to the market, or both. The data obtained from EIA's supply surveys are integrated to yield the summary consumption statistics published in this section (and in Section 1) of the *MER*.

Users of EIA's energy consumption statistics should be aware of a second group of energy-related surveys, typically called "consumption surveys." Consumption surveys gather information on the types of energy consumed by end users of energy, along with the characteristics of those end users that can be associated with energy use. For example, the Manufacturing Energy Consumption Survey belongs to the consumption survey group because it collects information directly from end users (the manufacturing establishments). There are important differences between the supply and consumption surveys that need to be taken into account in any analysis that uses both data sources. For information on those differences, see Energy Consumption by End-Use Sector, A Comparison of Measures by Consumption and Supply Surveys, DOE/EIA-0533, Energy Information Administration, Washington, DC, April 6, 1990.

### **Note 1. Energy Consumption:**

**Primary Consumption:** Consumption in the five energy-use sectors (residential, commercial, industrial, transportation, and electric power) consists of fossil fuels (coal, natural gas, and petroleum), some secondary energy derived from fossil fuels (supplemental gaseous fuels and coal coke net imports), nuclear electric power, renewable energy, and net imports of electricity. Renewable energy consumption is the end-use consumption of wood, waste, alcohol fuels, geothermal heat pump and direct use energy, and solar thermal direct use and photovoltaic energy; and net electricity generation from conventional hydroelectric power, wood, waste, geothermal, solar, and wind.

**Total Consumption:** In addition to primary consumption in the four end-use sectors (residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation), total consumption also includes retail sales of electricity and electrical system energy losses (see Note 11).

**Note 2. Energy-Use Sectors:** The five major economic sectors—residential, commercial, industrial, transportation, and electric power—are called energy-use sectors in this report. The first four sectors comprise the end-use sectors, that is, the point of final consumption of the energy. Energy consumption is assigned to the five energy-use sectors, as closely as possible, by the following definitions:

**Residential Sector**—An energy-consuming sector that consists of living quarters for private households. Common

uses of energy associated with this sector include space heating, water heating, air conditioning, lighting, refrigeration, cooking, and running a variety of other appliances. The residential sector excludes institutional living quarters. For further explanation see:

http://www.eia.doe.gov/neic/datadefinitions/Guideforwebres.htm.

Commercial Sector—An energy-consuming sector that consists of service-providing facilities and equipment of: businesses; Federal, State, and local governments; and other private and public organizations, such as religious, social, or fraternal groups. The commercial sector includes institutional living quarters. Common uses of energy associated with this sector include space heating, water heating, air conditioning, lighting, refrigeration, cooking, and running a wide variety of other equipment. *Note:* This sector includes generators that produce electricity and/or useful thermal output primarily to support the activities of the abovementioned commercial establishments. For further information, see:

http://www.eia.doe.gov/neic/datadefinitions/Guideforwebcom.htm.

**Industrial Sector**—An energy-consuming sector that consists of all facilities and equipment used for producing, processing, or assembling goods. The industrial sector encompasses the following types of activity: manufacturing (NAICS (North American Industry Classification System) codes 31-33); agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting (NAICS code 11); mining, including oil and gas extraction (NAICS code 21); and construction (NAICS code 23). Overall energy use in this sector is largely for process heat and cooling and powering machinery, with lesser amounts used for facility heating, air conditioning, and lighting. Fossil fuels are also used as raw material inputs to manufactured products. Note: This sector includes generators that produce electricity and/or useful thermal output primarily to support the above-mentioned industrial activities. For further information, see:

http://www.eia.doe.gov/neic/datadefinitions/Guideforwebind.htm.

**Transportation Sector**—An energy-consuming sector that consists of all vehicles whose primary purpose is transporting people and/or goods from one physical location to another. Included are automobiles; trucks; buses; motorcycles; trains, subways, and other rail vehicles; aircraft; and ships, barges, and other waterborne vehicles. Vehicles whose primary purpose is not transportation (e.g., construction cranes and bulldozers, farming vehicles, and warehouse tractors and forklifts) are classified in the sector of their primary use. *Note:* Various EIA programs differ in sectoral coverage. For further information see:

http://www.eia.doe.gov/neic/datadefinitons/Guideforwebtrans.htm.

**Electric Power Sector**—An energy-consuming sector that consists of electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public—i.e., North American Industry Classification System 22 plants.

Although the energy-use allocations are made according to these aggregations as closely as possible, some data are collected by using different classifications. For example, electric power facilities may classify commercial and industrial users by the quantity of electricity purchased rather than by the business activity of the purchaser. Natural gas used in agriculture, forestry, and fisheries was collected and reported in the commercial sector through 1995. Beginning with 1996 data, deliveries of natural gas for agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting are reported in the industrial sector instead. Another example is master-metered condominiums and apartments, and buildings with a combination of residential and commercial units. In many cases, the metering and billing practices cause residential energy usage of electricity, natural gas, or fuel oil to be included in the commercial sector. No adjustments for these discrepancies were made.

**Note 3. Conversion Factors:** See Appendix A.

Note 4. Coal: See Tables 6.2 and A5.

**Note 5. Coal Coke Net Imports:** Net imports means imports minus exports, and a minus sign indicates that exports are greater than imports. Coal coke net imports are included in the industrial sector.

#### Sources:

1973-1975: DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook*, "Coke and Coal Chemicals" chapter.

1976-1980: EIA, *Energy Data Report*, "Coke and Coal Chemicals" annual.

1981: EIA, *Energy Data Report*, "Coke Plant Report," quarterly.

1982 forward: EIA, Quarterly Coal Report.

**Note 6. Natural Gas:** See Tables 4.4 and A4. For Section 2 calculations, lease and plant fuel consumption are included in the industrial sector, and pipeline fuel use of natural gas is included in the transportation sector. For 1973-1979, annual values for residential and commercial natural gas consumption are allocated to the months in proportion to the monthly sales data from the American Gas Association, "Monthly Gas Utility Statistical Report."

**Note 7. Petroleum:** Petroleum consumption in this section of the *Monthly Energy Review (MER)* is the series called "petroleum products supplied" from Section 3.

The sources for petroleum products supplied by product are:

1973-1975: DOI, BOM, *Mineral Industry Surveys*, "Petroleum Statement, Annual."

1976-1980: EIA, *Energy Data Reports*, "Petroleum Statement, Annual."

1981-2004: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual.

2005 forward: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly.

Energy-use allocation procedures by individual product are as follows:

**Aviation Gasoline**—All consumption of aviation gasoline is assigned to the transportation sector.

**Asphalt**—All consumption of asphalt is assigned to the industrial sector.

**Distillate Fuel**—Distillate fuel consumption is assigned to the sectors as follows:

**Distillate Fuel Consumed by the Electric Power Sector, All Time Periods**—See Tables 7.3b and 7.4b. For 1973-1979, electric utility consumption of distillate fuel is assumed to be the amount of petroleum (minus small amounts of kerosene and kerosene-type jet fuel deliveries) consumed in gas turbine and internal combustion plants. For 1980-2000, electric utility consumption of distillate fuel is assumed to be the amount of light oil (fuel oil nos. 1 and 2, plus small amounts of kerosene and jet fuel) consumed.

Distillate Fuel Consumed by End-Use Sectors, Annually Through 2000—The aggregate end-use amount is total distillate fuel supplied minus the amount consumed for electric power. The end-use total consumed annually is allocated into the individual end-use sectors (residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation) in proportion to each sector's share of "adjusted sales" as reported in EIA's Fuel Oil and Kerosene Sales (Sales) report series (DOE/EIA-0535), which is based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-821, previously Form EIA-172. "Adjusted sales" are sales that have been adjusted to equal EIA distillate fuel product supplied.

Following are notes on the individual sector groupings:

Since 1979, the residential sector adjusted sales total is directly from the *Sales* reports. Prior to 1979, each year's sales subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into residential, commercial, and industrial (including farm) in proportion to the 1979 shares.

Since 1979, the commercial sector adjusted sales total is directly from the *Sales* reports. Prior to 1979, each year's sales subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into residential, commercial, and industrial (including farm) in proportion to the 1979 shares.

Since 1979, the industrial sector adjusted sales total is the sum of the adjusted sales for industrial, farm, oil company, off-highway diesel, and all other uses. Prior to 1979, each year's sales subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into residential, commercial, and industrial (including farm) in proportion to the 1979 shares, and this estimated industrial portion is added to oil company, off-highway diesel, and all other uses.

The transportation sector adjusted sales total is the sum of the adjusted sales for railroad, vessel bunkering, on-highway diesel, and military uses for all years.

**Distillate Fuel Consumed by End-Use Sectors, Monthly Through 2000**—Residential and commercial monthly consumption is estimated by allocating the annual estimates, which are described above, into the months in proportion to each month's share of the year's sales of No. 2 heating oil. The years' sales totals are from the following sources: for 1973-1980, the Ethyl Corporation, *Monthly Report of Heating Oil Sales*; for 1981 and 1982, the American Petroleum Institute, *Monthly Report of Heating Oil Sales*; and for 1983

forward, EIA, Form EIA-782A, "Refiners'/Gas Plant Operators' Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report," No. 2 Fuel Oil Sales to End Users and for Resale.

The transportation highway use portion is allocated into the months in proportion to each month's share of the year's total sales for highway use as reported by the Federal Highway Administration's Table MF-25, "Private and Commercial Highway Use of Special Fuels by Months." After 1993, the sales-for-highway-use data are no longer available as a monthly series; the 1993 data are used for allocating succeeding year's totals into months. The remaining transportation use of distillate fuel (i.e., for railroads, vessel bunkering, and military use) is evenly distributed over the months, adjusted for the number of days per month.

Industrial monthly estimates are calculated as the difference between the sum of the estimates for residential, commercial, transportation, and electric power sectors and total distillate fuel consumption.

**Distillate Fuel Consumed by End-Use Sectors, 2001 Forward**—Each month's end-use consumption total is disaggregated into the individual sectors in proportion to the share that each sector held of the total in the same month in 2000. Annual values are the sum of the monthly values.

**Jet Fuel**—Through 1982, small amounts of kerosene-type jet fuel were consumed by the electric power sector. Kerosene-type jet fuel deliveries to the electric power sector as reported on the Form FERC-423 (formerly Form FPC-423) were used as estimates of this consumption. All remaining jet fuel (kerosene-type and naphtha-type) is consumed by the transportation sector.

**Kerosene**—Kerosene product supplied is allocated into the individual end-use sectors (residential, commercial, and industrial) in proportion to each sector's share of "sales" as reported in EIA's *Fuel Oil and Kerosene Sales* (*Sales*) report series (DOE/EIA-0535), which is based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-821, previously Form EIA-172.

Since 1979, the residential sector sales total is directly from the *Sales* reports. Prior to 1979, each year's sales category called "heating" is split into residential, commercial, and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares

Since 1979, the commercial sector sales total is directly from the *Sales* reports. Prior to 1979, each year's sales category called "heating" is split into residential, commercial, and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares.

Since 1979, the industrial sector sales total is the sum of the adjusted sales for industrial, farm, and all other uses. Prior to 1979, each year's sales category called "heating" is split into residential, commercial and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares, and this estimated industrial (including farm) portion is added to all other uses.

**Liquefied Petroleum Gases** (**LPG**)—The annual shares of LPG's total consumption that are estimated to be used by each sector are applied to each month's total LPG consumption to create monthly sector consumption

estimates. The annual sector shares are calculated as described below.

Sales of LPG to the residential and commercial sector are converted from thousand gallons per year to thousand barrels per year and are assumed to be the annual consumption of LPG by the sector.

The quantity of LPG sold each year for consumption in internal combustion engines is allocated between the transportation and industrial sectors on the basis of data for special fuels used on highways published by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, in *Highway Statistics*. The allocations of LPG sold for internal combustion engine use to the transportation sector range from a low of 20 percent (in 2001) to a high of 73 percent (in 1994).

LPG consumed annually by the industrial sector is estimated as the difference between LPG total supplied and the estimated consumption of LPG by the sum of the residential and commercial sector and the transportation sector. The industrial sector includes LPG used by chemical plants as raw materials or solvents and used in the production of synthetic rubber; refinery fuel use; use as synthetic natural gas feedstock and use in secondary recovery projects; all farm use; LPG sold to gas utility companies for distribution through the mains; and a portion of the use of LPG as an internal combustion engine fuel.

Sources of the annual sales data for creating annual energy shares are:

1973-1982: EIA's "Sales of Liquefied Petroleum Gases and Ethane" reports, based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-174.

1983: End-use consumption estimates for 1983 are based on 1982 end-use consumption because the collection of data under Form EIA-174 was discontinued after data year 1982. 1984-forward: American Petroleum Institute (API), "Sales of Natural Gas Liquids and Liquefied Refinery Gases," which is based on an LPG sales survey jointly sponsored by API, the Gas Processors Association, and the National Liquefied Petroleum Gas Association. EIA adjusts the data to remove quantities of pentanes plus and to estimate withheld values.

**Lubricants**—The consumption of lubricants is allocated to the industrial and transportation sectors for all months according to proportions developed from annual sales of lubricants to the two sectors from U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, *Current Industrial Reports*, "Sales of Lubricating and Industrial Oils and Greases." The 1973 shares are applied to 1973 and 1974; the 1975 shares are applied to 1975 and 1976; and the 1977 shares are applied to 1977 forward.

Motor Gasoline—The total monthly consumption of motor gasoline is allocated to the sectors in proportion to aggregations of annual sales categories created on the basis of the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway

Administration, *Highway Statistics*, Tables MF-21, MF-24, and MF-25, as follows:

Commercial sales are the sum of sales for public nonhighway use and miscellaneous and unclassified uses.

Industrial sales are the sum of sales for agriculture, construction, and industrial and commercial use as classified in the *Highway Statistics*.

Transportation sales are the sum of sales for highway use (minus the sales of special fuels, which are primarily diesel fuel and are accounted for in the transportation sector of distillate fuel) and sales for marine use.

**Petroleum Coke**—Portions of petroleum coke are consumed by the electric power sector (see Tables 7.3b and 7.4b) and the commercial sector (see sources for Table 7.4c). The remaining petroleum coke is assigned to the industrial sector.

**Residual Fuel**—Residual fuel consumption is assigned to the sectors as follows:

**Residual Fuel Consumed by the Electric Power Sector, All Time Periods**—See Tables 7.3b and 7.4b. For 1973-1979, electric utility consumption of residual fuel is assumed to be the amount of petroleum consumed in steam-electric power plants. For 1980-2000, electric utility consumption of residual fuel is assumed to be the amount of heavy oil (fuel oil nos. 4, 5, and 6) consumed.

Residual Fuel Consumed by End-Use Sectors, Annually Through 2000—The aggregate end-use amount is total residual fuel supplied minus the amount consumed for electric power. The end-use total consumed annually is allocated into the individual end-use sectors (commercial, industrial, and transportation) in proportion to each sector's share of "adjusted sales" as reported in EIA's Fuel Oil and Kerosene Sales (Sales) report series (DOE/EIA-535), which is based primarily on data collected by Form EIA-821, previously Form EIA-172). "Adjusted sales" are sales that have been adjusted to equal EIA residual fuel product supplied.

Following are notes on the individual sector groupings:

Since 1979, commercial sales data are directly from the *Sales* reports. Prior to 1979, each year's sales subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into commercial and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares.

Since 1979, industrial sales data are the sum of sales for industrial, oil company, and all other uses. Prior to 1979, each year's sales subtotal of the heating plus industrial category is split into commercial and industrial in proportion to the 1979 shares, and this estimated industrial portion is added to oil company and all other uses.

Transportation sales are the sum of sales for railroad, vessel bunkering, and military uses for all years.

Residual Fuel Consumed by End-Use Sectors, Monthly Through 2000—Commercial monthly consumption is estimated by allocating the annual estimates, which are

described above, into the months in proportion to each month's share of the year's sales of No. 2 heating oil. The years' sales totals are from the following sources: for 1973-1980, the Ethyl Corporation, *Monthly Report of Heating Oil Sales*; for 1981 and 1982, the American Petroleum Institute, *Monthly Report of Heating Oil Sales*; and for 1983-1996, EIA, Form EIA-782A, "Refiners'/Gas Plant Operators' Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report," No. 2 Fuel Oil Sales to End Users and for Resale.

Transportation monthly estimates are made by evenly distributing the annual sector estimate over the months, adjusting for the number of days per month.

Industrial monthly estimates are calculated as the difference between the sum of the estimates for commercial, transportation, and electric power sectors and total residual fuel consumption.

**Residual Fuel Consumption by End-Use Sectors, 2001 Forward**—Each month's end-use consumption total is disaggregated into the individual sectors in proportion to the share that each sector held of the total in the same month in 2000. Annual values are the sum of the monthly values.

**Road Oil**—All consumption of road oil is assigned to the industrial sector.

**All Other Petroleum Products**—Consumption of all remaining petroleum products is assigned to the industrial sector.

**Note 8. Nuclear Electric Power:** See Tables 8.1 and A6. Nuclear electric power is included in the electric power sector.

**Note 9. Renewable Energy:** See Tables 10.2a-10.2c. End-use consumption of wood, waste, alcohol fuels, geothermal heat pump and direct use energy, and solar thermal direct use and photovoltaic energy is included in the end-use sectors. Included in the electric power sector are: net electricity generation from conventional hydroelectric power, wood, waste, geothermal, solar, and wind.

**Note 10**. **Electricity:** End-use consumption of electricity is based on the retail sales data in Table 7.6. Kilowatthours are converted to Btu at the rate of 3,412 Btu per kilowatthour.

**Note 11. Electrical System Energy Losses:** Electrical system energy losses are calculated as the difference between total primary consumption by the electric power sector (see Table 2.6) and the total energy content of electricity retail sales (see Tables 7.6 and A6). Most of these losses occur at steam-electric power plants (conventional and nuclear) in the conversion of heat energy into mechanical energy to turn electric generators. The loss is a thermodynamically necessary feature of the steam-electric cycle. Part of the energy input-to-output losses is a result of imputing fossil energy equivalent inputs for hydroelectric and other energy sources, since there is no generally accepted practice for measuring those thermal conversion rates. In

addition to conversion losses, other losses include power plant use of electricity, transmission and distribution of electricity from power plants to end-use consumers (also called "line losses"), and unaccounted for electricity. Total losses are allocated to the end-use sectors in proportion to each

sector's share of total electricity sales. Overall, approximately 67 percent of total energy input is lost in conversion; of electricity generated, approximately 5 percent is lost in plant use and 9 percent is lost in transmission and distribution.

# Section 3. Petroleum

Total petroleum imports<sup>1</sup> were an estimated 13.9 million barrels per day in November 2005, 1 percent lower than the previous month's rate but 3 percent higher than the November 2004 rate.

In November 2005, an estimated 20.5 million barrels per day of petroleum products were supplied for domestic use, 1 percent lower than the November 2004 rate. Motor gasoline accounted for 45 percent of the total; distillate fuel oil, 20 percent; and kerosene-type jet fuel, 8 percent.

Motor gasoline product supplied during November 2005 was an estimated 9.2 million barrels per day, 2 percent higher than the previous month's rate and 1 percent higher than the November 2004 rate. Total motor gasoline stocks were an estimated 202 million barrels at the end of November 2005, 3 million barrels above the stock level in the previous month

but 10 million barrels below the level one year earlier.

Distillate fuel oil product supplied during November 2005 was an estimated 4.1 million barrels per day, slightly lower than both the previous month's rate and the November 2004 rate. Distillate fuel oil ending stocks for November 2005 were an estimated 130 million barrels, 5 million barrels above the stock level in the previous month and 7 million barrels higher than the level 1 year earlier.

Kerosene-type jet fuel product supplied in November 2005 was an estimated 1.6 million barrels per day, 4 percent lower than the previous month's rate and 9 percent lower than the November 2004 rate. Kerosene-type jet fuel stocks were an estimated 43 million barrels at the end of November 2005, 4 million barrels higher than the stock level in the previous month and 2 million barrels higher than the stock level 1 year earlier.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Total import data include imports into the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

Table 3.1a Petroleum Overview: Supply

L				Sup	piy			
		Field Production <sup>6</sup>	1	Refinery and		Imports		
	Crude Oil	Natural Gas Plant Liquids <sup>b</sup>	Total	Blender Net Production	Crude Oil <sup>c</sup>	Petroleum Products	Total	Adjust ments
				Thousand Bar	rels per Day			
973 Average	9,208	1,738	10,946	13,854	3,244	3,012	6,256	18
975 Average	8,375	1,633	10,007	13,685	4,105	1,951	6,056	41
980 Average	8,597	1,573	10,170	14,622	5,263	1,646	6,909	64
985 Average	8,971	1,609	10,581	13,750	3,201	1,866	5,067	200
990 Average	7,355	1,559	8,914	15,272	5,894	2,123	8,018	338
	6,560	1,762	8,322	15,994	•	1,605		496
995 Average	,	,	,	,	7,230	,	8,835	
996 Average	6,465	1,830	8,295	16,324	7,508	1,971	9,478	528
997 Average	6,452	1,817	8,269	16,759	8,225	1,936	10,162	487
998 Average	6,252	1,759	8,011	17,030	8,706	2,002	10,708	495
999 Average	5,881	1,850	7,731	16,989	8,731	2,122	10,852	567
000 Average	5,822	1,911	7,733	17,243	9,071	2,389	11,459	532
001 Average	5,801	1,868	7,670	17,285	9,328	2,543	11,871	501
002 Average	5,746	1,880	7,626	17,273	9,140	2,390	11,530	527
102 January	F 70F	4.750	7.540	16.405	9.633	2.474	11 101	245
003 January	5,785	1,758	7,543	16,405	8,633	2,471	11,104	245
February	5,791	1,812	7,603	16,363	8,474	2,447	10,921	427
March	5,817	1,729	7,545	16,914	9,226	2,819	12,044	656
April	5,774	1,701	7,475	17,601	9,928	2,671	12,599	592
May	5,733	1,564	7,297	18,146	10,153	2,765	12,918	458
June	5,701	1,582	7,283	17,739	10,038	2,962	13,001	485
July	5,526	1,649	7,175	17,811	10,034	2,702	12,736	568
August	5,595	1,703	7,175	18.053	10,023	2,746	12,769	505
	,			-,	,			
September	5,683	1,761	7,445	17,650	10,287	2,581	12,868	431
October	5,635	1,818	7,453	17,461	10,063	2,310	12,373	526
November	5,560	1,839	7,399	17,660	9,351	2,361	11,712	581
December	5,579	1,723	7,302	17,957	9,684	2,349	12,033	257
Average	5,681	1,719	7,400	17,487	9,665	2,599	12,264	478
<b>004</b> January	5,570	1,802	7,373	16,773	9,347	2,667	12,014	435
February	5,556	1,799	7,355	16,692	9,317	3,341	12,658	892
	,							131
March	5,607	1,828	7,435	17,178	10,088	3,260	13,349	
April	5,527	1,783	7,309	18,043	10,115	2,768	12,883	754
May	5,548	1,780	7,328	18,366	10,452	2,923	13,375	571
June	5,398	1,738	7,136	18,320	10,533	3,028	13,561	841
July	5,458	1,812	7,269	18,403	10,298	3,271	13,570	596
August	5,333	1,863	7,196	18,502	10,460	3,229	13,689	412
September	5,062	1,797	6,859	17,303	9,697	2,979	12,676	543
October	5,156	1,820	6,977	17,643	10,362	3,076	13,438	324
November	5,396	1,868	7,264	17,993	10,238	3,170	13,409	642
December	5,413 <b>5,419</b>	1,817 <b>1,809</b>	7,231 <b>7,228</b>	18,488 <b>17,814</b>	10,101	2,987 <b>3,057</b>	13,088 13 145	666 <b>564</b>
Average	5,419	1,009	1,220	17,014	10,088	3,057	13,145	304
05 January	E 5,394	1,809	E 7,203	17,137	9,844	2,818	12,661	657
February	<sup>E</sup> 5,469	1,859	E 7,327	17,504	10,158	3,378	13,536	532
	E 5,498	1,858	E 7,356	17,442	10,144	2,776	12,919	657
March	E 5,488		E 7,318					
April		1,830	- 1,310 F 7,007	18,508	10,314	3,062	13,376	730
May	E 5,494	1,842	E 7,337	18,563	10,166	3,329	13,495	890
June	<sup>E</sup> 5,428	1,784	<sup>E</sup> 7,212	19,018	10,753	3,509	14,262	678
July	<sup>E</sup> 5,244	1,746	E 6,990	18,492	10,256	3,468	13,724	655
August	E 5,273	1,712	E 6,985	18,226	10,341	3,370	13,711	305
September	E 4,214	1,475	E 5,689	16,477	9,078	3,976	13,055	736
October	RE 4,248	R 1,536	RE 5,784	R 16,015	R 9,380	R 4,685	R 14,064	R 661
	E 4,684	E 1,713	E 6,397	E 17,340	E 10,084	E 3,789	E 13,872	E 572
November 11-Month Average	E <b>5,129</b>	E <b>1,713</b>	E <b>6,39</b> 7	E <b>17,34</b> 0	E <b>10</b> ,084	E <b>3,789</b>	E 13,514	E <b>644</b>
_		,	•	•	.,.	•		
04 11-Month Average	5,419	1,808	7,228	17,751	10,086	3,064	13,150	555

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Crude oil production on leases, and natural gas liquids (liquefied petroleum gases, pentanes plus, and a small amount of finished petroleum products) production at natural gas processing plants. Excludes what was previously classified as "Field Production" of finished motor gasoline, motor gasoline blending components, and other hydrocarbons and oxygenates; these are now included in "Adjustments."

R=Revised. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Crude oil includes lease condensate. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html.

Sources: • 1973-1975: Bureau of Mines, Mineral Industry Surveys, Petroleum Statement, Annual, annual reports. • 1976-1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, Petroleum Statement, Annual, annual reports. • 1981-2004: Petroleum Supply Annual, annual reports. • 2005: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, monthly reports; and, for the current month, Weekly Petroleum Status Report data system and Monthly Energy Review data system calculations.

b See Note 6, "Data Discrepancies," at end of section.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Includes Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports. See Table 3.2a.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> An adjustment for crude oil (see Tables 3.2a, 3.5, and 3.6), and for motor gasoline blending components and fuel ethanol (see Tables 3.4 and 3.10). Through 1988, also includes a small amount of distillate fuel oil production at natural gas processing plants (see Table 3.5).

Table 3.1b Petroleum Overview: Disposition and Stocks

				Disposi	tion					Stocksa	
		Stock Change	b	Refinery and		Exports		Petroleum			
	Crude Oil <sup>c,d</sup>	Petroleum Products <sup>d,e</sup>	Totald	Blender Net Inputs	Crude Oil	Petroleum Products <sup>f</sup>	Total <sup>f</sup>	Products Supplied	Crude Oil <sup>c,d</sup>	Petroleum Products <sup>d,e</sup>	Totald
				Thousand Barre	els per Da	у				Million Barrels	5
1973 Average	-11	146	135	13,401	2	229	231	17,308	242	766	1,008
1975 Average	17	d <b>15</b>	d <b>32</b>	13,225	6	204	209	16,322	271	862	1,133
1980 Average	98	42	140	14,025	287	258	544	17,056	466	d <b>926</b>	d1,392
1985 Average	50	-153	-103	13,192	204	577	781	15,726	814	705	1,519
1990 Average	-35	142	107	14,589	109	748	857	16,988	908	712	1,621
1995 Average	-93	-153	-246	15,220	95	855	949	17,725	895	668	1,563
1996 Average	-124	-28	-151	15,487	110	871	981	18,309	850	658	1,507
1997 Average	51	93	143	15,909	108	896	1,003	18,620	868	692	1,560
1998 Average	74	165	239	16,144	110	835	945	18,917	895	752	1,647
1999 Average	-118	-304	-422	16,103	118	822	940	19,519	852	641	1,493
2000 Average	-70	(s)	-69	16,295	50	990	1,040	19,701	826	641	1,468
2001 Average	99	227	325	16,382	20	951	971	19,649	862	724	1,586
2002 Average	40	-145	-105	16,316	9	975	984	19,761	877	671	1,548
2003 January	-110	-1,293	-1,403	15,472	10	1,202	1,212	20,017	873	631	1,504
February	-106	-1,464	-1,570	15,441	5	1,062	1,067	20,375	870	590	1,460
March	339	114	452	15,949	10	1,042	1,051	19,708	881	594	1,474
April	338	383	720	16,664	12	1,041	1,053	19,830	891	605	1,496
May	-75	1,263	1,188	17,190	15	1,082	1,097	19,344	889	644	1,533
June	150	745	895	16,755	45	1,020	1,065	19,793	893	667	1,560
July	135	209	344	16,876	7	969	976	20,094	897	673	1,570
August	15	35	50	17,044	4	943	947	20,586	898	674	1,572
September	441	426	867	16,635	3	956	960	19,933	911	687	1,598
October	468	-348	120	16,540	14	956	970	20,182	926	676	1,602
November	-356	241	-116	16,663	21	911	933	19,873	915	683	1,598
December	-244	-721	-965	16,845	4	986	990	20,679	907	661	1,568
Average	84	-28	56	16,513	12	1,014	1,027	20,034	907	661	1,568
2004 January	177	-563	-385	15,753	6	742	748	20,479	913	644	1,556
February	635	-608	27	15,652	8	1,038	1,046	20,872	931	626	1,557
March	591	-150	441	16,175	19	1,005	1,024	20,453	949	621	1,571
April	401	-82	319	16,972	55	1,099	1,153	20,545	962	619	1,580
May	140	818	958	17,317	26	1,026	1,052	20,313	966	644	1,610
June	46	648	694	17,314	45	1,025	1,070	20,780	967	664	1,631
July	-230	721	491	17,388	18	1,062	1,080	20,880	960	686	1,646
August	-401	663	262	17,419	13	1,078	1,091	21,028	948	707	1,654
September	-147	-276	-424	16,315	35	926	961	20,529	943	698	1,642
October	444	-583 -501	-139	16,582	25	1,052	1,078	20,861	957	680	1,637
November	134 11	501 -379	634 -368	16,876 17,328	42 30	950 1,253	992 1.284	20,805 21,229	961 961	695 683	1,656 1,645
December Average	148	-379 <b>61</b>	-368 <b>209</b>	16,762	27	1,253 1,021	1,284 1,048	21,229 <b>20,731</b>	961 961	683	1,645
<b>2005</b> January	207	-136	71	16,147	40	877	917	20,524	968	679	1,647
February	619	-130	521	16,470	22	1,237	1,259	20,650	986	676	1,661
March	686	-836	-150	16,485	36	1,272	1,308	20,732	1,007	650	1,657
April	518	393	912	17,459	97	1,272	1,382	20,179	1.022	662	1,684
May	132	1,169	1,301	17,443	76	1,325	1,401	20,179	1,022	698	1,724
June	-31	498	467	17,994	21	1,456	1,477	21,232	1,026	713	1,738
July	-230	399	169	17,566	41	1,225	1,266	20,859	1,018	725	1,744
August	-205	-443	-647	17,229	36	1,278	1,314	21,331	1,012	712	1,724
September	-379	-229	-608	15,624	24	819	844	20,097	1,001	705	1,705
October	R 197	R 95	R 293	R 15,194	R 17	R 837	R 854	R 20,184	R 1,007	R 708	R 1,714
November	E -35	E 480	E 446	<sup>F</sup> 16,346	E 20	E 840	E 860	E 20,529	E 1,005	E 705	E 1,710
11-Month Average	E 132	E 117	E 249	E 16,724	<sup>E</sup> 39	E 1,131	E 1,171	E 20,587	E 1,005	E 705	E 1,710
2004 11-Month Average	160	102	262	16,710	26	1,000	1,026	20,685	961	695	1,656
2003 11-Month Average	114	36	151	16,482	13	1,017	1,030	19,974	915	683	1,598

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Stocks are at end of period.

of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html.
Sources: • 1973-1975: Bureau of Mines, Mineral Industry Surveys, Petroleum Statement, Annual, annual reports. • 1976-1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, Petroleum Statement, Annual, annual reports. • 1981-2004: Petroleum Supply Annual, annual reports. • 2005: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, monthly reports; and, for the current month, Weekly Petroleum Status Report data system, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System, and Monthly Energy Review data system calculations.

b A negative value indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive value indicates an increase. Current month stock change estimates are based on the change from the previous month's stocks estimates, rather than the actual

stocks values shown in this table.

<sup>c</sup> Includes Strategic Petroleum Reserve stocks. See Table 3.2b.

<sup>d</sup> See Note 4. "New Stock Basis." at end of section.

See Note 4, "New Stock Basis," at end of section.

Does not include distillate stocks in the Northeast Heating Oil Reserve.

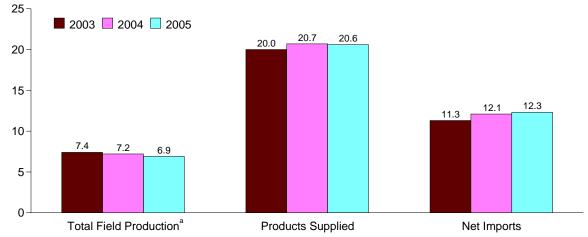
See Note 6, "Data Discrepancies," at end of section.

R=Revised. E=Estimate. F=Forecast. (s)=Less than +500 barrels per day Notes: • Crude oil includes lease condensate. • Totals may not equal sum

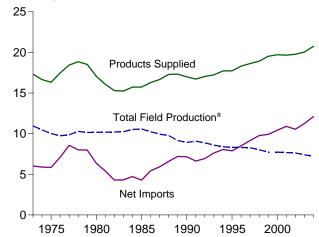
Figure 3.1a Petroleum Overview and Production

(Million Barrels per Day)

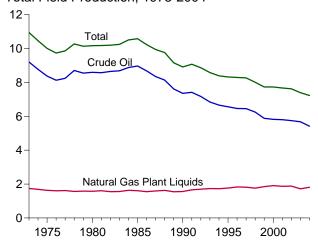
# Overview, January-November



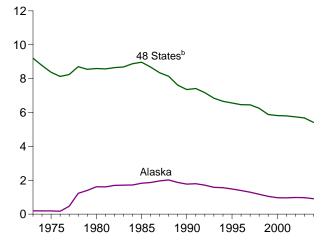
## Overview, 1973-2004



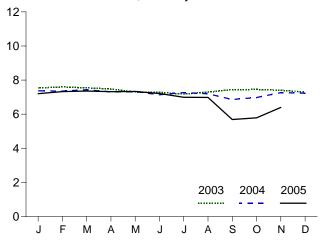
Total Field Production, 1973-2004



Crude Oil Field Production, 1973-2004



Total Field Production<sup>a</sup>, Monthly



<sup>a</sup>Crude oil and natural gas plant liquids field production.

<sup>b</sup>United States excluding Alaska and Hawaii.

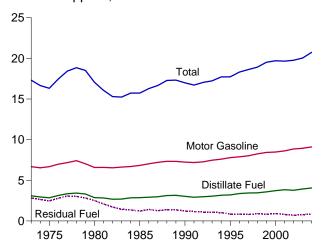
Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html. Sources: Tables 3.1a, 3.1b, and 3.2a.

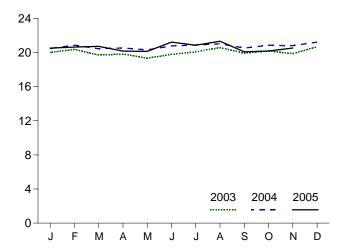
Figure 3.1b Petroleum Products Supplied, Imports, and Stocks

(Million Barrels per Day, Except as Noted)

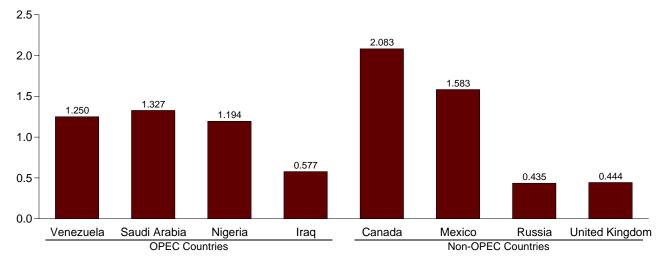
## Products Supplied, 1973-2004



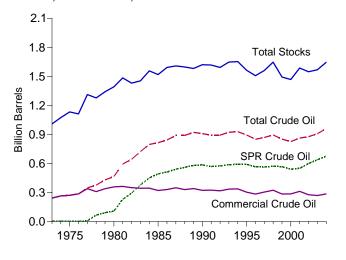
## Products Supplied, Monthly



## Imports from Selected Countries, October 2005

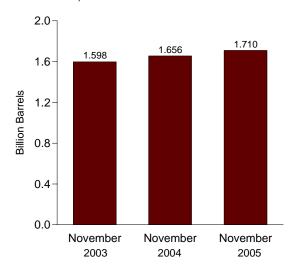


#### Stocks, End of Year, 1973-2004



Notes: • OPEC=Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries. • SPR= Strategic Petroleum Reserves. • Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

#### Total Stocks, End of Month



Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html. Sources: Tables 3.1b, 3.2b, 3.3a, 3.3b, 3.3d, 3.3e, 3.3f, 3.3g, 3.3h, 3.4, 3.5, and 3.6.

Table 3.2a Crude Oil Overview: Supply

				Supply			
		Field Production	1		Imports		
	48 States <sup>a</sup>	Alaska	Total	SPR <sup>b,c</sup>	Non-SPR <sup>d</sup>	Total	Adjust- ments <sup>e</sup>
			Tho	ousand Barrels pe	r Day		•
973 Average	9,010	198	9,208	_	3,244	3,244	-30
975 Average	8,183	191	8,375	_	4,105	4,105	-14
980 Average	6,980	1,617	8,597	44	5,219	5,263	6
985 Average	7,146	1,825	8,971	118	3,083	3,201	145
990 Average	5,582	1,773	7,355	27	5,867	5,894	257
995 Average	5,076	1,484	6,560	0	7,230	7,230	193
996 Average	5,071	1,393	6,465	0	7,508	7,508	215
997 Average	5,156	1,296	6,452	0	8,225	8,225	145
998 Average	5,077	1,175	6,252	0	8,706	8,706	115
999 Average	4,832	1,050	5,881	8	8,722	8,731	191
000 Average	4,851	970	5,822	8	9,062	9,071	155
001 Average	4,839	963	5,801	11	9,318	9,328	117
002 Average	4,761	984	5,746	16	9,124	9,140	110
003 January	4,801	984	5,785	0	8,633	8,633	-180
February	4,776	1,015	5,791	0	8,474	8,474	15
March	4,795	1,022	5,817	0	9,226	9,226	239
April	4,803	971	5,774	0	9,928	9,928	223
May	4,743	990	5,733	0	10,153	10,153	-36
June	4,710	991	5,701	Õ	10,038	10,038	76
July	4,600	927	5,526	0	10,034	10,034	128
August	4,650	945	5,595	Ő	10,023	10,023	94
September	4,720	964	5,683	Ö	10,287	10,287	-80
October	4,668	967	5,635	0	10,063	10,063	126
November	4,597	963	5,560	0	9,351	9,351	209
December	4,623	956	5,579	0	9,684	9,684	-159
Average	4,706	<b>974</b>	5,681	ŏ	9,665	9,665	54
<b>004</b> January	4,594	976	5,570	16	9,331	9,347	48
February	4,623	933	5,556	81	9,236	9,317	476
March	4,628	979	5,607	79	10,009	10,088	-299
April	4,577	950	5,527	121	9,994	10,115	356
May	4,606	942	5,548	66	10,386	10,452	158
June	4,479	920	5,398	49	10,484	10,533	399
	4,647	811	5,458	100	10,484	10,333	174
July August	4,632	701	5,333	108	10,199	10,460	-39
	,	869		60		9,697	107
September October	4,193 4,222	935	5,062 5,156	115	9,637 10,247	10,362	-108
November	4,222 4,449	947	5,136	75	10,247	10,362	205
December	4,472	942	5,413	73 57	10,163	10,238	277
Average	4,510	908	5,419	77	10,043	10,101 10,088	143
_	E 4,476	<sup>E</sup> 918	E 5.394	73	0.771	0.944	211
005 January	E 4,476	E 918	E 5,469	73 44	9,771	9,844	
February		E 921			10,114	10,158	124
March	E 4,577	E 893	E 5,498	108	10,035	10,144	221
April	E 4,595 E 4,601	E 893	E 5,488	87	10,227	10,314	303
May	- 4,001 F 4 500		E 5,494	0	10,166	10,166	440
June	E 4,596	E 831	E 5,428	64	10,689	10,753	214
July	E 4,465	E 779	E 5,244	52	10,204	10,256	217
August	E 4,438	E 836	E 5,273	34	10,307	10,341	-160
September	E 3,398	E 815	E 4,214	0	9,078	9,078	327
October	RE 3,386	E 862	RE 4,248	<sup>R</sup> 0	R 9,380	R 9,380	R 233
November 11-Month Average	E 3,815 E <b>4,263</b>	E 869 E <b>866</b>	E 4,684 E <b>5,129</b>	NA <b>NA</b>	NA <b>NA</b>	E 10,084 E <b>10,046</b>	E 117 E <b>205</b>
_							
04 11-Month Average	4,514	905	5,419	79	10,007	10,086	131

Notes: • Crude oil includes lease condensate. • Totals may not equal

sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is

Sources: • 1973-1975: Bureau of Mines, Mineral Industry Surveys, Petroleum Statement, Annual, annual reports. • 1976-1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, Petroleum Statement, Annual, annual reports. • 1981-2004: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual, annual reports. • 2005: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, monthly reports; and, for the current month, Weekly Petroleum Status Report data system, and Monthly Energy Review data system calculations.

a United States excluding Alaska and Hawaii.

b "SPR" is the Strategic Petroleum Reserve. Through 2003, includes crude oil imports by SPR only; beginning in 2004, includes crude oil imports by SPR, and crude oil imports into SPR by others.

c See Note 6, "Data Discrepancies," at end of section.

d All crude oil imports other than those in "SPR."

e An adjustment for crude oil. Through 1982, includes what was previously classified as "Crude Oil Used Directly" (as distillate and residual fuel oil). Through 2004, also includes what were previously classified as "Unaccounted-for Crude Oil" and "Crude Losses."

R=Revised. E=Estimate. NA=Not available. -=Not applicable.

the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html.

Table 3.2b Crude Oil Overview: Disposition and Stocks

			Disp	osition				Stocksa	
		Stock Change <sup>b</sup>	ı	Refinery		Product			
	SPRc	Non-SPR <sup>d,e,f</sup>	Total <sup>e,f</sup>	Inputs	Exports	Supplied	SPRc	Non-SPR <sup>d,e,f</sup>	Total <sup>e,f</sup>
			Thousand B	arrels per Day				Million Barrels	
1973 Average	_	-11	-11	12,431	2	0	_	242	242
1975 Average	_	17	17	12,442	6	0	_	271	271
1980 Average	45	52	98	13,481	287	0	108	<sup>e</sup> 358	<sup>e</sup> 466
1985 Average	117	-67	50	12,002	204	60	493	321	814
1990 Average	16	-51	-35	13,409	109	24	586	323	908
1995 Average	(s)	-93	-93	13,973	95	7	592	303	895
1996 Average	-71	-53	-124	14,195	110	6	566	284	850
1997 Average	-7	57	51	14,662	108	2	563	305	868
1998 Average	22	52	74	14,889	110	0	571	324	895
1999 Average	-11	-107	-118	14,804	118	0	567	284	852
2000 Average	-73	3	-70	15,067	50	0	541	286	826
2001 Average	26	73	99	15,128	20	0	550	312	862
2002 Average	134	-94	40	14,947	9	0	599	278	877
2003 January	5	-115	-110	14,338	10	0	599	274	873
February	0	-106	-106	14,381	5	0	599	271	870
March	0	339	339	14,933	10	0	599	282	881
April	11	326	338	15,575	12	0	600	291	891
May	114	-189	-75	15,910	15	0	603	286	889
June	181	-31	150	15,620	45	0	609	285	893
July	125	11	135	15,546	7	0	612	285	897
August	190	-175	15	15,693	4	0	618	279	898
September	202	239	441	15,446	3	0	624	287	911
October	210	258	468	15,342	14	0	631	295	926
November	91	-447	-356	15,455	21	0	634	281	915
December Average	154 <b>108</b>	-398 <b>-24</b>	-244 <b>84</b>	15,345 <b>15,304</b>	4 <b>12</b>	0 <b>0</b>	638 <b>638</b>	269 <b>269</b>	907 <b>907</b>
_	89	88	177	•	6	0	641	272	913
2004 January	197	438	635	14,782 14,706	8	0	647	284	931
February March	170	420	591	14,787	19	0	652	297	949
April	202	198	401	15,541	55	0	658	303	962
May	101	39	140	15,992	26	0	661	305	966
June	35	11	46	16,240	45	0	662	305	967
July	106	-336	-230	16,142	18	0	666	294	960
August	108	-509	-401	16,142	13	0	669	279	948
September	42	-190	-147	14,980	35	0	670	273	943
October	2	442	444	14,941	25	Õ	670	287	957
November	81	52	134	15,664	42	0	673	288	961
December	91	-81	11	15,750	30	Õ	676	286	961
Average	102	46	148	15,475	27	ŏ	676	286	961
2005 January	131	76	207	15,201	40	0	680	289	968
February	84	535	619	15,110	22	0	682	304	986
March	198	488	686	15,140	36	Õ	688	319	1,007
April	124	394	518	15,489	97	0	692	331	1,022
May	66	66	132	15,892	76	Ö	694	333	1,027
June	82	-113	-31	16,404	21	Ö	696	329	1,026
July	78	-307	-230	15,905	41	ő	699	320	1,018
August	62	-266	-205	15,624	36	Ö	701	311	1,012
September	-236	-144	-379	13,974	24	Ö	694	307	1,001
October	R -272	<sup>R</sup> 469	<sup>R</sup> 197	R 13,646	R 17	Õ	685	322	R 1,007
November	E 24	E -59	E -35	E 14,900	E 20	ő	E 686	E 320	E 1,005
11-Month Average	E 31	E 101	E 132	E 15,209	E 39	Ö	E 686	E 320	E 1,005
2004 11-Month Average	103	58	160	15,450	26	0	673	288	961
2003 11-Month Average	103	11	114	15,300	13	Ö	634	281	915
2000 ii mondi Average	103	11		10,000	13	U	337	201	313

per day and greater than -500 barrels per day.

Sources: • 1973-1975: Bureau of Mines, Mineral Industry Surveys, Petroleum Statement, Annual, annual reports. • 1976-1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, Petroleum Statement, Annual, annual reports. • 1981-2004: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual, annual reports. • 2005: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, monthly reports; and, for the current month, Weekly Petroleum Status Report data system, and Monthly Energy Review data system calculations.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm a}$  Stocks are at end of period.  $^{\rm b}$  A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase. Current month stock change estimates are based on the change from the previous month's stocks estimates, rather

than the actual stocks values shown in this table.

C "SPR" is the Strategic Petroleum Reserve. Crude oil stocks in the SPR include non-U.S. stocks held under foreign or commercial storage agreements.

d All crude oil stocks other than those in "SPR."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> Beginning in 1981, includes stocks of Alaskan crude oil in transit. See Note 5, "Stocks of Alaskan Crude Oil," at end of section.

See Note 4, "New Stock Basis," at end of section.

R=Revised. E=Estimate. -=Not applicable. (s)=Less than +500 barrels

Notes: • Crude oil includes lease condensate. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html.

Table 3.3a Petroleum Imports From Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, and Kuwait

Total	Crude Oil	Ir Total	an <sup>b</sup>	ı	raq	Ku	wait <sup>c</sup>
1973 Average	0	Total					muit
1975 Average 16 1980 Average (s) 1985 Average 4 1990 Average 1 1995 Average 1 1996 Average 1 1997 Average 0 1998 Average 1 1999 Average 1 1999 Average 0 2000 Average 1 2001 Average (s) 2002 Average 0 2003 January 4 February 11 March 0 April 0 May 0 June 0 July 0 August 0 September 0 December 0 Average 1 2004 January 0 February 0 February 0 Average 1 2005 January 0 February 0 Average 1 2006 Average 1 2007 Average 1 2008 Average 1 2008 Average 1 2009 Average 1 2009 Average 1 2000 Average 1			Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil
1975 Average       16         1980 Average       (s)         1985 Average       4         1990 Average       1         1995 Average       1         1995 Average       0         1997 Average       0         1998 Average       0         2000 Average       1         1999 Average       (s)         2001 Average       (s)         2002 Average       0         2003 January       4         February       11         March       0         April       0         May       0         June       0         July       0         August       0         September       0         October       0         November       0         December       0         April       0         May       7         June       0         July       0         August       13         September       0         October       13         November       10         December       0         October <td></td> <td>223</td> <td>216</td> <td>4</td> <td>4</td> <td>47</td> <td>42</td>		223	216	4	4	47	42
1980 Average         (s)           1985 Average         4           1990 Average         1           1995 Average         1           1996 Average         1           1997 Average         0           1998 Average         1           1999 Average         0           2000 Average         1           2001 Average         (s)           2002 Average         0           2003 January         4           February         11           March         0           April         0           May         0           June         0           July         0           August         0           September         0           October         0           November         0           December         0           April         0           May         7           June         0           July         0           August         13           September         0           October         13           November         10           December	0	280	278	2	2	16	4
1985 Average         4           1990 Average         1           1995 Average         1           1996 Average         0           1997 Average         0           1998 Average         1           1999 Average         0           2000 Average         1           2001 Average         (s)           2002 Average         0           2003 January         4           February         11           March         0           April         0           May         0           June         0           July         0           August         0           September         0           October         0           November         0           December         0           Average         1           2004 January         0           February         0           March         0           August         13           September         0           October         13           November         10           December         0           October	0	9	8	28	28	27	27
1990 Average         1           1995 Average         1           1996 Average         1           1997 Average         0           1998 Average         1           1999 Average         0           2000 Average         1           2002 Average         0           2003 January         4           February         11           March         0           April         0           May         0           June         0           July         0           August         0           September         0           October         0           November         0           December         0           Average         1           2004 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         7           June         0           October         13           November         10           December         0           October         13           November         10	0	27	27	46	46	21	4
1995 Average         1           1996 Average         1           1997 Average         0           1998 Average         1           1999 Average         0           2000 Average         1           2001 Average         0           2002 Average         0           2003 January         4           February         11           March         0           April         0           May         0           June         0           July         0           August         0           September         0           October         0           November         0           December         0           Average         1           2004 January         0           February         0           May         7           June         0           April         0           May         7           June         0           August         13           September         0           October         13           November         10 <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>518</td> <td>514</td> <td>86</td> <td>79</td>	0	0	0	518	514	86	79
1996 Average         1           1997 Average         0           1998 Average         1           1999 Average         0           2000 Average         1           2001 Average         (s)           2002 Average         0           2003 January         4           February         11           March         0           April         0           May         0           June         0           July         0           August         0           September         0           October         0           November         0           December         0           Average         1           2004 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         7           June         0           July         0           August         13           September         0           October         13           November         10           December         0 <td>0</td> <td>Ō</td> <td>Ō</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>218</td> <td>213</td>	0	Ō	Ō	0	0	218	213
1997 Average         0           1998 Average         1           1999 Average         0           2000 Average         1           2001 Average         (s)           2002 Average         0           2003 January         4           February         11           March         0           April         0           May         0           June         0           July         0           August         0           September         0           October         0           November         0           December         0           Average         1           2004 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         7           June         0           July         0           August         13           September         0           October         13           November         10           December         0           October         13	0	0	0	1	1	236	235
1998 Average         1           1999 Average         0           2000 Average         1           2001 Average         (s)           2002 Average         0           2003 January         4           February         11           March         0           April         0           May         0           June         0           July         0           August         0           September         0           October         0           November         0           December         0           Average         1           2004 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         7           June         0           May         7           June         0           October         13           November         10           December         0           October         13           November         10           December         0	Ŏ	Ö	Ō	89	89	253	253
1999 Average         0           2000 Average         1           2001 Average         (s)           2002 Average         0           2003 January         4           February         11           March         0           April         0           May         0           June         0           July         0           August         0           September         0           October         0           November         0           December         0           Average         1           2004 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         7           June         0           July         0           August         13           September         0           October         13           November         10           December         0           Average         4           2005 January         0           February         0 <t< td=""><td>0</td><td>Ō</td><td>Ō</td><td>336</td><td>336</td><td>301</td><td>300</td></t<>	0	Ō	Ō	336	336	301	300
2000 Average         1           2001 Average         (s)           2002 Average         0           2003 January         4           February         11           March         0           April         0           May         0           June         0           July         0           August         0           September         0           October         0           November         0           December         0           Average         1           2004 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         7           June         0           July         0           August         13           September         0           October         13           November         10           December         0           October         13           November         10           December         0           Average         4	0	0	0	725	725	248	246
2001 Average         (s)           2002 Average         0           2003 January         4           February         11           March         0           April         0           May         0           June         0           July         0           August         0           September         0           October         0           November         0           December         0           Average         1           2004 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         7           June         0           July         0           August         13           September         0           October         13           November         10           December         0           Average         4           2005 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0 <td< td=""><td>Ŏ</td><td>Ö</td><td>Ŏ</td><td>620</td><td>620</td><td>272</td><td>263</td></td<>	Ŏ	Ö	Ŏ	620	620	272	263
2002 Average         0           2003 January         4           February         11           March         0           April         0           May         0           June         0           July         0           August         0           September         0           October         0           November         0           December         0           Average         1           2004 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         7           June         0           May         7           June         0           October         13           November         0           October         13           November         10           December         0           Average         4           2005 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May	Ō	Ö	Ō	795	795	250	237
February         11           March         0           April         0           May         0           June         0           July         0           August         0           September         0           October         0           November         0           December         0           Average         1           2004 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         7           June         0           July         0           August         13           September         0           October         13           November         10           December         0           Average         4           2005 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         0	Ö	Ö	Ö	459	459	228	216
March         0           April         0           May         0           June         0           July         0           August         0           September         0           October         0           November         0           December         0           Average         1           2004 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         7           June         0           July         0           August         13           September         0           October         13           November         10           December         0           Average         4           2005 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         0	0	0	0	634	634	166	134
March         0           April         0           May         0           June         0           July         0           August         0           September         0           October         0           November         0           December         0           Average         1           2004 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         7           June         0           July         0           August         13           September         0           October         13           November         10           December         0           Average         4           2005 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         0	0	0	0	963	963	241	223
May         0           June         0           July         0           August         0           September         0           October         0           November         0           December         0           Average         1           2004 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         7           June         0           July         0           August         13           September         0           October         13           November         10           December         0           Average         4           2005 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         0	0	0	0	681	681	251	220
May       0         June       0         July       0         August       0         September       0         October       0         November       0         December       0         Average       1         2004 January       0         February       0         March       0         April       0         May       7         June       0         July       0         August       13         September       0         October       13         November       10         December       0         Average       4         2005 January       0         February       0         March       0         April       0         May       0	0	0	0	739	739	301	294
June         0           July         0           August         0           September         0           October         0           November         0           December         0           Average         1           2004 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         7           June         0           July         0           August         13           September         0           October         13           November         10           December         0           Average         4           2005 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         0	0	0	0	128	128	217	200
July         0           August         0           September         0           October         0           November         0           December         0           Average         1           2004 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         7           June         0           July         0           August         13           September         0           October         13           November         10           December         0           Average         4           2005 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         0	0	0	0	0	0	292	274
August         0           September         0           October         0           November         0           December         0           Average         1           2004 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         7           June         0           July         0           August         13           September         0           October         13           November         10           December         0           Average         4           2005 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         0	0	0	0	67	67	169	169
September         0           October         0           November         0           December         0           Average         1           2004 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         7           June         0           July         0           August         13           September         0           October         13           November         10           December         0           Average         4           2005 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         0	0	0	0	125	125	189	183
October         0           November         0           December         0           Average         1           2004 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         7           June         0           July         0           August         13           September         0           October         13           November         10           December         0           Average         4           2005 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         0	Ö	Õ	Õ	362	362	250	248
November         0           December         0           Average         1           2004 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         7           June         0           July         0           August         13           September         0           October         13           November         10           December         0           Average         4           2005 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         0	0	0	0	735	735	168	168
December         0           Average         1           2004 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         7           June         0           July         0           August         13           September         0           October         13           November         10           December         0           Average         4           2005 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         0	Ö	Õ	Õ	706	706	182	176
Average         1           2004 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         7           June         0           July         0           August         13           September         0           October         13           November         10           December         0           Average         4           2005 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         0	0	0	0	678	678	217	211
February       0         March       0         April       0         May       7         June       0         July       0         August       13         September       0         October       13         November       10         December       0         Average       4         2005       January       0         February       0         March       0         April       0         May       0	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	481	481	220	208
February         0           March         0           April         0           May         7           June         0           July         0           August         13           September         0           October         13           November         10           December         0           Average         4           2005 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         0	0	0	0	578	578	244	238
March       0         April       0         May       7         June       0         July       0         August       13         September       0         October       13         November       10         December       0         Average       4         2005 January       0         February       0         March       0         April       0         May       0	0	0	0	646	646	92	80
April       0         May       7         June       0         July       0         August       13         September       0         October       13         November       10         December       0         Average       4         2005 January       0         February       0         March       0         April       0         May       0	0	0	0	655	655	220	214
May         7           June         0           July         0           August         13           September         0           October         13           November         10           December         0           Average         4           2005 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         0	0	0	0	769	755	328	322
June       0         July       0         August       13         September       0         October       13         November       10         December       0         Average       4         2005 January       0         February       0         March       0         April       0         May       0	0	0	0	674	674	278	273
July       0         August       13         September       0         October       13         November       10         December       0         Average       4         2005 January       0         February       0         March       0         April       0         May       0	0	0	0	636	636	224	224
August       13         September       0         October       13         November       10         December       0         Average       4         2005 January       0         February       0         March       0         April       0         May       0	0	0	0	593	593	277	268
September         0           October         13           November         10           December         0           Average         4           2005 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         0	Ö	0	0	800	800	197	191
October         13           November         10           December         0           Average         4           2005 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         0	0	0	0	623	623	365	327
November         10           December         0           Average         4           2005 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         0	Ō	0	0	647	647	229	229
December         0           Average         4           2005 January         0           February         0           March         0           April         0           May         0	0	0	0	629	629	324	324
Average       4         2005 January       0         February       0         March       0         April       0         May       0	0	0	0	626	626	219	205
February         0           March         0           April         0           May         0	Ō	Ō	Ō	656	655	250	241
February         0           March         0           April         0           May         0	0	0	0	477	477	203	197
March	Ō	0	Ō	523	523	183	177
April 0 May 0	Ö	Õ	Ö	548	548	207	179
May 0	0	Õ	0	542	542	164	164
	Ö	Õ	Ö	588	588	219	213
	0	Õ	0	608	608	184	184
July 0	Ö	Õ	Ö	615	615	278	272
August 0	0	Õ	0	369	369	219	199
September 0	0	0	0	453	443	195	183
October 0	0	0	0	577	563	330	271
10-Month Average 0	ŏ	0	ŏ	530	<b>528</b>	<b>219</b>	204
2004 10-Month Average 3	0	0	0	662	661	246	237
2003 10-Month Average 2	Ö	ŏ	Ö	439	439	224	211

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> The country of origin for petroleum products may not be the country of origin for the crude oil from which the products were produced. For example, refined products imported from West European refining areas may have been produced from Middle East crude oil.
<sup>b</sup> In January 1988, a small amount of Iranian crude oil entered the United

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> In January 1988, a small amount of Iranian crude oil entered the United States from the Virgin Islands. The oil originated in Iran and was exported to the Virgin Islands prior to the signing of Executive Order 12613 on November 29, 1987.

<sup>29, 1987.

&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Imports from the Neutral Zone are reported as originating in either Saudi Arabia or Kuwait depending on the country reported to U.S. Customs.

<sup>(</sup>s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports are included. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html.

Sources: • 1973-1975: Bureau of Mines, Mineral Industry Surveys, Petroleum Statement, Annual, annual reports. • 1976-1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, Petroleum Statement, Annual, annual reports. • 1981-2004: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual, annual reports. 2005: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, monthly reports.

Table 3.3b Petroleum Imports From Qatar, Saudi Arabia, U.A.E., and Total Persian Gulf (Thousand Barrels per Day)

				Persia	n Gulf <sup>a</sup>			
	Q	atar	Saudi	i Arabia <sup>b</sup>	United Ar	ab Emirates	To	otala
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil
1973 Average	7	7	486	462	71	71	848	802
1975 Average	18	18	715	701	117	117	1,165	1,121
1980 Average	22	22	1,261	1,250	172	172	1,519	1,508
1985 Average	(s)	0	168	132	45	35	311	244
1990 Average	4	4	1,339	1,195	17	9	1.966	1,801
1995 Average	Ö	Ö	1,344	1,260	10	5	1,573	1,479
1996 Average	ő	ŏ	1,363	1,248	3	3	1,604	1,488
1997 Average	4	Ö	1,407	1,293	2	ŏ	1.755	1,635
1998 Average	4	1	1,491	1,404	3	3	2,136	2,044
1999 Average	10	1	1,478	1,387	2	0	2,464	2,360
2000 Average	9	Ó	1,476	1,523	15	3	2,488	2,360
•	13		,-	1,523	40	3 21	2, <del>4</del> 66 2.761	2,409 2.664
2001 Average	15	(s) 9	1,662		40 15	10	, -	
2002 Average	15	9	1,552	1,519	15	10	2,269	2,213
2003 January	0	0	1,841	1,803	90	34	2,735	2,605
February	0	0	1,447	1,407	13	0	2,676	2,593
March	0	0	1,886	1,838	0	0	2,818	2,739
April	0	0	2,070	2,024	39	19	3,148	3,075
May	9	0	2,305	2,244	9	0	2,669	2,572
June	0	0	2,002	1,921	33	17	2,327	2,212
July	14	0	1,900	1,835	19	0	2,170	2,072
August	0	0	1,535	1,475	0	0	1,849	1,783
September	3	0	1,749	1,692	33	33	2,397	2,335
October	0	0	1,451	1,388	0	0	2,353	2,291
November	0	0	1,681	1,664	17	17	2,586	2,564
December	8	0	1,410	1,399	0	0	2,312	2,288
Average	3	0	1,774	1,726	21	10	2,501	2,425
2004 January	0	0	1.477	1.432	9	0	2.309	2.248
February	Ö	Ö	1,369	1,295	Ö	Ö	2,108	2,021
March	0	0	1,531	1,478	1	0	2,407	2.346
April	5	5	1,177	1,162	54	29	2,333	2,273
May	0	0	1,519	1,493	7	0	2,485	2,439
June	0	0	1,498	1,455	24	0	2,382	2,315
	0	0	1,655	1,622	6	0	2,531	2,483
July	0	0	1,865	1,755	53	33	2,928	2,463 2,778
August	-		,	,			,	,
September	17 0	0	1,732	1,567	27 27	0	2,764 2,562	2,517 2,458
October			1,646	1,581				
November	4	0	1,707	1,631	13	0	2,688	2,585
December	40	40	1,502	1,449	15	0	2,402	2,320
Average	5	4	1,558	1,495	20	5	2,493	2,400
2005 January	0	0	1,645	1,602	11	0	2,337	2,276
February	1	0	1,574	1,525	10	0	2,291	2,224
March	1	0	1,623	1,553	6	0	2,384	2,279
April	0	0	1,494	1,449	9	0	2,209	2,154
May	0	0	1,526	1,430	22	22	2,355	2,254
June	0	0	1,623	1,598	15	0	2,429	2,390
July	0	0	1,689	1,499	10	0	2,592	2,386
August	0	0	1,577	1,444	7	0	2,171	2,012
September	8	Ö	1,358	1,269	36	26	2,049	1,921
October	18	0	1,327	1,180	42	34	2,295	2,048
10-Month Average	3	ŏ	1,544	1,454	17	8	2,312	2,195
2004 10-Month Average	2	(s)	1,549	1,486	21	6	2,483	2,390
2003 10-Month Average	3	(S) 0	1,549	1,765	21	10	2,463 2,511	2,390 2,425

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> The country of origin for petroleum products may not be the country of origin for the crude oil from which the products were produced. For example, refined products imported from West European refining areas may have been produced from Middle East crude oil.

b Imports from the Neutral Zone are reported as originating in either Saudi

rounding. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html.

Arabia or Kuwait depending on the country reported to U.S. Customs.

<sup>(</sup>s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports are included. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent

Table 3.3c Petroleum Imports From Algeria, Ecuador, Gabon, Indonesia, and Libya (Thousand Barrels per Day)

					Other	OPECa,b				
	Alg	geria	Ecu	ıador <sup>c</sup>	Ga	ıbon <sup>d</sup>	Indo	nesia	L	ibya
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil
1973 Average	136	120	48	47	0	0	213	200	164	133
1975 Average	282	264	57	57	27	27	390	379	232	223
1980 Average	488	456	27	17	26	25	348	314	554	548
1985 Average	187	84	67	56	52	51	314	292	4	0
1990 Average	280	63	49	38	64	64	114	98	0	0
1995 Average	234	27	(°)	(°)	(d)	(d)	88	64	0	0
1996 Average	256	8	(°)	(°)	(ď)	(b)	59	44	0	0
1997 Average	285	6	(°)	(°)	(d)	(d)	58	51	0	0
1998 Average	290	10	(°)	(°)	(d)	(d)	66	50	0	0
1999 Average	259	25	(°)	(°)	(d)	(d)	81	70	0	0
2000 Average	225	1	(°)	(°)	(d)	(d)	48	36	0	0
2001 Average	278	11	(°)	(°)	(d)	(d)	51	40	0	0
2002 Average	264	30	(°)	(°)	(d)	(d)	53	50	0	0
<b>2003</b> January	291	39	(c)	(c)	( <sup>d</sup> )	( <sup>d</sup> )	25	25	0	0
February	213	0	( c )	(c)	( d )	( d )	15	15	0	0
March	304	40	(°)	(°)	( d )	( d )	10	10	0	0
April	395	77	(°)	(°)	( d )	( d )	46	43	0	0
May	377	81	(°)	(c)	( d )	( d )	10	10	0	0
June	700	282	(°)	(°)	(d)	( d )	11	11	0	0
July	444	86	(c)	(c)	(d)	(d)	0	0	0	0
August	459	192	(°)	(c)	( d )	( d )	66	39	0	0
September	479	243	(c)	(c)	(d)	(d)	35	8	0	0
October	244	86	(°)	(°)	(d)	(d)	133	92	0	0
November	371	151	(°)	(°)	(d)	(d)	71	44	0	0
December	301	69	(°)	(°)	(d)	(d)	23	15	0	0
Average	382	112	(°)	(°)	(d)	(d)	37	26	0	0
<b>2004</b> January	345	123	( <sup>c</sup> )	( <sup>c</sup> )	( <mark>d</mark> )	( <sup>d</sup> )	17	14	0	0
February	400	92	(c)	( c )	( d )	( d )	47	44	0	0
March	496	253	(°)	(°)	( d )	( d )	36	32	0	0
April	488	268	(°)	(c)	( d )	( d )	74	74	0	0
May	495	234	(°)	(°)	(d)	( d )	39	39	0	0
June	464	216	(°)	(c)	(d)	( d )	72	51	34	34
July	581	297	( ° )	(`c')	( d )	( d )	104	72	32	32
August	536	352	(c)	( c )	(d)	( d )	45	9	34	34
September	385	187	(°)	(°)	( d )	( d )	41	41	33	33
October	299	114	(°)	(°)	( d )	(d)	27	10	66	66
November	465	240	(°)	(°)	( d )	( d )	29	11	31	20
December	464	199	(°)	( <sup>c</sup> )	( d )	( d )	11	11	12	0
Average	452	215	(°)	(°)	(d)	(d)	45	34	20	18
<b>2005</b> January	368	146	( <sup>c</sup> )	( <sup>c</sup> )	( d )	( <sup>d</sup> )	22	22	0	0
February	504	219	(°)	(°)	( d )	( d )	11	11	96	96
March	378	134	( c )	( c )	( d )	( d )	38	19	5	0
April	467	232	(°)	(°)	( d )	( d )	25	25	21	20
May	449	152	(°)	(°)	( d )	( d )	10	10	35	35
June	574	292	(°)	(°)	( d )	( d )	7	7	106	87
July	535	325	(°)	( c )	( d )	( d )	11	11	40	16
August	610	330	(°)	( <sup>c</sup> )	( d )	( d )	20	20	136	116
September	447	218	(°)	(°)	( d )	( d )	33	10	37	20
October	491	216	(°)	(°)	( d )	( d )	58	39	83	55
10-Month Average	482	226	(°)	(°)	(d)	(a)	23	17	56	44
2004 10-Month Average	449	214	(°)	(°)	(d)	(d)	50	38	20	20
2003 10-Month Average	391	113	(°)	(°)	(d)	(d)	35	26	0	0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries.

are included.  $\bullet\,$  U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html.

b The country of origin for petroleum products may not be the country of origin for the crude oil from which the products were produced. For example, refined products imported from West European refining areas may have been produced from Middle East crude oil.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Ecuador withdrew from OPEC on December 31, 1992. As of January 1993, imports from Ecuador appear on Table 3.3f under "Non-OPEC."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> Gabon withdrew from OPEC on December 31, 1994. As of January 1995, imports from Gabon appear on Table 3.3f under "Non-OPEC."

Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports

Table 3.3d Petroleum Imports From Nigeria, Venezuela, Total Other OPEC, and Total OPEC

			Other	OPEC <sup>a,b</sup>			Total	<b>OPEC</b> <sup>C</sup>
	Niç	geria	Ven	ezuela	т	otal		
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil
1973 Average	459	448	1,135	344	2,156	1,293	2,993	2,095
1975 Average	762	746	702	395	2,452	2,091	3,601	3,211
1980 Average	857	841	481	156	2,781	2,356	4,300	3,864
1985 Average	293	280	605	306	1,522	1,069	1,830	1,312
1990 Average	800	784	1,025	666	2,332	1.713	4,296	3,514
1995 Average	627	621	1,480	1,151	2,430	1,862	4,002	3,341
1996 Average	617	595	1,676	1,303	2,609	1,950	4,211	3,438
1997 Average	698	689	1,773	1,394	2,814	2,140	4,569	3,775
1998 Average	696	689	1,719	1,377	2,771	2,125	4,905	4,169
1999 Average	657	623	1,493	1,150	2,489	1,869	4,953	4,228
2000 Average	896	875	1,546	1,223	2,716	2,135	5,203	4,544
2001 Average	885	842	1,553	1,291	2,768	2,184	5,528	4,848
2002 Average	621	589	1,398	1,201	2,336	1,870	4,605	4,083
_								
<b>2003</b> January	831	804	426	399	1,573	1,267	4,303	3,873
February	547	505	613	559	1,388	1,079	4,052	3,672
March	1,002	945	1,297	1,149	2,614	2,144	5,433	4,883
April	733	697	1,626	1,387	2,801	2,204	5,949	5,279
May	958	907	1,737	1,491	3,082	2,488	5,751	5,060
June	866	836	1,622	1,381	3,199	2,510	5,526	4,722
July	843	804	1,279	1,150	2,566	2,040	4,736	4,112
August	995	988	1,564	1,345	3,085	2,564	4,934	4,347
September	936	905	1,547	1,307	2,997	2,463	5,394	4,798
October	1,049	990	1,564	1,295	2,989	2,463	5,342	4,754
November	646	622	1,562	1,352	2.651	2,170	5,237	4,733
December	959	938	1,631	1,340	2,913	2,362	5,225	4,650
Average	867	832	1,376	1,183	2,662	2,153	5,162	4,578
<b>2004</b> January	1.011	927	1,563	1.298	2,935	2.362	5,244	4.610
February	1,166	1,047	1,565	1,294	3,179	2,477	5,286	4,498
March	1,284	1,207	1.609	1.343	3.425	2,835	5,833	5,181
April	1,101	1,063	1,599	1,372	3,261	2,777	5,593	5,050
May	1,270	1,189	1,603	1,372	3,406	2,832	5,884	5,272
June	1,260	1,109	1,723	1,439	3,553	2,948	5,935	5,263
	1,102	1,020	1,495	1,228	3,314	2,650	5,845	5,132
July				,		,		
August	1,252	1,184	1,474	1,194	3,341	2,772	6,256	5,550
September	1,076	1,012	1,314	1,070	2,849	2,344	5,613	4,860
October	1,079	1,041	1,561	1,330	3,030	2,561	5,580	5,018
November	1,050	1,032	1,532	1,237	3,106	2,539	5,783	5,124
December	1,027	1,006	1,616	1,379	3,131	2,595	5,533	4,915
Average	1,140	1,078	1,554	1,297	3,211	2,642	5,701	5,042
2005 January	1,067	1,007	1,573	1,349	3,029	2,524	5,366	4,800
February	1,205	1,114	1,690	1,357	3,505	2,797	5,796	5,021
March	953	879	1,517	1,315	2,891	2,346	5,275	4,625
April	1,243	1,130	1,567	1,391	3,323	2,799	5,532	4,953
May	1,214	1,111	1,574	1,273	3,282	2,580	5,637	4,834
June	1.089	1.012	1.593	1,292	3.369	2.689	5.798	5.079
July	1,156	1,047	1,623	1,327	3,365	2,726	5,957	5,112
August	1.112	1.053	1.560	1,299	3.438	2.818	5.610	4.830
September	1,047	942	1,364	1,073	2,928	2,263	4,978	4,184
October	1,194	1.094	1,250	909	3,075	2,313	5,370	4,361
10-Month Average	1,127	1,038	1,530	1, <b>257</b>	3,218	<b>2,583</b>	<b>5,530</b>	4,778
	ŕ	,	,	·		•		•
2004 10-Month Average 2003 10-Month Average	1,160 880	1,090 842	1,550 1,332	1,294 1,150	3,230 2,638	2,657 2,130	5,710 5,148	5,047 4,555

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries.

Notes: • Beginning in November 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports are included. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> The country of origin for petroleum products may not be the country of origin for the crude oil from which the products were produced. For example, refined products imported from West European refining areas may have been produced from Middle East crude oil.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> OPEC includes the Persian Gulf nations that are displayed on Tables 3.3a and 3.3b except Bahrain, which is not a member of OPEC, and the nations displayed under "Other OPEC" on Tables 3.3c and 3.3d. Ecuador withdrew from OPEC on December 31, 1992; as of January 1993, imports from Ecuador appear on Table 3.3f under "Non-OPEC." Gabon withdrew on December 31, 1994; as of January 1995, imports from Gabon appear on Table 3.3f under "Non-OPEC." Imports from Bahrain are accounted for under

<sup>&</sup>quot;Other Non-OPEC" on Table 3.3h.

Table 3.3e Petroleum Imports From Angola, Australia, Bahamas, Brazil, Canada, and China

						Non-O						
	Aı	ngola	Au	stralia	Ва	hamas	В	razil	C	anada	C	China
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil
1973 Average	49	49	2	0	174	0	9	0	1,325	1,001	(s)	0
1975 Average	75	71	5	0	152	0	5	0	846	600	0	0
1980 Average	42	37	1	0	78	0	3	1	455	199	(s)	0
1985 Average	110	104	37	21	40	0	61	0	770	468	59	36
1990 Average	237	236	53	47	37	0	49	0	934	643	80	77
1995 Average	367	360	16	16	2	0	8	0	1,332	1,040	53	53
1996 Average	351	344	31	25	1	0	9	0	1,424	1,075	57	57
1997 Average	427	425	48	31	1	0	5	0	1,563	1,198	49	48
1998 Average	468	465	57	31	4	0	26	0	1,598	1,266	42	42
1999 Average	361	357	42	31	3	0	26	0	1,539	1,178	21	13
2000 Average	301	295	56	49	0	0	51	5	1,807	1,348	44	33
2001 Average	328	321	43	34	10	0	82	13	1,828	1,356	24	13
2002 Average	332	321	57	51	34	0	116	58	1,971	1,445	26	20
2003 January	263	245	20	20	38	0	114	48	2,272	1,654	19	16
February	265	251	23	23	27	0	119	36	1,997	1,447	15	14
March	396	396	20	20	41	0	76	15	1,895	1,428	45	7
April	494	482	24	24 20	35 37	0	75 67	17	1,779	1,287	21	6
May	356 403	356 390	20 44	20 22	67	0	67 84	33 60	2,015 1,956	1,502 1,517	22 32	7 6
June	529	590 517	47	23	18	0	144	63	2,131	1,616	32 74	25
July	483	471	62	23 41	37	0	198	82	2,131	1,586	21	13
August September	401	401	84	63	6	0	132	68	2,132	1,538	39	24
October	385	373	45	45	25	0	95	32	2,062	1,700	6	5
November	203	191	22	22	4	0	93	68	2,179	1,639	30	28
December	269	269	0	0	22	0	99	77	2,100	1,663	0	0
Average	371	363	34	27	30	ŏ	108	50	2,072	1,549	27	13
2004 January	277	277	20	20	20	0	158	103	2.204	1.638	13	7
February	273	271	23	23	39	Ö	121	67	2,135	1,521	48	38
March	347	336	22	22	35	0	123	42	2,118	1,610	15	6
April	338	325		0	42	Ö	71	22	2,060	1,586	9	7
May	405	384	39	39	38	0	66	16	2,087	1,646	15	7
June	139	127	21	0	36	0	146	91	2,240	1,724	15	7
July	370	355	38	8	38	0	143	95	2,178	1,667	38	21
August	354	341	21	21	60	0	84	50	2,012	1,503	8	7
September	382	361	22	22	43	0	138	102	2,141	1,686	8	6
October	197	185	19	19	34	0	93	26	2,225	1,692	38	24
November	402	402	21	21	48	0	36	0	2,108	1,561	32	23
December	306	306	82	62	24	0	70	0	2,152	1,556	29	22
Average	316	306	27	21	38	0	104	51	2,138	1,616	22	14
2005 January	436	424	21	21	32	0	123	32	2,175	1,564	24	22
February	394	369	11	11	43	0	153	52	2,073	1,513	29	23
March	675	675	0	0	46	0	55	32	1,985	1,451	29	27
April	365	365	0	0	32	0	49	36	2,190	1,676	31	21
May	353	341	0	0	58	0	134	115	2,188	1,722	31	30
June	397	397	21	21	34	0	226	212	2,155	1,705	41	14
July	219	219	51	22	74	0	156	138	2,079	1,624	17	9
August	609	585	3	0	11	0	226	127	2,087	1,610	24	18
September	473	451	45	21	21	0	159	83	2,203	1,679	29	23
October	566	501	0	0	23	0	192	79	2,083	1,493	56	37
10-Month Average	449	433	15	9	37	0	147	91	2,122	1,604	31	22
2004 10-Month Average 2003 10-Month Average	309 398	297 389	22 39	17 30	39 33	0 0	114 110	61 45	2,140 2,045	1,628 1,529	21 30	13 12

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries.

Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports are included. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see

b The country of origin for petroleum products may not be the country of origin for the crude oil from which the products were produced. For example, refined products imported from West European refining areas may have been produced from Middle East crude oil.

<sup>(</sup>s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Table 3.3f Petroleum Imports From Colombia, Ecuador, Gabon, Italy, Malaysia, and Mexico

						Non-0	OPEC <sup>a,b</sup>	)				
	Co	olombia	Ecu	ıadorc	G	abon <sup>d</sup>		Italy	Ma	ılaysia	Me	exico
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil
1973 Average	9	2	_	_	_	_	125	0	12	1	16	1
1975 Average	9	0	_	_	_	_	27	Ō	8	5	71	70
1980 Average	4	0	_	_	_	_	4	0	70	61	533	507
1985 Average	23	0	_	_	_	_	60	(s)	3	1	816	715
1990 Average	182	140	_	_	_	_	58	` 2	41	40	755	689
1995 Average	219	207	97	96	229	229	5	0	8	6	1,068	1,027
1996 Average	234	226	104	96	184	184	8	0	11	6	1,244	1,207
1997 Average	271	270	115	114	230	230	7	0	23	8	1,385	1,360
1998 Average	354	349	101	98	207	207	12	0	35	26	1,351	1,321
1999 Average	468	452	118	114	168	168	10	0	35	21	1,324	1,254
2000 Average	342	318	128	125	143	143	30	0	45	29	1,373	1,313
2001 Average	296	260	120	113	140	140	40	0	37	15	1,440	1,394
2002 Average	260	235	110	100	143	143	34	0	16	9	1,547	1,500
2003 January	160	138	85	85	113	113	25	0	12	11	1,604	1,530
February	269	240	93	93	168	168	21	0	15	0	1,646	1,542
March	220	163	82	82	98	98	49	0	8	0	1,355	1,313
April	212	170	101	95	135	135	68	0	27	21	1,663	1,633
May	162	133	149	137	129	129	39	0	31	22	1,556	1,513
June	170	146	136	120	140	140	20	0	0	0	1,530	1,472
July	188	161	144	139	98	98	24	0	118	95	1,694	1,645
August	226	206	173	170	144	144	32	0	62	62	1,618	1,575
September	200	182	173	167	102	102	28	0	46	22	1,665	1,631
October	231	186	245	234	141	141	25	0	15	9	1,692	1,620
November	129	102	103	103	142	142	49	0	9	0	1,657	1,585
December	175	168	244	237	161	161	25	0	21	11	1,801	1,765
Average	195	166	145	139	131	131	34	0	31	21	1,623	1,569
2004 January	300	276	197	187	97	97	24	0	24	14	1,652	1,604
February	110	61	235	222	163	163	24	0	5	0	1,591	1,497
March	124	105	113	95	108	108	70	0	22	8	1,662	1,576
April	164	136	253	225	169	169	49	0	0	0	1,607	1,566
May	202	173	271	271	116	116	38	0	31	22	1,751	1,666
June	202	192	205	186	195	195	41	0	23	5	1,729	1,668
July	136	83	277	249	117	117	67	0	34	34	1,676	1,603
August	191	143	282	256	65	65	66	0	64	33	1,655	1,588
September	183	148	302	302	94	94	53	0	21	12	1,600	1,527
October	156	127	299	293	236	236	23	0	59	30	1,769	1,722
November	159	123	237	237	116	116	14	0	28	12	1,664	1,604
December	181	135	267	261	233	233	40	0	42	42	1,612	1,552
Average	176	142	245	232	142	142	43	0	30	18	1,665	1,598
2005 January	150	122	315	309	145	145	24	0	64	40	1,501	1,420
February	110	99	356	356	140	140	14	0	17	0	1,585	1,488
March	126	108	305	305	196	196	18	0	0	0	1,648	1,590
April	237	183	261	240	64	64	21	0	11	0	1,632	1,541
May	176	116	238	238	109	109	49	0	27	13	1,826	1,748
June	251	227	312	288	64	64	65	0	22	22	1,746	1,616
July	205	172	226	217	124	124	51	0	24	11	1,593	1,497
August	266	208	297	292	162	162	47	0	0	0	1,724	1,614
September	158	112	198	191	193	192	67	0	27	11	1,326	1,249
October	176	111	275	273	126	126	81	0	22	11	1,583	1,468
10-Month Average	186	146	278	270	132	132	44	0	22	11	1,617	1,524
2004 10-Month Average	177	145	243	229	136	136	46	0	29	16	1,670	1,603
2003 10-Month Average	203	172	139	132	126	126	33	0	34	25	1,602	1,547

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries.

Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports

are included. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> The country of origin for petroleum products may not be the country of origin for the crude oil from which the products were produced. For example, refined products imported from West European refining areas may have been produced from Middle East crude oil.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Through 1992, Ecuador was a member of OPEC. See Table 3.3c.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> Through December 1994, Gabon was a member of OPEC. See Table 3.3c.

<sup>-=</sup>Not applicable. (s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Table 3.3g Petroleum Imports From Netherlands, Netherlands Antilles, Norway, Puerto Rico, Russia, and Spain

						Non-Ol	PEC <sup>a,b</sup>					
	Netl	nerlands	Netherla	nds Antilles	N	orway	Pue	rto Rico	Rı	ussia <sup>c</sup>	S	pain
	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil
1973 Average	53	0	585	0	1	0	99	0	26	0	26	0
1975 Average	19	4	332	0	17	12	90	0	14	0	1	0
1980 Average	2	(s)	225	0	144	144	88	0	1	0	1	0
1985 Average	58	0	40	0	32	31	28	0	8	(s)	29	1
1990 Average	55	0	31	0	102	96	32	0	45	1	47	0
1995 Average	15	0	52	0	273	258	15	0	25	14	16	1
1996 Average	19	0	64	0	313	293	20	0	25	18	29	1
1997 Average	25	0	74	0	309	288	16	0	13	3	21	0
1998 Average	31	0	82	0	236	221	15	0	24	9	18	0
1999 Average	27	0	65	0	304	263	13	0	89	21	10	0
2000 Average	30	1	90	0	343	302	15	0	72	7	25	0
2001 Average	43	0	81	0	341	281	4	0	90	0	31	0
2002 Average	66	0	81	0	393	348	(s)	0	210	85	17	0
2003 January	123	0	49	0	210	139	0	0	181	99	30	0
February	62	0	129	0	280	236	0	0	271	121	26	0
March	108	0	64	0	242	181	0	0	257	16	16	0
April	89	0	83	0	282	182	0	0	132	19	17	0
May	76	0	143	0	303	190	0	0	208	142	49	0
June	97	0	49	0	375	244	0	0	527	441	44	0
July	100	0	59	0	265	162	0	0	550	479	16	0
August	91	Ö	27	Ö	352	192	0	Ö	411	288	7	0
September	102	0	46	0	288	214	0	0	275	142	11	0
October	79	0	42	Ö	296	190	Ö	0	93	34	10	0
November	93	0	78	0	188	129	0	0	71	0	41	0
December	19	Ö	71	Ö	162	116	0	Ö	72	21	19	0
Average	87	Ŏ	70	Ŏ	270	181	Ŏ	Ŏ	254	151	24	Ŏ
2004 January	34	0	80	0	241	149	0	0	136	8	0	0
February	131	0	153	0	263	168	0	0	184	11	11	0
March	173	0	0	0	287	217	0	0	194	42	42	0
April	111	0	28	0	208	131	0	0	372	228	53	0
May	95	0	5	Ō	298	206	0	0	226	142	35	0
June	135	Ö	1	Ö	209	155	Ö	Ö	432	321	8	0
July	110	0	2	0	318	193	0	0	397	206	8	0
August	97	Ő	13	Ö	321	163	0	Õ	256	126	17	0
September	50	Ő	25	Ö	148	59	0	Ö	234	68	0	0
October	132	0	15	0	223	107	0	0	295	156	20	0
November	58	Ő	30	Ö	245	105	0	Õ	490	402	45	0
December	85	0	4	Ö	165	63	0	0	365	196	53	0
Average	101	ŏ	29	ŏ	244	143	Ŏ	ŏ	298	158	24	ŏ
<b>2005</b> January	70	18	9	0	259	162	1	0	318	176	7	0
February	110	0	21	Ö	114	50	0	0	458	288	20	0
March	73	0	25	0	269	165	0	0	485	295	9	0
April	113	0	10	0	250	137	0	0	645	464	34	0
May	178	0	23	0	229	117	0	0	325	185	40	0
June	132	0	57	0	357	194	0	0	350	116	37	0
July	197	0	65	0	206	102	0	0	587	324	34	0
August	108	0	37	0	131	59	0	0	229	54	32	0
September	200	0	29	0	244	125	0	0	466	150	32 26	0
•	226	0	35	0	287	145	2	0	435	175	19	0
October  10-Month Average	141	2	35 <b>31</b>	0	235	145 126	(s)	<b>0</b>	435 <b>429</b>	222	<b>26</b>	0
2004 10-Month Average	107	0	32	0	252	155	0	0	273	131	20	0
2003 10-Month Average	93	Ö	69	Ŏ	289	192	Ŏ	Ŏ	291	179	23	Ö

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries.

(s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports

are included. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> The country of origin for petroleum products may not be the country of origin for the crude oil from which the products were produced. For example, refined products imported from West European refining areas may have been produced from Middle East crude oil.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Imports from other republics in the former U.S.S.R. may be included in imports from Russia for the years 1973 through 1992.

Table 3.3h Petroleum Imports From Trinidad and Tobago, United Kingdom, U.S. Virgin Islands, Other Non-OPEC, Total Non-OPEC, and Total Imports

1973 Average				Non-0	OPEC <sup>a,b</sup>						
1973 Average	United	and Tobago	Kingdom	U.S. Vir	gin Islands	Other N	lon-OPEC <sup>c</sup>	Т	otald	Total	Imports
1975 Average	Total	Crude Oil	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil	Total	Crude Oil
1980 Average       176       115         1985 Average       113       98         1990 Average       96       76         1995 Average       70       62         1996 Average       61       56         1997 Average       61       56         1998 Average       58       40         2000 Average       85       56         2001 Average       72       51         2002 Average       80       68         2003 January       111       73         February       78       44         March       105       78         April       110       82         May       97       82         June       50       44         July       128       98         August       58       36         September       124       87         October       91       60         November       112       68         December       112       68         Average       98       67         2004 January       93       55         February       127       79         Mar	15	60	0	329	0	153	36	3,263	1,149	6,256	3,244
1985 Average       113       98         1995 Average       70       62         1995 Average       76       58         1997 Average       61       56         1998 Average       66       53         1999 Average       85       56         2000 Average       85       56         2001 Average       72       51         2002 Average       80       68         2003 January       111       73         February       78       44         March       105       78         April       110       82         May       97       82         June       50       44         July       128       98         August       58       36         September       124       87         October       91       60         November       112       68         December       112       56         Average       98       67         2004 January       93       55         February       127       79         March       107       56         April	14		(s)	406	0	120	14	2,454	893	6,056	4,105
1990 Average         96         76           1995 Average         70         62           1996 Average         76         58           1997 Average         61         56           1998 Average         66         53           1999 Average         85         40           2000 Average         85         56           2001 Average         72         51           2002 Average         80         68           2003 January         111         73           February         78         44           March         105         78           April         110         82           May         97         82           June         50         44           July         128         98           August         58         36           September         124         87           October         91         60           November         112         68           December         112         68           Average         98         67           2004 January         93         55           February         107	176		173	388	0	219	162	2,609	1,399	6,909	5,263
1995 Average         70         62           1996 Average         76         58           1997 Average         61         56           1998 Average         66         53           1999 Average         85         56           2000 Average         85         56           2001 Average         72         51           2002 Average         80         68           2003 January         111         73           February         78         44           March         105         78           April         110         82           May         97         82           June         50         44           July         128         98           August         58         36           September         124         87           October         91         60           November         112         68           December         112         68           Average         98         67           2004 January         93         55           February         127         79           March         107 <t< td=""><td>310</td><td></td><td>278</td><td>247</td><td>0</td><td>394</td><td>137</td><td>3,237</td><td>1,888</td><td>5,067</td><td>3,201</td></t<>	310		278	247	0	394	137	3,237	1,888	5,067	3,201
1996 Average         76         58           1997 Average         61         56           1998 Average         66         53           1999 Average         85         56           2000 Average         85         56           2001 Average         72         51           2002 Average         80         68           2003 January         111         73           February         78         44           March         105         78           April         110         82           May         97         82           June         50         44           July         128         98           August         58         36           September         124         87           October         91         60           November         112         68           December         112         68           Average         98         67           2004 January         93         55           February         127         79           March         107         56           April         110         77 </td <td>189</td> <td></td> <td>155</td> <td>282</td> <td>0</td> <td>417</td> <td>180</td> <td>3,721</td> <td>2,381</td> <td>8,018</td> <td>5,894</td>	189		155	282	0	417	180	3,721	2,381	8,018	5,894
1997 Average         61         56           1998 Average         66         53           1999 Average         58         40           2000 Average         85         56           2001 Average         72         51           2002 Average         80         68           2003 January         111         73           February         78         44           March         105         78           April         110         82           May         97         82           June         50         44           July         128         98           August         58         36           September         124         87           October         91         60           November         112         68           December         112         56           Average         98         67           2004 January         93         55           February         127         79           March         107         56           April         110         77           May         100         41	383		341	278	0	302	181	4,833	3,889	8,835	7,230
1998 Average         66         53           1999 Average         58         40           2000 Average         85         56           2001 Average         72         51           2002 Average         80         68           2003 January         111         73           February         78         44           March         105         78           April         110         82           May         97         82           June         50         44           July         128         98           August         58         36           September         124         87           October         91         60           November         112         68           December         112         56           Average         98         67           2004 January         93         55           February         127         79           March         107         56           April         110         77           May         100         41           June         59         34	308		216	313	0	440	265	5,267	4,070	9,478	7,508
1999 Average         58         40           2000 Average         85         56           2001 Average         72         51           2002 Average         80         68           2003 January         111         73           February         78         44           March         105         78           April         110         82           May         97         82           June         50         44           July         128         98           August         58         36           September         124         87           October         91         60           November         112         68           December         112         68           Average         98         67           2004 January         93         55           February         127         79           March         107         56           April         110         77           May         100         41           June         59         34           July         108         54	226		169	300	0	422	250	5,593	4,450	10,162	8,225
2000 Average         85         56           2001 Average         72         51           2002 Average         80         68           2003 January         111         73           February         78         44           March         105         78           April         110         82           May         97         82           June         50         44           July         128         98           August         58         36           September         124         87           October         91         60           November         112         68           December         112         68           Average         98         67           2004 January         93         55           February         127         79           March         107         56           April         110         77           May         100         41           June         59         34           July         108         54           August         101         56	250		161	293	0	531	288	5,803	4,537	10,708	8,706
2001 Average         72         51           2002 Average         80         68           2003 January         111         73           February         78         44           March         105         78           April         110         82           May         97         82           June         50         44           July         128         98           August         58         36           September         124         87           October         91         60           November         112         68           December         112         56           Average         98         67           2004 January         93         55           February         127         79           March         107         56           April         110         77           May         100         41           June         59         34           July         108         54           August         101         56           September         64         38	365		284	280	1	575	304	5,899	4,502	10,852	8,731
2002 Average         80         68           2003 January         111         73           February         78         44           March         105         78           April         110         82           May         97         82           June         50         44           July         128         98           August         58         36           September         124         87           October         91         60           November         112         68           December         112         56           Average         98         67           2004 January         93         55           February         127         79           March         107         56           April         110         77           May         100         41           June         59         34           July         108         54           August         101         56           September         64         38           October         57         48           N	366		291	291	0	618	214	6,257	4,526	11,459	9,071
2003 January         111         73           February         78         44           March         105         78           April         110         82           May         97         82           June         50         44           July         128         98           August         58         36           September         124         87           October         91         60           November         112         68           December         112         56           Average         98         67           2004 January         93         55           February         127         79           March         107         56           April         110         77           May         100         41           June         59         34           July         108         54           August         101         56           September         64         38           October         57         48           November         63         32           Decem	324		244	268	0	702	244	6,343	4,480	11,871	9,328
February         78         44           March         105         78           April         110         82           May         97         82           June         50         44           July         128         98           August         58         36           September         124         87           October         91         60           November         112         68           December         112         56           Average         98         67           2004 January         93         55           February         127         79           March         107         56           April         110         77           May         100         41           June         59         34           July         108         54           August         101         56           September         64         38           October         57         48           November         63         32           December         64         22           Average <td>478</td> <td>68</td> <td>405</td> <td>236</td> <td>0</td> <td>720</td> <td>270</td> <td>6,925</td> <td>5,058</td> <td>11,530</td> <td>9,140</td>	478	68	405	236	0	720	270	6,925	5,058	11,530	9,140
March         105         78           April         110         82           May         97         82           June         50         44           July         128         98           August         58         36           September         124         87           October         91         60           November         112         68           December         112         56           Average         98         67           2004 January         93         55           February         127         79           March         107         56           April         110         77           May         100         41           June         59         34           July         108         54           August         101         56           September         64         38           October         57         48           November         63         32           December         64         22           Average         88         49           2005	493		411	179	0	700	181	6,801	4,760	11,104	8,633
April       110       82         May       97       82         June       50       44         July       128       98         August       58       36         September       124       87         October       91       60         November       112       68         December       112       56         Average       98       67         2004       January       93       55         February       127       79         March       107       56         April       110       77         May       100       41         June       59       34         July       108       54         August       101       56         September       64       38         October       57       48         November       63       32         December       64       22         Average       88       49         2005       January       86       56         March       100       64         April       136	463		407	253	0	649	179	6,869	4,802	10,921	8,474
May         97         82           June         50         44           July         128         98           August         58         36           September         124         87           October         91         60           November         112         68           December         112         56           Average         98         67           2004 January         93         55           February         127         79           March         107         56           April         110         77           May         100         41           June         59         34           July         108         54           August         101         56           September         64         38           October         57         48           November         63         32           December         64         22           Average         88         49           2005         January         84         50           February         86         56 <tr< td=""><td>389</td><td></td><td>299</td><td>328</td><td>0</td><td>818</td><td>245</td><td>6,612</td><td>4,342</td><td>12,044</td><td>9,226</td></tr<>	389		299	328	0	818	245	6,612	4,342	12,044	9,226
June         50         44           July         128         98           August         58         36           September         124         87           October         91         60           November         112         68           December         112         56           Average         98         67           2004 January         93         55           February         127         79           March         107         56           April         110         77           May         100         41           June         59         34           July         108         54           August         101         56           September         64         38           October         57         48           November         63         32           December         64         22           Average         88         49           2005         January         84         50           February         86         56           March         100         64	407		308	245	0 0	651	189	6,650	4,649	12,599	9,928
July         128         98           August         58         36           September         124         87           October         91         60           November         112         68           December         112         56           Average         98         67           2004 January         93         55           February         127         79           March         107         56           April         110         77           May         100         41           June         59         34           July         108         54           August         101         56           September         64         38           October         57         48           November         63         32           December         64         22           Average         88         49           2005         January         86         56           March         100         64           April         136         87           May         102         68 <t< td=""><td>557</td><td></td><td>470</td><td>258</td><td>0</td><td>894</td><td>358</td><td>7,167</td><td>5,093</td><td>12,918</td><td>10,153</td></t<>	557		470	258	0	894	358	7,167	5,093	12,918	10,153
August       58       36         September       124       87         October       91       60         November       112       68         December       112       56         Average       98       67         2004 January       93       55         February       127       79         March       107       56         April       110       77         May       100       41         June       59       34         July       108       54         August       101       56         September       64       38         October       57       48         November       63       32         December       64       22         Average       88       49         2005       January       84       50         February       86       56         March       100       64         April       136       87         May       102       68         June       137       70         July       89       52 <td>512 512</td> <td></td> <td>373</td> <td>278 351</td> <td>0</td> <td>959 809</td> <td>340 348</td> <td>7,475</td> <td>5,316</td> <td>13,001</td> <td>10,038</td>	512 512		373	278 351	0	959 809	340 348	7,475	5,316	13,001	10,038
September         124         87           October         91         60           November         112         68           December         112         56           Average         98         67           2004 January         93         55           February         127         79           March         107         56           April         110         77           May         100         41           June         59         34           July         108         54           August         101         56           September         64         38           October         57         48           November         63         32           December         64         22           Average         88         49           2005         January         84         50           February         86         56           March         100         64           April         136         87           May         102         68           June         137         70	381		454 319	345	0	974	348 490	8,000	5,922	12,736	10,034
October         91         60           November         112         68           December         112         56           Average         98         67           2004 January         93         55           February         127         79           March         107         56           April         110         77           May         100         41           June         59         34           July         108         54           August         101         56           September         64         38           October         57         48           November         63         32           December         64         22           Average         88         49           2005 January         84         50           February         86         56           March         100         64           April         136         87           May         102         68           June         137         70           July         89         52           August	558		487	345 326	0	974 786	490 359	7,836 7,474	5,676 5,489	12,769	10,023 10,287
November         112         68           December         112         56           Average         98         67           2004 January         93         55           February         127         79           March         107         56           April         110         77           May         100         41           June         59         34           July         108         54           August         101         56           September         64         38           October         57         48           November         63         32           December         64         22           Average         88         49           2005 January         84         50           February         86         56           March         100         64           April         136         87           May         102         68           June         137         70           July         89         52           August         130         68           Septem	319		285	320	0	711	396	7,474	5,309	12,868 12,373	10,267
December         112         56           Average         98         67           2004 January         93         55           February         127         79           March         107         56           April         110         77           May         100         41           June         59         34           July         108         54           August         101         56           September         64         38           October         57         48           November         63         32           December         64         22           Average         88         49           2005 January         84         50           February         86         56           March         100         64           April         136         87           May         102         68           June         137         70           July         89         52           August         130         68           September         99         25           Octobe	300		234	291	0	676	307	6.475	4.618	11.712	9.351
Average         98         67           2004 January         93         55           February         127         79           March         107         56           April         110         77           May         100         41           June         59         34           July         108         54           August         101         56           September         64         38           October         57         48           November         63         32           December         64         22           Average         88         49           2005         January         84         50           February         86         56           March         100         64           April         136         87           May         102         68           June         137         70           July         89         52           August         130         68           September         99         25           October         124         74	390		261	287	0	634	228	6,808	5,034	12,033	9,684
February         127         79           March         107         56           April         110         77           May         100         41           June         59         34           July         108         54           August         101         56           September         64         38           October         57         48           November         63         32           December         64         22           Average         88         49           2005 January         84         50           February         86         56           March         100         64           April         136         87           May         102         68           June         137         70           July         89         52           August         130         68           September         99         25           October         124         74	440		359	288	Ŏ	773	303	<b>7,103</b>	5,087	12,264	9,665
February         127         79           March         107         56           April         110         77           May         100         41           June         59         34           July         108         54           August         101         56           September         64         38           October         57         48           November         63         32           December         64         22           Average         88         49           2005 January         84         50           February         86         56           March         100         64           April         136         87           May         102         68           June         137         70           July         89         52           August         130         68           September         99         25           October         124         74	233	55	126	302	0	665	175	6,770	4,737	12,014	9,347
March     107     56       April     110     77       May     100     41       June     59     34       July     108     54       August     101     56       September     64     38       October     57     48       November     63     32       December     64     22       Average     88     49       2005     January     84     50       February     86     56       March     100     64       April     136     87       May     102     68       June     137     70       July     89     52       August     130     68       September     99     25       October     124     74	402		297	293	0	1,040	402	7,372	4,819	12,658	9,317
May         100         41           June         59         34           July         108         54           August         101         56           September         64         38           October         57         48           November         63         32           December         64         22           Average         88         49           2005 January         84         50           February         86         56           March         100         64           April         136         87           May         102         68           June         137         70           July         89         52           August         130         68           September         99         25           October         124         74	449	56	293	302	0	1,201	391	7,516	4,907	13,349	10,088
May     100     41       June     59     34       July     108     54       August     101     56       September     64     38       October     57     48       November     63     32       December     64     22       Average     88     49       2005 January     84     50       February     86     56       March     100     64       April     136     87       May     102     68       June     137     70       July     89     52       August     130     68       September     99     25       October     124     74	463	77	306	290	0	893	287	7,290	5,065	12,883	10,115
June     59     34       July     108     54       August     101     56       September     64     38       October     57     48       November     63     32       December     64     22       Average     88     49       2005 January     84     50       February     86     56       March     100     64       April     136     87       May     102     68       June     137     70       July     89     52       August     130     68       September     99     25       October     124     74	439	41	250	328	0	905	201	7,491	5,180	13,375	10,452
August 101 56 September 64 38 October 57 48 November 63 32 December 64 22 Average 88 49  2005 January 84 50 February 86 56 March 100 64 April 136 87 May 102 68 June 137 70 July 89 52 August 130 68 September 99 25 October 124 74	427	34	304	378	0	983	261	7,626	5,270	13,561	10,533
August     101     56       September     64     38       October     57     48       November     63     32       December     64     22       Average     88     49       2005 January     84     50       February     86     56       March     100     64       April     136     87       May     102     68       June     137     70       July     89     52       August     130     68       September     99     25       October     124     74	417	54	264	379	0	875	217	7,725	5,166	13,570	10,298
October         57         48           November         63         32           December         64         22           Average         88         49           2005 January         84         50           February         86         56           March         100         64           April         136         87           May         102         68           June         137         70           July         89         52           August         130         68           September         99         25           October         124         74	283	56	174	355	0	1,129	383	7,432	4,910	13,689	10,460
November         63         32           December         64         22           Average         88         49           2005 January         84         50           February         86         56           March         100         64           April         136         87           May         102         68           June         137         70           July         89         52           August         130         68           September         99         25           October         124         74	192	38	94	342	0	1,021	319	7,063	4,837	12,676	9,697
December         64         22           Average         88         49           2005 January         84         50           February         86         56           March         100         64           April         136         87           May         102         68           June         137         70           July         89         52           August         130         68           September         99         25           October         124         74	487	48	292	352	0	1,129	388	7,858	5,344	13,438	10,362
Average     88     49       2005 January     84     50       February     86     56       March     100     64       April     136     87       May     102     68       June     137     70       July     89     52       August     130     68       September     99     25       October     124     74	290	32	156	296	0	1,245	320	7,625	5,114	13,409	10,238
2005 January     84     50       February     86     56       March     100     64       April     136     87       May     102     68       June     137     70       July     89     52       August     130     68       September     99     25       October     124     74	480		303	344	0	957	432	7,555	5,186	13,088	10,101
February       86       56         March       100       64         April       136       87         May       102       68         June       137       70         July       89       52         August       130       68         September       99       25         October       124       74	380	49	238	330	0	1,003	314	7,444	5,046	13,145	10,088
March     100     64       April     136     87       May     102     68       June     137     70       July     89     52       August     130     68       September     99     25       October     124     74	283		162	302	0	951	376	7,295	5,044	12,661	9,844
April       136       87         May       102       68         June       137       70         July       89       52         August       130       68         September       99       25         October       124       74	337		190	329	0	1,342	502	7,740	5,137	13,536	10,158
May     102     68       June     137     70       July     89     52       August     130     68       September     99     25       October     124     74	447		290	278	0	875	320	7,644	5,519	12,919	10,144
June       137       70         July       89       52         August       130       68         September       99       25         October       124       74	394		256	358	0	1,011	292	7,844	5,361	13,376	10,314
July       89       52         August       130       68         September       99       25         October       124       74	345		194	367	0	1,061	338	7,858	5,332	13,495	10,166
August	421		269	331	0	1,310	460	8,464	5,673	14,262	10,753
September         99         25           October         124         74	404		259	319	0	1,045	374	7,766	5,144	13,724	10,256
October 124 74	442		321	296	0	1,239	393	8,102	5,511	13,711	10,341
	410		209	289	0	1,413	372	8,077	4,894	13,055	9,078
10-Month Average 100 61	444		219	411	0	1,531	307	8,695	5,019	14,064	9,380
10-Month Average 103 01	393	61	237	328	0	1,176	372	7,949	5,264	13,479	10,042
2004 10-Month Average 93 54 2003 10-Month Average 95 69	379 459		240 381	332 287	0 0	984 797	302 310	7,415 7,194	5,024 5,139	13,125 12,342	10,071 9,694

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries.

Notes: • Beginning in October 1977, Strategic Petroleum Reserve imports are included. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html.

b The country of origin for petroleum products may not be the country of origin for the crude oil from which the products were produced. For example, refined products imported from West European refining areas may have been produced from Middle East crude oil.

Includes Bahrain, which is shown on Table 3.3a.

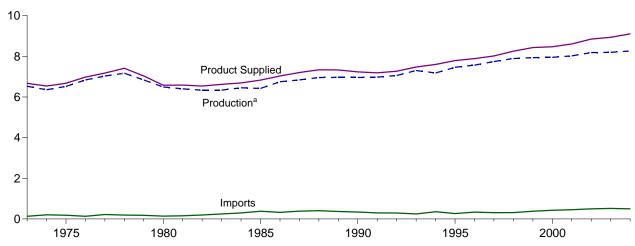
d As of January 1993, includes petroleum imported from Ecuador, which withdrew from OPEC on December 31, 1992. As of January 1995, includes petroleum imported from Gabon, which withdrew from OPEC on December 31, 1994.

<sup>(</sup>s)=Less than 500 barrels per day.

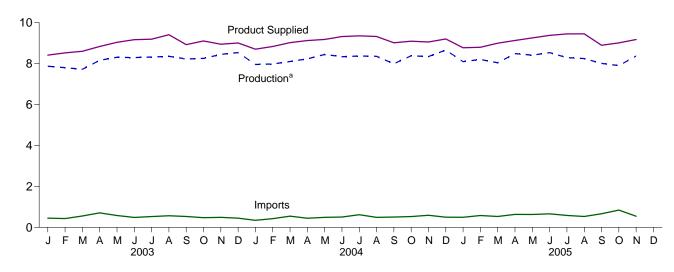
Figure 3.2 Finished Motor Gasoline

(Million Barrels per Day, Except as Noted)

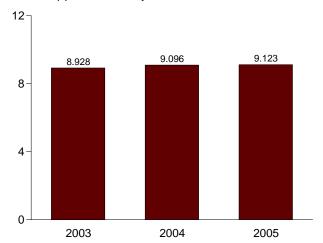
Overview, 1973-2004



### Overview, Monthly

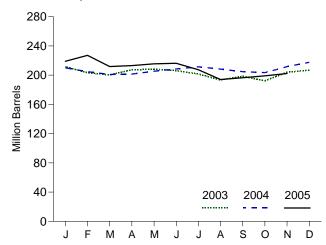






<sup>a</sup>Refinery and blender net production. Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Total Stocks, End of Month



Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html. Source: Table 3.4.

Table 3.4 Finished Motor Gasoline Supply, Disposition, and Stocks

		Supply			Disposition			Stocksa	
	Refinery and		Adiust	Stock		Braduat	Motor G	asoline	
	Blender Net Production	Imports <sup>b</sup>	Adjust- ments <sup>c</sup>	Stock Change <sup>b,d,e</sup>	Exports	Product Supplied	Finished	Total <sup>e,f</sup>	Oxygenates <sup>9</sup>
	,		Thousand B	arrels per Day				Million Barrel	s
1973 Average	6,527	134	8	-9	4	6,674	NA	209	NA
1975 Average	6,518	184	3	e <b>28</b>	2	6,675	NA	235	NA
1980 Average	6,492	140	14	66	1	6,579	NA	e261	NA
1985 Average	6,419	381	(s)	-41	10	6,831	190	223	NA NA
	6,959	342	(s)	10	55	7,235	181	220	NA NA
1990 Average1995 Average	7,459	265	130	-40	104		161	202	12
						7,789			
1996 Average	7,565	336	82	-12	104	7,891	157	195	13
1997 Average	7,743	309	127	26	137	8,017	166	210	12
1998 Average	7,892	311	190	15	125	8,253	172	216	14
1999 Average	7,934	382	177	-49	111	8,431	154	193	14
2000 Average	7,951	427	235	-3	144	8,472	153	196	12
2001 Average	8,022	454	290	23	133	8,610	161	210	13
2002 Average	8,183	498	292	1	124	8,848	162	209	12
2003 January	7,870	446	121	-151	175	8,414	157	211	13
February	7,800	427	223	-219	143	8,525	151	203	13
March	7,724	555	217	-207	102	8,602	145	200	14
April	8,161	704	309	225	111	8,838	151	207	13
May	8,311	575	391	122	113	9,042	155	208	15
	8,293	482	430	-74	109	9,170	153	206	14
June			343						
July	8,320	524		-95	90	9,192	150	202	13
August	8,355	565	419	-156	84	9,411	145	193	11
September	8,228	529	329	30	129	8,926	146	199	14
October	8,253	469	359	-185	159	9,108	140	192	13
November	8,450	489	321	196	118	8,946	146	204	12
December	8,540	446	216	19	172	9,011	147	207	11
Average	8,194	518	307	-41	125	8,935	147	207	11
2004 January	7,956	342	234	-266	93	8,705	139	210	11
February	7,979	425	414	-178	159	8,838	133	205	11
March	8,102	545	475	-45	144	9,024	132	201	11
April	8,233	445	609	35	127	9,126	133	201	10
May	8,447	486	500	131	122	9,179	137	205	9
June	8,336	501	661	101	76	9,322	140	208	9
	8,370	615	491	10	109	9,357	141	211	9
July		487	525	-83	126		138	208	10
August	8,357					9,327	I		
September	7,993	501	526	-75	79	9,015	136	205	11
October	8,384	526	402	88	126	9,097	138	203	11
November	8,346	587	373	102	148	9,055	141	212	12
December	8,659	493	292	56	183	9,206	143	218	11
Average	8,265	496	458	-10	124	9,105	143	218	11
2005 January	8,094	489	393	55	146	8,775	145	219	11
February	8,204	578	282	128	137	8,798	148	227	11
March	8,040	530	224	-344	142	8,996	138	212	11
April	8,488	630	254	127	114	9,130	142	213	10
May	8,411	628	377	-20	178	9,257	141	216	11
June	8,537	657	364	31	147	9,380	142	216	10
July	8,289	582	507	-221	148	9,451	135	207	9
	8,245	531	50 <i>1</i> 511	-221 -324	157	9,454	125	194	8
August									
September	8,009	664	422 R 425	103	95 R 93	8,897	128	196	8
October	R 7,904	R 844	R 405	R 60	R 80	R 9,013	R 130	199	R 9
November 11-Month Average	E 8,372 E <b>8,235</b>	E 543 E <b>607</b>	E 493 E <b>386</b>	E 157 E <b>-25</b>	<sup>E</sup> 74 <sup>E</sup> <b>129</b>	E 9,177 E <b>9,123</b>	E 136 E <b>136</b>	E 202 E <b>202</b>	NA <b>NA</b>
_				-23		•	130		
2004 11-Month Average	8,229	497	473	-16	119	9,096	141	212	12

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Stocks are at end of period.

R=Revised. E=Estimate. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 500 barrels per

Notes: • See Note 2, "Motor Gasoline," at end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html.

http://www.eia.doe.gov/eineumen/pero.num.

Sources: • 1973-1975: Bureau of Mines, Mineral Industry Surveys,
Petroleum Statement, Annual, annual reports. • 1976-1980: Energy
Information Administration (EIA), Petroleum Statement, Annual, annual reports.
• 1981-2004: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual, annual reports. • 2005: EIA,
Petroleum Supply Monthly, monthly reports; and, for the current month, Weekly
Petroleum Status Report data system, and Monthly Energy Review data system

b Beginning in 1981, excludes motor gasoline blending components.

c An adjustment for motor gasoline blending components and fuel ethanol. Through 2004, includes what was previously classified as "Field Production" of finished motor gasoline.
d A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>Q</sup> A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase. The current month stock change estimate is based on the change from the previous month's stocks estimate, rather than the actual stocks value shown in this table.

e See Note 4, "New Stock Basis," at end of section.

f Includes motor gasoline blending components and gasohol, but excludes

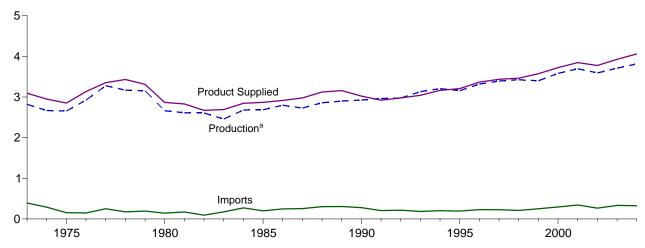
oxygenates, which are reported separately.

<sup>g</sup> See Note 1, "Survey Respondents," at end of section.

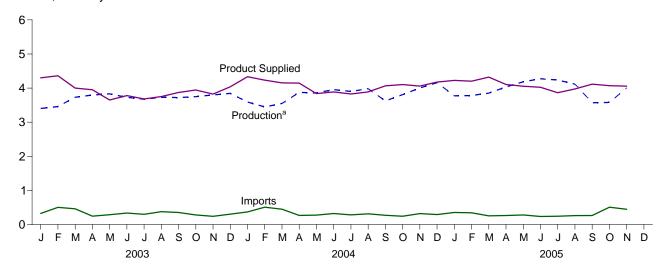
Figure 3.3 Distillate Fuel Oil

(Million Barrels per Day, Except as Noted)

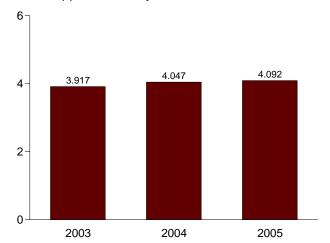
Overview, 1973-2004



### Overview, Monthly

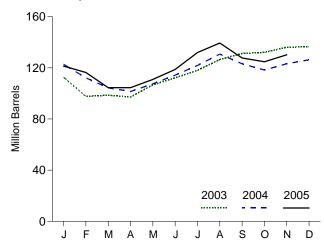






<sup>a</sup>Refinery net production. Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Total Stocks, End of Month



Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html. Source: Table 3.5.

Table 3.5 Distillate Fuel Oil Supply, Disposition, and Stocks

		Supply			isposition	l		Stock	( <b>s</b> a	
	Refinery							Sulfur Content <sup>b</sup>		
	Net Production	Imports	Adjust- ments <sup>c</sup>	Stock Change <sup>d,e,f</sup>	Exports	Product Supplied	<= 15 ppm	> 15 ppm and <= 500 ppm	> 500 ppm	Total <sup>f</sup>
			Thousand Ba	arrels per Day				Million B	arrels	
973 Average	2,820	392	4	115	9	3,092	NA	NA	NA	196
975 Average	2,653	155	2	e,f <b>-41</b>	1	2,851	NA	NA	NA	209
980 Average	2,661	142	2	-64	3	2,866	NA	NA	NA	<sup>f</sup> 205
985 Average	2,686	200	2	-48	67	2,868	NA	NA	NA	144
990 Average	2,925	278	_	73	109	3,021	NA	NA	NA	132
995 Average	3,155	193	_	-41	183	3,207	(g)	67	63	130
996 Average	3,316	230	_	-10	190	3,365	(g)	68	58	127
997 Average	3,392	228	_	32	152	3,435	(e)	68	70	138
998 Average	3,424	210	_	48	124	3,461	(g)	77	79	156
999 Average	3,399	250	_	-84	162	3,572	(g)	69	56	125
000 Average	3,580	295	_	-20	173	3,722	(9)	72	46	118
001 Average	3,695	344	_	73	119	3,847	(9)	82	62	145
002 Average	3,592	267	_	-29	112	3,776	(g)	81	53	134
						-				
003 January	3,403	325	_	-693	119	4,301	(g) (g)	69	44	113
February	3,459	503	_	-532	132	4,362		61	37	98
March	3,732	460	_	30	161	4,001	(9)	63	35	99
April	3,796	246	_	-47	139	3,951	(9)	66	31	97
May	3,833	287	-	307	162	3,651	(9)	72	35	107
June	3,728	337	-	184	101	3,781	(g)	74	38	112
July	3,673	299	-	188	103	3,680	(g)	75	43	118
August	3,730	375	_	274	80	3,752	(9)	76	51	127
September	3,721	352	_	159	43	3,871	(9)	77	55	131
October	3,750	281	_	25	62	3,945	(g)	74	59	132
November	3,800	241	_	136	81	3,824	(9)	78	58	136
December	3,845	305	_	13	100	4,037	(g)	82	55	137
Average	3,707	333	-	7	107	3,927	(g)	82	55	137
<b>004</b> January	3,592	370	_	-444	72	4,334	1	73	49	123
February	3,446	507	-	-365	86	4,232	1	67	44	112
March	3,550	449	_	-252	99	4,152	1	64	39	104
April	3,874	267	_	-96	92	4,145	1	65	36	102
May	3,857	275	_	192	100	3,840	1	69	37	107
June	3,956	324	_	228	163	3,888	1	70	44	114
July	3,902	283	_	245	113	3,827	1	73	48	122
August	3,981	313	_	287	120	3,887	1	77	53	131
September	3,625	272	_	-256	88	4,065	i i	70	52	123
October	3,808	243	_	-154	101	4,104	1	67	50	118
November	4,004	319	_	163	101	4,058	2	71	51	123
December	4,159	292	_	99	176	4,176	1	75	50	126
Average	3,814	325	-	-28	110	4,058	i i	75	<b>50</b>	126
<b>005</b> January	3,772	352	_	-151	49	4,226	1	74	46	121
February	3,783	344	_	-179	102	4,203	i	72	43	116
March	3,852	253	_	-382	165	4,323	1	67	36	104
April	4,033	264	_	-302	192	4,106		65	38	104
	4,183	280	_	209	192	4,055		69	40	111
May June		236	_	261	227	4,033		69	48	119
	4,274	243	-		189	3,865		76	46 55	132
July	4,236		_	425						
August	4,115	262	_	239	163	3,974	2	78	60	139
September	3,570	263	_	-389	108	4,114 R 4.070	1	67 R 67	59 8 50	128
October	R 3,579	R 507	_	R -96	R 109	R 4,072	1	R 67	<sup>R</sup> 56	R 125
November 11-Month Average	E 4,005 E <b>3,947</b>	E 446 E <b>313</b>	_	E 311 E <b>24</b>	E 84 E <b>145</b>	E 4,057 E <b>4,092</b>	E 2 E <b>2</b>	E 71 E <b>71</b>	E 58 E <b>58</b>	E 130 E <b>130</b>
•						-				
004 11-Month Average 003 11-Month Average	3,782 3,694	329 336	_	-40 6	103 107	4,047 3,917	( <sup>g</sup> )	71 78	51 58	123 136

Sources: • 1973-1975: Bureau of Mines, Mineral Industry Surveys, Petroleum Statement, Annual, annual reports. • 1976-1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, Petroleum Statement, Annual, annual reports. • 1981-2004: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual, annual reports. • 2005: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, monthly reports; and, for the current month, Weekly Petroleum Status Report data system, and Monthly Energy Review data system calculations.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Stocks are at end of period.
 <sup>b</sup> By weight; "ppm" is parts per million.
 <sup>c</sup> Through 1982, includes what was previously classified as "Crude Oil Used Directly" (as distillate fuel oil). Through 1988, also includes a small amount of distillate fuel oil production at natural gas processing plants.

d A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase. The current month stock change estimate is based on the change from the previous month's stocks estimate, rather than the actual stocks value shown in this table.

<sup>e</sup> See Note 6, "Data Discrepancies," at end of section.

<sup>f</sup> See Note 4, "New Stock Basis," at end of section.

<sup>g</sup> Included in "> 15 ppm and <= 500 ppm."

R=Revised. E=Estimate. NA=Not available. - =Not applicable.

Notes: • See Note 3, "Distillate and Residual Fuel Oils," at end of section.

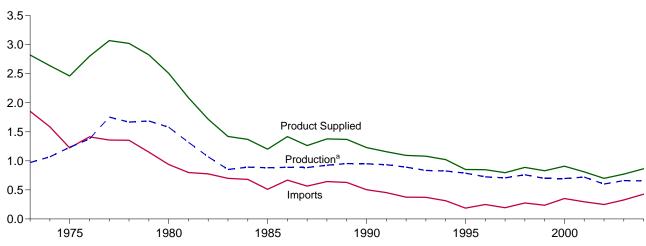
Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html.

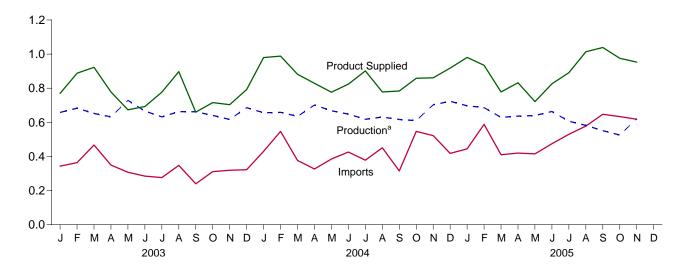
Figure 3.4 Residual Fuel Oil

(Million Barrels per Day, Except as Noted)

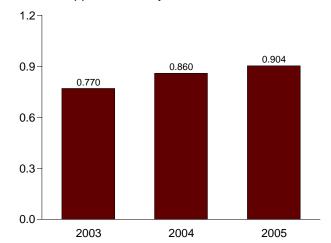
Overview, 1973-2004



Overview, Monthly

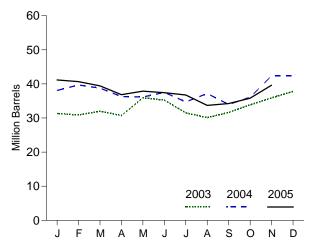






<sup>a</sup>Refinery net production. Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Total Stocks, End of Month



Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html. Source: Table 3.6.

Table 3.6 Residual Fuel Oil Supply, Disposition, and Stocks

973 Average	971 1,235 1,580 882 950 788 762 698 696 721 601 658 683 652 632 622 663 662 640 616 686	1,853 1,223 939 510 504 187 248 194 275 237 352 295 249  343 363 467 349 307 284 276 347 240 311 319	Adjustments <sup>c</sup> Thousand B:  17 15 12	Stock Changed.e arrels per Day  -5 e-2 -10 -7 13 -13 24 -15 12 -25 1 13 -27  (s) -15 35 -43 168 -22 -121 -45 51 72 68	23 15 33 197 211 136 102 120 138 129 139 191 177 231 173 161 247 195 280 252 158 191 164	2,822 2,462 2,508 1,202 1,229 852 848 797 887 830 909 811 700 770 888 923 778 673 693 777 897 660 716	< 0.31%  NA	Sulfur Content <sup>b</sup> >= 0.31% and <= 1.00%  Million Ba  NA	> 1.00%	53 74 e92 50 49 37 46 40 45 36 36 36 31 32 31 32 32 30 32 33 32
973 Average	971 1,235 1,580 882 950 788 726 708 762 698 696 721 601 658 683 652 632 729 666 632 663 662 640 616	1,853 1,223 939 510 504 187 248 194 275 237 352 295 249 343 363 467 349 307 284 276 347 240 311	mentsc  Thousand Ba  17 15 12	Change <sup>d,e</sup> arrels per Day  -5 e-2 -10 -7 13 -13 24 -15 12 -25 1 13 -27 (s) -15 35 -43 168 -22 -121 -45 51 72	23 15 33 197 211 136 102 120 138 129 139 191 177 231 173 161 247 195 280 252 158 191 164	2,822 2,462 2,508 1,202 1,229 852 848 797 887 830 909 811 700 770 888 923 778 673 693 777 897 660	NA N	<= 1.00%     Million Ba	NA N	53 74 °92 50 49 377 46 40 45 36 36 41 31 31 32 31 36 35 32 32
975 Average 975 Average 985 Average 985 Average 990 Average 991 Average 997 Average 998 Average 999 Average 999 Average 999 Average 990 Average 991 Average 991 Average 992 Average 993 Average 994 Average 995 Average 996 Average 997 Average 998 Average 999 Average 900 Av	1,235 1,580 882 950 788 726 708 762 698 696 721 601 658 683 652 632 729 666 632 663 663 662 640 616	1,223 939 510 504 187 248 194 275 237 352 295 249 343 363 467 349 307 284 276 347 240 311	17 15 12 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	-5 e-2 -10 -7 13 -13 -13 -15 12 -25 1 13 -27 (s) -15 35 -43 168 -22 -121 -45 51 72	15 33 197 211 136 102 120 138 129 139 191 177 231 173 161 247 195 280 252 158 191 164	2,462 2,508 1,202 1,229 852 848 797 830 909 811 700 770 888 923 778 673 693 777 897 660	NA N	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA 10 8 10 10 13 13 13 13	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA 18 20 18 17 19 18 16 17	74 *92 50 49 37 46 40 36 36 41 31 31 32 32 31 36 35 32 30
975 Average 975 Average 985 Average 985 Average 990 Average 991 Average 997 Average 998 Average 999 Average 999 Average 999 Average 990 Average 991 Average 991 Average 992 Average 993 Average 994 Average 995 Average 996 Average 997 Average 998 Average 999 Average 900 Av	1,235 1,580 882 950 788 726 708 762 698 696 721 601 658 683 652 632 729 666 632 663 663 662 640 616	1,223 939 510 504 187 248 194 275 237 352 295 249 343 363 467 349 307 284 276 347 240 311	15 12 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	e-2 -10 -7 13 -13 -15 12 -25 1 13 -27 (s) -15 -35 -43 168 -22 -121 -45 51 72	15 33 197 211 136 102 120 138 129 139 191 177 231 173 161 247 195 280 252 158 191 164	2,462 2,508 1,202 1,229 852 848 797 830 909 811 700 770 888 923 778 673 693 777 897 660	NA N	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA 10 8 10 10 13 13 13 13	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA 18 20 18 17 19 18 16 17	74 *92 50 49 37 46 40 36 36 41 31 31 32 32 31 36 35 32 30
975 Average 975 Average 985 Average 985 Average 990 Average 991 Average 997 Average 998 Average 999 Average 999 Average 999 Average 990 Average 991 Average 991 Average 992 Average 993 Average 994 Average 995 Average 996 Average 997 Average 998 Average 999 Average 900 Av	1,580 882 950 788 726 708 762 698 696 721 601 658 683 652 632 729 666 632 663 662 640 616	939 510 504 187 248 194 275 237 352 295 249 343 363 467 349 307 284 276 347 240 311	12 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	-10 -7 13 -13 -24 -15 12 -25 1 13 -27 (s) -15 35 -43 168 -22 -121 -45 51 72	33 197 211 136 102 120 138 129 139 191 177 231 173 161 247 195 280 252 158 191 164	2,508 1,202 1,229 852 848 797 887 830 909 811 700 770 888 923 778 673 693 777 897 660	NA N	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA 10 8 10 10 13 13 13 10 9	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA 18 20 18 17 19 18 17	e92 50 49 37 46 40 45 36 31 31 31 32 31 36 35 35
980 Average 985 Average 995 Average 9990 Average 9991 Average 9996 Average 9998 Average 9999 Average 9990 Average 9001 Average 9002 Average 9003 January 9004 February 9004 April 9004 August 9004 January 9006 February 9006 Average 9006 Average 9007 Average 9008 Average 9009 Average	882 950 788 726 708 762 698 696 721 601 658 683 652 632 729 666 632 663 662 640 616	939 510 504 187 248 194 275 237 352 295 249 343 363 467 349 307 284 276 347 240 311	-	-7 13 -13 -24 -15 12 -25 -1 13 -27 (s) -15 35 -43 168 -22 -121 -45 51 72	197 211 136 102 120 138 129 139 191 177 231 173 161 247 195 280 252 158 191 164	1,202 1,229 852 848 797 887 830 909 811 700 770 888 923 778 673 693 777 897	NA N	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA 10 8 10 11 11 13 13 13 10 9	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA 18 20 18 17 19 18 16	50 49 37 46 40 45 36 31 31 31 31 32 31 36 35 35 32 31 32 31 32 32 33 33 33 34 34 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36
985 Average 990 Average 995 Average 995 Average 996 Average 997 Average 998 Average 999 Average 000 Average 001 Average 002 Average 003 January February March April May June July August September October November December Average 004 January February Narch April May August September October Average 005 Average 006 Average 007 Average 008 Average 009 Average	950 788 726 708 762 698 696 721 601 658 683 652 632 729 666 632 663 663 662 640 616	504 187 248 194 275 237 352 295 249 343 363 467 349 307 284 276 347 240 311		13 -13 24 -15 12 -25 1 13 -27 (s) -15 35 -43 168 -22 -121 -45 51 72	211 136 102 120 138 129 139 191 177 231 173 161 247 195 280 252 158 191 164	1,229 852 848 797 887 830 909 811 700 770 888 923 778 673 693 777 897 660	NA N	NA NA NA NA NA NA 10 8 10 10 13 13 13 10 9	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA 18 20 18 17 19 18 16 17	49 37 46 40 45 36 36 41 31 31 32 31 36 35 32 30
995 Average 996 Average 997 Average 998 Average 999 Average 999 Average 000 Average 001 Average 002 Average 002 Average 003 January February March April May June July August September October November December Average 004 January February March April May June July Average 005 January Average 006 January February Average 007 January February March April May June July August August April May June July August	788 726 708 762 698 696 721 601 658 683 652 632 729 666 632 663 663 662 640 616	187 248 194 275 237 352 295 249 343 363 467 349 307 284 276 347 240 311	-	-13 24 -15 12 -25 1 13 -27 (s) -15 35 -43 168 -22 -121 -45 51 72	136 102 120 138 129 139 191 177 231 173 161 247 195 280 252 158 191 164	1,229 852 848 797 887 830 909 811 700 770 888 923 778 673 693 777 897 660	NA N	NA NA NA NA NA NA 10 8 10 10 13 13 13 13	NA NA NA NA NA NA NA 18 20 18 17 19 18 16 17	37 46 40 45 36 36 41 31 31 32 31 36 35 32
995 Average 996 Average 997 Average 997 Average 998 Average 999 Av	726 708 762 698 696 721 601 658 683 652 632 729 666 632 663 662 640 616	248 194 275 237 352 295 249 343 363 467 349 307 284 276 347 240 311	-	24 -15 12 -25 1 13 -27 (s) -15 35 -43 168 -22 -121 -45 51 72	102 120 138 129 139 191 177 231 173 161 247 195 280 252 158 191 164	852 848 797 887 830 909 811 700 770 888 923 778 673 693 777 897 660	NA N	NA NA NA NA NA 10 8 10 10 13 13 13 10 9	NA NA NA NA NA NA 18 20 18 17 19 18 17	46 44 45 36 36 41 31 31 32 31 36 35 32 32
396 Average         397 Average         398 Average         398 Average         399 Average         300 Average         3002 Average         303 January         February         March         April         May         June         July         August         September         October         November         December         Average         300 January         February         March         April         May         June         July         August	726 708 762 698 696 721 601 658 683 652 632 729 666 632 663 662 640 616	248 194 275 237 352 295 249 343 363 467 349 307 284 276 347 240 311	-	24 -15 12 -25 1 13 -27 (s) -15 35 -43 168 -22 -121 -45 51 72	102 120 138 129 139 191 177 231 173 161 247 195 280 252 158 191 164	848 797 887 830 909 811 700 770 888 923 778 673 693 777 897 660	NA N	NA NA NA NA NA 10 8 10 10 13 13 13 10 9	NA NA NA NA NA NA 18 20 18 17 19 18 17	46 44 45 36 36 41 31 31 32 31 36 35 32 32
1997 Average           1998 Average           1999 Average           1900 Average           1901 Average           1902 Average           1903 January           February           March           April           May           July           August           September           October           November           December           Average           1004 January           February           March           April           May           June           July           August	708 762 698 696 721 601 658 683 652 632 729 666 632 663 662 640 616	194 275 237 352 295 249 343 363 467 349 307 284 276 347 240 311	-	-15 12 -25 1 13 -27 (s) -15 35 -43 168 -22 -121 -45 51 72	120 138 129 139 191 177 231 173 161 247 195 280 252 158 191 164	797 887 830 909 811 700 770 888 923 778 673 693 777 897 660	NA N	NA NA NA NA NA 10 8 10 10 13 13 13	NA NA NA NA NA 18 20 18 17 19 18 16	40 45 36 36 41 31 31 32 31 36 35 32 32 30
198 Average           199 Average           190 Average           1001 Average           1002 Average           1003 January           February           March           April           May           June           July           August           September           October           November           December           Average           1004 January           February           March           April           May           June           July           August	762 698 696 721 601 658 683 652 632 729 666 632 663 662 640 616	275 237 352 295 249 343 363 467 349 307 284 276 347 240 311	-	12 -25 1 13 -27 (s) -15 -35 -43 168 -22 -121 -45 51 72	138 129 139 191 177 231 173 161 247 195 280 252 158 191 164	887 830 909 811 700 770 888 923 778 673 693 777 897 660	NA NA NA 4 4 5 5 4 5 5 4 5	NA NA NA NA 10 8 10 10 13 13 13	NA NA NA NA NA 18 20 18 17 19 18 16	45 36 36 41 31 31 32 31 35 35 32 32
199 Average	698 696 721 601 658 683 652 632 729 666 632 663 663 664 640 616	237 352 295 249 343 363 467 349 307 284 276 347 240 311	-	-25 1 13 -27 (s) -15 -35 -43 168 -22 -121 -45 51 72	129 139 191 177 231 173 161 247 195 280 252 158 191 164	830 909 811 700 770 888 923 778 673 693 777 897 660	NA NA NA 4 3 4 4 5 5 5 4 5	NA NA NA 10 8 10 10 13 13 13 9	NA NA NA NA 18 20 18 17 19 18 16 17	36 36 41 31 31 32 33 36 36 32 32
000 Average           001 Average           002 Average           003 January           February           March           April           May           June           July           August           September           October           November           December           Average           004 January           February           March           April           May           June           July           August	696 721 601 658 683 652 632 729 666 632 663 662 640 616	352 295 249 343 363 467 349 307 284 276 347 240 311	-	1 13 -27 (s) -15 35 -43 168 -22 -121 -45 51 72	139 191 177 231 173 161 247 195 280 252 158 191 164	909 811 700 770 888 923 778 673 693 777 897 660	NA NA 4 3 4 4 5 5 5 4 5	NA NA 10 8 10 10 13 13 13 10 9	NA NA NA 18 20 18 17 19 18 16	36 41 31 31 32 33 36 38 32 30
001 Average           002 Average           003 January           February           March           April           May           June           July           August           September           October           November           December           Average           004 January           February           March           April           May           June           July           August	721 601 658 683 652 632 729 666 632 663 662 640 616	295 249 343 363 467 349 307 284 276 347 240 311	-	13 -27 (s) -15 -35 -43 168 -22 -121 -45 51 72	191 177 231 173 161 247 195 280 252 158 191 164	811 700 770 888 923 778 673 693 777 897 660	NA NA 4 3 4 4 5 5 4 5	NA NA 10 8 10 10 13 13 13 9	NA NA 18 20 18 17 19 18 16 17	41 31 31 32 31 36 38 32 30
002 Average           003 January           February           March           April           May           June           July           August           September           October           November           December           Average           004 January           February           March           April           May           June           July           August	658 683 652 632 729 666 632 663 662 640 616	249  343 363 467 349 307 284 276 347 240 311	-	-27 (s) -15 -35 -43 168 -22 -121 -45 51 72	231 173 161 247 195 280 252 158 191 164	700 770 888 923 778 673 693 777 897 660	NA 4 3 4 4 5 5 4 5	NA  10  8  10  10  13  13  10  9	NA  18 20 18 17 19 18 16 17	31 31 32 31 36 35 32 30
D03 January   February   March   April   May   January   September   December   Average   D04 January   February   March   April   May   June   July   August   August   D05 January   February   March   April   May   June   July   August   August   D05 January   D06 January   D07 January   D08 January   D08 January   D08 January   D09	658 683 652 632 729 666 632 663 662 640 616	343 363 467 349 307 284 276 347 240 311	-	(s) -15 35 -43 168 -22 -121 -45 51 72	231 173 161 247 195 280 252 158 191 164	770 888 923 778 673 693 777 897 660	4 3 4 4 5 5 4 5	10 8 10 10 13 13 10 9	18 20 18 17 19 18 16	3° 3° 3° 3° 36 35 32
February March April May June September October November December Average March April May June July August September December Average December Average March April May June July August March August March April May June July August March August Magust March August Magust March August March August March April May June July August	683 652 632 729 666 632 663 662 640 616	363 467 349 307 284 276 347 240 311	- - - - - - - - -	-15 35 -43 168 -22 -121 -45 51 72	173 161 247 195 280 252 158 191 164	888 923 778 673 693 777 897 660	3 4 4 5 5 4 5	8 10 10 13 13 10 9	20 18 17 19 18 16	31 32 31 36 35 32 30
March April May June Nareh May Average March May May August May September October November December Average March April May June July August March August May August	652 632 729 666 632 663 662 640 616	467 349 307 284 276 347 240 311	-	35 -43 168 -22 -121 -45 51 72	161 247 195 280 252 158 191 164	923 778 673 693 777 897 660	4 4 5 5 4 5	10 10 13 13 10 9	18 17 19 18 16 17	32 31 36 35 32 30
April May	632 729 666 632 663 662 640 616	349 307 284 276 347 240 311	- - - - -	-43 168 -22 -121 -45 51 72	247 195 280 252 158 191 164	778 673 693 777 897 660	4 4 5 5 4 5	10 13 13 10 9	17 19 18 16 17	3: 3( 3) 3: 3(
May	729 666 632 663 662 640 616	307 284 276 347 240 311	- - - - -	168 -22 -121 -45 51 72	195 280 252 158 191 164	673 693 777 897 660	4 5 5 4 5	13 13 10 9	19 18 16 17	30 32 32 30
June July August September October November December Average  04 January February March April May June July August August	666 632 663 662 640 616	284 276 347 240 311	- - - -	-22 -121 -45 51 72	280 252 158 191 164	693 777 897 660	5 5 4 5	13 10 9	18 16 17	3: 3: 3:
July August September October November December Average  04 January February March April May June July August August	632 663 662 640 616	276 347 240 311	- - -	-121 -45 51 72	252 158 191 164	777 897 660	5 4 5	10 9	16 17	3:
August	663 662 640 616	347 240 311	- - -	-45 51 72	158 191 164	897 660	4 5	9	17	30
August	663 662 640 616	347 240 311	-	-45 51 72	158 191 164	897 660	4 5	9	17	3
September	662 640 616	240 311	-	51 72	191 164	660	5			
October November December Average  04 January February March April May June July August	640 616	311		72	164			9	10	
November	616						5	11	18	3
December		010			163	703	6	11	19	30
Average		322	_	61	155	792	5	13	19	38
February March April May June July August	660	327	-	18	197	772	5	13	19	38
February March April May June July August	656	430	_	9	97	980	4	13	21	38
March	659	547	_	54	163	988	5	13	21	40
April May June July August	635	376	_	-29	158	882	6	14	19	39
May June July August	701	326	_	-83	282	829	5	13	18	30
June July August	668	385	_	-4	280	777	5	12	19	30
July August	648	426	_	45	204	824	5	12	20	3
August	618	378	_	-90	184	901	4	11	19	3
		451	_	-90 78	225	778	5	13	19	3
Sontombor	631				225 254		5 4	13		3
September	617	315 547	_	-106		784 959	4		17 10	
October	610	547	-	67	231	858		13	19	3
November	703	522	-	210	154	861	4	15	23	4:
December	723	418	-	(s)	223	918	6	14	22	4:
Average	655	426	-	12	205	865	6	14	22	4
<b>05</b> January	697	445	_	-39	200	981	5	15	21	4
February	686	588	_	-18	358	934	5	14	22	4
March	629	410	-	-40	301	778	5	13	21	3
April	636	420	_	-86	310	832	5	14	19	3
May	639	415	_	33	300	721	4	13	21	3
June	663	474	_	-15	326	826	4	12	22	3
July	607	530	_	-22	268	891	5	11	21	3
August	582	578	_	-98	244	1,014	4	10	19	3.
September	551	647	_	18	141	1,039	4	11	20	3.
October	<sup>R</sup> 526	R 633	_	<sup>R</sup> 50	R 134	R 975	R 4	R 10	R 21	R 3
	E 621	E 618	_	E 154	E 132	E 953	NA	NA	NA	E 4
	E <b>621</b>	E <b>523</b>	_	E <b>-6</b>	E <b>246</b>	E <b>904</b>	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	E <b>4</b>
04 11-Month Average	0.40	427	_	14	203	860	4	15	23	4:
03 11-Month Average	649	328	_	14	201	770	6	11	19	3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Stocks are at end of period.

http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html.

Sources: • 1973-1975: Bureau of Mines, Mineral Industry Surveys,
Petroleum Statement, Annual, annual reports. • 1976-1980: Energy
Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, Petroleum Statement,
Annual, annual reports. • 1981-2004: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual, annual reports. • 2005: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, monthly reports; and, for the current month, Weekly Petroleum Status Report data system, and Monthly Energy Review data system calculations.

b By weight. Residual fuel oil stocks by sulfur content exclude pipeline

stocks; therefore, the sum of stocks by sulfur content may not equal total stocks.

C Through 1982, includes what was previously classified as "Crude Oil Used Directly" (as residual fuel oil).

d A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase. The current month stock change estimate is based on the change from the previous month's stocks estimate, rather than the actual stocks value shown in this table.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> See Note 4, "New Stock Basis," at end of section.

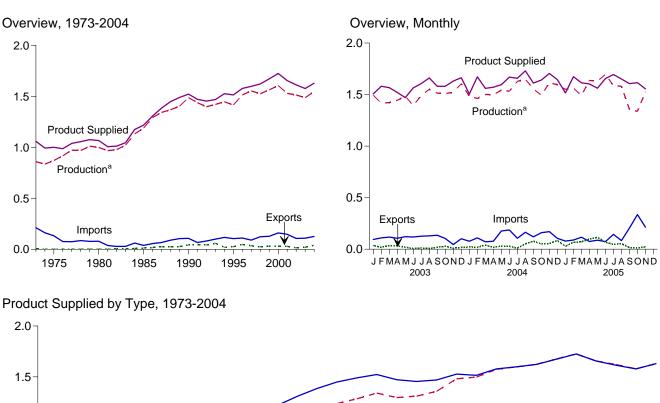
R=Revised. E=Estimate. NA=Not available. - =Not applicable. (s)=Less than +500 barrels per day and greater than -500 barrels per day.

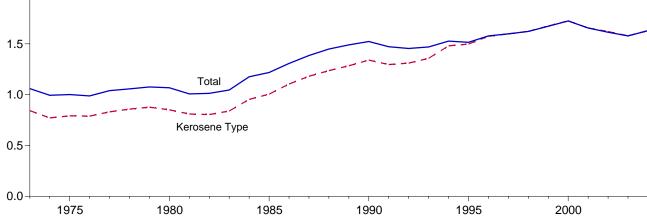
Notes: • See Note 3, "Distillate and Residual Fuel Oils," at end of section.

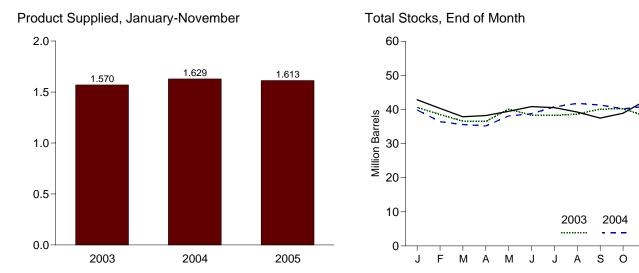
Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see

Figure 3.5 Jet Fuel (Million Barrels Per Day, Except as Noted)







<sup>a</sup>Refinery net production. Notes: • Through 2004, includes naphtha-type jet fuel. Beginning in 2005, naphtha-type jet fuel is included in "Other Petroleum Products" on Table

3.10. • Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html. Source: Table 3.7.

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Table 3.7 Jet Fuel Supply, Disposition, and Stocks

		Supply			Dis	position		Stoc	ksa
	Refinery Net P	roduction				Product Su	plied		
	Kerosene Type	Totalb	Importsb	Stock Change <sup>b,c</sup>	Exportsb	Kerosene Type	Totalb	Kerosene Type	Total
			Thous	sand Barrels p	er Day			Million E	Barrels
1973 Average	679	859	212	8	4	842	1,059	23	29
1975 Average	691	871	133	d <b>2</b>	2	791	1,001	25	30
980 Average	811	999	80	10	1	851	1,068	d <b>36</b>	d <b>42</b>
985 Average	983	1,189	39	-4	13	1,005	1,218	34	40
990 Average	1,311	1,488	108	31	43	1,340	1,522	46	52
995 Average	1,407	1,416	106	-19	26	1,497	1,514	39	40
996 Average	1,513	1,515	111	(s)	48	1,575	1,578	40	40
997 Average	1,554	1,554	91	11	35	1,598	1,599	44	44
998 Average	1,525	1,526	124	2	26	1,623	1,622	45	45
999 Average	1,565	1,565	128	-11	32	1,675	1,673	40	41
000 Average	1,606	1,606	162	11	32	1,725	1,725	44	45
001 Average	1,529	1,530	148	-7	29	1,656	1,655	42	42
002 Average	1,514	1,514	107	-8	15	1,621	1,614	39	39
<b>003</b> January	1,495	1,495	94	46	36	1,505	1,507	41	41
February	1,416	1,416	109	-74	19	1,581	1,581	39	39
March	1,430	1,422	117	-62	34	1,575	1,567	37	37
April	1,445	1,445	106	-4	34	1,520	1,521	36	36
May	1,484	1,484	122	117	19	1,470	1,470	40	40
June	1,393	1,393	119	-60	7	1,565	1,565	38	38
July	1,491	1,491	126	-2	12	1,606	1,607	38	38
August	1,551	1,551	129	12	7	1,661	1,661	39	39
September	1,513	1,514	136	49	20	1,581	1,581	40	40
October	1,510	1,510	103	4	28	1,580	1,580	40	40
November	1,522	1,522	46	-73	10	1,631	1,631	38	38
December	1,605	1,605	101	24	18	1,663	1,664	39	39
Average	1,489	1,488	109	-1	20	1,578	1,578	39	39
<b>004</b> January	1,485	1,485	77	35	22	1,505	1,505	40	40
February	1,462	1,462	110	-119	19	1,672	1,672	36	36
March	1,501	1,501	72	-26	39	1,560	1,560	36	36
April	1,499	1,499	77	-14	19	1,571	1,571	35	35
May	1,543	1,543	177	94	30	1,596	1,596	38	38
June	1,532	1,532	187	22	28	1,669	1,669	39	39
July	1,628	1,628	106	66	10	1,658	1,658	41	4
August	1,650	1,650	164	32	52	1,730	1,730	42	42
September	1,553	1,553	120	-16	77 51	1,611	1,611	41	4
October	1,495	1,495	161	-36 24	51 55	1,641	1,641	40 41	40 4
November	1,613 1,597	1,613 1,597	170 105	-26	83	1,704 1,645	1,704 1,645	40	4(
December  Average	1,597 1,547	1,597 <b>1,547</b>	103 127	-20 <b>4</b>	40	1,630	1,645	40	40
005 January	1,551	1,551	79	86	28	1 516	1,516	43	43
005 January	1,562	1,562	79 89	-90	28 67	1,516 1,673	1,673	40	4.
February March	1,491	1,362	116	-90 -80	72	1,614	1,614	38	3
April	1,638	1,431	75	12	98	1,603	1,603	38	3
May	1,630	1,630	88	40	115	1,562	1,562	39	3
June	1,697	1,697	73	46	68	1,656	1,656	41	4
July	1,587	1,587	73 144	-10	46	1,695	1,695	41	4
August	1,581	1,581	84	-42	55	1,651	1,651	39	3
September	1,357	1,357	205	-59	16	1,606	1,606	39	3
October	R 1,337	R 1,337	R 335	R 46	R 11	R 1,615	R 1,615	R 39	R 3
November	E 1,527	E 1,527	E 214	E 164	E 22	E 1,556	E 1,556	E 43	E 4:
11-Month Average	E 1,541	E 1,541	E 137	E 11	E 54	E 1,613	E 1,613	E 43	E 4:
004 11-Month Average	1,542	1,542	129	6	36	1,629	1,629	41	4
oot in monun Average	1,372	1,572	123	U		1,023	1,023	. 71	

a Stocks are at end of period.

Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html.

Sources: • 1973-1975: Bureau of Mines, Mineral Industry Surveys, Petroleum Statement, Annual, annual reports. • 1976-1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, Petroleum Statement, Annual, annual reports. • 1981-2004: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual, annual reports. • 2005: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, monthly reports; and, for the current month, Weekly Petroleum Status Report data system, and Monthly Energy Review data system calculations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Through 2004, includes kerosene-type and naphtha-type jet fuel. Beginning in 2005, includes kerosene-type jet fuel only; naphtha-type jet fuel is included in "Other Petroleum Products" on Table 3.10.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase. The current month stock change estimate is based on the change from the previous month's stocks estimate, rather than the actual stocks value shown in this table.

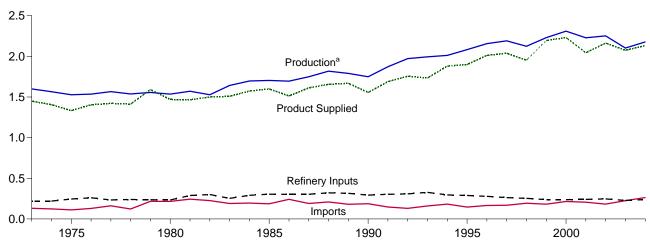
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> See Note 4, "New Stock Basis," at end of section.

R=Revised.  $\acute{\text{E}}$ =Estimate. (s)=Less than +500 barrels per day and greater than -500 barrels per day.

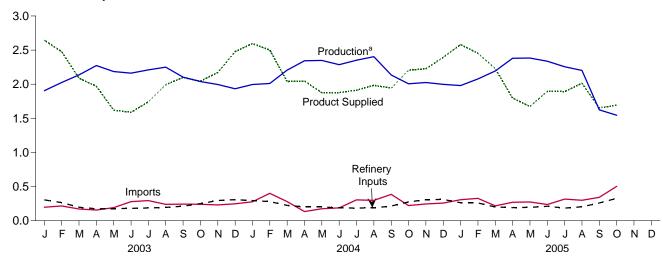
Figure 3.6 Liquefied Petroleum Gases

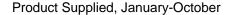
(Million Barrels per Day, Except as Noted)

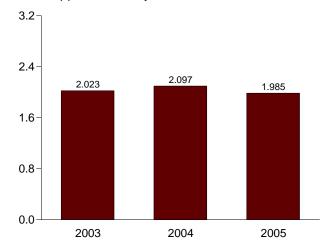
Overview, 1973-2004



### Overview, Monthly

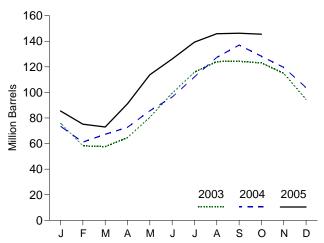






<sup>a</sup>Field production and refinery net production. Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Stocks, End of Month



Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html. Source: Table 3.8.

Table 3.8 Liquefied Petroleum Gases Supply, Disposition, and Stocks

		Supply			Dispo	sition		
	Field	Refinery Net		Stock	Refinery		Product	
	Productiona	Production	Imports	Changeb	Inputs	Exports	Supplied	Stocks <sup>c</sup>
			Tho	usand Barrels pe	r Day		•	Million Barrel
1973 Average	1,225	375	132	35	220	27	1,449	99
1975 Average	1,217	311	112	d <b>35</b>	246	26	1,333	125
1980 Average	1,205	330	216	27	233	21	1,469	d120
1985 Average	1,313	391	187	-75	304	62	1,599	74
	1,250	499	188	48	293	40	1,556	98
1990 Average								
1995 Average	1,428	654	146	-17	289	58	1,899	93
1996 Average	1,494	662	166	-19	278	51	2,012	86
1997 Average	1,499	691	169	9	263	50	2,038	89
1998 Average	1,450	674	194	70	253	42	1,952	115
1999 Average	1,547	684	182	-71	238	50	2,195	89
2000 Average	1,605	705	215	-19	238	74	2,231	83
2001 Average	1,562	667	206	105	241	44	2,044	121
2002 Average	1,581	671	183	-42	247	67	2,163	106
2003 January	1,493	412	197	-960	304	113	2,645	76
February	1,542	483	216	-632	265	130	,	58
•							2,478	
March	1,457	679	171	-20	197	43	2,087	58
April	1,431	843	156	235	175	51	1,970	65
May	1,294	892	191	514	176	67	1,619	81
June	1,309	853	279	628	179	45	1,589	99
July	1,369	841	294	530	186	47	1,742	116
August	1,418	832	239	266	194	36	1,993	124
	1,477	626	242	6	212	29	2,098	124
September	,							
October	1,529	509	240	-41	249	25	2,045	123
November	1,562	434	231	-271	295	31	2,171	115
December	1,459	475	246	-660	307	56	2,477	94
Average	1,444	658	225	-31	228	56	2,074	94
2004 January	1,539	456	276	-676	294	58	2,596	74
February	1,538	472	400	-426	279	57	2,500	61
March	1,551	656	279	197	223	26	2,039	67
April	1,505	839	133	182	202	49	2,045	73
May	1,500	848	174	417	200	29	1,876	86
June	1,457	830	187	356	187	54	1,877	96
July	1,524	828	304	510	185	48	1,912	112
	,		297	491		39		127
August	1,566	838			187		1,984	
September	1,519	617	386	321	214	44	1,942	137
October	1,543	464	221	-282	273	30	2,207	128
November	1,589	436	245	-294	307	30	2,226	119
December	1,552	446	257	-506	310	57	2,394	104
Average	1,532	645	263	25	238	43	2,132	104
2005 January	1,550	430	306	-589	262	33	2,581	85
February	1,600	478	327	-368	260	59	2,454	75
March	1,592	602	216	-70	200	51	2,228	73
April	,	821	270	606	191	58	1,796	91
	1,559							
May	1,558	826	273	730	196	58	1,674	114
June	1,489	848	237	411	210	56	1,896	126
July	1,455	801	316	426	184	70	1,892	139
August	1,434	768	298	212	203	71	2,014	146
September	1,232	393	342	12	258	43	1,653	146
October	1,287	259	502	-23	328	51	1,691	146
10-Month Average	1,475	623	309	138	229	55	1,985	146
_		COF	205	444	224	40		400
2004 10-Month Average 2003 10-Month Average	1,524	685 699	265 222	111 57	224 213	43 58	2,097 2,023	128 123
zuus Tu-Monto Average	1,431	กษษ	111	3/	213	20	Z.UZ.3	123

Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html.

Sources: • 1973-1975: Bureau of Mines, Mineral Industry Surveys, Petroleum Statement, Annual, annual reports. • 1976-1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, Petroleum Statement, Annual, annual reports. • 1981-2004: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual, annual reports. • 2005: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, monthly

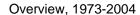
 $<sup>\</sup>begin{array}{l} a \\ b \\ A \\ \end{array} \ \, \text{ Negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive}$ number indicates an increase.

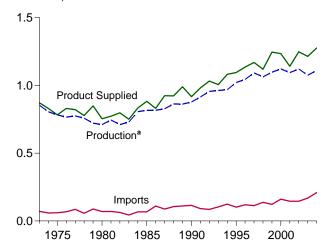
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Stocks are at end of period.

d See Note 4, "New Stock Basis," at end of section.

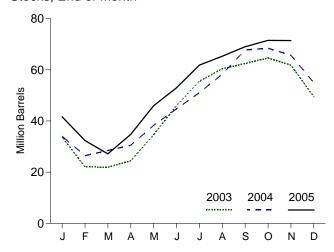
Figure 3.7 Propane and Propylene

(Million Barrels per Day, Except as Noted)

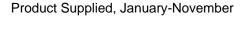


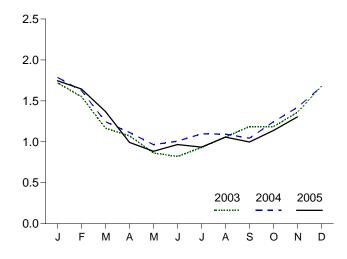


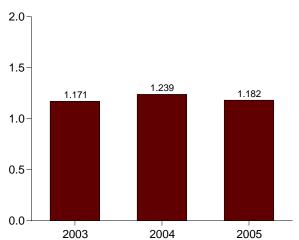
### Stocks, End of Month



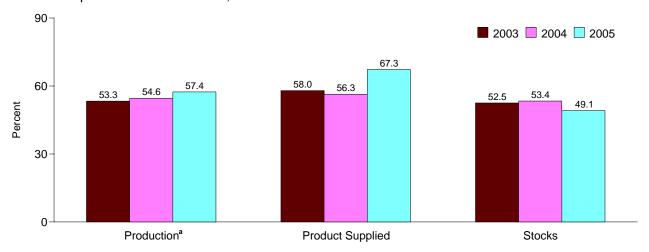
Product Supplied, Monthly







### Share of Liquefied Petroleum Gases, October



<sup>a</sup>Field production and refinery net production.

Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html. Source: Tables 3.8 and 3.9. Calculation of shares is based on data prior to rounding.

Table 3.9 Propane and Propylene Supply, Disposition, and Stocks (A Subset of Table 3.8)

		Supply			Dispo	sition		
	Field Production <sup>a</sup>	Refinery Net Production	Imports	Stock Change <sup>b,c</sup>	Refinery Inputs	Exports	Product Supplied	Stocks <sup>c,d</sup>
			Thou	ısand Barrels pe	r Day	-	1	Million Barrel
072 Averes	E02	274	74	20		45	072	CE.
973 Average	583 550	271 234	71 60	30 36	8 11	15 13	872 783	65 82
975 Average 980 Average	442	269	69	4	12	10	754	°65
	521	209 295	67	-50	3	48	883	39
985 Average								
990 Average	474	404	115	48	(s)	28	917	49
995 Average	519	503	102	-10	0	38	1,096	43
996 Average	525	520	119	(s)	0	28	1,136	43
997 Average	528	565	113	3	0	32	1,170	44
98 Average	513	550	137	56	0	25	1,120	65
999 Average	529	569	122	-59	0	33	1,246	43
000 Average	539	583	161	-5	0	53	1,235	41
001 Average	538	556	145	67	0	31	1,142	66
002 Average	549	572	145	-36	Ö	55	1,248	53
_	F20	E47	405	606	0	05	4.700	24
003 January	528	517	165	-606	0	95 446	1,720	34
February	528	540	181	-417	0	116	1,551	22
March	506	554	133	-4	0	31	1,167	22
April	498	583	95	83	0	20	1,072	24
May	469	604	139	327	0	22	863	35
June	465	583	179	380	0	27	820	46
July	486	570	200	307	0	18	931	56
August	501	569	163	157	Ō	19	1,058	60
	521	572	182	70	0	19	1,186	62
September					0			
October	534	553	187	69		20	1,185	65
November	528	582	181	-92	0	24	1,360	62
Average	505 <b>506</b>	610 <b>570</b>	213 <b>168</b>	-399 <b>-8</b>	0 <b>0</b>	46 <b>37</b>	1,681 <b>1,215</b>	50 <b>50</b>
_	300	370	100	-0		<b>3</b> 1	1,210	
<b>004</b> January	526	574	237	-499	0	49	1,787	34
February	536	557	321	-261	0	51	1,625	26
March	533	577	222	65	0	21	1,245	28
April	526	583	96	68	0	22	1,114	31
May	521	586	129	251	0	19	966	38
June	513	581	152	214	0	25	1,008	45
July	527	581	215	204	Õ	22	1,097	51
August	537	599	216	233	0	26	1,093	58
	515	564	307	233 316	0	26	1,095	68
September								
October	520	575	195	23	0	25	1,243	68
November	534	616	207	-92	0	26	1,422	66
December	522	613	221	-346	0	29	1,673	55
Average	526	584	209	15	0	28	1,276	55
<b>05</b> January	524	562	258	-430	0	28	1,746	42
February	537	580	230	-331	0	35	1,644	32
March	536	550	150	-168	0	34	1,369	27
April	528	587	168	253	0	38	992	35
May	527	587	170	361	Ō	39	884	46
June	515	577	150	234	Ö	42	966	53
July	503	552	206	287	Ö	39	935	62
August	501	539	168	111	0	40	1,057	65
September	433	466	255	124	0	32	997	69
October	R 446	R 441	R 376	R 80	0	R 44	R 1,138	R 72
November	F 455	<sup>E</sup> 596	E 340	E 49	0	E 38	E 1,304	E 71
11-Month Average	E 500	<sup>E</sup> 548	<sup>E</sup> 225	<sup>E</sup> 54	0	<sup>E</sup> 37	E 1,182	E 71
004 11-Month Average	526	581	208	48	0	28	1,239	66

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Propane and propylene production at natural gas processing plants.

R=Revised. E=Estimate. F=Forecast. (s)=Less than 500 barrels per day. Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see

http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html.

Sources: • 1973-1975: Bureau of Mines, Mineral Industry Surveys, Petroleum Statement, Annual, annual reports. • 1976-1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, Petroleum Statement, Annual, annual reports. • 1981-2004: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual, annual reports. • 2005: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, monthly reports; and, for the current month, Weekly Petroleum Status Report data system, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System, and Monthly Energy Review data system calculations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase. The current month stock change estimate is based on the change from the previous month's stocks estimate, rather than the actual stocks value shown in this table.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> See Note 4, "New Stock Basis," at end of section.

d Stocks are at end of period.

Table 3.10 Other Petroleum Products Supply, Disposition, and Stocks

		Supp	ply			Dispos	ition		
	Field Production <sup>a</sup>	Refinery and Blender Net Production	Imports	Adjust- ments <sup>b</sup>	Stock Change <sup>c,d</sup>	Refinery and Blender Net Inputs	Exports	Products Supplied <sup>e</sup>	Stocks <sup>d,f</sup>
				Thousand B	arrels per Day			1	Million Barrel
1973 Average	513	2,301	290	19	1	750	162	2,211	179
1975 Average		2,097	144	35	d <b>-6</b>	537	158	2,001	188
1980 Average		2,559	130	30	15	310	197	2,566	d <b>205</b>
1985 Average	296	2,183	550	53	22	886	227	1,947	206
1990 Average	309	2,452	705	80	-32	887	289	2,402	201
1995 Average	335	2,522	708	174	-23	958	348	2,457	206
1996 Average		2,541	879	230	-11	1,014	376	2,608	202
	318	2,671	945	215	30	985	402	2,733	213
1997 Average	309		888		18		380		219
1998 Average		2,753	943	190 199	-64	1,002		2,741	196
1999 Average	303	2,709				1,061	338	2,819	
2000 Average		2,705	938	143	30	991	429	2,642	207
2001 Average	307	2,651	1,095	95	20	1,013	434	2,681	214
2002 Average	300	2,712	1,085	126	-42	1,123	479	2,662	199
2003 January	265	2,568	1,066	304	466	831	526	2,381	213
February	270	2,522	829	188	8	796	464	2,541	214
March	272	2,705	1,048	200	338	820	541	2,527	224
April	270	2,724	1,110	60	17	915	460	2,773	225
May	270	2,897	1,284	103	35	1,104	526	2,888	226
June		2,805	1,461	-21	89	955	479	2,996	228
July		2,853	1,183	97	-291	1,144	464	3,097	219
August	285	2,922	1,091	-8	-316	1,156	579	2,871	210
	284		1,082	183		977	545		214
September		2,900			130			2,797	
October		2,798	905	40	-223	949	518	2,789	207
November		2,838	1,037	50	184	913	508	2,598	212
December  Average	264 <b>275</b>	2,806 <b>2,780</b>	929 <b>1,087</b>	200 <b>116</b>	-179 <b>21</b>	1,193 <b>981</b>	487 <b>509</b>	2,698 <b>2,747</b>	207 <b>207</b>
			•					ŕ	
2004 January		2,628	1,171	152	778	677	400	2,360	231
February	260	2,674	1,352	2	425	667	554	2,642	243
March	277	2,733	1,539	-45	6	1,165	538	2,795	243
April	278	2,897	1,520	-211	-105	1,229	531	2,829	240
May	280	3,003	1,427	-87	-13	1,125	465	3,045	240
June	281	3,017	1,404	-219	-104	888	499	3,200	237
July		3,058	1,585	-69	-20	1,061	597	3,225	236
August		3.044	1,516	-73	-143	1.089	516	3,322	232
September	278	2,899	1,386	-91	-145	1,121	385	3,111	227
October		2,883	1,300	31	-267	1,368	514	2,954	219
November	279	2,892	1,376	64	296	904	462	2,901	219
	265	2,903	1,320	97	-2	1,268	531	2,891	228
December  Average	203 277	2,903 <b>2,887</b>	1,419	- <b>37</b>	-2 58	1,200 1,049	499	2,940	228
	050	2 502	1 1 1 1 0	F0	FOO	604	400	2 445	0.40
1005 January	259	2,593	1,146	53	502	684	420	2,445	243
February		2,792	1,452	127	428	1,100	514	2,587	255
March	266	2,828	1,250	213	80	1,144	540	2,793	257
April	271	2,892	1,404	174	-266	1,780	514	2,713	249
May		2,873	1,645	73	177	1,355	475	2,870	255
June	296	2,997	1,832	101	-236	1,380	632	3,451	248
July	292	2,971	1,654	-68	-199	1,478	504	3,066	242
August	278	2,935	1,618	-46	-430	1,402	588	3,224	228
September	244	R 2,598	1,855	R -14	86	1,392	417	2,788	231
October		2,411	1,863	23	58	1,220	451	2,817	233
10-Month Average	270	2,789	1,572	63	17	1,293	505	2,877	233
2004 10-Month Average	278	2,885	1,428	-60	41	1,041	500	2,949	219
		2,000	.,			.,	000	2,040	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Production at natural gas processing plants. Through 1988, includes pentanes plus and a small amount of finished petroleum products. Beginning in 1989, includes pentanes plus only.

b An adjustment for motor gasoline blending components and fuel ethanol.

"Other Petroleum Products" include pentanes plus, other

hydrocarbons and oxygenates, unfinished oils, gasoline blending components, and all finished petroleum products except finished motor gasoline, distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, jet fuel, liquefied petroleum gases, and crude oil that is used as fuel; beginning in 2005 also includes naphtha-type jet fuel. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/petro.html.

Sources: • 1973-1975: Bureau of Mines, Mineral Industry Surveys, Petroleum Statement, Annual, annual reports. • 1976-1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Energy Data Reports, Petroleum Statement, Annual, annual reports. • 1981-2004: EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual, annual reports. • 2005: EIA, Petroleum Supply Monthly, monthly reports.

Through 2004, includes what was previously classified as "Field Production" of motor gasoline blending components and other hydrocarbons and oxygenates.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> A negative number indicates a decrease in stocks and a positive number indicates an increase.

d See Note 4, "New Stock Basis," at end of section.
e See Note 6, "Data Discrepancies," at end of section.

f Stocks are at end of period.

### **Petroleum**

**Note 1. Survey Respondents**: The Energy Information Administration (EIA) uses a number of sources and methods to maintain the survey respondent lists. On a regular basis, survey managers review such industry publications as the *Oil and Gas Journal and Oil Daily* for information on facilities or companies starting up or closing down operations. Those sources are augmented by articles in newspapers, letters from respondents indicating changes in status, and information received from survey systems.

To supplement routine frames maintenance and to provide more thorough coverage, a comprehensive frames investigation is conducted every 3 years. This investigation results in the reassessment and recompilation of the complete frame for each survey. The effort also includes the evaluation of the impact of potential frame changes on the historical time series of data from these respondents. The results of this frame study are usually implemented in January to provide a full year under the same frame.

In 1991, the EIA conducted a frame identifier survey of companies that produce, blend, store, or import oxygenates. A summary of the results from the identification survey was published in the *Weekly Petroleum Status Report* dated February 12, 1992, and in the February 1992 issue of the *Petroleum Supply Monthly*. In order to continue to provide relevant information about U.S. and regional gasoline supply, the EIA conducted a second frame identifier survey of those companies during 1992. As a result, numerous respondents were added to the monthly surveys effective in January 1993. See Explanatory Note 7 in the *Petroleum Supply Monthly*.

**Note 2. Motor Gasoline**: Beginning in January 1981, the EIA expanded its universe to include non-refinery blenders and separated blending components from finished motor gasoline as a reporting category. Also, survey forms were modified to describe refinery operations more accurately.

Beginning with the reporting of January 1993 data, the EIA made adjustments to the product supplied series for finished motor gasoline. It was recognized that motor gasoline statistics published by the EIA through 1992 were underreported because the reporting system was (1) not collecting all fuel ethanol blending, and (2) there was a misreporting of motor gasoline blending components that were blended into finished gasoline. The adjustments are incorporated into EIA's data beginning in January 1993. To facilitate data analysis across the 1992–1993 period, EIA has prepared a table of 1992 data adjusted according to the 1993 basis. See *Petroleum Supply Monthly*, March 1993, Table H3.

**Note 3. Distillate and Residual Fuel Oils**: The requirement to report crude oil in pipelines or burned on leases as either distillate or residual fuel oil has been eliminated. Prior to January 1981, the refinery input of unfinished oils

typically exceeded the available supply of unfinished oils. That discrepancy was assumed to be due to the redesignation of distillate and residual fuel oils received as such but used as unfinished oil inputs by the receiving refinery. The imbalance between supply and disposition of unfinished oils would then be subtracted from the production of distillate and residual fuel oils. Two-thirds of that difference was subtracted from distillate and one-third from residual. Beginning in January 1981, the EIA modified its survey forms to account for redesignated product and discontinued the above-mentioned adjustment.

Beginning in January 1993, distillate fuel oil end-of-month stocks are split into two sulfur categories to meet Environmental Protection Agency requirements effective October 1992. Beginning in January 2004, distillate fuel oil and residual fuel oil stocks are both split into three categories. For further details, see the EIA, *Petroleum Supply Monthly*.

**Note 4.** New Stock Basis: In January 1975, 1979, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to bulk terminal and pipeline surveys, affecting subsequent stocks reported and stock change calculations. Using the expanded coverage (new basis), the end-of-year stocks, in million barrels, would have been:

Crude Oil: 1982—645 (Total) and 351 (Other Primary).

Crude Oil and Petroleum Products: 1974—1,121; 1980—1,425; and 1982—1,461.

Motor Gasoline: 1974—225; 1980—263 (Total) and 214 (Finished); 1982—244 (Total) and 202 (Finished).

Distillate Fuel Oil: 1974—224; 1980—205; and 1982—186.

Residual Fuel Oil: 1974—75; 1980—91; and 1982—69.

Jet Fuel: 1974—30 (Total) and 24 (Kerosene Type); 1980—42 (Total) and 36 (Kerosene Type); and 1982—39 (Total) and 32 (Kerosene Type).

Liquefied Petroleum Gases: 1974—113; 1978—136; 1980—128; and 1982—102.

Propane and Propylene: 1978—86; 1980—69; and 1982—57.

Other Petroleum Products: 1974—190; 1980—207; and 1982—219.

Stock change calculations beginning in 1975, 1979, 1981, and 1983 were made by using new basis stock levels.

In January 1984, changes were made in the reporting of natural gas liquids. As a result, unfractionated stream, which was formerly included in the "Other Petroleum Products Supply and Disposition" table, is now reported on

a component basis (ethane, propane, normal butane, isobutane, and pentanes plus). Most of these stocks now appear in the "Liquefied Petroleum Gases Supply and Disposition" table. This change affects stocks reported and stock change calculations in each table. Under the new basis, end-of-year 1983 stocks, in million barrels, would have been: 108 for liquefied petroleum gases, 55 for propane and propylene, and 210 for other petroleum products.

In January 1993, changes were made in the monthly surveys to begin collecting bulk terminal and pipeline stocks of oxygenates. This change affected stocks reported and stock change calculations. However, a new basis stock level was not calculated for 1992 end-of-year stocks.

Note 5. Stocks of Alaskan Crude Oil: Stocks of Alaskan Crude oil in transit were included for the first time in January 1981. The major impact of this change is on the reporting of stock change calculations. Using the expanded coverage (new basis), 1980 end-of-year stocks, in million barrels, would have been 488 (Total) and 380 (Other Primary).

**Note 6. Data Discrepancies**: Due to differences internal to EIA data processing systems, some small discrepancies exist between data in the *Monthly Energy Review (MER)* and the *Petroleum Supply Annual (PSA)* and *Petroleum Supply Monthly (PSM)*. The data that have discrepancies are footnoted in Section 3 tables and summarized here.

Table	Data Series	Year Average	<i>MER</i> Data	PSA and PSM Data
3.1a	Natural Gas Plant Liquids Production	1976	1,604	1,603
3.1b	Exports, Total	1979	471	472
3.1b	Exports, Petroleum Products	1979	236	237
3.2a	Imports, SPR	1978	161	162
3.5	Stock Change	1974	10	9
3.5	Stock Change	1975	-41	-40
3.10	Products Supplied	1982	1,857	1,856

### Section 4. Natural Gas

Total dry natural gas production in the United States during September 2005 was estimated as 1.4 trillion cubic feet, 7 percent lower than production during September 2004.

Consumption of natural and supplemental gas in September 2005 was 1.4 trillion cubic feet, 4 percent lower than the level in September 2004.

Deliveries to residential consumers in September 2005 were 120 billion cubic feet, 4 percent lower than the previous September's deliveries. Total deliveries to industrial consumers during September 2005 were 564 billion cubic feet, 15 percent lower than the previous September's level. The electric power sector's use of natural gas in September

2005 was 570 billion cubic feet, 8 percent higher than the rate in September 2004.

Net imports of natural gas in September 2005 were estimated as 288 billion cubic feet, 7 percent higher than net imports in the previous September.

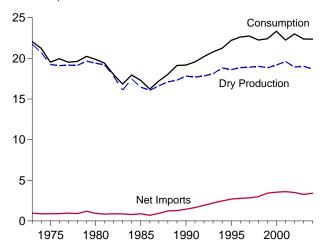
Stocks of working gas<sup>1</sup> in underground natural gas storage reservoirs at the end of September 2005 were 2,932 billion cubic feet, 4 percent lower than the level of stocks available 1 year earlier.

Net injections into underground storage during September 2005 were 272 billion cubic feet, 16 percent less than the amount of net injections during September 2004.

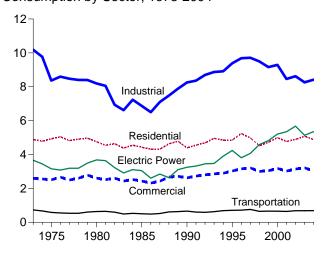
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Gas available for withdrawal.

Figure 4.1 Natural Gas (Trillion Cubic Feet)

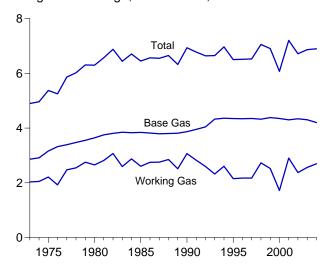
### Overview, 1973-2004



### Consumption by Sector, 1973-2004

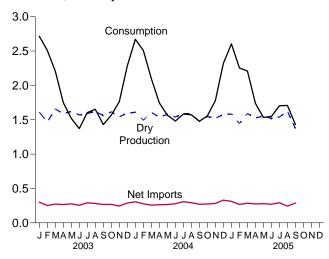


### Underground Storage, End of Year, 1973-2004

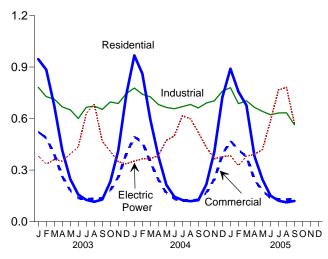


Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/natgas.html. Sources: Tables 4.1, 4.4, and 4.5.

### Overview, Monthly



### Consumption by Sector, Monthly



### Underground Storage, End of Month

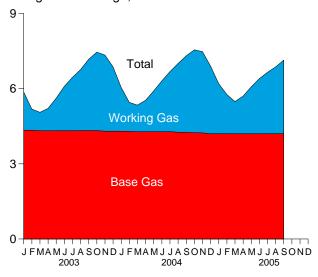


Table 4.1 Natural Gas Overview

	Dry Gas	Supplemental Gaseous		Trade		Net Storage	Balancing	
	Productiona	Fuelsb	Imports	Exports	Net Imports	Withdrawals <sup>c</sup>	Item <sup>d</sup>	Consumption <sup>6</sup>
1973 Total	<sup>f</sup> 21,731	NA	1,033	77	956	-442	-196	22,049
1975 Total	<sup>f</sup> 19,236	NA	953	73	880	-344	-235	19,538
1980 Total	19,403	155	985	49	936	23	-640	19,877
1985 Total	16,454	126	950	55	894	235	-428	17,281
1990 Total	17,810	123		86	1,447	-513	307	<sup>9</sup> 19,174
			1,532					
1995 Total	18,599	110	2,841	154	2,687	415	396	22,207
1996 Total	18,854	109	2,937	153	2,784	2	860	22,610
1997 Total	18,902	103	2,994	157	2,837	24	871	22,737
1998 Total	19,024	102	3,152	159	2,993	-530	657	22,246
1999 Total	18,832	98	3,586	163	3,422	172	-119	22,405
2000 Total	19,182	90	3,782	244	3,538	829	-305	23,333
2001 Total	19,616	86	3,977	373	3,604	-1,166	99	22,239
2002 Total	18,928	68	4,015	516	3,499	468	44	23,007
			,		•			•
2003 January	1,611	6	359	58	301	865	-67	2,716
February	1,465	6	309	56	252	698	90	2,511
March	1,658	5	324	52	273	139	132	2,207
April	1,587	4	315	49	266	-162	55	1,750
May	1,621	6	325	49	277	-424	41	1,520
June	1.569	5	307	52	255	-483	26	1.372
July	1,589	6	341	49	292	-372	88	1,603
August	1.621	6	332	51	281	-319	65	1,653
	1,562	5	321	53	267	-423	19	1,430
September								
October	1,615	5	331	62	269	-292	-30	1,566
November	1,544	6	317	72	245	89	-122	1,763
December	1,594	6	364	77	287	489	-93	2,284
Total	19,036	65	3,944	680	3,264	-194	204	22,375
2004 January	RE 1,610	6	373	67	306	811	R -53	R 2,680
February	<sup>RE</sup> 1,494	6	346	70	276	600	R 140	R 2,515
March	RE 1.606	5	349	91	258	103	R 132	R 2,105
April	RE 1,539	5	325	62	263	-198	R 142	R 1,750
May	RE 1,578	6	327	61	266	-379	R 108	R 1,578
,	1,576 RE 1.540						<sup>R</sup> 67	1,370 R4 400
June		1	342	64	278	-397		R 1,489
July	RE 1,590	2	375	67	308	-366	<sup>R</sup> 60	R 1,593
August	RE 1,586	5	360	67	293	-345	R 47	<sup>R</sup> 1,585
September	<sup>RE</sup> 1,477	5	345	74	270	-325	<sup>R</sup> 61	<sup>R</sup> 1,488
October	<sup>RE</sup> 1,547	5	336	61	274	-248	<sup>R</sup> -16	<sup>R</sup> 1,563
November	RE 1,520	5	369	86	282	65	<sup>R</sup> -84	R 1,789
December	RE 1,580	5	413	83	330	567	<sup>R</sup> -152	R 2,330
Total	RE <b>18,666</b>	55	4,259	854	3,404	-110	R 452	R 22,467
<b>2005</b> January	<sup>RE</sup> 1.584	4	403	91	313	713	<sup>R</sup> -10	R 2,604
	RE 1,446	5	356	89	267	429	R 107	R 2,254
February	RE 1,591	5 6	356 381	89 96	286	429 284	R 42	
March								R 2,209
April	RE 1,525	5	329	53	276	-216	R 147	R 1,738
May	RE 1,554	_ 4	336	57	279	-384	<sup>R</sup> 79	<sup>R</sup> 1,533
June	<sup>E</sup> 1,517	<sup>E</sup> 5	_ 323	_ 53	_ 270	-323	<sup>R</sup> 79	<sup>R</sup> 1,548
July	RE 1,540	E 5	E 351	<sup>E</sup> 58	E 293	-256	<sup>R</sup> 122	<sup>R</sup> 1,704
August	RE 1,623	E 6	RE 300	RE 57	RE 243	-214	<sup>R</sup> 51	R 1,709
September	E 1.371	E 5	E 351	E 63	E 288	-272	37	1,429
9-Month Total	E 13,751	E 47	E 3,131	E 616	E 2,515	-239	653	16,727
2004 Q-Month Total	E 14,019	40	2 1 44	624	2 547	-40E	704	16 705
2004 9-Month Total			3,141		2,517	-495		16,785
2003 9-Month Total	14,282	47	2,932	469	2,463	-480	450	16,763

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Marketed production (wet) minus extraction loss. See Table 4.2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> See Note 1, "Supplemental Gaseous Fuels," at end of section.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Net withdrawals from underground storage. For 1980-2003, also includes net withdrawals of liquefied natural gas in above-ground tanks. See Note 2, "Storage,"

at end of section.

d See Note 3, "Balancing Item," at end of section. Since 1980, excludes transit shipments that cross the U.S.-Canada border (i.e., natural gas delivered to its destination via the other country).

e See Note 4, "Consumption," at end of section.

f May include unknown quantities of nonhydrocarbon gases.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> For 1989-1992, a small amount of consumption at independent power producers may be counted in both "Other Industrial" and "Electric Power Sector" on

Table 4.4. See Note 5, "Consumption, 1989-1992," at end of section.

R=Revised. E=Estimate. NA=Not available.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

<sup>•</sup> Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see

http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/natgas.html.
Sources: • Dry Gas Production: Table 4.2. • Supplemental Gaseous Fuels
and Net Storage Withdrawals: 1973-1999—Energy Information Administration
(EIA), Natural Gas Annual, annual reports. 2000 forward—EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, November 2005, Table 2. • Trade: Table 4.3. Consumption: Table 4.4.

<sup>•</sup> Balancing Item: Calculated as consumption minus dry gas production, supplemental gaseous fuels, net imports, and net storage withdrawals.

**Table 4.2 Natural Gas Production** 

	Gross Withdrawals <sup>a</sup>	Repressuringb	Nonhydro- carbon Gases Removed <sup>c</sup>	Vented <sup>d</sup> and Flared <sup>e</sup>	Marketed Production <sup>f</sup>	Extraction Loss <sup>g</sup>	Dry Gas Production <sup>h</sup>
1973 Total	24,067	1,171	NA	248	<sup>i</sup> 22,648	917	<sup>i</sup> 21,731
1975 Total	21,104	861	NA	134	<sup>i</sup> 20,109	872	<sup>i</sup> 19,236
1980 Total	21,870	1.365	199	125	20.180	777	19,403
1985 Total	19,607	1,915	326	95	17,270	816	16,454
1990 Total	21,523	2.489	289	150	18.594	784	17.810
1995 Total	23,744	3,565	388	284	19.506	908	18,599
1996 Total	24,114	3,511	518	272	19,812	958	18,854
1997 Total	24,213	3,492	599	256	19,866	964	18,902
1998 Total	24,108	3,427	617	103	19,961	938	19,024
1999 Total	23,823	3,293	615	110	19,805	973	18,832
2000 Total	24,174	3,380	505	91	20,198	1,016	19,182
2001 Total	24,501	3,371	463	97	20,570	954	19,616
2002 Total	23,941	3,455	502	99	19.885	957	18,928
.002 10101	25,541	3,433	302	33	13,003	331	10,320
2003 January	2,051	313	45	9	1,685	74	1,611
February	1,876	295	41	8	1,532	67	1,465
March	2,099	312	44	9	1,734	76	1,658
April	2,002	290	43	9	1,660	73	1,587
May	2,012	274	33	9	1,695	75	1,621
June	1,965	279	36	8	1,642	72	1,569
July	1,987	275	42	7	1,662	73	1,589
August	2,028	282	42	8	1,695	75	1,621
September	1,971	288	42	8	1,634	72	1,562
October	2,052	312	42	8	1,689	74	1,615
November	1,973	308	42	7	1,615	71	1,544
December	2,040	320	45	8	1,668	73	1,594
Total	24,056	3,548	499	98	19,912	876	19,036
2004 January	RE 2,075	RE 331	<sup>RE</sup> 52	E 8	RE 1,684	RE 74	RE 1,610
February	RE 1,930	RE 311	RE 48	E 7	RE 1,563	RE 69	RE 1.494
March	RE 2.076	RE 337	RE 51	E 8	RE 1,680	RE 74	RE 1.606
April	RE 1,979	RE 312	RE 49	E 8	RE 1.609	RE 71	RE 1.539
May	RE 2.025	RE 314	RE 51	RE q	RE 1.651	RE 73	RE 1.578
June	RE 1,943	RE 274	RE 51	E8	RE 1,611	RE 71	RE 1,540
July	RE 1,995	RE 271	RE 52	RE 8	RE 1.663	RE 73	RE 1,590
	RE 1.979	RE 258	RE 54	RE 8	RE 1.659	RE 73	RE 1.586
August	RE 1.883	RE 279	RE 51	E 8	RE 1.545	RE 68	RE 1.477
September October	1,003 RE 1,992	RE 312	RE 54	RE g	1,545 RE 1,618	RE 71	1,477 RE 1.547
	RE 1.975	RE 323	RE 53	RE Q	RE 1,590	E 70	RE 1.520
November	RE 2.050	RE 335	RE 54	E 8	RE 1,652	E 73	RE 1,520
December  Total	RE <b>23.902</b>	RE <b>3.657</b>	RE <b>621</b>	RE <b>99</b>	RE <b>19.524</b>	RE <b>859</b>	RE <b>18.666</b>
	-,	-,	*	-	- , -		,,,,,,
2005 January	RE 2,050	RE 330	RE 55	E 8	RE 1,656	RE 73	RE 1,584
February	RE 1,871	RE 302	RE 49	RE 8	RE 1,512	RE 66	RE 1,446
March	RE 2,060	RE 334	RE 54	E 8	RE 1,664	RE 73	RE 1,591
April	<sup>RE</sup> 1,957	RE 302	RE 52	RE 8	RE 1,595	RE 70	RE 1,525
May	RE 1,999	RE 311	RE 54	E 8	RE 1,626	E 72	RE 1,554
June	<sup>RE</sup> 1,924	RE 277	<sup>RE</sup> 52	E 8	E 1,587	E 70	E 1,517
July	<sup>RE</sup> 1,949	RE 275	<sup>RE</sup> 54	E 9	<sup>RE</sup> 1,611	<sup>RE</sup> 71	<sup>RE</sup> 1,540
August	<sup>RE</sup> 2,067	RE 304	<sup>RE</sup> 56	E 9	RE 1,698	E 75	RE 1,623
September	E 1,740	E 251	E 48	E 8	E 1,434	E 63	E 1,371
9-Month Total	E 17,617	E 2,686	<sup>E</sup> 473	E 74	E 14,383	<sup>E</sup> 633	E 13,751
2004 9-Month Total	E 17.885	<sup>E</sup> 2.687	<sup>E</sup> 460	<sup>E</sup> 73	E 14,664	E 645	E 14.019
2003 9-Month Total	17,991	2,608	368	75 75	14,940	657	14,282

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Gas withdrawn from natural gas and crude oil wells; excludes lease

condensate.

b Natural gas injected into natural gas and crude oil formations to effect greater ultimate recovery.

<sup>c</sup> See Note 6, "Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed," at end of section.

d Natural gas released into the air on the base site or at processing plants.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> Natural gas burned in flares on the base site or at processing plants. See Note 7, "Production," at end of section.

f Gross withdrawals minus repressuring, nonhydrocarbon gases removed, and vented and flared. See Note 7, "Production," at end of section.

g See Note 8, "Extraction Loss," at end of section.

h Marketed production (wet) minus extraction loss.

i May include unknown quantities of nonhydrocarbon gases.

R=Revised. NA=Not available. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see

http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/natgas.html. Sources: • 1973-1999: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Natural Gas Annual 2000, Table 93. • 2000 forward: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, November 2005, Table 1.

**Table 4.3 Natural Gas Trade by Country** 

				Impo	orts					Exp	orts	
	Algeria <sup>a</sup>	Australia <sup>a</sup>	<b>Canada</b> <sup>b</sup>	<b>Mexico</b> b	Qatar <sup>a</sup>	Trinidad and Tobago <sup>a</sup>	Other <sup>c</sup>	Total	Canada <sup>b</sup>	Japan <sup>a</sup>	<b>Mexico</b> b	Total
1973 Total	3	0	1.028	2	0	0	0	1.033	15	48	14	77
1975 Total	5	Ö	948	0	0	0	0	953	10	53	9	73
1980 Total	86	ŏ	797	102	Ŏ	Ŏ	Ö	985	(s)	45	4	49
1985 Total	24	0	926	0	0	0	0	950	(s)	53	2	55
1990 Total	84	0	1,448	0	0	0	0	1,532	17	53	16	86
1995 Total	0 <del>4</del> 18	0	2,816	7	0	0	0	2,841	28	65	61	154
	35	0	2,883	14	0	0	5	2,937	52	68	34	153
1996 Total		-			-	0						
1997 Total	66 69	10 12	2,899 3.052	17 15	0	0	2 5	2,994 3.152	56 40	62 66	38 53	157 159
1998 Total				55	-	-	5 5		40 39			
1999 Total	76	12	3,368		20	51		3,586		64	61	163
2000 Total	47	6	3,544	12	46	99	28	3,782	73	66	106	244
2001 Total	65	2	3,729	10	23	98	50	3,977	167	66	141	373
2002 Total	27	0	3,785	2	35	151	16	4,015	189	63	263	516
<b>2003</b> January	0	0	336	0	0	23	0	359	25	6	28	58
February	0	0	288	0	0	21	0	309	26	6	25	56
March	3	0	293	0	2	26	0	324	29	6	17	52
April	11	0	282	0	0	19	3	315	23	6	21	49
May	4	0	279	0	0	30	11	325	15	4	30	49
June	3	0	259	0	0	34	11	307	17	3	31	52
July	5	0	283	0	3	44	5	341	13	7	29	49
August	3	0	283	0	0	35	11	332	14	5	32	51
September	8	0	267	0	6	29	11	321	19	5	29	53
October	11	0	273	0	3	38	6	331	20	8	35	62
November	3	0	270	0	0	40	4	317	32	6	34	72
December	3	0	324	0	0	37	0	364	38	6	33	77
Total	53	0	3,437	0	14	378	61	3,944	271	66	343	680
2004 January	7	0	320	0	0	43	3	373	31	5	31	67
February	8	0	297	0	0	41	0	346	38	5	27	70
March	11	0	300	0	0	38	0	349	56	6	30	91
April	8	0	279	0	3	35	0	325	33	6	24	62
May	5	3	273	0	3	36	6	327	27	2	32	61
June	16	3	285	0	0	34	4	342	24	4	36	64
July	11	6	300	0	3	38	17	375	23	6	38	67
August	22	0	301	0	0	38	0	360	23	6	39	67
September	7	0	288	Ö	Ō	41	9	345	30	7	37	74
October	8	0	288	0	3	36	0	336	22	5	34	61
November	3	0	328	0	0	38	0	369	46	6	35	86
December	14	3	349	0	0	44	3	413	43	6	34	83
Total	120	15	3,607	0	12	462	43	4,259	395	62	397	854
<b>2005</b> January	6	0	345	0	0	44	8	403	52	6	33	91
February	11	Ö	303	0	3	39	0	356	52	6	31	89
March	3	0	335	(s)	0	40	3	381	64	6	26	96
April	9	0	282	(s)	0	36	3	329	29	6	19	53
May	11	0	283	(s)	0	41	0	336	28	4	25	57
June	12	0	267	(s)	0	42	3	323	18	4	31	53
July	6	0	E 298	0	0	41	6	E 351	E 18	7	E 32	E 58
August	3	0	RE 256	0	0	27	14	RE 300	RE 19	6	E 32	RE 57
September	6	0	E 300	0	0	35	11	E 351	E 25	6	E 32	E 63
9-Month Total	68	0	E <b>2,668</b>	1	3	345	47	E 3,131	E <b>307</b>	48	E <b>261</b>	E 616
2004 9-Month Total	95	12	2,642	0	9	344	40	3,141	284	46	294	624
2003 9-Month Total	37	0	2,570	Ô	11	263	52	2,932	181	47	241	469

not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/natgas.html.

Sources: • 1973-1987: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas." • 1988-1999: EIA, Natural Gas Annual, annual reports. • 2000 forward: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, November 2005, Tables 5 and 6; and Department of Energy, Office of Fossil Energy, "Natural Gas Imports and Exports."

a As liquefied natural gas.
 b By pipeline, except for very small amounts of liquefied natural gas imported from Canada in 1973, 1977, and 1981 and exported to Mexico beginning in 1998. See Note 9, "Imports and Exports," at end of section.

<sup>c</sup> Brunei in 2002; Indonesia in 1986 and 2000; Malaysia in 1999 and 2002

forward; Nigeria in 2000 forward; Oman in 2000 forward; and United Arab Emirates in 1996-2000
R=Revised. E=Estimate. (s)=Less than 500 million cubic feet.

Notes: • See Note 9, "Imports and Exports," at end of section. • Totals may

Table 4.4 Natural Gas Consumption by Sector

					End-Use	Sectors						
					Industrial			Trai	nsportatio	n		
	Resi-	Com-	Lease and		Other Indust	rial		Pipelines <sup>d</sup> and Dis-	Vehicle		Electric Power	
	dential	mercial <sup>a</sup>	Plant Fuel	CHPb	Non-CHP <sup>c</sup>	Total	Total	tribution <sup>e</sup>	Fuel	Total	Sector <sup>f,g</sup>	Total
1973 Total	4,879	2,597	1,496	( <sup>h</sup> )	8,689	8,689	10,185	728	NA	728	3,660	22,049
1975 Total	4,924	2,508	1,396	(h)	6,968	6,968	8,365	583	NA	583	3,158	19,538
1980 Total	4,752	2,611	1,026	( h )	7,172	7,172	8,198	635	NA	635	3,682	19,877
1985 Total	4,433	2,432	966	(h)	5,901	5,901	6,867	504	NA	504	3,044	17,281
1990 Total		2,623	1,236	1,055	5,963	<sup>1</sup> 7,018	8,255	660	(s)	660	3,245	<sup>1</sup> 19,174
1995 Total		3,031	1,220	1,258	6,906	8,164	9,384	700	5	705	4,237	22,207
1996 Total	5,241	3,158	1,250	1,289	7,146	8,435	9,685	711	6	718	3,807	22,610
1997 Total	4,984	3,215	1,203	1,282	7,229	8,511	9,714	751	8 9	760 645	4,065	22,737
1998 Total	4,520 4,726	2,999	1,173 1,079	1,355 1,401	6,965 6,679	8,320 8,079	9,493 9,158	635 645	12	657	4,588 4,820	22,246 22,405
1999 Total 2000 Total	4,726	3,045 3,182	1,079	1,386	6,678 6,757	8,142	9,136	642	13	655	5,206	23,333
2001 Total	4,771	3,102	1,119	1,310	6,035	7,344	8.463	625	15	640	5,342	22,239
2002 Total	4,889	3,144	1,113	1,240	6,267	7,507	8,620	667	15	682	5,672	23,007
2003 January	946	522	96	106	580	686	782	82	E 2	84	382	2,716
February	884	487	87	91	549	640	727	76	E 1	77	335	2,511
March	675	391	98	94	522	615	713	66	E 2	68	361	2,207
April	414	263	93	91	484	574	668	52	E 2	53	352	1,750
May	248	181	94	94	462	556	651	45	E 2	46	394	1,520
June	157	138	92	94	414	508	600	40	E 2 E 2	42	436	1,372
July	126	132 131	93 95	99	474 475	573	666 672	47 49	E 2	49 50	630 684	1,603
August	116 129	137	95 92	102 95	475 466	577 561	653	49 42	E 2	50 43	469	1,653 1,430
September October	232	181	92 96	95 95	506	601	697	42 46	E 2	43 48	409	1,430
November	414	260	92	90	506	596	687	52	E 2	54	348	1,763
December	739	394	95	93	557	650	745	68	E 2	70	336	2,284
Total	5,078	3,217	1,123	1,144	5,995	7,139	8,262	665	E 18	683	5,135	22,375
2004 January	967	R 493	RE 95	R 101	<sup>R</sup> 582	R 683	R 778	79	<sup>E</sup> 2	81	<sup>R</sup> 361	R 2,680
February	861	R 463	RE 88	R 98	<sup>R</sup> 555	<sup>R</sup> 653	<sup>R</sup> 741	75	E 2	76	R 373	R 2,515
March	593	R 346	RE 95	R 96	R 536	R 632	<sup>R</sup> 726	62	E 2	64	R 375	R 2,105
April	381	R 245	RE 91	R 93	R 498	R 591	R 682	52	E 2	54	R 389	R 1,750
May	214	R 166	RE 93 RE 91	R 101 R 99	<sup>R</sup> 470 <sup>R</sup> 468	<sup>R</sup> 572 <sup>R</sup> 567	<sup>R</sup> 665 <sup>R</sup> 657	47	E 2 E 2	R 48	<sup>R</sup> 485 <sup>R</sup> 508	R 1,578
June	145	<sup>R</sup> 133 <sup>R</sup> 123	RE 94	R 108	<sup>R</sup> 467	R 576	R 669	44 47	E 2	46 49	R 626	<sup>R</sup> 1,489 <sup>R</sup> 1,593
July	126 119	R 123	RE 94	R 105	<sup>R</sup> 483	<sup>R</sup> 589	<sup>R</sup> 682	47 47	E 2	49 R 48	<sup>R</sup> 612	<sup>N</sup> 1,593 <sup>R</sup> 1.585
August September	125	R 126	RE 87	98	R 477	R 575	R 662	47	E 2	46	R 529	R 1,488
October	217	R 168	RE 91	R 95	R 504	R 599	R 690	46	E 2	48	R 440	R 1,563
November	407	R 248	E 90	R 93	<sup>R</sup> 521	<sup>R</sup> 614	R 703	53	E 2	55	R 376	R 1,789
December	724	R 389	RE 93	R 102	R 565	R 666	<sup>R</sup> 760	69	E 2	71	R 387	R 2,330
Total	4,879	<sup>R</sup> 3,024	<sup>RE</sup> 1,101	R 1,191	<sup>R</sup> 6,125	<sup>R</sup> 7,316	<sup>R</sup> 8,416	<sup>R</sup> 664	E 20	R <b>685</b>	<sup>R</sup> 5,463	R 22,467
<b>2005</b> January	890	R 471	RE 93	R 84	R 602	687	R 780	77	E 2	79	R 384	R 2,604
February	756	R 416	RE 85	R 76	R 526	601	R 687	67	E <sub>2</sub>	69	R 326	R 2,254
March	677	R 380	RE 94 RE 90	R 82 R 79	R 528	610	R 704	66	E 2 E 2	68	R 381	R 2,209
April	382	<sup>R</sup> 245 <sup>R</sup> 178	E 92	<sup>R</sup> 79	<sup>R</sup> 497 <sup>R</sup> 472	575 <sup>R</sup> 550	<sup>R</sup> 665 <sup>R</sup> 642	52	E 2	54	<sup>R</sup> 392 <sup>R</sup> 419	<sup>R</sup> 1,738 <sup>R</sup> 1,533
May	246 152	140	E 89	<sup>1</sup> 78	R 448	R 532	R 622	46 46	E 2	48 48	<sup>R</sup> 587	<sup>N</sup> 1,533 <sup>R</sup> 1,548
June	122	130	RE 91	R 91	<sup>R</sup> 451	542	R 632	46 51	E 2	48 53	R 766	R 1,704
July August	113	128	E 96	R 90	R 448	538	R 634	R 51	E 2	R 53	<sup>R</sup> 781	R 1,704
September	120	131	E 81	73	411	483	564	42	E 2	44	570	1,709
9-Month Total	3,457	2,219	E 811	737	4,381	5,118	5,929	499	E 17	516	4,606	16,727
2004 9-Month Total 2003 9-Month Total	3,531 3,694	2,219 2,382	E 827 840	901 866	4,535 4,426	5,436 5,292	6,263 6,132	496 498	E 15 E 14	512 512	4,261 4,042	16,785 16,763

All commercial sector fuel use, including that at commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only plants. See Table 7.4c for CHP fuel use.
 b Industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and a small number of industrial

electrity-only plants.

<sup>c</sup> All industrial sector fuel use other than that in "Lease and Plant Fuel" and "CHP."

Natural gas consumed in the operation of pipelines, primarily in compressors.
 Natural gas used as fuel in the delivery of natural gas to consumers.

f The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only. Beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers.
<sup>h</sup> Included in "Non-CHP."

For 1989-1992, a small amount of consumption at independent power producers may be counted in both "Other Industrial" and "Electric Power Sector." See Note 5, "Consumption, 1989-1992," at end of section.

R=Revised. E=Estimate. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 500 million cubic feet.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/natgas.html.

Notes and Sources: See end of section.

Table 4.5 Natural Gas in Underground Storage

(Volumes in Billion Cubic Feet)

	U	Natural Gas in Inderground Storage End of Period	9,	Change in W From Sam Previou	ne Period	Si	torage Activity	
	Base Gas	Working Gas	Totala	Volume	Percent	Withdrawals	Injections	Net <sup>b,c</sup>
1973 Total	2,864	2,034	4,898	305	17.6	1,533	1,974	-442
1975 Total	3,162	2,212	5,374	162	7.9	1,760	2,104	-344
1980 Total	3,642	2,655	6,297	-99	-3.6	1,910	1,896	14
1985 Total	3,842	2,607	6,448	-270	-9.4	2,359	2,128	231
1990 Total	3,868	3,068	6,936	555	22.1	1,934	2,433	-499
1995 Total	4,349	2,153	6,503	-453	-17.4	2,974	2,566	408
1996 Total	4,341	2,173	6,513	19	.9	2,911	2,906	6
1997 Total	4,350	2,175	6,525	2	.1	2,824	2,800	24
1998 Total	4,326	2,730	7,056	554	25.5	2,379	2,905	-526
1999 Total	4,383	2,523	6,906	-207	-7.6	2,772	2,598	174
2000 Total	4,352	2,523 1,719	6,071	-207 -806	-7.6 -31.9	3,498	2,596 2,684	814
2001 Total	4,301	2,904	7,204	1,185	68.9	2,309	3,464	-1,156
2002 Total	4,340	2,375	6,715	-528	-18.2	3,138	2,670	468
<b>2003</b> January	4,344	1,522	5,866	-822	-35.1	884	44	840
February	4,337	851	5,187	-987	-53.7	724	47	677
March	4,326	730	5,056	-788	-51.9	306	171	135
April	4,317	893	5,210	-765	-46.1	119	277	-158
May	4,324	1,298	5,622	-671	-34.1	41	453	-412
June	4,325	1,765	6,090	-543	-23.5	36	505	-469
July	4,325	2,126	6,451	-413	-16.3	64	426	-361
August	4,327	2,436	6,763	-338	-12.2	62	372	-310
September	4,328	2,845	7,173	-196	-6.5	31	442	-411
October	4.327	3.130	7,457	14	.5	59	343	-284
November	4,303	3,038	7,341	109	3.7	228	142	87
December	4,303	2,563	6,866	187	7.9	544	70	474
Total	4,303 <b>4,303</b>	2,563 2,563	6,866	187	7.9	3,099	3, <b>292</b>	-193
2004 January	4,301	1,751	6,052	217	14.1	869	59	811
	4,297	1,156	5,452	292	33.8	646	47	600
February							165	
March	4,283	1,058	5,342	328	45.0	269		103
April	4,283	1,252	5,535	357	39.8	95	293	-198
May	4,287	1,624	5,911	323	24.9	43	421	-379
June	4,284	2,023	6,307	255	14.4	31	428	-397
July	4,287	2,395	6,681	266	12.5	56	422	-366
August	4,262	2,743	7,005	307	12.6	57	402	-345
September	4,254	3,057	7,310	214	7.5	65	390	-325
October	4,246	3,302	7,548	172	5.5	60	307	-248
November	4,235	3,245	7,479	207	6.8	189	124	65
December	4,201	2,696	6,897	133	5.2	622	55	567
Total	4,201	2,696	6,897	133	5.2	3,003	3,113	-110
2005 January	4,205	1,994	6,199	243	13.9	772	59	713
February	4,204	1,564	5,769	409	35.4	488	59	429
March	4,200	1,284	5,484	226	21.3	385	101	284
April	4,200	1,499	5.699	246	19.7	72	288	-216
May	4,200	1,875	6.076	251	15.5	56	439	-384
June	4.201	2.197	6,399	175	8.6	67	390	-323
July	4,203	2,450	6,653	56	2.3	95	351	-256
,	4,203	2,450	6,865	-80	-2.9	95 97	311	-236 -214
August					-2.9 -4.1	97 86	358	-214 -272
September 9-Month Total	4,205 —	2,932 -	7,136 –	-125 -	-4.1 -	2,117	2,356	-272 <b>-239</b>
						•	•	
2004 9-Month Total 2003 9-Month Total	_ _	<del>-</del>	_	<u>-</u> -	_	2,132 2,267	2,627 2,737	-495 -470

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> For total underground storage capacity at the end of each calendar year, see Note 2, "Storage," at end of section.
 <sup>b</sup> For 1980-2003, data differ from those shown on Table 4.1, which include liquefied natural gas storage for that period.
 <sup>c</sup> Positive numbers indicate that withdrawals are greater than injections.

Negative numbers indicate that injections are greater than withdrawals. Net withdrawals or injections may not equal the difference between applicable ending stocks. See Note 2, "Storage," at end of section.

<sup>- =</sup>Not applicable.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent bunding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of rounding. Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/natgas.html.
Sources: See end of section.

### **Natural Gas**

**Note 1. Supplemental Gaseous Fuels**: Any gaseous substance that, introduced into or commingled with natural gas, increases the volume available for disposition. Such substances include, but are not limited to, propane-air, refinery gas, coke oven gas, still gas, manufactured gas, biomass gas, or air or inert gases added for Btu stabilization.

Annual data beginning with 1980 are from the Energy Information Administration (EIA) *Natural Gas Annual (NGA)*. Unknown quantities of supplemental gaseous fuels are included in consumption data for 1979 and earlier years.

Monthly data are considered preliminary until after the publication of the EIA NGA. Monthly estimates are based on the annual ratio of supplemental gaseous fuels to the sum of dry gas production, net imports, and net withdrawals from storage. The ratio is applied to the monthly sum of the three elements to compute a monthly supplemental gaseous fuels figure.

**Note 2. Storage:** Natural gas in storage at the end of a reporting period may not equal the quantity derived by adding or subtracting net injections or withdrawals from the quantity in storage at the end of the previous period. The difference is due to changes in the quantity of native gas included in the base gas and/or losses in base gas due to migration from storage reservoirs.

Total underground storage capacity at the end of each calendar year since 1975 (first year data were available), in billion cubic feet, was:

<b>1975</b> 6,280	<b>1985</b> 8,087	<b>1995</b> 7,953
<b>1976</b> 6,544	<b>1986</b> 8,145	<b>1996</b> 7,980
<b>1977</b> 6,678	<b>1987</b> 8,124	<b>1997</b> 8,332
<b>1978</b> 6,890	<b>1988</b> 8,124	<b>1998</b> 8,179
<b>1979</b> 6,929	<b>1989</b> 8,124	<b>1999</b> 8,229
<b>1980</b> 7,434	<b>1990</b> 8,125	<b>2000</b> 8,241
<b>1981</b> 7,805	<b>1991</b> 7,993	<b>2001</b> 8,415
<b>1982</b> 7,915	<b>1992</b> 7,932	<b>2002</b> 8,207
<b>1983</b> 7,985	<b>1993</b> 7,989	<b>2003</b> 8,206
<b>1984</b> 8,043	<b>1994</b> 8,043	

Monthly underground storage data are collected from the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) Form FERC-8 (interstate data) and EIA Form EIA-191 (intrastate data). Beginning in January 1991, all data are collected on the revised Form EIA-191. Injection and withdrawal data from the FERC-8/EIA-191 survey are adjusted to correspond to data from Form EIA-176 following publication of the EIA *NGA*.

The final monthly and annual storage and withdrawal data for 1980–2003 include both underground and liquefied natural gas (LNG) storage. Annual data on LNG additions and withdrawals are from Form EIA-176. Monthly data are estimated by computing the ratio of each month's underground storage additions and withdrawals to annual underground storage additions and withdrawals and applying the ratio to the annual LNG data.

Note 3. Balancing Item: The balancing item for natural gas represents the difference between the sum of the components of natural gas supply and the sum of components of natural gas disposition. The differences may be due to quantities lost or to the effects of data reporting problems. Reporting problems include differences due to the net result of conversions of flow data metered at varying temperature and pressure bases and converted to a standard temperature and pressure base; the effect of variations in company accounting and billing practices; differences between billing cycle and calendar period time frames; and imbalances resulting from the merger of data reporting systems which vary in scope, format, definitions, and type of respondents.

The increase of 0.2 trillion cubic feet (Tcf) in the "Balancing Item" category in 1983, followed by a decline of 0.5 Tcf in 1984, reflected unusually large differences resulting from the use of the annual billing cycle (essentially December 15 through the following December 14) consumption data in conjunction with calendar year supply data. Record cold temperatures during the last half of December 1983 resulted in a reported 0.3 Tcf increase in net withdrawals from underground storage for peak shaving as compared with the same period in 1982, but the effect of this cold weather was reflected primarily in 1984 consumption data. For underground storage data, see Table F2 in the May 1985 Energy Information Administration (EIA) Natural Gas Monthly (NGM), which was published in July 1985.

**Note 4. Consumption:** Consumption includes use for lease and plant fuel, pipelines and distribution, vehicle fuel, and electric power plants, as well as deliveries to residential, commercial, and other industrial customers.

Final data for series other than "Other Industrial CHP" and "Electric Power Sector" are from the EIA *NGA*. Monthly data are considered preliminary until after publication of the EIA *NGA*. For more detailed information on the methods of estimating preliminary and final monthly data, see the EIA *NGM*.

**Note 5. Consumption, 1989-1992:** Prior to 1993, deliveries to nonutility generators were not separately collected from natural gas companies on Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition." As a result, for 1989 through 1992, those volumes are probably included in both the industrial and electric power sectors and double-counted in total consumption. In 1993, 0.28 trillion cubic feet was reported as delivered to nonutility generators.

**Note 6. Nonhydrocarbon Gases Removed**: Annual data on nonhydrocarbon gases removed from marketed production—carbon dioxide, helium, hydrogen sulfide, and nitrogen—are from the EIA *NGA*. Data are not available prior to 1980. Monthly data are reported by three States and computed for six States. Monthly data are preliminary until after publication of the EIA *NGA*. Differences between annual data published in the EIA *NGA* and the sum of the

preliminary monthly data (January–December) are allocated proportionally to the months to create final monthly data.

For further information on methods of estimating preliminary monthly data, see the EIA *NGM*.

#### Note 7. Production.

Annual data—Final annual data are from the EIA NGA.

Estimated monthly data—Data for the two most recent months presented are estimated. Some of the data for earlier months are also estimated or computed. For a discussion of computation and estimation procedures, see the EIA *NGM*.

Preliminary monthly data—Monthly data are considered preliminary until after publication of the EIA *NGA*. Preliminary monthly data are gathered from reports to the Interstate Oil Compact Commission and the U.S. Minerals Management Service. Volumetric data are converted, as necessary, to a standard 14.73 psi pressure base. Unless there are major changes, data are not revised until after publication of the EIA *NGA*.

Final monthly data—Differences between annual data in the EIA *NGA* and the sum of preliminary monthly data (January–December) are allocated proportionally to the months to create final monthly data.

**Note 8. Extraction Loss**: Extraction loss is the reduction in volume of natural gas resulting from the removal of natural gas liquid constituents at natural gas processing plants.

Annual data are from the EIA *NGA*, where they are estimated on the basis of the type and quantity of liquid products extracted from the gas stream and the calculated volume of such products at standard conditions. For a detailed explanation of the calculations used to derive estimated extraction losses, see the EIA *NGA*.

Preliminary monthly data are estimated on the basis of extraction loss as an annual percentage of marketed production. This percentage is applied to each month's marketed production to estimate monthly extraction loss.

Monthly data are revised and considered final after the publication of the EIA *NGA*. Final monthly data are estimated by allocating annual extraction loss data to the months on the basis of total natural gas marketed production data from the EIA NGA.

**Note 9. Imports and Exports**: The United States imports natural gas via pipeline from Canada and Mexico and imports liquefied natural gas (LNG) via tanker from Algeria, Australia, Brunei, Indonesia, Malaysia, Nigeria, Oman, Qatar, Trinidad and Tobago, and the United Arab Emirates. In addition, very small amounts of LNG arrived from Canada in 1973 (667 million cubic feet), 1977 (572 million cubic feet), and 1981 (6 million cubic feet). The United States exports natural gas via pipeline to Canada and Mexico and exports LNG via tanker to Japan. Also, small amounts of LNG have gone to Mexico since 1998.

Annual and final monthly data are from the annual EIA Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters

of Natural Gas," which requires data to be reported by month for the calendar year.

Preliminary monthly data are EIA estimates. For a discussion of estimation procedures, see the EIA *NGM*. Preliminary data are revised after the publication of the EIA *U.S. Imports and Exports of Natural Gas*.

### Table 4.4 Notes:

- Data are for natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels that cannot be identified separately.
- See Note, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at end of Section 7. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

### Table 4.4 Sources:

# Residential, Commercial, Lease and Plant Fuel, Other Industrial Total, and Pipelines and Distribution

1973–1999: Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Natural Gas Annual (NGA)*, annual reports.

2000 forward: EIA, *Natural Gas Monthly (NGM)*, November 2005, Table 3.

#### **Industrial CHP**

Table 7.4c.

### Vehicle Fuel:

1990 and 1991: EIA, NGA 2000 (November 2001), Table 95.

1992-1999: EIA, "Alternatives to Traditional Transportation Fuels 1999" (October 1999), Table 10, and "Alternatives to Traditional Transportation Fuels 2003" (February 2004), Table 10. Data for compressed natural gas and liquefied natural gas in gasoline-equivalent gallons were converted to cubic feet by multiplying by the motor gasoline conversion factor (see Table A3) and dividing by the natural gas enduse sectors conversion factor (see Table A4).

2000 forward: EIA, NGM, November 2005, Table 3.

#### **Electric Power Sector**

1973–1988: Table 7.3b. 1989 forward: Table 7.4b.

All Other Data: Calculated.

### Table 4.5 Sources:

### **Storage Activity**

1973–1975: Energy Information Administration (EIA) *Natural Gas Annual 1994, Volume 2*, Table 9.

1976–1979: EIA, *Natural Gas Production and Consumption 1979*, Table 1.

1980–1995: EIA, *Historical Natural Gas Annual 1930 Through 2000*, Table 11.

1996–1999: EIA, *Natural Gas Monthly (NGM)*, monthly issues.

2000 forward: EIA, NGM, November 2005, Table 9.

### Other Data

1973 and 1974: American Gas Association (AGA), Gas Facts, 1972 Data, Table 57, Gas Facts, 1973 Data, Table 57, and Gas Facts, 1974 Data, Table 40.

1975 and 1976: Federal Energy Administration (FEA), Form FEA-G318-M-O, "Underground Gas Storage Report," and Federal Power Commission (FPC), Form FPC-8, "Underground Gas Storage Report."

1977 and 1978: EIA, Form FEA-G-318-M-O, "Underground Gas Storage Report," and Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FERC-8, "Underground Gas Storage Report."

1979–1995: EIA, Form EIA-191, "Underground Gas Storage Report," and FERC, Form FERC-8, "Underground Gas Storage Report."

1996–2002: EIA, NGM, monthly issues.

2003 forward: EIA, NGM, November 2005, Table 9.

# Section 5. Crude Oil and Natural Gas Resource Development

The November 2005 rotary rig count was 1,486, slightly higher than the count in October 2005 and 18 percent higher than the count in November 2004. Of the total number of rigs in operation, 1,402 were onshore and 84 were offshore. For November 2005, the number of onshore rigs was up 21 percent but the number of offshore rigs was down 18 percent from the November 2004 count. Rotary rigs drilling for natural gas as a share of total rigs stood at 83 percent in November 2005.

Total footage drilled in November 2005 was 21.2 million feet, 2 percent higher than the footage drilled in October 2005 and up 18 percent from that drilled in November 2004.

The number of exploratory and development crude oil and natural gas wells drilled during November 2005 was 3,282, 2 percent higher than the number drilled in October 2005 and up 21 percent from the number drilled in

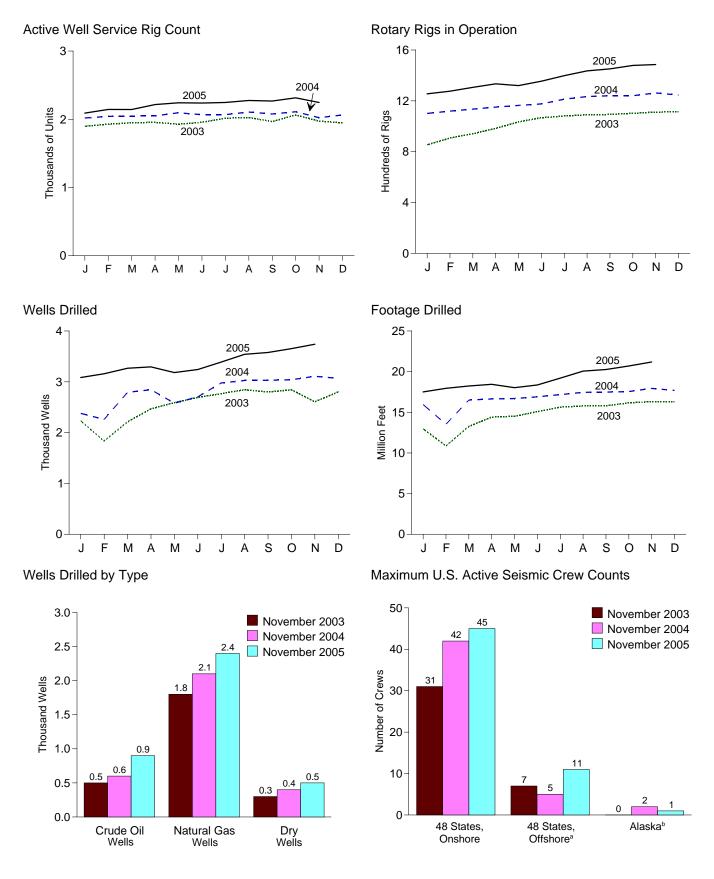
November 2004. The number of crude oil wells drilled was 927, and the number of natural gas wells was 2,355, 45 percent higher and 13 percent higher, respectively, than their November 2004 levels.

The number of dry holes drilled in November 2005 was 458, up 2 percent from the number drilled in October 2005 and up 18 percent from the number drilled in November 2004.

There were 2.2 thousand well service rigs active in November 2005, 3 percent lower than the previous month but 11 percent higher than the count a year ago.

The number of seismic crews active in the 48 States onshore in November 2005 was 45, 3 more than a year earlier. The number of crews active in the 48 States offshore was 11, 6 more than a year earlier. One crew was active in Alaska in November 2005, 1 less crew than a year earlier.

Figure 5.1 Crude Oil and Natural Gas Resource Development Indicators



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Federal and State Jurisdiction waters of the Gulf of Mexico. <sup>b</sup>All onshore.

Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/resource.html. Sources: Tables 5.1-5.3.

Table 5.1 Crude Oil and Natural Gas Drilling Activity Measurements

		Rot	ary Rigs in Opera	tiona			
	Ву	Site	Ву	Туре		Total	Active Well Service
	Onshore	Offshore	Crude Oil	Natural Gas	Totalb	Footage Drilled <sup>c</sup> Thousand Feet  138,223 180,494 314,654 313,045 153,701 117,832 129,045 156,661 143,454 99,410 139,303 R 185,163 138,310  12,962 10,866 13,269 14,409 14,515 15,080 15,637 15,776 15,796 16,156 16,307 16,301 177,074  15,957 13,531 16,508 16,642 16,687 16,905 17,174 17,462 17,485 17,543 17,936 17,693 201,523  R 17,511 R 17,947 R 18,238 R 18,238 R 18,030	Rig Count <sup>d</sup>
			Average			Thousand Feet	Number
1973 Average	1,110	84	NA	NA	1,194	138,223	2,008
1975 Average	1,554	106	NA	NA	1,660	180,494	2,486
1980 Average	2,678	231	NA	NA	2,909	314,654	4,089
1985 Average	1,774	206	NA	NA	1,980	313,045	4,716
1990 Average	902	108	532	464	1,010	153,701	3,658
1995 Average	622	101	323	385	723		3,041
1996 Average	671	108	306	464	779		3,445
1997 Average	821	122	376	564	943	156,661	3,499
998 Average	703	123	264	560	827		3,014
1999 Average	519	106	128	496	625		2,232
2000 Average	778	140	197	720	918		2,692
2001 Average	1.003	153	217	939	1.156	R 185.163	2,267
2002 Average	717	113	137	691	830		1,830
	743	111	132	718	854		1,898
2003 January	743 797	110	153	710 750	907		1,928
February							
March	836	105	171	767	941		1,950
April	877	106	185	795	983		1,954
May	921	113	167	864	1,034		1,927
June	958	109	152	910	1,067		1,957
July	974	107	153	924	1,081		2,016
August	979	111	153	932	1,090		2,026
September	984	109	154	936	1,093	15,796	1,966
October	997	105	158	941	1,102		2,064
November	1,005	106	158	952	1,111	16,307	1,973
December	1,010	104	153	959	1,114	16,301	1,946
Average	924	108	157	872	1,032	177,074	1,967
004 January	1,001	100	143	955	1,101		2,019
February	1,020	99	153	961	1,119	13,531	2,043
March	1,041	94	164	968	1,135	16,508	2,047
April	1,058	93	154	996	1,151	16,642	2,050
May	1,068	96	156	1,007	1,164	16,687	2,095
June	1,080	96	164	1,011	1,176		2,067
July	1,116	97	170	1,041	1,213		2,068
August	1,139	95	170	1,063	1,234		2,106
September	1,148	92	166	1,073	1,240		2,078
October	1,145	95	171	1,068	1,240		2,111
November	1,160	102	183	1,077	1,262		2.024
December	1,140	106	180	1.064	1,246		2.063
Average	1,095	97	165	1,025	1,192		2,064
<b>005</b> January	1,153	102	178	1,075	1,255	<sup>R</sup> 17.511	2,091
February	1,170	106	192	1,083	1,276		2,144
March	1,209	97	186	1,118	1,306		2.143
April	1,241	93	171	1,163	1,334		2,216
May	1.229	91	150	1,170	1,320	R 18 030	2,242
June	1,259	96	146	1,170	1,355	R 18,368	2,242
July	1,297	101	170	1,226	1,398	R 19,196	2,247
	1,297	101	206	1,227	1,396	R 20.061	2,247
August							
September	1,360	91	210	1,236	1,452	R 20,267	2,268
October	1,392	87	217	1,256	1,479	R 20,692	2,315
November 11-Month Average	1,402 <b>1,279</b>	84 <b>95</b>	253 <b>189</b>	1,228 <b>1,183</b>	1,486 <b>1,374</b>	21,186 <b>209,936</b>	2,247 <b>2,221</b>
J	,			,	•	,	,
004 11-Month Average	1,090	96	163	1,021	1,186	183,830	2,064

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Rotary rigs in operation are reported weekly. Monthly data are averages of 4- or 5-week reporting periods, not calendar months. Multi-month data are averages of the reported data over the covered months, *not* averages of the weekly data. Annual data are averages over 52 or 53 weeks, not calendar years. Published data are rounded to the nearest whole number.

average, crewed and working every day of the month.

NA=Not available. R=Revised.

Note: Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/resource.html.

Sources: • Rotary Rigs in Operation: By Site - Baker Hughes, Inc., Houston, Texas, Rotary Rigs Running--by State. By Type - Baker Hughes, Inc., Houston, Texas, weekly phone recording. • Total Footage Drilled: Energy Information Administration computations, which are based on well reports submitted to the American Petroleum Institute by the Petroleum Information Corporation, Denver, Colorado. • Active Well Service Rig Count: Weatherford International, Inc., Houston, Texas.

number.

<sup>b</sup> Sum of rigs drilling for crude oil, rigs drilling for natural gas, and other rigs (not shown) drilling for miscellaneous purposes, such as service wells, injection wells, and stratigraphic tests.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Values shown are totals.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> The number of rigs doing true workovers (where tubing is pulled from the well), or doing rod string and pump repair operations, and that are, on

Table 5.2 Crude Oil and Natural Gas Wells Drilled

(Number of Wells)

		Explor	atory			Develo	pment		Total				
	Crude Oil	Natural Gas	Dry	Total	Crude Oil	Natural Gas	Dry	Total	Crude Oil	Natural Gas	Dry	Total	
1973 Total	642	1,067	5,952	7,661	9,525	5,866	4,368	19,759	10,167	6,933	10,320	27,420	
1975 Total	982	1,248	7,129	9,359	15,966	6,879	6,517	29,362	16,948	8,127	13,646	38,721	
1980 Total	1.764	2,081	9.039	12,884	30,875	15,252	11,599	57,726	32,639	17,333	20.638	70.610	
1985 Total	1,679	1,190	8,924	11,793	33,439	12,978	12,132	58,549	35,118	14,168	21,056	70,342	
	654	689		5,058		10,355	4,598	,	12,198	11,044	•	31,555	
1990 Total			3,715		11,544			26,497			8,313		
1995 Total	542 483	570 570	2,198	3,310	7,085	7,784	2,877	17,746	7,627	8,354	5,075	21,056	
1996 Total		570	2,136	3,189	7,831	8,732	3,146	19,709	8,314	9,302	5,282	22,898	
1997 Total	428	536	2,110	3,074	10,008	10,791	3,592	24,391	10,436	11,327	5,702	27,465	
1998 Total	291	504	1,647	2,442	6,773	10,640	3,193	20,606	7,064	11,144	4,840	23,048	
1999 Total	157	539	1,195	1,891	4,019	10,338	2,217	16,574	4,176	10,877	3,412	18,465	
2000 Total	268	607	1,288	2,163	7,090	15,848	2,737	25,675	7,358	16,455	4,025	27,838	
2001 Total	322	988	1,692	3,002	7,738	21,095	2,392	31,225	8,060	22,083	4,084	34,227	
2002 Total	236	668	1,253	2,157	5,822	15,487	2,328	23,637	6,058	16,155	3,581	25,794	
2003 January	23	49	106	178	528	1.326	202	2.056	551	1.375	308	2.234	
February	27	35	68	130	434	1,113	157	1,704	461	1,148	225	1,834	
March	22	53	86	161	493	1,416	142	2,051	515	1,469	228	2,212	
April	21	65	92	178	621	1,458	211	2,290	642	1,523	303	2,468	
May	22	53	91	166	627	1,601	197	2,425	649	1,654	288	2,591	
	35	53	98	186	632	1,690	184	2,506	667	1,743	282	2,692	
June	32	76	133	241	637	1,694	195	2,506	669	1,743	328	2,692	
July													
August	32	77	112	221	635	1,708	279	2,622	667	1,785	391	2,843	
September	30	95	97	222	654	1,698	227	2,579	684	1,793	324	2,801	
October	28	95	132	255	622	1,707	258	2,587	650	1,802	390	2,842	
November	28	92	134	254	448	1,731	174	2,353	476	1,823	308	2,607	
December	17	95	134	246	636	1,742	178	2,556	653	1,837	312	2,802	
Total	317	838	1,283	2,438	6,967	18,884	2,404	28,255	7,284	19,722	3,687	30,693	
2004 January	26	71	115	212	560	1,439	168	2,167	586	1,510	283	2,379	
February	22	94	66	182	512	1.423	142	2.077	534	1,517	208	2,259	
March	24	84	119	227	550	1,786	230	2,566	574	1,870	349	2,793	
April	32	86	90	208	605	1,838	194	2,637	637	1,924	284	2,845	
May	31	75	102	208	599	1,577	196	2,372	630	1,652	298	2,580	
	24	75 75	96	195	547	1,787	175	2,509	571	1,862	271	2,704	
June		73 77											
July	25		127	229	570	1,934	245	2,749	595	2,011	372	2,978	
August	25	79	129	233	570	1,975	249	2,794	595	2,054	378	3,027	
September	24	79	129	232	556	1,994	249	2,799	580	2,073	378	3,031	
October	25	79	130	234	572	1,985	250	2,807	597	2,064	380	3,041	
November	26	80	133	239	613	2,001	256	2,870	639	2,081	389	3,109	
December	26	79	131	236	603	1,976	252	2,831	629	2,055	383	3,067	
Total	310	958	1,367	2,635	6,857	21,715	2,606	31,178	7,167	22,673	3,973	33,813	
2005 January	26	80	132	238	595	1,998	253	2,846	621	2,078	385	3,084	
February	28	80	135	243	643	2,012	260	2,915	671	2,092	395	3,158	
March	29	87	138	254	670	2.084	259	3.013	699	2,171	397	3.267	
April	26	90	139	255	608	2,168	263	3,039	634	2,258	402	3,294	
May	23	90	135	248	526	2,154	254	2.934	549	2,230	389	3,234	
	23	93	138	253	513	2,134	254	2,934	535	2,244	396	3,162	
June								,		, -		- /	
July	26	95	144	265	597	2,256	270	3,123	623	2,351	414	3,388	
August	32	95	151	278	723	2,258	282	3,263	755	2,353	433	3,541	
September	32	96	152	280	737	2,275	286	3,298	769	2,371	438	3,578	
October	33	97	156	286	762	2,314	291	3,367	795	2,411	447	3,653	
November	39	95	160	294	888	2,260	298	3,446	927	2,355	458	3,740	
11-Month Total	316	998	1,580	2,894	7,262	23,997	2,974	34,233	7,578	24,995	4,554	37,127	
2004 11-Month Total	284	879	1,236	2,399	6,254	19,739	2,354	28,347	6,538	20,618	3,590	30,746	
2003 11-Month Total	300	743	1,149	2,192	6,331	17,142	2,226	25,699	6,631	17,885	3,375	27,891	

Notes: • These well counts include only the original drilling of a hole intended to discover or further develop already discovered crude oil or natural gas resources. Other drilling activities, such as drilling an old well deeper, drilling of laterals from the original well, drilling of service and injection wells, and drilling for resources other than crude oil or natural gas are excluded. Due to the methodology used to estimate ultimate well counts from the available partially reported data, the counts shown on this page are frequently revised. See notes at end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see

http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/resource.html.
Sources: • 1973-1994: Energy Information Administration (EIA), computations based on well reports submitted to the American Petroleum Institute. • 1995 forward: EIA computations based on well reports submitted to the Information Handling Services Energy Group, Inc.

Table 5.3 Maximum U.S. Active Seismic Crew Counts

(Number of Crews)

		48 States	, Onshore	e	4	l8 States,	Offshore	a	Alaska <sup>b</sup>				
	Dimensions <sup>c</sup>			Dimensionsc			Dimensions						
	2	3	4	Totald	2	3	4	Totald	2	3	4	Totald	Tota
000 November	4	40	1	46	7	8	0	16	0	0	0	0	62
001 November	7	34	i	42	7	10	0	17	0	0	0	0	59
002 November	8	27	Ö	35	8	5	Ö	13	1	1	0	2	50
<b>003</b> January	8	19	1	28	8	4	0	12	0	0	0	0	40
February	9	20	0	29	8	4	0	12	0	0	0	0	41
March	8	20	0	28	7	4	0	11	1	1	0	2	41
April	7	20	0	27	7	4	0	11	1	1	0	2	40
May	7	17	0	24	8	4	0	12	1	1	0	2	38
June	7	18	0	25	8	4	0	12	1	1	0	2	39
July	7	21	0	28	7	4	0	11	1	1	0	2	4
August	8	22	0	30	7	4	0	11	1	1	Ô	2	43
September	8	22	Ö	30	7	2	0	9	ò	0	0	0	39
October	7	24	0	31	5	3	0	8	0	0	0	0	39
			-				-		-	-	-	-	
November	7	24	0	31	4	3	0	7	0	0	0	0	38
December	7	25	0	32	5	5	0	10	0	0	0	0	42
<b>004</b> January	8	25	0	33	5	5	0	10	0	0	0	0	43
February	8	27	0	35	5	5	0	10	0	0	0	0	45
March	8	27	0	35	5	5	0	10	0	0	0	0	45
April	9	27	0	36	5	4	0	9	0	0	0	0	45
May	9	26	Ö	35	5	4	Ö	9	Ö	Ö	Ō	Ö	44
June	9	30	Ö	39	4	4	Ö	8	0	2	0	2	49
July	8	30	0	38	4	4	0	8	0	2	0	2	48
					4	-	-	8	-	2	0		49
August	8	31	0	39		4	0		0		-	2	
September	8	32	0	40	4	2	0	6	0	2	0	2	48
October	8	34	0	42	2	2	0	4	0	2	0	2	48
November	9	33	0	42	1	4	0	5	0	2	0	2	49
December	9	32	0	41	3	4	0	7	0	2	0	2	50
<b>005</b> January	8	33	0	41	5	4	0	9	0	2	0	2	52
February	8	34	Ö	42	5	4	Ö	9	Ô	2	Ō	2	53
March	6	33	Ö	39	6	6	0	12	Ö	0	Ö	0	5
April	8	30	0	38	6	6	0	12	0	0	0	0	50
	8	30 34	0	30 42	7	6	0	13	0	0	0	0	5
May			-				-		-	-	-		
June	9	35	0	44	7	5	0	12	0	1	0	1	57
July	8	34	0	42	6	5	0	11	0	1	0	1	54
August	8	35	0	43	6	5	0	11	0	1	0	1	5
September	7	37	0	44	6	5	0	11	0	1	0	1	56
October	6	39	0	45	6	5	0	11	0	1	0	1	5
November	5	40	0	45	6	5	0	11	0	1	0	1	5

a Federal and State Jurisdiction waters of the Gulf of Mexico.

nearby offline features that 2D surveys are prone to (except, of course, along the outer faces of the cube). Four dimensional (4D) reflection seismic surveying is the exact repetition of a 3D survey at two or more time intervals. The primary application of 4D is mapping the movement of fluid interfaces in producing oil and gas reservoirs.

d Includes crews with unknown survey dimension.

Notes: • A "seismic crew" is a group of people, of varying number, engaged in a seismic surveying job. • "48 States" is the United States excluding Alaska and Hawaii. • Data are reported on the first and fifteenth of each month, except January when they are reported only on the fifteenth. When semi-monthly values differ for the month, the larger of the two values is shown here. Consequently this table reflects the maximum number of crews at work at any time during the month.

Web Page: For monthly data beginning March 2000, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/resource.html.
Source: World Geophysical News, IHS Energy Group, Denver, CO, used

with permission.

All onshore.

In **two-dimensional** (2D) reflection seismic surveying both the sound source and the sound detectors (numbering up to a hundred or more per shot) are moved along a straight line. The resultant product can be thought of as a vertical sonic cross-section of the subsurface beneath the survey line. It is constructed by summing many compressional (pressure) wave reflections from the various sound source and sound detector locations at the halfway sound path points beneath each location (common depth point stacking). In **three-dimensional** (3D) reflection seismic surveying the sound detectors (numbering up to a thousand or more) are spread out over an area and the sound source is moved from location to location through the area. The resultant product can be thought of as a cube of common depth point stacked reflections. Advantages over 2D include the additional dimension, the fact that many more reflections are available for stacking at each point, which provides greatly improved resolution of subsurface features, and elimination of the "ghost" or "side swipe" reflections from

# Crude Oil and Natural Gas Resource Development

#### Table 5.2 Notes

Three well types are considered in the *Monthly Energy Review (MER)* drilling statistics: "completed for crude oil," "completed for natural gas," and "dry hole." Wells that productively encounter both crude oil and natural gas are categorized as "completed for crude oil." Both development wells and exploratory wells (new field wildcats, new pool tests, and extension tests) are included in the statistics. All other classes of wells drilled in connection with the search for producible hydrocarbons are excluded.

Prior to the March 1985 *MER*, drilling statistics consisted of completion data for the above types and classes of wells as reported to the American Petroleum Institute (API) during a given month. Due to time lags between the date of well completion and the date of completion reporting to the API, as-reported well completions proved to be an inaccurate indicator of drilling activity. During 1982, for example,

as-reported well completions rose, while the number of actual completions fell. Consequently, the drilling statistics published since the March 1985 *MER* are Energy Information Administration (EIA) estimates produced by statistically imputing well counts and footage based on the partial data available from the API. These estimates are subject to continuous revision as new data, some of which pertain to earlier months and years, become available. Additional information about the EIA estimation methodology may be found in "Estimating Well Completions," the feature article published in the March 1985 *MER*.

Users of the well completion and footage figures published by the Energy Information Administration (EIA) prior to August 1998 should be aware that these data have been revised. The published well completion and footage figures are produced by the Well Completion Estimation Procedure (WELCOM) based on drilling records provided under contract to the EIA. Problems in the files received by EIA necessitated revision of the historical series for well completions and footage drilled. Queries regarding this matter may be directed to William Trapmann (202-586-6408 or william.trapmann@eia.doe.gov).

### Section 6. Coal

Coal production in November 2005 totaled 92 million short tons, slightly higher than in November 2004.

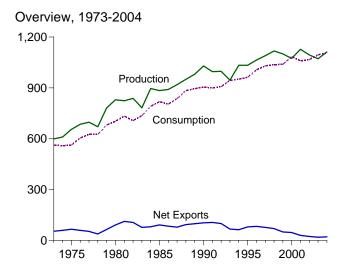
Coal consumed by the electric power sector in September 2005 was 89 million short tons, 4 percent higher than the level in September 2004.

Electric power sector coal stocks were 98 million short tons

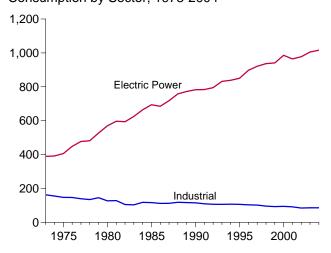
at the end of September 2005, 8 percent lower than the level a year earlier.

Coal exports in October 2005 totaled 4 million short tons, 27 percent higher than exports in October 2004. Coal imports in October 2005 totaled 2 million short tons, 7 percent lower than imports in October 2004.

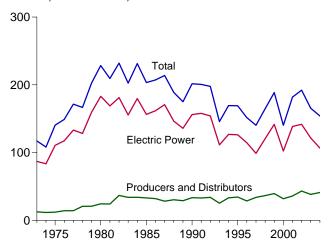
Figure 6.1 Coal (Million Short Tons)



## Consumption by Sector, 1973-2004

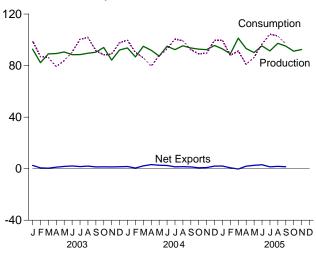


### Stocks, End of Year, 1973-2004

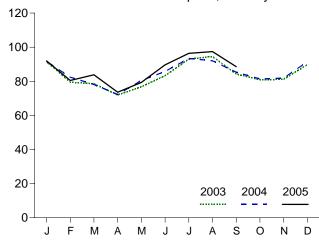


Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/coal.html. Sources: Tables 6.1, 6.2, and 6.3.

### Overview, Monthly



### Electric Power Sector Consumption, Monthly



### Electric Power Sector Stocks, End of Month

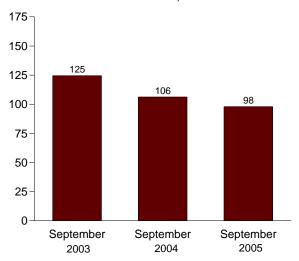


Table 6.1 Coal Overview

(Thousand Short Tons)

	Production <sup>a</sup>	Waste Coal <sup>b,c</sup>	Imports	Exports	Stock Changed	Losses and Unaccounted for <sup>e</sup>	Consumptio
72 T-4-1	500 FC0	NIA.	407	E2 E07	, f >	0.47.476	ECO E04
73 Total	598,568	NA	127	53,587	( <sup>f</sup> )	<sup>9</sup> -17,476	562,584
75 Total	654,641	NA	940	66,309	32,154	-5,522	562,640
80 Total	829,700	NA	1,194	91,742	25,595	10,827	702,730
35 Total	883,638	NA	1,952	92,680	-27,934	2,796	818,049
90 Total	1,029,076	3,339	2,699	105,804	26,542	-1,730	904,498
95 Total	1,032,974	8,561	9,473	88,547	-275	632	962,104
6 Total	1,063,856	8,778	8,115	90,473	-17,456	1,411	1,006,321
7 Total	1,089,932	8,096	7,487	83,545	-11,253	3,678	1,029,544
98 Total	1,117,535	8,690	8,724	78,048	24,228	-4,430	1,037,103
				58,476			
99 Total	1,100,431	8,683	9,089		23,988	-2,906	1,038,647
00 Total	1,073,612	9,089	12,513	58,489	-48,309	938	1,084,095
01 Total	1,127,689	(°)	19,787	48,666	41,630	-2,966	1,060,146
02 Total	1,094,283	(°)	16,875	39,601	10,215	-5,012	1,066,355
<b>03</b> January	92,804	(°)	1,134	3,680	-6,051	-2,718	99,026
February	82,264	(c)	1,804	2,428	-3,488	-1,904	87,032
March	89,134	(°)	2,017	2,410	4,064	-1,505	86,182
April	89,378	(°)	2,390	3,571	6.634	2,251	79,312
May	90,610	(°)	2,109	3,875	4,490	464	83,889
June	88.511	) c í	1.894	4.003	-2.803	-1.302	90.508
July	88.534	\c\	2.619	4.223	-11.519	-1.932	100.381
•	/	(°)	2,019	4,164	-10.204	-4,113	,
August	89,586	(°)	,				101,872
September	90,444		2,300	3,707	-4,539	2,067	91,510
October	94,058	(°)	2,545	3,997	2,134	2,078	88,395
November	84,266	(°)	2,358	3,737	-433	-5,627	88,947
December	92,163	(°)	1,742	3,219	-4,945	-2,176	97,808
Total	1,071,753	(°)	25,044	43,014	-26,659	-14,419	1,094,861
<b>04</b> January	93,684	(°)	1,748	3,447	<sup>R</sup> -9,755	<sup>R</sup> 1,933	R 99,808
February	86,772	(°)	1,789	2,276	<sup>R</sup> -3,602	<sup>R</sup> -347	R 90,233
March	95,036	(°)	1.788	3,965	<sup>R</sup> 5.512	<sup>R</sup> 1.272	R 86.076
April	91.892	(°)	2.157	5,359	R 8.628	<sup>R′</sup> 418	R 79,645
May	87,350	) c í	2,232	4,910	R 3.306	R -6,328	R 87.694
,		(c)			R -2,965	R 2,560	R 92.976
June	95,093	(°)	2,464	4,987			
July	92,427	\ /	2,531	3,957	R -9,077	R -585	R 100,664
August	95,382	(°)	2,494	4,067	<sup>R</sup> -3,687	<sup>R</sup> 1,824	<sup>R</sup> 99,319
September	93,675	(°)	2,779	4,178	<sup>R</sup> -2,139	<sup>R</sup> 1,867	<sup>R</sup> 92,548
October	92,763	(°)	2,678	3,358	<sup>R</sup> 5,521	<sup>R</sup> -2,465	<sup>R</sup> 89,026
November	92,419	(°)	2,258	3,144	R 3,098	<sup>R</sup> -1,231	R 89,667
December	95.606	(°)	2,361	4.350	R -6,302	R 319	R 99,599
Total	1,112,099	(°)	27,280	47,998	R -11,462	R -4,412	R 1,107,255
<b>05</b> January	92,935	(°)	2,014	4,075	R -9,909	<sup>R</sup> 1,124	R 99,659
February	89,166	(°)	2,315	3,008	R -1,915	R 2.433	R 87.955
March	101,278	(c)	3,277	3,046	R 8.321	R 1,779	R 91.409
April	93.243	(c)	2,376	4.294	R 9.088	R 1.231	R 81,007
	93,243	(°)	2,376	5.010	<sup>R</sup> 5.121	R -4.077	R 86,465
May	/	(°)		-,	R -3.047	R -1,364	
June	95,329	(°)	2,454	5,499			R 96,696
July	R 91,379		2,681	4,147	R -10,319	R -4,162	R 104,394
August	<sup>R</sup> 97,325	( ° )	2,387	4,219	R -9,122	R 1,613	R 103,003
September	<sup>R</sup> 95,148	(°)	2,764	4,254	<sup>R</sup> -1,315	<sup>R</sup> -1,789	<sup>R</sup> 96,762
October	91,192	(°)	<sup>R</sup> 2,486	<sup>R</sup> 4,251	NA	NA	NA
November	92,467	(°)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
11-Month Total	1,029,579	(°)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
04 11-Month Total	1,016,493	(°)	24,919	43,648	-5,160	-4,731	1,007,655
03 11-Month Total	979,590	(°)	23,302	39,795	-21,714	-12,243	997,053

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Beginning in 2001, includes bituminous refuse.

and waste coal, minus exports, stock change, and consumption.

f Included in "Losses and Unaccounted for."

b Waste coal (including anthracite culm, bituminous gob, fine coal, and lignite waste) consumed by independent power producers. For 1989-2000, waste coal is counted as a supply-side item to balance the same amount of waste coal included

in "Consumption."

<sup>o</sup> Beginning in 2001, bituminous refuse is included in "Production"; to avoid double counting, waste coal is not counted as a separate supply-side item for 2001

forward.

d A negative value indicates a decrease in stocks; a positive value indicates an

increase.  $^{\rm e}$  "Losses and Unaccounted for" is calculated as the sum of production, imports,

g Includes stock change.

R=Revised. NA=Not available.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia. • For methodology used to calculate production, consumption, and stocks, see Notes 1, 2, and 3 at end of section.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/coal.html.

Sources: See end of section.

Table 6.2 Coal Consumption by Sector

(Thousand Short Tons)

	End-Use Sectors											
		(	Commerci	al			Industrial					
	Resi-				Coke	Ot	her Industri	ial		Ī	Electric Power	Total
	dential	СНРа	Otherb	Total	Plants	CHPc	Non-CHP <sup>d</sup>	Total	Total	Trans- portation	Sector <sup>e,f</sup>	
1973 Total	4,113	( <sup>9</sup> )	7,004	7,004	94,101	( <sup>h</sup> )	68,038	68,038	162,139	116	389,212	562,584
1975 Total	2,823	(g)	6,587	6,587	83,598	(h)	63,646	63,646	147,244	24	405,962	562,640
1980 Total	1,355	(g)	5,097	5,097	66,657	(h)	60,347	60,347	127,004	(h)	569,274	702,730
1985 Total	1,711	(g)	6,068	6,068	41,056	(h)	75,372	75,372	116,429	(h)	693,841	818,049
1990 Total	1,345	1,191	4,189	5,379	38,877	27,781	48,549	76,330	115,207	(h)	782,567	904,498
1995 Total	755	1,419	3,633	5,052	33,011	29,363	43,693	73,055	106,067	(h)	850,230	962,104
1996 Total	721	1,660	3,625	5,285	31,706	29,434	42,254	71,689	103,395	( h )	896,921	1,006,321
1997 Total	711	1,738	4,015	5,752	30,203	29,853	41,661	71,515	101,718	(þ)	921,364	1,029,544
1998 Total	534	1,443	2,879	4,322	28,189	28,553	38,887	67,439	95,628	(h)	936,619	1,037,103
1999 Total	585	1,490	2,803	4,293	28,108	27,763	36,975	64,738	92,846	(h)	940,922	1,038,647
2000 Total	454	1,547	2,126	3,673	28,939	28,031	37,177	65,208	94,147	(h)	985,821	1,084,095
2001 Total	481	1,448	2,441	3,888	26,075	25,755	39,514	65,268	91,344	(h)	964,433	1,060,146
2002 Total	489	1,405	2,551	3,956	23,656	26,232	34,515	60,747	84,403	(h)	977,507	1,066,355
2003 January	57	171	290	461	1,941	2,286	2,919	5,206	7,147	( h )	91,361	99,026
February	48	152	234	386	1,958	2,010	3,182	5,192	7,150	(h)	79,447	87,032
March	35	155	129	284	2,105	2,072	3,130	5,202	7,307	(h)	78,557	86,182
April	40	137	186	323	2,047	1,895	3,007	4,903	6,950	( h )	72,000	79,312
May	28	137	93	230	1,964	2,029	2,866	4,895	6,859	( h )	76,772	83,889
June	25	144	58	202	2,059	1,998	2,911	4,909	6,968	(h)	83,313	90,508
July	35	159	127	287	2,079	2,183	2,802	4,985	7,064	( h )	92,994	100,381
August	35	164	121	285	2,007	2,200	2,780	4,980	6,987	( h )	94,565	101,872
September	23	146	36	183	2,024	1,957	3,029	4,986	7,010	( <u>h</u> )	84,294	91,510
October	28	141	83	224	2,001	2,008	3,277	5,285	7,286	( h )	80,857	88,395
November	44	143	212	355	1,976	1,981	3,389	5,370	7,345	( h )	81,202	88,947
December	68	165	386	551	2,087	2,227	3,122	5,349	7,436	(h)	89,753	97,808
Total	466	1,816	1,954	3,770	24,248	24,846	36,415	61,261	85,509	( h )	1,005,116	1,094,861
2004 January	R 72	R 202	R 383	<sup>R</sup> 585	1,996	R 2,465	<sup>R</sup> 2,978	<sup>R</sup> 5,443	<sup>R</sup> 7,439	( h )	<sup>R</sup> 91,712	R 99,808
February	<sup>R</sup> 58	<sup>R</sup> 184	<sup>R</sup> 287	<sup>R</sup> 471	1,829	R 2,213	R 3,262	<sup>R</sup> 5,475	<sup>R</sup> 7,304	( h )	<sup>R</sup> 82,401	R 90,233
March	<sup>R</sup> 39	<sup>R</sup> 181	<sup>R</sup> 131	R 312	2,080	R 2,177	R 3,319	<sup>R</sup> 5,495	<sup>R</sup> 7,575	( h )	<sup>R</sup> 78,150	R 86,076
April	R 47	R 141	R 238	R 379	2,023	R 2,080	R 2,858	R 4,938	<sup>R</sup> 6,961	( h )	<sup>R</sup> 72,258	<sup>R</sup> 79,645
May	R 34	R 152	R 120	R 271	1,974	R 2,147	R 2,816	R 4,962	R 6,936	( h )	R 80,454	R 87,694
June	R 32	R 152	R 109	R 261	1,934	R 2,229	R 2,732	R 4,961	R 6,895	(h)	R 85,787	R 92,976
July	R 44	R 154	R 202	R 357	1,918	R 2,370	R 2,594	R 4,964	R 6,882	(h)	R 93,381	R 100,664
August	R 38	R 154	R 151	R 306	1,996	R 2,253	R 2,720	R 4,973	R 6,969	(h)	R 92,006	R 99,319
September	R 31	R 142	R 107	R 249	1,979	R 2,084	R 2,858	R 4,941	R 6,920	(h)	R 85,348	R 92,548
October	R 33 R 53	R 131	R 133	R 264	2,002	R 2,153	R 3,194	R 5,347	R 7,349	(h) (h)	R 81,380	R 89,026
November	R 84	R 158	R 269	R 427	1,937	R 2,122 R 2.321	R 3,224	R 5,346	R 7,283	(h)	R 81,904	R 89,667
December		R 165	R 511	R 677	2,003		R 3,028	R 5,349	R 7,352	( '' ) ( h )	R 91,487	R 99,599
Total	R <b>563</b>	R 1,917	R <b>2,642</b>	<sup>R</sup> 4,558	23,670	R 26,613	<sup>R</sup> 35,582	<sup>R</sup> 62,195	R <b>85,865</b>	( )	R 1,016,268	R 1,107,255
2005 January	<sup>R</sup> 67	<sup>R</sup> 181	<sup>R</sup> 361	<sup>R</sup> 542	1,865	R 1,783	R 3,438	R 5,221	<sup>R</sup> 7,086	( h )	<sup>R</sup> 91,964	R 99,659
February	<sup>R</sup> 52	<sup>R</sup> 159	R 262	<sup>R</sup> 421	1,778	R 1,703	R 3,532	R 5,235	<sup>R</sup> 7,013	(h)	R 80,470	<sup>R</sup> 87,955
March	R 50	R 163	R 242	R 405	1,941	R 1,790	R 3,432	R 5,222	<sup>R</sup> 7,163	( h )	R 83,791	R 91,409
April	R 43	<sup>R</sup> 127	R 219	R 346	2,208	R 1,665	R 3,161	R 4,826	R 7,034	( <u>h</u> )	R 73,584	R 81,007
May	R 34	R 127	R 147	R 274	1,931	R 1,625	R 3,257	R 4,882	R 6,814	( h )	R 79,343	R 86,465
June	<sup>R</sup> 36	R 147	<sup>R</sup> 144	<sup>R</sup> 291	1,908	R 1,677	R 3,156	R 4,833	<sup>R</sup> 6,741	( h )	R 89,628	R 96,696
July	R 43	R 154	R 192	R 346	R 2,697	R 1,770	R 3,179	R 4,950	<sup>R</sup> 7,647	( h )	R 96,358	R 104,394
August	R 41	R 150	<sup>R</sup> 180	R 329	R 289	R 1,757	R 3,181	R 4,939	R 5,227	( h )	R 97,405	R 103,003
September	29	138	98	236	3,023	1,689	3,182	4,871	7,894	(h)	88,603	96,762
9-Month Total	394	1,346	1,845	3,191	17,641	15,459	29,519	44,978	62,619	(h)	781,146	847,350
2004 9-Month Total 2003 9-Month Total	394 326	1,462 1,366	1,729 1,273	3,191 2,639	17,728 18,184	20,016 18,631	26,136 26,627	46,153 45,258	63,881 63,441	( <sup>h</sup> )	761,497 753,304	828,963 819,711

a Commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and a small number of commercial electricity-only plants, such as those at hospitals and universities. See note at end of Section 7.

b All commercial sector fuel use other than that in "Commercial CHP."

R=Revised.

Notes: • CHP monthly data are from Table 7.4c; electric power sector monthly data are from Table 7.4b; all other monthly values are estimated. See Note 2 at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see

http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/coal.html.

Sources: See end of section.

Oldustrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and a small number of industrial electricity-only plants. See note at end of Section 7.
d All industrial sector fuel use other than that in "Coke Plants" and "Industrial

CHP."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public.

f Through 1988, data are for consumption at electric utilities only. Beginning

in 1989, data also include consumption at independent power producers.

g Included in "Commercial Other."
 h Included in "Industrial Non-CHP."

Table 6.3 Coal Stocks by Sector

(Thousand Short Tons)

			E	nd-Use Sectors				
	Producers	Residential		Industrial			Electric	
	and Distributors	and Commercial	Coke Plants	<b>O</b> ther <sup>a</sup>	Total	Total	Power Sector <sup>b,c</sup>	Total
1973 Year	12,530	290	6,998	10,370	17,368	17,658	86,967	117,155
1975 Year	12,108	233	8,797	8,529	17,326	17,559	110,724	140,391
1980 Year	24,379	NA	9,067	11,951	21,018	21,018	183,010	228,407
1985 Year	33,133	NA	3,420	10,438	13,857	13,857	156,376	203,367
1990 Year	33,418	NA	3,329	8,716	12,044	12,044	156,166	201,629
1995 Year	34,444	NA	2,632	5,702	8,334	8,334	126,304	169,083
1996 Year	28,648	NA	2,667	5,688	8,355	8,355	114,623	151,627
1997 Year	33,973	NA	1,978	5,597	7,576	7,576	98,826	140,374
1998 Year	36,530	NA	2,026	5,545	7,571	7,571	120,501	164,602
1999 Year	39,475	NA	1,943	5,569	7,511	7,511	° 141,604	188,590
2000 Year	31,905	NA	1,494	4,587	6,081	6,081	102,296	140,282
2001 Year	35,900	NA	1,510	6,006	7,516	7,516	138,496	181,912
2002 Year	43,257	NA	1,364	5,792	7,156	7,156	141,714	192,127
2003 January	44,648	NA	1,353	5,314	6,667	6,667	134,761	186,075
February	46,039	NA	1,341	4,837	6,177	6,177	130,372	182,588
March	47,429	NA	1,329	4,359	5,688	5,688	133,536	186,652
April	46,903	NA	1,377	4,297	5,674	5,674	140,709	193,286
May	46,012	NA	1,426	4,234	5,660	5,660	146,104	197,776
June	45,070	NA	1,474	4,172	5,646	5,646	144,257	194,973
July	42,735	NA	1,345	4,407	5,751	5,751	134,968	183,454
August	40,647	NA	1,215	4,642	5,857	5,857	126,747	173,251
September	38,231	NA	1,085	4,878	5,963	5,963	124,518	168,712
October	37,352	NA	1,025	4,824	5,849	5,849	127,645	170,846
November	37,984	NA	965	4,771	5,736	5,736	126,692	170,413
December	38,277	NA	905	4,718	5,623	5,623	121,567	165,468
2004 January	R 38,477	NA	1,020	4,458	5,478	5,478	<sup>R</sup> 111,758	<sup>R</sup> 155,712
February	<sup>R</sup> 39,069	NA	1,134	4,197	5,332	5,332	<sup>R</sup> 107,709	<sup>R</sup> 152,110
March	R 39,305	NA	1,249	3,937	5,186	5,186	<sup>R</sup> 113,131	<sup>R</sup> 157,622
April	R 39,812	NA	1,278	4,056	5,334	5,334	R 121,104	<sup>R</sup> 166,251
May	<sup>R</sup> 40,335	NA	1,307	4,175	5,482	5,482	R 123,739	<sup>R</sup> 169,556
June	R 40,698	NA	1,336	4,294	5,630	5,630	R 120,263	R 166,591
July	<sup>R</sup> 40,117	NA	1,289	4,482	5,771	5,771	R 111,625	<sup>R</sup> 157,514
August	R 39,852	NA	1,242	4,671	5,913	5,913	R 108,062	R 153,827
September	R 39,425	NA	1,196	4,859	6,055	6,055	R 106,209	R 151,688
October	R 39,963	NA	1,245	4,853	6,098	6,098	R 111,148	R 157,209
November	R 40,866	NA	1,294	4,848	6,142	6,142	R 113,299	R 160,307
December	<sup>R</sup> 41,151	NA	1,344	4,842	6,186	6,186	<sup>R</sup> 106,669	<sup>R</sup> 154,006
2005 January	RF 40,085	NA	1,512	4,727	6,240	6,240	R 97,772	R 144,096
February	RF 37,596	NA	1,681	4,612	6,293	6,293	R 98,292	<sup>R</sup> 142,181
March	RF 38,698	NA	1,849	4,498	6,347	6,347	R 105,458	R 150,503
April	RF 36,808	NA	2,019	4,675	6,695	6,695	R 116,088	<sup>R</sup> 159,591
May	RF 37,754	NA	2,189	4,853	7,042	7,042	R 119,916	R 164,712
June	RF 38,422	NA	2,440	5,031	7,471	7,471	R 115,772	R 161,664
July	<sup>F</sup> 38,147	NA	R 2,447	<sup>R</sup> 5,196	<sup>R</sup> 7,643	<sup>R</sup> 7,643	<sup>R</sup> 105,556	<sup>R</sup> 151,346
August	<sup>F</sup> 35,357	NA	R 2,454	<sup>R</sup> 5,361	<sup>R</sup> 7,815	R 7,815	R 99,051	R 142,223
September	F 34,965	NA	2,461	5,526	7,987	7,987	97,956	140,908

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Through 1977, data are for stocks held by the manufacturing and transportation sectors. Beginning in 1978, data are for stocks held at manufacturing

Notes: • Stocks are at end of period. • Producer and distributor monthly values

are estimates derived from collected annual data; end-use sector monthly values are estimates derived from collected affind data, end-use sector monthly values are data from Table 7.5. See Note 3 at end of section.

Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see

http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/coal.html.
Sources: See end of section. Forecast values: Energy Information
Administration, Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System. See Note 4 at end of

plants only.

b The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-andpower (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public.

<sup>c</sup> Through 1998, data are for stocks at electric utilities only. Beginning in 1999,

data also include stocks at independent power producers. R=Revised. NA=Not available. F=Forecast.

### Coal

Note 1. Production: Preliminary monthly estimates of national coal production are the sum of weekly estimates developed by the Energy Information Administration (EIA) and published in the Weekly Coal Production report. When a week extends into a new month, production is allocated on a daily basis and added to the appropriate month. Weekly estimates are based on Association of American Railroads data showing the number of railcars loaded with coal during the week by Class I and certain other railroads. number is converted into tons of coal by EIA by using the average number of tons of coal per railcar loaded reported in the most recent "Quarterly Freight Commodity Statistics" from the Surface Transportation Board. If an average coal tonnage per railcar loaded is not available for a specific railroad, the national average is used. To derive the estimate of total weekly production, the total rail tonnage for the week is divided by the ratio of quarterly production shipped by rail and total quarterly production. Data for the corresponding quarter of previous years are used to derive this ratio. This method ensures that the seasonal variations are preserved in the production estimates.

When preliminary quarterly data become available, the monthly and weekly estimates are adjusted to conform to the quarterly figure. The adjustment procedure uses State-level production data and is explained in EIA's Quarterly Coal Report. Initial estimates of annual production published in January of the following year are based on preliminary production data covering the first 9 months (three quarters) and weekly/monthly estimates for the fourth quarter. The fourth quarter estimates may or may not be revised when preliminary data become available in March of the following year, depending on the magnitude of the difference between the estimates and the preliminary data. In any event, all quarterly, monthly, and weekly production figures are adjusted to conform to the final annual production data published in the Monthly Energy Review in the fall of the following year.

**Note 2. Consumption**: Coal consumption data are reported by major end-use sector. Forecast data (designated by an "F") are derived from forecasted values shown in the EIA *Short-Term Energy Outlook* (DOE/EIA-0202) table titled "U.S. Coal Supply and Demand: Mid World Oil Price Case." The monthly estimates are based on the quarterly values, which are released in March, June, September, and December. The estimates are revised quarterly as collected data become available from the data sources. Sector-specific information follows.

Residential and Commercial—Coal consumption by the residential and commercial sectors is reported to the Energy Information Administration (EIA) for the two sectors combined; EIA estimates the amount consumed by the

sectors individually. To create the estimates, it is first assumed that an occupied coal-heated housing unit consumes fuel at the same Btu rate as an oil-heated housing unit. Then, for the years in which data are available on the number of occupied housing units by heating source (1973-1981 and subsequent odd-numbered years), residential consumption of coal is estimated by the following steps: a ratio is created of the number of occupied housing units heated by coal to the number of occupied housing units heated by oil; that ratio is then multiplied times the Btu quantity of oil consumed by the residential sector to derive an estimate of the Btu quantity of coal consumed by the residential sector; and, finally, the amount estimated as the residential sector consumption is subtracted from the residential and commercial sectors' combined consumption to derive the commercial sector's estimated consumption. The 2003 share is applied to 2004 and succeeding years, and the other missing years' shares are interpolated.

Industrial Coke Plants—Prior to 1980, monthly coke plant consumption data were taken directly from reported data. From 1980-1987, coke plant consumption estimates were derived by proportioning reported quarterly data by using the ratios of monthly-to-quarterly consumption data in 1979, the last year in which monthly data were reported. Beginning in January 1988, monthly coke plant consumption estimates are derived from the reported quarterly data by using monthly ratios of raw steel production data from the American Iron and Steel Institute. The ratios are the monthly raw steel production from open hearth and basic oxygen process furnaces as a proportion of the quarterly production from those kinds of furnaces.

Industrial Other—Prior to 1978, monthly consumption data for the other industrial sector (all industrial users minus coke plants) were derived by using reported data to modify baseline consumption figures from the most recent Bureau of the Census Annual Survey of Manufactures or Census of Manufactures. For 1978 and 1979, monthly estimates were derived from data reported on Forms EIA-3 and EIA-6. From 1980-1987, monthly figures were estimated by proportioning quarterly data by using the ratios of monthlyto-quarterly consumption data in 1979, the last year in which monthly data were reported on Form EIA-3. Quarterly consumption data were derived by adding beginning stocks at manufacturing plants to current receipts and subtracting ending stocks at manufacturing plants. In this calculation, current receipts were the greater of either reported receipts from manufacturing plants (Form EIA-3) or reported shipments to the other industrial sector (Form EIA-6), thereby ensuring that agriculture, forestry, fishing, mining, and construction consumption data were included where appropriate. Starting in January 1988, monthly consumption for the other industrial sector is estimated from reported quarterly data by using ratios derived from industrial production indices published by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. Indices for six major industry groups are

used as the basis for calculating the ratios: food manufacturing, which is North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code 333; paper manufacturing, NAICS 322; chemical manufacturing, NAICS 325; petroleum and coal products, NAICS 324; nonmetallic mineral products manufacturing, NAICS 327; and primary metal manufacturing, NAICS 331. The monthly ratios are computed as the monthly sum of the weighted indices as a proportion of the quarterly sum of the weighted indices by using the 1977 proportion as the weights.

Electric Power Sector—Monthly consumption data for electric power plants are taken directly from reported data.

**Note 3. Stocks**: Coal stocks data are reported by major end-use sector. Forecast data for the most recent months (designated by an "F") are derived from forecasted values shown in the EIA *Short-Term Energy Outlook* (DOE/EIA-0202) table titled "U.S. Coal Supply and Demand: Mid World Oil Price Case." The monthly estimates are based on the quarterly values (released in March, June, September, and December) or annual values. The estimates are revised as collected data become available from the data sources. Sector-specific information follows.

Producers and Distributors—Prior to 1998, quarterly stocks at producers and distributors were taken directly from reported data. Monthly data were estimated by using one-third of the current quarterly change to indicate the monthly change in stocks. Beginning in 1998, end-of-year stocks are taken from reported data. Monthly stocks are estimated by a model.

Residential and Commercial—Prior to 1980, stock estimates for the residential and commercial sector were taken directly from reported data. Beginning in 1980, stock estimates for the sector were considered to be statistically insignificant and are no longer collected.

Industrial Coke Plants—Prior to 1980, monthly stocks at coke plants were taken directly from reported data. From 1980 forward, coke plant stocks are estimated by using one-third of the current quarterly change to indicate the monthly change in stocks. Quarterly stocks are taken directly from data reported on Form EIA-5.

Industrial Other—Prior to 1978, stocks for the other industrial sector were derived by using reported data to modify baseline figures from a one-time Bureau of Mines survey of consumers. For 1978–1982, monthly estimates were derived by judgmentally proportioning reported quarterly data based on representative seasonal patterns of supply and demand. From 1983 forward, other industrial coal stocks are estimated as indicated above for coke plants. Quarterly stocks are taken directly from data reported on Form EIA-3 and therefore include only manufacturing industries; data for agriculture, forestry, fishing, mining, and construction stocks are not available.

Electric Power—Monthly stocks data at electric power plants are taken directly from reported data.

Note 4. Forecast Values: Data values preceded by "F" in this section are forecast values. They are derived from EIA's Short-Term Integrated Forecasting System (STIFS). The model is driven primarily by data and assumptions about key macroeconomic variables, the world oil price, and weather. The coal forecast relies on other variables as well, such as alternative fuel prices (natural gas and oil) and power generation by sources other than fossil fuels, including nuclear and hydroelectric power. Each month, EIA staff review the model output and make adjustments, if appropriate, based on their knowledge of developments in the coal industry.

The STIFS model results are published monthly in EIA's *Short-Term Energy Outlook*, which is available from the National Energy Information Center (202-586-8800) and accessible on the Web at http://www.eia.doe.gov. Documentation for the model and instructions for downloading and operating it on a personal computer are provided.

**Note 5. Additional Information**: EIA's *Quarterly Coal Report* provides additional information about coal data and estimation procedures.

### **Table 6.1 Sources**

### **Production**

1973–September 1977: U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Mines, *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*.

October 1977 forward: Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Weekly Coal Production*.

### **Waste Coal**

EIA, Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generator Report-Nonutility" and predecessor form.

#### **Imports and Exports**

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Monthly Reports IM-145 (Imports) and EM-545 (Exports).

### **Stock Change**

Calculated from data in Table 6.3.

### Losses and Unaccounted for

Calculated as the sum of production, imports, and waste coal, minus exports, stock change, and consumption.

### Consumption

Table 6.2.

#### **Table 6.2 Sources**

#### **Residential and Commercial**

1973–1976: U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), Bureau of Mines (BOM), *Minerals Yearbook*.

January–September 1977: DOI, BOM, Form 6-1400, "Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers-Upper Lake Docks." October 1977–1979: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-2, "Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers-Upper Lake Docks."

1980–1997: EIA, Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report," quarterly.

1998 forward: DOI, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Form 7000-2, "Quarterly Mine Employment and Coal Production."

#### **Industrial Coke Plants**

1973–September 1977: DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*.

October 1977–1980: EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke and Coal Chemicals-Monthly/Annual Supplement."

1981–1984: EIA, Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke Plant Report-Quarterly/Annual Supplement."

1985 forward: EIA, Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report-Quarterly."

### **Industrial Other**

1973–September 1977: DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*.

October 1977–1979: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Monthly Coal Consumption Report-Manufacturing Plants."

1980–1997: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report-Manufacturing Plants," and Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report," quarterly.

1998 forward: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report-Manufacturing Plants," and Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report," annual.

### **Transportation**

1973–1976: DOI, BOM, Minerals Yearbook.

January–September 1977: DOI, BOM, Form 6-1400, "Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers-Upper Lake Docks." October–December 1977: EIA, Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report," quarterly.

### **Electric Power**

1973–1988: Table 7.3b. 1989 forward: Table 7.4b.

### **Table 6.3 Sources**

### **Producers and Distributors**

1973–1979: DOI, BOM, Form 6-1419Q, "Distribution of Bituminous Coal and Lignite Shipments."

1980–1997: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report," quarterly."

1998 forward: EIA, Form EIA-6A, "Coal Distribution Report," annual.

### Residential and Commercial

1973–1976: U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), Bureau of Mines (BOM), *Minerals Yearbook*.

January-September 1977: DOI, BOM, Form 6-1400, "Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers-Upper Lake Docks." October 1977–1979: EIA, Form EIA-2, "Monthly Coal Report, Retail Dealers-Upper Lake Docks."

#### **Industrial Coke Plants**

1973–September 1977: U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), Bureau of Mines (BOM), *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*.

October 1977–1980: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-5/5A, "Coke and Coal Chemicals-Monthly/Annual."

1981–1984: EIA, Form EIA 5/5A, "Coke Plant Report-Quarterly/Annual Supplement."

1985 forward: EIA, Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report-Quarterly."

#### **Industrial Other**

1973–September 1977: DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook* and *Minerals Industry Surveys*.

October 1977–1979: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Monthly Coal Consumption Report-Manufacturing Plants."

1980 forward: EIA, Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report-Manufacturing Plants."

### **Electric Power**

Table 7.5.

# **Section 7. Electricity**

**Overview.** In 2004, net generation of electricity totaled 4.0 trillion kilowatthours, up 2 percent compared with the total in 2003. Of the total generated, 96 percent came from the electric power sector; 4 percent was generated by combined-heat-and-power plants and electricity-only plants in the industrial and commercial sectors. The Nation imported 34 billion kilowatthours and exported 23 billion kilowatthours of electricity in 2004.

**Net Generation.** In September 2005, total net generation of electricity was 349 billion kilowatthours, 4 percent higher than September 2004.

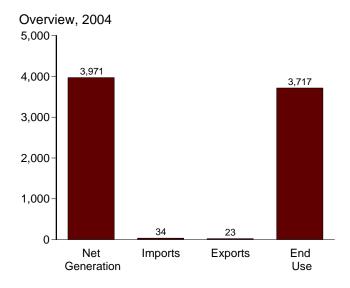
Consumption of Combustible Fuels. The consumption of coal for electricity generation and useful thermal output by all sectors was 90 million short tons in September 2005, 3 percent higher than in September 2004. Total petroleum consumption was 22 million barrels, 37 percent higher than

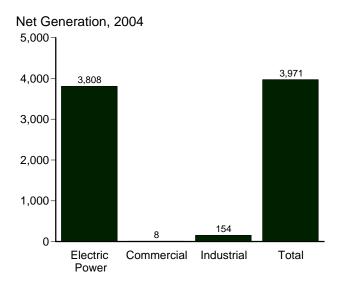
a year earlier. Natural gas consumption was 647 billion cubic feet, 2 percent higher than a year ago.

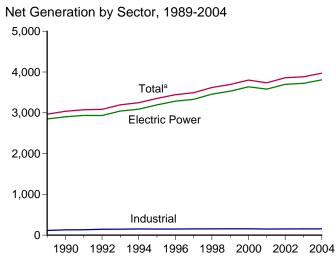
**Stocks of Coal and Petroleum.** Stocks of coal held by the electric power sector in September 2005 were 98 million short tons, 8 percent below the level held a year earlier. Total petroleum was 39 million barrels in September 2005, 22 percent lower than a year earlier.

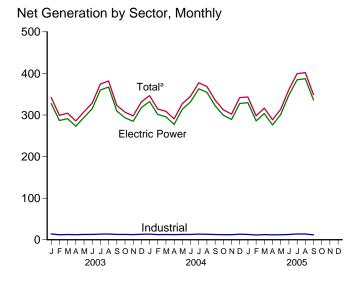
**Retail Sales of Electricity.** Total retail sales of electricity in September 2005 were 330 billion kilowatthours, 7 percent higher than sales in September 2004. Sales to residential users in September 2005 were 126 billion kilowatthours, 12 percent higher than a year ago; commercial sector sales were 116 billion kilowatthours, 6 percent higher than a year ago; and industrial sector sales were 87 billion kilowatthours, 1 percent higher than a year ago.

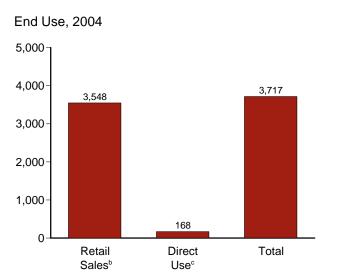
Figure 7.1 Electricity Overview (Billion Kilowatthours)

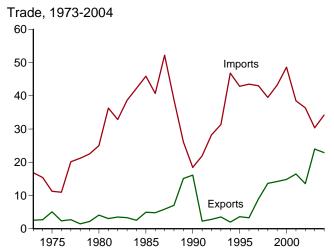












<sup>a</sup>Includes commercial sector.

<sup>b</sup>Electricity retail sales to ultimate customers reported by electric utilities and other energy service providers.

°See "Direct Use" in Glossary.

Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/elect.html. Sources: Table 7.1.

**Table 7.1 Electricity Overview** 

(Billion Kilowatthours)

	Net Generation						T&D Lossese	End Use			
	Electric Power Sector <sup>a</sup>	Commercial Sector <sup>b</sup>	Industrial Sector <sup>c</sup>	Total	Importsd	Exportsd	and Unaccounted for <sup>f</sup>	Retail Sales <sup>9</sup>	Direct Use <sup>h</sup>	Total	
1973 Total	1,861	NA	3	1,864	17	3	165	1,713	NA	1,713	
1975 Total	1,918	NA	3	1,921	11	5	180	1,747	NA	1,747	
1980 Total	2,286	NA	3	2,290	25	4	216	2,094	NA	2,094	
1985 Total	2,470	NA	3	2,473	46	5	190	2,324	NA	2,324	
1990 Total	2,901	6	131	3,038	18	16	203	2,713	125	2,837	
1995 Total	3,194	8	151	3,353	43	4	229	3,013	151	3,164	
1996 Total	3,284	9	151	3,444	43	3	231	3,101	153	3,254	
1997 Total	3,329	9	154	3,492	43	9	224	3,146	156	3,302	
1998 Total	3,457	9 9	154	3,620	40 43	14	221 240	3,264	161	3,425	
1999 Total	3,530	8	156	3,695	43 49	14	240 244	3,312	172 171	3,484	
2000 Total 2001 Total	3,638 3,580	8 7	157 149	3,802 3,737	49 39	15 16	R 214	3,421 R 3,382	163	3,592 R 3,545	
2001 Total	3,698	7	153	3,858	39 36	14	R 249	R 3,466	166	R 3,632	
2002 TOTAL	3,090	,	155	3,000	36	14	249	3,400		3,032	
<b>2003</b> January	327	1	14	342	3	1	21	R 308	E 15	323	
February	287	1	12	299	3	2	5	282	E 13	295	
March	291	1	13	304	3	3	17	273	E 14	287	
April	273	1	12	286	3	2	18	256	E 13 E 14	269	
May	294	1	13	308 329	3 3	2	26 27	268 <sup>R</sup> 289	- 14 E 14	282	
June	315 360	1 1	13 14	329 374	3 4	2 1	27 30	332	E 15	302 347	
July	367	1	14	382	4	1	29	340	E 15	355	
August September	310	1	13	323	2	2	3	306	E 14	320	
October	293	1	13	307	1	3	14	277	E 14	291	
November	285	1	12	298	1	2	20	263	E 13	277	
December	318	1	13	332	2	2	R 23	294	E 14	308	
Total	3,721	7	155	3,883	30	24	R 232	R <b>3,489</b>	168	R 3,658	
2004 January	R 332	1	R 14	R 347	2	2	R 25	307	<sup>RE</sup> 15	R 321	
February	R 301	1	12	R 314	2	2	R 15	<sup>R</sup> 286	RE 14	R 300	
March	R 296	1	13	R 309	2	3	R 16	278	E 14	292	
April	R 278	1	12	R 291	2	2	<sup>R</sup> 15	R 262	E 13	276	
May	<sup>R</sup> 314	1	13	<sup>R</sup> 327	2	2	<sup>R</sup> 34	280	E 14	<sup>R</sup> 294	
June	R 332	1	13	<sup>R</sup> 345	3	2	R 24	308	E 14	322	
July	<sup>R</sup> 363	1	14	<sup>R</sup> 377	4	1	<sup>R</sup> 31	R 334	<sup>E</sup> 15	<sup>R</sup> 349	
August	R 355	1	13	R 368	5	1	<sup>R</sup> 26	<sup>R</sup> 331	RE 14	_ 346	
September	R 322	1	13	<sup>R</sup> 336	3	2	<sup>R</sup> 14	R 308	E 14	R 322	
October	299	1	12	R 312	3	2	R 18	282	E 13	R 296	
November	R 289	1	12	R 302	3	2	R 20	270	E 13	283	
December	R 328	1	13	R 342	3	2	28	R 301	RE 15	R 315	
Total	<sup>R</sup> 3,808	<sup>R</sup> <b>8</b>	<sup>R</sup> 154	<sup>R</sup> 3,971	34	23	R <b>265</b>	<sup>R</sup> 3,548	<sup>R</sup> 168	3,717	
<b>2005</b> January	330	1	13	343	3	2	R 24	R 306	E 14	R 320	
February	286	1	12	298	3	1	R7	R 280	E 13	R 293	
March	R 304	1	<sup>R</sup> 12	<sup>R</sup> 317	3	1	R 25	R 280	E 14	R 294	
April	R 276	1	12	R 289	3	1	13	R 264	E 13	R 277	
May	R 301	1	12	R 314	3	2	29	R 273	E 13	R 287	
June	R 348	1	13	R 361	4	2	R 30	R 319	E 14	R 333	
July	<sup>R</sup> 385 <sup>R</sup> 387	1	14	<sup>R</sup> 399 <sup>R</sup> 402	4	2	<sup>R</sup> 32 <sup>R</sup> 28	<sup>R</sup> 355 <sup>R</sup> 362	<sup>RE</sup> 15 <sup>E</sup> 15	R 370	
August		1 1	14 12		5 4	2 2			<sup>L</sup> 15 <sup>E</sup> 13	<sup>R</sup> 377 343	
September 9-Month Total	336 <b>2,953</b>	1 <b>6</b>	12 <b>113</b>	349 <b>3,072</b>	4 33	2 <b>14</b>	8 <b>196</b>	330 <b>2,771</b>	E <b>124</b>	343 <b>2,895</b>	
				,				•		,	
2004 9-Month Total 2003 9-Month Total	2,892 2,825	6 6	116 116	3,014 2,947	25 26	18 17	199 175	2,695 2,654	E 127 E 127	2,822 2,781	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public. Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only; beginning in 1989, data

R=Revised. E=Estimate. NA=Not available.

Notes: • See Note, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/elect.html.

Sources: See end of section.

are for electric utilities and independent power producers

b Commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only

plants.

<sup>c</sup> Industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and industrial electricity-only plants. Through 1988, data are for industrial hydroelectric power only.

d Electricity transmitted across U.S. borders with Canada and Mexico.

e Transmission and distribution losses (electricity losses that occur between the point of generation and delivery to the customer). See Note 11, "Electrical System Energy Losses," at end of Section 2.

f Data collection frame differences and nonsampling error.

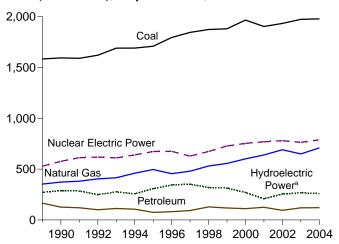
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>g</sup> Electricity retail sales to ultimate customers by electric utilities and, beginning in 1996, other energy service providers.

h Use of electricity that is 1) self-generated, 2) produced by either the same

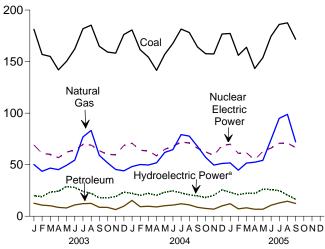
entity that consumes the power or an affiliate, and 3) used in direct support of a service or industrial process located within the same facility or group of facilities that house the generating equipment. Direct use is exclusive of station use

Figure 7.2 Electricity Net Generation (Billion Kilowatthours)

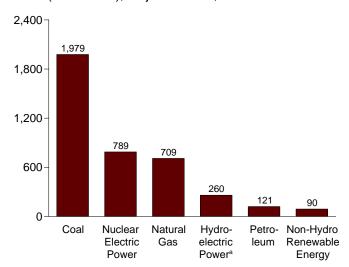
Total (All Sectors), Major Sources, 1989-2004



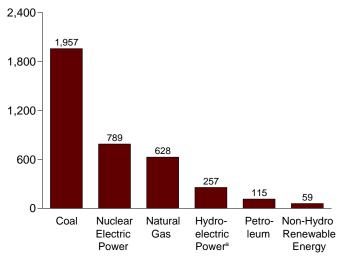
Total (All Sectors), Major Sources, Monthly



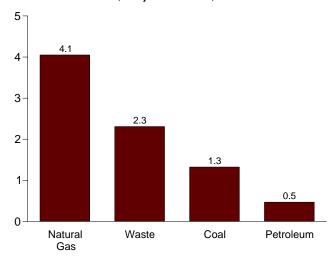
Total (All Sectors), Major Sources, 2004



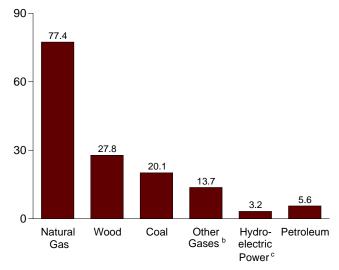
Electric Power Sector, Major Sources, 2004



Commercial Sector, Major Sources, 2004



Industrial Sector, Major Sources, 2004



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Conventional and pumped storage hydroelectric power.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Blast furnace gas, propane gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>©</sup>Conventional hydroelectric power.

Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/elect.html. Sources: Tables 7.2a, 7.2b, and 7.2c.

Table 7.2a Electricity Net Generation: Total (All Sectors)

(Sum of Tables 7.2b and 7.2c; Million Kilowatthours)

			Fossil F	uels						Renewable	Energy			
						Nuclear	Hydro- electric	Conven- tional Hydro-	Bior	mass				
		Coala	Petro- leum <sup>b</sup>	Natural Gas <sup>c</sup>	Other Gases <sup>d</sup>	Electric Power	Pumped Storage <sup>e</sup>	electric Power	Wood <sup>f</sup>	<b>Waste</b> <sup>g</sup>	Geo- thermal	Solarh	Wind	Total <sup>i</sup>
1973 Tot	tal	847,651	314,343	340,858	NA	83,479	( <sup>j</sup> )	275,431	130	198	1,966	NA	NA	1,864,057
1975 Tot	tal	852,786	289,095	299,778	NA	172,505	(j)	303,153	18	174	3,246	NA	NA	1,920,755
1980 Tot	tal	1,161,562	245,994	346,240	NA	251,116	(i)	279,182	275	158	5,073	NA	NA	2,289,600
1985 Tot	tal	1,402,128	100,202	291,946	NA	383,691	(1)	284,311	743	640	9,325	11	6	2,473,002
	tal <sup>k</sup>		126,621	372,765	10,383	576,862	-3,508	292,866	32,522	13,260	15,434	367	2,789	3,037,988
	tal		74,554	496,058	13,870	673,402	-2,725	310,833	36,521	20,405	13,378	497	3,164	3,353,487
	tal	1,795,196	81,411	455,056	14,356	674,729	-3,088	347,162	36,800	20,911	14,329	521	3,234	3,444,188
	tal	1,845,016	92,555	479,399	13,351	628,644	-4,040	356,453	36,948	21,709	14,726	511	3,288	3,492,172
	tal	1,873,516	128,800	531,257	13,492	673,702	-4,467	323,336	36,338	22,448	14,774	502	3,026	3,620,295
	tal	1,881,087	118,061	556,396	14,126	728,254	-6,097	319,536	37,041	22,572	14,827	495	4,488	3,694,810
	tal	1,966,265	111,221	601,038	13,955	753,893	-5,539	275,573	37,595	23,131	14,093	493	5,593	3,802,105
	tal	1,903,956	124,880	639,129	9,039	768,826	-8,823	216,961	35,200	21,765	13,741	543	6,737	3,736,644
2002 Tot	tal	1,933,130	94,567	691,006	11,463	780,064	-8,743	264,329	38,665	22,857	14,491	555	10,354	3,858,452
	nuary	181,313	12,642	50,176	1,283	69,211	-802	20,600	3,269	1,981	1,258	13	632	341,989
	oruary	156,982	10,770	43,547	1,132	60,942	-759	19,780	2,905	1,713	1,130	18	745	299,249
	rch	155,002	10,222	46,699	1,267	59,933	-778	24,202	3,080	1,993	1,213	50	1,036	304,317
	ril	141,960	8,581	45,195	1,305	56,776	-546	24,759	3,036	1,988	1,166	60	1,093	285,756
	у	150,263	8,053	49,373	1,310	62,202	-597	29,395	2,928	1,992	1,169	68	1,006	307,545
	ne	162,285	11,000	54,453	1,235	64,181	-762	28,586	3,028	1,960	1,223	91	1,047	328,694
	y	181,852	12,201	76,938	1,292	69,653	-745	24,843	3,361	2,105	1,228	62	953	374,396
	gust	185,332	12,478	83,250	1,284	69,024	-806	22,972	3,310	2,075	1,219	62	815	381,816
	ptember	164,910	8,664	59,090	1,309	63,584	-769	18,480	3,079	1,956	1,203	56	895	323,136
	tober	159,323	8,610	51,824	1,291	60,016	-615	18,428	3,139	1,920	1,195	35	897	306,741
	vember	158,223	6,480	45,328	1,451	59,600	-695	19,715	3,119	1,937	1,151	14	961	297,867
	cember tal	176,291 <b>1,973,737</b>	9,705 <b>119,406</b>	44,035 <b>649,908</b>	1,441 <b>15,600</b>	68,612 <b>763,733</b>	-661 <b>-8,535</b>	24,044 <b>275,806</b>	3,275 <b>37,529</b>	2,115 <b>23,736</b>	1,268 <b>14,424</b>	4 <b>534</b>	1,105 <b>11,187</b>	331,680 <b>3,883,185</b>
2004 lan	nuary	R 180,692	R 15,358	R 48,146	R 1,343	70,806	<sup>R</sup> -768	R 22,983	R 3,252	<sup>R</sup> 1,886	R 1,295	<sup>R</sup> 13	R 999	R 346,546
	oruary	R 161,530	R 9,307	R 50,145	R 1,384	64,102	R -692	R 20,914	R 2,987	R 1,812	R 1,214		R 1,022	R 314,280
	rch	R 154,318	R 9.686	R 49,670	R 1,436	R 63,285	R -653	R 22,914	R 3,083	R 1,935	R 1,241	53	R 1,291	R 308,812
	ril	R 141,506	R 9,018	R 51,808	R 1,366	58,620	R -669	R 20,888	R 3,047	R 1,926	R 1,161	57	R 1,295	R 290,560
	у	R 157,046	R 10,219	R 61,925	R 1,405	64,917	R -689	R 24,020	R 2,940	R 2,035	R 1,208	R 82	R 1,702	R 327,380
	ne	R 167,639	R 10,815	R 64,580	R 1,486	R 67,734	R -718	R 25,252	R 3,050	R 1,981	R 1,225	88	R 1,397	R 345,085
	y	R 181,542	R 12,055	R 79,170	R 1,437	71,975	R -693	R 23,318	R 3,349	R 2,056	R 1,278		R 1,164	R 377,332
	gust	R 178,204	R 11,048	R 77,745	R 1,410	R 71,068	R -818	R 21,592	R 3,249	R 2,033	R 1,257	73	R 1,051	R 368,439
	ptember	R 164,273	R 8,659	R 67,801	R 1,448	65,932	R -770	R 20,525	R 3,064	R 1,874	R 1,188		R 1,090	R 335,622
	tober	R 157,650	R 7,604	R 57,198	R 1,363	62,530	R -703	R 18,863	R 3,209	R 1,901	R 1,276		R 1,029	R 312,450
	vember	R 157,458	R 6,833	R 49,638	R 1,302	58,941	R -665	R 20,937	R 3,051	R 1,896	R 1,212	15	R 932	R 302,101
	cember	R 176.763	R 10,042	R 51,154	R 1,387	68,617	R -650	R 26,211	R 3.296	R 1,967	R 1,256	8	R 1,172	R 341,948
	tal	R 1,978,620	R 120,646	R 708,979	R 16,766	R 788,528	R -8,488		R <b>37,576</b>	R 23,302	R 14,811	R <b>575</b>	R 14,144	R 3,970,555
<b>2005</b> Jan	nuary	<sup>R</sup> 177,311	R 12,126	<sup>R</sup> 51,727	R 1,332	69,828	<sup>R</sup> -724	R 23,851	R 3,273	<sup>R</sup> 1,998	R 1,288	8	R 899	R 343,229
	oruary	R 156,088	R 7,188	R 44,649	R 1,166	60,947	R -345	R 21,295	R 2,974	R 1,775	R 1,098	R 13	R 783	R 297,940
	rch	R 163,955	R 8,222	R 51,572	R 1,358	61,539	R -494	R 22,629	R 3,164	R 1,980	R 1,245		R 1,235	R 316,780
	ril	R 143,278	R 6,811	R 52,442	R 1,340	R 54,747	R -336	R 22,404	R 2,964	R 1,909	R 1,227	57	R 1,408	R 288,566
Ma	у	R 153,885	R 6,806	R 54,211	R 1,384	62,971	R -452	R 26,641	R 3,021	R 2,089	R 1,301	R 81	R 1,494	R 313,773
	ne	R 174,691	R 10,686	R 74,452	R 1,390	66,144	R -443	R 26,215	R 3,068	R 2,068	R 1,284	87	R 1,539	R 361,472
	у	R 186,056	R 12,895	R 94,949	R 1,403	70,703	R -627	R 25,514	R 3,332	R 2,116	R 1,313	71	R 1,171	R 399,252
	gust	R 187,629	R 14,552	R 98,865	R 1,491	70,963	R -625	R 21,125	R 3,327	R 2,077	R 1,290	75	<sup>R</sup> 918	R 401,978
	ptember	171,721	12,382	72,183	1,352	66,739	-682	17,127	3,139	1,971	1,258	60	1,275	348,812
	Nonth Total	1,514,615	91,667	595,051	12,216	584,581	-4,727	206,801	28,262	17,982	11,304	490	10,721	3,071,802
2004 9-N	Month Total	1,486,750	96,167	550,989	12,714	598,441	-6,470	202,407	28,021	17,538	11,067	519	11,011	3,014,056
	Month Total	1,479,899	94,610	508,721	11,417	575,505	-6,564	213,618		17,763	10,810	480	8,224	2,946,897

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and coal

R=Revised. NA=Not available.

synfuel.

b Distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, petroleum coke, jet fuel, kerosene, other

petroleum, and waste oil.

<sup>c</sup> Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels that cannot

be identified separately.

d Blast furnace gas, propane gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels.

e Pumped storage facility production minus energy used for pumping.

f Wood, black liquor, and other wood waste.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, tires, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass.

Solar thermal and photovoltaic energy.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>i</sup> Includes batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, and miscellaneous technologies, which are not separately displayed.

Included in "Conventional Hydroelectric Power."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>k</sup> Through 1988, all data except hydroelectric are for electric utilities only; hydroelectric data through 1988 include industrial plants as well as electric utilities. Beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities, independent power producers, commercial plants, and industrial plants.

Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/elect.html.

Sources: See sources for Tables 7.2b and 7.2c.

Table 7.2b Electricity Net Generation: Electric Power Sector

(Subset of Table 7.2a; Million Kilowatthours)

		Fossil F	uels					I	Renewable	Energy			
	Coal <sup>a</sup>	Petro- leum <sup>b</sup>	Natural Gas <sup>c</sup>	Other Gases <sup>d</sup>	Nuclear Electric Power	Hydro- electric Pumped Storage <sup>e</sup>	Conven- tional Hydro- electric Power	Bior Wood <sup>f</sup>	mass Waste <sup>g</sup>	Geo- thermal	Solar <sup>h</sup>	Wind	Total <sup>i</sup>
1973 Total	847,651	314,343	340,858	NA	83,479	( <sup>j</sup> )	272,083	130	198	1,966	NA	NA	1,860,710
1975 Total	852,786	289,095	299,778	NA	172,505	(i)	300,047	18	174	3,246	NA	NA	1,917,649
1980 Total	1,161,562	245,994	346,240	NA	251,116	(i)	276,021	275	158	5,073	NA	NA	2,286,439
1985 Total		100,202	291.946	NA	383,691	(i)	281,149	743	640	9,325	11	6	2,469,841
1990 Total <sup>k</sup>		118,864	309,486	621	576,862	-3,508	289,753	7,032	11,500	15,434	367	2,789	2,901,322
1995 Total	1,686,056	68,146	419,179	1,927	673,402	-2,725	305,410	7,597	17,986	13,378	497	3,164	3,194,230
1996 Total	1,771,973	74,783	378,757	1,341	674,729	-3,088	341,159	8,386	17,816	14,329	521	3,234	3,284,141
1997 Total	1.820.762	86,479	399,596	1,533	628,644	-4,040	350,648	8,680	18,485	14,726	511	3,288	3,329,375
1998 Total	1,850,193	122,211	449,293	2,315	673,702	-4,467	317,867	8,608	19,233	14,774	502	3,026	3,457,416
1999 Total	1,858,618	111,539	472,996	1,607	728,254	-6,097	314,663	8,961	19,493	14,827	495	4,488	3,529,982
2000 Total		105,192	517,978	2,028	753,893	-5,539	271,338	8,916	20,307	14,093	493	5,593	3,637,529
2001 Total	1,882,826	119,149	554,940	586	768,826	-8,823	213,749	8,294	19,486	13,741	543	6,737	3,580,053
2002 Total	1,910,613	89,733	607,683	1,970	780,064	-8,743	260,491	9,009	20,180	14,491	555	10,354	3,698,458
		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-		•	
2003 January	179,356	12,090	42,546	266	69,211	-802	20,239	863	1,745	1,258	13	632	327,446
February	155,283	10,313	37,041	237	60,942	-759	19,474	763	1,504	1,130	18	745	286,699
March	153,323	9,747	39,959	229	59,933	-778	23,830	784	1,742	1,213	50	1,036	291,086
April	140,369	8,152	38,725	243	56,776	-546	24,512	730	1,728	1,166	60	1,093	273,016
May	148,574	7,603	42,536	251	62,202	-597	29,003	669	1,756	1,169	68	1,006	294,241
June	160,559	10,513	47,554	205	64,181	-762	28,217	743	1,727	1,223	91	1,047	315,306
July	180,006	11,682	69,623	212	69,653	-745	24,472	883	1,846	1,228	62	953	360,116
August	183,469	11,985	75,773	203	69,024	-806	22,597	888	1,821	1,219	62	815	367,420
September	163,243	8,222	52,178	205	63,584	-769	18,144	800	1,717	1,203	56	895	309,751
October	157,578	8,119	45,022	181	60,016	-615	18,093	788	1,678	1,195	35	897	293,289
November	156,536	6,080	38,942	210	59,600	-695	19,363	794	1,715	1,151	14	961	284,902
December	174,418	9,193	37,403	205	68,612	-661	23,568	822	1,864	1,268	4	1,105	317,887
Total	1,952,714	113,697	567,303	2,647	763,733	-8,535	271,512	9,528	20,842	14,424	534	11,187	3,721,159
2004 January	R 178,714	R <sub>14,491</sub>	R 41,241	R 226	70,806	R -768	R 22,651	R 845	R 1,613	R 1,295	R 13	R 999	R 332,296
February	R 159,784	R 8,789	R 43,650	R 255	_ 64,102	R -692	R 20,626	<sup>R</sup> 799	R 1,543	<sup>R</sup> 1,214	<sup>R</sup> 11	R 1,022	R 301,278
March	R 152,551	<sup>R</sup> 9,184	R 43,031	R 255	R 63,285	R -653	R 22,629	R 810	R 1,666	<sup>R</sup> 1,241	53	R 1,291	R 295,508
April	<sup>R</sup> 139,831	R 8,570	<sup>R</sup> 45,352	<sup>R</sup> 244	58,620	<sup>R</sup> -669	R 20,670	<sup>R</sup> 696	R 1,633	<sup>R</sup> 1,161	57	<sup>R</sup> 1,295	R 277,603
May	R 155,293	R 9,769	<sup>R</sup> 54,967	R 257	_ 64,917	R -689	R 23,811	<sup>R</sup> 720	R 1,719	R 1,208	R 82	R 1,702	R 313,916
June	<sup>R</sup> 165,824	<sup>R</sup> 10,337	<sup>R</sup> 57,780	<sup>R</sup> 259	<sup>R</sup> 67,734	<sup>R</sup> -718	R 25,052	<sup>R</sup> 737	<sup>R</sup> 1,680	R 1,225	88	<sup>R</sup> 1,397	R 331,531
July	R 179,599	<sup>R</sup> 11,538	<sup>R</sup> 71,788	<sup>R</sup> 279	71,975	<sup>R</sup> -693	R 23,113	<sup>R</sup> 896	<sup>R</sup> 1,747	R 1,278	82	<sup>R</sup> 1,164	R 362,932
August	<sup>R</sup> 176,372	<sup>R</sup> 10,577	<sup>R</sup> 70,536	<sup>R</sup> 257	<sup>R</sup> 71,068	<sup>R</sup> -818	<sup>R</sup> 21,364	<sup>R</sup> 888	R 1,717	<sup>R</sup> 1,257	73	<sup>R</sup> 1,051	R 354,509
September	R 162,596	<sup>R</sup> 8,257	R 60,948	R 288	65,932	R -770	R 20,206	R 814	R 1,602	R 1,188	<sup>R</sup> 61	R 1,090	R 322,329
October	R 155,924	<sup>R</sup> 7,241	R 50,785	R 223	62,530	R -703	R 18,564	<sup>R</sup> 821	R 1,632	R 1,276	<sup>R</sup> 34	R 1,029	R 299,476
November	R 155,765	R 6,425	R 43,215	R 239	58,941	R -665	R 20,581	R 784	R 1,623	R 1,212	15	R 932	R 289,208
December	R 174,942	R 9,388	R 44,228	R 244	68,617	R -650	R 25,797	<sup>R</sup> 917	R 1,690	R 1,256	_ 8	<sup>R</sup> 1,172	R 327,775
Total	<sup>R</sup> 1,957,194	R 114,567	R 627,519	R 3,026	R 788,528	R -8,488	R 265,064	R 9,727	R 19,865	R 14,811	R 575	R 14,144	R 3,808,360
2005 January	R 175,484	R 11.380	R 45,251	R 229	69,828	R -724	R 23.509	R 847	R 1,710	R 1,288	8	R 899	R 329,725
February	R 154,369	R 6,692	R 38,690	R 212	60,947	R -345	R 21,027	R 778	R 1,518	R 1,098	R 13	R 783	R 285.789
March	R 162,096	R 7,726	R 45,125	R 300	61,539	R -494	R 22,332	R 842	R 1,696	R 1,245	37	R 1,235	R 303,692
April	R 141,563	R 6,326	R 46,326	R 273	R 54,747	R -336	R 22,129	R 682	R 1,640	R 1,227	57	R 1,408	R 276,055
May	R 152,223	R 6,383	R 47,891	R 258	62,971	R -452	R 26.379	R 744	R 1,796	R 1,301	R 81	R 1,494	R 301,077
June	R 172,949	R 10,236	R 67,513	R 289	66,144	R -443	R 25,921	R 792	R 1,767	R 1,284	87	R 1,539	R 348,087
July	R 184,139	R 12,328	R 87,231	R 289	70,703	R -627	R 25,226	R 914	R 1,809	R 1,313	71	R 1,171	R 384,572
August	R 185,718	R 14,026	R 91,075	R 344	70,963	R -625	R 20,913	R 922	R 1,777	R 1,290	75	<sup>R</sup> 918	R 387,411
September	169,904	11,927	66,019	296	66,739	-682	16,912	846	1,687	1,258	60	1,275	336,246
9-Month Total	1,498,445	87,024	535,122	2,490	584,581	-4,727	204,347	7,368	15,400	11,304	490	10,721	2,952,653
2004 9-Month Total	1,470,563	91,512	489,293	2,319	598,441	-6,470	200,121	7,205	14,920	11,067	519	11,011	2,891,902
2003 9-Month Total		90,305	445,936	2,051	575,505	-6,564	210,488	7,124	15,585	10,810	480	8,224	2,825,082

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and coal

miscellaneous technologies, which are not separately displayed.

synfuel.

b Distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, petroleum coke, jet fuel, kerosene, other petroleum, and waste oil.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels that cannot

be identified separately.

d Blast furnace gas, propane gas, and other manufactured and waste gases

derived from fossil fuels. Pumped storage facility production minus energy used for pumping.

Wood, black liquor, and other wood waste.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>g</sup> Municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, tires, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass.

Solar thermal and photovoltaic energy.

i Includes batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, and

j Included in "Conventional Hydroelectric Power."

k Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only. Beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilites and independent power producers.

R=Revised. NA=Not available.

Notes: • The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/elect.html.

Sources: See end of section.

Table 7.2c Electricity Net Generation: Commercial and Industrial Sectors

(Subset of Table 7.2a; Million Kilowatthours)

		Cor	nmercial S	ector <sup>a</sup>					Industria	I Sectorb			
		Petro-	Natural	Biomass			Petro-	Natural	Other	Hydro- electric	Bion	nass	
	Coalc	leum <sup>d</sup>	Gase	Waste <sup>f</sup>	Total <sup>g</sup>	Coal <sup>c</sup>	leum <sup>d</sup>	Gase	Gases <sup>h</sup>	Power <sup>i</sup>	Wood <sup>j</sup>	Waste <sup>f</sup>	Total <sup>k</sup>
1989 Total	736	558	2,155	527	4,251	20,677	4,955	53,179	7,297	2,722	21,557	893	114,828
1990 Total	796	589	3,272	812	5,837	21,107	7,169	60,007	9,641	2,975	25,379	949	130,830
1995 Total	998	379	5,162	1,519	8,232	22,372	6,030	71,717	11,943	5,304	28,868	900	151,025
1996 Total	1,051	369	5,249	2,176	9,030	22,172	6,260	71,049	13,015	5,878	28,354	919	151,017
1997 Total	1,040	427	4,725	2,342	8,701	23,214	5,649	75,078	11,814	5,685	28,225	882	154,097
1998 Total	985	383	4,879	2,335	8,748	22,337	6,206	77,085	11,170	5,349	27,693	880	154,132
1999 Total	995	434	4,607	2,393	8,563	21,474	6,088	78,793	12,519	4,758	28,060	686	156,264
2000 Total	1,097	432	4,262	1,985	7,903	22,056	5,597	78,798	11,927	4,135	28,652	839	156,673
2001 Total	995	438	4,434	1,464	7,416	20,135	5,293	79,755	8,454	3,145	26,888	815	149,175
2002 Total	992	431	4,310	1,572	7,415	21,525	4,403	79,013	9,493	3,825	29,643	1,104	152,580
2003 January	103	39	325	143	617	1,854	513	7,305	1,017	356	2,405	92	13,926
February	99	33	289	123	550	1,601	425	6,217	894	301	2,141	86	11,999
March	102	31	291	162	594	1,577	444	6,449	1,038	366	2,295	88	12,637
April	96	20	293	165	581	1,495	409	6,178	1,061	240	2,305	95	12,159
May	91	30	307	162	598	1,598	420	6,529	1,059	386	2,258	75	12,706
June	97	37	319	164	624	1,628	450	6,580	1,031	363	2,284	70	12,763
July	112	43	373	174	709	1,734	477	6,942	1,080	364	2,477	85	13,571
August	115	44	387	165	718	1,748	449	7,090	1,081	369	2,421	90	13,678
September	100	36	343	155	640	1,567	406	6,570	1,105	332	2,278	85	12,744
October	93	33	340	164	636	1,652	459	6,462	1,110	330	2,350	78	12,816
November	94	34	313	140	588	1,593	366	6,072	1,242	346	2,324	82	12,377
December	103	44	320	164	640	1,770	469	6,312	1,236	470	2,451	87	13,154
Total	1,206	423	3,899	1,881	7,496	19,817	5,285	78,705	12,953	4,222	27,988	1,012	154,530
2004 January	R 119	R 71	R 316	R 182	R 694	R 1,859	R 797	R 6,589	R 1,118	R 328	2,405	R 92	R 13,555
February	<sup>R</sup> 117	R 43	R 312	<sup>R</sup> 172	<sup>R</sup> 654	R 1,629	<sup>R</sup> 475	<sup>R</sup> 6,183	R 1,130	R 279	R 2,187	<sup>R</sup> 96	R 12,348
March	<sup>R</sup> 115	<sup>R</sup> 41	R 295	<sup>R</sup> 169	<sup>R</sup> 634	R 1,651	<sup>R</sup> 461	<sup>R</sup> 6,344	<sup>R</sup> 1,181	R 273	R 2,272	<sup>R</sup> 101	R 12,670
April	R 92	R 42	R 283	<sup>R</sup> 193	<sup>R</sup> 623	R 1,583	R 407	<sup>R</sup> 6,174	<sup>R</sup> 1,122	<sup>R</sup> 205	R 2,350	R 99	R 12,334
May	<sup>R</sup> 105	<sup>R</sup> 35	337	<sup>R</sup> 207	<sup>R</sup> 699	R 1,648	<sup>R</sup> 415	<sup>R</sup> 6,621	R 1,148	<sup>R</sup> 196	R 2,220	<sup>R</sup> 110	R 12,765
June	<sup>R</sup> 115	R 34	R 340	<sup>R</sup> 201	<sup>R</sup> 702	R 1,700	<sup>R</sup> 444	<sup>R</sup> 6,461	R 1,227	<sup>R</sup> 190	R 2,312	R 99	R 12,853
July	<sup>R</sup> 123	<sup>R</sup> 41	<sup>R</sup> 386	<sup>R</sup> 207	<sup>R</sup> 763	R 1,820	<sup>R</sup> 477	<sup>R</sup> 6,995	<sup>R</sup> 1,158	<sup>R</sup> 201	<sup>R</sup> 2,452	<sup>R</sup> 102	R 13,637
August	R 120	R 39	R 382	R 204	<sup>R</sup> 749	R 1,713	<sup>R</sup> 432	R 6,827	<sup>R</sup> 1,153	R 224	R 2,359	<sup>R</sup> 111	R 13,181
September	<sup>R</sup> 109	R 32	R 366	<sup>R</sup> 194	<sup>R</sup> 707	R 1,569	<sup>R</sup> 370	R 6,487	<sup>R</sup> 1,160	<sup>R</sup> 314	R 2,249	R 77	R 12,586
October	R 94	R 23	R 359	R 189	R 673	R 1,632	R 340	R 6,054	R 1,140	R 291	R 2,386	R 80	R 12,301
November	R 105	R 29	R 320	<sup>R</sup> 192	R 656	R 1,588	R 378	R 6,103	R 1,062	R 348	R 2,265	<sup>R</sup> 81	R 12,237
December	R 111	R 39	R 354	R 196	R 714	R 1,711	R 615	R 6,572	R 1,143	R 401	R 2,378	R 81	R 13,459
Total	R 1,323	R <b>469</b>	<sup>R</sup> 4,051	R 2,308	R <b>8,270</b>	R 20,103	<sup>R</sup> 5,610	R 77,409	R 13,740	R <b>3,248</b>	R 27,835	R 1,130	R 153,925
2005 January	<sup>R</sup> 115	R 63	R 344	<sup>R</sup> 192	<sup>R</sup> 728	R 1,712	R 682	R 6,132	R 1,103	R 332	R 2,424	<sup>R</sup> 96	R 12,776
February	R 112	R 37	R 300	<sup>R</sup> 178	R 639	R 1,606	<sup>R</sup> 459	<sup>R</sup> 5,659	R 954	R 257	R 2,195	R 80	R 11,512
March	<sup>R</sup> 111	<sup>R</sup> 30	R 339	<sup>R</sup> 196	<sup>R</sup> 685	R 1,748	<sup>R</sup> 466	<sup>R</sup> 6,109	R 1,058	R 290	R 2,321	<sup>R</sup> 88	R 12,403
April	R 92	R 23	R 330	<sup>R</sup> 187	R 643	R 1,623	R 462	R 5,786	R 1,067	R 263	R 2,281	R 82	R 11,867
May	<sup>R</sup> 95	R 22	<sup>R</sup> 321	<sup>R</sup> 209	<sup>R</sup> 660	R 1,567	<sup>R</sup> 401	<sup>R</sup> 5,999	<sup>R</sup> 1,126	R 250	R 2,275	<sup>R</sup> 84	R 12,035
June	R 121	R 28	R 362	R 218	<sup>R</sup> 735	R 1,621	R 422	R 6,578	R 1,101	R 288	R 2,275	R 83	R 12,650
July	R 127	R 31	R 411	<sup>R</sup> 211	<sup>R</sup> 785	R 1,790	R 536	R 7,308	R 1,115	R 285	R 2,417	R 95	R 13,896
August	R 123	R 30	R 425	R 200	R 780	R 1,788	R 496	R 7,364	<sup>R</sup> 1,147	R 212	R 2,403	R 100	R 13,788
September	115	30	344	199	691	1,703	425	5,821	1,055	214	2,292	85	11,876
9-Month Total	1,012	294	3,175	1,789	6,346	15,158	4,348	56,755	9,725	2,390	20,883	793	112,803
2004 9-Month Total 2003 9-Month Total	1,014 916	377 313	3,017 2,926	1,731 1,413	6,226 5,633	15,172 14,801	4,278 3,992	58,680 59,859	10,395 9,365	2,209 3,076	20,806 20,863	887 765	115,928 116,183

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only plants.

Notes: • See Note, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1990 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/elect.html.

Sources: • 1989-1997: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-867, "Annual Nonutility Power Producer Report." • 1998-2000: EIA, Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generator Report—Nonutility." • 2001-2003: EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report." • 2004 forward: EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-920, "Combined Heat and Power Plant Report.'

Industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and industrial electricity-only

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and coal synfuel.

Distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, petroleum coke, jet fuel, kerosene, other petroleum, and waste oil.

e Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels that

cannot be identified separately. Municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, tires, agricultural

byproducts, and other biomass. g Includes a small amount of other gases, wood, and other, which are not

separately displayed. Blast furnace gas, propane gas, and other manufactured and waste gases

derived from fossil fuels.

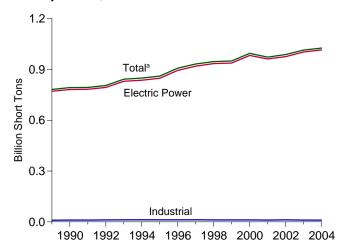
Conventional hydroelectric power.

Wood, black liquor, and other wood waste.

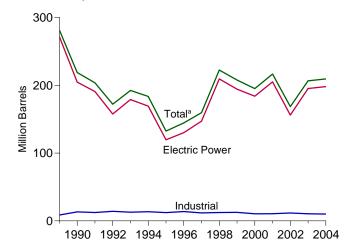
k Includes batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, and miscellaneous technologies, which are not separately displayed.

Figure 7.3 Consumption of Selected Combustible Fuels for Electricity Generation

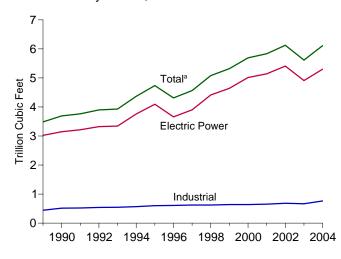




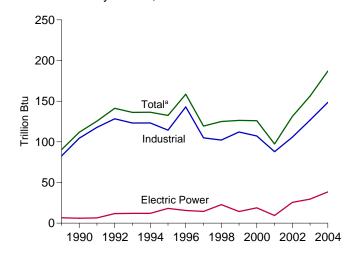
### Petroleum by Sector, 1989-2004



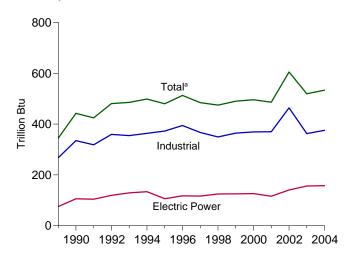
### Natural Gas by Sector, 1989-2004



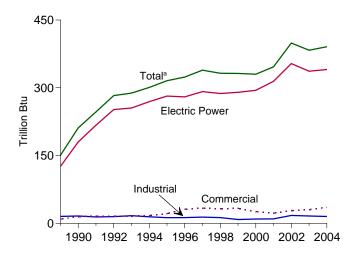
Other Gases<sup>b</sup> by Sector, 1989-2004



### Wood by Sector, 1989-2004



Waste by Sector, 1989-2004



<sup>a</sup>Includes commercial sector.

<sup>b</sup>Blast furnace gas, propane gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels.

Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/elect.html. Sources: Tables 7.3a, 7.3b, and 7.3c.

Table 7.3a Consumption of Combustible Fuels for Electricity Generation: Total (All Sectors)

(Sum of Tables 7.3b and 7.3c)

				Petroleum			1		Bion	nass	
	Coal <sup>a</sup>	Distillate Fuel Oil <sup>b</sup>	Residual Fuel Oil <sup>c</sup>	Other Liquids <sup>d</sup>	Petroleum Coke <sup>e</sup>	Total <sup>e</sup>	Natural Gas <sup>f</sup>	Other Gases <sup>g</sup>	Wood <sup>h</sup>	Waste <sup>i</sup>	Other <sup>j</sup>
	Thousand Short Tons	Т	housand Barre	els	Thousand Short Tons	Thousand Barrels	Billion Cubic Feet		Trillion	n Btu	
1973 Total	389,212	47.058	513,190	NA	507	562.781	3,660	NA	1	2	NA
1975 Total		38,907	467,221	NA	70	506,479	3,158	NA	(s)	2	NA
1980 Total	569,274	29,051	391,163	NA	179	421,110	3,682	NA	3	2	NA
1985 Total		14,635	158,779	NA	231	174,571	3,044	NA	8	77	NA
1990 Total <sup>k</sup>		18,143	190,849	437	1,914	218,997	3,692	112	442	211	36
1995 Total		19,615	95,507	680	3,355	132,578	4,738	133	480	316	42
1996 Total		20,252	106,055	1,712	3,322	144,626	4,312	159 119	513 484	324 339	37 36
1997 Total 1998 Total		20,309 25,062	118,741 172,728	237 549	4,086 4,860	159,715 222,640	4,565 5,081	119	484 475	339 332	36
1999 Total		25,062 25,951	158,187	974	4,552	207,871	5,322	125	490	332	41
2000 Total	994,933	31.675	143.381	1.450	3,744	195.228	5.691	126	496	330	46
2001 Total		31,150	165,312	855	3,871	216,672	5,832	97	486	347	41
2002 Total		23,286	109,235	1,894	6,836	168,597	6,126	131	605	399	49
2003 January		4,699	14,553	485	423	21,850	427	14	46	32	4
February		4,006	12,425	371	391	18,756	373	12	39	28	3
March		2,949	12,701	331	342	17,692	400	12	43	32	4
April		1,646	10,940	161	479	15,144	389	13	41	32	3
May		2,688	8,808	134	455	13,906	437	12	39	33	4
June		3,071	12,875	203	541	18,852	479	13	43	32	4
July		2,545	15,033	261	623	20,956	672	14	46	34	6
August	95,352	2,196	15,995	358	613	21,612	728	14	46	34	8
September		1,362	10,443 10.090	188 166	596 612	14,976 14.745	509 448	13 13	43 43	32 31	7 7
October November		1,428 1,271	6,917	132	602	14,745	384	13	43 42	30	5
December		1,811	11.737	155	627	16.836	370	12	48	33	4
Total	,	29,672	142,518	2,947	6,303	206,653	5,616	156	519	383	59
2004 January	R 92,605	R 4,512	R 17,496	<sup>R</sup> 1,145	R 745	R 26,880	R 420	<sup>R</sup> 16	R 48	R 32	R 4
February	R 83,212	R 1,526	R 11,152	<sup>R</sup> 257	<sup>R</sup> 637	R 16,121	<sup>R</sup> 431	<sup>R</sup> 16	R 44	<sup>R</sup> 31	R 4
March	R 78,992	<sup>R</sup> 1,392	R 11,777	R 303	R 643	R 16,684	R 430	<sup>R</sup> 17	<sup>R</sup> 46	R 33	R 4
April		<sup>R</sup> 1,242	<sup>R</sup> 10,976	R 253	<sup>R</sup> 640	<sup>R</sup> 15,672	<sup>R</sup> 437	<sup>R</sup> 15	R 43	32	R 4
May		R 1,755	R 12,547	R 262	R 662	<sup>R</sup> 17,875	<sup>R</sup> 537	<sup>R</sup> 17	R 40	R 34	R 4
June	D	R 1,638	R 13,628	R 230	R 627	R 18,633	R 559	<sup>R</sup> 16	R 43	33	R4
July		R 1,519	R 15,685	R 280	R 662	R 20,793	R 682	R 15	R 48	34	R 5
August	R 92,854	R 1,429	R 14,034	<sup>R</sup> 210 <sup>R</sup> 209	R 722	R 19,283	R 669	<sup>R</sup> 17 <sup>R</sup> 15	R 44	34 <sup>R</sup> 32	R 4 R 4
September October	R 86,105 R 82,162	<sup>R</sup> 1,647 <sup>R</sup> 1,131	<sup>R</sup> 10,139 <sup>R</sup> 8.587	R 224	<sup>R</sup> 613 <sup>R</sup> 660	<sup>R</sup> 15,062 <sup>R</sup> 13.240	<sup>R</sup> 583 <sup>R</sup> 492	R 15	R 42 R 44	R 32	R 4
November		R 992	R 7,654	R 233	R 601	R 11,884	R 427	R 14	R 44	R 32	R 4
December		R 1.877	R 11.494	R 354	R 729	R 17,369	R 443	15	R 47	33	R 6
Total	R 1,026,011	R 20,660	R 145,169	R 3,959	R 7,942	R 209,496	R 6,111	R 187	R <b>534</b>	R 391	R <b>51</b>
2005 January	R 92.966	R 3.581	R 13.917	R 895	R 707	R 21.930	R 442	<sup>R</sup> 16	<sup>R</sup> 57	R 35	R 3
February		R 1,007	<sup>R</sup> 8,356	R 153	R 637	R 12,701	R 379	R 17	53	R 31	3
March	R 84,856	R 1,141	R 9,620	<sup>R</sup> 192	<sup>R</sup> 674	<sup>R</sup> 14,323	R 439	20	52	R 35	3
April	<sup>R</sup> 74,553	R 1,177	<sup>R</sup> 7,605	<sup>R</sup> 260	<sup>R</sup> 618	R 12,130	446	<sup>R</sup> 15	47	R 33	R 3
May		R 1,295	R 6,902	<sup>R</sup> 167	<sup>R</sup> 711	R 11,921	R 474	<sup>R</sup> 15	_ 51	R 36	R 3
June		R 1,535	R 13,389	R 170	R 747	R 18,831	R 648	<sup>R</sup> 16	R 52	R 36	2
July		R 2,290	R 16,254	R 387	R 736	R 22,611	R 838	15 R 4 6	R 56	R 37	3
August	R 98,503	R 2,540	R 18,470	R 442	R 831	R 25,604	R 852	R 16	R 54	R 36	3
September 9-Month Total	89,629 <b>790,302</b>	1,981 <b>16,547</b>	15,857 <b>110,370</b>	272 <b>2,937</b>	736 <b>6,398</b>	21,792 <b>161,843</b>	622 <b>5,141</b>	15 <b>146</b>	51 <b>472</b>	34 <b>311</b>	3 <b>26</b>
2004 9-Month Total 2003 9-Month Total	768,851	16,660 25,162	117,434 113,773	3,148 2,492	5,952 4,463	167,003 163,743	4,749 4,414	143 118	399 386	294 288	37 42

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and coal synfuel.

<sup>b</sup> Fuel oil nos. 1, 2, and 4. For 1973-1979, data are for gas turbine and internal

and other biomass

R=Revised. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • Data are for fuels consumed to produce electricity. Data also include fuels consumed to produce useful thermal output at a small number of electric utility combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants.

• Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

• Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/elect.html.

Sources: See sources for Tables 7.3b and 7.3c.

combustion plant use of petroleum. For 1980-2000, electric utility data also include small amounts of kerosene and jet fuel.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Fuel oil nos. 5 and 6. For 1973-1979, data are for steam plant use of petroleum. For 1980-2000, electric utility data also include a small amount of fuel

Jet fuel, kerosene, other petroleum liquids, and waste oil.

Petroleum coke is converted from short tons to barrels by multiplying by 5.

Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels that cannot be identified separately.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>g</sup> Blast furnace gas, propane gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels.

Wood, black liquor, and other wood waste.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>i</sup> Municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, tires, agricultural byproducts,

j Batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, and miscellaneous technologies.

Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only. Beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities, independent power producers, commercial plants, and industrial

Table 7.3b Consumption of Combustible Fuels for Electricity Generation: Electric Power Sector (Subset of Table 7.3a)

				Petroleum					Bion	nass	
	Coala	Distillate Fuel Oil <sup>b</sup>	Residual Fuel Oil <sup>c</sup>	Other Liquids <sup>d</sup>	Petroleum Coke <sup>e</sup>	Total <sup>e</sup>	Natural Gas <sup>f</sup>	Other Gases <sup>9</sup>	Wood <sup>h</sup>	Waste <sup>i</sup>	Other <sup>j</sup>
	Thousand Short Tons	Tł	nousand Barre	els	Thousand Short Tons	Thousand Barrels	Billion Cubic Feet		Trillio	on Btu	
1973 Total	389,212	47,058	513,190	NA	507	562,781	3,660	NA	1	2	NA
1975 Total	405,962	38,907	467,221	NA	70	506,479	3,158	NA	(s)	2	NA
1980 Total		29,051	391,163	NA	179	421,110	3,682	NA	`´3	2	NA
1985 Total	693.841	14,635	158,779	NA	231	174,571	3,044	NA	8	7	NA
1990 Total <sup>k</sup>	781,301	16,394	183,285	25	1,008	204,745	3,147	6	106	180	(s)
1995 Total		18,066	88,895	441	2,452	119,663	4,094	18	106	282	2
1996 Total	894,400	18,472	98,795	567	2,467	130,168	3,660	16	117	280	2
1997 Total	919,009	18,646	112,423	130	3,201	147,202	3,903	14	117	292	1
1998 Total	934,126	23,166	165,875	411	3,999	209,447	4,416	23	125	287	2
1999 Total	937,888	23,875	151,921	514	3,607	194,345	4,644	14	125	290	1
2000 Total	982,713	29,722	138,047	403	3,155	183,946	5,014	19	126	294	1
2001 Total	961,523	29,056	159,150	374	3,308	205,119	5,142	9	116	314	0
2002 Total	975,251	21,810	104,577	1,243	5,705	156,154	5,408	25	141	353	7
<b>2003</b> January	91,151	4,421	13,978	434	375	20,709	361	3	15	28	(s)
February	79,250	3,787	11,975	322	347	17,819	317	3	12	24	(s)
March	78,361	2,840	12,258	230	285	16,754	343	2	13	28	(s)
April		1,536	10,517	83	434	14,307	334	3	11	28	(s)
May		2,470	8,432	78	408	13,021	379	2	11	29	(s)
June		2,824	12,499	96	492	17,876	419	2	12	29	(s)
July	92,825	2,356	14,610	128	569	19,936	612	2	14	30	2
August		2,034	15,578	189	564	20,621	664	2	15	30	4
September	84,141	1,197	10,094	90	547	14,114	450	2	13	28	3
October	80,707	1,219	9,654	85	558	13,749	389	2	13	27	3
November		1,098	6,534	87	568	10,556	329	2	13	27	2
December Total	,	1,660 <b>27,441</b>	11,234 <b>137,361</b>	116 <b>1,937</b>	573 <b>5,719</b>	15,873 <b>195,336</b>	313 <b>4,909</b>	2 <b>30</b>	14 <b>156</b>	29 <b>337</b>	1 <b>16</b>
<b>2004</b> January	R 91,604	R 4.093	R 16,758	R 1.018	<sup>R</sup> 684	R 25,290	R 349	R 3	14	R 28	<sup>R</sup> 1
February	R 82,296	R 1,382	R 10,756	R 149	R 588	R 15,138	R 361	3	13	R 27	R 1
March		R 1,252	R 11,323	R 199	R 593	R 15,739	R 363	3	13	R 29	R 1
April	R 72,173	R 1,081	R 10,553	R 143	R 590	R 14,725	R 376	3	R 11	28	R 1
May	R 80,336	R 1,634	R 12,117	<sup>R</sup> 154	R 623	R 17,020	R 469	3	12	29	R 1
June		R 1,534	R 13,233	R 126	R 587	R 17,825	R 493	3	12	29	R 1
July	ъ.	R 1,393	<sup>R</sup> 15,246	R 144	<sup>R</sup> 618	R 19.873	<sup>R</sup> 611	3	15	R 30	R 2
August	R 91,919	R 1,313	R 13,620	R 121	R 680	R 18,455	R 597	R 3	14	R 30	R 1
September	R 85,265	R 1,538	R 9,774	<sup>R</sup> 118	<sup>R</sup> 579	R 14,325	<sup>R</sup> 516	3	13	R 28	<sup>R</sup> 1
October	R 81,286	R 1,032	R 8,263	<sup>R</sup> 125	<sup>R</sup> 621	R 12,522	R 428	3	13	R 28	<sup>R</sup> 1
November	<sup>R</sup> 81,814	<sup>R</sup> 908	<sup>R</sup> 7,266	<sup>R</sup> 145	<sup>R</sup> 564	<sup>R</sup> 11,141	<sup>R</sup> 364	<sup>R</sup> 3	13	<sup>R</sup> 28	<sup>R</sup> 1
December	R 91,368	R 1,757	R 10,983	<sup>R</sup> 261	<sup>R</sup> 631	R 16,157	R 374	R 3	<sup>R</sup> 15	29	<sup>R</sup> 1
Total	R 1,015,073	<sup>R</sup> 18,918	<sup>R</sup> 139,804	R <b>2,702</b>	<sup>R</sup> <b>7,357</b>	R 198,209	<sup>R</sup> 5,301	R 38	<sup>R</sup> 157	R <b>340</b>	<sup>R</sup> <b>17</b>
2005 January	R 91,882	R 3,096	R 13,057	<sup>R</sup> 735	<sup>R</sup> 639	R 20,085	374	3	14	<sup>R</sup> 30	R (s)
February	R 80,412	R <sup>'</sup> 900	R 7,652	R 88	R 583	R 11,555	R 317	5	13	R 26	R (s)
March	ъ.	R 1,042	R 9,026	<sup>R</sup> 111	<sup>R</sup> 609	R 13,222	R 372	6	14	R 30	(s)
April	R 73,540	R 1,055	<sup>R</sup> 7,105	<sup>R</sup> 137	555	R 11,073	R 382	R 3	11	R 29	R (s)
May	R 79,283	R 1,149	R 6,521	<sup>R</sup> 132	<sup>R</sup> 656	R 11,080	R 410	2	<sup>R</sup> 12	31	R (s)
June		R 1,428	R 12,895	R 91	<sup>R</sup> 679	R 17,812	_ 577	3	13	<sup>R</sup> 31	(s)
July		R 2,144	R 15,746	<sup>R</sup> 193	R 664	R 21,405	<sup>R</sup> 758	3	15	R 32	(s)
August		R 2,430	R 17,911	R 212	<sup>R</sup> 758	R 24,343	R 773	3	15	R 31	(s)
September		1,878	15,313	158	670	20,699	560	3	13	29	(s)
9-Month Total	780,685	15,122	105,226	1,857	5,814	151,273	4,521	30	119	269	1
2004 9-Month Total	,	15,220	113,292	2,171	5,541	158,389	4,134	29	117	256	13
2003 9-Month Total	751,719	23,465	109,940	1,650	4,021	155,157	3,879	23	116	253	9

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and coal

derived from fossil fuels.

Notes and Sources: See end of section.

synfuel.

b Fuel oil nos. 1, 2, and 4. For 1973-1979, data are for gas turbine and internal combustion plant use of petroleum. For 1980-2000, electric utility data also include small amounts of kerosene and jet fuel.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Fuel oil nos. 5 and 6. For 1973-1979, data are for steam plant use of petroleum. For 1980-2000, electric utility data also include a small amount of fuel oil no. 4.

d Jet fuel, kerosene, other petroleum liquids, and waste oil.

e Petroleum coke is converted from short tons to barrels by multiplying by 5.

f Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels that cannot be identified separately.

g Blast furnace gas, propane gas, and other manufactured and waste gases

Wood, black liquor, and other wood waste.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, tires, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass.

Batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, and

miscellaneous technologies.

k Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only. Beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers.

R=Revised. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/elect.html.

Table 7.3c Consumption of Selected Combustible Fuels for Electricity Generation: Commercial and Industrial Sectors (Subset of Table 7.3a)

		Commerci	ial Sectora				Indu	strial Sector	b		
			Natural	Biomass			Natural	Other	Bion	nass	
	Coalc	Petroleum <sup>d</sup>	Gas <sup>e</sup>	Waste <sup>f</sup>	Coalc	Petroleum <sup>d</sup>	Gas <sup>e</sup>	Gases <sup>9</sup>	Woodh	Waste <sup>f</sup>	Other <sup>i</sup>
	Thousand Short Tons	Thousand Barrels	Billion Cubic Feet	Trillion Btu	Thousand Short Tons	Thousand Barrels	Billion Cubic Feet		Trillior	n Btu	
1989 Total	414	1,165	18	9	9,707	8,688	444	83	267	15	37
1990 Total	417	953	28	15	10,740	13,299	517	104	335	16	36
1995 Total	569	649	43	21	12,171	12,265	601	114	373	13	40
1996 Total	656	645	42	31	12,153	13,813	610	143	394	13	35
1997 Total	630	790	39	34	12,311	11,723	623	105	367	14	36
1998 Total	440	802	41	32	11,728	12,392	625	102	349	13	35
1999 Total	481	931	39	33	11,432	12,595	639	112	364	8	39
2000 Total	514	823	37	26	11,706	10,459	640	107	369	10	45
2001 Total	532	1,023	36	22	10,636	10,530	654	88	370	10	41
2002 Total	477	834	33	28	11,855	11,608	685	106	464	18	41
<b>2003</b> January	54	99	3	2	956	1,042	63	11	31	1	3
February	43	87	3	2	835	850	53	9	27	1	3
March	47	62	3	2	799	876	55	10	30	1	4
April	43	42	3	3	794	795	52	10	30	2	3
May	46	53	3	3	904	831	55	10	28	1	4
June	49	70	3	2	858	906	57	11	30	1	4
July	54	95	4	3	918	925	57	12	32	1	4
August	55	89	4	3	903	902	60	11	31	1	4
September	50	65	3	2	812	797	56	11	30	1	4
October	44	63	3	3	866	932	55	11	30	1	4
November	43	66	3	2	858	707	52	11	29	1	3
December Total	53 <b>582</b>	103 <b>894</b>	3 <b>38</b>	3 <b>30</b>	937 <b>10,440</b>	860 <b>10,424</b>	54 <b>668</b>	10 <b>127</b>	33 <b>362</b>	1 <b>16</b>	3 <b>43</b>
<b>2004</b> January	<sup>R</sup> 59	<sup>R</sup> 178	4	R 3	R 943	<sup>R</sup> 1,412	<sup>R</sup> 68	R 13	R 34	R 1	R <sub>2</sub>
February	54	R 109	R 4	R 3	R 862	R 874	R 67	R 12	R 31	R 2	R 3
March	R 48	<sup>R</sup> 106	R 4	3	R 892	R 840	64	R 13	R 32	1	R 3
April	R 38	R 106	3	3	R 806	R 841	R 59	R 12	R 32	1	R 3
May	46	R 92	4	3	R 825	<sup>R</sup> 763	R 65	R 13	R 29	1	R 3
June	52	R 87	R 4	3	R 854	<sup>R</sup> 721	61	R 13	R 31	1	R 3
July	R 55	R 104	4	3	R 937	R 817	68	R 12	R 33	R 1	R 3
August	<sup>R</sup> 56	R 101	4	3	R 879	R 727	R 67	R 14	R 30	R 1	R 3
September	R 49	R 80	4	R 3	<sup>R</sup> 791	<sup>R</sup> 657	R 63	<sup>R</sup> 12	R 29	1	R 3
October	R 43	<sup>R</sup> 59	4	3	R 832	<sup>R</sup> 659	<sup>R</sup> 60	R 12	<sup>R</sup> 31	1	R 3
November	52	<sup>R</sup> 74	R 4	3	R 805	<sup>R</sup> 670	<sup>R</sup> 60	<sup>R</sup> 11	<sup>R</sup> 31	1	R 3
December	50	R 93	R 4	3	R 910	R 1,119	<sup>R</sup> 65	<sup>R</sup> 11	R 32	1	R 4
Total	R <b>602</b>	<sup>R</sup> 1,188	<sup>R</sup> 46	R <b>35</b>	<sup>R</sup> 10,337	<sup>R</sup> 10,099	<sup>R</sup> <b>765</b>	<sup>R</sup> 149	R <b>376</b>	<sup>R</sup> <b>15</b>	R <b>35</b>
2005 January	<sup>R</sup> 65	R 244	4	3	R 1,019	R 1,601	<sup>R</sup> 65	13	R 43	2	R 3
February	<sup>R</sup> 61	<sup>R</sup> 87	3	3	R 989	R 1,059	<sup>R</sup> 59	<sup>R</sup> 12	40	1	3
March	<sup>R</sup> 62	<sup>R</sup> 76	4	3	R 1,065	R 1,024	<sup>R</sup> 63	<sup>R</sup> 13	38	1	3
April	<sup>R</sup> 53	<sup>R</sup> 59	_ 4	_ 3	<sup>R</sup> 960	<sup>R</sup> 999	<sup>R</sup> 61	<sup>R</sup> 13	36	1	3
May	<sup>R</sup> 56	R 60	R 4	R 4	R 931	<sup>R</sup> 781	<sup>R</sup> 61	<sup>R</sup> 13	_ 38	1	3
June	<sup>R</sup> 68	<sup>R</sup> 67	_ 4	R 4	R 994	R 952	<sup>R</sup> 67	<sup>R</sup> 13	R 39	1	2
July	R 72	R 69	R 5	R 4	R 1,021	R 1,138	R 75	13	R 41	1	3
August	<sup>R</sup> 69	<sup>R</sup> 60	<sup>R</sup> 5	3	R 1,066	<sup>R</sup> 1,201	<sup>R</sup> 74	<sup>R</sup> 13	R 39	1	3
September	59	64	4	3	1,006	1,029	59	12	38	1	3
9-Month Total	566	786	36	31	9,051	9,784	584	115	353	11	25
2004 9-Month Total 2003 9-Month Total	457 441	962 662	34 28	26 23	7,790 7,779	7,652 7,924	580 507	114 95	282 270	12 12	25 33

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only

R=Revised.

Notes: • Data are for fuels consumed to produce electricity. • See Note, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at end of section.

Sources: • 1989-1997: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-867, "Annual Nonutility Power Producer Report." • 1998-2000: EIA, Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generator Report—Nonutility." • 2001-2003: EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report." • 2004 forward: EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-920, "Combined Heat and Power Plant Report."

plants.

b Industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and industrial electricity-only plants.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and coal

synfuel.

d Distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, petroleum coke, jet fuel, kerosene, other petroleum, and waste oil.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels that cannot

be identified separately.

f Municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, tires, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>g</sup> Blast furnace gas, propane gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels.

h Wood, black liquor, and other wood waste.

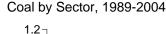
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>i</sup> Batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, and miscellaneous technologies.

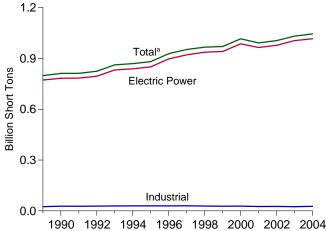
Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

<sup>•</sup> Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

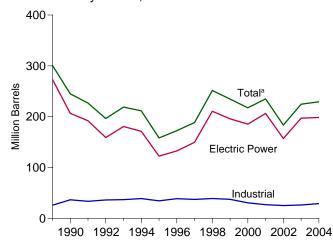
Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1990 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/elect.html.

Figure 7.4 Consumption of Selected Combustible Fuels for Electricity Generation and Useful Thermal Output

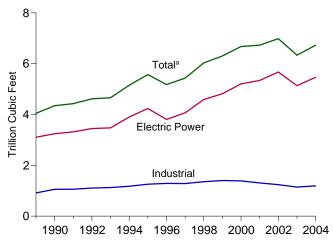




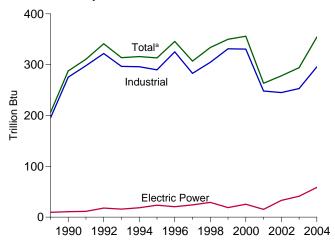
### Petroleum by Sector, 1989-2004



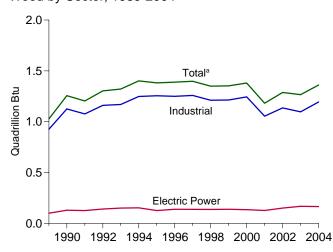
### Natural Gas by Sector, 1989-2004



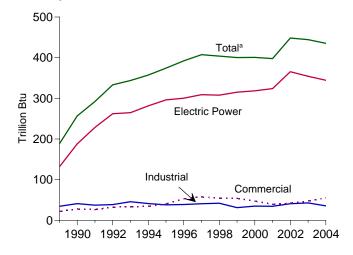
Other Gases<sup>b</sup> by Sector, 1989-2004



### Wood by Sector, 1989-2004



Waste by Sector, 1989-2004



<sup>a</sup>Includes commercial sector.

<sup>b</sup>Blast furnace gas, propane gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels.

Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/elect.html. Sources: Tables 7.4a, 7.4b, and 7.4c.

Table 7.4a Consumption of Combustible Fuels for Electricity Generation and Useful Thermal Output: Total (All Sectors) (Sum of Tables 7.4b and 7.4c)

Thousand Short Tons					Petroleum					Bion	nass	
1989 Total		Coal <sup>a</sup>					Totale			Woodh	Waste <sup>i</sup>	Other <sup>j</sup>
1999 Total 811,538 20,194 209,314 1,332 2,832 244,998 4,346 288 1,256 257 1995 Total 881,012 21,697 112,168 1,322 4,599 158,140 5,572 313 1,332 374 1996 Total 928,015 22,444 124,607 2,468 4,596 172,499 5,178 346 1,389 392 1997 Total 952,955 22,833 13,4623 5,26 6,095 188,517 5,433 307 1,337 407 1998 Total 966,615 30,006 189,267 1,230 6,196 251,486 6,030 334 1,349 404 1999 Total 970,175 30,616 172,319 1,812 5,889 234,694 6,673 355 1,332 400 2000 Total 1,015,398 34,572 156,673 2,904 4,669 217,494 6,677 356 1,380 401 2010 Total 991,635 33,724 177,137 1,418 4,532 234,940 6,673 356 1,380 401 2010 Total 991,635 33,724 177,137 1,418 4,532 234,940 6,673 356 1,380 401 2000 Total 1,005,144 24,749 118,637 3,257 7,353 183,409 6,886 278 1,287 448 2003 January 93,819 4 1,4167 13,389 512 444 20,267 430 23 1,182 398 2003 January 93,819 4 1,67 13,389 512 444 20,267 430 23 1,182 398 2003 January 93,819 4 1,67 13,389 512 444 20,267 430 23 1,182 398 2003 January 93,819 4 1,67 13,389 512 444 20,267 430 23 1,182 310 July 95,337 2,180 11,773 270 543 16,547 447 24 102 37 July 95,337 2,180 11,773 270 543 16,547 447 24 102 37 July 95,337 2,699 15,906 439 696 2,2,523 74 26 112 39 August 96,029 2,336 16,889 528 678 23,143 792 26 109 39 September 86,398 1,543 11,215 288 663 16,361 6,361 6,361 6,37 440 107 36 December 83,006 1,670 10,842 263 682 16,361 6,369 444 22 107 36 December 83,326 1,452 7,710 245 648 680 11,484 50 344 22 107 36 December 80,398 1,484 1,545 1,			Tł	nousand Barre	els					Trillion	n Btu	
1999 Total 811,538 20,194 209,314 1,332 2,832 244,998 4,346 288 1,256 257 1995 Total 881,012 21,697 112,168 1,322 4,599 158,140 5,572 313 1,332 374 1996 Total 928,015 22,444 124,607 2,468 4,596 172,499 5,178 346 1,389 392 1997 Total 952,955 22,833 13,4623 5,26 6,095 188,517 5,433 307 1,337 407 1998 Total 966,615 30,006 189,267 1,230 6,196 251,486 6,030 334 1,349 404 1999 Total 970,175 30,616 172,319 1,812 5,889 234,694 6,673 355 1,332 400 2000 Total 1,015,398 34,572 156,673 2,904 4,669 217,494 6,677 356 1,380 401 2010 Total 991,635 33,724 177,137 1,418 4,532 234,940 6,673 356 1,380 401 2010 Total 991,635 33,724 177,137 1,418 4,532 234,940 6,673 356 1,380 401 2000 Total 1,005,144 24,749 118,637 3,257 7,353 183,409 6,886 278 1,287 448 2003 January 93,819 4 1,4167 13,389 512 444 20,267 430 23 1,182 398 2003 January 93,819 4 1,67 13,389 512 444 20,267 430 23 1,182 398 2003 January 93,819 4 1,67 13,389 512 444 20,267 430 23 1,182 398 2003 January 93,819 4 1,67 13,389 512 444 20,267 430 23 1,182 310 July 95,337 2,180 11,773 270 543 16,547 447 24 102 37 July 95,337 2,180 11,773 270 543 16,547 447 24 102 37 July 95,337 2,699 15,906 439 696 2,2,523 74 26 112 39 August 96,029 2,336 16,889 528 678 23,143 792 26 109 39 September 86,398 1,543 11,215 288 663 16,361 6,361 6,361 6,37 440 107 36 December 83,006 1,670 10,842 263 682 16,361 6,369 444 22 107 36 December 83,326 1,452 7,710 245 648 680 11,484 50 344 22 107 36 December 80,398 1,484 1,545 1,	401	700 404	20.442	200 244	CEC	045	200 502	4.040	200	4 000	400	88
1995 Total 981,012 21,697 112,168 1,322 45,590 158,140 5,572 313 1,382 374 1995 Total 992,015 22,444 12,6467 2,468 4,596 (172,499 5,178 346 1,389 392 1997 Total 952,955 22,893 134,623 526 6,095 188,617 5,433 307 1,397 407 1998 Total 966,615 30,006 189,627 1,230 6,196 251,486 6,030 334 1,349 404 1999 Total 970,175 30,616 172,319 1,812 5,889 234,694 6,305 350 1,352 400 200 Total 1,015,398 34,572 15,6673 2,904 4,669 217,494 6,667 356 1,380 401 2001 Total 991,635 33,724 177,137 1,418 4,532 234,400 6,731 263 1,182 398 202 Total 1,005,144 24,749 118,637 3,257 7,353 183,409 6,786 278 1,287 448 2003 January 93,819 4,930 15,531 649 486 23,538 494 25 107 38 February 81,610 4,167 13,368 512 444 20,267 430 23 97 33 March 80,783 3,091 13,578 537 392 19,166 459 25 104 38 April 74,032 1,780 11,780 11,787 270 543 16,547 447 224 102 37 May 76,033 1,780 11,780 11,787 270 543 16,547 447 224 102 37 June 80,355 3,007 16,62 23 36 16,889 439 19,667 23,443 25 102 37 June 80,355 3,007 16,62 20 36 623 15,376 448 32 25 102 37 June 80,355 3,007 16,62 20 336 16,889 528 678 23,143 24 26 112 39 September 82,144 1,999 12,756 270 699 18,690 18,690 18,490 18,		,						,				86
1996 Total 928,015 22,444 124,607 2,468 4,596 172,499 5,178 346 1,389 392 1997 Total 952,955 22,893 134,623 526 6,095 188,517 5,433 307 1,397 407 1998 Total 966,615 30,006 189,267 1,230 6,196 251,486 6,030 350 1,352 400 2000 Total 1,015,398 34,572 156,673 2,904 4,669 217,494 6,677 356 1,380 401 2010 Total 991,635 33,724 177,137 1,418 4,532 234,940 6,673 263 1,182 398 2002 Total 1,005,144 24,749 118,637 3,257 7,353 183,409 6,986 278 1,287 448 2003 January 93,819 4,930 15,531 649 486 23,538 494 25 107 38 February 81,610 4,167 13,369 512 444 20,267 430 23 97 33 March 80,783 3,091 13,578 537 392 191,68 459 25 104 38 April 74,032 1,790 11,773 270 543 16,547 447 24 102 37 May 78,939 2,890 9,627 230 526 15,376 493 25 101 37 June 85,455 3,307 13,662 345 611 20,368 534 25 102 37 July 95,337 2,699 15,906 439 696 22,523 734 26 112 39 September 86,398 1,543 11,215 288 663 16,361 569 24 104 36 October 83,006 1,670 1042 263 668 12,688 439 22 104 36 October 83,006 1,670 1042 263 668 12,688 443 24 106 36 October 83,266 1,462 7,710 245 648 12,648 443 24 106 36 October 83,266 1,462 7,710 245 648 12,648 443 24 106 36 October 92,144 1,949 12,756 270 699 18,469 48,477 24 102 36 October 92,144 1,949 12,756 270 699 18,469 48,477 2 106 36 October 92,144 1,949 12,756 270 699 18,469 48,477 2 2 106 36 October 92,144 1,949 12,756 270 699 18,469 48,477 8 2 115 39 October 92,144 1,499 12,756 270 699 18,469 48,477 8 2 115 39 October 92,144 1,499 12,756 270 699 18,469 48,477 8 2 115 39 October 92,144 1,499 12,756 270 699 18,469 48,477 8 2 115 39 October 92,144 1,499 12,756 270 699 18,469 18,469 18,477 8 10,681 18,477 18,481												
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2002 Total												94
Pebruary		,	,							,		94
February	tai I	1,005,144	24,749	110,037	3,231	1,353	163,409	0,900	2/0	1,207	440	93
March         80,783         3,091         13,578         537         392         19,168         459         25         104         38           April         74,032         1,790         11,773         270         543         16,547         447         24         102         37           May         78,939         2,890         9,627         230         526         15,376         493         25         101         37           July         95,337         2,699         15,906         439         696         22,523         734         26         112         39           August         96,929         2,336         16,889         528         678         23,143         792         26         109         39           September         86,398         1,543         11,215         288         663         16,361         569         24         104         36           October         33,006         1,670         10,842         263         682         16,184         509         24         104         36           December         92,144         1,949         12,756         270         699         18,469         434         25												8
April 74,032 1,790 11,773 270 543 16,547 447 24 102 37 May 78,939 2,890 9,627 230 526 15,376 493 25 101 37 June 85,455 3,307 13,662 345 611 20,368 534 25 102 37 July 95,337 2,699 15,906 439 696 22,523 734 26 112 39 August 96,929 2,336 16,889 528 678 23,143 792 26 109 39 September 86,398 1,543 11,215 288 663 16,361 569 24 107 36 November 83,306 1,670 10,842 263 662 16,84 509 24 107 36 November 92,144 1,949 12,756 270 699 18,469 434 25 115 39 Total 1,031,778 31,825 152,859 4,576 7,067 224,593 6,337 294 1,266 444 2004 January 89,4379 84,798 81,744 81,261 8372 8677 84,776 18,469 437 294 1,266 444 March 80,507 81,563 81,2787 836 868 81,639 8 8,346 88,839 8 8,346 88,839 8 8,346 8 8,308 8 8,346 8 8,346 8 8,356 8 8,356 8 8,356 8 8,356 8 8,356 8 8,356 8 8,356 8 8,356 8 8,356 8 8,356 8 8,357 8 8,356 8 8,356 8 8,357 8 8,356 8 8,356 8 8,357 8 8,356 8 8,356 8 8,357 8 8,356 8 8,356 8 8,356 8 8,356 8 8,357 8 8,356 8 8,356 8 8,357 8 8,356 8 8,356 8 8,356 8 8,356 8 8,356 8 8,356 8 8,356 8 8,356 8 8,356 8 8,356 8 8,357 8 8,356 8 8,356 8 8,356 8 8,356 8 8,357 8 8,356 8 8,3			,									7
May 78,939 2,890 9,627 230 526 15,376 493 25 101 37 June 85,455 3,307 13,662 345 611 20,368 534 25 102 37 July 95,337 2,699 15,906 439 696 22,523 734 26 112 39 August 96,929 2,336 16,889 528 678 23,143 792 26 109 39 September 86,398 1,543 11,215 288 663 16,361 569 24 104 36 October 83,006 1,670 10,842 263 662 16,164 509 24 107 36 November 83,326 1,452 7,710 245 648 12,648 443 24 106 36 December 92,144 1,949 12,756 270 699 18,469 434 25 115 39 Total 1,031,778 31,825 152,859 4,576 7,067 224,593 6,337 294 1,266 444  2004 January 84,779 84,790 84,940 819,038 81,374 8801 82,9357 8469 830 8120 February 88,4798 81,744 812,261 8372 8677 817,761 8477 29 8108 83,4 March 880,507 81,563 812,787 8396 8680 818,149 8477 832 8111 836 April 874,479 81,412 81,833 828 8716 819,207 8592 831 8105 838 June 88,818 81,817 814,563 82,88 8716 819,207 8592 831 8105 838 June 88,818 81,817 81,419,266 8231 8684 8716 819,207 8592 831 8105 838 July 80,414 81,591 81,492 823 8776 819,207 8592 831 8105 838 July 80,414 81,591 81,492 823 8779 820,094 8613 830 8109 835 October 88,168 81,88 81,877 81,4561 8247 8682 8777 8124,593 831 8105 838 August 89,414 81,591 81,492 8232 8779 820,094 8613 830 8109 835 October 88,168 81,887 81,789 8232 8777 814,501 823 8115 38 August 89,414 81,591 81,492 8232 8779 820,645 8724 830 8115 38 August 89,414 81,591 81,492 8232 8779 820,645 8724 830 8115 38 August 89,414 81,591 81,492 8232 8779 820,645 8724 830 8115 38 August 89,414 81,291 81,492 8232 8779 820,645 8724 830 8115 38 August 89,414 81,291 81,492 8232 8779 820,645 8724 830 8115 38 August 89,414 81,291 81,492 88 823 8717 8469 838 819,994 8495 828 815 33  Docember 88,484 81,417 81,048 88,929 8178 8662 813,418 840 847 825 823 873 37  Total 88,8188 81,8177 830 88,828 8717 822,835 86,836 834 8123 37  Total 88,828 83,484 81,877 830 88,828 819,994 8495 828 815 33  March 88,544 81,172 810,237 8221 8666 815,110 8488 834 8100 836  August 89,3974 82,210 81,2652 840 89,888 879,894 846 830 810 830 830  March 88,184 8177 81,998 81,848 81,899 812 81,899 8178 8662 813,418 84												9
Jurie 85,455 3,307 13,662 345 611 20,368 534 25 102 37 July 95,337 2,699 15,906 439 696 22,523 734 26 112 39 August 96,929 2,336 16,889 528 678 23,143 792 26 109 39 September 86,398 1,543 11,215 288 663 16,361 569 24 104 36 October 83,306 1,670 10,842 263 682 16,861 569 24 104 36 November 83,326 1,452 7,710 245 648 12,648 443 24 106 36 December 92,144 1,949 12,756 270 699 18,869 434 25 115 39 Total 1,031,778 31,825 152,859 4,576 7,067 224,593 6,337 294 1,266 444  2004 January 894,379 84,940 819,038 81,374 8801 829,357 8469 830 8120 35 February 84,798 81,744 812,261 8372 8677 817,761 8477 29 8108 834 March 860,507 81,563 812,787 8396 8680 818,149 8477 832 8111 836 April 874,479 81,412 811,860 8281 8684 816,970 8488 830 8114 836 May 82,752 81,960 813,378 8288 8716 894,094 8613 830 8114 836 May 882,752 81,960 813,378 8288 8716 892,094 8613 830 8114 836 May 894,414 81,591 81,6618 8306 8727 822,329 8741 829 8119 38 August 894,414 81,591 814,989 8231 8664 816,260 8634 830 8109 835 November 884,888 81,877 814,561 8247 8682 820,094 8613 830 8109 837 July 895,905 81,769 816,618 8306 8727 822,329 8741 829 8119 38 August 894,414 81,591 814,989 8231 8664 816,260 8634 830 8109 835 November 884,888 81,877 814,561 8247 8682 820,094 8613 830 8109 835 November 884,888 81,877 814,561 8247 8682 820,094 8613 830 8109 835 November 884,184 81,245 89,187 8306 8655 814,014 8475 827 8111 836 December 893,974 82,101 814,582 8965 8732 8729,836 864 830 8109 835 November 884,884 81,877 814,561 8247 8306 8655 814,014 8475 827 8111 836 December 893,974 82,210 81,2652 840 893 881,994 8495 828 8155 November 884,184 81,245 89,187 8306 8655 814,014 8475 827 8111 836 April 875,776 81,348 8109 8231 8664 816,290 863 81,336 810 8102 833 March 893,928 83,645 814,582 8965 8732 82,850 8473 827 8111 836 895 833 May 882,823 82,834 81,877 81,888 818 8406 830 8102 833 March 893,142 82,103 88,226 833 82,234 810,088 82,233 812,240 8475 822,235 813 8100 838 May 891,948 82,231 81,048 89,29 8178 8662 813,418 8406 830 820 825 833 May 891,948 81,948 81,487 81,248	ril											8
July 95.337 2.699 15.906 439 696 22.523 734 26 112 39 August 96.929 2.336 16.889 528 678 23.143 792 26 109 39 September 86.398 1.543 11.215 288 663 16.361 569 24 104 36 October 83.006 1.670 10.842 263 682 16.184 509 24 107 36 November 83.326 1.452 7.710 245 648 12.648 443 24 106 36 December 92.144 1.949 12.756 270 699 18.469 434 25 115 39 Total 1.031,778 31,825 152,859 4.576 7.067 224,593 6.337 294 1.266 444  2004 January 84.798 81,744 812.261 8372 8677 817,761 8477 29 8108 834 March 80.507 81,563 81,2681 888 810 82.81 88.81 89.81 82.87 82.81 88.81 89.	ay	78,939				526						8
August 96,929 2,336 16,889 528 678 23,143 792 26 109 39 September 86,398 1,543 11,215 288 663 16,361 569 24 104 36 October 83,006 1,670 10,842 263 682 16,184 509 24 107 36 November 83,326 1,452 7,710 245 648 12,648 443 24 106 36 December 92,144 1,949 12,756 270 699 18,469 434 25 115 39 Total 1,031,778 31,825 152,859 4,576 7,067 224,593 6,337 294 1,266 444 2004 January 894,379 84,940 819,038 81,374 8801 829,357 8469 830 8120 35 February 884,798 81,744 81,2261 8372 8677 81,761 8477 29 8108 834 April 874,479 81,412 811,860 8281 874,849 81,414 81,561 8247 8682 820,094 8613 830 8114 836 April 888,168 81,877 814,561 8247 8682 820,094 8613 830 8109 837 July 895,005 81,769 81,6618 820 822 8779 820,645 8724 830 8115 38 September 887,574 81,848 810,899 8231 8664 816,296 8634 830 8115 38 September 887,574 81,848 810,899 8231 8664 816,296 8634 830 8115 38 September 884,184 81,245 89,187 830 829 8716 868 819,994 8418 8213 870 833 864 864 810,296 8634 830 8110 833 829 8205 January 823,274 81,848 810,899 8231 8664 816,296 8634 830 8110 835 November 887,574 81,848 810,899 8231 8664 816,296 8634 830 8110 835 November 883,665 81,353 89,309 8292 8717 814,539 864 868 819,994 8418 8218 8715 35 November 883,645 81,347 82,210 812,652 8440 8938 819,994 845 827 877 8111 836 April 875,376 81,848 81,245 89,187 8306 8655 814,014 8475 827 8111 836 April 875,376 81,048 88,299 8178 8652 813,418 8406 830 8100 833 8100 833 830 8409 833 8400 813 810,994 8435 8205 January 82,331 81,048 88,929 8178 8652 813,418 8406 830 8100 833 8100 833 830 8400 833 8400 833 8400 833 8400 833 8400 833 8400 833 8400 833 8400 833 8400 833 8400 833 8400 8435 8430 8400 833 8400 833 8400 833 8400 8435 8430 8400 833 8400 8435 8430 8400 833 8400 8435 8430 8400 833 8400 833 8400 8435 8430 8400 833 8400 8435 8435 8430 8400 833 8400 8435 8435 8430 8400 833 8400 8435 8435 8430 8400 833 8400 8435 8435 8430 8400 8435 8435 8435 8435 8435 8435 8435 8435		,										8
September         86,398         1,543         11,215         288         663         16,361         569         24         104         36           October         83,006         1,670         10,842         263         682         16,184         509         24         107         36           November         83,326         1,452         7,710         245         648         12,648         443         24         106         36           December         92,144         1,949         12,756         270         699         18,469         434         25         115         39           Total         1,031,778         31,825         152,859         4,576         7,067         224,593         6,337         294         1,266         444           2004 January         R 94,379         R 4,940         R 19,038         R 1,374         R 801         R 29,357         R 469         R 30         R 120         35           February         R 84,798         R 1,744         R 19,261         R 372         R 677         R 17,761         R 477         29         R 108         R 34           March         R 80,507         R 1,653         R 12,261         R 372 <t< td=""><td>y</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>10</td></t<>	y											10
October         83,006         1,670         10,842         263         682         16,184         509         24         107         36           November         83,326         1,452         7,710         245         648         12,648         443         24         106         36           December         92,144         1,949         12,756         270         699         18,469         434         25         115         39           Total         1,031,778         31,825         152,859         4,576         7,067         224,593         6,337         294         1,266         444           2004 January         R 94,479         R 1,744         R 12,261         R 372         R 677         R 1,761         R 477         29         R 108         R 34           March         R 80,507         R 1,563         R 12,787         R 396         R 680         R 18,149         R 477         R 32         R 111         R 36           April         R 74,479         R 1,412         R 11,860         R 281         R 684         R 16,970         R 488         R 30         R 111         R 36           May         R 62,752         R 1,960         R 13,378         R 288	gust		2,336	16,889	528	678	23,143	792	26	109	39	13
November 83,326 1,452 7,710 245 648 12,648 443 24 106 36 December 92,144 1,949 12,756 270 699 18,469 434 25 115 39 Total 1,031,778 31,825 152,859 4,576 7,067 224,593 6,337 294 1,266 444 2004 January	ptember	86,398	1,543	11,215	288	663	16,361	569	24	104	36	11
December   92,144   1,949   12,756   270   699   18,469   434   25   115   39     Total	tober	83,006	1,670	10,842	263	682	16,184	509	24	107	36	11
Total         1,031,778         31,825         152,859         4,576         7,067         224,593         6,337         294         1,266         444           2004 January         R 94,379         R 4,940         R 19,038         R 1,374         R 801         R 29,357         R 469         R 30         R 120         35           February         R 84,798         R 1,744         R 12,261         R 372         R 677         R 17,761         R 477         29         R 108         R 34           March         R 80,507         R 1,563         R 12,787         R 396         R 680         R 18,149         R 477         29         R 108         R 34           April         R 74,479         R 1,412         R 11,860         R 281         R 684         R 16,970         R 488         R 30         R 114         R 36           May         R 88,168         R 1,877         R 14,561         R 247         R 682         R 19,207         R 592         R 31         R 105         R 33           July         R 95,905         R 1,769         R 16,618         R 306         R 727         R 22,329         R 741         R 29         R 119         38           August         R 94,414         R 1,591 </td <td>vember</td> <td></td> <td>10</td>	vember											10
2004 January	cember	92,144	1,949	12,756	270	699	18,469	434	25	115	39	8
February R 84,798 R 1,744 R 12,261 R 372 R 677 R 17,761 R 477 29 R 108 R 34 March R 80,507 R 1,563 R 12,787 R 396 R 680 R 18,149 R 477 R 32 R 111 R 36 R 10,11	tal 1	1,031,778	31,825	152,859	4,576	7,067	224,593	6,337	294	1,266	444	110
February R 84,788 R 1,744 R 12,261 R 372 R 677 R 17,761 R 477 29 R 108 R 34 March R 80,507 R 1,563 R 12,787 R 396 R 680 R 18,149 R 477 R 32 R 111 R 36 R 10,11	nuary	R 94,379	R 4,940	R 19,038	R 1,374		R 29,357		R 30		35	R 7
March         R 80,507         R 1,563         R 12,787         R 396         R 680         R 18,149         R 477         R 32         R 111         R 36           April         R 74,479         R 1,412         R 11,860         R 281         R 684         R 16,970         R 488         R 30         R 114         R 36           May         R 82,752         R 1,960         R 13,378         R 288         R 716         R 19,207         R 592         R 31         R 105         R 38           June         R 88,168         R 1,877         R 14,561         R 247         R 682         R 20,094         R 613         R 30         R 109         R 37           July         R 95,905         R 1,769         R 16,618         R 306         R 727         R 22,329         R 741         R 29         R 119         38           August         R 95,905         R 1,769         R 14,926         R 232         R 779         R 20,645         R 724         R 30         R 119         38           September         R 87,574         R 1,848         R 10,899         R 231         R 664         R 16,296         R 634         R 30         R 109         R 35           October         R 83,665         R 1,353<		<sup>R</sup> 84,798	<sup>R</sup> 1,744	<sup>R</sup> 12,261	<sup>R</sup> 372	<sup>R</sup> 677	<sup>R</sup> 17,761	<sup>R</sup> 477		<sup>R</sup> 108	<sup>R</sup> 34	<sup>R</sup> 8
April R74,479 R1,412 R11,860 R281 R684 R16,970 R488 R30 R114 R36 May R82,752 R1,960 R13,378 R288 R716 R19,207 R592 R31 R105 R38 June R88,168 R1,877 R14,561 R247 R682 R20,094 R613 R30 R109 R37 July R95,905 R1,769 R16,618 R306 R727 R22,329 R741 R29 R119 38 August R94,414 R1,591 R14,926 R232 R779 R20,645 R724 R30 R115 38 September R87,574 R1,848 R10,899 R231 R664 R16,296 R634 R30 R109 R35 November R83,665 R1,353 R9,309 R292 R717 R14,539 R541 R28 R115 35 November R84,184 R1,245 R9,187 R306 R655 R14,014 R475 R27 R111 R36 December R93,974 R2,210 R12,652 R440 R938 R19,994 R495 R28 R123 37 Total R1,044,798 R23,512 R157,478 R4,764 R8,721 R229,356 R6,726 R354 R1,360 R435 R540 R331 R1,044 R8,929 R178 R652 R13,418 R406 R30 R102 R3 March R85,744 R1,172 R10,237 R221 R696 R15,110 R468 R34 R100 R36 April R75,376 R1,208 R8,226 R313 R639 R12,940 R475 R26 R95 R35 May R81,096 R1,341 R7,411 R214 R728 R12,940 R475 R26 R95 R35 May R81,096 R1,341 R7,411 R214 R728 R12,607 R502 R27 R95 R35 May R81,096 R1,341 R7,411 R214 R728 R12,607 R502 R27 R95 R35 May R91,452 R1,341 R7,411 R214 R728 R12,607 R502 R27 R95 R35 May R91,452 R1,341 R7,411 R214 R728 R12,607 R502 R27 R95 R35 May R91,452 R1,341 R7,411 R214 R728 R12,607 R502 R27 R95 R35 May R91,452 R1,341 R7,411 R214 R728 R12,607 R502 R27 R95 R35 May R91,452 R1,341 R7,411 R214 R728 R12,607 R502 R27 R95 R35 May R91,452 R1,341 R7,411 R214 R728 R12,607 R502 R27 R95 R35 May R91,452 R1,597 R13,900 R204 R759 R23,273 R863 R26 R101 R38 August R99,312 R2,590 R18,937 R465 R849 R26,237 R877 R25 R101 R37 September 90,430 2,023 16,328 280 755 22,406 647 25 95 36 9-Month Total 797,951 16,958 115,288 3,248 6,578 168,385 5,388 246 889 326	arch			R 12,787	<sup>R</sup> 396	<sup>R</sup> 680	R 18,149	R 477			<sup>R</sup> 36	<sup>R</sup> 8
May         R 82,752         R 1,960         R 13,378         R 288         R 716         R 19,207         R 592         R 31         R 105         R 38           June         R 88,168         R 1,877         R 14,561         R 247         R 682         R 20,094         R 613         R 30         R 109         R 37           July         R 95,905         R 1,769         R 16,618         R 306         R 727         R 22,329         R 741         R 29         R 119         38           August         R 94,414         R 1,591         R 14,926         R 232         R 779         R 20,645         R 724         R 30         R 115         38           September         R 87,574         R 1,848         R 10,899         R 231         R 664         R 16,296         R 634         R 30         R 109         R 35           October         R 83,665         R 1,353         R 9,309         R 292         R 717         R 14,539         R 541         R 28         R 115         35           November         R 84,184         R 1,245         R 9,187         R 306         R 655         R 14,014         R 475         R 27         R 111         R 36           December         R 93,974         R 2,21	ril	<sup>R</sup> 74,479	<sup>R</sup> 1,412	<sup>R</sup> 11,860	<sup>R</sup> 281	<sup>R</sup> 684	<sup>R</sup> 16,970	<sup>R</sup> 488	<sup>R</sup> 30	<sup>R</sup> 114	<sup>R</sup> 36	<sup>R</sup> 8
July         R 95,905         R 1,769         R 16,618         R 306         R 727         R 22,329         R 741         R 29         R 119         38           August         R 94,414         R 1,591         R 14,926         R 322         R 779         R 20,645         R 724         R 30         R 115         38           September         R 87,574         R 1,848         R 10,899         R 231         R 664         R 16,296         R 634         R 30         R 109         R 35           October         R 83,665         R 1,353         R 9,309         R 292         R 717         R 14,539         R 541         R 28         R 115         35           November         R 84,184         R 1,245         R 9,187         R 306         R 655         R 14,014         R 475         R 27         R 111         R 36           December         R 93,974         R 2,210         R 12,662         R 440         R 938         R 19,994         R 495         R 28         R 123         37           Total         R 1,044,798         R 23,512         R 157,478         R 4,764         R 8,721         R 229,356         R 6,726         R 354         R 1,360         R 435           2005         January	ay		<sup>R</sup> 1,960	<sup>R</sup> 13,378	R 288		R 19,207	<sup>R</sup> 592			R 38	<sup>R</sup> 8
July         R 95,905         R 1,769         R 16,618         R 306         R 727         R 22,329         R 741         R 29         R 119         38           August         R 94,414         R 1,591         R 14,926         R 322         R 779         R 20,645         R 724         R 30         R 115         38           September         R 87,574         R 1,848         R 10,899         R 231         R 664         R 16,296         R 634         R 30         R 109         R 35           October         R 83,665         R 1,353         R 9,309         R 292         R 717         R 14,539         R 541         R 28         R 115         35           November         R 84,184         R 1,245         R 9,187         R 306         R 655         R 14,014         R 475         R 27         R 111         R 36           December         R 93,974         R 2,210         R 12,662         R 440         R 938         R 19,994         R 495         R 28         R 123         37           Total         R 1,044,798         R 23,512         R 157,478         R 4,764         R 8,721         R 229,356         R 6,726         R 354         R 1,360         R 435           2005         January	ne	<sup>R</sup> 88,168	<sup>R</sup> 1,877	<sup>R</sup> 14,561	<sup>R</sup> 247	<sup>R</sup> 682	R 20,094	<sup>R</sup> 613		<sup>R</sup> 109	<sup>R</sup> 37	<sup>R</sup> 8
September         R 87,574         R 1,848         R 10,899         R 231         R 664         R 16,296         R 634         R 30         R 109         R 35           October         R 83,665         R 1,353         R 9,309         R 292         R 717         R 14,539         R 541         R 28         R 115         35           November         R 84,184         R 1,245         R 9,187         R 306         R 655         R 14,014         R 475         R 27         R 111         R 36           December         R 93,974         R 2,210         R 12,652         R 440         R 938         R 19,994         R 495         R 28         R 123         37           Total         R 1,044,798         R 23,512         R 157,478         R 4,764         R 8,721         R 229,356         R 6,726         R 354         R 1,360         R 435           2005 January         R 93,928         R 3,645         R 14,582         R 965         R 732         R 22,850         R 473         R 27         R 105         R 36           February         R 82,331         R 1,048         R 8,929         R 178         R 652         R 13,418         R 406         R 30         R 102         R 33           March         R	y	<sup>R</sup> 95,905	<sup>R</sup> 1,769	R 16,618	<sup>R</sup> 306	<sup>R</sup> 727					38	R 8
October         R 83,665         R 1,353         R 9,309         R 292         R 717         R 14,539         R 541         R 28         R 115         35           November         R 84,184         R 1,245         R 9,187         R 306         R 655         R 14,014         R 475         R 27         R 111         R 36           December         R 93,974         R 2,210         R 12,652         R 440         R 938         R 19,994         R 495         R 28         R 123         37           Total         R 1,044,798         R 23,512         R 157,478         R 4,764         R 8,721         R 229,356         R 6,726         R 354         R 1,360         R 435           2005 January         R 93,928         R 3,645         R 14,582         R 965         R 732         R 22,850         R 473         R 27         R 105         R 36           February         R 82,331         R 1,048         R 8,929         R 178         R 652         R 13,418         R 406         R 30         R 102         R 33           March         R 575,376         R 1,223         R 221         R 696         R 15,110         R 468         R 34         R 100         R 36           April         R 75,376         R 1,2	gust	<sup>R</sup> 94,414		<sup>R</sup> 14,926								<sup>R</sup> 7
October         R 83,665         R 1,353         R 9,309         R 292         R 717         R 14,539         R 541         R 28         R 115         35           November         R 84,184         R 1,245         R 9,187         R 306         R 655         R 14,014         R 475         R 27         R 111         R 36           December         R 93,974         R 2,210         R 12,652         R 440         R 938         R 19,994         R 495         R 28         R 123         37           Total         R 1,044,798         R 23,512         R 157,478         R 4,764         R 8,721         R 229,356         R 6,726         R 354         R 1,360         R 435           2005 January         R 93,928         R 3,645         R 14,582         R 965         R 732         R 22,850         R 473         R 27         R 105         R 36           February         R 82,331         R 1,048         R 8,929         R 178         R 652         R 13,418         R 406         R 30         R 102         R 33           March         R 575,376         R 1,223         R 221         R 696         R 15,110         R 468         R 34         R 100         R 36           April         R 75,376         R 1,2		<sup>R</sup> 87,574		<sup>R</sup> 10,899			<sup>R</sup> 16,296			<sup>R</sup> 109	<sup>R</sup> 35	R 7
November         R 84,184         R 1,245         R 9,187         R 306         R 655         R 14,014         R 475         R 27         R 111         R 36           December         R 93,974         R 2,210         R 12,652         R 440         R 938         R 19,994         R 495         R 28         R 123         37           Total         R 1,044,798         R 23,512         R 157,478         R 4,764         R 8,721         R 229,356         R 6,726         R 354         R 1,360         R 435           2005 January         R 93,928         R 3,645         R 14,582         R 965         R 732         R 22,850         R 473         R 27         R 105         R 36           February         R 82,331         R 1,048         R 8,929         R 178         R 652         R 13,418         R 406         R 30         R 102         R 33           March         R 85,744         R 1,172         R 10,237         R 221         R 696         R 15,110         R 468         R 34         R 100         R 36           April         R 75,376         R 1,208         R 8,226         R 313         R 639         R 12,940         R 475         R 26         R 95         R 35           May         R 81,096<		<sup>R</sup> 83,665				<sup>R</sup> 717		<sup>R</sup> 541				R 7
Total         R1,044,798         R 23,512         R 157,478         R 4,764         R 8,721         R 229,356         R 6,726         R 354         R 1,360         R 435           2005 January         R 93,928         R 3,645         R 14,582         R 965         R 732         R 22,850         R 473         R 27         R 105         R 36           February         R 82,331         R 1,048         R 8,929         R 178         R 652         R 13,418         R 406         R 30         R 102         R 33           March         R 85,744         R 1,172         R 10,237         R 221         R 696         R 15,110         R 468         R 34         R 100         R 36           April         R 75,376         R 1,208         R 8,226         R 313         R 639         R 12,940         R 475         R 26         R 95         R 35           May         R 81,096         R 1,341         R 7,411         R 214         R 728         R 12,607         R 502         R 27         R 95         R 38           June         R 91,452         R 1,597         R 13,900         R 204         R 769         R 19,544         R 677         25         R 94         R 37           July         R 98,283		<sup>R</sup> 84,184		<sup>R</sup> 9,187				<sup>R</sup> 475			<sup>R</sup> 36	R 8
2005 January R93,928 R3,645 R14,582 R965 R732 R22,850 R473 R27 R105 R36 February R82,331 R1,048 R8,929 R178 R652 R13,418 R406 R30 R102 R33 March R55,376 R1,0237 R221 R696 R15,110 R468 R34 R100 R36 April R75,376 R1,208 R8,226 R313 R639 R12,940 R475 R26 R95 R35 May R81,096 R1,341 R7,411 R214 R728 R12,607 R502 R27 R95 R38 June R91,452 R1,597 R13,900 R204 R769 R19,544 R677 25 R94 R37 July R98,283 R2,334 R16,737 R408 R759 R23,273 R863 R26 R101 R38 August R99,312 R2,590 R18,937 R465 R49 R26,237 R877 R25 R101 R37 September 90,430 2,023 16,328 280 755 22,406 647 25 95 36 9-Month Total 797,951 16,958 115,288 3,248 6,578 168,385 5,388 246 889 326	cember	<sup>R</sup> 93,974	<sup>R</sup> 2,210	<sup>R</sup> 12,652		<sup>R</sup> 938						R 9
February         R 82,331         R 1,048         R 8,929         R 178         R 652         R 13,418         R 406         R 30         R 102         R 33           March         R 85,744         R 1,172         R 10,237         R 221         R 696         R 15,110         R 468         R 34         R 100         R 36           April         R 75,376         R 1,208         R 8,226         R 313         R 639         R 12,940         R 475         R 26         R 95         R 35           May         R 81,096         R 1,341         R 7,411         R 214         R 728         R 12,607         R 502         R 27         R 95         R 38           June         R 91,452         R 1,597         R 13,900         R 204         R 769         R 19,544         R 677         25         R 94         R 37           July         R 98,283         R 2,334         R 16,737         R 408         R 759         R 23,273         R 863         R 26         R 101         R 38           August         R 99,312         R 2,590         R 18,937         R 465         R 849         R 26,237         R 877         R 25         R 101         R 37           September         90,430         2,023	tal R 1	1,044,798	R 23,512	<sup>R</sup> 157,478	<sup>R</sup> 4,764	R <b>8,721</b>	R <b>229,356</b>	R <b>6,726</b>	R 354	<sup>R</sup> 1,360	R <b>435</b>	R <b>90</b>
February         R 82,331         R 1,048         R 8,929         R 178         R 652         R 13,418         R 406         R 30         R 102         R 33           March         R 85,744         R 1,172         R 10,237         R 221         R 696         R 15,110         R 468         R 34         R 100         R 36           April         R 75,376         R 1,208         R 8,226         R 313         R 639         R 12,940         R 475         R 26         R 95         R 35           May         R 81,096         R 1,341         R 7,411         R 214         R 728         R 12,607         R 502         R 27         R 95         R 38           June         R 91,452         R 1,597         R 13,900         R 204         R 769         R 19,544         R 677         25         R 94         R 37           July         R 98,283         R 2,334         R 16,737         R 408         R 759         R 23,273         R 863         R 26         R 101         R 38           August         R 99,312         R 2,590         R 18,937         R 465         R 849         R 26,237         R 877         R 25         R 101         R 37           September         90,430         2,023	nuary	R 93.928	R 3.645	R 14.582	R 965	R 732	R 22.850	R 473	R 27	R 105	R 36	R 3
March         R 85,744         R 1,172         R 10,237         R 221         R 696         R 15,110         R 468         R 34         R 100         R 36           April         R 75,376         R 1,208         R 8,226         R 313         R 639         R 12,940         R 475         R 26         R 95         R 35           May         R 81,096         R 1,341         R 7,411         R 214         R 728         R 12,607         R 502         R 27         R 95         R 38           June         R 91,452         R 1,597         R 13,900         R 204         R 769         R 19,544         R 677         25         R 94         R 37           July         R 98,283         R 2,334         R 16,737         R 408         R 759         R 23,273         R 863         R 26         R 101         R 38           August         R 99,312         R 2,590         R 18,937         R 465         R 849         R 26,237         R 877         R 25         R 101         R 37           September         90,430         2,023         16,328         280         755         22,406         647         25         95         36           9-Month Total         797,951         16,958         115												R 3
April       R 75,376       R 1,208       R 8,226       R 313       R 639       R 12,940       R 475       R 26       R 95       R 35         May       R 81,096       R 1,341       R 7,411       R 214       R 728       R 12,607       R 502       R 27       R 95       R 38         June       R 91,452       R 1,597       R 13,900       R 204       R 769       R 19,544       R 677       25       R 94       R 37         July       R 98,283       R 2,334       R 16,737       R 408       R 759       R 23,273       R 863       R 26       R 101       R 38         August       R 99,312       R 2,590       R 18,937       R 465       R 849       R 26,237       R 877       R 25       R 101       R 37         September       90,430       2,023       16,328       280       755       22,406       647       25       95       36         9-Month Total       797,951       16,958       115,288       3,248       6,578       168,385       5,388       246       889       326		R 85.744										R 4
May         R 81,096         R 1,341         R 7,411         R 214         R 728         R 12,607         R 502         R 27         R 95         R 38           June         R 91,452         R 1,597         R 13,900         R 204         R 769         R 19,544         R 677         25         R 94         R 37           July         R 98,283         R 2,334         R 16,737         R 408         R 759         R 23,273         R 863         R 26         R 101         R 38           August         R 99,312         R 2,590         R 18,937         R 465         R 849         R 26,237         R 877         R 25         R 101         R 37           September         90,430         2,023         16,328         280         755         22,406         647         25         95         36           9-Month Total         797,951         16,958         115,288         3,248         6,578         168,385         5,388         246         889         326		R 75,376		R 8.226								R 4
June         R 91,452         R 1,597         R 13,900         R 204         R 769         R 19,544         R 677         25         R 94         R 37           July         R 98,283         R 2,334         R 16,737         R 408         R 759         R 23,273         R 863         R 26         R 101         R 38           August         R 99,312         R 2,590         R 18,937         R 465         R 849         R 26,237         R 877         R 25         R 101         R 37           September         90,430         2,023         16,328         280         755         22,406         647         25         95         36           9-Month Total         797,951         16,958         115,288         3,248         6,578         168,385         5,388         246         889         326												R 4
July       R 98,283       R 2,334       R 16,737       R 408       R 759       R 23,273       R 863       R 26       R 101       R 38         August       R 99,312       R 2,590       R 18,937       R 465       R 849       R 26,237       R 877       R 25       R 101       R 37         September       90,430       2,023       16,328       280       755       22,406       647       25       95       36         9-Month Total       797,951       16,958       115,288       3,248       6,578       168,385       5,388       246       889       326						R 769				R 94		R 3
August		R 98.283				R 759						R 4
September       90,430       2,023       16,328       280       755       22,406       647       25       95       36         9-Month Total       797,951       16,958       115,288       3,248       6,578       168,385       5,388       246       889       326	•			R 18.937								4
9-Month Total 797,951 16,958 115,288 3,248 6,578 168,385 5,388 246 889 326												3
2004 0 March Tarial 700 075 40 700 400 000 0 700 404 000 000 5 040 000 000												31
2004 9-MONTH 10Tal 182,975 18.703 126,329 3.726 6.410 180,808 5.216 272 1.010 327	Month Total	782,975	18,703	126,329	3,726	6,410	180,808	5,216	272	1,010	327	67
2003 9-Month Total 773,301 26,754 121,550 3,798 5,038 177,291 4,952 222 938 334		,	,		,	,	,	,				81

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and coal

R=Revised.

Notes: • Data are for fuels consumed to produce electricity and useful thermal output. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

• Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Sources: See sources for Tables 7.4b and 7.4c.

synfuel.

b Fuel oil nos. 1, 2, and 4. Through 2000, electric utility data also include small amounts of kerosene and jet fuel.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Fuel oil nos. 5 and 6. Through 2000, electric utility data also include a small amount of fuel oil no. 4.

Jet fuel, kerosene, other petroleum liquids, and waste oil.

Petroleum coke is converted from short tons to barrels by multiplying by 5.

Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels that cannot be identified separately.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>g</sup> Blast furnace gas, propane gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels.

h Wood, black liquor, and other wood waste.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, tires, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass.

j Batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, and miscellaneous technologies.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1990 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/elect.html.

Table 7.4b Consumption of Combustible Fuels for Electricity Generation and Useful Thermal Output: Electric Power Sector (Subset of Table 7.4a)

				Petroleum					Bior	nass	
	Coala	Distillate Fuel Oil <sup>b</sup>	Residual Fuel Oil <sup>c</sup>	Other Liquids <sup>d</sup>	Petroleum Coke <sup>e</sup>	Total <sup>e</sup>	Natural Gas <sup>f</sup>	Other Gases <sup>g</sup>	Woodh	Waste <sup>i</sup>	Other <sup>j</sup>
	Thousand Short Tons	Т	housand Barre	els	Thousand Short Tons	Thousand Barrels	Billion Cubic Feet		Trillion	Btu	
4000 Tetal	772.190	26.156	244,179	10	517	272.931	3.105	9	100	132	3
1989 Total	772,190 782,567	16,567	184,915	26	1,008	206,550	3,105	11	129	188	
1990 Total	850,230	18,553	90,023	499	2,674	122,447	4,237	24	125	296	(s) 2
1995 Total 1996 Total	896,921	18,780	99,951	653	2,642	132,593	3,807	20	138	300	2
1997 Total	921,364	18,989	113,669	152	3,372	149,668	4.065	24	137	309	1
1998 Total	936,619	23,300	166,528	431	4,102	210,769	4,588	29	137	308	2
	940,922	24,058	152,493	544	3,735	195,769	4,820	19	137	306 315	1
1999 Total	985,821	24,056 30,016	138,513	454	3,735 3,275	185,769	4,820 5,206	25	134	318	1
2000 Total	964,433	29,274	159,504	377	3,427	206,291	5,200 5,342	15	126	324	0
2001 Total	,	,	•		,	,	,	33	150	365	7
2002 Total	977,507	21,876	104,773	1,267	5,816	156,996	5,672	33	150	303	,
2003 January	91,361	4,490	14,063	477	383	20,947	382	4	16	30	(s)
February	79,447	3,833	12,056	348	353	18,004	335	4	13	26	(s)
March	78,557	2,862	12,310	238	296	16,887	361	4	14	30	(s)
April	72,000	1,539	10,574	85	439	14,396	352	4	12	29	(s)
May	76,772	2,473	8,524	80	416	13,157	394	4	12	30	(s)
June	83,313	2,829	12,589	98	499	18,011	436	3	13	30	(s)
July	92,994	2,360	14,704	130	575	20,068	630	3	15	31	2
August	94,565	2,038	15,673	190	570	20,753	684	3	16	31	4
September	84,294	1,200	10,184	90	554	14,246	469	3	14	29	3
October	80,857	1,222	9,656	85	566	13,794	409	3	14	28	3
November	81,202	1,112	6,622	87	570	10,672	348	3	14	29	2
December	89,753	1,673	11,325	118	576	15,998	336	3	15	31	1
Total	1,005,116	27,632	138,279	2,026	5,799	196,932	5,135	41	167	354	16
2004 January	<sup>R</sup> 91,712	R 4,158	R 16,759	R 1,023	R 685	R 25,363	R 361	R 4	15	28	<sup>R</sup> 1
February	<sup>R</sup> 82,401	<sup>R</sup> 1,412	<sup>R</sup> 10,668	<sup>R</sup> 149	<sup>R</sup> 588	<sup>R</sup> 15,170	<sup>R</sup> 373	R 5	14	<sup>R</sup> 27	<sup>R</sup> 1
March	<sup>R</sup> 78,150	R 1,263	<sup>R</sup> 11,324	<sup>R</sup> 199	<sup>R</sup> 593	R 15,753	<sup>R</sup> 375	<sup>R</sup> 5	14	<sup>R</sup> 29	R 1
April	<sup>R</sup> 72,258	R 1,089	<sup>R</sup> 10,554	<sup>R</sup> 144	<sup>R</sup> 590	<sup>R</sup> 14,737	<sup>R</sup> 389	<sup>R</sup> 5	12	28	R 1
May	R 80,454	R 1,640	R 12,118	<sup>R</sup> 155	R 623	R 17,029	<sup>R</sup> 485	<sup>R</sup> 5	<sup>R</sup> 12	30	R 2
June	<sup>R</sup> 85,787	<sup>R</sup> 1,540	<sup>R</sup> 13,234	<sup>R</sup> 126	<sup>R</sup> 587	<sup>R</sup> 17,835	<sup>R</sup> 508	<sup>R</sup> 5	<sup>R</sup> 12	29	<sup>R</sup> 1
July	<sup>R</sup> 93,381	<sup>R</sup> 1,399	<sup>R</sup> 15,247	<sup>R</sup> 144	<sup>R</sup> 618	R 19,882	R 626	<sup>R</sup> 5	16	30	R 2
August	<sup>R</sup> 92,006	<sup>R</sup> 1,320	<sup>R</sup> 13,622	<sup>R</sup> 121	<sup>R</sup> 680	<sup>R</sup> 18,465	<sup>R</sup> 612	<sup>R</sup> 5	15	30	R 2
September	R 85,348	<sup>R</sup> 1,545	R 9,775	<sup>R</sup> 119	<sup>R</sup> 579	R 14,334	R 529	R 5	14	R 28	<sup>R</sup> 1
October	<sup>R</sup> 81,380	R 1,038	R 8,263	<sup>R</sup> 125	<sup>R</sup> 632	R 12,587	R 440	R 5	<sup>R</sup> 13	<sup>R</sup> 28	<sup>R</sup> 1
November	R 81,904	<sup>R</sup> 914	R 7,267	<sup>R</sup> 145	<sup>R</sup> 565	R 11,149	R 376	<sup>R</sup> 5	14	28	<sup>R</sup> 1
December	<sup>R</sup> 91,487	<sup>R</sup> 1,781	R 10,984	<sup>R</sup> 263	<sup>R</sup> 631	R 16,185	<sup>R</sup> 387	<sup>R</sup> 5	<sup>R</sup> 16	<sup>R</sup> 29	<sup>R</sup> 1
Total	R 1,016,268	R 19,098	R 139,816	R 2,713	R 7,372	R 198,489	<sup>R</sup> <b>5,463</b>	R <b>59</b>	R 165	R <b>344</b>	R 17
<b>2005</b> January	<sup>R</sup> 91.964	R 3,115	R 13,060	R 754	R 640	R 20,127	R 384	R <sub>5</sub>	15	30	R (s)
February	R 80.470	R 900	R 7.655	R 90	R 583	R 11.561	R 326	11	14	R 27	R (s)
March	R 83,791	R 1,043	R 9,028	R 111	R 610	R 13,232	R 381	R 12	R 14	30	(s)
April	R 73,584	R 1,058	R 7.109	<sup>R</sup> 146	556	R 11,091	R 392	5	12	29	R (s)
May	<sup>R</sup> 79,343	R 1,151	<sup>R</sup> 6,524	<sup>R</sup> 138	R 656	R 11,092	R 419	6	13	32	R (s)
June	R 89,628	R 1,430	R 12,901	R 93	R 681	R 17,829	R 587	R 4	R 13	31	(s)
July	R 96,358	R 2,146	R 15,749	<sup>R</sup> 194	R 664	R 21,411	<sup>R</sup> 766	R 4	R 15	32	(s)
August	R 97,405	R 2,430	R 17,913	R 212	R 759	R 24,349	<sup>R</sup> 781	4	R 15	31	(s)
September	88,603	1,890	15,317	158	670	20,716	570	6	14	29	(s)
9-Month Total	781,146	15,163	105,256	1,895	5,819	151,407	4,606	57	125	272	1
2004 9-Month Total	761,497	15,366	113,301	2,181	5,544	158,568	4,261	44	122	258	13
2003 9-Month Total	753,304	23,625	110,677	1,735	4,086	156,468	4,042	32	124	266	10
2000 3-MOHUI TOTAL	7 33,304	23,023	. 10,077	1,733	₹,000	100,400	7,072	32	144	200	10

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and coal

R=Revised. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • Data are for fuels consumed to produce electricity and useful thermal output. • The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1990 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/elect.html.

Sources: • 1989-1997: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-867, "Annual Nonutility Power Producer Report." • 1998-2000: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generator Report—Nonutility."

• 2001-2003: Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report." • 2004 forward: EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-920, "Combined Heat and Power Plant Report."

synfuel.

b Fuel oil nos. 1, 2, and 4. Through 2000, electric utility data also include small amounts of kerosene and jet fuel.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Fuel oil nos. 5 and 6. Through 2000, electric utility data also include a small amount of fuel oil no. 4.

Jet fuel, kerosene, other petroleum liquids, and waste oil.

Petroleum coke is converted from short tons to barrels by multiplying by 5.

Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels that cannot be identified separately.

g Blast furnace gas, propane gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels.

h Wood, black liquor, and other wood waste.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>i</sup> Municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, tires, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass.

Batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, and miscellaneous technologies.

Table 7.4c Consumption of Selected Combustible Fuels for Electricity Generation and Useful Thermal Output: Commercial and Industrial Sectors (Subset of Table 7.4a)

		Commerc	ial Sectora				Indu	strial Sector	b		
			N	Biomass			N-41	0.1	Bion	nass	
	Coalc	Petroleumd	Natural Gas <sup>e</sup>	Waste <sup>f</sup>	Coalc	Petroleumd	Natural Gas <sup>e</sup>	Other Gases <sup>g</sup>	Woodh	Waste <sup>f</sup>	Other <sup>i</sup>
	Thousand Short Tons	Thousand Barrels	Billion Cubic Feet	Trillion Btu	Thousand Short Tons	Thousand Barrels	Billion Cubic Feet		Trillior	ı Btu	
1989 Total	1,125	1,967	30	22	24,867	25,685	914	195	926	35	85
1990 Total	1,123	2.056	46	28	27,781	36.392	1.055	275	1.125	41	86
1995 Total	1,419	1,245	78	40	29,363	34,448	1,258	290	1,255	38	95
1996 Total	1,660	1,246	82	53	29,434	38.661	1,289	325	1,249	39	89
1997 Total	1,738	1,584	87	58	29,853	37,265	1,282	283	1,259	41	102
1998 Total	1,443	1,807	87	54	28,553	38,910	1,355	305	1,211	42	93
1999 Total	1,490	1,613	84	54	27,763	37,312	1,401	331	1,213	31	99
2000 Total	1,547	1,615	85	47	28,031	30,520	1,386	331	1,244	35	108
2001 Total	1,448	1,832	79	39	25,755	26,817	1,310	248	1,054	35	94
2002 Total	1,405	1,250	74	42	26,232	25,163	1,240	245	1,136	41	85
<b>2003</b> January	171	154	5	4	2,286	2,437	106	21	91	4	7
February	152	140	4	3	2,010	2,122	91	19	84	4	7
March	155	114	4	4	2,072	2,167	94	21	90	4	8
April	137	80	4	4	1,895	2,071	91	20	90	4	7
May	137	89	5	4	2,029	2,130	94	21	90	3	8
June	144	113	5	4	1,998	2,244	94	21	89	3	8
July	159	147	5	4	2,183	2,309	99	23	97	3	8
August	164	143	6	4	2,200	2,247	102	23	94 90	4	
September	146	108	5		1,957	2,008	95	21		3	8
October	141 143	101 105	5 5	4	2,008	2,289 1.871	95 90	21 20	93 91	4	8 7
November December	165	155	5 5	4	1,981 2,227	2.317	90	20	100	3	7
Total	1,816	1,449	58	47	24,846	26,212	1,144	253	1,097	43	94
<b>2004</b> January	R 202	R 341	6	4	R 2,465	R 3,653	R 101	R 26	R 105	3	R 6
February	R 184	R 218	6	R 4	R 2,213	R 2,372	R 98	R 24	R 95	3	R 6
March	<sup>R</sup> 181	<sup>R</sup> 187	6	4	R 2,177	R 2,208	<sup>R</sup> 96	<sup>R</sup> 27	<sup>R</sup> 97	3	R 6
April	<sup>R</sup> 141	<sup>R</sup> 156	<sup>R</sup> 5	<sup>R</sup> 5	R 2,080	R 2,078	R 93	R 26	R 102	3	R 6
May	<sup>R</sup> 152	<sup>R</sup> 143	6	<sup>R</sup> 5	R 2,147	R 2,034	<sup>R</sup> 101	<sup>R</sup> 26	R 93	R 3	R 6
June	<sup>R</sup> 152	R 129	6	<sup>R</sup> 5	R 2,229	R 2,130	R 99	R 25	<sup>R</sup> 97	R 3	R 6
July	<sup>R</sup> 154	<sup>R</sup> 150	7	<sup>R</sup> 5	R 2,370	<sup>R</sup> 2,297	<sup>R</sup> 108	R 23	<sup>R</sup> 103	3	R 6
August	<sup>R</sup> 154	<sup>R</sup> 149	7	<sup>R</sup> 5	R 2,253	<sup>R</sup> 2,031	<sup>R</sup> 105	R 26	<sup>R</sup> 100	3	R 5
September	R 142	R 124	<sup>R</sup> 6	<sup>R</sup> 5	R 2,084	R 1,838	_ 98	R 25	<sup>R</sup> 95	3	R <sub>5</sub>
October	R 131	R 110	6	_ 4	R 2,153	R 1,842	<sup>R</sup> 95	R 24	R <sub>102</sub>	3	R 6
November	<sup>R</sup> 158	R 131	6	<sup>R</sup> 5	R 2,122	R 2,734	R 93	R 22	R 97	3	R 6
December	R 165	R 169	6	R 5	R 2,321	R 3,640	R 102	R 22	R 108	3	R <sub>7</sub>
Total	<sup>R</sup> 1,917	R 2,009	R <b>72</b>	<sup>R</sup> <b>55</b>	R 26,613	R 28,857	<sup>R</sup> 1,191	R 296	R 1,193	R 35	R <b>73</b>
<b>2005</b> January	R 181	R 291	R 5	4	R 1,783	R 2,432	R 84	22	R 90	R 2	Rg
February	R 159	R 138	5	4	R 1,703	R 1,720	R 76	R 20	R 89	R <sub>2</sub>	Rg
March	R 163	R 102	R 5	4	R 1,790	R 1,776	R 82	R 22	R 85	R 2 R 2	R Z
April	R 127	R 66	5 R 4	4 R 4	R 1,665	R 1,783	R 79	R 21	R 83	<sup>R</sup> 2	R 3
May	<sup>R</sup> 127 <sup>R</sup> 147	<sup>R</sup> 64 <sup>R</sup> 78	R 5	R 4	R 1,625	<sup>R</sup> 1,451 <sup>R</sup> 1.637	<sup>R</sup> 78 <sup>R</sup> 85	R 22	<sup>R</sup> 82 <sup>R</sup> 81	<sup>R</sup> 2	Ra
June	* 147 R 154	* 78 R 73	**5 R 6	4	R 1,677 R 1,770	<sup>1</sup> 1,637 R 1,789	** 85 R 91	20 <sup>R</sup> 21	* 81 R 85	R 2	R Z
July	R 150	R 64	* 6	4	R 1,770	R 1.824	R 90	21	R 86	R 2	Rg
August	138	70	5	4	1,689	1,620	73	20	81	2	3
September 9-Month Total	1,346	947	45	35	15,459	1,620 <b>16,031</b>	73 <b>737</b>	189	762	20	30
2004 9-Month Total	1,462	1,599	54	42	20,016	20,641	901	228	887	27	54
2003 9-Month Total	1,366	1,088	44	36	18,631	19,735	866	190	814	32	71

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only

R=Revised.

Notes: • Data are for fuels consumed to produce electricity and useful thermal output. • See Note, "Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1990 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/elect.html.

Sources: • 1989-1997: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-867, "Annual Nonutility Power Producer Report." • 1998-2000: EIA, Form EIA-860B,
"Annual Electric Generator Report—Nonutility." • 2001-2003: EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report." • 2004 forward: EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-920, "Combined Heat and Power Plant Report."

plants.

b Industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and industrial electricity-only

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and coal

synfuel.

d Distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, petroleum coke, jet fuel, kerosene, other
... petroleum, and waste oil.

e Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels that cannot be identified separately.

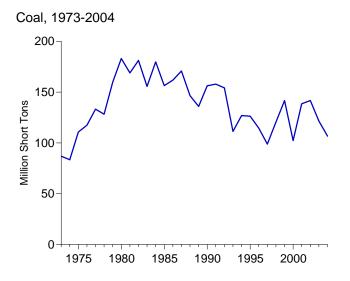
Municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, tires, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass.

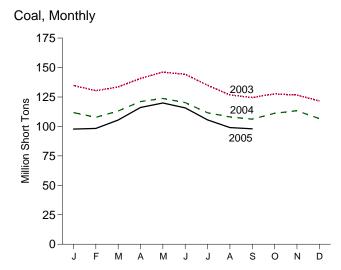
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>g</sup> Blast furnace gas, propane gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels.

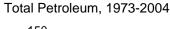
h Wood, black liquor, and other wood waste.

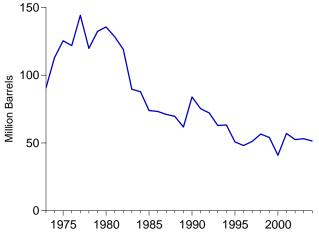
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>i</sup> Batteries, chemicals, hydrogen, pitch, purchased steam, sulfur, and miscellaneous technologies.

Figure 7.5 Stocks of Coal and Petroleum: Electric Power Sector

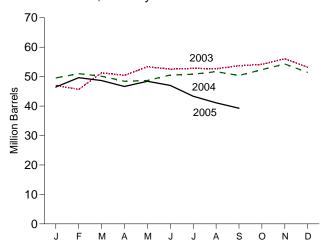




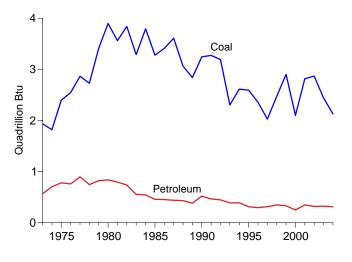




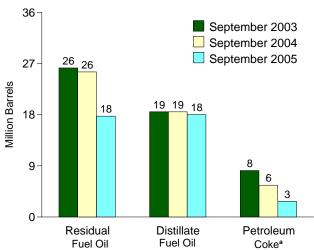
Total Petroleum, Monthly



Coal and Petroleum Stocks, 1973-2004



### Petroleum by Type, End of Month



<sup>a</sup>Converted from short tons to barrels by multiplying by 5. Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/elect.html. Source: Tables 7.5, A1, and A5 (column 5).

Table 7.5 Stocks of Coal and Petroleum: Electric Power Sector

				Petroleum		
	Coala	Distillate Fuel Oilb	Residual Fuel Oil <sup>c</sup>	Other Liquids <sup>d</sup>	Petroleum Coke <sup>e</sup>	Totale
	Thousand Short Tons		Thousand Barrels		Thousand Short Tons	Thousand Barrels
973 Year	86.967	10.095	79.121	NA	312	90.776
975 Year	110,724	16.432	108,825	NA NA	31	125,413
980 Year	183,010	30,023	105,351	NA	52	135,635
985 Year	156,376	16,386	57,304	NA	49	73,933
990 Year	156,166	16,471	67,030	NA	94	83,970
995 Year	126,304	15.392	35,102	NA	65	50,821
996 Year	114,623	15,216	32,473	NA NA	91	48,146
997 Year	98,826	15,456	33,336	NA NA	469	51,138
998 Year		16,343	37,451	NA NA	559	56,591
999 Year <sup>f</sup>	141.604	17.995	34,256	NA NA	372	54,109
000 Year	102,296	15,127	24,748	NA NA	211	40,932
000 Tear	138.496	20.486	34,594	NA NA	390	57.031
001 Year	141,714	-,		800		52,490
002 Tear	141,714	17,413	25,723	800	1,711	52,490
003 January	134,761	16,898	21,318	727	1,612	47,002
February	130,372	15,956	21,327	570	1,562	45,666
March	133,536	21,302	22,024	476	1,499	51,296
April	140,709	16,883	24,251	445	1,773	50,442
May	146.104	16.685	27.506	570	1.722	53,371
June	144,257	17,362	26,122	589	1,693	52,540
July	134,968	17,840	25,897	698	1,673	52,800
August	126,747	17,935	25,729	701	1,665	52,688
September	124.518	18.521	26.249	732	1.636	53,684
October	127,645	19.000	26,721	721	1.544	54.162
November	126.692	18.716	28,552	755	1.613	56.086
December	121,567	19,153	25,820	779	1,484	53,170
004	P 444 750	P 40 575	P 00 004	P. 500	P 4 007	P 40 500
<b>004</b> January	R 111,758	R 18,575	R 23,961	R 568	R 1,287	R 49,539
February	R 107,709	R 18,724	R 25,561	<sup>R</sup> 531	R 1,236	R 50,994
March	R 113,131	R 18,552	R 24,626	R 662	R 1,256	R 50,118
April	R 121,104	R 18,348	R 24,289	R 658	R 1,027	R 48,428
May	R 123,739	R 18,206	R 24,900	R 662	R 981	R 48,671
June	R 120,263	R 18,369	R 25,960	<sup>R</sup> 736	R 1,097	<sup>R</sup> 50,551
July	R 111,625	R 18,756	R 25,907	<sup>R</sup> 764	R 1,075	R 50,802
August	R 108,062	R 18,676	R 26,593	R 758	1,129	R 51,675
September	R 106,209	R 18,514	R 25,547	R 718	R 1,119	R 50,372
October	R 111,148	R 18,657	R 27,629	R 753	R 1,063	R 52,353
November	R 113,299	<sup>R</sup> 19,378	R 29,168	<sup>R</sup> 816	<sup>R</sup> 982	<sup>R</sup> 54,273
December	<sup>R</sup> 106,669	<sup>R</sup> 19,275	<sup>R</sup> <b>26,596</b>	<sup>R</sup> <b>879</b>	R <b>937</b>	<sup>R</sup> 51,434
<b>005</b> January	R 97,772	R 18,192	R 23,973	<sup>R</sup> 554	R 748	R 46.459
February	R 98,292	R 18,647	R 26,415	R 655	786	R 49.650
March	R 105,458	R 18.423	R 26.161	R 689	680	R 48.675
April	R 116,088	R 18,203	R 24,759	R 331	<sup>R</sup> 675	R 46,665
May	R 119,916	R 18,128	R 26.919	R 343	R 606	R 48,418
June	R 115.772	R 18,353	R 24,388	R 685	R 717	R 47,014
July	R 105.556	R 17.924	R 21.377	R 312	R 747	R 43.349
,	R 99,051		R 19,292	R 627	R 589	R 41,114
August		R 18,250				
September	97,956	18,040	17,755	696	552	39,252

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, and lignite.

R=Revised. NA=Not available.

Notes: • The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/elect.html.

Sources: • 1973-September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

• October 1977-1981: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • 1982-1988: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." • 1989-1997: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Power Plant Report." • 1989-1997: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-867, "Annual Nonutility Power Producer Report." • 1998-2000: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generator Report—Nonutility." • 2001-2003: Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report." • 2004 forward: EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-920, "Combined Heat and Power Plant Report."

b Fuel oil nos. 1, 2 and 4. For 1973-1979, data are for gas turbine and internal combustion plant stocks of petroleum. For 1980-2000, electric utility data also include small amounts of kerosene and jet fuel.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Fuel oil nos. 5 and 6. For 1973-1979, data are for steam plant stocks of petroleum. For 1980-2000, electric utility data also include a small amount of fuel

oil no. 4.

d Jet fuel and kerosene. Through 2003, data also include a small amount of

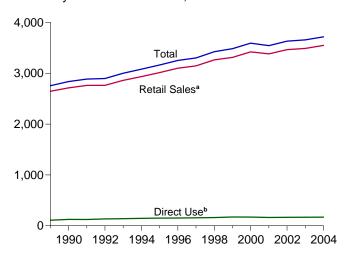
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> Petroleum coke is converted from short tons to barrels by multiplying by 5.

f Through 1998, data are for electric utilities only. Beginning in 1999, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers.

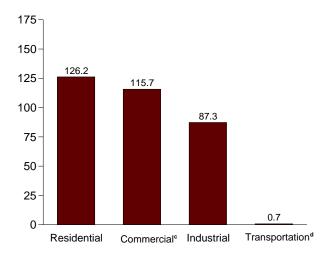
<sup>•</sup> Stocks are at end of period. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. . Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Figure 7.6 Electricity End Use (Billion Kilowatthours)

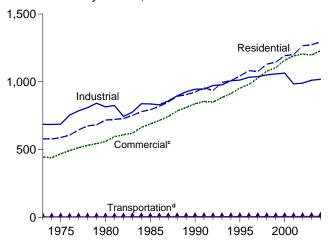
### Electricity End Use Overview, 1989-2004



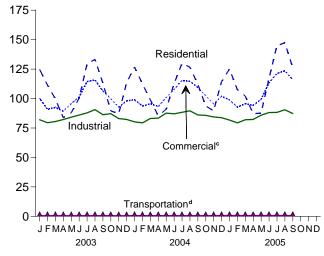
### Retail Sales<sup>a</sup> by Sector, September 2005



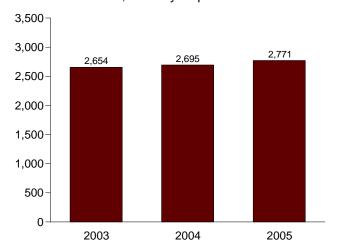
### Retail Sales<sup>a</sup> by Sector, 1973-2004



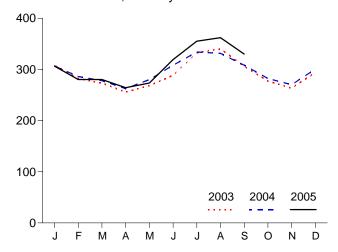
### Retail Sales<sup>a</sup> by Sector, Monthly



### Retail Sales<sup>a</sup> Total, January-September



### Retail Sales<sup>a</sup> Total, Monthly



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Electricity retail sales to ultimate customers reported by electric utilities and other energy service providers.

bSee "Direct Use" in Glossary.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>Commercial sector, including public street and highway lighting, interdepartmental sales, and other sales to public authorities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup>Transportation sector, including sales to railroads and railways. Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/elect.html. Source: Table 7.6.

## Table 7.6 Electricity End Use

(Million Kilowatthours)

			Retail Sales <sup>a</sup>					Discon Retail Sal	
	Residential	Commercial	Industrial <sup>c</sup>	Transpor- tation <sup>d</sup>	Total Retail Sales <sup>e</sup>	Direct Use <sup>f</sup>	Total End Use <sup>g</sup>	Commercial (Old) <sup>h</sup>	Other (Old) <sup>j</sup>
1973 Total	579,231	E 444,505	686,085	E 3,087	1,712,909	NA	1,712,909	388,266	59,326
1975 Total	588,140	E 468,296	687,680	E 2,974	1,747,091	NA	1,747,091	403,049	68,222
1980 Total	717,495	558,643	815,067	3,244	2,094,449	NA	2,094,449	488,155	73,732
1985 Total	793,934	689,121	836,772	4,147	2,323,974	NA	2,323,974	605,989	87,279
1990 Total	924,019	838,263	945,522	4,751	2,712,555	124,529	2,837,084	751,027	91,988
1995 Total	1,042,501	953,117	1,012,693	4,975	3,013,287	150,677	3,163,963	862,685	95,407
1996 Total	1,082,512	980,061	1,033,631	4,923	3,101,127	152,638	3,253,765	887,445	97,539
1997 Total	1,075,880	1,026,626	1,038,197	4,907	3,145,610	156,239	3,301,849	928,633	102,901
1998 Total	1,130,109	1,077,957	1,051,203	4,962	3,264,231	160,866	3,425,097	979,401	103,518
1999 Total	1,144,923	1,103,821	1,058,217	5,126	3,312,087	171,629	3,483,716	1,001,996	106,952
2000 Total		1,159,347	1,064,239	5,382	3,421,414	170,943	3,592,357	1,055,232	109,496
2001 Total 2002 Total	R 1,201,148 R 1,265,403	R 1,191,204	<sup>R</sup> 984,511 <sup>R</sup> 990,139	R 5,228	R 3,382,092	162,649	R 3,544,740 R 3,632,264	R 1,087,987 R 1,104,748	R 108,445
2002   Otal	1,265,403	R 1,205,078	~990,139	<sup>R</sup> 5,460	R 3,466,080	166,184	3,632,264	1,104,748	R 105,790
2003 January	R 124,689	R 100,238	R 81,993	R 607	R 307,528	E 15,106	R 322,634	_	_
February	R 111,469	R 90,797	R 79,493	R 598	R 282,358	E 13,035	R 295,393	_	_
March	R 99,661	R 92,505	R 80,527	R 545	R 273,237	E 13,743	R 286,980	_	_
April	R 83,687	R 89,283	R 82,208	R 548	R 255,727	E 13,232	R 268,959	_	_
May	R 87,904	R 95,616	R 84,181	R 542	R 268,244	E 13,819	R 282,063	_	-
June	R 100,414	R 101,522	R 86,019	R 558	R 288,513	E 13,905	R 302,418	_	-
July	R 129,612	R 114,410	R 87,823	R 599	R 332,444	E 14,833	R 347,277	_	_
August	R 133,229	R 115,754	R 90,640	R 595	R 340,218	E 14,953	R 355,171	_	_
September	R 112,947	R 106,331	R 86,253	<sup>R</sup> 582 <sup>R</sup> 568	R 306,113	E 13,902	R 320,015	_	_
October	<sup>R</sup> 89,601 <sup>R</sup> 87,042	<sup>R</sup> 100,009 <sup>R</sup> 92,762	<sup>R</sup> 87,184 <sup>R</sup> 83,037	R 533	<sup>R</sup> 277,361 <sup>R</sup> 263,374	E 13,973 E 13,466	<sup>R</sup> 291,333 <sup>R</sup> 276,840	_	_
November December	R 113,341	R 97,971	R 82,260	R 533	R 294,105	E 14,328	R 308,433	_	_
Total	R <b>1,273,597</b>	R 1,197,199	R 1,011,617	R <b>6,810</b>	R <b>3,489,223</b>	168,295	R <b>3,657,517</b>	_	_
2004 January	R 126.766	R 98.988	R 80.225	<sup>R</sup> 618	R 306.597	RE 14.800	R 321.398	_	_
February	R 112,516	R 93.624	R 79,370	R 609	R 286,119	RE 13.505	R 299.624	_	_
March	R 98,922	R 95,502	R 83,089	R 556	R 278,068	RE 13,819	R 291,887	_	_
April	R 85,287	R 93.254	R 83.327	<sup>R</sup> 558	R 262,427	RE 13,458	R 275,884	_	_
May	R 91,057	R 100,856	R 87,602	R 553	R 280,068	RE 13,985	R 294,053	_	_
June	R 112,733	R 107,758	R 87,032	<sup>R</sup> 568	R 308,091	RE 14,079	R 322,170	_	_
July	R 129,723	R 115,345	R 88,349	<sup>R</sup> 608	R 334,024	<sup>RE</sup> 14,957	R 348,981	_	_
August	R 126,665	R 114,567	R 89,572	R 603	<sup>R</sup> 331,407	<sup>RE</sup> 14,469	R 345,877	_	_
September	<sup>R</sup> 112,291	R 109,350	R 86,068	<sup>R</sup> 604	R 308,314	RE 13,807	R 322,121	_	_
October	R 93,687	R <sub>102,311</sub>	R 85,713	<sup>R</sup> 590	R 282,301	RE 13,476	R 295,777	_	_
November	R 89,601	R 95,535	R 84,394	<sup>R</sup> 560	R 270,090	RE 13,392	R 283,482	_	-
December	R 114,338	R 101,954	R 83,780	R 638	R 300,711	RE 14,721	R 315,433	_	_
Total	R 1,293,587	<sup>R</sup> 1,229,045	R 1,018,522	<sup>R</sup> 7,064	<sup>R</sup> 3,548,218	R 168,470	<sup>R</sup> 3,716,688	_	-
2005 January	R 125,138	R 98,870	<sup>R</sup> 81,701	<sup>R</sup> 740	R 306,449	RE 14,026	R 320,475	_	_
February	R 107,417	R 92,736	R 79,357	719	R 280,229	RE 12.621	R 292,849	_	_
March	<sup>R</sup> 102,073	R 95,560	R 81,985	<sup>R</sup> 657	R 280,274	RE 13,595	R 293,869	_	_
April	R 87,128	R 94,205	R 82,302	<sup>R</sup> 648	R 264,284	RE 12,995	<sup>R</sup> 277,279	_	_
May	R 87,724	R 99,255	R 85,839	<sup>R</sup> 621	R 273,439	RE 13,187	R 286,626	_	_
June	R 117,057	R 113,473	R 88,097	R 683	R 319,310	RE 13,903	R 333,213	_	_
July	R 144,946	R 121,269	R 88,270	R 684	R 355,169	RE 15,248	R 370,418	_	_
August	R 147,303	R 123,592	R 90,495	R 738	R 362,129	RE 15,131	R 377,259	_	_
September	126,226	115,734	87,304	701	329,966	E 13,052	343,018	_	_
9-Month Total	1,045,012	954,695	765,350	6,191	2,771,248	E 123,758	2,895,006	_	-
2004 9-Month Total	995,961	929,244	764,635	5,276	2,695,115	E 126,880	2,821,996	_	_
2003 9-Month Total	983,613	906,457	759,137	5,176	2,654,382	E 126,529	2,780,911	_	_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Electricity retail sales to ultimate customers reported by electric utilities

R=Revised. E=Estimate. NA=Not available. -=Not applicable.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of rounding. Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/elect.html.

Sources: See end of section.

and, beginning in 1996, other energy service providers.

b Commercial sector, including public street and highway lighting, interdepartmental sales, and other sales to public authorities.

C Industrial sector. Through 2002, excludes agriculture and irrigation; beginning in 2003, includes agriculture and irrigation.

Transportation sector, including sales to railroads and railways.

The sum of "Residential," "Commercial," "Industrial," and

e The sum "Transportation."

f Use of electricity that is 1) self-generated, 2) produced by either the same entity that consumes the power or an affiliate, and 3) used in direct support of a service or industrial process located within the same facility or group of facilities that house the generating equipment. Direct use is exclusive of station use.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>g</sup> The sum of "Total Retail Sales" and "Direct Use."

<sup>&</sup>quot;Commercial (Old)" is a discontinued series—data are for the commercial sector, excluding public street and highway lighting, interdepartmental sales, and other sales to public authorities.

"Other (Old)" is a discontinued series—data are for public street and

highway lighting, interdepartmental sales, other sales to public authorities, agriculture and irrigation, and transportation including railroads and railways.

## **Electricity**

### Note. Classification of Power Plants Into Energy-Use Sectors

The Energy Information Administration (EIA) classifies power plants (both electricity-only and combined-heat-andpower plants) into energy-use sectors based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), which replaced the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system in 1997. Plants with a NAICS code of 22 are assigned to the Electric Power Sector. Those with NAICS codes beginning with 11 (agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting); 21 (mining, including oil and gas extraction); 23 (construction); 31-33 (manufacturing); 2212 (natural gas distribution); and 22131 (water supply and irrigation systems) are assigned to the Industrial Sector. Those with all other codes are assigned to the Commercial Sector. Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," asks respondents to indicate the primary purpose of the facility by assigning a NAICS code from the list at:

http://www.eia.doe.gov/cneaf/electricity/forms/eia860/eia860.doc.

### **Table 7.1 Sources:**

**Net Generation, Electric Power Sector:** Table 7.2b.

Net Generation, Commercial Sector: Table 7.2c.

### **Net Generation, Industrial Sector:**

1973–September 1977: Federal Power Commission (FPC), Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report," for plants with generating capacity exceeding 10 megawatts, and FPC, Form FPC-12C, "Industrial Electric Generating Capacity," for all other plants.

October 1977–1978: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report," for plants with generating capacity exceeding 10 megawatts, and FERC, Form FPC-12C, "Industrial Electric Generating Capacity," for all other plants.

1979: FERC, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report," for plants with generating capacity exceeding 10 megawatts, and EIA estimates for all other plants.

1980–1988: Estimated by EIA as the average generation over the 6-year period of 1974–1979.

1989 forward: Table 7.2c.

# Imports and Exports, Electricity Trade With Canada and Mexico, 1973-1989:

1973–September 1977: Unpublished Federal Power Commission data.

October 1977–1980: Unpublished Economic Regulatory Administration (ERA) data.

1981: Department of Energy (DOE), Office of Energy Emergency Operations, "Report on Electric Energy Exchanges with Canada and Mexico for Calendar Year 1981," April 1982 (revised June 1982).

1982 and 1983: DOE, ERA, *Electricity Exchanges Across International Borders*.

1984–1986: DOE, ERA, *Electricity Transactions Across International Borders*.

1987 and 1988: DOE, ERA, Form ERA-781R, "Annual Report of International Electrical Export/Import Data."

1989: DOE, Fossil Energy, Form FE-781R, "Annual Report of International Electrical Export/Import Data."

## Imports and Exports, Electricity Trade with Canada, 1990 Forward:

National Energy Board of Canada, data for total sales (firm and interruptible; which exclude non-revenue, inadvertent, and service) from Canada to the United States, and data for total purchases (which exclude non-revenue, inadvertent, and service) by Canada from the United States.

## Imports and Exports, Electricity Trade with Mexico, 1990 Forward:

DOE, Fossil Energy, Office of Fuels Programs, Form FE-781R, "Annual Report of International Electrical Export/Import Data." For 2001 forward, data from the California Independent System Operator were used in combination with the Form FE-781R values to estimate electricity trade with Mexico.

**T&D Losses and Unaccounted for:** Calculated as the sum of total net generation and imports minus end use and exports.

End Use: Table 7.6.

### **Table 7.2b Sources:**

1973–September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

October 1977–1981: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

1982–1988: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

1989–1997: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-867, "Annual Nonutility Power Producer Report."

1998–2000: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generator Report–Nonutility."

2001–2003: EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report." 2004 and 2005: EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-920, "Combined Heat and Power Plant Report."

### Table 7.3b Notes:

• Data are for fuels consumed to produce electricity. Data also include fuels consumed to produce useful thermal output at a small number of electric utility combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants. • The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the

public. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

### **Table 7.3b Sources:**

1973-September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

October 1977-1981: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FPC-4, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

1982-1988: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

1989-1997: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-867, "Annual Nonutility Power Producer Report."

1998–2000: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-860B, "Annual Electric Generator Report–Nonutility."

2001–2003: EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report." 2004 and 2005: EIA, Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report," and Form EIA-920, "Combined Heat and Power Plant Report."

#### Table 7.6 Sources:

### Retail Sales: Residential and Industrial

1973-September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenue and Income."

October 1977-February 1980: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FPC-5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenue and Income."

March 1980-1982: FERC, Form FPC-5, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement."

1983: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-826, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement." 1984-1990: EIA, Form EIA-861, "Annual Electric Utility

Report."

1991 forward: EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, December 2005, Table 5.1.

### **Retail Sales: Commercial**

1973-2002: Estimated by EIA as the sum of "Commercial (Old)" and the non-transportation portion of "Other (Old)." See estimation methodology at

http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/states/sep\_use/notes/use\_elec.pdf. 2003 forward: EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, December 2005, Table 5.1

### **Retail Sales: Transportation**

1973-2002: Estimated by EIA as the transportation portion of "Other (Old)." See estimation methodology at http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/states/sep\_use/notes/use\_elec.pdf. 2003 forward: EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, December 2005, Table 5.1.

### **Direct Use, Annual:**

1989-1992: EIA, Form EIA-867, "Annual Nonutility Power Producer Report."

1993-2004: EIA, *Electric Power Annual 2004*, November 2005, Table 7.2.

**Direct Use, Monthly**: Annual shares are calculated as annual direct use divided by annual commercial and industrial net generation (on Table 7.1). Then monthly direct use estimates are calculated as the annual share multiplied by the monthly commercial and industrial net generation values. For 2005, the 2004 annual share is used.

### **Discontinued Retail Sales Series:**

### Commercial (Old) and Other (Old)

1973-2002: See sources for "Residential" and "Industrial."

## **Section 8. Nuclear Energy**

U.S. nuclear electricity net generation during September 2005 was 67 net terawatthours (billion kilowatthours) of electricity, 1 percent higher than the level in September 2004.

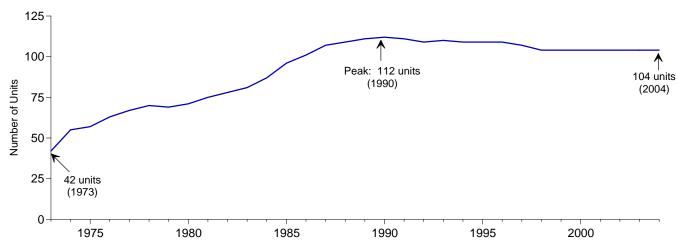
Nuclear units generated at an average capacity factor of 93.0 percent in September 2005, 1.1 percentage points higher than the capacity factor in September 2004.

The nuclear share of total electricity net generation in September 2005 was 19.1 percent, compared with 19.7 percent 1 year earlier.

On September 30, 2005, there were 104 operable nuclear generating units in the United States, with a collective net summer capacity of 99.6 million kilowatts of electricity.

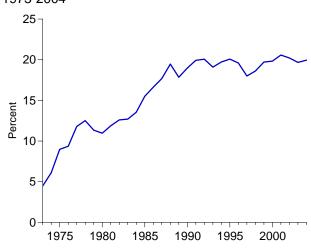
Figure 8.1 Nuclear Energy Overview

Operable Units, End of Year, 1973-2004

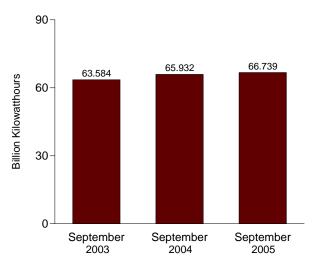


Electricity Net Generation, 1973-2004

Nuclear Share of Electricity Net Generation, 1973-2004

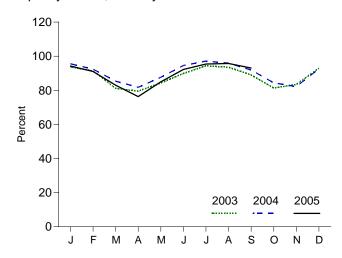


**Nuclear Electricity Net Generation** 



Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/nuclear.html. Sources: Table 7.1 and 8.1.

Capacity Factor, Monthly



**Table 8.1 Nuclear Energy Overview** 

	Total Operable Units <sup>a,b</sup>	Net Summer Capacity of Operable Units <sup>b,c</sup>	Nuclear Electricity Net Generation	Nuclear Share of Electricity Net Generation	Capacity Factor <sup>d</sup>
	Number	Million Kilowatts	Million Kilowatthours	Per	cent
973 Total	42	22.683	83,479	4.5	53.5
975 Total	57	37.267	172,505	9.0	55.9
980 Total	71	51.810	251,116	11.0	56.3
985 Total	96	79.397	383,691	15.5	58.0
990 Total	112	99.624	576,862	19.0	66.0
995 Total	109	99.515	673,402	20.1	77.4
	109	100.784	674,729	19.6	76.2
996 Total					
997 Total	107	99.716	628,644	18.0	71.1
998 Total	104	97.070	673,702	18.6	78.2
999 Total	104	97.411	728,254	19.7	85.3
000 Total	104	97.860	753,893	19.8	88.1
001 Total	104	98.159	768,826	20.6	89.4
002 Total	104	98.657	780,064	20.2	90.3
003 January	104	99.209	69,211	20.2	93.8
February	104	99.209	60,942	20.4	91.4
March	104	99.209	59,933	19.7	81.2
April	104	99.209	56,776	19.9	79.5
May	104	99.209	62,202	20.2	84.3
June	104	99.209	64,181	19.5	89.9
July	104	99.209	69,653	18.6	94.4
August	104	99.209	69,024	18.1	93.5
September	104	99.209	63.584	19.7	89.0
	104	99.209	60,016	19.6	81.3
October					
November	104	99.209	59,600	20.0	83.4
December Total	104 <b>104</b>	99.209 <b>99.209</b>	68,612 <b>763,733</b>	20.7 <b>19.7</b>	93.0 <b>87.9</b>
	404	00.645	70.006	R 20.4	95.5
004 January	104	99.615	70,806		
February	104	99.615	64,102	R 20.4	92.5
March	104	99.615	<sup>R</sup> 63,285	R 20.5	85.4
April	104	99.615	58,620	20.2	81.7
May	104	99.615	64,917	R 19.8	87.6
June	104	99.615	<sup>R</sup> 67,734	<sup>R</sup> 19.6	<sup>R</sup> 94.4
July	104	99.615	71,975	<sup>R</sup> 19.1	97.1
August	104	99.615	<sup>R</sup> 71,068	19.3	95.9
September	104	99.615	65,932	<sup>R</sup> 19.6	91.9
October	104	99.615	62,530	R 20.0	84.4
November	104	99.615	58.941	<sup>R</sup> 19.5	82.2
December	104	99.615	68,617	R 20.1	92.6
Total	104	99.615	R 788,528	19.9	90.1
<b>105</b> January	104	R 99.628	69.828	20.3	94.2
February	104	R 99.628	60.947	R 20.5	91.0
March	104	R 99.628	61.539	19.4	83.0
	104	R 99.628	R 54,747	R 19.0	R 76.3
April		R 99.628		R 20.1	
May	104		62,971		85.0
June	104	R 99.628	66,144	18.3	92.2
July	104	R 99.628	70,703	R 17.7	95.4
August	104	<sup>R</sup> 99.628	70,963	<sup>R</sup> 17.7	95.7
September	104	99.628	66,739	19.1	93.0
9-Month Total	104	99.628	584,581	19.0	89.6
004 9-Month Total	104	99.615	598,441	19.9	91.4
003 9-Month Total	104	99.209	575,505	19.5	88.5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Total of nuclear generating units holding full-power licenses, or equivalent permission to operate, at the end of the period—see Note 1 at end of section. Although Browns Ferry 1 was shut down in 1985, the unit has remained fully licensed and thus has continued to be counted as operable during the shutdown; in May 2002, the Tennessee Valley Authority announced its intenton to have the unit resume operation in 2007—see Note 1(a) at end of section. For additional intermetion, on purely reporting units see April Foreign 2003. information on nuclear generating units, see *Annual Energy Review 2003*, September 2004, Table 9.1.

b At end of period.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> For the definition of "Net Summer Capacity," see Note 2(a) at end of section.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm d}\,$  For an explanation of the method of calculating the capacity factor, see Note 2 at end of section.

R=Revised.

Notes: • See Note 1 at end of section for discussion of reactor unit coverage. Nuclear • See Note: 1 at entrol of section not inductorsion to reaction unit coverage.
 Nuclear electricity net generation totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.
 Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of

Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/nuclear.html.

Sources: See end of section.

## **Nuclear Energy**

- **Note 1.** A reactor is generally defined as operable while it possessed a full-power license from the Nuclear Regulatory Commission or its predecessor the Atomic Energy Commission, or equivalent permission to operate, at the end of the year or month shown. The definition is liberal in that it does not exclude units retaining full-power licenses during long, non-routine shutdowns that for a time rendered them unable to generate electricity. Examples are:
- (a) In 1985 the five then-active Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) units (Browns Ferry 1, 2, and 3 and Sequoyah 1 and 2) were shut down under a regulatory forced outage. Browns Ferry 1 remains shut down and has been defueled, while the other units were idle for several years, restarting in 1991, 1995, 1988, and 1988, respectively. All five units are counted as operable during the shutdowns. Browns Ferry 1 is the only one of the five TVA plants that has not returned to service. Because it is still fully licensed to operate, it continues to meet the definition of operable.
- (b) Shippingport was shut down from 1974 through 1976 for conversion to a light-water breeder reactor, but is counted as operable from 1957 until its retirement in 1982.
- (c) Calvert Cliffs 2 was shut down in 1989 and 1990 for replacement of pressurizer heater sleeves but is counted as operable during those years.

Exceptions to the definition are Shoreham and Three Mile Island 2. Shoreham was granted a full-power license in April 1989, but was shut down two months later and never restarted. In 1991, the license was changed to Possession Only. Although not operable at the end of the year, Shoreham is counted as operable during 1989. A major accident closed Three Mile Island 2 in 1979, and although the unit retained its full-power license for several years, it is considered permanently shut down since that year.

- **Note 2.** Capacity: Nuclear generating units may have more than one type of net capacity rating, including the following:
- (a) Net Summer Capacity—The steady hourly output that generating equipment is expected to supply to system load, exclusive of auxiliary power, as demonstrated by test at the time of summer peak demand. Auxiliary power of a typical nuclear power plant is about 5 percent of gross generation.
- b) Net Design Capacity or Net Design Electrical Rating (DER)—The nominal net electrical output of a unit, specified by the utility and used for plant design.

The monthly capacity factors are computed as the actual monthly generation divided by the maximum possible generation for that month. The maximum possible generation is the number of hours in the month multiplied by the net summer capacity at the end of the month. That fraction is then multiplied by 100 to obtain a percentage. Annual capacity factors are averages of the monthly values for that year.

### **Table 8.1 Sources**

# **Total Operable Units** and **Net Summer Capacity of Operable Units**:

1973-1982: Compiled from various sources, primarily DOE, Office of Nuclear Reactor Programs, "U.S. Central Station Nuclear Electric Generating Units: Significant Milestones." 1983 forward: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," and monthly updates as appropriate. For a list of currently operable units, see:

http://eia.doe.gov/cneaf/nuclear/page/nuc\_reactors/operational.xls.

Nuclear Electricity Net Generation and Nuclear Share of Electricity Net Generation: See Table 7.2a for actual data.

Capacity Factor: EIA, Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels for actual data.

## **Section 9. Energy Prices**

**Crude Oil.** The average price of domestic crude oil at the wellhead was \$59.60 per barrel in September 2005, 47 percent above the level of September 2004. The refiner acquisition cost of imported crude oil in October 2005 was estimated at \$55.64 per barrel, 23 percent higher than the October 2004 level. The average cost of domestic crude oil in October 2005 was an estimated \$60.66, 27 percent more than the October 2004 average.

**Motor Gasoline**. The national city average retail price of unleaded regular gasoline at all types of stations was \$2.34 per gallon in November 2005, 17 percent higher than the price in November 2004. The price of unleaded premium gasoline averaged \$2.56 in November 2005, 16 percent higher than the price in November 2004.

**Residual Fuel Oil.** The average price, excluding taxes, of residual fuel oil sold to end users in September 2005 was \$1.25 per gallon, 13 percent higher than the previous month's price and 62 percent higher than the September 2004 average. The average resale price, excluding taxes, of residual fuel oil in September 2005 was \$1.22, 6 percent higher than the August 2005 price and 80 percent higher than the price 1 year earlier.

**Jet Fuel**. The average price, excluding taxes, of kerosene-type jet fuel sold to end users in September 2005 was \$2.10 per gallon, 13 percent higher than the previous month's average price and 58 percent more than the September 2004 average price.

**No. 2 Distillate Fuel Oil.** The October 2005 national average price, excluding taxes, of heating oil sold to residential customers was an estimated \$2.42 per gallon, slightly higher than the September 2005 price and 34 percent higher than the October 2004 price. The average price of No. 2 fuel oil

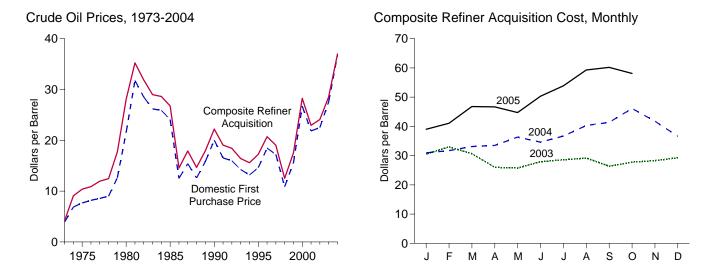
sold to all end users was \$2.08 per gallon in September 2005, 12 percent higher than the August 2005 price and 60 percent higher than the price 1 year earlier.

Electricity. The average retail price of electricity sold to all ultimate consumers in the United States in September 2005 was 8.62 cents per kilowatthour, 8 percent higher than the average price in September 2004. The price of electricity sold to residential consumers in September 2005 averaged 9.91 cents per kilowatthour, 5 percent higher than the September 2004 price. The price of electricity sold to commercial consumers averaged 9.21 cents per kilowatthour in September 2005, 8 percent higher than the September 2004 price. The price of electricity sold to transportation users in September 2005 averaged 8.01 cents per kilowatthour, 10 percent higher than the September 2004 price. The price of electricity sold to industrial users in September 2005 averaged 5.99 cents per kilowatthour, 11 percent higher than the price 1 year earlier.

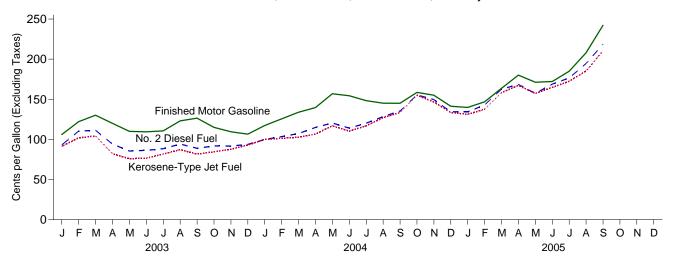
**Natural Gas.** The average wellhead price of natural gas for September 2005 was estimated as \$9.50 per thousand cubic feet, 95 percent higher than the September 2004 price.

The average price of natural gas delivered to the electric power sector in August 2005 was \$8.59 per thousand cubic feet, 44 percent higher than the August 2004 price. The average price of natural gas used by residential consumers in September 2005 was \$16.60 per thousand cubic feet, 25 percent higher than the September 2004 price. The average price of natural gas used by commercial consumers in September 2005 was \$13.02 per thousand cubic feet, 41 percent higher than the September 2004 price. The average price of natural gas used by industrial consumers in September 2005 was \$9.81 per thousand cubic feet, 76 percent above the September 2004 price.

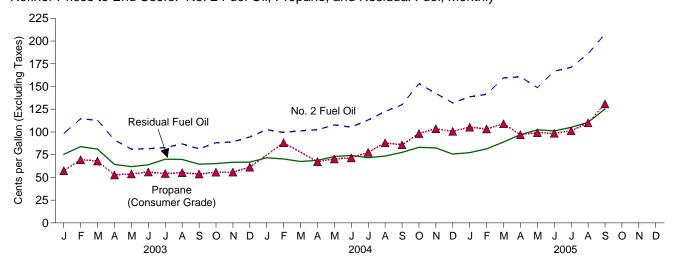
Figure 9.1 Petroleum Prices



Refiner Prices to End Users: Motor Gasoline, Diesel Fuel, and Jet Fuel, Monthly



Refiner Prices to End Users: No. 2 Fuel Oil, Propane, and Residual Fuel, Monthly



Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/prices.html.

Sources: Tables 9.1, 9.5, and 9.7.

**Table 9.1 Crude Oil Price Summary** 

(Dollars per Barrel)

				R	efiner Acquisition Co	<b>st</b> <sup>a</sup>
	Domestic First Purchase Price <sup>b</sup>	F.O.B. Cost of Imports <sup>c</sup>	Landed Cost of Imports <sup>d</sup>	Domestic	Imported	Composite
973 Average	3.89	5.21	e <b>6.4</b> 1	<sup>E</sup> 4.17	<sup>E</sup> 4.08	<sup>E</sup> 4.15
975 Average	7.67	11.18	12.70	8.39	13.93	10.38
980 Average	21.59	32.37	33.67	24.23	33.89	28.07
985 Average	24.09	25.84	26.67	26.66	26.99	26.75
990 Average	20.03	20.37	21.13	22.59	21.76	22.22
95 Average	14.62	15.69	16.78	17.33	17.14	17.23
96 Average	18.46	19.32	20.31	20.77	20.64	20.71
997 Average	17.23	16.94	18.11	19.61	18.53	19.04
998 Average	10.87	10.76	11.84	13.18	12.04	12.52
99 Average	15.56	16.47	17.23	17.90	17.26	17.51
000 Average	26.72	26.27	27.53	29.11	27.70	28.26
001 Average	21.84	20.46	21.82	24.33	22.00	22.95
002 Average	22.51	22.63	23.91	24.65	23.71	24.10
JUZ AVEI age	22.31	22.03	25.51	24.03	23.71	24.10
003 January	28.42	29.15	30.34	30.82	30.30	30.52
February	31.85	29.78	31.34	34.05	32.23	33.00
March	30.10	26.32	28.86	32.70	29.23	30.65
April	25.45	22.74	25.20	28.55	24.48	26.02
May	24.95	23.48	25.40	26.75	25.15	25.74
June	26.84	25.34	27.36	29.07	27.22	27.92
July	27.52	26.10	27.72	29.54	27.95	28.55
August	27.94	26.87	28.01	30.28	28.50	29.15
September	25.23	24.07	25.91	27.75	25.66	26.39
October	26.53	26.06	27.37	28.43	27.32	27.75
November	27.21	26.03	27.68	29.55	27.47	28.28
December	28.53	26.77	28.80	30.27	28.63	29.28
Average	<b>27.56</b>	<b>25.86</b>	<b>27.69</b>	29.82	27.71	28.53
<b>104</b> January	30.35	28.22	30.79	32.34	30.11	30.93
February	31.21	28.50	31.14	33.45	30.69	31.72
March	32.86	30.02	32.31	34.85	32.16	33.10
April	33.20	31.00	32.88	35.56	32.34	33.47
May	35.73	33.79	35.09	37.63	35.68	36.32
June	34.53	32.22	34.38	36.80	33.45	34.59
July	36.54	34.97	36.85	38.19	35.89	36.68
August	40.10	37.34	39.56	41.86	39.46	40.30
September	40.56	38.80	41.08	43.08	40.42	41.35
October	46.14	42.21	44.11	47.66	45.36	46.13
November	42.85	36.01	39.06	45.02	39.89	41.77
December	38.22	31.67	35.34	41.20	34.07	36.60
Average	36.77	33.75	36.07	38.97	35.90	36.98
<b>05</b> January	40.18	35.65	38.46	41.82	37.55	39.01
February	42.06	39.07	40.70	43.80	39.72	41.05
March	47.39	44.25	45.89	48.87	45.71	46.77
April	47.23	43.91	45.42	49.64	45.18	46.67
May	44.00	42.88	44.51	47.81	43.12	44.74
June	49.87	48.55	49.99	52.13	49.28	50.30
July	53.31	R 51.87	R 53.85	55.78	52.88	53.88
	R 58.79	R 57.23	R 58.32	R 60.57	R 58.66	59.29
August	R 59.60	R 58.32	R 58.33	R 62.84	R 58.80	R 60.18
September				E 60.66	E 55.64	E 58.12
October	NA	NA	NA	- 00.00	- 55.64	- 58.12

See Note 3 at end of section.
 Based on October, November, and December data only.
 R=Revised. NA=Not available. E=Estimate.
 Notes: • Values for Domestic First Purchase Price and Refiner Acquisition
 Cost for the current month and for F.O.B. and Landed Costs of Imports for the

a See Note 4 at end of section. See Note 1 at end of section. C See Note 2 at end of section. d See Note 3 at end of section.

current 2 months are preliminary. • F.O.B. and landed costs through 1980 reflect the period of reporting; prices since then reflect the period of loading.
• Annual averages are the averages of the monthly prices, weighted by volume. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and all U.S. Territories and Possessions.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/prices.html.

Sources: See end of section.

Table 9.2 F.O.B. Costs of Crude Oil Imports From Selected Countries

(Dollars per Barrel)

			S	elected Cou	ntries					
	Angola	Colombia	Mexico	Nigeria	Saudi Arabia	United Kingdom	Venezuela	Persian Gulf Nations <sup>a</sup>	Total OPEC <sup>b</sup>	Total Non-OPEC
1973 Average <sup>c</sup>	w	w	(d)	7.81	3.25	(d)	5.39	3.68	5.43	4.80
1975 Average	10.97	(d)	11.44	11.82	10.87	(b)	11.04	10.88	11.34	10.62
1980 Average	33.45	`w´	31.06	35.93	28.17	34.36	24.81	28.92	32.21	32.85
1985 Average	26.30	(d)	25.33	28.04	22.04	27.64	23.64	23.31	25.67	25.96
1990 Average	20.23	20.75	19.26	22.46	20.36	23.43	19.55	18.54	20.40	20.32
1995 Average	16.58	16.73	15.64	17.40	w	16.94	13.86	w	15.36	16.02
1996 Average	20.71	21.33	19.14	21.27	19.28	19.43	17.73	19.22	18.94	19.65
1997 Average	18.81	18.85	16.72	19.43	15.16	18.59	15.33	15.24	16.26	17.51
1998 Average	12.11	12.56	10.49	12.97	8.87	12.52	9.31	9.09	10.20	11.21
1999 Average	17.46	17.20	15.89	17.32	17.65	19.14	14.33	17.15	15.90	16.84
2000 Average	27.90	29.04	25.39	28.70	24.62	27.21	24.45	24.72	25.56	26.77
2001 Average	23.25	24.25	18.89	24.85	18.98	23.30	18.01	18.89	19.73	21.04
2002 Average	24.09	24.64	21.60	25.38	23.92	24.50	20.13	23.38	22.18	22.93
2003 January	31.59	32.94	28.32	31.76	27.79	31.66	W	27.83	29.05	29.21
February	33.49	35.25	28.43	33.64	26.67	32.97	28.50	27.17	28.65	30.52
March	29.34	31.28	24.97	30.82	24.87	28.78	22.83	25.09	25.39	26.99
April	24.81	24.85	21.53	25.27	20.97	W	21.00	21.08	21.83	23.40
May	25.63	25.13	22.56	27.03	22.52	25.28	21.61	22.57	22.78	23.99
June	26.66	27.63	24.39	27.79	26.45	W	22.98	26.37	24.88	25.67
July	27.83	W	25.60	29.14	25.54	W	24.51	25.58	25.63	26.41
August	28.76	28.97	25.88	30.08	26.22	29.42	24.87	25.99	26.33	27.20
September	26.13	27.44	23.33	27.28	23.82	W	22.76	23.80	23.78	24.32
October	29.47	28.91	23.77	30.02	W	W	23.77	26.29	25.84	26.21
November	28.94	W	24.92	29.78	27.70	29.32	23.75	26.88	26.09	25.99
December	29.58	30.02	25.56	30.60	27.70	W	25.71	27.32	27.05	26.56
Average	28.22	28.89	24.83	29.40	25.03	28.76	23.81	25.17	25.36	26.21
2004 January	W	33.14	26.86	31.19	W	W	25.94	28.29	27.91	28.47
February	30.06	W	26.24	32.03	W	W	26.70	28.05	28.70	28.33
March	W	33.17	28.26	33.79	W	33.72	28.15	29.77	30.06	29.99
April	32.42	34.47	29.46	34.28	W	W	31.23	29.89	31.56	30.48
May	W	36.46	32.45	38.11	W	W	33.18	32.49	34.43	33.27
June	36.57	35.10	30.33	35.63	32.91	W	30.92	32.31	32.46	32.05
July	37.82	39.28	32.56	39.80	35.17	( <sup>d</sup> )	32.46	34.90	35.28	34.68
August	42.75	W	34.24	43.18	W	41.89	33.93	37.70	37.57	37.15
September	41.03	41.80	35.27	44.82	38.41	W	38.72	39.05	40.57	37.44
October	47.64	45.74	40.38	49.15	W	W	39.55	37.35	41.33	42.87
November	40.43	W	33.09	43.14	W	W	32.23	34.05	35.50	36.43
December	36.01	W	29.49	40.22	W	W	30.11	30.64	32.52	31.10
Average	37.26	37.73	31.55	38.71	34.08	37.30	31.78	33.08	33.95	33.58
2005 January	38.20	W	31.51	44.43	38.52	W	34.35	36.03	37.51	34.13
February	42.77	W	33.21	48.24	40.11	42.58	37.82	39.37	41.07	37.31
March	48.06	47.05	39.24	53.76	42.67	53.98	42.94	43.00	45.71	42.90
April	48.46	50.25	40.43	51.72	45.68	W	43.01	43.70	45.33	42.46
May	45.35	W	40.31	49.59	44.09	W	41.78	43.65	44.44	41.46
June	50.91	52.64	44.83	55.81	53.37	W	47.06	51.12	51.15	46.19
July	54.87	W	46.74	59.03	W	<sup>R</sup> 57.71	R 49.28	R 54.95	R 53.46	R 50.37
August	R 62.16	57.05	R 50.57	R 65.98	W	R 64.87	<sup>R</sup> 57.54	<sup>R</sup> 58.21	R 60.09	<sup>R</sup> 54.77
September	60.89	63.94	52.44	63.76	W	W	63.77	W	61.46	55.92

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and United Arab

1980 reflect the period of reporting; prices since then reflect the period of loading. • Annual averages are averages of the monthly prices, including prices not published, weighted by volume. • Cargoes that are purchased on a "netback" basis, or under similar contractual arrangements whereby the actual purchase price is not established at the time the crude oil is acquired for importation into the United States, are not included in the published data until the actual prices have been determined and reported. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/prices.html.

Sources: See end of section.

Emirates.

<sup>b</sup> Current members are Algeria, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela. Ecuador is included in the data through 1992 and Gabon through 1995.

Based on October, November, and December data only.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> No data reported.

R=Revised. W=Value withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company

Notes: • The Free on Board (F.O.B.) cost at the country of origin excludes all costs related to insurance and transportation. See Note 2 at end of section. • Values for the current 2 months are preliminary. • Prices through

Table 9.3 Landed Costs of Crude Oil Imports From Selected Countries

(Dollars per Barrel)

				Selected	Countries						
	Angola	Canada	Colombia	Mexico	Nigeria	Saudi Arabia	United Kingdom	Venezuela	Persian Gulf Nations <sup>a</sup>	Total OPEC <sup>b</sup>	Total Non-OPEC
1973 Average <sup>c</sup>	w	5.33	w	(d)	9.08	5.37	(d)	5.99	5.91	6.85	5.64
1975 Average	11.81	12.84	( <sup>d</sup> )	12.61	12.70	12.50	(d)	12.36	12.64	12.70	12.70
1980 Average	34.76	30.11	`w´	31.77	37.15	29.80	35.68	25.92	30.59	33.56	33.99
1985 Average	27.39	25.71	( <sup>d</sup> )	25.63	28.96	24.72	28.36	24.43	25.50	26.86	26.53
1990 Average	21.51	20.48	22.34	19.64	23.33	21.82	22.65	20.31	20.55	21.23	20.98
1995 Average	17.66	16.65	17.45	16.19	18.25	16.84	17.91	14.81	16.78	16.61	16.95
1996 Average	21.86	19.94	22.02	19.64	21.95	20.49	20.88	18.59	20.45	20.14	20.47
1997 Average	20.24	17.63	19.71	17.30	20.64	17.52	20.64	16.35	17.44	17.73	18.45
1998 Average	13.37	11.62	13.26	11.04	14.14	11.16	13.55	10.16	11.18	11.46	12.22
1999 Average	18.37	17.54	18.09	16.12	17.63	17.48	18.26	15.58	17.37	16.94	17.51
2000 Average	29.57	26.69	29.68	26.03	30.04	26.58	29.26	26.05	26.77	27.29	27.80
2001 Average	25.13	20.72	25.88	19.37	26.55	20.98	25.32	19.81	20.73	21.52	22.17
2002 Average	25.43	22.98	25.28	22.09	26.45	24.77	26.35	21.93	24.13	23.83	23.97
2003 January	33.28	27.91	34.11	28.71	33.40	30.55	32.89	29.38	30.22	30.79	29.99
February	36.01	30.10	36.79	29.28	35.65	29.25	34.74	30.80	29.85	30.73	31.94
March	32.00	29.93	32.73	26.18	34.29	26.23	31.32	26.51	27.01	28.24	29.52
April	27.77	26.06	26.15	22.24	29.54	24.46	28.23	23.33	24.26	24.86	25.62
May	27.39	24.98	26.85	23.12	28.33	25.40	26.75	23.42	25.15	25.30	25.50
June	28.52	26.91	29.35	25.09	29.49	28.22	29.58	25.06	28.11	27.38	27.33
July	29.60	26.88	30.17	26.05	30.40	27.54	29.83	26.11	27.50	27.58	27.84
August	30.04	27.48	30.24	26.37	31.10	27.08	30.52	26.23	26.93	27.70	28.27
September	27.91	25.17	28.13	23.76	29.12	25.81	28.95	24.09	25.88	25.99	25.84
October	31.07	25.57	29.88	24.37	30.38	28.23	31.14	25.48	28.01	27.76	26.97
November	30.57	25.06	30.38	25.54	31.45	29.13	31.60	25.85	28.61	28.36	26.95
December	31.60	26.16	32.63	26.27	32.51	30.56	31.46	27.70	30.17	29.84	27.79
Average	30.14	26.76	30.55	25.48	31.07	27.50	30.62	25.70	27.54	27.70	27.68
2004 January	34.03	29.37	34.85	27.98	33.67	31.86	32.89	28.79	31.51	31.23	30.36
February	34.44	30.21	35.99	27.10	35.09	31.98	33.30	28.98	31.70	31.86	30.35
March	35.00	30.95	35.34	28.92	36.06	33.11	36.41	30.00	32.89	32.92	31.61
April	35.29	31.20	35.30	29.82	36.68	33.36	35.11	32.39	33.20	33.69	31.97
May	37.90	32.70	37.78	32.88	39.33	34.89	38.14	34.16	34.68	35.70	34.47
June	38.44	33.05	36.19	30.89	38.05	36.14	36.50	32.29	35.43	35.21	33.57
July	40.03	35.00	38.49	32.84	41.00	38.68	40.93	33.78	38.32	37.85	35.71
August	44.92	38.28	42.30	34.66	44.74	42.20	42.51	36.03	41.14	40.65	38.39
September	43.84	39.07	43.03	35.63	46.53	42.52	43.49	40.28	42.30	42.83	39.36
October	48.47	42.93	47.35	41.09	51.85	42.87	49.65	41.92	42.15	44.21	44.02
November	44.16	39.46	42.52	33.78	47.64	39.12	47.41	34.76	37.95	39.15	38.97
December	40.48	31.86	39.39	30.31	43.88	37.46	39.80	33.00	36.65	37.18	33.67
Average	39.62	34.51	39.03	32.25	40.95	37.11	39.28	33.79	36.53	36.84	35.29
2005 January	42.50	33.78	44.23	32.37	46.53	40.60	42.86	36.55	39.38	40.48	36.22
February	44.39	36.08	W	33.52	49.98	43.46	44.50	39.05	42.92	43.30	38.09
March	50.96	41.28	48.78	39.70	55.46	46.33	53.98	44.60	45.86	47.58	44.15
April	50.45	40.39	49.93	40.77	53.60	47.27	51.40	43.95	46.01	47.15	43.64
May	48.49	39.29	47.78	40.78	51.32	46.78	49.98	43.70	46.18	46.61	42.46
June	_ 53.14	_ 43.10	53.39	45.20	57.67	_ 53.14	_ 53.16	_ 48.44	52.48	52.98	47.03
July	<sup>R</sup> 57.18	<sup>R</sup> 50.71	_ 55.11	_ 46.95	R 60.86	<sup>R</sup> 57.52	<sup>R</sup> 59.58	<sup>R</sup> 50.88	<sup>R</sup> 56.50	<sup>R</sup> 55.93	<sup>R</sup> 51.83
August		<sup>R</sup> 54.44	<sup>R</sup> 59.08	<sup>R</sup> 50.97	<sup>R</sup> 67.40	<sup>R</sup> 60.51	<sup>R</sup> 62.41	<sup>R</sup> 58.30	<sup>R</sup> 59.94	<sup>R</sup> 61.33	<sup>R</sup> 55.94
September	62.06	53.65	62.32	52.57	65.17	59.76	W	63.69	58.87	62.16	55.76

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and United Arab Emirates.

contractual arrangements whereby the actual purchase price is not established at the time the crude oil is acquired for importation into the United  $\,$ States, are not included in the published data until the actual prices have been determined and reported. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see

http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/prices.html.

Sources: • October 1973-September 1977: Federal Energy
Administration, Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report." Pricing Report. October 1977-December 1977: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report." • 1978-2004: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Annual, 2004, Table 25. • 2005: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, December 2005, Table 25.

b Current members are Algeria, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela. Ecuador is included in the data through 1992 and Gabon through 1995.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Based on October, November, and December data only.

d No data reported.

R=Revised. W=Value withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company

Notes: • See Note 3 at end of section. • Values for the current 2 months are preliminary. • Prices through 1980 reflect the period of reporting; prices since then reflect the period of loading. • Annual averages are averages of

the monthly prices, including prices not published, weighted by volume.

• Cargoes that are purchased on a "netback" basis, or under similar

Table 9.4 Motor Gasoline Retail Prices, U.S. City Average

	Leaded Regular	Unleaded Regular	Unleaded Premium <sup>a</sup>	All Types <sup>b</sup>
973 Average	38.8	NA	NA	NA
75 Average	56.7	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
80 Average	119.1	124.5	NA NA	122.1
	111.5	124.3	134.0	119.6
35 Average				
90 Average	114.9	116.4	134.9	121.7
95 Average	NA	114.7	133.6	120.5
96 Average	NA	123.1	141.3	128.8
97 Average	NA	123.4	141.6	129.1
98 Average	NA	105.9	125.0	111.5
99 Average	NA	116.5	135.7	122.1
00 Average	NA	151.0	169.3	156.3
01 Average	NA	146.1	165.7	153.1
02 Average	NA	135.8	155.6	144.1
<b>03</b> January	NA	147.3	166.6	155.7
February	NA	164.1	182.8	168.6
March	NA	174.8	192.4	179.1
April	NA	165.9	184.6	170.4
May	NA	154.2	172.9	158.7
June	NA	151.4	170.0	155.8
July	NA	152.4	171.0	156.7
,	NA NA	162.8	180.8	167.1
August				
September	NA	172.8	191.1	177.1
October	NA	160.3	178.9	164.6
November	NA	153.5	172.4	157.8
December	NA	149.4	168.6	153.8
Average	NA	159.1	177.7	163.8
<b>04</b> January	NA	159.2	177.9	163.5
February	NA	167.2	185.8	171.5
March	NA	176.6	194.9	180.9
April	NA	183.3	201.2	187.5
May	NA	200.9	218.6	205.0
June	NA	204.1	222.5	208.3
July	NA NA	193.9	213.0	198.2
,	NA NA	189.8	209.1	194.1
August				
September	NA	189.1	208.2	193.4
October	NA	202.9	221.5	207.2
November	NA	201.0	220.3	205.3
December	NA	188.2	208.0	192.6
Average	NA	188.0	206.8	192.3
<b>05</b> January	NA	182.3	201.7	186.6
February	NA	191.8	210.5	196.0
March	NA	206.5	225.1	210.7
April	NA	228.3	246.8	232.5
May	NA	221.6	240.3	225.7
June	NA	217.6	236.5	221.8
July	NA	231.6	250.2	235.7
August	NA NA	250.6	270.1	254.8
	NA NA	292.7	313.0	254.6 296.9
September				
October	NA	278.5	300.1	283.0
November	NA	234.3	256.0	238.7

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> The 1981 average (available in Web file) is based on September through December data only

coverage for 1978 forward is 85 urban areas.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/prices.html.

Sources: • Monthly Data: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Consumer Prices: Energy. • Annual Data: 1973—Platt's Oil Price Handbook and Oilmanac, 1974, 51st Edition. 1974 forward—calculated by the Energy Information Administration as the simple averages of monthly data.

December data only.

<sup>b</sup> Also includes types of motor gasoline not shown separately.

NA=Not available.

Notes: • See Note 5 at end of section. • In September 1981, the Bureau of Labor Statistics changed the weights used in the calculation of average motor gasoline prices. From September 1981 forward, gasohol is included in the average for all types, and unleaded premium is weighted more heavily.

Geographic coverage for 1973-1977 is 56 urban areas. Geographic

Table 9.5 Refiner Prices of Residual Fuel Oil

	Sulfur Co	l Fuel Oil ntent Less al to 1 Percent	Sulfur	al Fuel Oil Content an 1 Percent	Ave	erage
	Sales for Resale	Sales to End Users	Sales for Resale	Sales to End Users	Sales for Resale	Sales to End Users
978 Average	29.3	31.4	24.5	27.5	26.3	29.8
980 Average	60.8	67.5	47.9	52.3	52.8	60.7
985 Average	61.0	64.4	56.0	58.2	57.7	61.0
990 Average	47.2	50.5	37.2	40.0	41.3	44.4
995 Average	38.3	43.6	33.8	37.7	36.3	39.2
996 Average	45.6	52.6	38.9	43.3	42.0	45.5
997 Average	41.5	48.8	36.6	40.3	38.7	42.3
998 Average	29.9	35.4	26.9	28.7	28.0	30.5
999 Average	38.2	40.5	32.9	36.2	35.4	37.4
000 Average	62.7	70.8	51.2	56.6	56.6	60.2
000 Average	52.3	64.2	42.8	49.2	47.6	53.1
_						56.9
002 Average	54.6	64.0	50.8	54.4	53.0	36.9
003 January	79.7	86.6	NA	71.2	73.1	75.4
February	94.4	97.2	76.0	77.1	87.3	83.9
March	88.1	98.1	62.4	72.1	77.4	81.1
April	60.3	77.3	51.9	59.5	56.9	64.3
May	62.8	74.9	53.2	58.8	57.2	61.9
June	62.6	71.9	54.1	60.0	58.0	63.9
July	64.9	74.5	58.9	67.8	61.7	70.1
August	67.2	75.4	60.7	67.2	63.4	69.8
September	62.6	72.0	56.1	61.2	58.6	64.6
October	65.2	70.7	56.6	62.8	60.1	65.2
November		76.7 76.7	58.7	62.2	62.7	66.7
December	67.3 66.7	76.7 79.3	56.7 54.5	62.2 60.7	62.7 62.3	66.8
Average	72.8	80.4	58.8	65.1	66.1	69.8
<b>004</b> January	75.3	84.3	57.6	65.0	69.0	71.6
February	76.3	80.6	59.3	64.1	69.7	70.3
March	67.3	76.3	57.1	62.6	62.8	67.5
April	69.7	75.7	58.5	64.8	64.6	68.8
May	77.8	80.7	63.2	69.9	69.5	73.0
June	77.0	80.5	63.0	71.6	70.1	74.2
July	73.7	78.2	60.6	69.3	66.8	71.7
August	77.4	81.8	61.1	70.1	68.4	73.5
September	76.5	90.3	61.8	70.7	67.9	77.5
October	89.2	91.5	69.5	81.0	78.6	83.2
November	88.6	96.6	59.2	75.2	71.2	82.5
December	77.6	87.2	54.4	66.7	62.6	75.7
Average	76.4	83.5	60.1	69.2	68.1	73.9
<b>005</b> January	79.5	84.6	60.4	71.2	70.7	77.3
February	79.5 85.7	88.1	63.9	71.2 75.9	70.7 74.7	81.4
March	93.4	95.1	66.1	75.9 82.8	74.7 79.8	89.0
April	99.9	103.4	78.6	93.3	87.5	97.1
May	92.0	109.0	85.2	98.4	87.5	102.3
June	98.4	108.6	83.6	96.2	89.5	101.2
July	113.8	116.8	87.8	97.3	101.1	105.1
August	133.1	129.2	90.7	100.0	115.1	110.6
September	140.2	138.4	103.6	115.8	121.9	125.2

NA=Not available.

Notes: • Sales for resale are those made to purchasers other than ultimate consumers. Sales to end users are those made directly to ultimate consumers, including bulk consumers (such as agriculture, industry, and electric utilities) and commercial consumers. • Values for the current month are preliminary. • Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration

(EIA) estimates. See Note 6 at end of section.  $\bullet \;$  Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1978 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/prices.html.

Source: • 1978-2004: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Annual, 2004, Table 19.

<sup>• 2005:</sup> EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, December 2005, Table 19.

Table 9.6 Refiner Prices of Petroleum Products for Resale

	Finished Motor Gasoline <sup>a</sup>	Finished Aviation Gasoline	Kerosene- Type Jet Fuel	Kerosene	No. 2 Fuel Oil	No. 2 Diesel Fuel	Propane (Consume Grade)
978 Average	43.4	53.7	38.6	40.4	36.9	36.5	23.7
980 Average	94.1	112.8	86.8	86.4	80.3	80.1	41.5
985 Average	83.5	113.0	79.4	87.4	77.6	77.2	39.8
990 Average	78.6	106.3	77.3	83.9	69.7	69.4	38.6
995 Average	62.6	97.5	53.9	58.0	51.1	53.8	34.4
996 Average	71.3	105.5	64.6	71.4	63.9	65.9	46.1
997 Average	70.0	106.5	61.3	65.3	59.0	60.6	41.6
998 Average	52.6	91.2	45.0	46.5	42.2	44.4	28.8
999 Average	64.5	100.7	53.3	55.0	49.3	54.6	34.2
000 Average	96.3	133.0	88.0	96.9	88.6	89.8	59.5
001 Average	88.6	125.6	76.3	82.1	75.6	78.4	54.0
002 Average	82.8	114.6	71.6	75.2	69.4	72.4	43.1
	02.0			70.2	0011		40.1
003 January	94.7	122.4	89.8	98.8	90.0	89.2	60.5
February	110.0	130.1	103.1	118.4	108.6	107.8	72.7
March	112.9	135.0	102.4	116.6	105.3	102.5	69.2
April	99.7	125.8	82.3	86.1	83.0	86.4	53.8
May	93.6	122.6	75.1	75.4	75.8	79.2	54.3
June	95.6	NA	76.9	77.4	76.9	81.0	57.1
July	98.2	129.5	81.3	82.8	78.9	83.7	55.9
August	110.2	139.7	86.2	88.2	83.6	88.8	58.6
September	102.5	134.9	80.8	82.7	77.3	80.7	56.7
October	98.2	131.3	83.7	91.6	84.2	87.0	59.7
November	94.3	124.4	86.5	89.5	84.2	86.5	58.7
December	93.9	124.4	90.7	97.0	88.6	89.2	64.8
Average	100.2	128.8	87.1	95.5	88.1	88.3	60.7
<b>004</b> January	105.0	135.3	99.7	111.6	97.0	96.2	71.7
February	112.7	143.6	100.1	114.6	93.0	96.8	70.1
March	119.9	148.9	100.1	104.3	93.6	101.0	61.9
April	125.4	155.7	103.3	104.3	95.4	107.6	60.4
	143.6	174.5	114.9	119.4	103.0	112.1	65.5
May	133.6	174.5	108.5	108.2	103.0	107.1	66.1
June	134.1						
July		169.9	115.6	119.3	109.5	115.4	72.2
August	131.0	168.4	126.9	128.4	118.8	124.4	83.0
September	132.8	165.8	132.6	140.9	127.0	133.0	80.4
October	145.9	174.9	155.1	164.4	147.9	153.0	88.6
November	138.3	169.0	145.2	149.2	139.4	142.2	88.3
December	119.4	155.5	132.8	139.3	129.9	127.2	83.5
Average	128.8	162.7	120.8	127.1	112.5	118.7	75.1
<b>05</b> January	128.5	159.5	131.7	145.6	131.1	131.0	79.5
February	134.5	170.0	137.9	145.1	134.1	139.3	79.0
March	153.3	183.8	157.8	163.0	153.7	159.1	86.2
April	164.5	202.9	165.4	163.7	155.4	164.0	85.7
May	154.1	195.0	155.9	154.7	144.4	152.4	81.7
June	160.9	195.8	164.4	169.2	159.7	167.1	82.6
July	171.4	210.2	171.3	176.5	164.7	171.4	86.2
August	195.4	230.5	185.1	R 194.2	177.8	189.7	93.2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> See Note 5 at end of section.

Notes: • Sales for resale are those made to purchasers other than ultimate consumers. Sales to end users are shown in Table 9.7; they are sales made directly to ultimate consumers, including bulk consumers (such as agriculture, industry, and electric utilities) and residential and commercial consumers. • Values for the current month are preliminary. • Prices prior to

1983 are Energy Information Administration (EIA) estimates. See Note 6 at end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1978 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/prices.html.

Source: • 1978-2004: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Annual, 2004, Table 4.

• 2005: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, December 2005, Table 4.

NA=Not available. R=Revised.

Table 9.7 Refiner Prices of Petroleum Products to End Users

	Finished Motor Gasoline <sup>a</sup>	Finished Aviation Gasoline	Kerosene- Type Jet Fuel	Kerosene	No. 2 Fuel Oil	No. 2 Diesel Fuel	Propane (Consume Grade)
978 Average	48.4	51.6	38.7	42.1	40.0	37.7	33.5
1980 Average	103.5	108.4	86.8	90.2	78.8	81.8	48.2
985 Average	91.2	120.1	79.6	103.0	84.9	78.9	71.7
990 Average	88.3	112.0	76.6	92.3	73.4	72.5	74.5
995 Average	76.5	100.5	54.0	58.9	56.2	56.0	49.2
996 Average	84.7	111.6	65.1	74.0	67.3	68.1	60.5
997 Average	83.9	112.8	61.3	74.5	63.6	64.2	55.2
998 Average	67.3	97.5	45.2	50.1	48.2	49.4	40.5
999 Average	78.1	105.9	54.3	60.5	55.8	58.4	45.8
000 Average	110.6	130.6	89.9	112.3	92.7	93.5	60.3
001 Average	103.2	132.3	77.5	104.5	82.9	84.2	50.6
002 Average	94.7	128.8	72.1	99.0	73.7	76.2	41.9
<b>003</b> January	106.0	139.7	91.4	121.0	98.3	93.2	57.3
February	122.1	W	101.8	137.2	114.5	110.3	69.5
March	130.1	W	104.3	138.6	112.9	111.3	68.0
April	120.0	W	82.1	127.7	91.2	94.2	52.7
May	110.0	139.8	75.9	NA	81.1	85.5	53.9
June	109.4	145.7	76.6	90.8	81.6	86.4	56.0
July	110.6	151.9	81.7	89.8	82.8	88.4	54.3
August	123.1	162.2	87.2	100.7	86.9	94.2	55.3
September	126.5	158.9	81.7	NA	81.4	88.9	53.8
October	115.0	150.8	84.5	117.2	88.2	91.9	55.8
November	109.5	W	87.8	120.9	89.1	91.7	55.9
December	106.5	146.6	92.9	NA	94.5	93.8	61.3
Average	115.6	149.3	87.2	122.4	93.3	94.4	57.7
<b>004</b> January	117.3	W	99.9	119.9	102.6	99.9	NA
February	125.6	W	101.3	93.7	99.4	103.4	88.2
March	133.8	W	102.7	NA	101.3	107.3	NA
April	139.6	177.4	106.6	139.8	102.4	114.9	67.3
May	156.9	194.4	116.9	111.7	107.8	120.4	70.3
June	154.4	192.3	110.3	105.2	105.3	114.0	71.5
July	148.3	185.4	116.9	W	113.2	120.2	77.6
August	145.1	184.9	127.2	125.8	122.6	128.3	88.1
September	145.0	187.8	133.4	W	129.9	135.3	85.9
October	158.6	195.5	155.1	169.5	153.2	155.5	98.2
November	155.1	187.0	146.6	154.3	142.4	149.6	103.6
December	141.3	176.7	133.5	145.2	132.0	134.4	100.7
Average	143.5	181.9	120.7	116.0	117.3	124.3	83.9
<b>005</b> January	139.8	W	131.2	153.2	138.7	134.2	105.2
February	146.8	W	137.5	152.7	141.4	142.9	103.3
March	163.6	201.6	158.3	166.3	159.5	162.6	109.0
April	180.1	222.2	167.3	NA	160.7	168.4	97.0
May	171.2	212.8	157.3	NA	148.8	157.4	99.3
June	172.1	212.1	164.8	W	166.9	168.8	98.6
July	184.9	223.0	172.4	178.1	171.1	176.5	101.3
August	207.9	238.6	185.3	203.2	186.1	194.5	110.1
September	242.1	280.7	210.2	NA	207.6	218.5	130.8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> See Note 5 at end of section.

prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration (EIA) estimates. See Note 6 at end of section. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1978 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/prices.html.

Source: • 1978-2004: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Annual, 2004, Table 2.

NA=Not available. W=Value withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: • Sales to end users are those made directly to ultimate consumers, including bulk consumers (such as agriculture, industry, and electric utilities) and residential and commercial consumers. Sales for resale are shown in Table 9.6; they are sales made to purchasers other than ultimate consumers. • Values for the current month are preliminary. • Prices

<sup>• 2005:</sup> EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, December 2005, Table 2.

Table 9.8a No. 2 Distillate Prices to Residences: Northeastern States

	Maine	New Hampshire	Vermont	Massachusetts	Rhode Island	Connecticut	New York	New Jersey	Pennsylvania
1978 Average	48.6	50.3	50.8	48.8	50.7	50.1	50.1	49.6	48.8
1980 Average	96.3	100.4	101.5	97.8	101.1	98.3	98.2	97.9	96.4
1985 Average	99.7	102.4	107.7	107.0	106.7	108.0	111.3	105.9	102.3
1990 Average	98.9	102.8	107.0	108.4	108.6	109.8	112.5	108.7	102.6
1995 Average	78.7	77.9	85.3	84.4	87.4	86.4	95.5	88.8	82.6
1996 Average	97.2	94.0	96.9	97.6	98.6	98.6	106.3	102.4	95.3
1997 Average	94.2	94.2	98.7	96.0	98.9	96.3	106.5	103.3	95.0
1998 Average	78.8	78.8	87.3	81.8	86.8	83.1	94.8	89.2	81.4
1999 Average	81.3	77.0	85.4	83.6	85.8	85.2	96.9	91.3	81.5
2000 Average	129.7	128.1	125.5	127.3	125.9	129.1	144.2	140.4	122.4
2001 Average	121.7	125.6	126.1	122.1	123.6	123.9	136.3	131.4	115.9
2002 Average	112.9	111.9	117.2	114.1	112.4	111.8	121.8	122.0	106.4
.002 Average	112.3	111.5	117.2	114.1	112.7	111.0	121.0	122.0	100.4
2003 January	128.0	127.2	126.4	135.0	132.3	130.9	139.2	145.8	127.4
February	142.5	145.0	138.9	152.4	151.8	149.6	156.1	166.6	147.7
March	147.0	148.4	144.0	153.9	151.4	152.2	160.0	170.5	153.7
April	130.1	132.6	131.9	136.0	131.5	133.5	141.6	146.1	132.8
May	125.2	126.4	125.8	132.7	123.9	127.8	137.8	135.9	124.0
June	124.5	121.4	122.3	129.5	119.9	124.6	130.0	133.9	NA
July	121.3	118.7	120.3	127.1	117.3	120.6	128.4	128.5	105.6
August	120.6	119.1	121.0	127.4	NA	120.8	124.9	NA	108.8
September	121.5	119.4	121.3	125.9	120.6	122.6	128.9	126.1	110.7
October	122.8	120.4	126.0	126.0	121.1	124.4	131.8	133.3	116.3
November	124.3	121.8	126.9	129.8	127.3	129.8	137.5	136.5	121.4
December	129.4	126.1	129.0	134.9	133.1	133.6	142.4	144.7	128.4
Average	131.4	131.2	130.9	138.6	134.4	135.5	143.6	148.9	130.4
<b>004</b> January	135.4	136.3	135.6	143.2	143.3	141.2	148.9	154.2	137.4
February	138.4	138.9	137.3	144.8	141.9	142.0	150.8	158.1	140.2
March	137.3	135.1	137.9	143.4	137.2	140.3	147.2	154.8	137.4
April	137.2	133.6	138.9	142.5	137.5	139.6	147.0	151.8	136.3
May	138.4	133.7	138.8	146.1	141.2	141.9	149.0	153.4	137.0
June	141.6	135.8	144.0	144.9	137.8	143.5	148.3	151.9	135.0
July	145.0	140.3	150.6	150.9	140.2	148.0	152.2	152.1	133.3
August	153.2	147.6	154.9	156.4	148.3	153.0	155.8	158.6	141.6
September	162.0	154.3	159.9	165.6	155.7	163.0	163.0	164.4	152.1
October	178.7	174.9	176.7	182.7	177.6	178.3	184.8	191.8	171.1
November	178.1	176.2	174.1	183.1	176.4	180.8	189.3	196.2	174.0
December	176.2	177.3	172.2	180.7	175.6	178.3	186.0	193.6	171.0
Average	151.1	149.7	150.5	155.9	151.1	151.8	162.7	166.2	148.9
<b>005</b> January	174.8	173.6	172.9	182.2	175.8	178.9	187.8	194.2	173.7
February	180.2	177.0	174.3	186.2	177.2	180.7	190.5	197.1	176.5
March	186.7	183.8	183.5	196.3	185.4	187.9	200.4	209.2	185.4
April	191.5	186.6	186.4	201.3	186.3	186.0	200.4	210.2	187.2
May	185.8	181.1	183.2	195.0	187.4	191.8	200.0	203.6	183.1
June	199.9	190.9	196.8	202.7	193.3	196.5	200.0	203.6	191.3
July	209.5	200.2	210.2	212.2	193.3 NA	204.1	210.6	215.1	196.1
,	R 218.3	R 211.0	R 220.3	R 223.0	R 219.4	R 221.7	220.6	R 225.7	R 210.5
August	236.3	232.9	235.7	237.6	238.1	238.6	246.7	251.3	235.1
September	230.3	232.9	233.1	231.0	230.1	230.0	240.7	201.0	230.1

R=Revised. NA=Not available.

Notes: • States are grouped in Tables 9.8a, 9.8b, and 9.8c by geographic region of the country. • Values for the current month are preliminary. • Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration (EIA) estimates. See Note 6 at end of section.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1978 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/prices.html.

Source: • 1978-2004: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Annual, 2004, Table 18. • 2005: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, December 2005, Table 18.

Table 9.8b No. 2 Distillate Prices to Residences: Selected South Atlantic and Midwestern States

	Delaware	District of Columbia	Maryland	Virginia	West Virginia	Ohio	Michigan	Indiana	Illinois	Wisconsin	Minnesota
1978 Average	47.8	50.7	49.2	49.1	46.2	47.4	47.9	48.5	46.5	44.7	47.8
1980 Average	95.4	102.6	97.9	98.5	92.2	91.9	97.8	99.6	95.8	91.5	99.9
1985 Average	104.6	114.3	108.8	106.3	98.0	99.7	102.1	99.1	97.5	98.3	101.9
990 Average	105.8	107.8	111.9	110.6	99.1	98.1	100.9	99.3	96.1	94.2	101.4
995 Average	87.0	101.0	93.6	84.4	81.5	80.8	86.0	81.6	78.5	81.2	80.1
996 Average	98.4	117.8	106.3	95.2	96.0	92.1	97.7	91.2	89.3	89.9	90.9
997 Average	98.4	117.4	105.7	94.8	96.2	91.3	94.2	86.5	87.0	93.3	89.9
998 Average	85.8	102.2	90.2	85.6	81.8	76.7	80.4	74.8	73.5	80.1	73.8
999 Average	88.4	101.1	90.7	87.0	78.9	82.0	88.3	79.3	71.6	84.7	77.4
000 Average	127.0	W	135.1	126.9	125.1	122.0	NA	120.7	109.5	117.1	115.6
001 Average	123.4	143.1	134.2	120.2	113.9	116.0	NA	113.3	112.1	118.0	112.2
2002 Average	116.4	W	120.1	105.7	105.4	105.8	110.9	102.5	97.5	107.3	105.1
<b>003</b> January	138.4	W	141.4	130.9	131.7	129.4	130.5	130.3	116.6	127.1	120.5
February	161.4	W	158.2	147.2	155.5	144.8	148.5	146.7	130.5	138.5	135.3
March	168.5	W	165.5	143.4	155.9	141.3	148.8	142.4	131.8	140.2	133.7
April	142.2	NA	145.2	127.7	130.9	126.0	130.5	W	112.5	125.4	119.6
May	130.0	NA	135.7	119.3	116.5	115.4	120.9	W	108.1	117.9	113.4
June	125.5	127.6	128.4	120.3	113.2	113.4	114.0	W	106.1	113.6	114.6
July	119.7	W	124.4	118.5	109.5	111.5	113.5	W	NA	112.1	113.8
August	117.2	W	125.6	120.4	113.8	113.9	119.6	106.0	114.9	114.1	115.4
September	121.7	128.6	126.9	121.1	112.3	114.1	119.8	W	114.0	117.5	113.3
October	125.6	W	133.8	122.7	117.2	120.5	122.1	W	116.5	121.9	119.6
November	130.0	W	136.5	123.8	119.3	122.3	125.9	112.8	117.7	122.7	118.3
December	139.8	W	143.0	129.0	128.9	125.3	126.5	123.0	119.9	123.8	119.1
Average	143.3	W	145.5	131.1	130.4	128.4	132.1	120.2	119.8	126.9	121.8
<b>004</b> January	147.3	NA	152.1	136.1	137.4	132.4	133.6	130.1	125.5	128.7	124.5
February	152.3	W	155.9	135.2	140.5	135.5	138.0	133.3	126.6	128.5	125.6
March	150.9	W	153.6	134.7	137.2	138.2	140.7	134.0	132.6	131.8	128.0
April	150.2	W	153.3	131.0	136.3	140.5	140.2	W	134.2	135.8	133.0
May	147.9	W	150.0	NA	140.3	137.0	141.3	W	136.2	139.0	134.9
June	140.2	W	145.3	126.8	NA	134.9	138.4	W	134.5	136.2	135.2
July	140.8	W	150.3	135.3	137.2	141.4	144.0	W	139.8	141.8	139.5
August	147.3	W	156.6	142.5	147.3	147.6	150.7	W	144.9	148.8	152.5
September	156.5	W	166.4	153.6	154.0	154.3	162.9	W	NA	157.3	160.1
October	179.3	W	185.0	177.6	176.7	179.3	180.4	183.6	177.1	174.1	176.1
November	187.2	W	190.7	180.8	182.9	170.9	180.9	181.6	175.1	175.4	175.8
December	185.9	W	188.8	178.1	174.5	165.1	173.9	171.2	169.1	168.8	164.4
Average	157.0	W	163.2	146.2	149.3	147.5	153.9	153.7	140.5	146.5	143.3
<b>005</b> January	185.1	W	189.6	179.4	181.3	169.7	174.5	172.0	167.3	166.9	162.9
February	187.2	W	190.5	181.5	181.9	176.4	181.8	175.7	171.7	172.4	168.1
March	194.2	W	200.0	190.8	192.7	189.5	191.5	187.9	189.1	186.7	179.7
April	196.8	W	204.1	189.5	190.8	180.9	192.2	190.9	NA	187.3	183.0
May	191.7	W	195.3	182.3	178.3	175.7	190.7	180.0	183.4	185.4	180.9
June	198.9	W	199.5	187.8	NA	187.6	197.0	189.9	183.4	189.9	188.1
July	207.0	W	207.2	194.8	197.5	193.9	201.8	200.9	196.0	197.9	195.4
August		W	R 222.7	216.5	R 209.9	<sup>R</sup> 211.9	R 218.0	R 217.0	R 208.0	<sup>R</sup> 214.4	<sup>R</sup> 217.1
September	246.3	W	248.9	247.2	242.1	239.9	245.9	241.7	241.1	238.2	239.7

R=Revised. NA=Not available. W=Value withheld to avoid disclosure of individual company data.

Notes: • States are grouped in Tables 9.8a, 9.8b, and 9.8c by geographic region of the country. • Values for the current month are preliminary. • Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration (EIA) estimates.

See Note 6 at end of section.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1978 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/prices.html.

Source: • 1978-2004: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Annual, 2004, Table 18. • 2005: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, December 2005, Table 18.

Table 9.8c No. 2 Distillate Prices to Residences: Selected Western States and U.S. Average

	Idaho	Washington	Oregon	Alaska	U.S. Average
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		7.1140.114	7o.ugo
978 Average	43.6	48.6	45.8	53.2	49.0
980 Average	91.6	100.8	97.3	97.8	97.4
985 Average	97.2	101.1	97.1	108.3	105.3
	97.4	102.9	97.0	110.1	106.3
990 Average		96.2			
995 Average	83.9		89.4	83.4	86.7
996 Average	93.3	108.0	98.9	90.9	98.9
997 Average	95.3	113.9	103.1	97.3	98.4
998 Average	78.4	97.8	86.1	85.2	85.2
999 Average	76.2	106.5	93.8	96.6	87.6
000 Average	117.0	144.5	136.8	133.7	131.1
001 Average	103.8	133.6	121.1	137.7	125.0
002 Average	91.9	120.4	106.0	108.7	112.9
003 January	107.6	137.9	124.4	115.7	133.2
February	120.5	155.4	144.6	121.1	150.8
March	133.9	179.5	158.6	137.4	153.9
April	121.1	154.8	130.6	129.9	134.6
May	111.4	143.0	120.6	122.2	126.7
June	NA	143.3	125.3	122.6	121.7
July	107.4	141.0	131.1	NA	116.4
August	114.3	145.4	130.3	127.2	117.6
September	114.0	137.0	119.1	NA	118.8
October	NA	135.1	116.8	NA	123.6
November	122.4	141.8	123.5	126.6	128.3
December	120.7	146.2	125.6	127.3	134.1
		148.7	125.6 130.3		134.1 135.5
Average	118.8	140.7	130.3	124.3	135.5
<b>004</b> January	122.7	147.7	129.0	129.7	141.9
February	124.1	157.8	140.3	130.8	143.9
March	134.2	166.3	145.0	136.8	141.8
April	144.4	179.3	159.3	143.5	141.8
May	163.5	192.4	176.4	156.9	142.8
June	149.1	185.3	165.7	156.9	140.8
July	142.7	181.1	173.9	162.8	143.2
August	155.3	179.9	164.2	160.6	150.0
September	164.1	187.0	176.4	161.1	159.7
October	189.3	209.1	192.1	182.1	180.7
November	188.4	206.2	180.3	181.3	182.8
December	157.5	189.0	163.5	170.0	179.2
Average	149.5	174.9	159.4	170.0 1 <b>52.4</b>	179.2 1 <b>54.8</b>
<b>005</b> January	151.5	191.1	168.6	168.3	180.7
February	188.7	223.8	197.6	176.7	184.3
March	204.6	243.2	212.2	192.4	193.9
April	204.8	248.0	220.3	204.3	195.7
May	186.1	230.5	201.9	201.3	191.5
June	192.9	222.1	201.1	199.9	198.6
July	211.2	226.8	211.6	202.5	204.2
August	R 249.4	NA	R 242.6	218.0	R 218.1
September	<sup>R</sup> 274.1	<sup>R</sup> 279.6	<sup>R</sup> 260.2	R 242.2	R <sub>241.6</sub>
October	NA	NA	NA	NA	E 241.8

R=Revised. NA=Not available. E=Estimate.

Notes: • States are grouped in Tables 9.8a, 9.8b, and 9.8c by geographic region of the country. • Values for the current month are preliminary. Prices prior to 1983 are Energy Information Administration (EIA) estimates. See Note 6 at end of section.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1978 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/prices.html.

Source: • 1978-2004: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Annual, 2004, Table 18.

• 2005: EIA, Petroleum Marketing Monthly, December 2005, Table 18.

Figure 9.2 Average Retail Prices of Electricity (Cents per Kilowatthour)

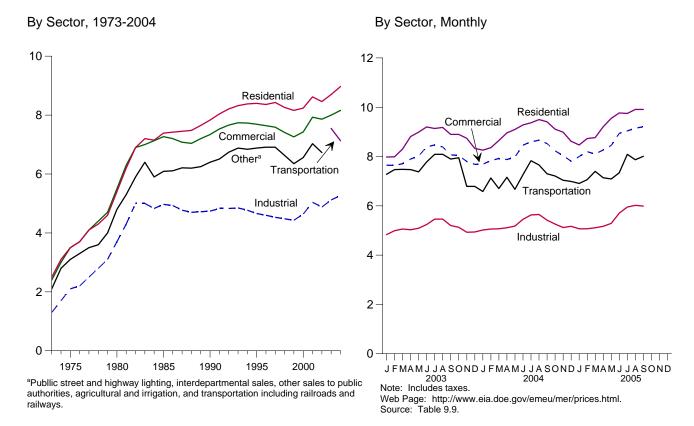


Figure 9.3 Cost of Fossil-Fuel Receipts at Electric Generating Plants (Dollars per Million Btu, Including Taxes)

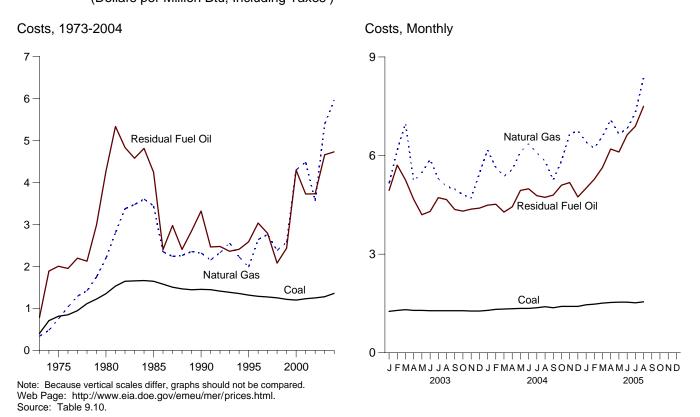


Table 9.9 Average Retail Prices of Electricity

(Cents per Kilowatthour, Including Taxes)

973 Average 975 Average 980 Average 980 Average 990 Average 991 Average 995 Average 996 Average 997 Average 998 Average 998 Average 998 Average 999 Average 9000 Average 9001 Average 9001 Average 9001 Average 9002 Average 9003 January February March April May June July August September October November December Average 9004 January February March April May 904 January February Permore Per	2.5 3.5 5.4 7.39 7.83 8.40	2.4 3.5 5.5 7.27 7.34	1.3 2.1 3.7	NA NA	2.1	2.0
975 Average	3.5 5.4 7.39 7.83	3.5 5.5 7.27	2.1			
180 Average	5.4 7.39 7.83	5.5 7.27			3.1	2.9
985 Average 990 Average 995 Average 995 Average 996 Average 997 Average 998 Average 999 Average 999 Average 9001 Average 9013 January February March April May June July August September October November December Average 904 January February Average 905 Average 906 Average 907 Average 908 Average 909 Average 900 Avera	7.39 7.83	7.27		NA NA	4.8	4.7
990 Average 996 Average 996 Average 997 Average 998 Average 999 Average 990 Average 900 Average 901 Average 902 Average 902 Average 903 January February March April May June July August September October November December Average 904 January February Average 905 Average 906 Average 907 Average 908 Average 909 Average	7.83		4.97	NA NA	6.09	6.44
995 Average 996 Average 997 Average 998 Average 999 Average 999 Average 900 Average 901 Average 902 Average 903 January 904 February 905 March 906 Average 907 Average 908 Average 909 Average			4.74	NA NA	6.40	6.57
996 Average 997 Average 998 Average 999 Average 999 Average 900 Average 901 Average 902 Average 903 January February March April May June July August September October November December Average 904 January February February Average 905 January February August Average 906 January Average 907 January August August August August August August August Average 908 Average 909 Average 900 Average 90		7.69	4.66	NA NA		6.89
997 Average 998 Average 999 Average 999 Average 900 Average 901 Average 902 Average 903 January 904 February 905 March 907 April 908 May 909 June 909 July 909 Average					6.88	
998 Average 999 Average 900 Average 900 Average 901 Average 902 Average 903 January 904 February 905 March 907 April 908 August 908 September 908 October 908 November 908 December 909 Average	8.36	7.64	4.60	NA	6.91	6.86
399 Average           300 Average           301 Average           302 Average           303 January           February           March           April           May           June           July           August           September           October           November           December           Average           300 January           February           March           April	8.43	7.59	4.53	NA	6.91	6.85
000 Average         001 Average         002 Average         003 January         February         March         April         May         June         July         August         September         October         November         December         Average         004 January         February         March         April	8.26	7.41	4.48	NA	6.63	6.74
001 Average           002 Average           003 January           February           March           April           May           Jule           July           August           September           October           November           December           Average           004 January           February           March           April	8.16	7.26	4.43	NA	6.35	6.64
002 Average           003 January           February           March           April           May           June           July           August           September           October           November           December           Average           004 January           February           March           April	8.24	7.43	4.64	NA	6.56	6.81
003 January           February           March           April           May           June           July           August           September           October           November           December           Average           004 January           February           March           April	<sup>R</sup> 8.63	<sup>R</sup> <b>7.95</b>	R <b>4.98</b>	NA	R <b>7.44</b>	R 7.31
February March April May June July August September October November December Average  004 January February March April	8.46	<sup>R</sup> <b>7.90</b>	<sup>R</sup> 4.91	NA	<sup>R</sup> 6.75	<sup>R</sup> <b>7.22</b>
March	7.98	<sup>R</sup> 7.65	R 4.83	R 7.28	_	7.03
April	7.99	<sup>R</sup> 7.64	<sup>R</sup> 4.99	<sup>R</sup> 7.47	_	7.03
April	8.30	<sup>R</sup> 7.71	<sup>R</sup> 5.06	<sup>R</sup> 7.48	_	7.15
May June July August September October November December Average  004 January February March April	8.81	<sup>R</sup> 7.90	R 5.03	R 7.47	_	7.28
June July August September October November December Average  004 January February March April	8.99	R 8.02	R 5.09	R 7.38	_	R 7.41
July	9.20	R 8.39	R 5.24	R 7.78	_	7.73
August September October November December Average  004 January February March April	9.14	R 8.47	R 5.46	R 8.09	_	7.94
September October November November Average November Average November Average November Average November Novembe	9.18	R 8.39	R 5.46	R 8.09		7.92
October		R 8.07	R 5.20	R 7.90	_	
November	8.90				_	7.57
December	R 8.90	R 8.04	<sup>R</sup> 5.13	R 7.95	-	7.40
Average  004 January February March April	8.74	R 7.80	R 4.93	R 6.79	_	R 7.20
004 January February March	8.33	R 7.68	R 4.94	R 6.79	_	7.16
February March April	8.70	<sup>R</sup> <b>8.00</b>	<sup>R</sup> 5.12	<sup>R</sup> <b>7.55</b>	-	7.42
February March April	<sup>R</sup> 8.26	R 7.69	<sup>R</sup> 5.02	R 6.58	_	R 7.23
March April	<sup>R</sup> 8.36	7.83	<sup>R</sup> 5.06	<sup>R</sup> 7.13	_	R 7.27
April	R 8.65	R 7.92	<sup>R</sup> 5.07	<sup>R</sup> 6.70	_	R 7.33
•	R 8.96	R 7.88	R 5.11	<sup>R</sup> 7.16	_	R 7.35
	<sup>R</sup> 9.10	R 7.98	R 5.18	<sup>R</sup> 6.67	_	R 7.47
June	R 9.28	8.46	R 5.45	R 7.26		R 7.91
	R 9.37	8.60	R 5.63	R 7.83	_	R 8.11
July					_	
August	R 9.50	R 8.66	R 5.65	R 7.66	_	R 8.17
September	R 9.41	8.53	R 5.42	R 7.30	_	R 7.98
October	<sup>R</sup> 9.11	R 8.23	<sup>R</sup> 5.26	<sup>R</sup> 7.21	_	<sup>R</sup> 7.62
November	<sup>R</sup> 8.99	<sup>R</sup> 8.04	<sup>R</sup> 5.12	<sup>R</sup> 7.04	_	<sup>R</sup> 7.44
December	R 8.62	7.81	<sup>R</sup> 5.17	<sup>R</sup> 6.99	_	<sup>R</sup> 7.38
Average	R <b>8.97</b>	R 8.16	R <b>5.27</b>	R <b>7.13</b>	-	R <b>7.62</b>
<b>005</b> January	R 8.47	R 8.00	<sup>R</sup> 5.07	6.91	_	<sup>R</sup> 7.41
February	R 8.73	<sup>R</sup> 8.20	<sup>R</sup> 5.07	<sup>R</sup> 7.06	-	7.51
March	R 8.77	R 8.10	<sup>R</sup> 5.11	<sup>R</sup> 7.40	_	R 7.47
April	R 9.21	R 8.27	R 5.17	R 7.14	_	R 7.61
May	R 9.55	R 8.45	R 5.29	R 7.09	_	R 7.81
June	R 9.77	R 8.94	R 5.70	R 7.34	_	R 8.35
July	R 9.75	R 9.04	R 5.95	R 8.09	_	R 8.56
	R 9.75	R 9.15	R 6.02	R 7.87	_	R 8.67
August					_	
September	9.91	9.21	5.99	8.01	_	8.62
9-Month Average	9.38	8.64	5.50	7.44	_	8.05
004 9-Month Average 003 9-Month Average	8.99 8.72	8.20 8.05	5.30 5.16	7.15 7.66	-	7.67 7.47

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Commercial sector. For 1973-2002, prices exclude public street and highway lighting, interdepartmental sales, and other sales to public authorities.

b Industrial sector. For 1973-2002, prices exclude agriculture and irrigation.

Notes: 

Beginning in 2003, the category "Other" has been replaced by "Transportation," and the categories "Commercial" and "Industrial" have been redefined.

Prices are calculated by dividing revenue by sales. Revenue may not correspond to sales for a particular month because of energy service provider billing and accounting procedures. That lack of correspondence could result in uncharacteristic increases or decreases in the monthly prices. Prices include State and local taxes, energy or demand charges, customer service charges, environmental surcharges, franchise fees, fuel adjustments, and other miscellaneous charges applied to end-use customers during normal

billing operations. Prices do not include deferred charges, credits, or other adjustments, such as fuel or revenue from purchased power, from previous reporting periods. • See Note 7 at end of section for plant coverage, and for information on preliminary and final values. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 19/3 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/prices.html.

Sources: • 1973-September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenues and Income."

October 1977-February 1980: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Form FPC-5, "Monthly Statement of Electric Operating Revenues and Income."

• March 1980-1982: FERC, Form FERC-5, "Electric Utility Company Monthly Statement."

• 1984-1990: ElA, Form ElA-861, "Annual Electric Utility Report."

• 1991 forward: ElA Flectric Power Monthly. December 2005 Table 5:3 forward: EIA, Electric Power Monthly, December 2005, Table 5.3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Transportation sector, including railroads and railways.

<sup>d</sup> Public street and highway lighting, interdepartmental sales, other sales to public authorities, agriculture and irrigation, and transportation including railroads and railways.

R=Revised. NA=Not available. – =Not applicable.

Table 9.10 Cost of Fossil-Fuel Receipts at Electric Generating Plants

(Dollars per Million Btu, Including Taxes)

			Petroleu	m			
	Coal	Residual Fuel Oila	Distillate Fuel Oilb	Petroleum Coke	Total <sup>c</sup>	Natural Gas <sup>d</sup>	All Fossil Fuels
1973 Average	0.41	0.79	NA	NA	0.80	0.34	0.48
1975 Average	.81	2.01	NA NA	NA NA	2.02	.75	1.04
	1.35	4.27	NA NA	NA NA	4.35	2.20	1.93
1980 Average		4.24	NA NA	NA NA		3.44	2.09
1985 Average	1.65				4.32		
1990 Average	1.45	3.32	5.38	.80	3.35	2.32	1.69
1995 Average	1.32	2.59	3.99	.65	2.57	1.98	1.45
1996 Average	1.29	3.03	4.87	.78	3.03	2.64	1.52
1997 Average	1.27	2.79	4.49	.91	2.73	2.76	1.52
1998 Average	1.25	2.08	3.30	.71	2.02	2.38	1.44
1999 Average	1.22	2.44	4.03	.65	2.36	2.57	1.44
2000 Average	1.20	4.29	6.65	.58	4.18	4.30	1.74
2001 Average	1.23	3.73	6.30	.78	3.69	4.49	1.73
2002 Average <sup>f</sup>	1.25	3.73	5.34	0.78	3.34	3.56	1.52
0000	R 4 00	R 4.04	R c co	R .69	R 4 C4	R = 4 =	0.44
2003 January	R 1.26	R 4.94	R 6.62		R 4.61	R 5.15	2.14
February	R 1.29	R 5.71	R 7.70	R .69	R 5.50	6.16	R 2.42
March	R 1.31	R 5.26	R 9.31	R .80	R 5.58	R 6.98	R 2.59
April	1.29	R 4.67	<sup>R</sup> 6.46	66	<sup>R</sup> 4.27	<sup>R</sup> 5.22	<sup>R</sup> 2.16
May	1.29	R 4.20	<sup>R</sup> 5.97	R .68	R 3.98	<sup>R</sup> 5.48	R 2.26
June	<sup>R</sup> 1.28	<sup>R</sup> 4.30	<sup>R</sup> 5.79	R .68	<sup>R</sup> 4.06	<sup>R</sup> 5.88	R 2.39
July	1.28	4.72	<sup>R</sup> 5.85	.80	<sup>R</sup> 4.38	<sup>R</sup> 5.30	R 2.52
August	1.28	R 4.66	R 6.57	R .70	R 4.16	R 5.06	R 2.46
September	R 1.28	R 4.36	R 6.07	.75	R 3.81	R 4.98	R 2.21
October	1.28	R 4.31	<sup>R</sup> 6.44	R .72	R 3.89	R 4.81	R 2.09
November	R 1.27	R 4.37	R 6.44	R.71	R 3.58	R 4.71	R 1.99
	R 1.27	R 4.40	R 6.62	R .76	R 3.93	R 5.45	R 2.11
December Average	1.28	R <b>4.66</b>	R <b>6.82</b>	.70 . <b>72</b>	R <b>4.33</b>	R <b>5.39</b>	R <b>2.28</b>
_							
<b>2004</b> January	_ 1.29	R 4.49	<sup>R</sup> 7.32	R .76	<sup>R</sup> 4.41	<sup>R</sup> 6.17	<sup>R</sup> 2.38
February	<sup>R</sup> 1.32	<sup>R</sup> 4.52	<sup>R</sup> 7.13	R .75	<sup>R</sup> 4.17	<sup>R</sup> 5.64	2.32
March	<sup>R</sup> 1.33	<sup>R</sup> 4.28	<sup>R</sup> 7.15	<sup>R</sup> .81	R 3.77	<sup>R</sup> 5.37	R 2.20
April	R 1.34	<sup>R</sup> 4.44	<sup>R</sup> 7.37	R .76	<sup>R</sup> 4.05	<sup>R</sup> 5.57	R 2.30
May	R 1.35	R 4.94	R 7.56	R .77	R 4.41	<sup>R</sup> 6.11	2.53
June	R 1.35	R 4.99	R 7.67	R .80	R 4.39	R 6.36	R 2.64
July	R 1.37	R 4.78	<sup>R</sup> 7.89	R .87	R 4.39	<sup>R</sup> 6.08	R 2.76
	R 1.40	R 4.73	R 8.70	.07 R .77	R 4.22	R 5.84	2.64
August	1.40	R 4.80	R 8.65	R .83	R 4.17	R 5.26	R 2.40
September		R 5.10	R 9.56		R 4.49	R 5.84	R 2.45
October	1.41			.82			
November	1.41	R 5.18	R 9.64	R 1.04	R 4.77	R 6.65	R 2.52
December	1.41	R 4.74	R 8.86	R .99	R 4.22	R 6.76	R 2.57
Average	1.36	R <b>4.73</b>	R 8.02	R .83	R <b>4.29</b>	R 5.96	R <b>2.48</b>
2005 January	1.46	<sup>R</sup> 5.01	R 9.37	<sup>R</sup> 1.14	<sup>R</sup> 4.85	<sup>R</sup> 6.41	R 2.59
February	1.48	<sup>R</sup> 5.28	R 9.48	<sup>R</sup> 1.15	R 4.78	R 6.22	R 2.47
March	1.51	<sup>R</sup> 5.64	<sup>R</sup> 11.26	<sup>R</sup> 1.08	<sup>R</sup> 5.08	6.59	R 2.58
April	R 1.53	R 6.20	R 11.14	R 1.14	<sup>R</sup> 5.10	R 7.09	R 2.73
May	1.54	R 6.11	R 10.18	R 1.07	R 5.33	R 6.66	R 2.74
June	1.54	R 6.63	R 11.21	R 1.04	R 5.54	R 6.82	R 3.00
July	R 1.52	R 6.89	R 10.51	R 1.13	R 6.06	R 7.31	R 3.40
August	1.55	7.50	11.28	1.04	7.08	8.36	3.70
8-Month Average	1.52	<b>6.26</b>	10.51	1.10	5.60	7.08	2.94
· ·	4.24			70	4.05	E 02	
2004 8-Month Average 2003 8-Month Average	1.34 1.29	4.66 4.79	7.52 6.92	.79 .71	4.25 4.55	5.92 5.58	2.48 2.37

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> For 1973-2001, electric utility data are for heavy oil (fuel oil nos. 5 and 6, and

coverage.
R=Revised. NA=Not available.

Notes: • Receipts are purchases of fuel. • Yearly costs are averages of monthly values, weighted by quantities in Btu. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia

States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/prices.html.

Sources: See end of section.

small amounts of fuel oil no. 4).

b For 1973-2001, electric utility data are for light oil (fuel oil nos. 1 and 2).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, petroleum coke, jet fuel, kerosene, other petroleum, and waste oil. For 1973-1982, data do not include refined motor oil, bunker oil, and liquefied petroleum gases. For 1973-1989, data do not include petroleum coke.

petroleum coke.

<sup>d</sup> Natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels that cannot be identified separately. For 1973-2000, data also include a small amount of blast furnace gas and other gases derived from fossil fuels.

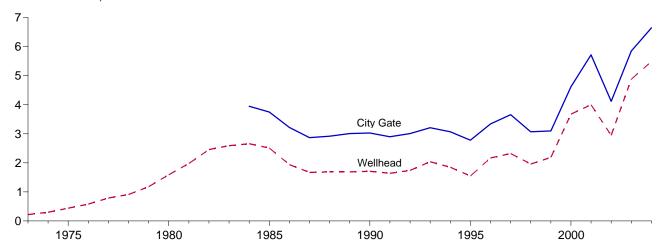
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> Weighted average of costs shown under "Coal," "Petroleum," and "Natural Gas."

f Through 2001, data are for electric utilities only. Beginning in 2002, data also include independent power producers, and electric generating plants in the commercial and industrial sectors. See Note 8 at end of section for plant coverage.

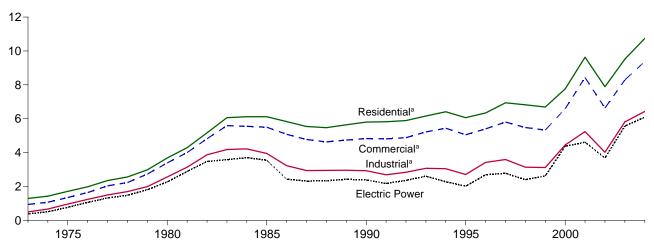
Figure 9.4 Natural Gas Prices

(Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)

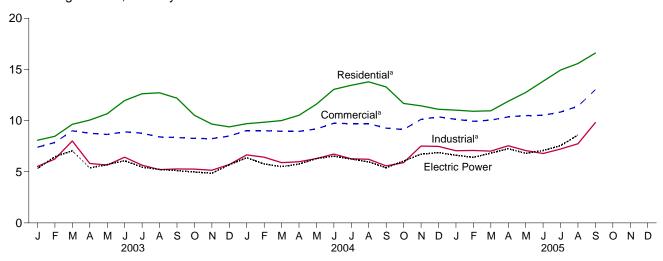
Selected Prices, 1973-2004



Consuming Sectors, 1973-2004



# Consuming Sectors, Monthly



<sup>a</sup>Includes taxes. Note: Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared. Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/prices.html. Source: Table 9.11.

**Table 9.11 Natural Gas Prices** 

(Dollars per Thousand Cubic Feet)

						Consuming	g Sectors <sup>a</sup>			
		City	Resi	dential	Com	mercial <sup>b</sup>	Indu	ıstrial <sup>c</sup>	Electr	ic Power <sup>d</sup>
	Wellhead Price	Gate Price	Price <sup>e</sup>	Percentage of Sector <sup>f</sup>	Pricee	Percentage of Sector <sup>f</sup>	Price <sup>e</sup>	Percentage of Sector <sup>f</sup>	Pricee	Percentage of Sector <sup>f</sup>
1973 Average	0.22	NA	1,29	NA	0.94	NA	0.50	NA	0.38	92.1
1975 Average	.44	NA	1.71	NA	1.35	NA	.96	NA	.77	96.1
1980 Average	1.59	NA	3.68	NA	3.39	NA	2.56	NA	2.27	96.9
1985 Average	2.51	3.75	6.12	NA	5.50	NA	3.95	68.8	3.55	94.0
1990 Average	1.71	3.03	5.80	99.3	4.83	86.6	2.93	35.2	2.38	76.8
1995 Average	1.55	2.78	6.06	99.1	5.05	76.7	2.71	24.5	2.02	71.4
1996 Average	2.17	3.34	6.34	99.1	5.40	77.6	3.42	19.4	2.69	68.4
1997 Average	2.32	3.66	6.94	98.8	5.80	70.8	3.59	18.1	2.78	68.0
1998 Average	1.96	3.07	6.82	97.7	5.48	67.0	3.14	16.1	2.40	63.7
1999 Average	2.19	3.10	6.69	95.2	5.33	66.1	3.12	18.8	2.62	58.3
2000 Average	3.68	4.62	7.76	92.6	6.59	63.9	4.45	19.8	4.38	50.5
2001 Average	4.00	5.72	9.63	92.4	8.43	66.0	5.24	20.8	4.61	40.2
2002 Average	2.95	4.12	7.89	97.9	6.63	77.4	4.02	22.7	d <b>3.68</b>	83.9
2003 January	4.43	5.28	8.08	NA	7.40	79.1	5.52	22.2	<sup>R</sup> 5.33	R 89.4
February	5.05	5.83	8.46	NA	7.86	79.8	6.24	23.0	6.47	R 89.7
March	6.96	7.63	9.64	NA	9.00	80.1	8.01	22.0	<sup>R</sup> 7.05	<sup>R</sup> 90.9
April	4.47	5.60	10.05	NA	8.76	76.7	5.81	21.7	R 5.38	R 90.7
May	4.77	5.69	10.67	NA	8.64	73.5	5.65	21.0	<sup>R</sup> 5.70	<sup>R</sup> 94.2
June	5.41	6.40	11.96	NA	8.90	72.4	6.42	19.8	R 6.08	<sup>R</sup> 91.8
July	5.08	5.83	12.62	NA	8.77	71.0	5.64	25.2	<sup>R</sup> 5.45	<sup>R</sup> 92.4
August	4.46	5.48	12.72	NA	8.40	73.3	5.21	23.4	R 5.23	90.2
September	4.59	5.58	12.19	NA	8.35	72.2	5.27	23.4	<sup>R</sup> 5.12	<sup>R</sup> 91.3
October	4.32	5.33	10.52	NA	8.26	72.7	5.26	24.6	R 4.98	R 90.9
November	4.26	5.54	9.66	NA	8.24	77.6	5.15	23.0	R 4.85	<sup>R</sup> 91.3
December	4.76	5.89	9.39	NA	8.49	80.2	5.70	24.5	<sup>R</sup> 5.69	<sup>R</sup> 91.5
Average	4.88	5.85	9.52	97.6	8.29	77.3	5.81	22.9	R <b>5.57</b>	91.2
2004 January	E 5.53	6.39	9.70	NA	R 9.03	R 80.7	6.65	R 22.5	R 6.37	R 90.1
February	<sup>E</sup> 5.15	6.37	9.84	NA	<sup>R</sup> 9.01	<sup>R</sup> 80.9	6.42	<sup>R</sup> 23.1	<sup>R</sup> 5.76	<sup>R</sup> 88.7
March	E 4.97	6.24	10.00	NA	R 8.96	<sup>R</sup> 78.5	5.89	R 22.4	R 5.50	<sup>R</sup> 91.4
April	E 5.20	6.32	10.52	NA	R 8.94	<sup>R</sup> 76.6	5.98	R 22.9	<sup>R</sup> 5.74	R 92.5
May	E 5.63	6.48	11.61	NA	R 9.19	<sup>R</sup> 73.1	6.29	R 22.7	R 6.30	R 89.5
June	E 5.85	6.92	13.05	NA	<sup>R</sup> 9.74	<sup>R</sup> 71.5	6.73	R 24.3	R 6.52	R 89.4
July	E 5.60	6.68	13.45	NA	R 9.71	<sup>R</sup> 71.0	6.27	R 24.5	R 6.24	R 90.3
August	<sup>E</sup> 5.36	6.50	13.79	NA	<sup>R</sup> 9.70	<sup>R</sup> 70.1	6.22	<sup>R</sup> 23.7	<sup>R</sup> 5.97	<sup>R</sup> 89.8
September	E 4.86	6.07	13.29	NA	R 9.26	<sup>R</sup> 70.6	5.57	R 22.5	R 5.39	R 89.2
October	E 5.45	6.30	11.68	NA	R 9.13	R 73.2	<sup>R</sup> 5.89	R 22.4	R 6.05	R 90.4
November	E 6.07	7.49	11.44	NA	<sup>R</sup> 10.12	<sup>R</sup> 78.2	<sup>R</sup> 7.51	<sup>R</sup> 23.1	<sup>R</sup> 6.71	<sup>R</sup> 87.9
December	E 6.25	7.51	11.11	NA	R 10.36	<sup>R</sup> 79.9	7.48	R 23.8	R 6.88	R 88.0
Average	<sup>E</sup> 5.49	6.65	10.74	<sup>E</sup> 96.0	<sup>R</sup> <b>9.38</b>	<sup>R</sup> 77.3	6.43	23.1	<sup>R</sup> 6.11	89.8
2005 January	E 5.52	7.06	11.02	NA	R 10.13	R 83.3	7.06	21.3	<sup>R</sup> 6.61	R 90.6
February	E 5.59	7.13	R 10.91	NA	R 9.93	R 83.4	7.08	22.2	R 6.41	R 90.9
March	E 5.98	7.21	10.96	NA	R 10.04	<sup>R</sup> 83.1	7.02	22.3	6.82	<sup>R</sup> 91.5
April	E 6.44	7.83	11.89	NA	R 10.36	R 80.8	7.54	21.5	7.25	R 89.6
May	E 6.02	7.43	12.75	NA	R 10.49	<sup>R</sup> 77.0	7.07	22.1	<sup>R</sup> 6.81	<sup>R</sup> 91.2
June	E 6.15	7.20	13.84	NA	10.52	75.8	6.78	22.4	<sup>R</sup> 7.07	R 88.0
July	E 6.69	7.62	14.94	NA	R 10.83	73.2	7.22	23.0	7.55	<sup>R</sup> 87.4
August	E 7.68	8.16	15.58	NA	R 11.40	73.4	7.74	23.7	R 8.59	R 85.9
September	<sup>E</sup> 9.50	10.26	16.60	NA	13.02	72.4	9.81	22.2	NA	NA
9-Month Average	E 6.62	7.53	11.81	NA	10.41	80.2	7.43	22.3	NA	NA
2004 9-Month Average	E 5.35	6.41	10.53	NA	9.14	77.1	6.24	23.2	5.99	90.0
2003 9-Month Average	5.02	5.93	9.46	NA	8.26	77.2	5.97	22.4	5.68	91.2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> See Note 9 at end of section.

are available.

R=Revised. NA=Not available. E=Estimate.

Notes: • Prices are for natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels that cannot be identified separately. • Prices are intended to include all taxes. See Note 9 at end of section. • Wellhead annual and year-to-date prices are simple averages of the monthly prices; all other annual and year-to-date prices are volume-weighted averages of the monthly prices. • Geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/prices.html.

Sources: See end of section.

b Commercial sector, including commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only plants. See note at end of Section 7.

and commercial electricity-only plants. See note at end of Section 7.

<sup>c</sup> Industrial sector, including industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and industrial electricity-only plants. See note at end of Section 7.

industrial electricity-only plants. See note at end of Section 7.

<sup>d</sup> The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public. Through 2001, data are for electric utilities only; beginning in 2002, data also include independent power producers. See Note 8 at end of section for plant coverage.

e Includes taxes.

f The percentage of the sector's consumption in Table 4.4 for which price data

# **Energy Prices**

**Note 1.** The average domestic first purchase price represents the average price at which all domestic crude oil is purchased. Prior to February 1976, the price represented an estimate of the average of posted prices; beginning with February 1976, the price represents an average of actual first purchase prices. The data series was previously called "Actual Domestic Wellhead Price."

**Note 2**. F.O.B. literally means "Free on Board." It denotes a transaction whereby the seller makes the product available with an agreement on a given port at a given price; it is the responsibility of the buyer to arrange for the transportation and insurance.

**Note 3.** The landed cost of imported crude oil from selected countries does not represent the total cost of all imported crude. Prior to April 1975, imported crude costs to U.S. company-owned refineries in the Caribbean were not included in the landed cost, and costs of crude oil from countries that export only small amounts to the United States were also excluded. Beginning in April 1975, however, coverage was expanded to include U.S. company-owned refineries in the Caribbean. Landed costs do not include supplemental fees.

Note 4. Beginning with January 1981, refiner acquisition costs of crude oil are from data collected on Energy Information Administration (EIA) Form EIA-14, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Report." Those costs were previously published from data collected on Economic Regulatory Administration (ERA) Form ERA-49, "Domestic Crude Oil Entitlements Program Refiners Monthly Report." Form ERA-49 was discontinued with the decontrol of crude oil on January 28, 1981. Crude oil purchases and costs are defined for Form EIA-14 in accordance with conventions used for Form ERA-49. The respondents for the two forms are also essentially the same. However, due to possible different interpretations of the filing requirements and a different method for handling prior period adjustments, care must be taken when comparing the data collected on the two forms.

The refiner acquisition cost of crude oil is the average price paid by refiners for crude oil booked into their refineries in accordance with accounting procedures generally accepted and consistently and historically applied by the refiners concerned. Domestic crude oil is that oil produced in the United States or from the outer continental shelf as defined in 43 USC Section 1331. Imported crude oil is either that oil reported on Form ERA-51, "Transfer Pricing Report," or any crude oil that is not domestic oil. The composite cost is the weighted average of domestic and imported crude oil costs.

Crude oil costs and volumes reported on Form ERA-49 excluded unfinished oils but included the Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR). Crude oil costs and volumes reported on Federal Energy Administration (FEA) Form

FEA-P110-M-1, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Allocation Report," included unfinished oils but excluded SPR. Imported averages derived from Form ERA-49 exclude oil purchased for SPR, whereas the composite averages derived from Form ERA-49 include SPR. None of the prices derived from Form EIA-14 include either unfinished oils or SPR.

Note 5. Several different series of motor gasoline prices are published in this section. U.S. city average retail prices of motor gasoline are calculated monthly by the Bureau of Labor Statistics during the development of the Consumer Price Index (CPI). These prices include all Federal, State, and local taxes paid at the time of sale. From 1974-1977, prices were collected in 56 urban areas. From 1978 forward, prices were collected from a new sample of service stations in 85 urban areas selected to represent all urban consumers-about 80 percent of the total U.S. population. The service stations are selected initially, and on a replacement basis, in such a way that they represent the purchasing habits of the CPI population. Service stations in the current sample include those providing all types of service (i.e., full-, mini-, and self-serve).

Refiner prices of finished motor gasoline for resale and to end users are determined by the EIA in a monthly survey of refiners and gas plant operators (Form EIA-782A). The prices do not include any Federal, State, or local taxes paid at the time of sale. Estimates of prices prior to January 1983 are based on Form FEA-P302-M-1/EIA-460, "Petroleum Industry Monthly Report for Product Prices," and also exclude all Federal, State, or local taxes paid at the time of sale. Sales for resale are those made to purchasers who are other-than-ultimate consumers. Sales to end users are sales made directly to the consumer of the product, including bulk consumers (such as agriculture, industry, and utilities) and residential and commercial consumers.

Note 6. Starting in January 1983, Form EIA-782, "Monthly Petroleum Product Sales Report," replaced 10 previous surveys. Every attempt was made to continue the most important price series. However, prices published through December 1982 and those published since January 1983 do not necessarily form continuous data series due to changes in survey forms, definitions, instructions, populations, samples, processing systems, and statistical procedures. To provide historical data, continuous series were generated for annual data 1978-1982 and for monthly data 1981 and 1982 by estimating the prices that would have been published had Form EIA-782 survey and system been in operation at that time. This form of estimation was performed after detailed adjustment was made for product and sales type matching and for discontinuity due to other factors. An important difference between the previous and present prices is the distinction between wholesale and resale and between retail and end user. The resale category continues to include sales among resellers. However, sales to bulk consumers, such as utility, industrial, and commercial accounts previously included in the wholesale category, are now counted as

made to end users. The end-user category continues to include retail sales through company-owned and operated outlets but also includes sales to the bulk consumers such as agriculture, industry, and electric utilities. Additional information may be found in "Estimated Historic Time Series for the EIA-782," a feature article by Paula Weir, printed in the December [3] *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, published by FIA

**Note 7**. Average annual retail prices of electricity have the following plant coverage: Through 1979, annual data are for Classes A and B privately owned electric utilities only. For 1980-1982, annual data are for selected Class A utilities whose electric operating revenues were \$100 million or more during the previous year. For 1983, annual data are for a selected sample of electric utilities. Beginning in 1984, data are for a census of electric utilities. Beginning in 1996, annual data also include energy service providers selling to retail customers.

Average monthly retail prices of electricity have the following plant coverage: Through 1985, monthly data are derived from selected privately owned electric utilities and, therefore, are not national averages. Beginning in 1986, monthly data are based on a sample of publicly and privately owned electric utilities. Beginning in 1996, monthly data also include energy service providers selling to retail customers.

Preliminary monthly data are from Form EIA-826, "Monthly Electric Sales and Revenue Report With State Distributions Report," which is a monthly collection of data from approximately 450 of the largest publicly and privately owned electric utilities as well as a census of energy service providers with retail sales in deregulated States; a model is then applied to the collected data to estimate for the entire universe of U.S. electric utilities. Preliminary annual data are the sum of the monthly revenues divided by the sum of the monthly sales. When final annual data become available each year from Form EIA-861, "Annual Electric Power Industry Report," their ratios to the preliminary Form EIA-826 values are used to derive adjusted final monthly values.

Note 8. Data for 1973-1982 cover all regulated electric generating plants at which the generator nameplate capacity of all steam-electric units combined totaled 25 megawatts or greater. From 1974-1982, peaking units were included in the data and counted towards the 25-megawatt-or-greater total. Data for 1983-1990 cover all regulated electric generating plants at which the generator nameplate capacity of all steam-electric units combined totaled 50 megawatts or greater. Data for 1991-2001 cover all regulated electric generating plants at which the generator nameplate capacity of all steam-electric units and combined-cycle units together totaled 50 megawatts or greater. Data for 2002 forward cover the aforementioned regulated generating plants plus unregulated generating plants (independent producers,

as well as combined-heat-and-power generating plants and electricity-only plants in the commercial and industrial sector) whose total facility fossil-fueled nameplate generating capacity is 50 or more megawatts, regardless of unit type.

**Note 9.** Natural gas prices are intended to include all taxes. Instructions on the data collection forms specifically direct that all Federal, State, and local taxes, surcharges, and/or adjustments billed to consumers are to be included. However, sales and other taxes itemized on more than 3,000 consumers' bills are sometimes excluded by the reporting utilities. Delivered-to-consumers prices for 1987 forward represent natural gas delivered and sold to residential, commercial, industrial, and electric power consumers. They do not include the price of natural gas delivered to industrial and commercial consumers on behalf of third parties. Volumes of natural gas delivered on behalf of third parties are included in the consumption data shown in Table 4.4. Additional information is available in the EIA *Natural Gas Monthly*, Appendix C.

#### **Table 9.1 Sources**

#### **Domestic First Purchase Price**

1973–1976: U.S. Department of the Interior (DOI), Bureau of Mines (BOM), *Minerals Yearbook*, "Crude Petroleum and Petroleum Products" chapter.

1977: Federal Energy Administration (FEA), based on Form FEA-P124, "Domestic Crude Oil Purchaser's Monthly Report."

1978-2004: Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Petroleum Marketing Annual*, Table 1.

2005: EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, December 2005, Table 1.

#### F.O.B. and Landed Cost of Imports

October 1973–September 1977: Federal Energy Administration, Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report."

October–December 1977: EIA, Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report."

1978-2004: EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Annual*, Table 1. 2005: EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, December 2005, Table 1.

#### **Refiner Acquisition Cost**

1973: EIA estimates. The domestic price was derived by adding estimated transportation costs to the reported domestic first purchase price. The imported price was derived by adding an estimated ocean transport cost to the average "Free Alongside Ship" value published by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

1974–1976: DOI, BOM, *Minerals Yearbook*, "Crude Petroleum and Petroleum Products" chapter.

1977: January–September, FEA, based on Form FEA-P110-M-1, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Allocation Report." October–December, EIA, based on Form FEA-P110-M-1, "Refiners' Monthly Cost Allocation Report."

1978-2004: EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Annual*, Table 1. 2005: EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, December 2005, Table 1.

#### **Table 9.2 Sources**

October 1973–September 1977: Federal Energy Administration, Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report." October 1977–December 1977: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form FEA-F701-M-0, "Transfer Pricing Report."

1978-2004: EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Annual*, Table 24. 2005: EIA, *Petroleum Marketing Monthly*, December 2005, Table 1.

#### **Table 9.10 Sources**

1973–September 1977: Federal Power Commission, Form FPC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants."

October 1977–December 1977: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants."

1978 and 1979: Energy Information Administration (EIA), Form FERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants."

1980–1989: EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, May issues. 1990–2000: EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, March 2003, Table 26.

2001 forward: EIA, *Electric Power Monthly*, December 2005, Table 4.1; Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants"; and EIA, Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report."

#### **Table 9.11 Sources**

#### **All Prices Except Electric Power:**

1973–1999: Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Natural Gas Annual*, annual reports.

2000 forward: EIA, *Natural Gas Monthly*, November 2005, Table 4.

#### **Electric Power Sector Price:**

1973-1998: EIA, Natural Gas Annual 2000, Table 96.

1999–2002: EIA, Natural Gas Monthly, October 2004, Table 4.

2003 forward: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Form FERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants," and EIA, Form EIA-423 "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report."

#### **Percentage of Residential Sector:**

1989-2001: EIA, *Natural Gas Annual* (*NGA*), annual reports, Table 1. Calculated as the total amount of natural gas delivered to residential consumers minus the amount delivered for the account of others, and then divided by the total amount delivered to residential consumers.

2002 and 2003: EIA, *NGA*, annual reports, Table 23. 2004: EIA estimate.

#### **Percentage of Commercial and Industrial Sectors:**

1989-1999: EIA, *Natural Gas Annual*, annual reports. Calculated as the total amount of natural gas delivered to commercial (or industrial) consumers minus the amount delivered for the account of others, and then divided by the total amount delivered to commercial (or industrial) consumers. 2000 forward: EIA, *Natural Gas Monthly*, November 2005, Table 4.

#### Percentage of Electric Power Sector:

1973-2001: Calculated by EIA as the quantity of natural gas receipts by electric utilities reported on Form FERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quantity of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants" (and predecessor forms) divided by the quantity of natural gas consumed by the electric power sector (for 1973-1988, see *Monthly Energy Review*, Table 7.3b; for 1989-2001, see *Monthly Energy Review*, Table 7.4b).

2002 forward: Calculated by EIA as the quantity of natural gas receipts by electric utilities and independent power producers reported on Form FERC-423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quantity of Fuels for Electric Utility Plants," and EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report," divided by the quantity of natural gas consumed by the electric power sector (see *Monthly Energy Review*, Table 7.4b).

# Section 10. Renewable Energy

**Sources**. The Nation consumed 6.1 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy in 2004, accounting for 6.1 percent<sup>1</sup> of total energy consumption during the year. At 2.7 quadrillion Btu, conventional hydroelectric power was the largest component of the renewable energy total, measuring 44 percent of the total. Wood was the next largest component at 2.0 quadrillion Btu and 33 percent of the total. Waste, the third largest component of the renewable energy total, contributed 0.6 quadrillion Btu in 2004, a 9-percent share of the total.

**Electric Power Sector**. In 2004, the electric power sector consumed 3.6 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy resources, 59 percent of all renewable energy consumed. Conventional hydroelectric power recorded 2.7 quadrillion Btu in 2004, 73 percent of the electric power sector total.

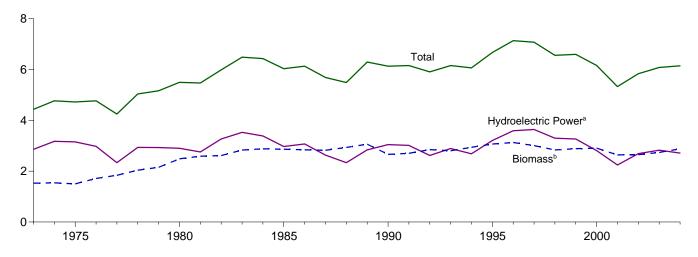
Waste, at 0.3 quadrillion Btu, was the second largest renewable source consumed for electricity generation, followed by geothermal, wood, wind, and solar.

End-Use Sectors. The industrial sector was the largest end-use consumer of renewable energy in 2004. Industrial facilities used 1.7 quadrillion Btu of renewable energy in 2004, 88 percent in the form of wood. The residential sector was the next largest end-use sector in the use of renewable energy, consuming 0.4 quadrillion Btu---81 percent in the form of wood, 14 percent solar, and 4 percent geothermal. The transportation sector consumed renewable energy in the form of alcohol fuels used in the blending of motor gasoline; in 2004, alcohol fuel use was 0.3 quadrillion Btu. The commercial sector used 0.1 quadrillion Btu in 2004, 49 percent of it as waste and 36 percent as wood.

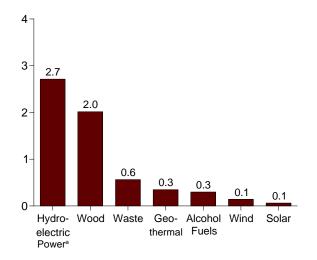
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>A small amount of alcohol fuel (ethanol blended into motor gasoline) is both fossil fuel (as petroleum) and renewable energy and is counted in both those subtotals but counted only once in total energy consumption.

Figure 10.1 Renewable Energy Consumption (Quadrillion Btu)

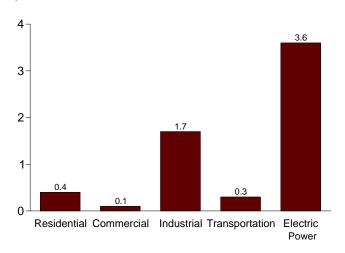
Total and Major Sources, 1973-2004



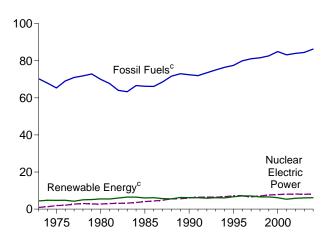
By Source, 2004



By Sector, 2004

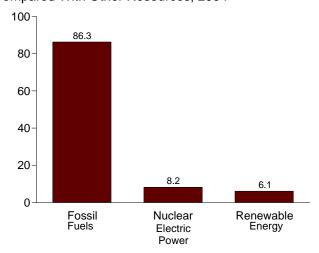


Compared With Other Resources, 1973-2004



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Conventional hydroelectric power.

# Compared With Other Resources, 2004



those subtotals but counted only once in total energy consumption. Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/renew.html. Sources: Tables 1.3 and 10.1-10.2c.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Wood, waste, and alcohol fuels.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>A small amount of alcohol (ethanol blended into motor gasoline) is both fossil fuel (as petroleum) and renewable energy and is counted in both

**Table 10.1 Renewable Energy Consumption by Source** 

			Bion	nass					
	Hydro- electric Power <sup>a</sup>	Wood <sup>b</sup>	Waste <sup>c</sup>	Alcohol Fuels <sup>d</sup>	Total	Geo- thermal <sup>e</sup>	Solar <sup>f</sup>	<b>Wind</b> <sup>g</sup>	Total
1973 Total	2,861	1,527	2	NA	1,529	43	NA	NA	4,433
1975 Total	3,155	1,497	2	NA	1,499	70	NA	NA	4,723
1980 Total	2,900	2,483	2	NA	2,485	110	NA	NA	5,494
1985 Total	2.970	2,576	236	52	2.864	198	(s)	(s)	6,033
1990 Total	3.046	2,191	408	63	2,662	336	60	29	6,133
1995 Total	3,205	2,420	531	117	3,068	294	70	33	6,669
1996 Total	3,590	2,467	577	84	3,127	316	71	33	7,137
1997 Total		2,350	551	106	3,006	325	70	34	7,075
1998 Total	3.297	2,175	542	117	2.835	328	70	31	6.561
1999 Total	3,268	2,224	540	122	2,885	331	69	46	6,599
2000 Total	2,811	2,257	511	139	2,907	317	66	57	6,158
2001 Total	2,242	1,980	514	147	2,640	311	65	70	5,328
2002 Total		1,899	576	175	2,649	328	64	105	5,836
		•			•				,
<b>2003</b> January	211	163	49	17	229	29	5	6	481
February		148	43	20	211	27	5	8	452
March	248	160	49	17	226	29	5	11	518
April	254	157	47	19	224	27	5	11	521
May	301	158	48	19	225	28	6	10	570
June	293	157	47	18	222	29	6	11	560
July		168	50	19	237	29	6	10	535
August	235	166	49	21	236	29	6	8	514
September	189	158	47	18	223	28	5	9	455
October	189	163	47	21	230	28	5	9	462
November	202	160	46	23	230	27	5	10	474
December		171	50	24	246	30	5	11	538
Total	2,825	1,929	571	238	2,739	339	64	115	6,081
2004 January	R 230	<sup>R</sup> 175	46	24	R 245	30	5	R 10	<sup>R</sup> 521
February	<sup>R</sup> 210	<sup>R</sup> 160	<sup>R</sup> 45	24	R 228	R 29	5	<sup>R</sup> 10	<sup>R</sup> 481
March	R 230	<sup>R</sup> 167	R 47	24	R 238	R 29	5	13	<sup>R</sup> 515
April	R 209	<sup>R</sup> 167	46	24	<sup>R</sup> 238	<sup>R</sup> 28	5	13	493
May	R 241	<sup>R</sup> 161	R 48	25	234	R 29	6	17	<sup>R</sup> 526
June	R 253	<sup>R</sup> 163	<sup>R</sup> 47	26	<sup>R</sup> 237	<sup>R</sup> 29	6	14	<sup>R</sup> 538
July	R 234	<sup>R</sup> 175	49	24	R 247	R 30	6	R 12	R 528
August	<sup>R</sup> 216	<sup>R</sup> 171	49	25	<sup>R</sup> 244	R 30	6	<sup>R</sup> 11	<sup>R</sup> 506
September	R 206	<sup>R</sup> 162	R 46	25	R 233	<sup>R</sup> 28	5	11	R 483
October	<sup>R</sup> 189	<sup>R</sup> 171	R 46	26	R 243	R 30	5	10	478
November	R 210	<sup>R</sup> 165	R 46	26	R 237	R 29	5	R 9	R 490
December	R 263	<sup>R</sup> 179	48	27	<sup>R</sup> 254	<sup>R</sup> 30	5	12	<sup>R</sup> 563
Total	R <b>2,690</b>	R <b>2,015</b>	R <b>565</b>	299	R <b>2,879</b>	R <b>349</b>	63	R <b>142</b>	R 6,123
2005 January	R 244	R 160	R 47	26	R 234	R 30	5	Rg	R 523
February	-	R 153	43	24	R 219	R 26	5	R 8	R 476
March	R 232	R 155	R 47	26	R 228	29	5	R 13	R 507
April	R 229	R 149	R 45	25	R 219	R 29	5	R 14	R 497
May	R 273	R 151	R 49	27	R 227	R 31	6	R 15	R 551
June	R 268	R 148	R 48	29	R 225	R 30	6	16	R 545
July		R 157	R 49	29	R 235	R 31	6	R 12	<sup>R</sup> 544
August	R 216	R 157	R 48	31	R 236	30	6	R 9	R 498
September	175	149	46	27	223	30	5	13	446
9-Month Total	2,118	1,379	423	244	2,046	266	48	110	4,587
2004 9-Month Total	2.046	1,501	424	220	2,145	261	48	110	4,611
2003 9-Month Total	2,040	1,435	429	169	2,033	254	48	84	4,607

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Conventional hydroelectric power.

b Wood, black liquor, and other wood waste.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, tires, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass.

d Ethanol blended into motor gasoline.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> Geothermal electricity net generation, heat pump, and direct use energy.

f Solar thermal and photovoltaic electricity net generation, and solar thermal direct use energy.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>g</sup> Wind electricity net generation.

NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 states and the District of Columbia. Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/renew.html.

Sources: Tables 10.2a, 10.2b, and 10.2c.

Table 10.2a Estimated Renewable Energy Consumption: Residential and Commercial Sectors

		Resident	ial Sector				Commerc	ial Sectora		
	Biomass				Hydro-		Biomass			
	Woodb	Geo- thermal <sup>©</sup>	Solard	Total	electric Power <sup>e</sup>	Woodb	Waste <sup>f</sup>	Total	Geo- thermal <sup>c</sup>	Total
1973 Total	354	NA	NA	354	NA	7	NA	7	NA	7
1975 Total	425	NA	NA	425	NA	8	NA	8	NA	8
1980 Total	859	NA	NA	859	NA	21	NA	21	NA	21
1985 Total	899	NA	NA	899	NA	24	NA	24	NA	24
1990 Total	581	6	56	642	1	39	28	67	3	71
1995 Total	596	7	65	667	1	46	40	86	5	92
1996 Total	595	7	65	667	1	50	53	103	5	110
1997 Total	433	8	65	506	1	49	58	107	6	113
1998 Total	387	8	65	459	1	48	54	102	7	111
1999 Total	414	9	64	486	1	52	54	106	7	114
2000 Total	433	9	61	503	1	53	47	100	8	109
2001 Total	370	9	60	439	1	40	39	80	8	89
2002 Total	313	10	59	382	(s)	39	42	81	9	90
<b>2003</b> January	30	1	5	37	(s)	3	4	7	1	9
February	28	1	4	33	(s)	3	3	7	1	8
March	30	1	5	37	(s)	3	4	7	1	9
April	30	1	5	36	(s)	3	4	7	1	8
May	30	1	5	37	(s)	3	4	7	1	9
June	30	1	5	36	(s)	3	4	7	1	9
July	30	1	5	37	(s)	3	4	8	1	9
August	30	1	5	37	(s)	3	4	8	1	9
September	30	1	5	36	(s)	3	4	7	1	8
October	30	1	5	37	(s)	3	4	7	1	9
November	30	1	5	36	(s)	3	4	7	1	8
December	30		5	37	(s)	3		8	1	9
Total	359	17	58	434	1	40	47	87	14	102
2004 January	28	2	5	35	(s)	4	4 R 4	<sup>R</sup> 8 <sup>R</sup> 8	1	9 R g
February	26	1	5	32	(s)	3 R 4			1	•
March	28	2	5	35	(s)		4 <sup>R</sup> 5	8 R 8	1	9
April	27	1	5	33	(s)	3	<sup>N</sup> 5		1	9
May	28	2	5	35	(s)	3	<sup>1</sup> 5	8	1	<sup>R</sup> 10 <sup>R</sup> 10
June	27	1	5	33	(s)	3	<sup>N</sup> 5	8	1	R 10
July	28	2	5	35	(s)	3	<sup>1</sup> 5 R 5	8	1	
August	28	2	5	35	(s)	3		8 R 8	1	<sup>R</sup> 10
September	27 28	1 2	5 5	33 35	(s)	3 4	<sup>R</sup> 5 4	* 8 R 8	1 1	``9
October	28		5 5	35	(s)	3	4 R 5	* 8 R 8	1	9
November	27 28	1 2	5 5	33 35	(s)	3 4	<sup>N</sup> 5	8 8	1	R 10
December Total	<b>332</b>	18	<b>57</b>	408	(s) <b>1</b>	41	R <b>55</b>	R <b>97</b>	15	R 113
<b>2005</b> January	28	2	5	35	(s)	4	4	R <b>7</b>	1	9
February	25	1	4	31	(s)	3	4	7	1	8
March	28	2	5	35	(s)	4	4	R <b>7</b>	1	9
April	27	1	5	34	(s)	3	4	R <b>7</b>	1	R 8
May	28	2	5	35	(s)	3	R 4	R <b>7</b>	1	9
June	27	1	5	34	(s)	3	R 4	<sup>R</sup> <b>7</b>	1	9
July	28	2	5	35	(s)	3	4	8	1	9
August	28	2	5	35	(s)	3	4	R 7	1	9
September	27	1	5	34	(s)	3	4	7	1	8
9-Month Total	249	13	43	305	1	31	35	65	11	78
2004 9-Month Total	249	13	43	305	1	31	42	73	11	85
2003 9-Month Total	269	13	43	325	1	30	36	65	11	77

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Commercial sector fuel use, including that at commercial combined-heatand-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only plants. See note at end of Section 7.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Wood, black liquor, and other wood waste.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Geothermal heat pump and direct use energy.

d Solar thermal direct use energy and photovoltaic electricity generation. Small amounts of commercial sector use are included in the residential sector.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> Conventional hydroelectric power.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>f</sup> Municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, tires, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass.

R=Revised. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 states and the District of Columbia. Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/renew.html.

Sources: See end of section.

**Table 10.2b Estimated Renewable Energy Consumption: Industrial and Transportation Sectors** 

			Industria	I Sectora			Transportation Sec
	Hydro-		Biomass				Biomass
	electric Power <sup>b</sup>	Wood <sup>c</sup>	Wasted	Total	Geo- thermal <sup>e</sup>	Total	Alcohol Fuelsf
973 Total	35	1,165	NA	1,165	NA	1,200	NA
975 Total	32	1,063	NA	1,063	NA	1,096	NA
980 Total	33	1,600	NA	1,600	NA	1,633	NA
985 Total	33	1.645	230	1.875	NA	1,908	52
990 Total	31	1,442	192	1,634	2	1,667	63
95 Total	55	1,652	195	1,847	3	1,905	117
96 Total	61	1,684	224	1,907	3	1,971	84
97 Total	58	1,731	184	1.915	3	1,976	106
998 Total	55	1,603	180	1,784	3	1,841	117
999 Total	49	1,620	171	1,791	4	1,843	122
000 Total	49 42	1,636	145	, -	4		139
				1,781	-	1,828	
001 Total	33	1,443	150	1,593	5	1,630	147
002 Total	39	1,396	168	1,565	5	1,608	175
003 January	4	114	15	129	(s)	133	17
February	3	104	14	118	(s)	121	20
March	4	113	15	127	(s)	131	17
April	2	112	14	126	(s)	129	19
May	4	112	14	126	(s)	130	19
June	4	111	13	124	(s)	128	18
July	4	119	14	133	(s)	138	19
August	4	116	14	130	(s)	135	21
September	3	112	14	125	(s)	129	18
October	3	115	14	130	(s)	133	21
November	4	113	14	127	(s)	131	23
December	5	122	15	137	(s)	142	23
Total	43	1,363	17 <b>0</b>	1,533	5	1,581	238
<b>004</b> January	R 3	<sup>R</sup> 129	14	<sup>R</sup> 143	(6)	146	24
February	R 3	R 117	R 13	R 131	(s) (s)	134	24
,	R 3	R 121	14	<sup>R</sup> 135		R 138	24
March	R 2	" 121 R405			(s)		
April		R 125	14 <sup>R</sup> 14	R 138	(s)	141	24
May	R <sub>2</sub>	R 117		131	(s)	R 133	25
June	R <sub>2</sub>	R 120	R 14	R 134	(s)	<sup>R</sup> 136	26
July	R 2	<sup>R</sup> 127	14	R 141	(s)	_ 143	24
August	R 2	R 124	_ 14	<sup>R</sup> 138	(s)	<sup>R</sup> 141	25
September	R 3	<sup>R</sup> 118	<sup>R</sup> 13	<sup>R</sup> 132	(s)	_ 135	25
October	R 3	<sup>R</sup> 126	14	<sup>R</sup> 139	(s)	<sup>R</sup> 143	26
November	R 3	<sup>R</sup> 121	<sup>R</sup> 13	<sup>R</sup> 134	(s)	<sup>R</sup> 138	26
December	R 4	<sup>R</sup> 132	14	<sup>R</sup> 145	(s)	150	27
Total	R 33	R 1,476	R <b>165</b>	R 1,641	<b>`</b> 5	R 1,678	299
<b>05</b> January	R 3	R 114	<sup>R</sup> 13	<sup>R</sup> 127	(s)	<sup>R</sup> 131	26
February	3	R 110	R 12	R 122	(s)	R 125	24
March	R 3	R 109	R 13	R 122	(s)	R 126	26
April	3	<sup>R</sup> 106	<sup>R</sup> 13	R 119	(s)	R 122	25
May	R 3	R 106	R 13	R 119	(s)	R 122	27
June	R 3	R 104	R 13	R 117	(s)	R 120	29
	R 3	R 110	R 13	R 122	(S) (S)	R 126	29
July	R 2	R 110	<sup></sup> 13	R 123	٠,	R 125	31
August					(s)		
September 9-Month Total	2 <b>24</b>	105 <b>974</b>	13 <b>116</b>	118 <b>1,090</b>	(s) <b>4</b>	120 <b>1,118</b>	27 <b>244</b>
				,	•	•	
04 9-Month Total	22 31	1,098 1,013	124 127	1,222 1,140	4 3	1,248 1,174	220 169

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Industrial sector fuel use, including that at industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and industrial electricity-only plants. See note at end of Section 7.

Sources: See end of section.

b Conventional hydroelectric power.
C Wood, black liquor, and other wood waste.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> Municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, tires, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass.

<sup>e</sup> Geothermal heat pump and direct use energy.

f Ethanol blended into motor gasoline.
R=Revised. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.
Notes: • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 states and the District of Columbia.
Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/renew.html.

Table 10.2c Renewable Energy Consumption: Electric Power Sector

	Hydro-		Biomass					
	electric Power <sup>a</sup>	Woodb	Waste <sup>C</sup>	Total	Geo- thermal <sup>d</sup>	Solar <sup>e</sup>	Wind <sup>f</sup>	Total
973 Total	2,827	1	2	3	43	NA	NA	2,873
975 Total	3,122	(s)	2	2	70	NA	NA	3,194
980 Total	2.867	3	2	5	110	NA NA	NA NA	2,982
985 Total	2,937	8	7	14	198	(s)	(s)	3.150
990 Total <sup>g</sup>	3.014	129	188	317	326	<u>(s)</u> 4	29	3,689
995 Total	3,149	125	296	422	280	5	33	3,889
996 Total	3,528	138	300	438	300	5	33	4,305
	3,526 3,581	137	309	436 446	309	5	33 34	,
997 Total	3,241	137	308	444	309 311	5	34 31	4,375 4,032
998 Total				444 453		5 5		
999 Total	3,218	138	315		312		46	4,034
000 Total	2,768	134	318	453	296	5	57	3,579
001 Total	2,209	126	324	450	289	6	70	3,023
002 Total	2,650	150	365	516	305	6	105	3,581
003 January	207	16	30	45	26	(s)	6	286
February	199	13	26	39	24	(s)	8	270
March	244	14	30	44	25	1	11	324
April	251	12	29	41	25	1	11	329
May	297	12	30	42	25	1	10	374
June	289	13	30	43	26	1	11	370
July	251	15	31	46	26	1	10	333
August	231	16	31	47	26	1	8	313
September	186	14	29	43	25	1	9	264
October	185	14	28	42	25	(s)	9	262
November	198	14	29	43	24	(s)	10	275
December	241	15	31	46	27	(s)	11	326
Total	2,781	167	354	522	303	5	115	3,725
<b>004</b> January	R 227	15	28	42	R 27	(s)	<sup>R</sup> 10	R 307
February	<sup>R</sup> 207	14	<sup>R</sup> 27	40	<sup>R</sup> 26	(s)	<sup>R</sup> 10	<sup>R</sup> 283
March	227	14	R 29	R 43	R 26	Ĭ	13	R 309
April	R 207	12	28	40	24	1	13	<sup>R</sup> 285
May	R 239	<sup>R</sup> 12	30	42	25	1	17	R 324
June	<sup>R</sup> 251	<sup>R</sup> 12	29	<sup>R</sup> 41	R 26	1	14	333
July	R 232	16	30	46	R 27	1	R 12	R 317
August	R 214	15	30	45	26	1	R 11	R 296
September	203	14	R 28	R 42	R 25	i	11	R 281
October	<sup>R</sup> 186	<sup>R</sup> 13	R 28	R 42	R 27	(s)	10	R 265
November	R 206	14	28	42	25	(s)	R g	R 283
December	R 259	<sup>R</sup> 16	R 29	45	26	(s)	12	R 342
Total	R <b>2,656</b>	R 165	R 344	R 510	R 311	6	R 142	R 3,625
<b>005</b> January	<sup>R</sup> 241	15	30	45	<sup>R</sup> 27	(s)	Rg	R 322
February	R 215	14	R 27	41	R 23	(s)	R 8	R 287
March	R 229	R 14	30	45	R 26	(s)	R 13	R 313
April	R 227	12	29	41	R 26	1	R 14	R 308
May	R 270	13	32	R 45	27	i	R 15	R 359
June	R 265	R 13	31	R 44	R 27	1	16	R 354
July	R 258	R 15	32	R 47	R 28	1	R 12	R 346
August	R 214	R 15	31	47	R 27	1	R g	R 298
	173	·· 15	29	43	26	1	13	257
September 9-Month Total	<b>2,093</b>	125	29 <b>272</b>	397	238	5	13 110	257 <b>2,842</b>
004 9-Month Total	2.023	122	258	381	233	5	110	2,753
004 9-Month Total	2,023 2.156	124	266	390	233 227	5	84	2,753
IULAI	2,130	124	200	390	221	ວ	04	2,002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Conventional hydroelectric power.

• The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public.

http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/renew.html.

Sources: • Wood and Waste: 1973-1988—Table 7.3b. 1989 forward—Table 7.4b. • Hydroelectric Power, Geothermal, Solar, and Wind: Tables 7.2b and A6.

b Wood, black liquor, and other wood waste.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Municipal solid waste, landfill gas, sludge waste, tires, agricultural

byproducts, and other biomass.

d Geothermal electricity net generation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> Solar thermal and photovoltaic electricity net generation.

Wind electricity net generation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Through 1988, data are for consumption at electric utilities only. Beginning in 1989, data also include consumption at independent power producers.

R=Revised. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 trillion Btu.

Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Geographic coverage is the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see

# **Renewable Energy**

# Tables 10.2a and 10.2b Sources

#### Wood, Residential

1973–1979: Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Estimates of U.S. Wood Energy Consumption from 1949 to 1981*, Table A2.

1980–1983: EIA, Estimates of U.S. Wood Energy Consumption 1980–1983, Table ES1.

1984: EIA, Estimates of U.S. Biofuels Consumption 1990,

1985 and 1986: Values interpolated.

1987: EIA, Estimates of Biofuels Consumption in the United States During 1987, Table 2.

1988: Value interpolated.

1989–2002: EIA, *Renewable Energy Annual 2003* (August 2004), Table B1.

2003 forward: Annual estimates are from EIA, Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels (CNEAF). Monthly estimates are created by dividing the annual estimates by the number of days in the year and then multiplying by the number of days in the month.

#### Wood, Commercial

1973–1979: EIA, Estimates of U.S. Wood Energy Consumption from 1949 to 1981, Table A2.

1980–1983: EIA, Estimates of U.S. Wood Energy Consumption 1980–1983, Table ES1.

1984: EIA, CNEAF, estimate.

1985-1988: Values interpolated.

1989–2002: EIA, *Renewable Energy Annual 2003* (August 2004), Table B1.

2003 forward: Annual estimates are created by adding annual values for wood consumption at commercial combined heat-and-power (CHP) plants (see sources for Table 7.4c) and annual CNEAF estimates for wood consumption at other commercial plants. Monthly estimates are created by adding monthly values for wood consumption at commercial CHP plants (see sources for Table 7.4c) and monthly estimates for wood consumption at other commercial plants. (For other commercial plants, monthly estimates are created by dividing the annual CNEAF estimate by the number of days in the year and then multiplying by the number of days in the month.)

#### Wood, Industrial

1973–1979: EIA, Estimates of U.S. Wood Energy Consumption from 1949 to 1981, Table A2.

1980–1983: EIA, Estimates of U.S. Wood Energy Consumption 1980–1983, Table ES1.

1984: EIA, Estimates of U.S. Biofuels Consumption 1990, Table 1.

1985 and 1986: Values interpolated.

1987: EIA, Estimates of Biofuels Consumption in the

United States During 1987, Table 2.

1988: Value interpolated.

1989–2002: EIA, *Renewable Energy Annual 2003* (August 2004), Table B1.

2003 forward: Annual estimates are created by adding annual values for wood consumption at industrial CHP plants (see Table 7.4c) and annual CNEAF estimates for wood consumption at other industrial plants. Monthly estimates are created by adding monthly values for wood consumption at industrial CHP plants (see Table 7.4c) and monthly estimates for wood consumption at other industrial plants. (For wood consumption at other industrial plants, monthly estimates are created by dividing the annual CNEAF estimate by the number of days in the year and then multiplying by the number of days in the month.)

#### Waste, Commercial

Table 7.4c

#### Waste, Industrial

1981: EIA, *Estimates of U.S. Biofuels Consumption 1990*, Table 8, total waste consumption, minus electric utilities' use of waste to produce electricity (see Table 10.3a).

1982 and 1983: EIA, CNEAF, estimates for total waste consumption, minus electric utilities' use of waste to produce electricity (see Table 10.3a).

1984: EIA, *Estimates of U.S. Biofuels Consumption 1990*, Table 8, total waste consumption, minus electric utilities' use of waste to produce electricity (see Table 10.3a).

1985 and 1986: Values interpolated.

1987: EIA, *Estimates of U.S. Biofuels Consumption 1990*, Table 8, total waste consumption, minus electric utilities' use of waste to produce electricity (see Table 10.3a).

1988: Value interpolated.

1989–2002: EIA, Renewable Energy Annual 2003 (August 2004), Table B1.

2003 forward: Annual estimates are created by adding annual values for waste consumption at industrial CHP plants (see Table 7.4c) and annual CNEAF estimates for waste consumption at other industrial plants. Monthly estimates are created by adding monthly values for waste consumption at industrial CHP plants (see Table 7.4c) and monthly estimates for waste consumption at other industrial plants. (For waste consumption at other industrial plants, monthly estimates are created by dividing the annual CNEAF estimate by the number of days in the year and then multiplying by the number of days in the month.)

#### Hydroelectric Power, Commercial

Conventional hydroelectric power total (see Table 7.2a), minus conventional hydroelectric power in the electric power sector (see Table 7.2b) and industrial sector (see Table 7.2c), times the fossil-fueled-plants heat rate (see Table A6).

# Hydroelectric Power, Industrial

1973-1988: Tables 7.1 and A6. 1989 forward: Tables 7.2c and A6.

#### **Alcohol Fuels**

1981: EIA, Estimates of U.S. Biofuels Consumption 1990, Table 10.

1982 and 1983: EIA, CNEAF, estimates.

1984: EIA, Estimates of U.S. Biofuels Consumption 1990, Table 10.

1985 and 1986: Values interpolated.

1987: EIA, Estimates of U.S. Biofuels Consumption 1990, Table 10.

1988: Value interpolated.

1989: EIA, Estimates of U.S. Biofuels Consumption 1990, Table 10.

1990: EIA, Estimates of U.S. Biomass Energy Consumption 1992, Table D1.

1991: Value interpolated.

1992: EIA, Estimates of U.S. Biomass Energy Consumption 1992, Table D1.

1993–2004: EIA, *Petroleum Supply Annual (PSA)*, Tables 2 and 16, and *Monthly Energy Review (MER)*, Table A1. Ten

percent of the "Field Production" of "Oxygenated Finished Motor Gasoline" from *PSA*, Table 2, is added to the "Refinery Input of Fuel Ethanol" from *PSA*, Table 16. The sum is multiplied by the conversion factor of 3.539 million Btu per barrel for fuel ethanol as shown in the *MER*, Table A1.

2005: EIA, *PSM*, Table 1, "Motor Gasoline Blending Components Adjustments" plus "Finished Motor Gasoline Adjustments," plus *PSM*, Table 27, refinery and blender net inputs of "Fuel Ethanol." The sum is multiplied by the conversion factor of 3.539 million Btu per barrel for fuel ethanol from *MER*, Table A1.

#### **Geothermal and Solar**

1989–2002: EIA Renewable Energy Annual 2003 (August 2004), Table B1.

2003 forward: Annual estimates are from CNEAF. Monthly estimates are created by dividing the annual estimates by the number of days in the year and then multiplying by the number of days in the month.

# Section 11. International Petroleum

**Crude Oil Production**. World crude oil production during September 2005 was 73 million barrels per day, down 0.5 million barrels per day from the level in the previous month. World crude oil production in the first 3 quarters of 2005 averaged 74 million barrels per day, up 2 percent compared with production in the first 3 quarters of 2004.

Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) production during September 2005 averaged 32 million barrels per day, up 0.3 million barrels per day from the level in the previous month. OPEC production during the first 3 quarters of 2005 averaged 31 million barrels per day, a 4-percent increase from the levels of the first 3 quarters of 2004. During September 2005, production increased in Iraq by 150 thousand barrels per day; Kuwait by 100 thousand barrels per day; the United Arab Emirates by 50 thousand barrels per day; and Nigeria by 45 thousand barrels per day. Production decreased in Iran by 40 thousand barrels per day and Indonesia by 12 thousand barrels per day. Production remained unchanged in Saudi Arabia, Venezuela, Algeria, Libya, and Qatar.

Among the non-OPEC nations, production during September 2005 increased in the United Kingdom by 102 thousand barrels per day; Russia by 30 thousand barrels per day; Norway by 20 thousand barrels per day; and Egypt by 5

thousand barrels per day. Production decreased in the United States by 1.1 million barrels per day; Canada by 96 thousand barrels per day; Mexico by 47 thousand barrels per day; and China by 45 thousand barrels per day.

**Petroleum Consumption**. In August 2005, consumption in all Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) countries was 50 million barrels per day, 2 percent<sup>1</sup> higher than the August 2004 rate. Comparing August rates in 2005 and 2004, consumption was higher in 2005 in France (+10 percent); Germany (+7 percent); Canada (+5 percent); the United Kingdom (+4 percent); and the United States (+1 percent). The August 2005 consumption rate was lower in Italy and Japan (each -4 percent) and South Korea (less than -1 percent), compared with the rate 1 year earlier.

**Petroleum Stocks**. For all OECD countries, petroleum stocks at the end of August 2005 totaled 4.1 billion barrels, 3 percent<sup>1</sup> higher than the ending stock level in August 2004. Stock levels were higher in August 2005 in the United Kingdom (+13 percent); France and the United States (each +4 percent); Japan (+3 percent); Germany (+2 percent); and South Korea (+1 percent). Stock levels were lower in Italy and Canada (each -1 percent), compared with levels 1 year earlier.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Percentage changes are based on unrounded data.

Table 11.1a World Crude Oil Production: OPEC Members

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

1975 Average	1,097 983 1,106 1,037 1,175 1,202 1,242 1,277 1,246 1,202 1,254 1,310 1,306 1,490 1,495 1,555 1,645 1,645 1,645	1,339 1,307 1,577 1,325 1,462 1,503 1,547 1,520 1,518 1,472 1,428 1,340 1,249 1,210 1,205 1,180 1,160	5,861 5,350 1,662 2,250 3,088 3,643 3,664 3,634 3,557 3,696 3,724 3,444	2,018 2,262 2,514 1,433 2,040 560 579 1,155 2,150 2,508 2,571 2,390 2,023	3,020 2,084 1,656 1,023 1,175 2,057 2,062 2,007 2,085 1,898 2,079 1,998	2,175 1,480 1,787 1,059 1,375 1,390 1,401 1,446 1,390 1,319 1,410	2,054 1,783 2,055 1,495 1,810 1,993 2,001 2,132 2,153 2,130	570 438 472 301 406 442 510 550 696	7,596 7,075 9,900 3,388 6,410 8,231 8,218 8,362 8,389	1,533 1,664 1,709 1,193 2,117 2,233 2,278 2,316	3,366 2,346 2,168 1,677 2,137 2,750 2,938 3,280	30,629 26,771 26,606 16,181 23,195 26,004 26,461 27,710
1980 Average 1985 Average 1995 Average 1990 Average 1996 Average 1997 Average 1998 Average 2000 Average 2001 Average 2002 Average 2003 January February March April May June July August September December Average 2004 January February March April Average 2007 Average 2008 Average 2009 Average 2009 Average 2000 Averag	1,106 1,037 1,175 1,202 1,242 1,277 1,246 1,202 1,254 1,310 1,306 1,490 1,495 1,645 1,645 1,625	1,577 1,325 1,462 1,503 1,547 1,520 1,518 1,472 1,428 1,340 1,249	1,662 2,250 3,088 3,643 3,686 3,664 3,634 3,557 3,696 3,724 3,444	2,514 1,433 2,040 560 579 1,155 2,150 2,508 2,571 2,390	1,656 1,023 1,175 2,057 2,062 2,007 2,085 1,898 2,079 1,998	1,787 1,059 1,375 1,390 1,401 1,446 1,390 1,319 1,410	2,055 1,495 1,810 1,993 2,001 2,132 2,153	472 301 406 442 510 550	9,900 3,388 6,410 8,231 8,218 8,362	1,709 1,193 2,117 2,233 2,278 2,316	2,168 1,677 2,137 2,750 2,938	26,606 16,181 23,195 26,004 26,461
1985 Average	1,037 1,175 1,202 1,242 1,277 1,246 1,202 1,254 1,310 1,306 1,490 1,495 1,555 1,645 1,645 1,625	1,325 1,462 1,503 1,547 1,520 1,518 1,472 1,428 1,340 1,249 1,210 1,205 1,180	2,250 3,088 3,643 3,666 3,664 3,634 3,557 3,696 3,724 3,444	1,433 2,040 560 579 1,155 2,150 2,508 2,571 2,390	1,023 1,175 2,057 2,062 2,007 2,085 1,898 2,079 1,998	1,059 1,375 1,390 1,401 1,446 1,390 1,319 1,410	1,495 1,810 1,993 2,001 2,132 2,153	301 406 442 510 550	3,388 6,410 8,231 8,218 8,362	1,193 2,117 2,233 2,278 2,316	1,677 2,137 2,750 2,938	16,181 23,195 26,004 26,461
1990 Average 1995 Average 1996 Average 1997 Average 1997 Average 1998 Average 2000 Average 2001 Average 2002 Average 2003 January February March April May June July August September October November December Average 2004 January February March April Juny August September October Average 2004 January February March April Average 2005 January Average 2006 January February March April May June July June July August August August April Ayril Ayril Ayril Ayril Ayril Ayril Ayril Ayril Ayril Ayy August August	1,175 1,202 1,242 1,277 1,246 1,202 1,254 1,310 1,306 1,490 1,495 1,555 1,645 1,645 1,625	1,462 1,503 1,547 1,520 1,518 1,472 1,428 1,340 1,249 1,210 1,205 1,180	3,088 3,643 3,686 3,664 3,634 3,557 3,696 3,724 3,444	2,040 560 579 1,155 2,150 2,508 2,571 2,390	1,175 2,057 2,062 2,007 2,085 1,898 2,079 1,998	1,375 1,390 1,401 1,446 1,390 1,319 1,410	1,810 1,993 2,001 2,132 2,153	406 442 510 550	6,410 8,231 8,218 8,362	2,117 2,233 2,278 2,316	2,137 2,750 2,938	23,195 26,004 26,461
1995 Average	1,202 1,242 1,277 1,246 1,202 1,254 1,310 1,306 1,490 1,495 1,555 1,645 1,645 1,625	1,503 1,547 1,547 1,518 1,472 1,428 1,340 1,249 1,210 1,205 1,180	3,643 3,686 3,664 3,634 3,557 3,696 3,724 3,444	560 579 1,155 2,150 2,508 2,571 2,390	2,057 2,062 2,007 2,085 1,898 2,079 1,998	1,390 1,401 1,446 1,390 1,319 1,410	1,993 2,001 2,132 2,153	442 510 550	8,231 8,218 8,362	2,233 2,278 2,316	2,750 2,938	26,004 26,461
1996 Average	1,242 1,277 1,246 1,202 1,254 1,310 1,306 1,490 1,495 1,555 1,645 1,645 1,625	1,547 1,520 1,518 1,472 1,428 1,340 1,249 1,210 1,205 1,180	3,686 3,664 3,634 3,557 3,696 3,724 3,444	579 1,155 2,150 2,508 2,571 2,390	2,062 2,007 2,085 1,898 2,079 1,998	1,401 1,446 1,390 1,319 1,410	2,001 2,132 2,153	510 550	8,218 8,362	2,278 2,316	2,938	26,461
1997 Average	1,277 1,246 1,202 1,254 1,310 1,306 1,490 1,495 1,555 1,645 1,645 1,625	1,520 1,518 1,472 1,428 1,340 1,249 1,210 1,205 1,180	3,664 3,634 3,557 3,696 3,724 3,444	1,155 2,150 2,508 2,571 2,390	2,007 2,085 1,898 2,079 1,998	1,446 1,390 1,319 1,410	2,132 2,153	550	8,362	2,316		
1998 Average	1,246 1,202 1,254 1,310 1,306 1,490 1,495 1,555 1,645 1,645 1,625	1,518 1,472 1,428 1,340 1,249 1,210 1,205 1,180	3,634 3,557 3,696 3,724 3,444	2,150 2,508 2,571 2,390	2,085 1,898 2,079 1,998	1,390 1,319 1,410	2,153				3,280	27,710
1999 Average 2000 Average 2001 Average 2002 Average 2002 Average 2003 January February March April May August September October November December Average 2004 January February March April May June June July August January February March April May June July August May August	1,202 1,254 1,310 1,306 1,490 1,495 1,555 1,645 1,645 1,625	1,472 1,428 1,340 1,249 1,210 1,205 1,180	3,557 3,696 3,724 3,444 3,625	2,508 2,571 2,390	1,898 2,079 1,998	1,319 1,410		696	8.389			
2000 Average	1,254 1,310 1,306 1,490 1,495 1,555 1,645 1,645 1,625	1,428 1,340 1,249 1,210 1,205 1,180	3,696 3,724 3,444 3,625	2,571 2,390	2,079 1,998	1,410	2,130			2,345	3,167	28,774
2001 Average           2002 Average           2003 January           February           March           April           May           June           July           August           September           October           November           December           Average           2004 January           February           March           April           May           June           July           August	1,310 1,306 1,490 1,495 1,555 1,645 1,645 1,625	1,340 1,249 1,210 1,205 1,180	<b>3,724 3,444</b> 3,625	2,390	1,998			665	7,833	2,169	2,826	27,579
2002 Average           2003 January           February           March           April           May           June           July           August           September           October           November           December           Average           2004 January           February           March           April           May           June           July           August	1,490 1,495 1,555 1,645 1,645 1,625	1,249 1,210 1,205 1,180	<b>3,444</b> 3,625				2,165	737	8,404	2,368	3,155	29,267
2003 January	1,490 1,495 1,555 1,645 1,645 1,625	1,210 1,205 1,180	3,625	2,023		1,367	2,256	714	8,031	2,205	3,010	28,344
February March April May June July August September October November December Average  2004 January February March April May June July August August	1,495 1,555 1,645 1,645 1,625	1,205 1,180			1,894	1,319	2,118	679	7,634	2,082	2,604	26,352
March	1,555 1,645 1,645 1,625	1,180		2,549	1,990	1,375	2,310	795	8,570	2,200	630	26,742
April May June August September October November Average Average March April May June July August Au	1,645 1,645 1,625		3,699	2,484	2,050	1,400	2,360	821	8,870	2,250	1,450	28,084
May	1,645 1,625	1 160	3,724	1,370	2,300	1,405	2,030	821	9,460	2,450	2,390	28,685
June	1,625		3,719	53	2,400	1,430	1,965	821	9,600	2,450	2,555	27,798
July August September October November December Average  2004 January February March April May June July August		1,150	3,719	292	2,285	1,435	2,050	821	9,400	2,400	2,665	27,862
August September September October November Average September Average September Average September Septembe		1,145	3,719	452	2,100	1,430	2,150	769	8,700	2,350	2,640	27,080
September October November December Average  2004 January February March April May June July August	1,645	1,145	3,749	572	2,100	1,430	2,185	769	8,610	2,350	2,640	27,194
October	1,645	1,130	3,749	1,050	2,100	1,425	2,260	769	8,610	2,340	2,640	27,718
November December Average  2004 January February March April May June July August	1,645	1,130	3,749	1,399	2,100	1,425	2,360	769	8,550	2,300	2,640	28,067
December	1,645	1,125	3,749	1,749	2,200	1,420	2,360	769	8,650	2,330	2,640	28,636
Average	1,645	1,120	3,798	1,848	2,200	1,420	2,410	821	8,500	2,350	2,540	28,653
2004 January  February  March  April  May  June  July  August	1,645	1,120	3,912	1,948	2,300	1,450	2,460	821	8,660	2,400	2,540	29,256
February  March  April  May  June  July  August	1,611	1,151	3,743	1,308	2,178	1,421	2,241	797	8,848	2,348	2,335	27,981
March	1,645	1,108	3,950	2,103	2,300	1,450	2,530	785	8,700	2,400	2,540	29,511
April	1,645	1,108	3,950	2,003	2,300	1,450	2,530	795	8,700	2,420	2,540	29,441
May	1,645	1,098	3,960	2,203	2,355	1,450	2,530	795	8,400	2,370	2,540	29,346
June July August	1,645	1,098	3,970	2,303	2,350	1,450	2,530	795	8,400	2,220	2,540	29,301
July August	1,645	1,093	3,980	1,903	2,400	1,450	2,530	795	8,500	2,280	2,540	29,116
August	1,665	1,088	3,990	1,703	2,400	1,500	2,580	835	9,500	2,510	2,540	30,311
	1,695	1,088	4,010	2,003	2,400	1,550	2,580	835	9,500	2,530	2,540	30,731
Contombor	1,695	1,088	4,030	1,803	2,400	1,560	2,480	835	9,500	2,600	2,540	30,531
	1,695	1,088	4,030	2,303	2,400	1,560	2,480	835	9,500	2,600	2,540	31,031
	1,695	1,088	4,035	2,203	2,400	1,560	2,480	835	9,500	2,602	2,640	31,038
	1,725	1,088	4,050	1,703	2,400	1,600	2,480	835	9,500	2,602	2,540	30,523
	1,725	1,103	4,060	1,903	2,400	1,600	2,380	835	9,500	2,602	2,640	30,748
Average	1,677	1,095	4,001	2,011	2,376	1,515	2,509	818	9,101	2,478	2,557	30,138
	1,750	1,093	4,060	1,903	2,450	1,600	2,430	835	9,500	2,502	2,640	30,763
•	1,755	1,083	4,080	1,903	2,500	1,600	2,480	835	9,500	2,502	2,640	30,878
	1,775	1,076	4,080	1,903	2,500	1,620	2,580	835	9,500	2,552	2,640	31,061
	1,775	1,060	4,090	1,903	2,500	1,625	2,640	835	9,600	2,602	2,540	31,170
	1,775	1,072	4,100	1,903	2,500	1,630	2,690	835	9,600	2,402	2,540	31,047
	1,805	1,064	4,210	1,903	2,500	1,635	2,695	835	9,600	2,402	2,540	31,189
	1,805	1,068	4,220	2,003	2,500	1,635	2,695	835	9,600	2,502	2,540	31,403
	1,825	1,068	4,230	1,903	2,500	1,650	R 2,590	835	9,600	2,552	2,540	R 31,293
	1,825	1,056	4,190	2,053	2,600	1,650	2,635	835	9,600	2,602	2,540	31,586
9-Mo. Avg	1,788	1,071	4,140	1,931	2,505	1,627	2,605	835	9,567	2,513	2,573	31,156
2004 9-Mo. Avg 2003 9-Mo. Avg		1,095 1,161	3,986 3,717	2,036 1,126	2,368 2,159	1,491 1,417	2,530 2,184	812 795	8,967 8,930	2,437 2,344	2,540 2,255	29,925 27,688

 $<sup>^{\</sup>mathrm{a}}$  Except for the period from August 1990 through May 1991, includes about one-half of the production in the Kuwait-Saudi Arabia Neutral Zone. Kuwaiti Neutral Zone output was discontinued following Iraq's invasion of Kuwait on August 2, 1990, but was resumed in June 1991. In September 2005, Neutral Zone production by both Kuwait and Saudi Arabia totaled about 620 thousand barrels per day.

b Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries.

respectively, are excluded from all OPEC totals.

Notes: • Crude oil includes lease condensate but excludes natural gas plant liquids. • Monthly data are often preliminary figures and may not average to the annual totals because of rounding or because updates to the preliminary monthly

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/inter.html.

Sources: See end of section.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Current members of OPEC are Algeria, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela. Ecuador and Gabon, which withdrew from OPEC membership at the end of 1992 and 1994,

Table 11.1b World Crude Oil Production: Persian Gulf Nations, Non-OPEC, and World

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

1973 Average 1975 Average 1980 Average 1985 Average 1990 Average 1996 Average 1997 Average 1998 Average 1998 Average 1999 Average 1999 Average 1900 Average 2001 Average	Persian Gulf Nations <sup>b</sup> 20,668 18,934 17,961 9,630 15,278 17,208 17,367	1,798 1,430 1,435 1,471 1,553 1,805	1,090 1,490 2,114 2,505	Egypt 165 235 595	Mexico	Norway	Former U.S.S.R.	Russia	United Kingdom	United States	Total Non- OPEC <sup>a</sup>	World
1975 Average 1980 Average 1985 Average 1990 Average 1995 Average 1996 Average 1997 Average 1998 Average 1999 Average 2000 Average	18,934 17,961 9,630 15,278 17,208 17,367	1,430 1,435 1,471 1,553	1,490 2,114	235								
1975 Average 1980 Average 1985 Average 1990 Average 1995 Average 1996 Average 1997 Average 1998 Average 1999 Average 2000 Average	17,961 9,630 15,278 17,208 17,367	1,435 1,471 1,553	2,114			32	8,324	NA	2	9,208	25,050	55,679
1980 Average 1985 Average 1990 Average 1995 Average 1996 Average 1997 Average 1998 Average 2000 Average	9,630 15,278 17,208 17,367	1,471 1,553		F0F	705	189	9,523	NA	12	8,375	26,058	52,828
985 Average	15,278 17,208 17,367	1,553	2 505	595	1,936	528	11,706	NA	1,622	8,597	32,994	59,600
990 Average	17,208 17,367		2,505	887	2,745	788	11,585	NA	2,530	8,971	37,801	53,982
995 Average 996 Average 997 Average 998 Average 999 Average 0000 Average	17,208 17,367		2,774	873	2,553	1,704	10,975	NA	1,820	7,355	37,371	60,566
996 Average	17,367	1.003	2,990	920	2,618	2,768	_	5,995	2,489	6,560	36,331	62,335
997 Average 998 Average 999 Average 2000 Average 2001 Average	'	1,837	3,131	922	2,855	3,104	_	5,850	2,568	6,465	37,250	63,711
1999 Average 2000 Average 2001 Average	18,095	1,922	3,200	856	3,023	3,143	_	5,920	2,518	6,452	37,980	65,690
1999 Average 2000 Average 2001 Average	19,337	1,981	3,198	834	3,070	3,017	_	5,854	2,616	6,252	38,147	66,921
2000 Average 2001 Average	18,667	1,907	3,195	852	2,906	3,018	_	6,079	2,684	5,881	38,269	65,848
2001 Average	19,892	1,977	3,249	748	3,012	3,197	_	6,479	2,275	5,822	39,077	68,344
	19,098	2,029	3,300	698	3,127	3,117	_	6,917	2,282	5,801	39,531	67,875
	17,792	2,171	3,390	631	3,177	2,990	_	7,408	2,292	5,746	40,432	66,784
J												
<b>003</b> January	19,762	2,220	3,354	630	3,330	2,935	_	7,678	2,256	5,785	40,691	67,433
February	20,209	2,215	3,375	630	3,325	3,015	_	7,789	2,275	5,791	40,927	69,011
March	20,160	2,235	3,385	625	3,317	2,965	_	7,836	2,250	5,817	40,867	69,552
April	19,078	2,185	3,445	625	3,282	2,860	_	7,873	2,145	5,774	40,692	68,490
May	18,952	2,190	3,430	625	3,320	2,845	_	7,991	2,005	5,733	40,633	68,496
June	18,125	2,250	3,450	620	3,396	2,576	_	8,106	1,950	5,701	40,609	67,689
July	18,184	2,405	3,405	610	3,400	2,840	_	8,238	1,988	5,526	41,103	68,297
August	18,653	2,365	3,425	605	3,426	2,699	_	8,291	1,892	5,595	41,036	68,754
September	18,902	2,350	3,371	614	3,417	2,689	_	8,426	2,047	5,683	41,386	69,453
October	19,481	2,325	3,401	615	3,398	2,816	_	8,448	2,171	5,635	41,681	70,317
November	19,553	2,440	3,426	610	3,380	2,941	_	8,445	1,956	5,560	41,876	70,529
December	20,076	2,480	3,438	610	3,455	2,978	_	8,444	2,192	5,579	42,543	71,800
Average	19,257	2,306	3,409	618	3,371	2,846	_	8,132	2,093	5,681	41,173	69,154
<b>004</b> January	20,273	2,414	3,440	610	3,417	3,143	_	8,457	2,021	5,570	42,290	71,801
February	20,203	2.470	3,474	607	3,360	3.179	_	8,503	1.897	5.556	42,323	71,764
March	20,203	2,440	3,393	590	3,368	3,089	_	8,562	2,026	5,607	42,323	71,704
April	20,073	2,363	3,435	580	3,439	3,064	_	8,639	1,966	5,527	42,345	71,740
May	19,893	2,384	3,420	591	3,394	3,028	_	8,708	1,800	5,548	42,234	71,350
June	20.973	2,304	3,420	585	3,436	3.068	_	8,883	1,926	5,398	42,688	72,999
July	21,313	2,430	3,486	595	3,363	3,079	_	8,924	1,876	5,458	42,633	73,364
•	21,203	2,370	3,500	596	3,354	2,625	_	9,013	1,648	5,333	41,900	72,431
August				605								73,074
September October	21,703 21,610	2,407 2,369	3,574 3,544	605	3,431 3,451	2,735 2,983	_	9,042 9,006	1,578 1,701	5,062 5,156	42,043 42,549	73,074
	21,610	2,369 2,435	3,544	599	3,451	2,983 2,962	_	9,006 8,995	1,701	5,156	42,549 42,715	73,587
November December	21,125	2,435 2,295	3,533 3.566	599 571	3,364	2,962	_	8,995 8,916	1,825	5,396 5.413	42,715 42.095	73,238
Average	20,820	2,295 <b>2,398</b>	3,366 <b>3,485</b>	594	3,222 <b>3,383</b>	2,737 <b>2,973</b>	_	8,805	1,845	5,413 <b>5,419</b>	<b>42,095</b> <b>42,350</b>	72,643 <b>72,488</b>
Average	20,020	2,550	3,403	334	3,303	2,373		0,003	1,043	3,413	42,550	72,400
<b>005</b> January	21,285	2,370	3,561	654	3,351	2,720	_	8,870	1,775	<sup>E</sup> 5,394	42,197	72,960
February	21,355	2,490	3,570	654	3,349	2,809	_	8,920	1,771	<sup>E</sup> 5,469	42,510	73,388
March	21,405	2,540	3,594	662	3,252	2,867	_	8,925	1,802	<sup>E</sup> 5,498	42,773	73,834
April	21,565	2,470	3,584	659	3,409	2,864	_	8,888	1,771	<sup>E</sup> 5,488	42,785	73,955
May	21,375	2,371	3,611	656	3,441	2,795	_	8,900	1,743	<sup>E</sup> 5,494	42,864	73,911
June	21,485	2,411	3,646	656	3,425	2,398	_	9,026	R 1,625	E 5,428	R 42,474	R 73,663
July	21,695	2,440	3,654	658	3,082	2,715	_	8,990	R 1,625	E 5,244	R 42,216	R 73,619
August	21,655	2,348	3,668	655	3,414	2,643	_	9,140	R 1,400	E 5,273	R 42,452	R 73,745
September	21,915	2,252	3,623	660	3,367	2,663	_	9,170	1,502	E 4,214	41,684	73,270
9-Mo. Avg	21,527	2,410	3,613	657	3,343	2,719	-	8,981	1,668	<sup>E</sup> 5,278	42,440	73,596
004 9-Mo. Avg	20.639	2,409	3,464	595	3,396	3,000	_	8,749	1,860	5,452	42,316	72,241
003 9-Mo. Avg	19,106	2,269	3,405	620	3,357	2,824	_	8,027	2,088	5,711	40,882	68,570

Notes: • Crude oil includes lease condensate but excludes natural gas plant liquids. • Monthly data are often preliminary figures and may not

average to the annual totals because of rounding or because updates to the preliminary monthly data are not available. • Data for countries may not sum to World totals due to independent rounding. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/inter.html. Sources: See end of section.

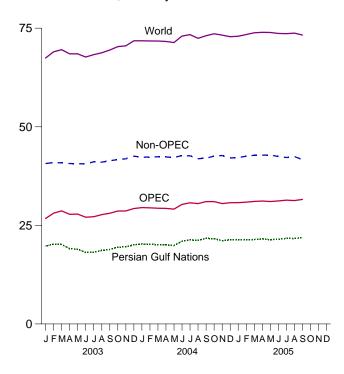
a Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries.
b The Persian Gulf Nations are Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates. Production from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia is included in "Persian Gulf Nations."
R=Revised. NA=Not available. -=Not applicable. E=Estimate.

Figure 11.1a Crude Oil Production Overview (Million Barrels per Day)

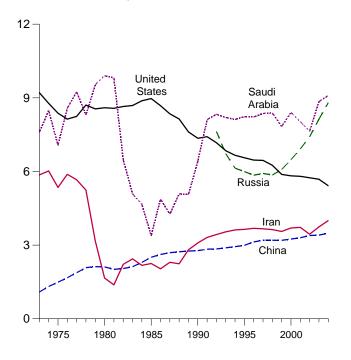
World Production, 1973-2004

# Non-OPEC Persian Gulf Nations 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000

#### World Production, Monthly

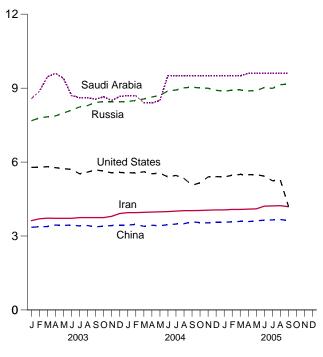


#### Selected Producers, 1973-2004



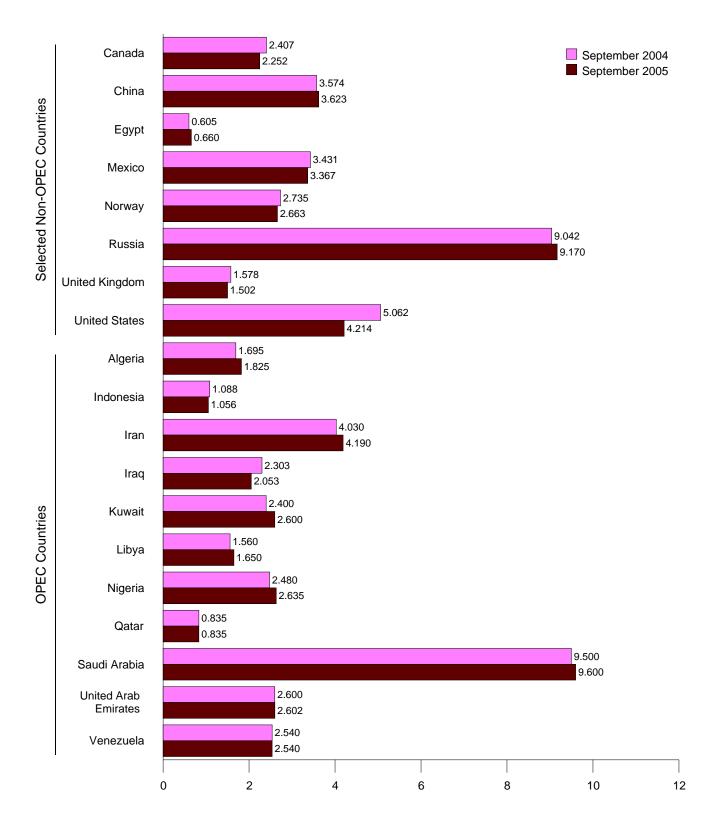
Notes: • OPEC is the Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries.
• The Persian Gulf Nations are Bahrain, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the United Arab Emirates. Production from the Neutral Zone between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia is included in "Persian Gulf Nations."

# Selected Producers, Monthly



Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.
 Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/inter.html.
 Source: Tables 11.1a and 11.b.

Figure 11.1b Crude Oil Production by Selected Country (Million Barrels per Day)

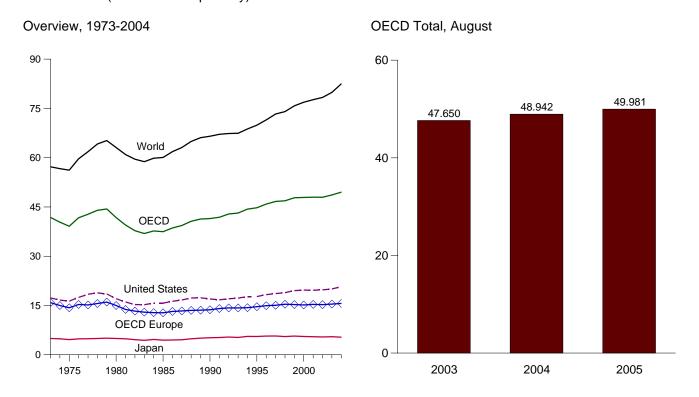


Note: OPEC is the Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries.

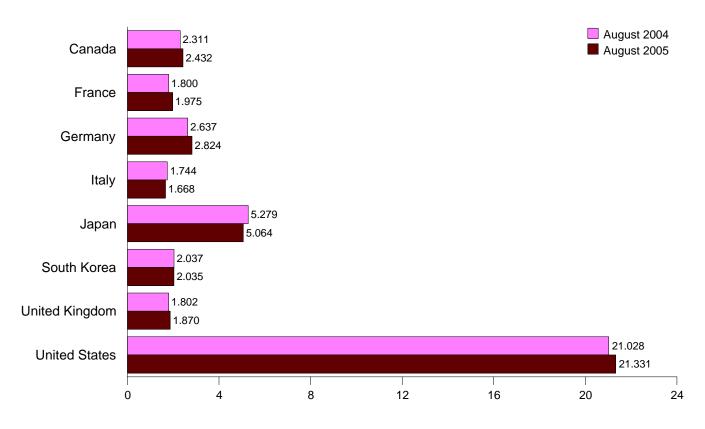
Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/inter.html.

Sources: Tables 11.1a and 11.1b.

Figure 11.2 Petroleum Consumption in OECD Countries (Million Barrels per Day)



# By Selected OECD Country



Notes: • OECD is the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. • Because vertical scales differ, graphs should not be compared.

Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/inter.html. Source: Table 11.2.

**Table 11.2 Petroleum Consumption in OECD Countries** 

(Thousand Barrels per Day)

						South	United	United	OECD	Other		
	Canada	France	Germanya	Italy	Japan	Korea	Kingdom	States	Europe <sup>b</sup>	OECDc	<b>OECD</b> d	World
1973 Average	1,729	2,601	3,324	2,068	4,949	281	2,341	17,308	15,879	1,658	41,804	57,237
1975 Average	1,779	2,252	2,957	1,855	4,621	311	1,911	16,322	14,314	1,794	39,141	56,198
1980 Average	1,873	2,256	3,082	1,934	4,960	537	1,725	17,056	14,995	2,342	41,763	63,108
	1,526	1,753	2,651	1,705	4,436	552	1,617	15,726	12,772	2,469	37,481	60,085
1985 Average	1,746			1,703		1,048				2,409		
1990 Average		1,826	2,682		5,184		1,776	16,988	13,710		41,480	66,538
1995 Average	1,819	1,919	2,882	1,942	5,577	2,008	1,815	17,725	14,634	2,989	44,751	69,900
1996 Average	1,870	1,949	2,922	1,920	5,681	2,101	1,851	18,309	14,937	2,980	45,878	71,500
1997 Average	1,956	1,969	2,917	1,934	5,700	2,255	1,803	18,620	15,073	3,076	46,681	73,308
1998 Average	1,942	2,040	2,923	1,941	5,531	1,917	1,791	18,917	15,385	3,178	46,869	74,032
1999 Average	2,027	2,029	2,838	1,891	5,676	2,084	1,794	19,519	15,286	3,220	47,813	75,789
2000 Average	2,027	2,001	2,772	1,854	5,570	2,135	1,758	19,701	15,163	3,311	47,907	76,880
2001 Average	2,043	2,052	2,815	1,837	5,487	2,132	1,723	19,649	15,327	3,328	47,965	77,656
2002 Average	2,082	1,983	2,722	1,870	5,408	2,149	1,719	19,761	15,269	3,279	47,949	78,357
<b>2003</b> January	2,137	2,113	2,434	1,795	6,164	2,527	1,688	20,017	15,188	3,195	49,227	NA
February	2,281	2,178	2,753	2,046	6,598	2,416	1,850	20,375	16,158	3,310	51,137	NA
March	2,125	1,867	2,587	1,820	6,180	2,213	1,865	19,708	15,044	3,262	48,532	NA
April	2,178	1,911	2,786	1,833	5,218	1,977	1,711	19,830	15,255	3,326	47,784	NA
May	2,201	1,825	2,810	1,806	4,991	1,998	1,696	19,344	15,029	3,335	46,897	NA
June	2,123	1,964	2,716	1,869	5,043	2,059	1,743	19,793	15,167	3,269	47,453	NA
July	2,202	2,081	2,677	1,917	4,913	1,927	1,758	20,094	15,569	3,379	48,084	NA
August	2,258	1,827	2,486	1,761	4,931	1,958	1,666	20,586	14,699	3,219	47,650	NA
September	2,180	2,126	2,894	1,944	5,024	1,999	1,845	19,933	16,129	3,363	48,627	NA
October	2,286	2,134	2,782	1,923	5,296	2,210	1,663	20,182	15,967	3,304	49,245	NA
November	2,231	1,867	2,646	1,807	5,426	2,338	1,803	19,873	15,220	3,239	48,326	NA
December	2,298	2,108	2,592	1,975	6,290	2,496	1,742	20,679	15,762	3,494	51,020	NA
Average	2,208	1,999	2,679	1,873	5,501	2,175	1,751	20,034	15,426	3,308	48,652	79,890
2004 January	2,276	2,062	2,443	1,795	5,920	2,383	1,786	20,479	<sup>R</sup> 15,107	3,303	R 49,469	NA
February	2,328	2,095	2,659	1,902	6,116	2,255	1,775	20,872	R 15,782	3,406	R 50,759	NA
March	2,308	2,057	2,786	1,948	5,898	2,255	1,865	20,453	R 16,108	3,403	R 50,426	NA
April	2,186	2,033	2,646	1,829	5,100	2,049	1,886	20,545	R 15,675	3,277	R 48,831	NA
May	2,144	1,719	2,312	1,786	4,722	1,979	1,783	20,313	R 14,449	3,327	R 46,934	NA
June	R 2,275	1,947	2,611	1,928	4,784	2,041	1,851	20,780	R 15,507	3,375	R 48,762	NA
July	2,278	1,960	2,672	1,964	5,120	1,904	1,851	20,880	R 15,643	3,388	R 49,213	NA
August	2,311	1,800	2,637	1,744	5,279	2,037	1,802	21,028	R 15,014	3,274	R 48,942	NA
September	2,336	2,074	2,812	1,947	4,961	2,067	1,836	20,529	R 16,151	3,341	R 49,384	NA
October	2,278	1,991	2,640	1,926	5,137	2,144	R 1,833	20.861	R 15.833	3,234	R 49.487	NA
November	2,379	1,962	2,805	1,862	5,226	2,238	R 1,867	20,805	R 16,088	3,490	R 50,226	NA
December	2,434	2,039	2,786	1,947	5,981	2,435	R 1,787	21,229	R 16,125	3,535	R 51,739	NA
Average	R <b>2,294</b>	1,977	2,650	1,881	5,353	2,149	R 1,827	20,731	R 15,620	3,362	R <b>49,510</b>	R 82,485
<b>2005</b> January	2.375	1.946	2.429	1.759	5.849	2.436	1.675	20.524	R 14,970	3.363	<sup>R</sup> 49,518	NA
February	2,381	2,189	2,657	1,931	6,274	2,319	1,793	20,650	R 16.107	3,415	R 51,146	NA
March	2,286	2,103	2,486	1,902	6,048	2,431	R 1,735	20,732	R 15.663	3,439	R 50.599	NA
April	2,200	1.888	2,530	1,802	5,232	2,431	1,733	20,732	R 15,452	3,439	R 48.740	NA
May	R 2,255	1,854	2,576	1,738	4,646	1,951	R 1,808	20,179	R 15,022	3,404	R 47,418	NA
June	R 2,378	1,950	2,507	1,736	5,105	2,070	R 1,851	21,232	R 15,453	3,513	R 49,750	NA
July	R 2,330	1,950	2,507 2,575	1,777	5,105	1.907	1.831	20.859	R 15,241	3,313	R 48.687	NA NA
				, -	-,	,	,				-,	NA NA
August 8-Mo. Avg	2,432 <b>2,320</b>	1,975 <b>1,975</b>	2,824 <b>2,572</b>	1,668 <b>1,801</b>	5,064 <b>5,398</b>	2,035 <b>2,162</b>	1,870 <b>1,807</b>	21,331 <b>20,706</b>	15,716 <b>15,445</b>	3,402 <b>3,429</b>	49,981 <b>49,461</b>	NA NA
-												
2004 8-Mo. Avg 2003 8-Mo. Avg	2,263 2,187	1,958 1,969	2,595 2,654	1,862 1,854	5,365 5,494	2,112 2,132	1,825 1,746	20,667 19,965	15,406 15,253	3,344 3,287	49,157 48,317	NA NA

a Data are for unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/inter.html.
Sources: • United States: Table 3.1b. • U.S. Territories:
1983-2004—Energy Information Administration, (EIA), International Energy Database. • East Germany, Former Czechoslavakia, Hungary, Mexico, Poland, South Korea, Non-OECD Countries, and World: 1973-1979—EIA, International Energy Database. 1980-1983—EIA, International Energy Annual 2002, May 2004, Table 1.2. • Non-OECD Countries: 1984-2002—EIA, International Energy Annual 2002, May 2004, Table 1.2. 2003—EIA, Short Term Energy Outlook, December 2004, Table 3 (adjusted to remove Slovakia).
• World: 1984-2004—Sum of OECD and Non-OECD Countries. • All Other Data: 1973-1981—International Energy Agency (IEA), Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances in OECD Countries, various issues. 1982-1983—IEA, Monthly Oil and Gas Statistics Database. 1984 forward—IEA, Monthly Oil Data Monthly Oil and Gas Statistics Database. **1984 forward**—IEA, Monthly Oil Data Service, November 10, 2005.

Germany.

b "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic (beginning in 1984), Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, (beginning in 1984) Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United

Kingdom.

C "Other OECD" consists of Australia, Mexico, New Zealand, and the U.S.

d The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) consists of Canada, Japan, South Korea, the United States, "OECD Europe" and "Other OECD."

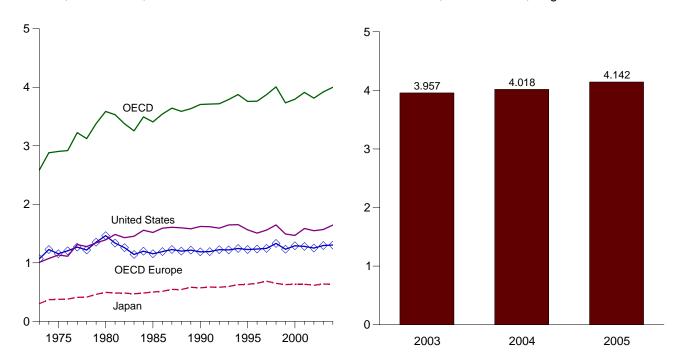
R=Revised. NA=Not available.

Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of rounding.

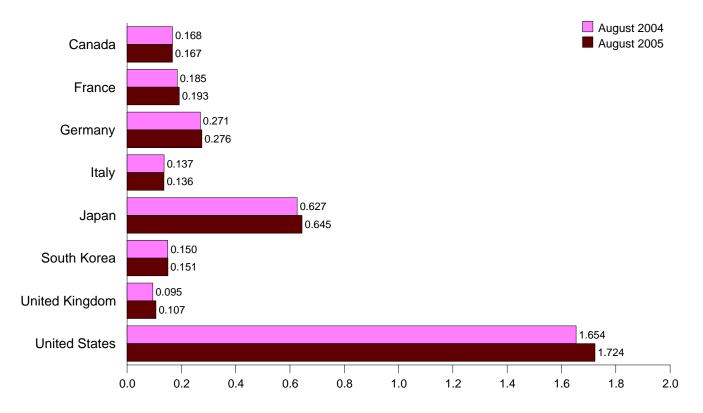
Figure 11.3 Petroleum Stocks in OECD Countries (Billion Barrels)

Overview, End of Year, 1973-2004

OECD Stocks, End of Month, August



By Selected OECD Country, End of Month



Note: OECD is the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development.

Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/inter.html.

Source: Table 11.3.

Table 11.3 Petroleum Stocks in OECD Countries

(Million Barrels)

	Canada	France	Germanya	Italy	Japan	South Korea	United Kingdom	United States	OECD Europe <sup>b</sup>	Other OECD <sup>c</sup>	<b>OECD</b> d
1973 Year	140	201	181	152	303	NA	156	1.008	1.070	67	2.588
1975 Year	174	225	187	143	375	NA	165	1,133	1,154	67	2,903
1980 Year	164	243	319	170	495	NA	168	1,392	1,464	72	3,587
1985 Year	112	139	277	156	500	13	131	1,519	1,154	110	3,408
1990 Year	143	143	280	143	572	64	103	1,621	1,188	117	3,705
1995 Year	132	155	302	141	631	92	101	1,563	1,228	113	3,758
1996 Year	127	154	303	135	651	123	103	1,507	1,235	118	3,761
1997 Year	144	161	299	129	685	124	100	1,560	1,246	115	3,874
1998 Year	139	169	323	135	649	129	104	1,647	1,331	111	4.006
1999 Year	142	160	290	130	629	132	101	1,493	1,233	105	3,733
2000 Year	144	170	272	140	634	140	100	1,468	R 1,294	117	R 3,796
2000 Tear	156	165	273	134	634	143	113	1,586	R 1.281	112	R 3.912
								,			
2002 Year	155	175	253	138	615	140	104	1,548	R 1,252	103	R 3,814
2003 January	154	170	265	140	618	140	106	1,504	R 1,259	106	R 3,781
February	150	162	260	128	614	140	104	1,460	<sup>R</sup> 1,231	108	R 3,703
March	154	175	266	136	619	137	107	1,474	<sup>R</sup> 1,282	113	R 3,780
April	161	174	266	139	619	141	107	1,496	<sup>R</sup> 1,286	102	<sup>R</sup> 3,805
May	163	180	267	137	632	142	109	1,533	<sup>R</sup> 1,278	109	R 3,857
June	168	173	268	135	647	152	102	1,560	R 1,275	107	R 3,908
July	176	174	270	136	650	158	104	1,570	R 1,283	103	R 3,941
August	176	184	276	140	651	150	100	1,572	R 1,307	101	R 3,957
September	178	179	266	141	654	155	99	1,598	R 1,289	103	R 3,977
October	178	176	271	139	642	148	101	1,602	R 1.287	99	R 3,957
November	172	183	272	139	636	149	107	1,598	R 1,305	107	R 3,967
December	170	185	273	135	636	155	100	1,568	R 1,296	96	R 3,921
2004 January	168	183	277	132	631	143	103	1 556	<sup>R</sup> 1,314	98	R 3,910
2004 January								1,556			R 3,892
February	169	178	275	132	625	151	102	1,557	R 1,291	100	
March	165	176	270	136	614	143	99	1,571	R 1,291	97	R 3,881
April	167	181	268	134	612	148	102	1,580	R 1,284	107	R 3,898
May	165	186	272	131	625	146	100	1,610	R 1,296	102	R 3,945
June	163	184	267	135	622	153	102	1,631	R 1,299	99	R 3,967
July	R 166	184	269	133	630	154	107	1,646	R 1,302	99	3,998
August	168	185	271	137	627	150	95	1,654	_ 1,319	99	R 4,018
September	175	189	264	139	632	152	101	1,642	<sup>R</sup> 1,312	99	<sup>R</sup> 4,011
October	169	188	270	131	642	148	100	1,637	1,314	105	4,014
November	163	192	267	137	656	163	104	1,656	1,318	106	4,064
December	168	186	267	136	635	149	104	1,645	1,304	99	4,000
2005 January	160	187	276	139	642	147	102	1.647	R 1,324	107	R 4.026
February	173	188	273	136	617	143	106	1,661	R 1,317	106	R 4,018
March	165	187	281	134	605	137	102	1,657	R 1,334	104	R 4.001
April	164	189	281	131	606	139	107	1.684	R 1.335	101	R 4,030
May	164	197	280	132	624	151	107	1,724	R 1.358	104	R 4.126
June	R 165	186	279	132	629	142	107	1,738	R 1,330	104	R 4,113
July	R 166	191	278	131	640	151	R 104	1,736	R 1,352	R 103	R 4,113
			210				1174	1./44	1.002		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Through December 1983, the data for Germany are for the former West Germany only. Beginning with January 1984, the data for Germany are for the unified Germany, i.e., the former East Germany and West Germany.

R=Revised. NA=Not available.

Notes: • Stocks are at end of period. • Petroleum stocks include crude oil (including strategic reserves), unfinished oils, natural gas plant liquids, and refined

products. • In the United States in January 1975, 1981, and 1983, numerous respondents were added to bulk terminal and pipeline surveys, thereby affecting subsequent stocks reported. New-basis end-of-year U.S. stocks, in million barrels, would have been 1,121 in 1974, 1,425 in 1980, and 1,461 in 1982. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • U.S. geographic coverage is the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: For annual data not displayed between 1973 and 1995, see http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/inter.html.

Sources: • United States: Table 3.1b. • U.S. Territories:

Sources: • United States: Table 3.1b. • U.S. Territories: 1983-2004—Energy Information Administration, International Energy Database. • All Other Data: 1973-1982—International Energy Agency (IEA), Quarterly Oil Statistics and Energy Balances, various issues. 1983—IEA, Monthly Oil and Gas Statistics Database. 1984 forward—IEA, Monthly Oil Data Service, November 10, 2005.

b "OECD Europe" consists of Austria, Bélgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, and the United Kingdom, and, for 1984 forward, Czech Republic, Hungary, Poland, and Slovakia.

<sup>1984</sup> forward, Czech Republic, Hungary, Poland, and Slovakia.

<sup>c</sup> "Other OECD" consists of Australia, New Zealand, and the U.S. Territories, and, for 1984 forward, Mexico.

<sup>d</sup> The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD)

d The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) consists of Canada, Japan, South Korea, the United States, "OECD Europe" and "Other OECD."

# **International Petroleum**

#### Tables 11.1a and 11.1b Sources

United States: See Table 3.1a.

#### All Other Countries: Monthly Data

2003 forward: Energy Information Administration (EIA), *International Petroleum Monthly*, and Office of Energy Markets and End Use (EMEU), International Energy Database, November 2005.

# All Other Countries: Annual Data

1973–1979: EIA, International Energy Annual 1981, Table 8.

1980–2003: EIA, EMEU, International Energy Database, June 2005.

2004: Average of monthly data.

# World: Monthly Data

2003 forward: EIA, *International Petroleum Monthly*, sum of all countries' monthly data.

#### **World: Annual Data**

1973–1979: EIA, *International Energy Annual 1981*, Table 8

1980-2003: EIA, EMEU, International Energy Database, June 2005.

2004: Average of monthly data.

# **Appendix A. Thermal Conversion Factors**

The thermal conversion factors presented in the following tables can be used to estimate the heat content in British thermal units (Btu) of a given amount of energy measured in physical units, such as barrels or cubic feet. For example, 10 barrels of asphalt has a heat content of approximately 66.36 million Btu (10 barrels x 6.636 million Btu per barrel = 66.36 million Btu).

The heat content rates (i.e., thermal conversion factors) provided in this section represent the gross (or higher or upper) energy content of the fuels. Gross heat content rates are applied in all Btu calculations for the *Monthly Energy Review* and are commonly used in energy calculations in the United States; net (or lower) heat content rates are typically used in European energy calculations. The difference between the two rates is the amount of energy that is consumed to vaporize water that is created during the combustion process. Generally, the difference ranges from 2 percent to 10 percent, depending on the specific fuel and its hydrogen content. Some fuels, such as unseasoned wood, can be more than 40 percent different in their gross

and net heat content rates. See **British Thermal Unit** (**Btu**) in the Glossary for more information.

Thermal conversion factors for hydrocarbon mixes (Table A1) are weighted averages of the thermal conversion factors for each hydrocarbon included in the mix. For example, in calculating the thermal conversion factor for a 60-40 butane-propane mixture, the thermal conversion factor for butane is weighted 1.5 times the thermal conversion factor for propane.

In general, the annual thermal conversion factors presented in Tables A2 through A6 are computed from final annual data or from the best available data and labeled "preliminary." Often, the previous year's factor is used as a preliminary value until data become available to calculate the factor appropriate to the year. The source of each factor is described in the section entitled "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A6 in this appendix.

Table A1. Approximate Heat Content of Petroleum Products (Million Btu per Barrel)

Petroleum Product	Heat Content	Petroleum Product	Heat Content
Asphalt	6.636	Natural Gasoline and Isopentane	4.620
Aviation Gasoline	5.048	Pentanes Plus	4.620
Butane	4.326	Petrochemical Feedstocks	
Butane-Propane Mixture <sup>a</sup>	4.130	Naptha Less Than 401°F	5.248
Distillate Fuel Oil	5.825	Other Oils Equal to or Greater Than 401°F	5.825
Ethane	3.082	Still Gas	6.000
Ethane-Propane Mixture <sup>b</sup>	3.308	Petroleum Coke	6.024
Isobutane	3.974	Plant Condensate	5.418
Jet Fuel, Kerosene Type	5.670	Propane	3.836
Jet Fuel, Naphtha Type	5.355	Residual Fuel Oil	6.287
Kerosene	5.670	Road Oil	6.636
Lubricants	6.065	Special Naphthas	5.248
Motor Gasoline		Still Gas	6.000
Conventional <sup>c</sup>	5.253	Unfinished Oils	5.825
Reformulated <sup>c</sup>	5.150	Unfractionated Stream	5.418
Oxygenated <sup>c</sup>	5.150	Waxes	5.537
Fuel Ethanold	3.539	Miscellaneous	5.796

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> 60 percent butane and 40 percent propane.

Sources: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A6.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> 70 percent ethane and 30 percent propane.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> See Table A3 for motor gasoline annual weighted averages beginning in 1994.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup>Fuel ethanol, which is derived from agricultural feedstocks (primarily corn), is not a petroleum product but is blended into motor desoline

Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/append\_a.html.

Table A2. Approximate Heat Content of Petroleum Production, Imports, and Exports (Million Btu per Barrel)

	Pro	duction		Imports			Exports	
	Crude Oil	Natural Gas Plant Liquids	Crude Oil	Petroleum Products	Total	Crude Oil	Petroleum Products	Total
973	5.800	4.049	5.817	5.983	5.897	5.800	5.752	5.752
974	5.800	4.011	5.827	5.959	5.884	5.800	5.773	5.774
975	5.800	3.984	5.821	5.935	5.858	5.800	5.747	5.748
976	5.800	3.964	5.808	5.980	5.856	5.800	5.743	5.745
977	5.800	3.941	5.810	5.908	5.834	5.800	5.796	5.797
978	5.800	3.925	5.802	5.955	5.839	5.800	5.814	5.808
979	5.800	3.955	5.810	5.811	5.810	5.800	5.864	5.832
980	5.800	3.914	5.812	5.748	5.796	5.800	5.841	5.820
981	5.800	3.930	5.818	5.659	5.775	5.800	5.837	5.821
982	5.800	3.872	5.826	5.664	5.775	5.800	5.829	5.820
983	5.800	3.839	5.825	5.677	5.774	5.800	5.800	5.800
984	5.800	3.812	5.823	5.613	5.745	5.800	5.867	5.850
985	5.800	3.815	5.832	5.572	5.736	5.800	5.819	5.814
986	5.800	3.797	5.903	5.624	5.808	5.800	5.839	5.832
987	5.800	3.804	5.901	5.599	5.820	5.800	5.860	5.858
988	5.800	3.800	5.900	5.618	5.820	5.800	5.842	5.840
989	5.800	3.826	5.906	5.641	5.833	5.800	5.869	5.857
990	5.800	3.822	5.934	5.614	5.849	5.800	5.838	5.833
991	5.800	3.807	5.948	5.636	5.873	5.800	5.827	5.823
992	5.800	3.804	5.953	5.623	5.877	5.800	5.774	5.777
993	5.800	3.801	5.954	5.620	5.883	5.800	5.777	5.779
994	5.800	3.794	5.950	5.534	5.861	5.800	5.777	5.779
995	5.800	3.796	5.938	5.483	5.855	5.800	5.740	5.746
996	5.800	3.777	5.947	5.468	5.847	5.800	5.728	5.736
997	5.800	3.762	5.954	5.469	5.862	5.800	5.726	5.734
998	5.800	3.769	5.953	5.462	5.861	5.800	5.710	5.720
999	5.800	3.744	5.942	5.421	5.840	5.800	5.684	5.699
000	5.800	3.733	5.959	5.432	5.849	5.800	5.651	5.658
001	5.800	3.735	5.976	5.443	5.862	5.800	5.751	5.752
.002	5.800	3.729	5.971	5.451	5.863	5.800	5.687	5.688
.003	5.800	3.739	5.970	5.438	5.857	5.800	5.739	5.740
2004	5.800	3.724	5.981	5.475	5.863	5.800	5.753	5.754
	5.800	3.724	5.981	5.475	5.863	5.800	5.753	5.754

Note: Crude oil includes lease condensate.

Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/append\_a.html.

Sources: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A6.

**Table A3. Approximate Heat Content of Petroleum Consumption** 

(Million Btu per Barrel)

			Total P	etroleum <sup>a</sup>				
		End-Use	Sectors		Electric Power		Liquefied Petroleum	Motor
	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Transportation	Sectorb	Total	Gases	Gasoline
1973	5.205	5.749	5.569	5.395	6.245	5.515	3.746	5.253
1974	5.196	5.740	5.538	5.394	6.238	5.504	3.730	5.253
1975	5.192	5.704	5.527	5.392	6.250	5.494	3.715	5.253
1976	5.215	5.726	5.536	5.395	6.251	5.504	3.711	5.253
1977	5.213	5.733	5.554	5.400	6.249	5.518	3.677	5.253
1978	5.213	5.716	5.554	5.404	6.251	5.519	3.669	5.253
1979	5.298	5.769	5.419	5.428	6.258	5.494	3.680	5.253
1980	5.245	5.803	5.374	5.440	6.254	5.479	3.674	5.253
1981	5.191	5.751	5.312	5.432	6.258	5.448	3.643	5.253
1982	5.167	5.751	5.263	5.422	6.258	5.415	3.615	5.253
1983	5.022	5.642	5.275	5.415	6.255	5.406	3.614	5.253
1984	5.129	5.700	5.222	5.422	6.251	5.395	3.599	5.253
1985	5.115	5.660	5.220	5.423	6.247	5.387	3.603	5.253
1986	5.130	5.691	5.285	5.427	6.257	5.418	3.640	5.253
1987	5.095	5.659	5.254	5.430	6.249	5.403	3.659	5.253
1988	5.118	5.657	5.247	5.434	6.250	5.410	3.652	5.253
1989	5.057	5.619	5.234	5.440	<sup>b</sup> 6.240	5.410	3.683	5.253
1990	4.950	5.617	5.272	5.444	6.244	5.411	3.625	5.253
1991	4.912	5.590	5.190	5.442	6.246	5.384	3.614	5.253
1992	4.942	5.577	5.188	5.445	6.238	5.378	3.624	5.253
1993	4.942	5.571	5.195	5.438	6.230	5.379	3.606	5.253
1994	4.936	5.580	5.165	5.426	6.213	5.361	3.635	<sup>c</sup> 5.230
1995	4.925	5.546	5.133	5.419	6.188	5.341	3.623	5.215
1996	4.869	5.494	5.129	5.421	6.195	5.336	3.613	5.216
1997	4.870	5.459	5.133	5.417	6.199	5.336	3.616	5.213
1998	4.842	5.442	5.149	5.414	6.210	5.349	3.614	5.212
1999	4.749	5.353	5.105	5.415	6.205	5.328	3.616	5.211
2000	4.728	5.377	5.077	5.424	6.189	5.326	3.607	5.210
2001	4.796	5.403	5.164	5.412	6.199	5.345	3.614	5.210
2002	4.742	5.419	5.111	5.410	6.173	5.324	3.613	5.208
2003	E4.801	E5.392	E5.151	E5.410	6.182	5.340	3.629	5.207
2004	E4.807	E5.410	E5.166	E5.421	P6.197	5.350	3.618	5.215
2005	E4.807	E5.410	E5.166	E5.421	E6.197	E5.350	E3.618	E5.215

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Petroleum products supplied, including natural gas plant liquids and crude oil burned directly as fuel.

P=Preliminary. E=Estimate.

Note: Weighted averages of the products included in each category are calculated by using heat content values shown in Table A1.

Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/append\_a.html.

Sources: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A6.

b Electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS (North American Industry Classification System) 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public. Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only; beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> There is a discontinuity in this time series between 1993 and 1994; beginning in 1994, the single constant factor is replaced by a factor that is a quantity-weighted average of motor gasoline's major components. See Table A1.

Table A4. Approximate Heat Content of Natural Gas

(Btu per Cubic Foot)

	Production		Consumption <sup>a</sup>				
	Marketed	Dry	End-Use Sectors	Electric Power Sector <sup>b</sup>	Total	Imports	Exports
1973	1.093	1,021	1.020	1.024	1.021	1.026	1,023
1974	1,097	1.024	1.024	1.022	1.024	1.027	1,016
1975	1,095	1,021	1,020	1,026	1,021	1,026	1,014
1976	1.093	1.020	1.019	1.023	1.020	1.025	1,013
1977	1,093	1,021	1.019	1,029	1,021	1,026	1,013
1978	1,088	1,019	1,016	1,034	1,019	1,030	1,013
1979	1,092	1,021	1,018	1,035	1,021	1,037	1,013
1980	1,098	1,026	1,024	1,035	1,026	1,022	1,013
1981	1,103	1,027	1,025	1,035	1,027	1,014	1,011
1982	1,107	1,028	1,026	1,036	1,028	1,018	1,011
1983	1,115	1,031	1,031	1,030	1,031	1,024	1,010
1984	1,109	1.031	1.030	1,035	1,031	1,005	1,010
1985	1,112	1,032	1,031	1,038	1,032	1,002	1,011
1986	1,110	1,030	1,029	1,034	1,030	997	1,008
1987	1,112	1,031	1,031	1,032	1,031	999	1,011
1988	1,109	1,029	1,029	1,028	1,029	1,002	1,018
1989	1,107	1,031	1,031	<sup>b</sup> 1,028	1,031	1,004	1,019
1990	1,105	1,029	1,030	1,027	1,029	1,012	1,018
1991	1,108	1,030	1,031	1,025	1,030	1,014	1,022
1992	1,110	1,030	1,031	1,025	1,030	1,011	1,018
1993	1,106	1,027	1,028	1,025	1,027	1,020	1,016
1994	1,105	1,028	1,029	1,025	1,028	1,022	1,011
1995	1,106	1,026	1,027	1,021	1,026	1,021	1,011
1996	1,109	1,026	1,027	1,020	1,026	1,022	1,011
1997	1,107	1,026	1,027	1,020	1,026	1,023	1,011
1998	1,109	1,031	1,033	1,024	1,031	1,023	1,011
1999	1,107	1,027	1,028	1,022	1,027	1,022	1,006
2000	1,107	1,025	1,026	1,021	1,025	1,023	1,006
2001	1,105	1,030	1,031	1,026	1,030	1,023	1,010
2002	1,106	1,027	1,029	1,020	1,027	1,022	1,008
2003	_1,106	_1,031	_1,033	_1,025	_1,031	_1,025	_1,009
2004	E <sub>1,106</sub>	E <sub>1,030</sub>	E1,031	<sup>P</sup> 1,025	E1,030	E <sub>1,023</sub>	E1,009
2005	E1,106	E1,030	E1,031	E1,025	E1,030	E1,023	E1,009

Sources: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A6.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Consumption factors are for natural gas, plus a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels that cannot be identified separately.
 <sup>b</sup> Electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS (North American Industry Classification System) 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public. Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only; beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers.

P=Preliminary. E=Estimate.

Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/append\_a.html.

Table A5. Approximate Heat Content of Coal and Coal Coke

(Million Btu per Short Ton)

		Coal							
		Consumption							
	Production	E	End-Use Sectors						
		Residential and	Industrial		Electric Power				Imports and
		Commercial	Coke Plants	Other <sup>a</sup>	Sector b,c	Total	Imports	Exports	Exports
1973	23.376	22.831	26.780	22.586	22.246	23.057	25.000	26.596	24.800
1974	23.072	22.479	26.778	22.419	21.781	22.677	25.000	26.700	24.800
975	22.897	22.261	26.782	22.436	21.642	22.506	25.000	26.562	24.800
1976	22.855	22.774	26.781	22.530	21.679	22.498	25.000	26.601	24.800
977	22.597	22.774	26.787	22.322	21.508	22.265	25.000	26.548	24.800
978	22.248	22.466	26.789	22.207	21.275	22.017	25.000	26.478	24.800
979		22.242	26.788	22.452	21.364	22.100	25.000	26.548	24.800
	22.454								
980	22.415	22.543	26.790	22.690	21.295	21.947	25.000	26.384	24.800
981	22.308	22.474	26.794	22.585	21.085	21.713	25.000	26.160	24.800
982	22.239	22.695	26.797	22.712	21.194	21.674	25.000	26.223	24.800
983	22.052	22.775	26.798	22.691	21.133	21.576	25.000	26.291	24.800
984	22.010	22.844	26.799	22.543	21.101	21.573	25.000	26.402	24.800
985	21.870	22.646	26.798	22.020	20.959	21.366	25.000	26.307	24.800
986	21.913	22.947	26.798	22.198	21.084	21.462	25.000	26.292	24.800
987	21.922	23.404	26.799	22.381	21.136	21.517	25.000	26.291	24.800
988	21.823	23.571	26.799	22.360	20.900	21.328	25.000	26.299	24.800
989	21.765	23.650	26.800	22.347	<sup>b</sup> 20.898	21.307	25.000	26.160	24.800
990	21.822	23.137	26.799	22.457	20.779	21.197	25.000	26.202	24.800
991	21.681	23.114	26.799	22.460	20.730	21.120	25.000	26.188	24.800
992	21.682	23.105	26.799	22.250	20.709	21.068	25.000	26.161	24.800
993	21.418	22.994	26.800	22.123	20.677	21.010	25.000	26.335	24.800
994	21.394	23.112	26.800	22.068	20.589	20.929	25.000	26.329	24.800
995	21.326	23.118	26.800	21.950	20.543	20.880	25.000	26.180	24.800
996	21.322	23.011	26.800	22.105	20.547	20.870	25.000	26.174	24.800
997	21.296	22.494	26.800	22.172	20.518	20.830	25.000	26.251	24.800
998	21.418	21.620	27.426	23.164	20.516	20.881	25.000	26.800	24.800
	21.416	23.880	27.426	22.489	20.490	20.818	25.000	26.081	24.800
999	21.070	25.020	27.426 27.426	22.433	20.490	20.828	25.000 25.000	26.061	24.800
001	20.830	24.909	27.426	22.622	20.337	20.671	25.000	25.998	24.800
002	20.673	22.962	27.426	22.562	20.238	20.541	25.000	26.062	24.800
2003	20.499	22.242	27.425	22.468	20.082	20.387	25.000	25.972	24.800
2004 <sup>P</sup>	20.411	22.948	27.426	22.473	19.966	20.276	25.000	26.108	24.800
2005 <sup>E</sup>	20.411	22.948	27.426	22.473	19.966	20.276	25.000	26.108	24.800

Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/append\_a.html.
Sources: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows Table A6.

a Includes transportation. Excludes coal synfuel plants.
b Electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS (North American Industry Classification System) 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public. Through 1988, data are for electric utilities only; beginning in 1989, data are for electric utilities and independent power producers.

<sup>c</sup> Electric power sector factors are for anthracite, bituminous coal, subbituminous coal, lignite, waste coal, and coal synfuel.

P=Preliminary. E=Estimate.

Table A6. Approximate Heat Rates for Electricity

(Btu per Kilowatthour)

	Fossil-Fueled Plants <sup>a,b</sup>	Nuclear Plants <sup>c</sup>	Geothermal Energy Plants <sup>d</sup>	Electricity Consumption <sup>e</sup>
973	10,389	10,903	21.674	3,412
974	10.442	11.161	21.674	3.412
975	10,406	11,013	21,611	3,412
976	10,373	11,047	21,611	3,412
977	10.435	10.769	21.611	3.412
978	10,361	10.941	21,611	3,412
979	10,353	10.879	21.545	3.412
980	10,388	10.908	21.639	3.412
981	10,453	11,030	21,639	3,412
982	10,454	11,073	21,629	3,412
983	10,520	10,905	21,290	3,412
984	10,440	10,843	21,303	3,412
985	10.447	10.622	21,263	3.412
986	10,446	10.579	21,263	3.412
987	10,419	10,442	21,263	3.412
988	10,324	10,602	21,096	3,412
989	10,432	10,583	21,096	3,412
990	10,402	10,582	21,096	3.412
991	10,436	10,484	20,997	3,412
992	10,342	10,471	20,914	3,412
993	10,309	10,504	20,914	3,412
994	10,316	10.452	20.914	3.412
995	10,312	10,507	20,914	3,412
996	10,340	10.503	20,960	3.412
997	10,213	10,494	20.960	3.412
998	10,197	10,491	21,017	3,412
999	10,226	10,450	21,017	3,412
000	10,201	10.429	21,017	3.412
001	10,333	10,448	21,017	3,412
002	10.173	10.439	21.017	3.412
2003	10,241	10,421	21,017	3,412
2004	R 10.022	R 10.427	21,017	3,412
2005	E 10,241	E 10.421	E 21,017	3,412

a Through 2000, used as the thermal conversion factor for wood and waste electricity net generation at electric utilities. For all years, used as the thermal conversion factor for hydro, solar, and wind electricity net generation.

b Through 2000, heat rates are for fossil-fueled steam-electric plants at electric utilities. Beginning in 2001, heat rates are for all fossil-fueled plants at electric

Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/append\_a.html.

Sources: See "Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation," which follows this table.

utilities and independent power producers.

<sup>c</sup> Used as the thermal conversion factor for nuclear electricity net generation.

d Used as the thermal conversion factor for geothermal electricity net generation.

e Used as the thermal conversion factor for electricity retail sales, and electricity imports and exports.

R=Revised. E=Estimate.

# Thermal Conversion Factor Source Documentation

# **Approximate Heat Content of Petro- leum and Natural Gas Plant Liquids**

**Asphalt**. The Energy Information Administration (EIA) adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.636 million British thermal units (Btu) per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement*, *Annual*, 1956.

**Aviation Gasoline**. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 5.048 million Btu per barrel as adopted by the Bureau of Mines from the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation publication *Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947-1985*, a 1968 release of historical and projected statistics.

**Butane**. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 4.326 million Btu per barrel as published in the *California Oil World and Petroleum Industry*, First Issue, April 1942.

**Butane-Propane Mixture**. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines calculation of 4.130 million Btu per barrel based on an assumed mixture of 60 percent butane and 40 percent propane. See **Butane** and **Propane**.

**Crude Oil Exports**. Assumed by EIA to be 5.800 million Btu per barrel or equal to the thermal conversion factor for crude oil produced in the United States. See **Crude Oil Production**.

Crude Oil Imports. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each type of crude oil imported weighted by the quantities imported. Thermal conversion factors for each type were calculated on a foreign country basis, by determining the average American Petroleum Institute (API) gravity of crude oil imported from each foreign country from Form ERA-60 in 1977 and converting average API gravity to average Btu content by using National Bureau of Standards, Miscellaneous Publication No. 97, Thermal Properties of Petroleum Products. 1933.

**Crude Oil Production**. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 5.800 million Btu per barrel as reported in a Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Values of Various Fuels, Adopted January 3, 1950."

**Distillate Fuel Oil.** EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.825 million Btu per barrel as reported in a Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Values of Various Fuels, Adopted January 3, 1950."

**Ethane**. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 3.082 million Btu per barrel as published in

the California Oil World and Petroleum Industry, First Issue, April 1942.

**Ethane-Propane Mixture.** EIA calculation of 3.308 million Btu per barrel based on an assumed mixture of 70 percent ethane and 30 percent propane. See **Ethane** and **Propane**.

Fuel Ethanol (Blended Into Motor Gasoline). EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 3.539 million Btu per barrel published in "Oxygenate Flexibility for Future Fuels," a paper presented by William J. Piel of the ARCO Chemical Company at the National Conference on Reformulated Gasolines and Clean Air Act Implementation, Washington, D.C., October 1991.

**Isobutane**. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 3.974 million Btu per barrel as published in the *California Oil World and Petroleum Industry*, First Issue, April 1942.

**Jet Fuel, Kerosene-Type**. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.670 million Btu per barrel for "Jet Fuel, Commercial" as published by the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation in the report *Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets* 1947-1985, a 1968 release of historical and projected statistics.

**Jet Fuel, Naphtha-Type.** EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.355 million Btu per barrel for "Jet Fuel, Military" as published by the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation in the report *Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947-1985*, a 1968 release of historical and projected statistics.

**Kerosene**. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.670 million Btu per barrel as reported in a Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Values of Various Fuels, Adopted January 3, 1950."

Liquefied Petroleum Gases Consumption. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all liquefied petroleum gases consumed (see Table A1) weighted by the quantities consumed. The component products of liquefied petroleum gases are ethane (including ethylene), propane (including propylene), normal butane (including butylene), butane-propane mixtures, ethane-propane mixtures, and isobutane. For 1973-1980, quantities consumed are from EIA, Energy Data Reports, "Petroleum Statement, Annual," Table 1. For 1981 forward, quantities consumed are from EIA, Petroleum Supply Annual, Table 2.

**Lubricants**. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.065 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement*, *Annual*, 1956.

**Miscellaneous Products**. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 5.796 million Btu per barrel as estimated by

the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement*, *Annual*, 1956.

Motor Gasoline Consumption. 1973–1993: EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.253 million Btu per barrel for "Gasoline, Motor Fuel" as published by the Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation in Appendix V of Competition and Growth in American Energy Markets 1947-1985, a 1968 release of historical and projected statistics. 1994 forward: EIA calculated national annual quantity-weighted average conversion factors for conventional, reformulated, and oxygenated motor gasolines (see Table A3). The factor for conventional motor gasoline is 5.253 million Btu per barrel, as used for previous years. The factors for reformulated and oxygenated gasolines, both currently 5.150 million Btu per barrel, are based on data published in Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Mobile Sources, National Vehicle and Fuel Emissions Laboratory report EPA 420-F-95-003, "Fuel Economy Impact Analysis of Reformulated Gasoline." See Fuel Ethanol (Blended Into Motor Gasoline).

**Natural Gas Plant Liquids Production**. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each natural gas plant liquid produced weighted by the quantities produced.

**Natural Gasoline**. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 4.620 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement*, *Annual*, 1956.

**Pentanes Plus.** EIA assumed the thermal conversion factor to be 4.620 million Btu or equal to that for natural gasoline. See **Natural Gasoline**.

**Petrochemical Feedstocks, Naphtha less than 401° F.** Assumed by EIA to be 5.248 million Btu per barrel, equal to the thermal conversion factor for special naphthas. See **Special Naphthas**.

**Petrochemical Feedstocks, Other Oils equal to or greater than 401° F.** Assumed by EIA to be 5.825 million Btu per barrel, equal to the thermal conversion factor for distillate fuel oil. See **Distillate Fuel Oil**.

**Petrochemical Feedstocks, Still Gas.** Assumed by EIA to be 6.000 million Btu per barrel, equal to the thermal conversion factor for still gas. See **Still Gas**.

**Petroleum Coke**. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.024 million Btu per barrel as reported in Btu per short ton in the Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Values of Various Fuels, Adopted January 3, 1950." The Bureau of Mines calculated this factor by dividing 30.120 million Btu per short ton, as given in the referenced Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, by 5.0 barrels per short ton, as given in the Bureau of Mines Form 6-1300-M and successor EIA forms.

**Petroleum Consumption, Commercial Sector**. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed by the

commercial sector weighted by the estimated quantities consumed by the commercial sector. The quantities of petroleum products consumed by the commercial sector are estimated in the State Energy Data System—see documentation at

http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/states/sep\_use/notes/use\_petrol.pdf.

**Petroleum Consumption, Electric Power Sector**. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed by the electric power sector weighted by the quantities consumed by the electric power sector. Data are from Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report"; Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report"; and predecessor forms.

**Petroleum Consumption, Industrial Sector**. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed by the industrial sector weighted by the estimated quantities consumed by the industrial sector. The quantities of petroleum products consumed by the industrial sector are estimated in the State Energy Data System—see documentation at http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/states/sep\_use/notes/use\_petrol.pdf.

**Petroleum Consumption, Residential Sector**. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed by the residential sector weighted by the estimated quantities consumed by the residential sector. The quantities of petroleum products consumed by the residential sector are estimated in the State Energy Data System—see documentation at http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/states/sep\_use/notes/use\_petrol.pdf.

**Petroleum Consumption, Total.** Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed weighted by the quantities consumed.

Petroleum Consumption, Transportation Sector. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for all petroleum products consumed by the transportation sector weighted by the estimated quantities consumed by the transportation sector. The quantities of petroleum products consumed by the transportation sector are estimated in the State Energy Data System—see documentation at

http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/states/sep\_use/notes/use\_petrol.pdf.

**Petroleum Products Exports**. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each petroleum product exported weighted by the quantities exported.

**Petroleum Products Imports.** Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each petroleum product imported weighted by the quantities imported.

**Plant Condensate**. Estimated to be 5.418 million Btu per barrel by EIA from data provided by McClanahan Consultants, Inc., Houston, Texas.

**Propane**. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 3.836 million Btu per barrel as published in the

California Oil World and Petroleum Industry, First Issue, April 1942.

**Residual Fuel Oil**. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 6.287 million Btu per barrel as reported in the Bureau of Mines internal memorandum, "Bureau of Mines Standard Average Heating Values of Various Fuels, Adopted January 3, 1950."

**Road Oil.** EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 6.636 million Btu per barrel, which was assumed to be equal to that of asphalt (see **Asphalt**) and was first published by the Bureau of Mines in the *Petroleum Statement, Annual, 1970*.

**Special Naphthas.** EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines thermal conversion factor of 5.248 million Btu per barrel, which was assumed to be equal to that of the total gasoline (aviation and motor) factor and was first published in the *Petroleum Statement*, *Annual*, 1970.

**Still Gas.** EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines estimated thermal conversion factor of 6.000 million Btu per barrel, first published in the *Petroleum Statement*, *Annual*, 1970.

**Total Petroleum Exports**. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for crude oil and each petroleum product exported weighted by the quantities exported. See **Crude Oil Exports** and **Petroleum Products Exports**.

**Total Petroleum Imports**. Calculated annually by EIA as the average of the thermal conversion factors for each type of crude oil and petroleum product imported weighted by the quantities imported. See **Crude Oil Imports** and **Petroleum Products Imports**.

**Unfinished Oils.** EIA assumed the thermal conversion factor to be 5.825 million Btu per barrel or equal to that for distillate fuel oil (see **Distillate Fuel Oil**) and first published it in EIA's *Annual Report to Congress, Volume 3,* 1977

**Unfractionated Stream**. EIA assumed the thermal conversion factor to be 5.418 million Btu per barrel or equal to that for plant condensate (see **Plant Condensate**) and first published it in EIA's *Annual Report to Congress, Volume 2, 1981* 

**Waxes**. EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor of 5.537 million Btu per barrel as estimated by the Bureau of Mines and first published in the *Petroleum Statement*, *Annual*, 1956.

# Approximate Heat Content of Natural Gas

**Natural Gas Consumption, Electric Power Sector.** Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of natural gas consumed by the electric power sector by the quantity consumed. Data are from Form EIA-860,

"Annual Electric Generator Report"; Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report"; and predecessor forms.

**Natural Gas Consumption, End-Use Sectors**. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of natural gas consumed by the end-use sectors (residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation) by the quantity consumed. Data are from Form EIA-176, "Annual Report of Natural and Supplemental Gas Supply and Disposition."

**Natural Gas Consumption, Total**. 1973–1979: EIA adopted the thermal conversion factor calculated annually by the American Gas Association (AGA) and published in *Gas Facts*, an AGA annual publication. 1980 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content of natural gas consumed by the total quantity consumed.

**Natural Gas Exports.** Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of natural gas exported by the quantity exported. For 1973–1995, data are from Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas." Beginning in 1996, data are from U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Fossil Energy, *Natural Gas Imports and Exports*.

**Natural Gas Imports.** Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of natural gas imported by the quantity imported. For 1973–1995, data are from Form FPC-14, "Annual Report for Importers and Exporters of Natural Gas." Beginning in 1996, data are from U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Fossil Energy, *Natural Gas Imports and Exports*.

**Natural Gas Production, Dry.** Assumed by EIA to be equal to the thermal conversion factor for dry natural gas consumed. See **Natural Gas Consumption, Total**.

**Natural Gas Production, Marketed**. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of dry natural gas produced (see **Natural Gas Production, Dry**) and natural gas plant liquids produced (see **Natural Gas Plant Liquids Production**) by the total quantity of marketed natural gas produced.

# Approximate Heat Content of Coal and Coal Coke

**Coal Coke Imports and Exports**. EIA adopted the Bureau of Mines estimate of 24.800 million Btu per short ton.

Coal Consumption, Electric Power Sector. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of coal consumed by the electric power sector by the quantity consumed. Data are from Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report"; Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report"; and predecessor forms.

**Coal Consumption, End-Use Sectors**. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of coal consumed by the end-use sectors (residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation) by the quantity consumed.

Coal Consumption, Industrial Sector, Coke Plants. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of coal consumed by coke plants by the quantity consumed. Data are from Form EIA-5, "Quarterly Coal Consumption and Quality Report—Coke Plants."

Coal Consumption, Industrial Sector, Other. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of coal consumed by manufacturing plants by the quantity consumed. Data are from Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption and Quality Report—Manufacturing Plants."

Coal Consumption, Residential and Commercial Sectors. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of coal consumed by the residential and commercial sectors by the quantity consumed. Through 1999, data are from Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report." Beginning in 2000, data are for commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants from Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report"; and Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

**Coal Consumption, Total**. Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the total heat content of coal consumed by all sectors by the total quantity consumed.

**Coal Exports.** Calculated annually by EIA by dividing the heat content of steam coal and metallurgical coal exported by the quantity exported. Data are from U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Report EM 545."

**Coal Imports**. Assumed by EIA to be 25.000 million Btu per short ton.

**Coal Production**. Calculated annually by EIA to balance the heat content of coal supply (production and imports) and the heat content of coal disposition (exports, stock change, and consumption).

# **Approximate Heat Rates for Electricity**

Electricity Net Generation, Fossil-Fueled Plants. There is no generally accepted practice for measuring the thermal conversion rates for power plants that generate electricity from hydro, wind, photovoltaic, or solar thermal energy sources. Therefore, EIA calculates a rate factor that is equal to the annual average heat rate factor for fossil-fueled power plants in the United States. By using that factor, it is possible to evaluate fossil fuel requirements for replacing those sources during periods of interruption, such as droughts. The heat content of a kilowatthour of electricity produced, regardless of the generation process, is 3,412 Btu. 1973-1988: The weighted annual average heat rate for fossil-fueled steam-electric power plants in the United States, as published in EIA, Electric Plant Cost and Power Production Expenses 1991, Table 9. 1989-2000: Calculated annually by EIA by using the heat rate reported on Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report" (and predecessor forms); and the generation on Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." The computation includes data for all electric utility steam-electric plants using fossil fuels. 2001 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by using fuel consumption and net generation data reported on Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report." The computation includes data for all electric utilities and electricity-only independent power producers using fossil fuels.

Electricity Net Generation, Geothermal Energy Plants. 1973–1981: Calculated annually by EIA by weighting the annual average heat rates of operating geothermal units by the installed nameplate capacities as reported on Form FPC-12, "Power System Statement." 1982 forward: Estimated annually by EIA on the basis of an informal survey of relevant plants.

Electricity Net Generation, Nuclear Plants. 1973–1984: Calculated annually by dividing the total heat content consumed in nuclear generating units by the total (net) electricity generated by nuclear generating units. The heat content and electricity generation were reported on Form FERC-1, "Annual Report of Major Electric Utilities, Licensees, and Others"; Form EIA-412, "Annual Report of Public Electric Utilities"; and predecessor forms. For 1982, the factors were published in EIA, Historical Plant Cost and Annual Production Expenses for Selected Electric Plants 1982, page 215. For 1983 and 1984, the factors were published in EIA, Electric Plant Cost and Power Production Expenses 1991, Table 13. 1985 forward: Calculated annually by EIA by using the heat rate reported on Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report" (and predecessor forms); and the generation reported on Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report."

# **Appendix B. Metric and Other Physical Conversion Factors**

Data presented in the *Monthly Energy Review* and in other Energy Information Administration publications are expressed predominately in units that historically have been used in the United States, such as British thermal units, barrels, cubic feet, and short tons. However, because U.S. commerce involves other nations, most of which use metric units of measure, the U.S. Government is committed to the transition to the metric system, as stated in the Metric Conversion Act of 1975 (Public Law 94–168), amended by the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988 (Public Law 100–418), and Executive Order 12770 of July 25, 1991.

The metric conversion factors presented in Table B1 can be used to calculate the metric-unit equivalents of values expressed in U.S. Customary units. For example, 500 short

tons are the equivalent of 453.6 metric tons (500 short tons  $\times$  0.9071847 metric tons/short ton = 453.6 metric tons).

In the metric system of weights and measures, the names of multiples and subdivisions of any unit may be derived by combining the name of the unit with prefixes, such as deka, hecto, and kilo, meaning, respectively, 10, 100, 1,000, and deci, centi, and milli, meaning, respectively, one-tenth, one-hundredth, and one-thousandth. Common metric prefixes can be found in Table B2.

The conversion factors presented in Table B3 can be used to calculate equivalents in various physical units commonly used in energy analyses. For example, 10 barrels are the equivalent of 420 U.S. gallons (10 barrels x 42 gallons/barrel = 420 gallons).

**Table B1. Metric Conversion Factors** 

Type of Unit	U.S. Unit		Equivalent in	Metric Units
Mass	1 short ton (2,000 lb)	=	0.907 184 7	metric tons (t)
	1 long ton	=	1.016 047	metric tons (t)
	1 pound (lb)	=	0.453 592 37ª	kilograms (kg)
	1 pound uranium oxide (lb U <sub>3</sub> O <sub>8</sub> )	=	0.384 647 <sup>b</sup>	kilograms uranium (kgU)
	1 ounce, avoirdupois (avdp oz)	=	28.349 52	grams (g)
Volume	1 barrel of oil (bbl)	=	0.158 987 3	cubic meters (m³)
	1 cubic yard (yd³)	=	0.764 555	cubic meters (m³)
	1 cubic foot (ft <sup>3</sup> )	=	0.028 316 85	cubic meters (m³)
	1 U.S. gallon (gal)	=	3.785 412	liters (L)
	1 ounce, fluid (fl oz)	=	29.573 53	milliliters (mL)
	1 cubic inch (in³)	=	16.387 06	milliliters (mL)
Length	1 mile (mi)	=	1.609 344ª	kilometers (km)
_	1 yard (yd)	=	0.914 4 <sup>a</sup>	meters (m)
	1 foot (ft)	=	0.304 8 <sup>a</sup>	meters (m)
	1 inch (in)	=	2.54 <sup>a</sup>	centimeters (cm)
Area	1 acre	=	0.404 69	hectares (ha)
	1 square mile (mi <sup>2</sup> )	=	2.589 988	square kilometers (km²)
	1 square yard (yd²)	=	0.836 127 4	square meters (m²)
	1 square foot (ft²)	=	0.092 903 04°	square meters (m²)
	1 square inch (in²)	=	6.451 6ª	square centimeters (cm <sup>2</sup> )
Energy	1 British thermal unit (Btu)°	=	1,055.055 852 62ª	joules (J)
	1 calorie (cal)	=	4.186 8 <sup>a</sup>	joules (J)
	1 kilowatthour (kWh)	=	3.6ª	megajoules (MJ)
Temperature <sup>d</sup>	32 degrees Fahrenheit (°F)	=	O <sup>a</sup>	degrees Celsius (°C)
-	212 degrees Fahrenheit (°F)	=	100 <sup>a</sup>	degrees Celsius (°C)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Exact conversion.

Sources: • General Services Administration, Federal Standard 376B, *Preferred Metric Units for General Use by the Federal Government* (Washington, DC, January 1993), pp. 9-11, 13, and 16. • U.S. Department of Commerce, National Institute of Standards and Technology, Special Publications 330, 811, and 814. • American National Standards Institute/Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers, ANSI/IEEE Std 268-1992, pp. 28 and 29.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Calculated by the Energy Information Administration.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>The Btu used in this table is the International Table Btu adopted by the Fifth International Conference on Properties of Steam, London, 1956. <sup>d</sup>To convert degrees Fahrenheit (°F) to degrees Celsius (°C) exactly, subtract 32, then multiply by 5/9.

Notes: • Spaces have been inserted after every third digit to the right of the decimal for ease of reading. • Most metric units belong to the International System of Units (SI), and the liter, hectare, and metric ton are accepted for use with the SI units. For more information about the SI units, see http://physics.nist.gov/cuu/Units/index.html.

Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/append\_b.html.

**Table B2. Metric Prefixes** 

Unit Multiple	Prefix	Symbol	Unit Subdivision	Prefix	Symbol
10¹	deka	da	10 <sup>-1</sup>	deci	d
10 <sup>2</sup>	hecto	h	10 <sup>-2</sup>	centi	С
10 <sup>3</sup>	kilo	k	10 <sup>-3</sup>	milli	m
10 <sup>6</sup>	mega	M	10 <sup>-6</sup>	micro	μ
10 <sup>9</sup>	giga	G	10 <sup>-9</sup>	nano	n
10 <sup>12</sup>	tera	Т	10 <sup>-12</sup>	pico	р
10 <sup>15</sup>	peta	Р	10 <sup>-15</sup>	femto	f
10 <sup>18</sup>	exa	Е	10 <sup>-18</sup>	atto	а
10 <sup>21</sup>	zetta	Z	10 <sup>-21</sup>	zepto	Z
10 <sup>24</sup>	yotta	Υ	10 <sup>-24</sup>	yocto	у

Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/append\_b.html.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, National Institute of Standards and Technology, *The International System of Units (SI)*, NIST Special Publication 330, 1991 Edition (Washington, DC, August 1991), p.10.

**Table B3. Other Physical Conversion Factors** 

Energy Source	Original Unit		Equiva	Equivalent in Final Units		
Petroleum	1 barrel (bbl)	=	42ª	U.S. gallons (gal)		
Coal	1 short ton	=	2,000ª	pounds (lb)		
	1 long ton	=	2,240 <sup>a</sup>	pounds (lb)		
	1 metric ton (t)	=	1,000 <sup>a</sup>	kilograms (kg)		
Wood	1 cord (cd)	=	1.25 <sup>b</sup>	shorts tons		
	1 cord (cd)	=	128ª	cubic feet (ft3)		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Exact conversion.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, National Institute of Standards and Technology, *Specifications, Tolerances, and Other Technical Requirements for Weighing and Measuring Devices*, NIST Handbook 44, 1994 Edition (Washington, DC, October 1993), pp. B-10, C-17 and C-21.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Calculated by the Energy Information Administration.

Web Page: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/mer/append\_b.html.

# **Appendix C. List of Energy Plugs**

Energy Plugs are synopses of products that have been released recently by the Energy Information Administration. They appear on a regular basis at the front of the *Monthly Energy Review*. Following is a list of the Energy Plug titles that have been published over the past few years. For a

complete list of all features that have appeared in the *Monthly Energy Review* since the first article was published in March 1975, go the Energy Plug web site at: http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/plugs/plugsrgt.html.

Title	<b>Cover Date</b>
2005 Financial News for Independent Energy Companies. Annual Energy Outlook 2005. The Natural Gas Industry and Markets in 2003. Performance Profiles of Major Energy Producers 2003. Analysis of Alternative Mercury Control Strategies. Impacts of Modeled Recommendations of the National Commission on Energy Policy. Assessment of Selected Energy Efficiency Policies. Monthly Flash Estimates of Electric Power Data. Short-Term Energy Outlook. International Energy Outlook 2005. Short-Term Energy and Winter Fuels Outlook. Annual Coal Report 2004.	<ul> <li>February 2005</li> <li>February 2005</li> <li>March 2005</li> <li>April 2005</li> <li>May 2005</li> <li>June 2005</li> <li>July 2005</li> <li>August 2005</li> <li>September 2005</li> <li>October 2005</li> </ul>
2004 Annual Energy Outlook 2004. Natural Gas Annual 2002. Analysis of Restricted Natural Gas Supply Cases. Performance Profiles of Major Energy Producers 2002. International Energy Outlook 2004. Biodiesel Performance, Costs, and Use. State Renewable Energy Requirements and Goals. Annual Energy Review 2003. U.S. Natural Gas Pipeline and Underground Storage Expansions in 2003. Oil Market Basics. Unique Reactors. Green Pricing and Net Metering Programs 2003.	<ul> <li>February 2004</li> <li>March 2004</li> <li>March 2004</li> <li>April 2004</li> <li>August 2004</li> <li>September 2004</li> <li>October 2004</li> <li>November 2004</li> <li>December 2004</li> </ul>
Annual Energy Outlook 2003. Performance Profiles of Major Energy Producers 2001. Voluntary Reporting of Greenhouse Gases 2001. Electric Power Annual 2001. International Energy Outlook 2003. Uranium Industry Annual 2002. Residential Energy Consumption Special Topics. New Reactor Designs Foreign Direct Investment in U.S. Energy in 2001. Annual Energy Review 2002. Annual Coal Report 2002. Renewable Energy Annual 2002.	<ul> <li>February 2003</li> <li>March 2003</li> <li>April 2003</li> <li>May 2003</li> <li>June 2003</li> <li>July 2003</li> <li>August 2003</li> <li>September 2003</li> <li>October 2003</li> <li>November 2003</li> </ul>

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Performance Profiles of Major Energy Producers 2000	January 2002	
Voluntary Reporting of Greenhouse Gases 2000		
Analysis of Corporate Average Fuel Economy Standards for Light Trucks and Increased	•	
Alternative Fuel Use	March 2002	
Summer 2002 Motor Gasoline Outlook	April 2002	
International Energy Outlook 2002	April 2002	
Weekly Natural Gas Storage Report	May 2002	
International Energy Annual 2000	May 2002	
Delivered Energy Consumption Projections by Industry	June 2002	
Uranium Industry Annual 2001	June 2002	
Biomass for Electricity Generation	July 2002	
Measuring Changes in Energy Efficiency	July 2002	
Foreign Direct Investment in U.S. Energy in 2000	August 2002	
U.S. Natural Gas Markets: Relationship Between Henry Hub Spot Prices and		
U.S. Wellhead Prices	August 2002	
Diesel Fuel Price Pass-through	September 2002	
Winter Fuels Outlook: 2002-2003	October 2002	
Annual Energy Review 2001	November 2002	
Renewable Energy Annual 2001	December 2002	
2001		
Energy Education Resources		
Impact of Interruptible Natural Gas Service on Northeast Heating Oil Demand		
Performance Profiles of Major Energy Producers 1999		
Renewable Energy 2000: Issues and Trends.		
	April 2001	
Summer 2001 Motor Gasoline Outlook		
Summer 2001 Motor Gasoline Outlook	April 2001	
Summer 2001 Motor Gasoline Outlook	April 2001 May 2001	
Summer 2001 Motor Gasoline Outlook.  International Energy Outlook 2001. State Energy Data Report 1999: Consumption Estimates. The Transition to Ultra-Low-Sulfur Diesel Fuel: Effects on Prices and Supply.	April 2001 May 2001 May 2001	
Summer 2001 Motor Gasoline Outlook	April 2001 May 2001 May 2001	
Summer 2001 Motor Gasoline Outlook.  International Energy Outlook 2001. State Energy Data Report 1999: Consumption Estimates. The Transition to Ultra-Low-Sulfur Diesel Fuel: Effects on Prices and Supply.	April 2001 May 2001 May 2001 June 2001	
Summer 2001 Motor Gasoline Outlook. International Energy Outlook 2001. State Energy Data Report 1999: Consumption Estimates. The Transition to Ultra-Low-Sulfur Diesel Fuel: Effects on Prices and Supply. Energy Market Maps. Coal Industry Annual 1999. Annual Energy Review 2000.	April 2001 May 2001 May 2001 June 2001 July 2001 August 2001	
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## **Glossary**

**Alcohol:** The family name of a group of organic chemical compounds composed of carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen. The series of molecules vary in chain length and are composed of a **hydrocarbon** plus a hydroxyl group; CH(3)-(CH(2))<sub>n</sub>-OH (e.g., **methanol**, **ethanol**, and tertiary butyl alcohol). See **Fuel Ethanol**.

Anthracite: The highest rank of coal; used primarily for residential and commercial space heating. It is a hard, brittle, and black lustrous coal, often referred to as hard coal, containing a high percentage of fixed carbon and a low percentage of volatile matter. The moisture content of freshmined anthracite generally is less than 15 percent. The heat content of anthracite ranges from 22 to 28 million Btu per short ton on a moist, mineral-matter-free basis. The heat content of anthracite coal consumed in the United States averages 25 million Btu per short ton, on the as-received basis (i.e., containing both inherent moisture and mineral matter). Note: Since the 1980's, anthracite refuse or mine waste has been used for steam-electric power generation. This fuel typically has a heat content of 15 million Btu per ton or less.

**Asphalt**: A dark-brown-to-black cement-like material containing bitumens as the predominant constituents obtained by petroleum processing. The definition includes crude asphalt as well as the following finished products: cements, fluxes, the asphalt content of emulsions (exclusive of water), and petroleum distillates blended with asphalt to make cutback asphalts.

**ASTM**: The American Society for Testing and Materials.

**Aviation Gasoline Blending Components**: Naphthas that will be used for blending or compounding into finished aviation gasoline (e.g., straight run gasoline, alkylate, reformate, benzene, toluene, and xylene). Excludes oxygenates (alcohols, ethers), butane, and pentanes plus.

**Aviation Gasoline, Finished**: A complex mixture of relatively volatile hydrocarbons with or without small quantities of additives, blended to form a fuel suitable for use in aviation reciprocating engines. Fuel specifications are provided in ASTM Specification D 910 and Military Specification MIL-G-5572. *Note:* Data on blending components are not counted in data on finished aviation gasoline.

**Barrel** (**Petroleum**): A unit of volume equal to 42 U.S. gallons.

**Base Gas**: The volume of gas needed as a permanent inventory to maintain adequate underground storage reservoir

pressures and deliverability rates throughout the withdrawal season. All native gas is included in the base gas volume.

Biomass: Organic nonfossil material of biological origin constituting a renewable energy source. See Ethanol, Wood Energy, and Waste Energy.

Bituminous Coal: A dense coal, usually black, sometimes dark brown, often with well-defined bands of bright and dull material, used primarily as fuel in steam-electric power generation, with substantial quantities also used for heat and power applications in manufacturing and to make coke. Bituminous coal is the most abundant coal in active U.S. mining regions. Its moisture content usually is less than 20 percent. The heat content of bituminous coal ranges from 21 to 30 million Btu per short ton on a moist, mineral-matter-free basis. The heat content of bituminous coal consumed in the United States averages 24 million Btu per short ton, on the as-received basis (i.e., containing both inherent moisture and mineral matter).

**Black Liquor**: A byproduct of the paper production process, alkaline spent liquor, that can be used as a source of energy. Alkaline spent liquor is removed from the digesters in the process of chemically pulping wood. After evaporation, the residual "black" liquor is burned as a fuel in a recovery furnace that permits the recovery of certain basic chemicals.

British Thermal Unit (Btu): The quantity of heat required to raise the temperature of 1 pound of liquid water by 1 degree Fahrenheit at the temperature at which water has its greatest density (approximately 39 degrees Fahrenheit). See Heat Content of a Quantity of Fuel, Gross and Heat Content of a Quantity of Fuel, Net.

Btu: See British Thermal Unit.

**Butane**: A normally gaseous straight-chain or branched-chain hydrocarbon ( $C_4H_{10}$ ). It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams. It includes isobutane and normal butane and is designated in ASTM Specification D1835 and Gas Processors Association Specifications for commercial butane.

*Isobutane*: A normally gaseous branched-chain hydrocarbon. It is a colorless paraffinic gas that boils at a temperature of 10.9° F. It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams.

Normal Butane: A normally gaseous straight-chain hydrocarbon. It is a colorless paraffinic gas that boils at a temperature of 31.1° F. It is extracted from natural gas or refinery

gas streams.

**Butylene**: An olefinic hydrocarbon (C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>8</sub>) recovered from refinery processes.

**Capacity Factor**: The ratio of the electrical energy produced by a generating unit for a given period of time to the electrical energy that could have been produced at continuous full-power operation during the same period.

Chained Dollars: A measure used to express real prices. Real prices are those that have been adjusted to remove the effect of changes in the purchasing power of the dollar; they usually reflect buying power relative to a reference year. Prior to 1996, real prices were expressed in constant dollars, a measure based on the weights of goods and services in a single year, usually a recent year. In 1996, the U.S. Department of Commerce introduced the chained-dollar measure. The new measure is based on the average weights of goods and services in successive pairs of years. It is "chained" because the second year in each pair, with its weights, becomes the first year of the next pair. The advantage of using the chained-dollar measure is that it is more closely related to any given period and is therefore subject to less distortion over time.

CIF: See Cost, Insurance, Freight.

**City Gate**: A point or measuring station at which a distribution gas utility receives gas from a natural gas pipeline company or transmission system.

Coal: A readily combustible black or brownish-black rock whose composition, including inherent moisture, consists of more than 50 percent by weight and more than 70 percent by volume of carbonaceous material. It is formed from plant remains that have been compacted, hardened, chemically altered, and metamorphosed by heat and pressure over geologic time. See Anthracite, Bituminous Coal, Lignite, Subbituminous Coal, Waste Coal, and Coal Synfuel.

Coal Coke: See Coke, Coal.

Coal Stocks: Coal quantities that are held in storage for future use and disposition. Note: When coal data are collected for a particular reporting period (month, quarter, or year), coal stocks are commonly measured as of the last day of the period.

**Coal Synfuel:** Coal-based solid fuel that has been processed by a **coal synfuel plant**; and coal-based fuels such as briquettes, pellets, or extrusions, which are formed from fresh or recycled coal and binding materials.

**Coal Synfuel Plant:** A plant engaged in the chemical transformation of **coal** into **coal synfuel**.

**Coke, Coal**: A solid carbonaceous residue derived from low-ash, low-sulfur bituminous coal from which the volatile constituents are driven off by baking in an oven at

temperatures as high as 2,000° F so that the fixed carbon and residual ash are fused together. Coke is used as a fuel and as a reducing agent in smelting iron ore in a blast furnace. Coke (coal) has a heating value of 24.8 million Btu per ton.

**Coke, Petroleum:** A residue high in carbon content and low in hydrogen that is the final product of thermal decomposition in the condensation process in cracking. This product is reported as marketable coke or catalyst coke. The conversion is 5 barrels (42 U.S. gallons each) per short ton. Coke (petroleum) has a heating value of 6.024 million Btu per barrel.

**Coking Coal**: Bituminous coal suitable for making coke. See **Coke**, **Coal**.

Combined-Heat-and-Power (CHP) Plant: A plant designed to produce both heat and electricity from a single heat source. Note: This term is being used in place of the term "cogenerator" that was used by EIA in the past. CHP better describes the facilities because some of the plants included do not produce heat and power in a sequential fashion and, as a result, do not meet the legal definition of cogeneration specified in the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act (PURPA).

Commercial Sector: An energy-consuming sector that consists of service-providing facilities and equipment of: businesses; Federal, State, and local governments; and other private and public organizations, such as religious, social, or fraternal groups. The commercial sector includes institutional living quarters. It also includes sewage treatment facilities. Common uses of energy associated with this sector include space heating, water heating, air conditioning, lighting, refrigeration, cooking, and running a wide variety of other equipment. *Note*: This sector includes generators that produce electricity and/or useful thermal output primarily to support the activities of the above-mentioned commercial establishments. Various EIA programs differ in sectoral coverage—for more information see

http://www.eia.doe.gov/neic/datadefinitions/Guideforwebcom.htm. See **End-Use Sectors** and **Energy-Use Sectors**.

**Completion**: The installation of permanent equipment for the production of oil or gas. If a well is equipped to produce only oil or gas from one zone or reservoir, the definition of a well (classified as an oil well or gas well) and the definition of a completion are identical. However, if a well is equipped to produce oil and/or gas separately from more than one reservoir, a well is not synonymous with a completion.

Constant Dollars: See Chained Dollars.

**Conventional Gasoline**: Finished motor gasoline not included in the oxygenated or reformulated gasoline categories. *Note*: This category excludes reformulated gasoline blendstock for oxygenate blending (RBOB) as well as other blendstock.

**Conventional Hydroelectric Power**: Hydroelectric power generated from flowing water that is not created by **hydroelectric pumped storage**.

**Conversion Factor:** A number that translates units of one system into corresponding values of another system. Conversion factors can be used to translate physical units of measure for various fuels into Btu equivalents. See **British Thermal Unit**.

**Cost, Insurance, Freight** (**CIF**): A sales transaction in which the seller pays for the transportation and insurance of the goods to the port of destination specified by the buyer.

Crude Oil: A mixture of hydrocarbons that exists in liquid phase in natural underground reservoirs and remains liquid at atmospheric pressure after passing through surface separating facilities. Depending upon the characteristics of the crude stream, it may also include: 1) small amounts of hydrocarbons that exist in gaseous phase in natural underground reservoirs but are liquid at atmospheric pressure after being recovered from oil well (casinghead) gas in lease separators and are subsequently commingled with the crude stream without being separately measured. Lease condensate recovered as a liquid from natural gas wells in lease or field separation facilities and later mixed into the crude stream is also included; 2) small amounts of nonhydrocarbons produced with the oil, such as sulfur and various metals; and 3) drip gases, and liquid hydrocarbons produced from tar sands, gilsonite, and oil shale.

Liquids produced at natural gas processing plants are excluded. Crude oil is refined to produce a wide array of petroleum products, including heating oils; gasoline, diesel and jet fuels; lubricants; asphalt; ethane, propane, and butane; and many other products used for their energy or chemical content.

**Crude Oil F.O.B. Price**: The crude oil price actually charged at the oil-producing country's port of loading. Includes deductions for any rebates and discounts or additions of premiums, where applicable. It is the actual price paid with no adjustment for credit terms.

Crude Oil (Including Lease Condensate): A mixture of hydrocarbons that exists in liquid phase in underground reservoirs and remains liquid at atmospheric pressure after passing through surface separating facilities. Included are lease condensate and liquid hydrocarbons produced from tar sands, gilsonite, and oil shale. Drip gases are also included, but topped crude oil (residual oil) and other unfinished oils are excluded. Where identifiable, liquids produced at natural gas processing plants and mixed with crude oil are likewise excluded.

**Crude Oil Landed Cost**: The price of crude oil at the port of discharge, including charges associated with the

purchase, transporting, and insuring of a cargo from the purchase point to the port of discharge. The cost does not include charges incurred at the discharge port (e.g., import tariffs or fees, wharfage charges, and demurrage).

**Crude Oil Refinery Input**: The total crude oil put into processing units at refineries.

**Crude Oil Stocks**: Stocks of crude oil and lease condensate held at refineries, in pipelines, at pipeline terminals, and on leases.

**Crude Oil Used Directly**: Crude oil consumed as fuel by crude oil pipelines and on crude oil leases.

**Crude Oil Well**: A well completed for the production of crude oil from one or more oil zones or reservoirs. Wells producing both crude oil and natural gas are classified as oil wells.

**Cubic Foot** (**Natural Gas**): A unit of volume equal to 1 cubic foot at a pressure base of 14.73 pounds standard per square inch absolute and a temperature base of 60° F.

**Degree-Day Normals**: Simple arithmetic averages of monthly or annual degree-days over a long period of time (usually the 30-year period 1961–1990). The averages may be simple degree-day normals or population-weighted degree-day normals.

**Degree-Days, Cooling (CDD)**: A measure of how warm a location is over a period of time relative to a base temperature, most commonly specified as 65 degrees Fahrenheit. The measure is computed for each day by subtracting the base temperature (65 degrees) from the average of the day's high and low temperatures, with negative values set equal to zero. Each day's cooling degree-days are summed to create a cooling degree-day measure for a specified reference period. Cooling degree-days are used in energy analysis as an indicator of air conditioning energy requirements or use.

**Degree-Days, Heating (HDD)**: A measure of how cold a location is over a period of time relative to a base temperature, most commonly specified as 65 degrees Fahrenheit. The measure is computed for each day by subtracting the average of the day's high and low temperatures from the base temperature (65 degrees), with negative values set equal to zero. Each day's heating degree-days are summed to create a heating degree-day measure for a specified reference period. Heating degree-days are used in energy analysis as an indicator of space heating energy requirements or

**Degree-Days, Population-Weighted**: Heating or cooling degree-days weighted by the population of the area in which the degree-days are recorded. To compute State population-weighted degree-days, each State is divided into from one to nine climatically homogeneous divisions, which are assigned weights based on the ratio of the population of the

division to the total population of the State. Degree-day readings for each division are multiplied by the corresponding population weight for each division and those products are then summed to arrive at the State population-weighted degree-day figure. To compute national population-weighted degree-days, the Nation is divided into nine Census regions, each comprising from three to eight States, which are assigned weights based on the ratio of the population of the region to the total population of the Nation. Degree-day readings for each region are multiplied by the corresponding population weight for each region and those products are then summed to arrive at the national population-weighted degree-day figure.

**Design Electrical Rating, Net**: The nominal net electrical output of a nuclear unit as specified by the electric utility for the purpose of plant design.

**Development Well**: A well drilled within the proved area of an oil or gas reservoir to the depth of a stratigraphic horizon known to be productive.

**Direct Use**: Use of electricity that 1) is self-generated, 2) is produced by either the same entity that consumes the power or an affiliate, and 3) is used in direct support of a service or industrial process located within the same facility or group of facilities that house the generating equipment. Direct use is exclusive of **station use**.

**Distillate Fuel Oil:** A general classification for one of the petroleum fractions produced in conventional distillation operations. It includes diesel fuels and fuel oils. Products known as No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 diesel fuel are used in on-highway diesel engines, such as those in trucks and automobiles, as well as off-highway engines, such as those in railroad locomotives and agricultural machinery. Products known as No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 fuel oils are used primarily for space heating and electric power generation.

**Dry Hole**: An exploratory or development well found to be incapable of producing either oil or gas in sufficient quantities to justify completion as an oil or gas well.

**Dry Natural Gas Production**: See **Natural Gas (Dry) Production**.

**Electrical System Energy Losses**: The amount of energy lost during generation, transmission, and distribution of electricity, including plant and unaccounted-for uses.

**Electricity**: A form of energy characterized by the presence and motion of elementary charged particles generated by friction, induction, or chemical change.

**Electricity Generation**: The process of producing electric energy, or the amount of electric energy produced by transforming other forms of energy, commonly expressed in **kilowatthours** (kWh) or megawatthours (Mwh).

**Electricity Generation, Gross**: The total amount of electric energy produced by generating units and measured at the generating terminal in **kilowatthours** (kWh) or megawatthours (MWh).

**Electricity Generation, Net**: The amount of **gross electricity generation** less **station use** (the **electric energy** consumed at the generating station(s) for station service or auxiliaries). *Note*: Electricity required for pumping at **hydroelectric pumped-storage** plants is regarded as electricity for station service and is deducted from gross generation.

**Electricity-Only Plant**: A plant designed to produce electricity only. See also **Combined-Heat-and-Power (CHP) Plant**.

**Electricity Retail Sales**: The amount of electricity sold to customers purchasing electricity for their own use and not for resale.

**Electric Power Plant**: A station containing prime movers, electric generators, and auxiliary equipment for converting mechanical, chemical, and/or fission energy into electric energy.

Electric Power Sector: An energy-consuming sector that consists of electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public—i.e., North American Industry Classification System 22 plants. See also Combined-Heat-and-Power (CHP) Plant, Electricity-Only Plant, Electric Utility, and Independent Power Producer.

Electric Utility: A corporation, person, agency, authority, or other legal entity or instrumentality aligned with distribution facilities for delivery of electric energy for use primarily by the public. Included are investor-owned electric utilities, municipal and State utilities, Federal electric utilities, and rural electric cooperatives. A few entities that are tariff based and corporately aligned with companies that own distribution facilities are also included. Note: Due to the issuance of FERC Order 888 that required traditional electric utilities to functionally unbundle their generation, transmission, and distribution operations, "electric utility" currently has inconsistent interpretations from State to State.

End-Use Sectors: The residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation sectors of the economy.

**Energy**: The capacity for doing work as measured by the capability of doing work (potential energy) or the conversion of this capability to motion (kinetic energy). Energy has several forms, some of which are easily convertible and can be changed to another form useful for work. Most of the world's convertible energy comes from fossil fuels that are

burned to produce heat that is then used as a transfer medium to mechanical or other means in order to accomplish tasks. Electrical energy is usually measured in kilowatthours, while heat energy is usually measured in British thermal units.

**Energy Consumption**: The use of energy as a source of heat or power or as an input in the manufacturing process.

**Energy Service Provider**: An energy entity that provides service to a retail or end-use customer.

**Energy-Use Sectors**: A group of major energy-consuming components of U.S. society developed to measure and analyze energy use. The sectors most commonly referred to in EIA are: **residential**, **commercial**, **industrial**, **transportation**, and **electric power**.

**Ethane**: A normally gaseous straight-chain hydrocarbon  $(C_2H_6)$ . It is a colorless, paraffinic gas that boils at a temperature of -127.48° F. It is extracted from natural gas and refinery gas streams.

Ethanol (CH<sub>3</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>OH): A clear, colorless, flammable oxygenated hydrocarbon. Ethanol is typically produced chemically from ethylene, or biologically from fermentation of various sugars from carbohydrates found in agricultural crops and cellulosic residues from crops or wood. It is used in the United States as a gasoline octane enhancer and oxygenate (blended up to 10 percent concentration). Ethanol can also be used in high concentrations (E85) in vehicles designed for its use. See Alcohol and Fuel Ethanol.

**Ethylene**: An olefinic hydrocarbon (C2H4) recovered from refinery processes or petrochemical processes.

**Exploratory Well:** A well drilled to find and produce oil or gas in an area previously considered an unproductive area, to find a new reservoir in a known field (i.e., one previously found to be producing oil or gas in another reservoir), or to extend the limit of a known oil or gas reservoir.

**Exports**: Shipments of goods from within the 50 States and the District of Columbia to U.S. possessions and territories or to foreign countries.

**Extraction Loss**: The reduction in volume of natural gas due to the removal of natural gas liquid constituents, such as ethane, propane, and butane, at natural gas processing plants.

**Federal Energy Administration (FEA)**: A predecessor of the Energy Information Administration.

**Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC)**: The Federal agency with jurisdiction over interstate electricity sales, wholesale electric rates, hydroelectric licensing, natural gas pricing, oil pipeline rates, and gas pipeline certification. FERC is an independent regulatory agency within the

Department of Energy and is the successor to the Federal Power Commission.

**Federal Power Commission (FPC)**: The predecessor agency of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. The Federal Power Commission was created by an Act of Congress under the Federal Water Power Act on June 10, 1920. It was charged originally with regulating the electric power and natural gas industries. It was abolished on September 30, 1977, when the Department of Energy was created. Its functions were divided between the Department of Energy and the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, an independent regulatory agency.

**First Purchase Price**: The marketed first sales price of domestic crude oil, consistent with the removal price defined by the provisions of the Windfall Profits Tax on Domestic Crude Oil (Public Law 96-223, Sec. 4998 (c)).

**Flared Natural Gas**: Natural gas burned in flares on the base site or at gas processing plants.

**F.O.B.** (**Free on Board**): A sales transaction in which the seller makes the product available for pick up at a specified port or terminal at a specified price and the buyer pays for the subsequent transportation and insurance.

Footage Drilled: Total footage for wells in various categories, as reported for any specified period, includes (1) the deepest total depth (length of well bores) of all wells drilled from the surface, (2) the total of all bypassed footage drilled in connection with reported wells, and (3) all new footage drilled for directional sidetrack wells. Footage reported for directional sidetrack wells does not include footage in the common bore, which is reported as footage for the original well. In the case of old wells drilled deeper, the reported footage is that which was drilled below the total depth of the old well.

Former U.S.S.R.: See U.S.S.R.

**Fossil Fuel**: An energy source formed in the Earth's crust from decayed organic material, such as **petroleum**, **coal**, and **natural gas**.

**Fossil-Fueled Steam-Electric Power Plant**: An electricity generation plant in which the prime mover is a turbine rotated by high-pressure steam produced in a boiler by heat from burning fossil fuels.

Fuel Ethanol (CH<sub>3</sub>.CH<sub>2</sub>OH): An anhydrous, denatured aliphatic alcohol intended for motor gasoline blending. See Ethanol and Oxygenates.

**Full-Power Operation**: Operation of a nuclear generating unit at 100 percent of its design capacity. Full-power operation precedes commercial operation.

**Gasohol**: A blend of finished motor gasoline containing alcohol (generally ethanol but sometimes methanol) at a concentration between 5.7 percent and 10 percent by volume. See **Motor Gasoline**, **Oxygenated**.

**Gas Well**: A well completed for the production of natural gas from one or more gas zones or reservoirs. (Wells producing both crude oil and natural gas are classified as oil wells.)

**Geothermal Energy**: Hot water or steam extracted from geothermal reservoirs in the earth's crust and used for geothermal heat pumps, water heating, or electricity generation.

**Gross Domestic Product (GDP)**: The total value of goods and services produced by labor and property located in the United States. As long as the labor and property are located in the United States, the supplier (that is, the workers and, for property, the owners) may be either U.S. residents or residents of foreign countries.

**GT/IC**: Gas turbine and internal combustion plants.

Heat Content of a Quantity of Fuel, Gross: The total amount of heat released when a fuel is burned. Coal, crude oil, and natural gas all include chemical compounds of carbon and hydrogen. When those fuels are burned, the carbon and hydrogen combine with oxygen in the air to produce carbon dioxide and water. Some of the energy released in burning goes into transforming the water into steam and is usually lost. The amount of heat spent in transforming the water into steam is counted as part of gross heat content but is not counted as part of net heat content. It is also referred to as the higher heating value. Btu conversion factors typically used in EIA represent gross heat content.

**Heat Content of a Quantity of Fuel, Net**: The amount of usable heat energy released when a fuel is burned under conditions similar to those in which it is normally used. Also referred to as the lower heating value. Btu conversion factors typically used in EIA represent gross heat content.

**Heavy Oil**: The fuel oils remaining after the lighter oils have been distilled off during the refining process. Except for start-up and flame stabilization, virtually all petroleum used in steam-electric power plants is heavy oil.

**Hydrocarbon**: An organic chemical compound of hydrogen and carbon in the gaseous, liquid, or solid phase. The molecular structure of hydrocarbon compounds varies from the simplest (methane, the primary constituent of natural gas) to the very heavy and very complex.

**Hydroelectric Power**: The production of electricity from the kinetic energy of falling water.

**Hydroelectric Power Plant**: A plant in which the turbine generators are driven by falling water.

**Hydroelectric Pumped Storage**: Hydroelectricity that is generated during peak load periods by using water previously pumped into an elevated storage reservoir during offpeak periods when excess generating capacity is available to do so. When additional generating capacity is needed, the water can be released from the reservoir through a conduit to turbine generators located in a power plant at a lower level.

**Imports**: Receipts of goods into the 50 States and the District of Columbia from U.S. possessions and territories or from foreign countries.

**Independent Power Producer**: A corporation, person, agency, authority, or other legal entity or instrumentality that owns or operates facilities for the generation of electricity for use primarily by the public, and that is not an **electric utility**.

**Industrial Sector**: An energy-consuming sector that consists of all facilities and equipment used for producing, processing, or assembling goods. The industrial sector encompasses the following types of activity: manufacturing (NAICS codes 31-33); agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting (NAICS code 11); mining, including oil and gas extraction (NAICS code 21); and construction (NAICS code 23). Overall energy use in this sector is largely for process heat and cooling and powering machinery, with lesser amounts used for facility heating, air conditioning, and lighting. Fossil fuels are also used as raw material inputs to manufactured products. Note: This sector includes generators that produce electricity and/or useful thermal output primarily to support the above-mentioned industrial activities. Various EIA programs differ in sectoral coverage—for more information see

http://www.eia.doe.gov/neic/datadefinitions/Guideforwebind.htm. See **End-Use Sectors** and **Energy-Use Sectors**.

**Injections** (Natural Gas): Natural gas injected into storage reservoirs.

**Isobutane**: A normally gaseous branch-chain hydrocarbon. It is a colorless paraffinic gas that boils at a temperature of 10.9° F. It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams. See **Butane**.

**Isobutylene**: An olefinic hydrocarbon recovered from refinery processes or petrochemical processes.

**Isopentane**: A saturated branched-chain hydrocarbon obtained by fractionation of natural gasoline or isomerization of normal pentane.

**Jet Fuel**: A refined petroleum product used in jet aircraft engines. It includes kerosene-type jet fuel and naphtha-type jet fuel.

**Jet Fuel, Kerosene-Type**: A kerosene-based product with a maximum distillation temperature of 400° F at the

10-percent recovery point and a final maximum boiling point of 572° F. Fuel specifications are provided in ASTM Specification D 1655 and Military Specifications MIL-T-5624P and MIL-T-83133D (Grades JP-5 and JP-8). It is used primarily for commercial turbojet and turboprop aircraft engines.

**Jet Fuel, Naphtha-Type**: A fuel in the heavy naphtha boiling range, with an average gravity of 52.8 degrees API, 20 to 90 percent distillation temperatures of 290° to 470° F and meeting Military Specification MIL-T-5624L (Grade JP-4). It is used by the military for turbojet and turboprop engines.

**Kerosene**: A petroleum distillate having a maximum distillation temperature of 401° F at the 10-percent recovery point, a final boiling point of 572° F, and a minimum flash point of 100° F. Included are the two grades designated in ASTM D3699 (No. 1-K and No. 2-K) and all grades of kerosene called range or stove oil. Kerosene is used in space heaters, cook stoves, and water heaters; it is suitable for use as an illuminant when burned in wick lamps.

**Kilowatt**: A unit of electrical power equal to 1,000 watts.

**Kilowatthour (kWh)**: A measure of electricity defined as a unit of work or energy, measured as 1 **kilowatt** (1,000 **watts**) of power expended for 1 hour. One kilowatthour is equivalent to 3,412 Btu. See **Watthour**.

**Landed Costs**: The dollar-per-barrel price of crude oil at the port of discharge. Included are the charges associated with the purchase, transporting, and insuring of a cargo from the purchase point to the port of discharge. Not included are charges incurred at the discharge port (e.g., import tariffs or fees, wharfage charges, and demurrage charges).

**Lease and Plant Fuel**: Natural gas used in well, field, and lease operations (such as gas used in drilling operations, heaters, dehydrators, and field compressors) and used as fuel in natural gas processing plants.

**Lease Condensate**: A mixture consisting primarily of pentanes and heavier hydrocarbons, which is recovered as a liquid from natural gas in lease or field separation facilities. Note: This category excludes natural gas liquids, such as butane and propane, which are recovered at natural gas processing plants or facilities.

**Light Oil**: Lighter fuel oils distilled off during the refining process. Virtually all petroleum used in internal combustion and gas-turbine engines is light oil.

**Lignite**: The lowest rank of **coal**, often referred to as brown coal, used almost exclusively as fuel for steam-electric power generation. It is brownish-black and has a high inherent moisture content, sometimes as high as 45 percent. The heat content of lignite ranges from 9 to 17 million **Btu** per **short ton** on a moist, mineral-matter-free basis. The heat content of lignite consumed in the United States averages 13

million Btu per short ton, on the as-received basis (i.e., containing both inherent moisture and mineral matter).

**Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG)**: Natural gas (primarily methane) that has been liquefied by reducing its temperature to -260° F at atmospheric pressure.

**Liquefied Petroleum Gases (LPG)**: Ethane, ethylene, propane, propylene, normal butane, butylene, and isobutane produced at refineries or natural gas processing plants, including plants that fractionate new natural gas plant liquids.

**Low-Power Testing**: The period of time between a nuclear generating unit's initial fuel loading date and the issuance of its operating (full-power) license. The maximum level of operation during that period is 5 percent of the unit's design thermal rating.

Lubricants: Substances used to reduce friction between bearing surfaces or as process materials either incorporated into other materials used as processing aids in the manufacturing of other products or as carriers of other materials. Petroleum lubricants may be produced either from distillates or residues. Other substances may be added to impart or improve certain required properties. Excluded are byproducts of lubricating oil refining, such as aromatic extracts derived from solvent extraction or tars derived from deasphalting. Included are all grades of lubricating oils from spindle oil to cylinder oil and those used in greases. Lubricant categories are paraffinic and naphthenic.

Marketed Production (Natural Gas): Gross withdrawals less gas used for repressuring, quantities vented and flared, and nonhydrocarbon gases removed in treating or processing operations. Includes all quantities of gas used in field and processing operations.

**Methane**: A colorless, flammable, odorless, hydrocarbon gas (CH<sub>4</sub>) that is the principal constituent of natural gas. It is also an important source of hydrogen in various industrial processes.

Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether (MTBE): An ether,  $(CH_3)_3COCH_3$ , intended for motor gasoline blending. See Oxygenates.

**Methanol**: A light, volatile alcohol (CH<sub>3</sub>OH) eligible for motor gasoline blending. See **Oxygenates**.

**Miscellaneous Petroleum Products**: All finished petroleum products not classified elsewhere—for example, petrolatum, lube refining byproducts (aromatic extracts and tars), absorption oils, ram-jet fuel, petroleum rocket fuels, synthetic natural gas feedstocks, and specialty oils.

Motor Gasoline Blending: Mechanical mixing of motor gasoline blending components and oxygenates as required,

to produce finished motor gasoline. Finished motor gasoline may be further mixed with other motor gasoline blending components or oxygenates, resulting in increased volumes of finished motor gasoline and/or changes in the formulation of finished motor gasoline (e.g., conventional motor gasoline mixed with MTBE to produce oxygenated motor gasoline).

Motor Gasoline Blending Components: Naphtha (e.g., straight-run gasoline, alkylate, reformate, benzene, toluene, xylene) used for blending or compounding into finished motor gasoline. These components include reformulated gasoline blendstock (RBOB) but exclude oxygenates (alcohols, ethers), butane, and pentanes plus. Note: oxygenates are reported as individual components and are included in the total for other hydrocarbons, hydrogens, and oxygenates.

Motor Gasoline, Finished: A complex mixture of relatively volatile hydrocarbons with or without small quantities of additives, blended to form a fuel suitable for use in sparkignition. Motor gasoline, as defined in ASTM Specification D-4814 or Federal Specification VV-G-1690C, is characterized as having a boiling range of 122°F to 158°F at the 10-percent recovery point to 365°F to 374°F at the 90-percent recovery point. "Motor gasoline" includes conventional gasoline, all types of oxygenated gasoline including gasohol, and reformulated gasoline, but excludes aviation gasoline. Note: Volumetric data on blending components, as well as oxygenates, are not counted in data on finished motor gasoline until the blending components are blended into the gasoline.

Motor Gasoline Grades: The classification of gasoline by octane ratings. Each type of gasoline (conventional, oxygenated, and reformulated) is classified by three grades: regular, midgrade, and premium. Note: Gasoline sales are reported by grade in accordance with their classification at the time of sale. In general, automotive octane requirements are lower at high altitudes. Therefore, in some areas of the United States, such as the Rocky Mountain States, the octane ratings for the gasoline grades may be 2 or more octane points lower.

Regular Gasoline: Gasoline having an antiknock index, i.e., octane rating, greater than or equal to 85 and less than 88. Note: Octane requirements may vary by altitude. See **Motor Gasoline Grades**.

*Midgrade Gasoline*: Gasoline having an antiknock index, i.e., octane rating, greater than or equal to 88 and less than or equal to 90. Note: Octane requirements may vary by altitude. See **Motor Gasoline Grades**.

*Premium Gasoline*: Gasoline having an antiknock index, i.e., octane rating, greater than 90. Note: Octane requirements may vary by altitude. See **Motor Gasoline Grades**.

Motor Gasoline, Oxygenated: Finished motor gasoline, other than reformulated gasoline, having an oxygen content

of 2.7 percent or higher by weight and required by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to be sold in areas designated by EPA as carbon monoxide (CO) nonattainment areas. Note: Oxygenated gasoline excludes oxygenated fuels program reformulated gasoline (OPRG) and reformulated gasoline blendstock for oxygenate blending (RBOB). Data on gasohol that has at least 2.7 percent oxygen, by weight, and is intended for sale inside CO nonattainment areas are included in data on oxygenated gasoline. Other data on gasohol are included in data on conventional gasoline.

Motor Gasoline, Reformulated: Finished motor gasoline formulated for use in motor vehicles, the composition and properties of which meet the requirements of the reformulated gasoline regulations promulgated by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency under Section 211(k) of the Clean Air Act. Note: This category includes oxygenated fuels program reformulated gasoline (OPRG) but excludes reformulated gasoline blendstock for oxygenate blending (RBOB).

Motor Gasoline Retail Prices: Motor gasoline prices calculated each month by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) in conjunction with the construction of the Consumer Price Index (CPI). Those prices are collected in 85 urban areas selected to represent all urban consumers—about 80 percent of the total U.S. population. The service stations are selected initially, and on a replacement basis, in such a way that they represent the purchasing habits of the CPI population. Service stations in the current sample include those providing all types of service (i.e., full-, mini-, and self-service.

Motor Gasoline (Total): For stock level data, a sum including finished motor gasoline stocks plus stocks of motor gasoline blending components but excluding stocks of oxygenates.

MTBE: See Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether.

NAICS (North American Industry Classification System) A coding system developed jointly by the United States, Canada, and Mexico to classify businesses and industries according to the type of economic activity in which they are engaged. NAICS replaces the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes. For additional information on NAICS, go to http://www.census.gov/epcd/www/naics.html.

**Naphtha**: A generic term applied to a petroleum fraction with an approximate boiling range between 122 and 400° F.

**Natural Gas**: A gaseous mixture of hydrocarbon compounds, primarily methane, used as a fuel for electricity generation and in a variety of ways in buildings, and as raw material input and fuel for industrial processes.

**Natural Gas, Dry**: Natural gas which remains after: 1) the liquefiable hydrocarbon portion has been removed from the gas stream (i.e., gas after lease, field, and/or plant

separation); and 2) any volumes of nonhydrocarbon gases have been removed where they occur in sufficient quantity to render the gas unmarketable. Note: Dry natural gas is also known as consumer-grade natural gas. The parameters for measurement are cubic feet at 60 degrees Fahrenheit and 14.73 pounds per square inch absolute.

Natural Gas (Dry) Production: The process of producing consumer-grade natural gas. Natural gas withdrawn from reservoirs is reduced by volumes used at the production (lease) site and by processing losses. Volumes used at the production site include 1) the volume returned to reservoirs in cycling, repressuring of oil reservoirs, and conservation operations; and 2) gas vented and flared. Processing losses include 1) nonhydrocarbon gases (e.g., water vapor, carbon dioxide, helium, hydrogen sulfide, and nitrogen) removed from the gas stream; and 2) gas converted to liquid form, such as lease condensate and plant liquids. Volumes of dry gas withdrawn from gas storage reservoirs are not considered part of production. Dry natural gas production equals marketed production less extraction loss.

**Natural Gas Marketed Production**: Gross withdrawals of natural gas from production reservoirs, less gas used for reservoir repressuring; nonhydrocarbon gases removed in treating and processing operations; and quantities vented and flared.

Natural Gas Plant Liquids (NGPL): Natural gas liquids recovered from natural gas in processing plants and, in some situations, from natural gas field facilities, as well as those extracted by fractionators. Natural gas plant liquids are defined according to the published specifications of the Gas Processors Association and the American Society for Testing and Material as follows: ethane, propane, normal butane, isobutane, pentanes plus, and other products from natural gas processing plants (i.e., products meeting the standards for finished petroleum products produced at natural gas processing plants, such as finished motor gasoline, finished aviation gasoline, special naphthas, kerosene, distillate fuel oil, and miscellaneous products).

Natural Gas Wellhead Price: The wellhead price of natural gas is calculated by dividing the total reported value at the wellhead by the total quantity produced as reported by the appropriate agencies of individual producing States and the U.S. Minerals Management Service. The price includes all costs prior to shipment from the lease, including gathering and compression costs, in addition to State production, severance, and similar charges.

**Natural Gasoline**: A mixture of hydrocarbons (mostly pentanes and heavier) extracted from natural gas that meets vapor pressure, end-point, and other specifications for natural gasoline set by the Gas Processors Association. Includes isopentane, which is a saturated branch-chain hydrocarbon obtained by fractionation of natural gasoline or isomerization of normal pentane.

**Net Summer Capacity**: The maximum output, commonly expressed in **kilowatts** (kW) or megawatts (MW), that generating equipment can supply to system load, as demonstrated by a multi-hour test, at the time of summer peak demand. This output reflects a reduction in capacity due to electricity use for station service or auxiliaries.

**Neutral Zone**: A 6,200 square-mile area shared equally between Kuwait and Saudi Arabia under a 1992 agreement. The Neutral Zone contains an estimated 5 billion barrels of oil and 8 trillion cubic feet of natural gas.

**Nonhydrocarbon Gases**: Typical nonhydrocarbon gases that may be present in reservoir natural gas are carbon dioxide, helium, hydrogen sulfide, and nitrogen.

**Nuclear Electric Power (Nuclear Power)**: Electricity generated by the use of the thermal energy released from the fission of nuclear fuel in a reactor.

**Nuclear Electric Power Plant**: A single-unit or multiunit facility in which heat produced in one or more reactors by the fissioning of nuclear fuel is used to drive one or more steam turbines.

**Nuclear Reactor**: A device in which a nuclear fission chain reaction occurs under controlled conditions so that the heat yield can be harnessed or the neutron beams utilized.

**Offshore**: That geographic area that lies seaward of the coastline. In general, the coastline is the line of ordinary low water along with that portion of the coast that is in direct contact with the open sea or the line marking the seaward limit of inland water.

Oil: See Crude Oil.

**Operable Unit (Nuclear)**: In the United States, a nuclear generating unit that has completed low-power testing and been issued a full-power operating license by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, or equivalent permission to operate.

Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD): Members are Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Faeroe Islands, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Greenland, Hawaiian Trade Zone, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Mexico, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, United Kingdom, and United States and its territories (Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands). In addition, Czech Republic, Hungary, Poland, and South Korea joined the OECD in 1996.

**Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries** (**OPEC**): Countries that have organized for the purpose of negotiating with oil companies on matters of oil production, prices, and future concession rights. Current members are

Algeria, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, and Venezuela.

**Oxygenates**: Substances which, when added to gasoline, increase the amount of oxygen in that gasoline blend. Ethanol, Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether (MTBE), Ethyl Tertiary Butyl Ether (ETBE), and methanol are common oxygenates.

**PAD Districts**: Petroleum Administration for Defense Districts. Geographic aggregations of the 50 States and the District of Columbia into five districts for the Petroleum Administration for Defense in 1950. The districts were originally instituted for economic and geographic reasons as Petroleum Administration for War (PAW) Districts, which were established in 1942.

**Pentanes Plus**: A mixture of hydrocarbons, mostly pentanes and heavier, extracted from natural gas. Includes isopentane, natural gasoline, and plant condensate.

**Petrochemical Feedstocks**: Chemical feedstocks derived from petroleum principally for the manufacture of chemicals, synthetic rubber, and a variety of plastics.

**Petroleum**: A broadly defined class of liquid hydrocarbon mixtures. Included are crude oil, lease condensate, unfinished oils, refined products obtained from the processing of crude oil, and natural gas plant liquids. Note: Volumes of finished petroleum products include nonhydrocarbon compounds, such as additives and detergents, after they have been blended into the products.

Petroleum Coke: See Coke, Petroleum.

**Petroleum Consumption: See Products Supplied.** 

**Petroleum Imports**: Imports of petroleum into the 50 States and the District of Columbia from foreign countries and from Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and other U.S. territories and possessions. Included are imports for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve and withdrawals from bonded warehouses for onshore consumption, offshore bunker use, and military use. Excluded are receipts of foreign petroleum into bonded warehouses and into U.S. territories and U.S. Foreign Trade Zones.

**Petroleum Products**: Products obtained from the processing of crude oil (including lease condensate), natural gas, and other hydrocarbon compounds. Petroleum products include unfinished oils, liquefied petroleum gases, pentanes plus, aviation gasoline, motor gasoline, naphtha-type jet fuel, kerosene-type jet fuel, kerosene, distillate fuel oil, residual fuel oil, petrochemical feedstocks, special naphthas, lubricants, waxes, petroleum coke, asphalt, road oil, still gas, and miscellaneous products.

**Petroleum Stocks, Primary**: For individual products, quantities that are held at refineries, in pipelines, and at bulk terminals that have a capacity of 50,000 barrels or more, or that are in transit thereto. Stocks held by product retailers and resellers, as well as tertiary stocks held at the point of consumption, are excluded. Stocks of individual products held at gas processing plants are excluded from individual product estimates but are included in other oils estimates and total.

**Photovoltaic Energy**: Direct-current electricity generated from sunlight through solid-state semiconductor devices that have no moving parts.

**Pipeline Fuel**: Gas consumed in the operation of pipelines, primarily in compressors.

**Plant Condensate**: One of the natural gas liquids, mostly pentanes and heavier hydrocarbons, recovered and separated as liquid at gas inlet separators or scrubbers in processing plants.

**Prime Mover:** The engine, turbine, water wheel, or similar machine that drives an electric generator; or, for reporting purposes, a device that converts energy to electricity directly.

**Primary Consumption**: Includes consumption of coal, natural gas, petroleum, nuclear electric power, conventional hydroelectric power, wood, waste, alcohol fuels, geothermal, solar, wind, net imports of coal coke, and net imports of electricity.

**Products Supplied:** The sum of all refined petroleum products supplied. For each refined petroleum product, the amount supplied is calculated by adding production and imports, then subtracting changes in primary stocks (net withdrawals are a plus quantity and net additions are a minus quantity) and exports.

**Propane**: A normally gaseous straight-chain hydrocarbon ( $C_3H_8$ ). It is a colorless paraffinic gas that boils at a temperature of -43.67° F. It is extracted from natural gas or refinery gas streams. It includes all products designated in ASTM Specification D1835 and Gas Processors Association Specifications for commercial propane and HD-5 propane.

**Propylene**: An olefinic hydrocarbon (C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>6</sub>) recovered from refinery or petrochemical processes.

**Refiner Acquisition Cost of Crude Oil:** The cost of crude oil to the refiner, including transportation and fees. The composite cost is the weighted average of domestic and imported crude oil costs.

**Refinery** (**Petroleum**): An installation that manufactures finished petroleum products from crude oil, unfinished oils, natural gas liquids, other hydrocarbons, and alcohol.

Renewable Energy: Energy obtained from sources that are essentially inexhaustible (unlike, for example, the fossil fuels, of which there is a finite supply). Renewable sources of energy include conventional hydrolectric power, wood, waste, alcohol fuels, geothermal, solar, and wind.

**Repressuring**: The injection of a pressurized fluid (such as air, gas, or water) into oil and gas reservoir formations to effect greater ultimate recovery.

**Residential Sector**: An energy-consuming sector that consists of living quarters for private households. Common uses of energy associated with this sector include space heating, water heating, air conditioning, lighting, refrigeration, cooking, and running a variety of other appliances. The residential sector excludes institutional living quarters. *Note:* Various EIA programs differ in sectoral coverage—for more information see

http://www.eia.doe.gov/neic/datadefinitions/Guideforwebres.htm. See End-Use Sectors and Energy-Use Sectors.

**Residual Fuel Oil:** The heavier oils that remain after the distillate fuel oils and lighter hydrocarbons are distilled away in refinery operations and that conform to ASTM Specifications D396 and 975. Included are No. 5, a residual fuel oil of medium viscosity; Navy Special, for use in steampowered vessels in government service and in shore power plants; and No. 6, which includes Bunker C fuel oil and is used for commercial and industrial heating, for electricity generation, and to power ships. Imports of residual fuel oil include imported crude oil burned as fuel.

**Road Oil:** Any heavy petroleum oil, including residual asphaltic oil used as a dust palliative and surface treatment on roads and highways. It is generally produced in six grades, from 0, the most liquid, to 5, the most viscous.

**Rotary Rig**: A machine used for drilling wells that employs a rotating tube attached to a bit for boring holes through rock.

**Short Ton (Coal)**: A unit of weight equal to 2,000 pounds.

**SIC** (Standard Industrial Classification): A set of codes developed by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget which categorizes industries into groups with similar economic activities. Replaced by NAICS (North American Industry Classification System).

Solar Energy: See Solar Thermal Energy and Photovoltaic Energy.

**Solar Thermal Energy**: The radiant energy of the sun that can be converted into other forms of energy, such as heat or **electricity**.

**Special Naphthas**: All finished products within the naphtha boiling ranges that are used as paint thinner, cleaners or solvents. Those products are refined to a specified flash

point. Special naphthas include all commercial hexane and cleaning solvents conforming to ASTM Specifications D1836 and D484, respectively. Naphthas to be blended or marketed as motor gasoline or aviation gasoline, or that are to be used as petrochemical and synthetic natural gas (SNG) feedstocks, are excluded.

**Station Use**: Energy that is used to operate an **electric power plant**. It includes energy consumed for plant lighting, power, and auxiliary facilities, regardless of whether the energy is produced at the plant or comes from another source.

Steam Coal: All nonmetallurgical coal.

**Steam-Electric Power Plant**: A plant in which the prime mover is a steam turbine. The steam used to drive the turbine is produced in a boiler where fossil fuels are burned.

**Still Gas (Refinery Gas)**: Any form or mixture of gas produced in refineries by distillation, cracking, reforming, and other processes. The principal constituents are methane, ethane, ethylene, normal butane, butylene, propane, and propylene. It is used primarily as refinery fuel and, petrochemical feedstock.

**Stocks**: See Coal Stocks, Crude Oil Stocks, or Petroleum Stocks, Primary.

**Strategic Petroleum Reserve (SPR)**: Petroleum stocks maintained by the Federal Government for use during periods of major supply interruption.

**Subbituminous Coal:** A **coal** whose properties range from those of **lignite** to those of **bituminous coal** and used primarily as fuel for steam-electric power generation. It may be dull, dark brown to black, soft and crumbly, at the lower end of the range, to bright, jet black, hard, and relatively strong, at the upper end. Subbituminous coal contains 20 to 30 percent inherent moisture by weight. The heat content of subbituminous coal ranges from 17 to 24 million **Btu** per **short ton** on a moist, mineral-matter-free basis. The heat content of subbituminous coal consumed in the United States averages 17 to 18 million Btu per ton, on the as-received basis (i.e., containing both inherent moisture and mineral matter).

**Supplemental Gaseous Fuels**: Synthetic natural gas, propane-air, coke oven gas, refinery gas, biomass gas, air injected for Btu stabilization, and manufactured gas commingled and distributed with natural gas.

**Synthetic Natural Gas (SNG)**: (Also referred to as substitute natural gas) A manufactured product, chemically similar in most respects to natural gas, resulting from the conversion or reforming of petroleum hydrocarbons that may easily be substituted for or interchanged with pipelinequality natural gas.

#### Thermal Conversion Factor: See Conversion Factor.

**Transportation Sector**: An energy-consuming sector that consists of all vehicles whose primary purpose is transporting people and/or goods from one physical location to

another. Included are automobiles; trucks; buses; motorcycles; trains, subways, and other rail vehicles; aircraft; and ships, barges, and other waterborne vehicles. Vehicles whose primary purpose is not transportation (e.g., construction cranes and bulldozers, farming vehicles, and warehouse tractors and forklifts) are classified in the sector of their primary use. Note: Various EIA programs differ in sectoral coverage—for more information see

http://www.eia.doe.gov/neic/datadefinitions/Guideforwebtrans.htm. See End–Use Sectors and Energy–Use Sectors

**Unaccounted-for Crude Oil**: Represents the arithmetic difference between the calculated supply and the calculated disposition of crude oil. The calculated supply is the sum of **crude oil** production plus imports minus changes in crude oil stocks. The calculated disposition of crude oil is the sum of crude oil input to refineries, crude oil exports, crude oil burned as fuel, and crude oil losses.

**Unfinished Oils:** All oils requiring further refinery processing except those requiring only mechanical blending. Includes naphthas and lighter oils, kerosene and light gas oils, heavy gas oils, and residuum.

**Unfractionated Stream**: Mixtures of unsegregated natural gas liquid components, excluding those in plant condensate. This product is extracted from natural gas.

**Underground Storage**: The storage of natural gas in underground reservoirs at a different location from which it was produced.

**United States**: The 50 States and the District of Columbia. Note: The United States has varying degrees of jurisdiction over a number of territories and other political entities outside the 50 States and the District of Columbia, including Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, Johnston Atoll, Midway Islands, Wake Island, and the Northern Mariana Islands. EIA data programs may include data from some or all of these areas in U.S. totals. For these programs, data products will contain notes explaining the extent of geographic coverage included under the term "United States."

**Useful Thermal Output**: The thermal energy made available in a combined-heat-and-power system for use in any industrial or commercial process, heating or cooling application, or delivered to other end users, i.e., total thermal energy made available for processes and applications other than electrical generation.

U.S.S.R.: The Union of Soviet Socialist Republics consisted of 15 constituent republics: Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Estonia, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Moldova, Russia, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, and Uzbekistan. As a political entity, the U.S.S.R. ceased to exist as of December 31, 1991.

**Vented Natural Gas**: Gas released into the air on the production site or at processing plants.

**Vessel Bunkering**: Includes sales for the fueling of commercial or private boats, such as pleasure craft, fishing boats, tugboats, and ocean-going vessels, including vessels operated by oil companies. Excluded are volumes sold to the U.S. Armed Forces.

Waste Coal: Usable coal material that is a byproduct of previous processing operations or is recaptured from what would otherwise be refuse. Examples include anthracite culm, bituminous gob, fine coal, lignite waste, coal recovered from a refuse bank or slurry dam, and coal recovered by dredging.

Waste Energy: Municipal solid waste, landfill gas, methane, digester gas, liquid acetonitrile waste, tall oil, waste alcohol, medical waste, paper pellets, sludge waste, solid byproducts, tires, agricultural byproducts, closed loop biomass, fish oil, and straw used as fuel.

**Watt** (**W**): The unit of electrical power equal to one ampere under a pressure of one volt. A watt is equal to 1/746 horsepower.

Watthour (Wh): The electrical energy unit of measure equal to one watt of power supplied to, or taken from, an electric circuit steadily for one hour.

Waxes: Solid or semisolid material derived from petroleum distillates or residues. Waxes are light-colored, more or less translucent crystalline masses, slightly greasy to the touch, consisting of a mixture of solid hydrocarbons in which the paraffin series predominates. Included are all marketable waxes, whether crude scale or fully refined. Waxes are used primarily as industrial coating for surface protection.

Wellhead Price: The value of crude oil or natural gas at the mouth of the well.

**Wind Energy**: Kinetic energy present in wind motion that can be converted to mechanical energy for driving pumps, mills, and electric power generators.

**Wood Energy**: Wood and wood products used as fuel, including round wood (cord wood), limb wood, wood chips, bark, sawdust, forest residues, charcoal, pulp waste, and spent pulping liquor.

**Working Gas**: The volume of gas in a reservoir that is in addition to the base gas. It may or may not be completely withdrawn during any particular withdrawal season.



# International Energy Information

from the Energy Information Administration

The items described below are available on EIA's Web site at www.eia.doe.gov. Some are also available in print. For more information on these and other EIA products, contact the National Energy Information Center (NEIC) at infoctr@eia.doe.gov or 202-586-8800.

#### International Energy Annual

World energy consumption and production data by country for major forms of energy (petroleum, natural gas, coal, and electricity).

#### International Energy Outlook

Scenario-based forecasts through 2025 of world energy demand by sector and fuel, plus discussion of electricity, transportation, and environmental issues.

#### International Petroleum Monthly

Monthly summary of world petroleum production, demand, stocks, and imports data.

#### Short-Term Energy Outlook

Monthly discussion and forecast of international oil markets (crude oil prices and international oil demand, supply, and stocks).

#### **OPEC Fact Sheet**

Monthly discussion, analysis, and data on the activities of the Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries and its member countries in the international oil market.

#### Country Analysis Briefs

Detailed data and analyses on the energy situation in over 100 countries, regions, and organizations. Also included are "special topic" reports, as well as a monthly and an annual chronology of major energy developments.

#### Annual Energy Review

Time series data for energy production, consumption, capacity, reserves, and prices, worldwide and by selected countries and regions.

#### Monthly Energy Review

Monthly data on crude oil production, petroleum consumption, and petroleum stocks, worldwide and by selected countries and regions.

#### Foreign Direct Investment in U.S. Energy

Analysis of foreign direct investment in U.S. energy resources, assets, and companies, describing the role of foreign ownership in U.S. energy enterprises with respect to acquisitions and divestitures, cumulative net investment (including net loans), capital investment, energy operations, and financial performance.

#### Performance Profiles of Major Energy Producers

Report on the worldwide investment activities and operations of the major U.S. energy-producing companies.



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### Annual Energy Outlook 2006 (Early Release)

The Energy Information Administration's midterm forecast and analysis of annual U.S. energy supply, demand, and prices through 2030. The projections are based on results from the National Energy Modeling System (NEMS). The *Annual Energy Outlook 2006, (Early Release)*, includes the reference case. The full publication, to be released in early 2006, will include complete documentation and additional cases examining energy markets.

## Short-Term Energy Outlook

The Energy Information Administration's forecast of monthly U.S. energy supply, demand, and prices running through 2006. The *Short-Term Energy Outlook* is updated monthly and includes the "Winter Fuels Outlook" in October and the "Summer Fuels Outlook" in April each year.

## International Energy Outlook 2005

The Energy Information Administration's annual assessment of international energy markets through 2025, including U.S. projections that are consistent with those published in the *Annual Energy Outlook 2005*, which was prepared using the National Energy Modeling System (NEMS).

## **Modeling Systems and Documentation**

For description and documentation of the Energy Information Administration models and forecasts, go to the EIA Web site at: http://www.eia.doe.gov/oiaf/forecasting.html.