United States International Trade Commission

Year in Review

The Commissioners

Shara L. Aranoff, Chairman Daniel R. Pearson, Vice Chairman Deanna Tanner Okun Charlotte R. Lane Irving A. Williamson Dean A. Pinkert

Fiscal Year 2008

USITC Internet Homepage: *www.usitc.gov*

Address all communications to: United States International Trade Commission 500 E Street, SW Washington, DC 20436

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Message from the Chairman

I am pleased to introduce the U.S. International Trade Commission's Year in Review for fiscal year 2008. Over the past 12 months, our agency has continued to face successfully the numerous challenges posed by import injury investigations, sunset reviews, unfair import injury investigations, and the demands placed upon our research program in order to provide timely, objective, and expert information and advice regarding trade issues to the Administration and Congress.

In FY 2008, the Commission saw 88 active section 337 intellectual property investigations or ancillary proceedings, an increase compared to 73 in FY 2007. These complex investigations included a wide range of products and processes related to telecommunications, pharmaceuticals, and microelectronic devices, among others. In FY 2008, the Commission instituted 50 new investigations, compared to 33 in FY 2007, and completed 38 investigations. The 337 investigations form the fastest growing docket for the Commission, and we continue to explore ways in which to address this growth and maintain our agency's high standards of timeliness and comprehensiveness. Actions we took in FY 2008 included the hiring of two additional administrative law judges, with another scheduled to start early in FY 2009, to bring our total number of ALJs to six; the appointment of a Chief Administrative Law Judge; preparation for a pilot mediation program; and steps toward acquiring additional space in our building at 500 E Street SW for a third hearing room dedicated to these proceedings.

The Commission's import injury, or title VII, workload also continued at a strong pace. Title VII cases include original antidumping and countervailing duty investigations, as well as five-year (sunset) reviews. Twenty-six new import injury investigations were filed in FY 2008, down from 37 in FY 2007, and 39 final phase investigations were instituted as cases begun in FY 2007 moved toward completion. Expedited and full five-year sunset reviews were down slightly compared with FY 2007 but down considerably from FY 2005 and FY 2006 levels, related to the cyclical nature of such reviews. The Commission also considered several remands that involved re-opened records. Products investigated included innerspring units for mattresses, steel wire hangers, and raw flexible magnets.

In FY 2008, the Commission instituted 10 new requests for factfinding and probable economic effects studies under section 332 of the Tariff Act of 1930, section 131 of the Trade Act of 1974, and section 2104 of the Trade Act of 2002, requested by the United States Trade Representative or the Congress. A total of 33 active investigations were underway during the year, and 14 reports were completed. Topics covered in these studies included industrial biotechnology, wood flooring, global beef trade, and commercial availability of denim fabric in AGOA countries. In addition, Commission staff completed 93 research initiatives, including articles, staff papers, and formal presentations, and hosted a well-attended Services Trade Roundtable, which is intended to become an annual event.

On an administrative front, the Commission continued to take steps to meet its strategic and human capital needs and address increased requirements in the information technology and security areas, including further steps in developing its Continuity of Operations Plan and increased efforts aimed at improving the capacity and security of its data systems. Further, the Commission successfully implemented a new automated financial system, which will contribute over time to improved efficiencies in payroll, budgeting, and procurement. For the fifth year in a row, the Commission received a clean opinion from its auditors for the FY 2008 financial statement.

On a personal note, I am honored to have been designated by the President to serve as Chairman of the Commission, the agency at which I first entered public service 15 years ago. I am privileged to serve with the skilled and dedicated staff of the Commission, whose commitment to the agency's mission and constant initiatives to improve our work products create a culture of excellence. I look forward to the new challenges facing the Commission in the coming year.

Shara L. Aranoff Chairman December 2008

The Commission

The USITC is an independent, quasi-judicial federal agency established by Congress with a wide range of trade-related mandates.

Under its factfinding authority, the USITC exercises broad investigative powers on matters of trade. In its adjudicative role, the USITC makes determinations with respect to certain unfair trade practices. Through its research, the USITC is also a national resource where trade data are gathered and analyzed. Information and analysis are provided to the executive branch and the Congress to assist them in developing U.S. trade policy.

The USITC's mission is threefold: to administer U.S. trade remedy laws in a fair and objective manner; to provide the President, the U.S. Trade Representative (USTR), and the Congress with independent, quality analysis, information, and support on matters of tariffs and international trade and competitiveness; and to maintain the Harmonized Tariff Schedule (HTS) of the United States. In doing so, the USITC serves the public by implementing U.S. law and contributing to the development and implementation of sound and informed U.S. trade policy.

The USITC fulfills its mission and serves the nation through five major operations. These are:

- import injury investigations, which involve determining whether certain unfairly traded imports (antidumping and countervailing duty investigations) as well as increased imports (global and bilateral safeguard investigations) injure or threaten to injure U.S. industries;
- intellectual property-based import investigations, which involve directing actions, subject to Presidential disapproval, against certain unfair practices in import trade, such as patent and trademark infringement;
- industry and economic analysis, which involves conducting objective analyses of major trade-related issues; estimating the probable economic effects of trade agreements; and analyzing the competitiveness of specific industries, seeking to identify economic factors within the industry as well as external factors that affect the industry's competitiveness;
- trade information services, through which reliable and timely trade information and analysis is developed and delivered to the Commission, the Congress, the executive branch, and the general public; and
- trade policy support, which involves direct technical support by USITC staff to the USTR, congressional committees and Members of Congress, interagency committees, and U.S. delegations to multilateral trade organizations, such as the World Trade Organization.

The six Commissioners are appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate for terms of nine years, unless appointed to fill an unexpired term. The terms are set by statute and are staggered so that a different term expires every 18 months. A Commissioner who has served for more than five years is ineligible for reappointment. No more than three Commissioners may be members of the same political party. The Chairman and the Vice

Chairman are designated by the President and serve for a statutory two-year term. The Chairman may not be of the same political party as the preceding Chairman, nor may the President designate two Commissioners of the same political party as the Chairman and Vice Chairman.

The Commissioners

Shara L. Aranoff, a Democrat of Maryland, was designated Chairman of the USITC by President George W. Bush for the term ending June 16, 2010. She was appointed by President Bush and sworn in as a member of the Commission on September 6, 2005, for the term ending December 16, 2012. She served as USITC Vice Chairman from June 17, 2006, through June 16, 2008. Prior to her USITC appointment, Ms. Aranoff was Senior International Trade Counsel on the Democratic staff of the U.S. Senate Committee on Finance, where she was responsible for legislative and policy issues on international trade and investment, including the Trade Act of 2002; negotiations involving the World Trade Organization, the Free Trade Area of the Americas, and numerous free trade agreements; trade remedy laws; Trade Adjustment Assistance; and trade-related environment and labor issues. From June 1993 until her Senate Finance Committee appointment in January 2001, she served as an Attorney-Advisor in the Office of the General Counsel at the U.S. International Trade Commission. Earlier in her career, Ms. Aranoff was an Associate at the Washington, DC, law firm of Steptoe & Johnson, specializing in international trade and public international law. Prior to that, she served as a judicial clerk for the Honorable Herbert P. Wilkins, Associate Justice, Massachusetts Supreme Judicial Court. Ms. Aranoff holds a bachelor of arts degree from the Woodrow Wilson School of Public and International Affairs at Princeton University. She received her J.D. from Harvard Law School. She attended the Institut Universitaire de Hautes Etudes Internationales at the University of Geneva in Switerzland as a Fulbright Scholar from 1984-1985.

Daniel R. Pearson, a Republican of Minnesota, was designated Vice Chairman of the USITC by President George W. Bush for the term ending June 16, 2010. He was appointed by President Bush on August 22, 2003, as a recess appointment. On November 21, 2004, he was confirmed by the U.S. Senate and was sworn in on December 7, 2004, for the Commission term ending June 16, 2011. He served as USITC Chairman from June 17, 2006, through June 16, 2008. Prior to his USITC appointment, Mr. Pearson was Assistant Vice President of Public Affairs for Cargill, Inc., in Minneapolis, MN, where his work focused primarily on trade policy issues, including the World Trade Organization agricultural negotiations, the efforts of China and other countries to join the WTO, the global "level playing field" initiative for the oilseed sector, the U.S.-Mexico sweetener dispute, and the effects of domestic agricultural policies on U.S. competitiveness. Before his appointment to Assistant Vice President, he served as a policy analyst in the public affairs department from 1987 to 1998. From 1981 to 1987, Mr. Pearson was the agricultural legislative assistant to Senator Rudy Boschwitz in Washington, DC, where he was responsible for legislative and regulatory issues under the jurisdiction of the Senate Agricultural Committee. He also served as staff for the Subcommittee on Foreign Agricultural Policy, chaired by Senator Boschwitz. From 1979 to 1980, Mr. Pearson farmed in a diversified 800-acre operation with his father and brother in Ogilvie, Minnesota. His extensive experience encompasses both trade-related matters and hands-on agricultural work. He holds Bachelor of Science and Master of Science degrees in agriculture and applied economics from the University of Minnesota.

Deanna Tanner Okun, a Republican of Idaho, was appointed by President Bill Clinton and sworn in as a member of the Commission on January 3, 2000, for the Commission term expiring on June 16, 2008. She served as Chairman of the USITC from June 17, 2002, to June 16, 2004, and as Vice Chairman of the USITC from June 17, 2004, through June 16, 2006, and from June 17, 2000, through June 16, 2002. Prior to her appointment, Ms. Okun served as counsel for international affairs to Senator Frank Murkowski (R-AK) from 1993 to 1999, where she was responsible for the international trade issues with which the Senator was involved as a member of the Senate Committee on Finance. She also handled international energy and foreign relations issues for the Senator in his position as Chairman of the Senate Energy and Natural Resources Committee. Earlier, Ms. Okun served as a legislative assistant to Senator Murkowski, responsible for his Foreign Relations Committee work, with an emphasis on East Asian affairs. Prior to her work with the Senator, Ms. Okun was an associate attorney and member of the International Trade Group at the Washington, DC, law firm of Hogan & Hartson. Earlier in her career, she was a research associate specializing in trade at the Competitive Enterprise Institute in Washington, DC. She holds a Bachelor of Arts degree in political science with honors from Utah State University and received her J.D. with honors from the Duke University School of Law.

Charlotte R. Lane, a Republican of West Virginia, was appointed by President George W. Bush and sworn in as a member of the Commission on August 27, 2003, as a recess appointment. On November 21, 2004, she was confirmed by the U.S. Senate and was sworn in on December 7, 2004, for the Commission term ending December 16, 2009. Prior to her appointment, Ms. Lane served as a member of the West Virginia Public Service Commission from 1997 to 2003 and was Chairman of that Commission from 1997 to 2001. She previously served as a Commissioner on the West Virginia Public Service Commission from 1985 to 1989. Ms. Lane served as a Member of the West Virginia House of Delegates from Kanawha County in the years 1979 to 1980, 1984, and 1990 to 1992. Ms. Lane has practiced law since 1972 in federal and state courts in West Virginia. She also served as Interim United States Attorney for the Southern District of West Virginia in 1987. Ms. Lane has been active in local and state organizations and previously served as president of the West Virginia Bar Association, president of the Charleston Rotary Club, and president of the Mid-Atlantic Conference of Regulatory Utility Commissioners. Ms. Lane holds a Bachelor of Arts degree from Marshall University and received her Juris Doctor degree from West Virginia University College of Law.

Irving A. Williamson, a Democrat of New York, was appointed by President George W. Bush and sworn in as a member of the Commission on February 7, 2007, for a term ending June 16, 2014. Mr. Williamson has more than 40 years of experience in the international and trade policy fields. Prior to his appointment, he was for seven years President of Williamson International Trade Strategies, Inc., a New York-based consulting firm that advised clients on legal, policy, and regulatory issues affecting international trade and business. As a consultant, he worked with over 20 U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID) and other donor-funded projects, advising countries on World Trade Organization (WTO) accession, compliance, and participation; he has also conducted WTO and other trade-related training programs all over the world. Much of his work focused on trade with Africa and the Middle East. From 1993 to 1998, Mr. Williamson was Deputy General Counsel in the Office of the U.S. Trade Representative (USTR), where he served as chairman of the interagency Section 301 Committee, which investigated foreign trade barriers, and worked on implementing legislation for the WTO and the North American Free Trade Agreement. He served as acting general counsel for seven months, helping manage a 14-attorney office that was engaged in more than 30 dispute settlement proceedings and which was named best government international law office in May 1997. He played a role in developing President Bill Clinton's Partnership for Economic Growth and Opportunity in Africa initiative and represented USTR in negotiations with the Congress on the African Growth and Opportunity Act legislation. Following his USTR service, Mr. Williamson was Vice President for Trade, Investment, and Economic Development Programs at the Africa-America Institute in New York. From 1985-1993, he was the manager of trade policy for the Port Authority of New York and New Jersey. Prior to that, he served for 18 years as a Foreign Service Officer with the U.S. Department of State. Mr. Williamson holds a Bachelor of Arts degree in history from Brown University, a Master of Arts degree in international relations with an emphasis on African studies and international economics from the Johns Hopkins School of Advanced International Studies, and a Juris Doctor degree from the George Washington University Law School.

Dean A. Pinkert, a Democrat of Virginia, was appointed by President George W. Bush and sworn in as a member of the Commission on February 26, 2007, for the term ending December 16, 2015. Prior to his appointment, Mr. Pinkert was a senior attorney in the Office of the Chief Counsel for Import Administration at the U.S. Department of Commerce. In that position, his work included serving as liaison with U.S. Customs and Border Protection, counsel to the Foreign Trade Zone program, advisor to the U.S. Trade Representative in various trade negotiations (including the softwood lumber negotiations), and litigation counsel in antidumping and countervailing duty matters before domestic and international tribunals. He was an attorney-advisor in the Office of the Chief Counsel for Import Administration at an earlier stage of his career. Between his Commerce Department positions, during 2001, Mr. Pinkert served as the Trade and Judiciary Counsel to Senator Robert C. Byrd (D-WV), and from 1998 through 2000, he was a senior associate in the Litigation and Trade group in the Washington, DC, office of King & Spalding, where he represented U.S. companies in antidumping and countervailing duty investigations. He also handled, and supervised, export control matters for the group. Mr. Pinkert holds a Bachelor of Arts degree with high honors from Oberlin College, a Juris Doctor degree with honors from the University of Texas School of Law, and a Master of Laws degree with merit from the London School of Economics and Political Science.

Introduction

The U.S. International Trade Commission continued to manage a heavy caseload during fiscal year 2008, as well as to lay the groundwork for new information technology tools that will debut in early fiscal year 2009. It was a busy and exciting year as the Commission grappled with space and resource constraints that complicated its efforts to address a still-growing level of intellectual property infringement cases being filed under section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930.

The Commission's section 337 investigation caseload continued to increase during the year, extending the trend of recent years. The Commission had 88 active section 337 proceedings underway during FY 2008, including 43 new investigations and 7 new ancillary proceedings based on previously concluded section 337 investigations. Two new administrative law judges, Theodore R. Essex and Robert K. Rogers, joined the USITC during the year, and the Commission was preparing to welcome a sixth judge early in FY 2009. During FY 2008, the Commission also named Judge Paul J. Luckern to serve as Chief Administrative Law Judge. In addition to hiring additional judges to handle the growing caseload, the Commission explored ways to find the additional courtroom space it requires, including temporary arrangements with area courts and potential long-term space acquisition within the building it occupies. Information on the Commission's section 337 activity can be found starting on page 13 of this report.

Filings under title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930 (antidumping and countervailing duty investigations) also rose during FY 2008, with 26 new title VII investigations filed and 22 five-year (sunset) reviews instituted. Details can be found on page 12 of this report.

The Commission continued to produce quality reports and provide expert technical assistance to policymakers under its Research and Economic Analysis program during FY 2008. Synopses of the general factfinding and economic effect investigations that were completed or in progress during the year can be found starting on page 15 and in Appendix B of this report.

The USITC's information technology activities advanced significantly during FY 2008. The agency implemented enhancements to its Electronic Document Information System (EDIS) to allow respondents in USITC import injury investigations to submit questionnaire responses electronically, and it moved into the final development stage of a re-engineered EDIS that will be released in FY 2009. The agency also neared completion of an online search tool for the Harmonized Tariff Schedule (HTS). The search tool will be a user-friendly means of accessing current and accurate HTS data, including the most recent classification rules on the Customs Ruling Online Search System (CROSS), direct links to HTS Chapter 99 entries and footnotes, and a thesaurus that allows the use of common terminology to search the HTS.

Internally, the USITC completed the first phase of a new performance management system in FY 2008, with full implementation scheduled to be completed in FY 2009. A new financial management system from the Department of the Interior was also implemented during the year, with a related and integrated procurement module scheduled to be developed during FY 2009. In addition, the agency completed a massive effort (as part of its new 10-year lease) to repaint and recarpet its entire office space during FY 2008.

Finally, a new Chairman and Vice Chairman took the helm during FY 2008. Shara L. Aranoff and Daniel R. Pearson were designated by the President to serve as Chairman and Vice Chairman of the USITC, respectively, from June 17, 2008, to June 16, 2010.

Part One: Commission Activities and Accomplishments

Operation 1: Import Injury Investigations

The USITC determines whether imports are injuring or threatening to injure U.S. industries under a number of trade laws. Import injury investigations at the USITC include antidumping and countervailing duty investigations and five-year (sunset) reviews under title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930; global safeguard (escape clause), China safeguard, and market disruption investigations under the Trade Act of 1974; bilateral safeguard investigations under section 302 of the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA) Implementation Act of 1994; and investigations under section 22 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act.

The Commissioners base their determinations in import injury investigations on the requirements of the appropriate law and the factual record built in each investigation. The Commissioners publish their opinions in import injury investigations, which are subject to judicial review (see appendix C for details on each investigation type).

In each investigation, the Commission and an investigative staff team (which includes a supervisory investigator, an investigator, an accountant/auditor, an economist, a commodity-industry analyst, and an attorney) develop a thorough record of the conditions of competition within the domestic market of the industry under investigation. The Commissioners and the staff team employ a variety of fact-gathering techniques, which include (but are not limited to) industry-specific questionnaires, telephone interviews, plant visits, consultations with technical and marketing specialists, statements by the parties, public hearings, and reviews of industry and market literature.

The investigative team collects and analyzes the extensive data in each investigation, then presents an objective and comprehensive report to the Commission. Data presented in the staff's report include (but are not limited to) the industry's productive capacity, actual production, capacity utilization, domestic and export shipments, inventories, imports, domestic market shares held by U.S. and foreign suppliers, employment, hours worked, productivity, wages and total compensation paid, unit labor costs, pricing, distribution channels, and full financial data on the U.S. companies producing the product under investigation. Somewhat more limited information about the foreign industry producing the product under investigation is also collected and analyzed.

In the course of import injury investigations, USITC staff work closely with officials at the U.S. Department of Commerce, the U.S. Customs Service, parties to the investigations and their attorneys, and company officials for U.S. producers, importers, and purchasers of the product. In addition, members of Congress frequently testify at import injury hearings to enter the views and concerns of their constituents into the record of the investigation.

USITC determinations under the antidumping and countervailing duty and the five-year (sunset) review laws can be appealed to the Court of International Trade (and further appealed to the Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit). USITC attorneys represent the

Commission in these proceedings, and litigation is another critical aspect of the USITC's import injury investigation work. For information concerning import injury appeals during FY 2008, see appendix E.

Antidumping and countervailing duty investigations, five-year (sunset) reviews, and global safeguard investigations are the import injury investigations most frequently conducted by the USITC.

Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Investigations and Five-Year (Sunset) Reviews

Under title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930, U.S. industries may petition the government for relief from imports that are sold in the United States at less than fair value ("dumped") or that benefit from countervailable subsidies provided through foreign government programs ("subsidized"). Dumping and subsidizing are considered unfair trade practices.

Under the law, the U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) determines whether the dumping or subsidizing exists, and, if so, the margin of dumping or amount of the subsidy. The USITC determines whether the dumped or subsidized imports materially injure or threaten to materially injure the U.S. industry. If both agencies make affirmative final determinations on their separate issues, Commerce will issue an antidumping duty order to address dumping or a countervailing duty order to address subsidies. Commerce is required to revoke an antidumping or countervailing duty order, or terminate a suspension agreement, after five years unless Commerce determines that revoking the order or terminating the suspension agreement would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping or subsidies and the USITC determines that revoking the order or terminating the suspension agreement would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury within a reasonably foreseeable time.

A more detailed explanation of the antidumping and countervailing duty laws, including the five-year (sunset) review process, is included in appendix C.

Twenty-six title VII petitions were filed with the Commission in FY 2008. Twenty concerned allegations of dumping and six involved allegations of subsidies. The petitions covered a variety of products, including sodium metal; sodium nitrite; uncovered innerspring units; small diameter graphite electrodes; welded stainless steel pressure pipe; steel threaded rod; 1-Hydroxyethylidene-1, 1-diphosphonic acid (HEDP); frontseating service valves; circular welded carbon quality steel line pipe; citric acid; tow behind lawn groomers; and kitchen appliance shelving and racks. The Commission also finished work on a number of other cases that had been filed during FY 2007. See appendix A for a complete list of investigations and accompanying details.

The USITC instituted 22 five-year (sunset) reviews during FY 2008. A list of reviews is presented in appendix A, and the status of each review also can be found on the USITC's Internet site at *www.usitc.gov*.

Global Safeguard Investigations

Under section 201 of the Trade Act of 1974, domestic industries seriously injured or threatened with serious injury by increased imports may petition the USITC for import relief.

Section 201 does not require a finding of an unfair trade practice, as do the antidumping and countervailing duty laws. If the Commission makes an affirmative determination in a section 201 investigation, it recommends to the President relief that would remedy the injury and facilitate industry adjustment to import competition. The President makes the final decision whether to provide relief and the amount of relief.

Under section 204 of the law, the USITC conducts reviews to monitor industry adjustment during a period of relief granted under the global safeguard laws as well as to determine the effectiveness of relief provided under the laws at the conclusion of a relief period. A more detailed description of the global safeguard laws appears in appendix C.

The Commission instituted no global safeguard investigations or reviews during FY 2008.

China Safeguard Investigations

Section 421 was added to the Trade Act of 1974 by the U.S.-China Relations Act of 2000 and implements a transitional bilateral safeguard provision in the U.S.-China agreement relating to China's accession to the World Trade Organization. Domestic producers can obtain relief under this provision if the Commission finds that Chinese products are being imported into the United States in such increased quantities or under such conditions as to cause or threaten to cause market disruption to the domestic producers of like or directly competitive products. Similar to global safeguard investigations, if the Commission makes an affirmative determination, it also proposes a remedy to the President.

The President makes the final decision concerning whether to provide relief to the U.S. industry and if so, the type and duration of relief.

The Commission instituted no China safeguard investigations during FY 2008.

NAFTA Implementation Act

Under section 312 of the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA) Implementation Act, the Commission conducts investigations to determine whether a surge in imports from a NAFTA country or countries is undermining the effectiveness of a global safeguard relief action taken by the President. The Commission instituted no NAFTA safeguard (section 312) investigations during FY 2008.

Operation 2: Intellectual Property-Based Import Investigations

Under section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, the USITC conducts investigations into certain alleged unfair practices in import trade. Most complaints filed under this provision involve allegations of patent infringement or trademark infringement. A more detailed explanation of section 337 is included in appendix C.

Parties to section 337 investigations include the complainants, the respondents, and an attorney from the USITC's Office of Unfair Import Investigations (OUII), whose role is to investigate the allegations in the complaint and to represent the public interest. Representation of the public interest is important because the remedies available in section 337 investigations may also affect nonparties and U.S. consumers.

Section 337 investigations are conducted in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act and require formal evidentiary hearings before an Administrative Law Judge (ALJ). After the Commission has instituted an investigation, the matter is referred to the USITC's Chief Administrative Law Judge. Cases are assigned to one of the USITC's five ALJs, who, after an extensive discovery process, holds a hearing. The judge considers the evidentiary record and the arguments of the parties and makes an initial determination, including findings of fact and conclusions of law. Temporary relief may be granted in certain cases.

The Commission may review and adopt, modify, or reverse the ALJ's initial determination. If the Commission does not review the judge's decision, it becomes the Commission's final determination.

If the Commission determines that there is a violation of section 337, it may issue remedial orders that would exclude the products from entry into the United States and/or order entities to cease and desist from certain actions. Those orders are effective when issued and become final 60 days after issuance unless disapproved for policy reasons by the U.S. Trade Representative within that 60-day period.

Section 337 investigations usually involve complex factual and legal determinations. The spectrum of products and intellectual property rights that were the subject of section 337 investigations in FY 2008 was extremely broad. Many of the investigations that were active during FY 2008 concerned products in high technology areas. Approximately 40 percent of the active investigations involved integrated circuits or computer components, such as flash memory controllers, semiconductor chips with minimized chip package size, and dynamic random access memory devices. Additionally, a significant portion of the investigations involved consumer electronics products, such as GPS devices, digital televisions, and noise cancelling headphones. There were also a number of investigations involving small consumer items, including nitrile gloves, self-cleaning litterboxes, hair irons, and automotive parts. Other section 337 investigations active during the year focused on a variety of chemical compositions, including rubber antidegradants, sucralose, and R-134a coolant.

During FY 2008, there were 88 active section 337 investigations and related (ancillary) proceedings. Of those 88, the Commission instituted 43 new section 337 investigations and 7 new ancillary proceedings based on previously concluded section 337 investigations. All but seven of the section 337 matters active in FY 2008 involved allegations of patent infringement, including three investigations which included allegations of design patent infringement. Three of these patent-based investigations also included allegations of trademark or trade dress infringement. Six matters were based solely on allegations of trademark and/or trade dress infringement or dilution, and one investigation active in FY 2008 was based on allegations of trade secret misappropriation.

Nine of the section 337 matters active during FY 2008 were ancillary proceedings. These consisted of two advisory opinion proceedings, three enforcement proceedings, one consolidated advisory opinion and enforcement proceeding, one bond forfeiture proceeding, and two investigations remanded from the Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit. In FY 2008, the Commission issued 2 general exclusion orders, 5 limited exclusion orders, and 14 cease and desist orders. The Commission also ordered the partial forfeiture of bonds that had been posted by a respondent in one investigation. A full list of investigations and related proceedings completed appears in appendix A.

USITC determinations in section 337 investigations can be appealed to the Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit. USITC attorneys represent the Commission in these proceedings, and this appellate litigation is another critical aspect of the USITC's work under this operation. For information concerning section 337 appeals during FY 2008, see appendix E.

Operation 3: Industry and Economic Analysis

The USITC conducts research and analysis to support trade negotiators and policy decisionmakers. By maintaining the highest level of industry, economic, and regional trade expertise, the USITC has become a recognized leader in independent research and analysis through objective and timely studies. While most of the USITC's formal research is conducted through its general factfinding investigations under section 332 of the Tariff Act of 1930, the agency's work in this area also includes probable economic effect investigations under the Trade Act of 1974 as well as other major research initiatives, including an extensive array of staff publications, working papers, and research notes.

General Factfinding Investigations

Under section 332 of the Tariff Act of 1930, the USITC conducts general investigations on any matter involving tariffs or international trade.

These investigations include:

- probable effect studies, which analyze the likely effect of a proposed change in trade policy on U.S. trade levels, industry, and consumers (typically, these involve proposed multilateral trade agreements, free trade agreements between the United States and other countries, or changes in the tariff status of products under the U.S. Generalized System of Preferences or NAFTA);
- industry assessments, which analyze specific U.S. industries and provide information such as industry profiles, trade levels and trends, government policies affecting the industry, and strengths and weaknesses relative to foreign industry;
- negotiation background information, which examines specific foreign industries or countries to identify existing foreign trade barriers and compiles other background information to assist U.S. trade negotiators;
- customs or nomenclature investigations, which examine current practice, seek public input, and propose alternative methods or structures in the areas of customs procedures or tariff nomenclature;
- trade agreement analysis and sanctions analysis; and
- country and industry monitoring.

USITC general factfinding investigations are generally conducted at the request of the U.S. Trade Representative, the U.S. Senate's Committee on Finance, or the U.S. House of Representatives' Committee on Ways and Means. The resulting reports convey the Commission's objective findings and independent analyses on the subjects investigated. The Commission makes no recommendations on policy or other matters in its general

factfinding reports. Upon completion of each investigation, the USITC submits its findings and analyses to the requester. General factfinding investigation reports are subsequently released to the public, unless they are classified by the requester for national security reasons.

Investigative teams for general factfinding investigations typically include trade analysts, economists, and attorneys; nomenclature experts are also sometimes part of these teams. Fact-gathering techniques in USITC general factfinding investigations may include public hearings; written or phone surveys of U.S. producers, importers, and consumers; domestic and foreign fieldwork; interviews with industry, government, and academic experts; extensive literature review; and data compilation and analysis. Members of Congress often testify at Commission hearings in general factfinding investigations to share the views and concerns of their constituents. USITC Industry and Economic Analysis work incorporates numerous analytical approaches, including statistical (econometric) and simulation analyses. The type of simulation analysis used varies, depending on the nature of the investigation, and ranges from single-sector (partial equilibrium) to multisector and multicountry (general equilibrium). In order to support its general equilibrium modeling capabilities, the USITC uses both a global database and a more detailed (500 sector) database of the U.S. economy.

Probable Economic Effect Investigations

Under section 131 of the Trade Act of 1974, at the request of the President, the USITC investigates the effects on U.S. industries and consumers of possible tariff modifications resulting from trade agreements and of duty-free entry of specific products from developing countries under the Generalized System of Preferences.

Under section 2104(b) of the Trade Act of 2002, at the request of the USTR, the USITC assesses the probable economic effect on the U.S. industry producing the product concerned and on the U.S. economy as a whole of a tariff reduction on import-sensitive agricultural products.

Under section 2104(f) of the Trade Act of 2002, the USITC provides the President and the Congress with a report that assesses the likely impact on the U.S. economy as a whole and on specific industry sectors and the interests of U.S. consumers of proposed free trade agreements with foreign countries.

Other Investigations

Under section 112(c)(2) of the African Growth and Opportunity Act (AGOA), the USITC makes determinations relating to the commercial availability and use of regional fabric or yarn in lesser developed beneficiary sub-Saharan African countries in the production of apparel articles receiving U.S. preferential treatment under the AGOA.

In 2008, the Commission conducted two investigations under section 112(c)(2) of the African Growth and Opportunity Act (AGOA). In the first investigation, Inv. No. AGOA-002, *Denim Fabric: Use in AGOA Countries During Fiscal Year 2007*, the USITC determined that the quantity of denim fabric produced in beneficiary sub-Saharan African (SSA) countries for use by lesser-developed beneficiary (LDB) SSA countries that was

used in the production of apparel articles receiving U.S. preferential treatment during the period October 1, 2006, through September 30, 2007 (fiscal year 2007) was 21,120,000 square meter equivalents (SMEs).

In the second investigation, Inv. No. AGOA-003, *Denim Fabric: Commercial Availability in AGOA Countries During Fiscal Year 2009*, the Commission determined that denim fabric produced in beneficiary sub-Saharan African (SSA) countries will be available in commercial quantities during the period October 1, 2008, through September 30, 2009, for use by lesser developed beneficiary SSA countries in the production of apparel articles receiving U.S. preferential treatment. Chairman Shara L. Aranoff, Vice Chairman Daniel R. Pearson, and Commissioners Deanna Tanner Okun, Charlotte R. Lane, and Irving A. Williamson determined that the amount available will be 18,260,400 square meter equivalents (SMEs). Commissioner Dean A. Pinkert determined that the subject denim fabric will be available in commercial quantities within a range from 19,054,860 SMEs to 20,515,692 SMEs during the 12-month period.

Other Major Research Initiatives

Under section 1205 of the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988, the USITC is responsible for reviewing the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTS) and for recommending to the President modifications that it considers necessary or appropriate to conform the HTS with amendments to the global Harmonized System Convention.

The USITC periodically issues a series of detailed reports on thousands of products imported into and exported from the United States. These publications, known as Industry and Trade Summary reports, include information on product uses, U.S. and foreign producers, and customs treatments of the products being studied; they also analyze the basic factors bearing on the competitiveness of the U.S. industry in domestic and foreign markets.

In addition, USITC staff produce a variety of staff publications under the industry and economic analysis program that are intended to keep the Commission and trade policymakers in Congress and the executive branch informed of the latest developments in the international trade arena.

These staff publications represent the views of the individual staff authors and are not the views of the Commission or of any individual Commissioner. Publications of this genre include staff research papers, which are in-depth studies on topics of current interest. In addition, as a means of honing their analytical skills and staying current in their individual fields of specialization, USITC staff in the Offices of Economics and Industries produce working papers and USITC economists publish research notes, which are available to their peers and the public through the USITC's Internet site. Staff also author articles on matters related to international trade that appear in *The Journal of International Commerce & Economics*, a web-based journal that can be found at *http://www.usitc.gov/journal/index.htm*.

Some of the most significant general factfinding reports completed during the year are highlighted on the following pages. Detailed information on other USITC reports and publications completed during FY 2008 or pending on September 30, 2008, is provided in appendix B.

Studies on Special Areas of Congressional or USTR Interest

Industrial Biotechnology: Development and Adoption by the U.S. Chemical and Biofuel Industries (332-481)

On November 2, 2006, the Committee on Finance, U.S. Senate, requested that the USITC investigate and report on the competitive conditions affecting U.S. chemical and biofuels industries that are developing and adopting new biotechnology processes and products. The USITC report, submitted in June 2008, found among other things that U.S. chemical and biofuel industries are expanding their use of industrial biotechnology. The liquid biofuel industry, composed of ethanol and biodiesel producers, saw remarkable growth in its business activities from 2004 to 2007, with the number of producers, production establishments, and the value of corn ethanol shipments more than doubling and the value of biodiesel shipments increasing by well over 2,000 percent during that time. The biobased chemical industry, composed of pharmaceutical and other chemical producers, expanded as well during the period studied, though not as dramatically. Innovation is important to the future competitiveness and productivity of both industries.

Further information: http://www.usitc.gov/press_room/news_release/2008/er0715ff2.htm View report: http://www.usitc.gov/publications/332/pub4020.pdf

China: Description of Selected Government Practices and Policies Affecting Decision Making in the Economy (332-492)

On October 2, 2006, the Committee on Ways and Means, U.S. House of Representatives, requested that the USITC complete a series of three reports that collectively would provide an in-depth assessment of the U.S.-China trade and investment relationship and the U.S.-Asia Pacific trade and investment relationship. On May 29, 2007, the Committee asked the Commission to add additional components to the first investigation in order to provide an in-depth assessment of the causes of the U.S.-China trade imbalance and whether and to what extent the People's Republic of China uses various forms of government intervention to promote investment, employment, and exports. The first USITC report, submitted in December 2007, described and, where possible, quantified numerous practices and policies that central, provincial, and local government bodies in China use to support and attempt to influence decision making in China's manufacturing, agricultural, and services sectors. The report described government practices and policies in China with respect to industrial development, the rationalization and closure of uneconomic enterprises, privatization of state-owned enterprises and private ownership, price coordination, utility rates, taxation, the banking and finance sectors, infrastructure development, research and development, worker training and retraining, and restraints on imports and exports. The report also analyzed the likely impact of the December 2006 policy directive from China's State-Owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission, a directive that outlines the industries the Chinese government considers to be strategically important. In July 2008, at the request of the Committee on Ways and Means, the Commission terminated the remaining two investigations.

Further information:

http://www.usitc.gov/press_room/news_release/2008/er0410ff2.htm View report: http://www.usitc.gov/publications/332/pub3978.pdf

Global Beef Trade: Effects of Animal Health, Sanitary, Food Safety, and Other Measures on U.S. Beef Exports (332-488)

On August 7, 2006, the Committee on Finance, U.S. Senate, requested that the USITC investigate and report on the effects of animal health, sanitary, and food safety measures on global beef trade and the impact of these and other restrictions on U.S. beef exports. The USITC report, submitted in June 2008, found among other things that U.S. beef processors and beef cattle ranchers lose billions of dollars in export opportunities each year because of animal health and food safety measures in other countries that are inconsistent with international standards and vary by country. Animal health and food safety regulations in Japan and Korea accounted for most of the export losses over the period. The elimination of tariffs on U.S. beef in Japan and Korea also accounted for most of the potential gains from elimination of tariffs and TRQs. Many countries restricted imports of U.S. beef following the 2003 discovery of bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE) in a dairy cow of Canadian origin in the U.S. cattle herd. These restrictions resulted in significant losses in exports and industry revenues over the period studied.

Further information: http://www.usitc.gov/press_room/news_release/2008/er1007ff1.htm View report: http://www.usitc.gov/publications/332/pub4033.pdf

Studies Analyzing Various Aspects of U.S. Trade Agreements and Other Special Trade Programs

U.S.-Israel Agricultural Trade: Probable Economic Effect on U.S. and Israeli Agricultural Industries of Conducting Such Trade in a Free Trade Environment (332-494)

On October 23, 2007, the U.S. Trade Representative requested that the USITC provide advice as to the probable economic effect on the U.S. and Israeli agriculture industries if U.S.-Israel agricultural trade was conducted in a free trade environment. The USTR noted that in January 2008, the U.S. and Israeli governments were to initiate discussion of the United States-Israel Agreement on Trade in Agricultural Products (ATAP) to seek ways to improve the ATAP prior to its expiration on December 31, 2008. The ATAP is an adjunct to the Agreement on the Establishment of a Free Trade Area between the Government of Israel and the Government of the United States of America (FTA), which was implemented in 1985 and applies to trade in all products between the two countries. However, the USTR said that the United States and Israel have held differing views as to the meaning of certain rights and obligations related to agricultural products under the FTA. The ATAP was intended to address issues that have arisen based on these differing interpretations. The USTR also noted that, following the implementation of the 1985 FTA, most Israeli agricultural products exported to the United States had duty-free access to the U.S. market. U.S. exporters of agricultural products, however, have faced significant market access barriers in Israel despite the ATAP. An objective of the proposed negotiations regarding the ATAP was to address these barriers.

The USITC was asked to provide advice at the industry level that focused on the main products traded or likely to be traded between the United States and Israel; a list of the principal existing Israeli nontariff barriers to agricultural trade, whether or not justified (such as technical barriers to trade, sanitary and phytosanitary measures, and TRQ administration) and information on TRQ fill rates, compiled from publicly available sources, and an analysis of their impact on U.S. agricultural exports to Israel; a description of Israeli agricultural trade, covering the major products and trading partners during 2002-2006, focusing on the countries and regions that have free trade agreements in effect with Israel; and a description of the Israeli agricultural sector compiled from publicly available sources, including, to the extent possible, regional production and employment patterns, and principal factors affecting the competitiveness of the Israeli agricultural sector in domestic and international markets. The USITC's confidential report was submitted in April 2008.

Further information: http://www.usitc.gov/press room/news release/2007/er1121ee1.htm

Studies Analyzing the Competitiveness of U.S. Industry

Wood Flooring and Hardwood Plywood: Competitive Conditions Affecting the U.S. Industries (332-487)

On March 6, 2007, the Committee on Finance, U.S. Senate, requested that the USITC investigate and report on the competitive conditions affecting the U.S. wood flooring and hardwood plywood industries. The USITC report, submitted in August 2008, found among other things that the U.S. wood flooring and hardwood plywood industries have faced increasing competition from imports in recent years, particularly from China, which has become its most significant competitor. While the value of U.S. production, consumption, and trade of wood flooring and hardwood plywood increased significantly over the period studied (2002-2007), the value of U.S. imports of these products doubled during the same period, and the imports' share of the U.S. markets rose from about one-third to one-half.

Further information: http://www.usitc.gov/press_room/news_release/2008/er0916ff2.htm View report: http://www.usitc.gov/publications/332/pub4032.pdf

Canned Peaches, Pears, and Mixed Fruit: Conditions of Competition Between U.S. and Principal Foreign Supplier Industries (332-485)

On December 12, 2006, the Committee on Ways and Means, U.S. House of Representatives, requested that the USITC investigate and report on the competitive conditions affecting U.S. growers and processors of canned peaches, canned pears, and canned fruit mixtures. The USITC report, submitted in December 2007, found among other things that the competitiveness of the U.S. canned deciduous fruit industry has declined in recent years as its share of the domestic market has fallen. Several factors led to the decline in U.S. competitiveness. First, the U.S. industries did not sufficiently increase their production capacity to meet rising demand for new forms of packaging, such as plastic cups and jars. Second, increased market power by wholesale and retail buyers, owing to increasing use of private label packs (supplied mainly by imports), further eroded the domestic market share. Third, foreign suppliers, particularly Thailand and China, use facilities that produce a variety of canned food products, which spreads fixed costs across more products and lengthens production cycles, thus lowering their unit costs. Finally, lower input costs, mainly for raw fruit and labor, both in established and in emerging competitor supplier countries, have lowered prices.

Futher information: http://www.usitc.gov/press_room/news_release/2007/er1221ee1.htm View report: http://www.usitc.gov/publications/332/pub3972.pdf

Studies Conducted on a Recurring Basis

Recent Trends in U.S. Services Trade, 2008 Annual Report Shifts in U.S. Merchandise Trade (332-345)

On August 27, 1993, the Commission instituted on its own motion an annual investigation to review U.S. trade performance, focusing on changes in U.S. imports, exports, and trade balances of key agricultural and manufactured products and on changes in U.S. bilateral trade with major trading partners. In FY 1995, the USITC expanded the scope of its investigation and launched a separate publication focusing on the U.S. service sector.

The current report on services, published in June 2008, presented a statistical overview of U.S. trade in services and highlighted the services and geographic markets that contributed substantially to recent service trade performance. The report focused primarily on infrastructure services that significantly affect an entire economy. Separate chapters on specific service sectors (banking, insurance, telecommunications, logistics, and retailing) analyzed issues affecting the global competitive conditions in the industry, examined recent trade performance, and summarized activities intended to remove sectoral trade impediments.

Further information: http://www.usitc.gov/press_room/news_release/2008/er0630ff2.htm View report: http://www.usitc.gov/publications/332/pub4015.pdf

The USITC now presents its data and analysis regarding merchandise trade shifts in a concise web-based format that focuses more on reasons for key shifts in trade, provides more sector detail, and can be searched by country or commodity sector, according to each user's individual interests. Workload issues required that publication of the FY 2008 update be postponed until early FY 2009.

The Year in Trade 2007

The USITC has submitted to the Congress an annual report on the operations of the trade agreements program for more than 50 years. The report, now known as *The Year in Trade*, provides the Congress with factual information on U.S. trade policy and administration. It also serves as a record of the major trade-related activities of the United States for use as a general reference by government officials and others with an interest in U.S. trade relations.

The Year in Trade 2007, published in August 2008, provided a practical review of U.S. international trade laws, a survey of actions under U.S. trade laws in 2007, a summary of the operation of the WTO, and an overview of U.S. free trade agreements and negotiations. The report also examined the operation of such programs as the U.S. Generalized System of Preferences, the African Growth and Opportunity Act, the Andean Trade Preference and Drug Eradication Act, and the Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act, as well as U.S. textile and apparel imports and developments in textile and apparel trade with selected

partners. The publication also included complete listings of antidumping, countervailing duty, intellectual property rights infringement, and section 301 cases undertaken by the U.S. government in 2007.

Further information: http://www.usitc.gov/press_room/news_release/2008/er0804ff1.htm View report: http://www.usitc.gov/publications/332/pub4026.pdf

Operation 4: Trade Information Services

The USITC's trade information services offer the Commission, policymakers, international trade negotiators, and the public a rich array of international trade-related resources. Through this operation, the USITC:

- maintains the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTS), which provides the applicable tariff rates and statistical categories for all merchandise imported into the United States;
- develops and maintains the online interactive Tariff and Trade DataWeb, which
 provides worldwide interactive access to current and historical U.S. trade data;
- operates the USITC's Main Library, which has an extensive collection specializing in international trade matters and serves the Commission and the public;
- operates the Trade Remedy Assistance Office, which provides information to small businesses concerning the remedies and benefits available under U.S. trade laws and provides technical and legal assistance and advice to eligible small businesses seeking remedies; and
- prepares legislative analyses, known as "bill reports," which investigate the legal and economic effects of proposed tariff reductions and duty suspensions for specific products, for use by the House Committee on Ways and Means and the Senate Committee on Finance during consideration of tariff-related legislation.

Under this operation, the USITC also contributes to the development of the International Trade Data System (ITDS), an integrated trade data system to be shared by all federal trade agencies; the maintenance of U.S. commitments under Schedule XX of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade/World Trade Organization (GATT/WTO); the maintenance of an electronic version of the U.S. Schedule of Services under the General Agreement on Trade in Services (GATS); and the preparation of the electronic database that supports U.S. submissions to the WTO Integrated Database.

The HTS is based on the international Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System (known simply as the Harmonized System), a global tariff classification system that covers nearly all world trade in goods. The USITC generally publishes a new edition of the HTS annually and updates it as needed throughout the year. Each revision of the HTS is posted on the USITC's internet site (*http://www.usitc.gov/tata/hts/bychapter/index.htm*). During FY 2008, the agency published the 2008 edition of the HTS (effective January 1, 2008) in print, and an electronic version in PDF format was posted on the USITC website. Electronic revisions were posted on April 1 and April 15, 2008. A print supplement was published, effective July 1, 2008, mainly to reflect the annual review of the Generalized

System of Preferences; changes were also reflected in the on-line version. At the end of FY 2008, the USITC was preparing to test new software for publishing the HTS, which would change the appearance of the HTS somewhat, but lose no content. The new software is designed to facilitate both the preparation of the HTS and the transfer of key tariff information between the HTS and the USITC's Tariff Data Base as well as to U.S. Customs and Border Protection.

The USITC's Director of Tariff Affairs and Trade Agreements chairs the Committee for Statistical Annotation of the Tariff Schedules which also includes representatives of U.S. Customs and Border Protection and the Census Bureau. The committee analyzes and evaluates petitions requesting changes in HTS statistical reporting categories; it received 29 such petitions during FY 2008.

The USITC continued to make its DataWeb available to the public on a full-time, free-ofcharge basis. The USITC DataWeb is an interactive, self-service, Internet-based system that provides access to extensive tariff and trade data. The system provides tariff and trade data relied upon by USITC staff as well as by staff at various federal government agencies, congressional offices, U.S. trade negotiating groups, and U.S. embassies. The USITC DataWeb is also used extensively by educational institutions, the U.S. private sector, and numerous private and public entities in other countries.

The USITC DataWeb, updated monthly, integrates international trade transactions with complex tariff and customs treatment. Data are available on a monthly, quarterly, annual, or year-to-date basis and can be retrieved in a number of classification systems, including the Harmonized Tariff Schedule, the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC), the Standard International Trade Classification (SITC), or the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). A "Commodity Translation Wizard" translates between these classification systems. The USITC DataWeb offers data on imports and exports; U.S. import duties, preferential tariff programs, and staged tariff reductions; U.S. trade by global region and by partner country; and detailed USITC trade database tables. It can be accessed at *http://dataweb.usitc.gov*, or from the USITC's Internet site (*www.usitc.gov*).

Registrations on the DataWeb, including public registrations, continued to grow during FY 2008 and now total over 134,000 users. The system generates more than 110,000 data reports per month; about 28 percent of these are generated for government staff, and the remainder are generated for the general public, multilateral institutions, and universities.

The USITC's Main Library collection includes roughly 40,000 book and serial titles covering U.S. industry and international trade laws and practices, as well as numerous CD-ROM and on-line information databases. Although its primary mission is to support Commission research, the USITC's Main Library is open to the public.

During FY 2008, the USITC approved 708 bill reports for tariff-related bills introduced by the 110th Congress (see Appendix D). Another 67 bill reports were approved in the first week of FY 2009. All bill reports were prepared for the House Committee on Ways and Means. The Senate Committee on Finance did not request reports for the 110th Congress. Information on tariff bill reports prepared by the USITC can be found on the USITC's Internet site at *http://www.usitc.gov/tariff_affairs/congress_reports/index.htm*.

The agency provided information and assistance to 75 business, public, academic, and congressional customers through the Trade Remedy Assistance Program during FY 2008.

Operation 5: Trade Policy Support

The USITC supports trade policymakers in the executive branch and in the Congress by providing technical expertise and objective information on international trade issues. The USITC offers technical advice through research, informal briefings and meetings, and testimony at congressional hearings. The agency also drafts Presidential proclamations and other Presidential documents, as well as final decisions by various executive branch agencies that modify the HTS to implement congressional legislation or trade policy decisions of the executive branch.

On request, the Commission provides USITC staff for long-term detail assignments with the USTR and the Congress, which offers support and expertise to U.S. policymakers while developing the professional skills of USITC staff. USITC staff also serve as technical advisors on the interagency Trade Policy Staff Committee and its many subcommittees, all of which are chaired by the USTR. Through its activities in this area, the USITC supports U.S. trade policy formulation and U.S. representation in international fora.

During FY 2008, USITC staff were active participants in interagency committees and subcommittees and international organizations. The Commission responded to requests for technical support in more than 60 different issue areas, a slight increase over the same period in FY 2007. Requests from USTR for technical assistance covered a wide range of issues, with no high concentration in any one area. Among the more significant recurring requests for support from USTR were issues of implementation of existing Free Trade Agreements, especially rules of origin, and continuing support to negotiators of the Doha Round in areas including Non-Agricultural Market Access and Rules. The Commission also provided substantial support to USTR's Generalized System of Preferences activities and developed information on bilateral investment treaties.

WTO dispute settlement and litigation issues required continued involvement of the agency, as, together with USTR attorneys, USITC attorneys participated in dispute settlement consultations, prepared briefs and other submissions, and appeared in hearings before WTO panels and the appellate body. In addition, USITC staff provided support to the USTR in connection with both reviewing the antidumping, countervailing duty, and safeguard laws of other countries for consistency with WTO requirements and pursuing U.S.-initiated actions under the WTO dispute settlement procedures relative to the measures of other countries in those areas. USITC attorneys from the Office of the General Counsel provided technical assistance to the executive branch in conjunction with the Doha Round trade negotiations, particularly the activities of the Negotiating Group on Rules. More specifically, Commission staff provided support to executive branch officials by reviewing and helping draft U.S. submissions and talking points and attending formal meetings of the Negotiating Group on Rules in Geneva, Switzerland.

Throughout FY 2008, the Commission provided support and information to the Congress on a wide range of trade-related matters, responding to formal and informal requests for technical assistance, trade data and statistical information, explanations of U.S. trade laws, updates on ongoing investigations, and quick-response answers to diverse traderelated inquiries. The USITC responded to hundreds of congressional requests, formal and informal, for technical assistance during FY 2008. Nineteen Members of Congress appeared at Commission hearings during the year. USITC staff participate in the World Customs Organization (WCO), an international organization headquartered in Brussels, Belgium, which oversees the continuous development and maintenance of the global Harmonized System (HS). USITC staff also represent the U.S. government on the central committee for nomenclature and classification matters (the Harmonized System Commitee), the Technical Committee on Rules of Origin, and the HS Review Subcommittee.

Agencywide Accomplishments

During FY 2008, the USITC's information technology (IT) staff enhanced the Commission's Electronic Document Information System (EDIS), enabling respondents in USITC import injury investigations to submit their questionnaire responses electronically. The agency's information technology security program also made significant progress during the year in strengthening information security practices and ensuring that the USITC's information security program is generally consistent with Federal Information Security Management Act (FISMA) requirements.

IT staff also finalized the development of two major system upgrades that will be released in early FY 2009. The first, a re-engineered EDIS system, promises improvements in the overall performance, usability, and reliability of this critical docketing and document management tool. The second, an online, easy-to-use search tool for the Harmonized Tariff Schedule, will give users a current, accurate, and user-friendly means of accessing HTS data, including direct access to the most recent classification rulings on the Customs Ruling Online Search System (CROSS), direct links to HTS Chapter 99 entries and footnotes, and a thesaurus that allows the use of common terminology to search the HTS.

For the fifth year in a row, the USITC received a clean opinion on its audited financial statement for FY 2007.

The USITC underwent a massive effort to repaint and recarpet the entire agency as part of its new 10-year lease during FY 2008. It also completed the first phase of a new performance management system in FY 2008, with full implementation in all offices scheduled to be completed during FY 2009. In addition, the agency began using a new financial management system from the Department of the Interior during the year. A related and integrated procurement module will be developed during FY 2009.

The agency processed 23,189 documents during FY 2008. During the year, the USITC held 41 meetings (compared to 23 meetings in FY 2007) and 32 days of hearings (compared to 24 days of hearings in FY 2007).

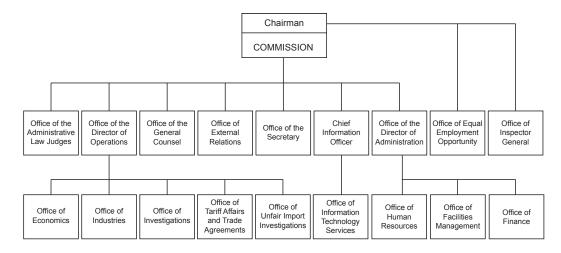
Staff processed 409 requests for confidential treatment of information in its investigations and 130 requests for release of confidential business information under protective orderduring FY 2008. Under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA), the USITC received 66 requests, 32 of which were granted in whole or in part

The USITC's visitor program arranged visits for 344 individuals from 26 foreign countries and the United States during FY 2008. Visitors included government representatives, journalists, business officials, economists, bankers, attorneys, professors, and students.

During FY 2008, the Office of Inspector General conducted audits of the Commission's information security management program and practices and the agency's FY 2007 and 2008

financial statements and management challenges. The IG had one investigation underway at the beginning of FY 2008, which it completed during the year. The IG participated in a Congressional review of outstanding government-wide IG recommendations as well as a General Accountability Office review of IG governance structure. The USITC's Office of Inspector General also conducted a peer review of the Federal Labor Relations Authority's Office of Inspector General (FLRA-OIG), submitting its results to the FLRA-OIG and the Executive Council on Integrity and Efficiency.

Part Two: Organization



U.S. International Trade Commission

Commission Organization

Office of Operations

The USITC's core of investigative, industry, economic, nomenclature, and technical expertise is found within the Office of Operations. Under the supervision of the Director, staff in the component Offices in Operations complete all statutory investigations, studies, and special work projects assigned by the Commission. The USITC's Library Services is a component of the Office of Operations. Library Services staff manage the USITC's Main Library, a specialized technical library that serves as the agency's information and research center.

Office of Investigations

The Office of Investigations conducts the USITC's countervailing duty, antidumping, and review investigations under title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930; safeguard and market disruption investigations under the Trade Act of 1974; investigations under section 302 of the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA) Implementation Act of 1994; and investigations under section 22 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act.

Office of Industries

The Office of Industries maintains technical expertise related to the performance and global competitiveness of U.S. industries and the impact of international trade on those industries. International trade analysts in the office produce studies on a range of issues each year. Investigative activity includes various types of import injury investigations, studies requested by the President or specific committees of the Congress under section

332 of the Tariff Act of 1930, and other monitoring and research activity. In addition, analysts provide technical assistance to the Congress, the USTR, other executive branch agencies, and the public.

Office of Economics

The Office of Economics provides expert economic analysis for various types of import injury investigations, studies requested by the Congress and the President under section 332 of the Tariff Act of 1930, and various other research products. In addition, staff economists provide technical assistance to the Congress, the USTR, other executive branch agencies, and the public.

Office of Tariff Affairs and Trade Agreements

The Office of Tariff Affairs and Trade Agreements (TATA) carries out the USITC's responsibilities with respect to the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States and the international Harmonized System. TATA staff also work with the Office of Industries to prepare bill reports requested by Congress pertaining to proposed tariff reductions and duty suspensions for specific products. The office provides technical advice and assistance to the Congress and the USTR and participates in Trade Policy Staff Committee activities. The office participates in the World Customs Organization, and TATA's Director chairs both the Committee for Statistical Annotation of the Tariff Schedule and the Board of Directors of the International Trade Data System (ITDS).

Office of Unfair Import Investigations

The Office of Unfair Import Investigations (OUII) participates as a full party representing the public interest in adjudicatory investigations conducted under section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930. These investigations most frequently involve allegations of patent or trademark infringement. Allegations of copyright infringement, misappropriation of trade secrets, passing off, false advertising, and antitrust violations also can be litigated in these investigations. In addition to the investigation of a complaint under section 337, the Commission may conduct an enforcement proceeding to determine whether the importation or sale of a specific product violates an existing Commission order. Also, the Commission may issue advisory opinions regarding whether certain anticipated conduct would violate an outstanding Commission order.

Office of the General Counsel

The General Counsel serves as the USITC's chief legal advisor. The General Counsel and the staff attorneys in the office provide legal advice and support to the Commissioners and USITC staff on investigations and research studies, prepare briefs and represent the USITC in court and before dispute resolution panels and administrative tribunals, and provide assistance and advice on general administrative matters, including personnel, labor relations, and contract issues.

Office of the Administrative Law Judges

The Commission's Administrative Law Judges (ALJs) hold hearings and make initial determinations in investigations under section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930. These investigations require formal evidentiary hearings in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U.S.C. 551 et seq.). After the Commission has instituted an investigation, the matter is referred to the Office of the Administrative Law Judges. Cases are assigned by the Chief Administrative Law Judge to one of the Commission's five ALJs, who, after an extensive discovery process, holds a hearing. The judge considers the evidentiary record and the arguments of the parties and makes an initial determination, including findings of fact and conclusions of law, which may be reviewed by the Commission. Temporary relief may be granted in certain cases.

Office of External Relations

The Office of External Relations develops and maintains liaison between the USITC and its diverse external customers. The office is the focal point for contacts with the USTR and other executive branch agencies, Congress, foreign governments, international organizations, the public, and the international, national, and local news media. It also coordinates meetings with international visitors. External Relations keeps Commissioners and senior USITC staff informed of developing issues that might affect the agency's mission and reputation, coordinates Presidential requests for advice and information on trade issues, and manages interactions between the USITC and the international trade community. The USITC's Trade Remedy Assistance Office is a component of External Relations that assists small businesses seeking benefits or relief under U.S. trade laws.

Office of Administration

The Office of Administration oversees the preparation of the Commission's budget; manages its financial systems; supervises all human resource matters, including collective bargaining with union representatives; provides procurement and facilities management services; and is responsible for all agency security matters. Component offices include Finance, Facilities Management, and Human Resources.

Office of Finance

The Office of Finance maintains the USITC's financial information system and its payroll functions.

Office of Facilities Management

The Office of Facilities Management directs and coordinates USITC administrative support services as well as all procurement functions.

Office of Human Resources

The Office of Human Resources manages the USITC's recruitment, training, and personnel management operations and serves as a resource for managers and staff on employee relations, employee development, and benefits matters.

Office of the Chief Information Officer

The Office of the Chief Information Officer provides information technology leadership, a comprehensive services and applications support portfolio, and a sound technology infrastructure to the USITC and its customers. CIO staff address information technology policy and information security as well as providing project management skills. The Office of Information Technology Services is a component of the office.

Office of Information Technology Services

The Office of Information Technology Services oversees the day-to-day operation of the USITC's information technology systems and programs, including the network, e-business, publishing, and dockets services. The office manages the delivery of common automated office applications, all computer assets, and the Internet, internal web systems, and publishing activities; it also maintains the official repository for administrative proceedings and rulemaking documents.

Office of the Secretary

The Office of the Secretary coordinates hearings and meetings of the Commission and is responsible for official record keeping, including petitions, briefs, and other legal documents. The office makes determinations on requests for confidential treatment of information, requests for information to be released under protective order, and requests under the Freedom of Information Act.

Office of Equal Employment Opportunity

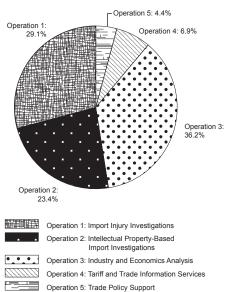
The Office of Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) administers the USITC affirmative action program. The Director advises the Chairman, the Commission, and USITC managers on all EEO issues; manages and coordinates all EEO activities in accordance with relevant EEO laws and EEOC regulations; evaluates the sufficiency of the agency's EEO program and recommends improvements or corrections, including remedial and disciplinary action; encourages and promotes diversity outreach; and monitors recruitment activities to assure fairness in agency hiring practices.

Office of Inspector General

The Inspector General conducts all audits and investigations related to USITC programs and operations and recommends and comments on proposed legislation, regulations, and procedures that affect the agency's efficiency and effectiveness. The accomplishments of the Inspector General are detailed in semiannual reports submitted to Congress in May and November.

Agency Management

Workyear: Comparison by Operation



USITC Personnel, FY 2008

The USITC maintains an expert staff of professional international trade and nomenclature analysts, investigators, attorneys, economists, information technology specialists, and administrative support personnel. All USITC personnel are located at 500 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20436. At the end of FY 2008, a total of 375 permanent employees were employed by the USITC.

A breakdown of staff, by organization, is shown below:

Organizational unit	Number as of September 30, 2008
Commissioners	6
Offices of the Commissioners	23
Office of the General Counsel	39
Office of the Administrative Law Judges	20
Office of External Relations	5
Office of the Director of Operations	12
Office of Investigations	30
Office of Industries	86
Office of Economics	42
Office of Tariff Affairs and Trade Agreements	13
Office of Unfair Import Investigations	21
Office of the Chief Information Officer	39
Office of the Secretary	6
Office of the Director of Administration	5
Office of Finance	5
Office of Facilities Management	9
Office of Human Resources	9
Office of Equal Employment Opportunity	3
Office of Inspector General	2
Total	375

USITC Budget, FY 2008

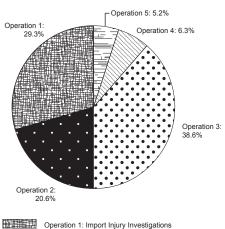
The USITC submits its budget to the President for transmittal to Congress. Because of the unique role of the USITC as a quasi-judicial, nonpartisan, independent agency designed to provide trade expertise to the legislative and executive branches of government, Congress provided in section 175 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2232) that the USITC budget would not be subject to control by the Office of Management and Budget, but would instead be submitted directly to Congress.

During FY 2008, appropriated funds made available to the USITC amounted to \$70,267,282. Appropriated funds included an FY 2008 appropriation of \$68,400,000, recoveries and deobligations of \$1,301,016, and a carryover of \$566,266.

Obligations for FY 2007 and FY 2008 are shown below:

ltem	FY 2007	FY 2008
Salaries	\$37,287,000	\$37,568,800
Benefits	9,157,000	9,723,100
Rent	6,120,000	7,920,400
Services	7,725,000	9,486,300
Supplies and Material	806,000	778,600
Equipment	368,000	1,063,900
Other	1,518,000	2,417,600
Total	\$62,981,000	\$69,958,700







Operation 4: Tariff and Trade Information Se Operation 5: Trade Policy Support Appendix A: Summary of Investigations Completed During Fiscal Year 2008 and Pending on September 30, 2008

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Table I-AAntidumping and Countervailing Duty InvestigationsConducted in Fiscal Year 2008
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Table III General Factfinding Investigations Conducted in Fiscal Year 2008 59

Investigation No. and Title	Date Instituted	Staff Conference	Preliminary Determination	Pub. No.	Public Hearing	Final Determination	Pub. No.
701-TA-444 Coated Free Sheet Paper from China	10-31-06	11-21-06	Affirmative 12-15-06	3900	10-18-07	Negative 12-06-07	3965
701-TA-445 Coated Free Sheet Paper from Indonesia	10-31-06	11-21-06	Affirmative 12-15-06	3900	10-18-07	Negative 12-06-07	3965
701-TA-446 Coated Free Sheet Paper from Korea	10-31-06	11-21-06	Affirmative 12-15-06	3900	10-18-07	Negative 12-06-07	3965
731-TA-1107 Coated Free Sheet Paper from China	10-31-06	11-21-06	Affirmative 12-15-06	3900	10-18-07	Negative 12-06-07	3965
731-TA-1108 Coated Free Sheet Paper from Indonesia	10-31-06	11-21-06	Affirmative 12-15-06	3900	10-18-07	Negative 12-06-07	3965
731-TA-1109 Coated Free Sheet Paper from Korea	10-31-06	11-21-06	Affirmative 12-15-06	3900	10-18-07	Negative 12-06-07	3965
731-TA-1110 Sodium Hexametaphosphate (SHMP) from China	02-08-07	03-01-07	Affirmative 03-26-07	3912	01-24-08	Affirmative 03-12-08	3984
731-TA-1111 Glycine from India	03-30-07	04-20-07	Affirmative 05-14-07	3921	11-28-07	Negative 05-05-08	3997
731-TA-1112 Glycine from Japan	03-30-07	04-20-07	Affirmative 05-14-07	3921	11-28-07	Negative 01-11-08	3980
731-TA-1113 Glycine from Korea	03-30-07	04-20-07	Affirmative 05-14-07	3921	11-28-07	Negative 01-11-08	3980
731-TA-1114 Certain Steel Nails from China	05-29-07	06-19-07	Affirmative 07-30-07	3939	06-11-08	Affirmative 07-21-08	4022
731-TA-1115 Certain Steel Nails from the United Arab Emirates	05-29-07	06-19-07	Affirmative 07-30-07	3939	06-11-08	Terminated 07-02-08	4022
701-TA-447 Circular Welded Carbon-quality Steel Pipe from China	06-07-07	06-28-07	Affirmative 07-23-07	3938	05-13-08	Affirmative 07-15-08	4019
731-TA-1116 Circular Welded Carbon-quality Steel Pipe from China	06-07-07	06-28-07	Affirmative 07-23-07	3938	05-13-08	Affirmative 07-15-08	4019
701-TA-448 Certain Off-the-road Tires from China	06-18-07	07-09-07	Affirmative 08-27-07	3943	07-08-08	Affirmative 08-28-08	4031
731-TA-1117 Certain Off-the-road Tires from China	06-18-07	07-09-07	Affirmative 08-27-07	3943	07-08-08	Affirmative 08-28-08	4031

Investigation No. and Title	Date Instituted	Staff Conference	Preliminary Determination	Pub. No.	Public Hearing	Final Determination	Pub. No.
701-TA-449 Light-walled Rectangular Pipe and Tube from China	06-27-07	07-18-07	Affirmative 08-13-07	3941	04-11-08	Affirmative 07-28-08	4024
731-TA-1118 Light-walled Rectangular Pipe and Tube from China	06-27-07	07-18-07	Affirmative 08-13-07	3941	04-11-08	Affirmative 07-28-08	4024
731-TA-1119 Light-walled Rectangular Pipe and Tube from Korea	06-27-07	07-18-07	Affirmative 08-13-07	3941	04-11-08	Affirmative 07-28-08	4024
731-TA-1120 Light-walled Rectangular Pipe and Tube from Mexico	06-27-07	07-18-07	Affirmative 08-13-07	3941	04-11-08	Affirmative 07-28-08	4024
731-TA-1121 Light-walled Rectangular Pipe and Tube from Turkey	06-27-07	07-18-07	Affirmative 08-13-07	3941	04-11-08	Affirmative 05-23-08	4001
701-TA-450 Laminated Woven Sacks from China	06-28-07	07-19-07	Affirmative 08-13-07	3942	06-17-08	Affirmative 07-30-08	4025
731-TA-1122 Laminated Woven Sacks from China	06-28-07	07-19-07	Affirmative 08-13-07	3942	06-17-08	Affirmative 07-30-08	4025
731-TA-1123 Steel Wire Garment Hangers from China	07-31-07	08-21-07	Affirmative 10-10-07	3951	06-12-08	Affirmative 09-29-08	4034
731-TA-1124 Electrolytic Manganese Dioxide from Australia	08-22-07	09-12-07	Affirmative 10-09-07	3955	07-24-08	Affirmative 09-26-08	4036
731-TA-1125 Electrolytic Manganese Dioxide from China	08-22-07	09-12-07	Affirmative 10-09-07	3955	07-24-08	Affirmative 09-26-08	4036
701-TA-451 Certain Lightweight Thermal Paper from China	09-19-07	10-10-07	Affirmative 11-27-07	3964	Pending	Pending	Pending
731-TA-1126 Certain Lightweight Thermal Paper from China	09-19-07	10-10-07	Affirmative 11-27-07	3964	Pending	Pending	Pending
731-TA-1127 Certain Lightweight Thermal Paper from Germany	09-19-07	10-10-07	Affirmative 11-27-07	3964	Pending	Pending	Pending
731-TA-1128 Certain Lightweight Thermal Paper from Korea	09-19-07	10-10-07	Negligible 11-27-07	3964	N/A	N/A	N/A
701-TA-452 Raw Flexible Magnets from China	09-21-07	10-12-07	Affirmative 11-05-07	3961	07-10-08	Affirmative 08-25-08	4030
731-TA-1129 Raw Flexible Magnets from China	09-21-07	10-12-07	Affirmative 11-05-07	3961	07-10-08	Affirmative 08-25-08	4030

Investigation No. and Title	Date Instituted	Staff Conference	Preliminary Determination	Pub. No.	Public Hearing	Final Determination	Pub. No.
731-TA-1130 Raw Flexible Magnets from Taiwan	09-21-07	10-12-07	Affirmative	3961	07-10-08	Affirmative	4030
			11-05-07			08-25-08	
731-TA-1131	00 00 07	10 10 07	A.C	2062	00 10 00	Develop	Dealler
Polyethylene Terephthalate Film, Sheet, and Strip from Brazil	09-28-07	10-19-07	Affirmative 11-13-07	3962	09-18-08	Pending	Pending
731-TA-1132 Polyethylene Terephthalate Film, Sheet, and Strip from China	09-28-07	10-19-07	Affirmative 11-13-07	3962	09-18-08	Pending	Pending
731-TA-1133 Polyethylene Terephthalate Film, Sheet, and Strip from Thailand	09-28-07	10-19-07	Affirmative 11-13-07	3962	09-18-08	Pending	Pending
731-TA-1134 Polyethylene Terephthalate Film, Sheet, and Strip from the United Arab Emirates	09-28-07	10-19-07	Affirmative 11-13-07	3962	09-18-08	Pending	Pending
731-TA-1135 Sodium Metal from France	10-23-07	11-13-07	Affirmative 12-07-07	3973	Pending	Pending	Pending
701-TA-453 Sodium Nitrite from China	11-08-07	11-27-07	Affirmative 12-26-07	3979	07-02-08	Affirmative 08-20-08	4029
731-TA-1136 Sodium Nitrite from China	11-08-07	11-27-07	Affirmative 12-26-07	3979	07-02-08	Affirmative 08-20-08	4029
731-TA-1137 Sodium Nitrite from Germany	11-08-07	11-27-07	Affirmative 12-26-07	3979	07-02-08	Affirmative 08-20-08	4029
731-TA-1138 Aminotrimethylenephosphonic Acid (ATMP) and 1-Hydroxyethylidene-1,1- Diphosphonic Acid (HEDP) from China	12-31-07	N/A	Terminated 01-17-08	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
731-TA-1139 Aminotrimethylenephosphonic Acid (ATMP) and 1-Hydroxyethylidene-1,1- Diphosphonic Acid (HEDP) from India	12-31-07	N/A	Terminated 01-17-08	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
731-TA-1140 Uncovered Innerspring Units from China	12-31-07	01-22-08	Affirmative 02-14-08	3983	Pending	Pending	Pending
731-TA-1141 Uncovered Innerspring Units from South Africa	12-31-07	01-22-08	Affirmative 02-14-08	3983	Pending	Pending	Pending
731-TA-1142 Uncovered Innerspring Units from Vietnam	12-31-07	01-22-08	Affirmative 02-14-08	3983	Pending	Pending	Pending
731-TA-1143 Small Diameter Graphite Electrodes from China	01-17-08	02-07-08	Affirmative 03-03-08	3985	Pending	Pending	Pending
701-TA-454 Welded Stainless Steel Pressure Pipe from China	01-30-08	02-21-08	Affirmative 03-17-08	3986	Pending	Pending	Pending

Investigation No. and Title	Date Instituted	Staff Conference	Preliminary Determination	Pub. No.	Public Hearing	Final Determination	Pub. No.
731-TA-1144 Welded Stainless Steel Pressure Pipe from China	01-30-08	02-21-08	Affirmative 03-17-08	3986	Pending	Pending	Pending
731-TA-1145 Certain Steel Threaded Rod from China	03-05-08	03-26-08	Affirmative 04-21-08	3996	Pending	Pending	Pending
731-TA-1146 1-Hydroxyethylidene-1, 1-Diphosphonic Acid (HEDP) from China	03-19-08	04-09-08	Affirmative 05-05-08	3998	Pending	Pending	Pending
731-TA-1147 1-Hydroxyethylidene-1, 1-Diphosphonic Acid (HEDP) from India	03-19-08	04-09-08	Affirmative 05-05-08	3998	Pending	Pending	Pending
731-TA-1148 Frontseating Service Valves from China	03-19-08	04-08-08	Affirmative 05-05-08	3999	Pending	Pending	Pending
701-TA-455 Certain Circular Welded Carbon Quality Steel Line Pipe from China	04-03-08	04-24-08	Affirmative 05-19-08	4003	Pending	Pending	Pending
731-TA-1149 Certain Circular Welded Carbon Quality Steel Line Pipe from China	04-03-08	04-24-08	Affirmative 05-19-08	4003	Pending	Pending	Pending
731-TA-1150 Certain Circular Welded Carbon Quality Steel Line Pipe from Korea	04-03-08	04-24-08	Affirmative 05-19-08	4003	Pending	Pending	Pending
701-TA-456 Citric Acid and Certain Citrate Salts from China	04-14-08	05-07-08	Affirmative 05-29-08	4008	Pending	Pending	Pending
731-TA-1151 Citric Acid and Certain Citrate Salts from Canada	04-14-08	05-07-08	Affirmative 05-29-08	4008	Pending	Pending	Pending
731-TA-1152 Citric Acid and Certain Citrate Salts from China	04-14-08	05-07-08	Affirmative 05-29-08	4008	Pending	Pending	Pending
701-TA-457 Tow-behind Lawn Groomers from China	06-24-08	07-15-08	Affirmative 08-08-08	4028	Pending	Pending	Pending
731-TA-1153 Tow-behind Lawn Groomers from China	06-24-08	07-15-08	Affirmative 08-08-08	4028	Pending	Pending	Pending
701-TA-458 Certain Kitchen Appliance Shelving and Racks from China	07-31-08	08-21-08	Affirmative 09-15-08	4035	Pending	Pending	Pending
731-TA-1154 Certain Kitchen Appliance Shelving and Racks from China	07-31-08	08-21-08	Affirmative 09-15-08	4035	Pending	Pending	Pending

NOTES – In fiscal year 2008, the following investigations remained suspended: Inv. No. 731-TA-539C, *Uranium from Russia* (suspended 10-16-92; amended 05-07-97); Inv. No. 731-TA-747, *Fresh Tomatoes from Mexico* (suspended 01-22-08); Inv. No. 731-TA-754, *Cut-to-length Carbon Steel Plate from Russia* (suspended 01-23-03); 731-TA-756, *Cut-to-length Carbon Steel Plate from Russia* (suspended 01-23-03); 731-TA-756, *Cut-to-length Carbon Steel Plate from Russia* (suspended 01-23-03); 731-TA-756, *Cut-to-length Carbon Steel Plate from Russia* (suspended 01-23-03); 731-TA-756, *Cut-to-length Carbon Steel Plate from Russia* (suspended 01-23-03); 731-TA-756, *Cut-to-length Carbon Steel Plate from Russia* (suspended 01-23-03); 731-TA-756, *Cut-to-length Carbon Steel Plate from Russia* (suspended 01-23-03); 731-TA-756, *Cut-to-length Carbon Steel Plate from Russia* (suspended 01-23-03); 731-TA-756, *Cut-to-length Carbon Steel Plate from Russia* (suspended 01-23-03); 731-TA-756, *Cut-to-length Carbon Steel Plate from Russia* (suspended 01-23-03); 731-TA-756, *Cut-to-length Carbon Steel Plate from Russia* (suspended 01-23-03); Inv. No. 731-TA-808, *Hot-rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from Russia* (suspended 07-12-99); Inv. No. 731-TA-856, *Ammonium Nitrate from Russia* (suspended 05-19-00); Inv. No. 731-TA-1105, *Lemon Juice from Argentina* (suspended 09-10-07); and Inv. No. 731-TA-1106, *Lemon Juice from Mexico* (suspended 9-10-07).

In fiscal year 2008, the Commission conducted the following trade remand proceedings: Inv. No. 731-TA-1089 (Final) (Second Remand), *Orange Juice from Brazil;* Inv. Nos. 731-TA-955, 731-TA-963 (Preliminary) (Third Remand), *Carbon and Certain Alloy Steel Wire Rod from Egypt, South Africa, and Venezuela*; and Inv. Nos. 731-TA-1092-1093 (Final) (Remand), *Diamond Sawblades and Parts Thereof from China and Korea*. Information regarding these remand proceedings may be found in Table VI.

Investigation No. and Title	Date Instituted	Type of Review	Public Hearing	Final Determination	Pub. No.
731-TA-451 Gray Portland Cement and Cement Clinker from Mexico (Second Review)	10-03-05	Full	Pending	Pending	N/A
701-TA-404 Hot-rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from Argentina (Review)	08-01-06	Full	07-31-07 08-01-07	Negative	3956
701-TA-405 Hot-rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from India (Review)	08-01-06	Full	07-31-07 08-01-07	Affirmative	3956
701-TA-406 Hot-rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from Indonesia (Review)	08-01-06	Full	07-31-07 08-01-07	Affirmative	3956
701-TA-407 Hot-rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from South Africa (Review)	08-01-06	Full	07-31-07 08-01-07	Negative	3956
701-TA-408 Hot-rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from Thailand (Review)	08-01-06	Full	07-31-07 08-01-07	Affirmative	3956
731-TA-898 Hot-rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from Argentina (Review)	08-01-06	Full	07-31-07 08-01-07	Negative	3956
731-TA-899 Hot-rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from China (Review)	08-01-06	Full	07-31-07 08-01-07	Affirmative	3956
731-TA-900 Hot-rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from India (Review)	08-01-06	Full	07-31-07 08-01-07	Affirmative	3956
731-TA-901 Hot-rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from Indonesia (Review)	08-01-06	Full	07-31-07 08-01-07	Affirmative	3956
731-TA-902 Hot-rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from Kazakhstan (Review)	08-01-06	Full	07-31-07 08-01-07	Negative	3956
731-TA-904 Hot-rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from Romania (Review)	08-01-06	Full	07-31-07 08-01-07	Negative	3956
731-TA-905 Hot-rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from South Africa (Review)	08-01-06	Full	07-31-07 08-01-07	Negative	3956
731-TA-906 Hot-rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from Taiwan (Review)	08-01-06	Full	07-31-07 08-01-07	Affirmative	3956
731-TA-907 Hot-rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from Thailand (Review)	08-01-06	Full	07-31-07 08-01-07	Affirmative	3956
731-TA-908 Hot-rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from Ukraine (Review)	08-01-06	Full	07-31-07 08-01-07	Affirmative	3956
731-TA-919 Welded Large Diameter Line Pipe from Japan (Review)	11-01-06	Full	07-25-07	Affirmative	3953

Investigation No. and Title	Date Instituted	Type of Review	Public Hearing	Final Determination	Pub. No.
731-TA-920 Welded Large Diameter Line Pipe from Mexico (Review)	11-01-06	Full	07-25-07	Negative	3953
731-TA-909 Low Enriched Uranium from France (Review)	01-02-07	Full	10-11-07	Affirmative	3967
701-TA-413 Stainless Steel Bar from Italy (Review)	02-01-07	Full	11-06-07	Negative	3981
731-TA-913 Stainless Steel Bar from France (Review)	02-01-07	Full	11-06-07	Negative	3981
731-TA-914 Stainless Steel Bar from Germany (Review)	02-01-07	Full	11-06-07	Negative	3981
731-TA-915 Stainless Steel Bar from Italy (Review)	02-01-07	Full	11-06-07	Negative	3981
731-TA-916 Stainless Steel Bar from Korea (Review)	02-01-07	Full	11-06-07	Negative	3981
731-TA-918 Stainless Steel Bar from the United Kingdom (Review)	02-01-07	Full	11-06-07	Negative	3981
731-TA-929 Silicomanganese from India (Review)	04-02-07	Expedited	N/A	Affirmative	3963
731-TA-930 Silicomanganese from Kazakhstan (Review)	04-02-07	Expedited	N/A	Affirmative	3963
731-TA-931 Silicomanganese from Venezuela (Review)	04-02-07	Expedited	N/A	Affirmative	3963
701-TA-415 Polyethylene Terephthalate Film from India (Review)	06-01-07	Full	02-20-08	Affirmative	3994
731-TA-933 Polyethylene Terephthalate Film from India (Review)	06-01-07	Full	02-20-08	Affirmative	3994
731-TA-934 Polyethylene Terephthalate Film from Taiwan (Review)	06-01-07	Full	02-20-08	Affirmative	3994
731-TA-744 Brake Rotors from China (Second Review)	07-02-07	Full	04-15-08	Negative	4009
701-TA-417 Carbon Steel Wire Rod from Brazil (Review)	09-04-07	Full	04-17-08	Affirmative	4014
731-TA-953 Carbon Steel Wire Rod from Brazil (Review)	09-04-07	Full	04-17-08	Affirmative	4014

Investigation No. and Title	Date Instituted	Type of Review	Public Hearing	Final Determination	Pub. No.
731-TA-954 Carbon Steel Wire Rod from Canada (Review)	09-04-07	Full	04-17-08	Negative	4014
731-TA-957 Carbon Steel Wire Rod from Indonesia (Review)	09-04-07	Full	04-17-08	Affirmative	4014
731-TA-958 Carbon Steel Wire Rod from Mexico (Review)	09-04-07	Full	04-17-08	Affirmative	4014
731-TA-959 Carbon Steel Wire Rod from Moldova (Review)	09-04-07	Full	04-17-08	Affirmative	4014
731-TA-961 Carbon Steel Wire Rod from Trinidad and Tobago (Review)	09-04-07	Full	04-17-08	Affirmative	4014
731-TA-962 Carbon Steel Wire Rod from Ukraine (Review)	09-04-07	Full	04-17-08	Affirmative	4014
701-TA-426 Sulfanilic Acid from Hungary (Review)	10-01-07	Full	N/A	Terminated	N/A
731-TA-984 Sulfanilic Acid from Hungary (Review)	10-01-07	Full	N/A	Terminated	N/A
731-TA-985 Sulfanilic Acid from Portugal (Review)	10-01-07	Full	N/A	Terminated	N/A
731-TA-747 Fresh Tomatoes from Mexico (Second Review)	11-01-07	N/A	N/A	Terminated	N/A
731-TA-749 Persulfates from China (Second Review)	11-01-07	Expedited	N/A	Affirmative	3988
731-TA-986 Ferrovanadium from China (Second Review)	12-03-07	Full	Pending	Pending	N/A
731-TA-987 Ferrovanadium from South Africa (Second Review)	12-03-07	Full	Pending	Pending	N/A
731-TA-745 Steel Concrete Reinforcing Bar from Turkey (Second Review)	02-01-08	Full	Pending	Pending	N/A
731-TA-991 Silicon Metal from Russia (Second Review)	02-01-08	Expedited	N/A	Affirmative	4018
731-TA-990 Non-malleable Cast Iron Pipe Fittings from China (Review)	03-03-08	Expedited	N/A	Affirmative	4023
731-TA-1010 Lawn and Garden Steel Fence Posts from China (Review)	05-02-08	N/A	N/A	Terminated	N/A

Investigation No. and Title	Date Instituted	Type of Review	Public Hearing	Final Determination	Pub. No.
731-TA-1013 Saccharin from China (Review)	06-02-08	Full	Pending	Pending	N/A
731-TA-1014 Polyvinyl Alcohol from China (Review)	06-02-08	Full	Pending	Pending	N/A
731-TA-1016 Polyvinyl Alcohol from Japan (Review)	06-02-08	Full	Pending	Pending	N/A
731-TA-1017 Polyvinyl Alcohol from Korea (Review)	06-02-08	Full	Pending	Pending	N/A
701-TA-431 DRAMS and DRAM Modules from Korea (Review)	07-01-08	N/A	N/A	Terminated	N/A
731-TA-1012 Certain Frozen Fish Fillets from Vietnam (Review)	07-01-08	Pending	Pending	Pending	N/A
731-TA-752 Crawfish Tail Meat from China (Second Review)	07-01-08	Pending	Pending	Pending	N/A
731-TA-753 Cut-to-length Carbon Steel Plate from China (Second Review)	08-01-08	Pending	Pending	Pending	N/A
731-TA-754 Cut-to-length Carbon Steel Plate from Russia (Second Review)	08-01-08	Pending	Pending	Pending	N/A
731-TA-756 Cut-to-length Carbon Steel Plate from Ukraine (Second Review)	08-01-08	Pending	Pending	Pending	N/A
731-TA-1020 Barium Carbonate from China (Review)	09-01-08	Pending	Pending	Pending	N/A

NOTE – In fiscal year 2008, the Commission conducted the following trade remand proceedings: Inv. Nos. 731-TA-340E and 731-TA-340H (Second Review) (Remand), *Solid Urea from Russia and Ukraine*. Information regarding these remand proceedings may be found in Table VI.

Table I-COther Import Injury Investigations Conducted in Fiscal Year 2008

Investigation No. and Title	Petitioner or Requester	Date of Petition/Request or Institution	Commission Finding	Transmitted to the President	Pub. No.
None					

NOTE – In fiscal year 2008, the following suspended investigation remained suspended: Inv. No. 22-55, *Peanut Butter and Peanut Paste* (suspended 06-28-94).

Table II

Investigation No. and Title	Complainant	Fed. Reg. Notice	Final Determination	Date Orders Issued	Pub. No.
337-TA-474 Certain Recordable Compact Discs and Rewritable Compact Discs (Advisory Opinion Proceeding)	U.S. Philips Corporation, Tarrytown, NY	N/A	Advisory opinion of no violation	09-02-08	N/A
337-TA-487 Certain Agricultural Vehicles and Components Thereof (Remand)	Deere & Company, Moline, IL	06-26-06	No violation	08-12-08	N/A
337-TA-501 Certain Encapsulated Integrated Circuit Devices and Products Containing Same	Amkor Technology, Inc., West Chester, PA	12-19-03	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-533 Certain Rubber Antidegradants, Components Thereof, and Products Containing Same (Remand)	Flexsys America LP, Akron, OH	06-06-08	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-543 Certain Baseband Processor Chips and Chipsets, Transmitter and Receiver (Radio) Chips, Power Control Chips, and Products Containing Same, Including Cellular Telephone Handsets (Enforcement Proceeding)	Broadcom Corporation, Irvine, CA	12-28-07	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-545 <i>Certain Laminated Floor Panels</i> (Consolidated Enforcement and Advisory Opinion Proceedings)	Unilin Beheer B.V., Nieuwerkerk ann den Ijssel, Netherlands; Flooring Industries Ltd., Dublin, Ireland; and Unilin Flooring N.C. LLC, Thomasville, N.C.	06-26-08	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-551 ¹ Certain Laser Bar Code Scanners and Scan Engines, Components Thereof and Products Containing Same (Advisory Opinion Proceeding)	Symbol Technologies, Inc., Holtsville, NY	08-15-07	Advisory opinion of no violation	10-04-07	N/A
337-TA-551 Certain Laser Bar Code Scanners and Scan Engines, Components Thereof and Products Containing Same (Bond Forfeiture Proceeding)	Symbol Technologies, Inc., Holtsville, NY	10-05-07	Partial forfeiture of bonds	02-07-08	N/A
337-TA-558 Certain Personal Computer/ Consumer Electronic Convergent Devices, Components Thereof, and Products Containing Same	InterVideo Digital Technology Corporation, Taipei, Taiwan	01-04-06	Withdrawal of the complaint	05-30-08	N/A

Investigation No. and Title	Complainant	Fed. Reg. Notice	Final Determination	Date Orders Issued	Pub. No.
337-TA-565 Certain Ink Cartridges and Components Thereof	Epson Portland, Inc., Hillsboro, OR; Epson America Inc., Long Beach, CA; and Seiko Epsom Corporation, Nagano-ken, Japan	03-23-06	General exclusion order, limited exclusion order and cease and desist orders	10-19-07	N/A
337-TA-565 ² <i>Certain Ink Cartridges</i> <i>and Components Thereof</i> (Enforcement Proceeding I)	Epson Portland, Inc., Hillsboro, OR; Epson America Inc., Long Beach, CA; and Seiko Epson Corporation, Nagano-ken, Japan	05-07-08	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-565 ² Certain Ink Cartridges and Components Thereof (Enforcement Proceeding II)	Epson Portland, Inc., Hillsboro, OR; Epson America Inc., Long Beach, CA; and Seiko Epson Corporation, Nagano-ken, Japan	06-27-08	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-567 Certain Foam Footwear	Crocs, Inc., Niwot, CO	05-11-06	No violation	07-25-08	N/A
337-TA-569 Certain Endoscopic Probes for Use in Argon Plasma Coagulation Systems	ERBE Elektromedizin GmbH, Tubingen, Germany, and ERBE USA, Inc., Marietta, GA	05-16-06	No violation	03-17-08	N/A
337-TA-571 Certain L-Lysine Feed Products, Their Methods of Production and Genetic Constructs for Production	Ajinomoto Heartland, LLC, Chicago, IL	05-31-06	No violation	09-29-08	N/A
337-TA-574 Certain Equipment for Telecommunications or Data Communications Networks, Including Routers, Switches, and Hubs, and Components Thereof	Telcordia Technologies, Inc., Piscataway, NJ	06-16-06	Settlement agreement	09-29-08	N/A
337-TA-578 Certain Mobile Telephone Handsets, Wireless Communication Devices, and Components Thereof	QUALCOMM Incorporated, San Diego, CA	07-12-06	No violation	02-27-08	N/A
337-TA-582 Certain Hydraulic Excavators and Components Thereof	Caterpillar, Inc., Peoria, IL	09-06-06	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-586 Certain Stringed Musical Instruments and Components Thereof	Geoffrey McCabe, Los Angeles, CA	11-03-06	No violation	04-24-08	N/A

Investigation No. and Title	Complainant	Fed. Reg. Notice	Final Determination	Date Orders Issued	Pub. No.
337-TA-587 Certain Connecting Devices ("Quick Clamps") for Use with Modular Compressed Air Conditioning Units, Including Filters, Regulators, and Lubricators ("FRL's") That Are Part of Larger Pneumatic Systems and the FRL Units They Connect	Norgren, Inc., 11-13-06 No violation Littleton, CO		04-14-08	N/A	
337-TA-588 Certain Digital Multimeters and Products With Multimeter Functionality	Fluke Corporation, Everett, WA	11-13-06	General exclusion order and cease and desist orders	05-14-08	N/A
337-TA-589 Certain Switches and Products Containing Same	ATEN International Co., Ltd., Taipei, Taiwan; and ATEN Technology, Inc., Irvine, CA	12-07-06	No violation	02-08-08	N/A
337-TA-590 Certain Coupler Devices for Power Supply Facilities, Components Thereof, and Products Containing Same	Topower Computer Industrial Co., Ltd., Taipei, Taiwan	01-19-07	Limited exclusion order and cease and desist orders	12-20-07	N/A
337-TA-593 Certain Digital Cameras and Component Parts Thereof	St. Clair Intellectual Property Consultants, Inc., Grosse Pointe, MI	02-21-07	Settlement agreement	06-09-08	N/A
337-TA-595 Certain Dynamic Random Access Memory Devices and Products Containing Same	Renesas Technology Corp., Tokyo, Japan	03-01-07	Settlement agreement	05-13-08	N/A
337-TA-596 Certain GPS Chips, Associated Software and Systems, and Products Containing Same	SiRF Technology, Inc., San Jose, CA	03-13-07	No violation	08-14-08	N/A
337-TA-597 Certain Bassinet Products	Arm's Reach Concepts, Inc., Malibu, CA	03-14-07	Consent order	03-07-08	N/A
337-TA-598 Certain Unified Communications Systems, Products Used With Such Systems, and Components Thereof	Microsoft Corporation, Redmond, WA	03-26-07	No violation	05-19-08	N/A
337-TA-599 Certain Lighting Control Devices Including Dimmer Switches and/or Switches and Parts Thereof	Lutron Electronics Co., Inc., Coopersburg, PA	04-05-07	Settlement agreement	12-10-07	N/A
337-TA-600 Certain Rechargeable Lithium-Ion Batteries, Components Thereof, and Products Containing Same	3M Company, St. Paul, MN; and 3M Innovative Properties Company, St. Paul, MN	04-27-07	Settlement agreement	12-03-07	N/A

Investigation No. and Title	Complainant	Fed. Reg. Notice	Final Determination	Date Orders Issued	Pub. No.
337-TA-601 Certain 3G Wideband Code Division Multiple Access (WCDMA) Handsets and Components Thereof	InterDigital Communications Corporation, King of Prussia, PA, and InterDigital Technology Corporation, Wilmington, DE	04-27-07	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-602 Certain GPS Devices and Products Containing Same	Global Locate, Inc., San Jose, CA	05-07-07	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-603 ³ Certain DVD Players and Recorders and Certain Products Containing Same	Toshiba Corporation, Tokyo, Japan; and Toshiba America Consumer Products, L.L.C., Wayne, NJ	Toshiba Corporation, 05-08-07 Limited exclusion order Tokyo, Japan; and Toshiba America Consumer Products, L.L.C.,		02-15-08	N/A
337-TA-604 ⁴ Certain Sucralose, Sweeteners Containing Sucralose, and Related Intermediate Compounds Thereof	Tate & Lyle Technology Limited, London, United Kingdom; and Tate & Lyle Sucralose, Inc., Decatur, IL	05-10-07	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-605 Certain Semiconductor Chips With Minimized Chip Package Size and Products Containing Same	Tessera, Inc., San Jose, CA	05-21-07	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-606 Certain Personal Computers and Digital Display Devices	Hewlett-Packard Company, Palo Alto, CA	05-21-07	Settlement agreement	07-07-08	N/A
337-TA-607 Certain Semiconductor Devices, DMA Systems, and Products Containing Same	Samsung Electronics Company, Ltd., Seoul, Korea	06-14-07	Settlement agreement	06-05-08	N/A
337-TA-608⁵ Certain Nitrile Gloves	Tillotson Corporation d/b/a Best Manufacturing Company, Menlo, GA	07-06-07	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-609 Certain Buffer Systems and Components Thereof Used in Container Processing Lines	Sidel Participations, 07-05-07 Settlement agreement Le Havre, France; Sidel Canada, Inc., Laval, Quebec, Canada; and Sidel, Inc., Norcross, GA		07-03-08	N/A	
337-TA-610 Certain Endodontic Instruments	Densply International, Inc., York, PA	07-06-07	Withdrawal of the complaint	02-25-08	N/A
337-TA-611 Certain Magnifying Loupe Products and Components Thereof	General Scientific Corp., Ann Arbor, MI	08-01-07	Limited exclusion order	07-24-08	N/A
337-TA-612 ⁵ Certain Nitrile Rubber Gloves	Tillotson Corporation d/b/a Best Manufacturing Company, Menlo, GA	08-22-07	Pending	N/A	N/A

Investigation No. and Title	Complainant	Fed. Reg. Notice	Final Determination	Date Orders Issued	Pub. No.
337-TA-613 Certain 3G Mobile Handsets and Components Thereof	InterDigital Communications Corporation, King of Prussia, PA; and InterDigital Technology Corporation, Wilmington, DE	09-11-07	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-614 Certain Wireless Communication Chips and Chipsets, and Products Containing Same, Including Wireless Handsets and Network Interface Cards	Nokia Corporation, Espoo, Finland; and Nokia Inc., Irving, TX	09-21-07	Arbitration agreement	11-21-07	N/A
337-TA-615 Certain Ground Fault Circuit Interrupters and Products Containing the Same	Pass & Seymour, Inc., Syracuse, NY	09-24-07	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-616 Certain Hard Disk Drives, Components Thereof, and Products Containing the Same	Steven F. Reiber, Lincoln, CA; and Mary L. Reiber, Lincoln, CA	10-15-07	Withdrawal of the complaint	06-11-08	N/A
337-TA-617 Certain Digital Televisions and Certain Products Containing Same and Methods of Using Same	Funai Electric Co., Ltd., Osaka, Japan; and Funai Corporation, Inc., Rutherford, NJ	11-15-07	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-618 Certain Computer Systems, Printers and Scanners	Acer Incorporated, Taipei, Taiwan	12-03-07	Settlement agreement	07-07-08	N/A
337-TA-619 Certain Flash Memory Controllers, Drives, Memory Cards, and Media Players and Products Containing Same	SanDisk Corporation, Milpitas, CA	12-12-07	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-620 Certain Low Antimony Phosphoric Acid	ICL Performance Products, LP, St. Louis, MO	12-18-07	Settlement agreement	03-25-08	N/A
337-TA-621 Certain Probe Card Assemblies, Components Thereof and Certain Tested DRAM and NAND Flash Memory Devices and Products Containing Same	FormFactor, Inc., Livermore, CA	12-19-07	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-622 Certain Base Plugs	Anchor Sports I, Inc., Richardson, TX	01-04-08	Settlement agreement	09-18-08	N/A

Investigation No. and Title	Complainant	Fed. Reg. Notice	Final Determination	Date Orders Issued	Pub. No.
337-TA-623 Certain R-134a Coolant (Otherwise known as 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane)	INEOS Fluor Holdings Limited, Runcorn, United Kingdom; INEOS Fluor Limited, Runcorn, United Kingdom; and INEOS Fluor Americas LLC, St. Gabriel, LA	12-31-07	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-624 Certain Systems for Detecting and Removing Viruses or Worms, Components Thereof, and Products Containing Same	Trend Micro Incorporated, Cupertino, CA	12-31-07	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-625 Certain Self-Cleaning Litter Boxes and Components Thereof	Applica Incorporated, Miramar, FL; Applica Consumer Products, Inc., Miramar, FL; and Waters Research Company, West Dundee, IL	12-28-07	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-626 Certain Noise Cancelling Headphones	Bose Corporation, Framingham, MA	01-04-08	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-627 Certain Short Wavelength Semiconductor Lasers and Products Containing Same	Seoul Semiconductor Company, Ltd., Seoul, Korea	01-14-08	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-628 Certain Computer Products, Computer Components and Products Containing Same	International Business Machines Corporation, Armonk, NY	01-14-08	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-629 Certain Silicon Microphone Packages and Products Containing the Same	Knowles Electronics, LLC,	01-14-08	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-630 Certain Semiconductor Chips with Minimized Chip Package Size and Products Containing Same (III)	Tessera, Inc., San Jose, CA	01-14-08	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-631 Certain Liquid Crystal Display Devices and Products Containing the Same	Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd., Suwon, Korea	01-25-08	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-632 Certain Refrigerators and Components Thereof	Whirlpool Patents Company, St. Joseph, MI; Whirlpool Manufacturing Corporation, St. Joseph, MI; Whirlpool Corporation, Benton Harbor, MI; and Maytag Corporation, Benton Harbor, MI	02-26-08	Pending	N/A	N/A

Investigation No. and Title	Complainant	Fed. Reg. Notice	Final Determination	Date Orders Issued	Pub. No.
337-TA-633 Certain Acetic Acid	Celanese International Corporation, Dallas, TX	03-05-08	Withdrawal of the complaint	07-11-08	N/A
337-TA-634 Certain Liquid Crystal Display Modules, Products Containing Same, and Methods for Using the Same	Sharp Corporation, Osaka, Japan	03-04-08	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-635 Certain Pesticides and Products Containing Clothianidin	Sumitomo Chemical Co. Ltd., Tokyo, Japan; and Valent U.S.A. Corporation, Walnut Creek, CA	03-04-08	Arbitration agreement	06-09-08	N/A
337-TA-636 Certain Laser Imageable Lithographic Printing Plates	Presstek, Inc., Hudson, NH	03-13-08	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-637 Certain Hair Irons and Packaging Thereof	Farouk Systems, Inc., Houston, TX	03-14-08	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-638 Certain Intermediate Bulk Containers	Schutz Container Systems, Inc., North Branch, NJ; and Protechna, S.A., Fribourg, Switzerland	03-14-08	Limited exclusion order	09-11-08	N/A
337-TA-639 Certain Spa Cover Lift Frames	Leisure Concepts, Inc., Spokane, WA	03-24-08	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-640 Certain Short-Wavelength Light Emitting Diodes, Laser Diodes and Products Containing Same	Gertrude Neumark Rothschild, Hartsdale, NY	03-25-08	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-641 Certain Variable Speed Wind Turbines and Components Thereof	General Electric Company, Fairfield, CT	03-31-08	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-642 ⁶ Certain Catheters, Consoles and Other Apparatus for Cryosurgery, and Components Thereof	CryoCor, Inc., San Diego, CA; and AMS Research Corporation, Minnetonka, MN	04-02-08	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-643 Certain Cigarettes and Packaging Thereof	Philip Morris USA Inc., Richmond, VA	04-04-08	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-644 Certain Composite Wear Components and Products Containing the Same	Magotteaux International S/A, Vaux-sous Chevemont, Belgium; and Magotteaux, Inc., Franklin, TN	04-25-08	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-645 Certain Vein Harvesting Surgical Systems and Components Thereof	Maquet Cardiovascular LLC, San Jose, CA	05-05-08	Pending	N/A	N/A

Investigation No. and Title	Complainant	Fed. Reg. Notice	Final Determination	Date Orders Issued	Pub. No.
337-TA-646 Certain Power Supplies	Ultra Products, Inc., Fletcher, OH; and Systemax, Inc., Port Washington, NY	05-08-08	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-647 Certain Hand-Held Meat Tenderizers	Jaccard Corporation, Orchard Park, NY	05-14-08	Withdrawal of the Complaint	09-24-08	N/A
337-TA-648 Certain Semiconductor Integrated Circuits Using Tungsten Metallization and Products Containing Same	LSI Corporation, Milpitas, CA; and Agere Systems, Inc., Allentown, PA	05-21-08	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-649 Certain Semiconductor Chips with Minimized Chip Package Size and Products Containing Same (IV)	Tessera, Inc., San Jose, CA	05-28-08	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-650 Certain Coaxial Cable Connectors and Components Thereof and Products Containing Same	John Mezzalingua Associates, Inc. d/b/a PPC, Inc., East Syracuse, NY	05-30-08	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-651 Certain Automotive Parts	Ford Global Technologies, LLC, Dearborn, MI	06-05-08	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-652 Certain Rubber Antidegradants, Antidegradant Intermediates, and Products Containing the Same	Flexsys America, L.P., St. Louis, MO	07-10-08	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-653 Certain Base Stations and Wireless Microphones	L-3 Communications Mobile- Vision, Inc., Boonton, NJ	08-26-08	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-654 Certain Peripheral Devices and Components Thereof and Products Containing the Same	Microsoft Corporation, Redmond, WA	09-03-08	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-655 Certain Cast Steel Railway Wheels, Certain Processes for Manufacturing or Relating to Same and Certain Products Containing Same	Amsted Industries Incorporated, Chicago, IL	09-16-08	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-656 Certain Integrated Circuits and Products Containing Same	Freescale Semiconductor, Inc., Austin, TX	09-18-08	Pending	N/A	N/A
337-TA-657 Certain Automotive Multimedia Display and Navigation Systems, Components Thereof, and Products Containing Same	Honeywell International Inc., Morristown, NJ	09-22-08	Pending	N/A	N/A

Investigation No. and Title	Complainant	Fed. Reg. Notice	Final Determination	Date Orders Issued	Pub. No.
337-TA-658 Certain Video Game Machines and Related Three-Dimensional Pointing Devices	Hillcrest Laboratories, Inc., Rockville, MD	09-23-08	Pending	N/A	N/A

¹ The limited exclusion order and cease and desist order issued in the investigation were later rescinded based on a settlement agreement.

² The enforcement proceedings in Inv. No. 337-TA-565 were consolidated on 09-18-08.

³ A corrected limited exclusion order was issued on 03-14-08.

⁴ A corrected notice of investigation was published on 05-17-07.

⁵ Investigation Nos. 337-TA-608 and 337-TA-612 were consolidated on 09-19-07.

⁶ A corrected notice of investigation was published on 04-04-08.

NOTE – In fiscal year 2008, the following publications were issued: number 3969, *Certain Plastic Food Containers*, Inv. No. 337-TA-514; number 3970, *Certain NAND Flash Memory Circuits and Products Containing Same*, Inv. No. 337-TA-526; number 3971, *Certain Ink Markers and Packaging Thereof*, Inv. No. 337-522; number 3974, *Certain Electric Robots and Component Parts Thereof*, Inv. No. 337-TA-530; number 3975, *Certain Rubber Antidegradants*, *Components Thereof, and Products Containing Same*, Inv. No. 337-TA-533; number 3976, *Certain Pool Cues with Self-Aligning Joint Assemblies and Components Thereof*, Inv. No. 337-TA-536; number 4012, *Certain Automotive Parts*, Inv. No. 337-TA-557; and number 4013, *Certain NOR and NAND Flash Memory Devices and Products Containing the Same*, Inv. No. 337-TA-560.

Table IIIGeneral Factfinding Investigations Conducted in Fiscal Year 2008

Investigation No. and Title	Requester	Date Instituted	Public Hearing	Pub. No.	Date Published
163-1 Year in Trade 2007: Operation of the Trade	Section 163(c) of the Trade Act	01-01-48	N/A	4026	07-08
Agreements Program, 59th Report	of 1974				
AGOA-002 Denim Fabric: Use in AGOA Countries During Fiscal Year 2007	Required by the African Growth and Opportunity Act Section 112 (c)	11-27-07	04-09-08	4021	07-08
AGOA-003 Denim Fabric: Commercial Availability in AGOA Countries During Fiscal Year 2009	Required by the African Growth and Opportunity Act Section 112 (c)	12-05-07	04-09-08	4027	08-08
Chile-FTA-103-019 Probable Economic Effect of Certain Modifications to the United States-Chile Free Trade Agreement Rules of Origin	United States Trade Representative	03-06-08	N/A	Pending	Pending
FTA-103-021 Viscose Rayon Staple Fiber: Probable Effect of Modification of U.SAustralia Free Trade Agreement Rules of Origin	United States Trade Representative	08-28-08	N/A	Pending	Pending
332-227 Reports on the Impact of the Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act on U.S. Industries and Consumers	Required by sec. 215(a) of the Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act	03-21-86	N/A	Pending	Pending
332-288 Ethyl Alcohol for Fuel Use: Determination of the Base Quantity of Imports	Required by the Steel Trade Liberalization Program Implementation Act of 1989, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2703 note)	03-09-90	N/A	N/A	N/A
332-325 The Economic Effects of Significant U.S. Import Restraints	United States Trade Representative	06-05-92	N/A	Pending	Pending
332-345 U.S. Shifts in Merchandise Trade and Recent Trends in U.S. Services Trade	Two reports instituted by the U.S. International Trade Commission on its own motion	08-27-93	N/A	4015	06-08
332-350 Monitoring of U.S. Imports of Tomatoes	Required by the North American Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act	12-30-93	N/A	3959	11-07
332-351 Monitoring of U.S. Imports of Peppers	Required by the North American Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act	12-30-93	N/A	3960	11-07
332-352 Andean Trade Preference Act: Impact on the U.S. Economy and on Andean Drug Crop Eradication	Required by the Andean Trade Preference Act (ATPA)	02-17-94	N/A	4037	09-08
332-360 International Harmonization of Customs Rules of Origin	United States Trade Representative	04-06-95	N/A	Pending	Pending

Table IIIGeneral Factfinding Investigations Conducted in Fiscal Year 2008

Investigation No. and Title	Requester	Date Instituted	Public Hearing	Pub. No.	Date Published
332-477 Sub-Saharan Africa: Effects of Infrastructure Conditions on Export Competitiveness, 2nd Annual Report	United States Trade Representative	08-18-06	10-23-07	3989	04-08
332-480 Certain Textile Articles: Travel Goods of Textile Materials	Committee on Ways and Means, U.S. House of Representatives	11-16-06	N/A	3957	10-07
332-481 Industrial Biotechnology: Development and Adoption by the U.S. Chemical and Biofuel Industries	Committee on Finance, U.S. Senate	11-27-06	N/A	4020	07-08
332-485 Canned Peaches, Pears, and Fruit Mixtures: Conditions of Competition between U.S. and Principal Foreign Supplier Industries	Committee on Ways and Means, U.S. House of Representatives	02-06-07	N/A	3972	12-07
332-487 Wood Flooring and Hardwood Plywood: Competitive Conditions Affecting the U.S. Industries	Committee on Finance, U.S. Senate	04-11-07	10-03-07	4032	08-08
332-488 Global Beef Trade: Effects of Animal Health, Sanitary, Food Safety and Other Measures on U.S. Beef Exports		09-13-07	11-15-07	4033	09-08
332-492 China: Description of Selected Government Practices and Policies Affecting Decision-Making in the Economy	Committee on Ways and Means, U.S. House of Representatives	06-21-07	09-06-07	3978	12-07
332-493 Advice Concerning Possible Modifications to the U.S. Generalized System of Preferences, 2007 Review	United States Trade Representative	09-12-07	10-16-07	3982	01-08
332-494 Review of the U.SIsrael Agreement on Trade in Agricultural Products	United States Trade Representative	11-19-07	01-10-08	N/A	N/A
332-496 Caribbean Region: Review of Economic Growth and Development	United States Trade Representative	12-10-07	01-29-08	4000	05-08
332-497 Advice Concerning Possible Modifications to the U.S. Generalized System of Preferences, 2007 Review of Competitive Need Limit Waivers	United States Trade Representative	01-29-08	02-28-08	3995	04-08
332-498 and Chile FTA-103-20 Certain Vegetables and Grape Juice: Probable Economic Effect of Accelerated Tariff Elimination for Certain Goods of Chile	United States Trade Representative	03-06-08	N/A	4017	06-08
332-499 Property and Casualty Insurance Services: Competitive Conditions in Foreign Markets	United States Trade Representative	08-12-08	09-23-08	Pending	Pending
332-500 Advice Concerning Possible Modifiations to the U.S. Generalized System of Preferences, 2008 Review of Additions and Removals	United States Trade Representative	09-26-08	Pending	Pending	Pending
5003-001 Textiles and Apparel: Effects of Special Rules for Haiti on Trade Markets in Industries	Required by sec. 5003 of the Tax Relief and Health Care Act of 2006	12-20-06	11-08-07	4016	06-08

NOTES – In fiscal year 2008, the following investigations were inactive: Inv. No. 332-354, *Program to Maintain U.S. Schedule of Services Commitments*, requested by the United States Trade Representative ; Inv. No. 332-377, *Program to Maintain Investment Restrictions Database*, requested by the United States Trade Representative ; and Inv. No. 332-484, *Commercial Availability of Apparel Inputs: Effect of Providing Preferential Treatment to Apparel from Sub-Saharan African*, *Caribbean Basin*, and Andean Countries.

In fiscal year 2008, the following investigations were either cancelled or terminated: Inv. No. 332-478, U.S.-China Trade: Implications of U.S.-Asia-Pacific Trade and Investment Trends, requested by the Committee on Ways and Means, U.S. House of Representatives, Inv. 332-491, China: Government Policies in Selected Sectors, requested by the Committee on Ways and Means, U.S. House of Representatives; and Inv. No. 332-495, China: Study III, requested by the Committee on Ways and Means, U.S. House of Representatives.

Appendix B: Reports Completed During Fiscal Year 2008 and in Progress on September 30, 2008

Studies Completed During FY 2008

In addition to the reports discussed below, details on a number of other factfinding investigations completed during FY 2008 appear in the **Commission Activities and Accomplishments** section of this report. See pages 18-21 for details on:

Industrial Biotechnology: Development and Adoption by the U.S. Chemical and Biofuel Industries (332-481)

China: Description of Selected Government Practices and Policies Affecting Decision Making in the Economy (332-492)

Global Beef Trade: Effects of Animal Health, Sanitary, Food Safety, and Other Measures on U.S. Beef Exports (332-488)

U.S.-Israel Agricultural Trade: Probable Economic Effect on U.S. and Israeli Agricultural Industries of Conducting Such Trade in a Free Trade Environment (332-494)

Wood Flooring and Hardwood Plywood: Competitive Conditions Affecting the U.S. Industries (332-487)

Canned Peaches, Pears, and Mixed Fruit: Conditions of Competition Between U.S. and Principal Foreign Supplier Industries (332-485)

Information on the USITC's recurring annual reports *Shifts in U.S. Merchandise Trade 2007* and *Recent Trends in U.S. Services Trade* (332-345), as well as *The Year in Trade 2007*, may also be found in the **Commission Activities and Accomplishments** section.

Caribbean Region: Review of Economic Growth and Development (332-496)

On November 7, 2007, the Committee on Ways and Means, U.S. House of Representatives, requested that the USITC help it identify ways that U.S. trade and aid policy can most help the Caribbean Basin. The Committee expressed a need, in deciding on the best policy for the region moving forward, to examine past successes and failures of the Caribbean Basin's economic growth. The USITC report, submitted in May 2008, provided an in-depth description of the current level of economic development in the Caribbean Basin at the regional level and the country level. The USITC reviewed the economic literature on potential Caribbean development and information provided at a hearing and in written submissions to identify possible future development strategies for the region as well as challenges facing Caribbean countries and possible ways of addressing them. The report included brief case studies of successful industries that have been able to compete globally or regionally despite small size or capacity constraints.

Further information: http://www.usitc.gov/press_room/news_release/2008/er0613ff1.htm View report: http://www.usitc.gov/publications/332/pub4000.pdf

Textiles and Apparel: Effects of Special Rules for Haiti on Trade Markets and Industries (TR-5003-1)

The Haitian Hemispheric Opportunity through Partnership Encouragement Act (HHOPE), which provides expanded trade benefits for Haiti beyond those it receives under the Caribbean Basin Trade Partnership Act, was enacted as part of the Tax Relief and Health Care Act of 2006. The legislation granted U.S. duty-free treatment to imports of qualifying textiles and apparel from Haiti if the President determines

that Haiti meets certain requirements set out in the statute. The law also required the USITC to report to the Congress on the effects of the law on the trade markets and industries involving textiles and apparel in Haiti, the United States, beneficiary countries of the U.S.-Caribbean Basin Trade Preference Act, and countries with which the United States has free trade agreements. The USITC's report, submitted in June 2008, found that despite challenges facing the Haitian apparel industry, Haitian exports of apparel to the United States rose during 2005-2007. While apparel imports from Haiti made up less than one percent of total apparel imports by the United States, over 90 percent of Haiti's apparel exports were shipped to the United States. The Haitian apparel industry, employing between 15,000 and 18,000 Haitian workers, appeared to have benefitted from U.S. trade preferences including the Carribean Basin Trade Partnership Act and the HHOPE Act.

Further information: http://www.usitc.gov/press_room/news_release/2008/er0613ff2.htm View report: http://www.usitc.gov/publications/332/pub4016.pdf

Sub-Saharan Africa: Factors Affecting Trade Patterns of Selected Industries (332-477)

On July 27, 2007, the USTR requested that the USITC complete a series of three annual reports to provide brief overviews of the trends in Sub-Saharan African (SSA) exports in the agricultural, mining and manufacturing, and services sectors. Each report will provide profiles of SSA industries within those sectors producing certain products that have shown significant export shifts in recent years. Each industry profile will include an analysis of the leading SSA exporters, their key markets, the leading competitors, and the market and policy factors that have contributed to recent increases or decreases in the exports of these industries. The second report, submitted to the USTR in April 2008, covered industries that produce coffee, shea butter, spices (primarily vanilla, cloves, pepper, and ginger), tropical fruit (primarily bananas and pineapples), footwear, natural rubber, processed diamonds, textiles, wood furniture, aviation services, and communication services.

Further information: http://www.usitc.gov/press_room/news_release/2008/er0506ff3.htm View report: http://www.usitc.gov/publications/332/pub3989.pdf

Certain Textile Articles: Travel Goods of Textile Materials (332-480)

On October 25, 2006, the Committee on Ways and Means, U.S. House of Representatives, requested that the USITC investigate the level of U.S. production and shipments of travel goods with an outer surface of textile materials and the textile materials used to make them. The USITC report, submitted in October 2007, provided data for 2005 and 2006 on U.S. production and shipments of these items.

Further information: http://www.usitc.gov/press_room/news_release/2007/er1031ee1.htm View report: http://www.usitc.gov/publications/332/pub3957.pdf

Advice Concerning Possible Modifications to the U.S. Generalized System of Preferences, 2007 Review of Additions and Removals (332-493)

On September 6, 2007, the USTR requested that the USITC provide advice on the likely impact on competing U.S. industries and consumers of the addition of nine HTS subheadings to the list of articles eligible for the GSP and the removal of two HTS subheadings from duty free status from certain beneficiary developing countries. The USTR subsequently advised the USITC that it had terminated its investigations of three of those subheadings. The Commission provided advice for additions to the GSP for adipic acid; certain plywood sheets; certain unwrought aluminum, not alloyed; certain unwrought

aluminum, alloys; certain aluminum bars, rods, and profiles; and manganese metal powder. The Commission provided advice for removal from the GSP for certain other organo-inorganic compounds from India and polyethylene terephthalate (PET) film from Brazil. The USITC submitted its confidential report to USTR in December 2007 and released a public version in January 2008.

Further information: http://www.usitc.gov/press_room/news_release/2008/er0115ff1.htm View report: http://www.usitc.gov/publications/332/pub3982.pdf

Advice Concerning Possible Modifications to the U.S. Generalized System of Preferences, 2007 Review of Limit Waivers (332-497)

On January 18, 2008, the USTR asked the USITC to provide advice as to the impact of granting a waiver of the competitive need limits for Argentina for certain full grain unsplit bovine and equine leather; for India for certain cucumbers, including gherkins; for Indonesia for polyethylene terephthalate (PET) resin and new pneumatic rubber radial tires; and for Turkey for certain copper cables. The USITC submitted its confidential report to the USTR and released a public version in April 2008.

Further information: http://www.usitc.gov/press_room/news_release/2008/er0423ff1.htm View report: http://www.usitc.gov/publications/332/pub3995.pdf

Certain Vegetables and Grape Juice: Probable Economic Effect of Accelerated Tariff Elimination for Certain Goods of Chile (332-498 and Chile FTA-103-020)

On February 11, 2008, the USTR requested that the USITC provide advice on the probable economic effect of proposed U.S.-Chile Free Trade Agreement (UCFTA) tariff eliminations on U.S. industries producing like or directly competitive articles, on workers in these industries, and on consumers of certain vegetables and grape juice that are products of Chile, including frozen beans, spinach, sweet corn, miscellaneous other frozen vegetables, and frozen mixtures of vegetables; canned artichokes; and other grape juice including grape must. The USITC submitted its confidential report to the USTR in May 2008 and released a public version in June 2008.

Further information: http://www.usitc.gov/press_room/news_release/2008/er0630ff1.htm View report: http://www.usitc.gov/publications/332/pub4017.pdf

Recurring Industry Surveys

Andean Trade Preference Act: Impact on U.S. Industries and Consumers and on Drug Crop Eradication and Crop Substitution, Thirteenth Report, 2007 (332-352)

Section 206 of the Andean Trade Preference Act (ATPA) requires the USITC to submit annual reports to the Congress and the President evaluating the economic impact of the ATPA on U.S. industries and consumers and discussing the ATPA's effectiveness in promoting drug-related crop eradication and crop substitution in the four Andean beneficiary countries – Bolivia, Colombia, Ecuador, and Peru. The current USITC report found that the overall effect of imports under the ATPA continued to be negligible in 2007. The ATPA continued to have a small but indirect effect in reducing illicit coca cultivation and promoting crop substitution efforts in the Andean countries in 2007.

Further information: http://www.usitc.gov/press_room/news_release/2008/er1107ff1.htm View report: http://www.usitc.gov/publications/332/pub4037.pdf

Ethyl Alcohol for Fuel Use: Determination of the Base Quantity of Imports (332-288)

Section VII of the 1989 Steel Trade Liberalization Program Implementation Act requires the USITC to determine annually the U.S. domestic market for fuel ethyl alcohol during the 12-month period ending on the preceding September 30. Section VII of the Act concerns local feedstock requirements for fuel ethyl alcohol imported into the United States from Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act (CBERA) beneficiary countries. The USITC's domestic market estimate is used to establish the "base quantity" of imports that can be imported with a zero percent local feedstock requirement. Beyond the base quantity of imports, progressively higher local feedstock requirements are placed on imports of fuel ethyl alcohol and mixtures from the CBERA beneficiary countries. The USITC uses official statistics of the U.S. Department of Energy as well as the PIERS database of the Journal of Commerce to make its determinations. For the 12-month period ending September 30, 2007, the USITC determined that the base quantity was 452.5 million gallons. For the 12-month period ending September 30, 2007, the USITC determined that the level of U.S. consumption of fuel ethyl alcohol to be 6.46 billion gallons; 7 percent of this amount is 452.5 million gallons. The USITC announced this determination in December 2007.

View determination: http://www.usitc.gov/secretary/fed_reg_notices/332/332-288.determination.1167405896.pdf

Monitoring of U.S. Imports of Tomatoes (332-350) Monitoring of U.S. Imports of Peppers (332-351)

Section 316 of the NAFTA Implementation Act requires the USITC to monitor U.S. imports of "fresh or chilled tomatoes" and "fresh or chilled peppers, other than chili peppers" until January 1, 2009. The reports include current conditions in the U.S. industry in such areas as production, imports, exports, and prices. The current reports were published in November 2007.

View report on tomatoes: *http://www.usitc.gov/publications/332/pub3959.pdf* View report on peppers: *http://www.usitc.gov/publications/332/pub3960.pdf*

U.S. Schedule of Services Commitments (332-354)

On April 18, 1994, the USTR requested that the USITC initiate an ongoing program to compile and maintain the United States Schedule of Services Commitments as required by the General Agreement on Trade in Services (GATS), which was negotiated as part of the GATT Uruguay Round of multilateral trade negotiations. The USTR requested that the USITC compile an initial U.S. Schedule reflecting the final services commitments made in the Uruguay Round and work with the USTR to update the U.S. Schedule, as necessary, to reflect all future commitments resulting from the post-Uruguay Round negotiations on financial, telecommunications, and maritime services and future bilateral and multilateral services negotiations undertaken by the USTR. The USITC compiled an initial U.S. Schedule and submitted it to the USTR in October 1994 and has made some subsequent changes. No additional changes were made in FY 2008.

Program to Maintain Investment Restrictions Database (332-377)

On January 8, 1997, the USTR requested that the USITC develop a confidential database that identifies and provides pertinent information regarding foreign investment restrictions. In the request letter, the USTR indicated that the database would assist the USTR in assessing the value of commitments undertaken by other countries and reporting on the final outcome of negotiations currently underway to develop a multilateral agreement on investment within the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. The Commission continues to maintain the database.

Studies in Progress at the End of FY 2008

International Harmonization of Customs Rules of Origin (332-360)

On January 25, 1995, the USTR requested that the USITC investigate the international harmonization of customs rules of origin. The investigation will provide the basis for USITC participation in work related to the Uruguay Round Agreement on Rules of Origin, negotiated in the GATT Uruguay Round negotiations and adopted along with the Agreement Establishing the WTO. The USITC investigation will include soliciting public input to ensure that U.S. business interests are recognized in the development of U.S. proposals, participating in the development and representation of U.S. proposals before the World Customs Organization and the WTO, and conducting other research as required. Completion date to be determined.

Property and Casualty Insurance Services: Competitive Conditions in Foreign Markets (332-499)

On June 18, 2008, the USTR requested that the USITC investigate the competitive conditions facing U.S. property and casualty insurance companies in foreign markets. The USITC will provide an overview of global and selected foreign markets for property and casualty (P&C) insurance services, including factors affecting supply and demand in those markets; examine the nature and extent of cross-border trade and affiliate sales in the global market for P&C insurance services; and identify and examine policies and practices that affect U.S. firms' access to, and competitiveness in, foreign markets for P&C insurance services. The report will include examples from both developed- and developing-country markets. Scheduled completion: March 2009.

Sub-Saharan Africa: Effects of Infrastructure Conditions on Export Competitiveness, Third Annual Report (332-477)

On July 27, 2006, the USTR requested that the USITC investigate and report on the competitive factors affecting industries in sub-Saharan Africa (SSA) that have experienced significant increases or decreases in exports in recent years. The investigation will yield three annual reports. In the first two reports in the series, which examined factors affecting SSA exports in the agricultural, mining and manufacturing, and services sectors, the USITC had identified three infrastructure sectors (land transport, maritime transport, and electricity) as having a considerable effect on the export competitiveness of many SSA industries. The USITC's third report will analyze the effect that conditions in the three infrastructure sectors have on the competitiveness of select SSA exports. The report will cover the industries that produce coffee, shea butter and downstream products thereof, tropical fruit (e.g., bananas and pineapples) and processed products thereof, textiles and apparel, and tourism services. It may also cover the industries that produce leather and natural rubber and downstream products thereof. Scheduled completion: April 2009.

Probable Economic Effect of Certain Modifications to the U.S.-Chile Free Trade Agreement Rules of Origin (Chile FTA-103-019)

On February 11, 2008, the USTR requested that the USITC investigate proposed modifications to the U.S.-Chile Free Trade Agreement rules of origin on U.S. trade and domestic producers of the affected articles. The investigation will cover a wide variety of articles, including certain herbs and spices; coffee; cocoa and cocoa preparations; miscellaneous edible preparations; products of the chemical or allied industries; rubber and related articles; natural or cultured pearls; nuclear reactors, boilers, machinery, mechanical appliances, and related parts; electrical equipment (sound and television recorders) and related parts; and optical, medical, measuring, or checking instruments and apparatus. Scheduled completion: October 2008.

Viscose Rayon Staple Fiber: Probable Economic Effect of Modification of U.S.-Australia Free Trade Agreement Rules of Origin (FTA-103-021)

On August 14, 2008, the USTR requested that the USITC investigate the probable effect of proposed modifications to the U.S.-Australia Free Trade Agreement rules of origin for certain yarns on U.S. trade and on domestic producers of the affected yarns. The yarns affected could include blends of viscose rayon staple fiber with synthetic staple fibers, such as polyester, and with other artificial staple fibers, such as acetate. Scheduled completion: October 2008.

Advice Concerning Possible Modifications to the U.S. Generalized System of Preferences, 2008 Review of Additions and Removals (332-500)

On September 24, 2008, the USTR requested that the USITC provide advice on the likely impact on competing U.S. industries of the addition of 11 HTS subheadings to the list of articles eligible for the Generalized System of Preferences and the removal of two HTS subheadings from duty-free status from certain beneficiary developing countries. The items being considered for addition are potatoes; spinach; sweet corn; frozen broccoli spears; frozen broccoli, except spears, in containers holding more than 1.4 kg; frozen broccoli, except spears, in containers holding 1.4 kg or less; mixtures of fruits containing oranges or grapefruits in a liquid medium; pineapple juice, not concentrated, of a Brix value not exceeding 20; pineapple juice, not concentrated, other than a Brix value not exceeding 20; high density polyethylene; and certain veneered plywood sheets. The items being considered for removal are polyethylene terephthalate (PET) resin from India and Indonesia and polyamide-6 (nylon 6) from Thailand. Scheduled completion: December 2008.

Appendix C: Statutes Involving the U.S. International Trade Commission

Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Laws Under the Tariff Act of 1930

Under the Tariff Act of 1930, U.S. industries may petition the government for relief from imports that are sold in the United States at less than fair value ("dumped") or which benefit from subsidies provided through foreign government programs ("subsidized"). Under the law, the U.S. Department of Commerce determines whether the dumping or subsidizing exists and, if so, the margin of dumping or amount of the subsidy; the USITC determines whether the dumped or subsidized imports materially injure or threaten to materially injure the U.S. industry.

Antidumping and countervailing duty investigations are conducted under title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930. The USITC conducts the injury investigations in preliminary and final phases.

Preliminary Phase Antidumping Investigations (Imports Sold at Less Than Fair Value) and Preliminary Phase Countervailing Duty Investigations (Subsidized Imports)

When: After the simultaneous filing of a petition with the USITC and the U.S. Department of Commerce, the USITC conducts a preliminary phase injury investigation.

Duration: The preliminary phase of the investigation usually must be completed within 45 days of the receipt of the petition. If Commerce has extended its deadline for initiating the investigation, the USITC must make its preliminary injury determination within 25 days after Commerce informs the USITC of the initiation of the investigation.

Finding: The USITC determines, on the basis of the best information available to it at the time of the determination, (1) whether there is a "reasonable indication" that an industry is materially injured or is threatened with material injury, or (2) whether the establishment of an industry is materially retarded, by reason of imports under investigation by the Department of Commerce that are allegedly sold at less than fair value in the United States or subsidized.

If the USITC determination is affirmative, Commerce continues its investigation. If the USITC determination is negative, the investigation is terminated. However, if the USITC, in making a preliminary or final determination, finds that imports from a country are negligible, then the investigation regarding those imports must be terminated. Imports from a country under investigation are deemed negligible if they amount to less than 3 percent of the volume of all such merchandise imported into the United States in the most recent 12-month period preceding the filing of the petition for which data are available.

There are exceptions to this rule. One exception is that when imports from more than one country are subject to investigation as a result of petitions filed on the same day, imports from one or more of those countries under investigation will not be deemed negligible if the sum of imports from countries subject to investigation whose imports are less than 3 percent on an individual basis collectively amounts to more than 7 percent of the volume of all such merchandise imported into the United States.

Final Phase Antidumping Investigations (Imports Sold at Less Than Fair Value) and Final Phase Countervailing Duty Investigations (Subsidized Imports)

When: After a preliminary affirmative determination by the Secretary of Commerce (or after a final affirmative determination if the preliminary determination was negative) that imported products are being, or are likely to be, sold at less than fair value or are subsidized, the USITC conducts the final phase of the injury investigation.

Duration: The USITC final phase injury investigation usually must be completed within 120 days after an affirmative preliminary determination by the Secretary of Commerce or within 45 days after an affirmative final determination by the Secretary of Commerce, whichever is later. However, in cases in which the Commerce preliminary determination is negative but the Commerce final determination is affirmative, then the USITC final injury determination must be made within 75 days.

Finding: The USITC determines (1) whether an industry in the United States is materially injured or threatened with material injury, or (2) whether the establishment of an industry in the United States is materially retarded, by reason of imports that the Department of Commerce has determined to be sold in the United States at less than fair value or subsidized.

If the USITC determination is affirmative, the Secretary of Commerce issues an antidumping duty order (in a dumping investigation) or a countervailing duty order (in a subsidy investigation), which is enforced by the U.S. Customs Service. USITC determinations may be appealed to the U.S. Court of International Trade in New York City, or, in cases involving Canada and/or Mexico, to a binational panel under the auspices of the North American Free Trade Agreement. (For further information on antidumping investigations, see section 731 et seq. of the Tariff Act of 1930, 19 U.S.C. 1673 et seq. For further information on countervailing duty investigations, see section 701 et seq. of the Tariff Act of 1930, 19 U.S.C. 1671 et seq.)

Section 753, Tariff Act of 1930 (Review Investigations)

In the case of a countervailing duty order with respect to which an affirmative determination of material injury by the Commission was not required at the time the order was issued, interested parties may request that the Commission initiate an investigation to determine whether an industry in the United States is likely to be materially injured by reason of imports of the subject merchandise if the order is revoked. Such requests must be filed with the Commission within six months of the date on which the country from which the subject merchandise originates becomes a signatory to the Agreement on Subsidies and Countervailing Measures. (For further information, see section 753, Tariff Act of 1930, 19 U.S.C. 1675b.)

Sunset reviews

The Uruguay Round Agreements Act, approved in late 1994, amended the antidumping and countervailing duty laws in several respects. The most significant change was a provision that requires the Department of Commerce to revoke an antidumping or countervailing duty order, or terminate a suspension agreement, after five years unless the Department of

Commerce and the USITC determine that revoking the order or terminating the suspension agreement would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping or subsidies (Commerce) and of material injury (USITC) within a reasonably foreseeable time.

When: Five-year reviews of all antidumping and countervailing duty orders and suspension agreements are initiated by the Department of Commerce by no later than 30 days prior to their five-year anniversary.

Following the Department of Commerce's initiation of each five-year review, the USITC sets its schedule for the review and publishes this information in a Federal Register notice. The notice in each review is posted in the Five-Year (Sunset) Reviews section of the USITC web site.

Duration: The USITC's notice of institution in five-year reviews requests that interested parties file with the USITC responses that discuss the likely effects of revoking the order under review and provide other pertinent information.

Generally within 95 days from institution, the USITC determines whether the responses it has received reflect an adequate or inadequate level of interest in the review. If the USITC determines that responses to its notice of institution are adequate, or if other circumstances warrant a full review, the USITC conducts a full review, which includes a public hearing and issuance of questionnaires. If the USITC determines that responses to its notice of institution are inadequate, the USITC conducts an expedited review. The USITC does not hold a hearing or conduct further investigative activities in expedited reviews. Commissioners base their injury determinations in expedited reviews on the facts available, including the USITC's prior injury and, if applicable, prior review determinations, responses received to its notice of institution, publicly available data collected by staff in connection with the review, and information provided by the Department of Commerce.

The USITC usually completes full five-year reviews within 360 days of initiation and expedited reviews within 150 days. Both Commerce and the USITC have the authority to extend these deadlines by up to 90 days in all transition reviews and other extraordinarily complicated cases.

Finding: In five-year reviews, the USITC determines whether revocation of the antidumping or countervailing duty order, or termination of the suspended investigation, would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to the U.S. industry within a reasonably foreseeable time. If the USITC's determination is affirmative, the order will remain in place. If the USITC's determination is negative, the order will be revoked. (For further information on five-year (sunset) reviews, see section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930, 19 U.S.C. 1675(c).)

Safeguard Investigations

Section 201, Trade Act of 1974 (Global Safeguard Investigations), Import Relief for Domestic Industries

Under section 201, domestic industries seriously injured or threatened with serious injury by increased imports may petition the USITC for import relief. The USITC determines whether an article is being imported in such increased quantities that it is a substantial cause of serious injury, or threat thereof, to the U.S. industry producing an article like or directly competitive with the imported article. If the Commission makes an affirmative determination, it recommends to the President relief that would prevent or remedy the injury and facilitate industry adjustment to import competition. The President makes the final decision whether to provide relief and the amount of relief.

Section 201 does not require a finding of an unfair trade practice, as do the antidumping and countervailing duty laws and section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930. However, the injury requirement under section 201 is considered to be more difficult than those of the unfair trade statutes. Section 201 requires that the injury or threatened injury be "serious" and that the increased imports must be a "substantial cause" (important and not less than any other cause) of the serious injury or threat of serious injury.

Criteria for import relief under section 201 track the criteria in the WTO Agreement on Safeguards. The global safeguard law permits a country to escape temporarily from its obligations under the Agreement with respect to a particular product when increased imports of that product are causing or are threatening to cause serious injury to domestic producers. Section 201 provides the legal framework under U.S. law for the President to invoke U.S. rights under the WTO Agreement on Safeguards.

When: The USITC conducts an investigation under section 201 upon receipt of a petition from a trade association, firm, certified or recognized union, or group of workers which is representative of a domestic industry; upon receipt of a request from the President or the USTR; upon receipt of a resolution of the House Committee on Ways and Means or Senate Committee on Finance; or upon its own motion.

Duration: The USITC generally must make its injury finding within 120 days (150 days in more complicated cases) of receipt of the petition, request, resolution, or institution on its own motion and must transmit its report to the President, together with any relief recommendations, within 180 days after receipt of the petition, request, resolution, or institution on its own motion.

Finding: If the USITC finding is affirmative, it must recommend a remedy to the President, who determines what relief, if any, will be imposed. Such relief may be in the form of a tariff increase, quantitative restrictions, or orderly marketing agreements.

Followup: If the President provides import relief, the USITC must monitor developments within the domestic industry and, if the duration of relief is more than three years, must provide a report to the President and the Congress on the results of its monitoring. Upon request, the USITC advises the President of the probable economic effect on the industry of the reduction, modification, or termination of the relief in effect. As the termination date of a relief action nears, the USITC, at the request of the President or the industry, may determine whether the relief provided continues to be necessary; the USITC submits a report to the President, who determines whether to extend the relief action. Upon termination of import relief, the USITC is required to report to the President and the Congress on the effectiveness of the relief action in facilitating the positive adjustment of the domestic industry to import competition. (For further information, see section 201 of the Trade Act of 1974, 19 U.S.C. 2251.)

Section 311, NAFTA Implementation Act

Under section 311 of the NAFTA Implementation Act, if the USITC makes an affirmative determination under the global safeguard law, it must also find and report to the President

whether (1) imports from a NAFTA country account for a substantial share of total imports and (2) imports from a NAFTA country contribute importantly to the serious injury, or threat thereof, caused by imports. (For further information, see section 311, NAFTA Implementation Act, 19 U.S.C. 3371) If the President makes a negative determination, he must exclude NAFTA country imports from any global safeguard relief action. (For further information, see section 312(a), NAFTA Implementation Act, 19 U.S.C. 3372(a).)

Section 312(c), NAFTA Implementation Act

If under section 312(a) of the NAFTA Implementation Act the President excludes imports from a NAFTA country or countries from a global safeguard relief action, the domestic industry may request that the USITC conduct an investigation to determine whether a subsequent surge in such imports undermines the effectiveness of the relief action. The USITC submits its findings to the President no later than 30 days after the request is received. The President then determines whether to terminate the NAFTA country's or countries' exclusion from the global safeguard relief action. (For further information, see section 312(c), NAFTA Implementation Act, 19 U.S.C. 3372(c).)

Section 421, Trade Act of 1974 (China Safeguard Investigations)

Under section 421 of the Trade Act of 1974, the Commission determines whether imports of a product from China are being imported into the United States in such increased quantities or under such conditions as to cause or threaten to cause market disruption to the domestic producers of like or directly competitive products. If the Commission makes an affirmative determination, it proposes a remedy. The Commission sends its report to the President and the U.S. Trade Representative. The President makes the final remedy decision. (For further information, see section 421, Trade Act of 1974, 19 U.S.C. 2451.)

Section 422, Trade Act of 1974 (China Trade Diversion Investigations)

Under section 422 of the Trade Act of 1974, the Commission determines whether (a) an action by China to prevent or remedy market disruption in a WTO member country or (b) an action, including a provisional action, by a WTO member to prevent or remedy market disruption from imports from China has caused, or threatens to cause, a significant diversion of trade into the domestic market of the United States. If the Commission makes an affirmative determination, it recommends a remedy. The Commission sends its report to the President and the U.S. Trade Representative. The President makes the final remedy decision. (For further information, see section 422, Trade Act of 1974, 19 U.S.C. 2451a.)

Section 302, NAFTA Implementation Act (Bilateral Safeguard Investigations)

Under section 302 of the NAFTA Implementation Act, the Commission determines whether, as a result of the reduction or elimination in a duty under the NAFTA, increased imports from Canada or Mexico are a substantial cause of serious injury or threat of serious injury to a U.S. industry. If the Commission makes an affirmative determination, it makes a remedy recommendation to the President, who makes the final remedy decision. Section 302 investigations are similar procedurally to investigations under section 201 of the Trade Act of 1974. (For further information, see section 301, NAFTA Implementation Act, 19 U.S.C. 3352.)

Intellectual Property-Based Import Investigations

Section 337, Tariff Act of 1930, Investigations of Intellectual Property Infringement and Other Unfair Practices in Import Trade

Under section 337, the USITC determines whether there is unfair competition in the importation of products into, or their subsequent sale in, the United States. Section 337 declares the infringement of a U.S. patent, copyright, registered trademark, or mask work to be an unlawful practice in import trade. Section 337 also declares unlawful other unfair methods of competition and unfair acts in the importation and subsequent sale of products in the United States, the threat or effect of which is to destroy or substantially injure a domestic industry, prevent the establishment of such an industry, or restrain or monopolize trade and commerce in the United States.

Section 337 investigations require formal evidentiary hearings in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U.S.C. 551 et seq.). The hearings are held before an administrative law judge (ALJ). Parties to these investigations include complainants, respondents, and the USITC attorney representing the public interest. Following the evidentiary hearing, the ALJ issues an initial determination on all issues related to violations of section 337. The Commission may review and adopt, modify, or reverse the ALJ's decision. If the Commission does not review the initial determination, it becomes the USITC's decision. If a violation is found, the USITC may issue orders barring the importation of certain products into the United States. In addition to requesting long-term relief, complainants also may move for temporary relief pending final resolution of the investigation based on a showing of, among other things, irreparable harm in the absence of such temporary relief.

When: After receipt of a complaint alleging, under oath, a violation of section 337, the USITC determines whether the complaint satisfies the requirements of the Commission's rules and an investigation should be instituted. Following institution, the USITC conducts an investigation to determine whether the statute has been violated.

Duration: The USITC is required to conclude its investigation at the earliest practicable time, and must, within 45 days after an investigation is instituted, establish a target date for issuing its final determination.

Finding: If the accused imports are determined to infringe a valid and enforceable U.S. patent, copyright, registered trademark, or mask work, the USITC may issue orders excluding the products from entry into the United States and/or directing the violating parties to cease and desist from certain actions. Where such infringement is shown, injury need not be shown to establish a violation of section 337. In cases involving other unfair methods of competition or unfair acts, if the USITC finds that the importation of the accused articles substantially injures or threatens to substantially injure an industry, prevents the establishment of such an industry, or restrains or monopolizes trade and commerce in the United States, it may also issue exclusion and/or cease and desist orders. USITC orders are effective when issued and become final 60 days after issuance unless disapproved for policy reasons by the U.S. Trade Representative within that 60-day period. Appeals of USITC determinations may be taken to the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit. Violators of USITC section 337 orders are liable for civil penalties of up to \$100,000 a day or twice the value of the imported articles. (For further information, see section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, 19 U.S.C. 1337.)

General Factfinding Investigations

Section 332, Tariff Act of 1930, General Factfinding Investigations

Under section 332, the USITC investigates a wide variety of trade matters.

When: Upon request from the President, the Senate Committee on Finance, the House Committee on Ways and Means, or the USTR, or upon its own motion, the USITC initiates a factfinding investigation on any matter involving tariffs or international trade, including conditions of competition between U.S. and foreign industries.

Duration: Unless otherwise directed, the USITC establishes an administrative deadline. Deadlines for investigations requested by the President, the USTR, or Congress are usually set by mutual agreement.

Finding: USITC general factfinding investigations cover matters related to tariffs or trade and are generally conducted at the request of the U.S. Trade Representative, the Senate Committee on Finance, or the House Committee on Ways and Means. The resulting reports convey the Commission's objective findings and independent analyses on the subjects investigated. The Commission makes no recommendations on policy or other matters in its general factfinding reports. Upon completion of each investigation, the USITC submits its findings and analyses to the requester. General factfinding investigation reports are subsequently released to the public, unless they are classified by the requester for national security reasons. (For further information, see section 332 of the Tariff Act of 1930, 19 U.S.C. 1332.)

Other USITC Activities Required by Statute

Section 112, African Growth and Opportunity Act, Commercial Availability of Regional Fabric or Yarn for Use in Lesser Developed Beneficiary Sub-Saharan African Countries

Under section 112(c)(2) of the African Growth and Opportunity Act (AGOA), the Commission conducts investigations and makes determinations with respect to the availability and use of regional fabric or yarn in lesser developed beneficiary sub-Saharan African (SSA) countries in the production of apparel articles receiving U.S. preferential treatment under AGOA. The Commission reports its determinations to the President. The Commission's authority to make such determinations was added on December 20, 2006, when the President signed H.R. 6111 into law (Public Law 109-432).

The Commission initially conducts investigations and makes determinations upon receipt of a petition. If the Commission determines that the subject fabric or yarn is available in commercial quantities, it must determine the quantity that will be available during the following October 1-September 30 fiscal year. Thereafter, through 2012, the Commission must make annual determinations with respect to the availability of regional fabric or yarn, and the quantity available, in the following fiscal year. In addition, after a fiscal year ends, the Commission must determine the extent to which the quantity of the regional fabric or yarn earlier found to be available was used in lesser developed SSA countries in the production of apparel articles receiving U.S. preferential treatment under AGOA. The Commission makes its determinations in the context of a statutory provision that allows apparel produced in lesser developed SSA countries from non-regional "third country" fabric or yarn to receive U.S. preferential treatment under AGOA. If the Commission determines that regional fabric or yarn was available but not used in the production of such apparel, the statute authorizes or directs the President, depending on the circumstance, to remove apparel made from third country fabric or yarn from eligibility for preferential treatment. (For further information, see section 112(c)(2), African Growth and Opportunity Act, 19 U.S.C. 3721(c)(2).)

Section 22, Agricultural Adjustment Act, Import Interference With Agricultural Programs

Under section 22 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act, the USITC conducts investigations at the direction of the President to determine whether products are being (or are practically certain to be) imported into the United States under such conditions and in such quantities that they render or tend to render ineffective or materially interfere with any program of the Department of Agriculture.

The USITC makes findings and recommendations to the President. The President may impose a fee or quota on the imports in question. However, no fee or quota may be imposed on any article produced by a member of the World Trade Organization. (For further information, see section 22 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act, 7 U.S.C. 624.)

Section 406, Trade Act of 1974, Trade With Communist Countries

Under section 406 of the Trade Act of 1974, the USITC determines whether imports from a Communist country are causing market disruption in the United States. Section 406 investigations are similar procedurally to USITC investigations under section 201 of the Trade Act of 1974. If the USITC finds market disruption, it then makes a remedy recommendation to the President. The President makes the final decision with respect to remedy. (For further information, see section 406, Trade Act of 1974, 19 U.S.C. 2436.)

Section 603, Trade Act of 1974 (Preliminary Investigations), Expedition of Preliminary Investigations

Section 603 of the Trade Act of 1974 authorizes the USITC to conduct preliminary investigations in order to expedite the performance of its functions under the Act. In recent years, the USITC has used this provision on several occasions in conjunction with section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (which was amended by the Trade Act of 1974) to investigate allegations that may, with the gathering of additional information, provide a basis for an investigation under section 337. (For further information, see section 603, Trade Act of 1974, 19 U.S.C. 2482.)

Uniform Statistical Data

The USITC, in cooperation with the Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of Commerce, establishes for statistical purposes an enumeration of articles imported into the United States and exported from the United States and seeks to establish comparability of such statistics with statistical programs for domestic production. (For further information, see section 484(f), Tariff Act of 1930, 19 U.S.C. 1484(f).)

Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States

The USITC issues a publication containing the HTS and related material and considers questions concerning the arrangement of the HTS and the classification of articles. (For further information, see section 1207 of the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988, 19 U.S.C. 3007; and sections 332(a) and 484(f), Tariff Act of 1930, 19 U.S.C. 1332(a), 1484(f).)

Harmonized System Convention

The USITC has responsibility, along with the Department of the Treasury and the Department of Commerce, to represent the U.S. government concerning the activities of the Customs Cooperation Council (now informally known as the World Customs Organization Council, or WCO) relating to the Harmonized System Convention and to formulate U.S. government positions on technical and procedural issues relating to the Convention. (For further information, see section 1210, Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988, 19 U.S.C. 3010.)

In addition, the USITC is responsible for reviewing the HTS and for recommending to the President such modifications as it considers necessary or appropriate to conform the HTS with amendments to the Harmonized System Convention, to ensure that the HTS is kept up to date, and to alleviate unnecessary administrative burdens. (For further information, see section 1205, Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988, 19 U.S.C. 3005.)

Advice Concerning Trade Negotiations

The USITC advises the President as to the probable economic effect on domestic industries and consumers of modification of duties and other barriers to trade that may be considered for inclusion in any proposed trade agreement with foreign countries. (For further information, see section 131, Trade Act of 1974, 19 U.S.C. 2151.)

The USITC advises the USTR as to the probable economic effects on the U.S. industry producing the product concerned and on the U.S. economy as a whole of a tariff reduction on import-sensitive agricultural products. (For further information, see section 2104(b)(2) (A)(iii), Trade Act of 2002, 19 U.S.C. 3804(b)(2)(A)(iii).)

The USITC provides the President and the Congress with a report that assesses the likely impact on the U.S. economy as a whole and on specific industry sectors and the interests of U.S. consumers of proposed free trade agreements with foreign countries. (For further information, see section 2104(f), Trade Act of 2002, 19 U.S.C. 3804(f).)

Generalized System of Preferences

With respect to articles that may be considered for duty-free treatment when imported from designated developing countries, the USITC advises the President as to the probable economic effect on the domestic industry and on consumers of the removal of duty. (For further information, see sections 131 and 503, Trade Act of 1974, 19 U.S.C. 2151, 2163.)

Annual Report on the U.S. Trade Agreements Program

The USITC annually prepares for Congress and the interested public a factual report on the operation of the trade agreements program. The report contains information on U.S. participation in multilateral and bilateral trade negotiations and agreements, as well as related material on foreign economic and trade developments and the administration of U.S. trade laws. (For further information, see section 163(c), Trade Act of 1974, 19 U.S.C. 2213(c).)

Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act

The USITC submits biennial reports to Congress and the President on the economic impact on U.S. industries and consumers of the Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act and on the impact of the overall preference program on the beneficiary countries themselves. (For further information, see 19 U.S.C. 2704.)

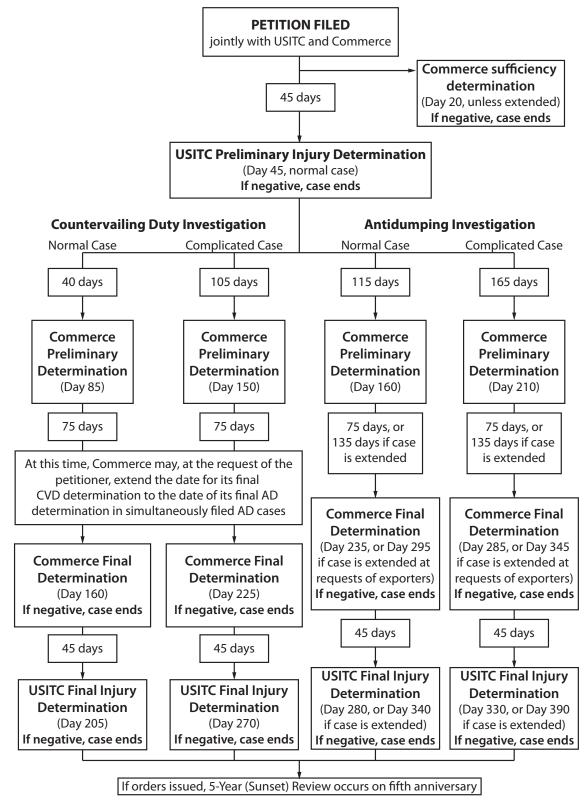
Andean Trade Preference Act

The USITC submits annual reports to Congress and the President on the impact on U.S. industries and consumers of the Andean Trade Preference Act and Andean drug crop eradication and crop substitution. (For further information, see 19 U.S.C. 3204.)

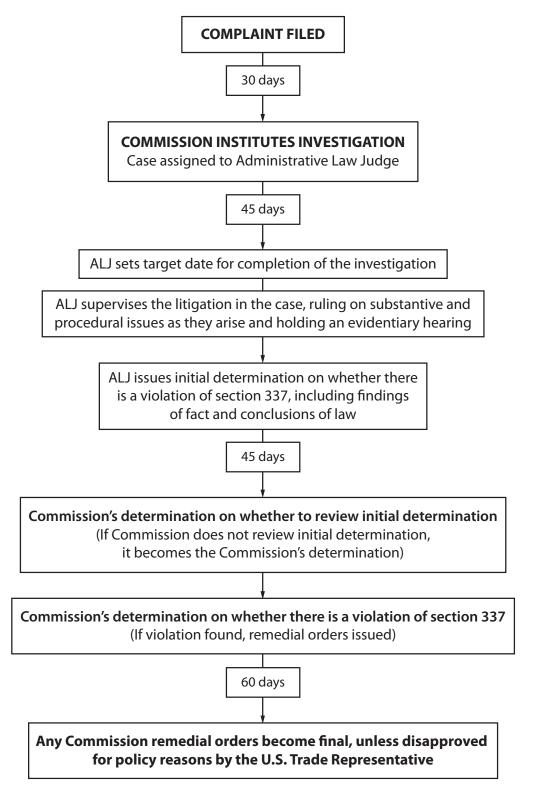
Timetables for USITC Statutory Investigations

Figure 1

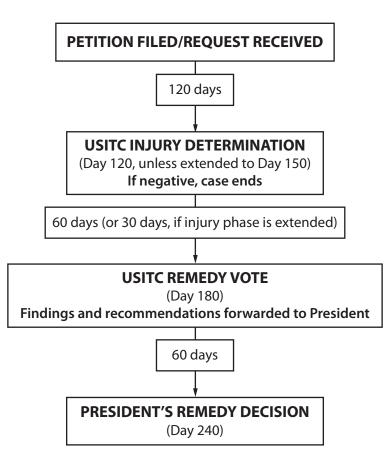
Statutory Timetables for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Investigations



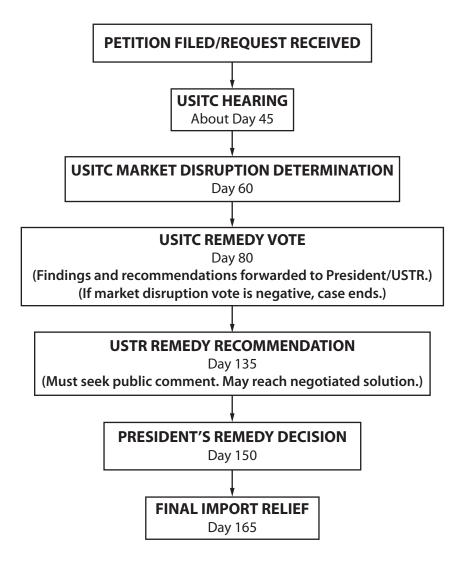
Statutory Timetables for Intellectual Property Infringement and Other Unfair Practices in Import Trade Investigations



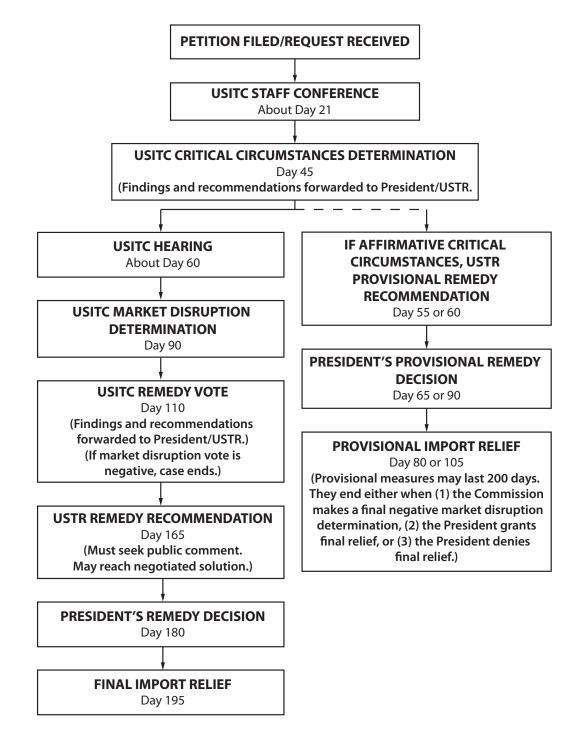
Statutory Timetables for Global Safeguard Investigations



Statutory Timetable for China-Specific Safeguard Investigation (Normal Schedule)



Statutory Timetable for China-Specific Safeguard Investigations (Critical Circumstances Schedule)



Appendix D: Analyses Submitted to Congress on Proposed Legislation, Fiscal Year 2008

Number	Sponsor	Proposed Legislation	Date Submitted
H. R. 444	Mr. Berry	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain plasma flat panel displays.	03-31-08
H. R. 2362	Mr. Bilbray	To reduce the duty on certain golf club components.	05-06-08
H. R. 2456	Mr. Lincoln Davis	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain acrylic fiber tow.	05-12-08
H. R. 2866	Mrs. Maloney	To suspend temporarily the duty on stick and golf umbrellas.	03-31-08
H. R. 3277	Mr. Berry	To suspend temporarily the duty on butanedioic acid, dimethylester, polymer with 4-hydroxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-1-piperidine ethanol.	03-19-08
H. R. 3278	Mr. Berry	To suspend temporarily the duty on a mixture of 1,3,5-Triazine-2,4,6-triamine, N,N'"-[1,2-ethane-diyl-bis [[[4,6-bis-[butyl (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl)amino]-1,3,5-triazine-2-yl] imino]-3,1-propanediyl]] bis[N',N"-dibutyl-N',N"-bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl)- and Butanedioic acid, dimethylester polymer with 4-hyroxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-1-piperdine ethanol.	03-19-08
H. R. 3279	Mr. Berry	To suspend temporarily the duty on 4-chloro-benzonitrile.	03-19-08
H. R. 3280	Mr. Berry	To suspend temporarily the duty on othro nitro aniline.	03-19-08
H. R. 3671	Mr. Baker	To suspend temporarily the duty on glyoxylic acid.	03-19-08
H. R. 3672	Mr. Baker	To suspend temporarily the duty on cyclopentanone.	03-19-08
H. R. 3731	Mr. Paul	To suspend temporarily the duty on lutetium oxide.	03-19-08
H. R. 3732	Mr. Paul	To suspend temporarily the duty on phosphoric acid, lanthanum salt, cerium terbium-doped.	03-19-08
H. R. 3885	Mr. Tim Murphy	To suspend temporarily the duty on standard grade ferroniobium.	03-19-08
H. R. 3934	Mr. Crowley	To amend the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States to modify the tariffs on certain footwear.	03-31-08
H. R. 3973	Mr. Berman	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain reusable grocery bags.	03-31-08
H. R. 3977	Mr. McKeon	To amend the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States to clarify the tariff rate for certain mechanics' work gloves.	03-31-08
H. R. 4006	Mr. Lewis	To suspend temporarily the duty on 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine Dihydrochloride.	03-19-08
H. R. 4032	Mr. McHenry	To reduce temporarily the duty on PHBA.	03-19-08
H. R. 4117	Mr. Dent	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain electronic dimming ballasts with a three wire control scheme.	05-30-08
H. R. 4256	Mr. Dent	To suspend temporarily the duty on Ancamine® 2422 Curing Agent.	03-14-08
H. R. 4257	Mr. Dent	To suspend temporarily the duty on hexafluoro isopropyl methyl ether (HFMOP).	03-14-08
H. R. 4259	Mr. Baker	To suspend temporarily the duty on Nickel Carbonate (NiCO3).	03-14-08
H. R. 4260	Mr. Baker	To suspend temporarily the duty on Cobalt Carbonate (CoCO3).	03-14-08
H. R. 4267	Ms. Schwartz	To suspend temporarily the duty on Epilink 701.	03-14-08
H. R. 4268	Mr. Sessions	To reduce temporarily the duty on potassium sorbate.	03-14-08
H. R. 4269	Mr. Sessions	To reduce temporarily the duty on sorbic acid.	03-14-08
H. R. 4270	Mr. Sessions	To reduce temporarily the duty on triethylene glycol bis[3-(3-tert-butyl-4- hydroxy-5-methylphenyl) propionate].	03-14-08
H. R. 4278	Mr. Ehlers	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on yttrium oxides having a purity of at least 99.9 percent.	03-14-08
H. R. 4281	Mr. McCrery	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on methyoxyacetic acid.	03-14-08
H. R. 4282	Mr. McCrery	To extend the suspension of duty on 2-AcetyInicotinic acid.	03-14-08
H. R. 4314	Mr. Crowley	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on certain color video monitors.	03-31-08
H. R. 4315	Mr. Crowley	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on certain color video monitors.	03-31-08
H. R. 4316	Mr. Crowley	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on certain black and white monitors.	03-31-08
H. R. 4317	Mr. Crowley	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on certain color video monitors.	03-31-08
H. R. 4319	Mr. Duncan	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on parts for use in the manufacture of certain high-performance loudspeakers.	03-31-08

Table IV

Number	Sponsor	Proposed Legislation	Date Submitted
H. R. 4322	Mr. Forbes	To extend the suspension of duty on the mixture of 5,5-Bis[(g,v- perfluoro(C4-20)alkylthio)methyl]-2-hydroxy-2-oxo-1,3,2- dioxaphosphorinane, ammonium salt (CAS No. 148240–85–1) and 2,2-bis[(g,v-perfluoro(C4-20)-alkylthio)methyl]-3-hydroxypropyl phosphate, diammonium salt (CAS No. 148240–87–3) and di-[2,2-bis[(g,v-perfluoro- (C4- 0)alkylthio)methyl]]-3-hydroxypropyl phosphate, ammonium salt (CAS No. 148240–89–5) and 2,2-bis[(g,v-perfluoro(C4-20)alkylthio)methyl]-1,3-di- (dihydrogenphosphate)propane, tetraammonium salt.	03-31-08
H. R. 4323	Mr. Forbes	To extend the suspension of duty on Glycine, N,N-Bis[2-hydroxy-3-(2- propenyloxy) propyl]-, monosodium salt, reaction products with ammonium hydroxide and pentafluoroiodoethane-tetrafluoroethylyene telomer.	03-31-08
H. R. 4324	Mr. Forbes	To extend the suspension of duty on 3-Cyclohexene-1-carboxylic acid, 6-[(di-2-propenylamino)carbonyl]-, rel-(1R,6R)-, reaction products with pentafluoroiodoethane-tetrafluoroethylene telomer, ammonium salt.	03-31-08
H. R. 4325	Mr. Forbes	To extend the suspension of duty on Bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate.	03-31-08
H. R. 4345	Mr. Tim Murphy	To extend the suspension of duty on Bayowet FT–248.	03-31-08
H. R. 4346	Mr. Tim Murphy	To extend the suspension of duty on Thionyl chloride.	03-31-08
H. R. 4347	Mr. Tim Murphy	To extend the suspension of duty on Baypure DS.	03-31-08
H. R. 4348	Mr. Tim Murphy	To extend the suspension of duty on Bayowet C4.	03-31-08
H. R. 4349	Mr. Tim Murphy	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Disflamoll TOF.	03-31-08
H. R. 4350	Mr. Tim Murphy	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Disflamoll DPK.	03-31-08
H. R. 4354	Mr. Dent	To suspend temporarily the duty on Ancamine [®] 2432 Curing Agent.	03-26-08
H. R. 4356	Mr. Wilson	To suspend temporarily the duty on 4,4-Diaminostilbene-2,2-Disulphonic.	05-06-08
H. R. 4357	Mr. Wilson	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, polymer with N,N'-bis(2-aminoethyl)-1,2-ethanediamine, cyclized, methosulfate.	05-06-08
H. R. 4358	Mr. Wilson	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Formaldehyde, reaction products with 1,4-benzenediol and m-phenylenediamine, sulfurized.	05-06-08
H. R. 4359	Mr. Wilson	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Reduced Vat Blue 43.	05-06-08
H. R. 4360	Mr. Wilson	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Sulfur Black 1.	05-06-08
H. R. 4361	Mr. Wilson	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Cyanuric chloride.	05-06-08
H. R. 4362	Mr. Baird	To clarify the temporary suspension of duty on 9,10-Anthracenedione.	05-05-08
H. R. 4363	Mr. Baird	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 9,10-Anthracenedione, 2-pentyl	05-05-08
H. R. 4364	Mr. Baird	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on certain magnesium peroxide.	05-06-08
H. R. 4365	Mr. Baker	To extend the suspension of duty on DEMBB.	03-26-08
H. R. 4366	Mr. Baker	To extend the suspension of duty on Mesotrione.	03-26-08
H. R. 4369	Mr. Burton	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on diphenyl sulfide.	03-26-08
H. R. 4370	Mr. Burton	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 4,4-Dimethoxy-2-butanone.	03-26-08
H. R. 4371	Mr. Burton	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 3-Amino-5-mercapto-1,2,4- triazole.	03-26-08
H. R. 4372	Mr. Burton	To extend and modify the temporary suspension of duty on ADTP.	03-26-08
H. R. 4373	Mr. Burton	To extend and modify the temporary suspension of duty on Cyhalofop.	03-26-08
H. R. 4374	Mr. Burton	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 2-Phenylphenol sodium salt.	03-26-08
H. R. 4375	Mr. Burton	To extend and modify the temporary suspension of duty on 2-Cyanopyridine.	03-26-08
H. R. 4376	Mr. Burton	To extend the suspension of duty on Styrene, ar-ethyl-, polymer with divinylbenzene and styrene beads with low ash.	03-27-08
H. R. 4377	Mr. Burton	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Benfluralin.	03-27-08
H. R. 4378	Mr. Burton	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on DMDS.	03-27-08

Number	Sponsor	Proposed Legislation	Date Submitte
H. R. 4379	Mr. Burton	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 1,3-Dimethyl-2- imidazolidinone.	03-27-08
H. R. 4380	Mr. Burton	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on DCBTF.	03-27-08
H. R. 4381	Mr. Burton	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on mixtures of fungicide.	03-27-08
H. R. 4382	Mr. Burton	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on MCPA ester.	03-27-08
l. R. 4383	Mr. Burton	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on MCPA acid.	03-27-08
H. R. 4384	Mr. Burton	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Halofenozide.	03-27-08
l. R. 4385	Mr. Burton	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on isoxaben.	03-27-08
I. R. 4386	Mr. Burton	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Fenbuconazole.	03-24-08
l. R. 4387	Mr. Burton	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Ethalfluralin.	03-24-08
l. R. 4388	Mr. Burton	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Tebufenozide.	03-24-08
I. R. 4389	Mr. Burton	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Quintec.	03-24-08
l. R. 4390	Mr. Burton	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Quinoline.	03-24-08
l. R. 4391	Mr. Burton	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Propiconazole.	03-24-08
l. R. 4392	Mr. Burton	To extend and modify the temporary suspension of duty on Myclobutanil.	03-24-08
l. R. 4393	Mr. Burton	To extend and modify the temporary suspension of duty on Methoxyfenozide.	03-24-08
l. R. 4394	Mr. Burton	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on mixed isomers of 1,3-dichloropropene.	03-24-08
l. R. 4395	Mr. Burton	To extend and modify the temporary suspension of duty on Trifluralin.	03-24-08
l. R. 4396	Mr. Burton	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one (9Cl).	03-27-08
I. R. 4397	Mr. Burton	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on β-Bromo-β-nitrostyrene.	03-27-08
l. R. 4398	Mr. Burton	To amend the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States to clarify and extend the temporary duty reduction on cellulose nitrate.	03-27-08
l. R. 4399	Mr. Burton	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on mixtures of insecticide.	03-27-08
I. R. 4400	Mr. Burton	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on diiodomethyl-p-tolylsulfone.	03-27-08
I. R. 4401	Mr. Burton	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 2-Propenoic acid, polymer.	03-27-08
I. R. 4402	Mr. Burton	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on methyl hydroxyethyl cellulose.	03-27-08
l. R. 4403	Mr. Burton	To extend the temporary duty suspension on methyl hydroxyethyl cellulose products.	03-27-08
l. R. 4404	Mr. Burton	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 1,2-Benzenedicarboxaldehyde.	03-27-08
I. R. 4405	Mr. Burton	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 2-Phenylphenol.	03-27-08
. R. 4406	Mr. Burton	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 3,4-Dichlorobenzonitrile.	03-27-08
l. R. 4407	Mr. Burton	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on DEPCT.	03-27-08
l. R. 4408	Mr. Burton	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 2,6-Dichloroaniline.	03-27-08
. R. 4409	Mr. Burton	To suspend temporarily the duty on Dimethyl Malonate.	03-27-08
. R. 4410	Mr. Burton	To suspend temporarily the duty on Tebuthiuron.	03-27-08
. R. 4411	Mr. Camp	To suspend temporarily the duty on shield asy-steering gear.	05-12-08
l. R. 4412	Mr. Camp	To suspend temporarily the duty on hydraulic control units.	05-12-08
l. R. 4413	Mr. Coble	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain synthetic staple fibers that are not carded, combed, or otherwise processed for spinning.	03-26-08
H. R. 4414	Mr. Coble	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain synthetic staple fibers that are not carded, combed, or otherwise processed for spinning.	03-26-08
H. R. 4415	Mr. Coble	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain synthetic staple fibers that are not carded, combed, or otherwise processed for spinning.	03-26-08

Number	Sponsor	Proposed Legislation	Date Submitted
H. R. 4416	Mr. Coble	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain synthetic staple fibers that are not carded, combed, or otherwise processed for spinning.	03-26-08
H. R. 4417	Mr. Coble	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain synthetic staple fibers that are not carded, combed, or otherwise processed for spinning.	03-26-08
H. R. 4418	Mr. Coble	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain synthetic staple fibers that are not carded, combed, or otherwise processed for spinning.	03-26-08
H. R. 4419	Mr. Coble	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain synthetic staple fibers that are not carded, combed, or otherwise processed for spinning.	03-26-08
H. R. 4420	Mr. Coble	To suspend temporarily the duty on 2,4-Diamino-3-[4-(2- sulfoxyethylsulfonyl)-phenylazo]-5-[4-(2-sulfoxyethylsulfonyl)-2- sulfophenylazo]-benzenesulfonic acid potassium sodium salt.	03-27-08
H. R. 4421	Mr. Coble	To extend the suspension of duty on 1-(3H)-Isobenzofuranone, 3,3-bis(2- methyl-1-octyl-1H-indol-3-yl)	03-27-08
H. R. 4422	Mr. Coble	To extend the suspension of duty on 2-methyl-4,6-bis[(octylthio)methyl] phenol.	03-27-08
H. R. 4423	Mr. Coble	To extend the suspension of duty on 2-Methyl-1-[4-(methylthio)phenyl]-2-(4- morpholinyl)-1-propanone.	03-27-08
H. R. 4424	Mr. Coble	To extend the suspension of duty on 2,2-(2,5-Thiophenediyl)bis(5-(1,1- dimethylethyl) benzoxazole).	03-27-08
H. R. 4425	Mr. Coble	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain synthetic staple fibers that are not carded, combed, or otherwise processed for spinning.	03-26-08
H. R. 4426	Mr. Coble	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain synthetic staple fibers that are not carded, combed, or otherwise processed for spinning.	03-26-08
H. R. 4427	Mr. Coble	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain synthetic staple fibers that are not carded, combed, or otherwise processed for spinning.	03-26-08
H. R. 4428	Mr. Coble	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain synthetic staple fibers that are not carded, combed, or otherwise processed for spinning.	03-26-08
H. R. 4429	Mr. Coble	To extend the suspension of duty on Reactive Black 5.	05-06-08
H. R. 4430	Mr. Coble	To extend the suspension of duty on a certain chemical.	05-06-08
H. R. 4431	Mr. Coble	To extend the suspension of duty on a certain chemical.	05-06-08
H. R. 4432	Mr. Coble	To extend the suspension of duty on a certain chemical.	05-06-08
H. R. 4433	Mr. Coble	To suspend temporarily the duty on acrylic or modacrylic synthetic filament tow.	03-26-08
H. R. 4434	Mr. Coble	To suspend temporarily the duty on acrylic or modacrylic synthetic filament tow.	03-26-08
H. R. 4435	Mr. Coble	To suspend temporarily the duty on acrylic or modacrylic synthetic filament tow.	03-26-08
H. R. 4436	Mr. Coble	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain synthetic staple fibers that are not carded, combed, or otherwise processed for spinning.	03-26-08
H. R. 4437	Mr. Coble	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain synthetic staple fibers that are not carded, combed, or otherwise processed for spinning.	03-26-08
H. R. 4438	Mr. Coble	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain synthetic staple fibers that are not carded, combed, or otherwise processed for spinning.	03-26-08
H. R. 4439	Mr. Coble	To suspend temporarily the duty on acrylic or modacrylic synthetic filament tow.	03-26-08
H. R. 4440	Mr. Coble	To suspend temporarily the duty on synthetic staple fibers not carded, combed, or otherwise processed for spinning.	03-26-08
H. R. 4441	Mr. Holden	To suspend temporarily the duty on MDA50.	05-06-08
H. R. 4442	Mr. Holden	To suspend temporarily the duty on Nourybond 276 Modifier.	05-06-08
H. R. 4443	Mr. Holden	To suspend temporarily the duty on 11-Aminoundecanoic Acid.	05-06-08
H. R. 4444	Mr. Lewis	To suspend temporarily the duty on Polycaprolactone Acrylate.	05-06-08

Number	Sponsor	Proposed Legislation	Date Submitted
H. R. 4445	Mr. Lewis	To suspend temporarily the duty on Polycaprolactone Diol #1.	05-06-08
H. R. 4446	Mr. Lewis	To suspend temporarily the duty on Polycaprolactone Triol.	05-06-08
H. R. 4447	Mr. Lewis	To suspend temporarily the duty on Polycaprolactone Diol #2.	05-06-08
H. R. 4448	Mr. Olver	To suspend temporarily the duty on capacitor grade homopolymer polypropylene resin in primary form.	05-06-08
H. R. 4465	Mr. Bishop	To reduce temporarily the duty on certain acrylic synthetic staple fiber.	04-22-08
H. R. 4466	Mr. Bishop	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on formulated product KROVAR IDF.	05-16-08
H. R. 4467	Mr. Bishop	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on diuron.	05-13-08
H. R. 4468	Mr. Bishop	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on N,N-dimethylpiperidinium chloride.	05-16-08
H. R. 4469	Mr. Bishop	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on linuron.	05-16-08
H. R. 4470	Mr. Bishop	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain acrylic synthetic staple fiber.	04-22-08
H. R. 4471	Mr. Bishop	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain acrylic synthetic staple fiber.	04-22-08
H. R. 4472	Mr. Bishop	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain acrylic synthetic staple fiber.	04-22-08
H. R. 4473	Mr. Bishop	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain acrylic synthetic staple fiber.	04-22-08
H. R. 4474	Mr. Courtney	To suspend temporarily the duty on yarn of carded cashmere yarn coarser than 19.35 metric.	04-22-08
H. R. 4475	Mr. Courtney	To suspend temporarily the duty on yarn of carded camel hair yarn.	04-22-08
H. R. 4476	Mr. Courtney	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on yarn of combed cashmere or yarn of camel hair.	03-27-08
H. R. 4477	Mr. Courtney	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on yarn of carded cashmere of 19.35 metric yarn count or finer.	03-27-08
H. R. 4478	Mr. Courtney	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on camel hair, processed beyond the degreased or carbonized condition.	03-27-08
H. R. 4479	Mr. Courtney	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on camel hair, processed beyond the degreased or carbonized condition.	03-27-08
H. R. 4480	Mr. Courtney	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on camel hair, carded or combed.	03-27-08
H. R. 4481	Mr. Courtney	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on woven fabrics containing 85 percent or more by weight of vicuna hair.	03-27-08
H. R. 4482	Mr. Courtney	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on camel hair, not processed in any manner beyond the degreased or carbonized condition.	03-27-08
H. R. 4483	Mr. Courtney	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on noils of camel hair.	03-27-08
H. R. 4484	Mr. Courtney	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on fine animal hair of Kashmire (cashmere) goats.	03-27-08
H. R. 4485	Mr. Courtney	To extend and revise the temporary suspension of duty on Biaxially oriented polypropylene dielectric film.	05-07-08
H. R. 4486	Mr. Culberson	To suspend temporarily the duty on 2-Oxepanone, homopolymer, oxydi-2,1- ethanediyl.	05-07-08
H. R. 4487	Mr. Culberson	To suspend temporarily the duty on 2-Oxepanone, polymer with alpha- hydro-	05-07-08
		Omega-hydroxypoly (oxy-1,4-butanediyl).	
H. R. 4488	Mr. Culberson	To suspend temporarily the duty on 2-Oxepanone, polymer with 2,2-bis(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol.	05-07-08
H. R. 4489	Mr. Culberson	To suspend temporarily the duty on 2-Oxepanone, homopolymer.	05-07-08
H. R. 4490	Mr. Culberson	To suspend temporarily the duty on 2-Oxepanone, polymer with 1,4-butanediol.	05-07-08
H. R. 4491	Mr. Culberson	To suspend temporarily the duty on 2-Oxepanone polymer, 1-3-isobenzofuranedione terminated.	05-07-08

Number	Sponsor	Proposed Legislation	Date Submitted
H. R. 4492	Mr. Culberson	To suspend temporarily the duty on 2-Oxepanone, polymer with 1,6-hexanediol.	05-07-08
H. R. 4493	Mr. Culberson	To suspend temporarily the duty on 2-Oxepanone, polymer with 2-ethyl-2- (hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol.	05-07-08
H. R. 4494	Mr. Culberson	To suspend temporarily the duty on 2-Oxepanone, polymer with 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediol.	05-07-08
H. R. 4499	Mr. Herger	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain musical instruments.	05-05-08
H. R. 4500	Mr. Herger	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain compasses.	04-22-08
H. R. 4501	Mr. Herger	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain Christmas tree lamps.	06-25-08
H. R. 4502	Mr. Herger	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain Christmas tree lamps.	06-25-08
H. R. 4505	Mr. Holt	To suspend temporarily the duty on NORBLOC 7966.	05-16-08
H. R. 4506	Mr. Holt	To suspend temporarily the duty on Fungaflor 500 EC.	05-16-08
H. R. 4507	Mr. Holt	To extend the temporary reduction of duty on palm fatty acid distillate.	05-16-08
H. R. 4508	Mr. Holt	To suspend temporarily the duty on Compound T3028.	05-16-08
H. R. 4509	Mr. Holt	To suspend temporarily the duty on Cetalox.	05-16-08
H. R. 4510	Mr. Holt	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Dimethyl malonate.	05-16-08
H. R. 4511	Mr. Israel	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on certain electrical transformers.	04-22-08
H. R. 4512	Mr. Israel	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on certain electrical transformers.	04-22-08
H. R. 4513	Mr. Israel	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on certain 6-volt batteries.	05-30-08
H. R. 4514	Mr. Israel	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on certain 12-volt batteries.	05-30-08
H. R. 4515	Mrs. McCarthy	To suspend temporarily the duty on 2-Hydroxypropylmethylcellulose.	05-16-08
H. R. 4517	Ms. Pryce	To suspend temporarily the duty on 4-Vinylbenzenesulfonic acid, sodium salt hydrate.	05-16-08
H. R. 4518	Ms. Pryce	To suspend temporarily the duty on 4-Vinylbenzenesulfonic acid, lithium salt.	05-16-08
H. R. 4519	Ms. Schwartz	To suspend temporarily the duty on pure dicumyl peroxide.	05-16-08
H. R. 4524	Mr. Bilbray	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain cathode ray tubes.	04-22-08
H. R. 4526	Mr. Bonner	To extend temporarily the duty on Dimethyl Carbonate, CAS Number 616–38–6.	05-13-08
H. R. 4527	Mr. Bonner	To extend temporarily the duty on Ethyl Pyruvate, CAS Number 617–35–6.	05-13-08
H. R. 4528	Mr. Bonner	To extend temporarily the duty on 5-Chloro-1-indanone, CAS Number 42348–86–7.	05-13-08
H. R. 4529	Mr. Bonner	To extend temporarily the duty on Phenylmethyl hydrazinecarboxylate, CAS Number 5331–43–1.	05-13-08
H. R. 4530	Mr. Bonner	To extend temporarily the duty on 5-methyl-5-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-3- (phenylamino)-2,4-oxazolidinedione (a.k.a. famoxadone) and 2-cyano- N-[(ethylamino)carbonyl]-2-(methoxyimino)acetamide and its related application adjuvants, CAS Numbers 131807–57–3 and 57966–95–7.	05-13-08
H. R. 4531	Mr. Bonner	To extend temporarily the duty on (S)-methyl 7-chloro-2,5-dihydro-2- [[(methoxycarbonyl)[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]amino]-carbonyl]indeno[1,2-e][1,3,4]oxadiazine- 4a-(3H)-carboxylate (a.k.a. DPX–KN128, Indoxacarb), CAS Number 144171– 61–9.	05-13-08
H. R. 4532	Mr. Bonner	To suspend temporarily the duty on mixtures of indoxacarb (CAS#173584– 44–6) chemical name = (S)-methyl 7-chloro-2,5-dihydro-2-[[methoxycarbonyl)-[4- (trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]amino)carbonyl]indeno[1,2-e][1,3,4]oxadiazine-4a- 3(H)-carboxylate and inert ingredients.	05-13-08
H. R. 4533	Mr. Bonner	To suspend temporarily the duty on 5-bromo-3-sec-butyl-6-methyluracil.	05-16-08

Table IV

Number	Sponsor	Proposed Legislation	Date Submitted
H. R. 4534	Mr. Bonner	To extend temporarily the duty on Methyl-4-trifluoro methoxyphenyl-N- (chlorocarbonyl) carbamate, CAS Number 173903–15–6.	05-13-08
H. R. 4535	Mr. Bonner	To suspend temporarily the duty on 2-amino-5-chloro-N,3- dimethylbenzamide.	05-13-08
H. R. 4536	Mr. Bonner	To suspend temporarily the duty on 3-bromo-1-(3-chloro-2-pyridinyl)- 1Hpyrazole-5-carboxylic acid, CAS No. 500011–86–9.	05-13-08
H. R. 4537	Mr. Bonner	To suspend temporarily the duty on dimethyl 2,3,4,6-tetrachloro-1,4- Benzenedicarboxylate.	05-13-08
H. R. 4538	Mr. Bonner	To suspend temporarily the duty on [3-4,5-dihydro-isoxazol-3-yl)-4- methylsulfonyl-2-methylphenyl](5-hydroxy-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4-yl) methanone.	05-13-08
H. R. 4546	Mr. Frank	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Acetoacetyl-2,5-dimethoxy- 4-chloroanilide.	05-13-08
H. R. 4547	Mr. Frank	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 3-Amino-4- methylbenzamide.	05-13-08
H. R. 4548	Mr. Frank	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Basic Blue 7.	05-13-08
H. R. 4549	Mr. Frank	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Basic Violet 1.	05-13-08
H. R. 4550	Mr. Frank	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 5-Chloro-3-hydroxy-2- methyl-2-naphthanilide.	05-13-08
H. R. 4551	Mr. Frank	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 5-Chloro-3-hydroxy-2- methoxy-2-naphthanilide.	05-13-08
H. R. 4552	Mr. Altmire	To extend the suspension of duty on Ortho-Phenylphenol.	05-16-08
H. R. 4553	Mr. Altmire	To extend the suspension of duty on O-Chlorotoluene.	05-16-08
H. R. 4554	Mr. Altmire	To extend the suspension of duty on Bayderm Bottom DLV-N.	05-16-08
H. R. 4555	Mr. Altmire	To extend the suspension of duty on certain ethylene-vinyl acetate copolymers.	05-16-08
H. R. 4556	Mr. Altmire	To extend and modify the temporary suspension of duty on Iminodisuccinate.	05-16-08
H. R. 4557	Mr. Andrews	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 1-Propene, 1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-, oxidized, polymerized, reduced hydrolyzed.	06-05-08
H. R. 4558	Mr. Andrews	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Ethene tetrafluoro-oxidized, polymerized reduced, methyl esters, reduced, ethoxylated.	06-05-08
H. R. 4559	Mr. Andrews	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 1, 1, 2-2-Tetrafluoroethene, oxidized, polymerized.	06-05-08
H. R. 4560	Mr. Andrews	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Methoxycarbonyl- terminated perfluorinated polyoxymethylene-polyoxyethylene.	06-05-08
H. R. 4561	Mr. Andrews	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Ethene, tetrafluoro-oxidized, polymerized reduced, methyl esters, reduced.	06-05-08
H. R. 4562	Mr. Andrews	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Oxiranemethanol, polymers with reduced methyl esters of reduced polymerized oxidized tetrafluoroethylene.	06-05-08
H. R. 4563	Mr. Andrews	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 1-Propene,1,1,2,3,3,3- hexafluoro-oxidized, polymerized.	07-17-08
H. R. 4564	Mr. Andrews	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Ethene, tetrafluoro, oxidized, polymerized, reduced, decarboxylated.	06-05-08
H. R. 4565	Mr. Andrews	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Vinylidene chloride-methyl methacrylate-acrylonitrile copolymer.	06-05-08
H. R. 4566	Mr. Andrews	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 1, propene, 1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-, telomers with chlorotrifluoroethene, oxidized, reduced, ethyl ester, hydrolyzed.	06-05-08
H. R. 4567	Mr. Andrews	To suspend temporarily the duty on Ethene, 1,1,2,2-tetrafluoro-, oxidized, polymd., reduced.	05-13-08

Number	Sponsor	Proposed Legislation	Date Submitted
H. R. 4568	Mr. Andrews	To suspend temporarily the duty on Propanoic acid, 3-hydroxy- 2-(hydroxymethyl)-2-methyl-, polymers with 5-isocyanato-1- (isocyanatomethyl)-1,3,3-trimethylcyclohexane and reduced methyl esters of reduced polymerized, oxidized tetrafluoroethylene, compounds with trimethylamine.	05-13-08
H. R. 4569	Mr. Andrews	To suspend temporarily the duty on Diphosphoric acid, polymers with ethoxylated reduced methyl esters of reduced polymerized oxidized tetrafluoroethylene.	05-13-08
H. R. 4570	Mr. Andrews	To suspend temporarily the duty on 1,2-Propanediol, 3-(diethylamino)-, polymers with 5-isocyanato-1-(isocyanatomethyl)-1,3,3,- trimethylcyclohexane, propylene glycol and reduced Me esters of reduced polymd. oxidized tetrafluoroethylene, 2-ethyl-1-hexanol-blocked, acetates (salts).	05-16-08
H. R. 4572	Mr. Baker	To extend the suspension of duty on Prodiamine.	06-05-08
H. R. 4573	Mr. Baker	To suspend temporarily the duty on Ortho-Nitro-Phenol.	05-16-08
H. R. 4575	Mr. Berman	To reduce temporarily the duty on certain reusable grocery bags.	05-12-08
H. R. 4578	Mr. Bishop	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain acrylic synthetic staple fiber.	05-12-08
H. R. 4579	Mr. Bishop	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain acrylic synthetic staple fiber.	05-12-08
H. R. 4580	Mr. Blunt	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 3,6,9-Trioxaundecanedioic acid.	05-16-08
H. R. 4581	Mr. Blunt	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 3-(trifluoromethyl) benzoate.	05-16-08
H. R. 4582	Mr. Blunt	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Bentazon.	05-16-08
H. R. 4583	Mr. Blunt	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 5–MPDC.	05-16-08
H. R. 4584	Mr. Blunt	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 4-methylbenzonitrile.	05-16-08
H. R. 4585	Mr. Blunt	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 4-(trifluoromethoxy) phenyl isocyanate.	05-16-08
H. R. 4586	Mr. Blunt	To suspend temporarily the duty on Propane-phosphonic acid anhydride.	05-16-08
H. R. 4587	Mr. Cleaver	To suspend temporarily the duty on Olympus WG70.	05-16-08
H. R. 4588	Mr. Cleaver	To suspend temporarily the duty on Spirotetramat.	05-16-08
H. R. 4589	Mr. Cleaver	To suspend temporarily the duty on Flubendiamide.	05-16-08
H. R. 4590	Mr. Cleaver	To suspend temporarily the duty on AE 0172747 Ether.	05-16-08
H. R. 4591	Mr. Cleaver	To suspend temporarily the duty on 1,3-Cyclohexanedione.	05-16-08
H. R. 4592	Mr. Cleaver	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain mixtures containing Thiencarbazone-methyl and Isoxadifen-ethyl and Isoxaflutole.	05-16-08
H. R. 4593	Mr. Cleaver	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Trichloroacetaldehyde.	05-30-08
H. R. 4594	Mr. Cleaver	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 4-Chlorobenzaldehyde.	05-30-08
H. R. 4595	Mr. Cleaver	To suspend temporarily the duty on Mixtures containing 4-(2-Methylsulfonyl- 4-trifluoromethyl-benzoyl)-5-cyclopropylisoxazole.	05-16-08
H. R. 4596	Mr. Cleaver	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Hydroxylamine.	05-30-08
H. R. 4597	Mr. Cleaver	To suspend temporarily the duty on Isoxaflutole.	05-30-08
H. R. 4598	Mr. Cleaver	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Iprodione.	05-30-08
H. R. 4599	Mr. Cleaver	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 2-Acetylbutyrolactone.	05-30-08
H. R. 4600	Mr. Cleaver	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on β -Cyfluthrin.	05-30-08
H. R. 4601	Mr. Cleaver	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Cyfluthrin.	05-30-08
H. R. 4602	Mr. Cleaver	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Clothianidin.	05-16-08
H. R. 4603	Mr. Cleaver	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Ethoprop.	05-16-08
H. R. 4604	Mr. Cleaver	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on product mixtures containing Foramsulfuron and lodosulfuronmethyl-sodium.	05-16-08
H. R. 4605	Mr. Cleaver	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Isoxadifen-Ethyl.	05-30-08
H. R. 4606	Mr. Cleaver	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Trifloxystrobin.	05-30-08

Number	Sponsor	Proposed Legislation	Date Submitted
H. R. 4607	Mr. Cleaver	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Spiromesifen.	05-30-08
H. R. 4608	Mr. Cleaver	To suspend temporarily the duty on Thiencarbazone-methyl.	05-30-08
H. R. 4609	Mr. Cleaver	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on FOE Hydroxy.	05-16-08
H. R. 4610	Mr. Cleaver	To suspend temporarily the duty on Tembotrione.	05-30-08
H. R. 4613	Mr. Davis	To suspend until December 31, 2012, the duty on ethylene-norbornene copolymer.	05-13-08
H. R. 4614	Mr. English	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on helium.	05-30-08
H. R. 4615	Mr. English	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Methanol, sodium salt.	05-30-08
H. R. 4616	Mr. English	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 2-Ethylhexyl 4-methoxycinnamate.	05-30-08
H. R. 4617	Mr. English	To suspend temporarily the duty on a certain chemical.	05-30-08
H. R. 4618	Mr. English	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on a certain chemical.	05-30-08
H. R. 4619	Mr. English	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 10,10'-Oxybisphenoxarsine.	05-30-08
H. R. 4620	Mr. English	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on a certain ion exchange resin.	05-30-08
H. R. 4621	Mr. English	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on a certain chemical.	05-30-08
H. R. 4622	Mr. English	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on a certain chemical.	05-30-08
H. R. 4623	Mr. English	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on a certain ion exchange resin.	05-30-08
H. R. 4624	Mr. English	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Trichlorobenzene.	05-30-08
H. R. 4625	Mr. English	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on hydroxylamine.	05-30-08
H. R. 4628	Mr. Graves	To suspend temporarily the duty on products containing (E)-N-[(2-Chloro- 1,3-thiazol-5-yl) methyl]-N-methyl[oxido(oxo)hydrazono] methanediamine or N-[(2-Chloro-1,3-thiazol-5-yl)methyl]-N-{(E)-(methylamino) [oxido(oxo)	05-30-08
H. R. 4629	Mr. Graves	hydrazono] methyl}amine. To suspend temporarily the duty on 2-(Methylthio)-4-(trifluoromethyl) benzoic acid.	05-30-08
H. R. 4630	Mr. Graves	To suspend temporarily the duty on 2-Chloro-6-(methylthio)toluene.	05-30-08
H. R. 4631	Mr. Graves	To suspend temporarily the duty on products containing 3-Mesityl-2-oxo- 1-oxaspiro[4.4]non-3-en-4-yl 3,3-dimethylbutyrate.	05-30-08
H. R. 4632	Mr. Graves	To suspend temporarily the duty on mixtures containing Pyrasulfotole: 5-Hydroxy-1,3-dimethylpyrazol-4-yl 2-mesyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl ketone; and Bromoxynil Octanoate: 2,4-Dibromo-6-cyanophenyl octanoate; and Bromoxynil Heptanoate: 2,4-Dibromo-6-cyanophenyl heptanoate.	05-30-08
H. R. 4633	Mr. Graves	To suspend temporarily the duty on 1,3-Dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-5-ol and 1,3- Dimethylpyrazol-5-one.	05-30-08
H. R. 4634	Mr. Graves	To suspend temporarily the duty on Products containing (±)-2-ethoxy-2,3- dihydro-3,3-diemthylbenzofuran-5-yl methansulfonate.	05-30-08
H. R. 4635	Mr. Graves	To suspend temporarily the duty on Product mixtures containing Thiencarbazone-methyl (Methyl 4-{{[(3-methoxy-4-methyl-5- oxo-4,5- dihydro-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)carbonyl]amino}sulfonyl)- 5-methylthiophene-3-carboxylate) & Isoxadifen-ethyl (ethyl 4,5-dihydro-5,5- diphenyl-1,2-oxazole-3-carboxylate) & Isoxaflutole(5- Cyclospropyl-4-(2- Methylsulfonyl-4-Trifluoromethylbenxoyl)Isoxazole)).	06-06-08
H. R. 4636	Mr. Graves	To suspend temporarily the duty on Cyprosulfamide: N-{{4- [(Cyclopropylamino) carbonyl]phenyl}sulfonyl)-2-methoxybenzamide (CAS No. Cyprosulfamide: 221667–31–8).	05-30-08
H. R. 4638	Mr. Gene Green	To suspend temporarily the duty on Paclobutrazol Technical.	05-30-08
H. R. 4639	Mr. Gene Green	To extend the suspension of duty on NOA 446510 Technical.	05-30-08
H. R. 4640	Mr. Gene Green	To extend the suspension of duty on (IPN) Isophthalonitrile.	05-30-08
H. R. 4641	Mr. Gene Green	To extend the suspension of duty on Chloroacetone.	05-30-08
H. R. 4642	Mr. Gene Green	To suspend temporarily the duty on Paraquat Technical + Emetic.	05-30-08
H. R. 4643	Mr. Gene Green	To suspend temporarily the duty on Paclobutrazol 2CS.	05-30-08

Number	Sponsor	Proposed Legislation	Date Submitted
H. R. 4644	Mr. Gene Green	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Brodifacoum.	05-30-08
H. R. 4645	Mr. Gene Green	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on mixtures or coprecipitates of yttrium oxide and europium oxide.	06-05-08
H. R. 4646	Mr. Gene Green	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on cerium sulfide pigments.	06-05-08
H. R. 4647	Mr. Gene Green	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on mixtures or coprecipitates of yttrium phosphate and cerium phosphate.	06-05-08
H. R. 4648	Mr. Gene Green	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on mixtures or coprecipitates of lanthanum phosphate, cerium phosphate, and terbium phosphate.	06-05-08
H. R. 4649	Mr. Gene Green	To suspend temporarily the duty on Neodymium oxide.	06-05-08
H. R. 4653	Mr. Hoekstra	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on ACM.	06-05-08
H. R. 4654	Mr. Hoekstra	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Oxadiazon.	06-05-08
H. R. 4655	Mr. Hoekstra	To suspend temporarily the duty on DMDPA.	06-05-08
H. R. 4656	Mr. Hoekstra	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on DPA.	06-05-08
H. R. 4657	Mr. Holt	To suspend temporarily the duty on Tetrakis(hydroxymethyl) phosphonium sulfate (THPS).	06-12-08
H. R. 4658	Mr. Holt	To suspend temporarily the duty on Mixtures of N-[2-(2-oxoimidazolidine- 1-yl)ethyl]-2-methylacrylamide, methacrylic acid, aminoethyl ethylene urea and hydroquinone.	06-12-08
H. R. 4659	Mr. Holt	To suspend temporarily the duty on mixtures of polyvinyl alcohol and polyvinyl pyrrolidone.	05-13-08
H. R. 4663	Mr. Kanjorski	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain air pressure distillation columns.	07-08-08
H. R. 4665	Mr. Langevin	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Pigment Brown 25.	05-16-08
H. R. 4666	Mr. Langevin	To suspend temporarily the duty on Ammonium polyphosphate.	06-05-08
H. R. 4667	Mr. Langevin	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Pigment Red 187.	05-16-08
H. R. 4668	Mr. Langevin	To suspend temporarily the duty on zinc diethylphosphinate.	06-12-08
H. R. 4669	Mr. Langevin	To suspend temporarily the duty on VAT Orange 7.	05-16-08
H. R. 4670	Mr. Langevin	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Phosphinic acid, diethyl-, aluminum salt.	06-05-08
H. R. 4671	Mr. Langevin	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Phosphinic acid, diethyl-, aluminum salt with synergists and encapsulating agents.	05-16-08
H. R. 4672	Mr. Langevin	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Acid Blue 80.	06-12-08
H. R. 4673	Mr. Langevin	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 1-Oxa-3, 20-diazadispiro [5.1.11.2] heneicosan-21-one 2,2,4,4-tetramethyl, reaction products with epichlorohydrin, hydrolyzed and polymerized.	05-16-08
H. R. 4676	Mr. McIntyre	To amend the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States to remove the 100 percent tariff imposed on soups and broths from France and Germany.	05-13-08
H. R. 4677	Mr. Murphy	To suspend temporarily the duty on Cyclopropylaminonicotinic acid.	05-30-08
H. R. 4678	Mr. Neal	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on N-Cyclohexylthiophthalimide.	06-12-08
H. R. 4679	Mr. Neal	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 4,4-Dithiodimorpholine.	06-12-08
H. R. 4680	Mr. Neal	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Tetraethylthiuram Disulfide.	06-12-08
H. R. 4681	Mr. Neal	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Tetramethylthiuram Disulfide.	06-12-08
H. R. 4682	Mr. Neal	To reduce temporarily the duty on N-phenyl-p-phenylenediamine.	06-16-08
H. R. 4686	Mr. Petri	To amend the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States to modify the tariffs of engines to be installed in work trucks.	05-30-08
H. R. 4687	Mr. Pitts	To extend and amend the temporary duty suspension on certain thin fiberglass sheets.	05-30-08
H. R. 4691	Mr. Spratt	To suspend temporarily the duty on nPBAL.	05-30-08
H. R. 4692	Mr. Spratt	To suspend temporarily the duty on Grilamid TR 90.	05-30-08

Number	Sponsor	Proposed Legislation	Date Submitted
H. R. 4693	Mr. Spratt	To suspend temporarily the duty on Grilbond IL 6–50%F.	06-12-08
H. R. 4694	Mr. Spratt	To suspend temporarily the duty on Primid QM–1260.	06-12-08
H. R. 4695	Mr. Spratt	To suspend temporarily the duty on Primid XL–552.	06-12-08
H. R. 4696	Mr. Spratt	To suspend temporarily the duty on 1-Nitroanthraquinone.	06-05-08
H. R. 4697	Mr. Spratt	To suspend temporarily the duty on Leucoquinizarin.	06-05-08
H. R. 4698	Mr. Spratt	To suspend temporarily the duty on Quinaldine.	06-12-08
H. R. 4699	Mr. Spratt	To suspend temporarily the duty on Nonwoven air filter and diffusion media comprising tackifier-coated polyester fibers (2 to 10 decitex, with a length of 40 mm or more, but not more than 80 mm), weighing 400 to 700 grams/ square meter.	07-31-08
H. R. 4700	Mr. Tiberi	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain structures, parts, and components for use in an isotopic separation facility in southern Ohio.	05-30-08
H. R. 4701	Mr. Tiberi	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain structures, parts, and components for use in an isotopic separation facility in southern Ohio.	05-30-08
H. R. 4722	Ms. Corrine Brown	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Permethrin.	08-06-08
H. R. 4723	Ms. Corrine Brown	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Cypermethrin.	07-08-08
H. R. 4724	Ms. Corrine Brown	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Zeta-cypermethrin.	06-17-08
H. R. 4725	Mr. Castle	To extend the temporary reduction of duty on Bromacil.	05-23-08
H. R. 4726	Mr. Castle	To extend the temporary reduction of duty on Pyrithiobac-sodium.	05-23-08
H. R. 4727	Mr. Castle	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on mixtures of methyl 2-[[[[4-(dimethylamino)-6-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)-1,3,5-tri zin-2-yl]-amino] carbonyl]amino]sulfonyl]-3-methylbenzoate and application adjuvants.	05-30-08
H. R. 4728	Mr. Castle	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Thiamethoxam Technical.	05-30-08
H. R. 4729	Mr. Castle	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Triasulfuron Technical.	05-30-08
H. R. 4730	Mr. Castle	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on trifloxysulfuron-sodium technical.	05-30-08
H. R. 4731	Mr. Castle	To extend and modify the temporary suspension of duty on certain men's footwear covering the ankle with coated or laminated textile fabrics.	05-30-08
H. R. 4732	Mr. Castle	To extend and modify the temporary suspension of duty on certain men's footwear not covering the ankle with coated or laminated textile fabrics.	05-30-08
H. R. 4733	Mr. Castle	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain imaging colorants.	06-12-08
H. R. 4734	Mr. Castle	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain imaging colorants.	06-12-08
H. R. 4737	Mr. Hayes	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 1,3-Benzenedicarboxamide, N, N-bis-(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl)	06-12-08
H. R. 4738	Mr. Hayes	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on reaction products of phosphorous trichloride with 1,1-biphenyl and 2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl) phenol.	06-12-08
H. R. 4739	Mr. Hayes	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on preparations based on ethanediamide, N-(2-ethoxyphenyl)-N-(4-isodecylphenyl)	06-12-08
H. R. 4740	Mr. Hayes	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 3-Dodecyl-1- (2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl)-2,5-pyrrolidinedione.	06-12-08
H. R. 4741	Mr. Hayes	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 1-Acetyl-4- (3-dodecyl-2, 5-dioxo-1-pyrrolidinyl)-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine.	06-12-08
H. R. 4742	Mr. Inglis	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on certain manufacturing equipment.	06-25-08
H. R. 4743	Mr. Inglis	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on certain integrated machines for manufacturing pneumatic tires.	06-25-08
H. R. 4744	Mr. Inglis	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on certain manufacturing equipment.	06-25-08
H. R. 4745	Mr. Inglis	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on certain manufacturing equipment.	06-25-08

Number	Sponsor	Proposed Legislation	Date Submitted
H. R. 4746	Mr. Inglis	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on certain manufacturing equipment.	06-25-08
H. R. 4747	Mr. Inglis	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on certain manufacturing equipment.	06-25-08
H. R. 4748	Mr. Inglis	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on certain manufacturing equipment.	09-18-08
H. R. 4753	Mr. Price	To suspend temporarily the duty on copper oxychloride and copper hydroxide.	06-16-08
H. R. 4754	Mr. Price	To suspend temporarily the duty on [(+/¥)-2-(2,4-dichlrophenyl)-3-(1H-1,2,4-triazole-1-yl) propyl, 1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethyl ether].	06-16-08
H. R. 4755	Mr. Price	To suspend temporarily the duty on 1-(4,6-dimethoxypyrimidin-2-yl)-3-[2- (dimethylcarbamoyl) phenylsufamoyl] urea.	06-16-08
H. R. 4756	Mr. Ross	To suspend temporarily the duty on 4,4'-butylidenebis[2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)- 5-methylphenol].	06-16-08
H. R. 4757	Mr. Ross	To suspend temporarily the duty on 2,2'-methylenebis[6-(1,1-dimethylethyl)- 4-phenol.	06-16-08
H. R. 4758	Mr. Ross	To suspend temporarily the duty on Bis(2,3-dibromopropyl ether) of Tetrabromobisphenol A.	06-16-08
H. R. 4759	Mr. Ross	To suspend temporarily the duty on 2,2'-(2-Methylpropylidene) bis(4,6- dimethylphenol).	06-16-08
H. R. 4760	Mr. Ross	To suspend temporarily the duty on 2,5-Bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)–1,4- benzenediol.	06-16-08
H. R. 4761	Mr. Ross	To suspend temporarily the duty on 4,4'-Thiobis[2-(1,1-di-methylethyl)–5- methyl-phenol].	06-16-08
H. R. 4762	Mr. Scott	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on self contained, carafe-less automatic drip coffeemaker with electronic clock.	05-16-08
H. R. 4763	Mr. Scott	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on under the counter mounting electric can openers.	05-16-08
H. R. 4764	Mr. Scott	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on self contained, carafe-less automatic drip coffeemaker.	05-16-08
H. R. 4765	Mr. Scott	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on open top, electric indoor grills.	05-16-08
H. R. 4766	Mr. Scott	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on electric juice extractors.	05-16-08
H. R. 4767	Mr. Scott	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on electric juice extractors.	05-16-08
H. R. 4768	Mr. Scott	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on sandwich toaster grills.	05-16-08
H. R. 4769	Mr. Scott	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on ice shavers.	05-16-08
H. R. 4770	Mr. Scott	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on combination single slot toaster and toaster ovens.	05-16-08
H. R. 4771	Mr. Scott	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on electric knives.	05-16-08
H. R. 4772	Mr. Scott	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on handheld electric can openers.	05-16-08
H. R. 4782	Mr. Wu	To suspend temporarily the duty on tilting arbor table saws with motors of an output equal to or greater than 3357 watts and less than 4103 watts and with contact detection and reaction systems.	05-16-08
H. R. 4783	Mr. Wu	To suspend temporarily the duty on tilting arbor table saws with motors of an output equal to or greater than 1865 watts and less than 2611 watts and with contact detection and reaction systems.	05-16-08
H. R. 4784	Mr. Reynolds	To extend the reduction of duty on Bifenthrin.	07-31-08
H. R. 4785	Mr. Reynolds	To suspend temporarily the duty on Clomazone.	07-31-08
H. R. 4786	Mr. Reynolds	To suspend temporarily the duty on Cyazofamid.	07-31-08
H. R. 4787	Mr. Reynolds	To suspend temporarily the duty on Flonicamid.	06-12-08

Number	Sponsor	Proposed Legislation	Date Submitted
H. R. 4792	Mr. Coble	To extend the suspension of duty on pyroxystrobin.	05-23-08
H. R. 4793	Mr. Coble	To extend the suspension of duty on cyprodinil.	05-23-08
H. R. 4794	Mr. Coble	To extend the suspension of duty on difenoconazole.	05-23-08
H. R. 4795	Mr. Coble	To extend the suspension of duty on mixtures of difenoconazole and mefenoxam.	05-23-08
H. R. 4796	Mr. Coble	To extend the suspension of duty on formulations of Thiamethoxam, Difenoconazole, Fludioxonil, and Mefenoxam.	05-23-08
H. R. 4797	Mr. Coble	To extend the suspension of duty on mixtures of cyhalothrin and application adjuvants.	05-23-08
H. R. 4798	Mr. Coble	To extend the suspension of duty on mucochloric acid.	05-23-08
H. R. 4799	Mr. Coble	To extend the suspension of duty on mixtures of mefenoxam, fludioxonil, and cymoxanil with application adjuvants.	05-23-08
H. R. 4800	Mr. Coble	To extend the duty suspension on S-[(5-Methoxy-2-oxo-1,3,4-thiadiazol- 3(2H)- yl)methyl]-O,O-dimethyl phosphorodithioate.	08-06-08
H. R. 4801	Mr. Coble	To extend the duty suspension on 4-(Cyclopropyl-α-hydroxymethylene)-3,5- dioxocylohexanecarboxylic acid, ethyl ester.	08-06-08
H. R. 4802	Mr. Coble	To suspend temporarily the duty on Flumetralin Technical—2-chloro-N-[2,6-dinitro-4-(tri-fluoromethyl)phenyl]-N-ethyl-6-fluorobenzenemethanamine.	08-06-08
H. R. 4803	Mr. Coble	To suspend temporarily the duty on DCDNBTF Benzene, 2,4-dichloro-1,3- dinitro-5-(trifluoroethyl)	08-06-08
H. R. 4804	Mr. Coble	To suspend temporarily the duty on 4-Chloro-3.5-Dinitrobenzotrifluoride: Benzene, 2-chloro-1,3-dinitro-5-(trifluoromethyl)	08-06-08
H. R. 4805	Mr. Coble	To suspend temporarily the duty on 2-Chloro-6-Fluorobenzyl Chloride: Benzene, 2,4-dichloro-1,3-dinitro-5-(trifluoromethyl)	08-06-08
H. R. 4808	Mr. Hulshof	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on EPDC.	08-06-08
H. R. 4809	Mr. Hulshof	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Fipronil.	08-06-08
H. R. 4810	Mr. Hulshof	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on mixtures of 2-amino-2,3- dimethylbutanenitrile and toluene.	08-06-08
H. R. 4811	Mr. Hulshof	To extend the suspension of duty on 2,3-quinoline dicarboxylic acid.	07-14-08
H. R. 4812	Mr. Hulshof	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 3-Pentanone.	05-30-08
H. R. 4813	Mr. Hulshof	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on methyoxyacetic acid.	07-08-08
H. R. 4814	Mr. Hulshof	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 3,5-Difluroraniline.	05-30-08
H. R. 4815	Mr. Hulshof	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Quinolinic acid.	05-30-08
H. R. 4816	Mr. Hulshof	To suspend temporarily the duty on Benzeneacetic acid, α -amino-4-chloro.	05-30-08
H. R. 4817	Mr. Hulshof	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Ethoxyquin.	05-30-08
H. R. 4819	Mr. LaHood	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 2-Methyl-4-methoxy-6- methylamino-1,3,5-triazine.	06-17-08
H. R. 4820	Mr. LaHood	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on N-[[(4,6- dimethoxypyrimidin-2-yl) amino] carbonyl] -3- (ethylsulfonyl) -2-pyridinesulfonamide and application adjuvants.	06-17-08
H. R. 4821	Mr. LaHood	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on N-[[(4,6-dimethoxypyrimidin 2-yl)amino]carbonyl]-3-(ethylsulfonyl)-2-pyridinesulfonamide and application adjuvants.	06-17-08
H. R. 4822	Mr. LaHood	To extend and modify the temporary suspension of duty on Carfentrazone.	06-17-08
H. R. 4823	Mr. LaHood	To extend and modify the temporary reduction of duty on Sulfentrazone.	06-17-08
H. R. 4824	Mr. LaHood	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 3-(Ethylsulfonyl)-2- pyridinesulfonamide.	06-17-08
H. R. 4825	Mr. LaHood	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on carbamic acid.	06-17-08
H. R. 4831	Ms. Slaughter	To extend the temporary duty reductions and suspensions on certain wool products, and for other purposes.	05-30-08

Number	Sponsor	Proposed Legislation	Date Submitted
H. R. 4843	Mr. Reynolds	To suspend temporarily the duty on mixtures containing n-butyl-1,2- benzisothiazolin-3-one (Butyl benzisothiazline) and application adjuvants.	08-01-08
H. R. 4844	Mr. Reynolds	To suspend temporarily the duty on mixtures containing n-butyl- 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one (Butyl benzisothiazoline technical), 1-hydroxypyridine-2- thione, zinc salt (Zinc pyrithione) and application adjuvants.	08-27-08
H. R. 4859	Mr. Clay	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Direct Yellow 119.	06-16-08
H. R. 4860	Mr. Clay	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 2-Amino-6-nitrophenol-4-sulfonic acid.	06-16-08
H. R. 4861	Mr. Clay	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 2-Amino-5-sulfobenzoic acid.	06-16-08
H. R. 4862	Mr. Clay	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 2,4-Disulfobenzaldehyde.	06-16-08
H. R. 4863	Mr. Clay	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 2-Methyl-5- nitrobenzenesulfonic acid.	06-16-08
H. R. 4864	Mr. Clay	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on N-Ethyl-N-(3-sulfobenzyl) aniline (benzenesulfonic acid, 3-[(ethylphenylamino)methyl]-).	06-16-08
H. R. 4865	Mr. Clay	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on p-Cresidinesulfonic acid (4-amino-5-methoxy-2-methylbenzenesulfonic acid).	06-16-08
H. R. 4866	Mr. Clay	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Synthetic indigo powder, (3H-indol-3-one, 2-(1,3-dihydro-3-oxo-2H-indol-2-ylidene)-1,2-dihydro-).	06-16-08
H. R. 4867	Mr. Clay	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 2,5-Bis[(1,3-dioxobutyl) amino]benzenesulfonic acid.	06-16-08
H. R. 4868	Mr. Clay	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Basic Yellow 40 chloride based.	06-16-08
H. R. 4869	Mr. Clay	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 4-[(4-Aminophenyl)azo] benzenesulfonic acid.	06-16-08
H. R. 4870	Mr. Clay	To suspend temporarily the duty on Basic Red 51.	06-16-08
H. R. 4871	Mr. Clay	To suspend temporarily the duty on 2-Aminotoluene-5-Sulfonic Acid.	06-16-08
H. R. 4872	Mr. Clay	To suspend temporarily the duty on 1-Amino-2,6-dimethylbenzene.	06-16-08
H. R. 4873	Mr. Clay	To suspend temporarily the duty on p-Amino Benzoic Acid.	08-06-08
H. R. 4874	Mr. Clay	To suspend temporarily the duty on Solvent Violet 13.	06-16-08
H. R. 4875	Mr. Clay	To suspend temporarily the duty on Solvent Violet 11.	06-17-08
H. R. 4876	Mr. Clay	To suspend temporarily the duty on Disperse Blue 359.	06-17-08
H. R. 4877	Mr. Clay	To suspend temporarily the duty on 2-Amino-3-Cyano Thiophene.	06-17-08
H. R. 4878	Mr. Clay	To suspend temporarily the duty on Disperse Yellow 241.	06-17-08
H. R. 4885	Mr. Filner	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on metal halide lamps designed for use in video projectors.	06-25-08
H. R. 4886	Mr. Filner	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on certain DVD readers and writers.	05-30-08
H. R. 4887	Mr. Filner	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on certain DVD readers and writers.	05-30-08
H. R. 4902	Mr. Lampson	To suspend temporarily the duty on Dimyristyl Peroxydicarbonate.	09-02-08
H. R. 4903	Mr. Lampson	To suspend temporarily the duty on Bis(4-t-butylcyclohexyl) Peroxydicarbonate.	09-02-08
H. R. 4904	Mr. Lampson	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 3,3',4,4'-Biphenyltetracarboxylic dianhydride.	09-02-08
H. R. 4905	Mr. Lampson	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 4,4-Oxydianiline.	09-02-08
H. R. 4906	Mr. Lampson	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Pyromellitic dianhydride.	09-02-08
H. R. 4907	Mr. Lampson	To suspend temporarily the duty on Dicetyl Peroxydicarbonate.	09-02-08
H. R. 4908	Mr. Lampson	To suspend temporarily the duty on Lauroyl Peroxide.	06-16-08
H. R. 4909	Mr. Saxton	To suspend temporarily the duty on Didecanoyl Peroxide.	06-16-08

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H. R. 4920	Mr. Saxton	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on certain ion-exchange resins.	06-16-08
H. R. 4921	Mr. Saxton	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Lewatit.	06-16-08
H. R. 4923	Mr. Spratt	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 2,6-Dichlorotoluene.	05-30-08
H. R. 4924	Mr. Spratt	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Crotonic Acid.	05-30-08
H. R. 4925	Mr. Spratt	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Fluorobenzene.	05-30-08
H. R. 4937	Mr. Blumenauer	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on bicycle speedometers.	06-25-08
H. R. 4938	Mr. Blumenauer	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on child carriers, chain tension adjustors, chain covers, and certain other articles designed for use on bicycles.	06-25-08
H. R. 4939	Mr. Blumenauer	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on unicycles.	06-25-08
H. R. 4940	Mr. Blumenauer	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on sets of steel tubing for bicycle frames.	06-25-08
H. R. 4941	Mr. Blumenauer	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on bicycle wheel rims.	06-25-08
H. R. 4942	Mr. Blumenauer	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on crank-gear and parts thereof.	06-25-08
H. R. 4943	Mr. Blumenauer	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on brakes designed for bicycles.	06-25-08
H. R. 4944	Mr. Blumenauer	To suspend temporarily the duty on nesoi hubs.	06-25-08
H. R. 4945	Mr. Blumenauer	To suspend temporarily the duty on variable speed hubs (except 2- and 3-speed).	06-25-08
H. R. 4946	Mr. Blumenauer	To suspend temporarily the duty on bells designed for use on bicycles.	06-25-08
H. R. 4947	Mr. Blumenauer	To extend the duty suspension on Benzoic acid, 3,4,5-trihydroxy-, propyl ester.	05-30-08
H. R. 4948	Mr. David Davis	To extend the duty suspension on Crotonaldehyde (2-butenaldehyde).	05-30-08
H. R. 4949	Mr. David Davis	To extend the duty suspension on o-Anisidine.	05-30-08
H. R. 4950	Mr. David Davis	To extend the duty suspension on Phenyl salicylate (benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, phenyl ester).	06-25-08
H. R. 4951	Mr. David Davis	To extend the duty suspension on Titanium Mononitride.	06-25-08
H. R. 4952	Mr. David Davis	To extend the duty suspension on 1,4-Benzoquinone.	06-25-08
H. R. 4953	Mr. David Davis	To extend the duty suspension on 1-Fluoro-2-nitrobenzene.	06-25-08
H. R. 4954	Mr. David Davis	To extend the duty suspension on 2,4-Xylidine.	06-25-08
H. R. 4955	Mr. David Davis	To extend the duty suspension on 2-Methylhydroquinone.	06-25-08
H. R. 4956	Mr. David Davis	To suspend temporarily the duty on dimerized gum.	07-31-08
H. R. 4957	Mr. David Davis	To suspend temporarily the duty on polyethylene glycol branched- nonylphenyl ether phosphate.	07-31-08
H. R. 4958	Mr. David Davis	To suspend temporarily the duty on glycerol ester of dimerized gum.	07-31-08
H. R. 4961	Mrs. Myrick	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 7,7-[1,3- Propanediylbis [imino (6-fluoro-1,3,5-triazine-4,2-diyl) imino [2-[(aminocarbonyl)amino]-4,1- phenylene]azo]] bis-, sodium salt.	06-16-08
H. R. 4962	Mrs. Myrick	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Vat Black 25.	06-16-08
H. R. 4963	Mrs. Myrick	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Chloroacetic acid, sodium salt.	06-16-08
H. R. 4964	Mrs. Myrick	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on esters and sodium esters of parahydroxybenzoic acid.	06-16-08
H. R. 4965	Mrs. Myrick	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Glyoxylic acid.	06-16-08
H. R. 4966	Mrs. Myrick	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Isobutyl 4-hydroxybenzoate and its sodium salt.	06-16-08
H. R. 4967	Mrs. Myrick	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on sodium petroleum sulfonic acids, sodium salts.	06-16-08
H. R. 4968	Mrs. Myrick	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Tetraacetylethylenediamine.	06-16-08
H. R. 4969	Mrs. Myrick	To suspend temporarily the duty on Maleic Hydrazide Technical.	06-16-08

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H. R. 4970	Mrs. Myrick	To suspend temporarily the duty on 1,4-Benzenedisulfonic acid, 2,2-[(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis[imino(6-fluoro-1,3,5-triazine-4,2-diyl) imino(1-hydroxy-3-sulfo-6,2-naphthalenediyl)azo]]bis[5-methoxy-, sodium salt.	06-16-08
H. R. 4971	Mrs. Myrick	To suspend temporarily the duty on Cobaltate(2-), [6-aminokappa.N)- 5-[[2hydroxykappa.O)-4-nitrophenyl]azokappa.N1]-N-methyl-2- naphthalenesulfonamidato(2-)][6-(aminokappa.N)-5-[[2-(hydroxy kappa.O)-4-nitrophenyl]azokappa.N1]-2-naphthalenesulfonato(3-)]-, disodium.	06-16-08
H. R. 4972	Mrs. Myrick	To suspend temporarily the duty on 2,7-Naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 5-[[4-chloro-6-[[2-[[4-chloro-6-[[7-[[4-(ethenylsulfonyl)phenyl]azo]-8- hydroxy-3,6-disulfo-1-naphthalenyl]amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]amino]ethyl] (2-hydroxyethyl) amino]-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl]amino]-3-[[4-(ethenylsulfonyl) phenyl]azo]-4-hydroxy-, sodium salt.	06-16-08
H. R. 4974	Mr. Ramstad	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain perfluorocarbons.	06-16-08
H. R. 4975	Mr. Ramstad	To suspend temporarily the duty on perfluorobutane sulfonyl fluoride.	06-16-08
H. R. 4976	Mr. Ramstad	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on certain cathode-ray tubes.	06-16-08
H. R. 4977	Mr. Ramstad	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on an infrared absorbing dye.	06-16-08
H. R. 4978	Mr. Ramstad	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on a certain specialty monomer.	06-16-08
H. R. 4979	Mr. Ramstad	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on an ultraviolet dye.	06-16-08
H. R. 4980	Mr. Ramstad	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on THV.	06-16-08
H. R. 4981	Mr. Ramstad	To extend and modify the temporary suspension of duty on certain catalytic converter mats of ceramic fibers.	05-30-08
H. R. 4982	Ms. Loretta Sanche	2 To extend the temporary suspension of duty on certain refracting and reflecting telescopes.	05-30-08
H. R. 4983	Mrs. Cubin	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain acrylic fiber tow.	06-25-08
H. R. 4984	Mrs. Cubin	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain acrylic fiber tow.	06-25-08
H. R. 4985	Mr. Chabot	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Penta Amino Aceto Nitrate Cobalt III.	07-14-08
H. R. 4988	Mr. Peterson	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Orgasol.	07-31-08
H. R. 4988	Mr. Peterson	To suspend temporarily the duty on stainless steel single-piece exhaust gas manifolds.	08-14-08
H. R. 4996	Mr. McDermott	To suspend temporarily the duty on modified steel leaf spring leaves.	08-14-08
H. R. 4997	Mr. McDermott	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on certain suspension system stabilizer bars.	08-14-08
H. R. 4998	Mr. Neugebauer	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on mixtures of methyl 4-iodo-2- [3-(4-methoxy-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)ureidosulfonyl] benzoate, sodium salt (lodosulfuron methyl, sodium salt) and application adjuvants.	07-14-08
H. R. 4999	Mr. Neugebauer	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Mesosulfuronmethyl.	07-14-08
H. R. 5000	Mr. Neugebauer	To suspend temporarily the duty on mixtures containing (R)–2-[4-(6-chloro- 1,3-benzoxazol-2-yloxy)phenoxy]propionate (Fenoxaprop Ethyl), (CAS No. 71283–80–2), 5-hydroxy-1,3-dimethylpyrazol-4-yl 2-mesyl-4-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl ketone (Pyrafulfotole) (CAS No. 365400–11–9), 2,6-dibromo-4- cyanophenyl octanoate (Bromoxynil octanoate) (CAS No. 1689–99–2), and 2,6-dibromo-4-cyanophenyl heptanoate (Bromoxynil heptanoate) (CAS No. 56634–95–8).	07-14-08
H. R. 5002	Mrs. Tauscher	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Deltamethrin.	07-08-08
H. R. 5003	Mrs. Tauscher	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Tetramethrin.	07-16-08
H. R. 5004	Mrs. Tauscher	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on flumiclorac pentyl ester.	06-25-08
H. R. 5004	Mrs. Tauscher	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Flumioxasin.	06-25-08
H. R. 5006	Mrs. Tauscher	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Acephate.	06-25-08
H. R. 5007	Mrs. Tauscher	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Resmethrin.	06-16-08

Number	Sponsor	Proposed Legislation	Date Submitted
H. R. 5009	Mrs. Tauscher	To suspend temporarily the duty on s-Methoprene.	09-11-08
H. R. 5010	Mrs. Tauscher	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Clothianidin.	06-25-08
H. R. 5011	Mrs. Tauscher	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Permethrin.	08-06-08
H. R. 5016	Mrs. Tauscher	To suspend temporarily the duty on S-Abscisic Acid.	07-31-08
H. R. 5018	Mrs. Tauscher	To extend the suspension of duty on Fenpropathrin.	08-27-08
H. R. 5019	Mrs. Tauscher	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Tralemethrin.	08-27-08
H. R. 5020	Mrs. Tauscher	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Bioallethrin.	08-27-08
H. R. 5021	Mrs. Tauscher	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on S-Bioallethrin.	08-27-08
H. R. 5022	Mrs. Tauscher	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Bispyribac-sodium.	08-27-08
H. R. 5023	Mrs. Tauscher	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Dinotefuran.	08-27-08
H. R. 5024	Mrs. Tauscher	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Etoxazole.	08-27-08
H. R. 5025	Mrs. Tauscher	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Pyriproxyfen.	08-27-08
H. R. 5026	Mrs. Tauscher	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Uniconazole.	08-27-08
H. R. 5027	Mr. Wexler	To suspend temporarily the duty on integral flow controllers, certified by	09-02-08
		the importer exclusively for installation in semiconductor wafer fabrication	
		machines.	
H. R. 5039	Mr. Costa	To suspend temporarily the duty on 1,2,4-Triazole.	06-25-08
H. R. 5040	Mr. Costa	To suspend temporarily the duty on Fluopicolide.	07-08-08
H. R. 5041	Mr. Costa	To suspend temporarily the duty on Fenhexamid.	07-08-08
H. R. 5042	Mr. Costa	To suspend temporarily the duty on Belt & Synapse.	07-08-08
H. R. 5043	Mr. Costa	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Phenmedipham.	07-08-08
H. R. 5045	Mr. Costa	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Previcur.	07-08-08
H. R. 5047	Mr. Garrett	To suspend temporarily the duty on Bismuth Subsalicylate.	07-08-08
H. R. 5048	Mr. Garrett	To suspend temporarily the duty on Acetoacetamide.	09-11-08
H. R. 5049	Mr. Garrett	To suspend temporarily the duty on 5-Ethyl-2-methylpyridine.	09-11-08
H. R. 5050	Mr. Garrett	To suspend temporarily the duty on squaric acid.	07-08-08
H. R. 5051	Mr. Garrett	To suspend temporarily the duty on N,N-Dimethylacetoacetamide.	09-11-08
H. R. 5052	Mr. Garrett	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain mixtures of N,NDimethylacetoacetamide.	09-11-08
H. R. 5053	Mr. Garrett	To suspend temporarily the duty on Chlorodimethylacetoacetamide.	09-11-08
H. R. 5054	Mr. Garrett	To suspend temporarily the duty on Polyphenolcyanate.	07-08-08
H. R. 5055	Mr. Garrett	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain mixtures of N,NDimethylacetoacetamide.	09-11-08
H. R. 5061	Mr. Sestak	To suspend temporarily the duty on Oryzalin.	07-31-08
H. R. 5062	Mr. Sestak	To suspend temporarily the duty on lambda-cyhalothrin.	07-31-08
H. R. 5063	Mr. Sestak	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Acephate.	07-31-08
H. R. 5064	Mr. Sestak	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Ziram.	07-31-08
H. R. 5066	Mr. Sestak	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on mixtures of thiophanate methyl and application adjuvants.	07-14-08
H. R. 5067	Mr. Sestak	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on thiophanate methyl.	07-14-08
H. R. 5068	Mr. Sestak	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on asulam sodium salt.	07-14-08
H. R. 5070	Mr. Tim Murphy	To extend the suspension of duty on Polyfunctional aziridine.	06-25-08
H. R. 5071	Mr. Tim Murphy	To extend the suspension of duty on Poly(toluene diisocyanate).	06-25-08
H. R. 5072	Mr. Tim Murphy	To suspend temporarily the duty on Arcol Catalyst 3.	06-25-08
H. R. 5073	Mr. Tim Murphy	To extend the suspension of duty on Crelan VP LS 2147.	06-25-08
H. R. 5074	Mr. Tim Murphy	To extend the suspension of duty on Desmodur RF-E.	06-25-08
H. R. 5075	Mr. Tim Murphy	To extend the suspension of duty on Desmodur R ⁻ E.	06-25-08
H. R. 5076	Mr. Tim Murphy	To suspend temporarily the duty on Mondur M Flaked.	06-25-08

Number Sponsor		Proposed Legislation	Date Submitted
H. R. 5077	Mr. Tim Murphy	To extend the suspension of duty on TSME.	06-25-08
H. R. 5078	Mr. Tim Murphy	To extend the suspension of duty on Desmodur BL XP 2468.	06-25-08
H. R. 5079	Mr. Tim Murphy	To extend the suspension of duty on Trimethylopropane tris(3- aziridinylpropanoate).	06-25-08
H. R. 5080	Mr. Tim Murphy	To extend the suspension of duty on Desmodur HL BA.	06-25-08
H. R. 5081	Mr. Tim Murphy	To extend the suspension of duty on Desmodur VP LS 2253.	06-25-08
H. R. 5082	Mr. Tim Murphy	To suspend temporarily the duty on Desmodur VP LS 2253/1.	06-25-08
H. R. 5083	Mr. Tim Murphy	To extend the suspension of duty on Desmodur E 14.	06-25-08
H. R. 5088	Mr. Jordan	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain laundry work surfaces.	06-25-08
H. R. 5092	Mr. Coble	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on acrylic or modoacrylic staple fibers, not carded, combed, or otherwise processed for spinning.	07-08-08
H. R. 5093	Mr. Coble	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on acrylic or modacrylic filament tow.	07-08-08
H. R. 5094	Mr. Coble	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on acrylic or modacrylic stable fibers, carded, combed, or otherwise processed for spinning.	07-08-08
H. R. 5095	Mr. Coble	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on filament tow of rayon.	07-08-08
H. R. 5096	Mr. Coble	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on certain staple fibers of viscose rayon, not carded, combed, or otherwise processed for spinning.	07-08-08
H. R. 5097	Mr. Coble	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on certain staple fibers of viscose rayon, carded, combed, or otherwise processed for spinning.	07-08-08
H. R. 5098	Mr. Coble	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on staple fibers of viscose rayon, not carded, combed, or otherwise processed for spinning.	07-08-08
H. R. 5100	Mr. Simpson	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on certain semi-manufactured forms of gold.	07-08-08
H. R. 5112	Mr. Hulshof	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on certain master cylinder assemblies for braking systems designed for use in hybrid vehicles.	07-08-08
H. R. 5113	Mr. Hulshof	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on certain transaxles designed for use in hybrid vehicles.	07-08-08
H. R. 5114	Mr. Hulshof	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on certain static converters designed for use in hybrid vehicles.	07-08-08
H. R. 5115	Mr. Hulshof	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on certain controllers for electric power assisted braking systems, designed for use in hybrid vehicles.	07-08-08
H. R. 5116	Mr. Hulshof	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on certain nickel-metal hydride storage batteries designed for use in hybrid vehicles.	07-16-08
H. R. 5117	Mr. Hulshof	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 2,4-Dichloroaniline.	07-14-08
H. R. 5118	Mr. Hulshof	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Aluminum tris (Oethylphosphonate).	06-25-08
H. R. 5119	Mr. Hulshof	To suspend temporarily the duty on 2,2-Dimethylbutanoic acid 3-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)–2-oxo-1-oxaspiro(4.5)dec-3-en-4-yl ester.	07-14-08
H. R. 5120	Mr. Hulshof	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Fenamidone.	07-14-08
H. R. 5121	Mr. Hulshof	To extend the temporary reduction of duty on cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxylic acid, dimethyl ester.	06-25-08
H. R. 5122	Mr. Hulshof	To suspend temporarily the duty on Pyrasulfotole.	07-14-08
H. R. 5123	Mr. Hulshof	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Pyrimethanil.	07-14-08
H. R. 5144	Mr. Israel	To suspend temporarily the duty on lightweight digital camera lenses.	07-08-08
H. R. 5145	Mr. Israel	To suspend temporarily the duty on digital zoom camera lenses.	07-08-08
H. R. 5147	Mr. McDermott	To suspend temporarily the duty on gaiters of textile materials.	07-08-08
H. R. 5149	Mr. Peterson	To suspend temporarily the duty on dry adhesive copolyamide pellets.	07-31-08
H. R. 5162	Mr. Brady	To suspend temporarily the duty on a certain chemical used in the production of textiles.	07-31-08

Number	Sponsor	Proposed Legislation	Date Submittee
H. R. 5163	Mr. Brady	To suspend temporarily the duty on a certain chemical that is used for dyeing apparel home textiles.	07-31-08
H. R. 5164	Mr. Brady	To suspend temporarily the duty on a certain chemical that is used for dyeing apparel home textiles.	07-31-08
H. R. 5165	Mr. Brady	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 4-Anilino-3-nitro- Nphenylbenzenesulphonamide.	07-31-08
H. R. 5166	Mr. Brady	To suspend temporarily the duty on Naphthalenedisulfonic acid.	07-31-08
H. R. 5182	Mrs. Maloney	To suspend temporarily the duty on cyclopentadecanolide.	08-27-08
H. R. 5183	Mrs. Maloney	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on cis-3-Hexen-1-ol.	08-27-08
H. R. 5184	Mrs. Maloney	To suspend temporarily the duty on 2-methyl-3-(3,4-methylenedioxyphenyl) propanal.	08-27-08
H. R. 5185	Mrs. Maloney	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on polytetramethylene ether glycol.	08-27-08
H. R. 5186	Mrs. Maloney	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on magnesium zinc aluminum hydroxide carbonate hydrate.	08-27-08
H. R. 5187	Mrs. Maloney	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Magnesium aluminum hydroxide carbonate hydrate.	08-27-08
H. R. 5188	Mrs. Maloney	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on C12–18 alkenes.	08-27-08
H. R. 5190	Mr. Miller	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain acrylic fiber tow.	07-08-08
H. R. 5194	Mrs. Tauscher	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Clethodim.	08-27-08
H. R. 5195	Mrs. Tauscher	To suspend temporarily the duty on Red 30-kilovolt high-frequency cable, 30 square millimeters.	08-29-08
H. R. 5196	Mrs. Tauscher	To suspend temporarily the duty on UNITRONIC LIYCY-type 350-volt Multi- conductor copper cable, PVC (Polyvinylcarbonate) insulation, 8.9 millimeter diameter.	08-29-08
H. R. 5197	Mrs. Tauscher	To suspend temporarily the duty on UNITRONIC LIYCY-type 350-volt Multi- conductor copper cable, PVC (Polyvinylcarbonate) insulation, 8.9 millimeter diameter.	08-14-08
H. R. 5198	Mrs. Tauscher	To suspend temporarily the duty on Cathode high voltage connector.	08-29-08
H. R. 5199	Mrs. Tauscher	To suspend temporarily the duty on Stainless steel Vacuum Feed-Through for optical sensor, 41 millimeter diameter, MANSKE part number 43935/.	08-29-08
H. R. 5200	Mrs. Tauscher	To suspend temporarily the duty on fiber optic amplifier type ILVS 19/4 with metal housing.	08-29-08
H. R. 5201	Mrs. Tauscher	To suspend temporarily the duty on single light optical sensor, stainless steel casing, 0.5 meter-long, 2.2 millimeter diameter cable.	08-29-08
H. R. 5202	Mrs. Tauscher	To suspend temporarily the duty on optical fiber sensor, consisting of a 10 millimeter diameter lens built in an M14 screw feedthrough with 10-meter long fiber optic cable of 2.2 millimeter diameter.	08-29-08
H. R. 5203	Mrs. Tauscher	To suspend temporarily the duty on 2.5-Kilowatt drive motor, Flange diameter 160 millimeter, shaft diameter 30 millimeter.	08-29-08
H. R. 5204	Mrs. Tauscher	To suspend temporarily the duty on fork-style optical sensor with special vacuum application, 2.5 meter-long cable, stainless steel casing and sheath material.	08-29-08
H. R. 5205	Mrs. Tauscher	To suspend temporarily the duty on cathode drive unit includes 89-Kilowatt Gearmotor, synchronous belt, stainless steel bearing housing, bearings, stainless steel drive shaft, cooling water lead-through, stainless steel drive flange connection, rubber seals, PEEK high performance plastic, insulators, water fittings and metric stainless steel hardware.	08-29-08

Number	Sponsor	Proposed Legislation	Date Submitted
H. R. 5206	Mrs. Tauscher	To suspend temporarily the duty on cathode drive unit includes 89-Kilowatt Gearmotor, synchronous belt, stainless steel bearing housing, bearings, stainless steel drive shaft, cooling water lead-through, stainless steel drive flange connection, rubber seals, PEEK high performance plastic, insulators, water fittings and metric stainless steel hardware.	08-29-08
H. R. 5207	Mrs. Tauscher	To suspend temporarily the duty on Gas Flow Control Valve, 500 milliliters minimum.	09-18-08
H. R. 5208	Mrs. Tauscher	To suspend temporarily the duty on 1.25 inch Stainless Steel Tee Pipe Fitting.	08-14-08
H. R. 5209	Mrs. Tauscher	To suspend temporarily the duty on Pressure Hose with red jacket, 42 millimeters outside diameter × 32 millimeters inside diameter.	08-27-08
H. R. 5210	Mrs. Tauscher	To suspend temporarily the duty on Black NBR rubber O-ring, 3150 millimeters diameter, 9896 millimeters circumference.	08-27-08
H. R. 5211	Mrs. Tauscher	To suspend temporarily the duty on stainless steel hose barb, 88.5 millimeters length \times 34 millimeters diameter.	08-14-08
H. R. 5212	Mrs. Tauscher	To suspend temporarily the duty on Gas Flow Control Valve 100 milliliters minimum.	09-18-08
H. R. 5213	Mrs. Tauscher	To suspend temporarily the duty on Mounting Fixture, 230 millimeters length \times 150 millimeters width \times 12 millimeters thick.	08-14-08
H. R. 5214	Mrs. Tauscher	To suspend temporarily the duty on feedthrough with housing 125 millimeters long, Housing mounting flange 180 millimeters outside diameter \times 20 millimeters thick.	09-18-08
H. R. 5215	Mrs. Tauscher	To suspend temporarily the duty on coupling assembly with 2 steel hubs with 32 millimeter outside diameter, 18 millimeter inside diameter, and a white plastic sleeve with 46 millimeter outside diameter and 28 millimeter width.	09-18-08
H. R. 5224	Mr. Bonner	To suspend temporarily the duty on Hexane, 1,6-dichloro	09-11-08
H. R. 5225	Mr. Bonner	To suspend temporarily the duty on Propanedioic acid, diethyl ester.	09-11-08
H. R. 5226	Mr. Bonner	To suspend temporarily the duty on Butane, 1-chloro.	09-11-08
H. R. 5227	Mr. Bonner	To suspend temporarily the duty on 1,3,5-Triazine, 2,4,6-tris(2-propenyloxyl)	09-11-08
H. R. 5245	Mr. Watt	To suspend temporarily the duty on acid black 107.	08-27-08
H. R. 5246	Mr. Watt	To suspend temporarily the duty on acid black 132.	08-27-08
H. R. 5247	Mr. Watt	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Acid black 172.	08-27-08
H. R. 5248	Mr. Watt	To suspend temporarily the duty on acid blue 113.	08-27-08
H. R. 5249	Mr. Watt	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 4-[[3-(Acetylamino)phenyl] amino]-1-amino-9,10-dihydro- 9,10-dioxo-2-anthracenesulfonic acid, monosodium salt.	08-27-08
H. R. 5250	Mr. Watt	To suspend temporarily the duty on acid orange 116.	08-27-08
H. R. 5251	Mr. Watt	To suspend temporarily the duty on disperse blue 56.	08-27-08
H. R. 5252	Mr. Watt	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Direct Black 22.	08-27-08
H. R. 5253	Mr. Watt	To suspend temporarily the duty on disperse blue 60.	08-27-08
H. R. 5254	Mr. Watt	To suspend temporarily the duty on disperse blue 79:1.	08-27-08
H. R. 5255	Mr. Watt	To suspend temporarily the duty on disperse orange 30.	08-27-08
H. R. 5256	Mr. Watt	To suspend temporarily the duty on disperse red 60.	08-27-08
H. R. 5257	Mr. Watt	To suspend temporarily the duty on disperse red 73.	08-27-08
H. R. 5258	Mr. Watt	To suspend temporarily the duty on disperse red 167:1.	08-27-08
H. R. 5259	Mr. Watt	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 1/3-Phenyl-7-(4- propoxyphenyl)benzo[1,2-b:4,5-b]difuran-2,6-dione.	08-27-08
H. R. 5260	Mr. Watt	To suspend temporarily the duty on disperse yellow 64.	08-27-08
H. R. 5261	Mr. Watt	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Reactive Black 5.	08-27-08
H. R. 5262	Mr. Watt	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Reactive Blue 250.	08-27-08

Number	Sponsor	Proposed Legislation	Date Submitted
H. R. 5271	Mrs. Capito	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on 2-(Isocyanatosulfonyl) benzoic acid, methyl ester.	09-02-08
H. R. 5272	Mrs. Capito	To reduce temporarily the duty on Corvus herbicide.	09-02-08
H. R. 5273	Mrs. Capito	To reduce temporarily the duty on Evergol.	09-02-08
H. R. 5274	Mrs. Capito	To reduce temporarily the duty on Imidacloprid Pesticides.	09-02-08
H. R. 5275	Mrs. Capito	To suspend temporarily the duty on Liberty, Rely, and Ignite herbicides.	09-02-08
H. R. 5276	Mrs. Capito	To suspend temporarily the duty on A5546 sulfonamide.	09-02-08
H. R. 5277	Mrs. Capito	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Imidacloprid Technical.	09-02-08
H. R. 5278	Mrs. Capito	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Option and Revolver herbicides.	09-02-08
H. R. 5281	Mr. Ferguson	To suspend temporarily the duty on Hexanedioic acid, polymer with 1,2-ethanediol, 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol and 1,3-isobenzofurandione, 2-propenoate.	08-27-08
H. R. 5282	Mr. Ferguson	To extend the suspension of duty on Lycopene 10%.	08-27-08
H. R. 5283	Mr. Ferguson	To extend the suspension of duty on Quinclorac.	08-27-08
H. R. 5284	Mr. Ferguson	To extend the suspension of duty on Vinclozolin.	08-27-08
H. R. 5285	Mr. Ferguson	To extend the suspension of duty on Ecoflex F BX7011.	08-27-08
H. R. 5287	Mr. Ferguson	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on iron chloro-5,6-diamino-1,3- naphthalenedisulfonate complexes.	08-27-08
H. R. 5288	Mr. Ferguson	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Bis(4-fluorophenyl) methanone.	08-27-08
H. R. 5289	Mr. Ferguson	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on ammonium bifluoride.	08-27-08
H. R. 5290	Mr. Ferguson	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on certain light absorbing photo dyes.	08-27-08
H. R. 5291	Mr. Ferguson	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on certain light absorbing photo dyes.	08-27-08
H. R. 5295	Mr. Inglis	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain hot feed extruding equipment used in the manufacture of extra-wide pneumatic truck and automobile tires, and parts and accessories thereof.	07-08-08
H. R. 5296	Mr. Inglis	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain mold curing devices used in the manufacture of extra-wide pneumatic truck and automobile tires, and parts and accessories thereof.	09-18-08
H. R. 5297	Mr. Inglis	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain tirebuilding machines used in the manufacture of extra-wide pneumatic truck and automobile tires, and parts and accessories thereof.	08-14-08
H. R. 5300	Mr. LaHood	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on certain cores used in remanufacture.	07-08-08
H. R. 5305	Mr. Pascrell	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain capers preserved by vinegar or acetic acid.	07-31-08
H. R. 5306	Mr. Pascrell	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain pepperoncini prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid in concentrations less than 0.5 percent.	07-31-08
H. R. 5307	Mr. Pascrell	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain capers preserved by vinegar or acetic acid.	07-31-08
H. R. 5308	Mr. Pascrell	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain pepperoncini prepared or preserved by vinegar or acetic acid in concentrations at 0.5 percent or greater.	07-31-08
H. R. 5309	Mr. Pascrell	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain pepperoncini prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid.	07-31-08
H. R. 5313	Mr. Shays	To suspend temporarily the duty on a thermoplastic biodegradable polymer.	08-27-08
H. R. 5314	Mr. Shays	To suspend temporarily the duty on a thermoplastic biodegradable polymer blend.	08-27-08

Number Sponsor		Proposed Legislation	Date Submittee
H. R. 5354	Mr. Ackerman	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain theatrical lighting fixtures.	09-18-08
H. R. 5355	Mr. Ackerman	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain theatrical lighting fixtures.	09-18-08
H. R. 5356	Mr. Ackerman	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain surge protective receptacles and surge suppressor strips.	08-14-08
H. R. 5357	Mr. Ackerman	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain lighting control timers.	09-18-08
H. R. 5358	Mr. Ackerman	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain electrical connectors and adaptors.	08-14-08
H. R. 5359	Mr. Ackerman	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on aluminum lamp-holder housings containing sockets.	07-08-08
H. R. 5360	Mr. Ackerman	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on brass lamp-holder housings containing sockets.	07-08-08
H. R. 5361	Mr. Ackerman	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on plastic lamp-holder housings containing sockets.	07-08-08
H. R. 5362	Mr. Ackerman	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on porcelain lamp-holder housings containing sockets.	07-08-08
H. R. 5363	Mr. Ackerman	To suspend temporarily the duty on high current ground fault circuit interrupters.	08-14-08
H. R. 5364	Mr. Ackerman	To suspend temporarily the duty on in line ground fault circuit interrupters.	08-14-08
H. R. 5365	Mr. Ackerman	To suspend temporarily the duty on ground fault circuit interrupter receptacles of greater than 15 amps.	08-14-08
H. R. 5366	Mr. Ackerman	To suspend temporarily the duty on ground fault circuit interrupter receptacles of 15 amps or less.	08-14-08
H. R. 5367	Mr. Ackerman	To suspend temporarily the duty on right angle ground fault circuit interrupters.	08-14-08
H. R. 5368	Mr. Barrett	To suspend the duty on Aluminum (0.010" and thicker).	08-14-08
H. R. 5370	Mr. Barrett	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain gelatins.	09-11-08
H. R. 5371	Mr. Barrett	To suspend the duty on Aluminum (0.008" and thinner).	08-14-08
H. R. 5393	Mr. Brown	To suspend temporarily the duty on Ferro Boron.	07-08-08
H. R. 5394	Mr. Brown	To suspend temporarily the duty on Cobalt Boron.	07-08-08
H. R. 5397	Mr. Hodes	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain battery assemblies.	07-24-08
H. R. 5399	Mr. Issa	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain travel bags with a removable backpack or daypack.	07-24-08
H. R. 5406	Mr. Sullivan	To suspend temporarily the duty on over-the-range microwaves.	07-24-08
l. R. 5407	Mr. Ackerman	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain wooden wall plates.	09-18-08
H. R. 5417	Mr. Etheridge	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on Permethrin.	08-06-08
H. R. 5419	Mr. Etheridge	To suspend temporarily the duty on product mixtures containing Imidacloprid: 1-(6-Chloro-3-pyridinyl)methyl-N-nitroimidazolidin-2-ylidene amine Z9: (9Z)-9-Tricosene.	09-02-08
l. R. 5423	Mr. Ferguson	To extend and modify the suspension of duty on polyisobutylene.	07-31-08
l. R. 5430	Mr. Ellison	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain porous hollow fibers.	07-24-08
l. R. 5432	Mr. Ellison	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain plastic mesh for use in filters.	07-24-08
l. R. 5503	Mr. Peterson	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain engines for snowmobiles.	07-24-08
l. R. 5520	Mr. Cohen	To extend the temporary suspension of duty on ceiling fans for permanent installation.	08-14-08
l. R. 5538	Mr. Nunes	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain sleeping bags.	07-24-08
H. R. 5539	Mr. Nunes	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain sleeping bags.	07-24-08
H. R. 5553	Mr. Issa	To suspend temporarily the duty on certain travel bags.	07-24-08
H. R. 5635	Mr. Kind	To suspend temporarily the duty on digital-to-analog converter boxes.	07-24-08
H. R. 5675	Mr. Meek	To amend the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States to revise the classification of certain cigars.	07-24-08

Appendix E: Trade Litigation in Fiscal Year 2008

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Table VI

Trade Litigation Remand Proceedings Conducted in Fiscal Year 2008... 127

Case	Court Number	Venue	Underlying Investigation	Status
Ethan Allen Global	08-302	Court of International Trade	731-TA-1058: Wooden Bedroom Furniture from China	Pending
GEO Specialty Chemicals	08-046	Court of International Trade	701-TA-1112, -1113: Glycine from Japan and Korea	Pending
Ad Hoc Utilities Group	06-300	Court of International Trade	731-TA-539-C: Uranium from Russia	Pending
AK Steel	07-463	Court of International Trade	701-TA-407 and 731-TA-902, -904, & -905: Hot- Rolled Steel Products from Kazakhstan, Romania, and South Africa	Pending
American NTN Bearing Manufacturing	08-326	Court of International Trade	731-TA-344, 391-A, 392-A & -C, 393-A, 394-A, 396, and 399-A: Certain Bearings from China, et al.	Pending
Arcelor Mittal Steel USA	07-315	Court of International Trade	731-TA-903: Hot-Rolled Steel Products from the Netherlands	Pending
Ashley Furniture Industries	07-323	Court of International Trade	731-TA-1058: Wooden Bedroom Furniture from China	Pending
Barden Corp.	06-435	Court of International Trade	303-TA-19, et al.: Antifriction Bearings from Germany, et al.	Pending
Barden Corp.	07-063	Court of International Trade	303-TA-19, et al.: Antifriction Bearings from Germany, et al.	Pending
Bergeron's Seafood	03-448	Court of International Trade	731-TA-752: Crawfish Tail Meat from China	Pending
Bratsk Aluminum and Sual Holding	03-200	Court of International Trade	731-TA-991: Silicon Metal from Russia	USITC Remand Determination Affirmed, 01-15-08
Candle Corp.	07-396	Court of International Trade	731-TA-282: Wax Candles from China	Pending
Carpenter Technology	08-082	Court of International Trade	701-TA-413 and 731-TA-913-916: Stainless Steel Bar from France, Germany, Italy, Korea, and the United Kingdom	Appeal Dismissed, 03-31-08
CC Metals	01-138	Court of International Trade	303-TA-023, 751-TA-21-27, and 731-TA-566-570 and 641: Ferrosilicon from Brazil, China, Kazakhstan, Russia, Ukraine, and Venezuela	USITC Remand Determination Affirmed, 09-05-08
Celanese Chemicals	04-594	Court of International Trade	731-TA-1088: Polyvinyl Alcohol from Taiwan	Pending
Consolidated Fibers	06-134	Court of International Trade	731-TA-825, -826: Certain Polyester Staple Fiber from Korea and Taiwan	USITC Determination Affirmed, 07-22-08

Case	Court Number	Venue	Underlying Investigation	Status
Consolidated Fibers	07-233	Court of International Trade	731-TA-1104: Certain Polyester Staple Fiber from China	USITC Determination Affirmed, 08-20-08
Diamond Sawblades Manufactures	06-247	Court of International Trade	731-TA-1092, -1093: Diamond Sawblades from China and Korea	Pending
Elkem Metals	99-628	Court of International Trade	303-TA-023, 751-TA-21-27 and 731-TA-566-570 and 641: Ferrosilicon from Brazil, China, Kazakhstan, Russia, Ukraine, and Venezuela	USITC Remand Determination Affirmed, 09-05-08
Eurodif S.A.	02-220	Court of International Trade	701-TA-409 and 731-TA-909: Low Enriched Uranium fom France	Pending
Eurodif S.A.	08-024	Court of International Trade	701-TA-409 and 731-TA-909: Low Enriched Uranium from France	Pending
Evraz NA Oregon Steel Mills	08-248	Court of International Trade	Various Steel Products including Hot-Rolled Flat Products, Cut-to-Length Plate, and Oil Country Tubular Goods	Pending
Evraz Oregon Steel Mills	07-368	Court of International Trade	Various Steel Products, including Hot-Rolled Flat Products, Cut-to-Length Plate, and Oil Country Tubular Goods	Pending
Fulton Seafood, Inc.	08-180	Court of International Trade	731-TA-1063-1068: Frozen or Canned Warm-water Shrimp and Prawns from Brazil, China, Ecuador, India, Thailand and Vietnam	Pending
Furniture Brands Int'l	07-026	Court of International Trade	731-TA-1058: Wooden Bedroom Furniture from China	Pending
G Steel Public Company	07-460	Court of International Trade	701-TA-404-408 and 731-TA-898-902 and 904-908: Hot-Rolled Steel Products from Argentina, China, India, Indonesia, Kazakhstan, Romania, South Africa, Taiwan, Thailand, and Ukraine	Appeal Dismissed, 02-04-08
GEO Specialty Chemicals	08-172	Court of International Trade	701-TA-1111: Glycine from India	Pending
Georgetown Steel	02-739	Court of International Trade	731-TA-419 and 731-TA-956: Carbon and Alloy Steel Wire Rod from Germany	Pending
Gerdau Ameristeel	01-955	Court of International Trade	731-TA-955, -960, and -963: Carbon and Alloy Steel Wire Rod from Egypt, South Africa, and Venezuela	Pending
Giorgio Foods	03-286	Court of International Trade	731-TA-776-779: Certain Preserved Mushrooms from Chile, China, and Indonesia	Pending
Globe Metallurgical	07-011	Court of International Trade	731-TA-471: Silicon Metal from Brazil	USITC Determination Affirmed, 03-19-08
GPX International Tire	08-287	Court of International Trade	701-TA-448 and 731-TA-1117: Off-the Road Tires from China	Pending

Case	Court Number	Venue	Underlying Investigation	Status
H & A Seafood	08-181	Court of International Trade	731-TA-1063-1068: Frozen or Canned Warm-water Shrimp and Prawns from Brazil, China, Ecuador, India, Thailand, and Vietnam	Pending
JFE Steel Corp	07-438	Court of International Trade	731-TA-919: Welded Large Diameter Pipe from Japan	Appeal Dismissed, 12-26-07
JTEKT Corp.	06-335	Court of International Trade	731-TA-394-A: Certain Bearings from Japan	Pending
Kimball Furniture	08-037	Court of International Trade	731-TA-1058: Wooden Bedroom Furniture from China	Pending
Kimball Furniture	08-296	Court of International Trade	731-TA-1058: Wooden Bedroom Furniture from China	Pending
Koyo Corp.	06-324	Court of International Trade	AA-1921-143, et al.: Certain Bearings from Japan, et al.	Pending
Koyo Corp.	08-340	Court of International Trade	AA-1921-143, et al.: Certain Bearings from Japan	Pending
Mittal Steel Roman	06-173	Court of International Trade	731-TA-849: Carbon and Alloy Seamless, Line and Pressure Pipe from Romania	USITC Determination Affirmed, 01-11-08
Nan Ya Plastics	08-138	Court of International Trade	731-TA-825, -826: Polyester Staple Fiber from Korea and Taiwan	Pending
Navneet Publications	06-401	Court of International Trade	701-TA-442 and 731-TA-1096: Lined Paper School Supplies from India	USITC Determination Affirmed, 03-20-08
Nevinnomysskiy Azot	06-013	Court of International Trade	731-TA-340-E: Urea from Russia	USITC Remand Determination Affirmed, 06-09-08
NSK	06-334	Court of International Trade	731-TA-394-A: Ball Bearings from Japan	Pending
NSK	06-336	Court of International Trade	731-TA-399-A: Ball Bearings from the United Kingdom	Pending
NSK	07-223	Court of International Trade	731-TA-391-A, et al.: Ball Bearings from Germany, et al.	Pending
NSK	07-281	Court of International Trade	303-TA-19, et al.: Antifriction Bearings from Germany, et al.	Pending
Nucor	07-070	Court of International Trade	AA1921-197, et al.: Certain Carbon Steel Products from Australia, et al.	USITC Determination Affirmed, 07-09-08

Case	Court Number	Venue	Underlying Investigation	Status
Nucor	07-071	Court of International Trade	AA1921-197, et al.: Certain Carbon Steel Products from Australia, et al.	Pending
Nucor	07-454	Court of International Trade	701-TA-407 and 731-TA-902, -904, and -905: Hot- Rolled Steel Products from Kazakhstan, Romania, and South Africa	Pending
Nukem	06-298	Court of International Trade	731-TA-539-C: Uranium from Russia	Pending
Oregon Steel Mills	07-368	Court of International Trade	Various Steel Products, including Hot-Rolled Flat Products, Cut-to-Length Plate, and Welded Line Pipe	Pending
Pat Huval's Fisherman's Wharf	06-290	Court of International Trade	731-TA-752: Crawfish Tail Meat from China	Pending
PS Chez Sidney	02-635	Court of International Trade	731-TA-752: Crawfish Tail Meat from China	USITC Remand Determination Affirmed, 06-17-08
SC Silcotub	06-175	Court of International Trade	731-TA-849: Certain Carbon and Alloy Pipe and Tube from Romania	USITC Determination Affirmed, 01-11-08
Schaeffler Group USA	06-432	Court of International Trade	303-TA-19, et al.: Antifriction Bearings from Germany, et al.	Pending
Schaeffler Group USA	07-064	Court of International Trade	303-TA-19, et al.: Antifriction Bearings from Germany, et al.	Pending
Schaeffler Group USA	07-477	Court of International Trade	303-TA-19, et al.: Antifriction Bearings from Germany, et al.	Pending
SKF USA Inc.	06-328	Court of International Trade	303-TA-19, et al.: Antifriction Bearings from Germany, et al.	Pending
SKF USA Inc.	07-035	Court of International Trade	303-TA-19, et al.: Antifriction Bearings from Germany, et al.	Pending
Standard Furniture	07-028	Court of International Trade	731-TA-1058: Wooden Bedroom Furniture from China	Pending
Standard Furniture	07-295	Court of International Trade	731-TA-1058: Wooden Bedroom Furniture from China	Pending
Thornwood Furniture	07-091	Court of International Trade	731-TA-1058: Wooden Bedroom Furniture from China	Pending
Thyssen Krupp	07-075	Court of International Trade	AA1921-197, et al.: Certain Carbon Steel Products from Australia, et al.	Pending
Fropicana	06-109	Court of International Trade	731-TA-1089: Orange Juice from Brazil	USITC Remand Determination Affirmed, 02-05-08

Case	Court Number	Venue	Underlying Investigation	Status	
Tropicana 07-391		Court of International Trade	731-TA-1089: Orange Juice from Brazil	Pending	
United States Steel Corp.	07-076	Court of International Trade	AA1921-197, et al.: Certain Carbon Steel Products from Australia, et al.	Pending	
United States Steel Corp.	07-087	Court of International Trade	731-TA-614: Corrosion-resistant Steel from Canada	Pending	
United States Steel Corp.	07-271	Court of International Trade	731-TA-711 & 713-15: Oil Country Tubular Goods from Argentina, Italy, Japan, and Korea	USITC Determination Affirmed, 08-05-08	
United States Steel Corp.	07-461	Court of International Trade	701-TA-407 and 731-TA-902, -904, and -905: Hot- Rolled Steel Products from Kazakhstan, Romania, and South Africa	Pending	
United Synthetics	08-139	Court of International Trade	731-TA-825, -826: Polyester Staple Fiber from the Republic of Korea and Taiwan	Pending	
Urenco Nederland BV	02-236	Court of International Trade	701-TA-410-412 and 731-TA-910-912: Low Enriched Uranium from Germany, the Netherlands, and the United Kingdom	Pending	
Wieland Werke AG	06-135	Court of International Trade	731-TA-314, -317, and-379: Brass Sheet and Strip from France, Germany, Italy, and Japan	USITC Determination Affirmed, 11-07-07	
Witmer Industries	08-003	Court of International Trade	731-TA-1058: Wooden Bedroom Furniture from China	Pending	
Zhejiang Native Produce	02-064	Court of International Trade	731-TA-892: Honey from China	Pending	
Advanced Analogic Technologies	08-1165	Federal Circuit	337-TA-564: Voltage Regulators	Pending	
Amgen	07-1014	Federal Circuit	337-TA-568: Erythropoietin	Pending	
AT & T Mobility	08-M873	Federal Circuit	337-TA-543: Baseband Processor Chips (Enforcement Proceeding)	Mandamus Petition Denied, 04-17-08	
AT&T Mobility	07-1514	Federal Circuit	337-TA-543: Baseband Processor Chips	Pending	
AT&T Mobility	08-1302	Federal Circuit	337-TA-543: Baseband Processor Chips (Enforcement Proceeding)	Appeal Dismissed, 08-27-08	
AT&T Mobility	08-1383	Federal Circuit	337-TA-543: Baseband Processor Chips (Enforcement Proceeding)	Pending	
Broadcom Corp	07-1164	Federal Circuit	337-TA-543: Baseband Processor Chips	USITC Determination Affirmed In Part, Vacated and Remanded in Part, 09-19-08	
Casio Hitachi Mobile	08-1019	Federal Circuit	337-TA-543: Baseband Processor Chips	Pending	

Case	Court Number	Venue	Underlying Investigation	Status	
Committee for Fair Beam Imports				USITC Determination Affirmed, 01-11-08	
Crocs, Inc.	08-1596	Federal Circuit	337-TA-567: Foam Footwear	Pending	
Energizer	07-1197	Federal Circuit	337-TA-493: Batteries	USITC Determination Affirmed, 04-21-08	
Epistar	07-1457	Federal Circuit	337-TA-556: Light Emitting Diodes	Pending	
Erbe Elektromedizin	08-1358	Federal Circuit	337-TA-569: Endoscopic Probes	Pending	
Faus Group	07-1309	Federal Circuit	337-TA-545: Laminated Floor Panels	Appeal Dismissed by Stipulation, 10-19-07	
Ford Global Technologies	07-1357	Federal Circuit	337-TA-557: Automotive Parts	Pending	
Foxconn	08-1018	Federal Circuit	337-TA-543: Baseband Processor Chips	Pending	
Freescale Semiconductor	07-M875	Federal Circuit	337-TA-605: Semiconductor Chips	Petition for Writ of Mandamus Denied, 06-25-08	
High Tech Computer	08-1012	Federal Circuit	337-TA-543: Baseband Processor Chips	Pending	
Industrias Auxiliares Faus	07-1310	Federal Circuit	337-TA-545: Laminated Floor Panels	Appeal Dismissed, 10-19-07	
Keystone Automotive Industries	07-1526	Federal Circuit	337-TA-557: Automotive Parts	Pending	
Kyocera	07-1493	Federal Circuit	337-TA-543: Baseband Processor Chips	Pending	
Kyocera	08-1301	Federal Circuit	337-TA-543: Baseband Processor Chips	Appeal Dismissed, 08-27-08	
Kyocera	08-1355	Federal Circuit	337-TA-543: Baseband Processor Chips	Pending	
Kyocera	08-M872	Federal Circuit	337-TA-543: Baseband Processor Chips (Enforcement Proceeding)	Petition for Writ of Mandamus Denied, 04-17-08	
LG Electronics	07-1497	Federal Circuit	337-TA-543: Baseband Processor Chips	Pending	
LG Electronics	08-1424	Federal Circuit	337-TA-543: Baseband Processor Chips (Enforcement Proceeding)	Pending	
Linear Technology	07-1572	Federal Circuit	337-TA-564: Voltage Regulators	USITC Determination Affirmed, 08-28-08	
Linear Technology	08-1117	Federal Circuit	337-TA-564: Voltage Regulators	Pending	
Metrologic Instruments	07-1582	Federal Circuit	337-TA-551: Laser Bar Code Scanners	Appeal Dismissed, 02-26-08	
Microsoft	08-1457	Federal Circuit	337-TA-598: Unified Communications Systems	Pending	
Mittal Steel Point Lisas	07-1552	Federal Circuit	731-TA-961: Carbon & Alloy Steel Wire Rod from Trinidad and Tobago	USITC Determination Remanded, 09-18-08	
Motorola	07-1495	Federal Circuit	337-TA-543: Baseband Processor Chips	Pending	

Case	Court Number	Venue	Underlying Investigation	Status Pending
Ninestar Technology	08-1201	Federal Circuit	337-TA-565: Ink Jet Cartridges	
Norgren	08-1415	Federal Circuit	337-TA-587: Quick Clamps	Pending
Osram	06-1282	Federal Circuit	337-TA-512: Light-Emitting Diodes	USITC Determination Remanded, 10-31-07
P.S. Chez Sidney	08-1526	Federal Circuit	731-TA-752: Crawfish Tail Meat from China	Pending
P.S. Chez Sidney	08-1527	Federal Circuit	731-TA-752: Crawfish Tail Meat from China	Pending
P.S. Chez Sidney	08-1534	Federal Circuit	731-TA-752: Crawfish Tail Meat from China	Pending
P.S. Chez Sidney	08-1555	Federal Circuit	731-TA-752: Crawfish Tail Meat from China	Pending
Palm, Inc.	08-1004	Federal Circuit	337-TA-543: Baseband Processor Chips	Pending
Pantech	08-1009	Federal Circuit	337-TA-543: Baseband Processor Chips	Pending
Portfolio Technologies	07-1520	Federal Circuit	337-TA-546: Male Prophylactics	USITC Determination Affirmed, 06-10-08
Princo	07-1386	Federal Circuit	337-TA-474: Recordable Compact Disks	Pending
Qualcomm	07-1494	Federal Circuit	337-TA-543: Baseband Processor Chips	Pending
Qualcomm	08-1318	Federal Circuit	337-TA-578: Mobile Telephone Handsets	Pending
Research in Motion	08-1015	Federal Circuit	337-TA-543: Baseband Processor Chips	Pending
Samsung	07-1496	Federal Circuit	337-TA-543: Baseband Processor Chips	Pending
Sanyo Fisher Co.	07-1498	Federal Circuit	337-TA-543: Baseband Processor Chips	Pending
Shenzhen Huawei	08-1013	Federal Circuit	337-TA-543: Baseband Processor Chips	Pending
Sinorgchem	06-1633		337-TA-533: Rubber Antidegradants	USITC Determination Vacated and Remanded, 12-21-07
SKF USA Inc.	08-1005	Federal Circuit	731-TA-394: Ball Bearings from Japan	Pending
SKF USA Inc.	08-1006	Federal Circuit	731-TA-394: Ball Bearings from Japan	Pending
SKF USA Inc.	08-1007	Federal Circuit	731-TA-394: Ball Bearings from Japan	Pending
SKF USA Inc.	08-1008	Federal Circuit	731-TA-394: Ball Bearings from Japan	Pending
Solomon Technologies	07-1391	Federal Circuit	337-TA-561: Combination Motor And Transmission Systems	USITC Determination Affirmed, 05-07-08
Sprint Nextel	07-1573	Federal Circuit	337-TA-543: Baseband Processor Chips	Pending
Sprint Nextel	08-1423		337-TA-543: Baseband Processor Chips	Pending
Sumitomo Chemical	08-1504	Federal Circuit	337-TA-635: Pesticides	Pending
Symbol Technologies	07-1472	Federal Circuit	337-TA-551: Laser Bar Code Scanners	Appeal Dismissed, 02-26-08
System General Corp	07-1082	Federal Circuit	337-TA-541: Power Supply Controllers	USITC Determination Affirmed, 11-19-07
T-Mobile	07-1499	Federal Circuit	337-TA-543: Baseband Processor Chips	Pending
T-Mobile	08-1377	Federal Circuit	337-TA-543: Baseband Processor Chips	Pending
Tropicana	08-1273	Federal Circuit	731-TA-1089: Orange Juice from Brazil	Appeal Dismissed, 06-06-08

Case	Court Number	Venue	Underlying Investigation	Status Pending	
UT Starcom	08-1010	Federal Circuit	337-TA-543: Baseband Processor Chips		
Wieland Werke AG	08-1141	Federal Circuit	731-TA-313, -314, -317, and -379: Brass Sheet and Strip from France, Germany, Italy, and Japan	USITC Determination Affirmed, 08-12-08	
Yingbin-Nature Wood	07-1311	Federal Circuit	337-TA-545: Laminated Floor Panels	USITC Determination Affirmed, 07-31-08	
Certain Welded Large Diameter Line Pipe from Mexico	USA-MEX-2007- 1904-03	NAFTA	731-TA-920: Certain Welded Large Diameter Line Pipe from Mexico	Pending	
Gray Portland Cement and Clinker from Mexico	USA-MEX-2000- 1904-10	NAFTA	731-TA-451: Gray Portland Cement and Clinker from Mexico	Proceeding Stayed Pursuant to Settlement Agreement Until 04-01-09	
Light-Walled Rectangular Pipe and Tube from Mexico	USA-MEX-2008- 1904-04	NAFTA	731-TA-1118: Light-Walled Rectangular Pipe and Tube from Mexico	Pending	
Stainless Steel Sheet and Strip from Mexico	USA-MEX-2005- 1904-06	NAFTA	731-TA-802: Stainless Steel Sheet and Strip from Mexico	USITC Determination Affirmed, 09-10-08	
Jack C. Benun, Debtor Chapter 11	03-32195(MS)	U.S. Bankruptcy Court for the District of New Jersey	337-TA-406: Lens-fitted Film Packages	Pending	
ASAT Inc.	DC-08-5405	U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit	337-TA-501: Encapsulated Integrated Circuit Devices (Subpoena Enforcement)	Pending	
ASAT Inc.	1:05mc00466	U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia	337-TA-501: Encapsulated Integrated Circuit Devices (Subpoena Enforcement)	Petition for Subpoena Enforcement Granted, 07-01-08	
EC - Measures Affecting Trade in Large Civil Aircraft	DS316	World Trade Organization	Aircraft Subsidies	Pending	
US - Antidumping Measures on Cement from Mexico	DS281	World Trade Organization	731-TA-451, -461, -519: Changed Circumstances and Sunset Reviews on Cement from Mexico	Proceedings Stayed In light of Global Settlement	
US - Hot-Rolled Steel	DS184	World Trade Organization	731-TA-807: Hot-Rolled Steel from Japan	Implementation Pending	
US - Laws, Regulations and Methodology for Calculating Dumping Margins (Zeroing)	DS294	World Trade Organization (Article 21.5)	EC Challenge to US Laws, Regulations and Methodology for Calculating Dumping Margins	Pending	
US - Measures Affecting Trade in Large Civil Aircraft	DS317	World Trade Organization	Aircraft Subsidies	Pending	

Case	Court Number	Venue	Underlying Investigation	Status	
US - Sunset Review of DS268 Antidumping Order on Oil Country Tubular Goods from Argentina		World TradeDOC's Sunset Review of Antidumping Duty OrderOrganizationon Oil Country Tubular Goods from Argentina(Article 22.6Arbitration)		Implementation Pending	
Brazil - Antidumping Measures on Imports of Resins from Argentina	DS355	World Trade Organization (3rd Party)	Brazilian AD Order on Resins from Argentina	Suspended	
Japan - Countervailing Duty Measure on DRAM's from Korea	DS336	World Trade Organization (3rd Party)	Japanese Countervailing Duty Measure on DRAM's from Korea	Appellate Body Decision Issued, 10-11-07	
Korea - Antidumping Duties on Certain Paper from Indonesia	DS312	World Trade Organization (3rd Party)	Korean Antidumping Measure on Paper from Indonesia	Article 21.7 Panel Report Adopted 10-22-07	
Mexico - Antidumping Duties on Steel Pipe and Tube from Guatemala	DS331	World Trade Organization (3rd Party)	Mexican Antidumping Measure on Pipe and Tube from Guatemala	Implementation Pending	
Mexico - Countervailing Duty Order on Olive Oil from the EC	DS341	World Trade Organization (3rd Party)	Mexican CVD Order On Olive Oil from the EC	Panel Report Adopted 01-05-08; Implementation Pending	
Norway - AD Order on Farmed Salmon from the EC	DS337	World Trade Organization (3rd Party)	EC Antidumping Measure on Farmed Salmon from Norway	Pending	
US - Measures Relating to Zeroing and Sunset Reviews	DS322	World Trade Organization (Article 21.5)	Japan's Challenge to Zeroing and Various Sunset Reviews	Pending	

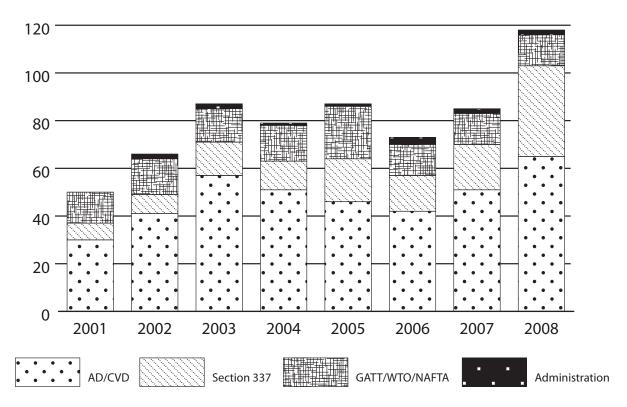
Table VITrade Litigation Remand Proceedings Conducted in Fiscal Year 2008

Investigation No. and Title	Date Instituted	Public Hearing	Final Determination	Pub. No.
731-TA-1089 (Final)(Second Remand) Orange Juice from Brazil ¹	05-07-07	N/A	Affirmative 10-19-07	3958
731-TA-340E (Second Review)(Remand) Solid Urea from Russia ¹	08-28-07	N/A	Affirmative 11-26-07	4059
731-TA-340H (Second Review)(Remand) Solid Urea from Ukraine ¹	08-28-07	N/A	Affirmative 11-26-07	4059
731-TA-955 (Preliminary)(Third Remand) Carbon and Certain Alloy Steel Wire Rod from Egypt ¹	12-21-07	N/A	Negative 03-10-08	3987
731-TA-960 (Preliminary)(Third Remand) Carbon and Certain Alloy Steel Wire Rod from South Africa ¹	12-21-07	N/A	Negative 03-10-08	3987
731-TA-963 (Preliminary)(Third Remand) Carbon and Certain Alloy Steel Wire Rod from Venezuela1	12-21-07	N/A	Negative 03-10-08	3987
731-TA-1092 (Final)(Remand) Diamond Sawblades and Parts Thereof from China ¹	03-24-08	N/A	Affirmative 05-14-08	4007
731-TA-1093 (Final)(Remand) Diamond Sawblades and Parts Thereof from Korea ¹	03-24-08	N/A	Affirmative 05-14-08	4007

¹ This investigation was remanded to the USITC by the Court of International Trade (CIT) for further proceedings; the USITC determination on remand was submitted, as required, to the CIT, not to the Secretary of Commerce.

Litigation Conducted in Fiscal Year 2008

In recent years, the Commission's litigation case load has risen significantly. The following chart shows, for each of the last several years, the number of pending cases, calculated as an average of the number of cases open in the four quarters of the year.



USITC Services and Information Resources

Internet Web Site (*www.usitc.gov*) The USITC's Internet web site offers 24-hour access to an extensive variety of USITC information resources and workproducts, including: news releases; Federal Register notices; a daily event list; most USITC reports and publications, including the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States and Congressional bill reports; the USITC DataWeb; the USITC Electronic Document Information System; information on recent petitions and complaints; the monthly calendar; the USITC's rules of practice and procedure, hearing guidelines, and an introduction to APO practices at the USITC; information on ongoing investigations; information related to the Freedom of Information Act; and general information about the agency, its work, and its Commissioners and staff.

Public Information News releases, the USITC annual Year in Review, and general information about the agency and its Commissioners can be obtained from the Public Affairs Officer, Office of External Relations, by calling 202-205-1819.

USITC Main Library and the USITC Law Library The USITC maintains extensive libraries specializing in international trade matters. The USITC's Main Library collection includes roughly 40,000 book and serial titles covering U.S. industry and international trade laws and practices, as well as numerous CD-ROM and on-line information databases. The Main Library is open to the public during agency hours (8:45 a.m. to 5:15 p.m. (Eastern Time), Monday through Friday). The USITC also maintains a law library. The USITC Law Library is accessible to public users who contact Law Library staff in advance at 202-205-3287 to make arrangements. For information, call 202-205-2630 (Main Library) or 202-205-3287 (Law Library).

Public Reading Room Public inspection files are maintained in every USITC investigation. These files can be reviewed in the USITC's Public Reading Room, located in the Office of the Secretary on the first floor of the USITC Building. Depending on the age of the records requested, the files are available electronically, in hard copy, and/or on microfiche. Photocopies of documents in the public files may be ordered for a fee from an on-site duplicating firm. The public reading room is open during agency hours. For information, call 202-205-1802.

Office of the Secretary Information on the latest petitions and complaints filed with the USITC can be obtained from the USITC website at *http://info.usitc.gov/sec/dockets.nsf*. Inquiries under the Freedom of Information Act should be filed with the Secretary. For information, call 202-205-2000.

Trade Remedy Assistance Office The USITC's Trade Remedy Assistance Office, part of the agency's Office of External Relations, assists small businesses seeking benefits or relief under U.S. trade laws, providing general information concerning the remedies and benefits available under those laws as well as technical and legal assistance and advice to eligible small businesses seeking remedies. For information, call 1-800-343-9822.

Commissioners and Executive Staff as of September 30, 2008

The Commissioners

Shara L. Aranoff Daniel R. Pearson Deanna Tanner Okun Charlotte R. Lane Irving A. Williamson Dean A. Pinkert

The Executive Staff

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Director, Robert A. Rogowsky

Office of Investigations, Director, Robert G. Carpenter Office of Industries, Director, Karen Laney-Cummings Office of Economics, Director, Robert B. Koopman Office of Tariff Affairs and Trade Agreements, Director, David Beck Office of Unfair Import Investigations, Director, Lynn I. Levine

Office of the General Counsel

General Counsel, James M. Lyons

Office of the Administrative Law Judges

Chief Administrative Law Judge, Paul J. Luckern Administrative Law Judges Charles E. Bullock Carl C. Charneski Theodore R. Essex Robert K. Rogers

Office of External Relations

Director, Lyn M. Schlitt Congressional Relations Officer, Dominic L. Bianchi Public Affairs Officer, Margaret M. O'Laughlin Trade Remedy Assistance Program Manager, John J. Greer

Office of the Secretary Secretary, Marilyn R. Abbott

Office of the Chief Information Officer

Chief Information Officer, Stephen A. McLaughlin Deputy CIO, Pamela Dyson Office of Information Technology Services, Acting Director, Pamela Dyson

Office of Administration

Director, Stephen A. McLaughlin Office of Finance, Director, Patricia Katsouros Office of Facilities Management, Director, Jonathan Brown Office of Human Resources, Director, Cynthia A. Roscoe

Office of Inspector General Acting Inspector General, Judith Gwynn

Office of Equal Employment Opportunity Director, Jacqueline Waters