158 FERC ¶ 61,040 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION

Before Commissioners: Norman C. Bay, Chairman;

Cheryl A. LaFleur, and Colette D. Honorable.

Wyoming Interstate Company, L.L.C.

Docket No. RP17-302-000

ORDER INSTITUTING INVESTIGATION AND SETTING MATTER FOR HEARING PURSUANT TO SECTION FIVE OF THE NATURAL GAS ACT

(Issued January 19, 2017)

1. As discussed in more detail below, based upon our review of publicly available information on file with the Commission, it appears that Wyoming Interstate Company, L.L.C. (WIC) may be substantially over-recovering its cost of service, causing WIC's existing rates to be unjust and unreasonable. Therefore, the Commission is initiating an investigation, pursuant to section 5 of the Natural Gas Act (NGA), to determine whether the rates currently charged by WIC are just and reasonable and setting the matter for hearing. The Commission directs WIC to file a full cost and revenue study, as modified in the order, within 75 days of the issuance of this order.

I. <u>Background</u>

2. WIC provides firm and interruptible natural gas transportation services through approximately 850 miles of pipeline. WIC is comprised of a mainline system that extends from western Wyoming to northeast Colorado (the Cheyenne Hub) and several lateral pipeline systems that extend from various interconnections along the WIC mainline into western Colorado and northeast Wyoming and into eastern Utah. WIC provides takeaway capacity from the Overthrust, Piceance, Uinta, Green River and Powder River Basins in Wyoming, Utah and Colorado. WIC, which is wholly owned by Kinder Morgan Inc., is operated by an affiliate, Colorado Interstate Gas Company, L.L.C.¹

¹ General system information was gathered from FERC Form Nos. 2, 549B, and 567.

3. On November 15, 2012, the Commission instituted a section 5 investigation into WIC's rates that resulted in a settlement² approved on October 1, 2013.³ The 2013 Settlement provided for rate reductions to be effective January 1, 2014 and imposed a rate case moratorium on the pipeline until July 1, 2016.⁴ The 2013 Settlement also requires that WIC file a cost and revenue study on or before July 3, 2018 if no rate case or section 5 action has been initiated against the pipeline.⁵ WIC's rates have not been reexamined since the 2013 Settlement.

II. <u>Discussion</u>

- 4. In March 2008, the Commission issued Order No. 710,⁶ a final rule to change the forms and reporting requirements for interstate natural gas pipelines to enhance the transparency of financial reporting and better reflect current market and cost information relevant to interstate natural gas pipelines and their customers. The revised forms included FERC Form No. 2 (Form 2), the annual report for major natural gas companies, and FERC Form No. 3-Q (Form 3-Q), the quarterly financial report of natural gas companies, electric utilities, and licensees. The Commission stated that the revised forms and reporting requirements would provide, in greater detail, the information the Commission needs to carry out its responsibilities under the NGA to ensure just and reasonable rates. The Commission required major interstate pipelines to use the revised Form 2 for their annual reports beginning in calendar year 2008.
- 5. The Commission has reviewed the cost and revenue information provided by WIC in its Form 2 for the years 2014 and 2015. Based upon our review of this cost and revenue information, the Commission estimates WIC's return on equity for those calendar years to be 17.7 percent and 19.0 percent, respectively. Based upon these figures, the Commission is concerned that WIC's level of earnings may substantially

² Offer of Settlement of Wyoming Interstate Company, L.L.C., Docket No. RP13-184-000 (June 24, 2013) (2013 Settlement).

 $^{^3}$ Wyo. Interstate Co., L.L.C., 145 FERC \P 61,005 (2013).

⁴ See Settlement, Article IV.

⁵ See Settlement, Article III.

⁶ Revisions to Forms, Statements, and Reporting Requirements for Natural Gas Pipelines, Order No. 710, FERC Stats. & Regs. ¶ 31,267 (2008), reh'g and clarification, Order No. 710-A, 123 FERC ¶ 61,278 (2008), remanded sub nom. Am. Gas Ass'n v. FERC, 593 F.3d 14 (D.C. Cir. 2010), order on remand, Order No. 710-B, 134 FERC ¶ 61,033, order on reh'g, Order No. 710-C, 136 FERC ¶ 61,109 (2011).

exceed its actual cost of service, including a reasonable return on equity. A description of how the Commission arrived at these figures is set forth below.⁷

- 6. Based upon the information provided by WIC in its Form 2 for 2014, the Commission calculated WIC's 2014 cost of service to be \$84.26 million excluding equity return and related income taxes. Next, the Commission compared this estimated cost of service to WIC's 2014 Form 2 reported revenues, as adjusted, of \$150.34 million. The difference between WIC's reported adjusted revenues and the estimated cost of service is \$66.08 million, before income taxes. After taking into consideration income taxes, WIC's equity return totals approximately \$42.48 million for 2014. This equates to an estimated return on equity of 17.7 percent.
- 7. An identical analysis, based upon the cost and revenue information provided by WIC in its 2015 Form 2 generated a similar estimated return on equity. Based upon the information contained in WIC's Form 2 for 2015, the Commission calculated WIC's cost of service for 2015 to be \$76.88 million, excluding of equity return and related income taxes. Next, the Commission compared this estimated cost of service to WIC's 2015 Form 2 reported revenues, as adjusted, which total \$142.30 million. The difference between WIC's reported adjusted revenues and the estimated cost of service is \$65.42 million, before income taxes. After taking into consideration income taxes, WIC's equity return totals approximately \$42.06 million. This equates to an estimated return on equity of 19.0 percent.

⁷ Details of the Commission's derivation of the return on equity are set forth in the Appendix to this order. The Appendix, where applicable, provides a page and line reference to WIC's Form 2s for 2015 and 2014 for each item utilized by the Commission in its calculations.

⁸ Because WIC listed a 100 percent equity capitalization in its Form 2, we have used a hypothetical capital structure to calculate the pipelines cost of service. However, in this order, we make no finding as to what would constitute a just and reasonable capital structure for WIC. That is among the issues set for hearing in this order and should be decided consistent with the Commissions capital structure policies. *See Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line Corp.*, Opinion No. 414-A, 84 FERC ¶ 61,084, at 61,413-15, *reh'g denied*, Opinion No. 414-B, 85 FERC ¶ 61,323 (1998), *petition for review denied sub nom. N.C. Utils. Comm'n v. FERC*, D.C. Cir. Case No. 99-1037 (Feb. 7, 2000) (per curiam).

⁹ As detailed in the Appendix, for purposes of this analysis, the total Other Revenues reflected in column (f) of page 301 of the Form 2 were adjusted to include annual charge adjustment (ACA) revenues.

- 8. The Commission finds that, based upon its preliminary analysis of the information provided by WIC in its Form 2s for the calendar years 2014 and 2015, WIC's currently effective tariff rates may be unjust and unreasonable. The Commission's analysis of this information indicates that WIC's currently effective tariff rates may allow WIC to recover revenue substantially in excess of its estimated cost of service. While NGA section 4 permits WIC to seek authorization from the Commission to adjust its rates to establish just and reasonable rates, WIC does not appear to have adjusted its system's rates since the October 2013 settlement, which included a rate reduction and a rate case moratorium through July 1, 2016. Accordingly, the Commission is initiating an investigation to examine the justness and reasonableness of WIC's rates pursuant to section 5 of the NGA and setting the matter for hearing. ¹⁰
- 9. As the Commission has done in other cases initiating section 5 investigations of a pipeline's rates, ¹¹ it directs WIC to file a cost and revenue study based on cost and revenue information for the latest 12-month period available. The filing shall be made within 75 days of the date this order issues and include all the schedules required for

¹⁰ In this order, we make no finding as to what would constitute a just and reasonable return on equity for WIC. That is among the issues set for hearing by this order and should be decided consistent with the Commission's 2008 policy statement, *Composition of Proxy Groups for Determining Gas and Oil Pipeline Return on Equity*, 123 FERC ¶ 61,048 (2008).

¹¹ See Tuscarora Gas Transmission Co., 154 FERC ¶ 61,030 (2016); Iroquois Gas Transmission System, L.P., 154 FERC ¶ 61,028 (2016); Empire Pipeline, Inc., 154 FERC ¶ 61,029 (2016); Columbia Gulf Transmission, LLC, 154 FERC ¶ 61,027 (2016); Wyo. Interstate Co., L.L.C, 141 FERC ¶ 61,117 (2012) (WIC); Viking Gas Transmission Co., 141 FERC ¶ 61,118 (2012) (Viking); Bear Creek Storage Co. L.L.C., 137 FERC ¶ 61,134 (2011), order denying reh'g, 138 FERC ¶ 61,019 (2012); MIGC LLC, 137 FERC ¶ 61,135 (2011), order denying reh'g, 138 FERC ¶ 61,011 (2012); ANR Storage Co., 137 FERC ¶ 61,136 (2011); Ozark Gas Transmission, LLC, 133 FERC ¶ 61,150 (2010), reh'g granted in part and denied in part, 134 FERC ¶ 61,062, reh'g granted in part and denied in part, 134 FERC ¶ 61,193 (2011) (Ozark); Kinder Morgan Interstate Gas Transmission LLC, 133 FERC ¶ 61,157 (2010), reh'g granted in part and denied in part, 134 FERC ¶ 61,061 (2011) (Kinder Morgan); Natural Gas Pipeline Co. of America LLC, 129 FERC ¶ 61,158 (2009), reh'g denied, 130 FERC ¶ 61,133 (2010) (Natural). As the Commission explained in the *Natural* rehearing order, "[s]ections 10(a) and 14(a) of the NGA authorize the Commission to require [the pipeline] to submit the information required by the [order instituting investigation] in order to carry out its responsibility under NGA section 5 to ensure that the pipeline's rates are just and reasonable." See *Natural*, 130 FERC ¶ 61,133 at P 16.

submission of a section 4 rate proceeding as set forth in section 154.312 of the Commission's regulations. ¹² Because the Commission is seeking actual cost and revenue information, the information submitted by WIC must exclude any adjustments or projections that may be attributable to a test period referenced in the schedules and statements set forth in section 154.312 of the regulations. Thus, WIC should not file nine months of post-base-period adjustment data required by section 154.303(a). ¹³ The cost and revenue study required herein will provide a baseline of actual annual costs and revenues, which can then be used as a starting point for further analysis of WIC's costs and revenues. ¹⁴ Additionally, because WIC does not have an NGA section 4 burden in this section 5 proceeding and will be filing testimony in response to other parties, WIC does not need to file the Statement P required by section 154.312(v) of the Commission's regulations at this juncture. ¹⁵

10. However, as we have done in other recent section 5 proceedings, in addition to the cost and revenue study required above, WIC may file a separate cost and revenue study that reflects adjustments for changes WIC projects will occur during an abbreviated sixmonth adjustment period following the 12-month base period used for the cost and revenue study. Given the expedited hearing schedule established herein, the adjustment period must be limited to six-months in order to permit the parties to perform discovery

¹² 18 C.F.R. § 154.312 (2016).

¹³ However, WIC may, if fully supported, reflect changes to costs and revenues for a known and measurable change that took place during the 12-month period. For example, if a general pay raise became effective during the fifth month of the 12-month period, an adjustment to the cost of service could be made to annualize the impact of this cost change.

¹⁴ Ozark, 134 FERC ¶ 61,062 at P 26.

¹⁵ See Pub. Serv. Comm'n of N.Y. v. Nat'l Fuel Gas Supply Corp., 115 FERC ¶ 61,368, at P 6 (2006). In addition, while section 154.312(f) requires the pipeline to show in Statement F-1 "the percentage rate of return claimed and the general reasons therefore," we will permit WIC simply to use an illustrative return on equity in that statement, without taking any position as to whether that return is just and reasonable. See, e.g., Columbia Gulf Transmission, LLC, 154 FERC ¶ 61,275 at P 9 n. 19.

¹⁶ See, e.g., Ozark, 134 FERC \P 61,062, reh'g granted in part and denied in part, 134 FERC \P 61,193.

and prepare testimony for the hearing based on actual data for both the base period and the adjustment periods.¹⁷

11. Finally, due to the potential for continued over-recovery of revenues, the Commission is establishing a date for an initial decision from an administrative law judge. Such a date will expedite the proceeding. We believe that conducting the hearing in this case pursuant to the Track II Hearing Timeline is reasonable. However, to provide more time to the parties to conduct discovery concerning the cost and revenue study, the Commission orders that the deadlines in the Track II timeline run from the date the pipeline's cost and revenue study is due, rather than the date of the order designating the presiding judge. Therefore, the initial decision must issue within 47 weeks of the date the cost and revenue study is due.

The Commission orders:

- (A) Pursuant to the authority contained in and subject to the jurisdiction conferred upon the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission by section 402(a) of the Department of Energy Organization Act and by the Natural Gas Act, particularly section 5 thereof, and pursuant to the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure and the regulations under the Natural Gas Act, a public hearing shall be held concerning whether WIC's rates are unjust, unreasonable, or otherwise unlawful.
- (B) A Presiding Administrative Law Judge, to be designated by the Chief Administrative Law Judge for that purpose pursuant to 18 C.F.R. § 375.304, shall, within thirty (30) days of the date of this order, convene a prehearing conference in these proceedings in a hearing or conference room of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street, NE, Washington, DC 20426. The prehearing conference shall be held for the purpose of clarification of the positions of the participants and consideration by the presiding judge of any procedural issues and discovery dates necessary for the ensuing hearing. The Presiding Administrative Law Judge is authorized to conduct further proceedings in accordance with this order and the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure.
- (C) The Commission directs that the hearing be conducted pursuant to the Track II Hearing Timeline starting the date the cost and revenue study is due and that an

¹⁷ WIC, 141 FERC ¶ 61,117 at P 10. Viking, 141 FERC ¶ 61,118 at P 10. For a detailed explanation why the adjustment period in the section 5 proceeding differs from the adjustment period in a section 4 proceeding see Ozark, 134 FERC ¶ 61,062 at PP 17-36, reh'g granted in part and denied in part, 134 FERC ¶ 61,193 at PP 21-27. See also Kinder Morgan, 134 FERC ¶ 61,061 at PP 36-51.

initial decision be issued in this proceeding within 47 weeks of that date, as discussed in the body of this order.

- (D) WIC shall file a cost and revenue study within 75 days of this order. The filing should include only actual data for the latest 12-month period available as of the date of this order, and may include adjustments for known and measurable changes during that period. The filing should include all of the schedules required for the submission of a section 4 rate proceeding as set forth in section 154.312 of the Commission's regulations (18 C.F.R. § 154.312), as modified above.
- (E) Any person wishing to become a party to this proceeding must file a notice of intervention or motion to intervene, as appropriate, in accordance with Rule 214 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 C.F.R. § 385.214). Such notice or motion must be filed within 30 days of the date of this order. The Commission encourages electronic submission of interventions in lieu of paper using the "eFiling" link at http://www.ferc.gov. Persons unable to file electronically should submit an original and three copies of the protest or intervention to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street, NE, Washington, DC 20426.
- (F) The Secretary shall promptly publish in the *Federal Register* a notice of the Commission's initiation of the proceeding under section 5 of the NGA in Docket No. RP17-302-000.

By the Commission.

(SEAL)

Kimberly D. Bose, Secretary.

Appendix

Wyoming Interstate Company, L.L.C.	Form 2 Reference	2015	2014
Rate Base			
Gas Plant in Service Accumulated Depreciation	p. 110; ln. 2, col. C p. 110; ln. 5	\$951,057,159 (\$428,875,775)	\$950,447,781 (\$398,406,717)
Gas Stored Underground	p. 110, iii. 5	(\$420,675,775)	(\$390,400,717)
Account 117.1 (Base Gas)	p. 220; ln. 5, col. b	\$0	\$0
Account 117.2 (System Balancing) Working Capital	p. 220; ln. 5, col. c	\$0	\$0
Prepayments	p. 111; ln. 54	\$0	\$0
Materials and Supplies ADIT	p. 111; ln. 45	\$5,102,559	\$5,073,641
Account 190	p. 235; ln. 7, col. k, as adjusted on p. 552.1	\$0	\$32,646
Account 282	p. 275; ln. 7, col. k, as adjusted on p. 552.1	(\$92,069,334) (\$224,707)	(\$84,807,315)
Account 283 Regulatory Assets	p. 277; ln. 7, col. k, as adjusted on p. 552.1 p. 232; ln. 40, col. g	(\$324,797) \$8,817,710	(\$2,780,104) \$9,863,439
Regulatory Liabilities	p. 278; ln. 45, col. g	(\$438,752)	(\$129,505)
Total Rate Base		\$443,268,770	\$479,293,866
Capital Cost	pp. 114, 116		
Cost of Debt ⁽¹⁾		5.03%	4.80%
Capitalization ⁽²⁾	p. 112		
Debt		50.00%	50.00%
Equity Weighted Cost of Debt		50.00% 2.51%	50.00% 2.40%
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Cost of Service Interest on Debt		\$11,146,363	\$11,503,053
Other Taxes	p. 114; ln. 14, col. c	\$4,871,569	\$5,907,131
Depreciation O&M	p. 114; ln. 6-9, col. c	\$31,769,956	\$33,137,147
Production & Gathering	p. 317; ln. 30	\$0	\$0
Net Storage Costs Net Transmission Costs	p. 322; ln. 177 (less ln. 106) p. 323; ln. 201 (less ln. 184)	\$0 \$21,819,259	\$0 \$25,305,993
Administrative &General	p. 325; In. 201 (less III. 164) p. 325; In. 270	\$7,270,981	\$8,411,169
Total Cost of Service Excl. Return and Taxes		\$76,878,128	\$84,264,493
Operating Revenue			
Other Revenues	p. 301; ln. 21, col. f	\$143,214,331	\$149,463,800
ACA Revenues (Less) Sales for Resales (Act. 480-484)	p. 300; ln. 21, col. d p. 301; ln. 4, col. f	\$1,105,578 (\$2 ,016,859)	\$878,856 \$0
(Less) Commercial & Industrial Sales	p. 301; ln. 2, col. f	\$0	\$0
(Less) Gas Sales & Oth Adj. from Acct 495	p. 308	\$0 \$1.42.202.050	\$0 \$150 343 656
Total Adjusted Revenue		\$142,303,050	\$150,342,656
Income		ФСБ 404 000	ФСС 070 4C0
Income Before Income Taxes Composite Income Tax		\$65,424,922 \$23,369,474	\$66,078,163 \$23,602,808
Net Income		\$42,055,449	\$42,475,355
Total Estimated ROE		19.0%	17.7%
Composite Tay Pate		35.7%	35.7%
Composite Tax Rate		33.1 %	33.1%

⁽¹⁾The capital costs are based upon a hypothetical capital structure; debt interest rates approximated upon Moody's Analytics' CreditTrends for seasoned public utility bonds during 2015.(2) The capitalization on p. 218 of the 2015 Form 2 for reflects 100 percent equity; a hypothetical capital structure was used.