

Table D3. World gross domestic product (GDP) by region expressed in purchasing power parity, High Oil Price case, 2009-2040
(billion 2005 dollars)

Region	History		Projections						Average annual percent change, 2010-2040
	2009	2010	2015	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	
OECD									
OECD Americas	15,498	15,929	17,914	20,777	23,647	26,726	30,368	34,751	2.6
United States ^a	12,758	13,063	14,519	16,803	19,017	21,301	23,998	27,270	2.5
Canada	1,165	1,202	1,351	1,524	1,701	1,897	2,148	2,445	2.4
Mexico/Chile	1,575	1,664	2,045	2,450	2,930	3,528	4,223	5,036	3.8
OECD Europe	14,262	14,618	15,438	17,237	19,137	20,931	22,891	25,037	1.8
OECD Asia	5,791	6,062	6,712	7,357	7,970	8,577	9,184	9,707	1.6
Japan	3,776	3,948	4,211	4,407	4,567	4,696	4,768	4,687	0.6
South Korea	1,244	1,323	1,591	1,935	2,279	2,634	3,020	3,452	3.2
Australia/NewZealand	771	790	910	1,015	1,123	1,248	1,397	1,568	2.3
Total OECD	35,551	36,609	40,064	45,371	50,754	56,234	62,443	69,494	2.2
Non-OECD									
Non-OECD Europe and Eurasia	4,346	4,502	5,435	6,811	8,344	9,984	11,895	13,891	3.8
Russia	1,938	2,022	2,455	2,944	3,496	3,975	4,450	4,788	2.9
Other	2,408	2,480	2,980	3,867	4,847	6,009	7,445	9,103	4.4
Non-OECD Asia	16,628	18,206	25,484	35,168	47,473	63,673	82,990	104,043	6.0
China	8,299	9,167	13,632	19,376	26,746	36,624	47,941	58,908	6.4
India	3,364	3,661	5,106	7,392	10,308	14,058	18,791	24,711	6.6
Other	4,965	5,379	6,747	8,400	10,419	12,992	16,257	20,424	4.5
Middle East	2,263	2,292	2,785	3,234	3,637	4,074	4,445	4,830	2.5
Africa	3,780	3,963	4,814	6,096	7,726	9,831	12,470	15,810	4.7
Central and South America	4,623	4,927	5,949	7,078	8,293	9,700	11,355	13,327	3.4
Brazil	1,833	1,971	2,346	2,804	3,288	3,927	4,743	5,761	3.6
Other	2,790	2,955	3,602	4,274	5,005	5,773	6,612	7,566	3.2
Total Non-OECD	31,640	33,889	44,467	58,386	75,473	97,262	123,155	151,900	5.1
Total World	67,192	70,498	84,531	103,758	126,227	153,496	185,598	221,394	3.9

^aIncludes the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Derived from Oxford Economic Model (October 2012), www.oxfordeconomics.com (subscription site); U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), *Annual Energy Outlook 2013*, DOE/EIA-0383(2013) (Washington, DC: April 2013); and AEO2013 National Energy Modeling System, run HIGHPRICE.D110912A, www.eia.gov/aeo.