



# JPSS DPA Program Annual Review SDR Team Accomplishment Highlights

- Coordinated and worked closely with CalVal community
- Established a peer-reviewed process for NPP products
- All SDR products have reached or passed the beta version and SDR teams are planning for the provisional product review in October 2012
- Submitted more than 500 DRs and resolved many software processing bugs in IDPS
- Engaged in broader community through JPSS SDR/EDR presentations
- Enhanced operational capability through STAR ICVS LTMs
- Developed innovative calval sciences for JPSS program
- Published one paper in JGR and one in IEEE GRSL
- Planning for NPP CalVal Special Issue on IEEE TGRS



September 18, 2012



Summary of Suomi NPP TDR/SDR Algorithm Schedule



Sensor	Beta	Provisional (planned)	Validated (planned)
CrIS	May 7, 2012	December, 2012	2013
ATMS	February 22, 2012	December, 2012	2013
OMPS	March 12, 2012	December, 2013	2013
VIIRS	May 2, 2012	December, 2012	2013

## NPP SDR Product Maturity Levels

### 1. Beta

- Early release product.
- Initial calibration applied.
- Minimally validated and may still contain significant errors (rapid changes can be expected. Version changes will not be identified as errors are corrected as on-orbit baseline is not established)
- Available to allow users to gain familiarity with data formats and parameters
- Product is not appropriate as the basis for quantitative scientific publications studies and applications

## 2. Provisional

- Product quality may not be optimal
- Incremental product improvements are still occurring as calibration parameters are adjusted with sensor on-orbit characterization (versions will be tracked)
- General research community is encouraged to participate in the QA and validation of the product, but need to be aware that product validation and QA are ongoing
- Users are urged to contact NPOESS NPP Cal/Val Team representatives prior to use of the data in publications

## 3. Validated/ Calibrated

- On-orbit sensor performance characterized and calibration parameters adjusted accordingly
- Ready for use by the Centrals and in scientific publications
- There may be later improved versions
- There will be strong versioning with documentation





# **JPSS DPA Program Annual Review**

# **ICVS&LTM** Team

September 18, 2012









- STAR Team Membership
- FY-12 Accomplishments
- Scientific Advancements
- Issues, Challenges, Setbacks
- FY-13 Schedule and Milestone
- Path Forward (FY-14 thru FY-16)
- Summary





Science Lead
Fuzhong Weng

CrIS
Xin Jin

System Lead
Ninghai Sun

 VIIRS Tim Chang

• ATMS Lin Lin OMPS
Mike Grotenhuis

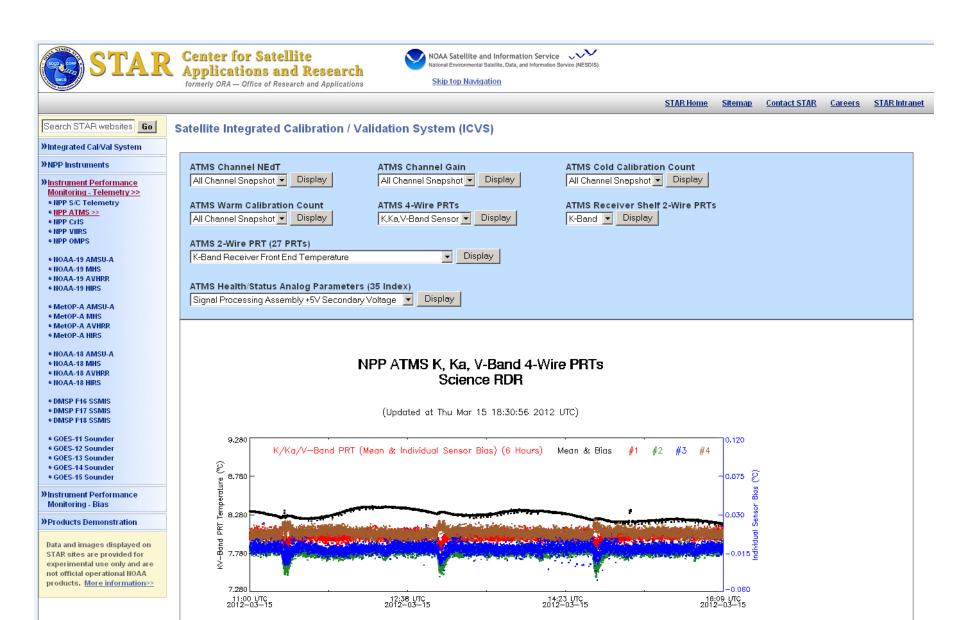




- LTM system enhancements and New Capability:
  - Added NPP spacecraft data in ICVS-LTM
  - Routinely Monitored NPP Instrument Bias
  - Better OMPS
  - Corrected some bugs in NEDT calculations
  - Browsing VIIRS global image
- Delivered:
  - NPP Instrument Performance Monitoring Website (Trending, Bias, and Products)
  - NPP ATMS/CrIS Software Tools (readers, imaging processing, documents, etc.)

**NOAA Instrument Long-Term Monitoring System** 





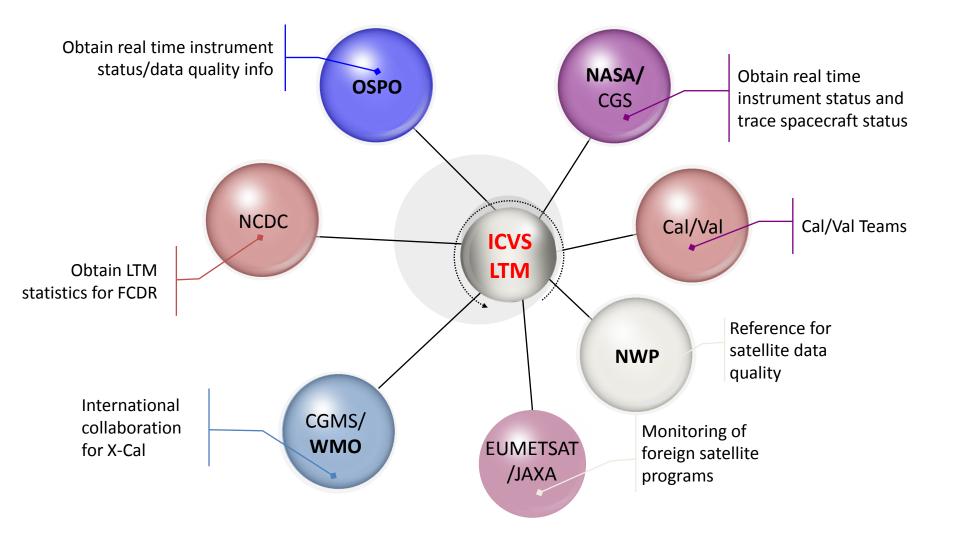




- 1. Identify bugs and flaws in ground processing systems
- 2. Characterize the instrument in-orbit performance (e.g. noise for NWP)
- 3. Update the processing coefficient files (PCT) and lookup table (LUT)
- 4. Detect instrument anomaly and provide the root-cause analysis
- 5. Provide the alert and warning to user community on satellite data quality





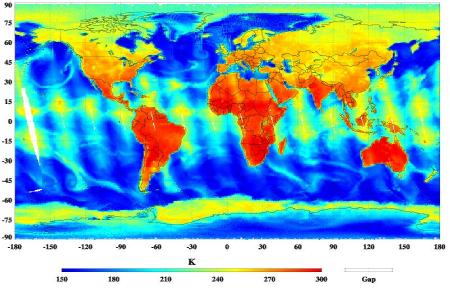






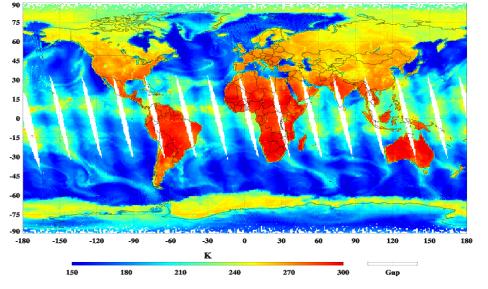
## ATMS Observation Ch.1 Ascending

#### ATMS Observation Ch.1 23.8 GHz Scan Date: 2011-11-09

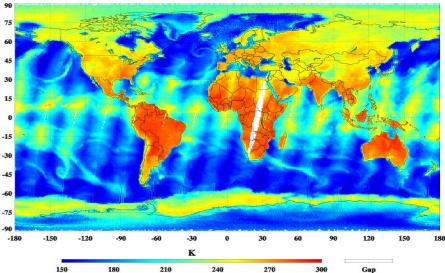


#### NOAA 18 AMSU-A Observation Ch.1 Ascending

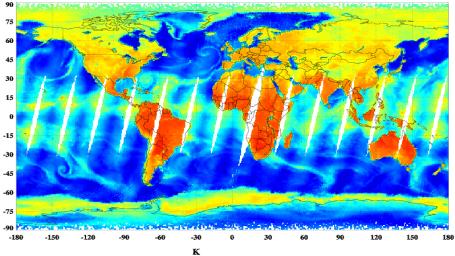
#### NOAA 18 AMSU-A Observation Ch.1 23.8 GHz Scan Date: 2011-11-09



### ATMS Observation Ch.1 Descending ATMS Observation Ch.1 23.8 GHz Scan Date: 2011-11-09



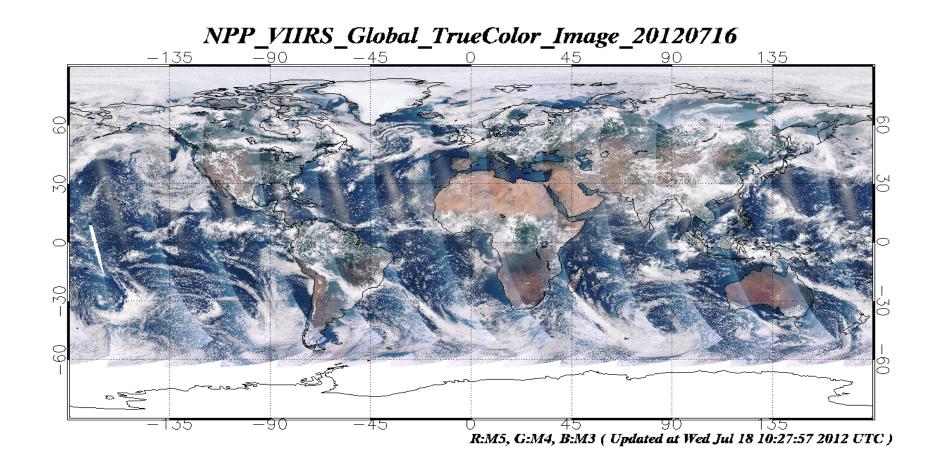
NOAA 18 AMSU-A Observation Ch.1 Descending NOAA 18 AMSU-A Observation Ch.1 23.8 GHz Scan Date: 2011-11-09



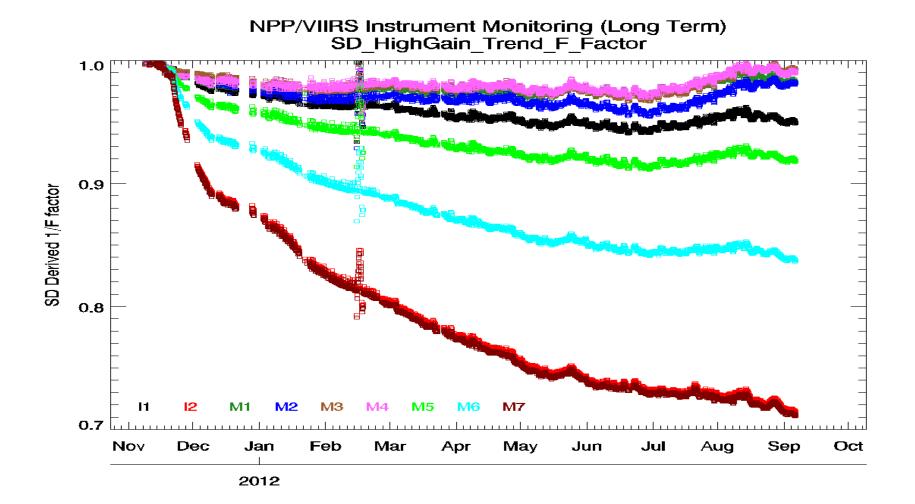
150 180 210 240 270 300 Gap













• Time period of data search:

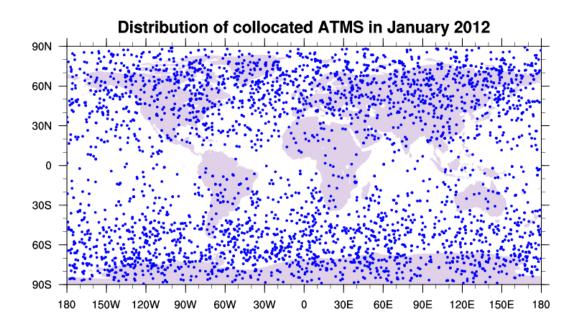
January, 2012

• Collocation of CloudSat and COSMIC data:

Time difference < 0.5 hour

Spatial distance < 30 km

(GPS geolocation at 10km altitude is used for spatial collocation)



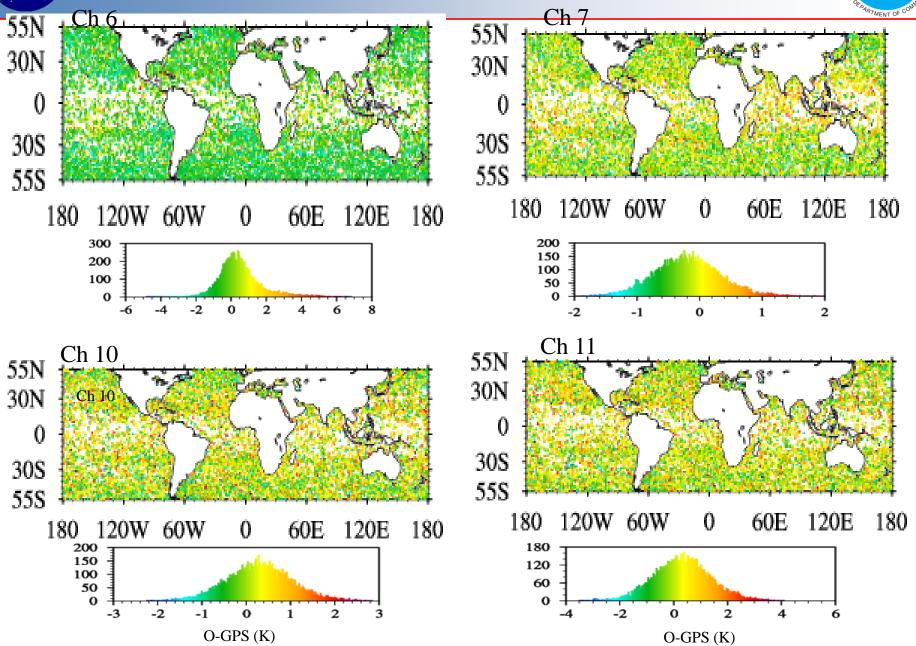
3056 collocated measurements

Courtesy of Lin Lin, STAR



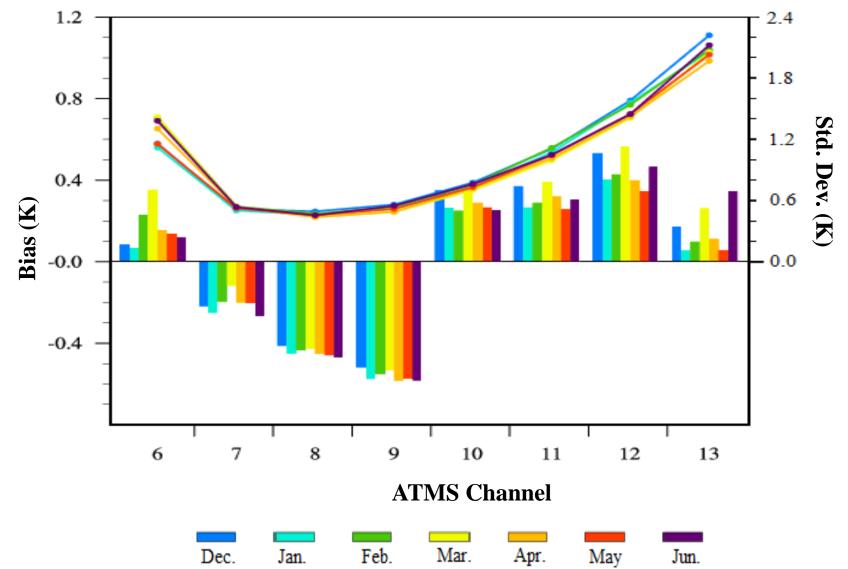
## **ATMS Bias Obs (TDR) - GPS Simulated**





## FY-12 Accomplishments (Example: Monitoring of ATMS Sounding Channels Bias)









- Updated LBLRTM for CrIS and ATMS spectral calibrations with updated SRFs
- Updated the community radiative transfer model (CRTM) for VIIRS striping studies in RT channels
- Developed ATMS cloud liquid water algorithms for routine quality control of radiances biases





- Increasing volumes of trending meta data files requires more storages
- Transition various monitoring tools from SDR team members in different platforms and software languages into STAR operational site





- Improve ICVS/LTM performance
  - More spacecraft status monitoring
  - More instrument Status and Performance
  - Better data quality controls
  - Verification of LUT/PCT using ICVS
- Integrate multiple LTM packages to STAR ICVS
  - SDL CrIS radiometric monitoring package
  - NGAS ATMS/CrIS radiometric monitoring package





- Improve user experience of current system for easy access and understanding
- Integrate latest instrument trending analysis of each SDR group into ICVS
- Improve the bias monitoring capability including more detailed analysis (e.g. biases wrt angular, scene, type)
- Prepare ICVS/LTM for J1 and J2 missions
- Provide periodical instrument performance analysis report to JPSS program and CGMS





- STAR LTM system is developed for NPP/JPSS Integrated Calibration/Validation
- Advanced SDR sciences and algorithms are transitioned into operations
- The updates for NPP LUT/PCT files and IDPS processing are automated
- The calval reports related to instrument anomalies are selfgenerated
- Users from broader community (e.g. NWP, forecasters) are now benefited greatly from STAR LTM system