



ROAD TO SANCTUARY DESIGNATION

he National Marine Sanctuaries Act allows NOAA to identify, designate and protect areas of the marine and Great Lakes environment with special national significance due to their conservation, recreational, ecological, historical, scientific, cultural, archeological, educational, or esthetic qualities as national marine sanctuaries.

The Office of National Marine Sanctuaries serves as the trustee for a network of underwater parks encompassing more than 600,000 square miles of marine and Great Lakes waters from Washington state to the Florida Keys, and from Lake Huron to American Samoa. The network includes a system of 13 national marine sanctuaries and Papahānaumokuākea and Rose Atoll marine national monuments.

DESIGNATION PROCESS STEPS

NOAA identifies areas to consider for national marine sanctuary designation through the community-based Sanctuary Nomination Process. Nominations that successfully complete the process are added to an inventory of areas NOAA could consider for designation. The process for designating a new national marine sanctuary has four steps:



SCOPING: NOAA announces its intent to designate a new national marine sanctuary and asks the public for input on potential boundaries, resources that could be protected, issues NOAA should consider and any information that should be included in the resource analysis.

SANCTUARY PROPOSAL: NOAA prepares draft designation documents including a draft management plan, draft environmental impact statement that analyzes a range of alternatives, proposed regulations and proposed boundaries. NOAA may also form an advisory council to help inform the proposal and focus stakeholder participation.

PUBLIC REVIEW: The public, agency partners, tribes and other stakeholders provide input on the draft documents. NOAA considers all input and determines appropriate changes.

SANCTUARY DESIGNATION: NOAA makes a final decision and prepares final documents. Before the designation becomes effective, the Governor reviews the documents. Congress also has the opportunity to review the documents.

SANCTUARY SYSTEM BY THE NUMBERS

MORE THAN **600,000**

SQUARE MILES of protected

area in the National Marine Sanctury System.

SANCTUARIES GENERATE

ANNUALLY IN LOCAL ECONOMIES.

Number of federally **ENDANGERED** species

35

Number of federally **THREATENED** species

23

Number of federally **PROTECTED** marine mammal species

43

Number of National Marine Sanctuary System **VOLUNTEER HOURS** contributed in 2016



137,088



Number of teachers, lifelong learners and students

REACHED

71,994



Number of known shipwrecks and sunken aircraft protected in the National Marine Sanctuary System



440 Sanctuary Advisory Council **MEMBERS** Number of research

PARTNERS

1972

Year National Marine Sanctuary System was ESTABLISHED

Olympic Coast

Greater Farallones

Cordell Bank

Papahānaumokuākea

Hawaiian Islands Humpback Whale

Monterey Bay

Channel Islands

American Samoa (U.S.) (Including Rose Atoll)



Wisconsin - Lake Michigan

Thunder Bay

Stellwagen Bank

Mallows Bay - Potomac River

Monitor

Gray's Reef

Florida Keys

Flower Garden Banks

National Marine Sanctuary

A Marine National Monument

Proposed National Marine Sanctuary

Scale varies in this perspective. Adapted from National Geographic Maps.