HISPANIC WOMEN

IN THE LABOR FORCE

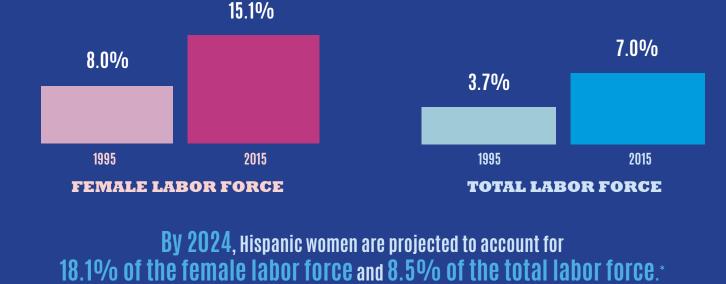
There were about 11.1 million Hispanic women in the civilian labor force in 2015, representing 1 in 7 women in the labor force. Of those, 10.3 million were employed.

As a group, Hispanic women tend to have less favorable outcomes than Hispanic men and non-Hispanics, outcomes that could be improved by raising the minimum wage, closing the wage gap, ensuring adequate working conditions and expanding opportunities for higher wage occupations.

The data below highlight the outcomes of Hispanic women, and compares them to their White, non-Hispanic counterparts as a reference group.

Hispanic women's share of the labor force has nearly doubled over the last 20 years.

SHARE OF THE LABOR FORCE

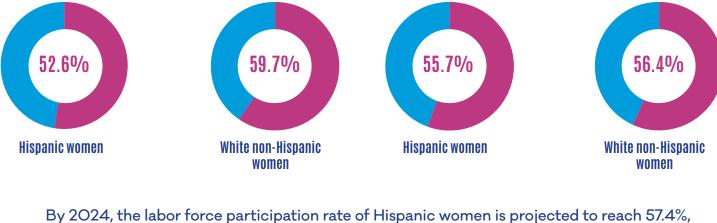


*Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Employment Projections program



Hispanic women are more likely to be in the labor force than 20 years ago, and their labor force participation rate is projected to surpass that of White non-Hispanic women,

which has been declining over time. 1995 **2015** -



while White non-Hispanic women's participation rate will fall to 55.7%.

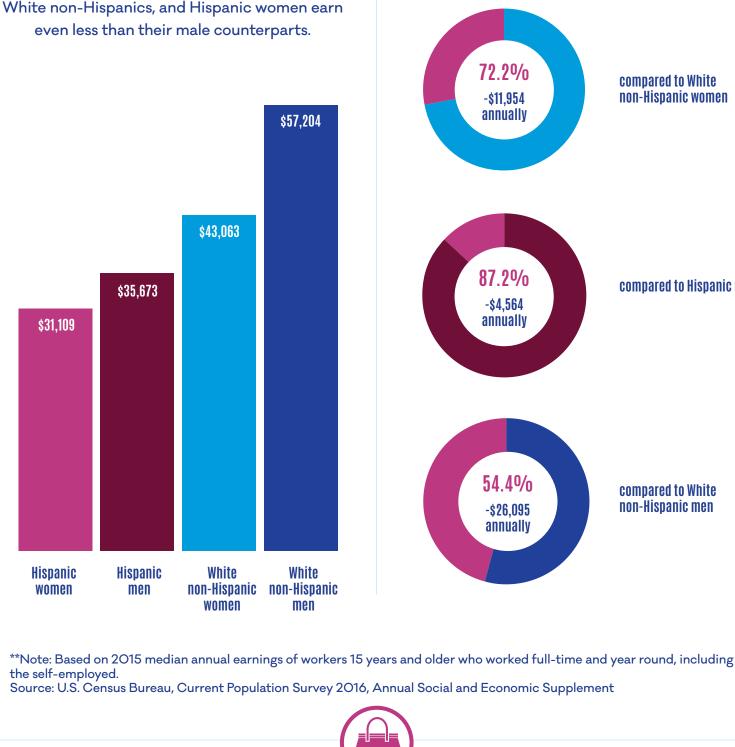
*Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Employment Projections program

There are 4.5 million working Hispanic mothers with children under 18.

16.9 % of Hispanic families with children under 18 with a single, female householder who works full-time and year-round are in poverty.*

†Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey 2016, Annual Social and Economic Supplement

EARNINGS** WAGE GAP



Hispanic women

26.6%

\$437

\$430

Median weekly earnings of Hispanic women

\$438

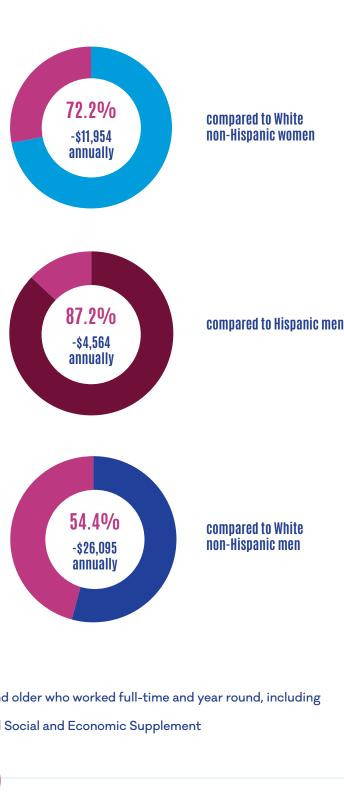
9.1%

30.4%

2.0%

Key

Hispanic women and men earn well below



White non-Hispanic women

\$577

\$482

Median weekly earnings of White non-Hispanic women

4.3%

0.8%

30.0%

in service occupations, compared with one in six among White non-Hispanic women. Median weekly earnings in service occupations represent less than half of the earnings of workers in management, professional, and related occupations.

2015

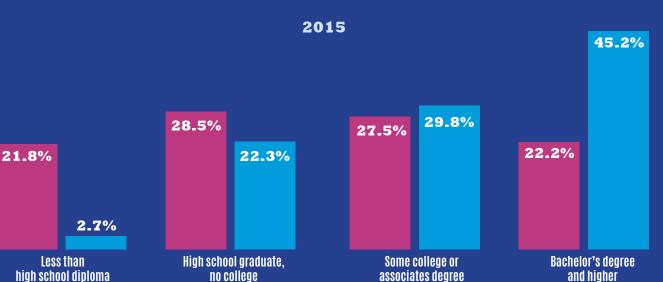
OCCUPATIONS

Hispanic women are more likely to work in occupations that pay less, with one in three employed



compared to White, non-Hispanic women.

People who participate in the labor force have higher educational attainment compared to the overall population, yet a large proportion of Hispanic women who are in the labor force have not completed high school. Moreover, they are only half as likely to be college graduates



Educational attainment varies by nativity. Among Hispanic women, those who are

native-born have higher levels of educational attainment than those who are foreign born. 27.2% of native-born Hispanic women in the labor force

Meanwhile, foreign-born White non-Hispanic women in the labor force are more likely to be college graduates (56.8%) compared to their native-born counterparts (44.6%).

††Based on people 25 years of age and over.

are college graduates, compared to just 16.8% of their foreign-born counterparts.

Key Hispanic women

White, non-Hispanic women

dol.gov/wb

Note: Data is for White alone, non-Hispanic. Hispanics may be of any race.