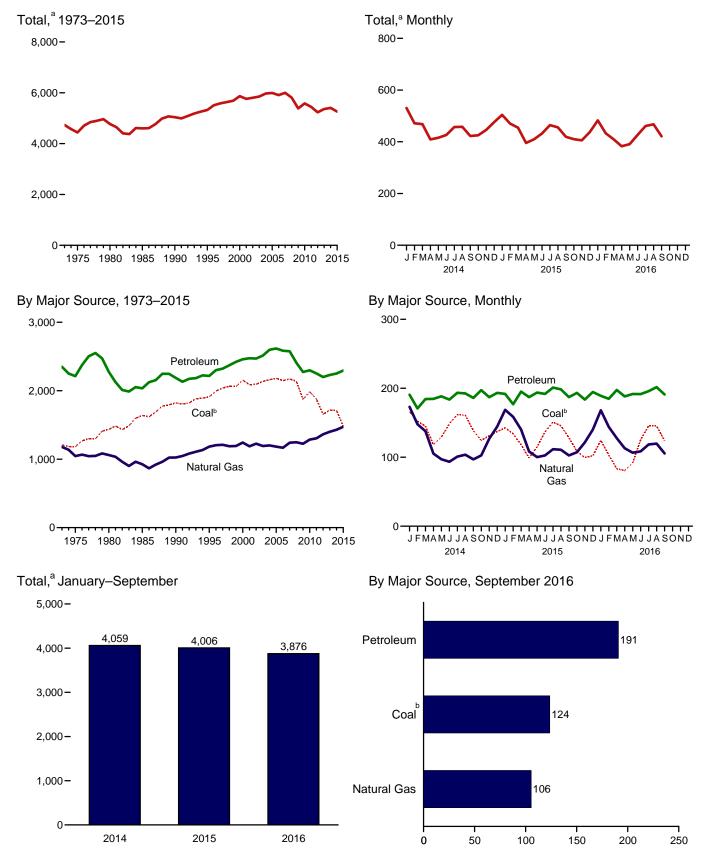
12. Environment

Figure 12.1 Carbon Dioxide Emissions From Energy Consumption by Source (Million Metric Tons of Carbon Dioxide)



^a Excludes emissions from biomass energy consumption.

Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#environment. Source: Table 12.1.

^b Includes coal coke net imports.

Carbon Dioxide Emissions From Energy Consumption by Source

						<u> </u>		Petrole	um					
	Coal ^b	Natural Gas ^c	Aviation Gasoline	Distillate Fuel Oild	Jet Fuel	Kero- sene	LPG ^e	Lubri- cants	Motor Gasoline ^f	Petroleum Coke	Residual Fuel Oil	Otherg	Total	Total ^{h,i}
1973 Total 1975 Total 1985 Total 1985 Total 1995 Total 1995 Total 1995 Total 1996 Total 1997 Total 1997 Total 1998 Total 1997 Total 2000 Total 2001 Total 2002 Total 2003 Total 2004 Total 2005 Total 2006 Total 2007 Total 2008 Total 2008 Total 2009 Total 2010 Total 2010 Total 2011 Total 2011 Total 2012 Total 2013 Total	1,207 1,181 1,436 1,632 1,913 1,995 2,040 2,062 2,155 2,085 2,136 2,136 2,136 2,140 2,142 2,147 2,172 2,172 2,177 2,177 1,986 1,876 1,876 1,876 1,876	1,178 1,046 1,061 926 1,024 1,183 1,204 1,210 1,189 1,193 1,243 1,183 1,183 1,183 1,183 1,183 1,183 1,183 1,245 1,245 1,246 1,245 1,246 1,246 1,305 1,365 1,365 1,363 1,400	6543333322222222222222222222222222222222	480 443 446 445 470 498 534 537 555 579 597 586 610 632 639 645 647 610 559 585 599 574 581	155 146 156 178 223 222 234 238 245 254 243 237 231 246 246 248 226 209 209 206 210	32 24 24 17 8 8 9 10 12 11 11 16 8 8 10 10 10 10 11 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	92 82 87 87 80 86 86 87 82 99 97 88 87 87 87 87 87 87 88 83 79 78 88	13 11 13 12 13 13 13 14 14 14 14 11 12 12 11 11 10 9	911 911 900 930 988 1,045 1,063 1,075 1,107 1,128 1,136 1,136 1,136 1,187 1,210 1,210 1,217 1,211 1,143 1,14	54 51 49 54 70 76 79 80 93 96 86 96 96 107 106 100 93 87 82 79	508 443 453 216 220 152 152 142 158 163 144 125 138 155 165 122 128 110 90 93 79 65 56	100 97 142 93 127 121 139 145 128 133 118 135 130 142 144 143 150 132 112 117 113	2,350 2,212 2,275 2,036 2,187 2,216 2,300 2,323 2,372 2,479 2,479 2,479 2,513 2,598 2,617 2,576 2,409 2,229 2,252 2,252 2,252 2,252 2,252	4,735 4,439 4,771 4,609 5,039 5,323 5,584 5,638 5,868 5,761 5,804 5,853 5,970 6,000 5,809 5,386 5,386 5,582 5,432 5,432 5,432 5,432 5,436
2014 January February March April May June July August September October November December Total	166 152 145 118 129 148 162 161 139 124 131 137 1,713	173 148 138 105 97 93 101 104 97 103 127 144 1,430	(S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S)	56 49 52 50 51 49 50 49 55 49 54	17 16 18 18 17 19 19 18 18 18 19 216	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	10 7 7 6 5 6 6 6 6 7 8 8 8	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	86 81 91 90 94 91 96 97 89 95 90 93 1,095	8 5 3 6 7 6 8 6 7 7 7 7 5 7	5 3 4 4 4 4 4 5 4 45	8 9 9 10 9 9 11 10 9 110	191 171 184 185 188 193 193 186 197 187 193 2,252	531 472 468 409 416 426 457 458 423 425 446 476 5,406
February February March March May June July August September October November December Total	R 143 134 118 99 115 137 151 R 145 129 R 108 100 102	169 159 140 R 108 100 103 112 111 103 R 107 122 140	(S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S)	54 53 53 50 49 49 50 50 51 52 47 49 607	17 16 19 18 19 20 21 20 18 20 18 20 22 20	(S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S)	9 8 7 6 6 6 7 7 6 7 8 8 85	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	90 83 94 93 96 95 99 94 96 92 95 1,126	7 4 7 7 7 7 8 5 6 5 76	4 3 4 2 4 3 5 4 4 4 4 4 5 4 4 4 5 4	8 9 9 12 11 11 10 9 7 9 10 115	192 177 195 187 194 192 201 198 187 193 184 195 2,295	504 470 R 455 R 395 410 R 432 R 464 R 456 R 419 R 410 R 406 438 R 5,259
Page 1 2016 January	125 103 83 81 92 126 146 145 124	168 144 R 128 113 107 109 119 120 106	(S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S)	49 48 51 48 48 48 46 50 49	18 18 19 19 21 21 21 21 20	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	9 8 7 6 6 5 6 6 7 61	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 8	90 90 98 93 97 100 100 96 862	6 7 5 5 4 6 8 5 5 3	5 3 6 7 5 6 7 5 4 48	10 11 9 9 9 9 11 10 86	189 185 198 188 192 192 196 202 191 1,731	483 433 409 383 391 427 R 461 468 421 3,876
2015 9-Month Total 2014 9-Month Total	1,170 1,321	1,104 1,056	1 1	459 455	169 160	1 1	62 60	9 8	842 817	59 57	33 33	88 82	1,723 1,674	4,006 4,059

R=Revised. (s)=Less than 0.5 million metric tons.

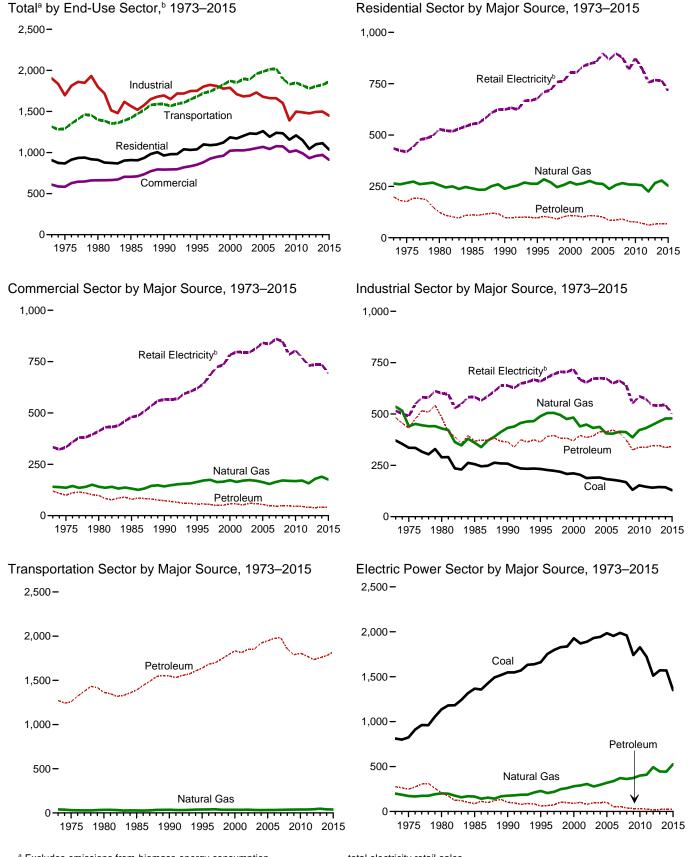
Notes: • Data are estimates for carbon dioxide emissions from energy consumption, including the nonfuel use of fossil fuels. See "Section 12 Methodology and Sources" at end of section. • See "Carbon Dioxide" in Glossary.

See Note 1, "Emissions of Carbon Dioxide and Other Greenhouse Gases," at end of section. • Data exclude emissions from biomass energy consumption. See Table 12.7 and Note 2, "Accounting for Carbon Dioxide Emissions From Biomass Energy Combustion," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#environment (Excel and CSV files) for all available annual and monthly data beginning in 1973. Sources: See end of section.

<sup>a Metric tons of carbon dioxide can be converted to metric tons of carbon equivalent by multiplying by 12/44.
b Includes coal coke net imports.
c Natural gas, excluding supplemental gaseous fuels.
d Distillate fuel oil, excluding biodiesel.
e Liquefied petroleum gases.
f Finished motor gasoline, excluding fuel ethanol.
9 Aviation gasoline blending components, crude oil, motor gasoline blending components, pentanes plus, petrochemical feedstocks, special naphthas, still gas, unfinished oils, waxes, and miscellaneous petroleum products.
h Includes electric power sector use of geothermal energy and non-biomass waste. See Table 12.6.
I Excludes emissions from biomass energy consumption. See Table 12.7.</sup>

Figure 12.2 Carbon Dioxide Emissions From Energy Consumption by Sector (Million Metric Tons of Carbon Dioxide)



^a Excludes emissions from biomass energy consumption.

total electricity retail sales.

Web Page: http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#environment. Sources: Tables 12.2–12.6.

^b Emissions from energy consumption in the electric power sector are allocated to the end-use sectors in proportion to each sector's share of

Table 12.2 Carbon Dioxide Emissions From Energy Consumption: Residential Sector

				Petrole	eum			
	Coal	Natural Gas ^b	Distillate Fuel Oil ^c	Kerosene	LPG ^d	Total	Retail Electricity ^e	Total ^f
1973 Total	9	264	147	16	36	199	435	907
1975 Total	6	266	132	12	32	176	419	867
1980 Total	3	256	96	8	20	124	529	911
1985 Total	4	241	80	11	20	111	553	909
1990 Total	3	238	72	5	22	98	624	963
1995 Total	2	263	66	5	25	96	678	1,039
1996 Total	2	284	68	6 7	30	104	710	1,099
1997 Total	2	270	64 56	8	29 27	99 91	719	1,090
1998 Total 1999 Total	1	247 257	60	8	21	102	759 762	1,097 1.122
2000 Total	1	271	66	7	33 35	102	805	1,122
2001 Total	i	259	66	7	33	106	805	1,171
2002 Total	i	265	63	4	33 34	101	835	1,203
2003 Total	1	276	68	5	34	108	847	1,232
2004 Total	1	264	67	6	32	106	856	1,227
2005 Total	1	262	62	6	32	101	897	1,261
2006 Total	1	237	52	5	28	85	869	1,191
2007 Total	. 1	257	53	3	31	86	897	1,241
2008 Total	NA	266	55	2	35	91	877	1,234
2009 Total	NA	259	43	2	35	<u>79</u>	819	1,157
2010 Total	NA	259	41	2	33	77	874	1,210
2011 Total	NA NA	255 225	38 35	1	31	70 61	823	1,148 1,043
2012 Total 2013 Total	NA NA	225 267	36	1	25 30	66	757 768	1,100
2014 January	NA	57	4	(s)	3	8	84	149
February	NA	47	5	(s)	2	7	72	126
March	NA	38	4	(s)	2	7	63	108
April	NA	19	2	(s)	2 2	4	47	70
May	NA	11	3	(s)	2	5	51	67
June	NA	7	2	(s)	2 2 2	5	65	77
July	NA	6	2 2	(s)	2	4	77	88
August	NA	6	2	(s)	2	5	77	88
September	NA	7	3	(s)	2	5	63	76
October	NA	12 30	3 4	(s) (s)	2 3	6	51 54	68 90
November	NA NA	30 39	4 4		3	6 7	63	90 110
December Total	NA NA	278	39	(s) 1	2 9	69	766	1,113
2015 January	NA	51	5	(s)	3	8	R 71	^R 131
February	NA	50	4	(s)	3 3	7	R 66	123
March	NA	35	4	(s)	2 2	6	57	98
April	NA	18	2	(s)	2	4	42	64
May	NA	10	2	(s)	2	5	49	63
June	NA	7	1	(s)	2	4	R 65	76 ^R 90
July	NA NA	6 6	1 2	(s)	2 2 2 2 2	4 4	81 R 77	N 90 R 87
August September	NA NA	6	2	(s) (s)	2	4	R 64	R 74
October	NA NA	11	4	(s)	2	7	R 48	R 66
November	NA	22	5	(s)	3	7	R 44	R 74
December	NA	32	5	(s)	3	8	R 51	92
Total	NA	253	38	1	30	68	R 714	R 1,036
2016 January	NA	49	6	(s)	3 3 2 2 2	9	65	123
February	NA	38	6	(s)	3	8	52	99
March	NA	25	4 4	(s)	3	7	41	73
April	NA NA	18	3	(s)	2	6 6	38 43	62 60
May	NA NA	11 7	2	(s)	2	6 4	43 66	60 77
June	NA NA	6	2	(s)	2	5	R 84	77 95
July	NA NA	6	2	(s) (s)	2	5 4	R 83	95 93
August September	NA NA	6	2	(S) (S)	2	5	65	93 76
9-Month Total	NA NA	165	31	(s)	22	53	538	757
2015 9-Month Total 2014 9-Month Total	NA NA	187 198	24 28	(s) 1	22 21	46 50	572 601	806 848

Notes: • Data are estimates for carbon dioxide emissions from energy consumption. See "Section 12 Methodology and Sources" at end of section.
• See "Carbon Dioxide" in Glossary. • See Note 1, "Emissions of Carbon Dioxide and Other Greenhouse Gases," at end of section. • Data exclude emissions from biomass energy consumption. See Table 12.7 and Note 2, "Accounting for Carbon Dioxide Emissions From Biomass Energy Combustion," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#environment (Excel and CSV files) for all available annual and monthly data beginning in 1973. Sources: See end of section.

<sup>a Metric tons of carbon dioxide can be converted to metric tons of carbon equivalent by multiplying by 12/44.

b Natural gas, excluding supplemental gaseous fuels.
c Distillate fuel oil, excluding biodiesel.
d Liquefied petroleum gases.
E missions from energy consumption (for electricity and a small amount of useful thermal output) in the electric power sector are allocated to the end-use sectors in proportion to each sector's share of total electricity retail sales. See Tables 7.6 and 12.6.
Excludes emissions from biomass energy consumption. See Table 12.7.
R=Revised. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 million metric tons.</sup>

Carbon Dioxide Emissions From Energy Consumption: Commercial Sector **Table 12.3**

	Coal	Natural Gas ^b	Distillate Fuel Oil ^c	Kerosene	LPG ^d	Motor Gasoline ^e	Petroleum Coke	Residual Fuel Oil	Total	Retail Electricity ^f	Total ^g
1973 Total	15	141	47	5	9	6	NA	52	120	334	609
1975 Total	14	136	43	4	8	6	NA	39	100	333	583
1980 Total	11	141	38	3	6	8	NA	44	98	412	662
1985 Total	13	132	46	2	6	7	NA	18	79	480	704
1990 Total	12 11	142 164	39 35	1 2	6 7	8 1	0	18 11	73 56	566 620	793 851
1995 Total 1996 Total	12	171	35	2	8	2	(s) (s)	11	56 57	643	883
1997 Total	12	174	32	2	8	3	(s)	9	54	686	926
1998 Total	9	164	31	2	7	3	(s)	7	50	724	947
1999 Total	10	165	32	2	9	2	(s)	6	51	735	960
2000 Total	9	173	36	2	9	3	(s)	7	58	783	1,022
2001 Total	9	164	37	2	9	3	(s)	6	57	797	1,027
2002 Total	9	170	32	1	9	3	(s)	6	52	795	1,026
2003 Total	8 10	173 170	36 34	1 1	10 10	4 3	(s) (s)	9 10	60 58	796 815	1,037
2004 Total 2005 Total	9	163	33	2	8	3	(S) (S)	9	55	841	1,053 1,069
2006 Total	6	154	29	1	8	3	(s)	6	47	835	1,043
2007 Total	7	164	28	i	8	4	(s)	ő	46	861	1.078
2008 Total	8	171	28	(s)	10	3	(s)	6	47	849	1,075
2009 Total	7	169	29	(s)	9	4	(s)	6	47	784	1,007
2010 Total	7	168	29	(s)	9	3	(s)	5	46	804	1,025
2011 Total	6	171	29	(s)	9	3	(s)	4	45	768	990
2012 Total	4	157	26	(s)	9	3	(s)	2	40	731	932
2013 Total	4	179	25	(s)	10	3	(s)	2	40	736	959
2014 January	1	31	3	(s)	1	(s)	(s)	(s)	4	66	102
February	, 1	27	3	(s)	1	(s)	(s)	(s)	4	59	90
March	(s)	23	3	(s)	1	(s)	(s)	(s)	4	59	87
April	(s)	14 10	1 2	(s)	1	(s)	(s)	(s)	2	52 59	68 71
May June	(s) (s)	8	2	(s) (s)	1	(s) (s)	(s) 0	(s) (s)	3	66	76
July	(s)	8	1	(s)	i	(s)	(s)	(s)	2	71	81
August	(s)	7	l i	(s)	i	(s)	(s)	(s)	3	72	82
September	(s)	8	2	(s)	1	(s)	(s)	(s)	3	63	75
October	(s)	11	2	(s)	1	(s)	(s)	(s)	3	58	73
November	(s)	20	3	(s)	1	(s)	(s)	(s)	4	56	80
December	(s)	23	3	(s)	.1	(s)	(s)	(s)	4	_57	84
Total	4	190	26	(s)	10	4	(s)	1	40	736	970
2015 January	(s)	29	3	(s)	1	(s)	(s)	(s)	5	R 60	R 94
February	(s)	28	3 2	(s)	1	(s)	(s)	(s)	4	^R 56 ^R 52	R 89
March	(s) (s)	21 13	1	(s) (s)	1	(s)	(s) (s)	(s) (s)	4	R 48	^R 77 64
April May	(s)	9		(S)	1	(s) (s)	(S)	(s)	3	56	R 67
June	(s)	7	l i	(s)	i	(s)	(3)	(s)	2	65	R 74
July	(s)	7	1	(s)	1	(s)	Ö	(s)	2	R 71	R 80
August	(s)	7	1	(s)	1	(s)	(s)	(s)	2	R 69	R 79
September	(s)	8	1	(s)	1	(s)	(s)	(s)	2	R 62	R 72
October	(s)	11	3	(s)	1	(s)	(s)	(s)	4	R 55	R 70
November	(s)	16	3 3	(s)	1	(s)	(s)	(s)	4 5	^R 50 49	^R 70 ^R 73
December	(s) 3	19 176	25	(s) (s)	1 10	(s) 4	(s)	(s) 1	4 0	R 692	R 911
Total	3			(5)	10	4	(s)	'			
2016 January	1	28	4	(s)	1	(s)	(s)	(s)	5	55	89
February	1	23	4	(s)	1	(s)	(s)	(s)	5	47	75
March	(s)	16 13	3	(s)	1	(s)	(s)	(s)	4 4	43 R 43	64 60
April May	(s) (s)	13	2 2	(s) (s)	1	(s) (s)	(s) 0	(s) (s)	3	50	63
June	(s)	8	1	(s)	1	(s)	(s)	(s)	3	R 63	R 73
July	(s)	7	2	(s)	1	(s)	(s)	(s)	3	71	81
August	(s)	8	1 1	(s)	i	(s)	Ő	(s)	3 2	72	82
September	(s)	8	2	(s)	1	(s)	Ö	(s)	3	62	73
9-Month Total	`3	120	21	(s)	7	`3	(s)	(s)	32	505	660
2015 9-Month Total	2	130	16	(s)	7	3	(s)	(s)	27	538	697
2014 9-Month Total	3	135	19	(s)	7	3	(s) (s)	(s)	29	564	732

a Metric tons of carbon dioxide can be converted to metric tons of carbon equivalent by multiplying by 12/44.

b Natural gas, excluding supplemental gaseous fuels.
c Distillate fuel oil, excluding biodiesel.
d Liquefied petroleum gases.

Notes: • Data are estimates for carbon dioxide emissions from energy consumption. See "Section 12 Methodology and Sources" at end of section.
• See "Carbon Dioxide" in Glossary. • See Note 1, "Emissions of Carbon Dioxide and Other Greenhouse Gases," at end of section. • Data exclude emissions from biomass energy consumption. See Table 12.7 and Note 2, "Accounting for Carbon Dioxide Emissions From Biomass Energy Combustion," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#environment (Excel and CSV files) for all available annual and monthly data beginning in 1973. Sources: See end of section.

Sources: See end of section.

Liquefied petroleum gases.
 Finished motor gasoline, excluding fuel ethanol.
 Emissions from energy consumption (for electricity and a small amount of useful thermal output) in the electric power sector are allocated to the end-use sectors in proportion to each sector's share of total electricity retail sales. See Tables 7.6 and 12.6.
 Excludes emissions from biomass energy consumption. See Table 12.7.
 R=Revised. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 million metric tons.

Table 12.4 Carbon Dioxide Emissions From Energy Consumption: Industrial Sector

		Coal						Petroleun	1					
	Coal	Coke Net Imports	Natural Gas ^b	Distillate Fuel Oil ^c	Kero- sene	LPG ^d	Lubri- cants	Motor Gasoline ^e	Petroleum Coke	Residual Fuel Oil	Other ^f	Total	Retail Elec- tricity ^g	Total ^h
1973 Total 1975 Total 1985 Total 1985 Total 1995 Total 1995 Total 1995 Total 1996 Total 1997 Total 1997 Total 1998 Total 1998 Total 2000 Total 2001 Total 2002 Total 2003 Total 2004 Total 2005 Total 2005 Total 2007 Total 2007 Total 2008 Total 2007 Total 2007 Total 2008 Total 2010 Total 2011 Total 2011 Total 2011 Total 2012 Total 2012 Total 2013 Total	371 336 289 258 258 233 227 224 219 208 211 204 188 190 191 183 179 175 168 131 141	-1 2 -4 -2 1 7 3 5 5 8 7 7 3 7 6 6 5 7 3 5 -3 -1 1 (s) -2	536 440 429 360 432 489 505 505 495 475 483 440 448 437 405 405 404 414 412 386 421 437 463	106 97 96 81 84 82 86 88 88 86 87 95 88 85 92 91 91 91 98 84 90 93	11 9 13 3 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 2 1 (s) (s) (s) (s)	44 39 61 59 37 48 50 47 47 52 47 41 44 42 43 32 33 35 36 46	7677677776666666655555	18 16 11 15 13 14 15 14 15 14 11 21 22 23 25 26 21 17 17 17	52 51 48 67 67 70 80 85 76 79 79 78 82 85 82 85 83 78 86 65 70 65	144 117 105 57 31 25 24 21 16 14 17 13 16 18 20 16 13 13 13 8 6 6	100 97 142 93 127 121 139 145 128 133 118 135 130 144 143 150 122 112 122 117 113	483 431 483 369 366 391 396 382 383 369 396 3413 413 423 422 408 376 325 338 337 325 338 346 347	515 490 601 583 638 659 678 694 704 719 667 654 672 650 662 642 550 587 573 543	1,904 1,697 1,798 1,596 1,695 1,751 1,803 1,824 1,778 1,788 1,788 1,711 1,683 1,692 1,661 1,602 1,498 1,498 1,495
Petron July	12 12 11 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 13 143	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	44 40 42 39 38 37 38 39 37 41 43 478	12 8 9 8 7 7 6 7 10 100	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	5 4 3 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4	(s) (s) 1 (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) 1 (s) (s) (s) 5 (s) 5	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7 4 2 5 6 5 7 5 6 6 6 6 4 64	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	8 9 10 9 9 11 10 9 110	34 27 25 29 27 25 27 26 29 31 29 29	46 42 44 41 46 47 50 51 45 44 44 42 543	135 121 124 120 122 121 127 127 123 126 126 126 1,499
Page 15 January February March March May June July September October November December Total	12 11 11 10 11 11 11 11 10 R 11 10 10	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	45 41 42 39 39 37 38 39 37 39 40 42 478	11 11 10 9 7 8 8 7 9 7 5 6	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	5 4 4 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 42	1 (s) 1 (s) 1 (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) 6	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	6 2 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 4 5 5 4 6 6 6	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	8 9 9 12 11 11 10 9 7 9 10	32 28 31 29 29 29 27 25 24 27 342	41 R 41 R 39 37 42 R 47 48 47 43 40 R 38 R 36 R 502	R 130 R 121 R 123 115 R 121 124 R 128 R 125 R 118 R 115 R 116 R 1,449
Page 19 2016 January	11 R 11 10 9 9 10 10 R 11 10 90	(S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S)	45 42 42 39 39 38 8 39 40 39 363	7 7 8 6 6 6 4 7 7 58	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	5 4 4 3 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	(s) (s) 1 (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	6 5 6 4 4 3 5 7 4 4	(S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S)	10 11 9 9 9 9 11 10 86	29 30 28 24 23 23 22 29 27 235	38 R 33 31 32 36 42 46 46 40 345	R 122 115 111 105 107 113 117 125 115 1,032
2015 9-Month Total 2014 9-Month Total	98 106	-2 -2	356 355	80 72	(s) (s)	31 30	4 4	11 11	50 48	1 1	88 82	266 248	387 413	1,105 1,120

R=Revised. (s)=Less than 0.5 million metric tons and greater than -0.5 million metric tons.

metric tons.

Notes: • Data are estimates for carbon dioxide emissions from energy consumption, including the nonfuel use of fossil fuels. See "Section 12 Methodology and Sources" at end of section. • See "Carbon Dioxide" in Glossary.

See Note 1, "Emissions of Carbon Dioxide and Other Greenhouse Gases," at end of section. • Data exclude emissions from biomass energy consumption. See Table 12.7 and Note 2, "Accounting for Carbon Dioxide Emissions From Biomass Energy Combustion," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 states and the District of Columbia and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#environment (Excel and CSV files) for all available annual and monthly data beginning in 1973. Sources: See end of section.

<sup>a Metric tons of carbon dioxide can be converted to metric tons of carbon equivalent by multiplying by 12/44.
b Natural gas, excluding supplemental gaseous fuels.
c Distillate fuel oil, excluding biodiesel.
d Liquefied petroleum gases.
e Finished motor gasoline, excluding fuel ethanol.
f Aviation gasoline blending components, crude oil, motor gasoline blending components, pentanes plus, pertochemical feedstocks, special naphthas, still gas, unfinished oils, waxes, and miscellaneous petroleum products.
g Emissions from energy consumption (for electricity and a small amount of useful thermal output) in the electric power sector are allocated to the end-use sectors in proportion to each sector's share of total electricity retail sales. See Tables 7.6 and 12.6.
h Excludes emissions from biomass energy consumption. See Table 12.7.</sup>

Table 12.5 Carbon Dioxide Emissions From Energy Consumption: Transportation Sector

						Petro	oleum				Retail	
	Coal	Natural Gas ^b	Aviation Gasoline	Distillate Fuel Oil ^C	Jet Fuel	LPG ^d	Lubri- cants	Motor Gasoline ^e	Residual Fuel Oil	Total	Elec- tricity ^f	Total ^g
1973 Total 1975 Total 1975 Total 1980 Total 1985 Total 1990 Total 1995 Total 1996 Total 1997 Total 1997 Total 1998 Total 1998 Total 2000 Total 2001 Total 2002 Total 2003 Total 2004 Total 2005 Total 2006 Total 2007 Total 2007 Total 2008 Total 2009 Total 2009 Total 2019 Total	(S) (S) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C	39 32 28 36 38 39 41 35 36 36 36 33 33 33 33 35 37 33 33 34 41 47	6543333322222222222222222222222222222222	163 155 204 232 268 307 327 341 352 365 377 394 408 433 444 467 469 424 405 426 437 416 424	152 145 155 178 223 223 234 235 245 254 240 246 240 238 226 240 204 210 206 210	3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 3	6666766677766666656555555555	886 889 881 908 967 1,029 1,047 1,057 1,115 1,122 1,128 1,158 1,161 1,181 1,182 1,188 1,186 1,124 1,109 1,091 1,095 1,095 1,095	57 56 110 62 80 72 67 56 53 52 70 46 53 45 58 66 71 78 73 62 70 61 53 46	1,273 1,258 1,363 1,391 1,548 1,640 1,683 1,700 1,743 1,789 1,813 1,852 1,854 1,922 1,948 1,976 1,980 1,789 1,806 1,7789 1,735 1,756	2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	1,315 1,292 1,400 1,421 1,588 1,681 1,725 1,744 1,782 1,873 1,852 1,892 1,892 1,959 1,986 2,014 2,021 1,898 1,832 1,849 1,849 1,848 1,780 1,807
Potal January February March April May June July August September October November December Total	(h h) (h) (h	5 4 4 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 40	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	35 32 36 37 38 38 40 40 37 39 35 37	17 16 18 18 17 19 19 19 18 18 18 19 216	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	85 80 89 89 93 90 95 96 88 94 88 92 1,077	2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 3 3 5	140 130 146 148 152 150 158 158 146 155 146 152 1,780	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	145 134 150 151 155 153 161 161 150 159 150 156 1,824
Petron September Cotober November December Total	(h h) (h h h) (h h h) (h h h) (h h h h	4 4 4 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 39	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	34 33 37 37 38 38 40 40 38 38 34 35	17 16 19 18 19 20 21 20 18 20 18 20	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	1 (s) 1 (s) 1 (s) 1 (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	89 82 93 91 95 93 97 97 92 95 90 94	3 (s) 3 2 3 2 4 4 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 3 6	144 132 153 150 155 155 R 163 161 152 156 147 153 1,821	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	149 137 157 153 158 158 166 165 R 156 159 150 157
2016 January	(h) (h) (h) (h) (h) (h) (h) (h) (h)	4 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 29	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	32 31 36 35 37 37 38 40 37	18 18 19 19 19 21 21 21 20 176	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	(S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S)	89 88 96 91 97 96 98 98 94	4 2 5 6 4 5 6 4 4 4	144 140 157 153 158 160 164 164 155 1,395	(s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s) (s)	149 144 161 156 161 163 167 168 158
2015 9-Month Total 2014 9-Month Total	{h}	29 30	1 1	335 331	169 160	2 2	4 4	828 803	25 25	1,365 1,326	3 3	1,397 1,359

R=Revised. (s)=Less than 0.5 million metric tons.

Notes: • Data are estimates for carbon dioxide emissions from energy consumption, including the nonfuel use of fossil fuels. See "Section 12 Methodology and Sources" at end of section. • See "Carbon Dioxide" in Glossary.

• See Note 1, "Emissions of Carbon Dioxide and Other Greenhouse Gases," at end of section. • Data exclude emissions from biomass energy consumption. See Table 12.7 and Note 2, "Accounting for Carbon Dioxide Emissions From Biomass Energy Combustion," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#environment (Excel and CSV files) for all available annual and monthly data beginning in 1973.

a Metric tons of carbon dioxide can be converted to metric tons of carbon equivalent by multiplying by 12/44.

b Natural gas, excluding supplemental gaseous fuels.
c Distillate fuel oil, excluding biodiesel.
d Liquefied petroleum gases.
e Finished motor gasoline, excluding fuel ethanol.
f Emissions from energy consumption (for electricity and a small amount of useful thermal output) in the electric power sector are allocated to the end-use sectors in proportion to each sector's share of total electricity retail sales. See Tables 7.6 and 12.6. Tables 7.6 and 12.6.

Second Section 12:0:
 Second Section 12:0:
 Second Section 12:0:
 Beginning in 1978, the small amounts of coal consumed for transportation are reported as industrial sector consumption.

Table 12.6 Carbon Dioxide Emissions From Energy Consumption: Electric Power Sector (Million Metric Tons of Carbon Dioxidea)

				Petrol	eum			Mari	
	Coal	Natural Gas ^b	Distillate Fuel Oil ^c	Petroleum Coke	Residual Fuel Oil	Total	Geo- thermal	Non- Biomass Waste ^d	Total ^e
1973 Total	812	199	20	2	254	276	NA	NA	1,286
1975 Total	824	172	17	(s)	231	248	NA	NA	1,244
1980 Total	1,137	200	12	`í	194	207	NA	NA	1,544
1985 Total	1,367	166	6	1	79	86	NA	NA	1,619
1990 Total	1,548	176	7	3	92	102	(s)	6	1,831
1995 Total	1,661	228	8	8	45	61	(s)	10	1,960
1996 Total	1,752	205	8	. 8	50	66	(s)	10	2,033
1997 Total	1,797	219	8	10	56 82	75 405	(s)	10	2,101
1998 Total 1999 Total	1,828 1.836	248 260	10 10	13 11	82 76	105 97	(s)	10 10	2,192 2.204
2000 Total	1,030	281	13	10	69	91	(s) (s)	10	2,204
2001 Total	1,870	290	12	11	79	102	(s)	11	2,273
2002 Total	1.890	306	9	18	52	79	S	13	2,288
2003 Total	1,931	278	12	18	69	98) (s)	11	2,319
2004 Total	1,943	297	8	22	69	99	(s)	11	2,350
2005 Total	1,984	319	8	24	69	101	(s)	11	2,416
2006 Total	1,954	338	5	21	28	55	(s)	12	2,358
2007 Total	1,987	372	6	17	31	54	(s)	11	2,425
2008 Total	1,959	362	5	15	19	39	(s)	12	2,373
2009 Total	1,741	373	5	13	14	33	(s)	11	2,158
2010 Total	1,828	399	6	14	1 <u>2</u>	32	(s)	11	2,270
2011 Total	1,723	409	5	14	7	26	(s)	11	2,170
2012 Total	1,511	493 444	4 4	9 13	6 6	19 23	(s) (s)	11 11	2,034 2,050
2013 Total	1,571	444	4	13	0	23	(8)	11	2,050
2014 January	154	36	2	1	2	5	(s)	1	196
February	140	30	1 1	1	1	2	(s)	1	173
March	133	31	1 (2)	1	1	3	(s)	1	167 139
April	107 118	30 35	(s)	1	(s)	1 2	(s)	1	156
May June	137	39	(s) (s)	1	(s) (s)	2	(s) (s)	1	179
July	150	46	(s)	1	(s)	2	(s)	1	198
August	149	49	(s)	i	(s)	2	(s)	1	201
September	127	42	(s)	i	(s)	2 2 2	(s)	i	172
October	112	38	(s)	i	(s)	ī	(s)	i	153
November	119	33	(s)	i	(s)	2	(s)	i	154
December	125	35	(s)	1	(s)	2	(s)	1	162
Total	1,569	444	6	12	` 7	26	(s)	11	2,050
2015 January	130	39	1	1	1	3	(s)	1	173
February	R 123	36	2	1	2	5	(s)	1	164
March	R 107	39	(s)	1	(s)	2	(s)	1	148
April	89	R 36	(s)	1	(s)	R 1	(s)	1	R 127
May	104	40	(s)	1	(s)	2	(s)	1	R 147
June	126	49	(s)	1	(s)	2	(s)	1	R 177
July	140	R 57	(s)	1	1	2	(s)	1	R 200
August	135 ^R 118	R 56	(s)	1	7	2	(s)	1	^R 194 ^R 170
September	^ 118 98	49 R 43	(s)	1	(s)	2 2	(s)	1	R 170
October November	98 R 89	40	(s) (s)	1	(s) (s)	2	(s) (s)	1	R 132
December	92	42	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	1	(s)	R 1	(s)	1	136
Total	R 1,350	R 527	5	11	7	24	(s)	11	R 1,913
2016 January	113	R 42	R (s)	1	1	2	(e)	1	159
2016 January	92	38	(s)	1	1	2	(s) (s)	1	133
February March	73	36 41	(S)	1	(s)	2	(S) (S)	1	116
April	73 71	40	(s)	1	(s)	2	(s)	1	R 113
May	R 82	44	(s)	i	(s)	2	(s)	i	129
June	116	R 53	(s)	i	(s)	2	(s)	i	172
July	136	63	(s)	1	`1	2	(s)	1	R 201
August	135	R 63	(s)	i	i	2	(s)	1	R 201
September	114	50	(s)	1	(s)	2	(s)	1	167
9-Month Total	932	434	3	10	`4	17	(s)	8	1,391
2015 9-Month Total	1,071	401	4	9	6	19	(s)	8	1,500
2014 9-Month Total	1,213	338	5	ğ	ő	21	(s)	8	1,581

consumption. See "Section 12 Methodology and Sources" at end of section.

• See "Carbon Dioxide" in Glossary.

• See Note 1, "Emissions of Carbon Dioxide and Other Greenhouse Gases," at end of section.

• Data exclude emissions from biomass energy consumption. See Table 12.7 and Note 2, "Accounting for Carbon Dioxide Emissions From Biomass Energy Combustion," at end of section.

• Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

• Geographic coverage is the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#environment (Excel and CSV files) for all available annual and monthly data beginning in 1973. Sources: See end of section.

 ^a Metric tons of carbon dioxide can be converted to metric tons of carbon equivalent by multiplying by 12/44.
 ^b Natural gas, excluding supplemental gaseous fuels.
 ^c Distillate fuel oil, excluding biodiesel.
 ^d Municipal solid waste from non-biogenic sources, and tire-derived fuels.
 Through 1994, also includes blast furnace gas, and other manufactured and waste gases derived from fossil fuels.

gases derived from fossil fuels.

^e Excludes emissions from biomass energy consumption. See Table 12.7.

R=Revised. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 million metric tons.

Notes: • Data are estimates for carbon dioxide emissions from energy

Table 12.7 Carbon Dioxide Emissions From Biomass Energy Consumption

			By Source					By S	ector		
	Woodb	Biomass Waste ^C	Fuel Ethanol ^d	Bio- diesel	Total	Resi- dential	Com- mercial ^e	Indus- trial ^f	Trans- portation	Electric Power ^g	Total
1973 Total	143	(s)	NA	NA	143	33	1	109	NA	(s)	143
1975 Total	140	(s)	NA	NA	141	40	1	100	NA	(s)	141
1980 Total	232	(s)	NA	NA	232	80	2	150	NA	(s)	232
1985 Total	252	14	3	NA	270	95	2	168	3	1	270
1990 Total	208	24	4	NA	237	54	8	147	4	23	237
1995 Total	222	30	8	NA	260	49	9	166	8	28	260
1996 Total	229 222	32 30	6 7	NA NA	266 259	51 40	10 10	170 172	6 7	30 30	266 259
1997 Total 1998 Total	205	30 30	8	NA NA	242	36	9	160	8	30 30	259
1999 Total	203	29	8	NA NA	242	37	9	161	8	30	242
2000 Total	212	27	9	NA	248	39	9	161	9	29	248
2001 Total	188	33	10	(s)	231	35	9	147	10	31	231
2002 Total	187	36	12	(s)	235	36	9	144	12	35	235
2003 Total	188	36	16	(s)	240	38	9	141	16	37	240
2004 Total	199	35	20	(s)	255	38	10	151	20	36	255
2005 Total	200	37	23	1	261	40	10	150	23	37	261
2006 Total	197	36	31	2	266	36	9	151	33	38	266
2007 Total	196 193	37 39	39 55	3 3	276 290	39 44	9 10	146 139	41 57	39 40	276 290
2008 Total 2009 Total	181	41	62	3	287	47	10	125	64	41	287
2010 Total	186	42	73	2	303	41	10	136	74	42	303
2011 Total	189	42	73	8	312	42	11	139	80	40	312
2012 Total	189	42	73	8	312	39	10	141	80	42	312
2013 Total	204	45	75	13	R 337	54	11	141	R 87	43	R 337
2014 January	18	4	6	1	29	5	1	12	7	4	29
February	16	4	6	i	26	4	i	11	6	4	26
March	18	4	6	1	29	5	1	12	7	4	29
April	17	4	6	1	28	4	1	12	7	4	28
May	17	4	7	1	29	5	1	12	7	4	29
June	17	4	6	1	29	4	1	12	7	4	29
July	18	4	7	1	30	5	1	12	8	4	30
August	18	4 4	7	1	30	5 4	1	12	8 7	4	30
September October	17 17	4	6 7	1 1	28 29	5	1	11 12	8	4	28 29
November	17	4	6	1	29	4	1	12	7	4	29
December	18	4	7	i	30	5	i	12	8	4	30
Total	209	47	76	13	345	54	11	143	88	49	345
2015 January	17	4	6	(s)	R 27	3	1	12	7	4	R 27
February	15	4	6	`1	25	3	1	11	7	4	25
March	16	4	7	1	27	3	1	12	7	4	27
April	R 16	4	6	1	27	3	1	12	7	4	27
May	16	4	7	1	28	3	1	12	8	4	28
June	16	4	7	2	28	3	1	R 11	8	4	28
July	17 ^R 17	4	7 7	1	29	3	1	12	8	4	29 29
August September	16	4 4	7	1 1	29 ^R 28	3 3	1	12 11	8 8	4 4	R 28
October	R 15	4	7	1	28	3	1	R 11	8	4	28
November	16	4	7	i	27	3	i	R 12	7	4	27
December	16	4	7	1	R 29	3	1	12	8	4	R 29
Total	R 192	47	79	14	R 332	40	11	140	92	48	R 332
2016 January	16	4	6	1	27	3	1	12	7	4	27
February	15	4	6	i	26	3	i	11	7	4	26
March	15	4	7	1	27	3	1	11	8	4	27
April	14	4	6	1	26	3	1	11	8	4	26
May	15	4	7	2	27	3	1	11	8	4	27
June	15	4	7	2	R 28	3	1	11	8	4	R 28
July	16	4	7	2 2	29	3	1	12	9	4	29
August	16	4	7 7	2	29 27	3 3	1	12	9 8	4	29
September 9-Month Total	15 137	4 36	61	14	27 247	27	1 9	11 103	7 4	4 35	27 247
							-				
2015 9-Month Total 2014 9-Month Total	144 156	35 35	59 56	11 10	249 257	30 41	9 9	105 106	69 65	36 37	249 257

Metric tons of carbon dioxide can be converted to metric tons of carbon equivalent by multiplying by 12/44.
 Wood and wood-derived fuels.

R=Revised. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 million metric tons.

R=Revised. NA=Not available. (s)=Less than 0.5 million metric tons. Notes: • Carbon dioxide emissions from biomass energy consumption are excluded from the energy-related carbon dioxide emissions reported in Tables 12.1–12.6. See Note 2, "Accounting for Carbon Dioxide Emissions From Biomass Energy Combustion," at end of section. • Data are estimates. See "Section 12 Methodology and Sources" at end of section. • See "Carbon Dioxide" in Glossary. • See Note 1, "Emissions of Carbon Dioxide and Other Greenhouse Gases," at end of section. • Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding. • Geographic coverage is the 50 states and the District of Columbia. Web Page: See http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/#environment (Excel and CSV files) for all available annual and monthly data beginning in 1973. Sources: See end of section.

Sources: See end of section.

Wood and wood-derived fuels.
 Municipal solid waste from biogenic sources, landfill gas, sludge waste, agricultural byproducts, and other biomass.
 Fuel ethanol minus denaturant.
 Commercial sector, including commercial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and commercial electricity-only plants.
 Industrial sector, including industrial combined-heat-and-power (CHP) and industrial electricity-only plants.

industrial electricity-only plants.

§ The electric power sector comprises electricity-only and combined-heat-and-power (CHP) plants within the NAICS 22 category whose primary business is to sell electricity, or electricity and heat, to the public.

Environment

Note 1. Emissions of Carbon Dioxide and Other Greenhouse Gases. Greenhouse gases are those gases—such as water vapor, carbon dioxide (CO₂), methane, nitrous oxide, hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs), perfluorocarbons (PFCs), and sulfur hexafluoride—that are transparent to solar (shortwave) radiation but opaque to long-wave (infrared) radiation, thus preventing long-wave radiant energy from leaving Earth's atmosphere. The net effect is a trapping of absorbed radiation and a tendency to warm the planet's surface.

Energy-related carbon dioxide emissions account for about 98% of U.S. CO₂ emissions. The vast majority of CO₂ emissions come from fossil fuel combustion, with smaller amounts from the nonfuel use of fossil fuels, as well as from electricity generation using geothermal energy and non-biomass waste. Other sources of CO₂ emissions include industrial processes, such as cement and limestone production. Data in the U.S. Energy Information Administration's (EIA) *Monthly Energy Review (MER)* Tables 12.1–12.6 are estimates for U.S. CO₂ emissions from energy consumption, including the nonfuel use of fossil fuels (excluded are estimates for CO₂ emissions from biomass energy consumption, which appear in MER Table 12.7).

For annual U.S. estimates for emissions of CO₂ from all sources, as well as for emissions of other greenhouse gases, see EIA's *Emissions of Greenhouse Gases Report* at http://www.eia.gov/environment/emissions/ghg report/.

Note 2. Accounting for Carbon Dioxide Emissions From Biomass Energy Combustion. Carbon dioxide (CO₂) emissions from the combustion of biomass to produce energy are excluded from the energy-related CO₂ emissions reported in MER Tables 12.1–12.6, but appear in MER Table 12.7. According to current international convention (see the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change's "2006 IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories"), carbon released through biomass combustion is excluded from reported energy-related emissions. The release of carbon from biomass combustion is assumed to be balanced by the uptake of carbon when the feedstock is grown, resulting in zero net emissions over some period of time. (This is not to say that biomass energy is carbon-neutral. Energy inputs are required in order to grow, fertilize, and harvest the feedstock and to produce and process the biomass into fuels.)

However, analysts have debated whether increased use of biomass energy may result in a decline in terrestrial carbon stocks, leading to a net positive release of carbon rather than the zero net release assumed by its exclusion from reported energy-related emissions. For example, the clearing of forests for biofuel crops could result in an initial release of carbon that is not fully recaptured in subsequent use of the land for agriculture.

To reflect the potential net emissions, the international convention for greenhouse gas inventories is to report biomass emissions in the category "agriculture, forestry, and other land use," usually based on estimates of net changes in carbon stocks over time.

This indirect accounting of CO₂ emissions from biomass can potentially lead to confusion in accounting for and understanding the flow of CO₂ emissions within energy and nonenergy systems. In recognition of this issue, reporting of CO₂ emissions from biomass combustion alongside other energy-related CO₂ emissions offers an alternative accounting treatment. It is important, however, to avoid misinterpreting emissions from fossil energy and biomass energy sources as necessarily additive. Instead, the combined total of direct CO₂ emissions from biomass and energy-related CO₂ emissions implicitly assumes that none of the carbon emitted was previously or subsequently reabsorbed in terrestrial sinks or that other emissions sources offset any such sequestration.

Section 12 Methodology and Sources

To estimate carbon dioxide emissions from energy consumption for the *Monthly Energy Review (MER)*, Tables 12.1–12.7, the U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA) uses the following methodology and sources:

Step 1. Determine Fuel Consumption

Coal—Coal sectoral (residential, commercial, coke plants, other industrial, transportation, electric power) consumption data in thousand short tons are from MER Table 6.2. Coal sectoral consumption data are converted to trillion Btu by multiplying by the coal heat content factors in MER Table A5

Coal Coke Net Imports—Coal coke net imports data in trillion Btu are derived from coal coke imports and exports data in MER Tables 1.4a and 1.4b.

Natural Gas (excluding supplemental gaseous fuels)—Natural gas sectoral consumption data in trillion Btu are from MER Tables 2.2–2.6.

Petroleum—Total and sectoral consumption (product supplied) data in thousand barrels per day for asphalt and road oil, aviation gasoline, distillate fuel oil, jet fuel, kerosene, liquefied petroleum gases (LPG), lubricants, motor gasoline, petroleum coke, and residual fuel oil are from MER Tables 3.5 and 3.7a-3.7c. For the component products of LPG (ethane/ethylene, propane/propylene, normal butane/butylene, and isobutane/isobutylene) and "other petroleum" (aviation gasoline blending components, crude oil, motor gasoline blending components, naphthas for petrochemical feedstock use, other oils for petrochemical feedstock use, pentanes plus, special naphthas, still gas, unfinished oils, waxes, and miscellaneous petroleum products), consumption (product supplied) data in thousand barrels per day are from EIA's Petroleum Supply Annual (PSA), Petroleum Supply Monthly (PSM), and earlier

publications (see sources for MER Table 3.5). Petroleum consumption data by product are converted to trillion Btu by multiplying by the petroleum heat content factors in MER Tables A1 and A3.

Biomass—Sectoral consumption data in trillion Btu for wood, biomass waste, fuel ethanol (minus denaturant), and biodiesel are from MER Tables 10.2a–10.2c.

Step 2. Remove Biofuels From Petroleum

Distillate Fuel Oil—Beginning in 2009, the distillate fuel oil data (for total and transportation sector) in Step 1 include biodiesel, a non-fossil renewable fuel. To remove the biodiesel portion from distillate fuel oil, data in thousand barrels per day for refinery and blender net inputs of renewable diesel fuel (from the PSA/PSM) are converted to trillion Btu by multiplying by the biodiesel heat content factor in MER Table A1, and then subtracted from the distillate fuel oil consumption values.

Motor Gasoline—Beginning in 1993, the motor gasoline data (for total, commercial sector, industrial sector, and transportation sector) in Step 1 include fuel ethanol, a nonfossil renewable fuel. To remove the fuel ethanol portion from motor gasoline, data in trillion Btu for fuel ethanol consumption (from MER Tables 10.2a, 10.2b, and 10.3) are subtracted from the motor gasoline consumption values. (Note that about 2% of fuel ethanol is fossil-based petroleum denaturant, to make the fuel ethanol undrinkable. For 1993–2008, petroleum denaturant is double counted in the PSA product supplied statistics, in both the original product category—e.g., pentanes plus—and also in the finished motor gasoline category; for this time period for MER Section 12, petroleum denaturant is removed along with the fuel ethanol from motor gasoline, but left in the original product. Beginning in 2009, petroleum denaturant is counted only in the PSA/PSM product supplied statistics for motor gasoline; for this time period for MER Section 12, petroleum denaturant is left in motor gasoline.)

Step 3. Remove Carbon Sequestered by Nonfuel Use

The following fuels have industrial nonfuel uses as chemical feedstocks and other products: coal, natural gas, asphalt and road oil, distillate fuel oil, liquefied petroleum gases (ethane/ethylene, propane/propylene, normal butane/butylene, and isobutane/isobutylene), lubricants (which have industrial and transportation nonfuel uses), naphthas for petrochemical feedstock use, other oils for petrochemical feedstock use, pentanes plus, petroleum coke, residual fuel oil, special naphthas, still gas, waxes, and miscellaneous petroleum products. In the nonfuel use of these fuels, some of the carbon is sequestered, and is thus subtracted from the fuel consumption values in Steps 1 and 2.

Estimates of annual nonfuel use and associated carbon sequestration are developed by EIA using the methodology detailed in "Documentation for *Emissions of Greenhouse Gases in the United States 2008*" at http://www.eia.gov/oiaf/1605/ggrpt/documentation/pdf/0638(2008).pdf.

To obtain monthly estimates of nonfuel use and associated carbon sequestration, monthly patterns for industrial consumption and product supplied data series are used. For coal nonfuel use, the monthly pattern for coke plants coal consumption from MER Table 6.2 is used. For natural gas, the monthly pattern for other industrial non-CHP natural gas consumption from MER Table 4.3 is used. For distillate fuel oil, petroleum coke, and residual fuel oil, the monthly patterns for industrial consumption from MER Table 3.7b are used. For the other petroleum products, the monthly patterns for product supplied from the PSA and PSM are used.

Step 4. Determine Carbon Dioxide Emissions From Energy Consumption

Carbon dioxide (CO₂) emissions data in million metric tons are calculated by multiplying consumption values in trillion Btu from Steps 1 and 2 (minus the carbon sequestered in nonfuel use in Step 3) by the CO₂ emissions factors at http://www.eia.gov/oiaf/1605/ggrpt/excel/CO2_coeffs_09_v2.xls. Beginning in 2010, the 2009 factors are used.

Coal—CO₂ emissions for coal are calculated for each sector (residential, commercial, coke plants, other industrial, transportation, electric power). Total coal emissions are the sum of the sectoral coal emissions.

Coal Coke Net Imports—CO₂ emissions for coal coke net imports are calculated.

Natural Gas—CO₂ emissions for natural gas are calculated for each sector (residential, commercial, industrial, transportation, electric power). Total natural gas emissions are the sum of the sectoral natural gas emissions.

Petroleum—CO₂ emissions are calculated for each petroleum product. Total petroleum emissions are the sum of the product emissions. Total LPG emissions are the sum of the emissions for the component products (ethane/ethylene, propane/propylene, normal butane/butylene, and isobutane/isobutylene); residential, commercial, and transportation sector LPG emissions are estimated by multiplying consumption values in trillion Btu from MER Tables 3.8a and 3.8c by the propane emissions factor; industrial sector LPG emissions are estimated as total LPG emissions minus emissions by the other sectors.

Geothermal and Non-Biomass Waste—Annual CO₂ emissions data for geothermal and non-biomass waste are EIA estimates based on Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report" (and predecessor forms). Monthly estimates are created by dividing the annual data by the number of days in the year and then multiplying by the number of days in the month. (Annual estimates for the current year are set equal to those of the previous year.)

Biomass—CO₂ emissions for wood, biomass waste, fuel ethanol (minus denaturant), and biodiesel are calculated for each sector. Total emissions for each biomass fuel are the sum of the sectoral emissions. The following factors, in million metric tons CO₂ per quadrillion Btu, are used: wood—93.80; biomass waste—90.70; fuel ethanol—68.44; and biodiesel—73.84. For 1973–1988, the biomass portion

of waste in MER Tables 10.2a–10.2c is estimated as 67%; for 1989–2000, the biomass portion of waste is estimated as 67% in 1989 to 58% in 2000, based on the biogenic shares of total municipal solid waste shown in EIA's "Methodology for Allocating Municipal Solid Waste to Biogenic and Non-Biogenic Energy," Table 1 at http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/pdf/historical/msw.pdf.

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