PROPOSED REVISED DRAFT PERMIT – September 26, 2008

NPDES PERMIT

issued to

Location Address:

Rope Ferry Road

Millstone Power Station

Waterford, CT 06385

Dominion Nuclear Connecticut, Inc. Millstone Power Station (MPS) Rope Ferry Road Waterford, CT 06385-0128

Facility ID: 152-003

Receiving Stream: Long Island Sound Watershed

SECTION 1: GENERAL PROVISIONS

- This permit is reissued in accordance with section 22a-430 of Chapter 446k, Connecticut General Statutes (A) ("CGS"), and Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies ("RCSA") adopted thereunder, as amended, and sections 316(a), 316(b) and 402(b) of the Clean Water Act, as amended, 33 USC 1326(a), 1326(b) and 1251, respectively, and pursuant to an approval dated September 26, 1973, by the Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency for the State of Connecticut to administer an N.P.D.E.S. permit program.
- (B) The discharge is subject to the effluent guidelines and standards for the steam electric power generating point source category promulgated on November 19, 1982 pursuant to Section 301 of the Federal Clean Water Act, as amended. Specifically, this discharge is subject to 40 CFR Parts 122, 123, 124, 125 of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System and Part 423 of the effluent guidelines and standards.
- (C) Dominion Nuclear Connecticut, Inc., ("Permittee"), shall comply with all of the terms and conditions of this permit including the following sections of the RCSA that have been adopted pursuant to section 22a-430 of the CGS and are hereby incorporated into this permit. The Permittee's attention is especially drawn to the notification requirements of subsection (i)(2), (i)(3), (j)(1), (j)(6), (j)(8), (j)(9)(C), (j)(10)(C), (j)(11)(C), (j)(11)(C) (D), (E), and (F), (k)(3) and (4) and (l)(2) of section 22a-430-3.

Section 22a-430-3 General Conditions

(a) Definitions (b) General (c) Inspection and Entry (d) Effect of a Permit (e) Duty (f) Proper Operation and Maintenance (g) Sludge Disposal (h) Duty to Mitigate (i) Facility Modifications; Notification

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Permit Expires:

- (j) Monitoring, Records and Reporting Requirements
- (k) Bypass
- (1) Conditions Applicable to POTWs
- (m) Effluent Limitation Violations (Upsets)
- (n) Enforcement
- (o) Resource Conservation
- (p) Spill Prevention and Control
- (q) Instrumentation, Alarms, Flow Recorders
- (r) Equalization

Section 22a-430-4 Procedures and Criteria

- (a) Duty to Apply
- (b) Duty to Reapply
- (c) Application Requirements
- (d) Preliminary Review
- (e) Tentative Determination
- (f) Draft Permits, Fact Sheets
- (g) Public Notice, Notice of Hearing
- (h) Public Comments
- (i) Final Determination
- (j) Public Hearings
- (k) Submission of Plans and Specifications. Approval.
- (1) Establishing Effluent Limitations and Conditions
- (m) Case by Case Determinations
- (n) Permit issuance or renewal
- (o) Permit Transfer
- (p) Permit revocation, denial or modification
- (q) Variances
- (r) Secondary Treatment Requirements
- (s) Treatment Requirements for Metals and Cyanide
- (t) Discharges to POTWs Prohibitions
- (D) Violations of any of the terms, conditions, or limitations contained in this permit may subject the Permittee to enforcement action including, but not limited to, seeking criminal or civil penalties, injunctions and/or forfeitures pursuant to applicable sections of the CGS and RCSA or federal law.
- (E) Any false statement by the Permittee in any information submitted pursuant to this permit or in the Permittee's application may be punishable as a criminal offense under section 22a-438 or 22a-131a of the CGS or in accordance with section 22a-6, pursuant to section 53a-157b of the CGS.
- (F) The authorization to discharge under this permit may not be transferred without prior written approval of the Commissioner of Environmental Protection ("the Commissioner"). To request such approval, the Permittee and proposed transferee shall register such proposed transfer with the Commissioner, at least 30 days prior to the transferee becoming legally responsible for creating or maintaining any discharge which is the subject of the permit transfer. Failure, by the transferee, to obtain the Commissioner's approval prior to commencing such discharge(s) may subject the transferee to enforcement action for discharging without a permit pursuant to applicable sections of the CGS and RCSA.
- (G) No provision of this permit and no action or inaction by the Commissioner shall be construed to constitute an assurance by the Commissioner that the actions taken by the Permittee pursuant to this permit will result **PERMIT # CT0003263** 2

in compliance or prevent or abate pollution.

- (H) Nothing in this permit shall relieve the Permittee of other obligations under applicable federal, state and local law.
- (I) The Permittee shall pay an annual fee for each year this permit is in effect as set forth in section 22a-430-7 of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies.
- (J) This permitted discharge is consistent with the applicable goals and policies of the Connecticut Coastal Management Act (section 22a-92 of the Connecticut General Statutes).

SECTION 2: DEFINITIONS

- (A) The definitions of the terms used in this permit shall be the same as the definitions contained in section 22a-423 of the CGS and section 22a-430-3(a) and 22a-430-6 of the RCSA, except for "No Observable Acute Effect Level (NOAEL)" which is redefined below.
- (B) In addition to the above, the following definitions shall apply to this permit:

"-----" in the limits column on the monitoring table means a limit is not specified but a value must be reported on the DMR.

"All Life Stages" means eggs, larvae, juveniles, and adults.

"Annual" in the context of a sampling frequency, means sampling is required in the month of January. If there is no discharge during the month of January the Permittee shall report "No Discharge" in the Discharge Monitoring Report ("DMR") and sample during the subsequent month when discharge becomes available.

"Average Monthly Limit"; when expressed as a concentration (e.g. mg/l), shall mean the maximum allowable "Average Monthly Concentration" as defined in section 22a-430-3(a) of the RCSA; otherwise, it shall mean "Average Monthly Discharge Limitation" as defined in section 22a-430-3(a) of the RCSA.

"Alternate Sample Location" means a representative sample of the same system wastewater. The discharge can be sampled from the alternate location based upon the following factors, including but not limited to: (a) operational status of a unit (e.g., startup, shutdown, operation); (b) maintenance and/or repair on systems that would preclude the use of the primary sample location; or (c) administrative controls (Millstone Power Station or NRC). Reporting of alternate sample location use will be included in the monthly DMR.

"Batch" means the contents of a tank or sump that has been sampled and has no inputs prior to being discharged unless otherwise described in process description.

"Calculation Baseline" means an estimate of impingement mortality and entrainment that would occur at your site assuming that: the cooling water system has been designed as a once-through system; the opening of the cooling water intake structure is located at, and the face of the standard 3/8-inch mesh traveling screen is oriented parallel to, the shoreline near the surface of the source waterbody; and the baseline practices, procedures, and structural configuration are those that your facility would maintain in the absence of any structural or operational controls, including flow or

velocity reductions, implemented in whole or in part for the purposes of reducing impingement mortality and entrainment. You may also choose to use the current level of impingement mortality and entrainment as the calculation baseline. The calculation baseline may be estimated using: historical impingement mortality and entrainment data you're your facility or from another facility with comparable design, operational, and environmental conditions; current biological data collected in the waterbody in the vicinity of your facility cooling water intake structure; or current impingement mortality and entrainment data collected at your facility.

"Clean Water Washes or Drains" shall mean the draining or washing of equipment and the washing of component surfaces (internal or external), building surfaces, and yard surfaces, consisting of or containing seawater, demineralized water (not containing corrosion inhibitors) or domestic water without the use of any other cleaning chemicals or the presence of any system or subsystem chemical additives except those otherwise authorized for the specific discharge serial number. The equipment or surface to be washed or drained shall be visibly free of liquid chemicals and/or petroleum products.

"Closed-cycle Recirculation System" shall mean a system designed, using minimized makeup and blow-down flows, to withdraw water from a natural or other water source to support contact and/or non-contact cooling uses within the facility. The water is usually sent to a cooling canal or channel, lake, pond or tower to allow waste heat to be dissipated to the atmosphere and then is returned to the system. New source water (make-up water) is added to the system to replenish losses that have occurred due to blow-down, drift and evaporation.

"Critical Test Concentration (CTC)" means the specified effluent dilution at which the Permittee is to conduct a single-concentration Aquatic Toxicity test.

"Daily Concentration" means the concentration of a substance as measured in a daily composite sample, or, the arithmetic average of all grab sample results defining a grab sample average.

"Daily Quantity" means the quantity of waste discharged during an operating day.

"Diel" means daily and refers to variation in organism abundance and density over a 24-hour period due to the influence of water movement, physical or chemical changes, and changes in light intensity.

"Domestic Water" shall mean the water, and any constituents that may be in it, as supplied to the MPS from the public water supply system.

"Entrainment" means the incorporation of aquatic organisms, including all life stages of fish and shellfish, with intake water flow entering and passing through a cooling water intake structure and into a cooling water system.

"Fire Suppression System Discharges" shall mean the draining, flushing, and/or testing of fire suppression system components utilizing domestic water and/or seawater to assess the operability and integrity of these systems.

"Floor Drains Wastewaters" shall include but not be limited to, the draining of water to or from floor drains, plant component/systems, incidental leakage from system components such as packing leak from a pump, incidental groundwater in-leakage (e.g., cracks in building foundation), hydrolazing, and washing with water (domestic water, demineralized water, and seawater). This

definition does not include any chemical spills.

"Hydrolazing" shall mean the high pressure surface cleaning of system components utilizing domestic, demineralized, or sea water to clean system components, including the removal of attached biological growth.

"Incidental System Leakage" shall mean once through and/or closed loop cooling water minor leakage from piping, pipe components, valves, flanges, gland seal water, pressure relief valves during start up, shut down, plant operation and maintenance activities. Incidental System Leakage shall also include minor leakage of fire water, Millstone pure water treatment system side streams, demineralized water, condensates, domestic water systems, reactor water, primary and secondary system water as a result of minor leakage from various conveyance systems such as piping, pumps and valves. This definition does not include any chemical spills.

"Instantaneous Limit" means the highest allowable concentration of a substance as measured by a grab sample, or the highest allowable measurement of a parameter as obtained through instantaneous monitoring.

"Instantaneous Sampling" means a grab sample collected manually, or with automatic equipment, or in-line analysis with automated instrumentation, including but not limited to flow, temperature and pH.

"In stream Waste Concentration (IWC)" means the concentration of a discharge in the receiving water after mixing has occurred in the allocated zone of influence.

"Impingement" means the entrapment of aquatic organisms, including all life stages of fish and shellfish, on the intake structure or against a screening device during periods of intake water withdrawal.

"Maintenance wastewaters" shall mean those wastewaters described in this definition and generated as a result of repair, replacement, modification, testing, calibration, cleaning, emergency shutdown, draining, filling and/or decommissioning activities. This wastewater may include once through and/or closed loop cooling water, in addition to minor leakage of fire water, Millstone pure water treatment system side streams, demineralized water, condensates, domestic water systems, reactor water, primary and secondary system water as a result of minor leakage from maintenance on various conveyance systems such as piping, pumps and valves.

"Maximum Daily Limit", means the maximum allowable "Daily Concentration" (defined above) when expressed as a concentration (e.g. mg/l); otherwise, it means the maximum allowable "Daily Quantity" as defined above, unless it is expressed as a flow quantity. If expressed as a flow quantity it means "Maximum Daily Flow" as defined in section 22a-430-3(a) of the RCSA.

"Moribund" means dying; close to death.

"mg/l" means milligrams per liter.

"mgpd" means million gallons per day.

"NA" as a Monitoring Table abbreviation means "not applicable".

"NR" as a Monitoring Table abbreviation means "not required".

"No Observable Acute Effect Level (NOAEL)" means any concentration equal to or less than the critical test concentration in a single concentration (pass/fail) toxicity test conducted pursuant to section 22a-430-3(j)(7)(A)(i) RCSA demonstrating greater than 50% survival of test organisms in 100% (undiluted) effluent and 90% or greater survival of test organisms at the CTC.

"°F" means degrees Fahrenheit.

"Quarterly", in the context of a sampling frequency, means sampling is required in the months of January, April, July and October. If there is no discharge during a sampling month the Permittee shall report no discharge in the Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) and sample during the subsequent month when discharge becomes available.

"Range During Sampling" ("RDS"), as a sample type on any parameter, means the maximum and minimum of all values recorded as a result of analyzing each grab sample of; 1) a Composite Sample, or, 2) a Grab Sample Average. Range During Sampling means the maximum and minimum readings recorded with the continuous monitoring device during the Composite or Grab Sample Average sample collection.

"Range During Month" ("RDM"), as a sample type, means the lowest and the highest values of all of the monitoring data for the reporting month.

"Semi-Annual" in the context of a sampling frequency, means sampling is required in the months of January and July. If there is no discharge during a sampling month the Permittee shall report "No Discharge" in the Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) and sample during the subsequent month when discharge becomes available.

"Sludge Lancing" for the purposes of this permit shall mean the process for cleaning the internal portions of steam generators and the associated components. The process utilizes a series of flushes/drains and high pressure washing utilizing demineralized water. Wastewaters are processed through a filtration unit prior to discharge.

"Total Residual Chlorine" means the sum of total oxidants as measured by the methods for total residual chlorine approved pursuant to the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 136 of Title 40 (40 CFR 136), or as set forth pursuant to Sections 6 (A)(9) and (10) of this permit.

"ug/l" means micrograms per liter.

"Wet lay-up" means a condition where the Steam Generators are filled with water and may, or may not, contain elevated levels of hydrazine, ammonium hydroxide and/or ethanolamine depending on the need to scavenge oxygen and control pH.

SECTION 3: COMMISSIONER'S DECISION

(A) The Commissioner has issued a final determination and found that continuance of the existing systems to treat the discharges would protect the waters of the state and continuance of the existing discharges would not cause pollution of the waters of the state. With the issuance of this final determination by the Commissioner emergency authorization Number EA0100176 has expired, and is no longer of any force or effect. The Commissioner's decision is based on Application No.199701876 for permit reissuance received on June 13, 1997, transferred on March 30, 2001, and including all addenda, correspondence and submittals by MPS and the administrative record established in the processing of that application. Accordingly, the

Commissioner hereby authorizes the Permittee to discharge wastewaters in accordance with the provisions of this permit. This permit also includes determinations regarding section 316(a) of the federal Water Pollution Control Act 33 U.S.C. § 1326(a), and compliance with this permit is sufficient to assure the protection and propagation of a balanced indigenous population of shellfish, fish and wildlife in and on the receiving waters. This permit also contains a determination under section 316(b) of the federal Water Pollution Control Act, 33 U.S.C. § 1326(b) and Conn. Gen. Stat. § 22a-430(a). This 316(b) determination is in Section 10(K) of this permit.

- (B) The Commissioner hereby authorizes the Permittee to discharge in accordance with the provisions of this permit, the above referenced application, and all approvals issued by the Commissioner or the Commissioner's authorized agent subsequent to the issuance of this permit for the discharges and/or activities authorized by, or associated with, this permit.
- (C) The Commissioner reserves the right to make appropriate revisions to the permit in order to establish any appropriate effluent limitations, schedules of compliance, or other provisions which may be authorized under the Federal Clean Water Act or the CGS or regulations adopted thereunder, as amended. The permit as modified or renewed under this paragraph may also contain any other requirements of the Federal Clean Water Act or CGS or regulations adopted thereunder which are then applicable.

SECTION 4: GENERAL EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND REQUIREMENTS

- (A) No discharge by the Permittee's shall contain, or cause in the receiving stream, a visible oil sheen or floating solids, or cause visible discoloration or foaming in the receiving stream.
- (B) No discharge by the Permittee's shall cause acute or chronic toxicity in the receiving water body beyond any zone of influence specifically allocated to that discharge in this permit.
- (C) All samples taken by the Permittee to comply with this permit shall be comprised of only those wastewaters, or a portion of those wastewaters, described in the "Wastewater Description" section of the tables listed in section 5. Samples for each discharge assigned a serial number shall be collected at the "Monitoring Location Description" for that discharge serial number and shall be collected prior to combination with receiving waters or with wastewaters of any other discharge assigned a serial number. The requirements of this section shall apply, even for wastewaters that can be directed to an alternative pathway pursuant to section 4(H) of this permit. All samples collected by the Permittee shall be representative of the discharge during standard operating conditions.
- (D) In cases where limits and sample type are specified but sampling is not required by the Permittee in this permit, the limits specified shall apply to all samples which may be collected and analyzed by the Department of Environmental Protection personnel, the Permittee, or other parties.
- (E) The limits imposed on the discharges listed in this permit take effect on the issuance date of this permit, hence any sample taken after this date which, upon analysis, shows an exceedance of permit limits will be considered non-compliance.
- (F) The monitoring requirements begin on the date of issuance of this permit if the issuance date is on or before the 12th day of a month. For permits issued on or after the 13th day of a month, monitoring requirements begin the 1st day of the following month.
- (G) Monitoring and reporting of radioactive liquid releases are performed in accordance with the applicable 10 CFR 50.36A and 10 CFR 20.1301 Appendix B values Table 2 effluent concentrations
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"Standards for Protection Against Radiation" and 40 CFR 190. All annual monitoring reports submitted to the Federal Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) shall be sent to Connecticut Department of Environmental Protection, Bureau of Air Management, Radiation Control Division.

- (H) Whenever the Permittee redirects a discharge to an alternative pathway(s) that is specified in a table listed in section 5 of this permit, the Permittee shall comply with all requirements, including but not limited to, effluent and flow limits, monitoring, sampling, record-keeping, applicable to both the location in which the discharge originated and the alternative pathway(s). Before redirecting a discharge to an alternative pathway(s), the Permittee shall collect a sample or take any other action that may be necessary to determine compliance with all requirements applicable to the location in which the discharge originated. The Permittee shall also comply with section 22a-430-3(o)(2) of the RCSA when discharging at an alternative location. The Permittee may redirect a discharge to an "alternate pathway" specified in the Tables in Section 5, based upon the following factors:
 - (a) operational status of a Unit (start-up, shut down, operational);
 - (b) a necessity to route process water, not normally radiologically contaminated, to radiological treatment and subsequent discharge when radiological contamination is detected and such action is mandated by Dominion Nuclear Connecticut, Inc. (DNC) administrative controls consistent with NRC requirements;
 - (c) maintenance and/or repair on systems that would preclude use of the primary pathway; and
 - (d) discovery of constituent(s) in a discharge that would require removal by another pathway's treatment system in order to preclude a potential permit violation or would otherwise damage plant systems.
- (I) The Permittee is prohibited from discharging polychlorinated biphenyl compounds.

SECTION 5: SPECIFIC EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

- (A) The Permittee shall ensure that its discharges shall not exceed and shall otherwise conform to the specific terms and conditions listed below. The discharges are restricted by, and shall be monitored in accordance with, the tables below.
- (B) The Permittee shall comply with the "Remarks" and "Footnotes" noted in the tables that follow and such footnotes and remarks are enforceable like any other term or condition of this permit. The Permittee shall comply with a remark in such table even when the direction to "See a particular remark" does not appear in the table.
- (C) References in the "Remarks" or "Footnotes" section of the tables listed in section 5, to maintain certain records on-site, shall mean compliance with the record retention requirements of RCSA Section 22a-430-3(j)(9)(B).

Table A														
Discharge Serial Number: 001-1					Мог	nitoring Location:	1							
Wastewater Description: Discharge Points at Quarry	y Cut (Eas	at & West) from	Units 1, 2 and 3 ind	cluding discharges D	SN 001A, DSN 0	01B, DSN 001C, E	SN 005 and D	SN 009; fire supp	ression					
system discharges and wastewater from de-silting ope	erations from	om Units 2 and 3	3 intake structure (I	Discharge Code 1010	60z)									
Monitoring Location Description: Quarry Cut Outle	Monitoring Location Description: Quarry Cut Outlets													
Discharge is to: Long Island Sound via Quarry Cut	Discharge is to: Long Island Sound via Quarry Cut													
PARAMETER UNITS FLOW/TIME BASED MONITORING INSTANTANEOUS MONITORING Leve														
PARAMETER	UNITS	Average	Maximum	Sample//	Sample Type	Instantaneous	Sample//	Sample Type	Test ⁵					
		Monthly	Daily Limit	Reporting	or	limit or	Reporting	or						
		Limit	Limit Frequency ² Measurement required range Frequency ² measurement											
4			to be reported to be reported											
Aquatic Toxicity (Invertebrate) *	%	NA	NA NOAEL>100% Quarterly Daily NOAEL>100% NA Grab											
					Composite									
Aquatic Toxicity (Vertebrate) *	%	NA	NOAEL>100%	Quarterly	Daily Composite	NOAEL>100%	NA	Grab						
Flow, Average and Maximum ^{1,6}	gpd		2,255,625,000	Weekly//Monthly	Daily Flow	NA	NR	NA						
Flow, Total (Day of Sample Collection)	gpd	NA	2,255,625,000	Weekly//Monthly	Daily Flow	NA	NR	NA						
pH, continuous (see remark 1)	S.U.	NA	NA	NR	NA	6.0 to 9.0	Hourly	RDM						
Free Available Chlorine ⁵	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Weekly	Grab	*					
Temperature (see remark 2)	°F	NA	NA	NR	NA	105.0	Hourly	Instantaneous						
Temperature, intake/outlet differential (see remark	°F	NA	NA	NR	NA	32.0	Hourly	Instantaneous						
12)														
Total Residual Chlorine ⁵	prine ⁵ mg/l NA NA NR NA 0.1 Weekly Grab *													
Turbidity (see remark 9)	NTU NA NA NR NA Daily Grab													
Turbidity differential (see remark 9)	NTU	NA	NA	NR	NA	5.0	Daily	Grab						

Table A Footnotes and Remarks:Footnotes:

¹ For this parameter the Permittee shall maintain at the facility a record of the total flow for each day of discharge and shall report the Average Monthly Flow and the Maximum Daily Flow for each month.

² The first entry in this column is the 'Sample Frequency'. If this entry is not followed by a 'Reporting Frequency' and the 'Sample Frequency' is more frequent than monthly then the 'Reporting Frequency' is monthly. If the 'Sample Frequency' is specified as monthly, or less frequent, then the 'Reporting Frequency' is the same as the 'Sample Frequency'.

³ Minimum Level Test refers to Section 6, Paragraph (A) of this permit, where an asterisk appears.

⁴ See Section 7 for additional aquatic toxicity requirements and Tables II and JJ.

⁵Chlorine monitoring shall be conducted during time periods when chlorine is being added at one of the condensers for biofouling control in accordance with Table A, remark (6).

⁶ See Section 10(B) for alternative flow limitations during winter flounder entrainment season.

Remarks:

- (1) The pH of the discharge shall not be less than 6.0 nor greater than 9.0 Standard Units at any time, shall be monitored on a continuous, hourly basis, and reported on a monthly basis. The pH range for each month is defined as the highest and lowest single pH reading during all operating days of the month including periods when sampling is not performed. The Permittee shall monitor pH and temperature manually every four hours whenever the automated equipment malfunctions or is out of service for maintenance.
- (2) The maximum temperature of the discharge shall be 105°F. The Permittee shall report the maximum temperature of the discharge and the maximum temperature increase for each month.
- (3) The temperature of any discharge shall not increase the temperature of the receiving waters above 83°F, or, in any case, raise the temperature of the receiving waters by more than 4 °F. For purposes of these conditions, cognizance will be given to reasonable time and distance to allow mixing of the effluent and receiving waters, but the boundary of the mixing zone for the: (i) increase in temperature of the receiving waters above 83°F; and (ii) the 4 °F rise in temperature shall not exceed a radius of 8,000 feet from the discharge outlet at the quarry cuts.
- (4) The thermal plume allowed within the permissible mixing zone as defined by these conditions shall not block zones of fish passage.
- (5) The discharge and operation of all facilities shall not alter significantly the color, turbidity, taste, odor or levels of coliform bacteria from ambient levels in the receiving waters; nor shall the level of dissolved oxygen in the receiving waters fall below 6.0 mg/l as a result of such discharge.

- (6) Chlorine shall not be discharged in the condenser cooling water of more than one unit at any one time or for more than two hours per unit in any one day.
- (7) The discharge shall contain no other chemical constituents in concentrations which are harmful to human, animal or aquatic life, or which make the receiving waters unsafe or unsuitable for fish or shellfish or their propagation, impair the palatability of same, or impair the waters for other uses.
- (8) The Permittee shall maintain onsite the following data:
 - Daily range of pH Daily range of flow Daily maximum temperature (°F) Daily minimum temperature (°F) Daily average temperature (°F) Daily maximum temperature increase (°F) Daily average temperature increase (°F)
- (9) Turbidity monitoring is only required on days when desilting operations wastewater from either Unit 2 or Unit 3 is discharged to the Quarry. The background sample for turbidity to determine compliance with the effluent limitation shall be a grab sample from the vicinity of the Millstone Harbor or the Environmental Laboratory Boat Dock.
- (10) The report shall include a detailed explanation of any violations of the limitations specified above.
- (11) The Permittee shall maintain all free available chlorine and total residual chlorine analytical data on-site and shall report on the DMR the lowest and highest values for the month.

(12) The differential temperature increase at the Quarry Cut above the intake water temperature under unusual conditions may be increased to 44 $^{\circ}$ F for a period not exceeding 24 hours. In the event the temperature differential exceeds 32 $^{\circ}$ F, the Department of Environmental Protection shall be notified at once or by the next working day and a written report filed within 5 working days. During the reduced intake flow period specified in Section 10(C) of this permit, the differential temperature shall not exceed 41 $^{\circ}$ F.

	T	ABLE B			Monite	oring Location: 1							
Discharge Serial Number: 001A													
Wastewater Description: Unit 1 Miscellaneous De	commissio	oning Wastewaters	from Sumps: ba	tch discharge compris	sed of wastewaters fi	rom various Unit 1 s	sumps including	groundwater, roo	f drains,				
cooling water (either demineralized plant makeup wa	ater or don	nestic water), syster	m leakage, comp	onent makeup water,	domestic water, fire	suppression system	water, sample c	ollection wastewa	ater,				
wastewater from maintenance activities, incidental le	eakage duri	ing operation and r	naintenance acti	vities, system drain d	owns, and the Unit 1	evaporator system	storage tanks (in	cluding wastewat	er from				
DSNs 001B-2, 001B-3, 001C-2, 001C-3 and stack st	ump water	that may be directed	ed to this storage	tank as an alternate	pathway in accordan	ce with Section 4 (H	I) above). Unit	1 decommissionin	ng and safe				
store system waters may be directed to this discharge	e from the	Unit 1 spent fuel p	ool, Unit 1 spent	fuel pool cooling sys	stem, and from drain	ing and flushing fro	m decontaminat	ion of MP1 plant					
components. (Discharge Code: 153000N)													
Monitoring Location Description: Immediately following treatment; sample tap off the effluent sample pump. (Discharge Code 117000n)													
FLOW/TIME BASED MONITORING INSTANTANEOUS MONITORING Minimum													
	UNITO		FLOW/TIME BASED MONITORING INSTANTANEOUS MONITORING Level										
PARAMETER	UNITS	Average	Maximum	Sample//	Sample Type or	Instantaneous	Sample//	Sample Type	Test ³				
		Monthly Limit	Daily Limit	Reporting	Measurement to	limit or required	Reporting	or					
				Frequency ²	be reported	range	Frequency ²	measurement					
					-	Ū		to be reported					
Flow, Total	gpd	NA	40,000	Monthly	Daily Flow	NA	NR	NA					
Flow, Maximum ¹	gpd		40,000	Daily	Daily Flow	NA	NR	NA					
Oil & Grease, Total	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA	15.0	Quarterly	Grab					
pH	S.U.	NA	NA	NR	NA	6.0 to 9.0	Weekly	Grab					
Ethanolamine	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Weekly	Grab					
Chlorodifluoromethane ⁴	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Weekly	Grab					
Dichlorodifluoromethane ⁵	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Weekly	Grab					
Hydrazine	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Weekly	Grab	*				
Boron	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Weekly	Grab	*				
Lead	mg/l	g/l NA NA NR NA Weekly Grab *											
Nickel	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Weekly	Grab	*				
Total Suspended Solids	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA	30.0	Quarterly	Grab					
Zinc, Total	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA	1.0	Weekly	Grab	*				

Table B Footnotes:

¹ The Permittee shall maintain at the facility a record of the total flow for each day of discharge and shall report the Maximum Daily Flow for each month.

² The first entry in this column is the 'Sample Frequency'. If this entry is not followed by a 'Reporting Frequency' and the 'Sample Frequency' is more frequent than monthly then the 'Reporting Frequency' is the same as the 'Sample Frequency'.

³ Minimum Level Test refers to Section 6, Paragraph (A) of this permit, where an asterisk appears.

⁴ Sampling analysis shall consist of the total measurement of chlorodifluoromethane concentration.

⁵ Sampling analysis shall consist of the total measurement of dichlorodifluoromethane concentration.

	TA	BLE C			Μ	Monitoring Location: 1					
Discharge Serial Number: 001B											
Wastewater Description: Unit No. 2 Discharge, ind	cluding DS	SNs 001B-1 throug	h 001B-11: Unit	t 2 condenser non-co	ntact cooling wa	ter and service water, in	take pump seal a	and lubricating wa	iter,		
miscellaneous cooling water system leakage and drai	nage, hydi	olazing, drainage o	of plant systems	and components duri	ng start-up, shut	tdown, plant operation, i	ncidental system	n leakage and main	ntenance		
wastewater, intake bay maintenance and dewatering a	activities, s	service water strain	er backwash, int	take desilting wastew	ater (Discharge	Code 101060Z)					
Monitoring Location Description: Mouth of discharge tunnel 001B, which feeds into the quarry											
Discharge is to: Long Island Sound via Quarry Cut											
	FLOW/TIME BASED MONITORING INSTANTANEOUS MONITORING Minimum										
	UNITE	Level									
PARAMETER	UNITS	Average	Maximum	Sample//	Sample Type	or Instantaneous	Sample//	Sample Type	Test ³		
		Monthly Limit	Daily Limit	Reporting	Measurement	to limit or required	Reporting	or			
				Frequency ²	be reported	range	Frequency ²	Measurement			
								to be reported			
Flow, Average and Maximum ¹	gpd		844,652,000	Continuous	Daily Flow	/ NA	NR	NA			
Flow, Total	gpd	NA	844,652,000	Weekly	Daily Flow	/ NA	NR	NA			
pH, Continuous (see remark 1)	S.U.	NA	NA	NR	NA	6.0 to 9.0	Hourly	RDM			
Chlorine, Free Available	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA	0.25	Weekly	Grab	*		
Hydrazine	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Monthly	Grab	*		
Molybdenum	mg/l	mg/l NA NA NR NA Quarterly Grab									
Temperature, intake and outlet differential (see	°F	F NA NA NR NA 32.0 Hourly Instantaneous									
remarks 2 and 6)											

Table C Footnotes and Remarks:

Footnotes:

¹ For this parameter the Permittee shall maintain at the facility a record of the total flow for each day of discharge and shall report the Average Monthly Flow and the Maximum Daily Flow for each month. ² The first entry in this column is the 'Sample Frequency'. If this entry is not followed by a 'Reporting Frequency' and the 'Sample Frequency' is more frequent than monthly then the 'Reporting

Frequency' is monthly. If the 'Sample Frequency' is specified as monthly, or less frequent, then the 'Reporting Frequency' is the same as the 'Sample Frequency'.

³ Minimum Level Test refers to Section 6, Paragraph (A) of this permit, where an asterisk appears.

<u>Remarks:</u>

- (1) The Permittee shall report the highest and lowest single pH and temperature reading of the month including periods when sampling is not performed. The Permittee shall monitor pH and temperature manually every four hours whenever the automated equipment malfunctions or is out of service for maintenance.
- (2) The differential temperature increase at the Unit 2 discharge above the intake water temperature shall not exceed 32°F during full condenser cooling water flow operations and shall not exceed 44°F for more than 24 hours due to pump failure or maintenance. During reduced flow due to extended (more than 24 hours) pump outage or maintenance, the delta T shall not exceed 38°F with a corresponding limit of 44°F for 24 hours due to failure or maintenance of an additional pump. During the reduced intake flow period specified in Section 10(C) of this permit, the delta T shall not exceed 46°F during periods of reduced flow with a corresponding limit of 48°F for 24 hours due to pump failure or maintenance.

(3) Free available chlorine shall not be discharged in the condenser cooling water for more than two hours in any one day. Free available chlorine shall not be discharged in the condenser cooling water of more than one unit at any one time. Whenever the Unit 2 circulating water system is operating, weekly monitoring of free available chlorine shall be performed when chlorination of condenser cooling water occurs.

(4) The Permittee shall maintain all free available chlorine analytical data onsite and shall report on the DMR the lowest and highest values for each month.

(5) The Permittee shall maintain onsite the following data:

Daily range of pH Daily range of flow Daily maximum temperature (°F) Daily minimum temperature (°F) Daily average temperature (°F) Daily maximum temperature increase (°F) Daily minimum temperature increase (°F)

(6) Routine operating procedures include the elevation of the intake water temperature on each condenser by a thermal backwash process required for the control of sea mussels and a condenser backflush process for the removal of debris during and/or after storm events or following thermal backwashes. The true temperature difference between the intake water and discharge water into the Quarry shall be allowed to exceed the permit limit for very brief periods (i.e. a maximum of four hours per intake bay per backwash) during these backwash/backflush procedures.

TABLE D						oring Location: 1					
Discharge Serial Number: 001B-1											
Wastewater Description: Unit No. 2 Steam Genera	tor blowdo	own tanks and blow	vdown generated	l during open cycle S	team Generator blov	vdown during startu	p, standby, hot s	tandby, operation	and		
shutdown. In accordance with Section 4 (H), DSN (001B-1(a)	may be redirected	to this alternativ	e location during mai	ntenance activities.	(Discharge Code 10	1060N)				
Monitoring Location Description: Turbine Building	g sample ta	ap for either Steam	Generator, Aux	iliary Building Prima	ry Sample Room Va	lves, or Recirculation	on/Pump Down	Skid Sample Valv	e.		
FLOW/TIME BASED MONITORING INSTANTANEOUS MONITORING Min											
	UNITS								Level		
PARAMETER	UNITS	Average	Maximum	Sample//	Sample Type or	Instantaneous	Sample//	Sample Type	Test ³		
		Monthly Limit	Daily Limit	Reporting	Measurement to	limit or required	Reporting	or			
				Frequency ²	be reported	range	Frequency ²	Measurement			
								to be reported			
Flow, Average and Maximum ¹	gpd		1,440,000 Weekly//Monthly Daily Flow NA NR NA								
Flow, Total (Day of Sample Collection)	gpd	NA	1,440,000	Weekly//Monthly	Daily Flow	NA	NR	NA			
Ammonia as Nitrogen	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab			
Ammonia as Nitrogen	kg/day	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab			
Nitrate	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab			
Nitrite	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab			
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab			
pH	S.U.	NA	NA	NR	NA		Weekly	Grab			
Ethanolamine	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Monthly	Grab			
Hydrazine	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Weekly	Grab	*		
Oil and Grease, Total	mg/l	ng/l 10.0 15.0 NR Grab Sample 15.0 Quarterly Grab									
	-				Average						
Total Suspended Solids	mg/l	20.0	30.0	NR	Daily Composite	30.0	Quarterly	Grab			
Boron	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab	*		

Table D Footnotes and Remarks:

Footnotes:

¹ The Permittee shall maintain at the facility a record of the total flow for each day of discharge and shall report the Maximum Daily Flow for each month.

² The first entry in this column is the 'Sample Frequency'. If this entry is not followed by a 'Reporting Frequency' and the 'Sample Frequency' is more frequent than monthly then the 'Reporting Frequency' is the same as the 'Sample Frequency'.

³ Minimum Level Test refers to Section 6, Paragraph (A) of this permit, where an asterisk appears.

Remarks:

(1) Grab sample shall be a flow proportional composite of grab samples of all Unit 2 Steam Generators in use at the time of sampling.

TABLE E Monitoring Location: 1													
Discharge Serial Number: 001B-1(a)													
Wastewater Description: Unit No. 2 Steam Genera shutdown blowdowns and/or quench tank and sludge	tor Second lancing (1	dary Side Wet Layı Discharge Code 11	ıp Discharge: St 7000N)	eam Generators syste	m drainage for main	tenance, chemica	l control and startu	p, hot standby, an	id hot				
Monitoring Location Description: Turbine Buildin	ig sample	tap for each Steam	Generator, Auxi	liary Building primar	y sample room valv	es, or recirculation	n/pumpdown skids	sampling valves.					
For Sludge lancing: After the filtration unit													
FLOW/TIME BASED MONITORING INSTANTANEOUS MONITORING Minimu Level Tot 3													
PARAMETER	011110	Average	erage Maximum Sample// Sample Type or Instantaneous Sample// Sample Type Test ³										
		Monthly Limit	Daily Limit	Reporting	Measurement to	limit or	Reporting	or					
				Frequency ²	be reported	required	Frequency ²	Measurement					
						range		to be reported					
Hydrazine	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA	125.0	Weekly	Grab	*				
Ethanolamine (see remark 2)	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Monthly	Grab					
Flow, Maximum ¹ (see remark 3)	gpd	NA	280,000	Daily//Monthly	Daily Flow	NA	NR	NA					
Copper, Total (see remark 1)	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab	*				
Iron, Total (see remark 1)	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab					
Lead, Total (see remark 1)	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab	*				
Nickel, Total (see remark 1)	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab	*				
Oil & Grease, Total (see remark 1) mg/l 10.0 15.0 NR Grab Sample 15.0 Quarterly Grab Average Average Average Average Average Average Average Average													
Total Suspended Solids (see remark 1)	Total Suspended Solids (see remark 1) mg/l 20.0 30.0 NR Daily Composite 30.0 Quarterly Grab												
Zinc, Total (see remark 1)	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab	*				

Table E Footnotes and Remarks:

Footnotes:

¹ The Permittee shall maintain at the facility a record of the total flow for each day of discharge and shall report the Maximum Daily Flow for each month.

² The first entry in this column is the 'Sample Frequency'. If this entry is not followed by a 'Reporting Frequency' and the 'Sample Frequency' is more frequent than monthly then the 'Reporting Frequency' is monthly. If the 'Sample Frequency' is specified as monthly, or less frequent, then the 'Reporting Frequency' is the same as the 'Sample Frequency'.

³ Minimum Level Test refers to Section 6, Paragraph (A) of this permit, where an asterisk appears.

Remarks:

(1) The Permittee shall sample sludge lancing wastewater after filtration at least once per year for the following pollutants: copper, iron, lead, nickel, oil & grease, total suspended solids and zinc.

(2) Sampling and analysis for ethanolamine is only required when ethanolamine is being added to the Steam Generator in wet lay up.

(3) Only one unit may discharge secondary side wet lay up drainage at any one time.

TABLE F Monit												
Discharge Serial Number: 001B-2												
Wastewater Description: Unit No. 2 Aerated Waste	Monitor	Tank Discharge: w	astewaters from	the Reactor Building	, Radiological Cont	rolled Areas, Turbin	e Building sump	s, Auxiliary Build	ling sumps,			
Chemistry Laboratory drains and coolant waste waste	waters (fr	om DSN 001B-3) (directed to DSN	001B-2 during startu	p, shutdown, opera	ion, incidental syste	m leakage and m	naintenance, Unit	1 and Unit			
2 radiologically contaminated wastewaters. Unit 3 A	uxiliary B	oiler system leakag	e and drains fro	m maintenance activi	ties, Steam Generat	or blowdown, roof d	rains, groundwa	ter, domestic wate	er, and plant			
makeup water (pure water). Also, an alternative path	nakeup water (pure water). Also, an alternative pathway for Steam Generator blowdown, sludge lancing and wet lay-up via a containment sump that is normally directed to DSN 001B-1 and 001B-1(a).											
RBCCW that is normally directed to DSN 001B-9 may be directed to this discharge via the RBCCW sump during maintenance activities, if radiologically contaminated. In accordance with Section 4(H),												
vastewaters including service water drains may be redirected to this location from DSNs 001A, 001B-1, 001B-1(a), 001B-2(a), 001B-2(b), 001B-3, 001B-5, 001B-9, 001B-11, stack sump water and Unit 2												
Turbine Building sumps. (Discharge Code 117000N)												
Monitoring Location Description: Sample valve in auxiliary building primary sample room or sample valves on recycle/mixing piping leg of discharge pump for aerated waste monitoring tank.												
	Imple value in auxiliary building primary sample room or sample values on recycle/mixing piping leg of discharge pump for aerated waste monitoring tank. FLOW/TIME BASED MONITORING INSTANTANEOUS MONITORING Minimum											
									Level			
PARAMETER	UNITS	Average Maximum Sample// Sample Ty				Instantaneous	Sample//	Sample Type	Test ³			
		Monthly Limit	Daily Limit	Reporting	Measurement to	limit or required	Reporting	or				
		Montiny Linit	Daily Linit	Frequency ²	he reported	range	Frequency ²	Measurement				
				riequency	be reported	Tulige	requeitey	to be reported				
Flow, Maximum ¹	gpd	NA	15,000	Daily//Monthly	Daily Flow	NA	NR	NĂ				
Ethanolamine	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Monthly	Grab				
Hydrazine	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Weekly	Grab	*			
pH	S.U.	NA	NA	NR	NA		Weekly	Grab				
Boron	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab	*			
Molybdenum (see remark 1)	mg/l	1 NA NA NR NA Quarterly Grab										
Oil & Grease, Total	mg/l	10.0	10.0 15.0 NR Grab Sample 15.0 Quarterly Grab									
					Average							
Total Suspended Solids	mg/l	20.0	30.0	NR	Daily Composite	30.0	Quarterly	Grab				

Table F Footnotes and Remarks:

Footnotes:

¹ The Permittee shall maintain at the facility a record of the total flow for each day of discharge and shall report the Maximum Daily Flow for each month.

² The first entry in this column is the 'Sample Frequency'. If this entry is not followed by a 'Reporting Frequency' and the 'Sample Frequency' is more frequent than monthly then the 'Reporting Frequency' is monthly. If the 'Sample Frequency' is specified as monthly, or less frequent, then the 'Reporting Frequency' is the same as the 'Sample Frequency'.

³ Minimum Level Test refers to Section 6, Paragraph (A) of this permit, where an asterisk appears.

Remarks:

(1) A molybdenum sample shall be collected and analyzed during any closed cooling system drainage if molybdenum is being used as a corrosion inhibitor.

TABLE G Monitoring Location: 1													
Discharge Serial Number: 001B-2(a)													
Wastewater Description: Unit No. 2 Steam Genera	tor Chemi	cal Cleaning and C	Chemical Decont	amination Wastewa	ters Discharge (Disch	arge Code 101070n))						
Monitoring Location Description: DSN 001B-2 or	DSN 001	B-3 discharge mon	itoring location	(See Section 10 Pa	ragraph B of this perr	nit)							
Maximum Frequency of Discharge: Approximately	y 30 days	during an outage											
Expected Frequency: One activity per year													
		F	TLOW/TIME B	ASED MONITOR	ING	INSTANTA	NEOUS MON	ITORING	Minimum				
ДА ДА МЕТЕД	UNITS		Learning Comple// Comple// Comple Type on Leatentaneous Comple// Comple Type 1										
FARAMETER		Average	Maximum	Sample//	Sample Type or	Instantaneous	Sample//	Sample Type	1051				
		Monthly Limit	Daily Limit	Reporting	Measurement to	limit or required	Reporting	or					
				Frequency ²	be reported	range	Frequency ²	Measurement					
	/1		Weakly Daily Composite NA NA *										
Boron, Total	mg/l		Weekly Daily Composite NA NR NA *										
Copper, Total	mg/l	1.0	1.0	Weekly	Daily Composite	1.5	NR	NA	*				
Iron, Total	mg/l	1.0	1.0	Weekly	Daily Composite	1.5	NR	NA					
Cadmium, Total	mg/l	0.1	0.5	Weekly	Daily Composite	0.75	NR	NA					
Chromium, Total	mg/l	1.0	2.0	Weekly	Daily Composite	3.0	NR	NA					
Flow, Maximum ¹	gpd	NA	60,000	Monthly	Daily Flow	NA	NR	NA					
Hydrazine	mg/l			Weekly	Daily Composite	NA	NR	NA	*				
Lead, Total	mg/l	0.1	0.5	Weekly	Daily Composite	0.75	NR	NA	*				
Molybdenum (see remark 1)	mg/l			Weekly	Daily Composite	NA	NR	NA					
Nickel, Total	mg/l	1.0	2.0	Weekly	Daily Composite	NA	NR	NA	*				
Zinc, Total	mg/l	1.0	2.0	Weekly	Daily Composite	3.0	NR	NA	*				
рН	S.U. NA NA NR NA 6-9 Weekly Grab												
Total Suspended Solids	mg/l	20.0	30.0	Weekly	Daily Composite	30.0	NR	NA					
Oil & Grease, Total	mg/l	10.015.0WeeklyGrab Sample15.0NRNA											
					Average								

Table G Footnotes and Remarks:

Footnotes:

¹ The Permittee shall maintain at the facility a record of the total flow for each day of discharge and shall report the Maximum Daily Flow for each month.

² The first entry in this column is the 'Sample Frequency'. If this entry is not followed by a 'Reporting Frequency' and the 'Sample Frequency' is more frequent than monthly then the 'Reporting Frequency' is monthly. If the 'Sample Frequency' is specified as monthly, or less frequent, then the 'Reporting Frequency' is the same as the 'Sample Frequency'.

³ Minimum Level Test refers to Section 6, Paragraph (A) of this permit, where an asterisk appears.

Remarks:

(1) A molybdenum sample shall be collected and analyzed weekly during closed cooling system drainage if molybdenum is being used as a corrosion inhibitor.

	Monite	oring Location: 1									
Discharge Serial Number: 001B-3											
Wastewater Description: Unit No. 2 Coolant Waste	• Monitor	Tank Discharge: w	astewater from t	he Auxiliary Building	g, Reactor Building	and Reactor Coolan	t sumps, Aerated	d Waste Monitorii	ng Tanks,		
aerated waste collected in the Coolant Waste Monitor	ing Tanks	s, and other radiolo	gical controlled	areas during plant sta	rtup, operation, shu	tdown, incidental sy	stem leakage an	d maintenance, U	nit 1 and		
Unit 2 radiologically contaminated wastewaters. Uni	Unit 2 radiologically contaminated wastewaters. Unit 3 Auxiliary Boiler system leakage and drains from maintenance activities, Steam Generator blowdown, groundwater in-leakage and roof drains and										
domestic water. In accordance with Section 4 (H), wastewaters may be redirected to this location from DSN 001B-1 (Steam Generator blowdown, sludge lancing, and wet lay-up), DSN 001B-1(a), the											
aerated waste drain tank (and all its inputs), DSNs 001A, 001B-2, 001B-2(a), 001B-2(b), 001B-9, 001B-11, stack sump water and Unit 2 Turbine Building sumps. (Discharge Code 117000N)											
Monitoring Location Description: Sample valve in auxiliary building primary sample room on discharge piping of coolant waste tank(s) discharge pump											
		FLOW/TIME BASED MONITORING INSTANTANEOUS MONITORING Minimum									
	UNITO								Level		
PARAMETER	UNITS	Average	Maximum	Sample//	Sample Type or	Instantaneous	Sample//	Sample Type	Test ³		
		Monthly Limit	Daily Limit	Reporting	Measurement to	limit or required	Reporting	or			
		_	-	Frequency ²	be reported	range	Frequency ²	Measurement			
								to be reported			
Flow, Maximum ¹	gpd	NA	90,000	Daily//Monthly	Daily Flow	NA	NR	NA			
Ethanolamine	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Monthly	Grab			
Hydrazine	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Weekly	Grab	*		
pH	S.U.	NA	NA	NR	NA		Weekly	Grab			
Oil & Grease, Total	mg/l	10.0	15.0	NR	Grab Sample	15.0	Quarterly	Grab			
					Average						
Boron	mg/l	mg/l NA NA NR NA Quarterly Grab *									
Molybdenum (see remark 1)	mg/l	NA NA NR NA Quarterly Grab									
Total Suspended Solids	mg/l	20.0	30.0	NR	Daily Composite	30.0	Quarterly	Grab			

Table H Footnotes and Remarks:

Footnotes:

¹ The Permittee shall maintain at the facility a record of the total flow for each day of discharge and shall report the Maximum Daily Flow for each month.

² The first entry in this column is the 'Sample Frequency'. If this entry is not followed by a 'Reporting Frequency' and the 'Sample Frequency' is more frequent than monthly then the 'Reporting Frequency' is monthly. If the 'Sample Frequency' is specified as monthly, or less frequent, then the 'Reporting Frequency' is the same as the 'Sample Frequency'.

³ Minimum Level Test refers to Section 6, Paragraph (A) of this permit, where an asterisk appears.

Remarks:

(1) A molybdenum sample shall be collected and analyzed during closed cooling system drainage if molybdenum is being used as a corrosion inhibitor.

Monitoring Location: 1

Discharge Serial Number: 001B-5

Wastewater Description: Unit No. 2 Auxiliary Heat Exchanger: service water discharge, including pump lubrication water, pump seal water, hydrolazing wastewaters, circulating water and service water system drainage during startup, shutdown, plant operation, incidental system leakage, and maintenance (Discharge Code 102000N)

Monitoring Location Description: Turbine Building closed cooling heat exchangers service water sampling valve, Reactor Building closed cooling heat exchangers service water discharge piping manifold sampling valve, emergency diesel service water line sampling valve, or auxiliary building service water sample valves.

		F	FLOW/TIME B	ASED MONITORI	INSTANTA	Minimum			
	UNITS			<u>.</u>			•	•	Level
PARAMETER		Average	Maximum	Sample//	Sample Type or	Instantaneous	Sample//	Sample Type	1 est
		Monthly Limit	Daily Limit	Reporting	Measurement to	limit or required	Reporting	or	
				Frequency ²	be reported	range	Frequency ²	Measurement	
								to be reported	
Flow, Average and Maximum ¹	gpd		51,840,000	Weekly	Daily Flow	NA	NR	NA	
Flow, Total (Day of Sample Collection)	gpd	NA	51,840,000	Weekly//Monthly	Daily Flow	NA	NR	NA	
Chlorine, Free Available (see remarks)	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA	0.25	Weekly	See remark 2	*
								below	

Table I Footnotes and Remarks:

Footnotes:

¹ The Permittee shall maintain at the facility a record of the total flow for each day of discharge and shall report the Average Monthly Flow and Maximum Daily Flow for each month.

² The first entry in this column is the 'Sample Frequency'. If this entry is not followed by a 'Reporting Frequency' and the 'Sample Frequency' is more frequent than monthly then the 'Reporting Frequency' is monthly. If the 'Sample Frequency' is specified as monthly, or less frequent, then the 'Reporting Frequency' is the same as the 'Sample Frequency'.

³Minimum Level Test refers to Section 6, Paragraph (A) of this permit, where an asterisk appears.

Remarks:

(1) The Permittee shall maintain all free available chlorine analytical data on-site and shall report on the DMR the lowest and highest values for the month.

(2) Grab samples for free available chlorine monitoring shall be composed of a flow proportioned average of the operating service water trains.

TABLE I

	TA	BLE J			Monit	oring Location: 1							
Discharge Serial Number: 001B-6													
Wastewater Description: Condensate Polisher Reg	eneration '	Wastewater Neutra	lization Tank Di	ischarge: Unit 2 Cond	lensate Polishing Fa	cility operation incl	uding system are	ea floor drains, ve	nts,				
incidental leakage, and maintenance activity wastewa	ater, resin 1	regeneration and di	rain wastewater,	condensate system p	olisher wastewater,	fire water, waste eva	porator feed tan	k water, service w	ater				
(seawater), Unit 3 Auxiliary Boiler system steam and	d drainage	from condensate re	ecovery tank, do	mestic water, hot wat	er heating system d	rainage, plant equipi	ment domestic w	ater washwater, fo	eed water				
and condensate system drainage (secondary system),	air conditi	oner and air comp	ressor condensat	e drains, condenser p	it sumps, condense	pit sumps GAC filt	er backwash, Ste	am Generator dra	inage from				
wet lay-up during startup, shutdown, plant operation	, incidenta	l system leakage, a	nd maintenance.	This discharge is es	sentially a batch dis	charge; however, so	me of the minor	inputs are continu	ious.				
Continuous inputs include domestic water inputs from	m pump ar	nd fan seal water ar	nd sample sink d	rains. In accordance	with Section 4 (H)	, DSN 001B-1(a) and	d condenser pit s	sumps may be red	irected to				
this alternative location during plant operation and m	naintenance	e activities. (Disch	arge Code 1060	00N)									
Monitoring Location Description: Sample valves in	n the Cond	ensate Polishing F	acility on the filt	ter outlet.									
		F	FLOW/TIME B	ASED MONITORI	NG	INSTANTA	NEOUS MON	ITORING	Minimum				
	UNITE		Level										
PARAMETER	UNITS	Average	age Maximum Sample// Sample Type or Instantaneous Sample// Sample Type Tes										
		Monthly Limit	Daily Limit	Reporting	Measurement to	limit or required	Reporting	or					
		5		Frequency ²	be reported	range	Frequency ²	Measurement					
				1 5	1	2	1 5	to be reported					
Flow, Maximum ¹	gpd	NA	75,000	Daily//Monthly	Daily Flow	NA	NR	NA					
Ammonia as Nitrogen	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Monthly	Grab					
Ammonia as Nitrogen	kg/day	NA	NA	NR	NA		Monthly						
Nitrate	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab					
Nitrite	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab					
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab					
Hydrazine	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA	37.5	Weekly	Grab	*				
Ethanolamine	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Monthly	Grab					
Total Suspended Solids	mg/l	20.0	30.0	NR	Daily Composite	30.0	Quarterly	Grab					
Boron	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab	*				
Molybdenum (see remark 1)	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab					
pH	S.U.	NA	NA	NR	NA	6.0 to 9.0	Weekly	Grab					
Oil & Grease, Total	mg/l	10.0	15.0	NR	Grab Sample	15.0	Quarterly	Grab					
	Ŭ				Average								
Zinc, Total	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab	*				

Table J Footnotes and Remarks:

Footnotes:

¹ The Permittee shall maintain at the facility a record of the total flow for each day of discharge and shall report the Maximum Daily Flow for each month.

² The first entry in this column is the 'Sample Frequency'. If this entry is not followed by a 'Reporting Frequency' and the 'Sample Frequency' is more frequent than monthly then the 'Reporting Frequency' is monthly. If the 'Sample Frequency' is specified as monthly, or less frequent, then the 'Reporting Frequency' is the same as the 'Sample Frequency'.

³ Minimum Level Test refers to Section 6, Paragraph (A) of this permit, where an asterisk appears.

Remarks:

(1) A molybdenum sample shall be collected and analyzed during closed cooling system drainage if molybdenum is being used as a corrosion inhibitor.

	TA	BLE K			Monit	oring Location: 1						
Discharge Serial Number: 001B-8												
Wastewater Description: Unit No. 2 Condenser Ho	twell Disc	charge during start-	-up, shutdown, p	plant operation, incide	ental system leakage,	and maintenance:	Steam Generator	(s) system drains	during Unit			
2 outages, drainage from feedwater and condensate s	ystems, se	condary system dra	ainage including	wet lay-up and Turb	ne Building drains o	luring maintenance	activities, incide	ntal system leakas	ge and			
maintenance activities including hydrolazing. DSN (01B-1 an	d DSN 001B-1(a)	may be redirecte	d to this alternative lo	ocation in accordanc	e with Section 4(H)	(Discharge Cod	e 117000N)				
Monitoring Location Description: Sample valves of	n the disc	harge piping of the	e condensers or s	sample valves on the	lischarge piping of t	he condensate pump	08.					
		I	FLOW/TIME B	ASED MONITORI	NG	INSTANTA	NEOUS MONI	ITORING	Minimum			
		Level										
PARAMETER	UNITS	Average	verage Maximum Sample// Sample Type or Instantaneous Sample// Sample Type Test ³									
		Monthly Limit	Daily Limit	Reporting	Measurement to	limit or required	Reporting	or				
		Montally Emile	Durly Linne	Frequency ²	be reported	range	Frequency ²	Measurement				
						8-		to be reported				
Flow, Maximum ¹	gpd	NA	250,000	Daily//Monthly	Daily Flow	NA	NR	NĂ				
Hydrazine	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Monthly	Grab	*			
pH	S.U.	NA	NA	NR	NA		Weekly	Grab				
Total Suspended Solids	mg/l	20.0	30.0	NR	Daily Composite	30.0	Quarterly	Grab				
Ethanolamine	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Monthly	Grab				
Boron	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab	*			
Molybdenum (see remark 1)	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab				
Oil & Grease, Total	mg/l 10.0 15.0 NR Grab Sample 15.0 Quarterly Grab											
					Average							

Table K Footnotes and Remarks:

Footnotes:

¹ The Permittee shall maintain at the facility a record of the total flow for each day of discharge and shall report the Maximum Daily Flow for each month.

² The first entry in this column is the 'Sample Frequency'. If this entry is not followed by a 'Reporting Frequency' and the 'Sample Frequency' is more frequent than monthly then the 'Reporting Frequency' is monthly. If the 'Sample Frequency' is specified as monthly, or less frequent, then the 'Reporting Frequency' is the same as the 'Sample Frequency'.

³ Minimum Level Test refers to Section 6, Paragraph (A) of this permit, where an asterisk appears.

Remarks:

(1) A molybdenum sample shall be collected and analyzed during closed cooling system drainage if molybdenum is being used as a corrosion inhibitor.

TABLE L Monitoring Location: 1											
Discharge Serial Number: 001B-9											
Wastewater Description: Unit No. 2 Closed Coolin	g Water S	ystem Drainage: T	urbine Building,	Reactor Building clo	sed cooling water d	rainage, chilled wate	er system draina	ge, hydrolazing w	astewaters,		
domestic water, demineralized water, service water ar	lomestic water, demineralized water, service water and incidental system leakage during startup, plant operation, and maintenance. In accordance with Section 4 (H), DSNs 001B-5, 001B-8 and 001B-11										
may be redirected to this alternative location. (Discharge Code 102000N)											
Monitoring Location Description: Sample valves for reactor or Turbine Building sample sink, Turbine Building closed cooling water heat exchangers sample valves; Reactor Building closed cooling											
water heat exchangers sample valves, chilled water he	eat exchar	at exchanger sample valves, or chilled water pump discharge sample valves.									
		FLOW/TIME BASED MONITORING INSTANTANEOUS MONITORING Minimum									
	UNITO								Level		
PARAMETER	UNITS	Average	Maximum	Sample//	Sample Type or	Instantaneous	Sample//	Sample Type	Test ³		
		Monthly Limit	Daily Limit	Reporting	Measurement to	limit or required	Reporting	or			
		-		Frequency ²	be reported	range	Frequency ²	Measurement			
					_			to be reported			
Flow, Maximum ¹	gpd	NA	30,000	Daily//Monthly	Daily Flow	NA	NR	NA			
Chlorodifluoromethane (see remark 1)	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Monthly	Grab			
Dichlorodifluoromethane (see remark 1)	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Monthly	Grab			
Ethanolamine (see remark 3)	mine (see remark 3) mg/l NA NA NR NA Monthly Grab										
Hydrazine (see remark 4)	mg/l	mg/l NA NA NR NA Weekly Grab *									
Molybdenum (see remark 2)	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab			

Table L Footnotes and Remarks:

Footnotes:

¹ The Permittee shall maintain at the facility a record of the total flow for each day of discharge and shall report the Maximum Daily Flow for each month.

² The first entry in this column is the 'Sample Frequency'. If this entry is not followed by a 'Reporting Frequency' and the 'Sample Frequency' is more frequent than monthly then the 'Reporting Frequency' is monthly. If the 'Sample Frequency' is specified as monthly, or less frequent, then the 'Reporting Frequency' is the same as the 'Sample Frequency'.

³Minimum Level Test refers to Section 6, Paragraph (A) of this permit, where an asterisk appears.

Remarks:

(1) Sampling for chlorodifluoromethane and dichlorodifluoromethane is required when discharging closed cooling water system drainage.

(2) A molybdenum sample shall be collected and analyzed during closed cooling system drainage if molybdenum is being used as a corrosion inhibitor.

(3) Ethanolamine sample shall be collected and analyzed if ethanolamine is being used.

(4) Hydrazine sample shall be collected and analyzed if hydrazine is being used.

	TABLE M				Monitoring Location: 1						
Discharge Serial Number: 001B-10											
Wastewater Description: Unit No. 2 - 16 inch standpipe discharge to the circulating water tunnel including Unit No. 2 Feedwater heaters shell & tube side drains, water box priming pumps, groundwater											
leakage, circulating water leakage, alternative pathway for the redirection of DSN001B-8 (condenser hotwells) DSN 001B-5 and DSN 001B-9 (TBCCW and chill water drainage), auxiliary feed water											
pump room sump discharge, Unit 2 feed and condensate drains, floor drains, Turbine Building closed cooling water, chilled water, de-icing pit sump, condenser pit sumps, mechanical vacuum pumps,											
secondary sample sink cooling water, auxiliary steam and condensate recovery, incidental system leakage during startup, shutdown, plant operation and maintenance, seal water and hydrolazing											
wastewater. DSNs 001B-5, 001B-8, 001B-9 and condenser pit sumps may be redirected to this alternative location only in accordance with Section 4 (H). (Discharge Code 106000N)											
Monitoring Location Description: Dip sample of discharge water from the Turbine Building sump or sample of source water being discharged to standpipe.											
PARAMETER	UNITS	FLOW/TIME BASED MONITORING				INSTANTANEOUS MONITORING Mi					
						Level					
		Average	Maximum	Sample//	Sample Type or	Instantaneous	Sample//	Sample Type	Test ³		
		Monthly Limit	Daily Limit	Reporting	Measurement to	limit or required	Reporting	or			
				Frequency ²	be reported	range	Frequency ²	Measurement			
								to be reported			
Flow, Average and Maximum ¹	gpd		150,000	Daily//Monthly	Daily Flow	NA	NR	NA			
Hydrazine	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Weekly	Grab	*		
рН	S.U.	NA	NA	NR	NA		Weekly	Grab			
Total Suspended Solids	mg/l	20.0	30.0	NR	Daily Composite	30.0	Quarterly	Grab			
Ethanolamine	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Monthly	Grab			
Ammonia – Nitrogen	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Monthly	Grab			
Boron	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab	*		
Molybdenum (see remark 1)	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab			
Oil & Grease, Total	mg/l	10.0	15.0	NR	Grab Sample	15.0	Quarterly	Grab			
					Average						

Table M Footnotes and Remarks:

Footnotes:

¹ The Permittee shall maintain at the facility a record of the total flow for each day of discharge and shall report the Maximum Daily Flow for each month.

² The first entry in this column is the 'Sample Frequency'. If this entry is not followed by a 'Reporting Frequency' and the 'Sample Frequency' is more frequent than monthly then the 'Reporting Frequency' is monthly. If the 'Sample Frequency' is specified as monthly, or less frequent, then the 'Reporting Frequency' is the same as the 'Sample Frequency'.

³ Minimum Level Test refers to Section 6, Paragraph (A) of this permit, where an asterisk appears.

Remarks:

(1) A molybdenum sample shall be collected and analyzed during closed cooling system drainage if molybdenum is being used as a corrosion inhibitor.

TABLE N				Monitoring Location: 1							
Discharge Serial Number: 001B-11											
Wastewater Description: Unit No. 2 service water drainage and incidental system leakage from the Reactor Building closed cooling water (RBCCW) system, hydrolazing wastewater, floor drains,											
auxiliary building sumps, domestic washwater, RBCCW relief valve discharges, during startup, shutdown, plant operation, and maintenance and DSN 001B-9 may be redirected to this alternative location											
in accordance with Section 4 (H). (Discharge Code 106000N)											
Monitoring Location Description: Auxiliary Building Sump											
PARAMETER	UNITS	FLOW/TIME BASED MONITORING				INSTANTANEOUS MONITORING			Minimum Level		
		Average Monthly Limit	Maximum Daily Limit	Sample// Reporting Frequency ²	Sample Type or Measurement to be reported	Instantaneous limit or required range	Sample// Reporting Frequency ²	Sample Type or Measurement to be reported	Test ³		
Flow, Average and Maximum ¹	gpd		150,000	Daily//Monthly	Daily Flow	NA	NR	NĂ			
Hydrazine (see remark 3)	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Weekly	Grab	*		
pH	S.U.	NA	NA	NR	NA		Weekly	Grab			
Ethanolamine (see remark 2)	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab			
Total Suspended Solids	mg/l	20.0	30.0	NR	Daily Composite	30.0	Quarterly	Grab			
Boron	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab	*		
Molybdenum (see remark 1)	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab			
Oil & Grease, Total	mg/l	10.0	15.0	NR	Grab Sample Average	15.0	Quarterly	Grab			

Table N Footnotes and Remarks:

Footnotes:

¹ The Permittee shall maintain at the facility a record of the total flow for each day of discharge and shall report the Maximum Daily Flow for each month.

² The first entry in this column is the 'Sample Frequency'. If this entry is not followed by a 'Reporting Frequency' and the 'Sample Frequency' is more frequent than monthly then the 'Reporting Frequency' is monthly. If the 'Sample Frequency' is specified as monthly, or less frequent, then the 'Reporting Frequency' is the same as the 'Sample Frequency'.

³ Minimum Level Test refers to Section 6, Paragraph (A) of this permit, where an asterisk appears.

Remarks:

- (1) A molybdenum sample shall be collected and analyzed during closed cooling system drainage if molybdenum is being used as a corrosion inhibitor.
- (2) Ethanolamine sample shall be collected and analyzed if ethanolamine is being used.
- (3) Hydrazine sample shall be collected and analyzed if hydrazine is being used.
| | TA | BLE O | | | Monit | oring Location: 1 | | | | | |
|---|------------|---------------------------------|---|---|--|---|---|--|-------------------|--|--|
| Discharge Serial Number: 001C | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Wastewater Description: Unit 3 discharge, includin | ng DSNs () | 01C-1 throu | gh 001C-9, Non-coi | ntact cooling water disch | arge from Unit 3 ci | irculating water pum | ps/condenser sy | stem, service wate | er, intake | | |
| pump operation discharges (seal, lube and strainer ba | ckwash w | ater) returne | d to intake bays, and | l miscellaneous cooling v | vater system leakag | ge and drainage of pl | lant systems and | components during | ng plant | | |
| start up, shut down, plant operation, incidental system leakage and maintenance wastewater, intake desilting wastewater, intake bay maintenance and dewatering activities. (Discharge code 101060Z) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Monitoring Location Description: Dip sample from the mouth of discharge tunnel 001-C, which feeds into quarry | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | UNITS | | FLOW/TIME BASED MONITORING INSTANTANEOUS MONITORING Minimum Auerage Meximum Deily Semple//Departing Semple Type Instantaneous Semple//Level | | | | | | | | |
| PARAMETER | CIUID | Average
Monthly
Limit | Maximum Daily
Limit | Sample//Reporting
Frequency ² | Sample Type
or
Measurement
to be reported | Instantaneous
limit or required
range | Sample//
Reporting
Frequency ² | Sample Type
or
Measurement
to be reported | Test ⁹ | | |
| Flow, Average and Maximum ¹ | gpd | | 1,410,933,000 | Continuous//Monthly | Daily Flow | NA | NR | NA | | | |
| Flow, Total (Day of Sample Collection) | gpd | NA | 1,410,933,000 | Weekly//Monthly | Daily Flow | NA | NR | NA | | | |
| pH (see remark 1) | S.U. | NA | NA | NR | NA | 6.0 - 9.0 | Hourly | RDM | | | |
| Chlorine, Free Available | mg/l | NA | NA | NR | NA | 0.25 | Weekly | Grab | * | | |
| Hydrazine | mg/l | NA | NA | NR | NA | | Monthly | Grab | * | | |
| Molybdenum | mg/l | mg/l NA NA NR NA Quarterly Grab | | | | | | | | | |
| Temperature, intake/outlet differential (see remarks 2 and 6) | °F | NA | NA | NR | NA | 28.0 | Hourly | Instantaneous | | | |

Table O Footnotes and Remarks:

Footnotes:

¹ For this parameter the Permittee shall maintain at the facility a record of the total flow for each day of discharge and shall report the Average Monthly Flow and the Maximum Daily Flow for each month. ² The first entry in this column is the 'Sample Frequency'. If this entry is not followed by a 'Reporting Frequency' and the 'Sample Frequency' is more frequent than monthly then the 'Reporting Frequency' is monthly. If the 'Sample Frequency' is specified as monthly, or less frequent, then the 'Reporting Frequency' is the same as the 'Sample Frequency'.

³ Minimum Level Test refers to Section 6, Paragraph (A) of this permit, where an asterisk appears.

Remarks:

- (1) The Permittee shall report the highest and lowest single pH and temperature reading of the month including periods when sampling is not performed. The Permittee shall monitor pH and temperature manually every four hours whenever the automated equipment malfunctions or is out of service.
- (2) The differential temperature increase at the Unit 3 discharge above the intake water temperature shall not exceed 28°F during full condenser cooling water flow operations and shall not exceed 30°F for more than 24 hours due to pump failure or maintenance. During reduced flow due to extended (more than 24 hours) pump outage or maintenance, the delta T shall not exceed 30°F with a corresponding limit of 36°F for 24 hours due to failure or maintenance of an additional pump. During the reduced intake flow period specified in Section 10(C) of this permit, the delta T shall not exceed 38°F during periods of reduced flow with a corresponding limit of 40°F for 24 hours due to pump failure or maintenance.
- (3) Free available chlorine shall not be discharged in the condenser cooling water for more than two hours in any one day. Free available chlorine shall not be discharged in the condenser cooling water of more than one unit at any one time. Whenever the Unit 3 circulating water system is operating, weekly monitoring of free available chlorine shall be performed when chlorination of condenser cooling water occurs.
- (4) The Permittee shall maintain all free available chlorine analytical data onsite and shall report on the DMR the lowest and highest values for each month.

(5) The Permittee shall maintain onsite the following data:

Daily range of pH. Daily range of flow Daily maximum temperature (°F) Daily minimum temperature (°F) Daily average temperature (°F) Daily maximum temperature increase (°F) Daily average temperature increase (°F)

(6) Routine operating procedures include the elevation of the intake water temperature on each condenser by a thermal backwash process required for the control of sea mussels and a condenser backflush process for the removal of debris during and/or after storm events or following thermal backwashes. The true temperature difference between the intake water and discharge water into the Quarry shall be allowed to exceed the permit limit for very brief periods (i.e. a maximum of four hours per intake bay per backwash) during these backwash/backflush procedures.

	TABLE P											
Discharge Serial Number: 001C-1												
Wastewater Description: Unit 3 Steam Generator b	lowdown	tanks and blowdov	wn generated dur	ing open cycle Steam	n Generator blowdov	vn during startup, sta	andby, hot stand	by, operation and	shutdown.			
DSN 001C-1(a) may be redirected to this alternative	location p	er Section 4 (H) of	this permit. (D	ischarge Code10106	0N)		-					
Monitoring Location Description: Auxiliary buildi	ng primar	y sink sample valv	e tapped from th	e Steam Generator bl	owdown (BD) pipin	g, or secondary sam	ple sink tapped f	rom the BD line i	in the Unit 3			
Turbine Building, or BD sample filters inlet drain valve also in the Unit 3 auxiliary building.												
		F	FLOW/TIME B	ASED MONITORI	NG	INSTANTA	NEOUS MON	ITORING	Minimum			
	UNITS											
PARAMETER	UNIID	Average	age Maximum Sample// Sample Type or Instantaneous Sample// Sample Type T									
		Monthly Limit	aly Limit Daily Limit Reporting Measurement to limit or required Reporting or									
			Frequency ² be reported range Frequency ² Measurement									
								to be reported				
Flow, Maximum ¹	gpd	NA	1,400,000	Weekly//Monthly	Daily Flow	NA	NR	NA				
Flow, Total (Day of Sample Collection)	gpd	NA	1,400,000	Weekly//Monthly	Daily Flow	NA	NR	NA				
рН	S.U.	NA	NA	NR	NA		Weekly	Grab				
Ammonia as Nitrogen	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab				
Ammonia as Nitrogen	kg/day	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab				
Nitrate	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab				
Nitrite	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab				
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab				
Ethanolamine	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Monthly	Grab				
Hydrazine	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Weekly	Grab	*			
Oil and Grease, Total	mg/l	10.0	15.0	NR	Grab Sample	15.0	Quarterly	Grab				
					Average							
Total Suspended Solids	mg/l	20.0	30.0	NR	Daily Composite	30.0	Quarterly	Grab				
Boron	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab	*			

Table P Footnotes and Remarks:

Footnotes:

¹ The Permittee shall maintain at the facility a record of the total flow for each day of discharge and shall report the Maximum Daily Flow for each month.

² The first entry in this column is the 'Sample Frequency'. If this entry is not followed by a 'Reporting Frequency' and the 'Sample Frequency' is more frequent than monthly then the 'Reporting Frequency' is monthly. If the 'Sample Frequency' is specified as monthly, or less frequent, then the 'Reporting Frequency' is the same as the 'Sample Frequency'.

³ Minimum Level Test refers to Section 6, Paragraph (A) of this permit, where an asterisk appears.

Remarks:

(1) Grab sample shall be a flow proportional composite of grab samples of all Unit 3 Steam Generators being used.

TABLE Q Monitoring Location: 1												
Discharge Serial Number: 001C-1(a)												
Wastewater Description: Unit 3 Steam Generator (4) wet lay	up drainage for ma	aintenance, plant	t start up and shut dov	wn, chemical control	and sludge lancing	(Discharge Cod	e 117000N)				
Monitoring Location Description: Sampling valve	on the we	t lay up recirculation	on pump skid dis	scharge piping and dr	ain valve for each St	eam Generator reci	rculation header	in the Unit 3 cont	tainment			
building, or the main steam valve building discharge	header.											
For Sludge Lancing: After the filtration unit												
		F	LOW/TIME B	ASED MONITORI	NG	INSTANTA	NEOUS MON	ITORING	Minimum			
	UNITE								Level			
PARAMETER	UNITS	Average	rage Maximum Sample// Sample Type or Instantaneous Sample// Sample Type Test ³									
		Monthly Limit	Instantaneous Sample// Sample									
		Frequency 2 be reported range Frequency 2 Measurement										
								to be reported				
Flow, Maximum ¹ (see remark 3)	gpd	NA	576,000	Daily//Monthly	Daily Flow	NA	NR	NA				
Hydrazine	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA	125.0	Weekly	Grab	*			
Ethanolamine (see remark 2)	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Monthly	Grab				
Nickel, Total (see remark 1)	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab	*			
Oil & Grease, Total (see remark 1)	mg/l	10.0	15.0	NR	Grab Sample	15.0	Quarterly	Grab				
					Average							
рН	S.U.	NA	NA	NR	NA		Weekly	Grab				
Total Suspended Solids (see remark 1)	mg/l	20.0	30.0	NR	Daily Composite	30.0	Quarterly	Grab				
Iron, Total (see remark 1)	mg/l NA NA NR NA Quarterly Grab											
Lead, Total (see remark 1)	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab	*			
Copper, Total (see remark 1)	mg/l	mg/l NA NA NR NA Quarterly Grab *										
Zinc, Total (see remark 1)	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab	*			

Table Q Footnotes and Remarks:

Footnotes:

¹ The Permittee shall maintain at the facility a record of the total flow for each day of discharge and shall report the Maximum Daily Flow for each month.

² The first entry in this column is the 'Sample Frequency'. If this entry is not followed by a 'Reporting Frequency' and the 'Sample Frequency' is more frequent than monthly then the 'Reporting Frequency' is monthly. If the 'Sample Frequency' is specified as monthly, or less frequent, then the 'Reporting Frequency' is the same as the 'Sample Frequency'.

³ Minimum Level Test refers to Section 6, Paragraph (A) of this permit, where an asterisk appears.

Remarks:

(1) The Permittee shall sample sludge lancing wastewater after filtration at least once per year for the following pollutants: copper, iron, lead, nickel, oil & grease, total suspended solids and zinc.

(2) Sampling for ethanolamine is only required when ethanolamine is being added to the Steam Generator in wet layup.

(3) Only one unit may discharge secondary side wet lay up drainage at any one time.

	TA	BLE R			Monit	oring Location: 1					
Discharge Serial Number: 001C-2					·						
Wastewater Description: Unit No. 3 Radiation Wa	ste Test Ta	ank Discharge: Wa	ste Test Tanks a	nd Boron Test Tanks	including wastewate	er from areas within	the Auxiliary Bu	uilding, Auxiliary	Boiler,		
Steam Generator blowdown, sludge lancing, wet lay-	up, Reacto	or Building and oth	er radiologically	controlled areas and	various sumps loca	ted within the Unit 3	3 Turbine Buildi	ng, Chemistry La	boratory		
drains, during plant start up, shut down, operation, m	aintenanc	e and incidental sys	stem leakage. Ir	accordance with Sec	tion 4 (H) of this pe	rmit, DSN 001C-1,	001C-1(a), 001C	C-3, 001C-9 and t	he Unit 3		
Turbine Building Sump may be redirected to this alter	ernative di	scharge location. (l	Discharge Code	153000N)							
Monitoring Location Description: Boron Test Tanks sampled from the primary sample sink or from the Boron Test Tank recirculation pump discharge. Waste Test Tanks sampled from the liquid waste											
sample sink or from the Waste Test Tank recirculation pump discharge.											
	INTE	FLOW/TIME BASED MONITORING INSTANTANEOUS MONITORING Minimum Level Test ³									
PARAMETER	UNITS	Average	Average Maximum Sample// Sample Type or Instantaneous Sample// Sample Type								
		Monthly Limit	Daily Limit	Reporting	Measurement to	limit or required	Reporting	or			
		2	5	Frequency ²	be reported	range	Frequency ²	measurement			
								to be reported			
Flow, Maximum ¹	gpd	NA	50,000	Daily//Monthly	Daily Flow	NA	NR	NA			
Dimethyldithiocarbamate (see remark 2)	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Monthly	Grab			
Ethanolamine	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Monthly	Grab			
Hydrazine	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Weekly	Grab	*		
Dimethylamine (see remark 2)	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Monthly	Grab			
Boron	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab	*		
Molybdenum (see remark 1)	mg/l	mg/l NA NA NR NA Quarterly Grab									
Oil & Grease, Total	mg/l 10.0 15.0 NR Grab Sample 15.0 Quarterly Grab										
					Average						
рН	S.U.	NA	NA	NR	NA		Weekly	Grab			
Total Suspended Solids	mg/l	20.0	30.0	NR	Daily Composite	30.0	Quarterly	Grab			

Table R Footnotes and Remarks:

Footnotes:

¹ The Permittee shall maintain at the facility a record of the total flow for each day of discharge and shall report the Maximum Daily Flow for each month.

² The first entry in this column is the 'Sample Frequency'. If this entry is not followed by a 'Reporting Frequency' and the 'Sample Frequency' is more frequent than monthly then the 'Reporting Frequency' is monthly. If the 'Sample Frequency' is specified as monthly, or less frequent, then the 'Reporting Frequency' is the same as the 'Sample Frequency'.

³ Minimum Level Test refers to Section 6, Paragraph (A) of this permit, where an asterisk appears.

Remarks:

(1) A molybdenum sample shall be collected and analyzed during closed cooling system drainage if molybdenum is being used as a corrosion inhibitor.

(2) A dimethyldithiocarbamate and dimethylamine sample be collected and analyzed if wastewaters containing either Bulab 6013 (dimethyldithiocarbamate) or Bulab 8007 (dimethylamine) is being discharged. If either of the water treatment chemicals have not been used within the previous two years sampling for the compound not in use is not required. In such a case, for DMR reporting purposes, note "Not Discharged (ND)" as the sample result with an explanation in the cover letter of the monthly DMR.

	TABLE S Mo										
Discharge Serial Number: 001C-3					·	•					
Wastewater Description: Low Level Radiation Was	ste Drain T	Tank Discharge: U	nit 3 Low Level	Waste Drain Tank di	scharges including v	vaste water from are	eas within the Re	eactor Building, A	Auxiliary		
Boiler, Steam Generator blowdown, sludge lancing, w	vet lay-up	and other radiolog	cically controlled	l areas, Chemistry La	boratory drains and	various sumps locate	ed within the Ur	nit 3 Turbine Buil	ding during		
plant start up and shut down, operation, maintenance	and incid	ental system leaka	ge. In accordance	ce with Section 4 (H)	of this permit, DSN	001C-1, 001C-2, 0	01C-1(a), 001C-	-9, and the Unit 3	Turbine		
Building Sump may be redirected to this alternative le	ocation. (I	Discharge Code 11	7000N)		_						
Monitoring Location Description: Low Level Radi	ation Was	te Drain Tanks – S	ample valves lo	cated in the Unit 3 liq	uid waste building a	and tapped from the	recirculation pip	pe for the low leve	el radiation		
waste drain tanks (A or B) at the discharge of the low level radiation waste drain tank discharge pumps (A or B). An alternate sample location is the Low Level Radiation Waste Drain Tank discharge											
recirculation pump discharge pressure gauge instrume	scharge pressure gauge instrument block in the waste building.										
		F	LOW/TIME B	ASED MONITORI	NG	INSTANTA	NEOUS MON	ITORING	Minimum		
	UNITO		Level								
PARAMETER	UNITS	Average	Maximum	Sample//	Sample Type or	Instantaneous	Sample//	Sample Type	Test ³		
		Monthly Limit	Daily Limit	Reporting	Measurement to	limit or required	Reporting	or			
		5	5	Frequency ²	be reported	range	Frequency ²	Measurement			
					-	_		to be reported			
Flow, Maximum ¹	gpd	NA	20,000	Daily//Monthly	Daily Flow	NA	NR	NA			
Ethanolamine	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Monthly	Grab			
Dimethyldithiocarbamate (see remark 2)	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Monthly	Grab			
Dimethylamine (see remark 2)	mg/l	NA	NA	NA	NA		Monthly	Grab			
Hydrazine	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Weekly	Grab	*		
pH	S.U.	NA	NA	NR	NA		Weekly	Grab			
Total Suspended Solids	mg/l	20.0	30.0	NR	Daily Composite	30.0	Quarterly	Grab			
Boron	mg/l NA NA NR NA Quarterly Grab *										
Molybdenum (see remark 1)	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab			
Oil & Grease, Total	mg/l	ng/l 10.0 15.0 NR Grab Sample 15.0 Quarterly Grab									
					Average						

Table S Footnotes and Remarks:

Footnotes:

¹ The Permittee shall maintain at the facility a record of the total flow for each day of discharge and shall report the Maximum Daily Flow for each month.

² The first entry in this column is the 'Sample Frequency'. If this entry is not followed by a 'Reporting Frequency' and the 'Sample Frequency' is more frequent than monthly then the 'Reporting Frequency' is monthly. If the 'Sample Frequency' is specified as monthly, or less frequent, then the 'Reporting Frequency' is the same as the 'Sample Frequency'.

³ Minimum Level Test refers to Section 6, Paragraph (A) of this permit, where an asterisk appears.

Remarks:

(1) A molybdenum sample shall be collected and analyzed quarterly during closed cooling system drainage if molybdenum is being used as a corrosion inhibitor.

(2) A dimethyldithiocarbamate and dimethylamine sample shall be collected and analyzed monthly if wastewaters containing either Bulab 6013 (dimethyldithiocarbamate) or Bulab 8007 (dimethylamine) is being discharged. If either of the water treatment chemicals have not been used within the previous two years sampling for the compound not in use is not required. In such a case, for DMR reporting purposes, note "Not Discharged (ND)" as the sample result with an explanation in the cover letter of the monthly DMR.

	TABLE T Monitoring Location: 1										
Discharge Serial Number: 001C-4											
Wastewater Description: Unit No. 3 Secondary Sys	tem Wet	Lay up Drainage	, condenser cle	aning wastewater, hydro	lazing, and incidenta	ll system leakage, Se	econdary System	Drainage and Au	ıxiliary		
Boiler Stack Drainage. DSNs 001C-6, 001C-6(b), 00	1C-9 and	Unit 3 Reactor	Containment B	uilding Footing Drains n	hay be discharged at	this alternative locat	tion in accordance	ce with Section 4	(H) of this		
permit. (Discharge Code 106000N)											
Monitoring Location Description: Sample valve from the make up waste neutralization sump pump common discharge/recirculation pipe in the Unit 3 Turbine Building											
			FLOW/TIM	E BASED MONITORI	NG	INSTANTA	NEOUS MON	ITORING	Minimum		
	UNITO	Level									
PARAMETER	UNITS	Average	rage Maximum Sample//Reporting Sample Type or Instantaneous Sample// Sample Type Test								
		Monthly	Daily Limit	Frequency ²	Measurement to	limit or required	Reporting	or			
		Limit		1	be reported	range	Frequency ²	Measurement			
						C		to be reported			
Flow, Average and Maximum ¹	gpd		80,000	Daily//Monthly	Daily Flow	NA	NR	NA			
Hydrazine	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Weekly	Grab	*		
рН	S.U.	NA	NA	NR	NA		Weekly	Grab			
Total Suspended Solids	mg/l	20.0	30.0	NR	Daily Composite	30.0	Quarterly	Grab			
Ethanolamine	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab			
Boron	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab	*		
Molybdenum (see remark 1)	olybdenum (see remark 1) mg/l NA NA NR NA Quarterly Grab										
Oil & Grease, Total	, Total mg/l 10.0 15.0 NR Grab Sample 15.0 Quarterly Grab										
	-				Average						

Table T Footnotes and Remarks:

Footnotes:

¹ The Permittee shall maintain at the facility a record of the total flow for each day of discharge and shall report the Maximum Daily Flow for each month.

² The first entry in this column is the 'Sample Frequency'. If this entry is not followed by a 'Reporting Frequency' and the 'Sample Frequency' is more frequent than monthly then the 'Reporting Frequency' is monthly. If the 'Sample Frequency' is specified as monthly, or less frequent, then the 'Reporting Frequency' is the same as the 'Sample Frequency'.

³ Minimum Level Test refers to Section 6, Paragraph (A) of this permit, where an asterisk appears.

Remarks:

(1) A molybdenum sample shall be collected and analyzed during closed cooling system drainage if molybdenum is being used as a corrosion inhibitor.

	TAI	BLE U			Moni	toring Location: 1			
Discharge Serial Number: 001C-5									
Wastewater Description: Unit 3 service water from	auxiliary	heat exchangers du	ıring start up, sh	ut down, operation, ind	cidental system lea	akage and maintenan	ce, continuous d	ischarge of non-c	ontact
cooling water containing residual chlorine, including	pump lub	rication water, pun	np seal water, hy	drolazing waste water,	incidental leakag	e from heat exchange	er tube leaks and	cooling water su	pplied from
the Unit 3 circulating water system during service water pump maintenance. Demineralized water used to flush the service water side of the RSS heat exchangers.									
Monitoring Location Description: Sampling valves	at the ser	t the service water discharge of the A, B & C reactor plant closed cooling water heat exchangers.							
		F	FLOW/TIME BASED MONITORING INSTANTANEOUS MONITORING Minimum						
	UNITS					Level			
PARAMETER	01115	Average	Maximum	Sample//Reporting	Sample Type	Instantaneous	Sample//	Sample Type	Test '
		Monthly Limit	Daily Limit	Frequency ²	or	limit or required	Reporting	or	
					Measurement	range	Frequency ²	Measurement	
					to be reported			to be reported	
Flow, Maximum ¹	gpd	NA	86,400,000	Weekly//Monthly	Daily Flow	NA	NR	NA	
Flow, Total (Day of Sample Collection)	gpd	NA	86,400,000	Weekly//Monthly	Daily Flow	NA	NR	NA	
Chlorine, Free Available (see remarks 1 & 2)	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA	0.25	Weekly	See remark	*
								below	

Table U Footnotes and Remarks:

Footnotes:

¹ The Permittee shall maintain at the facility a record of the total flow for each day of discharge and shall report the Average Monthly Flow and Maximum Daily Flow for each month.

² The first entry in this column is the 'Sample Frequency'. If this entry is not followed by a 'Reporting Frequency' and the 'Sample Frequency' is more frequent than monthly then the 'Reporting Frequency' is monthly. If the 'Sample Frequency' is specified as monthly, or less frequent, then the 'Reporting Frequency' is the same as the 'Sample Frequency'.

³ Minimum Level Test refers to Section 6, Paragraph (A) of this permit, where an asterisk appears.

Remarks:

1. The Permittee shall maintain all free available chlorine analytical data onsite and shall report on the DMR the lowest and highest values for month.

2. Grab samples for free available chlorine monitoring shall be composed of a flow proportioned average of the operating service water trains.

	TA	BLE V			Monit	oring Location: 1							
Discharge Serial Number: 001C-6													
Wastewater Description: Unit 3 Condensate Polish	ing Facili	ty discharge: Uni	it 3 Condensate P	olishing Facility opera	tion including syste	m area floor drains,	vents, incidental	l leakage, mainten	ance				
activity wastewater, resin regeneration and drain was	tewater, co	ondensate polishe	er system wastew	ater, fire water, waste	evaporator feed tank	water, service wate	r (seawater), Ste	am Generator wet	: lay up				
drainage, hot water heating system drainage, seconda	ry system	drainage and air	conditioner and a	air compressor conden	sate drains during pl	lant start up, plant o	peration, shut do	wn, incidental sys	stem				
leakage, 3ABD-TK2 overflow and flow from 3ABD-	TK1 or 3A	ABD-TK2 during	g maintenance act	ivities. This discharge	is essentially a bate	h discharge; howeve	er, some of the n	ninor inputs are co	ontinuous.				
Continuous inputs include domestic water inputs from	n pump ar	nd fan seal water	and sample sink	drains. DSNs 001B-6	6, 001C-1(a), 001C-	6(b) may be redirect	ed to this alterna	tive location in ac	cordance				
with Section 4 (H) of this permit. (Discharge Code 1	06000N)												
Monitoring Location Description: Sample valve on the common discharge line from TK-10 & TK-11 CPF sample sink on the filter outlet in the Unit 3 Turbine Building.													
			FLOW/TIME	BASED MONITORI	NG	INSTANTA	NEOUS MON	ITORING	Minimum				
	LINITO		Level										
PARAMETER	UNITS	Average	Maximum	Sample//Reporting	Sample Type or	Instantaneous	Sample//	Sample Type	Test ₃				
		Monthly	Daily Limit	Frequency ²	Measurement to	limit or required	Reporting	or					
		Limit	5	1 5	be reported	range	Frequency ²	Measurement					
						U	1 5	to be reported					
Flow, Maximum ¹	gpd	NA	75,000	Daily//Monthly	Daily Flow	NA	NR	NA					
Ammonia as Nitrogen	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Monthly	Grab					
Ammonia as Nitrogen	kg/day	NA	NA	NR	NA		Monthly						
Nitrate	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab					
Nitrite	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab					
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab					
Hydrazine	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA	37.5	Weekly	Grab	*				
pH	S.U.	NA	NA	NR	NA	6.0 - 9.0	Weekly	Grab					
Total Suspended Solids	mg/l	20.0	30.0	NR	Daily Composite	30.0	Quarterly	Grab					
Ethanolamine	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Monthly	Grab					
Boron	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab	*				
Molybdenum (see remark 1)	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab					
Oil & Grease, Total	mg/l	10.0	15.0	NR	Grab Sample	15.0	Quarterly	Grab					
					Average								
Zinc, Total	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab	*				

Table V Footnotes and Remarks:

Footnotes:

¹ The Permittee shall maintain at the facility a record of the total flow for each day of discharge and shall report the Maximum Daily Flow for each month.

² The first entry in this column is the 'Sample Frequency'. If this entry is not followed by a 'Reporting Frequency' and the 'Sample Frequency' is more frequent than monthly then the 'Reporting Frequency' is monthly. If the 'Sample Frequency' is specified as monthly, or less frequent, then the 'Reporting Frequency' is the same as the 'Sample Frequency'.

³ Minimum Level Test refers to Section 6, Paragraph (A) of this permit, where an asterisk appears.

Remarks:

(1) A molybdenum sample shall be collected and analyzed during closed cooling system drainage if molybdenum is being used as a corrosion inhibitor.

	TAI	BLE W			Monit	oring Location: 1					
Discharge Serial Number: 001C-6(a)					L.	8					
Wastewater Description: Unit No. 3 Steam Genera	tor Chemi	cal Cleaning and C	Themical Deco	ntamination Wastewa	ter (Discharge Code	106000N)					
Monitoring Location Description: DSN 001C-2 or	DSN 001	C-3 discharge loca	tion (See Sect	ion 10, Paragraph B o	f this permit)						
Maximum Frequency of Discharge: Approximately	7 30 days d	luring an outage									
Expected Frequency: One activity per year											
		F	LOW/TIME	BASED MONITOR	ING	INSTANTA	NEOUS MON	ITORING	Minimum Level		
PARAMETER	UNITS	Average Monthly Limit	Average Monthly Limit Maximum Daily Limit Sample//Reporting Frequency ² Sample Type or Measurement to be reported Instantaneous Imit or required range Sample// Reporting Frequency ² Sample Type Measurement to be reported The Measurement to be reported								
Flow, Maximum ¹	gpd	NA	60,000	Monthly	Daily Flow	NA	NR	NĂ			
Boron, Total	mg/l			Weekly	Daily Composite	NA	NR	NA	*		
Cadmium, Total	mg/l	0.1	0.5	Weekly	Daily Composite	0.75	NR	NA			
Chromium, Total	mg/l	1.0	2.0	Weekly	Daily Composite	3.0	NR	NA			
Copper, Total	mg/l	1.0	1.0	Weekly	Daily Composite	1.5	NR	NA	*		
Iron, Total	mg/l	1.0	1.0	Weekly	Daily Composite	1.5	NR	NA			
Hydrazine	mg/l			Weekly	Daily Composite	NA	NR	NA	*		
Lead, Total	mg/l	0.1	0.5	Weekly	Daily Composite	0.75	NR	NA	*		
Nickel, Total	mg/l	1.0	2.0	Weekly	Daily Composite	3.0	NR	NA	*		
Zinc, Total	mg/l	1.0	2.0	Weekly	Daily Composite	3.0	NR	NA	*		
рН	S.U.	S.U. NA NA NR NA 6.0 to 9.0 Weekly Grab									
Total Suspended Solids	mg/l	20.0	30.0	Weekly	Daily Composite	30.0	NR	NA			
Oil & Grease, Total	mg/l	10.0	15.0	Weekly	Grab Sample Average	15.0	NR	NA			
Molybdenum (see remark 1)	mg/l			Weekly	Daily Composite	NA	NR	NA			

Table W Footnotes and Remarks:

Footnotes:

¹ The Permittee shall maintain at the facility a record of the total flow for each day of discharge and shall report the Maximum Daily Flow for each month.

² The first entry in this column is the 'Sample Frequency'. If this entry is not followed by a 'Reporting Frequency' and the 'Sample Frequency' is more frequent than monthly then the 'Reporting Frequency' is monthly. If the 'Sample Frequency' is specified as monthly, or less frequent, then the 'Reporting Frequency' is the same as the 'Sample Frequency'.

³ Minimum Level Test refers to Section 6, Paragraph (A) of this permit, where an asterisk appears.

Remarks:

(1) A molybdenum sample shall be collected and analyzed during closed cooling system drainage if molybdenum is being used as a corrosion inhibitor.

	TAI	BLE X			Monite	oring Location: 1						
Discharge Serial Number: 001C-6(b)												
Wastewater Description: Intermittent discharge of	the Unit 3	Auxiliary Boiler b	lowdown includ	ing continuous dischar	ge of Auxiliary Bo	iler components dur	ring Auxiliary B	oiler operation, ho	ot water			
heating system drainage, intermittent discharge of the	Auxiliary	Boiler enclosure	oil and water sep	arator and drainage of	secondary system	wastewater during p	lant start up, shu	it down, plant ope	eration,			
incidental system leakage and maintenance. (Dischar	ge Code 1	17000N)										
Monitoring Location Description: Sample valve tapped from the outlet pipe downstream of 3ABD-TK2-pump discharge in the east CPF enclosure in the Unit 3 Turbine Building.												
FLOW/TIME BASED MONITORING INSTANTANEOUS MONITORING Level												
PARAMETER	UNITS		Maximum Sample//Paparting Sample Tune Instantaneous Sample// Sample Tune Test ³									
I ARMIETER		Average	Maximum	Sample//Reporting	Sample Type	Instantaneous	Sample//	Sample Type	1050			
		Monthly Limit	Daily Limit	Frequency ²	or	limit or required	Reporting	or				
					Measurement	range	Frequency ²	measurement				
					to be reported			to be reported				
Flow, Maximum ¹	gpd	NA	72,000	Weekly//Monthly	Daily Flow	NA	NR	NA				
Ethanolamine	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Monthly	Grab				
Hydrazine	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Weekly	Grab	*			
Molybdenum (see remark 1)	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab				
pH	S.U.	NA	NA	NR	NA		Weekly	Grab				
Total Suspended Solids	mg/l	20.0	30.0	NR	Daily	30.0	Quarterly	Grab				
					Composite							
Oil & Grease, Total	mg/l	10.0	15.0	NR	Grab Sample	15.0	Quarterly	Grab				
					Average							
Zinc, Total	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab	*			

Table X Footnotes and Remarks:

Footnotes:

¹ The Permittee shall maintain at the facility a record of the total flow for each day of discharge and shall report the Maximum Daily Flow for each month.

² The first entry in this column is the 'Sample Frequency'. If this entry is not followed by a 'Reporting Frequency' and the 'Sample Frequency' is more frequent than monthly then the 'Reporting Frequency' is the same as the 'Sample Frequency'.

³ Minimum Level Test refers to Section 6, Paragraph (A) of this permit, where an asterisk appears.

Remarks:

(1) A molybdenum sample shall be collected and analyzed during closed cooling system drainage if molybdenum is being used as a corrosion inhibitor.

	TABLE Y											
Discharge Serial Number: 001C-8					<u>.</u>							
Wastewater Description: Unit 3 Condenser Hotwe	ll wastewa	ter discharged dire	ctly from the co	ndensate pump dischar	ge including secon	dary system wastew	ater drainage foi	maintenance, sec	condary			
system drainage to control secondary plant water inv	entory (co	ndensate surge tanl	k level) during p	lant start up and shut d	lown, secondary sy	stem wet lay up was	tewater and hoty	well wet lay up dr	ainage			
during start up, shut down, operation, incidental syst	luring start up, shut down, operation, incidental system leakage and maintenance. DSNs 001C-1 and 001C-1(a) may be redirected to this alternative location in accordance with Section 4 (H) of this											
permit. (Discharge Code 117000N)												
Monitoring Location Description: Condensate pur	np dischar	ge sample valve in	secondary samp	ole sink in the Unit 3 T	urbine Building.							
	FLOW/TIME BASED MONITORING INSTANTANEOUS MONITORING Minimum											
			Level									
PARAMETER	UNITS	Average	Maximum	Sample//Reporting	Sample Type	Instantaneous	Sample//	Sample Type	Test ³			
		Monthly Limit	Daily Limit	Frequency ²	or	limit or required	Reporting	or				
					Measurement	range	Frequency ²	Measurement				
					to be reported	5	1 5	to be reported				
Flow, Maximum ¹	gpd	NA	250,000	Daily//Monthly	Daily Flow	NA	NR	NA				
Boron	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab	*			
Molybdenum (see remark 1)	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab				
Ethanolamine	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Monthly	Grab				
Hydrazine	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Monthly	Grab	*			
pH	S.U.	NA	NA	NR	NA		Weekly	Grab				
Total Suspended Solids	mg/l	20.0	30.0	NR	Daily	30.0	Quarterly	Grab				
					Composite							
Oil & Grease, Total	mg/l	10.0	15.0	NR	Grab Sample	15.0	Quarterly	Grab				
	1	1			Average		1	1	1			

Table Y Footnotes and Remarks:

Footnotes:

¹ The Permittee shall maintain at the facility a record of the total flow for each day of discharge and shall report the Maximum Daily Flow for each month.

² The first entry in this column is the 'Sample Frequency'. If this entry is not followed by a 'Reporting Frequency' and the 'Sample Frequency' is more frequent than monthly then the 'Reporting Frequency' is monthly. If the 'Sample Frequency' is specified as monthly, or less frequent, then the 'Reporting Frequency' is the same as the 'Sample Frequency'.

³ Minimum Level Test refers to Section 6, Paragraph (A) of this permit, where an asterisk appears.

Remarks:

(1) A molybdenum sample shall be collected and analyzed during closed cooling system drainage if molybdenum is being used as a corrosion inhibitor.

	TA	BLE Z			Monit	oring Location: 1					
Discharge Serial Number: 001C-9											
Wastewater Description: Unit No. 3 Closed Coolin	g Water S	system Drainage: T	urbine Building	and Reactor Building	closed cooling wat	er drainage, reactor	plant and contro	l building chilled	water		
system drainage, service water system drainage. DSN	V 001C-8,	condenser hotwell	drainage, may b	be redirected to this alte	ernative location in	accordance with Se	ection 4 (H) of th	is permit.			
(Discharge Code 102000N)											
Monitoring Location Description: Sample from co	llection, c	ontainer, isolated s	ystem, or DSN (001C-8 when drained v	ia this DSN.	-					
		F	LOW/TIME B	ASED MONITORIN	G	INSTANTA	NEOUS MON	ITORING	Minimum		
PARAMETER	UNITS	S Average Maximum Sample//Reporting Sample Type Instantaneous Sample/// Sample Type Test ³									
		Monthly Limit	Daily Limit	Frequency ²	or	limit or required	Reporting	or			
		,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1 5	Measurement	range	Frequency ²	measurement			
					to be reported	Ū.		to be reported			
Flow, Maximum ¹	gpd	NA	30,000	Daily//Monthly	Daily Flow	NA	NR	NA			
Ethanolamine (see remark 3)	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Monthly	Grab			
Hydrazine (see remark 4)	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Weekly	Grab	*		
Molybdenum (see remark 2)	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Quarterly	Grab			
Total Suspended Solids	mg/l	20.0	30.0	NR	Daily	30.0	Quarterly	Grab			
					Composite						
Oil & Grease, Total	mg/l	10.0	15.0	NR	Grab Sample	15.0	Quarterly	Grab			
					Average						
рН	S.U.	NA	NA	NR	NA		Weekly	Grab			
Chlorodifluoromethane (see remark 1)	ug/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Monthly	Grab			
Dichlorodifluoromethane (see remark 1)	ug/l	NA	NA	NR	NA		Monthly	Grab			

Table Z Footnotes and Remarks:

Footnotes:

¹ The Permittee shall maintain at the facility a record of the total flow for each day of discharge and shall report the Maximum Daily Flow for each month.

² The first entry in this column is the 'Sample Frequency'. If this entry is not followed by a 'Reporting Frequency' and the 'Sample Frequency' is more frequent than monthly then the 'Reporting Frequency' is monthly. If the 'Sample Frequency' is specified as monthly, or less frequent, then the 'Reporting Frequency' is the same as the 'Sample Frequency'.

³ Minimum Level Test refers to Section 6, Paragraph (A) of this permit, where an asterisk appears.

Remarks:

1. Sampling for chlorodifluoromethane and dichlorodifluoromethane is required when discharging closed cooling water system drainage.

- 2. A molybdenum sample shall be collected and analyzed during closed cooling system drainage if molybdenum is being used as a corrosion inhibitor.
- 3. Ethanolamine sample shall be collected and analyzed if ethanolamine is being used.
- 4. A hydrazine sample shall be collected and analyzed if hydrazine is being used.

TABLE AA						
DISCHARGE SERIAI	L NUMBER: 003-1	MONITORING LOC	ATION: 1			
WASTEWATER DESCRIPTION: Unit No. 2 Screen Washwater Discharge, including non-chlorinated sea water taken from the intake used to wash down the traveling screens in all intake bays, and domestic water from wash downs and hydrolazing activities, domestic water used as bearing lube water for screenwash pumps and system leakage, drains, and incidental system leakage and maintenance activities during startup, operation and shutdown and screen wash strainer backwash, intake desilting wastewaters, service water pump header discharge and strainer backwash, and fire water used in an emergency to clean the traveling screens. These discharges are normally directed to the Unit 2 fish return (DSN 003a) through the fish and invertebrate return trough. This discharge may be directed to DSN 003a as an alternate pathway in accordance with Section 4(H) of this permit. (Discharge Code 106000N)						
MONITORING LOCA Service water strainer sa	TION DESCRIPTI	ON: A, L1B and L1C				
MAXIMUM DAILY F DISCHARGE IS TO: 1	LOW: 3,888,000 gal Niantic Bay	lons per day				
PARAMETER	LIMITS & MONI	FORING				
	Maximum Instantaneous Limit	Sample//Reporting Frequency ¹	Sample Type			
Chlorine, Total Residual (mg/l) (see remark 4)		Semi-annual (see remark 1)	Grab			
Maximum, Flow (gpd)	Maximum, Flow (gpd) See remark 2 Monthly Daily Flow					
Table AA Footnotes: ¹ The first entry in this column is the 'Sample Frequency'. If this entry is not followed by a 'Reporting Frequency' and the 'Sample Frequency' is more frequent than monthly then the 'Reporting Frequency' is monthly. If the 'Sample Frequency' is specified as monthly, or less frequent, then the 'Reporting Frequency' is the same as the 'Sample Frequency'.						

Table AA Remarks:

- (1) Monitoring at DSN 003 shall be conducted during the backwash of the Unit 2 service water system strainer.
- (2) The Permittee shall maintain at the facility a record of the total flow for each day of discharge and shall report the Maximum Daily Flow for each month.
- (3) Routine operating procedures include the elevation of the intake water temperature on each condenser by a thermal backwash process required for the control of sea mussels and a condenser backflush process for the removal of debris during and/or after storm events or following thermal backwashes. The wastewater from thermal backwashing shall not reenter Niantic Bay except in de minimis quantities.
- (4) Minimum level of 20 ug/l for chlorine, total residual applies to this discharge.

	TABLE BB					
DISCHARGE SERIAI	NUMBER: 003a-1		MONITORING LO	CATION: 1		
WASTEWATER DESCRIPTION: Unit No. 2 fish and invertebrate return trough discharge including wastewaters incorporated in DSN 003 may be directed to this alternate pathway in accordance with Section 4(H) of this permit. (Code 1060000)						
MONITORING LOCA Service water strainer sa	TION DESCRIPTI	ON A, L	: 1B and L1C			
MAXIMUM DAILY F DISCHARGE IS TO: 1	LOW: 3,888,000 gal Niantic Bay	llons	s per day			
PARAMETER	LIMITS & MONI	тоі	RING			
	Maximum Instantaneous Limit	Sa Fr	mple//Reporting equency ¹	Sample Type		
Chlorine, Total Residual (mg/l) (see remark 3 below)		Se rei	mi-annual (see nark 1)	Grab		
Maximum, Flow (gpd)	See remark 2 below	M	onthly	Daily Flow		
Table BB Footnotes: ¹ The first entry in this column is the 'Sample Frequency'. If this entry is not followed by a 'Reporting Frequency' and the 'Sample Frequency' is more frequent than monthly then the 'Reporting Frequency' is monthly. If the 'Sample Frequency' is specified as monthly, or less frequent, then the 'Reporting Frequency' is the same as the 'Sample Frequency'.						
Table BB Remarks: (1) Monitoring at DSN 003(a) shall be conducted during the backwash of the Unit 2 service water system strainer.						
(2) The Permittee shall discharge and shall	maintain at the facilit report the Maximum	y a i Dai	record of the total flow ly Flow for each month	for each day of		

(3) Minimum level of 20 ug/l for chlorine, total residual applies to this discharge.

	TABL	E CC				
DISCHARGE SERIAL NUMBER: 004-1 MONITORING LOCATION: 1						
WASTEWATER DES Unit No. 3 Screen Wash refuse trough located on fish return trough locate water from wash downs, fire suppression system backwash. (Code 10600	CRIPTION: water Discharge, incl the southeast corner d on the northwest co , hydrolazing activitie discharges, incidenta 00)	luding the debris conveyor of the Unit 3 intake struct orner of the Unit 3 intake s es, service water pump stra l system leakage and scree	and backside ure and the Unit 3 tructure, domestic iner backwashes, n wash strainer			
MONITORING LOCA	ATION DESCRIPTI	ION:	ake structure			
MAXIMUM DAILY F DISCHARGE IS TO: 1	' LOW: 11,520,000 g Niantic Bay	allons per day				
PARAMETER	LIMITS & MONI	TORING				
	Maximum Instantaneous Limit	Sample//Reporting Frequency ¹	Sample Type			
Chlorine, Total Residual (mg/l) (see remark 4 below)		Semi-annual (see remark 1)	Grab			
Maximum, Flow (gpd)	See remark 2 below	Monthly	Daily Flow			
Table CC Footnotes: ¹ The first entry in this column is the 'Sample Frequency'. If this entry is not followed by a 'Reporting Frequency' and the 'Sample Frequency' is more frequent than monthly then the 'Reporting Frequency' is monthly. If the 'Sample Frequency' is specified as monthly, or less frequent, then the 'Reporting Frequency' is the same as the 'Sample Frequency'.						
Table CC Remarks:	Table CC Remarks:					
(1) Monitoring at DSN 004 shall be conducted during the backwash of the Unit 3 service water system strainer.						
(2) The Permittee shall maintain at the facility a record of the total flow for each day of discharge and shall report the Maximum Daily Flow for each month.						
(3) Routine operating on each condenser mussels and a cond after storm events	procedures include th by a thermal backwa denser backflush proc or following thermal	ne elevation of the intake v sh process required for the cess for the removal of deb backwashes. The wastewa	vater temperature control of sea ris during and/or ter from thermal			

(4) Minimum level of 20 ug/l for chlorine, total residual applies to this discharge.

backwashing shall not reenter Niantic Bay except in de minimis quantities.

THEFE DE Discing: URL BUB Discing: URL BUB Matewater Description: Unit No. 2 and Unit No. 2 and Unit S. and Tarkins, surface runoff and yard drains including: Unit 2 and Unit 3 Secondary System Drainage. Unit 2 and Unit 3 Secondary System incidental leakage and drainage during plant start up, shut down, operation and maintenance: Unit 2 and Unit 3 Secondary System Single Mage containage during plant start up, shut down, operation and maintenance: Unit 2 and Unit 3 Secondary System Single relaxage: and originage during plant start up, shut down, operation and maintenance: Unit 2 and Unit 3 Secondary System Single relaxage: and originage and plant operation, incidental system leakage and maintenance: fire superssion system discharges, including flash plase of fire water system ters, air conditioning and compressor condensate drains, SMIBIONE agenerator nom floor drains through oil/water separators; and generator stator cooling drain aware. Unit 3 Multisof Barding Single Si	1					Monit	oring Location: 1			
Discharge Serial Number: 006-1 Interact Description: Wastewater Description: Unit No. 2 and Unit No. 3 floor drains, surface runoff and yard drains including: Unit 2 and Unit 3 Secondary System Drainage. Unit 2 and Unit 3 secondary system incidental leakage and drainage during plant star up, shut down, operation and maintenance: Unit 2 and Unit 3 secondary system sample water; Units 2 and 3 condensate surge tank drainage; Unite 2 and Unit 3 condensate surge tank drainage; of the secondary system incidental down operation, incidental system leakage and maintenance; the supression system discharges, including flush phase of fire water system ets; air conditioning and compressor condensate fairings; discharges, including flush phase of fire water system ets; air conditioning and compressor condensate fairings; discharges, including flush phase of fire water system ets; air conditioning and compressor condensate fairings; discharges, including flush phase of fire water system ets; air conditioning and compressor condensate fairings; discharges (and unit 3 Reactor Building footing drain water, Unit 2 and Unit 3 energy discle generator room floor drains through oil/water separators; transformater area yard drains through oil/water separators; transformator; transformer area yard drains through oil/water separators; transformator; transtransformator; transformator; transformator; transformator; tran	TARI E DD									
Watewater Description: Unit No. 2 and Unit No. 3 floor drains. surface runoff and yard drains including: Unit 2 and Unit 3 Secondary System Drainage, Unit 2 and Unit 3 Engineerd Safety Feature building foor drains; Unit 2 and 3 emergency dised jacket cooling water drainage; Unit 2 and Unit 3 secondary system sincidential backage and draines that up, shut down, operation and maintenance; Unit 2 and Unit 3 secondary System many evaste; Unit 2 and Unit 3 secondary system sincidential backage and draines trut up, shut down, operation and maintenance; Unit 2 and Unit 3 secondary System many evaste; Unit 2 and 1 Unit 3 secondary system since devine dawn and patient system (Unit 2 and Unit 3 pure water treatment systems; Unit 3 accondary system since and secondary system serves a substant dawn, portation and maintenance; fire suppression system discharges, including flush phase of fire water system drainage; ontinuous reject flow from reverse osmosis treatment of mains; unit 2 and Unit 3 meterses results water (Unit 2 and Unit 3 meterses) events of the system drainage; ontinuous reject flow from reverse osmosis treatment proteins; fire suppression system discharges, including flush phase of fire water system drainage; ontinuous respectively down, and plant operation, incidental system sense and unit 3 meterses events water. Unit 2 and Unit 3 meterses events water system drains, (Discharge Code 101060N) Monitoring Location Descriptions: Sampling manhole approximately 245 feet from outlet Function for drains; Unit 2 and Unit 3 meterses and and the system drains (Discharge Code 101060N) Minimum Location drains; Unit 2 and Unit 3 meterses and trains through all water system drains, (Discharge Code 101060N) PARAMETER Versite Function of the system drains drains drains through all water system drains drains (Discharge Code 101060N) Minimum trevere	Discharge Serial Number: 006-1	140								
Unit 3 control building floor drains; Unit 3 Engineered Safety Feature building ord trains; Unit 2 and 3 engenegency dised jacket cooling water drainage; Unit 3 and Unit 3 secondary system simple wate; Unit 3 and Canina control building domestic water, de-ionized water and seawater; clean water drainas; envice water system simple wate; Unit 3 and Caninas; built 3 condary system simple water; Unit 3 and Unit 3 secondary system simple water; Unit 3 and S condenses surge tank drainage; hydrolazing and water water system tart up, shut down, and plant operation, inclicating and compression system dividing floor drains; Militog and Water system tart up, shut down, and plant operation, inclicating and compression system dividing floor drains trough of lowater system text are conditioning and compression condenses detrains; Militog enderators that up, shut down, and plant operation, inclicating and to mater system text are conditioning and compression condenses detrains; Militog enderators trans through of lowater separators; and generator stator cooling drains water, Unit 2 and Unit 3 energency diesel generator stator motion bescription; Sampling manhole approximately 245 feet from outer Montring Location Description; Sampling manhole approximately 245 feet from outer water system text are conditioning and compression system drainage; bit is and so drains; Unit 3 energency diresel generator stator cooling drains. (Discharge Code 101667) Marring Location Description; Sampling manhole approximately 245 feet from outer Engeneration; Militore and text are system text are conditioning and compression system drainage; and water and seawater stator cooling drains. (Discharge Code 101667) Marring Location Description; Sampling manhole approximately 245 feet from outer Engent for compression system drainage; from system frainage for compression system drainage; from	Wastewater Description: Unit No. 2 and Unit No.	3 floor dra	ins surface runoff	and vard drains	including: Unit 2 and 1	Unit 3 Secondary	System Drainage Ur	nit 2 and Unit 3 '	Turbine Building	floor drains:
leakage and drainage during plant start up, shut down, operation and maintenance; Unit 2 and Unit 3 secondary system sample waste; Units 2 and 3 condensate surge tank drainage; More start up, shut down, and plant operation, incidenal system leakage and maintenance; first suppression system discharges, including flush place of fire water system drainage; domestic and fire system start up, shut down, and plant operation, incidenal system leakage and maintenance; first suppression system discharges, including flush place of fire water system test; air conditioning and compressor condensate drains; Millstone Radwaste Reduction Facility suppression system discharges, including flush place of fire water system test; air conditioning and compressor condensate drains; Millstone Radwaste Reduction Facility suppression system discharges, including flush place of fire water system test; air conditioning and compressor condensate drains; Millstone Radwaste Reduction Facility suppression system discharges, including flush place of fire water system test; air conditioning and compressor condensate drains; Millstone Radwaste Reduction Facility suppression system discharges, including flush place of fire water system test; air conditioning and compressor condensate drains; Millstone Radwaste Reduction Facility suppression system discharges to nouter Montoring Leadenton Description: Sumpling mather water system discharges flush set fire suppression system dis	Unit 3 control building floor drains: Unit 3 Engineer	el jacket cooling y	vater drainage: Unit	2 and Unit 3 sec	ondary system ind	cidental				
wabes including domestic water, de-ionized vater and seawater, clean water drains gervice water system drainage; domestic and fire system drainage; continuous reject 100 wfrom reverse osmosis treatment of make-up water from Unit 3 pure water treatment systems; Units 2 and 3 linke structure derival sympser leakage; above wastewaters generated during start ps, shut down, and plant operation, incidental system leakage and maintennee; fire suppression system tion schanges, including flush phase of fire water system test; air conditioning and compressor contenses drains. Millistone Radwaste Reduction Facility sump; condensate polishing facility spent ion exchange resin dewatering drainas through olivater separators; transformer area yard drains through transformer area yard drains through olivater separators; transformer area yard drains through through olivater separators; transformer area yard transformer area yard drains through transformer area yard drains through transformer area yard transformer area yard drains through transformer area yard tr	leakage and drainage during plant start up, shut down	n. operatio	n and maintenance	: Unit 2 and Uni	it 3 secondary system s	ample waste: Unit	s 2 and 3 condensate	surge tank drain	nage: hydrolazing	and water
treament of make-up water from Unit 2 and Unit 3 pure water treatment systems: Unit 2 and 3 intike structure debris dumpster leakage: above wasewaters generated during start up, shut down, and plant operation, incidental system leakage and maintenance: fire suppression system dischargees, including flux duerts operation, incidental system test, air conditioning and compressor condensate drains; Millisone and compares condensate drains. Millisone and the start use of the water system test; air conditioning and compressor condensate drains. Millisone and the start use of the water system test; air conditioning and user previous condensate drains. Millisone and user system test air conditioning and user system test. Unit 2 and Unit 3 energeness diselest starts for the analytic system test starts troug brains. (Discharge Code 101060N) Monitoring Location Description: Sampling manhole approximately 245 feet from outet Discharge is to: Long Island Sound via Niantic Bay PARAMETER NUTTS FUOVITIEE ASEE MONITORING Average in Maximum Maximum Maximum Monitoring Location Maximum Monitoring Location Maxemeters and trains through oil/water separators transformer area yard drains through oil/water separators transformer area yard brains through oil/water separators transformer area yard drains through oil/water separators transformer area y	washes including domestic water, de-ionized water and seawater; clean water drains; service water system drainage; domestic and fire system drainage; continuous reject flow from reverse osmosis									
operation, incidental system leakage and maintenance; fire suppression system discharges, including fluis hase of fire water system test; air conditioning and compressor condensate drains; Millstone generator room floor drains through oil/water separators; transformer area yard drains through oil/water separators; and generator stator cooling drains. (Discharge Code 10100N) Monitoring Location Description: Sampling mambel apprecimately 245 feet from outlet Discharge is to: Long Island Sound via Nianti: Bar PARAMETER Maximum Average Aquatic Toxicity, <u>Mysidopsis bahia</u> Invertebrate ⁴ % Aquatic Toxicity, <u>Cyprinodon variegatus</u> % NA NA NA NA NA NA NA	treatment of make-up water from Unit 2 and Unit 3 p	ure water	treatment systems;	Units 2 and 3 in	take structure debris d	umpster leakage; a	bove wastewaters ge	enerated during	start up, shut dow	n, and plant
Radwater Reduction Facility sumpi: condensate polishing facility spent ion exchange resin dewatering drains age carbor stator collid drain water, Unit 2 and Unit 3 emergency dised performs and Unit 2 mergency drains through oil/water separators; and generator stator collid drain water, Unit 2 and Unit 3 emergency dised performs and Unit 2 and Unit 3 emergency dised performs and Unit 2 and Unit 3 emergency dised performs and Unit 3 mergency drains through oil/water separators; and generator stator collid drain water, Unit 2 and Unit 3 emergency dised performs and Unit 3 mergency dised performance and Unit 3 mergency dised performs and Unit 3 mergency dised performs	operation, incidental system leakage and maintenance	e; fire sup	pression system dis	charges, includi	ng flush phase of fire v	vater system test; a	ir conditioning and	compressor cond	lensate drains; Mi	illstone
generator room floor drains through oil/water separators; and generator stator cooling drains. (Discharge Code 101060N) Monitoring Location Description: Sampling manhole approximately 245 feet from outert Discharge is to: Long Island Sound via Niantic Bay Image: State Cool Discharge Code 101060N) Discharge is to: Long Island Sound via Niantic Bay PARAMETER Image: State Cool Discharge Code 101060N) Image: State Cool Discharge Code 101060N Aparation Sound via Niantic Bay Image: State Cool Discharge Code 101060N Verter and Sound via Niantic Bay Image: State Cool Discharge Code 101060N Verter and Sound via Niantic Bay Aparatic Code Cool Discharge Sound Via Niantic Bay Verter and Sound Via Niantic Bay Verter and Sound Via Nianti Cool Discharge Cool Di	Radwaste Reduction Facility sump; condensate polis	hing facili	ty spent ion exchar	nge resin dewate	ring drainage and Unit	3 Reactor Buildin	g footing drain wate	r, Unit 2 and Un	it 3 emergency di	esel
Monitoring Location Description: Sampling markies used subsets Discharge is to: Long Island Sound via Niantie Bay VINTRS INSTANT VEOUS MONT COUNCE Anameter is to: Long Island Sound via Niantie Bay Anameter is to: Long Island Sound via Niantie Bay Anameter is to: Long Island Sound via Niantie Bay Anameter is to: Long Island Sound via Niantie Bay Anameter is to: Long Island Sound via Niantie Bay Average Maximum Monthly Limit Sample//Reporting Nample//Reporting Nample//Reporterad Nample//Reporting Nample//Reporting Nample//Reporting Nample/	generator room floor drains through oil/water separat	ors; transf	ormer area yard dr	ains through oil/	water separators; and g	generator stator co	oling drains. (Discha	arge Code 10106	0N)	
Bischarge is to: Long Island Sound via Niatorie Bay PARAMETER INSTANT-VENTMENTER IN COLSPANSE IN COLS	Monitoring Location Description: Sampling manho	ole approx	imately 245 feet fro	om outlet						
PARAMETER INTTAL INTERPARAMETER INSTAT Sample/Reporting range	Discharge is to: Long Island Sound via Niantic Bay									
PARAMETERImage: state in the stat			F	FLOW/TIME B	ASED MONITORIN	G	INSTANTA	NEOUS MON	ITORING	Minimum
PARAMETERUNITSAverage Monthly LimitMaximum Daily LimitSample//Reporting Frequency2Sample Type or Measurement to be reportedInstantaneous limit or required rangeSample//Reporting requency2Sample Type or Measurement to be reportedSample Type measurement to be reportedSample Type measurementSample Type measurementSample Type measurem							Level			Level
InstantionInstantionJointy LimitPainty LimitPainty LimitDaily Lim	PARAMETER	UNITS	Average	Maximum	Sample//Reporting	Sample Type	Instantaneous	Sample//	Sample Type	Test ³
Aquatic Toxicity, Mysidopsis bahia Invertebrate%NANANRNALC50>33%NRGrabAquatic Toxicity, Mysidopsis bahia Invertebrate%NANANRNALC50>33%NRGrabAquatic Toxicity, Cyprinodon variegatus Vertebrate%NANANRNALC50>33%NRGrabFlow, Average and Maximumgpd21.6000432,000Hourly/MonthlyDaily FlowNANRNANRFlow, Average and Maximumgpd432,000Weekly/MonthlyDaily FlowNANRNANAFlow, Totalgpd432,000Weekly/MonthlyDaily FlowNANRNANAPH (see remarks 2 and 3)S.UNANANRNA6.0 - 9.0HourlyRDMpH (see remarks 2 and 3)S.UNANANRNA6.0 - 9.0HourlyRDMadminia as Nitrogenmg/1QuarterlyDaily CompositeNANRNABoronmg/1MonthlyDaily CompositeNANRNAHydrazineug/1 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>Monthly Limit</td><td>Daily Limit</td><td>Frequency²</td><td>or</td><td>limit or required</td><td>Reporting</td><td>or</td><td></td></t<>			Monthly Limit	Daily Limit	Frequency ²	or	limit or required	Reporting	or	
Aquatic Toxicity, Mysidopsis bahia Invertebrate%NANANANRInferentedInferentedInferentedInferentedAquatic Toxicity, Cyprinodon variegatus Vertebrate%NANANRNALC50>33%NRGrabFlow, Average and Maximum ¹ gpd216,000432,000Hourly//MonthlyDaily FlowNANRNAFlow, Average and Maximum ¹ gpd216,000432,000Hourly//MonthlyDaily FlowNANRNAFlow, Totalgpd432,000Weekly//MonthlyDaily FlowNANRNAPH (see remarks 2 and 3)S.U.NANANRNA6.0 - 9.0WeeklyRDMAmmonia as Nitrogenmg/lQuarterlyDaily CompositeNANRNA*Boronmg/lMonthlyDaily CompositeNANRNA*Hydrazineug/l50.0100.0MonthlyDaily CompositeNANRNA*Oil & Grease, Total (see remark 1)mg/l10.015.0Quarterly CompositeGrab Sample Composite15.0NRNA*			Montiny Emitt	Dully Linit	riequency	Measurement	range	Frequency ²	Measurement	
Aquatic Toxicity. Mysidopsis bahia Invertebrate ⁴ % NA NA NR NR NA LC50>33% NR Grab Aquatic Toxicity, Cyprinodon variegatus Vertebrate ⁴ % NA NA NR NA NR NA LC50>33% NR Grab Flow, Average and Maximum ¹ gpd 216,000 432,000 Hourly/Monthly Daily Flow NA NR NR NR NR NA NR						to be reported	runge	Trequency	to be reported	
Aquatic Toxicity, Cyprinodon variegatus Vertebrate ⁴ % NA NA NR NA NA NR NA LC50>33% NR Grab Flow, Average and Maximum ¹ gpd 216,000 432,000 Hourly//Monthly Daily Flow NA NR NA NA Flow, Total gpd 432,000 Weekly/Monthly Daily Flow NA NR NA pH (see remarks 2 and 3) S.U. NA NA NR NA 6.0 - 9.0 Hourly/ RDM Ammonia as Nitrogen mg/l Quarterly Daily Composite NA NR NA NA NR NA NA NR NA NA NA NA NA Monthly Daily Composite NA	Aquatic Toxicity, Mysidopsis bahia Invertebrate ⁴	%	NA	NA	NR	NA	LC50>33%	NR	Grab	
Vertebrate 4 Image: Constraint of the second se	Aquatic Toxicity, Cyprinodon variegatus	%	NA	NA	NR	NA	LC50>33%	NR	Grab	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Vertebrate ⁴									
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Flow, Average and Maximum ¹	gpd	216,000	432,000	Hourly//Monthly	Daily Flow	NA	NR	NA	
pH (see remarks 2 and 3) S.U. NA NA NR NA 6.0 - 9.0 Weekly RDS pH (see remarks 2 and 3) S.U NA NA NR NA 6.0 - 9.0 Hourly RDM Ammonia as Nitrogen mg/l Quarterly Daily Composite NA NR NA Boron mg/l Quarterly Daily Composite NA NR NA ** Ethanolamine mg/l Monthly Daily Composite NR NR NA ** Hydrazine ug/l 50.0 100.0 Monthly Daily Composite NR NR NA * Oil & Grease, Total (see remark 1) mg/l 10.0 15.0 Quarterly Grab Sample Average 15.0 NR NA *	Flow, Total	gpd		432,000	Weekly//Monthly	Daily Flow	NA	NR	NA	
pH (see remarks 2 and 3) S.U NA NA NR NA 6.0 - 9.0 Hourly RDM Ammonia as Nitrogen mg/l Quarterly Daily Composite NA NR NA Boron mg/l Quarterly Daily Composite NA NR NA * Ethanolamine mg/l Monthly Daily Composite NA NR NA * Hydrazine ug/l 50.0 100.0 Monthly Daily Composite 140.0 NR NA * Oil & Grease, Total (see remark 1) mg/l 10.0 15.0 Quarterly Grab Sample Average 15.0 NR NA	pH (see remarks 2 and 3)	S.U.	NA	NA	NR	NA	6.0 - 9.0	Weekly	RDS	
Ammonia as Nitrogenmg/lrrQuarterly CompositeDaily CompositeNANRNABoronmg/lrrQuarterly CompositeDaily CompositeNANRNA*Ethanolaminemg/lrrMonthly CompositeDaily CompositeNANRNA*Hydrazineug/l50.0100.0Monthly CompositeDaily Composite140.0NRNA*Oil & Grease, Total (see remark 1)mg/l10.015.0QuarterlyGrab Sample Average15.0NRNA	pH (see remarks 2 and 3)	S.U	NA	NA	NR	NA	6.0 - 9.0	Hourly	RDM	
Image: Second	Ammonia as Nitrogen	mg/l			Quarterly	Daily	NA	NR	NA	
Boron mg/l Quarterly Daily Composite NA NR NA * Ethanolamine mg/l Monthly Daily Composite NA NR NA * Hydrazine ug/l 50.0 100.0 Monthly Daily Composite 140.0 NR NA * Oil & Grease, Total (see remark 1) mg/l 10.0 15.0 Quarterly Grab Sample Average 15.0 NR NA *		-				Composite				
Image: Constraint of the second se	Boron	mg/l			Quarterly	Daily	NA	NR	NA	*
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		-				Composite				
Image: second	Ethanolamine	mg/l			Monthly	Daily	NA	NR	NA	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $						Composite				
Oil & Grease, Total (see remark 1) mg/l 10.0 15.0 Quarterly Grab Sample 15.0 NR NA V V V V V V V V V	Hydrazine	ug/l	50.0	100.0	Monthly	Daily	140.0	NR	NA	*
Oil & Grease, Total (see remark 1) mg/l 10.0 15.0 Quarterly Grab Sample 15.0 NR NA Via Constraint Via Constraint Via Constraint Via Constraint Via Constraint Via Constraint NR NA						Composite				
Average	Oil & Grease, Total (see remark 1)	mg/l	10.0	15.0	Quarterly	Grab Sample	15.0	NR	NA	
						Average				

Surfactants - Anionic	mg/l			Quarterly	Daily Composite	NA	NR	NA	
Total Suspended Solids (see remark 2)	mg/l	20.0	30.0	Quarterly	Daily Composite	30.0	NR	NA	

Table DD Footnotes and Remarks:

Footnotes:

¹ For this parameter the Permittee shall maintain at the facility a record of the total flow for each day of discharge and shall report the Average Monthly Flow and the Maximum Daily Flow for each month. Note: The average monthly and maximum daily flow limit excludes stormwater run-off from storm events greater than 0.1 inch of rain or observed snow melt.

² The first entry in this column is the 'Sample Frequency'. If this entry is not followed by a 'Reporting Frequency' and the 'Sample Frequency' is more frequent than monthly then the 'Reporting Frequency' is monthly. If the 'Sample Frequency' is specified as monthly, or less frequent, then the 'Reporting Frequency' is the same as the 'Sample Frequency'.

³ Minimum Level Test refers to Section 6, Paragraph (A) of this permit, where an asterisk appears.

⁴ See Section 6(B) of this permit for additional aquatic toxicity requirements. **Remarks:**

1. A quarterly sample shall be collected and analyzed for oil and grease, total during a period of discharge from oil-water separator(s).

2. Sample shall be collected and analyzed for total suspended solids and pH during dry weather flows in accordance with the frequency specified above.

3. The Permittee shall monitor flow and pH manually every 4 hours whenever the automated equipment malfunctions or is out of service for maintenance.

TABLE EE -T						
Discharge Serial Number (DSN): 006-1 Monitoring Location: T						
Wastewater Description: Unit No. 2 and Unit No. 3 floor drains, surface runoff and yard drains including: Unit 2 and Unit 3 Secondary System Drainage, Unit 2 and Unit 3 Turbine Building floor drains; Unit 3 control building floor drains; Unit 3 Engineered Safety Feature building roof drains; Unit 2 and 3 emergency diesel jacket cooling water drainage; Unit 2 and Unit 3 secondary system incidental leakage and drainage during plant start up, shut down, operation and maintenance; Unit 2 and Unit 3 secondary system sample waste; Units 2 and 3 condensate surge tank drainage; hydrolazing and water washes including domestic water, de-ionized water and seawater; clean water drains; service water system drainage; domestic and fire system drainage; continuous reject flow from reverse osmosis treatment of make-up water from Unit 2 and Unit 3 pure water treatment systems; Units 2 and 3 intake structure debris dumpster leakage; above wastewaters generated during start up, shut down, and plant operation, incidental system leakage and maintenance; fire suppression system discharges, including flush phase of fire water system test; air conditioning and compressor condensate drains; Millstone Radwaste Reduction Facility sump; condensate polishing facility spent ion exchange resin dewatering drainage and Unit 3 Reactor Building footing drain water. Unit 2 and Unit 3 emergency diesel generator room floor drains through oil/water separators; transformer area yard drains through oil/water separators; and generator stator cooling drains. (Discharge Code 101060N)						
Monitoring Location Description: Manhole 245	feet from outle	et				
Allocated Zone of Influence (ZOI): 342,000 gal	lons per hour		In stream	Waste Concentration (IWC): 2.6%	
PARAMETER	Units	Maximum Daily Limit	Sampling Frequency	Sample Type	Minimum Level Analysis See Section 6	
Aquatic Toxicity, <u>Mysidopsis bahia</u> Invertebrate	%	LC50>100%	Quarterly	Daily Composite		
Aquatic Toxicity, <u>Cyprinodon variegatus</u> Vertebrate	%	LC50>100%	Quarterly	Daily Composite		
Chlorine, Total Residual	mg/l		Quarterly	Daily Composite	20.0 ug/l	
Boron, Total	mg/l		Quarterly	Daily Composite	1.0 mg/l	
Copper, Total	mg/l		Quarterly	Daily Composite	5.0 ug/l	
Lead, Total	mg/l		Quarterly	Daily Composite	5.0 ug/l	
Nickel, Total	mg/l		Quarterly	Daily Composite	5.0 ug/l	
Nitrogen, Ammonia (total as N)	mg/l		Quarterly	Daily Composite		
Total Suspended Solids	mg/l	30.0	Quarterly	Daily Composite		

TABLE EE -T					
Discharge Serial Number (DSN): 006-1				Monitoring Location:	Т
Surfactants - Anionic	mg/l		Quarterly	Daily Composite	
Zinc, Total	mg/l		Quarterly	Daily Composite	20.0 ug/l

TABLE FW					
DISCHARGE SERIAL 021, 022 024, 024A, 027	NUMBERS: 005, (7, 028, 032, fire wate	007, 008, 009, 012, 014, 0 r system flow test to Niant	15, 016, 019, ic Bay		
WASTEWATER DESCRIPTION: Fire suppression system discharges, including flow phase of fire water system test, clean water washes or drains, air conditioning condensate to all stormwater discharges listed above and oil/water separator discharge from Unit 2 lube oil storage room. (Discharge Code 108000N)					
MONITORING LOCATION: Fire Water Tank DISCHARGE IS TO: Niantic Bay					
PARAMETER	LIMITS & MONI	TORING			
	Maximum Instantaneous Limit	Sample//Reporting Frequency ¹	Sample Type		
Chlorine, Total Residual (mg/l) (Note: Minimum level of 20 ug/l for chlorine, total residual applies to this discharge.)	NA	Annual	Grab		

TABLE FF			
DISCHARGE SERIAL NUMBERS: 008, 013, 014, 018, 019, 020, 023, 024A, 025, 026, 028, 029, SMA-1, SMA-2, SMA-3, SMA-4			
WASTEWATER DESCRIPTION: Parking area and/or roadway stormwater runoff (Discharge Code 108000N)			
MAXIMUM DAILY FLOW: Intermittent			
MONITORING LOCATION: No monitoring required			

DISCHARGE IS TO: Niantic Bay

TABLE GG-1
DISCHARGE SERIAL NUMBER: 017-1
WASTEWATER DESCRIPTION: Marine Biology Laboratory Seawater Return
Receiving Stream: Jordan Cove
Maximum Daily Flow: Variable
MONITORING LOCATION: No monitoring required

	TABLE GG-2					
DISCHARGE SERIAL	NUMBER: 017a-1					
WASTEWATER DESC Marine Biology Laborate	C RIPTION: ory Filter Backwash					
MAXIMUM DAILY F	LOW: Variable					
MONITORING LOCA	TION: 2-inch disch	arge line to quarry				
PARAMETER	LIMITS & MONI	FORING				
	Maximum Instantaneous Limit	Sample//Reporting Frequency ¹	Sample Type			
Chlorine, Total Residual (mg/l) (Note: Minimum level of 20 ug/l for chlorine, total residual applies to this discharge.)		Annual	Grab			
Total Suspended Solids		Annual	Grab			

	TABLE HH					
Monitoring Site No. 001						
MONITORING LOCATION: 7						
MONITORING LOCATION DESCRIPTION Unit Nos. 2 and 3 Intakes (Before Condensers)	MONITORING LOCATION DESCRIPTION: Unit Nos. 2 and 3 Intakes (Before Condensers)					
PARAMETER						
	Sample// Reporting Frequency ¹	Sample Type				
Intake flow limits for cooling water purposes (see Section 10(C) of this permit)	Hourly	Instantaneous (as determined by the Environmental Data Acquisition Network or equivalent)				
Temperature °F	Hourly	Instantaneous				
Total Suspended Solids (mg/l)	Daily, (see remark 3)	Grab, (see remark 3)				
Turbidity (NTU)	Daily, (see remark 3)	Grab, (see remark 3)				

Table HH Footnotes:

¹ The first entry in this column is the 'Sample Frequency'. If this entry is not followed by a 'Reporting Frequency' and the 'Sample Frequency' is more frequent than monthly then the 'Reporting Frequency' is monthly. If the 'Sample Frequency' is specified as monthly, or less frequent, then the 'Reporting Frequency' is the same as the 'Sample Frequency'.

Table HH Remarks:

- (1) The Permittee shall record and retain on-site the flow and temperature at the Unit 2 and Unit 3 intakes.
- (2) The temperature at the intake units shall be used in determining and reporting the change in temperature required to be reported by this permit at various discharge monitoring locations.
- (3) Turbidity and total suspended solids monitoring is only required on days when desilting operations wastewater from either Unit 2 or Unit 3 is discharged to the Quarry. The background sample for turbidity to determine compliance shall be a grab sample from the vicinity of the Millstone Harbor or the Environmental Laboratory Boat Dock.

TABLE II Testing protocol DSN 001-1 Mysid 48-hour acute and 7-day chronic tests		
Testing procedure	Acute: first 48-hours of the chronic test as modified below. Chronic: EPA-821-R-02-014, except as modified below.	
Test type	Static with daily renewal	
Salinity	Laboratory control water (26 to 32 parts per thousand); Effluent, as is (DSN 001-1), site control water, as is (Niantic Bay)	
Temperature	$26^{0}C \pm 1$	
Light	Ambient laboratory illumination	
Photoperiod	16-h light, 8-h dark	
Test chamber type	Glass or plastic (250 - 400 mL capacity)	
Test solution volume	200 mL per replicate	
Test solution renewal	Daily	
Age of test organisms	7 days old	
No. of test organisms	5 per replicate chamber	
Replicates	12 - 100% effluent and 12 - Site control, 12 Laboratory control water	
Source of food	Newly hatched (less than 24-hour old) brine shrimp nauplii. Concentrate brine shrimp nauplii with $\leq 150 \ um$ sieve mesh and rinse with seawater.	
Feeding regime	About 150 brine shrimp nauplii per mysid once per day (about one concentrated drop). Feed after test solution renewal.	
Cleaning test chambers	Siphon excess food prior to test solution renewal.	
Aeration	None, unless DO falls below 4.0 mg/l, then gently aerate all chambers.	
Control water	Niantic Bay water collected near the intakes of MPS, grab samples, three separate collections: collected on day 0, day 2, and day 4.	
Effluent	24 hour composite collected at DSN 001-1 (quarry cut). Collected on day 0, day 2 and day 4.	
Test duration	Acute: 48 hours Chronic: 7 days	
Endpoint	Acute: Survival Chronic: Survival, growth and percent of total females with eggs in oviducts.	
Mortality observations	Each test chamber is examined for mortality at 24 hour intervals. Dead individuals are removed and if any individuals are missing (via cannibalism) they are noted.	
Physical-chemical measurements of solutions in test chambers	Temperature, salinity, DO and pH of the effluent and control test solutions are measured at the beginning, at 24 hour intervals and at test termination. These parameters are measured prior to and after test solution renewals.	

Physical-chemical measurements of composite effluent sample and control grab test sample	Prior to test initiation the following parameters are measured or aliquots preserved for later measurement with each of three composite sample collections at DSN 001-1 and each grab sample collected from the intake area: salinity, pH, total residual chlorine, ammonia as N, nitrate as N, nitrite as N, total suspended solids, total recoverable and dissolved boron, total recoverable and dissolved copper, total recoverable and dissolved lead, total recoverable and dissolved molybdenum, total kjeldahl nitrogen, and hydrazine.
Reference toxicant	Sodium dodecyl sulfate with an acute endpoint (48 hours) and chronic endpoint.
Test acceptability criteria:	Acute: 90% survival (averaged) in laboratory_controls Chronic: 80% survival (averaged) in laboratory control after 7 days. A minimum average dry weight of 0.2 mg per surviving mysid in controls is required. Fecundity shall be used as an endpoint if 50% or more of the females in the laboratory control produce eggs.

TABLE JJ Testing protocol DSN 001-1 Sheepshead minnow 48-hour acute and 7-day chronic tests		
Testing procedure	Acute: first 48-hours of the chronic test as modified below. Chronic: EPA-821-R-02-014, except as modified below.	
Test type	Static with daily renewal	
Salinity	Laboratory control water (26 to 32 parts per thousand); Effluent, as is (DSN 001-1), site control water, as is (Niantic Bay)	
Temperature	$26^{0}C \pm 1$	
Light	Ambient laboratory illumination	
Photoperiod	16-h light, 8-h dark	
Test chamber type	Glass or plastic (1 Liter capacity)	
Test solution volume	500 - 750 mL per replicate	
Test solution renewal	Daily	
Age of test organisms	\leq 24 hours old	
No. of test organisms	10 per replicate chamber	
Replicates	6 - 100% effluent and 6 – Site control and 6 Laboratory control water	
Source of food	Newly hatched (less than 24-hour old) brine shrimp nauplii. Concentrate brine shrimp nauplii with $\leq 150 \text{ um}$ sieve mesh and rinse with seawater.	
Feeding regime	Feed once a day concentrated brine shrimp at a rate per replicate of 0.1 mL (2 drops) on days 0-2 and 0.15 mL (3 drops) on days 3-6. Feed after test solution renewals.	
Cleaning test chambers	Siphon excess food prior to test solution renewal.	

Aeration	None, unless DO falls below 4.0 mg/l, then gently aerate all chambers.	
Control water	Niantic Bay water collected near the intakes of MPS, grab samples, three separate collections: collected on day 0, day 2, and day 4.	
Effluent	24 hour composite collected at DSN 001-1 (quarry cut). Collected on day 0, day 2 and day 4.	
Test duration	Acute: 48 hours Chronic: 7 days	
Endpoint	Acute: Survival. Chronic: Survival and growth	
Mortality observations	Each test chamber is examined for mortality at 24 hour intervals. Dead individuals are removed.	
Physical-chemical measurements of solutions in test chambers	Temperature, salinity, DO and pH of the effluent and control test solutions are measured at the beginning, at 24 hour intervals and at test termination. These parameters are measured prior to and after test solution renewals.	
Physical-chemical measurements of composite effluent sample and control grab <u>test</u> sample	Prior to test initiation the following parameters are measured or aliquots preserved for later measurement with each of three total composite sample collections at DSN 001-1 and each grab sample collected from the intake area: salinity, pH, total residual chlorine, ammonia as N, nitrate as N, nitrite as N, total suspended solids, total recoverable and dissolved boron, total recoverable and dissolved copper, total recoverable and dissolved lead, total recoverable and dissolved nickel, total recoverable and dissolved zinc, total kjeldahl nitrogen, total recoverable and dissolved molybdenum, and hydrazine.	
Reference toxicant	Sodium dodecyl sulfate with an acute endpoint (48 hours) and chronic endpoint.	
Test acceptability criteria:	Acute: 90% survival (averaged) in laboratory controls Chronic: 80% survival (averaged) in laboratory control after 7 days. A minimum average dry weight of 0.6 mg per surviving organism in laboratory controls (unpreserved).	

SECTION 6: SAMPLE COLLECTION, HANDLING AND ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES

(A) Chemical Analysis

- (1) Unless otherwise specified in this permit, the Permittee shall perform chemical analyses to determine compliance with effluent limits and conditions established in this permit, including all of the Tables, using the methods specified in the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 136 of Title 40 (40 CFR 136) unless an alternative method has been approved in writing (a) by the Regional Administrator U.S.EPA Region I pursuant to 40 CFR 136.5, or (b) as provided in section 22a-430-3(j)(7) of the RCSA. Chemicals which do not have methods of analysis specified in 40 CFR 136 shall be analyzed in accordance with methods specified in this permit.
- (2) The Minimum Levels specified below represent the concentrations at which quantification must be achieved and verified by the Permittee for the parameters identified in Section 5 of this permit. Except for chlorine, free available and chlorine, total residual, analyses for these parameters must include check standards within ten percent of the specified Minimum Level or calibration points equal to or less than the specified Minimum Level.

Boron1.0 mg/lChlorine, Free Available20.0 ug/L20.0 ug/L20.0 ug/L	Minimum Level	
Chlorine, Free Available 20.0 ug/L		
Chlorine, Total Residual 20.0_ug/L		
Copper 5.0 ug/L		
Hydrazine (iodine titration) 350 ug/L+		
Hydrazine (UV/VIS Spectrophotometric) 5.0 ug/L+		
Lead 5.0 ug/L		
Nickel 5.0 ug/L		
Zinc 20.0 ug/L		

+ This Minimum level applies to the discharges noted in section 6(A)(6) of this permit.

- (3) The Permittee shall report the value of each parameter for which monitoring is required under this permit to the maximum level of accuracy and precision possible consistent with the requirements of this section of the permit.
- (4) The Permittee shall report effluent analyses for which quantification was verified during the analysis at or below the minimum levels specified in this section and which indicate that a parameter was not detected as "less than x" where 'x' is the numerical value equivalent to the analytical method detection limit for that analysis.
- (5) Results of effluent analyses which indicate that a parameter was not present at a concentration greater than or equal to the Minimum Level specified for that analysis shall be considered equivalent to zero (0.0) for purposes of determining compliance with effluent limitations or conditions specified in this permit.
- (6) The Permittee shall test for hydrazine using iodine titration with a minimum detection level of 350 ug/l and shall use this test method to determine compliance with the limit for hydrazine for the following discharges: DSN 001B-1(a), DSN 001B-2(a), DSN 001B-2, DSN 001B-2(b), DSN 001B-3, DSN 001B-6, DSN 001B-8, DSN 001B-9, DSN 001B-10, DSN 001B-11, DSN 001C-1(a), DSN 001C-2, DSN 001C-3, DSN 001C-4, DSN 001C-6, DSN 001C-6(a), DSN 001C-6(b),

DSN 001C-8 and DSN 001C-9. The Permittee shall test for hydrazine using UV/VIS spectrophotometric with a minimum detection level of 5.0 ug/l and shall use this test method to determine compliance with the limit for hydrazine at all other discharge locations.

- (7) To determine compliance with the limit for boron at all specified discharge locations, the Permittee shall test for boron using acid-base titration with a detection limit of 1.0 mg/l.
- (8) The Permittee shall use the following analytical methods to determine compliance with the limits for the following substances in this permit:

Parameter	Methodology
Chlorine, Free Available	DPD Colorimetric Method, SM 4500-Cl G
Chlorine, Total Residual	DPD Colorimetric Method, SM 4500-Cl G
Ethanolamine (ETA)	Ion Chromatography (IC)
Ethanolamine (ETA)	Total Organic Carbon, EPA Method 415.1
* • • • •	(SM5310)+
Lithium	SM 3120B, excluding sample digestion
Total Suspended Solids	EPA Method 160.2 or modified method for ultra-pure
	wastewaters++

- + Use of this methodology is restricted to analysis for Steam Generator secondary side wet lay-up and Steam Generator cool down drains
- ++ Total suspended solids analysis of ultra-pure wastewaters will be performed using a one-liter sample of the wastewater
- (9) As an alternative to the test method specified in Section 6(A)(8), the Permittee may use the following test method to analyze for free available chlorine and total residual chlorine: N,N-diethyl-p-phenylenediamine (DPD) methodology as performed by the HACH Pocket Colorimeter Chlorine Test Kit (The HACH Kit). The HACH Kit shall meet the requirements of Standard Method 4500-CLG, shall have a minimum level of 0.02 mg/l for free available chlorine and total residual chlorine and shall measure Total Residual Oxidants in salt water.

(B) Acute Aquatic Toxicity Test

- (1) Unless this permit prescribes otherwise, the Permittee shall collect and handle samples for monitoring of Aquatic Toxicity for DSN 006-1 as prescribed in "Methods for Measuring the Acute Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater and Marine Organisms" (EPA/821-R-02-012). When collecting and handling any such samples the Permittee shall:
 - (a) Chill composite samples as they are collected. Grab samples shall be chilled immediately following collection. Samples shall be held at 0 6 degrees Celsius until Aquatic Toxicity testing is initiated.
 - (b) Not dechlorinate, filter or modify effluent samples in any way, prior to testing for Aquatic Toxicity, unless specifically approved in writing by the Commissioner.
 - (c) Conduct chemical analyses of the parameters identified in Section 5 Table EE-T on an aliquot of the same sample tested for Aquatic Toxicity as follows:
 - (i) At a minimum, pH, specific conductance, salinity and total residual chlorine
shall be measured in the effluent sample and, during Aquatic Toxicity tests, in the highest concentration of test solution and in the dilution (control) water at the beginning of the test and at test termination. If Total Residual Chlorine is not detected at test initiation, it does not need to be measured at test termination. Dissolved oxygen, pH, and temperature shall be measured in the control and all test concentrations at the beginning of the test, daily thereafter, and at test termination.

- (ii) For tests with saltwater organisms that require salinity adjustment of the effluent, The Permittee shall conduct chemical analyses on an aliquot of the effluent sample collected for Aquatic Toxicity testing and on an aliquot of the effluent following salinity adjustment. Both sets of results shall be reported on the Aquatic Toxicity Monitoring Report (ATMR) submitted under Section 8(B) of this permit.
- (d) Initiate tests for Aquatic Toxicity within 36 hours of sample collection.
- (2) The Permittee shall determine compliance with the permit limit for Aquatic Toxicity (invertebrate) (Table EE-T) by conducting testing for 48-hours utilizing neonatal *Mysidopsis bahia* (1-5 days old with no more than 24-hours range in age)
- (3) The Permittee shall determine compliance with the permit limit for Aquatic Toxicity (vertebrate) (Table EE-T) by conducting testing for 48-hours utilizing larval *Cyprinodon variegatus* (1-14 days old with no more than 24-hours range in age).
- (4) Except as specified below, the Permittee shall conduct static non-renewal acute_tests for Aquatic Toxicity as prescribed in "Methods for Measuring the Acute Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater and Marine Organisms" (EPA/821-R-02-012), except as specified below.
 - (a) Definitive (multi-concentration) testing, with LC50 as the endpoint, shall be conducted to determine compliance with limits on Aquatic Toxicity and monitoring conditions and shall incorporate, at a minimum, the following effluent concentrations:
 - (i) For Aquatic Toxicity Limits expressed as LC50 values of 33% or greater: 100%, 75%, 50%, 25%, 12.5%, and 6.25%
 - (b) Sodium lauryl sulfate or sodium dodecyl sulfate shall be used as the reference toxicant.
 - (c) Synthetic seawater for use as dilution water or controls shall be prepared with deionized water and artificial sea salts as described in EPA/821-R-02-012.
 - (d) Aquatic toxicity tests with saltwater organisms shall be conducted at a salinity between 26 and 32 parts per thousand.
 - (e) Salinity adjustment that may be required in tests with saltwater organisms shall utilize the approved EPA method and the effluent shall be adjusted using synthetic sea salts.
- (5) Compliance with limits on Aquatic Toxicity shall be determined as follows:
 - (a) For limits expressed as a minimum LC50 value, compliance shall be demonstrated when the results of a valid definitive Aquatic Toxicity test indicates that the LC50 value for the test is greater than the Aquatic Toxicity Limit.

SECTION 7: CHRONIC TOXICITY MONITORING CONDITION

- (A) The Permittee shall monitor the chronic toxicity of discharge DSN001-1 in accordance with the following requirements:
 - (1) Chronic toxicity testing of the discharge shall be conducted four times per year in the months of January, April, July and October.
 - (2) Except as modified in the testing protocol (see Tables II and JJ) single concentration, static renewal chronic toxicity tests shall be performed on the discharge in accordance with the test methodology prescribed in Short-term Methods for Estimating the Chronic Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Marine and Estuarine Organisms (EPA 821-R-02-014) as referenced in 40 CFR 136 for *Cyprinodon variegatus* larval survival and growth and *Mysidopsis bahia* survival, growth, and fecundity;
 - (3) Daily composite samples of the discharge DSN 001-1, collected at the quarry cut outlet and grab samples of Niantic Bay water collected in the vicinity of the cooling water intake structures for use as <u>site</u> control water, shall be collected on day 0, day 2, and day 4 of the test.
 - (4) Samples of DSN 001-1 and site control water shall not be dechlorinated, filtered or chemically altered in any way. Removal of any indigenous organisms that may be present shall be accomplished using an eye dropper.
 - (5) Test solutions shall be renewed daily. Samples collected on day 0 shall be used for day 1 and day 2 of the test, samples collected on day 2 shall be used for days 3 and 4, and samples collected on day 4 shall be used for the reminder of the test. In no case shall samples of DSN 001-1 or the site control water be held longer than 36 hours prior to their first use for renewal of test solutions.
 - (6) Laboratory control water shall be adjusted to a salinity of 26 to 32 parts per thousand.
 - (7) A reference toxicant test shall be conducted with each chronic toxicity monitoring test using sodium lauryl sulfate or sodium dodecycl sulfate with an acute LC50 as the endpoint. The reference toxicant test shall report both the Lowest Observable Effect Concentration (LOEC) and Chronic No Observable Effect Concentration (CNOEC) endpoints.
 - (B) Compliance with the permit limit for Aquatic Toxicity specified in Table A shall be demonstrated when the 48-hour results of a valid chronic test, which meets acute test acceptability criteria, demonstrates mean survival equal to or greater than 90% in the undiluted effluent sample.
 - (C) If any chronic toxicity test result indicates a significant difference (i.e., as determined by means of a one-tailed t-test at an alpha level of 0.05) in mortality of test organisms between samples of DSN 001-1 and the control, the Permittee shall immediately notify the Department and submit to the Department within 30 days of the conclusion of the test a brief summary of the test results which includes at a minimum percent survival in each replicate test chamber and all supporting chemical/physical measurements performed in association with the toxicity test.

SECTION 8: REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

(A) The Permittee shall enter the results of all monitoring and analyses used to demonstrate compliance with Section 5 of this permit, all chemical analyses and any aquatic toxicity test required by this permit on the Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) prescribed by the Commissioner, and shall send the DMR to the Bureau of Materials Management and Compliance Assurance (Attn: DMR Processing) at the following address. The report shall also include a detailed explanation of any violations of any limit of this permit reported on the DMR, including any corrective action taken. The Permittee shall ensure that the DMR shall be received at this address by the last day of the month following the month in which samples are collected.

> Bureau of Materials Management and Compliance Assurance Water Permitting and Enforcement (Attn: DMR Processing) Connecticut Department of Environmental Protection 79 Elm Street Hartford, CT 06106-5127

(B) The Permittee shall enter on the Aquatic Toxicity Monitoring Report (ATMR) form prescribed by the Commissioner complete and accurate aquatic toxicity test data, including percent survival of test organisms in each replicate test chamber, LC50 values and 95% confidence intervals for definitive test protocols, and for chronic tests the LOEC and CNOEC and all supporting chemical/physical measurements performed in association with any aquatic toxicity test, including measured daily flow and hours of operation for the day of sample collection and shall send such report to the Bureau of Water Protection and Land Reuse at the following address:

> Bureau of Water Protection and Land Reuse (Attn: Aquatic Toxicity) Connecticut Department of Environmental Protection 79 Elm St. Hartford, Ct 06106-5127

The Permittee shall ensure that the ATMR is received at this address by the last day of the month following the month in which samples are collected.

The Permittee shall prepare a complete and thorough report of the results of the chronic toxicity monitoring for DSN 001-1 as outlined in Section 10 of "Short-term Methods for Estimating the Chronic Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Marine and Estuarine Organisms" (EPA 821-R-02-014). The Permittee shall submit reports for chronic testing required by sections 5, 6, and 7 of this permit to the Bureau of Water Protection and Land Reuse, at the address in section 8(A) for review within 60 days of test completion.

- (C) If this permit requires monitoring of a discharge but a discharge has not occurred within the frequency of sampling specified in the permit, the Permittee must submit the DMR and ATMR, as scheduled, indicating "NO DISCHARGE".
- (D) The reporting requirements of this permit shall be in addition to any reporting required by Section 22a-430-3(j) of the RCSA.

SECTION 9: RECORDING AND REPORTING OF VIOLATIONS, ADDITIONAL TESTING REQUIREMENTS

(A) If any sample analysis indicates that an Aquatic Toxicity effluent limitation in Section 5 of this permit has been exceeded, or that the test was invalid, the Permittee shall collect and test another sample of the effluent for Aquatic Toxicity and associated chemical parameters, as described above in Section 5, Section 6, and Section 7, and the Permittee shall report the results to the Bureau of Materials Management and Compliance Assurance (Attn: DMR Processing), at the address listed above, within 30 days of the exceedance or invalid

test. The Permittee shall also report the results to Aquatic toxicity as specified in Section 8 Paragraph (B) above. Results of all tests, whether valid or invalid, shall be reported.

- (B) If any two consecutive test results or any three test results in a twelve month period indicates that an Aquatic Toxicity Limit has been exceeded, the Permittee shall immediately take all reasonable steps to eliminate toxicity wherever possible and shall submit a report to Bureau of Water Protection and Land Reuse (Attn: Aquatic Toxicity) for the review and approval of the Commissioner in accordance with section 22a-430-3(j)(10)(c) of the RCSA describing proposed steps to eliminate the toxic impact of the discharge on the receiving water body. Such a report shall include a proposed time schedule to accomplish toxicity reduction and the Permittee shall comply with any schedule approved by the Commissioner regarding toxicity reduction.
- (C) The Permittee shall notify the Bureau of Materials Management and Compliance Assurance, Water Permitting and Enforcement Division, within 72 hours and in writing within thirty days of the discharge of any substance listed in the application but not listed in the permit if the concentration or quantity of that substance exceeds two times the level listed in the application.

SECTION 10: COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE

- (A) The Permittee shall conduct or continue to conduct biological studies of the supplying and receiving waters. The scope of such studies shall include intertidal and subtidal benthic communities, finfish communities, entrained plankton, lobster populations and winter flounder populations in accordance with the provisions of (1), (2) and (3) of this subsection as follows:
 - (1) On or before September 30th of each calendar year, the Permittee shall submit for the Commissioner's review and written approval a scope of study relating to the continuation of biological studies for the next year. The annual scope of study shall include but not be limited to the following:
 - (a) an outline of studies and monitoring to be conducted during the next year;
 - (b) a description of any other related entrainment and impingement mortality monitoring and studies planned or underway;
 - (c) a summary of any proposed changes in research or monitoring from the previous year.
 - (2) On or before July 31st of each calendar year, the Permittee shall submit for the review of the Commissioner a detailed report (Annual Ecological Report) of the results of biological studies conducted based on the approved scope of work for the previous calendar year.
 - (3) In conjunction with the above, the Permittee shall maintain an electronic data base of the comprehensive time series of all data collected in association with these biological studies and that such data, or subsets of data, will be made available in an agreed upon electronic format within thirty (30) days following a written request for such data from the Department.
- (B) For the duration of this permit, the Permittee shall ensure that all planned spring refueling outages for Unit 2 and Unit 3 at MPS occur between April 4th and May 14th ("the designated period") of the calendar year. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if Force Majeure events as described in Section 10(W) occur, planned spring refueling outages for either Unit 2 or Unit 3 may occur sometime other than the designated period, although the Permittee shall take all reasonable steps to conduct planned spring refueling outages between April 4th and May 14 of the calendar year, even if Force Majeure events occur. If Force Majeure events

occur that will result in the Permittee not being able to conduct planned spring outages within the designated period, the Permittee shall notify the Commissioner in writing pursuant to 10(W), describing fully the event that occurred and explaining in detail the reason for not being able to conduct spring refueling outages during the designated period, including all steps taken to try and conduct planned spring refueling outages within the designated period.

(C) <u>Cooling Water Intake Flow Limits:</u>

(1) Effective from the issuance of this permit up to and including December 31, 2010, the Permittee shall comply with the intake flow limits in Table 1:

Table 1: INTAKE FLOW LIMITS ON OR BEFORE DECEMBER 31, 2010

Cumulative intake flow limit	Cumulative intake flow limit	Cumulative intake flow limit
(average) for Unit 2 and Unit 3	(average) for Unit 2 and Unit 3	(average) for Unit 2 and Unit 3
combined, except during the Interval	combined during the Interval in	combined during the Interval in
in calendar years 2008 and 2010	calendar year 2008	calendar year 2010
	(Unit 2 planned spring refueling	(Unit 3 planned spring refueling
	outage)	outage
2,190.0 mgpd	1,861.5 mgpd	1,642.5 mgpd

Remarks:

"mgpd" means million gallons per day.

"intake flow limit (average)" means taking the average of all of the total daily flows taking into account each day of the Interval.

"intake flow" means the amount of water that may be withdrawn from Niantic Bay for cooling water purposes for the operation of Unit 2 and Unit 3 at MPS.

"Interval" means from April 4th to May 14th or the first day after May 14th when the intake water temperature reaches 52 degrees F, whichever is later, but in no event later than June 5th.

(2) Effective January 1, 2011, the Permittee shall comply with the intake flow limits in Table 2.

Table 2: INTAKE FLOW LIMITS ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2011

Cumulative intake	Cumulative intake flow	Cumulative intake flow limit	Cumulative intake flow
flow limit (average)	limit (average) for Unit	(average) for Unit 2 and Unit 3	limit (average) for Unit 2
for Unit 2 and Unit 3	2 and Unit 3 combined	combined during the Interval in	and Unit 3 combined
combined except	during the Interval in	calendar year 2012 and every	during the Interval in
during the Interval for	calendar year 2011 and	three (3) calendar years thereafter	calendar year 2013 and
the calendar years	every three (3) calendar	(no planned spring refueling	every three (3) calendar
described in this table	years thereafter (Unit 2	outage)	years thereafter (Unit 3
	planned spring		planned spring refueling
	refueling outage)		outage)
2,190.0 mgpd	1,270.2 mgpd†	1,467.3 mgpd†	1,095.0 mgpd*†

Remarks:

"mgpd" means million gallons per day.

"intake flow limit (average)" means taking the average of all of the total daily flows taking into account each day of the Interval.

"intake flow" means the amount of water that may be withdrawn from Niantic Bay for cooling water purposes for the operation of MPS.

"Interval" means from April 4th to May 14th or the first day after May 14th when the intake water temperature reaches 52 degrees F, whichever is later, but in no event later than June 5th.

*If Force Majeure events as described in Section 10(W) interfere with the anticipated Unit 3 refueling outage scheduled for calendar year 2013 and every three (3) calendar years thereafter, the cumulative intake flow limit (average) for Unit 2 and Unit 3 combined during the Interval in such calendar year shall be 1,270.2 mgpd.

[†]For the period beginning May 14th to June 5th, or until the water temperature as measured at the inlet to the Unit 2 and Unit 3 cooling water intake structures reaches 52 degrees F, whichever is sooner, the average of all of the total daily flows for each day of this period for Unit 2 and Unit 3 combined shall not exceed 1467.3 mgpd.

- (3)Subject to the Commissioner's written approval, if the Permittee establishes that implementation of the Variable Frequency Drives and any planned spring refueling outages cannot achieve compliance with the flow reductions set forth in Table 2 of this paragraph, the Permittee may implement additional entrainment mitigation technologies, operating controls and other measures beyond those authorized by the terms and conditions of this permit which, in combination with the Variable Frequency Drives and any spring refueling outages, provide an equivalent amount of entrainment reduction as the flow limitations specified in Table 2 of this paragraph would provide during the most productive period of winter flounder spawning (i.e. optimal spring winter flounder larval entrainment season: April 4th through May 14th). The Permittee shall not implement any such additional technology, operating controls or measures beyond those authorized by the terms and conditions of this permit until either: (a) the Commissioner notifies the Permittee in writing that a permit modification is unnecessary; or (b) if in the Commissioner's judgment the activity would result in a discharge or a cumulative intake flow beyond the terms and conditions of this permit and require a modification of this permit in accordance with R.C.S.A. Sections 22a-430-4(g) and 22a-430-4(p). Nothing in this paragraph shall excuse compliance with Sections 22a-430-3(i), 22a-430-4(g) and 22a-430-4(p).
- (4) The Permittee shall submit, each July 31st of the calendar year, an Annual Ecological Report. Such report shall include, among other things, a complete and thorough description of all work undertaken for the implementation of flow reduction and/or entrainment mitigation technologies, operational methods or other measures undertaken in the previous calendar year. Such report shall include flow monitoring data and/or other measurements as necessary to demonstrate compliance with the entrainment reduction performance standards in effect as described above including a calculated estimate of the reduction in entrainment of larval winter flounder achieved.
- (5) <u>Variable Frequency Drives</u>: The Permittee shall design, acquire, construct, install, operate and maintain variable condenser cooling water flow technology ("variable frequency drives") to comply with the flow limits established in Table 2, above, in accordance with the following:
 - (a) On or before December 31, 2008, the Permittee shall submit to the Commissioner:

- a detailed schedule for the design, acquisition, construction, installation, operation, and maintenance of variable frequency drives, including applying for and obtaining all permits and approvals. Any downtime of generating units to accommodate installation or maintenance shall be scheduled to coincide with otherwise necessary downtime (e.g., for refueling outages, repair, overhaul, or routine maintenance of the generating units) to the greatest extent practicable; and
- (ii) a list of all permits and approvals required for the construction, installation, operation and maintenance of such variable frequency drives, including but not limited to any permits required under sections 22a-32, 22a-42a, 22a-342, 22a-361, 22a-368 or 22a-430 of the Connecticut General Statutes.
- (b) Beginning December 31, 2008, and continuing quarterly thereafter until the actions taken to comply with Section 10(C) have been completed, the Permittee shall submit to the Commissioner quarterly status reports. The status reports shall describe the progress being made since the last status report regarding the design, acquisition, construction, installation and operation of the variable frequency drives. Status reports shall include, but not be limited to, a detailed description of progress made by the Permittee in performing actions required by this section of the permit including, but not limited to, development of engineering plans and specifications, construction activity, contract bidding, operational changes, preparation, submittal of permit applications and dates the variable frequency drives were operated during each quarterly status report period.
- (c) The Permittee shall design, acquire, construct, install and have operational at MPS variable frequency drives capable of achieving compliance with the cumulative intake flow limits (average) specified in Table 2, above, no later than December 31, 2010. Within fifteen (15) days after completing such actions, the Permittee shall certify to the Commissioner in writing that the variable frequency drives required by and compliant with the terms and conditions of this permit have been installed and are operational at MPS.
- (d) Notwithstanding 10(C)(5)(c), contingent upon obtaining all necessary permits and authorizations pursuant to 10(C)(5)(a)(ii) above, the Permittee shall use diligent efforts to construct and install variable frequency drives at Unit 2 during its planned Fall 2009 refueling outage and to operate the variable frequency drives during the Interval in calendar year 2010. The Permittee shall use diligent efforts to install variable frequency drives at Unit 3 during its planned Spring 2010 refueling outage.
- (e) On or before July 1, 2012, the Permittee shall submit for the Commissioner's review and written approval a report that, at a minimum:
 - (i) evaluates the efficacy of the operation of the variable frequency drives in achieving compliance with the intake flow limits described in Section 10(C) of this permit;
 - (ii) evaluates, based upon experience acquired by the Permittee in the first year of operation of the variable frequency drives, whether such variable frequency drives, individually or in combination with other existing operational measures, are capable of extending the duration of the flow reductions beyond the Interval at Unit 2 and Unit 3 at MPS;

- (iii) recommends any further evaluation to determine whether such variable frequency drives, individually or in combination with other existing operational measures, are capable of extending the duration of the flow reductions beyond the Interval at Unit 2 and Unit 3 at MPS; and
- (iv) provides a schedule for the performing the further evaluation.
- (D) The Permittee shall undertake a study to examine, in a laboratory setting, the efficacy of fine-mesh screens to reduce entrainment of winter flounder larvae in accordance with the approved scope of study and schedule submitted in correspondence D17445 dated April 30, 2003, from Dominion Nuclear Connecticut, Inc. to the Department and revised in a submittal (D17518) received on November 20, 2003.
- (E) On or before December 1, 2008, the Permittee shall submit for the Commissioner's review and written approval a comprehensive and thorough report that describes its findings on the study performed in accordance with Section 10(D) of this Permit. The feasibility of implementing fine mesh screen technologies at the Unit 2 and Unit 3 cooling water intake structures at MPS will be part of the evaluation to be conducted pursuant to Section 10(K).
- (F) On or before ninety (90) days after the issuance of this permit, the Permittee shall submit for the Commissioner's review and written approval a scope of study that defines the Permittee's role and commitment for its participation during the tenure of a Nitrogen Work Group established by the Department to review and evaluate nitrogen loading and management in the Niantic River. The scope of study shall also include a substantive plan and schedule of investigations to be conducted by the Permittee or by funding a mutually acceptable outside party, contributory and complementary to studies and monitoring identified by the Work Group, and endorsed by the Work Group, which may include but not be limited to:
 - (1) Monitoring of ambient nitrogen concentrations in the Niantic River and other environmental conditions relevant to water quality in the Niantic River;
 - (2) Identification of the sources of nitrogen to the Niantic River;
 - (3) Quantification of the load of nitrogen to the Niantic River from human and natural sources;
 - (4) A qualitative assessment regarding the degree to which nitrogen impacts eelgrass bed health or dissolved oxygen conditions in the Niantic River;
 - (5) An estimate of nitrogen loads to the Niantic River that would be consistent with a healthy eelgrass condition; and
 - (6) Providing assistance in evaluation of categorical management actions that would help reduce nitrogen loads to the Niantic River.

Note: Nitrogen Work Group will be drawn from the following organizations: DEP - Bureau of Water Protection and Land Reuse - Planning and Standards Division, Office of Long Island Sound Programs and Marine Fisheries Division; U.S. EPA- Office of Research and Development, Narragansett Bay- Rhode Island; University of Connecticut - Avery Point and/or Stamford Campuses; US Fish and Wildlife Service; US Geological Survey; Dominion Nuclear Connecticut, Inc.; and others deemed necessary by the DEP.

(G) In accordance with a schedule adopted by the Nitrogen Work Group, the Permittee shall make available all data collected pursuant to Section 10(F) above and contribute to a final report prepared under the auspices of the Nitrogen Work Group, which provides a comprehensive and thorough analysis of the Permittee's activities and accomplishments in the Nitrogen Work Group effort. The Permittee shall also make reference

to these activities, and incorporate a summary of those activities, in its comprehensive Annual Ecological Report of environmental studies to the DEP.

- (H) On or before 180 days after the issuance of this permit, the Permittee shall submit for the Commissioner's review and written approval a scope of study on the feasibility of augmenting natural reproduction of the Niantic River population of winter flounder by transplanting pre-spawn winter flounder collected from other areas of Long Island Sound or Block Island Sound to the Niantic River or by other alternative augmentation measures. The scope of study may be based on similar experiences with winter flounder in the U.S. or related species in the U.S. or worldwide. The scope of study shall include a substantive plan and schedule for conducting the investigation including but not limited to the following:
 - (1) The feasibility of hiring commercial fishermen to catch and hold live fish from eastern Long Island Sound or Block Island Sound and transplanting these fish to the Niantic River;
 - (2) Compensating commercial fishermen to return to the water any winter flounder taken in proximity to Niantic Bay in order to maximize survival of Niantic origin fish;
 - (3) The specific time period for transplanting pre-spawn winter flounder to maximize the benefits to the Niantic River population;
 - (4) The size range, sex ratio and number of fish required to be transplanted to enhance year class strength;
 - (5) The mechanisms by which transplanted fish could be retained in Niantic River and/or methods by which the percentage of transplanted fish remaining to spawn in the River will be determined;
 - (6) Means of reducing egg loss due to predation if transplanted fish are penned; and
 - (7) A discussion of the potential benefits to the Niantic River populations based on similar efforts in the U.S. or world-wide in transplanting winter flounder or related species.
- (I) The Permittee shall perform the study described in Section 10(H) above in accordance with the written scope of study and schedule approved in writing by the Commissioner. The Permittee shall submit for the Commissioner's review and written approval a comprehensive and thorough report developed in accordance with the approved scope of study which describes in detail the investigation performed and includes but is not limited to the following:
 - (1) The feasibility of transplanted fish staying in the Niantic River versus straying into Long Island Sound;
 - (2) The potential impact of the transplant program on the survival of young-of-year fish, including an evaluation of potential causes of mortality that might prevent the formation of a strong year class of juveniles and recommendations for enhancing survival;
 - (3) The potential for a transplant program to provide a meaningful contribution to stock abundance in the Niantic River;
 - (4) The potential for the "contributing stock" (donor stock) to be impacted by removal of pre-spawn individuals for transplant to the Niantic River; and

- (5) a recommendation, as appropriate, for a pilot demonstration project to determine the feasibility and long term efficacy of a full-scale winter flounder stock augmentation program for the Niantic River population.
- (J) On or before 365 days after the issuance of this permit, the Permittee shall submit for the review and written approval of the Commissioner, a report that evaluates the following winter flounder population dynamics and impact assessment modeling issues:
 - (1) Examination of projected trends (1960 2045) in flounder female spawning biomass in the Stochastic Population Dynamics Model (SPDM) under several scenarios in future (2005 - 2045) projections, including fishing mortality rates (F) including 0.20 through 0.50 at 0.10 increments coupled with conditional entrainment mortality (f) rates of 0.20 through 0.60 at 0.10 increments for Unit 2 operation through 2035 and Unit 3 through 2045;
 - (2) Examination of the potential array of factors in the Extended Ricker Model, including depensation, that might account for the persistent over-prediction of adult female spawners to the Niantic River stock from 1995 to 2002, according to the DEP Marine Fisheries Division Report of June 18, 2003; and
 - (3) Provide a discussion as to why annual mean February water temperatures from 1978 to 2001 were inversely related (P, 0.05) to both female adult recruitment and age 1 recruitment from those year-classes, but were statistically independent to larval and juvenile abundance indices from the same year classes, according to the DEP Marine Fisheries Division Report of June 18, 2003.
- (K) Pursuant to Section 316(b) of the federal Water Pollution Control Act, 33 U.S.C. § 1326(b), and Conn. Gen. Stat. § 22a-430(a), the location, design, construction, and capacity of the Unit 2 and Unit 3 cooling water intake structures at the Millstone Power Station ("MPS") shall reflect the Best Technology Available ("BTA") for minimizing adverse environmental impacts. The Commissioner has determined that the current location, design, construction and capacity of the Unit 2 and Unit 3 cooling water intake structures at MPS does not represent the BTA for minimizing adverse environmental impacts. The Commissioner has made a determination that there have been findings that reducing cooling water intake flows through the use of closed cycle recirculation systems reflect the BTA for minimizing adverse environmental impacts. The information provided with the Permittee's application identified reducing cooling water intake flows through the use of closed cycle recirculation systems as the most effective technology to minimize adverse environmental impacts. This identification was based upon the technologies that exist and not on an evaluation of whether any particular technology can be implemented for the Unit 2 and Unit 3 cooling water intake structures at MPS. To determine the BTA that can be implemented for the Unit 2 and Unit 3 cooling water intake structures at MPS, the Permittee shall perform an evaluation in accordance with the following:
 - (1) On or before December 15, 2008 the Permittee shall submit for the Commissioner's review and written approval a proposed scope of study and schedule for a detailed and comprehensive evaluation of all technological and operational measures, individually or in combination ("measures"), for minimizing adverse environmental impacts associated with the use of the Unit 2 and Unit 3 cooling water intake structures at MPS ("Study"). At a minimum, the scope of study shall include a proposal for:
 - (i) identifying all measures to be evaluated that are available to minimize adverse environmental impacts from impingement mortality and entrainment for the Unit 2 and Unit 3 cooling water intake structures at MPS, including but not limited to all fine-mesh screen technologies and closed-cycle recirculation systems. The evaluation of closedcycle recirculation systems shall include but not be limited to closed-cycle recirculation systems that are capable of limiting the maximum cumulative daily intake flow to not

more than 219 million gallons per day, or achieving a ninety percent (90%) or greater reduction in impingement mortality and entrainment from the calculation baseline derived pursuant to Sections 10(O) to 10(R), inclusive, below for Unit 2 and for Unit 3 at MPS;

- (ii) including a narrative description of the design and operation of each of the measures to be evaluated, the reasons for selecting each of the measures to be evaluated, the information used to demonstrate the performance of each of the measures, and whether or not each of the measures is in use at other facilities;
- (iii) identifying measures for which a detailed and comprehensive evaluation will not be performed. This shall include a detailed description of the proposed criteria and rationale for not fully evaluating a measure;
- (iv) identifying all permits, licenses or approvals required for constructing, implementing and operating each of the measures, including but not limited to any permits required under Sections 22a-32, 22a-42a, 22a-342, 22a-361, 22a-368 or 22a-430 of the Connecticut General Statutes;
- identifying the level of preliminary design and engineering calculations, drawings and estimates to be prepared by a professional engineer licensed in Connecticut, for each of the measures to be fully evaluated, sufficient to determine whether such measures can be implemented at MPS;
- (vi) identifying all known or potential biological, chemical and environmental impacts from each of the measures to be evaluated, including but not limited to the waters of the state and to air quality. The proposal shall also include a detailed description of the proposed method for measuring such impacts and proposals to minimize such impacts to the extent practicable;
- (vii) estimating the cost for installing and operating each of the measures to be evaluated for the purposes of evaluating the cost effectiveness of such measures;
- (viii) identifying impacts, including costs and reliability, that each of the measures to be evaluated will have on Connecticut's electrical supply grid or other energy impacts and proposals to minimize such impacts to the extent practicable;
- (ix) identifying siting, seismic, geologic and hydrologic impacts that each of the measures will have at MPS and proposals to minimize such impacts to the extent practicable;
- (x) a proposed schedule for the design, construction, installation and operation of each of the measures to be evaluated. Any downtime of generating units to accommodate construction, installation or maintenance shall be scheduled to coincide with otherwise necessary downtime (e.g., for repair, overhaul, or routine maintenance of the generating units) to the greatest extent practicable. Where additional downtime is required, the Permittee may propose coordinating scheduling of this downtime with regulatory or other entities to ensure that impacts to electric reliability and supply are minimized;
- (xi) identifying the energy efficiency of each of the measures to be evaluated;
- (xii) identifying any conflicts with all plant safety and human health and safety requirements established by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) or any other state or federal agency associated with the measures to be evaluated. With respect to any such conflict,

the scope of study shall include a proposal to describe in detail the safety requirement at issue, the legal or other basis for the requirement; and all attempts that have or will be taken to resolve any such conflict;

- (xiii) a comprehensive evaluation, including supporting documentation, of the constraints or impediments that preclude the implementation of each of the measures evaluated. Such evaluation shall include all federal or state safety or other direct conflicts, engineering or locational constraints, energy impacts and any other constraints or impediments that preclude the implementation of such measures;
- (xiv) calculating the reduction in impingement mortality and entrainment of all life stages of fish and shellfish that would be achieved by each of the measures evaluated. In proposing to calculate any such reduction, the Permittee shall assess the total reduction in impingement mortality and entrainment against the calculation baseline determined in accordance with the Impingement Mortality and Entrainment Characterization Study;
- (xv) for any impacts or impediments related to the implementation of any measures described in sections 10(K)(1)(i) through (xiii), propose measures to the extent practicable to minimize the environmental impacts or impediments.

(Unless clearly specified otherwise in the Scope of Study, the requirements of subdivisions (i) to (xv), inclusive, shall apply to each measure to be evaluated).

- (L) The Commissioner may approve the Scope of Study as submitted or with such conditions or modifications that the Commissioner deems necessary or if the Scope of Study does not comply with the requirements of this Permit, the Commissioner may deny approval of the Scope of the Study. The Permittee shall perform the evaluation in accordance with the Scope of Study and schedule approved by the Commissioner pursuant to Section 10(K) and submit for the Commissioner's review and written approval a thorough comprehensive report by no later than January 20, 2012. If the Commissioner approves the Scope of Study after March 31, 2009 then the Permittee shall have two years and ten months from the date of approval of the Scope of Study to perform the evaluation and submit a thorough and comprehensive report. The report shall, at a minimum, (i) address in a comprehensive manner the issues in the Scope of Study approved by the Commissioner pursuant to Section 10(K); (ii) describe in detail the findings of its evaluation; and (iii) include a recommendation of the preferred measure for installation at MPS in accordance with the findings of the evaluation.
- (M) If the evaluation performed by the Permittee pursuant to Section 10(L) does not fully evaluate whether a measure can be implemented at MPS or provide information on a measure to the satisfaction of the Commissioner, the Permittee shall provide any additional information requested by the Commissioner in accordance with a supplemental plan and schedule approved in writing by the Commissioner. Unless otherwise specified in writing by the Commissioner, the supplemental plan and schedule shall be submitted for the Commissioner's review and written approval on or before thirty (30) days after notice from the Commissioner that such plan and schedule is required.
- (N) On or before September 30, 2008, the Permittee shall submit for the Commissioner's review and written approval a comprehensive and thorough scope of study, including a proposed schedule for completion, for performing an Impingement Mortality and Entrainment Characterization Study to provide information to characterize current impingement mortality and entrainment and to support the development of a calculation baseline based on actual operations for evaluating impingement mortality and entrainment associated with the cooling water intake structures in use for Unit 2 and Unit 3 at MPS. In addition, this information shall also be incorporated as a separate part of the scope of study required by Section 10(K). The scope of study

shall include a proposal for providing all of the necessary details to accurately characterize impingement mortality and entrainment associated with MPS operations including but not limited to the following :

- (1) a proposal to calculate baseline levels for impingement mortality and entrainment that are occurring with the existing once through cooling water intake structures in use for Unit 2 and Unit 3 at MPS without including any structural or operational controls, including but not limited to flow or velocity reductions, implemented in whole or in part for the purposes of reducing impingement mortality and entrainment;
- (2) taxonomic identifications of all life stages of fish and shellfish (including macrocrustaceans, molluscs and horseshoe crabs), as well as any other species that are protected under federal or state law (including, but not limited to, threatened or endangered species and species of special concern identified in Conn. Agencies Regs §§ 26-306-4 to 22a-306-6, inclusive) in the vicinity of the cooling water intake structure(s) for Unit 2 and Unit 3 at MPS that are susceptible to impingement and entrainment. All taxonomic identifications will differentiate those species previously identified in prior studies from those species not previously identified in prior studies;
- (3) a characterization of all life stages of fish and shellfish (including macrocrustaceans, molluscs and horseshoe crabs), as well as any other species that are protected under federal or state law (including, but not limited to, threatened or endangered species and species of special concern identified in Conn. Agencies Regs §§ 26- 306-4 to 22a-306-6, inclusive), including but not limited to, a description of the abundance and temporal and spatial characteristics in the vicinity of the cooling water intake structure(s) for Unit 2 and Unit 3, based on data, including data acquired from a minimum of two (2) years of new field studies or as otherwise deemed acceptable by the Commissioner, to sufficiently characterize annual, seasonal, and diel variations (taking into account the spring-neap tidal cycle) in impingement mortality and entrainment. All characterizations will differentiate those species previously identified in prior studies from those species not previously identified in prior studies. In providing this characterization the Permittee may propose to include previous study or data characterizing: (1) impingement mortality and entrainment at MPS; (2) the physical and biological conditions in the vicinity of the cooling water intake structures for Unit 2 and Unit 3; provided that the study or data were collected using appropriate quality assurance/quality control procedures, and that any such study or data are representative of the current operation of MPS and of biological conditions at and in the vicinity of MPS, or are otherwise relevant to the proposed Impingement Mortality and Entrainment Characterization Study. In addition, the Permittee shall propose to make available, if requested by the Commissioner, any data study listed or referred to pursuant to this paragraph;
- (4) documenting the current impingement mortality and entrainment of all life stages of fish and shellfish (including macrocrustaceans, molluscs and horseshoe crabs), as well as any other species that are protected under federal or state law (including, but not limited to, threatened or endangered species and species of special concern identified in Conn. Agencies Regs §§ 26-306-4 to 22a-306-6, inclusive). Such documentation will differentiate those species previously identified in prior studies from those species not previously identified in prior studies. To put sampling results in context, any proposal shall indicate what impingement mortality and entrainment data currently exist and shall propose a method for considering the relationship between the existing data and the new data to be gathered as well as considering the relationship between impingement mortality and entrainment and current and historical abundance of species in question;
- (5) a sampling plan for a minimum of two (2) years or as otherwise deemed acceptable by the Commissioner of new field studies the Permittee proposes to conduct in order to ensure that the Permittee has sufficient data to develop a scientifically valid estimate of impingement mortality and entrainment. Any proposed sampling plan shall provide for year round sampling including,

but not limited to, entrainment sampling when species are likely to be entrained. Any proposed sampling plan shall include an explanation of the reasons for the sampling plan. Any proposed sampling plan shall further include all methods and quality assurance/quality control procedures for sampling and data analysis. The sampling and data analysis methods proposed shall be valid for a quantitative survey and shall include consideration of the methods used in other studies performed in Long Island Sound in the vicinity of MPS. The proposed sampling plan shall include a description of the study area (including the area of influence for the cooling water intake structures for Unit 2 and Unit 3), provide a taxonomic identification of the sampled or evaluated biological assemblages (including all life stages of fish and shellfish) and shall ensure that samples are collected during periods of representative operational flows for the cooling water intake structure for Unit 2 and Unit 3 and the flows associated with any such proposed samples. Environmental and operational factors (e.g., the flow rate, temperature, salinity and weather) shall be recorded during entrainment and impingement monitoring. The raw data generated during sampling, in full and in summary, shall be provided to the Department in hard copy and in a usable electronic format, and any proposed sampling plan shall include a proposal for making the data available;

- (6) a proposal on how naturally moribund fish and shellfish that enter the cooling water intake structure for Unit 2 and Unit 3 would be identified and taken into account in assessing each measure evaluated;
- (7) an evaluation of low pressure fish spray wash technology and the feasibility of installing such technology in the Unit 2 intake structure, if necessary, to reduce impingement mortality; and
- (8) any other information necessary to characterize impingement mortality and entrainment at MPS.
- (O) The Commissioner may approve the Scope of Study as submitted or with such conditions or modifications that the Commissioner deems necessary or if the Scope of Study does not comply with the requirements of this Permit, the Commissioner may deny approval of the Scope of the Study. The Permittee shall perform the study described in Section 10(N) in accordance with the Scope of Study and schedule approved by the Commissioner, in writing, and submit for the Commissioner's review and written approval a comprehensive and thorough report by no later than July 29, 2011. If the Commissioner approves the Scope of Study after December 31, 2008, then the Permittee shall have two years and seven months from the date of approval of the Scope of Study to perform the evaluation and submit a thorough and comprehensive report. The study shall, at a minimum, address in a comprehensive manner the issues in the Scope of Study approved by the Commissioner pursuant to this subsection. In addition, this study shall also be incorporated as a separate part of the report submitted pursuant to Section 10(L).
- (P) If the study performed by the Permittee pursuant to Section 10(O) does not fully evaluate the baseline impingement mortality and entrainment impacts for the MPS Unit 2 and Unit 3 cooling water intake structures, the Permittee shall provide additional information in accordance with a supplemental plan and schedule approved in writing by the Commissioner. Unless otherwise specified in writing by the Commissioner, the supplemental plan and schedule shall be submitted for the Commissioner's review and written approval on or before thirty (30) days after notice from the Commissioner that such plan and schedule is required.
- (Q) On or before January 1 and July 1 of each calendar year following the issuance of this Permit, and continuing until all actions required by Sections 10(K) to 10(P), inclusive, of this permit have been completed as approved to the Commissioner's satisfaction, the Permittee shall submit progress reports to the Commissioner describing the status of the actions the Permittee has undertaken pursuant to Sections 10(K) to 10(P), inclusive, of this permit:

- (1) Each progress report shall summarize activities initiated, in progress, and/or completed by the Permittee during the preceding six (6) month period, including a summary of the Permittee's progress towards achieving the interim milestones identified in 10(Q)(2) below;
- (2) Upon completion of the following individual interim milestones in accordance with the schedule below, the Permittee shall submit an interim milestone report to the Commissioner providing a summary of the interim milestone completed and attaching the listing resulting from achievement of the interim milestone. For interim milestones 10(Q)(2) (ii-v), the summary shall include a detailed explanation of the reasons for proceeding or not proceeding with each of the technological and operational measures identified in the listing. Any explanation of the reasons for proceeding or not proceeding with each of the technological and operational reasons identified in such listing shall identify any relevant considerations delineated in 10(K)(1) above:
 - (i) within ninety (90) days of the approval of the Scope of Study pursuant to 10(L), a listing of all technological and operational measures to be initially screened as part of the study to be performed pursuant to Section 10(K)(1) above;
 - (ii) within nine (9) months of the submittal pursuant to 10(Q)(2)(i) above or upon the submittal of additional information requested by the Commissioner pursuant to 10(Q)(5), whichever is later, a listing, based on the initial screening process described in the Scope of Study, of all technological and operational measures for which further screening will be performed;
 - (iii) within nine (9) months of the submittal pursuant to 10(Q)(2)(i) above or upon the submittal of additional information requested by the Commissioner pursuant to 10(Q)(5), whichever is later, a listing, based on the initial screening process described in the Scope of Study, of all technological and operational measures for which further screening will not be performed;
 - (iv) within nine (9) months of the submittal pursuant to 10(Q)(2) (ii) and (iii) above or upon the submittal of additional information requested by the Commissioner pursuant to 10(Q)(5), whichever is later, a listing of all technological and operational measures for which a detailed and comprehensive evaluation will be performed pursuant to Section 10(K)(1)(i) above and the screening process described in the Scope of Study; and
 - (v) within nine (9) months of the submittal pursuant to 10(Q)(2) (ii) and (iii) above or upon the submittal of additional information requested by the Commissioner pursuant to 10(Q)(5), whichever is later, a listing of all technological and operational measures for which a detailed and comprehensive evaluation will not be performed pursuant to Section 10(K)(1)(iii) above and the screening process described in the Scope of Study.
- (3) The Permittee may propose alternate interim milestone dates to the Department for the Commissioner's review and approval. Any such request shall provide an explanation of the reasons for proposed changes to the interim milestone dates. Any change in interim milestone dates shall not change the dates specified in Sections 10(L) and (O). Any such request for a change in an interim milestone date shall not be treated as an interim compliance date or a notification of noncompliance pursuant to Section 10(W) and (Y) of this Permit;
- (4) All progress reports and attachments shall be provided by the Permittee for the sole purpose of informing the Commissioner of the Permittee's progress towards performing the tasks specified by

the Scopes of Study pursuant to Sections 10(K) and 10(N). The review to be conducted by the Commissioner pursuant to Section 10(R) below shall be based solely on the submittals made by the Permittee pursuant to Section 10(L), 10(M), 10(O) and 10(P) above; and

- (5) If a specific report submitted pursuant to this section 10(Q) does not inform the Commissioner to the Commissioner's satisfaction of the Permittee's progress toward performing the tasks specified in this paragraph 10(Q), upon written request by the Commissioner, the Permittee shall submit the additional information requested by the Commissioner.
- (R) Based upon the Commissioner's review and consideration of all the information included in the reports submitted pursuant to Sections 10(L) and 10(O), any supplemental information provided pursuant to Sections 10(M) and 10(P), any other information and any subsequent law or regulation that is in effect at such time, the Commissioner shall make a subsequent BTA determination, consistent with Section 316(b) of the federal Water Pollution Control Act, 33 U.S.C. § 1326(b), and Conn. Gen. Stat. § 22a-430(a), that requires the Permittee to implement measures that reflect the BTA for the Unit 2 and Unit 3 cooling water intake structures at MPS to minimize, to the greatest extent, adverse environmental impacts. The Commissioner shall provide notice of such determination and modifications to this permit to implement any requirement associated with this subsequent BTA determination, through a permit proceeding, including public notice and an opportunity for a public hearing.
- (S) On or before 120 days after chemical cleaning and/or chemical decontamination of the facilities Unit 2 or Unit 3 Steam Generators discharge(s) has been initiated, the Permittee shall sample and analyze the final effluent and use the analytical results to complete Attachment 0 of the Permit Application, Table 1, Table 2 (metal, phenols and cyanide) and Table 3 (constituents known or suspected present) and submit the attachment to the Commissioner for review.
- (T) On or before January 31 of each calendar year the Permittee shall submit to the Commissioner an administrative report summarizing all discharges that have been redirected to an alternative pathway, as authorized under Section 4(H) of this permit, within the previous twelve month period. The report shall list the date, volume, and location of the redirected discharges. The report shall indicate which one of the factors listed in Section 4, paragraph (H) of this permit, precipitated the redirection of any discharge to an alternative location. In addition, the report shall summarize any violations of the effluent limitations specified within this permit for this category of discharges.
- (U) On or before ninety (90) days after the issuance of this permit, the Permittee shall submit for the Commissioner's review and written approval, a scope of study and schedule to evaluate changes in the outfall structure to further minimize the areal extent of the thermal zone of influence, the pooling of undiluted thermal effluent adjacent to the discharge and the incidence of fish migration into the quarry associated with reduced flow velocity. This scope of study shall include a proposal to perform modeling of the thermal plume and a schedule to perform field temperature measurements coincident with adjustments to the outfall release cross-sectional area of the quarry cuts.
- (V) The Permittee shall perform the study described in Section 10(U) above in accordance with the scope of study and schedule approved in writing by the Commissioner. The Permittee shall submit for the Commissioner's review and written approval a comprehensive and thorough report describing the results of the study, including but not limited to thermal plume mapping reflecting current and alternative outfall release cross-sectional areas. The thermal plume mapping shall include, at a minimum:
 - (1) a map of the nearfield area, circumscribed by a radial distance of 2,000 feet extending outward from the location of the Quarry Cut Discharge (DSN001-1) into the receiving water body, at a scale of no greater than 100 feet per inch, delineating eel grass beds, lobster habitat and other

shellfish areas. Such map shall also delineate the location of any watercourses, discharges, intakes, designated tidal wetlands, shellfish beds, and structural features such as bridges and culverts; and

- (2) thermal isotherms delineating the areal extent of the plume equivalent to a delta T of 1.5°F and a maximum temperature of 83°F. Isotherms shall be labeled for both maximum temperature and maximum temperature increase beginning at the quarry cut and at delta 1.5 °F intervals for summer months and delta 4°F for other seasons. Isotherms should be labeled from point of discharge until the thermal component of that plume has been reduced to ambient temperatures. Nearfield temperature increases should be well documented to determine the localized effect of high temperature discharges.
- (3) Plots of the depth of water below the thermal plume depicted as the difference between water depth and the depth of the thermal plume such that vertical zones of fish passage below the plume and locations to where the plume extends to the bottom can be quantified.

This report shall include recommendations to modify the current mixing zone and quarry cut cross-sectional area if warranted based on the results of the field measurements. The report shall also include a detailed schedule to implement all approved recommendations at MPS.

(W) Force Majeure.

- (1)"Force Majeure" is defined for the purposes of this permit as an event arising from causes beyond the control of the Permittee and of any entity controlled by the Permittee, including but not limited to Permittee's contractors and subcontractors, that could not have been avoided or overcome by due diligence and that delays or prevents the performance of any obligation under this permit specified as subject to "Force Majeure". "Force Majeure" shall include, but shall not be limited to, acts of God including floods, blizzards, hurricanes, and other extreme weather; labor strikes; fires; judicial orders; failure of a permitting authority to grant the necessary permit or authorization where the Permittee has taken all necessary steps to obtain the permit or authorization; orders or directives by governmental officials or ISO New England that direct the Permittee to operate MPS to supply electricity; failure of a permitting authority, including but not limited to the ISO New England's or the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Agency's failure to grant the Permittee's request for an outage to permit installation of technology; and adjustments to the refueling outage cycle due to unanticipated extended mid-cycle outages resulting from large equipment failures. "Force Majeure" does not include unanticipated or increased costs, changed financial circumstances or non-attainment of the requirements of this permit. For the purposes of this paragraph, the Permittee shall use all diligent and reasonable efforts to fulfill its obligation including efforts by the Permittee to anticipate any potential Force Majeure event and to address the effects of any such event (a) as it is occurring and (b) after it has occurred such that the delay is minimized to the greatest extent possible.
- (2) To the extent not otherwise required by regulation, when circumstances occur that the Permittee believes constitutes a Force Majeure event, the Permittee shall notify the Commissioner orally of the circumstances within three (3) business days after the Permittee first becomes aware of those circumstances. Within seven (7) days after the Permittee first becomes aware of such circumstances, the Permittee shall supply to the Commissioner in writing an explanation of the causes(s) of any actual or expected delay, the anticipated duration of any delay, the measures taken and to be taken by Permittee to prevent or minimize the delay, and the timetable or schedule for implementation of such measures. Failure to comply with the notice provisions of this paragraph may, as determined by the Commissioner given the reason for failing to comply with the notice provision, constitute a waiver of the Permittee's rights to assert a claim of Force Majeure with respect to the circumstances in question. The Commissioner will notify the Permittee in writing of

the length of the extension, if any, for performance of the obligations affected by the Force Majeure event. If the Commissioner determines that a delay is or was caused by a Force Majeure event, the time for performance will be extended by the Commissioner for such time as the Commissioner deems necessary to complete those obligations.

- (3) In proceedings on any dispute regarding a delay in performance, Permittee shall have the burden of production and proof (1) that the delay is or was caused by a Force Majeure event, and (2) that the amount of additional time requested is necessary to compensate for that event.
- (4) Delay in achievement of any requirement in this permit or other relevant documents shall not automatically justify or excuse delay in achievement of any subsequent or other requirement.
- (X) The Permittee shall use best efforts to submit to the Commissioner all documents required by Section 10 of this permit in a complete and approvable form. If the Commissioner notifies the Permittee that any document or other action is deficient, and does not approve it with conditions or modifications, it is deemed disapproved, and the Permittee shall correct the deficiencies and resubmit it within the time specified by the Commissioner or, if no time is specified by the Commissioner, within thirty days of the Commissioner's notice of deficiencies. In approving any document or other action under this Compliance Schedule, the Commissioner may approve the document or other action as submitted or performed or with such conditions or modifications as the Commissioner deems necessary to carry out the purposes of this section of the permit. Nothing in this paragraph shall excuse noncompliance or delay.
- (Y) <u>Dates.</u> The date of submission to the Commissioner of any document required by this section of the permit shall be the date such document is received by the Commissioner. The date of any notice by the Commissioner under this section of the permit, including but not limited to notice of approval or disapproval of any document or other action, shall be the date such notice is personally delivered or the date three days after it is mailed by the Commissioner, whichever is earlier. Except as otherwise specified in this permit, the word "day" as used in this section of the permit means calendar day. Any document or action which is required by this section only of the permit, to be submitted, or performed, by a date which falls on, Saturday, Sunday, or, a Connecticut or federal holiday, shall be submitted or performed on or before the next day which is not a Saturday, Sunday, or Connecticut or federal holiday.
- (Z) <u>Notification of noncompliance.</u> Except as otherwise provided in this permit, in the event that the Permittee becomes aware that it did not or may not comply, or did not or may not comply on time, with any requirement of this section of the permit or of any document required hereunder, the Permittee shall immediately notify the Commissioner and shall take all reasonable steps to ensure that any noncompliance or delay is avoided or, if unavoidable, is minimized to the greatest extent possible. In so notifying the Commissioner, the Permittee shall state in writing the reasons for the noncompliance or delay and propose, for the review and written approval of the Commissioner, dates by which compliance will be achieved, and the Permittee shall comply with any dates that may be approved in writing by the Commissioner. Notification by the Permittee shall not excuse noncompliance or delay unless specifically so stated by the Commissioner in writing.
- (AA) <u>Notice to Commissioner of changes.</u> Within fifteen days of the date the Permittee becomes aware of a change in any information submitted to the Commissioner under this section of the permit, or that any such information was inaccurate or misleading or that any relevant information was omitted, the Permittee shall submit the correct or omitted information to the Commissioner.

(BB) <u>Submission of documents.</u> Any document, other than a discharge monitoring report, required to be submitted to the Commissioner under this section of the permit shall, unless otherwise specified in writing by the Commissioner, be directed to:

Charles Nezianya Department of Environmental Protection Bureau of Materials Management and Compliance Assurance Water Permitting and Enforcement Division 79 Elm Street Hartford, CT 06106-5127

This permit is hereby issued on

Gina McCarthy Commissioner

DATA TRACKING AND TECHNICAL FACT SHEET

Permittee: Dominion Nuclear Connecticut, Inc.

PAMS Company ID: 115314

PERMIT, ADDRESS, AND FACILITY DATA

PERMIT #: CT0003263 APPLICATION #: 199701876 FACILITY ID. 152-003

<u>Mailing</u>	Address:	Location Add	dress:
Street:	Millstone Power Station Rope Ferry Road	Street: Millstone Power Station Rope Ferry Road	
City:	Waterford ST: CT Zip: 06385	City: Wa	terford ST: CT Zip: 06385
Contact Name:	William D. Bartron Supervisor, Nuclear Licensing	DMR Contac	et William D. Bartron Supervisor, Nuclear Licensing
Phone I	No.: (860) 447-1791	Phone No.:	(860) 447-1791

PERMIT INFORMATION

DURATION	5 YEAR <u>x</u>	10 YEAR	30 YEAR	
TYPE	New	Reissuance <u>x</u>	Modification	
CATEGORIZAT	TION POINT	(x) NON-POINT ()	GIS #	
NPDES (x)	PRETREAT()	GROUND WATER(UI	C)() GROUND WATER(O	THER)()
		NPDES MAIOP(MA)	r	

NPDES MAJOR(MA) <u>x</u> NPDES SIGNIFICANT MINOR <u>or</u> PRETREAT SIU (SI) NPDES <u>or</u> PRETREATMENT MINOR (MI)

> PRETREAT SIGNIFICANT INDUS USER(SIU) PRETREAT CATEGORICAL (CIU)

<u>COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE</u>	YES <u>x</u>	NO	
POLLUTION PREVENTION	TREATMENT I	REQUIREMENT	WATER CONSERVATION
WATER OUALITY REOUIREME	NT REMEDI	ATION OTHE	$\mathbf{E}\mathbf{R}$ x

OWNERSHIP CODE

Private <u>x</u> Federal ____

Municipal (town only) ____

Other public

DEP STAFF ENGINEER: Charles Nezianya/Jim Grier

State ____

PERMIT FEES

Discharge Code	DSN Number	Annual Fee
*118000c	DSN 001-A	\$8,175.00
101060z	DSN 001-B	\$8,175.00
101060z	DSN 001-C	\$8,175.00
**1080000	Tables FW & HH	\$2,662.50

*Decommissioning activity related discharge(s) originating from Unit 1. ** Individual stormwater discharges are included in the permit.

FOR NPDES DISCHARGES:

Drainage basin Code: 2000

Present/Future Water Quality Standard: SA/SA

NATURE OF BUSINESS GENERATING DISCHARGE

Electricity generation from steam produced as a result of the fission of nuclear fuel. Cooling water, stormwater and process wastewater discharges result from this activity.

Two Nuclear Electrical Generating Units (Units 2 and 3) are presently in operation. Unit 1 has been shut down and under going decommissioning.

PROCESS AND TREATMENT DESCRIPTION (by DSN)

See detailed NPDES Fact Sheet

RESOURCES USED TO DRAFT PERMIT

- _x_ Federal Effluent Limitation Guideline <u>40 CFR 423</u>
 - name of category
- _x_ Performance Standards
- <u>x</u> Department File Information
- <u>x</u> Connecticut Water Quality Standards
- _____ Anti-degradation Policy
- <u>x</u> Coastal Management Consistency Review Form

<u>x</u> Other - Explain

BASIS FOR LIMITATIONS, STANDARDS OR CONDITIONS

- <u>x</u> Best Available Technology (BAT)
- <u>x</u> Best Professional Judgement (See Other Comments)
- <u>x</u> Case by Case Determination (See Other Comments)
- <u>x</u> Section 22a-430-4(s) of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies
- <u>x</u> In order to meet in-stream water quality (See General Comments)
 - _ Anti-degradation policy

GENERAL COMMENTS

Water quality based discharge limitations were included in this permit for consistency with Connecticut Water Quality Standards and criteria, pursuant to 40 CFR 122.44(d). Each parameter was evaluated for consistency with the available aquatic life criteria (acute and chronic) and human health (fish consumption only) criteria, considering the zone of influence allocated to the facility where appropriate. The statistical procedures outlined in the EPA <u>Technical Support Document for Water Quality-based Toxics Control</u> (EPA/505/2-90-001) were employed to calculate the limits. The most restrictive of the water quality limitations, aquatic life acute, aquatic life chronic, and human health, was compared with limitations developed according to State and Federal Best Available Technology (BAT).

OTHER COMMENTS

See NPDES Fact Sheet for additional information on the basis for limitations/conditions in the draft NPDES permit.