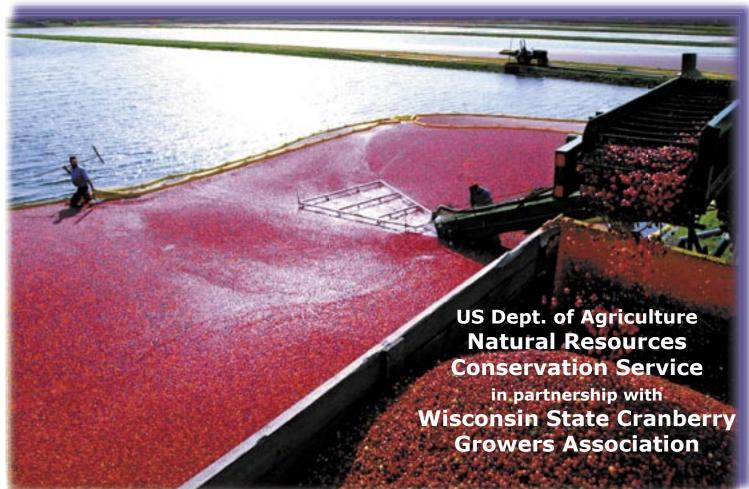


# Conservation on Your Land

An Introduction to Conservation Planning on Cranberry Lands







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#### What is a Conservation Plan?

A Conservation Plan is a tool to help you manage your land profitably while protecting your natural resources. Water conservation, water quality, and soil erosion are just a few of the resource concerns that can be addressed in a conservation plan. A complete conservation plan will describe each of the resource issues and the conservation practices you have selected to improve your operation and protect the natural resources.

- The choice is yours it is a voluntary process. You make the decisions. You implement the plan.
- Conservation planners provide technical assistance to help you develop and implement your plan. Their help is free.
- The information you provide in your conservation plan is confidential and can not be released without your consent.
- A conservation plan does not in any way change your property rights, access or privacy.

The conservation planning process consists of nine steps. This workbook will help you with the first phase: data collection and analysis. Completion of the workbook does not constitute a complete conservation plan.

After completing this preliminary self-assessment, contact your local USDA NRCS office or the WSCGA to meet with a conservation planner. The conservation planner will assist you in completing your plan.

#### The Process....

Conservation planning may lead to changes in your management practices or to constructed conservation practices. These nine steps outline the process to develop a conservation plan. This workbook helps you to begin Phase One of the planning process.



# Steps to Planning

#### Phase I - Data Collection and Analysis

- 1. Identify Problems
- 2. Determine objectives
- 3. Inventory resources
- 4. Analyze the resource data

#### Phase II - Decision Support

- 5. Formulate alternatives
- 6. Evaluate alternatives
- 7. Client decides

## Phase III - Application

- 8. Client implements plan
- 9. Evaluate plan

## What are the Benefits of a Conservation Plan?

- Saves money as your land becomes more productive.
- Ensures better natural resource quality for you and your neighbors.
  - Increases your property value.
  - Enhances open space and wildlife habitat.
    - Prevents off-farm impacts.
    - Contributes to plant health and vigor.
- Makes your land more attractive and promotes good neighbor relations.
  - Promotes health and safety for your family.

### **Set Your Objectives**

The best place to start planning is to set objectives. Objectives will keep you focused and provide you with a measurement tool to determine progress. Set realistic objectives that can be reached with small achievable steps. State clearly what you want to happen on your land and where you want to be within a selected time frame. This is perhaps the most difficult— but probably the most important — step in the planning process. Be sure to include everyone who is involved in the decision-making process on the farm, and consider how a plan might affect others who are not directly making the decisions.

	Natural Resource Objectives
Short Term:	
Long Term:	
	Production & Economic Objectives
Short Term:	
	Quality of Life Objective
Short Term:	Quality of Elic Objective
	What do you want your land to look like in five years?

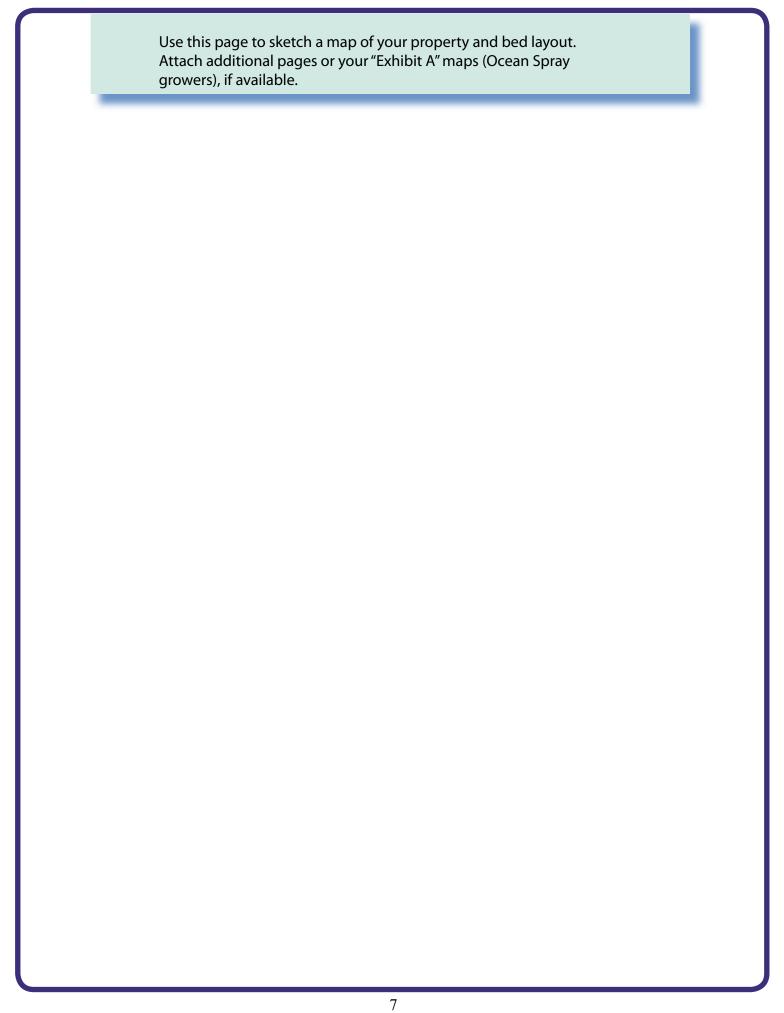
# Information about Your Land

Complete the questions as best you can. Make note of any concerns or questions that you have. The more information you supply the easier it will be to help you.

Farm/Marsh Name:				
Year Established:		ear Acquired:		
Type of Ownership (circle one): Indi	ividual	Partnership	Corporation	Other:
Name(s) of Landowner(s):				
Contact Person:				
Home Phone:		Shop Phone:		_
Mobile Phone:		Fax:		
Email:				
Marsh Location (attach your Farm Service	e Agency r	nap and/or other	maps, if available):	
Legal Description:				
Physical Address:				
Mailing Address:				
FSA Farm Number:	FSA Tract	Number(s):		
Total Property Land Area: ac	res			
Beds:ac.	Dikes: _	ac.	Other Croplan	d:ac.
Reservoir/Storage Ponds:	ac.		Wetlands:	ac.
Forested Uplands:ac.		Supportive (head	quarters, shop, etc.	):ac.
Type of Production System (circle one):				
Wetland (i.e. peat-based)		Upland	Combir	nation
Explain:				
Describe renovation plans and/or future	developm	ent or expansion	plans:	

Describe each of your beds on the chart below. Attach additional pages if necessary.

Bed # or ID	Acres	Date Established or Renovated	Variety	Production Goal (bbl/ac)	Comments



Method of application of fertilizers:  Describe current nutrient management (fertilizer types, amounts, a recent or planned changes to nutrient management program, and needs across the marsh or across individual beds in the Comments	and timing of applications). Note any d any observed variation in nutrient
recent or planned changes to nutrient management program, and	d any observed variation in nutrient s column.
Ticed deloss the maistre across marriage, sees in the comment	Comments
Fertilizer Type or Blend (lbs/ac/yr) Beds Applied to Applications (i.e. 9-20-19)	

Pest Management: List problem insects, fungi, or other pests:						
Describe your use of	of posticides in	the chart helo	MA/*			
Pesticide Type or Product	Application Rate	Beds Applied to	Target Pests	Years of Use	Application Method (spray, granular, wick, etc)	
Describe current pest monitoring efforts (crop "sweeps"—including timing & species sampled for, mating disruption or pheromone trapping efforts, etc.):						
		•	est management progran ide label is expiring).	n—use of ne	ew products/	
			t you currently use (sandir their effectiveness in man	-		

Water Management: What is your source of water?
If directly from a reservoir, how is the reservoir filled/recharged?
At full capacity, how much water can be stored in your reservoir system? [For an approximation, list total surface area of reservoir(s) and approximate average depth.]
Where does your "used" water discharge to?
Is it a "closed" or "pass-through" system?
Describe how your marsh deals with excess water (floods):
Describe how your marsh deals with water shortages (droughts):
Describe your harvest procedure (including acres flooded at one time, ability to reuse water, etc.):
Estimate the average annual water use required for the following practices:
Harvest: water depth (inches):, area flooded at one time (acres):
approximate total annual water use for harvest (acre-feet):
Winter flood: average water depth (feet):
Post-harvest frost floods: water depth (inches):, no. of floods per year:
Spring frost floods: water depth (inches):, no. of floods per year:
Fall/Spring trash floods: water depth (inches):, no. of floods per year:
Pest control floods: water depth (inches):, no. of floods per year:
Sprinkler frost protection: approximate hours per year:
Sprinkler irrigation: hours/event:, events per summer week:, events per year:

# Irrigation Water Management:

Describe your irrigation system:

Beds	Year	Spacing (ft)		Estimated	Sprinklers			
	Installed	Between	Between	Application	Make	Model	Riser	Nozzle
		Laterals	Sprinklers	Rate (in/hr)			Height	Diameter
	ne age & coi	ndition of y	our mainline	e and lateral lir	nes:			
What type		and lateral	lines do you	e and lateral lir			ınd alumin	um, buried
What type PVC, burie How ofter	e of mainline ed high-dens	and lateral ity polyeth	lines do you ylene, etc.)?		ied aluminuı	m, above-grou		
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What type PVC, burie How ofter Frost.)	e of mainline ed high-dens n and for how	and lateral sity polyeth v long do y	lines do you ylene, etc.)? ou irrigate d	u have (i.e. bur	summer cor	m, above-grounditions? (Ass	ume no rai	nfall or

Soils:
Describe your soil type (coarse sand, fine sand, peat, etc.):
What is the approximate rooting depth of your cranberry plants?
At what depth below the surface of the beds is the water table?
Are you able to control the depth to the water table?
How much does this fluctuate throughout the growing season?
Describe the general condition of your dikes, and explain current dike maintenance activities:
Describe existing or potential erosion sources or unstable sites (streambanks, shorelines, ditch banks, sand stockpiles, etc.):
Wildlife: List species of wildlife found on or near your property:
Describe current efforts to improve wildlife habitat:
Describe current efforts to control or limit damage from nuisance wildlife and animal pests:
Explain plans, goals, or objectives to continue to manage the wildlife found on your property:

Plants: Do you actively manage your forested land? (circle one) Y N
Explain your goals or objectives for your forestland (if managed) or provide a general description of the uses or values provided by your forests that are important to you:
Describe your forests by listing known plant species, extents of forest types, etc.:
List any forestland conservation programs (WI Forest Landowner Grant Program, Forest Health Stewardship Incentives Program [SIP], Forest Landowner Enhancement Program [FLEP], etc.) or forest tax programs (Managed Forest Law, Forest Crop Law, etc.) that you participate in:
List noxious and/or invasive weeds that you find in or near your forests, and describe efforts to control them:
Do you farm other crops besides cranberries? If so, list those:
Air/Water Quality:
Describe where pesticides, fertilizers, and fuel are stored and mixed, including a description of your ability to contain a potential spill:
Do you have a plan in place to deal with hazardous spills, and an action plan and equipment in place to contain and clean up a spill? Who do you notify in the event of a spill? Describe:

Do you have a plan to properly treat accidental exposure in the event of human contact with chemicals during pesticide mixing or application? Explain:
How/where do you dispose of used containers, unused chemicals, and/or hazardous wastes? Explain:
List the certified pesticide applicator(s) for your marsh:
Human/Social Aspects:
Describe any special considerations or limitations with regards to land ownership (rented/leased land, pending purchases/sales, easements, rights-of-way, etc.), which may affect implementation of a conservation plan:
Are potential management changes or the implementation of new conservation practices limited by the availability of labor, equipment, or machinery? Describe:
List available equipment or special skills, which may be used to implement new practices:
Describe any known archeological, historical (50+ years old), or cultural features present on your land:
List any existing contracts, easements, or agreements involving technical or financial assistance, which may
restrict new conservation practices or projects (i.e. do you have existing conservation contracts?):

Notes & Questions

# Thank you and Congratulations!

You have taken the first steps towards the development of a Whole Farm Conservation Plan for your marsh.

A conservation plan is designed to accomplish the dual goals of Resource Sustainability and Farm Profitability.

The completion of a conservation plan is also helpful as you consider applying for financial assistance through the variety of conservation programs that are available to help you implement your plan.

To complete your plan, please contact your local NRCS conservationist, (www.wi.nrcs.usda.gov) or the Wisconsin State Cranberry Growers Association (www.wiscran.org).

