

WIND EROSION CALCULATION WORKSHEET

Student.		
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Wind erosion can be a big problem for farmers. It "blows away" the productive top layer of soil. Conservationists help farmers use science, research and technology to keep soil in place and make soil healthier to grow crops. During wind erosion, the wind physically lifts soil particles and moves them. The amount of soil moved by wind during a severe wind storm is difficult to understand. On a large scale, soil scientists can calculate how much soil is lost from wind erosion.

Wind Erosion Experiment

- 1. Weigh the mass of the soil sample in the cup that represents your miniature field(s).
- 2. Record your data for each system of farming before and after the wind event.
- 3. What is causing the erosion to happen?
- 4. In the experiment, how much soil was lost to wind erosion?

 Cup one: Field that has soil without cover:

 Cup two: Field that has soil with cover:
- 5. Which farming practice is better for the soil resource?

Plants find the most nutrients in the top few inches of soil.

The loss of one ton of soil would be approximately the thickness of a dime over a whole acre.

An acre is about the size of a football field.

A typical bull weighs about one ton.





Calculating	1800s method	Conservation farming
Wind Erosion	of farming	(no-till)
	(Soil that is not covered)	(Soil that is covered)
Initial		
mass (g)		
Subtract the		
final mass (g)		
Amount of		
soil lost (g)		
This next step calculates the difference between a cup of soil and an acre of soil. Multiply the soil loss by 1.5		
Soil loss		
tons per acre		