

2011 Maryland Soil Survey Work Planning Conference

What are Soil Map Units and Web Soil Survey

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Objectives

- Explain the concepts of scale and map unit design
- Identify the official source of soil survey information
- Describe Web Soil Survey and explain how it can be used to develop soil maps and reports



Soil Survey

- Soil surveys describe kinds of soils that exist in an area
- Soils are described in terms of their
 - location on the landscape
 - profile characteristics
 - relationships to one another
 - suitability for various uses
 - needs for particular types of management
- Soils are grouped into map units for display purposes



Soil Map Units

- A soil map unit is a collection of areas defined and named the same in terms of their soil components (e.g., series) or miscellaneous areas or both
 - Fallsington sandy loam, 0 to 2% slopes
 - Marr-Dodon complex, 2 to 5% slopes
- Soil map units are the basic unit of a soil map
- Each soil map unit differs in some respect from all others in a survey area

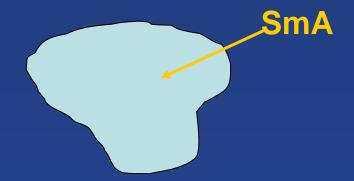


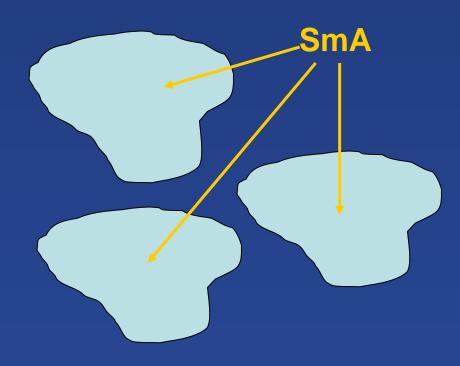
Soil Map Units

- Each map unit has a unique symbol (numbers or letters) on the soil map
 - FaA
 - MnB
- "Mono-taxa" units are dominated by a single soil type
- "Multi-taxa" units include two or more main soil types



Which is a "Map Unit"?





A Delineation

A collection of delineations named the same, a.k.a. a Map Unit



Soil Delineations

- Each individual area of soil on a map is a delineation
- Soil delineation
 boundaries are drawn
 wherever there is a
 significant change in
 the type of soil.
- Soil delineations typically relate to the underlying landform (e.g., floodplain, backslope, terrace)





Types of Map Units

- Consociations
 - Delineated areas are dominated by a single soil component and similar soils
 - FaA Fallsington sandy loam, 0 to 2% slopes
 - CrC Croom gravelly sandy loam, 5 to 10% slopes



Types of Map Units

- Complexes and Associations
 - Delineated areas consist of two or more dissimilar components that occur in a consistent, repeating pattern
 - Major components in a complex CAN NOT be separated at mapping scale
 - Major components in an association CAN be separated at mapping scale
 - MnA Marr-Dodon complex, 2 to 5% slopes
 - GbB Galestown-Urban land complex, 0 to 5% slopes



Types of Map Units

- Undifferentiated Groups
 - Delineated areas consist of two or more soil components that are not related in a consistent, repeating pattern
 - The overriding factor is often some factor that limits use and management (e.g., steepness, stoniness, flooding)
 - Zekiah and Issue soils, frequently flooded
 - HZE Howell and Dodon soils, 15 to 25% slopes



Working with Multi-Taxa Map Units

- In older soil surveys, interpretations were given for each map unit based on the 'most limiting' interpretation or the dominant component
- NASIS now provides properties and interpretations for each component in a map unit, along with % composition
- User may decide how to aggregate the data
 - dominant condition, dominant component, most limiting, least limiting, weighted average
- Web Soil Survey and Soil Data Viewer contain tools to help users analyze data



Mapping Scale

- Scale depends on the intricacy of the soil pattern in relation to the expected intensity of land use
 - It may not be necessary to delineate complex soil patterns in areas of low intensity land use
- Most modern surveys are conducted at scales of 1:24,000 or 1:12,000
- The amount of detail displayed on a soil map is limited by the legibility of that map at publication scale
 - As map scale decreases, minimum delineation size increases



Mapping Scale

- Minimum delineation size for many MD surveys is ~ 1.4 acres
 - Areas smaller than this will not be delineated
 - Larger soil delineations may contain areas of soil that are quite different than the named soil map unit (dissimilar soils)
- Care must be taken when viewing or using these maps at scales larger than the mapping scale
 - Line placement may not be accurate at larger scales
 - Mapping concepts reflect the mapping scale; additional complexity visible at larger scales is not accounted for



Reporting Problems with Soil Survey Data

- Send an email to the State Soil Scientist
 - Include the location, a description of the problem, and if possible, a map
- The State Soil Scientist will forward problems to the appropriate MLRA Soil Survey Office



Official Soil Survey Data

- Digital soil data ("SSURGO") warehoused on NRCS's Soil Data Mart is the official source of soil survey data
- Data stored on the Soil Data Mart supersedes all other sources of soil survey information
- Where digital soil survey data does not exist, the most recent hard copy publication contains the official soil survey data



Web Soil Survey

- Web Soil Survey is the National Cooperative Soil Survey's principal data exploration and delivery tool
- Web Soil Survey has replaced traditional hard copy publications as the primary means of distributing soil survey data

http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/app/HomePage.htm



Why Use Web Soil Survey?

- Immediate access to the most up-to-date soil data...WSS is NEVER out of date!
- Develop custom reports that address specific soil questions or concerns
 - for a soil survey area
 - for a specific property (< 10,000 acres) or "Area of Interest"
- Reduce publication and storage costs
- Reduce environmental impact

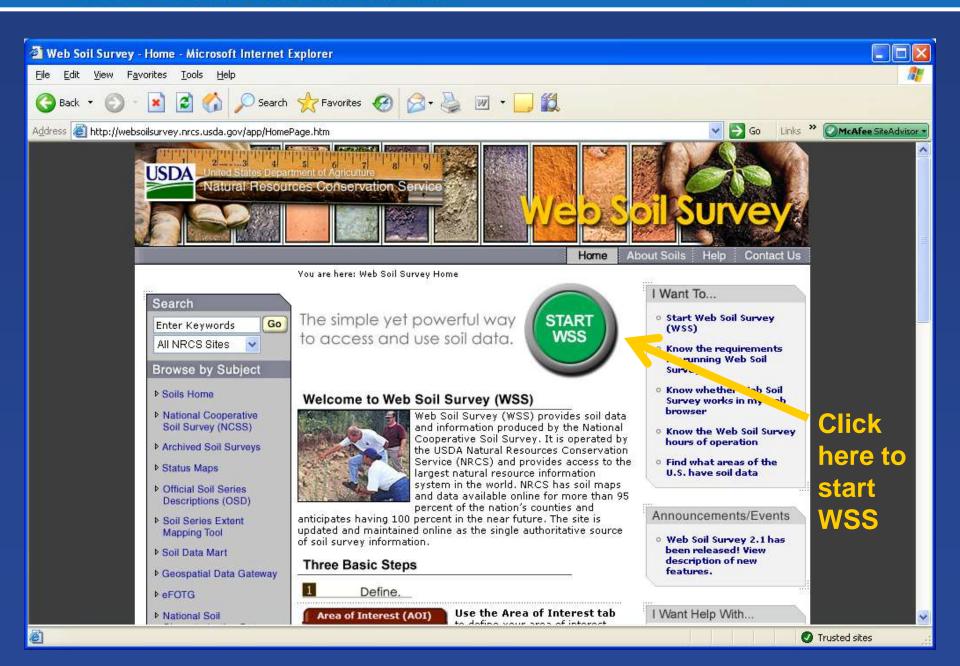


Requirements for Running WSS

- Display Resolution
 - 1024 x768 or higher
 - Will work for resolutions as low as 800 x 600, but not optimal
- JavaScript must be enabled
- Cookies
 - Session Cookies required to maintain a WSS session
 - Persistent Cookies not required, but do allow you to save your WSS preferences
- Popup Blocker should be configured to allow popups from this site

United States Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service







How to Use Information

- ▶ Soils Home
- National Cooperative Soil Survey (NCSS)

- Archived Soil Surveys
- ▶ Status Maps
- Official Soil Series Descriptions (OSD)
- Soil Series Extent Mapping Tool
- ▶ Soil Data Mart
- ▶ Geospatial Data Gateway
- ▶ eFOTG
- National Soil Characterization Data
- Soil Geochemistry Spatial Database
- ▶ Soil Quality
- ▶ Soil Geography
- ▶ Geospatial One Stop

Welcome to Web Soil Survey (WSS)



Web Soil Survey (WSS) provides soil data and information produced by the National Cooperative Soil Survey. It is operated by the USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) and provides access to the largest natural resource information system in the world. NRCS has soil maps and data available online for more than 95 percent of the nation's counties and

anticipates having 100 percent in the near future. The site is updated and maintained online as the single authoritative source of soil survey information.

Three Basic Steps

1

Define.

Area of Interest (AOI)



Click to view larger image.

Use the Area of Interest tab to define your area of interest.

- Know whether Web Soil Survey works in my web browser
- Know the Web Soil Survey hours of operation
- Find what areas of the U.S. have soil data

Announcements/Events

 Web Soil Survey Release History

I Want Help With...

- How to use Web Soil
 Survey
- How to use Web Soil
 Survey Online Help
- 9 Known Problems and Workarounds
- Frequently Asked
 Ouestions
- Citing Web Soil Survey as a source of soils data





Click the Soil Map tab
to view or print a soil map, or
click the Soil Data Explorer
tab to access soil data for your
area and determine the
suitability of the soils for a
particular use. The items you
want saved in a report can be





Basic Steps

- Define your Area of Interest (AOI)
- View and/or print your Soil Map
- Explore your Soils Information (map, tables, reports)
- Add to Free Shopping Cart and Check Out

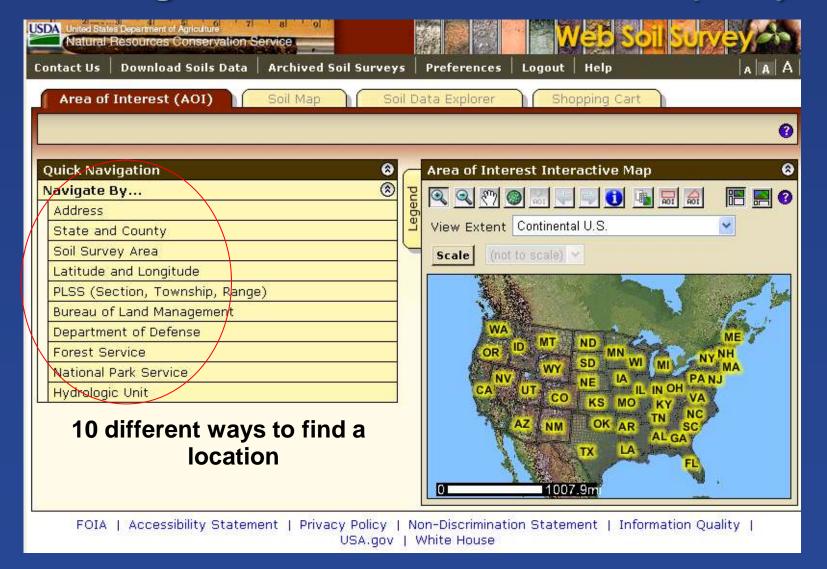


Web Soil Survey Functions



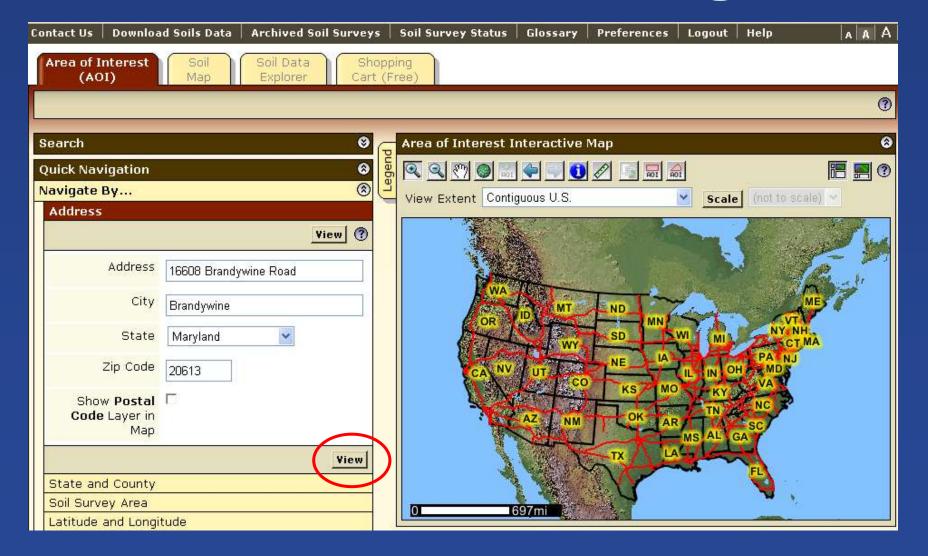


Navigate to an Area of Interest (AOI)



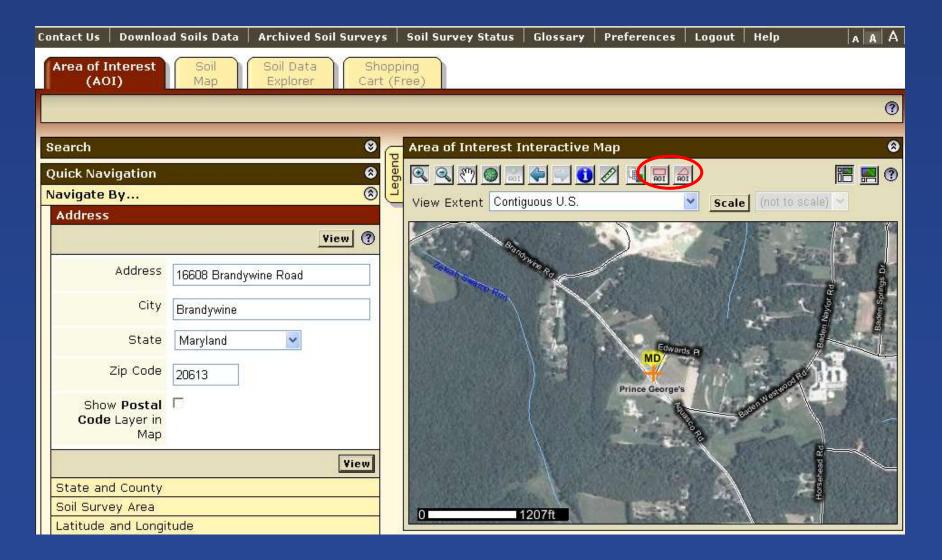


Zoom to a Location or Region



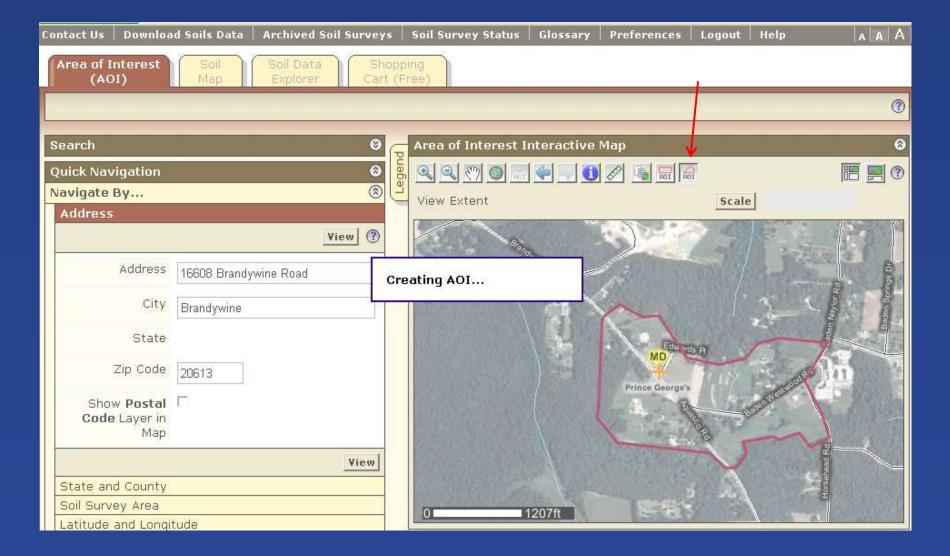


1. Define the Area of Interest (AOI)



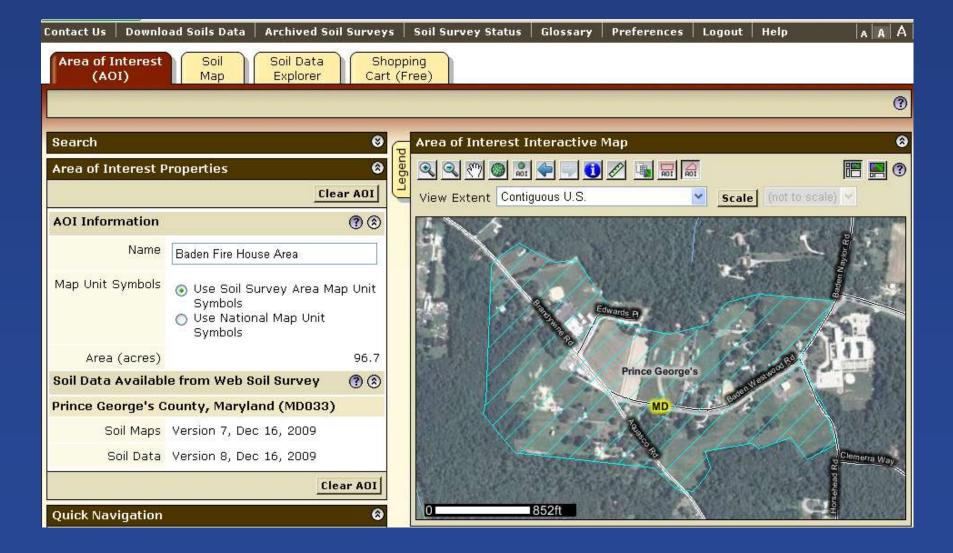


Draw the AOI



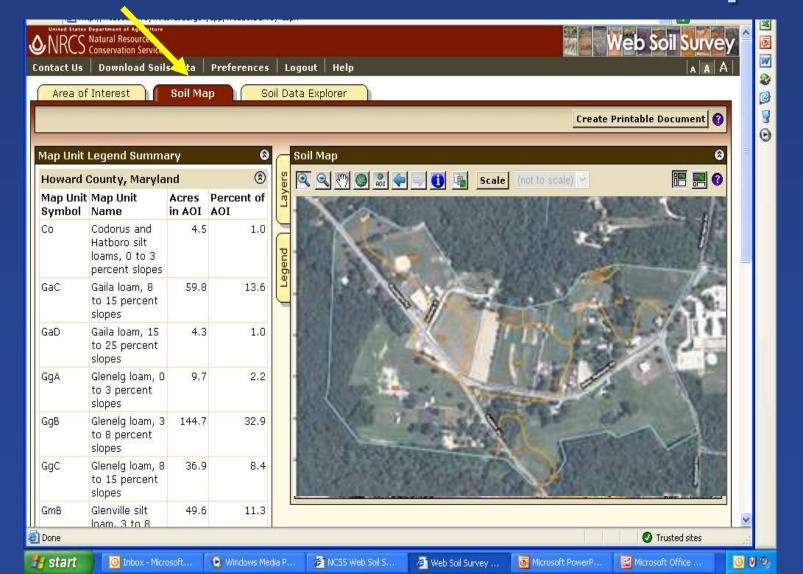


View and Label the AOI



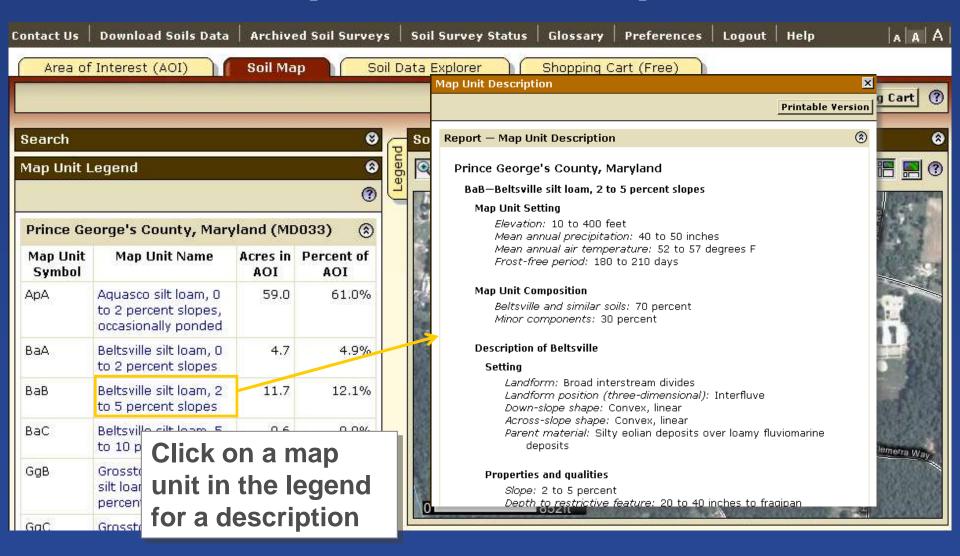


2. Create and View a Soil Map



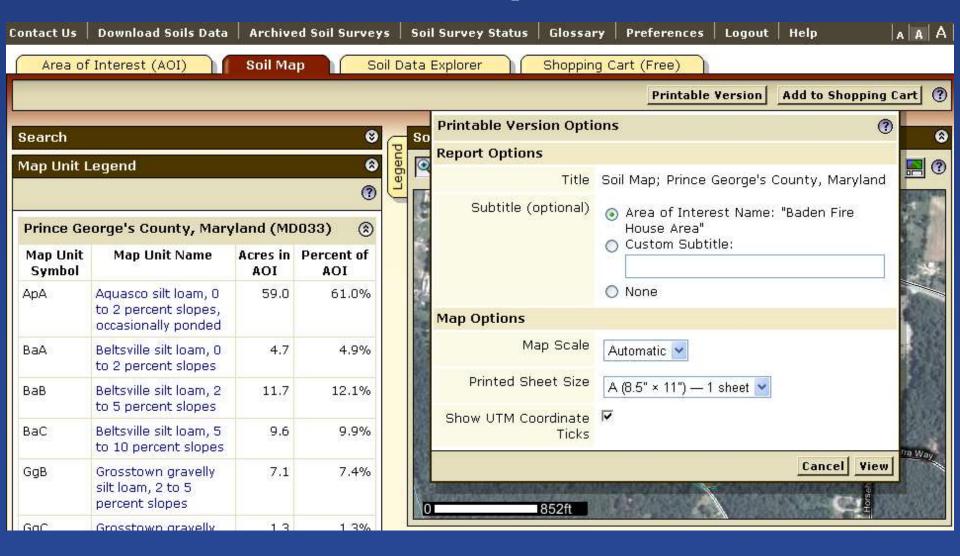


View Map Unit Descriptions



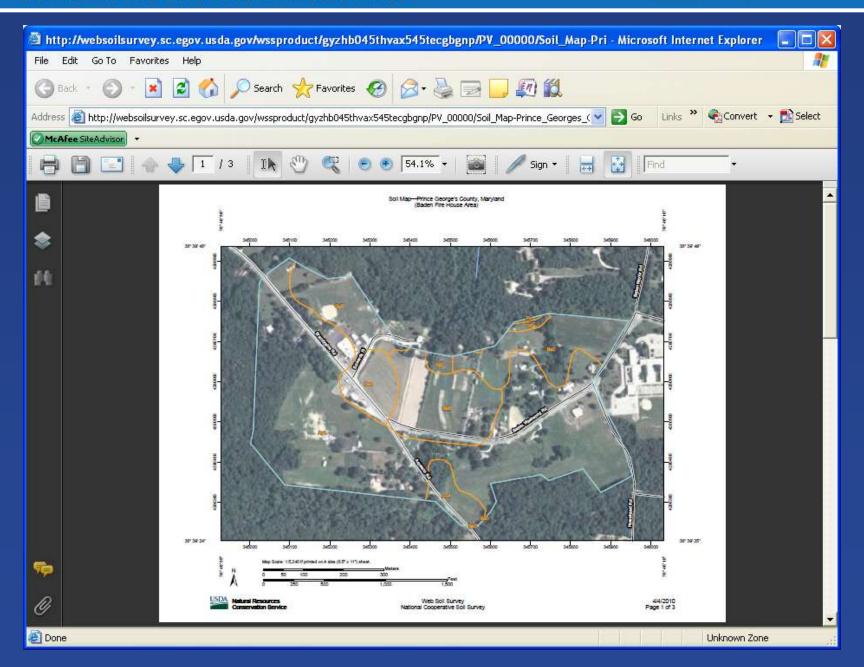


3. Print a Soil Map



United States Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service





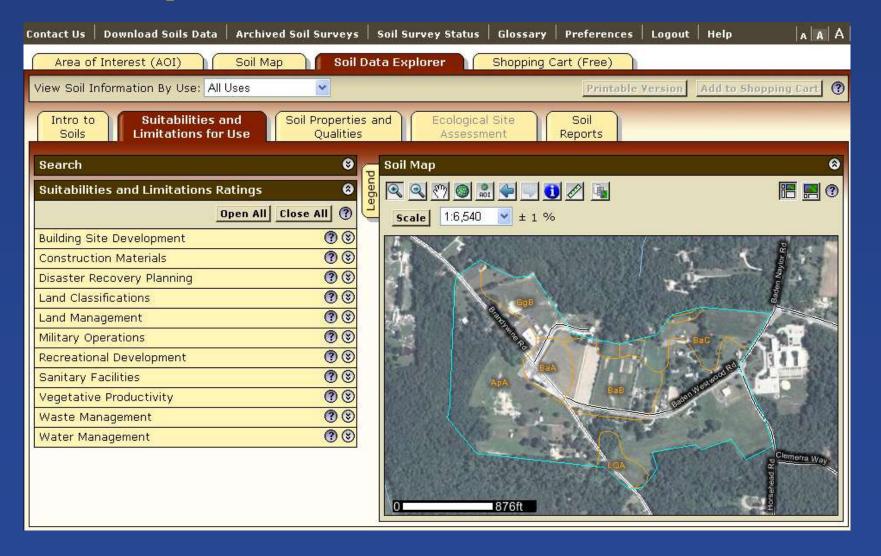


Explore and Analyze Soil Data with WSS Soil Data Explorer

- Learn the terminology and concepts associated with soils, soil interpretations, and land uses
- Create maps and reports of soil interpretations and properties
- Minimal learning curve and hardware requirements

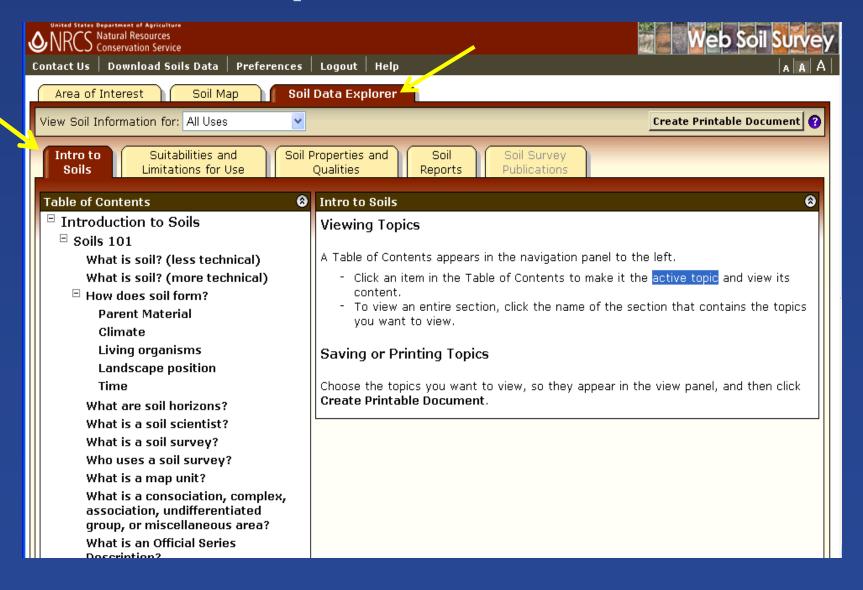


4. Explore Soil Data



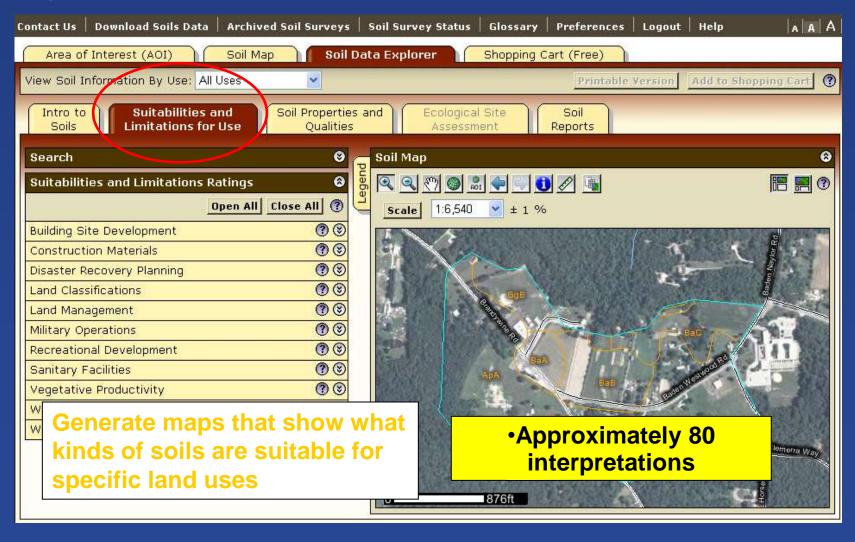


Soil Data Explorer – Intro to Soils



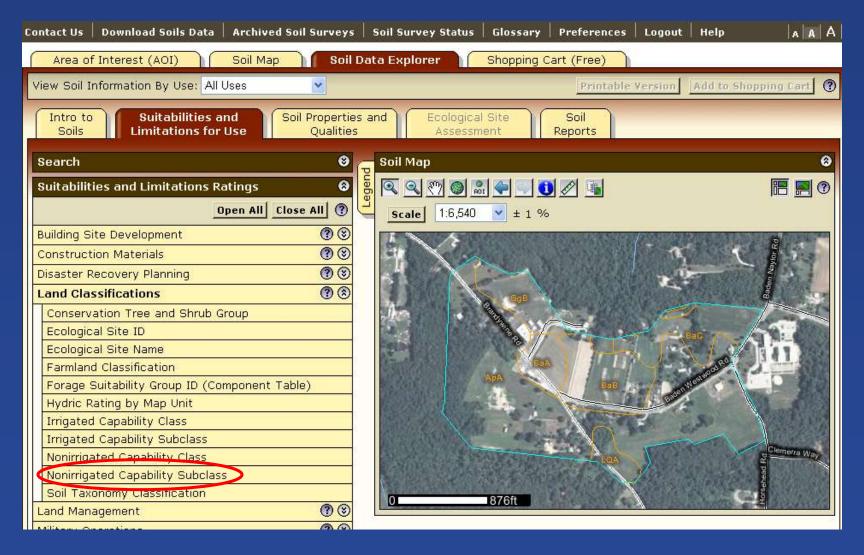


Determine Appropriate Uses for a Soil



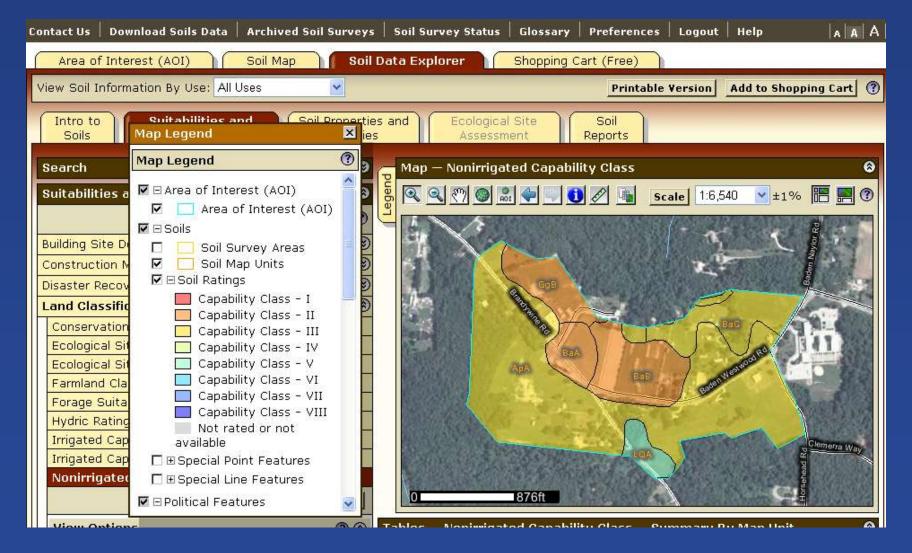


Land Capability Class Example



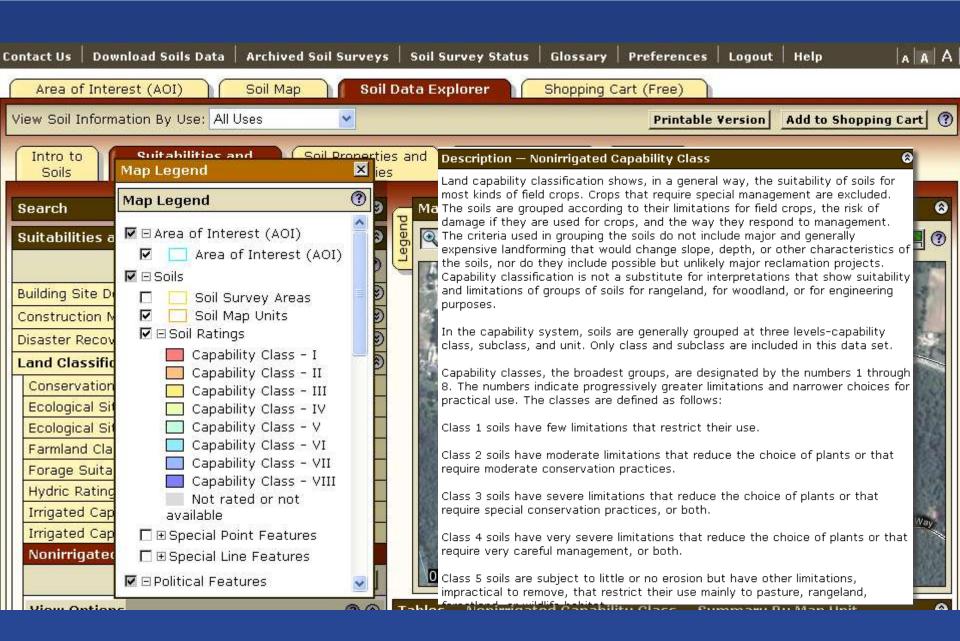


Land Capability Class Map



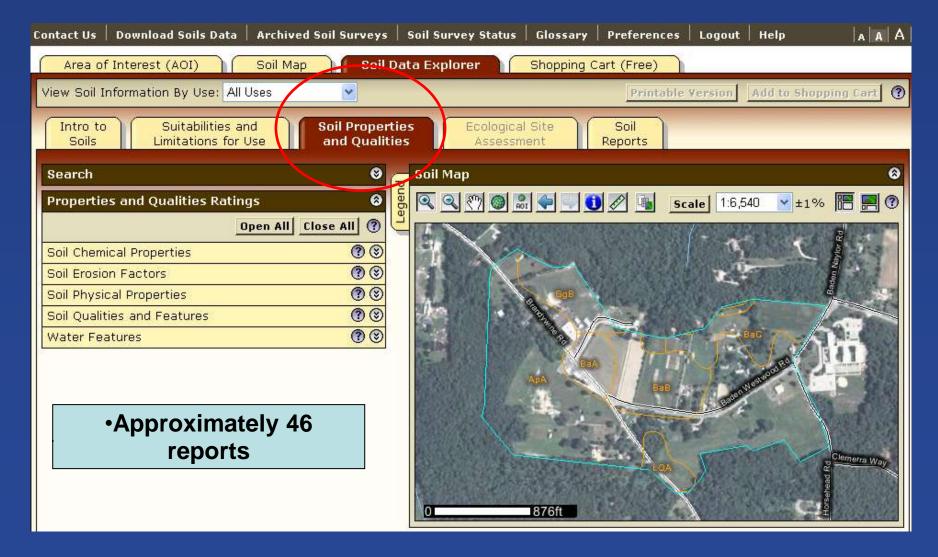
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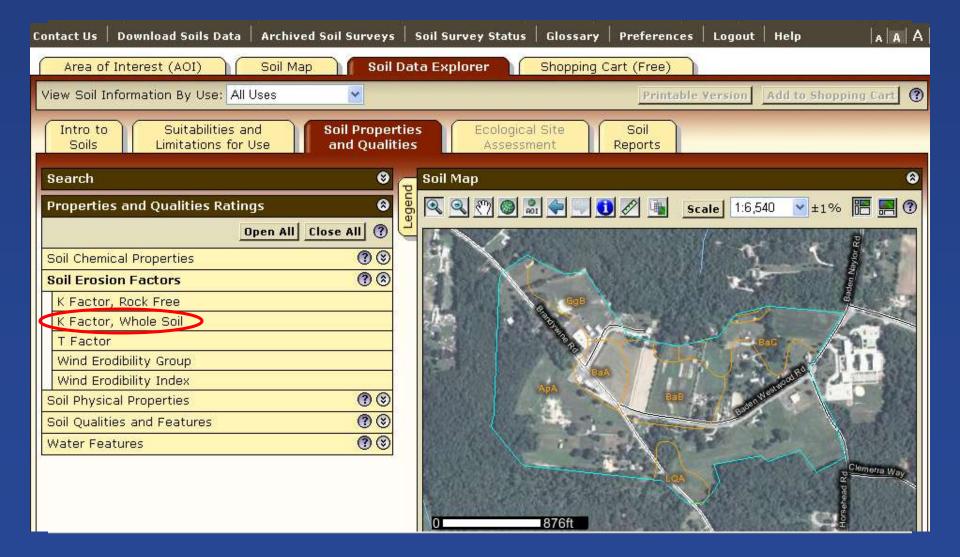


View Soil Properties and Qualities



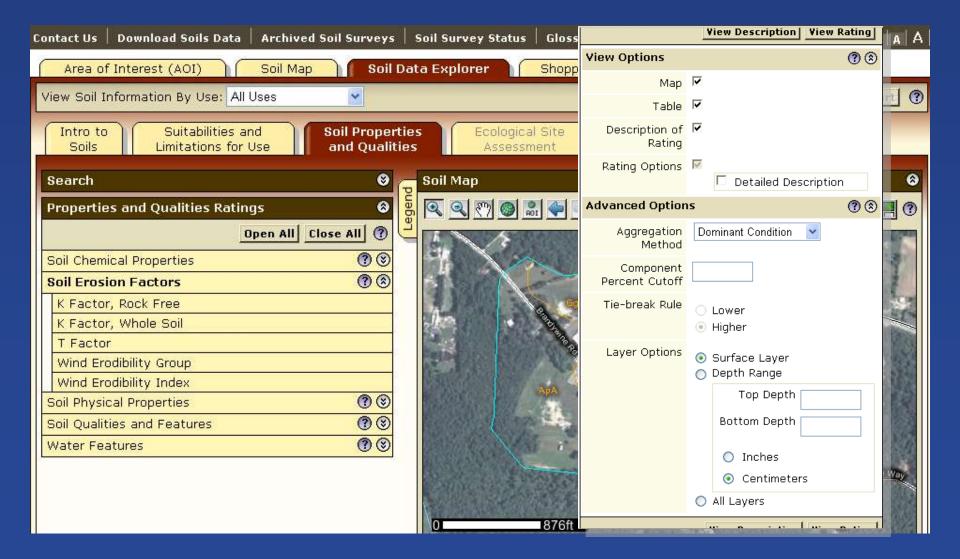


Soil Erosion Factors



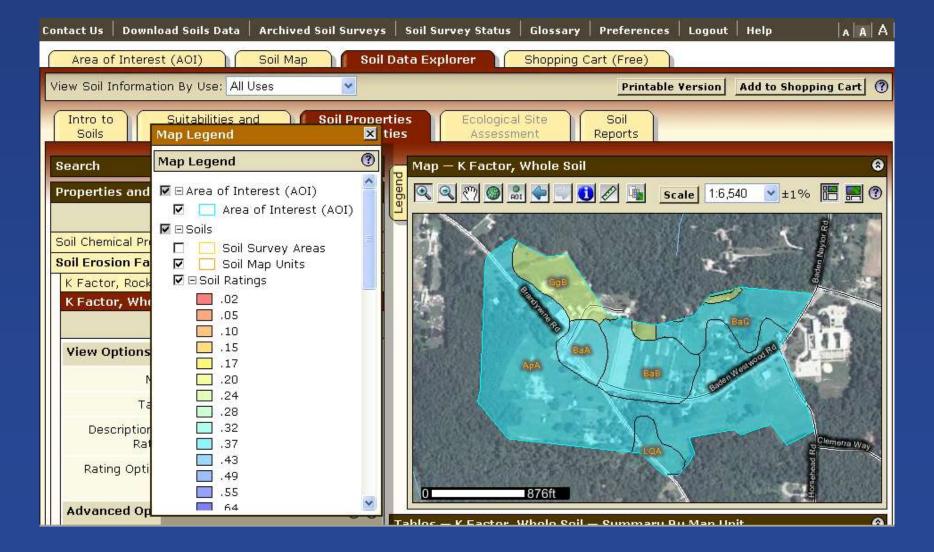


Soil Erosion Factors



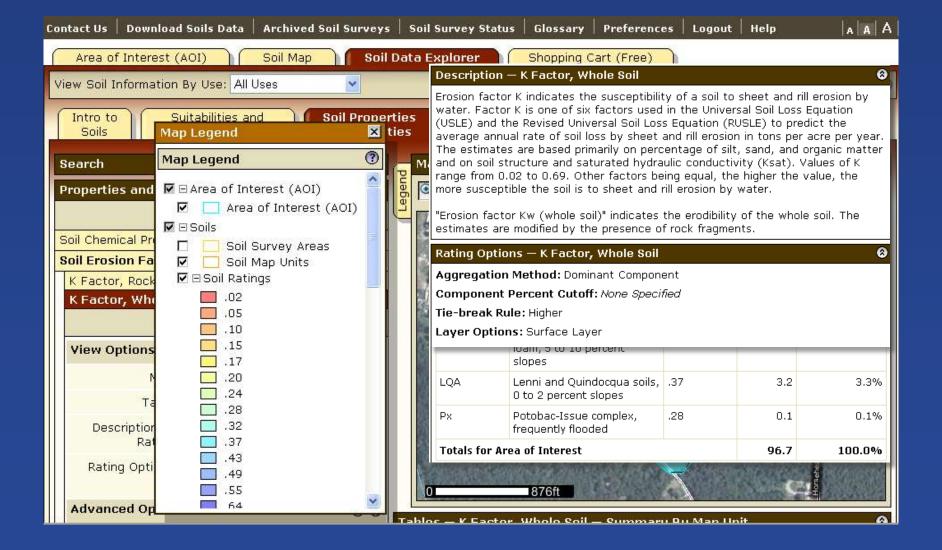


Kw: Surface Horizon



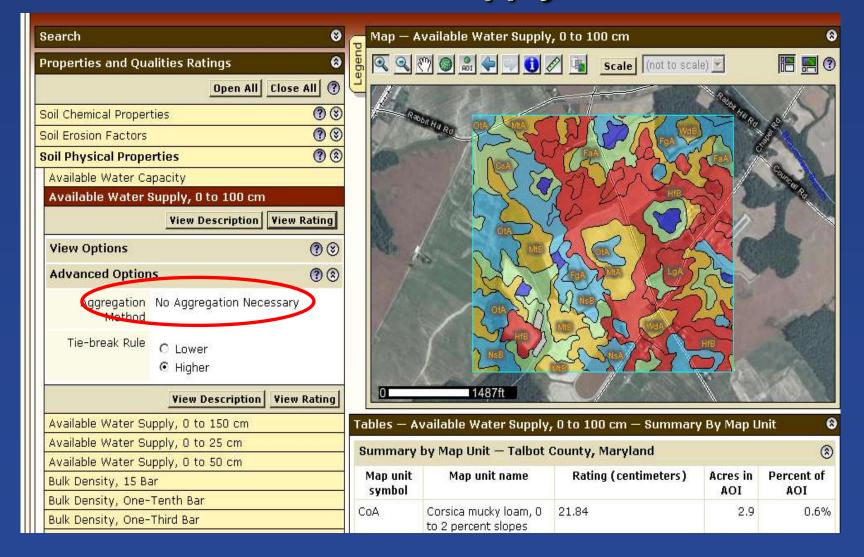


Kw: Surface Horizon





Soil Properties and Qualities Available Water Supply 0-100cm





Soil Physical Properties

Soil Physical Properties					
Available Water Capacity					
Available Water Supply, 0 to 100 cm					
Available Water Supply, 0 to 150 cm					
Available Water Supply, 0 to 25 cm					
Available Water Supply, 0 to 50 cm					
Bulk Density, 15 Bar					
Bulk Density, One-Tenth Bar					
Bulk Density, One-Third Bar					
Linear Extensibility					
Liquid Limit					
Organic Matter					
Percent Clay					
Percent Sand					
Percent Silt					
Plasticity Index					
Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (Ksat)					
Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (Ksat), Standard Classes					
Surface Texture					
Water Content, 15 Bar					
Water Content, One-Third Bar					

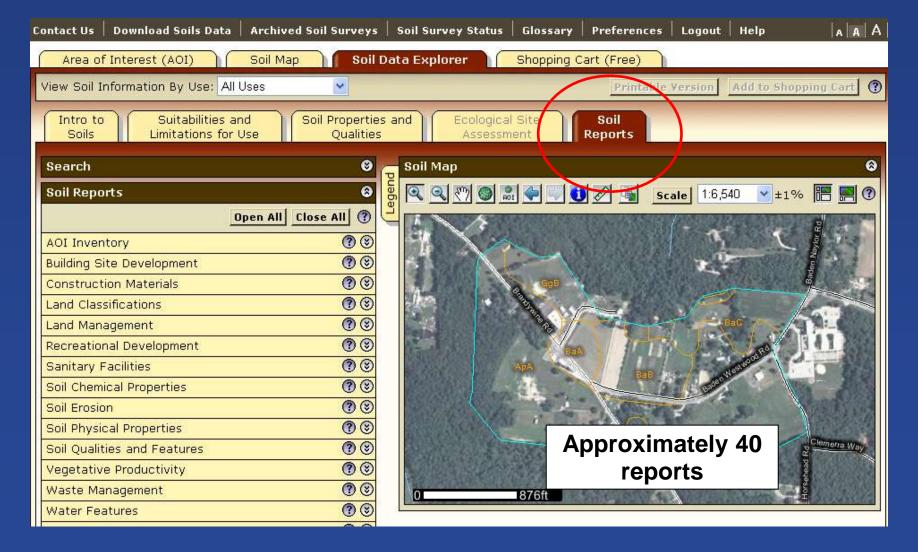


Soil Qualities and Features

Soil Qualities and Features
AASHTO Group Classification (Surface)
Depth to a Selected Soil Restrictive Layer
Depth to Any Soil Restrictive Layer
Drainage Class
Frost Action
Frost-Free Days
Hydrologic Soil Group
Map Unit Name
Parent Material Name
Representative Slope
Unified Soil Classification (Surface)

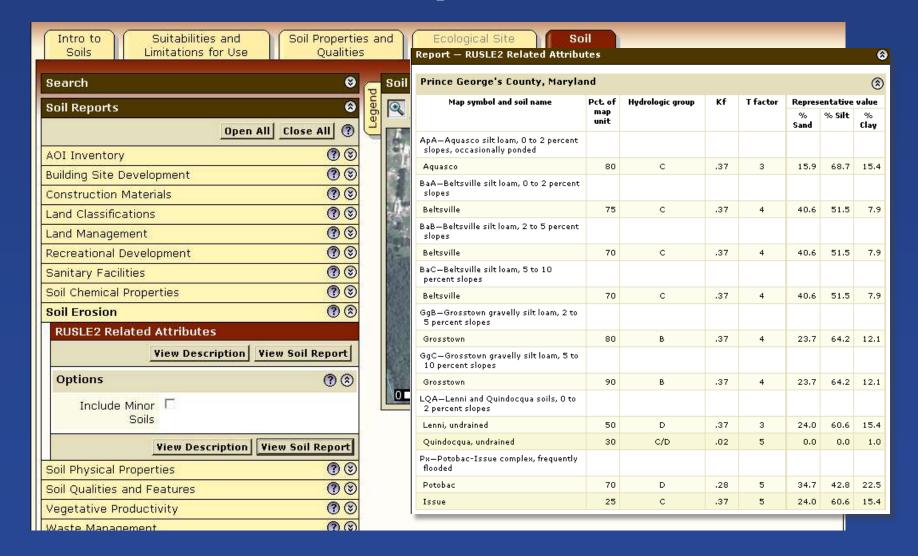


View Soil Reports





Soil Erosion Reports





Create a Printable Report

RUSLE2 Related Attributes-Prince George's County, Maryland

Baden Fire House Area

RUSLE2 Related Attributes

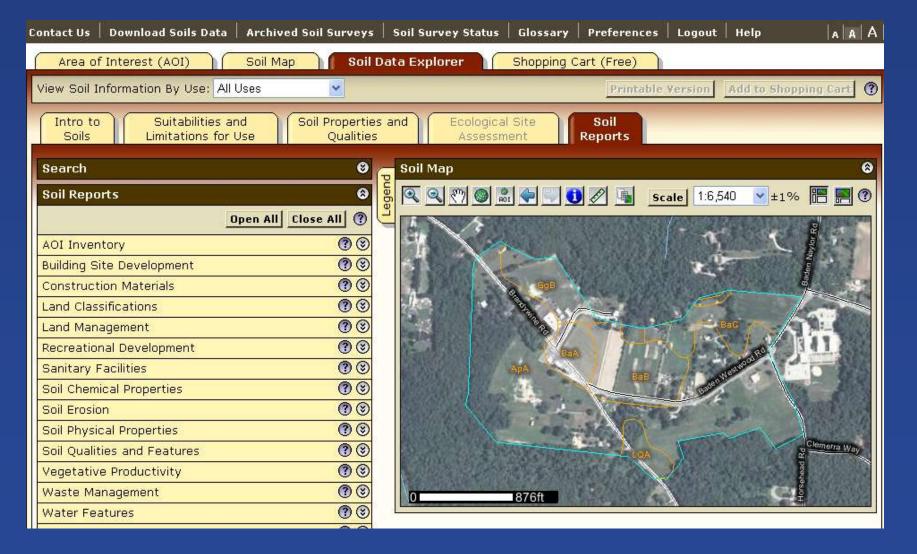
This report summarizes those soil attributes used by the Revised Universal Soil Loss Equation Version 2 (RUSLE2) for the map units in the selected area. The report includes the map unit symbol, the component name, and the percent of the component in the map unit. Soil property data for each map unit component include the hydrologic soil group, erosion factors Kf for the surface horizon, erosion factor T, and the representative percentage of sand, sit, and day in the surface horizon.

Report—RUSLE2 Related Attributes

RUSLE2 Related Attributes - Prince George's County, Maryland								
Map symbol and soil name	Pot. of map unit	Hydrologic group	KI	T factor	Representative value			
					% fland	% 681	% Clay	
ApA—Aquesco elf loem, 0 to 2 percent slopes, occasionally ponded								
Адинов	80	c	.37	3	15.9	58.7	15.4	
SeA-Beltsville all loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	8					0		
Beltride	75	ć .	.37	4	40.6	51.5	7.9	
BeS-Betsville sit loem, 2 to 5 percent slopes	ō i					6 8	-	
Debroile	70	c .	.37	4	40.6	51.5	35	
SeC—Belloutile sit loam, 5 to 10 percent slopes			ļ					
Belteville	70	c	.37	4	40.6	51.5	7.9	
Gg8—Grosstown gravely alti loam, 2 to 5 percent alopes	8			8:	8	0-3	- 3	
Growtown	80	8	.37	4	23.7	64.2	12.1	
OgC—Grosstown graveity silf losts, 5 to 10 percent slopes						0 - 20		
Growlown	100	8	.37	4	23.7	64.2	12.1	
LGA—Lenni and Guindoopus solls, 0 to 3 percent alopes								
Lenni, undrained	50	0	.37	2	24.0	50.6	75.4	
Quindocque, undrained	30	CID	.022	5	0.0	0.0	1.0	
Ps—Patabec-lasue complet, hequently flooded								
Potobac	70	0	28	5	34.7	42.8	22.5	
larue	25	¢	37	5	24.0	80.6	15.4	

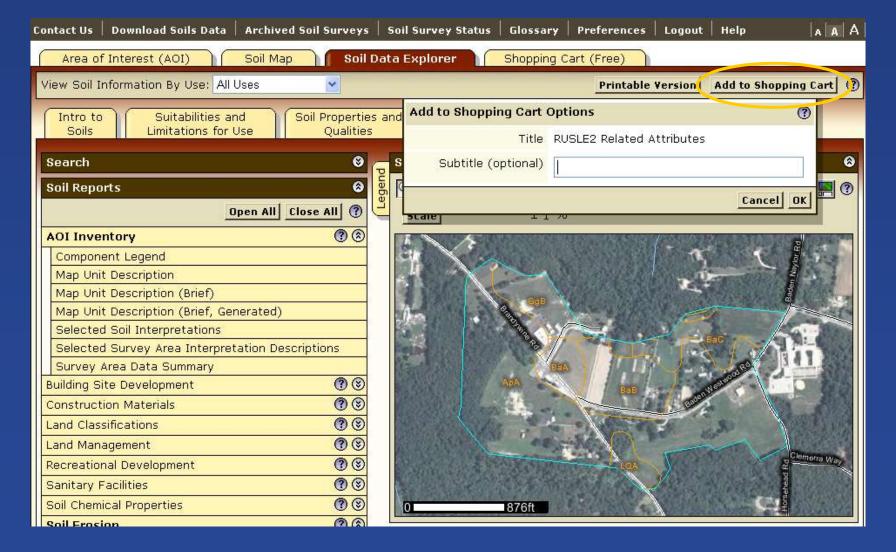


5. Build Your Own Soil Survey





Add Content to Shopping Cart





Parts of a Custom Soil Survey

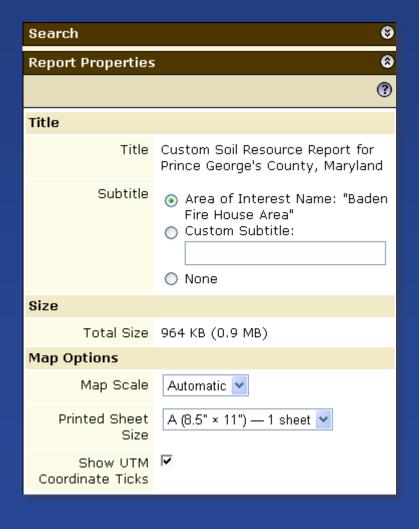
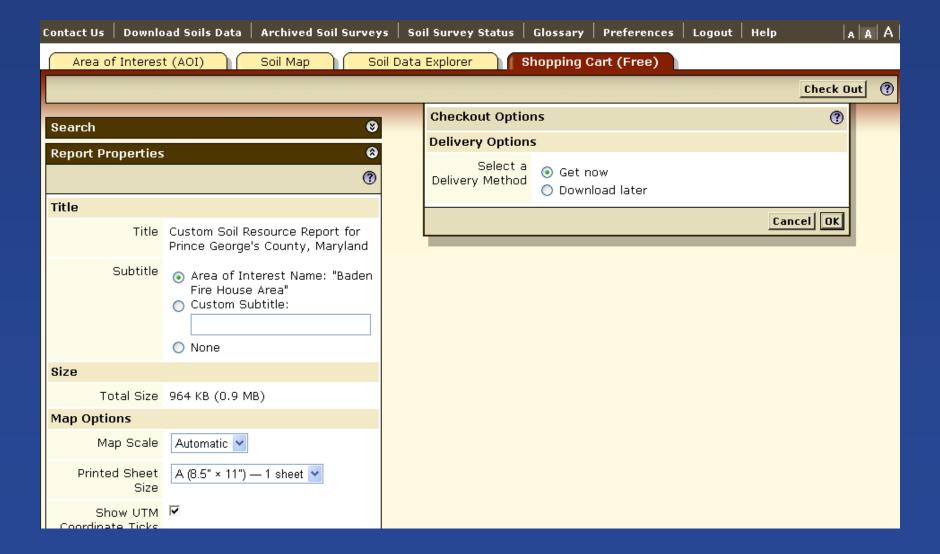


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☑ ⊡ Custom Soil Resource Report for Prince George's County, Maryland: Baden Fire Ho Area			
	518 KB 3 KB 0 KB 5 KB 427 KB		
Soil Map Soil Map Map Unit Legend Map Unit Description Map Soil Data Explorer Mander All Uses Mander Soil Reports Mander Soil Erosion Mander Soil Erosion Mander Soil Reports	374 KB 4 KB 50 KB 7 KB 7 KB 7 KB 7 KB		
☑ □ References □ □ Glossary	3 KB 113 KB		

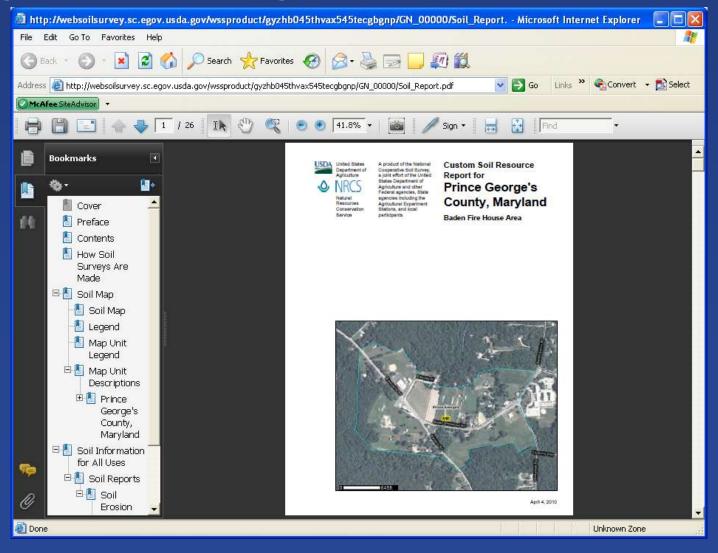


Check Out



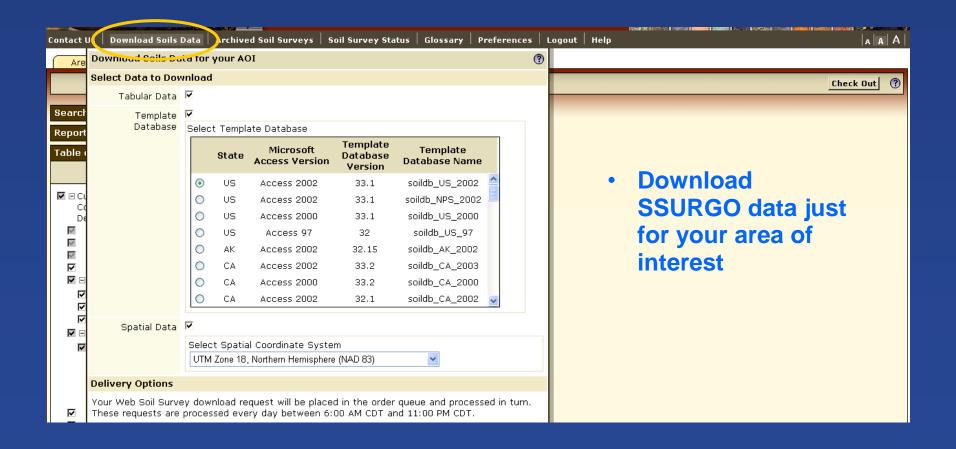


My Soil Survey...





6. Download SSURGO Soil Data





Coming Soon...

- In the next release of WSS (sometime this spring), users will be able to save, export, and import Area of Interest boundaries in shapefile format
- In a subsequent release, the AOI size limit will be increased to 40,000 acres

