INVENTORY OF SOLAR RADIATION/SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEMS ESTIMATORS, MODELS, SITE-SPECIFIC DATA, AND PUBLICATIONS (updated in 2016)

Updated by the Resource Assessment and Forecasting group National Renewable Energy Laboratory July 2016

SOLAR SYSTEM POTENTIAL AND PERFORMANCE

PVWatts

http://pvwatts.nrel.gov/

Estimates the energy production and cost of energy of grid-connected photovoltaic (PV) energy systems throughout the world. It allows homeowners, small building owners, installers and manufacturers to easily develop estimates of the performance of potential PV installations.

System Advisor Model (SAM)

https://sam.nrel.gov/

The System Advisor Model (SAM) is a performance and financial model designed to facilitate decision making for people involved in the renewable energy industry. SAM makes performance predictions and cost of energy estimates for grid-connected power projects based on installation and operating costs and system design parameters that you specify as inputs to the model. Projects can be either on the customer side of the utility meter, buying and selling electricity at retail rates, or on the utility side of the meter, selling electricity at a price negotiated through a power purchase agreement (PPA).

HOMER®

http://homerenergy.com/

Simplifies the task of evaluating design options for off-grid and grid-connected power systems.

• RetScreen

http://www.nrcan.gc.ca/energy/software-tools/7465

A clean energy management software system for energy efficiency, renewable energy and cogeneration project feasibility analysis as well as ongoing energy performance analysis.

BROADBANDSOLAR RADIATION MODELS

• Clear sky hourly data (maximum envelope)

Bird Clear Skymodel: http://rredc.nrel.gov/solar/models/clearsky Hourly estimates clear sky direct beam, hemispherical diffuse, and total hemispherical solar radiation for horizontal planes.

Direct Beam From Global Horizontal Data

Maxwell DISC model: http://rredc.nrel.gov/solar/models/DISC
Estimates direct beam irradiance from user-supplied hourly average measured global horizontal data.

SPECTRAL SOLAR MODELS

• Bird Simple Spectral Model

http://rredc.nrel.gov/solar/models/spectral

Computes clear sky spectral direct beam, hemispherical diffuse, and hemispherical total irradiances on tilted or horizontal planes.

• Simple Model of the Atmospheric Radiative Transfer of Sunshine (SMARTS)

http://www.nrel.gov/rredc/smarts

Computes clear sky spectral irradiances for a set of user-specified atmospheric conditions.

SOLAR POSITION AND GEOMETRY CALCULATIONS

- Solar Position Algorithm (SPA) http://www.nrel.gov/midc/spa
 Calculates the solar position with very low uncertainty based on location, date, and time inputs for the years -2000 to 6000.
- Solar and Moon Position Algorithm (SAMPA) http://www.nrel.gov/midc/sampa
 Calculates the Sun and Moon position with very low uncertainty based on location, date, and time inputs for the years -2000–6000. This algorithm can be used for solar eclipse monitoring and estimating the influence on solar irradiance.
- Solar Position and Intensity (SOLPOS)

http://rredc.nrel.gov/solar/codesandalgorithms/solpos

Calculates the solar position and intensity based on location, date, and time inputs for the years 1950–2050.

SOLAR RESOURCE DATA COLLECTIONS

• Gridded National Solar Radiation Database (NSRDB)

https://nsrdb.nrel.gov/

The current version of the NSRDB is the Physical Solar Model (PSM), and it offers users the latest available data. PSM comprises 30-minute solar and meteorological data for approximately 1.4 million 0.038 degree latitude by 0.038 degree longitude surface pixels (nominally 4 km²). Previous versions of NSRDB also reside in this webpage.

NASA Surface Solar Energy

http://eosweb.larc.nasa.gov/sse/

Includes more than 200 satellite-derived meteorology and solar energy parameters, monthly averages from 22 years of data, data tables for particular locations, color plots on both global and regional scales, and global solar energy data for 1,195 ground sites.

Allows users to download solar resource information via an interactive Google-based map interface. This is meant to be a simple tool that gives access to recent year data files in TMY or CSV format.

• 1961-1990 Hourly and Statistically Summarized Data

http://rredc.nrel.gov/solar/old_data/nsrdb/1961-1990/

- Includes:
 - Daily statistics files (Note: These files are monthly averages of daily totals)
 - Hourly data files
 - o Solar Radiation Data Manual for Buildings
 - 30-year (1961–1990) average of solar radiation and illuminance for each month
 - o Solar Radiation Data Manual for Flat-Plate and Concentrating Collectors
 - Averages of solar radiation for each of the 360 months during 1961–1990
 - 30-year (1961–1990) average of solar radiation for each month
 - Atlas for The Solar Radiation Data Manual For Flat-Plate and Concentrating Collectors
 - Typical Meteorological Year (TMY2) files.

• 1991–2010 Update Hourly and Statistically Summarized Data

http://rredc.nrel.gov/solar/old_data/nsrdb/1991-2010/Includes:

- Hourly solar data and statistical summaries Individual site-years by:
 - State and site name
 - USAF number
- All available solar data and statistical files in compressed site files (gzip compression)
 - State and site name
 - USAF number
- o Typical Meteorological Year (TMY3) files
- NSRDB_StationsMeta.csv (CSV, 104 KB) Metadata file containing site USAF number, class, station name, coordinates, etc.
 - NSRDB_StationsMetaMeta.doc (Word Document, 32 KB)
 Documentation for NSRDB_StationsMeta.csv.

Typical Meteorological Year Data Sets

http://rredc.nrel.gov/solar/old_data/nsrdb/1961-

1990/tmy2

http://rredc.nrel.gov/solar/old_data/nsrdb/1991-

2005/tmy3

Provides hourly values of solar radiation and meteorological elements for U.S. sites and territories for a 1-year period during 1961–1990 or 1991–2005.

• EnergyPlus Weather Data

https://energyplus.net/Offers weather data, arranged by World Meteorological Organization region and country, for more than 1,300 locations throughout the world.

• Near Real-Time Surface Solar Resource Forecast

(Northwest and Western US 36-km and 12-km resolution)

http://www.atmos.washington.edu/mm5rt/

(next to last element in 36- and 12-km surface block)

http://www.atmos.washington.edu/mm5rt/naminit.html

(last element in 36- and 12-km "surface" block for each 36- and 12-km resolution)

Solar and Wind Energy Resource Assessment (SWERA)

http://maps.nrel.gov/swera

The Solar and Wind Energy Resource Assessment tool provides easy access to high-quality renewable energy resource information and data to users around the world.

Solar Data Warehouse

http://www.solardatawarehouse.com/

The Solar Data Warehouse accesses climate data from more than 30 measurement networks across the United States and proves hourly and daily data from more than 3,000 stations.

DLR ISIS

http://www.pa.op.dlr.de/ISIS/

The Deutsches Zentrum für Luft-und Raumfahrt (DLR) irradiance at the surface derived from ISCCP cloud data (DLR-ISIS) data set gives an overview of the available TSI worldwide based on radiative transfer model results using cloud properties and cloud amount data supplied from the ISCCP.

HelioClim

www.helioclim.org/radiation/index.html

The Deutsches Zentrum für Luft-und Raumfahrt (DLR) irradiance at the surface derived from ISCCP cloud data (DLR-ISIS) data set gives an overview of the available TSI worldwide based on radiative transfer model results using cloud properties and cloud amount data supplied from the ISCCP

Clean Power Research—SolarAnywere

www.cleanpower.com/SolarAnywhere

SolarAnywhere is a Web-based service that provides hourly estimates of the solar irradiance based on satellite images and atmospheric data using algorithms developed and maintained by Dr. Richard Perez and the State University of New York at Albany (Perez et al. 2002).

MEASURED DATA SOURCES

.

Cooperative Networks for Renewable Resource Measurements (CONFRRM) Solar Energy Resource Data

http://rredc.nrel.gov/solar/new_data/confrrm/

Provides solar radiation and wind measurement data for select U.S. locations.

Historically Black Colleges and Universities Solar Radiation Monitoring Network http://rredc.nrel.gov/solar/old_data/hbcu/

Provides five-minute measurements of solar irradiance for six stations in the southeastern United States from 1985 to 1996.

Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory Reduced Circumsolar Radiation Database http://rredc.nrel.gov/solar/old_data/circumsolar/

Provides detailed intensity profiles of the solar and circumsolar region, direct normal radiation data, and total hemispherical solar radiation data for 11 U.S. locations from 1976 to 1981.

Measurement and Instrumentation Data Center

http://www.nrel.gov/midc/

Offers near real-time solar irradiance and meteorological data for several U.S. locations.

National Aeronautics and Space Administration Remote Sensing Validation Data http://rredc.nrel.gov/solar/new_data/Saudi_Arabia/

Offers solar radiation data from a network of 12 stations in Saudi Arabia since 1995.

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Solar Data

http://rredc.nrel.gov/solar/old_data/noaa/

Provides archived solar radiation information from a network of 39 stations throughout the United States.

National Renewable Energy Laboratory Spectral Solar Radiation Database

http://rredc.nrel.gov/solar/old_data/spectral/

Provides spectral solar radiation data for several U.S. sites for 1986–1988.

National Solar Radiation Database

http://rredc.nrel.gov/solar/old_data/nsrdb/

Offers hourly solar radiation and meteorological data for sites throughout the United States for 1961–1990 and 1991–2010.

Solar Energy Measurement Research and Training Sites Data Set

http://rredc.nrel.gov/solar/old_data/semrts/

Offers solar resource data for four sites across the United States for dates ranging from 1979 to 1984.

Solar Spectra

http://rredc.nrel.gov/solar/spectra/

Provides standard spectral irradiance information, descriptions, and data for the United States from a variety of sources.

WEST Associates Solar Monitoring Network

http://rredc.nrel.gov/solar/old_data/wa/

Offers solar resource data for 52 stations in six Western U.S. states for 1976–1980.

• National Climatic Data Center

https://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/

Offers the world's largest active archive of weather data.

• NOAA Regional Climate Centers

http://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/customer-support/partnerships/regional-climate-centers Provides detailed climate data for regions throughout the United States.

NOAA Surface Radiation Research Branch

http://www.esrl.noaa.gov/gmd/

Monitors surface radiation in the continental United States. Its Web site includes: Integrated Surface Irradiance Study (ISIS) Network.

http://www.srrb.noaa.gov/isis/index.html

Surface Radiation (SURFRAD) Network

http://www.srrb.noaa.gov/surfrad/index.html

• Texas Solar Radiation Database

http://www.me.utexas.edu/~solarlab/tsrdb/tsrdb.html

Offers solar radiation data for sites throughout Texas.

• University of Oregon Solar Radiation Monitoring Laboratory

http://solardat.uoregon.edu/

Operates solar radiation monitoring stations throughout the Pacific Northwest.

AZMET Arizona Meteorological Network

http://ag.arizona.edu/AZMET/

Offers meteorological data and weather-based information to agricultural and horticultural interests operating in southern and central Arizona. Meteorological data are collected from a network of automated weather stations located in rural and urban production settings. Meteorological data collected by AZMET include temperature (air and soil), humidity, solar radiation, wind (speed and direction), and precipitation.

Oklahoma Mesonet

http://www.mesonet.org/

Consists of more than 110 automated stations covering Oklahoma. There is at least one Mesonet station in each of Oklahoma's 77 counties. At each site, the environment is measured by a set of instruments locate donor near a 10-meter-tall tower. The measurements are packaged into "observations" every 5 minutes and include:

- Air temperature measured at 1.5meters above the ground
- Relative humidity measured at 1.5 meters above the ground
- Wind speed and direction measured at 10 meters above the ground
- Barometric pressure
- Rainfall
- Incoming solar radiation
- Soil temperatures at 10 centimeters below the ground under both the natural sod cover and bare soil.

CLIMATE RESEARCH QUALITY MEASURED SOLAR DATA

The NOAA Earth System Research Laboratory

http://www.esrl.noaa.gov/

Develops a number of datasets, experimental forecasts, and climate observations.

• Baseline Surface Radiation Network (WMO Climate Research Solar Data)

http://www.bsrn.awi.de/

Central archive of the Baseline Surface Radiation Network (BSRN).

World Radiation Data Centre

http://wrdc-mgo.nrel.gov/

Serves as a central depository for solar radiation data collected at more than 1,000 sites throughout the world.

http://wrdc.mgo.rssi.ru/wrdccgi/dataview.exe?datadir0001/wrdc/data_type.html Registration Form

• Atmospheric Radiation Measurement Program

http://www.arm.gov/

Collects a wealth of climate-related data for sites throughout the world.

DATA VISUALIZATION & GEOSPATIAL TOOLS

Geospatial Toolkits

http://www.nrel.gov/international/geospatial_toolkits.html

Offers a map-based software application that integrates resource data and GIS for integrated resource assessment. A variety of agencies within countries and global datasets provided country-specific data.

• System Advisory Model (SAM)

https://sam.nrel.gov/

SAM makes performance predictions and cost of energy estimates for grid-connected power projects based on installation and operating costs and system design parameters that you specify as inputs to the model. Projects can be either on the customer side of the utility meter, buying and selling electricity at retail rates, or on the utility side of the meter, selling electricity at a price negotiated through a power purchase agreement (PPA).

• Global RE Opportunity

http://maps.nrel.gov/global re opportunity

The Global RE Opportunity Tool enables quick, intuitive analysis and visualization of the technical potential, economic opportunity, and market size for a variety of solar technologies ranging from residential rooftop systems to utility-scale installations.

Solar Data

http://www.nrel.gov/gis/data_solar.html

10-kilometer, 40-kilometer, National Solar Radiation Data Base TMY3 station, and Baseline Measurement data to be used in a geographic information system (GIS).

Solar Maps

http://www.nrel.gov/gis/solar.html and http://www.nrel.gov/gis/mapsearch/NREL's Geospatial Data Science Team develops maps for various renewable resources and for specific projects. As a benefit to the public, a majority of static maps are offered and Google Map (KML/KMZ) files.

• Near real time Surface Solar Resource Forecast

http://www.atmos.washington.edu/mm5rt/

Northwest and Western US 36-km and 12-km resolution model forecasts (next to last element in 36-and12-km surface block).

http://www.atmos.washington.edu/mm5rt/naminit.html

(last element in 36-and 12-km "surface" block for each of 36-and 12-km resolution)

University of Wisconsin

http://www.aos.wisc.edu/education/undergrad/facilities.html Links to weather and climate data.

SOLAR RESOURCE PUBLICATIONS

Calibration of a Solar Absolute Cavity Radiometer with Traceability to the World Radiometric Reference

http://www.nrel.gov/rredc/pdfs/20619.pdf

Explains a method to establish traceability of absolute cavity radiometers.

Quality Assessment with QC_TND

http://rredc.nrel.gov/solar/pubs/qc tnd/

Provides a quality-control method for global or total, direct, and diffuse solar radiation data.

Quality Assessment with SERI_QC

http://rredc.nrel.gov/solar/pubs/seri_qc/

Provides a quality-control method for global horizontal, diffuse horizontal and direct normal solar radiation data.

A Quasi-Physical Model for Converting Hourly Global Horizontal to Direct Normal Insolation

http://www.nrel.gov/rredc/pdfs/3087.pdf

Describes a physically based model for converting global horizontal insolation data to direct normal insolation data.

• Shining On

http://rredc.nrel.gov/solar/pubs/shining/

Provides a primer on solar radiation and solar radiation data.

• Simple Solar Spectral Model for Direct and Diffuse Irradiance on Horizontal and Tilted Planes at the Earth's Surface for Cloudless Atmospheres

http://rredc.nrel.gov/solar/pubs/spectral/model/

Describes a simple model for direct and diffuse spectral irradiance on horizontal and tilted surfaces at the earth's surface for clear days.

• Simplified Clear Sky Model for Direct and Diffuse Insolation on Horizontal Surfaces http://www.nrel.gov/rredc/pdfs/761.pdf

Compares several broadband insolation models and presents a simple clear sky model for direct and diffuse insolation.

• Solar Radiation Data Manual for Buildings

http://rredc.nrel.gov/solar/pubs/bluebook/

Provides solar radiation and illuminance values for a horizontal window and four vertical windows (facing north, east, south, and west) for 239 stations in the United States and its territories.

Solar Radiation Data Manual for Flat-Plate and Concentrating Collectors

http://rredc.nrel.gov/solar/pubs/redbook/

Provides solar radiation values for common flat-plate and concentrating collectors for 239 stations in the United States and its territories.

• Standard Broadband Format Manual

http://rredc.nrel.gov/solar/pubs/SBF/

Describes a tape archival format appropriate for use with research-level solar radiation data.

• User's Manual for TMY2s

http://rredc.nrel.gov/solar/pubs/tmy2/

Describes typical meteorological year (TMY) data sets derived from the 1961–1990 National Solar Radiation Data Base.

• WEST Associates Online Manual

http://rredc.nrel.gov/solar/pubs/wa/

Provides solar data for 52 stations in Arizona, California, Colorado, Nevada, New Mexico, and Wyoming for 1976–1980.

RReDC PUBLICATIONS SITE (by year)

http://www.nrel.gov/rredc/publications.html

NREL PUBLIC DOMAIN PUBLICATIONS SITE

http://www.nrel.gov/research/publications.html