



Making the Case for Metering and Performance Measurement in Data Centers

2016 Better Buildings Summit

Wednesday, May 11, 9:45-11:00AM

Speakers

- Moderator
 - Steve Greenberg – Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory
- Presenter/Panelists
 - Steve Greenberg – Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory
 - Steve Naumann – U.S. Social Security Administration

Technical Assistance for Better Buildings Partners

Steve Greenberg, Lawrence Berkeley National
Laboratory

Outline

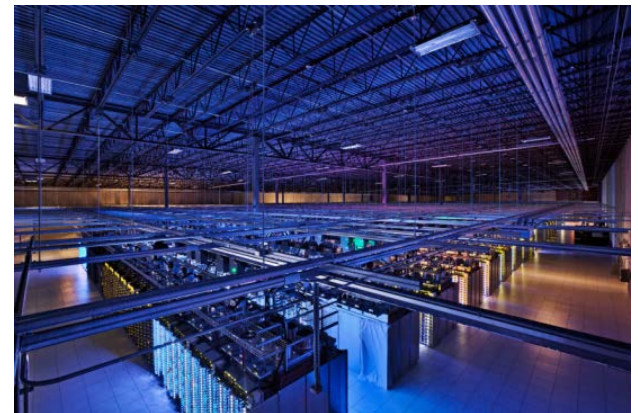
- Inspiration for metering and measurement
- Metering Guide
- Examples of Technical Assistance for Partners
- A word about Data Center Infrastructure Management

Inspiration for Metering and Measurement

- “You can’t manage what you don’t measure”
- It’s a requirement for Federal agencies per Executive Order 13693

Executive Order 13693 Mandates

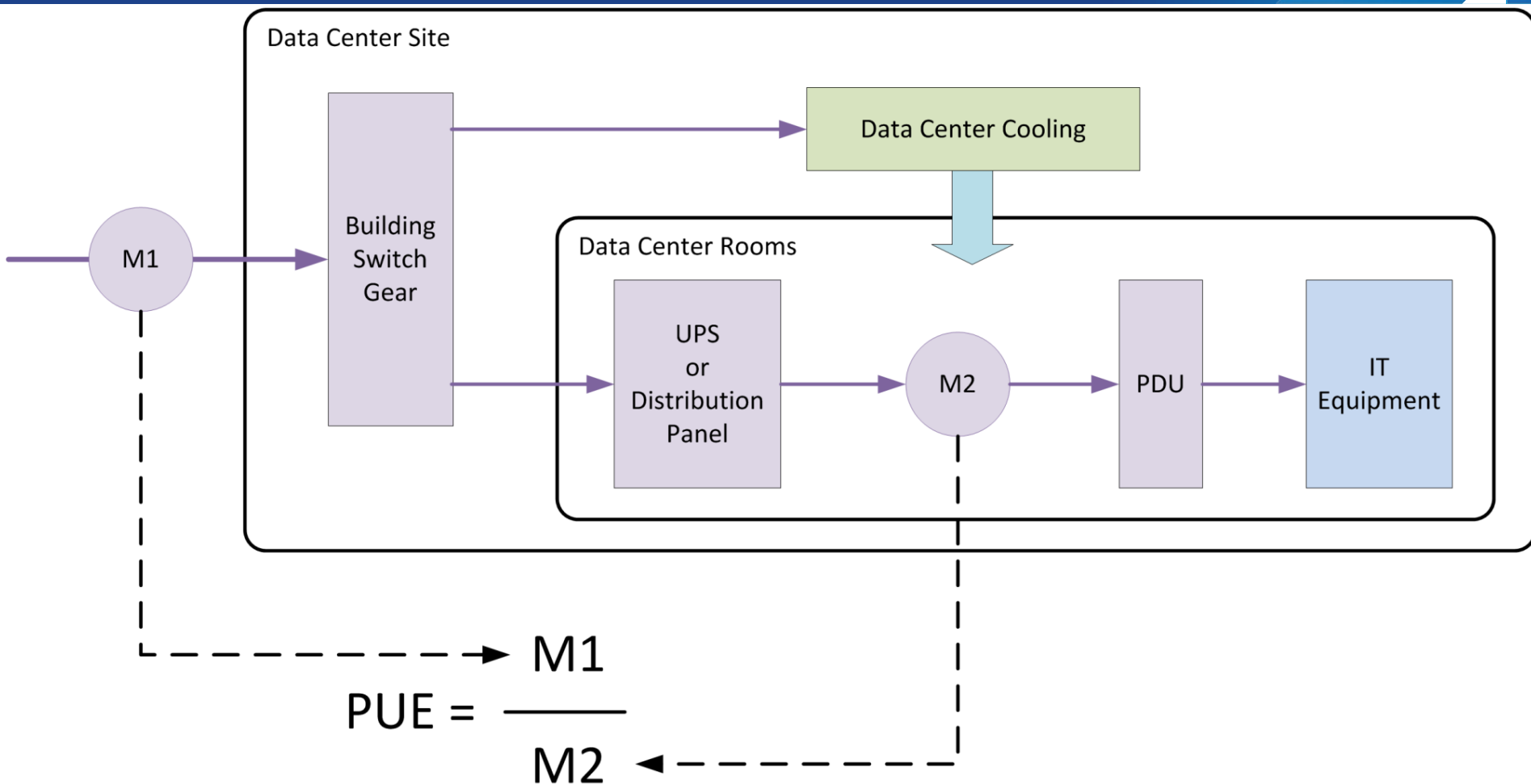
- Install and monitor advanced energy meters in all data centers by FY '18 --Section 3(a)(ii)(B)
- Target 1.2 to 1.4 PUE for new data centers --Section 3(a)(ii)(C)
- Target less than 1.5 PUE for existing data centers (same)



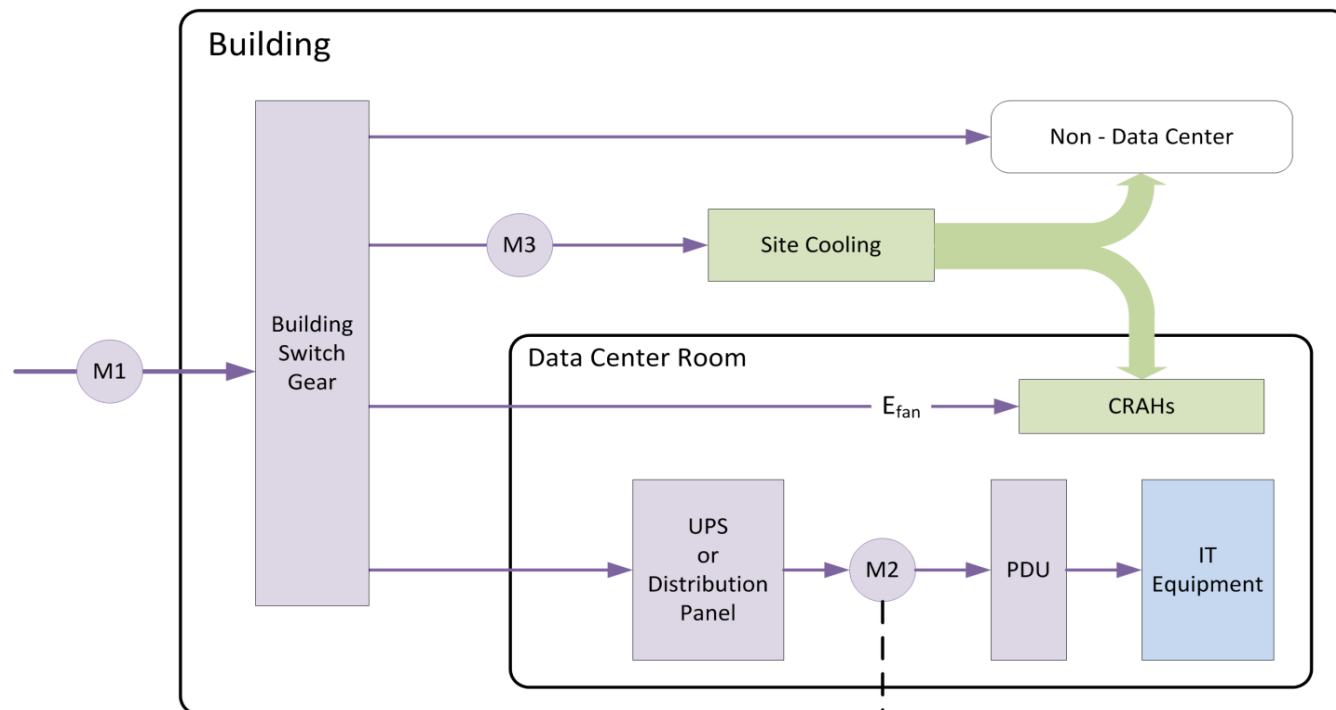
Metering Guide

- Metering Steps
 - Plan
 - Implement
 - Use
- Addressing Challenges
- Data Center Metering and Resource Guide (Version 2.1), 2016. Available at <https://datacenters.lbl.gov/resources/data-center-metering-and-resource-guide>

Data Center Types: 1. Stand-alone



Data Center Types: 2. Embedded, w/additional metering beyond UPS output



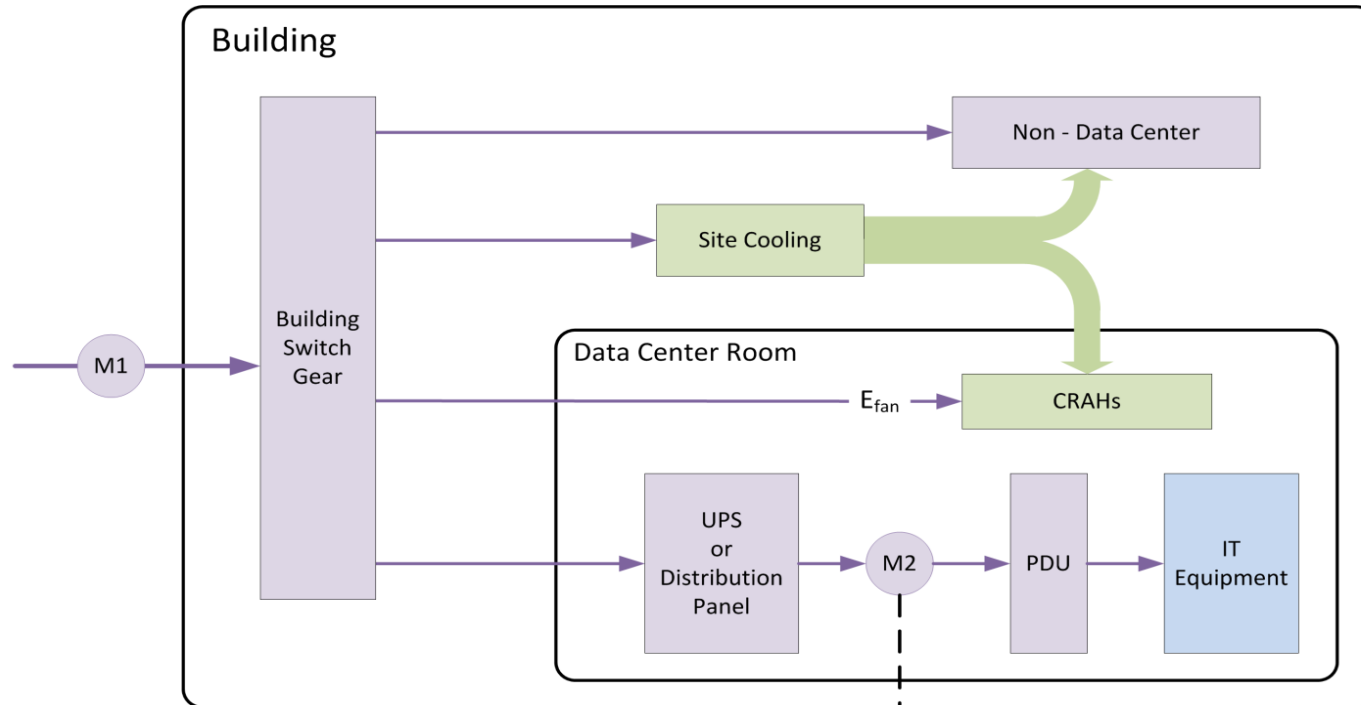
2a. Chiller Plant input (M3)

$$PUE = \frac{((M2/.9) + E_{fan}) \times (1 + (0.285 \times Eff))}{M2}$$

Where E_{fan} = CRAH fan energy use

Eff = average chiller plant efficiency in kW/ton (M3 is used to calculate; see "Data Center Metering and Resource Guide")

Data Center Types: 3. Embedded, no additional metering beyond UPS output



3a. Water-cooled chiller plant with CRAHs

$$PUE = \frac{((M2/.9) + E_{fan}) \times (1 + (0.285 \times Eff))}{M2}$$

Eff = (Chiller efficiency + 0.2) kW/ton, where chiller efficiency can be obtained from Chiller Efficiency Table and 0.2 represents typical additional load of chilled water/condenser water pumps and cooling tower fans.

Technical Assistance for Partners

- Help with baseline PUE
- Help with opportunities for improvement
- Examples:
 - Lawrence Berkeley Lab 50B-1275
 - “Agency X”
 - Lawrence Berkeley Lab CRT

Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory Room 50B-1275 “the case-study king”



45-year-old data center

5600 square feet

~450 kW IT load

7 CRACs 15 to 30 tons of cooling each in 2-4 stages

Down-flow units (raised floor)

Water-cooled

Other cooling including rear doors, enclosed racks, AHU

Numerous case studies

Assistance:

- **Determining PUE based on existing and proposed metering**
- **Determining how to update metering based on changes**
 - **CHW plant (VFD pumps, new cooling tower)**
 - **In-room (chilled water to rear doors, UPS)**
 - **Triage based on cost vs. effect on PUE**

LBNL Room 50B-1275, con't

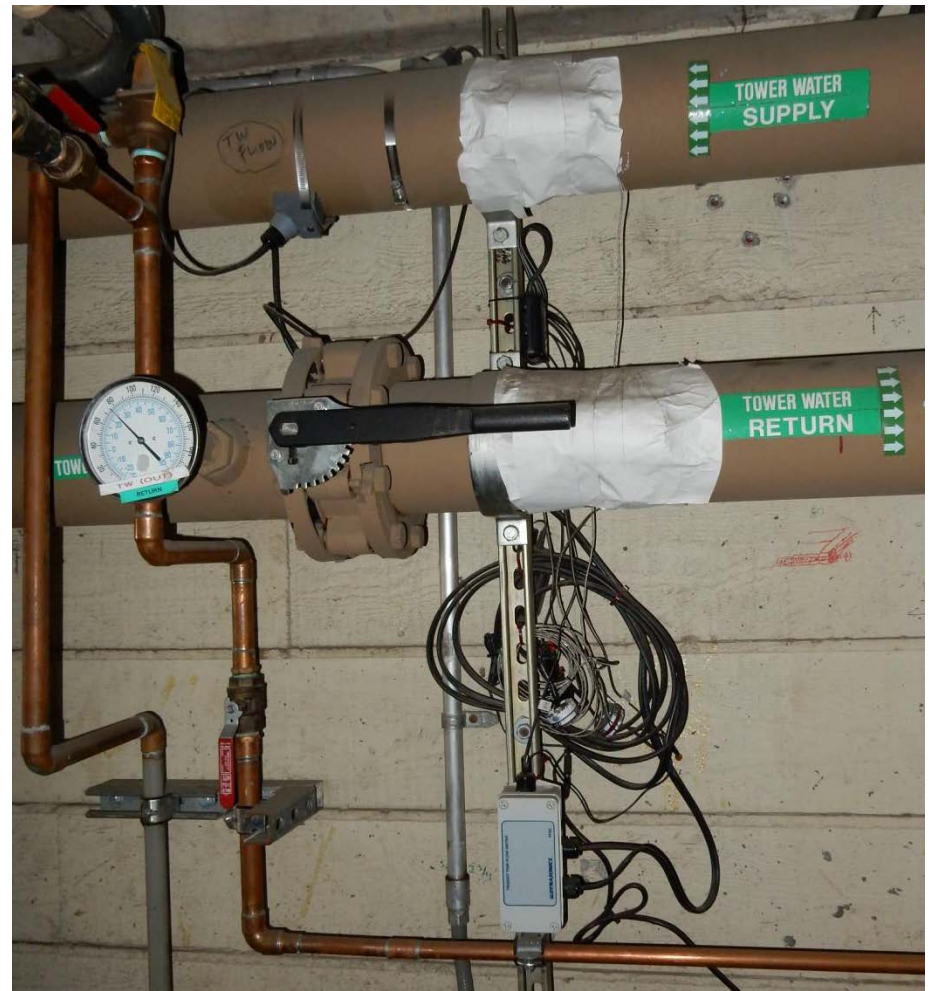
Electric metering



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Thermal metering



Agency X

- Technical assistance:
 - Help with determining PUE
 - Embedded DC with shared chiller plant
 - Submetering recommendations
 - References to consultants for more-detailed assessment
 - Help with specific questions
 - Helped drop PUE from 2.3 to 1.7 with operational changes only

Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory

Building 59: the Computational Research and Theory Facility

“the multi-megawatt supercomputer center”

- **Brand-new supercomputer center, embedded**
- **142,000 square feet total**
- **7 MW IT load to start, then up to 17, then ???**
- **IT load will dominate building**
- **2 large AHUs for air-cooled loads**
- **4 cooling towers with heat exchangers for water-cooled loads**
- **Water-cooled supercomputers**
- **Air and water side economizers**
- **Air-side heat recovery for heating offices**
- **IT loads cooled without compressors**

LBNL Building 59



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Technical Assistance:

- **Help with determining PUE**
- **Help with the reviews and commissioning of meter location, accuracy, and reporting capability**
- **Help with identifying meter additions needed**
- **Triage based on cost vs. effect on PUE**

Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory Building 59, con't



Data Center Infrastructure Management

- “All things to all people”
 - IT (utilization, inventory, operational alarms)
 - Power, Space, Cooling
 - Planning
- Great for large Data Centers
- Over-commitment risk for smaller Centers
 - High cost to initiate
 - High cost (internal and external) to maintain
- Need to right-size to balance costs and benefits

Thank you! Questions?



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**Better
Buildings®**
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Building the Case for Metering

Better Buildings Summit, May 2016

**Steve Naumann, Director, National Support
Center**

Social Security Administration



National Support Center Urbana, MD



National Support Center Key Energy Points

- LEED Gold Certified ✱
- Uptime Institute certified Tier 3 Data Center
- DOE Better Buildings Challenge
- Hot-Aisle-Containment of IT equipment ✱
- High density computing & Energy Star equipment
- Electric metering down to the branch circuit
- Convergent monitoring of IT equipment: PUE, heat maps, Smart Racks ✱
- Free cooling below 55° roughly 145 days per year... ~\$240k/yr ✱
- Photovoltaic Solar Array 1.3MW ... ~\$152K/yr ✱
- 6MW now, 10MW in the future
- Passive Solar heated water, rainwater reclamation, reduced flow fixtures
- Instant-on and LED lighting throughout the complex
- Southern facing floor-to-ceiling windows in the office building to help offset heating costs
- Indigenous grasses - less mowing - reduces fuel costs and air pollutants
- Solar powered parking lot lights
- Pervious parking lot and under grass grid for building maintenance access road

Photo-Voltaic Solar Array



Data Center Optimization Management

- **DCOM Strategic areas:**
 - Energy Efficiency
 - + Project Management
 - + IT, Facilities and Security Co-Management of Operations
- **All add up to cost savings**



Managing IT

- **High Density Computing/Hot-aisle-containment**
 - Asset Management and RFID
 - Configuration Management
 - Consolidation and Virtualization....Virtual 1st!
- **Convergent Monitoring** – using real time environmental metrics to manage IT
 - JBOC and JBOD....our goal
 - Instant PUE and trending
 - move cyclical workloads to spread the heat load evenly
- **Storage**
 - Deduplication
 - Virtualization
 - e-vault
- **Network**
 - Top-of-Rack switches
 - Virtualization

Be Green Save Green

- **Do what works best for your organization**
- **Leverage your location...Solar, Wind, Cold**
- **Negotiate your energy costs**
- **Virtual First Policy**
- **Co-Location**
- **Cloud**
- **Retro-fit...cold-aisle containment**
- **Turn up the heat**
- **Challenge the status quo**



Why Monitor?

- **Now a mandate for Federal Departments / Agencies**
- **Show-back, Charge-back**
- **Offset operational costs / re-invest / fund new projects**
- **Make improvements in whitespace layout / facilities**
- **Categorize usage between facilities, compute, storage and network**
- **Trend usage, plan for future cyclical workloads / customers**
- **Map energy and resources consumed to application optimization**
- **More robust SLAs**
- **Helps illustrate data centers as application eco-systems**

Thank you!

Let's discuss!