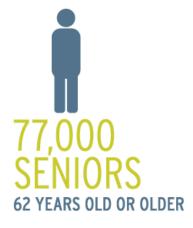
Next Generation NYCHA Sustainability Agenda

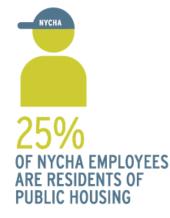
Better Buildings Summit | May 9, 2016

NYCHA houses 1 in 12 New Yorkers



40% OF HEADS OF HOUSEHOLDS ARE 62 YEARS OLD OR OLDER











61% ARE EMPLOYED (OF NON-DISABLED, WORKING AGE ADULTS)



41% ON FIXED INCOME (SOC. SEC., SSI, PENSION, OTHER

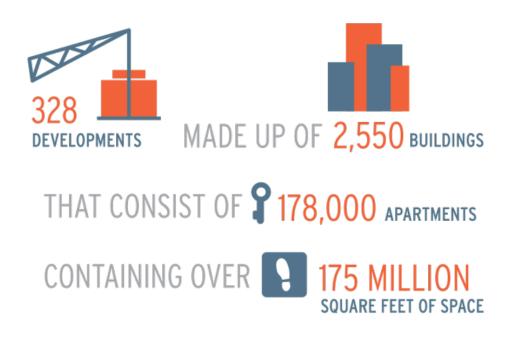


12% RECEIVE PUBLIC ASSISTANCE





NYCHA's housing stock is aging



60% OF NYCHA'S BUILDING ARE 50+ YEARS OLD



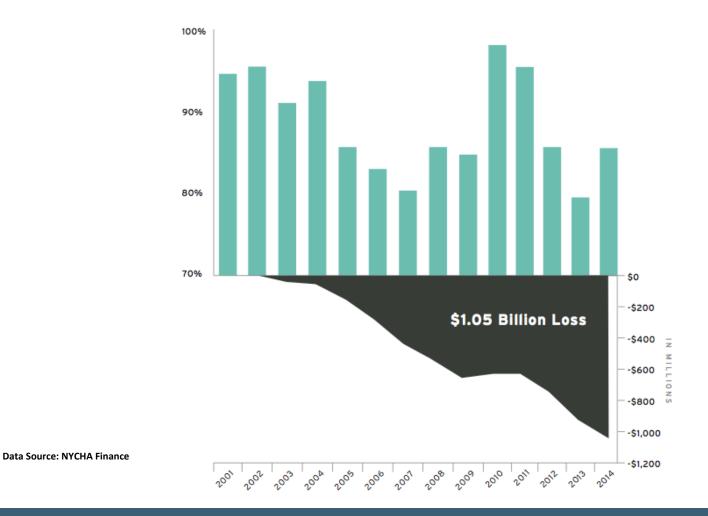
THE LARGEST DEVELOPMENT: A 26-BUILDING APARTMENT COMPLEX WITH 7,000 RESIDENTS

THE SMALLEST DEVELOPMENT: A SINGLE-STORY SENIOR BUILDING WITH 13 RESIDENTS





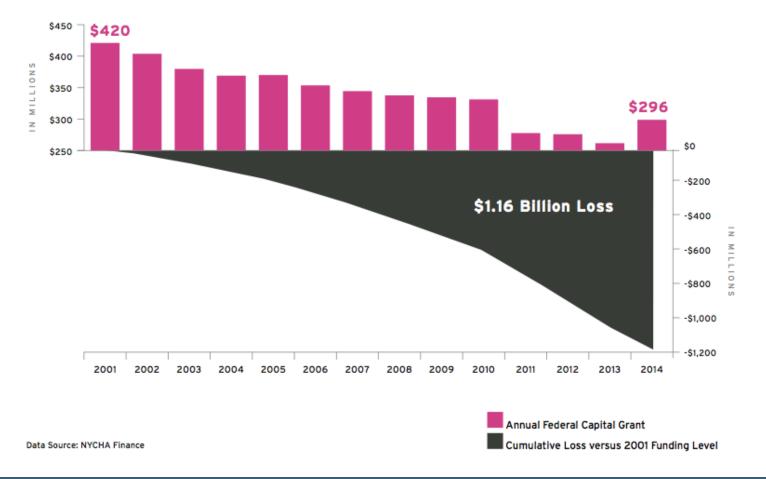
\$1 billion loss in operating funding since 2001







30% loss in capital funding since 2001







NextGeneration NYCHA Safe Clean Connected Communities

The Authority's 10-year strategic roadmap to

- 1. Achieve short-term financial stability and diversify funding for the long term
- 2. Operate as an efficient and effective landlord
- 3. (Re)build, expand, and preserve public and affordable housing
- 4. Engage residents and connect them to best-inclass social services





NextGeneration NYCHA Comprehensive Sustainability Agenda

NYCHA's **commitment** as a landlord to create healthy and comfortable homes that will withstand the challenge of climate change

An **invitation** to residents and surrounding communities to work with NYCHA to realize a shared long- term vision of equity, sustainability, and resiliency





GOAL #1 ACHIEVE SHORT-TERM STABILITY AND DIVERSIFY FUNDING FOR THE LONG TERM

Attract investments for capital improvements

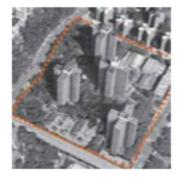
Raise revenues through clean and distributed energy projects





GOAL #1 FUND Capital Improvements: Master-Planned Sites





Master-Planned sites at Polo Grounds in Harlem and Williamsburg Houses in Brooklyn.

Invest \$300 million via a series of large EPCs.

Scope of work: heating distribution controls, ventilation, and electric and water efficiency.

4 EPCs in development, serving 130 developments.

120,000 units in EPCs by 2018





GOAL #1 FUND Capital Improvements: Scattered Sites



Invest \$30 million via WAP and utility programs

No HUD Capital Funds



Scattered-site developments on Hunts Point Avenue in the Bronx and Ralph Avenue in Brooklyn.

Comprehensive retrofit scopes of work

\$1.4 million first WAP pilot (222 units)

5,000 unit pipeline in 60 developments



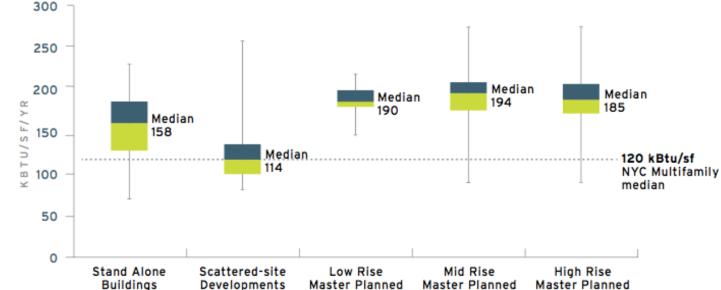


GOAL #1 FUND Capital Improvements: Why 2 paths?

Energy Intensity Varies by Development Type

Master planned developments use more energy on average than single buildings or scattered site developments.

Master-planned sites use campus-scale steam systems; scattered site buildings tend to use hot water heat.





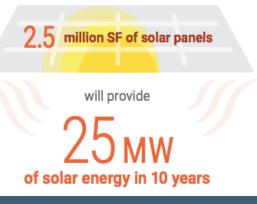


GOAL #1 FUND DER & Renewables

Renew300 commitment of 25MW by 2025

Red Hook Microgrid and Cogeneration Plant via Public Private Partnership

Support City in community-scale clean and distributed energy systems







GOAL #2 OPERATE AS AN EFFECTIVE AND EFFICIENT LANDLORD

Create healthy indoor environments

- Efficiently provide **comfortable and reliable heat and hot water**
- Improve water management
- Adopt a comprehensive **waste management** plan





GOAL #2 OPERATE Healthy Indoor Environments

43% of NYCHA developments are located in the areas of New York City that see the most asthma hospitalizations.¹

They house 151,000 residents 38,000 children under 15



New York City plans to have the **best air quality** among all large US cities by 2030.

||•,

NYCHA can't control outdoor air pollution, but its sustainability strategies can improve indoor air quality.

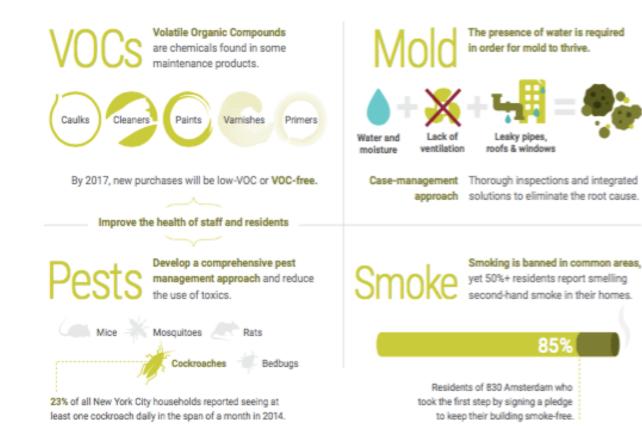
Highest rate of asthma hospitalizations in NYC
 NYCHA development

Data Sources: NYC Department of Health and Mental Hygiene - Environment and Health Data Portal / United Hospital Fund Boundaries; NYCHA Department of Research and Management Analysis





GOAL #2 OPERATE Healthy Indoor Environments



「「「」」」 「「」」」 「「」」 のUR VISION FOR NEXTGENERATION NYCHA Ster Counservices



GOAL #2 OPERATE Comfortable & Reliable Heat



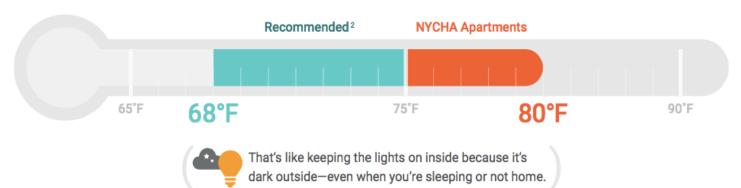
of apartments are heated with steam, the most inefficient way to heat buildings. 1,379

boilers provide NYCHA's heat.

Each has a life expectancy of 30 years. 45% are already 25+ years old.

Apartments are overheated because outdoor temperature sensors can't tell when it's hot insideonly that it's cold outside.

Winter-time indoor temperature







GOAL #3 (RE)BUILD, EXPAND, AND PRESERVE PUBLIC AND AFFORDABLE HOUSING

Adopt sustainability standards

Eliminate leaks in roofs, façades, and plumbing

Retrofit master-planned and scattered site developments

Build green infrastructure

Incorporate **climate change resiliency** into capital planning





GOAL #3 (RE)BUILD Sustainability Standards



New Construction on NYCHA land

Comprehensive rehabs

Preservation via RAD will meet a minimum EUI

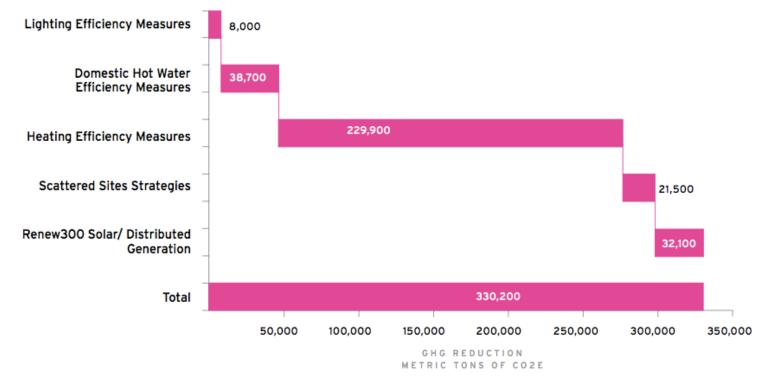
System-specific upgrades





GOAL #3 (RE)BUILD Energy Efficiency Retrofits

GHG emissions reduction through 2025 by energy conservation measure



Source: NYCHA Dept. of Energy and Sustainability

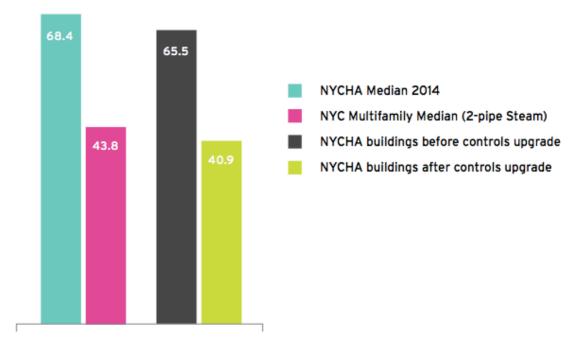




GOAL #3 (RE)BUILD Energy Efficiency Retrofits

NYCHA's Heating Energy Use Intensity Can Be Improved Through Controls Upgrades

Heating Energy Use Intensity (kBTU/sf) before and after installation of indoor temperature feedback controls, compared to portfolio-wide median in 2014, and NYC multifamily median







GOAL #3 (RE)BUILD Climate Resiliency

90°F days per year in New York City¹

1970-2000	By the 2050s (As many as Birmingham, AL)
*****	******
******	**************
	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
18	39-57

J of rain is an extreme rain event

New York State has seen 71% more of these events over the last 50 years

NYCHA residents are located in areas **subject to coastal flooding**



44% of NYCHA residents are children and seniors

<18 years old (27%) -65+ years old (17%) - vs. New York City's population (21%) <18 years old (15%) 65+ years old

NYCHA also has almost 2x more residents <65 years old with disability than the New York City average





GOAL #4 ENGAGE RESIDENTS AND CONNECT THEM TO BEST-IN-CLASS SOCIAL SERVICES

Support **resident- and community-led** sustainability initiatives

Connect residents to green jobs





GOAL #4 ENGAGE Resident & Community Initiatives







GOAL #4 ENGAGE Green Jobs







80 X 50 WORK TOWARDS 80 PERCENT REDUCTION IN GREENHOUSE GASES BY 2050

Create an 80x50 roadmap

Create incentives for new low-energy buildings

Test "deep" retrofit strategies





80 X 50 Low-energy Buildings



Knickerbocker Commons 803 Knickerbocker Avenue, Brooklyn Architect: Chris Benedict, R.A. Owner: Ridgewood-Bushwick Senior Citizens Council Year: 2014 Units: 24



HANAC Corona Senior Residence 54-15 101st Street, Queens Architect: Think Architecture and Design Owner: Hellenic American Neighborhood Action Committee (HANAC), Inc. Year: 2017 (est.) Units: 68



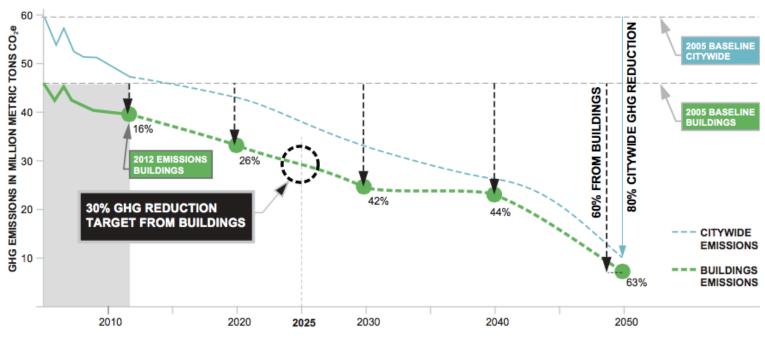
Beach Green North 44-19 Rockaway Beach Blvd., Queens Architect: Curtis + Ginsberg Architects Owner: The Bluestone Organization, L+M Development, Triangle Equities Units: 101





80 X 50 Roadmap

Pathway for Reductions in Greenhouse Gas Emissions from Buildings



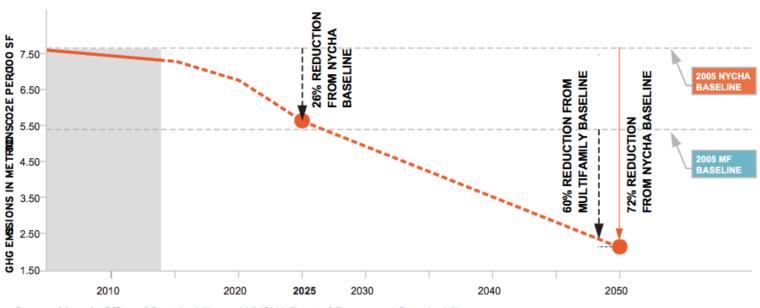
Source: New York City Mayor's Office of Long-Term Planning and Sustainability





80 X 50 Roadmap

Pathway for Reductions in Greenhouse Gas Emissions from NYCHA Portfolio



Source: Mayor's Office of Sustainability and NYCHA Dept. of Energy and Sustainability





NextGeneration NYCHA Sustainability Agenda

http://j.mp/green-nycha

Bomee Jung Vice President, Energy & Sustainability bomee.jung@nycha.nyc.gov







THE PHFA PROJECT A National Net-Zero-Energy-Capable Affordable Housing Initiative

Tim McDonald tim@onionflats.com 215.783.5591

and contribute 45% of U.S. GHG emissions



Ed Mazria, Greenbuild Philly 2013



Ed Mazria, Greenbuild Philly 2013





An area equal to 3.5 times the entire building stock of U.S.

900 billion ft² (84 billion m²)

of new and rebuilt buildings will be constructed in cities worldwide.

By 2030,



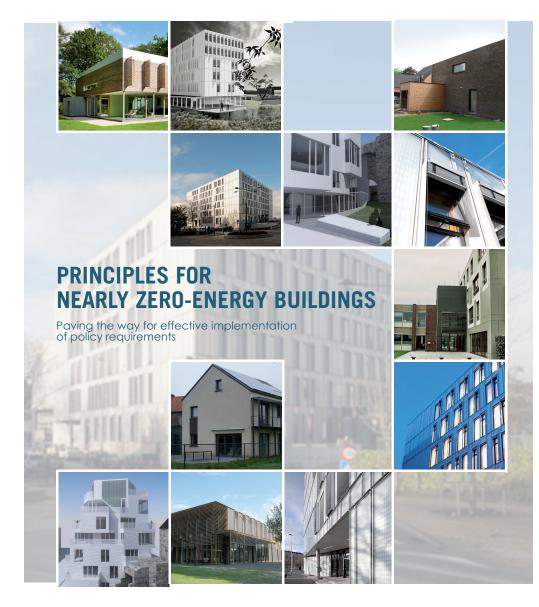
2015 United Nations Climate Conference, **COP 21** PARIS, France

".....FIRST year that over 200 countries signed the agreement in global solidarity"



BRUSSELS 2015

"....calls for all buildings to be Nearly-Zero Energy Buildings by the end of 2020.... Brussels' new regulation is based on the Passive House Standard, making it mandatory for all new builds as well as all retrofits as of January 2015." IPHA







Mayor de Blasio Commits to 80 Percent Reduction of Greenhouse Gas Emissions by 2050, Starting with Sweeping Green Buildings Plan

September 21, 2014

Building Code Revision Launches California Toward Zero Net Energy Buildings

in Share

75

f Like < 63

Bill Roth | Monday November 11th, 2013 | 2 Comments

Tweet 81

Starting in 2014, California is implementing a tsunami of building code revisions called Title 24. These revised building codes will move California's residential and commercial buildings toward Zero Net Energy (ZNE). In a ZNE building, the annual energy consumption is equal to its annual production of renewable energy. Under Title 24, all new residential construction is to be ZNE by 2020 with all new commercial buildings achieving this ZNE goal by 2030.

8+1 < 7

Title 24 moves building design toward "comprehensive building solutions." This building design approach first focuses upon reducing energy consumption through the integration of smart and energy efficient technologies. The final design step after reducing the building's energy consumption is to install onsite renewable energy generation like solar panels.

RADICAL

AFFORDABLE

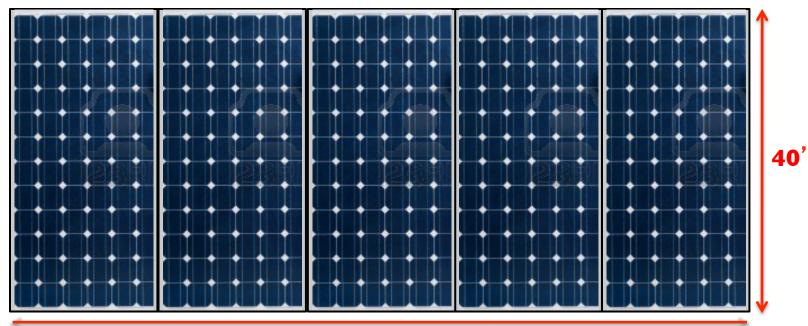
SCALABLE

NET-ZERO-ENERGY-CAPABLE

A building must GENERATE NET-ZERO-ENERGY-CAPABLE

ALL it needs to survive







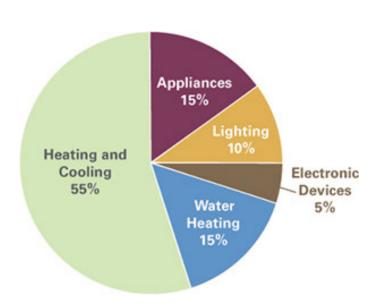






80% REDUCTION 4.5 kWh/sf/yr

615 sf roof



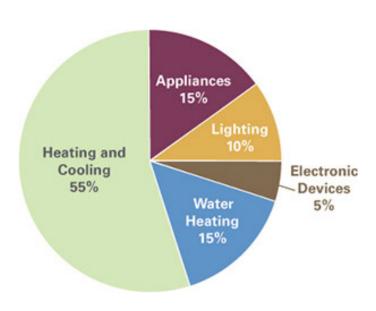


-

40'

80% REDUCTION 4.5 kWh/sf/yr

615 sf roof





40'

80% REDUCTION 4.5 kWh/sf/yr





"Fabric First" approach





40'



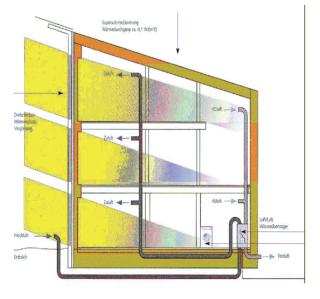
80% REDUCTION 4.5 kWh/sf/yr



Envelope and Thermal Comfort Principles

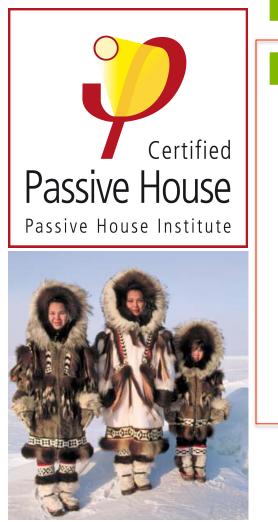
- 1. Continuous Insulation- creating steady indoor temperatures that won't drop below 50 degrees without heating source
- 2. Thermal Bridge Free Constructionminimizes condensation/ building deterioration
- 3. Compact Building Shape- excellent surfaceto-volume ratio (< 1)
- 4. Airtightness- minimizes moisture diffusion into wall assembly
- 5. Balanced Ventilation with Heat Recovery with minimal Space Conditioning System - exceptional efficiency, indoor air-quality and comfort
- 6. Optimal Solar Orientation and Shading
 - maximizing solar gains for winter, minimizing gains for the summer case





- 7. Energy Efficient Appliances and Lighting- highly efficient use of household electricity
- 8. User Friendliness user manuals are recommended to be given homeowners

MPG for buildings



PERFORMANCE Requirements I. Specific Space Heating/ 4.75 kBTU/sf/yr **Cooling Demand** 2. Air-Tightness .6 ACH50 **3. Specific Primary 38** kBTU/sf/yr **Energy Demand 5** kBTU/sf/yr **SOURCE** factor of 2.5

Conversion to kWh of 3.412

EUI







Consumption PH METRIC 4.5 kWh/sf/yr (Site Energy)



40'

Production ROOF METRIC 4.5 kWh/sf/yr (Site Energy)













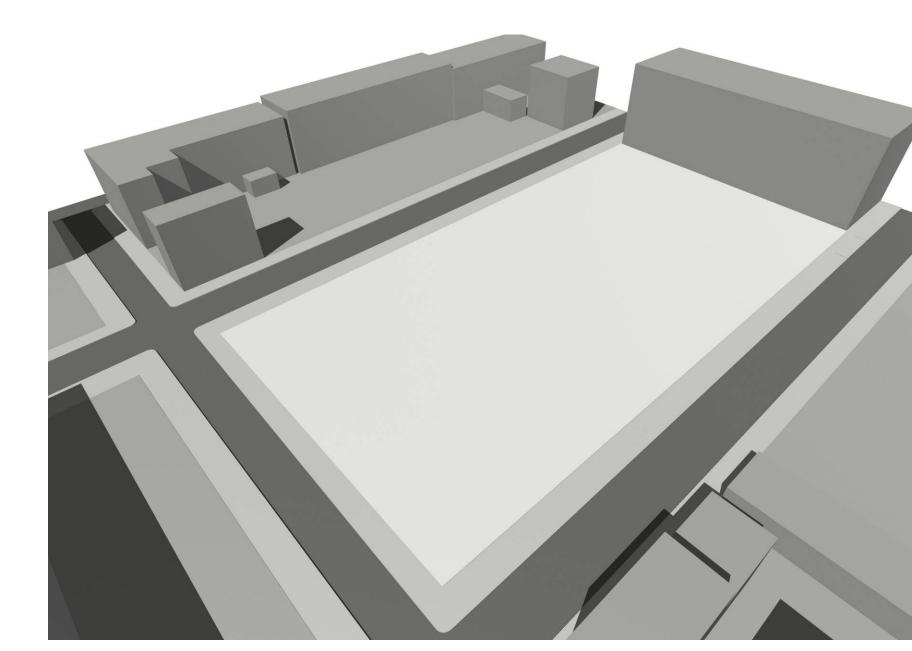






STABLES 2015: 27 townhomes





VERNAL EQUINOX: 50°



VERNAL EQUINOX: 50°





















ENERGY/BUILDING CONSULTANTS & ENGINEERS One Crescent Drive • Philadelphia, PA 19112 • 1-888-MAGRANN • www.magrann.com New Jersey • Pennsylvania • Kentucky • Ohio

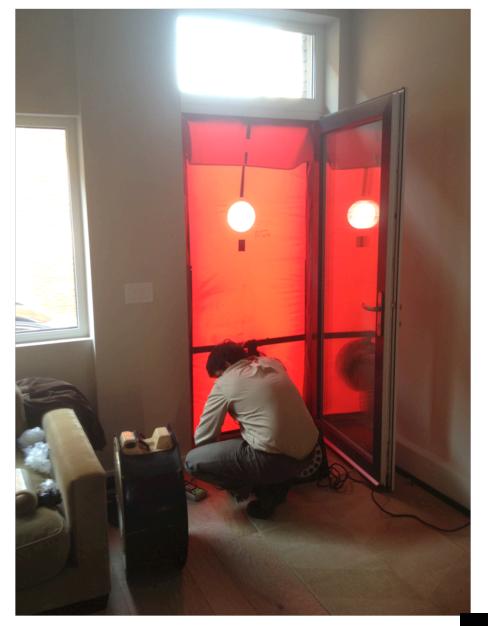
BUILDING LEAKAGE TEST COMPARISON

Test #1			Test #2			
Test File: Date of Test:	Depressurization File 7/5/2012		Test File: Pressuriza Date of Test: 7/5/2012		tion File	
Customer:	Onion Flats, LLC 111 West Norris Street Philadelphia, Pennsylva	ania 19122	Customer: Onion F		lats	
Phone:	215-783-5591					
st Results	Te	st #1	Test #2	Change	Percent	

	Test #1	Test #2	Change	Percent
1. Airflow at 50 Pascals:	293 CFM	201 CFM	-92 CFM	-31.4 %
	0.48 ACH	0.33 ACH	-0.15 ACH	-31.4 %













CAPITAL FLATS 2 2016: 25 units







CAPITAL FLATS 2 2016: 25 units

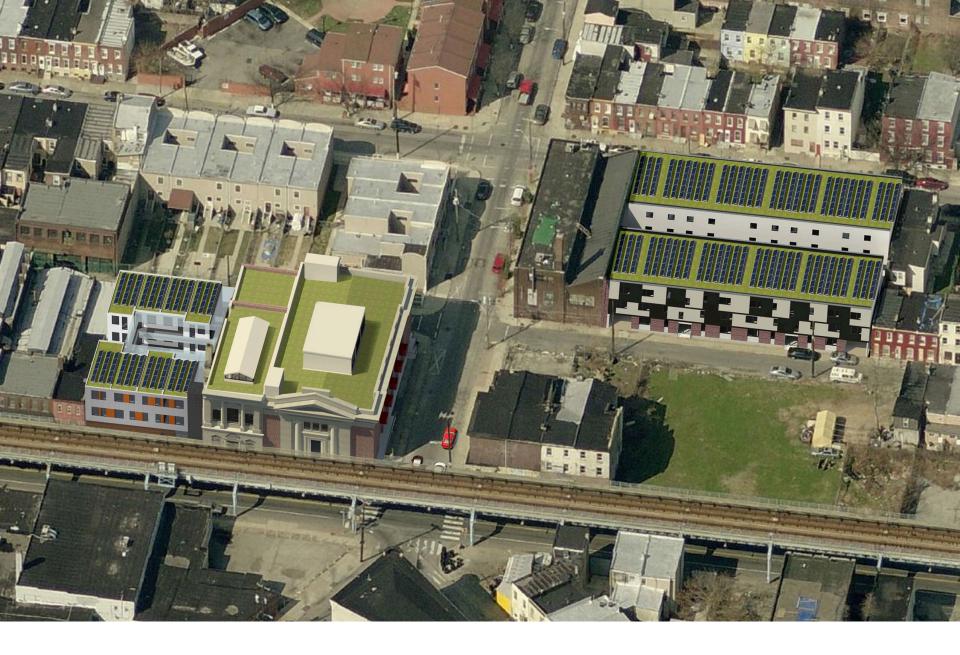






CAPITAL FLATS 2 2016: 25 units





BANK FLATS 2016: 31 units and retail

NLG 2018: 50 units





BANK FLATS 2016: 31 units and retail



BELFIELD HOMES PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA 19141





NON-PROFIT

COMMUNITY

PHILADELPHIA REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY







START: APRIL 20, 2012 CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY: JULY 20, 2012





Passive House Institute US

RECIPIENT OF THE 2014 INTERNATIONAL PASSIVE HOUSE AWARD SECOND PLACE WINNER 2015 PHIUS AWARD "AFFORDABLE HOUSING"

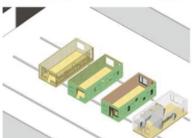


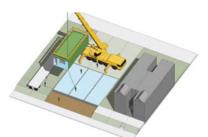




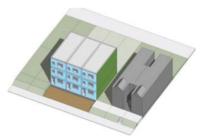












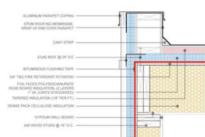








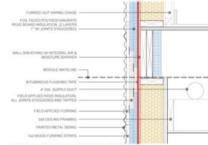




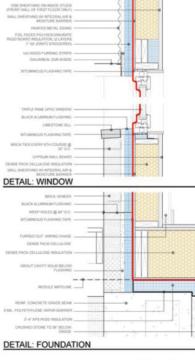
DETAIL: PARAPET

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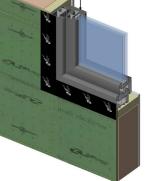
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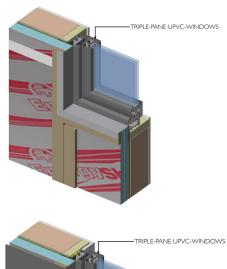


DETAIL: MODULE CONNECTION









Roof: R52.3

Wall: R33.6 Floor: 58.4 Window: .11 SHGC: .63

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BUILDING LEAKAGE TEST COMPARISON

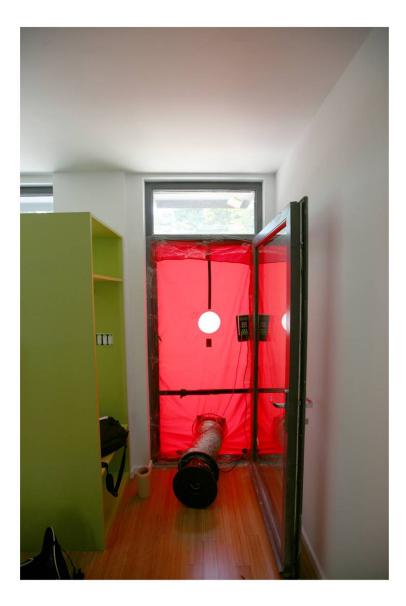
Test #1		Test #2				
Test File: Date of Test:	: 7/5/2012		Test Fi Date of Te	le: Pressuriza st: 7/5/2012		
Customer:			Custom	er: Onion Fla		
Phone:	215-783-5591					
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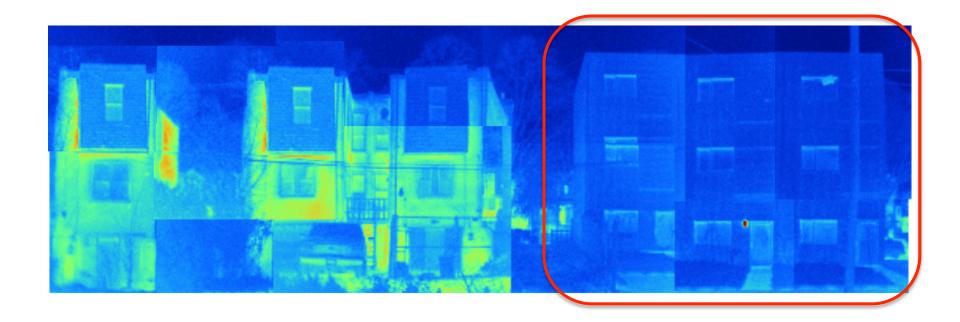


PASSIVE HOUSE MAX

0.6 ACH 50



















NÖK

MAKE ALL AFFORDABLE HOUSING NET-ZERO-ENERGY-CAPABLE BY 2030



USE PASSIVE HOUSE AS THE TOOL















POINTS-BASED SYSTEM

Total points

Community and Economic Impact

- Underserved Areas
- Senior Occupancy Developments
- Preservation

Development Characteristics

- Smart Site Selection
- Enterprise Green Communities

Resident Population and Services

- Income and Rent Targeting
- Designated Populations and Supportive Services
- Accessible Units
- Large Families

Development Process

- Noncompliance
- Ability to Proceed

Development Cost Savings

15

10



120

30

25

50

POINTS-BASED SYSTEM

Total points

Community and Economic Impact	30
- Underserved Areas	
- Senior Occupancy Developments	
- Preservation	Stante of Street Can
Development Characteristics	25
- Smart Site Selection	
- Enterprise Green Communities	
- PASSIVE HOUSE	10
Resident Population and Services	50
- Income and Rent Targeting	
- Designated Populations and Supportive	Services
- Accessible Units	
- Large Families	
Development Process	15
- Noncompliance	
- Ability to Proceed	
Development Cost Savings	10

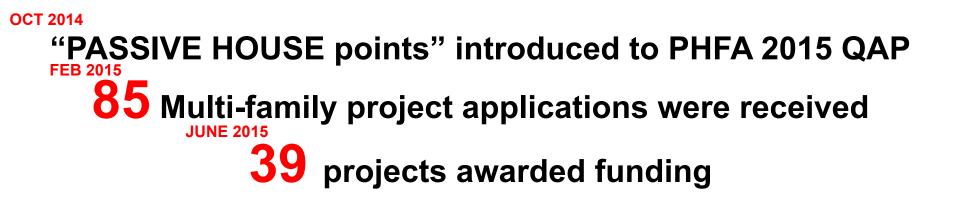
OCT 2014 "PASSIVE HOUSE points" introduced to PHFA 2015 QAP



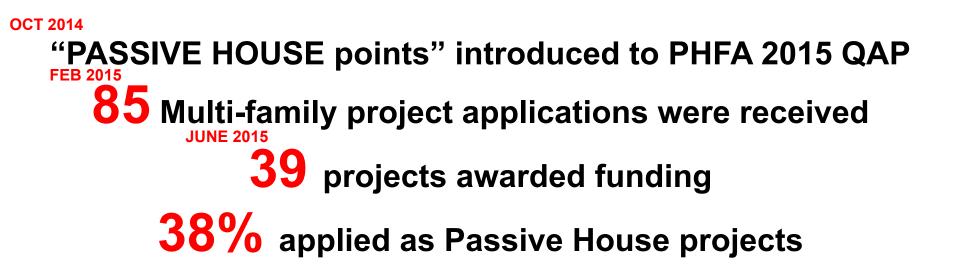
OCT 2014

"PASSIVE HOUSE points" introduced to PHFA 2015 QAP 85 Multi-family project applications were received

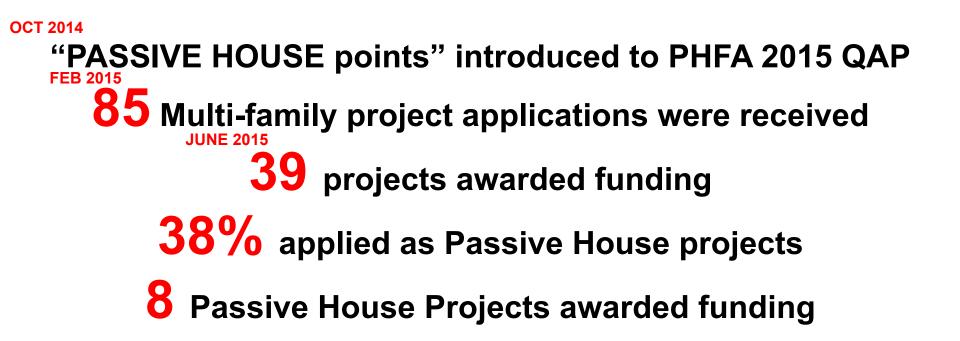




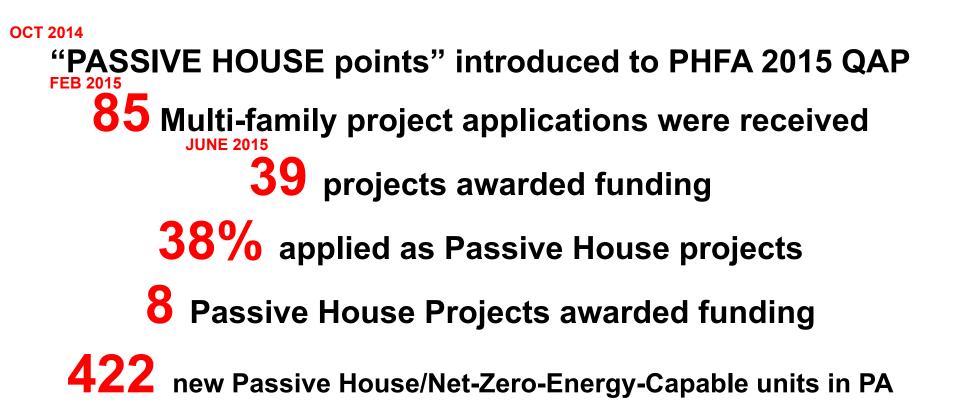




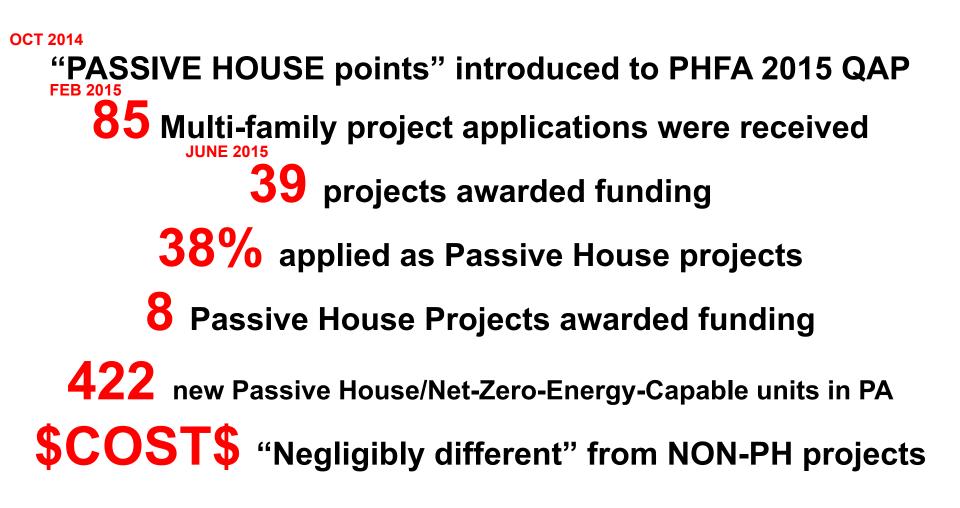














		Constru	ction C	os	t S	um	ma	ary	fron	n PHFA	Applicati	ons	
	2015 Costs												
	Proj. No.	County	Units (by BR Qty)					Total	Didg Aroo	Constr. \$		\$/SF	
	PIUJ. NO.	County	Zone	0	1	2	3	4+	Units	Bldg. Area	Constr. ş	\$ /Unit	а /ог
	SF-1	Franklin	5A			33	21		54	70,218	7,051,522	130,584	100
	SF-2	Schuylkill	5A		3	9	5		17	21,151	2,238,725	131,690	106
	SF-3	Philadelphia	4A		5	19	31	5	60	79,795	9,363,626	156,060	117
	SF-4	Allegheny	5A			26	19		45	63,548	8,863,631	196,970	117
	SF-5	Lycoming	5A		16	34			50	66,147	8,141,437	162,829	123
	SF-6	Bradford	5A		10	24	16		50	62,956	7,964,823	159,296	12
ő	SF-7	Centre	5A			20	20		40	53,652	7,523,233	188,081	140
ŝ	SF-8	Lebanon	5A			46	16		62	84,168	11,742,459	189,395	14(
Ê	SF-9	Bradford	5A		2	26	12		40	59,954	8,369,296	209,232	140
Ē	SF-10	Butler	5A		3	39	18		60	67,904	9,827,275	163,788	145
Single Family / Townhouse	SF-11	Erie	5A			9	34		43	53,454	7,870,669	183,039	147
Ε.	SF-12	Dauphin	5A		3	3	25	4	35	61,504	9,192,750	262,650	149
2	SF-13	Berks	5A		22	20	16		58	62,097	9,305,340	160,437	150
÷.	SF-14	Franklin	5A		7	25	24		56	77,469	11,791,991	210,571	152
an	SF-15	Luzerne	5A		26	15	15		56	56,250	8,968,491	160,152	159
Ш	SF-16	Union	5A		5	12	8	6	31	43,868	7,071,066	228,099	161
<u>e</u>	SF-17	Chester	4A		48	12			60	58,349	9,809,238	163,487	168
ß	SF-18	Allegheny	5A		4	30	18		52	77,351	12,979,386	249,604	168
	SF-19	Berks	5A		10	21	11		42	57,722	9,785,000	232,976	170
•	SF-20	Montgomery	4A		16	24	15		55	61,480	11,113,700	202,067	181
	SF-21	Delaware	4A		8	34	14		56	65,790	12,184,074	217,573	185
	SF-22	Philadelphia	4A		_	17	16	2	35	45,476	8,905,240	254,435	196
	SF-23	Allegheny	5A		14	9			23	28,205	5,552,583	241,417	19
	SF-24	Westmoreland	5A		28	8			36	43,872	8,331,567	231,432	24
	SF-25	Philadelphia	4A		10	19	11		40	46,757	11,453,809	286,345	245
	0. 20	i madoipina			10	10			10	10,101	11,100,000	200,010	2.0
	AR-1	Lehigh	5A	1	34	4	11		49	65,339	6,392,809	130,465	9
	AR-2	Erie	5A		29	16			45	53,021	6,152,972	136,733	11
	AR-3	Philadelphia	4A	12	54				66	77,975	9,751,707	147,753	12
Adaptive Reuse	AR-4	Allegheny	5A	2	49	4			55	65,577	9,514,764	172,996	14
	AR-5	Delaware	4A		53				53	51,690	8,030,480	151,518	15
	AR-6	Philadelphia	4A		44				44	49,406	8,361,579	190,036	16
	AR-7	Montgomery	4A		33	3	7		43	55,832	9,468,816	220,205	17
	AR-8	Philadelphia	4A			28	10		38	53,840	9,515,893	250,418	17
	AR-9	Dauphin	5A	5	17	6	Ľ		28	45,434	8,075,064	288,395	17
	AR-10	Allegheny	5A		33	3			36	50.664	9.436.523	262.126	18
p	AR-11	Philadelphia	4A		46	-			46	56,478	10,795,027	234,675	19
∢	AR-12	Philadelphia	4A		27	10			37	48,768	9,658,098	261,030	19
	AR-13	Philadelphia	4A		30	21			51	62,509	13,609,683	266,857	21
	AR-14	Washington	4A		17	7			24	35,299	7,856,113	327,338	22
	AR-15	Philadelphia	4A	-	62		-	-	62	70,991	25,995,741	419,286	36

	140.4	Manufacture data and		_				-					
	MS-1	Northumberland	5A		35				35	40,397	4,276,084	122,174	106
	MS-2 MS-3	Dauphin	5A		22	14	14		50	88,314	10,055,562	201,111	114
		Dauphin	5A		18	59			77	92,000	10,668,511	138,552	116
	MS-4	Lancaster	5A		46	6			52	71,758	8,456,719	162,629	118
	MS-5	Blair	5A		33	20			53	82,070	9,727,007	183,528	119
	MS-6	Chester	4A		46	15			61	76,340	9,638,964	158,016	126
	MS-7	Lancaster	5A		13	39	26		78	88,910	11,681,226	149,759	131
	MS-8 MS-9	Clearfield	6A		24	6			30	42,254	5,551,584	185,053	131
			5A		40				40	36,743	4,898,995	122,475	133
	MS-10	Bradford	5A		50	6			56	57,817	7,738,172	138,182	134
	MS-11 MS-12	Cambria	5A		32	11		_	43	44,887	6,341,616	147,479	141
		Dauphin	5A		38	16		_	54	58,335	8,201,250	151,875	141
	MS-13 MS-14	Mifflin	5A		30	4			34	39,447	5,559,187	163,506	141
		Fayette	5A		12	12		_	24	29,586	4,192,325	174,680	142
	MS-15 MS-16	Allegheny	5A		24	12	13		49	67,340	9,698,634	197,931	144
		Lackawanna	5A		44	4			48	49,460	7,159,738	149,161	145
	MS-17	Lehigh	5A		54	7			61	63,949	9,318,159	152,757	146
2	MS-18	Centre	5A		37	11			48	57,959	8,490,644	176,888	146
ato	MS-19	Chester	4A		41	3	5		49	54,287	8,007,477	163,418	148
20	MS-20 MS-21	Fayette	5A		21	3			24	36,064	5,407,359	225,307	150
Multi-Story / Elevator	MS-21 MS-22	Chester	4A		61	3			64	70,083	10,557,500	164,961	151
		Allegheny	5A		54	12			66	70,689	10,787,052	163,440	153
Š	MS-23 MS-24	Allegheny	5A 6A		40	6			46	58,617	9,134,790	198,582	156
ŭ	-	Wayne			36	4			40	40,959	6,460,530	161,513	158
	MS-25 MS-26	Centre	5A			12		_	12	16,796	2,683,900	223,658	160
벽	MS-26 MS-27	Beaver	5A		40	12			52	55,361	9,468,440	182,085	171
ž		Lancaster	5A		51			_	51	51,500	8,871,635	173,954	172
	MS-28	Allegheny	5A		52	8			60	66,733	11,716,729	195,279	176
	MS-29 MS-30	Montgomery	4A 4A		40	4			44	44,687	8,202,314	186,416	184
		Montgomery			50			_	50	42,265	8,029,015	160,580	190
	MS-31	Crawford	5A		36	4	_		40	38,953	7,490,675	187,267	192
	MS-32	Philadelpia	4A		9	8	7		24	31,220	6,031,050	251,294	193
	MS-33	Westmoreland	5A		47				47	49,080	9,825,224	209,047	200
	MS-34	Philadelphia	4A		58	4			62	56,120	11,262,762	181,657	201
	MS-35	Philadelphia	4A	60					60	57,672	11,915,227	198,587	207
	MS-36	Philadelphia	4A		20	4			24	26,284	5,523,620	230,151	210
	MS-37	Philadelphia	4A		34	11			45	42,523	8,964,723	199,216	211
	MS-38	Philadelphia	4A		52				52	50,275	10,703,403	205,835	213
	MS-39	Philadelphia	4A		39	11			50	53,416	11,371,112	227,422	213
	MS-40	Philadelphia	4A		45	5			50	55,099	11,747,269	234,945	213
	MS-41	Philadelphia	4A		24				24	24,284	5,194,462	216,436	214
	MS-42	Philadelphia	4A		45				45	46,754	10,118,014	224,845	216
	MS-43	Philadelphia	4A		53				53	50,312	10,900,733	205,674	217
	MS-44	Philadelphia	4A		54				54	48,965	10,664,381	197,489	218
	MS-45	Philadelphia	4A	88					88	79,650	18,005,791	204,611	226

\$COST\$ "Negligibly different" from NON-PH projects

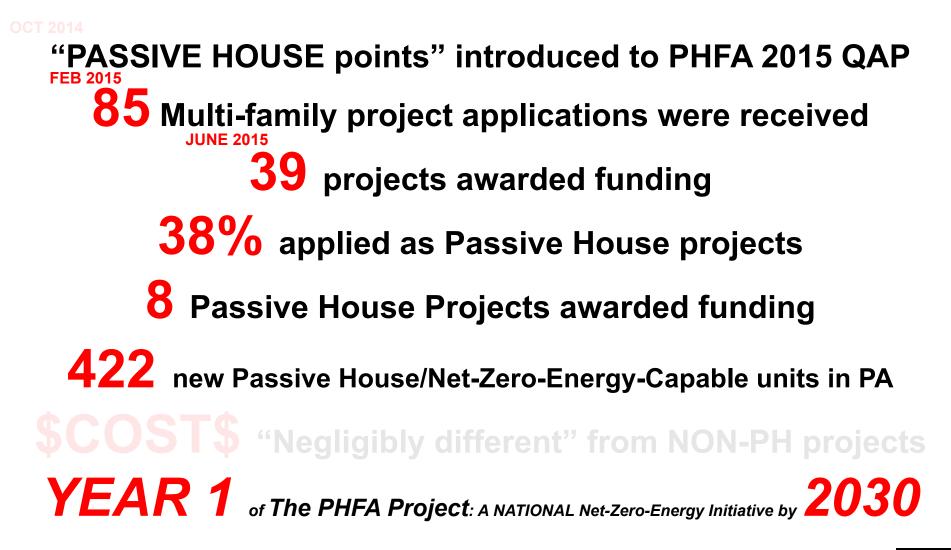


Pennsylvania85 Projects32 PH projects53 NON-PH projectsA

Average cost = \$169/sf Average cost = \$165/sf < 2%

\$COST\$ "Negligibly different" from NON-PH projects













Wynne Senior ResidencesSacred HeartWashington SquareHillcrest Senior ResidencesWynne Senior ResidencesHeritage PointSaint John NeumannMann Edge II

8 Passive House Projects awarded funding









WYNNE - SENIOR RESIDENCE Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

Wynne Senior Residence 54th and Arlington Streets Philadelphia, PA 51 one and two bedroom senior affordable apartment units with Community Room, Management Suite, and a Retail space.





SACRED HEART RESIDENCES Allentown, Pennsylvania

Sacred Heart Residences 5th and Turner Streets Allentown, PA 61 one and two bedroom senior affordable apartment units with Community Room, Management Suite, and two retail spaces.



Heritage Point 56 units, 5 buildings





MANN EDGE II 100 EAST WATER STREET, LEWISTOWN, PA 17044

> 02/21/14 **A-0.1**



Mann Edge II Lewistown, PA 34 units



Exterior View from St. John Neumann Place I

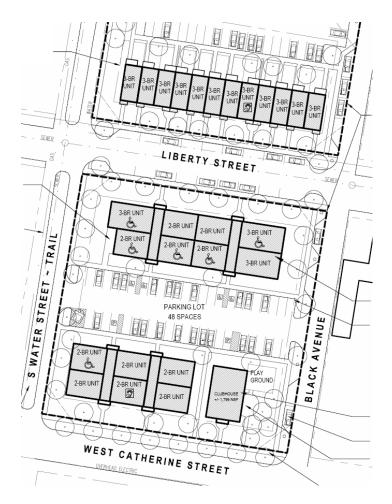
St. John Neumann Place II - New Seniors Housing

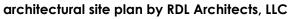
prepored for: Archdiocese of Philadelphia

BLACKNEY HAYES ARCHITECTS

Copyright 2014 Mackaey Neys Architects. This drawing is not to be capled or transmitted in any form without the express writtene authorization of Mackaey Neys Architects. All Haus and concepts depicted or cognected in this drawing are the property of Natekaey Neys Architects.

> St. John Newman Place 1 Philadelphia , PA 52 units, Senior Housing





Washington Square Town Homes Chambersburg, PA 54 units, Apartments and town homes





RDL Architects

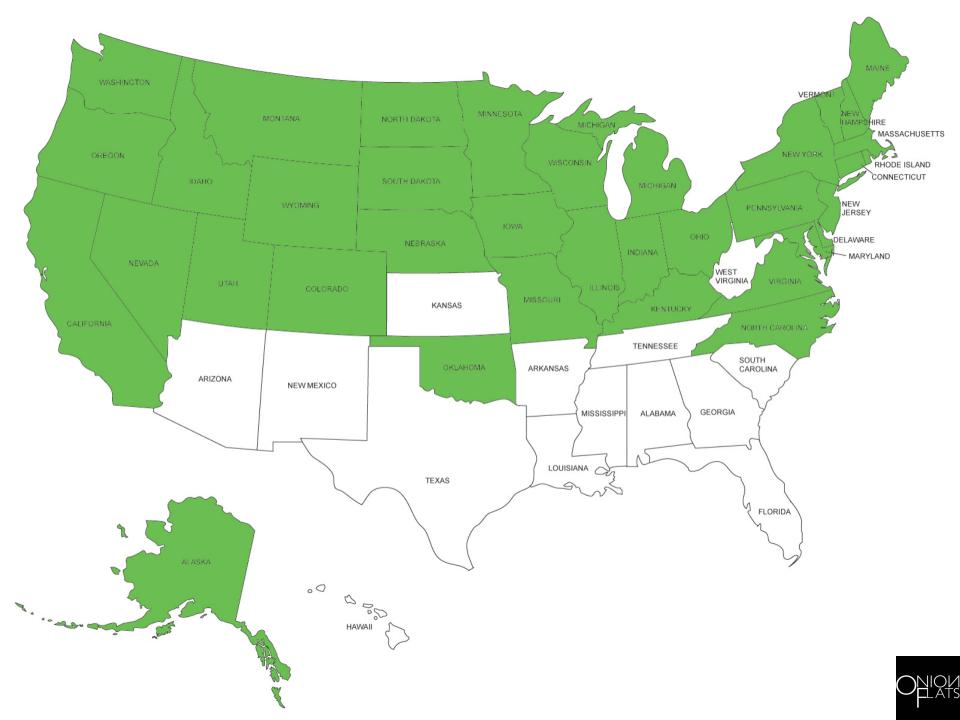
Hillcrest Senior Residences Pittsburgh, PA 65units, Senior Housing



The Whitehall Old Schuylkill Road East Vincent Township, PA 49 one and two bedroom senior affordable apartment units with Community Room, Management Suite

STATE 36 Housing Finance Agencies Engaged to replicate PHFA strategy









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RHODE ISLAND

MASSACHUSETTS W MEXICO

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SOUTH DAKOTA

IDAHO

World's Tallest Passive House Breaks Ground on Roosevelt Island

By ALISON GREGOR JUNE 12, 2015

REAL ESTATE

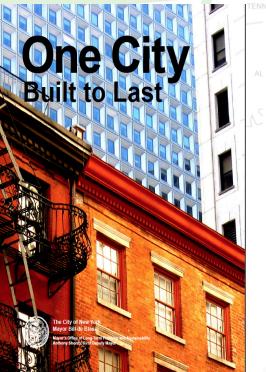


An apartment tower on Roosevelt Island that began construction this month will be the tallest passive-house high-rise in the world when it is completed in 2017, according to the <u>Passive</u> <u>House Institute</u> in Germany. And at about 270,000 square feet, it will also be the largest, said <u>David Kramer</u>, a principal with Hudson Companies, which is developing the building in partnership with <u>Cornell Tech</u>, the applied sciences campus of <u>Cornell University</u>, and the Related Companies.

The tower will rise 270 feet, contain 350 units and house about 530 graduate students, faculty and staff on a new 12-acre campus for Cornell Tech, which has been operating out of temporary facilities in the Google building in Chelsea since 2012. And because the building



Ground has been broken for a passive-house apartment tower on the Cornell Tech campus on Roosevelt Island. Ruth Fremson/The New York Times



What is Passive House? A building constructed to "Pas

Passive House standards can be applied to both new construction and renovations. For the renovation of existing balactirises, high performances that all results in a roughly 90 percent reduction in average heating and cooling energy usage and up to a 75 percent reduction up to a 75 percent reduction percent and the second balang can also be any type of balang, including an apartment balang. a factory, a separamente, to are startory, a separamente, to are set of the second balang can the second balang can also be any type of balang.

Case Study: Knickerbocker Commons Affordable Housing 100 Krickerbocker Annue, Browker Annue, Browker Architect. Christ Brendetz, R.A. Owner, Regiver Oblahivek, Senior Citizan's Council General Contractor, Galaxy Construction General Contractor, Stallbagener Ioot



Knickerbocker Commons, the first mid-sized apartment building designed to Passive House standards in the United States

Knickerbocker Commons, a six-story residential building containing 24 units of affordable housing, is the country is first mid-acie apartment building to conform to Paasive House design standards. To achieve the strict Passive House standards, each rental unit in Knickerbocker Commons has its own ventilation system and small radiators for heating and airtight window air conditioning units for cooling. In addition, the building features triple-paned windows and a scupied exterior that shade windows from the sum in the summer and maximize exposure in the writer. According to the project's architect, Chris Benedict, the building will use 85 percent less energy than is typically required to heat a New York City apartment building in the writer.

The apartment is located in the Bushwick neighborhood of Brooklyn and was developed through HPD's Low Income Rental Program. Of the 24 units, six units will be rented to households earning up to 30 percent of Area Median Income (AMI), five units will be rented to households earning up to 50 percent of AMI, 12 units will be rented to households earning up to 50 percent of AMI, 12 units will be rented to to 60 percent of AMI, and one unit will be set asite for a building superintendent. In addition to the residential units, the project includes almost 5,000 square feet of community facility space.



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The HCR request for proposals can be found here. Passive House is referenced under the section "c. Optional Green Building Program Participation (5points)" starting on page 58, along with Enterprise Green Communities, LEED, and the National Green Building Standard. It states:

Passive House Institute Certification:

Projects may qualify in either the Passive House Institute US (PHIUS), or the International Passive House Institute (iPHI) programs. Certification shall be obtained under PHIUS+ 2015 Passive Building Standard – North America, or newer, based on the construction timeframe, or certified under iPHI protocols. The applicant shall submit a form of a receipt from PHIUS or iPHI that the project was accepted into their program, or submit a letter of agreement between the applicant and a PHIUS or iPHI certified Passive House consultant or designer (CPHC or CPHD) that includes oversight of the design and construction as necessary for pre-certification and final certification. The letter of agreement must be fully executed by the applicant and the CPHC or CPHD, and accompanied with the CPHC's or CPHD's certification from the US or International Passive House Institute. Final closeout of the project shall be contingent upon final certification from PHIUS or iPHI that their standard was met.



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White House Announces Passive House Initiative

President Obama has announced a comprehensive plan to bring renewable energy and energy efficiency to households across the U.S. Among the initiatives just announced is the establishment of a Passive House track by New York State Homes and Community Renewal (HCR)..."to encourage a significant increase in the energy efficiency of New York's affordable housing stock". The White House **press release** goes on to say:

"HCR intends to work closely with NYSERDA to monitor the ongoing energy use intensity of any Passive House projects tha may be selected for funding under the RFP, in order to provide valuable data to the market to accelerate the trend toward construction of Passive House certified affordable multifamily buildings."



The HCR request for proposals can be found here. Passive House is referenced under the section "c. Optional Green Building Program Participation (5points)" starting on page 58, along with Enterprise Green Communities, LEED, and the National Green Building Standard. It states:

Passive House Institute Certification:

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COMMITTED!!







New York City Passes Energy Efficiency Laws that Point to Passive House

In March two new Laws were passed by New York City Council (701-A and 721-A) which combine to require a dramatic reduction in carbon emissions from City owned buildings commencing July 1 2017. Three alternative compliance paths for energy use intensity (EUI-Source) are specified, as follows:

- 38kBTU/sf.year for new build and 42kBTU/sf.year for retrofits – these are the metrics required for Passive House and EnerPHit respectively;
- 50% lower (better) than the median source EUI for building type and occupancy based on 2015 NYC benchmarking data; or
- 50% lower (better) than the EUI of the subject building if modeled under ASHRAE 90.1-2013.

These laws are yet another example of where Passive House is becoming integrated into NYC energy policy as the city moves to reduce carbon emissions by 80% by 2050.



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e.2. Passive House Design

Points may be awarded for projects designed to meet Passive House standards. Submit plans and specifications at a level of 40% or higher with detailed wall sections, a detailed scope of Passive House design measures prepared by a Certified Passive House Consultant or Designer in coordination with the Project Architect, and a preliminary modeling anaylsis/output report through the PHPP (Passive House Planning Package) as developed by the Passive House Institute (PHI) http://passiv.de or WUFI Passive as developed by the Passive House Institute United States (PHIUS) www.phius.org indicating that preliminary data meets Passive House criteria.

ARTICLE RHORE ISLAND

JERS

RE Points





EFFICIENCY

Up to 3 points may be awarded to those developments that exceed Energy Star Version 3.1 Version 8 Program Standards or meet Passive House Certification (nationally or internationally) for energy efficiency. See Design and Construction Guidelines and www.passivehouse.us or http://passiv.de/en/ for additional guidance.

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"We are creating a pilot program in 2016 in which we will choose 10 PROJECTS that will achieve EGC + Passive House.....we will pick up soft costs and cost increases in order to clearly examine the cost of Net-Zero....." Mass Housing, 10/7/15





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2016-2017 **Qualified Allocation Plan**

B) Energy Efficiency and Sustainability

1) Green Initiative Standards

Projects whose architectural design and construction meet or exceed green initiative standards, evidenced through submission of the Scoring - Green Initiatives Certification, available on the Website, can earn up to three (3) points as follows:

Points	Green Initiative
1	 Commit to obtaining EPA Energy Star certification -or- Minimum 10% improvement for new construction (5% for rehab) above ASHRAE 90.1 2010 proven by a completed energy model, -or- HERS rating of 75 or lower
2	 Commit to obtaining a sustainable building certification from one of the following: U.S. Green Building Council LEED certification -or- Enterprise Green Communities 2015 certification -or- ICC 700 National Green Building Standard certification -or- Passive House Certification through PHIUS or PHI
3 2) 2)	Meet minimum standards in the Authority Standards for Architectural Planning and Construction indicated for water conserving fixtures; and Commit to obtaining a sustainable building certification from one of the following:
R e h	 Certification through Living Building Challenge –or- Alternative certification for a high performance building achieving 'Net Zero Capable' s atus as approved by the Authority.

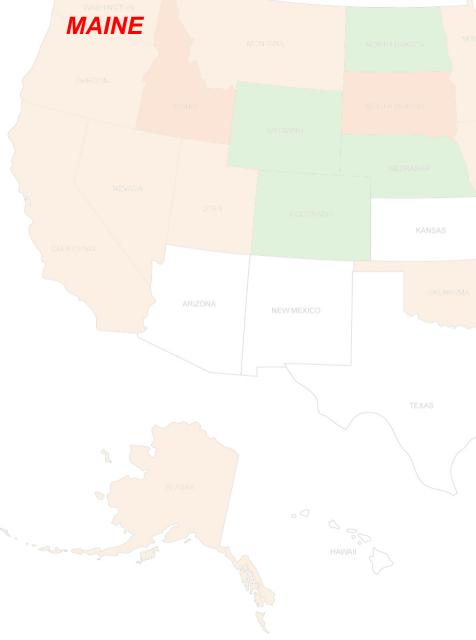




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BANGOR DAILY NEWS

Brewer's 'passive housing' project largest of its kind in US



Courtesy of Community Housing of Maine A 48-unit passive housing project is in the works at the former State Street School site in Brewer.



MAINE VERMONT

Groundbreaking for first Multifamily LIHTC Passive House May 2, 2016



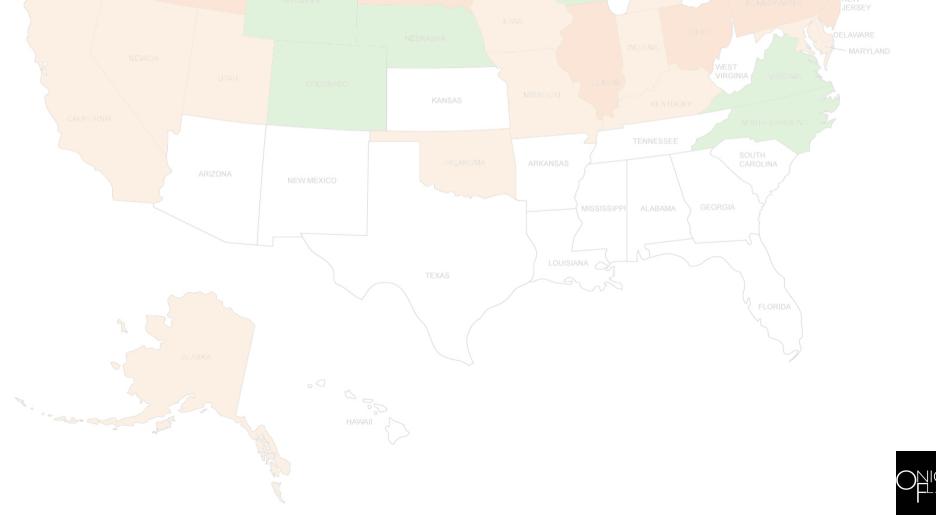






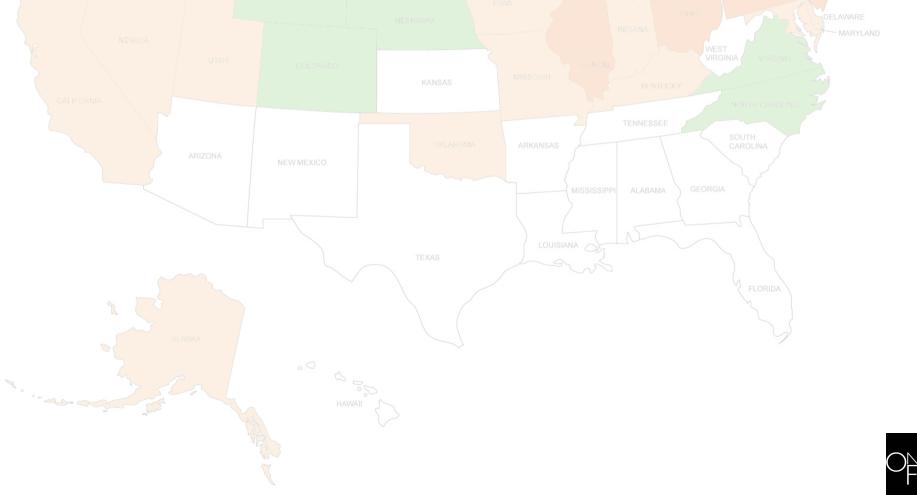
MAINE VERMONT DELAWARE

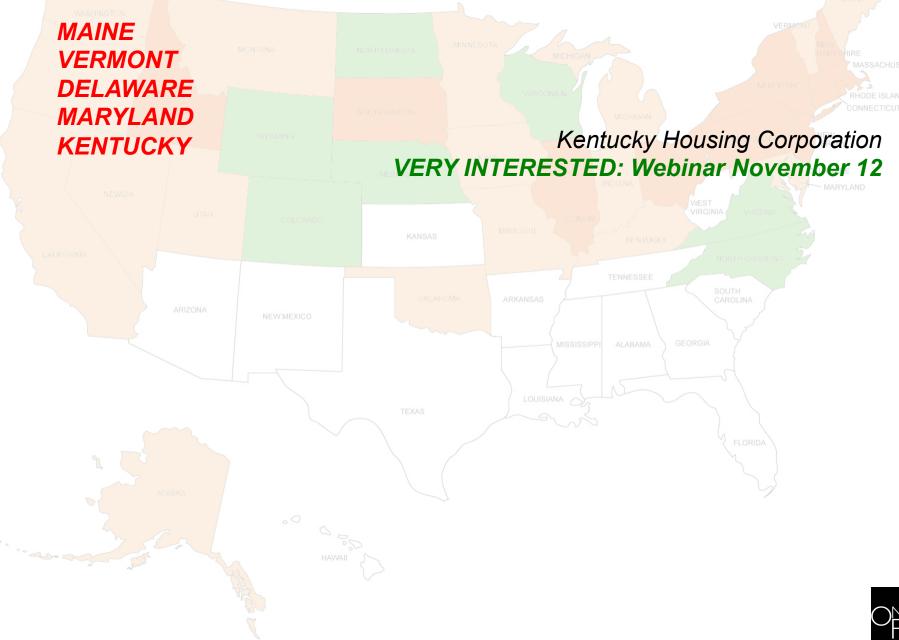
Delaware State Housing Authority COMMITTED. Updated QAP in Fall but not signed by Governor



MAINE VERMONT DELAWARE MARYLAND

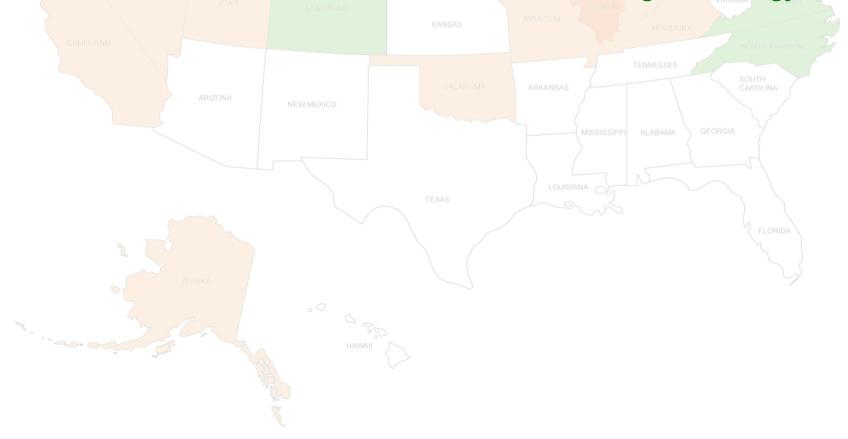
Maryland Dept. of Housing and Community Development QAP comments submitted





MAINE VERMONT DELAWARE MARYLAND KENTUCKY INDIANA

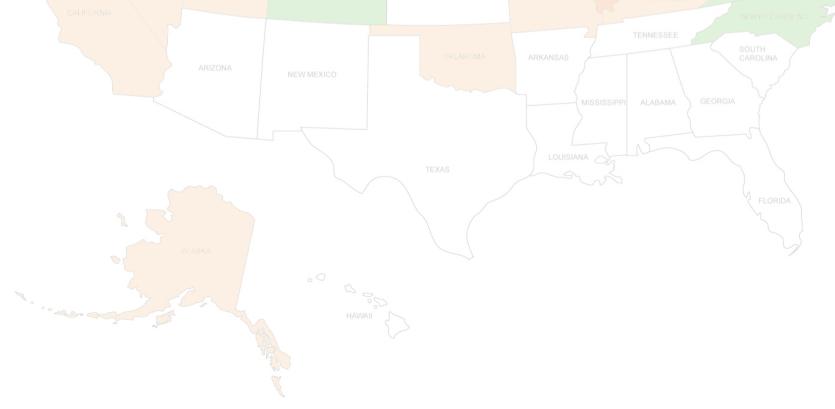
Indiana Housing & Community Development Authority PH in "Innovation Round": Working with Energy consultant





MAINE VERMONT DELAWARE MARYLAND KENTUCKY INDIANA MICHIGAN

Michigan State Housing Development Authority Updating QAP in Spring, PH is "included in discussions"



MAINE VERMONT DELAWARE MARYLAND KENTUCKY INDIANA MICHIGAN MISSOURI

NA

Green Building News

Up-to-date reports from GBA's news department

Passivhaus Apartment Complex Would be a Giant

Contraction of the second seco

Scheduled to begin construction in October, this 276-unit multifamily project in Kansas City will seek certification from PHIUS

POSTED ON SEP 16 2015 BY SCOTT GIBSON

When ready for occupancy in early 2017, the 276unit riverfront apartment complex would be the largest Passivhaus-certified building in the country and, according to its developer, help Passivhaus construction shed its "boutique" status and begin to interest big institutional investors.

The "Second and Delaware" project, named for its location in a historic warehouse district just north of downtown Kansas City, will include a range of apartment sizes, from 550-square-foot studios to 1,300-square-foot, two-bedroom models. It also will feature rooftop gardens and an underground 500vehicle parking garage.

The \$60 million project is the work of the Arnold Development Group, which hopes to show that projects that are good for the environment and for



Image 1 of 2

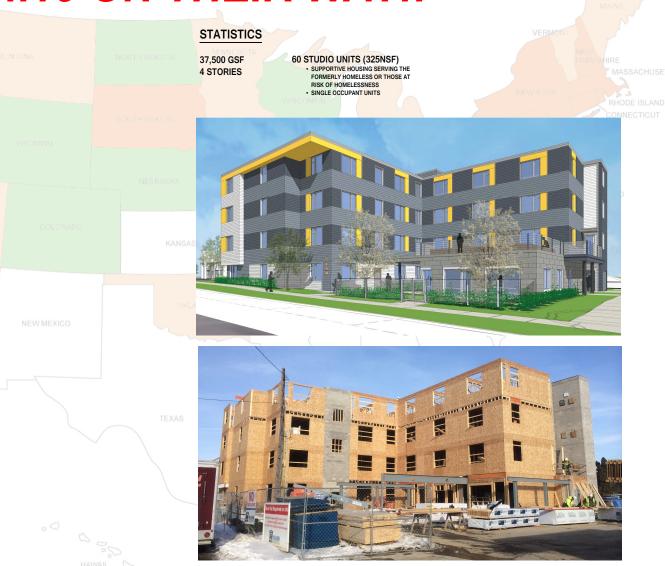
This illustration shows a proposed 276-unit apartment complex in Kansas City. Once built and certified, it would become the largest Passivhaus building in the country. Developers hope to open the doors to tenants in 2017.

the people who live in them also can have an attractive bottom line. It would dwarf what is now the largest Passivhaus project in North America, the 57-unit Orchards at Orenco project in Hillsboro, Oregon.

Largest PH multi-family housing project in country underway



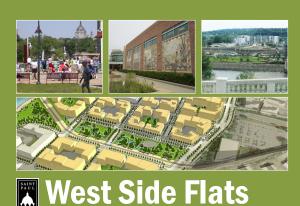
MAINE VERMONT DELAWARE MARYLAND KENTUCKY INDIANA MICHIGAN MISSOURI OKLAHOMA WISCONSIN



Wisconsin⁻Housing and Economic Development Authority New QAP in June 2017, working with team on PH info

MAINE VERMONT DELAWARE MARYLAND KENTUCKY INDIANA MICHIGAN MISSOURI OKLAHOMA WISCONSIN MINNESOTA



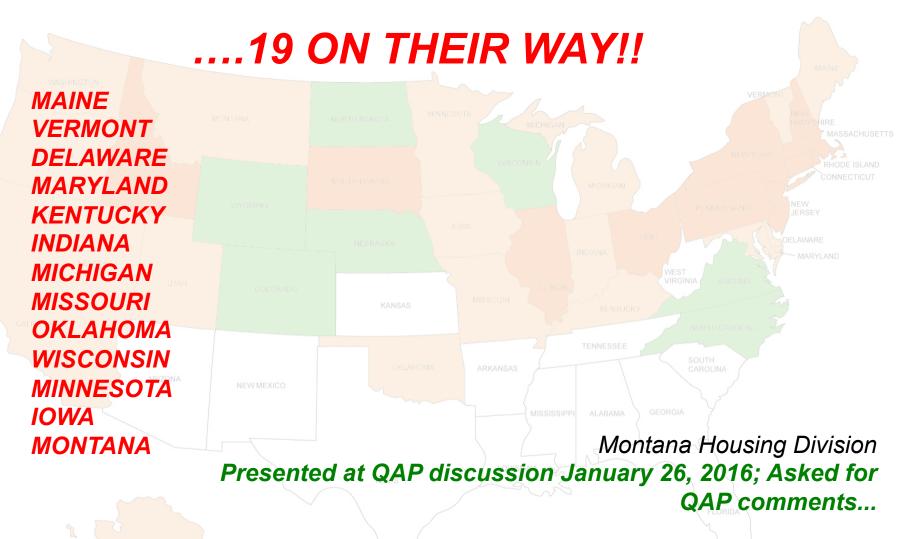


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Minnesota Housing Finance Agency QAP discussions informed by large PH projects













WASHINGTON Washington State Housing Finance Commission Presentation June 25, 2015; VERY INTERESTED; 2017 QAP in Spring Presenting at Oct 5, 2016 23rd Annual Housing Conference in Tacoma



MAINE VERMONT DELAWARE MARYLAND **KENTUCKY** INDIANA **MICHIGAN MISSOURI OKLAHOMA WISCONSIN MINNESOTA** IOWA MONTANA UTAH WASHINGTON OREGON



This Is The Largest Passive House Building In The US

November 19th, 2014 by Steve Hanley

LAND





MAINE VERMONT DELAWARE MARYLAND **KENTUCKY** INDIANA **MICHIGAN MISSOURI OKLAHOMA WISCONSIN MINNESOTA** IOWA MONTANA UTAH WASHINGTON OREGON **NEVADA**





MAINE VERMONT DELAWARE MARYLAND **KENTUCKY** INDIANA **MICHIGAN** MISSOURI **OKLAHOMA WISCONSIN MINNESOTA** IOWA MONTANA UTAH WASHINGTON OREGON **NEVADA** CALIFORNIA



Building Code Revision Launches California Toward Zero Net Energy Buildings

Bill Roth | Monday November 11th, 2013 | 2 Comments

f Like < 63 **8+1** 7 **5 Tweet** 31

Starting in 2014, California is implementing a tsunami of building code revisions called Title 24. These revised building codes will move California's residential and commercial buildings toward Zero Net Energy (ZNE). In a ZNE building, the annual energy consumption is equal to its annual production of renewable energy. Under Title 24, all new residential construction is to be ZNE by 2020 with all new commercial buildings achieving this ZNE goal by 2030.



Title 24 moves building design toward "comprehensive building solutions." This building design approach first focuses upon reducing energy consumption through the integration of smart and energy efficient technologies. The final design step after reducing the building's energy consumption is to install onsite renewable ener generation like solar panels.



MAINE VERMONT DELAWARE MARYLAND **KENTUCKY** INDIANA **MICHIGAN MISSOURI OKLAHOMA** WISCONSIN **MINNESOTA** IOWA MONTANA UTAH WASHINGTON OREGON NEVADA CALIFORNIA ALASKA

Business Developer plans new Anchorage housing that will produce more energy than it uses

Tweet 38

F Like < 1k

Sean Doogan | Alaska Dispatch News | January 11, 2015

🖂 Email 🚔 Print

An Alaska design and architectural firm is partnering with a nonprofit housing agency to design and erect a building that gives more than it takes.

The building, planned for 2 acres on Muldoon Road near its intersection with the Glenn Highway, would be home to 20 apartments for low-income families and residents with disabilities. If the architect and designers have their way, the multifamily housing unit will produce more energy than it consumes and use on-site water and sewer reclamation systems.

RELATED:

New 'super-insulated' homes rising across Alaska's North Slope

Anchorage attracting new retailers despite big downturn in state revenue

Nonprofit RurAL CAP runs a housing program called Safe

Harbor, providing housing to Anchorage residents with very low incomes. The new ultra energy-efficient units are set to be built next door to an existing 50-unit complex inside the old Ramada Inn on Muldoon Road. Managers there say that without the housing they provide to people who are at least 50 percent below the median income level (about \$51,000 per year for a family of four), most of the families would be homeless. Many current Safe Harbor residents were homeless before finding housing with RurAL CAP, according to the agency; dozens more low-income Anchorage families are on a waiting list for affordable housing.

Alaska Corporation for Affordable Housin INTERESTED; Waiting to see costs from PHFA Project



- + Text Size

RurAL CAP plans to expand its Safe Harbor project for low-income housing with apartments at the location of the former How-How restaurant on Muldoon Road. McCool Carlson Green illustration



8+1 2

AFFORDABLE HOUSING



AFFORDABLE HOUSING



AFFORDABLE HOUSING Architects, Engineers, Builders



Catalyst for radical and significant transformation of the

HOUSING INDUSTRY.....

AFFORDABLE HOUSING



A National Net-Zero-Energy Initiative

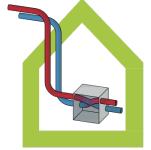
EDUCATION + TRAINING + INDUSTRY SUPPORT



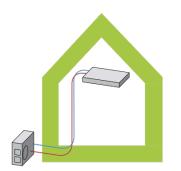
Insulation + Air-Sealing



Windows + Doors



Energy Recovery +Ventilation



Heating + Cooling





Consultants + Trainers



A National Net-Zero-Energy Initiative

EDUCATION + TRAINING + INDUSTRY SUPPORT



Insulation + Air-Sealing



A Intus Windows

Windows + Doors





Energy Recovery +Ventilation



Heating + Cooling



Architects + Engineers



Consultants + Trainers



RADICAL

AFFORDABLE

SCALABLE

RADICALLY



STANDARD



THANK YOU

Tim McDonald tim@onionflats.com 215.783.5591