

Inventory and Monitoring (I&M) Initiative Happenings

Partnering with the Avian Knowledge Network (AKN)

November 2014

I&M Branch

Natural Resource Program Center

I&M assesses the status and trends of refuge lands, waters, and biota at multiple geographic scales. To this end, I&M is providing support for the migration of Refuge bird data to the Avian Knowledge Network (AKN) - a centralized data information system supported by partnerships with institutions and government agencies. This ensures that Refuge bird data will be accessible to the larger scientific community, supporting broad landscape-scale analysis.

Two national and regional avian protocols, the USGS Point Count and Marshbird databases, and all their associated data, have been moved to the Avian Knowledge Network (AKN).

Using these nationally and regionally approved I&M protocols saves refuges time and effort in the field. The interface has been designed specifically for I&Mapproved protocols, making data entry easy and intuitive. Data sharing levels are set by the researcher.

Manager to learn more about how to access and use collected in refuges in the Pacific Northwest. these new tools.



Photo: Noppadol Paothong, Missouri Department of Conservation

Region 1

Strengthening Partnerships and Region 3 **Sharing Information**



Photo: USFWs

Region 1 I&M has been working hard to migrate Landbird Point Count and Marshbird databases to AKN. Partnering with Klamath Bird Observatory and Region 1 Migratory Birds program, the Avian Knowledge Northwest (AKNW) node has been customized for Contact your regional I&M Coordinator or Data storing, summarizing, and serving bird point count data

> The next step is to upload Legacy Point Count data sets from three refuges into the AKN. A team of refuge biologists will identify types of data summaries needed for refuge reporting. Reporting tools created by other nodes will be served on the AKNW node and, if necessary, new tools will be created and available for other nodes to use.

> This project will also include outreach and support to refuge staff, spreading the word about the availability of this tool and providing guidance and technical support to refuge users.

Monitoring Marshbirds in Clarence Canyon NWR

Difficult to monitor, secretive marshbirds (rails, bitterns and grebes) are recognized as one of the Midwest's highest bird conservation priorities. Clarence Cannon NWR manages 17 units of highquality emergent marsh and moist soil habitat. The refuge has cooperated with private land owners and the Universities of Missouri and Arkansas, as well as the Missouri Department of Conservation, to collect spring and fall marshbird data since 2002.

The refuge also participates in the Integrated Waterbird Monitoring and Management (IWMM) initiative. Information from these surveys has assisted with wetland management decisions on refuge lands. Together, the datasets are being used to develop an optimization tool for management of breeding marshbirds and nonbreeding waterfowl habitats. Both data sets will be available on the AKN database for collaborative use in the near future.

Region 3, along with other regions and database specialists, continues to review AKN data and applications during the preparation of the site's public interface.



Photo: USFWS