

Conservation Practice Standard Overview

Herbaceous Weed Control (315)

Herbaceous weed control is the eradication, reduction, or manipulation of herbaceous weed species, including invasive, noxious, and prohibited plants on grazing lands or forestland.

Practice Information

Herbaceous weed control is designed to achieve the desired plant community using Integrated Pest Management (IPM) principles. This is accomplished by mechanical, chemical, biological, or a combination of these techniques.

Herbaceous weed control is applied to accomplish one or more of the following:

- restore native or create desired plant communities
- enhance accessibility, quantity, and quality of forage
- maintain or enhance wildlife habitat including habitat for threatened and endangered species
- reduce fire hazard

Plans must include post-treatment measures as needed to achieve the management



objective. Treatment methods should be applied in a manner that minimizes the potential for smoke, chemical drift, or other unintended impacts to air resources.

Common Associated Practices

Herbaceous Weed Control (315) is commonly applied with practices such as Prescribed Grazing (528), Prescribed Burning (338), Forest Stand Improvement (666), and Upland Wildlife Habitat Management (645).

For further information, contact your local NRCS field office.