# § 964.3 Customer petitions; notice of hearing; answer; summary judgment; filing and service.

(a) *Petition.* \* \* \* The Petition, signed by the Petitioner or his or her attorney, shall be filed via the Judicial Officer Electronic filing system at *https://uspsjoe.justware.com/justiceweb* or via certified mail to the Recorder, Judicial Officer Department, United States Postal Service, 2101 Wilson Boulevard, Suite 600, Arlington, VA 22201–3078. The Petition must be filed within 14 days of the date upon which the Petitioner received the notice. \* \* \*

\* \* \*

(e) *Filing and service*. All documents required under this part must be filed using the electronic filing system unless the presiding officer permits otherwise. Documents submitted using the electronic filing system are considered filed as of the date/time (Eastern Time) reflected in the system. Documents mailed to the Recorder are considered filed on the date mailed as evidenced by a United States Postal Service postmark. Filings by any other means are considered filed upon receipt by the Recorder of a complete copy of the filing during normal business hours. Normal business hours are between 8:45 a.m. and 4:45 p.m. (Eastern Time), Monday through Friday except holidays. If both parties are participating in the electronic filing system, separate service upon the opposing party is not required. Otherwise, documents shall be served personally or by mail on the opposing party, noting on the document filed, or on the transmitting letter, that a copy has been so furnished.

■ 28. In § 964.7, revise paragraph (a) to read as follows:

# §964.7 Presiding officers.

(a) The presiding officer shall be an Administrative Law Judge qualified in accordance with law or the Judicial Officer. The Chief Administrative Law Judge shall assign cases. The Judicial Officer may preside at the hearing if an Administrative Law Judge is unavailable.

\* \* \* \*

## PART 965—RULES OF PRACTICE IN PROCEEDINGS RELATIVE TO MAIL DISPUTES

■ 29. The authority citation for 39 CFR part 965 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 39 U.S.C. 204, 401.

■ 30. Revise § 965.5 to read as follows:

#### §965.5 Initial submissions by parties.

Within 15 days after receipt of the Recorder's notice, each party shall file via the Judicial Officer electronic filing system (*https://uspsjoe.justware.com/ justiceweb*) a sworn statement of the facts supporting its claim to receipt of the mail together with a copy of each document on which it relies in making such claim, and any arguments supporting its claim. Unless the presiding officer otherwise permits, all documents relative to this proceeding must be filed using the electronic filing system.

#### Stanley F. Mires,

Attorney, Federal Compliance. [FR Doc. 2016–14553 Filed 6–20–16; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7710–12–P

### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

#### National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

## 50 CFR Part 648

[Docket No. 150903814-5999-02]

RIN 0648-XE679

#### Fisheries of the Northeastern United States; Summer Flounder Fishery; Quota Transfer

**AGENCY:** National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

**ACTION:** Temporary rule; quota transfer.

**SUMMARY:** NMFS announces that the State of North Carolina is transferring a portion of its 2016 commercial summer flounder quota to the Commonwealth of Virginia. These quota adjustments are necessary to comply with the Summer Flounder, Scup and Black Sea Bass Fishery Management Plan quota transfer provision. This announcement informs the public of the revised commercial quotas for Virginia and North Carolina. **DATES:** Effective June 20, 2016, through December 31, 2016.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Elizabeth Scheimer, Fishery Management Specialist, (978) 281–9236.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Regulations governing the summer flounder fishery are found in 50 CFR 648.100 through 648.110. The regulations require annual specification of a commercial quota that is apportioned among the coastal states from Maine through North Carolina. The process to set the annual commercial quota and the percent allocated to each state are described in § 648.102.

The final rule implementing Amendment 5 to the Summer Flounder Fishery Management Plan, as published in the Federal Register on December 17, 1993 (58 FR 65936), provided a mechanism for transferring summer flounder commercial quota from one state to another. Two or more states, under mutual agreement and with the concurrence of the NMFS Greater Atlantic Regional Administrator, can transfer or combine summer flounder commercial quota under §648.102(c)(2). The Regional Administrator is required to consider the criteria in §648.102(c)(2)(i)(A) through (C) in the evaluation of requests for quota transfers or combinations.

North Carolina is transferring 3,732 lb (1,693 kg) of summer flounder commercial quota to Virginia. This transfer was requested by North Carolina to repay landings by a North Carolina-permitted vessel that landed in Virginia under a safe harbor agreement.

The revised summer flounder quotas for calendar year 2016 are now: Virginia, 1,759,561 lb (798,123 kg); and North Carolina, 2,143,714 lb (972,372 kg) based on the initial quotas published in the 2016–2018 Summer Flounder, Scup and Black Sea Bass Specifications and previous 2016 quota transfers as referenced in Table 1.

# TABLE 1—2016 SUMMER FLOUNDER QUOTA TRANSFERS

	2016 Specifications Initial Quota	Transfer No. 1	Transfer No. 2	Transfer No. 3
Federal Register	80 FR 80689 January 1, 2016 December 28, 2015	81 FR 12030 March 7, 2016	April 13, 2016	81 FR 24714. April 26, 2016.

# Classification

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This action is taken under 50 CFR part 648 and is exempt from review under Executive Order 12866.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.

Dated: June 16, 2016. Emily H. Menashes, Acting Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service. [FR Doc. 2016–14650 Filed 6–20–16; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510-22–P