# How to Shift Function Graphs: Function Transformations 

## Here are very helpful formulas when shifting graph functions:

1. To shift graph functions to the left:

We will be adding inside the function:

$$
y=f(x+b)
$$

2. Shift to the right:

We will be subtracting inside the function:

$$
y=f(x-b)
$$

3. To shift graph up some units:

We would be adding outside the function:

$$
y=f(x)+b
$$

4. To shift graph down some units:

We will be subtracting outside the function:

$$
y=f(x)-b
$$

## Let's do an example:

We would be using the basic quadratic function of: $y=x^{\wedge} 2$

1. To shift $y=x \wedge 2$ two units to the left:

We would be adding inside the function of $\mathrm{y}=\mathrm{x}^{\wedge} 2$. So, $\mathrm{y}=(\mathrm{x}+2)^{\wedge 2}$.
2. To shift $y=x \wedge 2$ two units to the right:

We would be subtracting inside the function of $y=x^{\wedge} 2$. So, $y=(x-2)^{\wedge} 2$.
3. To shift $y=x \wedge 2$ two units up:

We would be adding outside the function of $\mathrm{y}=\mathrm{x}^{\wedge} 2$. So, $\mathrm{y}=\mathrm{x}^{\wedge} 2+2$.
4. To shift $y=x^{\wedge} 2$ two units down:

We would be subtracting outside the function of $y=x^{\wedge} 2$. So, $y=x^{\wedge} 2-2$.

Here's a view of the graph transformations for $y=x^{2}$ :
Heres the graph of $y=x^{2}$ :






## Now let's try another example!!

But, now we would use the negative of the $y=x \wedge 2$. We would use: $y=-x^{\wedge} 2$.

1. To shift $y=-x \wedge 2$ two units to the left:

We would be adding inside the function of $y=-x^{\wedge} 2$. So, $y=-(x+2)^{\wedge} 2$.
2. To shift $y=-x^{\wedge} 2$ two units to the right:

We would be subtracting inside the function of $y=-x \wedge 2$. So, $y=-(x-2)^{\wedge} 2$.
3. To shift $y=-x \wedge 2$ two units up:

We would be adding outside the function of $y=-x^{\wedge} 2$. So, $y=-x^{\wedge} 2+2$.
4. To shift $y=-x^{\wedge} 2$ two units down:

We would be subtracting outside the function of $y=-x^{\wedge} 2$. So, $y=-x^{\wedge} 2-2$.

## Now, try these on your own:

Tip: You can also try one a day!

1. $\mathrm{y}=\mathrm{x}+3$
2. $y=x-6$
3. $y=x^{\wedge} 2+6$
4. $y=-x^{\wedge} 2-8$
5. $y=-x^{\wedge} 2+12$
6. $y=x^{\wedge} 3+2$
7. $y=-x^{\wedge} 3+8$
8. $y=-x^{\wedge} 3-12$

Good luck and happy learning and reviewing!!

Also: don't forget, if you have a graphing calculator use it to check your graph functions.

