# Rhode Island – Severe Winter Storm and Snowstorm FEMA-4107-DR

### Declared March 22, 2013

On March 5, 2013, Governor Lincoln D. Chafee requested a major disaster declaration due to a severe winter storm and snowstorm during the period of February 8-9, 2013. The Governor requested a declaration for Public Assistance, snow assistance, and Hazard Mitigation for the entire State of Rhode Island. During the period of February 19-27, 2013, joint federal, state, and local government Preliminary Damage Assessments (PDAs) were conducted in the requested counties and are summarized below. PDAs estimate damages immediately after an event and are considered, along with several other factors, in determining whether a disaster is of such severity and magnitude that effective response is beyond the capabilities of the state and the affected local governments, and that Federal assistance is necessary.

On March 22, 2013, President Obama declared that a major disaster exists in the State of Rhode Island. This declaration made Public Assistance requested by the Governor available to state and eligible local governments and certain private nonprofit organizations on a cost-sharing basis for emergency work and the repair or replacement of facilities damaged by the severe winter storm and snowstorm in Bristol, Kent, Newport, Providence, and Washington Counties. This declaration also authorized snow assistance for a period of 48 hours for the counties of Kent, Providence, and Washington. Finally, this declaration also made Hazard Mitigation Grant Program assistance requested by the Governor available for hazard mitigation measures statewide.<sup>2</sup>

## Summary of Damage Assessment Information Used in Determining Whether to Declare a Major Disaster

### **Individual Assistance - (Not requested)**

• Total Number of Residences Impacted:<sup>3</sup>

Percentage of insured residences:<sup>4</sup>

• Percentage of low income households:<sup>5</sup> -

• Percentage of elderly households:<sup>6</sup>

• Total Individual Assistance cost estimate: N/A

#### **Public Assistance**

• Primary Impact: Emergency protective measures

• Total Public Assistance cost estimate: \$7,057,671

Statewide per capita impact: <sup>7</sup> \$6.71
Statewide per capita impact indicator: <sup>8</sup> \$1.37

• Countywide per capita impact: Bristol County (\$5.87), Kent County (\$8.86), Newport County (\$4.07), Providence County (\$5.38), and Washington County (\$12.48).

• Countywide per capita impact indicator: \$3.45

<sup>1</sup> The Preliminary Damage Assessment (PDA) process is a mechanism used to determine the impact and magnitude of damage and resulting needs of individuals, businesses, public sector, and community as a whole. Information collected is used by the State as a basis for the Governor's request for a major disaster or emergency declaration, and by the President in determining a response to the Governor's request (44 CFR § 206.33).

- o Destroyed total loss of structure, structure is not economically feasible to repair, or complete failure to major structural components (e.g., collapse of basement walls/foundation, walls or roof);
- Major Damage substantial failure to structural elements of residence (e.g., walls, floors, foundation), or damage that will take more than 30 days to repair;
- Minor Damage home is damaged and uninhabitable, but may be made habitable in short period of time with repairs; and
- o Affected some damage to the structure and contents, but still habitable.
- <sup>4</sup> By law, Federal disaster assistance cannot duplicate insurance coverage (44 CFR § 206.48(b)(5)).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> When a Governor's request for major disaster assistance under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, as amended (Stafford Act) is under review, a number of primary factors are considered to determine whether assistance is warranted. These factors are outlined in FEMA's regulations (44 CFR § 206.48). The President has ultimate discretion and decision making authority to declare major disasters and emergencies under the Stafford Act (42 U.S.C. § 5170 and § 5191).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Degree of damage to impacted residences:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Special populations, such as low-income, the elderly, or the unemployed may indicate a greater need for assistance (44 CFR § 206.48(b)(3)).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Ibid (44 CFR § 206.48(b)(3)).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Based on State population in the 2010 Census.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Statewide Per Capita Impact Indicator for FY13, Federal Register, October 1, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Countywide Per Capita Impact Indicator for FY13, Federal Register, October 1, 2012.