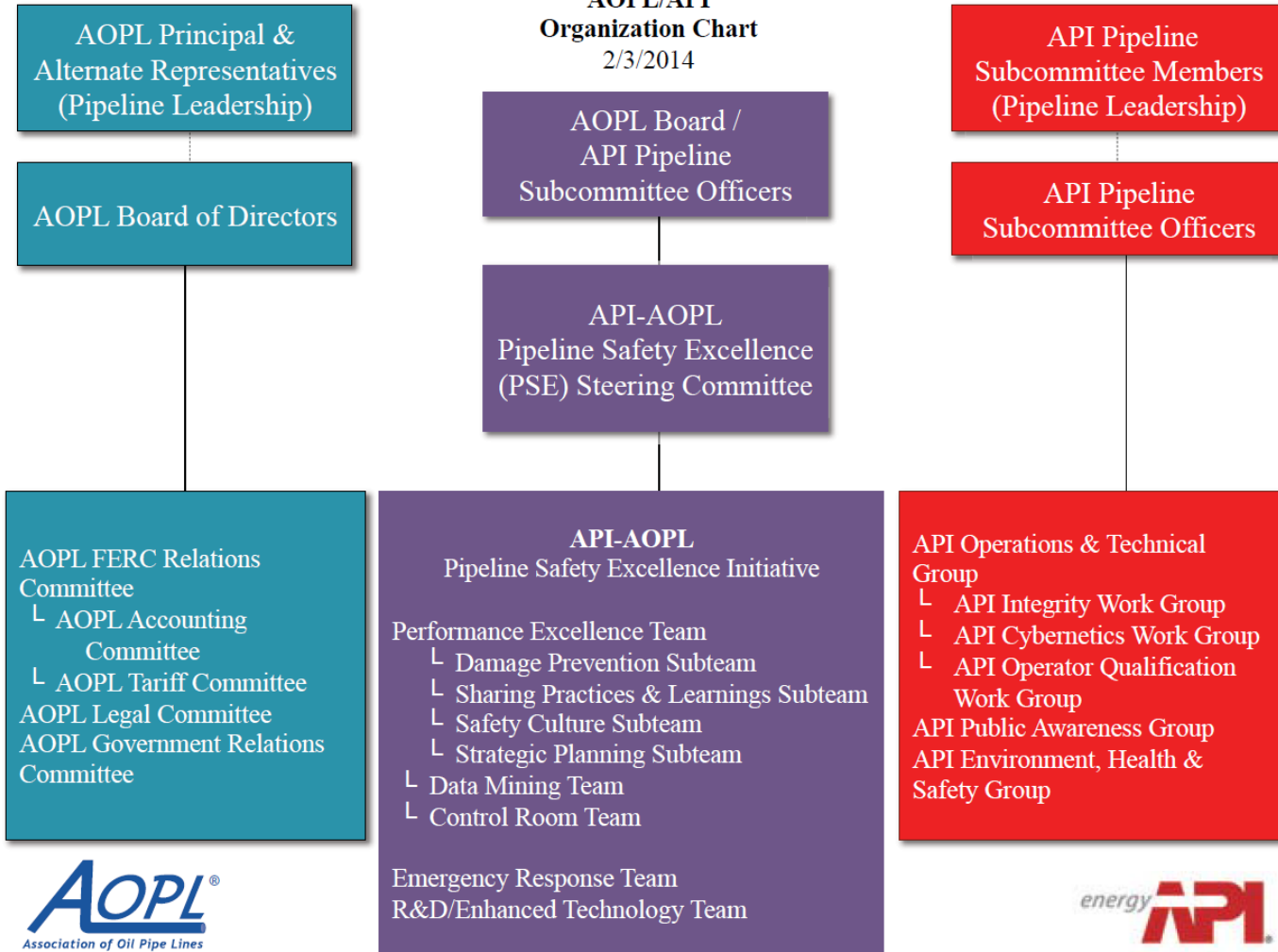


Preventing and Managing Pipeline Cracks an Operator's Perspective

Presented PHMSA Public Meeting
August 5, 2014

**AOPL/API
Organization Chart
2/3/2014**



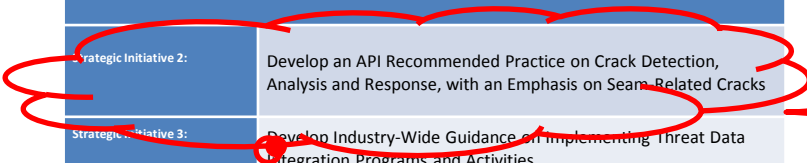
Recognizing the need

- Increase in crack failures
- Survey of current practices
- Recent large incidents

API-AOPL Pipeline Safety Excellence

2014 Strategic Plan

API-AOPL Environmental & Safety Initiative 2014 Strategic Plan	
Goal 1: Improve Inspection Technology Capabilities	
Strategic Initiative 1:	Improve with Comprehensive and Accelerated R&D the Capabilities of In-Line Inspection (ILI) Technologies to Detect and Diagnose Cracks
Goal 2: Enhance Threat Identification & Response	
Strategic Initiative 2:	Develop an API Recommended Practice on Crack Detection, Analysis and Response, with an Emphasis on Seam-Related Cracks
Strategic Initiative 3:	Develop Industry-Wide Guidance on Implementing Threat Data Integration Programs and Activities
Goal 3: Expand Safety Culture & Management Practices	
Strategic Initiative 4:	Deploy Newly Developed Pipeline Safety Management System to Improve Pipeline Safety Performance
Strategic Initiative 5:	Foster Pipeline Safety Culture with an Industry-Wide Sharing, Learning and Assessment Program
Goal 4: Boost Response Capabilities	
Strategic Initiative 6:	Develop an API Recommended Practice for Operator Leak Detection Management
Strategic Initiative 7:	Deploy a Nation-Wide Pipeline Emergency Response Training, Outreach and Standards Program



Develop an API Recommended Practice on Crack Detection, Analysis and Response....

Team Considerations

- Goal; Have an approved RP by end of 2014
- Membership; Integrity experts in Hazardous Liquid and Gas pipeline industry
- Technical consultants; Kiefner and Assoc.
- Incorporate work from CEPA, R&D work by Industry and Regulators, existing standards and documents

Team Considerations

- Communications; Continual vetting of results to stakeholders
- Members have been very open and transparent about their experiences
- Collection of industry best practices.

Team Considerations

- Broken down into manageable sections, each with its own work groups
 - Threats – Group A
 - Crack Remediation and Response – Team B
 - Assessment/Response – Team C
 - Repair methods – Team D
 - Industry consistent terms and definitions – Team E

Philosophy of the Crack Management RP

- Scope is to develop a pipeline crack management program for **Hazardous Liquids and Gas** steel pipelines
- Flexible
- Requires an in-depth knowledge of each systems characteristics
- Requires the integration of data
- Augments operators existing IMP
- Address all types of crack failure mechanisms;

Scope Details

Environmental cracking

- SCC (Both high Ph and near neutral SCC); Axial and circumferential
- sulfide stress cracking SSC
- hydrogen-induced cracking (HIC)
- stress-oriented hydrogen-induced cracking (SOHIC).

Manufacturing Defects

- Various longitudinal seam types
 - ERW
 - flash welded (FW)
 - Submerged arc weld SAW and DSAW

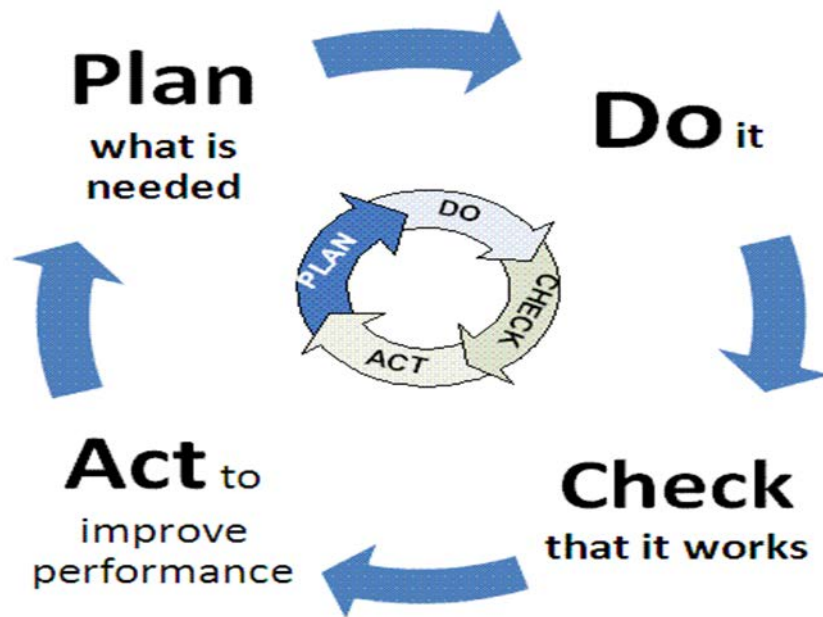
Mechanical Damage

Construction defects

Fatigue cracks

Cracks in repairs, buckles, hard spots

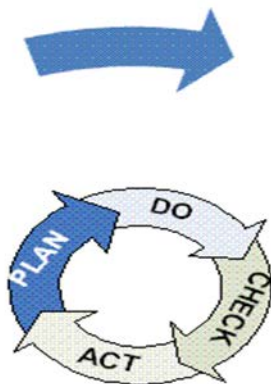
Philosophy of the Crack RP



Philosophy of the Crack RP

Plan

what is
needed



- Data collection
 - Attributes of pipe
 - Operating history
 - Past inspections/hydrotests
 - Leak history
 - Corrosion/CP data
 - Repair history
- Identify what tools you will use to assess integrity due to cracks

Philosophy of the Crack RP

Do it



- Implement assessment plan
- Analyze results
- Determine failure mechanism and time dependency
- Evaluate results
 - Classify ILI features by priority
 - Determine response based on priority
- Complete repairs

Philosophy of the Crack RP



Check
that it works

A blue arrow pointing to the left, positioned below the text.

- Collect Performance Measures
- Evaluate Program

Philosophy of the Crack RP



- Audits
- Any issues must be integrate into the process
- Require update and re-analysis of IM plan across all systems
- Revise assessment tools and schedules



Thank you!