

BETTER DATA. SAFER ROADS.

November 2014 Update



What is Data Mod?

NHTSA's effort to:

- Upgrade the National Automotive Sampling System (NASS)
- Modernize and consolidate related information technology systems

Goal: To affirm NHTSA's position as the leader in motor vehicle crash data collection and analysis, by collecting quality data to keep pace with emerging technology and evolving policy needs.





Current NASS/GES

<u>Purpose</u>: To monitor large scale trends in the characteristics of the nation's crash experience.

- Probability-based design
- 60 sites in 26 states
- About 50,000 crashes sampled annually
- 100+ variables coded from police crash reports
- All vehicle types and crash severities





Current NASS/CDS

<u>Purpose</u>: To aid in the development and evaluation of passenger vehicle crashworthiness and occupant protection systems.

- Probability-based design
- 24 sites in 17 states (subset of GES sites)
- 600+ variables coded from investigation-based data
- Towed passenger vehicle crashes only





Congressional Directive: Modernize

Considerations:

- Is sample size and design sufficient?
- Is scope too limited?
- What data needs to be collected?
- What data do external stakeholders need?

Congress appropriated \$25M in FY2012 for NASS modernization.





Major Project Components

Survey Modernization

Information
Technology
Modernization &
Consolidation

Implementation & Operations





Survey Modernization Progress

- Evaluated data needs
- Developed sample conceptual design
- Collected data for site selection
- Completed the 3-stage sample design and selected the first and second stage sites





New Sample Design

- Probability-based (needed for rulemaking)
- Two independent sample systems
- No intentional overlap between "old" and "new" data collection sites
- Flexibility to add special studies (peds, trucks, motorcycles, etc.)
- Sample scalability











Current Implementation Plan Assumptions

- End GES in 2015
- Begin CRSS in 2016
- End CDS in 2015
- Begin phasing in CISS in 2015
- New IT for sampling, collection, coding







CRSS Sample

- 60 Sites (PSUs) in 31 States
- Larger sites w/more injury crashes
- 392 Police Jurisdictions (~6 PJs/PSU)
- ~50,000 annual cases

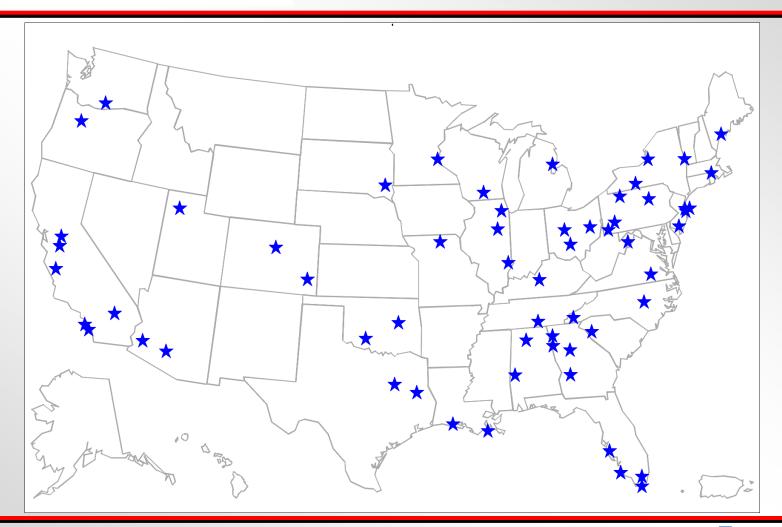
CRSS should produce similar or smaller standard errors than the current GES for key estimates.







CRSS 60 Sites









Phase 1 CISS Sample

- 24 Sites (PSUs) in 15 States
- Smaller sites that target late model year vehicles and injury crashes
- 176 Police Jurisdictions (~7 PJs/PSU)
- 4,000 to 4,500 annual cases

Add additional sites as budget permits and add modules for special studies: peds, motorcycles, etc.







Phase 1 CISS Sites







Data Modernization: Major Project Components

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Implementation& Operations





IT Progress

- Began consolidation of system components on a shared environment
- Implemented new security features to meet Federal IT security requirements
- Implementing electronic form data collection
- Planning on enhanced web products





Data Modernization: Major Project Components

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Implementation Progress

- Evaluated and field-tested data collection tools – Total Station, tablets
- Finalized variables to be collected in CRSS and Phase 1 CISS
- Developed an implementation plan
- Developing training materials
- Started cooperation process





Enhancements

SAMPLING

- Flexible
- Scalable
- Reflects population
- Targets severe crashes
- Targets newer vehicles

IT SYSTEMS

- Agile
- Secure
- Reliable
- Efficient
- Consolidated

DATA

- New data: EDR inspection, etc.
- More complete
- More accurate
- More timely
- Better QC
- New products and services





Additions to Public CISS Files

- EDR data (speed, brake status, belt use)
- Tire data
- Post-crash measurements
- Lateral and vertical rollover crush locations and damage
- FMVSS 214 msts. (Door-sill differential)
- Occupant contact location(s)
- Crash avoidance technologies
- Enhanced child safety seat data



Example Benefits of CRSS and CISS

- New IT infrastructure to improve timeliness and enhance online reporting tools
- New system sample will enable more precise estimates and more accurate and faster problem identification
- More data will be available and accessible to the public, while meeting information security requirements
- Additional analytical products and better user documentation







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