

Prototype Weather Response System (WRS) for Transportation Operations

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Missouri Department of Transportation (MoDOT) recently developed a prototype system to support weather-responsive transportation operations. The WRS obtains and presents weather information from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration's (NOAA) National Weather Service (NWS) via a web-based application. MoDOT staff in Kansas City tested and evaluated the system for three months and found it to be useful in scheduling their activities and managing traffic operations before and during adverse weather.



FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION ROAD WEATHER MANAGEMENT

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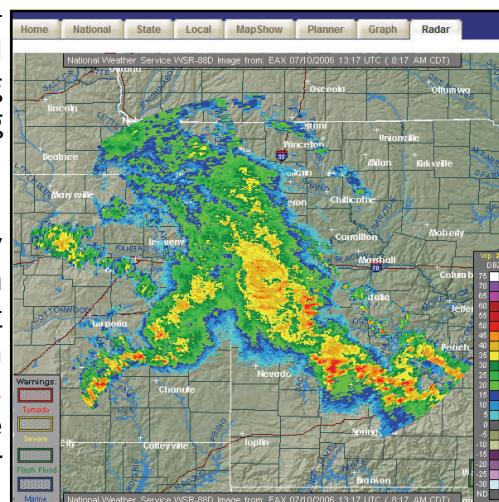
Objectives of the WRS

The WRS was originally conceived as an information and decision support tool that will support transportation system management, operations, and maintenance prior to, and during a weather event. The tool is intended to:

- ◆ Provide real-time and forecasted **WRS Radar Module Display** weather information for operational decisions in a consolidated format tailored for transportation operations staff
- ◆ Support effective response by the transportation agency personnel to the impacts of weather on transportation system performance
- ◆ Assist transportation agencies in utilizing and evaluating weather information needs for surface transportation system management, operations, and maintenance in order to enhance safety, mobility, and productivity

The prototype WRS was designed to:

- ◆ Take advantage of operational weather data and products from the NWS as well as emerging forecast technologies such as the National Digital Forecast Database (NDFD)
- ◆ Apply the knowledge and experience gained in identifying user needs and developing decision support tools within the FHWA Road Weather Management Program
- ◆ Provide a framework for developing and demonstrating relevant road-weather products tailored for specific operational functions (e.g., traffic management, maintenance management and customer service)
- ◆ Support the operational decisions of maintenance supervisors and traffic managers during inclement weather conditions



What's in the Prototype WRS?

The prototype WRS consists of a home page and several user modules as follows:

Home Page: general description and contact information.

National: displays weather maps of the continental United States.

State: displays weather forecasts centered on 11 central U.S. States.

Local: displays local weather maps for metropolitan areas in the State of Missouri.

MapShow: displays latest national, state, and/or local weather maps in a series of map displays.

Planner: permits selection of a specific map location and displays weather parameters that meet user-selected criteria. The results are displayed in time periods for each weather parameter or can be combined to show the time periods when all weather conditions are satisfied.

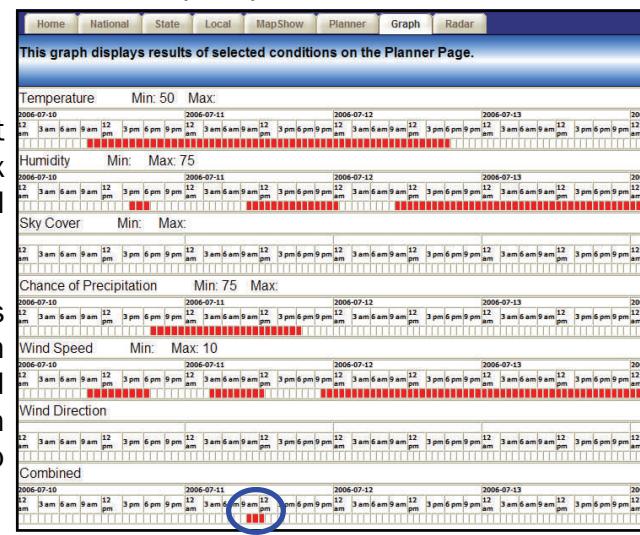
Graph: displays the results of the Planner module as a time-series graph.

Radar: allows selection of NWS Doppler radar images or loops from any radar station around the nation.

The Planner and Graph



The WRS Planner allows the user to select a specific location on the map, as shown on the figure on the left. For this example, the location selected is Kansas City. The user can specify any scale for a given location from a city level to a specific street location. The weather conditions, in this example, are temperature at or above 50°F, wind speed at or below 10 MPH, humidity at or below 75%, and chance of precipitation at or above 75%.



WRS Testing and Evaluation

The prototype WRS was tested and evaluated for three months by MoDOT staff in Kansas City. Some enhancements to the original version were made during this period. Additional recommendations received from the evaluations include the ability to e-mail or transmit a page containing forecast data; long-range weather forecasts (greater than 7 days); storm tracking capability; information on precipitation type and rate, lightning locations, frost, pavement temperature and river crests; and customizable weather displays. There is also a need to add more decision support capabilities to the system by combining rules of practice for traffic control, maintenance, and operations with road weather information to recommend appropriate management strategies. These enhancements are necessary to make the system truly useful for weather responsive transportation operations and before it can be deployed to transportation agencies.