

significantly or uniquely affect small governments, as described in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104–4).

This rule also does not have tribal implications because it will not have a substantial direct effect on one or more Indian tribes, on the relationship between the Federal Government and Indian tribes, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities between the Federal Government and Indian tribes, as specified by Executive Order 13175 (65 FR 67249, November 9, 2000). This action also does not have Federalism implications because it does not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government, as specified in Executive Order 13132 (64 FR 43255, August 10, 1999). This action merely approves a state rule implementing a Federal standard, and does not alter the relationship or the distribution of power and responsibilities established in the Clean Air Act. This rule also is not subject to Executive Order 13045 “Protection of Children from Environmental Health Risks and Safety Risks” (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997), because it is not economically significant.

In reviewing SIP submissions, EPA’s role is to approve state choices, provided that they meet the criteria of the Clean Air Act. In this context, in the absence of a prior existing requirement for the State to use voluntary consensus standards (VCS), EPA has no authority to disapprove a SIP submission for failure to use VCS. It would thus be inconsistent with applicable law for EPA, when it reviews a SIP submission, to use VCS in place of a SIP submission that otherwise satisfies the provisions of the Clean Air Act. Thus, the requirements of section 12(d) of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995 (15 U.S.C. 272 note) do not apply. This rule does not impose an information collection burden under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*).

The Congressional Review Act, 5 U.S.C. section 801 *et seq.*, as added by the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996, generally provides that before a rule may take effect, the agency promulgating the rule must submit a rule report, which includes a copy of the rule, to each House of the Congress and to the Comptroller General of the United States. EPA will submit a report containing this rule and other required

information to the U.S. Senate, the U.S. House of Representatives, and the Comptroller General of the United States prior to publication of the rule in the **Federal Register**. A major rule cannot take effect until 60 days after it is published in the **Federal Register**. This action is not a “major rule” as defined by 5 U.S.C. section 804(2).

Under section 307(b)(1) of the Clean Air Act, petitions for judicial review of this action must be filed in the United States Court of Appeals for the appropriate circuit by October 11, 2005. Filing a petition for reconsideration by the Administrator of this final rule does not affect the finality of this rule for the purposes of judicial review nor does it extend the time within which a petition for judicial review may be filed, and shall not postpone the effectiveness of such rule or action. This action may not be challenged later in proceedings to enforce its requirements. (See section 307(b)(2).)

#### List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 52

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Carbon monoxide, Incorporation by reference, Intergovernmental relations, Nitrogen oxides, Ozone, Particulate matter, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Sulfur dioxide.

**Authority:** 42 U.S.C. 7401 *et seq.*

Dated: July 1, 2005.

**Wayne Nastri,**

*Regional Administrator, Region IX.*

- Part 52, chapter I, title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations is amended as follows:

#### PART 52—[AMENDED]

- 1. The authority citation for part 52 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 42 U.S.C. 7401 *et seq.*

#### Subpart F—California

- 2. Section 52.220 is amended by adding paragraphs (c)(6)(xxiv)(B), (21)(xiii)(B), (177)(i)(A)(3), (332)(i)(B)(2) and (3), and (335)(i)(C) to read as follows:

#### § 52.220 Identification of plan.

\* \* \* \* \*

(c) \* \* \*

(6) \* \* \*

(xxiv) \* \* \*

(B) Previously approved on September 22, 1972 in paragraph (c)(6) of this section and now deleted without replacement, Rule 100.

\* \* \* \* \*

(21) \* \* \*

(xiii) \* \* \*

(B) Previously approved on August 15, 1977 in paragraph (c)(21)(xiii)(A) of

this section and now deleted without replacement, Rule 60.

\* \* \* \* \*

(177) \* \* \*

(i) \* \* \*

(A) \* \* \*

(3) Previously approved on August 6, 1990 in paragraph (c)(177)(i)(A) of this section and now deleted without replacement, Rule 55.

\* \* \* \* \*

(332) \* \* \*

(i) \* \* \*

(B) \* \* \*

(2) Rules 50, 52, and 53, adopted on July 2, 1968 and revised on April 13, 2004.

(3) Rules 68 and 102, adopted on May 23, 1972 and revised on April 13, 2004.

\* \* \* \* \*

(335) \* \* \*

(i) \* \* \*

(C) Ventura County Air Pollution Control District.

(1) Rule 74.25, adopted on October 12, 2004.

\* \* \* \* \*

[FR Doc. 05-15741 Filed 8-8-05; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

## DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

### National Highway Traffic Safety Administration

#### 49 CFR Part 541

[Docket No. NHTSA-2005-20278]

RIN 2127-AJ53

#### Final Theft Data; Motor Vehicle Theft Prevention Standard

**AGENCY:** National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA), Department of Transportation.

**ACTION:** Publication of final theft data.

**SUMMARY:** This document publishes the final data on thefts of model year (MY) 2003 passenger motor vehicles that occurred in calendar year (CY) 2003. The final 2003 theft data indicate a decrease in the vehicle theft rate experienced in CY/MY 2003. The final theft rate for MY 2003 passenger vehicles stolen in calendar year 2003 (1.84 thefts per thousand vehicles) decreased by 26.1 percent from the theft rate for CY/MY 2002 (2.49 thefts per thousand vehicles) when compared to the theft rate experienced in CY/MY 2002. Publication of these data fulfills NHTSA’s statutory obligation to periodically obtain accurate and timely theft data and publish the information for review and comment.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Ms. Deborah Mazyck, Office of International Policy, Fuel Economy and Consumer Programs, NHTSA, 400 Seventh Street, SW., Washington, DC 20590. Ms. Mazyck's telephone number is (202) 366-0846. Her fax number is (202) 493-2290.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** NHTSA administers a program for reducing motor vehicle theft. The central feature of this program is the Federal Motor Vehicle Theft Prevention Standard, 49 CFR part 541. The standard specifies performance requirements for inscribing and affixing vehicle identification numbers (VINs) onto certain major original equipment and replacement parts of high-theft lines of passenger motor vehicles.

The agency is required by 49 U.S.C. 33104(b)(4) to periodically obtain, from the most reliable source, accurate and timely theft data and publish the data for review and comment. To fulfill this statutory mandate, NHTSA has published theft data annually beginning with MYs 1983/84. Continuing to fulfill

the § 33104(b)(4) mandate, this document reports the final theft data for CY 2003, the most recent calendar year for which data are available.

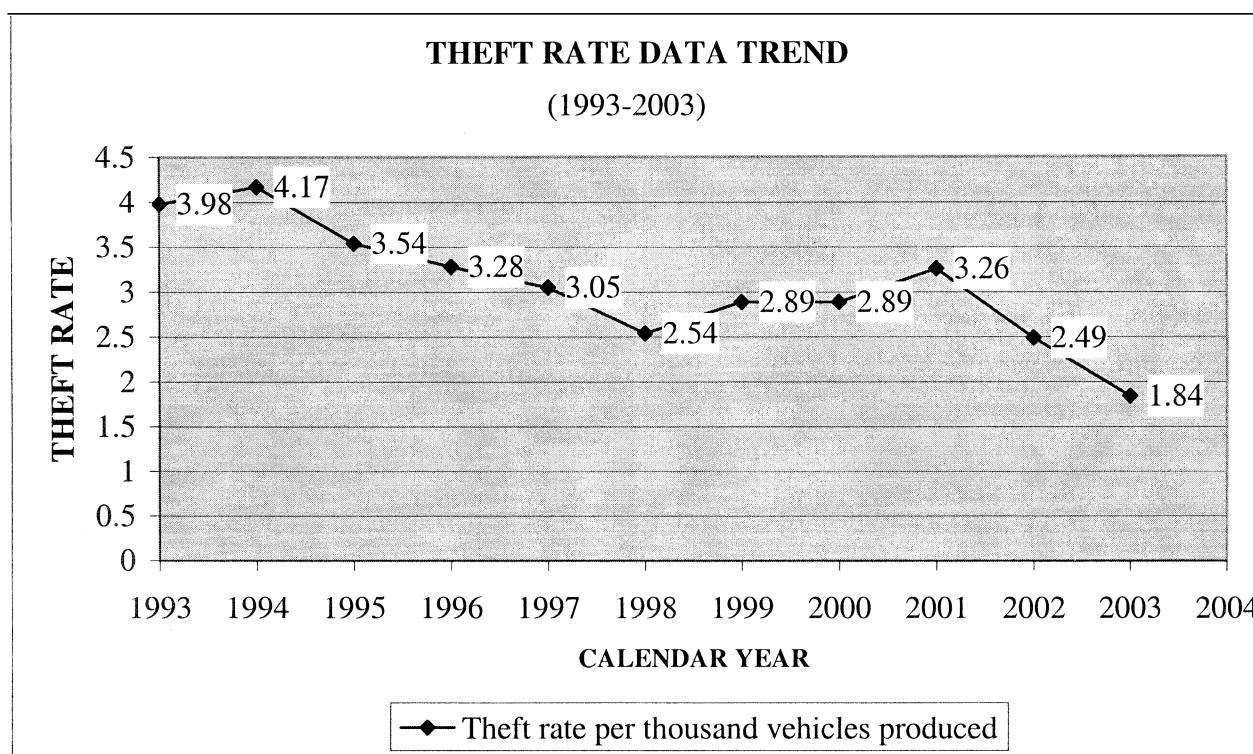
In calculating the 2003 theft rates, NHTSA followed the same procedures it used in calculating the MY 2002 theft rates. (For 2002 theft data calculations, see 69 FR 53354, September 1, 2004.) As in all previous reports, NHTSA's data were based on information provided to NHTSA by the National Crime Information Center (NCIC) of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The NCIC is a government system that receives vehicle theft information from nearly 23,000 criminal justice agencies and other law enforcement authorities throughout the United States. The NCIC data also include reported thefts of self-insured and uninsured vehicles, not all of which are reported to other data sources.

The 2003 theft rate for each vehicle line was calculated by dividing the number of reported thefts of MY 2003 vehicles of that line stolen during calendar year 2003 by the total number of vehicles in that line manufactured for

MY 2003, as reported to the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

The final 2003 theft data show a decrease in the vehicle theft rate when compared to the theft rate experienced in CY/MY 2002. The final theft rate for MY 2003 passenger vehicles stolen in calendar year 2003 decreased to 1.84 thefts per thousand vehicles produced, a decrease of 26.1 percent from the rate of 2.49 thefts per thousand vehicles experienced by MY 2002 vehicles in CY 2002. For MY 2003 vehicles, out of a total of 217 vehicle lines, 21 lines had a theft rate higher than 3.5826 per thousand vehicles, the established median theft rate for MYs 1990/1991. (See 59 FR 12400, March 16, 1994.) Of the 21 vehicle lines with a theft rate higher than 3.5826, 18 are passenger car lines, two are multipurpose passenger vehicle lines, and one is a light-duty truck line.

The MY 2003 theft rate reduction is consistent with the general decreasing trend of theft rates over the past ten years as indicated by Figure 1.



The agency believes that the decrease could be the result of several factors including the increased use of standard antitheft devices (i.e., immobilizers), vehicle partsmarking, increased and improved prosecution efforts by law enforcement organizations and,

increased public awareness measures have contributed to the overall reduction in vehicle thefts.

On Wednesday, May 2, 2005, NHTSA published the preliminary theft rates for CY 2003 passenger motor vehicles in the **Federal Register** (70 FR 10066). The

agency tentatively ranked each of the MY 2003 vehicle lines in descending order of theft rate. The public was requested to comment on the accuracy of the data and to provide final production figures for individual vehicle lines. The agency used written

comments to make the necessary adjustments to its data.

The agency received a written comment from American Honda (Honda). In its comments, Honda informed the agency that there was an error in the published production volume for the Honda S2000 vehicle

line. However, upon further review by Honda, it was confirmed that the reported production volume was correct. Therefore, the published production volume as reported to the agency will remain unchanged.

The following list represents NHTSA's final calculation of theft rates

for all 2003 passenger motor vehicle lines. This list is intended to inform the public of calendar year 2003 motor vehicle thefts of model year 2003 vehicles and does not have any effect on the obligations of regulated parties under 49 U.S.C. Chapter 331, Theft Prevention.

**FINAL REPORT OF THEFT RATES FOR MODEL YEAR 2003 PASSENGER MOTOR VEHICLES STOLEN IN CALENDAR YEAR 2003**

	Manufacturer	Make/model (line)	Thefts 2003	Production (Mfr's) 2003	2003 Theft rate (per 1,000 vehicles produced)
1 .....	DAIMLERCHRYSLER .....	DODGE STRATUS .....	682	62,496	10.9127
2 .....	DAIMLERCHRYSLER .....	DODGE INTREPID .....	392	40,366	9.7111
3 .....	MITSUBISHI .....	MONTERO .....	94	13,604	6.9097
4 .....	MITSUBISHI .....	DIAMANTE .....	57	9,981	5.7109
5 .....	TOYOTA .....	TUNDRA PICKUP .....	162	28,981	5.5899
6 .....	DAIMLERCHRYSLER .....	SEBRING .....	180	35,599	5.0563
7 .....	MITSUBISHI .....	MONTERO SPORT .....	174	35,508	4.9003
8 .....	MITSUBISHI .....	GALANT .....	468	97,418	4.8040
9 .....	JAGUAR .....	XJR .....	4	845	4.7337
10 .....	DAIMLERCHRYSLER .....	DODGE NEON .....	590	127,902	4.6129
11 .....	DAIMLERCHRYSLER .....	CHRYSLER SEBRING CONVERTIBLE .....	61	13,337	4.5737
12 .....	DAIMLERCHRYSLER .....	CHRYSLER CONCORDE .....	61	13,690	4.4558
13 .....	DAIMLERCHRYSLER .....	CHRYSLER 300M .....	61	13,719	4.4464
14 .....	SUZUKI .....	AERIO .....	150	33,931	4.4207
15 .....	FORD MOTOR CO. .....	FORD MUSTANG .....	598	143,823	4.1579
16 .....	NISSAN .....	SENTRA .....	293	71,734	4.0845
17 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	OLDSMOBILE ALERO .....	333	86,229	3.8618
18 .....	MITSUBISHI .....	LANCER .....	283	75,585	3.7441
19 .....	JAGUAR .....	XK8 .....	8	2,151	3.7192
20 .....	VOLVO .....	S40 .....	11	3,014	3.6496
21 .....	MITSUBISHI .....	ECLIPSE .....	333	92,062	3.6171
22 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	PONTIAC GRAND PRIX .....	249	70,395	3.5372
23 .....	DAIMLERCHRYSLER .....	CHRYSLER VOYAGER VAN .....	72	20,642	3.4880
24 .....	NISSAN .....	MAXIMA .....	211	62,537	3.3740
25 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	CHEVROLET MONTE CARLO .....	228	67,610	3.3723
26 .....	BMW .....	M3 .....	30	8,964	3.3467
27 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	PONTIAC GRAND AM .....	450	145,150	3.1002
28 .....	FORD MOTOR CO. .....	LINCOLN LS .....	72	23,472	3.0675
29 .....	HONDA .....	S2000 .....	24	7,862	3.0527
30 .....	SUZUKI .....	VITARA/GRAND .....	108	35,437	3.0477
31 .....	KIA MOTORS .....	OPTIMA .....	70	23,340	2.9991
32 .....	DAIMLERCHRYSLER .....	DODGE CARAVAN/GRAND CARAVAN .....	725	248,733	2.9148
33 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	CHEVROLET CAVALIER .....	633	218,340	2.8991
34 .....	SUBARU .....	IMPREZA .....	67	23,333	2.8715
35 .....	TOYOTA .....	ECHO .....	101	35,276	2.8631
36 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	CHEVROLET MALIBU .....	507	179,565	2.8235
37 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	CHEVROLET BLAZER S10/T10 .....	152	54,165	2.8062
38 .....	MERCEDES-BENZ .....	215 (CL-CLASS) .....	9	3,214	2.8002
39 .....	BMW .....	M5 .....	5	1,902	2.6288
40 .....	NISSAN .....	ALTIMA .....	591	225,388	2.6221
41 .....	JAGUAR .....	XJ8 .....	10	3,816	2.6205
42 .....	VOLVO .....	C70 .....	4	1,540	2.5974
43 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	BUICK REGAL .....	89	35,374	2.5160
44 .....	KIA MOTORS .....	SPECTRA .....	176	71,249	2.4702
45 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	BUICK CENTURY .....	363	148,506	2.4443
46 .....	JAGUAR .....	S-TYPE .....	55	22,608	2.4328
47 .....	TOYOTA .....	LEXUS SC .....	26	10,800	2.4074
48 .....	FORD MOTOR CO. .....	LINCOLN TOWN CAR .....	180	75,624	2.3802
49 .....	TOYOTA .....	COROLLA .....	786	330,244	2.3801
50 .....	FORD MOTOR CO. .....	FORD FOCUS .....	610	257,453	2.3694
51 .....	HYUNDAI .....	ACCENT .....	120	51,425	2.3335
52 .....	NISSAN .....	350Z .....	92	39,448	2.3322
53 .....	TOYOTA .....	CELICA .....	42	18,062	2.3253
54 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	SATURN LS .....	164	71,082	2.3072
55 .....	DAIMLERCHRYSLER .....	CHRYSLER PT CRUISER .....	272	118,798	2.2896
56 .....	HONDA .....	ACURA 3.2 CL .....	37	16,327	2.2662
57 .....	FORD MOTOR CO. .....	FORD TAURUS .....	757	334,329	2.2642
58 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	PONTIAC SUNFIRE .....	85	37,813	2.2479
59 .....	BMW .....	7 .....	46	21,387	2.1508

**FINAL REPORT OF THEFT RATES FOR MODEL YEAR 2003 PASSENGER MOTOR VEHICLES STOLEN IN CALENDAR YEAR  
2003—Continued**

	Manufacturer	Make/model (line)	Thefts 2003	Production (Mfr's) 2003	2003 Theft rate (per 1,000 vehicles produced)
60 .....	HYUNDAI .....	TIBURON .....	87	40,830	2.1308
61 .....	TOYOTA .....	LEXUS IS .....	30	14,445	2.0768
62 .....	FORD MOTOR CO. ....	MERCURY MOUNTAINEER .....	95	45,950	2.0675
63 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	CHEVROLET CORVETTE .....	68	33,118	2.0533
64 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	CADILLAC DEVILLE .....	157	77,703	2.0205
65 .....	HYUNDAI .....	XG .....	18	8,942	2.0130
66 .....	HONDA .....	ACURA RSX .....	51	26,035	1.9589
67 .....	KIA MOTORS .....	RIO .....	86	44,120	1.9492
68 .....	MAZDA .....	PROTÉGÉ .....	164	84,404	1.9430
69 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	CADILLAC SEVILLE .....	36	18,627	1.9327
70 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	PONTIAC BONNEVILLE .....	67	34,675	1.9322
71 .....	MITSUBISHI .....	OUTLANDER .....	93	48,273	1.9265
72 .....	FORD MOTOR CO. ....	MERCURY SABLE .....	123	64,477	1.9077
73 .....	DAIMLERCHRYSLER .....	JEEP LIBERTY .....	331	177,461	1.8652
74 .....	NISSAN .....	INFINITI QX4 .....	14	7,766	1.8027
75 .....	MERCEDES-BENZ .....	220 (S-CLASS) .....	37	20,679	1.7893
76 .....	TOYOTA .....	MATRIX .....	153	87,440	1.7498
77 .....	DAIMLERCHRYSLER .....	CHRYSLER TOWN & COUNTRY .....	216	123,575	1.7479
78 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	GMC SONOMA PICKUP .....	71	41,164	1.7248
79 .....	HYUNDAI .....	SONATA .....	129	77,468	1.6652
80 .....	DAIMLERCHRYSLER .....	JEEP GRAND CHEROKEE .....	190	114,736	1.6560
81 .....	MERCEDES-BENZ .....	129 (SL-CLASS) .....	34	20,685	1.6437
82 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	CHEVROLET IMPALA .....	404	248,078	1.6285
83 .....	FORD MOTOR CO. ....	FORD EXPLORER .....	537	332,158	1.6167
84 .....	HYUNDAI .....	ELANTRA .....	210	130,031	1.6150
85 .....	VOLVO .....	S60 .....	31	19,532	1.5871
86 .....	FORD MOTOR CO. ....	FORD ESCAPE .....	240	151,770	1.5813
87 .....	AUDI .....	A8 .....	1	643	1.5552
88 .....	NISSAN .....	FRONTIER PICKUP .....	105	68,372	1.5357
89 .....	VOLVO .....	S80 .....	12	7,927	1.5138
90 .....	TOYOTA .....	CAMRY/SOLARA .....	617	408,093	1.5119
91 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	PONTIAC AZTEK .....	44	29,564	1.4883
92 .....	KIA MOTORS .....	SORENTO .....	63	42,837	1.4707
93 .....	FORD MOTOR CO. ....	FORD RANGER PICKUP .....	331	226,132	1.4637
94 .....	DAIMLERCHRYSLER .....	JEEP WRANGLER .....	94	64,343	1.4609
95 .....	DAIMLERCHRYSLER .....	DODGE DAKOTA PICKUP .....	31	21,582	1.4364
96 .....	FORD MOTOR CO. ....	FORD CROWN VICTORIA .....	58	41,637	1.3930
97 .....	NISSAN .....	INFINITI I35 .....	24	17,334	1.3846
98 .....	HONDA .....	ACURA 3.5 RL .....	4	2,903	1.3779
99 .....	TOYOTA .....	LEXUS GS .....	20	14,555	1.3741
100 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	CHEVROLET S10/T10 PICKUP .....	218	159,920	1.3632
101 .....	NISSAN .....	INFINITI G35 .....	111	81,505	1.3619
102 .....	TOYOTA .....	TACOMA PICKUP .....	209	157,182	1.3297
103 .....	FORD MOTOR CO. ....	FORD ESCORT .....	28	21,162	1.3231
104 .....	TOYOTA .....	4RUNNER .....	133	101,254	1.3135
105 .....	MAZDA .....	6 .....	72	54,829	1.3132
106 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	CHEVROLET TRACKER .....	54	41,730	1.2940
107 .....	TOYOTA .....	RAV4 .....	100	77,319	1.2933
108 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	OLDSMOBILE BRAVADA .....	11	8,642	1.2729
109 .....	POSCHE .....	BOXSTER .....	10	7,880	1.2690
110 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	GMC SAFARI VAN .....	11	8,738	1.2589
111 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	PONTIAC VIBE .....	88	69,941	1.2582
112 .....	HONDA .....	CIVIC .....	369	300,485	1.2280
113 .....	VOLKSWAGEN .....	GOLF/GTI .....	41	34,049	1.2041
114 .....	FORD MOTOR CO. ....	MERCURY GRAND MARQUIS .....	127	105,615	1.2025
115 .....	HONDA .....	ACCORD .....	499	427,660	1.1668
116 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	CHEVROLET ASTRO VAN .....	38	32,687	1.1625
117 .....	TOYOTA .....	PRIUS .....	16	13,826	1.1572
118 .....	NISSAN .....	XTERRA .....	87	75,351	1.1546
119 .....	TOYOTA .....	MR2 SPYDER .....	6	5,209	1.1519
120 .....	ISUZU .....	ASCENDER .....	4	3,476	1.1507
121 .....	VOLKSWAGEN .....	JETTA .....	171	148,729	1.1497
122 .....	NISSAN .....	PATHFINDER .....	56	48,772	1.1482
123 .....	JAGUAR .....	XKR .....	1	880	1.1364
124 .....	HONDA .....	ACURA 3.2 TL .....	105	93,899	1.1182
125 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	CHEVROLET TRAILBLAZER .....	205	194,427	1.0544
126 .....	AUDI .....	A6/A6 QUATTRO/S6/AVANT .....	18	17,116	1.0516
127 .....	ISUZU .....	AXIOM .....	4	3,848	1.0395
128 .....	MERCEDES-BENZ .....	203 (C-CLASS) .....	65	63,327	1.0264

**FINAL REPORT OF THEFT RATES FOR MODEL YEAR 2003 PASSENGER MOTOR VEHICLES STOLEN IN CALENDAR YEAR  
2003—Continued**

	Manufacturer	Make/model (line)	Thefts 2003	Production (Mfr's) 2003	2003 Theft rate (per 1,000 vehicles produced)
129 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	CADILLAC CTS .....	69	68,264	1.0108
130 .....	LAND ROVER .....	FREELANDER .....	10	9,985	1.0015
131 .....	NISSAN .....	INFINITI Q45 .....	3	3,034	0.9888
132 .....	MAZDA .....	B SERIES PICKUP .....	19	19,342	0.9823
133 .....	AUDI .....	TT .....	6	6,138	0.9775
134 .....	TOYOTA .....	LEXUS ES .....	60	61,512	0.9754
135 .....	MERCEDES-BENZ .....	210 (E-CLASS) .....	61	62,547	0.9753
136 .....	NISSAN .....	INFINITI M45 .....	6	6,402	0.9372
137 .....	FORD MOTOR CO. .....	FORD EXPLORER SPORT TRAC .....	58	62,059	0.9346
138 .....	TOYOTA .....	LEXUS LS .....	20	21,592	0.9263
139 .....	TOYOTA .....	LEXUS GX .....	21	22,932	0.9158
140 .....	NISSAN .....	MURANO .....	50	54,632	0.9152
141 .....	BMW .....	5 .....	36	39,342	0.9151
142 .....	FORD MOTOR CO. .....	FORD WINDSTAR VAN .....	134	148,016	0.9053
143 .....	PORSCHE .....	911 .....	9	10,027	0.8976
144 .....	BMW .....	3 .....	90	100,589	0.8947
145 .....	JAGUAR .....	X-TYPE .....	27	30,483	0.8857
146 .....	VOLVO .....	XC70 .....	8	9,175	0.8719
147 .....	TOYOTA .....	AVALON .....	59	68,872	0.8567
148 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	GMC ENVOY .....	71	83,069	0.8547
149 .....	KIA MOTORS .....	SEDONA VAN .....	44	51,515	0.8541
150 .....	VOLKSWAGEN .....	PASSAT .....	89	105,230	0.8458
151 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	OLDSMOBILE AURORA .....	3	3,550	0.8451
152 .....	AUDI .....	A4/A4 QUATTRO .....	40	47,520	0.8418
153 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	CHEVROLET VENTURE VAN .....	80	96,022	0.8331
154 .....	ISUZU .....	RODEO .....	11	13,625	0.8073
155 .....	MAZDA .....	MX-5 MIATA .....	10	12,458	0.8027
156 .....	HYUNDAI .....	SANTA FE .....	79	98,515	0.8019
157 .....	MERCEDES-BENZ .....	208 (CLK-CLASS) .....	25	31,560	0.7921
158 .....	JAGUAR .....	VANDEN PLAS/SUPER V8 .....	1	1,265	0.7905
159 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	BUICK LESABRE .....	97	124,342	0.7801
160 .....	TOYOTA .....	SIENNA VAN .....	33	42,688	0.7731
161 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	SATURN ION .....	73	96,382	0.7574
162 .....	FORD MOTOR CO. .....	FORD THUNDERBIRD .....	10	13,948	0.7169
163 .....	MAZDA .....	TRIBUTE .....	33	47,099	0.7007
164 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	PONTIAC MONTANA VAN .....	32	45,936	0.6966
165 .....	HONDA .....	ELEMENT .....	51	75,457	0.6759
166 .....	HONDA .....	ACURA MDX .....	36	55,826	0.6449
167 .....	TOYOTA .....	LEXUS RX .....	22	34,745	0.6332
168 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	BUICK RENDEZVOUS .....	42	67,239	0.6246
169 .....	TOYOTA .....	HIGHLANDER .....	77	128,157	0.6008
170 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	OLDSMOBILE SILHOUETTE VAN .....	11	18,330	0.6001
171 .....	VOLKSWAGEN .....	NEW BEETLE .....	35	58,891	0.5943
172 .....	HONDA .....	PILOT .....	71	123,095	0.5768
173 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	SATURN VUE .....	58	109,455	0.5299
174 .....	BMW .....	Z4 .....	12	24,198	0.4959
175 .....	VOLVO .....	XC90 .....	6	12,404	0.4837
176 .....	VOLVO .....	V70 .....	3	6,242	0.4806
177 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	BUICK PARK AVENUE .....	14	29,309	0.4777
178 .....	SUBARU .....	BAJA .....	7	14,966	0.4677
179 .....	SAAB .....	9-5 .....	7	15,159	0.4618
180 .....	NISSAN .....	INFINITI FX35 .....	8	17,691	0.4522
181 .....	BMW .....	MINI COOPER .....	15	33,255	0.4511
182 .....	HONDA .....	CR-V .....	61	140,449	0.4343
183 .....	SAAB .....	9-3 .....	13	33,653	0.3863
184 .....	SUBARU .....	LEGACY/OUTBACK .....	30	84,858	0.3535
185 .....	VOLVO .....	V40 .....	3	9,155	0.3277
186 .....	SUBARU .....	FORESTER .....	21	65,691	0.3197
187 .....	MERCEDES-BENZ .....	170 (SLK-CLASS) .....	2	6,526	0.3065
188 .....	MAZDA .....	MPV VAN .....	10	33,563	0.2979
189 .....	HONDA .....	ODYSSEY VAN .....	48	165,197	0.2906
190 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	SATURN LW .....	2	7,251	0.2758
191 .....	NISSAN .....	INFINITI FX45 .....	2	7,743	0.2583
192 .....	ASTON MARTIN .....	VANQUISH .....	0	286	0.0000
193 .....	ASTON MARTIN .....	VANTAGE .....	0	399	0.0000
194 .....	AUDI .....	ALLROAD QUATTRO .....	0	5,256	0.0000
195 .....	AUDI .....	RS6 .....	0	1,436	0.0000
196 .....	AUDI .....	S8 .....	0	301	0.0000
197 .....	BMW .....	Z8 .....	0	539	0.0000

**FINAL REPORT OF THEFT RATES FOR MODEL YEAR 2003 PASSENGER MOTOR VEHICLES STOLEN IN CALENDAR YEAR  
2003—Continued**

	Manufacturer	Make/model (line)	Thefts 2003	Production (Mfr's) 2003	2003 Theft rate (per 1,000 vehicles produced)
198 .....	DAIMLERCHRYSLER .....	DODGE VIPER .....	0	1,707	0.0000
199 .....	FERRARI .....	360 .....	0	885	0.0000
200 .....	FERRARI .....	456 .....	0	32	0.0000
201 .....	FERRARI .....	575M .....	0	167	0.0000
202 .....	FERRARI .....	ENZO .....	0	102	0.0000
203 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	CADILLAC FUNERAL COACH/HEARSE .....	0	988	0.0000
204 .....	GENERAL MOTORS .....	CADILLAC LIMOUSINE .....	0	692	0.0000
205 .....	HONDA .....	ACURA NSX .....	0	176	0.0000
206 .....	HONDA .....	INSIGHT .....	0	1,011	0.0000
207 .....	JAGUAR .....	XJS .....	0	594	0.0000
208 .....	LAMBORGHINI .....	MURCIELAGO .....	0	75	0.0000
209 .....	LOTUS .....	ESPRIT .....	0	96	0.0000
210 .....	MASERATI .....	COUPE/SPYDER .....	0	408	0.0000
211 .....	MITSUBISHI .....	NATIVA <sup>1</sup> .....	0	470	0.0000
212 .....	QUANTUM TECH. .....	CHEVROLET CAVALIER .....	0	313	0.0000
213 .....	ROLLS ROYCE .....	BENTLEY .....	0	2	0.0000
214 .....	ROLLS ROYCE .....	BENTLEY ARNAGE .....	0	107	0.0000
215 .....	ROLLS ROYCE .....	BENTLEY AZURE .....	0	35	0.0000
216 .....	ROLLS ROYCE .....	CONTINENTAL R .....	0	1	0.0000
217 .....	VOLKSWAGEN .....	EUROVAN/CAMPER .....	0	4,662	0.0000

<sup>1</sup> This vehicle was manufactured for sale only in Puerto Rico and represents the U.S. version of Mitsubishi's Montero Sport line.

Issued on: August 3, 2005.

**Stephen R. Kratzke,**

*Associate Administrator for Rulemaking.*

[FR Doc. 05-15689 Filed 8-8-05; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4910-59-P**

## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

#### 50 CFR Part 679

[Docket No. 041126333-5040-02; I.D. 080305B]

#### Fisheries of the Exclusive Economic Zone Off Alaska; Pacific Ocean Perch in the West Yakutat District of the Gulf of Alaska

**AGENCY:** National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

**ACTION:** Temporary rule; prohibition of retention.

**SUMMARY:** NMFS is prohibiting retention of Pacific Ocean perch in the West Yakutat District of the Gulf of Alaska (GOA). NMFS is requiring that catch of Pacific Ocean perch in this area be treated in the same manner as prohibited species and discarded at sea with a minimum of injury. This action is necessary because the Pacific Ocean perch 2005 total allowable catch (TAC) in this area has been reached.

**DATES:** Effective 1200 hrs, Alaska local time (A.l.t.), August 4, 2005, until 2400 hrs, A.l.t., December 31, 2005.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Josh Keaton, 907-586-7228.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** NMFS manages the groundfish fishery in the GOA exclusive economic zone according to the Fishery Management Plan for the Groundfish Fishery of the Gulf of Alaska (FMP) prepared by the North Pacific Fishery Management Council under authority of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act. Regulations governing fishing by U.S. vessels in accordance with the FMP appear at subpart H of 50 CFR part 600 and CFR part 679.

The 2005 TAC of Pacific Ocean perch in the West Yakutat District of the GOA is 841 metric tons as established by the 2005 and 2006 harvest specifications for groundfish of the GOA (70 FR 8958, February 24, 2005).

In accordance with § 679.20(d)(2), the Administrator, Alaska Region, NMFS, has determined that the Pacific Ocean perch TAC in the West Yakutat District of the GOA has been reached. Therefore, NMFS is requiring that further catches of Pacific Ocean perch in the West Yakutat District of the GOA be treated as prohibited species in accordance with § 679.21(b).

#### Classification

This action responds to the best available information recently obtained from the fishery. The Assistant

Administrator for Fisheries, NOAA (AA), finds good cause to waive the requirement to provide prior notice and opportunity for public comment pursuant to the authority set forth at 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(B) as such requirement is impracticable and contrary to the public interest. This requirement is impracticable and contrary to the public interest as it would prevent NMFS from responding to the most recent fisheries data in a timely fashion and would delay the prohibition of retention of Pacific Ocean perch in the West Yakutat District of the GOA.

The AA also finds good cause to waive the 30-day delay in the effective date of this action under 5 U.S.C. 553(d)(3). This finding is based upon the reasons provided above for waiver of prior notice and opportunity for public comment.

This action is required by § 679.20 and is exempt from review under Executive Order 12866.

**Authority:** 16 U.S.C. 1801 *et seq.*

Dated: August 3, 2005.

**Alan D. Risenhoover,**

*Acting Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service.*

[FR Doc. 05-15734 Filed 8-4-05; 2:53 pm]

**BILLING CODE 3510-22-S**