PRIMARY CARE MANAGER TRAINING -

NON-MEDICAL ATTENDANTS







AGENDA - NMA TRAINING FOR PCMs

- Non-Medical Attendant Definition
- Soldier Eligibility Requirements
- PCM Requirements
- Termination of NMA Orders and
- NMA Duties and Responsibilities







WHAT ARE NON-MEDICAL ATTENDANTS

Non-Medical Attendants

- An individual designed by the Soldier
- Determined appropriate by the physician and the military treatment facility commander to be appropriate to serve as a NMA
- Whose presence may contribute to the health and welfare of the Soldier





WHO IS ELIGIBLE FOR A NMA?

- Eligible Population
 - A Soldier who as a result of a wound, illness, or injury has been determined by the attending physician or surgeon to be in the category known as "very seriously wounded, ill or injured" or "seriously wounded, ill, or injured"
 - AND is hospitalized for treatment of the wound, illness, or injury or requires continuing outpatient treatment for the wounds, illness, or injury.





ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

- Very Seriously Injured (VSI): classified by medical authorities to be
 of such severity that life is imminently endangered.
- Seriously III or Injured (SI): classified by medical authorities to be of such severity that there is cause for immediate concern, but there is no imminent danger to life.
- Incapacitating Illness or Injury (III): requires hospitalization, but medical authority does not classify as very seriously ill or injured or seriously ill or injured; the illness or injury makes the person physically or mentally unable to communicate with the next of kin.
- Not Seriously Injured (NSI): may or may not require hospitalization but not classified by a medical authority as very seriously injured (VSI), seriously injured (SI), or incapacitating illness or injury (III); the person is able communicate with the Next of Kin (NOK).





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	f: VSI TO SI		h. TRANSFE	RRED	j. ADDIT	FIONAL SPECIAL (:if): in remarks)	ATEGORY
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INITIATING THE NMA PROCESS

PCM identifies Soldier as candidate for NMA; completes DA 2984, sends to PAD

PCM Counsels Soldier on his/her eligibility for a NMA – documents in ALHTA

PCM approves NMA selection; completes WTU NMA Worksheet – sends to command

PCM counsels Soldier and NMA on projected length of NMA orders

30 Days prior to the end of NMA orders, PCM will re-evaluate the Soldier's continued need for an NMA

Document in ALHTA







PCM RESPONSIBILITIES

Determine the length of time a NMA is required

- Up to 180 days Initial NMA orders for all Very Seriously III or Injured (VSI) may be <u>up to</u> 180 days based upon their medical needs.
- Up to 90 days Initial NMA orders for seriously III or Injured (SI)
 Soldiers may be between for up to 90 days based upon their medical needs.
- Time specific for convalescent leave Soldiers that require assistance during their convalescent leave periods may have a NMA for the part or all of their convalescent leave.
- Psychological / Emotional support should be considered when making a determination of the need for a NMA and the length of time a Soldier may need a NMA.
 - As a reminder, Soldiers are not always forthcoming about their psychological health. Ask the NMA for insight.



PCM RESPONSIBILITIES

Documentation of the NMA need

ALHTA

- Prescribe as a medical order the need for a NMA and include the length of time.
- Soldier's Patient Category must be documented as well (SI/VSI)
- The need for a NMA must be documented in ALHTA in your clinical notes to include the rationale for the need and document your counseling of the Soldier and the NMA.

PCM Worksheet

- To communicate the need for the Soldier to have a NMA, use the PCM worksheet and forward to the command.
- If a NMA is required, the worksheet must be forwarded to the command within 1 business day of the decision.





MCWT-CSD	Date:				
MEMORANDUM E	or Commander, WTU/CBWTU (write in unit specific information)				
THRU Commander	, XX Company, WTU				
SUBJECT: Reques	st for Non-Medical Attendant (NMA) Orders				
1. Request for the Soldier	assignment of a Non-Medical Attendant (NMA) for the following (Last Name, First Name, last 4 SSNs)				
The Soldier medical condition is considered (check box):					
	Very Serious Serious Guarded due to the needs for cognitive guidance/direction Guarded due to behavioral health stability				
3. The Soldier will r	need assistance with the following (circle any that apply):				
0 0 0 0	Eating Bathing/Hygiene Dressing/Grooming Toileting Walking/Transferring Continence Cognitive Guidance/Direction Emotional Stability				
Based upon the (circle one):	medical determination the Soldier will need a NMA for approximately				
	180 days 90 days 30 days Renewal Orders for (circle one): 30 days 90 days				
	Renewal Orders for specified time of: No longer has the medical need for a NMA.				
5. The POC is the	Soldier's PCM and can be reached at.:				







PCM RESPONSIBILITIES

Re-evaluate the need for a NMA

- 30 days prior to the end of NMA orders re-evaluate the Soldier's continuing need for a NMA.
- If the NMA is still needed, order length should be based upon the needs of the Soldier.
 - You must document findings in ALHTA and use the PCM worksheet as with the initial set of NMA orders.
- If the NMA is no longer needed to assist the Soldier, the PCM must counsel the Soldier and the NMA on why this decision has been reached.
 - Counseling must be documented in ALHTA.
 - A medical order must be written to discontinue the NMA.
 - A PCM worksheet must be submitted to the command documenting that the Soldier no longer needs a NMA.
 - If the Soldier is no longer SI/VSI, submit an updated DA Form 2984 to remove from SI/VSI list.



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THRU Commander,	XX Company, WTU
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4. Based upon the (circle one):	medical determination the Soldier will need a NMA for approximately
	180 days 90 days 30 days Renewal Orders for (circle one): 30 days Renewal Orders for specified time of: No longer has the medical need for a NMA.
5. The POC is the S	Soldier's PCM and can be reached at:







	VERY SEE			SPECIAL CATEGO the proponent agency i		REPORT		
TO:	PATIENT ADMINISTRATOR				PERSON TO E	BE NOTIFIED		
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		DATE	HOUR	TELEPHONE	TELEGRAM	LETTER	IN PERSON	
12. F	REPORT RECEIVED							
	13. PERSON (Same as Item 6)							
	14. INFORMATION OFFICE 15. RED CROSS						<u> </u>	
	16. CHAPLAIN							
NOTE	16. CHAPLAIN 17. UNIT COMMANDER		_					
	18. OTHER (Specify)		_				 	
	EMARKS							
PATIENT'S IDENTIFICATION (For typed or written entries give: Name - last, first, middle; grade; family member prefix)			rme - last, first,	20. TYPED OR PRINTED NAME OF PATIENT ADMINISTRATOR OR ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER OF THE DAY				
				21. SIGNATURE				
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APPEALS

A Soldier may appeal the denial of a NMA or a decision to terminate NMA orders.

- Appeals are directed to the MTF DCCS.
- Soldiers are required to provide rationale to the DCCS on the need (or continuing need) for a NMA.
- The DCCS will use MD notes to understand the decision.
 Documentation should clearly articulate why the NMA is not/no longer needed.





QUESTIONS





