



**US Army Corps
of Engineers**

Philadelphia District

Pearce Creek Disposal Area Groundwater Investigation Pearce Creek, MD

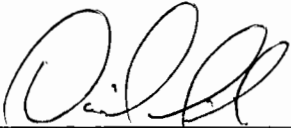


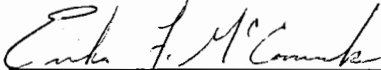
Phase II Report

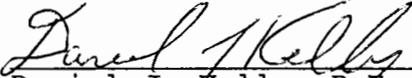
November 1996

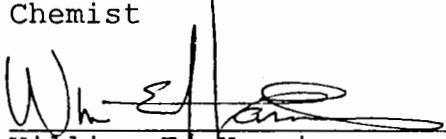
PEARCE CREEK DREDGED MATERIAL DISPOSAL AREA

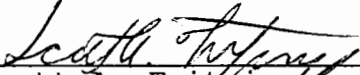
GROUNDWATER INVESTIGATION
PHASE II REPORT

Prepared By: 
Daniel M. Sirkis, P.G.
Hydrogeologist


Erika F. McCormick
Chemist


Daniel J. Kelly, P.E.
Geotechnical Engineer


William E. Harris
Industrial Hygienist

Reviewed By: 
Scott A. Fritzing, P.E.
Chief, Geotechnical Section

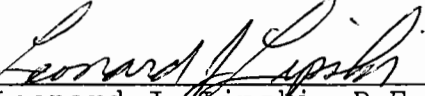
Approved By: 
Leonard J. Lipski, P.E.
Chief, Design Branch

Table of Contents

Executive Summary	i
1.0 Introduction	1-1
2.0 Pearce Creek Background	2-1
2.1 Site Location	2-1
2.2 Site Description	2-1
2.3 Vicinity Characteristics	2-1
2.3.1 Surface Features/Hydraulics/Meteorology	2-1
2.3.2 Geology/Hydrogeology	2-2
2.3.3 Well Search	2-3
2.4 Site History	2-4
2.5 Surrounding Land Use and History	2-4
2.6 Regulatory Review	2-4
3.0 Investigation Methods	3-1
3.1 Soil Borings	3-1
3.2 Well Installation	3-1
3.3 Well Development	3-2
3.4 Groundwater Chemical Sampling	3-2
3.5 Aquifer Analysis Methodologies	3-3
3.5.1 Slug Tests	3-3
3.5.2 Step Test	3-3
3.5.3 Pump Test	3-4
4.0 Investigation Results and Discussion	4-1
4.1 Geology/Hydrogeology	4-1
4.1.1 Geology	4-1
4.1.2 Hydrogeology	4-2
4.2 Geochemical Testing	4-9
4.2.1 Soil - Comparison of Soils Among Background, Disposal Area, and the West View Shores	4-9
4.2.2 Groundwater - Comparison of Surface Water, Shallow Groundwater, and Deep Groundwater in the Disposal Area	4-10
4.3 Aquifer Analysis	4-22
4.3.1 Slug Tests	4-22
4.3.2 Step Test	4-23
4.3.3 Pump Test	4-23
4.4 Site Survey	4-30
5.0 Summary and Conclusions	5-1
6.0 References	6-1

FIGURES

Figure 2-1	Vicinity Map	2-5
Figure 2-2	Site Map	2-6
Figure 3-1	Well Location Map	3-5
Figure 3-2	CSW-10 Hydrograph	3-6
Figure 4.1-1	Cross Section A-A'	4-4
Figure 4.1-2	Cross Section B-B'	4-5
Figure 4.1-3	Cross Section C-C'	4-6
Figure 4.1-4	Cross Section Location Map	4-7
Figure 4.1-5	Piezometric Surface	4-8
Figure 4.3-1	Step Test Hydrograph	4-26
Figure 4.3-2	Shallow Well Hydrographs	4-27
Figure 4.3-3	Deep Well Hydrographs	4-28

TABLES

Table 2-1	Geologic Units and Aquifers in the Coastal Plain of Cecil County, MD	2-7
Table 3-1	Geotechnical Testing Results	3-7
Table 4.2-1	Soil Testing Results 1995	4-13
Table 4.2-2	Groundwater Testing Results 1995	4-17
Table 4.2-3	Soil Testing Results 1996	4-18
Table 4.2-4	Groundwater Testing Results 1996	4-19
Table 4.2-5	Groundwater Statistics for 1996 Data	4-21
Table 4.3-1	Slug Test Results	4-22
Table 4.3-2	Tidal Influence	4-29
Table 4.4-1	Well Coordinates and Elevations	4-30

APPENDICES

Appendix A	Boring Logs
Appendix B	Well Installation Logs
Appendix C	Geotechnical Testing Results
Appendix D	Geochemical Data Graphing
Appendix E	Slug Test Graphs/Data/Calculations

Executive Summary

This study was conducted to address the concerns of possible groundwater impacts from the Pearce Creek dredged material disposal area in the vicinity of West View Shores, MD. The overall geology, hydrogeology and chemical makeup of the groundwater in this area has been extensively examined during this investigation. All findings indicate that the Elk River/Chesapeake Bay seems to be the predominant recharge source for the local aquifers and water quality was poor at all locations sampled. The perceived threat of future disposal site activities to the local groundwater regime relies primarily on the downward movement of water through the dredged material and into the drinking water aquifer. The findings of the subsurface investigation, pump testing and chemical analysis refute this threat. The low vertical hydraulic conductivity observed during the phase II pump test and confirmed by geotechnical analysis, suggests that the continued use of the Pearce Creek dredged material disposal area does not pose a threat to the local water supply. The poor quality of local groundwater cannot be denied, however, it is apparent that the Pearce Creek dredged material disposal site activities are not the source of the problem.

1.0 Introduction

In a study conducted by Maryland Environmental Services (MES), groundwater in some of the wells of the community of West View Shores (WVS) were found to contain elevated levels of contaminants that are potentially linked to oxidation of chemicals in sediments. The study was inconclusive in identifying the sources for the contamination because of a lack of groundwater flow information in the area.

In response to Maryland Department of the Environment (MDE) concerns of groundwater impacts from the Pearce Creek Dredged Material Disposal site (Pearce Creek), the USACE, Philadelphia District, has conducted a two-phase groundwater investigation in accordance with EC (Engineering Circular) 1110-2-287, Groundwater Investigations. Concerns have been raised that surface water may be migrating downward vertically through the dredged material sediments into the drinking water aquifer thereby impacting the water quality of local residential wells.

In Phase 1 of this investigation, Black & Veatch Special Projects Corporation (B&VSPC), under a previous Delivery Order for the U. S. Army Corps of Engineers, Philadelphia District, prepared a "Final Work Plan, Investigation of Pearce Creek Disposal Area" in September, 1995 to outline a phased investigation of groundwater flow in the area. That work plan focused on the groundwater and potential contaminants in the Corps' Pearce Creek dredged material disposal area.

Upon completion of Phase 1, B&VSPC prepared a report, "Subsurface Investigations, Pearce Creek Disposal Area" which forms the basis of this report and describes the work performed in Phase I study of the work plan. Phase 1 was conducted from October 30, 1995 to March 1, 1996. The purpose of that phase of the study was to (1) establish the groundwater flow regime in the Pearce Creek Disposal site and (2) gather information on the geochemical characteristics in and below the disposal area. The study included a subsurface exploration program consisting of the installation of monitoring wells, characterization of site geology and hydrogeology, the determination of aquifer parameters, and chemical sampling of soil and groundwater.

The Philadelphia District performed Phase II of the Pearce Creek Groundwater Investigation to further our understanding of the geological and hydrogeological parameters of the site vicinity. Phase II was designed to determine the following geological and hydrogeological elements of the Pearce Creek Site: subsurface geology, groundwater flow directions, step test results, and pump test results. This phase included subsurface investigation, a pump test of existing well CSW-1, the installation of six new monitoring wells and analytical sampling of soil and groundwater.

2.0 Pearce Creek Background

2.1 Site Location

The Pearce Creek Disposal Area lies in the western part of Cecil County, Maryland just east of the Chesapeake Bay, Figure 2-1. The site is located along Elk River and Pearce Creek. Figure 2-2 shows the boundaries of the disposal area.

2.2 Site Description

This site is a one cell dredged material disposal area. There are no buildings on the site. There are some depressions within the diked area that contain water. Vegetation varies across the site with stressed vegetation on the top and sides of the dikes in some locations to thick stands of tall reeds in other locations. The last sediment disposal episode occurred in the fall of 1993.

2.3 Vicinity Characteristics

2.3.1 Surface Features/Hydraulics/Meteorology

The disposal area has one cell of approximately 300 acres. The topography within the cell is fairly level with some depressions. Topography and elevations are shown in the MES report (1995). The elevation within the cell is approximately +40 and on top of the dikes is >+50. The land area within one mile of the site has gently rolling hills, varying from less than 20 feet to 99 feet National Geodetic Vertical Datum (NGVD). Surface soils are listed in the County Soil Survey, dated 1973, as mostly Made Land, with some small areas of sandy loam.

Pearce Creek lies to the northeast of the site, and drains into the Elk River. The Elk River leads into the Chesapeake Bay. The mean tidal range at Courthouse Point (eight miles further up the Elk River) is 2.2 feet (Rogers, Golden, and Halpern, 1986).

The meteorology of the area is described in the Cecil County Soil Survey. Cecil County has a humid, continental climate with well-defined seasons. The Chesapeake Bay and its tributaries and, to a lesser degree, the Atlantic Ocean, have a modifying effect on the climate, especially in moderating extreme temperatures. Average temperatures and precipitation from 1931 to 1960 were calculated for Elkton, Maryland. The average daily temperature maximum is 65.6 degrees Fahrenheit, and the average daily minimum temperature is 43.4 degrees Fahrenheit. The average total yearly precipitation is 45.35 inches.

2.3.2 Geology/Hydrogeology

The disposal area lies within the Northern Atlantic Coastal Plain physiographic region. The Coastal Plain consists of a seaward-dipping wedge of unconsolidated sediments that are primarily clay, silt, sand, and gravel and are classified as continental, coastal, or marine-type deposits (Zapeczka, 1984). Hydrologic units that are mostly sand and gravel are permeable and are considered aquifers, and those that are mostly silt or clay are relatively impermeable and are considered confining units. Multiple geologic formations may be grouped together as a single hydrogeologic unit. Coastal Plain sediments, including surficial deposits, range from Cretaceous to Recent in age. The Coastal Plain sediments strike northeast-southwest and dip to the southeast.

The general stratigraphy of the site area includes a blanket of Cenozoic sediments unconformably overlying the Cretaceous Magothy Formation, which conformably overlies the thick deposits of the Cretaceous Potomac Group. Below the Potomac Group is the crystalline basement rock surface, sloping southeastward beneath the site at an elevation of approximately -900 (Vroblesky and Fleck, 1991), and at a rate of about 100 feet per mile. (Otton, et. al., 1988).

Geologic and Hydrogeologic Units

The Coastal Plain sediments of Cecil County consist of unconsolidated stratified layers of clay, silt, sand, and gravel. Saturated sand and gravel constitute the aquifers. Interspersed in, and grading laterally into the sand, are clay and silt layers that act chiefly as confining and semiconfining layers (Otton, et. al., 1988). Table 2.1 lists the geologic units and corresponding aquifers in the Coastal Plain of Cecil County, Maryland.

In general, the surficial Columbia aquifer is less than 50 feet thick in Cecil County. The Pensauken Formation of the Columbia Aquifer occupies nearly all of the upland areas east of the Elk River in the area of the site. The Pensauken Formation consists mainly of sand, gravelly sand, boulder gravel, and loam. Quartz and Quartzite clasts predominate, but rock fragments of Piedmont formations are present. The sand fraction contains appreciable amounts of feldspar. Water levels frequently indicate perched water table conditions (Otton, et. al., 1988). The surficial deposits in Cecil County often lack enough saturated thickness to be a major aquifer except where they are underlain by a subcropping sand or where a paleochannel exists (Bachman and Wilson, 1984).

The Cretaceous Magothy Formation consists of black, dark gray, and white, fine to coarse quartzose sand and clay. Coarse materials are usually lighter colored, alternating with dark-colored clay or silty clay. Highly lignitic sand is present at some outcrops. Siderite, pyrite, and marcasite are present locally as are iron-stained and iron-cemented zones. The unit dips to the southeast at an average rate of 30 to 40 feet per mile. The Magothy Formation is exposed at Crystal Beach, just north of the site. Transmissivity values range from 290 to 3,300 ft²/day, with the mean being 490 ft²/day. Only two values of storativity are available, 0.0001 and 0.00006. These values have been gathered from wells screened in the Magothy Formation to the northeast, east and south of the site, where the Magothy is confined by the Matawan Confining Unit. The site area lies within the outcrop zone of the

Magothy Formation (Otton et al 1988). Thickness of the Magothy Formation in Cecil County is about 45 feet, and the Formation dips to the southeast at an average rate of 30 to 40 feet per mile. (Otton, et. al., 1988).

The Cretaceous Potomac Group is comprised of sand, gravelly sand, silt and clay, and generally consists of elongate sand bodies within a matrix of silt and clay. Sand bodies are more prevalent in the upper and lower parts of the unit while the middle part is predominantly silt and clay. Some water-bearing sand occurs within the confining unit, but finer-grained materials are predominant. The aquifers in the Potomac Group are made up of numerous sands that do not appear to be physically connected. The intervening clays impede vertical and horizontal flow of ground water between the sands (Otton and Mandel, 1984). The thick sequence of sediments comprising the Potomac Group in Cecil County is divided into three hydrogeologic units: (1) the upper Potomac aquifer, (2) the middle Potomac confining unit, and (3) the lower Potomac aquifer (Otton, et. al., 1988).

Potomac Group sediments are predominantly fine-grained and include sand, silt, and clay. Interspersed irregularly throughout the section are layers of medium to coarse sand and gravel that vary greatly in thickness and lateral extent. Sand layers are white to orange-brown, crossbedded, moderately well sorted, and mostly quartzose. Gravel is almost entirely quartz or quartzite clasts, usually less than 3 inches in diameter. Localized iron-cemented layers occur throughout the section, varying from fractions of an inch to a few feet in thickness. Clay may be silty and runny, or tough, compact, and almost dry in places. The colors of fine materials range from white and yellow to deeper shades of red, purple, and dark gray. Localized occurrences of lignite and pyrite are common (Otton, et. al., 1988).

The sediments referred to by Otton et al. (1988) and in this report as the Potomac Group were divided into three units by Overbeck and others (1958). In order of increasing depth the units are the Raritan, Patapsco, and Patuxent Formations. A more detailed description of the Upper Potomac sediments can be generated from a description of the Raritan as being lithologically and hydrologically similar to the subcropping Patapsco Formation, with less highly colored clays and a higher percentage of sand. Discussing the Patapsco, Overbeck wrote that gravel is found scattered through sandy clay at places but is rarely in continuous beds. Due to the sharp changes in the character of the material, the permeability of lenses differ greatly. Wells located near one another may have to go to different depths to find a lens sufficiently permeable to yield water. The lenses are probably hydrologically connected; although individual lenses may be thin and of limited lateral extent, taken together they form a large unit of water-bearing material. The lenticularity of the sands is indicated by the different depths at which water is found in neighboring wells.

2.3.3 Well Search

Discussions with Cecil County Planning Commission officials and review of withdrawal records indicates that the community of Crystal Beach, which lies northeast of the site, has one or more township wells which withdraw 30,000 gallons per day and numerous smaller domestic wells. The Cecil County Soil Survey showed no wells within a one mile radius of the site. A list of groundwater withdrawals in the area was obtained from the Maryland Department of Natural Resources (DNR).

The MES report lists numerous domestic wells in the West View Shores subdivision and the surrounding site. These wells are predominantly listed as being screened in the Magothy and Upper Potomac aquifers. A few of the well listings do not differentiate which aquifer they are screened in.

2.4 Site History

A review of aerial photographs from the years 1973 (Soil Survey) and 1990 show that the site was used as a dredged material disposal area before 1973. Dikes observed during the site visit were in the same location seen on the 1973 and 1990 photographs. The 1990 aerial photograph shows borrowing activity on the south side of the area.

Title information shows that the property was owned by the U. S. Government since 1937. An ownership summary to 1937 is as follows:

The U. S. Government condemned and acquired properties that comprise the disposal area in 1937. Fifteen tracts were acquired ranging in size from 232 acres to 1 acre, for a total of approximately 997 acres. As noted above, only about 300 acres are being used for dredged material disposal.

No Sanborn maps were found for this site.

2.5 Surrounding Land Use and History

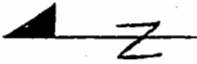
The north side of the site adjoins Elk River and Pearce Creek. The town of Crystal Beach, which has a small marina, is across Pearce Creek from the site. The area around Pearce Creek is mostly wetlands, with some hardwood forests. The east side of the site faces a forest, and the south side of the site faces Pond Neck Road and a forest. Agricultural fields are located across Pond Neck Road. The west side of the site faces a housing development named West View Shores.

Aerial photographs from 1973 and 1990 showed the same land use in the surrounding areas as observed during the site visit on October 3, 1994.

2.6 Regulatory Review

A review of regulatory documents as part of an earlier preliminary assessment (Black & Veatch, 1995) indicated the following potential sources of contamination in the local area:

- Two underground storage tanks registered possibly within one mile of the site.
- One solid waste landfill possibly within one mile of the site.



Scale 1:250,000 (at center)

5 Miles

5 KM

LEGEND

- Population Center
- State Route
- Geo Feature
- Town, Small City
- Park
- Interstate, Turnpike
- US Highway
- Airfield
- County Boundary
- Major Street/Road
- State Route
- Interstate Highway
- US Highway
- River
- Airfield
- Land Mass
- Open Water

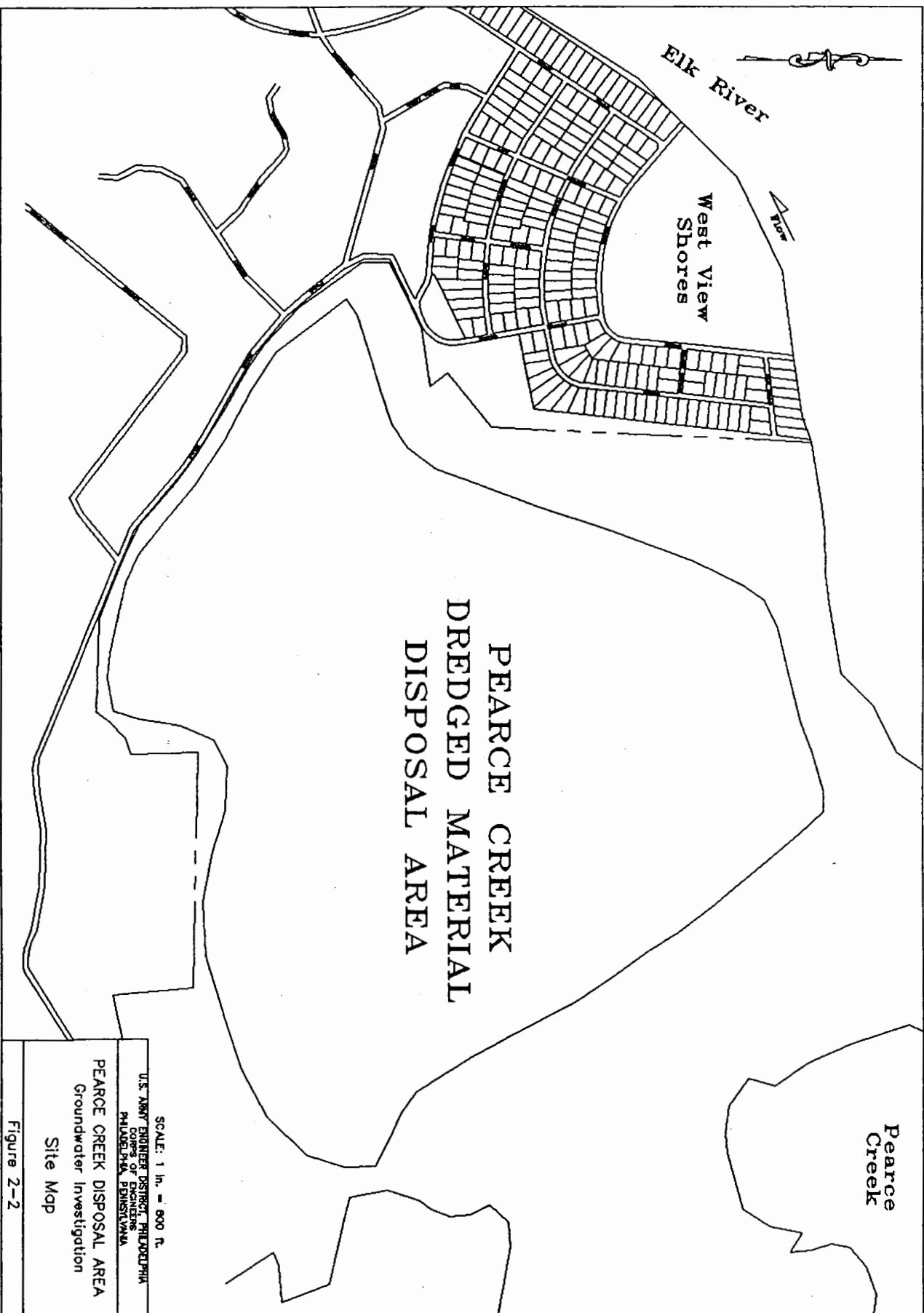


U.S. ARMY ENGINEER DISTRICT, PHILADELPHIA
 CORPS OF ENGINEERS
 PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA

PEARCE CREEK DISPOSAL AREA

Vicinity Map

FIGURE 2-1



PEARCE CREEK
DREDGED MATERIAL
DISPOSAL AREA

SCALE: 1 in. = 800 ft.
 U.S. ARMY ENGINEER DISTRICT PHILADELPHIA
 CORPS OF ENGINEERS
 PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA

PEARCE CREEK DISPOSAL AREA
 Groundwater Investigation
 Site Map

Figure 2-2

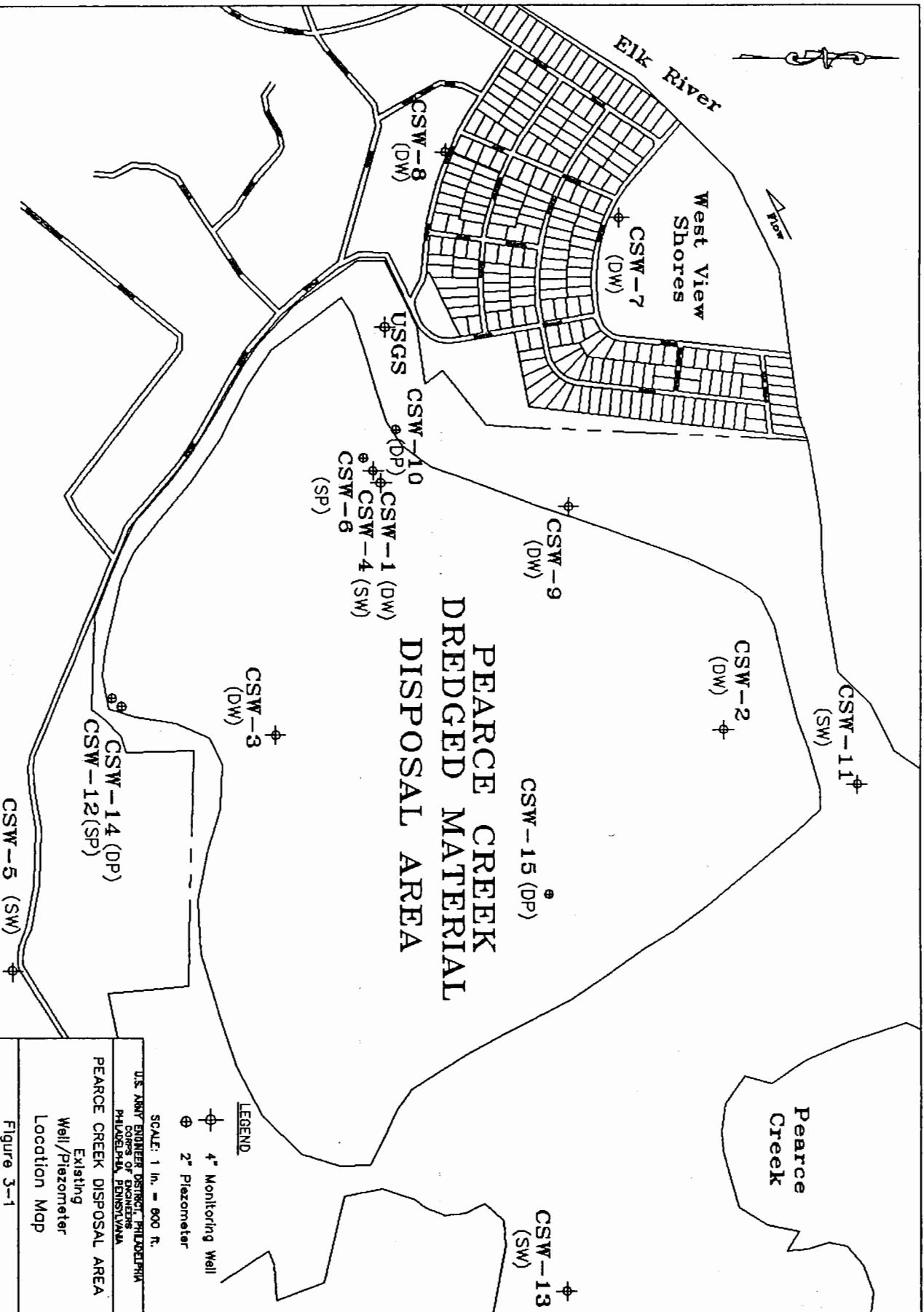


Figure 3-1

Erathem	System	Series	Geologic unit	Description	Hydro-geologic unit	
Cenozoic	Quaternary	Holocene	Tidal-marsh deposits	Sand, silt, clay, and organic matter. Thickness generally less than 20 ft.	Columbia aquifer	
			Alluvium	Sand, silt, clay, and gravel with some organic material. Thickness generally less than 40 ft.		
		Pleistocene	Talbot Formation	Coarse-grained facies: Coarse sand and gravel at base with some boulders. Finer sand and loam in upper part. Thickness 25 to 50 ft. Finer-grained facies: Silt and fine sand. Thickness 25 to 50 ft.		
	Tertiary	Miocene	Pensauken Formation	Gravel and sand with some boulders overlain with sand and loam. Thickness generally between 15 and 90 ft.		Aquia-Bornerstown aquifer
			Upland gravel	Gravel and sand with local lenses of clay. Thickness generally less than 75 ft.		
		Paleocene	Aquia Formation	Sand, clayey, glauconitic; green and yellow. Only the lowest 70 ft present in Cecil County.		
			Hornerstown Formation	Sand, about 90 percent glauconite, with glauconitic interstitial clay; green. Thickness generally 20 ft.		
Mesozoic	Cretaceous	Upper Cretaceous	Monmouth Group	Sand, glauconitic, and silty sand. Thickness about 80 ft.	Monmouth aquifer	
			Unnamed upper unit			
			Mount Laurel Sand	Sand, glauconitic, locally contains shell fragments. Thickness about 80 ft.		
			Matawan Group	Sand, glauconitic, clayey, and silty, greenish black.		Matawan confining unit
			Marshalltown Formation			
			Englishtown Formation			
		Merchantville Formation	Sand, silty and clayey, micaceous and glauconitic, black. Thickness about 45 ft.			
		Lower Cretaceous	Magothy Formation	Sand and clay, lignitic; black, gray, and white. Thickness about 35 ft.	Magothy aquifer	
			Potomac Group	Sand, gravelly sand, silt, and clay. Consists generally of elongate sand bodies within a matrix of silt and clay. Sand bodies are more prevalent in the upper and lower parts of the unit while the middle part is predominantly silt and clay.	Upper Potomac aquifer	
					Middle Potomac confining unit	
			Lower Potomac aquifer			

Table 2-1 Geologic Units and Corresponding Aquifers in the Coastal Plain of Cecil County, Maryland

Pearce Creek Disposal Area

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Philadelphia District

3.0 Investigation Methods

3.1 Soil Borings

The soil borings and well installations were conducted by a Maryland licensed well drilling contractor under the supervision of a qualified geotechnical engineer or geologist. The wells were drilled using mud rotary methods and/or hollow stem auger. Rotary drilled boreholes were stabilized with light bentonite drilling mud as required. Wells were completed consistent with State of Maryland regulations.

Borings were established and soil samples collected using a 2 inch diameter, 2 foot long split spoon sampler according to ASTM D1586-84, Standard Penetration Test (SPT). When extreme driving resistance was encountered and sample recovery became low, the method of driving the sampler was changed to a downhole hammer, not consistent with ASTM 1586. This change is marked on the drilling logs (Appendix A) where appropriate. CSW-1,2,3,5,7,8,9,11, and 15 were continuously sampled; all other wells were either intermittently sampled or only sampled just above and within the interval to be screened. Soil classification followed standard practice. In selected locations, undisturbed tube samples were taken according to ASTM D1587-94, Thin-walled Tube Geotechnical Sampling of Soils, in the vadose zone and below the water table as directed by an experienced geologist.

Samples from the subsurface investigation were collected and forwarded to the Corps for laboratory determination of geotechnical parameters. Split-spoon samples were selected by the on-site geologist or geotechnical engineer for analysis of representative strata. The results of the geotechnical testing of these samples are summarized on Table 3-1. Complete results are included as Appendix C.

3.2 Well Installation

As per the workplan, borings were advanced to depths similar to or deeper than the wells of concern in West View Shores, which were generally screened within elevation -50 to -100. In some cases, borings were partially grouted to reseal a confining clay encountered during sampling, and so that the well could be screened in an appropriate permeable zone. The cases in which this was done are noted on the boring and well installation logs included in the Appendices A and B.

Two and four inch diameter schedule 40 PVC well casings with five to fifteen foot long machine slotted 0.010 or 0.015 inch Timco High Flow PVC well screens and Morie Co. No. 1 filter pack were installed with stainless steel centralizers on the well casings. Well installation logs for CSW-1 thru CSW-9 are presented in Appendix B. The logs for CSW-10 thru 15 are included as part of their respective boring log in Appendix A. The locations of all wells installed during this study are shown on Figure 3-1.

The wells were constructed in accordance with standard practice and ASTM D 5092-90, Design and Installation of Ground Water Monitoring Wells in Aquifers. A washed silica sand filter pack extending from the base of the boring to approximately two feet above the screen was placed in the annular space around the casing using a tremie pipe. A finer-grained secondary filter pack was placed for a length of approximately one foot above the primary filter pack to prevent intrusion of the bentonite grout into the primary filter pack. A minimum five feet thick high solids bentonite slurry was placed above the sand pack to separate the permeable zone from the uphole cement-bentonite seal. The remainder of the annulus was tremie-grouted to ground surface with a 6 to 1 (dry weight) cement-bentonite grout mixture.

Wells inside the disposal area were finished as stickup wells. To provide for later vertical extension of the wells, the top of casing was left flush-threaded. A steel protective cover was installed around the well casing to provide protection from damage. A locking well cap was installed at all locations to secure the wells. Wells CSW-5, CSW-7, and CSW-8 were finished as flushmount wells.

3.3 Well Development

After completion of monitoring well installation, the wells were developed in accordance with ASTM D5092 to remove residual drilling fluid and sediment which could clog the filter pack and/or formation. To allow the grout to harden, development occurred no earlier than 24 hours after installation of the cement-bentonite grout in the borehole. Development was accomplished by surging and pumping. Compressed air was not used for development. Water produced during development of wells on the disposal site was discharged onto the ground surface. Water produced during development of offsite wells was collected and disposed of onsite, inside the bermed area. Measurements taken during development included start and stop times, procedures, pumping rate and drawdown, in addition to the parameters of temperature, specific conductivity, pH, and salinity. The development process continued until the discharge water was reasonably clear and achieved a relatively stable pH, temperature, and specific conductivity.

3.4 Groundwater Chemical Sampling

Black and Veatch's 1995 sampling protocol was as follows: the sampling procedure for sulfate in groundwater was modified to minimize the oxidation of sulfide. This was done to prevent an increase in sulfate concentration which would not be representative of the actual groundwater conditions.

Groundwater samples were directly collected into bottles containing the preservative. The bottles were filled without air present, capped, and shaken to speed up zinc sulfide precipitation. The samples for sulfide and ferrous iron were collected unfiltered, immediately preserved, and capped to minimize aeration. The laboratory receiving the samples was notified of the presence of zinc acetate in the sample so it could identify any potential interference. All other inorganics were field filtered and preserved.

The Philadelphia District's 1996 field sampling protocol was as follows: prior to sampling with a dedicated disposable bailer, all sampling locations were purged three well volumes. Sulfide samples were preserved with zinc acetate and sodium hydroxide. Sulfide sample bottles were filled to the maximum volume to minimize aeration. Ferrous iron samples were field filtered into a hydrochloric preserved 40 mL sample bottles containing no headspace. All other inorganics were preserved with nitric acid but not field filtered. Nutrient samples were preserved in the field with sulfuric acid .

3.5 Aquifer Analysis Methodologies

3.5.1 Slug Tests

All four inch diameter wells installed during Phase 1 were slug tested according to BVSPC standard procedures and ASTM D 4044-91, Standard Test Method for Instantaneous Change in Head for Determining Hydraulic Properties of Aquifers. As per the workplan, the two inch diameter piezometer CSW-6 was not slug tested. A PVC slug was introduced into each well and measurements were taken with an automated datalogger until the water level returned to its static level. Once equilibrium was achieved, the slug was removed and measurements were taken as water levels recovered.

Slug test data were solved using the Cooper, Bredehoeft, Papadopoulos 1967 type curve matching method. The computer program AQTESOLV was used to refine parameter estimates. Raw data was corrected to discount the early data points which reflect the oscillation of water levels immediately after the slug was introduced or removed. In cases where the raw data showed no change for a fraction of a second, data was also temporally corrected to start when a change began to take place. A K_r/K_z (radial to vertical permeability) ratio of 1:1 was assumed in the analysis.

3.5.2 Step Test

On 8/28/96 a step test was performed at CSW-1 to determine the proper flow rate to be used during the pump test. A four inch diameter submersible pump was set at 110 feet below the top of casing (TOC) at CSW-1 (see Figure 3-1). A manifold was configured to control the pump flow rate with a ball valve by placing the valve several feet downstream of a totalizer. The initial rate of the step test was 6 gallons per minute (gpm) which was then increased by increments of approximately 10 gpm until the final rate of 47gpm was reached. The effluent was piped approximately 100 feet to an existing ponded area. This ponded area was approximately 100 feet wide by 300 feet long by 3 feet deep and contained approximately 700,000 gallons of water. Less than 55,000 gallons were pumped from CSW-1 during the pump and step tests combined.

Digital dataloggers/transducers (Trolls) were installed at CSW-1 (deep pumping well), CSW-4 (shallow well), and CSW-6 (piezometer screened in the dredged material). The Trolls measure water level and temperature changes and store the data in their memory chips. The trolls were programmed to take water level and temperature measurements every five minutes during the step

and pump tests. Upon completion of the pump and step tests, the data from the trolls were downloaded onto a laptop computer.

3.5.3 Pump Test

The pump test began at 11:40 a.m. on September 3, 1996 for well CSW-1. The well was pumped at 47 gpm for 16 hours. This pump test was scheduled to run for 36 hours, however pump failure resulted in a shorter test. In addition to the Troll data, manual measurements were taken periodically during the pump test.

Wells CSW-10, and CSW-3 both had Trolls which malfunctioned and did not provide any water level data. A hydrograph of manual data was constructed for well CSW-10 (Figure 3-2). Well CSW-3 was located within a ponded area and was deemed unsafe for night manual readings, therefore very limited manual data is available. Well CSW-2 was located in a densely vegetated area and could not be found. Well CSW-15 was not completed prior to the pump test. The usable data from 11 of the 15 wells plus the manual data from CSW-10 provided adequate information to accomplish the Phase II tasks.

CSW-10 HYDROGRAPH

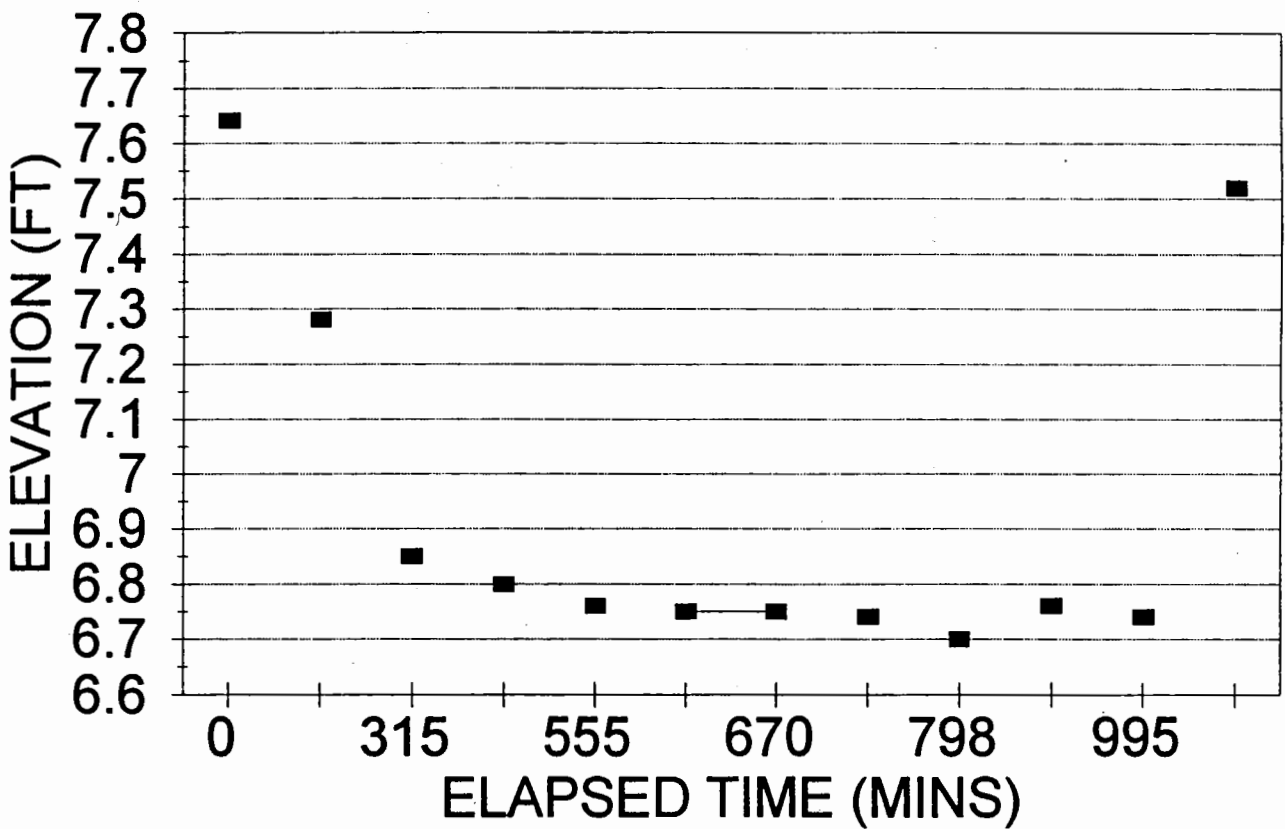


Figure 3-2

Table 3-1 Geotechnical Testing Results

Boring	Sample	Moisture Content (%)	Permeability (cm/s)	Atterburg Limits		
				LL	PL	PI
CSW-1	SPT-2	54				
	SPT-3	77.0		87	40	47
	SPT-11	25				
	SPT-20	21				
CSW-2	SPT-2	43.3				
	SPT-6	53.3				
	U-1	54.7	2.25×10^{-6}	68	34	34
	SPT-11	57.7				
	SPT-37	51				
	U-2	49.7	2.8×10^{-7}	80	37	43
CSW-3	SPT-4	51.9				
	SPT-13	25.8				
	U-1	19.1	9×10^{-8}	34	20	14
	SPT-72	19.1		30	19	11
CSW-5	SPT-3	24.6				
	SPT-16	23.9		26	23	3
	SPT-52	19.1				
CSW-7	SPT-14	34.6				
	SPT-46	19.7		25	21	4
	SPT-24	40.3		54	31	23
	U-1	30.9	2.4×10^{-7}	51	27	24
	U-2	30.9	8×10^{-8}	49	28	21
CSW-8	SPT-4	12.8				
	SPT-67	18.5				

4.0 Investigation Results and Discussion

4.1 Geology/Hydrogeology

4.1.1 Geology

The borings performed encountered the following sequence of sediments, in order of increasing depth: disposal area dredged material, Holocene tidal marsh deposits, and alternating layers of deposited gravels, sands, silts and clays above the Raritan Formation. As per the original workplan developed by B&VSPC, the borings and wells were completed to a depth similar to, or deeper than, the wells of concern in West View Shores.

Tidal marsh deposits were found in a thin layer just below the disposal area, and at CSW-7 in West View Shores next to the Elk River.

The dredged material was up to 35 feet thick, and is predominately silt and clay material. At CSW-7 in West View Shores, it was also noted that the top seven feet of material was composed of dredged material and tidal marsh deposits. Clay balls resulting from dredging operations were noted in the beach erosion cuts near CSW-7, along the Elk River. Fill placement was not noted at any other locations in West View Shores, and does not seem likely based on historical maps of the area.

Two general sequences of hydrogeologic materials were observed in the borings. The first was observed at locations CSW-2 and CSW-7, and the second was seen at locations to the south and east of CSW-2 and CSW-7. The two different sequences agree with information from drillers logs for wells placed in the West View Shores community.

The first sequence exhibited a layer of dredged material on top of tidal marsh sediments, followed by an aquifer layer comprised of interbedded sand, silty sand, and gravelly sand with occasional lenses of finer-grained less permeable material. Below this shallow aquifer, an aquiclude of organic clay was found. This clay ranged in color from brown to gray, turning to a darker color after a short period of exposure to the air. This clay also contained lenses of peat and woody material. Below the clay was another aquifer layer, generally composed of white to orange sand, and silty sand, with some clay lenses. Below this, an aquiclude of tight red and gray clay was encountered.

The second sequence was similar to the first, but no intermediate layer of organic clay was encountered. Below the disposal area and tidal marsh sediments, and above the red and gray clay, one overall aquifer unit was encountered. This unit also exhibited a great deal of interlensing between sand, silty sand, gravelly sand, and clay. The clay lenses were observed to at least have an aquitard effect, based on the water level variance seen between CSW-1 (deep) and CSW-4 (intermediate) at the well cluster.

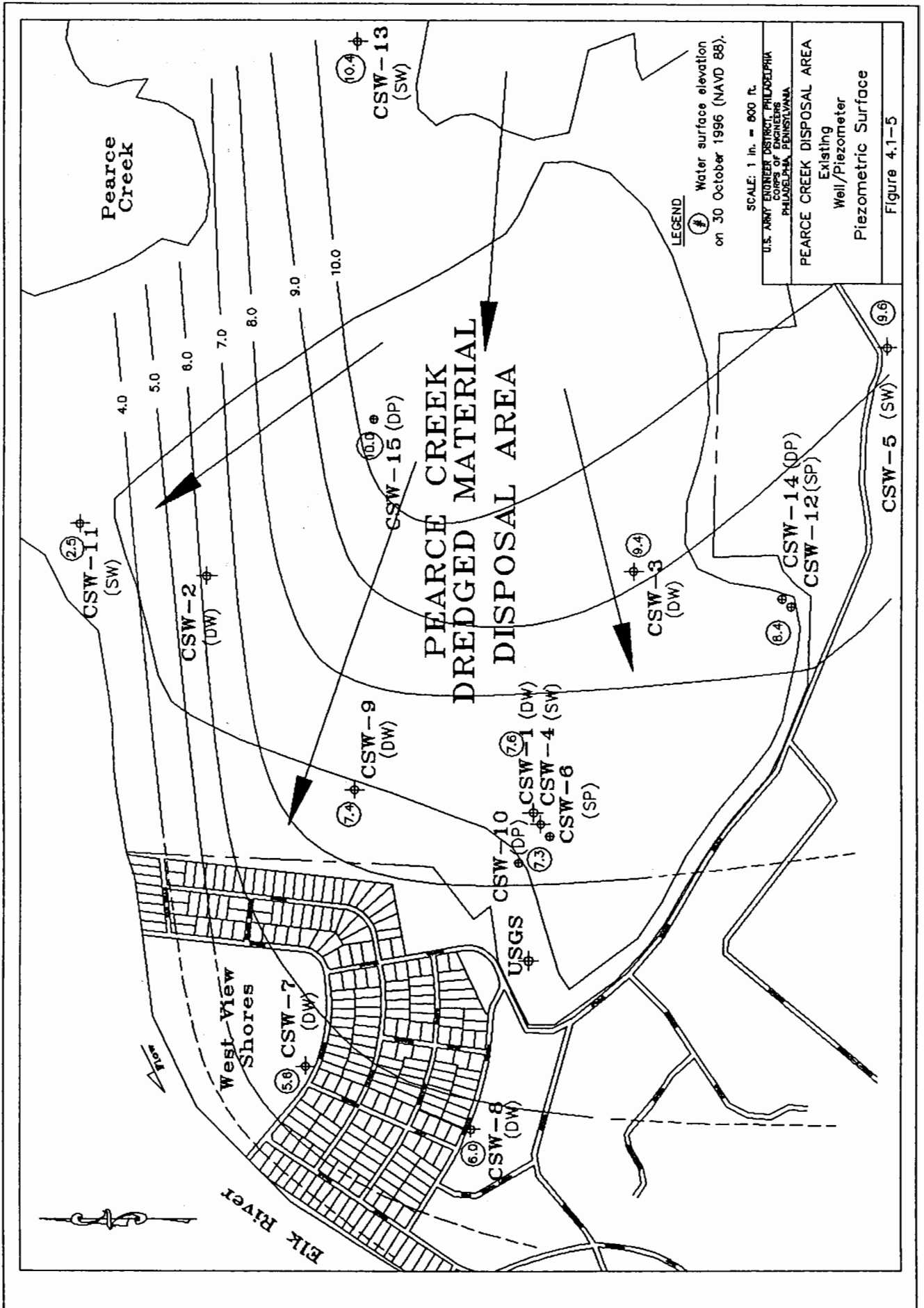
Soil samples from the investigation were collected and forwarded to the Corps for laboratory determination of geotechnical parameters. The summarized results of this testing can be found on

reason that the sand and gravel layers in the Pearce Creek area above the Raritan clay (Potomac) are not part of the Potomac aquifer, but instead local "micro-aquifers."

The groundwater flow at the site is generally westward, with a northwestern component on the West View shores side of the site. Figure 4.1-5 is the groundwater flow map constructed from water levels taken on Oct 30, 1996. The groundwater gradient across the site is approximately .001 ft/ft.

The land based recharge for the surficial aquifers appear to be an area south and southeast of the site because the site is essentially surrounded on three sides by water. The total potential recharge area is approximately 450 acres. This recharge area probably originates near the Stemmers Run Landfill and continues westward towards the site.

Within the disposal area limits there are many areas of perched water which are greater than 20 feet above the upper aquifer water table. Based on observations during the course of this investigation, it appears that this perched fresh water does not easily move into the lower aquifers. This assertion is bolstered by the extremely limited vertical hydraulic conductivity noted between CSW-1, CSW-4 & CSW-6.



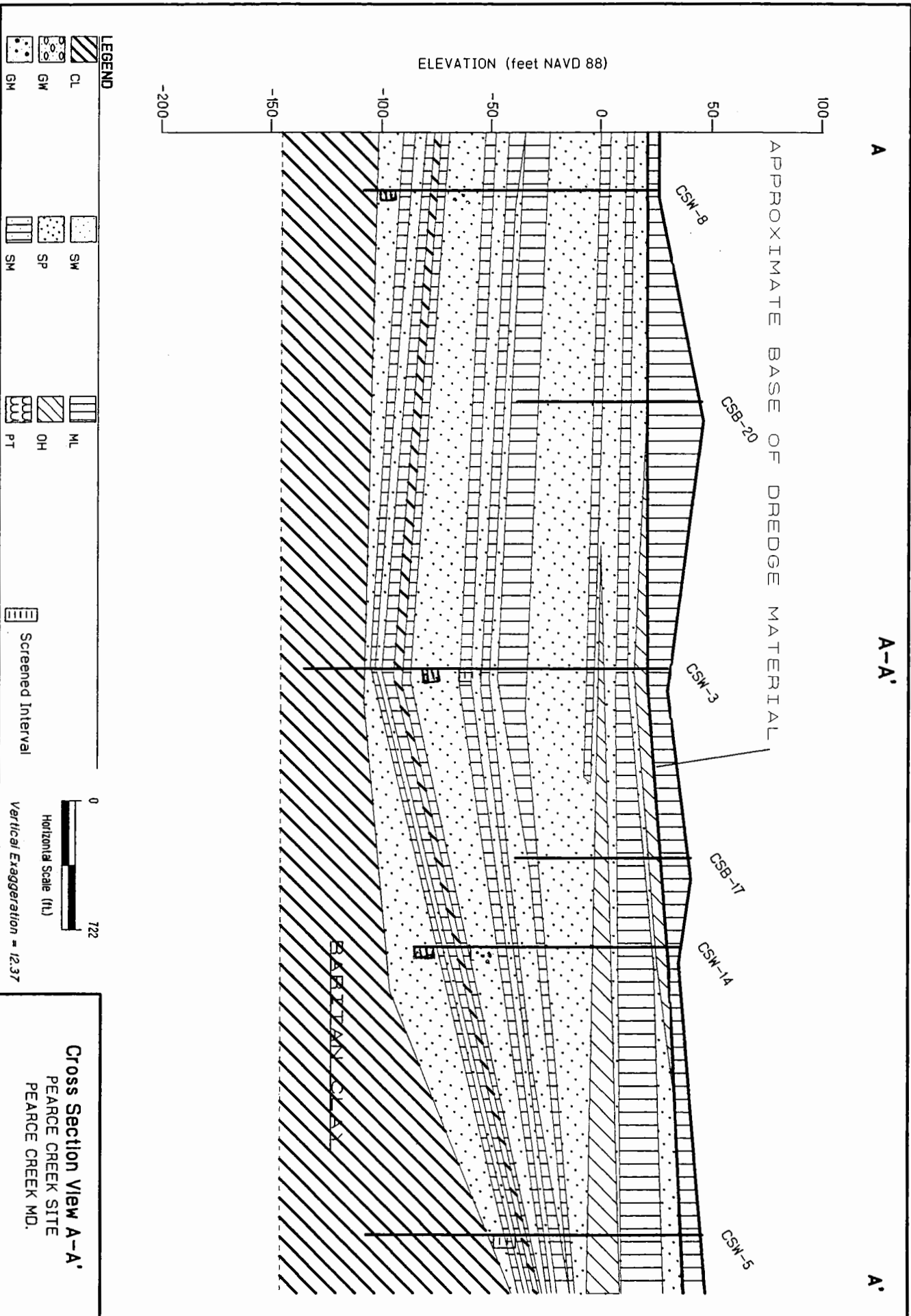
LEGEND
 (Elevation symbol) Water surface elevation on 30 October 1996 (NAVD 88).

SCALE: 1 in. = 600 ft.
 U.S. ARMY ENGINEER DISTRICT, PHILADELPHIA
 CORPS OF ENGINEERS
 PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA

PEARCE CREEK DISPOSAL AREA
 Existing Well/Piezometer
 Piezometric Surface

Figure 4.1-5

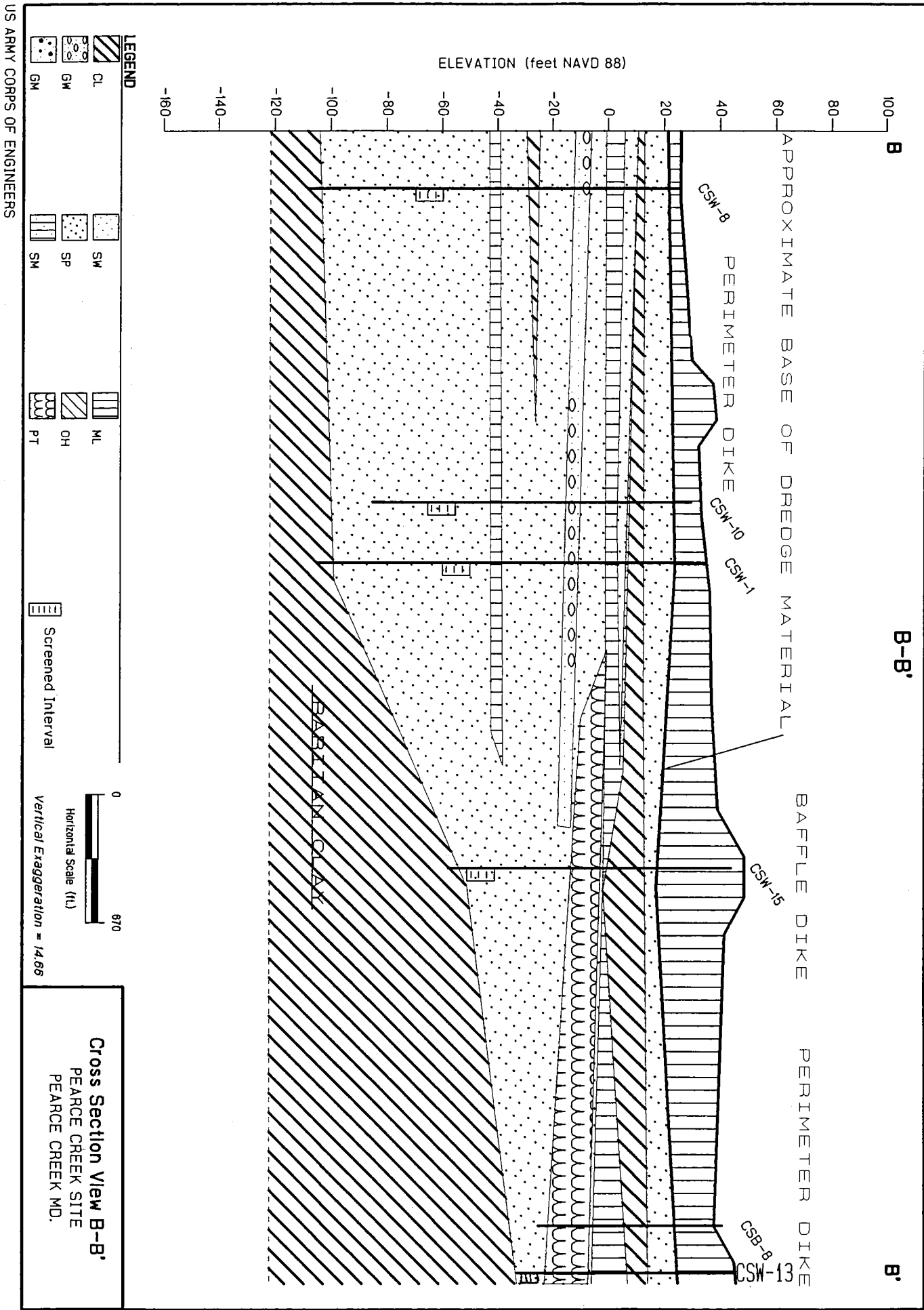
Figure 4.1-1



US ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS

Cross Section View A-A'
 PEARCE CREEK SITE
 PEARCE CREEK MD.

Figure 4.1-2



B-B'

B'

APPROXIMATE BASE OF DREDGE MATERIAL

PERIMETER DIKE

BAFFLE DIKE

PERIMETER DIKE

CSW-8

CSW-10

CSW-1

CSW-15

CSW-8

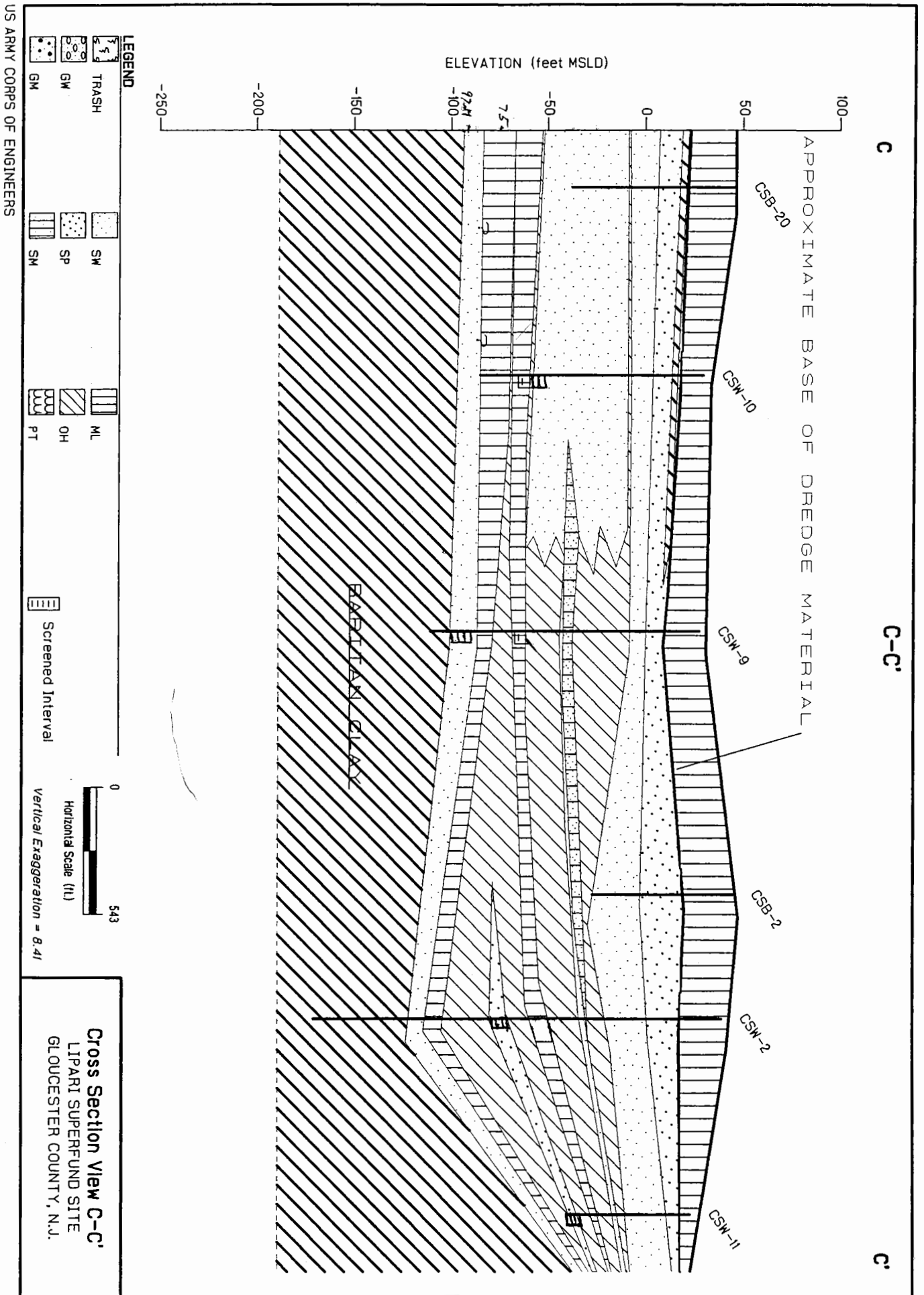
CSW-13

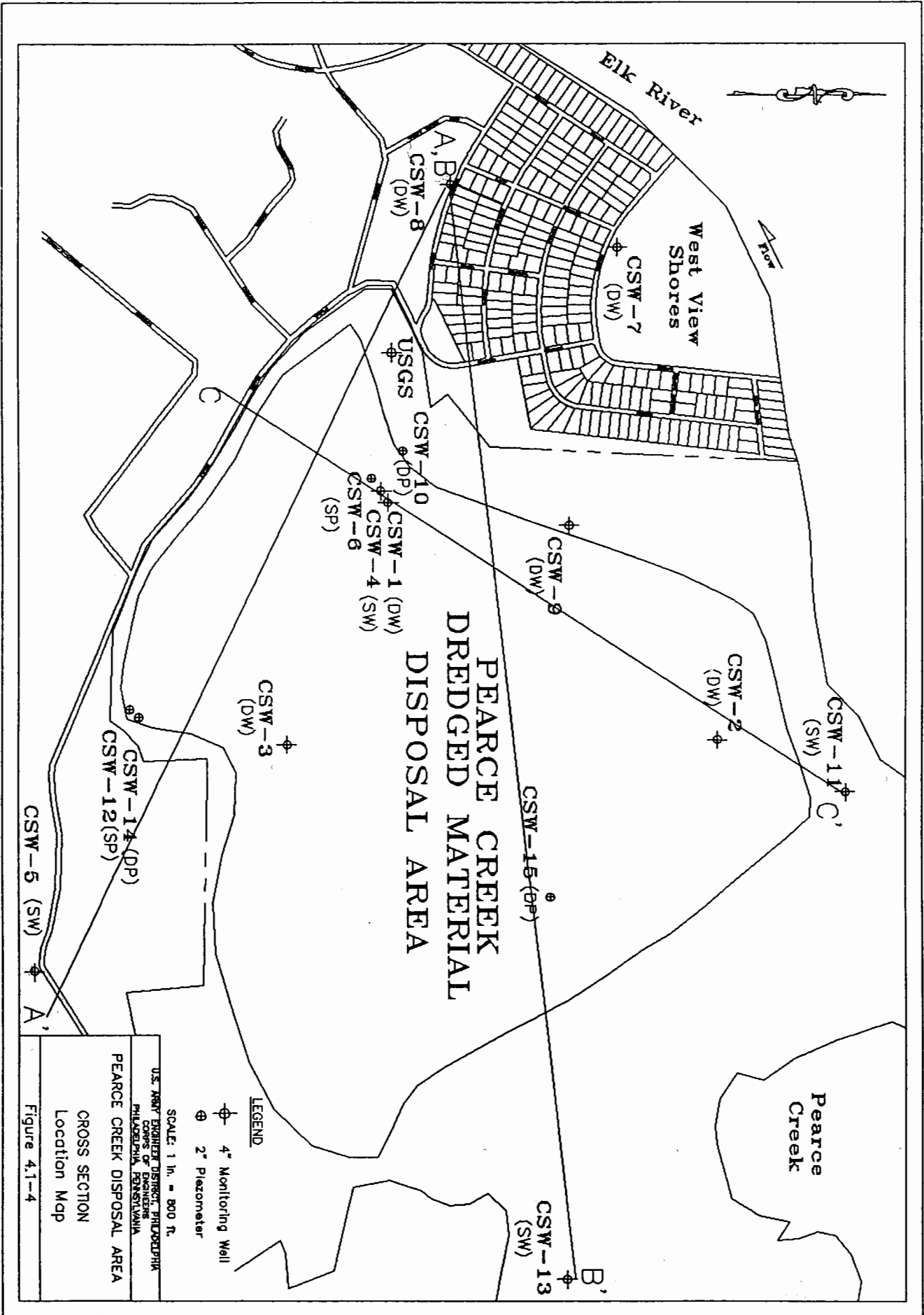
ELEVATION (feet NAVD 88)

100
80
60
40
20
0
-20
-40
-60
-80
-100
-120
-140
-160

BABBITTAN CLAY

Figure 4.1-3





4.2 Geochemical Testing

Tables 4.2-1 and 4.2-2 contain Black and Veatch's analytical results for subsurface soil and groundwater samples taken in 1995. Tables 4.2-3 and 4.2-4 contain the Philadelphia District's analytical results for subsurface soil and groundwater samples taken in 1996. Table 4.2-5 is a statistical representation of the 1996 groundwater data. These samples were collected and analyzed to compare the geochemical characteristics in soils and groundwater at a background location, in the disposal area, and in the West View Shores area. This section offers a combined evaluations of the results and implications of the findings by B&VSPC and the Philadelphia District.

4.2.1 Comparison of Soils Among Background, Disposal Area, and the West View Shores

Black and Veatch 1995 soil data results for soils at the background location (CSW-5) contain significant amounts of sulfide with concentrations generally increasing from less than 10 mg/kg near surface to over 50 mg/kg at 150 ft below surface (Table 4.2-1). This indicates that the subsurface soil and groundwater is in a fairly reduced (anaerobic) environment in which heavy metals such as lead, copper, and zinc are not very mobile. Similarly, about 2 mg/l of sulfide was found in the background well, and concentrations of copper, lead, and zinc were very low, also indicating a reducing environment. Sulfate concentrations in groundwater and soils are generally lower at CSW-5 than at other locations. The top 20 feet of soil at CSW-5 generally contain less than 100 mg/kg of sulfate. In groundwater, sulfate concentration is about 1,000 mg/l, in the low range among all locations.

The top 20 feet of soils in the disposal area (CSW-1, CSW-2, CSW-3, and CSW-15), in contrast, contain much higher concentrations of sulfate than the background location, ranging from several hundreds mg/kg to 3,500 mg/kg. Soil sulfate concentration generally decreases to about one tenth the values found in the top 20 feet. This indicates a downward migration of sulfate from the top layer that probably has been undergoing sulfide oxidation. However, the downward migration of sulfate does not appear to have much impact on the deep soil and groundwater which remain a reducing environment. This is evidenced by the sulfide found in the groundwater at CSW-1, CSW-2, CSW-3, and CSW-9.

In the West View Shores area (CSW-7 and CSW-8), the soils generally contain higher concentrations of sulfide and relatively low sulfate throughout the entire drilling length. Sulfate and sulfide concentrations in groundwater are similar to those in the background well. The redox condition at these two wells should also be anoxic, as indicated by the levels of sulfide present in the soil and groundwater.

Comparison of results at these locations indicates that the origin of the sulfate in the West View Shores area is probably local, either present in the original sedimentary environment or derived from oxidation of sulfide found in the sedimentary deposits. The deposits in the West View Shores area contain significant amounts of sulfide which is typical in the region. Oxidation of the sulfide by

infiltration may have caused the low levels of heavy metals and elevated concentrations of sulfate found in some domestic wells.

The Philadelphia District's 1996 soil samples were taken from well locations CSW-11, CSW-14, and CSW-15 (Table 4.2-3). The analytical soil data results were of similar concentrations to the Black and Veatch 1995 findings. It has been observed that all soil chemical data results vary vastly at similar elevations and different bore hole locations. An explanation for varying chemical results are believed to be influenced by the area's naturally complex geology as discussed in 4.1.1. The overall soil pH ranges from 5.97 to 3.03 for CSW-11, CSW-14, and CSW-15. CSW-14 and CSW-11 are considered to be an upgradient well with pH ranges from 5.94 to 3.86.

Sulfide was not detected in all of the 1996 soil samples. The undetected sulfide results is most likely due to the contract laboratory using a colorimetric method and not a titrimetric method. The contract laboratory reported that there were color interferences and that all soil samples had to be diluted before analyzing. This dilution was most likely responsible for the undetected sulfide concentrations.

4.2.2 Comparison of Surface Water, Shallow Groundwater, and Deep Groundwater in the Disposal Area

Black and Veatch 1995 surface water sample collected inside the disposal area has a pH of 3.72 and sulfate concentration of 1,860 mg/l, indicating oxidation of sulfide in the surficial soils. There are some metals that are mobilized by the oxidation. These metals include copper (38 ug/l), lead (15 ug/l), and zinc (4,420 ug/l). However, the presence of sulfide in the surface water (4.1 mg/l) indicates that the oxidation process takes place at fairly shallow depths. The metals mobilized from surface and near surface soil would probably be immobilized at depth. At about the same location, groundwater in a shallow well screened at about 20 ft below ground surface (CSW-6) and in an intermediate well screened at about 50 ft below ground surface (CSW-4), the concentrations of these heavy metals diminish, while the pH increase to over 5, more typical of the study area. The deep groundwater (CSW-1) appears to be from a separate aquifer that the shallow and intermediate wells (CSW-4 and CSW-6) draw from, as indicated by the much different pH and concentrations of zinc and sulfate.

1995 groundwater data results can be found in Table 4.2-2. Graphical representation of the 1996 data can be seen in Appendix D. The graphs show the groundwater concentrations for the various parameters monitored during the October, 1996 sampling event and for CSW-1 during the pump test. The data is arranged by location and depth to screen. The downgradient wells are on the left with the shallowest upper screen depth first. The middle section contains the disposal area wells, shallowest to deepest and the final section shows the upgradient wells, shallowest to deepest. By presenting the data in this way trends within and between groups is more readily apparent.

Where laboratory data was reported as a non-detect or "U", the detection limit value was used. Where applicable, the graphs (Appendix D) contain EPA Drinking Water Standard either as a heavy line (or lines) if the value can be readily discerned from the graph or contained within a box in the

graph. In order to better present the data, some parameters' Y axis concentrations are shown at less than the highest value. In these cases, the actual values are shown in small boxes on the corresponding bar.

A statistical comparison of downgradient, upgradient and within disposal area chemical data set was conducted. Monitoring wells were divided into three categories; downgradient (of the disposal area), upgradient (of the disposal area) and within the disposal area. Means and standard deviations for the parameters were calculated using the detection limit where the sample reported a "non-detect". Because environmental samples, including groundwater samples, are typically log normally distributed, the log of the parameters' values were calculated and the means and standard deviations were again calculated. These data are shown in Table 4.2-5.

The transformed (log) data was further investigated. The upgradient wells data set with the downgradient data set shows that for many parameters, the downgradient well water is of better quality (i.e., lower concentrations for chemicals and higher pH) when compared with the upgradient data set. These parameters include pH, Nitrate, Nitrite, Chloride, Phosphorus, Phosphate, Ferrous Iron, Aluminum, Arsenic, Lead, and Manganese.

Additional downgradient parameters were found to be within one standard deviation (downgradient mean minus one standard deviation) of the upgradient mean. These parameters included Alkalinity, Ammonia, Sulfate, Calcium, Copper, Iron, Magnesium, Sodium, and Zinc.

Bromide and Potassium were found to be higher in the downgradient wells as compared with the upgradient wells using both comparative methods. Currently, there is no Potassium EPA Drinking Water Standard.

With the exception of Bromide and Potassium, the available data suggest that there is no significant difference between the upgradient and downgradient parameter concentrations. This further suggests that there is no evidence of significant impact to the downgradient aquifers due to the disposal area activities.

Comparison of groundwater chemistry at different depths indicates that oxidation of sulfide at near surface and shallow depth has impacted groundwater quality at the disposal facility. This impact appears to diminish with increasing depth in the disposal area. The likelihood is therefore low for sulfide oxidation in the disposal area to significantly impact groundwater with increasing depth or distance from the site.

Groundwater data results graphed, located in Appendix D, indicate that the Confined Disposal Facility (CDF) well locations CSW-6 (elevation +15 to +14) and CSW-1 (elevation -84 to -94) contain the highest concentrations of arsenic, zinc, and aluminum. Arsenic in CSW-4 (elevation -13 to -23) was not detected and zinc was detected at a very low concentration. It would be expected to see CSW-4, CSW-6, and CSW-1 to have similar arsenic, zinc, and aluminum concentrations, if the

CDF was the source of metal ion mobility. CSW 4 is in a downgradient portion of the CDF and if there was a leaching effect CSW-4 should reflect similar concentrations.

Review of the sulfate data for 1995 and 1996 indicates that groundwater sulfate concentrations are elevated within the CDF at CSW 12, 14, 6, 4, 1, 10, and the USGS well. However this sulfate elevation was not found at CSW8 or CSW 7, implying no impact from the CDF.

The following three plots have been generated and can be seen at the end of Appendix D: Log of pH vs Sulfate Concentration, Sulfate vs Manganese, Log of Sulfate vs Log of Manganese, and, Chloride vs sulfate/Chloride Ratio.

The overall chemical review of the groundwater investigation indicates that the groundwater in the whole investigation area, upgradient, downgradient, and in the disposal area is of poor quality. The graphical interpretation of the comparison of the upgradient and downgradient wells indicate that the groundwater quality is quite similar. The sediments at Pearce Creek contain sulfide minerals in upgradient locations which support the fact that the the CDF is not the source of poor groundwater quality and that sulfide minerals are indigenous to the Pearce Creek area.

Table 4.2.1
Analytical Results for Soil Samples
Pearce Creek Disposal Area Investigation
1995

Boring Depth Sample ID Duplicate Material Type units	CSW-1 0'-1' 1-0	2.5'-3' 1-2.5	4'-6' 1-4	6.5'-7' 1-6.5	13'-14' 1-13	16'-18' 1-16	24'-26' 1-24	32'-34' 1-32	78'-79.5' 1-78	128'-129.5' 1-128	128'-129.5' MS	128'-129.5' MSD	138'-139.5' 1-138	160'-162' 1-160 dup of 1-138
SILT mg/kg	12.79	4.99 U	45.90	14.81	5.08 U	5.52 U	51.12	12.17	22.96	102.72	102.72	NR	116.16	126.08
Sulfate	975.70	570.54	619.67	391.80	608.64	846.90	311.72	259.12	630.10	400.24	400.24	755.61	75.76 U	74.17 U
pH	3.83	5.15	5.62	4.69	3.96	5.05	4.98	4.00	4.24	4.75	4.57	4.43	4.90	5.31
<u>Analyte</u>														
<u>Inorganics</u>														
Arsenic	9.7	4.5	8.5	6.5	2.0	8.1	5.0	0.43 B	0.36 B	8.2 N*	—	—	3.0 N*	1.6 N*
Copper	23.0	9.5	23.2	8.6	8.6	6.4	8.2	10.6	4.6	7.7*	—	—	17.5*	17.3*
Iron	25500*	12900*	22100*	7460*	2960*	9970*	19600*	751*	563*	2410*	—	—	39600*	29300*
Lead	33.6	12.6	28.8	9.6	2.8	5.5	7.0	5.3	0.80	2.8 N*	—	—	5.8 N*	4.3 N*
Manganese	380	631	1310	220	37.1	474	365	55.2	82.2	43.0 N*	—	—	86.8 N*	32.7 N*
Zinc	67.5	66.3	134	137	21.3	131	26.4	2.0 B	1.3 B	6.9*	—	—	26.2*	12.6*
<u>CSW-2</u>														
Depth Sample ID Duplicate	2'-3' 2-2-3	4'-5' 2-4-5	6'-7' 2-6-7	10'-12' 2-10	14'-16' 2-14	18'-20' 2-18	28'-30' 2-28	34'-36' 2-34	84'-86' 2-84	84'-86' MSD	102'-104' 2-102	116'-118' 2-116	176'-177.5' 2-176	
SILT mg/kg	1700	1200	370	1200	1000	1100	1800	1100	480	—	440	360	340	
Sulfate	1700	1200	370	1200	1000	1100	1800	1100	480	—	440	360	340	
pH	4.57	6.2	5.59	4.85	5.52	5.37	5.25	4.63	5.08	—	5.52	4.98	5.23	
<u>Analyte</u>														
<u>Inorganics</u>														
Arsenic	5.2 N	8.5 N	7.9 N	2.8 N	8.4 N	12.2 N	5.5 N	2.1 N	10.7 N	10.3	15.4 N	2.0 N	0.23 N	
Copper	12.0 E	22.7 E	27.6 E	9.3 E	32.7 E	48.8 E	13.7 BE	2.4 E	23.8 E	21.8	17.2 E	4.8 E	10.1 E	
Iron	13800	20200	21500	9020	22600	36100	21800	6840	17900	20200	18400	3590	38100	
Lead	15.8*	24.7*	32.7*	12.3*	31.7*	48.4*	15.1*	2.6*	18.5*	10.3	13.8*	2.1*	1.0*	
Manganese	924 E	908 E	668 E	393 E	710 E	709 E	878 E	189 E	114 E	127	145 E	8.0 E	474 E	
Zinc	87.3	109	168	39.9	84.4	223	43.4	10.3	71.5	70.1	90.2	9.7	9.7	

Table 4.2.1 (cont.) 1995

Boring CSW-3		2'-4'		4'-6'		10'-12'		14'-16'		18'-20'		34'-35'		85'-85.5'					
Depth	0'-2'	3-2		3-4		3-10		3-14		3-18		3-34		3-85					
Sample ID	3-0	3-2		3-4		3-10		3-14		3-18		3-34		3-85					
Duplicate																			
Material		SILT		SILT		CLAY		Sandy SILT		Silty SAND		SAND		SILT					
Type	SILT	mg/kg		mg/kg		mg/kg		mg/kg		mg/kg		mg/kg		mg/kg					
units	mg/kg	mg/kg		mg/kg		mg/kg		mg/kg		mg/kg		mg/kg		mg/kg					
Sulfide	60	8.3		3.9		66		140		15		78		11.38					
Sulfate	3500	3000		1600		1000		1000		420		350		441					
pH	5.53	6.15		4.4		5.51		5.45		4.46		4.57		5.65					
<u>Inorganics</u>		10.7 S		10.0 +		7.5		8.6 s		18.4		3.1		0.30 UN*					
Arsenic	28.3 *	27.9 *		28.8 *		22.2 *		16.1 *		7.6 *		2.5 B*		3.4					
Copper	25100 *	27100 *		30300 *		33200 *		25400 *		13600 *		1420 *		187					
Iron	37.4 N	39.7 N		38.4 N		24.6 N		20.5 N		7.9 N		4.3 N		3.5					
Lead	3270 *	1860 *		604 *		1000 *		1250 *		100 *		107 *		96.0 N					
Manganese	252	161		88.5		61.2		97.2		7.7		1.4 B		4.4 N					
Zinc																			
<u>Boring CSW-5</u>		2'-4'		4'-6'		8'-10'		12'-14'		18'-20'		50'-52'		54.25'-54.5'		84'-85.5'		152'-153.5'	
Depth	0'-2'	5-2		5-4		5-8		5-13		5-18		5-49		5-56'		5-84'		5-152'	
Sample ID	5-0	5-2		5-4		5-8		5-13		5-18		5-49		5-56'		5-84'		5-152'	
Duplicate																			
Material		Sandy SILT		Sandy SILT		SILT		SAND		Sandy SILT		Silty CLAY		PEAT		SAND		Silty CLAY	
Type	SAND	mg/kg		mg/kg		mg/kg		mg/kg		mg/kg		mg/kg		mg/kg		mg/kg		mg/kg	
units	mg/kg	mg/kg		mg/kg		mg/kg		mg/kg		mg/kg		mg/kg		mg/kg		mg/kg		mg/kg	
Sulfide	8.37	7.60		16.53		18.32		14.60		8.61		24.88		43.86		46.82		53.08	
Sulfate	71.77 U	76.05		70.84 U		84.25 U		83.94 U		359.16		289.80		231.83		456.18		72.38 U	
pH	5.68	5.63		4.62		5.59		4.60		3.74		3.41		4.36		5.01		6.26	
<u>Inorganics</u>		5.5 N*		3.0 N*		23.1 N*		7.7 N*		11.8 N*		14.0 N*		16.0		0.28 U		1.1	
Arsenic	5.6	4.8		11.6		12.9		2.8		12.8		7.4		8.5		3.0		25.2	
Copper	12900	17000		15800		27200		35300		5050		16600		15900		1530		21400	
Iron	10.8	7.2		8.9		6.1		3.8		8.6		11.0		10.3 *		0.86 *		9.9 *	
Lead	117 N	149 N		50.4 N		22.3 N		12.9 N		4.2 N		65.2 N		54.7 N		17.3 N		393 N	
Manganese	35.0 N	24.8 N		29.6 N		20.1 N		13.5 N		10.5 N		57.6 N		53.5		3.2		50.6	
Zinc																			

Table 4.2.1 (cont.) 1995

Boring	CSW-7	10'-11'	14'-15'	24'-26'	30'-32'	58'-60'	69.5'-70'	84'-85'	100'-101.5'
Depth	1'-2'	7-10	7-14	7-24	7-30	7-58	7-69.5	7-84	7-100
Sample ID	7-1	7-4	7-14	7-24	7-30	7-58	7-69.5	7-84	7-100
Duplicate	7-1	7-4	7-14	7-24	7-30	7-58	7-69.5	7-84	7-100
Material	SAND	SILT	SAND	SILT	CLAY	CLAY	PEAT	Silty SAND	Silty SAND
Type	SAND	SILT	SAND	SILT	CLAY	CLAY	PEAT	SAND	SAND
units	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg
Analyte									
Sulfide	136.72	149.76	28.20	245.88	233.38	124.25	191.94	195.57	136.92
Sulfate	67.80 U	72.46 U	70.51 U	70.59 U	75.28 U	89.82 U	2985.78	219.04	91.69
pH	5.70	6.15	5.86	5.05	5.40	6.71	5.16	4.60	4.45
Inorganics									
Arsenic	7.0 N*	2.0 N*	0.81 BN	2.0 N*	2.0 N*	2.1 N*	6.8 N*	2.2 N*	0.25 UN*
Copper	10.8 *	7.1 *	4.2 *	8.6 *	11.8 *	22.0 *	15.6 *	2.1 B*	6.4 *
Iron	7640 *	12000 *	2630 *	8960 *	10800 *	36100 *	40000 *	6300 *	326 *
Lead	13.1 N*	8.3 N*	4.5 N*	7.2 N*	12.3 N*	17.1 N*	15.5 N*	1.3 N*	5.4 N*
Manganese	17.7 N*	6.2 N*	61.1 N*	68.8 N*	82.3 N*	292 N*	66.2 N*	5.4 N*	2.7 N*
Zinc	15.2 *	22.3 *	8.4 *	45.0 *	51.2 *	91.8 *	69.3 *	1.1 U*	0.87 U*
Boring	CSW-8	4'-5'	6'-7'	8'-10'	14'-14.5'	18'-20'	48'-50'	98'-99.5'	
Depth	0'-1'	2'-3'	8-6'-7	8-8-10	8-14	8-18	8-48	8-98	
Sample ID	8-0'-1	8-2'-3	8-6'-7	8-8-10	8-14	8-18	8-48	8-98	
Duplicate	MS		dup of 8-0'-1						
Material	Sandy SILT	Silty SAND	Sandy SILT	SAND	SILT	SAND	SAND	Silty SAND	
Type	SILT	SAND	SILT	SAND	SILT	SAND	SAND	SAND	
units	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	
Analyte									
Sulfide	61.16	49.95	20.11	41.62	76.24	21.69	36.99	10.80	
Sulfate	67.95 U	63.76 U	63.49 U	65.72 U	106.38	72.29 U	171.84 U	177.67	
pH	5.46	5.11	5.05	5.13	5.27	5.12	4.63	4.52	
Inorganics									
Arsenic	1.7	2.4	2.1	1.3	3.3	0.27 U	1.9	0.25 U	
Copper	4.4	2.8	1.9 B	1.9 B	17.8	1.6 B	4.0	1.5 B	
Iron	6730	4670	6360	2580	2230	236	8660	2500 *	
Lead	6.7 *	3.7 *	4.3 *	3.1 *	16.7 *	2.9 *	1.4 *	0.78	
Manganese	186 N	42.3 N	20.0 N	23.5 N	10.2 N	1.3 BN	18.3 N	11.9	
Zinc	18.5	6.1	10.0	3.3	40.0	2.2	6.5	2.3	

Table 4.2.1 (cont.) 1995

RINSATE BLANKS				
Sample ID	RB-1	RB-2	RB-3	RB-4
units	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L
<u>Analyte</u>				
Sulfide	0.2 U	1.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
Sulfate	3.0 U	3.0 U	3 U	3 U
pH	5.64	5.62	5.71	7.06
<u>Inorganics</u>				
Arsenic	2.6 UN	5.0 U	2.6 UN*	2.6 UN*
Copper	1.7 BE	1.5 U*	1.5 U	1.5 U*
Iron	76.7 B	100 *	23.9 U	23.9 U*
Lead	2.1 U*	2.1 UN	2.1 U	2.1 UN*
Manganese	2.4 BE	1.0 U*	1.0 UN	1.0 UN*
Zinc	10.0 U	10.0 U	10.0 UN	9.0 U*

NOTES

NR - Not Required

U - Undetected

B - Reported value less than Contract Required Detection Limit (CRDL) but greater than or equal to Instrument Detection Limit (IDL).

N - Spiked sample recovery not within control limits.

E - Estimated because of presence of interference.

* - Duplicate analysis not within control limits.

-- Not Analyzed

mg/kg - milligrams per kilograms, parts per million (reported on a dry weight basis)

ug/L - micrograms per liter, parts per billion

Table 4.2.2
Analytical Results for Water Samples
Inorganics
Pearce Creek Disposal Area Investigation 1995

Well	CSW-1	CSW-2	CSW-3	CSW-4	CSW-5	CSW-6	CSW-7	CSW-8	CSW-9	CSW-10 (dup of CSW-3)	SWS-1	RB-1
Field Measurements												
Temperature (C)	14	13.5	13.5	14	14	13.5	14	13	14	NA	NA	NA
Salinity (ppt)	3	0	4	4.0	2.2	2.6	0.5	1.5	1	NA	NA	NA
Conductivity (umhos)	4400	210	5100	4700	2900	3750	1450	2000	1750	NA	NA	NA
pH, units	4.27	6.19	4.37	5.47	5.14	6.19	5.96	5.03	5.8	NA	NA	NA
Appearance, Other	clear, slight odor	clear, slight odor	clear	clear, foamy	clear	clear, slight haze	clear	clear	very hazy	NA	NA	NA
Analyte	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
Alkalinity	8	72	20.2	92	64	74	37	21	29.8	19.8	1 U	1 U
Bromide	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.2	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.3
Chloride	631	35	1251.0	686	339	436.00	145	256	347.0	1100.0	163.0	1 U
pH, units	4.10	6.01	4.23	5.21	5.39	5.29	5.72	5.11	5.08	4.27	3.72	6.57
Sulfate	560	62	3950	2900	1040	2800	920	1600	1700	3590	1860	3 U
Sulfide	2.1	0.9	4.1	1.7	2.1	2.5	1.7	2.5	5.7	3.3	4.1	0.9
Unfiltered Metals												
Ferrous Iron	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U
Filtered Metals												
Aluminum	29100	46.6 U	23900	4350	46.6 U	65.4 B	49.4 B	86.4 B	50 B	23200	23700	46.6 U
Arsenic	18.9	5.1 U	17.3	5.1 U	5.1 U	31.5	5.1 U	5.1 U	5.1 U	19.0	5.7 B	5.1 U
Calcium	198000 E	12400 E	341000 E	244000 E	124000 E	300000 E	90600 E	124000 E	109000 E	327000 E	166000 E	503 UE
Copper	9.0 U	9.0 U	9.0 U	9.0 U	9.0 U	9.0 U	9.0 U	9.0 U	9.0 U	9.0 U	38.2	9.0 U
Ferric Iron	540	17.3	446	574	376	119	134	212	386	403	2.3	1 U
Lead	5.4 N	1.4 U	18.6	5.8 N	1.4 UN	23.6 N	1.4 UN	1.4 UN	1.4 UN	19.0 N	15.3 N	1.4 UN
Magnesium	206000	2280 B	276000	203000	143000	222000	81500	113000	75800	266000	124000	2180 U
Manganese	191000	214	374000	198000	56300	268000	37100	48400	24700	336000	135000	12.2 B
Sodium	336000	19100	706000	433000	165000	282000	47500	109000	72500	636000	137000	685 U
Zinc	1730 E	10.5 BE	2690 E	682 E	28.5 E	715 E	295 E	2070 E	205 E	2590 E	4420 E	6.4 UE

NOTES

NA - Not Analyzed

U - Undetected

B - Reported value less than Contract Required Detection Limit (CRDL) but greater than or equal to Instrument Detection Limit (IDL).

N - Spiked sample recovery not within control limits.

E - Estimated because of presence of interference.

mg/L - milligrams per liter, parts per million

ug/L - micrograms per liter, parts per billion

Table 4.2.3
Analytical Results for Soil Samples
Sulfide, Sulfate, pH, and Inorganics
Pearce Creek Disposal Area Investigation 1996

Boring	CSW-11-05	CSW-11-06	CSW-14-01	CSW-14-02	CSW-14-03	CSW-14-04	CSW-15-07	CSW-15-08	Rinsate 01
Depth	24-26'	53-58'	5-8'	35-39'	50-54'	115-119'	19-22'	90-92'	
Sample ID	BRD 804	BRD 805	BRD800	BRD801	BRD802	BRD803	BRD806	BRD807	BRD820
Duplicate Material									
Type									
units	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/L
Analyte									
Sulfide	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.1 U
Sulfate	11.0	9.0	130.0	26.0	13.0	23.0 U	110	4.17	5.0
pH	4.98	5.90	5.94	3.86	5.20	5.68	5.97	3.03	7.10
Inorganics									
Arsenic	0.9 U	0.9 U	12	2.4	1.1	0.97	18	2.5	0.003
Copper	0.87	5.5	35	2.6	1.9	2.4	40	1.6	0.009
Iron	840	21800	35000	1810	2140	750	34300	2090	0.25
Lead	0.97	2.3	50	5.4	2.2	1.6	59	1.1	ND
Manganese	14	24	615	66.8	34	18	1100	7	0.005
Zinc	2.8	11	130	2.1	3.4	5.9	290	12	0.016
Sample Date	8-23-96	8-23-96	8-20-96	8-20-96	8-20-96	8-21-96	8-27-96	9-4-96	8-20-96

NOTES:
 U- Undetected
 mg/L- Milligrams per liter
 mg/Kg - milligrams per Kilograms

Table 4.2.4

**Analytical Results for Water Samples
Inorganics, Nutrients and Field Parameters
Pearce Creek Disposal Area Investigation
Sampling dates: October 7, 8, 9, and 16, 1996**

Well Location	CSW-1	Pump-01*	CSW-2**	CSW-3	CSW-4	CSW-5	CSW-6	CSW-7	CSW-8	CSW-9
Field Measurements										
Temperature (C)	14.7	NA	13.5	16.1	14.4	14.1	14.7	15.3	15.0	14.1
Conductivity (umhos)	7770	NA	210	11510	7880	5290	3900	3020	4150	3350
pH, units	4.27	NA	6.19	4.15	5.60	5.37	5.99	5.60	5.08	5.50
Appearance, Other	slight odor		slight odor					Suspended solids		
Analyte	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
units										
Alkalinity	5 U	5 U	72	60	28	60	5 U	99	240	130
Nitrate	0.1 U	NA	NA	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1	0.1 U
Nitrite	0.1	NA	NA	0.1 U	0.1	0.1	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1	0.1 U
Ammonia	12.0	NA	NA	2.0	18.0	1.3	8.0	1.6	1.1	1.6
Bromide	2.0 U	2 U	0.1 U	2.0 U	2.0 U	2.0 U	2.0 U	2.0 U	2.0 U	2.0 U
Chloride	622	617	35	164	750	144	188	8	49	30
Phosphorus	0.07	NA	NA	0.07	0.10	0.06	1.00	0.25	0.06	0.05 U
Phosphate	0.05 U	NA	NA	0.05 U	0.05 U	0.05	1.00 U	0.25	0.05	0.05 U
Sulfate	3412	3250	62	486	3075	372	1528	27	316	247
Sulfide	1 U	1 U	0.9	1 U	1 U	0.2 U	1 U	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1 U
units										
Filtered Inorganics	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L
Ferrous Iron	620000	510,000 U	1000 U	10000	570000	220000	140000	1400	90	2800
units										
Unfiltered Inorganics	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L
Aluminum	10600	31200	47 U	830	720	370	1100	180	370	160
Arsenic	16	40 U	5.1 U	8.0 U	8.0 U	8.0 U	21	8.0 U	8 U	8.0 U
Calcium	231000	214000	12400	141000	322000	116000	252000	20000	8900	23900
Copper	40	48	9 U	10 U	36	10 U	30	10 U	10 U	10 U
Ferric Iron	4000	144000	NA	900	106000	10000	24000	19600	3410	4100
Iron	624000	654000	17	10900	676000	230000	164000	21000	3500	6900
Lead	10	25 U	1 U	5 U	5 U	5 U	5 U	2 J	9	5 U
Magnesium	220000	247000 U	2280	52400	239000	71700	167000	3100	18400	10500
Manganese	180000	212000	214	46700	209000	21200	158000	480	836	2330
Potassium	17000	NA	NA	15000	33000	21000	20000	25000	149000	37000
Sodium	346000	367000	19100	172000	495000	97100	196000	15000	125000	86800
Zinc	63100	2370	11	940	340	95	2130	84	210	37

NOTES

NA - Not Analyzed

J - Estimated value

U - Undetected

mg/L - milligrams per liter, parts per million

ug/L - micrograms per liter, parts per billion

*Pump-01 - Sample location CSW-1 during pump test Sept. 3, 1996.

**CSW-2 was not located during this sampling round. Data is from the 1995 Black and Veatch sampling round.

Table 4.2.4 (cont.)

Analytical Results for Water Samples
 Inorganics, Nutrients and Field Parameters
 Pearce Creek Disposal Area Investigation
 Sampling dates: October 7, 8, 9, and 16, 1996

Well Location	CSW-10	CSW-11	CSW-11DUP	CSW-12	CSW-13	CSW-14	CSW-15	USGS	Rinsate 01	Rinsate 02
Field Measurements										
Temperature (C)	14.5	14.2	14.2	13.9	14.3	16.4	14.9	14.4	26.6	NA
Conductivity (umhos)	3560	3930	3930	5530	800	5340	4750	7650	50	NA
pH, units	6.01	5.61	5.61	3.08	4.43	5.38	6.25	3.67	8.0	NA
Appearance, Other		Suspended solids	Suspended solids	Poorly installed	Suspended solids					
Analyte	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
Alkalinity	110	47	45	220	5 U	11	75	5 U	5 U	5.00 U
Nitrate	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1 U
Nitrite	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1 U
Ammonia	31	2.7	3.6	18	0.86	18	3.4	15	0.79	0.2 U
Bromide	2.0 U	2.0 U	2.0 U	2.0 U	2.0 U	2.0 U	2.0 U	2.0 U	2.0 U	2.0 U
Chloride	471	827	837	612	82	814	57	604	1 U	1 U
Phosphorus	0.05	0.18	0.20	1.10	0.14	0.16	0.72	0.07	0.05 U	0.05 U
Phosphate	0.08	0.18	0.17	0.98	0.12	0.25	0.68	0.05 U	0.05 U	0.05 U
Sulfate	1180	192	194	1507	231	2680	28	1780	5 U	5 U
Sulfide	0.5 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	54	14	1.0 U	0.1 U	0.5 U
Filtered Inorganics	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L
Ferrous Iron	19000	20000	21000	360000	48000	250000	51000	110000	30 U	30 U
Unfiltered Inorganics	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L
Aluminum	1400	1300	1200	10400	5000	9100	1700	20500	100 U	84 J
Arsenic	3.7 J	8.0 U	8.0 U	16 U	8.0 U	12 J	1.7 U	8.0 U	8 U	8.0 J
Calcium	188000	41700	42700	156000	22600	293000	21600	224000	250	360
Copper	10 J	10 U	10 U	40	10 U	21	17	380	10 U	3 J
Iron	25500	28800	29600	387000	6250	277000	63400	125000	100 U	25 J
Ferric Iron	6500	8800	8600	27000	14500	27000	12400	15000	100 U	100 U
Lead	2 J	5 U	5 U	31	5 U	14	4.9 J	40	5 U	1 J
Magnesium	65800	41100	42000	144000	16800	193000	9600	177000	100 U	40 J
Manganese	34000	2150	2190	82000	2190	199000	1150	106000	15	5 U
Potassium	96500	20000	20000	20000	8200	50300	4000	14000	500 U	110 J
Sodium	484000	444000	454000	428000	66200	533000	35000	359000	740	930
Zinc	470	67	58	190	420	1400	230	2030	20 U	17 J

C:\projects\pearce\wq\02\data2.wb1

NOTES

- NA - Not Analyzed
- J - Estimated value
- U - Undetected

mg/L - milligrams per liter, parts per million
 ug/L - micrograms per liter, parts per billion

*Pump-01 - Sample location CSW-1 during pump test Sept. 3, 1996.

**CSW-2 was not located during this sampling round. Data is from the 1995 Black and Veatch sampling round.

4.3 Aquifer Analysis

4.3.1 Slug Tests

Values of transmissivity and storativity were calculated for the slug tests using AQTESOLV software and the Cooper, Bredehoeff, Papadopoulos (1967) type curve method. The results are presented in Table 4.3-1, below. The range of calculated values exhibit a high degree of variability attributed to variation in stratigraphy and aquifer thickness noted in the borings. The range of these values is similar to background values for the confined Magothy formation found in published literature, as noted in section 2.3.2. Slug testing was only conducted during Phase 1.

Table 4.3-1 Slug Test Results			
Well	Test	Parameter Estimates	
		T (ft²/d)	S
CSW1	Rising Head	850.1	1.0E-10*
	Falling Head	703.1	1.0E-10*
CSW2	Rising Head	69.7	1.7E-3
	Falling Head	103.6	1.2E-4
CSW3	Rising Head	404.5	9.1E-6
	Falling Head	963.0	1.1E-14
CSW4	Rising Head	941.8	1.2E-7
	Falling Head	1199.7	1.0E-10*
CSW7	Rising Head	297.0	8.3E-5
	Falling Head	296.1	4.1E-5
CSW8	Rising Head	2528.2	1.0E-10*
	Falling Head	2495.7	1.0E-10*
CSW9	Rising Head	1503.0	1.0E-10*
	Falling Head	521.2	1.0E-10*

* 1.0E-10 is the smallest S value the parameter was allowed to converge to on these analyses.

** Invalid data was collected at the tests on CSW-5 due to transducer problems.

*** As per the workplan, no slug test was performed for the 2 inch diameter CSW-6 piezometer.

4.3.2 Step Test

A step test was performed to determine the maximum withdrawal rate for the pump test. The final rate of the step test was 47 gpm for well CSW-1 which represented the maximum rate of the CSW-1 pump test. At 47 gpm, the head in well CSW-1 went down 41 feet almost immediately. The initial depth to water at CSW-1 was 30.54 feet below TOC therefore the 41 foot drawdown brought the head down to 70 feet below TOC. At the completion of the step test, the recovery of CSW-1 was almost immediate suggesting a high horizontal hydraulic conductivity and a large water source available for recharge. (see Figure 4.3-1)

4.3.2 Pump Test

Antecedent Data

Prior to the pump test 12 total Trolls were installed in wells around the site including the three installed during the step test. The trolls began taking background (antecedent) data on August 29, 1996. The antecedent measurements provided important data on tidal influence of the monitoring wells.

Tidal Influence

The hydrographs (Figures 4.3-2 and 4.3-3) from the Troll data show varying degrees of tidal influence. The tidal signals seen in the deep well hydrographs of Figure 4.3-3, appear to be nearly in phase with the nearby Betterton, Maryland tides, with the peak water levels lagging the predicted tides by 1 to 3 hours. This high tidal efficiency can be interpolated as the pressure response of loading and unloading of tidal water on the aquifer by the Elk River. The increased load on the aquifer during high tide pressurizes the aquifer and this pressure is transmitted through the aquifer. The magnitude of the tidal signal detected, decreases with distance from shoreline. Well CSW-7 had the largest deep well water level fluctuation (Table 4.3-2) and is 447 feet from the shore line. Well CSW-9 had approximately half of the tidal water level fluctuation of CSW-7 and is located 1468 feet from the shoreline. Well CSW-11 is not a deep well but it is stratigraphically located at the base of the aquifer due to the thickening of the Raritan Clay (see Figure 4.1-3). The tidal signals from this well also correlate well with the Betterton tides.

Well CSW-5 is located south of the dredged material disposal area, near several home wells. Brief visual observations of the water level signal in CSW-5 indicated a potential tidal influence. However, detailed spectral analysis of the time series data indicates the energy is spread throughout a broad range of frequencies, with no concentration of energy at the known tidal frequencies. The hydrograph from well CSW-5 (Figure 4.3-2) shows evidence of drawdown prior to the start of the pump test. This drawdown is attributed to pumping from a nearby home or agricultural well and not from pump test activities.

The hydrographs from the shallower wells CSW-4, 6, and 12 show small fluctuations such as in CSW-4 (Figure 4.3-2). The phasing of the shallower wells is on the order of <0.1 ft. per cycle. It is unclear what the cause of the phasing was, but it does not appear to be tidal based on the length of the cycles.

Test Results

The pump test resulted in a large cone-of-influence effecting well CSW-9 which was screened at a similar depth. Well CSW-9 was drawn down 0.28 feet in 4 hours (Figure 4.3-3) which is significant because it is located 1,127 feet from the pumping well. Figure 4.3-3 shows the beginning of both drawdown and recovery phases of CSW-9 matching the pumping well CSW-1. Note that the drawdown effect at well CSW-9 was an order of magnitude greater than the tidal signal. Well CSW-10 was screened at a similar level as both CSW-1 and CSW-9, and was located approximately 320 feet from the pumping well. This well experienced a 0.95 foot drop in head due to the pumping effects of CSW-1. The thin gravel layer, similar to that seen in cross section B-B' (Figure 4.1-2), may have contributed to the limited drawdown seen in CSW-9 and possibly CSW-10. Many small gravel or sand and gravel layers were noted during the recent drilling, and a continuous gravel layer(s) may extend across the entire site. When the head in the pumping well goes below the elevation of a gravel layer, the gravel layer acts as a drain for the overlying sediments within the aquifer. The net result is a lateral extension of the cone-of-influence. From the drawdowns, it is clear that the 47 gpm pumping rate over 16 hours resulted in an extensive cone-of-influence in the deep aquifer which adequately stressed the aquifer.

The effects of the pumping at CSW-1 were much less vertically apparent at the nearby wells CSW-4 and CSW-6 which were located 56 feet, and 63 feet from CSW-1, respectively. Well CSW-4 is a shallow 4 inch diameter well screened 49 to 59 feet below ground surface (bgs). Well CSW-6 is a 2 inch diameter piezometer screened 21 to 22 feet bgs. Well CSW-4 had approximately 0.1 foot of drawdown, and well CSW-6 did not appear to have been influenced by the nearby pumping well. The progressively decreasing vertical effects of the deep aquifer pumping must be the result of a confining layer or layers (confining unit). As previously mentioned confining layers encountered during drilling in this area are represented in cross section B-B' and C-C' (Figures 4.1-2 & 4.1-3). The confining unit appears to have effectively hydraulically insulated the upper portion of the aquifer and dredged material sediments from the lower aquifer.

The pump test information was utilized to determine the transmissivity of the aquifer. The pump test transmissivity calculated for CSW-1 was 700 ft²/day which is very similar to the 703-850 ft²/day range calculated by Black & Veatch slug test data.

Wells such as CSW-7 and CSW-8 did not show any effects of the pumping at CSW-1. These wells (located in West View Shores) did not even show pumping effects from surrounding home wells several of which are within 300-400 feet. Although some of the residences are seasonal, it

was observed that many of the homes near CSW-7 and CSW-8 were occupied during the antecedent measurement and pump test period.

Recovery Results

The aquifer recovery was almost instantaneous in the pumping well CSW-1 during both the step test and the pump test (Figures 4.3-1 and 4.3-3). The pumping well reached 95 % recovery in 5 minutes after pumping water for 16 hours. This extremely fast recovery is probably due to the unlimited water available from the Elk River/ Chesapeake Bay source. The unlimited Elk River/ Chesapeake Bay recharge water may also explain the lack of home well pumping influence in wells (CSW-7 and CSW-8, Figure 4.3-3). The longer drawdown and recovery of monitor wells CSW-9 and CSW-10 was on the order of hours. This long recovery discounts any assertion that gravel layers are primarily responsible for transporting upgradient water into West View Shore homeowner wells.

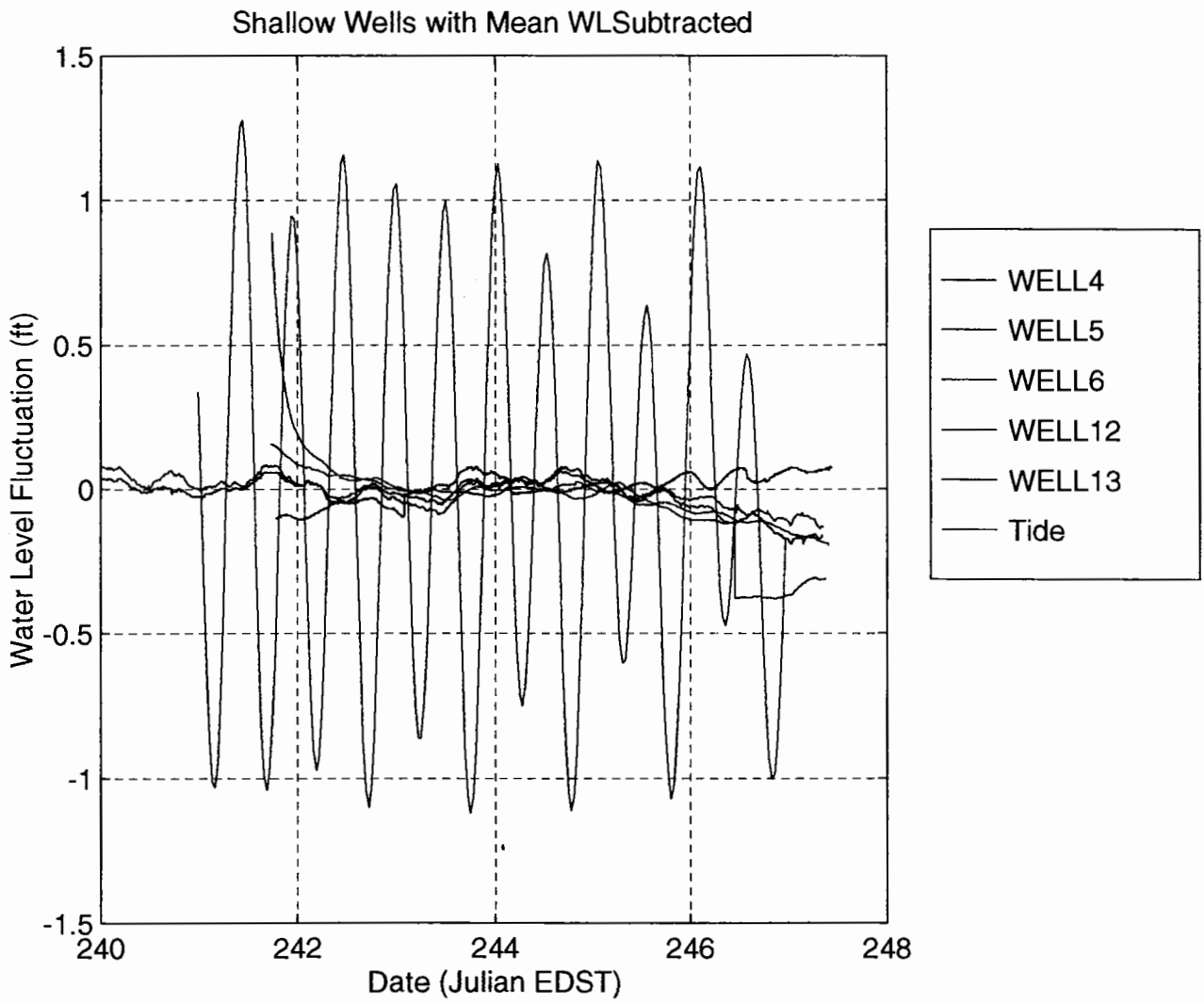


Figure 4.3-2

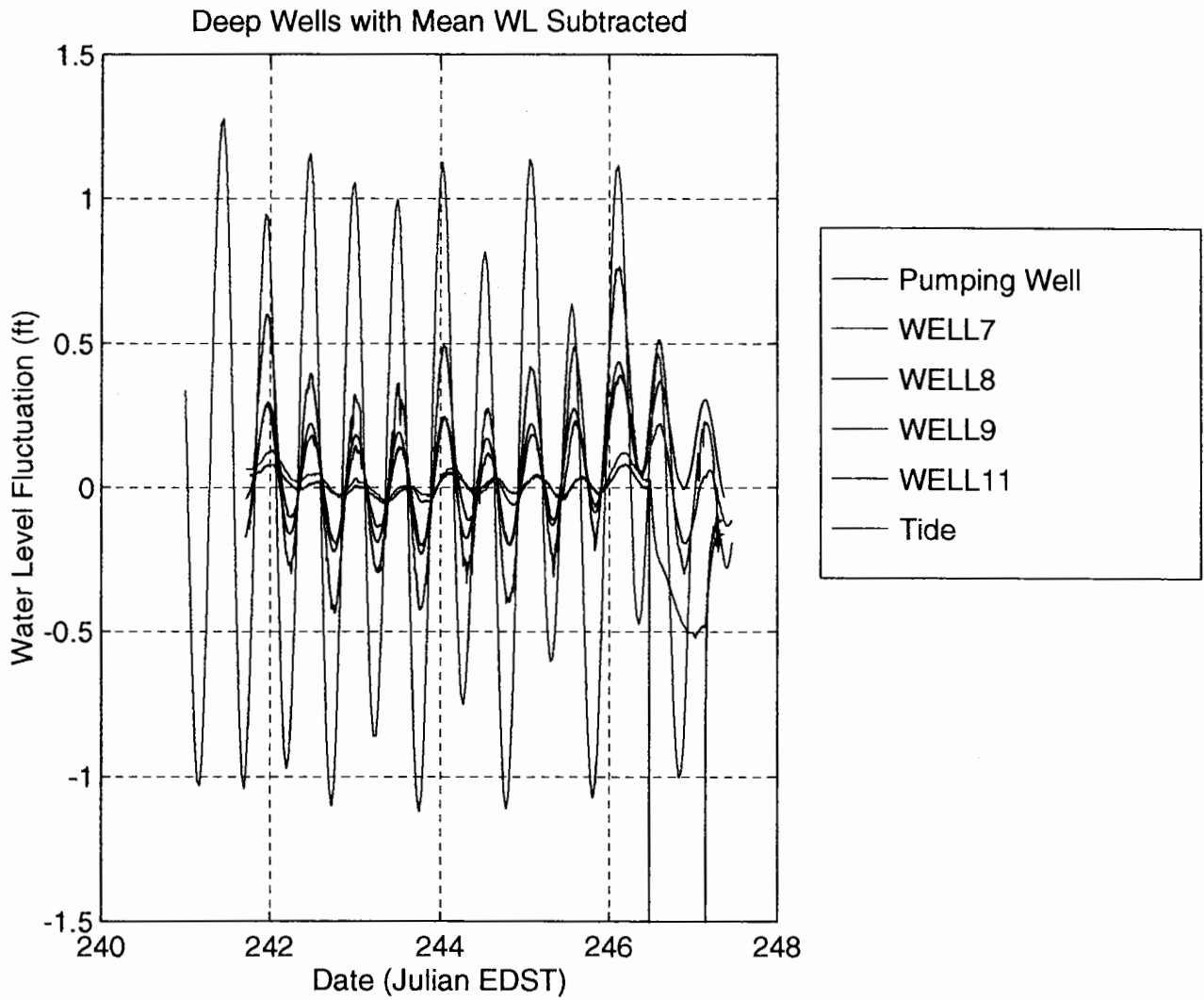


Figure 4.3-3

Table 4.3-2 Tidal Influence

Well #	Well Type	Duration (Julian EDST)		Water Level (ft NAVD)			Distance (ft)		Tidal Characteristics wrt Betterton					
		Begin	End	Duration	Mean	Std Dev	Min	Max	From Shore	From Pump	Azimuth (TN)	Range (ft)	Range (% Bett)	Lag (hrs)
1p	Pumping	241.77	247.34	5.58	2.75	12.67	-32.73	7.49	2351	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
4	Shallow	238.56	247.35	8.79	9.14	0.06	8.95	9.24	2338	82	239	N/A	N/A	N/A
5	Shallow	241.79	247.44	5.66	8.61	0.05	8.50	8.68	5494	3588	127	N/A	N/A	N/A
6	Piez	238.56	247.35	8.79	20.00	0.07	19.85	20.17	2381	165	234	N/A	N/A	N/A
7	Deep	241.71	247.47	5.76	4.96	0.28	4.45	5.65	447	2088	312	0.74	56	1.22
8	Deep	241.72	247.46	5.74	5.48	0.14	5.24	5.84	1209	1963	281	0.33	25	1.51
9	Deep	241.73	247.37	5.64	7.15	0.15	6.67	7.32	1468	1111	8	0.08	6	2.87
11	Deep	241.73	247.37	5.64	1.14	0.16	0.84	1.51	758	3232	37	0.41	31	1.15
12	Shallow	241.74	247.41	5.66	9.17	0.12	8.98	10.06	4301	2026	142	N/A	N/A	N/A

4.4 Site Survey

After installation of the wells, Corps surveyors determined northing and easting coordinates and top of casing elevations for all the wells. Horizontal control was referenced to Maryland State Plane Coordinates, North American Datum (NAD) 83. Elevations were referenced to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988. Table 4.4-1 displays the survey results. When plotting and analyzing the water level contours, the elevations and coordinates shown below were used.

**Table 4.4-1
Well Coordinates and Elevations**

Well	Northing	Easting	Top of casing elev.
CSW-1	642557	1598009	38.02
CSW-2	644581	1599473	42.37
CSW-3	641963	1599503	34.4
CSW-4	642540	1597955	39.13
CSW-5	640418	1600880	47.30
CSW-6	642536	1597949	39.27
CSW-7	643973	1596467	8.12
CSW-8	642953	1596085	25.28
CSW-9	643674	1598164	30.9
CSW-10	642664	1597712	32.53
CSW-11	645357	1599793	24.46
CSW-12	641002	1599284	39.02
CSW-13	643662	1602744	18.32
CSW-14	640997	1599271	38.48
CSW-15	643560	1600433	47.00

—

5.0 Summary and Conclusions

The overall geology and hydrogeology of this site indicate the existence of local micro-aquifers existing above the Raritan Clay. The aquifers are surrounded on the north, northwest and northeast sides by surface water. The elevation of the Raritan clay increases to the northeast, east and southeast thereby defining a half bowl shaped basin. The general effect of this basin shape is limit the volume of land based recharge moving into the basin. The total amount of land based recharge of water passing under the site is approximately only 160 acres.

The Elk River/Chesapeake Bay recharge seems to be the predominant source when pumping occurs close to the shoreline. Wells CSW-7 and CSW-8 showed no effects from either the CSW-1 pump test or local home well pumping, due to the instant recharge from a large source of water. This large source of water was most likely the adjacent Elk River/Chesapeake Bay water and not the small upgradient land based source.

Wells such as well CSW-5 which was the furthest well from the shoreline showed obvious effects from pumping at some nearby well (unrelated to pump test activities). This well appears to have received recharge water which did not overwhelm nearby pumping effects (as opposed to CSW-7 and CSW-8). Therefore, this upgradient well was probably recharged from the smaller land based recharge system.

The pump test showed that micro-aquifers existing above the Raritan clay had low vertical hydraulic conductivity as noted by the data from wells CSW-4 and CSW-6. These wells, located very close to the pumping well (CSW-1) and screened at much higher elevations than CSW-1, showed little or no drawdown. The occurrence of several perched water ponds within the disposal area are further evidence of the low vertical hydraulic conductivity noted during the pump test.

The wells were screened at an elevation similar to the wells of concern in West View Shores, which is well below the disposal area. Values of transmissivity and storativity calculated for the slug tests exhibited a high degree of variability which is attributed to variations in stratigraphy and aquifer thickness noted in the borings.

The perceived threat of future disposal site activities to the local groundwater regime relies primarily on the downward movement of water through the dredged material and into the drinking water aquifer. The cross sections suggest that the most likely area to have groundwater degradation due to vertical groundwater migration would be the western portion of the site. Additionally, the logical location of a pump test would be upgradient of the home wells at West View Shores. This has been accomplished during this investigation and the low vertical hydraulic conductivity observed during the phase II pump test suggests that the continued use of the Pearce Creek Dredged Material Disposal Area does not pose a threat to the local water supply. The poor quality of local groundwater can't be denied, however; it is apparent that the Pearce Creek Dredged Material Disposal site activities are not the source of the problem.

6.0 References

- Andersen, R.H., and Matthews, E. D., *Soil Survey of Cecil County, Maryland*, USDA Soil Conservation Service, December, 1973.
- Bachman, L. J., and Wilson, J. M., *The Columbia Aquifer of the Eastern Shore of Maryland*, Maryland Geological Survey Report of Investigations No. 40, 1984.
- "C&D Canal Data Consolidation Report," prepared by Rogers, Golden, and Halpern for USACE Philadelphia District, 1986.
- Driscoll, F. G., Groundwater and Wells, Second Edition, Johnson Division, 1986.
- "Subsurface Investigation of Pearce Creek Disposal Area", Black & Veatch Waste Science, Inc., for USACE Philadelphia District, October, 1996.
- "Final Work Plan, Investigation of Pearce Creek Disposal Area", Black & Veatch Waste Science, Inc., for USACE Philadelphia District, September, 1995.
- Otton, E. G., and Mandle, R. J., *Hydrogeology of the Upper Chesapeake Bay Area, Maryland, with emphasis on aquifers in the Potomac Group*, Maryland Geological Survey Report of Investigations No. 39, 1984.
- Otton, E. G., et al. *Water Resources and Estimated Effects of Ground-Water Development, Cecil, County Maryland*, Maryland Geological Survey Bulletin 34, 1988
- Overbeck, R. M., et. al., *The Water Resources of Cecil, Kent and Queen Annes Counties*, Maryland Department of Geology, Mines and Water Resources Bulletin 21, 1958.
- "Pearce Creek Upland Dredged Material Placement Site Phase I Groundwater Study," Maryland Environmental Service, July 1995.
- "Phase I: General Analysis of Disposal Sites Groundwater Study of Upland Dredged Material Disposal Area," BLACK & VEATCH Waste Science, Inc., for USACE Philadelphia District, January 1995.
- Vroblesky, D. A. and Fleck, W. B., *Hydrogeologic Framework of the Coastal Plain of Maryland, Delaware, and the District of Columbia*, United States Geological Survey Professional Paper 1404-E, 1991.
- Wiley, R. E., et. al., *Hydrologic Data for Cecil County, Maryland*, Maryland Geological Survey Basic Data Report No. 16, 1987.
- Zapeczka, O. S., *Hydrogeologic Framework of the New Jersey Coastal Plain*, United States Geological Survey Open File Report 84-730, 1984.

Appendix A
Boring Logs

DRILLING LOG		DIVISION NORTH ATLANTIC DIVISION	INSTALLATION PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT	SHEET 1 OF 7
1. PROJECT Pearce Creek		10. SIZE AND TYPE OF BIT 4-3/4" side discharge drag bit		
2. LOCATION (Coordinates or Station) 1598009 E, 642557 N		11. DATUM FOR ELEVATION SHOWN (TBM or MSL) NAVD 88		
3. DRILLING AGENCY UNI-TECH DRILLING CO., INC.		12. MANUFACTURER'S DESIGNATION OF DRILL Failing 1500		
4. HOLE NO. (As shown on drawing title and file number) CSW-1		13. TOTAL NO. OF OVERBURDEN SAMPLES TAKEN disturbed: 68 undisturbed: 1 att. 0 accepted		
5. NAME OF DRILLER Joseph Jester		14. TOTAL NUMBER OF CORE BOXES 0		
6. DIRECTION OF HOLE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> VERTICAL <input type="checkbox"/> INCLINED		15. ELEVATION GROUND WATER		
7. THICKNESS OF OVERBURDEN		16. DATE HOLE STARTED COMPLETED 12/07/95 12/12/95		
8. DEPTH DRILLED INTO ROCK		17. ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE 35.27 Ft.		
9. TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE 139.5 Ft.		18. TOTAL CORE RECOVERY FOR BORING		
		19. SIGNATURE OF INSPECTOR S.M. Cook		

ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BL ONS/ Bin.
35.3	.0		SILT; dark brown; medium dense; with some wood; trace mica; dry; turning black; softer and moist; with less vegetation in tip 2"	14"	SPT 1	Boring located in western part of disposal area, on flat silty area 2-4 ft. above surrounding ground. Unless otherwise noted SPT samples were taken according to ASTM 1586. Chemical sample CSW-1-1'-1' @ 14:10, from top of sample.	8 10 11
33.5	1.8		Silty CLAY; black; low plasticity; firm; moist;				11
33.0	2.3		then 6" Silty SAND; dark gray; loose; fine grained; poorly graded; w/ trace mica; then 6" Silty CLAY as top	18"	SPT 2	Areas with wood are orangish. Chemical sample CSW-1-2.5'-3' taken @ 14:28 (middle 6" Silty SAND)	8 4
32.3	3.0		CLAY; black; soft; low plasticity; organic; with trace wood; trace mica; trace sand in one <1/2" lens	24"	SPT 3	Chemical sample CSW-1-4'-6' taken @ 14:35 (1 jar) Turned chocolate brown after exposed to air in sample jar for several days.	3 3 WOH WOH WOH
29.0	6.3		Top 5" as above; then			Chemical sample CSW-1-6.5'-7' taken @ 14:45	5 10 14 17 17
27.0	8.3		SAND; dark brown; dense; medium grained; poorly graded; with trace silt; trace mica	12"	SPT 4	trace red and yellow and black colors in thin lenses	8 2 3 2
24.1	11.2		Top 7" SAND; as base of SPT 4 with coarser grains; wet Base 6" clay; black; as SPT 3	13"	SPT 5		2 3 2 10
23.3	12.0		As base of SPT 5, grading drier with some vegetation with increasing sand; then base 7" Silty SAND; dark brown-black; loose	22"	SPT 6		3 3 4 12
22.1	13.2		Top 14" Silty CLAY; light brown with black spots; with some vegetation; then grading through black Silty SAND to SAND; tan; medium dense, medium grained, poorly graded.	24"	SPT 7	Chemical sample CSW-1-13'-14' taken @ 15:06	5 6 6 7 4 14
19.3	16.0		SAND; as base of SPT 7; with more gray and black areas with some silt. Trace gray and red clay and wood in tip	8"	SPT 8		4 5 7 7 16
			Sandy SILT; dark brown; loose; fine grained sand; wet	7"	SPT 9	Chemical sample CSW-1-16'-18' taken @ 15:13	4 3 3 2 18

(continued)

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet)		ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE		35.27 Ft.		SHEET 3 OF 7		
PROJECT			INSTALLATION					
Pearce Creek			PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT					
ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS/6in.	
-4.7	40.0		SAND; as SPT 18; poorly graded in lenses; with some coarse grained sand.	12"	SPT 20		55	
			SAND; white; very dense; coarse grained; poorly graded; clean; quartz with trace feldspar; angular.	5"	SPT 21		100/6"	
			SAND; pinkish and yellow; very dense; coarse grained; well graded; angular; with some silt	9"	SPT 22	Switched to downhole hammer to improve recovery and driving distance. Hole reamed w/6" open-discharge bit. Blows listed below are not directly comparable to standard N values.	12 20 27	
-10.7	46.0		Gravelly SAND; white; very dense; well graded; gravel is fine sized; with 4" lens of fine Silty SAND; gray and yellow.	8"	SPT 23		7 52 50/2"	
			As SPT 23 with yellow and black silt/clay lens.	2"	SPT 24	2" gravel slough. Circulating longer and harder as ream to 50'.	100/4"	
			As SPT 23	<1"	SPT 25	4" gravel in top slough	100/5"	
			Gravelly SAND; white, very dense; medium grained; well graded; clean; gravel is fine sized, rounded	5"	SPT 26		100/5"	
			As SPT 26 with 2" yellowish lens	7"	SPT 27		47 100/6"	
-20.7	56.0			SAND; tan; very dense; medium grained; poorly graded.	<1"	SPT 28		100/4"
-22.7	58.0				Gravelly SAND; tan; very dense; medium grained; poorly graded.	1"	SPT 29	
		Gravelly SAND; pinkish; as SPT 28			1"	SPT 30		60 100/4"
-26.7	62.0					(continued)		

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet)

ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE 35.27 Ft.

SHEET 4 OF 7

PROJECT Pearce Creek

INSTALLATION PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT

ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (If significant)	BLOWS/6in.	
-26.7	62.0		SAND; pinkish light brown; very dense; medium grained; poorly graded; with trace silt (light brown and white)	3"	SPT 31		100/5"	
			SAND; light brown; as SPT 31	6"	SPT 32	Soil pH in water = 6.25 @ 10 min.	100/6"	
			SAND; light brown; very dense; medium grained; very poorly graded; clean	4"	SPT 33		57 50/2"	
			SAND; as SPT 31	3"	SPT 34		100/4"	
			SAND; white; very dense; medium grained; poorly graded; with some white silt.	8"	SPT 35		20 29 39	
			SAND; as SPT 33; clean	4"	SPT 36		40 50/2"	
			SAND; light brown with yellow and dark red lens near base very dense; medium grained; poorly graded; with some silt.	9"	SPT 37	Dark red-black lens is cemented, <1/2" thick	27 54 50/1"	
-40.7	76.0			Sandy SILT; white with orange spots and pink, very dense; poorly graded; sand is very fine-fine; dilatant; with trace clay.	14"	SPT 38	Orange spots are harder w/larger grains.	7 12 40
-42.7	78.0			SAND; light brown; pink and white; very dense; very fine to fine grained; low dilatancy; with some silt; trace gray-white silty clay.	12"	SPT 39	One yellow-brown area near base. Chemical sample CSW-1-78'-79.5' taken @ 14:52	27 55 43
				No recovery	0"	SPT 40	End of day 12/8/95 Slough	38 50/1"
			SAND; white, very clean; very fine-fine grained; poorly graded with trace white silt.	8"	SPT 41	<i>Magathy</i>	27 35 53	

(continued)

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet) ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE 35.27 Ft. SHEET 5 OF 7
 PROJECT Pearce Creek INSTALLATION PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT

ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS/6in.
-48.7	84.0		SAND; same as SPT 41				15
				8"	SPT 42		23
							31
			No recovery			1/2" slough	21
				0"	SPT 43		38
							50
			SAND; same as SPT 41				15
				10"	SPT 44		23
							30
			SAND; same as SPT 41			2" slough	19
				1"	SPT 45		28
							60
			SAND; same as SPT 41				21
				8"	SPT 46		60
							50/1"
			SAND; same as SPT 41				19
				9"	SPT 47		43
							60
			SAND; same as SPT 41				15
				12"	SPT 48		21
							29
			SAND; same as SPT 41				15
				7"	SPT 49		25
							39
			SAND; same as SPT 41				59
				1/2"	SPT 50		50/1"
			SAND; light gray; very dense; medium grained; poorly graded; clean				45
				4"	SPT 51		50/2"
			SAND; same as SPT 51				37
				2"	SPT 52		50/2"

(continued)

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet)

ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE 35.27 Ft.

SHEET 6 OF 7

PROJECT Pearce Creek

INSTALLATION PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT

ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS/6in.
-70.7	106.0		SAND; light gray; very dense; medium grained; well graded; trace gravel	4"	SPT 53		45 50/ 2"
			SAND; same as SPT 51	2"	SPT 54	End of day 12/11/95	39 50/ 1"
			SAND; white; very dense; coarse grained; well graded; trace gravel; some white silt.	2"	SPT 55	2" slough	27 32 55
			SAND; pinkish white; very dense; medium grained; poorly graded; trace silt.	6"	SPT 56	Similar to SPT 41	39 50/ 1"
			SAND; same as SPT 56	5"	SPT 57		100/ 5"
			SAND; same as SPT 56	2"	SPT 58		100/ 6"
			SAND; same as SPT 56	1/2"	SPT 59	1/2" slough	100/ 4"
			No recovery	0"	SPT 60		100/ 3"
			No soil recovery, 1/2" size sand stone gravel pinkish brown.	1/2"	SPT 61		100/ 5"
			No recovery	0"	SPT 62		100/ 2"
			No recovery	0"	SPT 63		82 100/ 5"

(continued)

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet)		ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE		35.27 Ft.		SHEET 7 OF 7	
PROJECT			INSTALLATION				
Pearce Creek			PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT				
ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS/6in.
-92.7	128.0		SAND; 9" gray; 1" olive gray; very dense; coarse grained; well graded.	10"	SPT 64	Sample 13:00 No sample	27 39 50
			SAND; olive yellow; very dense; coarse grained; well graded.	8"	SPT 65		43 100/5"
			No sample			Hit hardpan and drilled through, no sample.	
-97.7	133.0					<i>RAID Tm</i>	
	134		CLAY; with some brown and light gray with occasional black spots; hard, moist to dry; plastic.	12"	SPT 67		24 40 62
	135		CLAY; variegated red and gray; hard; dry; plastic.	4"	SPT 68		39 50/2"
	136		CLAY; red gray mix; hard; dry; plastic;	9"	SPT 69	Chemical sample CSW-1-138'-139.5' taken @ 14:30	15 27 39
-104.2	139.5		Classifications listed above are based on BVWS standard classification procedures and ASTM D 2488-90 Visual Manual Classification; not on Laboratory Analyses.			End of Boring at 139.5' Placed well screen (119'-129') on 12/13/95.	

DRILLING LOG		DIVISION NORTH ATLANTIC DIVISION	INSTALLATION PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT	SHEET 1 OF 10
1. PROJECT Pearce Creek		10. SIZE AND TYPE OF BIT 4-3/4" side discharge trivane		
2. LOCATION (Coordinates or Station) 1599473.82 E, 644581.83 N		11. DATUM FOR ELEVATION SHOWN (TBM or MSL) NAVD 88		
3. DRILLING AGENCY UNI-TECH DRILLING CO., INC.		12. MANUFACTURER'S DESIGNATION OF DRILL Failing 1500		
4. HOLE NO. (As shown on drawing title and file number) CSW-2		13. TOTAL NO. OF OVERBURDEN SAMPLES TAKEN disturbed: undisturbed: att. accepted		
5. NAME OF DRILLER Joseph Jester		14. TOTAL NUMBER OF CORE BOXES 0		
6. DIRECTION OF HOLE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> VERTICAL <input type="checkbox"/> INCLINED		15. ELEVATION GROUND WATER		
7. THICKNESS OF OVERBURDEN		16. DATE HOLE STARTED COMPLETED 10/30/95 11/07/95		
8. DEPTH DRILLED INTO ROCK		17. ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE 39.89 Ft.		
9. TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE 209.2 Ft.		18. TOTAL CORE RECOVERY FOR BORING		
		19. SIGNATURE OF INSPECTOR S.M. Cook		

ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	DEPTH SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS/6in.
39.9	.0		Silty SAND; brown; loose; moist.	2"	SPT 1	Unless otherwise noted, SPT samples taken according to ASTM 1586 Using bentonite mud, "QuickGel" by Baroid. Recovery too low; no environmental sample.	2
			Silty SAND; brown; loose; medium-grained; moist	14"	SPT 2		Chemical sample CSW-2-2'-3' taken @ 10:46
35.9	4.0		SAND; gray-black; very loose; medium-grained; moist; with some silt; some organics.	13"	SPT 3	Chemical sample CSW-2-6'-7' taken @ 10:50	5
34.9	5.0		SILT; gray-black; very loose; with some fine to coarse sand; moist.	10"	SPT 4	As SPT 4, above	4
			SILT; brown; loose; with some sand; some wood; trace mica.	17"	SPT 5		Chemical sample CSW-2-10'-12' taken @ 10:59
			As SPT 4, above	13"	SPT 6	As SPT 4 above, with silty sand lens; lens is black; moist; with medium sand; 3" at base.	3
			As SPT 4, above	24"	SPT 7		As SPT 4, above
			SILT; brown; loose; moist with some wood; trace sand; clay.	24"	SPT 8	Chemical sample CSW-2-14'-16' taken @ 11:07 ~10% fine to medium sand by settling jar volume.	2
			As SPT 8, above.	24"	U-1	Drove Undisturbed tube @ 11:11 @ 1150 psi Retrieved tube @ 11:27	3

(continued)

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet)

ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE 39.89 Ft.

PROJECT Pearce Creek

INSTALLATION PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT

ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS/6in.
21.9	18.0		As SPT 8, slightly drier	24"	SPT 9	Chemical sample CSW-2-18'-20' taken @ 11:39	3
			Base has more organic black silty clay				3
							4
							4
			As SPT 8 above, with middle 0.8' SILT; black and brown laminations; very loose; very moist.	24"	SPT 10		0
							0
							1
17.9	22.0		Organic Silty CLAY; dark brown; firm; medium plasticity; trace mica	24"	SPT 11		2
							3
							4
							4
			As SPT 11, moist.				5
							2
							2
			Silty CLAY; gray with black mottles; drier near base; one red-brown mottle at 25.2; low plasticity.	24"	SPT 12		2
							2
							2
			Clayey SILT; loose; gray and yellow-brown; with some very fine sand; with trace fine to medium sand; one 4" silty sand lens.	20"	SPT 13		2
							2
							2
							3
							4
							4
							7
			As SPT 14, above.				0
							0
							1
7.9	32.0		SAND; tan; dense; poorly graded; medium grained; quartz; rounded; wet; with trace wood.	14"	SPT 16		2
							16
							12
							23
							14
			SAND; brown-tan; medium dense; poorly graded; fine grained; with some medium sand; trace silt in lenses.	9"	SPT 17	Chemical sample CSW-2-34'-36' taken @ 13:31	6
							7
							7
							7
3.5	36.3		Top 4" Sand, as above, then				5
			SILT; dark brown; medium dense; with trace fine sand; trace mica	16"	SPT 18		7
							7
							4
			Organic SILT; black; with some wood				3
							3
.7	39.2		Base 10" clayey SILT; brown and red.	24"	SPT 19	Sampled base	4
							4
							4

(continued)

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet)	ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE 39.89 Ft.	SHEET 3 OF 10
PROJECT Pearce Creek	INSTALLATION PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT	

ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS/ 6in.
-1.1	40.0	[Diagonal Hatching]	Top as SPT 19 above; colored black; brown; red with yellow mottles.				4
-1.1	41.0	[Diagonal Hatching]	Base 12" Brown SILT and tan SAND lenses.	24"	SPT 20		6
-2.1	42.0	[Vertical Hatching]					5
-2.7	42.6	[Diagonal Hatching]	Top 7" Silty CLAY as top of SPT 20 then				5
-3.1	43.0	[Vertical Hatching]	3" SAND; gray medium grained then	17"	SPT 21		7
		[Dotted Pattern]	2" SILT; then				8
		[Dotted Pattern]	5" SAND; tan; fine-grained; wet; with organic black laminations.				12
		[Dotted Pattern]	SAND; tan; medium dense; poorly graded; very fine grained; in laminations.	17"	SPT 22		14
-5.6	45.5	[Vertical Hatching]	Base 6" Gray-brown SILT and SAND laminations; with silt; wood and roots in bottom 2".				9
-6.1	46.0	[Vertical Hatching]					9
		[Dotted Pattern]	SAND; gray-brown; dense; well graded; fine to coarse grained; quartz; wet; with brown woody silt lenses.	16"	SPT 23		11
		[Dotted Pattern]					15
		[Dotted Pattern]		16"	SPT 23		13
		[Dotted Pattern]					16
		[Dotted Pattern]					18
		[Dotted Pattern]					23
		[Dotted Pattern]		1"	SPT 24	No sample - insufficient recovery 1.5" piece of shattered quartz gravel stuck in tip of spoon Lost ~10 gal. mud, mixed thicker	6
		[Dotted Pattern]					12
		[Dotted Pattern]					12
		[Dotted Pattern]					14
		[Dotted Pattern]	SAND; gray-brown; medium dense; well graded; fine to coarse grained; mostly medium, with some fine gravel.	10"	SPT 25		11
		[Dotted Pattern]					14
		[Dotted Pattern]					16
		[Dotted Pattern]	SAND; gray; medium dense; medium to coarse grained; with some fine gravel.	11"	SPT 26		7
		[Dotted Pattern]					12
		[Dotted Pattern]					14
		[Dotted Pattern]					21
		[Dotted Pattern]	SAND; gray; dense; well graded; medium to coarse grained; with some fine rounded quartz gravel.	13"	SPT 27		16
		[Dotted Pattern]					22
		[Dotted Pattern]					17
		[Dotted Pattern]					18
		[Dotted Pattern]	SAND; gray; medium dense; well-graded; medium to coarse grained.	12"	SPT 28		16
		[Dotted Pattern]					12
		[Dotted Pattern]					9
-18.1	58.0	[Vertical Hatching]					8
		[Vertical Hatching]	Silty SAND; dark brown; medium dense; fine grained; wet; with trace wood.	24"	SPT 29		5
		[Vertical Hatching]					7
		[Vertical Hatching]					7
-20.1	60.0	[Vertical Hatching]					12
		[Dotted Pattern]	SAND; brown; medium dense; poorly graded into 2"-4" lense; fine to medium grained; with some coarse sand; with trace gravel; trace silt.	11"	SPT 30		7
		[Dotted Pattern]					9
		[Dotted Pattern]					14
		[Dotted Pattern]					20

(continued)

ENG FORM 1838 PREVIOUS EDITIONS ARE OBSOLETE. MAR 71	PROJECT Pearce Creek	HOLE NUMBER CSW-2
---	-------------------------	----------------------

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet)

ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE 39.89 Ft.

SHEET 4 OF 10

PROJECT Pearce Creek

INSTALLATION PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT

ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BL/OW/5' Bl./ft.
-22.1	62.0		SAND; medium brown; very dense; poorly graded; fine grained; grains are quartz; med-high sphericity; with trace silt.	16"	SPT 31		25 29 42 57
-24.8	64.7		As above, yellow; grading more silty				16
			Base 10" clayey SILT; gray; medium dense; moist; with trace fine sand; grading to CLAY; medium plasticity.	17"	SPT 32		9 9 10
-27.0	66.9		Top CLAY; light gray; as above, then				7
			12" SAND; yellow-brown; very dense; with some silt; then	21"	SPT 33		11 57
-27.9	67.8		2" Gray CLAY in base.				24
-28.7	68.0		3"-4" lenses of alternating Silty SAND; yellow-brown and gray; with some gravel; rounded; up to 1.25" and				25
			CLAY; gray; as above.	17"	SPT 34		33 40 44
-30.1	70.0		Silty SAND; brown and gray; very dense; sand is brownish; fine to medium grained; poorly graded; silty areas are light gray.	5"	SPT 35		100/5"
-32.1	72.0		Organic Silty CLAY; dark gray; very stiff; medium plasticity; with trace fine sand; trace mica; trace wood often in whitish spots. Top 4" has trace gravel.	24"	SPT 36		12 13 14 15
			Silty CLAY; as above; very stiff	24"	SPT 37	Slightly easier to cut w/knife than above	7 9 11 13
			Silty CLAY; as above; with trace fine to coarse sand in top 7".	24"	SPT 38		13 12 12 15
-38.1	78.0		Organic CLAY; gray; medium plasticity; trace wood.	24"	U-2	Drove Undisturbed tube @ 10:02 @ 100 psi Retrieved @ 10:19	
			Organic CLAY; gray; stiff; medium plasticity; trace wood.	24"	SPT 39		7 8 7 9
			Organic CLAY; gray; as SPT 39	24"	SPT 40		6 7 9 8

(continued)

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet)

ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE 39.89 Ft.

SHEET 5 OF 10

PROJECT Pearce Creek

INSTALLATION PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT

ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS/ft.
-44.5	84.0		Top 4" as above; grading brownish; then PEAT; brown changing to black; medium dense; dry	24"	SPT 41	Chemical sample CSW-2-84'-86' taken @ 11:20 Turns darker with exposure to air; Silt goes from brown to black in seconds.	9
-44.5	84.2						16
			Top 2" PEAT; as above, then Organic Silty CLAY; gray with black spots; very stiff; medium; plasticity; mosit; with trace mica sparkles.	24"	SPT 42	Cuts easily w/knife - cream cheese texture	13
-46.2	86.1						28
							10
			As SPT 42 above	24"	SPT 43	Top has 1/2" nodule of greenish white rounded medium sand-sized particles.	11
							12
							13
							19
			Organic Silty CLAY; gray-brown; very stiff; as above.	24"	SPT 44		20
							22
							30
			Organic Silty CLAY; as above; then	24"	SPT 45	Brown changes to gray w/exposure to air.	11
-52.8	92.7						10
			Base 4" Silty SAND; gray; medium dense; poorly graded; medium dense; poorly graded; medium grained; wet.	24"	SPT 46	Sampled base	15
-54.8	94.7						10
			Top 8" Silty SAND; as above, then Organic Silty CLAY; gray-brown; some wood; with 2" silty SAND lens 95-95.2.	24"	SPT 47	Sampled top	70
-55.1	95.0						68
-55.3	95.2		Organic CLAY; gray-brown; hard; dry; with some wood; trace mica sparkles (less than SPT 42).	24"	SPT 48		118
							12
			Organic CLAY; very stiff; as above.	24"	SPT 49		13
-56.1	96.0						18
							18
			Organic CLAY; hard; as above.	24"	SPT 50	Chemical sample CSW-2-102'-104' taken	19
							20
							19
							23
			Organic CLAY; very stiff; as above.	24"	SPT 51		11
							12
			Organic CLAY; very stiff; as above.	24"	SPT 51		14
							14
							13
			Organic CLAY; very stiff; as above.	24"	SPT 51		17
							18
			Organic CLAY; very stiff; as above.	24"	SPT 51		18
							18
			Organic CLAY; very stiff; as above.	24"	SPT 51		7
							9
			Organic CLAY; very stiff; as above.	24"	SPT 51		9
							11
			Organic CLAY; very stiff; as above.	24"	SPT 51		11
							6
			Organic CLAY; very stiff; as above.	24"	SPT 51		8
							11
			Organic CLAY; very stiff; as above.	24"	SPT 51		11
							11

(continued)

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet) ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE 39.89 Ft. SHEET 6 OF 10

PROJECT Pearce Creek INSTALLATION PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT

ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOMS/ft.
-66.1	106.0		As above; stiff; with trace fine sand, trace gravel; with 2" Silty SAND lens	24"	SPT 52		8 8 8 7
-68.6	108.5		Top 6" as above then grades to	8.5"	SPT 53		26
			Silty SAND; brown; fine; then SAND; white-light gray; very dense; poorly graded; fine to medium grained; rounded; wet; quartz.	15"	SPT 54		50/2.5" 22 37
			4" SAND; white; as above; with black roots; then SAND; gray-brown; very dense; some silt; fine grained; grading to SAND; gray; fine to medium; with trace silt; trace fine quartz rounded gravel.	5"	SPT 55		100/8" 100/6"
			SAND; gray; very dense; fine grained; with trace silt; trace gray clay in 1" lens	4"	SPT 56	Piece of gravel in slough	80 50/2"
			SAND; gray and brown; very dense; very fine to medium grained; with some silt.	17"	SPT 57	Chemical sample CSW-2-116'-118' taken	55 36 27 21
			SAND; brown, black, and gray; very dense; well graded; with some silt.	3"	SPT 58		60/3"
-80.1	120.0			Gravelly SAND; gray with orange-brown areas; very dense; well graded; with trace silt.	6"	SPT 59	Rounded piece of gravel (quartz) stuck in tip of spoon
-82.1	122.0	SAND; light greenish brown; very dense; poorly graded; medium grained; with trace dark brown-black silty (lens); trace gravel in yellowish lens at tip.		17"	SPT 60	~5% silt by settling jar test.	34 80 72 54
-84.1	124.0		Sandy GRAVEL; gray, brown-black, and yellow; very dense; rounded; spherical; with trace black silt; sand matrix is mostly medium-grained	11"	SPT 61	Maximum particle axis is 1.25"	30 19 26 78
-86.1	126.0		SAND; gray with orange spots; very dense; poorly graded; fine to medium grained; with some gravel; trace silt.	4"	SPT 62	Sounds like bit is on gravel as reaming to 126' Circulating strongly for ~5 min. to remove gravel	100/5" 52 100/5"

(continued)

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet)		ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE		39.89 Ft.		SHEET 7 OF 10	
PROJECT			INSTALLATION				
Pearce Creek			PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT				
ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BL OMS/ 6in.
-88.1	128.0		SAND; pink-white; very dense; poorly graded; very fine to fine grained; with some silt.	8"	SPT 63	2" brownish pink silty sand lens	36
							78
-90.1	130.0		GRAVEL; very dense; matrix is pink silt and sand; some silt; trace sand.	2"	SPT 64	changed to 6" rollerbit when reaming to 132'	100/3"
-93.1	133.0		No recovery.	0"	SPT 65	A few pieces of rounded gravel in spoon	200/3"
-96.1	136.0		Clayey SILT; white with some red; very dense; low plasticity; slightly moist; with some fine sand.	15"	SPT 66	Extra recovery from dropping spoon into base of hole; Driven when set.	58
							100/6"
-96.1	136.0		Interbedded SILT and SAND; white to pink; very dense; sand is very fine grained; very poorly graded; silt has some clay; dilatant; low plasticity.	14"	SPT 67	Driven when set	94
							50/2"
-96.1	136.0		As SPT 67 above Clayey SILT is light gray lenses are ~4" thick	12"	SPT 68	Driven when set	66
							50/2"
-100.1	140.0		Silty CLAY; gray; hard; medium plasticity; moist; with <2" lenses of Sandy SILT.	20"	SPT 69	Driven when set	49
							56
-102.1	142.0		SAND; white-gray; very dense; fine grained; poorly graded; wet; with trace silt.	4"	SPT 70	Driven when set	130/3"
-104.1	144.0		Interbedded SAND; white with orange-stained spot; very dense; fine-grained; with some silt; and CLAY; gray; hard; medium plasticity.	4"	SPT 71	Driven when set	150/3"
-106.1	146.0		SAND; white, gray, and black; very dense; fine grained; poorly graded; wet with some silt.	4"	SPT 72	Rounded quartz gravel stuck in tip	100/5"
-110.1	150.0		SAND; tan; very dense; very poorly graded; medium grained; quartz; with trace silt (<5%).	3"	SPT 73		100/3"
(continued)							

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet)

ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE 39.89 Ft.

SHEET 8 OF 10

PROJECT Pearce Creek

INSTALLATION PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT

ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (If significant)	BLOWS/ft.		
-110.1	150.0		Interbedded SAND; white; fine to medium grained; poorly graded; and Silty CLAY; light gray; medium plasticity.	6"	SPT 74	Driven when set	100/4"		
-112.1	152.0		SAND; tan; very dense; very poorly graded; medium grained; clean.	3"	SPT 75		100/3"		
			SAND; as SPT 75 above.	1"	SPT 76	Driven when set; material in top Spoon bounced but didn't move at all	50/0"		
			SAND; tan and yellow; very dense; medium grained; with trace silt.	2"	SPT 77	Changed to downhole hammer; reamed to 156" w/open-end 6" trivane bit. Blows from SPT 77 on not valid for comparison with standard N values. Silt <5% by settling jar	20 110/6"		
			SAND; tan-yellow; very dense; medium grained; very poorly graded; rounded.	1"	SPT 78	Lots of slough in spoon	25 27		
			SAND; tan-yellow; as above (SPT 77)	5"	SPT 79	Sand in wash No movement over last 40 blows	85/3" 61 100/5"		
			SAND; as above; with a tan silty spot	4"	SPT 80		140/5"		
			SAND; as SPT 77 and 78 above	3"	SPT 81		100/5"		
-126.4	166.3			Top 2" SAND; as above then 1/2" bright red silty sand; then 12" CLAY; gray; hard; medium plasticity; dry.	14"	SPT 82	Spoon bulging open; will only drive 18" on rest Significantly below plastic limit	50 60 80	
-128.1	168.0			Silty CLAY; gray w/red areas; hard; low plasticity; dry; w/trace fine sand.	18"	SPT 83		70 39 34 41	
-130.1	170.0				CLAY; gray with some red spots; hard; medium plasticity; dry-slightly moist.	24"	SPT 84	Driven when set	26 49 32
-132.1	172.0								

(continued)

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet)		ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE		PROJECT		INSTALLATION		SHEET 9 OF 10	
		39.89 Ft.		Pearce Creek		PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT			
ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS / 6 IN.		
-132.1	172.0		SILT; light gray; very dense; unable to roll thread; slight dilatancy; dry-slightly moist; with trace clay; some very fine sand.	24"	SPT 85	Driven when set ~15% sand in settling jar	24	43	34
			SILT; light gray; very dense; not plastic; with trace sand; slightly moist.	17"	SPT 86		23	30	54
			SILT; light gray; very dense; non-plastic; some very fine to coarse sand; slightly moist to dry; with trace mica.	16"	SPT 87	Chemical sample CSW-2-176'-177.5' taken @ 10:15	33	20	31
			SILT; as SPT 87 above with a few brown spots.	17"	SPT 88		18	29	34
-140.1	180.0		Silty CLAY; gray and brown laminations; hard; medium plasticity; dry; with trace mica.	15"	SPT 89		16	22	35
			Silty CLAY; as SPT 89 above.	20"	SPT 90	Driven when set	17	32	31
			Silty CLAY; gray with some brown and occasional black organic spots; medium plasticity; dry.	19"	SPT 91	top of sample is siltier	31	31	33
-146.1	186.0		CLAY; dark gray to brown; hard; medium plasticity; trace wood; slightly moist-dry.	15"	SPT 92		14	25	32
			CLAY; as SPT 92 above; with a light gray silty lens.	12"	SPT 93		14	20	47
			CLAY; dark gray-brown; as SPT 92 above.	15"	SPT 94		12	25	26
		CLAY; dark gray, as above, then	18"	SPT 95		12	18	22	
		CLAY; red and light gray; hard; medium plasticity; slightly moist-dry.							

(continued)

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet)		ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE		PROJECT		INSTALLATION		
		39.89 Ft.		Pearce Creek		PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT		
						SHEET 10 OF 10		
ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS/6in.	
-154.1	194.0		CLAY; red, brown, and gray; hard; with coarse sand-sized nodules throughout; dry-slightly moist.	11"	SPT 96	Sand-sized material is rounded. Parts of sample are cemented together.	14 23 32	
			CLAY; red and gray; hard; medium plasticity; dry-slightly moist.	12"	SPT 97	No nodules as in previous sample.	13 25 30	
			CLAY; as SPT 97 above.	11"	SPT 98		12 24 33	
			CLAY; as SPT 97 above.	13"	SPT 99		14 24 30	
			CLAY; as SPT 97 above.	12"	SPT 100		14 25 21	
			CLAY; as SPT 97 above; very hard; dry; trace sand.	11"	SPT 101		17 42 50/1"	
			CLAY; as SPT 101 above.	12"	SPT 102		62 50/2"	
			CLAY; as SPT 101 above.	13"	SPT 103		54 63	
-169.3	209.2			Classifications listed above are based on BVWS standard classification procedures and ASTM D 2488-90 Visual Manual Classification; not on Laboratory Analyses.			Grouted up to ~130 depth w/ tremie pipe (~108 gallons) on 11/07/95. Placed well screen (~117.5'-127.5') on 11/09/95.	50/2"

DRILLING LOG		DIVISION NORTH ATLANTIC DIVISION	INSTALLATION PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT	SHEET 1 OF 8
1. PROJECT Pearce Creek		10. SIZE AND TYPE OF BIT 4-3/4" side discharge trivane		
2. LOCATION (Coordinates or Station) 1598503 E, 641963 N		11. DATUM FOR ELEVATION SHOWN (TBM or MSL) NVAD 88		
3. DRILLING AGENCY UNI-TECH DRILLING CO., INC.		12. MANUFACTURER'S DESIGNATION OF DRILL Failing 1500		
4. HOLE NO. (As shown on drawing title and file number) CSW-3		13. TOTAL NO. OF OVERBURDEN SAMPLES TAKEN disturbed: 83 undisturbed: 0 attempted		
5. NAME OF DRILLER Joseph Jester		14. TOTAL NUMBER OF CORE BOXES 0		
6. DIRECTION OF HOLE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> VERTICAL <input type="checkbox"/> INCLINED		15. ELEVATION GROUND WATER		
7. THICKNESS OF OVERBURDEN		16. DATE HOLE STARTED COMPLETED 11/09/95 11/20/95		
8. DEPTH DRILLED INTO ROCK		17. ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE 31.07 Ft.		
9. TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE 165.5 Ft.		18. TOTAL CORE RECOVERY FOR BORING		
		19. SIGNATURE OF INSPECTOR S.M. Cook		

ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS/5ft.
31.1	.0		SILT; brown; loose; moist; with trace sand; trace vegetation trace mica	7"	SPT 1	Unless otherwise noted, SPT samples taken according to ASTM 1586 Using bentonite mud, "QuickGel" by Baroid. Chemical sample CSW-3-0'-2' taken @ 9:40	2 2 2 4
			SILT; brown; loose; moist with trace sand; trace very fine mica	15"	SPT 2	Chemical sample CSW-3-2'-4' taken @ Soil pH in water = 7.5	1 2 3 4
			SILT; as SPT 2, above.	21"	SPT 3	Chemical sample CSW-3-4'-6' taken @ Soil pH in water = 6	3 4 5 6
			SILT; as SPT 1, above	15"	SPT 4		2 3 5
			SILT; brown; loose moist; with some wood; trace sand; trace mica.	24"	SPT 5		2 2 2
21.1	10.0		CLAY; black; soft; low plasticity; trace silt; trace organics	17"	SPT 6	Chemical sample CSW-3-10'-12' taken @ Soil pH in water = 6.33	2 2 2
19.1	12.0		Silty CLAY; dark gray, brown mix; soft; some organics.	21"	SPT 7		3 1 1 1
17.1	14.0		Sandy SILT; dark brown to yellow; loose; trace gravel; moist.	13"	SPT 8		2 1 3
15.1	16.0		SAND; brown; dense; poorly graded; fine grained; with trace silt.	15"	SPT 9		3 16 18 24
13.1	18.0					(continued)	32

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet)		ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE		31.07 Ft.		SHEET 6 OF 8	
PROJECT			INSTALLATION				
Pearce Creek			PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT				
ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS / 6in.
-74.9	106.0		SAND; gray with white mix; very dense; medium grained; well graded; quartz; subangular; wet.	11"	SPT 54		22 57 50/2"
			SAND; same as SPT 54.	8"	SPT 55		45 50 50/1"
			SAND; same as SPT 54.	2"	SPT 56		75 50/1"
			SAND; light olive brown; dense; well graded; coarse grained; wet; trace gravel; trace silt.	9"	SPT 57		45 51 50/2"
-82.9	114.0		Silty SAND; light gray; dense; poorly graded; fine grained; wet; trace gravel.	9"	SPT 58		25 34 51
-84.9	116.0		SAND; light gray; dense; poorly graded; fine grained; wet; with trace silt; Two 1-1/2 inch CLAY; gray, brown mix; plastic; moist; very stiff; between sand.	12"	SPT 59	first Clay lenses observed; red and brown	27 45 62
			SAND; light gray; very dense; poorly graded; fine grained; wet; with trace silt.	9"	SPT 60		35 70 54/1"
			SAND; light gray; bottom 2 inches bright red; dense; poorly graded; fine grained; dry to moist; with trace silt.	11"	SPT 61		19 31 45
-90.9	122.0			5 inch CLAY; light gray and red; very stiff; plastic; moist; then 3 inch SAND at bottom; gray; dense; poorly graded; fine grained; moist.	8"	SPT 62	
		CLAY; gray, hard; low plasticity; dry; sand lens in between (1-1/2 inch) gray; dense		12"	SPT 63		12 21 25
-94.4	125.5		SAND; gray; dense; fine grained; poorly graded; moist; 2 inch clay on top; gray; hard; plastic; moist.	11"	SPT 64		11 17 22
-96.9	128.0						

(continued)

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet)		ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE		PROJECT		INSTALLATION		SHEET 7 OF 8		
		31.07 Ft.		Pearce Creek		PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT				
ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS/6in.			
-96.9	128.0		Silty SAND; light tan-gray; medium dense; fine grained; clay lenses; gray; hard; plastic; dry.	12"	SPT 65		14	128		
							19			
							30			
-98.9	130.0		SAND; tan; medium dense; fine grained; 2 inches silt at bottom; dark gray; hard; dry.	13"	SPT 66		7	130		
							16			
							23			
-100.3	131.4		SAND; dark gray; medium dense; fine grained; poorly graded; trace silt.	9"	SPT 67		14	132		
							20			
			29							
			17	134						
			39							
			53							
-104.9	136.0		Silty SAND top 6 inches; dark gray; dense; poorly graded; fine grained; moist; silty clay bottom 7 inches; dark gray; hard; plastic; dry.	13"	SPT 69		39	136		
							50/1"			
-106.9	138.0		SAND; dark gray; dense; fine grained; poorly graded;	11"	SPT 70		17	138		
							35			
-107.7	138.7		Silty CLAY; bottom 2 inches; dark gray; hard; plastic; dry.	11"	SPT 70		49	140		
			CLAY; dark purplish gray; dense; hard; dry.	11"	SPT 71		pH = 5.64	8	140	
								14		
			22							
			10	142						
			21							
			29							
			12	144						
			21							
		30								
		12	146							
		24								
		29								
		12	148							
		9								
		14								
		23								
			150							

(continued)

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet) ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE 31.07 Ft. SHEET 8 OF 8

PROJECT Pearce Creek INSTALLATION PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT

ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS/6in.
-118.9	150.0		Same CLAY as SPT 71; with trace organics; (wood chips); dary gray- brown color; trace white gray silty clay.	16"	SPT 76	pH = 5.57	14 41 36
			Same CLAY as SPT 71; dark gray-brown; plasticity; no dilitancy.	12"	SPT 77		14 27 32
			CLAY; brown; hard; dry; with bottom 3 inches vary gray.	12"	SPT 78		17 23 35
			CLAY; same as SPT 77; dark gray-brown.	11"	SPT 79		16 29 38
			CLAY; dark gray-brown; hard; dry; with trace organics.	15.5"	SPT 80		12 23 36
			CLAY; dark gray; hard; dry.	10"	SPT 81		14 20 29
			CLAY; dark gray; dense; hard; dry.	16"	SPT 82		12 20 35
			Same CLAY as SPT 82.	15"	SPT 83	No geotech jar sample	8 17 25

-134.4 165.5

Classifications listed above are based on BVWS standard classification procedures and ASTM D 2488-90 Visual Manual Classification; not on Laboratory Analyses.

End of Boring at 165.5' on 11/20/95.
Grouted up to -125 depth w/ tremie pipe (~45 gallons) on 11/20/95.
Placed well screen (109'-119') on 11/21/95.

DRILLING LOG		DIVISION NORTH ATLANTIC DIVISION	INSTALLATION PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT	SHEET 1 OF 3
1. PROJECT Pearce Creek		10. SIZE AND TYPE OF BIT 4-3/4 inch side discharge drag bit		
2. LOCATION (Coordinates or Station) 1597955.23 E, 642539.68 N		11. DATUM FOR ELEVATION SHOWN (TBM or MSL) NAVD 88		
3. DRILLING AGENCY UNI-TECH DRILLING CO., INC.		12. MANUFACTURER'S DESIGNATION OF DRILL Failing 1500		
4. HOLE NO. (As shown on drawing title and file number) CSW-4		13. TOTAL NO. OF OVERBURDEN SAMPLES TAKEN disturbed: undisturbed: 1 att. 0 accepted		
5. NAME OF DRILLER Joseph Jester		14. TOTAL NUMBER OF CORE BOXES 0		
6. DIRECTION OF HOLE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> VERTICAL <input type="checkbox"/> INCLINED		15. ELEVATION GROUND WATER		
7. THICKNESS OF OVERBURDEN		16. DATE HOLE STARTED COMPLETED 1/3/96 1/4/96		
8. DEPTH DRILLED INTO ROCK		17. ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE 36.25 Ft.		
9. TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE 60 Ft.		18. TOTAL CORE RECOVERY FOR BORING		
		19. SIGNATURE OF INSPECTOR Lusheng Yan		

ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS/ ft.
36.2	0		See log of CSW-1 (located ~100 feet away) for continuous samples and better defined lithology/stratigraphy.			Mud rotary drilling with Bentonite mud. SPT samples according to ASTM 1586: 2-inch spoon; SPT sampler driven w/140 lb. hammer; 30" drop.	0
				0"	U-X	Tube driven; no recovery	10
							12
							14
							16
							18

(continued)

DRILLING LOG	DIVISION NORTH ATLANTIC DIVISION	INSTALLATION PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT	SHEET 1 OF 8
1. PROJECT Pearce Creek	10. SIZE AND TYPE OF BIT 4-3/4" side-discharge trivane	11. DATUM FOR ELEVATION SHOWN (TBM or MSL) NAVD 88	12. MANUFACTURER'S DESIGNATION OF DRILL Failing 1500
2. LOCATION (Coordinates or Station) 1600880.22 E, 640417.95 N	13. TOTAL NO. OF OVERBURDEN SAMPLES TAKEN disturbed: undisturbed: att. accepted	14. TOTAL NUMBER OF CORE BOXES 0	15. ELEVATION GROUND WATER
3. DRILLING AGENCY UNI-TECH DRILLING CO., INC.	16. DATE HOLE STARTED COMPLETED 11/27/95 11/30/95	17. ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE 47.30 Ft.	18. TOTAL CORE RECOVERY FOR BORING
4. HOLE NO. (As shown on drawing title and file number) CSW-5	19. SIGNATURE OF INSPECTOR S.M. Cook		
5. NAME OF DRILLER Joseph Jester			
6. DIRECTION OF HOLE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> VERTICAL <input type="checkbox"/> INCLINED			
7. THICKNESS OF OVERBURDEN			
8. DEPTH DRILLED INTO ROCK			
9. TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE 153.5 Ft.			

ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS/6in.
47.3	.0		Silty SAND; brown; loose; trace gravel; trace clay	15"	SPT 1	Unless otherwise noted, SPT samples taken according to ASTM 1586 Using bentonite mud, "QuickGel" by Baroid. Chemical sample CSW-5-0'-2' taken @ 10:04	5 6 8 8
			Sandy SILT; brown; loose; fine grained; moist; trace organics; trace gravel.	18"	SPT 2	Chemical sample CSW-5-2'-4' taken @ 10:10	3 3 5 3
			Sandy SILT; brown-gray; medium dense; sand is very fine grained; with trace organics.	20"	SPT 3	Chemical sample CSW-5-4'-6' taken @ 10:15	7 8 10
41.3	6.0		SILT; gray with yellow-orange spots; medium dense; gravel mix on top 12 inches with some sand; trace organics; trace mica.	23"	SPT 4		12 8 9 12
			SILT; gray; hard; moist; trace organics; 8 inches fine sand at bottom; gray; medium dense.	18"	SPT 5	Chemical sample CSW-5-8'-10' taken @ 10:30 pH = 7.6	12 8 12 15
37.3	10.0		SAND; gray and brown mix; medium dense; poorly graded; medium dense; with some silt.	15"	SPT 6		11 15 19 21
			SAND; gray; medium dense; fine grained; poorly graded; moist; with trace silt.	14"	SPT 7	Chemical sample CSW-5-12'-14' taken @ 10:45	7 11 11 14
			SAND; same as SPT 14	12"	SPT 8		11 14 19 25
			SAND; yellowish-brown; medium dense; well graded; with some silt;	15"	SPT 9		7 7 8
29.9	17.4		8 inch black sandy silt at bottom; trace gravel; trace mica.				10

(continued)

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet)

ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE 47.30 Ft.

PROJECT
Pearce Creek

INSTALLATION
PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT

ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS/6IN.		
29.3	18.0		Sandy SILT; dark gray to black; medium dense; moist; trace gravel.	13"	SPT 10	Chemical sample CSW-5-18'-20' taken @ 11:00 pH = 6.65 pH @ 15 min. = 6.25	7 7 9 10		
			Silty SAND; dark gray-black; loose; very poorly graded; very fine grained; with trace mica.	12"	SPT 11	pH = 6.3	8 8 10 10		
			Silty SAND; same as SPT 11.	22"	SPT 12	pH = 5.6	7 7 8 7		
			Sandy SILT; dark gray-black; medium dense; soft; moist.	18"	SPT 13		8 10 10 12		
			Sandy SILT; same as SPT 13.	18"	SPT 14	pH = 6.0	9 9 10 10		
19.3	28.0			SILT; dark gray-black; medium dense; moist; trace gravel; some very fine sand.	14"	SPT 15	10 inches slough	7 7 9 7	
				SILT; black, gray, and brown traces; soft; moist; some very fine sand; trace clay; trace mica.	13"	SPT 16	pH = 5.8 pH @ 10 min. = 5.8	7 6 7	
				SILT; same as SPT 16.	14"	SPT 17	pH = 5.8	5 5 6 5	
				SILT; black; hard; moist to dry; some clay.	16"	SPT 18	pH = 6.0	6 6 6 6	
11.3	36.0				Silty CLAY; black; stiff; moist; non-plastic; trace mica.	24"	SPT 19		7 7 8 9
					Silty CLAY; same as SPT 19.	24"	SPT 20		8 12 14 17

(continued)

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet)

ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE 47.30 Ft.

SHEET 3 OF 8

PROJECT Pearce Creek

INSTALLATION PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT

ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS/6in.	
7.3	40.0	[Diagonal Hatching]	Silty CLAY; same as SPT 19.	24"	SPT 21		7	
							8	
5.3	42.0	[Diagonal Hatching]	CLAY; black; stiff; plastic; moist.	4"	SPT 22	pH = 6.1	12	
							14	
				CLAY; black; stiff; plastic; moist; lenses of gravel; trace sand.	24"	SPT 23		8
							10	
							10	
1.3	46.0	[Diagonal Hatching]	Silty CLAY; black; stiff; non plastic; moist.	20"	SPT 24		10	
							5	
				No recovery.	0"	SPT 25	No recovery	7
							8	
							10	
				Silty CLAY; same as SPT 20; trace organics on top 8 inches; trace gravel.	24"	SPT 26	Chemical sample CSW-5-50'-52' taken @ 13:45	5
							7	
				Silty CLAY; black; hard; medium plastic; moist; trace sand; trace gravel.		SPT 27	pH = 6.4	11
							15	
				3 inches Silty CLAY at top; same as SPT 27; 2 inches organic peat; black.	5"	SPT 28	Chemical sample CSW-5-54'-56' taken @ 14:15 on 11/27/95 Sampled peat	19
-8.9	56.2	[Dotted]	Silty CLAY; greenish-gray, top 2 inches;			greenish clay sampled	6	
				SAND; gray; dense; medium grained; quartz; poorly graded; bottom 8 inches.	10"	SPT 29		9
-10.2	57.5	[Diagonal Hatching]					12	
							18	
			Silty CLAY; black; hard; plastic; moist.	1"	SPT 30	Changed to downhole hammer; reamed to 58'w/open-end 6" trivane bit. Blows below are not valid for comparison with standard N values. Only driving sampler <1.5 feet so it doesn't get stuck	100/5"	
-11.7	59.0	[Dotted]					75	
				SAND; white; dense; fine grained; poorly graded.	3"	SPT 31		50/1"
							100/5"	

(continued)

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet)

ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE 47.30 Ft.

SHEET 4 OF 8

PROJECT Pearce Creek

INSTALLATION PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT

ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOMS/ Gln.
-14.7	62.0		SAND; gray and black; dense; fine grained; poorly graded; with trace clay in lens.	10"	SPT 32	pH = 6.15	36 100/6"
			SAND; gray-white, very dense; medium grained; poorly graded.	5"	SPT 33		48 50/2"
			No recovery.	0"	SPT 34	No recovery	50/2"
			SAND; gray to dark gray; very dense; poorly graded; fine to medium grained; with trace organics; trace silt.		SPT 35		39 68 32
-22.5	69.7		Top 8 inches CLAY; dark gray; hard; medium plasticity; moist; with trace mica.	13"	SPT 36		6 12 13
-23.4	70.7		Base 5 inches CLAY; as above; thinly bedded with SAND; gray; medium grained; with some wood; trace gravel.				61 50/2"
-24.7	72.0		SAND; gray; very dense; fine to medium grained; poorly graded; rounded; clean.	7"	SPT 37		46 53 67
			SAND; light gray; very dense; fine grained; poorly graded; with trace wood; clean.	11"	SPT 38		9 12 18
-28.7	76.0		Clayey SAND; dark gray; very fine to fine grained; poorly graded; with some silt; trace wood; thinly bedded with laminations of CLAY; gray as SPT 36 Top.	15"	SPT 39		45 50/2"
-31.0	78.2		Top 3 inches as above; then Silty SAND; orange-brown; medium grained; poorly graded; rounded quartz.	6.5"	SPT 40	Contact is cemented. Drilling harder as go to 80' Jarred sample of base	33 55 69
-32.7	80.0		SAND; tan with orange and black areas; very dense; coarse grained; poorly graded; quartz; some feldspar; with some medium-fine sand; with trace fine gravel; trace wood; trace silt.	10"	SPT 41	pH = 6.3	37 58 72
-34.7	82.0		Gravelly SAND; orange-light brown; very dense; well graded; with trace silt; trace wood.	11"	SPT 42	~3/4" Silt lens in tip Bentonite drilling mud invading coarser areas of sample	
-36.7	84.0						

(continued)

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet)		ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE		47.30 Ft.		SHEET 5 OF 8	
PROJECT			INSTALLATION				
Pearce Creek			PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT				
ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS/6in.
-36.7	84.0		SAND; tan and orange; dense; subrounded to subangular; poorly graded in lenses; fine to coarse grained; with trace silt and light brown silt lens.	9"	SPT 43	Silt lens ~1/2" thick Bentonite drilling mud invading coarser areas of sample, removed from sample. Chemical sample CSW-5-84'-85.5' taken @ 10:40 on 11/28/95.	21
							25
							40
							67
-38.7	86.0		Gravelly SAND; light brown-orange alternating in layers; very dense; well graded; medium grained; gravel is <3/8" size; quartz; rounded.	8"	SPT 44	One pyrite concretion in slough. Broke it open and included in sample. Fine gravel sized.	100/5"
							30
							68
-42.7	90.0		Gravelly SAND; as above; with some white and light gray bands; with trace pyrite in top.	11"	SPT 45		34
							9
-44.5	91.7		SAND; orange, gray, and white in bands; very dense; medium grained; poorly graded; with some coarse grained sand in lenses; with trace silt; trace gravel.	10"	SPT 46		12
							24
-46.5	93.7		CLAY: cream-colored with orange spots in top 10 inches; turning light gray without spots below; stiff; slightly moist; low plasticity.	13"	SPT 47	One blue-black area	7
							13
							23
							9
							20
		27					
		15					
		23					
		29					
-52.4	99.7		Silty CLAY; light gray-white; very stiff; very slightly moist; low plasticity.	15"	SPT 48		11
							21
							32
							9
							23
		30					
		17					
		33					
		42					
		7					
		17					
		23					

(continued)

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet)		ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE		PROJECT		INSTALLATION	
		47.30 Ft.		Pearce Creek		PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT	
ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS/6in.
-58.7	106.0	[Hatched Pattern]	CLAY; gray with some red areas; as above.	14"	SPT 54		12 27 30
-60.4	107.7		Silty CLAY; light gray with red, yellow and purple spots; hard; dry; with trace very fine sand in laminations.	18"	SPT 55		11 22 25
				18"	SPT 56		9 16 24
		[Hatched Pattern]	Silty CLAY; light gray, brown and red with some yellow areas; as SPT 55 above.	18"	SPT 57		12 26 34
			Silty CLAY; light gray, yellow-brown, and reddish; as SPT 55 above; without sand.	14"	SPT 57		17 29 42
			Silty CLAY; light gray and brown; as above SPT 57.	15"	SPT 58		15 35 42
			As SPT 58; with a few black spots in brown clay.	15"	SPT 59		19 28 38
-70.4	117.7	[Hatched Pattern]	CLAY; brown with a few gray, black and yellowish spots; hard; dry; low plasticity; with trace sparkles (mica?).	10"	SPT 60		9 26 31
			CLAY; dark red-brownish gray with a few black organic spots; hard; dry; low plasticity; with trace sparkles (mica?).	17"	SPT 61		12 27 35
			As SPT 61	11"	SPT 62	pH = 6.2	10 25 40
			As SPT 61	15"	SPT 63	Brown-black spots of decomposed wood also have white sand-sized hard grains. Driller said began to chatter as drilling to 128'.	100/5"
			As SPT 61; with trace sand to fine gravel-sized pieces of gray hardpan.	5"	SPT 64	Lots of difficulty drilling to 128', bit chattering - 126.3'-127.3'.	
-80.4	127.7	[Hatched Pattern]					

(continued)

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet)

ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE 47.30 Ft.

SHEET 7 OF 8

PROJECT Pearce Creek

INSTALLATION PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT


ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS/6in.	
-80.7	128.0		Silty CLAY; dark purplish brown-gray with trace whitish hardpan up to trace gravel size.	15"	SPT 65	Large piece of hardpan near top of spoon. pH = 6.1 end of day 11/28/95	15 31 39	
			No sample.			No sample - hardpan 129.5'-131.5'		
			Silty CLAY; dark purplish gray-brown; hard; dry; with occasional hard spots of tan and more occasional spots of blue-black; with trace sparkles (mica?).	14"	SPT 66		15 23 35	
			As SPT 66.		8"	SPT 67		27 100/5"
			Silty CLAY; dark chocolate brown with hard tan and gray spots; as SPT 66.	13"	SPT 68		19 30 43	
			As SPT 66 above.		17"	SPT 69		14 22 30
			Silty CLAY; dark and light gray-brown laminations; hard; with trace fine sand-sized material in light gray laminations.	4"	SPT 70	More hardpan as drilling to 142'.	100/5"	
			As SPT 70, increasing gray laminations.		18"	SPT 71		19 23 25
			As SPT 71.		17"	SPT 72		11 21 23
			As SPT 71.		10"	SPT 73	More hardpan as drilling to 148'.	15 19 25
							Hardpan to ~149' depth. No sample.	
							(continued)	

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet)

ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE 47.30 Ft.

PROJECT
Pearce Creek

INSTALLATION
PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT

ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS/ 6in.
-102.7	150.0		As SPT 71.	18"	SPT 74		11 20 25
			As SPT 70, fewer gray laminations.	14"	SPT 75	Chemical sample CSW-5-152'-153.5' taken @ 14:40	12 24
-106.2	153.5		Classifications listed above are based on BVWS standard classification procedures and ASTM D 2488-90 Visual Manual Classification; not on Laboratory Analyses.			end of boring @ 153.5 Grouted up to ~92 depth w/ tremie pipe (~75 gallons) on 11/29/95. Placed well screen (80.3'-90.3') on 11/30/95.	28

DRILLING LOG		DIVISION NORTH ATLANTIC DIVISION	INSTALLATION PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT	SHEET 1 OF 2
1. PROJECT Pearce Creek		10. SIZE AND TYPE OF BIT 6 inch side discharge drag bit		
2. LOCATION (Coordinates or Station) 1597948.77 E, 642535.94 N		11. DATUM FOR ELEVATION SHOWN (TBM or MSL) NAVD 88		
3. DRILLING AGENCY UNI-TECH DRILLING CO., INC.		12. MANUFACTURER'S DESIGNATION OF DRILL Failing 1500		
4. HOLE NO. (As shown on drawing title and file number) CSW-6		13. TOTAL NO. OF OVERBURDEN SAMPLES TAKEN disturbed: 2 undisturbed: 0 attempted		
5. NAME OF DRILLER Joseph Jester		14. TOTAL NUMBER OF CORE BOXES 0		
6. DIRECTION OF HOLE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> VERTICAL <input type="checkbox"/> INCLINED		15. ELEVATION GROUND WATER		
7. THICKNESS OF OVERBURDEN		16. DATE HOLE STARTED COMPLETED 01/04/96 01/04/96		
8. DEPTH DRILLED INTO ROCK		17. ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE 36.23 Ft.		
9. TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE 22 Ft.		18. TOTAL CORE RECOVERY FOR BORING		
		19. SIGNATURE OF INSPECTOR Lusheng Yan		

ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOMS/ Bfr.
36.2	.0						
						No sample in first 18 feet Refer to logs of CSW-1 and CSW-4 for lithology/stratigraphy.	
						Unless otherwise noted, samples taken according to ASTM 1586. Using bentonite mud "QuickGel" by Baroid to drill.	
18.2	18.0						

(continued)


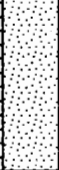
DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet)

ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE 36.23 Ft.

SHEET 2 OF 2

PROJECT Pearce Creek

INSTALLATION PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT

ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS/6in.
18.2	18.0						
17.7	18.5		Top 6": SAND; white; wet; w/some gravel Middle 12": CLAY; black; soft; wet; w/white shells Bottom 3": SAND; black; coarse grained; w/some gravel	21"	SPT 1		4
		5					
16.7	19.5		SAND; black; loose; coarse grained; wet; w/some gravel	10"	SPT 2		12
							14
							7
							9
14.2	22.0						15
			Classifications listed above are based on B&V standard classification procedures and ASTM D 2488-90 Visual Manual Classification; not on Laboratory Analyses.			End of boring at 22'. Installed 2" diameter piezometer on 1/4/96. One foot screened interval placed at 21'-22' depth.	15

DRILLING LOG		DIVISION NORTH ATLANTIC DIVISION	INSTALLATION PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT
1. PROJECT Pearce Creek		10. SIZE AND TYPE OF BIT 4-3/4" side-discharge trivane	
2. LOCATION (Coordinates or Station) 1596466.66 E, 643972.77 N		11. DATUM FOR ELEVATION SHOWN (TBM or MSL) NAVD 88	
3. DRILLING AGENCY UNI-TECH DRILLING CO., INC.		12. MANUFACTURER'S DESIGNATION OF DRILL Failing 1500	
4. HOLE NO. (As shown on drawing title and file number) CSW-7		13. TOTAL NO. OF OVERBURDEN SAMPLES TAKEN disturbed: 51 undisturbed: 3 att. 2 accepted	
5. NAME OF DRILLER Joseph Jester		14. TOTAL NUMBER OF CORE BOXES 0	
6. DIRECTION OF HOLE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> VERTICAL <input type="checkbox"/> INCLINED		15. ELEVATION GROUND WATER	
7. THICKNESS OF OVERBURDEN		16. DATE HOLE STARTED COMPLETED 12/14/95 12/15/95	
8. DEPTH DRILLED INTO ROCK		17. ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE 8.12 Ft.	
9. TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE 106.6 Ft.		18. TOTAL CORE RECOVERY FOR BORING	
		19. SIGNATURE OF INSPECTOR S.M. Cook	

ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS/6in.
8.1	.0	[Dotted pattern]	SAND; brown-orange; medium grained; poorly graded; with trace roots; trace silt; trace gray clay in one ball; moist-wet; medium dense.	16"	SPT 1	Unless otherwise noted, SPT samples taken according to ASTM 1586 Using bentonite mud, "QuickGel" by Baroid. Chemical sample CSW-7-1'-2' taken @	5 8 10 10
			SAND; brown; medium grained; poorly graded; wet; trace silt; medium dense.	9"	SPT 2	Chemical sample CSW-7-2'-3' taken @ 11:17	7 11 11
4.1	4.0	[Vertical lines]	SILT; brown; soft; wet; with trace sand.	6"	SPT 3	Chemical sample CSW-7-4'-5' taken @ 11:21 Mud on outside of spoon is red (dredge fill clay)	3 2 2
			SILT; as above; then				2 2
1.1	7.0	[Dotted pattern]	At 7 foot grades into SAND; brown; medium dense; medium to fine grained; well graded; wet; with some rounded gravel.	22"	SPT 4		7 8
			No recovery.	0"	SPT 5	Not enough for chemical sample. Quartz gravel stuck in tip.	4 5 7 8
		[Dotted pattern]	SAND; as above SPT 5 base; trace mica.	12"	SPT 6	Chemical sample CSW-7-10'-11' taken @ 11:38 2 large gravel pieces in tip.	6 7 9 11
			SAND; brown; medium dense; medium grained; moderately well graded; subangular; with some coarse sand; trace gravel; quartz; wet.	13"	SPT 7		8 8 10 12
		[Dotted pattern]	SAND; same as SPT 7	11"	SPT 8	Chemical sample CSW-7-14'-15' taken @ 11:48	9 12 15
-7.9	16.0		Sandy GRAVEL; brown; well graded; with trace ; trace silt.	5"	SPT 9	Larger gravel pieces in slough.	19 11 15 17 19

(continued)

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet)

ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE 8.12 Ft.

PROJECT Pearce Creek

INSTALLATION PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT

ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS/6in.	
-9.9	18.0		Gravelly SAND; brown; medium dense.	7"	SPT 10		15 15 19 20	
			Piece of gravel stuck in tip.		1"	SPT 11	Recovery too low for chemical sample. Circulating hard to clean out gravel.	15 21 30 25
			Gravelly SAND; brown and gray; as SPT 10; with trace silt.		4"	SPT 12	Recovery too low for chemical sample.	12 15 23 29
-15.9	24.0			Top 6 inches Silty SAND; fine grading to				5
-16.4	24.5			SILT; brown-gray; stiff; with some sand; trace mica; trace wood; trace coarse sand.	14"	U-X	Chemical sample CSW-7-24'-26' taken @ 12:20	6 6 7
				No recovery.			No recovery. When drove tube, kelly picked up. Small amount of gray clay and large gravel fell out of tip.	
-18.9	27.0			Organic CLAY; brownish gray w/occ. black spots; hard; not dilatant; low plasticity; with trace sand and gravel; trace organics; moist.	22"	SPT 14		16 21 27 34
				CLAY; as SPT 14; not quite as moist.	14"	SPT 15		10 12 18 23
				CLAY; as SPT 14; with less gravel.	24"	SPT 16	Sample cut down middle by a piece of gravel driven in tip.	11 13 17 21
				CLAY; as SPT 14; with less gravel.	18"	SPT 17		10 15 21 25
				CLAY; brown-gray; very stiff; not dilatant; low to moderate plasticity; with trace sand; trace mica; trace organics.	20"	SPT 18		9 15 15 20
				CLAY; as SPT 18.	16"	SPT 19	Sample cut by gravel; looks like twisted ribbon; unable to clean all bentonite mud off.	10 19 27 25
						(continued)		

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet)		ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE		PROJECT		INSTALLATION		SHEET 3 OF 6	
Pearce Creek		8.12 Ft.		Pearce Creek		PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT			
ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS/6in.		
-37.9	40.0		CLAY; as SPT 18 above.	24"	SPT 20	Piece of rounded gravel in tip.	12	40	
								19	
								23	
								21	42
				CLAY; as SPT 18 above.	24"	SPT 21		11	
								15	
								17	
								19	44
				CLAY; as above; with shell decomposed in top; fine gravel-sized orange piece of cemented sand-sized grains.	24"	U-1	Drove @ 14:56 @ 100 psi. Retrieved 24" @ 15:15 Took jar sample of top 1"		
									46
				CLAY; gray; as above; no sand.	24"	SPT 22		7	
								9	
								12	
							15	48	
			CLAY; gray; as above; no sand.	24"	SPT 23		12		
							17		
							19		
							12	50	
			CLAY; gray with occasional black spots; as SPT 18 above; trace sand-sized grains in orange spots; moist.	24"	SPT 24		13		
							13		
							17		
			CLAY; as SPT 24.	24"	SPT 25		7	62	
							9		
							9		
							12	64	
			CLAY; as SPT 24.	24"	SPT 26		8		
							9		
							11		
							11	66	
			CLAY; as SPT 24; slightly moister.	24"	SPT 27		10		
							13		
							13		
							15	68	
			CLAY; as SPT 24; moister.	24"	SPT 28	Chemical sample CSW-7-58'-60' taken @ 16:32 on 12/14/95.	9		
							12		
							21		
							25	80	
			CLAY; brown-gray with occasional black spots; firm; plastic; moist.	24"	SPT 29	Easily able to push in thumb 1"	8		
							10		
							10		
							13	82	

(continued)

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet) ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE 8.12 Ft. SHEET 4 OF 6
 PROJECT Pearce Creek INSTALLATION PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT

ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS/6in.
-53.9	62.0		CLAY; as SPT 29 above.	20"	SPT 30		8
			CLAY; as SPT 29 above.	18"	SPT 31		8
			CLAY; as SPT 29; firm; very moist.	17"	SPT 32		10
			Organic CLAY; light brown; as SPT 29; grading more woody; then; Base 4 inches peat; brown turning black with air exposure; dry.	24"	SPT 33	Chemical sample of peat, CSW-7-69.5'-70' taken @ 08:55 on 12/15/95. Peat pH in water = 8.45 after 12 minutes. @ 15 minutes = 8.01 @ 35 minutes = 7.0 @ 1 hour = 7.0 Parts of SPT 34 are runny in spoon.	12
-61.5	69.6						7
-61.9	70.0		Sandy SILT; gray-green; medium dense; with some clay as in SPT 33; grading to 4 inches peat in tip.	24"	U-2		7
-63.5	71.6						8
-63.9	72.0		PEAT and tan-white SAND; medium grained.	20"	SPT 34	Drove tube @ 9:08 @ 100 psi Recovered 20" @ 9:23	9
-65.9	74.0		SILT; light brown-white; medium dense; very moist; with some peat/ wood; some sand; with trace mica; some clay (gray and brown).	13"	SPT 35	Parts of sample are runny	10
-67.9	76.0		Silty SAND; gray; very dense; medium grained; poorly graded; some clay near top.	12"	SPT 36	Silt/Clay in <1/2" laminations	13
-69.4	77.5						17
-70.2	78.3		Top 4 inches CLAY; brown and gray with some gravel; then;	10"	SPT 37	One large rounded piece of gravel in top clay.	10
			SAND; red, tan, gray, and yellow; very dense; medium grained; poorly graded; top 1 inch is read weakly cemented, with trace silt.	7"	SPT 38	Changed to downhole hammer; reamed to 80'w/open-end 6" trivane bit. Blows below not valid for comparison with standard N values.	11
			SAND; brown with yellowish laminations; very dense; medium grained; poorly graded.	0"	SPT 39	One yellow cemented piece of sand in spoon, 3/4" size	12
			SAND				14
-75.9	84.0						18


(continued)

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet)		ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE		PROJECT		INSTALLATION		SHEET 5 OF 6	
Pearce Creek		8.12 Ft.		Pearce Creek		PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT			
ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS/6in.		
-75.9	84.0						30		
-77.4	85.5		Silty SAND; orange-yellow and brown; very dense; medium grained; poorly graded; with trace white clay in one 3/4 inch spot. silt lens.	10"	SPT 40	Chemical sample CSW-7-84'-85' taken @ 11:23	59		
							50/1"		
-79.4	87.5		SAND; yellow, red, black, white, and gray; very dense; fine to medium grained; with some white clay; some moderately cemented black and red areas; some yellow-orange silt.	11"	SPT 41	1" gray Sand/Silt 2" yellow 1" cemented black 1" white Clay 1-2" white Sand 4" yellow w/red	27		
							100/5"		
			Silty SAND; tan, orange-yellow; very dense; medium to fine grained; poorly graded; with some white clay/silt; trace gravel.	14"	SPT 42	Interlayered 1/4"-1/2" laminations of tan clean Sand; yellow Silty Sand; white Clay; white Silty Sand. SPT 41 Soil (yellow Silty Sand) pH in water: @ 1 min. = 6.5 @ 2 min. = 6.2 @ 10 min. = 5.5	15		
							35		
							41		
-83.4	91.5		Silty SAND; as above in SPT 42; with 5 inch coarse sand; then	18"	SPT 43	4" yellow-orange Silty Sand 3/4" red Silty Sand 3" white Silty Sand 4" pink/white Silt/Clay	12		
-83.9	92.0		Silty SAND; orange-yellow, red, white; then CLAY; pink; hard; not dilatant; very slightly moist.	18"	SPT 44		22		
			Sandy SILT; white; dense; sand is very fine to fine grained; with some clay; interlayered <1 inch lenses; grading to 4 inches red and white silty clay in base; variegated.	18"	SPT 45		37		
			Silty SAND; white; very dense; very fine-fine grained; poorly graded; with trace clay and gravel near top.	7"	SPT 46	Sandy areas are wet.	12		
							30		
							47		
			Sandy SILT; white with trace pink; very dense; with some clay.	16"	SPT 47	Interlayered area w/more Clay/Silt are <1" thick	15		
-89.6	97.7						28		
							35		
-91.4	99.5		Silty CLAY; white; hard; not dilatant; very slightly moist; plastic; with trace sand.	11"	SPT 48	2" fine-medium sand lens @ 2"-4" above base	17		
							33		
							48		
-93.4	101.5		Silty SAND; white; very dense; interbedded in laminations; with some clay.	12"	SPT 49	Chemical sample CSW-7-100'-101.5' taken @ 13:03 from sandier parts of sample. Clay is light gray w/trace pink and red.	15		
							25		
							27		
			SAND; white-tan; very dense; fine to medium grained; very poorly graded; clean; quartz; with trace silt in hairline; laminations.	10"	SPT 50		37		
							51		
							50/1"		
			SAND; as SPT 49 above; with trace red-orange clay laminations.	6"	SPT 50		58		
							50/1"		

(continued)

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet) ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE 8.12 Ft. SHEET 6 OF 6

PROJECT Pearce Creek INSTALLATION PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT

ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BL OWS/ 6in.
-97.9	106.0						
-98.9	107.0		SAND; as SPT 49 above; with ~40% white clay in discrete lumps and laminations.	6"	SPT 51	Chemical sample CSW-7-106'-106.6' taken @ 13:48	33 50/1"
			Classifications listed above are based on BVWS standard classification procedures and ASTM D 2488-90 Visual Manual Classification; not on Laboratory Analyses.			Grouted up to >91' depth w/ tremie pipe (~25 gallons) on 12/15/95. Reamed and placed well screen (81'-91') on 12/18/95.	

DRILLING LOG	DIVISION NORTH ATLANTIC DIVISION	INSTALLATION PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT	SHEET 1 OF 7
1. PROJECT Pearce Creek	10. SIZE AND TYPE OF BIT 4-3/4" side-discharge trivane	11. DATUM FOR ELEVATION SHOWN (TBM or MSL) NAVD 88	
2. LOCATION (Coordinates or Station) 1596085.38 E, 642953.40 N	12. MANUFACTURER'S DESIGNATION OF DRILL Failing 1500	13. TOTAL NO. OF OVERBURDEN SAMPLES TAKEN disturbed: 67 undisturbed: 0 attempted	
3. DRILLING AGENCY UNI-TECH DRILLING CO., INC.	14. TOTAL NUMBER OF CORE BOXES 0	15. ELEVATION GROUND WATER	
4. HOLE NO. (As shown on drawing title and file number) CSW-8	16. DATE HOLE STARTED COMPLETED 12/04/95 12/07/95	17. ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE 25.38 Ft.	
5. NAME OF DRILLER Joseph Jester	18. TOTAL CORE RECOVERY FOR BORING	19. SIGNATURE OF INSPECTOR S.M. Cook	
6. DIRECTION OF HOLE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> VERTICAL <input type="checkbox"/> INCLINED	7. THICKNESS OF OVERBURDEN	8. DEPTH DRILLED INTO ROCK	
9. TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE 133.5 Ft.			

ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS/ 6in.
25.4	.0		Sandy SILT; brown; loose; sand is fine to medium grained; slightly moist.	11"	SPT 1	Unless otherwise noted, SPT samples taken according to ASTM 1586 Using bentonite mud, "QuickGel" by Baroid. Chemical sample CSW-8-0'-1' taken @ 08:24	3 4 6 8
			Silty SAND; orange-brown; medium dense; medium grained; dry; quartz; subrounded; poorly graded.	7"	SPT 2	Chemical sample CSW-8-2'-3' taken @ 08:30 Extra volume for QA duplicate taken.	8 12 12
21.4	4.0		SAND; orange-brown; dense; medium grained; poorly graded; quartz; subrounded; dry; with trace silt.	5"	SPT 3	Chemical sample CSW-8-4'-5' taken @ 08:38	16 17 19
			SAND; tan; very dense; medium grained; poorly graded; dry; with traced fine sand.	11"	SPT 4		24 24 28
			SAND; tan; medium dense; medium grained; poorly graded; slightly moist; with some fine sand; trace silt in lenses; trace black organic spots.	17"	SPT 5	Chemical sample CSW-8-8'-10' taken @ 09:02	8 8 9 10
			SAND; tan; medium dense; medium to coarse grained; moderately well graded; with trace fine sand and silt in lenses; wet.	11"	SPT 6		7 8 8
			SAND; orange-brown; loose; coarse grained; moderately well graded; as SPT 6.	12"	SPT 7		4 4 3
11.4	14.0		7 inches SILT; black; loose; moist; with trace sand; then			Chemical sample CSW-8-14'-14.5' taken @ 09:22	3 3 4
10.8	14.6		CLAY; tan; stiff; moderately plastic; wet; with trace mica.	18"	SPT 8		4 5 5
9.4	16.0		Clayey SILT; tan; medium dense; with some fine sand; trace mica.	19"	SPT 9		6 3 8
7.4	18.0						10 10

(continued)

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet) ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE 25.38 Ft. SHEET 2 OF 7

PROJECT Pearce Creek INSTALLATION PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT

ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (If significant)	BLOWS/ 6in.
7.4	18.0	[Stippled pattern]	SAND; tan and yellowish; medium dense; fine grained; with trace silt in lenses; wet.	13"	SPT 10	Chemical sample CSW-8-18'-20' taken @ 09:33	8
		[Stippled pattern]	SAND; light brown; loose; fine-medium grained; with some silt.	.13"	SPT 11		10
							12
3.4	22.0	[Vertical lines pattern]	Silty SAND; light brown; loose; fine grained; poorly graded; subrounded; quartz; wet.	20"	SPT 12		3
							4
		[Vertical lines pattern]	Silty SAND; light and dark brown; loose; fine-medium grained; wet; poorly graded.	20"	SPT 13		4
							4
-6	26.0	[Vertical lines pattern]	Base 5 inches SILT; dark brown-black; with wood.				2
							2
-1.4	26.8	[Vertical lines pattern]	Organic SILT; brown and black; medium dense; Top 5 inches light brown clayey; wet; then; 3 inches as Base of SPT 13; then;	9"	SPT 14		2
				<1 inch SAND; white; with trace fine gravel.			
		[Stippled pattern]	SAND; tan and bright orange; medium dense; medium grained; poorly graded; with some orange silt in lenses.	18"	SPT 15	Soil pH in water = 7.95	3
		[Stippled pattern]	SAND; tan; dense; medium grained; moderately well graded; with some silt; trace quartz fine gravel.	16"	SPT 16		7
							8
-6.6	32.0	[Stippled pattern]	Gravelly SAND; tan with orange-red silty laminations; medium grained; well graded; with trace silt.	10"	SPT 17	Silt ~ 10% by volume in settling jar. Gravel maximum axis is 1". Gravel is rounded quartz.	18
		[Stippled pattern]	Gravelly SAND; orange-yellow; dense; well graded; with some silt.	14"	SPT 18		5
							33
-11.1	36.5	[Stippled pattern]	Top 6 inches as SPT 18; then; SAND; tan and orange; dense; fine grained; poorly graded; with trace silt	11"	SPT 19		15
							21
		[Stippled pattern]	SAND; tan, light gray, and orange; dense; fine and medium grained; (finer near top); with some silt in fine grained areas.	16"	SPT 20		17
							15

(continued)

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet)		ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE		25.38 Ft.		SHEET 3 OF 7		
PROJECT			INSTALLATION					
Pearce Creek			PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT					
ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS/6in.	
-14.6	40.0		SAND; tan and orange; medium dense; medium grained; poorly graded; with trace orange silt in base.	11"	SPT 21	Base 5" orange	11	
							12	
							15	
							25	
				SAND; tan and orange; very dense; fine and medium grained; poorly graded; with trace silt.	13"	SPT 22		18
							45	
							100/3"	
				SAND; tan; very dense; medium grained; poorly graded; with trace light orange silt in laminations.	16"	SPT 23		28
							34	
							45	
			SAND; as SPT 23 above in top 6 inches; Base 4" grading finer sand and some orange silt.	10"	SPT 24		60	
						12		
						20		
						32		
						49		
			SAND; orange with some tan near base; very dense; medium grained; poorly graded; with some orange silt.	20"	SPT 25	Chemical sample CSW-8-48'-50' taken @ 12:08	25	
						34		
						40		
						44		
-24.6	50.0		Clayey SAND; tan, orange, and light gray; dense; fine to medium grained; poorly graded; with some silt.	22"	SPT 26	gray Clay, Clayey Sand interlayered w/orange Sand, Silty Sand.	17	
							19	
						20		
						24		
-26.6	52.0		Top 6 inches Silty SAND; tan, orange and light gray; then CLAY; light gray; hard; plastic; with trace silt and sand in orange spots.	14"	SPT 27		19	
							25	
						31		
						40		
-28.6	54.0		Silty SAND; gray and orange; dense; fine grained; poorly graded; with some gray clay.	17"	SPT 28	orange laminations Clay mostly in one 3" lens	25	
							23	
							19	
							19	
				As SPT 28 above; with more gray silt and clay	13"	SPT 29		15
							18	
						25		
						32		
			Sandy SILT; white-light gray with orange laminations; dense; sand is very fine to fine grained; moist-wet; with trace mica; some gray clay	17"	SPT 30		15	
						25		
						25		
						32		
			As SPT 30.	14"	SPT 31		11	
						17		
						12		
						35		

(continued)

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet)

ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE 25.38 Ft.

SHEET 4 OF 7

PROJECT Pearce Creek

INSTALLATION PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT

ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS/6ft.
-36.6	62.0		As SPT 30 above; with 6 inches gray CLAY in middle. SAND; tan; medium grained; in tip	14"	SPT 32	gray Clay has orange Silty Sand spots	11
-37.4	62.8						20
-37.8	63.2						100/6"
-40.2	65.6		SAND; tan with some light orange areas; very dense; medium grained; poorly graded; with trace gray silty spots and orange silt.	10"	SPT 33		60
							100/5"
-42.6	68.0		Silty SAND; tan and orange with some light gray; fine grained; poorly graded; with some gray clay in lenses.	15"	SPT 34		23
							38
							67
			SAND; tan with orange laminations; very dense; fine grained; poorly graded; with some silt.	13"	SPT 35		70
							23
							57
			SAND; tan and light orange; very dense; fine grained; poorly graded; with some silt.	18"	SPT 36		37
							57
							57
			SAND; as SPT 36; with some medume grained sand.	14"	SPT 37		58
							38
							100/3"
			SAND; orange with gray silty blobs; very dense; medium grained; poorly graded; with some orange silt.	6"	SPT 38		100/6"
			SAND; tan-orange; very dense; medium grained; poorly graded; with trace silt.	6"	SPT 39		100/6"
-52.6	78.0		Silty SAND; yellow-orange; very dense; fine grained; poorly graded.	13"	SPT 40	Changed to downhole hammer; reamed to 78'w/open-end 6" trivane bit and large rods. Blows below 78' not valid for comparison with standard N values. Soil pH in water: @ 1 min. = 4.8 @ 15 min. = 5.0 Settling volume @ 15 min. ~50% silt	21
-53.4	78.7						23
							29
			SAND; yellow-orange with some whitish lenses; coarse graded; with trace yellow-orange silt; trace medium-fine sand; trace white clay.	10"	SPT 41		21
							78
							50/2"
-58.6	84.0		SAND; tan; very dense; fine to medium grained; poorly graded; with some white-light gray with orange spots clay; trace mica.	4"	SPT 42		100/5"

(continued)

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet)		ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE		25.38 Ft.		SHEET 5 OF 7	
PROJECT			INSTALLATION				
Pearce Creek			PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT				
ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOMS/6in.
-58.6	84.0		SAND; yellow; very dense; medium grained; poorly graded; with silty CLAY; white-light gray; hard.	1"	SPT 43	Low recovery SAND and CLAY separate	100/4"
-60.6	86.0		SAND; yellow-orange; very dense; medium grained; poorly graded; with some silt.	2"	SPT 44		100/5"
			SAND; as SPT 44 above; with some white silty clay in one lens.	6"	SPT 45		100/6"
			No recovery.	0"	SPT 46	No recovery	100/5"
			SAND; orange with some dark brown-black cemented spots; very dense; fine to medium grained; poorly graded; with some orange silt.	14"	SPT 47	Top is medium grained Base is fine grained	43 21 25
			SAND; orange; very dense; coarse to medium grained; moderately well graded; with some orange silt; with trace laminations of cream-colored silt; trace dark brown iron-cemented nodules (as SPT 47).	12"	SPT 48		11 21 27
			SAND; orange; very dense; medium grained; well graded; with some silt.	12"	SPT 49	cream-colored laminations of Silt	15 51 45
-72.4	97.7		Silty SAND; orange with dark brown and cream-colored laminations; fine to medium grained; poorly graded.	14"	SPT 50	Chemical sample CSW-8-98'-98.5' taken @ 11:50 on 12/7/95 Dark brown iron-cemented grains concentrated in laminations; cream-colored Silt in laminations. trace reddish color near tip	37 47 59
			As SPT 50; more medium grained; much less dark brown laminations; lighter color (tan-orange).	9"	SPT 51		15 27 35
-76.4	101.7		SAND; tan and orange; very dense; mostly medium grained; with some silt; trace clay.	13"	SPT 52	some fine orange Silty Sand and gray-cream Clay laminations, mostly near base	33 34 35
-78.4	103.7		Silty SAND and CLAY; sand is light orange to dark orange-brown; clay is light gray with orange spots; sand is fine to medium; poorly graded; clay is plastic.	7"	SPT 53	Clay mainly in 3" lens	45 100/4"
-79.6	105.0						

(continued)

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet)

ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE 25.38 Ft.

SHEET 6 OF 7

PROJECT
Pearce Creek

INSTALLATION
PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT

ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (If significant)	BLOWS/6in.
-80.6	106.0		SILT; white to light gray with some yellow-orange, brown and ice red; very dense; with some sand; sand is mostly fine-very fine grained; with trace clay. Silty SAND; tan and orange; very dense; fine to medium grained; poorly graded; with lens of tan silt. SAND; tan and orange; very dense; medium grained; poorly graded; with some silt. SAND; tan; very dense; medium grained; poorly graded; quartz; subrounded; with trace beige silt in some areas of the sand. SAND; as SPT 57 above. SILT; white; with some sand mostly cemented into dark rust colored nodules. SAND; orange-tan; as SPT 57; without beige siltier areas; some white silt in one lens; with dark rust-colored sand nodules. SAND; orange-brown; very dense; medium to coarse grained; with trace silt. SAND; orange; as SPT 61; quartz; subangular. SAND; greenish-yellow and tan; very dense; medium to coarse grained; poorly graded; with trace silt; some fine sand. SAND; orange with trace black, white and red spots; as SPT 63.	9"	SPT 54	medium grained sand, silt, and 1/4" x 3/4" rust colored cemented Sand nodule in tip. d=110.2 ~3/4" spot of light gray Silt @ top. Darder orange-brown in the Sand just below this.	12
-81.6	107.0						17
							24
							49
-83.6	109.0						50/1.5"
							33
							47
							50/2"
							49
							50/2"
		59					
		50/1"					
-90.6	116.0					39	
-91.6	117.0			1.5"	SPT 59	50/1"	
				5"	SPT 60	30	
						50/2"	
				5"	SPT 61	27	
						39	
						50/1"	
				9"	SPT 62	30	
						41	
						58	
				10"	SPT 63	15	
						25	
						39	
				9"	SPT 64	33	
						50	
						50/1"	

(continued)




DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet)

ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE 25.38 Ft.

SHEET 7 OF 7

PROJECT
Pearce Creek

INSTALLATION
PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT

ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS/ 6in.
-102.6	128.0		SAND; tan; very dense; medium to coarse grained; subangular; quartz; with trace feldspar; with some fine sand; trace silt.	9"	SPT 65	One dark rust-colored nodule.	21 43 60
-104.6	130.0		Silty CLAY; light gray and pinkish brown; low plasticity; moist; with trace sand.	8"	SPT 66		20 39 50/3"
-108.1	133.5		Clayey SILT; variegated light gray and dark red with some pinkish brown and occasional dark blue spots; low dilatancy; some parts low plasticity; with some lenses with very fine sand.	17"	SPT 67		15 32 44
			Classifications listed above are based on BVWS standard classification procedures and ASTM D 2488-90 Visual Manual Classification; not on Laboratory Analyses.			Reamed to 132' depth Set well base @ 130'6.5" on 12/6/95.	

DRILLING LOG		DIVISION NORTH ATLANTIC DIVISION	INSTALLATION PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT	SHEET 1 OF 7
1. PROJECT Pearce Creek		10. SIZE AND TYPE OF BIT 4-3/4" side-discharge trivane		
2. LOCATION (Coordinates or Station) 1598164 E, 643674 N		11. DATUM FOR ELEVATION SHOWN (TBM or MSL) NAVD 29		
3. DRILLING AGENCY UNI-TECH DRILLING CO., INC.		12. MANUFACTURER'S DESIGNATION OF DRILL Failing 1500		
4. HOLE NO. (As shown on drawing title and file number) CSW-9		13. TOTAL NO. OF OVERBURDEN SAMPLES TAKEN disturbed: 69 undisturbed: 0 attempted		
5. NAME OF DRILLER Joseph Jester		14. TOTAL NUMBER OF CORE BOXES 0		
6. DIRECTION OF HOLE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> VERTICAL <input type="checkbox"/> INCLINED		15. ELEVATION GROUND WATER		
7. THICKNESS OF OVERBURDEN		16. DATE HOLE STARTED COMPLETED 02/19/96 02/21/96		
8. DEPTH DRILLED INTO ROCK		17. ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE 28.38 Ft.		
9. TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE 139 Ft.		18. TOTAL CORE RECOVERY FOR BORING		
		19. SIGNATURE OF INSPECTOR S.M. Cook		

ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS/6in.
28.4	.0		SAND; tan; medium dense; poorly graded; medium grained; with trace clay.	12"	SPT 1	Unless otherwise noted, SPT samples taken according to ASTM 1586 Using bentonite mud, "QuickGel" by Baroid.	7
							14
							10
26.4	2.0		CLAY; yellow with some gray and red; stiff; low plasticity; with some sand.	9"	SPT 2		8
							7
							7
							9
							12
24.1	4.3		Top 4" CLAY; gray-brown with some red; low plasticity; then SAND; tan; dense; medium grained; poorly graded; wet;	13"	SPT 3		8
						11	
						14	
						16	
			SAND; tan turning black at tip; as above; medium dense; silty at tip; wet.	13"	SPT 4	8	
						5	
						6	
20.4	8.0		Top 4" Silty SAND; black; grading to silt; black soft; wet; non-plastic; trace fine sand;	14"	SPT 5	9	
20.1	8.3					WOH	
						-	
						-	
18.4	10.0		Alternating black organic clayey silt and fine silty sand; soft; wet; trace organic material; Base 2" is woody; drier	20"	SPT 6	1	
						0	
						1	
			as SPT 6; runny in parts; gray and black spotted clay.	24"	SPT 7	WOH	
						-	
						-	
			Sandy SILT; yellow-gray; wet; runny; soft.	8"	SPT 8	1	
						WOH	
						WOH	
						WOH	
			Silty SAND; yellow-gray; very loose; runny; wet; medium grained; poorly graded	8"	SPT 9	1	
						0	
						1	
						1	

(continued)

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet) ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE 28.38 Ft. SHEET 2 OF 7

PROJECT Pearce Creek INSTALLATION PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT

ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS/6in.
10.4	18.0		Silty SAND; As SPT 9; dark brown with yellow near tip.	9"	SPT 10		WOR -
8.4	20.0		SAND; tan; loose; medium grained; poorly graded; wet with trace silt; some multicolored clay in top 3"; trace mica.	8"	SPT 11		- 2 4 5 7 10 17 18 18
			SAND; brown with occ. orange areas; dense; medium to fine grained; poorly graded; with some silty trace mica.	15"	SPT 12		18 18
			SAND; orange; dense; medium grained; poorly graded; with some silt; trace mica flakes.	15"	SPT 13		22 27 30
			SAND; as SPT 13.	13"	SPT 14		18 27 32 30
			SAND; orange to reddish; As SPT 13.	16"	SPT 15		14 15 16 16
-2.1	30.5		Top 6" as above; then Silty SAND; gray-yellow, medium dense; very fine; trace mica; trace black orange silt spots; trace gravel.	20"	SPT 16	On piece of gravel at sand/silty sand interface.	9 9 10 12 10
			Silty SAND; gray; medium dense; very fine grained; poorly graded; with trace mica.	13"	SPT 17		8 8 8
-5.6	34.0		Silty CLAY; gray; stiff; with some very fine sand; with trace mica; trace wood.	12"	SPT 18		9 7 6 7
			As SPT 18; Silty CLAY; with some very fine sand.	19"	SPT 19		4 6 6 8
-9.6	38.0		CLAY; gray; very stiff; low plasticity; trace mica; trace sand.	21"	SPT 20		10 10 12 10

(continued)

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet)	ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE 28.38 Ft.	SHEET 3 OF 7
PROJECT Pearce Creek	INSTALLATION PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT	

ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOMS/ 6in.	
-11.6	40.0		Top 7" as SPT 21, slightly softer; grading brown; then; Clayey PEAT; brown-black; moist; grading into woody clay at base.	24"	SPT 21	Peat turns black with exposure to air.	10	
							8	
							7	
							8	
				CLAY; gray-brown; stiff; low plasticity; with trace wood; some; trace angular sand-sized grains.	22"	SPT 22		8
							7	
							8	
				CLAY; brown; as SPT 22.	21"	SPT 23		6
							8	
							5	
			CLAY; brown; as SPT 22.	21"	SPT 24	One orange spot ~ 1/4" wide.	5	
						6		
						7		
-19.6	48.0		Silty CLAY; brown with occ. white or gray sand blobs; as SPT 22.	19"	SPT 25	Turns darker with exposure to air.	7	
						8		
						8		
						8		
						8		
						22		
						25		
						32		
						35		
			CLAY; brown truning to gray-black with exposure to air; hard; as SPT 22; with some black areas.	24"	SPT 26		11	
						15		
			CLAY; as SPT 26; with more frequent white spots on inner surface of sample as broken apart; no angular grains as before.	23"	SPT 27		9	
						12		
			CLAY; as SPT 27	20"	SPT 28		11	
						14		
						9		
						12		
			CLAY; as SPT 27.	4"	SPT 29	Looks like most of sample pulled out tip (did not break off - trap bent backwards).	12	
						10		
						25		
						18		
			CLAY; gray and black; as SPT 27.	21"	SPT 30		12	
						15		
						15		
						18		
						10		
			CLAY; as SPT 30.	20"	SPT 31		10	
						9		
						10		

(continued)

ENG FORM 1838 PREVIOUS EDITIONS ARE OBSOLETE. MAR 71	PROJECT Pearce Creek	HOLE NUMBER CSW-9
---	-------------------------	----------------------

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet)

ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE

28.38 Ft.

SHEET 4 OF 7



























PROJECT
Pearce Creek

INSTALLATION
PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT

ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS/ 6in.
-33.6	62.0		CLAY; as SPT 31.	23"	SPT 32		12
			CLAY; as SPT 31; with more frequent white shells (trace).	23"	SPT 33		12
			CLAY; as SPT 31.	24"	SPT 34		17
							15
-39.6	68.0		Silty SAND; dark gray; very dense; fine grained; with trace mica; trace wood.	24"	SPT 35		5
							9
-41.6	70.0		Silty CLAY; gray and black; firm; low plasticity; low to no dilatancy; with trace wood and trace mica flakes.	21"	SPT 36	End of day 02/19/96.	11
							12
-43.6	72.0		CLAY; dark olive green with black; with trace vegetative matter; trace mica; moderate plasticity; no dilatancy; moist;	24"	SPT 37		10
			As SPT 37; with occ. white spots (shell remnants).	24"	SPT 38		12
			As SPT 38.	24"	SPT 39		15
			As SPT 38; slightly more frequent shell pieces; turning black with green in base 8"	24"	SPT 40		3
			CLAY; black; as SPT 40.	5"	SPT 41	Low recovery; appears most of sample pulled out base of spoon.	1
			Top 12" as SPT 41;				9
			PEAT; gray with brown and black; dry; light; some shells.	21"	SPT 42		9
							3
							5
							8

(continued)

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet) ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE 28.38 Ft. SHEET 5 OF 7
 PROJECT Pearce Creek INSTALLATION PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT

ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS/6in.
-55.6	84.0			21"		Drilled to 86' easily no resistance - still in peat or clay.	
-57.6	86.0						7
-58.3	86.7		Top 8" as SPT 41 (black organic clay) then Grading over 4" into SAND; gray; very dense; fine to coarse grained in poorly graded lenses; with trace silt; trace wood; trace fine gravel.	.16"	SPT 43	Photo.	37
-59.6	88.0						66
			Interbedded lenses of SAND; PEAT and woody CLAY. As SPT 42 and 43; and brown woody clay.	17"	SPT 44		48
							10
			Slough of CLAY to fine gravel; as SPT 44.			~ 2" slough.	25
-62.6	91.0			0"	SPT 45		18
							51
			SAND; light brown to yellow-brown; very dense; coarse grained; poorly graded; with some fine gravel; some medium sand.				18
			As SPT 46; SAND.	14"	SPT 46		35
							50
							57
							40
							30
							52
							12
						Switched to downhole hammer @ 94'. Sampling through open and trivane 6" bit, large rods. Blow counts not comparable to above. Difficulty turning bit @ 94.7. Broken pieces of large quartz rounded gravel in wash as circulating @ 96'.	22
-67.6	96.0		Silty SAND; white; poorly graded; medium grained; soupy in parts; slightly dilatant (rubbery) when manipulated.	14"	SPT 48		46
							
							
							
							
							
							
							

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet)		ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE		28.38 Ft.		SHEET 6 OF 7		
PROJECT			INSTALLATION					
Pearce Creek			PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT					
ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BLOWS/6in.	
-77.6	106.0		As SPT 51; SAND and CLAY interlensed.	5"	SPT 53	Lenses <2" thick.	54 100/4"	
-80.6	109.0			0"	SPT 54	No Recovery.	33 100/3"	
-85.6	114.0		Silty SAND; white; fine to medium grained; poorly graded.	2"	SPT 55	Piece of quartz slough blocking spoon; broken gravel originally > spoon diameter.	31 100/4"	
				<1"	SPT 56	~ 2" slough sand and clay.	100/5"	
				4"	SPT 57	SAND; light tan to white; dense; medium grained; very poorly graded; quartz; trace silt.	Some drilling fluid invaded sample, scraped most off @ edges.	100/6"
				5"	SPT 58	SAND; as SPT 57; slightly coarser (still medium grained); slightly darker.	50 50/1"	
-91.1	125.5		SAND; as SPT 58; brown.	5"	SPT 59		62 50/1"	
				5"	SPT 60	SAND; as SPT 58; brown to gray.	Gray may be from drilling fluid.	100/6"
				10"	SPT 61	SAND; white, tan, and brown; very dense; coarse grained; poorly graded; with some silt; trace fine-medium sand; trace clay in laminations.	Slightly more feldspar grains than previously, still <5%.	31 57 50/1"
-97.1	125.5		SAND; reddish-brown; dense; coarse grained; moderately well graded; with some silt; some gray clay in 1/2" lenses.	6"	SPT 62		39 50/1"	
				16"	SPT 63	CLAY; variegated brown, red, pink, gray, and green; hard; plastic; with deep wine red or orange spots; moderately moist; with multicolored sand in base 1".	Gray and red clay in wash as drill to 126'. Lot of coarse sand (slough?) on top.	16 31 38
-99.6	128.0					(continued)		

DRILLING LOG (Cont. Sheet) ELEVATION TOP OF HOLE 28.38 Ft. SHEET 7 OF 7

PROJECT Pearce Creek INSTALLATION PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT

ELEV.	DEPTH	LEGEND	CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS (Description)	CORE REC %	SAMPLE NUMBER	REMARKS (if significant)	BVWS / Blows / 6in.
-99.6	128.0	[Hatched Pattern]	Silty SAND and CLAY; orange red and gray; sand and silt weakly to moderately cemented in laminations.	4"	SPT 64		29 41
			Sandy CLAY; light gray; hard; dilatant.	9"	SPT 65		29 37 50
-103.6	132.0	[Hatched Pattern]	CLAY; variegated red and gray; dry; moderately plastic; with some silt; trace very fine sand.	20"	SPT 66	Driven 2" when set silt and sand more prevalent in gray areas.	12 25 32
			CLAY; red and gray; as SPT 66.	20"	SPT 67	Driven when set.	50 27 36
-107.6	136.0	[Hatched Pattern]	Sandy CLAY; light gray; dense slightly moist; fine grained; with trace medium trace coarse grained sand.	20"	SPT 68	Able to mold with finger pressure 60% silt/clay by settling volume after ~ 16 hours.	14 34 45
			Sandy CLAY; as SPT 68.	11"	SPT 69		42 100/6"
-110.6	139.0		Classifications listed above are based on BVWS standard classification procedures and ASTM D 2488-90 Visual Manual Classification; not on Laboratory Analyses.			E.O.B. @ 139'.	

US ARMY CORP OF ENGINEERS

BORING NUMBER CSW-10

CLIENT USEPA

DATE DRILLED 8/6/96

PROJECT PEARCE CREEK

SURFACE ELEVATION 32.53 NAVD 88

GEOLOGIST D. SIRKIS

NORTHING 1597712

EASTING 642664

DEPTH feet	SAMPLE	RECOVERY (ft)	BLOWS/FT.	PID (ppm)	GRAPHIC LOG	SOIL CLASS	DESCRIPTION AND REMARKS	WELL DIAGRAM
					•••••	SP		<p style="text-align: center;">WELL DIAGRAM</p> <p style="text-align: center;">8" diameter steel well protector</p> <p style="text-align: center;">4" diameter stainless steel riser</p> <p style="text-align: center;">grout seal</p>
5					•••••			
10					•••••			
15					•••••			
20		0.7	36	NA	•••••		light grey, very fine SAND, with rust brown lenses, some silt	
21		1.0	64	NA	•••••		light grey, very fine SAND, with rust brown lenses, some silt, with some clay	
22		1.3	9	NA	•••••	SW	light rust brown fine SAND	
23		1.0	18	NA	•••••		alternating light brown, light rust, and light grey fine to medium SAND, with clay lenses from 24'-24'2"	
24		0.8	8	NA	•••••	SP	alternating light brown, light rust, and light grey fine to medium SAND	
25		1.2	35	NA	•••••	SW	light brown medium SAND	
26		1.3	18	NA	•••••		alternating layers of light brown, rust, and light grey fine to medium SAND	
27		1.5	98	NA	•••••		alternating layers of light brown, rust, and light grey fine to medium SAND, trace clay	
28		1.1	25	NA	•••••		rust brown medium to coarse SAND, some clay	
29		1.0	44	NA	•••••		alternating thin layers of light brown and light grey medium to coarse SAND, trace clay	
30		1.2	73	NA	•••••		alternating thin layers of light brown and light grey medium to coarse SAND, trace clay	

US ARMY CORP OF ENGINEERS

BORING NUMBER CSW-10
 DATE DRILLED 8/6/96
 SURFACE ELEVATION 32.53 NAVD 88
 NORTHING 1597712

CLIENT USEPA
 PROJECT PEARCE CREEK
 GEOLOGIST D. SIRKIS
 EASTING 642664

DEPTH feet	SAMPLE	RECOVERY (ft)	BLOWS/FT.	PTD (ppm)	GRAPHIC LOG	SOIL CLASS	DESCRIPTION AND REMARKS	WELL DIAGRAM
						SW	alternating thin layers of light brown and light grey medium to coarse SAND, trace gravel	<p style="font-size: small; margin: 0;">4" diameter stainless steel riser</p> <p style="font-size: small; margin: 0;">grout seal</p>
		0.7	41	NA	0 0 0	GW	light brown sandy GRAVEL maximum diameter is .5"	
		1.0	65	NA		SM	purplish grey silty sand on tip of spoon purplish grey silty SAND grading into cream colored gravelly SAND at 45.1'	
45		1.1	55	NA			purplish grey silty SAND grading into cream colored gravelly SAND to 47.4'	
		0.75	55	NA	• • •	SP	white clean fine SAND and gravel as above, no gravel	
50						SW	white coarse well sorted SAND, trace fine black sand particles	
		0.5	50	NA			white fine to medium SAND, some soft silty clay micaceous	
		0.25	50	NA			1" thick gravel and sand lens, trace clay micaceous white fine to medium SAND, trace clay	
55							gravel	
60								
65								
70								
75								
80								

US ARMY CORP OF ENGINEERS

BORING NUMBER CSW-11
 DATE DRILLED 8/22/96
 SURFACE ELEVATION 24.46 NAVD 88
 NORTHING 1599284

CLIENT USEPA
 PROJECT PEARCE CREEK
 GEOLOGIST D. SIRKIS
 EASTING 645357

DEPTH feet	SAMPLE	RECOVERY (%)	BLOWS/FT.	PID (ppm)	GRAPHIC LOG	SOIL CLASS	DESCRIPTION AND REMARKS	WELL DIAGRAM
						SM	brown silty SAND, trace gravel, dry	<p style="text-align: center;">8" diameter steel well protector</p> <p style="text-align: center;">4" diameter stainless steel riser</p> <p style="text-align: center;">grout seal</p>
		1.0	39	NA			dark brown micaceous silty SAND	
5		1.0	13	NA		SW	orange fine to medium SAND, trace gravel, dry	
		1.0	8	NA		CL	grey soft CLAY	
		1.2	8	NA		SP	tan medium clean sand	
		1.2	8	NA		SW	orange fine to coarse SAND, trace gravel	
10		1.3	15	NA		GW	white SAND and GRAVEL, dry	
		1.2	17	NA				
		1.1	17	NA				
15		1.0	22	NA				
		1.2	11	NA		SW	orange-brown fine to medium SAND, trace gravel, moist	
20		1.5	8	NA			dark grey to light grey fine to coarse SAND, trace gravel	
		2.0	28	NA			grey fine to coarse SAND, saturated, trace gravel to 1" maximum diameter	
		1.8	21	NA			brown-grey fine to coarse sand, saturated more gravelly	
25		1.7	30	NA			1" max gravel diameter	
		1.7	11	NA			grey-brown fine to coarse SAND, trace gravel	
30		1.8	20	NA			greenish-grey very fine to medium SAND, trace silt, saturated	
		2.0	37	NA			grey gravelly SAND, saturated	
		2.0	37	NA			greenish-grey very fine to medium SAND, trace silt, saturated	
35		2.0	34	NA			as above, very fine to coarse, trace gravel	
		2.0	21	NA		CL	wood pieces, small amount of red clay, more gravel	
		1.2	14	NA			orange and grey CLAY with lenses of sandy clay and clayey sand	
40		1.8	27	NA			more orange, few lignite seams	

US ARMY CORP OF ENGINEERS

BORING NUMBER CSW-11
 DATE DRILLED 8/22/96
 SURFACE ELEVATION 24.46 NAVD 88
 NORTHING 1599284

CLIENT USEPA
 PROJECT PEARCE CREEK
 GEOLOGIST D. SIRKIS
 EASTING 645357

DEPTH feet	SAMPLE	RECOVERY (ft)	BLOWS/FT.	PID (ppm)	GRAPHIC LOG	SOIL CLASS	DESCRIPTION AND REMARKS	WELL DIAGRAM
45		1.7	5	NA		CL	0.2' gravelly sand lense orange-brown fine to coarse SAND	<p style="font-size: small;">4" diameter stainless steel riser</p> <p style="font-size: small;">.010" SS cont. wirewound screen</p> <p style="font-size: small;">grout seal</p> <p style="font-size: small;">Morie #00 sandpack bentonite seal</p>
		0.6	9	NA		SW	grey clay lense, gravelly sand	
50		1.1	27	NA		CL	orange, tan, and light grey CLAY, sandy gravel to 44.1'	
		1.4	16	NA			light grey sandy clay	
		1.4	16	NA			light grey CLAY and sandy CLAY	
		1.6	17	NA				
55		1.7	35	NA				
		1.0	45	NA		SP SW	orange and tan medium SAND, saturated 0.1' iron concretion	
		1.1	45	NA				
60			24	NA			gravel piece gravel piece	
		1.0	40	NA		CL	orange-brown gravelly SAND red-grey stiff CLAY	
							<i>Bottom of Boring at 62'</i>	
65								
70								
75								
80								

-374

US ARMY CORP OF ENGINEERS

BORING NUMBER CSW-12
 DATE DRILLED 8/14/96 - 8/22/96
 SURFACE ELEVATION 39.02 NAVD 88
 NORTHING 1599284

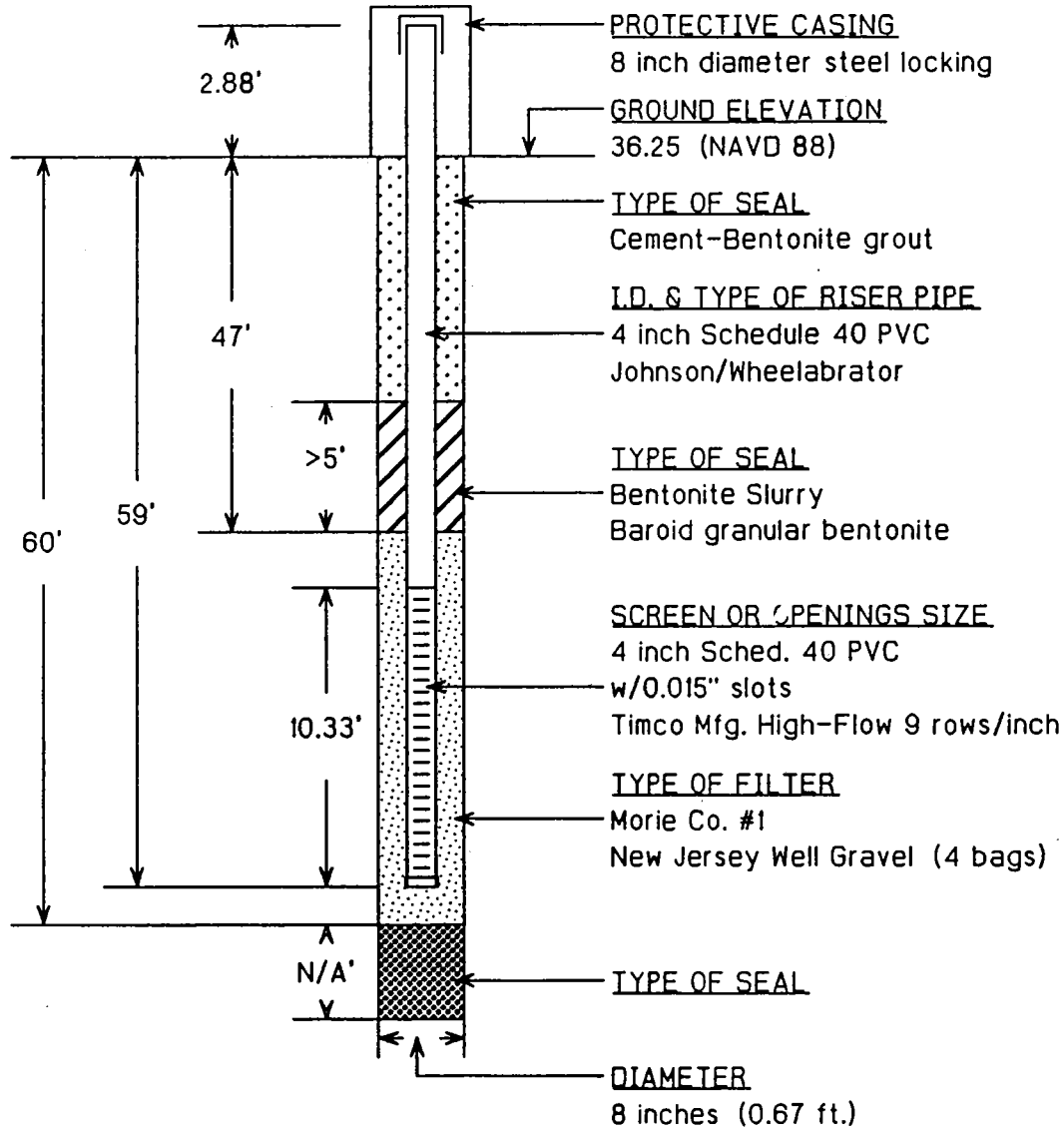
CLIENT USEPA
 PROJECT PEARCE CREEK
 GEOLOGIST D. SIRKIS
 EASTING 641002

DEPTH feet	SAMPLE	RECOVERY (ft)	BLOWS/FT.	PID (ppm)	GRAPHIC LOG	SOIL CLASS	DESCRIPTION AND REMARKS	WELL DIAGRAM
5						OH	dark brown organic SILT, some clay	<p style="font-size: small;">8" diameter steel well protector 4" diameter stainless steel riser 8.010" SS cont. wirewound screen bentonite seal Morie #00 sandpack grout seal</p>
10		1.7	2	NA			dark brown organic CLAY, some peat grey silty CLAY (from cuttings), slightly micaceous, soft	
15							silty CLAY	
20							grey silty material (from cuttings)	
30		1.5	78	NA	SP	SP	white and black fine grained, well sorted SAND, wet as above, becoming all white, trace very fine black mineral	
35		0.3	50	NA	SW	SW	tan fine to medium grained silty SAND	
35					SP	SP	tan medium clean SAND 1/4" grey clay seam	
40		1.0	11	NA	SW	SW	white medium SAND with 1/4" brown clay seams	
40		1.0	9	NA	SW	SW	white fine grained SAND, trace kaolinite	
40		1.3	60	NA	SP	SP	yellow silty clay seam, trace gravel tan fine to medium grained SAND	



WELL INSTALLATION LOG

CLIENT USACE - Phila. District	PROJECT Pearce Creek	PROJECT NO. 40850.001	
PROJECT LOCATION West of Cecilton, MD (Cecil Co.)	COORDINATES N 642539.68 E 1597955.23	TOP OF RISER ELEVATION (DATUM) 39.13 (NAVD 88)	DATE 1/3/96
STRATUM MONITORED Sand		LOGGED BY Lusheng Yan	
CHECKED BY S.M. Cook		APPROVED BY	
DRILLING CONTRACTOR Uni-Tech Drilling Co.		DRILL RIG Failing 1500	DRILLER J. Jester



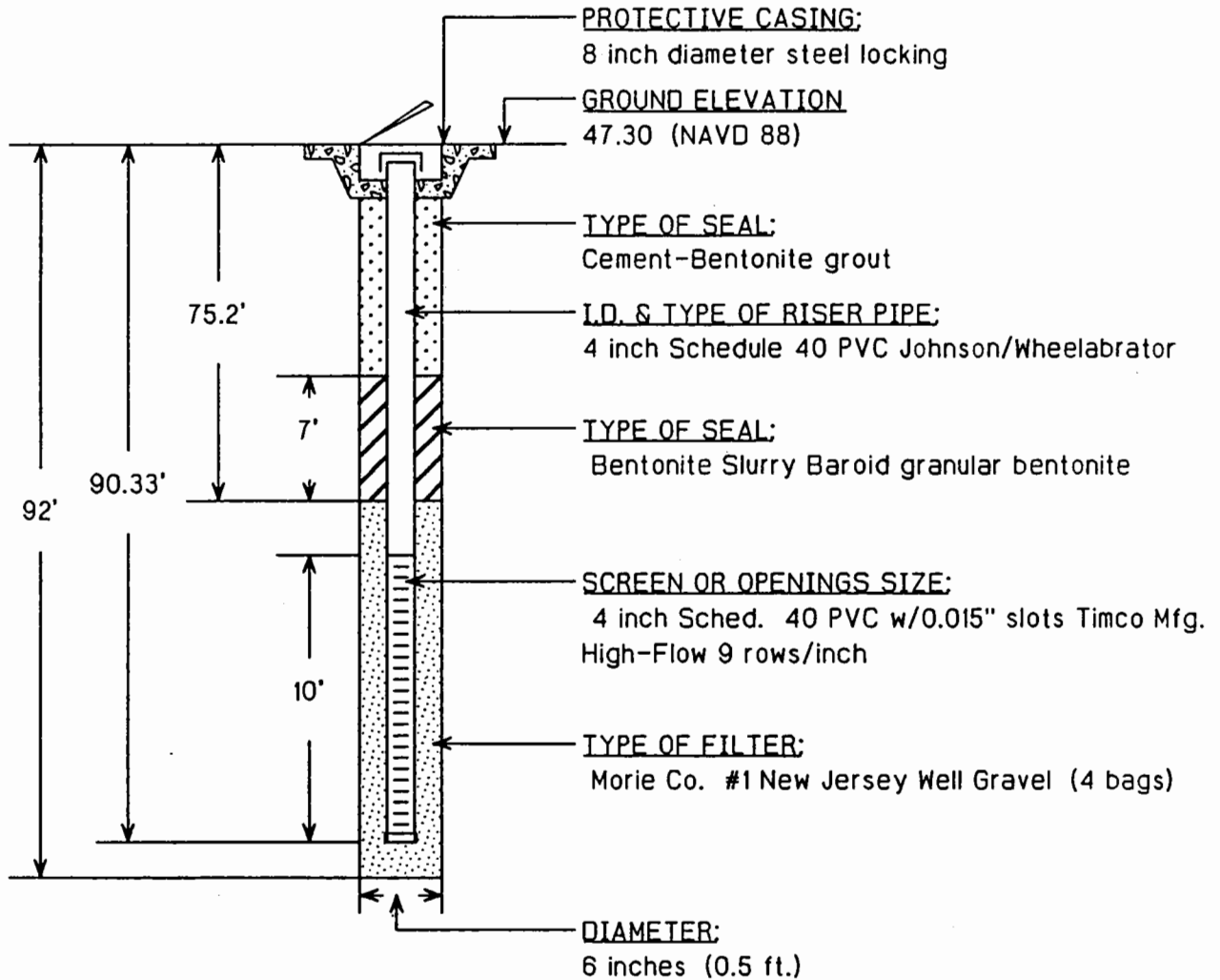
METHOD OF INSTALLATION:
Boring sampled at 10-12', 18-20', 20-22', 40-42', 50-52', 55-57', and 58-60'. The hole was reamed to 8". 3 centralizers were placed. Measuring point marked on top of casing.

REMARKS:
Maryland Permit #CE-94-1019. Top of casing female threaded for later extension. Well developed on 01/05/95 using a surge block and submersible pump, Final flow rate 7.5 gpm. Static water level 31.82' BTOC @ 10:58 on 03/01/96.



WELL INSTALLATION LOG

CLIENT USACE - Phila. District	PROJECT Pearce Creek	PROJECT NO. 40650.001	
PROJECT LOCATION West of Cecilton, MD (Cecil Co.)	COORDINATES N 640417.95 E 1600880.22	TOP OF RISER ELEVATION (DATUM) 47.30 (NAVD 88)	DATE 11/30/95
STRATUM MONITORED Sand		LOGGED BY S.M. Cook	
CHECKED BY S.M. Cook		APPROVED BY	
DRILLING CONTRACTOR Uni-Tech Drilling Co.		DRILL RIG Falling 1500	DRILLER J. Jester



METHOD OF INSTALLATION:

Boring sampled to 153.5 depth, grouted up to 91.5' depth on 11/29/95. On 11/30/95 reamed to 92' depth. Set screen/casing to depth, tremied filter pack to 76.5' then put 1.3' of Morie Co. #0 sand on top to form a secondary filter pack and prevent intrusion of bentonite slurry seal. Tremied slurry seal, allowed to hydrate for ~1 hour, then placed grout seal. 3 Centralizers placed. One at base, one 30' above base, one 60' above base. Flushmounted with 8 inch diameter protector, a locking cap, and 3' x 3' pad. Measuring point marked on top of casing.

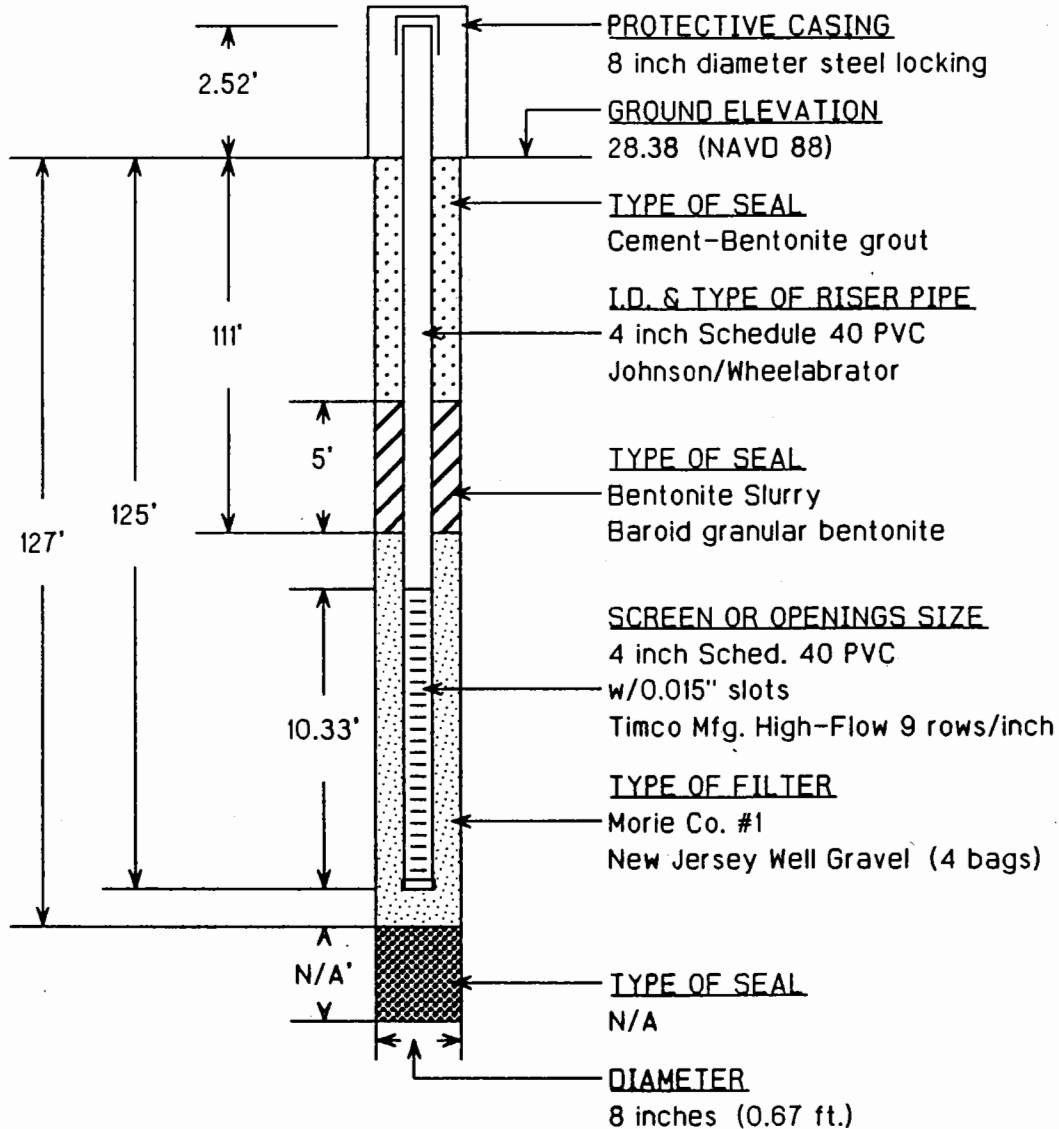
REMARKS:

Maryland Permit #CE-94-1080. Well developed on 01/24/96 using a surge block and submersible pump, Final flow rate 30+ gpm. Static water level 38.92' BTOC @ 09:07 on 03/01/96.



WELL INSTALLATION LOG

CLIENT USACE - Phila. District	PROJECT Pearce Creek	PROJECT NO. 40650.001
PROJECT LOCATION West of Cecilton, MD (Cecil Co.)	COORDINATES N E	TOP OF RISER ELEVATION (DATUM) 30.9 (NAVD 88)
STRATUM MONITORED Sand	LOGGED BY S.M. Cook	DATE 2/22/96
CHECKED BY S.M. Cook	APPROVED BY	
DRILLING CONTRACTOR Uni-Tech Drilling Co.	DRILL RIG Failing 1500	DRILLER J. Jester



METHOD OF INSTALLATION:

Boring sampled to 139' depth. Reamed to 127' depth. Held screen/casing 125' depth, tremied filter pack to 113' and placed ~2' of Morie Co. #0 sand on top to form a secondary filter pack and prevent intrusion of bentonite slurry seal. Tremied slurry seal, allowed to hydrate, then placed grout seal using tremie pipe. 4 Centralizers placed, one at 25' above base, then every thirty feet above. Placed 8 inch diameter stickup protector, a locking cap, and 3' x 3' pad. Measuring point marked on top of casing.

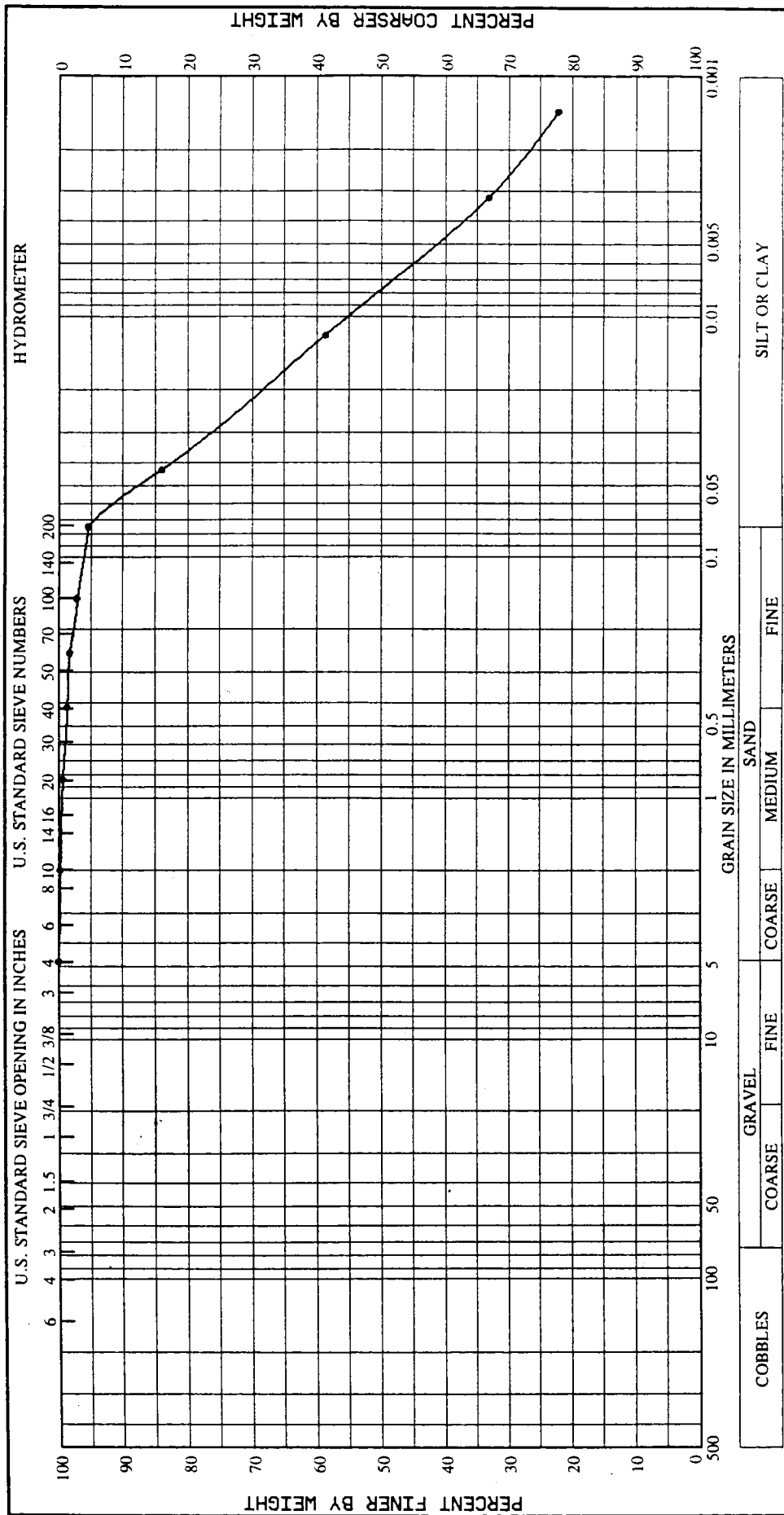
REMARKS:

Maryland Permit #CE-94-1134 Well developed on 02/23/96 using a surge block and submersible pump, Final flow rate 10 gpm. Static water level 25.10' BTOC @ 17:08 on 03/01/96.

Appendix C
Geotechnical Testing Results

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY, SOUTH ATLANTIC DIVISION LABORATORY
 CORPS OF ENGINEERS, 611 SOUTH COBB DRIVE, MARIETTA, GA. 30060

WORK ORDER: 7312
 REQUISITION: CENAP-EN-94-629



Sample No.	Depth (ft)	Classification	Nat w%	LL	PL	PI
U-1	16.0-18.0	GRAY, CLAYEY INORGANIC SILT HIGH LL (MH), WITH A TRACE OF SAND SIZES AND MICA. PI PLOTS NEAR A-LINE.	54.7	68	34	34
Project PEARCE CREEK						
Ground Water Investigation						
Lab No. 184/1194						
Boring No. CSW-2						
Date 03/13/96						

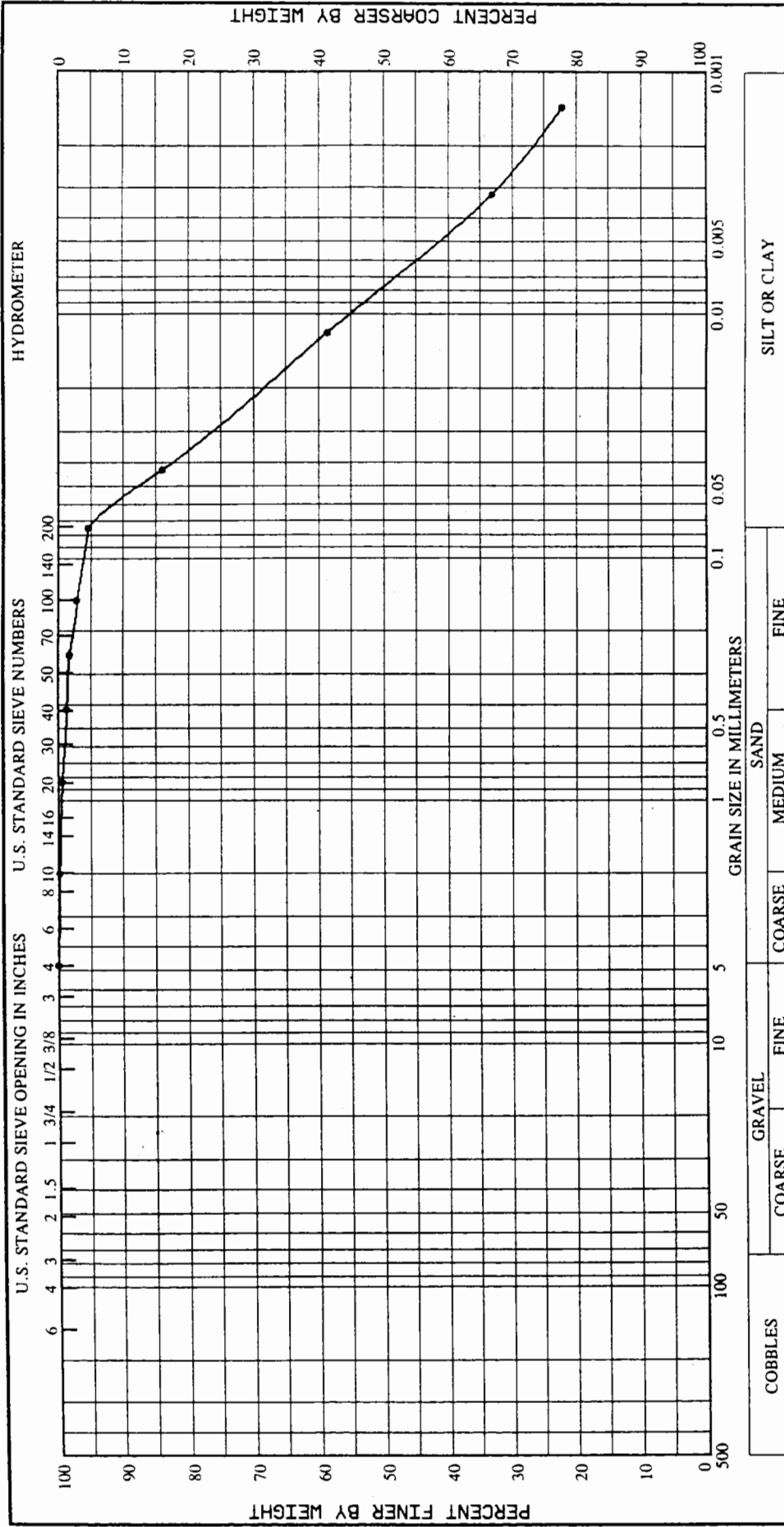
GRADATION CURVES



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY, SOUTH ATLANTIC DIVISION LABORATORY
 CORPS OF ENGINEERS, 611 SOUTH COBB DRIVE, MARIETTA, GA. 30060

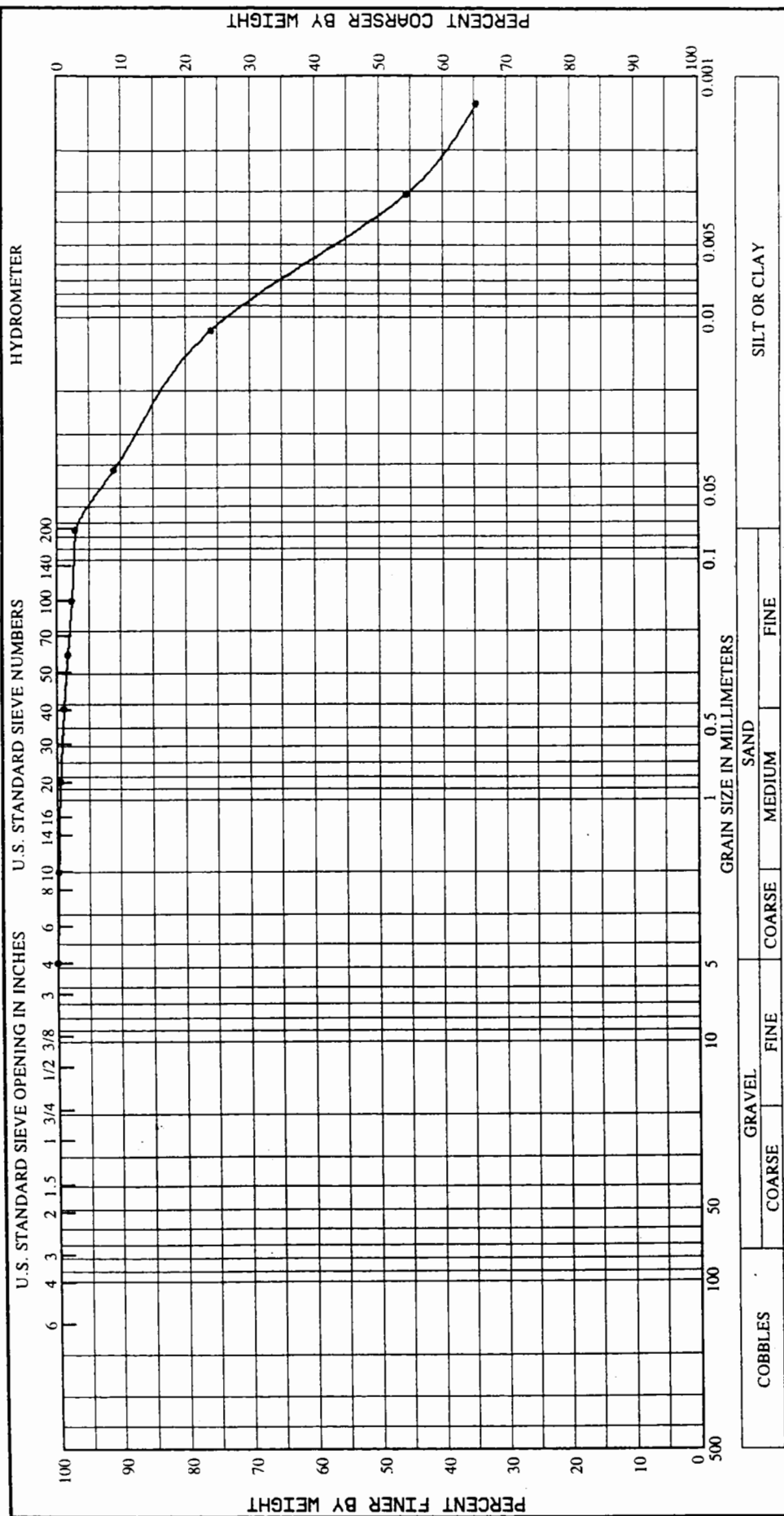
WORK ORDER: 7312

REQUISITION: CENAP-EN-94-629



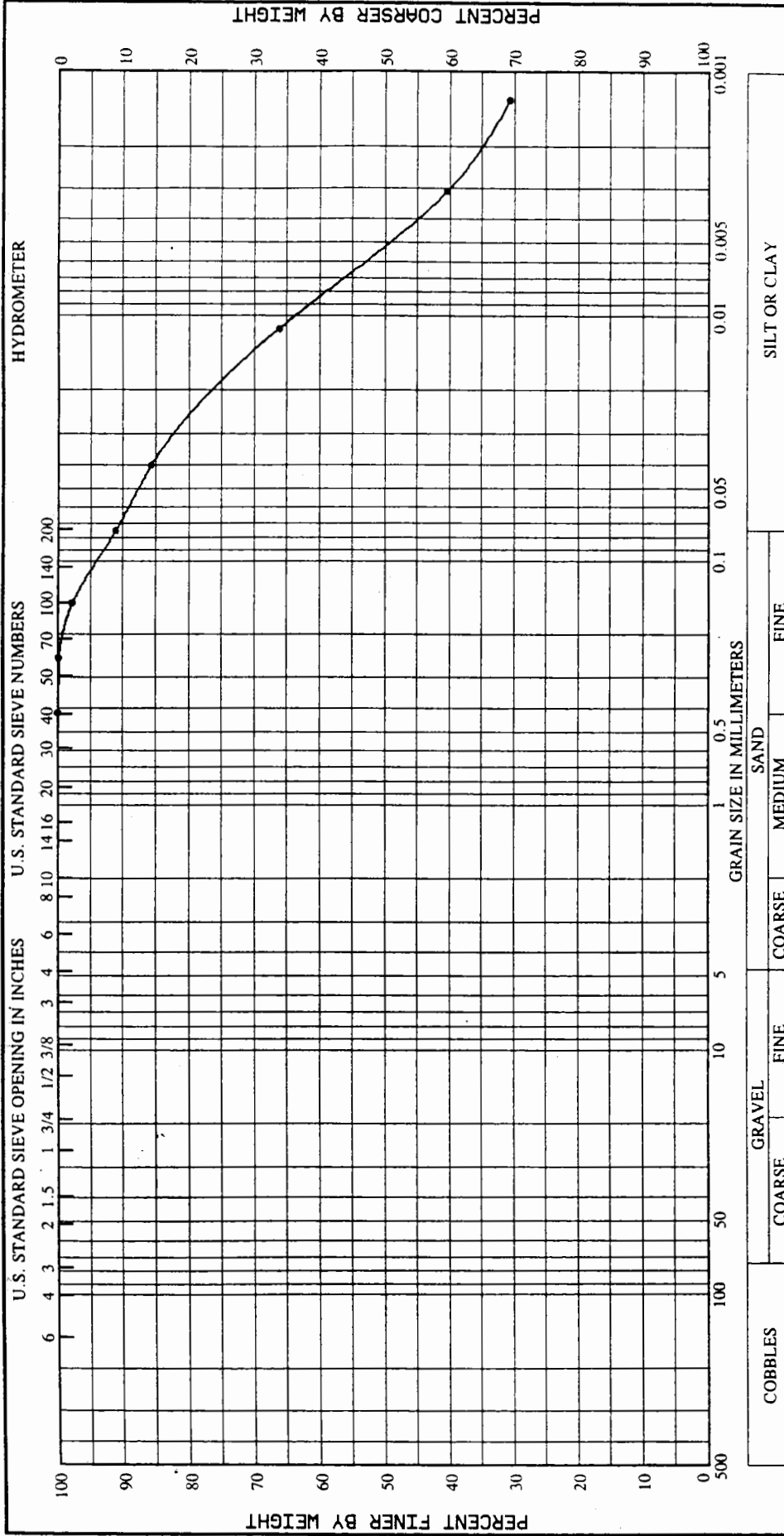
DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY, SOUTH ATLANTIC DIVISION LABORATORY
 CORPS OF ENGINEERS, 611 SOUTH COBB DRIVE, MARIETTA, GA. 30060

WORK ORDER: 7312
 REQUISITION: CENAP-EN-94-629



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY, SOUTH ATLANTIC DIVISION LABORATORY
 CORPS OF ENGINEERS, 611 SOUTH COBB DRIVE, MARIETTA, GA. 30060

WORK ORDER: 7312
 REQUISITION: CENAP-EN-94-629



COBBLES	GRAVEL		SAND		FINE		SILT OR CLAY	
	COARSE	FINE	COARSE	MEDIUM	FINE			
Sample No.	Classification							
U-1	GRAY, LEAN CLAY (CL), WITH A TRACE OF SAND AND MICA.							
Depth (Ft)	86.0-88.0							
	Nat w%	LL	PL	PI				
	19.1	34	20	14				
	Project PEARCE CREEK							
	Ground Water Investigation							
	Lab No. 184/1196							
	Boring No. CSM-3							
	Date 03/20/96							

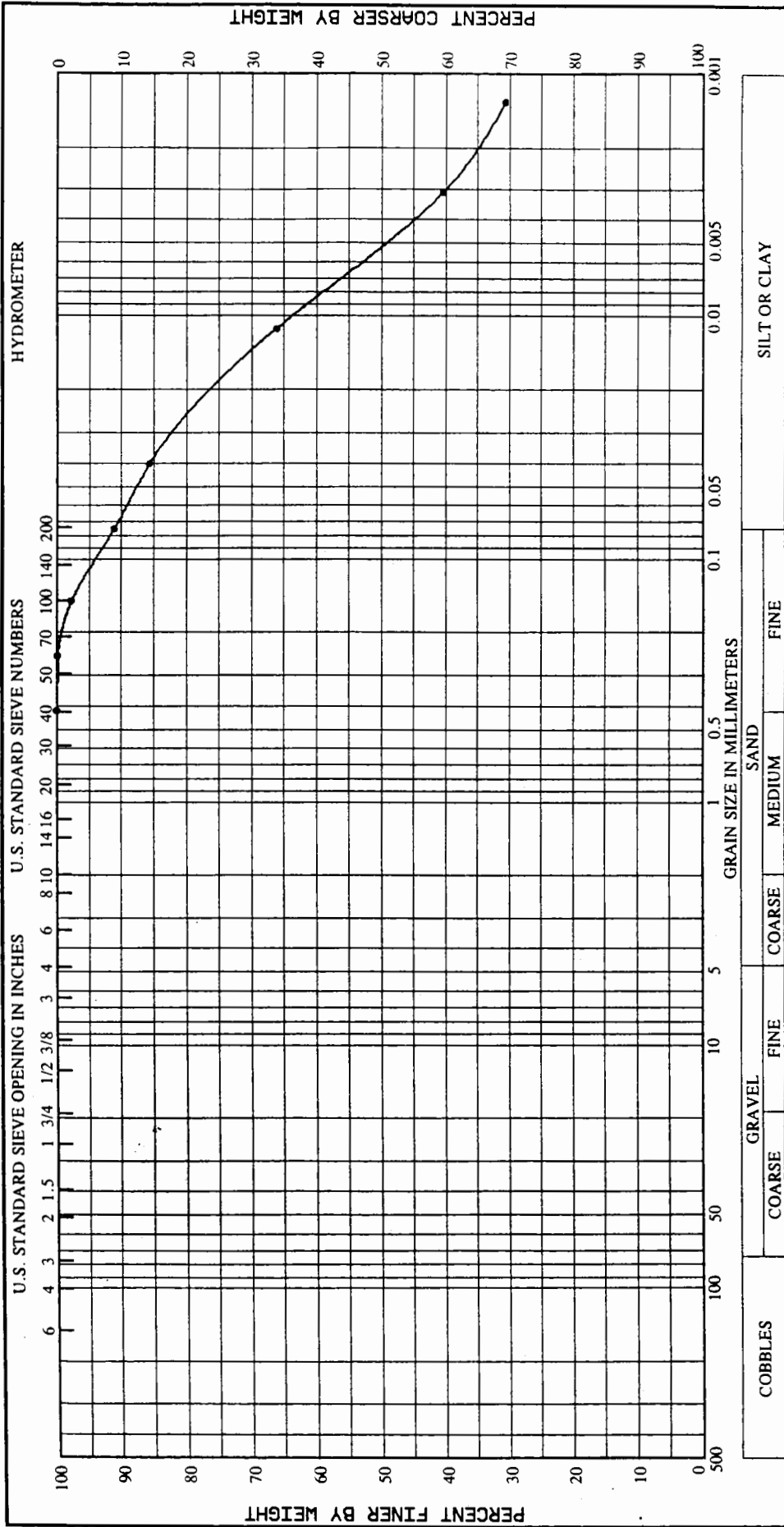
GRADATION CURVES



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY, SOUTH ATLANTIC DIVISION LABORATORY
 CORPS OF ENGINEERS, 611 SOUTH COBB DRIVE, MARIETTA, GA. 30060

WORK ORDER: 7312

REQUISITION: CENAP-EN-94-629



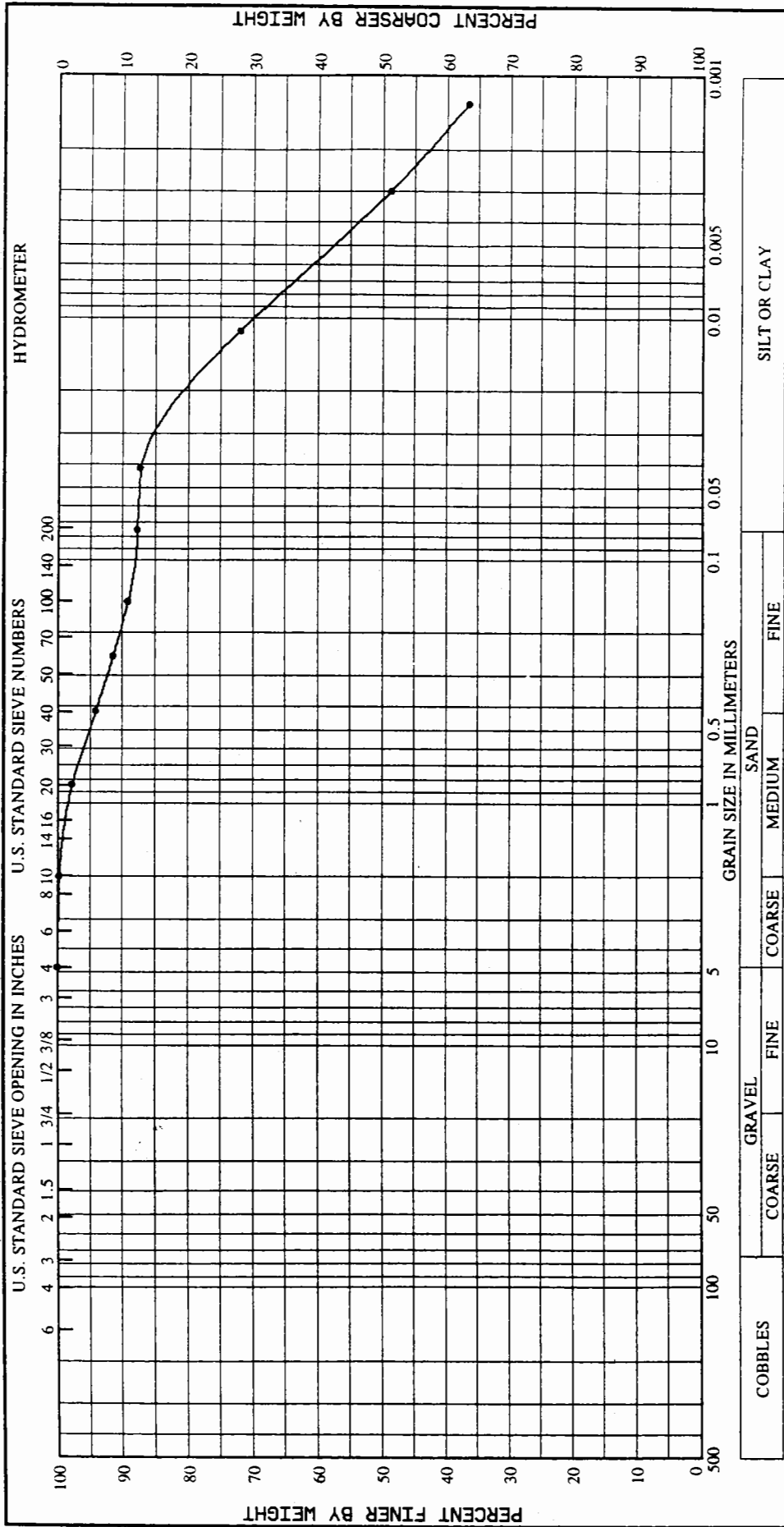
Type of Specimen		UNDISTURBED	
Diam.	1.52 in.	Height	2.00 in.
Class. GRAY, LEAN CLAY (CL), WITH A TRACE OF SAND AND MICA.			
LI	34	PI	20
		G _s	2.69
		D ₁₀	< 0.002MM
Before Test		After Test	
Water Content	w ₀	w _f	20.2 %
Void Ratio	e ₀	e _f	0.542
Saturation	S ₀	S _f	100.0 %
Dry Density	γ _d	k ₂₀	0.0009 x 10 ⁻⁴ cm/s
			108.9 lb/ft ³
Variable/ Constant Head PERMEABILITY TEST REPORT			
Project		PEARCE CREEK	
Ground Water Investigation			
Boring No.		CSW-3	
Sample No.		U-1	Lab No. 184/1196
Depth (ft)		86.0-88.0	Date 03/21/96



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY, SOUTH ATLANTIC DIVISION LABORATORY
 CORPS OF ENGINEERS, 611 SOUTH COBB DRIVE, MARIETTA, GA. 30060

WORK ORDER: 7312

REQUISITION: CENAP-EN-94-629



GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION TEST DATA

Test No.: 2

Date: 2 January 91
 W.O. No.: PEARCE CREEK, MD
 Req. No.:
 Contract No.:
 Project line 1 PEARCE CREEK DISPOSAL AREA
 Project line 2 GROUND WATER STUDY
 Area line 1:
 Area line 2:
 Boring No.: CSW-1

Sample Data

Lab No.:
 Sample No.: SPT-19,20,&21
 Elev or Depth: 40'-41.5'
 Class 1::
 Class 2::
 Natural water content: Liquid limit:
 Plastic limit:

Mechanical Analysis Data

	Initial	After wash		
Dry sample and tare=	682.40	666.60		
Tare =	295.50	295.50		
Dry sample weight =	386.90	371.10		
Minus #200 from wash=	4.1 %			
Sieve tare method				
Sieve	Weight retained	Sieve tare	Percent finer	
0.25 inches	0.30	0.00	99.9	
# 10	6.80	0.00	98.2	
# 20	40.60	0.00	87.7	
# 30	37.30	0.00	78.0	
# 40	55.00	0.00	63.8	
# 50	67.40	0.00	46.4	
# 60	33.30	0.00	37.8	
# 80	54.40	0.00	23.7	
# 100	31.90	0.00	15.5	
# 120	11.70	0.00	12.5	
# 200	28.40	0.00	5.1	

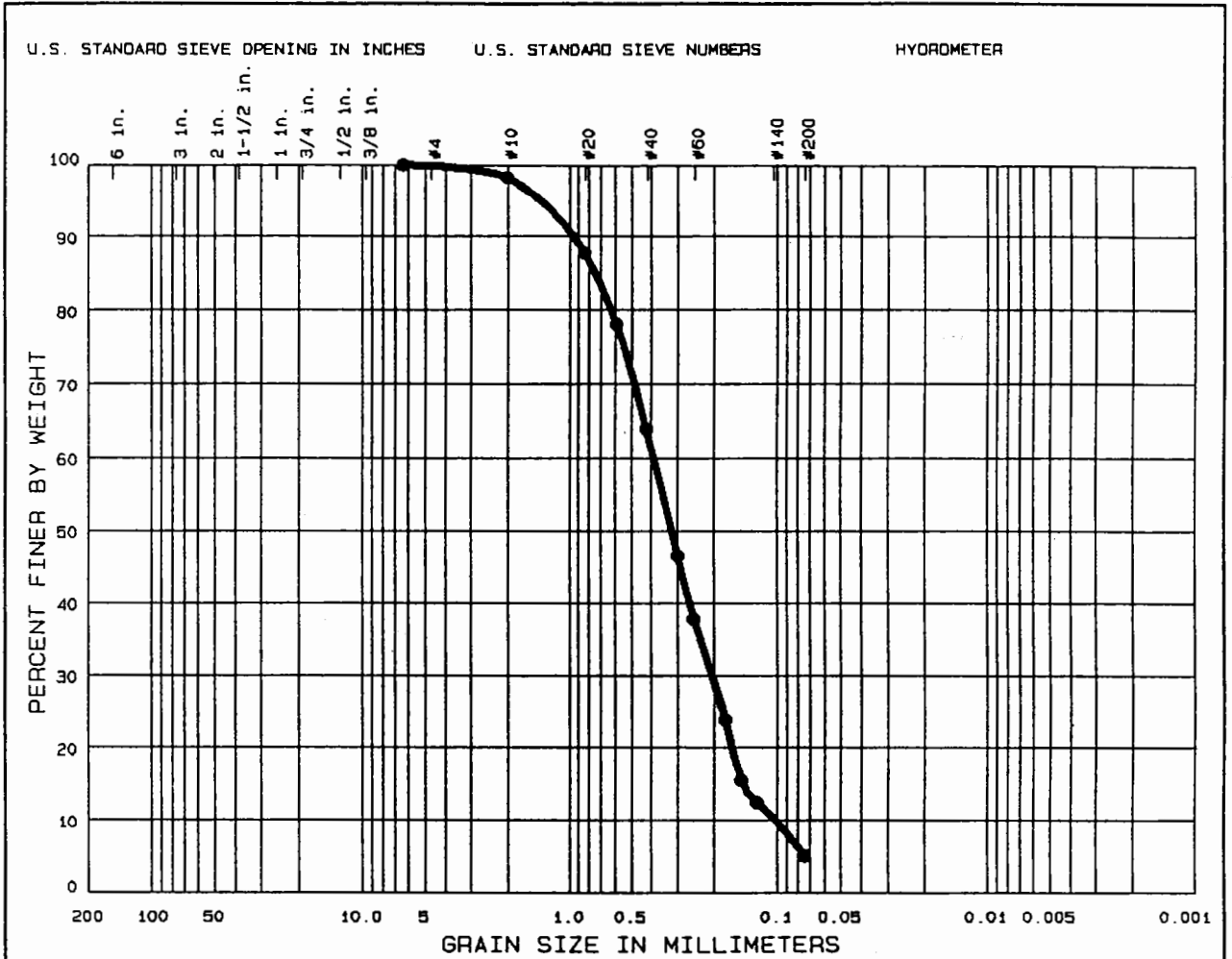
Fractional Components

% + 3 in. = 0.0 % GRAVEL = 0.2 % SAND = 94.7
 % FINES = 5.1

D85= 0.75 D60= 0.388 D50= 0.318
 D30= 0.2049 D15= 0.14672 D10= 0.10151
 Cc = 1.0666 Cu = 3.8194

W.O. No. PEARCE CREEK, MD
 Req. No.
 Contract No.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY, PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT
 CORPS OF ENGINEERS, CUSTOM HOUSE, 2ND & CHESTNUT STREET



% COBBLES	% GRAVEL	% SAND	% SILT OR CLAY
0.0	0.2	94.7	5.1

Sample No.	Elev or Depth	Nat W%	LL	PL	PI	C _C	C _U
SPT-19, 20, & 21	40'-41.5'					1.07	3.8

CLASSIFICATION

•

Remarks:

Project PEARCE CREEK DISPOSAL AREA
 GROUND WATER STUDY
 Lab No.

Area

Boring No. CSW-1 Date 2 January 91

GRADATION CURVES

=====

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION TEST DATA

Test No.: 2

Date: 2 January 91
 W.O. No.: PEARCE CREEK, MD
 Req. No.:
 Contract No.:
 Project line 1 PEARCE CREEK DISPOSAL AREA
 Project line 2 GROUND WATER STUDY
 Area line 1:
 Area line 2:
 Boring No.: CSW-1

Sample Data

Lab No.:
 Sample No.: SPT-46
 Elev or Depth: 92'-93.3'
 Class 1::
 Class 2::
 Natural water content: Liquid limit:
 Plastic limit:

Mechanical Analysis Data

	Initial	After wash	
Dry sample and tare=	625.90	575.20	
Tare =	308.20	308.20	
Dry sample weight =	317.70	267.00	
Minus #200 from wash=	16.0 %		
Sieve tare method			
Sieve	Weight retained	Sieve tare	Percent finer
# 10	0.10	0.00	100.0
# 20	0.50	0.00	99.8
# 30	0.40	0.00	99.7
# 40	0.40	0.00	99.6
# 50	0.90	0.00	99.3
# 60	2.20	0.00	98.6
# 80	56.80	0.00	80.7
# 100	114.90	0.00	44.5
# 120	31.70	0.00	34.6
# 200	50.20	0.00	18.8

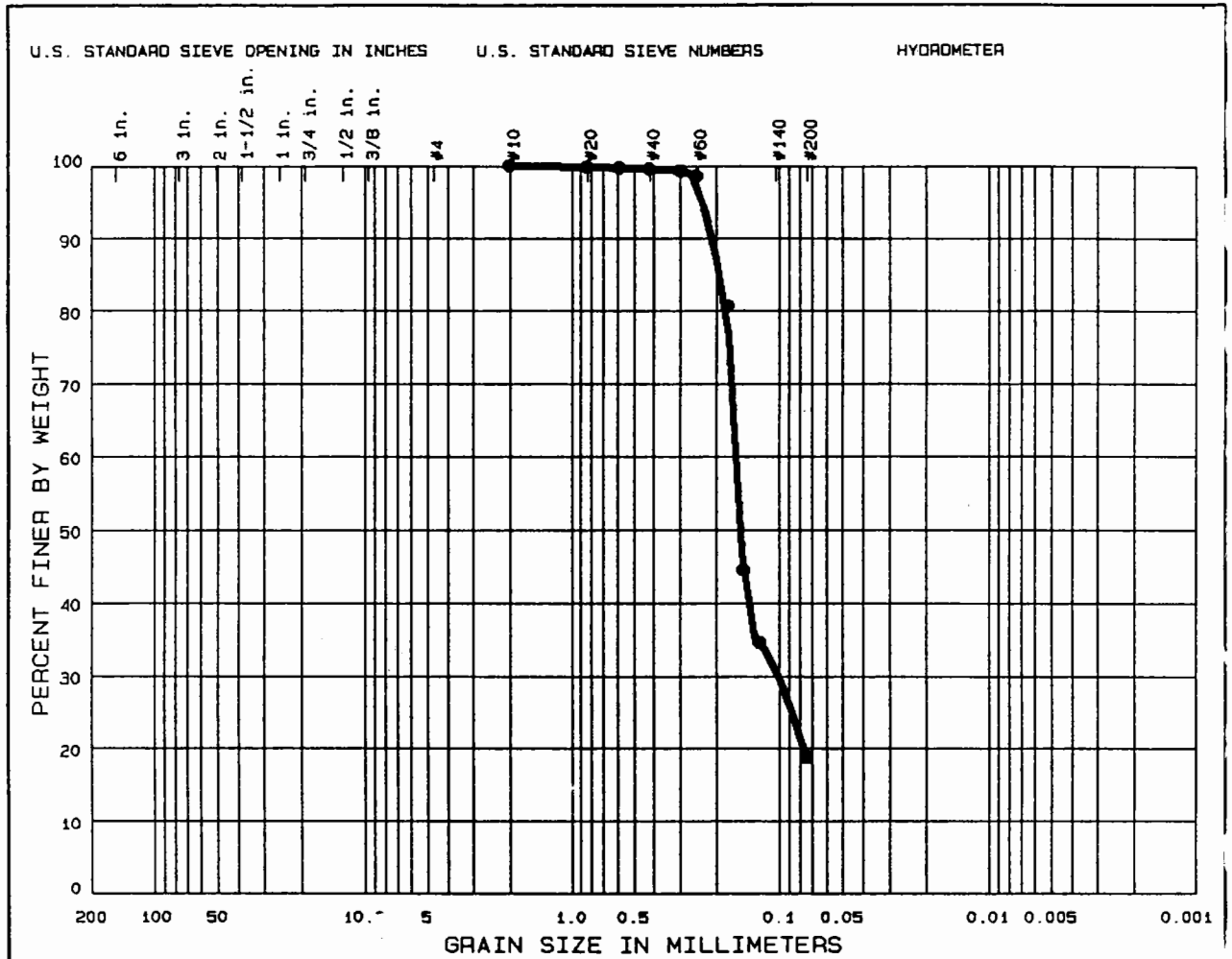
Fractional Components

% + 3 in. = 0.0 % GRAVEL = 0.0 % SAND = 81.2
 % FINES = 18.8

D85= 0.19 D60= 0.163 D50= 0.155
 D30= 0.1017

W.O. No. PEARCE CREEK, MD
 Req. No.
 Contract No.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY, PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT
 CORPS OF ENGINEERS, CUSTOM HOUSE, 2ND & CHESTNUT STREET



% COBBLES	% GRAVEL	% SAND	% SILT OR CLAY
0.0	0.0	81.2	18.8

Sample No.	Elev or Depth	Nat W%	LL	PL	PI	C _c	C _u
SPT-46	92'-93.3'						

CLASSIFICATION

•

Remarks:	Project PEARCE CREEK DISPOSAL AREA
	GROUND WATER STUDY
	Lab No.
	Area
	Boring No. CSW-1
	Date 2 January 91

GRADATION CURVES

=====

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION TEST DATA

Test No.: 2

Date: 2 January 91
 W.O. No.: PEARCE CREEK, MD
 Req. No.:
 Contract No.:
 Project line 1 PEARCE CREEK DISPOSAL AREA
 Project line 2 GROUND WATER STUDY
 Area line 1:
 Area line 2:
 Boring No.: CSW-1

Sample Data

Lab No.:
 Sample No.: SPT-53
 Elev or Depth: 106'-107.5'
 Class 1::
 Class 2::
 Natural water content: Liquid limit:
 Plastic limit:

Mechanical Analysis Data

	Initial	After wash	
Dry sample and tare=	465.40	454.90	
Tare =	298.40	298.40	
Dry sample weight =	167.00	156.50	
Minus #200 from wash=	6.3 %		
Sieve tare method			
Sieve	Weight retained	Sieve tare	Percent finer
0.25 inches	0.10	0.00	99.9
# 10	0.60	0.00	99.6
# 20	1.10	0.00	98.9
# 30	5.00	0.00	95.9
# 40	63.60	0.00	57.8
# 50	58.10	0.00	23.1
# 60	7.80	0.00	18.4
# 80	7.30	0.00	14.0
# 100	4.80	0.00	11.1
# 120	2.40	0.00	9.7
# 200	5.10	0.00	6.6

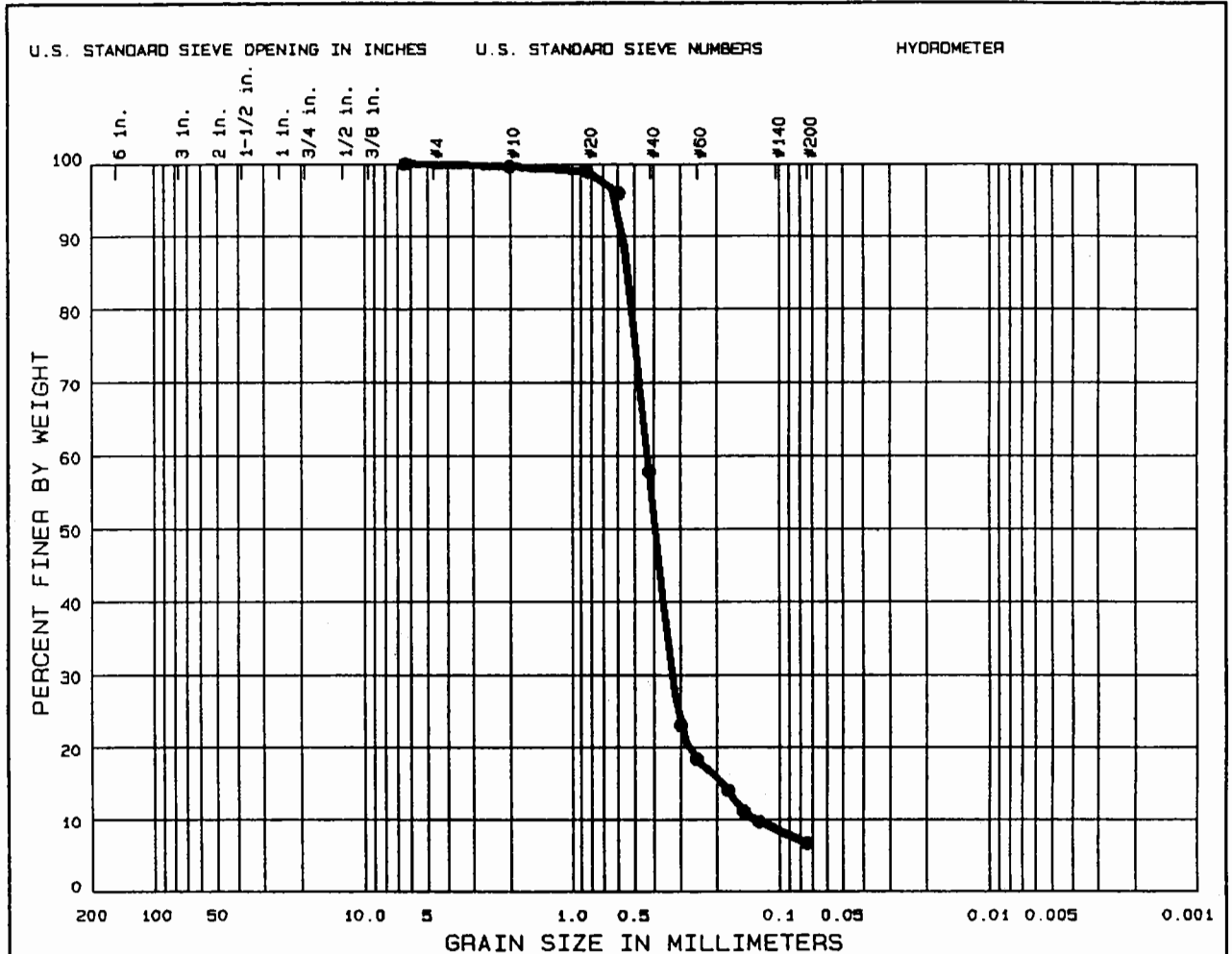
Fractional Components

% + 3 in. = 0.0 % GRAVEL = 0.1 % SAND = 93.2
 % FINES = 6.7

D85= 0.54 D60= 0.429 D50= 0.395
 D30= 0.3281 D15= 0.18880 D10= 0.13062
 Cc = 1.9231 Cu = 3.2810

W.O. No. PEARCE CREEK, MD
 Req. No.
 Contract No.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY, PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT
 CORPS OF ENGINEERS, CUSTOM HOUSE, 2ND & CHESTNUT STREET



% COBBLES	% GRAVEL	% SAND	% SILT OR CLAY
0.0	0.1	93.2	6.7

Sample No.	Elev or Depth	Nat W%	LL	PL	PI	C _c	C _u
SPT-53	106'-107.5'					1.92	3.3

CLASSIFICATION

Remarks: Project PEARCE CREEK DISPOSAL AREA
 GROUND WATER STUDY
 Lab No.
 Area
 Boring No. CSW-1 Date 2 January 91

GRADATION CURVES

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION TEST DATA

Test No.: 2

Date: \

W.O. No.: PEARCE CREEK, MD

Req. No.:

Contract No.:

Project line 1 PEARCE CREEK DISPOSAL AREA

Project line 2 GROUND WATER STUDY

Area line 1:

Area line 2:

Boring No.: CSW-1

Sample Data

Lab No.:

Sample No.: SPT-65

Elev or Depth: 130'-131.5'

Class 1::

Class 2::

Natural water content: Liquid limit:

Plastic limit:

Mechanical Analysis Data

	Initial	After wash
Dry sample and tare=	627.40	613.70
Tare =	296.00	296.00
Dry sample weight =	331.40	317.70
Minus #200 from wash=	4.1 %	

Sieve tare method

Sieve	Weight retained	Sieve tare	Percent finer
# 10	1.50	0.00	99.5
# 20	46.80	0.00	85.4
# 30	101.90	0.00	54.7
# 40	86.60	0.00	28.5
# 50	44.30	0.00	15.2
# 60	10.00	0.00	12.2
# 80	11.00	0.00	8.8
# 100	6.30	0.00	6.9
# 120	2.90	0.00	6.1
# 200	5.80	0.00	4.3

Fractional Components

% + 3 in. = 0.0 % GRAVEL = 0.0 % SAND = 95.7

% FINES = 4.3

D85= 0.83 D60= 0.626 D50= 0.560

D30= 0.4295 D15= 0.29376 D10= 0.19634

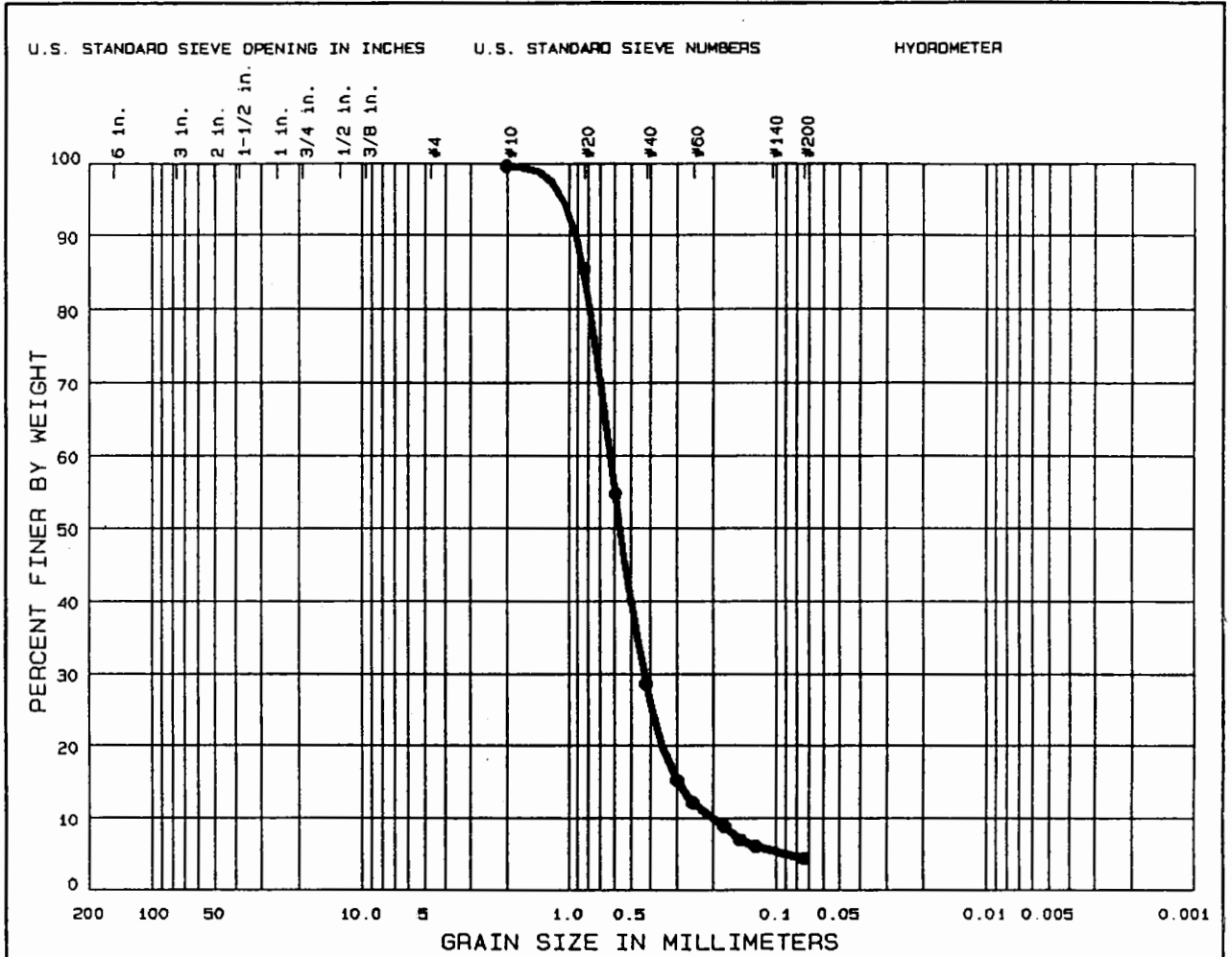
Cc = 1.5014 Cu = 3.1879

W.O. No. PEARCE CREEK, MD

Req. No.

Contract No.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY, PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT
CORPS OF ENGINEERS, CUSTOM HOUSE, 2ND & CHESTNUT STREET



% COBBLES	% GRAVEL	% SAND	% SILT OR CLAY
0.0	0.0	95.7	4.3

Sample No.	Elev or Depth	Nat W%	LL	PL	PI	C _c	C _u
SPT-65	130'-131.5'					1.50	3.2

CLASSIFICATION

Remarks:	Project PEARCE CREEK DISPOSAL AREA GROUND WATER STUDY Lab No.
	Area
	Boring No. CSW-1 Date \

GRADATION CURVES

=====

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION TEST DATA

Test No.: 1

Date: 3 January 96
 W.O. No.: Pearce Creek, MD
 Req. No.:
 Contract No.:
 Project line 1 Pearce Creek Disposal Area
 Project line 2 Ground Water Study
 Area line 1:
 Area line 2:
 Boring No.: CSW-2

Sample Data

Lab No.:
 Sample No.: SPT-16
 Elev or Depth: 32'-34'
 Class 1::
 Class 2::
 Natural water content: Liquid limit:
 Plastic limit:

Mechanical Analysis Data

Initial
 Dry sample and tare= 246.30
 Tare = 0.00
 Dry sample weight = 246.30
 Sieve tare method

Sieve	Weight retained	Sieve tare	Percent finer
# 10	8.20	0.00	96.7
# 20	14.30	0.00	90.9
# 30	14.10	0.00	85.1
# 40	27.70	0.00	73.9
# 50	57.90	0.00	50.4
# 60	36.20	0.00	35.7
# 80	41.10	0.00	19.0
# 100	11.80	0.00	14.2
# 120	4.40	0.00	12.4
# 200	10.30	0.00	8.2

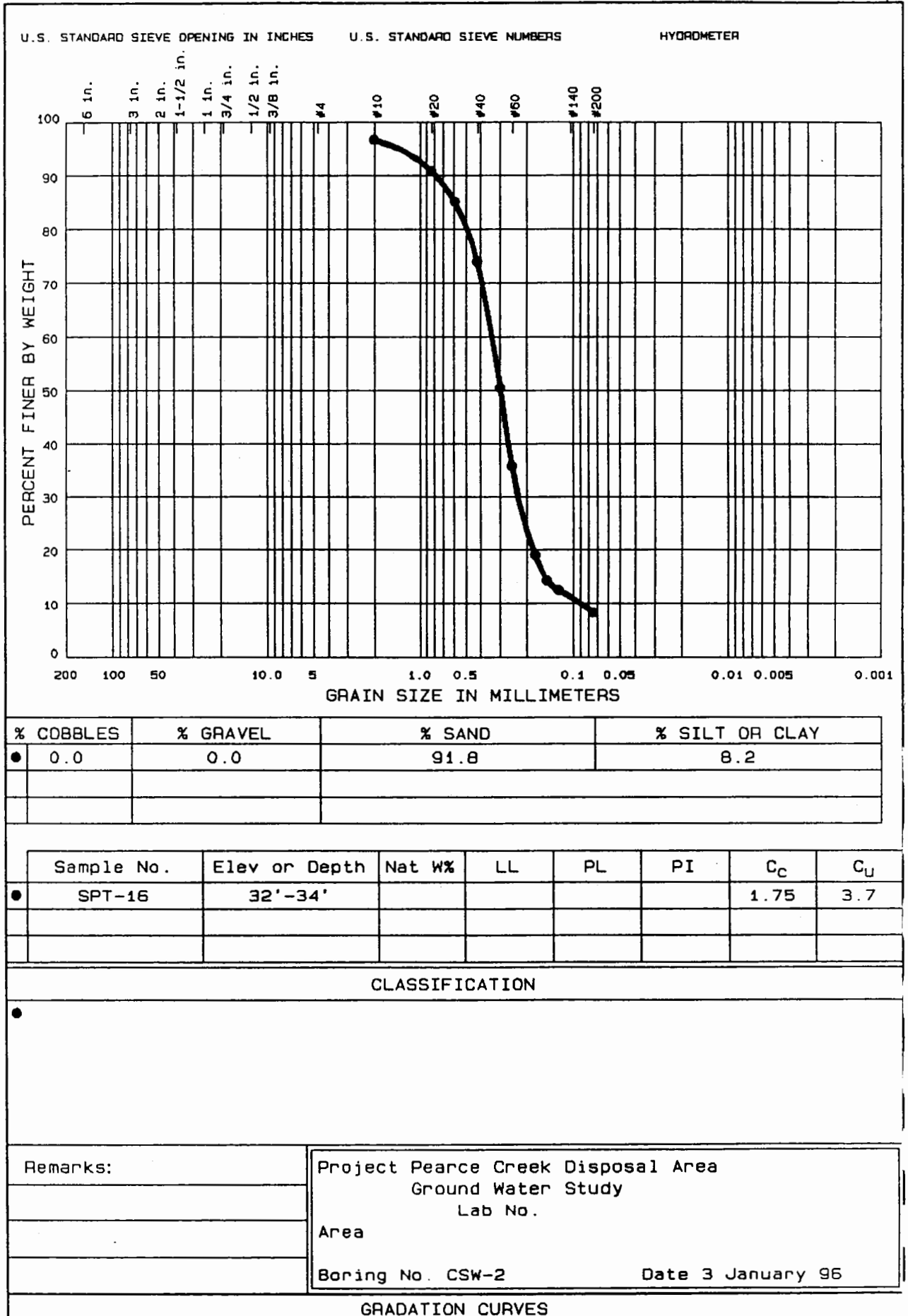
Fractional Components

% + 3 in. = 0.0 % GRAVEL = 0.0 % SAND = 91.8
 % FINES = 8.2

D85= 0.58 D60= 0.335 D50= 0.295
 D30= 0.2294 D15= 0.15453 D10= 0.08995
 Cc = 1.7478 Cu = 3.7196

W.O. No. Pearce Creek, MD
 Req. No.
 Contract No.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY, PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT
 CORPS OF ENGINEERS, CUSTOM HOUSE, 2ND & CHESTNUT STREET



GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION TEST DATA

Test No.: 2

Date: 2 January 91
 W.O. No.: PEARCE CREEK, MD
 Req. No.:
 Contract No.:
 Project line 1 PEARCE CREEK DISPOSAL AREA
 Project line 2 GROUND WATER STUDY
 Area line 1:
 Area line 2:
 Boring No.: CSW-2

Sample Data

Lab No.:
 Sample No.: SPT-25&26
 Elev or Depth: 50'-54'
 Class 1::
 Class 2::
 Natural water content: Liquid limit:
 Plastic limit:

Mechanical Analysis Data

	Initial	After wash
Dry sample and tare=	1051.90	1021.70
Tare =	252.30	252.30
Dry sample weight =	799.60	769.40
Minus #200 from wash=	3.8 %	

Sieve tare method

Sieve	Weight retained	Sieve tare	Percent finer
0.375 inches	5.80	0.00	99.3
0.25 inches	25.60	0.00	96.1
# 4	32.90	0.00	92.0
# 10	124.80	0.00	76.4
# 20	199.60	0.00	51.4
# 30	98.40	0.00	39.1
# 40	101.10	0.00	26.4
# 50	89.10	0.00	15.3
# 60	28.80	0.00	11.7
# 80	27.50	0.00	8.3
# 100	11.70	0.00	6.8
# 120	5.50	0.00	6.1
# 200	15.50	0.00	4.2

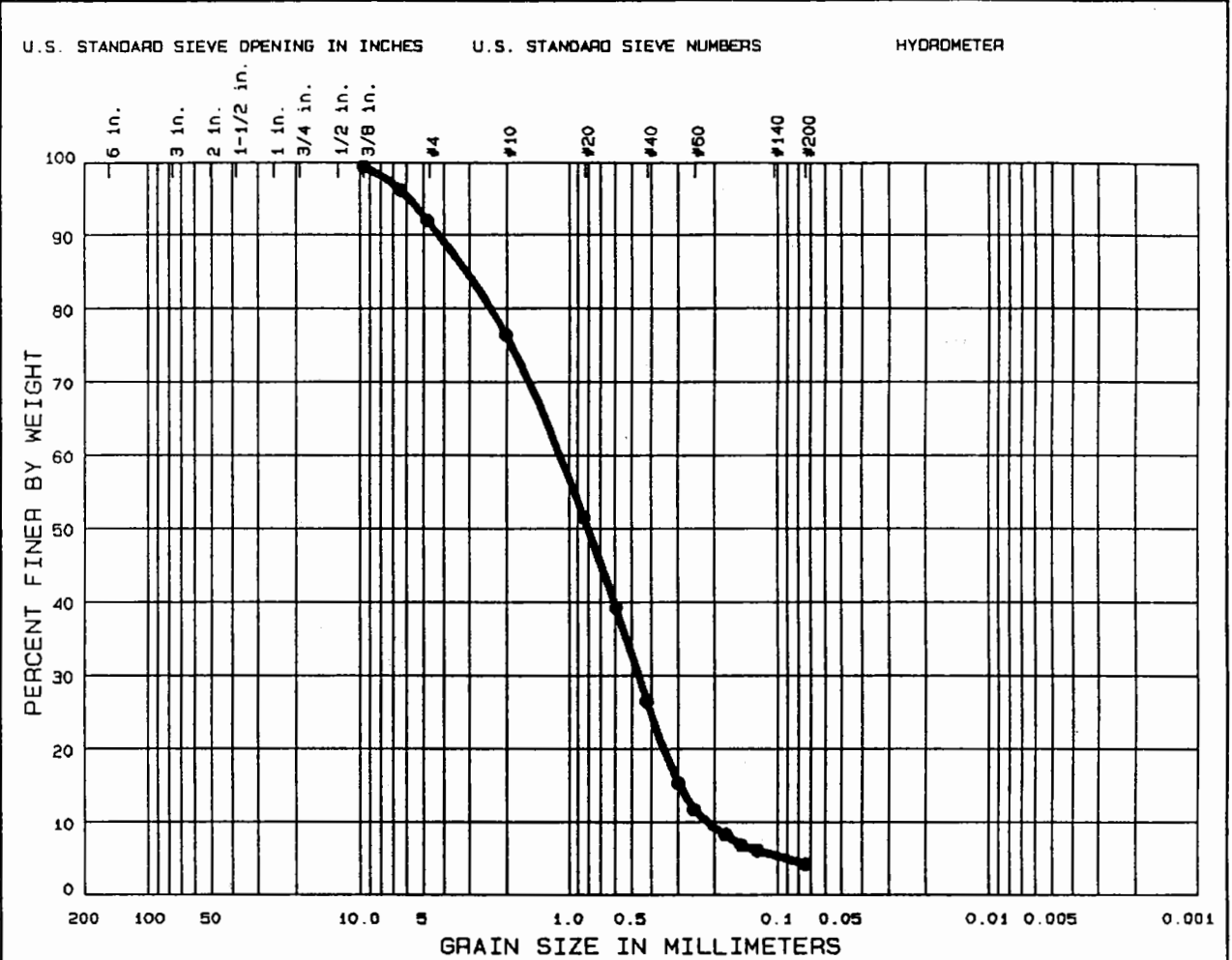
Fractional Components

% + 3 in. = 0.0 % GRAVEL = 8.0 % SAND = 87.8
 % FINES = 4.2

D85= 3.09 D60= 1.096 D50= 0.804
 D30= 0.4624 D15= 0.29174 D10= 0.21627

W.O. No. PEARCE CREEK, MD
 Req. No.
 Contract No.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY, PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT
 CORPS OF ENGINEERS, CUSTOM HOUSE, 2ND & CHESTNUT STREET



% COBBLES	% GRAVEL	% SAND	% SILT OR CLAY
0.0	8.0	87.8	4.2

Sample No.	Elev or Depth	Nat W%	LL	PL	PI	C _c	C _u
SPT-25&26	50'-54'					0.90	5.1

CLASSIFICATION

●

Remarks:	Project PEARCE CREEK DISPOSAL AREA GROUND WATER STUDY Lab No.
	Area
	Boring No. CSW-2 Date 2 January 91

GRADATION CURVES

=====

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION TEST DATA

Test No.: 1

Date: January 96
 W.O. No.: Pearce Creek, MD
 Req. No.:
 Contract No.:
 Project line 1 Pearce Creek Disposal Area
 Project line 2 Ground Water Study
 Area line 1:
 Area line 2:
 Boring No.: CSW-2

Sample Data

Lab No.:
 Sample No.: SPT-31
 Elev or Depth: 62'-64'
 Class 1::
 Class 2::
 Natural water content: Liquid limit:
 Plastic limit:

Mechanical Analysis Data

	Initial	After wash	
Dry sample and tare=	529.70	343.30	
Tare =	152.60	0.00	
Dry sample weight =	377.10	343.30	
Minus #200 from wash=	9.0 %		
Sieve tare method			
Sieve	Weight retained	Sieve tare	Percent finer
# 4	21.10	0.00	94.4
# 10	11.10	0.00	91.5
# 20	17.80	0.00	86.7
# 30	27.40	0.00	79.5
# 40	57.70	0.00	64.2
# 50	79.80	0.00	43.0
# 60	34.00	0.00	34.0
# 80	41.20	0.00	23.1
# 100	18.80	0.00	18.1
# 120	8.10	0.00	15.9
# 200	23.50	0.00	9.7

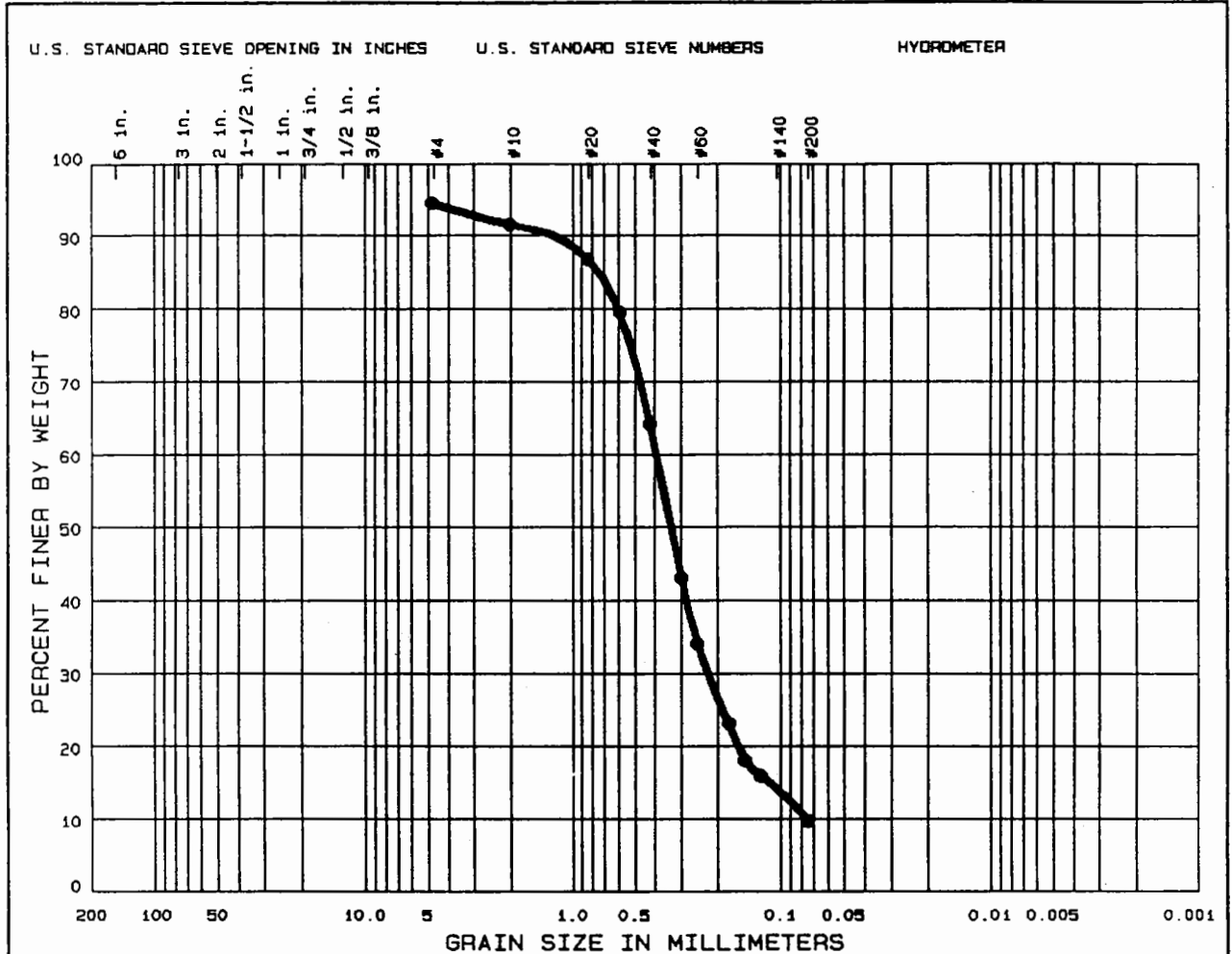
Fractional Components

% + 3 in. = 0.0 % GRAVEL = 5.6 % SAND = 84.7
 % FINES = 9.7

D85= 0.74 D60= 0.391 D50= 0.333
 D30= 0.2246 D15= 0.11130 D10= 0.07525
 Cc = 1.7159 Cu = 5.1940

W.O. No. Pearce Creek, MD
 Req. No.
 Contract No.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY, PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT
 CORPS OF ENGINEERS, CUSTOM HOUSE, 2ND & CHESTNUT STREET



% COBBLES	% GRAVEL	% SAND	% SILT OR CLAY
0.0	5.6	84.7	9.7

Sample No.	Elev or Depth	Nat W%	LL	PL	PI	C _c	C _u
SPT-31	62'-64'					1.72	5.2

CLASSIFICATION

Remarks: Project Pearce Creek Disposal Area
 Ground Water Study
 Lab No.
 Area
 Boring No. CSW-2 Date January 96

GRADATION CURVES

=====

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION TEST DATA

Test No.: 1

Date: 3 January 96
W.O. No.: Pearce Creek, MD
Req. No.:
Contract No.:
Project line 1 Pearce Creek Disposal Area
Project line 2 Ground Water Study
Area line 1:
Area line 2:
Boring No.: CSW-3

Sample Data

Lab No.:
Sample No.: SPT-13
Elev or Depth: 24'-26'
Class 1:: *
Class 2:: *
Natural water content: Liquid limit:
Plastic limit:

Mechanical Analysis Data

	Initial	After wash	
Dry sample and tare=	302.00	263.70	
Tare =	0.00	0.00	
Dry sample weight =	302.00	263.70	
Minus #200 from wash=	12.7 %		
Sieve tare method			
Sieve	Weight retained	Sieve tare	Percent finer
# 10	1.20	0.00	99.6
# 20	0.40	0.00	99.5
# 30	0.20	0.00	99.4
# 40	0.20	0.00	99.3
# 50	1.50	0.00	98.8
# 60	5.60	0.00	97.0
# 80	52.70	0.00	79.5
# 100	62.00	0.00	59.0
# 120	25.20	0.00	50.7
# 200	94.20	0.00	19.5

Fractional Components

% + 3 in. = 0.0 % GRAVEL = 0.0 % SAND = 80.5
% FINES = 19.5

D85= 0.19 D60= 0.150 D50= 0.122
D30= 0.0856

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION TEST DATA

Test No.: 5

Date: 01/2/96
 W.O. No.: Pearce Creek, MD
 Req. No.:
 Contract No.:
 Project line 1 Pearce Creek Disposal Area
 Project line 2 Ground Water Study
 Area line 1:
 Area line 2:
 Boring No.: CSW-3

Sample Data

Lab No.:
 Sample No.: SPT-17
 Elev or Depth: 32-34'
 Class 1::
 Class 2::
 Natural water content: Liquid limit:
 Plastic limit:

Mechanical Analysis Data

	Initial	After wash	
Dry sample and tare=	651.70	566.70	
Tare =	295.40	295.40	
Dry sample weight =	356.30	271.30	
Minus #200 from wash=	23.9 %		
Sieve tare method			
Sieve	Weight retained	Sieve tare	Percent finer
# 10	0.10	0.00	100.0
# 20	1.20	0.00	99.6
# 30	2.30	0.00	99.0
# 40	7.80	0.00	96.8
# 50	21.50	0.00	90.8
# 60	34.90	0.00	81.0
# 80	99.40	0.00	53.1
# 100	24.50	0.00	46.2
# 120	19.50	0.00	40.7
# 200	45.10	0.00	28.1

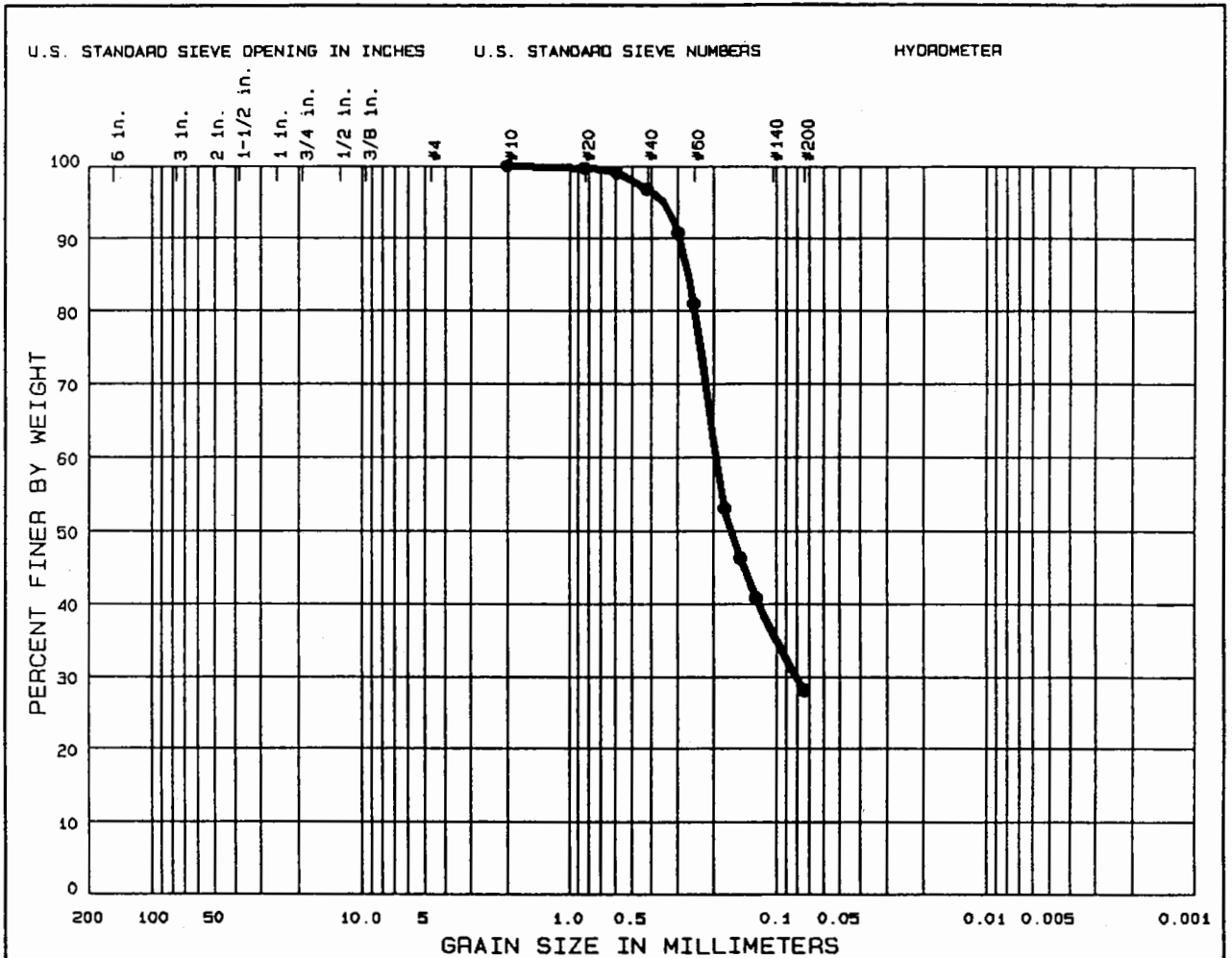
Fractional Components

% + 3 in. = 0.0 % GRAVEL = 0.0 % SAND = 71.9
 % FINES = 28.1

D85= 0.27 D60= 0.195 D50= 0.166
 D30= 0.0804

W.O. No. Pearce Creek, MD
 Req. No.
 Contract No.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY, PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT
 CORPS OF ENGINEERS, CUSTOM HOUSE, 2ND & CHESTNUT STREET



% COBBLES	% GRAVEL	% SAND	% SILT OR CLAY
0.0	0.0	71.9	28.1

Sample No.	Elev or Depth	Nat W%	LL	PL	PI	C _c	C _u
SPT-17	32-34'						

CLASSIFICATION

Remarks: Project Pearce Creek Disposal Area
 Ground Water Study
 Lab No.
 Area
 Boring No. CSW-3 Date 01/2/96

GRADATION CURVES

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION TEST DATA

Test No.: 5

Date: 01/2/96
 W.O. No.: Pearce Creek, MD
 Req. No.:
 Contract No.:
 Project line 1 Pearce Creek Disposal Area
 Project line 2 Ground Water Study
 Area line 1:
 Area line 2:
 Boring No.: CSW-3

Sample Data

Lab No.:
 Sample No.: SPT-23
 Elev or Depth: 44'-46'
 Class 1::
 Class 2::
 Natural water content: Liquid limit:
 Plastic limit:

Mechanical Analysis Data

	Initial	After wash	
Dry sample and tare=	683.30	649.20	
Tare =	295.70	295.70	
Dry sample weight =	387.60	353.50	
Minus #200 from wash=	8.8 %		
Sieve tare method			
Sieve	Weight retained	Sieve tare	Percent finer
# 10	3.60	0.00	99.1
# 20	45.00	0.00	87.5
# 30	46.80	0.00	75.4
# 40	46.10	0.00	63.5
# 50	50.20	0.00	50.5
# 60	27.00	0.00	43.6
# 80	56.80	0.00	28.9
# 100	33.50	0.00	20.3
# 120	11.60	0.00	17.3
# 200	29.50	0.00	9.7

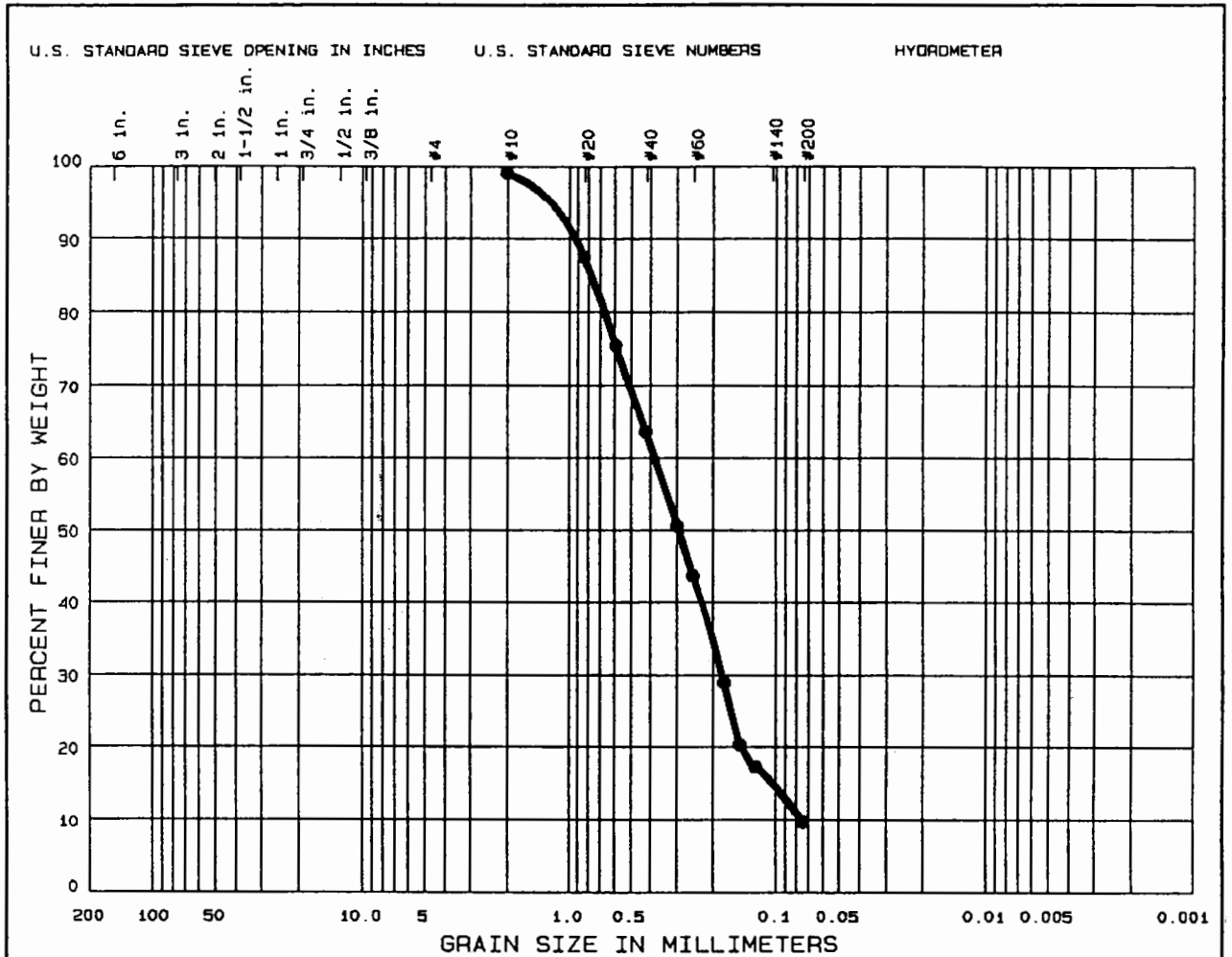
Fractional Components

% + 3 in. = 0.0 % GRAVEL = 0.0 % SAND = 90.3
 % FINES = 9.7

D85= 0.77 D60= 0.379 D50= 0.293
 D30= 0.1805 D15= 0.10268 D10= 0.07525
 Cc = 1.1416 Cu = 5.0408

W.O. No. Pearce Creek, MD
 Req. No.
 Contract No.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY, PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT
 CORPS OF ENGINEERS, CUSTOM HOUSE, 2ND & CHESTNUT STREET



% COBBLES	% GRAVEL	% SAND	% SILT OR CLAY
0.0	0.0	90.3	9.7

Sample No.	Elev or Depth	Nat W%	LL	PL	PI	C _c	C _u
SPT-23	44'-46'					1.14	5.0

CLASSIFICATION

Remarks:	Project Pearce Creek Disposal Area Ground Water Study Lab No.
	Area
	Boring No. CSW-3 Date 01/2/96

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION TEST DATA

Test No.: 6

Date: 01/2/96
 W.O. No.: Pearce Creek, MD
 Req. No.:
 Contract No.:
 Project line 1 Pearce Creek Disposal Area
 Project line 2 Ground Water Study
 Area line 1:
 Area line 2:
 Boring No.: CSW-3

Sample Data

Lab No.:
 Sample No.: SPT-33
 Elev or Depth: 64'-66
 Class 1::
 Class 2::
 Natural water content: Liquid limit:
 Plastic limit:

Mechanical Analysis Data

	Initial	After wash
Dry sample and tare=	509.00	475.40
Tare =	295.60	295.60
Dry sample weight =	213.40	179.80
Minus #200 from wash=	15.7 %	

Sieve tare method

Sieve	Weight retained	Sieve tare	Percent finer
# 20	0.10	0.00	100.0
# 30	0.10	0.00	99.9
# 40	0.10	0.00	99.9
# 50	0.20	0.00	99.8
# 60	0.50	0.00	99.5
# 80	59.50	0.00	71.6
# 100	46.40	0.00	49.9
# 120	38.90	0.00	31.7
# 200	31.60	0.00	16.9

Fractional Components

% + 3 in. = 0.0 % GRAVEL = 0.0 % SAND = 83.1
 % FINES = 16.9

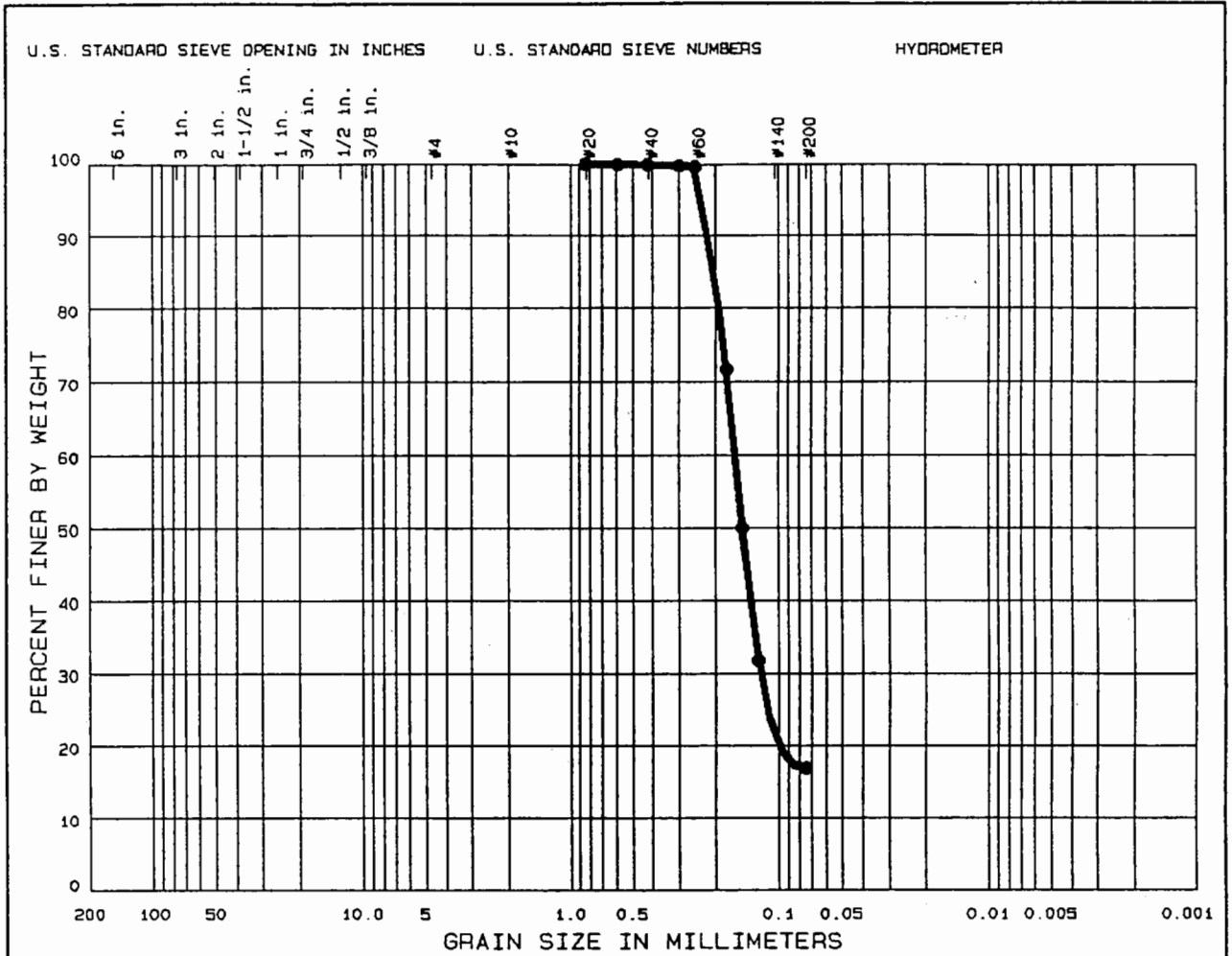
D85= 0.21 D60= 0.161 D50= 0.149
 D30= 0.1223

W.O. No. Pearce Creek, MD

Req. No.

Contract No.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY, PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT
 CORPS OF ENGINEERS, CUSTOM HOUSE, 2ND & CHESTNUT STREET



% COBBLES	% GRAVEL	% SAND	% SILT OR CLAY
0.0	0.0	83.1	16.9

Sample No.	Elev or Depth	Nat W%	LL	PL	PI	C _c	C _u
SPT-33	64'-66						

CLASSIFICATION

●

Remarks:	Project Pearce Creek Disposal Area
	Ground Water Study
	Lab No.
	Area
	Boring No. CSW-3 Date 01/2/96

=====

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION TEST DATA

Test No.: 6

Date: PPPP
 W.O. No.: Pearce Creek, MD
 Req. No.:
 Contract No.:
 Project line 1 Pearce Creek Disposal Area
 Project line 2 Ground Water Study
 Area line 1:
 Area line 2:
 Boring No.: CSW-3

Sample Data

Lab No.:
 Sample No.: SPT-40
 Elev or Depth: 78'-80'
 Class 1::
 Class 2::
 Natural water content: Liquid limit:
 Plastic limit:

Mechanical Analysis Data

	Initial	After wash	
Dry sample and tare=	636.80	415.10	
Tare =	304.00	304.00	
Dry sample weight =	332.80	111.10	
Minus #200 from wash=	66.6 %		
Sieve tare method			
Sieve	Weight retained	Sieve tare	Percent finer
# 10	0.90	0.00	99.7
# 20	0.60	0.00	99.5
# 30	0.30	0.00	99.5
# 40	0.30	0.00	99.4
# 50	0.10	0.00	99.3
# 60	1.20	0.00	99.0
# 80	11.40	0.00	95.6
# 100	19.80	0.00	89.6
# 120	13.30	0.00	85.6
# 200	52.90	0.00	69.7

Fractional Components

% + 3 in. = 0.0 % GRAVEL = 0.0 % SAND = 30.3
 % FINES = 69.7

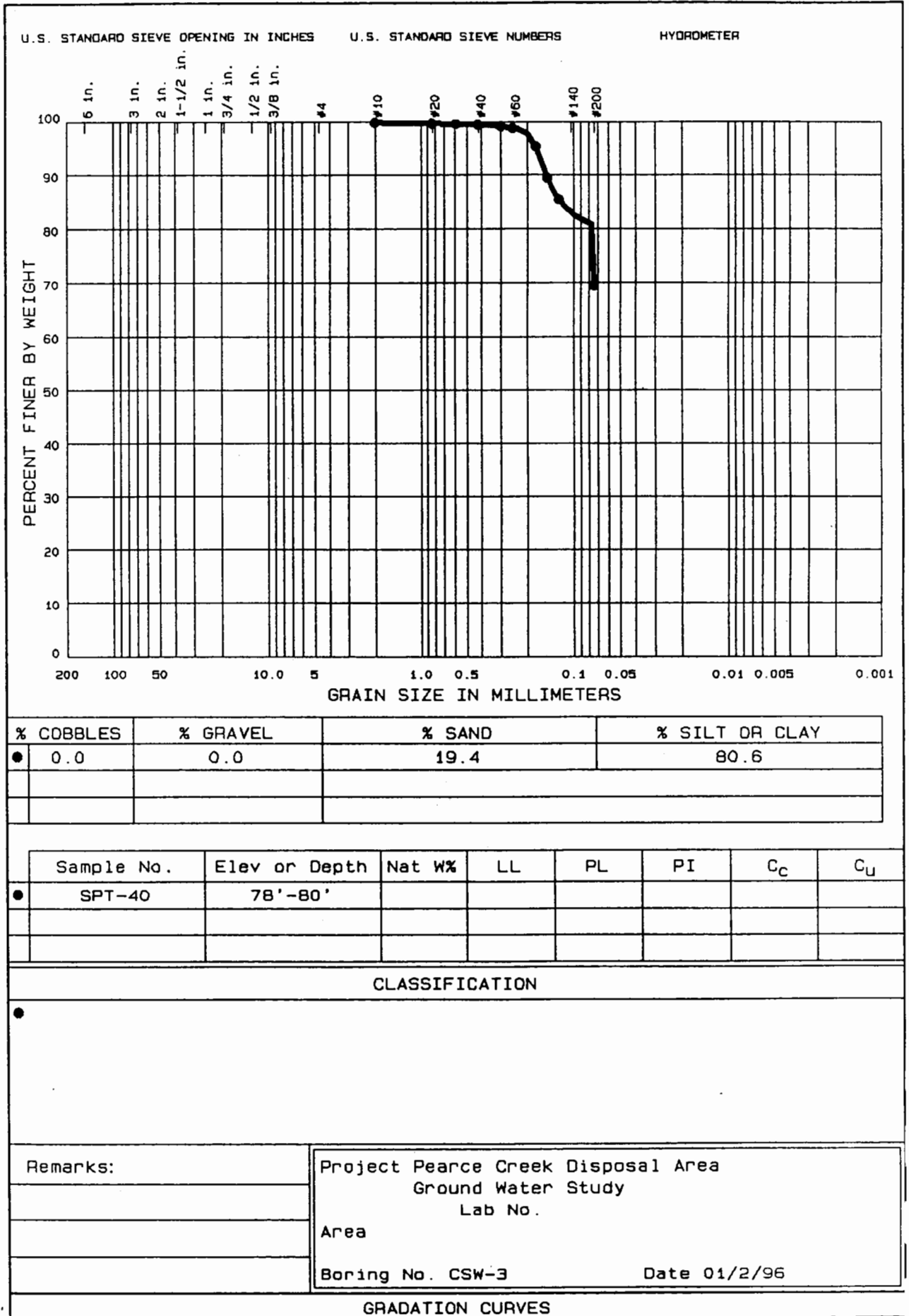
D85= 0.12

W.O. No. Pearce Creek, MD

Req. No.

Contract No.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY, PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT
CORPS OF ENGINEERS, CUSTOM HOUSE, 2ND & CHESTNUT STREET



=====

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION TEST DATA

Test No.: 6

Date: 01/2/96
 W.O. No.: Pearce Creek, MD
 Req. No.:
 Contract No.:
 Project line 1 Pearce Creek Disposal Area
 Project line 2 Ground Water Study
 Area line 1:
 Area line 2:
 Boring No.: CSW-3

Sample Data

Lab No.:
 Sample No.: SPT-47
 Elev or Depth: 92'-93.5'
 Class 1::
 Class 2::
 Natural water content: Liquid limit:
 Plastic limit:

Mechanical Analysis Data

	Initial	After wash	
Dry sample and tare=	694.10	527.00	
Tare =	289.70	289.70	
Dry sample weight =	404.40	237.30	
Minus #200 from wash=	41.3 %		
Sieve tare method			
Sieve	Weight retained	Sieve tare	Percent finer
# 20	0.10	0.00	100.0
# 30	0.10	0.00	100.0
# 40	0.20	0.00	99.9
# 50	0.10	0.00	99.9
# 60	0.20	0.00	99.8
# 80	4.60	0.00	98.7
# 100	26.60	0.00	92.1
# 120	32.50	0.00	84.1
# 200	148.10	0.00	47.5

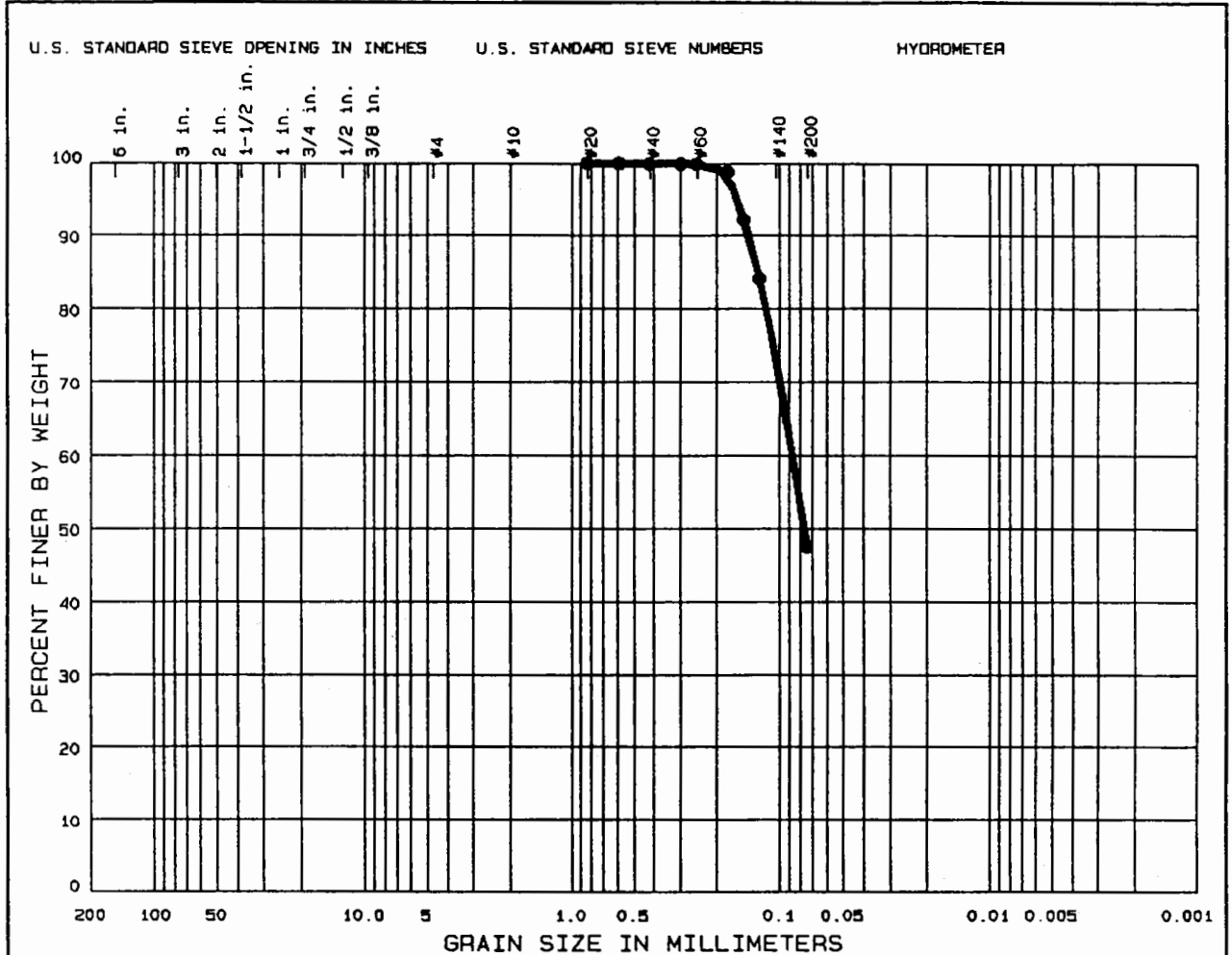
Fractional Components

% + 3 in. = 0.0 % GRAVEL = 0.0 % SAND = 52.5
 % FINES = 47.5

D85= 0.13 D60= 0.087 D50= 0.076

W.O. No. Pearce Creek, MD
 Req. No.
 Contract No.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY, PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT
 CORPS OF ENGINEERS, CUSTOM HOUSE, 2ND & CHESTNUT STREET



% COBBLES	% GRAVEL	% SAND	% SILT OR CLAY
0.0	0.0	52.5	47.5

Sample No.	Elev or Depth	Nat W%	LL	PL	PI	C _c	C _u
SPT-47	92'-93.5'						

CLASSIFICATION

Remarks: Project Pearce Creek Disposal Area
 Ground Water Study
 Lab No.
 Area
 Boring No. CSW-3 Date 01/2/96

GRADATION CURVES

=====

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION TEST DATA

Test No.: 5

Date: 01/2/96
 W.O. No.: Pearce Creek, MD
 Req. No.:
 Contract No.:
 Project line 1 Pearce Creek Disposal Area
 Project line 2 Ground Water Study
 Area line 1:
 Area line 2:
 Boring No.: CSW-3

Sample Data

Lab No.:
 Sample No.: SPT-54
 Elev or Depth: 106'-107.5'
 Class 1::
 Class 2::
 Natural water content: Liquid limit:
 Plastic limit:

Mechanical Analysis Data

	Initial	After wash
Dry sample and tare=	580.60	557.90
Tare =	288.00	288.00
Dry sample weight =	292.60	269.90
Minus #200 from wash=	7.8 %	

Sieve tare method

Sieve	Weight retained	Sieve tare	Percent finer
# 10	0.80	0.00	99.7
# 20	0.60	0.00	99.5
# 30	2.90	0.00	98.5
# 40	19.30	0.00	91.9
# 50	48.00	0.00	75.5
# 60	61.70	0.00	54.4
# 80	91.30	0.00	23.2
# 100	18.10	0.00	17.1
# 120	11.20	0.00	13.2
# 200	14.10	0.00	8.4

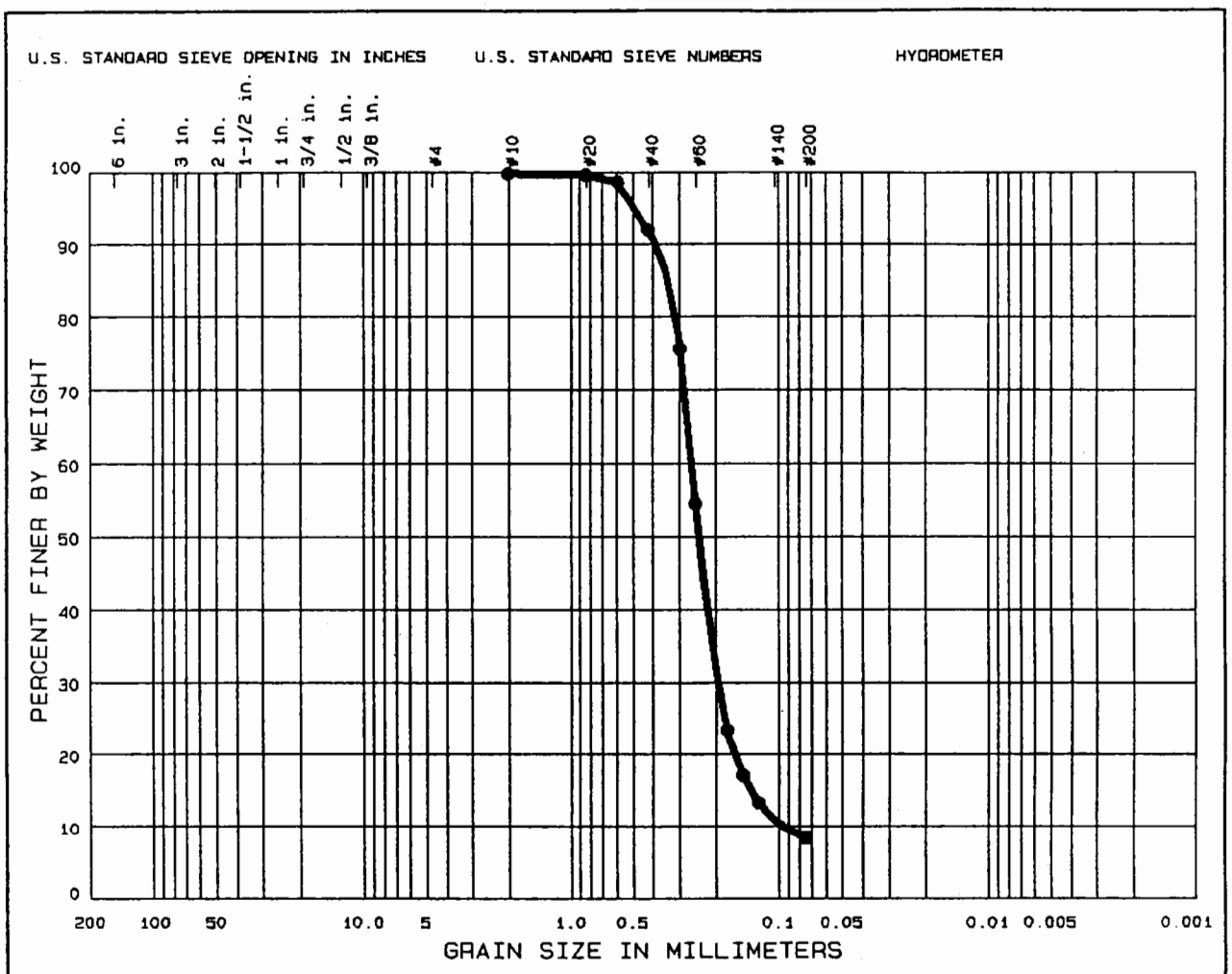
Fractional Components

% + 3 in. = 0.0 % GRAVEL = 0.0 % SAND = 91.6
 % FINES = 8.4

D85= 0.34 D60= 0.261 D50= 0.241
 D30= 0.1966 D15= 0.13599 D10= 0.09517
 Cc = 1.5560 Cu = 2.7416

W.O. No. Pearce Creek, MD
 Req. No.
 Contract No.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY, PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT
 CORPS OF ENGINEERS, CUSTOM HOUSE, 2ND & CHESTNUT STREET



% COBBLES	% GRAVEL	% SAND	% SILT OR CLAY
0.0	0.0	91.6	8.4

Sample No.	Elev or Depth	Nat W%	LL	PL	PI	C _c	C _u
SPT-54	106'-107.5'					1.56	2.7

CLASSIFICATION

Remarks: Project Pearce Creek Disposal Area
 Ground Water Study
 Lab No.
 Area
 Boring No. CSW-3 Date 01/2/96

GRADATION CURVES

=====

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION TEST DATA

Test No.: 5

Date: 01/2/96
 W.O. No.: Pearce Creek, MD
 Req. No.:
 Contract No.:
 Project line 1 Pearce Creek Disposal Area
 Project line 2 Ground Water Study
 Area line 1:
 Area line 2:
 Boring No.: CSW-3

Sample Data

Lab No.:
 Sample No.: SPT-68
 Elev or Depth: 134'-135.5'
 Class 1::
 Class 2::
 Natural water content: Liquid limit:
 Plastic limit:

Mechanical Analysis Data

	Initial	After wash	
Dry sample and tare=	688.30	577.40	
Tare =	295.60	295.60	
Dry sample weight =	392.70	281.80	
Minus #200 from wash=	28.2 %		
Sieve tare method			
Sieve	Weight retained	Sieve tare	Percent finer
# 10	0.50	0.00	99.9
# 20	0.40	0.00	99.8
# 30	0.20	0.00	99.7
# 40	0.30	0.00	99.6
# 50	0.40	0.00	99.5
# 60	0.80	0.00	99.3
# 80	21.10	0.00	94.0
# 100	67.90	0.00	76.7
# 120	43.90	0.00	65.5
# 200	129.20	0.00	32.6

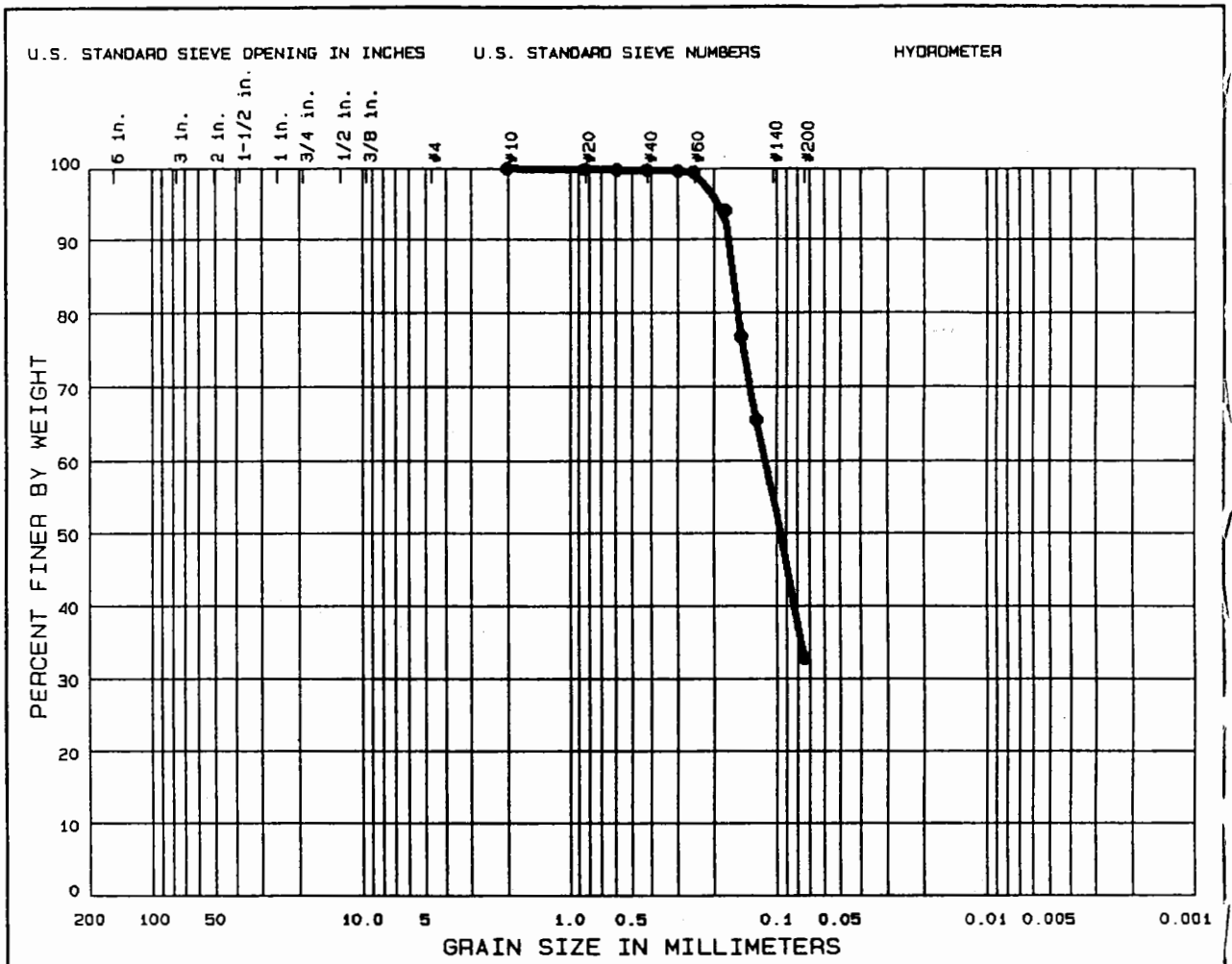
Fractional Components

% + 3 in. = 0.0 % GRAVEL = 0.0 % SAND = 67.4
 % FINES = 32.6

D85= 0.16 D60= 0.113 D50= 0.096

W.O. No. Pearce Creek, MD
 Req. No.
 Contract No.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY, PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT
 CORPS OF ENGINEERS, CUSTOM HOUSE, 2ND & CHESTNUT STREET



% COBBLES	% GRAVEL	% SAND	% SILT OR CLAY
0.0	0.0	67.4	32.6

Sample No.	Elev or Depth	Nat W%	LL	PL	PI	C _c	C _u
SPT-68	134'-135.5'						

CLASSIFICATION

Remarks:	Project Pearce Creek Disposal Area Ground Water Study Lab No.
	Area
	Boring No. CSW-3
	Date 01/2/96

GRADATION CURVES

=====

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION TEST DATA

Test No.: 6

Date: 01/2/96
 W.O. No.: Pearce Creek, MD
 Req. No.:
 Contract No.:
 Project line 1 Pearce Creek Disposal Area
 Project line 2 Ground Water Study
 Area line 1:
 Area line 2:
 Boring No.: CSW-5

Sample Data

Lab No.:
 Sample No.: SPT-35
 Elev or Depth: 68'-70'
 Class 1::
 Class 2::
 Natural water content: Liquid limit:
 Plastic limit:

Mechanical Analysis Data

	Initial	After wash
Dry sample and tare=	580.10	534.20
Tare =	292.00	292.00
Dry sample weight =	288.10	242.20
Minus #200 from wash=	15.9 %	

Sieve	Weight retained	Sieve tare	Percent finer
1 inches	0.00	0.00	100.0
# 10	4.40	0.00	98.5
# 20	0.50	0.00	98.3
# 30	1.00	0.00	98.0
# 40	9.40	0.00	94.7
# 50	42.00	0.00	80.1
# 60	36.60	0.00	67.4
# 80	78.90	0.00	40.0
# 100	37.80	0.00	26.9
# 120	10.30	0.00	23.3
# 200	20.50	0.00	16.2

Fractional Components

% + 3 in. = 0.0 % GRAVEL = 1.2 % SAND = 82.6
 % FINES = 16.2

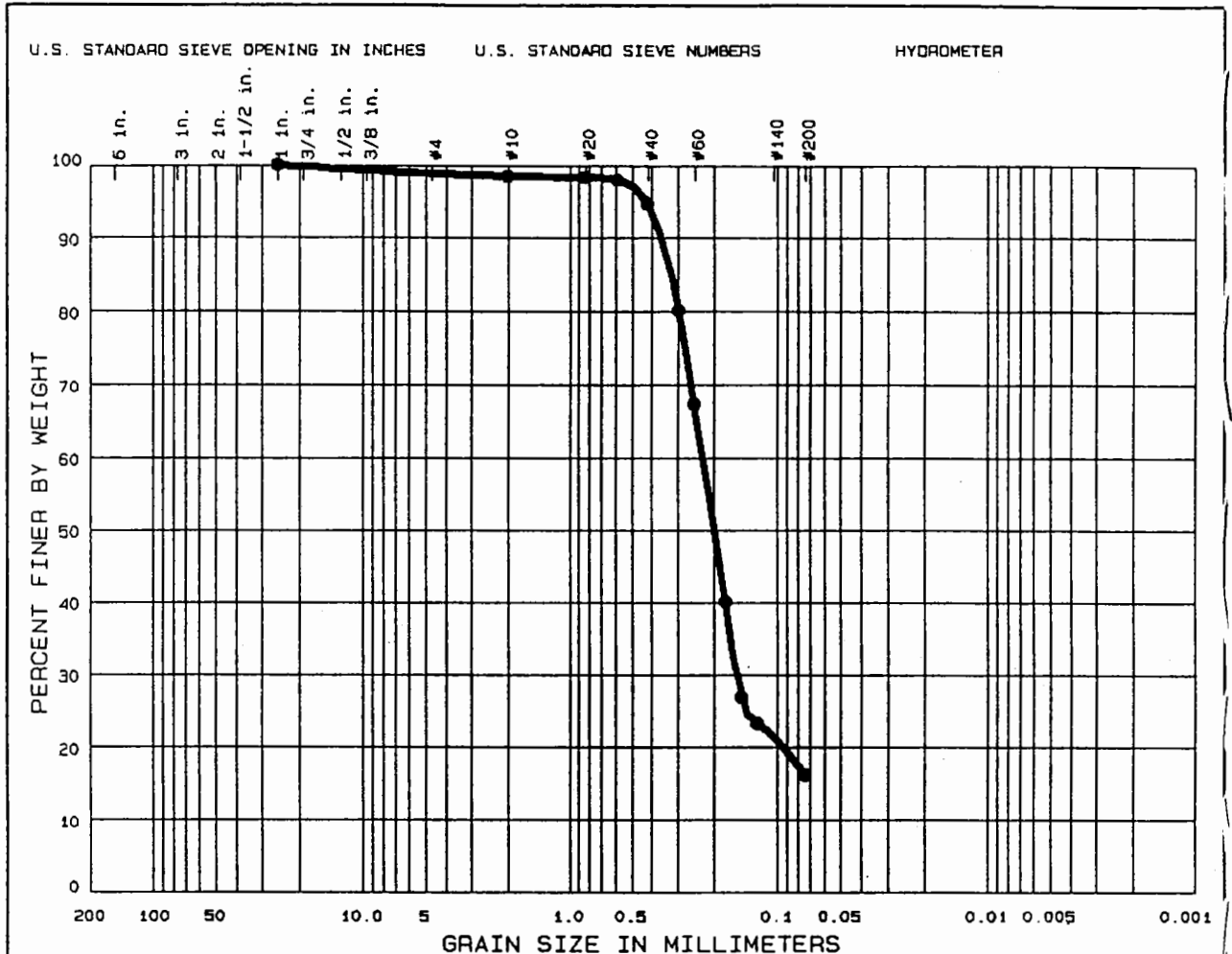
D85= 0.32 D60= 0.227 D50= 0.200
 D30= 0.1567

W.O. No. Pearce Creek, MD

Req. No.

Contract No.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY, PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT
CORPS OF ENGINEERS, CUSTOM HOUSE, 2ND & CHESTNUT STREET



% COBBLES	% GRAVEL	% SAND	% SILT OR CLAY
0.0	1.2	82.6	16.2

Sample No.	Elev or Depth	Nat W%	LL	PL	PI	C _c	C _u
SPT-35	6B'-70'						

CLASSIFICATION

Remarks:	Project Pearce Creek Disposal Area Ground Water Study Lab No.
	Area
	Boring No. CSW-5 Date 01/2/96

GRADATION CURVES

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION TEST DATA

Test No.: 5

Date: 01/2/96
 W.O. No.: Pearce Creek, MD
 Req. No.:
 Contract No.:
 Project line 1 Pearce Creek Disposal Area
 Project line 2 Ground Water Study
 Area line 1:
 Area line 2:
 Boring No.: CSW-5

Sample Data

Lab No.:
 Sample No.: SPT-44
 Elev or Depth: 86'-87'
 Class 1::
 Class 2::
 Natural water content: Liquid limit:
 Plastic limit:

Mechanical Analysis Data

	Initial	After wash
Dry sample and tare=	543.40	529.50
Tare =	296.20	296.20
Dry sample weight =	247.20	233.30
Minus #200 from wash=	5.6 %	

Sieve	Weight retained	Sieve tare	Percent finer
0.5 inches	11.10	0.00	95.5
0.375 inches	13.80	0.00	89.9
0.25 inches	15.30	0.00	83.7
# 4	15.70	0.00	77.4
# 10	32.90	0.00	64.1
# 20	33.70	0.00	50.4
# 30	21.40	0.00	41.8
# 40	21.00	0.00	33.3
# 50	15.50	0.00	27.0
# 60	10.10	0.00	22.9
# 80	18.20	0.00	15.6
# 100	5.70	0.00	13.3
# 120	6.00	0.00	10.8
# 200	11.10	0.00	6.4

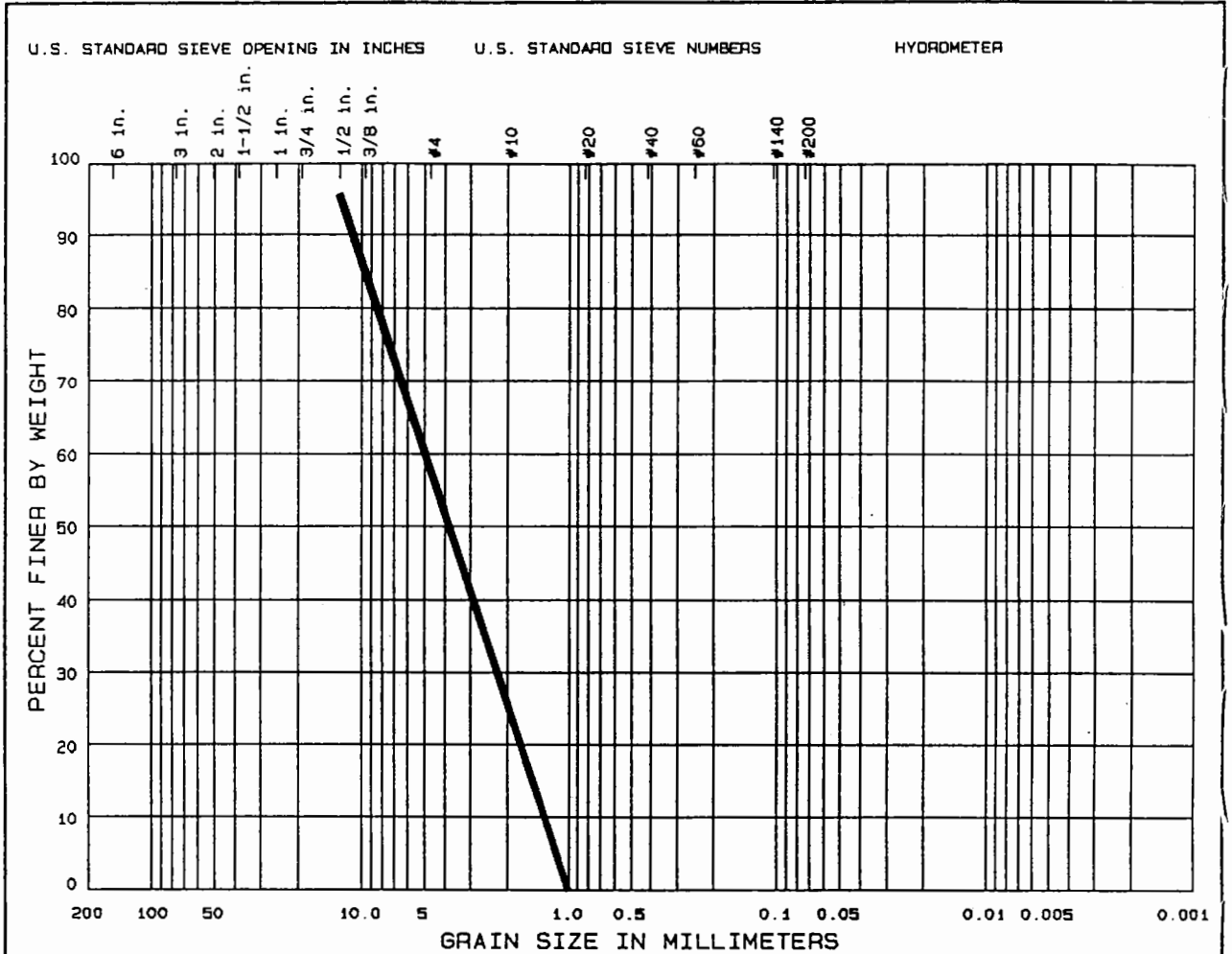
Fractional Components

% + 3 in. = 0.0 % GRAVEL = 22.6 % SAND = 71.0
 % FINES = 6.4

D85= 6.76 D60= 1.445 D50= 0.822

W.O. No. Pearce Creek, MD
 Req. No.
 Contract No.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY, PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT
 CORPS OF ENGINEERS, CUSTOM HOUSE, 2ND & CHESTNUT STREET



% COBBLES	% GRAVEL	% SAND	% SILT OR CLAY
0.0	0.0		0.0

Sample No.	Elev or Depth	Nat W%	LL	PL	PI	C _c	C _u
SPT-44	86'-87'						

CLASSIFICATION

•

Remarks:	Project Pearce Creek Disposal Area
	Ground Water Study
	Lab No.
	Area
	Boring No. CSW-5
	Date 01/2/96

GRADATION CURVES

=====

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION TEST DATA

Test No.: 4

Date: 01/2/96
 W.O. No.: PEARCE CREEK, MD
 Req. No.: 7-40
 Contract No.:
 Project line 1 Pearce Creek Disposal Area
 Project line 2 Ground Water Study
 Area line 1:
 Area line 2:
 Boring No.: CSW-7

Sample Data

Lab No.:
 Sample No.: SPT-40
 Elev or Depth: 84'-85.1'
 Class 1::
 Class 2::
 Natural water content: Liquid limit:
 Plastic limit:

Mechanical Analysis Data

	Initial	After wash
Dry sample and tare=	456.90	431.30
Tare =	296.10	296.10
Dry sample weight =	160.80	135.20
Minus #200 from wash=	15.9 %	

Sieve tare method

Sieve	Weight retained	Sieve tare	Percent finer
# 10	0.10	0.00	99.9
# 20	0.30	0.00	99.8
# 30	2.20	0.00	98.4
# 40	38.10	0.00	74.7
# 50	63.10	0.00	35.4
# 60	13.60	0.00	27.0
# 80	9.90	0.00	20.8
# 100	2.70	0.00	19.2
# 120	1.60	0.00	18.2
# 200	3.10	0.00	16.2

Fractional Components

% + 3 in. = 0.0 % GRAVEL = 0.0 % SAND = 83.8
 % FINES = 16.2

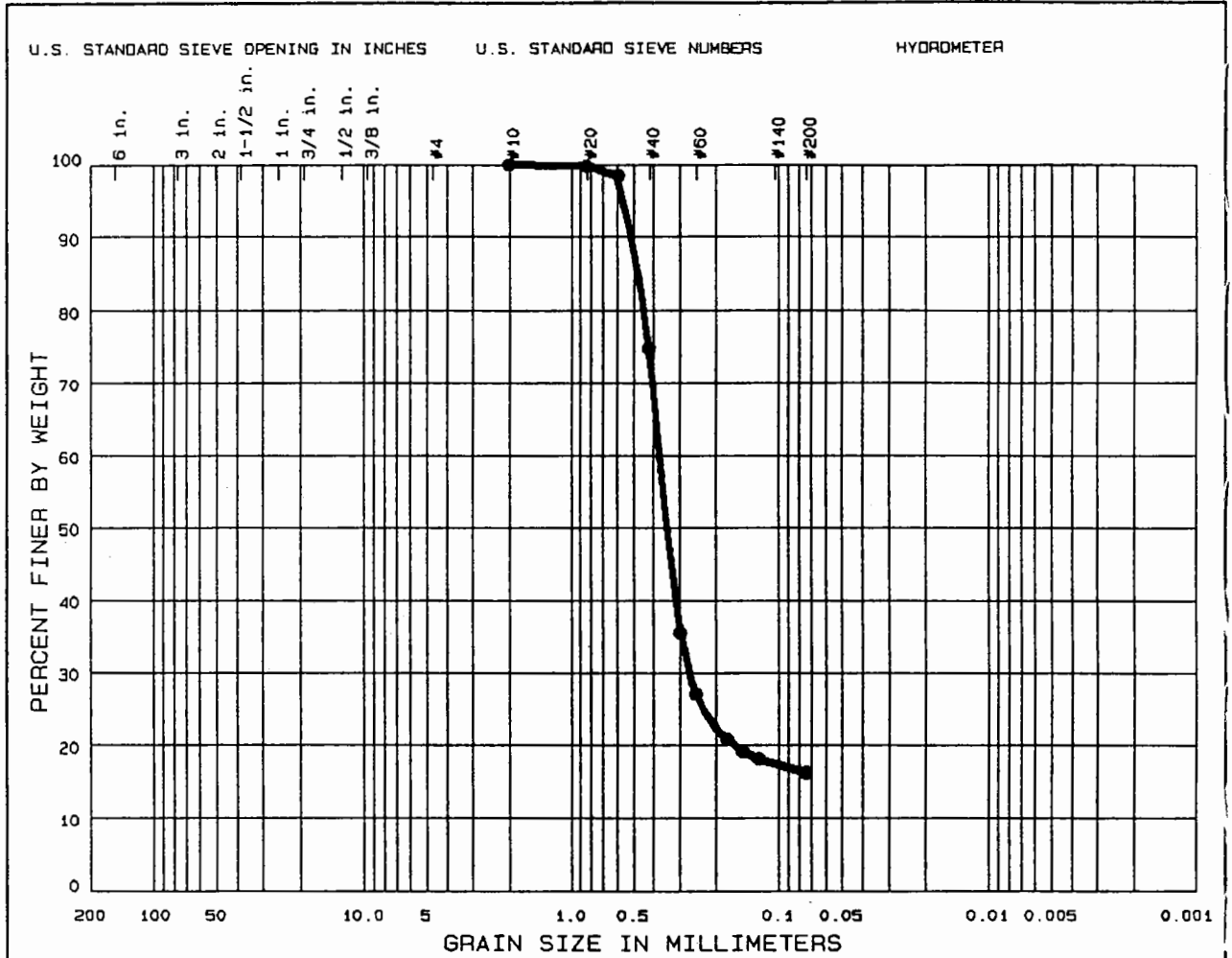
D85= 0.47 D60= 0.372 D50= 0.343
 D30= 0.2710

W.O. No. PEARCE CREEK, MD

Req. No. 7-40

Contract No.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY, PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT
 CORPS OF ENGINEERS, CUSTOM HOUSE, 2ND & CHESTNUT STREET



% COBBLES	% GRAVEL	% SAND	% SILT OR CLAY
0.0	0.0	83.8	16.2

Sample No.	Elev or Depth	Nat W%	LL	PL	PI	C _c	C _u
SPT-40	84'-85.1'						

CLASSIFICATION

•

Remarks:	Project Pearce Creek Disposal Area Ground Water Study Lab No.
	Area
	Boring No. CSW-7 Date 01/2/96

GRADATION CURVES

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION TEST DATA

Test No.: 4

Date: 01/2/96
 W.O. No.: Pearce Creek, MD
 Req. No.: 8-4
 Contract No.:
 Project line 1 Pearce Creek Disposal Area
 Project line 2 Ground Water Study
 Area line 1:
 Area line 2:
 Boring No.: CSW-8

Sample Data

Lab No.:
 Sample No.: SPT-4
 Elev or Depth: 6'-7.5'
 Class 1::
 Class 2::
 Natural water content: Liquid limit:
 Plastic limit:

Mechanical Analysis Data

	Initial	After wash
Dry sample and tare=	474.50	467.50
Tare =	288.90	288.90
Dry sample weight =	185.60	178.60
Minus #200 from wash=	3.8 %	

Sieve tare method

Sieve	Weight retained	Sieve tare	Percent finer
# 10	1.90	0.00	99.0
# 20	21.30	0.00	87.5
# 30	37.90	0.00	67.1
# 40	62.00	0.00	33.7
# 50	34.50	0.00	15.1
# 60	8.40	0.00	10.6
# 80	4.20	0.00	8.3
# 100	1.30	0.00	7.6
# 120	1.80	0.00	6.6
# 200	4.20	0.00	4.4

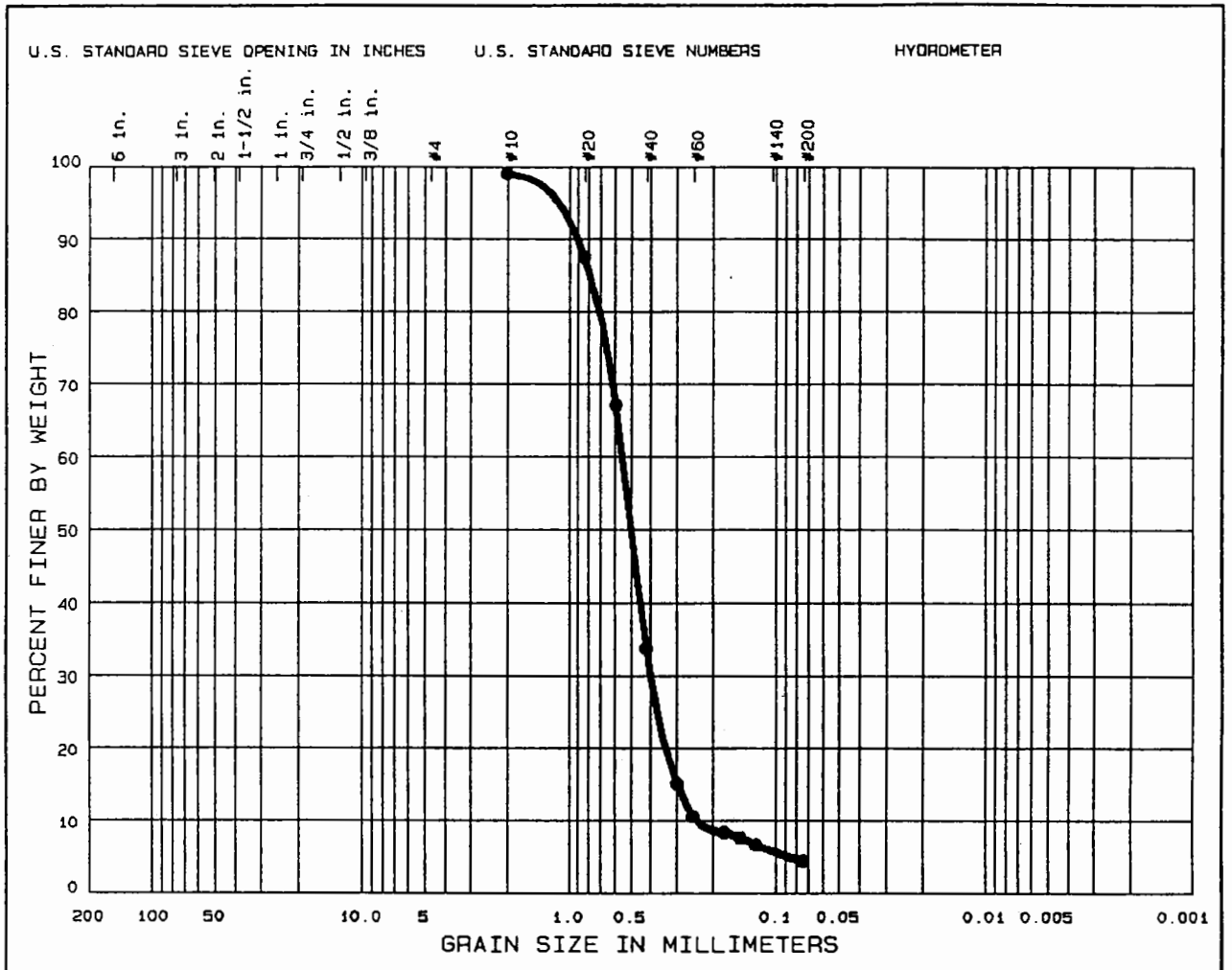
Fractional Components

% + 3 in. = 0.0 % GRAVEL = 0.0 % SAND = 95.6
 % FINES = 4.4

D85= 0.79 D60= 0.547 D50= 0.497
 D30= 0.4004 D15= 0.29614 D10= 0.24071
 Cc = 1.2176 Cu = 2.2725

W.O. No. Pearce Creek, MD
 Req. No. 8-4
 Contract No.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY, PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT
 CORPS OF ENGINEERS, CUSTOM HOUSE, 2ND & CHESTNUT STREET



% COBBLES	% GRAVEL	% SAND	% SILT OR CLAY
0.0	0.0	95.6	4.4

Sample No.	Elev or Depth	Nat W%	LL	PL	PI	C _C	C _U
SPT-4	6'-7.5'					1.22	2.3

CLASSIFICATION

•

Remarks:	Project Pearce Creek Disposal Area Ground Water Study Lab No.
	Area
	Boring No. CSW-8 Date 01/2/96

GRADATION CURVES

=====

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION TEST DATA

Test No.: 5

Date: 01/2/96
 W.O. No.: Pearce Creek, MD
 Req. No.:
 Contract No.:
 Project line 1 Pearce Creek Disposal Area
 Project line 2 Ground Water Study
 Area line 1:
 Area line 2:
 Boring No.: CSW-8

Sample Data

Lab No.:
 Sample No.: SPT-6
 Elev or Depth: 10'-12'
 Class 1::
 Class 2::
 Natural water content: Liquid limit:
 Plastic limit:

Mechanical Analysis Data

	Initial	After wash
Dry sample and tare=	536.60	523.30
Tare =	294.50	294.50
Dry sample weight =	242.10	228.80
Minus #200 from wash=	5.5 %	

Sieve tare method

Sieve	Weight retained	Sieve tare	Percent finer
# 10	3.70	0.00	98.5
# 20	39.40	0.00	82.2
# 30	46.00	0.00	63.2
# 40	66.90	0.00	35.6
# 50	47.90	0.00	15.8
# 60	11.70	0.00	10.9
# 80	6.40	0.00	8.3
# 100	1.60	0.00	7.6
# 120	1.60	0.00	7.0
# 200	3.10	0.00	5.7

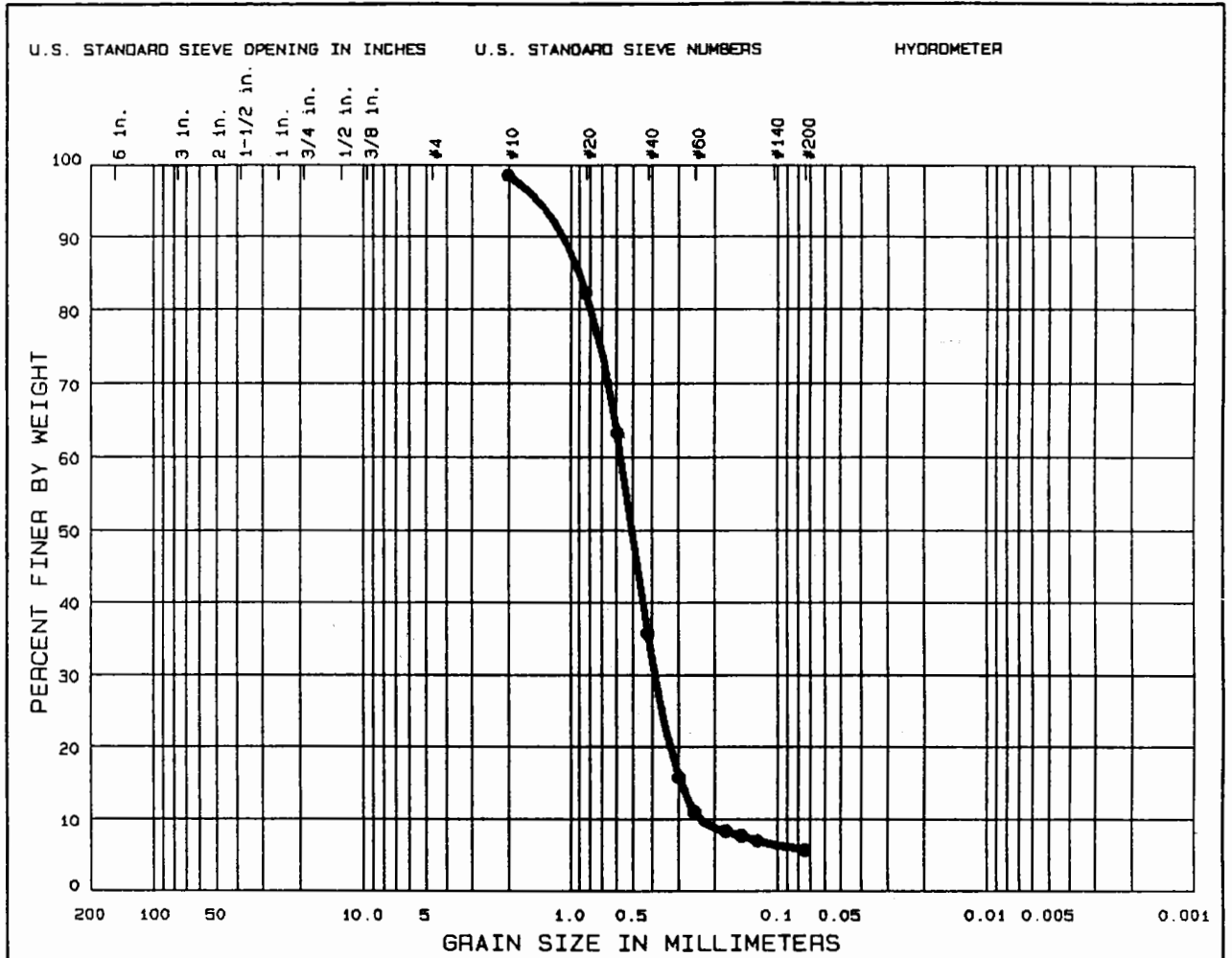
Fractional Components

% + 3 in. = 0.0 % GRAVEL = 0.0 % SAND = 94.3
 % FINES = 5.7

D85= 0.91 D60= 0.565 D50= 0.500
 D30= 0.3882 D15= 0.29040 D10= 0.23335
 Cc = 1.1429 Cu = 2.4210

W.O. No. Pearce Creek, MD
 Req. No.
 Contract No.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY, PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT
 CORPS OF ENGINEERS, CUSTOM HOUSE, 2ND & CHESTNUT STREET



% COBBLES	% GRAVEL	% SAND	% SILT OR CLAY
0.0	0.0	94.3	5.7

Sample No.	Elev or Depth	Nat W%	LL	PL	PI	C _c	C _u
SPT-6	10'-12'					1.14	2.4

CLASSIFICATION

•

Remarks:	Project Pearce Creek Disposal Area Ground Water Study Lab No.
	Area
	Boring No. CSW-8
	Date 01/2/96

GRADATION CURVES

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION TEST DATA

Test No.: 5

Date: 01/2/96
 W.O. No.: Pearce Creek, MD
 Req. No.:
 Contract No.:
 Project line 1 Pearce Creek Disposal Area
 Project line 2 Ground Water Study
 Area line 1:
 Area line 2:
 Boring No.: CSW-8

Sample Data

Lab No.:
 Sample No.: SPT-18
 Elev or Depth: 34'-36'
 Class 1::
 Class 2::
 Natural water content: Liquid limit:
 Plastic limit:

Mechanical Analysis Data

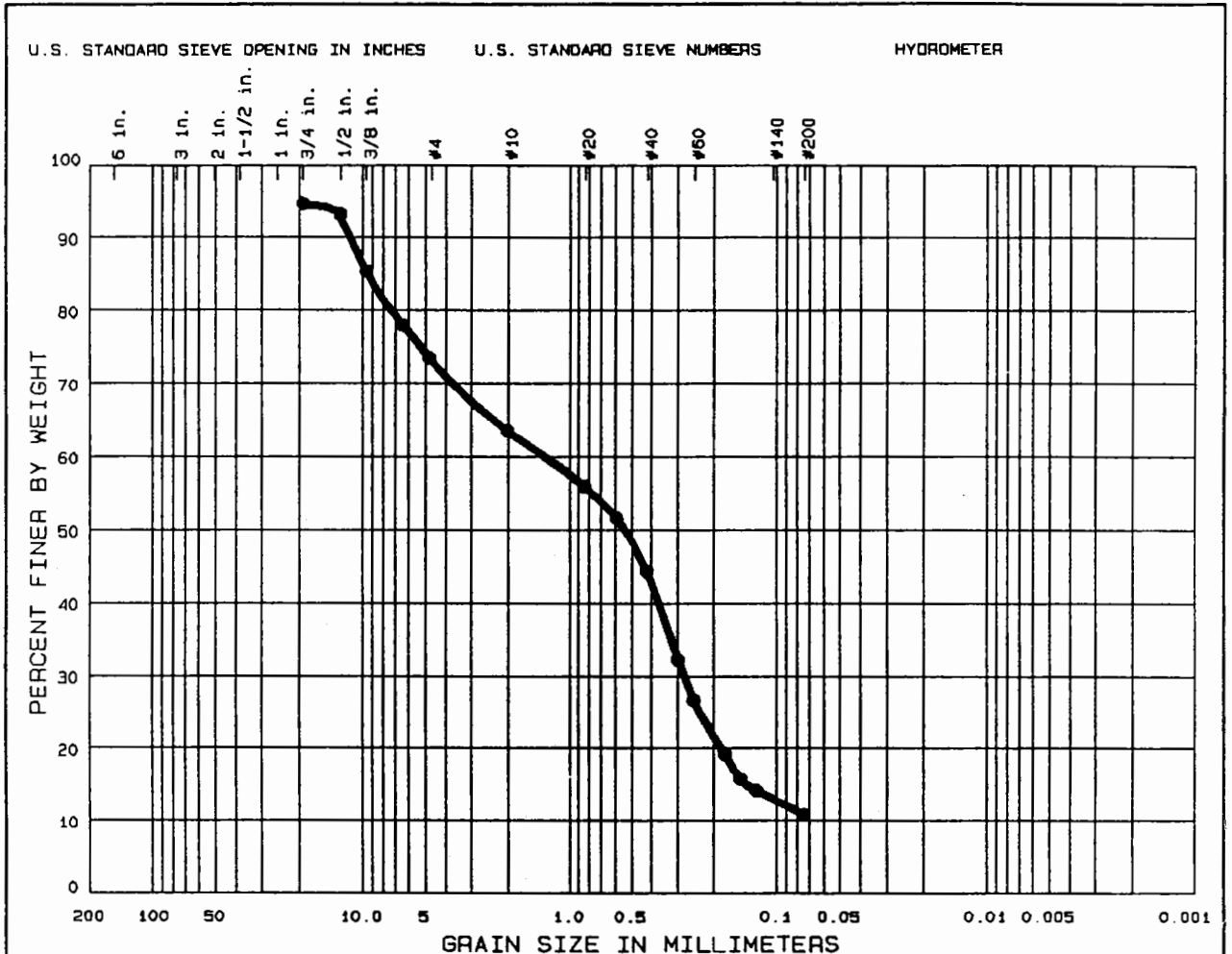
	Initial	After wash	
Dry sample and tare=	666.30	628.50	
Tare =	299.50	299.50	
Dry sample weight =	366.80	329.00	
Minus #200 from wash=	10.3 %		
Sieve tare method			
Sieve	Weight retained	Sieve tare	Percent finer
0.75 inches	20.00	0.00	94.5
0.5 inches	5.00	0.00	93.2
0.375 inches	28.80	0.00	85.3
0.25 inches	27.30	0.00	77.9
# 4	16.40	0.00	73.4
# 10	36.30	0.00	63.5
# 20	28.20	0.00	55.8
# 30	15.80	0.00	51.5
# 40	26.60	0.00	44.3
# 50	44.40	0.00	32.2
# 60	20.30	0.00	26.6
# 80	27.50	0.00	19.1
# 100	12.70	0.00	15.7
# 120	5.90	0.00	14.1
# 200	12.20	0.00	10.7

Fractional Components

% + 3 in. = 0.0 % GRAVEL = 26.6 % SAND = 62.7
 % FINES = 10.7

W.O. No. Pearce Creek, MD
 Req. No.
 Contract No.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY, PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT
 CORPS OF ENGINEERS, CUSTOM HOUSE, 2ND & CHESTNUT STREET



% COBBLES	% GRAVEL	% SAND	% SILT OR CLAY
0.0	26.6	62.7	10.7

Sample No.	Elev or Depth	Nat W%	LL	PL	PI	C _c	C _u
SPT-18	34'-36'						

CLASSIFICATION

Remarks: Project Pearce Creek Disposal Area
 Ground Water Study
 Lab No.
 Area
 Boring No. CSW-8 Date 01/2/96

GRADATION CURVES

=====

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION TEST DATA

Test No.: 5

Date: 01/2/96
 W.O. No.: Pearce Creek, MD
 Req. No.:
 Contract No.:
 Project line 1 Pearce Creek Disposal Area
 Project line 2 Ground Water Study
 Area line 1:
 Area line 2:
 Boring No.: CSW-8

Sample Data

Lab No.:
 Sample No.: SPT-25
 Elev or Depth: 48'-50'
 Class 1::
 Class 2::
 Natural water content: Liquid limit:
 Plastic limit:

Mechanical Analysis Data

	Initial	After wash
Dry sample and tare=	649.40	602.30
Tare =	298.30	298.30
Dry sample weight =	351.10	304.00
Minus #200 from wash=	13.4 %	

Sieve	Weight retained	Sieve tare	Percent finer
# 20	1.10	0.00	99.7
# 30	8.50	0.00	97.3
# 40	84.20	0.00	73.3
# 50	142.30	0.00	32.8
# 60	28.40	0.00	24.7
# 80	17.90	0.00	19.6
# 100	5.30	0.00	18.1
# 120	5.80	0.00	16.4
# 200	9.90	0.00	13.6

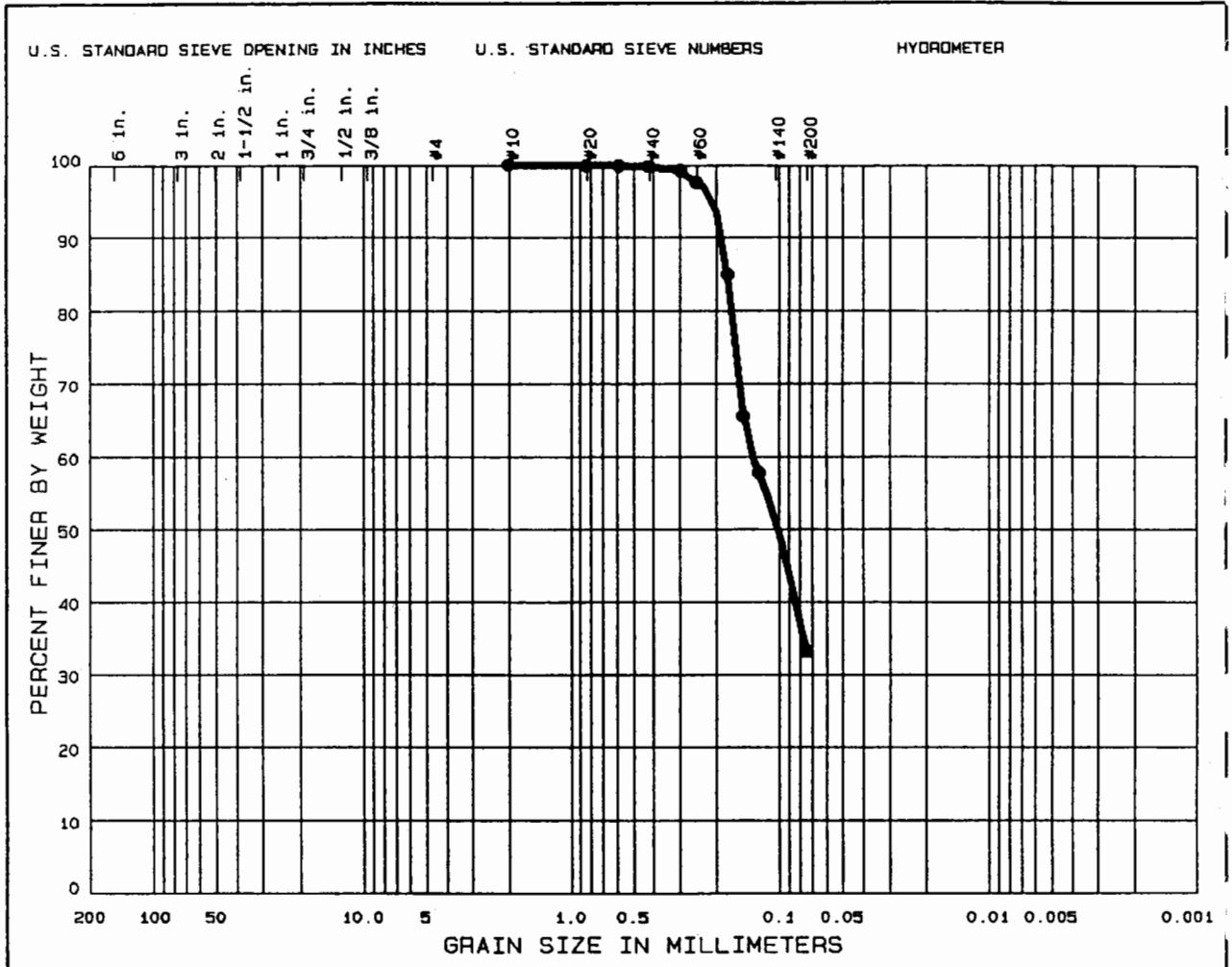
Fractional Components

% + 3 in. = 0.0 % GRAVEL = 0.0 % SAND = 86.4
 % FINES = 13.6

D85= 0.48 D60= 0.377 D50= 0.349
 D30= 0.2851 D15= 0.09886

W.O. No. Pearce Creek, MD
 Req. No.
 Contract No.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY, PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT
 CORPS OF ENGINEERS, CUSTOM HOUSE, 2ND & CHESTNUT STREET



% COBBLES	% GRAVEL	% SAND	% SILT OR CLAY
0.0	0.0	66.9	33.1

Sample No.	Elev or Depth	Nat W%	LL	PL	PI	C _c	C _u
SPT-36	70'-72'						

CLASSIFICATION

Remarks:	Project Pearce Creek Disposal Area Ground Water Study Lab No.
	Area
	Boring No. CSW-8 Date 01/2/96

=====

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION TEST DATA

Test No.: 6

Date: 01/2/96
 W.O. No.: Pearce Creek, MD
 Req. No.:
 Contract No.:
 Project line 1 Pearce Creek Disposal Area
 Project line 2 Ground Water Study
 Area line 1:
 Area line 2:
 Boring No.: CSW-8

Sample Data

Lab No.:
 Sample No.: SPT-64
 Elev or Depth: 126-127.1
 Class 1::
 Class 2::
 Natural water content: Liquid limit:
 Plastic limit:

Mechanical Analysis Data

	Initial	After wash	
Dry sample and tare=	590.80	563.80	
Tare =	296.10	296.10	
Dry sample weight =	294.70	267.70	
Minus #200 from wash=	9.2 %		
Sieve tare method			
Sieve	Weight retained	Sieve tare	Percent finer
# 10	4.80	0.00	98.4
# 20	159.40	0.00	44.3
# 30	43.20	0.00	29.6
# 40	28.50	0.00	20.0
# 50	15.10	0.00	14.8
# 60	3.10	0.00	13.8
# 80	4.10	0.00	12.4
# 100	1.40	0.00	11.9
# 120	3.00	0.00	10.9
# 200	4.60	0.00	9.3

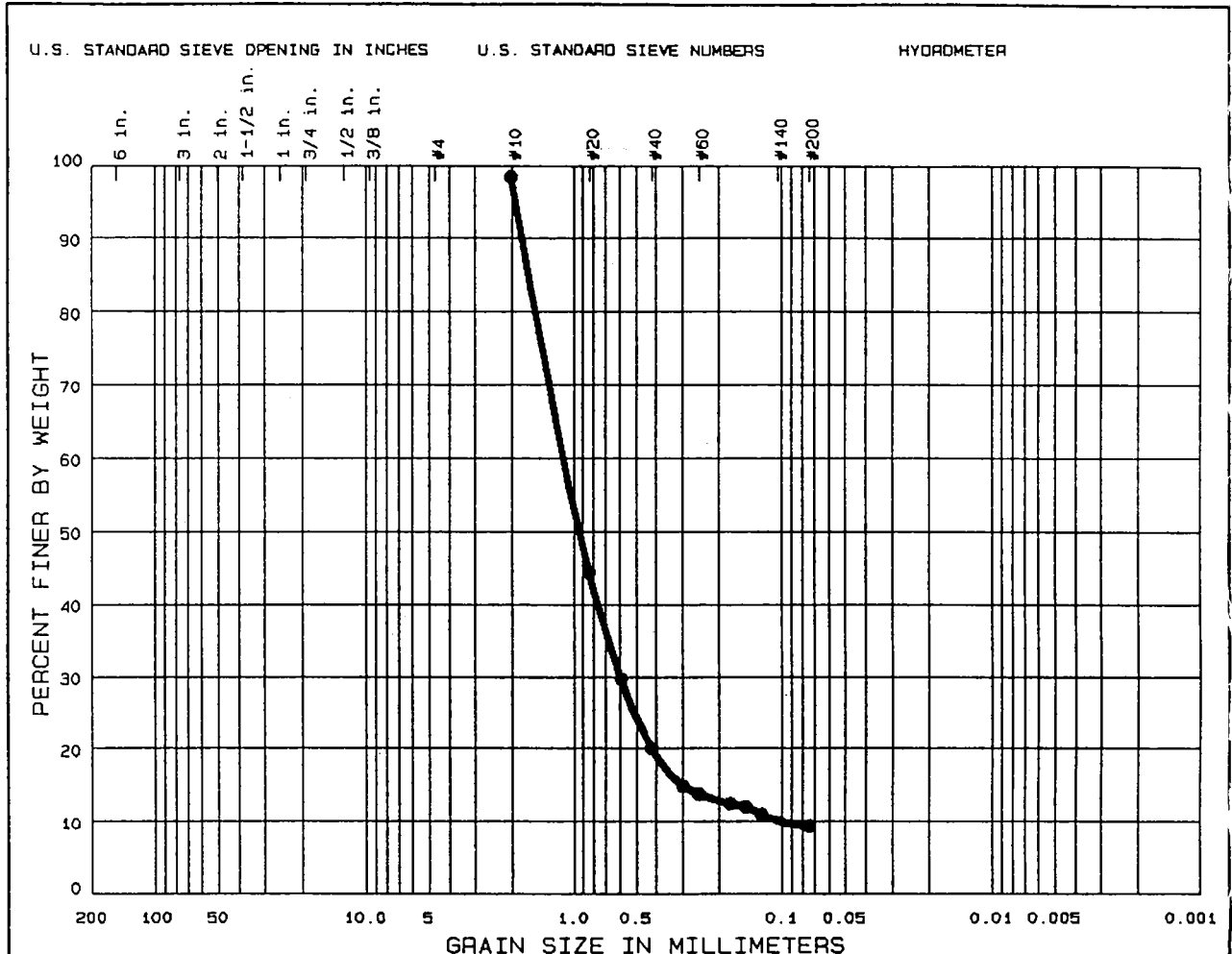
Fractional Components

% + 3 in. = 0.0 % GRAVEL = 0.0 % SAND = 90.7
 % FINES = 9.3

D85= 1.65 D60= 1.118 D50= 0.939
 D30= 0.5963 D15= 0.30234 D10= 0.09897
 Cc = 3.2137 Cu = 11.2980

W.O. No. Pearce Creek, MD
 Req. No.
 Contract No.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY, PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT
 CORPS OF ENGINEERS, CUSTOM HOUSE, 2ND & CHESTNUT STREET



% COBBLES	% GRAVEL	% SAND	% SILT OR CLAY
0.0	0.0	90.7	9.3

Sample No.	Elev or Depth	Nat W%	LL	PL	PI	C _c	C _u
SPT-64	126-127.1					3.21	11.3

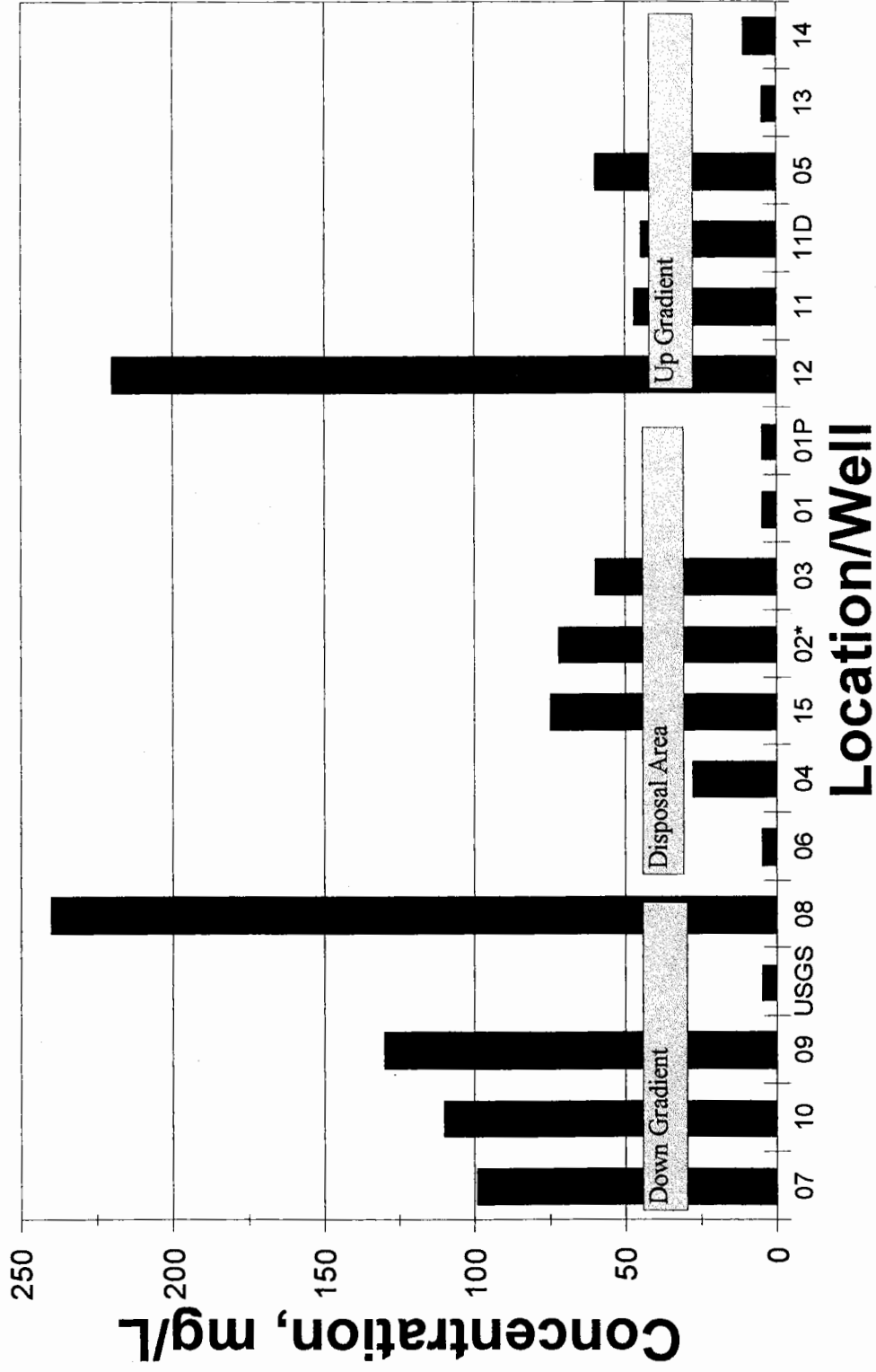
CLASSIFICATION

Remarks:	Project Pearce Creek Disposal Area
	Ground Water Study
	Lab No.
	Area
	Boring No. CSW-8
	Date 01/2/96

Appendix D
Geochemical Data Graphing

Alkalinity as CaCO₃

Oct. 7, 8, 9 and 16, 1996



1

2000-01-01

2

2000-01-01 2000-01-01

2000-01-01

2000-01-01

2000-01-01

2000-01-01

2000-01-01

2000-01-01

2000-01-01 2000-01-01

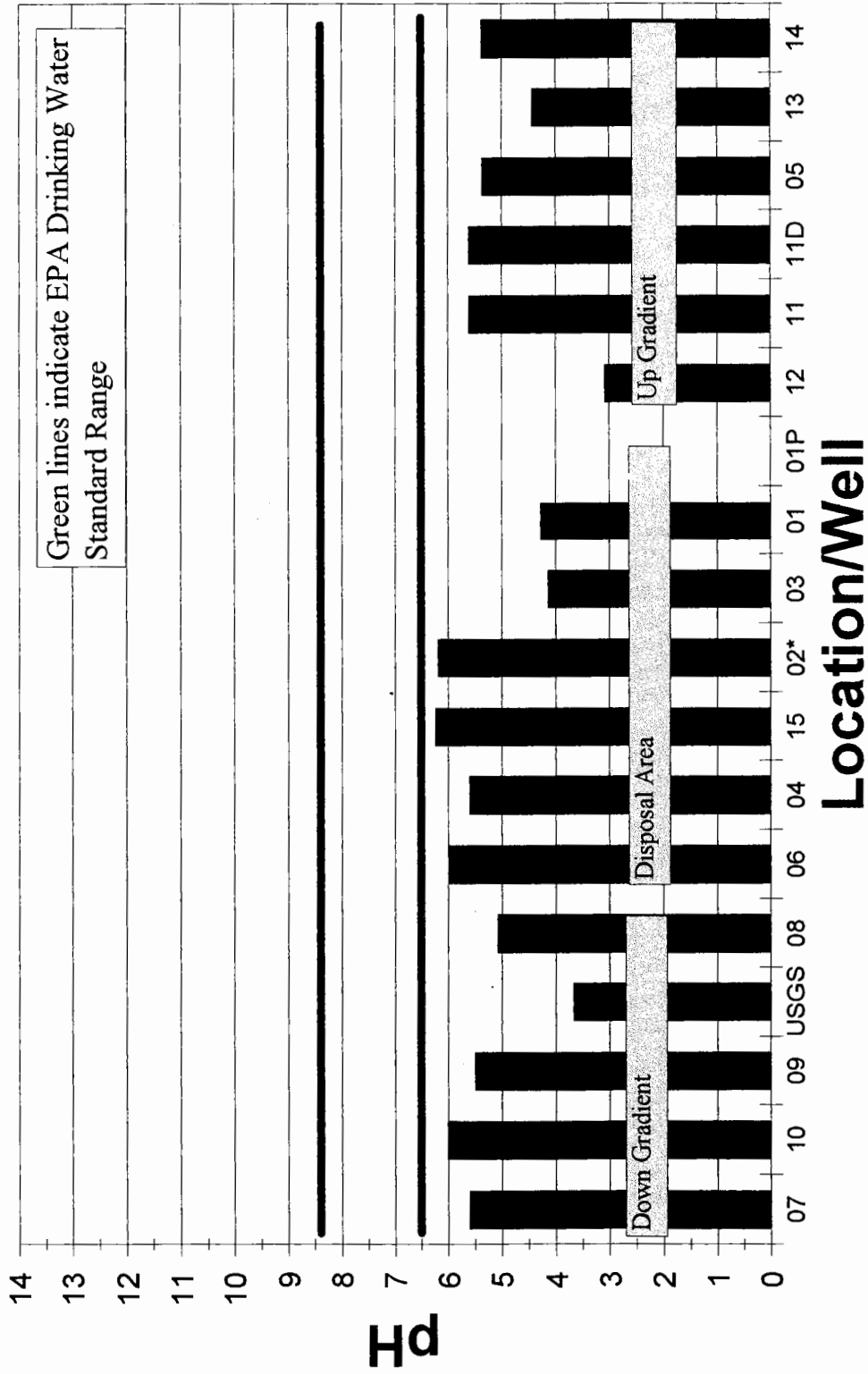
2000-01-01

2000-01-01

2000-01-01

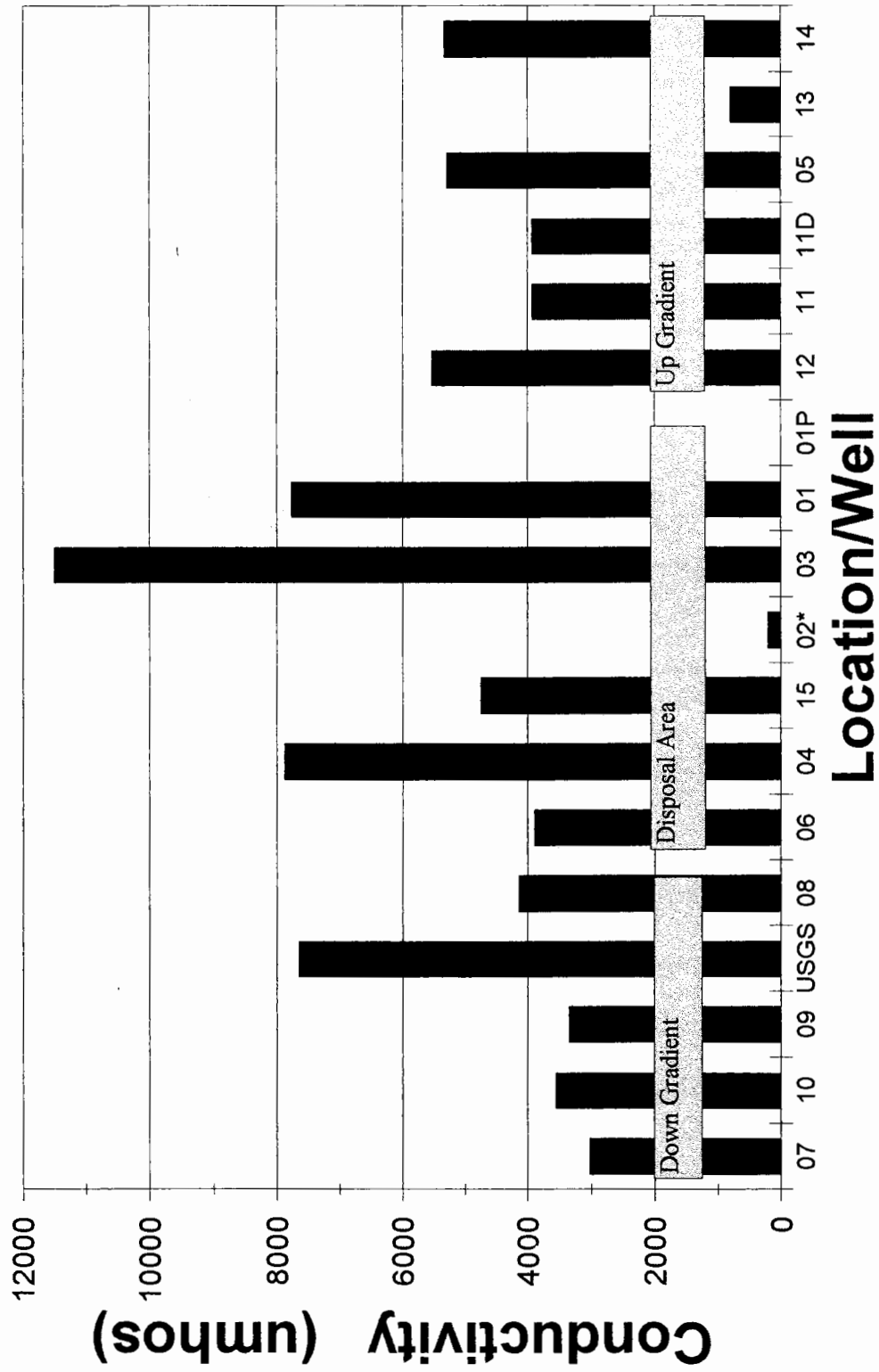
pH

Oct. 7, 8, 9 and 16, 1996



Conductivity

Oct. 7, 8, 9 and 16, 1996



1000 1000

1000 1000

1000 1000

1000 1000

1000 1000

1000 1000

1000 1000

1000 1000

1000 1000

1000 1000

1000 1000

1000 1000

1000 1000

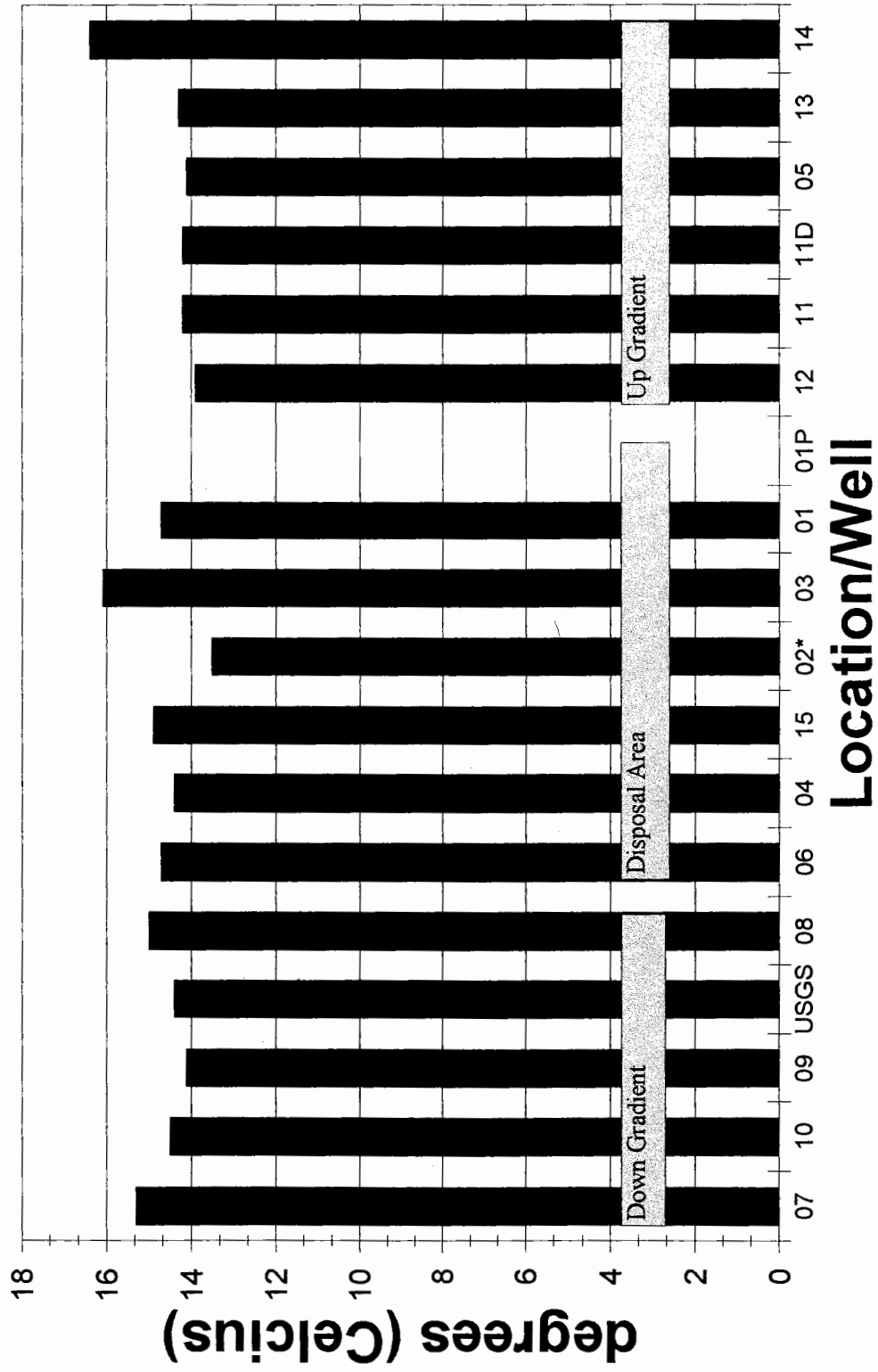
1000 1000

1000 1000

1000 1000

Temperature

Oct. 7, 8, 9 and 16, 1996

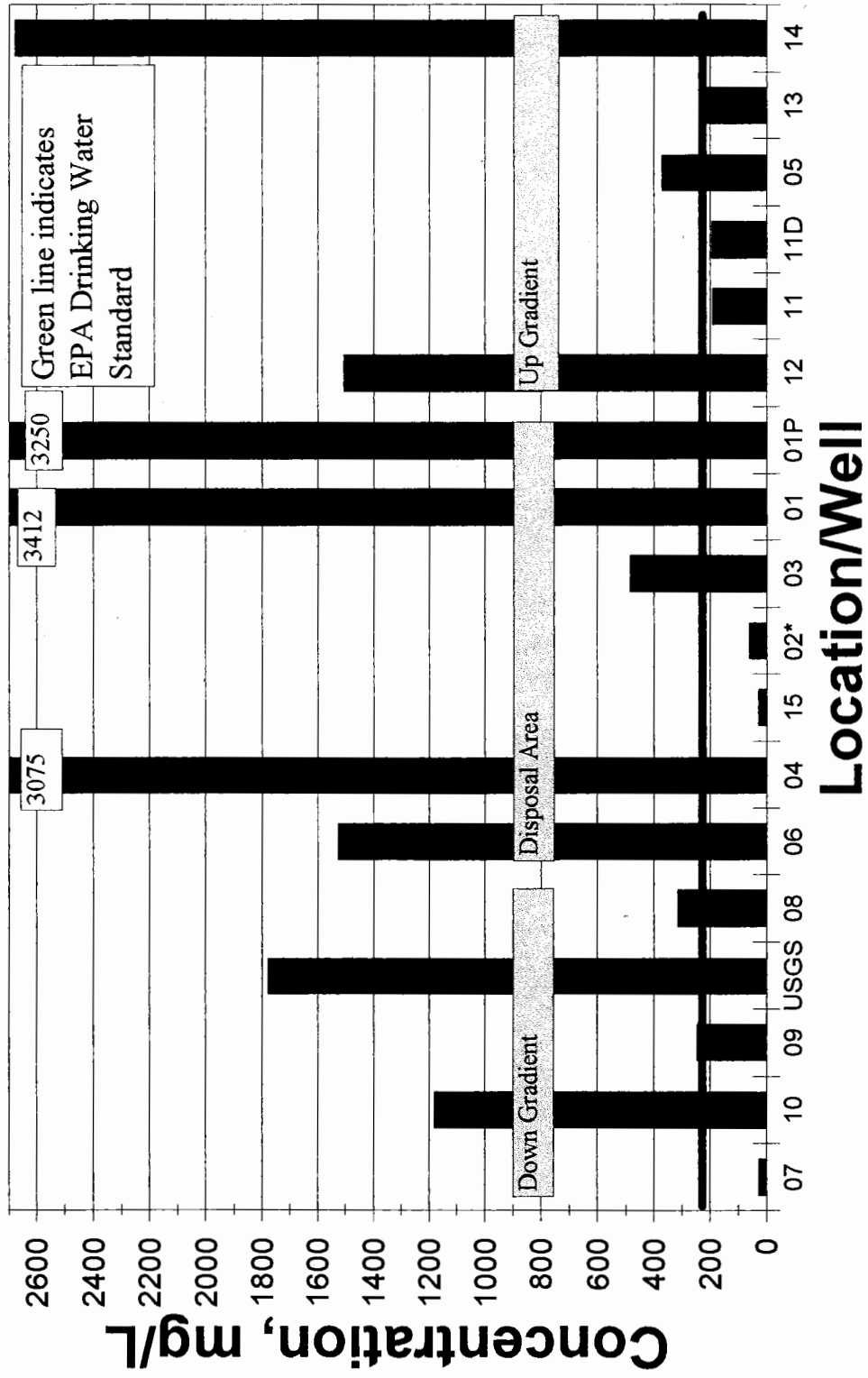


1927 1928 1929 1930 1931 1932 1933 1934 1935 1936 1937 1938 1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952 1953 1954 1955 1956 1957 1958 1959 1960 1961 1962 1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968 1969 1970 1971 1972 1973 1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 1979 1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025

1927 1928 1929 1930 1931 1932 1933 1934 1935 1936 1937 1938 1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952 1953 1954 1955 1956 1957 1958 1959 1960 1961 1962 1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968 1969 1970 1971 1972 1973 1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 1979 1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025

Sulfate

Oct. 7, 8, 9 and 16, 1996



Page 4. [Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

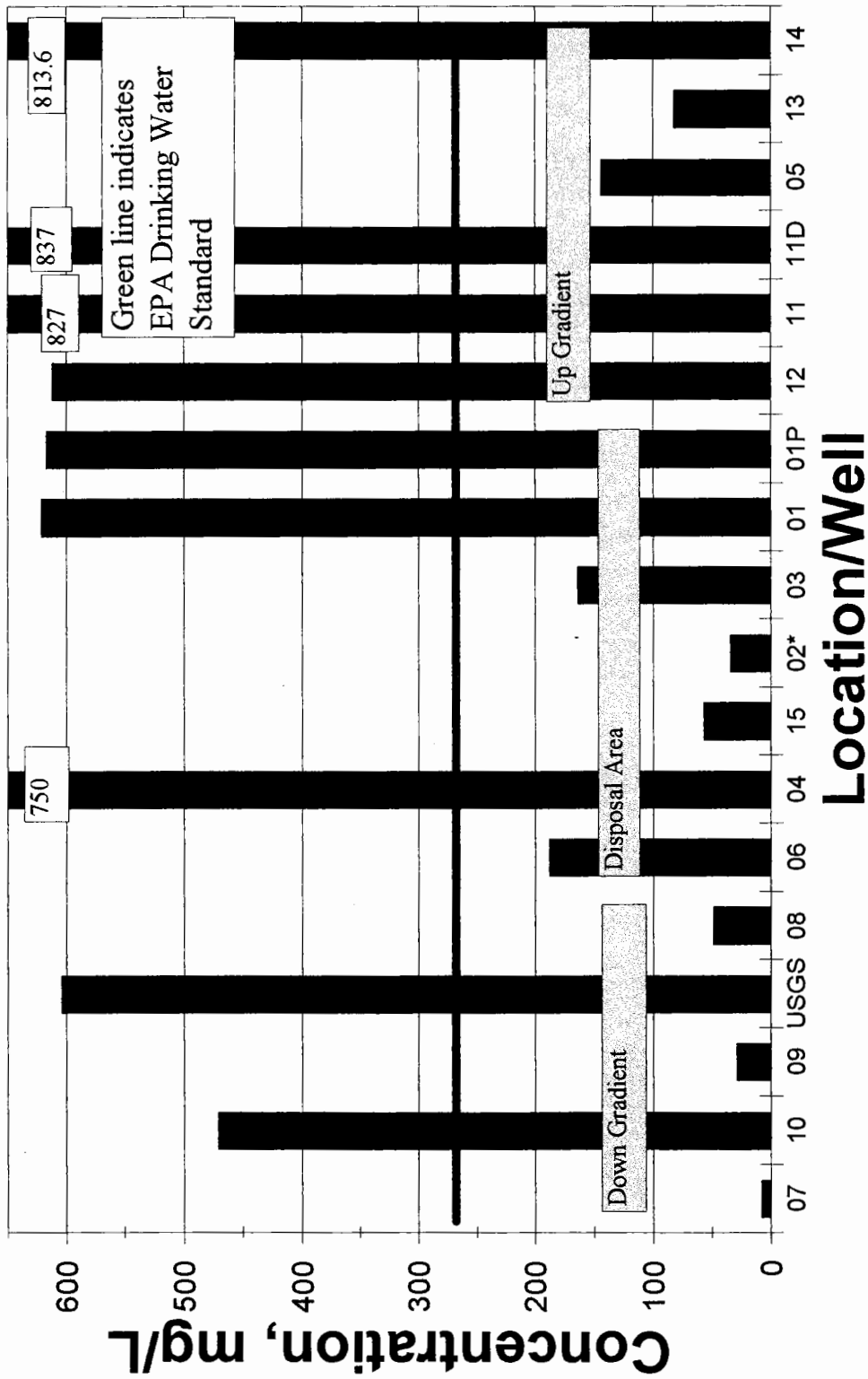
[Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

Chloride

Oct. 7, 8, 9 and 16, 1996



1. The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records.

2. It also highlights the need for regular audits to ensure data integrity.

3. Furthermore, the document emphasizes the role of technology in streamlining processes.

4. In addition, it notes that clear communication is essential for successful implementation.

5. The document also mentions the importance of training staff to use new systems effectively.

6. Finally, it concludes by stating that a proactive approach is key to overcoming challenges.

7. Overall, the document provides a comprehensive overview of best practices.

8. It is hoped that these insights will be helpful to all readers.

9. Thank you for your attention and interest in this topic.

10. We look forward to your feedback and suggestions.

11. Best regards,
[Name]

12. [Title]

13. [Contact Information]

14. [Address]

15. [Phone Number]

16. [Email Address]

17. [Website]

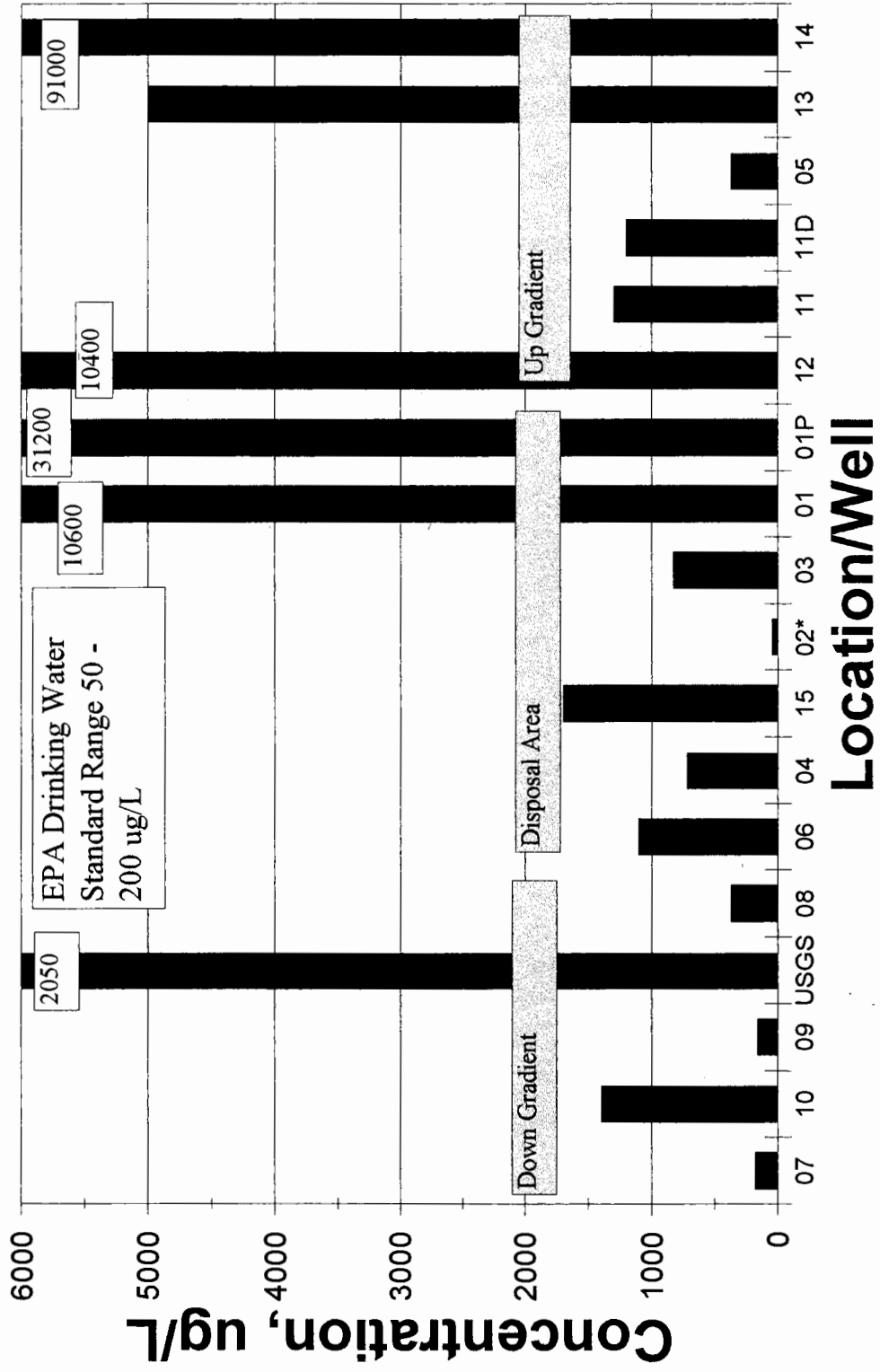
18. [Social Media Links]

19. [Footer Information]

20. [Page Number]

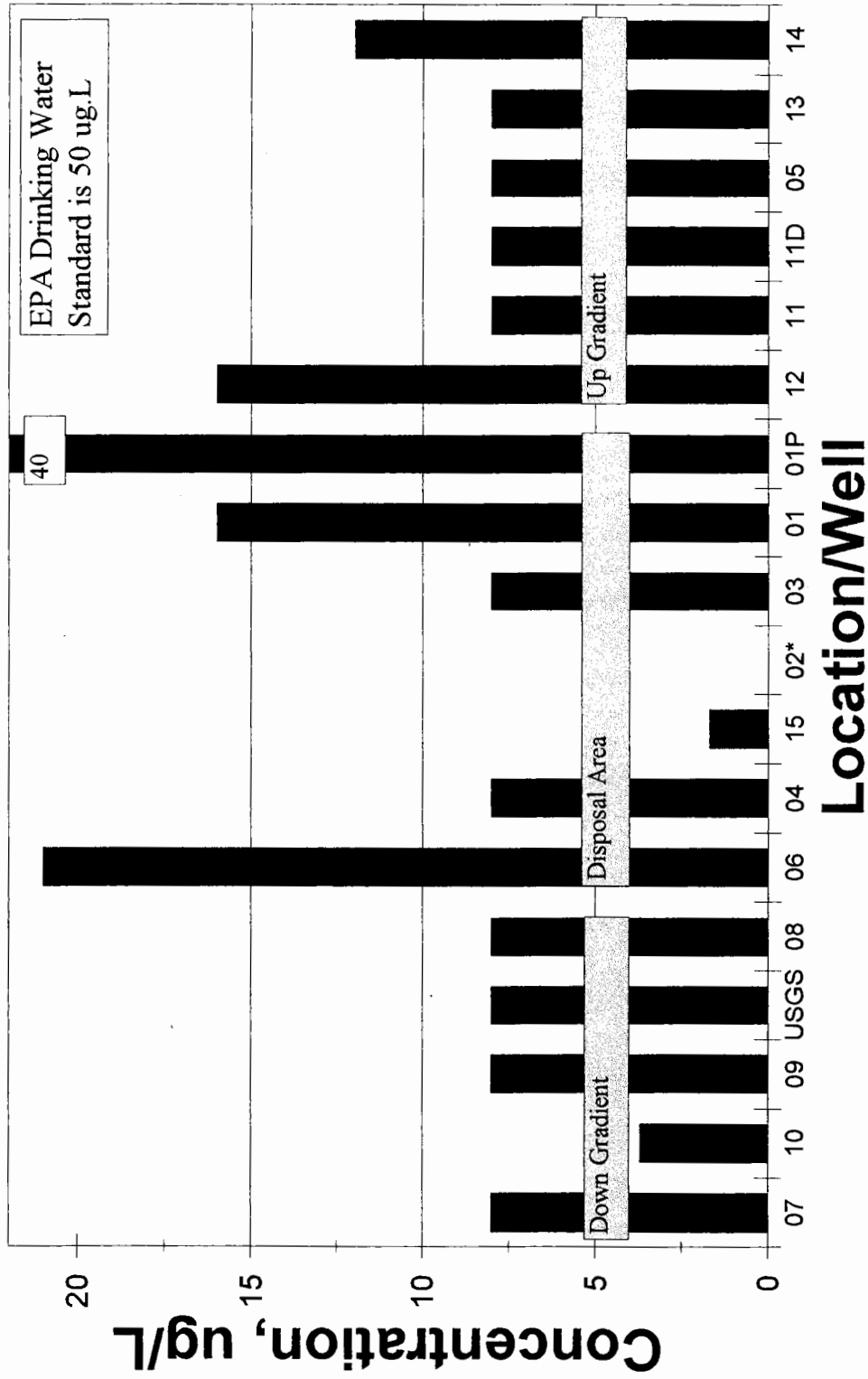
Aluminum

Oct. 7, 8, 9 and 16, 1996



Arsenic

Oct. 7, 8, 9 and 16, 1996



1997

1998

1999

2000

2001

2002

2003

2004

2005

2006

2007

2008

2009

2010

2011

2012

2013

2014

2015

2016

2017

2018

2019

2020

2021

2022

2023

2024

2025

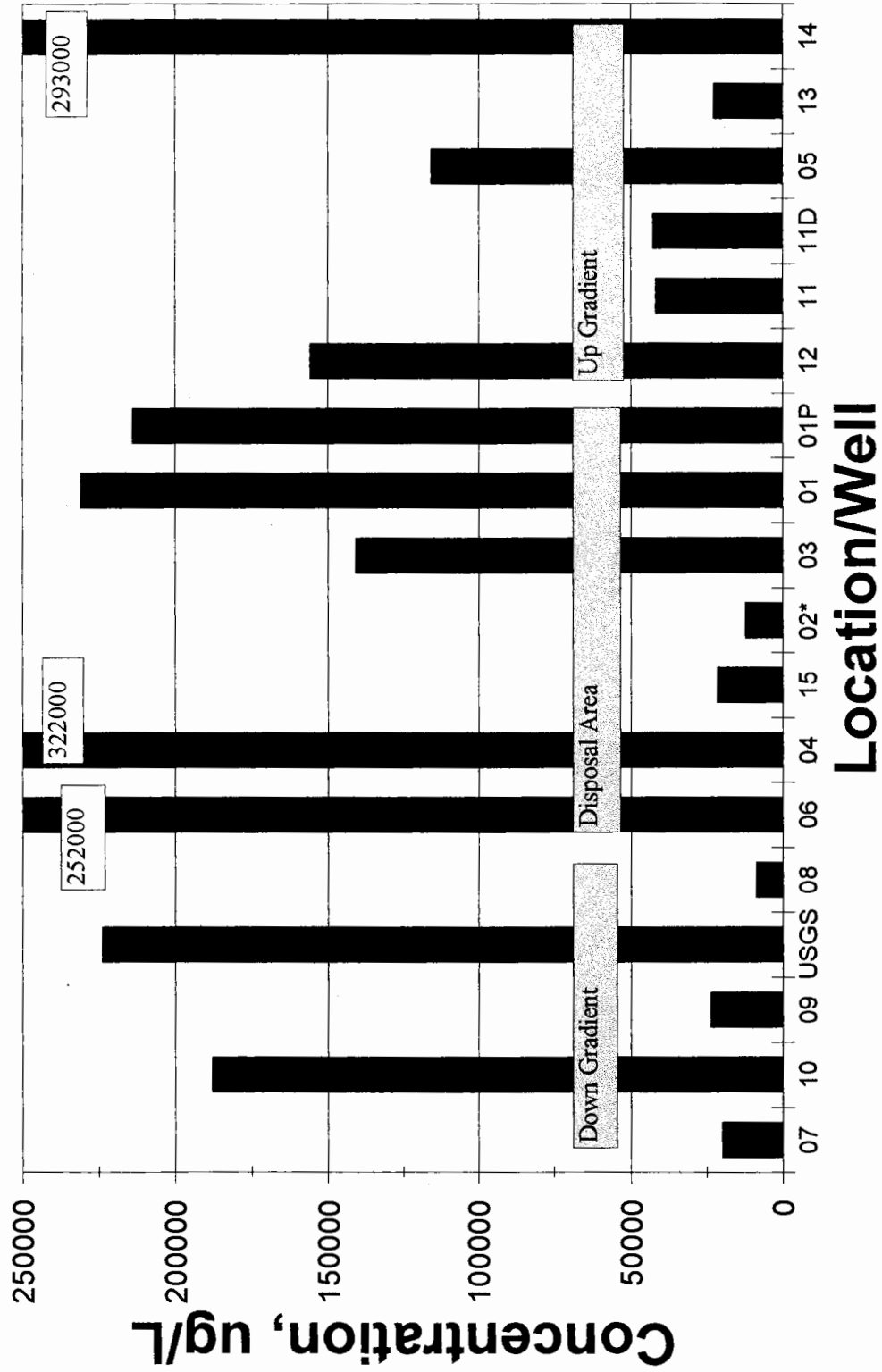
2026

2027

2028

Calcium

Oct. 7, 8, 9 and 16, 1996



THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRESS

1998

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

1998

1998

1998

1998

1998

1998

1998

1998

1998

1998

1998

1998

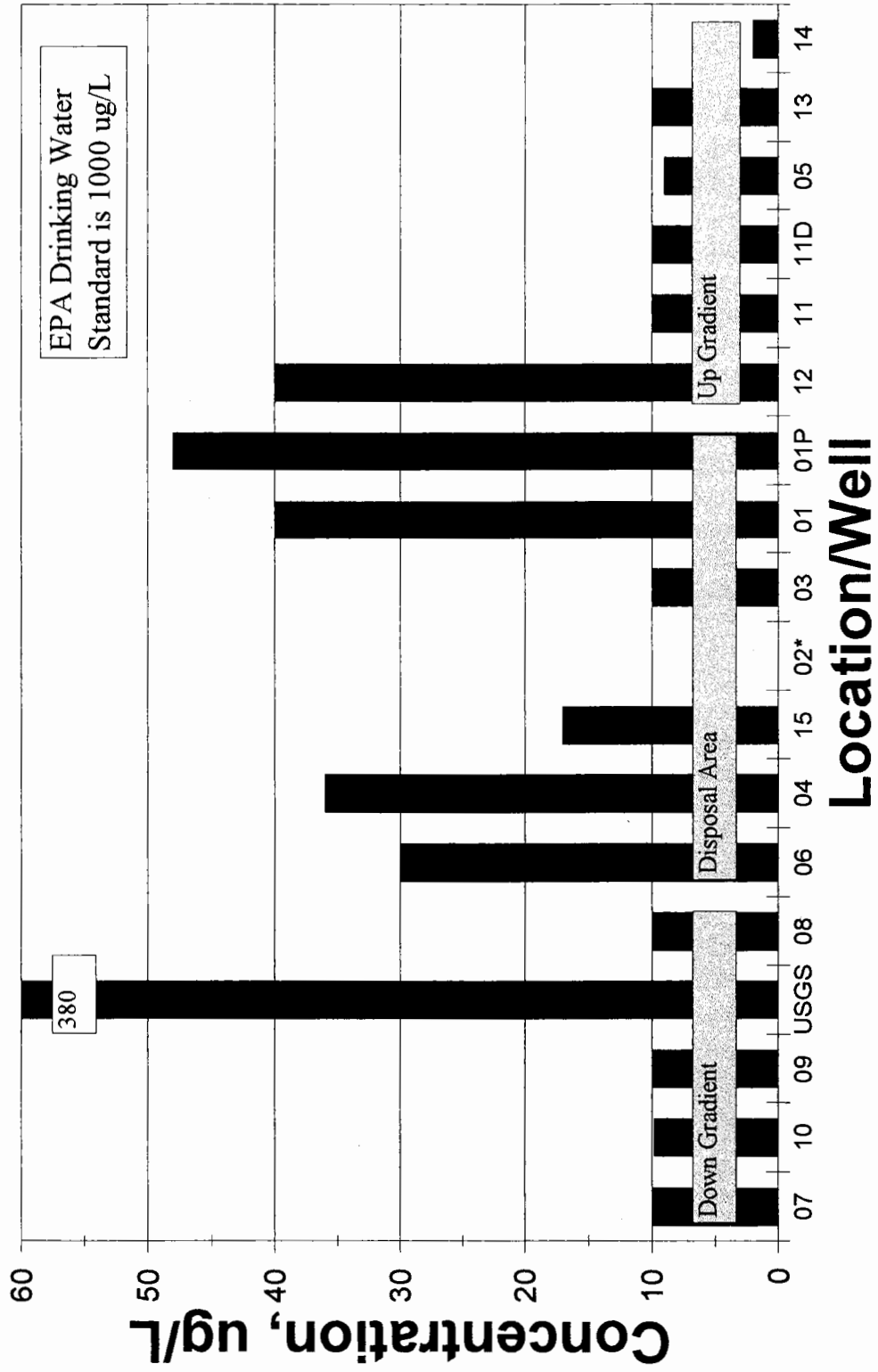
1998

1998

1998

Copper

Oct. 7, 8, 9 and 16, 1996

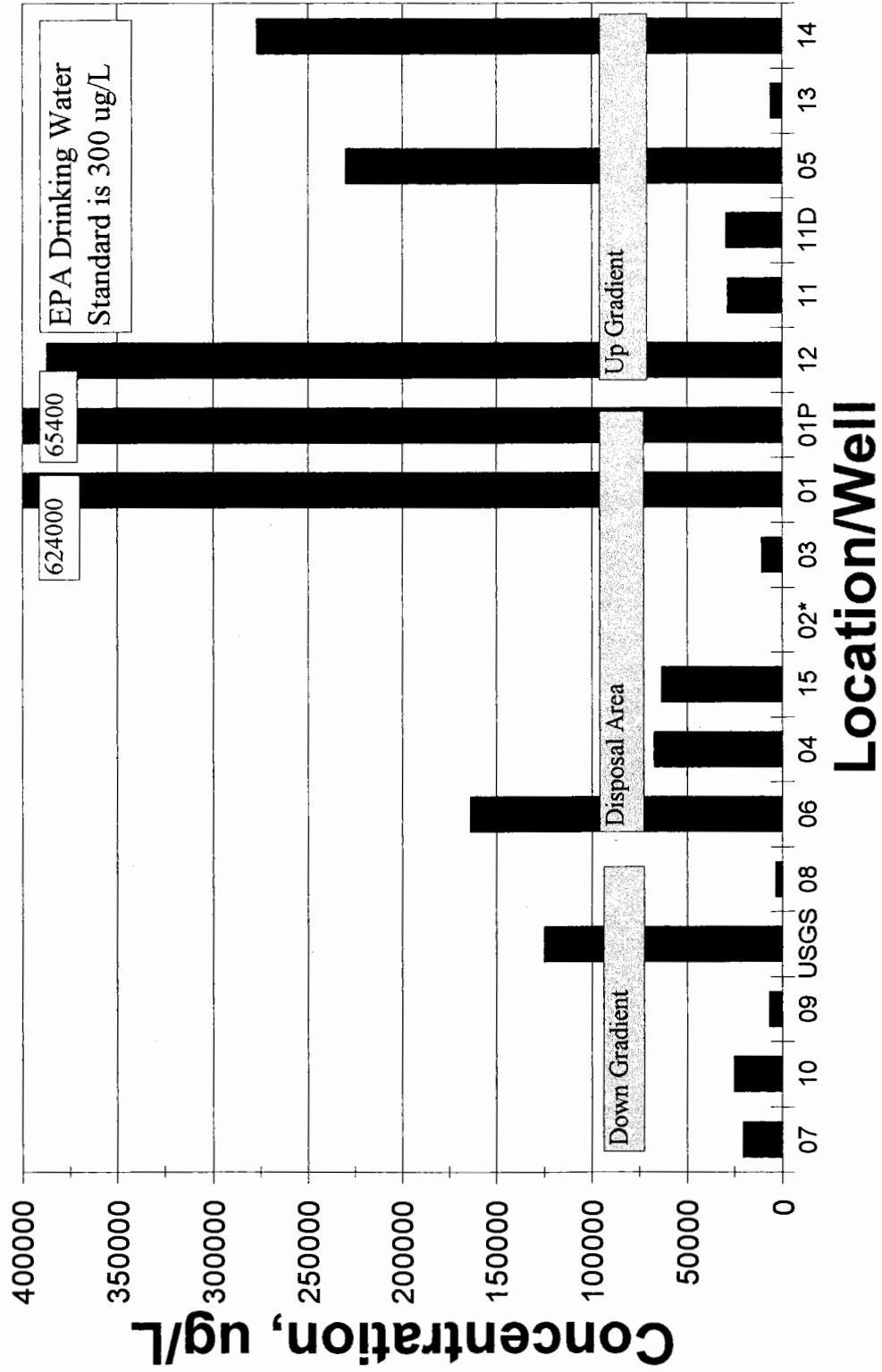


一、二、三、四、五、六、七、八、九、十、十一、十二、十三、十四、十五、十六、十七、十八、十九、二十、二十一、二十二、二十三、二十四、二十五、二十六、二十七、二十八、二十九、三十、三十一、三十二、三十三、三十四、三十五、三十六、三十七、三十八、三十九、四十、四十一、四十二、四十三、四十四、四十五、四十六、四十七、四十八、四十九、五十、五十一、五十二、五十三、五十四、五十五、五十六、五十七、五十八、五十九、六十、六十一、六十二、六十三、六十四、六十五、六十六、六十七、六十八、六十九、七十、七十一、七十二、七十三、七十四、七十五、七十六、七十七、七十八、七十九、八十、八十一、八十二、八十三、八十四、八十五、八十六、八十七、八十八、八十九、九十、九十一、九十二、九十三、九十四、九十五、九十六、九十七、九十八、九十九、一百

一、二、三、四、五、六、七、八、九、十、十一、十二、十三、十四、十五、十六、十七、十八、十九、二十、二十一、二十二、二十三、二十四、二十五、二十六、二十七、二十八、二十九、三十、三十一、三十二、三十三、三十四、三十五、三十六、三十七、三十八、三十九、四十、四十一、四十二、四十三、四十四、四十五、四十六、四十七、四十八、四十九、五十、五十一、五十二、五十三、五十四、五十五、五十六、五十七、五十八、五十九、六十、六十一、六十二、六十三、六十四、六十五、六十六、六十七、六十八、六十九、七十、七十一、七十二、七十三、七十四、七十五、七十六、七十七、七十八、七十九、八十、八十一、八十二、八十三、八十四、八十五、八十六、八十七、八十八、八十九、九十、九十一、九十二、九十三、九十四、九十五、九十六、九十七、九十八、九十九、一百

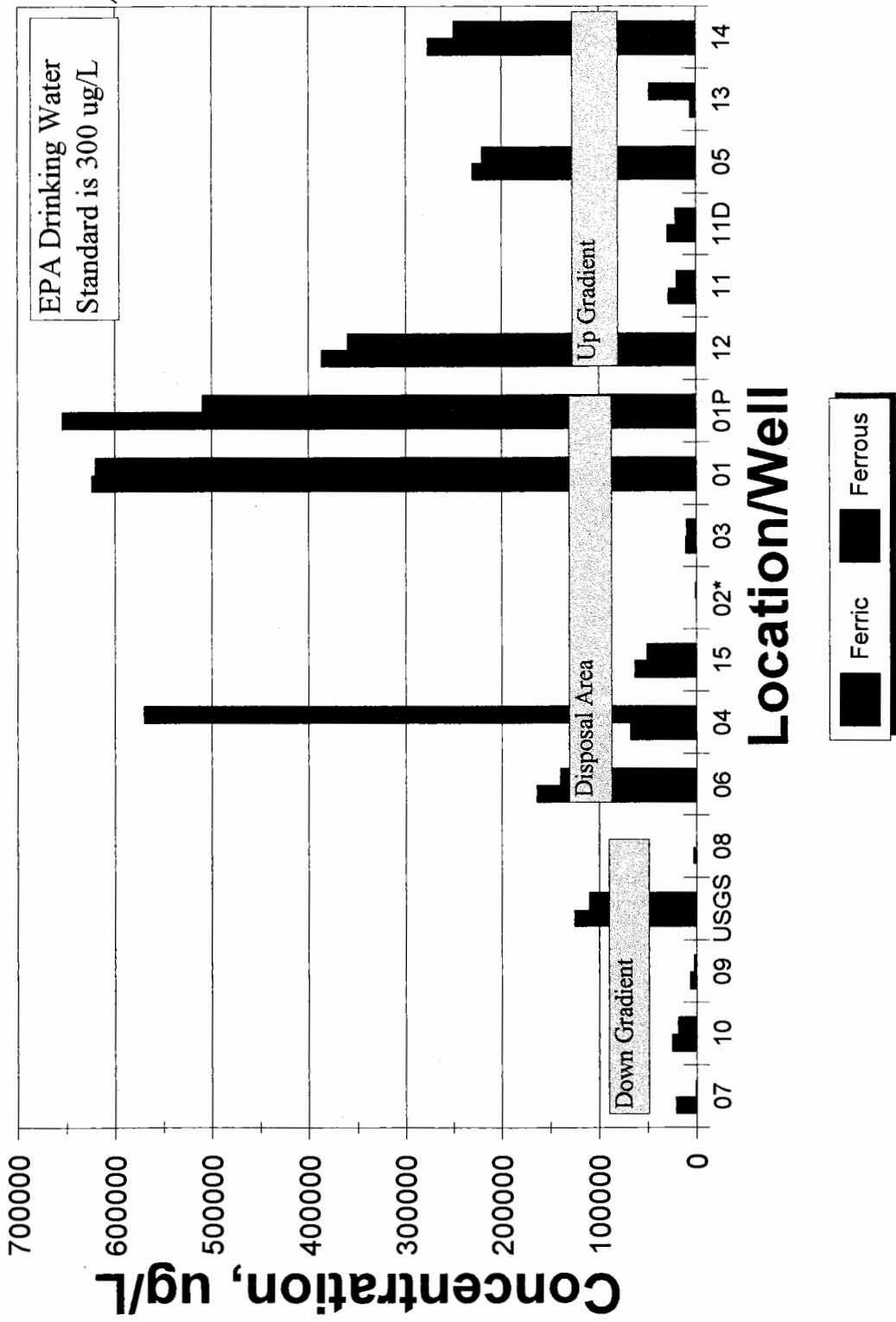
Iron

Oct. 7, 8, 9 and 16, 1996



Ferric and Ferrous Iron

Oct. 7, 8, 9 and 16, 1996



2000

1

2001

2

3

2002

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

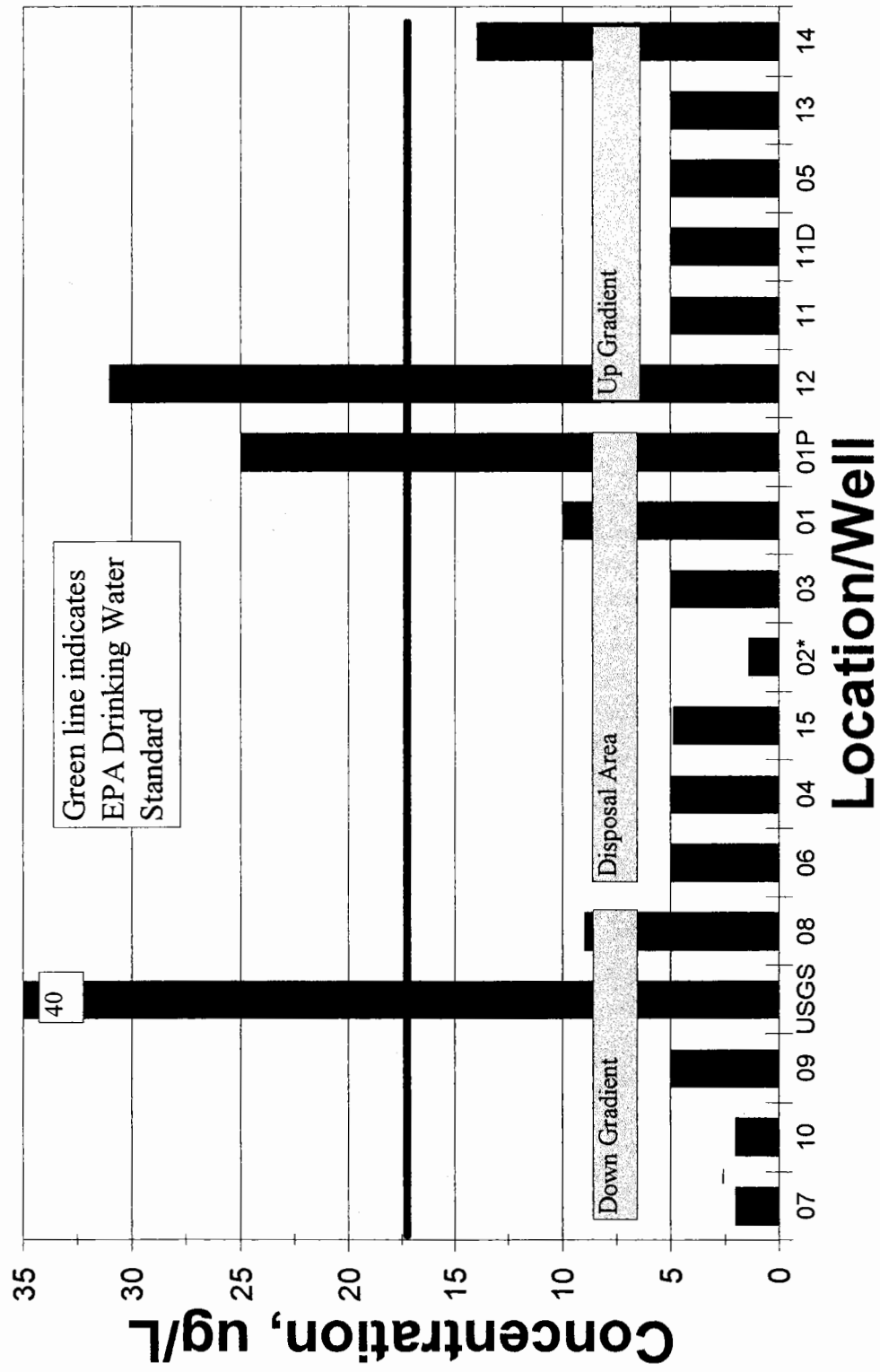
11

12

13

Lead

Oct. 7, 8, 9 and 16, 1996



1944

1945

1946

1947

1948

1949

1950

1951

1952

1953

1954

1955

1956

1957

1958

1959

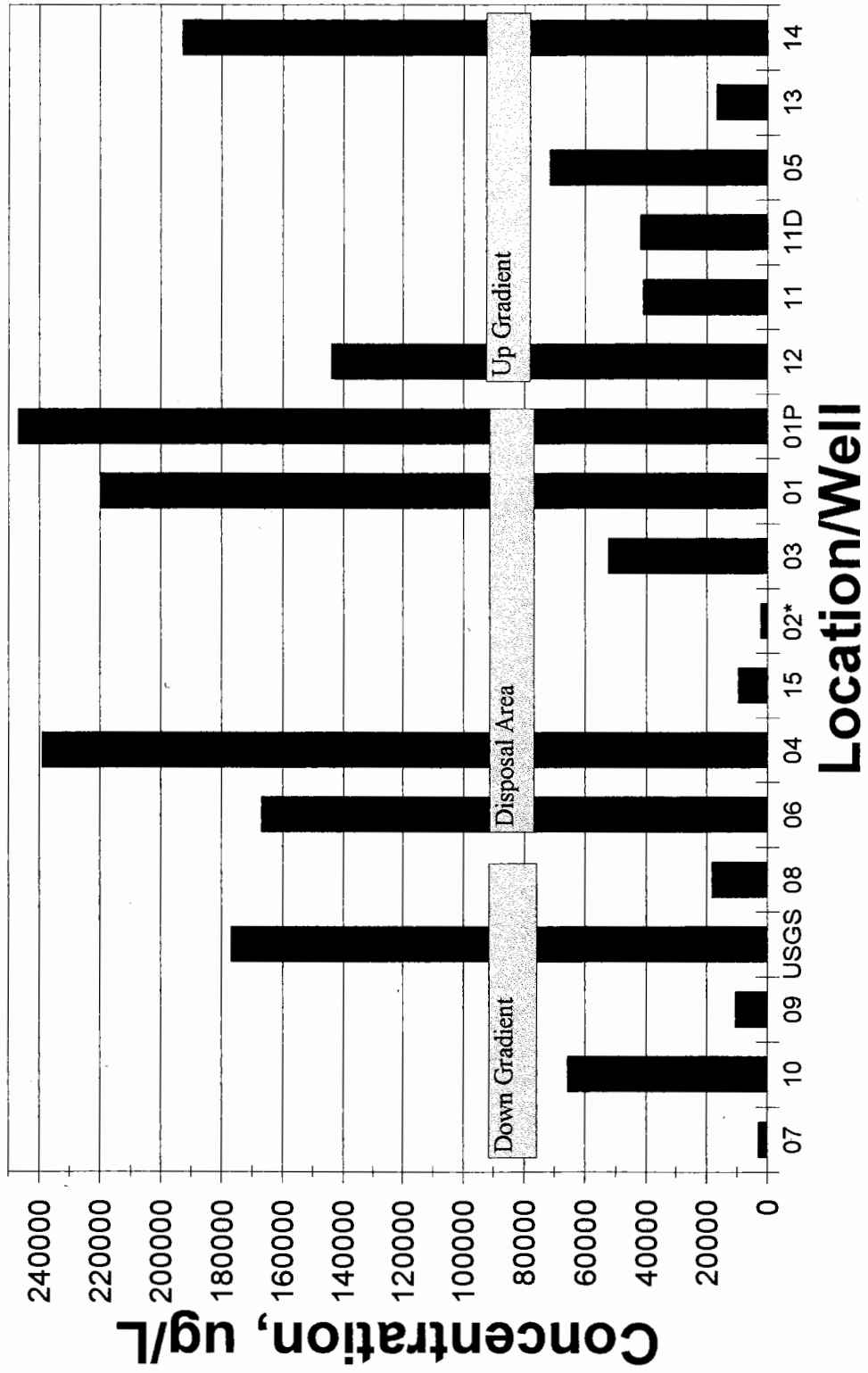
1960

1961

1962

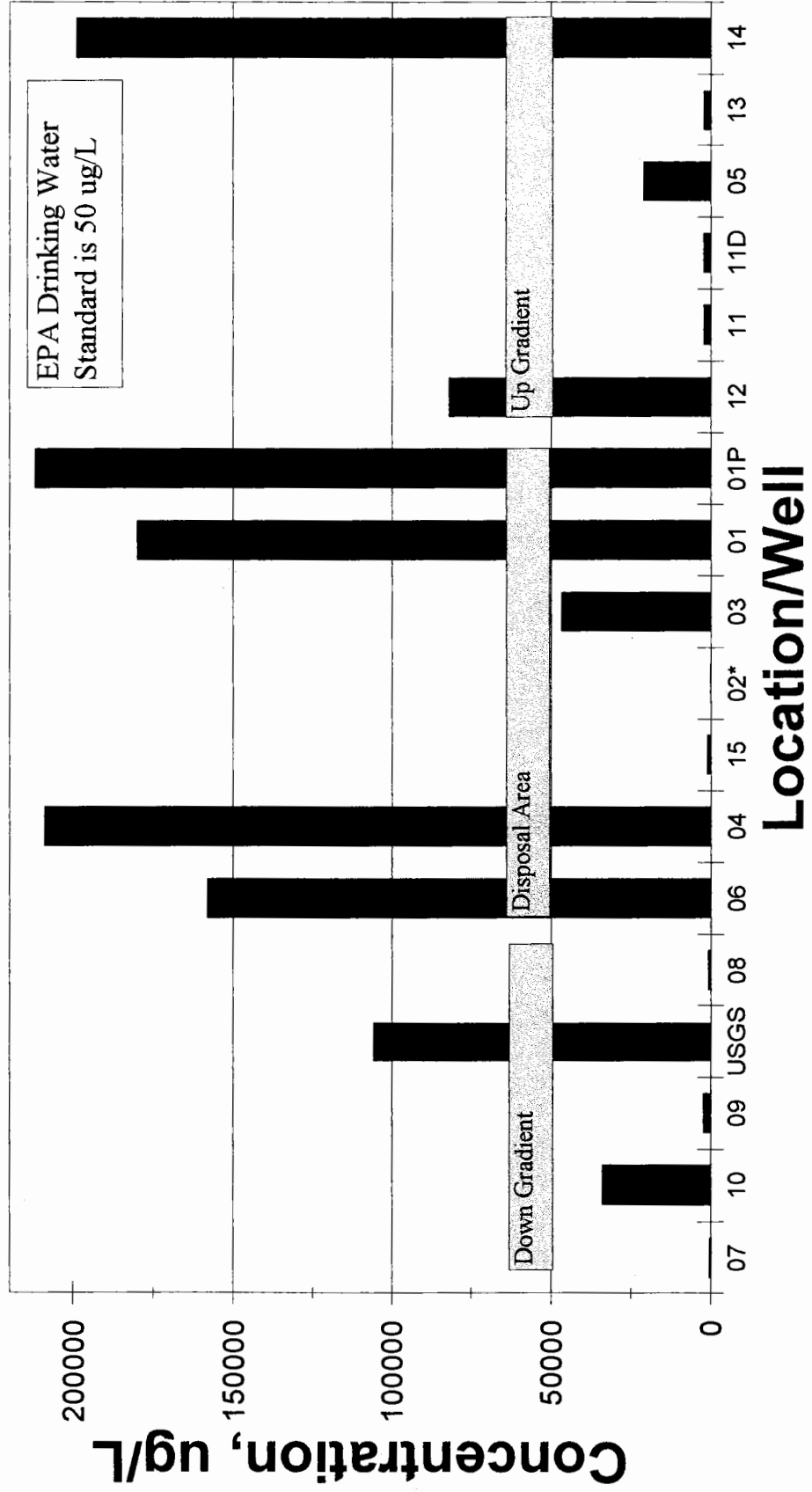
Magnesium

Oct. 7, 8, 9 and 16, 1996



Manganese

Oct. 7, 8, 9 and 16, 1996



1945 - 1946

1947

1948

1949

1950

1951

1952

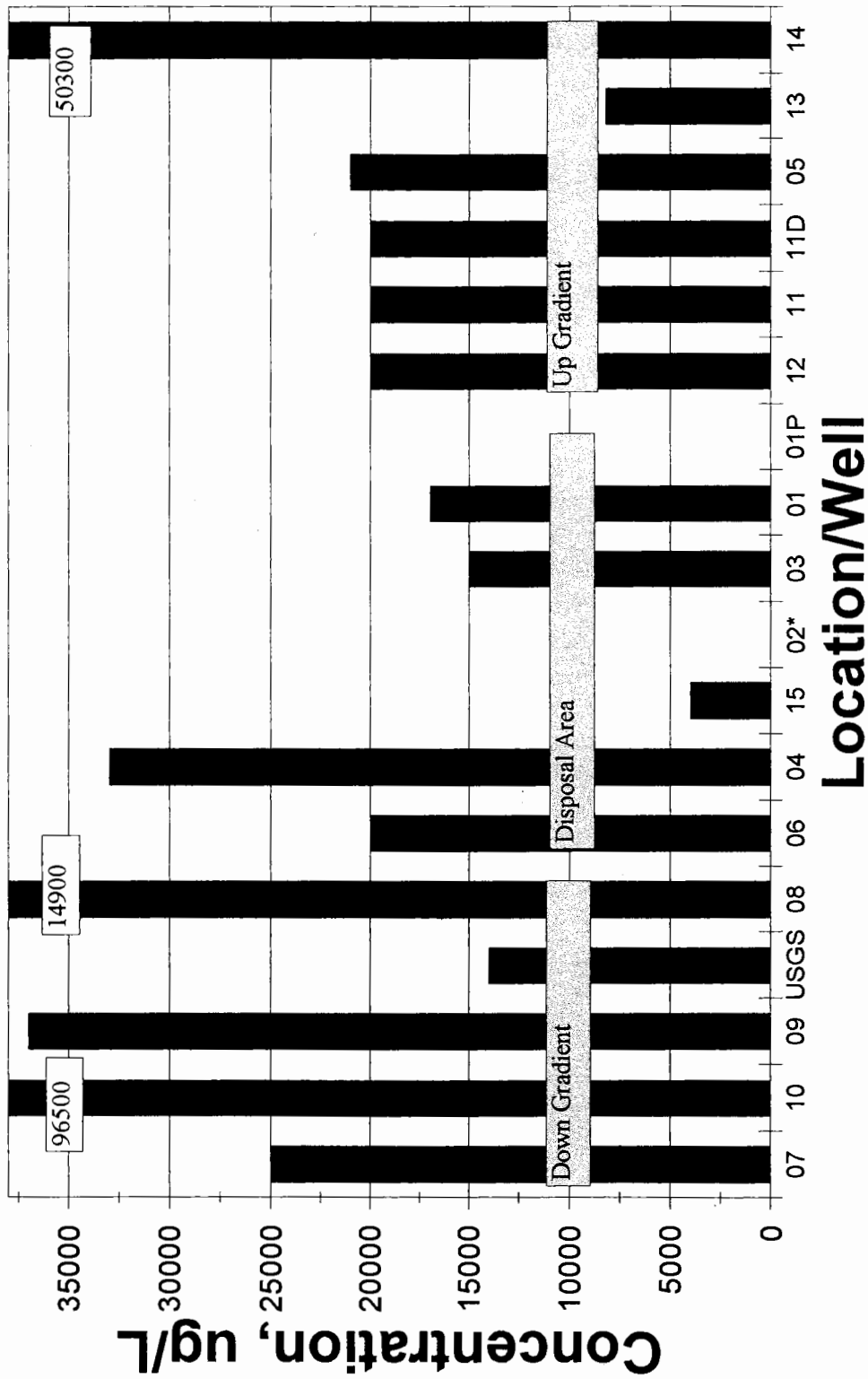
1953

1954

1955

Potassium

Oct. 7, 8, 9 and 16, 1996



1. The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions.

2. It is essential to ensure that all entries are supported by proper documentation.

3. The second part of the document outlines the various methods used to collect and analyze data.

4. These methods include both qualitative and quantitative approaches.

5. The third part of the document provides a detailed overview of the results obtained from the study.

6. The findings indicate a significant correlation between the variables studied.

7. The data suggests that there is a strong positive relationship between the two factors.

8. This relationship is supported by the statistical analysis conducted.

9. In conclusion,

10. the study has provided valuable insights into the relationship between the variables.

11. The results of the study are consistent with previous research in this area.

12. The findings have important implications for the field of study.

13. Further research is needed to explore these findings in greater depth.

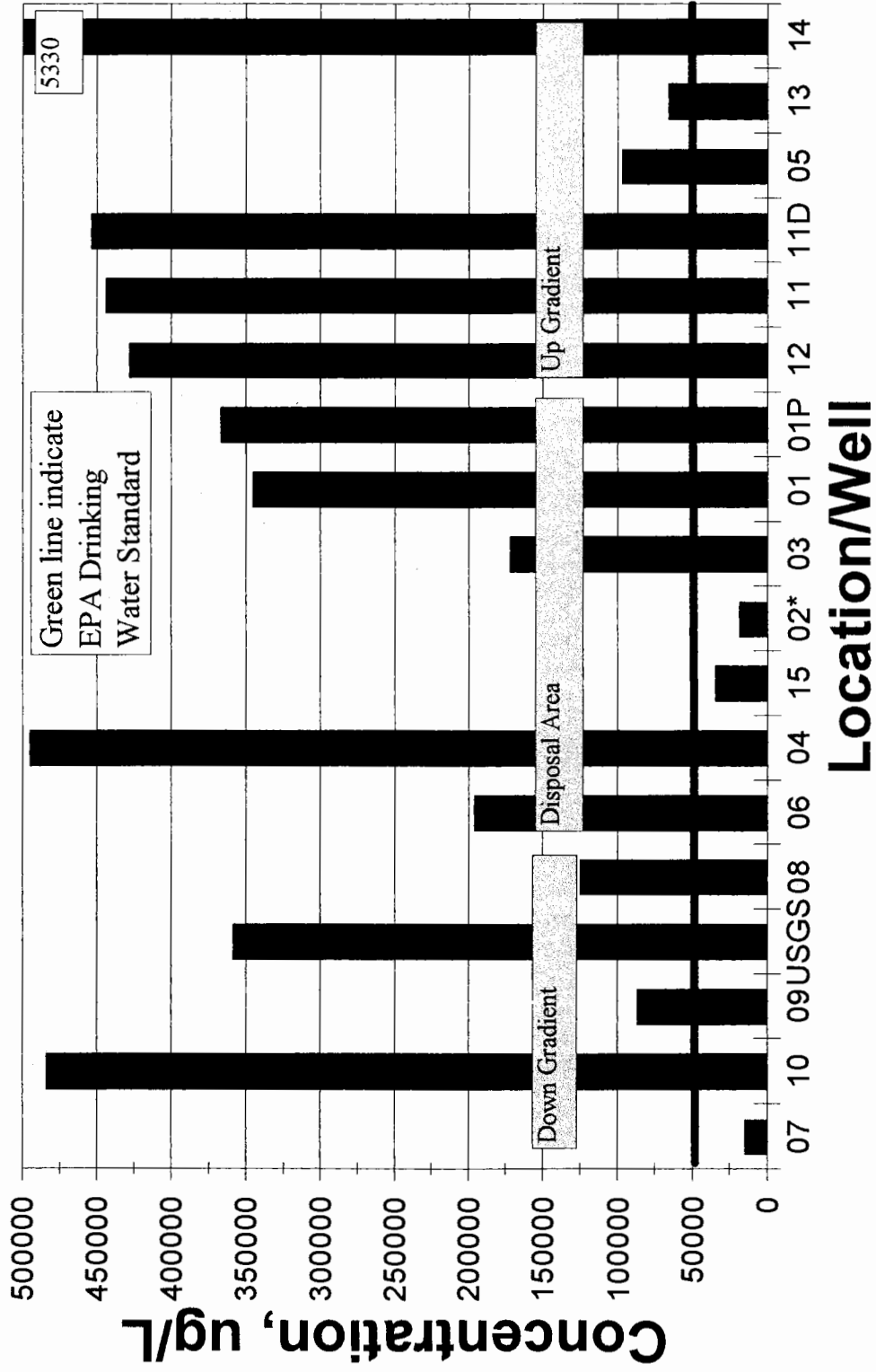
14. The study has identified several areas for future investigation.

15. The results of the study are presented in the following table.

16. The data shows a clear trend in the relationship between the variables.

Sodium

Oct. 7, 8, 9 and 16, 1996



1. 1990年12月1日

2. 1991年1月1日

3. 1991年2月1日

4. 1991年3月1日

5. 1991年4月1日

6. 1991年5月1日

7. 1991年6月1日

8. 1991年7月1日

9. 1991年8月1日

10. 1991年9月1日

11. 1991年10月1日

12. 1991年11月1日

13. 1991年12月1日

14. 1992年1月1日

15. 1992年2月1日

16. 1992年3月1日

17. 1992年4月1日

18. 1992年5月1日

19. 1992年6月1日

20. 1992年7月1日

21. 1992年8月1日

22. 1992年9月1日

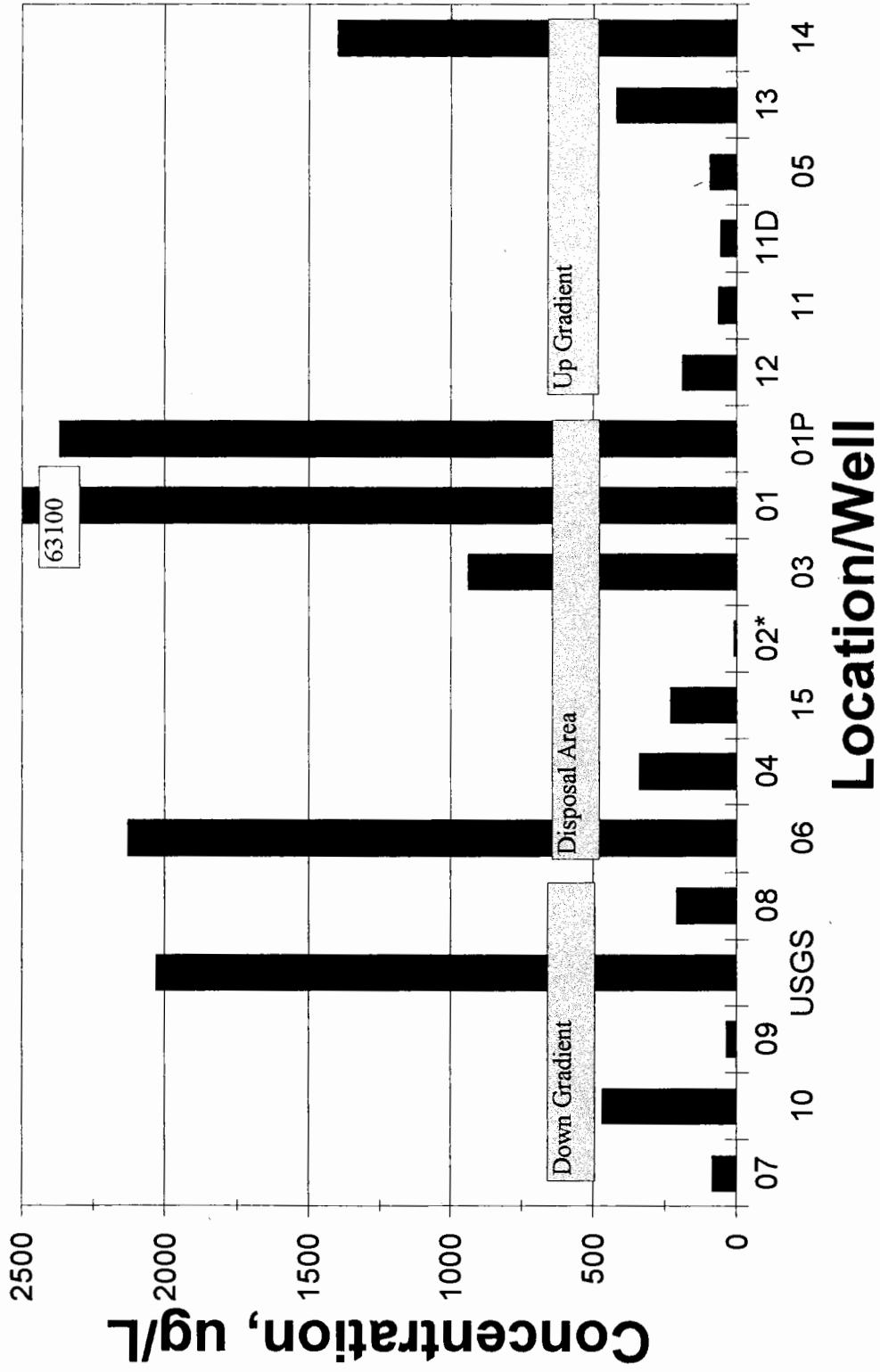
23. 1992年10月1日

24. 1992年11月1日

25. 1992年12月1日

Zinc

Oct. 7, 8, 9 and 16, 1996



1. The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions.

2. It also covers the various methods used to collect and analyze data.

3.

4.

5.

6.

7. The second part of the document focuses on the specific techniques used to identify and track suspicious activity.

8. This section includes a detailed description of the various types of transactions that are most likely to be flagged for further investigation.

9. It also discusses the importance of maintaining a high level of vigilance and staying up-to-date on the latest trends in financial crime.

10.

11.

12.

13. The final part of the document provides a summary of the key findings and recommendations.

14.

15. It concludes by emphasizing the need for continued collaboration and communication between all parties involved in the fight against financial crime.

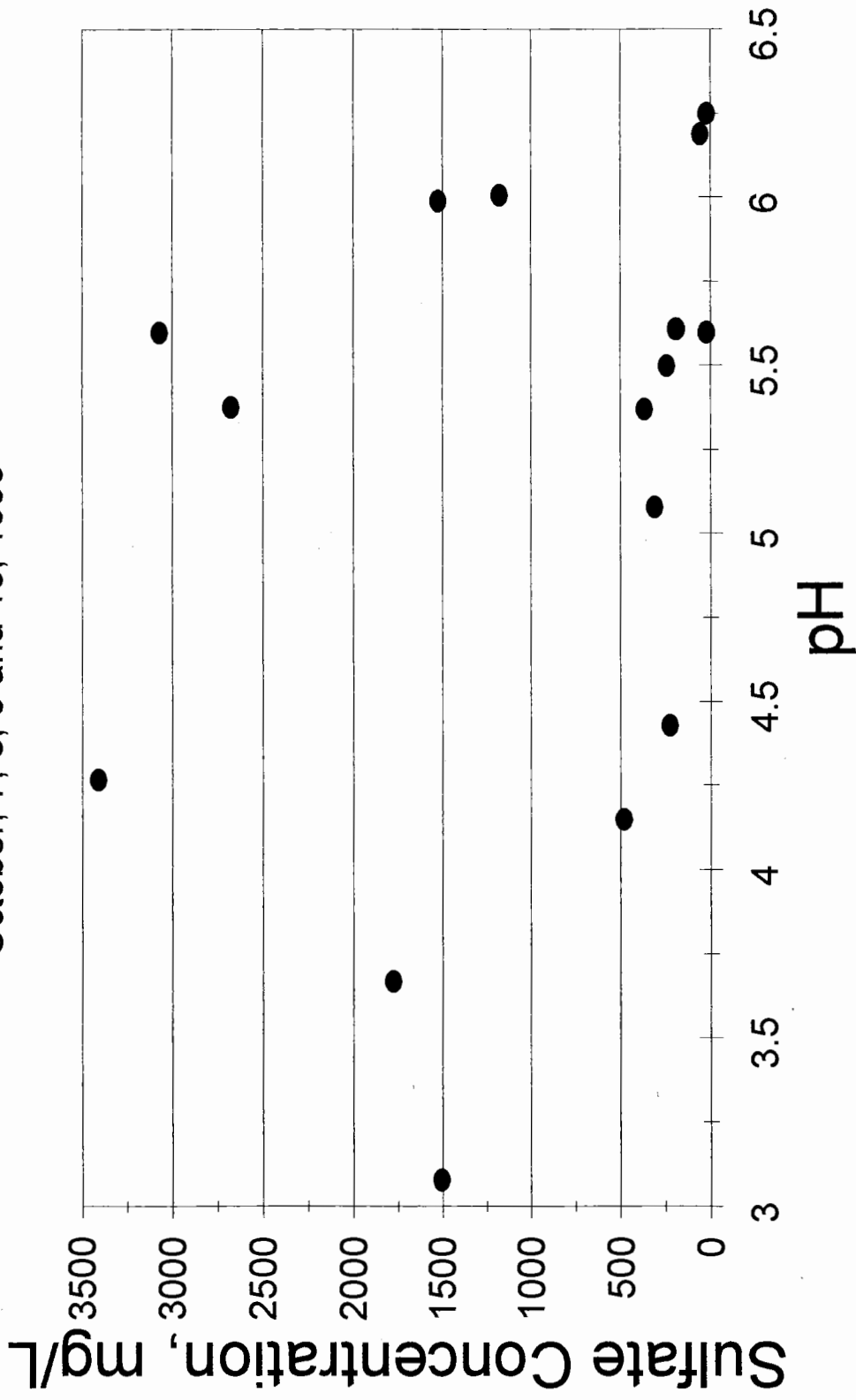
16.

17.

18.

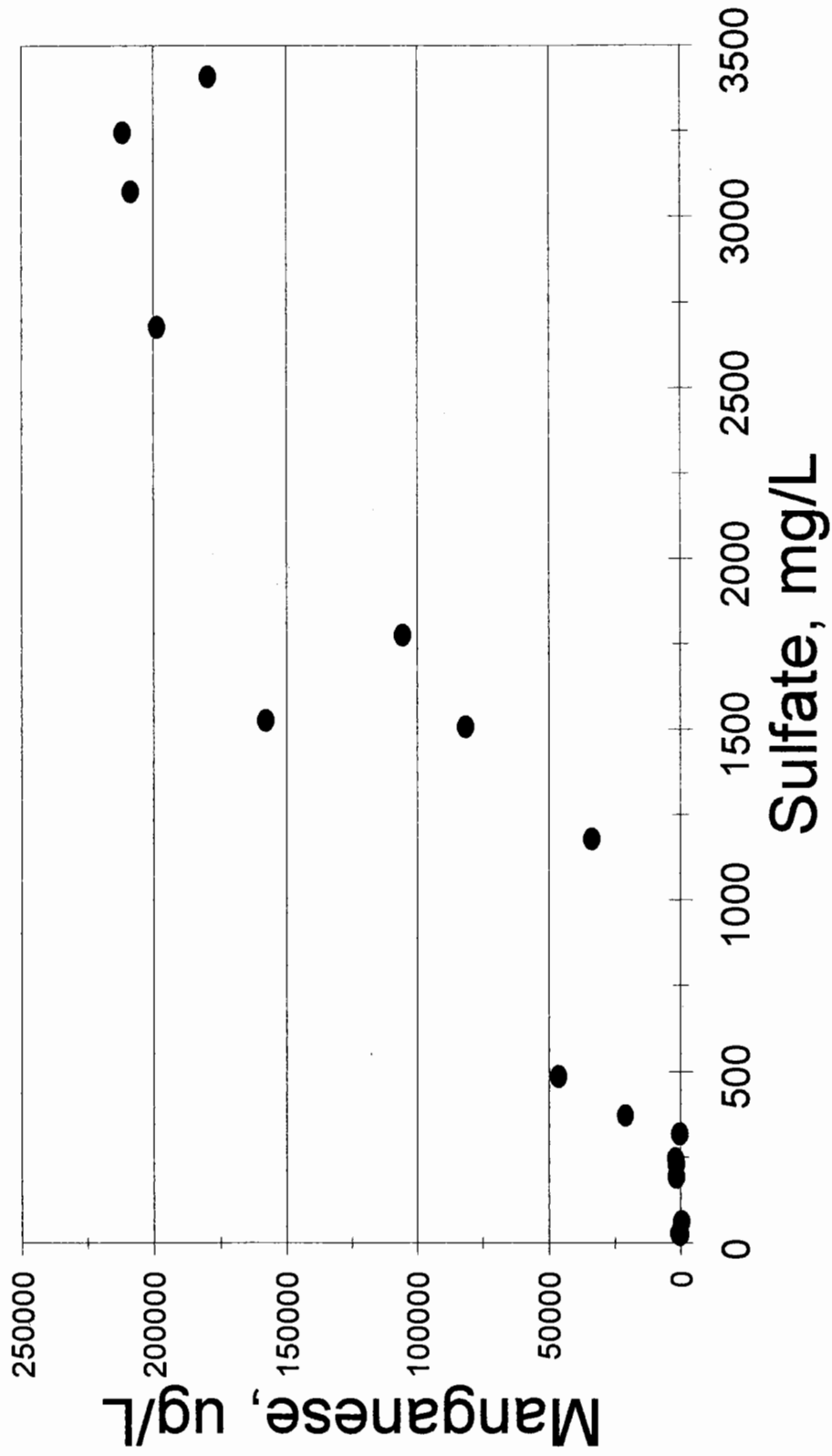
pH vs. Sulfate Concentration

October, 7, 8, 9 and 16, 1996



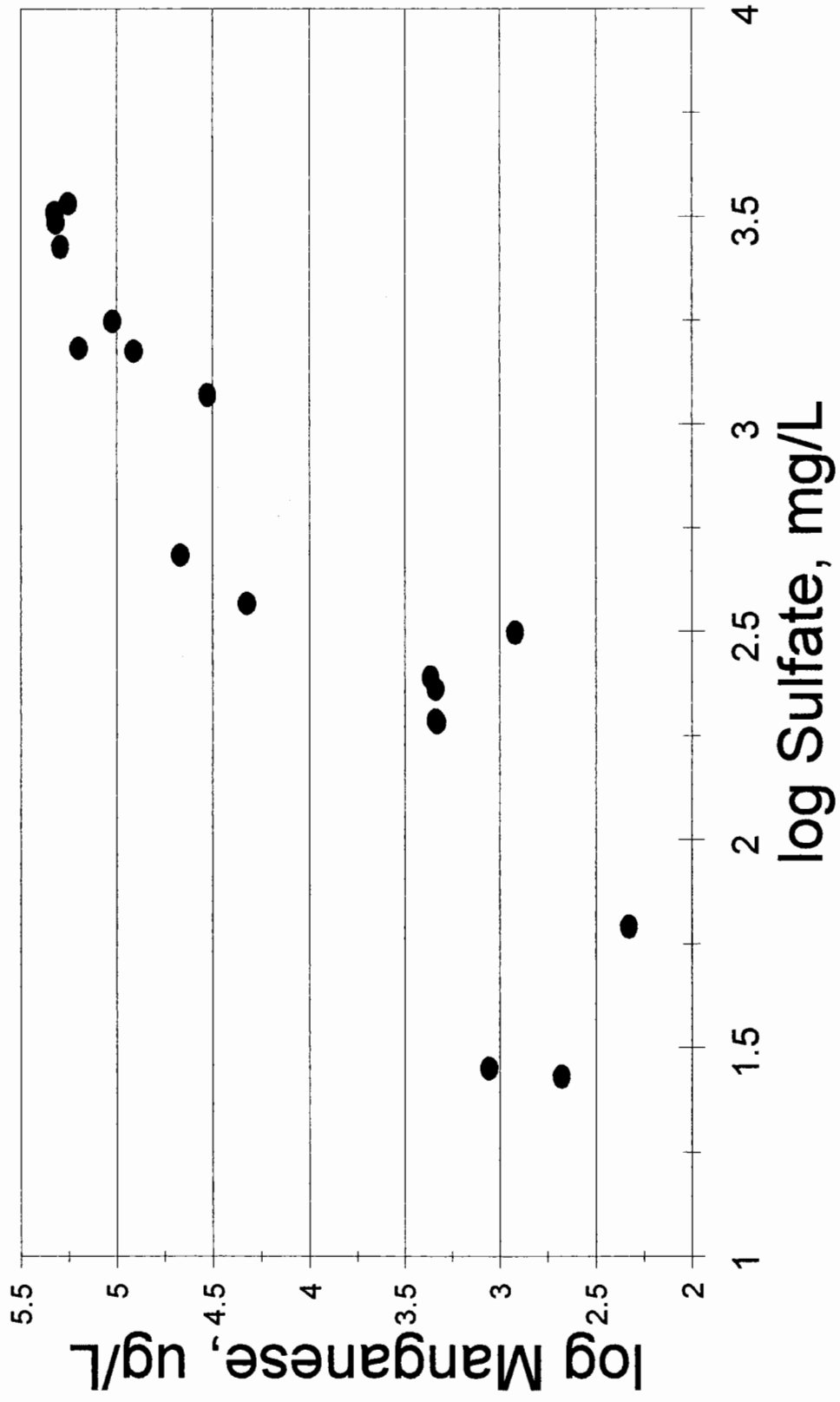
Sulfate-Manganese

October 7, 8, 9 and 16, 1996



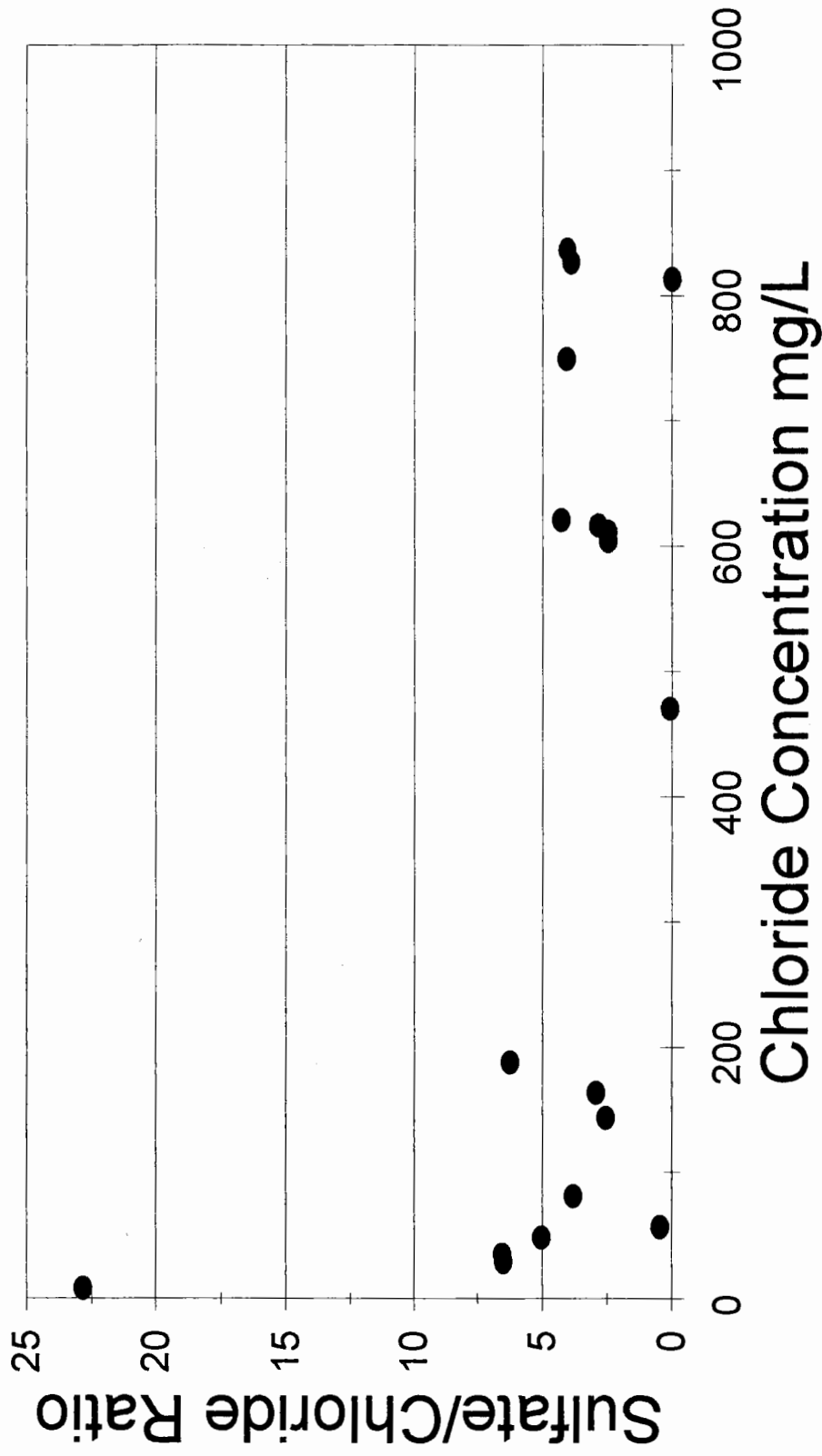
Sulfate-Manganese

October 7, 8, 9 and 16, 1996

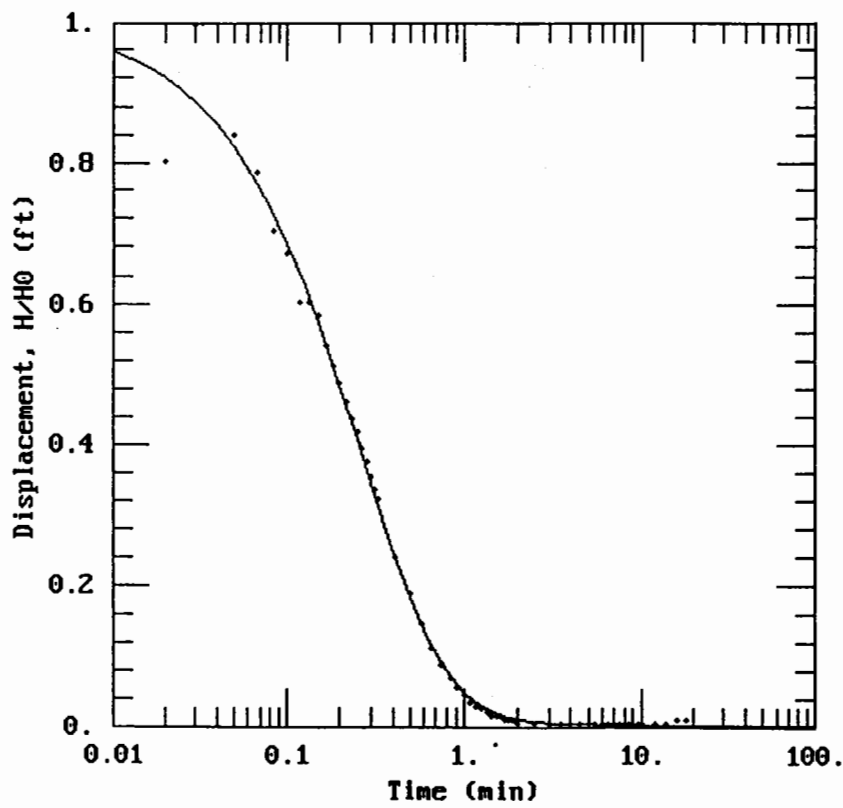


Chloride vs. Sulfate/Chloride Ratio

October 7, 8, 9 and 16, 1996



Appendix E
Slug Test Graphs/Data/Calculations



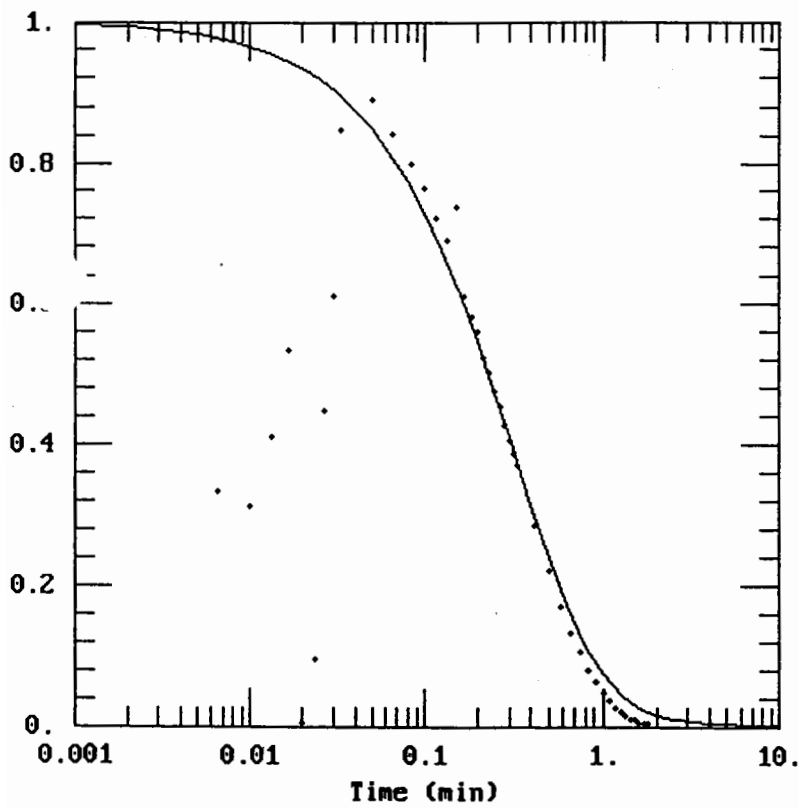
DATA SET:
 CSW1RISE.DAT
 04/21/96

AQUIFER MODEL:
 Confined

SOLUTION METHOD:
 Cooper et al.

TEST DATA:
 $H_0 = 2.06$ ft
 $r_c = 0.1667$ ft
 $r_w = 0.3334$ ft

PARAMETER ESTIMATES:
 $T = 850.1$ ft²/day
 $S = 1.E-10$

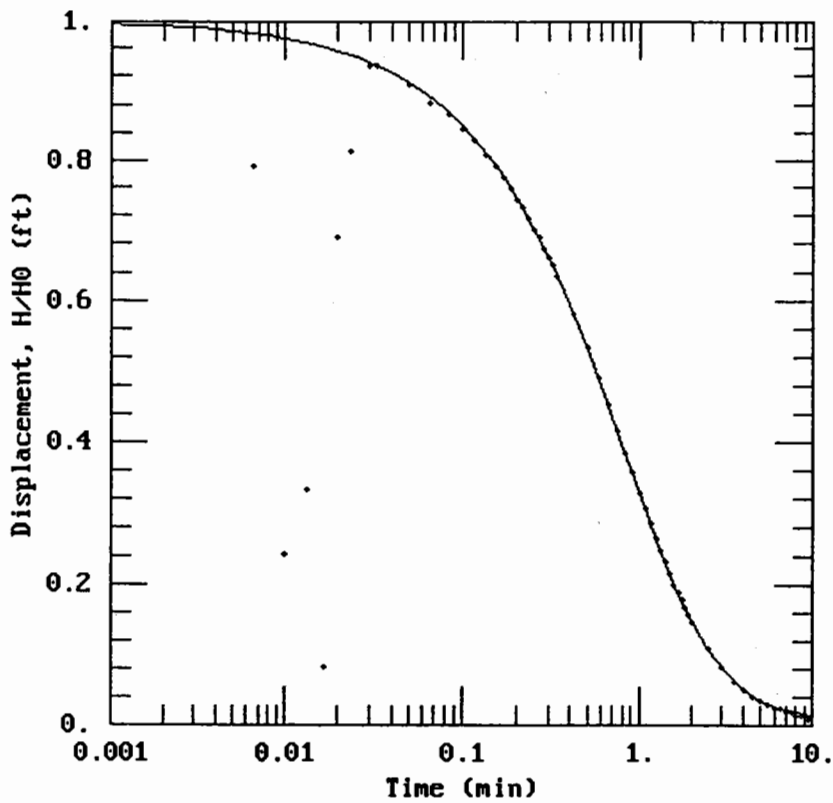


DATA SET:
 CSWIFALL.DAT
 04/21/96

AQUIFER MODEL:
 Confined
 SOLUTION METHOD:
 Cooper et al.

TEST DATA:
 $H_0 = 1.9$ ft
 $r_c = 0.1667$ ft
 $r_w = 0.3334$ ft

PARAMETER ESTIMATES:
 $T = 703.1$ ft²/day
 $S = 1.E-10$

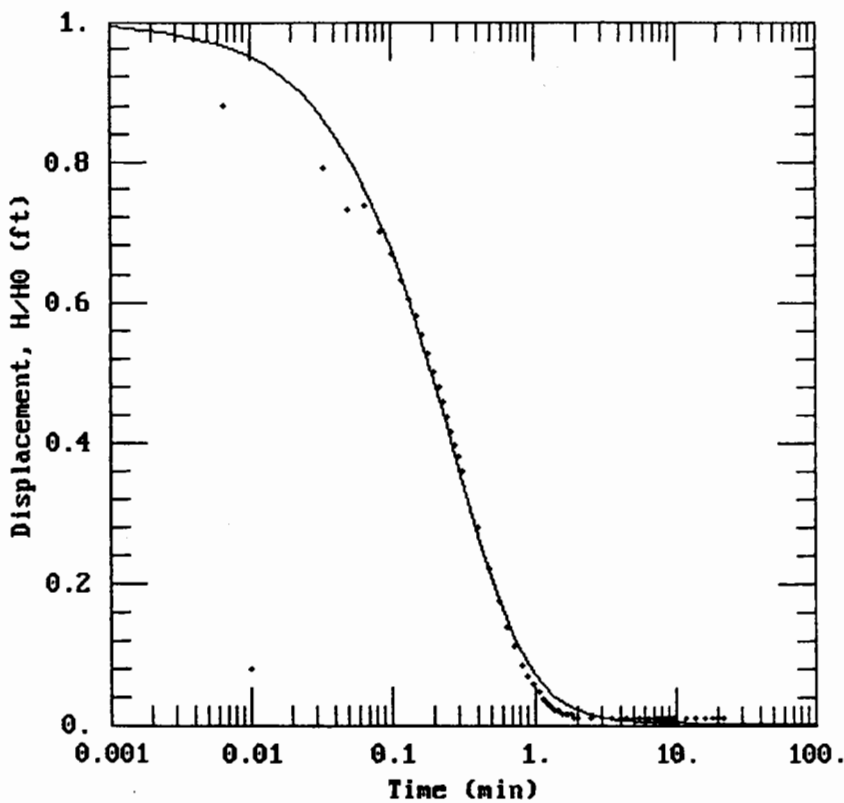


DATA SET:
 CSW2FALL.DAT
 04/16/96

AQUIFER MODEL:
 Confined
 SOLUTION METHOD:
 Cooper et al.

TEST DATA:
 $H_0 = 1.86$ ft
 $r_c = 0.1667$ ft
 $r_w = 0.3334$ ft

PARAMETER ESTIMATES:
 $T = 103.6$ ft²/day
 $S = 0.0001228$

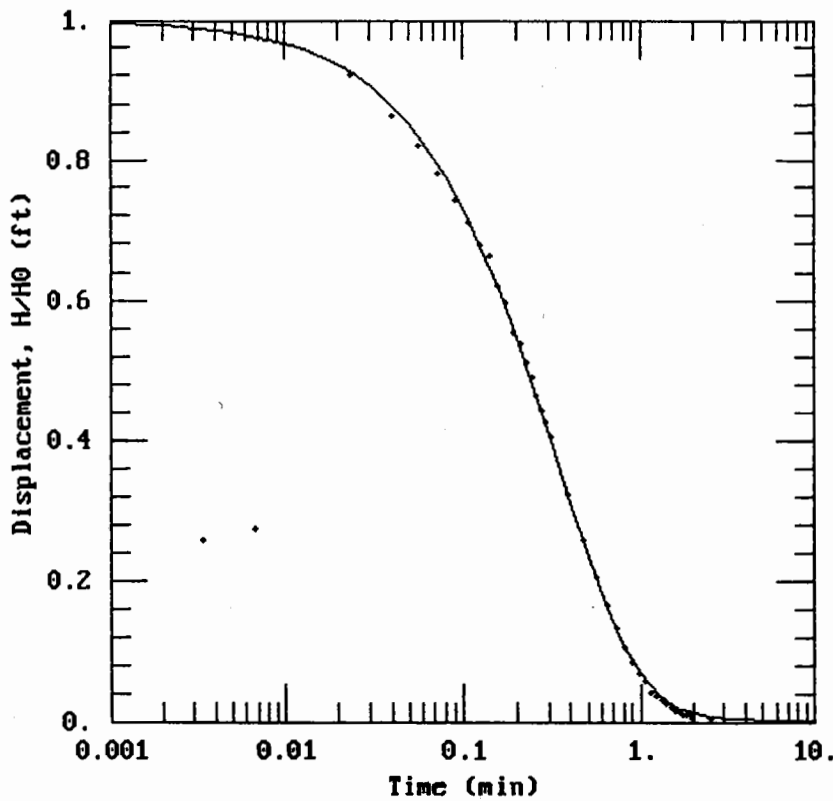


DATA SET:
 CSW3RISE.DAT
 04/21/96

AQUIFER MODEL:
 Confined
 SOLUTION METHOD:
 Cooper et al.

TEST DATA:
 $H_0 = 1.9$ ft
 $r_c = 0.1667$ ft
 $r_w = 0.3334$ ft

PARAMETER ESTIMATES:
 $T = 404.5$ ft²/day
 $S = 9.088E-06$



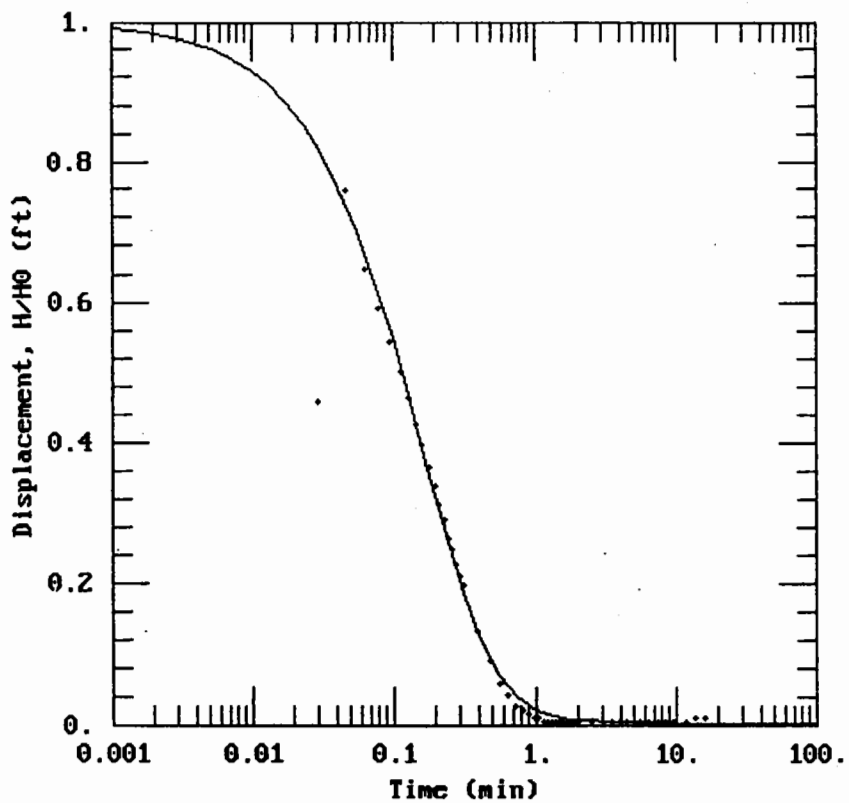
DATA SET:
 CSM3FALL.DAT
 04/21/96

AQUIFER MODEL:
 Confined

SOLUTION METHOD:
 Cooper et al.

TEST DATA:
 $H_0 = 1.9$ ft
 $r_c = 0.1667$ ft
 $r_w = 0.5$ ft

PARAMETER ESTIMATES:
 $T = 963.$ ft²/day
 $S = 1.118E-14$

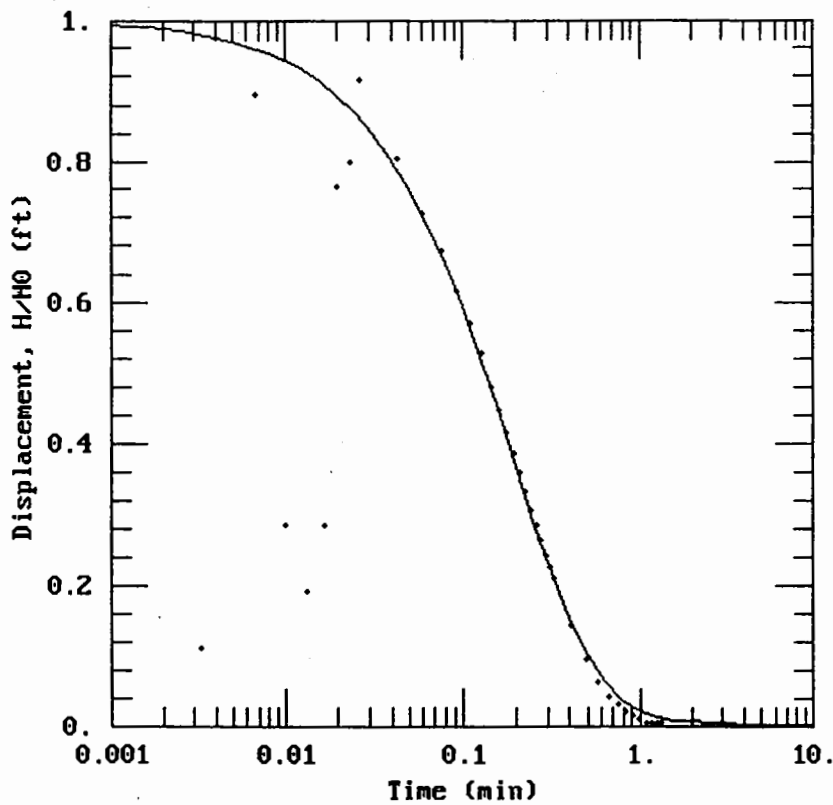


DATA SET:
 CSW4RISE.DAT
 04/21/96

AQUIFER MODEL:
 Confined
 SOLUTION METHOD:
 Cooper et al.

TEST DATA:
 $H_0 = 1.9$ ft
 $r_c = 0.1667$ ft
 $r_w = 0.3334$ ft

PARAMETER ESTIMATES:
 $T = 941.8$ ft²/day
 $S = 1.223E-07$

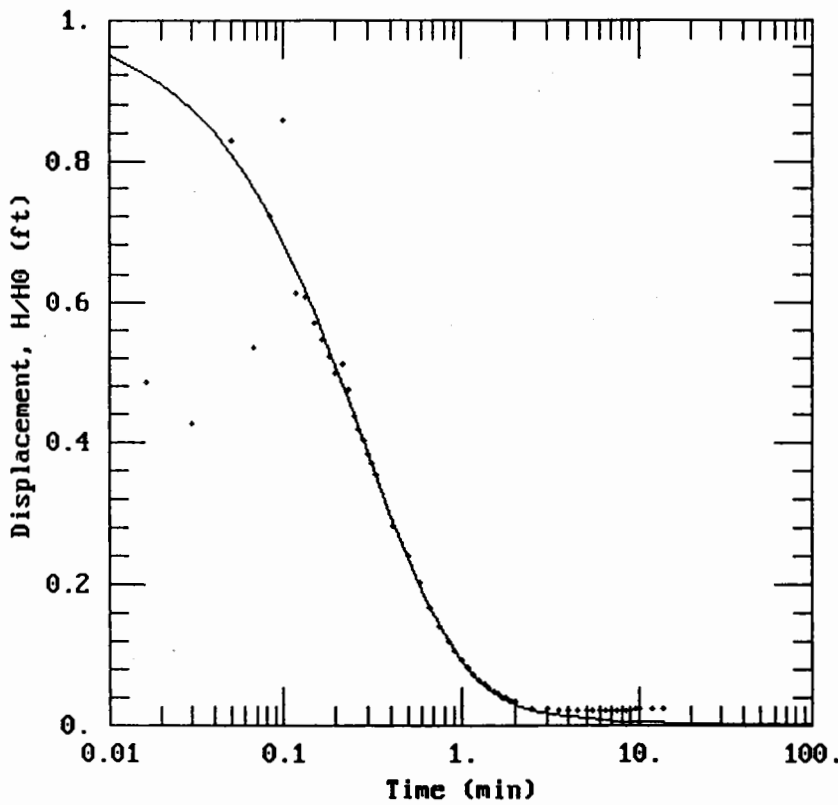


DATA SET:
 CSW4FALL.DAT
 04/21/96

AQUIFER MODEL:
 Confined
 SOLUTION METHOD:
 Cooper et al.

TEST DATA:
 $H_0 = 1.9$ ft
 $r_c = 0.1667$ ft
 $r_w = 0.3334$ ft

PARAMETER ESTIMATES:
 $T = 1199.7$ ft²/day
 $S = 1.E-10$

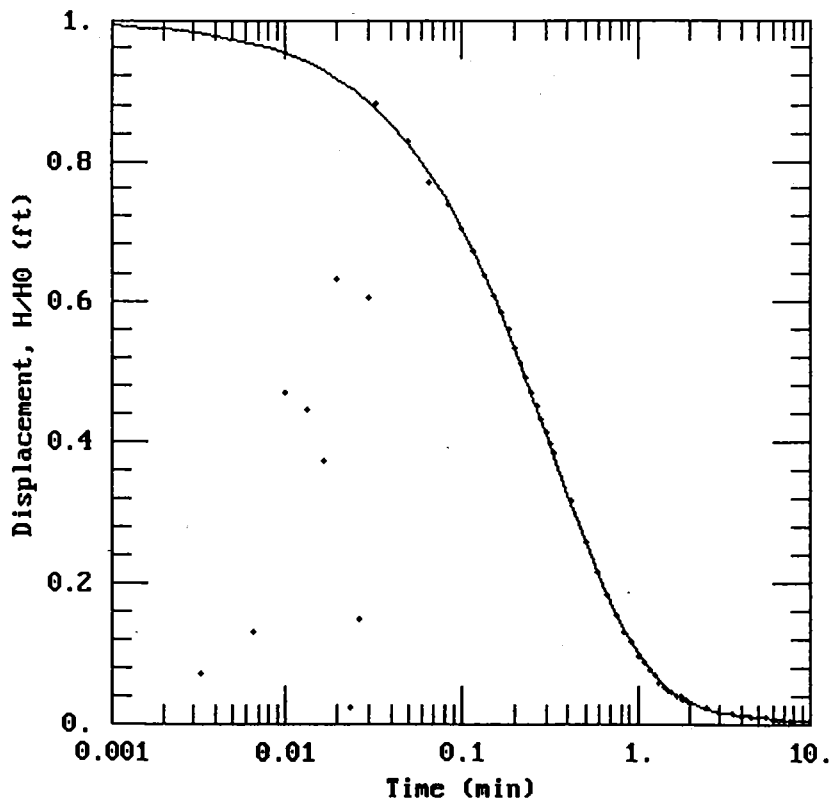


DATA SET:
 CSW7RISE.DAT
 04/21/96

AQUIFER MODEL:
 Confined
 SOLUTION METHOD:
 Cooper et al.

TEST DATA:
 $H_0 = 2.09$ ft
 $r_c = 0.1667$ ft
 $r_w = 0.3334$ ft

PARAMETER ESTIMATES:
 $T = 297.$ ft²/day
 $S = 8.285E-05$

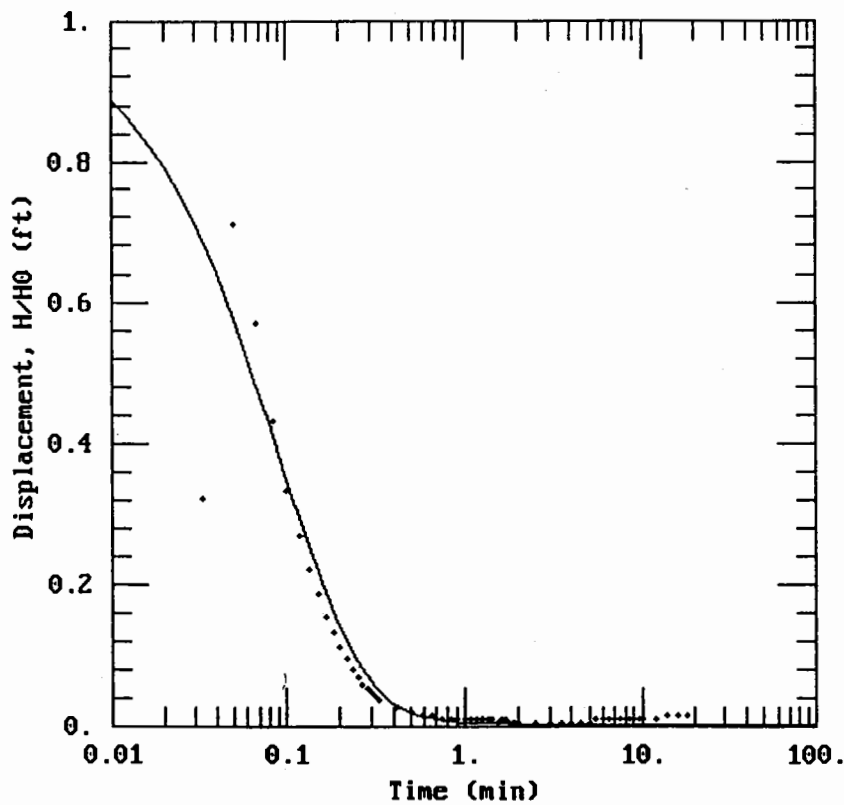


DATA SET:
 CSW7FALL.DAT
 04/21/96

AQUIFER MODEL:
 Confined
 SOLUTION METHOD:
 Cooper et al.

TEST DATA:
 $H_0 = 2.09$ ft
 $r_c = 0.1667$ ft
 $r_w = 0.3334$ ft

PARAMETER ESTIMATES:
 $T = 296.1$ ft²/day
 $S = 4.113E-05$

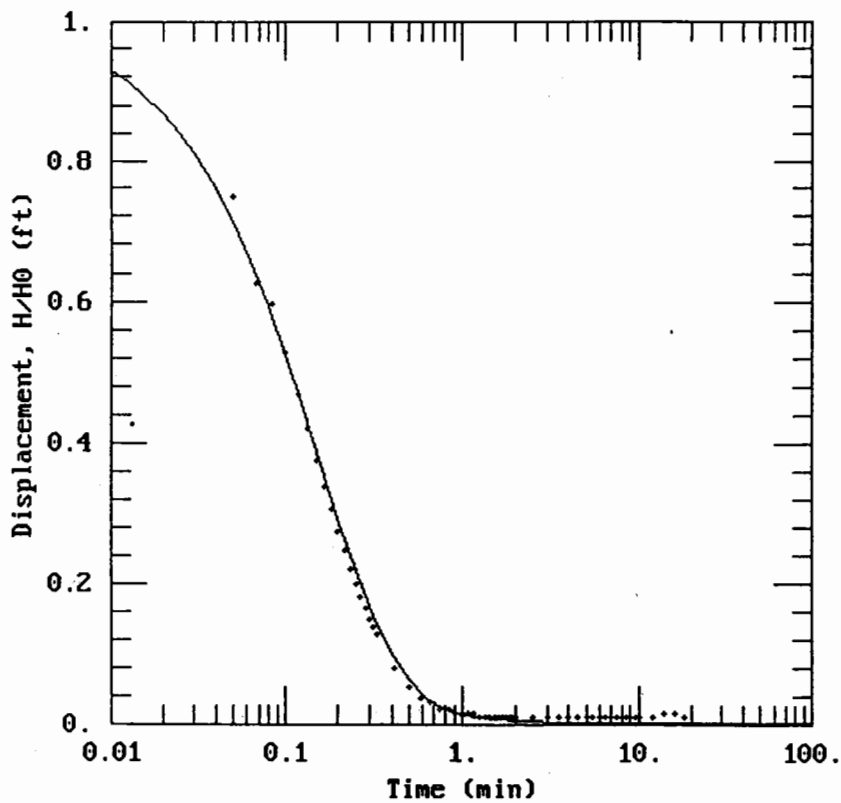


DATA SET:
 CSW8RISE.DAT
 04/21/96

AQUIFER MODEL:
 Confined
 SOLUTION METHOD:
 Cooper et al.

TEST DATA:
 $H_0 = 1.9$ ft
 $r_c = 0.1667$ ft
 $r_w = 0.3334$ ft

PARAMETER ESTIMATES:
 $T = 2528.2$ ft²/day
 $S = 1.E-10$

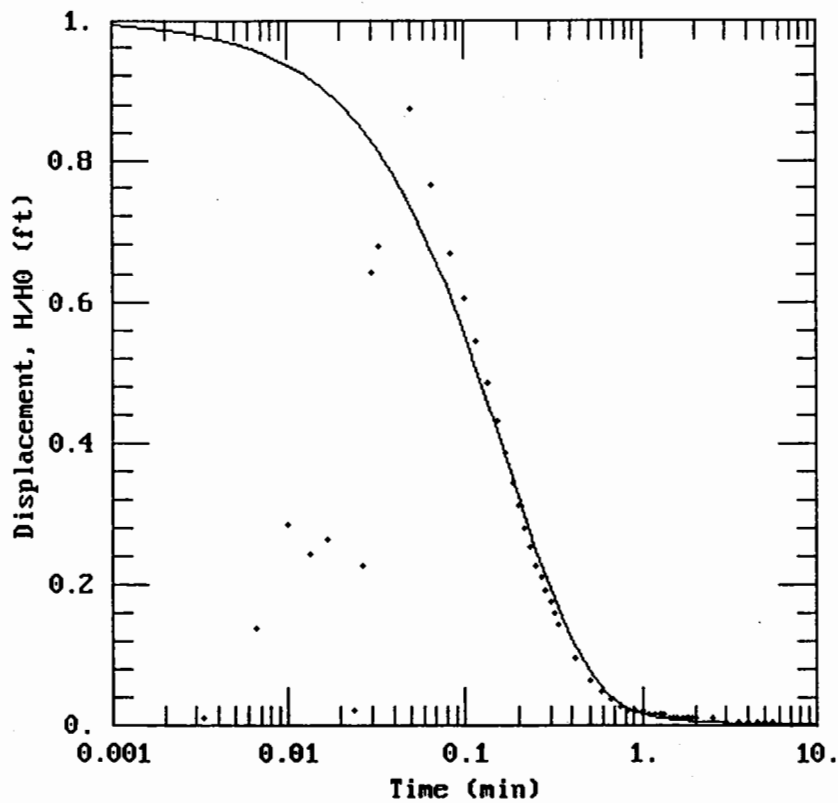


DATA SET:
 CSW9RISE.DAT
 04/21/96

AQUIFER MODEL:
 Confined
 SOLUTION METHOD:
 Cooper et al.

TEST DATA:
 $H_0 = 1.9$ ft
 $r_c = 0.1667$ ft
 $r_w = 0.3334$ ft

PARAMETER ESTIMATES:
 $T = 1503$ ft²/day
 $S = 1.E-10$



DATA SET:
CSW9FALL.DAT
04/21/96

AQUIFER MODEL:
Confined
SOLUTION METHOD:
Cooper et al.

TEST DATA:
 $H_0 = 1.9$ ft
 $r_c = 0.1$ ft
 $r_w = 0.1$ ft

PARAMETER ESTIMATES:
 $T = 521.2$ ft²/day
 $S = 1.E-10$

weighted residual = residual * weight

Weighted Residual Statistics:

Number of residuals..... 41
 Number of estimated parameters.... 2
 Degrees of freedom..... 39
 Residual mean..... 0.004039
 Residual standard deviation..... 0.04629
 Residual variance..... 0.002142

Model Residuals:

Time	Observed	Calculated	Residual	Weight
0.0333	2.06	1.8027	0.25734	1
0.05	1.73	1.6929	0.037146	1
0.0666	1.62	1.5921	0.027879	1
0.0833	1.45	1.4981	-0.048121	1
0.1	1.38	1.4107	-0.030681	1
0.1166	1.24	1.3296	-0.089638	1
0.1333	1.24	1.2535	-0.013494	1
0.15	1.2	1.1823	0.017694	1
0.1666	1.11	1.1161	-0.0060679	1
0.1833	1.05	1.0536	-0.0036354	1
0.2	1	0.99511	0.0048901	1
0.2166	0.95	0.94053	0.0094709	1
0.2333	0.9	0.88898	0.011018	1
0.25	0.86	0.84057	0.019426	1
0.2666	0.81	0.79536	0.014644	1
0.2833	0.77	0.75259	0.017411	1
0.3	0.73	0.71237	0.017627	1
0.3166	0.69	0.67476	0.01524	1
0.3333	0.66	0.63914	0.020856	1
0.4167	0.49	0.49001	-6.6448E-006	1
0.5	0.39	0.37898	0.011015	1
0.5833	0.3	0.29566	0.0043448	1
0.6667	0.23	0.23265	-0.0026463	1
0.75	0.18	0.18482	-0.0048235	1
0.8333	0.14	0.14825	-0.0082547	1
0.9167	0.11	0.12009	-0.010091	1
1	0.09	0.098318	-0.0083185	1
1.0833	0.07	0.081358	-0.011358	1
1.1667	0.06	0.068048	-0.0080483	1
1.25	0.05	0.057559	-0.0075593	1
1.3333	0.04	0.049227	-0.0092267	1
1.4166	0.03	0.042561	-0.012561	1
1.5	0.03	0.037185	-0.0071854	1
1.5833	0.03	0.032828	-0.0028283	1
1.6667	0.02	0.029262	-0.0092615	1
1.75	0.02	0.026326	-0.006326	1
1.8333	0.02	0.023887	-0.0038875	1
1.9167	0.02	0.021843	-0.0018432	1
2	0.01	0.020119	-0.010119	1
2.5	0.01	0.013775	-0.0037746	1
3	0.01	0.010645	-0.00064471	1

=====

RESULTS FROM VISUAL CURVE MATCHING

weighted residual = residual * weight

Weighted Residual Statistics:

Number of residuals..... 36
 Number of estimated parameters.... 2
 Degrees of freedom..... 34
 Residual mean..... -0.004723
 Residual standard deviation..... 0.05627
 Residual variance..... 0.003166

Model Residuals:

Time	Observed	Calculated	Residual	Weight
0.0333	1.61	1.6997	-0.089653	1
0.05	1.69	1.6127	0.077263	1
0.0666	1.6	1.5321	0.067853	1
0.0833	1.52	1.4562	0.063848	1
0.1	1.45	1.3847	0.065279	1
0.1166	1.37	1.3178	0.052167	1
0.1333	1.31	1.2543	0.055654	1
0.15	1.4	1.1944	0.20561	1
0.1666	1.16	1.138	0.021966	1
0.1833	1.1	1.0844	0.015611	1
0.2	1.06	1.0336	0.0264	1
0.2166	0.99	0.98577	0.0042327	1
0.2333	0.95	0.94015	0.0098497	1
0.25	0.9	0.89689	0.0031068	1
0.2666	0.86	0.8561	0.003904	1
0.2833	0.81	0.81714	-0.0071386	1
0.3	0.77	0.78015	-0.010153	1
0.3166	0.73	0.74523	-0.015234	1
0.3333	0.7	0.71186	-0.011855	1
0.4167	0.54	0.56828	-0.028283	1
0.5	0.42	0.45644	-0.036441	1
0.5833	0.32	0.36874	-0.048737	1
0.6667	0.25	0.29956	-0.049563	1
0.75	0.2	0.2449	-0.044895	1
0.8333	0.15	0.20145	-0.051449	1
0.9167	0.12	0.16674	-0.046738	1
1	0.09	0.13896	-0.048957	1
1.0833	0.07	0.1166	-0.046601	1
1.1667	0.05	0.098514	-0.048514	1
1.25	0.04	0.083854	-0.043854	1
1.3333	0.03	0.071904	-0.041904	1
1.4166	0.02	0.062121	-0.042121	1
1.5	0.02	0.054067	-0.034067	1
1.5833	0.01	0.047422	-0.037422	1
1.6667	0.01	0.041899	-0.031899	1
1.75	0.01	0.0373	-0.0273	1

=====

RESULTS FROM VISUAL CURVE MATCHING

VISUAL MATCH PARAMETER ESTIMATES

Estimate
 T = 7.0311E+002 ft^2/day

weighted residual = residual * weight

Weighted Residual Statistics:

Number of residuals..... 61
Number of estimated parameters.... 2
Degrees of freedom..... 59
Residual mean..... -0.002878
Residual standard deviation..... 0.04753
Residual variance..... 0.002259

Model Residuals:

Time	Observed	Calculated	Residual	Weight
0.0266	1.93	1.7892	0.14081	1
0.05	1.41	1.7143	-0.30432	1
0.0666	1.56	1.6681	-0.10807	1
0.0833	1.59	1.6253	-0.035333	1
0.1	1.57	1.5855	-0.01554	1
0.1166	1.55	1.5484	0.0016312	1
0.1333	1.52	1.513	0.0069993	1
0.15	1.49	1.4794	0.010605	1
0.1666	1.46	1.4475	0.012467	1
0.1833	1.43	1.4169	0.013133	1
0.2	1.4	1.3875	0.012539	1
0.2166	1.38	1.3594	0.020629	1
0.2333	1.35	1.3322	0.017833	1
0.25	1.32	1.3059	0.014058	1
0.2666	1.3	1.2808	0.019223	1
0.2833	1.28	1.2563	0.023693	1
0.3	1.25	1.2326	0.017365	1
0.3166	1.23	1.2098	0.020152	1
0.3333	1.21	1.1876	0.02237	1
0.4167	1.11	1.086	0.023958	1
0.5	1.02	0.99768	0.022318	1
0.5833	0.94	0.9199	0.020096	1
0.6667	0.86	0.85081	0.0091862	1
0.75	0.8	0.7892	0.010801	1
0.8333	0.74	0.7339	0.0061048	1
0.9167	0.68	0.68398	-0.0039815	1
1	0.64	0.63887	0.0011295	1
1.0833	0.6	0.59791	0.0020871	1
1.1667	0.55	0.56057	-0.010573	1
1.25	0.52	0.52652	-0.0065224	1
1.3333	0.49	0.49536	-0.0053561	1
1.4166	0.46	0.46677	-0.0067658	1
1.5	0.43	0.44045	-0.010454	1
1.5833	0.4	0.41625	-0.01625	1
1.6667	0.38	0.39389	-0.01389	1
1.75	0.36	0.37325	-0.013249	1
1.8333	0.34	0.35414	-0.01414	1
1.9167	0.32	0.3364	-0.0164	1
2	0.31	0.31995	-0.0099477	1
2.5	0.23	0.24226	-0.01226	1
3	0.18	0.18986	-0.0098565	1
3.5	0.14	0.15317	-0.013171	1
4	0.12	0.12666	-0.0066596	1
4.5	0.1	0.10696	-0.0069624	1
5	0.09	0.091964	-0.0019638	1

A Q T E S O L V R E S U L T S
Version 2.10

Developed by Glenn M. Duffield, HydroSOLVE, Inc.
(c) 1988-1995 Geraghty & Miller, Inc.

04/16/96

19:17:05

=====

TEST DESCRIPTION

Data set.....
Output file..... CSW2FALL.OUT
Data set title..... CSW-2 FALLING HEAD
Company..... BLACK & VEATCH
Project..... 40650.001
Client..... USACE - Philadelphia District
Location..... Pearce Creek Disposal Area, MD
Test date..... 3/1/96

Units of Measurement

Length..... ft
Time..... min

Test Well Data

Initial displacement in well..... 1.86
Radius of well casing..... 0.1667
Radius of wellbore..... 0.3334
Aquifer saturated thickness..... 25
Well screen length..... 1
Static height of water in well... 1
Gravel pack porosity..... 0
Effective well casing radius..... 0.1667
Effective wellbore radius..... 0.3334
Log(Re/Rw)..... 0.5218
Constants A, B and C..... 1.655 , 0.255, 0.000
No. of observations..... 63

=====

ANALYTICAL METHOD

Cooper et al. (Confined Aquifer Slug Test)

=====

RESULTS FROM STATISTICAL CURVE MATCHING

STATISTICAL MATCH PARAMETER ESTIMATES

	Estimate	Std. Error
T =	1.0355E+002 +/-	3.1004E+000 ft ² /day
S =	1.2282E-004 +/-	2.8428E-005

ANALYSIS OF MODEL RESIDUALS

residual = observed - calculated

weighted residual = residual * weight

Weighted Residual Statistics:

Number of residuals..... 57
Number of estimated parameters.... 2
Degrees of freedom..... 55
Residual mean..... -0.0009551
Residual standard deviation..... 0.01474
Residual variance..... 0.0002173

Model Residuals:

Time	Observed	Calculated	Residual	Weight
0.0266	1.86	1.7601	0.099861	1
0.03	1.74	1.7502	-0.010222	1
0.0333	1.74	1.7408	-0.00081943	1
0.05	1.69	1.6959	-0.0058915	1
0.0666	1.64	1.6546	-0.014566	1
0.0833	1.61	1.6155	-0.0055089	1
0.1	1.57	1.5785	-0.0084999	1
0.1166	1.54	1.5434	-0.0034342	1
0.1333	1.5	1.5097	-0.0096701	1
0.15	1.47	1.4773	-0.0072584	1
0.1666	1.44	1.4463	-0.0062532	1
0.1833	1.41	1.4162	-0.006177	1
0.2	1.38	1.3871	-0.0071335	1
0.2166	1.36	1.3592	0.00078493	1
0.2333	1.33	1.332	-0.0020227	1
0.25	1.3	1.3057	-0.0056725	1
0.2666	1.28	1.2803	-0.00026693	1
0.2833	1.25	1.2555	-0.0054571	1
0.3	1.23	1.2314	-0.0013598	1
0.3166	1.21	1.2081	0.0019217	1
0.3333	1.18	1.1853	-0.0053005	1
0.4167	1.08	1.0803	-0.00027467	1
0.5	0.99	0.98791	0.0020863	1
0.5833	0.91	0.90599	0.0040055	1
0.6667	0.84	0.83285	0.0071479	1
0.75	0.77	0.76741	0.0025854	1
0.8333	0.71	0.70858	0.0014191	1
0.9167	0.66	0.65546	0.0045421	1
1	0.61	0.60748	0.0025249	1
1.0833	0.57	0.56397	0.0060256	1
1.1667	0.53	0.5244	0.005595	1
1.25	0.49	0.48843	0.0015748	1
1.3333	0.46	0.45561	0.0043927	1
1.4166	0.43	0.42562	0.0043787	1
1.5	0.4	0.39815	0.0018555	1
1.5833	0.37	0.37299	-0.002994	1
1.6667	0.35	0.34988	0.00012156	1
1.75	0.33	0.32866	0.0013441	1
1.8333	0.31	0.30912	0.00087934	1
1.9167	0.29	0.29109	-0.0010946	1
2	0.27	0.27448	-0.0044801	1
2.5	0.2	0.19773	0.0022724	1
3	0.15	0.14813	0.0018748	1
3.5	0.11	0.11491	-0.0049084	1
4	0.09	0.091934	-0.0019342	1

weighted residual = residual * weight

Weighted Residual Statistics:

Number of residuals..... 40
 Number of estimated parameters.... 2
 Degrees of freedom..... 38
 Residual mean..... -0.003527
 Residual standard deviation..... 0.012
 Residual variance..... 0.0001439

Model Residuals:

Time	Observed	Calculated	Residual	Weight
0.0234	1.75	1.7591	-0.0090549	1
0.04	1.64	1.6696	-0.029611	1
0.0567	1.56	1.5855	-0.025518	1
0.0734	1.48	1.5065	-0.026545	1
0.09	1.41	1.4326	-0.022605	1
0.1067	1.35	1.3624	-0.012413	1
0.1234	1.29	1.2961	-0.0061034	1
0.14	1.26	1.2338	0.026235	1
0.1567	1.18	1.1744	0.0055957	1
0.1734	1.13	1.1182	0.011809	1
0.19	1.05	1.0652	-0.01524	1
0.2067	1.02	1.0147	0.0052649	1
0.2234	0.97	0.96684	0.0031605	1
0.24	0.93	0.92167	0.008333	1
0.2567	0.88	0.87853	0.0014664	1
0.2734	0.84	0.83759	0.002412	1
0.29	0.81	0.79894	0.011064	1
0.3067	0.77	0.762	0.0080027	1
0.3901	0.61	0.60327	0.0067301	1
0.4734	0.49	0.47995	0.010054	1
0.5567	0.39	0.3836	0.0063968	1
0.6401	0.31	0.30798	0.0020182	1
0.7234	0.25	0.24856	0.0014365	1
0.8067	0.2	0.20166	-0.0016557	1
0.8901	0.16	0.16446	-0.0044607	1
0.9734	0.13	0.13494	-0.0049387	1
1.0567	0.11	0.1114	-0.0013952	1
1.1401	0.08	0.092534	-0.012534	1
1.2234	0.07	0.077406	-0.0074064	1
1.3067	0.06	0.065213	-0.0052131	1
1.39	0.05	0.055348	-0.0053481	1
1.4734	0.04	0.047328	-0.0073276	1
1.5567	0.03	0.040796	-0.010796	1
1.6401	0.03	0.035443	-0.005443	1
1.7234	0.02	0.031047	-0.011047	1
1.8067	0.02	0.027416	-0.0074161	1
1.8901	0.02	0.0244	-0.0044	1
1.9734	0.01	0.021888	-0.011888	1
2.4734	0.01	0.013184	-0.0031837	1
2.9734	0.01	0.0095245	0.00047553	1

=====

RESULTS FROM VISUAL CURVE MATCHING

=====

weighted residual = residual * weight

Weighted Residual Statistics:

Number of residuals..... 40
Number of estimated parameters.... 2
Degrees of freedom..... 38
Residual mean..... 0.002944
Residual standard deviation..... 0.1097
Residual variance..... 0.01203

Model Residuals:

Time	Observed	Calculated	Residual	Weight
0.0333	2.09	1.8007	0.2893	1
0.05	1.73	1.694	0.035981	1
0.0666	1.12	1.5989	-0.47887	1
0.0833	1.51	1.5117	-0.0017343	1
0.1	1.79	1.4318	0.35825	1
0.1166	1.28	1.3583	-0.078323	1
0.1333	1.27	1.2898	-0.019801	1
0.15	1.19	1.226	-0.036042	1
0.1666	1.14	1.1669	-0.026899	1
0.1833	1.09	1.1113	-0.02125	1
0.2	1.04	1.0591	-0.019114	1
0.2166	1.07	1.0105	0.059528	1
0.2333	0.99	0.96448	0.025524	1
0.25	0.91	0.92119	-0.011194	1
0.2666	0.87	0.88066	-0.010657	1
0.2833	0.84	0.84219	-0.0021914	1
0.3	0.8	0.80588	-0.0058812	1
0.3166	0.77	0.77177	-0.001775	1
0.3333	0.74	0.73933	0.00067483	1
0.4167	0.59	0.6012	-0.011201	1
0.5	0.5	0.4948	0.0051967	1
0.5833	0.42	0.41165	0.008352	1
0.6667	0.35	0.34586	0.0041412	1
0.75	0.29	0.29342	-0.0034192	1
0.8333	0.25	0.25119	-0.0011869	1
0.9167	0.22	0.21685	0.0031468	1
1	0.19	0.18879	0.0012111	1
1.0833	0.17	0.16565	0.0043529	1
1.1667	0.15	0.14641	0.003593	1
1.25	0.13	0.13034	-0.00033961	1
1.3333	0.12	0.11682	0.0031848	1
1.4166	0.11	0.10536	0.0046415	1
1.5	0.1	0.095582	0.0044176	1
1.5833	0.09	0.087211	0.0027895	1
1.6667	0.08	0.079982	1.7955E-005	1
1.75	0.08	0.073721	0.0062793	1
1.8333	0.07	0.068261	0.0017395	1
1.9167	0.07	0.063468	0.0065315	1
2	0.07	0.059252	0.010748	1
2.5	0.05	0.041983	0.0080167	1

=====

RESULTS FROM VISUAL CURVE MATCHING

weighted residual = residual * weight

Weighted Residual Statistics:

Number of residuals..... 48
Number of estimated parameters.... 2
Degrees of freedom..... 46
Residual mean..... -0.0008463
Residual standard deviation..... 0.006794
Residual variance..... 4.615E-005

Model Residuals:

Time	Observed	Calculated	Residual	Weight
0.0333	1.84	1.8262	0.013769	1
0.05	1.73	1.7261	0.0038678	1
0.0666	1.61	1.6361	-0.026077	1
0.0833	1.54	1.553	-0.013007	1
0.1	1.47	1.4763	-0.006259	1
0.1166	1.4	1.4054	-0.0053846	1
0.1333	1.33	1.3389	-0.0088847	1
0.15	1.27	1.2767	-0.0066885	1
0.1666	1.22	1.2187	0.0012855	1
0.1833	1.17	1.1639	0.0060866	1
0.2	1.11	1.1123	-0.0023441	1
0.2166	1.07	1.064	0.0059728	1
0.2333	1.02	1.0182	0.0018481	1
0.25	0.98	0.97481	0.0051863	1
0.2666	0.94	0.93407	0.0059309	1
0.2833	0.9	0.89526	0.0047361	1
0.3	0.86	0.8585	0.0014979	1
0.3166	0.83	0.82385	0.006148	1
0.3333	0.8	0.79077	0.0092264	1
0.4167	0.66	0.64868	0.011323	1
0.5	0.54	0.53763	0.0023674	1
0.5833	0.45	0.44974	0.0002615	1
0.6667	0.38	0.37942	0.00058066	1
0.75	0.32	0.32282	-0.0028164	1
0.8333	0.27	0.27684	-0.006839	1
0.9167	0.24	0.23918	0.00081745	1
1	0.2	0.20821	-0.0082061	1
1.0833	0.18	0.18253	-0.0025261	1
1.1667	0.16	0.16108	-0.0010814	1
1.25	0.14	0.14311	-0.0031096	1
1.3333	0.12	0.12794	-0.0079411	1
1.4166	0.11	0.11507	-0.0050666	1
1.5	0.1	0.10407	-0.0040671	1
1.5833	0.09	0.094642	-0.004642	1
1.6667	0.08	0.086504	-0.0065042	1
1.75	0.08	0.079459	0.0005408	1
1.8333	0.07	0.073322	-0.003322	1
1.9167	0.07	0.067944	0.0020561	1
2	0.06	0.06322	-0.00322	1
2.5	0.05	0.044033	0.0059669	1
3	0.03	0.033553	-0.0035529	1
3.5	0.03	0.027098	0.0029016	1
4	0.02	0.022745	-0.0027455	1
4.5	0.02	0.019608	0.00039244	1
5	0.02	0.017233	0.0027672	1

weighted residual = residual * weight

Weighted Residual Statistics:

Number of residuals..... 34
 Number of estimated parameters.... 2
 Degrees of freedom..... 32
 Residual mean..... 0.01676
 Residual standard deviation..... 0.1207
 Residual variance..... 0.01457

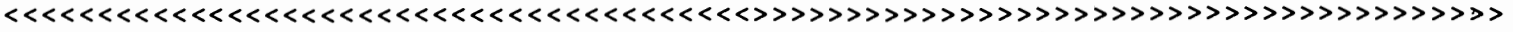
Model Residuals:

Time	Observed	Calculated	Residual	Weight
0.0233	2.14	1.6137	0.5263	1
0.0333	1.92	1.5108	0.4092	1
0.05	1.42	1.3565	0.06349	1
0.0666	1.19	1.2214	-0.031367	1
0.0833	1.13	1.1009	0.029118	1
0.1	1	0.99375	0.0062463	1
0.1166	0.89	0.89878	-0.0087846	1
0.1333	0.8	0.8134	-0.013398	1
0.15	0.71	0.73698	-0.026984	1
0.1666	0.64	0.66889	-0.028886	1
0.1833	0.58	0.60739	-0.027387	1
0.2	0.52	0.55214	-0.032136	1
0.2166	0.47	0.50273	-0.032727	1
0.2333	0.42	0.45797	-0.037965	1
0.25	0.38	0.41763	-0.037632	1
0.2666	0.34	0.38146	-0.041464	1
0.2833	0.31	0.34861	-0.03861	1
0.3	0.28	0.31893	-0.038931	1
0.3166	0.26	0.29225	-0.032251	1
0.3333	0.24	0.26796	-0.027958	1
0.4167	0.15	0.17671	-0.026714	1
0.5	0.1	0.12015	-0.020148	1
0.5833	0.07	0.084347	-0.014347	1
0.6667	0.06	0.061219	-0.0012189	1
0.75	0.04	0.046007	-0.0060068	1
0.8333	0.04	0.035771	0.004229	1
0.9167	0.03	0.02872	0.00128	1
1	0.03	0.023759	0.0062413	1
1.0833	0.03	0.020175	0.0098248	1
1.1667	0.03	0.017517	0.012483	1
1.25	0.02	0.0155	0.0045004	1
1.3333	0.02	0.013926	0.0060737	1
1.4166	0.02	0.012669	0.0073307	1
1.5	0.02	0.011641	0.0083592	1

RESULTS FROM VISUAL CURVE MATCHING

VISUAL MATCH PARAMETER ESTIMATES

Estimate
 T = 1.5030E+003 ft²/day
 S = 1.0000E-010



[The following text is extremely faint and largely illegible due to low contrast and scan quality. It appears to be a multi-column document, possibly a ledger or report, with various headings and numerical data.]

[Faint text, possibly a header or title, located in the upper right quadrant.]

[Faint text, possibly a sub-header or section title, located in the middle right quadrant.]

[Faint text, possibly a list or table of contents, located in the lower right quadrant.]

[Faint text, possibly a footer or page number, located at the bottom right.]

weighted residual = residual * weight

Weighted Residual Statistics:

Number of residuals..... 43
 Number of estimated parameters.... 2
 Degrees of freedom..... 41
 Residual mean..... -0.002031
 Residual standard deviation..... 0.09047
 Residual variance..... 0.008185

Model Residuals:

Time	Observed	Calculated	Residual	Weight
0.03	1.22	1.5737	-0.35366	1
0.0333	1.29	1.543	-0.25298	1
0.05	1.66	1.3986	-0.26144	1
0.0666	1.45	1.2707	-0.17932	1
0.0833	1.27	1.1555	-0.11452	1
0.1	1.15	1.052	-0.09979	1
0.1166	1.03	0.95939	0.070609	1
0.1333	0.92	0.87532	0.044683	1
0.15	0.82	0.79937	0.020632	1
0.1666	0.73	0.73106	-0.0010623	1
0.1833	0.65	0.66882	-0.018819	1
0.2	0.59	0.6124	-0.022401	1
0.2166	0.53	0.56151	-0.031509	1
0.2333	0.48	0.51501	-0.035008	1
0.25	0.43	0.47275	-0.042754	1
0.2666	0.4	0.43455	-0.034551	1
0.2833	0.36	0.39957	-0.039963	1
0.3	0.33	0.36771	-0.03771	1
0.3166	0.3	0.3385	-0.0385	1
0.3333	0.27	0.31237	-0.042368	1
0.4167	0.18	0.21084	-0.030843	1
0.5	0.12	0.14574	-0.025739	1
0.5833	0.09	0.10329	-0.013293	1
0.6667	0.07	0.075163	-0.0051626	1
0.75	0.05	0.056269	-0.0062687	1
0.8333	0.04	0.043349	-0.0033488	1
0.9167	0.04	0.034351	-0.0056493	1
1	0.04	0.027984	0.012016	1
1.0833	0.03	0.023384	0.0066157	1
1.1667	0.03	0.01999	0.01001	1
1.25	0.03	0.017439	0.012561	1
1.3333	0.03	0.015476	0.014524	1
1.4166	0.02	0.01333	0.006667	1
1.5	0.02	0.012693	0.0073069	1
1.5833	0.02	0.011679	0.0083212	1
1.6667	0.02	0.010831	0.009169	1
1.75	0.02	0.010112	0.009888	1
1.8333	0.02	0.0094918	0.010508	1
1.9167	0.02	0.008949	0.011051	1
2	0.02	0.0084695	0.011531	1
2.5	0.02	0.00642	0.01358	1
3	0.01	0.0051523	0.0048477	1
3.5	0.01	0.0042879	0.0057121	1

