

Reconfigurable Integrated Circuits for ReImagine

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Flexibility of Digital Pixel Architectures

Different IR Imaging Modalities Enabled by MITLL DFPA

Wide Area Imaging

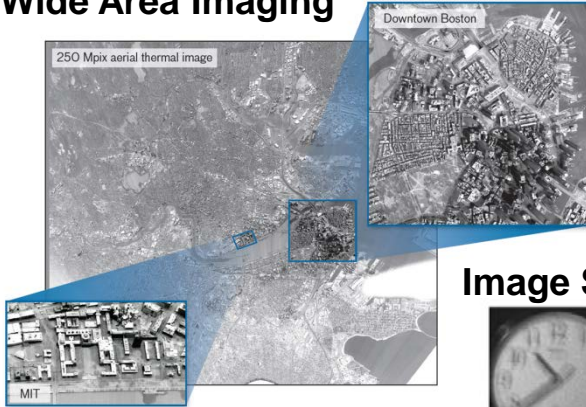
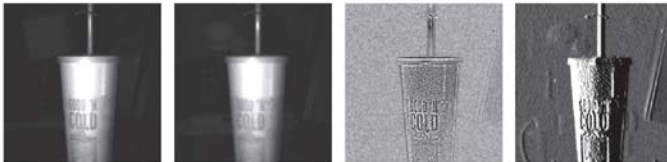


Image Stabilization



2D Convolutions



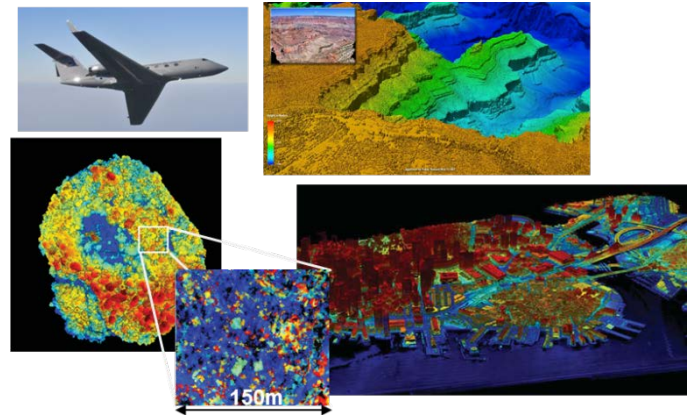
Fast Temporal Processing



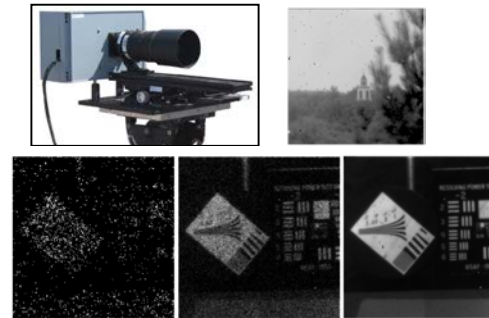
**DFPA = Digital Focal Plane Array*

Variety of Applications Enabled by MITLL Digital Pixels and Gm APDs

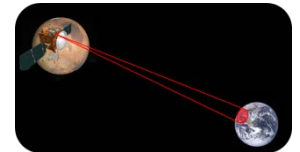
3D Ladar



Photon Counting Imaging



Optical Communications

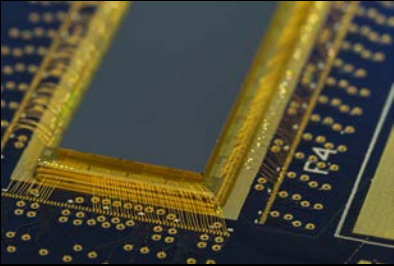


**Gm APD = Geiger Mode Avalanche Photodiode*

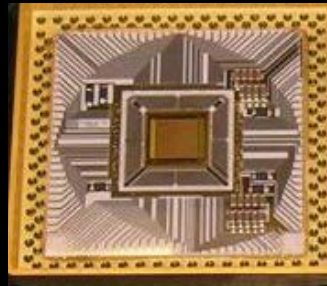


Digital ROICs Demonstrated by MITLL

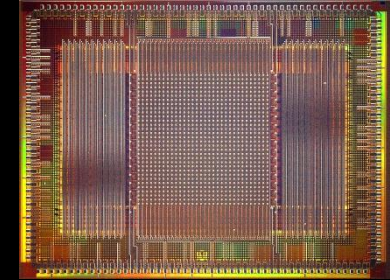
Digital Focal Plane Arrays



Gm APD Photon Counters



Gm APD Photon Timers

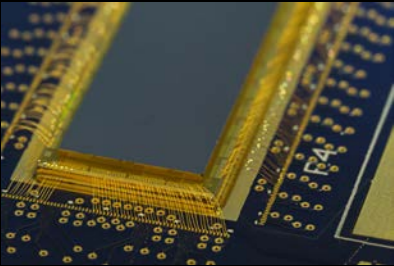


- **Digital Readout Integrated Circuit (ROIC) characteristics**
 - ROICs are hybridized to an array of diodes (type of diode varies)
 - In-pixel digitization
 - All digital readout
 - Standard foundry CMOS process
 - Similar backend digital building blocks

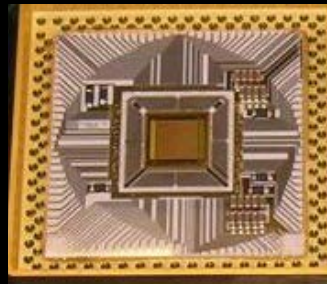


Digital ROICs Demonstrated by MITLL

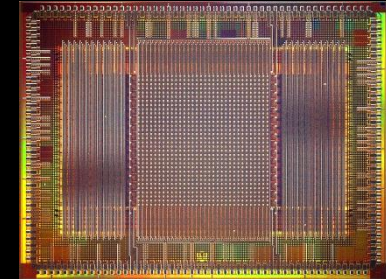
Digital Focal Plane Arrays



Gm APD Photon Counters



Gm APD Photon Timers

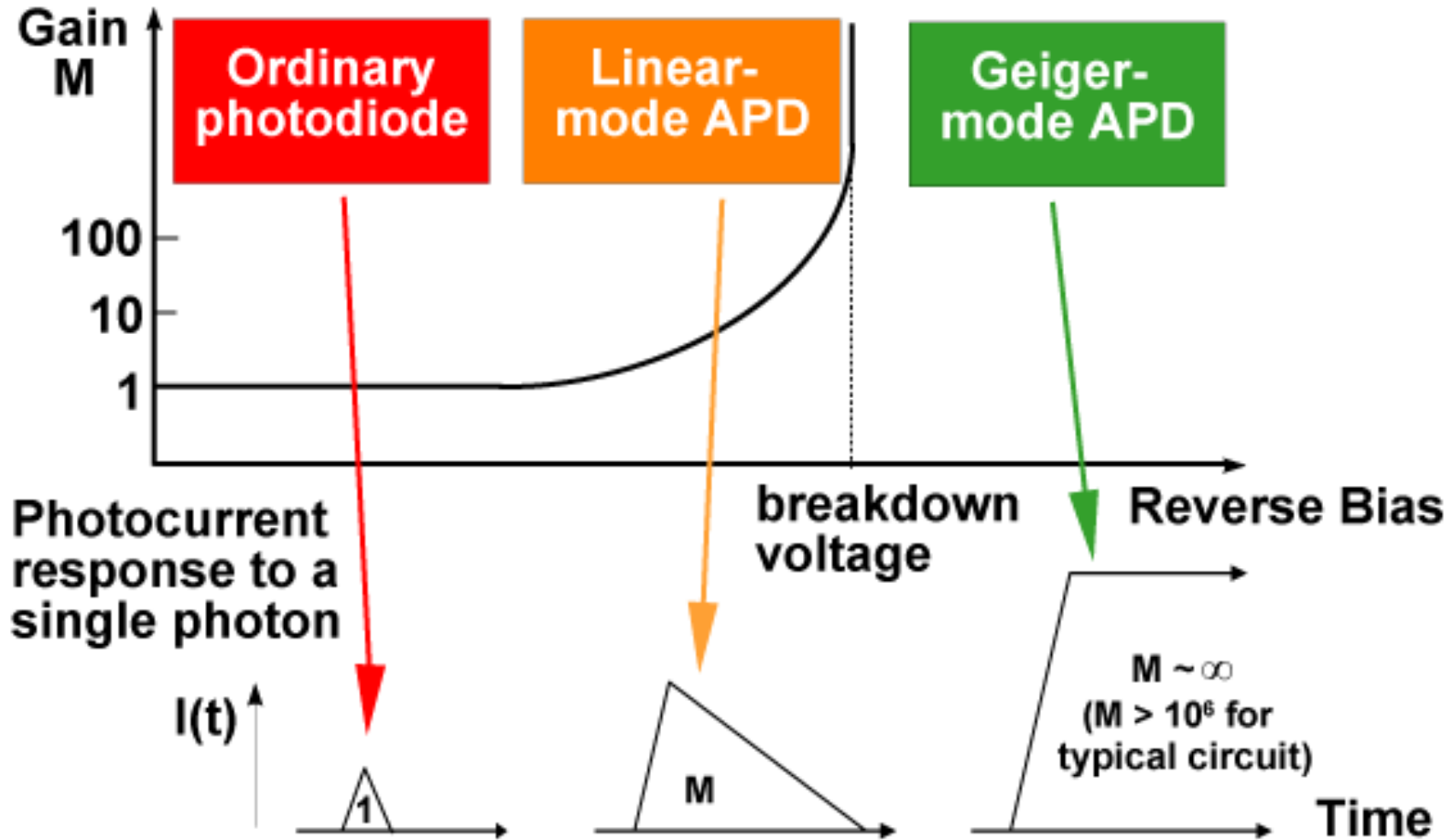


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Key difference: How ROIC interfaces to diode and performs digitization



Photodiode Modes of Operation

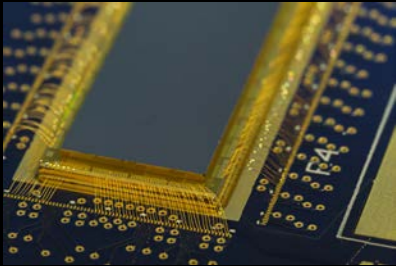


Each type of photodiode requires a different type of ROIC front-end circuit

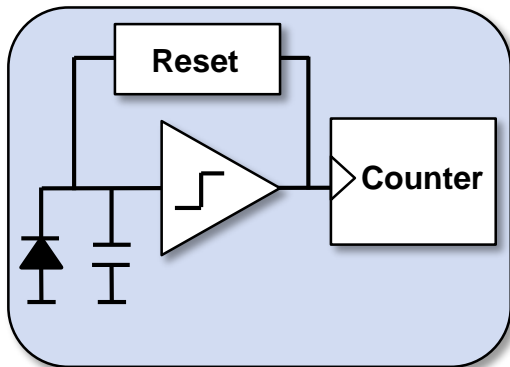


In-pixel Digitization Methods

Digital Focal Plane Arrays

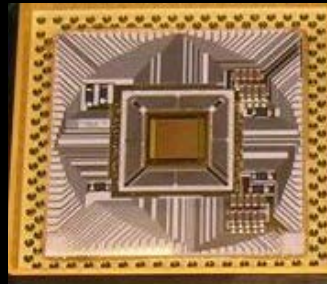


DFPA Pixel

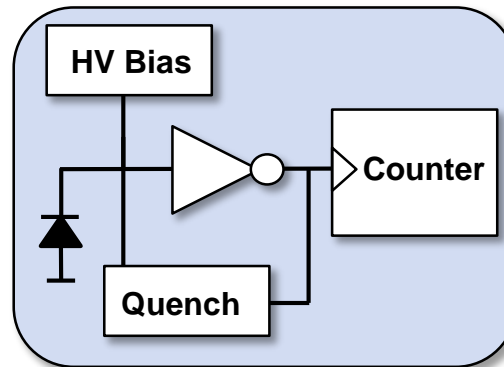


Count # of times capacitor fills up

Gm APD Photon Counters

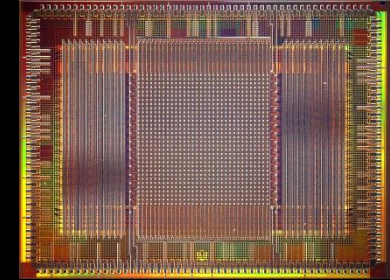


Photon Counter Pixel

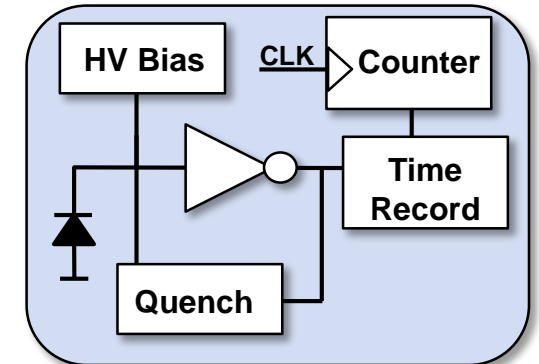


Count # of "Events"

Gm APD Photon Timers



Photon Timing Pixel



Record Time of an "Event"



In-pixel Digitization Methods

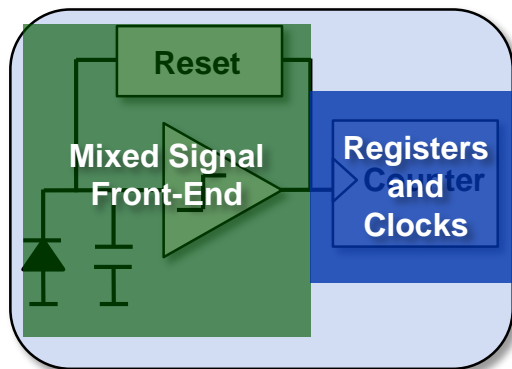
Digital Focal Plane Arrays

Gm APD Photon Counters

Gm APD Photon Timers

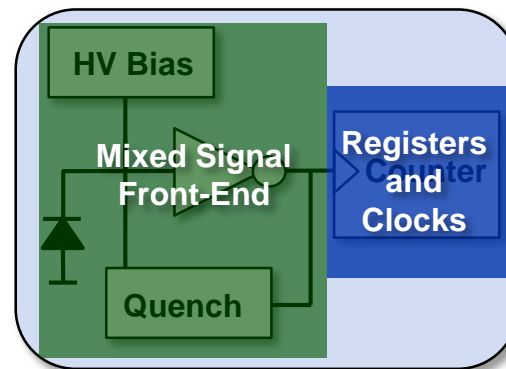
Commonality of digital pixel architectures can be exploited to enable a new class of multi-mode, reconfigurable imagers

DFPA Pixel



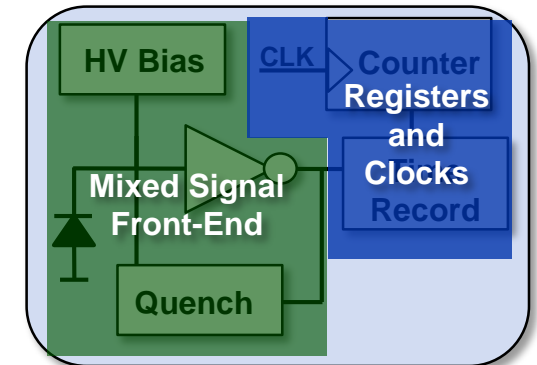
Count # of times capacitor fills up

Photon Counter Pixel



Count # of "Events"

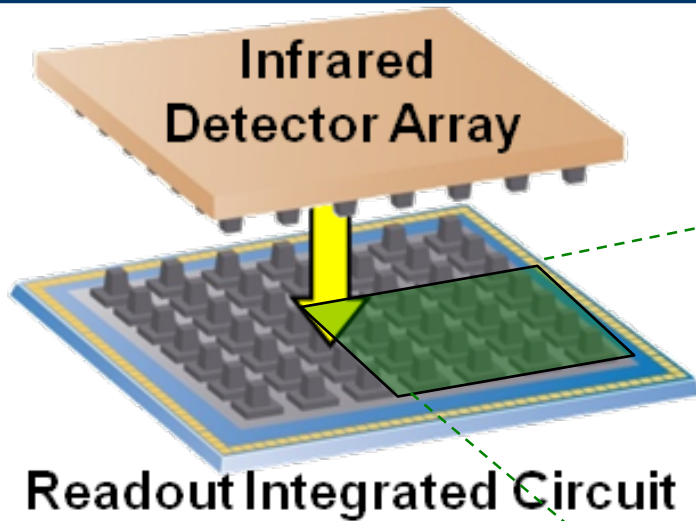
Photon Timing Pixel



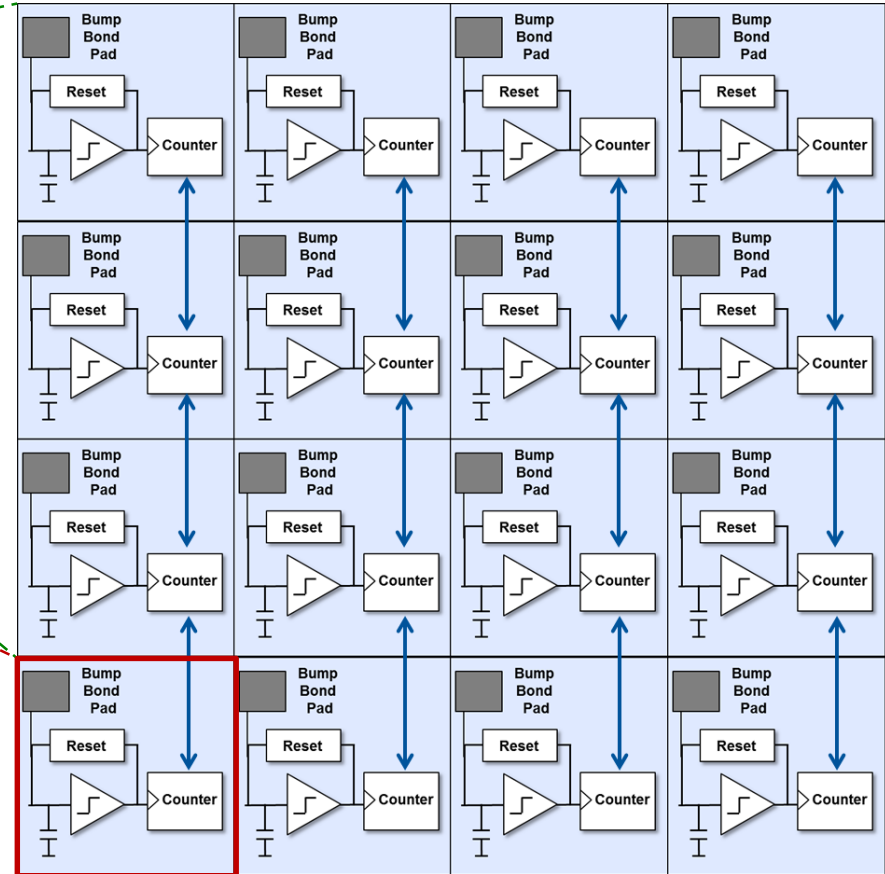
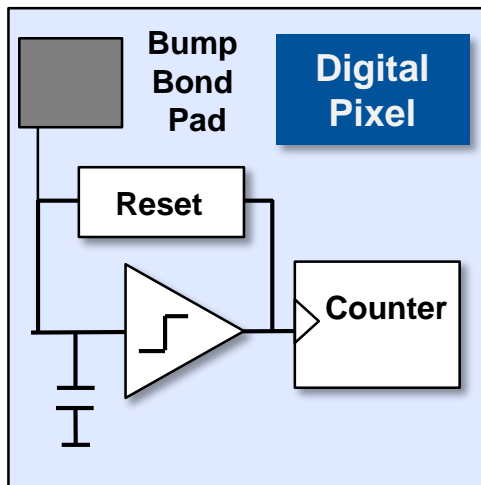
Record Time of an "Event"



MITLL Digital Focal Plane Array Architecture



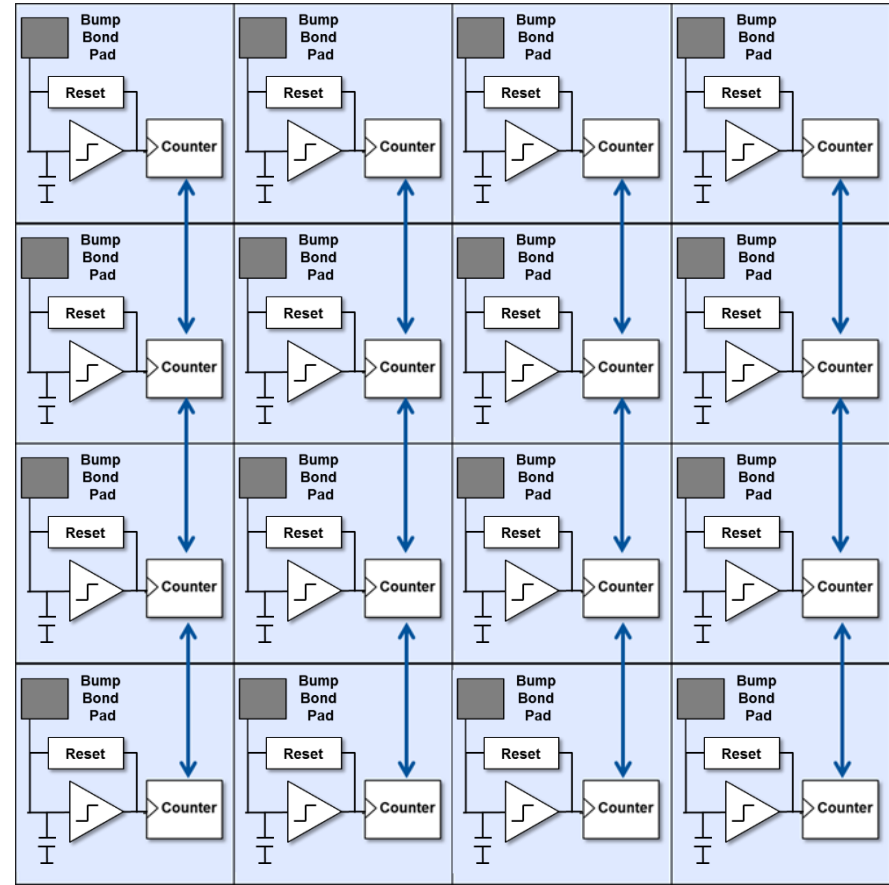
Digital Pixel Array





ReImagine 3D ROIC Approach

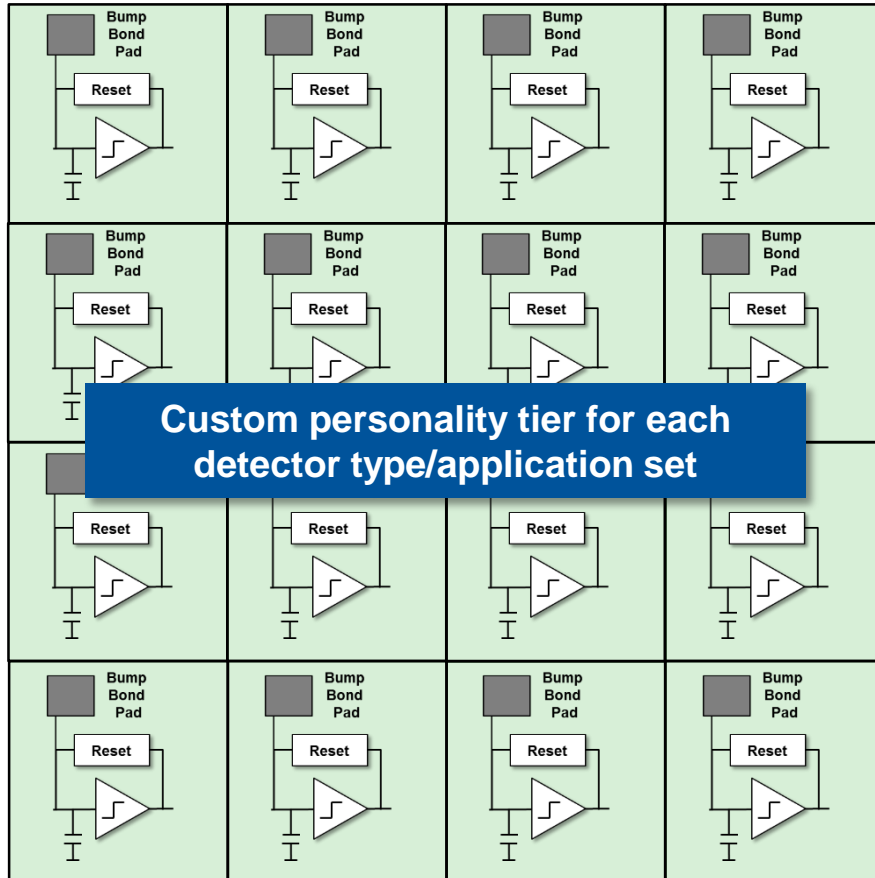
Digital Pixel Array



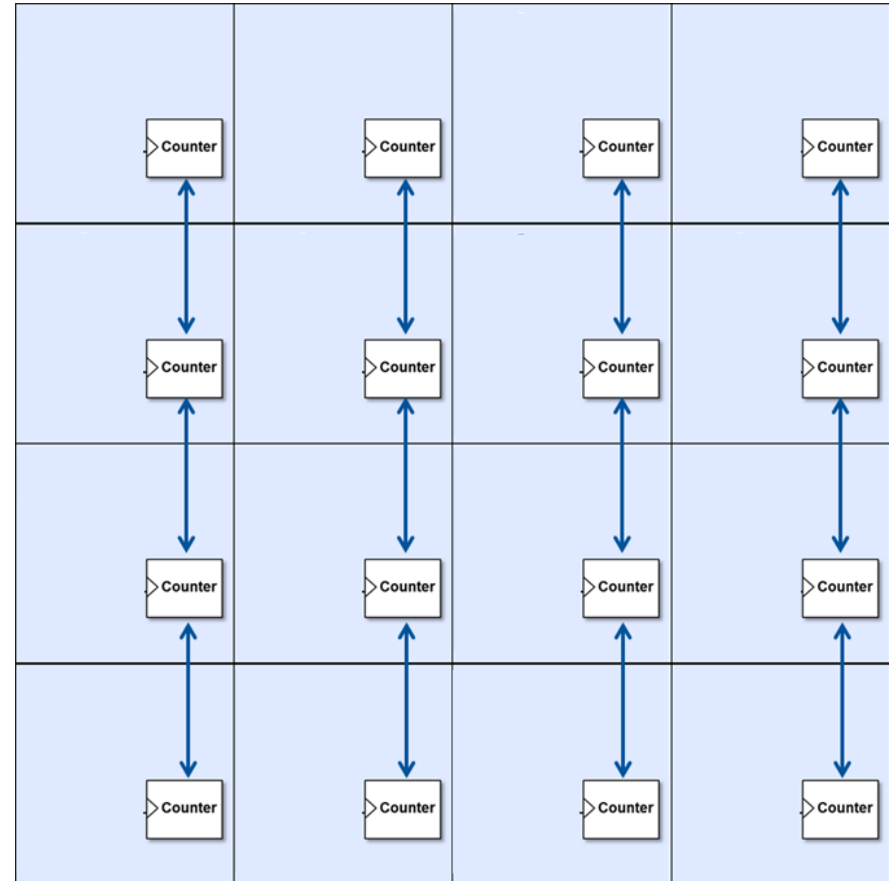


ReImagine 3D ROIC Approach

Tier 2 Personality Tier



Tier 1 Digital IC





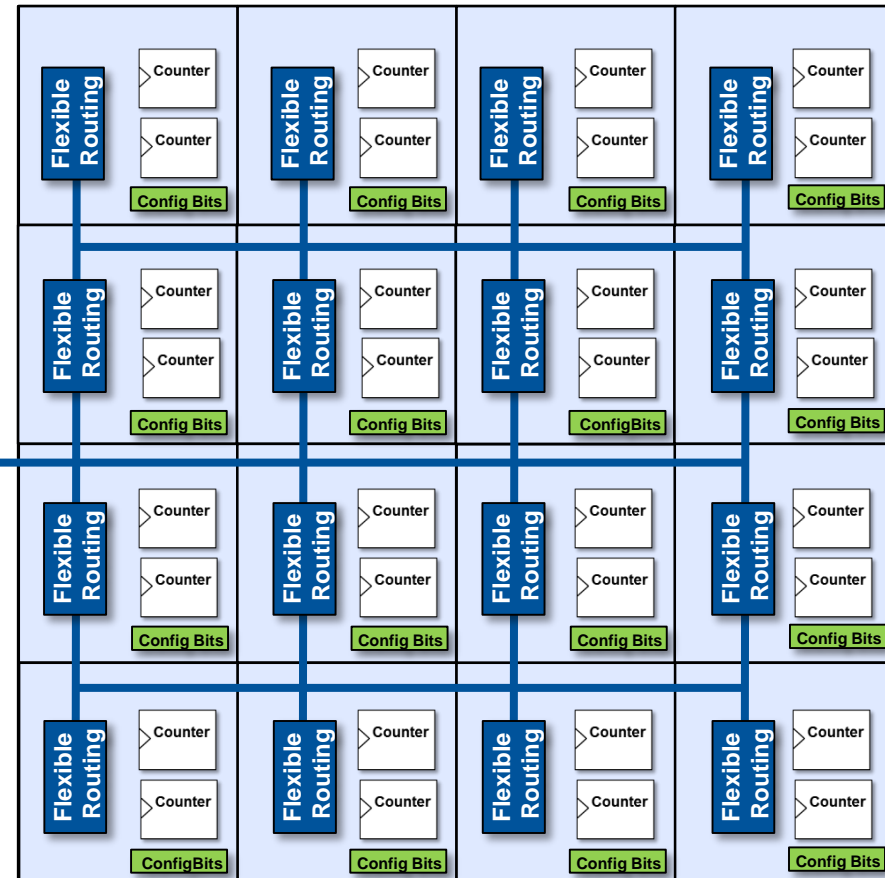
ReImagine 3D ROIC Approach

Gen 1 Architecture Concepts

1. Add additional counters
 - 8-bit register building blocks
 - ≥ 16 bits per pixel
2. Add counter configuration options
 - Count up/count down
 - Timing
 - Serial shift left/right
 - Orthogonal shift/route
3. Group pixels in to sub-arrays
 - Dynamic resource sharing within 4x4 sub-array
4. Add flexible routing
 - Digital inputs from pixels in tier 2
 - ≥ 1 bidirectional I/O to tier 2 per 4x4 sub-array
 - Orthogonal routing between pixels
 - Support for different pitch arrays

Tier 1 Digital IC

Tier 2 Digital I/O





ReImagine 3D ROIC Approach

Gen 1 Architecture Concepts

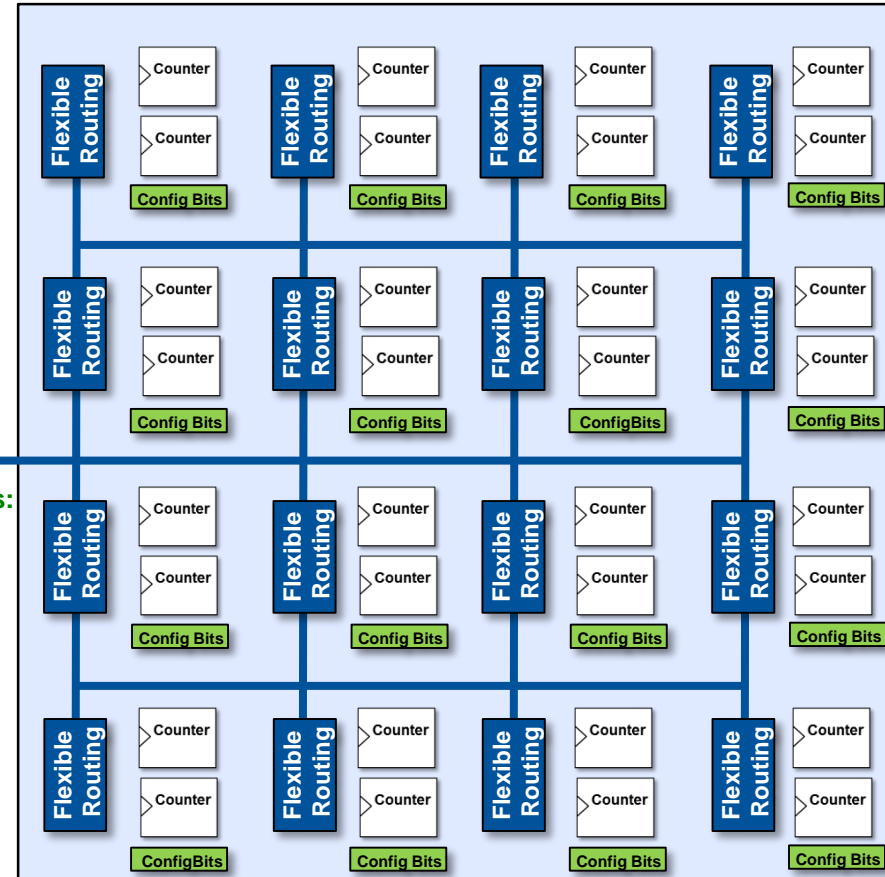
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 - Digital inputs from pixels in tier 2
 - ≥ 1 bidirectional I/O to tier 2 per 4x4 sub-array
 - Orthogonal routing between pixels
 - **Support for different pitch arrays**

Tier 2 Digital I/O

Example Configurations:

- 16 pixels/16 bits
- 4 pixels/64 bits
- 1 pixel/256 bits
- 12 pixels/8 bits and 4 pixels/40 bits

Tier 1 Digital IC





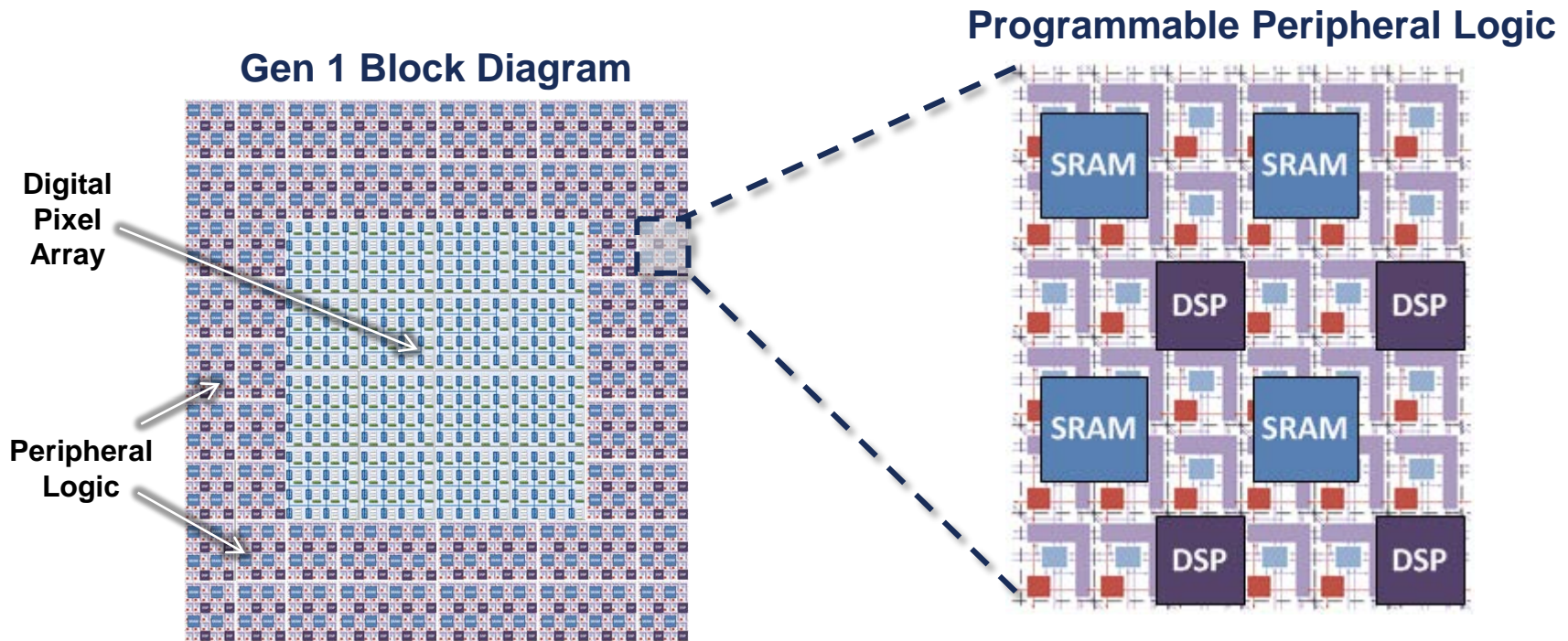
Notional Device Specification

Gen 1 Notional Characteristics

Criterion	Gen 1
Pixel Format	640 x 512
Pixel Pitch	$\geq 10 \mu\text{m}$
Operating Temperature	77 – 300 K
Minimum Tier 1-2 Interconnect Pitch	5 μm
Digital Registers/Pixel	≥ 16 bits
Pixel Configuration	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 8 bits per counter, independently configurable• Count up/down or timing• Serial shift left/right• Orthogonal data shift/route• Resource configuration per 4x4 pixel sub-array
Tier 2 Interface	≥ 1 bidirectional I/Os per 4x4 pixel sub-array
Routing	4 reconfigurable routing channels per 4x4 pixel sub-array
Peripheral Logic	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• $\geq 10\text{k}$ look up tables• ≥ 64 DSP blocks• ≥ 1 MB memory



FPGA-like Resources and Programming



- Pixel array will be surrounded by banks of reconfigurable logic resources
- Reconfigurable periphery and pixel array circuitry programmed through FPGA based synthesis and place and route tools
 - Tools consist of open source FPGA CAD tools and government furnished software from MITLL as well as a library of Verilog models of Relmagine digital resources



Summary

- **MITLL leveraging extensive background in digital pixels to develop next generation reconfigurable integrated circuits for ReImagined**
- **Gen 1 IC will provide arrays of dynamically reconfigurable counter resources surrounded by peripheral programmable logic**
- **Gen 2 IC will expand and Gen-1 concepts and replace some of the counter resources in the pixel array with more complex digital blocks (e.g. memories, adders, multipliers, etc)**
- **Reconfigurable ICs will be programmed through a combination of open source FPGA CAD tools and government-furnished software from MITLL**