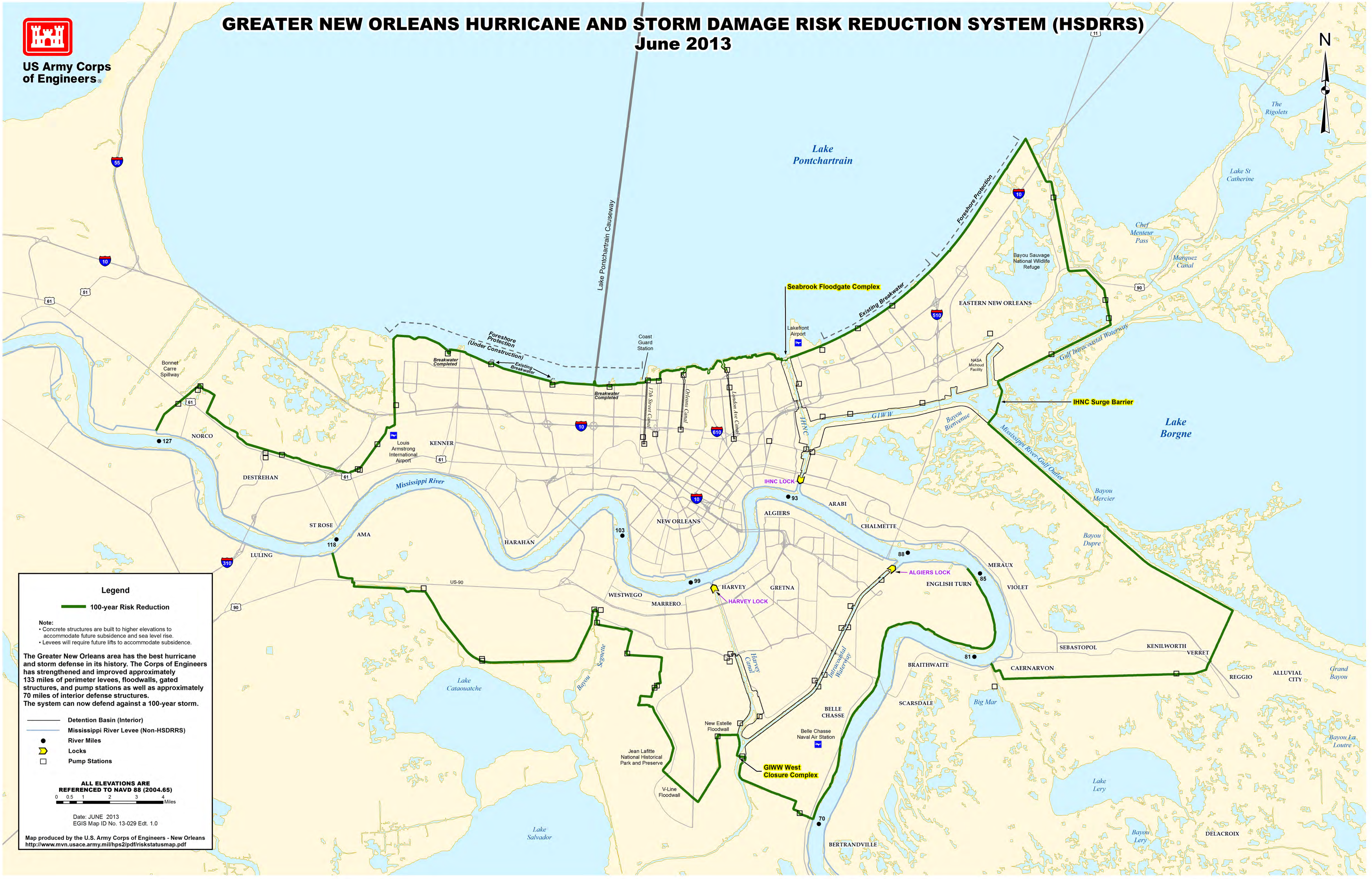




US Army Corps of Engineers

GREATER NEW ORLEANS HURRICANE AND STORM DAMAGE RISK REDUCTION SYSTEM (HSDRRS)

June 2013



Legend

100-year Risk Reduction

Note:

- Concrete structures are built to higher elevations to accommodate future subsidence and sea level rise.
- Levees will require future lifts to accommodate subsidence.

The Greater New Orleans area has the best hurricane and storm defense in its history. The Corps of Engineers has strengthened and improved approximately 133 miles of perimeter levees, floodwalls, gated structures, and pump stations as well as approximately 70 miles of interior defense structures. The system can now defend against a 100-year storm.

- Detention Basin (Interior)
- Mississippi River Levee (Non-HSDRRS)
- River Miles
- Locks
- Pump Stations

ALL ELEVATIONS ARE REFERENCED TO NAVD 88 (2004.65)

0 0.5 1 2 3 4 Miles

Date: JUNE 2013
EGIS Map ID No. 13-029 Edt. 1.0

Map produced by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers - New Orleans
<http://www.mvn.usace.army.mil/hps2/pdf/riskstatusmap.pdf>



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17th St. Outfall Canal Interim Closure Structure



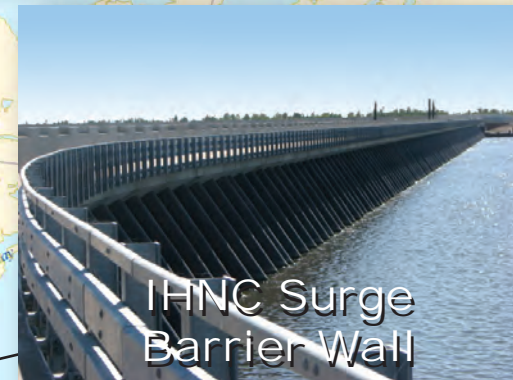
Seabrook Floodgate Complex



New Orleans East I-10 Crossing



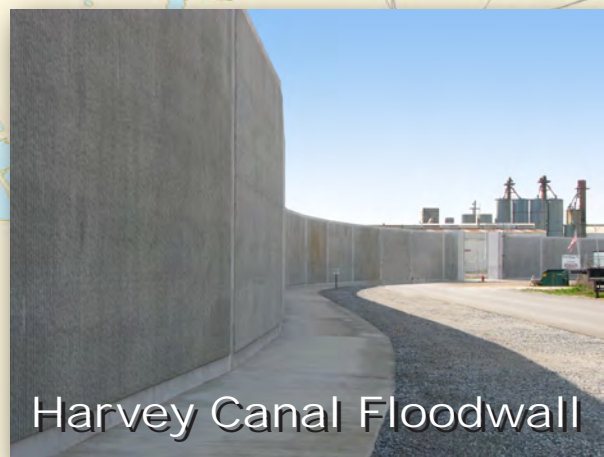
Bonnabel Pump Station Lakefront Levee



IHNC Surge Barrier Wall



St. Bernard Floodwall



Harvey Canal Floodwall



West Closure Complex



Eastern Tie-In

