

# Billings Should be Based on Good Contract Briefs

The views expressed in this presentation are DCAA's views and not necessarily the views of other DoD organizations

#### Why Should Contracts be Briefed?

- Can enhance Cash Flow through timely processing of billings i.e., billings not rejected for contract noncompliances.
- Once the contract is signed, the contractor is expected to fully comply with all terms and conditions of the contract.
- Without fully understanding what was agreed to in the contract, contractual issues can occur throughout the life of the contract.

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#### **Objective of Contract Brief**

- Contract brief generally includes a synopsis of all pertinent contract provisions
- Contract clauses are reviewed to determine the specific requirement for each contract and the allowability, allocability, and reasonableness of costs to be billed to the government
- Proforma contract brief is included as part of ICE Model



- Useful Information for the Contractor:
  - Identification and Location of ACO and/or PCO
  - Identification of Cognizant DCAA Office
  - Where progress payments and vouchers should be submitted
  - Billing instructions e.g., CLIN level, period of performance, etc.



- Understand the terms and conditions agreed to by the parties
- The criteria used to evaluate allowability include regulatory cost principles, reasonableness, allocability, Cost Accounting Standards (CAS), Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), and special provisions included in the contract.

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- FAR and DFARS (or other Agency) contract clauses incorporated into the contracts
- Special Contract Requirements Overtime, Travel, Labor – Education/Experience Requirements, etc.,
- Waivers to specific regulations for the specific contract



- Contract Administration
  - Contract Funding, including any limitations
  - Contract Ceilings on Rates, Costs, etc.,
  - o Contract Fees



- Statement of Work
- Reporting Requirements
- Contract Modifications
- Prime or Subcontract Information

