Custom Made Surveys

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Goals

- When is a custom made survey appropriate?
- What are the golden rules for writing questions?
- Why are Likert questions preferred?
- How does formatting impact data?



When to design a survey

Appropriate

- 1. There isn't an appropriate empirical survey
- 2. Measure specific user/maintainer thoughts
 - Specific features/ components
 - Specific issues with regard to CONOPS
- 3. Quantify observer ratings
 - Special case

"A good plan is like a road map: it shows the final destination and usually the best way to get there."

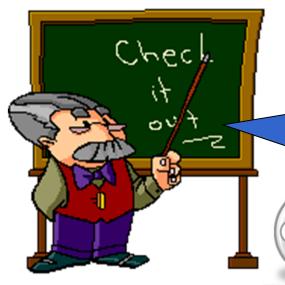
H. Stanely Judd

Not Appropriate

- 1. Non specific information sought from respondents
 - Interview
- 2. Measure performance
 - Time
 - Accuracy via appropriate physical measure
- 3. Measure requirements
 - Appropriate physical measure
- 4. Measure situation awareness
 - Numerous techniques in human factors literature
 - Salmon et al (2006) for review



Human factors of survey design



Survey Design Goal:

Get Accurate Data from the Respondents in a Usable Form to Address Survey's Purpose

Video on importance of asking the right question?

Who	Role	Sources of error
OTA & DOT&E	Defines survey's purpose & uses information from survey	Not enough informationWrong information
System operator /maintainer	Gives data	 Answers a different question Thinks too much Doesn't think enough
Analyst	Translates data into information	Data transferData aggregation



Parts of a question

- Identifier helps data analyst and respondent keep track of where they are in survey
- Item the words the respondents are addressing
- Response the data the respondent provides, which can be constrained by the survey writer (closed response) or not (open response)

1. How many parts of a question are there?



5 golden rules of writing items

Singularity: Only 1 Idea Per Question

<u>User Friendly</u>: Items Do Not Require a Lot of Thought or

Interpretation (e.g., short, clear, specific)

Neutrality: Items Do Not Imply Value Judgments

Items Are Not Emotionally Charged

Knowledge Liability: Respondents Have Enough Information to

Answer the Question

<u>Independence</u>: Responses Will Not Affect Responses to

Other Questions



Some words to avoid in writing surveys

Knowledge Liability Singularity User Friendly Neutrality Independence

- Accurate
- Timely
- Situation Awareness
- Effective
- Efficient
- n/a
- And
- Each

- All
- Never
- None
- Better
- Easier
- Improved
- Based on
- If
- Considering



Examples of best practice violations

1. The system is efficiently reliable.

User Friendly

Unclear what the goal of the question is. Therefore no recommended rewording.



2. Is the training materials complete?



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Knowledge Liability

User Friendly – grammar

2. I felt as if I needed more training.



3. The amount and type of training provided to the X position allowed them to employ the system.



3. The amount and type of training provided to the X position allowed them to employ the system.

Knowledge Liability

<u>IDA</u>

3. The amount and type of training provided to the X position allowed them to employ the system.

Knowledge Liability
Singularity

3. I felt as if I needed more training.

<u>IDA</u>

4. The SSO functionality increases my productive time within the clinic by reducing the amount of time I spend logging into different applications when documenting the healthcare provided.

Strongly Somewhat Slightly Slightly Somewhat Strongly Agree Agree Disagree Disagree Disagree

20 May 2015

14



4. The SSO functionality increases my productive time within the clinic by reducing the amount of time I spend logging into different applications when documenting the healthcare provided.

Neutrality

User Friendly – 27 words!

4. The SSO function is useful.

Strongly
Agree

Somewhat Agree

Slightly Agree Slightly Disagree Somewhat Disagree

Strongly Disagree



5. Based on your responses above, rate the acceptability of the system.



5. Based on your responses above, rate the acceptability of the system.

Independence

User Friendly (acceptability in terms of what)

5. I would like to use this system to accomplish the mission.



6. Rate the acceptability of the system's launch acceptability region (LAR) displays provided to support accurate and timely system employment.



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Knowledge Liability



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Knowledge Liability Singularity



6. Rate the acceptability of the system's launch acceptability region (LAR) displays <u>provided</u> to support accurate and timely system employment.

Knowledge Liability
Singularity
User Friendly
(repeated and <u>unnecessary</u> words)

6. The launch acceptability region (LAR) displays provide useful information.



7. Rate the adequacy of air-search radar & combat system to correctly decide to engage/not engage each track per Combat System Engagement Doctrine.



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Knowledge Liability



7. Rate the adequacy of air-search radar & combat system to correctly decide to engage/not engage each track per Combat System Engagement Doctrine.

Knowledge Liability
Singularity

User Friendly – 22 words!

7. I trusted the system's engagement decisions.



8. Rate the overall usefulness of the report: Accuracy

Completely Largely Somewhat Somewhat Largely Completely unacceptable unacceptable acceptable acceptable acceptable



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Completely Largely Somewhat Somewhat Largely Completely unacceptable unacceptable acceptable acceptable acceptable

Knowledge Liability Response Options Don't Match Item User Friendly

(What is being rated: report acceptability, usefulness, or accuracy?)

8. The content of the report is useful.

Strongly Somewhat Slightly Slightly Somewhat Strongly Agree Agree Disagree Disagree Disagree



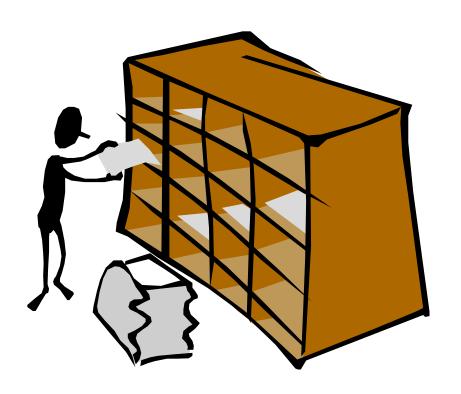
Response types

Closed

- **Dichotomous** Binary (yes/no)
- Multiple Choice Categorical (a, b, c, d)
- Ranking Categorical (1 best, x –worst)
- Response Continuum Interval
 - Behaviorally Anchored
 (Once an Hour, Once Every 2-3 Hours, Once Every 4-5 hours, etc..)
 - Likert & Liker
 (Strongly Disagree, Somewhat Disagree, Somewhat Agree, Strongly Agree)

Open Qualitative

- Fill In (__yrs)
- Free Response





Response Continua: Better data for analysis

Is your workspace acceptable?

- 1. It is perfect, I wouldn't change anything.
- 2. It is the best space available, but I would change things if I could.
- 3. I am able to function in my workspace, but better spaces are available.
- 4. I am unable to function in my workspace.

My workspace is acceptable.							
Strongly Disagree	Somewhat Disagree	Slightly Disagree	Slightly Agree	Somewhat Agree	Strongly Agree		
Rate your workspace.							
Completely Acceptable	Reasonably Acceptable	Barely Acceptable	Barely Unacceptable	Reasonably Unacceptable	Completely Unacceptable		

Improved consistency between respondents = higher reliability

More sensitivity & specificity = higher validity



Response continuum data: Ordinal or Interval

Overview: 4 day operational test & evaluation

Sample & factors: 28 respondents, day surveyed, demographics

Response variable: single 4 point Likert-like question

Ordinal Regression

	Factor	Likelihood-Ratio χ²	p-value
A	Day	13.59387647	0.0035 *
	Organization	19.49224628	0.0006 *
	Experience in Position	3.724129051	0.2928
	Experience with AOC	1.4540963	0.6929

Factor	F	p-value
Day	3.7883	0.0129 *
Organization	4.3574	0.0028 *
Experience in Position	1.5106	0.2168
Experience with AOC	0.5377	0.6576

Linear Regression

If the survey and test are well-constructed, you will draw the same conclusions from both analytical methods!



Respondent Motivation



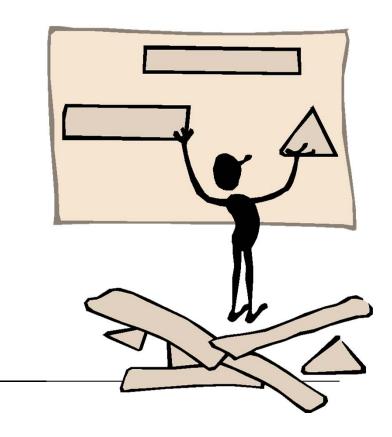
^{*}neither is not an appropriate response in this example



Formatting Surveys

- Provide brief clear introduction
- Keep the survey as brief as possible to obtain the necessary information

- 1. Minimize the respondents' burden (perceived & real)
- 2. Maximize the importance of the respondents' contribution





Formatting considerations of different survey types

Post Test

After all activities completed

- Thoughts/feelings that will not change based on test factors or time
- Longest Survey

Natural Break Points

Daily/ Post Task

- Thoughts/ feelings that will change with time/ test factors:
 - workload
 - usability
 - task specific questions
- Consider that questions will be repeated
- Number of questions is multiplied by the number of administrations

Event Driven

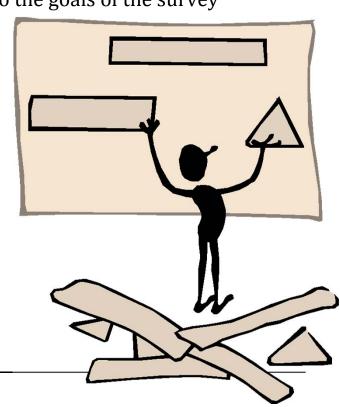
In response to unique occurrence

- Thoughts/ feelings about critical events (expected or unexpected)
 - Safety
 - Bugs
 - Uncommon tasks
- Shortest survey



Formatting surveys

- Provide brief clear introduction
- Keep the survey as brief as possible to obtain the necessary information
- Group questions by topic & response type
- Logically ordered questions
 - Begin with interesting items that are clearly connected to the goals of the survey
 - Follow order of events
- Minimize open responses
 - 1 open ended at end of each group/section
 - No more than 4 open ended at end of survey
 - 1. Minimize the respondents' burden (perceived & real)
 - 2. Maximize the importance of the respondents' contribution





Up Next

- ABIS Case Study
- Administration & Analysis
- AF DCGS Case Study